"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair Friday and Saturday; moderate west winds.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,846. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1917.—TWENTY PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

WILL NOT STRIKE, RAILWAY UNIONS ASSURE WILSON

Brotherhoods Agree to Accept Plan of Settlement to be Advanced by President.

CONSENT TO MEDIATION

But Reject Arbitration and Congress May Be Asked for Compulsory Act.

WILSON SAID TO FAVOR IT

Bill Authorizing President to Draft Railway Men Into War Service Also Revived.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—That there will be no railroad strike or any serious difference between their employes and the railroads is certain. President Wilson has been authorized in effect by the representatives of the brotherhoods to offer a plan of settlement as to wages which the brotherhoods will accept. It is understood that the President will insist that the men compose their differences by mediation and that he is inclined to favor the enactment of a law for compulsory arbitration of railroad disputes during the war period.

The attitude of the brotherhoods is satisfactory to the Administration, although President Wilson had hoped that the officials of the brotherhoods would go as far as the railroad Presidents in agreeing to arbitration as well as mediation. It became known tonight that the officials of the brotherhoods had signed an agreement with Judge Chambers of the Board of Conciliation and Mediation, consenting to mediation, but rejecting arbitration. The railroad Presidents on the other hand agreed with Judge Chambers to abide by arbitration in the settlement of wages and all other disputes which might arise. That the brotherhoods should be less disposed to accept this principle than the railroad heads has had the effect upon the Administration of reviving bills proposed in the last session to govern this very situation.

The brotherhoods, while refusing to agree to arbitration in their conference with Judge Chambers at Cleveland, did not close the door to a settlement of disputes between themselves and the railroads. The agreement signed by the leaders ends by the very optimistic stipulation "that they will agree to suggestions of a plan of settlement advanced by President Wilson." It is this stipulation that makes it certain that there will be no strike, as the brotherhood officials are forced to agree to a settlement on terms brought forward by the President or place themselves in an indefensible position.

This agreement is sustained by W. S. Stone, Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; W. S. Carter, President of the Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen; L. E. Shepherd, Senior Vice President of the Order of Railroad Conductors, and W. G. Lee, President of the Brotherhood of Railroad Firemen. These men will confer with the President next week, and this conference is expected to lead to an offer from the brotherhoods for a settlement which will be entirely satisfactory to the railroad Presidents.

Two moves are planned in the next Congress to overcome the situation now threatened. One provides for the introduction of a bill prepared by the Attorney General to give the President authority to place railroad employes in military service during the war period. The other provides for compulsory arbitration of railroad disputes.

These bills were prepared at the request of President Wilson by Attorney General Gregory, Judge Chambers, and Commissioner Clark of the Interstate Commerce Commission. In the opinion of Administration advisers any unseemly move by the brotherhoods at this time would furnish the very best argument for their enactment. It is with a full realization of the strong position that the Administration is in that the brotherhood chiefs have agreed to adopt the advice of President Wilson for a settlement.

ACCEPT PENALTY CLAUSE

Western Coal Miners Reverse Stand and Submit to Garfield.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 15.—Representatives of coal miners of the three Southwest districts, comprising Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Arkansas, in convention here today defeated a resolution instructing the Presidents of the districts to call a general strike if the Southwestern Coal Operators' Association refused to accept the so-called Kansas City agreement, which did not contain the automatic penalty clause. On rollcall the resolution was defeated, 185 to 108.

The convention adopted a resolution instructing the officers of the three districts to confer with officials of the operators' association and obtain the best possible penalty clause. The action rescinds that taken last night, when the delegates rejected the penalty clause.

The convention adjourned subject to the call of the Chairman, Alexander H. Howatt, President of the Kansas district. It was explained that now negotiations were where they were prior to the drawing up of the Kansas City agreement, which contained a clause abolishing the automatic penalty clause. That phase of the agreement was objected to by Fuel Administrator Garfield, who held that the automatic penalty clause tended to insure continuity of production.

By their action tonight, it was stated, the miners had tacitly accepted the penalty clause. It was made clear, however, that the miners would insist upon wage increases being embodied in the new clause.

Before the vote on the penalty clause was taken Howatt, in a speech, urged the miners to close down all mines in their districts.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Illinois coal miners today notified Fuel Administrator Garfield that they would appear here Nov. 26 to present for his approval a penalty clause for their new wage contracts with operators, which Dr. Garfield insists must be satisfactory to him.

Berne Peace Conference Off; Only Teuton Delegates There

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Through Zurich, Switzerland, there came today a cable report from Berne of the collapse of the projected pacifist conference which was to have been held in the latter place.

At its first and only sitting on Monday the conference adjourned to the last of December because there were no Entente representatives, though for the Central Powers Dernburg, Erzberger, Karolyi, and others were in attendance, ready to set forth their views.

PROPOSES FEDERAL LOAN TO RAILWAYS

Lines Should Not Compete with Government in Bond Flotations, Rea Holds.

THORNE SUPPORTS THE IDEA

Would Make Rate Increase Unnecessary, Shippers' Counsel Says, but Rea Dissents.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The question of the Government's loaning money to the railroads was brought forward the first time officially today at the cross-examination of Eastern railroad officials in the 15 per cent. advance rate case before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, said he believed the time had arrived when Government loans should be seriously considered, and later Clifford Thorne, counsel for many important shippers, said he believed it the proper solution for the railroad situation. Mr. Rea testified, however, that should the money be forthcoming from the Government it ought not to affect the proposed freight increase, while shippers' counsel believed the plan should be made effective in lieu of the rate increase.

Mr. Rea's statement regarding the loan came after he had testified that the Pennsylvania could not get more freight cars until the middle of next year, that he did not believe it possible to increase the output of locomotives largely, because of what he referred to as a disadvantageous labor situation, and that he did not believe it would be right to attempt bond flotation while the Government was attempting to make large war loans.

The hearing today was confined to Eastern railroad officials, whom the shippers had asked to have called for cross-examination on testimony given at a previous hearing. Besides Mr. Rea, Howard Elliott of the New Haven and G. M. Shriber, Vice President of the Baltimore & Ohio, were examined, and John Muir of the Railway Investors' League made a plea in favor of increased rates.

The cross-examination of Mr. Elliott indicated that shippers' counsel would argue Monday that at least in the case of the New Haven statements of earnings had been based on high capitalization. After denying such was the case, Mr. Elliott gave a detailed statement in an effort to show that added revenue was needed by the New Haven, not on a basis of capitalization of the system but upon the book value of its lines.

Mr. Thorne indicated in a statement given out tonight that shippers' counsel would contend that the Government should loan money for needed improvements and new equipment, rather than allow the railroads to forward new construction and build equipment with earnings.

Addressing the commission, Nathan L. Amster of Boston, President of the Investors' Protective Association of America, declared that railroad rates generally were too low. He said that the United States was putting hundreds of millions of dollars in railroads abroad, realizing that an effective transportation machine was as necessary as an efficient fighting machine, and that it should do no less for the United States.

"The present war conditions," he said, "justify the commission suspending all technical investigations, as a war measure, and, bearing in mind the general situation of traffic and operating cost, granting the railroads at once and from time to time during this war such increased rates as the advance in wages and cost of fuel and supplies would, in the opinion of the commission, justify."

EXPRESS COMPANIES ASK RATE INCREASE

Say They Are Losing Money Under War Conditions and Want 10 Per Cent. More.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Express companies today applied to the Interstate Commerce Commission for an increase of 10 per cent. in their rates. The Adams, American, Southern, and Wells Fargo companies, making the application in behalf of themselves and other express companies, set forth that they had suffered a net loss of $39,848 as the result of increases in operating expenses and taxes during the first six months of this year.

The companies assert that they are carrying on greatly increased business "under the most trying conditions," and that their facilities are taxed far beyond their normal capacity. It is increasingly difficult, their application says, to obtain necessary labor, and because of the increasing demand for express and baggage cars for movement of troops and military supplies it has been impossible to obtain adequate equipment.

Frequent and substantial advances in wages, particularly to employes receiving lower rates of pay, are said

Continued on Page 4.

"WHAT A PITY to live in the country these glorious days and——" See top of Page 12.—Adv.

AMERICANS KILLED BY GERMAN SHELLS; OTHERS WOUNDED

One Projectile Drops Into a Reserve Shack, Causing Several Casualties.

GUNNERS QUICKLY ANSWER

Swift Return Believed to Have Found German Victims and Done Much Damage.

HURT MEN IN HOSPITALS

Gunfire Along the American Front Getting Heavy—French Compliment Our Artillerymen.

By The Associated Press.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 15.—A number of American soldiers have been killed or wounded in the recent shelling of the American trenches by the Germans.

Several infantrymen suffering from wounds arrived today at the base hospital. All the casualties were caused by the same shell.

A group of Americans was in a shack in the reserve when the Germans began shelling heavily. The officers ordered the men to a dugout, but before they could get there a big shell dropped on the position and exploded. The American gunners concentrated their fire on the communicating trenches of the enemy, and it is thought that their shells caused casualties and considerable damage.

Since this occurrence there have been further encounters between American patrols and Germans in No Man's Land. Last night there were a number of clashes, but the night was dark and showery and the firing was at a distance. There were no American casualties.

The American artillery fire has been heavy recently and there is good reason to believe that it has accounted for a considerable number of the enemy.

The general accuracy of the American artillerymen's fire has evoked enthusiastic comment from the French superior officers of the command in which are the trenches occupied by the American troops. The General in command told American officers today that the marksmanship of the artillerymen was excellent, comparing most favorably with that of troops which had been at war for years.

The American officers were highly elated by the compliment. The only complaint heard is that a few American batteries are not as rapid as they might be, but they are improving daily.

The infantrymen are now interesting themselves especially in patrols. All the men who have not had this experience are eager to try their hand, and some have asked to be assigned to this work.

It is the unanimous opinion that the men are learning more of the science of war by their short stay in the trenches and gunpits than is possible to gain in months of other instruction.

While the infantry is learning how to handle itself in the trenches the artillery, in addition to the actual firing, is acquiring valuable experience in observation work and locating enemy batteries by the sound method. The heavy guns on both sides are engaged in a duel at long range, with lighter pieces working at targets nearer the lines.

A German paper balloon, used to distribute propaganda behind hostile lines, came down today in the town occupied by American Division Headquarters with copies attached of the Gazette des Ardennes, which is published by Germans in French at Charleville.

The leading article attacked President Wilson for his alleged pre-war attitude and for not prohibiting the sale of munitions to Germany's enemies. In an attempt to convey an idea of reliability, the newspaper printed a British official statement, telling of the capture of 1,000 Germans in Flanders. The copies of the newspaper were sent to General Pershing.

Senator William S. Kenyon of Iowa and Senator John D. Kendrick of Wyoming arrived at headquarters yesterday on their tour of the military zone. They took dinner with General Pershing and his staff and inspected some of the troops.

They saw American battalions practicing an attack behind barrage fire and also witnessed the work of machine guns, trench mortars, hand and rifle grenades, bayonets, and indirect artillery firing. Both Senators agreed that the American soldiers were doing splendidly and that their training has progressed more rapidly than seemed possible. They later left for Paris, from where they will go to the French front.

Major General Sibert's fifth son is now in the army. Two of his sons are Captains, one is a Lieutenant and one a West Point cadet, and the General instructed his fifth and youngest son to keep away for the present. He has been advised, however, that his youngest son felt that he could keep out of the army no longer. He has just enlisted as a private.

CASUALTIES ON NOV. 3 TOTALED TWENTY-FIVE

Pershing's Revised Report Adds Six to Wounded List and Makes Other Changes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The War Department today made public a corrected list of the casualties resulting from the German raid before daylight,

Continued on Page 8.

Germans Hail Hylan's Victory; Call Tammany Hall Pacifist

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15. — Word reached Washington today that German press comments upon the election results in New York interpret them as a triumph for the American pacifists.

The Kreux-Zeitung asserts that the defeat of Mayor Mitchel for re-election was favorable to Germany, as Mitchel, it says, was a warm friend of the Entente and was pro-war, while it maintains that Tammany Hall is pacifist and its whole ticket was pacifist.

Vorwärts and Germania quote from the Munich Neueste Nachrichten, which holds that Hylan's election over Mitchel is evidence of a lack of war enthusiasm in America and a "moral defeat" for President Wilson and the war party.

SEES SUFFRAGISTS ALL TURNING ANTI

Justice Tells Women Lawyers They Will Soon Be Rabid Against Having the Vote.

OTHER JUDGES MORE KINDLY

One Thinks Women Better Suited by Temperament Than Men to Sit on the Bench.

Justice Jacob Marks of the Municipal Court dampened the rejoicing over the suffrage victory, which overshadowed everything else at the tenth annual dinner of the Women Lawyers' Association at the Café Boulevard last night, when he asserted bluntly that in his opinion the most rabid of the suffragists today would probably become in a short time just as violent antis. A chorus of negation arose at the remark, and cries of "Now, Judge, you don't mean that," and "Why, the very idea!" prevented the Justice from continuing his speech for several minutes.

Justice Marks followed several other county and municipal court jurists who had praised the granting of the vote to New York women as an admission that the State recognized at last that its "women were human beings." Just preceding him Katherine Devereaux Blake had related instances of the seventy years' fight which women had waged, beginning with Susan B. Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton, who made the remark that "she didn't want to enter the Kingdom of Heaven unenfranchised."

"The result of last Tuesday's election was a complete surprise to me," said Justice Marks. "I have not recovered from the shock of it yet. And let me tell you all I am not in the least optimistic as to the result."

Leaves No Room for Doubt.

At this point there were audible murmurs from his listeners who were not sure that they had heard aright. Their doubts in this matter were set completely at rest in a moment, however, for raising his voice to carry above the hum and buzz of women's voices, the Justice went on:

"And let me tell you that those of you who have been the most rabid for the vote will after a few years become the most rabid to give up the vote. Perhaps I may be wrong, but that is my opinion."

There was no room for doubting their ears, and the women at once raised a clamor of protest that brought guests from other rooms to see what the noise was that had succeeded the generally low-pitched hum of the diners' conversation. For five minutes at least the confusion kept up, while Justice Marks made no effort to reply but stood patiently waiting until the tumult should die down. When the women ceased, as they did through sheer curiosity to see what he would say next about their course, he continued to warn them of their responsibilities.

"You can change the complexion of any party," he said. "You can change the complexion of any Government if the majority of women voters become party bosses. My advice to you is to work for the independence of the bench. Get behind good Judges who are up for re-election. Perhaps the Women Lawyers' Association can do what the men's Bar Association had so far failed to accomplish, to see that all parties indorse good Judges. I venture this as a suggestion," he added, and sat down.

Supreme Court Justice Charles L. Guy was the first speaker. He congratulated the women on becoming fellow-citizens and being recognized as human beings at last. He went on to say that he thought now that every field of endeavor open to men ought of a right to be opened to women. He would be glad to see them on the bench, he said, and he thought they would make better jurors than men.

Says Women Are Not Emotional.

"It is a popular delusion that women are the emotional sex," declared Justice Guy. "That is not a fact. They are in truth the more cold-blooded sex. Women are more apt to decide on the merits of a case than men. They are less apt to be carried away by their feelings."

Miss Blake urged the women to stay out of parties. She said that they must take a stand for good legislation in the case of women and children workers in factories rather than allow themselves to become the pawns of politicians.

"My big message to you tonight," she said, "is to keep the politicians guessing. Don't you tell them what you are going to do."

CAMP STORY SQUELCHED.

Incredible Charges by Mrs. Humiston Denied Promptly.

Mrs. Grace Humiston, a woman lawyer, who gained publicity last Winter in connection with the discovery of Ruth Cruger's body, aroused criticism last night when she described, at the dinner of the Women Lawyers Association, what she said were the in-

Continued on Page 6.

DEWEY'S WINES OF GRAPE JUICE. Will Improve Your Thanksgiving Dinner. 198 Fulton St., N. Y. Phone 3681 Cort.—Adv.

NORTHCLIFFE REFUSES CABINET OFFICE, SAYS WE MAY HAVE TO MANAGE WAR; KERENSKY ARMY REPORTED IN FLIGHT

NORTHCLIFFE'S BITTER LETTER

Contrasts Inefficiency of George's Administration With Activities Here.

CITES CENSORSHIP ABUSES

And Finds Men Still High in Authority Who Should Have Been Punished.

AMERICA TO CONTROL WAR

Unless Allies' Methods Are Improved—In View of All Which He Cannot Enter Cabinet.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Lord Northcliffe has declined a proffer by the administration of the new Air Ministry made to him by Premier Lloyd George.

In a long letter to the Premier Lord Northcliffe explains that his refusal of the portfolio is due to dissatisfaction with some of the metheds of Lloyd George's administration, especially with regard to the relations with the United States, and says that Lord Northcliffe's desire, therefore, is to maintain an independent attitude.

Lord Northcliffe's letter to the Premier, dated today from the London office of the British mission to the United States, was as follows:

"Dear Prime Minister:

"I have given anxious consideration to your repeated invitations that I should take charge of the new Air Ministry. The reason which impelled me to decline that great honor and responsibility are in no way concerned with the office which is rightly to be set up. They are, roughly, as follows:

Tells of War Energy Here.

"Returning after five months spent in the virile atmosphere of the United States and Canada, I find that, while these two countries are proceeding with their war preparations with a fervor and enthusiasm little understood on this side of the Atlantic, while the United States instantly put into operation conscription, over which we wabbled for two years, and is making short work of sedition mongers; while Canada already has given such proofs of thoroughness as the disfranchisement of conscientious objectors and the denaturalization of all enemy aliens naturalized within the last fifteen years; while we, for our part, are asking immense sacrifices from these peoples, there are still in office here those who daily with such urgent questions as that of unity of war control, eradication of sedition, mobilization of the whole man and woman power of the country, and the introduction of compulsory food rations.

"I had personal experience while in America of the obstruction and delay in certain departments in London, which, for example, postponed sending Lord Reading's vital and most successful mission. I find the censorship still being misused and that men in various positions of authority, who should have been punished, have been retained and in some cases elevated.

Must Maintain His Independence.

"The spirit of the men and women of Great Britain is clearly as eager and splendid as ever. We have, in my belief, the most [efficient?] army in the world, led by one of the greatest Generals, and I am well aware of the fine achievements of many others of our soldiers, sailors, and statesmen, but I feel in the present circumstances I can do better work if I maintain my independence and am not gagged by a loyalty that I do not feel towards the whole of your administration.

"I take this opportunity of thanking you and the War Cabinet for the handsome message of praise sent to me as representing the five hundred officials of the British War Mission to the United States, many of them volunteers and exiles. Their achievements and those of their ten thousand assistants deserve to be better known by their countrymen.

"The fact that their work is not known is due to the absurd secrecy about the war which still is prevalent. Everything these officials are doing is known to our American friends, and, of course, to the Germans.

"I trust I make no breach of confidence in saying that some of the docu-

Continued on Page 2.

Read about the Little Birthday of America's greatest cooking invention on Page 3.—Adv.

Berlin Looks for Lloyd George's Fall; Would Consider It a Step Toward Peace

BERLIN, Nov. 15, (via London.)—The Vorwärts today prints a long editorial on the French and British Ministerial crises. The newspaper considers the fall of the French Premier a mere footnote to the history of the war, but that of Prime Minister Lloyd George as a whole chapter. It says that the fact that Lloyd George is "wabbling" attracts the eyes of the whole world. Should he fall, it may not mean peace, but it will mean a long step in the direction of peace.

"Mr. Lloyd George," says the Vorwärts, "long since has gambled away his best stake—his following among the masses—and now is reeling about without a foothold."

The Vorwärts says that Mr. Lloyd George has forsaken the wise principle of seeking an alliance with international socialism, which, it asserts, is the great power of the future, even of the German people, despite all efforts to annihilate it.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 15.—The Berlin newspapers comment at length on the French and English crises, precipitated by the Paris speech of Mr. Lloyd George, whose resignation most of the German papers regard as certain. They express the hope that his "departure," will clear the political atmosphere of Europe and pave the way for peace.

The Berliner Tageblatt asserts that Mr. Asquith is certain to succeed Lloyd George.

PICKS CLEMENCEAU TO FORM CABINET

Poincare's Offer of the Premiership Is Accepted by Firebrand Editor.

RADICALS WON'T OPPOSE

But the Unified Socialists Organize a Move Against Their Old Foe.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—Former Premier Clémenceau has agreed to form a new Cabinet.

M. Clemenceau was at the Elysee Palace today with President Poincaré for more than an hour, after which the announcement was made that the President had offered him the mission of forming a cabinet, which he had accepted.

On leaving the palace, M. Clemenceau said:

"I intend to act quickly and rationally. There are certain little matters to examine and regulate and I think I shall need forty-eight hours. I shall perhaps be able to give the first exact information tomorrow evening."

The Radical and Radical Socialist group in the Senate met and adopted a resolution that the circumstances of the hour required that the best qualified men take office, regardless of parties. The corresponding group in the Chamber, after sharp discussion, adopted a resolution against the party pronouncing against M. Clemenceau.

Previous to this decision, the parties of the Left—the unified Socialists, Socialistic Radicals, and Socialistic Republicans, had formed themselves in a group. This action was taken on the initiative of the unified Socialists with the view to common action. The Figaro styles this against Clémenceau."

It was Georges Clémenceau, for many years one of the most forceful figures in French public life, who began the campaign against German propaganda in France, and it was largely on that issue that the Painlevé Cabinet fell.

The "Tiger," as he is nicknamed, is known as an exponent of the Big Stick, and it has been prophesied that if he should be appointed Premier he would stamp out Bolshism. The chief obstacle to his selection was felt to be the implacable hostility of the unified Socialists, who have never forgiven his drastic methods in dealing with labor troubles when he was Premier.

M. Clémenceau is 76 years old. He is sometimes referred to as more of a destructive than a constructive statesman and is reputed to have upset nearly a score of Cabinets. He has held no Ministerial posts in recent years, devoting himself largely to his newspaper, L'Homme Enchaine, which has been suspended several times because of his biting criticism of the Government.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS FORCED WAR BARGAIN

Insisted on Concessions Before Entering a Fourth Year, Says Stresemann.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 15.—The National Liberal leader, Dr. Gustav Stresemann, publishes an article regarding the attitude of the National Liberals during the Cabinet crisis, and says that as a result of the co-operation of that party at the interparty discussions Germany's foreign policy "will not be led as in Michaelis's time," referring to the peace resolution of July 19.

Certain territorial additions to the German Empire are not entirely out of the question, he asserts, and moreover have been approved by the Centrists and Progressives. The National Liberals go further, says Stresemann, and demand guarantees in Belgium and the freeing of the Baltic from the Russian yoke. He argues that only the Polish question can be settled by the Reichstag.

Dr. Stresemann asserts that peace is on the road, and that the enemy is now only hoping for Germany's interior political collapse, and so the National Liberals have joined the majority to unite the country. He makes the interesting admission that the Social Democrats were only willing to continue the fourth year of the war if considerable concessions were made to them, and this was the reason why Hindenburg and Ludendorff had conferences with the leaders of the Workmen's Unions and factions. Neither the National Liberals nor the two Generals are really disciples of this plan, he says, but the unity of the country makes co-operation necessary.

ITALIANS HOLDING THE PIAVE LINE

But They Abandon Mountain Outposts to the Germans Pressing Southward.

NAVY AIDS RIVER DEFENSE

Fresh Assaults Are Repulsed and Teutons Already Across Are Held in Check.

ROME, Nov. 15.—The Italians have defeated renewed efforts of the Germans to cross the Piave River. Those of the enemy who forced a crossing at two points on previous days are being held in check, the War Office announced today.

The enemy forces which effected a crossing at Zenson are being more closely invested, and those across the river in the marshy sector near the coast are being checked and shelled. Other enemy attacks were repulsed.

In the mountains in the north the Italians have made a further withdrawal. The advanced posts at Monte Tomatico, south of Feltre, were drawn back to positions previously determined upon.

The official announcement follows:

The enemy has intensified his action on our mountainous front from the Asiago zone to the Piave Valley. On Tuesday night he attacked the Monte Sisemol-Meletta d'Avanti sector and was resisted effectively. The action was continued successfully by us yesterday with the object of driving back, with local counterattacks, enemy parties which, having reached some advanced elements of our positions, attempted to remain there.

Yesterday morning the enemy made an attack more to the north, along the front of Meletta d'Avanti-Monte Flor-Monte Castelgoberto, and was repulsed. He repeated his attempt during the evening with larger forces and greater violence, but was again repulsed.

Columns which were advancing in fan-like formation toward the front between Frisoni and the confluence of the Brenta and Cismon rivers were caught under the fire of our artillery and stopped. Large forces engaged our advanced line between the Cismon and Piave rivers. At Monte Roncone the enemy was repulsed. At Monte Tomatico our advanced posts withdrew, after offering effective resistance, to positions previously decided upon. In the direction of the Quero Pass an enemy attack was paralyzed.

On the plain the struggle continued. Fresh attempts on the part of the enemy to cross the Piave River have been frustrated. The units which had previously passed the river are being shut in more closely at the Zenson loop and held in check in the marshy sector between the Piave and the Piave Vecchia (the old bed of the river, near the sea,) where they have been counterattacked and are being shelled by our batteries, with the aid of Royal Navy artillery.

Yesterday our airplanes effectively bombarded bridges on the Livenza and Monticano rivers. Flying at a height of a few hundred meters, they attacked with machine gun fire troops and columns on the march along roads in the plain.

Germans Advancing Southward.

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—(Via London.)—German troops on the mountain front in Northern Italy are advancing to the south from Fonzaso and Feltre, says today's official communication.

No change is reported along the lower Piave River.

The afternoon announcement follows:

Our detachments advancing southward in the mountains from Fonzaso

Continued on Page 2.

Detroit Farm Sausages make more appetizing and delightful fare at mother's breakfast. Try a 2-lb. pkg.—Adv.

SEEK NOW TO CUT HIM OFF

Part of Northern Army Said to be Marching to Attack Him in Rear.

LENINE'S POWER WANING

Bolsheyiki Plan a Coalition Cabinet with Well-to-Do Classes Not Represented.

ANARCHY IN MANY CITIES

Travelers Reaching Stockholm Tell Stories of Outbreaks Against Jews.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 15.—Telegraphic communication with Petrograd is still interrupted. Stockholm papers receive their news via Haparanda. The reports are contradictory, but it seems as if the Bolsheviki again command Petrograd. The executive of the Russian troops at Helsingfors on Wednesday evening received the following telephone message from Petrograd:

"Bolshevik troops have taken Gatchina. Kerensky, with his troops, about 5,000 men, retired to the south. Lettish sharpshooters and parts of the Northern army have been ordered to cut Kerensky's line of retreat.

"The left wing of the Social Revolutionary Party has decided to rally to the Bolsheviki. The standpoint of the other parties is not yet known."

A Haparanda telegram says travelers arriving from Finland late this evening report rumors that Petrograd is on fire. There are no further details.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Direct news from either the Kerensky or Bolsheviki faction in Russia concerning the situation there is still lacking, but a Reuter dispatch from Stockholm late tonight said that communication had been restored with Petrograd, and news of the actual happenings there is expected soon. If credence is to be attached to press dispatches sent from Scandinavian capitals the Provisional Government forces have lost the battle for the possession of Petrograd and are in retreat.

A dispatch from Copenhagen received this evening says:

"A Helsingfors dispatch to the Politiken says that the Military Committee last night received the following by telephone:

"'The people seem to have lost confidence in Lenine and Trotzky. It is intended to form a Social Revolutionary Coalition Government, with representatives of all parties except the well-to-do. The first task of the new Government will be to make peace with the enemy.'"

A dispatch from Petrograd, dated Tuesday, which may have been sent via Stockholm as soon as communication was restored, tells of an attempt to negotiate for a creation of a Socialist Government in Russia and the postponement of a railway strike there. It comes to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The Socialist leaders offered the Bolsheviki the following basis for an agreement:

First—The disarming of the Red Guard.

Second—The transfer of the control of the Petrograd garrison to the municipality.

Third—The cessation of military operations—and in consideration of the acceptance of these terms—

Fourth—Full guarantee that Kerensky's army would be the only one entering Petrograd and would not fire a single shot.

Fifth—The army would abstain from domiciliary searches and arrests.

The negotiations for the armistice collapsed because, although the Bolsheviki agreed to the terms, the Socialists insisted that the Bolsheviki should be excluded from the proposed Government.

Premier Kerensky, the dispatch adds, issued proclamations declaring his adherence to the revolution and guaranteeing the clearing out of the Bolsheviki as well as to the transference of power to democratic organizations, the preliminary Government and the committee for safeguarding the country and the revolution.

The Railway Union sent a delegation to Kerensky proposing that he withhold aggressive measures against the Petrograd garrison and the workmen. The Premier, it is said, replied that he would not pursue an aggressive course or apply repressive measures in the event of the Socialist parties arriving at an agreement.

It is reported from Kiev, the dispatch adds, that there is heavy fighting throughout that city. Airplanes are participating on both sides and there have been numerous casualties. The armistice at Moscow was to expire today.

Severe Fighting at Petrograd.

The Wolff Bureau, the official German news bureau, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Geneva, says that the Provisional Government has mastered the revolt in Moscow. It says that Lenine still controls Petrograd.

where the fighting was severe yesterday afternoon.

A Petrograd dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, dated yesterday, says Kerensky's mixed detachments are concentrated close to Petrograd, and a telegram from Stockholm early tonight gives the following view of the situation:

"The only news of Petrograd events has been brought by travelers through Finland or transmitted by telephone, and these reports add to the confusion by their failure to give dates of the various alleged happenings.

"According to what is apparently the latest telephone report from Finland, all was quiet in Petrograd last night.

"A Russian who arrived at Haparanda from Petrograd Wednesday says that Kerensky's troops had not entered Petrograd Monday and he did not believe they would enter, as the garrison, numbering 50,000, remained faithful to the Maximalists.

"The cause of Kerensky's unpopularity, according to this Russian, was his opposition to peace, and he further declared that if the Maximalists could have made peace they would be masters everywhere. All hope was in the proposed coalition Cabinet, and he added: 'If such a Government cannot be formed we will have civil war.'

"The Revolutionary Committee in Petrograd, a message from Haparanda says, has taken measures for evictualing the Russian capital. Arrangements have been made for increasing the stocks of wheat, and workmen have been ordered to continue their work without interruption.

"The German minority Socialist Executive Committee has sent the local newspapers of Russian Bolsheviki a telegram for transmission to Petrograd, congratulating the Bolsheviki on their 'seizure of political power.' The telegram expresses the hope that the Bolsheviki will succeed in forcing a peace without annexations."

According to other reports from Stockholm, travelers who arrived yesterday evening in Haparanda, Sweden, from Finland, said rumors were current there that Petrograd was in flames and 2,000 persons had been killed in street fighting in Moscow up to noon Tuesday. In Kiev and various other towns anarchy prevailed to an astonishing degree, accompanied by mob violence against Jews. An agreement was said to have been reached at Moscow among the Socialistic parties to form a coalition government, including some Bolsheviki.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The Russian Embassy announced today that a telegram had been received from the Russian Embassy at Rome, in which it was stated that Italy was in communication with Moscow via Murmansk. The embassy was informed that confirmation had been received of the reported decline of the Bolsheviki and that two days ago Premier Kerensky had regained control of the larger part of Petrograd.

The only information received by the State Department came from Minister Morris at Stockholm, who merely communicated the rumors and press dispatches published in newspapers of the Swedish capital. No direct word has been received by the State Department from Ambassador Francis in Petrograd since Nov. 8. No alarm is felt here, however, for Americans in Petrograd, and confidence is still strong that the Maximalist authority will be brief.

BERATES BUFFALO SPEECH.

Wilson's Warning of Teuton Ambition a Trick, Says German Paper.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 15.—The Liberal Industrial organ, the Rhenish Westphalian Gazette, comments on President Wilson's speech at Buffalo, calling it "Wilson's latest trick," and alluding to Colonel House as a spy. The President's "latest trick," the paper says, "is to find an artificial contrast and convince American citizens that if the war ends in a draw, Americans will be Germany's vassals.

"No statesman ever uttered greater foolishness," the Gazette continues, "and it can be assumed that the Central Powers will greet this with laughter. We rejoice that Wilson places himself and the Entente in a ridiculous position by taking refuge in such folly, this being the best proof that Entente diplomacy is at the end of its devices to destroy the unity of the Central Powers.'

The paper cites President Wilson's reference to the freedom of people and says:

"Pan Germanism is Wilson's favorite toy and the hobby on which he rides around is the difference between the German people and their Government."

The Gazette remarks that the entire German Empire has rallied around the Kaiser for more than three years to attain victory" and asserts that this alleged idea that Germany will again offer peace and will be ready to negotiate for Alsace-Lorraine is "an impertinent lie, because Alsace-Lorraine will not be negotiated about and there is no Alsace-Lorraine question. Lloyd George says the sword shall decide, and it is deciding in Italy."

The paper asserts that what President Wilson says about the Bagdad railway and the future relations of Germany with other nations is so far in the future that it is not worth discussing. It lays stress on the mission of Colonel House, "that ridiculous military lay figure whom Mr. Wilson sent to Europe to spy. A House and Gerard—we harbored two nice creatures. They were supposed to inform the Indian chief in the White House of the best way to scalp us. But they do not seem to have gathered much knowledge in their espionage.

"Wilson's whole speech, like his peace offer, is proof of his unscrupulous and hypocritical mind, which with the help of historical uncorrectness and a bought press desires to bring all States and peoples under the power of mammon. Only with the sword can he be crushed and the world freed of him."

SAYS DRIVE ON ITALY MENACES AMERICA

Germany Seeks Final Decision There, Head of the Italian Propaganda Asserts.

IMPLORES HASTENING OF AID

"Hold Out Until American Army Can Arrive," Albert Ferry Tells French Deputies.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—"There is only one means of existence. That is to hold out until the great American Army can arrive," said Albert Ferry yesterday in the Chamber of Deputies. As a former Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs and a present member of the Army Committee, he has been foremost in asserting the necessity for allied unity of effectiveness, a subject on which he is recognized as an authority.

In further amplification of his words the following letter has just been received from Dr. Savj Lopez, former Professor of History in Pavia University, the present chief of Italian propaganda under the Secretary of State at Rome:

"It is more and more evident that the Central Empires are seeking in the plains of Northern Italy a decision of the conflict. Russia for the moment is no longer to be counted on. Once Italy is crushed, Italy, which up to date has held on her frontiers the greater part of the Austrian armies, Germany and Austria are free to throw themselves mercilessly on the western front and the war will be lost for the Allies.

"To this end the Central Empires have now thrown against Italy the best of their forces. Troops have been taken away from the Russian front, where there is nothing to fear.

"All the armies of shock which the Central Empires possess are pitted against us. We know positively that these forces are being increased day by day. An important concentration of German troops is being prepared in the Trentino.

Italy Straining to Utmost.

"Italy entered the war under the double impulse of completing its unity by delivering the Italians enslaved by Austria and associating itself in the great democratic movement of the Entente. The war was wished and longed for by all that Italy possesses of youth and of healthy thought. About four million men have been mobilized, and all sacrifices have been accepted renouncing joyfully the gilded advantages of neutrality.

"A prodigious industry for the manufacture of war material has been created, this in a country devoid of iron and coal. The people have gladly fought for two years, struggling against terrific difficulties and victoriously carrying the war into the enemy's country.

"Seeing herself ready to fall, Austria was obliged to call to her aid her protector Germany. All those who still have a faint hope of seeing Austria free herself from Germany would do well to undeceive themselves. The sole fact that Austria needs Germany to protect her against Italy means that Austria is entirely in the hands of her protector.

"Germany from now on has a double end in view, to complete the enslavement of Austria and to give a fatal stroke to the armies of the Allies. If in France, England and America there remained any vague desire not to be too hard on Austria, the stern reality of the present facts must now have dispersed it. So the political situation of the Entente is cleared up.

"Italy, by the fact that today she is facing the most violent effort ever attempted by Germany, proves how loyal and profound has been her faith in the Entente. France and England fight Austria for the simple reason that Austria is nothing less than Germany. To the supreme effort of the Central Empires on the plains of Venice should come the answer of a supreme collective effort by the Allies.

Hope in America's Help.

"What will America do?" It is inconceivable that the American flag will be absent at the gravest moment of the conflict in which America has entered with all the nobility of its democratic ideals. If Italy is destined to be crushed by German militarism, then the democratic idealism of America is also crushed and our allies will be unable physically to have their revenge on other fronts. It is therefore necessary that the United States should understand clearly the gravity of the danger.

"Italy, which up to today, has been torn internally by certain differences of opinion, quite natural in a country fighting for an ideal and not having suffered from invasion—exactly the same state of things exists in America—now in the face of catastrophe finds herself absolutely united and determined to sacrifice everything in the supreme struggle. To support such a resolution she needs the moral and material aid of her allies.

Today Italy is in precisely the same position as France, with certain greater disadvantages, a smaller national fortune and a great lack of raw materials. All this is heightened by the difficulties of maritime traffic.

"We beg Americans to come and see for themselves the admirable energy of our people and at the same time convince themselves of our pressing needs. I can assure you that all Americans coming to us to study conditions will be most welcome, and those who have the power and talent to inform American opinion on the stern reality of things will render to the common cause a most precious service.

"In stating these things, I interpret the thoughts of Signor Gallenga, Secretary of State, who appreciates the love America has for our own country, and of which she has given proof.

"A dispatch, received as I write, backs up the foregoing arguments. Contrary to what has been said lately in the press, the mass of Austro-German troops in Italy is the most formidable concentration which has taken place to date on any one front. The attack is made upon the Allies as a whole with the evident purpose of reaching a final decision."

BELGIANS ARE BUSY NORTH OF DIXMUDE

British Check Enemy Patrols at Menin Road—Heavy Firing on the Verdun Front.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Only minor activities are chronicled in the British War Office report today on the western front. Belgian forces in Flanders have been busy.

The day report of the British War Office reads:

Yesterday afternoon hostile reconnoitring parties endeavored to approach our lines in the neighborhood of Polderhoek Wood, north of the Menin Road, but were driven off, with loss of prisoners and killed.

On the night of Nov. 13-14 Belgian troops entered the German lines north of Dixmude and blew up a number of the enemy's concrete shelters.

A hostile raid attempted last night north of Bixshoote was repulsed by artillery and machine-gun fire.

The official statement from British Headquarters in France and Belgium, issued tonight, reads:

Early this morning the enemy bombarded heavily our positions north of the Menin Road, and shortly afterward its infantry attempted to advance. The attack was successfully repulsed by our fire. Another party of the enemy, which endeavored to approach our lines northeast of Passchendaele, also was driven off.

The hostile artillery again has shown great activity in the neighborhood of Passchendaele, and also north and south of it.

The Belgian communication issued at Havre says:

During the day of Nov. 13 the artillery fire was rather lively southeast of Dixmude.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—Operations on the Western front today consisted largely of heavy gun fire and aviation activity. The day report of the War Office reads:

French reconnoitring parties in the region of the Ailette took prisoners.

The night was calm except in the region of Caurieres, (Verdun front,) where a heavy bombardment is being carried on.

On Tuesday four German airplanes were brought down by our pilots, and four others fell disabled within the enemy lines. Our aviators made a number of effectual raids, dropping many projectiles on various enemy depots and cantonments in the region of Muhlhausen.

German aviators carried out a violent bombardment on Tuesday night in the region of Calais. It is reported that there were a number of victims among the civilian population.

The War Office announcement tonight reads:

There is nothing to report except rather violent artillery action north of Braye-en-Laonnois, and on the right bank of the Meuse.

BERLIN, (via London,) Nov. 15.—The day report of the War Office says rather violent artillery action north of

There being mist and fog the artillery activity in general was moderate, but it increased to greater intensity in the evening near Dixmude and on some sectors of the Flanders battlefield. In successful reconnoitring engagements prisoners and machine guns fell into our hands.

JERUSALEM RAILROAD REACHED BY BRITISH

Junction Point of Line with Beersheba-Damascus Road Seized—Turkish Losses Heavy.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The junction point of the Beersheba-Damascus Railway with the line to Jerusalem is now in the possession of the British Army in Palestine, it was officially announced today. The railway line to the vicinity of Na'aneh and El-Mansurah came into British possession as a result of the continued advance of General Allenby's infantry and mounted troops. The Turks lost 1,500 men in prisoners on Tuesday, besides four guns and a score of machine guns.

The text of the official statement on the Palestine operations reads:

Our infantry and mounted troops continued their advance, General Allenby reported yesterday, and we now hold the railway line in the vicinity of El-Mansurah and Na'aneh, including the junction of the Damascus-Beersheba Railway with the line to Jerusalem.

The losses inflicted on the Turks on Tuesday were heavy, including 400 buried at Katrah alone. Our captures on Tuesday amounted to more than 1,500 prisoners, 20 machine guns, and 4 guns.

ITALIANS HOLDING THE PIAVE LINE

Continued from Page 1.

and Feltre are in fighting contact with the enemy.

On the lower Piave there is nothing new.

The evening communication issued by the War Office says:

In the mountains on both sides of the Brenta Valley our troops are fighting their way forward.

Thirty-Mile Artillery Battle.

By The Associated Press.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 14.—(Delayed)—Under the escort of a staff officer from headquarters the correspondent today made a tour along thirty miles of the Piave battlefront while a terrific artillery fire was in progress on both banks of the river, and the whole ordinarily peaceful valley was transformed into a blazing inferno.

From a suitable observation point the view led across the river to the positions occupied by General von Buelow's German troops, who had occupied the town of Vidor, over which hung a huge German balloon. Further along, from a castle commanding the heights of Asolo, could be plainly seen the two opposing lines running along the east and west banks of the river, together with the Italian positions stretching back on the hills to Grappa and the Montello crest, and an enemy battery firing from the hills on the eastern side of the river.

An abandoned warehouse on the bank of the Piave River, further down, afforded a view of a massive bridge with the two middle spans blown up and of the great pall of smoke hanging over Zenson and the Island of Grave, where the enemy had crossed the river, but was still held back on the river's edge by the fierce counterattacks of the Italians.

All along the lower stretch of the river the bombardment was continuous, and the inhabitants of the whole countryside were fleeing from the terrain within the range of the guns.

The Italian lines were holding well at all points, and everything indicated the thoroughness of the concentration that had been effected by the army along the new lines. In the new trenches along the river bank and among the columns advancing along the roads the men displayed the best of spirits and evidenced their determination in the desperate struggle for the holding of the Piave line, which is now reaching its climax.

UNITY IN ITALIAN CHAMBER.

Giolitti and Other Ex-Premiers Pledge Support to Orlando.

ROME, Nov. 14, (Delayed.)—Great enthusiasm and patriotic feeling marked this afternoon's sitting of the Italian Chamber of Deputies. Professor Vittorio Orlando, in his first speech as Premier, struck the keynote of his policy, namely, that the situation called for action rather than for words.

The Premier spoke feelingly of the assistance being rendered by the Entente Allies to Italy, and a passage in which he expressed the warm gratitude of Italy to the "great American Republic" for her willing and powerful aid roused tremendous cheering.

Referring to the creation of an Inter-Allied Supreme Council and a Military Council Professor Orlando announced that they would include representatives of the United States.

Ex-Premier Giolitti, who made his first public appearance since Italy entered the war, re-echoed Premier Orlando's words, saying that the whole nation would follow the Government's lead, but that there must be no hesitation or half measures.

Ex-Premier Luzzatti declared in the name of his Venetian colleagues that the people of the invaded region were ready to suffer martyrdom so that Italy might retain her faith in the great principles of independence and liberty.

A vote of confidence in the Government, calling for national concord, was moved by ex-Premier Boselli and it was carried without division amid great enthusiasm.

400,000 ITALIAN REFUGEES.

Central and Southern Cities, Outside of Rome, Caring for Them.

ROME, Nov. 14, (Delayed.)—Four hundred thousand refugees from the zone of the present military operations have reached the central and southern provinces. Major Grayson P. Murphy, head of the American Red Cross Commission to Europe, is taking measures to contribute to their relief. He has sent agents to Bologna and Ancona, through which most of the refugees pass. Their principal requirements are woolen clothes, blankets, and shoes, which cannot be purchased in some districts.

Prince Colonna, Mayor of Rome, today welcomed the representatives of the American Red Cross and expressed his appreciation of their work.

For economic and political reasons the Government has decided that the refugees will be received elsewhere than in Rome.

HOPES TO SAVE ITALY'S ART.

Swiss Newspaper Addresses a Petition to the Austrian Emperor.

GENEVA, Nov. 15.—The Emperor and Empress of Austria are appealed to by the Journal de Genève to save Italian art treasures in a petition which it is circulating among art lovers in Switzerland for signatures before forwarding it to Vienna.

The appeal describes the treasures as the common patrimony of civilized humanity. Damage to them, it says, would cause profound sadness to the whole world and bring unanimous reprobation.

BELIEVES VENICE DOOMED.

Washington Expects Its Capture by the Invaders in a Few Days.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The capture of Venice by the Germans is believed to be now only a matter of days.

This is the construction that Washington places upon the official announcements made by the Berlin and Rome War Offices in the last four days and the course of the campaign along the ninety-mile battle front, from the mouth of the Piave to the Sette Comuni Mountain sector northwest of the Venetian plain.

That Venice is doomed is also the interpretation placed upon the news dispatches from Rome and Venice telling of the flight of civilians from that famous city and of the utilization of an army of workmen in the herculean task of removing the art treasures of Venice to places of safety west of the River Brenta. Those of Treviso and Vicenza, cities that will be threatened when the Italian line along the Piave gives way for a further retreat, are also being removed.

Fears for the safety of Venice have been inspired by the fact that the Germans appear now to be concentrating on an effort to cross the banks of the Lower Piave River, not far from the Adriatic, within a distance of less than twelve miles from the heart of Venice. That the Germans have crossed this part of the river at two points is admitted by the Italian War Office. One crossing was made in the loop of the Piave at Zenson di Piave, nearly half way between the two lower rail crossings. It is admitted by the Italian War Office that the Germans also "filtered through" for a crossing at Griaolera. This point is about three miles from the mouth of the Piave.

AIR POST SPURNED BY NORTHCLIFFE

Continued from Page 1.

ments which have passed through my hands as head of the mission are such as, if published, would greatly increase our prestige in the United States and hearten our people at home.

"May I also take this opportunity of giving warning about our relations with that great people from whom I come. We have had the tragedy of Russia, due partly to lack of allied propaganda to counteract that of the Germans. We have had the tragedy of Italy largely due to that same enemy propaganda. We have had the tragedies of Serbia, Rumania, and Montenegro. There is one tragedy which I am sure we shall not have, and that is the tragedy of the United States.

"But from countless conversations with leading Americans I know that unless there is swift improvement in our methods here the United States will rightly take into its own hands the entire management of a great part of the war. It will not sacrifice its blood and treasure to the incompetent handling of the affairs of Europe.

"In saying all this, which is very much on my mind, believe me, I have none but the most friendly feeling toward yourself and that I am greatly honored by your suggestion.

"Yours sincerely,

"NORTHCLIFFE."

London Stirred by the Letter.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Lord Northcliffe has dropped his expected bombshell.

It was known that while he was still in America he was restive, and as he approached the British shores speculation was keen as to the manner in which he would signalize his return.

There had been almost general knowledge that he would receive the offer of the post of the new Minister of the Air, and the betting was odds against his accepting it. His refusal of the post scarcely causes surprise, while his manner of refusing it provokes some hilarity.

A prominent politician sarcastically said tonight that the greatest problem which Lord Northcliffe's letter to the Prime Minister had raised was one for A. G. Gardiner, editor of The Daily News. "Whom," asked the politician, "is Gardiner going to train his heaviest batteries upon, Northcliffe or Lloyd George?"

Lord Northcliffe's letter was not made public till too late an hour for much comment to be obtained in the political clubs the prevailing opinion seemed to be that Northcliffe had unwittingly done a good turn to Lloyd George. Politicians, it was said, were threatened with the lamp-post. They would prefer to hang together in battalions rather than as single spies. Consequently the chances were that they would present a solid front against the common enemy.

Northcliffe, it was also said, had greatly overestimated his power over public opinion—that is, the public opinion which really counts.

Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty, has referred in recent speeches to what he called parrot cries of The Daily Mail, declaring that they did the nation great disservice.

Observers of those of the public which do not derive their opinions from the Northcliffe press are convinced that the circulations of The Daily Mail and The Evening News are not a criterion of their influence.

In other quarters Lord Northcliffe's attitude was regretted as calculated to increase distrust and dissatisfaction, which were not concommitants of a vigorous prosecution of the war.

One of the agencies which distributed the Northcliffe communication to the Prime Minister described it as "a remarkable letter."

TALK OF NORTHCLIFFE TO HEAD GOVERNMENT

Criticism of Premier and of Jellicoe Marks His Return to London.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—In neither Rome nor Paris have I seen such excitement as was produced in London by the organization of the Supreme War Council and Lloyd George's speech in Paris, purporting to explain it. When the Premier alighted from his train at Charing Cross he faced a storm of indignant feeling, and for twenty-four hours it looked as if his much predicted overthrow was near.

Today the situation is calmer, and probably by Monday, the date fixed for Parliamentary discussion, the English public will have something new and more real to worry about.

One consideration, which apparently has escaped attention in the excitement, may have been paramount in the decision reached at Rapallo. It was necessary to make a new deal with regard to the Italian Army.

On the other hand, it was absolutely necessary under the circumstances, with France and England furnishing men and material, that they should be represented in the control of operations. Obviously, this was one of the chief reasons for constituting the council, composed of Foch, Wilson, and Cadorna. This action was received in Italy as an excellent solution of the difficulty and certainly had an instantly steadying effect on the army and the country.

The Rapallo action would probably have passed unchallenged but for the Paris speech. What the Premier said at the Painlevé luncheon is sufficiently accurate. The trouble was that the utterance seemed to mark a sudden and complete change of front on the part of the Premier.

Northcliffe could praise Kitchener for months and suddenly attack him, but editors are not amenable to Parliamentary control and can await the vindication of time and events. The Paris speech was entirely out of key with the optimism of previous utterances.

The British public was rudely jarred by the implication that Robertson and Haig were deficient and that the gains in Flanders were not proportioned to the sacrifices. Britain has given her best in life and substance for the gains now referred to lightly by the generalissimo of all the forces, civil and military, under whom the effort has been made.

Lloyd George probably will not be dismissed from power, but he has wounded British pride to the quick. There are enough accumulated grievances at Westminster to overthrow half a dozen governments, but whenever such an event draws near British good sense takes stock and concludes to stand Lloyd George's faults a while longer. His unfailing source of strength is the poverty of competitive material.

In Paris they kick out a Government any morning before breakfast. Whether one man or another heads the Ministry makes little difference, because there are a score about alike. In England there is nobody known to possess the qualifications for Lloyd George's place. I could mention perhaps half a dozen men in America who would be regarded as Premiership material if they were in public life here. Yet in America, too, we feel that public life has tended toward impoverishment. More than once I have heard the remark in England: "Oh, if we could only borrow your Roosevelt."

In the last day or two I have heard the whispered suggestion of the possibility of seeing Northcliffe at the head of the Government. Since his return from America Northcliffe has been strenuously busy and inaccessible to all, except such as the Premier and Colonel House. His presence has already put new vital energy into the Northcliffe press, which is vigorously pursuing Jellicoe for too much optimism and mildly chiding the Premier for too much pessimism.

REPORT HOUSE FAVORS ALLIED COUNCIL PLAN

London Paper Says that He Would Have Suggested if Lloyd George Had Not Done So.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The Evening Standard today publishes a note stating that the establishment of a Supreme War Council, as outlined by the Prime Minister in the House of Commons yesterday, met with the full approval of the American mission in this country.

"I am informed," The Standard writer added, "that Colonel House has been given full power to assist in the formation of such a council, and that he himself will represent President Wilson on this body, and, further, that General Bliss, Chief of the United States War Staff, will be one of the military representatives whose executive function is to act as technical advisers to the council. I have good reasons for stating that had it not been decided to adopt such a scheme as outlined by Lloyd George Colonel House would have submitted almost identical proposals."

On inquiry at Chesterfield House, Colonel House's headquarters, THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent was informed that The Evening Standard's announcement was "entirely unauthorized."

Although all likelihood of a political crisis arising out of the proposals for a supreme war council appears to have disappeared, Lloyd George's plan continues to meet with very serious opposition.

The need of improved machinery to obtain the best results from the use of the Allies' resources in men and material is universally recognized, but many serious critics question whether the Rapallo plan will meet the requirements.

The Westminster Gazette is among the doubtful ones. The Manchester Guardian, on the other hand, argues that "we should make what changes in our organization promise improvement," and thinks that Lloyd George's scheme may work well, provided there is good-will all around.

The Evening Star and The Globe continue their denunciation of Lloyd George and all his works, chiefly on the theory that the Rapallo agreement is "an extension of the old Kitchener intrigue and the abortive Nivelle intrigue," and that it is "an attempt to put the control of the British Army into the hands of French Generals."

The most radical defect found with the plan by serious minded observers is that it creates a situation which might result in decisions that would not have the full agreement of the soldiers most responsible for their execution. This and other dangers, it is thought, can be avoided if the supreme war council (this designation is held to be a misnomer) is shut off from the actual conduct of operations in any theatre of war and confine itself strictly to the general survey of all operations and all the resources of the Allies with a view to their pooling and co-operation.

"If," says the Westminster Gazette, "the council will do this and desire to do nothing else, it may perform the invaluable function of thinking ahead for the Allies, of watching the various danger points on the many fronts and discovering the weak points in the defenses of the enemy. If it keeps within these boundaries it will be a useful and welcome addition to the allied organization. But if it exceeds them and attempts to interfere with the operations actually going on it may introduce the disastrous principle of dual control into the conduct of the war, leave the commanders in the field in doubt as to which is the supreme authority and, so far from unifying and expediting action, actually produce delay and confusion."

SAYS AMERICA UNDERSTANDS.

Northcliffe Paper Lauds Wilson Speech and Times Editorial.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The Daily Mail prints a column report of President Wilson's speech at Buffalo, to which it refers editorially as follows:

"We publish today two utterances from the United States, each of which deserves a high place in the literature of liberty. One is President Wilson's address to the American Federation of Labor. The other is the leading article from THE NEW YORK TIMES, a journal that has understood the war from its very beginning; that fought a stout fight for the Allies in the days of American neutrality, and that is now among the ablest supporters and exponents of the cause that America has made her own."

In conclusion, The Mail says:

"The political and economic ambitions of Germany in the near and middle East are now recognized in the United States as the kernel of the war. That is a great fact. It registers an immense advance on the part of American opinion. It implies that the full scope of the struggle is now becoming understood in Washington, better, perhaps, than in some of the capitals of Europe."

The Daily Express, in a leading editorial, says:

"We print this morning part of a remarkable leading article which has appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES, and which may be regarded as an indication of the determination of the United States, now that she is in the war, to fight with all her heart and with all her strength.

"The Allies, who have been at war with Germany for three years, now realize the necessity for closer co-operation if the enormous resources of the United States and its potentialities for war are to be employed with the greatest possible effect. It is clear that her co-operation must be thorough and without reservation. We would go so far as to say this: The utility of the new Allied War Council depends entirely on American representatives sitting with the British, French, and Italians, and on an American soldier joining the international staff."

TOOK 101,534 GERMANS IN LAST 16 MONTHS

LONDON, Nov. 15.—In the House of Commons today during a speech Henry William Forster, Financial Secretary of War, said that since July 1, 1916, the British had captured from the Turks 30,197 prisoners and 186 guns; and from the Germans on the western front 101,534 prisoners and 519 guns.

The approximate square mileage in territory conquered or reconquered by the British in the same time, said Mr. Forster, was 128,000. The total number of prisoners captured on all fronts since the beginning of the war was 166,000, while the captured guns numbered 800.

CASUALTIES ON NOV. 3 TOTAL TWENTY-FIVE

Continued from Page 1.

on Nov. 3, upon the salient occupied by American infantry. This shows the losses to have been three killed, eleven wounded and eleven missing. The additions to the original list of wounded include First Lieutenant William H. McLaughlin and five privates, one of whom, William P. Grigsby, was originally listed as missing. Private Dewey D. Kern, previously listed as missing, has been accounted for. A "Private —— Keckon," previously on the missing list, does not appear on the revised list. The wounded are reported as doing well. The revised list is as follows:

Killed.

GRESHAM, James B., (Corporal;) mother, Alice Dodd, 1,001 West Ohio Street, Evansville, Ind.

ENRIGHT, THOMAS F., (private;) sister, Mrs. Mary Irwin, 6,641 Premo Street, Pittsburgh, Penn.

HAY, MERLE D., (private;) father, Harvey D. Hay, Glidden, Iowa.

Wounded.

McLAUGHLIN, WILLIAM H., (First Lieutenant;) W. R. McLaughlin, Coltec, Ark.

GIVENS, HOMER, (Corporal;) father, William F. Givens, Cloverdale, Ala.

GRIGSBY, WILLIAM P., (private;) mother, Mrs. Lizzie Grigsby, 1,278 Willow Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

DEIFER, LOUIS A., (private;) Mrs. Katherine Deifer, Box 48, Route 6, Sullivan, Ind.

FANN, PAUL W., (private;) George W. Fann, Sarona, Wis.

WESLEY, GEORGE, (private;) Miss Margarette Welch, 623 Eighth Street, Dayton, Ky.

SMITH, LESTER G., (private;) R. A. Smith, R. F. D. 5, Concord, N. C.

SMITH, JOHN J., (private;) brother, F. D. Smith, Box 82, Ludington, Mich.

HOPKINS, CHARLES J., (private;) brother, James W. Hopkins, Stanton, Texas.

BOX, GEORGE L., (private;) father, James L. Box, 700 North Grady Street, Altus, Okla.

ORR, CHARLES L., (private;) mother, Mrs. Sarah Regnell, R. F. D. No. 5, Lyons, Kan.

Missing.

HALYBURTON, EDGAR M., (Sergeant;) father, George B. Halyburton, Stoney Point, N. C.

MULHALL, NICHOLAS L., (Corporal;) mother, Mrs. Bridget Mulhall, 189 Ninth Street, Jersey City, N. J.

GALLAGHER, DANIEL B., (private;) father, Neil Gallagher, Blocton, Ala.

McDOUGAL, FRANK E., (private;) father, R. L. McDoegal, 822 East First Street, Maryville, Mo.

GRIMSLEY, CLYDE I., (private;) Frank Grimsley, Stocton, Kan.

DECKER, HOIT D., (private;) W. F. Decker, Vincennes, Ind.

LESTER, JOHN P., (private;) father, William Lester, Tutwater, (probably error for Tutwiler,) Miss.

GODFREY, HERSHEL, (private;) father, William C. Oberst, 109 North Ridgway Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

LAUGHMAN, HARRY R., (private;) Ada R. Laughman, 461 Oakwood Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

HAINES, EDWIN H., (private;) mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Haines, Route 4, Woodward, Okla.

KENDALL, VERNON M., (private;) father, Sam Kendall, R. F. D. 2, Roll, Okla.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 15.—German illustrated papers received here yesterday reproduce photographs of "types of the first Americans captured on the western front."

LEARN THE GAME RAPIDLY.

American Army in Fine Condition, Says Medill McCormick.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—Medill McCormick, who returned here today after visiting the allied armies in Europe on every front, said today:

"Our boys in France are in magnificent condition and learning the game with incredible rapidity. Their conduct on and off duty deserves all praise. I saw a great deal of General Pershing, of whom the British and French officers speak in high praise."

He said that if the American job was well done as regards the output of guns and ammunitions and other preparatory work behind the lines, comparatively few lives would be lost.

"It was unmistakably apparent," he said, "that the side with the heaviest guns and the most ammunition, backed by the best organization in the rear, loses the fewest men. Therefore our business is to see that the men have that sort of backing."

AMERICAN KILLED AT FRONT.

William Parringfield Sends Back Message That He Died Gamely.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—William Parringfield of San Francisco, member of the French Foreign Legion, lost his life as the result of wounds he received in a recent action, according to an announcement made in The Herald today.

"Tell the folks back home I went out gamely, pal," Parringfield murmured as his Captain stooped to pin on his breast the Military Medal, says a letter received by Jack Barry of Brooklyn, another member of the Legion, who is on a furlough in Paris, from which The Herald quotes. The letter was penned on the front by Oscar Mouvet, giving the circumstances of the death in Lorraine of this twenty-year-old volunteer.

Parringfield had already been decorated with the War Cross for conspicuous bravery and daring during the last French drive at Verdun.

"Prior to the action which cost Parringfield his life," the letter reads, "volunteers were called for, and Bill was among the first to step forward for a charge which was necessitated by the fact that the Germans held a stretch of front in the —— district, near Lorraine, enabling them to pour a murderous fire on the French troops, rendering the latter's position well-nigh untenable.

"The boys stormed over the parapet as soon as the signal was given. Hardly had Bill progressed ten paces when a machine gun bullet brought him down in his tracks.

"We are so busy out here now that I fear I won't have time to deliver his final message for some days. Please see that it reaches his family. We all are broken up over his loss, but you can bank on us that he will be avenged."

DECORATE 4 OF OUR AIRMEN.

Ceremony Follows a Service in Honor of Guynemer.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE LAFAYETTE ESCADRILLE, Tuesday, Nov. 13, (via Paris, Wednesday, Nov. 14.)—This afternoon, "somewhere on the western front," an impressive service was held in honor of Captain George Guynemer, the famous French airman recently killed in combat. The scene was the airdrome of a fighting unit of the French Air Service, the airdrome from which members of the Lafayette Flying Squadron and their French comrades daily go out to give battle to the German airmen. Here in a hollow square on the flying field were drawn up the four fighting squadrons quartered at this place, who listened to an inspiring address by the commandant of all the French aeronautical forces.

After the service there was a distribution of the honors recently won by French and American pilots. The Americans decorated were Lieutenant Raoul Lufbery, now seventh on the list of French aces, and Sergeants Robert Rockwell, Robert Soubiran, and David McKay Peterson. Their citations were as follows:

Lufbery—A remarkable pilot, who on Oct. 24 in the course of three successive patrols and seven close combats brought down his fourteenth adversary and forced five others to fall out of control.

Rockwell—A fighting pilot, bold and skillful, who has had many battles and who met an enemy formation in superior numbers on Sept. 24 and forced one opponent to land out of control in his own lines.

Soubiran—An American engaged in the French air service since the beginning of the war; member of the Foreign Legion; took part in the battle of the Aisne in 1914 and the Champagne attack in 1915; wounded Oct. 19, 1915; entered aviation service and proved a remarkable pilot; forced an enemy to fall in October while protecting avions which were attacking an enemy observation balloon.

Peterson—An excellent fighting pilot; brought down an enemy on Sept. 19, following the falling German to within 500 yards of the ground regardless of a heavy fire from an enemy battery; machine gunned enemy trenches and reserve troops from very low altitudes on Oct. 24.

During the last fortnight the Lafayette Escadrille made many patrols in all sorts of weather, fighting numerous combats at altitudes from 16,000 feet to less than 500. Sergeant Ray Claflin Bridgman of Chicago again had his biplane damaged, this time by shrapnel from anti-aircraft batteries.

This afternoon Lieutenant William Thaw and Sergeant Peterson, while out on a patrol at high altitudes, had a lively battle with three albatross monoplanes, which attacked them from above, driving them down into the clouds. Sergeant Kenneth Marr of San Francisco was attacked from above by another albatross and compelled to dive from an altitude of 3,500 yards to 1,500 yards.

Charles H. Dolan of Dorchester, Mass., has been promoted to the rank of Sergeant.

SCOFFS AT OUR AIR PLANS.

Richthofen Says We Can't Put 20,000 Trained Pilots in War.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 15.—Captain Baron von Richthofen, Germany's leading aviator, expresses himself as unconcerned over the reported preparations to place 20,000 American aviators on the western front. He thinks it will be impossible to get together that many trained pilots, as the training is long and costly and involves heavy casualties. The newcomers, he says, will, particularly at first, "be unable to judge the military conditions, and at least 25 per cent. of the machines will be disabled during the long transport."

Lieut. Gen. von Ardenne of the Berliner Tageblatt, who reports this conversation with von Richthofen at the Flanders front, adds that the German air service, which evidently has been forewarned by newspaper discussion of American plans, is steadily increasing the number of aviators and machines.

German fighting airplanes, General von Ardenne says, now carry wireless receiving outfits, which enable them to engage in combat promptly with enemy fliers. This is necessitated by new conditions on the Flanders front, where whole squadrons of allied machines can appear over the German lines in a surprisingly short time. German squadrons starting from the ground to meet the invaders would be too late, so they must constantly be in the front lines, either flying or ready for flight.

German aviators say that they have noted recently that a majority of the British fliers in Flanders are showing themselves in the Dixmude section of the front instead of the region of Passchendaele.

General von Ardenne discusses new developments of the Flanders fighting, among them the decrease in the use of hand grenades, which in close fighting are as dangerous to friends as to foes. They are being displaced by light machine guns and special units whose task is to seek out enemy batteries by sight or hearing. The muzzle flash of a gun, he says, is observed by three to five stations connected by telephone, and the position of the gun is determined easily. Special apparatus has been designed to determine the distance and direction from which the sound of a cannon's discharge comes.

Trade Acceptances

More than 150 business organizations have appointed committees to assist in the campaign to extend the use of trade acceptances.

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SEES KAISER'S DOOM IN U-BOAT FAILURE

Pollen Points Out It Leaves Way Clear for America's Millions of Fighters.

OUTWEIGHS GAINS ON LAND

Allies' Progress Sure on Western Front, Which Is Merely Extended by Italian Army's Collapse.

By ARTHUR POLLEN,
Foremost British Writer on Naval Affairs.

The perennial difficulty in war is to see events first as they truly are, and next in their right relation to the situation. The thing would be hard enough to see, as a whole, if we had to think of the 500-mile western front alone, but throw in the almost separate wars in Italy, the Balkans, Syria, Mesopotamia, and Russia, and add the war at sea, and who would be bold enough to say that his judgment of the position at any one moment is likely to be right? And it is another difficulty that each of us is desperately anxious for his side to win, and has been anxious for a desperately long time, and so brings to the contemplation of each happening a mind wearied by long puzzling and nerves all on edge from constant disappointment. Small wonder if the events of the last month are disconcerting and discouraging.

For never apparently have things gone better for the enemy or worse for us. The German victory at Riga seems to put Petrograd at the enemy's mercy—whenever he cares to devote sufficient troops to the job of taking it. The joint German and Austrian invasion of Italy was the most sudden and complete reversal of form that the war has seen. It is hardly two months since we were all wondering whether it was worth while giving Cadorna the extra guns and ammunition that would start him on his conquest of Vienna! The defeat is not only disconcerting in itself, but doubly demoralizing because the only alternatives contemplated were either that Italy should mark time or be made the spearhead of the decisive allied victory.

Is it surprising that these things should be reflected in equally disconcerting political changes in Europe? Russia, whose Government was much more provisional than governing, is now seemingly in the full tide of a civil war. Italy, fortunately, had changed her Cabinet just before fell. And now the French Cabinet is gone, and Lloyd George's Government is very much on its defense. The enemy, in short, has not only won resounding military successes, but is reaping a full harvest in the political reactions these successes have created among the Allies. It is possible that nerves in London are a bit on edge on account of the recent air raids too.

Situation's Favorable Elements.

But looking on at a distance, where the atmosphere is calmer, one is inclined to wonder why the more favorable elements of the situation do not seem to weigh more heavily in the scale. Progress on the western front goes on slowly indeed, but without a check. At no point and on no occasion does the enemy seem able to resist very effectively or to counterattack very resolutely. He is not, of course, utterly demoralized, but he certainly has none of his old morale. On this front at least the formula of victory is understood and the promise of its ultimate completion all the stronger for the presence of the first division of the United States Army. In a purely military sense the situation on the western front can never have been better. It has, of course, for a year been extremely good. The only novelty in the situation is that the allied forces and command are improving week by week, and the enemy's power of resistence diminishing. Both are continuing processes, but have not been marked by any sudden and unexpected factor in our favor.

But at sea the situation has altered in our favor so completely as to make one chary of believing that we can trust the figures. Think for a minute what this comparison means. In April Great Britain alone was losing her larger ships at the rate of twenty-six a week, or nearly four a day. By September it had dropped to thirteen, or nearly two a day. In the last four weeks, the rate has been eight, or barely over one a day. For the last week, the loss is actually one in seven days! For a month, then, the submarine menace has been reduced below the level of what it was before the ruthless campaign began in February last. Again think what this means.

In November, a year ago, Germany informed her enemies that if they did not make peace at once she would at last make real war and crush the whole combination against her, and generally make us sorry we had provoked her. The idea was that Great Britain was holding the combination against her and that 250 submarines, all out together to sink at sight, would dispose of at least 1,000,000 tons of British shipping a month, would scare all neutrals off the sea, and so bring Great Britain to famine and the Allies to impotence before the Summer was over. And, as America could not strike for a year and as the war would be over—with a German peace at the end of it—long before that, it would not matter 5 pfennigs whether the new submarine war brought the United States into the field or not. They couldn't get into the field if there were no ships.

Now, bearing in mind that this was the German plan, remembering just how close it came to realization, and today looking at the evidence that the plan has definitely and finally failed, we can surely understand how desperate the situation must be which this miscalculation has created. Six months ago no one could have said that it was a certainty that an American army of one and a half million or two million men could ever have been sent over to France and maintained there. The highest rate of shipbuilding that all the Allies together could atttain at earliest a year after that date seemed to be less than two-thirds of the rate of loss. By the time the American Army would be ready, then, there would be no ships to carry or supply it. In other words, though the first part of the German calculations, namely, the prompt starving of Great Britain, might have proved wrong, it still looked as if the submarine would succeed in excluding America from actual intervention in the war. Those were the days when that terrible sarcasm haunted the mind of every observer: "Can the army win the war before the navy loses it?" And the collapse of Russia seemed to make an early military victory impossible.

The Situation Today.

Contrast the anxiety of those days with the situation today. The permanent factors in the problem are the same now as then. Germany has got no new accession of strength since this time last year. The Allies may temporarily and partially have lost Russia, but they have permanently gained America, and Russia is not wholly lost. Germany cannot take all her troops or, indeed, very many of them, away. There is always the danger of a revival as sudden as the collapse. Even the invasion of Northern Italy may ultimately, and indeed soon, prove a Pyrhhic victory. If the Central Powers have driven the Italian Army backward, they have drawn the British, French, and American Armies forward. Rightly seen, all that Germany and Austria have achieved beyond the material and men they have captured or destroyed is to make the Italian front a mere extension of the French front. If they come on in sufficient numbers to threaten Italy, they are laying out a sufficient bait to attract Pétain and Sir Douglas Haig. If victory were turned to defeat on the line of the Piave, the Brenta, or the Adige, it would only be a case of precedents one, two, or three years old repeated.

So it comes to this: Germany's gains on land are a very poor substitute for her lost campaign at sea, remembering, as we must, that it was on this campaign, and this campaign alone, that she founded all the hopes that carried her sorely tried army and people through the third Winter of the war. Now the fourth Winter must be suffered, and sea communications being safe for the Allies, a fifth Winter's war is a certainty unless Germany surrenders first. It is a certainty because France, Italy, and England can now be revictualed and Russia, if need be, can be rearmed; because an American army more than a million strong can be in the field for the Autumn campaign of next year. It means another million Americans for the Spring of 1919, a steady growth, in short of allied military force.

And meantime, the blunder of forcing America into the war has at last made the sea blockade a real siege. It is significant that von Tirpitz, the real inventor of submarine piracy, is the first to admit in Germany that piracy has failed. And it was Germany's only hope.

SEE U-BOAT MENACE LARGELY ELIMINATED

Newspaper Observers in London Won Over to Government's Policy in Reporting Sinkings.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Although Sir Eric Geddes and the other Admiralty authorities deprecate any judgments upon the submarine war based upon a particular week's return, yesterday's announcement of the small losses, following upon last week's reduced sinkings is taken as corroborating the nopeful views expressed by Sir Eric and others in their recent speeches.

Conversations which THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent has had with high officials, the details of which cannot be made public, give a highly satisfactory impression regarding the submarine question as a whole. There still remain difficulties, but, generally speaking, the situation is well in hand.

It has been suggested in America that the British naval authorities could make out a better case for themselves by the publication of certain details, and that the reticence they display creates a suspicion that they are hiding something of the truth. Readers of THE TIMES will remember the talk along similar lines in a part of the English press.

Sir Eric Geddes put an end to the campaign "for more light" here by explaining to the newspaper editors exactly what were the reasons that made secrecy advisable, and he has pursued a similar frank policy with American correspondents here.

The arguments which he advances appeal even to laymen as sound, and the statement of facts and the figures which THE TIMES correspondent has been privileged to see carries the conviction that, barring unexpected new developments, Germany's U-boat warfare has seen its best days.

While on this subject, it may be added that suggestions that have found expression in America that there are differences of opinion and viewpoint between the American and British naval officers are without basis. American officers who have been here or are here now on various missions speak in terms of gratification of their reception by British naval authorities and of the full facilities allowed them in the pursuit of their investigations. In the words of the First Lord of the Admiralty, "Every door in this building has been just as open to the American naval officers as to the British."

EDINBURGH, Nov. 15. — Baron Rhondda, the Food Controller, in an address here today said that, although the country rejoiced over the small number of ships sunk by German submarines last week, the seriousness of the food situation had not diminished.

The speaker said he intended buying all stocks of tea in Ceylon and India and selling them here at cost price. He added that he also was going to provide cheaper milk for expectant and nursing mothers and for children at the cost of the State.

U-BOATS DECISIVE, SAYS THE KAISER

Warfare Won't Stop Till Foe Is Beaten—Submarine Developments Yet to Come.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 15.—The German Emperor, according to a Berlin dispatch, addressing the U-boat crews in the Adriatic and referring to the development of the U-boats, said that a voyage of three or four weeks was now an everyday occurrence, and stated that the development of the U-boats had not reached its highest point.

He expressed gratification at the amount of tonnage sunk in the Mediterranean, which, he said, showed that the U-boats had fulfilled what had been expected of them.

Submarine warfare would have a decisive part in the final outcome of the war and would not be stopped until the enemy was vanquished.

The Emperor concluded:

"I am certain that our submarines will never rest until the enemy is subdued. But for this we need, as well as the power of man, the aid of God."

DENY SITUATION IN IRELAND IS GRAVE

Wimborne and Curzon Both Assert that Gloomy Views Are Unwarranted.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Viscount Chaplin in the House of Lords today called attention to the grave situation in Ireland. He referred especially to the Sinn Fein campaign in favor of an independent republic.

Baron Wimborne, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, replying, said he did not share Viscount Chaplin's gloomy anticipations, despite the inflammable material in Ireland. The gravest danger to be apprehended was the importation of arms or a hostile landing. But he had been assured that, in view of the steps taken, neither possibility was likely to arise. As to the internal situation in Ireland, that was not out of hand, and generally the country was prosperous. A governing factor in the situation was the Irish Convention, which he believed had been rewarded with substantial progress.

After alluding to the expected rising in Ireland last week Sunday, which did not materialize, he said that had the executive taken precipitate action the convention would have been killed. This incident justified the Government policy not to seek trouble, but to be prepared.

The Sinn Feiners, said Lord Wimborne, were not pro-German either in feeling or impulse. Their idea of Ireland becoming a republic must always remain a dream, the Government now having an adequate military establishment in Ireland.

The Marquis of Lansdowne and others also expressed apprehension over the situation in Ireland.

The Earl of Curzon, Government leader, in reply, referred to the Premier's recent declaration of policy for Ireland. He contended that the declaration had been effective; that a change had come over the scene in Ireland, and that the Government was pursuing the Premier's policy with firmness and without provocation. He denied that the Sinn Fein was a dangerous factor and said its importance should not be overestimated. Eighty per cent. of the Sinn Feiners, he said, were opposed to armed rebellion.

The Sinn Fein, Earl Curzon added, had alienated the soberer elements of the population, and it was a good sign that the Catholic Church had repudiated the Sinn Feiners. A strong reaction was growing in Ireland against the Sinn Fein, and it would be a mistake to check it and thus play into the hands of the extremists. Violent Sinn Fein speeches were a safety valve for pent-up emotions.

Mr. Duke, (Secretary for Ireland,) the speaker continued, recently refused to call out the military on the occasion of an apprehended rising which fizzled out. That was a feather in Secretary Duke's cap and a great blow to Sinn Fein. It would be unwise for the Government to risk jeopardizing the opportunity they now had for a thorough convention and in finding a solution to the Irish problem.

Viscount Chaplin then withdrew his motion.

SUBMARINE TERROR NEW GERMAN IDEA

Had Not Considered U-Boat an Important Weapon Before War Began, Says Marley F. Hay.

SIZE OF FLEET EXAGGERATED

Marine Engineer Denies Teutons Have Yard Capacity for Building Great Numbers.

Germany's pre-war submarine construction policy shows that she neither anticipated that England would enter the war, nor expected to use the submarine as an important weapon, according to Marley F. Hay of the Denny-Hay Submarine Company of Dumbarton, Scotland. Mr. Hay, who is a member of the American Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers, will read a paper entitled "The Influence of the War on the Submarine Policy" at the twenty-fifth annual meeting of the society at 29 West Thirty-ninth Street today. The paper was made public at yesterday's meeting of the society.

When the war began in August, 1914, Great Britain had the most submarines—ninety in all—according to Mr. Hay. The reason she had so many was for the protection of her harbors and coasts. The usefulness of submarines to England in work of this kind had been shown by tests during the five previous years.

Germany was the last of the great powers to admit the desirability or need for submarines, according to Mr. Hay. Her belief in submarines has developed only since the war under the pressure of actual war conditions. In 1911 Mr. Hay says he talked personally with Admiral von Tirpitz, who said then that he considered submarines in the experimental stage, of doubtful utility, and that the German Government was not at all convinced that they would form an essential or conspicuous part of future naval programs. That von Tirpitz was not merely "camouflaging" when he said this is proved, Mr. Hay thinks, by the well-known fact that Germany in submarines at that time was a third-class power.

When the war began Germany had only twenty-five submarines in commission and only half a dozen more building. They were all of the Krupp-Germania type. Von Tirpitz explained almost apologetically that they had been built for "experimental purposes."

Submarine Power Exaggerated.

"Estimates have been printed crediting Germany with possessing 700 submarines last May and 1,200 by the end of this year. No one familiar with German shipbuilding facilities could make such a statement. Considering her limitations in this respect, Germany could have only had 200 submarines in commission last May. If all her public and private shipyards are being given exclusively to the building of submarines Germany can only build 100 submarines every six months. Information at hand would indicate that the actual recent output has been approximately ten a month. Most of these have been 800 to 1,000 tons displacement. Several groups of 1,500 tons displacement have also been commissioned, and a flotilla of eight so-called submarine cruisers of 2,800 tons displacement, of which three are reported completed and the remainder will be ready next February, are now under way. These latter vessels will mount two six-inch guns, besides two guns of lighter calibre, and will have the innovation of an armored conning tower. An armored conning tower is only possible on submarines of great size, as its weight makes small submarines unstable.

"Before the war, it would seem that neither the Allies nor the Teutonic powers anticipated ruthless submarine war against merchant shipping. Conan Doyle prophesied it in a book. But his idea was dismissed as fantastic. That it was not planned beforehand is shown both by Germany's complete unpreparedness to conduct submarine war and the fact that what few submarines she had were of the anti-warship rather than the anti-merchantman type. Early in the war, the methods of defense against submarines were nets with telltale devices, and high speed patrol launches armed with 2-inch and 3-inch guns. Then knife edges and net-cutters were put on the submarines by Germany and they were armed with 4-inch guns to outrange the patrol boats. The latest German submarines have 6-inch guns and are formidable opponents to a destroyer. On the latest submarines, the periscopes are sometimes 10 meters high to reduce dangers from ramming. Although the conning tower is a submarine's most vulnerable point, its destruction by no means entails the submarine's destruction.

Saving in Torpedoes.

"Early in the war, Germany found that sinking merchantmen with 18-inch or 20-inch torpedoes was expensive and inconvenient. Now a 14-inch torpedo is used. An up-to-date German submarine is perfectly balanced. The vessel can remain stationary with only the tops of her fully extended periscopes exposed. The submarines have sensative listening devices and are nearly noiseless. At first, little success was had in combating submarines. Later developments, however, make it possible to hear even an invisible submarine and to approximate its direction. Submarines thus may themselves be effectively used to detect submarines. Contra-submarines of this kind, however, do all their work submerged and should preferably be armed with 12-inch torpedoes. Many should be fired at once on the principle of a shot gun since a submarine may be from 8 to 20 feet beneath its elongated periscope. These groups of tubes may be fitted in the bow. In stalking enemy submarines in this way, however, the element of chance is very great."

The naval architects and marine engineers are holding a two-day session. Naval Constructor R. M. Watt presided yesterday. Samuel W. Wakeman, Charles N. Crowell, Robert Haig, W. W. Smith, Robert W. Morrell, and A. G. Mattsson were among the speakers yesterday.

BRITISH BENEFIT BY BENSON'S VISIT

Co-operation of American and British Navies "More Complete," Says Admiralty.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—In an official communication issued this evening the Admiralty says:

"Since the arrival in England of Admiral Benson, U. S. N., and his staff, he has been in frequent conference with the First Lord of the Admiralty and with the chief and principal members of the naval staff. He also has visited the Commander in Chief of the Grand Fleet on board his flagship and is now visiting our principal naval bases.

"Very great benefit has been derived from these meetings and from the interchange of ideas and views, and cooperation between the American and British navies thus has been made easier and more complete."

All the members of the American Mission had an exceptionally busy day today. There were important conferences between Oscar T. Crosby, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and Major Gen. F. B. Maurice, Director of Military Operations of the War Office, and the Italian Ambassador on the subject of American loans to Italy, from which country General Maurice has just returned and between General Tasker H. Bliss, the American Chief of Staff, and General William R. Robertson, Chief of the Imperial Staff at Army Headquarters, and the heads of the British Munitions Department.

Vance McCormick, Chairman of the American War Trade Board, and Dr. Alonzo E. Taylor of the American Food Administration conferred with Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of Blockade, on the subject of Great Britain's blockade.

This afternoon Colonel E. M. House, head of the mission, was a luncheon guest of the Duke of Connaught, while this evening Colonel House and other members of the mission were dinner guests of Arthur J. Balfour, British Foreign Secretary, in the House of Commons.

2 KILLED ON THE ROCHESTER

Second Engineer and an Oiler Victims of U-Boat Attack, Sims Reports

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Forty-seven members of the crew and armed guard of the American steamer Rochester, including the Captain of the vessel, were rescued after it was sunk by German submarines on Nov. 2, and two men were killed by explosions, according to a statement authorized by Secretary Daniels tonight, which reads:

"A dispatch from Admiral Sims states that when the steamer Rochester was torpedoed and sunk Nov. 2 forty-seven of the crew and armed guard escaped in three boats. Second Engineer Bonde and Oiler Anderson were killed by explosions. Five days later a British patrol vessel rescued one boat, containing Captain Eric Kokerits, sixteen of his crew, and five members of the naval gun crew—Chief Boatswain's Mate Edward McCausland, W. B. Thompson, Thaddeus Fellows, and William Eisenhardt, seamen, second class, and William Foulis, gunner's mate, second class. The two other boats, Admiral Sims is informed, reached shore safely.

"The Captain reported that no submarine was seen until the crew had left the ship; then a U-boat came to the surface, fired ten shots at the Rochester, and signaled to two other submarines which were in sight.

"The home address and next of kin of the members of the armed guard mentioned in the dispatch are as follows:

"Edwin Norton McCausland, chief boatswain's mate; father, Harry McCausland, St. John, N. B., Canada; Warren Brown Thompson, seaman, second class; mother, Mrs. Julia Thompson, Imlaystown, N. J.; Thaddeus Hyatt Fellows, seaman, second class; father, Harry E. Fellows, 1,232 Clay Avenue, New York; William F. Eisenhardt, seaman, second class; father, John Edward Eisenhardt, 2,314 Gravier Street, New Orleans, La., and William Foulis, gunner's mate, second class; mother, Sarah Grasswick, 479 West 146th Street, New York."

PLEDGES REFORM IN SAXONY

King Promises Changes In Both Houses of the Diet.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 14.—The King of Saxony, in a speech from the throne at the opening of the Landtag, promised bills for the reform of the upper and lower houses of the Saxon Diet.

It is proposed to establish an institute for Southeastern Europe and Turkey at the University of Leipsic.

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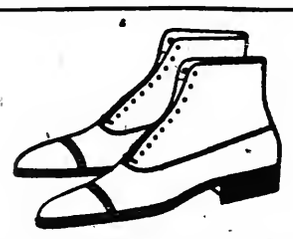

A solid, substantial shoe, full of service, satisfaction, sanity and style.

And there are 26 designs, so that if you are looking for latitude in lasts and leathers you can get it in the Franklin.

Tan, Mahogany and Black Russia Calf: Ko-Ko Calf and Patent Leather

Men's Shoe Shop—2 West 38th Street
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FIFTH AVENUE

$678,000,000 PAID ON LIBERTY BONDS

Transaction Said to be Largest for Single Day in the Nation's History.

$48,000,000 IS IN CASH

Transfer of Huge Amount Effected Without the Slightest Disturbance of Money Market.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York received yesterday $678,000,000 in payment of Liberty Loan subscriptions. Part of this sum represented the 18 per cent installment due yesterday and part of the 98 per cent. due on full-paid subscriptions, 2 per cent having been paid with the application. Of the $678,000,000 received, the bank got $48,000,000 in cash, $174,000,000 in Treasury certificates of indebtedness, and $456,000,000 was transferred to the Government by credits on the books of the subscribing banks and trust companies.

These figures were given out shortly before midnight, and it was stated that about 300 banks and trust companies had not been heard from. A great many more returns will be brought in by this morning's mail, and it is expected that the final tabulation will show receipts of at least $700,000,000.

Of the 1,275 reporting institutions, approximately half qualified as Government depositors and effected their payments by book entries, while the others either sent their drafts or instructed their New York City correspondents to make payments for them. Some of them forwarded certificates of indebtedness, an issue of $300,000,000 of which matured yesterday. The banks were permitted to use all outstanding certificates, (now totalling $2,284,631,000,) but few availed themselves of the privilege of sending those that have not yet matured. Many of the banks sent their certificates for redemption and paid for the bonds by book credits. It was estimated that approximately $165,000,000 of the certificates were presented for redemption.

The remarkable thing about yesterday's financial transactions—probably the largest of any single day in the history of the country—was that the transfer of huge sums of money was effected without the slightest disturbance of the money market. The rate for call money did not move above 4 per cent., the rate that has prevailed for the last week or two days, and no change was reported in time loans. The so-called Money Committee which has worked with the Liberty Loan Committee and which organized a money "pool" for the purpose of steadying the money market during the loan campaign was called upon to do very little yesterday as there was only a relatively small demand for money.

It was estimated that funds put out on call amounted to about $26,000,000 or $27,000,000, and that most of it had come from members of the Money Committee. Money brokers said that this was an unusually small amount of money, much larger sums having been lent on normal days. The excellent behavior of the money market was generally commented upon by bankers, who expressed gratification over the results and said that New York had given practical demonstration of the fact that it deserves the title of premier in the money markets of the world.

Subscriptions to the Liberty Loan filed in the New York district amounted to more than $1,550,000,000, and the bonds allotted totaled $1,151,000,000. Previous to yesterday the bank had collected about $90,000,000, of which $60,000,000 represented cash sales of actual bonds and the balance the 2 per cent. payment which had to accompany subscriptions. Although a great many individual subscribers made full payments to their banks prior to Nov. 15, the banks did not have to make their returns to the Federal Reserve Bank until yesterday. If all the reporting institutions had only paid in the 18 per cent. yesterday's receipts would have amounted to about $200,000,000, but the fact that $678,000,000 was received indicates that a large percentage of subscriptions, perhaps 60 per cent., were full paid.

There are two more installment payments, each 40 per cent., one due Dec. 15 and the other Jan. 15.

Transactions in Liberty Loan bonds on the Stock Exchange yesterday totaled $2,568,500. The 3½ per cents, after opening at 98.90, sold down to 98.44, a new low record. They rallied from that point to 98.94 and closed at 98.94, a net gain of .08 for the day. The new 4s opened at 99.00, declined to 99.24, and closed at 99.50, a loss of .20 from Wednesday's final figure. Sales of the 4s aggregated $1,018,000.

The Bond Issue Division of the Federal Reserve Bank expects to begin making deliveries of the new bonds tomorrow, and by Monday all of the bonds received from Washington will have been distributed. Shipments of the bonds from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing are proceeding rather slowly. Bank officials will not venture a guess as to when all the required securities will be available.

None of the conversion 4s have yet been received, but some may arrive Monday.

Charles H. Platner, manager of the Bond Exchange Department of the United States Treasury, announced at midnight last night that no more 3½ per cent. Liberty bonds would be converted to 4 per cents before Monday. This action had to be taken, he said, for the reason that the office force had been unable to keep abreast of the demands for conversions, which had steadily increased until yesterday more than 1,000 applications were made in person at the office of the department at 50 Wall Street, while more than 1,000 other applications came by mail.

Mr. Platner said that more than $50,000,000 of the 3½ per cent. bonds had been converted already for the later issues. He added that about 75 per cent. of the conversions were taking place in this city, persons living in all of the other Federal Reserve districts having the conversions made by mail in this city.

BOND SALE IN SCHOOLS.

Pupils in New York State Took $38,258,450 in Liberty Loan.

The pupils attending the schools in New York State bought Liberty bonds to the amount of $38,258,450, according to a report presented to the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York at a meeting yesterday in the rooms of the Bar Association, 42 West Forty-fourth Street.

The pupils in the schools in the cities bought $34,795,500 of the bonds, $1,962,450 was contributed by children in supervisory districts, $713,200 from villages, $637,000 from colleges and $118,800 from private schools.

The Liberty bond campaign in the schools of the State was under the direction of Regents Abram I. Elkus, Charles B. Alexander, and James Byrne. The report said that the fundamental plan of reaching the home through the child in the school far exceeded expectations. It is believed that the plan of the Regents caused every parent having a child in the school to be reached in the campaign, as well as every person interested in a child. The public libraries were also used in the State campaign, according to the report, which states that 550 libraries had booths and were centres of practical information on the Liberty Loan.

ADVERTISEMENT.

116th Birthday of the New York Evening Post

On the 16th of November, 1801
116 years ago today

ALEXANDER HAMILTON

and His Colleagues in the Enterprise
Brought Out the First Issue of

The New York Evening Post

This was their Program and their Creed:

The design of this paper is to diffuse among the people correct information on all interesting subjects, to inculcate just principles in religion, morals, and politics; and to cultivate a taste for sound literature.—[Prospectus of the *Evening Post*, No. 1, November 16, 1801.]

DURING 116 YEARS
There have been built up

A BODY OF TRADITION: Independence in all things, public spirit, high standards of private and public life and service; candid criticism of the people's servants in the interest of the common welfare; attention to all the matters within the concern of well-meaning and intelligent members of the community.

A BODY OF READERS: Intelligent, discriminating, tolerant of dissenting opinion, open to new subjects and aspects of thought and inspiration, eager to know the truth from every angle.

A GROUP OF EDITORS: Changing in personnel with the passing of the years, modifying opinion with the development of human knowledge and the changing of conditions and relationships; but ever jealous of the truth and seeking to understand and comment upon it with fairness and right vision.

Readers Come and Readers Go; Editors Change; But the Standards Remain and Advance.

On This Its One Hundred and Sixteenth Birthday, The New York Evening Post Renews Its Youth and Its Fealty To the Old Standards.

Attractive Home-like Rooms and Suites at Moderate Rates

YOU may enjoy the same comfort and cuisine at this famous Westchester hotel at lower rates than are charged at the best hotels in the city, with the added attraction of country surroundings.

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Turner's: 633 concrete contracts in 15 years; 49% repeat orders; 40% cost-plus-percentage; 13% erected in winter. Never a penalty paid for failure to complete on time.

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Overcoats With No Rival Except One Another

VALUE is put near the last in the Dictionary, but it's put first in Business. For *Value*—in materials, in tailor-work, in luxurious looks, in "glovey" feel, in topping style—my Overcoats have no rivals, except one another.

The models span the whole domain, from the sleekest, closest-fitting Chesterfield and the smartest, gathered-in military Belted Coat to the loosest straight-drop back.

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"THE CHIEF SPEAKS."

Photographic reproduction of Ernest L. Blumenschein's prize picture in the Rotogravure Section of The New York Times next Sunday. Order today.—Adv.

URGES WATERWAYS AS AID TO RAILROADS

President of Burlington Says These Must Be Used to Help Out Traffic Problems.

GIANT STRIDES NOW MADE

Hale Holden Tells Diners to Help Win the War by Ending Needless Criticism.

Hale Holden, President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad and member of the Railroads' War Board, speaking at the annual dinner of the National Industrial Traffic League at the Waldorf-Astoria last night, served notice that the people of the country might as well get ready to use canals, electric lines, motor trucks, and other means of transportation to take some of the load off the railroads, because, he said, in the speeding up of the great American power machine, the Government's demands upon the carriers must be served first.

Despite occasional slipping of the cogs, the American machine was speeding up admirably, said Mr. Holden, and he called on the men and women of the country to oil the wheels by stopping criticism, criticism of the Government, of the war, of the Allies, and get down to the fact that the one business of this country now is to win the war.

Mr. Holden said that the railroads would do the job the Government had put upon them—and he added that they would be well able to do all the other business of the country were it not for the fact that machine shops and car mills were being used to rejuvenate the railroads of France and Russia. He said that the railroads of the United States must be kept in good repair, and that to do this the railroads stood in immediate need of funds.

Business of Winning the War.

"The practices of our commercial and industrial life of yesterday—in the days when war was far away from us and not as today, in the heart and on the tongue of every one—those practices are being rapidly readjusted to meet the growing problems of this modern science of wholesale homicide and destruction, and we must continue, as we have well begun, to bring our common effort into form best suited to the needs of the hour," Mr. Holden said. "These needs are measured yet by no horizon and no man knows how much of urgent effort and sacrifice of self and treasure will be required to carry on through to the end—but no man hesitates on that account.

"The business of the country today is the business of winning the war—every plan or action must be measured by that standard and be forwarded, altered, or abandoned by a patriotic appraisement of motives to that end. We have the experiences of our allies to guide us and know the cost they endured in men and money before each was aroused to the sacrifices necessary to bring its powers together to the single business of war. Business as usual delays the business of war, and the giant strides made, under the great leadership of the President, in mobilizing the business energies of the country are daily showing the conviction in the hearts of the people that nothing is worth while if it interferes with the preparations for the war or, indeed, if it does not in some way contribute toward them.

"Efficient transportation is one of the prime necessities of the whole war enterprise—the ocean has between us and our increasing army abroad—and that we are undertaking to finance. Transportation within our borders is equally vital and important and that is the subject of immediate concern that has brought us together here tonight."

Mr. Holden then told of the formation of the Railroads' War Board and its accomplishments.

"The result of all of this effort has been that without noticeable increase in power or cars, tracks or terminals, approximately 25 per cent. more freight traffic has been handled than last year, and the performance, I think, has been better than in the competitive confusion of a year ago," he said.

He added that many of the lessons in efficiency the roads had learned meant that in many respects there would never be a return to the old competitive system.

"But the railroads know that much more will be required of them. The business of the war is growing daily larger, and this means greater traffic to be handled," he continued. "Cold weather is at hand, with decreased efficiency of men and power, and this, added to the growing scarcity of labor, gives much concern to the outlook for the Winter. But I think there is no reason for alarm, nor, indeed, for doubt, about the capacity of the railroads to meet the needs of the country. There are some things, however, which must be done to accomplish this, and I base my judgment upon the faith that these things will be done."

Abolish Spirit of Complaint.

There was prolonged applause when the speaker said:

"Let us for the period of the war abolish and bring to an end the old spirit of complaint and criticism. This is no time to rattle old skeletons; on the contrary, they ought now to be put well under ground and if we will do this I think they will permanently stay there. Let us, at least during the war, have an end of this; before we criticise let us reflect; before we condemn let us investigate, and in a better spirit of forbearance and co-operation I am certain that we will jointly go further and do better in our service to the country in this hour of trial."

Speaking of the needs of the roads, Mr. Holden said:

"The railroad plant today needs more power, but for the present the output of the locomotive plants of the country is almost wholly going to supply the needs of the Government for its railroad operations abroad and the pressing needs of our allies. We need more cars, but because of the needs of the Government and our allies and the scarcity and high cost of labor and materials, not as much progress has been made in securing new equipment for renewals and additions as the traffic of the country needs.

"If the capacity of the railroads is exceeded this offers no more reason for now condemning them than any other industry or plant suddenly burdened by an excessive load. It is unfair to say, as some have, that the railroads have broken down, because the truth is that they are doing more than ever before and are handling continuously and efficiently the greatest traffic in the history of the country. The situation is only made worse by prejudiced expressions of that kind, and intelligent men give little heed to them."

Predicting a further curtailment of passenger service, Mr. Holden said:

"Already passenger mileage at approximately the rate of 25,000,000 miles per annum has been withdrawn, and this has released a great many men for more important work and has accomplished a considerable saving in coal. The passenger travel of the country is heavier than it has ever been before, and shows no signs of abatement. Under these conditions, further reductions in passenger service have not yet seemed possible, but, guided by action which we know has taken place abroad, we may predict that the public, for the like purpose of better use of men and facilities, may have to patiently submit to further curtailment of passenger service and forego some of the comforts and conveniences which it now has.

"We must make greater use of waterways, electric lines, and motor trucks wherever practical means can be developed to accomplish this—and no better time than the present can be found to make the experiment. In points, parts of the country freight is interchanged in considerable volume between steam and electric lines. Locally, electric lines are handling an increasing tonnage. Motor trucks present an admirable means for effecting delivery of package freight to nearby points, and as to all of these I am satisfied that the railroads are prepared to join in practical and reasonable measures to develop the use of them.

"Plainly, in these times, the railroads must have more revenues. Railroad expenses nowadays are an open book, and the predictions made by railroad officers to the Interstate Commerce Commission last Spring in the effort to obtain timely relief failed only in that the increased cost has greatly exceeded the conservative estimates then made. These things seem to me, however, not difficult to do—and yet the doing of them adequately and in time will likely determine the success of the efforts the railroads are so earnestly putting forth to help win the war."

Many problems affecting shippers were discussed yesterday at the opening sessions of the annual meeting of the league at the Waldorf, G. M. Frear of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, President of the league, presided over the convention, which was attended by 300 members.

The object of the league, it was explained, was to interchange ideas concerning traffic matters, co-operate with the Interstate Commerce Commission and transportation companies in promoting and securing a better understanding by the public and the State and national Governments of the needs of the traffic world, with a view to advancing fair dealing, and promoting, conserving, and protecting the commercial and transportation interests.

The league re-elected the following officers: President, G. M. Freer, Cincinnati; Vice President, W. H. Chandler, Boston; Secretary-Treasurer, O. F. Bell, Chicago; Chairman Board of Directors, F. B. Montgomery, Chicago; Chairman of Executive Committee, H. C. Barlow, and Vice Chairman, D. F. Hurd.

The convention will end today, after which the members of the league will make a trip around the harbor.

ORDERS 21,000,000 SHELLS.

War Department Allots Contracts for Part of 50,000,000 Total.

It was reported yesterday that the War Department has completed the allotment of orders for about 21,000,000 shells for 75-millimeter fieldpieces, out of a total of 33,000,000 shells, for which the department queried ordnance firms. This total forms part of orders for 50,000,000 shells in all, 8,000,000 of which are for anti-aircraft guns.

Canadian firms which have recently completed work for the British Government and were facing a shutdown, are understood to have received a large part of the order, and among American firms it is reported that the American Can Company, T. H. Symington & Co., New York Air Brake Company, American Car and Foundry Company, Worthington Pump and Machinery Company, and the General Electric Company received allotments.

The total cost of the present shell program is estimated at about $230,000,000, and other large orders are expected in the near future, as American troops begin to take an active part in the fighting in France.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The War Department has this week placed some of the largest orders for shells that have been made during the war.

The contracts have been made through the Ordnance Department of the War Department and are for shells for 75-millimeter field pieces and for anti-aircraft guns. The precise number of shells has not been made public, but it is said to be 21,850,000. The orders were absorbed by several of the largest manufacturing plants in the country, and deliveries will be made regularly every month during the Winter, in anticipation of a general Spring drive by the Allies in combined force.

No difficulty has been encountered by the Ordnance Department in placing orders for these shells, and the order could have been considerably increased so far as capacity is concerned. The number contracted for is regarded as meeting all present requirements. Provision has been made, however, for increasing the quantity of shells covered by the contracts in case the Government should find that estimates had been under, rather than over, possible requirements.

WILSON AIDS JEWISH PLAN.

Will Try to Arrange for Sending Relief to Poland.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—President Wilson today assured a committee of prominent Jews of America who called upon him that he would do his utmost to aid them to forward money to the Jews of Poland. The committee consisted of ex-Ambassador Henry Morgenthau, Abram Elkus, Oscar Straus, Jacob H. Schiff, Judge Otto Rosalski, Alexander Kahn of New York, Judge Julian Mack of Chicago, and Dr. Cyrus Adler of Philadelphia. Dr. Adler and Mr. Morgenthau presented the plea of the committee.

This committee was formed several weeks ago to visit the President and urge upon him the necessity of making some arrangements through diplomatic channels of the United States which would permit the sending of relief to the population of Jews and non-Jews in Poland, which is now under German control.

This statement was issued, explaining the situation and the purpose of the visit:

"The committee urged upon the President to see whether the United States Government could not extend its aid in this direction, as was done by the Belgian Commission. It was urged by the committee that they would supply the proper funds and necessities which may be distributed by such commission as he may designate and which would be considered trustworthy in every way. It was shown that the State Department could be of very much assistance in this regard.

"The committee left the White House after a half-hour conference full of confidence and hope that the President would do his utmost in granting their request. It appears from all indications that the President was very friendly and felt much interested in this matter and would probably see the machinery of the Government in motion to bring this about, provided there would be enough bottoms and other means of transporting these necessities and funds to Poland. It is hoped that something substantial will result from this visit.

"The Joint Distribution Committee consists of representatives from the three Jewish relief committees in America, the People's Relief Committee, the Central Relief Committee, and the American Relief Jewish Committee. Up to this time the Joint Distribution Committee has collected $14,000,000, $9,000,000 of which they have already distributed for this year alone.

"A campaign has been going on to collect $10,000,000, two-thirds of which sum has already been gathered, and the remaining money is expected to be oversubscribed by the end of the year. Mr. Julius Rosenwald has given $1,000,000 to this fund. Mr. Alexander Kahn of the committee is Chairman of the People's Relief, which has 200 branches in the United States."

PROPOSES FEDERAL LOAN TO RAILWAYS

Continued from Page 1.

to have been necessary to retain the employes, and it has been necessary to hire large numbers of new men to fill the places of those drafted into the army or taken to other employment by higher wages.

"Your petitioners must be enabled," says the application, "to compete with industrial and other enterprises if they are to maintain their organization, a proper standard of service, and otherwise satisfactorily transact their business."

Present rates, the companies declare, "are insufficient for service under existing abnormal conditions, and do not produce sufficient revenue to meet the actual operating expenses and taxes of your petitioners."

They add that they are "not only unable to earn a reasonable or any return for their services to the public, but are doing business at an actual loss."

In support of this contention figures are cited to show that operating expenses and taxes of the four principal roads for the six months ended June 30, 1917, were $99,853,848, and receipts were $99,613,989. The deficit for July was estimated at more than $250,000.

WANT ALL UPPER BAY MADE 35 FEET DEEP

Dredging Program Proposed That Will Open Every Foot of Harbor to Biggest Ships.

MILES MORE SHORE LINE

Planned to Make Jersey Waters Available for Piers Clear to Constable Hook.

A hearing before Brig. Gen. William T. Rossell, United States Engineer Corps, at the Custom House yesterday on a proposal to dredge a 35-foot channel from Constable Hook to Ellis Island along the west side of the Upper Bay, developed into a demand for a dredging program that would ultimately give that depth to all of New York Harbor and make all the waters above the Narrows available for deep draught ships.

The improvement, as originally proposed, was meant to increase the anchorage area at the west side of the bay and open up a long stretch of the New Jersey shore to deep water shipping. Before the hearing ended, General Rossell had heard it as the unanimous opinion of the many interests represented that all of Robbins Reef should be removed, an area 4,000 yards wide and five miles long dredged to 35 feet, and every foot of all shores of the bay made available for any vessel likely to come into the port.

That even the improvement originally contemplated would bring about a marked advance in commerce was the consensus of the engineers and shipping and railroad men who attended the hearing. The hearing was held under provisions for a preliminary examination and survey authorized in the last River and Harbor Appropriation law. Representatives of the New Jersey State Board of Commerce and Navigation, the Jersey City Chamber of Commerce, the Chamber of Commerce of Bayonne, the Pennsylvania, Lehigh Valley, and Jersey Central Railroads were present. Among the engineers who appeared before General Rossell was Major Gen. George W. Goethals, in behalf of the New Jersey port and terminal authorities. About seventy-five others delegated by New York, New Jersey, and Federal interests, attended. There was a unanimity of opinion the bay should be deepened. Such a plan, it was contended, would open up for warehouse and terminal purposes all the land along the west side of the bay if the channel were 35 feet deep from the Kill Van Kull to Ellis Island, and provide anchorage room and relieve present congestion in the bay.

De Witt Van Buskirk, a banker of Bayonne, speaking of the need for the improvement, recommended that Robbins Reef be removed and advocated a subsidiary channel up to Bedlow's Island.

General Goethals also emphasized the need for the improvement and said it would mean a great advance in terminal facilities and be of benefit to New York as well as to New Jersey. He wanted a general improvement that would benefit commerce as a whole and not any special interest. He thought the improvement should be progressive and not considered finished until the whole area had been made available for deep-draft vessels. His opinion was shared by F. L. du Berger of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

All representatives of railroads agreed that the dredging was the practical course for the Government to pursue in the interests of commerce. Though the original plan was merely for a ship channel it was thought that the broader plan should be followed. This plan would contemplate dredging an area approximately 4,000 feet wide and five miles in length and involve the expenditure of millions of dollars.

Harbor Engineer Frederick Dunham of Jersey City said that city had only one small pier at the foot of Market Street on the other water front space being occupied by the railroads and other private interests. He said that Jersey City had under consideration a project for steamship and warehouse facilities to occupy 173 acres. He thought that unless such improvements as contemplated were made many great interests would be crowded into Newark Bay. He pointed out what the contemplated improvement would mean to industry and to the affected district.

DOCTORS BACK HAISELDEN.

Defend Use of Opiates Which Will Shorten Baby's Life.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—A number of Chicago physicians have examined Baby Paul Hodzima, 2½ years old, the child with the microcephalous head to whom Dr. Harry J. Haiselden is administering a drug which will relieve the pain, though it will shorten the baby's life. The following statement, prepared by Dr. Haiselden, was signed by the doctors:

"We, the undersigned physicians, have made a careful examination of Baby Paul Hodzima and we find that he is suffering from microcephalic head, (a brain too small to carry on the normal functions of the mind,) and a tracheal obstruction, which makes his breathing tortured and laborer. He is suffering from a nervous condition, which prevents him from securing rest. We therefore unhesitatingly advise the use of such opiates or sedatives as will relieve him from suffering and secure rest, even though such drugs might shorten his life."

The statement is signed by Drs. John Fisher, Clarendon Rutherford, Joseph Forrester, M. R. Barclay, Paul Ackermann, Theodore C. Guenther, Gustav Koehler, F. J. Berger, Albert Schupmann, J. H. Lincoln, A. H. W. Jourdan, Martin Schupmann, Edwin Cross, Thomas A. Carter, and Louis J. Kan.

"RIGHT" VOTERS GET SUGAR.

"Jimmy" Kelly, Celebrating Hylan Victory, Gives Away 1,000 Pounds.

Jimmy Kelly, Tammany Hall Captain in the Twenty-second Election District of the Second Assembly District, celebrated the victory of Hylan yesterday by giving away 1,000 pounds of sugar to those who voted "right" in his district on Election Day. The sugar was dispensed in bags of 2½ to 3 pounds each, and there were enough bags to cover the list of registered voters in the district. When the last bag had been handed in exchange for a ticket to a small girl the string orchestra that had been making things lively, struck up a two-step, and all the children about the door danced.

"Sure I am celebrating," said Kelly. "Didn't you hear about it? Hylan got 282 votes in my district, and there may have been a man named Mitchel who got 12 votes, another named Hillquit, who got 6, and still one called Bennett, who managed to collect 3 votes."

Kelly bought the sugar when it was 6 cents a pound a year ago. He opened a restaurant in connection with his bar, but the venture did not pay, and so he decided to give the sugar away where it would do the most good.

ALBANIANS IN AMERICA.

Federation President Denies Ismail Kemal Bey Represents Them.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BOSTON, Nov. 15.—In regard to a telegram from Paris published in your esteemed newspaper's issue of Nov. 14 about Ismail Kemal Bey, I beg to draw your attention to the fact that this gentleman does not represent the Albanians of America as he claims.

The real representatives of the Albanians of America are those appointed by the Albanian organization, which is the greatest and most important Albanian organization in the United States and throughout the world. The representatives of the Federation Vatra in Boston are the following: Mehmed Bey, M. Konitha, member of the International Commission of Control of Albania; Judge Nicholas Kashetsi, in London, England, and ex-Minister of Education Dr. Michel Turtulli, in Lausanne, Switzerland.

REV. FANNOLI.
President Albanian Federation Vatra,
97 Compton Street.

LABOR CONVENTION PACIFISTS SILENT

No Anti-War Resolutions Among 160-Odd Being Considered by Committees.

LABOR DEARTH DEALT WITH

One Proposal Would Put Recruiting and Training of Emergency Forces Under Union Control.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Nov. 15.—After a morning session devoted chiefly to addresses by visiting representatives of organized labor in Great Britain and Canada, the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor adjourned until tomorrow, and the committees which had been busy all week continued their work. The resolutions have all been presented, 160-odd in number, and there is none among them which calls for immediate peace or expresses serious dissatisfaction with the conduct of the war.

The nearest approach to a peace resolution declares that

Whereas, A conference of international labor for the purpose of discussing international relations and terms of peace must sooner or later be held,

Resolved, That the American Federation of Labor, in convention assembled, expresses its willingness to be represented at such a conference whenever called.

The resolution was introduced by a group of a half dozen delegates of pacifist affiliations.

The resolution, presented by a Milwaukee delegate, asking the officials of the federation to use their influence to endeavor to get the Government to cease the suppression of papers which have been adjudged seditious, a practice denounced as "placing the entire press, and consequently labor, in jeopardy," will find supporters and conceivably may produce considerable argument when it is reported out of committee, but that it will be passed is extremely improbable.

Another proposal seems likely to raise interesting questions. It was submitted by delegates from Seattle and embodies the recommendations of the Metal Trades Council of that city regarding the expansion of labor necessary for the shipbuilding program. If put into practice it would mean that union labor would have entire control of Government construction work.

The preamble of the resolution recites that "the fulfillment of the Government's shipbuilding and other industrial programs is jeopardized by a shortage of skilled workers, to meet which shortage the Government is planning with various institutions to give intensive training to unskilled men, totally ignoring the skilled workers, whose interests are most vitally at stake."

Then follows the proposal by which the Seattle unions would deal with the question of this expansion. The features of the Seattle plan are as follows:

The unions are to furnish the men required upon request by the companies, so far as possible.

The unions are also to furnish instructors to train men for emergency service, as may be required.

The examining boards of the unions pass on the qualifications of all applicants for such service and issue permits to successful candidates.

Permits are to be temporary, and temporary or permanent layoffs are to be governed by seniority in the trade.

Union membership and seniority to give preference in all promotions.

Excess labor available is to be used to reduce hours so far as possible, without reduction of pay.

An emergency labor supply commission is to be appointed, on which union labor shall have a preponderance, to supervise this work under the jurisdiction of the Department of Labor and independent of civil service rules.

What the attitude of the leaders of the federation will be toward this proposal remains to be seen.

The other resolutions submitted run all the way from treatment of such local matters as the support of an individual union against a recalcitrant factory owner in a small town to a suggestion that the United States Senate ought to be abolished since it serves no function but "to block, delay or kill progressive legislation, especially that favorable to the working class, and to give unsuccessful lawyers soft jobs."

Among the speakers at the morning session were John Hill and Arthur Hayday of the British Trade Union Congress, and William Lodge of the Canadian Trade and Labor Congress. They told how the rank and file of their organization had battled for democracy in the trenches and in the workshops.

"When the history of British patriotism is written," Mr. Hayday declared, "it will be found that no class showed greater patriotism than the British workingman."

Major Edouard Requin and Lieutenant Francois Monod, officers of the French General Staff, now attached to the War College in Washington, spoke of France.

"With you and inspired by you," Lieutenant Monod told the delegates, "France in the factories and in the trenches is striving to win this war, and we will succeed."

TOWNLEY PREDICTS WHEAT ACREAGE SLUMP

Says Bad Weather in Northwest Has Left Farmers Poor—Millers' Big Profits.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFALO, N. Y., Nov. 15.—The wheat acreage in the Dakotas next year will run from 15 to 25 per cent. less than that sowed this year, according to A. C. Townley, President and organizer of the Farmers' Non-Partisan League, who is in Buffalo to address the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor. This is due to the bad weather experienced this year over most of the Northwest, which ruined the crops in many districts of that region and left the farmers without money.

"The farmers responded to the Government's call last year," he said, "and sowed a greatly increased acreage of wheat. The banks, too, felt that the situation called for support of the Government's food program and lent the farmers the necessary money up to the very limit of their capacity. The ruin of the crops in many regions left the farmers burdened with heavy chattel mortgages, and the banks are not in a position to make big loans this year, in view of the fact that the credits extended last year are for the most part still out."

Mr. Townley's visit is for the specific purpose of trying to clear up some of the misunderstanding which, he says, has been sown between organized labor and the farmer, but he admits that he hopes to bring about a general co-operation between organized labor and the farmers' State ownership movement, with the hope of eliminating, so far as possible, the middlemen, who are charged with getting most of the profit.

"Organized labor in the Northwest has co-operated with our movement," he said, "and I feel that since the interests opposed to us are to a large extent the same we ought to be able to work together to eliminate all the unnecessary motion which soaks up most of the profit between the producer and the ultimate consumer, leaving the consumer paying a big price and the producer getting very little.

"Mr. Hoover has said that a fair profit for the miller would be 25 cents a barrel. They are making $1 a barrel. Flour costs as much in North Dakota, right next door to the farm on which the wheat was raised, as it does in New York. A local mill in a North Dakota town will take the wheat from the farms right around it, mill it, and sell the flour at the price that would be charged in Minneapolis plus the freight rate from Minneapolis back to that town.

"The farmers have learned that they are up against a solid combination, and they know pretty well what is done with the grain after they sell it. It is sold back and forth from one firm to another, a purely bookkeeping transaction, and each of these firms has to get its percentage while the wheat is on its way from the farm through the mill to the bakery."

ALLIED DIPLOMATS WORRIED OVER MEXICO

Fear German Influence Inspired Carranza's Ordering of Troops to Tampico Fields.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—International apprehension has been aroused by the apparent determination of President Carranza of Mexico to drive the long unmolested Manuel Palaes and his little rebel army from the oil fields near Tampico. There was evident today in allied legations and embassies here a feeling that German influence had played a part in starting this move, which may prove embarrassing to the Kaiser's enemies.

General Manuel Diegues has been sent into the field at the head of a considerable force with orders to clear the country between San Luis Potosi and Tampico of rebels. Official reports reaching Washington indicate the effectiveness of his work. Already he has defeated one body of rebel troops and killed Magdaleno Cedillo, one of the leaders of the Revolutionists in that part of Mexico. Unless ordered by the War Department to change his plans, it is expected General Diegues will move toward the coast and attack Palaez.

Representatives of foreign Governments display more concern over the news of the campaign against Palaez than they have over any recent development in Mexican affairs. The fear frankly expressed is that a determined action just now by the Carranza Government may result in an attempt to destroy the oil properties. In some quarters here, however, it is believed that Carranza will hesitate to drive the rebels to that point, in view of the political and economic dangers involved.

PRESIDIO, Texas, Nov. 15.—Francisco Villa is in personal command of the Villa troops now occupying the Ojinaga port, according to Colonel Miguel Trillo, Villa's personal secretary. He said Villa made a trip of inspection of the country in the vicinity of Ojinaga and would return tonight. Colonel Trillo also said Hipolito Villa was in Ojinaga with his brother, having crossed from the United States more than a week ago.

Twenty-four Federal and Villa wounded are now in Ojinaga, and permission has been asked to bring them into Presidio for treatment. Colonel Trillo denied the execution of prisoners.

SNEERS AT AMERICAN FAITH.

German Paper Says Entente Should Beware of Our Promises.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 15.—The Catholic annexationist organ, the Cologne Volkszeitung, says that although America once declared she was waging her own war, the American press has not yet contradicted the report that America will sign the treaty of London, by which the Allies bound themselves not to make a separate peace with Germany.

It would appear, says the paper, that the "lightning change artist, Mr. Wilson," who, at the beginning of the war, proclaimed strict neutrality, has once again deviated from his course, although the whole American tradition is the avoidance of treaties. It says that Washington made independence from treaties the basis of American policy in his farewell address, having had unprofitable experiences in that respect. The paper then asserts that American politicians and historians have already stated that there is an extraordinary trait in the American character which revolts against treaties, and does not feel bound by them if unsuitable circumstances arise later.

Elsewhere, it remarks, "this would be called disloyalty and is the grossest egoism of Americans. It has happened several times that when a treaty no longer appeared to be to America's advantage it has been declared outdated."

The paper then says that in regard to China, America has not fulfilled her contract regarding Chinese immigration, and that America considers this lack of consideration excused on the ground of her extraordinary democracy. America's practical mind, it asserts, sees the necessity of the moment, and the new plan of "forcing service on neutral citizens" is proof of this. The plan, the paper asserts, is not to be defended, and shows that America takes her responsibilities lightly.

Up to the present time, the Volkszeitung says, America has followed Washington's policy and refused to make treaties in the Far East, going on her own way in the policy of splendid isolation. "Woodrow Wilson," it asserts, "has abolished this old tradition. If he signs the treaty of London the Entente will do well to remember earlier experiences and not build on it."

CALLS AMERICANS MISLED.

Berlin Paper Says Hearst Alone Prints Truth About War.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE Nov. 15.—"The deceived Uncle Sam," thus the Berlin Vossische Zeitung heads an editorial on the way in which it says poor Uncle Sam has been continually misled from the beginning of the war. It explains how in German schools every child is taught not only the geography of his own country, but that of the world, but asserts that in America it is different, the Monroe Doctrine being applied even to geography, and that Americans have a colossal ignorance of countries and peoples outside the American boundaries.

The paper says that this ignorance can be traced in the American press, which is a true reflection of the people, and that printed maps are incorrect and Americans are unable to obtain a proper view of the European war, owing to geographical ignorance. It comments on "the love of newspaper 'scoops,' which it says are impossible in this war, owing to the fact that cables have been cut and, the news all comes via London.

Even President Wilson, the paper says, felt obliged to have unbiased news from time to time and so sent Colonel House to Europe to make an impartial report. The Zeitung then comments on America's "nose for news, the desire to get the news right off the bat" and "hot out of the oven." It asks what America knows about the "victory of Skagerrak" and says that Hearst's is the only press in America which prints a word of truth on the great military successes of the Germans.

OFFERS JOBS TO 2,000 MEN.

Defense Council Calls for Workmen on Ship Plant.

The Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defense yesterday announced for the State Defense Council's Clearing House for Employment Offices that 2,000 men were needed for work on a new shipbuilding plant to be erected near one of the large cities in Connecticut. The employes wanted included all grades, ranging from laborers at $3 a day to employment directors and Superintendents at several thousand dollars a year.

The opportunity should be attractive to men in seasonal occupations who would rather work twelve months in the year for moderate pay than six months in the year for somewhat higher salaries and wages in the opinion of Director Goldfarb of the Clearing House. Mr. Goldfarb added that if employes could not be obtained for this and other essential work the Government would be forced to draft labor. Applications for the positions offered should be made to any public employment agency co-operating with the federation of non-commercial employment agencies in the city. The main office of the city public employment bureau at 53 Lafayette Street, and the State public employment office at 310 Jay Street, Brooklyn, are mentioned as places where applications may be made.

NAVY LEAGUE TO ASK WILSON TO LIFT BAN

Cardinal Gibbons, Alton B. Parker and David Jayne Hill Appointed to See President.

NO TRUCE WITH DANIELS

Organization Will Seek to Force Secretary to Give Official Recognition to Its Work.

The Navy League of the United States, with its nearly 200,000 members and its 800,000 women associated in welfare work for the enlisted personnel of the navy and merchant marine, has reached such a crisis in its affairs, due to Secretary Daniels's banishment of its members from all naval territory, that it decided last night to send a commission to appeal directly to President Wilson for a lifting of the ban. That action was taken as the result of an all-day session at the Hotel Biltmore of the Board of Directors and delegates from all parts of the country. The men asked to assume the mission of going over Secretary Daniels's head are Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore, Alton B. Parker, and David Jayne Hill.

Colonel Robert M. Thompson, President of the league, and other speakers said that, so far as the growth of the league and the prosecution of such work as the making of safety jackets for the sailors is concerned, the row with Mr. Daniels has not affected the league at all, but that it was hampered in the carrying out of its general program. The members are doing much as individuals and through intermediate agencies, but they assert that, as a body of loyal and patriotic Americans, they should not be treated "as though they were enemy aliens."

Though the league is anxious to patch up the quarrel which arose last Summer when Colonel Thompson charged that the Navy Department appeared to have blocked the investigation of the Mare Island Navy Yard explosion, it did not display a conciliatory spirit toward Secretary Daniels himself. When a suggestion was made at a dinner of the delegates last night that the commission "write or see" President Wilson, one man exclaimed: "For God's sake, don't write; the letter wouldn't stay in the White House five minutes before Daniels had it," and his sentiment was approved on all sides.

At an earlier session it was charged that the league found a great body of men at a Southern base in a desolate harbor absolutely without means of recreation and that after it had equipped a 150-acre recreation field the men were overjoyed and Secretary Daniels himself went over it with every evidence of pleasure. Then, it was said, as he was going out he saw the league's sign over the gate and ordered every man in service off the field. For two weeks the men were forced to march up and down the road for exercise, then the league turned the field over to an intermediary and the ban was lifted.

Despite Secretary Daniels's declaration that the navy would have nothing to do with the league until Colonel Thompson had resigned—a statement which Mr. Thompson countered with an offer to resign if the Secretary would—there was no talk at yesterday's meeting of bringing about a reinstatement with the Navy Department by any such action. The resignation of Secretary Staton of the league, who prepared the statement in the Mare Island matter which caused the quarrel, was offered, but not accepted.

Charles B. Martindale of Indianapolis declared the people of America would not tolerate dictation by their hired public servants, and that Mr. Daniels would have to yield. Notwithstanding its disagreement with the Secretary the league went on record as standing firmly behind both the navy and the Administration and charged that John Temple Graves said there should go out an impression that the body was in any sense anti-Administration.

The prohibition against the league was described by Colonel Thompson as an undeserved stigma on loyal citizens and the opinion was expressed by some of those present that if President Wilson could be impressed with that fact, the President might be induced to persuade Secretary Daniels to modify his attitude.

Major Henry Breckinridge, formerly Assistant Secretary of War, a Vice President of the league, attended the meeting, but took no part, because of his connection with the army.

Commodore A. E. Jarvis of the Navy League of Canada said that the Canadian organization was able to do invaluable work for the enlisted personnel, thanks to liberal Government support.

NEW DRAFT RULES OUT.

All Existing Exemptions and Discharges Are Canceled.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The new selective service regulations were made public by the Provost Marshal General today. Supplies of them have been received by Governors of States, and they will be forwarded to local and district boards at once for study.

Certain of the regulations go into effect on Nov. 20, while others, notably those which govern the process of selection and classification, will not go into effect until Dec. 15.

The new regulations not only repeal all preceding regulations but cancel all exemptions and discharges which have been granted by local boards under the present system. This will restore every man to his original status, and the local boards will send a questionnaire to every man who is not in the service.

The local boards will send out 5 per cent. of their questionnaires each day for a period covering twenty days. This method of distribution will allow the local boards, with the aid of their legal advisory boards and other volunteers, to instruct, complete, and file each day's questionnaire without the confusion and congestion which would attend the effort to require a larger number.

One of the noteworthy features of the new regulations will be the appointment of an officer of the Reserve Corps of the United States Army as an assistant to the Adjutant General of each State. This officer will also be the disbursing officer, and the financial affairs of the selective service system will thus be brought into intimate touch with the Provost Marshal General's office in Washington.

NEW ENEMY ALIEN RULES.

President to Promulgate Regulations—Licensing Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Attorney General Gregory announced tonight that his department had about completed a draft of stricter regulations for enemy aliens. The regulations will be submitted to President Wilson this week and will be promulgated by him without delay.

T. D. McCarthy, United States Marshal in New York, was here today. He called on Mr. Gregory, and later conferred with Assistant Attorney General O'Brien. Mr. O'Brien is in charge of sedition cases, and Mr. McCarthy gave him information which will be used in framing the regulations.

It was announced positively that no attempt would be made by the Government to send the enemy aliens 100 miles from the seacoast. Indications are that all enemy aliens will be licensed and be compelled to report to the proper authorities at regular intervals.

Spain Denies Influencing Argentina

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Reports that Spain has been encouraging the Argentine Government to refrain from a breach with Germany have elicited a formal denial from Madrid, received here officially today. It says that the Marquis of Albucemas has declared that the report that Spain had taken measures to induce Argentina to follow the example of Spain in maintaining neutrality was without foundation, and that "Spain respects the policies of all nations."

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Fashionable Suits—of fine materials, with and without fur-trimmings, at $45 & $65

Motor and Utility Coats—of fine velours, glove cloths, vicunas as well as novelty coatings with and without fur, at $35 & $50

Street and Costume Blouses—of Georgette and chiffon—hand embroidered and beaded in light colors and suit shades, at $12

Street and Dress Hats at $15 and $25

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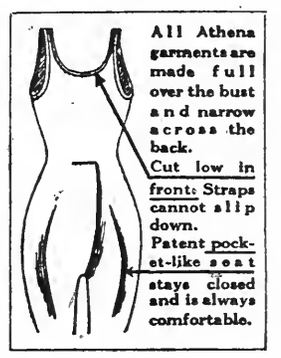

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PLAN TO DRIVE OUT DISLOYAL TEACHERS

Superintendent Tells Principals to Submit Names of Those of Doubtful Patriotism.

CHURCHILL MAKES PROTEST

Assails Policy of Secrecy and Declares Transferred Teachers Should Have Been Tried Openly.

A campaign to rid the high schools of the city of teachers whose patriotism is not above suspicion and who possess lukewarm or "neutral" views on the war began yesterday when Dr. John L. Tildsley, Associate Superintendent of Schools, in charge of high schools, requested the Principals of the twenty-four high schools of the city, in which 2,500 teachers are employed, to submit to him the names of all teachers who are suspected of holding views similar to those held by the three De Witt Clinton High School teachers who were suspended on Monday pending the trial of charges made against them for "holding views subversive of good discipline in the schools and which undermine good citizenship." At the same session of the board six teachers of De Witt Clinton were transferred to other high schools because of the charge that they were not sufficiently vigorous in their pro-Americanism and because they appeared "neutral" in their views on the attitude of the teacher to the Government at the present time.

The announcement of Dr. Tildsley is believed to be a prelude to a similar campaign to be begun soon by the Teachers' Council, an organization of teachers' societies, which was formally empowered by the Board of Education last Wednesday to call before it any elementary school teachers who might be suspected of holding disloyal views. The widened scope of this investigation covers the 20,000 teachers in the public school system of the city.

Dr. Tildsley said last night that three more teachers were under investigation, and an attempt was being made to ascertain their views on the subjects for which the other teachers were suspended. One of the suspected teachers is a member of the Faculty of the De Witt Clinton Bilch School and the other two are employed in other schools.

Dr. Tildsley said yesterday disloyalty must be eradicated from the high schools. He called attention to the especial necessity of teaching good citizenship in the schools, because a large percentage of the children attending high schools are of foreign extraction. Of 66,000 pupils in the high schools, about 40,000, he said, were foreign born or born of parents who were foreign born. Boys and girls of that age, he added, were prone to radical views. It is believed that high school students about to graduate will be asked to sign pledges of loyalty to the Government before they receive their diplomas.

Churchill Wants Open Trials.

Thomas W. Churchill, former President of the Board of Education, speaking last night of the importance of learning definitely the views held by the teachers who were transferred, said that they were punished either too lightly or too heavily. They should be put under trial on charges, he said, and dismissed from the service if found guilty.

"I voted for the suspension of the three teachers," he said. "They will have a hearing next week. In view of the representations of members of the board on the floor concerning heresy alleged to prevail among teachers not loyal to the Government, the parents and the taxpayers of the city ought to know the whole story. This is a thing that ought not to be star-chamberye. There has been altogether too much secrecy thus far. This is a serious thing in which the parents of the city and their children are vitally interested. The doors of the trial room ought to be opened to the public.

"The transfer of the six teachers was done with a shrug of the shoulders and an innuendo. In Dr. Tildsley's speech the matter of the transfer of the teachers was interwoven with the charges against other teachers. The worst of it is that the transferred teachers were not formally accused. If they had been accused the accusations could have been met. Transferring them was to distribute treason, if it is true that these teachers are treasonable."

Not the teachers but the Board of Education was on trial at the meeting on Wednesday, Mr. Churchill asserted, for he maintained that the board had failed to give the community the assurance that it could treat such matters with calmness and dignity "at this time, when serenity was the greatest asset the community could have."

When asked to comment on the statement of Mr. Churchill, President Willcox of the Board of Education said he had nothing to say.

Teachers' Union to Meet.

A meeting of the Executive Board of the Teachers' Union will be held tonight at the Washington Irving High School, and the suspended and transferred teachers will have an opportunity to present their side of the case. The announcement of the meeting says it was called "to tell the story of some recent and important progress made in the 'war for democracy' in the educational system." It is believed that the question of offering financial aid and legal counsel to the teachers under fire will be discussed and action taken.

It was said yesterday that the nine teachers disciplined insisted that they could not be charged with being disloyal. They assert that they believe in democracy in education. They also say that if the present attitude of the board is maintained it will stifle free discussion and make teachers subservient to those in authority.

A preliminary meeting to perfect an organization of high school teachers to oppose the longer school day was held yesterday at the De Witt Clinton High School coincidently with a conference further uptown, at which were present Dr. John H. Finley, State Commissioner of Education; President Willcox, and members of the State Board of Regents. The conference which the educational officials attended was held for the purpose of discussing the lengthening of the day in the elementary schools, but according to Mr. Willcox no definite action was taken. At the meeting of high school teachers it was decided to have the teachers in each school elect three delegates to take places in a new organization to further plans for opposing the longer school day in the high schools.

Dr. Tildsley took exception yesterday to the questions published which some of the teachers asserted he had asked in the course of his inquiry. Dr. Tildsley said that he asked questions "along the lines" of those made public by the teachers. It was his opinion that he had asked the teachers an average of one hundred questions each. He was indignant about the question which the teachers allege he asked concerning their views on the Bolsheviki. According to the teachers, the question was: "What is your opinion of the Bolsheviki?"

"I did not ask them any question on the Bolsheviki," asserted Dr. Tildsley.

It is believed that the trial of the suspended high school teachers will not take place next Tuesday. It was said that counsel to the Board of Education will probably need more time in which to prepare the csae.

TRAPPED A GERMAN SPY.

Teuton Posing as English Surprised on Steamer and Later Shot.

A PACIFIC PORT, Nov. 15.—The story of how a German spy betrayed himself was told today by Dr. M. A. Jelier of a steamer that has arrived here from Europe. On the way out, Dr. Jelier said there was a passenger on board of charming manners, who spoke English and went by the name of Forbes. He showed an unusual interest in military matters and took photographs while passing through the Suez Canal.

Forbes said he was Scotch, but Dr. Jelier said that during the journey across the Red Sea he suddenly asked Forbes in German where he was born. Forbes sprang to his feet and, also in German, asked the doctor what he meant, as he was an Englishman.

When the steamer put in at Colombo, Ceylon, the doctor saw Forbes making sketches and informed the British authorities, who took the man into custody.

Dr. Jelier said he had since learned that Forbes was tried, convicted and shot.

BARTHELME GOING HOME.

Former Correspondent of Cologne Gazette Starts for Eastern Port.

WICHITA, Kan., Nov. 15.—Dr. George Barthelme, who was arrested here several weeks ago, charged with being in a military zone, barred to aliens, and who since his release about six weeks ago has been compelled to report to Federal officials, left last night for an Atlantic port whence he will sail next week for Germany.

Dr. Barthelme was the American correspondent for the Cologne (Germany) Gazette. He was sent to Wichita from Washington last Summer, and was here several weeks before he was placed under arrest.

Suspicious Austrians Arrested.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Nov. 15.—Two Austrians, one of whom is said to have been disguised, were arrested here today for acting suspiciously around the plant of the Municipal Electric Co. One said he was from Bridgeport, near here, and the other came from Philadelphia. The arrests were made by plain clothes men who had been shadowing them.

'IRISH VOTE' USED AS CLUB BY DEVOY

The Gaelic-American's Editor Threatens Democrats if His Paper Is Barred from Mails.

DENIES IRISH REVOLT PLANS

Demands That Since America Prevents German Aid to Ireland, She Force England to Act.

In connection with the Federal Grand Jury investigation of The Gaelic American and the activities of John Devoy, its editor, which is reported to be nearing completion, Federal officials were interested in this week's issue of The Gaelic American, published yesterday. Most of the issue is devoted to denying the disclosure of Sinn Fein plans for another Irish revolt and to denunciation of William J. Flynn, head of the Secret Service, and of New York newspapers. Incidentally, the paper attacks Mayor Mitchel and sees in his defeat a triumph of the principles for which it stands.

In an editorial demanding that the American Government make England promise to give Ireland independence, it is said that if it had not been for the entrance of the United States into the war it would now be over, with Germany victorious, and adds:

"The United States prevents German help for Ireland, and the Government is therefore in honor bound to see that Ireland gets her rights. England dare not refuse America's request, and America's debt to Ireland will not be repaid until the request is made and the proper pressure brought to bear to make England do an act of simple justice."

The same editorial concludes thus:

"Ireland will win her liberty, and the Irish race in America is strong and resolute enough to defeat the present campaign against them and to punish the politicians and newspapers that falsely assail their loyalty in the interests of America's worst real enemy."

In reference to Chief Flynn's statement that the Sinn Fein was planning another revolt, the Gaelic American says: "This charge is as false as hell and the statement repeated almost every day that the Secret Service has discovered evidence of such a plot is known to the Government lawyers to be wholly without foundation, unless they take Chief Flynn's word and do not ask him to submit proofs. There is no such proof."

Another editorial threatens Postmaster General Burleson with the united opposition of the Irish in America if he bars the Gaelic American from the mails.

"The Postmaster General is known to be very solicitous for the welfare of the Democratic Party," the editor says, "and if he wants to insure its ruin he could not take any action more likely to bring about that result than the suppression of Irish papers that are as truly loyal to the United States as he or any other man in Washington. In the Northern, Middle, and Western States the Irish are the backbone of the Democratic Party, and without their loyal support the Democrats cannot win a Presidential election or control Congress. The unjust suppression of an Irish paper which has never criticised the Government or any of its policies since America entered the war would be an act of folly, as well as of injustice. It would create intense resentment among Irish citizens everywhere and would be condemned by fairminded Americans, and the suppressed paper would have more influence from its grave than it ever had during its lifetime."

The next editorial in the paper denies that Supreme Court Justice Cohalan owns The Gaelic American. "Judge Cohalan never owned The Gaelic American," it says, "and John Devoy does not own it now. The Judge at one time owned some stock in the paper, but parted with it when he went on the bench, and does not own a dollar's worth now. The paper is owned by a company, of which John Devoy happens to be President."

John Rathom, editor of The Providence Journal, comes in for some of the editor's invective. It refers to "Rathom, the Australian, who lived in the United States eighteen years before becoming an American citizen, and who is a self-confessed English spy," who said in an "idiotorial" that "Devoy's actions have shamed millions of Americans of Irish ancestry who are honest men. His paper, as The Journal has heretofore stated, should have been closed up long ago."

Following the attack on Mr. Rathom, the editor says:

"In Warsaw the Polish language is now being taught for the first time in all the schools. This was not the case when Poland was under Russia."

In a special column is this:

"King George has designated a day of prayer. 'Let us Prey' has been England's motto for a great many centuries."

This is followed by:

"Union Jack Mitchel's friends have devoted several days to explaining how it happened."

One article is headed "Glad Northcliffe Is Gone," another, "Dissatisfied with the Work of the English Navy," and an editorial on "The Course of the War" takes England to task for Italy's weakness.

About six columns are devoted to Chief Flynn's charge of a new Sinn Fein plot. The paper refers to Flynn's "dime novel" about the revolt disclosure and says: "The man who does such things is not honestly serving the United States Government." The letter addressed to "My Dear Mr. D.," which Mr Flynn believes was intended for John Devoy, is alleged to be a forgery. "If such a letter was addressed to John Devoy, as Lord Northcliffe's NEW YORK TIMES says it was, it would not have been found among Mellows's papers," The Gaelic American says, "but would have been delivered to Devoy."

There is also published a letter from Liam Mellows, in the Tombs, to the editor of The Gaelic American denying that letters Chief Flynn said had been taken from him had ever been in his possession. Chief Flynn has issued a statement in reply to this charge Mellows, saying that the Sinn Feiner is not telling the truth.

WARNS ENEMY ALIENS.

Staats-Zeitung Declares America's Consideration Is Not Weakness.

Commenting on the latest steps being taken by the Federal authorities to make the waterfront here safe against enemy aliens, Bernard H. Ridder said yesterday in the English column of the New-Yorker Staats-Zeitung:

"It is the purpose of the Government to bring these 'few thousand criminal agitators' under 'the mighty arm of the law' without causing any unnecessary inconvenience to their law-abiding countrymen.

"To appreciate the amount of consideration which the authorities in Washington have shown to enemy aliens as a class in this country it is only necessary to reflect upon the treatment they have received in the belligerent countries of Europe. This greater consideration for those who are 'enemy' aliens only in a technical sense is not, and should not be taken to be, an evidence of weak-kneedness on the part of the Government. It will be continued only so long as proof that it is merited is given.

"It is a matter of regret that the Government has been compelled to stricter regulations by the machinations of a few scatter-brains living amongst us, whose activity could do Germany no material good and were bound to react in one way or another to the injury of every law-abiding German domiciled in the United States.

"It would be a matter of still more profound regret if the Government were to be forced by them to abandon its present policy of discrimination, and make its heavy hand felt by innocent and guilty alike. The enemy alien in this country has his future to a great extent in his own keeping. It will be made burdensome or easy for him accordingly as he makes it. Germany has for the Government to do its duty by the nation."

ESTABLISHED 1847
PARIS - 13 Rue de la Paix
LONDON 175 New Bond St.

Messrs. CARTIER

beg to inform their patrons that they will gladly receive cash deposits to be transferred to their Paris or London houses enabling friends fighting in Europe to select their gifts personally

653 Fifth Ave. at 52nd St.

PLOTTERS ALARM FATHER.

Tell J. Allison Muir Son Was Lost on Ship—Daniels Denies.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 15.—A long-distance telephone message, purporting to be from the Bureau of Navigation in Washington, was received today by J. Allison Muir of this city, stating that his son, J. Allison Muir, Jr., a first-class signalman in the Maryland Naval Reserve and a prominent Baltimore athlete, had been lost when the American freighter Kansas City was sunk with all on board. The message was to the effect that Admiral Sims had sent a cable, stating that the ship had become detached from its convoy after Sept. 5 and lost.

Tonight Mr. Muir received a telegram signed with the name of Secretary of the Navy Daniels, stating that the Navy Department had no knowledge of the loss of the Kansas City, and that his information was evidently part of the German propaganda being carried on.

TO PROVE MINNESOTA LOYAL

Big Patriotic Rallies Planned in Twin Cities Today and Saturday.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 15.—Thousands of Minnesotans will take part tomorrow and Saturday in a series of rallies in St. Paul and Minneapolis intended to show that the State and the whole Northwest are thoroughly loyal. Delegates from every county in the State are expected.

A message to the people of the Northwest from President Wilson will be read at the sessions. Among the speakers will be T. P. O'Connor, M. P.; Senators Kellogg and Nelson of Minnesota, Paul Perigord, French Commissioner, and Otto Kahn of New York.

Pettigrew Furnishes Bail.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, Nov. 15.—C. O. Bailey, an attorney, announced today that R. F. Pettigrew, former United States Senator from South Dakota, under indictment in South Dakota for violation of the Espionage act, had furnished $5,000 bond for his appearance before the next term of the Federal court here. Pettigrew is now in Chicago.

Saks Winter Suits and Overcoats for Men at $23 and $25

Reflect in their inimitable styling the craftsmanship of an organization trained to produce only one kind of clothing—and that the best

¶ To offer something unusual, something distinctive in a suit or an overcoat at a popular price at this time is anything but a simple matter, but the Saks selections in both models and woolens this season are as distinctive as ever. In fact,

Our popular priced overcoats were never shown in greater variety!

Our Suits at $23 and $25 were never more individual

Among our present extensive assortments:

Overcoats in fly-front, button-through, and double-breasted models—following the figure closely, or draping gracefully from the shoulders and in tip-top military effects.

Suits in two and three button single-breasters, and in double-breasted models that exhibit more variations in lapels, cuffs and pockets than can be seen in any other popular price clothes.

Saks Clothes Are Saks Made

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractiveness Are Prices—Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Take The Salesman Into Your Confidence

Particularly if you want to buy a new overcoat that will measure up to your own ideas about such things. He knows the stocks—you know what you want and how much you can pay—Get together and you'll both be pleased with the result.

Men's Winter Overcoats, $24.75

Well tailored of warm, serviceable overcoatings in a variety of smart styles from the conservative to the extreme—all of the kinds that would cost you more elsewhere.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, B'way, Front.

Warm Overcoats For Chauffeurs at $24.74

Of the sort that takes the sting out of cold weather driving. Smartly tailored of heavy weight, all wool dark Oxford frieze, lined throughout with serviceable material. Double breasted model with convertible collar which fits neatly whether the coat is worn open or buttoned to neck.

Macy's—Second Floor, 34th St.

Worsted Underwear for Men

These garments are of medium weight worsted, in natural color. Shirts have long sleeves. The drawers are ankle length, $1.49 a garment.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Imported Wool Golf Hose at $1.69

Medium weight, fancy roll tops. Colors: Oxford, heather and brown mixture. Sizes 10, 10½, 11 and 11½.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Smart Cravats of Imported Silks, $1.89

A collection of flowing open-end Cravats, made of the elite of neckwear fabrics, imported French, Swiss and Italian silks.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

The Sale of Men's Shoes Continues

And men who are out for savings find it to their advantage. A good assortment in all sizes may still be had, $4.69 and $5.69.

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 35th St., Rear.

Don't Waste Food, So All May Have Enough

The United States Food Administration asks that you use all food products carefully and economically. There must be enough for our soldiers, our allies and ourselves. Whenever you dine bear this fact in mind.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & Co

34th Street—New York

Announce Extraordinary Shoe Sale

For To-Day, Friday

1000 Pairs

Women's Smart Boots

Exclusive Oppenheim, Collins & Co. Model

Two new models in extra high cut boots, measuring 11½ inches, ground to top, patent leather vamp, quarters and heel of champagne colored suede, *also dark brown kidskin vamp and heel,* tops of brown suede to match. Hand turned sole and Louis XV. heel.
In all sizes and widths, including AAA and AA.

Present Value 12.00

Sale Price **7.75**

In the Franklin Simon Shops for Boys

Boys' Mackinaws, Overcoats and Norfolk Suits

Extravagant In Variety! But Economical To Buy!

IF there is any scarcity of woolens, we are keeping it quiet in the Boys' Shops! Our present displays of winter clothes for the Boys are teeming with variety. And at the same time we have kept the prices down so as not to detract from the appeal of fine woolens and fine workmanship.

Boys' Mackinaws
$10.50 to $12.75

Skating models, with big pockets for skates, and new Norfolk styles, all with convertible shawl collar, made of all-wool genuine Western mackinaw cloth in a great range of colors. 8 to 18 years.

Boys' All-Wool Overcoats
$12.75

In belted, military and plain slip-on models, made of tweeds and velours, in all colors, and warmly worsted lined. 8 to 18 years

Boys' Norfolk Suits
$12.50

Four smart models in a colorful range of tweeds, and cheviots, cut on snappy lines and handsomely tailored. 8 to 18 years.

Small Boys' Coats
$9.75

Trench and belted models, in tweeds and cheviots, of all colors. Velvet or self collar. 3 to 10 years.

Boys' Shops Fifth Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue—37th and 38th Streets

Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

London Coats for Men

Another Shipment Just Arrived SS. St. Louis.

New materials, new color effects in typical London models—those decidedly swagger and intensely dressy ideas that have made London coats the very epitome of correctness among good dressers who know.

These Coats were arranged for prior to wartime increase in the cost of fabrics—that's why we are able to offer them at these exceptionally low prices.

This particular shipment of London Coats is shown in Georgian country clothes and Burberry models celebrated at all outdoor meets for their distinction and individual style, and noteworthy because of striking patterns that are seldom, if ever, duplicated in American fabrics.

A real treat in style and value awaits those who come Saturday.

London Coats
$35, $40, $50 to $75

There is not a single coat in the lot that will not win your instant admiration because of the exclusive character, the faultless fit, fine fabrics, smart style and worthwhile workmanship.

Chesterfield Overcoats—Cut right and made right from fabrics worthy of their name. The Franklin model, a gentleman's coat, slightly form-fitting, fly front, velvet collar, in Vicunas, cheviots and other fabrics; slip-on models; favorites with business men; tailored right up to the topnotch of perfection at..... **$25 to $75**

Men Who Are Doing Their Bit—Attention

Ready tomorrow, long regulation sheep-lined coats for officers, ambulance drivers, ammunition handlers and trench duty. Shown in mole and khaki. Beaverized collars, Yaphank style; collars of Wombat and Australian opossum. Made in the new trench style, plain and with wide belt and buckle; warm, durable and something the soldier cannot do without.

$20.00 $30.00 $35.00

Exceptional values at the price.

300 Men's Suits at $24.50

They are worth coming for at the price. With the rapid advance in the cost of good wool fabrics, it's only a matter of time—a short time, too—that suits of this character must be sold at a very much higher price.

Two, three and four-button Sack Coats.
The "Warwick"—a two-button double-breasted Sack Coat Suit.
Cheviots, worsteds and tweeds in solid colors and mixtures.

Fourth Floor.

ANTIS WILL OPEN FIGHT ON PACIFISM

Women Opposed to Suffrage to Turn All Efforts Now to Aid America.

TO SCHOOL NEW VOTERS

State Organization, Accepting Election Result, Urges All Women to Exercise New Responsibilities.

The New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage will go out of existence in a few days. The organization which women opposed to the vote had built up will be taken over by a society of women who will conduct a militant campaign against socialism, against pacifism, and against all forms of pro-Germanism in New York City and State.

Some such slogan as "Let women quit fighting each other and all get together to fight the war" will be adopted by the new body. It will throw the rolls of its membership and the doors of its meeting places open to women of all shades of political opinion, provided only that they are unqualifiedly pro-American.

Anti-suffragists as individuals are not to abandon their fight against the Susan B. Anthony amendment. They will continue their opposition to making suffrage a national question, particularly at this time of national crisis, but their only organized body to carry on that opposition in this State will be a State Committee of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, which has headquarters in Washington. This committee will continue to assert that suffrage is not a national question; that this is, in any event, the wrong time to agitate it, when more vital problems beset Congress, and that, the State fight having been won in New York, there is nothing for women of the Empire State to do but accept the verdict and turn their energies into more pressing activities.

The action of the antis practically was decided upon as soon as the result of the election became known, but before promulgating their views, the party leaders wanted general party action. Such action was taken by the Executive Committee on Wednesday. It was ratified with only slight opposition at a general meeting in the headquarters at 280 Madison Avenue yesterday morning, and it will be made final at a meeting of the voting members within a few days.

At yesterday's meeting there was manifest neither bitterness nor sadness. The women had fought for their views until the voters had decided against them, and it was entirely in a spirit of accepting their new responsibilities gracefully and adequately that they agreed to break up the organization of women which has played a prominent part in affairs since the first committee in opposition to suffrage was organized in 1894.

Challenge to Suffragists.

That they regarded their action somewhat in the light of a challenge to the suffrage party, the leaders of the anti movement were frank to admit yesterday. They have opposed the amalgamation of the newly made women voters into a suffrage party to work for the national amendment, ever since that suggestion was made by the suffragists a few days after election. They have opposed, as well, any sort of organization which would pit women against men, creating, as Miss Alice Hill Chittenden, leader of the antis, phrased it, "a sex war." They epitomized their position yesterday in the words of their own leader thus:

"Let us all quit being suffragists and anti-suffragists, and just be women backing up the men in every phase of fighting the war."

The antis felt, it was made plain, that they had blazed the way to just such an elimination of all partisanship over the voting question, and they felt that if the vanquished could retire good-humoredly and turn their activities into those of a constructive national program, the victors well could afford to do likewise.

The first resolution presented to the meeting yesterday by Miss Chittenden was one adopted the day before by the Executive Committee. It ran:

> Resolved, That in view of the fact that the election has settled the matter of woman suffrage in the State of New York, we recommend that the New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage as such organization be recognized as dissolved.

After this had been approved almost without dissent, this second resolution, also adopted by the Executive Committee, was presented:

> Resolved, That this Executive Committee affirm that the principles laid down and publicly stated by us for the last twenty years still obtain, namely: that suffrage is not an inherent right, but, once conferred, becomes a duty and responsibility and as such must be exercised.

This resolution caused more discussion than the other, but a large majority of those present declared their intention of working with the men for the best interests of government.

"The sentiment of the meeting," said Miss Chittenden, "was in favor of forming an organization of non-radical men and women—the object of which should be to stand firmly behind the National Government in the prosecution of the war—to work for constructive rather than destructive tendencies in government, and especially to do all in their power to stem the disintegrating tide of pacifism in New York City."

No detailed statement of the plans of the new organization could be obtained yesterday, the leaders feeling that, until the purely formal action of a voting membership was taken, ratifying the action of the executive body, no program should be announced. It is known, however, that such Socialist doctrines as tend to weaken the war spirit will come in for a large share of attention. That applies especially to the supporters of Morris Hillquit, who made his refusal to buy Liberty bonds practically a plank in his platform when he ran for the Mayoralty, and who polled an immense radical vote, though he demanded an immediate peace that was styled by many "a pro-German peace." Non-resident pacifists who favor the immediate peace movement will also be assailed, and speakers on all such topics who make the public schools the forums for promulgation of their doctrines will be fought by the new body.

Campaign of Education.

A phase of yesterday's meeting that attracted much attention was the readiness displayed by the women to participate in wider duties of citizenship. Several speakers said that as long as there remained large numbers of women who "didn't know the difference between a city primary and a Congressional election," it would be necessary to do a large amount of educational work. These Anti-Suffrage leaders asserted that the unfamiliarity of many women with public questions must not make large masses of women the pawns of party bosses. For that reason they will start, as soon as the new organization is perfected, a campaign of education designed to teach the fundamentals, without which the new women voters, the Anti-Suffragists say, cannot get the most out of their franchise privilege.

The Anti-Suffrage leaders, it was said yesterday, believed that radical women of the east side, such as supported the Hillquit campaign in immense numbers, and recently turned to Federal suffrage meeting in a public school practically into a Socialist rally, might be expected to make more general use of the ballot than would women of more loyal tendencies, large numbers of whom were indifferent, or by nature disinclined to political strife. For that reason a large share of the educational effort decided upon might be expected, it was said, to go to inducing patriotic women, whatever might have been their past inclinations, to accept the full responsibility of the ballot, to use the ballot on behalf of the forces for good, and then to learn exactly how to vote.

Among those at yesterday's meeting were Miss Chittenden, Mrs. Francis M. Scott, first President of the association; Mrs. Henry Seligman, Mrs. Vernon H. Brown, Mrs. Anson P. Atterbury, Mrs. Hamilton R. Fairfax, Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, Mrs. Annie Nathan Meyer, Mrs. Sidney de Kay, Miss Mary G. Kilbreth, Mrs. Lancaster Morgan, Mrs. Edgar Hendricks, Miss Elizabeth Gallandet, Mrs. Robert Kelly Prentice, Mrs. De Witt, Clinton Falls; Miss Henrietta Church of Albany, Mrs. John F. Maynard of Utica, and Mrs. E. Remington of Cazenovia.

WOMEN DEMOCRATS ASK M'COOEY FOR ADVICE

Plan an Adjunct to the Regular Organization and Want Primary Enrollment.

Leader John H. McCooey of the Brooklyn Democratic organization received at his office yesterday a visit from Miss Amy Wren, Vice President of the Women's Law Club of Brooklyn and Corresponding Secretary of the Kings County Woman Suffrage Association. Accompanying Miss Wren were Miss Helen McCormick of 186 Prospect Place and Miss May Patterson of 207 Congress Street, both of whom have been active in the fight for woman suffrage. Their visit was for the purpose of obtaining Mr. McCooey's advice on the formation of a women's organization to be affiliated with the Democratic Party. Mr. McCooey promised to give every possible assistance in working out the plan.

Miss Wren said that her proposal was not in opposition to the announced declaration of the Woman Suffrage Party as expressed by some of its leaders to maintain itself as a non-partisan organization, but explained that she was prompted by a desire to participate in the primary election.

"We understand that if we are not enrolled as members of one of the old parties we will not be entitled to vote in the primaries," said Miss Wren, "and we are just as anxious to vote in the primary as to vote in the general election. Our idea is to organize the women voters along lines similar to the present political parties, but we also want to act in co-operation with the present political parties and not independently of them. So far as we are personally concerned our sympathies lie with the Democratic Party."

30 MORE IN HUNGER STRIKE.

Washington Militants Join Miss Paul in Her Jail Demonstration.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The Woman's Party Headquarters announced tonight that the thirty women sent to the District Workhouse yesterday for displaying banners before the White House had joined Miss Alice Paul in her hunger strike to force the treatment of the militants as political prisoners.

Twenty-eight of the prisoners will be brought out of the workhouse tomorrow to be tried for their demonstrations on Monday.

START AMENDMENT DRIVE.

Woman's Party Sends Letter to Representative Maher.

With the possession of political power in this State the National Woman's Party began yesterday to exert pressure on Representatives in Congress for the passage of the Federal Amendment and for the recognition of the White House pickets as political offenders rather than as "obstructers of traffic." The following letter was sent to Representative James P. Maher:

> My Dear Sir: As Chairman of legislative work for the New York State branch of the National Woman's Party, I desire to call your attention to the fact that your consituent, Miss Lucy Burns, of 128 Greene Avenue, has just completed a sixty-day term in the Workhouse and jail in the National Capitol, and was yesterday sentenced again to six months, which we learn may be doubled tomorrow, for conviction of the euphonious charge of "obstructing traffic."
>
> The situation arises from the determined effort of the Administration to kill the agitation in favor of immediate action at the December session of Congress on the National Suffrage Amendment.
>
> We ask you to fight first for the passage of the Federal amendment at the first opportunity at the December session and second, to fight for the immediate recognition of the suffrage prisoners as political offenders with all of the privileges and immunities accorded to that class.
>
> Very sincerely yours,
> MRS. ELIZABETH S. ROGERS,
> Legislative Chairman.

A delegation of women had intended to present this letter personally to Representative Maher at the Pennsylvania Station as he was leaving this city on the Congressional Limited yesterday afternoon. They missed the Congressman and gave the letter to the conductor of the train for him. Miss Janet Burns, a sister of Lucy Burns, now in Occoquan, headed the delegation. Others were Mrs. John Rogers, Jr., Miss Bessie Lee Gaylord, Mrs. Belle Neumann Zilbermann, Vice President of the Political Prisoners' League; Miss Lucy Eastman, Miss Ella O. Guilford, and Mrs. Willlam L. Colt.

COST OF CAMPAIGNS FILED.

Swann's Report Shows He Contributed and Disbursed Nothing.

District Attorney Edward Swann, who was re-elected at the recent election, filed with the Bureau of Elections yesterday a statement of his campaign expenses, in which he said "I contributed and disbursed nothing." However, there was attached an explanation that all moneys were handled by the Edward Swann Business and Professional Men's Committee. This committee will report to Albany.

County Clerk William F. Schneider, re-elected, said he contributed $3,100 to his campaign committee. Edward M. Morgan, former Postmaster, defeated Republican candidate for County Clerk, contributed nothing and expended nothing.

John McAvoy, successful candidate for Supreme Court Justice, said he received nothing and spent $500 for printing. John L. Walsh, candidate for Justice of the City Court, reported he received nothing but expended $1,580.01. Schuyler M. Meyer, successful Republican candidate for Assemblyman in the Fifteenth District, received $125 fro mthe Citizens Union. George K. Hines, Prohibition candidate for District Attorney, reported that he expended nothing. Samuel Orr, candidate for Assembly in the Fourth District, was the first Socialist candidate to file an expense report. He certified that he paid $15 to his party and $2 for postage.

William Henkel, Jr., who was defeated by Michael E. Blake, Democrat, for Municipal Court Justice in the Fourth District, reported that he spent $560. Harry Robitzek spent $852 to be elected Municipal Court Justice in the Bronx.

REPUBLICANS MOVE TO ENLIST WOMEN

County Committee Directs Appointment of Conferees to Negotiate with New Voters.

MAY AMEND PRIMARY LAW

First Step Taken Seeking Removal of Obstacles to Fusion in This City.

The Republican County Committee, at its regular monthly meeting last night at Lyric Hall, took steps to invite the co-operation of women in the affairs of the county organization by the adoption of the following resolution:

> Resolved, That the President appoint a committee to confer with other committees and delegations representing women's clubs and political organizations desirous of co-operating with the Republican County Committee and Assembly District organizations in the County of New York.

The resolution was offered by Clarence Schmelzel, leader of the Tenth Assembly District. It was adopted unanimously. Chairman Samuel S. Koenig announced that he would appoint ex-Republican State Chairman Frederick C. Tanner Chairman of the Conference Committee, but that he was not prepared to announce the rest of the membership. It is understood that the Republican leaders will invite suggestions from some of the suffrage leaders with reference to the make-up of the committee, and that the full committee will be announced by Chairman Koenig on Tuesday.

Chairman Edwin S. Harris of the Democratic State Committee came to the city yesterday from Albany. He said that the course of the Democratic State organization with relation to the enfranchised women and their participation in the affairs of the Democratic Party was being considered. Chairman Harris thought he would issue a statement outlining the party policy by Tuesday of next week.

"It is to be hoped that the women, now that they have the ballot, will be induced to take a livelier interest in general elections than they have in school elections, in which they have had the right to participate for a number of years," said Mr. Harris. "Records show that in the years immediately following the granting of this privilege about 20 per cent. of the women exercised it. In late years the vote has dwindled until now it is approximately 1 per cent. of those entitled to vote."

The Naturalization Aid League announced yesterday that it had called a conference of labor organizations at the Broadway Central Hotel for tomorrow afternoon for the purpose of discussing ways and means looking to the naturalization of women members and their enrollment so as to enable them to vote both in primaries and general elections. A number of labor unions which have many women members have indicated their intention to be represented at the conference.

For Primary Law Amendment.

In addition to its Conference Committee on Suffragist Co-operation, the Republican County Committee, at its meeting last night, provided for the creation of two new standing committees—one on City Legislation and one on Election Law. Chairman Koenig named both. Ex-State Chairman Ezra P. Prentice was made Chairman of the Committee on City Legislation and ex-Judge Isidor Wasserzug of the Committee on Election Laws. The Committee on Election Laws, it is understood, will prepare amendments to the direct primary law so that in New York City elections it will not be an obstacle to anti-Tammany fusion. Last night's action undoubtedly was the direct result of the experiences of the Fusion forces in the Republican primaries in this city, in which election State Senator William M. Bennett was victorious over Mayor Mitchel. The question is not new, however, for it was before the Legislature at the time when Governor Hughes first recommended the enactment of a direct primary law. In the measure he proposed an exception was made of New York City on the ground that direct primaries would militate against fusion.

The Committee on City Legislation probably will take advantage of the fact that the Legislature has a heavy Republican majority to propose amendments to the City Charter with a view of curbing the incoming Tammany administration.

There was no sign at the meeting last night of the fight, expected in some quarters, by followers of William M. Bennett against Chairman Koenig as a result of the latter's failure to support Mr. Bennett in his mayoralty campaign although he was the regular Republican nominee. It was reported that Mr. Bennett and his friends had determined to delay their fight until the primaries next Fall.

Cropsey May Oppose Whitman.

In connection with this it was asserted by well-informed Republicans last night that if Supreme Court Justice James C. Cropsey of Brooklyn should step down from the bench within the next three or four months to assume the leadership in a fight against the renomination of Governor Whitman for a third term, it would cause no surprise to friends who are conversant with his intentions. Justice Cropsey, with the strong following he can muster in Brooklyn and the support he could command from up-State Republicans hostile to Governor Whitman, would be in a position to give the Governor a stiff fight. There is every prospect of a stormy time in Republican politics, with a number of spirited primary contests in up-State districts for the overthrow of leaders closely allied politically with Governor Whitman.

Chairman Koenig, as the meeting of the Republican County Committee was drawing to a close, made a speech congratulating the members on the result of the election.

"It is unnecessary for me to say that the result of the city election was not at all satisfactory to members of the Republican County Committee," said Mr. Koenig, "but the Tammany victory was not a Republican defeat. The Republican districts stood loyally by the Republican Party and gave us better results from a party point of view than they did in the Presidential election last year. We elected eight out of twenty-three Assemblymen in Manhattan against seven out of thirty-one in the election last year; we elected Courtlandt Nicoll to succeed Ogden L. Mills in the Senate by 3,500 majority.

"We elected all three Municipal Judges in that district, and in another uptown district where we elected one Municipal Judge last year we elected three this year. Our candidate for Attorney General won by a majority of approximately 150,000, and he lost New York County by only about 35,000. There is no reason for the Republican Party to feel discouraged regarding the future. We will march to victory in the State election next Fall."

Supreme Court Justice Samuel H. Ordway, who was defeated as a candidate for the place he now fills by appointment, and William L. Ransom, the defeated candidate for District Attorney, made short addresses, thanking the members of the committee for the loyal support they had received during the campaign.

SUFFRAGISTS HOLD ALOOF.

Poughkeepsie Meeting Favors Maintaining a Nonpartisan Policy.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Nov. 15.—At the first meeting since the election of the Woman Suffrage Party of the Tenth Campaign District, held today at the Poughkeepsie Court House, it was voted that the organization continue to nonpartisan policy, that the leaders shall not ally themselves with any political party for the present, and that the organization line up its forces behind the National American Woman Suffrage Association and conduct "a safe, sane, and constructive campaign for the Federal amendment."

The meeting was largely atended by women from the five counties of Putnam, Dutchess, Columbia, Ulster, and Greene, which compose the district.

Mrs. Gordon Norrie of Staatsburg, District Chairman, presided, and in opening the meeting expressed her views as to the future of the organization.

"Governor Whitman," she said, "has recommended that we forget the opposition of certain public men to suffrage; we shall not take his advice literally. It will not be in a vindictive spirit that we shall oppose them, but it will be found upon examination of the records that such public opposition extends not only to laws safeguarding women and children, but to humanitarian and progressive legislation nearly every instance. Where this is not true we shall be glad to [illegible] opposition to suffrage."

MAYOR SMITH PAROLED.

Is Cleared of Connection with Philadelphia Political Plot.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—Mayor Smith was cleared of all connection with the political conspiracy which resulted in the killing of a policeman here on primary election nay in an opinion by Judge Martin today in Quarter Sessions Court. But the Mayor was held under his own recognizance to await the action of the Grand Jury, with William Finley, a political lieutenant of the Vares, on the technical charge of conspiracy to murder. Finley's bail was reduced from $10,000, which was originally imposed, to $500.

The decision was in connection with habeas corpus proceedings brought on behalf of the Mayor and Finley. The court ruled that apparently Mayor Smith had no knowledge or the Fifth Ward conspiracy, and that he had neither consented to any unlawful acts before their occurrence or assented to them afterward. In the opinion of the court, it would require a strained construction of the evidence to regard any of the acts charged to Isaac Deutsch, a Common Councilman and Vare leader in the ward, as the furtherance of a design to permit the use of the Administration to his advantage.

The decision of the court relieves the Mayor of the $10,000 bail originally imposed upon him.

JAPAN'S PLACE IN THE WAR.

Dr. Iyenaga Tells Why Army Should Not Go to Europe.

Although he says that Japan is marshaling all her war resources at top speed and stands ready to do all in her power for the allied cause, the sending of a Japanese force to the European war fronts is not desirable for many reasons, Dr. T. Iyenaga, head of the East and West News Bureau, told 500 members of the Rotary Club yesterday at a luncheon at the McAlpin.

"The American Government understands the part which Japan is determined to play in the war, but the American public, perhaps, does not," Dr. Iyenaga said. "It is not the wish of the Allies that Japan should thrust herself into the European struggle. I have not heard that any formal request has been made by any of the allied Governments that Japan send an expeditionary force. Japan's proper sphere is the Orient and Pacific. Pursuant to the Anglo-Japanese alliance Japan has agreed with England to limit her activities to the Far East. The sphere of naval operations, however, has extended to the South Seas, Indian Ocean, Cape of Good Hope, and even to the Mediterranean, where a fleet of Japanese destroyers is now co-operating against the submarines.

"On land, however, intruding on European fields is none of Japan's business. It would be neither wise nor far-sighted. It would reawaken the cry of 'yellow peril.' Those who advocate that Japan send troops to Russia completely ignore the psychology of the Russian people, and the practical difficulties of sending a Japanese force to Europe are many. It would be very hard to adjust the wide differences of race, language, habits, and, especially, diet between the European and Japanese troops. The Russo-Japanese war also has left Japan with a heavy war debt. She is a poor country compared to the United States. She cannot bear the burden of a distant overseas expedition. The transsiberian Railroad also is already much too overtaxed with provisions and munitions to transport Japanese soldiers. To transport 1,000,000 Japanese soldiers by water would take 1,000 ocean-going ships of 4,000 tons each and a constant flow of food and munitions. The European Allies cannot supply food and munitions because the dietary and guns of the Japanese are so different. The solving of the sea transportation problem would take at least two and a half years. Meantime commerce of the Far East between America and Europe would be completely paralyzed. Japan, at least judging from the present outlook, will do better to patrol the immense stretch of waters from the Red to the Yellow Sea and the Pacific, and to supply munitions and money to the Allies.

F. J. H. KRACKE TO GET SERVICE BOARD PLACE

Whitman Expected to Name Member of Mitchel Administration for Hayward's Job.

It was said last night that Governor Whitman would appoint F. J. H. Kracke, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, a member of the Public Service Commission for the First District to succeed Colonel William Hayward, now in military service. The Governor, it is expected, will receive the resignation of Colonel Hayward within a few days.

Mr. Kracke, who is leader of one of the Republican factions in Brooklyn, has been closely affiliated with Mr. Whitman in a political way ever since Mr. Whitman became Governor. He was the manager of the Governor's primary and general campaign last year. His tenure of his present place under the Mitchel administration would have ended on Jan. 1. His salary as Public Service Commissioner, $15,000, is more than his salary as Commissioner of Plant and Structures.

Governor Whitman has another vacancy on the Public Service Commission for the First District to fill. This arose as a result of the resignation of Commissioner Henry W. Hodge, who went to supervise engineering and construction work with the Pershing forces in France. The Governor is looking for some man who is willing to accept this position, with the understanding that his resignation will be tendered when Commissioner Hodge has completed his war work and returns to this country, as Governor Whitman desires to have Mr. Hodge then return to the Public Service Commission.

TOYLAND FOR CHILDREN.

Will Be a Feature of Woman's Service League Christmas Fete.

A Christmas book is to be sent out the first of next week by the National League for Woman's Service telling of the big "Uncle Sam's Soldiers' and Sailors' Children's Christmas Carnival" to be held at the Grand Central Palace Christmas week under the auspices of the league. The children of every man in war service in the city are to have free admission to the carnival, and will receive a present to be donated by other children designating gifts of "patriotism, love, and self-sacrifice." The book tells of ways of aiding the carnival.

The Grand Central Palace is to be turned into a great Santa Claus Toy Land, with hundreds of Christmas trees, Christmas decorations, and amusements for the children. On the Directing Committee of the Christmas carnival are Miss Maude Wetmore, Chairman; Miss Anne Morgan, Treasurer; Miss Virginia Furman, Assistant Treasurer; Mrs. Coffin Van Rensselaer, Secretary; Mrs. Rogers Bacon, Mrs. Alexander B. Trowbridge, Mrs. Donn Barber, Miss Grace Parker, and Mrs. Francis McNeil Bacon.

SEES SUFFRAGISTS ALL TURNING ANTI

Continued from Page 1.

moral conditions surrounding our military encampments.

"I am not yet ready to give out these facts," said Mrs. Humiston, "but from statistics I have gathered I can say that at one of our big camps there are 600 girls who are about to become mothers who have no husbands. At Camp Upton, it has been reported to me, seven of these little mothers are dead. I have proved the facts in the case of two of them, and am going down tomorrow to get the facts in regard to the others. You women have got to help me do something to relieve such conditions."

Mrs. Humiston said that while the War Department and the Y. M. C. A. organizations had so carefully watched the morals of the soldiers that conditions such as those depicted by Mrs. Humiston could not arise. The charge will be promptly investigated by the Committee on Morals, of which Raymond B. Fosdick is Chairman, and Mrs. Humiston will be called upon to produce evidence of her charges.

[illegible] LAXATIVE [illegible] refunds money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 30c.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—"This statement is too absurd to make any attempt to deny," said an official of the War Department when Mrs. Humiston's charge was brought to his attention.

It was explained that the officials of the camp and the Y. M. C. A. organizations had so carefully watched the morals of the soldiers that conditions such as those depicted by Mrs. Humiston could not arise. The charge will be promptly investigated by the Committee on Morals, of which Raymond B. Fosdick is Chairman, and Mrs. Humiston will be called upon to produce evidence of her charges.

formal denial could be obtained tonight, of Mrs. Humiston's charges, but officers of high position who could be reached denounced her utterance as both malicious and preposterous. They insisted that not only would the story be denied today but that it could be shown there was not a shred of evidence to justify such allegations.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, Yaphank, L. I., Nov. 15.—In the absence of General Bell no

GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES

We offer the Following Mortgages on New York City Real Estate

Amount of Loan	Guaranteed Rate of Interest to Investor	Stories	Material	Type	Rental	Value of Security
$2,250	5%	2 & Cellar	Brick	Dwelling	$300	$3,750
3,500	5%	2 & Cellar	Brick	Two Fam. Dwelling	420	6,000
6,500	5%	3 & Cellar	Brick	St. & Apt.	1,080	10,800
18,000	5½%	Two 5 & Bas't	Brick	St. & Apt.	5,208	45,000

Details of other offerings in various amounts, with photographs of properties, furnished upon request.
Also Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates $100 & up, paying 5%.
Free from Personal Taxation.
Write for booklet "The Ideal Investment," and November Investment List.

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FOUNDED 1880 LONDON

DE PINNA

A real manly type of American boy wants to dress like a man, and it is certain that the boy, whatever his age, knows exactly what he wants when he goes on a clothes shopping expedition.

This store, outfitting as it does the boys of our best known families, has full grasp of the boys' viewpoint, while De Pinna merchandise is accepted for its correctness in every detail.

We rely on English tailors for models and upon English woolen mills for fabrics just as do the most exclusive tailors to men, and we further emulate their methods by having under our own direction in our own building the designers and the tailormen who make De Pinna clothing.

Trench Coats for boys—of regulation Army cloth. Sizes, 4 to 8 years, $22.50; 9 to 17 years, $32.50. English mixtures, 9 to 17 years, $30 to $35.

Boys' Fur Trimmed Overcoats—of imported Shetlands. Sizes, 2½ to 8 years, $30.

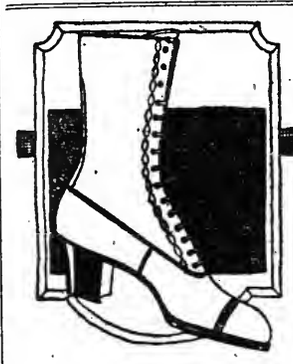
Hats and Caps to match coats made on order.

Boys' Norfolk Suits—from the most approved English models and in all correct fabrics. $12.50 to $24.50.

Eton Collars, Imported Golf Stockings, Neckwear and all necessary accessories.

5th Avenue at 50th Street

The "Solace"



THE "SOLACE" FOR COMFORT

The "Solace" Walk-Over Shoe for Women is as comfortable on the foot as a well-fitting glove is on the hand.

The "Solace" is the most sensible shoe a sensible woman can select. It is a smart looking shoe. At the same time, it is a shoe that is meant for service. In the "Solace" you can be on your feet practically all day and scarcely be conscious you have on shoes.

The leather—Black Glace Kid—is the softest and most pliable of leathers. The heel is of comfortable height. A high shoe, either lace or button, the "Solace" gives a firm support combined with a graceful arch and all round style lines that are decidedly pleasing.

Best of all, the "Solace" sells at all Walk-Over stores for just $6.—a small sum for the amount of comfort and wear in each pair.

Why not take your feet to the nearest Walk-Over store and put yourself on a permanent peace basis with them?

A full line of Phoenix Hosiery for men and women

Walk-Over Shoe Stores

New York City		Brooklyn	Bronx
179 Broadway	144 Bowery	1355 Broadway	557 Melrose Ave.
1178-75 Broadway	232 W. 125th St.	565-7 Fulton St.	Yonkers, N. Y.
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Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street
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E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
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Smith St., cor. Livingston St.
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Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

Founded 1887.

Anniversary Specials In All Departments

In Celebration of Brill Brothers 30th Anniversary

Considering the present high cost of materials and production, and also their scarcity, the Special Values offered to-day and to-morrow are remarkable in the extreme, and in view of the fact that conditions are constantly becoming more trying, it might easily be said that one Suit or Overcoat purchased now is worth two purchased next year.

$50 Montagnac Coats, $37.50

One of the richest of all overcoat fabrics, lined throughout with satin and finely finished—splendid value indeed.

Kuppenheimer Clothes for Men

Overcoats $22.50 to $65.00—Suits $22.50 to $45.00

They represent the very maximum of quality, reliability and value. Their reputation for all that is good and dependable has been well earned, for clothes, like men, very rarely get a reputation that they have not lived up to. For sheer value no clothes made can excel them—few, indeed, can equal them. Every desirable thing in overcoats or suits you will find here in Kuppenheimer clothes.

Clothes Specials, $15 and $20

Overcoats and Suits purchased some time ago for this special occasion. They represent the combined value-giving efforts of manufacturers who have cause to feel well disposed towards us, and the greatest value-giving efforts of the Brill Stores. Among them you will find almost every desirable model, fabric and pattern which it is possible to buy at $15.00 and $20.00.

30th Anniversary Specials for Boys

Overcoats at $6.95 — Fancy mixtures and Chinchillas in Trench models—sizes 3 to 10.

Mackinaws at $7.95 — In gray, green, red and brown plaids, with shawl collars. 10 to 18.

Norfolk Suits, $7.95 — In gray and brown mixtures, some with extra knickers. 7 to 18.

Brill Brothers

The Kuppenheimer House in New York and Brooklyn

44 East 14th Street — Broadway at 49th Street — 1456 Broadway at 42d St.
47 Cortlandt Street — 125th Street at 3d Ave. — 279 Broadway
2 Flatbush Avenue, at Fulton Street, Brooklyn
14th St., 1456 Broadway, 125th St. and Brooklyn Open Saturday Evening.

RAILROADS TO BAR MANY COMMODITIES

Traffic So Heavy List of 525 Deemed Non-Essential Is Submitted by the War Board.

PREPARING FOR EMBARGO

Lovett and Garfield, Harrison Announces, Will Decide What Shipments Shall Be Rejected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Railroad Presidents forming the Railroads' War Board today admitted, in the most important review of the railroad situation yet made, that the transportation problem was one of growing uneasiness. Trying conditions are certain to develop this Winter because of the inability of the carriers to take care of increasing traffic. In order to lessen the congestion and still furnish prompt service for the Government, these officials have advised that nonessential shipments be dispensed with while the congestion exists. This list contains 525 nonessential commodities.

Fairfax Harrison, as Chairman of the Railroads' War Board, issued this statement:

"The transportation situation is becoming the subject of growing public uneasiness and agitation. Those responsible for the operation of the railways realize that transportation conditions, unless more vigorously dealt with by all concerned, will grow more acute. Therefore, the Railroads' War Board believes that it should make to the public a frank statement and explain the facts and indicate some of the means which it believes should be used in dealing with the situation.

"Both the public and the managements of the railways must courageously face the fact that, under the trying conditions which will develop this Winter, it probably will become impossible for the carriers to handle all the traffic which the shipping public can offer. The number of unfilled requisitions for freight cars, after having largely declined between May 1 and Sept. 1, in spite of vast augmentation of traffic, showed an increase on Oct. 1 and further increase on Nov. 1.

Record-Breaking Months.

"The main reason, of course, why the railways are having such great difficulty in handling all the traffic is that there has been an enormous increase in its volume, and that this still continues. Statistics which have just become available show that in the months of April-August, 1917, inclusive—those being the first five months after the entrance of the United States into the great war—our railways handled 16 per cent. more freight traffic than in the same months of 1916, which year broke all records up to that time. The traffic handled in these five months of 1917 was 30 per cent. greater than that moved in the same months of 1915, and, in fact, exceeded the total traffic moved in any entire year prior to 1904. When the statistics for September are available they will show that in the six months ended with that month the railways handled more freight traffic than in any entire year prior to 1907.

"Perhaps the most remarkable figures are those regarding the movement of coal. In the six months, May to October, inclusive, there were moved 150,000 more carloads of anthracite than in the same months of 1916, an increase of 18 per cent., and 751,000 more carloads of bituminous and lignite coal than in the same six months of 1916, also an increase of 18 per cent.

"A total of 116,000 carloads of freight have had to be hauled to the national army and National Guard camps, and up to the time of the latest reports over 17,000 carloads of freight had been handled for the Shipping Board.

"The railways are still moving a total freight traffic surpassing any ever known before, and it should be borne in mind that they are doing this with almost no greater facilities than they had two years ago, and under conditions which prevent them from materially increasing their facilities.

Unprecedented Passenger Business.

"Another important phase of the situation to which attention should be called is that the railways this year have had to handle the largest passenger business ever known. This has been a serious obstacle to needed reductions in train service. In addition, between Aug. 1 and Nov. 12 they transported 1,200,000 soldiers to training camps, cantonments, and points of embarkation. This troop movement involved the use of approximately 2,750 special trains. Of course, this lare passenger traffic and troop movement have complicated matters and increased the difficulty of moving the freight traffic. Large troop movements are still being made, and the railways are moving to the training camps and cantonments about 75,000 carloads of supplies a month.

"These facts are sufficient to explain the situation. The railways have secured much more service from every track, every car, every locomotive than ever before, and the fact that the unfilled requisitions for freight cars amounted on Nov. 1 to only 140,000, in spite of the tremendous increase in traffic, reflects great credit upon their performance.

"Upon this record of actual achievement the railroads rely upon the support of public opinion, despite much of what Commissioner Clark of the Interstate Commerce Commission has characterized as 'unfair criticism from people who are trying to direct attention to alleged faults of others in order to avoid having their own shortcomings and evil doings brought into the limelight.'

"But the public naturally is not so much interested in what the railways have done as it is in what they probably will be able to do during the coming months. The course of developments is forcing those responsible for their operation to anticipate that probably they will become unable to provide transportation for all the classes of commodities which they have been moving.

"The situation is similar to that in other industries. The steel manufacturers cannot produce all the steel needed; the coal mines cannot produce all the coal needed, and the farmers have not produced all the wheat needed. Other industries, faced by similar conditions, under the sanction and direction of the Government are reducing the amount of fuel and materials furnished to business concerns producing things not essential to carrying on the war. The time may be almost here when it will be necessary to distinguish in railway transportation between things that are essential and things that are not essential.

Non-essential Commodities.

"The Railroads' War Board has therefore furnished to Judge Lovett, the Government Director of Priority, and Dr. Garfield, the Government Fuel Administrator, at their request, a list compiled by a committee of railway traffic officers showing commodities the transportation of which is regarded as non-essential under present conditions. One part of this list is made up of about 450 commodities whose transportation it is believed could be dispensed with without any considerable inconvenience to the public. Another part contains about seventy-five commodities which it is believed the public could dispense with, but not without inconvenience. It is for the Priority Director and the Fuel Administrator to determine how many of these commodities shall be denied transportation.

"We have no doubt that if nonessential commodities are eliminated the railways can transport all commodities required by the Government in carrying on the war and by the people for their subsistence and comfort. Furthermore, those responsible for the operation of the railways do not wish to be understood as conceding that the transportation lines have reached the limit of their capacity. They are still increasing the amount of traffic they are handling, and, with greater exercise of skill and energy by railway officers and employes and increased co-operation from the shipping public and Government officials including the regulating authorities, the freight service rendered can still be largely augmented. The Railroads' War Board is issuing to railway officers and employes and to the public detailed suggestions, in addition to those already made, as to methods by which this result can be accomplished, and we have no doubt that these will be received and acted upon as similar suggestions heretofore made have been.

"The difficulties with which the railways were confronted at the beginning of the war were very great. Some of these have been overcome. The increase during the first five months of the war of 16 per cent. in freight traffic handled, with practically no increase in locomotives or cars, is equivalent to the addition of 5,000 locomotives and 360,000 cars to the number in service.

"The difficulties now confronting the railways are even greater than those they faced at the beginning of the war. They cannot get anywhere near all the men they need, they have lost many of their most efficient officers and employes because of their enlistment in the service of the Government or for other reasons, and the new men, of course, are not as efficient as those we have lost. It is impossible for the carriers to get the materials and new equipment they need, because it is thought by those in authority that the national welfare demands that the output of the iron and steel mills and of the railway equipment concerns be devoted to other purposes. Great, however, as are the difficulties which the railways are encountering in their efforts to render adequate service, we believe that if the Government and the public will be patient and will continue to give the managements of the railways their co-operation, most of these difficulties will be overcome."

JURY IS SELECTED TO TRY PAPER MEN

Hint that Government May Drop Charges, Accepting New Plan for Providing News Print.

Before Judge Mayer of the Federal District Court a jury was chosen yesterday to try the seven men indicted on a charge of violating the Sherman anti-trust law in having agreed to restrict the output of news print paper and to increase the price. After the twelve men had been selected the trial was postponed until Nov. 26. No secret was made of the fact that the defendants hoped that before that date an understanding would be reached with the Government which would result in the dismissal of the indictment.

One of the defendants is now in Canada, and is discussing with the news print manufacturers there a plan for joining the news print interests in the two countries so that the output will be sufficient for all and the price satisfactory. It is not known whether this work was undertaken with the authority of the Government, but the statement was made that the Government knew what was being done, and that the Federal authorities and the manufacturers were working in harmony. Lawyers engaged in the trial of the seven were guarded in their statements, but it was plainly intimated that the dismissal of the indictment was confidently expected.

The men under indictment are the following, the first five are executive members of the News Print Association:

George H. Mead, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the association and President of the Spanish River Pulp and Paper Mills, the Lake Superior Paper Company, and of the G. H. Mead Company of Dayton, Ohio.

Philip T. Dodge, President of the International Paper Company.

Edward W. Backus, President of the Minnesota and Ontario Power Company and of the Fort Frances Pulp and Paper Company.

George Chahoon, Jr., President of the Laurentide Company and manager of the Canada Export Paper Company.

G. H. P. Gould, President of the Gould Paper Company and the Donnacona Paper Company.

Alexander Smith, a banker of Chicago.

Frank J. Sensenbrenner, Vice President of the Kimberly Clark Company, paper manufacturers.

John Quinn and his associate, Louis Fehr, are counsel for Mr. Smith, who is said to have financed many of the manufacturers; and the counsel representing the other defendants are Gilbert Montague, John Barton Payne, John B. Stanchfield, Henry A. Wise, C. A. Thompson, James A. O'Gorman, and George Gordon Battle. The special Government prosecutor is Mark Hyman.

George F. Steele, Secretary of the News Print Association, was not named in the indictment because he appeared as a witness under subpoena before the Grand Jury and supplied many facts needed by the Government in its investigation. But this was held carefully culpable because the management was mainly in his control. Members of the association, it was alleged, controlled 85 per cent. of the news print trade and had facilities for controlling an additional 10 per cent.

"The defendants and Steele," ran the indictment, "were able to dominate to said listed concerns as to the manner in which they should carry on said trade and commerce, and were able, through their said knowledge and said connections to encroach upon said trade of such concerns as might fail to submit to the regulations, rules, and decisions."

The jurors chosen to try the defendants are F. W. Jenkins, a dealer in chinaware and glassware; Herman Doctor, manager; William H. Slattery, Superintendent; George A. Taylor, insurance; F. A. Von Bernuth, Treasurer; Edward A. Jacobs, auto supplies; Max Fraenkel, baskets; Rudolph H. Fischer, Secretary; Eugene Stratton, real estate; Maurice C. Wyman, book dealer; James J. Burns, retired, and Joseph Troxell, manager.

Only One "BROMO QUININE."—To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Helps relieve a cold in one day. 30c.—Advt.

EDISON PLAN TO USE SAILING SHIP HULLS

Install Power Quickly in 1,710,000 Tons Already Afloat, He Suggests.

SHIPPING BOARD IMPRESSED

Inventor Promises 10-Knot Speed for Transformed Craft—Submits Drawings to Board Experts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Thomas A. Edison has worked out in detail a plan to equip 1,710,000 tons of sailing vessels with engines and submitted it today to Chairman Edward N. Hurley of the United States Shipping Board.

The scheme is receiving the closest attention, and Mr. Edison will be asked tomorrow to confer with Rear Admiral W. L. Capps, General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation. Experts of the engineering department will be put at work on the details of the program.

Mr. Edison, it is said, believes that sailing vessels, under the plan he suggests, can be fitted with twin-screw equipment which will make possible a speed of from ten to twelve knots and thus make it practicable for this large fleet of vessels to enter the submarine zone under convoy.

The success of the Edison program would mean that the United States would be in a position to go far toward bridging the gap in shipping which may exist until the large merchant vessels which are now being constructed in American yards are off the ways.

Shipping Board officials today seized upon the Edison suggestion as a very valuable idea. It had been believed that because of the general model of the sailing vessels it would be impossible to equip them with engines which would generate power sufficient to give a speed that would save them from falling an easy prey to the U-boats.

Mr. Edison ridiculed this assumption and submitted his blueprints to prove his contention. He has gone over the matter with all of the care that he gave to a study of methods to defeat the attacks of the submarine and is absolutely confident that he has reached a solution of the problem which has been worrying shipbuilding officials for many months.

There are at present under control of the United States Government approximately 5,380 sailing vessels representing an aggregate gross tonnage of 1,310,000 tons. Under an agreement with the French Government another 400,000 tons is to be taken over by the United States in exchange for fast transatlantic ships. This will give America control over 1,710,000 tons of sailing vessels.

A certain percentage of these vessels will be held in the coastwise trade, and these will be the last to be equipped with engines under the Edison plan if the engineers make a favorable report.

The first attempt will probably be to equip sailing vessels to a tonnage of 1,000,000 with engines so as to add that capacity to the fleet of merchant vessels which the United States is able to put into the service of sending troops and supplies to France.

Mr. Edison said that he was willing to give every ounce of his energy and all his time to the Government in handling the problem, and suggested that he could accomplish results which the Shipping Board and Emergency Fleet Corporation officials believed to be impossible.

His conference with Chairman Hurley lasted more than an hour, and it was evident that Mr. Hurley was greatly impressed by the arguments brought forward by the inventor. If the plan submitted by Mr. Edison can be put into effect within a short time it is admitted by Shipping Board officials that it will go far to solve the problem of the danger of a shortage of shipping.

The question of the time which the program will require, as well as the expense which it will involve, will be taken up in detail by the engineering force of the Emergency Fleet Corporation. It may be stated, however, that expense will not be spared if it is shown that large results in the war against the submarine will be accomplished by the adoption of the Edison plan.

It was announced at the Shipping Board offices that a decision as to the practicability of the Edison scheme would be received from the engineers within three or four days. If they say it can be done large forces of workmen will be placed on the task.

A survey will be made to show the amount of shipping which could thus be released from the coastwise trade without interfering with the war program. As the situation developed all sailing vessels would be equipped with engines in order to obtain higher efficiency.

Mr. Edison has made up his mind that a single-screw equipment would not be practicable from any point of view. It would be almost impossible to fit the equipment to the ships, and the speed essential to any reasonable degree of safety in the submarine zone would be lacking.

'SHIPBUILDING PRIMAL DUTY'

Bowles Hints at Conscription of Workmen if Other Means Fail.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—The United States must speed up its shipbuilding program or lose the war and all that depends on it, in the opinion of Admiral Francis T. Bowles, who spoke as the representative of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, before the Chamber of Commerce here today. Admiral Bowles intimated that a draft might be resorted to to obtain shipbuilding workmen and mechanics.

"If we cannot produce the ships that we need," he said, "by the spirit of our democracy we shall have to obtain this vital result otherwise."

Admiral Bowles declared that the people in this country must be brought to a realization of the fact that without ships the armies now in process of formation would be helpless. He called attention to the fact that without vessels American fighting men could not go abroad or subsist after arriving in France and the other fighting zones.

"Shipbuilding," said Admiral Bowles, "must be regarded as a primal patriotic duty."

RUMOR DISTURBS HYLAN.

Mayor-Elect Silent on Possible Appointment of Clergyman.

Mayor-elect John F. Hylan was visibly disturbed last night over a rumor that he intended to appoint a clergyman member of the new Board of Education, composed of seven members, which the Mayor-elect will name soon after he assumes office. The report came accompanied by speculation as to whether the prospective appointee would be selected from Catholic or Protestant circles.

The Mayor-elect was questioned regarding the report last night at the headquarters of the Business Men's League. He said he had no comment to make.

"In the future," said the Mayor-elect, "all my statements regarding possible appointments will be presented in typewritten form."

It was recalled to the attention of Judge Hylan yesterday that he had written an article last February, in which he declared that some way should be found to submit to a referendum for the approval or disapproval of the voters any city expenditure above $500,000. Judge Hylan was asked if he still held to the same view.

"Whatever I have written I expect to stand by," the Mayor-elect replied.

Quality—Service—Price

DALE

BUY Direct from FACTORY AND SAVE MONEY

Display Extraordinary "Come Look"

109 West 13th St. New York
1 Door West of 6th Ave.

Dale Lighting Fixture Co.

"Paris in New York"

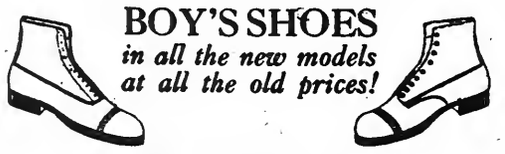
Café des Beaux-Arts

80 W. 40th St.

Dinner & Supp ' Dances With AYDA & SENOR ARBOZ.

In the Franklin Simon

Boy's Shoe Shop



BOY'S SHOES *in all the new models at all the old prices!*

EVERYTHING is changed in the Boy's Shoe Shop but the prices, and that is an achievement in these times when leather is selling at a premium. We cannot promise that this condition will last indefinitely, for it is becoming increasingly difficult to keep prices down. But for the time being at least, our new shoes for Boys are selling at the customary prices.

Boy's Tan and Black Calf Shoes with wear-resisting Kory-Krome soles, and indestructible tips.
Sizes 10 to 13½ $4.00 *Sizes 1 to 6* $4.50

Boy's Mahogany Tan Calf Shoes in an entirely new English model, with heavy welted soles.
Sizes 1 to 6 $6.00

Boy's Orthopaedic Shoes in Blucher design, made of gun metal calf, with viscolized waterproof soles.
Sizes 10 to 13½ $3.00 *Sizes 1 to 6* $3.50

Boys' Apparel Shop—Fifth Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue—37th and 38th Streets

Stern Brothers

West 42nd and 43rd Streets

Between 5th and Sixth Avenues

Just Received from England

Several Hundred Officers' Trench Coats

Five different models

Which will be offered at the very special price of

$48.50

Also Officers' Trench Raincoats

in four distinct models, specially priced at

$32.50

THE style illustrated is a replica of one of the most popular coats now being worn by officers in France.

Amply provided with capacious pockets for Maps, Binoculars, Rations and other accessories.

Cafe Savarin

EQUITABLE BLDG., 120 BROADWAY

Open for Breakfast After 8 A. M.

LUNCHEON SPECIALTIES

Ready at 11:30 A. M.

Luncheon specialties (ready dishes) are served in all of the Savarin Restaurants, including the Ladies' Restaurant.

DINNER IS SERVED

Until 9 P. M.

Only entrance to Cafe Savarin after 7 P. M. is by the Broadway entrance of Equitable Building and Savarin private entrance on Pine St.

TODAY'S "OLD FASHIONED"

Bargain Friday Sales

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE" *Meet me at the Fountain*

SIXTH AVE. 18TH TO 19TH STREET

The Service Flag at Our Door

TYPICAL of war-time, adopted as an indication of what has been done by members of this organization to aid the fight for Democracy, no less does it indicate the SERVICE which has been gladly given to this community for more than 21 years.

GREENHUT SERVICE TO CUT DOWN THE HIGH COST OF LIVING is a very real thing to YOU just now.

It is the very best aid we can give in these times of stress.

The best way to avail yourself of it is to

Buy Everything You Need at Greenhut's.

Millinery Trimmed Hats at $5 and $7.50

Two special groups, embracing many of this season's smartest styles. The values are very big.
Other Trimmed Hats at higher prices, ranging to $25.

A Clearance of

Untrimmed Millinery

Silk Velvet Dress Shapes at 95c
Smartest trimmed and untrimmed shapes in an attractive array of styles and colors.

Velvet Sport Hats at $2.25
These are dandies in black and colors. Band of ribbon around crown; tailored bow on side.
HATS TRIMMED FREE
If you buy shapes and trimming materials here.

Men's "Odd" Suits

From Higher Priced Lines

Today at $10

Rare Bargains for Men and Youths.

It is no exaggeration when we say that the materials alone in many of these suits are worth as much as we ask in today's sale for the finished garment.
This is our way of keeping our stocks free from broken lines.
Your choice of a good assortment of Neat Mixtures, Stripes and Plain Materials.
Snappy and conservative models.
Every size up to 40 inch chest measure.
You will have to come early today.

173 Men's "Odd" Overcoats, $13.95

Another clean-up—and again the price is less than today's wholesale quotation.
Limited assortments—broken size ranges from our own superb stocks.
TRENCH COATS—X-SHAPED COATS—ALSO CONSERVATIVE STYLES, chiefly Neat Mixtures; fairly good range of sizes.

Men's Hats

Regularly $1.50 to $2, at $1

Close to 1000 hats in this distribution. New styles in all sizes.
The Derbies in black only. The Soft Hats in blue, brown, grey, green and black.
Every hat nicely finished and have genuine leather easy-fitting cushion sweat bands.

Boys' and Children's

Hats and Caps

75c and $1 Grades

Special at 50c

Included are fine Tweeds, Velvets and Suitings. Many have inside bands to cover ears; others are silk lined. Many patterns for your choice.

A Limited Number of

Sterling Silver Belt Buckles at $1

Easily Worth $1.75 each

Sterling Silver Belt Buckles, with reinforced metal back. Choice of handsomely engraved or hammered patterns.

Linens---Towels---Sheets

Today's Sales Will Crowd These Sections Bright and Early

VALUES, VALUES AND MORE VALUES.

5c and 7c Doylies—each 3c.
Odd lot, hemstitched, blue printed Japanese luncheon doylies; also those of hemstitched cotton.
12c and 17c Crash and Towelling Remnants—Yd., 9c.
Remnants of 1 to 10 yards; bleached and brown among the lot; priced regardless of cost.
45c & 50c Turkish Towels—each 35c.
Bleached fine yarn Turkish Towels (only 250 dozen at this price).
45c Yd. Huck Towelling—Yd., 29c—for making guest towels; 15 inch fine woven huck towelling.
$1 and $1.19 Bed Sheets—for single size beds; bleached and unbleached; each 85c.
$4.75 Comforters—each $3.45.
Heavy weight cotton filled; silkoline covered.
50c and 75c Scarfs, Shams and Centerpieces—a manufacturer's clean-up of white and colored Bonnaz embroidered, more than 50 styles to choose from; each 39c.
98c Yd. Table Damask—yd., 59c
70 inches wide; heavy weight mercerized cotton; slight mill imperfections.
$1.75 and $2.50 Bed Spreads—crochet spreads for full size and ¾ beds; light and heavy weights among the lot. Slight mill imperfections; each $1.49.
$3.50 to $4.50 Pair Blankets, $2.95
Wool finished cotton; white and grey with colored borders and colored plaid blankets.
15c to 19c Towels—hemmed huck, hemmed bleached Turkish and hemmed glass towels each 12½c.

For the Home

Portieres—fine quality velour; open front edges; French styles in various color combinations; rose and gold, rose and blue, brown and blue, green and gold, red and green, green and green; regularly $24.50; at $19.75
$1.75 and $1.95 Curtains—made of scrim; imitation cluny insertion and edge; Dutch effect; white and ecru; pair $1.59
$1.25, $1.35 and $1.65 Imported Cretonnes—situable for drapes and covering; yard $1.10

IN THE RUG DEPARTMENT—
$39.50 Seamless and Seamed Axminster Rugs—size 9x12; special at $32.50
$26.50 Seamless Velvet Rugs—size 9x12; at $19.50
$2.95 Reversible Selvage Smyrna Rugs—size 30x60 inches; special at $2.59

A Magnificent, Complete

Player Piano Outfit For $340

Join our new Player Piano Club at once to obtain its many advantages.

See what this remarkable offer consists of:
A High-Class Player Piano,
A Beautiful Player Piano Bench to Match,
A Handsome Music Roll Cabinet,
An Excellent Protection Cover,
12 Rolls of Music of Your Own Selection.

And in addition to quoting the lowest price in New York on a magnificent, fully guaranteed Player Piano Outfit, we

DELIVER FREE OF CHARGE

There are no extra interest charges of any kind whatsoever.

The Entire Remarkable Combination Offer as Described Above Is Yours on Our Club Plan for $340.

On Special Terms of $5 Down and $2 a Week

Exchange your old piano—we will make a liberal allowance. Act promptly; join the club at once; have some real music in your home for Thanksgiving.

Any Victrola of the Latest Model Offered on Trial Free for 30 Days.

For full particulars visit our Victrola Studio on the Fifth Floor.

For Boys

Winter Suits, Mackinaws, Overcoats Today at $5

Limited assortments of these excellent Winter garments, selected from higher priced lines, and reduced to sell at a five dollar bill today.

Boys' Mackinaw Coats—in convertible and shawl collar models; heavy Mackinaw Cloths and Rich Plaids; sizes 7 to 17 years; at $5
Boys' Long Convertible Collar Overcoats—in heavy weight gray and brown; fancy mixtures; warm and serviceable linings; sizes 8 to 17 years; at $5
Boys' One and Two Trouser Norfolk Suits—slash and patch pocket styles; fancy gray and brown Tweeds, Cheviots, Homespuns, etc.; and other seasonable Mixtures; sizes 7 to 17 years; at $5
Juniors' Trench, Button-to-Neck and Double Breasted, Convertible Collar Overcoats—in heavyweight weaves, in browns and grays, with warm linings; sizes 2½ to 10 years; at $5

EXTRA SPECIAL!

Boys' Norfolk Suits

Sizes 8 to 17 Years

Today at $3.95

Heavy weight and seasonable fancy mixtures; ALSO Boys' Drab Norfolk Corduroy Suits in sizes 8 to 16 years, at $3.95.

Women's Shoes

$3 to $5 Grades Today . . . $2.45

These were made up for a prominent out-of-town retailer. Every pair perfect and in up-to-date styles.

Button and Lace style, in Patent Leather only. All have Goodyear welted soles. All sizes in the lot from 2½ to 6; A to D widths.

Women's and Misses' $16.50 to $22.50

Coats, Suits and Dresses Today at $14.75

Selections from our regular stocks, reduced sharply.

THE COATS—at $14.75
Many styles, some with large convertible collars, some of fur, others trimmed with velvet or plush, or of same material—Fabrics include Velour Cloth, Thibet, Fine coatings and Oxford, Navy and Black Mixtures.
THE DRESSES—at $14.75
Distinctive new styles for afternoon and informal wear, beautifully fashioned of Satin, Charmeuse, Crepe de Chine and Men's Wear Serge in correct colorings.
THE SUITS—at $14.75
Smart in style bespeaking the uttermost refinement in the tailor's art. Fabrics include BUBELLA CLOTH, SERGE AND GABARDINE. New colors, including navy blue and black.

No C. O. D., Mail, Phone or Approval Orders Filled.

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department or for $2 in Cash at the ℒℳ Office on the Fifth Floor. We Give ℒℳ Green Trading Stamps as Usual. Ask for Them. Double ℒℳ Stamps till 12 o'Clock. Single ℒℳ Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

The cost of hiring a contractor who can make good isn't anything compared with the cost of hiring one who can't.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Constructing

CLEARS PROHIBITION STAND.

Episcopal Convention Stands Behind Government on Liquor Measures.

The 134th Annual Convention of the New York Diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church, which has been in session for three days, adjourned yesterday. Bishop Grear, at the closing session, brought up again the question of national prohibition. He said that four of the newspapers had misconstrued the attitude of the convention from the events of Wednesday, when a motion favoring the enactment of a Federal measure for prohibition for the duration of the war was sent to a committee, and another resolution pledging all the members of the convention to abstain from alcoholic liquors was defeated. He asked Bishop Burch to explain the situation. Bishop Burch said that the Church as a whole was in favor of temperance, and he offered for readoption the resolution passed at the convention last year which favored in general terms total abstinence for both clergymen and laymen in the diocese. The Rev. Dr. William T. Manning offered the following amendment:

"Resolved, That this convention hereby declares its unqualified approval and support of such measures as the Government shall see fit to take to secure the establishment of national prohibition during the period of the war."

The resolution and amendment were passed unanimously.

Resolutions dealing with motion pictures which were adopted yesterday declared for a better control of moving pictures and also for a modified form of State censorship.

The convention went on record as favoring a close observance of Sunday, and also as opposing any lowering of the standards of labor as a war measure.

An appeal was made for Syrian and Armenian war sufferers.

KILL BANDIT; RECOVER LOOT

Posse Accounts for Two of Four Men Who Robbed a Paymaster.

NEW CASTLE, Penn., Nov. 15.—Posses of deputy sheriffs and State Constabulary searching for the four bandits who shortly after noon held up an automobile containing A. D. Farrell, superintendent of the G. W. Johnson Limestone Company, and two employes and, after killing one of the employes and wounding Farrell, escaped with $17,000 in pay roll envelopes, late today found one of the robbers dead in a clump of bushes near the scene of the holdup and shot another of the bandits who had concealed himself in a tree about a mile from the robbery. In the possession of the two bandits was $9,700 of the money taken from the Farrell automobile.

The superintendent's party was fired upon while passing along a lonely road ten miles west of this city, as the party was en route to Hillsville to pay off some workers. The bandits opened fire as they ran into the road. Farrell, who was driving, was hit by a bullet and the machine ran into the ditch. The four bandits then ran to the automobile and each taking one of the four boxes of pay envelopes escaped through the bushes.

"Warms me up on the inside"—Bobby

POST TOASTIES

COLD WEATHER CORN FOOD

CIVIL SERVICE.

FARM INSTRUCTOR

Salary $900 to $1,500

Candidates must be at least 21 years of age, who have had experience as a teacher in an ordinary school and in practical agricultural work, or experience as a teacher in an agricultural school and in the handling of boys and men. Subjects and weights: Experience, 4; duties, 4; oral, 2.

Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, until NOV. 26, 1917, AT 4 P. M.

For further particulars see City Record or apply to

MUNICIPAL CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Skin Tortured Babies Sleep After Cuticura

It's really wonderful how quickly a hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by a gentle anointing with Cuticura Ointment relieves irritations, burnings and chafings, permits sleep for infant and rest for mother, in many cases when it seems nothing would do any good. This is only one of the many things Cuticura does for the skin. Use them for everyday toilet purposes. They will aid you in having a clear skin, clean scalp, good hair and soft hands. Samples free by return mail for the asking. Address post-card: "Cuticura," Dept. 6M, Boston. Sold everywhere.

OFFICIALS EXPLAIN WAR SAVINGS PLAN

McAdoo and Vanderlip Open $2,000,000,000 Campaign at "Frugality Dinner."

DIRECTORS THEIR GUESTS

Speakers Predict National Response to the Appeals of These Patriotic Business Leaders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The campaign for the sale of $2,000,000,000 worth of war savings certificates was virtually launched by Secretary McAdoo and Frank A. Vanderlip, Chairman of the War Savings Committee, at a dinner given at the New Willard Hotel tonight to the various district and State directors of this new financial campaign under Federal auspices. The actual opening of the campaign will occur on Dec. 2, when the sale of the new certificates will start.

A practical demonstration of thrift was given at tonight's dinner, which was in point of fact a "frugality repast," held for the purpose of discussing the work of organization for an intensive campaign for the sale of these new certificates. Instead of having the usual six or seven course dinner, at a cost of $5 or more, a three-course dinner, which cost not more than $1.50 a plate, was served. It consisted of soup, chicken, two vegetables, and ice-cream. The serving of chicken is in keeping with a desire to conserve beef for army use. Conservation of cigars was practiced, for instead of placing two or three beside the plate of each diner, a box was passed. No limit was placed on the number that each guest might take, but one was the unofficial allotment a man.

Speeches were made by Secretary McAdoo, Frank A. Vanderlip, Robert F. Herrick of Boston, Postmaster General Burleson, and Basil P. Blackett of the British Treasury. Mr. Vanderlip, as Chairman of the War Savings Committee, under whose immediate supervision the directors will work, presided as toastmaster.

In his speech at the dinner Mr. Vanderlip said:

"There could be no finer inspiration than the group of men who are sitting around this table. You are men of large affairs, from nearly every State in the Union, who, at the request of the Secretary of the Treasury, have closed your desks and come to Washington to devote yourselves to one of the great undertakings of the war.

"You are the representatives of the Secretary of the Treasury in bringing to the attention of every man, woman, and child in the country, especially the investor of small means, the tremendous service he can render the Government in these critical days. You are called upon to point out the tremendous value of saving the pennies as well as the dollars. You are called upon to awaken the public to the fact that every time a man or woman refrains from buying an unnecessary article, labor which produced that article is released for necessary work to support our armies in the field. The response you have made in coming here on this very short notice is an evidence of your patriotism. When you return to your homes and begin this campaign I predict you will find the same ready response from the people of the United States. They will begin to save, and they will save in a way which will not only release great sums for the use of the Government, but will establish habits of thrift which will lay the foundations for the future greatness of America."

Secretary McAdoo referred to the patriotic and unselfish response made to the call for service to make the war-savings campaign the inspiring success that the two Liberty Loans had been, and said:

"Such organizations as we are perfecting here now will do as much in their own way in delivering the crushing blows to the enemy as our gallant men in the field. They will do the fighting with true American valor, but the responsibility rests upon you and me and every other citizen of the United States who is not in active field service to provide them with the equipment and machines to enable them to fight successfully.

"The work you have undertaken to do in organizing a countrywide campaign to bring to the attention of the American people the value of investing their savings in war-savings certificates, which are obligations of the United States Treasury bearing interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, is one of the most vital and essential parts of the great financial operations in which the Government must engage if the war is to be successfully prosecuted. The value of the war-savings plan consists, not alone in the amount of money which the people of the United States may lend to their Government upon the certificates which are sold, but also in the lesson which will be taught in the habits of thrift that will be inculcated as a result of it. What this will mean in conserving the resources of America is inestimable. What this will mean in the future economy of America is incalculable.

"Victory can only be won by the valor of our soldiers, combined with the intelligent use of our resources. Savings and economy enlarge the available resources of the country for war, and the industry of the people is necessary to put those resources in the form which will enable our soldiers to use them with victorious effect upon the battle fronts.

"There is no more important movement in America today than this movement for savings and economy. I welcome you to this inspiring task. I know that you will perform it with a patriotism, courage, and enterprise so characteristic of America.

"And when the victory for liberty and democracy is won, and America's rights and national integrity have been made safe beyond question, you will have the superlative satisfaction of knowing that you have contributed nobly to that glorious result."

President Wilson will receive the Directors at the White House tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

THEATRE FOLK GIVE WAR AID

Will Appear at Fete des Allies at the Waldorf Today.

The Fete des Allies on the Waldorf roof this afternoon and evening will have some prominent theatrical attractions to aid in making a success of its project for securing funds to equip dormitories for members of the allied armies and navies who may find themselves stranded in New York City overnight.

Mrs. Clifford Taber McAllister, who, with Mrs. William Cummins Storey, organized the affair, said last night that practically the entire Winter Garden show would appear during the afternoon. Other entertainers expected are Raymond Hitchcock, Grace La Rue, and some of the best known professional skaters. The National Emergency Relief Society for Army and Navy, which is holding the fête, was organized recently to care for men of our own and allied armies who come to New York on furlough and forget to save enough out of their funds to provide sleeping accommodations. Two houses have been donated for conversion into dormitories and funds are needed to equip them.

TO RESTRICT OUTPUT OF PLEASURE AUTOS

Every Available Ton of Steel Needed Now for Nation's War Industries.

FORD OFFERS HIS PLANT

Likely to be Put to Work Making Parts of Engines and Boilers for Ships.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The Government is prepared to shut down on the wholesale manufacture of pleasure automobiles, as the 2,000,000 tons of steel used annually for this purpose is needed for munitions and shipping.

Henry Ford, Hugh Chalmers, and other prominent automobile manufacturers were in Washington today to confer with the members of the War Industries Board and Chairman Hurley of the United States Shipping Board.

Mr. Ford made an offer to turn his entire industry over to the Government for the manufacture of shipping equipment "at any price I can get." He said that profit was the last thing he was considering in the present emergency. As a result, Mr. Ford probably will be called upon to manufacture certain small parts of engines and boilers which are essential to the shipping program. When he left Mr. Hurley he stated that he was awaiting word to do whatever the Government asked him to do.

The Government, it was stated, was not in the mood to disturb the automobile industry more than was necessary, but was prepared to call upon this class of manufacturers to drop personal interests and unite their energies in promoting the shipping and airplane programs. In fact, the legislation enacted by Congress makes it possible for the Government to shut off supplies of essential steel to the automobile industry unless the conditions put forward by the War Industries Board are met.

It is said that the automobile manufacturers in appearing before the War Industries Board found little hope that anything like normal conditions in the industry would be permitted to exist. They were told frankly that the demands of the munition factories, the airplane industry, and the shipbuilding program must be supplied before the other branches of trade were considered.

The steel market, it was pointed out, was in a condition where every ton was needed to build up a great war machine, and the automobile manufacturers were told that it was their patriotic duty to co-operate in such an effort. There was no disposition to hold back, according to what could be learned of the proceedings.

It is possible that the output of pleasure cars will not be entirely interrupted, but it is positive that it will be seriously curtailed during the period of the war. A few years from now a 1918 model automobile will be a curiosity, according to one Government expert.

The discussions today were in line with the efforts of Dr. H. A. Garfield to conserve coal by shutting down on the supplies which are to be given to the non-essential industries. The only difference is that the automobile plants will be used to full capacity in turning out parts for ship and airplane equipment, and, if practicable, for munitions work.

The steps taken today were received as the forerunner of others which must bring about a great industrial readjustment to meet the conditions faced by the country in war times.

AID FOR RIOTERS' VICTIM.

Fund for Family of Home Defense Member Killed While on Duty.

A. M. White, Special Deputy Police Commissioner, head of the Home Defense League, sent out an appeal last night for the family of Adam Mang, attacked and killed on election night. The following appeal is addressed to the officers of the Home Defense League precinct companies in all boroughs:

"On election night, Adam Mang of 468 West Forty-seventh Street, Manhattan, a member of the Home Defense League of the Twenty-sixth Precinct, was killed by a blow from a brick thrown while he was assisting the police in extinguishing bonfires in the streets.

"Mang leaves a widow and three children, two boys, 14 and 12 years, and a little girl of 5 years. The circumstances of the family are such that it should be the pleasure of fellow members of the league to assist in making up a fund which would relieve the widow from the immediate privations caused by her husband's death, and at the same time be a testimonial to his memory and his faithful service.

"Contributions to this fund may be made through the Captain of each Home Defense League company, who will then transmit them to James C. Auchincloss, 61 Broadway."

Use Sugar Sparingly—Do Not Waste It

Everyone—manufacturers and householders—should use sugar sparingly for the present.

The supply is limited and will be until the new crop of cane can be harvested and shipped from Cuba and the Tropics. The supply will then be ample.

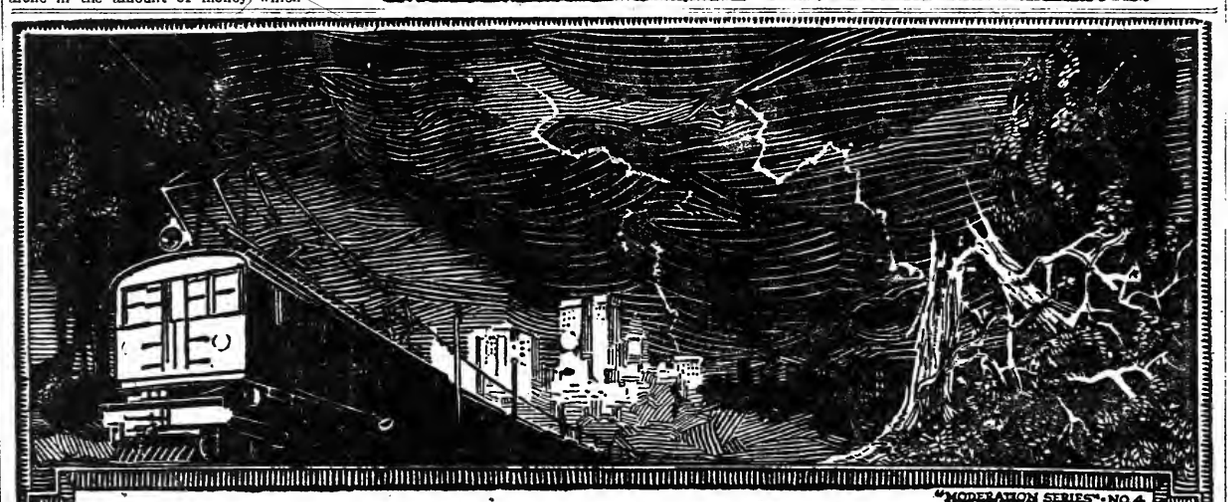
In the meantime, the people of the New England and Atlantic Coast States should use sugar sparingly.

Grocers should limit their sales to any one family. No one should hoard or waste sugar. Do not pay an increased retail price.

American Sugar Refining Company

"Sweeten it with Domino"

Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown



"MODERATION SERIES"—NO. 4

Electricity—the Friend of Man, and Also the Foe of Man

WHEN harnessed up by science it is one of Nature's most valuable gifts. When it is not under control, it often spells ruin. There are few things wholly evil or wholly good. We all know dyspepsia arises from immoderate eating; but it is also unhealthful to eat too little. Over-indulgence in anything is bad. Because of this we were given the heaven-born power of reasoning, in the not-too-much of anything.

Our sovereign brew BUDWEISER has for sixty years been a beverage of sane moderation. It has untold numbers of friends in every civilized land because of its Purity, Quality, Mildness and exclusive Saazer Hop Flavor. BUDWEISER sales exceed other beers by millions of bottles.

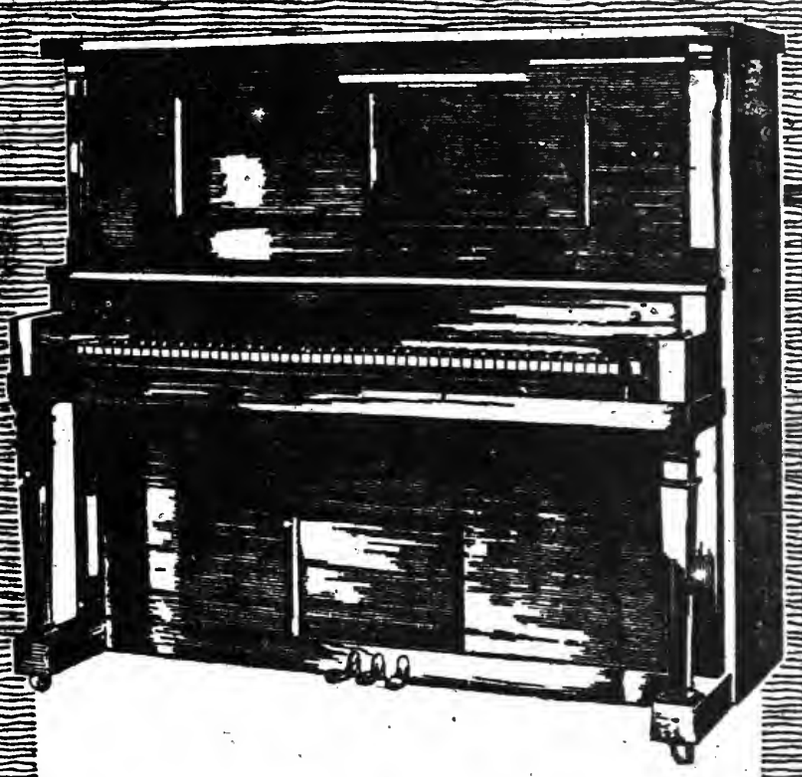
ANHEUSER-BUSCH • ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.

Visitors to St. Louis are courteously invited to inspect our plant—covers 142 acres

On Sale Everywhere. Families supplied by Grocers and Retailers.
Anheuser-Busch Agency, Distributors, New York
A. Busch Bottling Co., Distributors, Brooklyn

Budweiser

Means Moderation



2-DAY PIANO SALE

Friday and Saturday only—Sale positively closed 9 o'clock Saturday evening. Piano Department will remain open to accommodate those who cannot come during the day.

We have prepared for the biggest holiday business in our history. If you will come to our showrooms you will see that the Pianos and Player Pianos that have just arrived have packed our floors until we are seriously inconvenienced. This sale is offered to produce more space, and the great reductions you will find at this time would not be made if it were not for this fact. The instruments represent the greatest values we have ever offered in our history. Every one has been gone over and is in splendid condition. Several of them we could call as good as new, as you would agree. The values are so great that we expect to sell them all by Saturday 9 p. m.

Player Pianos

	Former Value.	Sale Price.
Krell Autogrand Player Piano (Mahog.)	$850	$185
Wilbur (*Pease make*) Player Piano (Mahog.)	$550	$225
Doll & Sons Player Piano	$750	$250
Steck Metrostyle Pianola Player Piano	$800	$300
Apollo Player Piano (Walnut)	$800	$325
Kingston Player Piano (Fum. Oak sample)	$550	$375
Kingston Player Piano (Mahogany)	$500	$395
Kranich & Bach Player Piano (Mahog.)	$850	$425

Pianos

Payments as low as One Dollar a week. $1

	Former Value.	Sale Price.
Marshall & Smith	$275	$35
Whittier	250	50
New England (Mahogany)	400	100
Stohlman (Mahogany)	275	135
Wissner	275	140
Auerbach (Mahogany)	300	145
Harrington (Oak)	400	200
Sohmer (Dark Mahogany)	450	225
Chapman	450	235
Sohmer's Grand	800	225
Wurlitzer Grand (demonstration used, apartment size)	600	450

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The Rudolph Wurlitzer Co.

115 WEST FORTIETH STREET

Between Broadway and Sixth Ave.

GREENWICH VILLAGE OPENS ITS THEATRE

With a Resident Company Doing One-Act Plays a la Washington Square.

FRANK CONROY, DIRECTOR

An Interesting Little House and a Promising, if Unsensational, Start.

BEHIND A WATTEAU PICTURE, a fantasy in two scenes, by Robert E. Rogers, with music by W. Franke Harling; EFFICIENCY, a drama, by Robert H. Davis and Perley Poore Sheehan; THE FESTIVAL OF BACCHUS, a comedy, by Arthur Schnitzler, translated by Charles Henry Meltzer. Acted by the following Greenwich Village Players: Frank Conroy, Harold Meltzer, Eugene Ward, Everett Glass, Edwin Strawbridge, Joseph Macauley, Remo Bufano, Frank W. McDonald, David Pennington, Leonard Brooke, Hal Papham, George Weston, Sydney Carlisle, Fania Marinoff, and Margaret Fareleigh. At the Greenwich Village Theatre.

The Washington Square Company has a younger brother, and this child was born at home, right there in Sheridan Square where Fourth Street and Seventh Avenue come together. Its cradle is another of those little theatres that seat some 299 enthusiasts when they are all there and enthusiastic. It is a neat house, quite architectural, though simple, and it is very picturesquely situated on an obtuse-angle corner, its lights shining pleasantly down the Village streets.

The destinies of the enterprise rest in the hands of one of the more notable actors lately identified with the elder company—Frank Conroy, Director. The régime thus seems to be a Dictatorship, rather than a Council of Workmen and Delegates. No Bolsheviki here.

The opening bill consists of three one-acters, the first foreign, being by Arthur Schnitzler, and the others by new and native playwrights. The fare is shrewdly varied—a gently satiric comedy of marital relations, which shows how infidelity may be compatible with, even contributory to, fidelity; a fairly imaginative dramatic shocker, aimed at the Kaiser, and a picturesque Pierrot fantasy in verse. The company is happily chosen throughout and is led by Mr. Conroy and Fania Marinoff, distinguished artists both; the scenes are in excellent taste, with a touch of beauty, and the stage management thoroughly capable.

It was the Schnitzler play, naturally, which carried off the dramatic honors. Like the "Anatol" episodes, it pictures domestic irregularities with a keen eye for their surface humors and with an underlying sense of moral values with which Schnitzler is not popularly credited. It is a morality which is not at all conventional, and least of all perhaps in Vienna, but which is loyal to the more fundamental human impulses. In this "Festival of Bacchus" we see a husband stumbling upon his young wife and her lover in the act of eloping; taking in the situation with keen intelligence; reappropriating his wife with an easy mastery, and finally condoning her temporary faithlessness for the sake of the real loyalty and devotion which, as the audience has already been made to feel, she has always instinctively felt for him.

The dramatic shocker, "Efficiency," shows a new Frankenstein of science, a maimed soldier who has been made marvelously capable again by a new German invention. His inventor presents him to the Kaiser, who is highly delighted at being thus able to save the wastage of war—until the seeming automaton reveals a human heart and murders his Majesty in his iron clutch. The verdict is: Important if true.

The Watteau picture of the final piece shows us the bored Marquise sitting beside a garden gateway with her two gallants. At the touch of Harlequin, the figures come to life and enter the garden. It is the macabre abode of the melancholy Pierrot, and the intruders witness and take part in his troubles with a very gay and heartless Columbine. The play is in rather ineffective rhymed verse, and its action, though it culminates in a doubly fatal duel for Columbine's kisses, (the Marquise being more bored at this time than ever,) is not strikingly dramatic. But the scenes and costumes are very beautiful, and the experiment is thoroughly interesting as are its novelty and imaginative intention.

Mr. Conroy played the throttled Emperor with dignity and the Schnitzler husband with admirable subtlety and power. Miss Marinoff was the Schnitzler wife and also the dancing Columbine, giving two widely different performances with rare skill and charm.

Like the elder company, these villagers seem inspired by a genuine spirit of pioneering, and their work is as valuable to the local art of the drama as it is enjoyable to all folk who are interested in the rare, the unusual, and the experimental.

PLANS THEATRE IN PARIS.

George Blumenthal Would Entertain American Soldiers on Leave.

Plans for the establishment of a theatre in Paris to be devoted exclusively to American productions, with a view to the entertainment of American soldiers on leave, were announced yesterday by George Blumenthal, formerly associated with Oscar and Arthur Hammerstein. The plan, it is declared, has been approved by President Wilson, Secretary McAdoo, and the French Ambassador.

A theatre seating about 1,500 persons will be rented, and it is purposed to rename it the "Over There." Three performances daily will be given—a comedy in the morning, a drama in the afternoon, and a musical show in the evening—and in that way it is expected to entertain about 30,000 soldiers in a week. A certain number of free tickets will be distributed among our men, and there also will be paid admissions. Any surplus derived will be distributed among the dependents of those incapacitated in service and a percentage will be given to the Actors' Fund of America.

A company of about fifty, according to the present plans, will be taken to Paris from this country, and all attachés of the house will be Americans. It is hoped to open the theatre in January.

Hunter Association Reunion Plans.

James W. Gerard and Charles E. Hughes are to speak at the twenty-second annual reunion and dinner of the Thomas Hunter Association, which is to be held at the Hotel Astor on Saturday evening, Nov. 24. The Rev. Warner W. Giles and Major Wallace McCutcheon of the British forces will also be among the speakers. The association is composed of former pupils of the old Grammar School 35, of which the late Thomas Hunter was Principal in the seventies. Bartow S. Weeks is President and A. E. Pressinger, Charles D. Graham, F. R. Fortmeyer, D. J. Seligman, A. Howard Hopping, Walter P. Silleck, T. B. Robertson, E. C. Evans, Hayward Cleveland, and Henry M. White are among the members.

TORTOLA VALENCIA DANCES.

An International Program at Century—Young Duncan Dancers.

Tortola Valencia, of whose Maja Dance one catches a fleeting glimpse in "Miss 1917," gave a program of eight numbers yesterday afternoon at The Century. Besides La Maja, only one of the dances was Spanish, a tragic gypsy dance. Two of the remaining numbers were Arabian and two Indian; one, a funeral march, was classical, and one, the Dance of the Gnome in "Peer Gynt," was Norwegian.

Señorita Valencia is happiest in work that calls for bodily vigor and saliently characteristic expression. In the Hindu Snake Dance the movements of her arms and hands were extraordinarily suggestive of serpentine writhings, and the Dance of the Gnome was a striking achievement of squatting, bounding, grotesque. In the other numbers her most notable effects were the deliberate grace of the Maja Dance and the sombre, hag-like passion of the Gypsy Dance. A large audience was liberal in applause.

The Century Theatre Orchestra accompanied the dances, and in the intervals there was music by the Blue and White Marimba Band.

Isadora Duncan's young dancers, without their chief, who is leaving for a tour of her old home, California, arranged by Coburn & Neagle, began a series of independent matinées at the Liberty Theatre yesterday, assisted by the Little Symphony, under George Barrere, and by John Cowper Powis in an opening address. There were dances from the "Iphigenia" and "Orpheus" of Gluck, and some closing waltzes of Schubert, which earned his "Musical Moment" and "Marche Militaire" four encores, as well as many flowers for the young women, known only by their first names, Anna, Therese, Irina, Liese, Marguerite, and Erica. The dancers showed individual charm and talent, deserving not only their present exhibition, but also the chance to make a reputation under their own proper names.

CONCERTS OF A DAY.

Mary Jordan, Arthur Alexander, and Thibaud and Bauer.

Mary Jordan, an admired contralto, whose annual recital filled Aeolian Hall with a gala audience last night, sang "The Star-Spangled Banner" amid a decoration of flags and palms, and introduced into her program not only French, Russian, and old Hebrew airs, which were redemanded, but also American negro folk songs, and, by request, Stephen Foster's "Suwanee River," which the house applauded at the first bars from Carl Deis at the piano. Miss Jordan sang three unusual numbers with evident sympathy, as she did Arthur Whiting's "Hundred Pipers" and H. T. Burleigh's "The Sailor's Wife," among her less familiar pieces.

Arthur Alexander, tenor, sang to his own artistic accompaniment an entire program from old Italian and German to modern French and American composers yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall. Mr. Alexander's voice of agreeable quality, his communicative appreciation and delivery of poetic texts have been made known here before, as evidenced by the fact that most of both the French and American groups were "request" numbers, including airs of Duparc, Dupont and Widor, La Forge, Campbell-Tipton, and Carl Busch.

Jacques Thibaud and Harold Bauer continued yesterday their complete recitals of Beethoven's sonatas for violin and pianoforte at the Punch and Judy Theatre, where the concluding matinée takes place a week from next Monday, under the auspices of the Society of the Friends of Music. Four sonatas made up yesterday's program, heard in intimate surroundings by an audience of enthusiasts, quick to show its delight in a performance far from the run of crowded events in local concert halls.

JASCHA HEIFETZ, SOLOIST.

He Plays Bruch in D Minor with the Symphony Society.

At the concert of the New York Symphony Society yesterday afternoon Jascha Heifetz, the young Russian violinist, who was found so admirable an artist at his opening recital three weeks ago, made his first appearance here with an orchestra. He played Bruch's concerto in D minor, not a work of the first order, and not one making the highest demands upon an artist's emotional or intellectual equipment. But the music was put on a higher level by Mr. Heifetz's noble and dignified performance of it.

There was all the beauty, the richness, the seizing quality of tone that he displayed at his recital; there was the fine finish, the unerring certainty in intonation, the security and firmness of rhythm, the beauty and elegance of phrasing through breadth and elasticity of bowing. All these qualities appeared in a performance of the concerto marked by singular poise, simplicity, and concentration. Only a master plays with such style and such effect. The desire still remains to hear Mr. Heifetz in concerted music of the first rank. There was much applause for his playing.

The orchestra repeated its effective performance of Théodore Dubois's "French" symphony, and closed with George Schumann's "Variations and double fugue on a merry theme": pleasing music of its kind with a high Teutonic flavor.

LEGACY TO MRS. BOOTH.

C. D. Stickney Leaves $93,689 to Wife of Gen. Ballington Booth.

Mrs. Maud Booth, wife of General Ballington Booth of the Volunteers of America, received $93,689 as residuary legatee under the will of Charles D. Stickney, lawyer and philanthropist, who died March 9, 1916. This was disclosed yesterday in the transfer tax report of Mr. Stickney's estate, showing that he left $178,914 gross and $113,689 net. Mathilda M. and Elizabeth C. Steuart, daughters of a life-long friend of the decedent, got $10,000 each.

The bulk of the estate consisted of his interest of $125,711 in the estate of his mother, Mary A. Stickney.

DINES HENRY WATTERSON.

Louisville Editor Is Guest of Alexander Konta.

In honor of Henry Watterson, editor of The Louisville Courier Journal, a dinner was given at the Ritz-Carlton last night by Alexander Konta.

Besides the guest of honor and the host, others present were Mayor John Purroy Mitchel, whose grandfather was a friend of Colonel Watterson; Colonel George Harvey, Frank I. Cobb, Herbert B. Swope, George McAneny, Patrick Francis Murphy, Dr. Alonzo Terry, Edward G. Riggs, and Theodora Rousseau.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Eugene Walter's newest drama, "The Assassin," will have its first performance in Atlantic City late next month. It is being produced by the Shuberts.

Noel Haddon has rejoined the Washington Square Players, and is appearing in two of the playlets now at the Comedy.

"Going Up," a musical comedy by Otto Harbach, James Montgomery, and Louis A. Hirsch, had its first performance at Atlantic City last night. It is expected to come into New York in about a month.

A special performance of "Oh, Boy," will be given at the Casino Theatre at midnight next Thursday for the benefit of the Army and Navy Transport Fund. The receipts will be used to purchase phonographs for transports.

FRIEDA HEMPEL IN 'L'ELISIR D'AMORE'

German Soprano Applauded for Her Excellent Performance of Coquettish Adina.

CARUSO SINGS NEMORINO

Donizetti's Comic Opera Given with Spirit in Italian Under Gennaro Papi's Direction.

L'ELISIR D'AMORE, an opera in three acts and four scenes. Book by Felice Romani, (in Italian.) Music by Gaetano Donizetti. At the Metropolitan Opera House.

Adina .... Frieda Hempel
Giannetta .... Lenora Sparkes
Nemorino .... Enrico Caruso
Belcore .... Antonio Scotti
Dulcamara .... Adamo Didur
Conductor—Gennaro Papi.

There was contrast enough with the first two evenings at the opera in the third, which was last evening, when Donizetti's comedy, "L'Elisir d'Amore," was given. It is an opera that has been restored in recent seasons to the repertory of the Metropolitan by the presence in the company of Miss Frieda Hempel: an artist able to sing the music of the rôle of Adina as no other soprano who has been here since Mme. Sembrich. And so this German soprano was necessary for the production of Donizetti's comic opera in Italian this season. She sang beautifully and represented the coquettish village maiden with arch gayety. It is worthy of note that she was cordially received and applauded in accordance with the excellence of her singing.

Mr. Caruso finds one of his best parts in Nemorino, the peasant consumed with a jealousy which suffers nothing from over-subtlety as Mr. Caruso presents it in his actions. He was in better voice last evening than he was on the first night of the season, but he was not at his best, though he expended his voice prodigally and made many of his accustomed effects in the music, notably in "Una furtiva lagrima," near the end.

Mr. Scotti's gallant Sergeant Belcore is a familiar figure and loses nothing of allurement in figure and presence as time goes on, though the voice is not what once it was. There is rich unctuousness in Mr. Didur's impersonation of the imposing quack, Dr. Dulcamara, though not much of that quality in his voice.

The little piece was presented with plenty of spirit under Mr. Papi's direction. The chorus sang heartily.

SAYS MRS. STIASSNY HAD CAUSE FOR SUICIDE

Cousin Declares Widow Killed Herself When She Found Her Estate Wrecked.

Mrs. Sarah M. Stiassny, who was found dead in her bed with two bullet wounds on Wednesday before last, killed herself because she had discovered that the treachery of an adviser had deprived her of a valuable piece of property, according to Richard I. Epstein, a cousin of Mrs. Stiassny, who told his story publicly for the first time yesterday.

He said that this discovery came at the end of a period of ill-health, aggravated by worry lest she should be forced into bankruptcy. Epstein said that Mrs. Stiassny found out that she had been defrauded only the night before she was found dead, and that he had no doubt that this disclosure caused her to reach a sudden decision to kill herself.

"Instead of being rich, as she has been represented, her affairs were very much involved," he said. "Her property was nearly all mortgaged. Her bank account was overdrawn. She had borrowed money from many of her friends. She did not know where she was going to get money to meet her taxes this year. Recently she had said to me several times: 'Do you think that I will pull through?' She had this dread of going bankrupt constantly before her. During the two weeks before her death she had suffered constantly from a severe headache."

Mr. Epstein said that features of the case which had been represented as doubtful could readily be cleared up. He said that the nightgown with powder stains on it, which had been found behind a radiator in the apartment, had been placed there to dry it after washing. He said that the garment had been produced instantly when Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling had asked for it. As for the three missing cartridges, two of which were located in a trap under the laundry tubs, Mr. Epstein said that these had probably been dropped accidentally by the policeman who had opened the revolver. He said that Dr. B. M. Feldman had told him that a policeman had opened the revolver in his presence and found five cartridges in it.

The statement was made at the office of Max D. Steuer, counsel for Epstein. Mr. Steuer said that he had directed Dora Watts, the colored maid, to tell Mr. Dooling all that she knew about the case.

"I have made every effort to assist the District Attorney in this matter," he said. "When the maid refused to say anything at the District Attorney's office I told her, and Mr. Epstein told her, to tell freely everything that she knew."

The lack of developments after a week of investigation convinced most of those connected with the District Attorney's office yesterday that the case was one of suicide, which was the original verdict by Dr. Otto H. Schultze, medical assistant to the District Attorney. Assistant District Attorney Dooling said yesterday that he still thought that many points must be investigated and that nothing had occurred to clear up suspicious features to his satisfaction. He said that he had not yet received a report from Loren C. Horton, the handwriting expert, who has been asked to render an opinion on the genuineness of the note signed by the name of Mrs. Stiassny indicating her intention to kill herself.

MOTION PICTURES. MOTION PICTURES.

Why Men Leave Rome See Cleopatra

It Was Great While it Lasted. —Marc Antony
WILLIAM FOX Presents THEDA BARA
CLEOPATRA
A Little Vamping Now And Then Is Relished By The Best of Men.
VAMPIRE MAT. NEXT MONDAY Anxious or suspicious wives may disguise themselves and mix with the man-snarers.
LYRIC THEATRE, 42nd St. W. of Broadway. MATINEE TODAY, 2:30—25c & 50c. TONIGHT, 8:30—25c to $1.00. (All Reserved.)

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Tomor'w & Wed. All Seats 50c to $2. All That's Best in Musical Comedy Klaw & Erlanger's Production Par Excellence. The Riviera Girl Music Kalman. Book & Lyrics Bolton & Wodehouse. Theatre Pays Government Tax on $2.50 Orchestra Seats. AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way & 40 St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:20. "A Complete Triumph."—Herald CHARLES FROHMAN Presents ANN MURDOCK "A Fascinating Goldilocks."—Post. "A Charming Goldilocks."—Tribune. In Edward Childs Carpenter's Comedy "THE THREE BEARS" "The most amusing light comedy I have seen this season." —Louis Sherwin, Globe. FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW.

GEO. M. COHAN THEA., B'way, 43 St. Evs. 8:25. Last Matinee Tomorrow, 2:25. Last 3 Times. Here Comes the Bride. NEXT TUESDAY NIGHT—SEATS NOW. COHAN & HARRIS Will Present LEO DITRICHSTEIN IN A NEW COMEDY "THE KING" by Caillavet de Flers & Arene.

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way at 38th St. Evs. 8:25. MATINEES SAT. AND WED. at 2:25. LAST 2 WEEKS GEORGE ARLISS in his new play 'HAMILTON'

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Matinees Tomor'w & Wed. 2:20. BOOTH TARKINGTON and JULIAN STREET'S GREAT COMEDY The Country Cousin With ALEXANDRA CARLISLE

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tomor'w & Wed. 2:20. Laurette Taylor in J. Hartley Manners' New Comedy "The Wooing of Eve" Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON. Liberty Theatre, Mats. Only. Today 2:30. Also Nov. 20-22, at 2:30. Nov. 24 at 10:30. The Pupils of Isadora Duncan AND THE Barrere Little Symphony Good Seats All Performances, $2, $1.50, $1.

CRITERION, Broadway and 44th St. Next Monday Night. Seats Now. MRS. FISKE IN A NEW COMEDY, MADAME SAND by Philipp Moeller.

HUDSON West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:30. "Well Merited Success."—World. THE PIPES OF PAN

HARRIS West 42 St. TOM'W EVE. Seats Now. SELWYN & CO. present "LOSING ELOISE" A Farce by FRED JACKSON.

Century BROADWAY & 62d St. Nights 8:20. Dillingham-Ziegfeld Greatest Hit! MISS 1917 Matinee Tomorrow—Reduced Prices. SUNDAY NIGHT POPULAR CONCERT.

FULTON West 46th St. Eves. at 8:20. Matinees Tomor'w & Wed. 2:20. "Red-blooded American play."—Journal. "Broken Threads"

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:20. Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years. A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

LYCEUM West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Thurs. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO presents Tiger Rose

PARK Broadway and 59th Street. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. TOMORROW & Wed. 2:15. SPAIN IN NEW YORK! (ESPANA EN NUEVA YORK!) Quinito Valverde's Fantastic Review THE Land of Joy (LA TIERRA DE ALEGRIA) With L'ARGENTINA NEXT SUNDAY 2D Valverde Concert

BELASCO West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Tues. & Thurs. 2:30. Polly With a Past EXTRA MATINEE TUESDAY, NOV. 20.

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Wed. 2:30. Business Before Pleasure With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

REPUBLIC THEATRE, W. 42 St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Wed. 2:30. On With the Dance WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.

Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN GLOBE B'way 46 St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:20.

Madison Square Garden NATIONAL HORSE SHOW Gross Receipts To American Red Cross 32nd Annual Exhibition CHAMPIONSHIP DAY ADMISSION $1.00 Box Office Phone 694 Madison Square.

Midnight Performance "OH, BOY!" Thursday, Nov. 22 Casino Theatre, 39th & B'way. Benefit Army and Navy Transport Fund for War Phonographs. Enjoy yourself at midnight and help the boys enjoy themselves on the way "Over There." Tickets 75c to $2.00, on sale at box office. Being a benefit, there is no war tax.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47TH ST Daily Mats. 25c-$1. ELSIE JANIS Beatrice Herford, L. Wolfe Gilbert & Anatol Friedland, Ray & Gordon Dooley, oths. & Sallie Fisher.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'WAY & 96 ST. ELSIE JANIS BESSIE CLAYTON Mr. & Mrs. Jimmie Barry Ray & Gordon Dooley.

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. B'way Every Eve. at 8:15 ARTURO BERNARDI, DALE & BURCH, "THE JOB", AND SIX OTHER ACTS. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

ST. NICHOLAS RINK, 3 SESSIONS DAILY Largest Rink in Greater N. Y. 69 W. 66th St. ADM. 50c. Sun. a.m. $1 ICE SKATING Beginners Taught

GREAT AMERICAN CIRCUS TODAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY MATINEE AND NIGHT FIRST FIELD ARTILLERY ADMISSION 50c. B'WAY & 68TH ST. (Special Reserved Section.) Benefit 8th Coast Command, N. G. U. S.

CARNEGIE HALL, 57th St. Newman Traveltalks Color Views Motion Pictures Sunday Eve., 8:30. Monday Mat., 3. OUR NATIONAL PARKS PRICES 50c to $1.50

MOTION PICTURES.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. 10, 15, 25c. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. CORINNE GRIFFITH in "I Will Repay." Little ZOE RAE in "The Cricket."

BROADWAY Theatre, at 41st St. Noon to 11:20. 20-30-55c. Double Feature Program All Week. Franklyn Farnum, "The Winged Mystery." Brownie Vernon in "Fear Not."

STRAND B'way & 47th St. MARY PICKFORD "The Little Princess" Symphony Concert. Today 2:15. Soloists.

B'way, 42d RIALTO 50-30-60 ELSIE FERGUSON in "The Rise of Jennie Cushing." Soloists, Comedy. Incomparable Rialto Orchestra.

81 st St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3900 JANE COWL in "THE SPREADING DAWN." Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

"Cheer Up" "Every Day is a Holiday At the 'Hip.'" MAT. TO-DAY BEST SEATS $1.00 Eves. at 8:15 At the HIPPODROME

THE Greenwich Village Theatre 4TH ST. and 7TH AVE. Tel. Spring 6409. NOW PLAYING EVENINGS AT 8:45. 8 One-Act Plays. Prices $1.50, $1.00, 50c.

IRVING PLACE, IRVING PLACE & 15th Street. Eves. 8:15. Sat. Mat. 2:15. DREIMAEDERLHAUS Musical comedy by FRANZ SCHUBERT.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15. Pop. Prices OH, GIRL

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Eves. at 8. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2. Doing Our Bit An Extravaganza of Superlative Splendors. Sunday Night Concert Another "Make 'Em Sit Up & Take Notice" Bill.

A critical landslide. Not a dissenting line. Grace George In HENRY BERNSTEIN'S Great Play "L'ELEVATION" (The Heights) "It is vital. It is vivid. It is tense. It is artistic. It is up-to-the-minute. It is drama."—Alan Dale. "Grace George transcendentally fine in most appealing war-play of the period."—Chas. Darnton, Ev. World. PLAYHOUSE WEST 48TH—EVES. 8:30. MATS. WED. & SAT. 2:30.

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Thurs. 2:15. "Pinero's Masterpiece Thrills."—Times. JOHN DREW-MARGARET ILLINGTON IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex

SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Eves., 8. Matinees Tomor'w & Wed. 2. LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION MAYTIME Tingling Music. Charming Story. 100% Talent. Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris. "A CREDIT TO OUR COUNTRY IS MAYTIME," says Rev. Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation."

BROADHURST MATINEE TOMORROW 2:20. Unanimously Proclaimed a Sensation DONALD BRIAN IN THE HER REGIMENT MUSICAL PLAY BY Wm. LeBaron—Victor Herbert. "Went 'Over the Top' with a bang."—Telegram. "Captured Broadway without a struggle."—Journal. DECIDED HIT Prices 50c to $2.00 44TH ST. W. of B'WAY POP. MAT. TUES.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:10. Matinee Tomorrow, 2:10. ALICE NIELSEN in "Kitty Darlin'" LAST WEEK Next Mon. Original Cast and Production from Princess Theatre. "OH, BOY"

PRINCESS 39th, near B'way. Eve. 8:15. Matinee Tomorrow, 2:15. Last Week at This Theatre. Moves Next Monday to Casino Theatre. Oh, Boy "Smartest of musical comedies."—Eve. Sun

COMEDY Thea., 41st. nr B'way. Evs 8:45. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. WASH'GTON SQ. PLAYERS 4 BIG ONE-ACT PLAYS. "In the Zone." "The Avenue." "Blind Alleys." "His Widow's Husband."

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Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Nov. 25, at 3. SONG RECITAL—EMILIO De GOGORZA SEATS NOW. MGT. WOLFSOHN BUREAU.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOV. 16, 1917.

HAS THE SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN BROKEN DOWN?

The first impression made by the British Admiralty's weekly report of merchant vessels sunk by mine or submarine, one over 1,600 tons and five under, is that it may be too good to be true; true in the sense that the figures prove a collapse of the German submarine campaign. In the week ended Oct. 28 fourteen ships over and four under 1,600 tons were sunk. The following week the number was respectively, eight and four; and now, so far as big ships are concerned, the tally is almost in touch with the vanishing point.

It will not do to halloo before we are out of the woods, and there must be an uneasy feeling that less than a month ago the submarine menace could not be made light of, for the British Admiralty (on Oct. 21) reported seventeen vessels over and eight under 1,600 tons lost. To what is the rapid decline in destructiveness to be attributed? It can hardly be the fact that the enemy's flotilla is so reduced in numbers that six British merchant vessels torpedoed in a week, five of them of less than 1,600 tons, represents his maximum ability to strike, that is, say, on paper.

However, it may be true that the manning of the enemy's submarines with effectives becomes more and more difficult; that is, he may have U-boats enough but not the men to operate them. It was six weeks after the mutiny in the Fleet that the significant news of it reached the outer world. The submarine service, with its dangers and hardships, had become a dreadful spectre to the men. Bonds of discipline burst, and officers were attacked and thrown overboard. If the sailors of the High Sea Fleet are still in a state of rebellion and resist being drafted to the submarines, the facts would be suppressed until there was another leak. It is to be noted that on Nov. 8 the German Admiralty said:

> With occasional fluctuations, which are inevitable in connection with this new method of warfare, the submarine war goes unswervingly forward and becomes more effective every day.

There were fluctuations, it is true, but they had been running against German success. Of course the rest of the statement was grotesquely false. Was it put out for home consumption, to stem a swelling tide of protest against the declining efficiency of the submarines? If so, there was a state of nerves in the camp of those responsible for ruthless warfare. Two days later Captain PERSIUS, the naval "critic," sounded a warning that England could not be starved into submission by U-boat methods for some time to come—she would not feel the pinch of want for six months, at any rate. He rebuked the grumblers for expecting too much. On Nov. 13 Admiral VON TIRPITZ apparently threw up the sponge. He said it was a mistake to believe that the submarine "would prove a sufficient protection against Great Britain, as some effective counter-weapon was bound to be discovered."

Evidently the ruthless school was losing faith, whatever the cause of its discomfiture. The stronger patrol of the allied fleets, the havoc wrought by the depth bomb, the difficulty of breaking through convoys escorting a score of merchantmen, and last, but not least, the problem of manning the submarines—all may have combined to convince the German Admiralty that the game was up. But this would not explain a collapse of the campaign, would not explain last week's tally dwindling almost to nothing. Is a deep game being played by the wily and ever resourceful German Government? It is conceivable that, submarine frightfulness being destined to failure, there will be a resort to audacious propaganda to influence public opinion in the United States against a continuation of the war. Germany is equal to abandoning the submarine campaign which she cannot win, and then bidding the American people consider that the cause which brought them into the war no longer exists, or has disappeared. Why, then, a further waste of the resources of the country and unnecessary effusion of blood? The appeal would be caught up by our Socialists and pacifists and the Government would be embarrassed in its conduct of the war. There could be only one answer. America, which had entered the war to save democracy, would be true to her purpose to the end, and there must be no parleying with the Germany of the scrap of paper, the Germany of innumerable atrocities, the Hohenzollern and the Hun.

THE ANGLO-FRENCH AGREEMENT.

So far as the opposition to the Anglo-French military agreement was the product of sincere apprehension, Mr. LLOYD GEORGE's frank answer to Mr. ASQUITH's questions must have allayed it. So far as it was partisan and otherwise political, doubtless this frankness has not disarmed it. In the absence of precise information about the terms of the agreement, there was room for honest doubt about it, and this doubt was governed by a fear that Mr. GEORGE or some members of his Cabinet intended to take the direction of military affairs out of the hands of Field Marshal HAIG and the General Staff. The Prime Minister took the only effective way of dealing with that suspicion by reading the agreement, and thus demonstrating that it had no such purpose. With the ground cut from under suspicion, leaving it no excuse for existence, it is seen that the British, French, and Italians have taken only a step, far too short, toward the co-ordination and co-operation without which it is useless to look for an early end to the war.

Indeed, the agreement is not only miles away from that hard German concentration which has made the Teutonic Alliance a single weapon for a single arm, but it is a good long distance from that kind of unity which an alliance of democratic Powers could safely arrive at without any sacrifice of their cherished independence. They could go much further on that road without sacrificing even their amour propre. The new War Council which it creates is merely advisory to the respective Governments, and is in turn advised by military men. The Governments have exactly the same independent powers that they have now. There is no difference, except that they have the advantage of knowing what the situation is on all fronts before they take any step. The council, which consists of some of their own members, gives them information, and is supplied by the agreement with opportunities for gathering it before giving it. That is all.

No one will say that it is not advisable for the English Government, for instance, to know what the situation is and what the hopes of success and what the effect will be on the other fronts before it decides to send an expedition, say, to Gallipoli. No one will deny that it would have been a good thing for that Government if it had had such opportunities in 1915. Therefore, when the Commons debates the subject on Monday, it will be surprising if there remain any of the uneasiness and sincere apprehension which existed before Mr. GEORGE read the agreement. There may, indeed, be opposition, but that will proceed from other motives, motives with which we are familiar in our own politics. It is earnestly to be hoped, not only that the agreement will stand, but that in the course of the next few months its scope will be enlarged until the Allies have arrived at that real unity toward which this agreement is only a timid step.

THE RAILWAYS' PROSPERITY.

Mr. CLIFFORD THORNE rises to remark that the Eastern railroads "last year"—presumably 1916—earned 10½ per cent. upon their "capital stock," and to argue that it is wrong to allow them to impose a freight tax of $50,000,000 more, 5 per cent. on a billion dollars, on the million shippers whom he represents. There are those who doubt Mr. THORNE's ability to quote correct figures on railway rates. Waiving that aspersion, it is fair to point out that what the railways earn on their capital stock has nothing to do with their request for higher rates. The railways are entitled to earn a fair return on their investment devoted to the use of the public, and to take their risk of a profit on their shares. Between 1907 and 1915 the railways put five thousand millions of new capital at the use of the shippers, and their net earnings fell $32,731,000. Nearly $33,000,000 less than nothing was the railways' reward for supplying the facilities without which they could not serve the public as it is being served.

Mr. THORNE knows this, for he speaks of the thousand million dollars of railway surplus accumulated during the last twenty-five or thirty years by excessive rates. That is a dangerous argument because it is addressed to Commissioners who have decided to that effect. It is the theory of the Commission that the railways ought not to be allowed to charge rates which would afford capital for the betterment of the properties. The opinion of the Commission in this case holds that the property paid for from rates belongs to the customers of the railways or to the public, rather than to the railways, and that the railways ought not to be allowed to base any claim to higher rates on such betterments. How then is the public's need for betterments and enlargements of facilities to be supplied? The railways have stopped growing. More track is being torn up for junk than is being laid. More new track is being laid with American money on foreign than on domestic soil. The railways are wearing out while the country's needs for service are growing. Must the country stop growing because the Commission adheres to a theory of rate making which experience has shown to be impractical and unjust? Can the railways be expected to add another half-billion to their unremunerative investment on the argument that the return on their shares is excessive in Mr. THORNE's opinion, whatever the fact may be? Who are the million shippers who commission Mr. THORNE to object to the railways earning a profit equal to that of other enterprises, even to those of Mr. THORNE's clients whose profits are made at the expense of the railways? The actual ratepayers were conspicuous by their absence from the hearings at which Mr. THORNE was the sole objector.

Mr. THORNE's argument is useful because of the opportunity it affords to challenge both his facts and his arguments, and to assert that it is the particular duty of Government to protect the railways' interests because Government is responsible for the condition of the railways. Government responsibility arises, apart from the rate question, from the fact that Government forbids the railways to help themselves, and increases their burdens. Atchison's taxes averaged six millions in years preceding 1915. For 1917 they will be double. Union Pacific's mail revenue decreased 21 per cent. in a single year, although Government mail business was much larger. Every railway has a hard luck story due to Government control. So long as only the railways suffered there was no hope for pity. But now Government is suffering for lack of war accommodations, and no company in the country is able to get capital on any terms. Their shares are mostly below par. Their bonds are salable only at a prohibitive discount because Government monopolizes the investment market. The fact is that, whatever the arguments may be, the Federal regulators ought to take a leaf from the book of the West Virginia Commission. It has allowed an advance of rates specifically as a war measure. The Interstate Commission might do the same, acting as an aid to the war boards. That would save both the face of the Commission and the solvency of the railways.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF DISLOYALTY.

The Board of Education has transferred six teachers of the De Witt Clinton High School of whom the best that can be said is that they are imperfectly or "negatively loyal." That school, dishonoring a revered name, has been too long conspicuous as a seminary of sedition, anti-Americanism, socialism. There, and not there alone, in many public schools, which should be a nursery of Americanism and patriotism, which should impress upon pupils, largely foreign in origin, the essential ideas of representative self-government and free democracy, which should train children to be good citizens, true to and proud of their country, the pestilential vaporings of half-baked Socialists, of preachers of disloyalty, have been constant.

The teacher's desk has been made a soap-box platform. Pacifism, opposition to the war, attacks upon the Government, have prevailed. There has been a deliberate campaign of disorder; and the mutinous and violent demonstrations of so many public school pupils in the municipal campaign were only one crop of the seeds of treason sedulously scattered by teachers.

It is intolerable that the city should pay for its own demoralization, for the perversion of the children to false and fatal doctrines, for the denial and contemplated destruction of free government, for the education of traitors. It is intolerable that the schools should be turned into factories of internationalism, into annexes of Hohenzollernism; that, while our boys are fronting death for the United States, disloyalty should be a part of public education, and future citizens be taught to be enemies of their country.

It is said that the transferred teachers were not "actively disloyal." If they were not actively loyal they should have been dismissed. To allow them to carry to new districts the infection of their doubtful patriotism, of their neutrality, if they stopped at that, of their private opposition to Liberty bonds, is to disseminate their doubtful patriotism; and is it even doubtful? The De Witt Clinton High School has long been a notorious capital and centre of sedition. The Board of Education took a very mild view of the offenders. Henceforth, we are told, it will insist upon the thorough Americanization of the schools. That means the removal of teachers who are not thorough Americans.

Mr. THOMAS W. CHURCHILL, sometime President of the Board of Education, and the most eminent Tammany educator, was the one member of the board to vote against the transfer. He professed not to believe in the charges. Mr. CHURCHILL knows what the De Witt Clinton High School is. Is his vote an indication that, during Mr. HYLAN's administration, the disloyalty of teachers will be winked at? The Tammany orators said that disloyalty was not an issue in the municipal campaign. Well, here is more evidence that it was and is. Some of the public schools are breeding new recruits for Mr. HILLQUIT's German peace party and accessions to Tammany's disloyal allies. Does Mr. CHURCHILL's vote foreshadow the policy of Judge HYLAN's Board of Education?

GERMANY'S TRADE WITH SOUTH AMERICA.

The German people were told a few months ago by their newspapers that we were losing our trade with South America. A leading journal of Berlin asserted that this trade was "dwindling," and remarked that when it should "cease entirely," in the near future, this would be the "greatest triumph of our U-boat war over our new enemy." The same newspapers now not only admit the great and continuing growth of this trade, but permit their readers to know that it will be very difficult for Germany to regain what she has lost in the South American countries. Comment upon the Reichstag's bill appropriating $375,000,000 for the construction and purchase of ships includes questions about finding cargoes for them after the war. Almost daily the press points out that the recent contemptuous treatment of the southern republics by German diplomats, as well as the sinking of their ships, has excited resentment which may prevent rebuilding of trade. Consumers in those countries who are buying from us and selling great quantities of their products here will not eagerly turn back in commerce to a nation whose representatives call them "veneered Indians," and one of whose "principal aims" has been to set up a German State in Brazil.

We shall retain much of our new trade with South America. The growth is shown by the following figures:

	1913.	1916.
Imports	$198,259,000	$427,610,000
Exports	146,515,000	220,288,000

Since the beginning of the present year there has been a continuing increase. The trade movement between the two American continents has not been restricted by submarine warfare, although the pirate boats have checked shipments to and from Europe by sinking Brazilian, Argentine, and Chilean ships. Brazil, in her reply to the Pope's peace proposal, says that "all the republics of the New World are in union of sentiment on the issues" which led her to declare war. German intrigue has not caused friction between Brazil and Argentina. This week a warship goes from Buenos Aires to Rio Janeiro bearing a message expressing Argentina's friendship. Chile and Peru have decided to forget their old quarrel. There is nothing in the present attitude of the southern republics to encourage Germans who fear that their trade with these countries will never be restored.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Sound Talk About Air Reprisals. Highly creditable alike to his head and heart were the remarks, printed in THE TIMES yesterday, of a Belgian staff officer on the subject of making reprisals in kind on German cities for the aerial raids on London made by the Germans. He went a little far, perhaps, when he compared the proposal of such activities to the suggestion that a man at whose mother a stone had been thrown should throw two stones at the mother of the man who did it. For even that might be morally justified in case of certainty, first, that thus the lapidation of mothers could be stopped, and, second, that less repulsive measures would not be effective.

The Belgian officer was on firmer ground when, apparently speaking from knowledge, he explained the far greater difficulty of raiding German cities in this way than the Germans find in raiding London, and asserted that to overcome these greater difficulties would involve the withdrawal from the western line of so many airplanes that the aerial supremacy of the Allies there would be lost. That, he said, would be playing the Germans' game—would be doing exactly what, in his opinion, it was the chief object of the German raids to make the Allies do.

The theory is plausible, and it has the merit of explaining, better than does the assumption not infrequently made that the Germans drop bombs on English towns without any military purpose and out of mere love of killing.

It was not the Belgian officer's idea, however, that, because reprisals in kind were inexpedient, nothing should be done to end the German raids. That highly desirable end, he thought, could be accomplished by persistent attacks in force from the air on what he called "the hornets' nests"—the bases in Belgium whence the German airplanes and dirigibles all start on their expeditions to ravage the British and French coasts. Such attacks he declared to be practicable, and he believed that they would be effective. That they were now made only in a desultory or spasmodic way he ascribed to the fact that the line officers conducting operations in the field are disinclined to divert attention and strength from the work directly in their hands and for which they are immediately responsible. Most of these officers, too, are elderly men, he said, while most members of the aerial corps are so young that their advice is apt to be valued lightly and heard with impatience. That also is plausible.

Making Two Bites of a Cherry. It is hard to see why, if or when good reason exists for withdrawing from a newspaper or other publication the common privileges of the Post Office as a means of distribution, the same reason would not suffice for suppressing it altogether and forbidding its sale anywhere. The explanation is, probably, that while the Federal Government unquestionably has an approach to complete control over the mail service, it must leave to the States and the communities in them the task of deciding most of the things that shall be done within their respective limits—of deciding, for example, what shall and what shall not be printed and sold there. This might explain why the Federal authorities would not interfere with the sale in its own office or from nearby stands of a publication which those authorities excluded from the mails, but it does not go very far toward explaining why a paper held to be seditious, and therefore deprived of the general mailing privilege, can still be posted if wrapped in a special way and addressed to individual subscribers. When, or while, that is the case, as it is with regard to the reprehended Call and several other organs of socialism and pacifism, the partial ban may serve only as a valuable advertisement, inspire public curiosity that would not otherwise exist, and so result in an increase rather than a diminution of circulation.

Some of the antagonists of national policies are openly claiming that the spreading of their doctrines has been facilitated by what they call the "persecution" to which they have been subjected. The claim in all probability is false, for if it were not, even the partial exclusion would not have been protested against vehemently, as it has been in every instance, and efforts to escape it through promises to be "good" would not have been made.

It is not a small thing, in a country like this, to suppress a newspaper or to interfere with its circulation. Occasions for taking such action do arise, however, and when they exist, as now, it would seem to be both judicious and justifiable to make the action complete and conclusive.

Venice a World Possession. Of all the cities in the world, probably none, with the single exception of Rome, has a claim so good to exemption from the hazards and ravages of war as has Venice. In a peculiar way and degree, its unique manner of construction, its beauty, its romantic and historic associations, make it a treasure belonging to the whole civilized world even more than it is the property of its own citizens, or even of Italy.

The possibility, therefore, that it will be captured and occupied by armies of the nation which has shown so much, and such conclusive, indifference, while conducting war, to any other than military considerations, has caused something like general horror. This feeling is especially strong among those who know how easily Venice can be destroyed—how frail its ancient buildings are and how little would be required to bring the majority and the best of them down into the water which they have dominated through so many centuries.

Most unfortunately, Venice is a fortress and a naval station, and any resistance to the invaders that is made there will give them the excuse for bombarding it that has been lacking in many other places with like, though less, rights to immunity from attack. But no excuses will be accepted for the destruction of Venice.

It will be, if done, a culminating crime, never to be forgiven on any plea of military necessity.

ART NOTES.

Interesting Work to be Seen at the Galleries.

Jonas Lie is showing at the Knoedler Galleries a series of pictures of the Utah Copper Mine in Bingham Cañon. The mine has the aspect of a pyramid, the sides of which are cut away in terraces so that many of the pictures seem like a combination of the Egyptian pyramids with a Roman amphitheatre. Mr. Lie has had ample opportunity for his favorite contrast of blue and tawny yellow, and has used his color with restraint and force. Often the point of view chosen adds much to the picturesqueness of the composition, as where, in "Bingham," he looks down on the town and up at the mine. "The Garfield Converters" is a dramatic interior scene at the mine, and the whole series suggests the energy of man conquering the natural world.

The Yamanaka Galleries are opening their new building to the public today with a very notable exhibition, or, to speak more exactly, a series of exhibitions, after the tactful Oriental plan of showing only a few things in one place at a time. The cabinets and small rooms of the new galleries are well adapted to this purpose. The galleries themselves, by the Japanese architect, T. S. Rockrise, offer an aesthetic treat of an exceptional kind and one that can be appreciated rightly only by those familiar with the monuments and temples and history of Japan and China. The entrance hall is occupied by porcelains in single color glazes of fine type and worthy examples. One of the now unfashionable group of polychrome "famille verte" vases goes far to raise its class from the lower level of approval by connoisseurs to which it has sunk. A magnificent white ground is permitted to reveal itself liberally, the decoration is a branch of splendid green overhanging a boat, and the rest of the surface is ornamented only by an inscription in a fine chirography. The contrast with the usual overloaded famille verte vase is too striking to be ignored. On the upper floor are the greater wares of Han and T'ang, a duck that would stir the pulses of Jane Poupelet, a horse as dramatically emotional in expression as its rider is serene and contemplative. Here also is a little Ming Goddess of Mercy of peculiarly ingratiating type, her robe closing about her like the petals of a flower; here are two Sung bowls of glass in a superb blue, and a number of Chinese paintings abounding in the poetic sentiment of the race. The makers of exhibitions of Western art could learn much of the fine art of exhibiting from the harmonious environment in which the objects shown are placed.

At the American Art Galleries are several collections of furniture, tapestries, glass, jewelry, ceramics, and other objects of ornament and use. One collection is consigned by Amos R. E. Pinchot, and 20 per cent. of the proceeds of the sale are to be given by Mr. and Mrs. Pinchot to the tobacco fund for the trenches. The furniture is chiefly a group of eighteenth century Italian, French, and English pieces, with a few from the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries.

Mr. Dick's collection comprises such objects as could not be used by the Metropolitan Museum of Art, or were duplicated in their collections. It includes a large assortment of diamonds and other precious stones. In the collection of Condé Raguet Thorne are a set of "Kipling" service plates made at Limoges after the designs of Mary Bacon Jones, which have a spirited and decorative quality. The subject of the decoration on each plate is surrounded by a quotation from the jungle stories appropriate to it. The series was made to order by Kipling's permission and cannot be duplicated, but the idea is one that should be suggestive to modern craftsmen.

The prints division of the New York Public Library has put on view an exhibition of drawings by J. Carroll Beckwith, which represent a characteristic and interesting side of his activity. They were selected by the artist himself for the library.

TO KILL EVIL RUMORS.

John Spargo Suggests a "Loyal Legion" Among Travelers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The exposure of the vicious canard about Mr. Tumulty's alleged treason is a wholesome thing. It affords another convincing proof of the sinister methods whereby Germany seeks to impair the strength of her enemies by destroying their morale, and the most significant, as well as the most alarming, phase of this method of warfare is the fact that Germany uses always as her agents and tools the most loyal of our citizens as effectively as she uses the most disloyal and treacherous.

It occurs to me that our Government is confronted by a very real menace. At the same time it is confronted by an opportunity to effectually cope with that menace. I believe that it is entirely possible to mobilize the loyalty of the nation in such a manner as will provide an adequate defense against this insidious form of attack. I have observed that these stories are largely circulated by traveling men. It is my lot to spend a good deal of time traveling about the country, and in common with all people who so travel I have observed that the informal discussions of travelers on trains, and in hotel corridors, provide the best media for the distribution of rumors of all sorts.

Talking this matter over with an experienced traveling man, I was struck by a remark that he made to the effect that every traveling man in the country could be used by the Government to discourage and discredit all such stories. Amplification of his remark developed the thought that a sort of loyal legion might be established, its principal membership being found among the many thousands of commercial travelers and salesmen in the nation. Perhaps their organizations might undertake the necessary details connected with their enlistment for this special service. Each man so enrolled would be furnished with some badge or identification card which would give him status and identify him so as to insure co-operation by railway officials and the police. Whenever a man so enlisted heard any one tell a story of alleged suppressed disaster or of alleged fraud, as circumstantially told in the story of Red Cross goods being sold by Government officials for their own profit, or, in short, any story calculated to impair confidence in the Government, it would be his duty to demand the name and address of the narrator if this were not already known to him. In the event of the request for the narrator's card being refused, it would be a very simple matter for the member, with his badge, to secure such assistance as might be necessary to obtain the desired information. This information would, of course, be communicated to the proper authorities, presumably the Secret Service of the Department of State. Doubtless there are some difficulties in the way of the realization of such a plan, but its main proposals would appear to be entirely practicable.

The Government would thus have pretty effective control of the very channels through which these treacherous and insidious assaults upon our national strength are now made. In all probability, this kind of warfare would be effectively checked.

JOHN SPARGO.

New York, Nov. 14, 1917.

Buying German Prisoners.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

About the payments to possible German prisoners, I am sorry to see people disturbed at what appears at first sight to be a good investment. It will be a mighty temptation to the war-worn Hun facing the American front to come to and exchange his $3 or $4 a month and the hazards of war for thirty good round dollars a month in addition to peace and the quiet life. The cost of ammunition is high, and it takes a lot of it to kill a German in this war; and the German prisoners will have no opportunity to take pot shots at any of our boys, whose lives are of course worth much more than any sum we could pay to enemy prisoners. It might be a good idea to spread this propaganda through the German Army. Maybe we could induce a general emigration from the German trenches, and enjoy the spectacle of a line of jitneys conveying prisonniers de luxe to the hospitality of the Hotel Amerique.

RALPH DANENHOWER.

New York, Nov. 14, 1917.

Breaks in Water Mains.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It would seem to me that, with water mains breaking throughout the city at regular intervals on account of the increased pressure, or otherwise, it would behoove the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity to have the charts properly arranged, so that quick information could be secured from that source as to where gate valves are located in all districts of this city, and when breakage does occur the valves can be located readily without too much unnecessary delay and inefficiency, thereby saving damage to life, public and private property.

A WASHINGTON SQUARE SUFFERER.

New York, Nov. 7, 1917.

Bulgarian Poetical Heights.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Bulgarian "Hymn of Hate" seems to indicate that the summit of the Bulgarian Parnassus is at least seven miles beneath the subcellar of hades.

V. B. T.

New York, Nov. 15, 1917.

RUSSIA AS LAOCOON.

O'er Russia, Treason lifts on high its head
And from its eyes there flashes baleful light,
A serpent born of Chaos and of Night,
With Ignorance, both by centuried darkness bred.
Untaught, unknowing, by blind faction led,
These twain have palsied her great arm of might
That late was sternly raised her foe to smite!
In vain her sacrifice of myriads dead!
From out of Europe's war-tossed sea these rose
When Russia, huge and mighty, had o'erthrown
The Romanoffs, the source of all her woes,
And in their stead for Freedom reared a throne!
Then came these slimy serpents, huge and bold,
And round her wrapped their deadly coils and cold!
In mighty grasp of these foul serpents twain
See Russia writhing, like Laocoön,
While all the world, amazed, stands looking on!
No succor nigh, she struggles now in vain
To free herself from folds that like a chain
Pinion her arms, in dread embrace close drawn!
The light of Freedom from her eyes is gone,
And her late glory now begins to wane!
On verge of dark abyss behold her stand!
The smoke and flame of battle round her swirl,
The serpent's hiss is heard throughout her land!
Will they to ruin Russia downward hurl,
Or shall once more the now embattled world
See her flag of Freedom high unfurled?

H. T. SUDDUTH.

THE GERMANS IN CHINA.

A Lesson in the Ways of Kultur with Pacifists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your article of the 14th inst. on German looting in Peking during the joint expedition by the civilized nations against the Boxers, from the records of our War Department, reminds me of a visit, a few years later, to Europe. Walking in the beautifully kept park of the "old palais" at Potsdam, to the Orangerie and Sans Souci (atrocious appellations!) the conspicuous positions had to be noticed, in garden and rooms, assigned to these very Chinese trophies—loot from the ancient pacifists, borne away by Kultur's boasting champions. It had aroused the hot protest on the part of our General Chaffee; brought the brutal reply by his Excellency Count von Waldersee. The writer himself was near getting into serious trouble by some remark about "Prussian robberies" heard by a nearby guard.

This exhibition of bronze instruments, of terrestrial globes and astral conjectures, mute testimonials of old Oriental savants, old long before Prussianism came to light, what illustration more fit can there come of arrogance, of domineering, of barbarism? It as well forecasts the fate of Italy's art treasures, unless the Teuton advance be speedily checked—a new duty to which the Allies must awake, to speed the assistance which America owes.

With such precedents as Dewey's retort courteous in Manila Bay, of Chaffee's warning to the German overlord, does there remain any doubt of the Kaiser's benevolent intentions in any direction, east or west, north or south?

R. I.

Allendale, N. J., Nov. 13, 1917.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It was commonly known among the soldiers comprising the allied forces in China that the Germans were past masters of the art of looting and also that General Chaffee had protested against it in no uncertain terms. Not only did the Germans loot, pillage, and ravish at Peking, but they were also very fond of announcing their superiority over any other nation of the world, and it is indicative of their popularity among the other allies that in the frequent street fights which occurred there, one would see representatives of all the other nations, even the Japanese, fighting against the Germans but never a one fighting for them, regardless of how badly they might be outnumbered.

F. L. GRANSBURY.

New York, Nov. 14, 1917.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I lived in Germany at the time of the return of the German Boxer expedition and remember that the German Government was severely attacked and criticised by the German press and the Reichstag for permitting looting. The Government offered all kinds of explanations. At that time the convenient term, "military necessity" had not been discovered.

R. B.

Gloversville, N. Y., Nov. 14, 1917.

Sea Power Will Win.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The sea power of the Allies, led by the meteor flag of that "precious stone set in the silver sea," reveals to an anxious world the engaging spectacle of the slow strangulation of that power, which, in defiance of all equity and justice, first overthrew Belgium and shook France to her foundations, the while alleging that she so acted to save the world from the barbaric domination of Russia. The German military power drags its slow way to inevitable disaster, hastened by the lack of foods, metals, chemicals, oils, cotton, wool, rubber, leather, and all the multifarious needs of the modern army in the field, and at some time, sooner or later, a point will be reached where the failure of all supplies will so react upon the remorseless German military machine as to cause it to fall before the allied armies—unless Germany can beat on the sea the web-footed English, whose small island may almost be said to be everywhere within the sound of the breakers on her shores; and this she cannot hope to do, because it is true now, as it ever has been, that the wind and waves are always on the side of the ablest mariners. Unless Germany can break the allied sea power, what hope is there for her, checkmated on land and sea?

T. M. JAMES.

New York, Nov. 11, 1917.

Dogs for the Red Cross.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My article on the need for dogs in the Red Cross service, which appeared in the November number of the Red Cross Magazine, and which was quoted in THE TIMES this morning, appears to have created the impression that dogs are actually being asked for, and that the Red Cross is ready to undertake their training. This, unfortunately, is not the case. Obstacles have arisen which have brought the movement to a standstill, both with the United States Government and with the Red Cross, and while a number of individuals are active in an effort to arrange for the training and official acceptance of dogs for use with our soldiers and ambulance corps at the front, there is no one at present to whom dogs can be sent, and no official arrangements have been made for their training. The object of my article was rather to urge upon the Government and Red Cross officials the importance of beginning soon to train dogs and handlers for military and life-saving work on the front, as they are being effectively used by the other nations at war.

WALTER A. DYER.

Amherst, Mass., Nov. 12, 1917.

H. R. Butler's Opinion.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have been asked whether I like the statue by George Grey Barnard, claimed by him to represent Abraham Lincoln. I do not like it because it is not a statue of Lincoln. To me it portrays a brainless dullard who has never risen above the toil of rail splitting. I do not like it because it is un-American; there is no go to the fagged-out sufferer—none of the alertness that so characterised our pioneers and that must have distinguished Lincoln at that time of life. I do not like it because the face shows no sense of humor. Could a spark of intelligence, much less a flash of that delicious wit for which Lincoln was so famous, ever have emanated from the stolid, almost stupid, countenance created by Barnard? But his admirers claim that the face shows pathos; what it shows is vacuity.

But my principal reason for disliking it is that it exemplifies certain lamentable tendencies of modern artists—some of great ability—to glorify the grotesque, the ugly, the uncouth, the colossal, and the brutal—all leading to caricature. This tendency prevailed on the Continent before the war. The war will destroy it there. We want none of it here. To send abroad an example of such art, presumably as a gift of the American people and implying the approval of our artists and art organisations, is an act unworthy of the well-intentioned individuals who are unwittingly lending their names to an abuse of American feeling and patriotism.

HOWARD RUSSELL BUTLER.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 10, 1917.

Suffrage Disturbers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Isn't it almost time for the suffragist population to realize that the generosity and patience of our men and normal women may have a limit? I thoroughly approve of Mrs. Blatch's ideas and hope this class of disturbers will soon settle down to a dignified acceptance of their good fortune and devote their efforts to a more valuable work at this time than that in which they are now engaged, which attitude, most certainly, is not that of the average American woman.

M. H. CORNELL.

New York, Nov. 14, 1917.

NEW GERMAN PROPAGANDA.

Attempt to Use the Soukhomlinoff Trial and English Pacifism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have been honored with several communications subtly supporting the German case. The latest, dated Nov. 8, discusses the Soukhomlinoff trial and quotes opinions of H. N. Brailsford printed in the London Nation of Sept. 15, and also editorial comment in the supplement of The Nation October, 1917.

The mistake in the thinking of Brailsford and the London Nation is found in their failure to grasp the fact that Germany's condition of peace was that Austria be allowed to have her way in Serbia. Nothing short of surrender on that point could have prevented the Great War. Failure on Russia's part to mobilize promptly after Austria's attack on Belgrade would only have invited immediate disaster. The vacillations of the Czar had no significance. When the German Kaiser expressed a willingness to abstain from plunging Europe into war he made plain his terms, namely, unhampered action by Austria against Serbia. The favorite German phrase was "localize the war." And we know what that would have resulted in; the episode of Bosnia-Herzegovina and Germany's attitude in that crisis reveals it.

All the incidents accompanying the breaking out of the war and all that has followed since make it perfectly clear that Germany was ready for war, wanted war at that moment, and was fully aware of, if she did not actually inspire, the tenor of the Austrian note to Serbia, fully conscious that its extravagant demands made the maintenance of peace highly improbable.

Mobilization is not equivalent to war. Austria mobilized an important part of her army during the second Balkan war and yet did not declare war nor did the act bring a declaration of war against her by any other power. If Emperor William's professions had been sincere the Russian mobilization would have brought only counter-mobilization and not a declaration of war on the part of Germany.

The truth is that at this very moment (July 31) Sazonoff and Szapary (the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador at Petrograd) had reached an understanding by which the Austro-Serbian dispute was to be referred to a conference. The dispatch from the Russian Foreign Office of that date to London contains the following language:

> The Austro-Hungarian Ambassador declared the readiness of his Government to discuss the substance of the Austrian ultimatum to Serbia. M. Sazonoff replied by expressing his satisfaction, and said it was desirable that the discussions should take place in London with the participation of the great powers.

Pourtalès, the German Ambassador at Petrograd, must have had immediate knowledge of this and must have communicated that knowledge to his Government. The British Foreign Office was informed that Austria had also communicated direct to Germany her readiness "to consider favorably" Sir Edward Grey's proposal for mediation between Austria and Serbia. It was unquestionably fear on the part of Germany that this understanding would cause to slip from her the opportunity to bring on a war in which Austria's aid could be counted on with certainty that led Germany to throw the fat in the fire by presenting to Russia the insolent demand for demobilization within twelve hours and by declaring later that a state of war existed.

Any attempt to cast doubt on Germany's responsibility for the war is futile. Moreover, made under present circumstances, it discloses hostility to the Allies.

THEODORE MARBURG.

Baltimore, Nov. 12, 1917.

Loyalists of the Revolution.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A good many American journalists are at present comparing the "Tories of the Revolution" with the pacifists and pro-Germans of today. Against this I beg to record my emphatic protest. The so-called "Tories of the Revolution," remembered and honored by us Canadians as the "United Empire Loyalists," and the founders of our great Dominion, were a very different class of people from the sedition-mongering gang at present in your midst. They were patriotic citizens of the British Empire, irreconcilably opposed to its dismemberment and willing to wait for a peaceable solution of the differences with the mother country, which they felt sure would eventually come. They comprised at the breaking out of armed hostilities at least one-half of the entire population of the thirteen colonies, but being unorganized were at a great disadvantage. As it was, they fought and bled and died and suffered the spoiling of their goods and cheerfully went into exile for their principles. As a result of their devotion to a lost cause (or a cause that seemed to be lost) we have the Dominion of Canada today, with a population nearly, if not fully, three times as great as that of the original revolting colonies and covering one-half of the American continent. Your modern historical writers, such as Van Tyne, Sydney Fisher, and others, have frankly conceded the bona fides and patriotism of the American "Tories." Their patriotism, which put the whole above the part, was, I think all fair-minded Americans will admit, just as glorious and just as worthy of respect as that of their opponents. In justice to the memory of these heroic, high-minded (if from your own standpoint mistaken) men, I must enter a vigorous protest against comparing them with the aforementioned gentry. The Loyalists of America were men who fought and lost and won, and there is no better American strain today than their descendants in Canada. Their monument is the great Dominion of Canada, and you Americans have just as much reason to be proud of them as we Canadians.

R. F. DIXON.

Wolfville, N. S., Nov. 8, 1917.

For a Milk Fund.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One of the most important branches in the social service work at Fordham Hospital is the supplying of milk to the poor of the neighborhood with whom it comes in touch. There is a milk station in that district, but of course that only supplies milk for infants and mothers; the older children even when ill, the convalescent, the invalids, and the aged must necessarily suffer without the assistance which the department can give. This help is especially needed now when the price of milk is so high. The part of the Bronx which lies about Fordham Hospital has grown so rapidly that it has not been possible for the various relief societies of the city to enlarge the scope of their work to correspond with the increase of population. Consequently more work falls upon the social service department of the hospital than would do so under ordinary circumstances. The population is largely Italian, and often families are found who, having been strong and healthy under the freer conditions of their earlier life in Italy, have become enfeebled under the strain of the struggle for existence in this new and crowded world. These are some of the cases which we want to help, to tide them over until they can better adjust themselves to their new environment, for everybody nowadays realizes the poor community policy of allowing any of its children to struggle up without proper nourishment. The fact that Fordham Hospital is a city hospital, which cannot extend relief beyond its doors, makes the responsibility fall on each and all of us.

We believe that this matter brought to your readers' notice would induce many of them to send a dollar or two to the milk fund of the social service department of Fordham Hospital. Any amount will be gratefully received by the committee.

MABEL CHOATE,
Treasurer, 8 East 63d Street.

New York, Nov. 10, 1917.

Y. M. C. A. GETS HALF OF $35,000,000 FUND

Workers Encouraged, but Say Success of Drive Depends on Small Gifts.

PERKINS ISSUES WARNING

Chairman of Finance Committee States That There Must Be No Decrease in Activities.

More than half of the $35,000,000 which the Young Men's Christian Association is attempting to raise for its war work, or $17,503,759, had been collected by yesterday, it was announced last night at the offices of the Association's War Work Council at 118 East Twenty-eighth Street. Of this sum, $5,593,215 had been raised in the State of New York, the allotment of which is $9,000,000. New York City had contributed $4,710,215 of the State's total.

These figures were encouraging to the workers at headquarters, who felt that the goal of $35,000,000 by next Monday night, when the campaign ends, was in sight, but at the same time a good degree of caution and anxiety was mixed with the optimism when officials pointed out that much of the present $17,300,000 total was made up of large contributions, many of them arranged for before the campaign actually opened, and that it would be necessary to make up most of the last half of the sum to be collected from thousands of small gifts. The workers realized, it was said, that the hardest part of the campaign was just beginning.

Anticipating the speeding up necessary if the campaign is to be finished successfully the managers of the drive, including George W. Perkins, Chairman of the Finance Committee; A. H. Whitford, the Campaign Director, and C. S. Ward, International Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., met at the headquarters of the War Work Council yesterday afternoon to develop plans for intensifying the work.

Statement by G. W. Perkins.

After the meeting George W. Perkins gave out the following statement:

"A very real danger, in my judgment, confronts the thirty-five-million-dollar campaign at this hour. It lurks in our being too optimistic over results up to date. Thirty-five million dollars is an enormous sum of money to raise for even so worth while a cause as the War Work Council of the Young Men's Christian Association. The fact that $17,000,000 has already been raised is, in a sense, misleading, for it includes a number of very large contributions that were practically secured before the campaign actually opened. While we will doubtless receive other large contributions before the campaign closes, we can only hope to secure the remaining $18,000,000 by obtaining a very large number of contributions of various amounts, and this can only be done through the hardest sort of work and on constant canvassing of everybody in every community between now and next Monday night.

"'Many a mickle makes a muckle' should be our motto all through the rest of the campaign. Let us keep this in mind every moment. Such communities as have already secured their allotments should not relax their efforts, for success is contagious. We can only reach our goal by keeping everlastingly at it day and night between now and Tuesday."

Women Report $209,580 More.

The Women's Committee of the campaign, at their luncheon yesterday, reported contributions amounting to $209,580, making the total sum raised by the women to date $716,000. The principal contributions announced at the luncheon were:

Mrs. H. I. Pratt	$25,000
Mr. and Mrs. Percy R. Pyne	25,000
Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Bulkley	10,000
Mr. and Mrs. Harry H. Flagler	10,000
Mr. and Mrs. George B. Post	6,000
Mrs. Henry Hoyt	5,000
Miss Rosina Hoyt	5,000
Miss Phelps Stokes	5,000
Mrs. Bateson	5,000
Mrs. John Sherman Hoyt	5,000
Mrs. Lois Ewing	5,000
Mrs. Robert Bacon	5,000

At yesterday's luncheon of the Men's Committee $341,135 was reported, the principal contributors being:

Dr. James Douglas	$100,000
Anonymous	25,000
George Grant Mason	20,000
William Sloane	20,000
Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer Schiff	10,000
Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Schiff	10,000
James H. Post	10,000
C. B. Winslow	7,500
Francis L. Hine	5,000
Henry T. Sloane	5,000

The United Cigar Stores Company announced yesterday that 5 per cent. of the company's entire gross receipts from all of its stores next Monday would be contributed to the fund.

The campaign is being stimulated, it was said yesterday, by the rivalry developing between different localities. The following telegram from Robert E. Lewis, manager of the campaign in Cleveland, was received at the New York office of the council on Wednesday night, after it had been sent by Mr. Lewis to the campaign managers in Chicago, Boston and Philadelphia:

> Cleveland for Monday and Tuesday reported $1 per capita for every man, woman, and child of her cosmopolitan population and several hundred thousand beside. We will not report today, so that Chicago, Boston, or Philadelphia may have a chance to catch up on the per capital basis.

The village of Postville, Iowa, the birthplace of Dr. John R. Mott, Secretary of the National War Works Council, reported yesterday that, with a population of 800 persons, it had raised $1,500.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—The war fund of the Y. M. C. A. was increased $206,706 in the Philadelphia territory today, making a total thus far in the campaign of $938,443. The quota is $1,300,000. Among the larger subscriptions announced today are John Wanamaker, $25,000; Mr. and Mrs. Caleb F. Fox, $25,000; T. De Witt Cuyler, Commercial Trust Company, and Berwind-White Coal Mining Company, each $10,000.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 15.—Subscriptions to the Y. M. C. A. War Fund today in the Pittsburgh area amounted to $448,884, making the total pledged during the campaign $975,884. The quota is $1,500,000.

BOSTON, Nov. 15.—Subscriptions of $2,952,441 toward New England's quota for the Y. M. C. A. War Fund had been tabulated at headquarters here to-night. Vermont reported $34,500, Maine $87,000, New Hampshire $100,350, Rhode Island, $181,931, Connecticut $843,883, and Massachusetts $1,704,770. The total for Boston tonight was $734,000.

$125,000 TO AID CHINESE.

American Red Cross Undertakes Relief of Flood Victims.

The American Red Cross announced yesterday that it has undertaken extensive relief work to aid the sufferers from the recent Tien-tsin flood in China which swept over 12,000 square miles of territory, made 1,000,000 persons homeless, and wiped out crops and other property to the value of $100,000,000. Relief funds to the amount of $125,000 have already been made available for special designation of the American Red Cross for use through a committee of which Paul C. Reinsch, United States Minister to China, is Chairman, and of which Roger Green of the China Medical Commission of the Rockefeller Foundation is the executive. A statement by the Red Cross officials said:

"Immediately on receipt of the first cablegram from Minister Reinsch, in Peking, stating the extent of the disaster as far as known, and saying that the Chinese Government was not able to cope with the situation, the American Red Cross asked Mr. Reinsch to organize a committee, and, under prescribed conditions as to its administration, authorized him to draw for $50,000 through the State Department. Subsequently a cablegram from Mr. Green, who had accepted the appointment tendered by the Red Cross, and had taken charge of the relief work, stated the more complete details of the disaster. On his recommendation authority was given to draw for $75,000 more to be used to meet half the labor cost of employing 10,000 refugees, representing 50,000 persons, on road building for four months. The other half of the labor cost, together with all expenses for machinery and engineering, will be borne by the Chinese Government."

The Red Cross also issued an appeal yesterday for all the knitted articles that can be furnished it, to be delivered at once. It pointed out that with the cold weather coming on the needs of the soldiers were urgent.

RED CROSS DRIVE OPENS.

Brooklyn Hopes to Increase Membership to 200,000 in Week.

More than 2,600 persons crowded into the Academy of Music last night at the second preliminary mass meeting held to start a campaign to begin tomorrow and to continue for a week to increase the membership of the Red Cross in Brooklyn to 200,000. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Brooklyn Chapter of the Red Cross, and the speakers were Dr. Henry van Dyke, Dr. Allen Mac Rossie, Baron Van der Noot, an officer in the Belgian Army, and G. O. Tamblyn.

The speakers in making appeals for increased membership in the Red Cross told of the need of funds for the work in France and the vast work undertaken by the Red Cross overseas. Eleanora de Cisneros sang the "Star-Spangled Banner" and the "Marseillaise," and David Bispham also sang several selections.

'DIAMOND JIM' HEIR WEDS A MANICURE

G. L. Cloran, Who Received $25,000 in Brady Will, Secretly Married Mary Burns.

Glendym L. Cloran, who received $25,000 in trust by the will of his late uncle, "Diamond Jim" Brady, yesterday admitted that he had been married secretly on Nov. 5 to Miss Mary S. Burns, a manicure, who is the proprietor of a beauty parlor at 12 North Broadway, Yonkers. The ceremony was held at the Roman Catholic Church of St. Denis, Lowerre, N. Y., by the Rev. Richard Ormond Hughes. The only witnesses were Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Casey of this city.

The couple obtained their marriage license several days before they were married, requesting Deputy City Clerk Kellock of Yonkers to withhold the record from the newspapers. Cloran first met his bride about a year ago at a shore resort. The former Miss Burns is well known in Yonkers, where she has lived for fifteen years. She was graduated from Morris High School in this city, and made her home with her two unmarried sisters, at 37 Lawrence Street.

Cloran is 28 years old and the son of Mrs. Harriet Brady Cloran, who also received a bequest of $25,000 from "Diamond Jim" Brady, while Cloran's aunt, Mrs. C. T. McArdle, received $10,000.

MISS McCAULEY A BRIDE.

Weds J. C. Tomlinson, Jr., in St. Thomas's Church—The Attendants.

The wedding of John Canfield Tomlinson, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. John Tomlinson of 45 West Fifty-seventh Street, and Miss Katharine Hyde McCauley of Ridgway, Penn., a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. C. H. McCauley, was celebrated at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Thomas's Church, which was decorated with Autumnal flowers and palms. The rector, the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, performed the ceremony. The bride walked to the chancel with her brother C. B. McCauley, who gave her away. She wore a white satin gown cut on simple lines and having a court train bordered with ermine from the shoulders. Her tulle veil was held to her coiffure with a coronet of rose point lace and orange blossoms and a wide border of old rose point bordered the veil. She carried white violets and orchids.

There were two matrons of honor, Mrs. Edward Benedict Close of New York and Mrs. Andrew Weeks Anthony of Bristol, R. I., who were in pale pink satin gowns draped with biscuit colored lace with Nattier blue sashes, and lace hats covered with pink feathers and relieved with brown fur. The maid of honor was the bride's niece Miss Florence McCauley and the two flower girls were the Misses Eleanor and Adelaide Close. All wore ruffled organdy frocks with pink sashes and their white hats had pink flowers and blue streamers. All carried pink chrysanthemums.

Mr. Tomlinson's best man was his brother, Daniel C. Tomlinson, a Second Lieutenant in the United States Field Artillery, and the ushers were Captain Edward Benedict Close, Garrett B. Kip, a Lieutenant in the reserves; George P. Chittenden, MacPherson Kennedy, Eliot Lee and William W. Hoppin.

A reception for the relatives and intimate friends was held at the St. Regis. Following their honeymoon journey Mr. and Mrs. Tomlinson will make their home in this city.

Miss Albert to Wed C. F. Chubb.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 15.—Mr. and Mrs. Talbot Albert of Baltimore announced today the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mary Clare Carroll Albert, to Charles Frisbee Chubb of Sewickley, Penn., son of Mrs. M. M. Chubb of Grand Rapids, Mich. Miss Albert made her début in Baltimore a few seasons ago, after being educated in Germany, where her father was for several years United States Consul at Brunswick. She has a sister, Mrs. Howard Liggett of Philadelphia, and a brother, Talbot Albert, Jr.

The marriage will take place on Nov. 27 in Baltimore at Emmanuel Protestant Episcopal Church.

1,000 Invited to Their Wedding.

More than a thousand invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Cornelia Van de Water, daughter of Mrs. John C. Van de Water of Flushing, L. I., and Harold Carey of Hartford, Conn., which is to take place on Saturday afternoon, Dec. 1, in St. George's Episcopal Church at Flushing. The uncle of the bride, the Rev. George R. Van de Water, rector of St. Andrew's Church, this city, is to officiate. Mr. Carey is the son of Frank Carey of The Hartford Courant, and is at the Plattsburg training camp.

Schneider-Norden.

Miss Edna Marian Norden, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Norden of 280 Riverside Drive, was married to Lawrence L. Schneider of this city last evening at the Hotel Savoy. The officiating clergyman was the Rev. Dr. De Sola Pool.

The bride's only attendant was her sister, Miss Rae S. Norden.

A dinner and reception followed the ceremony, the couple leaving later for the South. They will live in New York on their return.

Miss Glidden to Wed Lieut. Kennedy

The engagement of Miss Katherine Glidden, daughter of Mrs. Robert Grinnell Glidden of Brooklyn, to Lieutenant Grafton S. Kennedy, son of Mrs. Grafton C. Kennedy of Dayton, Ohio, has been announced. Mr. Kennedy is a graduate of Yale, Class of '14. He is stationed at Fort Monroe, Va.

J. W. FOSTER, DEAN OF DIPLOMATS, DIES

Successor of Blaine as Secretary of State Expires in Washington at 81 Years.

ONCE MINISTER TO SPAIN

Authority on International Law—Represented United States in Negotiating Treaties.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—John W. Foster, former Secretary of State, dean of the American Diplomatic Corps and father-in-law of Secretary Lansing, died early today at his home, 1,323 Eighteenth Street, N. W. He was 81 years old. Funeral services are to be held tomorrow at the Presbyterian Church of the Covenant.

John Watson Foster had a remarkable career and won distinction in three professions, those of arms, law, and diplomacy. His career was unique inasmuch as he was the first professional diplomatist produced by the foreign service of the United States.

He was born in Pike County, Ind., March 2, 1836. In 1855 he was graduated at the Indiana State University and was admitted to the bar after a year's study at Harvard Law School. He began the practice of law in Evansville, Ind., in 1856.

At the commencement of the civil war Mr. Foster took an active part in the organization of the State troops and was appointed a Major in the Twenty-fifth Indiana Infantry. He was promoted to a Lieutenant Colonelcy after the capture of Fort Donelson, and was soon made Colonel of the Sixty-fifth Indiana Mounted Infantry.

After the war he entered the newspaper field and became editor of The Evansville Journal. In 1869 he was appointed Postmaster of that city.

Appointed Minister to Mexico.

His first diplomatic service began in 1873, when Grant appointed him Minister to Mexico. Here he showed his capacity for such duties by mastering the Spanish language and with it the friendship of the Mexicans and an insight into the most intimate questions of internal policy. President Hayes reappointed him in 1880, and in March of the same year he transferred him to the Court of St. Petersburg.

President Arthur appointed him Minister to Spain, where he remained from February, 1883, until March, 1885. While in Madrid he negotiated an important commercial treaty between Spain and the United States; but the Senate refused to confirm it, and President Cleveland withdrew it from reconsideration.

This was a reciprocal treaty suggested by Secretary Frelinghuysen, who first conceived the idea of practical trade reciprocity. The Senators who opposed the confirmation of the treaty contended that its effect would merely be to give Cuba $25,000,000, for which this country would get nothing in return. Mr. Foster was again sent to Spain to negotiate a modified treaty, but the negotiations failed, and he returned in a few months.

He again took up the practice of international law at Washington, in which he was engaged until November, 1890, when he was employed as a special agent of the State Department to assist the Secretary and President in negotiating reciprocity treaties.

Succeeds Blaine as Secretary.

In 1892 Mr. Foster was appointed to succeed James G. Blaine as Secretary of State. While in this office he had to consider such questions as the Chilean trouble, and the Bering Sea controversy with England. At the end of his term of office he was retained by this Government to make up the American case before the court of arbitration in Paris which finally adjusted the differences between the United States and Great Britain.

After 1894 he resided in Washington, though making frequent trips abroad as the representative of foreign Governments. He made a tour of the world and was received, especially in the East, with distinguished honors.

NO SUPPER AT THIS BALL.

Washington to Conserve Food at Dance in Aid of Ambulance Corps.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—While it cannot be denied that Washington has been a little slow in accepting the meatless, wheatless, and wineless menu suggested by Mr. Hoover and the Food Commission, the forthcoming dance at the New Willard in aid of the First Ambulance Corps of the District of Columbia, will set the pace for conservation of food, inasmuch as there will be no supper.

Saturday, Nov. 24, has been selected for trying out this plan of small and early ball which will be given under fashionable patronage with Washington's famous brass band orchestra to furnish the music. Dancing will begin at 9 o'clock and stop at midnight.

Only 800 tickets will be offered for sale with a special effort put forth to enlist the co-operation of parents and guardians of the young and the near young, as this particular ball is expected to mark the début of a dozen or more girls, who, under ordinary conditions, would be presented at as many different receptions in the coming Winter.

Miss Mary Duncan Gibson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richardson Gibson and Miss Margaret Deveraux, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Ryan Deveraux, are the young people directly responsible for the new order of a supperless dance.

TOBACCO CO. CUTS BOARD.

Financiers Retire from Directorate of Producta Concern.

The Tobacco Products Company yesterday reduced its directorate from thirteen to nine members. The resignations of Daniel G. Reid, J. Howard Harding, Seward Prosser, and J. du Pratt White were accepted. These members were chiefly interested in the financial upbuilding of the company and retire to leave the company under the direction of practical tobacco men. The only banker now on the board is C. J. Schmidlapp, Vice President of the Chase National Bank, who is Chairman.

The former officers were re-elected, including George L. Storm as President. The Executive Committee for the ensuing year will consist of Mr. Storm, L. B. McKitterick, R. N. Ellis, James M. Dixon, and Gray Miller.

MRS. BUSCH TO RETURN.

Her Attorney Gets Passports to Escort Her Home from Switzerland.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15. – Harry Hawes, a St. Louis attorney, today obtained passports from the State Department for a trip to Switzerland to accompany back to the United States Mrs. Lily Busch, widow of Adolphus Busch, the St. Louis brewer.

Mrs. Busch, who has been in Germany since the beginning of the war, is anxious to return to her home in St. Louis. Mr. Hawes said no difficulty was expected in procuring passports from the German Government for Mrs. Busch to cross the border into Switzerland.

Young-Kimball Engagement.

The Hon. and Mrs. J. Ronald Young of Nassau, Bahamas, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Katrina Gray Young, to Laburton Kimball, son of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Kimball of Bradford, Mass. No date has been set for the wedding.

AMBULANCE AID IN ALBANIA.

Americans at the Front in Recent French Advance.

PARIS, Oct. 30, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—American Ambulance men played an important part in the recent heavy fighting on the Albanian front. The light cars of the Americans forged ahead over almost impassable roads, keeping up with the victorious French armies and at one stage in the attack passing all units except the cavalry. Heavier machines found it impossible to traverse the roads until after they had been repaired.

The French advanced more than thirty miles in three days, a distance which they had planned to cover only after much resistance. Most of the heavy fighting occurred the first day, when French artillery cleared out nearly all of the enemy positions.

At one point in the attack the French were forced to build a small pontoon bridge under the heavy fire of Austrian guns. This completed, Algerian troops stormed ahead and could hardly be stopped. Many of them went two and three days without food, as it was impossible for the supply trains to keep up with the advance. Casualties were light and there were few wounded soldiers for the ambulance men to transport.

Many Austrian prisoners taken by the French surrendered without the slightest resistance. When interviewed by their captors, they were invariably strong in their condemnation of the Germans, whom they blame for prolonging the war. They reported that their rations had been restricted to meat, bread, and water, and welcomed the supplies, including vegetables and wine, which the French provided for them.

GIFTS FOR N. Y. U. SOLDIERS.

Wives of Faculty Members Send 400 Christmas Boxes to Europe.

More than 400 Christmas cheer boxes have been sent to the New York University students in active service in France by Chancellor Elmer Ellsworth Brown's committee of the university, which consists of wives of Faculty members. In addition to the eatables, games, &c., in each box will be a blanket which was added at the last moment in response to a letter received from one of the boys of the New York University Ambulance Company, saying that these were needed. The young women students of the Schools of Commerce and Law at Washington Square made 1,500 trench candles, which were also sent. They have formed a trench candle brigade, which will supply the N. Y. U. men with candles during the continuance of the war. Christmas cheer boxes for the university boys in the home camps will be packed next week, making approximately 1,000 boxes in all.

Members of the Chancellor's Committee are Dr. Aristine P. Munn-Recht, Dean of Women; Mrs. Elmer Ellsworth Brown, wife of the Chancellor, Honorary Chairman; Mrs. Lawrence A. McLouth, Chairman; Mrs. Collins P. Bliss, Treasurer; Mrs. Samuel A. Brown, wife of the Dean of the Medical College; Mrs. W. Horace Hoskins, wife of the Dean of the Veterinary College; Mrs. Albert F. Wilson, Mrs. Alexander Haring, Mrs. George B. Wallace, Mrs. Chester F. S. Whitney, and a subcommittee of sixty.

10-MILE FIRE CHECKED.

300 Families Homeless and $250,000 Lost in Jersey Forest Blaze.

Special to The New York Times.

ALLENDALE, N. J., Nov. 15.—The biggest forest fire in the history of the State, according to the Fire Warden, and which has been raging fiercely five miles from Suffern, N. Y., for the last week, was put under control today. The fire made more than 300 families homeless and did damage estimated at $250,000.

The fire extends over an area of ten square miles and can be seen for a great distance. The section in which the fire is burning is in the wooded part of the Ramapo Mountains. Two hundred men, under the Fire Warden, have been busy night and day for a week cutting down trees in the path of the blaze. Today the fire was confined to a desolate tract known as Bear's Swamp, and it is believed that it will spread no further.

HECKSCHER SUIT DISMISSED

Action Involved Restrictions in the Murray Hill District.

Supreme Court Justice Dugro, who heard the $250,000 suit of August Heckscher, realty operator, against Edmund L. Baylies, member of the law firm of Carter, Ledyard & Milburn for damages because of a letter written by Mr. Baylies which caused George Backer, builder, to change his mind about buying the Havemeyer property at Thirty-eighth Street and Madison Avenue, dismissed the complaint yesterday.

Mr. Backer, who was the chief witness for Mr. Heckscher, admitted receiving the letter from Mr. Baylies warning him that the Havemeyer property was covered by the Murray Hill restriction and assuring him that J. P. Morgan and other property owners in the neighborhood would go to law if he carried out his plan to build a loft building there, but said he backed out because of the suggestion of the Morgan opposition and not on account of the alleged restriction which, he said, he didn't think would hold. Since the suit was based on the allegation that the restriction threat was the cause of the alleged damage, the court held that no cause of action was proved.

The defense was prepared to offer testimony that Mr. Heckscher really lost nothing, and actually gained when the sale to Mr. Backer fell through, because the property is worth more now than the price at which Mr. Heckscher planned to sell it.

Justice Davis Improving.

Continued improvement in the condition of Supreme Court Justice Vernon M. Davis, who has been ill with pneumonia at his home, 194 Lenox Avenue, was reported last night. It was said that the crisis had been passed and that Justice Davis is apparently on the road to recovery.

Six Sons, McNichol Pallbearers.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—The six eldest sons of State Senator James P. McNichol, who died suddenly yesterday, will be the pallbearers at their father's funeral here on Saturday morning. The Senator was the father of fourteen children, of whom twelve are living, ten of them boys.

The honorary pallbearers will number seventy, including Senators Penrose and Knox, Lieut. Gov. McClain, Secretary of the Commonwealth Woods, State Senator E. H. Vare, Edgar F. Smith, Provost of the University of Pennsylvania, and E. T. Stotesbury.

Archbishop Prendergast will preside at the funeral service.

Edward T. Postelwaite.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—Edward T. Postelwaite, Assistant to the President of the Pennsylvania Railroad and one of the best known railroad executives in this country, died in a hospital late last night of apoplexy. He was stricken ten days ago. Mr. Postelwaite was 67 years old, and entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad in 1863. He became Assistant to the President in 1897, during the administration of Frank Thomson. Latterly he had charge of all matters relating to the handling of mails by the railroad, and in that capacity he spent much of his time in Washington.

Lieut. E. C. Platt Killed.

Lieutenant E. Cuthbert Platt in the 24th Canadia Battalion, British Expeditionary Force, son of Edward C. Platt, Treasurer and one of the chief executive officers of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company and of the Mackay Companies since their organization, was killed in action in France on Nov. 7, according to word received by his father yesterday. Lieutenant Platt had been in active service since March 19, 1916. No particulars of the circumstances under which he fell were received beyond the official report of his death.

INJUNCTION GRANTED DU PONT BONDHOLDERS

New Jersey Court Restrains Use of Corporate Assets to Retire Capital Stock.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 15.—Francis S. Hoyt and other bondholders of the du Pont Powder Company of New Jersey obtained an injunction today from Vice Chancellor Backes to restrain the use of the corporate assets of the firm to retire capital stock, which, it was asserted, would impair the rights of bondholders. Retiring of the capital stock was to be part of a plan for reorganizing and financing the concern.

The Vice Chancellor pointed out that until 1906, when it began making explosives and similar products, the company was simply a holding corporation. In that year it floated a thirty-year bond issue of $16,000,000 secured by a trust deed, imposing a charge in favor of the trustee upon all of its property, present or future. Then, the court's opinion shows, following the outbreak of the war the company made huge sums until, in 1915, it had grown from a holding corporation with possessions of $37,500,000 to a concern having assets in excess of $200,000,000.

In the reorganization plan, the Delaware du Pont Company was organized with a capital of $240,000 and purchased the New Jersey company's property and business for $120,000,000, paying $59,500,000 of debenture shares, $59,000,000 in common stock and $1,500,000 in cash. the New Jersey company used the cash to take up mortgage liens, divided the common stock among its shareholders, and planned to use the debenture shares to retire all of the New Jersey firm's liabilities, consisting of $14,000,000 bonds, $15,000,000 preferred stock, and $29,500,000 common stock. This plan was stopped by the courts and the company then proposed to use $26,000,000 of the debenture shares to retire a like amount of common stock, and proceedings are under way to decrease the common stock to $3,500,000. The Vice Chancellor shows that the accomplishment of this plan would leave $5,000,000 of the debenture shares and cash to secure the unredeemed bonds and preferred stock.

Illustrating the reorganization plan as a dissipation of securities pledged to stockholders, the Vice Chancellor says:

"No better illustration can be had than the rise in market value from $85 to $102 of these very bonds the moment the reorganization was announced. That such an event was probable and contemplated by the New Jersey company is evinced by the stipulation in the trust deed that at any time before maturity the bonds were redeemable at $110. Of this prospect the bondholders, obviously, cannot be deprived."

REV. ISAAC VAN WINKLE DIES.

Rector of St. Luke's, in the Latin Quarter, Paris, for 18 Years.

The Rev. Isaac Van Winkle, for the last three years rector of St. Clement's Church, 136 West Third Street, and formerly for eighteen years rector of St. Luke's Church at Paris, France, died yesterday at St. Luke's Hospital, in his seventy-first year. Dr. Van Winkle was a member of one of the oldest New York families, his ancestry dating back to the Dutch Van Winkle family which settled here in 1636.

He was born in this city in 1846, the son of Dr. H. Van Winkle, who was a noted surgeon, and Catherine Stanford Van Winkle. He was graduated from Columbia University in 1865, and later from the General Theological Seminary. He was then for eighteen years rector of St. Mary's Church, at Highland, N. Y., and going to Paris, took charge of St. Luke's Church in the Latin Quarter. American Students for the most part made up his congregation there. He founded several social clubs and instituted St. Luke's Reading Room there.

Dr. Van Winkle was a member of the Holland Society. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Margaret Kemble Lente; three daughters, and two sons.

LIEUT. PALMER BURIED.

Military Honors Accorded American Officer Who Died in France.

News has been received of the funeral at Pau, France, with military honors, of Lieutenant Henry Brewster Palmer, son of Charles H. Palmer, Vice President of the Genesee Valley Trust Company, Rochester, N. Y. Information of his illness reached his family on Tuesday, and a cablegram the same day conveyed the intelligence of his death from pneumonia. In June last year Mr. Palmer proceeded to France and enlisted for service in the American Ambulance Hospital. He was stationed at Verdun, and later on was transferred to Saloniki. In June, this year, he returned to Paris and, his term of service in the ambulance service being completed, he enlisted in the Lafayette Escadrille, and, on this being incorporated in the United States Aviation Corps, Mr. Palmer received a commission as Lieutenant on Nov. 1.

He was born in Rochester thirty-one years ago and was educated in a public school in Rochester and St. George's School, near Newport, R. I., and was graduated from Harvard University in 1908. He is survived by his father, mother, and a brother, Charles H. Palmer, Jr., now in the United States Reserve Engineers at Vancouver Barracks, Wash.

Obituary Notes.

SEABURY SIMMONS GREEN, 64 years old, a ship carpenter employed at the Erie Basin, dropped dead on Wednesday from heart disease. He lived at 252 Reid Avenue, Brooklyn, and left three sons and two daughters.

HENRY J. R. WOOD, a retired Brooklyn baker and member of Prospect Lodge, 290, I. O. O. F., and of Fidelity Encampment, 50, I. O. O. F., died at his home, 445 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday. He was 79 years old.

Mrs. JAMES SMITH, at one time well known as a mission and revival worker in Methodist churches in Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at her home, 471 Forty-seventh Street, South Brooklyn, at the age of 79 years. Mrs. Smith had lived in Brooklyn nearly all her lifetime, and was twice married. Her first husband was Thomas Brown, a hardware merchant, who died in 1880, and in 1885 she married James Smith, a produce merchant in this city.

Mrs. MARY E. THOMAS, wife of Richard P. Thomas, the New York representative of the Goss Printing Press Company, died at her home, 385A Decatur Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. She was 58 years old and was born in Baltimore, Md.

RICHARD JOYCE, 72 years old, a retired broker, died on Tuesday at his home, 272 South Third Street, Brooklyn.

DANIEL GUERIN, who was the proprietor of a grocery store in Orange, N. J., for forty years, died at his home there on Wednesday.

STEPHEN GAYNOR, who was with the shipping department of the Edison Company for several years, died yesterday at his home, Orange, N. J.

Dr. WILLIAM GIBSON CRAIG, a specialist in eye and ear diseases at Springfield, Mass., died at his home there yesterday in his fiftieth year.

DONALD THORBURN, a contractor, is dead at his home, 801 West End Avenue. He was President of the Doyers Street Mission.

Mrs. ALFONSINA de STEFANO of 520 West 106th Street died at her home on Wednesday. She was the mother of Frederick M. de Stefano, a member of the staff of The New York Herald.

JOHN MASON, the last of the Mason family which owned Mason's Island, now a Summer resort near Watch Hill, R. I., died on Wednesday at New London, Conn.

WALTER GOAN, since 1898 in charge of the sugar wafer department of the National Biscuit Company, died yesterday at his home, 616 West 116th Street, from pneumonia, in his fiftieth year.

JOHN DINKEL, a retired grocery merchant, died on Wednesday at his home, 61 North Broadway, Tarrytown, where he lived only one day.

BENJAMIN G. McCAGUE, Treasurer and General Manager of the Hardman Tire and Rubber Company of 1,904 Broadway, died suddenly on Wednesday, at his home in Hoboken.

JAY QUIGLEY, actor, committed suicide by jumping from a bridge into the Scioto River, in Columbus, Ohio, last night. His body soon afterward was recovered. He had been in ill health for some time.

ALBERT MORTIMER FOX, Western representative of the American Window Glass Company of Pittsburgh, died yesterday at Chicago, Ill., in his fifty-ninth year. He was graduated from Williams College and had been with the American Window Glass Company for more than thirty years.

T. KAMONA, a Japanese actor, who came to this country ten months ago, died yesterday at his home, 96 Madison Street, Brooklyn. Following services at the Funeral Church, Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street today, the body will be cremated and the ashes sent to Japan.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

BATTEN—WOODRIFF.—At Madison Run, Va., on Nov. 15, Elise Joffray, daughter of John R. P. and Florence Woodriff, to Ensign Loring W. Batten, Jr., son of Dr. and Mrs. Loring W. Batten of New York.

SQUIRES—CURTIS.—On Nov. 15, 1917, at Stillwater, N. Y., by the Rev. W. D. Spencer, Ida Louise Curtis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Bush Curtis, to John N. Squires, son of Mrs. Robert Squires of Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

Died.

ALCES.—Suddenly, at Grand Rapids, Mich., Nov. 13, Oscar F., son of the late Alice and George Alces.

AMER.—On Thursday, Nov. 15, Joseph L. Amer, father of Mrs. Clifford Bucknam, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

ANDERSON.—Matthew, on Nov. 15. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the service at his late residence, 2,779 Briggs Av., on Friday, Nov. 16, 8 P. M.

BACON.—Suddenly, on Nov. 14, 1917, Walter Rathbone, eldest son of the late David R. and Elizabeth Rathbone Bacon and brother of the late Edward R. Bacon. Funeral services at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. and 53d St., on Saturday, Nov. 17, at 10:30 A. M. London and Paris papers please copy.

BAUER.—Jersey City, Wednesday, Nov. 14, Elizabeth Terhune, wife of Michael F. Bauer. Funeral services at her late residence, 288 Harrison Av., Friday, 8 P. M.

BECK.—Alcesta, at her residence, 428 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, Nov. 15. Notice of funeral later.

CALL.—Suddenly, on Nov. 13, 1917, W. T. Call, beloved husband of Eleanor M. Call. Funeral services at his late residence, 669 East 32d St., Flatbush, Friday, at 2 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

CASEY.—Margaret F., on Nov. 15, 1917, beloved sister of Michael J. and Annie Felicita Casey. Funeral from her late residence, 233 East 35th St., Saturday, Nov. 17, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at St. Gabriel's Church at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

COHN.—At Hartford, Conn., Nov. 14, after a short illness, Jacob, beloved husband of Betsy and father of Florence Hane, Leah Rose, Milton, and Edna Cohn. Funeral from his late residence, 255 West 90th St., Friday, Nov. 16, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

COHN.—Gad Lodge 11, F. S. I., brethren are requested to attend the funeral of Brother Jacob Cohn from 255 West 90th St., Nov. 16, 10 A. M.

M. M. STRAUSS, Secretary.

CONNELL.—Nov. 14, 1917, Sarah F., beloved wife of James H. Connell. Funeral from her late residence, 15 Jagger Av., Flushing, N. Y., on Saturday, Nov. 17, at 9 A. M., thence to St. Michael's R. C. Church, where a solemn mass of requiem will be said at 10 A. M.

CONNOR.—Patrick, on Thursday, Nov. 15, 1917, beloved husband of Cathrine Connor, nee Shea, and father of Mrs. J. J. McGrath, Mrs. L. M. Totten, and Cathrine V. Connor; native of Gerina Goppie, Bonane, County Kerry, Ireland; ex-officer of 31st Precinct. Funeral from his late residence, West 259th St. and Fieldston Road, Saturday, at 9:45 A. M.; thence to St. Denis's Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment St. Raymond.

COOPER.—Alfred, at his residence, 436 7th Av., Brooklyn, on Nov. 13. Funeral service at his residence on Friday, 9 P. M. No flowers by request.

CORT.—At Fort Worth, Texas, on Nov. 5, 1917, Nicholas Leonard Cort. Memorial services will be held at the Church of the Atonement, Tenafly, N. J., on Saturday afternoon, Nov. 17, at 2:30, on arrival of trains leaving Jersey City, Erie station, at 1:24 and 1:29.

CRIMMINS.—At the meeting of the Board of Directors of the Fifth Avenue Bank of New York, held Nov. 15th, 1917, the Chairman having reported the death of Mr. John D. Crimmins, a member of the board, the following minute was unanimously adopted:

John D. Crimmins, a distinguished citizen and for thirty-four years a valued member of this board, has been called from the scene of his long, active, and useful life. It is difficult for us to give adequate expression to our esteem for the man and our sorrow at his departure. His connection with this bank began when he opened an account in 1877, and from that time he always had the keenest interest in its welfare. In 1883 he became a Director, his wide acquaintance with men of affairs and his intimate knowledge of the growth and history of the City of New York gave him a particularly valuable equipment as a Director of the bank, and his ability contributed largely to its success.

His devotion to his family, his philanthropic spirit, his genial personality, and the wholesome simplicity of his tastes all joined to make him a citizen of unusual value to the community and one whom it will be difficult indeed to replace.

Individually and as a board, we tender to his family our sympathy in their bereavement.

W. G. GASTON, Cashier.

CROMWELL.—Caroline Anna, at Providence, R. I., on Nov. 14, 1917, in the 85th year of her age. Funeral at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon, Nov. 16, from the residence of Charles Sisson, 458 Hope St., Providence, R. I.

DALE.—On Nov. 15, at Philadelphia, Penn., Eugenie E., widow of the late John G. Dale, in her 84th year. Funeral services at Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St., on Saturday morning, Nov. 17, at 10 o'clock.

DEGENER.—On Nov. 14, 1917, Frederick Lewis Degener, age 75 years. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 721A Madison St., Brooklyn, Friday the 16th inst., 8 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

DE WATERS.—At St. Vincent's Hospital, Nov. 13, 1917, Lanah, in her 75th year. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 5,890 Amboy Road, Prince's Bay, S. I., Saturday afternoon at 2:30. Interment Woodrow M. E. Cemetery.

EDWARDS.—On Nov. 14, Charles A., beloved husband of Emily Bethal Edwards. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell Building, 1,970 Broadway, Sunday, 2 P. M. Members of the Long Island Lodge, 382, F. and A. M., are invited to attend.

ENGEL.—Harriette Craig, beloved wife of George H. Engel, yesterday at her residence, 16 East 7th St., New York. Funeral at Rochester, N. Y., Saturday.

FOX.—Albert M., Nov. 14, 1917, in Chicago, Ill. Funeral services from residence of his sister, Mrs. Marion K. Avery, 40 7th Av., corner 13th St., New York City, Sunday, Nov. 18, 1917, at 1 P. M. Interment Maple Grove Cemetery. Pittsburgh, Penn., and Syracuse, N. Y., papers please copy.

FRAZER.—Nov. 13, William O. Frazer, aged 59. Funeral Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Friday, 1:30 P. M.

HARVEY.—On Nov. 14, in his 28th year, James Harvey, beloved son of William and Jennie Harvey (Rogers.) Funeral services at his late residence, St. Albans, L. I., Saturday, at 7:45 P. M. Interment private.

HENRY.—On Wednesday, Nov. 14, at her residence, 72 West 88th St., Mary V. Henry, beloved daughter of Elizabeth and sister of Frances A. Funeral Saturday, Nov. 17, 9 A. M., at St. Gregory's Church, West 90th St.

HITCHCOCK.—Nov. 15, Charles Hitchcock, aged 83. Funeral Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Friday.

JONES.—On Wednesday, Nov. 14, 1917, Richard Charles, husband of Hannah J. Jones. Funeral services will be held at the home of his son, Charles Granville Jones, 133 Academy St., Belleville, N. J., on Friday, Nov. 16, at 8 P. M. Interment at Port Jefferson, L. I.

KATZENBERG.—At Lakewood, N. J., Nov. 15, 1917, Sophia, beloved wife of the late Henry Katzenberg, mother of Edward and Berthold and Fanny Waters. Funeral at convenience of family.

McCAGUE.—Suddenly, Nov. 14, Benjamin Graham, beloved son of Frances and the late Robert McCague and beloved husband of the late Mary Rose Straus. Services at his late residence, 1,016 Garden St., Hoboken, N. J., Friday evening, Nov. 16, at 8 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

MILLER.—On Wednesday, Nov. 14, 1917, at 270 Madison Av., George Macculloch Miller, in the 86th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. and 53d St., on Friday, Nov. 16, at 10 A. M. Interment at Morristown, N. J., at the convenience of the family.

MUELLER.—At Richmond, Va., on Tuesday, Nov. 13, 1917, Mrs. N. E. Mueller, beloved wife of Dr. N. C. Mueller and daughter of the late Anton Doll, formerly of West Hoboken, N. J., passed quietly away at her residence, after a lingering illness, in her 45th year. Funeral service on Friday, Nov. 16, 2 P. M., at Fred A. Brunner & Sons' funeral parlors, 911 2d Av., near 48th St., New York City. Interment Lutheran. Arrangements by Phillip Voelcker.

PALMER.—The Society of Mayflower Descendants in the State of New York announces with regret the death at Pau, France, on Nov. 11, 1917, of Henry Brewster Palmer of the Lafayette Escadrille, a member by right of descent from John Alden.

FREDERICK CHANDLER SEABURY, Governor.

ELIPHALET BRADFORD TERRY, Secretary.

PIERCY.—Suddenly, on Nov. 14, 1917, William J., beloved husband of Louise P. Piercy. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 584 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, Nov. 16, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

RICE.—Nov. 13, 1917, at Charleston, Me., Henry Rice, aged 77 years, 11 months and 24 days. For many years a member of Manhattan Lodge 72, F. & A. M., and of 44th St. M. E. Church since its formation. Friends are invited to attend his funeral at his former residence, 218 Nepperhan Av., Yonkers, N. Y. Masonic services at 8 P. M., Saturday. Interment Greenwood Cemetery, Sunday, 10 A. M.

SCHWIND.—On Wednesday, Nov. 14, Charles Ernest Schwind, in his 58th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 223 Grand Av., Astoria, L. I., on Friday evening, Nov. 16, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

Died.

SHIPPEN.—On Thursday, Nov. 15, 1917, at her residence, 302 Lexington Av., Georgie, daughter of the late William W. and Georgina E. Shippen. Notice of funeral hereafter. Kindly omit flowers.

SMITH.—On Wednesday, Nov. 14, 1917, Amos A. Smith, in his 86th year. Funeral services will be held at his home, 61 Pierrepont St., Brooklyn, on Friday, at 2:30 P. M.

THOMAS.—On Nov. 14, 1917, Mary E., beloved wife of Richard P. Thomas, at her residence, 385a Decatur St., Brooklyn. Funeral Saturday, Nov. 17, at 9 A. M., and then to the Church of the Holy Rosary. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

THOMPSON.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Nov. 15, 1917, at his residence, 280 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, George Thompson, father of Bessie M. Kueck, aged 54 years. Funeral services will be held at Plymouth Church, Orange St., near Henry St., Brooklyn, on Saturday, Nov. 17, at 4 P. M. Interment private.

THORBURN.—Donald, on Wednesday, Nov. 14, 1917, at the home of his son, Dr. T. R. Thorburn, 801 West End Av. Funeral services from the Harlem-New York Presbyterian Church, 2 West 122d St., on Friday, Nov. 16, at 8:15 P. M.

TRAUB.—Suddenly, on Nov. 13, 1917, Ural Stillwell Traub. Services at 22 Madison Av., Flushing, N. Y., on Friday, Nov. 16, at 3 P. M.

VAN WINKLE.—On Thursday, Nov. 15, 1917, Rev. Isaac Van Winkle, in his 71st year. Rector of St. Clement's Church in the City of New York and eighteen years rector of St. Luke's Chapel, Paris, France. Funeral service on Saturday, Nov. 17, 1917, at 11 A. M., Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York City. English and French papers please copy.

VAN VALKENBURGH.—Willis, suddenly, at the Post-Graduate Hospital, on Wednesday, Nov. 14, 1917. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BERKO.—Sophie, 319 East 85th St., Nov. 14. Funeral tomorrow.

BORTELL.—Nellie, 660 West 180th St., Nov. 13.

DESMOND.—Timothy, 237 Cherry St., Nov. 13. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DE STEFANO.—Alfonsina, 520 West 106th St., Nov. 14.

DICKEMANN.—Martin, 1,820 Mohegan Av., Bronx, Nov. 13. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

DONOHUE.—Bessie, 743 3d Av., Nov. 14. Funeral today, 6:30 A. M.

FARRELL.—Margaret, 127 West 62d St., Nov. 14. Funeral tomorrow.

FITZPATRICK.—Mary, 1,287 Shakespeare Av., Bronx, Nov. 14. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

GALVIN.—Patrick, 34 West 60th St., Nov. 13. Funeral today.

HART.—Margaret, 211 East 56th St., Nov. 14. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

HENSCHEL.—Norris, Nov. 13. Funeral 223 Lenox Av., today, 10 A. M.

McFADDEN.—John, Nov. 12. Funeral 368 West 50th St., today, 9:30 A. M.

McGOWAN.—Elizabeth, 154 Vermilyea Av., Nov. 13. Funeral today.

MALLOY.—William P., 372 West 46th St., Nov. 14. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MURPHY.—Denis, 443 2d Av., Nov. 14. Funeral notice later.

MURPHY.—Mary S., 516 East 135th St., Nov. 13. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

O'BRIEN.—Sarah, 450 East 141st St., Nov. 13. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

WASP.—May D., 299 East 147th St., Nov. 14. Funeral service today.

WELLS.—Sarah J., 2,157 7th Av., Nov. 13, aged 85. Funeral private.

Brooklyn.

BARTON.—Charles, 185 Butler St., Nov. 14. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

BURCHELL.—Harry. Holy Family Hospital, Nov. 13, aged 36.

CREAGH.—Patrick, 150 Coffey St., Nov. 14. Funeral Nov. 18, 2 P. M.

DAY.—Jennie, 241 Hudson Av., Nov. 14. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

DEHLING.—Dorothea F., 29 St. Mark's Av., Nov. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

FECHTER.—Hermann, Nov. 13. Funeral 83 Menahan St., today, 2 P. M.

HASHAGEN.—George W., 271 11th St., Nov. 14. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

HEIL.—Casper, 86 Crescent St., Nov. 14, aged 64. Funeral Nov. 18.

JOYCE.—Richard, 272 South 3d St., Nov. 13, aged 72. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

KAH.—August J., 15 Halleck St., Nov. 14, aged 59.

KERR.—Mary E., 725 Madison St., Nov. 14. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LACKI.—Leon, 101 Butler St., Nov. 13, aged 62. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

LEDWITH.—Isabelle E., 2 Willow St., Nov. 14. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

McCORMACK.—Elizabeth M., 12 Hausman St., Nov. 15. Funeral Nov. 19.

McKENNA.—Agnes, 469 Hicks St., Nov. 14. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

McNALLY.—Mary J., 782 Wythe Av., Nov. 14. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

PRESTON.—Jennie, 919 Lafayette Av., Nov. 14, aged 77. Funeral service today.

RICHMOND.—Kate R., 415 Broadway, Nov. 13, aged 73. Funeral today.

STEVENS.—John, 110 King St., Nov. 14, aged 76. Funeral Nov. 18.

TRISTRAM.—Elizabeth, 759 Halsey St., Nov. 13, aged 73. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

VAN DERHOOF.—Henry T., 63 Hull St., Nov. 14, aged 77. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

WATERS.—Mary C. M., 420 Clermont Av., Nov. 14. Funeral private.

WOOD.—Henry J. R., 445 Quincy St., Nov. 13. Funeral services today.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

ACKERLY.—William, 39 Hudson St., Jersey City, Nov. 13.

BAYETTE.—Charles, 316 Barclay St., West Hoboken, Nov. 13, aged 64. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BLEWITT.—Agnes M., 484 Ferry St., Newark, Nov. 14. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

BORTHWICK.—James, Jr., 132 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, Nov. 13. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CADDEN.—Michael, Newark, Nov. 15. Funeral today, 7:15 A. M.

CHAPMAN.—Grace E., 384 Central Av., Newark, Nov. 14.

CONROY.—Hugh, 157 Passaic Av., Newark, Nov. 14.

COOPER.—Mary, Newark, Nov. 13. Funeral private.

EDWARDS.—Mamie, 276 Duncan Av., Jersey City, Nov. 14. Funeral service today.

KEENAN.—Harry, 17 Searing Av., East Newark, Nov. 13. Funeral tomorrow, 8 A. M.

McCARL.—William H., 92 Park St., Newark, Nov. 13, aged 36. Funeral today.

McKECKNIE.—John, Newark, Nov. 4.

REINHARDT.—Frederick W., Jersey City, Nov. 13, aged 67.

RESCH.—Annie C., 371 Summer Av., Newark, Nov. 14. Funeral tomorrow.

SIPP.—Harry D., Newark, Nov. 15. Funeral notice later.

STUEHLER.—Max, 51 Darcy St., Newark, Nov. 13, aged 39. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

WASHBURN.—William E., 63 North 3d St., Newark, Nov. 14.

WHITEHEAD.—Anna M., 32 Fulton St., Newark, Nov. 14. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

Long Island.

BERARDININELLI.—Mary, Woodside, Nov. 13, aged 33.

BROWN.—Robert E., Glendale, Nov. 13, aged 3 months.

BURCHARD.—Charles L., Richmond Hill, Nov. 14. Funeral service today.

DAVIS.—Carlotta E. M., Aqueduct, Nov. 13, aged 4 months.

FULLER.—Inez, Woodhaven, Nov. 13, aged 10.

GARDILLO.—Camelia, 568 Vernon Av., Long Island City, Nov. 13, aged 47.

GRABSKI.—Joseph, Woodhaven, Nov. 13, aged 31.

GRAVER.—Harriet, Far Rockaway, Nov. 13, aged 64.

GWYDIR.—Agatha C., Jamaica, Nov. 13, aged 6.

LINDBERG.—Ernest L., Jr., Woodside, Nov. 13, aged 22.

LUDWIG.—Elsie, Richmond Hill, Nov. 13, aged 66.

MAHONEY.—Harry, Long Island City, Nov. 12, aged 53.

MILLEFERT.—Arthur E., Far Rockaway, Nov. 14.

MITCHELL.—Ella E., Woodhaven, Nov. 13, aged 4 months.

PERDUE.—William, Jamaica, Nov. 13, aged 5.

PREDIGER.—Adolf, 250 Radde St., Long Island City, Nov. 12, aged 33.

RAPELYE.—Nicholas Van A., Forest Hills, Nov. 13, aged 70.

STEPHENSON.—William, 584 Hamilton St., Long Island City, Nov. 13, aged 49.

TITUS.—Hester, Flushing, Nov. 12, aged 74.

TOWNSEND.—Virginia, Springfield, Nov. 13, aged 73.

WARNER.—Ernest B., Flushing, Nov. 12, aged 1.

In Memoriam.

BRADLEY.—Ann, mass St. Cecilia's Church, Newark, today, 7:30 A. M.

BYRON.—Margaret, mass St. Columba's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

COSTELLO.—Thomas M., mass St. Joseph's Church, Newark, today, 7:30 A. M.

DENMING.—Malinda, in memory of, died Nov. 16, 1916.

McGINTY.—Charlotte, in memory of, died Nov. 16, 1916.

O'LEARY.—Mary, in memory of, died Nov. 16, 1914.

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ACCIDENTS IN THE GARDEN RING MAR FOURTH DAY'S SPORT AT HORSE SHOW

TINY RIDER THROWN AND BADLY INJURED

Horse Show Crowd Thrilled with Anxiety by Accident to Becky Lanier.

WOMEN RULE IN THE RING

Chief Features of Exhibition Are Afforded by Riders and Drivers of the Fair Sex.

Little Becky Lanier, the daring twelve-year-old riding sensation of the National Horse Show, was seriously injured at Madison Square Garden last night. She was guiding the noted hunter Down East over the hurdles in the event for the Maclay trophies, when, while taking the third fence in the tanbark ring, Down East balked and charged into the rails. The child rider was thrown heavily, but fell clear of the horse, which dropped down to its side, grazing the little girl by inches.

The Garden at the time of the accident was filled and women screamed and the veteran horsemen about the ring gasped as the girl was thrown. The frightened high-spirited horse became tangled in the falling bars, and the grooms rushed to the hurdles and the girl was pulled from beneath the horse's feet in the nick of time. Charles D. Lanier of the Fairfield County Hounds, the father of the girl, rushed from his box with Mrs. Lanier and reached the scene of the accident with the judges.

Pale and unconscious, the skillful little horsewoman was carried to the judges' stand. She was badly stunned and bruised from the shock of the fall, and it soon was found that she was not dangerously injured. Mr. Lanier carried his daughter from the ring. For a time the judging of the event was delayed and spectators hurried in every direction anxiously fearing the worst for the girl rider's safety. Physicians found that no bones were broken, and soon after being carried from the ring she recovered consciousness.

Riding the other two entries in the event of the Fairfield County Hounds team were Miss Ivy Madison, on Equality, and Miss Joan Mickler, on Rock Cress. Seldom has there been so much excitement and so many accidents crowded into one evening at the Horse Show, and the spectators were kept keyed up to a high pitch of excitement during the long list of women's events.

Several Narrow Escapes.

In this same competition Mrs. E. Winston, riding Strawbridge, cleverly kept her seat when her mount smashed into the fourth barrier and knocked down the fence. Miss Dorothy Ives on Katrinka and Miss J. McLean on Delbeck also found their horses balky. Although they both went crashing through the fences, they luckily escaped injury.

When the excitement following the accidents had calmed down, the competition was resumed and the event was won by the Glen Arden Hunt team, with Mrs. A. Robertson riding Winchester, Miss Lida Fleitmann on Palmetto, and Mrs. E. H. Carle on Longwood. Second prize went to the Westminster team owned by Sir Adam Beck. Sir Edward was ridden by Miss Marian Beck, Lady Beck rode Melrose, and Mrs. Reginald Gault was up on Sir Thomas.

Another serious spill happened early last evening in the competition for the Commodore Cup for hunters and jumpers over triple bars. Tom Smith, head of Sir Adam Beck's Westminster Stable, got a bad fall while riding Melrose, last year's champion hunter, over the barrier. The horse landed on its side, with Smith underneath, and when the animal rolled over, Smith was knocked unconscious on the tan bark. He was carried out of the ring by the grooms, and it was several minutes before he was revived. The injured rider was badly bruised and received a bad cut on the head. After his wounds were dressed by a physician, Smith was taken to his hotel.

The Commodore Cup, presented by John McE. Bowman, was won by Robinhood, owned by the Meadows Stables and ridden by Jack Hamilton, who rode the same jumper when it carried off the high-jumping honors on Wednesday night. Second place went to Delbeck of the same stable and also ridden by Hamilton.

Thrills followed each other in rapid succession in this event, which is a combination broad and high jump. Miss Kitty Smith of Philadelphia, riding Jolly Good Fellow, owned by Isaac H. Clothier of Philadelphia, was heavily thrown over the horse's head, but miraculously escaped injury. Miss Helen Hitchcock, riding Cavalier, was also thrown, but pluckily remounted and finished the course. Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, on Coniston, had a narrow escape when her hunter balked at the second fence, and only her clever riding enabled her to keep her seat.

Horsewomen reigned supreme last evening, the fair riders and drivers occupying the ring in a number of features which attracted the closest attention. The largest gathering of the show witnessed the events and the most enthusiastic reception of the week greeted Miss Belle Beach, riding Aviator, exhibited by Franklin B. Jourdan, when she won the blue ribbon in the Townsend Cup event for women saddler horses ridden by women on side saddles.

Presents Stirring Picture.

It was one of the prettiest events of the show as the riders guided their horses about the ring, while the Old Guard Band played lively airs. The women, in their riding and hunting habits, presented a stirring picture as their mounts responded to the different gaits.

The fashionably gowned society women in the boxes followed the well-behaved animals with marked attention and the usual cool reserve was forgotten in an outburst of applause with the judges' awards. While going through the various gaits the horses were in perfect rhythm with the band music. The riding of the women has been one of the features of the show, and all the riders have come in for high praise.

The women riders again received flattering attention with the qualified hunters, when Miss Marian Beck, daughter of Sir Adam Beck rode Sir Thomas to victory. Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock with Coniston was second, while Miss Kitty Smith of Philadelphia took third place with Bally Heather.

Badly behaved cavalry horses enlivened the competition for officers in the Grafton broad jump. When Coco leaped into the ring, ridden by Captain C. C. Benson, the horse galloped through the inclosure so swiftly that the barrier was broken when he smashed into the fence. Turk was also greatly agitated, and caused a lot of trouble. The officers got the horses under control, however, and they made the jumps in excellent form. The Cup was won by Coco, with Turk reserve.

PROGRAM FOR TODAY.

10:00 A. M.—Heavyweight Horses, suitable to become hunters. Class 112.
10:30 A. M.—Middleweight Horses, suitable to become hunters. Class 113.
11:00 A. M.—Lightweight Horses, suitable to become hunters. Class 114.
11:30 A. M.—Horses, suitable to become hunters, Champion Cup. Class 116.
12:00 M.—Qualified Hunters, middleweight. Class 118.
12:35 P. M.—Undocked Saddle Horses, over 15.2 hands, up to carrying 160 pounds. Class 90.
1:30 P. M.—Harness Horses, over 14.2 and not exceeding 15.1 hands. Class 43.
2:00 P. M.—Children's Saddle Ponies, not exceeding 12.2 hands. Class 103.
2:25 P. M.—Harness Ponies, over 13 and not exceeding 13.2 hands. Class 73.
2:45 P. M.—Saddle Ponies, Champion Cup. Class 105.
3:00 P. M.—Pony Tandems, not exceeding 13 hands. Class 60.
3:20 P. M.—Harness Horses, ladies to drive. Class 53.
3:35 P. M.—Harness Ponies, above 13.2 and not exceeding 14.2 hands. Class 75.
3:50 P. M.—Harness Ponies, Champion Cup. Class 78.
4:00 P. M.—Harness Horses, collection of three, not under 15 hands. Class 68.
4:20 P. M.—Undocked Saddle Horses, not exceeding 15.2 hands, Champion Cup. Class 98.
4:35 P. M.—Saddle Horses, exceeding 15.2 hands, Champion Cup. Class 99.
4:50 P. M.—Pairs of Harness Ponies, Champion Cup. Class 79.
5:00 P. M.—Qualified Thoroughbred Hunters, to be ridden by ladies. Class 140.
5:30 P. M.—Qualified Hunters, Corinthian Class. Class 124.
7:30 P. M.—Harness Horses, over 15.1 and not exceeding 15.3 hands. Class 45.
7:50 P. M.—Pairs of Harness Horses, over 14.2 and not exceeding 15.1 hands. Class 44.
8:05 P. M.—Hunters, for the Smithtown Hunt Cup. Class 142.
8:43 P. M.—Harness Horses, not exceeding 15.2 hands, Champion Cup. Class 56.
8:55 P. M.—Pairs of Harness Horses, not exceeding 15.2 hands, Champion Cup. Class 58.
9:05 P. M.—Harness Horses, exceeding 15.2 hands, Champion Cup. Class 57.
9:15 P. M.—Pairs of Harness Horses, exceeding 15.2 hands, Champion Cup. Class 59.
9:25 P. M.—Special exhibition Belgian Draft Horses.
9:35 P. M.—Hunters, heavyweight, Champion Cup. Class 126.
9:45 P. M.—Hunters, middleweight, Champion Cup. Class 127.
10:00 P. M.—Hunters, lightweight, Champion Cup. Class 128.
10:15 P. M.—High Jump. Class 130.

ARMY MOUNTS SHOW MERITS.

Share Attention with Thoroughbreds in Show Ring at Garden.

Thoroughbreds and horses suitable for army purposes played leading parts in the early program of the Horse Show yesterday, though there were many interesting developments in the rivalry that has been in progress all the week for the ribbons in the harness and saddle classes.

Judge William H. Moore has made a cleanup, with nine firsts on Wednesday, which brought his total of blues up to seventeen, and gave him a lead over all other competitors that will again place him in the van of the winning exhibitors. A close race for second lies between Hamilton Farms, owned by James Cox Brady, and Walter H. Hanley of Providence, with the chances rather in favor of the Massachusetts owner.

In the afternoon session Judge Moore had to yield on two occasions to the entries of Miss Constance Vauclain, and one of the victories scored by the clever horsewoman from Philadelphia indicates that at least one of the coveted championships will fall to her chestnut mare, The Whip, which carried off the tricolor ribbon a year ago. The Whip was beaten in a breeding class on Wednesday by Judge Moore's Bountiful, but when this pair met yesterday in the appointment class to phaetons, The Whip had the advantage of Miss Vauclain holding the ribbons. Miss Vauclain's efforts to obtain her first blue of the show were appreciated by the crowd, with which she is always a favorite, and the spectators approved the decision of the judges in placing her first, and thus marking up the first defeat for Bountiful at this show.

Miss Vauclain Wins Again.

Having broken the ice, Miss Vauclain scored again in a pretty tandem class. P. O'Connell drove The Whip in the lead and Supreme Polonius on the wheel with great effect. It was again a battle between Miss Vauclain's entry and that of Judge Moore, and again the Philadelphian triumphed. Her pair acted in concert throughout, and gained the blue over Lord Seaton and Mathias Pick Em Up, which represented Judge Moore. That left only one blue for the leading exhibitor in the afternoon classes, and this was captured from good opposition in a class for pairs by Micah and Bountiful, with Hamilton Farm's Frailty and Argo taking the red, and Walter H. Hanley's Rainbow and Sunshower the yellow ribbons.

General F. L. Lessard of Ottawa, one of the leading turfmen of Canada, volunteered to judge the thoroughbred stallion class in the absence of John E. Madden, who has officiated since 1913. There was an international flavor to the competition, as E. D. Morgan showed Brettenham, a horse of the Irish hunter type, which is by Winkfield, one of the best Irish sires, and also the sire of Winkfield's Pride, a noted racer on the other side.

Brettenham is 10 years old, and had been raced under the name of Default, but he was beaten by an American-bred horse, Uncas Chief, which was a good performer on the turf for the late T. L. Watt, and which has scored in a similar class before. Uncas Chief is a son of the great racer, Ben Strome, and is now owned by J. Macy Willets, who is using him at his Cassills Farm for breeding artillery and other utility horses from hackney and half-bred mares. Uncas Chief had more substance than Brettenham, and fulfilled the conditions which call for horses suitable for breeding animals good for general purposes.

Brettenham Gets Blue.

Though defeated in the thoroughbred class Brettenham showed that his owner had made no mistake when he imported the Irish horse, as after a competition which resulted in an umpire being called in to break the tie between the two judges in selecting the winner, Brettenham was awarded the blue in the class for stallions suitable to get field artillery horses of the size and type required by the Government. All the competitors were thoroughbreds, A. J. Davis's Ingaled being placed second.

There was a turnout of eleven to compete for the prize presented by The Jockey Club for horses suited to become cavalry mounts. A dramatic scene preceded the judging as Captain F. de Juge Montestiuc stood at salute while the band played the "Marseillaise." The French officer, as well as Colonel T. A. Bate, had been asked by General Lessard to assist in the judging, so that the Allies played a prominent part in selecting a type of horses for our cavalrymen.

Only two officers had mounts, Colonel Sir Adam Beck and Captain Harry La Montagne, and the rest of the field had women and hunting men as riders. Strange to say it was a woman who owned the most likely candidate for war work, for Miss Joan R. Mickler's four-year-old chestnut mare Romance, standing 16.1 hands, was chosen for the blue. Sir Adam Beck was second on his Sir Edward, a horse of hunting type, and Miss Lida L. Fleitmann was third on Winchester, another hunter.

Other spectacular classes in the afternoon were for polo mounts, and both of the first awards fell to Howard Phipps, the Meadowbrook player, who has made a name for himself on the polo field. Mr. Phipps rode himself, and his clever manner of handling his mounts on the turns had much to do with his success.

In the lightweight division he scored with the bay gelding Wee Kirk, an eight-year-old, while in the heavyweights Old Cobweb, the noted international mount, showed that he had lost none of his alertness with advancing age, and added another blue to his long string. J. C. Cooley, another well-known Long Island polo player, also did well by riding several of the lesser prize winners.

For the first time at the show Mrs. Robert E. Tod's Sceptre was intrusted to a rider other than her owner. Even the change to J. Schweiger was not sufficient to influence the judges to displace the reigning king of the saddlers, and Walter H. Hanley's Driftwood Blaze took his fourth blue of the show in Class 92, while Sceptre stepped up into second place.

The awards:

Morning Awards.

Class 1—Thoroughbred Stallions, three years old and over.—First, Cassills Farm's b. s. Uncas Chief; second, E. D. Morgan's ch. s., Brettenham; third, D. Cribbin's br. s. Glorio.

Class 89—Undocked Saddle Horses, 15.2 hands, three years old or over, up to carrying 200 pounds.—First, G. G. Rohlig's blk. g., Over There; second, S. K. Jacob's ch. g., Sandy McDonald; third, Mrs. Barger Wallach's d. g., Not Known; fourth, H. C. Craft's br. m., Brown Pearl.

Class 145—Troopers' Mounts, stallions suitable to get field artillery horses.—First, E. D. Morgan's ch. s., Brettenham; second, A. J. Davis's Ingelad.

Class 97—Docked Saddle Horses, Champions Cup, exceeding 15.2 hands.—First, Daniel Guggenheim's ch. g., The Knut; reserve, S. K. Elkus's ch g., Sparkle.

Class 96—Docked Saddle Horses, Champion Cup, not exceeding 15.2 hands.—First, Miss Jean L. Austin's ch. g., Mac Gregor; reserve, Mrs. J. Williams's ch. m., Lady Walton.

Class 121—Hunter, thoroughbred, green or qualified.—First, Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g., Cavalier; second, Charles D. Lanier's ch. g., Down East; third, F. Ambrose Clark's b. g., Rag Time; fourth, Glen Riddle Farm's b. m., Nancy Pansy.

Afternoon Awards.

Class 135—Pairs of Hunters, shown abreast over the jumps.—First, C. L. Whiting's br. g. Skyscraper and blk. g. Ironsides; second, Westminster Stable's b. g. Sir Thomas and b. g. Sir Edward; third, Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Coniston and ch. g. Cavalier; fourth, Glen Riddle Farm's b. g. Bally Heather and b. g. Clinker.

Class 104—Shetland Ponies in Harness, not exceeding 46 inches, four years old or over.—First, Louis K. Liggett's sp. g. Frederick; second, Hamilton Farm's b. m. Bramhope Venus; third, Miss K. G. West's b. m. Fatty Coram.

Class 92—Undocked Saddle Horses, over 14.2 and not exceeding 15.2 hands, up to carrying 160 pounds.—First, Walter H. Hanley's br. g. Driftwood Blake; second, Mrs. Robert E. Tod's b. m. Sceptre; third, Countess Von Holstein's ch. m. Butterfly; fourth, Miss Ida A. Ruperti's b. m. Dolly Madison.

Class 40—Pairs of Harness Horses, over 15.1 and not exceeding 15.3 hands.—First, William H. Moore's b. g. Micah and b. m. Bountiful; second, Hamilton Farm's ch. m. Hamilton Fraility and ch. g. Hamilton Argo; third, Walter H. Hanley's b. m. Rainbow and b. m. Sunshower; fourth, Buttonwood Farm's ch. m. Buttonwood Belle and ch. m. Buttonwood Lass.

Class 95—Thoroughbred Saddle Horses.—First, W. R. Coe's b. g. Ben Dale; second, Frederick E. English's ch. g. Sam T.; third, Captain Harry La Montagne's ch. g. Northman; fourth, H. J. Hoss's b. g. Borgend.

Class 52—Harness Horses, to be shown to a brougham or victoria, ladies to drive.—First—Miss Constance Vauclain's ch. m. the Whip, (Miss Vauclain;) second, William H. Moore's b. m. Bountiful, (Mrs. Charles A. Munn, Jr.;) third, Hamilton Farm's br. m., Hamilton Pireno, (Mrs. Walter H. Hanley;) fourth, A. W. Atkinson's ch. g. Ideal Mathias, (Miss Louise Beavor-Webb.)

Class 149—Ladies' Saddle Horses, 15 and not exceeding 15.3 hands, Udo M. Fleischmann Challenge Cup.—First, Mrs. Herbert L. Camp's blk. g. Donnacona; reserve, S. K. Jacob's ch. g. Sparkling Moselle, (Miss Louise Beavor-Webb.)

Class 63—Tandems, exceeding 15.1 hands.—First, Miss Constance Vauclain's ch. m. The Whip, and ch. g. Supreme Polinius; second, William H. Moore's b. g. Lord Seaton, and b. g. Mathias Pick Em Up; third, Hamilton Farm's ch. m. Hamilton Fraility and ch. g. Hamilton Argo; fourth, A. W. Atkinson's ch. g. Mogul, and ch. g. Ideal Mathias.

Class 144—Troopers' Mounts, not under 15.2 and not over 16.1 hands, four years old or over and up to carrying a cavalryman and equipment of 250 pounds.—First, Albert J. Davis's Romance; second, Sir Adam Beck's Sir Edward; third, Miss Lida L. Fleitmann's Winchester; fourth, Charles D. Lanier's Lookout.

Class 106—Lightweight Polo Mounts, up to carrying 150 pounds.—First, Howard Phipps' b. g. Wee Kirk; second, Three Sisters Farm's b. g. Pampiro; third, Miss Lillian Bostwick's ch. m. Biscara; fourth, Herbert Levinski's gr. m. Virginia Girl.

Class 107—Heavyweight Polo Mounts, up to carrying 200 pounds.—First, Howard Phipps's b. g. Cobweb; second, Pater Hauck, Jr.'s ch. m. Mynora; third, Cricklewood Farm's br. g. Hunter; fourth, James J. Dooley, Jr.'s, br. g. Rugby.

Class 93—Ladies' Undocked Saddle Horses, over 15.2 hands.—First, Walter H. Hanley's b. g. Twilight, (Mrs. Walter H. Hanley;) Mrs. H. L. Camp's blk. g. Donnacona; third, S. K. Jacob's ch. g. Sparkling Moselle, (Miss Louise Beavor-Webb;) fourth, Mrs. Robert Guggenheim's b. m. Pussyfooter, (Mrs. Guggenheim.)

Class 120 A—Ladies' Qualified Hunters, up to carrying 180 pounds, ladies to ride.—First, Westminster Stable's b. g. Sir Thomas, (Miss Marian Beck;) second, Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Coniston, (Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock;) third, Glen Riddle Farm's b. g. Bally Heather, (Miss Kitty Smith;) fourth, Glen Riddle Farm's b. g. Willow King, (Miss Kitty Smith.)

Class 140—Irish Hunters, The Faugh A Ballagh Cup.—First, Glen Riddle Farm's b. g. Bally Heather; second, Captain La Montagne's ch. m. Palmetto; third, W. R. Coe's br. g. Ronald; fourth, Joseph H. Collin's ch. g. Gragwood.

Evening Awards.

Class 141—Hunters, to be shown over triple bars for the Commodore Cup.—First, Meadows Stable's b. g. Robinhood; second, Meadows Stable's ch. g. Delbeck; third, Arthur B. Lane's br. g. Bull Run; fourth, G. H. Timmins's gr. g. Silver Threads.

Class 147—Hackneys or Half-bred Hackneys, Mares or Geldings, 15 hands or over; The Waldorf-Astoria Challenge Cup.—First, William H. Moore's b. g. Moncrief; reserve, William H. Moore's b. m. Medea.

Class 63A—Tandems, any height, to be driven by ladies.—First, Miss Constance Vauclain's ch. m. The Whip and ch. g. Supreme Polonius, (Miss Constance Vauclain;) second, Miss Isabella Wanamaker's ch. m. Suave and ch. g. Nethergall's Pride, (Miss Wanamaker;) third, William H. Moore's b. m. Whitewall Ariel and b. g. Raeburn, (Miss Marion Hollins;) fourth, Hamilton Farm's b. m. Hamilton Sensation and b. m. Hamilton Primrose, (Miss Eleanora Sears.)

Class 138—Ladies' Saddle Horses, to be ridden by ladies on side saddles, for the John R. Townsend Cup.—First, F. B. Jourdan's ch. g. Aviator, (Belle Beach;) second, Mrs. Herbert L. Camp's blk. g. Donnacona, (Mrs. Camp;) third, Mrs. Francis P. Garvin's ch. m. Chestnut Belle, (Miss Ivy Maddison;) fourth, A. W. Atkinson's b. m. Myclema.

Class 37—Roadsters; best appointed road rigs.—First, E. T. Stotesbury's blk. s. Ebony King; second, Walter H. Hanley's br. m. Minnie Allerton; third, R. E. Moreland's Vernon Holt; fourth, John R. Thompson's blk. g. Britton Forbes.

Class 35—Roadsters, Champion Cup.—First, E. T. Stotesbury's blk. g. Ebony King; reserve, R. E. Moreland's Vernon Holt.

Class 54—Pairs of Harness Horses, mares or geldings, shown to phaetons, ladies to drive.—First, William H. Moore's b. m. Whitewall Ariel and b. g. Raeburn, (Mrs. Charles Munn, Jr.;) second, Hamilton Farm's br. m. Hamilton Pireno and br. m. Hamilton Pireno, (Mrs. Walter H. Hanley;) third, Miss Isabella Wanamaker's ch. m. Eve and ch. m. Suave, (Miss Wanamaker;) fourth, Mrs. Joseph S. Sylvestor's b. g. Expressive and b. g. Excessive. (Mrs. Sylvester.)

Class 122A—Ladies' Hunt Teams.—First, Glen Arden Hunt, with Winchester, ridden by Mrs. A. Robertson; Palmetto by Miss Lida L. Fleitmann, and Longwood by Mrs. E. H. Carle; second, Westminster Hunt, with Sir Edward, ridden by Miss Marian Beck; Melrose by Lady Adam Beck, and Sir Thomas by Mrs. Reginald Gault; third, Glen Riddle Hunt, with Clinker, ridden by Miss E. Cassatt; Bally Heather by Miss Kitty Smith, and Willow King by Miss Constance Vauclain; fourth, Meadow Brook Hunt, with Katrinka, ridden by Miss Dorothy Ives; Strawbridge by Mrs. Eric Winston, and Delbeck by Mrs. J. McLean.

Class 133—Grafton Broad Jump.—First, Captain C. C. Benson's Coco; second, Second United States Cavalry's Turk.

GORGEOUS DISPLAY IN BOXES.

Cosmopolitan Crowd Rubs Elbows at Garden Show.

Nearly every seat and all the boxes were occupied last night at the Horse Show, the gowns and wraps of the women making a scene of striking color. There were many visitors noticed from out of town, and it was apparent that war had not modified their costumes, as some were gorgeously arrayed. Among the novelties of fashion noted were the jeweled Spanish combs and the small gilt tinsel hats. Several women, on the eve of leaving for the hunting season in the South, wore straw hats with roses.

The cosmopolitanism of the assembly was very noticeable, a condition brought about by the war. It was more like a Continental crowd in the days of peace, showing how representatives of all the allied nations and the neutral countries are flocking to New York.

There were British officers in their smart uniforms in the boxes, and Japanese and East Indians in the arena seats. Mingling in the throng on the promenade were noticed Belgian and French soldiers, some members of the Canadian overseas forces, aviators of the Royal Flying Corps, Spanish girls in picturesque attire, an American Indian, a Texas cowboy, wearing his sombrero, several Chinese, Italians, a group of Brazilian women, and officers of the United States Army and Navy.

One of the visitors last night was Paul Leyssac of Paris, recently arrived in New York, who translated Hans Anderson's Fairy Tales into French.

The majority of the boxholders entertained large parties. Mrs. Joseph W. Harriman and Mrs. Oliver Harriman were hostesses in Box 55. Mrs. C. C. Rumsey had a party in Box 41, which her mother, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, occupied at the afternoon session. Mrs. William Lowe Rice entertained in Box 43, Mr. and Mrs. E. Francis Hyde had Mr. and Mrs. Herbert M. Hyde as their guests in Box 39.

Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs was a visitor at the afternoon session, also Mrs. Herbert Shipman and Mrs. Burke Roche. Mrs. Roche carried her Pom poodle. Major Lord Robert Innes-Ker was a guest in the Harry D. Holloway Box No. 17. Mrs. Ambrose Monell, Mrs. Lewis L. Clarke, Mrs. William T. Carrington, Mrs. T. Ashley Sparks, Mrs. Harry H. Flagler, Mrs. Rufus L. Patterson, and Mrs. Albert H. Wiggin gave box parties.

QUAKERS REHEARSE UNTIL AFTER DUSK

Coach Folwell Drives Eleven Through Final Paces for Michigan Encounter.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—Bob Folwell put the finishing touches on the Penn football squad today for its meeting with Michigan next Saturday on Franklin Field. Heinie Miller, end and Captain of the Red and Blue team, has an attack of grip, and watched his men run through their final paces. It is not likely, however, that his illness will keep him from the Wolverine game.

Howard Berry was not in uniform today. He saw his teammates work out, and gave as his excuse that he had some studies to prepare. Carl Thomas has not improved, and only the remotest chance exists that he will oppose the formidable Michigan eleven. Otherwise the squad was intact, and, outside of Berry and Miller, took the posts they will occupy Saturday.

There was no scrimmage held, the staff of coaches sending the athletes through a stiff drill on the elementals. Folwell kept after his warriors through the entire two-hour practice, and when dusk finally put an end to the workout all were willing to shed their togs. The Red and Blue eleven will enter the important game with Michigan trained to the second and will be ready with an excellent knowledge of football tactics.

A long shadow practice took up most of the period today. The scrubs were arrayed against the regulars. The team tried the same plays against the scrubs that Folwell has taught it for the Maize and Blue.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Nov. 15.—The University of Michigan football squad of twenty men, and its coaching staff and trainers, left here today for Wayne, Penn. The squad will remain there until Saturday, when it will proceed to Philadelphia to play its annual game with the University of Pennsylvania. Sparks is the only back field man in poor condition, and it is probable that Cohn will start at left half.

FORDHAM SENIORS VICTORS.

Defeat Freshmen in Interclass Series at Football.

The seniors defeated the freshies in the interclass football series at Fordham yesterday by 13 to 0. Both touchdowns were made by Scanlon. The upper classmen displayed a general mental and physical supremacy. The seniors are now tied with the sophs for the lead. The line-up:

Seniors, (13.)	Position.	Freshmen, (0.)
De Groat	L. E.	Barry
McCarthy	L. T.	Melvin
H. Kehoe	L. G.	Curry
Delehanty	C.	McGovern
Kingsley	R. G.	McCann
Maguire	R. T.	Robertson
Shankey	R. E.	McGuirk
McQuade	Q. B.	Donnelly
Dwyer	L. H. B.	Murray
Scanlon	R. H. B.	J. Kehoe
Farley	F. B.	O'Hara

Touchdowns—Scanlan, 2. Goal from touchdown—McCarthy. Substitution—Armend for Curry. Referee—B. Wefers. Umpire—R. Kelly. Periods—Ten minutes.

FINAL DRILL FOR FORDHAM.

Team Completes Preparation for Battle with Cornell.

The Fordham eleven had a light practice yesterday as the final drill for tomorrow's clash with Cornell. The proceedings opened with a blackboard talk, in which Coach McCaffery gave instructions to the squad. A punting and signal drill completed the work.

There was not an overabundance of dash in the practice. Crovat was at quarter, but he is not likely to play against Cornell, as his side still is giving him trouble. Frisch also will be unable to play. Abbott has been playing well at guard, and will start the game on the left side of the line. Nineteen players will be taken to Ithaca when the team leaves this morning.

COLUMBIA LOSES HOULAHAN

Regular Full Back Unable to Play in Wesleyan Game.

Houlahan, the Blue and White's clever full back, will be on the side lines during the game tomorrow with Wesleyan. Houlahan has borne the brunt of the Columbia line bucking and punting, and as a result of overwork will not be able to don his uniform before next Monday for the final week's practice before the N. Y. U. game. Soup Campbell and Tommy Farrell, the tackles, who have been suffering with charley horses this week, will be able to play the entire game.

In the scrimmage with the eleven from Clinton High School yesterday, Don Memmott took Houlahan's place at full back, and gave a creditable performance. Against Hobart Memmott scored three touchdowns and one field goal. Weinstein guided the 'Varsity, and is making such rapid strides in learning the duties of a quarter back that the Morningsiders are looking on him as a second Howard Miller.

The Wesleyan 'Varsity, which plays here tomorrow, will outweigh the Blue and White team by three or four pounds. Their attack has been based upon line plunges, interspersed with some open play. As the local eleven has been especially strong against teams using short line bucks, the Blue and White is expected to come out on top at least by a safe margin.

SPEED SLOGAN OF VIOLET.

N. Y. U. 'Varsity Goes Through Plays at Rapid Pace.

The New York University football team was put through a fast and thorough practice on Ohio Field yesterday. Coach Wall throughout the afternoon laid great stress on team work and speed. He drove the players relentlessly until darkness.

A short scrimmage was held by the 'Varsity and freshmen. All through this fray speed and team work were the slogans. Christopher and Johnson, as half backs on the regulars, skirted the freshmen ends for good gains on several occasions. Once Johnson broke away from the rookies and ran 90 yards for a touchdown.

Besides making both teams line up fast and get the plays under way in a hurry Coach Wall gave the 'Varsity plenty of opportunity to break up aerial attacks by letting the 1921 men use many forward passes. Before the close of the scrimmage period the regulars seemed quite proficient in breaking up these plays.

BILLINGS BREAKS 96 BIRDS.

Has Four Straight Strings of 24 Each at Bayside Traps.

C. W. Billings, shooting with machine-like precision, broke 96 out of 100 clay birds in an invitation shoot at the Bayside Yacht Club traps yesterday. Of the nineteen contestants the New York Athletic Club and the professional fraternity were liberally represented.

Billings had four strings of 24 each. The high handicap prize in the 100-bird event was won by G. F. McCutcheon after two shoot-offs, F. E. Williamson, C. Stein, H. H. Shannon, W. S. Silkworth, J. Vandeveer, W. B. Ogden, and C. W. Billings tieing with him.

The results follow:

G. F. McCutcheon, 82, 25—100; C. W. Billings, 96, 10—100; F. E. Williamson, 85, 25—100; C. Stein, 93, 7—100; H. H. Shannon, 88, 12—100; W. S. Silkworth, 93, 10—100; J. Vandeveer, 91, 12—100; W. B. Ogden, 81, 12—100; G. F. McCutcheon, 82, 25—100; C. Doty, 85, 16—100; Dr. Culver, 91, 8—99; C. A. Merritt, 87, 12—99; D. E. Smith, 88, 10—98; W. Delehanty, 78, 20—98; H. S. Wells, professional, 95; J. F. Fanning, professional, 95; C. Summerson, professional, 89; H. A. Taller, professional, 86; E. O. Zealey, professional, 85; W. C. Paerner, 84, 25—61.

U. S. G. A. NAMES WHEELER.

Nominating Committee Chooses Apawamis Golfer for President.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—The nominating Committee of the United States Golf Association made public its nominations, headed by Frederic S. Wheeler of the Apawamis Club for President today. Nomination is generally equivalent to election, and it is assumed that the slate will be confirmed at the January meeting. Other nominations follow:

Vice Presidents—Dr. Walter S. Harban, Columbia Country Club; Sterling E. Edmunds, St. Louis Country Club. Secretary—Howard F. Whitney, Nassau Country Club; Treasurer—Mortimer N. Buckner, Garden City Golf Club; Executive Committee—Frank E. Miller, Old Elm Club; J. F. Byers, Allegheny Country Club; Asa D. French, the Country Club; W. P. Stewart, Audubon Golf Club. Nominating Committee for 1919—David R. Forgan, Onwentsia Country Club; C. J. Sullivan, Garden City Golf Club; Alexander Britton, Chevy Chase Club; W. S. Gilkey, Mayfield Country Club; Parker W. Whittemore, Myopia Hunt Club.

For the first time in the history of the United States Golf Association, a President of that organization is to serve only one term in the executive office, according to the list of names offered by the Nominating Committee yesterday and to be voted on at the coming meeting of the association in Philadelphia during January. Howard W. Perrin, the present incumbent, will not succeed himself, as has been the custom in the past wherein every President has served two terms.

Frederick S. Wheeler of Apawamis, President of the American Can Company, has been nominated as President by the committee, headed by Silas Strawn of Chicago. Dr. Walter S. Harbon of Washington and Sterling E. Edmunds of St. Louis are named as Vice Presidents. Howard F. Whitney, present Secretary, is nominated for the third successive year for that office. Mortimer M. Buckner of Garden City is the nominee for Treasurer.

That the old guard of the association is to keep complete control of the national golf body almost is assured from the officers selected. Mr. Wheeler long has been an officer of the association and was a member of the Executive Committee which voted the new amateur rule into existence and which caused the only outward insurgency in the history of the association.

The men chosen for positions on the Executive Committee are Frank E. Miller of Old Elm, J. F. Byers of Allegheny, Asa D. French of the Country Club of Brookline, W. P. Stewart of Audubon, New Orleans, and Thomas B. Payne of Atlanta. Each of these men has been aligned with the old guard and against the propaganda and publicity of the kind used by the Woodland Golf Club last year in its fight for reinstatement of Francis Ouimet to amateur standing.

The nominations made, local golfers aver, mean the continuation of the present amateur rule until after the war at least. Mr. Perrin repeatedly has said that he favored a less stringent rule, one which would contenance the playing of men engaged in the business of selling sporting goods, reversing the rule which at present bars Ouimet.

The Nominating Committee for 1919 is listed as David R. Forgan of Onwentsia, Cornelius J. Sullivan of Garden City, the nominee for President of the Metropolitan Golf Association; Alexander Britton of Chevy Chase, W. S. Gilkey of Mayfield, and Parker W. Whittemore of Myopia.

YALE FRESHMEN PREPARED.

Conclude Workouts for Annual Gridiron Game with Harvard.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 15.—The Yale freshman eleven today closed its preparation for the match Saturday with the Hartford 1921 eleven by scrimmaging half an hour with the Yale informals. The freshmen are badly battered by their strenuous match last Saturday with Andover, the entire back field being lame.

For the first time this season the informals have been able to defeat the freshmen, the absence of the regular 1921 back field turning the scale in favor of the upper classmen. Coach Arthur Brides of the freshmen said today that Yale's almost certain lineup against Harvard 1921 next Saturday would be as follows:

Left end, Scully; left tackle, Walker; left guard, Welsh; centre, Captain Acosta; right guard, Trippe; right tackle, Munger; right end, Dilworth; quarter back, Neville; left half back, Lay; right half back, French; full back, Dines.

Two positions have been in doubt till today, when it was announced that Scully had left end from Ed Shevlin, cousin of the late Tom Shevlin, and that Jim Neville had been selected for quarter back, succeeding John Baker.

The Yale informals will entertain Trinity here Saturday in the only game the informals will play this season with a college rival. The informals had hard work to defeat Loomis Academy, a small preparatory school, 7 to 0, three weeks ago.

SAACKE DECIDES DUAL SWIM

De Witt Clinton Star Big Factor in Downfall of Commerce.

De Witt Clinton High School's swimming team registered its second victory of the local scholastic season yesterday by defeating the High School of Commerce 32 to 21 in a dual meet at the West Sixtieth Street Interior Baths. Rudolph Saacke was the principal factor in the victory. He won the 50 and 100-yard swims and was second in the diving contest.

The first four events found the teams of both schools struggling along with the points almost equally divided, but in the closing two events, the plunge and 100-yard swim, Clinton swimmers finished first and second.

A meet was scheduled for the Fourth Avenue Baths, Brooklyn, between Erasmus Hall and New Utrecht, but when the full New Utrecht team failed to put in an appearance, the meet was forfeited to Erasmus.

Four Red Sox Report as Yeomen.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 15.—Four members of the Boston American baseball team reported for duty as yeomen at the Navy Yard today. Manager Jack Barry and Charles Shorten, the utility outfielder, were assigned to the office of Commander George G. Mitchell, head of the Naval Reserves for this district, and Michael McNally, another utility player, and Pitcher Ernest Shore were put to work in the Paymasters' department.

INDIANS TO MEET GIANTS IN SPRING

Cleveland Will Take Place of Detroit on Training Tour of South.

When the Giants finish their training season at Marlin next Spring they will make a tour of the South with the Cleveland Club of the American League, which will cover about two weeks and will begin at Dallas and end at Columbus. The clubs will travel on a special train on the trip, and Secretary Foster of the Giants announced yesterday that several cities have requested dates which could not be filled.

Last Spring the Giants made a tour of the South with the Detroit Tigers, and when the tour ended at Kansas City the Detroit Club practically consented to repeat the tour next season. There was considerable surprise among the New York officials when Detroit later announced that they would not play the series as they had promised. During the Giants-Detroit tour the rivalry between the two teams became so warm that it resulted in an engagement at fisticuffs between Ty Cobb and Charley Herzog.

This outburst of hostilities is said to be the cause of the Detroit Club's refusal to tour with the Giants again next year. It is understood that President Ban Johnson stepped in and advised the Detroit Club not to play the Giants, as it was feared that the old feud between Cobb and Herzog might break out into a flame again. Manager McGraw, and, in fact, all the New York players, maintain that Cobb was entirely to blame for the outbreak last season, but Cobb and the Detroit officials insist that the Giants tantalized the Georgia Peach to the breaking point. The blame for the upheaval has never been definitely settled.

When Detroit refused to stick to its agreement the Giants booked Cleveland for the tour. The clubs will open the trip in Dallas and will play in Houston, New Orleans, Birmingham, Chattanooga, Indianapolis, Louisville, and Columbus.

Henry Fabian, the groundkeeper of the Giants, will go to Texas soon after the first of the year and will get the Giants' camp in shape for the arrival of the players there late in February or early in March. There is much doubt about whether the major leagues will cut their seasons down to 140 games, and many of the clubs are going ahead with their Spring plans on the supposition that there will be no change in the 154-game schedule. The Cleveland Club will train at New Orleans.

MINORS WEATHER STORM.

New League Clouds Blow Over and Magnates Disperse.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 15.—Baseball magnates who have been here attending the annual sessions of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues scattered to their homes tonight following one of the most important sessions in the history of that organization.

When they gathered they were faced with proposals for the formation of a new league to be composed of clubs taken from the American Association and the International League and for a general realignment of minor league territories. Both of these proposals were defeated.

At the final session today Peoria, Ill., was selected as next year's meeting place. The National Board of Arbitration was continuing its work tonight, and expects to be able to hand down its decisions in about a hundred cases tomorrow.

YALE 'VARSITY CREW WINS.

Leads Second and Freshman Eights in Fall Regatta.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 15.—Yale's Fall rowing season closed today with a regatta in which three 'Varsity and four freshman crews competed. The first event showed the regular 'Varsity crew in rhythmic form as the result of the two months' coaching of Professor Mather Abbott. The eight led the second 'Varsity and the first freshman boat by a length in a mile brush. The second 'Varsity octet appeared likely to prove trouble makers till they ran aground on a mud flat.

The third 'Varsity eight defeated the second and third freshman crews in the second race by about a length. Till the last 100 yards the two freshman crews appeared distanced, but pluckily spurted at the finish.

The fourth freshman crew won from a combination crew in the third race. The combination cut down the length handicap given the 1921 oarsmen to a narrow quarter length in a hair-raising finish. No time was taken. The two latter races were over a three-quarter-mile course.

The regular 'Varsity makeup was as follows:

Stroke, Captain Hyatt; No. 7, Mead; No. 6, Campbell; No. 5, Adams; No. 4, Patterson; No. 3, McHenry; No. 2, Knox; bow, Galt; coxswain, Ryan.

Evers Unconditionally Released.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—Johnny Evers, the veteran second baseman, has been handed his unconditional release by the Phillies. President William H. Baker made the official announcement tonight over the telephone from New York. He said so far as he knew Evers had not settled plans for the future, but hoped to obtain a position with some team as manager.

COCHRAN DRAWS FAR AWAY.

Registers Total of 1,600 for a Count of 1,216 for Howison.

The youthful Chicago billiard expert, Welker Cochran, so greatly increased his advantage over Leonard Howison last night in the 2,000-point 18.2 match which they are playing that the laurels are all but within his grasp. With his total now standing at 1,600, while that of his opponent is only 1,216, there is apparently nothing to stay his progress to victory.

To retrieve his fallen fortunes Howison will have to outplay Cochran nearly two to one in the final match of the series tonight. Last evening the score in favor of Cochran was 400 to 294, and for a time it appeared as if the contest would be even more one sided. In the thirteenth inning Howison gathered in a pretty cluster of 103 which brought his count up to a considerable total.

On the part of Cochran there was an exhibition of sparkling billiards. The Chicago player was in much better stroke, and the deftness of touch which he perfected while touring the country with Casignol was in pronounced evidence at all times. There was pretty nursing along the lines and confident gathering of the ivories in the open table work.

Cochran did not set sail for the standard of high caliber billiards until the fourth inning, when he garnered a count of 52. This was mainly the product of open table work, but it gave an inkling of the superior balk-line billiards which was to follow. In the succeeding inning Cochran clicked off 86 caroms and his average went soaring when he followed with another nicely executed run of 37.

Howison in the meantime could not get his stroke. His work was labored, and single figure counts were his only reward. It was not until the eleventh inning that Howison broke away from the spell of worse than mediocre playing. Then a run of 61 helped his score immensely, but Cochran was so far away in the lead that there was not a very encouraging outlook.

The Chicago player was a little careless in the latter innings of the match, and his average slipped downward, but Howison, even though he now brought into the fray his run of 103, never seriously threatened the lead of his rival. This run showed Howison at his best. He was stroking the ivories with more confidence as a result of his cluster of 61 two innings before, and held them under perfect control in a short-table game. The run terminated not because Howison lost the ivories, but because he failed to complete a carrom on a simple draw shot along the end rail when the balls were in perfect position for a continuation.

The score:

Cochran—13 1 0 52 86 37 0 32 51 26 12 13 5 3 42 0 1 24. Total, 400. Average, 22 4-18. High runs, 86, 52, and 51. Total for four nights' play, 1,600.

Howison—1 3 2 0 3 45 0 12 3 9 61 3 103 24 4 5 16. Total, 294. Average, 17 5-17. High runs, 103, 61, and 45. Total for four nights' play, 1,216.

Referee—Albert G. Cutler.

Janowski Victor at Chess.

David Janowski, the French chess champion, won the first match with Charles Jaffe at the rooms of the New York City Chess Club, yesterday, taking the third game of the series after 63 moves. Jaffe had the white pieces in a Queen's Pawn Opening.

What a pity — to live in the country these glorious autumnal days and be content with skeleton trees and denuded lawns, when you can have the rich beauty of Japanese Barberry, studded with red berries as a hedge-tapestry around your lawn or in wisely-set clumps near gateway or porch — all aglow to greet you on your home coming two days after you phone or write us to go ahead — 25c a bush (2 ft. high) $2 for ten — full-grown with the berries right on them! — Phone or write your order today.

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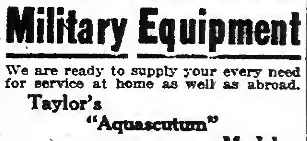

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Famous over half a century for its superior qualities.

Every garment shaped to the figure and **guaranteed not to shrink.**

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Adjustable drawer bands on all except two styles.

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A. Natural Gray Australian Lamb's Wool, light weight.
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INSURANCE MEN SEEK BAN ON TEUTON FIRMS

Appear at Treasury Department to Oppose Granting of Licenses to German Companies.

UNSAFE AND UNPATRIOTIC

Point to Quick Action by Britain and France and Complain Against Delay Here.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Opposition to granting licenses to enemy alien insurance companies to continue doing business in this country took form today in a special hearing before Assistant Secretary of the Treasury W. S. Rowe. A delegation of insurance agents and experts from various cities was present, for whom Richard M. Hurd, Chairman of the Trustees of the American Defense Society, as spokesman, made the following statement:

"As citizens of the United States and members of the American Defense Society, we oppose the granting of any licenses to do business in the United States to any enemy or ally of enemy fire insurance company for the reasons that such insurance is,

"First—Unsafe.

"A—President Wilson prohibited German marine insurance companies from writing risks in the United States owing to the fact that these companies obtained information regarding cargoes of ships and dates for sailing which facilitated the work of the German submarines in destroying American ships.

"It is still more important that German fire insurance companies should be prohibited from the United States because, whether doing a direct or a reinsurance business, such companies are members of national or State boards of underwriters, have access to the work of their engineers and inspectors and can send their own inspectors to make thorough inspections of any property on which they carry risks, including munition works, flour mills, storage warehouses of all kinds, docks, wire factories and, in fact, every type of factory or storehouse which contributes directly to the work of the United States in its war with Germany. Such information enables enemy aliens to know exactly the most advantageous points in a factory or storehouse at which to start fires or place bombs or turn off the sprinkler system, and the frequency of such fires and explosions and the efficiency with which they are carried out evidences the accurate inside information which these enemy aliens possess.

"B—It is also unsafe for the United States to permit income and profits to reach the hands of our enemy aliens, since they can there be used for disloyal purposes, not only the obtaining of information for spies and bombers, but also to finance the insidious German campaign of propaganda which is now so widespread in the United States.

"Germany's two weapons are now alarmingly clear to the world. First, her massing of troops to knock out one nation after the other; second, her campaign of propaganda designed to undermine the morale of a nation so successful in Russia and Italy and every day becoming more threatening in the United States. It is true that the larger part of the premiums paid to these German companies in America flows into the hands of trustees or State insurance authorities, and is held to cover the outstanding risks, but some 30 or 40 per cent. is held free to cover expenses, profits, &c.

"If it is argued that the operation of the German companies in this country cannot hurt us because money cannot be remitted to Germany, the answer is that the money can be used to help Germany better in this country than if it were remitted to Germany. If it is argued that the insurance written by enemy or ally of enemy companies is for the benefit of American citizens, the answer is that these companies are not philanthropic institutions. They are companies organized to make money, and they are doing business in America for profit and at a profit, and it is clearly not for the benefit of the American citizens to have our enemies make a profit from us. If it is argued that many American citizens, clerks, &c., would be thrown out of employment, the answer is that if they are not of draft age they can easily find situations, as there is a shortage of insurance clerks.

"Second—Unpatriotic.

"It needs no argument to demonstrate that while we are engaged in a life and death struggle with Germany, it is an unpatriotic act for any American citizen to accept fire insurance in any enemy or ally of enemy company, or for any American citizen to represent any such enemy company or to have any relations whatsoever with them. It is a fact that the American people are becoming awake to this situation and have canceled possibly two-thirds of the $3,500,000,000 of risks held Jan. 1, 1917, by enemy or ally of enemy insurance companies in the United States.

"The American fire insurance companies have cancelled all their reinsurance treaties with German companies, but a few American companies still have reinsurance treaties with Austrian or Bulgarian companies. If the United States Government should refuse to license German reinsurance companies, but should admit Austrian, Bulgarian, or Turkish companies, the German reinsurance would come to America through these sources.

"In France and England at the beginning of the European war, the German insurance companies were promptly ousted, and it is difficult to see why they have been suffered to continue so long in the United States. Obviously there is no argument permitting enemy or ally of enemy fire insurance companies to do business in this country which would not apply equally to banks, mercantile companies, manufacturers, or steamship companies of Germany or her allies.

"A very important consideration, in view of the worldwide campaign of German propaganda, is the sentimental effect of tolerating German companies in this country, which Germans can use and doubtless will use throughout the world as an argument that the people in the United States are not opposed to the Germans, do not dislike them, and are willing to do business with them, as is shown by their friendly support of German fire insurance companies in the United States, and that hence it may fairly be reasoned that America's war is a capitalist's war, instigated by the rich who desire to make a profit from munitions contracts and financing.

"As has been stated, the American people are just beginning to realize what it means to accept insurance policies with German companies, and it is only a question of time when this business will be eliminated by the action of the mass of the American people. It is highly desirable, however, that the United States Government back up this sentiment and expedite the ousting of the German companies by refusing them licenses. As evidence of public feeling we would refer to the letters already received by the Secretary of the Treasury on this subject from all parts of the United States and to additional letters, which we herewith tender.

"Third—Unsound.

"There are four direct-writing German insurance companies now operating in the United States and seven insurance companies of which four are German, one Austrian, and two Bulgarian. The statement of their assets and risks in the United States is as follows:

DIRECT WRITING COMPANIES.

Co. & Home Office.	Assets in U. S.	Risks in U. S.
Aachen and Munich Fire Ins. Co., Aix-la-Chappelle	$2,850,000	$264,972,000
Hamb'g-Bremen Fire Ins. Co., Hamburg	1,902,000	207,672,000
Nord-Deutsch Ins. Co., Hamburg	1,201,000	129,280,000
Prussian Nat. Ins. Co., Stettin	2,420,000	225,294,000
Total	$8,373,000	$827,218,000
REINSURANCE COMPANIES.		
Balkan Nat. Ins. Co., Sofia	$2,637,000	$261,494,000
Bulgaria First Nat. Ins. Co., Rustchuk	2,159,000	238,628,000
Cologne Reinsurance Co., Cologne	1,419,000	204,428,000
Frankona Reinsurance Co., Berlin	1,280,000	138,791,000
International Reassurance Co., Vienna	1,272,000	110,943,000
Munich Reinsurance Co., Munich	9,126,000	964,668,000
South German Reinsurance Co., Munich	1,515,000	111,872,000
Total	$19,398,000	$2,026,152,000
Grand total	$27,772,000	$2,853,870,000

"From the above statement it appears that the eleven enemy and ally of enemy companies in the United States have assets of only $27,772,000, as against risks of $2,853,370,000, or less than 1 cent for each dollar of risk. The danger to American citizens holding policies in these German companies is that in case of a conflagration, which is an ever-present danger, these German companies would be bankrupted, and the policies would not be paid. It is obvious that no money can come from Germany to the United States to support these German companies, and judging by the experience in the San Francisco conflagration no money would come from Germany to enable the German companies to pay their legitimate American losses, even if Germany were able to send the money. As bearing on the moral hazard of the German fire insurance companies in this country, it is worth while noting that in the San Francisco conflagration the German companies distinguished themselves as welchers. The settlements of some of these companies were as follows:

"Nord-Deutsch, Rhone and Moselle, Austrian Phoenix, and Transatlantic denied liability; Hamburg, Bremen, and Prussian National paid 75 per cent., and the Aachen and Munich paid 75 per cent. and in a few cases higher.

"It may be argued that in case of a great conflagration many American companies would be bankrupt, but history has shown that American companies, first, have a sense of honor and value their business reputation, and, second, have a valuable annual premium income, and hence they could and would assess their stockholders for any money necessary to make good their losses.

"Germany is bankrupt, and German fire insurance companies, as far as their home funds go, are now either bankrupt or semi-bankrupt. The German fire insurance companies, which have been compelled by the German Government to sell their good securities and to take the bonds of the German Government in place thereof, must face a severe scaling or possibly an entire repudiation of these German Government bonds.

"Fourth—Unnecessary.

"Possibly the only argument which enemy or ally of enemy insurance companies can advance is that the protection of their underwriting capital is necessary to the United States. It is easy to prove that there is nothing in this argument since, as has been stated, not a single American fire insurance company has any reinsurance contracts with the German companies. In other words, the enemy reinsurance business is practically wiped out.

"As to the four direct writing German companies their premiums have amounted to about one per cent. of the total premium income in the United States and this is diminishing constantly and is now probably not over one-half of one per cent. The small balance of their business can be easily and gladly absorbed by the American companies in conjunction, if need be, with the English and French companies.

"The highest authorities in the insurance world bear testimony both by letters and by those present that there will not be the slightest difficulty on the part of the American companies in absorbing all the insurance shifted from the German companies. Among those who so testified are the largest fire insurance brokers in the United States, Messrs. Wilcox, Peck and Hughes, Messrs. Johnson and Higgins, Messrs. Marsh and McLellan, etc. Such an experienced expert in the insurance world as Mr. Henry Evans, President of The Continental Fire Insurance Co., expresses the same opinion. In other words, both the insurance brokers and the insurance companies stand ready to handle all the insurance business offered to them.

"We submit that we have demonstrated that it would be unsafe, unpatriotic, unsound and unnecessary to license enemy or ally of enemy fire insurance companies to operate in the United States and we respectfully request that such licenses be refused."

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 15.—Twenty-nine new corporations, with an aggregate capital of $899,300, were chartered today. They include:

Palace Arcade Studio, Buffalo, $5,000; A. E. Jacobson, E. and M. F. Cantor, Buffalo.

Bordett Motor Trucking Co., Manhattan, $8,000; A. Foshay, A. G. Thannum, R. Goldman, 1,190 Madison Av.

Automotive Industrial Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; C. Bloom, J. Larkin, S. B. Stone, 33 Lincoln Arcade Bldg.

Kurtz Bros., Buffalo, commission merchants in farm products, $10,000; N. J. and D. G. and M. E. Kurtz, Buffalo.

Birch Paper Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; G. P. Breckenridge, J. E. Lauber, B. Becerra, 11 Wall St.

George U. Harvey Publishing Co., Manhattan, $50,000; T. F. Harvey, W. J. Brett, J. J. Daly, 109 Lafayette St.

Lombardi, Ltd., Manhattan, motion pictures and theatricals, $5,000; O. Morosco, F. Underwood, O. Reges, 217 West 45th St.

Silsand Co., Manhattan, tiles, pottery, and chinaware $200,000; E. and A. Quillst, F. K. Fitch, 110 West 34th St.

Universal Steel and Concrete Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. and A. S. Rosenberger, J. Kraus, 15 West 107th St.

Misener & Irving Mfg. Co., Syracuse, tools, utensils, and instruments, $50,000; J. L. Misener, E. V. B. Tyminski, A. Pearsall, Syracuse.

Queens Thread Co., Manhattan, wholesale jobbing business, $5,000; N. Ross, M. Lubert, R. Isaacson, 1,490 Crotona Av.

Lyster Bros., Manhattan, drugs, chemicals, and foodstuffs, $50,000; H. W., M. J., and B. R. Lyster, New Rochelle.

Bruni Liquor Co., Manhattan, $5,000; O. Mariani, T. Bruni, L. Covino, 170 Broadway.

Gornay, Inc., Manhattan, general advertising, $60,000; D. C. Newell, G. T. and W. F. Washburn, 605 Fifth Av.

Adena Amusement Co., Manhattan, $25,000; S. Goodman, G. C. Barry, C. H. Burke, 1,476 Broadway.

Criterion Shop, Manhattan, dressmaking, tailoring, and millinery, $5,000; T. Ferma, H. and C. Tushok, 125 West 115th St.

Heath Carburetor Corp., Manhattan, 1,000 shares preferred stock $100 each, 2,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $11,000; A. F. McCabe, F. H. Butehorn, A. E. Moore, 37 Wall St.

National Marine Constabulary, Inc., Manhattan, 250 shares preferred stock $100 each, 1,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $30,000; M. W. Stiles, J. D. Guthman, J. J. Tashoff, 1,155 Park Av.

Onondaga Brick and Tile Corp., Syracuse, 2,000 shares preferred stock $100 each, 3,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $200,000; I. N. Veeler, L. S. Chapman, S. B. Cory, Syracuse.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Yound & Hyde, Manhattan, $40,000 to $70,000.

Mendelson Bros. Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Knothe Bros. Co., Manhattan, $150,000 to $225,000.

Model Dress and Costume Co., Manhattan, $3,000 to $15,000.

Utica Macaroni Mfg. Co., Utica, $1,000 to $34,000.

Rosenthal Bros. Co., Manhattan, $17,000 to $200,000.

Motor Development Corp., Manhattan, $63,000 to $105,000.

Mohawk Valley Coal Co., Utica, $7,500 to $21,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Ekin Holding Co., Manhattan, $38,600 to $1,000.

Brevoort Real Estate Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $1,000.

Glen Realty Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $500.

AUTHORIZATION.

Thomas W. Simmons & Co., Cal., steam and sailing vessels, $100,000. Representative, F. T. Brodix, 115 Broadway.

REVOCATION AND NEW DESIGNATION.

The Emerson Elec. Mfg. Co., Mo. New representative, J. Wright, 30 Church St.

MERGERS.

Conewawah Spinning Co., with Elmira Knitting Mills.

Ed Maurer, Inc., Manhattan, with Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

CHANGE OF NAME.

G. Robinson & Son, Manhattan, to Louis Robinson & Bro., Inc.

DISSOLUTIONS.

F. W. Moyer, Inc., Syracuse.
Claps & Co., New Rochelle.
Casanova Realty Co. of New Rochelle.
Essex Market Co., Manhattan.
777 Park Avenue, Inc., Manhattan.
Harry W. Miller Realty Corp., Hudson.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 15.—Charters filed:

G. R. B. Co., Perth Amboy, real estate, $20,000; J. S. Wight, W. R. Bunten of Perth Amboy; J. F. Yepsen of Rahway.

Ryan Throwing Co., Paterson, to manufacture and deal in silks and other kinds of textiles, $10,000; J. A. Ryan, E. F. Murphy, N. M. Eisenberg, all of Paterson.

Jersey Auto Co., Passaic, $25,000; C. D. Dyal and Nola Dyal of Hasbrouck Heights; J. J. Muckelheim of Lodi.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Nov. 15.—Charters filed:

Shean Exploitation Co., $5,000,000; John J. Jolia, M. L. Horty, K. E. Longfield of Wilmington.

South Tuxpan Oil Co., $5,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, Clement M. Egner of Wilmington.

Mutual Colonization and Development Co., Limited, $1,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, Harry W. Davis, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

MAKING MUNITIONS.

Two pages of graphic illustrations of men and women at work in United States munition factories, in The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial this week. On all news stands. 10 cents. 24 pages of rotogravure. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash; coats, suits, dresses. Bargain Cloak Co., 1,170 Broadway. Madison Square 7974.

APPAREL Wanted, cash; surplus stock; better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany or S. & H. Labrador, rose and burgundy; also cheviot, meltons, and velours, in all colors. Hanauer & Arnstein, Inc. Phone Madison Square 1868.

BROADCLOTHS, Botany Wanted.—Taupe, velours; all grades serges 106, 104. Orchard 4482.

BROADCLOTH, Poplins, Serges, and Velours wanted; cash for quantity at right price. A. H. & S., 41 West 25th St. Farragut 2180.

BROADCLOTH AND VELOUR Wanted.—Taupe and Burgundy; cash. Novick, 40 West 28th St. 5148 Farragut.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Any quantity; also 11050, 13046; must be cheap. Merit Co., 22 West 27th St.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—French serges, all colors, for cash. Tannenbaum-May, 19 W. 24th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted in all colors, for cash; any quantity. Farr. 9922.

CHECKS Wanted.—Open for quantity velour checks, fancy color combinations. Gramercy 6518.

CHEVIOT Wanted.—Black Lymansville, 306-2. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

CLOAKINGS Wanted.—Any description, also ¾ goods, blues only, cash. R. & W. Cloak, 50 West 17th.

CLOTH CLOAKINGS Wanted.—Open for large quantities assorted cloths. Slater, 1,333 Broadway.

CLOTH CLOAKINGS Wanted.—Open for large quantity of mill jobs. Slater, 1,333 Broadway.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples of suits, coats, and coat-dresses; medium and high priced. 9th floor, 29 West 30th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber now placing orders on Spring suits and coats. Call all week, with samples, 1,140 Broadway, eleventh floor.

COATS Wanted.—Largest jobber now buying infants', intermediate, children's and junior coats for Spring. M 42 Times.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at samples of Spring coats; ready to place order. 48 West 21st St., 12th floor.

COATS and SUITS Wanted.—Looking at Spring samples. 29 West 35th St., ninth floor.

COATS Wanted.—Spring coats and skirts, Friday, 9-12. Leiberthal, 43 West 27th.

CONTRACTORS wanted on cloth and silk dresses. Bring samples with you. Hugo H. Levy & Bro., 29 West 36th.

CORDUROY Wanted.—36 inches, large quantities. S. Rosenman & Co., 18 West 21st.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Open for large quantity cream sateens. Gramercy 6518.

CRECOKNIT Wanted.—American 06062; reindeer, tan and navy; botany velour, 5895 style; reindeer and taupe. Tel. Orchard 4278.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—We are open for a quantity of 4-thread crepe at a price for cash. Shapiro Bros., 516 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Big jobber placing orders for Spring on better dresses, in taffeta, crepe meteor, crepe de chine, Georgette, serges, foulards, and stripes. Call all week. 12-14 West 32d St., eighth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber ready to look at better line of dresses. 129 West 27th St., 5th floor. Call from 9-12 A. M. all week.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade Georgette and taffeta dresses all week. 122 West 26th St., sixth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Cheap taffeta, Georgette. Contractors, call with samples all day. A. Abeles & Co., 1,181 Broadway.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted—Forstmann & Huffmann, No. 7575, all shades; will pay cash. Orchard 4278.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serges, silks, and dancing frocks; open for 500 at a price. Phone Madison Square 6050.

DRESSES Wanted.—A large new jobber looking at Spring samples of better grade dress. 11th floor, 118 West 27th.

FURS Wanted.—5,000 kit coney collars at a price. Meadow & Lyons, 127 West 26th.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Quantity checks, plaids, for cash. Roth & Co., 2,518 Farragut.

KERAMI Wanted.—Blumenthal's mole; $6.50 yard. M 77 Times.

KERSEY Wanted.—American 15020, brown, green, taupe, black. Farragut 2616.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted.—Plain and fancy, Spring shades. Wilson Mfg. Co., 127 Madison Av.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Open for large quantities of overcoating, zibeline, and cloakings. W. Karon & Sons, 111 Bleecker St. Telephone Spring 5563.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Gilbert's Oxford and serges, Am., D244, blus; 4192 coronet, blue, Irving, 3965 Gramercy.

POM POM Wanted.—Open for rose taupe pom pom and Botany burgundy broadcloth. Louis Rosenheim & Co., 114 West 17th.

POM-POM Wanted.—All shades, 11050, K 544, 15020 American poplin and all grades of serges; spot cash. Spring 2571.

POPLINS Wanted.—All kinds of poplins; also serges. Sherman & Shagam, 215 4th Av.

POPLIN Wanted.—American and amoskeag; will buy for cash. Gramercy 3614.

POPLIN Wanted.—767 P. P. L., or Amoskeag, for cash. Farragut 9076.

POPLIN Wanted.—G. B. L., black and navy, 100 pieces. Orchard 5420.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, navy, Copen. 7301, 6002, all shades; wool poplin. Cass & Rosenthal, 153 West 27th.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 104, 6, 99, or any wool, storm, or men's wear serges; also poplins and panamas. Gram. 5625, 29 W. 21st.

SERGES Wanted.—7301, 7614, 94, 104. Call, Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Will buy U. S. 838 and 235 and similar serges. Chelsea 9867.

SERGES Wanted.—Storm and men's wear; also poplins; cash. N. Zipkin, 1,133 B'way.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, 54249-54289, navy only. Madison Square 1451.

SERGES Wanted.—94, 6301 and 7120, for cash. Stuyvesant 3240.

SERGES Wanted.—6301, 7301, 7614, 104-9. L. Finkelstein, Spring 6311.

SILKS Wanted.—Taffetas, peau de cynges, plain and changeable; all colors at a price. A. Warshauer, 432 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 1545.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Am looking at Spring lines, between 10 and 12 A. M., Room 1110, 1,118 Broadway.

SUITS and COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. Apply 3d floor, 18 West 22d.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring suits, mornings only. Room 505, 1,161 Broadway.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Misses' and ladies'; large jobber placing Spring orders. Write for appointment to M 41 Times.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted—Ladies' and misses' Spring styles. 45 West 25th, first floor.

SUITS Wanted.—For Spring; jobber will look all week. Eleventh floor, 124 West 26th.

SUITS Wanted.—Ladies' suits, low prices, any quantity. Phone Stuyvesant 1400.

SUITS Wanted.—Looking at Spring models; submit samples. Room 401, 6 West 22d.

VELOUR Wanted.—Open for American 0359 velour, all shades; open for Duvet de Laine 7575, F. & H., all shades. Phil Katz Co., Madison Square 3240.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will buy for cash styles 544 and 11050 American; any quantity. Fred Muller, Stuyvesant 4300.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavy weights, in all shades. Cohen & Edelman, 35 West 31st St.

SUITS Wanted.—Looking at suits, coats, coat dresses, for Spring. Call 99 Madison Av., 7th floor entrance, 29th St.

VELVETEEN Wanted.—Juilliards twill back, any colors and quantity. N. Y. Mfg., 600 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APRONS.—Maids', ladies and tea. Sewonogram Embroidery Co., 247 Richmond St., Brooklyn. Tel. Cypress 4196.

BATISTE.—Wool and cotton, 25 pieces cream, price reasonable. Kraushar, 158 West 23d St.

BLANKETS.—Cotton and wool; for immediate delivery; big buyers only. M 79 Times.

BLANKETS.—Contractor open for offer to make military blankets. M 80 Times.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany and F. & H., velours U. S. 153, and Dunmore serges; reasonable. Farr. 2924.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—2-14 years, close out. Tannenbaum-May, 19 W. 24th.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

COATS.—Real chicken model, made in American 11050, K144, and other wool velours; all lined with high-grade Venetian lining; large fur collar; price, $11 net. J. A. Rudolph & Co., 31-33 West 31st St.

COATS.—Immediate delivery, snappy, fur-trimmed, ladies' velour and broadcloth coats; also plain styles at rock bottom prices. S. Emanuel & Co., 43 West 27th. Farr 5154.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, kerseys, and plush coats; all latest shades and styles; fur-trimmed; prices very reasonable. Savoy Cloak Co., 18 West 27th St. Farragut 3687.

COATS.—Jobbers only; immediate delivery; all lined coats, coney collars, $10.75; exceptional values. Greenberg-Frechtman Co., 33 East 9th St.

COATS.—Immediate delivery; fur trimmed, pom-poms, velours, and seal plushes; wonderful values. Norwalk Bros., 105 Madison Av.

COATS.—1,000 velour coats for immediate delivery, mostly fur-trimmed. M. Rosenman & Co., 40-42 West 27th St.

COATS—Kerseys and velours, fur trimmed, to close out cheap; also other good values. F. J. Gelfond, 141 West 28th St.

COATS, plush and cloth, fur-trimmed, for immediate delivery; prices reasonable. Leibman & Hurwitz, 133 West 21st St.

COATS.—100 American velour coats, fur trimmed, all shades, half lined, to close out at a special price. Stuyvesant 2217.

COATS.—Velour, broadcloth and plushes; reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Neumann, 15 West 20th.

COATS.—Children's, Juniors', and Flappers, cloth and velvet, at popular prices. Neumann, 15 West 20th.

COATS.—Plush, for sale purposes, 48 inches long, fur trimmed, belted, $10 to $15.25. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed, burgundy, taupe, brown, and green, to close out. Horowitz & Sham, 38 West 18th.

COATS, SUITS.—Immediate delivery; new styles; low prices. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th.

COATS.—Stouts, chicken coats, immediate delivery. J. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—Fur trimmed plushes; close out; low price. Gutman, 43 West 24th.

COATS.—Fur trimmed; all colors; immediate delivery. Eisman & Lifshits, 40 W. 17th.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed coats, to close out. Stock Cloak Co., 40 West 18th St.

COATS.—Jobs fine coats, dresses; bargain for quick buyer. 485 East 180th St., Bronx.

COATS.—1,000 plushes and velours, Burgundy shades, on racks. Korpstoff, 36 West 20th.

COATS—Fur-trimmed, on racks; immediate delivery. I. Zeilkow & Sons, 19 West 24th.

COATS, fur-trimmed, for immediate delivery. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th.

COATS.—Jobs of ladies', misses', and juniors' velours. J. D., 51 West 13th, near 6th Av.

COATS.—Fur trimmed or rack; very reasonable. Fensterstock & Rosen, 35 West 31st.

COATS—Jobs to close out, and plushes, cloth. Schoen, Weissman, 53 West 24th.

CREPE DE CHINE.—White and flesh, 40-inch wide, 87c, less 8 per cent. Mad. Sq. 7754.

DENIMS.—220 blue, 2 cases, by manufacturing. New York Mfg., 600 Broadway.

DRESSES.—500 French serge, discarded styles, to close out, at $5.75. Standard Costume Co., 11 East 31st St.

DRESSES.—Manufacturer has an accumulation of fine serge, satin, and Georgette dresses to close out. Engel Co., 143 W. 20th.

DRESSES.—To close; silk, $4.50 and up; skirts, silk novelties, fancies, plaids, $2.12½ and up. Lauretta Skirt Co., 450 4th Av.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, silks, velvet evening dresses; special values. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Jobs silks and serges, to close out at a price. Princess Dress House, 19 West 24th St.

DRESSES.—Large variety silk serge and party, close out job. Cohen Polowan, 19 W. 21st.

DRESSES.—1,000 silk and serge to close out, sacrifice. Globe Dress & Suit Co., 19 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Wool jersey and serges; close out. Star Dress Manufacturing, 122 West 26th St.

DRESSES, Serges, Satins.—Lots 25, close out; finest assortment. Wolfert, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Wool jersey, charmeuse, serges to close out. 118 West 29th, 9th floor.

DRESSES.—Serge and silk; close out, $7.50 up. Novelty, 116 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Jobs, serge, silks and velvets. Winnegrad, 130 W. 25th, sixth floor.

DRESSES.—Serge and velvet, latest styles; close out. Chauser, 45 West 27th.

FURS.—Selling out best Hudson seal, black Nutria, sealine skins. Chelsea 4985.

KERAMI.—Sidney Blumenthal's for sale at $7 per yard. Farragut 2248.

KERAMI.—Three pieces kerami to highest bidder. Farragut 4868.

KERAMI for sale at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

KERSEY.—Dubal's No. 515, Wyandotte, No. 317, also lightweight velours. Farr. 8264.

KERSEY.—Wyandotte and Flietman's 575; also 30-inch, in all shades. Phone 4234 Farr.

LOOPINES.—Forstman & Huffman 7487, all colors, $2.75 net. Madison Square 3623.

MILTONS.—30 inch, in all shades. Phone 4234 Farragut.

MOLE STRIPS.—Three-inch Blumenthal's; will sell at a price. Farragut 2262.

NECKWEAR.—Men's, $1.00 and 50c. retail, to close out. 32 Union Square, 711.

OVERCOATING—Heavyweight, suitable for men's or women's coats; also Harris & Stern, style 444, blue and green. Phone Louis, Greeley 8142.

OXFORDS.—Coatings, 30 inch. Phone Farragut 4234.

PLUSHES, Keramis, molami strips, chiffon velvets and velveteens; all colors. Goldman Bros., 25 East 21st St.

PLUSHES.—Peco, $3.35; Esq., $3.55; serges, broadcloths, less than market price. R. Smith & Co. Mad. Sq. 818.

PLUSHES.—Esquimette, Peerless, H. & H., Dobson; also Pearson 8041, cheap. Farr. 9812.

PLUSH, Lapinex, Kerami, Chase's Beaver Trimming.—Under market value. Farragut 9090. Mr. Philip.

PLUSHES.—Peco plush, $3.25; taupe kersey, $2.25; burgundy velours, broadcloths. Farragut 2648.

PLUSH.—Blumenthal's lapinex, $2.50; genuine kerami, $8. I. Arons & Sons. Farragut 3334.

PLUSH.—Peerless T. 10, very cheap. Finkelstein, 17 West 3d. Spring 6311.

POM-POM, 11050, K 544; taupe 15020, taupe and Burgundy 13046. Spring 2571.

POM-POM.—A. W. Co., $2.65 net; Roman gold only. Farr. 3688.

SATINS, meteors, failles, imported wool jerseys, serges, French twills, laces, nets; bargains. Lennox, 10 East 34th St.

SERGES.—All colors; Juilliard's 54289, Amoskeag 7120-6120, Gera 10175, Whitman 104. H. Pantuch, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 5143.

SERGES.—U. S. 838, 820; Lorraine 2673, Arlington 99, Botany 906. Madison Square 3121.

SERGES, 1052, Gtra, navy; Whitman 308, cream. Levensohn & Satz, Madison Square 1265.

SERGES.—Juilliards 54289, $1.50; 30 pieces 25 navy. Farragut 3320.

SILKS.—Exceptional values, all trades, immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., formerly Marks-Senner, 354 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 9389.

SKIRTINGS.—Lightweight materials, checks, plaids, and mixtures; off price. Mr. Philip, 16 West 25th St., fourth floor.

SKIRTS—Silk stripes, plaids, peau de cygnes, $2.75 up. N. Y. Silk Garment Co., 1,133 Broadway.

SKIRTS.—650 poplins, $1.50; mixtures worth $3. Chauser, 19 West 21st.

STOLES, CAPES.—Plush and Karami muffs to match in fur effects, headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

STRIPS.—Blumenthal's, also Pribyloff plush, selling below market price; act quick; grand opportunity. Phone Hydol, 4254 Mad. Sq.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Belle Cloak and Suit Co., 159 West 25th.

SUITS AND COATS of the better grade, to close out. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 24th St.

SUITS.—Spring suits ready for jobbing trade only. Excello, 127 West 17th.

SUITS.—Desirable merchandise, close out. Fensterstock & Rosen, 35 West 31st St.

SUITS.—75, to close at $7.75 for lot. Call Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

VELOURS.—0359, 13052, F. & H. botany, broadcloths, Salt's velour du nord, genuine Sol. satin. Madison Square 3121.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

VELOURS.—American 0359, burgundy, reindeer, taupe, pekin, other colors. Phone Chelsea 7088.

VELOURS.—Burgundy; fine heavyweight 0359, taupe Lymansville 312; cheap. Farragut 9812.

VELOURS, lightweight, taupe, Pekin, brown; kersey 15020, all shades. Madison Square 6635.

VELOURS.—Light and heavy weight, all shades. Levensohn & Satz, Madison Square 1265.

VELOUR.—Will exchange 13009, navy or green; also 11050 navy for brown. Farragut 3394.

VELOURS, lightweight, taupe, brown, green; kersey 15020, all shades. Madison Square 6635.

VELOURS.—American 544, 1309, 13046; taupe and Burgundy. Gramercy 6626.

VELOUR, American, 0359, Dunmore serge 0420. Greeley 1183.

VELVETEENS.—Plain and twill back, all colors, all widths; corduroy in narrow and wide wale, all colors; also clothing corduroy. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 31st St. Madison Square 9760.

VELVETEEN.—Narrow wale corduroy, 36 in. wide, all colors; immediate delivery. B. C. Miller Bros., 95 Bleecker St. Spring 3287.

VOILES.—Black, 1,500 yards, cheap price; poplin, navy, 9610, right price. Mad. Sq. 6916.

WYANDOTTES, Velours, and Kerseys, Burellas 0310, all colors. Mad. Sq. 2426.

Help Wanted.

SALESMEN—Coast, Denver, West, and one to cover Ohio, Indiana, and Michigan, with high-class ladies' coats; only high-class men will be considered; strictly commission basis. X 232 Times Annex.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday. 5¼@5½ per cent. for the best names
Wednes'y. 5¼@5½ " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Evening Wraps Much in Vogue.

Evening wraps are said to have had a particularly good season this Fall, both here and in other sections of the country. The Chinese mandarin coat seems to have exerted a strong influence on styles this year, and other oriental designs also have been unusually popular. Solid colors, however, have not been neglected, and a wide variety of rather startling shades have been sold. The fabrics most favored are said to be velvets, satins and taffetas, the silk weaves being used mostly in the oriental designs and effects.

Sweater Buying Improves.

After a period of inactivity which lasted two or three weeks, sweaters for women are again attracting attention in the local department stores. The slip-over type seems to be pretty high in favor, particularly with women from out of town, though the coat sweater also is said to be fairly well taken. The most popular garments, it is said, are those of solid colors in the brighter shades with white sailor collars and cuffs. Where the slip-over type is taken, the pearled waist is almost invariably favored. Prospects for the holiday trade in these lines are said to be good, and a new high mark is expected in sales records.

Convertible Frocks Selling.

As a direct result of the war, and of the economies which it necessitates, dresses which are convertible and may thus serve two or three distinctly different purposes have been developed by ingenious local designers. They are said to be getting a very good reception wherever they are shown. One of the local department stores offers a particularly attractive assortment of convertible frocks combining tea and evening gown in a clever arrangement of materials which defies detection of its dual purpose. There are others of the three in one type (for morning, afternoon and evening) which are also proving very popular.

Elaborate Gowns Not So Popular.

The prediction made by several of Fifth Avenue's leading dressmakers earlier in the year that this Winter would see as many elaborate evening gowns as ever, does not seem to be materializing. Reports from the trade would indicate that, while sales have been fair, they have not been up to the mark reached last year. The trend, apparently, is toward semi-formal and less elaborate frocks for evening wear, though as yet it is said not to be so pronounced as to make the full dress gown a back number. In those that are sold, velvet seems to be the most popular fabric, with satin a close second. Black predominates, though some brilliant shades and color combinations are in demand. There has been a fairly wide variety of styles this Fall, permitting women much originality in dress and giving them ample opportunity to cater to their individual personalities.

Plaids Lead Dress Goods Demand.

Plaids are far and away the leaders in the current business being done by the dress goods wholesalers. There appears to be no fabric that stands out strongly enough to be given second place, for the demand that is now in evidence is quite widely spread through the other cloths that are offered for the Fall season. Advance orders for Spring that are being received from men now on the road with the new season's lines continue to run well ahead of last year's from a monetary point of view. In some cases, however, the aggregate yardage of goods now under order for Spring delivery is not as large as was the case at this time in 1916.

Shows a Novel Riding Habit.

In keeping with the annual Horse Show at Madison Square Garden one of the Fifth Avenue shops is exhibiting a novel riding habit. Both the jacket and the "knickers" of this habit are of white broadcloth, with cap to match. The jacket, which is cut quite flaring below the waistline, is designed along strongly accentuated military lines, and is finished off with brass buttons of a martial type. It also has two breast pockets, after the manner of military jackets, while the side pockets are of the "patch" order and large. The riding boots are of white kid.

For Winter Resort Wear.

For resort wear this Winter the millinery manufacturers are using, for the most part, silks of various kinds, many of which show Japanese designs. Many soft straw bodies are also shown. Many of these hats are made up in large shapes, some in soft effects with parasols, bag, and neckpiece to match. These are the shades that will dominate in the showing of Milan hemp goods for the regular Spring season: Mouse, ochre, squill, blue, oasis, reseda, peacock, digitalis, Egyptian, hydrangea, and American Beauty.

Coarse Cottons Had a Good Day.

Coarse cotton goods in the gray had a good day here yesterday, sales embracing quite good sized quantities of both drills and sheetings. In the business on the former were included January delivery sales of 3.25-yard goods at 16¼ cents, this being about the most noticeable thing done in these cloths. January-February deliveries of four-yard 56-60 sheetings were sold at 13¾ cents, and some houses are now asking 14 cents for them. Four-yard, 48-squares brought 13¼ cents for spots, as well as for December and January in certain quarters. For five-yard sheetings, for shipments running through the remainder of this month and next, 11 cents was paid. Large sales of all widths of sateens and twills were again put through in spite of the steady rise in prices on these goods.

Printcloths Sell Freely Here.

Active buying of printcloths was one of the features of the local gray goods market yesterday. With many houses holding for at least 11⅛ cents for spot 38½-inch 64-60s, January - February goods of this construction were sold at 11 cents. For November-December shipments of 64-56s in that width 10¾ cents was paid, while for delivery in February and March the same goods brought 10½ cents. Spot 38½-inch 60-48s brought 9¼ cents again, with some sellers declining 9⅜ cents for January-February lots. January-March deliveries of 38½-inch 44-40s moved at 7¾ cents, and some houses declined bids of 7 cents for January 27-inch 56-52s. March 39-inch 68-72s sold at 12¼ cents. Spot printcloth prices closed this way:

39-inch, 80-80s	15½c	38½-inch, 64-60s	*11½c
39-inch, 72-76s	14½c	38½-inch, 64-56s	10¾c
39-inch, 68-72s	12½c	38½-inch, 60-52s	9¾c
39-inch, 56-44s	9c	38½-inch, 60-48s	9¼c
38½-inch, 64-64s	11½c	27-inch, 64-60s	8¼c

*Asked.

SUES CITY FOR $600,000.

State Seeks to Recover 20 Years' Accumulation of Escheated Estates.

ALBANY, Nov. 15.—Litigation designed to compel New York City to pay into the State Treasury $600,000, representing the escheated estates of persons who died without next of kin in the city during the last seventy-seven years, was instituted today by Attorney General Merton E. Lewis. This fund is made up of about 33,000 small estates for which no claim has been made in twenty years. Demand for the transfer of this money was made last year, but the New York City officials declined to comply.

The action begun by the Attorney General is predicated upon the theory that the State is the ultimate owner of all personal property in cases where there are no next of kin and upon the provisions of the State finance law, which directs the payment of the city into the State Treasury of funds unclaimed for twenty years.

City Chamberlain Milo R. Maltbie, who is named as defendant in the suit filed in Albany County, said last night that the action has been brought to obtain a ruling as to whether these funds should continue to remain in the hands of the City Chamberlain awaiting claimants indefinitely or should be turned over to the State under legal authority now.

"The city makes no claim for these funds," said Chamberlain Maltbie, "and the refusal of the city authorities to turn over the funds when demand for them was made last year was due to a ruling by the Corporation Counsel that the city should not give them up without a court order directing the Chamberlain to do so. The question as to how long these unclaimed funds should remain on deposit before being taken over by the State has never been determined. The fund is invested according to the provisions of the law safeguarding all funds deposited with the City Chamberlain, and owing to the interest rate received the amount is increasing rapidly."

BUSINESS NOTES.

In a notice on Tuesday of the Exhibition of American Art Designs for Silk Fabrics the prices were quoted in error as ranging from $25 to $50 each. They should have read "from $25 to $75 each."

Representatives of various millinery associations have agreed on the formation of a national trade body. Further plans will be discussed at a dinner on Dec. 4 in the Hotel McAlpin. Under the new plan each association will retain its identity.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—Friedman-Samuels Co., A. Jacobs, shoes; Broadway Central.
AUGUSTA, Ga.—C. H. Schneider & Brother; C. H. Schneider, clothing; 1,161 Broadway.
BAINBRIDGE, Ga.—H. J. Burton, china; Aberdeen.
BALTIMORE—Rosenbloom & Levy; S. Rosenbloom, skirtings; Broadway Central.
BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; M. M. Samuels, notions, leather goods, jewelry; 105 Grand.
BALTIMORE—F. W. McCarthy Co.; H. W. Ritter, notions, neckwear; 906 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—Cohn, Coblens & Co.; G. E. Griffith, upholstery goods; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Fribush Bros.; L. Fribush, coats, suits; Wallick.
BALTIMORE—Kramer & Sauber; L. Sauber, waists, dresses; 1,182 B'way; New Strand.
BALTIMORE—Daniel Miller Co.; J. H. Spencer, domestics; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; R. W. Sebald, stationery; 354 4th Av.
BOSTON—Enterprise Cloak Co.; J. L. Walbarst, coats, suits; 1,133 B'way.
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; P. A. O'Connell, ready-to-wear; Miss F. R. Schlager, gowns; 25 W. 33d.
BOSTON—Butler's; Miss M. Fanning, waists; 1,150 B'way.
BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; J. W. Graham, upholstery goods; 1,133 Broadway.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss D. W. Killeen, dresses; 15 East 26th.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Mrs. Phillips, women's coats, dresses; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Mrs. E. Austin, infants' wear; P. D. Slocum, furs; 470 4th Av.
BRIDGEPORT—Howland D. G. Co.; L. B. Withstanley, domestics, linens, flannels; 404 4th Av.
BUFFALO—Siegrist & Fraley; G. B. Smith, coats, suits, waists; 470 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Hillmans; F. J. Kicker, furn. goods, neckwear; women's, children's underwear, hosiery, gloves; 105 Grand.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss M. Weathered, women's suits; Miss M. Halberg, women's costumes; Mrs. E. O'Connell, misses' dresses, waists; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; Miss R. Gross, furs, trimmings; L. C. Hildendorf, shirts, overalls; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—The Atlas Woolen Co.; D. Warshauer, cotton, woolen goods; Broadway Central.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; A. C. Dolberg, cotton, silk petticoats, infants' white coats; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Sears-Roebuck & Co.; L. Metzenbery, jewelry, silverware; 115 5th Av.
CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; E. Schulz, laces, women's neckwear, ribbons; 432 4th Av., York.
CINCINNATI—Smith-Kasson Co.; O. H. Streutker, ready-to-wear; Imperial.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; W. Plimmer, domestics; 72 Madison Av.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Mr. Gans, watches; 72 Madison Av.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; Miss Wolff, underwear; Miss Delahanty, children's wear; 230 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; P. Hirsch, jobs coats; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; Miss Wolf, underwear; Miss Delehanty, children's wear; 230 5th Av.
DALLAS—Perkins D. G. Co.; H. T. Hodges, domestics; M. L. Gans, knit goods; 60 Worth.
DALLAS—W. A. Green Co.; E. L. Pollock, women's ready-to-wear, millinery, underwear; 1,150 B'way.
DETROIT—Zulebock-Hartman Co.; R. Zulebock, cloaks, suits, waists, infants' wear; 684 B'way.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; W. B. Warner, ready-to-wear; 354 4th Av.
ELLENVILLE, N. Y.—Cox Bros.; A. E. Cox, furn. goods; Herald Square.
EVANSVILLE—A. P. Lahr & Sons; H. H. Lahr, notions, toys; 220 5th Av.
FALL RIVER, Mass.—E. S. Brown Co.; T. J. Cleary, carpets; 1,239 B'way; Breslin.
FORT SMITH—Berry-Beall D. G. Co.; A. Y. Berry, dry goods; W. S. Beall, notions, furn. goods; 43 Leonard.
FORT SMITH, Ark.—Berry, Beall D. G. Co.; A. Y. Berry, cloaks, suits, waists, and muslin underwear; 43 Leonard.
GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y.—Martin & Naylor Co.; E. C. Naylor, dry goods; Murray Hill.
GREENVILLE, Miss.—Leyser & Co.; N. L. Riteman, notions, millinery, ready-to-wear; Wallick.
HOT SPRINGS, Ark.—Specialty Shop; Mr. Holz, jobs ladies' suits; Room 1015, 1,150 B'way.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery-Bird-Thayer D. G. Co.; G. W. Kennedy, domestics, dress goods, silks; 25 Madison Av.; Cumberland.
LOS ANGELES—Broadway Dept. Store; W. W. Penry, laces, embroideries, neckwear, ribbons; 95 Madison Av.
LYNCHBURG—C. M. Guggenheimer; S. B. Maxwell, housefurn. goods; 1,150 B'way.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—C. M. Guggenheimer; Mr. Maxwell, rugs, draperies; 1,150 B'way.
MEMPHIS—Marks & Fader; J. Marks, hats, caps; Bretton Hall.
MIDDLETOWN, N. Y.—C. Wolf, clothing, furn. goods; Continental.
MINNEAPOLIS—Jones & Cohen; I. W. Cohen, laces, knit goods, hdkfs., veilings, infants' wear, muslin underwear; Holland House.
NORFOLK, Va.—J. Kantor, women's suits, dresses; Herald Square.
NORFOLK, Va.—A. L. Hyman, millinery, ready-to-wear; Broadway Central.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; G. Dillesmith, dress, wash goods; 1,261 B'way; Collingwood.
PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; J. B. Fairley, rugs; B'way and 10th; Wallick.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; Mrs. Flatow, jobs silk, serge, velvet dresses; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Mrs. M. McCrohan, waists; Miss L. Spieler, Miss F. Hobson, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Renwick Bros. Co.; J. Owston, hats; Imperial.
PITTSBURGH, Penn.—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; W. F. Dalzell, dress goods, gingham prints; 43 Leonard.
PUEBLO, Col.—Everybodys; W. J. Ross, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d, Great Northern.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—G. A. Griest, dry goods; Latham.
SALT LAKE CITY—Walker Bros. D. G. Co.; T. F. Cahill, basement jobs coats, suits, dresses, silk waists, petticoats, men's, women's bathrobes; 1,239 B'way.
SANDUSKY, Ohio—Cohn Store; J. Cohn, cloaks, millinery; Imperial.
SCRANTON—Crawford & Co.; H. Ginsburg, millinery, ready-to-wear; New Strand.
SEDALIA, Mo.—J. A. Lamy Mfg. Co.; L. Bahrenberg, hosiery, underwear; Wallicks.
SIOUX FALLS, S. D.—Bee Hive Co.; C. M. Rohde, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway, Laurelton.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; M. Steinfeld, coats, suits; Mrs. E. Sherman, coats; 116 W. 32d.
ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Rice, Stix D. G. Co.; J. C. Heidelberg, sweaters; F. Moenster, underwear; 377 B'way.
SUNBURY, Penn.—H. Rice & Sons; S. Rice, clothing; Breslin.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Syracuse D. G. Co.; G. B. Williams, hosiery, underwear; 320 B'way.
SYRACUSE—Waldorf Mfg. Co.; Miss N. M. Stack, fancy voiles, wash fabrics; 15 W. 34th.
TROY, N. Y.—C. T. Reynolds, J. K. Hoyt, rugs; Grand.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Landsburgh & Bro.; I. J. Haas, phonographs; Woodward.
WILMINGTON, Del.—M. Megary & Son; E. C. Bailey, carpets; Imperial.
WILMINGTON, N. C.—W. J. Craig, clothing; Breslin.
WORCESTER, Mass.—C. T. Sherer Co.; D. Kadee, representing; 1,270 B'way; Brozten.
WORCESTER—C. T. Sherer Co.; H. W. Estabrook, general mdse.; 1,270 B'way.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

MYER BEHAL, residing at 530 West 111th Street, formerly a loan broker at 20 Broad Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $165,049 and assets of $10,000, consisting of an undivided one-sixteenth interest in the estate of Harry S. Behal of Philadelphia. Of the liabilities $34,014 is for indorsing notes of P. E. Frank & Co. of Philadelphia. Among the creditors are A. & W. Flatau & Co. of London, $3,576; J. H. Hirst of Waterford, England, $3,502; H. Sexton & Sons, Norwich, England, $1,386; J. H. Winchell & Co., Haverhill, Mass., $4,869, and Allen Foster, C. Willet & Co., Lynn, $4,175, also Arthur Lipper, a stock broker of 20 Broad Street, $117,175 on notes; Harold P. Hall, $8,662, and William H. Smith, $5,291.

OKONOWITZ GLASS COMPANY of 722 Tinton Avenue.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this corporation by these creditors: Elias Jordon, $2,250; Saul C. Lavine, $2,000, and Belle Wolf, $250. The company also made an assignment to Aaron L. Palmer.

REX DOLL COMPANY of 113 Greene Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by Jacob S. List, a creditor for $500. Liabilities were stated to be $3,000 and assets $1,000. Judge Hand appointed C. Parker Lattin receiver.

MAYWOOD SPRINGS, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Maywood Springs, Inc., mineral waters, of 434 East Ninety-second Street by Peter Bonhart, a creditor for $1,780 for services as manager. Assets are estimated at $5,000. It was incorporated June 12, 1915, with capital stock of $15,600, and had a plant at Hackensack, N. J.

JONES COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Jones Newman and Nathan Dorfman, who did business as the Jones Company, men's furnishing goods at 2,353½ Westchester Avenue, by these creditors: Samuel Miller & Co., $146; Sol Ducker & Co., $369, and Walkill Hat Works, $158.

DAVID BODKER, a salesman of 234 West 120th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,993 and no assets.

JOSEPH AIELLO, a builder of White Plains, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,506 and no assets.

SHELDON LASHER, a dairyman, of Woodstock in the Catskills, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $15,167 and no assets. Among the creditors are the Saugerties National Bank, $3,573; First National Bank of Saugerties, $2,656; Citizens National Bank of Fleischman's $2,000, and Kingston National Bank, $1,311.

F. HARRY HALL of Yonkers has filed a petition in bankruptcy, individually and as member of the firm of Hall & Benson, with liabilities of $2,116 and assets one-half interest in a patent for folding truckiett camera tripad, value unknown.

B. GEIST & CO., manufacturer of dresses at 146 West Thirtieth Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $24,716 and assets of $3,300, consisting of stock which was sold for $3,000, machinery sold for $2,300, and accounts $3,000.

AUTO TRUNK AND ACME SUITCASE MFG. CO. of 145 Spring Street has filed schedules showing liabilities of $5,765 and assets of $5,148, consisting of stock, $4,500; accounts, $548, and cash in bank, $100.

NATIONAL FLOWER AND FEATHER CO., INC., of 179 Wooster Street has filed schedules showing liabilities of $10,066 and assets of $12,124 consisting of stock, $8,000; fixtures, $2,000; accounts, $1,912; auto, $150, and cash, $62.

SCHULMAN & SHERMAN, cloak manufacturers at 25-27 West Thirty-fifth Street, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $52,215 and assets of $13,374, consisting of stock, $9,200; fixtures, $2,500; accounts, $654, and real estate, $1,025 in lots at Hempstead Harbor, L. I.

BARBERA & TRIPO.—Miss Bertha Rembaugh has been appointed receiver by Judge A. N. Hand for Barbera & Tripo, shoe dealers at 593 East 184th Street.

J. D'ESPOSITIO & BRO. — A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Joseph and Michael D'Espositio, doing business as J. D'Espositio & Bro., 835 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, by the following creditors: Boehm & Holzkamp, $288; Everstein and Borling, $57; August Broschers, $373.

GOLDEN PHEASANT LUNCH COMPANY, 577 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities $6,191; assets $2,332.

CLARK'S FISH MARKET.—R. R. Rogers, proprietor of Clark's Fish Market, 1,220 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities $1,658; assets $2,439.

Judge Chatfield has appointed William R. Begg and Arthur C. Hume as receivers for the Manhattan and Queens Traction Corporation, in bond of $25,000.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 15.—The Mexico Hardware Co. of Miami County, Ind., has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the Federal District Court, with liabilities of $11,502 and assets of $7,700.

William T. Smith, a grocer at Bloomington, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,236 and assets of $1,860.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 15.—Fred L. Benjamin, a hotel proprietor, contractor and merchant of Momence, Ill., filed voluntary petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities of $83,352 and assets of $25,236.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 15.—Arthur Wallace of Morristown filed a petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities of $18,083 and assets of $630.

Seth B. Culver, a merchant of Dunkirk, filed a petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities of $8,626 and assets of $10,487.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Appell, Albert J.—A. T. Appell et al. $1,205.85
Acerbi, Beatrice—L. I. R. R. 106.10
Appelbaum, Fannie—Opalescent Art Glass Co. 147.10
Burdett, Ralph—H. G. Greene 304.60
Beaver, John, receiver—L. Scaglione 169.40
Beaver, John, receiver—L. Tortorici 3,145.35
Baer, Gustav—A. Ihm et al. 137.92
Behrman, Robert—Sally Woesbader, Inc. 462.74
Beller, Joseph—M. Student 150.90
Burger, Max—N. Abrahams 539.53
Braunstein, Abraham—H. Kleinheimer 461.58
Curr, Fannie, and Harry Kats—People, &c. 300.00
Clug, Simon—S. J. Altschuler 5,398.27
Caputto, Pasquale, guardian—A. Friesner 108.30
Dolan, James J.—Hostetter Co. 120.20
Dietz, Henette S.—H. A. Kaplan 252.38
Duncan, Dowd & Co.—Clark & Gibby 183.47
Elias, Raphael—J. E. Spingarn et al. 147.90
Elder, Donald H., and Milo M. Wells (Elder & Wells)—C. Goll 100.00
Edwards, Chauncey W.—M. Schneider 113.26
Feldman, Abraham (Alberta Fur Co.)—B. J. Goodman 331.88
Friedenberg, John L.—Broadway Taxi Operating Co. 124.57
Ferrer, Jose M.—J. S. Philips 480.28
Freyduerg, Joseph B. and Aaron—H. Mindlin et al. 154.29
Giacobbe, Sandy A.—M. M. Linzer 162.05
Gallagher, Beatrice M.—J. M. de Birmingham 315.86
Grossman, David—B. Brem 145.13
Graziano, Francesco, Pres.—E. Ryan 107.98
Giacobbe, John—R. Rudman 10,130.96
Hamilton C. Schuyler—Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 294.21
Higgins, William A., Edmund F. Higgins, and Jacques D. Hegeman, Jr. (William A. Higgins & Co.)—Nozaki Bros. & Co. 4,030.98
Herba Laboratory—S. C. Welsh 145.70
Ideal Trimmed Hat Co.—S. H. Greene 1,528.05
Int. Rapid Transit Co.—J. Killoran 100.00
Jackier, Sidney—H. H. Brady 1,222.62
Jordan, John—J. Somma, costs 110.19
Kornfeld, Joseph—L. Moore 3,797.66
Katz, Richard—A. H. Friedman 558.06
Kaufman, Ernest—H. Stater 150.40
Kirchner, Chester A.—Eclipse Light Co. 780.32
Kealey, Edward F.—L. Mayer 161.01
Keresey, John T.—Bank of the Metropolis 11,849.25
Leitch, Charles A.—H. W. Johns Manville Co. 169.17
Lunstedt, Sophie—Austin Nichols & Co. 136.73
Lukasey, Anthony—T. M. Cantwell 106.26
MacDonald, John—Evans & Snyder Fruit Co. 2,531.00
Marshall, Charles H.—T. J. Yore 1,368.12
Morris, William L.—I. Finkler 264.55
Martell, Maud, and John R. Davidson—People, &c. 300.00
McGowan, James—Hostetter Co. 120.20
Met. Metal Novelties Co.—A. L. Kass, costs 156.07
Macomber W. Sturges—State Const. Co. 268.45
Mingo, William H.—D. Levy 369.35
Moore, Annie—Randall, Leopold & Co. 394.95
Meier, Frank R.—M. J. Glissner 421.63
McWilliams, Albert F.—Martin Cam Co. 4,341.07
McNamee, Arthur D. O.—Nat. Cash Reg. Co. 256.50
Martin, Clinton S.—M. J. Moses 156.94
Nielson, Hans G.—Harmanns, Madden & Co., costs 127.11
Nat. Allied Amusement Corp. and Robert I. Henderson—Morris Geist 2,882.10
Nungasser, Louis, Jr.—A. Dumas, Jr. 248.41
Ost, Edward P.—F. E. Peters 333.69
Olivieri, Joseph—Burns Bros. Ice Corp. 359.56
O'Donnell, John A.—R. Webber et al. 134.00
Oscar Frommel & Bro.—J. Christie 890.95
Pilzer, Elias M.—Michael Cohen & Co. 411.67
Paur, Joseph—Fritz Handrich & Sons 373.06
Parkes, Fannie, and Harry Katz—People, &c. 300.00
Pendelton, Mary, also known as Mary Pendleton Henno—M. W. McDuffie 226.46
Rechnitz, Jacob; Joseph Rechnitz, George Potts and Samuel M. Rechnitz—E. C. Mann et al. 3,694.20
Rose, Harry—W. C. Alden 244.08
Reeve, Arthur B.—J. W. Vooderlieth et al. 668.43
Spencer, Frank A., receiver—City of N. Y., costs 135.85
Struble, Herman A. and Annie E.—Kurz & Uren 414.72
Schlesinger, Sarah—Lawyers' Mortgage Co. 4,896.30
Smith, Mary—Arnold, Constable & Co. 155.45
Sweetser, William A.—American Law Book Co. 294.34
Schepper, Abraham—R. H. Chuck et al. 124.90
Shepherd, Frank A., and Louise A. Irving, ex'rs—J. McKible 537.08
Salmon, Maurice—J. Rossi, costs 102.42
Tolces, Joseph, by guardian—G. Williams, costs 122.53
Stathopoulo, Alexander—Lewis Publishing Co. 505.25
Taylor, Benjamin E.—S. Rosenblatt 521.05
Thimm, Curt—L. Kosterovsky 380.52
Thurnauer, Otto—G. C. Freeman et al. 1,225.72
Vernon, Frank—Singer Sewing Machine Co. 181.40
Wade, Leslie D.—Racine Rubber Tire Co. of New York 106.25
Wayburn, Ned—George A. Powers Printing Co. 494.99
Way, Anna C.—M. W. McDuffie 108.33
Wolcott, David J.—S. D. Simon 280.41
Woodward, Walter S.—W. L. Croker 963.86
Winfelberg, Louis, and Benjamin Orbach—K. K. Lace Co. 116.45

In Bronx County.

Burland, Wolf—W. L. Condit $19,693.70
Chambers, Herbert—Saretsky & Co. 76.50
Dyen, Benjamin—O. Lipshitz 182.37
Eugene T. Turney Co.—Schoen Ptg. Co. 197.10
Ehrhardt, Julius F.—A. Gobel 74.85
Green, William G.—F. Greenberg 38.87
Same—L. Stone et al. 104.77
Helferman, Nathan, and Jacob Wetzer—M. Davidson 232.28
Harris, Max L.—M. W. Graham et al. as executors 355.11
McKewn, David—J. W. Bryant 391.72
181st Street Bldg. Corp.—H. Kimmel 59.72
Peck, William D.—G. H. Tyrrell Co. 323.44
Reich, Dora—J. F. Hashroeck 124.14
Teichman Engineering and Const. Co., Bell T. Hope, and Edward Bell Teichman—C. E. Gates & Co. 607.46

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Bishop, Leonard L.—A. Livermore, Oct. 26, 1912, released $13,168.79
Bohlken, Mathilda—Henry Kroger & Co., Oct. 18, 1917 ....6,449.86
Comerma Co.—H. W. Bell Co., Sept. 6, 1917, vacated 194.64
Landi, Almo—Boell Coffee Co., Oct. 1, 1917 ....140.78
Renault Selling Branch—M. F. Grias et al., Feb. 19, 1917, reversed 1,120.88
Central Crosstown R. R. Co.—T. Knote, Nov. 24, 1907 ....2,126.08
Schlesinger Realty Co.—A. Graviano, Nov. 9, 1917, vacated 148.41
Same—J. Graviano, Nov. 9, 1917, vacated 120.41

In Bronx County.

Kemp, Alexander S.—J. Anfolisi, Feb. 7, 1917 ....$541.85
Peck, William D.—G. H. Tyrrell Co., Inc., Nov. 8, 1917, vacated 216.49

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FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
404 Fourth Ave. Tel. Mad. Sq. 7707.

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The firm of the BERNARD & ISAACS, Inc., manufacturers of misses' suits and coats, are dissolving, and Harry Bernard, who is the designer and manufacturer of the above firm, is open for a proposition with a large house.
HARRY BERNARD, 13 West 27th.

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U. S. Cloth Cutters
Our machines are giving perfect satisfaction and are praised by cutting departments of prominent manufacturers.
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Spiral Wool
PUTTEES
of Knitted Fabrics,
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Then $25.50 per doz.
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$18 PER DOZEN.
DEUTCHMAN BROS., 15 WEST 20TH ST.

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Women's Bath Robes, $24.00 dozen up.
AB. & A. FRANKLIN,
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SEE THE $10 WONDER PLUSH COATS
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Serge Dresses Popular Prices ROSEBUD MFG. CO. 37-43 W. 26th St.

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Auctions.

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STOCK, PLANT AND FIXTURES
of the LUCILLE WAIST CO., INC.
CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer
will sell on Monday, November 19th, at 10.30 A. M.
AT 100 WEST 32ND ST.,
the entire property of the above estate, comprising Silks, Laces, Buttons, Trimmings, Medallions, Cotton, Waists, Waist fronts, etc.

Plant
consisting of 26 Willcox & Gibbs Machines, 3 Hemstitching machines, Buttonhole machines, Power Tables, 2 Direct Motors, Pressing Plant, Blower and Gas Irons.

Office and Factory Fixtures
Baskets, chairs, forms, cutting tables, rag cans, paper and twine, hangers, paper boxes, time clock, Roll-top desk, Flat-top desk, Bookkeeper's desk, Table, Safe and Office partition.

IMMEDIATELY THEREAFTER AT THE WILSON BUILDING, 1,270 BROADWAY,
Show Room and Office Fixtures, comprising very fine glass-top desks, cane arm chairs, office partitions and dividers, carpets, electric chandeliers, wallcases, Oliver Typewriter, Desks, Chairs, etc., etc.

Also for the account of Hirsch & Wadro, Inc., and Meyser, former purchasers at the sale of Max Roth, 155 doz. Medallions and one time clock.

I. GAINSBURG, 258 Broadway, and SAMUEL B. BRESLIN, 320 Broadway, Attorneys for Executors.
ANNIE ROTH and LEON LASKI, Executors.

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First Mtge. 5% Gold Bonds

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Net income for nine months ended September 30, 1917, more than three times bond interest charges.

Price to yield 5.50%

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Eligible to secure postal savings deposits.

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Due Sept. 1, 1927-1935
Prices to yield 4.50%

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4¾% Bonds
Due Sept. 1, 1937
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Yielding 4.50%

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5½% Bonds
Due Oct. 1, 1927, opt.
Prices to yield 4.90%

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CHICAGO NEW YORK BOSTON

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stock Transactions the Smallest in a Long Period — No Limitations on Sales.

It would be interesting to know what direct relation, if any there was, between the extension of the Stock Exchange's ruling requiring the furnishing of figures as to the amount of short selling to include that done by floor traders and the marked contraction in activity yesterday. The sales were the smallest in several weeks, and substantially less than transactions on the previous day. As a matter of fact, the market has given plain indications of approaching dullness with the cessation of liquidation and the continued aloofness of investment buyers. Price changes were highly irregular, although the active issues gave an impression of strength in direct contrast to the tendency shown by many of the inactive stocks. The list was featured by strength in the shipping shares credited to the surprisingly good showing made in the British Government's weekly report of losses.

A remarkable demonstration of the efficiency of the Federal Reserve system in doing away with difficulties that formerly attended a period of heavy transfers of cash was given yesterday in the handling of the 18 per cent. payment on the Liberty Loan without any signs of disturbance in the money market. Preparations which had been made for facilitating this huge payment with the least possible shifting of cash were eminently successful, so much so that the installment of perhaps $700,000,000, which fell due at this centre, was settled without upsetting the 4 per cent. rate for call loans which has prevailed for some time past. It is true that the banks' money committee came to the aid of the brokers by putting out $27,000,000, but the arrangements under which a large part of the payment for the 4 per cent. bonds was effected by the transfers of credits on the books of the depositories proved well nigh perfect. Both issues of the Government's war loans were again very active on the Stock Exchange, with the 3½s selling slightly above their previous close. The 4s declined at one time to 99.24, and ended the session at 99.50, off .20.

So far as can be learned, the Committee on Business Conduct of the Stock Exchange has taken no action, as yet, based on the reports made to it of stocks borrowed by members. It was assumed yesterday that the supervision of floor traders would result in an immediate curtailment of their activities if the volume of professional selling proved large enough to be considered a factor in bringing about heavy declines. The authorities have placed no restrictions of any kind upon short selling, although their demand for information concerning its extent carried the plain intimation that safeguards would be imposed whenever the situation warranted them. The facts brought out by the committee's inspection of brokers' accounts have not been made known, outside of the Governing Committee, although there is a feeling in some quarters that the public has a right to know what proportion of the transactions reported on the ticker arise through short selling. To some extent the figures of stocks borrowed are misleading as showing the extent of such dealings, since it is a common practice of firms to borrow stocks to be used as collateral in securing loans at the low rates obtainable in the call market.

BETTER TONE IN LONDON.

War News Is Regarded as More Satisfactory.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The stock market had a better tone today, as dealers regarded the news as more satisfactory. Gilt edged securities showed little change, but Scandinavian, Russian and French bonds were firmer, and shipping shares were strong and active features. Several industrials and iron and steel stocks received increased attention, but mines and other speculative issues were dull.

Money was in increased demand, and discount rates were quiet.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 60 francs for cash. Exchange on London 27 francs 35 centimes. Five per cent. loan 87 francs 70 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	4	Last	4
Low	4	Renewals	4

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Thirty days	5	Thirty days	5¼
Sixty days	5¼	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5½
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5½
Five months	5¼@5¾	Five months	5½@5¾
Six months	5½@5¾	Six months	5½@5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ....3¼@3½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ....3½@3¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ....4½@5

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.
30 to 60 days 5
4 to 6 months ....5¼@5½

Other Names.
4 to 6 months ....5½@5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling— Demand	$4.7515	$4.7515	$4.7515	—.0003¾
Cables	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	..
Francs— Demand	5.75⅝	5.75⅝	5.75⅝	+ .00¼
Cables	5.74	5.74	5.74	+ .00¼
Rubles— Demand	12.75	12.60	12.75	+ .35
Cables	13.00	12.88	13.00	+ .35

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7515	$4.76 7/16
5.1826	Paris	5.75⅝	5.74
	China— Hongkong	71.00	71.25
	Peking	106.00	106.25
	Shanghai	99.00	99.25
19.295	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.19	Holland	44.50	45.00
32.44	India— Bombay	35.00	35.75
	Calcutta	35.00	35.25
5.1826	Italy	8.50	8.49
49.84	Japan— Kobe	51.50	51.75
	Yokohama	51.50	51.75
50.00	Philippine Islands— Manila	50.125	50.25
51.50	Russia	12.75	13.00
26.79	Scandinavia— Stockholm	43.00	43.25
	Copenhagen	35.25	35.75
	Christiania	35.50	36.00
19.295	Spain	23.47	23.55
	South America—		
32.42	Rio	25.31	25.41
42.44	Buenos Aires	45.26	45.36
5.1826	Switzerland	4.40	4.37

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71¼	$4.69¼	$4.70¼	$4.68¼

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $602,222,409; balance, $66,864,746; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $3,586,049; Federal Reserve credit balance, $49,838,346.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .15625@.3125 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 43¼d, off ⅛d; in New York, 85⅝c, off ¼c; Mexican dollars, 65½c.

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve, decreased	£554,000
Circulation, decreased	31,000
Bullion, decreased	585,711
Other securities, decreased	1,052,000
Public deposits, decreased	1,274,000
Other deposits, decreased	526,000
Notes reserved, decreased	430,000
Government securities, decreased	162,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 19.48 per cent.; last week it was 19.60 per cent. Bank rate 5 per cent.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, NOV. 15, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	346,095	1,979,712	793,035
Year to date	166,310,031	187,448,602	155,792,218

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
2¾	3	900	Alaska Gold Mines	3	3	3	3	—¼
16¼	16¾	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	—¼
74½	76	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	75	75	75	75	+1½
42	46	100	Am. Banknote pf	42	42	42	42	—2½
69¾	71¼	200	Am. Beet Sugar	70½	70½	70	70	—½
32¼	32⅜	4,900	Am. Can	32⅞	33	31½	32⅜	...
60½	61	600	Am. Car & Fdry	61⅝	61⅝	60½	60⅞	—½
24½	26	200	Am. Cotton Oil x d	25⅜	25⅜	24½	24½	—2
12⅛	13	300	Am. H. & Leather	12½	12½	12⅛	12⅛	—⅛
52	53	100	Am. H. & Leath. pf	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝	—⅝
10¼	10¾	300	Am. Ice	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	+¼
53½	54½	4,000	Am. International	50⅞	55⅛	50¼	54	+4
24¼	24¾	2,200	Am. Linseed	24	24¾	24	24¾	+½
66¼	66¾	1,400	Am. Linseed pf	65½	66¼	65¼	66¼	+½
48½	49	300	Am. Locomotive	49	49	48½	48½	—¼
9¾	10	200	Am. Malting	10	10	10	10	—1¾
51	52¼	800	Am. Malting 1st pf	54½	54½	51	51	—3⅞
71⅝	71⅞	7,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref	71	72	70¾	71⅞	+⅞
99	101	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	100	100	100	100	+⅞
52	53¼	600	Am. Steel F'dries	53¼	53¼	53	53	+½
91	92	300	Am. Sugar Ref	91½	91½	91½	91½	...
107	107½	700	Am. Tel. & Tel	107	107¼	106⅝	107¼	+¼
165¼	169	100	Am. Tobacco x d	169	169	169	169	+2
39½	40¼	200	Am. Woolen	39½	40	39½	40	+⅞
88	89⅞	100	Am. Woolen pf	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞	—¼
16¾	17⅞	400	Am. Writing P. pf	17¼	17¼	17	17	—1
40	49	100	Am. Zinc, L.& S.pf	42	42	42	42	...
54¾	55¼	7,800	Anaconda Copper	55⅝	55⅝	54⅛	54¾	—⅜
52½	54	100	Associated Oil	53½	53½	53½	53½	—¼
84⅛	84¾	500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	84	84½	84	84½	+½
95	97	200	Atlantic Coast Line	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	—¾
95½	96½	1,600	At., Gulf & Wes I.	95½	97¼	94¾	96	+2
53¼	54	1,300	Baldwin Loco	53⅜	54	52⅞	53¼	+⅜
51¼	52	300	Baltimore & Ohio	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼	—½
60¼	61½	10	Baltimore & O. pf	61½	61½	61½	61½	...
88	89½	300	Barrett Co	88	88½	88	88	+⅞
99	100½	100	Barrett Co. pf	99½	99½	99½	99½	...
1	1⅛	100	Batopilas Mining	1	1	1	1	—⅛
78	80	100	Bethlehem Steel	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	—⅛
76½	77¼	17,600	Beth. Steel cl.B t. c.	77	78	76¼	77	...
85	90	100	Beth. Steel pf	85	85	85	85	—5
97	97½	600	Beth. S. pf.sub.r.f.p.	97¼	97⅞	97	97⅞	+⅞
41	42½	1,500	Bklyn Rapid Tran	41	42½	40⅞	42	+¼
5	7	300	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S.	5	5	5	5	+1
70	80⅞	100	Buf., Roch. & Pitts.	70⅜	70⅜	70⅜	70⅜	—1⅞
103¼	104	1,500	Burns Brothers	102½	103⅜	102½	103⅜	+2⅜
..	13¼	100	Butterick Co	11	11	11	11	—½
15⅜	16¾	100	Butte & Superior	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	...
34¼	35	100	California Packing	34¼	34¼	34¼	34¼	—¼
10⅞	12	500	California Petrol	11	11	11	11	...
30	32	400	California Pet. pf	31	31	31	31	...
132	132½	5,700	Canadian Pacific	133	133¼	131¼	132¼	+½
60¾	61	1,200	Central Leather Co	61⅛	61½	60⅝	60⅞	+⅛
96	98	100	Central Leather pf	98	98	98	98	...
30¼	31½	100	Cerro de Pasco	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	...
60	61	700	Chandler Motor	60	60	60	60	...
46¼	46¾	200	Chesapeake & Ohio	46½	46½	46½	46¼	+¼
19¾	20	100	Chi. Great West. pf	20	20	20	20	+⅛
36¾	37¼	3,900	Chi., Mil. & St. P	36¼	37½	35¾	37	+½
75	76	200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	74½	74½	74½	74½	—½
..	..	100	Do. s. 10 f	74¼	74¼	74¼	74¼	...
94	95	300	Chi. & Northwest'n	94½	94½	94½	94½	—½
18½	19	800	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c.	17¾	18⅝	17¾	18⅝	+⅛
49¼	50	100	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c.	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾	—¼
40¼	41	200	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼	—½
13¼	13⅝	900	Chile Copper	13⅝	13½	13	13½	—¼
38¼	38½	1,900	Chino Copper	38¼	38⅜	37¾	38¼	+⅜
43	46½	200	Cluett, Peabody	47	47	45	45	—2¾
89⅞	110¼	100	Cluett, Peabody pf	100	100	100	100	+10
31¾	32⅜	300	Col. Fuel & Iron	31¾	31¾	31½	31¾	+¼
30	32	200	Comput. Tab. Rec	32	32	32	32	...
80	81½	200	Consolidated Gas	80⅝	80⅝	80¼	80¼	...
76	90	100	Continental Can	81	81	81	81	+1
25¼	25½	2,600	Corn Products Ref	25½	25⅝	24½	25⅛	—⅝
89⅜	90	1,100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	89⅜	89⅜	89⅛	89⅛	—⅜
52½	52⅜	1,900	Crucible Steel	52½	53	51⅝	52⅜	...
26½	27	700	Cuba Cane Sugar	26½	26½	26½	26½	+½
77	77¼	300	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼	...
96½	97½	200	Del. & Hudson	97	97	97	97	+⅝
..	95	45	Det. United Ry.x d	95	95	95	95	...
32	33	1,800	Distillers' Secur	33	33¼	31½	32¼	—¼
6⅞	7	100	Dome Mines	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	...
2⅛	3	200	Duluth, S. S. & A	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+⅛
5	5½	100	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	5½	5½	5½	5½	...
22	28⅜	100	Elk Horn Coal	20	20	20	20	—3
14¼	14½	3,900	Erie	14¼	14⅜	14	14¼	...
16½	17	300	Erie 2d pf	16¼	16½	16½	16¼	—¼
31	32	600	Gaston, W. & W	31	32	31	32	+1⅞
32	36	200	General Cigar	32	32	32	32	...
124¼	124⅞	800	General Electric	124½	124½	123¼	124½	+½
83	83¼	8,000	General Motors	81⅞	83⅞	81⅞	83	+½
72	75	200	General Motors pf	73	73	73	73	...
32⅞	33	1,800	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	33¼	33¼	32¼	33	—1
91	92	800	Great Northern pf	91	91	90⅞	90⅞	—⅜
24½	24⅝	800	G. N. ctfs. for o. p.	25	25	24	24½	—⅜
79	80	100	Gulf States Steel	80	80	80	80	+2½
40½	41	3,100	Inspiration Copper	40⅞	41	40¼	40½	—½
6½	6⅝	100	Interboro Consol	6½	6½	6½	6½	...
43	43½	400	Interboro Con. pf	42	43	42	43	+¼
101½	104	3,250	Int. Harvester, N.J.	104¼	104¼	100⅞	102	—2
51	55	750	Int. Harvester Corp	52½	52½	50⅞	50⅞	—2¼
98	100	100	Int. Harv. Corp. pf	98½	98½	98½	98½	—3½
24⅝	25	6,500	Int. Mer. Marine	24¼	25⅞	23⅝	24⅞	+⅜
90⅜	91¼	44,500	Int. Mer. Marine pf	89⅜	93⅜	89⅜	90⅞	+⅜
25	25½	3,100	Int. Nickel x d	25⅝	25⅝	25	25½	—⅛
90	96	100	Int. Nickel pf	92	92	92	92	—6
20	20⅛	100	Int. Paper	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+1
53	53½	100	Int. Paper pf. sta	53½	53½	53½	53½	...
58½	60	200	Int. Salt	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	—⅛
27	33	100	Jewel Tea	32	32	32	32	—½
15⅛	15½	100	Kansas City South	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	+¼
..	..	100	Kayser (J.) & Co	105	105	105	105	—5
37½	39	100	Kelly Spring. Tire	38	38	38	38	—¼
30¼	30⅝	4,000	Kennecott Copper	30½	30⅜	29⅞	30⅜	+⅛
72	74½	600	Lackawanna Steel	71	73	71	73	+2
10⅞	11	300	Lee Rubber & Tire	11¼	11¼	11	11	—½
51	51½	1,600	Lehigh Valley	52	52	51	51	—1
101	102	200	Liggett & Myers pf	101	101	101	101	...
113	113½	200	Louis. & Nash	113	113½	113	113½	...
70	74	300	Mackay Cos	70½	70½	70⅛	70⅛	—⅞
58	63	100	Mackay Cos. pf	58	58	58	58	—1
49	51	100	Max. Motors 1st pf	52	52	52	52	+1
73¾	75	1,200	Mexican Petroleum	74	74¾	73¾	74½	+⅝
80	87½	100	Mex. Petroleum pf	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	—3⅛
26⅞	27	500	Miami Copper	26½	27	26½	27	...
42¼	42⅝	3,000	Midvale Steel	42⅜	42½	41⅜	42⅜	+¾
78	79	200	M., St. P. & S. S. M	80	80	78½	78½	—4⅞
21⅜	21½	2,500	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs	21¼	21½	21	21½	...
37¾	39	2,000	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs	39¼	39¼	38	38	—1½
25¼	27	100	Nat. Acme x d	26	26	26	26	+¼
80⅞	88	200	Nat. Biscuit	81	81	80⅞	80⅞	+⅞
..	..	100	Do., seller 6	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	...
..	..	50	Do., odd lot, s 6	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	...
107½	110	300	Nat. Biscuit pf	108	109	108	109	—5
20¾	21¼	600	Nat. Cond. & Cable	21¼	21¼	20⅞	21	—¼
34½	35½	200	Nat. Enam. & St	34⅞	35	34⅞	35	+1
40	44	200	Nat. Lead	42½	42½	42	42	—½
4¼	5⅜	100	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	—⅝
16⅛	16½	2,000	Nevada Con. Cop	16½	16½	16	16	—½
104	105	100	N. Y. Air Brake	104	104	104	104	...
67¼	67⅝	1,300	N. Y. Central	67¼	67¼	67	67¼	—½
14½	16	100	N. Y. Dock	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	—⅛
25¼	25⅝	400	N. Y., N. H. & H	25¼	25⅝	25⅜	25⅝	+⅛
100½	103½	100	Norfolk & Western	100½	100½	100½	100½	+½
75	80	100	Norfolk & West. pf	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	—⅛
45	47½	100	North American	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	+⅛
85⅜	86	200	Northern Pacific	85	85¼	85	85¼	+¼
69	70	100	Nova Scotia S. & C	70	70	70	70	—1⅞
33¼	34	2,800	Ohio Cities Gas x d	33¾	34	33¾	34	+¼
4	4¼	200	Ontario Mining	4	4	4	4	—¼
80	83	200	Owens Bottle Mach	80	80	80	80	...
23⅞	24½	100	Pacific Mail	24½	24½	24½	24½	+½
47⅞	48	4,100	Penn. R. R	47¾	47⅞	47½	47⅞	—⅛
40	41	300	People's Gas, Chi	40	40	40	40	+⅛
13½	14½	100	Pere Marquette	14	14	14	14	...
46	50	2,400	Pere Marq. prior pf	50	50	45	50	—13
25	27	100	Philadelphia Co	26	26	26	26	...
40¼	40½	900	Pitts. Coal	40	40	40	40	—1
21	21⅜	700	Pitts. & West Va	21¼	21⅜	21¼	21⅜	—⅛
53	54½	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜	—1¼
51½	52½	200	Pressed Steel Car	51½	51½	51½	51½	+⅛
129	130	100	Pullman Co	129	129	129	129	—1
1	1⅛	200	Quicksilver	1⅛	1⅛	1	1	...
..	..	100	R. R. Sec., Ill. Cen. st ctfs., odd lots	60	60	60	60	...
38¼	39½	100	Railway Steel Sp	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	+¼
90	98	100	Railway Steel S. pf	96½	96½	96½	96½	+¼
21½	21⅜	1,000	Ray Con. Copper	21¼	21½	21¼	21½	+¼
67¼	67⅜	7,200	Reading	67	68⅛	66½	67¼	+¼
69⅜	70	2,200	Rep. Iron & Steel	68½	70	68½	70	+½
14	14½	500	St. Louis-San Fran	13⅝	14⅛	13⅝	14⅛	...
5	6	900	Saxon Motor	5	5	5	5	—⅝
19	19½	700	Shattuck-Arizona	19	19	19	19	...
29	29¾	550	Sinclair Oil & Ref	29¼	29¾	29⅛	29¾	+¼
81¼	81⅜	2,000	Southern Pacific	81¼	81½	80⅝	81¼	+¼
145	160	100	So. Porto Rico Sug	148	148	148	148	—2
24	24½	1,600	Southern Railway	24	24¼	23½	24	...
56	57	400	Southern Ry. pf	56	56	56	56	+1
37¾	38¼	1,000	Studebaker Co	38⅜	38⅜	37½	37⅜	—¼
11⅛	12	100	Tenn. C. & C	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	+¼
133½	135	700	Texas Co	132½	133½	132½	133	...
12	14½	100	Texas & Pacific	13	13	13	13	+½
43¾	44½	900	Tobacco Products	43⅞	43⅞	43½	43⅞	+⅛
91	92	200	Tobacco Prod. pf	90¼	90¼	90	90	—1½
36½	39	100	Transue & Wms	37	37	37	37	...
90¼	96	200	Underwood Typew	90	90	90	90	—1
112	114	300	Underw. Typew. pf	114	114	114	114	...
113	113½	3,400	Union Pacific	111¾	113¼	111½	113¼	+⅝
36¼	36⅞	100	United Alloy Steel	37	37	37	37	...
83¾	84½	100	United Cigar Stores	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	+1⅛
65	68	100	United Drug	66	66	66	66	—½
45	50	100	United Drug 1st pf	50	50	50	50	...
114	123½	300	United Fruit	111	114	111	114	+3½
6⅛	6½	100	United Rys. Invest	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	—⅜
13½	16	200	United Rys. Inv. pf	13½	13½	13⅜	13⅜	—⅛
100	100¼	9,600	U. S. Indus. Alco	102	102	96⅞	100¼	—2⅜
49	49⅛	600	U. S. Rubber	48⅜	48⅜	48½	48⅞	...
94	99	300	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	95	95	95	95	+¼
42½	45	200	U. S. Sm., R. & M	43	43	42¼	42¼	—¼
91	91¼	78,800	U. S. Steel	90⅝	91½	89⅞	91⅛	+⅝
108	108¼	1,500	U. S. Steel pf	108	108	107⅞	108	...
74	74¼	14,700	Utah Copper	74½	75⅞	72⅝	74	—1⅜
28⅜	29⅜	400	Va.-Car. Chemical	28	28⅞	28	28⅞	+1⅛
7⅜	8	600	Wabash	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝	—⅛
39⅜	40	600	Wabash pf. A	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜	...
20¼	20½	600	Wabash pf. B	20	20¼	20	20¼	+¼
13	13½	300	Western Maryland	12⅞	13	12⅞	13	+⅛
81½	83	400	Western Union Tel	81¼	82	81¼	82	+1
36½	37	3,900	Westingh. E. & M	37½	37⅜	36⅜	37	—¼
8⅜	9¼	300	Wheeling & L. E	9	9¼	9	9¼	+⅜
35	36	100	White Motors	35	35	35	35	+½
44	45	300	Wilson & Co	45	45⅛	44⅛	44½	...
92	99	100	Wilson & Co. pf	96	96	96	96	—3
17½	17⅝	2,300	Willys-Overland	17¼	17⅞	16⅞	17⅝	+⅜
69	69½	600	Willys-Overland pf	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛	—¼
110	111	100	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co	110½	110½	110½	110½	+¼
116	118	100	Woolworth pf	116	116	116	116	—1
116	118	50	Do., odd lot	116¼	116¼	116¼	116¼	...

Oil Companies Plan Merger.

It is understood that plans are being matured for the merger of the Osage-Hominy Oil Company and the Oklahoma Producing and Refining Company. The latter company already owns a controlling interest in Osage-Hominy, and President Crawford has sent out a letter to the stockholders of both, describing the plan whereby stock in the Osage-Hominy Company will be exchanged for that of the Oklahoma Producing and Refining Company, share for share, certificates to be deposited at the Bankers Trust Company on or before Dec. 14.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	57.26	56.87	57.12	+ .11
25 industrials	67.61	66.52	67.15	— .03
50 stocks	62.43	61.69	62.13	+ .04

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 15	62.43	61.69	62.13	+ .04
Nov. 14	62.73	61.64	62.09	— .80
Nov. 13	63.47	62.41	62.89	— .36
Nov. 12	64.04	62.96	63.25	+ .47
Nov. 10	63.00	62.10	62.78	+ .70
Nov. 9	62.59	61.07	62.08	+ .81
Nov. 8	64.11	60.42	61.27	—2.29

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Nov.	High.	Low.	Last.
1917	66.05 Nov. 1	60.42 Nov. 8	62.13
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	97.77 Nov. 1	97.53
1915	93.51 Nov. 1	85.76 Nov. 10	90.39
1914	Exchange closed.		
1913	67.80 Nov. 1	65.50 Nov. 10	66.51
1912	64.12 Nov. 7	81.10 Nov. 12	82.37
1911	78.98 Nov. 24	74.14 Nov. 1	77.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Sept.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	90.46 Jan. 4	60.42 Nov. 8	62.13
†1916	101.46 Nov. 8	80.91 Sep. 22	99.86
Full Years.			
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80 Jan. 31	67.41 July 30	60.20
1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10	68.06
1912	85.82 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41 June 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Nov. 15	77.05 —.00	Nov. 7	77.79 —.05
Nov. 14	77.11 —.20	Nov. 6	Holiday.
Nov. 13	77.31 —.09	Nov. 5	77.84 —.37
Nov. 12	77.40 —..	Nov. 3	78.21 —.15
Nov. 10	77.40 —.0.	Nov. 2	78.30 —.34
Nov. 9	77.43 —.0.	Nov. 1	78.70 —.07
Nov. 8	77.46 —.35		

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Sept.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	88.48 Jan. 26	77.05 Nov. 15	77.05
†1916	88.91 Nov. 11	86.19 Apr. 23	88.90
Full Years.			
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 23	88.64
1915	87.62 Nov. 24	81.51 Jan. 2	86.07
1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

City Bonds Recede.

New York City bonds on the Stock Exchange displayed unusual weakness yesterday under small transactions. The 4s of 1957 declined 1½ points to 90, and the 4½s of 1963 receded ⅜ to 99¼. These issues have been retreating of late, with the movement more marked since Election Day than before. This fact has given rise to the supposition that the impending change of the city administration has influenced investors to let go some of their bonds. At the same time, the decline has been in keeping with the course of other high grade funded issues whose movement is believed to represent in large part the rising cost of credit.

Broader Market for Liberty Bonds.

It is believed that as soon as the Treasury completes the delivery of bonds of the first and second Liberty Loans a broader market will develop in these securities. Considering the large amount of the issues, trading on the Exchange has thus far been relatively small. Last week the total sales of the 3½s, of an authorized issue of $2,000,000,000, amounted to only a little more than $6,500,000; and the aggregate sales of the 4s for the fifteen days since trading began totals only $8,653,000. Of course, in the case of the new 4s transactions have been limited to the cash bonds of which there are outstanding probably not more than $100,000,000. Deliveries of the bonds will begin tomorrow, and as the work of distribution advances there will, no doubt, develop greater activity in these issues.

Those Marine Stocks.

Shipping shares continue to furnish their share of fireworks in the market. Marine preferred, after selling down to 89⅜—a point and three-quarters above the total value of its back dividend—took a fresh grip and climbed up in the last hour to 93⅜, while Atlantic, Gulf and West Indies advanced from 94¾ to 97¼ in barely two or three jumps. American International at the same time gained 5⅛ points, rising to 55⅛, this stock's movement apparently reflecting the general belief that this corporation has large holdings in both the big shipping companies. As to the plan to pay off the back dividend in Marine preferred, reports that it had been abandoned were, as was expected by the best informed, officially denied. It was stated that the special committee which had the matter in charge was still at work, although proceeding slowly because of various complications, legal and otherwise, and had not yet reported.

Not in Violation of Sherman Law.

Thomas B. Paton, general counsel of the American Bankers' Association, in response to a request, has rendered an opinion that the campaign designed to induce various trade associations to pass resolutions recommending to their members to substitute trade acceptances for open book accounts is not in contravention of the Sherman Anti-Trust law. After examining the text of the resolution that associations will be asked to adopt, Mr. Paton said: "The substitution of trade acceptances for open accounts and the establishment of uniform and better terms of credit where goods are paid for with trade acceptances would, in my opinion, tend to promote rather than restrain interstate trade, and the result would be beneficial; but even were the contrary true, the effect of such an organized effort for change of methods would only have an indirect bearing upon interstate trade and commerce would not, in any event, be in violation of the act."

Utah Shareholders Startled.

The drop of more than 3 points in Utah Copper, with a subsequent recovery of more than half the fall, attracted considerable attention because of the unexpectedness of the movements. In trading gossip the quarterly report of the company was blamed for the decline. In the form it first appeared on the news tickers it was startling to many holders of the stock, as in place of a substantial balance after dividends a deficit of $3,663,000 was disclosed. Later study of the report indicated that the deficit could be looked at from two angles. The company's bookkeeping considered only actual earnings from copper sold and an arbitrary value for copper on hand when the quarter ended. The value of the unsold metal being placed at a much lower figure than the value of the copper disposed of, the result was a sharp setback from what stock-owners had looked for. If the entire production had been sold at the fixed price of 23½ cents, the gross income for the quarter would have been more than $5,000,000 larger than it was.

Copper Output Sold to Jan. 1.

The Utah Company's third quarter production has been sold since the period ended, according to the statement. The other porphyry companies report that their metal also has been contracted for to the end of the year. The apparent setback in the three months ended Sept. 30 will, therefore, be offset in the current quarter. The result of the year will be the same as though each quarter's production had been sold as rapidly as produced. Utah, Chino, Ray and Nevada all carry their unsold metal at 13½ cents a pound. As Utah calculated earnings on a basis of 14 cents a pound, compared with nearly 28 cents in the preceding quarter, the natural inference was that the company had disposed of comparatively little of its production from July 1 to Sept. 30.

The Submarine Failure.

It was remarkable yesterday to see the cheering effect throughout the financial district of the British Government's best submarine report. Not merely in shipping circles, but on the cotton market, which was already cheerful over the huge domestic consumption and the easier shipping situation caused by the release of neutral tonnage; on the Produce Exchange—everywhere, in fact, people seemed to be calling to one another's attention that the Germans had only been able to sink one sizable ship in a whole week. It seemed fairly evident that neither Russia nor Italy was comparable in importance with the submarine campaign, at least in American eyes.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, NOV. 15, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$3,904,500	$6,385,000	$5,365,800
Year to date	891,489,950	998,325,000	796,055,000

U S Liberty 3½s, int ctfs, f p
$69000....98.90
20000....98.86
63000....98.82
1000....98.84
13000....98.86
500....99
500....99
500....99
41000....98.88
217000....98.86
13000....98.84
65000....98.82
3000....98.80
20000....98.82
50000....98.80
15000....98.82
16000....98.80
25000....98.78
20000....98.71
45000....98.72
10000....98.70
10000....98.68
10000....98.66
20000....98.68
10000....98.60
10000....98.58
10000....98.56
10000....98.54
10000....98.52
10000....98.60
32000....98.48
4000....98.50
6000....98.52
49000....98.50
22000....98.48
27000....98.46
17000....98.44
1000....98.50
8000....98.52
2000....98.60
78000....98.62
15000....98.68
29000....98.70
2000....98.72
39000....98.70
7000....98.60
2000....98.58
2000....98.58
1000....98.66
10000....98.70
1000....98.70
1000....98.72
20000....98.80
10000....98.84
10000....98.86
10000....98.88
10000....98.90
12000....98.88
4000....98.92
1000....98.90
10000....98.92
20000....98.94
2000....98.92
2000....98.94
5000....98.92
23000....98.90
20000....98.94
1000....98.88
25000....99
23000....98.98
11000....99
1000....98.98
12000....98.94
5000....98.96
13000....98.92
12000....98.90
6000....98.92
5000....98.94
3000....98.9
32000....98.94
55000....98.98
10000....98.94
U S Liberty 4s
71000....99.60
15000....99.50
3000....99.40
38000....99.36
50000....99.32
31000....99.24
5000....99.26
98000....99.20
12000....99.26
10000....99.24
96000....99.26
12000 c....99.80
15000....99.40
5000 c....99.80
5000....99.30
17000....99.40
1000....99.46
91000....99.40
2000....99.42
26000....99.40
12000....99.42
5000 c....99.80
10000....99.44
13000....99.48
5000....99.40
13000....99.48
5000 c....99.60
20000....99.40
10000 c....99.60
1000....99.44
4000 c....99.44
10000....99.42
14000....99.44
1000....99.42
6000....99.40
11000 c....99.80
2000....99.40
1000....99.44
1000....99.42
25000....99.50
5000 c....99.76
1000....99.46
19000....99.50
10000....99.4
5000....99.48
127000....99.5
67000....99.48
5000....99.50
1000....99.48
15000....99.50

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Am For Sec 5s
1.....93¼
4.....93⅜
Anglo-Fr 5s
35.....90
½.....90¼
½.....90¼
25.....89⅞
3.....90
20.....89⅞
1.....90
¼.....90¼
½.....90¼
5s7f..89⅞
7.....89⅞
½.....90¼
20.....90
CityofBord6s
2.....82½
5.....83
CityofLyons6s
1.....82½
CityofMars6s
2.....82½
CityofParis6s
11.....82¼
9.....83
DomofCan5s, 1926
2.....90⅝
French Govt temp 5½s
10.....94¼
19.....94
27.....93⅞
JapGovt4½s, stl ln, 2d Ser, German stp
1.....75¼
UnKingofGt Br & Ire 5s
40.....97⅝
35.....97⅞
5½s, 1918
21.....99¼
20.....99¼
10.....99⅜
68.....99½
5½s, 1919
33.....94½
53.....94⅜
5.....94¼
58.....94
1.....94⅜
1.....94⅜
10.....94½
new
13.....96¼
2.....96⅜
20.....96⅜
1.....96⅜
5½s, 1921
5.....91¼
4.....91⅜
9.....91¼
NYCity4½s, Nov, 1957
1.....99½
2.....99⅜
4.....99½
1963
1.....99¼
4s, 1957
1.....90
AmSm&Ref temp 1st 5s
7.....85
AmT&Tcoltr5s
2.....93⅜
7.....93¼
4.....93
col 4s
3.....82
3.....81¼
Arm'r&Co4½s
1.....84⅝
At,Top&SFe gen 4s
½.....80¼
2.....80⅞
3.....81
½.....80½
ACL, Lou& N col 4s
1.....75
B&Oprlien3½s
3.....86
gold 4s
3.....77
conv 4½s
1.....78⅝
Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s
1.....88
pur money 5s
1.....81
Bdway&7thAv 1st con 5s
1.....83
CalGas&El5s
5.....92⅞
5.....92⅜
Cent Leath 5s
3.....95¼
CentPacgtd4s
5.....78¼
Cerro de Pasco Cop cv 6s
3⅞....102½
C&Ogen4½s
1.....75
conv 4½s
1.....70
conv 5s
1.....72½
5.....72¼
3.....72⅜
2.....72¼
3.....72
C,B&Qgen4s
2.....82⅝
joint 4s
2.....92⅜
1.....92⅞
S,M&StP4s,'25
1.....75
conv 4½s
3.....70
ref 4½s
26.....67
C&MRiv5s
2.....94
Chile Cop 7s
8.....98¼
6s,rcts,partpd
1.....78
ColG&El1st5s
2.....77
ConGascv6s
2.....99½
5.....99
2.....99¼
C-AmScoltr6s
2.....100
D&RGcon4s
10.....63¼
1.....63½
1.....63
DistSecCorp5s
5.....74
Erie1stcon4s
1.....67⅜
1st gen 4s
9.....48
cv4s,SerA
1.....39
cv4s,SerD
4.....45
GtNorref4¼s
11.....89½
HavanaElRy5s
1.....92⅛
Hud&M1st& ref5s,SerA
3.....52½
adj inc 5s
12.....11½
IllCentref4s
4.....78⅜
1.....78
Int-Met 4½s
4.....50⅜
1.....50⅝
1.....50½
5.....50⅜
4.....50⅜
2.....50⅞
5.....51
IRT1st&ref5s
5.....81
IntMerMarsf6s
11.....92¼
8.....92½
KanCitySo3s
5.....60
MexPet1stref cv6s,SerC
1.....104½
Midvale Steel col tr 5s
1.....84⅜
2.....84½
Mo,K&TofT5s
2.....50
MoP1stcon6s
10.....99⅜
1st&ref5s,'26
7.....88⅞
gen 4s
1.....53⅜
10.....53½
6.....53¼
4.....53
MontPow5s,A
10.....88⅜
NYCentdeb6s
10.....93½
7.....93¼
10.....93⅜
7.....93¼
4.....93½
4.....93¼
ref&imp4½s, Ser A
4.....87
deb4s,1934
10.....77½
NY,C&StL 1st 4s
6.....84
NY,W&B4½s
2.....40
NY,NH&H conv 3½s
2.....46
Norf&Wgen6s
1.....107½
PocC&C4s
4.....84
Nor Pac 4s
10.....81⅝
OregSL1st6s
5.....101½
PacTel&Tel5s
2.....91
PaRRcon4½s
10.....97½
gen 4½s
20.....90
PereMar1st5s
7.....82
3.....81½
5.....82
Read gen 4s
1.....83⅜
5.....83¼
RepIron&S sf5s, 1940
2.....93⅞
8.....93¾
StL&SFrRy gen 6s
1.....101½
StL&SFrprln 4s, Ser A
20.....55
10.....55⅜
17.....55¼
StP&Sioux City 1st 6s
2.....100
SeabALadj5s
2.....43¼
3.....43
So Pac cv 4s
5.....76¼
conv 5s
4.....88⅜
3.....88⅞
5.....88⅜
2.....88⅜
1.....88⅜
5.....89
1st ref 4s
8.....80⅜
13.....80
So Ry 1st 5s
1.....93½
gen 4s
5.....59⅜
1.....58⅜
Tex Co deb 6s
2.....97
Un Pac cv 4s
2.....83⅜
14.....83¼
10.....83¾
1st & ref 4s
1.....77
USRubber1st & ref 5s
15.....76
½.....81
1.....76
1.....76¼
1.....76¼
7.....76
2.....75⅝
3.....75¾
USSteelCorp s f 5s
9.....98⅜
4.....99
2.....98⅜
4.....98⅜
1.....98⅞
1.....98⅜
1.....98⅞
1.....98⅞
UtahPr&Lt5s
1.....85
Va I,C&C5s
2.....87
Wabash1st5s
2.....93
2d 5s
7.....87½
West Elec 5s
10.....96⅜
3.....97
West Md 4s
1.....59½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96¾	97
2s, c, 1930	96¾	..
3s, r, 1918	99	100
3s, c, 1918	99	..
3s, 1946, r	84	..
3s, 1946, c	85	..
4s, r, 1925	105	106
4s, c, 1925	105	106
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97⅞	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97⅞	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	84	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea 1st pf	..	92
Adams Ex	70	80
Ad Rumely	7	9
Do pf	20	21½
Ajax Rub	49½	50
Alaska J	2½	3
Alle & W	91½	..
Allis-Ch M pf	65	70
Am Ag Ch pf	91	95
Am B N	30	37
Am B Sug pf	80	93
Am B S & Fdy	..	97
Do pf	154	186
Am C pf	91	95
Am C & F pf	100	109
Am C pf	..	20
Am Coal	38	..
Am Cot Oil pf, ex d	70	80
Am Exp	80	85
Am I pf	36½	40
Am Lo pf	90	98
Am Sm pf, A	92	95
Am Snuff	90	103
Do pf	..	95
Am Shipb	87	89
Do pf	..	93
Am Sug R pf	108	109
Am Sm T	51½	52⅝
Do pf	..	83
Am T & C	55	60
Am Tob pf	90	98
Am Zinc	11½	12
Assets R	1	1½
Asso D G	12	18
Do 1st pf, ex	47½	55¼
Do 2d pf	37	54⅞
A, T & S F pf	84	86¼
A, B & A	8⅝	9½
A, G & W I pf	59	60¼
Bald L pf	98	103
B U Gas	80	90
Brown Sh	63½	66½
Do pf	76	82
B, R & P pf	100	..
Burns Bros pf	110	..
Bush Ter	..	100
Cal & Ar	63	67
Can So	..	54
C, C & O	..	22
Do pf	..	50
Case (J I) pf	..	80
Cent Fdy	24	26
Do pf	34⅝	35
C R R of N J	207	300
C & S A Tel	99	100½
Chi & Alt	..	9
Do pf	10	20
Chi Gt W	7	7½
C & N W pf	140	145
Chi, St P, M & Om	69	80
Do pf	100	125
C, C, C & St L	25	26
Do pf	..	76
Cl & Pitts	..	83⅞
Col & So	19	22
Do 1st pf	44	46
Do 2d pf	40	48
C G & E	27⅝	28½
C G, Balt	98	101
C I C M	..	10¼
Cont C pf	87	110
Cont Ins	40	42
Crex Carp	38	45
Cruc S pf	85	85¼
C-Am Sug	140	160
Do pf	90	109
D & Co pf	95½	97
D, L & W	180	182½
D & R G	6	8
Do pf	12½	14
Det Ed	104½	107
Elec S B	47	52
Elk H Coal pf	39	43
Erie 1st pf	21½	21½
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S	11½	20
Do pf	33	35
Fisher Bdy	21	34
Do pf	75	85
Gen Chem	161	165
Do pf	99	109
Gen Cig pf	90	100
Goodrich	93	100
Granby C	63	70
Greene-C	34	35
Gulf S S 1st pf	100	102
Do 2d pf	74	160
G, M & N pf	..	43
Hartman, ex div	40⅝	43
Hask & B	27⅝	29
Hav Elec	98	..
Do pf	104	..
Homestake	..	100
Ill Cent	94	96¼
Int Agric	8¼	9
Do pf	27½	30
I H, N J, pf	107	110
Int Pa pf	85	95
Iowa Cent	2	4
1st C C	..	75
Jewel Tea pf	85	95
K C, Ft S & M pf	..	68
Kan C So pf	44	47½
Kelly S T pf	75	83
Kelsey Wh	16	30
Do pf	70	85
K & D M	2⅝	7
Do pf	..	50
K'gs Co El L & P	98	101
Kress (S H)	48	58
Do pf	98	105⅝
Lacl Gas	80	90
L E & W	8½	10
Do pf	16½	22
L & M, ex div	163	190
L Isl ctfs	34	45
L-W Bisc	12	12½
Do 1st pf	..	80
Do 2d pf	50	64
Lorill'd Co	160	185
Do pf	95	120
Mah C R	350	..
Man B'ch	¾	4
Man El S	..	43
Do 1st pf	..	96⅝
Man Elev	98	100
Max Motor	21	25
Do 2d pf	13½	15
M Dep Sts, ex div	47¼	50
Do pf	90	103
Mich Cent	..	109
M & St L	9⅝	10½
M, St P & S S M pf	101	110
Do l l	58	70
M, K & T	4¼	4⅜
Do pf	7	8
Mon V Tr	14	18
Mon Pow	63	66½
Do pf	97	100
Mor & Es	..	80
N, C & St L	110	122
N C & S	56½	58
Do pf	94	100
Nat En pf	91	97
Nat L'd pf	100¼	103½
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	..	21
N O, T & Mex	20	22
N Y, C & St L	13½	15½
Do 1st pf	..	79
Do 2d pf	40	49
N Y Dock pf	37	45
N Y, L & West	100	123
N Y, O & West	18	18½
Norf So	21	22
N W Tel	..	60
Ohio F S	..	42½
Pac Coast	40	50
Do 1st pf	68	90
Do 2d pf	58	80
Pac M pf	90	107
Pac T & T	16	20
Do pf	..	96
Pan-Am P & T pf	86	88
Peo & E	4	6
Pere M pf	..	39½
Pett-Mull	25	..
Do 1st pf	90	97½
Pierce-Ar	32½	36
Do pf	88	93
P, C, C & St L	50	65
Pitts C pf	76	78
P, Ft W & C	..	150
Pitts S pf, ex div	..	98
Pond C C	16¼	..
Pr Stl Car pf	90	100
P S, N J	107	110
Quicksilver pf	1¼	1⅜
Rdg 1st pf	35	40
Do 2d pf	36	37½
Rep I & S pf	[illegible]	[illegible]
Royal D	[illegible]	[illegible]
St L S F pf	26	29
St L S W	20	22
Do pf	30	40
Sav Arms	57	60
Seab A L	8½	9½
Do pf	17½	18½
Sears-Roeb	137½	139
Do pf	118	123
S-S S & I	33	35¼
Do pf	78	100
So P R S pf	100	108
St'd Mill	77	85
Do pf	81	85
Studeb Co pf	..	90
Stutz Mtr	35⅜	37
Sup Steel	32¼	33½
Do 1st pf	97	101
T P L Tr	130	..
Third Av	17	18
Tide W O	170	185
T, St L & West	..	10
Do ctfs	2	6
Do pf	5	15
Do pf c	7	15
T C R T	70	72
Do pf	100	125
U B & P	8½	10¼
Do new	60	63
Un Pac pf	70⅞	74
Un Cig Sts pf	102½	115
Un Drug 2d pf, ex d	70	80
Un P'board	15	20
U S C I P	10¼	12
Do pf	47⅝	50
U S Exp	14	18
U S Ind A pf	89⅞	97
U S R & Imp	10	12
U S Sm pf	43⅝	45
Utah Sec	10	12
Va-Car Ch pf	97	104
Va I, C & Coke	51	55
W F Exp	75	79
W Md 2d pf	22	28
West Pac	13½	14¼
Do pf	38	40
W E & M 1st pf	56	60
W & L E pf	18	21
Wis Cent	33	37
Wor Pump	25½	27
Do pf A	..	90
Do pf B	48½	51

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	93	93½	8.50
Argen.Gv. dis.	6	Dec.15,'17	99½	100	5.00
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15,'20	90	93	9.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.00
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	98¼	99½	5.75
City of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	94⅝	94⅞	8.50
Fr'chGov.con.	5½	Apr., 1919	93½	94	9.50
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	90	98	7.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100	104	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	104	106	..
Russian Gov.	6½	July, 1919	64	68	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	55	59	..
Do. rubles.	5½	Feb.14,'26	110	113	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1918	99	99⅝	6.00
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99⅝	100¼	4.90
Company Issues.					
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	94	98½	6.50
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	99¼	99⅞	4.90
Am. Thread.	4	Jan., 1919	95½	97	6.65
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	97	99½	6.25
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1918	98¾	99⅜	5.90
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	96⅝	97⅝	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb.15,'19	97¼	97⅝	6.55
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	90	92	17.50
C., B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	92½	93	6.15
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	97	98¼	8.10
Canada Nor.	6	Sep. 2,'18	97	98½	7.50
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2,'24	98	99	6.20

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Cub.-Am.Sug.	6	Apr., 1918	99⅝	100¼	5.35
Curt. A. & M.	6	Serial	90	96	..
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	97	97⅝	5.90
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1,'18	96½	99⅛	5.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	90	95	7.60
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	95	98	5.85
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	July, 1920	100½	100⅝	5.85
Gen. Rubber.	5	Dec., 1918	95⅞	96¼	8.85
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	96	99	6.20
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98⅞	100	6.00
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97¼	97⅝	5.95
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	98	99	7.00
Int. Harvest.		Feb.15,'18	99⅞	100¼	4.15
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July, 1918	95	98	8.15
K. C. Ter.Ry.	4½	Nov.15,'18	97	98⅞	5.30
K. C.Ter. Ry.	4½	July 19,'21	95	98	5.00
Mich. C. R.R.	5	May, 1918	99	99⅜	6.06
Louis.G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	88	93	11.00
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	98½	101	4.10
N. Y. C. R. R.	5	Sep.15,'17	96⅞	96⅞	6.75
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	Apr.15,'18	87	88⅞	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	96½	97⅞	5.25
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	89	90⅝	..
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1,'19	90	91	..
Southern Ry.	5	Mar.2,'19	96	97	7.20
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	99⅝	100	6.00
Utah Sec. Cor.		Sep. 15,'22	87	89	8.55
Win. R. Arms.	5	May, 1918	96	97¼	..
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	97	98¼	8.75
W. S. G. & E.	8	June, 1927	97	98	6.25
Win E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15,'18	99	100	6.00

SHORT SALES CURB POTENT.

New Rule Apparently Cuts Trading to 354,000 Shares.

Governors of the Stock Exchange said yesterday that the rule passed on Wednesday requiring that the names of short sellers who covered their sales without borrowing stock be reported to the Committee on Business Conduct apparently had a marked effect on the volume of business. The turnover of approximately 354,000 shares was the smallest for any business day, except Saturdays, since Aug. 27. On Wednesday the sales aggregated 394,000 shares.

While the Governors are not willing to make public the amount of short selling which is done daily, nor the sources from which the selling comes, it was believed that the decline in business represented curtailed operations among floor traders. The resolution of Wednesday was directed particularly to the end that the transactions of members who act chiefly for their own account be recorded with their names.

ADAMS EXPRESS DIVIDEND.

Quarterly Disbursement of $1 Voted —Hocking Valley Pays 3 1-2%.

The Adams Express Company has declared a quarterly dividend of $1 from accumulated surplus, payable Dec. 1 to shareholders of record Nov. 19. This compares with the regular quarterly dividend of $1.50 declared three months ago. A statement of the company's recent earnings shows a deficit for the last seven months, and that accounts for the reduction in the dividend.

Directors of the Hocking Valley Railroad declared yesterday a dividend of 3½ per cent., an increase of 1½ per cent. over the last disbursement made six months ago.

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PROFITS FOR COPPER SHOW BIG DECREASE

Porphyry Companies Feel Effect of Negotiations Over Government Needs.

SALES GREATLY REDUCED

Utah Profits Drop $7,859,406, Chino $2,773,798, and Ray $2,992,897 in the Quarter.

The quarterly reports of the Utah, Chino, and Ray Consolidated Copper Companies yesterday showed the radical effect which negotiations over the future requirements of the United States Government and the other Allies had upon copper buying in the three months ended Sept. 30. The figures indicated that comparatively small quantities were sold during the period, as the producers were not able to accept domestic contracts until the extent of war buying had been determined. At the same time the task of setting a fixed price for copper kept the market unsettled.

The Utah Company reported net profits of $1,030,222 from sales of the metal, against $8,898,628 in the June quarter and $10,283,878 in the September quarter last year. Income from investments and miscellaneous sources added slightly more than $1,800,000 to the operating income, making the total available for dividends $2,832,225, a decline of $7,729,316 from the preceding quater and of $9,215,235 from the corresponding period in 1916. As $6,497,960 was disbursed in dividends, the quarter brought a deficit of $3,665,735, compared with a surplus of $7,175,990 a year before.

The statement issued by the company showed that earnings had been based on a price of 14.030 cents a pound, against 27.977 cents in the previous quarter. The reason for the large difference was explained as follows:

Unsold copper on hand and in transit is, according to established custom, carried in our inventory at 13½ cents a pound. This is the first quarter for over a year in which there has been any substantial increase in the quantity of copper available for delivery and unsold. This accumulation of unsold copper which is inventoried at 13½ cents a pound is responsible for the low average carrying price shown for the quarter, and, taken together with increased operating expenses, accounts for the decrease in calculated earnings. The increase of unsold copper is due to the fact that during this particular quarter negotiations between copper producers and the United States Government were in progress to determine upon future handling of copper sales, and, as a result, sales at definite prices were practically suspended, not only to the Government, but to other users. Since the end of the quarter, the price having been fixed by the Government at 23½ cents, the Government committee is daily placing contracts with various producers, and your management is advised by its sales agent that all copper due for delivery to the end of the year has been sold, and therefore the unsold copper appearing in this report is a purely temporary condition. Earnings for the fourth quarter will therefore show in addition to those arising from production of that quarter the profit from sales at 23½ cents of the unsold copper carried in this quarter at 13½ cents.

Gross production amounted to 54,999,468 pounds, against 56,845,059 pounds in the June quarter. The average cost per pound was 10.860 cents, an increase of 1.369 cents for the quarter. Increased State and Federal taxes accounted for part of the advance, although the report stated that reservation had not been made for the new war taxes.

The Chino Company's total profit was $1,044,524, a decrease of $2,773,798 from the preceding quarter and of $2,400,767 from the September quarter last year. The deficit was $1,478,417 after dividends were paid, compared with a surplus of $1,643,372 in the quarter before. Earnings were based on a price of 17.14 cents a pound, against 27.86 cents in the June period, production being 21,887,390 pounds, against 20,546,593 pounds. The higher selling price indicated that the company disposed of more of its output comparatively than did the Utah, as its unsold metal was also carried at 13½ cents a pound.

The Ray Consolidated had net profits of $687,001, against $3,679,898 in the June period and $3,299,400 in the September quarter last year. The deficit was $1,205,613, in contrast with a surplus of $2,102,719 the quarter before and of $2,116,516 a year before. The company produced 22,972,156 pounds of copper, against 23,532,119 pounds in the June quarter.

EARNINGS.

Railroad.

DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Sept. gross	$260,941	$207,149	$53,792
Net	37,968	57,662	*19,694
9 mos.' gross	2,021,647	1,727,478	294,169

Public Utilities.

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
CLEVELAND, PAINESVILLE & EASTERN RAILROAD SYSTEM—			
Sept. gross	$52,506	$43,680	$8,916
Net after tax	19,182	18,597	585
Sur. aft. chgs.	7,617	7,142	475
9 mos.' gross	409,408	351,577	57,831
Net after tax	158,871	155,651	3,220
Sur. aft. chgs.	53,725	53,099	626
LAKE SHORE ELECTRIC RY. SYSTEM—			
Sept. gross	167,622	152,529	15,093
Net aft. taxes	61,936	63,377	*1,441
Sur. aft. chgs.	26,748	27,043	*295
9 mos.' gross	1,332,785	1,207,012	125,772
Net aft. taxes	441,362	453,884	*12,522
Sur. aft. chgs.	129,835	126,578	3,257
SAN JOAQUIN LIGHT AND POWER CO.—			
Sept. gross	190,561	151,027	39,534
Net aft. taxes	107,667	92,057	15,610
Sur. aft. int. charges	56,776	49,801	6,975
9 mos.' gross	1,552,294	1,386,087	166,207
Net aft. taxes	903,472	851,221	52,251
Sur. aft. int. charges	483,534	473,188	10,346

*Decrease.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs receipts	$8,278,530	$65,835,250
Ord. internal rev.	42,413,874	228,816,240
Income tax	3,138,589	28,879,941
Miscellaneous	4,760,316	55,369,586
Total receipts	$55,591,309	$378,901,019
Excess of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	166,508,806	1,139,989,794
Excess of total disburse. over total receipts	211,508,378	318,300,650
Expenditures	223,095,116	1,518,890,813

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.05	Jacket	.04
Alta	.03	Justice	.05
Andes	.11	Mexican	.19
Best & Belcher	.02	Occidental	.60
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.18
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.04
Challenge Con.	.05	Potosi	.05
Chollar	.05	Savage	.04
Confidence	.04	Sierra Nevada	.11
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	1.27½
Con. Virginia	.10	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican Dollars	.61¾
Hale & Norcross	.03		
TONOPAH.		Great Bend	.06
Belmont	3.50	Jumbo Ext.	.15
Jim Butler	.73	Kewanas	.06
MacNamara	.21	Silver Pick	.06
Midway	.09	Spearhead	.04
Mizpah	.03	MANHATTAN.	
Monarch Pitts.	.05	Consolidated	.15
North Star	.04	Morning Glory	.14
Rescue	.10	Red Top	.08
Tonopah Ext.	1.45	Sunset	.05
West End	.64	Union Amal.	.08
West Tonopah	.12	White Caps	.81
GOLDFIELD.		OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Atlanta	.06	Nevada Hills	.06
Booth	.06	Packard	.28
Florence	.10	Rochester	.34
Goldfield Con.	.37	Round Mountain	.20
Goldfield Merger	.03	Un. Eastern	3.50

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4½	4¾	Granite	35	45
Dr. J'kpot	3¾	5	Isabella	8	8¼
Elkton	3¾	4	McKinney	8	9
El Paso	15	20	Portland	100	115
Fanny R.	3	3¾	U. Gold M.	15¾	16¼
Golden Cy.	172	175	Vindicator	37	39
Gold Sov.	2¼	3			

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Samuel Weiss was elected to membership on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday. At the same meeting of the committee Jacques Weinberger was authorized to act as a substitute for Stuart Waller. Application was made for permission for J. S. Ferguson to substitute for H. F. Benjamin.

Henry P. Bird, for six years chief clerk of Gude, Winmill & Co., has been admitted to general partnership in that firm.

At the annual meeting of stockholders of the Seaboard Air Line Railway held yesterday in Petersburg, Va., no change was made in the Board of Directors excepting the election of Pierpont V. Davis as successor to W. A. Kinsman.

WHY STOCKS ARE FALLING.

No Purchasing Power in Market, Francis H. Sisson Says.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 15.—The present depression in securities and the falling stock market are due to three factors, according to Francis H. Sisson, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, who delivered an address tonight before the Buffalo Association of Credit Men on "Guarding the Nation's Credit."

"The simple fact of the situation is that there is no purchasing power in the market to stay the downward trend," said Mr. Sisson. "That lack is caused, first, by governmental competition; second, by private needs, and third, by uncertainty as to future developments. These causes are all entirely outside the possibility of any one, or of any group, to control.

"The bankers of New York have done their utmost to stay this tide, but without great effect, for the very simple reason that neither they nor any other group can stay the operation of economic laws or alter the effects arising from causes which they cannot control. They have done all in their power to help maintain and stabilize values, and their splendid work in floating the second Liberty Loan certainly speaks for itself."

Mr. Sisson said that the value of railroad stocks had declined $1,000,000,000 in six months and that railway bonds had depreciated $1,000,000,000 in ten months.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Pe.	Pay.	Record.
Adams Express	$1	Sp.	Dec. 1	Nov. 19
Ajax Rubber	$1.50	Q.	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Calif. Packing	50c	Q.	Dec. 1	......
Calif. Packing pf.	$1.75	Q.	Dec. 15	......
Cambria Steel	1½	Q.	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Cambria Steel	1½	Ex.	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Crex Carpet	2	..	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Fed. Min. & S. pf.	1¾	Q.	Dec. 15	Nov. 25
Hock. Valley	3½	..	Dec. 31	Dec. 14
Maine Central pf.	$1.25	Q.	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Stand. Oil of N. J.	$5	Q.	Dec. 17	Nov. 19
U. S. Gypsum pf.	$1.75	Q.	Dec. 31	Dec. 10
Young. Stl. & T.	2	Q.	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Young. Stl. & T.	3	Ex.	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Young. S. & T. pf.	1¾	..	Dec. 31	Dec. 20

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	5.75	5.25
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	5.75	5.25
Canadian North.	1917-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.50	5.25
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.10	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.50	4.90
Chi., R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.50	5.10
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.10	5.40
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	6.75	5.75
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.70	5.20
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.60
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.75	5.75
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	5.50	5.00
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.60	5.00
Mo., K. & Texas	1917-'23	5	6.50	5.50
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.50	5.50
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	6.25	5.25
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.25
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.50	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	6.50	5.50
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.40	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.25	5.25
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.25	5.25
Southern Pac.	1917-'26	4½	5.50	5.00
Southern Railway	1917-'24	4½@5	6.10	5.40
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.25	5.75

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	72.00	....	73.00	....
Lead	6.37½	....	6.37½	....
Spelter	8.00	8.25	8.00	8.25
Antimony	13.50	13.75	13.50	13.75
Quicksilver	$100.00	....	$100.00	....
Aluminium	*36.00	38.00	*36.00	38.00
Iron, No. 2X fdy.	....	33.50	....	33.50

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c per pound bid.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	277	0	0	278	0	0
Tin, futures	276	0	0	277	10	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Amer Oil	18	20	Iron Blos.	40	50
Bay S Gas	6	9	Jerome V.	80	90
Begole	50	75	La Rose	30	40
Bohemia	80	90	Majestic	27	30
Bingham	9⅝	9¾	Mex Met.	26	28
Boston Ely	45	55	Mojave T.	24	27
Bost & M.	50	51	New Baltic	75	1¼
Butte & L.	11	13	Nev Doug.	1⅛	1⅛
Butte & D.	25	37	N Utah B.	..	50
Bost Ariz.	1	2	Nixon	70	72
Calaveras	2	3½	N Cornelia	14	14½
Con Cop.	7	7¾	Nat Z & L	25	27
Crown Res	20	30	Ohio Cop.	70	80
Con Ariz.	1⅛	1⅛	Oneco	25	35
Cortez	10	20	Onondaga	15	35
Champ Cop	5	6	Pioneer	1½	1⅞
Chief Con.	2	2⅛	Ray Herc.	3	3¼
Eagle & B	2	2⅛	Rilla	..	2
Earl-Eagle	12	13	S W Miami, full paid	75	1⅛
Fortuna	5	7			
Gold Lake	2	4	S W Miami, part paid	75	1
Gila Cop S	16⅞	17⅝	U Verde Ex	31½	32½
Houghton	50	1	Victoria	1⅜	1¾
Homa Oil	90	95	Yuk'n Gold	1¾	2
Humboldt	60	75			
Iron Cap.	13½	14½			

NEW COTTON RECORD

Prices Reach Highest Point for Season in Day of Active Trading.

The local cotton market yesterday continued the process of adjusting itself to the conditions so unexpectedly revealed by the huge consumption report of Wednesday, and in a day of very active trading prices went steadily forward, once more making new high records for the season in all the active months. It was evident that the huge domestic consumption had discounted the fears of diminished foreign buying due to the lack of freight space, and the market was much broader than has recently been the case. The short interest has been apparently pretty thoroughly squeezed out in the last two days, and realizing at the close brought a little irregularity, the net advance for the day ranging from 18 to 41 points.

The report on vessels sunk by submarines for the last week encouraged a more hopeful view of export possibilities, which doubtless contributed to the advance. It seemed, also, that overnight consideration of the Census figures on domestic mill consumption had strengthened the bullish view of this country's requirements, and the buying was encouraged by the continued bullish averages of Southern spot advices. Uncertainty as to the showing of the Census ginning report next week doubtless promoted a tendency to take profits on the advances, particularly after a rumor reached the ring that preliminary returns to the National Ginners' Association indicated a ginning of 1,390,000 bales for the last period. On the whole, however, local brokers said that offerings were very readily absorbed, and that the market made a very steady showing considering the extent of recent advances. After opening 1 to 15 points higher, active months soon sold 20 to 49 points above Wednesday's closing figures. Reactions of 20 to 30 points followed, but the market developed renewed firmness during the afternoon, with near months making new high ground, while later deliveries fully recovered their losses. The close was a few points off from the best under realizing.

The rumored ginning of 1,390,000 bales between Nov. 1 and 14 was at first compared with last year's returns of 991,000 bales for the same period. Later the disposition was to compare with returns for 1915, when 1,392,000 bales were ginned for that period, with the total on Nov. 14 representing 79.2 per cent. of the season's outturn. Exports for the day were 11,547 bales, making 1,425,772 so far this season, according to the figures of the New York Cotton Exchange. Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged to 25 points higher, the feature being the large business reported at Houston. The price there was unchanged at 28c for middling, with sales reported of 11,754 bales.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Wednes.
Nov.	....	....	....	28.50@28.90	28.82
Dec.	28.30	28.48	28.20	28.40@28.42	28.22
Jan.	27.50	27.80	27.50	27.68@27.73	27.47
Feb.	....	....	....	27.51@....	27.26
Mar.	27.24	27.56	27.22	27.46@27.48	27.21
April	....	....	....	27.30@....	27.05
May	27.05	27.42	27.04	27.32@27.36	27.01
June	....	....	....	27.13@....	26.77
July	26.79	27.21	26.79	27.08@27.10	26.72
Aug.	26.52	26.52	26.52	26.78@....	20.37

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 25 points higher at 29.95 for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 28.25; New Orleans, 28; Savannah, 28¾; Norfolk, 28.50; Augusta, 28.50; Memphis, 29; Houston, 28; Little Rock, 28.25.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Thursday.	Last Wk.	Last Y'r.
Port receipts	25,144	21,380	41,117
Exports	11,547	8,169	15,031
Season's exports	1,425,772	1,368,073	2,105,250
Port stocks	1,181,584	1,070,765	1,433,184
Interior receipts	39,637	47,540	35,809
Int. shipments	34,788	40,929	32,648
N. Y. arrivals	11,647	2,051	6,526
N. Y. stocks	126,909	121,566	110,549

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quieter; sales, 3,000; American, 2,000; imports, 39,000; American, 38,000. Prices 10 points higher at 21.50d for good middling new contract and 22.05 for middling old contract. Market opened steady, at 27 to 33 points higher. Closed steady at 25 to 26 points net advance for new contracts.

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand, increased	1,688,000
Silver in hand, decreased	1,793,000
Notes in circulation, increased	113,516,000
Treasury deposits, decreased	2,232,000
General deposits, decreased	93,886,000
Bills discounted, increased	4,222,000
Advances, decreased	6,863,000

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

Domestic receipts of wheat were again smaller, but the fact that Northwestern mills are running at record capacity shows that they are getting all the wheat they need and less is heard regarding dissatisfaction over the distribution. Crop advices from Argentina, India, and Australia were very favorable. The official French report, however, indicated a yield of only 144,000,000 bushels, compared with 208,000,000 last year and a normal yield of 320,000,000. A sharp advance occurred in the Buenos Aires market owing to reports of crop damage in Argentina by recent frost.

RYE.—Market barely steady; No. 2 Western, $1.87½, cost and freight, New York.

CORN.

The attitude of the Food Administration in regard to speculation and high prices continues to be a barrier to bullish operations in corn. Traders are inclined to be very cautious on the buying side, regardless of what they think in regard to the merits of the supply and demand situation, and prices yesterday were easy, closing net unchanged to ½c lower. In the local cash market prices were still very irregular; new yellow being quoted at $1.65 to $2 and No. 3 mixed at $1.53¾, cost and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.19⅞	1.18⅝	1.19¼	1.19¾	95¾
January	1.17⅜	1.15⅝	1.16½	1.16½	97½
May	1.15¾	1.14¼	1.15½	1.15¼	97¼

OATS.

The market for oats was slightly easier in sympathy with corn and owing to light country offers and smaller receipts. Export sales were placed at about 300,000 bushels, but it was said that exporters were showing more hesitation about making purchases owing to the recent advance in prices. The local cash market was firm. Standard quoted at 72@72½c; No. 2 white, 72¾c; No. 3 white, 71½@72c; No. 4 white, 71@71½c; fancy clipped white, 73@74c; ordinary clipped white, 72½@73c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	64½	63¾	64⅜	63½	57⅞
May	64⅝	63⅜	64⅝	63¾	61⅞

PROVISIONS.

The provision list was again irregular, but after showing some early decline on a lower opening in the hog market, prices rallied and closed about steady. Packing interests were credited with buying, and offers were light. Reports that the Food Administration will recommend stabilizing the hog market at 16c minimum, and that there is little chance of lower prices on account of a scarcity of hogs, had a tendency to sustain values. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 30,000 head; estimated for Friday, 25,000 head; Kansas City received 5,000 head and Omaha 5,600 head.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
November	27.95	27.87	27.95	27.40	..
January	24.75	24.52	24.65	24.65	16.32
Ribs—					
January	24.42	24.20	24.27	24.30	14.45
May	23.97	23.85	23.87	23.95	14.57
Pork—					
January	45.75	45.40	45.60	45.56	27.35

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was extremely dull, total sales amounting to only 700 barrels. There was a little early selling for Western account, but interest in the market was very limited, and as a result final prices were practically unchanged from those of Wednesday. Crude oil was about steady, with some bids reported on the basis of $1.25. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	18.60	18.50
November	19.00	19.00	18.75@19.25	18.75
December	..	..	18.60@18.69	18.40
January	18.25	18.25	18.25@18.34	18.25
February	..	..	18.15	18.15
March	18.35	18.35	18.28@18.44	18.30
April	..	..	19.00	..
May	..	..	19.00	..

COFFEE.

A cable received from Brazil by the New York Coffee Exchange yesterday said that reports on clearances and shipments had been officially suppressed, presumably for the duration of the war. The daily reports on stocks will be based on receipts and shipments, and will consequently afford a basis for probably accurate estimate of the clearances, but the trade here will naturally be left without foundation as to the proposed destination of the coffee. This news may have had a somewhat unsettling effect on sentiment around the ring, while the trade still seems to be more or less confused over the question of ocean freights, and after an early decline prices rallied on covering. The close was net 1 point higher to 2 points lower. The local spot market was quiet and unchanged at 7¾c for Rio 7s and 9½c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.90@6.93	6.91
December	6.98	6.93	6.98@7.00	6.99
January	..	..	7.07@7.08	7.07
February	..	..	7.16@7.17	7.15
March	7.28	7.20	7.25@7.26	7.24
April	..	..	7.32@7.33	7.32
May	7.40	7.36	7.40@7.41	7.42
June	..	..	7.49@7.50	7.50
July	7.80	7.55	7.58@7.60	7.59
August	..	..	7.66@7.67	7.67
September	7.78	7.70	7.74@7.75	7.76

SUGAR.

The local market for raw sugar was steady and unchanged at 5⅛c for Cubas, cost and freight, equal to 6.90c for centrifugal, and 6.02c for molasses. There were no sales reported, although it was rumored that there might have been some more Cubas sold to the committee at the prevailing price of 5⅛c, cost and freight. Yesterday's business totaled about 5,000 tons of various grades to the committee, which will be allotted to the various refiners.

In refined prices remained unchanged at 8.35c for fine granulated, with only two refiners in the market at all, and these taking only limited orders. The Refiners' Committee was still busy allotting the recently acquired sugars.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 5,690 packages. Continued shortage of fine and fancy fresh creamery and prices for these grades were further advanced with a firm feeling at the close. Medium and prime grades still in considerable accumulation and pressed for sale at irregular prices. Renovated neglected. Ladles still very dull and easy and packing stock is hard to sell. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 45½@46c; extras, (92 score,) 45c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 42@44½c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 40@41½c; thirds, 38@39c; Creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 46½@47c; extras, 45¼@46c; firsts, 43@45c; seconds, 41@42½c; Creamery, held, higher scoring than extras, 43@43½c; extras, 42@42½c; firsts, 40¼@41¾c; seconds, 39½@40½c; thirds, 38@39c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 43@44c; good to prime, 40½@42½c; common to fair, 35@40c; Renovated, extras, 41c; firsts, 39½@40c; lower grades, [illegible]c; Ladles, current make, firsts, 33½@34½c; seconds, 33c; lower grades, 22@32½c; Packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33@33½c; No. 2, 32@32½c; lower grades, 30@31½c.

EGGS.—Receipts, 6,435 cases, not including 500 cases in transit for export. The scarcity of new laid qualities continues, and any lots of fresh gathered stock showing a good to large proportion of such are commanding extreme prices. The offerings are still of very irregular quality and widely ranging value, according to the proportions of the different qualities contained. Storage eggs are lower, unsettled, and irregular, with values not clearly defined. Some holders are refusing to sell at the reduction quoted, others are pushing goods on the market, and the demand is comparatively light. Nearby eggs continue scarce. Fancy qualities rule firm, but very few such are fine enough to reach our top quotations. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 54@55c; extra firsts, 52@53c; firsts, 48@51c; seconds, 42@46c; thirds and poorer, 36@40c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 34@35c; No. 2 and poorer, 28@33c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 32@33c; undergrades, 25@31c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34¼@35c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 32@34c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 31½@32½c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 28@31c; refrigerator, nearby whites, 40@44c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 75@80c; ordinary to good, 60@72c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 58@75c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets, 52@60c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 52@65c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 55@61c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 46@55c.

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"Eyes Front"

The Second Liberty Loan has been a great success. In looking back on the strenuous campaign which was waged to accomplish this unprecedented piece of work it is difficult to recall just how despondent we all were at one stage of the fight.

Success itself is a great stimulus and the wonderful results, surpassing as they did the maximum predictions and expectations, are enough to banish the blues. A feeling of confidence has supplanted that of despondency. But the successful conclusion of the campaign has a deeper significance of optimism than that which causes the natural exhilaration of the moment.

The first loan represented somewhat more than the total amount of free investment capital. The bonds were taken by those who had the money in hand or who could sell securities to raise the amount of their subscription. The result was liquidation of some proportions.

But we are learning by experience. We reasoned that if the raising of $2,000,000,000 had caused liquidation the raising of $4,000,000,000 would cause twice as much liquidation. We knew if that were so, we could never finance the war. But we felt that we could and would finance it. The campaign for the Second Loan has been one of education, and one thing we have been taught is that if we cannot borrow outside of our national boundaries we can at least borrow within them. We have learned that our sound cash position is more than just that—it is the basis for a large amount of credit, which will have no limit save what we wish to make it.

Realizing to what an extent this expansion of credit may be carried, we can look forward to the loans which are to come with a confidence we could not feel before.

Having met this obstacle and believing as we do that there is nothing more to raising loans than "going the limit," we can and will turn our attention to other matters. Our eyes will be open to things which have not been seen because we have been looking in the other direction.

We shall see in the first place that the full measure of financial support of our Government will include the backing with our money of those industries on which the Government must depend for its supplies—transportation, farming, mining and manufacture.

We shall see that while our security markets were undergoing heavy liquidation, our industries were, as a class, in an unusually sound condition.

We shall realize that the industry of the country has not as yet begun to feel the effects of the money which is being spent and which will be spent to stimulate a production which will exceed anything we have ever known.

We shall realize that our individual experience in the matter of saving and our surprise at the amount we find it possible to save is shared by an ever widening circle; and in the contemplation of what the lesson of Thrift will mean for us as a nation, we find ourselves lost in the realms of imagination.

The knowledge of a big task well done—the sense of team work—of co-operation between government and business—the realization of the extent and value of our resources—these and the lesson of Thrift will give us the will, the heart, and the self-confidence with which to work miracles.

Let us then resume our normal tasks with the determination to keep our eyes to the front—to work cheerfully, to save splendidly, to the end that our country's undertaking may be carried out efficiently, expeditiously and successfully.

William Morris Imbrie & Company

61 Broadway
October 30, 1917

This letter is published in response to requests for greater publicity from a number of persons who receive our monthly bulletin, "The Condition of the Country," for which it was originally written.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

E. C. BENEDICT & CO.
Certificate to Continue Use of Partnership Name of E. C. Benedict & Co.

Whereas, The partnership heretofore existing between Elias C. Benedict, Martin J. Quinn, and Harry E. Robinson, under the firm name of E. C. Benedict & Co., has been dissolved and terminated prior to the date hereof; and,

Whereas, The said co-partnership has transacted business in this State for more than three years under the said firm name; and,

Whereas, The business of said co-partnership has been and is to be continued and carried on by the subscribers, who are desirous of continuing the use of the firm name of E. C. Benedict & Co.,

Now, therefore, we, Martin J. Quinn, residing at Greenwich, Connecticut, and Harry E. Robinson, residing at Setauket, Suffolk County, New York, do hereby certify that, pursuant to the provisions of the partnership law, we are the only persons dealing or intending to deal under said firm name of E. C. Benedict & Co., and that the principal place of business of said E. C. Benedict & Co. is located at No. 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

Dated, October 31, 1917.
MARTIN J. QUINN.
HARRY E. ROBINSON.

State of New York, County of New York, ss:
On this 31st day of October, 1917, before me personally came MARTIN J. QUINN and HARRY E. ROBINSON, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing certificate, and they severally duly acknowledged that they executed the same.
[Seal] GUSTAVUS MAYER,
Notary Public, New York County, No. 47, Reg. No. 9051. My commission expires March 30, 1919.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE limited partnership lately subsisting between J. WILLET HALL and CHARLES E. CURTIS, doing business in the City of New York under the firm name of J. WILLET HALL & COMPANY, expired by limitation on the 16th day of November, 1917. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said J. Willet Hall, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment at his office, 30 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
J. WILLET HALL,
CHARLES E. CURTIS.
Dated, New York, November 16th, 1917.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership lately existing between SOL WOLFF and DAVID GOODSTEIN, under the firm name and style of WOLFF & GOODSTEIN, at Number 743 Broadway, New York City, was dissolved on the 15th day of November, 1917, by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to David Goodstein and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.
Dated New York, November 15, 1917.
SOLOMON WOLFF, L. S.
DAVID GOODSTEIN, L. S.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Pursuant to Section 66 of the General Corporations Law a Special Meeting of the stockholders of G. ROBISON & SON, INC., will be held on the 30th day of November, 1917, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon, at its office at No. 20 West 22nd Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to change its name from the present name of G. ROBISON & SON, INC., to the name of LOUIS ROBISON & BRO., INC., which it proposes to assume.
New York, November 12th, 1917.
LOUIS ROBISON, President.
SEINE ROBISON, Secretary.

TO HOLDERS OF THE METROPOLITAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Bankers Trust Company, successor by merger to The Mercantile Trust Company, Trustee under a certain mortgage dated May 24, 1888, and an agreement supplemental thereto, dated November 1, 1888, both executed by the Metropolitan Telephone and Telegraph Company, the obligations of which have been assumed by the New York Telephone Company, hereby invites proposals up to 12 o'clock noon on December 27, 1917, for the sale to it on January 2, 1918, of bonds secured by said mortgage, at a price satisfactory to said New York Telephone Company, at a rate not exceeding par and ten per centum premium, to such an amount as shall not exceed the sum of $12,870.12.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
Successor Trustee.
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.
New York, November 1, 1917.

SUGAR FACTORIES CONSTRUCTION & EQUIPMENT CORPORATION.

A Special Meeting of the stockholders will be held at the office of H. C. Lakin, No. 49 Wall Street, New York City, on Friday, November 30th, 1917, at 11 A. M., for the purpose of taking action upon a proposition to dissolve Sugar Factories Construction and Equipment Corporation forthwith in the manner prescribed by Section 221 of the General Corporation Law of the State of New York.
Dated, New York, October 30th, 1917.
H. C. FOX, Secretary.

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
R. G. CRAWFORD, President.
Dated November [illegible], 1917.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

10 Aluminum Co. of America
100 American Coal Co.
30 Agricultural Insurance
5M Atlantic Mutual Ins. Scrip
10 American Bank Note Pfd.
200 Brooklyn City R. R.
100 Consol. Coal Co. (St. Louis)
5M Comp. Tab. Recording 6s
50 Central Aguirre Sugar
100 Carbon Steel Com. & Pfd.
40 Celluloid Co.
40 Eastern Steel
25 E. W. Bliss Com.
30 Freeport & Tampico Fuel Oil
30 Fidelity-Phenix Insurance
50 Guantanamo Sugar
25 German American Insurance
5 Globe & Rutgers Insurance
100 Hocking Valley Railroad
25 H. W. Johns-Manville Pfd.
50 Hopkins & Allen Arms C. & P.
25 Ingersoll-Rand Com. & Pfd.
100 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
5M New York Shipbuilding 5s
50 Norwegian American S. S.
100 National Sugar
200 National Fuel Gas "Rights"
25 Niles-Bement-Pond
10M Ohio River Bridge & Ferry 6s
100 Pacific Coast Com.
100 Pabst Brewing Pfd.
100 Pocahontas Fuel Com.
50 Remington Type. C. 1st P. & 2d P.
100 Shelby Iron
50 Silver Burdett Pfd.
50 Splitdorf Electric Pfd.
100 Santa Cecelia Sugar Com. & Pfd.
50 Texas & Pacific Coal
25 Thompson-Starrett Com.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

100 American Meter
25 Aluminum Co. of America
50 Ansco Co.
500 American Nitro & Chemical
100 Cincinnati Gas Transportation
50 Celluloid Co.
100 Carbon Steel Com. & Pfd.
$2500 Computing Tab. Recording 6s
100 Central Aguirre Sugar
50 Del., Lack. & Western Coal
50 Eastern Steel
115 E. W. Bliss Com.
100 Farmers Loan & Trust Stock
100 Fajardo Sugar
100 Great Northern Paper
50 Guantanamo Sugar
50 Goodyear Tire & Rubber Pfd.
100 Hale & Kilburn Pfd.
30 Home Insurance
50 Horn & Hardhart Com. & Pfd.
50 Hopkins & Allen Arms C. & P.
25 Jos. Dixon Crucible
100 Mamoth Carbon Paint Co.
25 National City Bank Stock
100 National Fuel Gas "Rights"
50 National Fuel Gas Stock
100 National Sugar
25 New Jersey Zinc
100 National Aniline & Chem. Co., Inc.
50 Pocahontas Fuel Com.
100 Penn Coal & Coke
25 Royal Baking Powder Pfd.
100 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.
50 Santa Cecelia Sugar Com. & Pfd.
100 Splitdorf Electric Pfd.
50 Thompson Starrett Pfd.
100 Weyman & Bruton Com.
200 Wheeling & Lake Erie Prior Lien
200 Westchester Insurance "Rights"

J.K.Rice,Jr.&Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

BUY—SELL
MIDWEST REFINING CO.
MERRITT OIL CORPORATION
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
LOBITOS OILFIELDS, LTD.
SAPULPA REFINING CO.
HOUSTON OIL CO.
PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM
NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO.
NORTHWEST OIL CO.
COSDEN AND CO.
BONDS & STOCK

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

National Fuel Gas Co.
"Rights"
Bought and Sold
Clinton Gilbert
2 WALL ST. Tel. Rector 4848.

Pennsylvania Gasoline
Bought—Sold—Quoted
E. BUNGE & CO.
44 Broad Street New York
Phones Broad 6951-2-3-4-5-6.

Amer. Graphophone
Carbon Steel
Cent. Aguirre Sugar
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

Royal Baking Powder
COMMON STOCK
Poole Engineering
Keyes, Haviland & Co.
Tel. Rector 7961 66 Broadway

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Common Stock
Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
Equitable Building. Phone 5354 Rector.

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Elec. Bond & Share Pfd.
Ga. Ry. & Power Com. & Pfd.
Adirondack Elec. Power Com. & Pfd.
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STANDARD OIL ELECTS W. C. TEAGLE PRESIDENT

A. C. Bedford Made Chairman of the Board—Successor Not Yet 40 Years Old.

The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, the largest oil company in the United States, yesterday acquired a new President, who has not yet reached his fortieth birthday, in Walter Clark Teagle. Mr. Teagle was chosen by the Board of Directors to succeed A. C. Bedford, who was elected Chairman of the board. Mr. Teagle also succeeds H. M. Tilford as Director, the latter having resigned. The change, it is understood, was necessitated by the pressure on Mr. Bedford of his duties as Chairman of the Petroleum Committee of the Council of National Defense, which compel him to spend most of his time in Washington for the present.

The new arrangement will be analogous to that of the United States Steel Corporation, Mr. Bedford, like Judge Gary, as Chairman of the board, being the executive head of the company and in general charge, while Mr. Teagle, as President, like Mr. Farrell, will remove much of the burden of detail from the Chairman's shoulders and have direct charge of operations. Mr. Bedford will thus be enabled to devote his energies to the work with the Council of National Defense.

Mr. Teagle was born May 1, 1878, in Cleveland. His father was a member of the oil firm of Scofield, Schurmer & Teagle, his mother was a daughter of Morris B. Clark, the first partner of John D. Rockefeller, and he himself has been in the oil business virtually all his life, most of his career with the Standard.

Mr. Teagle was graduated from Cornell with the degree of bachelor of science. After leaving college he received his business training with the oil firm of Scofield, Schurmer & Teagle, gaining a thorough knowledge of the various details of the business, and in 1900, when this firm, with others, was merged into the Republic Oil Company, he was elected Vice President of that company.

After remaining the active manager of the Republic company for about three years, Mr. Teagle accepted a position in the Standard Oil Company's export department in New York and was placed in charge of the marketing of the Standard's products in certain foreign countries and in the carrying out of this work the greater part of his time was spent abroad. Eventually he became the head of the Standard's export department. In 1910, Mr. Teagle was elected a Director of the company and later became one of its Vice Presidents, resigning this office in 1913 to accept the Presidency of the Imperial Oil Company, Limited. He has also been President of the International Petroleum Company since its formation in 1915.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, coupon, 1930	97	98	4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105
3s, registered, 1918	99	100	2s, coupon, '36, reg.	96	98
3s, coupon, 1918	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	98
3s, registered, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg.	84	88
3s, coupon, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	88
3s, conversion, 1947	85	90	2s, registered, 1930	97	98
4s, registered, 1925	104¾	105¾			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed'day Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed'day Bid.
4½s July, 1967	98⅞	99½	99	4s May, 1919	98¼	99½	98¾
4½s June, 1965	98⅞	99½	99	4s Nov., 1918	99½	..	99½
4½s Mar., 1963	98⅞	99½	99	3½s Nov., 1954	80	..	81
4½s Nov., 1957	98⅞	99½	99	3½s May, 1954	80	..	81
4½s May, 1957	98⅞	99½	99	3½s Nov., 1955	80¼	..	81½
4½s Nov., 1917	97⅞	..	97⅞	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4¼s April, 1966	92	94½	93	4½s 1918-1923	4.65	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	92	94½	93	4½s 1924-1931	4.65	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1964	92	94½	93	4¼s 1921-1923	4.65	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1962	92	94½	93	4¼s April, 1920	4.75	..	4.65
4¼s Sept., 1960	92	94½	93	4¼s 1918-1919	5.00	..	4.75
4s May, 1959	89	92	90	3½s 1940-1953	4.70	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1958	89	92	90	3½s 1930-1939	4.70	4.40	4.60
4s May, 1957	89	92	90	3½s 1922-1929	4.70	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1956	89½	..	90¼	3½s 1919-1921	4.70	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1955	89½	..	90¼				
4s Nov., 1936	91	..	92				

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
25	Am. Light & Traction	190	184	183	188
250	Pacific Gas & Electric	35½	34½	34½	35

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	15	17	Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	64	68	Miss. River Power	6	8
Am. Gas & Electric	85	90	Miss. River Power pf.	34	38
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	40	43	Northern Ohio Electric	27	32
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	92	94	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	68	72
Am. Power & Light	35	40	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Am. Power & Light pf.	..	75	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf.	52	56
Am. Public Utilities	30	35	Northern States Power	55	56
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	62	66	Northern States P. pf.	85	89
Am. Water W. & Elec.	4	5	Northern Texas Electric	50	54
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	10	14	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	..	75
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf	60	65	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Carolina Power & Light	30	31	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	79½	80½
Carolina P. & L. pf.	90	94	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf.	96	98
Cities Service	189	191	Pub. Serv. Secur. pr.	73½	75½
Cities Service pf.	72	72¼	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	13	18
Colorado Power	20	23	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf	50	53
Colorado Power pf.	95	98	Railway & Lt. Sec. pf.	87	92
Columbus Electric pf.	78	83	Republic Ry. & Light	18	21
Commonwealth P. & L.	35	37	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	54	58
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	63	65	Sierra Pac. El. pf.	62½	67½
Conn. Power pf.	85	90	Southern Cal. Edison	80	83
Consumers' Power pf.	89	92	South. Cal. Edison pf.	93	96
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	80	83	Standard Gas & Elec.	4	6
Duluth Edison	75	80	Std. Gas & Elec. pf.	23	25
Eastern Texas Electric	50	55	Tampa Electric	100	105
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	80	84	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow.	2	3
El Paso Electric	100	104	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	10	12
El Paso Electric pf.	90	94	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Electric B. & S. pf.	93	96	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf.	86	88
Electric Properties	52	58	United Gas Improve.	80	89½
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	84	89	United Light & Rys.	26	30
Federal Light & Trac.	9		United Light & Rys. pf.	59	61
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf.	..	38	Wash. I. W. L. & P. pf.	81½	84
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	..	69	West. P. Ter. & W. P.	10	15
Gas & Elec. Securities	280	300	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	50	65
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf.	93	98	West. Penn. P. pf.	95	100
Idaho Power 7% pf.	98	100	Western Power	7	10
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98	Western Power pf.	40	45
Interstate Electric	34	42	Wisconsin Edison	35	40
Interstate Electric pf.	90	95	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	100

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97½	98¼	Middle West U. 6s, '25	95	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	69	71	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99¼	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	72	80	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	69
Carolina P. & L. 5s	89	92	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	82	88
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	95	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	78	83½
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	93	97½	Nor. States P. 6s, 1926	92	94
			Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	87	87½
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	70	75	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	96½	100	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100¼	102
			Omaha & C. B. 5s	89	93
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963	90	95	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '34	95	100
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	90	98	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96	97
			Stand. G. of N. J. 5s, '45	94	96
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39	88	92
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	91½	94	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	88	92
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	90	93			
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	95	100	U. S. R., R. & M. 6s, '25	111	113
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	85	90	Union L. & R. 1st 5s, '32	80	87
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	87	93	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26	94	99
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	United Util. cv. 6s, '43	93	98
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	77	82	Utah Securities 6s	86	87
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	90	98	Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	94½	98
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	97	100	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44	93	96	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	90	West P. P. 1st 5s, '46	89	92
L., G. & E. Co. 1st 5s '41	85	90	Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	90	95
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99			

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

The volume of trading on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was little more than half the total transactions of Wednesday. The lack of definite advices as to Russia and other critical features of the international situation combined to reduce trading and to narrow the market. Very much of the business was professional and, except in the last hour, when strength appeared and prices moved upward in an orderly fashion, the market did little more than seesaw.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
570	Am. Can.	35	31½	32¾	30	Nev. Cons.	16½	16	16
60	Am. C. & F.	61⅞	60⅝	60⅝	100	N. Y. Cent.	67⅝	67¼	67¼
10	Am. Linseed	24¾	24¼	24¼	50	N. Y., N. H. & H.	25⅝	25	25¼
50	Am. Loco.	49¾	49	49	90	Pennsylvania	47⅞	47⅝	47⅝
360	Am. S. & R.	71⅞	70⅞	71½	30	Ray Copper	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝
1,540	Anac. Cop.	55⅞	54⅞	55	620	Reading	68	66⅝	67¼
100	Bald. Loco.	54⅜	53⅝	53½	40	Rep. I. & S.	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛
10	Balt. & Ohio	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞	40	Saxon Motor	5	4⅞	4⅞
1,570	Beth. St'l B.	78⅞	76⅞	77⅝	60	So. Pacific	81½	81½	81½
40	B'klyn R. T.	42⅝	41	42½	130	Studebaker	38⅛	37⅜	37⅜
20	Cal. Petrol.	11	11	11	50	Tob. Prod.	43⅛	43⅛	43⅝
90	Can. Pacific	133¼	131¼	131¼	440	Union Pac.	112⅝	111⅛	112⅜
140	Cent. Leather	61⅞	60⅞	61¼	990	U. S. Ind. A.	100⅜	98⅛	100⅛
160	C., M. & St. P.	37	35⅞	37	250	U. S. Rubber	48⅜	48⅜	48½
50	C., R. I. & P.	18⅛	18	18⅛	33,000	U. S. Steel	91⅝	89⅝	91⅛
50	Chino Copper	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	1,540	Utah Copper	74⅞	72	73⅞
200	Corn Prod.	25⅛	24⅞	25	50	Westing. El.	36⅞	36¼	36¼
420	Crucible St'l	53	51⅞	53	100	Willys-Over.	17¼	17¼	17¼
170	CubaCaneSu.	26⅛	25⅞	25⅞		BONDS.			
90	Dist. Secur.	32½	32	32½	$3,550	Liberty 3½s	99.84	98.70	98.70
200	Erie	14¼	14	14¼	2,550	Do 4s	99.40	99.38	99.40
440	Gen. Motors	83¼	81⅝	83	5,000	Int.-Met. 4½s	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜
10	Goodrich Co.	32½	32½	32½		MINING STOCKS.			
70	Inspir. Cop.	41	40	41	1,000	Atlanta	.09	.09	.09
260	Int. Mer. M.	25¼	23⅝	25¼	150	Daly Min.	1.00	1.00	1.00
3,880	Do pf.	93⅜	89⅝	91⅞	1,500	McNamara	.20½	.20	.20½
40	Int. Nickel	25⅜	25⅛	25¼	400	Mexican	.22	.22	.22
80	Kenne. Cop.	30½	30	30	250	Portland	1.07½	1.07½	1.07½
210	Lehigh Val.	51	51	51	1,600	Res. Eula.	.12	.11	.12
260	Mex. Petrol.	74½	73⅝	74⅜	500	Rochester	.36	.36	.88
120	Midvale Steel	42½	41⅝	42¼					
140	Mo. Pacific	21½	21	21⅝					

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
3,000	‡AetnaExplo.	6¼	6	6¼	2,700	‡MaximMuni.	¾	⅝	¾
100	‡Air Reduc.	65	65	65	400	‡Pocahontas-Logan Coal	3½	3½	3½
100	Am.-Br. Mfg.	4	4	4	580	‡Pruden. Pict.	7¼	7	7¼
200	‡Car Lt. & P.	2¼	2¼	2¼	1,100	SmithMot.Tr.	¾	¾	¾
100	Carwen Steel	9	9	9	800	‡Std. Motors	8	7½	7¾
310	‡Cities Serv. Corp., old	190	187	190	3,000	Submar. Boat v. t. ctfs.	12½	11½	11½
800	‡CitiesSer.pf.	73½	72½	72¼	1,600	Triangle Film v. t. ctfs.	[illegible]	⅛	[illegible]
100	E. Heaney	20½	20½	20½	1,000	‡U. S. SS. Co.	3½	3⅝	3½
100	Int'cont. Rub.	8	8	8	700	‡Unit. Motors	15½	15	15
1,200	‡Int. LubeCh.	3	2⅞	3	1,100	World Film v. t. ctfs.	⅝	⅝	⅝
100	‡Int. Trad. pf.	65	65	65	4,000	‡Wr.-M. Air.	7⅞	7½	7⅞
400	‡S. S. Kresge	65	63	63					
40	‡ Do pf.	94	94	94					
150	Lake Tor. Bt.	4	3⅞	3⅞					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	Ang.-Am. Oil	16¼	16¼	16¼	3	Prairie P. L.	227	227	227
100	Do rights	2½	2½	2½	30	St. O. of N. Y.	236	234	236
8	BuckeyeP.L.	85	85	85					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	‡Barn.O.& G.	1½	1¼	1⅜	2,000	‡‡Midw. Oil	108	106	108
300	‡Beth.O.& G.	10½	10	10	300	‡ Do pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
400	‡Cosden Oil	7⅝	7¼	7¼	500	‡Midw. Ref.	109	105	107
2,000	Cumb.P.& R.	1¼	1⅛	[illegible]	3,000	‡‡N. W. Oil	72	69	70
500	‡Elk B. Pet.	7	6½	6⅝	8,000	‡‡Okla. Oil	5⅜	5	5½
2,500	‡Elk.O.& G. (a pros.)	[illegible]	½	[illegible]	1,000	‡‡ Do pf.	18	17	18
2,100	‡Esmer. Oil	½	½	½	2,500	Okla.P.& R.	6⅝	6¼	6⅝
1,600	‡Federal Oil	2⅝	2⅝	2¾	3,500	‡Omar O.&G.	30	28	30
300	‡Glenrock Oil	14¾	14⅝	14⅝	1,500	Osage-H. O.	6⅛	6¼	6⅝
6,100	‡Han.O.& R.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	600	‡Pa.-Ky. Oil	5⅝	5⅜	5½
100	‡Houston Oil	19½	19½	19½	1,800	‡Pa.-O.O.&G.	12½	12⅛	12¼
500	‡Hum.G.C.O. & R.	4¼	4¼	4¼	10,000	‡Rice Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,800	‡Inter. Pet.	11	10	10	700	‡Sap.O.& R.	8⅝	8⅝	8½
200	‡Isl.O.& Tr.	10	10	10	3,900	‡Seq.O.& R.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
8,900	Kenova Oil (a pros.)	[illegible]	⅛	[illegible]	2,500	‡Somer. Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
850	‡Lost C. Oil	[illegible]	⅛	[illegible]	4,500	‡TuxpamStar	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,000	‡Merritt Oil	22½	21½	22	8,000	‡Un. West. Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,500	Met. Petrol.	⅞	[illegible]	[illegible]	200	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	3¼	3	3
					500	‡W.U.O., new	4⅝	4¼	4½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
3,700	Acme Cop.H.	1⅝	1⅜	1⅝	4,800	‡Jer.-P. Cop.	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
600	Al.-Br. C.M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	300	‡‡Jim Butler	76	75	75
2,500	‡‡Atlanta	9½	9	9	500	‡‡Jumbo Ext.	16	16	16
1,500	Big L. Cop.	1½	1⅜	1½	500	‡‡Kewanas	7	7	7
3,300	‡Bos.& Mon.	52	50	52	1,800	‡Kirk. P. G. M., Ltd.	50	50	50
1,700	‡Brad. C. M.	1⅝	1½	1⅝	210	Magma Cop.	35½	35½	35½
1,000	Butte Cop. & Z., v.t. cfs.	6⅝	6⅝	6	2,500	‡Mareh Min.	8½	8	8½
4,000	Butte Det.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	250	Mason Val.	4¼	4	4½
500	‡B.-Ram. Cop. (a pros.)	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	1,000	‡Monst. Chief	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
					6,000	‡‡Moth. Lode	28	26½	28
300	‡Calav. Cop.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	10,000	‡‡Nat. Leas.	8	8	8
8,700	‡‡Caledonia	45	42	43	10,000	‡‡Nat.Z.& L.	32	27	29
1,600	‡Cal. & Jer.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	600	‡New Cornel.	15¼	14⅞	15
300	Can. Cop.	[illegible]	1⅜	[illegible]	13,000	‡‡Nixon Nev.	74	70	74
2,500	‡Cashboy	4	3½	3½	1,800	‡Ohio Copper	[illegible]	¾	[illegible]
1,000	‡‡C.S.M.& M. (a pros.)	35	35	35	2,500	‡Port'd Con.	24	23	24
					1,200	‡Roch. Mines	36	35	35
200	‡Coco R. M.	5	5	5	25,000	Sil.Kg.ofAriz.	½	[illegible]	½
3,500	Con. Ar. Sm.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1,000	‡‡Silver Pick	9	9	9
500	Con. Cop. M.	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜	11,500	‡‡St.Nich.Zinc	10	8½	9½
500	‡Con.-H'st'd.	16	16	16	300	Std.Sil.-Lead	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
7,100	‡‡Emma Con.	½	[illegible]	½	800	Stewart	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
700	‡‡Fort. Con.	40	40	40	1,500	‡Success Min.	13	12½	13
3,270	‡Glb.C.Cop.	2⅛	2	2⅛	250	‡Tono.Bel'mt	3⅝	3⅛	3⅝
1,200	‡Gila Copper	17⅝	17	17⅝	650	Tono. Ext.	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
500	‡Gl. Dom. C.	⅜	[illegible]	⅜	100	Tono. Mining	4½	4½	4½
500	‡Gold. Con.	40	40	40	5,000	‡‡Troy-Ariz.	17	15	16
1,000	‡‡Gt. Bend.	6	6	6	45	Unit. East'n.	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝
1,450	‡Gt. V. Ext. Cop. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	3,000	‡‡UticaMines	12½	12	12
					800	‡W.End Con.	63	63	63
1,000	‡Gr. M. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,200	White Caps.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
750	Hecla Min.	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝	3,400	‡White Caps Ext. (pros.)	14	13	13
31,000	‡‡Int. Mines	10	8	10	1,000	‡WilbertMin.	18	18	18
3,000	‡Jer. Verde (a pros.)	[illegible]	[illegible]	⅛					

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$50,000	‡Can.Gov.5s	94⅝	94½	94½	$12,000	‡Rus. Govt. new 5½s	58	54	58
30,000	‡Gen.Elec.6s notes	100⅜	100¼	100¼	2,000	‡Rus. Govt. 6½s	66½	66½	66½
4,000	‡Gt.Nor.3-yr. 5%nts., w.i.	97½	97½	97½					

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.	Wed'sday Ask.
Am.-B. M. pf.	20	40	20	40
Am. Writ. P.	1½	2½	1½	2½
Br.-Am. Tob. coupon	15½	16½	15¼	16¼
Brit.-Am. reg.	15	15½	15	15¼
Carbon Steel	75	80	75	80
Chalmers Mot.	2	4	2	4
Do pf.	..	50	..	50
Charcoal Iron	6⅞	7¼	6⅞	7¼
Do pf.	5½	6	5½	6
Chev. Motor	56	58	56	58
Cramp Ship	71	74	71	74
Curtiss A. pf.	50	75	50	75
Curtiss Aero	26	28	26	28
Emer. Phono.	4⅞	5½	4⅞	5½
Free. Texas	36	39	36	39
Havana Tob.	½	1⅛	½	1⅛
Do pf.	2	5	2	5
Holly Sugar	40	50	40	50
Do pf.	98	101	98	101
Hendee Mfg.	10	20	10	20
Hupp M. Car	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
Int. Trad. Co.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Int. M. 2d pf.	15	20	15	20
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf.	6	7	6	7
L. Val. C. S.	58	63	58	63
Lukens Steel	35	44	35	44
Do 1st pf.	100	102	100	102
Man. Transit	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Marconi of A.	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Marlin Arms	86	87	86	87
N. Y. Ship'g	29	33	29	33
N. Y. Trans.	14	17	14	15
N. A. P. & P.	1⅝	2⅛	1⅝	2⅛
Peer. T. & M.	9	11	9	11
Poole E. & M.	60	80	60	80
Pyrene Mfg.	8½	10	8½	10
St.L.,R.M.&P.	30	35	30	35
St. J. Lead	15⅞	16	15⅞	16
Todd Sh'yards	72	78	72	78

INDUSTRIALS.—Continued.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.	Wed'sday Ask.
Union Carbide	50	52	50	52
Un. E. Aero.	3⅞	4½	3⅞	4½
U. S. L. & H.	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
United Z. S.	1⅛	2	1⅛	2
OIL STOCKS.				
Allen Oil	½	⅝	½	⅝
Bos.-Wyo. Oil	26	28	26	27
Con. Mex. Oil	35	40	35	40
Cosden Oil pf.	3½	4	3½	4
Friar Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kan.-U. Con.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ky. Petrol.	7¼	7½	7¼	7½
Pierce Oil	8½	9½	8½	9½
R. R. O. & G.	54	60	54	60
Savoy Oil	7	9	7	9
United Petrol.	30	40	30	40
Vac. O. & G.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
West. St. Pet.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wyo. O. & R.	46	55	46	55
Wy. Wond. Oil	26	30	28	30
MINING STOCKS.				
Alaska Std.	24	27	24	27
Big Jim	½	¾	½	¾
Bingham M.	11	12	11	12
Booth	3	5	3	5
Brant Mines	55	58	55	58
Bull. Peak	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butte & N. Y.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cerro Gordo	1¼	1¾	1½	1¾
Cresson C. G.	4⅜	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝
Gold. Merger	3	4	3¼	4
Howe Sound	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
Iron Blossom	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
La R. Cons.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisiana Con	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Magnate Cop.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Milford Cop.	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
BOND.				
Pierce O. 6s. '24	70	75	70	75

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
75	Arun. S. & G.	31	31	31	225	Houst. Oil pf.	55½	55	55½
162	Con. Coal	89	89	89	47	North. Central	77	77	77
585	Con. Power	100	100	100	10	Pa. W. Power	64	64	64
481	Cosden	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	150	Rob. O. & G. pf.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
555	Cosden pf.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	100	United Ry.	23	22½	23

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Atl. Con. St. Ry. 5s	99½	99½	99½	$39,000	Cosden 6s. B	80	78	80
1,000	Balt. Traction 5s N. B.	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	1,000	Elkhorn 6s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
42,500	Con. Coal 6s	101	100	100	2,000	N. & P. Tr. 5s	80	80	80
					2,000	S., Fl. & W. 5s	98½	98½	98½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60	Am. Zinc	12½	12	12½	24	North Butte	13¼	12⅞	13
200	Adventure	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	400	North Lake	50c	50c	50c
5	Ahmeek	94	94	94	5	Old Dom.	36½	36½	36½
625	Alaska	3⅛	2⅞	3	275	Pond Creek	18½	17	17
100	Anaconda	54½	54½	54½	20	Quincy	63½	63	63½
1	Calu. & Ariz.	66½	66½	66½	15	South Lake	1½	1½	1½
9	Calu. & Hecla	440	440	440	11	St. Mary's	52	51	52
10	Chino	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	150	Super. & Bos.	3	3	3
145	Cop. Range	45½	45	45	34	Trinity	4¼	4	4¼
100	Davis-Daly	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	400	Tuolumne	1¼	1¼	1¼
130	East Butte	9½	9½	9½	206	U. S. Smelter	44	42½	42¾
20	Franklin	5	5	5	69	Do pf	45	44½	45
195	Isl'd Creek	53	52	52	225	Utah Apex	2¼	2⅛	2¼
610	Isle Royale	24	23¼	23½	45	Utah Con	11½	11½	11½
15	La Salle	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	10	Utah Metals	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
20	Mohawk	60⅞	60⅞	60⅞	15	Wolverine	33	33	33

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Bos. & Alb.	131	131	131	5	Me. Central	89	89	89
115	Bos. Elev	33	32¾	33	15	Mass. El. pf.	12	12	12
25	Bos. & Sub. pf.	13	13	13	82	New Haven	25¼	25	25¼
2	C.J. & S.Y. pf.	90	90	90	172	West End	35	34½	35
9	Con. & Pas. pf.	80	80	80					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Am. A.Ch. pf.	92	90½	90½	55	McElwain pf.	97	96½	96½
100	Amoskeag	62½	62	62	10	N. Sco. Steel	71	70	70
45	Am. Sugar	92	91½	91½	3	Plant pf	99⅞	97⅞	99⅞
42	Do pf	108	107½	107½	483	Swift	121½	119½	121½
386	Am. T. & T.	107¾	106½	107½	50	Torrington	45	45	45
20	Am. Wool. pf.	89½	89	89	75	Union Land	45c	45c	45c
155	A., G. & W. I.	97	94½	97	262	United Fruit	114	111	114
25	Art Metal	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	182	United Shoe	40⅛	39½	39⅞
60	Cuban Cem't	13⅝	12	13⅝	40	Do pf	25½	25½	25½
48	Edison Elec.	145	145	145	100	Ventura Oil	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
15	Mass. Gas	77½	77½	77½					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	81½	81½	81½	$2,000	West. Tel. 5s	90	90	90
2,500	A., G. & W. I. 5s	77½	77	77	35,000	Lib. 3½s	98.84	98.40	98.82
1,000	U. Fruit 4½s	93	93	93	8,200	Do 4s	99.50	99.00	99.00

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
63	Booth Fish.	18	17½	18	840	People's Gas	40½	40	40
80	Pneu. Tool	42¾	42¾	42¾	10	Quaker Oats	250	250	250
10	Chi. T. & T.	177½	177½	177½	253	Sears, Roeb.	138	137	138
455	Cudahy	111½	109	111½	335	Stew. Warn.	45½	45	45⅜
9,701	CarbideCarb.	44	40⅞	43½	1,785	Swift	121½	119½	120⅞
25	Ill. Brick	58½	58½	58½	70	Un. Paperbd	15⅞	15	15⅞
18	M. Ward pf.	110	109½	110	145	Wilson	45	44½	44½
110	Nat. Carb. pf.	118	118	116	15	Do pf.	96	96	96
11	Pub. Service	74½	74½	74½					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	C. Rys. 1st pf.	83½	83½	83½	$4,000	Swift 1st 5s	93⅞	93	93⅞
4,000	Cem. Ed. 1st 5s	92	92	92	2,750	Liberty 3½s	98.86	98.50	98.60
1,000	So. S. El. 4½s	81½	81½	81½	700	Do 4s	99.40	99.40	99.40

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
175	Alliance Ins.	19	19	19	20	Ph. Co. cum. pf	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞
48	Am. Milling	9½	9½	9½	967	Phil. R. T. t. c.	25¼	23	24
30	Am. Gas	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	325	Ton. Belm't	4	3⅞	3⅞
100	Elec. Stor.	48	48	48	100	Ton. Mining	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
100	Key. Tel.	9½	9½	9½	144	Un. Gas Im.	69	68⅞	68⅞
410	Lehigh Nav.	57½	57	57	25	War. I. & S.	8½	8½	8½
158	Lehigh Val.	52⅛	51⅞	51⅞	75	Westm. Coal	78	75½	78
410	L. Sup. Cor.	10½	10¼	10¼	200	W. Cramp & S.	70	70	70
480	Pennsylvania	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜	41	York Rys. pf.	33	33	33
327	Phila. Elec.	25¼	24⅝	25					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	L. V. Coal 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	$1,000	Phila. El. 1st mtg. 5s	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
7,000	Liberty 3½s	98.80	98.80	98.80	1,000	Phil. & E. 5s	100	100	100
20,000	Do 4s	99.60	99.40	99.40	1,000	Rdg. 4s	83	83	83
5,000	L. V. con. 4½s	96	96	96	1,000	Sp.-Am. Ir. 6s	99½	99½	99½
1,000	Pa. con. 4½s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞					
1,000	Pa. gen. 4½s	90½	90½	90½					

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	16	16½	15½	Pierce Oil conv. 6s, 1924	70	75	70
Atlantic Refining	780	800	780	Prairie O. & G.	395	405	390
Borne-Scrymser	400	425	400	Prairie Pipe Line	225	230	225
Buckeye Pipe Line	83	87	83	Solar Refining	275	290	275
Chesebrough Mfg.	325	350	330	Southern Pipe L.	190	188	180
Colonial Oil	50	70	50	South. Penn Oil	240	250	240
Continental Oil	425	450	425	S. W. Penn	100	105	100
Crescent Pipe Line	33	36	33	Stand. Oil of Cal.	210	215	219
Cumberland P. L.	135	145	135	Stand. Oil of Ind.	575	600	575
Eureka Pipe Line	190	200	190	Stand. Oil of Kan.	445	465	450
Galena Signal Oil	125	130	127	Stand. Oil of Ky.	325	335	325
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	125	130	125	Stand. Oil of Neb.	475	500	460
Illinois Pipe Line	185	195	180	Stand. Oil of N. J.	508	513	505
Indiana Pipe Line	80	85	80	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	236	240	230
Int. Pet. Co. Ltd.	9½	10½	10¼	Stand. Oil of Ohio	415	430	415
National Transit	12	13	12	Swan & Finch	90	100	90
N. Y. Transit	175	185	175	Union Tank	80	84	78
Northern Pipe L.	98	102	98	Vacuum Oil	320	325	320
Ohio Oil	283	288	285	Washington Oil	33	37	33
Penn.-Mex. Fuel	33	37	33				
Pierce Oil	8½	9½	8½				

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.
Aetna pf.	38	42	35	Can. Found'a F.	140	150	..
American Brass	..	200	210	Colt's Arms	50	60	55
Atlas Powder	155	158	153	Du Pont	280	285	280
Do pf.	94	98	92	Hercules	247	253	258
Babcock & Wilcox	108	111	109	Do pf.	111	114	112
Bliss	400	..	400	Niles-Bem't-Pond	102	110	110
Do pf.	75	83	73	Scovill Mfg	400	420	390
Canadian Explo.	235	335	350	Winchester Arms	700	..	780
Do pf.	104	110	104				

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.
American Cigar	90	95	93	MacAndrews & F.	185	200	180
Do pf.	85	93	90	Do pf.	95	100	98
Conley Foil	200	250	200	P. R.-Am. Tob.	175	190	180
J. S. Young	130	150	150	Do scrip	120	130	115
Do pf.	105	110	105	R. J. Reynolds	450	500	450
				Do pf.	100	104	102

Stock Market Talk
For Horse Show Week.

Incapacity and **independence** go just about as well double as single, but with **patience, perseverance** and a good coach may develop into an undespised four-in-hand in the *STABILITY* of securities found in the list of standard dividend payers.

Judge and judging, single and double are requisite virtues in the selection of investment securities. The broker with whom your executions are to be entrusted should add to the success of your undertaking. If you are in the SHOW-me class, your inquiry will receive prompt attention.

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Aetna Explosives Pref.
American Chicle
Alaska Steamship
Atlantic Steel
Acme White Lead & Color
Butterworth-Judson
Chicago Lumber & Coal
Carbon Steel
Cities Service
Canadian Foundries & Forgings
Chase National Bank
Charcoal Iron
Eastern Steel
Guantanamo Sugar
Havana Tobacco 5s, 1922
Hocking Valley Products
International Salt
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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Boston, Mass., November 13, 1917.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 6% BONDS SECURED BY MORTGAGE ON THE STEAMER "SUFFOLK", ISSUED BY COASTWISE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions contained in Article 5 of the mortgage given by the Coastwise Steamship Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey, to The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Trustee, to secure an issue of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars ($200,000) par value first mortgage 6% bonds on the steamer "Suffolk," dated August 1, 1911, the following bonds will be redeemed and retired on February 1, 1918, to wit:

Bonds numbered 81 to 200 inclusive, maturing from February 1, 1918, to August 1, 1922.

The holders of the above numbered bonds are hereby notified to present said bonds to The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, 337 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., on February 1, 1918, to receive in cash the face amount of said bonds and accrued interest to February 1, 1918.

Bonds must carry the coupons due February 1, 1918, and the subsequent maturing coupons thereto belonging, and must be accompanied by the usual income tax certificate.

Interest on said bonds will cease on February 1, 1918.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
BY COASTWISE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, ASSIGNEE OF AND SUCCESSOR IN TITLE TO COASTWISE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
COASTWISE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
By John G. Crowley, Treas.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF WICKWIRE STEEL COMPANY,

dated November 1st, 1914, issued under and secured by a trust deed from said Company to Bankers Trust Company, Trustee, dated November 1st, 1914:

The undersigned, Bankers Trust Company, Trustee under said trust deed, hereby gives notice that, pursuant to the terms of said trust deed, Fifty Thousand Dollars ($50,000) has been deposited with it to the credit of the sinking fund under said trust deed, and said Trustee intends to apply such funds, so far as the amount thereof will permit, to the purchase of, and now invites offerings for the sale to it of, bonds secured by said trust deed, at a price not exceeding par, accrued interest, and five per cent. premium.

Such offerings shall be submitted, sealed, in writing, to the undersigned, at its Trust Department, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, on or before noon of the 23rd day of November, 1917, and from such offerings the said Trustee will purchase such bonds as are offered at the lowest price, not exceeding the price above set forth, sufficient to exhaust the moneys in said sinking fund.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, AS TRUSTEE.
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.
Dated, New York, N. Y., November 2nd, 1917.

TODD SHIPYARDS CORPORATION
5 Year 8% Convertible Gold Notes
SINKING FUND NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the provisions of Section 4, Article 4, of the Indenture of Trust under which the above Notes were issued, that the sum now in hand, together with the sum to be paid into the Sinking Fund on December 15th, 1917, amounts to Three hundred and five thousand two hundred and forty-three 74-100 Dollars ($305,243.74.)

Sealed offers for the sale of Notes at a price not exceeding 104% of the face amount thereof, with accrued interest, will be received by the undersigned at any time up to twelve (12) o'clock noon, December 10th, 1917, at No. 2 Wall Street, New York City, or No. 177 Montague Street, Brooklyn, New York. Offers should be marked "Tender of Todd Shipyards Corporation Notes." Payment for accepted offers will be made December 15, 1917, at our office, 2 Wall Street, New York.

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee under Indenture of Trust.
Dated, New York, November 9, 1917.

THE SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER COMPANY.

PURCHASE OF BONDS FOR SINKING FUND.

The Shawinigan Water & Power Company will receive tenders for the sale to the Company of a maximum of Seventy-seven Thousand Dollars ($77,000) par value of the Company's issue of FIVE PER CENT THIRTY-YEAR CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE BONDS, due 1934.

OFFERINGS SHOULD BE MADE for delivery in Montreal on or before December 31st, 1917.

THE SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER CO.
W. S. HART, Treasurer.
Montreal, November 1st, 1917.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS AND ALL PERSONS INTERESTED IN JONAS WOLFF CO., INC.:

SIR: PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a Special Meeting of the stockholders of JONAS WOLFF CO., INC., will be held on the 10th day of November, 1917, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the office of Samuel Blumberg, attorney for said company, No. 27 Cedar Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon resolutions that this corporation be forthwith dissolved, and for such other business as may lawfully come before said meeting.

DATED, New York, November 5, 1917.
By order of the President. Yours, &c.,
JONAS WOLFF CO., INC.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED. FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.60. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

DIVIDENDS.

THE TEXAS COMPANY
Houston, Texas.

A dividend of $2.50 per share on the outstanding capital stock of this company has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable December 31st to stockholders of record December 18, 1917.

GUY CARROLL, Assistant Treasurer.
November 12, 1917.

DIVIDENDS.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY,
49 Wall Street.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 7.
N. Y. City, October 24th, 1917.

The Board of Directors of Standard Milling Company have this day declared a dividend of Eight Per Cent. (8%) on the Common Stock of the Company out of the surplus and net profits of the Company for the fiscal year ending August 31st, 1917, payable one-half in cash and the other one-half in Common Stock at par, in equal quarterly installments (of cash and Common Stock) as follows:

(a) On November 30th, 1917, One Per Cent. (1%) in cash and One Per Cent. (1%) in Common Stock at par, to common stockholders of record at the close of business on November 19th, 1917;

(b) On February 28th, 1918, One Per Cent. (1%) in cash and One Per cent. (1%) in Common Stock at par, to common stockholders of record at the close of business on February 18th, 1918;

(c) On May 31st, 1918, One Per Cent. (1%) in cash and One Per Cent. (1%) in Common Stock at par, to common stockholders of record at the close of business on May 21st, 1918;

(d) On August 31st, 1918, One Per Cent. (1%) in cash and One Per Cent. (1%) in Common Stock at par, to common stockholders of record at the close of business on August 21st, 1918 JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

The American Sugar Refining Company
PREFERRED DIVIDEND 104
COMMON DIVIDEND 105

The Board of Directors have declared the following dividends:—
On the Preferred Stock one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent., being the 104th consecutive dividend thereon, payable on January 2nd, 1918, to the Stockholders of record on December 1st, 1917.
On the Common Stock one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent., being the 105th consecutive dividend thereon, payable on January 2nd, 1918, to the Stockholders of record on December 1st, 1917.
The Transfer Books will not be closed.
JOSEPH E. FREEMAN, Secretary

THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated in Kansas.)
Dividend No. 44.
Neodesha, Kansas, Nov. 13, 1917.

A quarterly dividend of $3.00 and an extra dividend of $6.00 per share in addition thereto, has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable December 15th, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 30th, 1917.

The books of the Company will be closed for transfers of stock from December 1st, 1917, to December 15th, 1917, both dates inclusive.

All communications regarding payment or change of address should be sent to the undersigned not later than December 1st, 1917. E. A. WARREN, Secretary.

TO THE HOLDERS OF PREFERRED STOCK OF THE PITTSBURGH & WEST VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO.

Pittsburgh, Pa., November 1st, 1917.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of The Pittsburgh & West Virginia Railway Company held at the office of the Company, No. 120 Broadway, New York City, on the first day of November, 1917, a dividend of one and one-half (1½%) per cent. was declared on the Preferred Stock of the Company for the quarter ended September 30th, 1917, payable December 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record November 5th, 1917.

F. J. BRUNNER, Secretary.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY,
49 Wall Street.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 32.
N. Y. City, October 24th, 1917.

The Board of Directors of Standard Milling Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Half (1½%) per Cent. upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable out of the earnings for the current fiscal year, on November 30th, 1917, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business on November 19th, 1917.

JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

AJAX RUBBER COMPANY, INC.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Ajax Rubber Company, Inc., held November 13, 1917, a regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share was declared, payable December 15, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 30, 1917.

Dated New York, November 13, 1917.
HAROLD W. STIMPSON, Treasurer.

CREX CARPET COMPANY,
212 Fifth Avenue, New York.

A dividend of 2 per cent. has been declared on the capital stock of this company, payable on Dec. 15th, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 30th, 1917, out of the earnings of the company, applicable to the period from January 1st to June 30th, 1917.

WILLIAM A. PFEIL, Treasurer.
Dated Nov. 14th, 1917.

OFFICE OF FEDERAL MINING & SMELTING CO.
32 Broadway,
New York, November 15th, 1917.

A dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of this Company has today been declared, payable December 15th, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on November 25th, 1917.

GEO. W. PETERSEN, Secretary.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 22.
October 10, 1917.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two ($2) Dollars per share on the Common Capital Stock, payable December 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 10th, 1917. Stock books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed.

C. F. VALENTINE, Secretary.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY
79th PREFERRED DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors has declared the seventy-ninth consecutive quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent on the Preferred Capital stock of the Company, payable November 30th, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 17th, 1917. Transfer books will not be closed. G. P. WELLS, Treasurer.

AMERICAN COLONIAL BANK OF PORTO RICO.

A semi-annual dividend of 8% and an extra dividend of 5% have been declared, payable December 5, 1917, to stockholders of record on November 23, 1917.

W. SCHALL, President.

HOW THE U. S. GOES TO WAR.

What America has done in six months in war—all details from official sources, in Current History Magazine this month. On all news stands, 25 cents; $3.00 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times.—Advt.

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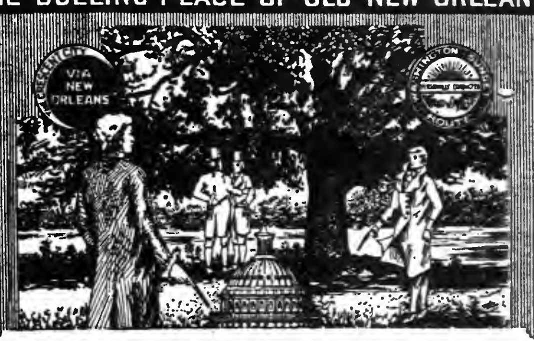

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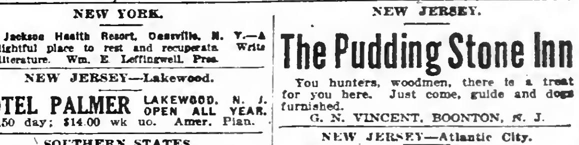

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SURROGATE CITATION.

CHOATE, JOSEPH HODGES.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Joseph Hodges Choate, late of the County of New York, deceased, to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Evarts, Choate & Sherman, 60 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 24th day of December next.

Dated New York, the 12th day of June, 1917.
JOSEPH H. CHOATE, JR.,
MABEL CHOATE,
CARL A. de GERSDORFF,
Executors.
EVARTS, CHOATE & SHERMAN,
Attorneys for Executors,
60 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Section 347, Tariff Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold 1 carton of feathers of wild birds. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 3, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated Nov. 10, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Henry W. Brush of Buffalo was admitted to practice.

63—H. C. King, plaint., v. the Putnam Investment Co.—Passed, to be restored to call pursuant to Section 9, Rule 26.

44—The U. S. ex rel. D. Bowlegs, a minor, &c., plaint., v. F. K. Lane, Sec. of the Interior.—Dismissed, with costs, on motion of counsel for plaint.

65—T. D. Aitken et al. plaint., v. the U. S.—Dismissed pursuant to Tenth Rule.

49—F. S. Madcraf, aplt., v. R. T. Hedge, as Sheriff of King Co., Washington.—Argument concluded for aplt. The court declined to hear counsel for the appellee.

51—The Duncan Townsite Co., plaint., v. F. K. Lane, Sec. of Interior.—Argued.

52—C. Sweet et al., plaint., v. E. E. Scheck, as Treasurer, &c., et al.—Argued.

53—Ed Crane, plaint., v. J. J. Campbell, Sheriff of Latah Co., Idaho.—Argued for defendant and submitted for plaintiff.

56—Municipal Securities Corp., plaint., v. Kansas City.—Argument commenced for the plaintiff.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Nov. 16: Nos. 58, 59, 62, 66, 67, 68, (and 80,) 69, 70, 71, (and 72,) and 78.

Southern District.

COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Before Ward, Rogers, and Hough, JJ.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M., in Room 433, Post Office Building.

Rensselaer & Saratoga Co<Swine.
Keatley<US Trust Co.
Canee<Am Co.
Lehigh Valley RR<Krusczenski.
Re Garrity.
Re Armann.
Manton<Grimwood.
Re Graff.
Edwards<Stern.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Court opens in Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Pidcock<L V RR.
Hammerschlag Mfg Co<Import & T Nat B.
Erskine<L I RR, (2.)
Fetzer<Sorg.
Re Ind Mach, &c, Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.

Foreman<Benas.
D, L & W RR<Tug Triton.
Goodwin-Gallagher<Weehawken D D Co.
Dannebrog<Borgland.
Phoenix<Young & E.
Stein<SS Pleiades.
Marc Advance Co<Internat'l M & T Corp.
US<Pan-Am C Corp.
Fougera<Lewis.
US<Tug Anna W, &c. (3.)
Same<SS Hannington Court.
Same<Tug L Richards
Same<Halenbeck, &c. (2.)
Delmas<Cordes.
Tompkins<NY, NH & H RR.
Lawrence<Beth Steel.
White<B & O RR.
Fontano<Russ-Am Line.
Lawrence<Beth Steel.
Am Inst of Architects<Kasman.
Am Tobacco Co<SS Rosalia.
NY Pat Expl Co<Mallery.
Chaplin<Film Exch Co
Ryan<Ohmer.
Re Tug C W Morse.
Kennerley<Simonds.
Luckenbach SS Co<Duckett.
Blauner<Reisler.
Re Easterday.
US<Beloochistan R W. Co, (2.)

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 9:30 A. M.

Richard et al<Schooner Gracie D Chambers.
At 10:30 A. M.:
Nordvick<Anglo-Mex.
Tracy<Rudolph Bros.
Ramberg Iron Wks<Maryanne.
Keller et al<Seven Brothers, No. 2.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.

US<Bosworth & Lipman.
Same<Lipman.
Same<Solomon & Lipman.
Same<Canavan & Leyendecker.
Same<McDonough & Leyendecker.
Same<Leyendecker.
Same<Phillips & Tworger.
Same<Hamann & Tworger.
Same<Lewis. & Tworger.
Same<McLoughlin & Tworger.

DISTRICT COURT—Howe, J.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.

US<Schmidt.
Same<Cianchetta.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10 A. M.

O'Connor<Coastwise Dredging Co., (on trial.)

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 2 P. M. Bankruptcy discharges:

Joseph I Pearlman.
Ely A Piquet and Albert W Piquet.
Laura J Williamson.
Oswin Bluhmer.
Jacob L Cohen.
David Chipurnoi and Meyer Chipurnoi.
Motions:
Robert T McMurray & Bro.
Charles Gerb.
Harrison Steam L'dry Co, Inc, (4.)
Benham Col Co, Inc.
Machine Metal Pr Co.
Joseph I Pearlman.
Fred'k I Hochstadt.
Ernest Martens.
Chas Dinkle, Inc.
Adolph Maul et al, as Adolph Maul & Sons

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Lester<Lester.
Geelan<South Boulevard R R Co et al.
Martin<New Trinidad Lake Asphalt Co., Ltd.
Levison et al<Illinois Surety Co.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court—Second Department.

ADMISSION TO THE BAR.

Candidates for admission to the bar, whose names are appended and who have been certified by the State Board of Law Examiners as having passed the law examinations, are notified to file on Nov. 23, 1917, at 10 A. M. with the Clerk of the Appellate Division at his office, Borough Hall, Brooklyn, evidence of good moral character. Such evidence, in order to comply with the rules, must include at least two affidavits from attorneys in the Second Judicial Department acquainted with the applicant, which must state that the applicant is to the knowledge of the affiant a person of good moral character, and must set forth in detail the facts upon which such knowledge is based, and such affidavits must be made by practicing attorneys of the Supreme Court personally known to a member of the committee. The committee does not meet on the above date. Applicants should not seek introduction on that day.

Affidavits on printed forms will not be accepted.

Each candidate shall also file the certificate received from the State Board of Law Examiners and a sworn statement, answering fully all questions appearing upon a form which will be furnished by the Clerk of the Court.

Each candidate must be introduced personally to at least one member of the committee by a practicing lawyer known to such member.

A strict compliance with the foregoing requirements is essential.

Information is requested as to the moral character of the candidates whose names are appended and as to their qualifications to be admitted to practice, and may be sent to any member of the committee.

COMMITTEE.

STEPHEN C. BALDWIN, Chairman, 188 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
EUGENE V. DALY, 32 Nassau St., New York City.
BURTON C. MEIGHAN, 120 Broadway, New York City.
GEORGE M. PINNEY, 82 Nassau St., New York City.
ERNEST P. SEELMAN, Secretary, 261 Broadway, New York City.
JOHN C. R. TAYLOR, Middletown, N. Y.
JOSEPH WOOD, 141 Broadway, New York City.
HENRY A. UTERHART, 27 Cedar St., New York City.

JOHN B. BYRNE, Clerk.

NAME AND ADDRESS.

Beattie, Frederick Oakley, Warwick.
Chambers, Alexander J., 127 12th St., Long Island City.
Holmes, G. E., 47 Pierrepont St., Brooklyn.
Heaney, F. W., 58 Washington Av., Beacon.
Mullin, F. R., 851 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.
Pennock, Eugene R., 166 State St., Brooklyn.
Sadofsky, Abram Nathan, 190 Valley St., North Tarrytown.
Wyckoff, Annie S., 95 Clinton Av., Jamaica.

The following have passed the examination prescribed by the rules of the Court of Appeals and will have complied with their provisions upon producing and filing with the court evidence that they have studied law in the manner prescribed by the rules of the Court of Appeals for the admission of attorneys and counselors at law:

Blank, R., 572 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.
Baffa, Chester, 77 Howard Av., Brooklyn.
Braunhut, C., 520 Quincy St., Brooklyn.
Caminez, Gertrude, 571 5th St., Brooklyn.
Cantor, Irvin A., 1,361 46th St., Brooklyn.
Carlin, George A., 7,716 4th Av., Brooklyn.
Diemert, M., 22 Pelhemus Place, Brooklyn.
Klein, H. K., 167 Havemeyer St., Brooklyn.
Kaufman, J. B., 518 Kosciusko St., Bklyn.
Lopes, A. C., 144 Rutland Road, Brooklyn.
Lavery, T. A., 24 Franklin St., Poughkeepsie.
Maclachlin, H. J., 87 N. Broadway, Yonkers.
Mackey, John J., 1,421 Park Place, Brooklyn.
Newman, S. R., 237 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.
Rosenzweig, M., 418 Hopkinson Av., Bklyn.
Reardon, Mark, Jr., 214 Hicks St., Brooklyn.
Sills, Louis, 2,968 W. 27th St., Coney Island.
Summers, Oscar, Oyster Bay, N. Y.
Schneer, Max, 202 Wyona St., Brooklyn.
Weinstein, Abraham, 80 Stagg St., Brooklyn.
Wasserman, A., 1,283 41st St., Brooklyn.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Scott, Dowling, and Smith, JJ.—Enumerated motions at 2 P. M.

Fleisher & Co<Gerli.
Dillon<Harrington.
Murtha<Lewis.
Morgan Munitions Sup<Studebaker Corp.
Wolff<Donohue.
Schreiber<Fargo.
Lewis<Ocean Acc & Guar Co.
Bottlers' Seal<Rainey.
CNY<Alheids.
Kegerreis<Van Zile.
E C Maxwell Co<Tippett & Wood.
Wulff<Int R T.
Holmes<Camp, Jr.
Marsh<Woodworth.
Karpeles<Heine.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Goff, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Pennell<Nevin.
Barge<Bushbaum.
Napen<Henigan.
Stamoolis<S S Brown & Co.
Pennell<Nevin.
Epstein<Rosenthal.
Wm D Bloodgood & Co<Goffin.
Peter<Peter.
Wilson<Wilson.
Gen Theological Seminary, &c<Bimberg.
Bruno<Bummer.
Possert<Marx.
Moritz<Benesch.
Schultz<Bross.
Barnes<Cooper.
Rein<Rein.
McKenzie<Lane.
Am Wet Wash Laundry Co<Richter.
Jatchok<Shrier.
Yokel<Yokel.
Alexander<Cohn.
Gabel<Gabel.
Humphreys<Int Transfer Co.
Hill<Cinque.
Goldwasser<Bernstein.
Hudson Mill & Lumber Co<W S Wilson Lumber Co.
Levine<Rubin.
Kiernan<Beaver.
Cammann<Potter.
Steltzenberg<Burns Bros, Inc.
Stand Aniline Products<Karten, (2.)
Currier<Stern.
Slominsky<Levine.
Lowenkopf<Mechlewitz.

Schwarzer<Schwarzer.
Emigrant Ind Sav Bk<Pope.
Re Bronx Boulevard, (Moore.)
Oppenheimer<Curiel.
Rosenthal<Rosenthal.
Von Maltzahn<Burden.
Burras<Burras.
Kampa<Kalley.
Re Sutton.
Brand<Brand.
Interocean Forwarding Co<McCormack.
Spiegel<Dazian.
Levitt<Hereford Rlty.
Kaplan<C M Shay Fertilizer Co.
City R E Co<Dollard.
Clark<Gibson.
CNY<Karn.
Currier<Stern.
Re O'Malley.
Boy Scouts of Amer<US Boy Scouts.
Holmes<Crane.
Ash<Un Toilet Goods.
Re De Graw.
Holmes<Holmes.
Emigrant Ind Sav Bk<Lynch.
People ex rel Jewell, Koenig & Co<Prendergast.
King<King.
CNY<Rinaldo, (2.)
Indelli & Conforti Co<Hudson Realty Co.
Loss<Elk Cheese Co.
Black<Berkeley.
Re Goldsmith (Water.)
Hennessey<Pearse.
Re Hyman.
Alpha S S Co<NY Tr.
CNY<Amer Label Co.
Speevak<Reid Ice Cream, Co, (2.)
Mayher<Rumble.
Re Wagner.
Knapp<Knapp & French, Inc.
Schiavone<Edelman.
Flaumenbaum<Fidanzo.
Arena<Arena.
Meyer<Beal.
Bamberger<same.
Re Levy.
Stolbach<Richardson & Boynton Co.
Silver<Seidel.
Silverstein Cloak Co, Inc<Chertoff.
Stern<Stark.
Eustbi<Clyde.
Rosenblatt<Nat'l Surety Co.
McKeon<McKeon.
Hoffer<Klepper.
Fanara<Fortuna.
Henderson<New Hotel Keller Co.
Mfrs Finance Co<Sherman.
McGirr<42d St, Man & St Nich Av Ry.
Tanenbaum<Tanenbaum.
Bator<Hillside O & L.

PART II.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Vorhaus<City Nat Sec Co.
Empire Kaolin Co<Frank.
Clemente<Clemente.
Empire Kaolin Co<Frank.
Kuespert<Kuespert.
Undefended divorces:
Smolens<Smolens.
Fisher<Fisher.
Krasner<Krasner.
Scanlon<Scanlon.
Byrne<Byrne.
Preferred causes:
Shaine<Cosmopolitan Bank.
Goshie<Goshie.
General calendar:
Schuler<Lobl.
Gouert<Mechanics & Metals Nat Bank.
Arenson<Arenson.
Portman & Co<Yorktown Realty Co.
Gans<Schlanger.
Bennesch<Bennesch.
Dempsey<Mt Sinai Hosp.
Pizzutiello<Raisler.
Trapani<Trapani.
Schneiderman<Schneiderman.
N Y Sample Furniture Co<33 E 33d St Co.
Duncan<Delafield.
Goldblatt<Beach.
Alexander<Ryan.
Hennigsen<Hennigsen.
Rieger's Sons<Castelanos.
Cohen<Cohen.
Rosenberg<Int Ladies' Garment Work Un.
Rawl<Baker-V Co.
Friedman<Friedman.
Shorey<Brewster.
Punch & Judy Theatre<Sayre.
Edgar<Lawson.
Gold<Gold.
Nagle<Nagle.
Stromberg Export & Impt Co<Stromberg.
Schwoerer<Hudson Tr.
Warhelt Pub Co<Day Pub Co.
Rogers<Rogers.
Lajotte<Lajotte.
Altoria Co<CNY.
Glencoe A C<Glencoe S C.
Capes<Capes.
Stern<Stern.
Turner<Turner.
K & R Film Co, Inc<Carson.
Freybusch<Freybusch.
Knickerbocker Fireproofing Co<Gerry.
Josephowitz<Josephowitz.
Case on.

PART IV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Clear.

PART V.—Not in session.

PART VI.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M.

Bauerdorf<North Am Wall Paper.
Lahn<Alpha SS.
Tiedemann<Gluckin.
Sternbach<Townsend.
Pfeffer<Wechsler.
Dorb<Schlesinger.
Sapiro<Atlas Knit Co.
Clear.

PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Inq—Silverman<Isaac.
Wilson<Harpers Weekly.
Shepherd<NY Rys.
Kammin<Goldberg.
Gattesman<5th Av Coach Co.
Sohn<Wise.
Altmayer<Rickerson.
Rizzo<Berg.
Varese<Doktor.
A Bauman<Ostriche.
E Bauman<same.
Katz<Elliott (2.)
Delany<NY Edison Co
Speciale<Greenwood.
Sabatino<3d Av Ry.
Parente<NY Rys.
Treimel<Inteman.
Dillon<Int R T.
Bernstein<B, Q C & S RR.
Don<Nassau Elec RR.
Zimmerman<NY Rys.
Simon<Goldberg & Greenberg, Inc.
Bickerman<Horwitz.
Weg<Hoshlian.
Tisdale<See.
Shater<Fields.
Galambos<Greenwald.
Bastarella<Structural Erecting Co, Inc.
Galambos<Greenwald.
Lovitter<Cons Gas Co of NY.
Stanger<Press Pub.
Schulze<Krug.
Huber<Brown, (2.)
Kartoff<Sweeney.
Wynne<Litchfield Const Co.
McCormack<Richard Carvel Co, Inc.
Bernheimer<Bergen.
Conlon<Club Car Corp.
Greenwald<Liberty Sheet Metal Works.
Mallon<Nechols.
McCall<Atkinson.
McDonald<NY Rys.
O'Sullivan<3d Av RR.
Clary<Ungrich.
Scheck<NY Rys.
Friel<Int R T.
Weisser<M & L Hess, Inc.
Pasquale<Marino.
Shields<Cons Gas Co of NY.
J Henning<Little.
A Henning<same.
Tracy<Mertens.
Panello<Brandfonbrener.
Hauser<Lewy.
A Bolte<Denig.
H Bolte<same.
Ruchman<Eagle Fish.
Stenglein<L I RR.
Goldstein<Rosenberg.
Donlan<Van Sicien.
Rizzo<B, Q C & S RR
Kocallis<NY Rys.
Prinelli<MacLeod.
Patterson<Simms.
Speck<Roth.
A Bauer<NY Rys.
G Bauer<NY Rys.
E Holzer<Hamilton.
I Holzer<same.
I Cohen<Wagner.
A Cohen, an inf<same.
Same<Westshire Const
Goldberg<C I & B RR
Herman<B, Q C & S RR.
Carroll<Surut.
Vescey<Int R T Co.
Marotta<NY Cent RR.
Kalinsky<Falkenberg.
Cannon<W M Moore, Inc.
Campisi<NY Con RR.
Petillo<Sharrott.
Wambach<3d Av RR.
K Levine<Roth.
L Levine<same.
Levinson<Deitz.
Ehrlich<B'way-35th St Realty Corp.
Richinger<Ginsburg.
McCarthy<Healy.
Teabout<CNY.
Deasy<Herts.
Wasserstein<B H RR.
Porkin<NY Rys.
Hoy<Schwartz & Hirsch, Inc.
W Finnegan<3d Av RR.
Moore<NY Rys.
M Finnegan<3d Av RR.
Shaughnessey<Dock Con Co.
Weinrib<Hauser.
McGraw<B'way & 35th St Realty Co.
Rupp<Young.
P J Parmer<Kastens.
Fansten<Abrahams.
M Farmer<Kastens.
Hunter<Salzman.

PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.

Branower & Sons, Inc<Waldes.
Freund<London F Nov
Hyman<Radt.
Johnston<Kelly.
Leifer<Gibbs.
Sexauer<Rodgers & H.
Voron<Voron & C, Inc
I R T<N E Cont Co.
N E Cont Co<CNY.
Pachinsky<Cook Linoleum.
Seaver<So Surety Co.
Benelari<Carpenter.
Stiles<Constable.
Featherstone<Fowler.
Lorenzo<Travelers' Ins
Palmer<Einsettler.
Same<Scheftels.
Same<Buehler.
Soraci Con Co<CNY.
Helvitz<Balshofer.
Rochelle<Adler.
People<Tombray.
Perlman<Donohue.
People<Adelson.
Trustees Sailors Snug Harbor<Stuart.
Hechinger<Ulacia.
Brennan<Edison Portland Cement Co.
Little<Schorr.
Ulfelder<Levy.
Merchants Fire Assur Corn<General Fire Extinguisher.
General Platers Supply<Mendelson.
Brunswick Realty<Frankfort Gen Ins.
E H Dick Chemical<Herman & Herman.
Burns<Walter.
Paul Gerli & Co, Inc<Mendelson.
Brady Oltarch Const<Universal Road Machinery Co.
Atlas Nitrated Products<Contract Process Co.
Bassman<H J Rich Dev Co.
Bolardi<Marden, Orth & Hastings, Inc.
Denivelle<Denivelle.
Sisson<Wellbrock.
Same<Garthe.
Greene<Public Lighting Service Corp.
Sabine<Morosco.
Orians<Schinasi.
Puegnet<Adams.
Keppler<Straus.
CNY<Matatesta.
Weinrib<Cohen.
Thompson<Bailey.
Pahl<Gerstenhaber.

TRIAL TERM.—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule 7, amended Trial Term rules.

PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XII.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIII.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Ordway, J.—At 10 A. M. Adjourned to Nov. 19.
PART XVI.—Erlanger, J. At 10 A. M. Auerbach<Man Wreck Co.
PART XVII.—Guy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar.

Orange M Paschal.
Margaretha Rothenbach, (2.)
Carmelo Pennisi.
Sofi Taub.
John J G Hallahan, infant.
Thos J G Hallahan.
Christobal Hallahan.
Bertha Beecher.
Elizabeth Rauenbuhler
John H McGurk.
Salome Weis, &c.
Alexander Goldner.
Mary F Tone, minor;
Mary McCann, &c.
Mary A Peck.
Hannah C Walker.
Jeanette H Sullivan.
Flora A Gordon.
Bertha Adler.
Daniel S Doran.
T Edwin Ward.
Henry Fennell.
Morgan O McMonegal.
John J O'Brien.
Henry A Smith.
Sara Emanuel.
Ippolito Greco.
John Livingston.
Adam Nickel.
Charles B Austin.
Cornelia Austin.
Laura I Browne.
Marie C Downes.
Rudolph Dux.
Estelle Monin.
Emily Hamer.
Michael Michaelides.
Alfred Tidby.
Emily Wilson.
William T Mills.
Amalie Schuster.
Maurice M Rainess.
Herman Albrecht.
Thomas M Murray.
Mary Lynch.
Edward F Scott.
Alfred S Malcolmson.
Margaret Quirk.
Isidor Magnus.
Elisa J Clarke.
Beatrice L Jenkins.
Edward J Guinan.
Samuel H Valentine.
Wills for probate:
Charles F W Daukens.
Jessie Bloomfield.
Robert D Pentland.
Mabel J Atwood.
Agnes H Donolly.
Elizabeth Mesler.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—Litigated motions, at 10 A. M.

Mayer<J L Friedman Co.
Leifer<Scheinman.
Miners<Ausfresser.
Tappenbeck<Sparks.
Wynkoop<Roskam-Scott Co.
Gottlieb<Gins.
White<Bradley Con Co

Kaulbach<A Walker & Co.
Cade<Meyer & Co.
Wallowitz<Marksamer
Manassa<Union Ry.
Latner<Rosenkrantz.
Newman Bros<Litchfield Con Co.
Ashkinazy<Teichman.
Lawton<Sirkin.
Runner<Brodux.
Miller<Besser.
Koehler<Pfister.
Rudderman<Amend.
Slendel<Maryland Mtge Co.
Kanner<Hayes.
Mignem<Amend.
Welkison<Hartford Accident, &c, Co.
Louclace<Kelly.
Harris<Miner.
Stone<Schwartz, Loeb & Co.
Davis<Huggins Est.
Keytone Type Foundry<Orazag.
Harlem Lumber Co<Fialkin.
Steiner<Kennelty.
Steinhardt<Gray.
Baum<Pokress.
Chitterling<Smith.
Behre<MacQuoid Co.
Ruggles<Salomon.
Kazanjian Studio<Hulse.
Libman<Lash.
Masler<Rayens.

PART II.—Strasbourger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Schechtman<Alaska Chemical Co.
Harris<Rosenfield.
Blaumer<Davis.
Sylvia Waist Co<West Side Warehouse Co.
Mitz<Borden's Cond Milk Co.
Geller<same.
Schneider<Wilking Trucking Co.
Manuta<Lazar.
Alzing<United Syrup.
A F T Corp<Pathe Exchange.
Harperley-Hall Co<Slade.
Nat Warehouse Co<Reid I C Co.
Fenster<Mozar.
Glassman<NY Rys.
Donovan<Solomon.
Diamond<Shortland.
Kramer<Langsdorf.
Smorlinski<Dillon.
Brimel<Snow.
Banks<Powell.
Ximitiers<Baltmansky
Horgan<Sheffield Farms-S D Co.
Resenberg<Meislen.
Rosenzweig<Brasiner.
Dunham<Plimpton Press.
Kurland<Roche.
Scherlin<Coraline.
Zablowsky<Goldberg.
Delaney<Wm Necker.
Morgan<same.
Bernard<Farmington & Evans Co.
Germain Co<Apex Equip Co.
Reichenthal<Moyses.
Kirschner<Netherland Am S N Co.
Solant<Samuels.
Provenzano<Fruscella.
Werchman<H Kelly, Jr, Inc.
Stein<Hurlburt M T Co (2.)
Gelb<Mayer & Newman.
Keppler<Jacobs.
Elias<Balik.
Scheffles<Cohen.
N Y Master Printers Assn<Morris.
Candreva<N Y Rys.
Murray Hill Iron Works<Ritz Rty Corp.
Hampton Suffolk Corp<Walty.
Gottesman<Simon.
Preminger<3d Av Ry.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Lowry<20th St Garage Case on.

PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

Part III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Dickman<Harris.
Gottlob<Lehmann.
Quinn<Supreme Council, R A.
Rosenblatt<Grace Apparel Co.
Frank Gens & Co<Tomberg.
Solomon<Austern.
Schlein<Wulworth Bros.
Butler<Martin.
Salmowitz<Cohen.
Case on.

PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART V.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Cannon<Scholes—John H. Rogan. Cooper<Scheel—Carl Ehlermann, Jr. Re Harper—Alfred H. Townley. Clenighen<60 Cliff St. Co.—Robert L. Turk.

SUPREME COURT — Goff, J. — American Surety Co.<Sire—Warren Leslie. Lewis<Kurzman—Herman Joseph. Adrian<Isaacs—Arthur N. Giegerich.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Franklin Sav. Bank<Gerber—Theodore R. Richter.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Winifred Kaltenbach<Merwin Realty — Charles J. Byrns. Francis E. Gribben<Louis M. Heminway—Alfred Katz.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.

Hartmann<Bearll.
Hartstein<Kelchner (2.)
Meth<Gibralter.
Mutual Life Ins<Forwell.
Lightstone<Hoffman.
Harris<Boudin Inv Co.
Stinard<Gatti.
NY Title & Mtg Co<Hipkiss.
Hurowitt<McDonald.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J. Silberstein<Goldstein.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.

Eller<Union Ry.
Sans<West Elec RR.
McCormack<Inter R T Co, (2.)
Koetznitzer<same.
Forsythe<Wegmann.
Kitman<Gotlieb.
Koes<Foran Fdny & Mfg Co.
Gross<Rodgers & H.
Lackowitz<Emerald Con Co.
Bonavia<Robson.
Kipust<Gordon.
Brenner<Goldstein.
Pollini<West El RR.
Schramek<Coleburn.
Cahill<West El RR.
Kanter<R Carvel Co.
North Side Roofing Co<CNY.
Tiplady<Kohn.
Alexander<Wager.
Penfield<Haas.
Zink<Scott.
Same<same.

Highest number reached in regular order 1123.

PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—...... J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S. No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.

Kober<Weber Sup Co.
Kitman<Howala Const Co. Inc.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT — Tierney, J. — Tooker<Burnett—Wilbur Larremore. Moller<Dertinger Const. Co.—Simon M. Platt. Ebling Brewing Co.<Reilly—Jerome A. Kohn.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Jane McSorley & ano<D'Auria Const. Co. et al.—William Peters. Henry C. Steinhoff & ano.<Frank A. Becker et al.—William Sherwood.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

DECISIONS.

J. K. Lester, applt., v. G. B. Lester, respt.—Motion and order granted.

D. H. Smith, pltf., v The Krants Mfg. Co., deft.—Application and order signed.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, P. J.; Thomas, Stapleton, Rich, Blackmar, JJ.—Motion calendar at 10 A. M.

Peo, &c<Valbro.
Same<Camuse.
Same<Fellio et al.
Graeber<Ehrgott.
Still<Still.
Peo, &c<Gartenbach.
Bagdon<P & R Co.
Osborn<Cardeza.
Re Murphy.
Synthetic Chem Co<Ohio Farmers Ins Co
McKenna<Levy.
Ugovitch<Ohio Farmere Ins Co.
Pederson<Union Ry.
In re W 24th, 25th, 23d Sts., Bklyn.
In re Maple St, Bklyn
Worthington<Worthington.
Fourth Nat Rty Co<Goodale et al.
Cohen<Lewis.
Dobbs<Powell et al.
Elias<Paragon Film.
Lewis et al<Butcher et al.
Peo, &c<Widder.
Cohen<Lewis.
Peo, &c. ex rel Hunter<Hirschberg.
Non-enumerated day calendar:
Harris<I R T.
Peo<Silberman Co.
Osborn<Cardeza.
Illingworth<Illingworth.
Chapman<Burstein.
Re Lawrence Av.
Globe Co<Ormond.
Re Sonn.
Williams<Bauman.
Gilleran<Springfield Cemetery Co.
Caplin<Penn Ins Co.
Chernes<Rosenwaser.
Re Tomford.
Glick<Russell.
Soro<same.
Normington<same.
Callahan<same.
Burns<same.
Horton<Hayes Co, (2.)
Re Gaignat.
Re Murphy.
Purick<Pt Jefferson Co
Re Mills.
Good<Brown.
Dolan<Ellis.
Huber<Gorg.
Martin<Bauman.
Davidson<B H RR.
Van Praag<CNY.
Fish<Rosenberg.
Kassel<Empire Co.
Lewis<NY Title Co.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Re Maltbie, (Moore & Co.)
C Moore<B H RR.
J Moore<same.
Re 72d St Sewer, Queens.
Makowsky<Koch & D Piano Co, (2.)
Peo of State (Piscina)<St Vito Society.
Berkowitz<Sperling.
Kunitzer<Kunitzer.
Polinka<B H RR.
Keenan<NY Con RR.
Camps<C I & B RR.
Re New Lotts Av, (Pohl et al.)
Santoro<Santoro.
Smith<Stern & Sons.
New Age Con Co<Hermerlin.
J J Nolan<Diamond.
A Nolan<same.
Brits<Thomas.
Von Dreele<Decker.
Creegan<Curran.
Ireland Rty Co<Lewis.
Rosebrook & Co<Warmboldt.
Re Bruere, (Moore & Co.)
Re Weil, (Bd Elect'ns)
Barker<Barker.
Tallerclo<McQuade Stevedoring Co.
Polloka<B H RR.
Brooks<Brooks.
Diltkey<Sheffield Con Co.
Clarke<Kelly, (2.)
Schmidt<Taylor.
Dowd<Brown.
Johnstone<Woodlawn Cemetery.
Riggi<Riggi.
Rothenburgh<Alpert.
Re Mun Ry, (Brighton Beach Line, Church Av.)
Weinstein<Weinstein.
Re Nichols, (Register Kings Co.)
Wilford<Sanze.
Re Nichols.
Wilford<Sanzo.
Fandry<Luhrs.
Belknap<Macy.

PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Scudder, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Callaghan, J.; Part III., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.

Lennon<C I & B RR.
Miller<B H RR.
Rodriguez<same.
Jena<same.
Coyle<Shaony.
Hanlon<Schaefer Co.
Delahy<C I & B RR.
Mott<Ostrander.
Murphy<Borden's Cond Milk Co & ano.
Zimmet<Rubinson.
Rosenberg<Ettner.
Ward<Horton Ice Cream Co.
Kalin<N Y Con RR.
Curran<Gunderson.
Stuft<B & G RR.
Hughes<Dry Dock Sav Inst et al.
Pollack<Shebar & ano.
Mable<Schmadeke et al.
Wisch<Stavin.
Rala<Nassau RR.
Mahon, Coan<Carroll.
Cohen<B H RR.
Clair<Loeser & Co.
Terry<Vogel.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:

Connors<Fleer Bros.
Quigley<Bkln Un Gas Co & ano.
Shaw<Kemorshyne Mfg Co & ano.
Dresner<Eisenberg & ano.
Sommer<Godfrey.
Eisenberg<Lehrfeld.
Ely<Lord Const Co.
Cohen<Meyer & ano.
Crochillo<Loew's Amusement Co.
Robertson<B H RR.
Tullman<[illegible]
Redmond<Feldman et al.
Pagliorolo<B H RR & ano.
McCullough<Interboro Brewing Co.
Adkins<NY Cons RR.
Miller<B H RR.
Sisson, Comr, &c<Strube & ano.
Schlueter<Adams & ano.
Sullivan<C I & G Ry.
Gallagher<Esposito.
[illegible]

Kaplan<B H RR.
Valas<NY Con RR.
Schultz<Cody.
Guinan<Blum.
Nitti<Rich L & RR.
Loiwin<So Bklyn Ry.
Luria<B H RR.
Clinton<Shindler.
Morrison<Hulse.
Lane<Union Smoked Fish Co.
Mitchell<Baker.
Bergman<B H RR.
Wynn<Melton House Wrecking Co.
Redmond<Feldman et al.
Paterson<Walsh.
Theysen<Fountain & Choate.
Klevenx<Blank.
Cogliano<Weghe & ano.
Johnson<B H RR.
Lang<Odom & Lang.
Ludgate<Maxwell.
Hyde<Jackson Sanatorium & ano.

Highest number reached on regular call, 2901.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V.—Fawcett, J.

Torre<Goldner.
Naughton<Kirby.
Eyl<Jacobs.
Doyle<Saggiomo.
Hopkins Security Co<190th St Holding Co.
So Bklyn Sav Inst<Levine.
Carfagna<Benedetto.
Berger<Wexler.
Simonelli<Di Domenico

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.

Aarons<R T Sub Con.
Marlowe, an inf<Wolf
Holden, admx<Pringle
Varion, an inf<Wender
Taylor<Manning.
Astoria Veneer M & D Co<Marden, O & H.

Remainder of calendar passed to Monday, Nov. 19.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2015.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Platt, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Fardette<NY & Stamford Ry Co.
Garrity<Varuna Invest
Rykszynski<Mackey.
Paolillo<Union Ry Co.
Monahan<NY C RR
McKenna<same.
Buchanan<Dickson & Turnbull.
Garlisch<NY C R R
Spear, <NY,NH&HRR.
Wegert<West Elec RR
Auer<Teschner.
Yoccolo<NY C RR.
Lemberger<Barone.
Gardne<Retagne Co.
Malloy<Milliken.
Farley<YonkersRR, (2)
Fusco<NY, NH & H RR.
Flannery<N Y Rys.
Wilson<Harmon Co.
Pace<West El RR.
Saxon<Polsky.
Johnson<Yonkers RR.
Marone<West Elec RR
Ugovitch<Ohio F Ins.
Gooley<West El RR.
Capano<Eggleston.
Quaretz<Yonkers RR.
Cummings<Cox.
Costello<Wallace.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:

Powers<West Elec RR
Schwartz<Taylor.
Lefkoff<Pitifsky.
Barilla<Cranford.
Youmans<Picone (2.)
Hunter<Mills.
Clarke<Union Ry.
Hynes<N Y C RR.
Moren<same.
Parker<Dezell.
Bacchus<West Elec RR.
Moore<NY C Inter Ry
Scott<De Vinne.
Claggert<NY C RR.
Crespi<Verschleiser.
Reilly<Pelham Sun Pub Co.
McGuire<Ward Baking Co.
Scott<De Vinne.
Hughes<Reid.
Conlon<Thanhouser Film Corp.
Condon<same.

Highest number reached on call, 535.

SPECIAL CALENDAR—Part II.—Keogh, J.—For Monday, Nov. 19.

Cowles<Morse-Boulger.
Wilkewitz<Sec Ins Co.
Gately<Adams.
Keys<Schleich.
Dyckman<County of Putnam.
Sonberg<Sellars.
Deveson & Burke<Oscawanna Bldg Co.
Meyer<Harris.
Cardeo<West Co Brewing Co, (2.)
Holzworth<Ebling Brewing Co.
Swanston<Kendall. (2.)
Medlar<Masters & Co.
Steel Furniture Co<Morgan & Schwairs.
Dow & Smith<City of Mount Vernon.
Safford<Hugh.
Burns<Furthman.
Peck<Woodward.
Wynants<Barrett.
Wuestenhoefer<Martens.
Reynolds Garage<Silver Motor Co.
Odell<Hallett.

SPECIAL TERM—Young, J.—At 10 A. M.
Goldovsky<Minchcili.
Also for the hearing of motions.

Surrogate's Court.

Sawyer, S.—At White Plains.

Wills for probate:
Robert F. Berry.
Alfred Eigeldinger.
Phillip Sheridan.
John De Yongh.
Adm'r's accounting:
Albert J. Doty.
Horten A. Crisp.
Exec'r's acc't'g:
Edward G. Faile.
Henry Fulling.
Gertrude F. Schmuck.
Sarah L. Morgan.
Petition to revoke probate:
Thomas J. Morrow.
Guardian's acc't'g:
William R. Bare.

RICHMOND COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Clark, J.

Zaborowska<S I Midland Ry.
Tonofsky<Straber.
Driscoll<S I R T RR.
Gontarek<Rudolph.
Solomon<Penn RR.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Forecast:
N. C., S. C., and Ga.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Fla.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Tenn.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Ky. and Ind.—Fair and warmer Fri. and Sat.
Mich. and Ohio—Fair Fri. Sat., fair and warmer.
La., Ark., Okla., Tex.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Ill., Mo., Wis., Minn., Iowa, N. Dak., S. Dak., and Kan.—Fair Fri. and Sat.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Plaintiff, v. SAM WEXLER, Defendant.

The President of the United States of America to Sam Wexler, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded that you personally appear before the Judges of the District Court of the United States of America, for the Southern District of New York, in the Second Circuit in Equity, within sixty days after service hereof, wheresoever the said Court shall then be, to answer a bill of complaint exhibited against you in the said Court by the United States of America, and to do further and receive what the said Court shall have considered in that behalf. And this you are not to omit under the penalty on you of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars.

Witness, Honorable Learned Hand, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, at the City of New York, on the 17th day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-second.

(Seal.) ALEX GILCHRIST, JR., Clerk.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, United States Attorney, Solicitor for United States of America.

The defendant is required to enter appearance in the above cause in the Clerk's office of this Court, within sixty days after service hereof, or the bill will be taken pro confesso against you.

ALEX GILCHRIST, Jr., Clerk.

To Sam Wexler, the defendant above named:

The foregoing writ of subpoena is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Julius M. Mayer, Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated October 15, 1917, and of that day filed, with the writ of subpoena and bill in equity herein, in the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court, Southern District of New York, at the United States Courts and Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

Dated New York, October 22, 1917.

FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address, U. S. Courts & P. O. Bldg., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HUDFORD COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York In Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Nov. 16, 1917, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 1,700 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of automobiles, commercial bodies and trucks, automobile frames, parts, office furniture and fixtures, &c.

HARRY ZALKIN, Receiver.
NATHAN FRIEDMAN, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

Above sale adjourned until Wednesday, November 21, at same time and place.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

(25 cents a line; six words to a line.)

OFFICE MANAGER.—Ten years' experience carrying executive responsibility; thoroughly competent accountant and forceful correspondent; have reached the limit in my present position and am ambitious for greater responsibility and advancement; could accept immediate appointment. Address W 10 Times.

A similar advertisement in next Sunday's edition of The New York Times will cost $1.75.

The New York Times rejects all unworthy or doubtful advertisements, and welcomes information from its readers in aid of its efforts to keep its advertising columns absolutely clean.

Reward of $100 offered by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any one who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement.

Send advertisements by mail or telephone The New York Times, Bryant 1000, or place through any advertising agency.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Property owners and real estate brokers will be interested in the action taken by the Real Estate Board, yesterday, to increase brokerage commissions on sales in Manhattan, the Bronx and Brooklyn.

At a meeting of the joint committee of the Board of Governors and the committee on ethics and commissions held in the board rooms, the step was taken whereby commissions for the sale and exchange of property are changed from the customary rate of 1 per cent. to a rate of 2½ per cent. on all sales up to $40,000, and 1 per cent. on sums above that amount.

The rate adopted is similar to that prevailing in Pittsburgh, Chicago and other large cities and is expected to stimulate brokers to become more energetic in the sales branch of the business. It will apply to contracts executed after January 1, 1918.

Renting commissions now in force will not be changed, the Board voting not to alter the existing rates.

Warehouse Section Project.

Baker & Williams, warehousemen, bought from the Gouverneur Mortgage Company, the southeast corner of Greenwich and Leroy Streets, a plot 100 by 100, on which they contemplate erecting a fireproof warehouse to take the place of their present warehouse on Washington Street, between Spring and Charlton, which has been acquired by the New York Central Railroad Company.

About a year ago Baker & Williams purchased a plot of 12,000 square feet on Morton Street, running from Greenwich to Washington, and erected a nine-story warehouse, which was rented by the United States Government, upon its completion. This necessitated the acquisition of this new site.

Title passed yesterday, subject to a mortgage of $45,000. William A. White & Sons were the brokers in the sale.

Leases in Old Shopping Centre.

More than 100,000 square feet of manufacturing space in the former Simpson-Crawford Building at 311 to 319 Sixth Avenue, southwest corner of Twentieth Street, have been taken by three large concerns, each to occupy two floors. The new tenants are the American Uniform Company, contractors for Government clothing; Siegel Brothers & Goodman, and Adelberg & Berman.

The Brett & Goode Company negotiated the lease. The first two tenants were represented, respectively by Spear & Co., and M. & L. Hess, Inc. The leases will involve rentals aggregating more than $200,000.

File Apartment Hotel Plans.

Plans were filed yesterday for the fifteen-story apartment hotel to be erected on the plot 133.6 by 102.2 at 141 to 153 West Seventy-third Street. The site is now occupied by a row of private dwellings, and was acquired recently from a syndicate in which A. L. Mordecai & Son were interested. The Hotel Hamilton Corporation is named as the owner in the plans. The cost has been estimated by the architects, Schwartz & Gross, at $400,000.

Buyers for Tenements.

Jacob Blanner sold to the Elemeo Realty Company, 298 Monroe Street, a six-story tenement on a plot 37.7 by 97.10.

$45,000 for Subway Corner.

The offer of $45,000 by Michael V. O'Malley for the vacant plot at the northeast corner of Rockwell Place and Fulton Street, Brooklyn, proved successful yesterday. Joseph P. Day conducted the auction at the Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange. The property was acquired by the city originally for subway construction purposes. The upset price was $45,000.

Queens Borough Sales.

A. S. Maas sold to J. H. Mills the property, 100 by 108 feet, on the west side of Remington Avenue, 100 feet north of Blanco Avenue, Jamaica.

The Leibovitz & Stark East New York Cornice Works of Brooklyn purchased a plot 80 by 95 feet, on the west side of Union Avenue, 105 feet north of Shelton Avenue, Jamaica.

The Sage Foundation Company sold to A. C. Boyd the dwelling on the west side of Greenway Terrace, 28 feet north of Archway Place, Forest Hills Gardens.

Staten Island.

Moffatt & Schwab sold the two-family frame dwelling at 36 Jackson Street, Stapleton, for Henry D. Kuck to Henry G. Otto for investment.

Long Island.

Irving H. Wolfe sold for the Patchogue Holding Company, August Elmer, President, to Norman Butler 7,500 lots at Patchogue, Long Island, being the balance of lots owned by the above company. Mr. Butler contemplates the erection of a number of Summer bungalows on this tract to meet next season's demands.

New Jersey.

The Frank Hughes-Taylor Company closed an exchange of the property owned by William J. Carr, Jr., at 9 North Mountain Avenue, on a plot 100 by 200 feet, running through and fronting on Francis Place, Montclair, to Grace H. Alford, who gave in part payment her property at the corner of Irving Street and Lexington Avenue. This transaction involves properties valued at $25,000. The same brokers later resold the Alford residence to a client for speculation.

Westchester County.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold a plot on Wickes Avenue, Nepperhan Heights, Yonkers, N. Y., to Gaston Barre, to add to his present holdings.

Connecticut.

George Thorne Hill, Jr., of New York City has purchased, through Horace E. Dann, the Oliver Hoyt place at Norwalk, Conn., consisting of house, stable, garage, &c., and ten acres of land, and will improve for residential purposes.

Downtown Trade Removal.

The Bedford Mills, Inc., for twenty years at Third and Mercer Streets, leased from Woodbury G. Langdon, the five-story building, at 80 to 82 Leonard Street, between Broadway and Church Street, for a five-year term. The lessee is a converter of silk and cotton goods, and the decision to move downtown is of particular interest at this time.

The brokers in the lease were the Charles F. Noyes Company and William Cruikshank's Sons.

Dwelling Leases.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. leased 21 West Thirty-seventh Street, the former residence of Dr. V. H. Norrie, to Mrs. Katherine Barrows for a long term of years.

The Houghton Company leased for the estate of Sarah E. Mellen the four-story dwelling at 61 Riverside Drive, adjoining the north corner of Seventy-eighth Street, to Edwina A. Lewis.

Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company, leased for Professor William M. Sloane 163 East Seventy-fourth Street, furnished, for the season, to Joseph Larocque, Jr.; also, for Delano & Aldrich, 310 Lexington Avenue, furnished, to Philip Boyer.

Realty Notes.

A meeting of the Real Estate Owners' Protective Association has been called for Monday evening, Nov. 19, at the Hotel Majestic. Congressman Henry M. Goldfogle will address the meeting.

Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney leased the four-story dwelling, 147 West Fourth Street, between Washington Square West and Sixth Avenue, for a studio through McCotter & Davis.

Albert Konselman is the buyer of 308 West 120th Street.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

34th St, 259 West, n s, 147.11 ft e of 8th Av, 22.11x98.9, four-story building and store; C. A. Hix, as committee, &c., against Marie Campbell et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $27,554.57; taxes, &c., $1,775; withdrawn.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

158th St, 1,028 East, s s, 110 ft e of Prospect Av, 20x100, two-story dwelling; Meta Maier against Margaret Wagner et al.; Morris Grossman, attorney; partition; to be readvertised for Nov. 27.

By Samuel Marx.

Tayler St, 1,728, near Morris Park Av, 25x95; Mary Dunn against Elizabeth Schur et al.; Harris, C., M. & C., attorneys; due, $5,557.47; taxes, &c., $177.70; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Lester St, s s, 129 ft e of Barker Av, two-story brick dwelling, 10.5x30; Helen M. Johnson, 2,176 Bathgate Av, owner; B. J. Johnson, 2,176 Bathgate Av, architect; cost, $4,000.

73d St, 141 to 153 West, for a fifteen-story hotel, 133.6x102.2; Hotel Hamilton Corporation, 30 Church St, owner; Schwartz & Gross, 347 5th Av, architects; cost, $400,000.

Alterations.

Plans under $5,000 omitted.

12th St, 13[illegible] West, to a four-story and basement dwelling; J. I. Walsh, 73 West 11th St, owner; F. Savignano, 6,005 14th Av, Brooklyn, architect; cost, $10,000.

James St, 48 and 50, to a six-story tenement, estate of N. T. Brown, Sloatsburg, N. Y., owner; Shampan & Shampan, 772 Broadway, Brooklyn, architects; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, NOV. 15.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 2,641, n w corner of 100th St, 26.10x100; Caroline Bookman et al., trustees, to George Constantin Realty Co., Inc., Nov. 10; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

CLINTON ST, 180, e s, 25x100; Peter P. Cappel to Sarra Wolff, 561 West 174th St, one-half part, b. and s., all liens, Oct. 2; attorney, Isidor Cohn, 299 Broadway $100

CHRYSTIE ST, 225, w s, 214.8 ft n of Stanton St, 20x100; Albert Cohn to Jacob Nusbaum, 76 East 4th St, all liens, Nov. 1; S. L. Frooks, 1,789 Broadway....$1

GREENWICH ST, e s corner of Leroy St, 100.4x108.4x100x100; Gouverneur Mort. Corpn. to Baker & Williams, Inc., 513 Washington St, mtg $45,000, all liens, Nov. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

LAFAYETTE ST, 185, old, e s, 116.6 ft s of Broome St, 20.6x65.6, except part for street; Peter P. Cappel to Sarra Wolff, 561 West 174th St, one-half part, b. and s., all liens, Oct. 2; attorney, Isidor Cohn, 299 Broadway....$100

MANGIN ST, 65, w s, 150 ft s of Rivington St, 25x99; Harbert Frankel to 65 Mangin St Corporation, 54 Loew Av, b. and s.; attorneys, Elsman, L., C. & L., 135 Broadway....$100

MONROE ST, s s, 226.7 ft w of Corlears St, 37.7x97.10; Jacob Blauner to Elemeo Realty Co., 59 Liberty St, all liens, Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

5TH ST, 313 East, n s, 150 ft e of 2d Av, 25x97; 5th St, 315 East, n s, 175 ft e of 2d Av, 25x97; Mary Henig to Sarah Greenberg, 65 Rivington St, one-half part, mtg $50,000, all title, July 5; attorney, M. Kohn, 144 2d Av....$1

7TH AV, w s, 23.1 ft s of 16th St, 91.11x160; Charles G. Kirchhof to William B. Betzig, 454 East 143d St, and Charles G. Kirchhof, Jr., 943 Morris Av, Bronx, Jan. 5; attorney, Francis B. Hull, 261 Broadway....$1

72D ST, 334 West, s s, 365 ft w of West End Av, 20x102.2; Lillie V. Kohn to Lydia F. S. Prentiss, 1 Riverside Drive, all liens, Nov. 15; attorneys, Wollman & W., 20 Broad St.$1

74TH ST, s s, 500 ft w of Columbus Av, 22x102.2; Henry W. Eaton to Arlanden C. Bridges, 148 West 74th St, all liens, Nov. 14; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

88TH ST, 64 and 66 West, s s, 85 ft e of Columbus Av, 40x100.8; D. A. Calhoun Contracting Co. to Service Realty Co., 55 Liberty St, mtg $113,500, all liens, Nov. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

103D ST, 320 East, s s, 287.6 ft e of 2d Av, 37.6x100; Hannah T. McLaughlin to James F. McLaughlin, 142 Murray Av, Larchmont, N. Y., mtg $32,600; attorney, Harold C. Knapp, 258 Broadway....$1

120TH ST, 308 West, s s, 175 ft w of 8th Av, 25x100.11; Max Jacoby to Albert S. Konselman, 16 West 102d St, mtg $12,000, all liens, Nov. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

190TH ST, n s, 120 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 80x100; Morris Schlachter to Shenk Realty Co., 66 West 107th St, all liens, Nov. 12; attorneys, Morrison & Schiff, 320 Broadway....$100

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 44.7 ft n of Prospect Pl, 25x120.8x26x113.5; Hannah Steiner to Caroline Wagler, 709 Eagle Av, mtg $5,000, Oct. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

BEACH TERRACE, 593, n s, 22.9x80; Frederick Deyerberg to Louis H. Giraud, 2,418 University Av, mtg $5,500, Nov. 8; attorney, C. A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Louis H. Giraud to Frederick Deyerberg and another, 694 East 163d St, mtg $5,500, Nov. 8; attorney, same....$1

BOGART AV, e s, 25 ft s of Pierce Av, 25x100; Charles Fontana to Pasquale Bevilacqua, 415 East 148th St, mtg $2,800, Nov. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

BROADWAY, e s, 273.9 ft n of 234th St, 150x300.11x150.6x287.5; David J. Rosen, referee, to Max Marx, 419 Convent Av, Nov. 13; attorneys, Goldsmith, C., C. & W., 61 Broadway....$20,000

ELTON AV, n w s, at s s, of 162d St, 31.8x90x25x109.6; Mary A. McGowan et al. to Martha E. Witthaus, 725 Elton Av, mtg $31,000, Nov. 10; attorney, C. A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St....100

GERARD AV, n s, 203.9 ft s of Bergen Av, runs n 101.9x w 168x e 64.2 to C. L. Mill Brook x s w 114.8x w 31x s 85.7 to street x w 38.11 to avenue x w 7.11, Santini Realty Co. to Annuccio Santini, 452 East 149th St, Nov. 12, attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 149th St....$1

GLEASON AV, n s, 25 ft e of line between lots 343 and 344 map of Unionport, 25x108, part of Lot 344, said map Sidney B. Hickox to Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av, Dec. 10, 1914; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av....100

LAMPORT AV, s s, 400 ft w of Ft. Schuyler Road, 25x100; Frank Gass to Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av, Nov. 13; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av....$100

LOT 18, Map 25, lots Cornell estate; Lambert G. Mapes to Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av, May 24; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av....$1

ROBBINS AV, e s, being Lot 279 and part of Lot 276, map Wilton & C., 50x155; Santini Realty Co. to Annuccio Santini, 452 East 149th St, Nov. 12; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, 148th St and Willis Av....$1

UNION AV, e s corner Home St, 26.9x99.4x74.5x110.2; Peter Binzel, Jr., to 1,154 Union Avenue Corp., 280 Amsterdam Av, mtg $27,082, Nov. 14; attorney, Joseph Condon, 1,131 Washington Av....$100

VYSE AV, e s corner of 173d St, 35x100; John P. Dunn, referee, to Edwin B. Meeks, trustee, 66 West 47th St, Nov. 13; attorney, E. G. Duvall, 277 Broadway....$25,000

WESTCHESTER AV, 801-815, n w corner of 158th St, 200x71.5x89.3 to Union Av x 201.2 x21.3; George A. Stevens, referee, to William L. Condit and another, exrs., Hoboken, N. J., Nov 2; attorneys, Elkers, G. & P., 111 Broadway....$200,000

WESTCHESTER AV, s s, 128 ft e of Bergen Av, 100x89.8x117.8x152.4; Santini Realty Co. to Annuccio Santini, 452 East 149th St, Nov. 12; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 149th St....$1

13TH ST, s s, 405 ft e of Av. B, 33.4x108; Anna Gitzinger to Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av, Jan. 31; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av....$1

137TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of Alexander Av, 50x100; Belwood Realty Co. to M. L. P. Realty Corp., Nov. 14, mtg $8,000; attorney, Cary & C., 59 Wall St....$1

137TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of Lincoln Av, 100x100; Belwood Realty Co. to M. L. P. Realty Corp., mtg $16,000, Nov. 14; attorneys, Cary & C., 59 Wall St....$1

148TH ST, e s, 94 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 106.1x103.11x106.1x105.4; Adolph Hank to Eleanor Hank, 1,064 Forest Av, Nov. 7; attorney, C. A. Furthman, 3d Av. and 148th St....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Eleanor Hank to Adolph Hank and another, 1,064 Forest Av, Nov. 7; attorney, same....$1

149TH ST, e s, 100 ft w of Clifton Av, 25x100; also 149th St, e s, 90 ft w of Brook Av, runs 25x n — to s s 149th St x e — x s to beginning; Santini Realty Co. to Annuccio Santini, 452 East 149th St, Nov. 12; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, 148th St and Willis Av....$1

221ST ST, s s, being Lot 828, map Wakefield, 100x114; Morris Liberman to Hyman Liberman, 719 East 218th St, one-quarter part, Nov. 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

223D ST, n e, 447.11 ft e of White Plains Road, 33.8x114.3; Esther Henry to Esther, wife of Isidor Henry, 761 East 223d St, Sept. 8, 1914; attorneys, Pressinger & N., 60 Wall St....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Esther Henry to Henry Meyer, 749 East 223d St, Feb. 26, 1916; attorneys, same....$1

235TH ST, n s, 85 ft e of Katonah Av, 25x100; David G. Curedale to Mary Curedale, 743 East 137th St, Nov. 12; attorney, J. W. Bryant, 391 East 149th St....$100

235TH ST, n s, 110 ft e of Katonah Av, 25x100; Mary Curedale to David G. Curedale, 614 Beach Terrace, Nov. 12; attorney, J. W. Bryant, 391 East 149th St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; David G. Curedale to William F. Craven, 614 Beach Terrace, Nov. 13; attorney, same....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

6TH ST., 217 EAST, n s, 248.5 ft e of 3d Av, 22.10x99.10; 6th St, 219 East, n s, 271.6 ft e of 3d Av, 23.6x99.10, Nov. 14; Ukrainian National Alliance of New York City to John Hawrylko, 107 St. Marks Place, 1 year; attorney, Daniel Boyton, 299 Broadway....$8,000

SAME PROPERTY, Nov. 14; Same to Michael Komarnicki, 104 1st St, 1 year; attorney, same....$3,000

96TH ST, 12 EAST, s s, 2,280 5th Av, 25x100.8, Nov. 14; Marie S. Livingston to Memorial Fund Assn., 49 Wall St., 5 years; attorney, New York Title & Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$55,000

129TH ST, s s, 135 ft e of Lenox Av, 27.3x99.11, Nov. 13; Anthony Building Corp. to Joseph Boesch, 59 Bandman Av., Jamaica, L. I., demand, int. as per note; attorney, J. Frank Ryan, P. O. Bldg., Jamaica, L. I....$124.52

BROADWAY, 2,641, n w corner of 100th St, 26.10x100, Nov. 15; George Constantin Realty Co. to Caroline Bookman; attorneys, Kurzman, F. & G., 25 Broad St....$105,000

5TH AV, e s, 25 ft n of 131st St, 25x99, Nov. 15; Emily W. Roemer to Veronica J. Klarenmeyer, 545 West 164th St, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$9,000

74TH ST, s s, 500 ft w of Columbus Av, 22x102.2, Nov. 14; Arlanden C. Bridges to Hy. W. Eaton, 150 West 74th St, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$8,000

WEST END AV, n w corner of 101st St, [illegible], 12,160 parts, all title, May 11; James B. Walsh to Mary A. Boyle, 841 West End Av, due Oct 1, 1918, 6 p. c....$500

Bronx.

BROADWAY, e s, 273.9 ft n of 234th St, 150x300.11x150.6x287.5; Max Marx to Arthur M. Essig, Yonkers, N. Y., Nov. 13, due as per bond; attorney, Goldsmith, C. C. & W., 61 Broadway....$20,000

BRISTOW ST, 1,340, e s, 25x irregular; Sadie B. Wattenberg to Pauline Miller, 1,340 Bristow St, Nov. 13, due as per bond; attorney, Max Lanblein, 6 Maiden Lane....$3,000

UNION AV, s s corner Home St, 26.9x99.4x74.5x110.2; 1,154 Union Avenue Corp., 280 Amsterdam Av, to Peter Binzel, Jr., 104 West 70th St, prior mtg $22,000, Nov. 14, due as per bond; attorney, Joseph Condon, 1,311 Washington Av....$6,000

MORRIS AV, w s, 125 ft s of 176th St, 25x120; Charles W. Cowles to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Nov. 14, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,000

CEDAR AV, 1,826, w s, 25x80; Peter Elding to Eureka Co-operative Savings and Loan Association, Oct. 24, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, John Dairs, 68 William St....$5,000

CLINTON AV, 2,140, e s, 66x150; Max Bldg. Co., Inc., to Josef Gertiner, 1,064 Findlay Av, prior mtg $50,000, Nov. 14, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. E. Greenberg, 290 Broadway....$5,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

PECK SLIP, 35, all; Anna S. Wilson to Bernard Mizel, on the premises, 5 years from May 1, 1917; attorney, Jas. L. Robinson, 100 Broadway......$1,500 and $1,600

73D ST, 507-519 East, all; Morris Rosenfeld to Joe. Stern, 52 East 101st St., 3 years from May 1, 1917; attorney, Daniel Drangle, 90 Rivington St....$8,100

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

LEXINGTON AV, Depew Place, 45th, and 46th Sts, block, &c; Pietrowske & Konop Co. against N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co., owner; John Pierce Co., contractor; renewal....$7,706

SAME PROPERTY, Baker, Smith & Co. against same....$6,585

Bronx.

MORRIS AV, e w corner of Cameron Place, 100x89.8; Henry Nordheim against Kerry Building Co.; Mary A. Koester, President, and John Doe, owners Mary Loester, contractor....$125

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

22D ST, 23 East; John Olsow against Sarah I. Van Wart et al., April 18, 1917; by bond....$259

WEST END AV, 300; Pratt & Lambert, Inc., against Paterno Construction Co. et al., Nov. 9, 1917....$1,689

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

VYSE AV, e s, 51.10 ft s of Boston Road, 50.5 x 89.5 x irregular; Vyse Av, e s, 28.5 ft e of Boston Road, 25.5x89.5x24x34.4; Cooper St, s s, 150 ft e of 204th St, 50x100; Delia Murphy against Michael J. Dowd et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorney, W. F. Clare.

ORCHARD ST, 196; Emma Ziegel against Morris Lipschitz et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorneys, Elsman, Levy, Corn & Lewine.

Bronx.

LOTS 38 and 27, Map of Wardsville, Town of West Farms; Chiaffarelli Co. against Rebecca Elson, foreclosure of mtgs; attorney, C. P. Halleck.

LOT 175, map of 175 lots in Bronx Borough belonging to estate of Lewis Gouverneur Morris; Nancy Levy et al., as exrs., against John E. Scharsmith et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorney, J. C. Israel.

VYSE AV, e s, 51.8 ft s of Boston Road, 50.4x97.6; also Vyse Av, e s, 51.8 ft s of Boston Road, 23.4x94.3; also Cooper St, s s, 150 ft e of 204th St, 50x100; Delia Murphy against Michael J. Dowd et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorney, W. F. Clare.

POPLAR ST, s s, at intersection of n s of Bear Swamp Road, 97.8x114.5; Mary B. Cash against Elizabeth A. Clancy et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorney, H. Swain.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25126. Notice is given that ROBERT LAVINE, trading as the M. & L. MILLINERY CO., alleged bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated November 14, 1917, praying for the confirmation of a composition, and that all creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on November 26, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why such confirmation of composition should not be granted.

Dated, New York, November 14, 1917.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 24,986.—U. S. DIST. COURT, SO. DIST., N. Y.—In Bankruptcy.—LEHRFELD & BITTERMAN, individually and as copartners trading as SUPREME NEGLIGEE CO., Bankrupt.

Creditors of said bankrupt are hereby given notice that on October 3rd, 1917, they were duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 233 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on November 28th, 1917, at 12:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 24,840.—U. S. DIST. COURT, SO. DIST., N. Y.—In Bankruptcy.—DAVID C. ALTMUSS, trading as GEORGETTE SHOP, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said bankrupt are hereby given notice that on November 12th, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 233 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on November 28th, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25254.—In Bankruptcy.—ADOLPH E. PEETZ, Bankrupt.

Adolph E. Peetz was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 12, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on November 28, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24967.—In Bankruptcy.—MAX KUPPERMAN, Bankrupt.

Max Kupperman was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 12, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on November 28, 1917, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25112.—In Bankruptcy.—KATHODIAN BRONZE WORKS, INC., Bankrupt.

Kathodian Bronze Works, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on October 23, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on November 28, 1917, at 12 noon. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District N. Y.—No. 25,241.—In Bankruptcy.—PHILIP MITCHELL, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Philip Mitchell are hereby given notice that on November 9th, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, November 28th, 1917, at 11:10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District N. Y.—No. 25,250.—In Bankruptcy.—ARTEMUS C. PLUMMER, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Artemus C. Plummer are hereby given notice that on November 10th, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, November 28th, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25,043. Notice is given that WEAR WELL LADIES APPAREL CO., INC., bankrupt, has applied for a confirmation of composition of all its debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, November 26th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why composition should not be confirmed.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 23995. Notice is given that ALFONSO LAMBROSA, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 17, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24,644. Notice is given that JOSEPHINE GOLDSTEIN, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all her debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 17th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25,022. Notice is given that JOSIAH M. NEIFERT, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 17th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25126. Notice is given that ANNA M. HYAMS, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all her debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 17, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

THE BOSTON NATIONAL GRAND OPERA COMPANY, INC.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt: Take notice that pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, the undersigned will sell at public auction at the Granite Street warehouse of the Boston Wharf Company, Granite Street, South Boston, Mass., on the 16th day of November, 1917, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to the highest bidder therefor, all the property and assets of the above named bankrupt, consisting of scenery, costumes, electrical effects, etc.

Said property may be inspected at the place of sale at any time before the sale.

The sale to be had is subject to confirmation by the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.

Dated, New York, Nov. 3, 1917.
DAVID COHEN, Trustee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EDW. J. O'BRIEN, trading as PROGRESSIVE TIRE & REPAIR CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Nov. 16, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Automobile Tires, Bicycle Tires, Inner Tubes, Iron Rims, Cans of Oil, Sprays, Motors, Vulcanizer, Roll Top Desk, Safe, Show Case, etc.

EDWARD S. LEVY, [illegible]

MORTGAGE LOANS.

$200,000 at 5%
(60% Appraisal) Manhattan—will divide
EDWARD W. SCOTT, Jr.
Tel. 1610 John. 34 Pine St.

$200,000 at 5%
On Choice Manhattan Property. Preferably in one amount.
MORGENTHAU JR Co
25 PINE STREET

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

PARK AVENUE CORNER.
An attractive investment yielding 12% net income.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 148 West 72d St.

FIFTH AVENUE CORNER
Above 42d Street, an unusual investment yielding 15% net income.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 148 West 72d St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Pretty Brick Houses
$35—For Rent—$35
Seven rooms, Beautifully Decorated, all ready to occupy, New Subway, Brooklyn. Silsby, 217 B'way, New York; Barclay 4585.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CALIF. SEMI BUNGALOW
built for all-year home; 7 rooms, bath, steam heat, garage; 4,000 square feet; refined neighborhood; sidewalks, electricity, gas, sewer, privilege of restricted bathing beach, yacht club, free mooring for your motor boat; about three minutes' walk from pier and station; 30 minutes to Herald Square; will sell to responsible party for $500 cash, balance very easy terms. R. B. S., 243 West 34th St., N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A SUPERIOR NEW HOME
Nothing so emphatically artistic in WESTCHESTER COUNTY.
Located on high ground. New Rochelle & almost 1 acre.
To see is to be carried away with its excellent lines and its perfect appointments throughout.
12 ROOMS, 3 BATHROOMS.
Price is most attractive and worthy of your immediate consideration.
O'CONNOR REAL AGENCY
221 Huguenot St. Tel. 594 New Rochelle, N. Y.

SPECIALISTS IN WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES.
INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave.

BARGAIN AT KATONAH.
4½ acres; residence 10 rooms, 2 baths, toilets, hot water heat; stable, garage, workshop, man's room; practically new.
Clark, Lee, Tibbits Co., Inc. White Plains, N. Y. Phone 1516

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

66 East 78th Street
Private Dwelling For Rent.
17 Rooms—4 Baths—2 Lavatories
Completely renovated. Hot water and steam supplied from the adjoining building; new plumbing and electric fixtures; windows on 3 sides; exceptionally deep house; will decorate to suit.
Rent $5,500. Apply to
Edgar A. Levy Leasing Co.,
505 Fifth Avenue.
Tel. 6960 Murray Hill.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

STORE & BASEMENT Rental $3600.
LOFTS 50 x 100 Rental $2000.
N. W. Cor. Bleecker St & Wooster St.
Modern fireproof building; freight-passenger elevator, sprinkler system, all improvements, high ceilings, unusual light; to lease from Feb. 1st. Apply Supt. on prem. or your own broker.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

14th St., 335 West
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4-5-6 ROOMS
Extra large, especially well arranged; abundant closet space; beautifully decorated, conveniently located.
RENTS $33 UP.

The Raymore,
1 West 68th St., Cor. Central Park W.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,300 to $1,400.
Apply Superintendent on premises, or Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.

340 WEST 86TH ST.
KITCHENETTE APARTMENT
2 Rooms and Bath,
$900 to $1,000.
M. H. GAILLARD & CO.
2289 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 3979.

BONNY CASTLE
601 WEST 191ST ST.—Elevator apartments at St. Nicholas Ave. Subway station.
4 AND 5 ROOMS
$40 TO $50.

WILBRAHAM, N. W. Corner 5th Ave., at 30th St.—Choice Apartments.
two rooms and bath each; rent $65.00 and $70.00 per month, including maid's services. Superintendent on premises or FRED'K FOX & CO., 14 West 40th St., Vanderbilt 540.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

JUST COMPLETED

370 Central Park West

The Apartment House Unique.
S. W. Corner of 97th Street.
An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness.
Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.

Suites of 3 to 7 Rooms,

Rentals $700 to $1,800.

Special 5-Room Suites, with Huge Living Room and Open Fireplace.
For booklet, floor plan, etc.,
See Renting Agent on premises, or

FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORP.,
299 Madison Ave., corner 41st St.
'Phone Vanderbilt 3237.

OWING TO WAR CONDITIONS preventing the fulfillment of orders placed several months ago for Furniture and Room Furnishings

WE WILL RENT UNFURNISHED

Apartments of one and two rooms with bath and three rooms with 2 baths FOR TEN MONTHS AT

A GREAT CONCESSION

from regular rates for these particular suites.

HOTEL ALEXANDRIA

JUST OPENED

250 WEST 103D STREET,
Between Broadway and West End Ave.
Subway Express Station at Corner.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Corner apartment, 9 rooms, $2,000
Southerly apart., 9 rooms, $1,800

LAURISTON

1,239 Madison Av.,

Northeast Corner 89th St.

Excellent location, perfect condition, just renovated. Inquire on premises.

THE WOOLSEY
141 East 44th Street
East of Lexington Avenue.
2 Rooms, Bath Kitchenette
Unfurnished, $60.00 to $72.50
Furnished, $70.00 to $82.50
Satisfactory Reference Indispensable.
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

BRONX.

Just Completed,

4 elegant room up-to-date apartments; large and commodious; moderate rents.

261 & 265 East 201st St.

Handy to trolley, new Jerome Av. subway station, and New York Central Railroad.

REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

81 BARKER AV., WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. For rent, a three-story and basement frame dwelling, containing 14 rooms and 2 baths; hot water heat; plot 75x175; rent, $100 per month. JOSEPH P. DAY, Agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For sale or rent.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

WILL sacrifice beautiful home; can give immediate possession; $500 down and $130 per month buys new hollow tile, stuccoed, tile roof house, with garage for two cars; plot 140x106; three bathrooms; extra closet in cellar, six sleeping rooms, large living room, vestibule, centre hall, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, two fireplaces, combination coal and gas range, steam heat, two shower baths, ample clothes closets, hardwood parquet floors throughout; water privileges for bathing and yachting included; churches, excellent schools, three yacht clubs, two golf courses and tennis courts adjacent; 33 minutes from Pennsylvania Station. Telephone, call, or write immediately. C. Tuxill, 47 W. 34th St., N. Y. City. Tel. Greeley 563.

If you are looking for a small country home with 2 full acres of fine farm land, located not far from railroad town, and beautiful lake, complete for $1,325, on easy terms, call or write at once to B. Store, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Beautiful seven-room house, garage, at Murray Hill, L. I.; every modern improvement; will sell reasonable; terms. For particulars apply owner, H. C. Fuyat, 302 West 36th, N. Y. C.

Old house, with plenty of ground for vegetables, chickens, &c.; good section; near station and bay; only $1,400 to quick buyer; on easy terms. Estate, 280 Times Downtown.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

An Ideal Home.—Ready to occupy; plot 7,500 square feet, with wonderful old shade trees; six rooms, bath, large living room, parquet floors, open fireplace, veranda on two sides; dining and sleeping porch; model kitchen, with instantaneous automatic water heater, butler's pantry; refined surroundings; restricted; improved street, sewer, water, gas, electricity, stores, school, church, golf, tennis; 3 minutes to station; 30 minutes to New York; 40 trains daily; commutation $5.90; price $5,500, small amount of cash; balance to suit. Call, write, or telephone owner, Munson D. Ayers, 140 West 36th St. Phone Greeley 4535.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Westfield.—Nine-room house on ½-acre corner plot; sewer, water, heat, electric and gas light; rebuilt, and in choice condition; great bargain, $5,500. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York.

BEST BARGAIN IN MARKET.
Must sell my beautiful home at sacrifice. Particulars from Owner, 65 Times.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

CONNECTICUT EXCLUSIVELY.
John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., New York.

Real Estate at Auction.

AUCTION SALE.
Twelve-room house, outbuildings, 11½ acres land, situated on west side of Bayside Road, Bayside, L. I.; will sell, rain or shine, Nov. 17, 1917, at 2 P. M., on premises. By order Dr. S. Hannon, Owner.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

Three-story and basement private residence for sale; Washington Heights; owner must sacrifice. X 225 Times Annex.

Queens.

At Elmhurst, near "L," nine-room brick house, 40x100; price $6,500; first mortgage $4,250, balance cash. M 78 Times.

Long Island.

Modern 5-room bungalow near ocean and bay; all latest up-to-date improvements; open fireplace, beamed ceilings, paneled walls, connecting bath with bedrooms; ground has hedges, shrubs, flowers, &c., all improvements; privilege of private beach and club; near trolley, easy to commute; owner will decorate to suit buyer; easy terms. Photos, &c., by writing to "Bungalow Owner," Box 291 Times Downtown.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

Two-acre hilltop home; great view; commuting zone; 7 rooms, bath; steam heat; barn, chicken house, fruit, garden; clean-cut, attractive; $5,500; opportunity.
S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, 120 Broadway, N. Y., and Ridgewood, N. J. Rector 7718. Tel. 555.

New York State.

Furnished house, 48 miles, Erie; State road; two acres; all modern conveniences; 12 rooms; steam heated; near station. Apt. 2, 145 West 69th St. Columbus 6418.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

SULLIVAN COUNTY FARM—LAKE FRONTAGE.
200-Acre Farm on lake front, four miles from Monticello, N. Y., in deer country; small pond on farm; good bass and pickerel fishing; can be divided into bungalow lots on lake front; good buildings and good soil; wood on farm; bargain if bought at once. Address P. O. Box 471, Monticello, N. Y.

15 acres, 5 minutes' walk commuting station and school; on State road; house, all improvements; fuit; barn, poultry houses; fine shade and view; $6,500; terms; best offering here; photo. Howard Goldsmith, 110 West 34th St.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Farm, 25 acres, old-fashioned stone house; improvements, barns, chicken plant, old mill, stream, pond, orchard; hour out overlooking Ramapos; price set under value to effect immediate sale; terms arranged. Harrie Baxter, 489 Fifth Av. Telephone.

COMMUTER'S FARM, hour out on Erie, good express service; fine modernized house, excellent outbuildings; 50 acres; 10 minutes drive from station; fruit trees; stock; tools; all equipped. Brady, 15 Park Row.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

81st, 3 East.—Attractively furnished 5-story American basement; elevator and squash court. Can be seen from 1 to 5 P. M., or phone 6958 Plaza.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Manhattan.

93D, 257 WEST.—FIVE-STORY AMERICAN BASEMENT; $2,500. CARETAKER.

80TH, 111 EAST.—17 rooms, 3 baths; renovated throughout; $2,000. Caretaker.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

To Lease—Fully equipped small factory, within 30 miles from New York, suitable for any one requiring assistance to turn out Government contracts requiring sewing machines; will also assist in financing if necessary. Address B. B., 216 Times Downtown.

9 AND 11 EAST 16TH ST.
Store, basement, and several lofts, 50x100, between Union Square and 5th Av.; no manufacturing in building. Inquire superintendent on premises, or phone Chelsea 4480.

Six-story loft building, suitable for manufacturing, 40x60, on lower east side. Savings Bank, Box N 385 Times Downtown.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE.—Large and small, uptown and downtown; most prominent buildings. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 115 Broadway. Phone 5664 Rector.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES—Every facility, $18.50 and $30.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway. Room 807.

Space, rear parlor floor; privilege of elegantly furnished show rooms; large window; near 5th Av; also desk room. M 70 Times.

Columbus Av., 326, (Woolworth Block.)—First floor, suitable dentist, ladies' tailor, full dress parlor; modern front; low rent.

Fifth Av. office, with northern light, size 17x34, suitable for architect. Inquire Room 1007, 366 Fifth Av.

All conveniences, telephone service and stenographer. Chelsea Paper and Twine Co., 144 West 19th.

Skylight studios, bachelor apartments, $30 to $60. 5 West 16th St.

Store.—145th, 264 West, near 8th Av., 10x80, $45; also light basement, 3,000 feet, $35.

Studio, 18x24, north light, to rent; $40. 4th Av., cor. 25th St. Madison Square 3381.

Office space in well-furnished office in Woolworth Building, Room 2309.

Loft 44x77; elevator, steam heat; 36th St. and 1st Av. Telephone 3015 Morningside.

Private office, deskroom, service; newly furnished. Room 308, 51 East 42d.

Store, parlor floor; also skylight studios. 5 West 16th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Ground floor, (no basement,) 50x50 or larger; with or without power; accessible to subway or elevated system, Manhattan, Queens, or Bronx. Box 49, Grand Central Station.

Loft or building about 25,000 sq. ft. with high pressure boilers wanted, between 14th and 42d Sts. Write only, J. Mintz, 911 Longwood Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

80TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service, beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

56TH, 133 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Exclusive house, 2 or 3 rooms and bath, southern exposure; breakfast if desired.

58TH, EAST, (Near Madison Av.)—Attractively furnished 2 or 3 rooms, bath; maid service; elevator. Telephone 4120 Plaza.

58TH, 43 EAST.—Two rooms and bath, private entrance, apartment house. Adams, 43 East 58th St.

66TH, 42 EAST.—Attractively furnished 2-room apartment; seen any time; $1,500 a year. Phone Miss Nowlin. Plaza 5754.

81ST, 75 EAST, (corner Park Av.)—Sunshiny apartment to sub-let, furnished, 5 rooms and bath. Telephone Lenox 9390.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED.
Choice localities; long, short leases.
4 to 12 rooms. East. West Side.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1458.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

ARTIST'S six-room apartment, complete. Telephone Gramercy 723.

ATTENTION! — Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

ATTENTION.—Established 30 years. List your apartments. Waiting lists. A1 clientele. Lelands, One West 34th. Phone 1428 Greeley, also Murray Hill 3241.

Attractive APARTMENTS, furnished. Murray Hill 4383. THE FALCO, 505 5th Av.

BACHELOR APARTMENT, two rooms, kitchenette, 5th Av. section. Lenney, 51 East 42d.

Distinctive apartment, 10 rooms and 3 baths, $5,900. Telephone Plaza 6525.

EAST 30's, handsomely furnished 8 rooms, $200 month, immediate possession. Vanderbilt 1450.

AN EXCEPTIONAL apartment for bachelors in private house; exclusive location. Telephone Plaza 2200.

CORNER APARTMENT; six rooms, daintily furnished; elevator, telephone; $100. 138 E. 94th St.

PLAZA SECTION.—Seven rooms, 3 baths, very handsomely furnished. Particulars Columbus 3974.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 80 EAST.—Going to France, sublet elegantly furnished apartmen, including piano.

Furnished—West Side.

16TH, 51 WEST.—1, 2, and 3 room suites; southern exposure; open fireplace; tea room in building; light, heat, telephone, maid service.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths; single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just Off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST. — Completely furnished, high-class bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80 up; service. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.

54TH ST., 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsomely furnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath and 3 rooms with 2 baths; sunny rooms; steam heat.

55TH ST., 1,730 Broadway.—Big, bright, fine; two rooms, bath; elevators; telephone; hall service. Hart.

56TH, 342 WEST.—Front elevator apt., 3 rooms, kitchenette; attractively furnished. Mason.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Sublet, 4-room apartment, exquisitely furnished; two bedrooms, living and dining room combined, kitchen; refrigeration; maid service; $250 monthly. Call, afternoons, Apt. 4-J, or telephone appointment, Circle 1456.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Attractive, handsome 7 outside rooms, 3 bedrooms. Telephone 1377 Columbus.

58TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.
Alwyn Court; 12 rooms, 5 baths; newly decorated; magnificent, artistic, yet homelike. Railing. 4253 Columbus.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex apartment, Hotel des Artistes, three rooms, kitchenette, refrigeration, cooking free; $200. Mrs. Wood.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $17 to $25 weekly, $55 to $90 monthly; completely furnished; satisfactory references absolutely necessary; open evenings.

70TH, (2,025 Broadway, The Nevada.)—Newly decorated, epacious, 7-room, high-class elevator apartment, all rooms facing Broadway; immediate possession; $250 month; family leaving city. Apt. 2B.

72D, 124 WEST.—4 outside rooms, bath, southern, northern exposure; completely furnished to smallest detail; $175. Apt. 1208.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Suite, one, two rooms; also studio; private baths; $55, $150.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

75TH St., (northeast corner West End Av.)—Attractive suites, with bath; large, sunny rooms, with or without bath; suitable for two.

79TH ST., 307 WEST.—Own home, 8 rooms, 2 baths, exceptionally well appointed, piano, beautiful view Hudson and Southern exposure; $300 monthly. Apt. 10 West.

79TH, 310 WEST.—8 beautiful, sunny rooms, 3 baths; 9th floor; newly furnished and decorated; river view. Telephone 2236 Schuyler.

85TH, 208 WEST, (subway.)—Seven rooms, well furnished home; inspection invited. Huntington.

87TH, 307 WEST.—Private house, large back parlor, bath, kitchenette; electricity; service; $50.

96TH, (Subway.)—5 front rooms, 1 bath, 1 family bedroom; newly decorated, most attractively furnished; elevator building; $135. Telephone Columbus 3974.

97TH.—Beautifully furnished 5-room apartment, $135 month; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 1452.

98TH, 203 WEST.—Sublet, 3 rooms, attractively furnished; bath; southern exposure. Apt. 5B.

112TH, 611 WEST. — Handsomely furnished seven-room apartment, overlooking Riverside; newly decorated.

115TH, 606 WEST.—Seven large, light rooms; elevator. Seen afternoons. Jacobs.

116TH, 600 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 5-room apartment, including linen, silver, pianola, Victrola, &c.; will consider lease, 6 to 9 months, $150 per month; services of our maid can be secured; seen by appointment. Apt. 103, phone Morningside 8606.

116TH, (Subway.)—5 rooms, new building, charmingly furnished; details. Columbus 3974.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $60-$75-$85; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates $80 monthly and up, $20 weekly up; breakfast and dinner, $9 weekly, (optional.)
HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST.
One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus line. C. M. Bellak, Mgr. Dir.

APARTMENTS Beautifully Furnished.
2 TO 5 ROOMS AND BATH.
Attractive restaurant, table d'hote and a la carte; best food, reasonable prices; complete hotel service $60 monthly up; near Riverside Drive, Central Park; 2 blocks from 96th subway express station.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS,
305 West 98th St. Near Broadway,
Telephone Riverside 6100.

APARTMENT Hunting Unnecessary; consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d. Col. 1077.

APARTMENTS PERSONALLY INSPECTED.
Exclusive Renting, 1,482 B'way. Bryant 7773.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments,
$35, $45, $55 $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease or unfurnished; near Subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

ATTRACTIVE private home apartments, west side and Washington Heights. Crescent Co., 547 West 110th, Corner Broadway, (2d floor.)

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

EXCEPTIONAL opportunity to obtain sunny 2-room elevator apartment. Morningside 2530. Reynolds.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS A SPECIALTY.
—Town-Country Renting Agency, 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5565.

FOUR-ROOM elevator apartment; west side; two adults. Box 284, 852 Columbus Av.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to sublet, season or longer. Apply Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (116th.)—Sunny, well-heated corner apartment, 8 rooms, 3 baths, beautifully furnished, piano, china, linen; southern exposure, lovely view; fireproof building. Reed.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Corner 119th.)—7 room, completely furnished apartment; 2 baths, extra lavatory. Apply to manager.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES. — Furnished sublet apartments, long, short leases. WICKLIFFE GRAY, FURNISHED APARTMENT SPECIALIST, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

WEST END AV., Corner 80th St.—10 rooms, 2 baths; 10th floor; entirely new; unusually beautiful. Telephone 2225 Schuyler.

WEST END AV., 740.—Handsomely furnished 5-room apartment; highest class; desirable, spacious.

80s.—Handsomely furnished 8-room duplex apartment, immediate possession. Winter months, longer, $175 month. Particulars telephone Vanderbilt 1453.

2-ROOM kitchenette apt., $150 month; every convenience. Phone 273 Circle.

Unfurnished—East Side.

34TH ST., 62 and 64 East, Vanderbilt Studios, (adjoining Vanderbilt Hotel.)—Apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath, $900 to $1,380; meals and service if desired. Apply R. S. Kamin, on premises, or telephone Murray Hill 913.

Unfurnished—West Side.

25TH ST., 254 WEST.—Artistically decorated, magnificent light, elevator apartments; telephone; uniform day, night service; large 4 to 6 rooms, bath; only $40 to $60.

57TH, 329 WEST.—Exceptional apartment for couple; near Carnegie; three rooms; electricity, bath, heat, &c.; convenient elevated, subway; everything modern; $60.

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (Near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2028.

84TH, 17 WEST.—7 large, light rooms, bath; one flight up; with electric light, $65.

104TH ST., 5 WEST.—Apartment to sublease, rear 4 rooms; elevator; view on Park. See Superintendent or Mrs. R. Manes.

110TH, 225 WEST—DAWSON ARMS.
High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms, facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

111TH, 518 WEST—TRINITY COURT.
High-class elevator apartment, 7 rooms; parquet flooring throughout; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

111TH ST., 526 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Modern apartment house, 8 rooms, 2 baths; very desirable; $1,200. Supt.

113TH, 517 WEST.—High-class elevator apartments, 5, 8 rooms; owner's management. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

150TH, 569, (Corner Broadway.)—Six large outside rooms; modern elevator bldg.; $65.

159TH ST., 465 WEST.—High-class apartments, 7 rooms, $55; sub., L, bus.

AUDUBON AV., 215, Corner 178th, (Brighton.)—Six rooms, bath; elevator apt.; $50.

BROADWAY, S. E. COR. 160TH ST.
Six, eight large, light rooms; high-class; elevator, electricity; complete service; low rentals. Superintendent on premises.

LENOX AV., 54, (Adjacent to 112th.)—7 large rooms, bath, hot water, phone, &c., near sub. and all surface cars, $50.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

A Lady wishes to lease furnished apartment for 5 or 6 months, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, in high-class building in good neighborhood, below 59th St. preferred; $100 to $125. B. J., O 216 Times Downtown.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT, large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Young couple want furnished three-room apartment; heated; Manhattan; reasonable. O 105 Times.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.
Exclusive Renting, 1,482 B'way. Bry. 7773.

List your furnished apartments. Katharine Martin, 249 West 76th St. Schuyler 8522.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Unfurnished.

TWO rooms, unfurnished, with bath, in Washington Square section or not north of 72d St.; not over $40. J 310 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Attractive room, all improvements; gentlemen; references; private residence.

15TH, 105 EAST, (Apt. 94.)—Opp. Union Square Hotel. Unique accommodations for 1-2 bachelors; parlor, bedroom, piano, bath, steam, electric lights, telephone; handsome fireproof building; $50 monthly; subway.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

16TH, 206 EAST.—Medium-sized rooms, private house; steam heat; references required.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished room, private bath; steam heat, electricity; park privileges; board optional; references.

22D, 41 EAST.—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished rooms; all conveniences; also basement; references.

31ST, 114 EAST: 30TH, 39 EAST.—Heated; attractively furnished; running water; electricity.

53D, 65 EAST.—Large front room, private house; all conveniences; special telephone service.

60TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; 'phone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water; $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

64TH, (848 Lexington.)—Large and small rooms; running water, telephone, all conveniences.

66TH, 46 EAST.—Large front room; also others; very reasonable; running water; telephone.

78TH, 119 EAST.—Neatly furnished large rooms, all conveniences; breakfast; telephone; references.

MADISON AV., 174.—VANDERBILT STUDIOS.—Furnished, unfurnished rooms; unusual; references exchanged. Mur. Hill 9286.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive room, with bath or running water; musical studios rented by day or hour.

PARK AV., 70, (38th.)—Comfortably furnished, clean room for gentleman; elevator; $5.

West Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Private family; two rooms, singly or suite; large, warm, comfortable apartment; gentlemen only. Boyd.

8TH, 21 WEST, (Washington Square Section.)—Two connecting rooms; running water; suitable for light housekeeping; furnished or unfurnished.

12TH, 38 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath, electric lights, steam heat, telephone; references.

24TH, 328 WEST.—Large heated rooms, bath adjoining; private house; gentleman.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

47TH, 27 WEST.—Handsomely furnished single, double rooms; private bath; telephone; $45; 10-12.

48TH, 32 WEST. — Sunny room, adjoining bath; other rooms, in clean, cheerful house.

50TH, 44 WEST.—Single room, freshly decorated; first-class house; electricity; references.

55TH, 361 WEST.—Well-kept, warm room, parlor floor; running water; $5; references.

57TH, 260 WEST.—Large, single room; steam heat and electricity; fifth floor; elevator.

58TH ST., (between 5th and 6th Avs.)—Room in first-class apartment, with French family. Plaza 1348.

128 WEST 58TH ST.
Comfortable room; modern conveniences; gentleman, references.

40 WEST 58TH ST.
Rooms and Suites, attractively furnished.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Hall bedroom, $3 weekly; other single and double bedrooms; warm running water; private baths; references.

68TH, 63 WEST.—Large and small beautifully furnished; private house; gentlemen. Columbus 8749.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Neat, handsome rooms, single and suite; private telephone; electricity; excellent location.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Rooms with and without running water; near all car lines.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen; business couple.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms for gentlemen; must be seen to appreciate.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Studio, large double and single room; southern exposure; breakfast; references.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Studio room, private bath; steam heat, electricity; unusual house.

71ST, 216 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny room; private bath.

72D, 336 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom, suitable studio; facing Hudson and Drive; electricity.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Attractive front room; electric lights; private family; gentlemen.

122 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms; near Subway, elevated; references.

73D, 302 WEST.—Two double rooms, front and southern exposure, private baths; board optional; comfortable Winter home; near subway.

73D, 118 WEST.Newly decorated large and single rooms; private baths; southern exposure.

73D, 139 WEST.—Two single, large rooms, beautifully furnished; southern exposure; electricity.

73D, 173 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms for business people; references.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room; private bath; telephone, electric light.

74TH, 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS. Exceptional, newly furnished and decorated large rooms, with baths, electric light, steam heat, valet service; references required.

74TH, 242 WEST.—ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED SUITES; ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT BATH; ALSO DOCTOR'S OFFICE; BREAKFAST IF DESIRED.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Small room, well heated; southern exposure, adjoining bath; electricity; reference.

75TH, 159 WEST.—Single, ensuite; attractively furnished; southern exposure; electricity; adjoining bath.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Beautiful front parlor, connecting bedroom; also large rooms, private bath.

75TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, private bath; also small room; electricity.

75TH, 126 WEST. —Large rooms; private bath; electricity; newly furnished.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room; electricity, private bath, kitchenette privileges; references.

76TH, 42 WEST. — Attractive double room, private bathroom, $12 weekly; small room, $4.50.

76TH, 239 WEST.—One large, one small room, excellent table; fine location.

77TH, 125 WEST.—Comfortable, warm, sunny, large, small rooms; convenient baths; references.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house; two large rooms; connecting baths; single or on suite.

111 WEST 77TH ST.
Desirable small room; references; reasonable.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large room, 3 windows, lavatory; single, convenient bath; steam, electricity.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Large front room, twin beds, electricity, adjoining bath; gentlemen only.

78TH, 132 WEST. — Handsomely furnished rooms, with, without private bath; hot water.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Front and back parlor, 1st floor; running water; small room.

78TH, 108 WEST.—New; ready for guests Nov. 14; reservations now being made.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms, suitable two; all conveniences; $7.50.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; all conveniences; well heated; $2.50-$7.50.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

79TH, 169 WEST. — Large, well-furnished room, with private bath; block subway; immaculate.

80TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath and kitchen; handsomely furnished. Dwyer.

69TH, 145 WEST.—Bachelors' apartments; first floor, other attractively furnished rooms; telephone. Buckley.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny, two-room studio; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Sunny rooms, private baths, $12; single, $5; electricity, steam heat.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Elegant large front; bath; electricity; maid service; modern home facing park; L-Subway; $12. Schuyler 7352.

81ST, 166 WEST.—Small and medium light room, newly furnished, adjoining bath; references.

81ST 120 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, sunny, warm rooms; private bath, lavatory, kitchenette.

81ST, 203 WEST, (Barrington.)—Three rooms, handsome, short lease. Telephone Schuyler 5520.

82D, 32 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated front rooms; bath; references.

82D, 54 WEST. — Handsomely furnished second story front, bath, kitchenette; single rooms; references.

83D, 15 WEST.—Large, small room, shower, baths, warm, well-kept; reasonable.

84TH, 41 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large, small; well heated; electricity; $4 to $8.

85TH, 329 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms, large and small, with running water, electric light, all conveniences; also a double parlor.

85TH, 136 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large room; electricity; all conveniences; also small room.

86TH, 338 WEST. — Attractively furnished single room; southern exposure; bath adjoining; near Riverside.

86TH, 174 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; meals if desired; references.

88TH, 11 WEST.—Furnished room; modern apartment; strictly private family; every convenience. If interested, ring Lenox 516 for appointment. M. McKeon.

88TH, 335 WEST, Droccam Hall.—Exclusive bachelor dwellings, near Riverside; southern exposure; front rooms, $5-$15; 86th Subway.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

88TH ST., 138 WEST. — Desirable sunny room, centrally located; all conveniences; telephone; reference.

89TH, 320 WEST.—Suite, 1-2 rooms; private or adjoining baths; steam, electricity.

90TH, 50 WEST.—Widow having beautiful home offers room, en suite or single; moderate price; every comfort; references exchanged.

93D, 60 WEST.—Double parlor, steam heat, running water; furnished of unfurnished. Sykora.

94TH, 70 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, newly furnished, decorated; absolute cleanliness; private bath.

95TH, 137 WEST.—Neatly furnished, large, sunny warm front room, electricity.

95TH, 251 WEST, Apt. 5 North, (Broadway.)—Large, sunny front room; private family.

96TH, 29 WEST.—Attractive large, medium, sunny rooms, private and adjoining baths, continuous hot water, electricity, phone; references.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Superior bachelors accommodations, large room or suite, bath. Apartment 7.

100TH, 316 WEST.—Magnificent room and bath; $10 week; gentlemen. Apt. 19.

102D, 235 WEST.—Living room, bedroom, suitable one or two gentlemen; conveniences; near sub. Ward.

103D, 303 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Three rooms, with running hot and cold water, bath, telephone, and electricity, for rent single or en suite, in elegantly furnished private home; references required.

104TH, 29 WEST.—Pleasant front room, near Central Park, to rent to desirable party with reference. Scott, Apartment 3B.

108TH, 256 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Warm front room; $4.50; telephone; gentleman. Rogers.

110TH, 509 WEST, (Apartment 1A.)—Newly furnished room; running water, electric light, and steam heat; gentleman only.

111TH, 507 WEST.—Exclusive, small, bright room; every convenience; independent. Apartment 44.

112TH, 605 WEST. — Elegantly appointed room, in select neighborhood, for gentleman; one minute from subway; bath and shower; $8 per week. C. M., Apartment 2.

112TH, 612 WEST.—Light, well furnished room; Riverside Drive; new; reasonable; gentlemen only. Apt. 10.

114TH, 520 WEST.—Room; lavatory; private family; board optional; elevator; electricity. Clement.

118TH, 401 WEST.—Apartment 52, facing Morningside Drive, three rooms, furnished, housekeeping.

120TH ST., WEST, (Overlooking University Campus.)—Corner room, $9 per week. Apply by letter, P. O. Box 1,239, N. Y. City.

123D, 547 WEST.—Clean, desirable room, top floor, elevator apartment; private family; $4 weekly. Brown

123D, 121 WEST. — Large light, also small, room; private; references.

135TH, 535 WEST.—Sunny outside room, beautifully furnished; elevator, all conveniences. Collins.

138TH, 600 WEST.—Private family; all conveniences. Call Friday evening, Apt. 46.

142D, 605 WEST.—Room, adjoining shower bath, elevator apartment; $5; subway. Scott.

143D, 527 WEST, (Apt. 2.)—Elegant room, newly furnished; modern apartment; phone.

143D, 527 WEST, (Phone.)—Double room; hot, cold water; kitchen privileges. Mendoza.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room, scrupulously clean. Apt. 27.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Hall room, $5; river view, $7-$8; convenient location. Turner.

152D ST., 561 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Large corner room, second floor; running water, electricity; Southern cooking; furnished or unfurnished. Phone Audubon 4678.

BEAUTIFUL SUNNY STUDIO.
Rent from 1-6 P. M.; piano; at 91st St. subway. L 156 Times.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (112th.) — Desirable room; homelike; references. Telephone Morningside 3903. Apartment 8.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Attractive, newly furnished rooms; suite, overlooking Park. Fryer.

CHARMING, comfortable front room, overlooking Park and Morningside Drive; desirable surroundings and conveniences. Please phone Morningside 9035; references; reasonable.

CLAREMONT AV., 130, (near 122d St.)—Attractive, large, small rooms; all light; overlooking Riverside Drive and Hudson; excellent location; kitchen privileges. Mrs. Thompson.

FOR COUPLE desiring home comforts, large room, running water; next bath; no other roomers; references; reasonable. Box F 432 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (Corner 80th.)—Magnificently furnished suite of two or three rooms overlooking river; private house; maid service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452, (116th.)—Room of the highest type; refined; references. Apartment 4A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Outside, sunny, warm room; elevator, electricity; private family; $6.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 76.—Beautiful, large, light room in private house.

WEST END, 811.—Attractive, medium-sized room, well heated, electric lights, adjoining bath, in private family; breakfast optional.

WEST END AV., 936, (103d St. Subway.)—Corner room; elevator; gentleman; telephone. Apt. 5 West.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

WEST END, 898, (103d.)—Large room, private bath; $11; residence; electricity; steam.

WEST END AV., 911.—Room, private bath; telephone; breakfast optional.

YOUNG LADY living alone will share high-class apartment, West 80s, with another young lady. M 67 Times.

Brooklyn.

HEIGHTS, (145 Willow St.)—Private house; unusually attractive rooms. Main 3011.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Gentleman wants large room, convenient, bath, select home, no other roomers, vicinity 79th St., west side; away considerably. W 141 Times.

JAPANESE GENTLEMAN wants large, sunny room, adjoining well-furnished bedroom; if possible, breakfast; upper west side. W 135 Times.

JAPANESE young man desires room with private family; state terms. S. M., Room 615, 45 East 17th St., City.

COUPLE want top floor room, no room adjoining; state terms. X 238 Times Annex.

Young man wants room with refined family; state terms. W 126 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

15TH, 210 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Desirable rooms, home cooking; telephone; references.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly, up.

West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms, excellent board; all improvements.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath, steam; unexcelled board.

53D, 57 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny double room, single room; refined surroundings; references.

16 WEST 55TH ST.
TABLE BOARDERS; REFERENCE.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Rooms, with board; private bath; references.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms, private baths; parlor dining; excellent table.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 260 WEST.—Warm, attractive rooms; excellent Southern meals; fine location; reference.

72D, 261 WEST.—Homelike, handsomely furnished double room, private bath.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; table guests accommodated.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; private bath; steam, electricity, private phone; also single room; table board.

75TH, 234 WEST, (The Hurlburt.)—Large double sunny room, steam heat; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—One large, one small room; fine table; excellent location.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive rooms, double and single; private bath or adjoining; steam heat, electricity; excellent table; references.

78TH, 106 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms; electricity; refined surroundings; excellent table; references.

78TH, 256 WEST.—Single room, southern exposure; steam heat, running water, electricity.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephones; booklet; references.

81ST, 251 WEST.—In home of refined people, exceptionally pleasant room. Wells.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

83D, 25 WEST.—One or two large, beautiful rooms, second floor; private bath; steam, electricity; for family or few adults; Vienna cooking; references, 8327 Schuyler.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Beautiful room, with board; business gentleman preferred; modern conveniences. Jay.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Two beautifully furnished front rooms, suitable two; excellent table; refined Jewish boarding house; table boarders accommodated.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double, and two single rooms, with adjoining bath; Jewish family; excellent table; reasonable rates; table boarders accommodated. Telephone 6026 Riverside.

91ST, 50 WEST.—Large room, twin beds, private bath connecting; also medium room, southern exposure; convenient; Park, subway, and elevated.

93D ST., (676 West End Av.)—Large front room; running water; electricity; excellent environment; suitable two gentlemen or married couple; beautifully furnished; home cooking.

102D, 305 WEST, (West End-Riverside.)—Two rooms, private bath, second floor; southern exposure; private family; references exchanged.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double room, with bath; two people, $45 per week, (two meals;) service and surroundings; unusual owner's home, near Riverside.

152D, 561 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Large corner room, with dressing room; running water, electricity; furnished or unfurnished; Southern cooking; gentleman or couple. Phone Audubon 4678.

ATTRACTIVE ROOM, with or without board; strictly private family; near 72d "L"; references given as required. Col. 5686.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, North Corner 104th St., (Palatial Mansion.)—Attractive room, 6 windows Riverside Drive, and bath; telephone and electric service; table highest standard. Mrs. Ida Marks.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables.
Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness.
Social Parlors, Smoking Rooms, Comforts.
Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV.,
174 West 126th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking; convenient.

WEST END AV., 344.—Select accommodations; elegantly furnished rooms, private baths; twin beds; steam, electricity; best home table.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Large, sunny rooms; excellent table; house thoroughly appointed; references.

BOARD WANTED.

In high-class residence, 2 bedrooms, bath, and parlor for lady, gentleman, 2 children, and nurse with board, meals, service, and appointments; must be of the highest class; near Park or Riverside. O 94 Times.

GENTLEMAN wants single room, private bath, and board; cleanliness and cuisine essential; no pro-Germans around; permanent; references. Write J 315 Times Downtown.

Two young Jewish business men desire rooms and board with refined, strictly private, congenial family; location below 100th St. preferred. O 38 Times.

French gentleman desires comfortable room, breakfast and dinner, preferably with refined American family; please state terms. W 125 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

New Jersey.

Private home, paralytic, feeble-minded, aged, or child. Miss Bell, Bernardsville, N. J.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

A CADILLAC COUPE
KEEPS DISCOMFORTS AWAY.
1916 Coupe, Model 53, 8-cyl., 4-pass., repainted, overhauled, and in fine condition.
Telephone Mulberry 3240.

ALCO limousine, 1912; small 4-cylinder; perfect running condition; excellent for taxi work; price $375. Lowa, 205 So. Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1916 Big 6 roadster, perfect condition, practically new shoes; sacrifice account draft; no dealers. Abbott, Broad 2624.

BUICK, 1916, little six touring, $575.
DODGE, 1916, tour., perfect condition, $575.
Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th Av. Morn. 3867.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET,
Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK, 1917, little six roadster, touring, and coupelet. 305 West 59th St.

BUICK.—1916, little six touring; late model; best of care. O 92 Times.

CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC (1917) SEDAN, like new.
LOCOMOBILE (1917) LIMOUSINE, 38 H. P.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC Limousine.—Electric starting and lighting system; mechanically perfect. 305 West 59th.

CADILLAC Sedan, 1914. — Electric starter and lights; runs and looks like new. 305 West 59th, near Columbus Circle.

CADILLAC 8-cylinder limousine; special custom built body; $1,350. Owner, 1391 Main.

CHALMERS 1916 five-passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

CHANDLER, Model 17 touring, extra shoe, bumper. Bargain. $825. Schwartz, Fordham 2588.

CHANDLER, Model 18 touring, fully equipped. Must sell quick. Wolf, Melrose 691M.

CHANDLER Limousine. — Handsome town car; must sell at once. 305 West 59th.

CHANDLER Sedan.—5 passenger; electric starter and lights; bargain. 305 W. 59th.

DELAUNAY Belleville brougham, 6 cylinder, 19 h. p.; beautiful, ideal town car; newly painted; perfect condition; electric lights, &c.; bargain. Bord, 114 West 50th St.

FIAT Limousine.—Electric starter, lights; must sell at once. 305 West 59th.

FORD CARS—GREAT BARGAINS.
PLEASURE AND COMMERCIAL.
FORD DEALERS, 559 WEST 23D ST.

FRANKLIN 1916 sedan; excellent condition; better than 1917; private ownership. Mr. Gage, 1,834 Broadway. Telephone 6832 Columbus.

FRANKLIN.—Enlistment compels sale 1917 Franklin. Mr. Gage, 1,834 Broadway. Telephone 6832 Columbus.

FRANKLIN.—1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917 Franklin touring cars. Gage, 1,834 B'way.

H. A. L. 1917 TOURING.
Beautiful 7-passenger, almost new, used only 3 months; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect; guaranteed. 1,666 Broadway.

HAYNES.—Five-passenger touring, 1916 special finish; fully equipped; 3,000 miles; condition like new; private owner. O 227 Times Downtown.

HUDSON Supersix 1916 Limousine; something extra fine; also Hudson Supersix Touring 1916; will sacrifice. Daniel E. Wolfe, 1,790 Broadway, Room 512.

KISSEL COUPE, 1917 MODEL; 4 SEATS, SPECIAL BODY, UPHOLSTERY, MECHANICALLY PERFECT. WOLFE, 1,790 BROADWAY. COLUMBUS 3715.

LANCIA TOWN BROUGHAM,
1917 MODEL, 35 H. P.
MILEAGE 1,000.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4837.

LANCIA SEDAN 1916,
35 H. P., SPORTING MODEL.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4837.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTERS, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

LEXINGTON sedan, 1916; guaranteed same as new. List $1,550. Seasonable car. Big discount. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

LEXINGTON 1916, Little 6, guaranteed; excellent buy for $650. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger limousine; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917 Roadster, four passenger, almost new; price $1,900, no less. Auto Electric Service, 245 West 55th St.

MARMON 1917 Limousine; also four-passenger touring; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1916 Club Roadster; 4 passenger. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MAXWELL 1917, fully equipped; slip covers and many extras. Phone Stuyvesant 1810.

MERCER speedster, excellent condition. Cheap quick sale; consider trade. G. L., 177 Times.

MERCER 1917 Sporting 4-Pass.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MERCER, late 1916 limousine, used one season; condition perfect. Phone Columbus 8963.

MITCHELL LIMOUSINE, 1917.
Most beautiful car in city; seats six inside; five wire wheels; full electric equipment; condition guaranteed. 1,666 Broadway.

NATIONAL NEWPORT Sedan; mileage 10,000; excellent looks and condition; sacrifice; no dealers. M 63 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

OLDSMOBILE 1915 touring, driven by owner only, two extra shoes; excellent condition, $400; Stewart vacuum system. Phone Mr. Harold, Lenox 8100.

OLDSMOBILE LIMOUSINE.
Beautiful 1916 model; looks like new; seats 5 inside; complete electrical equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. 150 West 55th.

OLDSMOBILE 1916, COUPE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

Overlands, Willys-Knight, Guaranteed.
All Models. Closed and Open.
Overhauled. Prices exceptionally low.
Also some good bargains in other makes.

CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway and 50th St. Open Evenings.
WRITE FOR USED CAR BULLETIN.

PACKARDS.
1916 "1-35" LIMOUSINE.
1916 "3-38" LIMOUSINE.
GEORGE LAMBERTY, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD—1917, seven-passenger; run 3,000 miles; absolutely perfect condition; owner going to France; bargain. Captain Frederick Pope, 366 Fifth Av., Tel. Greeley 4409.

PACKARD—Series 2-35 and 1-35, five-passenger touring cars, with less than 10,000 miles. The Modern Garage Company, Titusville, Penn.

PACKARD Runabout 1-38; recently overhauled, newly painted, and in perfect condition. N 174 Times.

PACKARD 1914 48-H. P. seven passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

PACKARD 338, 1916; fully equipped; 2 extra rims on tires. Chelsea 9599.

PEERLESS TOURING, $1,000.
High-class 7-passenger, 1915, like new; Gray-Davis self-starter, Bosch magneto, every equipment; cost $5,000. Holmes, 305 West 79th.

PIERCE-ARROW LIMOUSINE.
Late model, electric lighting and starting perfect mechanical condition, runs and looks like new, time payments and trades considered. Van Dyke, 1,627 Broadway at 50th St. subway station.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine, electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916.
Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

ROLLS-ROYCE Limousine for sale; needs no recommendation. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC.—Must sell at once 8-cylinder Cadillac, like new; $800 cash, or sell on time. 1,930 Broadway.

COLE 8-cylinder semi-roadster; must be sold today. 1,930 Broadway.

HUDSON Super-Six touring, first-class condition, $750; took car over. 1,930 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 touring, practically new; any reasonable cash offer. 1,930 Broadway.

SCRIPPS BOOTH, 4 passenger roadster; Rolls Royce Blue, two wheels, many extras. Scripps Agency, 30 East Fordham Road.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH runabout, like new, $390; look at it. 1,930 Broadway.

SCRIPPS BOOTH 1916.
For quick sale, $3[illegible]. Tremont 5652.

SPEEDSTER, 1917 Special, Continental motor, very fast. Bargain. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway.

STANDARD 1916 2 passenger runabout, wire wheels; perfect condition. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STANDARD 1917 touring, 7 passenger, demonstrator; same as new. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 Town Car, "Light 4" model; fleetwood limousine body; imported linings; beautiful fixtures and vanity cases; interior renovated; newly painted Brewster green and black; shows no perceptible sign of usage; sold with binding mechanical guarantee. Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 "Light 4" All-Year Type touring model, equipped with collapsible, handsome, well fitting, specially constructed A. & W. tops; overhauled, newly painted, and sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE by Stearns Company, (Driscoll, Used Car Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STERLING TRUCK.
Four-cylinder, ¾-ton truck, with special inclosed body; a first-class job for light trucking; sacrifice for $600. Mr. Art, 538 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Mulberry 3240.

STUDEBAKER 6, "Series 17," 7-passenger, with Winter top; thoroughly overhauled; seasonable car; buy quick. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ, 1914 roadster, thoroughly overhauled, six good Kelly Springfield and Cord tires, special Winter top, all extras, full demonstration, guaranteed perfect condition mechanically, for $800 cash, or will consider exchange high grade four passenger new or second hand car, recent model. H. E. Stout, 317 Washington St., N. Y.

STUTZ 1918 ROADSTER. NEW CAR.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING. NEW CAR.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1915 H. C. S. SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

VELIE LIMOUSINE, 1916.
In extraordinary fine condition; been driven very little; as good as a new car; attractive price for quick disposal. Mr. Art, 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Mulberry 3240.

"WHITE" USED CARS.
Also other well known makes touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., 4th Floor. M. R. Greene, Mgr.

WILLYS brougham; $700 cash will buy it; wire wheels; all up to date. 1,930 B'way.

Miscellaneous.

"RIGHT PRICES."

1917 CADILLAC "8" Seven-Passenger.
1917 HUDSON Super-Six Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Runabout.
1916 LEXINGTON 7-Pass. Tour.
1916 CHANDLER Tour., Model 17.
1916 CADILLAC Touring; very extra.
1916 HUDSON, Super-Six Touring.
1916 OVERLAND 83B Touring.
1916 REO Seven-Passenger.
1916 REO Three-Passenger Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Touring; exceptional.
1916 NATIONAL Seven-Passenger.
1915 MERCER 6-Pass. Touring.
1915 STUTZ Roadster.
1915 CADILLAC Four-Passenger Roadster.
1915 CADILLAC Limousine, complete.
1915 CADILLAC Brougham Town Car.
1915 WINTON 7-Pass.; electric starter.
1914 PACKARD 3-48 Seven-Passenger.
DAILY ARRIVALS. TRADES CONSIDERED. TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
Open evenings and Sundays till 1 P. M.
All cars open to mechanical inspection and demonstration at any time.
THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
Appraisers to the Trade.
1,077 Atlantic Av., Cor. Franklin Av.,
BROOKLYN.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUTZ 16-VALVE SPEEDSTER.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
1917 BUICK SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 REO "6" SEDAN.
1917 REO TOURING "6."
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 HUDSON SUPER SIX TOURING.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

A SALE OF USED CARS.
BIG CUT IN PRICES.
Model 1917 Chandler sedan, limousines, coupes, seven-passenger touring cars and chummy roadsters.
1915 Cadillac, eight-cylinder touring.
1914 Hudson, seven-passenger touring.
1916 Jeffery, five-passenger touring.
1914 Hudson runabout.
1909-1920 Reynolds limousines.
1912 four-cylinder Locomobile runabout and other standard makes. All cars in A1 shape.
Time payment considered.
BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORPORATION,
Broadway and 62d St.

AUCTION SALE OF AUTOMOBILES TODAY at 12 o'clock noon, Van Tassell & Kearney's Mart, 126-128 East 13th St.; several first-class cars, different makes and models, to be sold to the highest bidders; if you are looking to buy a good car reasonably, attend this sale; IF YOU HAVE A CAR TO SELL, THESE AUCTION SALES, HELD EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, ARE THE BEST MEDIUM FOR QUICK AND SATISFACTORY RETURNS. AUTOMOBILES TAKEN ON DEAD STORAGE AT REASONABLE RATES.

USED TRUCKS.
2 1912—5-ton Mack chassis.
1913—5½-ton Hewitt chassis.
2 1912—3-ton Mack chassis.
1913—3-ton Speedwell chassis.
THE LOCOMOBILE COMPANY OF AMERICA,
61st St., next to Broadway.
Columbus 7750.

FOR SALE.—SPECIALLY CONSTRUCTED SIX-CYLINDER HUDSON CAR, SEDAN BODY, IN FINE CONDITION; WILL EXCHANGE IT FOR SMALLER CAR OR MOTOR BOAT. ADDRESS KRAUS, 143 EAST 14TH ST. TELEPHONE 1260—STUYVESANT.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars, Limousine Bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body. 20th Century Co., 1,790 Broadway, cor. 54th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

GUARANTEED EXCHANGE LOCOMOBILES.
1917 6-48 Landaulet, 7 pass.
1916 6-48 Limousine, 7 pass.
1914 6-38 Landaulet, 7 pass.
1917 6-48 Touring, 7 pass.
1917 6-38 Touring, 7 pass.
1913 6-48 Limousine, 7 pass.
1913 6-38 Limousine, 7 pass.

OTHER MAKES.
Lancia Town Car, 4 pass.; new Brewster Brougham body.
1917 Six Chandler chummy road., 4 pass.
1914 4 cyl. Model 55 Fiat Touring, 7 pass.
1913 6-43 Chalmers Limousine, 7 pass.
1914 6-48 Packard Touring, Victoria top, 7 pass.
1-38 Packard Phaeton, 7 pass.
1911 6-48 Pierce-Arrow Limousine, 7 pass.

Locomobile Company of America,
Exchange Car Department,
61st St., west of Broadway.
Columbus 7750.

A SALE.—Must sell at once several high-class cars; Chalmers 1917, Velie, Simplex, Buick 6-cylinder runabout, Scripps-Booth 1917; all of these cars will be sacrificed, cash or time payments. 1,930 Broadway.

Automobiles Wanted.

LANDAULET or limousine automobile wanted; any good make, not later than 1914; private party. B., 1,234 Lexington Av.

SAXON 1917 Touring; will give 1917 Grant Roadster in part payment. Gage, 1,834 Broadway. Telephone 6832 Columbus.

PACKARD body wanted, 3-38; must be good shape; state price. O 221 Times Downtown.

PACKARD (1917) or Cadillac Touring; must be cheap. Mr. Gage, 1,834 Broadway.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5822.

Automobiles for Rent.

BEAUTIFUL S. G. V., Lancia limousines, landaulets; ideal town cars; moderate rates; Kline Bros., 425 West 54th St. Columbus 38[illegible].

CADILLAC, limousine; exceptionally handsome car, month, season; owner drives. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

HEALY electric, monthly town work; rate reasonable. Sollish, 2 West 62d St. Columbus 9870.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD, 1916; Oldsmobile, 1917; beautiful landaulet and limousine; by hour, day, week, or month; reasonable. Telephone Lenox 2572.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5816 Riverside.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD or Pierce Limousine, newly trimmed, $2.50 hourly, $75 weekly. Circle 4215.

PIERCE-ARROW Limousine, fine, for rent by month; rates reasonable; satisfaction guaranteed; heated if wanted. Thompson, Plaza 2406.

NEW closed auto trucks for hire, 2 and 5 ton, by the day, week, or month, with one or two men. Steiner Auto Trucking Co., 40 East 21st St.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

DEAD STORAGE automobiles, $6 monthly. Bushwick Storage Warehouses, 239 Meserole St., Brooklyn.

DEAD STORAGE.—AUTOMOBILES. 510-512 WEST 143D ST. AUDUBON 3575.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. — Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. — Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 50th St. — Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Cosmopolitan Auto School, 221 West 50th — Practical, reliable, moderate, thorough instruction. Ladies and gentlemen. Tel. Circle 1734

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER & STENOGRAPHER, experienced, intelligent, rapid, accurate; excellent references; prefer downtown position; $18. Miss E., 1,035 Candler Bldg. Bryant 1319.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST.—Three years' experience; thoroughly competent; high school and business institute graduate wishes position with reliable concern; excellent references. N 401 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; correspondent, executive ability, secretary; good education; A1 references; salary $25. Bookkeeper. Telephone Intervale 1909.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly experienced, controlling accounts, trial balance; best references. O 231 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ten years; trial balances, controlling accounts; $23. Capable, 282 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST.—Experienced, neat and reliable, $15. W 132 Times.

COOK.—Protestant, young, neat, efficient, trustworthy. Mrs. Kernagham's Agency, 644 6th Av.

COOK, Scotch, wishes position; private, city; best references. W 88 Times.

COUPLE, young, wish positions private family; wife good cook, housework; man, chauffeur and useful; good city reference. Huttula, 137 West 95th. Riverside 4183.

DRESSMAKER.—Perfect knowledge of furs, coats, scarfs, muffs; remodeled at your own home, town or country; highest references. Mrs. Richards, 311 West 117th.

HOUSEWORKER.—Colored woman, I want house work, in small family. 151 West 142d. Hollins.

NURSE, graduate, with 8 years' experience, wants position caring for chronic invalid. Address Graduate, X 219 Times Annex.

REFINED, educated Christian woman would like employment a few hours daily. Columbus 6413.

SALESWOMAN.—Several years' experience, traveling, desires position, manufacturer of food products; acquaintance among wholesale and retail grocers. W 131 Times.

SECRETARY.—Executive ability; competent; highest references. A. H. R., 104 W. 9[illegible].

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, several years' experience, desires position where tactful and conscientious worker will be appreciated; $17. Telephone Audubon 7370. Brown, 458 West 143d St.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter desires position; ten years' experience electrical and machinery lines; exceptional references; salary, $20. O 229 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Expert, possessing executive ability; correspondent; capable and efficient; $20. V 219 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, college education, experienced banking and commercial; $20. V 217 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent, educated, initiative, clean-cut; above average; $13. H 155 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, filing clerk; engineering, law experience; competent; reliable; references. V 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; reliable; American; excellent references; $15. O 235 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — 4 years' experience; neat, efficient, office details, $15. H. G., 142 West 117th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent; six years' experience commercial and patent law; $12. V 216 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent business training, desires location; suitable concern; $18. V 214 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, willing, seeks position, reliable firm, $15. Evelyn Brown, Plaza 4928.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced high school graduate. O 230 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; well educated; American; references; $15. V 205 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, neat, reliable, theatrical preferred; $12. W 1[illegible] Times.

TEACHER.—College graduate; public school methods; all branches, coaching. Expert, Times Harlem.

SWITCHBOARD.—Refined young lady, capable of handling busy switchboard; seven years' experience in hotel and central office; exceptional references. Telephone 1 to 4 P. M. River 9211.

YOUNG LADY WHO CAN FILL MAN'S JOB, accountant, office manager, private secretary; university graduate, with broad experience. O 236 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, long office experience, stenography, typing, detail work; references. V 213 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. [illegible].

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For Sale	50c
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Help Wanted	30c
Lost and Found	50c
Mortgage Loans	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	40c
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SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT and AUDITOR, (29,) exempt, lately in capacity manager of accounting department; knowledge systematizing organization, handling of help; good correspondent; well versed on ledger card systems; practical, original; not ordinary plugger; minimum salary, $2,500. S 400 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 104. Cortlandt 6685.

ACCOUNTANT. — Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT.—Monthly audits, statements firms not employing bookkeeper; reasonable rates. W 140 Times.

ACCOUNTANT with wide experience, 33, desires position with growing concern. O 78 Times.

ATTENTION.
Young man, married, educated, employed days executive capacity large corporation, desires evening work. W. E., care Will, 527 West 123d.

BOOKKEEPER, paymaster, 26, 10 years' experience with manufacturing company, good knowledge of modern office accounting methods, desires position offering future; salary, $22. O 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (29,) 10 years' experience; thoroughly capable, reliable, and trustworthy; correspondent; college graduate; excellent references; investigate. T 345 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, 21, experienced, draft exempt, desires position as bookkeeper or on accounting staff; competent, reliable. N. Neitlich, 965 Whitlock Av.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERT, (25,) CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS; UNIVERSITY STUDENT; $22. ROSENBLATT, 2,043 WASHINGTON AV.

BOOKKEEPER, executive ability, seeks connection offering advancement to conscientious worker. O 100 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Expert, full charge; long experience; college education; $22. W 138 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Swede, single, (33,) good education, appearance, desires position, private; extensive touring and city driving experience; mechanic; Pierce-Arrow, Packard; highly recommended. Lundborg, 200 West 83d. Phone 4344 Schuyler.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, exempt, 10 years' experience, 3 years last employer; careful, polite. Ferris, 541 West 163d. Audubon 4050.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, (20,) 2 years' experience; good references; competent. Muller, 56 West 93d. Riverside 1830J.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC. — Useful; very careful driver; honest, sober. Siilampaa, 2,010 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 31, married, eight years' private; employer laying up cars this week. Edward Dowd, 69 East 93d.

CHAUFFEUR wants position; experienced; city, country; wages moderate; private; references. O 27 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, married; go anywhere; excellent references; careful and reliable. O 96 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes position with private family; can furnish best references. Eller, 211 St. Nicholas Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single, 32, expert driver; mechanic; excellent references; private. Tel. Harlem 7062.

CHAUFFEUR, 20; experienced; best references; private. John Faust, 110 W. 106th St.

CHAUFFEUR or second; 4 years' experience; best references. Mosca, 429 East 64th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Useful; careful driver; good city references. J. Pola, 338 East 125th.

COOK-VALET.—Japanese wants position; small family; references. Keizo, 330 E. 57th.

CORRESPONDENT-CREDIT MAN — With years of practical business experience, seeks connection where ability, integrity, and intelligent attention will be appreciated; exceptional references. O 89 Times.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, technical graduate, 25, married, desires evening and Saturday afternoon work; tutoring preferred. T 391 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, 29, married; manager purchasing, order departments; office manager, systematizer, stenographer; manufacturing mechanical experience; open immediate connection; highest credentials; salary, $2,500. Aggressive, O 225 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—Man with exceptional ability, good character, and excellent references, desires to make change. X 230 Times Annex.

JANITOR—Colored; good fireman; experienced; best references. Telephone 3720 St. Nicholas.

MAN of ability, having had 8 years' experience as superintendent of factory, wishes position with concern who would appreciate services and returns; best of reference furnished. Address at once, M. Kalb, 317 Fulton St., Jamaica.

MESSENGER, colored man, reliable, trustworthy; 12 years two positions; references. O 102 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, assistant; thoroughly conversant with modern systems, bookkeeper, correspondent, typewriter, executive, and salesmanship ability. W 105 Times.

REALTY MANAGEMENT.
Young man, 24, technical education, eight years' realty experience, managing, collecting, repairs, bookkeeping, statistics, &c., would like connections with concern where ability, sincerity, and plugging will merit future. O 220 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE BROKER, Christian, 28, 10 years' experience in general management of property, desires position as broker; salary and commission. F 377 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN
FINANCIAL ORGANIZER
of highest rank, With Banking, New York Stock Exchange, and Curb Market Connections, open for engagement Dec. 1 to place bond or stock issue; corporation answering must submit to auditors' and engineers' investigation; backers must have satisfactory commercial rating. O 87 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, (26,) exempt; intelligent, able, possesses good personality; will prove selling ability through honest, hard work and thoroughness; excellent recommendation. Q 103 Times.

SALESMAN.—Do you want a salesman who can sell goods under any conditions? Commission basis. Highest references, splendid record. X 231 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, with own office, has few hours daily for side line; intimate relations with export trade. S. T. H., V 220 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 30, married, exempt, desires position, reliable firm, local; references. F 381 Times Downtown.

SECRETARIAL MANAGER, (32,) American; extensive business training; correspondent, stenographer, executive. O 224 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced and competent, well educated, executive ability; excellent references; $20-$25. Mr. G., 224 West 42d St. Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER, (20;) 3 years' experience; rapid, accurate; accounting student; advancement. O 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, high school graduate, wishes position; salary $12. Telephone Rhinelander 3718.

STEWARD-MANAGER.—Ten years of proven experience that stands investigating. V 230 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wants position with downtown banking or brokerage house; no banking experience; 10 years head stores and purchasing departments public utility company; best references. Address O 106 Times.

YOUNG MAN, university graduate, speaks Spanish, German, some French, experienced trade reporter, statistician, now employed by large corporation, wishes position in Spain. Address J 317 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 29, responsible, steady, draft exempt, desires position, anything offering advancement; knowledge bookkeeping; present employed; interview Saturday afternoon, daily after 5 o'clock. O 101 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position with small concern, office or stock; high and business school training; business experience; excellent references. V 221 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, large experience; any capacity, including stock, shipping, sales, wholesale, manufacturing business; exempt; references. O 222 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (30,) single, 10 years' business experience, clerical, correspondence, seeks location with good future. O 104 Times.

Employment Agencies.

JAPANESE employment agency supplies any help immediately. 1,931 Broadway. Columbus 6966.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER and CASHIER in wholesale house; must be able to make trial balance and handle payroll; reply, stating experience and salary required. M 17 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, $15; TYPISTS, $10-$15. Miss Griffin, Terminal Exchange, 154 Nassau.

EXAMINERS ON WOMEN'S AND INFANTS' WEAR; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; SALARY, $14. BOX O 60 TIMES.

LADIES.—Experienced high-class canvassers wanted who can show a clean record, willing to travel, (if necessary,) are offered opportunities to connect permanently with an organization of national scope, being assured of fair compensation; commission basis; our plans make this easy and interesting; advancement assured to producers. Apply by letter, giving references, J 286 Times Downtown.

LADY CANVASSERS. — Experienced, high grade, to call on exclusive beauty, manicure and hairdressing shops, with splendid selling article; good commission, income immediate, quick advancement to producers. Call 15 Park Row, Room 1607, after 11 o'clock.

LADY, refined, widely acquainted; permanent, high-class, dignified position; salary, commission; $25-$50 week. 1612 Candler Building, 220 West 42d St.

LECTURER.—Lady who has had experience as public lecturer wanted. W 144 Times.

MANAGER, experienced, for high-class tea room; must have thorough knowledge of cooking; reply with references or no attention paid. M 48 Times.

MATRON.—One having hospital experience, for institution in New York City. X 221 Times Annex.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT for an institution; pay $22 a month. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.
We require a thoroughly experienced young woman for our auditing department; permanent position; good opportunity; no Saturday night work. Apply Superintendent.
Barnett Bros., Columbus Av. and 74th St.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
require the services of
SALESPEOPLE
for their
LAMP DEPARTMENT.
Apply Superintendent's Office,
Fifth Floor.

SALESWOMAN, competent, wanted for antique shop; must speak English and French. Apply between 7 and 9 in the evening, bringing good references. Parma, 20 East 55th.

SECRETARY.—Commercial experience, stenographer, typist required; Italian knowledge preferred; good salary and steady position offered to capable lady. Write particulars. Guindani, 11 Broadway. T 384 Times Downtown.

SEWING MACHINE OPERATOR.—Karten & Bros., 68 34th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER of pleasing appearance who is capable of taking charge of an office; must be well educated, quick and accurate and not afraid of hard work and long hours; fair salary to the right person; here is a chance to "do your bit." Apply A. E. Vaughan, American Red Cross, 163 Remsen St., Brooklyn. Please do not apply unless you can qualify.

STENOGRAPHER, not under 21 years old, for position in factory superintendent's office; must be capable in stenographic and clerical work; good opportunity for advancement; state age, nationality, experience in detail, and salary wanted. Steno, 172 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, in office of large iron and steel jobbing house; must have high school education or equivalent and live with parents; state qualifications in detail and salary expected. J 297 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER who can do some clerical work and look after a small switchboard in an institution; pay $30 a month with board and room. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER, (Remington;) also switchboard operator, familiar with advertising work; state age, experience, references. Address Competent, O 209 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, with experience in chemicals if possible; state experience, references, salary expected. N 387 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, who can operate plug board; $15 week; good prospects; live wire only; full details first letter. W 134 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—French-Italian; state experience, age, salary expected. F 380 Times Downtown.

TEACHERS.—An exceptional opportunity for normal school or college-trained women in high-class traveling position; must be 25 to 40 years of age, good personality, and able to demonstrate the fundamental principles of pedagogy; salary and commission, $1,500 to $3,500 per year. M. C. McReynolds, 347 5th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 4836. Call afternoon, 2 to 5.

WARD MAID.—$25 per month. Beth Israel Hospital, 70 Jefferson St.

WHOLESALER can offer attractive position to several bright young ladies to assist in selling campaign; little actual selling, but require pleasing personality and unquestionable references. Mr. E. Copeland, 38 West 26th St.

Employment Agencies.

REFINED, well-educated American young women, 18-30 years, for permanent openings:
1 SECRETARY to Bank Official.—College graduate; well poised; experienced in handling details; knowledge stenography preferable; $1,500-$2,000.
1 STENOGRAPHER, (Brokerage experience;) $1,200-$1,500.
1 STENOGRAPHER, (Publishing;) $1,040.
OTHER Stenographic Openings, $12, $15, $18.
1 TYPIST, (Bank;) $10, lunches.
3 COMPTOMETERS, (Bank;) $15, lunches.
1 HOPKINS OPERATOR; $40, lunches.
ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS; $14-$16.
ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPERS; $15-$18.
CLERICAL ASSISTANTS; $12.
HIGH SCHOOL GIRLS, (inexperienced;) $10.
AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE,
37 LIBERTY ST.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK CITY.
CALL 9 to 1, ROOM 725.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR. — Must be thoroughly experienced; $15 per week.

COST CLERK.—Must be rapid and accurate at figures; will also be required to do statistical work; $12 per week.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR.—To figure extensions; $15 per week.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST. — Aggressive, well-appearing young man for sales office prominent clothing manufacturer, desirable opportunity. T. B. Wallace Agency, 1 Union Square.

STENOGRAPHERS, Americans, beginners and experienced, high-class applicants; excellent positions. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman Street.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, $20, $18; stenographer, $15; beginners, typists. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau.

Instruction.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION.
Secretarial, shorthand, typewriter, bookkeeping, &c. This kind of instruction means you can save time and money. Don't waste time in large classes and inferior methods. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

PRIVATE SECRETARY COURSE,
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and preeminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES. — Three months' course; students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. Wheat.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT,
GOVERNMENT SHIPYARD.
A.A.A.
Man to assist in general supervision of detailed records in accounting department.
State age, salary, and experience.
Groton Iron Works,
Groton, Conn.

ACCOUNTANT, construction office; we want a young man, thoroughly familiar with accounting on construction work, to handle a job at Bristol, Penn.; salary $125 per month. Answer immediately, giving full details as to experience, &c.; position open at once. J 314 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Juniors, on permanent staff of C. P. A.; state age, education, experience, if any, and salary desired. J 299 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN of exceptional ability, for new transparency, and also new advertising matter for patriotic display. L. Perlen, 162 Madison Av.

ADVERTISING MEN for large department store in a good size Southern city. Apply M 62 Times.

BOILERMAKERS AND MACHINISTS.
GILLESPIE MFG. CO.,
12TH AND MONMOUTH STS.,
JERSEY CITY.

BOOKKEEPER.—A young man wanted as a sales ledger clerk; competent of keeping 2,000 accounts and able to take off quarterly trial balance promptly. Address, giving experience, references, and compensation expected. Box O 237 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, experienced on sales ledger; must be first class penman and have good references. Address, stating salary expected, M 76 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, good penman, accurate; good opportunity for right man; state salary and particulars. Write, Room 1702, 215 4th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experience in law office; man or woman; salary $20; good prospects; give complete personal data. W 133 Times.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Competent; give full particulars of age, salary, experience, and references. R. B., 167 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—A large American fire insurance company is looking for several clean-cut, energetic young men as file clerks; applications not considered unless age, nationality, education, and references are given; salary $420 per year; excellent opportunity for advancement. O 226 Times Downtown.

BOY about 17 years of age for large downtown office; no experience necessary; good education essential; salary $8 week to start. In reply mention age, religion, and education. V 209 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in publisher's office for shipping and mailing department; salary to begin, $7 a week; state previous business experience, if any. Address Willing, Box 654, P. O., New York City.

BOY, 16-17, bright, neat, trustworthy, to make himself generally useful in busy advertising office; good opportunity; salary to start $8. V 227 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for junior clerical work and errands; opportunity is offered for advancement; salary $30 a month. Call 11th floor, 207 West 25th St.

BOY in office of wholesale brass concern; one experienced in filing; salary $7 to start; good chance for advancement. J 305 Times Downtown.

BOY in laboratory of large Brooklyn chemical company; one possessing knowledge of chemistry preferred. O 214 Times Downtown.

BOY in a bank; age 16-18; good wages; previous business experience not necessary. Write particulars. J 307 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, active, by wholesale manufacturing house; permanent position; chance to advance. Apply before 8:30, 233 E. 42d.

BOYS in stock department of large mercantile concern; good opportunity for advancement. Call 8 East 22d.

BOY wanted for office work; splendid opportunity for advancement. Call Automatic Pencil Sharpener Co., 395 Broadway.

BOY in wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. N 336 Times Downtown.

BOYS, ambitious, to work in handkerchief stock; advancement. Apply Tobler Bros. & Co., 387 4th Av.

BOY over 16 years old, neat, for filing, mailing, and errands. Apply Wood & Stevens, 113 Hudson St.

BOY for office work; good opportunity for advancement. Hays, Levi & Co., 1 West 16th St.

BOY living in Brooklyn to learn a good trade. V 211 Times Downtown.

BRICK FOREMAN wanted to take charge large Government job, run large gang of bricklayers and stone setters; man with organization desired; state qualifications, age, experience, and salary expected by mail. R. H. Arnold Company, 95 State St., New London, Conn.

BURROUGHS ADDING MACHINE REPAIRMAN WANTED. CALL AT ONCE. JOHN E. RANSON, 30 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

CANVASSERS. — Four house-to-house canvassers to represent a well-known article; good commission and rapid advancement to those who produce. Apply in person, 2,010 Broadway, Room 1, 10 to 3. Mr. Walsh.

CANVASSERS wanted to represent a well-known firm; good commission; rapid advancement to those who qualify. Apply in person, 2,010 Broadway, Room 1, 10 to 3. Mr. Walsh.

CARPENTER FOREMAN wanted on large Government reinforced concrete job; must be absolutely capable and handle large force; state qualifications, age, experience, and salary expected by mail. R. H. Arnold Company, 95 State St., New London, Conn.

CASHIERS.—Three men, experienced as cashiers, for 10 days' work. American Red Cross, 163 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

CLOTHING and furnishing goods man in large department store in a good-sized Southern city. M 61 Times.

CONCRETE FOREMAN wanted on large reinforced job; Government work; must be able to handle large gang and get action; state qualifications, age, experience, and salary expected by mail. R. H. Arnold Company, 95 State St., New London, Conn.

COST ACCOUNTANT AND EFFICIENCY MAN TO TAKE COMPLETE CHARGE OF COST, PAYROLL, AND ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT OF LARGE OUT-OF-TOWN MANUFACTURING CONCERN. AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR CAPABLE YOUNG MAN HAVING HAD SIMILAR EXPERIENCE; NO OTHERS WILL BE CONSIDERED. X 208 TIMES ANNEX.

DETAILERS,
experienced on metal parts,
wanted by
STANDARD AERO CORPORATION,
Elizabeth, N. J.
Apply by mail or personally to Mr. Sullivan.

DRAFTSMEN
experienced on small, high-grade mechanical and electrical apparatus; steady position and excellent chance for advancement to technical men. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

DRAFTSMEN.
Internal combustion engineering draftsmen, preferable experience marine oil engine work; state full particulars. P. D., 290 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN.
Mechanical, detailer and designer on light automatic machinery, with knowledge of jigs and fixtures; state age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. M 71 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, young man, with some experience, wanted for detail work and tracing. Chelsea Fibre Mills, 1,155 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

DRAFTSMAN.—Experienced young man in architect's office to do tracing; salary $15. Call Friday with samples, A. L. Libman, 112 West 46th St.

DRAFTSMEN.—General engineering, steel and concrete design, shafting, piping, conveyors and boiler houses. M 57 Times.

DRAFTSMEN, Federal, with training and experience; good pay. Hercules Powder Co., 86 Park Place, Newark, N. J.

ELECTRICIAN; licensed; must understand care of motors, wiring, and bell work; salary, $90 per month; 8 hours; references. M 69 Times.

ENGINEER to act as boiler room foreman; 72 hours per week; 6 days. Apply 638 Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

FANCY GOODS and notion man in a large department store in a good-sized Southern city. M 60 Times.

FOREMAN.—Experienced man to take full charge of wire spring shop as foreman; good opportunity and permanent position for a man who can make good; Pittsburgh district. X 222 Times Annex.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, no loafers, no bluffers, for bulb blowing and stem making; right men can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $50 a week. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES WANTED.
A large concern, dealing in iron and steel products, has several openings; excellent opportunity to learn the steel business and work up in old-established house; experience unnecessary, but only graduates with good school records considered; boys between 16-19 preferred; state age, education; give references. J 298 Times Downtown.

INVESTIGATOR, CREDIT. — Young man with some experience for uptown bank; knowledge of stenography big essential; state salary. M 73 Times.

LAWYER.—Wanted, in a busy Wall Street law office, competent lawyer fully experienced in real estate, corporation, and Surrogates' matters; answer fully; none but competent lawyers in these branches need apply; excellent opportunity. V 203 Times Downtown.

MAIL CLERK wanted; mature, capable of controlling office boys; moderate compensation. O 233 Times Downtown.

MAN wanted with some technical and mechanical training to start as assistant foreman, manufacturing, a hand-riveted product; advancement according to ability. Foreman, 186 Times Downtown.

MAN wanted, capable of keeping stock records accurately; must be educated and of good appearance; do not apply unless you are capable. American Red Cross, 163 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

MILLINERY SALESMEN, experienced, to sell high-grade fancy feathers; salary. F. F. C., 224 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—Intelligent and honest; $7 to start. Room 1417, 15 William St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT by Gentila dry goods house; bright, experienced young man having knowledge bookkeeping and operating Underwood; state age, experience, salary. F 382 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted. Burke & James, 225 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ORDERLIES, experienced only, for operating room and wards; good salary for capable, sober men. Presbyterian Hospital, 70th St. and Madison Av.

PICTURE FRAME JOINER, fitter, and mat cutter; steady job to quick, reliable man; state pay expected; references. Northampton Art Store, Northampton, Mass.

PORTER.
We require a thoroughly experienced day porter; must be sober and honest; permanent position; good opportunity. Apply by letter or in person.
Barnett Bros., Columbus Av. and 74th St.

RENTING CLERK, &c.—A young man in real estate office as renting clerk and typewriter. Address A. T., 133 Times.

SALESMEN.
Men of strong personality, must be clean-cut and of good reputation, can earn $200 to $500 per week on commission; a good, square chance for promotion to executive positions with old-established banking house; good book, insurance, or advertising salesmen preferred; no advances; letters in confidence, telling what you have done. Address for interview T 387 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, knit underwear; well-known line, nationally advertised, selling through jobbers; opening for young, able man, willing to be trained and developed; experience in selling underwear not as vital as ambition and aggressiveness; splendid opportunity for future; give full particulars, age, past experience, salary, &c. Address Moser & Cotins, Utica, N. Y.

SALESMEN.—We require several high-grade men to complete our Eastern sales force; must be men of character and education, over 25 years of age, and furnish best of references; thorough training, leads, and all possible co-operation; transportation furnished; commission with drawing account. E. A., 64 Times.

SALESMEN.—If you are a producer, come in and talk over the best proposition on the market today. We want men at least 25 years of age; good character, education and references essential; thorough training and co-operation; transportation and drawing account against commission. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., 6th floor.

SALESMAN. — Experienced traveling salesman, salary, with extensive acquaintance in mechanical and purchasing departments of railroads, shipbuilders, marine trade, and construction companies; give fullest information and reference. T 389 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, by highest grade filing cabinet house, two city salesmen; salary and commission; must be men who have had experience in the line; in answering please give full details in regard to past experience. T 371 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, now selling military officers and camp stores, to handle side lines of apparel, kits, &c.; commission and a profit-sharing basis; here is one quick money proposition for a hustler; give references, experience, &c. W 115 Times.

SALESMAN wanted for South, to carry a side line of kimonos on a commission basis; only those who have a following of the large department stores and can furnish highest references need apply. M 59 Times.

SALESMEN—Coast, Denver, West, and one to cover Ohio, Indiana, and Michigan, with high-class ladies' coats; only high-class men will be considered; strictly commission basis. X 232 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, Coast, Denver, West, and one to cover Ohio, Indiana, and Michigan, with high-class ladies' coats; only high-class men will be considered; strictly commission basis. Z 393 Times Annex.

SALESMEN calling on shoe dealers, department stores, and sporting goods stores to carry line overgaiters and army puttee leggins; strictly commission basis; splendid side line. M 20 Times.

SALESMAN for a strong line of dresses, with offices on Coast; commission basis; only experienced need apply. C. C., 221 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Those looking for a future to affiliate with one of the strongest propositions in New York City today. See Mr. Shapiro, 507 5th Av.

SALESMAN for popular line dresses, commission basis, residing in Eastern, Southern, or Far Western territories. Write, Theo. Woltert, 1,133 Broadway.

SALESMAN and estimator, experienced in printing business; salary; good opportunity. J 300 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Roofing paint salesman; must have connection; commission; reference. 501 5th Av., Room 711.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER wanted by a large hardware concern; young man to eventually make himself capable to handle his own correspondence; salary $16-$18 per week to start. Write, giving age, nationality, and past experience, L. E. B., P. O. Box 6, Station S, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER. — Young man stenographer, able to handle tickler file; knowledge of printing or advertising would help; write full experience and salary required; live chance for a live wire. Lock Box 56, Station F, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; standard, clean business; daylight office; salary starting, $13; advancement; state age, nationality, experience. F 384 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for English and German correspondence. Address, stating experience and salary, Stenographer, P. O. Box 35, city.

STENOGRAPHER, male, junior, rapid typist. Apply Room 401, 62 Broadway.

SUPERINTENDENT OF BUILDINGS.
We have a position for a man who is capable of becoming superintendent of several large office buildings in Boston. He must have had experience in making repairs, buying supplies, and handling employes in office buildings, and he must be an engineer with a first-class license and a good knowledge of all kinds of elevators. Salary at start $2,500. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, education, experience in detail, and salary now received. X 234 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT for office building; high-class experience; must have good personality and best references; moderate salary for start; excellent opportunity. K. T., P. O. Box 107 Times Sq. Sta.

TEACHER of Isaac Pitman Shorthand and Touch Typewriting for university work; college graduate preferred, with some commercial teaching experience. Address full particulars to Isaac Pitman & Sons, 2 West 45th St.

TOOLMAKERS.
49-hour week, time and a half for overtime. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Princes Bay, S. I.

TOOL DESIGNERS.
Tool designers on punches and dies, jigs, and fixtures for small interchangeable work; only men with experience need apply. Call or write, giving age, experience, and salary, Western Electric Co., 203 Broadway, 9th floor.

TOOL AND INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
High-class men for high-class work on fine apparatus; only men accustomed to using micrometer; 48 hours weekly; advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly efficient stenographer and typist, by large manufacturing company in Brooklyn; opportunity for advancement. State fully qualifications, experience, education, nationality, and salary expected. E. B., 277 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, sales ledger and duties in accounting department; must be experienced, accurate, and energetic; kindly give full particulars in own handwriting. O 228 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for general office work with firm of accountants; knowledge stenography and typewriting; state experience, education, nationality, and salary expected. O 95 Times.

YOUNG MAN of responsibility, thoroughly qualified to take charge of a modern braid factory; excellent remuneration and prospects for the proper person. M 74 Times.

YOUNG MAN, about 19, wanted in delivery department of large exporting office; good education and knowledge of typewriting essential; salary $15. N 389 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN as stock clerk, experienced in wholesale notion house. Address, stating salary and references. Opportunity, V 228 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN for beginners' position in large national bank; good chance for advancement. N 397 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for general office work; one familiar with telephone touch switchboard. J 316 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

CLEAN-CUT, well-groomed young men, Americans, for permanent openings:
1 SECRETARY, (College Graduate,) able to handle people and details with dispatch, Expert Stenographer, $2,000-$2,500.
STENOGRAPHERS, $900-$1,000.
5 ACCOUNTANTS, $1,500-$3,000.
LEDGER CLERKS, $900.
JUNIOR BANK CLERKS, $600-$720.
ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS, $780-$900.
CLERICAL ASSISTANTS, $780.
STOCK and MAIL CLERKS, $780.
INSURANCE CLERKS, $624-$780.
BANK MESSENGERS, $420-$480.
50 OFFICE BOYS, $7-$8.
AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE,
37 Liberty St.

HIRST EXCHANGE, 95 Liberty St.—Mining Engineers, $200 mo., expenses; Chief Clerk, Virginia, $80 mo., expenses; Accountants; Code Clerk, $110 mo.; Draftsmen, all kinds; Doorman, $20; Stock Clerk, $15. Register free.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.
C. P. HANSON. J. J. McLAUGHLIN.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Zionists or Jewish Nationalists to join Hatikwah Zion Society, newly organized. Only those living between 50th and 140th Sts., west, should apply to Bert Herrman, Organizer, 53 West 90th St.

ANY PERSON HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST estate of KATIE McGEE present same before May 15, 1918, to Bridget McGee, 914 6th Av., New York City. Foreign papers take notice.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

SALESMEN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them; hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1803-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARY course,
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

BIG DEMAND—RADIO OPERATORS.
Splendid profession; individual instruction; best radio course in city; write or call today for booklet. Radio School, 157 East 86th Street.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course. Students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. WHEAT.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

A WHOLESALE SUPPLY HOUSE SELLING THE BUILDING TRADE AND COVERING THE N. E. STATES FINDS THEIR TRADE VERY MUCH CURTAILED BY ABNORMAL CONDITIONS, AND DESIRING TO HOLD THEIR TRAVELING FORCE INTACT THEY WOULD LIKE TO CORRESPOND WITH SOME MANUFACTURER NOT REPRESENTED IN THE TERRITORY MENTIONED WHO CARRIES A LINE OF MERCHANDISE SUITABLE FOR MILLS, SHOE FACTORIES AND SHOPS IN GENERAL, LOOKING TOWARD A MUTUAL SELLING AGREEMENT. X 227 TIMES ANNEX.

FOR SALE—TENNESSEE COAL MINE.
Active coal mine property near Knoxville. Present output 300 tons per day, capacity 500 tons. Mine electrically operated. Electric plant complete in every detail. Electric locomotives and cutting machines. Tipple, incline, cable, mine track, excellent. Commissary and village perfect condition. Coal excellent quality. Ample supply of labor and feverish demand for output at Government prices. Coal sells for cash at good profit. Equipment cost $125,000. Thirty-year leasehold; 10-cent royalty. Price $200,000. No agent or commissions. Full description upon application. Write Dicks, 1,220 Empire Building, Atlanta, Ga.

ATTENTION OF SUCCESSFUL ORGANIZER AND SALESMAN.
An old-established house and leading manufacturer of high-grade specialty for women, selling from $10 to $25, will make exclusive territorial arrangements with experienced and successful organizer and salesman capable of earning a minimum of $5,000 annually; commission basis; product has heretofore been sold in large cities only, but as at this time it shows special economy and advantages, advertisers have decided to develop trade and establish agency system in towns of 30,000 and under; unquestionable references and ability required. W 142 Times.

Mail order list for sale, firm selling high-class silks by mail will sell to non-competing houses its mailing list of 11,000 women's names obtained from high-class magazine advertising; $50. Address K, Box 36, Station F, New York.

MULTIGRAPHING BUSINESS.—Owner removing from city will sell at fair price well-established business in territory having little or no competition; high-class trade and many fine accounts; cash proposition only. J 283 Times Downtown.

Wanted.—Active business man to take exclusive Eastern sale agency Ford automobile lock, prevent stealers; must purchase 2,500 locks to secure agency; particulars from J. J. Dooley, 574 West 182d St.

FOR SALE—MEN'S CLOTHING STORE, well stocked, on main street of large city, thirty minutes from New York. MUST SELL BEFORE NEXT DRAFT. V 224 Times Downtown.

A professional firm with established clientele desires special partner. Investment $20,000. Fullest investigation. References exchanged. O 223 Times Downtown.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.—Will sacrifice a high class ladies' tailoring and dressmaking establishment, in business 15 years; good reason for selling. O 58 Times.

Loans on chattel mortgage on machinery or automobiles; corporation notes discounted; strictly confidential. Coney, 1,790 Broadway, Room 512.

Contractor on dresses, with plant of 12 machines, open for Government contract work. 7679 Chelsea.

A large doll-manufacturing concern, covering the United States with 6 men, is open for side lines. C. C., 238 Times Downtown.

Plant, fully equipped for manufacturing waists, dresses, and skirts. M 15 Times.

Young man, capable office or outside, desires business connection; $250 for investment or security. F 385 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.

WE MAKE AND SELL ONLY NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS AND CREDIT FILES
LOWEST PRICES. SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS. NO INTEREST CHARGES. WRITTEN GUARANTEE. OLD REGISTERS REPAIRED, REBUILT, BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXCHANGED.
THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CO., N. Y. OFFICE, 1,170 BROADWAY, N. Y. C. TEL. MAD. SQ. 6410. BROOKLYN OFFICE, 75 COURT ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y. TEL. MAIN 2517. JERSEY CITY OFFICE, 24 NEWARK AV., JERSEY CITY, N. J. TEL. MONTGOMERY 2611.

BRAND NEW, LATEST MODEL OLIVER 9, $49.
Fully guaranteed, standard keyboard, exactly the same machine used by largest industries, direct from factory; former price, $100. Before getting even a second-hand, rebuilt or rental machine, investigate latest Oliver plan to save $51; easy payments, if you wish. Telephone or call Oliver Typewriter, Mr. Price, 310 Broadway, Worth 1980-1-2-3-4.

FURNITURE.—ON ACCOUNT OF GIVING UP NEW YORK OFFICE, WALL ST. FIRM WILL SELL THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED BROKERAGE SUITE AT A REASONABLE FIGURE. J 313 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FOR SALE — One 8-gauge double-barrel, hand-made, hammer shotgun; cost $500; will sell for $125 or exchange for nice diamond; just the thing for geese, ducks, or big game. Pillow Williams, Nashville, Tenn.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near B'way.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

Addressing machine, Belknap Model 3, operated electrically; perfect; low price; cabinet and trays included. The Simon Costume and Dress Co., 44 East 32d.

Entire cloak plant for sale, showroom fixtures, 24 single, motor machines, blower and cutting tables and racks. 31 East 22d St., 8th floor.

Postage Stamps.—A small collection British, foreign, South African, &c.; many obsolete. Address X 235 Times Annex.

High-grade antique and Oriental rugs; great opportunity; 85-piece sale until Dec. 6. B. Parishtan, 157 East 27th.

Office furniture for sale; nearly new mahogany desks, chairs, rugs and tables. Room 1910, 220 5th Av.

For Sale—Fine panel partition. Room 1215, 2 West 33d St.

Purchase and Exchange.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, appraised; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 Broadway.

Adding machine wanted; Underwood adding machine which has been slightly used. Chelsea 2840.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Nonvisible, 3 months, $5; visible, 3 months, $7.50. Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
339 Broadway, at Worth St. | TEL.
30 E. 23d St., opp. Madison Av. | 5408
149 W. 42d St., at Times Sq. | FRANKLIN.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
3 months, $5; non-visibles.
3 months, $7.50; visibles.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4738.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

Gentleman disposing of fine team horses, carriages; complete turnout; city use. Address X 202 Times Annex.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The following army orders were issued by the War Department today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Parker, 1st Lt. F., Jr., hon. discharged.
Quina, 1st Lt. M. E., hon. discharged.

Following to Univ. Hosp., Phila., for inst., then to Camp Dix, in Base Hosp.:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Coleman, E. P. | Nolan, M. E.
Smith, H. F. | Tully, G. W.

Babcock, Capt. A. D., to Roosevelt Hosp., New York, for inst., then to Ft. Oglethorpe, temp. duty in Evacuation Hosp. No. 7.

Following to Boston City Hosp. for inst., then to Camp Dix, temp. duty in Base Hosp.:
Lee, Capt. E. J., Jr.; Edelson, 1st Lt. L. R.; Hexon, 1st Lt. J. D., and Reddy, 1st Lt. W. J., to Boston City Hosp. for inst., then to Camp Dix for temp. duty.
Clark, Capt. C. H.; Fowler, 1st Lt. P. H., and Fuson, 1st Lt. C. C., to Rantoul with Av.Sec. of Sig.C.
Thompson, 1st Lt. J. W., and Young, 1st Lt. J. J., to Mt. Clemens with Av.Sec. of Sig.C.
Wahl, Capt. E. F.; Lavin, 1st Lt. J. L., and Oak, 1st Lt. D. D., to Univ. Hosp., Phila., for inst., then to Camp Custer.
Losh, Capt. C. W.; Balbridge, 1st Lt. J. H.; Priest, 1st Lt. H. B., and Wolff, 1st Lt. M., to San Francisco and sail for Philippines.
Frost, Capt. H. L., to Boston, for inst. in orthopedic surgery.
Phythian, Capt. J. L.; Quinn, Capt. W. A., and Fernandez, 1st Lt. L. P., to Camp Dix.
Venable, Maj. C. S., previous orders amended; to Camp Travis.
Meredith, 1st Lt. E. W., to Camp Jackson.
Moore, 1st Lt. H. T., to Camp Kearny.
Newberry, Maj. F. H., to psychopathic hosp., Ann Arbor, for intensive training.

Previous orders relating to following amended to direct them to continue on duty at School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, St. Louis until completion of their course:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Gillis, H. M. | Jolley, R. F.
Harvey, C. C. | Nichols, W. S.
Hirsch, E. W. | Owens, R. L.
Johnson, R. | Snyder, K. A.

Following to Bellevue Hosp., New York, for inst., then to Camp Gordon:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Johnston, P. J. | Silliman, G. A.
Moore, L. C. | Thorne, W. G.
Phillips, C.

Williams, 1st Lt. E. W. R., to Ft. Worth, Sig. C., Av. School.
Caccini, Maj. A. M., to Garden City.
Lamkin, Capt. E. E., to Evacuation Hosp. 4 at Camp Greenleaf.
Pitcairn, 1st Lt. E. A., to Evacuation Hosp. 5 at Camp Greenleaf.
Balderston, Capt. S. V., and Wiley, 1st Lt. W. S., to Camp Lee.
Howe, 1st Lt. H. D., relieved from active duty.
Jewett, 1st Lt. E. D., hon. discharged.
Bacharach, 1st Lt. D., to Hosp. Train No. 23, at Camp Greenleaf.
Pace, 1st Lt. K. B., to Hosp. Train No. 27, at Camp Greenleaf.
Jenning, 1st Lt. F. L., to Hosp. Train No. 22, at Camp Greenleaf.
Wilcox, Maj. R. W., to home.
Wiencke, Capt. E. J., hon. discharged.
Wilcox, Maj. R. W., hon. discharged.
Cartee, 1st Lt. G. L., hon. discharged.
Berry, 1st Lt. J. F.; Campbell, 1st Lt. J. A.; Olmstead, 1st Lt. B. H., and Suttle, 1st Lt. O. A., to Camp Sherman, with 83d Div.
Cornwall, 1st Lt. L. H., and Osborne, 1st Lt. H. S., to Camp Devens, with 76th Div.
Whitson, 1st Lt. W. E.; Duggan, 1st Lt. S. B., and White, 1st Lt. H. A., hon. discharged.
Clark, 1st Lt. W. A., to Camp Travis, with 90th Div.
Rhodes, 1st Lt. T. W., to home.

Following to Rockefeller Inst. for inst.:
CAPTAINS.
Bonniwell, H. M.; De Wolfe, W. W.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Chambers, R. M. | Earle, G. W.
Cooke, E. F. | Dennett, C. G.
Dickson, J. D. | White, B. D.

Clarke, Capt. C. P., previous orders amended to read 1st Lt.
Harbeck, Capt. C. J., previous orders revoked; to Camp Custer.
Fain, 1st Lt. B., to duty with Av.Sec., Sig.C.
Hanley, 1st Lt. W. S., hon. discharged.
MacGuire, Capt. C. J., to Camp Mills.
Titus, 1st Lt. E. L., to Camp Custer.
Johnson, Capt. E. S. J.; Cullen, 1st Lt. H. R., and Robinson, 1st Lt. L. F., to Ft. Riley.
Lee, 1st Lt. C. A., to Camp Wheeler, then to home.
Summey, 1st Lt. T. J., previous orders revoked.
Heilbrunn, 1st Lt. J., to Camp Sevier.
Bridgman, 1st Lt. H. L., to home.
Miller, 1st Lt. J. E., hon. discharged.
Hamma, 1st Lt. C. B.; Needham, 1st Lt. W. S., and Wentz, 1st Lt. H. B., to Ft. Benj. Harrison for inst.
Argus, 1st Lt. F., to Walter Reed Hosp. for inst.
Moore, 1st Lt. R. A., previous orders revoked.
Wyman, Capt. M. H., to Ft. McPherson with Hosp. Unit O.
Acuff, 1st Lt. H. L., to Tenafly, Base Hosp. No. 66.
Jarman, 1st Lt. B. L., to Army Med. School for inst.

Following to Camp Greenleaf for inst.:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Hearn, W. O. | Meek, J. A.
Herring, J. H.

Shoulders, 1st Lt. H. H., and Evans, 1st Lt. S. S., to following places in Tennessee to examine applicants for M.R.C.: Memphis, Dyersburg, Union City, Jackson, Brownsville, Paris, Clarksville, Franklin, Columbia, Fayetteville, Murfreesboro, Chattanooga, Cleveland, Morristown, Bristol, Johnson City, Knoxville, and Nashville.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Timmer, Capt. H. A., to Camp Lewis as Supply Officer of Depot Brigade there.
Langtre, Capt. L. F., to Bakersfield, Cal., on official business re inspection and shipment of hay, then to his station.
Dempsey, Maj. W. A., previous orders revoked.
Haim, 1st Lt. H. H., to Army Transport Service, Newport News.

Veterinary Reserve Corps.

Following to the French Remount Depot, Cohokus, to administer the mallein test to approximately 900 horses, then to their stations:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Balthaser, H. B. | Derrick, J. D.
Martien, H. D.

Infantry.

Guthrie, Capt. W. E., to Camp Dix.
Hirschfelder, Temp. 2d Lt. C. J., transferred to 4th Machine Gun Bat.

Sanitary Corps.

Hart, 1st Lt. J. W., will report to Surg.Gen. for inst.
Cessna, 1st Lt. M. F., F.A., to Camp Sherman as Med. Supply Off. of the Div.
Fairhall, 1st Lt. L. T., will report to Comdt. at Med. School as inst. in san. chemistry.
Yoakum, 1st Lt. C. S., will report to Cmdg. Gen. 84th Div. at Louisville, Ky.

Medical Corps.

Baker, Lt.Col. F. C., to Camp Greenleaf as Cmdg.Off. Evacuation Hosp. 4.
Stephenson, Col. W., to Governors Island as Dept.Surg. East. Dept.
Raymond, Col. H. I., to Chicago as Dept. Surg. Cent. Dept.
Geddings, Lt.Col. E. F., to Camp Greenleaf as Cmdg.Off. Evacuation Hosp. 5.
Van Poole, Lt.Col. G. McD., to Camp Greenleaf as Cmdg.Off. Evacuation Hosp. 6.

Signal Reserve Corps.

Dillingham, Capt. C. B., previous orders amended to direct him to report by letter to the Chief War College Div., for duty with station in New York City.
Kenney, 1st Lt. G. C., Av.Sec., to Garden City.
Frewer, 1st Lt. J. W., Av.Sec., previous orders revoked.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Bengston, Capt. N. P., to Baltimore as asst. to Depot. Qm.

Ordnance Reserve Corps.

Berry, 1st Lt. J. J.; Johnson, Maj. H. S., and Peasley, Maj. W. K., will report at once to Chief of Ord.
Stevens, 1st Lt. G. S., to Springfield Armory.
Curtis, 1st Lt. B. C.; Schlesinger, 1st Lt. H. E., and Lent, Capt. F. H., will report to Chief of Ord.

Following to instruction school at Holt Mfg. Co., Peoria:
Coats, Capt. J. J.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Le Fevre, W. G. | Batchelder, G. F.
Spencer, C. B. | Stevens, B. T.
Kessler, H. H.

Infantry Reserve Corps.

McDaniels, 1st Lt. G. D., to Camp Funston.
Barnes, 2d Lt. G. S., to Camp Funston.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

Holbrook, 1st Lt. A. W.; Ogelsby, 1st Lt. W., and Byron, 2d Lt. R. J., to Camp Grant with 85th Engs.
Van Law, 1st Lt., to Camp Dix.
Van Winkle, Capt. E., to Camp Dix.
Freeman, Maj. G. W., assigned to an inactive status.
Coghill, 1st Lt. T. H., previous orders revoked.
Jacob, Capt. D. R., discharged.
Manchester, 2d Lt. C. C., to Camp Grant with 85th Engs.
Alger, 1st Lt. R. W., to report to officer in charge of cantonment construction, this city.
Tedford, Capt. W. L., to Camp Grant with 85th Engs.
Ward, 2d Lt. A. L., assigned to 20th Engs.
Following to report to officer in charge General Engineer Depot:
Middleton, Capt. N. A.; Hill, Capt. M. W.; Herwitz, 1st Lt. S. S.; Wood, 1st Lt. D. B., and Kuehle, 2d Lt. F. W., will report to off. in charge of Gen. Eng. Depot.

Cavalry.

Candler, 1st Lt. L., 5th, detailed to Sig. C., to Southern Dept.
Koester, Col. F. J., assigned to 20th.

Signal Corps.

Chamberlin, 1st Lt. M. T., to Selfridge Field.
Dillon, 1st Lt. J. J., to Army Balloon School.
Dunbar, Capt. R. C., will report to Chief Sig. Officer.
Palmer, 1st Lt. L. D., to Army Balloon School.
Shrewsbury, 1st Lt. K. O., to Garden City.
Black, H. B., and Haines, K. B., appointments as 1st Lts. announced.
Bane, Maj. T. H., previous orders amended to read Bane, Lt.Col. T. H.

Quartermaster Corps.

Davidson, 2d Lt. H. F., to Camp Beauregard.
Lilly, 2d Lt. W. D., to Baltimore as asst. to Depot Qm.
Huber, Capt. P. F., to Camp Meade.
Hawley, 2d Lt. B. N., to Camp Cody.
Robinson, 2d Lt. R. D., to Washington and report to Depot Qm. as his asst.
Heffley, 2d Lt. C. P., to Chicago as asst. to Depot Qm.
McNellis, Maj. J. E., to Washington and report to Qm. Gen.
Smith, Maj. C. C., to Camp Logan to assume command of auxiliary remount depot there.
Rodney, Capt. D. R., to Omaha in connection with matters pertaining to supply depot at Camp Dodge, then to his station.
Burnett, 1st Lt. M. H., and Thomas, 1st Lt. H. E., to Ft. Sam Houston, with Motor Cycle Companies No. 302 and 303.

Following to Camp Jackson as asst. to camp Qm. until time to attend the second course in training camp at Jacksonville:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Baber, J. M., Jr. | Lyle, R. N.
Beene, J. C. | Moorman, C. W.
Chaffee, C. C. | McIver, W. W.
Cody, J. C. | Pierce, W.
Crouch, J. T. | Price, I.
Dillard, W. E. | Sanders, C. K.
Emory, W. H. | Smith, G.
Garland, J. S. | Strauss, L. I.
Gilbert, L. | Williams, H. P.
Hicks, U. A. | Whitaker, E. H.
Landman, H. C. | Cohen, D.
Hussey, C. E., Jr. | Martin, F. A.
Stanford, C. K. | Yokeley, J. F.

Miscellaneous.

The board appointed April 20 to meet at Essington to examine applicants for commission in Av. Sec., Sig. Res. C., is dissolved.

A board to consist of Jones, Capt. C. C., Av. Sec., Sig. R. C.; Cordner, 1st Lt. F. N., Av. Sec., Sig. R.C., and Gallagher, 1st Lt. J. F., M.R.C., is appointed to meet at Phila. to examine applicants for commission in Av. Sec., Sig. R.C.

Bengtson Capt. N. P., Qm.R.C., to Balt. as asst. to Dep.Qm.
Rankin, Chaplain A. E., to Camp Dix.
Hagood, 1st Lt. L., ret., relieved from duty at Am. Embassy, Petrograd, and from active duty.
Shilt, 1st Lt. A., Cent. R.C., to Camp Lewis.
Stiness, Maj. H. W., Judge Adv. Gen's. Dept., R. L. N. G., to Camp Mills, as Judge Adv. of 41st Div.
Stutsman, 2d Lt. G., Asst. Vet., previous orders amended to direct him to proceed to Ft. Benj. Harrison, and by telegraph to Cmdg. Off., 16th F.A., Plattsburg.
Johnson, Cont. Surg. M. T., to Camp Gordon to examine command for tuberculosis.
Bixby, Prov. 1st Lt. L. H., attached to 7th Inf.
A board, to consist of Johnson, Maj. H. H., M.C.; Bernheim, Capt. J. R., Dent.C., and Ames, Capt. J. R., Dent.C., appointed to meet in this city from time to time to rate the answers to questions in the written examinations of applicants for appointment in Dent.C.
Lockwood, Col. D. W., ret., to Cleveland.

Resignations.

Wall, 2d Lt. P., Eng.R.C.
Baker, Capt. F. L., Eng.O.R.C.
Loy, Capt. L. A., 107th Machine Gun Bat., Pa.N.G.
Morley, 1st Lt. A. S., 110th Inf., Pa.N.G.

Leave.

McCormack, Maj. A. T., M.R.C., 5 days.

Coast Guard Gazette.

Brown, Capt. J. H., and Nash, Capt. C. F., of Engs., other shore assignments.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Root, C. S., of Engs., to another vessel; Addison, E. S., and Harvey, U., of Engs., ship to shore.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Torbet, W. M., ship to shore.
Fitch, F. E., shore to ship.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Relieved, dismissed, and pensioned, to take effect 12 P. M. Nov. 15, on Police Surgeon's certificate: Patrol. Patrick J. Darcy, 61, apptd. Jan. 29, 1896; Ellsworth E. Doty, 60, apptd. Dec. 3, 1896; Bartholomew J. Condon, 173, apptd. March 1, 1907; Otto Hegeted, Marine Div., Sub-div. A, apptd. April 4, 1906. Matron Hattie E. Curtis, 165, at $500 per annum, apptd. June 8, 1892.

Transfers and assignments, to take effect 8 A. M. Nov. 16, 1917: Lieutenants Matthew J. Clarkin, from 1st Insp. Dist. to 13; Thomas F. Hanley, from 9th Insp. Dist. to 17th Insp. Dist.; Henry J. Brown, from 10th Insp. Dist. to 15th Insp. Dist.; George V. Kass, from 12th Insp. Dist. to 1st Insp. Dist.; George Cullum, 15th Insp. Dist. to B. B. H. Squad, in office of the Bor. Insp., B'klyn and Queens; Geo. P. Menegay, from 17th Insp. Dist. to 12th Insp. Dist. Patrol. Timothy J. Connell, from 9th Insp. Dist. to 17th Insp. Dist.; Cornelius O'Brien, from 10th Insp. Dist. to 15th Insp. Dist.; John H. Gleason, from 12th Insp. Dist. to 1st Insp. Dist; Edward F. Radloff, from 17th Insp. Dist. to 12th Insp. Dist.

Temporary Assignments: James Gilroy, 23, and Andrew J. Conlin, 63, to 4th Insp. Dist. for 30 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 16; Ambrose Jayne, 145, to Division of Bridge Defense, from 8 A. M., Nov. 16, designated as Acting Sergeant; Patrick Nannery, 155, and John Tuohey, Bridge Precinct, to 5th Insp. Dist., for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 16; Andrew M. Mullen, B. B. H. Squad, to 9th Insp. Dist., for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 16. To office of the Traffic Division from precincts indicated, for 30 days, from 9 A. M., Nov. 17: Joseph J. Moran, 1; Edward W. Cook, 14; George C. Sherman, 28; Stephen B. McManus, 31; Patrick A. Trainor, 65; John J. Thompson, 65; William H. Smith, 81; John J. Sullivan, 144; John Martin, 159; Patrick McGrane, 283.

Leaves of absence authorized, (without pay): Patrol. Charles H. Brown, 16, 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 21; Henry H. Pohel, 22, 3 days, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 20; John T. Carberry, 68, 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 19.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Sergt. William F. J. Buckley, 7, from 1 P. M., Nov. 3, during disability; Patrol. Joseph Nekola, 21, from 7:30 P. M., Sept. 17, to noon Oct. 15; Harry J. Doyle, Traffic Division, Sub-division C, from 3:45 P. M., Nov. 8, during disability.

Fire Department.

In compliance with Paragraph 11, Special Order No. 159, dated Sept. 12 1917, the following companies will report at Company School No. 157-159 East 67th St., Manhattan, at time and date specified:
Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, Eng. 6, 10 A. M., Eng. 204, 1 P. M.; Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, Eng. 81, 10 A. M., Eng. 211, 1 P. M.; Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, Eng. 95, 10 A. M., Eng. 270, 1 P. M.; Thursday, Nov. 22, 1917, Eng. 158, 10 A. M.; Eng. 224, 1 P. M.; Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, H. & L. 28, 10 A. M., H. & L. 123, 1 P. M.; Saturday, Nov. 24, H. & L. 37, 10 A. M.; H. & L. 108, 1 P. M.

The following named probationary firemen, appointed Oct. 31, will report at School of Instruction, Nos. 157-159 East 67th St., Manhattan, Mon., Nov. 19, at time specified, for 30 days:

9 A. M.	Engine.	1 P. M.	Engine.
J. A. Walsh	5	A. Mancinelli	9
P. J. Sullivan	6	J. J. Connors	18
R. D. Lynt	13	C. Bolte	24
J. Quirk	15	W. W. Youngs	26
J. A. Phelan	16	J. J. Bain	28
C. T. Schroff	22	B. H. J. Million	31
T. F. O'Brien	27	W. E. Heffernan	73
F. Batcheler	28	W. E. Lynch	76
C. Laxar	91	E. R. Johnson	202
W. L. Horton	226	J. J. Delaney	209
C. F. Hornberger	257	J. J. Carlson	256
J. A. Matthews	279	A. B. Carlson	278
J. L. Doscher	282	H. & L.	
H. & L.		J. T. Walsh	5
P. P. A. Hick	4	J. E. J. Turpey	7
F. H. Dwyer	6	W. Wichtendahl	8
J. V. McHugh	18	W. B. Hitz	18
E. J. Eckert	20	J. F. Graham	21
C. Post	24	P. S. McDermott	23
J. B. Dunbar	26	E. Gunnigle	43
G. J. Lorch	102	B. A. Murphy	103
T. R. Gonyon	110	O. Seibert	111
A. J. Barry	131	T. M. More	122

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 153, Rules and Regulations, 1912, Chief of the 9th Battalion, Owen McKernan, is hereby fined $4 for loss of box keys.

The following members of the department, having been tried before the Hon. Robert Adamson, Fire Commissioner, for violation of Rules and Regulations, 1912, the following decisions are hereby rendered: Fireman, 1st gr., F. J. Shields, Eng. 22—Charge 1, absent without leave, guilty, and ordered that one regular leave of absence be withheld; charge 2, disrespect to superior officer, guilty, and ordered that 3 regular leaves of absence be withheld; charge 3, being under the influence of liquor, drug, or compound, decision reversed. Fireman, 1st gr., A. L. Banzer, H. & L. 21—Charge, neglect of duty; guilty; reprimanded.

The following members of the department, having been tried before Richard H. Laimbeer, Jr., Deputy Fire Commissioner, Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens, for violation of Rules and Regulations, 1912, the following decisions are hereby rendered by the Fire Commissioner: Fireman, 1st gr., J. E. Murphy, Eng. 253—Charges: (1) Conduct unbecoming a gentleman or fireman; not guilty; charge dismissed. (2) Conduct unbecoming a gentleman or fireman; not guilty; charge dismissed. Fireman, 1st gr., J. J. Mulvihill, H. & L. 109—Charge: Absence without leave; guilty, and ordered that three regular leaves of absence be withheld. Fireman, 1st gr., Richard Dodenhoff, Eng. 212—Charge: Being under the influence of liquor, drug, or compound; guilty; reprimanded. Fireman, 1st gr., F. C. Kuhn, Eng. 245—Charge: Conduct prejudicial to the good reputation of the Fire Department; guilty, and ordered that one regular leave of absence be withheld. Fireman, 1st gr., J. J. Murphy, No. 4, Eng. 237, (1st section)—Charge: Absence without leave; guilty, and ordered that two regular leaves of absence be withheld.

Special leave of absence is hereby granted to the following member of the department: Fireman, 1st gr., E. W. Schulman, H. & L. 74, for 12 hours, from 8 P. M., Nov. 18.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15. — Pressure has fallen quite generally east of the Rocky Mountains with a moderate disturbance off the southern New England coast, and light rains have fallen in Western New York. Over the remainder of the country fair weather continued, except in the Central and Southern Rocky Mountain region, where there were light scattered rains.

It is cooler in the Ohio Valley and the lower lake region and generally warmer elsewhere, with temperatures from 10 to 15 degrees above the seasonal average in the Plains States and the Missouri and Upper Mississippi Valleys. Except for scattered rains Friday in New England and Eastern New York the weather will be fair Friday and Saturday east of the Mississippi, with somewhat higher temperatures Saturday in the lake region and the Ohio Valley.

It will be somewhat cooler Friday in the southern portion of the Middle Atlantic district.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate west, rain Friday, fair Saturday; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate west, fair; South Atlantic Coast, moderate west and northwest, fair.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND SATURDAY.
Eastern New York.—Fair, preceded by local rains in the interior, Saturday fair.
Southern New England—Local rains and slightly cooler Friday, Saturday fair.
New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Friday and Saturday, little change in temperature.
Northern New England—Local rains Friday, Saturday fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	33	48	4 P. M.	40	50
6 A. M.	31	45	6 P. M.	40	55
9 A. M.	34	45	9 P. M.	36	42
12 M.	34	57	11 P. M.	36	42

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 52; for the corresponding date last year it was 36; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 44. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 45; at 8 P. M. it was 46. Maximum temperature, 63 degrees at 2:15 P. M.; minimum, 42 degrees at 4:30 A. M. Humidity, 46 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 63 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.80 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[*By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.*]

Sun rises..6:43 | Sun sets..4:39 | Moon sets..6:02

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:17	8:41	2:03	2:55
Governors Island	8:21	8:49	2:24	3:20
Hell Gate	10:20	10:50	4:13	4:54

Official Shipping List.

Arrivals of vessels from foreign countries at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports in the twenty-four hours ended Nov. 14:

STEAMSHIPS.

Abangarez, (Am.)	Niels R. Finsen, (Dan.)
Arnuru, (Span.)	Navahoe, (Am.)
Alces, (Br.)	Narima, (Br.)
Alexander Kielland, (Nor.)	Philadelphia, (Am.)
Ada Tower, (Br.)	Prins der Nederlanden, (Dutch.)
Alberto Cavelletto, (Ital.)	Rozen, (Swed.)
Banan, (Nor.)	Rapidan, (Br.)
Crathie, (Nor.)	San Francisco, (Am.)
Carlton, (Br.)	Santa Rosalia, (Am.)
Capt. Sam, (Am. tug.)	Tiberia, (Br.)
Evelyn, (Am.)	Thyras, (Dan.)
Essex, (Br.)	Tharros, (Gr.)
Fager, (Nor.)	Vasari, (Br.)
Fjell, (Nor.)	Ventura de Larrinaga, (Br.)
Halifax, (Br.)	War Champ, (Br.)
H. Pontoppidan, (Dan.)	Wearpool, (Br.)
Lysefjord, (Nor.)	Walter D. Munson, (Am.)
Manisla, (Am.)	

SAILING VESSELS.

Ambition, (Br.)	J. Howell Leeds, (Am.)
Harvard, (Am.)	Platea, (Gr.)
Harry Nickerson, (Br.)	Jessie Ashley, (Br.)
James, (Swed.)	

Fire Record.

A. M. — Loss.
1 20—Broadway and 55th St.; Hotel Woodward ....Slight
4 10—124 E. 14th; Joseph Kapp & Son..$25
6 00—409 E. 149th; Pacific Lunch Co..Slight
8 50—754 E. 169th; Zimmerman & McGowan ....None
P. M.
1 55—166 W. 120th; H. Harzbrun....Slight
P. M.
2 05—142 E. 84 St.; Anthony Pichivino.Slight
2 55—3,813 3 Av.; Solomon Brooks....Slight
4 05—231 E. 118 St.; Antonio Amorio...None
5 00—Pelham Parkway and Williamsbridge Road, (brush;) not given.None
5 20—1,577 Madison Av.; Wm. Lichtman ....Slight
6 50—548-550 W. 24 St.; Autocar Co....$600
7 00—553 E. 16 St.; Isaac & Son ....Slight
7 00—548 W. 24 St., (auto;) Samuel G. Snell $600
7 35—547 W. 123 St.; Mrs. E. Rose....Slight
7 35—513 W. 29 St.; Charles Fisher...Slight
7 50—120 W. 25 St.; Reid & Keller..Slight
8 45—148 Elizabeth St.; Knickerbocker Ice Co. ....Slight
9 00—120-124 Wooster St.; Flour Product Co. $1,000
10 00—Jerome & Grand Avs.; J. Hangs.Slight
10 20—645 W. 59 St.; Delia Garrett....Slight
10 30—Foot W. 26 St., (pier;) not given.Slight
11 15—238 3 Av.; S. Carkeles....Slight
11 30—1,362 5 Av.; Rehlman & Rosenberg. Not given

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications will be received for farm instructor, male, until 4 P. M. Nov. 26. The subjects and weights of the examination are: Experience, 4; duties, 4; oral, 2. A qualifying physical examination will be given. Candidates must present evidence of experience as a teacher in an ordinary school and in practical agricultural work, or of experience as a teacher in an agricultural school and in the handling of boys or men. They must be at least 21 years of age on the date for filing applications. There are four vacancies in the Correction Department.

United States.

The commission announces for Nov. 20 an examination for special agent in educational community organization, for men only. A vacancy in the Bureau of Education, Department of the Interior, with headquarters in Washington, at $10 a day when actually employed, not to exceed $1,800 a year, will be filled from this examination. The duties will be to promote community organization in co-operation with the specialist in community organization of the Bureau of Education by writing on this subject and making public addresses at meetings of educational associations and mass meetings of citizens. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education, experience, and thesis. Graduation from a college or university of recognized standing and at least one year's experience in community organization, including the giving of public addresses on that subject, are prerequisites. In order to meet this requirement such experience must have been the chief occupation of the applicant for the period mentioned. Applicants must not have reached their fiftieth birthday on the date of the examination.

Education Notes.

The recreation and community centre conducted in P. S. 114, Manhattan, has been discontinued. Community and recreation centres will be established at P. S. 178, Brooklyn, and 55, the Bronx.

Lands and premises 100 feet to the west of P. S. 167, Brooklyn, have been selected as a site for playground purposes.

The new building to be erected on Driggs Avenue, North Fifth and Roebling Streets has been designated as P. S. 17.

The by-laws of the Board of Education have been amended so as to provide that the maximum pay of inspectors of public school athletics shall be increased from $2,000 to $2,500 a year.

Charles Conn has been appointed an assistant teacher of stenography and typewriting in the Julia Richman High School.

The annex to the Wadleigh High School, conducted in P. S. 54, Manhattan, has been discontinued.

Classes in commercial branches will be organized at P. S. 117, Manhattan, as an annex to the Harlem Evening High School for Women.

Philip Heimlid has been appointed an attendance officer at $1,200 a year.

A leave of absence without pay for the duration of the war has been granted to Dr. George S. Comstock, physician at the New York Parental School and the Brooklyn Truant School, to enable him to perform military duty. Dr. Frank J. Weigand has been appointed to fill his place.

Estates Appraised.

CHUBB, VICTORIA E., (April 5, 1917.) Total assets, $151,386. Beneficiaries: Sons, Hendon Chubb of Orange, $18,969; Sidney Chubb of 80 East Fifty-sixth Street, $19,369; daughter, Mabel A. V. Greene of 78 East Fifty-sixth Street, $103,306; grandnieces, Ada Rose of Fenton-on-Sea, Essex, England, and Annie L. Calhaem of South Fleet, Kent, England, $1,000 each. Assets: Cash, $7,104; personal, $12,082; stocks and bonds, $131,198.

CRANE, SARAH GRAY, (May 14, 1916.) Total assets, $71,810. The principal beneficiaries are her daughter, Gladys Gates Mauder, $8,509; son, Harley E. Gates, $8,589; daughter-in-law, Elizabeth Cook Gates, $11,662. Six other relatives and friends received jewelry and legacies valued at from $85 to $2,000. Assets: Real estate, $51,000; cash, $2,000; personal, $16,956; securities, $1,851.

WOLFF, HARRIS, bookbinder, (Oct. 7, 1917.) Assets, $363,802. The principal beneficiaries are his wife, Esther Wolff of 21 East Eighty-second Street, annuity of $10,000; sons, Bertram and Arthur Wolff, annuities of $2,500 each until 25 years old, which is increased to $5,000 until they are 35 years old, when they receive a legacy of $50,000 each; sister, Blanche Schrift, annuity of $1,300 and life income from $50,000; Beth Israel Hospital, $10,000; Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Educational Alliance, Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases, small annuities, and legacies of from $2,000 to $8,000 to six relatives and friends. Assets: Personal, $284,856, including value of his business, and ninety-eight shares of realty company of West Twenty-sixth Street, $81,946.

DR. MOSKOWITZ GETS WIDE MARKET POWER

Can Buy and Sell Food and Fuel in the City Under State Regulation.

DUTIES DEFINED BY BOARD

Commissioner Will Also Be in Charge of Community Kitchen —Asks Release of Sugar.

In accordance with a plan to prevent duplication of work and for co-ordination of service, the State Food Commission defined yesterday certain of the duties which are to come under the jurisdiction of the City Commissioner of Markets. Commissioner Moskowitz is to have charge of the management and operation of all public markets, and is to buy and sell food and fuel within the city, subject to regulation of the State Commission. He also will operate the community kitchens and have control of all community feeding departments. So far there is but one community kitchen in the city, located at Lexington Avenue and Twenty-third Street. An official connected with the commission said he understood that there was a plan to open up more community kitchens this Winter.

The duties of Dr. Moskowitz were decided upon at a conference between the State Commission and Dr. Moskowitz. The State Commission also conferred with P. C. Walcott of the United States Food Administration, and plans were discussed for bringing about a closer relation between Federal and State food authorities. There was another conference between Mr. Walcott, Calvin J. Hudson, Director of the Bureau of Food Production; Cyrus C. Miller, Director of the Bureau of Transportation and Distribution, and Professor Howard E. Babcock, Director of the Bureau of Food Conservation. Arthur Williams, City Food Administrator, also met Mr. Walcott, and later conferred with John J. Dillon, State Commissioner of Food and Markets.

Commissioner Moskowitz sent a letter to George M. Rolph, Chairman of the International Sugar Committee, asking, on behalf of the city, that he obtain the release for local consumption of the 10,000 tons of sugar now held by W. R. Grace & Co. for the account of the Russian Government.

"This can be done by the power vested in the President to commandeer the sugar," Commissioner Moskowitz wrote. "I am informed that on account of the unsettled political conditions in Russia the real owners are powerless to act. I have been informed that were they in a position to they would be very glad to come to the relief of the people of this city and country. The effect of this release would be to relieve the situation in New York City immediately, as its share of this 10,000 tons would amount to many thousands of hundred-pound bags of sugar for immediate consumption."

Sugar Distribution Plan.

A committee of refiners conferred with Commissioner Moskowitz on a plan for a more equitable distribution of sugar. It was suggested by the wholesale dealers that sugar be distributed by a general committee, representing all refiners.

Administrator Williams has taken up the complaints of consumers that dealers are compelling them to purchase other goods in order to obtain sugar. Mr. Williams said that his office had received 308 complaints, and that half of them were from persons who had been forced to make other purchases before they could get sugar. In one case a man, whose child was sick, said he had been unable to obtain sugar, being told that the only way he could get it was to buy other groceries. In this case Mr. Williams had a storekeeper supply the complaint.

Another complaint was that of a retailer who said he had been charged 12 cents a pound by a wholesale dealer for 200 pounds of sugar. Mr. Williams had the bill photographed and a copy sent to the dealer with the request that he refund the overcharge. He threatened to have the wholesaler's Federal license revoked if his request was not complied with.

Mr. Williams said at first he had been in favor of the retailers compelling other sales with sugar, for, he declared, he had found that some families were sending their servants in automobiles to buy up sugar. The plan, however, he does not think is practicable, and now believes that the retailers should sell sugar without demanding that other articles be bought. Mr. Williams said he was considering the establishment of a bureau where those who could not get sugar could come, and, if their stories held up under investigation, they could be supplied with limited amounts of sugar.

Commenting on the reduction in prices of some foods Mr. Williams gave credit to Mr. Hoover. Without Federal regulation he said that flour would now be higher and sugar would be beyond the means of many. He said that the dealers must come to the knowledge that the rule of supply and demand is not operative for the period of the war. He said that he made a tour of the stores and butcher shops of the poorer sections of the city last Saturday night and was pleased with the decline in prices, especially in meats. He said that turkeys for Thanksgiving should not exceed 35 cents a pound.

May Compromise Sugar Price.

The Sugar Committee is still endeavoring to get the Cuban sugar growers to consent to the Government price for their goods. Mr. Willi ms said he had heard that there is prospect of a compromise. The Cuban planters demand 4¾ cents a pound for raw sugar. The Government, he said, is willing to give 4½ cents. The compromise price, Mr. Williams thought, might be 4⅝ cents a pound.

Beginning today the office of Commissioner of Markets in this city will be a clearing house for all co-operation between the city departments and the State Food Commission. The Commissioner of Markets is to make a study of the market needs of the city and, if new markets are needed, he will develop, in co-operation with the State body, plans for new markets.

The central information bureau is to be established by the State Food Commission at its office in the Metropolitan Tower, from which information will be given regarding food problems and market conditions.

Announcement is made of a meeting to be held next Tuesday afternoon to organize a central food council to work in co-operation with the Federal, State and City Food Administrations. It is intended by the State Food Commission that this council will serve as an advisory body and will eliminate duplication and confusion in the volunteer activities of private and social agencies.

Comparison of prices at Washington Market yesterday and a year ago was made at Mr. Williams's office as follows:

	1917.	1916.
Cauliflower, bunch	15 to 20c.	12 to 18c.
Cranberries, quart	15c.	10c.
Tomatoes, pound	15c.	10c.
Onions, pound	5c.	5c.
Sweet potatoes, quart	15c.	10c.
String beans, quart	20c.	11 to 12c.
Cabbage, head	10 to 25c.	10 to 25c.
Lettuce, bunch	5 to 10c.	5 to 10c.
Fresh eggs, dozen	57 to 59c.	54 to 57c.

How New York is conserving food is shown by the decrease in garbage collections. The first six months of this year 386,009,000 pounds of garbage were collected in Manhattan, Brooklyn and the Bronx, a decrease of 40,000,000 pounds, more than 9 per cent., as compared with the same period last year.

SPECULATION ENDED IN BUTTER AND EGGS

Exchanges Co-operate with Food Administration to Abolish Trading in Futures.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Speculation in butter and eggs has been ended, according to an announcement made today by the Food Administration. The program under which this was brought about was worked out at conferences attended by representatives of the Butter and Egg Exchanges. The Food Administration feels that a great end has been accomplished by obtaining the co-operation of the exchanges in this matter. The situation will be watched carefully, and should any seek to avoid the restrictions imposed the full powers conferred in the food control law will be brought into play to punish the alleged profiteers.

Here is the announcement concerning the rules adopted:

"Rule 1 provides that any goods bought on the 'call' cannot be offered for resale during the same session.

"Rule 2 provides that goods sold on the 'call' must be of the grade offered and actual deliveries must be made.

"Rule 3 provides that a request for any grade or quantity may be made during the 'call' provided no price is specified by the party making the request; but bids at a price for grades and quantity not offered are prohibited. The intent of this rule is to prevent anybody bidding for grades of goods not offered, or that are scarce, with the intent or effect of boosting prices, as heretofore made possible because the scarcity of the goods allowed excessive bids to be made to establish fictitious prices.

"Rule 4 provides that no purchases shall be made on the 'call' except by persons actually engaged in the distribution of the commodity purchased, and the same must be purchased for actual distribution in the ordinary course of his business and only in such amounts as are necessary to enable the purchaser to efficiently and economically carry on his business and furnish an even and regular supply to his trade. It also provides that all purchases made on the call must conform to the rules and regulations of the United States Food Administration governing handling or dealing in any food commodity and licenses, in so far as they may be applicable to the particular transaction."

PICKED UP MAN AT SEA.

American Steamer Saves Sole Survivor of the Ardmore.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—An American steamer has arrived at a British port having on board a man who was picked up at sea.

It is believed that the man was the only survivor of the Cork steamer Ardmore, which was either torpedoed or mined.

WIFE'S PATRIOTISM OUTWITS DWIGGINS

She Reveals His Whereabouts as Act of Justice to Those Who Lost in Bond Deal.

BELIEVES HE WILL EXPLAIN

Arrested in Montgomery, Ala., Fugitive Had 77 Liberty Bonds in His Pockets.

Elmer Dwiggins, the New York agent of the Bankers Life Insurance Company of Des Moines, Iowa, who disappeared last Saturday after the discovery of discrepancies amounting to $70,000 in his accounting for Liberty Loan subscriptions collected by him, is on his way here from Montgomery, Ala., in the custody of Federal officers. At his home, 204 West Seventieth Street, a frail-looking little woman, hollow-eyed from worry and loss of sleep, is anxiously awaiting her husband's return to explain her reasons for giving the police the information which led to his arrest.

Dwiggins was arrested in Montgomery yesterday, at the Exchange Hotel, according to a statement issued here by Assistant United States District Attorney John C. Knox. He was stopping there under the name of E. A. Dunham, and the officers recognized him when he claimed a decoy express package sent from here. When arrested, Dwiggins was purchasing a ticket for New Orleans. He had with him seventy-seven Liberty bonds worth $6,800 and $1,900 in cash.

The story of his chase and capture involves the decision of his wife, Mrs. Ora Dwiggins, whom he left here, to aid what she considered the cause of justice. It was a letter from Dwiggins to his wife that Mrs. Dwiggins turned over to the detectives that put the police on his track.

"I did it as a matter of simple justice to the people who had trusted him," she said last night when asked why she had revealed her husband's whereabouts.

Watched His Home.

When Dwiggins didn't return to his office after lunch last Saturday and the police began to fear he had run away, Detective Sergeant F. F. Franklin from the First Branch Bureau was assigned among others to look for him. Sergeant Franklin and another policeman late Saturday went to Dwiggins's home and tried to learn from Mrs. Dwiggins where her husband was. She was astonished and frightened when they told her who they were and why they had come to her home, but she declared she did not know where her husband was. Franklin then made arrangements to stay close by the apartment to watch in case the missing man returned.

On Monday after a wait of thirty-six hours, he again went to the apartment and had a long conversation with Mrs. Dwiggins. He told her that her husband had collected a lot of money from people who could not afford to lose it, and had disappeared, leaving no trace of the money. He pointed out that Dwiggins had used the name of the Government and the cause for which the nation was fighting in obtaining this money. Mrs. Dwiggins then said she would help all she could, regarding her assistance as a matter of patriotism. She gave the detective a telegram from Dwiggins sent from Washington worded vaguely and telling her to go to a house on Amsterdam Avenue, near 190th Street, where some friends lived, where there was a letter for her. Sergeant Franklin told her to get the letter and give it to him which she did.

In the letter Dwiggins asked his wife to write him, inclosing her letter in a letter to a friend in Los Angeles, who would forward it to him at the Exchange Hotel, Montgomery, Ala. Also, Mrs. Dwiggins was instructed by her husband's letter to pack up some Summer clothes, Palm Beach suits, low shoes, &c., and send them to the hotel. Sergeant Franklin at once communicated with the Post Office inspectors. A warrant was issued, charging Dwiggins with misuse of the mails, and Inspectors McQuillan and Williams of Chief Inspector Mayhew's staff started for Montgomery.

Package Sent as a Decoy.

Before they went, however, Mrs. Dwiggins packed the box as her husband had directed and sent it to him. The inspectors traveled on the same train as the express package. Arriving at the hotel in Montgomery, the inspectors watched the hotel desk where the package had been delivered. In a short while they heard Dwiggins call for it. A little later he went out of the hotel and went to a railroad office, where the inspectors arrested him just as he was buying a ticket for New Orleans. Dwiggins waived examination and left Montgomery with the officers last night.

In the meanwhile, Mrs. Dwiggins is torn between remorse for her act in, as she sees it, betraying her husband and her desire to do her duty to the nation and to the people who trusted Dwiggins.

"I want to tell him why I helped the police," she said last night. "I can hardly wait for him to come home. I aided the authorities all I could as a matter of simple justice to the Government and to the people who trusted my husband. I can hardly realize yet what it all means. It is all a mystery to me, which I hope my husband will clear up. The authorities, whom I aided all I could, promised to tell me the moment they found my husband, but they didn't keep that promise, for the first thing I knew of it was when I saw in the paper he had been arrested in Alabama."

E. W. Nothstine, field manager for the Bankers Life Insurance Company, arrived yesterday morning from Des Moines to take charge of the agency here pending an appointment of Dwiggins's successor. Mr. Nothstine was as reticent in regard to saying the course the company would take toward making good any losses the investors in Dwiggins's Liberty Loan proposition may suffer.

It was revealed yesterday that Dwiggins has been receiving in earnings from the Bankers Life more than $15,000 a year. It was said by officials of the company that in the nine months he had charge of the office here he turned in $4,000 000 in business.

The Dwiggins case will go before the Grand Jury today on a State charge of grand larceny. Assistant District Attorney Bohan, who is handling the case for District Attorney Swann, said that six complainants against Dwiggins would be examined.

DWIGGINS ADMITS SHORTAGE.

Confesses He Lost About $70,000 in the Stock Market.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 15.—Elmer Dwiggins, New York manager for the Bankers Life Insurance Company, arrested here, made a full confession to the Federal authorities before being taken back to New York tonight, after having waived examination. He declared that his operation in the New York stock market accounted for his shortage of about $70,000. He said in his statement:

"I do not know the exact amount of my shortage. I needed money to defray the expenses of my office, as there were a great many agents at work, and when the payments for bonds at $1 down and $1 a week began coming in, I knew I had a commission coming, and sought to use the early payments to my own account. I looked about for bonds paying a high rate of interest and bought Anglo-French bonds and French city securities. They slumped. My Anglo-French bonds dropped from $1,000 to $900. Going the wrong way wiped out much of the money I had appropriated. Three weeks ago I knew how things stood with my accounts, and when Inspector Hugh McQuillan began making an investigation I knew that they would get the goods on me.

"If the Inspector had remained with me a few minutes longer I would have told him the whole story, but he apparently was not sure whether I had been committing within the law, and let me get away. I had no idea where I was headed for when I left New York, and came South simply because I as not known here. I could not leave the country because it is impossible to get passports except in your own name. I made a very careless mistake in ordering my clothes shipped on.

"I was really making a very feeble effort to escape. I was simply putting off my arrest. The Bankers Insurance Company will owe me something like $40,000 in renewals and I am willing for it all to go on my shortage."

WON'T GET FOODSTUFFS YET

Negotiations with European Neutral Countries Still On.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Agreements between the United States and Northern European neutral countries for the release of American foodstuffs have not been finally completed, the War Trade Board announced tonight.

"No such arrangements have been made," said the statement, "although negotiations toward this end are still continuing, and it is hoped that they will result in effecting a satisfactory arrangement."

The neutrals have promised to put into American service immediately a large amount of tonnage on the assurance of this Government that their actual food requirements will be met.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 15.—The publication of a Washington dispatch that the tonnage negotiations were approaching a settlement has given rise to hope in Danish circles that the food and economic difficulties caused by the interruption of supplies from America may also be well on the way to settlement.

In the dispatch printed here there is reference to the possibility of continuing a certain amount of exports to Germany, which is taken as indicating acceptance of the Danish standpoint described by the phrase "commercial neutrality" or the right and necessity of continuing trade with both belligerent groups.

The Danish Foreign Office is unwilling to express an opinion on the subject matter of the dispatch or give any information on the negotiations in the absence of any official confirmation of the press messages. The hope was expressed, however, that this would indicate a spirit on the part of the United States to recognize the justness and correctness of Denmark's contention.

AUTO HITS GELETT BURGESS

Writer and Illustrator Sent to Hospital with Dislocated Hip.

Gelett Burgess, the illustrator and writer, was knocked down by an automobile while crossing Broadway at Ninety-fourth Street yesterday and taken to Knickerbocker Hospital, where it was found he had a dislocated left hip.

Later Mr. Burgess was removed to New York Hospital. He lives at 250 West Ninety-fourth Street. The automobile, the police reported, was driven by Mrs. Charles N. Ingraham of 225 West Sixty-ninth Street.

Strike on Government Work.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Nov. 15.—Work on Government contracts at the plant of the Morse Twist Drill and Machine Company was virtually at a standstill today as a result of a strike of a majority of the 1,200 employes for a 25 per cent. wage increase and shorter hours.

MRS. WARREN WILL BE SENTENCED TODAY

Wife of Architect Pleads Guilty to Falsely Declaring the Value of Gowns.

HER LAWYER ASKS LENIENCY

Judge Says Defendant's War Work Was the Only Part of the Plea That Appealed to Him.

Mrs. Charlotte A. Warren, wife of Whitney Warren, an architect, appeared before Judge Manton of the Federal District Court yesterday, withdrew her plea of not guilty to an indictment charging her with having made a false declaration as to the value of wearing apparel, which she brought from France in November, 1915, and pleaded guilty. She will be sentenced today. Judgment was not immediately pronounced because Frank E. Carstarphen, special Government prosecutor, said that in 1905 Mrs. Warren had committed a similar offense. John W. H. Crim, counsel for the defendant, said he knew nothing of the 1905 matter referred to and asked for time to investigate Mr. Carstarphen's statement.

Mr. Crim begged the Court to be lenient with his client, saying that with her husband she had been busy since the war in relief work for French widows and orphans. He declared that if Mrs. Warren had violated the customs law she did it without intention. Mr. Carstarphen answered by saying that for forty years Mrs. Warren had been traveling between this country and Europe; that she was a woman of brains and experience, and that it was difficult to believe that she had, on this particular occasion, placed a value of $1,500 on goods that were worth, with duties added, more than $11,000. He said that the personal property she brought here in 1905 was worth $2,600, but that its value was stated in the declaration to be less than $400.

Mr. Crim, in order to show how easily his client might have lost track of her possessions in 1915, said that on that occasion she was returning home from a trip to France, where she had been on work connected with a relief organization of which she was Treasurer; that her mind was taken up with the pressure of this work, and that her trunk had been packed by her maid. Besides, he said that the gowns that have made so much trouble for her had been bought at war bargain prices. The modistes in Paris had cried to all for help, counsel asserted, and Mrs. Warren was one of those who could not resist the call. Duty on three of the gowns had been paid once, he said, and had been sent back to France to be refitted.

"How about Mrs. Warren's previous experience with the customs authorities?", Judge Manton asked.

"I am perfectly astonished at Mr. Carstarphen's statement, replied Mr. Crim, "but I do know that mistakes are made in good faith in baggage declarations, but that the matter ends when any mistake is corrected."

Judge Manton wanted to know if the alleged incident of 1905 should not have been a warning to Mrs. Warren, and asked Mr. Crim if he thought his client was relieved of responsibility by saying that her maid was responsible. Mr. Crim said he knew nothing of anything that happened in 1905, but that when a grandmother was under such charges time should be given to her counsel to answer them. In postponing the sentence until today Judge Manton said that the only part of the plea for leniency that appealed to him was that touching on Mr. and Mrs. Warren's work among the war victims in France.

BROADWAY DARKENED, BUT STILL NOT SOMBRE

Big Advertising Signs Go Out at 11 P. M., But Wanderer Can Still Find His Way.

The order of Fuel Administrator Garfield affecting the lighting of the display advertising signs on Broadway went into effect last night, but despite it Broadway was not sombre. The big signs were not lighted until 7:45 o'clock and were darkened promptly at 11 o'clock. The order of the Fuel Administrator affected only display advertising signs. The lights that point the way into cafés and restaurants and that advertise theatres and plays were as bright as usual. Broadway was light enough after midnight to find the way about in.

The Edison Company which supplies the current for the advertising signs had prepared for the enforcement of the "lights out" order by applying to the Public Service Commission for power to change its contracts. So did the companies in Brooklyn and other parts of the city. Under the law all companies have to file copies of their contracts with the Public Service Commission, and these cannot be changed without permission of that body. This permission was granted on Wednesday.

Arthur Williams, City Food Administrator and Vice President of the New York Edison Company, said that the new order would not affect the service of the company except in the matter of time, and to this extent the contracts will be modified. The company contracts to furnish light between certain hours. The customer pays for the amount of current used, and when the current is turned on or off is not a matter for concern by the Edison Company.

Mr. Williams thought that the curtailment of the lights might mean a coal saving of about 500,000 tons all over the country in a year. Many persons returning home from the theatres stopped in Times Square last night to see the lights go out. There was some cheering.

The artists and poets of Greenwich Village are to celebrate the dimming of Broadway with a Moon Dance, to be held tonight at Webster Hall. The invitations read, "Come at Moon-up and stay till Sun-up."

The villagers, who dwell in candle-lighted studios, have long bewailed the garish lights of Broadway.

Frederic E. Gunnison, Fuel Administrator of Brooklyn, issued orders yesterday putting in effect the instructions of Dr. Garfield. The Brooklyn Edison Company issued orders to its patrolmen to turn on and off all the signs under their control. Private firms having large signs were also notified and the order was obeyed.

Makes J. P. Leary a Police Captain.

Police Commissioner Woods yesterday promoted Lieutenant John P. Leary of the Greenwich Street Station to a Captaincy. Leary has been in the department twenty years and was at the head of the eligible list. He will stay at the Greenwich Street Station.

Dancing after the Theatre at the Claridge

Under the direction of Miss Grace Field assisted by Miss Hazel Allen and Miss Leonora Hughes.

Music by Rahan Franko

Hotel Claridge, Broadway at 44th Street

Special— Fibre Silk Sox 29c

Friday and Saturday Only

So much quality for so little money happens once in a "blue moon."

All popular colors.

Buy enough of these Sox while you can get them at 29c.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th } Open
3d Ave., cor. 122d } Evenings.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Army Officers' Uniforms

Wear DASHWOOD AND KNOW THE MANY ADVANTAGES OF THE LAPEL FRONT

E&W 2 for 35¢ Collars

EARL & WILSON TROY'S BEST PRODUCT

PAWN TICKETS BOUGHT
CASH PAID IMMEDIATELY
for Pawn Tickets, Diamonds, Precious Stones and Jewelry. Appraising free. Strictly confidential. Open Evenings.
FORGOTSTON'S
1432 Broadway, N. Y. Cor. 40th St.

IN THE HOLY LAND.
British forces in Palestine moving heavy artillery across the sand along the sea pictured in the Rotogravure Section of The New York Times next Sunday. Order today.—Advt.

Baker, Murray & Imbrie Inc.
The Store of Expert Personal Service

Girls' "Patrick" Mackinaws $5.00
(Value $10.00)

LESS than a hundred of these warm, colorful sport coats. This small quantity will necessarily limit the number of happy buyers who will share in this opportunity. Parents will be well rewarded for an early morning trip to our store to select from the beautiful plaids that predominate in this lot of garments.

Gray, black and purple plaids; red and black plaids; blue and black plaids — Norfolk model with notched collar. A few radiant scarlet coats with belt and shawl collar.

"Patrick" name is your guarantee of all wool. 14 to 16 year old sizes ONLY.

And remember—

Prompt purchase if you do not want to be disappointed!

10-15-17 Warren St.
(Just across Broadway from City Hall)

Of the amazing Performance of the AMPICO Reproducing Piano as Soloist with Orchestra, of the Grieg A Minor Concerto

Artur Bodanzky

Distinguished Conductor of the Metropolitan says:—

"What I heard this morning impressed me as a great phenomenon in this world of miracles. The blending of a Symphony Orchestra with the Knabe Ampico Reproducing Piano in rendering the Grieg Concerto is surely the ideal realization of the dream of master minds."

Artur Bodanzky

Daily Demonstrations in the Ampico Studio.

Knabe Warerooms
Fifth Avenue at Thirty-ninth Street

Outfitters (by special sanction) to the American Red Cross

Hart Schaffner & Marx Army Officers' Uniforms

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

"I've Been Intending to Come."

Men tell us that, often, on the occasion of a first visit—*and come again.*

Others of the same thought have not yet made good this promise to themselves.

Now is a mighty good time for both to profit through what they know or believe about the Wallach Stores.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats

Quality is all-important this year—never more so. And you *know* Hart Schaffner & Marx all-wool quality, however little you may have considered the matter in the past.

Because you're sure of quality *here,* any one of our four Stores is a good place to buy your new Suit or Overcoat. Again you're invited. Drop in. 'Round the corner isn't far, even in New York.

Suits $20 to $50 *Overcoats $20 to $35*

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th } Open
3rd Ave., cor. 122d } Evenings

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—On Staten Island ferryboat Bronx, leaving South Ferry 6 P. M. on Tuesday, Nov. 13, outside ladies' cabin, lower deck entrance, leather brief bag containing commercial papers. Finder returning to Marwick, Mitchell, Peat & Co., 70 Wall St., will be suitably rewarded. No questions asked.

LOST.—Southern Pacific Company stock certificate No. A2994 for 50 shares, in the name "Virginia K. Wearne." Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate should not be issued. Mrs. Virginia K. Wearne, 120 East 31st St., New York.

LOST—Diamond brooch with seventy-five diamonds; also amethyst; swirl shaped. Lexington Av., 40th St. to Post Office, East 34th St.; 34th St. and 6th Av. cars to Carnegie Hall. Return Cosmopolitan Club, 133 East 40th St., for reward.

LOST—Wednesday evening, about 12 o'clock, on top of a 5th Av. bus, between Washington Square and 43d St., a sealskin neckpiece. Suitable reward paid if returned to Frederick Almy & Co., 251 4th Av., city.

LOST—In Far Rockaway train leaving N. Y. 11:30 P. M. Nov. 14, a brown sealskin purse with rhinestone ornaments, containing lady's watch, money, other articles; liberal reward. V 225 Times Downtown.

LOST.—Monday, between Morris Park station, Long Island R. R. and St. Patrick's Church, Kent and Willoughby Avs., four strings of seed pearls on cross pendant. Reward if returned to A. Arnaud, 24 Church St., Richmond Hill.

LOST.—Morning service, Holy Trinity Church, lady's gold bracelet watch and round pin, two color gold and pearls, 122d, Lenox Av., 114th St., Morningside Av. Return Sherman Square Hotel, Broadway and 70th; reward.

LOST.—$100 reward and no questions asked for the return of octagon shape onyx and diamond wrist watch on black ribbon; initials on back in enamel.
Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST.—$75 reward and no questions asked for return of bead bag, Saturday afternoon, near Delmonico's; valued for association. Telephone K. D. Athey, Murray Hill 2697.

LOST.—On Long Island Railroad train, lady's beaded hand bag, containing vanity case, &c. Finder return to P. F. Salomon, 27 Pine St., New York City. Liberal reward.

LOST.—Saturday at noon, between Stein & Blaine's, 8 West 36th St., and McCreery's; diamond and platinum circle brooch. Reward if returned to 52 East 54th St.

LOST—Nov. 13, a fancy barpin studded with diamonds; finder will be liberally rewarded. Return to Mrs. B. Weltzenkorn, Hotel Gotham, 5th Av. and 55th St.

LOST.—Gold sword pin with pearls, Sunday evening, at Healy's, or Broadway between 63d and 66th; reward. Kathryn S. Fowler, 55 East 62d St.

LOST.—Nov. 13, while in the city a watch with name on inside of back case. Will finder communicate with Lillian Grey Michie, the Castle School, Tarrytown, N. Y.

LOST.—On Wednesday, between 72d and 66th, west side, a platinum and diamond watch pin. Suitable reward if returned to J. S. Ehrich, 1 West 72d.

LOST—Blue fox fur; left in Black and White taxi at 108th St., Thursday, 1 A. M. Return Cromwell, 360 Riverside Drive. Reward.

LOST.—Lady's Persian lamb coat, Saturday night, 13th, 15th Avs., 50th St., Brooklyn; liberal reward. 1,511 50th St.

LOST.—Nov. 13, solitaire diamond ring; platinum setting; liberal reward. E. Hamburger, 25 West 22d St.

LOST.—Square cut diamond set in platinum heavy plain gold band ring; liberal reward. Phone 4297 Columbus, Ralph.

LOST—Diamond earrings, Monday, in Harlem; reward. Mrs. Daltch, 2 West 115th St.

REWARD $25 for diamond brooch attached to small black tulle bow, lost between Rector St. and West 54th. Finder return to 13 West 54th.

REWARD for return Waterman's silver fountain pen, small bag, lost Broadway, 107th, 96th; no questions. 738 West End Av.

LOST.—Several documents addressed E. A. Ford. Please return to Suite 1174, 50 Church St., New York. Reward.

LOST.—Diamond earring stone; liberal reward. Ask for A. M., 12 West 44th.

REWARD.—Diamond, redstone ring, tiger engraved initials S. H. S. Hirschhorn, 2,520 Grand Concourse.

REWARD.—Gun metal watch, Tuesday, near Park Av. Hotel. Return to Room 550, Park Av. Hotel.

$100 REWARD.
LOST.—Between Allen and Delancey and Bowery and Delancey, one bundle containing men's new black pants; reward of $100 offered for return; loss falls on employe; no questions asked. M. FRANK & CO., 102 Broadway.

$25 REWARD.
Lost on Hoboken ferry Sunday, Nov. 11, a black enamel brooch, set with pearls; return to or communicate with Mrs. Breckinridge, 1,155 Park Av.

$100 REWARD
for diamond bar pin, lost Nov. 15, vicinity 52d Av. and 44th St.
Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$150 REWARD for return of onyx and diamond bowknot brooch, in brown velvet bag, left in taxi leaving Idaho going downtown Oct. 30. Charlton Co., 634 5th Av.

$700 REWARD for diamond butterfly pin lost Manhattan Bridge car, 7th Av. trolley, Brooklyn, Sunday night; no questions asked. I. Yormark, 553 Hudson St.

$100 REWARD return platinum wrist watch, 24 small diamonds, lost Oct. 27, 1917; no questions asked. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St., New York City.

$30 REWARD for return of pearl and rose diamond necklace mounted in platinum or silver, backed with gold. Wm. Wise & Son, 19 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Found.

FOUND.—Lady's watch and chain, initialed; owner may claim on payment of ad. X 211 Times Annex.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—White Spitz dog, near 26th St. and 7th Av.; reward $15. Rosenkrans, 215 West 26th St.

LOST.—Saturday, Boston terrier named Penny; reward. Engle, Schuyler 5968-J.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Sunday; northwest winds, becoming variable Sunday.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,847. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1917.—TWENTY PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

PRESIDENT SAYS KAISER WILL RUE CHALLENGE TO US

In Two Messages Reiterates Determination to Fight War to Victorious Finish.

CABLES TO KING ALBERT

Expresses Sympathy for Belgium's Sufferings Under 'Disappointed Autocracy.'

LAUDS NORTHWEST'S STAND

Tells Loyalty Meetings at St. Paul That This Is a War for Every Straight-Out American.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—In two messages today, one cabled to the King of the Belgians and the other telegraphed to citizens from six States of the Northwest gathered in patriotic meetings at St. Paul, Minn., President Wilson reaffirmed the determination of the United States to fight the Kaiser to a successful finish.

Following is the text of his cablegram to King Albert:

I take pleasure in extending to your Majesty greetings of friendship and good-will on this your fête day.

For the people of the United States, I take this occasion to renew expressions of deep sympathy for the sufferings which Belgium has endured under the willful, cruel, and barbaric force of a disappointed Prussian autocracy.

The people of the United States were never more in earnest than in their determination to prosecute to a successful conclusion this war against that power and to secure for the future obedience to the laws of nations and respect for the rights of humanity.

To the gatherings in St. Paul the President wired:

Northwest Loyalty Meetings,
St. Paul, Minn.:

R. W. Hargadine, Secretary:

Nothing could be more significant than your gathering to express the loyalty of the great Northwest. If it were possible I should gladly be with you. You have come together as the representative of that Western empire in which the sons of all sections of America and the stocks of all the nations of Europe have made the prairie and the forest the home of a new race and the temple of a new faith. The time has come when that home must be protected and that faith affirmed in deeds. Sacrifice and service must come from every class, every profession, every party, every race, every creed, every section.

This is not a banker's war or a farmer's war or a manufacturer's war or a laboring man's war—it is a war for every staight-out American, whether our flag be his by birth or by adoption. We are today a nation in arms, and we must fight and farm, mine and manufacture, conserve food and fuel, save and spend, to the one common purpose.

It is to the great Northwest that the nation looks, as once before in critical days, for that steadiness of purpose and firmness of determination which shall see this struggle through to a decision that shall make the masters of Germany rue the day they unmasked their purpose and challenged our Republic.

WOODROW WILSON.

NORTHWEST BACKS WILSON.

Pledges Support to President in "Deeds, Sacrifices, and Service."

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 16.—As a demonstration of the loyalty of Minnesota and the whole Northwest, representatives from every county of this State and the other Commonwealths gathered here tonight and affirmed their purpose to stand back of the Government in its prosecution of the war against Germany. The audience, through adoption of a resolution, pledged its support in "deeds, sacrifices, and service," as a message from President Wilson, read at the meeting, suggested.

T. P. O'Connor, Irish Member of the British Parliament, taking as his text an American flag, which he held in his hand, dwelt on the opportunities afforded emigrants to this country as the basis for a loyalty that should be untarnished by a divided allegiance.

"Washington warned against entangling foreign alliances, a warning not unnecessary in his time," Mr. O'Connor said. "Divided allegiance is 'European entanglement,' in it worst form."

Either America had no right to enter the war, Mr. O'Connor said, or she must stay in the war until the things that brought her into it were destroyed.

"When," said United States Senator Frank B. Kellogg, "a United States Senator tells you that the United States went to war to protect munition manufacturers and the Morgan loans he slanders your honor and patriotism. This is the time to give the lie to that statement."

Senator Kellogg declared that there were only two parties in the nation in this time of war. "One is with the nation and one against it," he said. "God has written down the outcome of the war and it is our duty to carry out the decree."

United States Senator Knute Nelson said Germany began to brood over the world war from the Agadir episode, "and Germany has been plotting against us since Admiral Dewey called time on Admiral Diederichs in Manila Bay," he added.

The meeting voted to organize "The America First Association," with F. W. Murphy, of Wheaton as President."

Bomb Frightens Audience at Chicago Grand Opera

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 16.—What the police declared was an attempt to explode a bomb in the Auditorium Theatre at the opera tonight was disclosed by a flash and flare from the centre of the orchestra seats.

Mme. Galli-Curci and Octave Dua were in the middle of a duet in "Dinorah" when occupants of seats on the right-hand side of the theatre smelled sulphuric smoke. An instant later flames spurted from under one of the seats. Those near by leaped to their feet. One man stamped on the flames and sparks scattered over the floor. Then the fire died out.

Signor Campanini leaped to his place in the orchestra and directed his musicians to play "The Star-Spangled Banner." Mme. Galli-Curci swung into the song and was followed by the other singers. This halted the incipient panic. Meantime the ushers had found a twelve-inch pipe, sealed with a cap at each end, and with fragments of a fuse attached.

The bomb was taken to the house of Fire Engine Company 10. The fuse had been lighted, according to Captain Scanlon, but had been snuffed out before it exploded.

There is a suspicion that the bomb was placed by a person disgruntled because the Chicago Grand Opera Company had barred German opera on account of the war.

COLONEL FOR WAR ON KAISER'S ALLIES

Tells Princeton Men That America Must Also Smash Austria and Turkey.

FLAYS THE PROPAGANDISTS

And Calls the Hearsts, the La Follettes, and the Hillquits Foes of Democracy.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 16.—A pledge to "make the world safe for democracy" is a solemn engagement to smash the two nations which most conspicuously make democracy unsafe within their own borders, said Colonel Roosevelt here tonight. "Unless we resolutely intend to break up both Austria and Turkey and insist on liberty for the subject races in the two countries, our talk about making the world safe for democracy is a sham," he declared. The Colonel spoke on "National Strength and International Duty," under the Stafford Title Foundation of Princeton.

He lamented America's slowness in getting into the war, and declared inexcusable our present state of "broomstick preparedness." "We have yet to pay for it," he declared, "and the Allies have already paid for it in blood." Pacifists and pro-Germans here were compared to the disintegrating forces in Russia today. Taking as the text President Wilson's statement that "we must make the world safe for democracy," Colonel Roosevelt made it plain that this demanded not only war upon Germany, German plans and purposes, but upon Austria and Turkey.

"We announced that our purpose was to make the world safe for democracy," he said. "This pledges us to immense sacrifice, in a hard, usingerous crusade, eminently righteous, but for an object in which our own concern was slight. Personally, I was and am eagerly ready to enter into such a crusade, if our people seriously intend to put it through, but our people ought thoroughly to understand what it means. Our grievance was against Germany, and we could with honor have joined with our allies to war against her until she was overthrown and then make peace in such fashion as to guarantee justice to them and to us, and to make the world a little safer for all of its inconsequence. But a pledge to 'make the world safe for democracy,' is a solemn engagement to smash the two nations which most conspicuously make democracy unsafe within their own borders, Austria and Turkey."

Colonel Roosevelt insisted that the United States should have gone into the war after the sinking of the Lusitania, "for," said he, "if the sinking of the Lusitania was no special grievance to this nation then the rape of a woman is no special grievance to the men who are her close kin."

The Colonel was very far from sharing the optimism with Secretary of War Baker as to the results the country had accomplished in these ten months. As a matter of fact, he said, even now our men in the training camps were not yet equipped, having only one rifle to every eight recruits and only cotton underwear and light suits, in many cases, to protect them against the weather.

He urged that the country take some action toward establishing a permanent policy of preparedness, and compared pacifists and pro-Germans in America to the disintegrating forces in Russia today.

"And in Russia," he said, in conclusion, "on the day after the forces of despotism were overthrown the forces of anarchy and disorder, under the leadership of demagogues and sinister or impractical doctrinaires, became the foes of liberty and democracy. So it is here. The Hearsts and La Follettes and Stones and Bergers and Hillquits, the agitators of the I. W. W. and the Germanized-American Socialists are of precisely the same type as the men who seek to tear free Russia to pieces; whose excesses and follies have thrown great tracts of Russa under the feet of the German aggressor, and who continuously threaten either to render for a byword of failure or else to re-enthrone some form of the old tyranny. Let us shun, as we would shun the plague, both the white terror of reaction and the red terror of revolution."

Colonel Roosevelt this afternoon reviewed the undergraduate battalion, as well as the large number of student aviators who are attending the Government "ground school" here. He seemed well pleased with the spirit which the Princeton undergraduates are showing, and made a short address at the request of Major Herbert H. Sargent, U. S. A., retired, who is Professor of Military Science at Princeton.

President and Mrs. Hibben gave a dinner in honor of Colonel and Mrs. Roosevelt this evening, and following his formal address in Alexander Hall the Colonel attended a smoker in the Russell Sage Dining Hall.

CONTROL OF ROADS ON BANK PLAN, VANDERLIP'S IDEA

Suggests Legalizing Combinations Under a Board Similar to Reserve System.

HIGHER RATES ONLY AN AID

Declares a Radical Change Is Necessary to Prevent Government Ownership.

WARBURG SOUNDS WARNING

Sees Nation's Vigor Impaired by Drastic Shrinkage of Railroad Securities.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Combinations of railroads to effect economies and solidify their securities was casually proposed by Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank of New York, when he appeared before the Interstate Commerce Commission today in advocacy of an increase in freight rates. Mr. Vanderlip declared that such a development in the railroad policies of the United States seemed necessary to prevent Government ownership, and suggested that the country be divided into districts like the Federal Reserve system, with a central control board.

While explaining that he had not carefully thought out a plan to meet the situation confronting the railroads, Mr. Vanderlip was very emphatic in saying that the proposed increase in rates would not effect a cure; that it would only be a poultice on the wound.

"Something more; a radical change in the system, fashioned along the plan of the Federal Reserve system, with representatives of labor and the Interstate Commerce Commission on a central governing board, which board could decide when combinations could be formed and when increases should be granted in traffic as well as in wages, might be a solution," he said. Unless the present system of regulation and no combinations of railroads was modified along broad lines, Mr. Vanderlip saw Government ownership as the only remedy to the serious railroad problem existing today.

With Paul M. Warburg, Vice Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, and George W. Norris, Chairman of the Farm Loan Bank, Mr. Vanderlip appeared before the commission at its request. Mr. Vanderlip said that he had been unable to prepare any statement and would merely give his general opinion and gladly submit himself to examination.

"I fear Government ownership of railroads," said Mr. Vanderlip at the outset. His entire argument was based upon the premise that there was a strong trend to Government ownership. "I say I fear Government ownership," he added, "unless something radical is done to convince the public that railroad shares and bonds are good securities."

Mr. Vanderlip said there were five ways that a railroad had of obtaining money—the issue of bonds, disposal of junior securities, equipment notes, issuing of more stocks, and by short-term notes. None of them presented possibilities at this time because of conditions abroad.

Need a Billion Dollars Now.

"The outlook is that the railroads will need a billion dollars of new capital," he added, "and it is not possible to obtain this. The investor is the judge of his investment, and he today is turning away from railroad securities to industrials and other forms of investment. He does not have confidence in railroad securities.

"I do not think that the money which would come from the rate increase sought would cure the situation. The cure lies much deeper than that. We are trying to control the railroads by two systems—one which prohibits combinations and the other which regulates through the Interstate Commerce Commission. So long as the railroads are regulated as to rates they should have the advantage of combinations. I feel that before we cure the railroads of the present sickness they will either go into the hands of the Government or the fundamental plan must be changed to permit railroads to consolidate and thereby get advantages of economies and averages which would accrue from combinations.

"I am not sure that the railroads cannot learn something from bankers. The railroads are in much the same position that bankers were years ago. They are not thinking along national lines, but devoting themselves solely to their own problems. Just what was done in the banking world might be performed for the railroads of the United States. I would suggest, and I want to say in doing so that it is a mere suggestion, that the country be formed into districts as under the Federal Reserve banking system. Upon the central board I would put representatives of the Government, members of the Interstate Commerce Commission, representatives of labor and representatives of the public, the investor. Such a commission or board could decide when freight rates could be increased and also have a say as to wage increases, and it also could decide when combinations might be formed of the carriers. But while an increase in rates at this time would not be a cure, it would bring back the confidence lacking in the mind of the investor as to railroad securities."

Buys No Railroad Paper.

Upon cross-examination Mr. Vanderlip said that he had shown his lack of confidence in railroad securities by not having any personally and "by not

Continued on Page 4.

Crown Prince May Seek to Depose von Hertling

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 16.—The German Crown Prince recently had a long conference with Prince von Bülow, the former Imperial Chancellor, at the Prince's Berlin hotel. All the Berlin newspapers make note of the conversation, and some comment on the Crown Prince's call and the Prince's candidacy for his old post as being a noteworthy event.

Undoubtedly it is a little too early to regard the Crown Prince, whose visit to Berlin was accounted for by the christening of his youngest daughter, as again attempting to play the rôle of overthrower of Chancellors. Prince von Bülow is believed to be in accord with the Crown Prince regarding Germany's political and war objectives, while Chancellor von Hertling is the exponent of a policy to which the Crown Prince is opposed.

ACCUSE JAILERS OF SUFFRAGISTS

Lawyer and Others Charge 30 Prisoners at Occoquan Are Treated Brutally.

MANACLED TO CELL BARS

Miss Burns Threatened with a Straitjacket, It Is Said—Two Refuse Bail.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Matthew O'Brien, a Washington lawyer, who visited the District of Columbia Workhouse at Occoquan, Va., today, declared at the headquarters of the Woman's Party tonight that militant suffragists imprisoned in the workhouse for picketing the White House were being brutally and inhumanely treated. In addition to having Mr. O'Brien relate what he had learned, the Woman's Party gave to the newspapers a statement of Miss Lucy Burns of New York, who was sentenced this week to serve six months at Occoquan, that indignities had been inflicted on her and other militants serving workhouse terms.

In a letter which those at militant headquarters asserted was smuggled out of the workhouse Miss Burns declared that she was manacled to the bars of her cell and threatened with being placed in a straitjacket and gagged if she persisted in talking with her fellow-women prisoners. Miss Burns, being more athletic than the others, refused to don the prison garb, and she said that all her outer garments were stripped from her by force. She wrapped herself in a blanket. All the other women are said to be wearing the prison uniform, as their clothes were taken from them.

Mr. O'Brien tomorrow will appeal to the courts for remedy against what he describes as "most brutal and illegal treatment" of the thirty suffrage prisoners. Every effort was being made to place the women incomunicado, he said. The Government, it was charged, had sent a detachment of United States Marines from their camp at Quantico, Va., to guard the grounds and prevent friends of the suffragists from getting inside the prison grounds.

Pickets Visitors Barred.

All communication with the outside world was refused, and Superintendent Whittaker at first declined to admit Mr. O'Brien, who went there with an order from the Court to confer with his clients, Miss Burns, Mrs. Lawrence Lewis of Philadelphia, and Mrs. John Winters Brannan of New York. Miss Katherine Morey of Brookline, Mass., accompanied Mr. O'Brien to the prison this afternoon. She demanded of Superintendent Whittaker to see her mother, Mrs. Agnes Morey, and was refused. She was ordered to leave the grounds. Failing to comply with this request promptly she was escorted to her automobile by a marine.

"I am sorry to do this," the marine told her; "but we are under military orders."

"What would you do if I refused to obey your orders? Would you shoot?" Miss Morey asked.

"I cannot say what I would do, but I have strict orders, Madam," she quoted the marine as saying.

Mr. O'Brien described the alleged treatment of the women on his return tonight. He said that nothing like this treatment had been administered to the most hardened criminals and that he intended to force a Congressional inquiry.

"My clients reported to me," said Mr. O'Brien, "that from the time of their arrival every effort was made to terrorize them; that they were not allowed to state to the Superintendent their desires; that when an attempt was made by Mrs. Lewis, speaking for all of them, to tell Superintendent Whittaker that they expected to be subjected to no indignities, thirty women were seized by eighty guards, flung off their feet and dragged from the room.

"My clients informed me that because they refused to give their names the Superintendent ordered his guards to seize them and they were taken to punishment cells in the men's quarters. On their arrival there Mrs. Lewis and Miss Burns were threatened with being placed in straitjackets and gagged if they persisted in talking. Both the ladies refused to cease talking to each other and Miss Burns was then manacled to the bars of the cell used to confine prisoners suffering from delirium tremens.

Refused to Don Jail Garb.

"Other indignities were offered the ladies, and when they asked for counsel they were told they would not be permitted to see counsel during their entire incarceration. The only reason given by Superintendent Whittaker for trans-

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Your family will be safe at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C., finest resort hotel in the world. Not a cure, sick guests not admitted. —advt.

COWDRAY LEAVES BRITISH CABINET, RESENTING OFFER TO NORTHCLIFFE; ITALIANS FLOOD ROUTES TO VENICE

MAY DROWN OUT AUSTRIANS

Inundation Between Piave and Sile Swamps Advanced Posts.

FORMS A 12-MILE TRIANGLE

Interposes a Wide Barrier Between Austrian Left Wing and Adriatic City.

BUT ITS FALL IS EXPECTED

Washington Looks for Bombardment and Capture by Naval and Land Forces.

By The Associated Press.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 16, (delayed.)—The floodgates of the Piave and Sile, or Old Piave, Rivers have been opened by Italian military engineers and the enemy is now faced by another Yser of inundation.

The flood was loosed at the point where the enemy succeeded in crossing the Piave near Grisolera, (four miles from the coast,) and the whole region where he gained lodgment is now under water. The inundated territory forms a huge triangle about twelve miles on each side, with the apex at Dona di Piave.

The water effectively holds the enemy at most exposed points and for fifteen miles on the west bank of the Piave. The flooded area is about seventy square miles and the water is a foot to five feet deep, and twelve miles in width at some points, making the district impossible of occupation or movement by enemy troops. The enemy clings to the west bank at Zenson, but is crowded into a small U-shaped position and relying on batteries across the river to keep the Italians back.

Austro-German efforts to bring over large forces by pontoons have not succeeded, according to latest reports, either at Zenson or at points further north where the invaders are feeling their way in an effort to get across.

The booming of Italian naval guns could be heard distinctly here this morning, showing that the navy as well as the army was doing its part. The fire of the naval guns was directed against enemy positions on the lower Piave.

The chief menace at that point was that the enemy might be able to approach Venice through the lagoon or bombard the city from his position between the rivers.

The action of the Italians in opening the floodgates of the Piave and Sile Rivers probably means an attempt to drown out the Austro-German forces which crossed the lower Piave several days ago at Grisolera, about seventeen miles northeast of Venice. The flooding of the triangle formed by the two rivers and the Adriatic also probably would make ineffective any German attempt to debouch in force against the right flank of the Italian Army along the Piave.

ITALIANS CHECK ASSAULTS.

Mountain Front Intact Thursday—Foe Takes Cismon and Prisoners.

ROME, Nov. 16.—All along the mountain front from Asiago to the Piave River the attacks of the Austro-German forces, which are seeking to crush in the Italian line, have been repulsed, it is announced officially. All the positions attacked yesterday remained in the hands of the Italians.

On the Venetian plains artillery batties of intense severity across the Piave River are in progress.

Following is the text of the official communication:

On the mountainous front, from the Asiago plateau to the Piave River, combats have developed and are continuing. Yesterday the enemy kept our positions under intense fire and launched violent attacks. Our troops, supported by artillery, resisted everywhere with great courage, and counterattacked with boldness, inflicting losses on the enemy and capturing prisoners. All the positions remained in our possession.

The Regina Brigade, Ninth and Tenth Regiments, fought with its usual valor at Meletta d'Avanti and Monte Fior. At Monte Tondarecar, where three successive attacks were repulsed, the Monte Marmolada Battalion of Alpini showed firmness. At the defensive line of San Marino, in the Brenta Valley, enemy parties were driven back with heavy losses.

At Monte Prassolan a party which had retired from Monte Roncone made a counterattack, having received reinforcements, and repulsed the enemy, who had followed close on its heels during the withdrawal. At Monte Cornelle our troops, with stubbornness and admirable élan, victoriously resisted the formidable effort of the enemy, lasting from afternoon until midnight.

Enemy troops massed north of Asiago and in the Gallio Wood were bombarded by our airplanes.

On the plains intense artillery activity continued across the Piave River.

From the Stelvio to the Astico some artillery firing is reported. There were local infantry actions in the Giudicaria and Ledro Valleys.

Yesterday and last night airplanes and airships repeated their bombard-

Continued on Page 2.

Wilson Inspired the Recent London Naval Conference, Desiring a Program for Joint Warfare at Sea

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Lord Northcliffe's letter to Premier Lloyd George was the means of bringing to the surface some of the latent feeling existing here over the allied conduct of the war.

It is now no secret that the recent naval conference in London, attended by Admiral Mayo, Commander in Chief of the Atlantic Fleet, was called at the instance of President Wilson, and not, as generally supposed, by one of the European allies. The conference was the outcome of questioning in Washington whether there was a genuine allied plan of naval operations against the Germans. It was felt by the President and others that a conference was necessary to determine upon a program that would enable the naval forces of Great Britain, France, the United States, and perhaps Japan and Italy, to act together to the best advantage. While some naval experts here sympathized with the criticism heard from Europe concerning the inactivity of the British Grand Fleet, it would be going too far to say that those in high position shared this dissatisfaction. They merely felt that not enough was known of the naval plans of our European allies to justify the United States Government in determining the disposition of its naval forces or taking steps that would be most helpful in the effort to defeat Germany.

What Admiral Mayo learned at the conference and what plans for the employment of American naval forces were evolved from it have not been disclosed and could not be. Apparently, however, something was left to be arranged, and this situation brought about the calling of an allied conference in Paris.

It became known today that three separate conferences, in all of which the United States will participate, would be held in Paris. The general conference, in which Colonel House will represent the United States, will be devoted to the whole question of co-ordinated effort in the conduct of the war. Another conference will be devoted to plans for military co-operation, with General Bliss, Chief of the General Staff, as the American representative, and the third to plans for naval co-operation, with Admiral Benson, Chief of Naval Operations, representing this Government.

CLEMENCEAU PICKS RADICAL CABINET

Conservatives, Socialists, and Royalists Not Included in the New Ministry.

PICHON FOREIGN MINISTER

Premier Himself Will Be Minister of War—Several Men of Little Note.

PARIS, Nov. 16.—Georges Clemenceau has completed a cabinet in succession to that headed by Professor Painlevé. The new Ministry is as follows:

Premier and Minister of War—GEORGES CLEMENCEAU.
Minister of Foreign Affairs—STEPHEN PICHON.
Minister of Justice—LOUIS NAIL.
Minister of Interior—JULES PAMS.
Minister of Finance—LOUIS KLOTZ.
Minister of Marine—GEORGES LEYGUES
Minister of Commerce—ETIENNE CLEMENTEL.
Minister of Public Works—ALBERT CLAVEILLE.
Minister of Munitions—LOUIS LOUCHEUR.
Minister of Instruction—LOUIS LAFFERRE.
Minister of Colonies—HENRY SIMON.
Minister of Labor—M. COLLIARD.
Minister of Provisions—VICTOR BORET.
Minister of Blockade and Invaded Region—CHARLES C. A. JONNART.

Deputy Durand refused the post of Minister of Agriculture, and that department has been attached to the Ministry of Provisions, under M. Boret, with M. Villegrain as Under Secretary, specially charged with general service connected with corn.

Senator Jeanneney, Chairman of the Senatorial Committee on Army Appropriations, has been appointed Under-Secretary of State to Premier Clémenceau with a seat in the Cabinet. Deputy Albert Favre has been appointed Under-Secretary of the Interior, and Deputy Cels Under-Secretary of the Navy, specially charged with questions concerning the submarine warfare.

M. Clemenceau presented the Ministry to President Poincaré at 4:15 o'clock this afternoon.

The Temps financial correspondent says the Bourse was favorably influenced by the new Ministry, and that buying orders were more numerous.

Much interest attaches to M. Clemenceau's attitude toward the censorship, he having suffered from its severities to the extent of being compelled to change the name of his newspaper from The Freeman to The Man Enchained.

Although no official announcement has yet been made, it is understood the new Premier will suppress the censorship entirely, putting newspapers and correspondents on their honor not to infringe rules which will be drawn up for their direction, and any transgression of which will lead to immediate prosecution.

The new Cabinet represents a concentration of the Republican groups, excluding the Conservatives, Royalists, and Socialists. The Radicals predominate.

A committee of Radicals and Radical Socialists by a vote of 59 to 26 approved of members of the party participating in the Ministry. The attitude of the Socialists after the resignation of Premier Painlevé prevented M. Clemenceau from inviting any member of that party to hold office.

The rapidity of the formation of the Ministry establishes a record in French politics. Premier Clemenceau began his task at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon and completed it within twenty-four hours.

Captain Andre Tardieu, High Commis-

Continued on Page 3.

REPORT KERENSKY AGAIN IN FLIGHT

Had Agreed to Go to Petrograd After Defeat, but Got Away in Disguise.

HIS FORCES TWICE BEATEN

Communication with Russian Capital Restored and Light Is Thrown on Week's Events.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 16.—General Dukhonin has assumed temporarily the post of Commander in Chief of the Kerensky forces, following the disappearance of Premier Kerensky, who is reported to have fled disguised as a sailor.

General Krasneff, arrested with other members of Kerensky's staff, has been released on the ground that he was only obeying the orders of his superior.

Premier Kerensky when told that his officers were against him and the men were at the point of deserting, agreed to come to Petrograd, but while a guard was being arranged he disappeared.

Light on Recent Events.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—The first word received direct from Petrograd for several days, with the exception of brief daily wireless statements announcing the absence of communications from Army Headquarters, came today in the form of an official wireless message mentioning Colonel Mouravieff, the Bolshevikl military leader, as in command of the Petrograd military revolutionary district.

The message says that Colonel Mouravieff has commanded the Kissinov [Kishinev?] Soldiers' and Workmen's Council to take the most energetic steps to liberate their comrades in the Kissinov prison who are serving terms at hard labor for revolting against "the deposed Provisional Government."

A cable message dated yesterday says: "Seven thousand military cadets and 3,000 troops are besieged in the Kremlin at Moscow by 18,000 Bolsheviki, who are battering the ancient walls and buildings with heavy artillery, according to a well authenticated report received this afternoon."

The Government troops are said to have a fairly plentiful supply of food and ammunition and to be capable of holding out for some days.

According to the informant of The Associated Press, a semi-official American returning from Moscow, the stories of wholesale looting and burning there have been exaggerated. There has been indiscriminate firing throughout the city, but aside from the havoc at the Kremlin there has been little damage done to property.

The loss of life since the beginning of the insurrection is estimated at from 2,000 to 5,000.

General Kaledines, upon whose help the defenders of the Kremlin are counting, is reported to have cut the railway southward to prevent provisions arriving while he is moving toward Moscow.

Other messages by cable, all delayed, are beginning to filter in from the Russian capital. One, dated Wednesday, says:

"Premier Kerensky's forces, which advanced from Gatchina to Tsarkoe Selo, have been defeated by the Workmen's and Soldiers' forces between Tsarkoe Selo and Pulkova, twelve miles from Petrograd. The Kerensky contingents have retreated to Gatchina."

A Reuter's limited dispatch, dated Tuesday, says:

"Tsarkoe Selo has twice changed

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LLOYD GEORGE IS BLAMED

Air Board Head First Told of Premier's Plan by Editor's Letter.

WANTS TO QUIT RIGHT AWAY

London Stirred by Northcliffe's Criticisms—Some of the Press Applaud Him.

WASHINGTON IS CAUTIOUS

Sees Allies' Faulty Methods, but Has No Idea of Trying to Manage the War.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—As a direct result of Lord Northcliffe's letter to Premier Lloyd-George yesterday declining to accept the post of head of a new Air Ministry, Viscount Cowdray, the Chairman of the present Air Board, has resigned.

In a letter to the Premier today, tendering his resignation, Lord Cowdray protested against receiving through Lord Northcliffe's letter the first intimation that the Premier desired a change in the Air Ministry. The Viscount added that he hoped the resignation would be accepted as speedily as possible.

This action by Lord Cowdray was the most tangible result of the great sensation caused by the newspaper proprietor's sharp criticism of the Government for lack of co-ordinated effort and for retention in office of men whom he regarded as unfit.

The afternoon newspapers commented extensively on Northcliffe's letter. Many of them took occasion to point out the nation's demand for steadiness and composure on the part of statesmen and the need for more vigorous administration.

Both The Globe and The Pall Mall Gazette expressed regret at Northcliffe's refusal to accept office.

The Globe said that the gravest of all Lord Northcliffe's warnings was that concerning the temper of the American nation, that the American people think, and think rightly, that Great Britain's rulers have muddled the war. This newspaper asserted that the letter, while addressed to the Prime Minister, was in truth written to the nation. It added:

"If we do not heed it, we shall deserve any fate that may befall us."

The Pall Mall Gazette remarked:

"The present Government has been almost a year in office, and it would not be too soon for the Premier to see whether it cannot be revised in the interests of greater energy and clearer perception of what is meant by war."

The Westminster Gazette said:

"Other distinguished men have felt like this, but none of them hitherto have expressed their sentiments in this blunt vernacular or made refusal of such high office the occasion for lecturing the Prime Minister on the shortcomings of his administration. * * * Those who make others scapegoats are always in fear of being made scapegoats themselves."

Viscount Cowdray was appointed Chairman of the British Air Board Jan. 2 of this year in succession to Baron Mydenham. He accepted the post on the condition that he should receive no salary.

Lord Cowdray is one of the greatest business men of England. As Weetman Pearson he acquired large interests in Mexico and Central America. He is noted as an engineer, as well as a financier.

HOUSE SEES EDITOR AND THEN PREMIER

He Tells Correspondents Mission's Labors Are Helping Vitally Toward United Effort.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—Colonel E. M. House, head of the American mission to the allied conference, had a two hours' conference this afternoon with Lord Northcliffe, who declined an appointment yesterday as head of the new Air Ministry. This evening Colonel House took dinner with Premier Lloyd George.

The work of the American mission to the interallied conference is proving most satisfactory from both the American and the British standpoint. The conferences of experts have resulted in an exchange of much fuller information concerning the resources and needs of the Allies in both the military and the economic fields, and America's ability to aid, than has been obtained heretofore.

Colonel House tonight substantially stated the foregoing opinion to the American correspondents. He indicated his belief that the results of the mission's labors would prove invaluable in bringing about a co-ordination of effort among the nations opposed to the Central Powers.

The experts among the members of the mission have made a strong impression on the British officials by their energy and grasp of various problems.

"They are discussing both sides and have laid all their cards on the table,"

said one member of the British Government, "and we are working together with the greatest harmony."

Members of the mission took luncheon today with the King and Queen at Buckingham Palace.

Among those present at the reception to the mission were Premier Lloyd George, Arthur J. Balfour, Foreign Secretary, and members of the royal household.

All the arrangements were simple and informal, in accordance with the strict method of rationing constantly practiced by the King and Queen. There was no music or special floral decorations. Members of the American mission commented afterward on the excellent example set to the nation and expressed satisfaction that no exception had been made in their favor.

NO IDEA OF AMERICA 'MANAGING' THE WAR

But Washington Thinks Criticism of Allies' Lack of Unity Somewhat Justified.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Lord Northcliffe's letter to Premier Lloyd George declining appointment as head of the new Air Ministry created widespread interest in official circles in Washington, and while those connected with the Government were reticent, enough of their attitude is known to justify the statement that some of the statements made in Lord Northcliffe's communication to the Prime Minister concerning the conduct of the war evoked a sympathetic feeling. It would be an error to assume, however, that this sympathetic feeling reached to the point of harsh criticism of the British Government. It arises more from the desire to obtain adequate answers to some of the questions suggested in Lord Northcliffe's letter as to what is being done by the Allies in the way of co-ordinating effort to insure the defeat of Germany.

At the same time opinion is not unanimous here as to the justice of Lord Northcliffe's criticisms of his Government. There was a disposition among some well-informed persons to attribute Lord Northcliffe's dissatisfaction with the Lloyd George ministry to his experiences while in this country as head of a British mission. Other British missions were here at the same time, each devoted to some form of war activity, and it is believed that Lord Northcliffe felt that as a result of the lack of co-operative action among these bodies they lost much of their usefulness, all to the detriment of the common cause. In this lack of co-ordination Lord Northcliffe found cause for dissatisfaction, according to one opinion expressed today, and blamed the British ministry for that situation.

Outside of this view of the reason for Lord Northcliffe's criticism and another idea that he felt irritated over evidence of the lack of systematic co-operation of Great Britain with the United States, the statements made by the newspaper proprietor are regarded as having, perhaps, greater significance than is apparent at first glance. His complimentary reference to Lord Reading, Lord Chief Justice of England, have not been lost on Washington, where it is known that there is a fast friendship between the two men, and that they returned to England on the same steamship. It was recalled today that when Lord Reading, as Sir Rufus Isaacs, was a member of the British Government and active in politics he was ardently supported by Lord Northcliffe's newspapers. In these circumstances some observers here found it easy to read into Lord Northcliffe's refusal to serve in the British Government a notice to Lloyd George of his intention to take up the cudgels for a reorganization of the Ministry, with the object of making Lord Reading Premier.

In informing the Prime Minister that he knew from "countless conversations with leading Americans" that lack of swift improvement in British methods of conducting the war might cause the United States to "take into its own hands the entire management of a great part of the war," Lord Northcliffe expressed too strongly a view found in several quarters. Those high in the councils of the President have carefully refrained from saying in any unguarded way what Lord Northcliffe asserted was the view of leading men in this country. Nothing has come to light to indicate that this Government has any thought of suggesting that it follow its own course in conducting military operations against Germany.

But if Lord Northcliffe's words are to be construed as voicing American opinion that the burden of the war may fall on the United States, he is not wide of the mark. That opinion is frequently heard not in criticism of our allies, but as indicating the determination of President Wilson to remain in the contest as long as there is one fighting man or an ounce of fighting material left in this country. It has been said frequently here as elsewhere that the United States may be obliged to furnish the bulk of the forces that will win the war for the Allies.

Officials do not believe that conditions justifying such sacrifices ever will come about, but they have made up their minds that if a situation of that character does arise this Government must not falter in its decision to go through to the finish, even if it is the only nation left to fight Germany and her partners. The belief is general here that the nation must make sacrifices greater than were expected when we entered the war.

Lord Northcliffe's criticisms of the British censorship caused mixed feelings in Washington. On the censorship question in general there is decided lack of interest among Washington officials. This is attributed in part to the fact that the American press has leaned so far backward to avoid publishing information that might be useful to the enemy that some officials feel that they have no cause to fear the exposure of their shortcomings in the conduct of the war. It is a common remark here that the danger of rigid observance by newspapers of the voluntary censorship lies in the encouragement it gives to some officials to assume a self-satisfied attitude in the belief that they are doing efficient service in the war. Therefore, it is contended, the complaint of Lord Northcliffe against the strictness of the press censorship of Great Britain applies also to the voluntary censorship observed by the American press.

WANT REICHSTAG TO DEBATE LENINE PEACE

German Independent Socialists Request Convocation of an Immediate Session.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—The Independent Socialist group in the German Reichstag has requested the President to convoke an immediate session of the Reichstag to discuss the peace offer of Nikolai Lenine, leader of the Russian Bolsheviki, the Amsterdam correspondent of the Central News cables.

The Independent Socialists also ask that the Reichstag take up consideration of the new state of affairs as regards Courland, Lithuania, and Poland.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 16.—The German Majority Socialists, not to be outdone by the Radical Socialists, have issued an appeal urging the greatest activity in holding meetings to proclaim solidarity with their Russian colleagues in a demand for an immediate armistice and a speedy peace. This will be made a special note at meetings held in accordance with the resolution adopted at the party's convention at Wurzburg to demonstrate for peace without annexations or indemnities.

The German civil administration in Lithuania and the Baltic provinces now is being formed. Baron von Falkenhausen, Under Secretary of the Prussian Ministry of Agriculture and a son of the Governor General of Belgium, has been selected, according to the Lokal-Anzeiger, as Governor of the district, which embraces the territory the annexation of which to Germany was discussed at last week's Crown Councils and the conference with Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, at Berlin.

TO ENTER WAR BOARD ON SPECIAL BASIS

America's Participation in Allied Council Not Like That of Others, Col. House Indicates.

HAS NO POLITICAL AIMS

Overthrow of Autocracy Her Only Purpose — Our Commission Making Good Progress.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—Colonel House, head of the American Mission, today corroborated his statement of yesterday that The Evening Standard's announcement regarding American participation in and representation at the Allied War Council was unauthorized. That council remains at present more in posse than in esse, although little doubt is felt here that after Monday's discussion in the House of Commons something of the kind will be put in working order.

America's participation in such a war council cannot be doubted, but it is unlikely that it will be entirely on the lines laid down for British, French, and Italian representation. These three countries are to be represented by their Premiers. The President, being the head of the American Cabinet, similar American representation on the war council is out of the question and there would be difficulties in the selection of any person to take his place.

The United States, moreover, while fully in the war, is not in it on exactly the same footing as the three countries mentioned. It has no political side to its war machinery. It has signed no Treaty of London, and, while America will not go out of war till the other powers fighting the Teutonic despotism, are in a position to get out of it with their objects achieved, she will abide strictly by the Washington doctrine of aloofness from European politics. America's war aim is to make the world safe for democracy. Her military resources and all that she can contribute to reach that aim will be thrown into the common cause, but with war aims which specially turn on questions of old world politics she has no concern. America's attitude toward the Allied War Council was made quite clear by Colonel House today.

The Colonel doesn't expect to remain long in Europe, but one or two members of the mission may remain here permanently for specific purposes. Oscar T. Crosby, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, it is reported, will represent the United States on the allied council, which is to sit permanently in Paris. The detachment of another member of the commission as a permanent American representative on another important allied council will depend upon events, and no announcement can be made before next week.

Good Progress of Commission.

While the work of the commission here has thus far been only of a departmental and preliminary character, it has progressed so satisfactorily that a general and inclusive agreement upon all the matters with which the members of the commission had to deal is in prospect in the near future.

The members of the commission without exception are well satisfied with the spirit in which they have been met by their "opposite members" in the fields they had to cover, and have all reported good progress.

Colonel House, who is said to be chiefly responsible for the organization and selection of the commission, has every reason to be gratified with the success which has attended their labors. He is confident that the spirit of keen co-operation and determined effort displayed on both sides will produce speedy and advantageous solutions of the problems which had to be tackled.

None of the members of the commission, it may be added, has any tendency to regard the situation as he found it on his arrival as indicative of lack of foresight or weakness of organization. The pending arrangements, which will carry the co-operation of the American and British Governments to a fuller stage than in the past, could hardly have been reached at an earlier juncture. The United States Government will have, when the work of the commission is concluded, as it will be soon, all the material by which to determine the exact manner in which it can best contribute to the common cause of the Allies. It will have a clear perception of the different needs and will be in a position to supply them without wasteful dispersion of energy.

The investigations which the members of the commission have had made have confirmed their opinion that the resources of the Allies, supported by America, will prove adequate to meet all needs in all directions—men, money, shipping, food, appliances, and material of every kind.

Not Counting on a Short War.

This belief is by no means based on the idea of a short war. There is no good reason for believing in a short war or even in the immediate termination of the war, once America gets all her weight into it. In this latter idea members of the American mission here put no faith. Colonel House dealt a hard blow to the idea of the war being settled at one blow by America when he said in conversation with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today that he was not worrying much about the collecting of data for a peace conference just now, for there would be ample time for that later, when his other work was done.

HENRY FORD JOINS SHIP BOARD'S STAFF

Will Introduce His Famous Multiple Production Methods—His Factory to Help.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Henry Ford joined the staff of the Shipping Board today to lend his talent for standardization of production in speeding up the building of a merchant fleet. He was made a special assistant to Charles Piez, Vice President of the board's Emergency Fleet Corporation.

Mr. Ford will begin work next week and will spend most of his time in Washington. His particular task will be to introduce into shipbuilding the multiple production methods he has used with such marked success in producing automobiles. He will give attention to organizing the manufacture of ship parts.

Already Mr. Ford has begun to turn over to the Government the facilities of his plant at Detroit for the manufacture of war materials. His factory is now making 2,500 airplane cylinders, is turning out a large number of parts for Liberty motor trucks, and soon will be put to making equipment for merchant ships.

The Fleet Corporation is undergoing a complete reorganization with widely known business men in charge of its chief departments. Other assistants to Mr. Piez are gradually taking over the work heretofore done by naval officers under Rear Admiral Capps, who, though still serving as General Manager of the corporation, is limiting his activities to technical matters.

WARNS HERTLING OF DELAY.

Vorwaerts Says Suffrage Reform Must Not Be Put Off.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 16.—Vorwärts, the Berlin Socialist organ, is furious at the idea of delaying the Prussian Suffrage bill.

The paper warns the new Government to be careful to introduce the bill at the next session of the Diet, as otherwise the people will no longer put any trust in Government promises.

FEARS DANES' RUIN FROM OUR EMBARGO

Minister of Interior Tells of Food Need and the Dependence Upon Us.

MUST EXPORT TO GERMANY

This is Essential for Denmark's Economic Neutrality, Which She Won't Give Up.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 15.—Ove Rode, Minister of the Interior, who from his position is in closest touch with conditions underlying negotiations with the United States, outlined to day in a statement to The Associated Press Denmark's position.

"It has not been easy for the Danish people," he said, "to understand just why the entry of the United States into the war should have had such fateful consequences on their economic existence. Just as Denmark was most solicitiously observing all her obligations as a neutral when she was working in harmonious accord with the commercial policy the United States followed when still a neutral, so the country will know how to adjust its methods of action with the same solicitude to the new conditions which America's entry into the war has imposed upon it.

"And just as Denmark has looked with confidence to the United States as the powerful protector of the rights of neutrals, so it is certain that America as a belligerent in no wise intends to injure a loyal neutral country with which, through generations of emigration and intermarriage, it has entertained ties of friendship and blood.

"At the same time I do not believe it is realized in the United States to what degree the cessation of supplies from America threatens Denmark with ruin. We require to feed the population and for the production of pork and butter, of which the greater part always, even during the war, has gone to England, twice as much grain and fodder stuffs as we ourselves raise. Now all the supplies are brought from the United States. The extraordinary drought of this Summer resulted in a failure of a great part of the harvest, and the farmers, therefore, during the coming year have far less than half the usual amount of fodder stuffs with which to carry on the production of pork.

"Pork is diminishing rapidly, for swine have to be slaughtered before they have matured. By Spring there will not be much left over 300,000 of the 2,500,000 swine which the country maintained before the war. The butter production also is heavily decreasing, and since the home production of margarine has entirely ceased, owing to the interruption of supplies of oil-containing raw materials, the population cannot receive its accustomed amounts of fats.

"Just as we have rationed bread and sugar on the card system for the whole population, now we must ration fats down to the absolute minimum of the requirements of the body if we are to maintain that quantity for export which is essential to the economic life of the community.

"Cattle and horses are underfed and the swine and poultry stocks are being slaughtered; and if the import of nitrogenous fertilizers in adequate quantities cannot be arranged, the soil next year will be even less able to maintain the country's livestock.

"The consequences of this will be for a long time increasing exports of horses and slaughtered cattle, particularly to Germany, which hitherto has been only a casual customer for these, even if we endeavor to organize the export beef to England, also in the interest of our economic neutrality and independence, despite almost insuperable difficulties.

"If, however, the United States and England continue the blockade policy so far as foodstuffs are concerned, which to us does not seem to advance their own interests or injure their opponents as much as they threaten our interests, still we hope we may receive other supplies of which we are greatly in need. Particularly we require petroleum, the lack of which handicaps our millers in grinding flour, and creates Winter darkness in a hundred thousand homes in which there is no electricity. This has forced us to look for a new supply in Galicia."

Answering the correspondent's suggestion as to the possibility of developing trade with the Scandinavian countries, M. Rode said:

"All efforts to bring about an interchange of wares within the northern lands can count upon the full sympathy of the Danish people. The absolute determination on the part of the three countries to maintain their neutrality in common, of which the northern conference soon will give renewed witness, impels statesmen also to do their utmost to develop such trade. But from what I said earlier you will understand to what a slight extent Denmark will be able to help.

"There is no doubt the Danish people will submit to privations if thereby they can help relieve distress in the north, just as I believe Norway and Sweden are inspired by the same sentiment. No distress, however great, can bring us to choose as an alternative the still greater misery, calamity, or ruin which war would bring to us.

"Denmark's people are looking forward to the future wth concern and also with hope. And their thoughts in these gloomy days often go out over the Atlantic to the day when President Wilson shall stretch out his hand toward peace and to obtain the high and noble aims of peace which the world has heard him formulate. The Danish people's blessings will go with him."

CLEMENCEAU PICKS RADICAL CABINET

Continued from Page 1.

sioner to the United States, was invited to call on M. Clemenceau, who offered a portfolio to him. Captain Tardieu replied that it was his opinion that he should not give up his Commissionership, because the negotiations under way with the United States should not be interrupted.

A Cabinet more unlike that of Professor Painlevé could hardly be imagined than that presented to President Poincaré by Clemenceau. All the men named are uncompromising fighters, and so reflect the spirit of the Premier. All have fought successive war Governments for political bias, temporizations, and compromises with extremist factions.

Even Klotz, Clémentel, Claveile, and Loucheur, who have retained the portfolios they had under Painlevé, have not hesitated to criticise their colleagues from the point of view of expert knowledge—Klotz as a financial expert, who has political leanings toward radical socialism; Clémentel as an organizer, once Minister of the Colonies and Vice President of the Senate, and now a member of the Radical Left; Claveille as an engineer and transportation expert, who brought order out of the traffic chaos in November, 1916, and Loucheur as an ordnance expert.

M. Pichon, the new Foreign Secretary, is an authority on international politics and law. He held this same portfolio in 1910. He is a Senator and journalist and a relentless advocate of the recovery of Alsace-Lorraine.

M. Nail, a Radical Republican, was Secretary of State for the Mercantile Marine in the Briand Government. He has a large party following.

M. Pams, who divides with M. Nail the direction of the Radical Republicans, has been Minister of Agriculture, and in 1913 was the Radical Left's candidate for President against M. Poincaré.

M. Leygues, also attached to the Republicans of the Left, is President of the Chamber's Foreign Affairs Committee, and in 1906 was Minister for the Colonies.

M. Lafferre, like M. Klotz, is a prominent member of the Union of Republicans and Radical Socialist group. He is an expert on political economy.

ITALIANS FLOOD ROUTES TO VENICE

Continued from Page 1.

ments of enemy troops along the river lines and the ways of access.

The supplementary report issued this evening says:

New attacks brought us successes in the mountains, between the Brenta and the Piave.

Berlin Reports Capture of Cismon.

BERLIN, Nov. 16.—The town of Cismon, on the northern Italian front, has been captured, the War Office announces. Near the Adriatic, on the western bank of the Piave, Hungarian troops advanced and captured 1,000 Italians.

The official statement issued this afternoon says:

In pressing forward northeast of Gallio and on both sides of the Brenta Valley, our troops captured several hill positions from the Italians. Cismon is in our possession.

On the lower Piave the artillery fighting increased in intensity. Near the sea Hungarian Honved detachments advancing on the western bank of the Piave captured 1,000 Italians.

SEES AUSTRIAN ATTACK ON THE PIAVE FRONT

Correspondent Watches the Successful Italian Defense Along the Lower River.

By The Associated Press.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Wednesday, Nov. 14, (delayed.)—The Italian General Staff gave civilians the first oportunity today to see the Piave battle front, and The Associated Press correspondent was among the first four authorized to take the trip. It came at an opportune moment, when the enemy had succeeded in getting small parties across the river at two points and when the holding or breaking of the Piave line promised to bring the whole issue into the balance for Italy, and, to some extent, for the entire Entente.

An officer from the Headquarters Staff was in charge of the party, which gave it free access through the rear lines to the Piave, where the chief points along the thirty miles of front were visible, and a view was obtained of the whole range of the gigantic operations.

Some ten miles back from the river the correspondent passed through solid miles of troops on their way to and from the front. Those going to the rear were mud covered and tired, but not disheartened. Those going forward appeared resolute, and some were singing. Refugees afoot and in ox carts crowded the fields and roads, seeking safety from this sudden onrush of the enemy. The party passed Riete, a little hamlet where Pope Pius X. was born. A small crossroads church marked the place where he used to be a curate before his elevation to the Papacy.

An air raid took place as the party passed near the church. Five shots were fired, but the raider got away. Knots of soldiers filled the streets and villages as they stood gazing at the black pall of smoke in the east. At the outskirts of the villages there were long lines of chevaux-de-frise ready to obstruct infantry rushes. Along the road toward the front military telegraph lines were strung on the tops of buses, as there had been no time to erect poles.

Panorama of the Battle Front.

The first stop was made at Asolò, ten miles back from the river, where the ancient castle to which Queen Catherine of Cyprus retired on her abdication, located on a high hill, gave a commanding view of the whole panorama of the battle front. The climb to the castle was 700 feet, and from this eminence spread out a peaceful plain to the west and the battleline to the east.

The Piave lay straight ahead. It appeared rather wide at this point, although farther on it was so narrow that it was difficult to believe that a desperate foe could be restrained by such a barrier, even in the face of the Italians' heroic resistance. Across the river five small villages, now held by the enemy, could be seen. Houses, churches, and towers stood out plainly. There were on the plain bordering the east bank for half a mile back, where the foothills rose to high hills, on which the German and Austrian batteries were located. The cannonade had now become heavy and continuous, and bursts of smoke from the hills on the other side of the Piave marked the line of the enemy's batteries.

The route now turned along the west bank of the river, where long lines of peaceful villages had been transformed suddenly by terror of the enemy's bombardment. The townspeople were hastily gathering their belongings together, and the women and children seemed terrified as they hurried away from the sound of the guns. The party passed groups of "arditi," which indicated that the fighting ground was getting very near. "Arditi" is the Italian word for "bold," and these are men who volunteer to risk everything and to push to the extreme front. Their shirt fronts were open, although it was a cold, Autumn day, and they looked the daredevils they are known to be.

Houses all along the road had been turned into temporary field hospitals and marked with improvised signs. Soldiers near one house were carrying flowers, which looked like gayety, but other soldiers, who followed with a funeral wreath, made it look more like death. There were ambulances along the road, but no other sign of wounded. At one village regiments of Alpini were waiting to go forward. Batteries and field guns were also moving down to the river with evergreen boughs screening the guns. The whole western bank of the Piave is lined with beautiful villas and extensive parks filled with statuary.

Shell Falls Near Observers.

The party had now reached a village three miles from the Piave line, and the shelling was continuous. As the army automobile came up the road to the railway station a shell burst squarely in the road one hundred yards ahead.

"They are shelling the road," said the escort as he wheeled the automobile behind the station, where groups of soldiers were crouching in the doorways. One of the fragments of this shell came whizzing toward the station and buried itself in the wall.

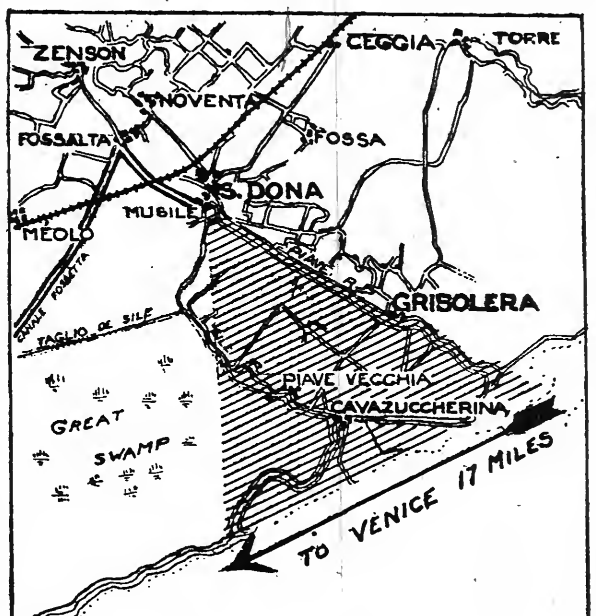
A soldier led the way through a thicket up the side of a hill where an Italian observation post had been established, and from this point of vantage the correspondent looked out on the long lines on both banks of the river. The town of Vidor, now held by General von Below's German troops, was just across the river from the point of observation, and a big German sausage balloon was hanging over the town observing the work of Italian batteries. The campanile of Vidor was distinctly visible, and with field glasses several men could be seen moving about on the outskirts of the town. How this could be with such shelling going on was difficult to understand. The advantage the Germans had at this point was evident, as the hills rose back of the town, giving them a screen for their batteries, which played down on the Italians in the plain on the eastern side of the river.

The actual river bank was now near, and the escort gave a special warning of rifle and machine gun fire in addition to shrapnel from the batteries. The town of Nervesa, on the river's edge, was deserted completely as the party passed down to the wharves, and the silent town had a sepulchral aspect. The roar of artillery was now supplemented by the rattle of "coffee mills," as the soldiers call the machine guns, and the crack of rifle fire.

The Piave a Narrow Barrier.

Officers led the way, creeping in single file into an old warehouse standing on the edge of the Piave River. It had already been a target, and the side toward the river was riddled with machine gun fire. There were two huge shell holes. The great wine vats of the warehouse, still full, had been aban-

Where Italians Bar Foes' Advance by Floods



By opening the floodgates of the Piave and Sile (or Old Piave) Rivers, Italian military engineers have interposed a water barrier to the Austrian advance upon Venice through the low-lying Adriatic coast region. The area of inundation is approximately represented on the map by a shaded equilateral triangle whose sides are twelve miles long.

doned in the hasty flight of the villagers. The river at this point is extremely narrow, with a long shoal through the middle, offering the enemy an easy means of getting half way over. The escorting officer said that both channels measured a total of 800 meters, or about half a mile, in width, but the little stream lying at the feet of the observers did not look half as wide as the Delaware River. It seemed narrower than the Chicago Canal as it passes through the city. It appeared trifling as a military barrier, even with the best Italian support. Its narrowness is evident from the fact that those in the party were compelled to speak in whispers for fear of being heard by the enemy on the other side of the stream.

From the upper window of the warehouse a long view up and down the river could be had. The Italian front line ran just below the window, and the men could be seen crouching back of the defenses, with rifles ready for the enemy just across this narrow belt of water. The wrecked Priola bridge lay off to the right. It was a link in the main highway running east and west across Venetia, and was a stately structure of masonry and concrete. The spans on both river banks are still good, but the two middle arches are heaps of ruins which showed above the level of the river. Directly in front was the castle of Count Callini, an Austrian nobleman living in Italy, who now unexpectedly finds himself among his countrymen.

Enemy Hemmed in at Zenson.

Further down the river a huge cloud of smoke drifted over Zenson, where the enemy had succeeded in making his first crossing and was now pressed back against the river bank. The fighting at this point had been desperate all through the day. The enemy at first occupied the village with a large number of machine guns. There the Italians attacked them with artillery fire, backed up by infantry rushes. The fighting became desperate, with hand-to-hand struggles, even with knives. The enemy had the advantage of position, as the river makes a sharp bend so that his positions formed an arc on each side of the bend. But, with all their disadvantages, the Italians had steadily forced the enemy back to the cord across the bend, so that they now occupied less than three-quarters of an acre and were hemmed in on all sides. The artillery was concentrating on this enemy party, and it was believed that it would be forced back across the river or thrown into the water.

On the way back the correspondent passed through the deserted city of Treviso, where Generals Foch, Wilson, and Cadorna held the first of the conferences at which plans for French and British co-operation with the Italians were made. The city was abandoned and silent. The town clock had stopped at 9:10 o'clock, although it was 5 in the afternoon when the party passed through.

VENICE NEARLY DESERTED.

Only 20,000 Persons Remain There —Italians May Offer No Defense.

By The Associated Press.

VENICE, Nov. 15, (Delayed.)—Venice is now almost empty, the population having been reduced from the usual 160,000 to 20,000. Despite the proximity of the enemy lines at the mouth of the Piave River and the efforts the Austro-Germans have made to take the long triangle between the mouths of the Piave and Sile Rivers, the remnant of the population is calm.

In case of an attack, it may be that no defense will be made, from apprehension of damage to the monuments and art treasures. The Mayor announced today that he would remain at his post.

The outward appearance of the city is desolate, much as when the Austrians made their last descent upon it more than fifty years ago. All the main hotels, cafés, and factories and the jewelry and glass shops patronized by tourists are closed. The Hotel Royal Danieli, on the Grand Canal, remains partly open, and two well-known cafés on the Piazza of St. Mark—Florian's and the Quadri—are still open. There is nothing open along the Lido.

The city authorities are furnishing trains and ships to take away any of the remaining population who wish to go. The best-known centres, such as the Rialto Bridge, St. Mark's Square, and the square where the gondolas are hired, are now deserted except by a few stragglers. There are five shops open, and they are selling goods at any price to save them from passing into the hands of the enemy. There has been much activity outside the lagoon, and yesterday several guns bombarded the enemy' positions at the mouth of the Piave River.

Some foreign Consuls remain, but most others residing here temporarily have gone. All the palaces along the Grand Canal are closed and the occupants have gone, although a few noble families remain, with the firm purpose of not abandoning the city in any circumstances. All the Government offices have been removed outside the city, but the Government Prefect, Count Ciola, remains at his post.

ALLIES POUR INTO ITALY.

Reinforcements Marching to the Front in Increasing Numbers.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—The British correspondent accredited to Italian Headquarters, in a dispatch dated Thursday, says:

"Allied reinforcements are reaching Italy daily in increasing numbers. To save waiting for trains on the congested railway some French troops have been brought across the Alps through the snow-covered passes. The allied troops are marching steadily forward to their appointed places in the Italian scheme of defense.

"Both the British and French troops are in high spirits. They are delighted at the change in scene and over the prospect of a new adventure."

The Daily Mail's correspondent at Italian Headquarters, under date of Friday, tells of the grave difficulties of the Italian defenders on the Trentino mountain frontier, where the same troops day after day are resisting the enemy without opportunity for rest, while the Austro-Germans, having greater reserves, assault incessantly with fresh and vigorous troops. Nevertheless, the correspondent adds, the main bulwarks of the defense remain firm, and presumably it will not be long before the allied help makes itself apparent.

ITALIANS ACCLAIM AMERICA.

Great Demonstration as Parliament Affirms Unity with the Allies.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 14, (Delayed.)—Today's session of the Italian Parliament was one of the most impressive in modern Italian history. The diplomatic representatives of all the Allies were present and witnessed the solemn patriotic demonstration which pledged all parties to united action with the Entente Powers and America.

When the name of the United States was spoken by Premier Orlando the members of the assemblage sprang to their feet shouting: "Long live America! Long live the great Republic!"

From all parties come expressions of gratitude to America for the aid extended to the refugees. Ambassador Page and Major Murphy, head of the American Red Cross in Europe, are the recipients of innumerable courtesies.

POPE APPEALS TO TEUTONS.

Asks Their Governments to Respect International Law in Italy.

ROME, Thursday, Nov. 15, (delayed.) —Pope Benedict has asked the Governments of the Central Empires to instruct their military authorities operating west of the Isonzo to follow the rules of international law in respecting the lives and property of civilians and in the protection of women and children, the clergy, hospitals, churches, bishops' palaces, and presbyteries.

The Pontiff also has ordered the Papal Nuncios at Munich and Vienna, if necessary, to appeal personally and directly to Emperor William and Emperor Charles to obtain the fulfillment of his wishes.

POPE'S MOTHER A REFUGEE.

Quits Treviso with Her Daughter, In Fear of the Invaders.

ROME, Nov. 16. — Pope Benedict's mother and sister, who were at Treviso, have gone to Bologna because of fear of the Austro-German invasion.

WASHINGTON ABANDONS HOPE OF SAVING VENICE

Momentarily Expects Austrian Fleet Bombardment and Loss of the City.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The fall of Venice is now momentarily expected. That its fate is sealed is the belief of well-informed Italian diplomats in Washington, as well as of close observers of the military situation along the lower Piave.

Information has reached Washington that the Austrians intend to bring their fleet into action, and it is feared that they will use their big guns against Venice. British and Italian monitors, which during the zenith of the Italian successes along the Carso and Bainsizza Plateaus last Summer, participated in the bombardment of Austrian positions along the Hermada Mountains, are now standing off the Litorale di Malamocco, the long and narrow fringe of land that separates the Venetian lagoon from the Adriatic.

When the Italian forces retreated to their present line behind Venice these British and French monitors steamed westward along the coast for the defense of Venice. The information received in Washington indicates that the Austrian fleet may already have left its main base at Pola for its projected naval co-operation with the Austro-German land forces against Venice. The British and Italian monitors are expected to do their best to hold off the Austrian fleet, but it is not thought the bombardment of Venice can be averted if the Austro-German forces determine to risk the enmity of the world by shelling the city.

The Italian army has been making a stubborn and heroic stand against the efforts of the Austro-German forces to cross the lower Piave at a point only twelve miles from Venice and against the wedge that is being steadily driven through the mountains from the direction of Feltre and the Val Sugana, and it is their purpose to delay the German advance toward Venice as long as possible.

But it was learned tonight that it is not the expectation that the present line can be held until he big guns and ammunition being furnished by the British and French Governments arrive, and that the situation has reached the point where it is considered almost a certainty that Venice, Padua, and Vicenza will have to be relinquished to the invaders, in a retirement that will probably take the present Italian line not only to the line of the Brenta, but beyond.

It is expected that the final stand of the Italians cannot be made successfully until the banks of the Adige have been reached. If the guns and ammunition which England and France are straining every nerve to place on the Italian line were now on that front in sufficient quantities the Piave-Feltre-Asiago line might be held. It is not believed that they will reach the Piave line before the Germans succeed in making a crossing of the lower stretches of that river, or in time to avert the necessity for the strategic retirement, which is considered as virtually necessary to save the main forces of the Italian army.

Close scrutiny of the military situation indicates that the Italian Army has been making a stern resistance to the invaders along the Piave line, but the evacuation of this line is now considered to be almost inevitable. The flooding of the triangular area between the lower Piave and the Piave Vecchia Canal is counted upon as being only a temporary check to the invaders.

The Austro-German forces are expected to mass strength against the Zenson loop and make a crossing which will place them within cannon shot of Venice from the land, while the Austrian fleet is understood, according to information reaching Washington, to be on the verge of bringing its big naval guns into action from the Adriatic.

POSTPONE VERDICT ON U-BOAT MENACE

American Naval Experts Think Lull in Sinkings Does Not Indicate Collapse.

AWAITING THOROUGH TEST

Undersea Campaign Still a Factor, but Has Failed to Starve Out the British.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—American naval experts, it was made plain today, do not agree with the view that the lull in submarine activities indicates a collapse of the U-boat campaign or that anti-submarine measures have proved wholly effective. They agree that progress is being made against the menace but prefer to postpone judgment on whether the U-boat has been eliminated as a factor until the theory has been more thoroughly tested. Meanwhile the American navy will continue its preparation to deal with the menace.

It was said officially at the Navy Department today that there was nothing to forecast the possibility of a very heavy toll of ships next week, or at any subsequent period, and that varying results from week to week still were expected. Secretary Daniels authorized this statement:

"The submarine menace has not proved the decisive factor in the war that the Germans predicted it would be. It has done great harm, which should not be underestimated, and is still a menace. Its purpose was to starve England by August and this, of course, it has failed to do."

The situation is this, as navy officials see it: The effort of the U-boat campaign to starve out Great Britain by Fall of this year has failed. Winter is here and Great Britain has not been starved into submission and is in no immediate danger of being starved. The submarines still constitute, however, a grave menace to vitally necessary sea traffic and every effort to increase protection against them must be made.

Such protection is being increased every month. Additional destroyers are coming into action and building of a great fleet of new American destroyers is proceeding rapidly. Various devices for detecting U-boats are being made more effective and instruments for their destruction are being improved. The convoying system is working out well and will become increasingly efficient as new destroyers and other craft are added.

Secretary Daniels conferred today with Shipping Board officials to adjust the two building programs so as to obtain the maximum results from available facilities. Mr. Daniels said later that the navy and the Board were working in perfect harmony and that every energy was being concentrated on the production of destroyers and merchant ships.

U-BOATS STILL MENACE ALLIES, SAYS GEDDES

Warns Against Overconfidence Because of Fewer Sinkings; Says Shipbuilding Must Be Rushed.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—In reply to a question in the House of Commons today, Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty, said:

"The good return of tonnage sinking by enemy submarines last week and, indeed, the comparatively favorable result of the last two months ought not to be taken as indicating that the submarine menace is a thing of the past or defeated."

Sir Eric recalled his recent speech in the House of Commons, in which he said the enemy's attack on British trade was being held but had not been defeated, that the Germans were building submarines faster than the British were destroying them, but that with improved methods he looked for the eventual defeat of this menace. He also reminded his hearers he had said mercantile marine tonnage was not being maintained against the depredations of submarines.

"I see no reason in what has happened since, or in the favorable results of the last week," he continued, "to qualify or modify in any way what I have said as publicly as possible, that the calls upon the merchant shipping of the world for waging war are so great that nothing should be left unsaid or undone which will bring home to the people of this and allied countries that economy in everything which is seaborne has a direct, vital, and early result in the successful prosecution of the war; that shipyards are short of men and women and that all labor which can be saved from unnecessary work and diverted to the shipyards will have a direct effect on winning the war. I ask the House and the country not to be lifted up or cast down by one good or one bad week or month in tonnage sinkings.

"The steady downward curve since April shows that we hold and for the present are mastering the submarine. The rise in merchant shipbuilding at present, and proposed, shows we are counteracting the enemy's efforts. But I repeat that we must have increased output in marine engine shops and shipyards."

WAR DISPATCHES SAVED BY AMERICAN WOMAN

Captain Stanley Wilson Tells How Passenger Foiled Searchers From an Austrian Submarine.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—The story of how an American woman saved important British dispatches when the vessel on which they were being carried to Malta was held up by an Austrian submarine, was told today by Captain Stanley Wilson, who was carrying the dispatches and was taken prisoner by the Austrians and only recently released.

Captain Wilson told the Military Court which investigated his capture that he threw one bag overboard, but it did not sink, as he had supposed it would. Thereupon he was approached by an American woman traveling on the steamer, who offered to take charge of the other bags, saying she wished to do something for England.

"It was a great responsibility," said Captain Wilson, "but I took it, and my action was justified, as the bags reached London."

The bags were hidden by the American woman until the Austrians had concluded their search of the steamer.

NOW OFFICERS OF FRANCE.

Alden Brooks and John Monroe Win Commissions in Artillery.

AMERICAN TRAINING CAMP IN FRANCE, Nov. 16, (by The Associated Press.)—Two Americans, after graduating at the Fontainebleau Artillery School, have received commissions in French artillery regiments.

They are Alden Brooks, a writer, and John Monroe, son of Henry Monroe, a New York banker.

Deaths Among Pershing's Forces.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The War Department today received a report from General Pershing of the following casualties:

Private Edwin S. Linton, Medical Department, Base Hospital 18, died Nov. 14 of scarlet fever; Edwin Linton, (father,) 400 East Maiden Street, Washington, Penn.

Private First Class Claude E. Mieusset, Machine Gun Battalion, died of broncho-pneumonia; Mrs. C. Mieusset, (mother,) 1,082 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston, Mass.

Bugler Floyd N. Gramps, Engineers, was killed by railroad train Oct. 17; Mrs. Anna C. Gramps, (mother,) 3,621 Park Avenue, South Minneapolis, Minn.

$500 for Every German He Kills.

DALLAS, Texas, Nov. 16.—William Doran, Finance Commissioner of Dallas, announced today that he had offered his son, Robert, who left some time ago for France to serve under Pershing, $500 cash for every German he kills.

FOOD FOR SWISS HELD UP.

Barrier at Italian Frontier Prevents Entry of 300 Carloads.

BERNE, Nov. 16.—The closing of the Italo-Swiss frontier, which has been in effect since the beginning of the Austro-German offensive against Italy, has held up 300 carloads of food for Switzerland, much of which is perishable, according to the Neue Zuricher Zeitung.

The newspaper advocates a new arrangement to allow freight to cross the frontier even when passenger and mail traffic and telegraphic communication have been stopped.

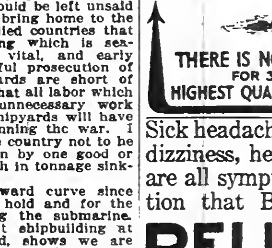
HOPE TO GET FOOD IN ITALY.

Teutonic Allies Plan to Raise Early Vegetables in Invaded Areas.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 16.—Austria-Hungary and Germany are taking steps to organize a business bureau for the occupied regions of Italy. The intention is to lose no time in arranging for the planting of early vegetables on a large scale to meet the expected Spring food crisis.

Tuan Chi-jui Out as China's Premier.

PEKING, Nov. 16.—Premier Tuan Chi-jui has resigned.



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PUNISHED TEACHERS SUPPORTED BY UNION

Those Suspended and Transferred Did Not Get Square Deal, Organization Says.

SCHOOLMASTERS FOR BOARD

They Want All Disloyalty Stamped Out—Charges to be Made Against Superintendent Tildsley.

The Teachers' Union, at a meeting held last night at the Washington Irving High School, passed a resolution declaring that the three teachers who were suspended and the six who were transferred from the De Witt Clinton High School had not received a "square deal" from the Board of Education when they were accused of disloyalty, and they voted to give those teachers "legal, moral, and financial support."

Another resolution was passed calling for the appointment of a committee of three to formulate charges against John L. Tildsley, Associate Superintendent of Schools, "for holding views subversive of discipline in the schools and which undermine good citizenship." The resolution was based on a statement made by one of the teachers who declared that Dr. Tildsley asked him: "Do you not think that the German system of education, which after all does achieve efficiency, should be introduced in New York?" Dr. Tildsley denied on Thursday that he had asked this question. The accusation against Dr. Tildsley is framed in the words he used in the charge against the three suspended teachers.

Two of the suspended teachers, A. Henry Schneer and Samuel Schmalhausen, and four of the transferred teachers related their version of the interviews at which Dr. John L. Tildsley, Associate Superintendent of Schools, obtained much of the evidence against them. Bernard Parelhoof, a teacher of mathematics, who was one of the twenty questioned by Dr. Tildsley, but who was not transferred, was one of the speakers last night. Describing his experience, Mr. Parelhoof declared: "I believe that the High School Committee is trying, under cover of the flag and of patriotism, to stab to death the movement for democracy in the schools."

Mr. Schneer said that he had been interviewed three times by Dr. Tildsley, the interviews lasting respectively two, three, and five hours. Miss Cornelia Cleaveland, one of the transferred teachers, said that at the Board of Education meeting she was condemned for disloyalty on "one-half of one question" asked in an interview that lasted an hour and a half.

In a formal statement made yesterday by Mr. Schneer and Mr. Schmalhausen, they gave the chronological account of the events as they saw them that led up to their suspension and charged the Board of Education with "coercive and unwarranted attempts adopted last Spring in an endeavor to extort a paper allegiance to the Government."

"Some of the most loyal teachers," the statement added, "refused to sign Mayor Mitchel's so-called loyalty pledge because they deemed it a humiliating interference with constitutionally guaranteed rights attaching to free American citizenship. The 'disloyalty' issue raised its hideous head at the insidious call of the self-righteous, spread-eagle patriots."

The statement referred to the protests made by the high school students against the longer school day, declaring that "every one who was present at the hearing was outraged by the bullying methods of the Chairman of the High Schools Committee, John Whalen." Dr. Tildsley is accused in the statement of trying to stave off criticism of the longer school day by making "a drive against the radicals."

"The spirit of the Clinton students is very free and in the direction of the most open-minded liberalism,' the statement said. "Dr. Tildsley is of the persuasion that this free spirit of inquiry, analysis, and discussion is detrimental to those more ancient qualities of deference, reverence, instinctive respect, which characterized American citizens of several generations ago.

"If he can make out a hysterically satisfactory case against a few of the radicals he hopes to be able to thwart the rapidly growing movement known as the Teachers' Union. By introducing the befuddling, irrelevant issues of patriotism, loyalty, and Liberty bonds he hopes to arouse among the self-styled loyalists a sufficiently emotional mob spirit to guarantee the speedy removal or at least the persecution and humiliation of all those who champion the rights of the teachers as against official superiors who seek by numerous powerful means to thwart the movement toward democracy in education. The teachers ask only that they be heard in the presence of an enlightened jury free from the taint of what two of the members of the board have called 'mob spirit.'"

It is believed that the trial of the suspended teachers will be postponed from Tuesday to Friday because of the time necessary to prepare the case by the counsel to the Board of Education. The situation in the high schools yesterday attracted the attention of a number of organizations. Frank S. Hackett, Secretary of the Schoolmasters' Association of New York and Vicinity, announced last night that a resolution had been passed at a meeting where seventy-five members were present "approving the action of the Board of Education and expressing the hope that the efforts to suppress disloyal influences in the schools will be energetically sustained."

The Central Federated Union, at a meeting in Labor Temple, unanimously passed a resolution demanding, "in the interests of justice and of the schools, that the charges made against the teachers be definitely formulated by a committee of responsible officials, and that a copy of the charges be given to each of the teachers transferred or suspended, and that the charges be heard in public."

There was indignation among residents of Long Island when they learned that Cornelia Cleaveland, one of the transferred teachers, was assigned to the Bryant High School. It was said that if a teacher is to be disciplined for disloyalty she should not have been sent to Bryant High School, which is in a section which has sent more than its quota of men to the war.

WANTS FOE ENLIGHTENED.

Should Get President's Buffalo Speech, Says Staats-Zeitung.

Referring to the report from Washington that arrangements were to be made to see that copies of President Wilson's speech before the American Federation of Labor Convention at Buffalo were distributed broadcast among the soldiers of the Central Powers, the New Yorker Staats-Zeitung says:

"It would no doubt be of great value if this speech by the President, unabridged, were to be given publicity in the territory of the Central Powers and closely studied, especially in authoritative circles. Then the people over there would get a picture of the situation in circles that count here, and at the same time they would become convinced that President Wilson is the principal factor which the Central Powers have to take into account."

PREDICTS PEACE IN A YEAR.

Sir George H. Reid Says Drive on Italy Is Grave Disaster.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16.—The end of the war will come in twelve months as a result of a racial and social upheaval in Austria-Hungary, in the opinion of Sir George H. Reid, former Premier of Australia.

"I think the drive on Italy is one of the worst disasters of the war," said Sir George, "and but for it there would have been a quick end to all the trouble. Austria was crumbling. Germany had to summon all her power to hold her ally on her feet. But I call on you to notice that when the Allies advance on the west front they hold what they gain."

REPORT KERENSKY AGAIN IN FLIGHT

Continued from Page 1.

hands in the last three days. Adherents of Premier Kerensky first occupied it after a short conflict and continued to advance and were reported at one time as being within five miles of Petrograd.

"According to a Maximalist account, in the fighting at Alexandrofsky station an armored train, commanded by Kerensky forces, opened fire against the Bolsheviki ranks with guns and machine-guns, but the attack was not successful.

"Cossacks attempted to advance near Pulkova, but were promptly checked by armored cars with machine-guns. Maximalist scouts reported that Kerensky Cossacks were so few in number that when they went forth to fight they were able to leave only small parties in Tsarskoe Selo."

Another bearing Tuesday's date reads: "Dispatches from Kiev say that the Cossacks and Military Cadets are in control in that city after considerable street fighting. The Bolsheviki made a stand at the Government Palace, where later their leaders were arrested. While a patrol of Cossacks was passing through Kretchka Street, the principal thoroughfare, they fired shots in the air to disperse the crowds. A bomb was thrown upon a passing street car, killing or wounding several persons.

"Moscow advices are to the effect that the Government troops control the central portion of the city and the Bolsheviki the outlying districts, where there is much disorder. The victims in the street battle are estimated at from 700 to 2,000."

A dispatch from Petrograd to Reuter's Limited, dated Monday last, says that 1,500 Cossacks were killed or wounded in fighting that occurred near Alexandrofsky station, five miles southeast of Petrograd. This information came from a Maximalist source.

A message from the British Minister, dated Petrograd, Tuesday, via Haparanda, and received last evening, reported "All well here." Another message from Haparanda reports a certain amount of guerrilla warfare in Petrograd, and declares the city was in control of the Bolsheviki, whose soldiers were without officers. The telegraph and telephone offices had been wrecked, the message added.

Copenhagen today sent the following: "A dispatch to the Politiken from Haparanda reports that, according to the latest advices, barricade fighting is taking place in Petrograd."

The following, dated today, came from Stockholm:

"Despite the re-establishment of telegraphic communication with Petrograd, only a few messages have been received, and these dated Monday or Tuesday. Because of the general strike in Finland, preventing travel, another source of news has been cut off."

Attempts to Reach Agreement.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAPARANDA, Nov. 16.—The situation in Russia continues very chaotic. The Bolsheviki seem still to be masters of Petrograd but their power is tottering. Meanwhile the demand for a socialistic joint government grows stronger and the desire that the shedding of blood should be brought to an end is universal. All the social parties have formed a committee to prepare a scheme for a new government and in expectation of this the Russian Union of Railwaymen put off the railway strike that it had proclaimed.

It seems, however, difficult to reach an agreement. Maxim Gorky in the Novaya Zhizu writes that the Bolsheviki, by accepting the socialistic coalition, have done their best for the peaceful solution of the conflict, and if such a solution is not reached the responsibility for the continuation of civil war falls on the elements which in the so-called Committee for the Preservation of the Revolution, and at the headquarters of Kerensky are mobilising the Cossacks against the Bolsheviki troops and the workers' guards.

This paper calls upon Kerensky to lay down his weapons and hand in his mandate as a Premier and to leave it to the democratic parties to form a democratic government with the motto, "Peace and land and the constituent assembly."

Other non-Bolshevik papers write that the nation is not prepared to capitulate either to the Bolsheviki or to Rodzianko and Kaledinis. It is confirmed that the Bolshviki have summoned large bodies of troops from inland to Petrograd.

Trotsky called on the British Ambassador, but was not received.

RUSSIAN TROOPS AID FINNISH COUP D'ETAT

Socialists Seize All Official Institutions and Dissolve the Senate and Diet.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAPARANDA, Nov. 16.—The Socialists in Finland on Thursday effected a coup d' état, supported by Russian (Maximalist?) soldiers. They captured the telegraphs and all official institutions. After doing that they proceeded to the Senate, which they declared dissolved. Even the Diet was dissolved and the old Diet, with its Socialist majority, will soon be summoned. A new Senate is to be formed under the leadership of Tokoi and consisting of Socialists.

The coup passed without any disturbances, the non-Socialists deciding not to resist the superior force. Feeling in Finland is, however, very excited.

A general strike was proclaimed Wednesday. It started at Helsingfors in the evening and on Thursday had extended over the whole country. Even railwaymen are participating.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—Reuter's Stockholm correspondent says advices received from Haparanda are to the effect that all work has ceased throughout Finland and that no telegrams or trains are being dispatched.

FRANCIS'S MESSAGES HELD.

One Cipher Cablegram Filed Nov. 12 Reaches State Department.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—A very general official description of the situation as it existed in Petrograd five days ago reached the State Department today in a cipher cablegram from David R. Francis, the American Ambassador at the Russian capital. The message, which was filed at Petrograd Monday, Nov. 12, was relayed through from Stockholm under yesterday's date.

During their control of Petrograd the Bolsheviki are believed to have held up the confidential cipher dispatches filed by Ambassador Francis, for the message received from him today stated that he had filed code messages daily between Nov. 5 and Nov. 12. None of the intermediate messages, it was explained by State Department officials, had yet reached that department. If these messages were sent from the telegraph office at Petrograd by the operators in charge during the ascendency of the Bolsheviki revolutionists they have not come through from Stockholm.

The dispatch received today telling briefly of events in Petrograd on Nov. 11 and 12 said that the Bolsheviki were then in control, that fighting was in progress in the streets between the Bolsheviki on one side and the cadets and junkers on the other, but that the Bolsheviki forces appeared to lack leadership. The Bolsheviki were in charge of the administration of the Government in Petrograd, but the Ambassador said that up to the time he had filed his dispatches they had not communicated orally or in writing with him or the other foreign embassies in the capital, and appeared to be engrossed in the internal affairs of Russia to the exclusion of foreign affairs.

In the absence of later information from Ambassador Francis the State Department is unable to understand what is occurring in Russia, and appears to be unable to communicate with its representatives there except for occasional messages that filter through in delayed form like that received from the Ambassador today.

ENEMY ALIENS FACE CLOSER SUPERVISION

New Regulations Likely to Call for Registration of All Germans in This Country.

MUST REPORT REGULARLY

Hunt for Spies in Every Part of the United States—Women Will Also Be Watched.

New enemy alien regulations which will mark a long advance in the control of the movements of German subjects in the United States will probably be promulgated by President Wilson in the next few days. These regulations among other things are expected to call for the registration of every enemy alien in the United States, of whom there are more than 130,000 above the age of 14 years in New York City alone.

How the registration of the great number of resident enemy subjects will be accomplished is understood to have been worked out by the Federal authorities, but no details of the plan have been made public. It is quite probable that New York City registrants will be required to report at certain designated periods to the authorities, probably to the police Captain commanding the precinct in which they reside. That women as well as men will be registered is said to be a phase of the question under consideration. Some of the most active German spies in the United States are believed to be women.

The control of the waterfronts of all American ports, which will be the most important feature of the new regulations, is also said to have been worked out and the plan proposed is understood to have been submitted to the President for his final approval. It was suggested some weeks ago that the waterfronts of the principal cities be made military zones. Whether this is the plan which has been adopted remains an official secret.

That several prominent German subjects who have been permitted to remain at liberty up to the present time will probably be ordered interned when the new regulations become effective is likely to be one of the developments of the near future. Among these enemy aliens are several men who were close to Bernstorff when he was directing plots against the United States and countries with which the United States are now allied. One of these Germans was the paymaster of the Bolo Pacha plot to corrupt public opinion in France.

The hunt for German spies is now on in earnest. Every secret service agency of the Government is co-operating in the work, which calls for the detection not only of German subjects who are working in this country for their fatherland, but also for the subjects of countries with which Germany is allied who are known to form important cogs in the Teuton spy machine operating in the United States.

Several weeks ago the War Department is known to have called upon the commanding officers of all units in the regular, National Guard, and national armies to make an investigation of their commands and to report back, whether those commands contained any men whose loyalty to the country was matter which should be investigated. It is said that in some cantonments the reports state that there are more than 100 men whose loyalty is doubtful and who should be dropped from the army or arrested and interned.

Another matter which is receiving the attention of the authorities and which is expected to result in action being taken in the next few days concerns certain publications which have been bitterly attacking the military policies of the United States and in some instances openly advising men of draft age to defy the draft laws. It was reported yesterday that a certain weekly paper, which is identified with the Sinn Fein movement in this country, may be ordered excluded from the mail before another week passes. The activities of one of the editors of this paper are now the subject of a Federal investigation.

Harry Lataner of 171 Forsyth Street, who is listed by the police as a soapbox orator, was arraigned before Magistrate Murphy in the Yorkville Court yesterday charged with making seditious utterances against the United States. It was the second time within a week that Lataner had been arrested on the same charge.

"After my advice to you," said Magistrate Murphy, "that you be more careful in the future you are here again today to answer to this serious charge. I am informed that in addition to making violent criticism of our Government you also denounced the courts and said that you did not believe in freedom and liberty."

Magistrate Murphy held Lataner in $1,500 for examination on Monday.

Thomas Kiey, a German employed in Christ Hospital, Jersey City, was arrested by Secret Service agents yesterday and interned at Ellis Island. Kiey was formerly employed by the Hamburg-American Steamship Line.

NEW SPY WARNINGS POSTED.

"Secrecy Means Safety," Is Caution at All Navy Yards.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Renewed warnings against spies have been posted at all navy yards and stations. Placards headed "Beware of Spies" have been posted, reading as follows:

"Don't talk about what you have done or are going to do. The enemy has ears everywhere.

"Don't discuss naval affairs or the movement of ships, their cargoes or courses with strangers or foreigners.

"Don't trust any one you do not know. Enemy spies at home and abroad will try to draw you into arguments and entrap you into telling them about the movement of ships, their cargoes, the courses steered and the steps taken to defend our ships.

"Don't forget to report at once any person who tries to get information from you or any one else in your hearing.

"Don't forget that your want of care may help the enemy and lead to the loss of American ships and the deaths of their crews.

"Secrecy means safety."

BURLESON CHARGES PLOT.

Replies to Suit of Victor Berger's Barred Newspaper.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Postmaster General Burleson's answer to the suit of the Milwaukee Leader, Victor Berger, editor, to compel the restoration of second-class mailing privileges canceled by the Post Office because of publications alleged to be in violation of the Espionage act, was filed today with the local Supreme Court.

Besides contending that the discretional power imposed in the Postmaster General by the law is not subject to review or revocation by a court, Mr. Burleson's answer reiterates the charge that the Milwaukee Leader published articles designed to hamper the Government in the conduct of the war and makes the general charge that the Post Office has evidences of an organized propaganda throughout the country to embarrass the Government, and that a certain class of publications is daily "accomplishing results in clear violation of the law.' The Milwaukee Leader, Mr. Burleson charges, is among them.

CALLS WILSON FLATTERING.

Cologne Gazette Says That Buffalo Speech Is Futile.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 16.—Commenting on President Wilson's speech at Buffalo, the Cologne Gazette asks whom Wilson is flattering, and what he gains by it.

"Is he really so foolish," says the paper, "as to imagine that he can tear apart with a few American-English phrases brothers in arms who have fought loyally on the field of bloodshed? How little he knows us, we have long known; that he knows our friends as little, and estimates them falsely, we now learn."

The Weser Zeitung says that President Wilson is in error if he thinks Germany will negotiate with any Power about Alsace-Lorraine.

CONVOYED SHIP LOST; REPORT HELD BACK

The Kansas City's Disappearance Disclosed Only by an Anxious Father's Inquiries.

MUIR, SIGNAL MAN, MISSING

Creel Urges Centralizing Navy's Casualty Announcements as Result of Incident.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—A reform in handling official reports to the Navy Department concerning torpedoed or missing ships and naval casualty lists has been recommended as a result of a lax method in connection with information from Vice Admiral Sims at London concerning the loss of the convoyed steamer Kansas City.

The Kansas City sailed from an Atlantic port Aug. 30, with other freight transports, under naval convoy. She became separated from the other ships at sea Sept. 5. Since that time nothing has been learned as to the fate of the Kansas City, which is believed to have joined the list of merchant vessels that have been sunk without trace by German submarines.

There was a first-class signal man of the United States Navy on board the Kansas City, the son of a prominent resident of Baltimore. This young man, the only representative of the navy on the convoyed steamer, is given up for lost with the ship.

Officers in the Navy Department have been aware of these facts. How long they have been known could not be ascertained today. But it was not until today that any announcement was authorized by the Government, and it came only after the father of the missing navy man on the Kansas City had forced the hand of the Government by laying his case before the newspapers of Baltimore. Even then the only announcement authorized by the department contained less information than the father had given last night to the Baltimore newspapers.

Belated Announcement of Loss.

Here is the official announcement as issued by the Committee on Public Information shortly after noon today, when it had been ferreted out of the Navy Department by representatives of that bureau on the basis of information from the Baltimore newspapers:

"The Navy Department has received no information of the steamer Kansas City since she was reported separated from the convoy Sept. 5. She is now believed to have been lost at sea. J. H. A. Muir, first-class signal man, assigned to duty on the Kansas City, was the only navy man on board. His next of kin is his father, John Allison Muir, 26 Mary Mount Road, Roland Park, Md."

Although letters sent by the family of Muir to the young sailor were returned from the New York Post Office with the indorsement "officially reported lost," and although the father asserted that an officer of the Bureau of Navigation of the Navy Department informed him by long distance telephone from Washington yesterday that young Muir was on the Kansas City, and that Vice Admiral Sims had officially reported that the Kansas City had been posted by Lloyd's in London as lost, responsible officers of the Navy Department were insisting last night that nothing had been received regarding the loss of young Muir and of the convoyed freighter.

It was even insisted that no such information as the father had received from an officer of the Bureau of Navigation at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, had, or could have been sent to him, because the Navy Department was in possession of no information bearing on the case.

Father Persists in Inquiries.

On the basis of such flat denials, newspapers this morning were informed that the Navy Department was without knowledge of the information that had been given to the father by an officer of the Bureau of Navigation, and the statement was published on the basis of official suggestion that the message delivered to the father in Baltimore was "a fake." But the father, anxious to establish whether his son was dead or alive, and certain of the statements he had made to the Baltimore newspapers last night, refused to allow the case to rest there. This morning he told the Baltimore afternoon newspapers that information had been delivered to him by long distance telephone from Washington by a man who said he was connected with the Bureau of Navigation of the Navy Department and whose name sounded like "Farley" over the telephone.

This information was communicated by these newspapers to the Committee on Public Information with the result that nearly two hours later, after having established the fact that there was an officer named Farley connected in a responsible capacity with the Navy Department, the committee was able to make public the authorized statement given out at 12:30 o'clock as prepared after several conferences with the official naval censor. Investigation of the case developed that Lieut. Commander Farley of the enlisted personnel division of the Bureau of Navigation, was the officer who had communicated by telephone yesterday afternoon to Mr. Muir, the father of the young man, in Baltimore, that Admiral Sims had reported the Kansas City as missing.

Lieut. Commander Farley did not communicate this information except in response to a previous long distance telephone appeal from Mr. Muir seeking information regarding his son.

Muir a Baltimore Athlete.

Young Muir was 22 years old, and received his education at the Friends School and the Polytechnic Institute in Baltimore, where he was a member of the Mount Washington lacrosse team, and well known in athletic circles. He one of the participants arrested April 1 was in Baltimore at the demonstration made at the pacifists' meeting held at the Academy of Music in that city.

Muir was a member of the Maryland Naval Militia. After the United States entered the war and he was called to the colors, he was sent to New York. Letters had been written to him by his parents, but brought no reply until last Tuesday afternoon, when the father received a package of letters from the New York City Post Office. The letters were in officially marked Post Office envelopes, which contained the indorsement: "Officially reported lost; no further record; mail returned."

The father immediately communicated by long distance telephone with the Brooklyn Navy Yard and with Washington, and was told, he asserts, that his son had been transferred to duty with the armed guard detail for freight vessels being convoyed to Europe. He then took further steps to get news of his son, with the result already told.

When the developments in the case were brought to the attention of George Creel, Chairman of the Committee on Public Information, he said that as a result of the experience he had recommended that the Navy Department detail an officer to centralize the handling of information regarding casualties, missing ships and torpedoed vessels. The War Department has centralized this work in a casualty bureau, but there is no such centralization in the Navy Department.

That the Navy Department has not been in possession of the fact that the Kansas City had become separated from her convoy is not credited. The fact that this particular vessel had disappeared en route to Europe must necessarily have been reported.

Young Muir was the only American naval man on the Kansas City. It was his duty to handle signals between the Kansas City and the naval vessels acting as convoy for the group of vessels that were being guarded. The Kansas City was a British steamship of 2,346 tons gross.

Sixth of Family Lost in the War.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 16.—J. Allison Muir, Jr., the Maryland naval militiaman, who was lost with the freighter Kansas City, was the sixth member of his family to die in the present war. Norman R. M. Just, son of his father's sister, who enlisted in the Fifty-first Canadian Infantry, was killed at Ypres in 1916. Since that time four cousins have been killed in France.

Captain MacDonald Marling of Canada, uncle of young Muir, was invalided home a year ago after being "gassed." He is again on active duty with the British forces in Egypt.

Two of the family lost their lives in the Boer war.

CLASH ON THE AILETTE REPORTED BY BERLIN

French Detachments Which Worked Across the River Are Repulsed, It is Stated.

BERLIN, Nov. 16.—German troops in the Aisne region in northern France counterattacked and drove back yesterday French parties which had worked their way beyond the Ailette River into the German advanced line, Army Headquarters announced today. The statement on the Western front operations reads:

In the Flanders fighting region the artillery duel increased in intensity in the early morning, as it did also on the Ailette and the eastern bank of the Meuse. French detachments which in the morning fog had penetrated beyond the Ailette into our advanced post line were repulsed by a counterthrust.

With all the armies the fighting activity was slight throughout the day. In the evening it revived near Dixmude and south of St. Quentin.

Since Nov. 9 our enemies have lost twenty-four airplanes in aerial encounters and by anti-aircraft fire.

This bulletin was issued tonight:

Active bombardments have taken place on our front in Belgium, in Champagne, in the region of Mont Teton, and also on the right bank of the Meuse.

PARIS, Nov. 16.—A German attack in Belgium was repulsed last night by the French, according to the War Office. The official statements says:

In Belgium the Germans attempted to capture one of our points of support north of Veldhoek. The attack was repulsed completely and appreciable losses were inflicted upon the enemy.

The night was calm on the remainder of the front, except on the right bank of the Meuse, (Verdun front,) where heavy artillery firing continues.

German aviators bombarded the region south of Nancy. There were no victims

LONDON, Nov. 16.—Only raiding operations on the British front in France and Belgium are reported in today's official statement. It reads:

Worcestershire troops made a successful raid last night northeast of Fampoux.

A hostile reconnoitering party which endeavored to approach our lines north of Poelcappelle was repulsed.

There is nothing further of special interest to report.

The night report says:

There has been intense artillery activity during today on both sides of the battle front, particularly in the neighborhood of Passchendaele. Our patrols brought in a few prisoners. On the remainder of the front there is nothing of special interest to report.

An official communication issued by the War Office tonight dealing with aerial operations, says:

During the early part of Thursday a heavy ground mist considerably hampered aerial observation. Later in the day the mist partly cleared and considerable activity ensued in the air. Many targets were successfully engaged by our artillery with the aid of aerial observation, and a number of reconnoissances carried out by our airplanes.

On the battlefront our low-flying machines engaged several ground targets with machine gun fire. Hostile airplanes dropped a few bombs on our side of the line.

In air fighting, five hostile airplanes were downed and one was driven down out of control. Another German machine was shot down by our anti-aircraft guns. Four of our machines failed to return.

DUTCH EXPECT DEAL FOR GIVING UP SHIPS

Regard Arrangement With America as Necessary—Swedish Steamer Freed at Baltimore.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 16.—President Van Aalst of the Overseas Trust and the Netherlands Trading Society, speaking of the negotiations between the United States and neutral Europeans by which the latter will give up cargo space in exchange for foodstuffs, said:

"I think the ice has been broken, and, if published reports are correct, arrangements can be made satisfactorily."

asked why it was necessary for the Netherlands to continue to export food to Germany, he said: "It is simply a matter of exchange of foodstuffs for raw materials, absolutely imperative for the maintenance of our economic life. We must have coal, iron, steel, salt, cement, and chemicals. Although England offered us 100,000 tons of coal monthly, it was impossible to accept it, owing to the transport difficulties, the risk, and expense. We need 800,000 tons monthly. Notwithstanding the fact that Holland is now receiving 250,000 tons a month from Germany, many of our factories are already closed. Without raw materials all our factories must close and our industries must be suspended."

Mynheer Van Aalst was asked if he did not consider that steps which Germany now proposes to take in regard to Dutch shipbuilding by putting an embargo on ships built or repaired with German materials was economic war on Holland, and replied:

"If this pressure should be much increased it would certainly amount to economic war and our shipbuilders are too independent to consent to the condition that Germany should have any control over Dutch shipping during or after the war."

Regarding the question of foodstuffs for Belgian relief, Van Aalst said that should there be a serious shortage of food in Holland, difficulties might arise with regard to the transportation of large quantities of food through Holland to Belgium.

A Foreign Office official, speaking to your correspondent, appeared to think that the negotiations with America were progressing favorably and expressed the hope that decisions would soon be reached.

The semi-official Nieuwe Courant says that, as dispatches painted the situation repeatedly, conditions appeared to be worse than they really were. The paper sees obstacles in America's condition regarding the export of Netherlands home products to Germany, and asserts that the question of raw materials is not even touched on.

The pro-German Vaderland says that the news from America signified "that an armada is to be assembled in order to transport troops and war material for the Allies. We have long thought that it would never come to this, but since the agreement with Japan, all doubts have been dispelled. They have given Japan's proposal precedence owing to the zeal for victory over the Central Empires."

The Handelsblad remarks that it is certainly not agreeable for Holland to be obliged to give her shipping for American use, but in the other eventuality the ships would have remained in America until the end of the war, and from two ills the Government must choose the lesser, as the Netherlands will at least get grain and other necessities.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 16.—The clearance today of a Swedish steamer for a home port with a cargo of grain marked the first ship of that nation allowed to leave Baltimore in several months. The British Vice Consul will inspect the steamer tomorrow before she sails to see that mail and other matter that might reach Germany is not on board. It is understood that several United States Government officials will accompany the vessel to the Capes.

DANIELS PRAISES SHIPBUILDERS' WORK

Tells Marine Architects Navy Has Made Giant Strides Toward Winning War.

RESULTS ARE STUPENDOUS

More Progress in Building Destroyers in 18 Months Than in the Previous 25 Years.

The heads of many of the greatest shipbuilding companies, men who stand at the front of the marine engineering profession, distinguished naval architects, officers of the American, British, and Japanese navies gathered last night at the twenty-fifth annual dinner of the American Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers and heard Secretary of the Navy Daniels state in the name of the Government that the burden which now rests upon the shoulders of the men of the shipbuilding industry is the greatest ever placed on the shoulders of the men of any industry in the history of the United States. They met the Secretary halfway when he declared that he knew they would be able to shoulder their burden and that with the Federal Government behind them they would solve the problem which would win the war, namely the problem of ships.

The dinner was served in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria, and the guests, in addition to the Secretary, were Rear Admiral Capps, General Manager of the Emergency Ship Corporation; Commanders Bridges and Coates of the British Navy, Commander Nomura, Naval Attaché of the Japanese Embassy; Commandant Bertholt of the United States Coast Guard Service, Commander Sparrow, U. S. N.; Vice President Joseph W. Powell of the Bethlehem Ship Building Corporation, and Naval Constructor F. L. Fernald, U. S. N. Lieut. Commander Stevenson Taylor, U. S. N. R., President of the society, presided.

Behind the speakers' table were draped the flags of all the allied nations, and Commander Stevenson announced, after he had proposed the toast to the President, that for the first time in its history the society would honor the rulers of other nations, in this instance the heads of the countries with which the United States are allied.

The dinner developed many pleasant surprises of an informatory nature—that is, surprises so far as the average man is concerned.

For instance, Mr. Powell said that while the American output of merchant tonnage for the year now ending would be about 750,000 tons, there was reason to hope that it would total more than 3,000,000 tons in 1918. As for the navy, he declared that the progress made in the line of construction in a few months was a story so marvelous that it was doubtful if the average citizen would believe it.

Secretary Daniels also cited the wonderful progress which has marked the work of the navy since America went to war, and pointed out that today America was building more destroyers every eighteen months than in times of peace was thought possible of construction in twenty-five years. The Secretary paid a glowing tribute to the shipbuilders of the nation, who to a man, he said, were backing the Government to the very limit in the accomplishment of the great task which must be completed if the war is to be won.

"It will be completed and the war will be won," he said. "I have made it a rule these months we have been at war never to attend any public dinners, but this is a naval dinner, and so it is an exception. In our country we read every day in the headlines about what is going to win the war. If Mr. McAdoo does the talking, he says that money will win it.

"If Mr. Hoover is the person quoted he points out that food will win, and urges wheatless and meatless days, while Mr. Willard, when he has anything to say, points out that transportation is the key to the situation. All this is very well, and I am glad they see things in a magnified way, for it is well that we should realize that the task is tremendous, and that every one must do his share, be that to save money, or food, or work or something else.

"But, be all this as it may, you know and I know that ships are going to win this war. The farmer has won our everlasting gratitude by producing a record crop, but without ships those crops will be of no service to our boys in the trenches and our allies over there.

"You, gentlemen, gathered here tonight are charged with the most gigantic task ever placed on the shoulders of any body of men in the history of America. We have no doubt whatever but the shipbuilders of America, and the countries allied with America, will win out in this struggle, but yet let no man minimize the menace that faces us.

"Some months ago, when it became apparent to all the world that the most effective weapon for the defeat of the submarine was the destroyer, and our country had entered the struggle, we decided to build the destroyers and to win this war if it took the last man and the last dollar we possessed to do it.

"We consulted with the great firms who had been building our destroyers in other years and we put before them the great task we wished them to shoulder. The shipbuilders listened and they told us that they could do the job and I want to say here, tonight, that they are doing it and to illustrate what I mean I may state that today we are building more destroyers every eighteen months than we were able to build in twenty-five years before the war.

"Today America is united. We are no longer Democrats and Republicans. All Democrats are Republicans and all the Republicans are Democrats now. Sectionalism has disappeared forever and our boys are being trained for service at Camp Grant in Illinois and at Camp Lee in Virginia. Only yesterday a vast part of our people thought only in terms of the United States. Today we think in a different way. You, Sir, the naval attaché of Japan and your brothers of Japan, are my brothers. On every Fourth of July for one hundred years we raised the eagle and twisted the lion's tail, but today the men of America and the men of Britain are brothers in arms fighting in a common cause. As for France, every American was born loving France. And we are brothers, too, of the struggling Italians, who are battling today to keep the Huns from the Eternal City.

"I came here tonight to thank you in the name of our Government for the spirit with which you have come into this great work. I want to say that when this war is won, and as sure as there is a God above us it will be won, and when our armies and navy come home with victory I shall insist that you, the shipbuilding men of America, shall march in that great victorious column, for than you no men will have done more to have made that victory possible."

Rear Admiral Capps, the next speaker, was reminiscent in most of his speech. He referred briefly to the work of the Emergency Shipping Corporation, and said that co-operation of all concerned was the answer to the huge problems which faced that board. He added that he believed that co-operation would be attained, and the great fleet that is planned would be built. Contracts were now let, he said, for more than 800 ships of a tonnage of more than 2,000,000.

Mr. Powell, the last speaker, said that the time for criticism in America had passed.

"I want to say," he said, "that if some one had said one year ago that what has been accomplished by the navy in the last seven months could be accomplished, no one would have believed it. What Secretary Daniels, Rear Admiral Taylor, the Chief of Construction; Rear Admiral McGowan, and the other able officers who surround the Secretary have accomplished in these seven months can be described as nothing short of marvelous. No better relationship than that which exists between the Navy Department and the shipbuilders at the present time could be possible. Do you know that at two sittings of a total of less than four hours' time the greatest contract in the history of the world was signed to the satisfaction of every one concerned?"

Mr. Powell referred to the labor situation as one of the serious problems facing the country.

"The performance in the ship industry in these coming twelve months," he said, "will be the performance of labor. I am a believer in the American working man and I firmly believe that the big labor leaders are as patriotic a body of men as there is in this country. But some of the lesser leaders are not so alive to their duties to their country in this crisis. Only a few weeks ago 1,200 of our mechanics at Quincy went on strike without saying one word to us as to their grievance. We were ready to meet them and readily agreed to arbitration, yet the fact remains that we lost one vital week and that week can never be gotten back."

At the afternoon session of the architects Simon Lake, the inventor, urged that a large fleet of cargo-carrying submarines be built to insure transportation of food to our troops in Europe. He also declared that the only reason Germany had not blockaded our coast with submarines was because Germany did not wish to create any more animosities in America.

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BRITISH IN PALESTINE NOW BEFORE JAFFA

New Zealand Mounted Troops Rout Turkish Regiment by Bayonet Charge.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—The British Army which is pursuing the Turks along the coast in Palestine has made further substantial gains, the War Office announces. It has reached a line from Er Ramle and Ludd to a point three miles south of Jaffa. The announcement follows:

General Allenby reports that during yesterday our troops, after slight resistance, reached the line from Er Ramle and Ludd to some three miles south of Jaffa. In one part of the zone of operations an attack by a Turkish regiment on New Zealand mounted troops was beaten back by a bayonet charge, with heavy losses to the enemy.

The total number of prisoners verified since Oct. 31 now exceeds 9,000.

The correspondent of Reuter's, Ltd., with the British Headquarters in Palestine, in a dispatch dated Nov. 15, describes the following operations of the British troops in that war theatre:

"Indian troops have captured the junction station of Wadi Surah and two field guns. Scottish troops have reached Mansura and positions northward of that point. English yeomanry captured Naneh, north of Mansura, taking sixty prisoners and a mountain gun.

"Anzac forces have reached Kez Azel, and advanced toward Er Ramle. The New Zealanders repulsed with the bayonet a strong counterattack, inflicting heavy losses on the enemy. The British airmen bombed trains and troops."

Reuter's correspondent with British Headquarters in Palestine, telegraphing last Wednesday, says:

"Within a fortnight of the inception of the British offensive the Turkish Army, occupying apparently an impregnable line, strongly fortified and provided with guns, ammunition, and supplies, has been driven headlong from its defenses and chased across country. Its losses have been enormous.

"The feature of yesterday's fighting was a brilliant charge by the Midland Counties' Yeomanry. The enemy had been clinging tenaciously to a position above Mughair, beyond Wadi Rubin, where he had hastily intrenched himself. Supported by field and machine guns the mounted troops charged across the swelling upland straight upon the enemy. They were received with a heavy fire, but nothing could stop them. They cut right through the Turks, sabring right and left.

"When the enemy found themselves surrounded 1,100 of them laid down their arms. The Turk is fighting bravely, but he is hoplessly outclassed."

Er Ramle and Ludd are on the railway between Jaffa, on the Mediterranean coast, and Jerusalem, the junction of which line with the railroad between Beersheba and Damascus was captured a few days ago by the British. Jaffa is fifty-four miles northwest of Jerusalem.

Germans Concerned Over Jerusalem.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 16.—An article by Captain von Salzmann printed in the Berlin Vossische Zeitung calls attention to the great importance of the British successes in Palestine. The writer says the capture of Jerusalem would threaten Germany's entire policy in the Orient.

Other writers in German newspapers try to comfort the Turks with the hope of a satisfactory adjustment of the situation at the peace conference, though they say there is no indication that Germany and Austria, which are using Turkish troops, contemplate sacrificing any of their conquests to help Turkey regain her lost territories.

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ANTIS REPORT RUSH TO JOIN NEW LEAGUE

Women Who Opposed Suffrage Uniting to Fight All Forms of Disloyalty.

PLANS OF THE SUFFRAGISTS

Hint That State Party at Convention May Line Up for Federal Amendment Fight.

Anti-suffragists and so-called "neutral" women in large numbers responded yesterday to the announcement of the New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage that its organization as such would be abandoned and that its membership would be converted into a "get behind the war" league to fight all forms of disloyalty. The organized suffragists, however, to whom Miss Alice Hill Chittenden, President of the antis, appealed to forget all about suffrage for the time being and join in harmonizing all women in one patriotic movement, made no formal reply.

"I have been immensely pleased with the response from our own members and from women who have not taken part in the franchise fight," Miss Chittenden said last night. "There is a bright prospect for the success of the new league, and thus far we have received from the antis no intimation of unwillingness to stand with the organization in disbanding and forming a patriotic league. Women of no party affiliations, too, have manifested a refreshing inclination to get behind the movement. I have not heard a word from the suffragists, either as organized bodies or as individuals. They are just as welcome as any other women to affiliate with us, and we hope they will, even if we do not expect them to do so."

Although the antis, as pointed out yesterday, regarded their action somewhat in the light of a challenge to the suffragists to match their offer to sink partisanship in patriotism, their leaders admitted last night that they scarcely had hoped for such a result. They recalled that the policy of the suffragists in the past had been largely to ignore the organized opposition.

The suffragists were keenly interested in the radical move of the antis, but it was plain that they regarded it more in the light of sudden disappearance of organized opposition than as a serious proposal that they, too, should forget woman party politics until after the war.

Attitude of the Suffragists.

Typical of suffragist expressions with regard to the proposal of the antis was that of Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Chairman of the New York City Woman Suffrage Party.

"I think it is the right thing for them to do," she said. "The fight in this State is won, and there is nothing more for them to do. As for our joining their organization, we do not need a special organization for patriotic work. Look at the Liberty Loan campaign and the Red Cross work and all the other patriotic activities in which the suffragists have played a leading, helpful part. We have always put our country first, and we shall continue to do so. Our program now is to educate the women to make the best use of the franchise and to organize them behind the national amendment, that women may be empowered to take their full share in a unanimous drive for victory abroad. I am glad to learn that Miss Chittenden is going to do her part in educating the woman voter, and in that we extend her an invitation to join with us."

Miss Hay was asked if she thought the antis by maintaining their organization and fighting still against the enfranchisement of women ever could have succeeded in taking the ballot away from them

"That is utterly impossible," Miss Hay replied. "It must be remembered that we were enfranchised not through legislative enactment but through constitutional amendment. So it would take another amendment to take the vote away from us, and when that amendment was submitted you would have both men and women voting on it. No; there is no fear of that ever happening."

At the headquarters of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party it was said that, inasmuch as no formal invitation had been received from the antis, no formal answer to their proposal would be made. Leaders of the organization, however, were emphatic in expressing their intention of going ahead with the national amendment program, and of their determination to maintain the suffrage party as such.

Suffragists Discuss Convention.

There was much discussion among suffragists yesterday of the approaching annual convention of the State party. Although some of the leaders said that nobody knew what was going to happen, there were strong indications that proposed amendments to the Constitution would be put through, and that the State party would line up for the Susan B. Anthony amendment. The possibility that a conservative wing may attempt to hold the association to its original purpose of State suffrage was recognized by the rank and file, but the belief was strong that the more radical element would control. The proposed amendments will have to do with the education of women voters, and with the proposals to join the national fight.

There was a hint yesterday that, if the national amendment program carried, the whole State body might be made an official adjunct of the national party, but those best informed believed it would maintain its autonomy as a State party. Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, who has been Chairman of the State party for two years, was in seclusion yesterday, preparing her report for the coming convention. In her absence there was much discussion among suffragists as to the meaning of her reported "resignation" as the head of the party. It was learned that she had not resigned, but that she had expressed rather determinedly her decision not to stand for re-election next week. Mrs. Helen Leavitt, Executive Secretary of the body, said that, in her belief, the Nominating Committee had not formally asked Mrs. Whitehouse as yet to run again, and that until it did so, she could not fairly be said that she had refused.

"We have all been saying we have worked so hard we just couldn't go on after the fight was over," Mrs. Leavitt added, "and it may be that Mrs. Whitehouse feels so and will stick to it. Personally, I have not heard her express an absolute determination not to continue at the head of the party if she is asked."

Speculation among the officers and members of the party took Mrs. Whitehouse's retirement practically for granted and concerned itself with her successor. Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, Mrs. Raymond Brown, and Mrs. Henry White Cannon, the present Vice Chairmen, were the first possibilities discussed, but it was said they, too, would retire from active work. The talk then turned to the possibility of conferring the honor of leading a membership said to number a million women upon an up-State woman in recognition of support outside the city at the election. Mrs. Arthur Livermore of Yonkers, one of the directors, was mentioned because she would qualify as an up-State woman and yet would remain in close touch with the party leaders in the city. Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid, Treasurer; Mrs. Alice Duer Miller, Chairman of the Finance Committee; Mrs. Frederick Edey, Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip, and Mrs. Dexter P. Rumsey of Buffalo were others discussed.

WOMEN IN BROOKLYN TO JOIN DEMOCRATS

Will Organize in Each Assembly District Until They Can Enroll in Regular Organization.

Although they cannot take part in the primaries next year unless the election law is amended, newly enfranchised women of Brooklyn whose sympathies lie with the Democratic Party, are planning in anticipation of such legislation, to organize as Democrats throughout Kings County. Miss Amy Wren, who called with a delegation of suffragists upon Democratic County Leader John H. McCooey on Thursday, said yesterday that a borough-wide organization of women Democratic voters would soon be formed. A committee will provide for the organization of committees in each Assembly district.

The Republican leaders are planning an amendment to the election law providing for a special registration and enrollment for women voters.

STOPS ELASTIC COAL PRICES

Garfield Forbids Sales at Figures Subject to Revision.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Coal dealers, from the operator to the retailer, are prohibited from selling coal at prices subject to revision, by an order issued today by Fuel Administrator Garfield. Heretofore producers have been permitted to sell their coal at prices fixed by the Government, with a stipulation that the price might be revised if the Government-fixed prices were changed.

Under this arrangement prices were made subject to revision from the operator to the jobber and from the jobber to the retailer. The retailer usually found it difficult to collect any difference from the consumer after the coal had been sold. Today's order is designed to eliminate this and other difficulties which the plan entailed. It becomes effective immediately.

Attorney General Gregory has instructed Federal District Attorneys threughout the country to take all possible steps for prosecution of persons violating any of the price rulings made by the President and the Fuel Administration.

ACCUSE JAILERS OF SUFFRAGISTS

Continued from Page 1.

ferring the prisoners to the cells in the men's quarters was that they refused to give their names and to don the prison garments.

"In refusing to talk, the women were exercising their constitutional right of free speech. The guarantee of free speech carries with it the right to withhold your speech if you so desire.

"The indignity of compelling these prisoners to wear the stripes of a convict was an added punishment which was not pronounced by the court. The treatment of my clients as reported to me constitutes cruel and unusual punishment, which is prohibited by the Constitution."

Before the marine seized her Miss Katharine More smuggled from the prison this note written by Miss Burns:

"Wednesday, 14th. Demanded to see Whittaker when we arrived. Request refused. Miss Herndon said we would wait all night. Privilege of leaving room refused us. Man guard said he would put us in sardine box and put mustard on us. Whittaker came at 9 P. M. Refused to hear demands for political rights. Seized by guards from behind, flung off feet, shot out of room. All seized by guards and dragged to cells in man's part. Dorothy Day roughly seized. Back twisted. Mrs. Mary Nolan flung in cell. Mrs. Lawrence Lewis shot past my door. I slept all night with Dorothy Day on single bed. I was handcuffed for asking others how they were. Fastened for short time to bars of cell. Threatened with straitjacket and button gag.

"Thursday.—Brought to hospital. Food brought at noon for first time. All refused it.

"Friday.—Expected to go to court. Said to matron over telephone, 'No orders.' Whittaker came. Seized Julia Emory by back of neck and threw her in room very brutally. I asked my counsel to learn status of case. He told me to shut up. Threatened straitjacket and button gag again.

"Later I was taken to put on prison clothes. Resisted strenuously. Put in room where men with delirium tremens were put. Six guards tried to remove clothes."

Except Miss Burns, all the suffragist prisoners are reported to have been forced to put on prison garb. Eleven of these women said to be wearing prison clothes are from New York City. They are Mrs. John Winters, Miss Belle Sheinberg, Mrs. L. H. Hornesby, Mrs. Paula Jakobi, Miss Hilda Blumberg, Miss Lucy Burns, Miss Dorothy Day, Mrs. Henry Butterworth, Miss Cora Weeks, Mrs. P. B. Jones, and Miss Elizabeth Hamilton.

The others in the workhouse are:

New York State—Miss Amy Jungling, Buffalo; Mrs. Hattie Kruger, Buffalo.

Massachusetts—Mrs. Agnes H. Morey, Brookline; Miss Ella Findeisen, Lawrence; Miss L. Daniels, Boston; Miss Camilla G. Whitcomb, Worcester.

New Jersey—Mrs. George Scott, Montclair.

Pennsylvania—Mrs. Lawrence Lewis and Miss Catherine Lincoln, Philadelphia.

Oregon—Miss Alice Gram and Miss Betty Gram, Portland.

Utah—Mrs. R. B. Quay, Mrs. C. T. Robertson, Salt Lake City.

Indiana—Mrs. Charles W. Barnes, Indianapolis.

Minnesota—Mrs. J. H. Short, Minneapolis.

Oklahoma—Mrs. Kate Stafford, Oklahoma City.

District of Columbia—Miss Matilda Young.

Maryland—Miss Julia Emory, Baltimore.

Louisiana—Mrs. Alice Cosu, New Orleans.

Florida—Mrs. Mary A. Nolan, Jacksonville.

When trials of the Woman's Party militants for picketing the White House came up in the Police Court today Mrs. William Kent of Kentfield, Cal., sentenced to a fine of $25 or fifteen days in the workhouse, found that her husband, a member of the Tariff Commission, had paid her fine. Mrs. Kent protested to the court, refusing to accept that settlement of the judgment against her, and demanded that she be permitted to go to the workhouse. The court specified that the issue should be settled within four days.

When Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley, wife of the pure food expert, was called for sentence she insisted on taking a workhouse term, but an attorney engaged by her husband insisted on the court granting an appeal. The court announced it could not do both, and advised the lawyer to get his client to agree to some course and repert later.

Woman's Party headquarters announced that Mrs. Wiley refused to permit the filing of a bond necessary for an appeal, and would begin a fifteen-day sentence in the workhouse at once.

All the other militants recalled for sentence got the usual short workhouse terms. Twenty-eight others, now doing time in the workhouse, who were to be brought into court for sentence for second offenses, could not be produced, as some official referred to in court as "higher up," had forbidden their removal from the workhouse.

MITCHEL HAD NO EXPENSES.

Hillquit's Campaign Cost Him $250 and Bennett's $41.

Judge John F. Hylan, Mayor-elect, was the only candidate for the chief executiveship of the city who had not filed his election expense account with the Bureau of Elections when the bureau closed its offices last night. The limit by law expired at midnight; it was suggested that Judge Hylan may have mailed his expense account last night before 12 o'clock. Judge Hylan could not be reached last night to be asked why he had not filed his account of expenditures.

Mayor Mitchel declared in his report that he had received nothing and expended nothing.

"Some contributions to the funds in aid of my candidacy were received in the form of checks drawn to my order," he reported, "which I indorsed and transferred to Sam A. Lewisohn, Treasurer of the Fusion Committee of 1917, and to Ralph A. Day, Treasurer of the Mitchel Personal Campaign Committee, which will be accounted for by them."

Former State Senator William M. Bennett, Republican candidate for Mayor, reported that he received $350 and expended $41.

Morris Hillquit, Socialist candidate for Mayor, reported that he expended $250, which was contributed to the Socialist Party Campaign Committee. There was surprise expressed at the small size of Mr. Hillquit's contribution to his campaign expenses, in as much as he is not a poor man. It is understood that the expenses of the Socialist campaign were in the neighborhood of $100,000, and there is much interest in the identity of those who supplied the money. This will be shown when the Socialist Campaign Committee files its expenditure statement with the Secretary of State at Albany next week.

Edward F. Cassidy, the Socialist candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, said he gave $5 to the Socialist Party Campaign Committee and contributed $2 to the Irish Progressive League. Frank A. Sieverman, candidate for Controller, reported he received nothing and expended nothing.

Samuel H. Ordway, defeated Republican candidate for Supreme Court Justice, reported he expended $5,500, most of which was for printing. His successful opponent, John V. McAvoy, reported that he spent $500 for printing.

Frank L. Dowling, Democratic candidate for the President of the Borough of Manhattan, received $2,550 and spent $2,530.20. Charles L. Craig, Democratic candidate for Controller, reported that he received $125 and spent $1,069.20.

VANDERLIP OFFERS PLAN TO SAVE ROADS

Continued from Page 1.

allowing his bank to be an investor in railroad securities as a permanent investment."

"Why did the banks make a wholesale assault upon railroad securities?" asked Commissioner McChord.

"I deny that bankers did make an assault," retorted Mr. Vanderlip.

Commissioner McChord picked from his desk a letter and then said:

"Are Bache & Co. bankers?"

"No, they are brokers," replied Mr. Vanderlip.

Commissioner McChord insisted that the witness had said in the course of his testimony that banks were bearing down on securities and criticising the low earnings of railroads.

"I deny having said the first," retorted Mr. Vanderlip. "The banks have not assaulted railroad securities, but they have complained of small earnings."

"I have received letters from banks on this subject," insisted Mr. McChord.

"Well, if that is so, you ought to inform the Controller of the Currency," was the banker's rejoinder.

Mr. Vanderlip told the commission, in reply to a question as to whether he believed that a 15 per cent. increase would be a solution, that such an application to the situation "would be merely a poultice on the wound."

"I would not presume to stand here and suggest a cure," he said. "The cure ought to come from this body. I merely made a suggestion as to one means of aiding the situation. I do not believe that the railroads have studied the situation sufficiently to suggest any cure. But I am convinced that something must be done to restore confidence in railroad securities. There must be a fundamental change in this situation or the railroads are going into Government ownership. There is no other place for them to go."

Mr. Warburg's Views.

Mr. Warburg read his statement. He explained that he would not go into the technical question, but would approach the problem from its financial side, and in speaking he presented his personal views only.

"A discussion of the subject necessarily involves at this time a consideration not merely of the railroads," said Mr. Warburg, "but also of the people as individuals and the Government as a whole, for the interests of each of these elements, interdependent even in normal times, are still more closely woven together in view of the common cause of all—the successful prosecution of the war.

"When the country turns from peaceful occupations to the business of war a drastic upheaval in the entire economic structure of the country must necessarily result, inasmuch as it is clear that the combined strength of the nation is essential to victory, every project, every industry, that contributes toward this end must be encouraged in every possible way; whereas, what is not necessary for the common cause must, for the present at least, stand aside. The railroads are clearly one of the most necessary factors in this respect, and they must be placed and maintained in such a condition as will best enable them to render in the most efficient degree the services for which they are designed. It is not necessary to elaborate this point; it is sufficient to consider the disastrous effect that the deterioration of the railroads has had upon the military efficiency of some of the European belligerent countries.

"What then is the carriers' present condition? Like any other corporation or individual, or even the Government itself, railroads suffer at this time from the fact that the dollar which they now earn has diminished very materially in purchasing power so that, even if they were earning the same amount in dollars as prior to the war, these earnings would not buy anything like the same amount of materials or the same amount of labor. It is interesting in this respect to note that their condition is parallel to that of all the belligerent governments, which, owing to increasing prices, in order to produce the same purchasing power as heretofore, are forced to place upon the market larger and larger loans.

"A comparison of the index figures for the years 1914 and 1917 would show that wholesale prices of commodities have increased, roughly, by 100 per cent. since the beginning of the war, and, therefore, the same number of dollars netted by a railroad can produce only a smaller amount of improvements than it produced in pre-war times. It follows that in order to secure these improvements, or even the necessary upkeep, a much larger amount of money must be procured. That money can be obtained in two ways only: By the flotation of additional securities or by an increase in revenue.

"I believe I am safe in saying that the vast majority of the railroads are nowadays old established concerns which long since have sold their first mortgage bonds and have generally given comprehensive liens on their tangible properties so that, in financing today, they offer as the basis for the new securities the general equity in the property; that means it is their earning power that today constitutes the chief basis of their credit. When net earnings dwindle, as they have, or when doubt arises in the public mind as to the ability of the railroads to be permitted to earn a generous return in the future, the entire credit structure of the railroads suffers. Securities can then be sold only on a higher interest basis. The higher interest charge, in turn, causes a corresponding reduction in net earnings, which again, in turn, operates further to destroy public confidence. And so one destroys the other."

Mr. Warburg spoke of the various factors involved in the depreciation of railroad securities, such as Government loans, and added that as a matter of fact it has become practically impossible for most of the roads to sell securities.

"It is of paramount importance," he continued, "that the railroads, as far as possible, should be enabled to pay out of current revenues for all improvements that are necessary to keep their property in at least the same condition of efficiency as obtained at the outbreak of the war.

"They should have ample revenue, not only because of these reasons, but also because of the fact, as stated before, that their earning power is the measure of their credit.

Cannot Drop Dividends.

"It may be asked whether or not the proposed increase in net earnings and the consequent greater confidence of the public will open the securities market to the railroads to a degree sufficient to enable them adequately to finance themselves. Not entirely. It will remain difficult enough for the railroads to finance themselves even under improved conditions, and it has been suggested that it may become necessary in some way or other to use or create agencies of the Government for the purpose of granting some sort of relief. Without entering into the merit of such a proposition, it is evident that even in that case, the task of such agencies would be immeasurably relieved if they were dealing with companies capable of showing substantial net earnings.

"It might be asked 'Why not let the railroads stop paying dividends and use these funds for the purpose of providing the moneys necessary for their improvements?' It is patent why such a policy would be fatal. The weak railroads have no dividends which they might suspend. The strong railroads through such suspension would destroy the continuity of their dividend records, which constitutes a most valuable asset in that on the strength of these records they have secured the advantage of being able to sell some of their obligations as investments for savings banks.

"The capitalization of all the railroads in the United States has been stated at $8,750,000,000 of stock and about $11,000,000,000 of funded debt. If we should figure that the value of railroad bonds has decreased by about 10 per cent. and that of railroad stock by about 20 per cent. we would find that the shrinkage in railroad values since the beginning of the war, on that basis, would amount to about $2,800,000,000.

"The successful placing of the Government loans to be issued from time to time and, running into billions, is predicated upon the strength of the general banking situation and the public's confidence in that strength. It is estimated that national banks, state banks, trust companies, and savings banks together own about two billion dollars of railroad securities. In addition to that these securities form a large percentage of the collateral for their loans. A drastic shrinkage in value of railroad securities therefore is naturally a matter of serious concern to all of these institutions and might materially impair their vigor and freedom of action in cooperating with the Government's financial program and, if permitted to go too far, it may throw an additional burden upon the Government. It is my sincere conviction that one of the main objects of the Government—the successful prosecution of the war—will be considerably helped if greater strength is given to the railroads and if greater confidence in them is instilled into the public mind."

Watch the smile go 'round after the first sip of

Club Cocktails

That smile takes expert blending, best liquors and long aging in the wood. Have you the CC smile?

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The Wonder Hill—By Albert Neeley Hall. Big story book that will interest youngsters.

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Ver Beck's Bears in Mother Goose Land

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An Important Sale of 30,000 Men's Silk Cravats

in which will be offered scarfs in the most beautiful silks woven by the weavers of Europe's most famous mills, together with a magnificent showing of silks from America's best known manufacturers

5,000 Cravats . . . at 39c | 4,000 Cravats . . . at $1.00
5,000 Cravats . . . at 55c | 3,000 Cravats . . . at $1.35
10,000 Cravats . . . at 75c | 3,000 Cravats . . . at $1.65

¶ These are all scarfs made to our order, cut and finished according to our own rigid specifications, so superior in every detail to neckwear made expressly for sales purposes that there is really no basis for comparison between the two. The tastes, preferences and requirements of all have been carefully and thoroughly considered, and we have not forgotten the boys now in camp, for whom we have provided a splendid collection of regulation black scarfs in plain silks and knitted effects.

The shapes include English Squares, Large Open-end styles, Reversible Four-in-hands, and the regulation military scarf.

¶ Each cravat is properly balanced, carefully interlined with the best of material, and not one scarf in the collection is less than 47 inches long. As a gift nothing is appreciated like a cravat, and what could be more economical?

Varying in quality according to price, almost any of these weaves are obtainable at each of the six prices quoted:

Armures	*Oriental Weaves*	*Gros de Londres*	*Embroidered Crepes*
Baratheas	*Spitalfields*	*Crepe de Chine*	*East India Cloths*
Chamois Cloth	*English Poplins*	*Mogadors*	*Brocaded Satins*
Crepe Meteor	*Regimentals*	*Jaspers*	*Faille Francais*
Ombres	*Club Stripes*	*Moire Poplins*	*College Stripes*

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Inspired by the War

The great war has furnished subjects for verse of serious, humorous and inspirational nature. How writers "Over There" and in our own country have expressed war thoughts in rhyme is well demonstrated in the following interesting anthologies.

Treasury of War Poetry—British and American Poems of the World War, 1914-1917, Edited by *George H. Clarke*	$1.12
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GERMANY'S ANNEXATIONIST AIMS
By S. Grumbach. Translation by J. Ellis Barker.

The most comprehensive statement of Germany's annexationist aims that has been published, taken from the official documents compiled by S. Grumbach, and translated by J. Ellis Barker. The war aims of the German official classes, of the German intellectuals, and of the German business men are clearly and separately stated.

The Book is a mine of information

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E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY 681 Fifth Avenue New York City

TREASURY PUSHING DELIVERY OF BONDS

Every Effort Being Made to Distribute All of the Liberty Issues Before Christmas.

FACED A GIGANTIC TASK

Government Forced to Rely on Bureau of Engraving Instead of Private Concerns.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Officials of the Treasury Department are doing their utmost with funds at their disposal to deliver the Liberty bonds to the banks for distribution to buyers. The situation has not been without complications, partly because of the huge number of purchasers and partly because of the rush to convert the 3½ per cent. bonds of the first issue into 4 per cent. bonds or the second loan.

Stress is laid on the statement, however, that there is not the slightest reason for worry on the part of investors and that every effort will be made to deliver all of the bonds for distribution before Christmas.

When it was found that more than 4,000,000 individuals had subscribed to the first Liberty Loan, Secretary McAdoo asked for bids from private engraving firms in the hope of rushing the work. Prices quoted, however, were so high that the appropriation by Congress for that purpose was inadequate and made necessary the abandonment of such a program.

There have been complaints because of the failure to deliver the bonds more rapidly, especially since the flight of Elmer Dwiggins, New York manager of the Bankers Life Insurance Company, who has since been arrested by Federal agents in Montgomery, Ala.

In order to allay all fears and strengthen the bond market, the Treasury Department is putting forth its best effort to get results. The Bureau of Engraving and Printing has been working twenty-four hours a day at capacity, and in one wing of the Treasury clerks are at work night and day. In this way it is hoped to supply the bond buyers who wish to frame bonds and use them for Christmas gifts.

Secretary McAdoo acknowledged today the force of comolaints, but declared the Treasury Department was doing all it could. One thing that complicates delivery of the 3½ per cent. bonds is that thousands are converting them into the 4 per cent. bonds. There have been delivered down to today 3,727,930 individual bonds, representing $1,005,350,000. This number meets the demand for 3½ per cent. bonds. The rest of the issue, which in all was taken by about 4,000,000 buyers and amounted to $2,000,000,000, will probably be converted into 4s. The converted bonds are now being delivered to the Treasury Department from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. A large force of clerks is engaged in the laborious task of counting and countersigning these bonds, and it is regarded as certain that the bonds will be sent to the banks next week for delivery to buyers. As the conversion period fixed by law is six months from Nov. 15, 1917, it is clear that the transaction of converting all 3½ per cent. bonds that may be offered cannot be concluded for some time. No doubt a considerable volume will continue to come in for several months.

When the campaign for the sale of the first issue was being organized, counsel was taken of investment bankers and various economic authorities, and it was estimated from all sources of information that there were in the country about 350,000 bond-buyers. The conduct of the bond campaign developed the remarkable fact that there were at least 4,000,000 bond investors. There is not a private banknote printing concern in the United States, nor any combination of such concerns, it is said, that could have handled the job of printing the vast number of bonds required in this situation any faster than could the Government, with the facilities of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

The new 4 per cent. bonds are being delivered rapidly. The last payment on these bonds will be due on Dec. 15, 1917, and the bonds will be in the hands of the banks by that date. There have been delivered of this issue, down to today, 3,825,215 separate bonds of the 4 per cents., representing $1,111,181,000. The total amount of money represented in this issue is approximately $3,806,600,00. The registered bonds of the first issue to the amount of $84,500,000 have been delivered. Altogether having regard for the magnitude of the operations involved, the Treasury officials are inclined to think that the printing, numbering, countersigning and forwarding of the two issues of bonds have been performed as rapidly as possible.

$67,000,000 MORE PAID ON LOAN BONDS HERE

Total for District Reaches $745,000,000—New York's Allotment $1,163,475,200.

Additional Liberty Loan payments to the amount of $67,000,000 were received yesterday by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. This brought the total for the 18 per cent. instalment and for fully paid bonds up to $745,000,000. Final returns have not yet been received from about 100 or the 1,275 reporting institutions in this district.

Yesterday's receipts of $67,000,000 were divided as follows: $7,000,000 in cash and $60,000,000 in notifications of transfers by book credits.

The allotment of bonds for this district is $1,163,475,200, a ruling by the Treasury Department yesterday changing the estimated total. Previous payments amounting to about $90,000,000 and those received Thursday and yesterday bring the total up to $835,000,000 and leave $328,475,200 to be paid on Dec. 15 and Jan. 15.

The interesting development in yesterday's trading in Liberty Loan bonds on the Stock Exchange was the closing sale of the 3½ per cents at 99, or .24 above the final quotation for the 4 per cents. Sales of the 3½s amounted to $1,024,000, and $1,182,500 of the 4s changed hands. The 3½s sold as low as 98.68, but closed at 99, a gain of .06 for the day, while the new 4s made a new low record at 98.74, closing at 98.76, a decline of .74 from Thursday's final quotation.

It had been expected that the 3½s would sell at a higher price than the 4s. In the first place, to the man of large wealth the tax-exempt feature of the 3½s makes that security more valuable than the 4 per cent. Liberty bond; and in the second place, to the man who is not concerned about the tax-exemption advantage, the 3½s are as good and better than the 4s by reason of the fact that the 3½s may be converted into bonds bearing interest at the rate of 4 per cent. An additional point in favor of the 3½s is that the 4 per cent. bond into which it may be converted matures in thirty years, instead of twenty-five years as do the new 4s.

Applications for the conversion of the 3½s into 4s will not be received today, but may be presented at the Bond Exchange Department of the Federal Reserve Bank, 50 Wall Street, any day beginning Monday, from the hours of 10 to 2.

HITS "SLACKER" IN CANADA.

Official Reproves American Claiming Exemption from Service.

TORONTO, Nov. 16.—Although it is not necessary for the citizens of the United States to register under the Canadian Military Service act, those who do register can claim exemption on the ground of American citizenship. This was made clear today, when a young American resident here received exemption from Judge Denton's tribunal today.

"You ought to be man enough to go home and fight for your own country," Lieut. Col. Brown, the military representative, told him.

Keeping the Quality Up.
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, the World-Famous Remedy for Colds and Grip, is now 30c. per box. On account of the advance in the price of the six different Medicinal Concentrated Extracts and Chemicals contained in LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, it was necessary to increase the price to the Druggist. It has stood the test for a Quarter of a Century. It is used by every Civilized Nation.—Advt.

MINNESOTANS SLAIN FOR BUYING WAR BONDS

Austrian Woman and Two Men Murdered in Their Beds Because They Were 'Against the Kaiser.'

VIRGINIA, Minn., Nov. 16.—Three Austrians, a woman and two men, were murdered here last night because they had subscribed to the Liberty Loan and Red Cross funds. They were Mr. and Mrs. Paul Alar and Peter Trepich, a boarder in the Alar house. The skull of each had been crushed with an axe while the victim slept and each body mutilated with a knife.

On a kitchen table in the home of Alar was a note, written in an Austrian dialect, reading:

"This is what you get for being against the Kaiser. You have donated to the Red Cross and you have said the Kaiser could go to hell. Don't look for us, for any one who does will get the same dose."

Red Cross and Liberty Loan purchase signs, generally displayed here although the community has a large Austrian population, disappeared from the windows of Austrian residents today.

The Alars were each 38 years old and Trepich was 60 years old. The men were miners. A theory first suggested by the police was that robbery was the motive of the murders because Mrs. Alar was known to have drawn money from the bank yesterday. This was abandoned, however, when a sum of money was found in the Alar home.

Several persons suspected of connection with the murders were arrested, and all available police and Deputy Sheriffs gave their attention to the case. One police theory was that a neighborhood row in the foreign miners' colony, growing out of war arguments, was the direct cause of the crimes.

The double-bladed axe used by the murderer was found on the floor near the bodies. The slayer evidently washed his hands in the kitchen sink after wielding the axe and then sat down and wrote the note.

The Coroner will hold an inquest tomorrow.

NORWEGIANS MOVE TO BOYCOTT GERMANS

Water Association and Other Organizations Adopt Resolutions to Protect the Lives of Sailors.

CHRISTIANIA, Nov. 16.—The Tidens Tegn says the Norwegian Water Association has passed a resolution proclaiming a complete boycott of Germany, German shipping, German trade, and German citizens in Norway. The Chairman of the association said that if German ships were unable to load or unload in Norway the prohibition against exports could be abolished and that if food should be refused to German subjects they would soon leave the country. Thus the lives of Norwegian sailors would not be exposed to the present dangers.

Similar resolutions have been adopted in other Norwegian towns.

AN OPPORTUNITY

The highest type of investment is a first mortgage on New York City real estate guaranteed by this Company.

Usually the rate of interest does not exceed 4½%. Just now, however, we can supply you with this most desirable security yielding 5%.

It is an opportunity that you cannot afford to miss.

No investor has ever lost a dollar

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Capital & Surplus, $10,000,000
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350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

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Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Robes For Hours of Easy Comfort at Home

Robes that fit you as naturally as your habits. Robes that lend an air of distinction. Robes that are as pleasing to wear as they are to look at. In short, a robe for a gentleman in his leisure hours.

Men's Silk Robes From Japan, $10.89

Ordered by our own representative on his recent trip to the Far East. Hand quilted silk with down cotton interlining, cut full and roomy. Blue, olive, brown or black.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Cowhide Suit Cases at $14.89

Built to serve the business man wherever his business may take him. Strong enough to stand all kinds of knocks. Of heavy material with double brass lever locks, reinforced sewn-on corners, fold in top, linen lined. Size 24 inches.

Macy's—Fourth Floor, 35th St., Rear.

French Books For Soldiers

"Over there" they speak a different tongue than we do. If you are going over you will want to know French, too. We have an assortment of French Conversation Books, some of them specially prepared for fighting men—all at prices less than elsewhere.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Rear.

Service Watches

To be worn on the wrist, nickel and Sterling silver cases. Some are made with unbreakable crystals and luminous figures and hands.

Swiss make, 7 and 15 jewel movements, $11.89 to $27.50

American make, 7 and 15 jewels, $7.94 to $25.75

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St., Broadway.

100 Canes at $2.89

A collection so varied that you will find one that will suit you particularly. Green ebony, bamboo, pimento, rosewood, malacca, partridge and other woods, Prince of Wales handles, some with silver caps, some trimmed with bakelite.

Macy's—Main Floor, B'way, 35th St.

Those Who Commute

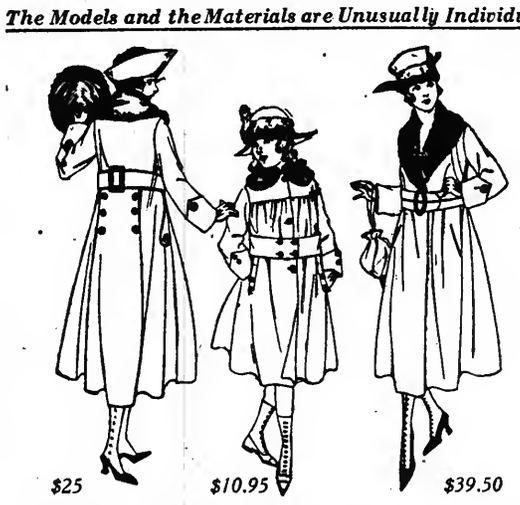
may leave their orders for merchandise at the Order Booths, Grand Central or Hudson Terminal, when they leave the trains, and they will find everything ready for them when they start on the trip back home in the late afternoon.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

We shall present Remarkable Values Today in

Misses' Dressy and Practical Winter Coats

The Models and the Materials are Unusually Individual



$25 $10.95 $39.50

At $25—Smart all-around service coats in a group of very becoming models. Tailored in Wool Velour, with large collar of Coney. Each coat fully lined and warmly interlined. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

At $19.50—Practical Winter Coats in a new belted model with large collar that buttons closely to neck. Fully lined with soft Satin and warmly interlined. Made of Canadian Diagonal Velour, in Brown, Plum, Green, and Taupe. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

At $39.50—Dressy Winter Coats in tucked, pleated and belted models, fashioned of Wool Velour, with large collar of Near Seal, Nutria or Coney. Lined with Peau de Cygne and heavily interlined. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Smart Coats for Girls at $10.95

Attractive, full-belted coats, developed in Velvet Corduroy, accentuated with button trimming and collar of Nutria or Coney. Lined and interlined. Sizes 6 to 10 years.

"Junior" Trench Coats at $15

Of Wool Heather Mixtures in stunning model with belt, patch pockets and large button-to-neck collar. Better, more practical coats for growing girls are not to be found.

Misses' Skirts Greatly Reduced

Formerly $12.95 to $18.50

Saturday at $8.95

Snappy, youthful styles, in pleated models with belts. Tailored in Imported Wool Gabardine, or Serge, in striped and plaid effects. Sizes incomplete, but the values are such as cannot be duplicated anywhere.

Saturday—An Important Sale of

Women's Serge Dresses at $15

Exact duplicates of frocks we have been selling regularly at $22.50 and $25.

Six stunning models, skilfully tailored in All-Wool Serge. Some are in straight line and plaited effects with yoke and high collar; others are in surplice effect with roll collar and cuffs of Satin, and still more are in straight line Moyen-Age style, with plaited skirt. Navy Blue and Black. Sizes 34 to 44.

Smart Frocks for Informal Occasions, Today $25

Of lustrous Satin combined with Georgette Crepe, artistically embellished with Soutache, Beading or Hand-Embroidery. Skirts are modishly draped at side or may also be had in tunic effect. Colors: Pearl, Grey, Wistaria, Copenhagen Blue, Beige, Beaver or Black. Sizes 34 to 44.

These Winter Coats for Women

Are shown in all colors and materials correct for present wear, and are offered at prices most remarkable for garments of this particular type.

COATS OF WATERPROOF TWEEDS in new belted model, showing convertible collar. Splendid for general wear. Yoke and sleeves lined. Obtainable in Grey and Tan tones. Sizes 34 to 46..... **$15**

PEBBLE CHEVIOT COATS, and many others in Wool Velour, cleverly tailored. Lined throughout with Silk and interlined. Colors: Black, Navy Blue, or Brown. Sizes 34 to 50... **$19.50**

COATS OF WOOL VELOUR, Burella or Diagonal Velour, with large collar of Coney, Muskrat, or self fabric. Half or full lined and interlined. All colors..... **$25**

COATS OF POM-POM, Burella Cloth, Wool Velour, Arcadian Lamb or Esquimette Plush, in several stunning models. Beautifully trimmed with Natural Raccoon, Skunk-Opossum, Muskrat, Moufflon or Coney..... **$29.50**

VERY MODISH COATS of Broadcloth, Wool Velour, Salt's Sealette, Esquimette, Plush or Arcadian Lamb. Trimmed with Nutria, Hudson Seal, Skunk-Raccoon, or Muskrat. Lined throughout with Peau de Cygne and warmly interlined. All colors..... **$35**

A RARE ASSORTMENT OF COATS In Bolivia, Wool Velour, or Pom-Pom Cloth, lavishly trimmed with Nutria, Hudson Seal, Skunk-Raccoon or Muskrat, showing the new convertible or shawl collars. Fully lined with plain or fancy silks. All colors. **$45**

FASHIONABLE COATS in almost every modish material and coloring, luxuriously trimmed with the most wanted furs. Lined throughout with Peau de Cygne and interlined. All colors and sizes..... **$50**

A MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION OF COATS in the most individual models introduced this season, beautifully fashioned of Crystal Cloth, Bolivia, "Doe Skin," or Wool Velour, trimmed with the wanted furs, or self fabric. Handsomely lined and interlined. All colors **$60**

Fourth Floor.

Featured on the Second Floor

Smart Sailor Suits for Boys Special at $5.75

Illustrated. Smart little sailor suits of all-wool Navy Blue Serge. Obtainable in sizes 3 to 8 years.

Boys' Suits with Extra "Knickers" at $11

Suits tailored for service, in a variety of smart suitings, including Fancy Mixtures. Sizes 7 to 18 years.

Winter Overcoats for Boys at $8

Roomy, Trench style overcoats with belt all around. Made of Novelty overcoatings, and new Grey, Brown, and Green cloths. Splendidly tailored and well lined. Sizes 3 to 10 years.

Boys' Serviceable Overcoats at $13.50

New and exclusive Saks models in snappy military effects. Tailored in a variety of durable overcoatings in all the wanted colorings. Sizes 10 to 18 years.

Boys' Mackinaw Coats at $7

Roomy, storm collar model, in an extensive collection of new plaid designs. Sizes 7 to 18 years.

B. Altman & Co.

Men's Silk Pajamas

of Japanese Habutai (imported direct by B. Altman & Co.) or American-made silks; in original patterns and attractive colorings, are shown in any wanted style, hand-finished,

at $13.50 & $15.00 per suit

(These Pajamas are made in the establishment.)

MEN'S PAJAMAS

in a variety of materials and designs, are also in the regular stock

at $2.00 to $10.00 per suit

MEN'S FLANNEL PAJAMAS

suitable for use in the military cantonments, can be supplied at these prices:

Of English Flannel, in khaki color, per suit $10.00

Of English Flannel, with stripes on light or dark grounds . . . per suit $10.00

Of American-made Flannel, in light or dark patterns . . . . per suit $7.50

Of Outing Flannel, per suit $1.75 & 2.00

All of the above are suggested as practical gifts.

(Men's Furnishings Section, First Floor)

Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue,
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Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

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THE LAST DAY

The Greatest Shoe Event of the Year

Tenth Annual Sale of

MEN'S SHOES

Our entire stock of Men's Shoes is reduced in price for this important Annual Event.

Men's Shoes Value $6.00 **$4.85** | Men's Shoes Value $8.00 and $9.00 **$6.85**

Men's Shoes Value $7.00 **$5.85** | Men's Shoes Value $10.00 and $12.00 **$8.50**

Ground Floor.

MRS. BILLINGS SUES BROKER FOR DIVORCE

Action Follows Raid of Wife's Detectives on Riverside Drive Apartment.

ASKS ACTRESS FOR $50,000

Alienation Suit Also Brought—Divorce Defendant Once a Sunday School Superintendent.

William Perry Billings, broker, at 66 Broadway, and formerly cashier of the Second National Bank at Wilkes-Barre, Penn., and superintendent of a Methodist Episcopal Sunday School there and trustee of Wyoming Seminary, was sued in the Supreme Court for a divorce yesterday by Mrs. Mary M. Billings, whom he married in 1890 at Waverly, N. Y. The filing of the divorce suit followed a raid by detectives employed by Mrs. Billings on her husband's apartment at 120 Riverside Drive on Sept. 12 last.

On the day after the raid Billings had one of the detectives arrested for disorderly conduct and he was fined $50 in the Yorkville Court. Billings admitted in court that Mirian Burnadette, an actress, was in his apartment at the time.

Although the complaint in the divorce suit was not filed until yesterday, it was served on Sept. 15. Since that time Mrs. Billings has sued Miss Burnadette for $50,000 damages for alienating the affections of Billings. Miss Burnadette is not named in the divorce complaint. Mrs. Billings asks the custody of her son, Andrew H. Billings, in whose behalf a suit was brought against Adele Blood, actress, two years ago, to recover property alleged to belong to young Billings. Mrs. Blood gave up the property, and the suit was dropped.

Mr. and Mrs. Billings have a daughter, Frances, who eloped to Tonawanda, N. Y., in 1911, and married George M. Reynolds, her father's chauffeur. Mrs. Reynolds and her father were sued a year ago by Mrs. Mary Emma Wood for alienating the affections of her husband. The case is still pending. Another law suit involved to some extent in the divorce proceeding was an alienation suit filed a week ago by Reynolds against Paul G. Hilken for destroying the affections of Mrs. Reynolds for her husband. She said yesterday that she has not lived with Reynolds for four years.

While Billings was one of the leading citizens and churchmen of Wilkes-Barre he donated a number of scholarships to Cornell University. He denies the charges of misconduct made by his wife, while Miss Burnadette also denies any impropriety, including the alienation of the affection of Billings from his wife.

Builds a Locomotive Every Hour.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16.—The Baldwin Locomotive Works is building one locomotive every working hour of the day, or seventy-eight a week, according to Alba B. Johnson, president of the concern. Most of the business is for the United States and foreign Governments. Mr. Johnson said the output was not a maximum accomplishment and that the plant could do more.

Stern Brothers

West 42nd and 43rd Streets

Between 5th and 6th Aves.

Just received from England

Several Hundred Officers' Trench Coats

Five different models

Which will be offered at the very special price of

$48.50

Also Officers' Trench Raincoats

in four distinct models, specially priced at

$32.50

THE style illustrated is a replica of one of the most popular coats now being worn by officers in France.

Amply provided with capacious pockets for Maps, Binoculars, Rations and other accessories.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue TO-DAY *34th Street*

An Unparalleled Sale

For Men and Young Men

HIGH-GRADE FALL SUITS

Offering

The Most Remarkable Values of the Season

The entire surplus stock of one of the largest manufacturing tailors of Men's Clothing, together with several hundred suits taken from our own regular stock and reduced for this event.

High-Grade Suits

$26.50

regularly 30.00, 32.50, 35.00, 38.00

Men of critical taste are sure to approve these Suits, as they embody all the new style features, superior workmanship and sturdy fabrics; lines and proportions conform gracefully to the natural outlines of the figure; smart and conservative models; fabrics are handsome in texture and patterns; excellent linings, in fact particular attention has been given to details; full silk-lined or quarter silk-lined with silk sleeve linings; others alpaca lined.

SIZES:

"regulars"	**33 to 48**	**"short stouts"**	**38 to 46**
"stouts"	**36 to 52**	**"longs"**	**36 to 42**
"long stouts"	**42 to 50**	**"shorts"**	**35 to 40**

Finest Suits

$33.00

regularly 40.00, 45.00, 50.00 and 55.00.

A commendably extensive assortment of finest quality Suits designed by one of the most successful manufacturing tailors of Men's High-grade Suits.

These Suits are characterized by rich, soft quality Woolens in neat conservative patterns, superior designing, style and tailoring, workmanship and finish; some full-lined with silk. Fashion's newest and best ideas have been anticipated at every turn and portrayed so as to appeal to the most exacting. They have the stamp of distinction so desirable to men who prefer the better made Suits.

SIZES:

"regulars"	**34 to 46**	**"longs"**	**36 to 42**
"stouts"	**38 to 52**	**"shorts"**	**35 to 40**

Valuations arrived at according to our regular stock.

NOTE: Extra Salesmen will render quick and courteous service.

Advantageously Priced

"Grampion Overcoats"

Sold exclusively by James McCreery & Co.

For Men and Young Men

65.00 75.00 85.00

Overcoats that compare favorably with custom tailored garments; authoritative models; splendid quality Fabrics, illuminated backs, smooth Patent Beaver and Worumbo Fabrics, including finest Montagnacs; pure silk linings; sizes 36 to 46—"regulars" and "stouts."

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT—5TH FLOOR

HEARN

Fourteenth Street — West of Fifth Avenue

Always Interesting Prices For Week-End Shoppers

SPECIALS

In Apparel of Newer Charm

The Smart Suit of Broadcloth

(*Model illustrated*) is to be distinguished by its soft collar and cuffs of Opossum, as well as the unusual belt—one end of which slips through the other to button in back, as it should. Other suits in this group include a number of pleasing designs in velour and velveteen. The former are effectively trimmed with nutria and seal—the latter with skunk. Colors—taupe, black, green, burgundy, brown and beetroot. All our reg. $47.50 and $49.50 suits—

Special.....35.00

Other Trig Suits—of oxford cloth—showing conveniently detachable collars of seal or nutria—still others, including broadcloths and diagonal velours, are equally smart by reason of their differently buttoned belts and seal edging. Colors—navy blue, brown, green and beetroot—

Special.....19.50

And This Group of COATS—

Special, 26.00

The materials include broadcloth, burella, lupine, velour and plush.

The colors are green, black, gray, brown, taupe, burgundy and beetroot.

In fact, all our $29.74 to $32.74 coats, some showing fur borders and cuffs as well as collars—others having collars of self, smartly stitched. Both lined throughout and half-lined models, but each interestingly different in its own individual way.

Frocks, Too, So Pleasingly Designed

The model (*illustrated*) is a most charming affair of wool jersey and satin combined. The jersey cloth may be taupe, blue or olive drab—the satin is always black. Our reg. $27.75—

Special.....19.50

And then a group of serge frocks—some featuring effective Persian and gold embroidery—some showing tunics embroidered in blue—others silk braid trimmed.

Our reg. $19.75, $22.50 and $24.50 models in navy, green, plum, black, beetroot and tan.

Simple one-piece styles — some having newer high collars, but all of fine, heavy serge, which makes them most unusual values at..... **15.75**

Alterations Free of Charge

Then These Delightful HATS

Smartly tailored and dress models of newly correct designs with differently achieved trimmings of feathers, wings, flowers, fur and metal laces—And these our regular $7.50 hats—

Special.....5.00

Untrimmed Hats of fine silk velvet, both large and small, in black and colors—

Our reg. $2.87.....**Special 1.75**

And quite the trimmings for the latter are these wings, feather fancies and imitation Paradise affairs—

Our reg. $1.17 and $1.37.....Special .75

MORNING SPECIALS—Today Until 1 P. M.

To prevent dealers buying, quantities restricted. No Mail or Telephone Orders.

$9.74 Young Men's Suits.....7.95
Sack or belted models—patch or slash pockets—novelty stripes—mixtures and plaids—sizes 33 to 38.
YOUTHS' CLOTHING—THIRD FLOOR.

$5.94 Boys' Suits.....4.65
Semi-Norfolk model—new mixtures and checks—medium and dark fancies—some have extra trousers—7 to 18 years.
BOYS' CLOTHING—THIRD FLOOR.

54 ct. Boys' Blouses.....43
Newest colors and patterns—all light and medium striped percales, —neckband or collar attached—8 to 15 years.
BOYS' FURNISHINGS—THIRD FLOOR.

94 ct. Children's Pajamas.....62
Heavy nap flannelette, pink and blue stripes — two-piece style—frog trim with military collar—6 to 10 years.
BOYS' FURNISHINGS—THIRD FLOOR.

44 ct. Gift Stationery.....28
24 sheets, 24 gilt-edged cards and 48 envelopes—put up in attractive Holiday Box.
STATIONERY—THIRD FLOOR.

$5.94 Girls' Cheviot Coats.....4.72
Navy blue, well made and lined—3 to 14 years.
GIRLS' DEPT.—SECOND FLOOR.

$23.75 Misses' Winter Suits.....17.50
Burella Cloths and other fabrics—many smart models—one a box-pleated peplum effect—neat sash, and Kerami collar—all sizes.
MISSES' DEPARTMENT—SECOND FLOOR.

35 ct. Men's Silk Neckwear.....26
Newest shades in figures, stripes, etc.—large open ends.
MEN'S WEAR—MAIN FLOOR.

Children's Gray Underwear.....40
Seconds of .60 to .95 qualities—part wool shirts, high neck, long sleeves, ankle length drawers, size 20.
Rise of 5 cents for each size larger.
CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR—MAIN FLOOR.

$2.00 Coutil Corsets.....1.44
Medium bust, long hip—lace trimmed or satin ribbon top—19 to 30.
CORSETS—SECOND FLOOR.

52 ct. Wide Ribbons.....38
White, pink or blue—moire and satin brocades—for sashes and hair bows.
RIBBONS—MAIN FLOOR.

$1.25 Men's Shirts.....87
Neatly striped mercerized fabrics—starched or soft cuffs—all sizes.
MEN'S WEAR—MAIN FLOOR.

$1.04 Heather Bloom Petticoats.....86
Black, deep shirred flounce and fitted band—all sizes.
PETTICOATS—SECOND FLOOR

Look for the Clocks! Look for the Clocks!
Clock Signs Denote Morning Specials.

CHAMBERS DENIES NO-STRIKE PROMISE

Says Brotherhoods Accept Mediation, but Are Not Committed to Arbitration.

MANAGERS SPEAK TODAY

Union's Agreement Only Pledges Full Consideration of Any Proposal President May Make.

Judge William L. Chambers, Commissioner of the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation, came to New York from Washington last night to confer today with the National Conference Committee of the Railways as to the attitude of the roads toward the proposed demands of the four railway brotherhoods for increases in wages amounting to $109,000,000 a year. It is the expectation that the railroads will offer, as they did in the eight-hour controversy, to submit the whole matter to arbitration.

Judge Chambers made it plain that the brotherhoods had not agreed that there would be no strike, nor had they agreed to arbitration or to accept any plan President Wilson might suggest for the solution of the matter of their wage demands. It had been reported from Washington, as told in THE TIMES yesterday morning, that the brotherhood leaders had promised the President that there would be no strike during the war, and that they would be agreeable to any settlement the President might decide upon. It was also reported, erroneously Judge Chambers said, that the railroad Presidents had definitely agreed that the roads would consent to arbitration. He pointed out that it was the purpose of his conference today to seek an understanding on that point.

Judge Chambers said that a misapprehension of the terms of the agreement he had effected with the brotherhood leaders had grown out of the fact that a part of the agreement had been misquoted. Dispatches from Washington said that this section read that "they (the brotherhoods) will agree to suggestions of a plan of settlement advanced by President Wilson." Judge Chambers exhibited a copy of the signed agreement which said that the brotherhood leaders were agreeable to discussing with the President any plan of settlement of the subject matter.

The agreement also made it plain that the labor leaders had held out against the suggestion of Judge Chambers, on behalf of the President, that they submit the whole controversy over wages to arbitration. They did accept in full the offer of mediation by the Bureau of Mediation and Conciliation, under which, however, the board can enforce nothing, but may only make suggestions as to a settlement.

Dispatches from Washington on Thursday also said "President Wilson has been authorized in effect by representatives of the brotherhoods to offer a plan of settlement as to wages which the brotherhoods will accept." In explaining that this statement was based on a misconception of the facts, Judge Chambers said that it had brought forth protests from parties concerned, inasmuch as the brotherhoods had not promised to accept any agreement offered by any one.

Judge Chambers requested that the following statement by himself, a part of which was published last Wednesday, be printed:

"As a result of the efforts of the Board of Mediation to bring the railroad executives and the brotherhoods engaged in train operation to an agreement that there shall be no interruption in their relations on either side until ample opportunity shall have been afforded the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation to bring about, if possible, an amicable agreement, and that in the event of a failure to bring about such an agreement any controversy that may have arisen will be submitted to arbitration, in accordance with the provisions of the Newlands law, Commissioner Chambers has held conferences with leading railroad officials and chief executives of the brotherhoods.

"At a conference in Cleveland on Thursday last between Judge Chambers and Warren S. Stone, Grand Chief, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; W. S. Carter, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen; L. E. Sheppard, First Vice President, order of Railway Conductors, and W. G. Lee, President Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, it is understood certain substantial agreements were reached.

"Judge Chambers declined to state what these results were, but the rumor is that the executives of the labor organizations agreed to the mediation features of the proposal, and it is inferred that the conference with the President, which is planned for 2:30 P. M. Thursday, (Nov. 22,) will have reference to the arbitration features of the proposed agreement. It is understood that these labor executives are unwilling to commit their organizations unconditionally to arbitration, but at the White House conference on the 22d the executives will be ready to discuss with the President some plan by which it is hoped an adjustment will be reached which will, at least for the duration of the war, prevent any interruption of railroad transportation.

"Judge Chambers did not feel authorized to say what subjects would be discussed at the conference and declined even to intimate what results were anticipated. He regards the conference as involving a most serious situation, as the transportation problem is perhaps the most important one connected with the successful prosecution of the war measures of the Administration.

"The Switchmen's Union of North America, it is understood, has agreed to the mediation and arbitration proposals as a whole, and it is believed that that is the attitude also of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers. The proposal is to be submitted to the Conference Committee of Managers of the railways and it is anticipated that the railroad executives will agree to both mediation and arbitration."

The Conference Committee of the railways, which Judge Chambers will meet today, is the same body that handled the eight-hour controversy for the railroads.

The signed agreement which Judge Chambers exhibited last night disclosed that Warren S. Stone, head of the engineers, who is a member of an advisory commission of the Council of National Defense, had joined with the heads of the other three brotherhoods.

Judge Chambers made it plain that it was not believed in Washington that there would be a strike. It was believed that the Government would prevent an interruption of rail transportation when the nation is at war.

12 MEN DIE IN FIRE IN JERSEY FORESTS

Ramapo Mountaineers Perish When Veering Wind Traps Them in Flames.

300 FAIL TO SAVE THEM

Fire Is Confined to Swamp After Sweeping Over 12 Square Miles of Woodland.

Special to The New York Times.

ALLENDALE, N. J., Nov. 16.—Twelve mountaineers were burned to death today while fighting the forest fire which has been raging for four days in the Ramapo Mountains near here. The twelve men were members of the band of 200 special deputy Fire Wardens sworn in two days ago.

The fire this morning had swept near the American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company's plant at Mahwah, which is engaged on Government work. The 1,000 employes were ordered out to fight the fire. In advance of them were the twelve mountaineers, near the edge of Bear Swamp. While they were fighting the fire which the wind was blowing to the right of them, the mountaineers evidently did not notice that a veering wind also was sweeping it to the left, forming a circle about them. They did not discover their plight until the flames had surrounded them.

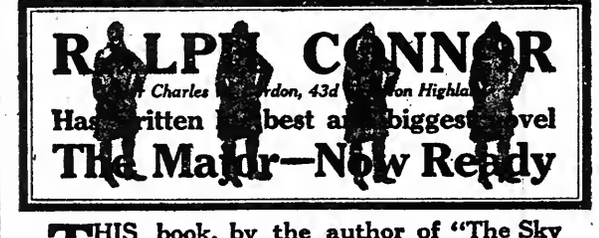
Then the twelve tried to fight their way out, with the fire gradually closing in on them. Three hundred men vainly fought the flames to reach the imprisoned mountaineers. A quarter of an hour after they were trapped the fire had completely closed in on them.

When the bodies of the twelve were found they were charred beyond recognition, but by checking up his list of deputies and verifying it at the homes of the men the identity of the twelve was established. The burned men were Ralph Washington, John Washington, brothers; Alexander Washburn, Joseph Kilpatrick, Ralph De Baun, Charles Johnson, George Johnson, and Harry Johnson, brothers; Thomas Pleters and Charles Pleters, brothers, and Peter Parissimy and Martin Parissimy, brothers. All of the men lived in the Ramapo Mountains. A joint funeral service for the twelve mountaineers will be held tomorrow.

The blaze tonight was confined to Bear Swamp, where it is believed it will burn itself out. It swept over twelve square miles and did damage estimated at more than $250,000. Most of the land burned was woodland. In Bear Swamp there is not much fuel for the fire.

To Quarantine Camp Sevier.

GREENVILLE, N. C., Nov. 16.—Major L. D. Gasser, acting Chief of Staff of the Thirtieth Division, announced tonight that Camp Sevier would go under quarantine tomorrow morning to check an epidemic of measules and some cases of pneumonia and meningitis. Major Gasser said that the situation was not serious, and the quarantine was purely a precautionary measure.

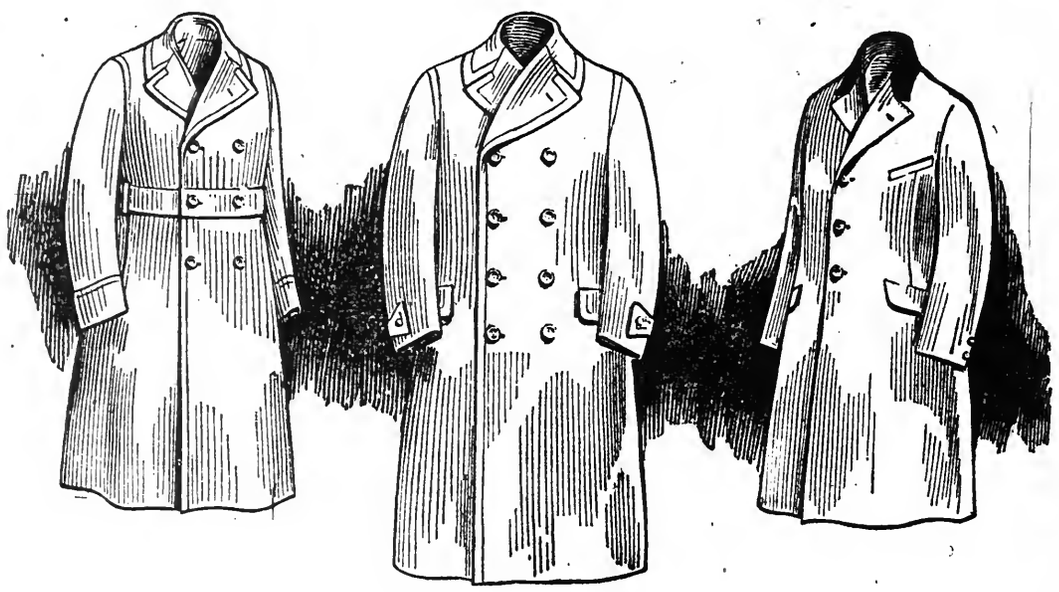


RALPH CONNOR
Charles Gordon, 43d Man on Highland
Has written his best and biggest novel
The Major—Now Ready

THIS book, by the author of "The Sky Pilot," "The Doctor," "Corporal Cameron," etc., is the great dramatic story of the crisis which swept the Northwest, 250,000 strong overnight, into the struggle with autocracy. A romance of great-hearted youth bred to freedom and answering her call.

THE MAJOR by Ralph Connor
The Sky Pilot of the Foothills, Now a Sky Pilot of No Man's Land, writes the great big story of Canada's Call to Arms

GEORGE H. DORAN COMPANY Publisher New York



Covering the field in Overcoats at $25.

FROM Great Coats to Chesterfields, every type of overcoat finds representation in this special Mid-November offering . . . . Not the slightest deviation from Kirschbaum standards of clothes-making—the same uncompromising insistence upon all-wool, the same care and skill focused upon every detail of the tailoring . . . . But while there is no deviation in quality, the deviation from the usual level of prices is so marked that the event presents an opportunity rarely—very rarely—paralleled - - - - - - - - - $25

Stern Brothers

WEST 42D STREET (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues) WEST 43D STREET

MEN'S CLOTHING—THIRD FLOOR

R. H. Macy & Co.

Entrance to Men's Departments 35th Street and Broadway

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square. B'way, 34th to 35th St.

Direct Elevators to Clothing Dept. on 35th St. Side

A Smart Line of Good Coats for Men

MEN—Today Promises Money Saving Opportunities

Today, when a man can take his time to shop with his wife—when they can discuss together the appearance, quality, style and prices of our Suits and Overcoats—they will learn how our Cash Buying-Cash Selling Policy will help them in providing his needs at the least expenditure.

MEN'S and YOUNG MEN'S

Winter Overcoats

$19.75 MORE THAN 24 STYLES $24.75

Well tailored, dependable overcoatings in colorings and patterns that appeal to men of every age and taste.

Smart Chesterfields
Single Breasted Belted Coats
Button Through Overcoats
Double Breasted Trench Coats
Double Breasted Box Coats
Ulsters Ulsterettes
English Slip-Ons
Form Fitting Coats
Double Breasted Frock Coats

Many Others at $29.75 to $64.50

Special—Men's and Young Men's Suits at $16.50

Every Coat Full-lined

Clothes like these would cost you considerably more elsewhere. Some were marked at higher prices. Smartly tailored English Soft Roll Sacks, Double Breasted Models, Conservative styles—of all wool Cheviots, Unfinished Worsteds, Fancy Cassimeres and Blue Serges.

Fur Lined Overcoats at $67.75

Carefully made in a good looking conservative model, with shells of black or dark Oxford kersey, lined with marmot or muskrat, with otter or beaver collars. Purchased by us early in the spring—which accounts for the extremely low price.

Youths' Overcoats at $14.75

A new Double-Breasted Trench Model with belt. Well tailored of all-wool cheviot, in brown, green, gray and fancy mixtures. Quality for quality, style for style, and price for price, these overcoats can't be equalled elsewhere. Sizes 16 to 20.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway, Front.

Haberdashery for Men

Men's Velour Hats At $5.89

You will find, in this new shipment, a hat in the block that will appeal to you. Of good quality velour in brown, green or black.

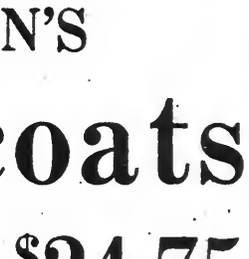
For Your Own Protection

we offer the Sanitcap—to be worn when trying on a hat—so you may be sure you are the first to wear the hat you buy.

Men's Shirts At $1.44

Fresh from the packing cases—the product of a manufacturer of shirts of excellent quality.

Pleated and Plain Negligee Models with laundered cuffs or soft double cuffs.



Carefully made of woven madras, silk striped shirtings, mercerized weaves and other shirtings in desirable colorings for fall and winter wear.

Men's Cravat Special at 59c

A large assortment of twill weaves in dark backgrounds with neat designs, of green, lavender, blue, gold and an almost endless variety of two-color effects. Made in a large open end shape. If purchased to-day would cost us at least one-third more, and cost you much more also.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street

The Sale of Men's Shoes Continues

$4.69 The advantages of this event were quickly made use of by hundreds of men—still there is a good assortment in style and size at each price. Every pair was taken from regular stock—some lines will be closed out—others restocked later at much higher prices. $5.69

Several smart styles in gun-metal lace models, also button models and Blucher styles; plenty of dark tans in laced styles with blind eyelets. Goodyear welted and stitched soles.

Black leathers with calf tops, others with gray buck tops; tan calf in several styles, some with buttons and fawn buck uppers; cordovan with calf tops. Goodyear welted and stitched soles.

Some Lines Are Complete in Every Size. Others Have Incomplete Size Ranges. But—You Will Find Your Size in the Lot in a Style You Desire

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 35th Street, Rear

ESTABLISHED 1847
PARIS • 13 Rue de la Paix
LONDON 175 New Bond St.

Messrs. CARTIER

beg to inform their patrons that they will gladly receive cash deposits to be transferred to their Paris or London houses enabling friends fighting in Europe to select their gifts personally

653 Fifth Ave. at 52nd St

EARLY shipping for soldiers' Christmas gifts means early shopping for soldiers' Christmas friends. You will notice them almost every day now, weeks in advance of the holidays, making certain of timely delivery and of convenient shopping—riding about in the

Fifth Avenue Bus

GABRIEL WELLS
489 Fifth Avenue, New York,
Announces the
MEMORIAL EDITION
of the Writings of
O. HENRY
Acknowledged Master of the Short Story
Finest and ONLY COMPLETE edition, containing an entirely new volume, "WAIFS AND STRAYS."
Superbly Illustrated by Gordon Grant
Fourteen volumes, octavo, large type, hand-made paper.
ASK TO SEE IT

JUST PUBLISHED
The Mystery of Character 12mo. 141 pp. $1
BY HERBERT PARRISH
TO MAKE DEMOCRACY SAFE FOR THE WORLD
A Book for Unbelievers
EDWIN S. GORHAM, Publisher
11 West 45th Street New York

SOLDIERS' SPOKEN FRENCH
By Helene Cross
From a Soldier at the Front: "Without a doubt this is the most concise, most easy to learn, and most instructive little book ever published. My book is used by one and all, and I really am beginning to pronounce French a little more like the natives since using it."
Send your Soldier Friend a Copy.
A waterproof binding—pocket size.
60c Net. Postage Extra. All Booksellers.
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Av., N.Y.

CASH PAID FOR BOOKS
Highest prices paid for large or small collections of BOOKS, AUTOGRAPHS or other literary property. Cash down and prompt removal.
Malkan's
NEW YORK'S LARGEST BOOKSTORE
42 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 3900 Broad

"Fed the moths the last piece of Brussels carpet today." "Went overboard to see if the two barnacles were safe on the keel."
From the Soldiers' Laughing Book
THE LOG OF THE ARK
Noah's record of his famous voyage. There's a laugh in every line. PRICE, $1 Net.
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., N.Y.

20c Each 2 for 35c
Lion Collars
CLOSEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N.Y.

NEW HEADS OF CITY ASSERT PATRIOTISM

They Deny Recent Election Was a Moral Defeat for President.

NO WAR ISSUE IN CAMPAIGN

Judge Hylan Declares He Stands "Uncompromisingly" Behind Mr. Wilson in His Acts and Policies.

From Mayor-elect John F. Hylan down, the successful city and borough candidates in the recent municipal election were quick yesterday to resent and repudiate the interpretation placed on the verdict of the voters by certain German newspapers which pronounced the election result a triumph for the American pacifists and a moral defeat for President Wilson. THE TIMES yesterday printed brief extracts from such comment contained in articles published by the Kreuz-Zeitung and the Münchner Neueste Nachrichten. The statements made by such candidates as could be reached by reporters of THE NEW YORK TIMES left no doubt as to their stand behind President Wilson and for a vigorous prosecution of the war.

"I can only reiterate and re-emphasize what I said repeatedly during the campaign and in my statement on the night I was elected," said Mayor-elect Hylan. "In that final statement I said: 'I want to make it plain to the world that as far as I am concerned there was no issue of Americanism in the campaign. There could be none, for I am as good an American as any man, as loyal to my flag, as loyal to my country, and as firm and determined in support of every act of the Government in this war as any man. I urge that prominence be given to this declaration, so that there may not go abroad to people who have no appreciation of our local situation the slightest intimation that the question of the war or the war policies of President Wilson and the United States Government were in the slightest way involved.'

"My first utterance in this campaign, in response to a question, was that I stood uncompromisingly behind the President in support of the acts and policies of my country, and that the war must be fought to a conclusion that would bring an honorable peace to America."

Controller-elect Charles L. Craig was equally unequivocal in his declaration that the result of the election could not be interpreted as a disapproval of the war policy of the Federal Government. Mr. Craig laid the blame for spreading this false impression abroad at the door of the newspapers that supported Mayor Mitchel. The Controller-elect said:

"The responsibility for such false assumptions and illusive hopes as are indicated in the special dispatch published in this morning's TIMES, under a Washington date line, rests upon that section of the New York press that spared no efforts to re-elect Mayor Mitchel without regard to the will of the people by attempting to create a stampede upon a false issue of patriotism. The National Administration very properly understood that the country's position in the war was not determined by the support that Mayor Mitchel received. There can be no doubt that this question was thoroughly understood in New York City.

"Those newspapers that were before election proclaiming their patriotism on behalf of Mayor Mitchel should now redouble their efforts to undo the evil that they wrought. It is not a question of the patriotism or of the loyalty of the incoming administration. It is a question of the patriotism and loyalty of the New York press that sought to create a false impression as to the real issue in the municipal election."

Frank L. Dowling, President of the Board of Aldermen, successful candidate for Borough President of Manhattan in the recent municipal election, said:

"I was nominated as an American by the Democratic Party in the city primary. I was elected as an American by the American citizens of New York. I was born in America and thank God every day that I am an American. As for the public office to which I was elected, it will be administered in a spirit of patriotism and devotion to the cause of my country. President Wilson and the Federal Government will receive from me both in my official and individual capacity all the support that I am able to give toward the successful prosecution of their policies. I can say no more."

BOMBARDED BY MISTAKE.

Lighthouse on Bolivar Peninsula, Texas, Shelled in Practice.

GALVESTON, Texas, Nov. 16.—Through some miscalculation, Bolivar Peninsula, in the vicinity of the lighthouse, was subjected to bombardment by three-inch guns in target practice at Fort San Jacinto for about two hours yesterday.

One three-inch empty projectile tore a hole through the ninety-foot tower of Bolivar lighthouse about twenty-five feet from the base.

Another shell struck a few feet from the front yard gate of a family living near the lighthouse. No one was injured. It was estimated that about twenty-five projectiles struck land, the rest striking the water, where they apparently were intended to fall.

Boston Paper Adds Sunday Edition.

BOSTON, Nov. 16.—The Advertiser Newspaper Company announced tonight that a Sunday edition of The Boston Daily Advertiser would be published beginning Nov. 18. The price of the Sunday edition will be 2 cents, the same price as the weekday morning edition.

Liliuokalani Left $200,000.

HONOLULU, Nov. 16.—The value of the estate left by the late Queen Liliuokalani would not exceed $200,000, one of the executors of the will said today. Her jewels, including her crown valued at $1,750, are appraised at about $10,000.

TAMMANY BLOCKED BY CIVIL SERVICE

Hungry Office Seekers Find Many Positions Out of Their Reach.

WILL APPEAL TO COURTS

If State Commission Fails to Act They Are to be Asked to Retransfer Jobs from Exempt Class.

The aid of the courts may be invoked by the incoming city administration in its efforts to provide places for the hungry horde of office hunters clamoring at the doors of the successful candidates. This is the season when the faithful workers of Tammany Hall, after a Tammany victory at the polls, expect to get their reward in jobs for duty well done. But even though Tammany's victory was as sweeping as could be, the office seekers have learned to their sorrow that there will not be jobs enough to make one out of every ten applicants happy. It is the plaint of the successful candidate that the Mitchel administration has "nailed down" all the jobs by having employes in the exempt class who are removable at the pleasure of department heads, transferred into the classified service, where they are protected from removal except on charges.

Controller Prendergast is said to have been particularly zealous in his efforts to keep Rudolph appointees in and good Tammany men out of office. Not less than 152 places, involving employes in many instances whose duties are of a fiduciary or confidential character, were placed in the classified service at one time. Controller-elect Charles L. Craig, it was said yesterday, in looking over the list of places that he might fill at pleasure, found that only eight positions in addition to those of his deputies can be declared vacant by the incoming Controller.

It is probable that the first effort to change this condition will involve the Controller's office, and that the courts will be asked to intervene in the event that the State Civil Service Commission, which is controlled by the Republicans, should refuse to sanction a plan to have a majority of the places put back again into the exempt class. No difficulty is expected from the Municipal Civil Service Commission, the members of which will be appointed by Mayor-elect Hylan. But for the radical move contemplated the sanction of the State Civil Service Commission in addition to that of the municipal commission is required. While Controller-elect Craig has declined to discuss the situation, it is known that he feels that more latitude in the filling of places should be given the head of this important department, where so many employes are occupied in duties that are fiduciary and confidential, especially as the Controller is liable under heavy bond for the honest and faithful performance of the duties of his hundreds of subordinates.

If resort must be had to the courts it is not unlikely that in addition to this ground for a ruling favorable to the contention of the new city officials the additional argument will be advanced that in many instances employes transferred to the classified service were not compelled to undergo the competitive tests prescribed by the civil service law for applicants to classified positions. A question of similar character, affecting eight employes in the State Controller's office, was before the courts during the second Hughes administration at Albany. The ruling of the court in that case was adverse to the incumbents. It was estimated yesterday that a favorable ruling by the courts with reference to the positions in the Controller's office would affect hundreds of places in the city service and provide many openings for Tammany men who are eager to serve the city under the Hylan administration.

It is expected that when Judge Hylan begins to swing the axe the first victims will be the remaining experts in city government who in many instances have been "imported" by Mayor Mitchel from other cities. But the most substantial benefit the Tammany braves are likely to derive from this will undoubtedly be the satisfaction of seeing these "outsiders" dispatched and expert supervision in certain branches of the city government, through their going, done away with, for the Mayor-elect in his campaign utterances declared the positions superfluous, and in the circumstances it is not likely that the vacancies will be filled.

Applicants for positions were disappointed yesterday when they flocked to the headquarters of Mayor-elect Hylan, in the suite occupied by the Business Men's League at 30 East Forty-second Street. Judge Hylan, who had spent the forenoon in court, did not appear, but sent word instead that he would remain away from his headquarters until Monday.

VILLA BAND TRAILED BY AMERICAN CAVALRY

Presidio and the Border Closely Guarded — Aid Tells of Outlaw's Movements.

PRESIDIO, Texas, Nov. 16.—A column of Villa cavalry was seen moving up the Rio Grande River about twenty miles above Ojinaga today. It was followed on the American side by cavalry patrols. The column was believed to be pursuing the Federal column under Colonel Flores toward Juarez.

Colonel Trillo, Villa's secretary, denied today that José Ynez Salazar, leader of forces opposing the Government, was killed at Nogal Ranch, Chihuahua, as had been reported. He said Villa had been wounded in the right leg on Oct. 13 at the battle of Escalon, but had recovered.

The two American deserters, Privates Kearns and Lawrence, who manned Mexican Federal machine guns in Ojinaga during Tuesday's battle, crossed the border today and were arrested. Kearns said he was impressed into the Federal forces defending Ojinaga, where he served fifteen days.

Francisco Villa's mysterious disappearance following the battle of Parral last August was explained today by First Captain José Jauretta of Villa's general staff, who declared he had accompanied Villa on a 3,000-mile trip from Parral through Durango, Zacatecas, San Luis Potosi, and other Mexican States, to confer with chiefs regarding a new revolutionary movement. Villa sent a commission to Zapata, according to Jaurretta, who, accompanied by Colonel Trillo, came down to the Ojinaga ford to meet The Associated Press correspondent.

A physician, who brought the Villa wounded to the temporary hospital at Presidio, estimated the total loss in the battle of Ojinaga at 200, a majority of whom were Federals. Villa losses were not more than fifteen killed, the physician said. Eight wounded Federals died in Ojinaga hospital last night. Two soldiers brought to Presidio died here.

Villa forces occupied Muisto, twenty-five miles down the Rio Grande from Ojinaga. They met no opposition. The main Villa camp has been established at San Juan, nine miles up the Conchos River from Ojinaga.

Hand-Embroidered White Pique Dresses
—washable—for girls of 6 to 14—all-'round splendid value!
Peggie's at $3.98, as well as 3 models at $4.98, are prettily hand-embroidered in color. Cissie's at $6.98 is richly embroidered in white.
Second Floor.
ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
BloomingdaleS
59th to 60th St.—3d to Lex. Ave.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' DIARY 1918
Compiled by Mary Parker Converse
Brief chronicles of facts fraught with interest to all, to become perhaps a part of history. At the top of each page are appropriate and helpful quotations of famous persons from Marcus Aurelius to Theodore Roosevelt.
Waterproof binding; pocket size; three days to a page. Made on bond paper.
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Today's Sales Will Arouse The Shopping Public

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE" "Meet me at the Fountain"
SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

Income and Expenditure
We set before ourselves the laudable ambition of helping those of moderate means, and even those of more bu'ky purse.
Just One of the Ways in Which the Popular Big Store Does Its "Bit."
You have no need to be told that the bogey of high cost of living is a very real menace.
In all sincerity we place at your disposal our enormous facilities and our perfectly equipped organization to help stretch your income to cover your expenditure, with a little bit over for the proverbial rainy day.
YOUR store,—now as during the past 21 years.
GREENHUT'S

The Very Pick of the Glove Market in This Sale
Here you may choose from the finest American made gloves, likewise the product of the leading glove makers of France and Italy.
We have been fortunate in receiving special shipments for this great event, and thanks to the enormous regular business we do, buying in tremendous quantities, you now share in our price concessions. Sale today.
Women's $2.50 Long French Kid Gloves—16 button length; made with plain silk filet back; white only; sale $1.50
Women's One Clasp Pique Sewn Lambskin Gloves—also Two-Clasp Overseam; with 3 rows embroidery on back and fancy combination stitching; white, black, also white with black or black with white; regularly $2; sale $1.50
Women's Pique and Prix Seam Capeskin Gloves—mostly Meyer's make; grey, putty, pearl and new shades of tan; $2 and $2.25 grades; sale $1.50

Men's Winter Overcoats
In a Truly Great Sale Today
At $15, $20 and $25

Newest styles and choicest materials.
As a matter of positive fact, you can save $5,—and even more—on any overcoat that you may buy here today. Here are not only the latest novelties and conservative styles,—the very newest of fabrics and shades, but tailoring such as you would expect from the best custom shops.
Single or double-breasted styles,—box or shaped models, Trench models,—big roomy ulsters, ulsterettes, belt backs, plush collar overcoats, and the ever staple Chesterfield models,—quarter or full lined; some lined throughout with satin.
Men's and Youths' Suits At $15, $20 and $25
Generously liberal is the collection in the very newest of materials. Two and three button models, single or double-breasted, plain or belted all around styles; fancy pockets, also the newest lapels,—and it goes without saying, plain and conservative styles in stripes, checks, silk mixtures and blue serges.

The "Red Ball" Will Soon Be Up—And This Sale of
Ice Skating Outfits
Is Timely and Sure to Be Appreciated.
Anticipate your needs—waiting simply means paying more, for surely no one will expect greater values than these later on.
A $7.25 Skating Outfit for $5.50.
A handsome substantial outfit consisting of
A Pair of Men's or Women's "Elco" Calf Skating Shoes. (The women's shoes have 7 inch uppers.)
A Pair of Union Hardware Co. Tempered Steel Runner Hockey Skates (attached to shoes).
We could not buy this outfit at wholesale today for the price we name.
A Special Skating Outfit for $10.50
That would ordinarily cost you $12.50 to $13.95.
Your choice of
Tan or Black Hockey Shoes for Men or Women (Women's shoes with 7 and 10 inch uppers)
The Skates—Union Hardware Co. make; highest quality; hockey or club, flanged runners; all parts nickel-plated.
A complete stock of
Ice Skates from $1.25 to $14.25
Skating Shoes from $4.50 to $15

Blouse Sale
New Styles of Crepe de Chine and Georgette Crepe
At $3.98 & $5
At either price, you will find a splendid variety,—all excellent values, in the very kind of blouses that are now in vogue. All of these blouses are made of excellent quality Crepe de Chine or Georgette Crepe, in flesh color or white, and some in shades to match tailored suits. They feature new shaped collars, and are trimmed with fine laces, elaborate embroidery, beading, hemstitching, etc.
Women's Neckwear
A manufacturer's entire sample line in this sale of exquisite new Neckwear made of Laces, Organdies, Georgette and Satins. All this season's goods. Every piece beautiful. Being samples, some pieces are slightly soiled from handling.
49c to 98c Values
Today at 25c
75c to $1.49 Values
Today at 49c
(As a matter of fact, our valuations are very conservative, and in the 49c lot, there are some $2 values.)
Only a few of a kind—therefore first choice is best choice. No exchanges or credits. No C.O.D., mail, phone or approval orders filled.

FOR BOYS
Winter Mackinaws—Long Overcoats—Suits
Sale Today at
$5 and $6.75
Winter's newest styles for boys of all ages,—many of the suits have two pairs of lined trousers.
Boys' One and Two Trouser Norfolk Suits—slash, patch pocket and trench models, in Fancy Cheviots, Tweeds, Homespuns, etc.; also grey and brown Fancy Mixtures; Drab Corduroy Suits, etc.; sizes 7 to 17 years; at $5 and $6.75.
Boys' Mackinaw Coats—button-to-neck and shawl collar models; made of heavy mackinaw cloths in plaids and overplaids; maroon, light and dark grey, brown, etc.; sizes 7 to 17 years; at $5 and $6.75.
Boys' Long Convertible Collar Overcoats—in pinch back and loose-fitting models, heavy weight; grey, brown and tan mixtures; serviceable linings; sizes 8 to 18 years; at $5 and $6.75.
Juniors' Overcoats—button-to-neck and trench models in heavyweight brown and grey Fancy Mixtures; sizes 3 to 8 years; at $5 and $6.75.

Today's Sale of Coats for Girls & Juniors
Of course, all other lines of Winter Apparel for the younger set are also special, but here we speak only of Coats.
Girls' $11.50 Coats at $9.75
An exceptionally smart style. Well made of brown Kersey with novelty convertible collar, fancy pouch pocket, and is lined throughout. Sizes 8 to 16 years.
Girls' $16.50 Fur Collar Coats at $14.75
Swagger coats, in sizes 10 to 16 years. They are fashioned of navy and brown Cheviot, and have fancy Kitt Coney fur collar, novelty side pockets, belt and turn-back cuffs.
Juniors' $16.50 Coats at $14.75
These coats feature the popular new "Aeroplane" collar. Developed in green, brown or navy Cheviot, with deep belt, turn-back cuffs and large pearl buttons. Sizes 13 to 17 years.
Juniors' $25.50 Fur Collar Coats at $22.50
Coats of green, brown or navy Burella Cloth, with deep shawl collar of Kitt Coney fur; gathered back; novelty side and breast pockets and Persian lining. Sizes 13 to 17 years.
Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department or for $2 in Cash at the Office on the Fifth Floor. We Give Green Trading Stamps as Usual. Ask for Them. Double Stamps till 12 o'Clock. Single Stamps thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

Can the Bolsheviki Strangle Free Russia?

No hopeless view of the Bolsheviki uprising in Petrograd is taken by American editorial observers, altho it is frankly recognized that the plan for a separate Russo-German peace might help solve Germany's food problem and release many German soldiers from the Eastern front. In the view of an Associated Press correspondent, just returned from Petrograd, however, the uprising gives the Bolsheviki the rope with which to hang themselves, and this view is shared by the well-informed *Russkoye Slovo*, a Russian daily published in New York.

"The Bolsheviki may occupy all the palaces and strongholds of Petrograd," remarks this Russian journal, "as they did during their insurrection last July; they may impose their will briefly upon the members of the Government and claim control of the capital, but they can not dominate for more than a brief period, the indignant, loyal forces of the Russian nation."

For a clear explanation and understanding of the causes leading up to, and the possible outcome of, the overturning of the Kerensky Government you should read THE LITERARY DIGEST for November 17th. By direct quotation from leading journals, American and foreign, the reader is able to obtain a clear knowledge of all the facts in this very critical juncture in the world's war.

Other subjects that will claim your interest in this number of THE DIGEST are:

Germany Thinks America "Worthless" as a Military Power
Sarcastic Comments of the German Press Upon America and the American Army

New York's Return to Tammany
Torpedoing the Yellow Peril
The Food-Problem in Europe
Why We Catch Cold
Pipe That Will Not Break
Catapulting Seaplanes
Prison-Camp Verse
Sixty-five Years in One Pastorate
India's Viceroy Indorses Home Rule
News of Finance and Commerce
Suffragists Take New York State
Showing the French How to Unload Ships
Rebuilding Ruined French Towns
Our Husky City Boys
The Boston Symphony and Patriotism
Another Tagore
A Chance for the Church to Lead

Striking Illustrations, Including an Exclusive Reproduction of a Lithograph By the American Artist, Joseph Pennell

Special, Commencing This Week—"War-Time Food Problems"
PREPARED BY THE U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION AT WASHINGTON
Under the heading "War-Time Food Problems," THE LITERARY DIGEST will hereafter contain an important department, the material for which is prepared especially for "The Digest" by the United States Food Administration.
This new department will contain authoritative and practical information for every man, woman, and child in America. Methods for saving money in buying food and cooking it; recipes for health-giving and economic dishes; how excessive profits are being curtailed; what to do to prevent overcharging; how you can cooperate for your own benefit and the benefit of the American people, and for our sons who are upholding American manhood in the training camps in this country and on the battle-fields of Europe; these are just a few of the subjects that will be covered each week.
This Department is ideally adapted for use in high schools and includes lesson-plans to make the information available for classroom use.

November 17th Number on Sale To-day—All News-dealers—10 Cents
'Tis a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest
The Literary Digest
FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

WON'T AID FOSDICK IN CAMP INQUIRY

Mrs. Humiston Declines to Support Her Charges Before Morals Committee.

WILL HEED BAKER ONLY

Tentatively Suggests "Licensed Resorts" at Army Camps—Needs Funds to Prove Charges.

Mrs. Grace Humiston, whose allegations regarding immorality which she asserted exist in American military camps, have caused a storm of protest and denial from the War Department and from men in charge of the physical and moral welfare of the nation's soldiers, said yesterday that she was ready "at the request of the War Department," to tell the grounds upon which she based her assertions. Mrs. Humiston said later that she had received a telegram yesterday morning from Raymond B. Fosdick, head of the Committee on Army Morals, asking her to go to Washington and give the committee her proofs if she had any. She added that she didn't intend to go to Washington at the request of Mr. Fosdick.

Mrs. Humiston, speaking at a dinner given by the Women Lawyers' Association on Thursday night, asserted that she knew of 600 girls "at a military encampment" who were about to become mothers and who had no husbands. She further said that at Camp Upton she knew of seven of such "little mothers" dead. Two of these cases, she said she had investigated and she had all the facts. The other five cases she promised to investigate in the near future.

THE NEW YORK TIMES, having received denials of Mrs. Humiston's statements from Washington and Camp Upton on Thursday night, yesterday asked her to reveal the sources of her information or to give such facts as she had in order that the Government might be able to take some sort of corrective action. This she declined to do, saying that it would not be proper to give out her facts in cases, some of which she "might intend to prosecute," others which she had not thoroughly investigated.

Declines to Tell Fosdick.

"I was asked by Mr. Fosdick this morning," said Mrs. Humiston, "to go to Washington and to give the Government any facts I might have regarding conditions of immorality at our encampments. I will not do this on the request of Mr. Fosdick or any one else like him. If the War Department wants to know anything about the assertions I have made let it ask me officially.

"Let Secretary of War Baker ask me to investigate the conditions about our camps. Let him guarantee me a free hand in the investigation, giving me time, money, and a pass to all the camps and I will show him that what I said was true. I can give him then details of the cases of 600 young girls, near one of the camps who are about to become mothers. But there must be no attempt at whitewashing the matter if I prove my statements.

"Or else let a newspaper, if it is interested, give me my expenses and I will make an investigation and will give full details. But I must make the investigation and the paper must be willing to stand the gaff of the prosecution of such cases as I divulge. Let them ask me to investigate and I will do so.

"I have investigated through my office the facts in the case of the death of the two young girls at Upton and I am going to investigate the others in my own way. I will not divulge a fact until I am ready.

Mrs. Humiston's Suggestion.

"I believe that something should be done in this matter, for the sake of our young girls. If it is true that the health of the soldiers must be cared for, then I suggest that licensed resorts be established at the camps. Also, I suggest that these fatherless babies who are coming into the world be legitimatized, be given the name of the father at any rate, and both mother and child cared for. Remember, these young mothers in New York now have the vote, whether they care for it or not, and remember, also, that they will hate their country if this shame is allowed to remain on their shoulders."

Mrs. Humiston continued to make charges against the military, some of which she admitted were hearsay. She emphasized the point that what she wanted was money for her expenses as an investigator. When she was asked if she didn't realize she was injuring the American army by her unproved assertions, she said she would prove them later, and that anyhow her consideration was for "our young girls and not our soldiers."

GEN. BELL DENOUNCES HUMISTON CHARGES

Camp Upton Commander Issues Statement Following Quick Investigation — Regrets Her Nonappearance.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, YAPHANK, L. I., Nov. 16.—The charges made before the Women's Lawyer Association last night by Mrs. Grace Humiston that, to her knowledge, two and possibly seven girls about to become mothers had died at Camp Upton, aroused intense indignation this morning among both officers and men of the New York City Division. They asserted that these statements are preposterous, especially in view of the unusual precautions that have been taken to safeguard morals in the camp and in towns and settlements in the neighborhood of the military reservation.

When his attention was called to Mrs. Humiston's statements early this morning Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commander of the Seventy-seventh Division, began an investigation in order to ascertain whether there was any evidence, either direct or remote, that might support the charges. He found none and the matter had his personal attention throughout the day. The following statement was given out at General Bell's headquarters last night:

"Statements made by Mrs. Grace Humiston last night at the banquet of the Women Lawyers' Association at the Café Boulevard were called to General Bell's attention by the representatives of the metropolitan press. His particular attention was called to the following statement in the daily press:

"First—That at one of the camps, the town of which she did not specify, there are 600 girls who are about to become mothers, while reports have reached her of seven girls similarly situated who have died at Camp Upton.

"Second—That she knew the facts as to two of these cases, and that she was going to Camp Upton today to learn the truth as to the others.

"Third—That it developed in the course of Mrs. Humiston's address that in her work for the protection of young women she is being aided by six policemen acting under a lieutenant, all assigned to her by Police Commissioner Woods.

"Fourth—That Mrs. Humiston asked the question: 'What are we to do about the hundreds of young girls who are about to become mothers?'

Explains Camp Safeguards.

"After considering the subject carefully, General Bell dictated the following statement for the press:

"From Mrs. Humiston's statements and the question she asked, the average reader might easily be led, erroneously, to assume that no one connected with training camps had foreseen any danger to unprotected women, or that all had been indifferent to much danger; that no steps whatever had been taken to guard against such dangers. I think it well, therefore, that the public should know that the Secretary of War himself, so long ago as May 22, issued most comprehensive instructions, in detail, to every military commander in the United States, including departments, training camps, and other military establishments, defining their authority under Sections 12 and 13 of the Army bill, which deal with the regulations governing the prohibition of alcoholic liquors near or in military camps, and for the prevention of the social evil within such distances of said places as might be designated by the President. In this letter he entered most carefully into a description of the measures which might be taken by all commanding officers to prevent such abuses.

"In this letter he also called attention to the fact that he had charged the Commission on Training Camp Activities with the duty of co-operating with commanding officers expressly for the purpose of preventing immorality.

"This committee has sent special female agents to all camps, whose sole duty it is to look after the protection of women around camps and to guard against anticipated dangers. It is also the duty of military police to watch such matters carefully and, in addition to this, precautions, it is not advisable to disclose, are taken by all military authorities, using facilities which have been confidentially provided for that purpose.

Commander Knows of no Deaths.

"It is not possible that even one girl could have died at Camp Upton, much less seven, and I have not heard of it. I have heard of no death, whatever, and since references in the morning papers to Mrs. Humiston's address were called to my attention early this morning, I have been diligently investigating every possible source of accurate knowledge or information. These efforts were begun nearly ten hours ago and thus far I have been unable to locate any one who has heard of anything furnishing the slightest foundation for Mrs. Humiston's allegations.

"I have been expecting a call from her all day. It is now 6 P. M., and dark, but I have not heard of Mrs. Humiston being at Camp Upton. Mrs. Humiston is not a novice in dealing with idle rumors; she is presumably well aware of how easily rumors are started and statements made with apparent sincerity which have not the slightest foundation in fact.

"She states that in her work for the protection of young women she is aided by six policemen, under a Lieutenant, all assigned to her by Police Commissioner Woods. It would seem inexcusable of a person of her prominence and occupation, with such assistants at her disposal, to give currency to such extraordinary sensational statements without the slightest apparent effort to ascertain the truth before uttering them. It is indeed curious that any one belonging to her profession should make such statements and then announce that she knew of two cases and was 'going to Camp Upton tomorrow to learn the truth as to the others.'

"Though I have been able to find no foundation whatever for these rumors, and although I am morally convinced that there is no foundation for them, I cannot make positive assertions without exhaustive evidence on which to base them. I can, therefore, only claim that every one acquainted with the circumstances at Camp Upton is even more incredulous than were Mrs. Humiston's hearers. I have another local source of possible information, namely, the Fosdick Commission agent, whose sole business is to watch developments in this line in the vicinity of this camp. I have been unable to locate this agent today.

"I have still the other source of information, namely, Mrs. Humiston. She states that she knows of two cases of girls who have died at Camp Upton who were about to be come mothers. One must naturally conclude that Mrs. Humiston meant to imply that persons of this camp were responsible for their misfortune. The first persons to enter this camp were laborers who came here to clear the forest on July 5. Not a selected man arrived here until Sept. 10.

"I have written to Mrs. Humiston to ascertain the names of the two girls she knows of who were about to become mothers and died at Camp Upton.

"I shall continue my investigation, and if I ever succeed in finding any foundation whatever for Mrs. Humiston's allegations, I shall frankly disclose what I learn to the press.

"J. FRANKLIN BELL,
Major General, U. S. Army, Commanding."

After he had given out his statement General Bell was asked whether the military authorities would take any additional precautions tomorrow and Sunday, when the camp would be crowded with visitors.

"Look here," exclaimed the General, "if you or Mrs. Humiston, or any other person can think of any measures we are not already using I shall be glad to put them into effect."

German Propaganda Suspected.

It is known at Camp Upton that many erroneous rumors concerning the camp have circulated in New York. While they do not divulge their evidence, some officers said that they had reason to believe that these rumors came from pro-German sources. Officers also pointed out today that the soldiers had not been in camp long enough to be guilty of the charges made by Mrs. Humiston.

No women are permitted to be in company barracks after retreat in the late afternoon, and at no time are they permitted to go about the camp unescorted. Unescorted women visitors are conducted to the Y. W. C. A. hostess houses to await soldier friends and relatives by representatives who meet all trains at the Camp Upton Station. The jurisdiction of the military police embraces not only the sixteen square miles of the military reservation, but five miles from the Camp Upton boundaries.

Representatives of the War Department Commission on Training Camp Activities, who are at work not only at Camp Upton, but in the neighboring towns, report that local officials are co-operating with them in every way.

PRAISES SOLDIERS' MORALS.

Judge Advocate of Camp Wadsworth Defends Men of His Division.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., Nov. 16.—Discussing Mrs. Grace Humiston's charges that immorality was prevalent about army camps, Major J. Leslie Kincaid, Judge Advocate, today said that if Mrs. Humiston aimed her allegations at this station her complaints had no basis in fact. Major Kincaid said that the social evil had been eliminated in Spartanburg and neighboring towns. He also said that in the months the 27th Division has been in camp only one case of intoxication had developed among 32,000 men.

Major Kincaid attributed the high moral standard of the division to the splendid ideals of the men and to the diligent care that has been taken to remove temptation from them.

MORALE OF ARMIES HELPED BY Y. M. C. A.

Canadian Officer Says Men in the Trenches Are Nearly Always Cheerful.

ALL SING AS THEY MARCH

Major Guthrie Tells of Seeing a German Officer Kick One of His Own Wounded Men.

"We have got their measure. Of course, it is hard fighting, but there is no more chance of their getting through the west front than there is of getting the stars from the heavens," said Major Donald Guthrie of the 1st Canadian Division, who is to talk of the war for the Aviation Committee of the National Special Aid Society at the War Relief Assembly, to be held in the Automobile Assembly Rooms this evening, to reporters yesterday.

Major Guthrie is a large man, who walks with a slight limp from one of his many wounds. He tells a straightforward story, with no scare effects. He is interested in some of the wild tales he hears here and wonders where they come from.

"When I hear these scare stories," he says, "I say to myself, 'where have I been all this time!' It is the most cheerful place in the world, at the front. We don't talk about any of these things and you never see the men marching along a road that they are not singing. If I want to be really cheerful I go to the hospital. I never heard a wounded man complain and I have never seen one who was afraid to die. If So-and-So is smashed up, well, we're sorry, but that's all. If I thought of the 50 per cent. of my friends who have been killed I couldn't be cheerful.

"It will take from three to seven years to end this war," continued the Major. "The English will never give in. And it is not going to be won in any other way than by hard fighting. There is nothing in the economic conditions of the Germans, nothing in the food conditions or internal dissensions that will win the war for us. We have got to lick them on the field—smash 'em. When the prisoners come in from the field they are shell-shocked, with staring eyes and white, strained faces and people who see them think they are starving. As far as I know they have food enough and they have plenty of ammunition. I do think there is something in their loss of morale—that is being lowered.

"The Germans are splendid machine-gun firers, but we can put the heavy artillery all over them. I believe your General Pershing is right when he recommends going back to rifles.

"Of the way the Germans treat their own men, I remember one instance. It was after Messines Ridge, and a German officer who had been made prisoner had had his record taken. It was about 2 A. M. It was sleeting and we took him over to where some of his men were lying wounded. He was angry at having to go into the house with his men, and as he entered he stubbed his toe over a young fellow who had a wound in his abdomen and was waiting for treatment. That made him furious and he began beating the wounded man, who died in a couple of hours. German discipline is different from ours. We say to our men, 'Come,' and they say to theirs, 'Go!' We invite our men to an expedition we are going to share. Our officers lead and the German officers follow.

"The thing that has done the most to keep up the morale of our men in the war I believe is the Young Men's Christian Association. They keep the men amused and entertained, giving performances with the professional men in the ranks. I put on a three-act comedy myself at the Montreal Y. M. C. A. hut. We had gowns and wigs from Paris, and for over two hours, with the shells shrieking overhead, 900 men nearly roared their heads off with laughter. That hut was blown into splinters the next day."

$8,000,000 PHOTOGRAPH CO.

Underwood & Underwood Expanded from $100,000 Corporation.

Underwood & Underwood, photographers, were incorporated in Delaware yesterday with $8,000,000 capital stock. The previous incorporation, registered in the State of New Jersey, was for $100,000.

Elmer Underwood, the Treasurer, said last night that the corporation had been expanded because it was planned to open branch houses in various parts of the country and that more capital was needed for that purpose. He said the growth of the business was not due directly to the war or the sale of pictures from Europe, and that most of the branches would be in the line of commercial photography.

OIL PLANT IS BLOWN UP.

2 Killed and 5 Missing at Standard's Refinery in Oklahoma.

TULSA, Okla., Nov. 16.—Two employes were burned to death and five men are missing as a result of the explosion and fire last night, which destroyed the Standard Oil Company's refining plant at Norfolk, Okla. The loss is estimated at $500,000. The explosion was caused by dynamite, according to oil men.

An automobile carrying five men passed through Yale, five miles distant, a short time before the plant was blown up. Suspecting them a posse was formed and followed, but had not reached Norfolk when the first explosion came.

Jewish Institute Elects J. H. Rubin.

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Central Jewish Institute yesterday Jacob H. Rubin was unanimously elected President, to succeed the late Samuel I. Hyman.

Is Your Vitality Ebbing?

Don't let your vitality ebb away because of impoverished blood. Blood that is poor in iron and red cells is too weak to scour out poisons and waste tissue.

A poison-clogged system is indicated by paleness—nervousness—loss of weight and appetite—frequent "off days"—and a general run-down condition.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

It has helped millions. It should help you unless you have a serious organic disease.

Study this picture so you will know how genuine Pepto-Mangan looks.

Pepto-Mangan rebuilds the blood. It creates thousands of new red cells, and charges the blood with iron. When the blood is rich in iron and red cells, normal health—the full joy of living—is almost certain. Begin a course of Pepto-Mangan today.

Pepto-Mangan is also a dependable tonic for pale, puny children, girls in adolescence, convalescents, sickly old people, the worried and the overworked.

Pepto-Mangan cannot disturb the weakest stomach nor injure the teeth. It is pleasant to take.

Friendly warning: Gude's is the only true Pepto-Mangan. There are many imitations trading upon its quarter century record of merit. For your safety reject counterfeits. Gude's Pepto-Mangan is sold by all druggists and in packages only as pictured here; never sold in bulk. Read the circular around the bottle.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by
M. J. BREITENBACH CO., New York
Manufacturing Chemists

And there you will find your old sweetheart again!

Come—drop that newspaper for tonight!

Maybe she's tired of a paper wall and silence and the width of a lighted table between you.

Maybe she's thinking of those *other* evenings when you sat *next* each other—and there were no lights.

Come—forget the news for once. Take her to a theatre where, any time you go, you'll see a picture worthy of your best and finest moods—clean, well directed, played by famous stars, and bearing a Paramount or Artcraft Pictures trademark.

Paramount and Artcraft Pictures

"FAMOUS STARS, SUPERBLY DIRECTED, IN CLEAN MOTION PICTURES"

How long since you sat that way together?

Habit has built a wall of commonplaces. You sit on opposite sides of a table—and read newspapers or pore over bills.

But here . . . . there is no table between you. No light to disclose harsh realities. You sit close, side by side, and maybe your hands touch. You are learning how to be lovers again, from fleeting lights and shadows that move across a screen!

And as that unconscious hard crust of life is melted by the kindly warmth of a finer, tender feeling, you glance at each other and see—no, not brows knit with the problems and plans of today and tomorrow—

But the shy young girl and strong, romantic youth of those other, bygone days and their never-forgotten sweetness!

You have found your old sweetheart again!

* * * ★ * * *

And maybe you have not spoken—but you have *felt*—and *understood*.

You have been silent—yes, but it was silent *understanding*.

You have learned something, and you have found something fine and clean that was getting all dim and dusty and forgotten, way off in a corner behind Business and Household Cares.

You have found—yes, LOVE again—in a picture-show by following the Paramount and Artcraft signs!

Three ways to know how to be sure of seeing Paramount and Artcraft motion pictures

1. By seeing these trade-marks or names in the announcements of your local theatres.
2. By seeing these trade-marks or names on the front of the theatre or in the lobby.
3. By seeing these trade-marks or names flashed on the screen inside the theatre.

TRADE MARK Paramount Pictures

TRADE MARK ARTCRAFT PICTURES

FAMOUS PLAYERS-LASKY CORPORATION
ADOLPH ZUKOR Pres. JESSE L. LASKY Vice Pres. CECIL B. DE MILLE Director General
NEW YORK

RED CROSS WILL BENEFIT TO EXTENT OF ABOUT $100,000 BY THE HORSE SHOW

HORSE SHOW SETS RECORD FOR EVENT

Great Exhibit at Garden Closes with All Marks for Receipts and Attendance Broken.

SWELLS RED CROSS FUND

Huge Throng of Spectators at Historic Arena on Final Day as Championships Are Awarded

The most successful and picturesque National Horse Show held in Madison Square Garden in many years ended last night with a demonstration of patriotism which brought the fashionable gathering which packed the old arena to its multitudinous feet while the Old Guard Band played "The Star-Spangled Banner." The National Horse Show Association wanted to "do its bit" this year, and it did it well.

Stimulated by the effort to raise a large sum for the Red Cross, the horsemen rallied to the show ring as they have never rallied before, and the total receipts, to be turned over to war charity, will amount to more than $75,000, and in addition to this many of the exhibitors will turn their winnings over to the cause which will bring the horsemen's tribute to more than $100,000.

This year's show was something more than a great spectacle for charity. In the general quality of the horses there has never been a better exhibition in the Garden. In hunters and saddle horses no show in this country has ever equaled it. The Horse Show officials and the Red Cross Committee are proud of the unselfish demonstration of patriotism. In its double purpose, as a display of breeding and training of the country's best equine stock and as a commendable gift to the Red Cross funds the show was a flattering success.

Champions of Ring Applauded.

All the feats of horsemanship which go to enliven the tanbark ring held the spectators in closest interest. The hunters, the saddle horses, and the harness horses, and the ponies, all went through their prettiest paces, and as champion after champion was named each was greeted with rounds of applause.

To William H. Moore of Pride's Crossing, Mass., went the lion's share of the blue ribbons and the championships. Judge Moore has been a consistent winner in many shows, but no victories of the veteran horseman have ever made him so proud of his horses as his triumphs at this show. Judge Moore's horses carried away twenty-six blue ribbons, while the Hamilton Stable of James Cox Brady was second with twelve blues and Walter H. Hanley of Providence was third with ten firsts. Judge Moore's horses carried off nearly all the honors in the harness classes. Mr. Brady's ponies brought him many of his ribbons, while Mr. Hanley's saddle horses came in for especial attention.

E. T. Stotesbury of Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, won many ribbons with his roadsters, while Thomas Hitchcock, the Glen Riddle Farms, and Sir Adam Beck were the leaders with the finest collection of hunters ever shown in one ring.

Yesterday's session saw the veteran saddle champion Sceptre regain the laurels which were lost early in the week. Twice this prize winner of Mrs. Robert E. Tod got the gate, but yesterday she came back into her own, and defeated her greatest rival, Driftwood Blaze. Judge Moore received a great reception when he drove his pair of proud beauties, Lord Seaton and Lady Seaton, to victory in the championship for pairs of harness horses, with another pair from his stable, Raeburn and Whitewall capturing the reserve.

Rag Time Steps to Blue.

There was some lively competition for the Smithtown Hunt Cup, in which the hunters were ridden by bonafide members of recognized hunts. The horses went over eight barriers, including the in and out jump. The blue ribbon was taken by Rag Time, ridden by F. Ambrose Clark, while Sir Thomas, ridden by Miss Marian Beck, was second. Safety First, ridden by Isaac H. Clothier, Jr., was third, and Falmouth, with Sir Adam Beck up, was fourth. In the event for the Murling Cups for thoroughbred hunters, ridden by women, Miss Ivy Maddison won with Down East, the hunter which threw Becky Lanier on Thursday night.

The most impressive collection of hunters of the week—thirty-eight in all—kept the ring in a turmoil of action in the Corinthian class, with the riders in regulation hunting costumes, the men in their red coats and black velvet caps and the women in hunting habits. Many of the best known riders to the hounds from the prominent Eastern hunt clubs were represented in the competition.

The event was a clean sweep for the Glen Riddle hunters, for Gerry Peiper rode Bally Heather, Clinker, and Nancy Pansy to first, second, and third prizes, while fourth place went to the Hamilton Farm's Hamilton Kilkee, ridden by F. Ambrose Clark. Miss Constance Vauclain, Harry Payne Whitney, Oakleigh Thorne, Sir Adam Beck, and Miss Lida Fleitmann were among the exhibitors in this event.

SCEPTRE GETS CHAMPIONSHIP.

Judges Reverse Their Previous Decisions in Awarding Final Honor.

Seldom has more sentiment been noticeable at a horse show than that which accompanied the judging of the saddle championships, which was the feature of the afternoon program. Mrs. Robert E. Tod's chestnut mare, Sceptre, an old champion of unrivalled excellence, had been brought out of retirement to add lustre to the Red Cross show. The venture proved a disastrous one for after one victory in a mediocre field the once peerless mare had been forced to yield on three occasions to the freshness and quality displayed by Walter H. Hanley's Driftwood Blaze, a five-year-old that scored first in the novice class and had captured four first prizes prior to his entry in the championship class for the smaller division.

On two occasions Sceptre was gated, but with frequent exhibition she regained her form and by a magnificent exhibition of all gaits she came back in a sensational manner and, turning the tables on Driftwood Blaze, recaptured the crown and carried off the championship in her class. It did not take the critical crowd long to recognize than in some wonderful manner Sceptre had been rejuvenated.

The aged mare was ridden by James Schweiger and his clever horsemanship added not a little to the smooth performance. To use a racing term, Sceptre was on her toes from the moment the bugle called the five winners into the ring and she stepped so daintily in the preliminary walk, trot, and canter that Northman, Minstrel, and Beverly were quickly sent out and the issue remained to be fought out between the old champion and Driftwood Blaze, which had the advantage of three previous decision in his favor.

Crowd Favors Sceptre.

Mrs. Hanley, who rode Driftwood Blaze, might have been a trifle over-confident because of her previous victories, or it might have been the superlative excellence of Sceptre that made Driftwood Blaze suffer by comparison with Mrs. Tod's champion. Whatever the reason, it was plain after a few turns of the course that the sympathy of the large crowd was with the mare, and the frequent applause she received warranted the belief that she would regain her crown.

The applause of the spectators seemed to be appreciated by the handsome chestnut, which moved with more freedom and animation as she broke from a trot to a canter at the word of command. There was some applause, too, for young Driftwood Blaze, a fine animal that has a great show career before him; but there was no mistaking the joy of the thousands of horse-lovers who had waited patiently for Sceptre to come back and display the inimitable quality that has gained her nearly half a hundred blue ribbons.

The judges, F. Ambrose Clark and R. Lawrence Smith, had to reverse their previous decisions in order to place Sceptre above Driftwood Blaze; but they had the courage of their convictions and with little ado showed that they agreed with the judgment of the crowd when they pinned the championship rosette on the bridle of the beautiful chestnut. Jimmy Schweiger broke into smiles then, and as he rode from the ring patted Sceptre affectionately, while the Garden resounded with hearty cheers.

Having lost one championship that appeared to be within his grasp, Mr. Hanley came near losing another when the undefeated Twilight came in to compete for the title for horses over 15.2 hands. Like his stable companion, Driftwood Blaze, Twilight had not suffered a defeat at the show; but he had a larger field against him, as seven horses that had been placed first or second were entitled to compete. Donneconna, Over There, Sandy McDonald, and Aviator were quickly eliminated, leaving W. R. Coes Ben Dale, a newcomer of thoroughbred blood, and Radiant, owned by Eleanora R. Sears, to dispute the honors with Twilight, last year's winner. Ben Dale was the next to get the gate, and Radiant and Twilight were put through their paces again.

Twilight Gains Tricolor.

There was a repetition of the scene in the smaller class, for the crowd evidently favored Radiant, a more showy horse than Twilight, and which stepped in brilliant fashion under the guiding hand of Emil Anthony. Twilight had beaten Radiant when they met in a previous class, and this time the judges did not feel like overruling themselves, for they gave the tricolor to Twilight and placed Radiant in reserve.

There was a reversal of previous form also in the championship for harness ponies, in which Hamilton Farms' Hamilton Flame and Willisbrook Farms' Tissington Amity were the chief contenders. Hamilton Dianthus also was under consideration until the strain became too much for him, and he reared so badly that he was sent from the ring, and Flame was left to fight it out for James Cox Brady.

In the hackney class on Wednesday for the Montpelier Cup, Tissington Amity had won over Flame, but the latter was full of fire as well as flame yesterday. He was right on edge, and showed to advantage over the heavier and slower Tissington Amity, with the result that he was named the winner and Tissington Amity placed reserve. In the championship for pairs, later, Hamilton Dianthus was kept under control until he and Flame had achieved a second victory, with Tissington Amity and Dinarth the reserve pair.

There was such disparity in the sizes of the ponies entered for the saddle championship that it was divided into sections for the large and the small. Two beautiful animals, just under 14.2, were chief contenders in the larger class, and after long deliberation the judges awarded the title to Mrs. Louise Lee Haggin's Anne Rose, with Walter H. Hanley's Powder Puff reserve. Miss Patricia Garvan had a monopoly of the second section, taking the championship ribbon with Chestnut Blossom and the reserve with Lady Manners.

Canadian-Bred Rejected.

The championships began in the morning with classes for horses suitable to become hunters. Judged in classes first, the heavyweight leader was Morgan Rattler, owned by Harry T. Peters, which defeated a fine entry in the Canadian-bred Hamilton Trustful, a five-year-old, standing 17 hands, that bids fair to develop into a champion. The Meadows Stable provided the best middleweight in Delbeck, and Joseph H. Collins sent Cragwood into the ring to capture the honors in the lightweight division.

When the winners came together for the title, it fell to Cragwood. This fine specimen was imported by Mrs. Wadsworth of the Genessee Valley Hunt, and was not thought so good as another that came with him from Ireland. After winning for Mr. Collins on Tuesday, Cragwood, which is by a noted Irish sire, Catty Crag, was sold to Colonel Herbert Cox of Toronto for $3,000, and will be turned over to his new owner, with the additional honor captured yesterday.

The awards:

Morning Awards.

Class 112—Heavyweight Hunters, horses suitable to become hunters, up to carrying 200 pounds, not over six years of age.—First, Harry T. Peters's b. g. Morgan Rattler; second, Hamilton Farm's b. m. Hamilton Trustful; third, Louis K. Liggett's gr. g. Clingstone; fourth, Richard Donnelly's b. g. The Pheasant.

Class 113—Middleweight Hunters, horses suitable to become hunters, up to carrying 180 pounds, not over six years of age.—First, Meadows Stable's ch. g. Belbeck; second, Dr. John Van der Poel's ch. g. Toronto; third, Westminster Stable's ch. g. Melbourne; fourth, Crow & Murray's gr. g. Gallant.

Class 114—Lightweight Hunters, horses suitable to become hunters, up to carrying 165 pounds, not over six years of age.—First, Joseph H. Collins's ch. g. Cragwood; second, Crow & Murray's ch. g. McBride; third, Miss Joan R. Michler's ch. m. Romance; fourth, Overlook Farm's ch. g. Pure Gold.

Class 116—Hunters Champion Cup.—First, Joseph H. Collins's ch. g. Cragwood; reserve, Meadows Stable's ch. g. Delbeck.

Class 118—Qualified Hunters, middleweight, up to carrying 180 pounds.—First, Captain Harry La Montagne's ch. m. Palmetto; second, Westminster Stable's b. g. Sir Thomas; third, Glen Riddle Farm's b. g. Willow King; fourth, F. Ambrose Clark's b. g. Rag Time.

Class 90—Undocked Saddle Horses, over 15.2 hands, three years old or over, up to carrying 160 pounds.—First, Walter H. Hanley's b. g. Twilight; second, Miss Eleanora Sears's ch. g. Radiant; third, W. R. Coe's b. g. Ben Dale; fourth, G. F. Stephens's blk. g. Charcoal.

Afternoon Awards.

Class 43—Harness Horses, over 14.2 and not exceeding 15.1 hands.—First, William H. Moore's b. m. Whitewall Ariel; second, Miss Constance Vauclain's ch. m. Princess Sheila; third, Miss Constance Vauclain's br. m. Lady Dilham; fourth, Cassilie Farm's ch. g. Culzean.

Class 103—Children's Saddle Ponies, not exceeding 12.2 hands, four years old or over, ridden by girls or boys, amateurs, under 12 years of age.—First, Miss Patricia Garvan's b. m. Lady Manners, (Miss Evelyn McManus;) second, Mrs. Francis P. Garvan's ch. m. Chestnut Belle, Miss Marian Back;) third, Delchester Farm's gr. g. First Whip, (Master W. Ashton;) fourth, Miss Barbara Guggenheim's b. m. Deceiver, (Miss Guggenheim.)

Class 73—Harness Ponies, over 13 and not exceeding 13.2 hands, three years old or over.—First, Delchester Farm's b. s. Melburne Tatler; second, Willisbrook Farm's b. m. Rusper Calypso; third, William H. Moore's b. s. Bantam Bracelet; fourth, Miss Marion Healy's b. g. Mel Valley Cloder.

Class 105—Saddle Ponies, Champion Cup.—First Section—First, Mrs. Louise Lee Haggin's b. m. Anne Rose; reserve, Walter H. Hanley's ch. m. Powder Puff. Second Section—First, Miss Patricia Garvan's ch. m. Chestnut Blossom; reserve, Miss Patricia Garvan's b. m. Lady Manners.

Class 60—Pony Tandems, not exceeding 13 hands—First Division—First, Halcyon Farm's b. m. Irvington Wildfire and b. g. Irvington Bouncer; second, Mrs. A. Lincoln Graham's b. s. Pride of Onway and b. s. Onway's Own; third, Willisbrook Farm's b. m. Antipon and b. m. Antelope; fourth, Miss Jean and Constance Vauclain's b. g. Bantamite and b. m. Joy. Second Division—First, Hamilton Farm's blk. s. King Larigo and blk. m. Bramhope Venus; second, Miss Katherine and Master James Hauck's ch. s. Senator Jackson and ch. s. Arnold V.; third, Hamilton Farm's blk. s. Trinket Larigo and blk. m. Larigo's Primrose.

Class 53—Harness Horses, to be shown to a lady's phaeton with rumble, ladies to drive.—First, Miss Constance Vauclain's ch. m. The Whip; second, William H. Moore's b. g. Ruxton; third, Hamilton Farm's br. m. Hamilton Pireno; fourth, A. W. Atkinson's ch. g. Ideal Mathias.

Class 75—Harness Ponies, above 13.2 and not exceeding 14.2 hands, three years old or over.—First, Hamilton Farm's b. g. Hamilton Flame; second, Willisbrook Farm's b. m. Tissington Amity; third, Miss Amy E. du Pont's ch. g. Fire Spark.

Class 78—Harness Ponies, Champion Cup.—First, Hamilton Farm's b. g. Hamilton Flame; reserve, Willisbrook Farm's b. m. Tissington Amity.

Class 68—Harness Horses, collection of three not under 15 hands.—First, William H. Moore's Bountiful, Micah, and Buxton; second, Hamilton Farm's Hamilton Star, Hamilton Fireno, and Hamilton Pireno; third, Miss Isabella Wanamaker's Eve, Suave, and Netherhall's Pride; fourth, Hamilton Farm's Rainbow, Sunshine, and Topper.

Class 98—Undocked Saddle Horses, Champion Cup, not exceeding 15.2 hands.—First, Mrs. Robert E. Tod's b. m. Sceptre; reserve, Walter H. Hanley's br. g. Driftwood Blaze.

Class 99—Saddle Horses, Champion Cup, not exceeding 15.2 hands.—First, Walter H. Hanley's b. g. Twilight; reserve, Miss Eleonora Sears's ch. g. Radiant.

Class 79—Pairs of Harness Ponies, Champion Cup.—First, Hamilton Farm's b. g. Hamilton Flame and b. g. Hamilton Dianthus; reserve, Willisbrook Farm's b. m. Tissington Amity and b. m. Dinarth Fancy.

Class 140—Qualified Thoroughbred Hunters, to be ridden by ladies.—First, Charles D. Lanier's ch. g. Down East, (Miss Ivy Maddison;) second, Mrs. James P. Kineon's b. g. Rockcress, (Mrs. Kineon;) third, F. Ambrose Clark's b. g. Ragtime, (Miss Helen Hitchcock;) fourth, Thomas H. Hitchcock's ch. g. Cavalier, (Miss Helen Hitchcock.)

Night Awards.

Class 124—Qualified Hunters, Corinthian Class.—First, Glen Riddle Farm's b. g. Bally Heather; second, Glen Riddle Farm's b. g. Clinker; third, Glen Riddle Farm's b. m. Nancy Pansy; fourth, Hamilton Farm's b. g. Kilkee.

Class 45—Harness Horses, over 15.1 and not exceeding 15.3 hands.—First, Miss Constance Vauclain's ch. m. The Whip; second, William H. Moore's b. g. Micah; third, Walter H. Hanley's h. m. Rainbow; fourth, Hamilton Farm's ch. g. Hamilton Argo.

Class 44—Pairs of Harness Horses, over 14.2 and not exceeding 15.1 hands.—First, William H. Moore's b. g. Raeburn and b. m. Whitewall Ariel; second, Miss Isabella Wanamaker's ch. m. Eve and ch. m. Suave; third, Mrs. Joseph S. Sylvester's b. g. Expressive and b. g. Excessive; fourth, Hamilton Farm's b. m. Hamilton Sensation and b. m. Hamilton Primrose.

Class 142—Hunters, Smithtown Hunt Cup.—First, Westminster Stable's b. g. Melrose; second, Westminster Stable's b. g. Sir Thomas; third, Isaac H. Clothier, Jr.'s, b. g. Safety First; fourth, Westminster Stable's ch. g. Falmouth.

Class 56—Harness Horses, not exceeding 15.2 hands, Champion Cup.—First, William H. Moore's b. g. Moncrief; reserve, William H. Moore's b. m. Lady Seaton.

Class 57—Harness Horses, Champion Cup, exceeding 15.2 hands.—First, Miss Constance Vauclain's ch. m. The Whip; reserve, William H. Moore's h. m. Bountiful.

Class 58—Pairs of Harness Horses, Champion Cup, not exceeding 15.2 hands.—First, William H. Moore's b. g. Lord Seaton and b. m. Lady Seaton; reserve, William H. Moore's b. m. Whitwall Ariel and b. m. Raeburn.

Class 59—Pairs of Harness Horses, Champion Cup, exceeding 15.2 hands.—First, William H. Moore's b. m. Bountiful and b. g. Micah; reserve, Hamilton Farm's ch. m. Hamilton Fraility and ch. g. Hamilton Argo.

Class 126—Hunters, Heavyweight Championship.—First, Glen Riddle Farm's b. g. Bally Heather; reserve, Westminster Stable's b. g. Sir Edward.

Class 127—Hunters, Middleweight Championship.—First, F. Ambrose Clark's b. g. Ragtime; reserve, Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Coniston.

Class 128—Hunters, Lightweight Championship.—First, Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Cavalier; reserve, Charles D. Lanier's ch. g. Down East.

Class 139—High Jump.—First, S. S. Norton's b. g. Confidence, 6 feet 9 inches; second, Crow & Murray's Sunrise, 6 feet 8 inches; third, C. L. Whitney's br. g. Skyscraper, 6 feet 6 inches.

FRENCH AVIATOR IS POPULAR.

Young Hero and His Medals Attract Society at Show.

The last day of the Horse Show was marked with much social interest and the attendance was large. The free admittance of all army and navy men in uniform swelled the crowd, and added greatly to the picturesqueness of the scene. More than 300 soldiers and sailors passed through the gate. Some of the boxholders gave over their boxes for the use of the visiting marines.

A young French aviator, just over from France, Lieutenant Georges Flackaire, attracted attention when he entered and passed around the promenade, owing to his youthful appearance—he is only 24—and the number of medals he wore, including the Legion of Honor. He was a guest, with Alan R. Hawley, President of the Aero Club, of Mrs. Henry L. Burnett in Box 77, and has come here as an instructor in aviation. Mrs. Henry Fleming and Robert L. Andrews were the other members of the party.

Miss Cathleen Vanderbilt, the young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Vanderbilt, visited the exhibition for the first time yesterday and occupied the Vanderbilt box, No. 14. She wore a frock of red velvet, with a coat of black velvet and a matching Tam o' Shanter, and had several young girl friends with her. Miss Miriam Harriman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph W. Harriman, entertained a group of young folks in Box 55 at the afternoon session.

Mrs. F. Burrall Hoffman, whose four sons are in service, and who is spending the Winter in Washington, D. C., was also among the afternoon visitors.

The cold snap brought out the rich furs last evening, and there were several coats of leopard skin noticed on the promenade. The arena of the Garden is noted for its draughts, and furs have been worn generally by the occupants of the boxes.

Among those in attendance were Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg, Mrs. Jerome N. Bonaparte, Mrs. Gouverneur Kortright, Miss Eleanora Sears, Miss Marion Hollins, Mrs. Joseph W. Harriman, Mrs. David Wagstaff, Mrs. Henry Gray, Mrs. Frederic Watriss, Mr. and Mrs. W. Lanier Washington, Mrs. William M. Fleitmann, Mrs. William H. Moore, Mrs. William du Pont, Mr. and Mrs. E. Francis Hyde, Mr. and Mrs. Francis P. Garvan, Mrs. F. Ambrose Clark, Mrs. William Russell Grace, Foxhall Keene, Charles D. Lanier, Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, Miss Barbara Guggenheim, and Mrs. Lyttleton Fox.

COLUMBIA IS HARD HIT.

Three Regulars Will Be Unable to Play Against Wesleyan Today.

This afternoon the Columbia 'Varsity will face the heavy Wesleyan eleven on South Field at 2 o'clock minus three of its regular warriors—Captain Cochran, Rosen, and Houlahan. Parnes, Weinstein, and Memmott will replace these three men. The fact that the Blue and White eleven defeated the Hobart team last Saturday by such a large margin is looked upon as a sign of the real strength of the local team.

Because Columbia's main drive is in her powerful line, the Morningside Heights institution's supporters believe that it will turn back the line plunges of its opponents today.

Wesleyan played a scoreless tie with Williams last Saturday, and, as the latter team defeated Columbia three weeks ago, this makes Wesleyan appear superior to the Blue and White on the unreliable basis of comparative scores. Amherst won from Wesleyan by about the same score as she did from Columbia, however, and by the results of those two games the two rivals will start on an equal footing.

Between the two halves of today's contest there will take place the last drive for the Y. M. C. A. Students' War Relief Fund. Columbia has been assigned $25,000 of the total fund of $1,000,000, and the workers for the fund expect Columbia to at least pledge the entire amount even if they cannot exceed their quota.

COLUMBIA CUBS TROUNCED.

Wesleyan Freshmen Tear Way to Victory by 47 to 0.

The Columbia Cubs bowed in defeat before the strong Wesleyan freshmen eleven yesterday by 47 to 0. The visitors exhibited an attack that tore through the Blue and White line for repeated gains. Of the seven touchdowns Woodruff made three and Peck two. The only time that the Columbia yearlings threatened to score came just before the close of the second period, when two successful forward passes from Stewart to Cherkaskey brought the ball to the Wesleyan 15-yard line. The whistle blew and prevented a score.

In the second half the Wesleyan crowd ran away with the score, making five touchdowns. The Columbia line soon showed its weak spots, and through these the visitors went. Kienninger did some good defensive work, as did Eccles and Korn.

The lineup:

Wesleyan,'21,(47.)	Position.	Columbia,'21,(0.)
Steele	L.E.	Johnsen
Steiber	L.T.	Korn
Carlton	L.G.	Relyea
Hubbell	C.	Kalinski
Sano	R.G.	Backrack
Ramer	R.T.	Curnow
Hosdowich	R.E.	Eccles
Peck	Q.B.	Stewart
Bateman	L.H.B.	Mills
Johnson	R.H.B.	Laskey
Woodruff	F.B.	Carroll

Touchdowns—Woodruff, (3,) Peck, (2,) Hosdowich, Steele. Goals from touchdown—Peck, 5. Referee—Mr. Hennessey of Brown. Umpire—Ed. Thorp of De La Salle. Time of periods—Twelve minutes each.

Columbia Golfers on Links.

Twelve members of the Columbia University Club competed in a golf tournament at the Richmond County Country Club yesterday. It was the annual Fall tourney, but attracted the smallest field in the history of the event. A. P. Palmer won the low gross prize for thirty-six holes with 88, 92—180. J. S. Langthorn had the best net effort of the field with 216, 50—166.

PENN MAY UPHOLD PRESTIGE OF EAST

Wolverines Invade Franklin Field Today for Football Game of Unusual Importance.

The football game which stands out among the most important of the season to Eastern gridiron enthusiasts will be played this afternoon in Philadelphia between Pennsylvania and Michigan. This is the date on which the Yale-Princeton game would have been played if the war had not caused a disruption of athletic activities at these institutions. With the usual Yale, Princeton, and Harvard classics missing, today's game at Franklin Field takes on added importance. The contest will attract a large crowd, and while Penn may not have as strong an eleven as it would have had under normal conditions, Captain Miller has a fighting team which may be depended upon to give the Wolverines a battle all the way.

Michigan has been highly praised this season. Reports from the West emphasize the claim that Hurry-up-Yost has developed another topnotch eleven from comparatively green material. Walter Eckersall and Bill Heston, who ought to be pretty good judges of football material, both say that Yost has developed a fast, hard charging line which ranks with the best of his products. Eckersall says that Weston, the Wolverine quarter back, is the best he has seen for years.

Michigan's weak spots are at the wings, and as Penn has a couple of flank guardians in Captain Miller and Van Ginkle, who are of high order, the Michiganders would do well to expect trouble from this quarter. Penn has always had a faculty of playing its best against Michigan, and the eleven may be even better than the promising form displayed in the Pitt and Dartmouth games. Folwell has worked persistently in building up a defense which is sure to give the Westerners a battle.

Pennsylvania and Michigan have met twelve times and Penn has won six games, Michigan four, while two have resulted in scoreless ties. The worst defeat that Penn ever gave Michigan was in 1908 when the Quakers won 29 to 0. Michigan's best job against Penn was in 1914 when the Wolverines won 34 to 3. Penn won last year 10 to 7.

Penn has a high-class back field in Bell, Berry, Straus, and Light, with Quigley as a reserve back. It is generally believed that this back field is capable of playing better football than it has shown at any time this season. Michigan comes East undefeated and expects to win. But it is against these highly confident teams that Penn sometimes shines, and there is a strong undercurrent of feeling at Penn that the eleven is going to do a lot better than any one anticipates.

There are many other games between colleges which are traditional rivals and which will arouse much interest among their followers. The Syracuse-Colgate battle should be a close, hard-fought affair. Colgate has worked hard since the Brown defeat to get ready for this clash with Syracuse. After Brown had defeated Colgate 7 to 6, Syracuse came along and beat Brown 6 to 0. Colgate sees a return of some of its former greatness if it can upset Syracuse.

Williams and Amherst will have their annual tilt at Williamstown, and as Williams has not been defeated this year, it is more than anxious to go through the season with a clean slate. Williams has a defeat against Cornell to its credit and played a scoreless tie with Wesleyan. The Navy plays its final game of the season with Villanova and should come through with flying colors. The Army also expects an easy time with Lebanon Valley as an opponent.

Fordham will make its first journey away from Fordham Field, playing Cornell at Ithaca. There will be two local games of interest, Columbia playing Wesleyan at South Field, while New York University will battle with Stevens at Hoboken. Dartmouth battles with Tufts, while Brown will take on Colby.

Followers of Harvard and Yale will have their only opportunity of the season to see representatives of the two institutions pitted against each other at Cambridge. The Freshman elevens will play at Soldiers' Field and a hard battle should result. Harvard has a wealth of material this year among the youngsters who have been coached by Don Wallace. The Yale cubs showed surprising strength against their opponents this year and should give a good account of themselves.

The annual game between Exeter and Andover is also booked for today at Exeter, and this event always results in an interesting struggle. Among the "informal" elevens Harvard will go to Newport to play Cupid Black's galaxy of stars, while Yale will play Trinity at New Haven.

One of the most important games of the West will be played at Columbus when Ohio State, last year's champions, will play Illinois in a game which may decide the conference title. Minnesota meets Chicago and Northwestern clashes with Iowa. In the South the great Georgia Tech eleven will play the Carlisle Indians, and should run up another big score. Virginia and Vanderbilt will play at Charlottesville.

Pittsburgh's mighty eleven should have no trouble in disposing of Carnegie Tech in a game which arouses considerable local interest around the smoky metropolis.

HARD FIGHT FOR FORDHAM.

Cornell Coaches Expect Close Game in Ithaca Battle.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 16.—A hotly contested gridiron battle is anticipated here tomorrow, when Fordham and Cornell line up on Schoelkopf Field in the closing engagement of the home season. In the judgment of Cornell coaches the teams are evenly matched and victory may go to the eleven that fights the hardest and shows superior judgment.

The Fordham squad of nineteen players under Coach McCaffrey arrived tonight after a tiresome trip. A few supporters accompanied the team. There seems to be a lot of confidence in the Fordham group that the New York eleven will win, some of it based apparently on the hope that Cornell has not recuperated from last week's crushing defeat by Michigan.

The Ithacans are in better physical condition than they were last Saturday though two regulars, Ackerknecht, left tackle, and Reuther, centre, will be unable to play because of injuries. Harris will play left tackle and Sherman Trowbridge, centre. The balance of the team is in good shape and the backfield is ready and eager for a chance to make good.

The selection of Spiegelberg at right end will strengthen the team, he being the best of all of the men tried out this year. Both teams are expected to rely to a large extent on an open attack.

FORDHAM EAGER FOR FRAY.

Two Regulars Will Be Out of Lineup Against Cornell Today.

The Fordham football squad of nineteen players, Trainers Wefers and Webber, Coach McCaffery, and Manager Delehanty left for Ithaca yesterday morning, where Cornell will be played this afternoon. Although minus two regulars in Frisch and Crovat, half back and quarter back respectively, the Maroons are banking that the line will be strong enough to enable the backs to score.

Today's clash marks the first game between the two teams since 1909. Bull McCaffery was Fordham's fast end then and he will again oppose the Ithacans today as head coach. Fordham triumphed by a 12-6 score in 1909.

The Maroon lineup will be as follows: Left end, Fitzpatrick; left tackle, Christiansen; left guard, Abbott; centre, Golden; right guard, McGrath; right tackle, Gulick; right end, Dumoe; quarterback, Brennan; left half back, Erwig; right half back, Galligan; full back, Colletti. The other players to make the trip were O'Connell, Crowley, Fogarty, Kendricks, Mullen, Gilmartin, Ryan, and Frisch.

FOOTBALL GAMES TODAY.

EAST AND SOUTH.

Army vs. Lebanon Valley, at West Point.
Navy vs. Villanova, at Annapolis.
Pennsylvania vs. Michigan, at Philadelphia.
Fordham vs. Cornell, at Ithaca.
Columbia vs. Wesleyan, at South Field.
New York University vs. Stevens, at Hoboken.
Rutgers vs. League Island Marines, at New Brunswick.
Dartmouth vs. Tufts, at Manchester.
Syracuse vs. Colgate, at Syracuse.
Brown vs. Colby, at Providence.
Pittsburgh vs. Carnegie Tech, at Pittsburgh.
Penn State vs. Maryland State, at State College.
Lehigh vs. Pennsylvania Military Institute, at South Bethlehem.
Washington and Jefferson vs. West Virginia University, at Fairmount.
Lafayette vs. Albright, at Easton.
Williams vs. Amherst, at Williamstown.
Swarthmore vs. Delaware, at Newark, Del.
Carlisle vs. Georgia Tech, at Atlanta.
Washington and Lee vs. Georgetown, at Richmond.
Holy Cross vs. Rensselaer Poly, at Worcester.
Boston vs. Middlebury, at Boston.
Connecticut Aggies vs. Rhode Island State, at Storrs.
Franklin and Marshall vs. Ursinus, at Lancaster.
Hamilton vs. Union, at Clinton.
Gettysburg vs. Bucknell, at Harrisburg.
Geneva vs. Bethany, at Beaver Falls.
Allegheny vs. Westminster, at Sharon.
Haverford vs. Johns Hopkins, at Haverford.
Hobart vs. University of Rochester, at Geneva.
Muhlenberg vs. Catholic University, at Allentown.
New Hampshire State vs. Worcester Tech, at Durham.
Richmond vs. William and Mary, at Williamsburg.
St. John's vs. Mount St. Mary's, at Annapolis.
Springfield vs. Massachusetts Aggies, at Springfield.
Tulane vs. Rice Institute, at New Orleans.
Chattanooga vs. University of the South, at Chattanooga.
Florida vs. Clemson, at Jacksonville.
Kentucky vs. University of Alabama, at Lexington.
North Carolina vs. Virginia Military Institute, at Chapel Hill.
Tennessee vs. Alabama Poly, at Birmingham.
Vermont vs. Norwich, at Burlington.
Virginia vs. Vanderbilt, at Charlottesville.
Washington vs. Gallaudet, at Chestertown.
George Washington University vs. Western Maryland, at Westminster.
Phillips Andover vs. Phillips Exeter, at Exeter.
Yale Freshmen vs. Harvard Freshmen, at Cambridge.
Harvard Informals vs. Newport Naval Reserves, at Newport.
Yale Informals vs. Trinity, at New Haven.

WEST.

Ohio State vs. University of Illinois, at Columbus.
University of Minnesota vs. University of Chicago, at Minneapolis.
Northwestern University vs. University of Iowa, at Evanston.
Purdue vs. Wabash, at Lafayette.
Indiana vs. De Pauw, at Bloomington.
Case vs. Mount Union, at Alliance.
Iowa State vs. Iowa Teachers, at Ames.
Kalamazoo vs. Alma, at Kalamazoo.
Marietta vs. West Virginia Wesleyan, at Marietta.
Oberlin vs. Ohio University, at Oberlin.
Ohio Northern vs. Otterbein, at Ada.
Ohio Wesleyan vs. Denison, at Delaware, Ohio.
St. Louis University vs. Rose Poly, at Terre Haute.
Notre Dame vs. Michigan Aggies, at Notre Dame.
Detroit vs. Kalamazoo Normal, at Detroit.
Kansas vs. Nebraska, at Lawrence.
Washington University vs. Missouri, at St. Louis.

SCHOOL GAMES.

De Witt Clinton H. S. vs. Morris H. S., at Polo Grounds.
Boys' H. S. vs. Erasmus Hall H. S., at Washington Park, Brooklyn.
Manual Training H. S. vs. Poly Prep, at Washington Park, Brooklyn.
Fordham Prep vs. Hamilton Institute, at Fordham Field.
H. S. of Commerce vs. East Orange H. S., at East Orange, N. J.
Commercial H. S. vs. Marquand School, at Commercial Field, Brooklyn.
Flushing H. S. vs. New York Aggies, at Flushing, L. I.
St. Paul's School vs. Montclair, at Garden City, L. I.
St. John's Prep vs. Brooklyn Prep, at McGoldrick's Oval, Greenpoint.
Adelphi vs. Freeport H. S., at Adelphi Field.

CRIMSON TO OPPOSE BLUE.

Harvard and Yale Freshmen Have Final Drill Before Game.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 16.—The Harvard and Yale freshman football teams, which will meet here tomorrow, each practiced in the stadium this afternoon. The Crimson youngsters received a big send-off from their classmates, after which the New Haven boys had the field to themselves. Harvard will play practically as against Princeton a week ago. The team is in good physical trim and has done a lot of work during the week against the 'Varsity and the Navy Yard team.

The Harvard informals, who tomorrow will go to Newport, R. I., to play "Cupid" Black's all-stars, also practiced for the last time this season. The regular rush line will be used, but an eleventh-hour shift has been made in the back field. Blanchard, who has been out of the game for more than a week, will return to play half back, and Hoffman, rather than Weden or Works, will play the other half with Captain Horween at full back.

The lineup of the Freshman teams tomorrow will be:

Harvard Freshmen.—Anderson, left end; Faxon, left tackle; Olmstead, left guard; Havemeyer, centre; Stillman, right guard; Frothingham, right tackle; Gaston, right end; Wales, quarter back; Hamilton, left half back; McDonnell, right half back; Humphrey, full back.

Yale Freshmen.—Dillworth, right end; Walker, right tackle; Welch, right guard; Acosta, centre; Trippe, left guard; Munger, left tackle; Scully, left end; Neville, quarter back; French, right half back; Lay, left half back; Dines, full back.

WESLEYAN IN CONDITION.

Improvement in Defense Expected to Hold Columbia in Check.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Nov. 16.—The Wesleyan football team held its last practice yesterday afternoon in preparation for the game with Columbia in New York City tomorrow. With the exception of Keeler, the 'Varsity quarter back, who is nursing a bad ankle, all the first-string men are in good condition. Keeler will be able to start the game, it is expected, and it is hoped that he can continue throughout. Markthaler may run the team if he gives out. Wesleyan has improved greatly in the last three weeks and now has a good defensive machine.

Wesleyan and Columbia first met on the gridiron in 1890. A game had been scheduled for the year before, but was canceled owing to the weather. It was in 1889 that President Woodrow Wilson, then a professor at Wesleyan, coached the local eleven so that Columbia, by that cancellation, missed the opportunity to play against a team coached by the President of the United States.

RENSSELAER'S FINAL GAME.

Engineers Await Contest with Holy Cross Confidently.

TROY, N. Y., Nov. 16.—The Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute eleven will play its final game of the season with Holy Cross at Worcester, Mass., tomorrow. Though at first disheartened by their defeat at the hands of Union after so good a showing during the season, the engineers have had their morale restored by three afternoons of stiff scrimmage practice this week, and are ready to do their best against Coach Jack Reed's alma mater.

The Institute team, with only two veterans left in the lineup, has been congratulated on having tallied against Union for the first time since athletic relations were restored four years ago, and Norton, the big senior full back, who never played football until this season, and who kicked a pretty field goal from the 40-yard line, has shown ability in drill as a drop-kicker this week. Half-back Parrott will be out of the game, as the last contest proved his leg had not been restored to condition, and he will rest in preparation for the basket ball season.

DE PALMA SPEEDS TO A NEW RECORD

Covers 633.12 Miles in Six Hours, Bettering Previous Mark by 67.12 Miles.

A new world's record for six hours was set by Ralph De Palma at the Sheepshead Bay Speedway yesterday afternoon. The Italian pilot covered 633.12 miles, against the mark of 566 miles made by Dario Resta, Gene Chassagne, and Lee K. Guinness, alternately driving a Sunbeam car on the Brooklands track, London, England, on Oct. 1, 1913. De Palma's average was 105.6 miles per hour, against the former average of 94.4.

De Palma drove his Packard, fitted with a Liberty motor, alone, the entire time. The cold, raw wind cut ribbons into his skin, and when he made his first stop after two hours' riding, his face was bleeding. The game little champion never faltered an instant, however, even though the drive tested his courage to the core.

After he had covered 112.96 miles in the first hour, cracking the former record of 107.9 miles, Fred Wagner, who was in charge of the trials for the A. A. A., remarked that he was sure that the old record would have to go. The second hour took De Palma 224.91 miles, against the old mark of 195.1. De Palma was averaging better than 112 miles per hour when he passed the two-hour mark. In the third hour he experienced some tire trouble, which brought his speed down to 109.85, with a distance of 329.56 miles covered. The fourth hour took him to 440.56 miles. The old record for this duration was 380 miles.

At the end of five hours De Palma had covered 535.72 miles. The old record for this time was 473 miles. At this point De Palma was 62 miles ahead of the former mark. He settled down to real driving again after a short stop for gasoline and oil at the end of the fifth hour, and in the last sixty minutes covered 108.6 miles, putting the six-hour mark at 633.12 miles.

De Palma's distance was the more remarkable because of the fact that the former record was made by three of the greatest drivers that have ever piloted a car on the Brooklands course. It is not likely that the marks made yesterday will be broken for some time, because the day, while uncomfortable for De Palma, was ideal for speed tests.

GEORGETOWN AT TOP FORM.

Gilroy and Other Stars to Face Generals Today.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 16.—Strengthened by the return to form of its crippled stars, Georgetown will face Washington and Lee tomorrow at Roanoke, Va., for the football honors of the South Atlantic section. With Virginia suspending football this season, the only contenders for the honors are the Hilltoppers and the Lexington Generals.

Gilroy's injured shoulder is no longer bothering him, and he is expected to give one of his best exhibitions against W. and L. Gross, whose lip was cut severely in the Fordham game, is again able to play. Bob Zuger is again showing speed on his feet, and will start at left guard. Not since the Springfield game has Coach Exendine been able to put as strong a team on the field as he will tomorrow against Washington and Lee.

From all accounts, the Generals have a light, speedy, aggressive combination. They lost to Georgia Tech, 63 to 0, but have developed rapidly in the last month, and the Hilltoppers expect a stiff game before victory is decided.

Georgetown's lineup follows: Connell, left end; Ahearn, left tackle; Zuger, left guard; Heaphy, centre; Dudack, right guard; Sineach, right tackle; Whelan, right end; Maloney, quarter back; Gilroy, left half back; McQuade, right half back; Wall, full back.

N. Y. U. ELEVEN ON EDGE.

Team Prepared for Hard Battle Against Stevens.

Because of the absence of the freshmen, who were playing the West Point plebes, the New York University football team had no scrimmage yesterday, but completed its grooming for the Stevens game today with a signal drill on Ohio Field. When the team faces the engineers at Hoboken the men will be in better physical shape than they have been at any time since the beginning of the season. The practices this week have instilled speed and team work into the eleven.

In the drill all plays were gone through and finishing touches put on wherever needed. Egan, the Violet toe artist, practiced his favorite pastime, drop-kicking. During the session he placed the ball squarely between the bars eleven times in succession alternately from the 35 and 40-yard lines.

Columbia Harriers to Meet Penn.

Columbia's cross-country team will meet the representatives of Penn this afternoon on the six-mile cross-country course at Van Cortlandt Park. The entries for Columbia will be: Captain Huelsenbeck, Larson, Turner, Moss, Ward, Owens, Cuffee.

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COCHRAN IS EASY VICTOR.

Leads Howison by 2,000 to 1,634 at End of 18.2 Balkline Match.

Welker Cochran, Chicago's young billiardist, last night triumphed over the Canadian veteran, Leonard Howison, in the final block of their five nights' match at 18.2 balkline billiards at Howison's Academy, and ended the play with the total score of 2,000 against Howison's 1,634. Cochran, though outplayed in the final block, managed to maintain his lead of the early blocks of the play, and easily overcame Howison's steadier playing with fitful rallies in which he clustered and gathered the spheroids well. He had high runs of 89, 67, and 30, with an average of 14 8-28 for his twenty-eight turns at the table. Howison's highest efforts were 64, 59, and 44, with an average of 15 8-28.

MINOR LEAGUES MAY MERGE

Barrow Says His Circuit Also Will Adopt War Measure.

CHICAGO, Nov. 16.—Consolidation of the Western, Central and Three-I Leagues and the formation of two or three substantial organizations were suggested to H. H. Sexton, President of the National Association of Minor Leagues, on his return tonight from the Louisville meeting. A. R. Tearney of Chicago, President of the Three-I League, is back of the movement. Sexton will call a meeting of the three league presidents in Chicago next month to consider the proposal.

Edward G. Barrow of New York, President of the International League, said tonight that if left to his decision, he would recommend the suspension of the league for at least a year, when the club owners meet in New York on Dec. 10. The organization, he said, made no money last season, and with war conditions becoming more serious, the prospects for 1918 are anything but bright.

PROTECTS MINOR LEAGUE.

Clause in Contract with Players Provides for War Conditions.

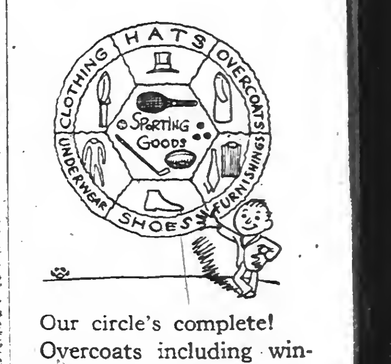
LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 16.—Contracts of minor league clubs with baseball players for the season of 1919 will contain a special clause protecting the reserve rights of those clubs or leagues which are forced to suspend by reason of war conditions.

This clause will bind the player to abide by the reserve clause in his contract in the event the club to which he belongs, or the league of which the club is a part, is forced to suspend because of war conditions. It is provided, however, that this special clause shall be void if the club or league involved does not complete at least half of its scheduled season.

Hill Defeats Old Rivals.

Special to The New York Times.

POTTSTOWN, Penn., Nov. 16.—Hill School and Hotchkiss of Lakeville, Conn., played their annual game here this afternoon, which is always the climax of the football season at both schools. Hill won 12 to 9 after Hotchkiss had scored a touchdown on Hoyt's run of seventy-five yards in the first quarter. A thirty-yard run by McAlpin in the third quarter enabled him to score Hill's first touchdown, and he repeated his performance in the last period.



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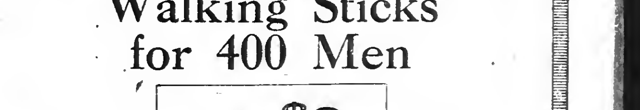

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GIMBELS—Main Floor

M'CORMACK SINGS TO OPERA THRONG

Irish Tenor Makes His Debut as Member of Metropolitan in "La Boheme."

DISPLAYS BEAUTIFUL ART

But Rodolfo Is Not a Role Best Adapted for Him—Ruth Miller, American Soprano, Heard, Too.

LA BOHEME, Opera in four acts; book founded on "La Vie de Boheme," of Henry Murger, by Giuseppe Giacosa and Luigi Illica, (in Italian.) Music by Giacomo Puccini. At the Metropolitan Opera House.

Rodolfo .... John McCormack
Schaunard .... Adamo Didur
Benoit .... Pompilio Malatesta
Mimi .... Frances Alda
Parpignol .... Pietro Audisio
Marcello .... Giuseppe de Luca
Colline .... Andres de Segurola
Alcindoro .... Robert Leonhardt
Musetta .... Ruth Miller
A Sergeant .... Vincenzo Reschiglian
Conductor—Gennaro Papi.

A very large audience thronged the Metropolitan Opera House last evening for the first performance this season of Puccini's "La Bohème," which has become one of the pillars of the repertory prevailing there. The size of the audience was no doubt largely due to the popularity of Mr. John McCormack, who appeared as Rodolfo, one of the four irrepressible Bohemians. It was Mr. McCormack's first appearance as a member of the company of the Metropolitan Opera House, but it was not his first appearance on that stage, which be made in the season of 1911 as a member of the Chicago Opera Company in Victor Herbert's opera of "Natoma." Before that he was heard numerous times at the Manhattan Opera House. He is engaged at the Metropolitan for only a few performances.

It was perhaps not wholly fortunate that Mr. McCormack reappeared here first in this opera, for the part is not one best adapted for him. It needs a livelier dramatic temperament than his is, a potency of more passionate expression than he can give in either his singing or his action. First, in the first act, where there is much roistering and, last evening at least, considerable shouting, he was not conspicuous in the mêlée; nor in the duet with Mimi did he express the sudden surge of passion that overflows at their meeting.

The voice is a light one; it necessarily lacks some of the swelling and stentorian effects that have become familiar in "La Bohème," and which, in large part, it was written to provide. But what Mr. McCormack contributed here, and later in the opera, was much beautiful singing, of its kind unsurpassable in quality of tone, in purity of diction, in finish of phrase, and in most of the subtler graces of the art that are not always the first to be recognized. There are other operatic works in which it may be hoped he will be heard wherein Mr. McCormack's extraordinary qualities as a singer will count for more than they do in "La Bohème."

A young American soprano, Miss Ruth Miller, made her first appearance as Musetta, a part that has been made in recent years the subject of experiment. It was something of an ordeal for Miss Miller, who is said to have had little operatic experience and who may well have been overwhelmed with a handicap of nervousness. There were glimpses—a very few, it is true—of a voice of excellent possibilities, but her singing was not agreeable. The voice was pinched and often shrill, and, though she showed some understanding of the part, her representation on the whole left a good deal to be desired. Miss Miller will doubtless do better when she feels more composure on the Metropolitan stage.

There was to be also the first appearance of Thomas Chalmers, the American baritone, newly added to the company, but the fact that he is needed today in "Faust" caused Mr. Didur to be substituted for him in the part of Schaunard. Mr. De Luca and Mr. Segurola were the Marcello and Colline. Mme. Alda, whose Mimi is a familiar feature at the Metropolitan, sang better in the third act than in the first. She has, in fact, rarely sung better. Mr. Papi conducted creditably, though he was not averse to volumes of orchestral tone sometimes large enough to cover the singers.

MATINEES FOR RED CROSS.

Performances in the Shubert Theatres on National Day, Dec. 7.

The performances which will be given in Shubert theatres on National Red Cross Theatre Day, Dec. 7, were announced yesterday. Special matinées, the entire receipts of which will accrue to the Red Cross, will be given as follows: "Doing Our Bit," at the Winter Garden; John Drew and Margaret Illington in "The Gay Lord Quex," at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre; "Maytime," at the Shubert; Donald Brian, in "Her Regiment," at the Broadhurst; "Oh, Boy," at the Casino; "What's Your Husband Doing?" at the Thirty-ninth Street; "Odds and Ends of 1917," at the Bijou; "The Star Gazer," at the Plymouth; Guy Bates Post in "The Masquerader," at the Booth; "The Very Idea," at the Astor; "Over the Top," at the Forty-fourth Street Roof Theatre, and Marjorie Rambeau in "The Eyes of Youth," at the Maxine Elliott.

All persons connected with these productions will give their services free of charge on this occasion. As the entire receipts go to charity, there will be no war tax charged.

PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.

Helen Stanley the Violinist—Liszt's Dante Symphony Played.

The Philharmonic Society at its concerts yesterday afternoon and Thursday evening made Listz's "Dante" symphony the principal number of the program, which included also Weber's "Euryanthe" overture and Elgar's socalled "Enigma" variations for orchestra, Mendelssohn's "Scena," "Infelice," and a recitative and air from Debussy's cantata, "The Prodigal Son," sung by Miss Helen Stanley. Mr. Stransky played the "Dante" symphony with great zeal, with due emphasis of all its sensational effects. The women's chorus at the end was sung by the Beethoven Society. There was enthusiastic applause.

In Elgar's variations the orchestra played with spirit and energy and with delicacy; but there were passages where the expected finish was not quite maintained. Miss Stanley's singing of Mendelssohn's rather absurd "Scena" from an imaginary and non-existent opera and the air by Debussy revealed her powerful and brilliant soprano voice and dramatic style as she has made them known here in opera. She put an acent of intensity into the "Infelice" that might easily be missed in it, and she was much applauded.

Miss Jeanne's Recital.

Miss Edith Jeanne, a young soprano, made her first New York appearance yesterday in the recital at Aeolian Hall, singing a paraphrase from "Aida" and German, French, and English songs and two by Stephen C. Foster—"Nellie Was a Lady" and "My Old Kentucky Home." Miss Jeanne has a voice of unusual possibilities, a quality that is often appealing and expressive and that has possibilities of dramatic force. She is not yet wholly ripe for public appearance, however, as her recital showed. She has not yet full control of her voice, which is not at all times rightly placed

TELLS OF MOVIE SECRETS.

Photographer, in Suit for Salary, Describes Fake Octopus.

The suit of J. Ernest Williamson, the submarine photographer, against the Universal Film Manufacturing Company for salary which he alleges is due him for taking undersea pictures of fake octopoda and genuine sharks, was resumed yesterday before Judge Manton of the Federal District Court. The pictures were used in the film play of Jules Verne's story, "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea." The production, it was said, cost about $200,000.

Mr. Williamson told in the witness chair of how art was substituted for reality. He has a tube with an end of glass big enough to accommodate several men. In this tube the photographer and his assistants sit, and then it is lowered into the water at a depth sometimes of fifty feet or more. It is usually attached to a barge which moved, in this case, in the clear waters of the Bahamas, near Nassau. The submarine of Captain Nemo, the hero of the story, was thirty feet long and was made of painted canvas.

Asked to describe the octopus, which in the pictures wages a mad fight with a brave diver and is eventually killed amid the shudders of the audience, the witness said it was thirty-two feet long with a body big enough to conceal men inside of it, whose duty it was to operate the rubber arms that were fastened to the body by steel springs. There were only six of these rubber arms, whereas naturalists insist upon giving all octopoda eight.

This rubber octopus thrashed about in the water naturally enough and assumed positions which made it easy for Mr. Williamson to take good pictures of it in horrible attitudes and contortions. Asked about the sharks which fought the divers and the yacht that was blown up, Mr. Williamson declared that both sharks and explosion were genuine. The case will be continued Monday.

THEDA MAKES 'EM ALL BARAS

Actress's Family Join Her in Dropping Name of Goodman.

Theda Bara, actress, and all the members of her family got permission yesterday from Supreme Court Justice Donnelly to drop the family name Goodman and call themselves Bara hereafter. In the petition of the actress she said that her family name is Theodosia Goodman, and that she took the name Bara on the stage because her maternal grandfather was Francis Bara de Coppet of Switzerland. Her father, Bernard Goodman, was born in Poland. Her birthplace was Cincinnati. She said she had made the name Bara celebrated through her own efforts and for that reason wants it as her legal name.

The members of the family who also took the name were Pauline and Bernard Bara, parents, Marque, a brother, now in the theatrical business, and Esther, a sister, 19 years old, who is about to go on the stage, and will be known as Loro Bara.

TRACY PREDICTS LONG WAR.

Novelist Believes America's Participation Insures Allied Victory.

Louis Tracy, a member of the British Commission, widely known as an author, was the guest at a dinner given by the Overseas Club, an organization composed of British subjects now in the United States, at the Hotel Majestic last night.

Mr. Tracy has made four trips to America since the war began. He told last night how his son, Lieutenant Donald Tracy, aged 21, lost his life in France six months ago. He believes that there is a long struggle ahead for the Allies, but that the entrance of the United States into the war makes the victory assured. At the mention of President Wilson's name the guests stood and cheered for several minutes.

The dining room was decorated with the flags of the Allies. A cable message from Lord Northcliffe was read and applauded.

VIEW THE BELGIAN FRONT.

American Party Completes Its Tour of the Fighting Lines.

By The Associated Press.

BRITISH FRONT IN BELGIUM, Nov. 16.—The party of American Representatives and private citizens visiting the western front had the privilege yesterday of being received and entertained at tea by King Albert of Belgium. The honor was doubly appreciated because the day was the King's birthday, and throughout the zone of Belgian territory not under German occupation there were special celebrations in tribute to the sovereign.

The visitors spent yesterday and part of today viewing the Belgian front and left this afternoon for England, having completed a highly satisfactory tour of the allied fighting lines.

RAIDERS BOMB THE GOEBEN.

British Airmen Also Hit the Turkish War Office.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—In a recent air raid over the Gallipoli Peninsula and Constantinople by British naval aviators, the former German cruiser Goeben, now the Turkish warship Sultan Selim, was hit and a large explosion was caused, it was officially announced today.

A vessel named the General and reported to be the German Headquarters at Constantinople was twice hit by bombs which the raiders dropped. Two hits also were obtained upon the Turkish War Office.

Drama League to Meet on Nov. 26.

The first meeting of the season of the Drama League will be held at the Gaiety Theatre on the afternoon of Monday, Nov. 26, when "The Theatre During the War" will be the subject of discussion. The speakers will be I. B. Stoughton Holborn of Oxford University, Lawrence Grant, W. J. Guard, and Norman Trevor. It is also announced that the Drama League will meet only three times this season instead of the customary five, and that the equivalent of the allowance for two meetings has been applied to the Drama League fund for the entertainment of soldiers in training camps.

Names His Daughter for Bernhardt.

Dr. Leo Buerger of 1,000 Park Avenue received a congratulatory telegram last night from Mme. Sarah Bernhardt upon the birth yesterday of his daughter. As a mark of appreciation of Dr. Buerger's efforts in saving her life last April, when she underwent an operation at Mount Sinai Hospital, Mme. Bernhardt asked that she be allowed to be godmother and that the child be named for her. Dr. Buerger said last night that his daughter will be named Yvonne Sarah Bernhardt Buerger. Mme. Bernhardt's telegram was sent from Cleveland.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Alexandra Carlisle, appearing in "The Country Cousin," at the Gaiety, has been promoted to stardom in that piece. The change will take effect immediately.

The book of "The Rainbow Girl," a musical comedy now in rehearsal under the direction of Klaw & Erlanger, is based upon Jerome K. Jerome's comedy, "The New Lady Bantock," produced at Wallack's Theatre a number of years ago.

The opening of "The Star Gazer" at the Plymouth Theatre, announced for Wednesday of next week, has been postponed until Thursday.

"Robinson Crusoe, Jr.," in which Al Jolson has been on tour, will conclude a fifteen-months' season tonight in Springfield, Mass. Jolson will return to the Winter Garden fol-

YALE'S PART IN WAR TOLD BY DR. HADLEY

Cheers of Alumni Greet Statement That More Than 5,000 Sons of Eli Are in Service.

HONORS WON AT THE FRONT

University Looking to Peace Time When Civic and Social Problems Must Be Met.

The part that Yale is taking in the war was told last night by President Hadley at a gathering of alumni at the Yale Club, 50 Vanderbilt Avenue. There were cheers when he recited the activities of the 5,000 Yale men who are serving in the army, the navy, and in the training camps.

The spirit of the meeting was illustrated best by a summing up by Otto Bannard, who said, "Yale is in the war and we are with Yale," and emphasized by the long-drawn three times three that were given with a will. President Hadley told how the Yale Battery had received two of the French seventy-fives for practice, and how officers from the training camps were journeying to Yale to practice on the only French artillery in this country. So great has been the demand for practice in the use of this most effective French weapon that the Scientific School has built four more of these guns of wood.

Yale, he said, has sent more than 5,000 men into war service. The figures are not complete, for, he said, the men who are quickest to answer the call of their country are often the slowest to tell what they have done. The names of those who are in service are coming into the Secretary's office each day. A hundred members of the Faculty are doing war work, and 1,000 boys who would be in Yale this year but for the war are serving their country in camps or on ships. As evidence that these sons of Old Eli are doing things, President Hadley read this honor list of Yale men who have been decorated or who have been mentioned for conspicuous service:

Yale's Honor Roll.

CROIX DE GUERRE.

1892—S. S. Thorn.	1916—A. McLane, Jr.
1901—W. P. Clyde, Jr.	1918—R. C. Paradise.
1901—A. H. Gleason.	1919—Charles M. Dick.
1903—A. D. Dodge.	1919—J. R. Ellingston.
1906—G. B. Struby.	1919—M. J. Miller.
1911—J. P. Gillespie.	1920—Paul H. Ballou.
1912—G. L. Rand.	1920—R. L. Bryner.
1913—W. H. Woolverton, Jr.	1920—B. V. Harrison, Jr.

CITATION.

1915—W. Thaw.	1919—Norman W. Macdonald.
1918—R. H. Plow.	

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE CROSS. (English.)

1914—Edwin H. Dunning, (killed.)

WAR CROSS WITH GOLD STAR.

1911—Robert Bowman.

MEMBER OF SECTION SANITAIRE NO. 5, (Formation Harjes,) Section Citation: Ordre de l'Armee, Croix de Guerre, With Palm, (No Individual Decoration.)

1916—George Knight Houpt.

"Two years ago," said Dr. Hadley, "we foresaw that the country was going to want artillery officers. The fact that we started the Yale Artillery Battalion in 1915, instead of 1917, allowed us to get two years of instruction from Colonel Danford and enabled the Yale boys of 1916 and 1917 and 1918 to win marked distinction as artillerists in every training camp in the country. Eight months ago we foresaw that naval officers would be immediately and urgently needed. Without waiting for the Government plans to develop, we laid plans of our own for the instruction of both Yale men and others, at the Yale boat house, and as a result of this promptitude the success of the men we trained in obtaining ratings and commissions was conspicuous among the naval training schools of the country.

"Yale was the first of the large universities to organize its scientific war work. As a result, the army depends upon Yale for its gas and its gas masks; the navy depends upon Yale for its periscopes and for the development of its newer optical instruments of precision. Professors of the Forest School are in France directing the use of timber for cantonments. Professors of the Scientific School act as trusted agents of the Government in the purchase and utilization of metals. Of the small group of financial advisers just appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury one is a Yale professor and two more are Yale graduates.

Problems of Peace Times.

"The problem of developing a disciplined and efficient democracy in time of peace is going to be even harder than the problem of maintaining a disciplined and efficient army in time of war. The kind of organization and government which met our needs thirty years ago is not going to meet our needs any longer. The growth of monopolies has created new business problems. The influx of alien races has created new social problems. The more direct contact with other Governments has created new international problems. If the months or years of war which are before us result in killing the intelligent men of our younger generation, or even in diverting them from their plans of education, we shall be helpless in facing the questions that will come before us. If they result in bringing home to our younger men the necessity of training for public service, we shall deal with them effectively and shall solve the problem of combining good government with democracy.

"Yale stands for such training. To our undergratuates we are offering it at home. To our medical students we are offering it abroad, while they are actually engaged in hospital service at the front. We are doing all this under difficulties. We have given to the Government the services of members of the Faculty whom we could least afford to spare. We have suffered a loss of students, which means a grave loss of income. But we have the loyal support of our undergraduates and of our graduates."

Major Edward Bliss Reed of the Officers' Reserve Training Corps, former professor of English, referred to the scene in Woolsey Hall a year ago and again last Spring when Yale men were there to hear of the plans for military training.

"In Phi Beta Kappa they changed the selection of candidates to include only those in the last half of their senior year and seventeen were chosen, but only nine were present," he said. "Where was McCord, head of his class? Driving an ammunition truck in France. Where was Charlie Taft, tied for second place? Battalion Sergeant Major of the Twelfth Field Artillery. Where was Wood? First Lieutenant in the 309th Field Artillery. It was the same in athletics, for fifty-six of last year's Y men are in service. Of the twenty-two who got their Y in football, twenty-one have gone and the last is waiting only because he is too young to join."

Treasurer George Parmly Day said that it was not only what Yale had done for the war, but what the war had done for Yale. He said it had cut the enrollment of students one-third, forced the deferment of plans for development, and compelled the practice of economies. The current year had brought a deficit, he said, estimated at $259,000, and likely to prove larger.

"What the war has done for Yale may at first sight seem to have been to jeopardize its existence," he said. "What the war has really done for Yale is to make it clear to all of us that institutions grow and live by reason of the spirit that is within them, and not by the amount of their endowments or the size of their surplus. It seems to me, then, that Yale was never more secure than in these days of peril, never more sure of its future than in these days of uncertainty."

Otto Bannard said that it was proposed to wipe out the deficit by a class drive, and that a quota to be raised by each class was to be fixed. He evoked applause when he said as a start in wiping out the deficit the class of '76 will give $26,000.

An appeal for thirty horses now needed for the Yale Battery brought instant response. One of the first pledges came from a representative of the class of 1901, who offered a horse. In an instant several were on their feet. One

M'ADOO NAILS YARN ABOUT CONFISCATION

Denounces Pro-German Rumor That Bank Deposits Are to be Seized by the Government.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Recurrence in many sections of the country of the old rumor that the Government intends to seize bank deposits caused Secretary McAdoo to issue this statement tonight:

"Among the many absurd and vicious rumors which are being put into circulation these days, probably through pro-German influences, is one that the Government proposes to confiscate the money on deposit in the banks. The absurdity of the statement is obvious on its face, but I have received letters from several parts of the country which indicate that this rumor is being circulated for an evil purpose. Of course, these rumors are wholly without foundation. In fact, the Government has no power to confiscate the money of depositors in banks."

AVIATORS WILL GET FULL TRAINING HERE

Cities for Student Fliers Near Completion—Liberty Motor Exceeding Expectations.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—America's preparation for training airmen, reports to the Council of National Defense show, is proceeding "exactly according to schedule," and the big training cities under construction in various parts of the country are nearing completion.

Student fliers who in the past have gone abroad for their final training soon will be learning under instructors from the front all the advanced and finer points of aerial fighting in this country.

First deliveries of the recently tested Liberty motor are expected this month. Secretary Baker said today that the motor was doing even more than was expected of it. His statement was in reply to questions prompted by reports from Italy that Germany was bending every energy to turning out an air fleet before the United States completes its program. Mr. Baker said that of course he had no information as to what the German Government was doing, but that the American program was progressing favorably.

BOON TO BRITISH SAILORS.

At Last the Government Pays for Their Uniforms and Kits.

LONDON, Oct. 20, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—By the grant of free uniform and kit to the enlisted men of the navy, the British sailor obtains a concession which he has long sought and which has been the subject of hundreds of petitions sent from the lower deck to the Admiralty. The British sailor always deemed it a great injustice that while the soldier and the marine wore a uniform purchased by the State, he must purchase his own clothing out of his small pay. What annoyed him still more was that, although he had to pay, his superiors often ordered the clothes at their own pleasure, poor Jack having no voice in the matter.

In the early days of the British Navy each Captain was permitted to dress his crew to suit his own fancy. This custom did not wholly cease when a regulation uniform made its appearance, for different Captains had different ideas of what constituted "uniform," with the result that a sailor who was transferred to a new ship often had to purchase several new items of clothing.

Although a British bluejacket's uniform appears very simple, the official list shows that be has about one hundred different articles in his wardrobe, all of which he has heretofore had to buy. Henceforth his entire outfit will be issued to him at Government expense.

SYMPHONY CONCERTS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE
This Afternoon at 2:30.
CARNEGIE HALL
N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Walter Damrosch..........Conductor
Soloist JOHN POWELL
Mozart, Rimsky-Korsakoff, Liszt, Elgar.
Office of Society, Room 1202, Aeolian Hall.

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Aft., Nov. 17, at 3.
PERCY GRAINGER FIRST PIANO RECITAL OF SEASON
Mgt. A. Sawyer. Steinway Piano.

Paintings
ANCIENT and MODERN
at the
Scott & Fowles Galleries
590 FIFTH AVENUE
Between 47th and 48th Streets

Resinol
did knock out that skin ailment

Three days ago, my arm was simply covered with red, inflamed skin trouble and I thought I was up against it for fair. But Joe had a jar of Resinol in his kit. I used a little and the irritation stopped right off. In the morning most of the redness was gone and a couple more applications finished it up.

Resinol is sold by all druggists.

Safe Milk For Infants & Invalids
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price
A Nutritious Diet for All Ages.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Wed. All Seats 50c to $2. All That's Best in Musical Comedy. Klaw & Erlanger's Production Par Excellence.
The Riviera Girl
Music Kalman. Book & Lyrics Bolton & Wodehouse. * * * Theatre Pays Government Tax on $2.50 Orchestra Seats.
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way & 40 St. Evenings at 8:20. Matinees TODAY & Wed. 2:20.
"A COMPLETE TRIUMPH."—Herald.
ANN MURDOCK | THE 3 BEARS

GEO. M. COHAN THEA., B'way, 43 St. Evs. 8:25. Last Matinee TODAY, 2:25.
Last 2 Times. Here Comes the Bride
NEXT TUESDAY NIGHT—SEATS NOW.
COHAN & HARRIS Will Present
LEO DITRICHSTEIN
IN A NEW COMEDY "THE KING" by Caillavet de Flers & Arene.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way at 38th St. Evs. 8:25. MATINEES TODAY AND WED. at 2:25.
LAST 2 WEEKS
GEORGE ARLISS In his new play 'HAMILTON'

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20.
Alexandra Carlisle
in The Country Cousin
THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20.
Laurette Taylor
In J. Hartley Manners' New Comedy
"The Wooing of Eve"
Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON.

LIBERTY THEATRE. Matinees Only. NOV. 20-22 at 2:30. NOV. 24 at 10:30.
The Pupils of Isadora Duncan AND THE Barrere Little Symphony
Good Seats All Performances, $2, $1.50, $1.

CRITERION, Broadway and 44th St. Next Monday Night. Seats Now.
MRS. FISKE
IN A NEW COMEDY, MADAME SAND by Philipp Moeller.

HUDSON West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:30.
"Well Merited Success."—World.
THE PIPES OF PAN

HARRIS West 42 St. TONIGHT AT 8:30
SELWYN & CO. present
"LOSING ELOISE"
A Farce by FRED JACKSON.

Century BROADWAY & 62d St. Nights 8:20.
Dillingham-Ziegfeld Greatest Hit!
MISS 1917
Matinee Today—Reduced Prices.
SUNDAY NIGHT POPULAR CONCERT.

FULTON West 46th St. Eves. at 8:20. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:20.
"Red-blooded American play."—Journal.
"Broken Threads"

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20
Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years.
A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

LYCEUM West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO presents
Tiger Rose

PARK Broadway and 59th Street. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:15.
SPAIN IN NEW YORK!
(ESPANA EN NUEVA YORK!)
Quinito Valverde's Fantastic Review
THE Land of Joy
(LA TIERRA DE ALEGRIA)
With L'ARGENTINA
TOMORROW (SUN.) 8:30 2D Valverde Concert

BELASCO West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tues. & Thurs. 2:30
Polly With a Past
EXTRA MATINEE TUESDAY, NOV. 20.

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30.
Business Before Pleasure
With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

REPUBLIC THEATRE, W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30.
On With the Dance
WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.

Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN | GLOBE B'way 46 St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20.

SPECIAL DUO-ART RECITAL
AT AEOLIAN HALL
Duo-Art Salon, 4th Floor (42nd St. Entrance)
SATURDAY, Nov. 17th, 3 o'Clock
The assisting artist will be RICHARD EPSTEIN pianist
The program will contain Duo-Art numbers by Percy Grainger, Harold Bauer, Rudolph Ganz and others.
ADMISSION WITHOUT CHARGE
The Aeolian Company
29 West 42nd Street

AEOLIAN HALL, MON., NOV. 19, at 3. PIANO RECITAL
YOLANDA MÉRÖ
Steinway Piano. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Aft., Nov. 20, at 3. SONG RECITAL—MABEL
GARRISON
Seats Now. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Nov. 25, at 3. SONG RECITAL—EMILIO
De GOGORZA
SEATS NOW. MGT. WOLFSOHN BUREAU.

SYMPHONY
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r.
Aeolian Hall, Tom'w (Sun.) Aft. at 3. Soloist
HEIFETZ
Tickets at Box Office. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

Princess Thea., Tom'w Aft., Nov. 18, at 3:15. Fourth Piano Recital (Steinway) ARTHUR
FRIEDHEIM

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Eves at 8. MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
Doing Our Bit
An Extravaganza of Superlative Splendors.
Sunday Night Concert
Another "Make 'Em Sit Up & Take Notice" Bill.

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Evs. 8:30 Sharp. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30.
Grace George
In HENRY BERNSTEIN'S GREAT PLAY
"L'ELEVATION" (The Heights)
"It is vital. It is vivid. It is tense. It is artistic. It is up-to-the-minute. It is drama."—Alan Dale.

39TH ST. Theatre, nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20.
George V. Hobart's farce with Hale Hamilton WHAT'S YOUR HUSBAND DOING?

BROADHURST 44th. West of Broadway. Phone Bryant 64. EVES. 8:20. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:20.
DONALD BRIAN
in "Her Regiment"
By Wm. Le Baron & Victor Herbert.

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Thurs. 2:15.
"Pinero's Masterpiece Thrills."—Times.
JOHN DREW-ILLINGTON MARGARET
IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex

SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Eves., 8. Matinees Today & Wed. 2.
LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION
MAYTIME Tingling Music. Charming Story. 100% Talent.
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.
"A CREDIT TO OUR COUNTRY IS MAYTIME," says Rev. Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation."

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:10. Matinee Today, 2:10.
ALICE NIELSEN in "Kitty Darlin'" LAST WEEK
Next Mon. Original Cast and Production from Princess Theatre. "OH, BOY"

PRINCESS 39th, near B'way. Evs 8:15. Matinee Today, 2:15.
Last Week at This Theatre. Moves Next Monday to Casino Theatre.
Oh, Boy "Smartest of musical comedies."—Eve. Sun

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Today & Thurs.
WASH'GTON SQ. PLAYERS
4 BIG ONE-ACT PLAYS.
"In the Zone." "The Avenue." "Blind Alleys." "His Widow's Husband."

BIJOU 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Last Mat. Today, 2:15. LAST WEEK
THE TORCHES With LESTER LONERGAN.
Beginning MONDAY, NOV. 19, (Seats Now.) The Chummy Musical Revue ODDS AND ENDS OF 1917
Harry Watson, Jr., Lillian Lorraine, and Jack Norworth.

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44th ST. THEATRE TO-NIGHT 8:15
Matinees Today & Wednesday, 2:15.
HITCHY-KOO An intimate Revue, with Raymond Hitchcock.
William Rock and Frances White. Leon Errol, Irene Bordoni.

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:25. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:25.
GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees. Today & Wed. 2:30.
The Very Idea
Ernest TRUEX. Richard BENNETT.
"Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr B'way. Evs 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

PLYMOUTH 45 St., W. of B'way. Bryant 40. Last Matinee TODAY, 2:20.
MARIE DORO in "BARBARA" by Florence Lincoln.

THURS. NOV. 22 Seats Mon. The Messrs. SHUBERT Present Their Latest Musical Production THE STAR GAZER
JOHN CHARLES THOMAS
Beth Lydy—John T. Murray.

CORT 48th St. E of B'way. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wednesday, 2:20.
"DE LUXE ANNIE"
with Jane Grey and Vincent Serrano.

MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:20.
Oliver Morosco's Laughing Sensation
LOMBARDI, Ltd. with LEO CARRILLO

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Eves. 25c to $1
"DAYBREAK"
Mat. Today, 25 to 75c. Next Week—"THE 13TH CHAIR."

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:15.
DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY
LEAVE IT TO JANE

Loew's 7th Av. at 124 St. Eves. 25c to $1 "Captain Kidd, Jr."
Mat. Today, 25 to 75c. Next Week—"THE MAN WHO CAME BACK".

Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE
Today at 2, Faust. Farrar, Delaunois, Howard; Martinelli, Chalmers, Rothier. Cond., Monteux (debut).
Tonight (75c to $3) at 8:15, La Traviata. Hempel; Carpi, De Luca, Bada. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sun. at 8:30 (50c. to $1.50,) Orch. Concert ELMAN, Russian Violinist; Miller, soprano; Braslau, contralto. Cond., Hageman.
Next Mon. at 8:15, Tosca. Farrar, Braslau; Martin, Scotti, Malatesta, Rossi. Cond., Moranzoni.
Wed. at 8, Marta. Hempel, Perini; Caruso, De Luca, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky.
Thurs. at 8:15, Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Martin, Scotti, Reiss. Cond., Moranzoni.
Fri., at 8, Samson et Dalila. Claussen (debut); Caruso, Whitehill, Rothier. Cond., Monteux.
Sat. Mat. at 2, Francesca da Rimini. Alda, Perini, Sundelius, Braslau, Delaunois; Martinelli, Amato, Bada, Malatesta. Cond., Moranzoni.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Sat., Nov. 24, at 8, Nozze di Figaro. Hempel, Matzenauer, Delaunois; De Luca, Didur, Reiss, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky.
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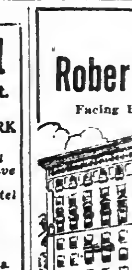

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOV. 17, 1917.

THE LABOR CRISIS.

The next day after one spokesman for the trainmen "unqualifiedly" rejected arbitration, he declared that there would be no railroad strike because the men would accept the award of the President. Also, one day after several districts of coal miners voted that they would strike, they voted that they would negotiate for the new contract containing the clause to which they had most objected. Today most of the strikers in Massachusetts on Government work will return to the plants. At last, happily, labor appreciates that there never was less excuse for strikes than now, when strikes are more numerous than ever. Also, now, strikes are exceptionally contrary to public interest in so far as they are against Government work. No man needs to strike when he can step across the street and get a job without changing his overalls. No employer in his senses will quarrel with his employés now if he can help it. The Government in particular is never an oppressive employer, and is committed to maintaining union conditions of employment. No reasonable request of labor will be refused, or ought to be. But there should be unhesitating refusal to submit to unreasonable demands by any who insist that the reason of their demands shall be tried by their power to enforce them. So far as strikes represent coercion, they should be resisted, for, if not resisted, there is no limit either to the strikes or to the cost of everything produced by labor. That way lie only national defeat and distress, even for those whose wages are raised in that manner.

A struggle with labor is unwelcome and unnecessary until the resources of reason and diplomacy are exhausted. The President is past master of that art, and he needs no counsel. Only a few weeks ago he telegraphed to a railway that it must settle its dispute with its employés or he had the power to take the road over and operate it. That was enough. It was easier to threaten the railway than it is to coerce the workers who say they won't arbitrate. At another time it might be impossible. But there are now new laws, and a new temper regarding old laws. The users of the railways now see that the resources of the railways are rather exhausted than inexhaustible, and that the exhaustion is a public injury rather than an injury to the railways. If the railways cannot be operated by union labor, they can be by other labor, of which there is a tenfold supply. The same is true of work in Government shipbuilding shops, and private shops on Government work. There is no higgling over wages. They are above happy dreams. The men who will not take them because they will not work with nonunionists should have a rude awakening.

If Mr. GOMPERS will support the President, the country will support them both. If the country can support only one of them, the choice will be easy. The idea that Mr. GOMPERS is the predominant partner cannot be entertained, and there are some reasons why it should be repudiated. The Government's representatives sent to settle the Pacific Coast shipbuilding dispute put first on their list of rulings that the unionists' refusal to work on material produced in nonunion shops was inadmissible. When the President next confers with the President of the American Federation of Labor, he might ask Mr. GOMPERS why he rejected the program for the adjustment of labor disputes as proposed by the Advisory Committee. The published reason for the rejection was that he would not accept an arrangement in which labor had an equal third representation, the representatives of the public having the balance of power. Mr. GOMPERS is quoted as saying different things at Buffalo, at Boston, and at Washington. There is no objection to the President making a generous settlement with the representatives of organized labor, for it is not possible to make a settlement with unorganized labor. But it should be a bargain, not a surrender of inalienable rights. One of the visiting British statesmen has said that England would have had to surrender to Germany if it had suffered one-eighth of the labor troubles he had observed here. Now is the time for them to be stopped, preferably by reasonable agreements, but, if necessary, by the President in whatever manner he thinks most in the public interest.

A CLEMENCEAU MINISTRY.

For the second time a Connecticut schoolmaster is to become Prime Minister of France, for one of the experiences in the long, varied, and well-filled life of GEORGES CLEMENCEAU was that of instructing youth in the State of Connecticut. In sending for him to organize the new Ministry, President POINCARÉ gives the support of authority to the accepted belief that the Painlevé Ministry really went out on the Bolo scandal and others of its kind.

Once before CLEMENCEAU has been Prime Minister, from 1906 to 1909, when his firm course with the striking miners and the execution of the law that separated the State from the Church were among the chief exploits of his term of service. But CLEMENCEAU has won more renown by upsetting Ministries than by taking part in their counsels; he is a man of combat rather than of deliberation, a critic and assailant rather than an originator and director of policies. His zeal, courage, fertility, and audacity in assault have been abundantly demonstrated, more amply than his poise and soundness of judgment. But if traitorous enemies of France are to be punished, or German propaganda stamped out, without mercy in either case, CLEMENCEAU is the man of the hour. He is afraid of nobody.

The Chamber voted confidence in the Painlevé Ministry on its prosecution of the war. The vote of confidence was refused specifically on the question whether the whole group of scandals, including the Bolo affair, should be taken up for immediate discussion or postponed until after the meeting of the Interallied Council. When Premier PAINLEVÉ would not assent to taking up that question at once, his Ministry fell.

LORD NORTHCLIFFE'S LETTER.

It is gratifying to know that we appear so greatly to advantage in the eyes of an English observer as Lord NORTHCLIFFE's letter to LLOYD GEORGE indicates. It is gratifying, not so much because praise is always pleasant, as because there have been many among us who have not been confident that we were really putting our best foot foremost, and who will be reassured by this testimony from a bystander who is neither unobservant nor easily pleased. Lord NORTHCLIFFE's habitual attitude toward governments and peoples is one which his friends would call vigilant and his acquaintances would call discontented. During the five months he spent with us he made enough criticisms of our Government to make his laudatory summing-up surprising.

It will startle those gloomy gentlemen who have found the people steeped in apathy and the Government run by boobies to find Lord NORTHCLIFFE holding both people and Government before British eyes as models for imitation. It will disconcert those of them who have been calling on us to look at Canada and weep for our sloth to find him bracketing the United States and Canada together, or rather fusing them inextricably, as interchangeable synonyms for vigor and dash. He contrasts unfavorably the "dallying" of England with "the virile "atmosphere of the United States and "Canada," and in so saying he will greatly depress the spirits of those feverish patriots who have been describing our atmosphere as slumberous. "Those two countries," he says, "are proceeding with a fervor and "enthusiasm little understood on this "side of the Atlantic." And, whatever pain this may give to the British objects of his wrath, it will be pleasure compared with the feelings of those Americans who have been bewailing our stodginess and lethargy and appealing to us to wake up.

But while Americans will be grateful for his compliments, they will hesitate to accept his implication of a contrast between Great Britain and the United States; and they will most certainly be desirous that the British people shall not take his sharp words as reflecting the state of feeling in this country. It is likely that that mistake will be made, unless it is made plain that Americans are not seething with discontent over the shortcomings of the Lloyd George Ministry and are, on the contrary, very well content with it. Though Lord NORTHCLIFFE, we may suppose, had no such intention, the tone of the cabled comments suggests that some of the London newspapers imagine him to be expressing an American dissatisfaction with the present British Government, a dissatisfaction that will soon reach the boiling point. There is no such feeling in this country.

When Lord NORTHCLIFFE tells Mr. GEORGE that rather than sacrifice its blood and treasure vainly the United States will take the direction of the war into its own hands, he is telling what any nation would obviously do in such circumstances. No nation would sacrifice its blood and treasure vainly. It is likely that careless readers may interpret his letter as meaning that America is at present under the impression that its blood and treasure are actually being spent vainly because of the incompetence of the Lloyd George Ministry, and that American sentiment, therefore, favors taking the direction of the war out of such incompetent hands. If any such impression should get abroad in England it would be regrettable, for there is no basis for it. National misunderstandings are easy to start and hard to catch and scotch. Before this one gets fairly under way, let it be thoroughly understood that the feeling to which Lord NORTHCLIFFE gives voice is rather his own than that of Americans, and that, whatever may be the faults of the present British Government, it stands in rather unusually high estimation on this side of the sea.

A LIBERTY GIFT.

Today and the next two days are all the time left to raise the rest, nearly $9,000,000, of the $35,000,000 which the Y. M. C. A. must have for its war work. This is not money for the Y. M. C. A., but for our soldiers and sailors, for the men in the training camps and at the front. No British or French soldier, no American soldier, has anything but the warmest praise and thanks for what the Y. M. C. A. does for the armies and the men learning the business of war. The Y. M. C. A. "hut" is, in France and Flanders, the only place where a soldier can get warm in Winter. Some of us forget that coal in France and Italy is from $80 to $100 a ton.

The Y. M. C. A. "hut" is the soldier's shelter, club, post office, his "country store," gymnasium, library, reading room. He writes his letters home on Y. M. C. A. paper. The Y. M. C. A. furnishes him his stamps. There he bathes and swims and exercises, plays checkers or chess, civilizes and entertains himself, consorts with his friends, breaks the monotony of discipline and training. It is his rest-house, his home, his playground.

It is an incalculable, a necessary and fruitful service that the Y. M. C. A. is doing, and means to do on a larger scale, for our boys. Back it up! Out with the check book! Out with the cash! The subscriptions should be multitudinous. These are our boys. We can't afford to have the rich monopolize the duty and the honor of helping and looking after them. The share of New York State is $9,000,000. Oversubscribe this Liberty Gift before Monday night.

ANTI-GERMAN ANTI-SUFFRAGISTS.

"Women are more apt to decide on the merits of a case than men," says Supreme Court Justice GUY in one of the most original of obiter dicta. His position is being curiously illustrated by contemporary evidence. What shall be thought of the solidity of judgment of those suffragists who, loath to abandon their glory as leaders of the Cause, would enlist the feminists as a separate party? The Amazons were the first sex party, but they were a fighting race, according to their legend, subjugated the inferior sex in their Asia Minor district, and would allow none of them to live among them. A party of women seems about as reasonable and judicious as the Amazonian myth.

There are sentimentalists, more than enough, among the menfolks; and the juries in murder trials seem to be largely recruited from them, but Justice GUY's theory that "women "are less apt to be carried away by "their feelings" must be taken as a paradox or a pretty large cup of honey. The picketers have been demonstrating that theory, no doubt, and a feminine lawyer has just been demonstrating it by another method.

On the other hand, the anti-suffragist women are showing sound judgment as well as sound patriotism. It is queer—or is it natural?—that the very women who were most opposed to votes for women, by their discretion, wisdom, grasp of public policy, and readiness effectively to strengthen the body politic, are furnishing the best argument for the fitness of women for the privilege which has just been granted them in this State. On Nov. 6 the New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage got notice to dissolve. It will soon formally end, but it will be succeeded by a new society, the only test of membership in which will be absolute Americanism. Women of any or no political bias will be welcomed by it if they meet that test. It will fight pacifism, socialism, and all other forms and manifestations of pro-Germanism.

The great Socialist vote in the municipal election, the great increase to be anticipated in that vote on account of woman suffrage, a Socialist and pacifist vehicle, make the proposed action of these former anti-suffragists a public benefit. Suffrage being forced upon them, they are going to make, and help others make, the best use of it. They will still oppose the Federal amendment, but they will give all their energy to the war. By resisting pacifism and socialism, by working for the wiping out of disloyalty in the public schools, by urging patriotic women indifferent about voting to vote, since the unpatriotic women are sure to vote, by educating women on public questions, by steady support of the Government and the war, these women will serve nobly the city, the State, and the nation. They will be a force of intelligence, conservatism, and Americanism directed against the bedevilment and Bolshevikation of representative free government.

"Some women are more apt to decide on the merits of a case than "some men" would be the justified form of Justice GUY's remark. If the majority of the women of New York show the qualities of the anti-suffrage women, the daring prophecy of Municipal Court Justice MARKS, "those of you who have been the "most rabid for the vote will, after "a few years, be the most rabid to "give up the vote," will go the way of Mother SHIPTON's and most other people's vaticinations.

WHY TAKE THE RISK?

The Trading with the Enemy act in Section 4 provides that the President may issue to enemy (or ally of enemy) insurance companies licenses to do business. It has been decided that enemy marine insurance companies shall be barred; with the U-boat campaign in mind, no one need be told the reason. Licenses are now desired by enemy fire insurance companies whose home offices are in Germany, Austria, and Bulgaria. It would not be safe to issue the licenses, however exemplary may have been the conduct of their representatives in this country since the United States entered the war. They would find it impossible to control their pro-enemy subordinates who had access to buildings, among them munition factories, docks, storage warehouses, and wheat elevators, for purposes of inspection and appraisal.

All the certificates of character in the world would not deter a man bent on striking a stealthy blow for the enemy from conspiring to bomb or burn a building and its contents that were needed by the Government in prosecuting the war. There have been too many unexplained fires, too many mysterious explosions. The United States is in this war to whip the enemy, and not to be of any help to him in a business way. It is practically impossible for representatives of enemy fire insurance companies to dissociate themselves from the enemy. As their word cannot be taken for it, the sole question is the security of our Government's war resources. The inconvenience, and even the pecuniary loss, that these enemy companies would suffer by not getting a license is a minor matter. Justice is not involved at all. The United States is at war, and must protect its own interest, also those persons it contracts with and employs.

There is another consideration. As the premiums collected by the enemy fire insurance companies could not be sent out of the country, some of the money taken in and available might be used in propaganda work. Is that fanciful? Only the enemy in a spasm of pumped-up moral indignation would say it was. There may be agents who would not put their funds to such use, just as there are understrappers who would not be privy to a fire or an explosion; but all the representatives of enemy fire insurance companies might not be proof against the temptation to put money at work in the Teutonic cause.

It is said that no American company has reinsurance contracts with enemy fire insurance companies today. Aside from patriotic sentiment, that would obviously be bad business. The enemy companies cannot plead that if they were refused licenses the domestic companies would be handicapped and inconvenienced. By the way, domestic companies would have but little extra business to divide if the enemy companies received no licenses. The premiums they obtain are an insignificant percentage of the total; even that small share has dwindled since Germany started the war.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Indeed We Did Lose Something. In the part of the New-Yorker Staats-Zeitung that gives the readers of that paper a daily lesson in excellent English, BERNARD RIDDER yesterday discussed at great length the unwisdom of those Americans who are endeavoring, not altogether in vain, to stop the teaching in our schools and colleges of what he calls "the language of a people with whom we are for the moment at war." He means, as the rest of the article shows, German, so there would be no use in complaining about the large inadequacy of that particular description of them.

It pleases Mr. RIDDER that somebody connected with the Federal Bureau of Education has recently declared that "a knowledge of German is now more important than it was before the war," and that therefore the study of it should not cease in our high schools and colleges. So far as we are aware, there has been no real antagonism to the teaching of German in colleges—no denial of the many advantages listed by Mr. RIDDER as obtainable by Americans, as by everybody else, from knowledge of as many languages as they can conveniently acquire.

Indeed, we would go even further than Mr. RIDDER does, and lament that so few of us knew German in the years before the war began. Had more of us done so, more of us would have been warned betimes of the plans and preparations for world-conquest that were going on in Germany, and we would not have been as much startled as we were when we finally discovered what doctrines were preached in the German-American press, including the Staats-Zeitung, in the days when practically nobody outside the circle of their own readers paid any attention to what they were saying.

It is highly significant that, aside from realization of the fact that the teaching of foreign languages in public schools of the lower grades is worse than a waste of time, there is no opposition to the study of any living tongue except one. The present hostility to German—such as there is of it—is not due to ignorance of its utility, but because "for the moment," as Mr. RIDDER puts it, the associations of the German language are deeply and justly obnoxious to all who know—and resent—what the German Government has done in the last three years.

Call Knitting a Waste of Energy! Both Secretary DANIELS and Secretary BAKER are quoted by a staff correspondent of The Tribune as saying, in effect, that the clothing provided by the Government for our soldiers and sailors adequately protects them from all the severities of weather they encounter. For that reason, these eminent officials added, the women all over the country who are working so hard to knit woolen sweaters, helmets, wristlets, and stockings for the men in the training camps and in France are wasting their time, or would be, except for the fact that these activities have a reflex influence on themselves—give them a pleasing sense of doing something for their country, and so make them happier and in some degree better!

This is—well, to put it gently, surprising talk. To call it untrue would be disrespectful, but avoidance of a suspicion or fear that it may not be entirely correct—that Messrs. DANIELS and BAKER, in this one matter, have been misinformed—is made difficult by knowledge, or what has very confidently been thought to be knowledge, possessed by a good many thousands of us who have talked with or received letters from men in the service. Great numbers of these men are daily expressing opinions which differ strangely from those ascribed to the two Secretaries, both as to the sufficiency in cold weather of the clothing provided by the Government and as to the very great utility of the garments about which the Secretaries could say nothing better than that they were an innocent and pleasing luxury.

And the Red Cross, an organization not noted for sentimentality or an inclination to waste its energies on supplying luxuries, agrees with the men who are constantly appealing to their friends for more and more knitted garments, and it does not agree with the two Secretaries. At any rate, the Red Cross persistently urges women to ply their needles as fast as they can, and tells them that, no matter how much they do, the needs of the men in training and in service will not be fully met.

Now, who is right and who is wrong? And has Secretary DANIELS's quarrel with the Navy League anything to do with this amazing and highly disquieting conflict of authority?

We Must All Be Detectives. There is no tendency toward a spy-psychosis in the mental constitution of the average and typical American—if any such creature there be. On the contrary, as a result of living all his life in conditions that justified him in taking for granted the loyalty of all his neighbors, he finds it difficult seriously to distrust any of them, even now, and there is yet to be established in him the beginning of a full realization that he cannot safely discuss any subject that interests him in the hearing of anybody who happens to be near.

It is for these reasons, doubtless, that the Department of Justice and the Secret Service officials have united in preparing and circulating a careful and detailed warning to all and sundry to be on their guard against spies working in the interest of the national enemy. They further urge that every good citizen do more than this—that he not only talk only to those whom he thoroughly knows about matters directly or remotely of military importance, but that he take upon himself the duty of reporting promptly to the proper authorities for investigation every suspicious act that comes under his observation.

That is not a pleasant task, but it is one that should be performed, and performed quite regardless of friendly relations that may have existed before the war. We are at war with a desperate foe, and with one that has demonstrated not only its own complete disregard for all the ordinary amenities and restrictions of civilized life, but also an astonishing ability to inspire with its own ruthlessness and utter lack of scruple a minority of uncertain size, certainly not small, of those who feel to it any sort of allegiance, no matter how far or how long they have wandered from their old home.

We need not become hysterical over the spy danger, and we will not become a nation of secret informers, but we must deal with facts and protect our own lives and property. It is well to keep in mind, too, that in all probability most of the spies now used in this country are not Germans.

ART NOTES.

The exhibition at the MacDowell Club this month has a number of admirable features. The pictures look well in one-man groups and there are individual canvases of much more than average merit. Among these are the handsome paintings of Moose Island and its environment, by George Pearse Ennis. A number are full of humorous comment on human types. "Noon at the County Fair," showing a couple of women cooking in a tent, for example, with the gesture of the cook, who is stirring something in a bowl, capitally suggested, and the attitude of both women, at once busy and bored, very cleverly given. The big folds and warm color of the tent lend dignity to the composition. "Moose Island Inlet" is a more serious and difficult piece of work. The painter has made us feel the flat plane of the sea at the horizon, where the color is lightest, and the jeweled glow of the bright houses and sails in the sunlight, without hinting at tawdriness. Bion Barnett is now a camoufleur, which may have suggested his title, "The Red Blueberry Bush," a rather striking little picture in the purity of its reds, which are massed, however, too much in one spot. Martinus Andersen's "Nasturtiums" is an ingenious composition with the flowers in a bowl reflected in the low, curving mirror of an old fashioned sideboard, the frame of which plays an interesting part in the pattern of the design. Alice Judson is at her best in a pearly little coast scene, which she calls "Lobster Boats and Old Houses." William McKillop, Dent Robinson, James Weiland, Maurice G. Debonnet, and Frederick G. Detwiller are the other exhibitors. The exhibition lasts until the 25th of this month.

Cutting Trees for a Retreat?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When the Germans felled or girdled the fruit trees in the part of France that they abandoned, the excuse was that all leafy trees are a military advantage to the army occupying a territory, since they screen movements from the eyes of aerial scouts.

Accepting this excuse at par, it follows that an army is fighting against itself if it destroys the trees of the territory which it occupies and in which it fights.

If so, and if the reports are true that the Germans are now felling the trees of all Belgium, does it not mean that the German Generals do not expect to be holding any Belgian soil when the leaves grow broad next Spring? STEVEN T. BYINGTON.

Ballard Vale, Mass., Nov. 15, 1917.

GERMAN SANS "KULTUR."

A Problem for American Schools and Universities.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On the part of those who have to do with the making up of curricula in our schools and colleges, the question of the place of the German language is receiving considerable attention. There is a reaction, and a perfectly natural one, against everything that has to do with anything that is German. It will be a long time before the allied nations will come to think of anything that bears the mark of Germany other than with abhorrence. Falling in line with this natural reaction there are many educators who are demanding that the study of the German language and German literature shall be completely banished from our schools and colleges. Indeed, there are a number of institutions which have already decreed that no courses in these subjects shall be offered during the present year. They urge that the world has suffered so much from the importation of German notions that it is better entirely to eliminate all things German than to run the risk of further contagion. There is much to be said on this side of the question. Nearly every one who is engaged in college teaching is aware that one or more of his colleagues who obtained their training in Germany are obsessed with the idea of German uprightness and German infallibility. They tell us that they know Germany and the Germans, and that it is simply impossible for them to do the things which have been laid to their charge. The testimony of Dr. van Dyke and Ambassador Gerard, Lord Bryce and Mr. Hoover, and others who are in a position to know with exactness just what they are talking about, is brushed aside because of the deep-seated conviction that the things they tell about simply cannot be true.

Fully admitting the truth of these contentions, and acknowledging that we do not want any further importations of German "Kultur," would we not make a serious blunder if we excluded the German language and literature from our courses of study? The argument that we need German to aid us in scientific investigations still holds, although with diminished force. It is not likely that we shall look to Germany in the future as we have in the past for leadership in scientific investigations. Indeed, the student who should elect to do his work in a German university in the next five years would probably lay himself open to suspicion of disloyalty to his own country. The fact remains, however, that in the German language are stored vast numbers of scientific treatises as yet untranslated which are very necessary for the student of science to read. Again, it cannot be questioned that Germany has produced a great deal which is valuable in literature and music. It would be an illustration of the old adage wherein one cuts off his nose to spite his face if we should deprive ourselves of the opportunity to read Goethe and Schiller and to listen to the music composed by Wagner, Beethoven, and Mozart.

It must not be forgotten that in permitting our students to study German we are taking something of a risk. It is of the greatest importance that care should be exercised in the selection of teachers of German. If we select for our German teachers men who are natives of Germany, there is little doubt but the offensive doctrines, the carrying out of which has caused the great war, will be insidiously instilled into the minds of our students. If German is to be taught, it should be by American teachers who are perfectly clear in their own minds that we are getting the German for the purpose of availing ourselves of what has been accomplished in science, literature, and music. The characteristic features of the German ideals of civilization and progress should constantly be held before the students as ideals to be shunned as we would shun a plague. In this way it would seem that we could get such advantages as would obviously benefit us, freed from the influences which in the past twenty years have corrupted the German nation, and which in a lesser degree have made themselves felt in the influences they have exerted upon Americans whose loyalty was not sufficiently vigorous to withstand the domineering influence of German "Kultur."

JAMES S. STEVENS.

University of Maine, Orono, Nov. 8, 1917.

Work for Suffragists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a strong believer in suffrage for women, may I extend through your paper my grateful thanks to Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch for her letter? There is and should be only one cause before the people of the United States today—America and the winning of her war against Germany. It is futile to say that granting suffrage will make woman's war work more effective. Englishwomen won suffrage by dropping everything concerning the attainment of the vote to work for England. Let us New York women help the women of other States to obtain suffrage at the proper time by working, not to uphold feminine office seekers, not to push further our own recent success, but for America and her war victory first, last, and all the time, and in so doing show every patriotic man in the country what safe, wise, and valuable co-workers we can be, now when each individual American has so much at stake. MARGARET LEIGH.

New York, Nov. 15, 1917.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I send a word of thanks to Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch for her letter in THE NEW YORK TIMES? It must be a help and an inspiration to all women in these troublous days, coming as it does from an acknowledged leader among women. May her counsel be heeded! L. P. B.

New York, Nov. 13, 1917.

AMERICA TO FRANCE.

Take them, O beautiful France,
  Close to your generous breast;
Keep them, my dear dead sons,
  Honored, beloved, at rest.
Under your glorious flag,
  Under your red, white, and blue,
Near to your gallant boys,
  Bury my laddies, too.

France, there are tears in our hearts;
  Bravely we bite back our pain,
Proudly we try to smile
  Over our children slain;
Over the soldiers we bore,
  Over our bravest and best,
Over our loved and lost—
  Lo, we will stand the test!

Sister and comrade and friend,
  Lift up your heart and your head;
Mothers of men are we,
  Mothers of noble dead!
Liberty, Justice, and Right;
  These are the price of their blood,
Shed on your sacred soil—
  Glorious, gallant flood!

Steadfast, I come to your aid,
  Steadfast, I stand by your side,
There where our heroes fell,
  There where our great sons died.
Take them, then, beautiful France,
  Close to your generous breast;
Keep them, my dear dead boys,
  Honored, beloved, at rest.

W. E. P. FRENCH, Major, U. S. A.

PLATTSBURG MEN CHOSEN.

84 Per Cent. of Students Said to Have Won Commissions.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Nov. 16.—With the exception of possibly fifty students, who were specializing at the camp, all the candidates who are to receive commissions have been selected and the names have now gone on to Washington. Officially, no information was given as to the number commissioned, but from a well informed quarter it was stated that the printed list would show not less than 84 per cent. of the camp strength.

As was the case in the first camp, the men commissioned are aware of the fact and have been told not to inform their relatives and friends by telegraph or give the information out publicly as the War Department desires secrecy, but somehow military tailoring establishments in New York City and New England seemed to have made some remarkably close guesses, with the result that the parcel post department of the camp and city post were suddenly loaded down this morning upon the first mail train's arrival with large sized cardboard boxes and all are suspected of containing officers' uniforms made to fit and held under an arrangement whereby the recipient will not have to accept unless commissioned.

This was somewhat of a shock to the one hundred and fifty military furnishing shops which have been run up here to furnish the students. Home tailors in a great many instances got the chance of supplying their former customers, the arrangement and measurements having been accomplished by mail, visits by students, recently, or visits here by the tailors.

The students who have been specializing in various units will all be commissioned, according to the camp commander, but there will be delay and these men will have to return to their homes and await the commissions from Washington. Among these are machine-gun students and those of the camouflage section and the delay is occasioned by the Department failing to provide for them in the instructions, but it is the belief of the camp officers that there will be but little delay. Their names have gone in on an "eligible list."

While not firing at it, artillery students of the New England division had the honor of sending several shrapnel shells over a German U-boat this morning. Two batteries of two three-inch field guns were in position on the reservation near the lake front sending shells across Lake Champlain, a distance of three and a quarter miles, in an attempt to demolish man-size targets set up on a farm at Cumberland Head. Two scows, loaded with the U-boat which was used in New York during the Liberty Loan drive, passed between the firing point and the objective on their way to Montreal, but the fact that it was a U-boat was not recognized at the time.

VENIZELOS COMING HERE.

Intends to Visit America to Express the Gratitude of Greece.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—Premier Venizelos of Greece, who is here conferring with the British Government and also will have a conference with Colonel E. M. House, head of the American Mission, regarding the war, announced today his intention of visiting the United States next Spring. He will be accompanied by M. Versseiopulo, Manager of the Orient Bank in Athens, and expects to visit the chief cities of America.

The Greek Premier, who came to London from Italy with Premier Lloyd George, said today that the spirits of the Greek people were rising and that they were preparing to participate more wholeheartedly in the war.

M. Venizelos said he was anxious to go to America personally to express the gratitude and appreciation of his country for the help and moral support given by the American people and by Greeks in America.

"The friendship of Greeks toward Americans," he continued, "is based not only on American sympathy and aid but on our understanding of American ideals and aspirations, so worthily reflected in President Wilson's utterances in the course of his inspiring leadership."

The Premier, who appeared to be in splendid health, said that only the fainthearted could be affected by the vicissitudes of the war, and that the determination to win the victory could not be shaken.

In connection with the visit to London of Premier Venizelos it is announced that Greek naval airmen participated in recent air raids on the Gallipoli Peninsula and Constantinople. For their work three Greek officers have received British decorations.

Lieut. Commander Moraitinis has received the Distinguished Service Order Medal, and Lieutenants Meltopoulos and Constantinou have won the Distinguished Service Cross. One machine manned by two Greek officers, Chalkias and Lazaris, failed to return.

In the same connection it is announced that "Greek naval and military forces are taking a gallant part in the operations on the Saloniki front."

ISSUES RECRUITING APPEAL.

Chief of Ordnance Wants Several Thousand Skilled Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—A request was made today that the newspapers give publicity to the following official announcement:

"The Motor Section, Carriage Division, of the office of the Chief of Ordnance, will need several thousand skilled men for its work. This section is intrusted with securing all the special motor-driven vehicles for the War Department—such vehicles as four-wheel-drive trucks, caterpillar tractors, armored cars, and tanks—and for work in connection with the maintenance and repair of this equipment, and of field artillery, artillery carriages, trailers, recoil mechanism, &c. Men with experience as mechanics, machinists, blacksmiths, and storage battery experts, are wanted.

"There are four ordnance training camps where men with mechanical ability enlisting for the Ordnance Department are sent for special instruction to fit them for the grades of first-class Sergeant and Ordnance Sergeant. Many of these will later be placed in charge of enlisted men in this service.

"Those wishing to enlist in this service for the period of the war may address the Chief of Ordnance, Motor Section, Carriage Division, 1703 New York Avenue, Washington, D. C.

OPPOSE TAX LEGISLATION.

Federal Advisers Would Avoid New Revenue Laws at Present.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The committee of expert advisers to the Internal Revenue Commissioner on the problems growing out of the collection of war taxes on excess profits let it be known today as their attitude that there ought to be no further revenue legislation until the business men were able to know just what they had to pay under the present excess profits law.

Business men have been wondering as to what further taxes they might be called upon to pay under the wartime demands, and the Government is still wrestling with the problem of the exact definition of capital under the new law.

The committee, which comprises Representative Hull of Tennessee, and well-known bankers, railroad and other business men and economists, is working under the Treasury plan of having constructive co-operation between the Government and the taxpayers in the proper collection of the full amount of all revenue authorized by Congress. They felt, it was stated from the committee today, that talk at this time of further legislation on the subject unduly disturbed business interests at a time when the complexities of the present excess profits law were being straightened out.

Y. M. C. A. GIFTS SHOW TOTAL OF $26,380,658

Leaders Hopeful of Completing $35,000,000 Fund in Three Remaining Days.

DISTRICTS FIGHT FOR LEAD

Eastern Department Passes the Central for First Time Since Campaign Opened.

The Young Men's Christian Association war fund reached a total last night of $26,380,658. Only three days remain to the campaign, but the managers in charge of the drive are hopeful of topping the $35,000,000 mark easily before Monday midnight. George W. Perkins, Chairman of the Finance Committee, sent forth another appeal yesterday to the campaign managers throughout the country urging them to put forth their best and most vigorous efforts in the final three days in order that the campaign might be brought to a successful culmination.

"No worker must think for a minute," said Mr. Perkins, "that the drive is over. On the contrary, now in the final days of the campaign is the time we must all go on our nerve and make sure of the goal."

Among the returns announced at the Midday Luncheon at the Bankers' Club yesterday were contributions amounting to $265,000 from the following corporations: The Utah Copper Company, $100,000; the Standard Oil Company of California, $100,000, making half a million dollars from the various companies in the Standard Oil group; Atlas Powder Company, $25,000; Tiffany & Co., $10,000; Mutual Trust Company, $10,000; Prudential Insurance Company of America, $10,000, and the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, $10,000.

Yesterday's returns again showed the Eastern Department, with headquarters in New York City, and the Central Department, with headquarters in Chicago, to be in a close race for the leadership. For the first time during the campaign the Eastern Department passed the Central with a total of $11,206,889. The total for the Central Department was $9,976,436.

Complete Returns to Date.

The complete returns up to last night were as follows:

Eastern Department		$11,206,889
New York	$6,354,328	
Pennsylvania	2,808,811	
New Jersey	1,183,485	
Maryland	242,671	
Delaware	403,132	
District of Columbia	36,397	
Virginia	178,065	
Northeastern Department		$2,913,[illegible]
Massachusetts	$1,668,221	
Connecticut	543,883	
Rhode Island	181,931	
Maine	87,000	
New Hampshire	100,350	
Vermont	34,500	
Southeastern Department		$529,048
Georgia	$27,331	
Tennessee	137,100	
North Carolina	92,873	
Florida	41,860	
Alabama	108,000	
South Carolina	56,884	
Mississippi	65,000	
Central Department		$9,976,436
Ohio	$2,758,345	
Michigan	481,000	
Illinois	2,711,090	
Indiana	485,000	
Kentucky	236,000	
Wisconsin	428,000	
Minnesota	420,000	
Iowa	540,000	
South Dakota	44,745	
Nebraska	189,000	
Missouri	1,187,334	
Kansas	174,922	
Colorado	200,000	
West Virginia	75,000	
North Dakota	46,000	
Western Department		$948,400
California	$406,000	
Washington	180,000	
Oregon	140,000	
Idaho	45,000	
Montana	89,000	
Utah	75,000	
Nevada	11,400	
Wyoming	2,000	
Southwestern Department		$806,000
Texas	$250,000	
Louisiana	128,000	
Oklahoma	212,000	
Arkansas	104,000	
Arizona	64,000	
New Mexico	25,000	
West Texas	23,000	
Total		$26,380,658

Tells Needs of Pershing's Men.

The first official message from the special commission of four men whom the National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A. sent to France to report on the needs of General Pershing's men, so far as the Y. M. C. A. can supply them, came through by cable yesterday. The men who reported were John Sherman Hoyt of New York, Franklin D. Kirkbride of New York, Douglas L. Elliman of New York, and Philip L. James of Chicago. Their message read as follows:

"Not until we had gone personally over the field had we any conception of the tremendous opportunity and grave responsibility which General Pershing has committed to the Y. M. C. A. In this critical hour helping the men to be true to the highest American ideals may be a deciding factor in winning the war and keeping steadfast to the spirit and aims of its founders the men who will in the future direct the destiny of the nation.

"Facing hardship, unaccustomed conditions, lack of comforts and restraints of home our men need instant help which the Y. M. C. A. only can give if able men, supplies, and the means to support its work are given in lavish measure by the whole country. This Winter is bound to be a critical time for thousands of splendid young Americans. For their sake and in their name, we call for volunteers and the money to provide them with the help and comforts they so richly deserve. The Y. M. C. A. stands for a touch of home in a strange land.

"We must express our absolute indorsement of the splendid work done by our representatives here under the most trying conditions. They, with meagre facilities, have accomplished remarkable results, but, now at the breaking point, they cannot continue to do the impossible unless they receive immediate and adequate support from you and the country at large."

It was announced yesterday that 100,000 members of the Boys' Department of the Y. M. C. A. were engaged throughout the country in earning $10 apiece for the fund, thereby contributing $1,000,000 in all. Scattered reports of the boys' campaign up to yesterday noon showed the Central Department leading with $73,000 and the Eastern Department second with $42,750. The Northeastern Department reported $40,300, the Southeastern $2,400, and the Southwestern $7,240, making a total of $165,710.

Ex-President William Howard Taft started on a speaking tour for the Y. M. C. A. fund yesterday, beginning in Gloucester County, N. J. He spoke last night in Philadelphia. He will speak in Paterson, N. J., today, and tomorrow afternoon he will deliver an address at Poli's Theatre in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—President Wilson today sent his check for $100 to the Young Men's Christian Association War Camp Recreation Fund. It was received by the local committee, which has about $54,000 of its $150,000 allotment.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16.—Total subscriptions obtained in the city today to the Y. M. C. A. War Fund amounted to $257,597, increasing the grand total since the opening of the campaign to $1,194,806.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 16.—Less than $102,000 remained to be subscribed tonight to complete Pittsburgh's quota of $1,500,000 to the Y. M. C. A. war fund. Today's subscriptions amounted to $338,827, making the total amount pledged during the campaign $1,318,035.

BOSTON, Nov. 16.—New England subscriptions to the Young Men's Christian Association war work fund reached a total of $3,304,756 today.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Nov. 16.—Nearly $16,000 has been contributed by students of Vassar College to the National Students' War Fund, which is being raised by the colleges of the United States for war relief. The fund is to be handled by the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A. It also was announced that the students had subscribed $55,875 to the second Liberty Loan.

MRS. F. BLUMENTHAL IS NOW A DUCHESS

Widow of New York Merchant Wed to the Duke of Montmorency in Paris.

CAPTAIN IN FRENCH ARMY

Ambassador Sharp Escorts Bride to the Altar in the Church of St. Pierre du Groscaillou.

Relatives of Mrs. Ferdinand Blumenthal in this city were notified yesterday of her marriage in Paris, on Tuesday, to the Duke of Montmorency, who is a Captain on the General Staff of the French Army. She has a son here, Cecil Blumenthal, and two brothers, Joseph S. Ulman and J. Stevens Ulman. Another son, William Blumenthal, is living abroad.

The engagement was announced about the middle of October. The bride has been a resident of Paris for about twenty years, and her first husband, a prominent merchant of New York, died in October, 1914, while on his way from Naples to New York. The Blumenthal residence at 34 Avenue de Bois de Boulogne, is one of the show places of Paris, and contains a famous collection of art. Mr. Blumenthal had made his home in Paris after his retirement from active business.

The Duke has been a widower for several years, and his first wife was the daughter of the Duke and Duchess de Rohan. He is 48 years old. He was known as Count de Perigord before coming into his present title at the death of his father a few years ago.

The wedding of Mrs. Blumenthal and the Duke was quiet, and was celebrated in the Church of St. Pierre du Groscaillou. The bride walked to the altar with the United States Ambassador, William G. Sharp.

BELGIAN ORPHANS RELEASED

Germany Gives Up 1,000 to Care of American Red Cross.

A thousand Belgian orphans, between 4 and 13, carried far into the interior of Germany when the Teutons first overran Belgium, have been released by their captors and are being cared for by the American Red Cross in France. The monastery of La Grande Chartreuse in the town of Troche has been remodeled into an asylum for the sick and undernourished youngsters. Beyond the fact that "thousands" still are in captivity, no information was conveyed as to the total number taken prisoner, nor as to the prospect of rescuing more of those upon whom agencies devoted to the restoration of Belgium regard as the main hope for the future. The cablegram announcing these facts said:

"Permission was given to use this place for the Belgian children, and it was rented from the Government by the Red Cross, which supplies the funds for the work, while the personnel and management are provided by the Belgian Committee. On Oct. 15, the first 500 little Belgian boys and girls arrived and a week later 500 more, all collected by the Committee de Secours National de Belgique."

Miss Levy to Wed Theodore Prince.

Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Levy, of the Bernard, Seventy-third Street and Central Park West, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Levy, to Theodore Prince, of this city.

Mr. Prince is a member of the Stock Exchange firm of L. M. Prince & Company, leaving law to go into Wall Street about five years ago. In 1904 he ran for Congress on the Republican ticket. He has written articles on many economic questions arising out of the war, including a "Business Man's View of Profit and Patriotism," which appeared in the magazine section of THE TIMES last July.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Dancing Fete for War Camp Service

A dancing and skating fête for the War Camp Community Service will be held at the Grand Central Palace next Monday night. A campaign of selling tickets for the fête in the hotels and downtown section was begun yesterday by members of the National League for Women's Service.

All men in uniform are to be admitted without charge, and a small admission is to be charged to civilians. More than 1,500 officers and men from camps near New York are to attend.

Mrs. C. C. Rumsey, Mrs. Mitchell Hall, 2d, Mrs. Willard D. Straight, and Mrs. C. L. Tiffany are among those directing the affair.

Bridge Tea Nets Army Relief $300.

The auction bridge tea held yesterday afternoon in Corbin Hall, Governors Island, arranged by Miss Mary L. Finley, daughter of Colonel John P. Finley, netted $300 for the Army Relief Society. Twenty-five tables were arranged in the dancing quarters of the hall and tea was served in the reading rooms by Mrs. Finley, wife of Colonel Finley, and by Mrs. Edmund Smith, wife of Captain Smith. There were about 125 people in attendance, and there was a suitable prize for each of the tables.

Winslow Wedding at St. Thomas.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Winslow, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Dana Winslow, of 4 East Tenth Street, and R. Gordon Williams, of Baltimore, will take place at St. Thomas, West Indies, during the first week in December.

Miss Winslow will sail with her parents for St. Thomas on Nov. 28. As Mr. Williams is a paymaster in the United States Navy he was unable to get the necessary leave of absence for his marriage.

Their engagement was announced early this month. Miss Winslow is prominent socially and a member of the Colony Club.

Benefit for British Patriotic Fund.

An entertainment was held in the ballroom of the Ritz-Carlton last night for the benefit of the British Patriotic Fund, followed by dancing. A feature of the evening was a new motion picture entitled "The Belgian." Camp Dugmore spoke, introduced by Major Ian Hay Beith, and Mme. Aida sang, coming after the opera. Among those attending were Brig. Gen. W. A. White of the British Recruiting Staff and Sir Stephenson Kent of the Commission on Munitions.

To be Bride of Lieut. V. S. Henry.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Alice Osborn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Lewis Osborn of Summit, N. J., to Lieutenant Vernon Seton Henry, O. R. C., son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Charles Seton Henry. Lieutenant Henry is in the ordinance department, and has received orders for service abroad. No plans have been announced for the wedding.

Miss Amy Leefe to Wed Lieut. Lau.

Mrs. C. D. Leefe, of Ridgewood, N. J., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Amy C. Leefe, to Lieutenant Frederick T. Lau, of the naval reserve force, formerly of Detroit, Mich. Lieutenant Lau is at present Assistant Surgeon at the Brooklyn Naval Hospital. The wedding will probably take place early in December.

Cooper-Hubbard Wedding Nov. 21.

The wedding of Miss Susan Elizabeth Hubbard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Lee Hubbard of Fayetteville, N. C., to Lieutenant O. F. Cooper, U. S. N., will take place at the First Presbyterian Church, Fayetteville, on Wednesday, Nov. 21. Lieutenant Cooper is Officer in Charge of the United States Navy Recruiting Bureau in this city.

Miss Margaret McBride Engaged.

Thomas J. McBride, of 104 West Seventy-seventh Street, announces the engagement of his daughter, Miss Margaret McBride, to John Leonard Showber, of this city. No date has been set for the wedding.

COURT WILL SENTENCE MRS. WARREN TODAY

One Man Smuggler Gets a Year and Another Eight Months in Prison.

Mrs. Charlotte A. Warren was not sentenced yesterday on her plea of guilty of having made a false declaration to the Customs officials of the value of wearing apparel brought from France in November, 1915. She was in court, but Federal Judge Manton, at the request of her counsel, John W. H. Crim, postponed the matter until this morning. Mr. Crim complained that he had not had sufficient time to inquire into the statement made by Frank E. Carstarphen, the special Government prosecutor, that Mrs. Warren had been guilty of a similar offense in 1905. Mr. Carstarphen objected to further delay, but the court granted the postponement without demur.

Adolph Tenenbaum and Jacob Seiler, diamond cutters, were sentenced by Judge Manton for smuggling. They were charged with returning here from abroad on Dec. 31, 1916, and again on March 10, 1917, with $45,000 worth of bort diamonds, useful for mechanical purposes, on the first trip, and $33,800 worth of the same and $8,000 worth of colored stones on the second trip.

In passing sentence Judge Manton said: "Fines don't seem to do much good in preventing law violations of this character. I have sent people to prison on similar charges who were only mere tools, but I feel that rich and poor must be dealt with alike. The matter has reached a point where severe punishment must follow for the protection of society."

Tenenbaum was sentenced to the Federal prison at Atlanta for a year and a day, and Seiler's sentence was eight months in the Mercer County, N. J., penitentiary.

Mrs. Warren is accused of making a false declaration of the value of her property, and so there is a difference between the two cases.

NEW HERO LAND ATTRACTION

Cheshire Cheese and Its Famous Puddings to be Reproduced.

With the arrival of Edward James Scott and James Wortham, who have been sent under the initiative of the British Foreign Office, another new feature is assured for "Hero Land," the great war relief spectacle, which opens at the Grand Central Palace a week from tonight. The former was for thirty-four years in charge of the famous Cheshire Cheese restaurant, and Wortham is the son of the present manager, and they have come to give New Yorkers both a taste and a glimpse of the Cheshire cheese as it has existed in England since the fifteenth century.

Not only has the British Foreign Office sent the two men here to participate in "Hero Land," but it has made it possible for them to bring a large number of rare old prints, ancient play bills, and much of the china, pewter, and other tableware which has distinguished the Cheshire Cheese. Among other things these men brought more than 1,000 larks, in cold storage, which will go into the famous Cheshire puddings which are to be served at the bazaar. This small game bird is unknown in America, though noted in English cookery and literature for hundreds of years. It is regarded as essential to the success of the Cheshire pudding, of which other ingredients are rump steak, kidneys, mushrooms, oysters, and the secret spice of the Cheshire Cheese, which has been handed down from generation to generation. The pudding tips the scale at 80 pounds when cooked.

That part of the Cheshire Cheese known as the Dr. Samuel Johnson Chop Room is to be reproduced to the minutest detail at "Hero Land."

GERARD HEADS NEW CLUB.

Uptown Business Men to Have Home in Times Square Section.

Business and professional men are to have a new luncheon club. It will be called the Uptown Club, and will have a home on Fifth Avenue, near Forty-second Street. The club will occupy two or three floors in some building in that vicinity. It will be equipped with dressing rooms for commuters who want to change for evening functions, and will have other attractions to offer its members.

James W. Gerard, ex-Ambassador to Germany, is President of the club; George McAneny, Vice President; Harris A. Dunn, Vice President of the Columbia Trust Company, Treasurer, and Julian Gerard, Secretary. The functions of the new organization will be purely social. Its membership roster will carry the names of many prominent in the business and professional life of the city generally, and especially of the district in which it will be located.

On the Board of Governors are Jesse I. Straus, Harris A. Dunn, John Towne, Michael Dreicer, Lawrence B. Elliman, Robert G. Cooke, Louis Wiley, Ezra H. Fitch, Ancell H. Ball, E. Dimon Bird, Julian Gerard, Louis W. Reybourne, J. Howes Burton, William Ziegler, Jr.; J. W. Harriman, Frank Presbrey, Thomas Hastings, Goldwin Starrett, George McAneny, James W. Gerard, Albert B. Ashforth, Michael Friedsam, and Louis V. Stewart.

TRUST FUND FOR BRIDAL PAIR

M. S. Stanoyvich's Serbian Lands and Miss Stevenson's Bonds.

The fact that Miss Beatrice Stevenson, daughter of William W. Stevenson, Controller of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, is to be married next week to Milroy S. Stanoyvich, a Serbian, until recently editor of the Serbian paper Sloboda, became known yesterday when an antenuptial agreement executed by the couple and Mr. Stevenson was filed in the Supreme Court.

The agreement provides that for the mutual benefit of the couple a trust is to be formed of $150,000 worth of land owned by Mr. Stanoyvich in Serbia, and $24,000 in bonds, presented to Miss Stevenson by her father. The trust is to be managed by Mr. Stanoyvich.

Miss Stevenson said last night at her home, 14 Fifth Avenue, that her fiancé's land in Serbia is part of his ancestral estate and that at the last reports the German Government was not in possession. She said that he expects to have a place with the Serbian Government when the war ends. He lived until recently at Oakland, Cal. He came to this country five years ago.

AUGUSTE RODIN GRAVELY ILL

Noted French Sculptor Suffers from Congestion of the Lungs.

PARIS, Nov. 16.—Auguste Rodin, the famous sculptor, is seriously ill. His physician, Dr. Stephen Chauvet, has issued the following bulletin:

"Congestion of the lungs has caused great weakness. The patient's condition is grave."

Auguste Rodin was born in Paris in 1840, and his peculiar style did not gain recognition until 1889. His impressionistic and inspirational works are known throughout the world.

The last time M. Rodin was reported seriously ill, on Jan. 29 of this year, it was revealed later that he had been married to Mlle. Rose Beurre. The sculptor's wife became ill soon afterward, and she died on Feb. 16.

WOMEN'S WAR WORK CHIEF FORUM TOPIC

Mrs. Murphy Tells of Finding Them in Many Occupations Formerly Open Only to Men.

WHERE THEIR MONEY GOES

Some Spend It for Clothes, While in One Town Perfume Is the Great Dissipation.

The present-day industrial condition of woman was the topic of the women who spoke at the regular session of the Woman's Forum, which met at the Hotel Biltmore yesterday morning, although several other subjects had been assigned to the speakers. There was a little talk about the new woman voter.

Mrs. Charles S. Whitman, wife of the Governor, who is a member of the forum, was the guest of honor. Mrs. Whitman is supposed never to make speeches, but rose to say a few words to the women.

"We must congratulate ourselves," said Mrs. Whitman, referring to the enfranchisement of the women, "upon our new privileges and responsibilities, and, O women, let us use them to the best of our ability."

Mrs. Claudi Quigley Murphy, scheduled to speak on "Philosophy of the Kitchen," branched off almost at once to tell of war work conditions of women in Iowa and Ohio, where she had been making a professional survey. Before she began on that topic she told the women that the war might send some of the industries which had been taken from the home back to it—breadmaking for instance. "They say women waste," she said, "and if each woman wastes an ounce of flour on the sides of her pan each time one makes bread, 200,000 women would waste as many ounces, which would be a serious loss. If the baker can make the bread cheaper, let him have the job, for we have a Government standard now which he must keep to."

The women of Iowa, Mrs. Murphy said, have up to the present time done little in the way of self-support. There have been some women teachers and a few in offices. "Now," she said, "I find the women getting into banks, carshops, and acting as ticket agents. In one place women were husking corn, not a few women, but a whole bunch of them. A number were in agriculture. In some of the Ohio towns I found women working in carshops and munition factories. In Toledo they were working in the roundhouse, wiping and oiling the engines and washing cars. They were in the railroad shops and acting as track walkers.

"So many of these women have practically never made money before that it is interesting to know what they do with it. They spend a good deal for clothes, and those who had good clothes before have better ones now, and those who dressed poorly are now dressing well. I heard a story of a girl who was buying shoes. The clerk had brought out tan, gray, and black shoes at $9 a pair. The clerk advised the girl get the gray shoes. 'I'll take them all,' she said. There is one town where the sale of perfume since the girls have gone to work has increased 200 per cent. The sweet odors that rise to heaven from that town must amaze the angels."

Mrs. Murphy told of a discussion among street car men of the proposal to take on women as motormen. Some argued that the women had not the nerve and that they would lose their heads. Finally the President of one company said:

"I have noticed a great many women driving automobiles and they do not run on tracks. If women can drive automobiles through State Street, Chicago, as I have seen them, they certainly can run street cars."

Mrs. Roy Emery Fletcher, Vice President of the Forum, disagreed with Mrs. Murphy as to great numbers of women taking men's places, and doubted that there was at present need of them at least in New York. She spoke as a member of the Committee on Industry of the Council of National Defense.

"I agree that women who have never made money before spend a great deal of it on clothes," she said. "I saw that condition in England, where they said they had sold more cheap furs and more cheap jewelry since women had been doing war work than ever before. They are spending money for food, too, and the women and children are much better for the improved diet. The number of women in industry because of war conditions is more apparent than real," said Mrs. Fletcher. "And I beg to differ with that minister who said the other day that he wished that from one-half to two-thirds of the women knitting were in the munitions factories. There is as yet no shortage of cheap labor in New York State. There are men now looking for work. There is always a greater demand for expert labor than can be supplied. We know that in our own houses we would never let a first-class cook ask a second time for a place."

Mrs. Fletcher had something to say about equal pay for equal work, and said that if the women received the same pay as the men they must do the same kind of work under the same conditions. If special conditions had to be made for them they could not expect it. She said the morals in the munitions plants in England were splendid and that the introduction of women had been a benefit.

Mrs. Jessie L. Higgins as a Liberty Loan worker, spoke on "Feminism and Finance," and told the women they must do all they can to educate the community to buy the new certificates and war saving stamps. She told two stories, showing the ignorance of finances. One was of an old lady who went to her bank to buy many dollars worth of Liberty bonds. When asked about the denomination, she thought it was a personal question and answered that she was a Methodist.

"That is no worse than a man in a book shop," said Mrs. Higgins, "who, when a woman went in to sell him a Liberty bond, said: 'Why I thought that Liberty Statue was paid for long ago.'"

Mrs. Marcus M. Marks was to have spoken on "The Lure of the Knitting Needle," but was unable to be present and Miss Anne Rhodes, who was to have talked on "Americanism," had lost her voice speaking on other topics. Mrs. Robert McKee, daughter of the late President Harrison, and Mrs. John L. Griffith presented a patriotic book, "Defenders of Democracy," which is being sold in the interest of the work of the Militia of Mercy.

WOMEN'S CONVENTION ENDS

Clubs Pledge Their Support to Conservation of Cereals.

ALBANY, Nov. 16.—Election of district Chairmen and the adoption of resolutions completed the work of the annual convention of the New York State Federation of Women's Clubs today. The biennial election of general officers will be held next year.

The new district Chairmen are: Mrs. Charles B. Griffin, Manhattan Beach; Mrs. John Quincy Adams, New York; Mrs. Frederick D. Bidwell, Albany; Mrs. E. C. Whitmyer, Schenectady; Mrs. James C. Greenman, Utica; Mrs. Thomas B. Kattell, Binghamton; Mrs. William H. Robbin, Waterville; Mrs. Lucy Vance, Yonkers.

Among the resolutions adopted was one pledging support to both national and State legislation designed to conserve the supply of cereals, and another protesting against the reduction of appropriations for the administrative purposes of the State Department of Education and of the institutions under its control that receive State funds.

Bordentown Aids Blind Soldiers.

Under the leadership of Miss F. Townsend Rosseel of Bordentown, N. J., a town of 4,500 inhabitants, $825 has just been raised for the American-British-French-Belgian Permanent Blind Relief War Fund by means of a "Salamagundi Shop" at which various articles were sold.

EX-POLICE INSPECTOR JOHN F. FLOOD DEAD

Retired Officer Who Began His Career as a School Teacher Dies in Florida at 57.

The death at West Palm Beach, Fla., of former Inspector John F. Flood of the New York Police Department, was announced at Police Headquarters last night. The body has been sent to the home of his daughter, Mrs. Ernest Hartford, 445 Van Cortlandt Park Avenue, Yonkers. The ex-inspector was 57 years old, and retired from the department in 1913 at his own request because of physical disability.

Before he was appointed to the Police Department as a patrolman in 1886 John Francis Flood was a teacher in the public schools of this city. He was made a Sergeant of Police in 1892, Lieutenant in 1896, Captain in 1900, and assigned as Inspector in 1905, in which capacity he was for a time Borough Inspector of Brooklyn.

He had been employed as confidential secretary and stenographer to Chief Byrnes, who was his close friend, and held the same position under Chiefs Conlon, McCullough, and Devery. He was in charge of the Seventh Inspection District, comprising the Bronx, when he was reduced to the rank of Captain by Police Commissioner Cropsey and sent to command the Bedford Avenue Station, Brooklyn.

Frank W. Kitching Dead.

Frank Wilberforce Kitching, Vice President of the wool brokerage firm of Kitching & Bicknell, Incorporated, and a veteran of the civil war, died early yesterday at his home, 204 West 110th Street, in his seventy-ninth year. Mr. Kitching was born in Massachusetts in 1839, and, coming to this city as a young man, joined a New York volunteer regiment in the civil war. He was captured by the Confederate forces and spent two years in Libby Prison. In 1868 he founded the wool brokerage firm of Kell, Campf & Kitching Brothers.

Earl of Londesborough.

William Francis Henry Denison, second Earl of Londesborough, died in England on Oct. 30, according to word received in this city yesterday. He was born Dec. 30, 1864, the only son of the first Earl, whom he succeeded in the title in 1900. His mother, who died several years ago, was the youngest daughter of the seventh Duke of Beaufort. Lord Londesborough was a Deputy Lieutenant for the East Riding of Yorkshire and formerly a Lieutenant in the Yorkshire Hussars.

Lieutenant Robert Francis James.

News was received in this city yesterday of the death from wounds received in action in France of Lieutenant Robert Francis James, Fifty-first Battalion Australian Imperial Forces. Lieutenant James, who was 28 years old, was the only child of Captain R. W. James, well known in this country and Canada before the war as commander of the White Star Line steamship Teutonic.

Michael Leary.

PENN YAN, N. Y., Nov. 16.—Michael Leary, for many years the friend and adviser of the late Grover Cleveland, died here today. He was born in Ireland in 1847, and coming to this country received his education at the Bloomfield and Penn Yan Academies. He was admitted to the bar in 1869, and since that time had been in practice in Penn Yan. He was a delegate to the Democratic National Conventions of 1884 and 1888, and a member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1890. Mr. Leary was Postmaster of Penn Yan from 1893 to 1899.

Honor Memory of Dr. L. A. Stimson

Exercises in honor of the memory of the late Dr. Lewis Atterbury Stimson, Professor of Surgery of the Cornell University Medical College, were held yesterday in the auditorium of the college, at Twenty-eighth Street and First Avenue. Tributes to his memory were paid in speeches by Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman, President of Cornell; Elihu Root, a lifelong friend of Dr. Stimson; Dr. W. Gilman Thompson, President Howard Townsend of the Board of Governors of New York Hospital, and Dr. Edward L. Keyes.

Mgr. Lavelle Blesses Service Flag.

Mgr. Michael J. Lavelle of St. Patrick's Cathedral blessed a service flag containing 700 stars at the bazaar of the Columbus Volunteers, 171 Cherry Street, last night. The stars represent 700 Italians who have enlisted. The bazaar was for the benefit of dependents of those enlisted.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. PAULINE BYAR, widow of Professor Henry Byar, a musician, died from Bright's disease on Thursday at her home, 455 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 65 years. She had been a member of the Lutheran Church of St. Peter for forty years, and is survived by a son.

HENRY MICHAEL SCHNEIDER, a manufacturer of picture frames and moldings in business with his father, died on Wednesday at his home, 384 Evergreen Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. JENNIE LA SALLE PRESTON, a native of Edinburgh, Scotland, and a resident of Brooklyn for many years, died at her home, 919 Lafayette Avenue, on Wednesday at the age of 77 years. She was the widow of Daniel Burgess Preston.

JOHN S. WILLIAMSON, retired salesman in the grocery line, in which business he had been engaged for more than fifty years, died on Thursday at his home, 136 West Ninety-first Street. Mr. Williamson was 70 years old and was formerly associated with Austin, Nichols & Co. and Acker, Merrall & Condit.

HENRY T. VANDERHOFF, 77 years old, formerly in the roofing business, died from apoplexy on Wednesday at his home, 68 Hull Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. ELIZABETH A. HASTINGS, widow of Andrew K. Hastings, who was a member of the old firm of Hastings & Hahn, wholesale glass merchants in Manhattan, died at her home, 158 East Twenty-second Street, Flatbush, aged 69 years. Mrs. Hastings was for many years active in Baptist Church work in Brooklyn.

MORGAN ALFRED JONES, 76 years old, formerly with the old dry goods firm of Haven & Todd in Manhattan, died on Tuesday at his home, 12 Revere Place, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM JOHN PIERCY, formerly for twenty-nine years chief engineer of the Havemeyer & Elder sugar refinery in Brooklyn and a member of Ridgewood Lodge, No. 710, F. and A. M., died on Thursday at his home, 584 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Vice President of C. S. Littell & Co., wholesale druggists in Manhattan, died from apoplexy on Thursday at his residence, 280 St. John's Place, Brooklyn. Mr. Thompson was a trustee and deacon of Plymouth Church and a member of Long Island Council, No. 173, R. A. He was 54 years old.

CHARLES L. BURCHARD, 68 years old, in the real estate business in Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home, 110 Cedar Avenue, Richmond Hill. He left a widow and two sons.

Mrs. HANNAH A. IRELAND, widow of Treadwell Ireland, is dead at the home of her daughter, 165 Highland Avenue, Brooklyn, in her sixty-sixth year.

Mrs. ANNA E. MARSHALL, widow of Thomas Marshall, who was a Justice in the old Town of Newtown, died on Thursday at the home of her daughter, 56 Mueller Avenue, Maspeth.

MICHAEL GILMORE, 70 years old, a retired patrolman, died at his home, 95 Russell Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday.

VICTOR MAUCARELE DE LAFAYETTE, a direct descendant of the Marquis de Lafayette, died at his home in Taftville, Conn., on Thursday, in his eighty-eighth year.

WILLIS VAN VALKENBURGH, who had been an official law stenographer in this city, died suddenly on Wednesday at Post Graduate Hospital.

THOMAS KENNY, 73 years old, a retired tea and coffee merchant of this city, died on Thursday at his home in Plainfield, N. J.

Dr. GEORGE LINDENMEYER, physician and dermatologist, died yesterday at his home, 605 West 141st Street, in his fifty-second year.

Captain ALFRED A. GALLIANO, who while a member of the old Hull Life Saving Crew, received a Congressional medal for heroism and two decorations from the Massachusetts Humane Society, died in Hull, Mass., yesterday. He was 56 years old.

JOHN D. CRIMMINS LEAVES $5,000,000

Bulk of the Estate Goes to His Children and a Few Bequests to Charities.

GIFTS TO OLD SERVANTS

Trust Fund to Little Sisters of the Poor to Provide Christmas Dinners.

The will of John D. Crimmins, filed yesterday, disposes of an estate estimated at more than $5,000,000, the bulk of which goes to his children. His son, John D. Crimmins, Jr., does not share in the residuary estate as do the others, but gets only half the income from a trust fund of $240,000. The will also gave $1,000 to Mrs. John D. Crimmins, Jr., providing she was living happily with her husband when Mr. Crimmins died. Mrs. Crimmins divorced her husband in Connecticut in June, 1915, on the ground of intemperance, and under the decree receives $125 a month alimony for each of her two children.

The largest charitable bequest is $25,000, to St. Patrick's Cathedral, for the Cathedral College in East Fiftieth Street. The Little Sisters of the Poor get $3,000 in trust, the income to be used for the Christmas dinners established by Mr. Crimmins. Bequests of $1,000 each went to the St. Vincent de Paul Society, St. Vincent's Hospital, and Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum. The following get $500 each: School of St. Catherine of Sienna, St. Francis's Hospital, Presbyterian Hospital, Seton Hospital, Roosevelt Hospital, Mount Sinai Hospital, House of the Good Shepherd, and Servants of Relief for Incurable Cancer. Gifts of $250 each went to Misericordia Hospital, Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary, Sanatorium Gabriel, and Columbus Hospital. The Monastery of Corpus Christi receives $2,500 for the upkeep of the Crimmins family vault.

Bridget Geoghegan, a servant, receives $500, and $1,000 is to be distributed among other family servants. Mr. Crimmins directs that part of his library be sold and that the collection of Irish history and literature be given to the American Irish Historical Society on condition that it is to be well cared for. Otherwise the Catholic University at Washington gets the books.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

As usual, with increasing costs, poor-quality goods are being introduced and being designated as the best.

But trade-marked products must maintain their high quality.

And so we see more and more discriminating Americans paying slightly more and selecting that moderate, mild, mellow Whiskey —Wilson—Real Wilson—That's All!

Decidedly the desirable Whiskey for the Home

FREE CLUB RECIPES—Free booklet of famous club recipes for mixed drinks. Address Wilson, 1 E. 31st St., N. Y. That's All!

Engaged.

HENRY—OSBORN.—Mr. and Mrs. William Lewis Osborn of Summit, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter Miss Alice Osborn, to Lieutenant Vernon Seton Henry, O. R. C., son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Charles Seton Henry. Lieutenant Henry is in the Ordnance Department and expects to sail shortly for the other side.

Married.

BATTEN—WOODRIFF.—At Madison Run, Va., on Nov. 15, Elise Joffray, daughter of John R. P. and Florence Woodriff, to Ensign Loring W. Batten, Jr., son of Dr. and Mrs. Loring W. Batten of New York.

McMARTIN—CRAIG.—On Nov. 15, at Hotel Woodward, New York, Ines M. Craig to Walker McMartin of the 49th Regiment, by Rev. Frank M. Goodchild.

SHEFFER—GIBNEY.—At Linlithgo, N. Y., Oct. 23, 1917, by the Rev. Harold W. Schenck, Edith Louise Gibney and Rev. Homer L. Sheffer.

Brooklyn.

GRILLI—WEISHAUPT.—Nov. 14, Viola E. Weishaupt to Ernest J. Grilli.

Died.

AMER.—On Thursday, Nov. 15, Joseph L. Amer, father of Mrs. Clifford Bucknam, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

BECK.—At her residence, 428 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, on Nov. 15, 1917, Alcesta Beck. Services Saturday afternoon, Nov. 17, at 3 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

BROWN.—Pincus B., on Nov. 16, 1917, in his 61st year, beloved husband of Etta Brown and father of Mrs. B. S. Lissner, Isidore H., and Bessie Brown. Funeral Sunday, Nov. 18, at 1:30 P. M., from 851 Fox St., Bronx. Chicago, Los Angeles, and San Francisco papers please copy.

BRUER.—On Thursday, Nov. 15, 1917, Jerome F. Bruer, aged 29, after a severe illness. Services at the Church of Our Lady of Loretto, Hempstead, L. I., Monday morning at 10 o'clock, where a solemn requiem mass will be said for the repose of his soul. Funeral private.

CANNING.—Suddenly, at Stockbridge, Josephine, eldest daughter of the late Josephine and Cornelius Whitney Canning and beloved sister of Ada Canning Thomas.

CARD.—Mrs. Mary E., widow of the late Horatio R. Card, at her late residence, 61 West 70th St. Funeral notice to follow. Bennington, Vermont, papers please copy.

CASEY.—Margaret F., on Nov. 15, 1917, beloved sister of Michael J. and Annie Felicita Casey. Funeral from her late residence, 233 East 35th St., Saturday, Nov. 17, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at St. Gabriel's Church at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CHERRY.—At his residence, Larchmont, N. Y., Nov. 16, 1917, Moses R. Cherry, aged 70 years. Notice of funeral later.

CLAYLAND.—Nov. 16, 1917, H. M. B. Clayland, aged 100 years 6 months and 13 days. Funeral at 3 P. M. Saturday at 150 Hewes St., Brooklyn. Interment Bridgeport, Ohio. Please omit flowers.

CORMACK.—On Nov. 16, 1917, Donald C., son of the late Henry M. and Marian Cormack, age 33 years. Remains at funeral parlor of E. H. Crane, Inc., 268 8th Av., until Saturday, 10 P. M. Burial at Port Ewen, N. Y., on Sunday, at 2:30 P. M.

DALE.—On Nov. 15, at Philadelphia, Penn., Eugenie E., widow of the late John G. Dale, in her 84th year. Funeral services at Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St., on Saturday morning, Nov. 17, at 10 o'clock.

DAVIDSON.—Edward, Nov. 15. Funeral services at home, 120 West 101st St., Sunday afternoon. Washington papers please copy.

DAVIDSON.—Edward L., aged 35, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Davidson and beloved husband of Rose Davidson, Nov. 16. Funeral from his late home, 610 West 141st St., Sunday morning, 10 o'clock.

DAVIDSON.—Edward L. Bronx Lodge No. 860, F. & A. M.—Brethren are requested to pay their last tribute of respect to our late brother, Edward L. Davidson, Sunday morning, 9:30, Nov. 18, at 610 West 141st St.
ELIAS G. MUNK, Master.
HENRY COHN, Secretary.

EDWARDS.—On Nov. 14, Charles A., beloved husband of Emily Bethel Edwards. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell Building, 1,970 Broadway, on Sunday, 2 P. M. Members of Long Island Lodge 382, F. & A. M., are invited to attend.

FESSENDEN.—At her residence, 86 Glenbrook Road, Stamford, Conn., Nov. 16, 1917, Abby C. Fessenden, daughter of the late Rev. Samuel C. Fessenden and Mary A. G. A. Fessenden. Funeral private. It is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent.

FLOOD.—John Francis, suddenly, on Nov. 16, 1917, at West Palm Beach, Fla. Funeral from home of his daughter, Mrs. Ernest Hartford, 445 Van Cortlandt Park Av., Yonkers, N. Y., at a date to be announced.

FLORIS.—Joseph, suddenly, on Nov. 16, 169 West 73d St.

FOX.—Albert M., Nov. 14, 1917, in Chicago, Ill. Funeral services from residence of his sister, Mrs. Marion K. Avery, 40 7th Av., corner 13th St., New York City, Sunday, Nov. 18, 1917, at 1 P. M. Interment Maple Grove Cemetery. Pittsburgh, Penn., and Syracuse, N. Y., papers please copy.

HARVEY.—On Nov. 14, in his 28th year, James Harvey, beloved son of William and Jennie Harvey (Rogers.) Funeral services at his late residence, St. Albans, L. I., Saturday, at 7:45 P. M. Interment private.

JACKSON.—At his home, Watermill, Long Island, on Nov. 15, 1917, Henry Martyn Jackson, son of the late Lewis E. and Phebe C. Jackson, and husband of the late Ines B. Lockwood, in the 67th year of his age. Funeral Sunday, at 3 P. M. Burial at Woodlawn Cemetery Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

KATZENBERG.—At Lakewood, N. J., Nov. 15, 1917, Sophia, beloved wife of the late Henry Katzenberg, mother of Edward, Berthold, and Fanny Waters. Funeral from Kolb's undertaking establishment, 2d Av., between 52d and 53d Sts., on Sunday, at 10 A. M.

KENDALL.—On Friday, Nov. 16, 1917, Harriett M. Kendall, widow of the late William B. Kendall of Brooklyn, N. Y., in her 82d year. Funeral services at her late residence, West Islip, L. I., Monday, Nov. 19, 11 A. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery at convenience of the family. Carriages will be in waiting at the Babylon station on arrival of the train leaving Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 9:24 A. M. Boston papers please copy.

KENNY.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Thursday, Nov. 15, 1917, Thomas Kenny, in his 73d year. Services at his late residence, 1,007 West 7th St., Plainfield, N. J. Sunday, Nov. 18, at 3:30 P. M. Interment at Kensico, N. Y.

Died.

KITCHING.—Frank Wilberforce Kitching, beloved husband of Grace E. Barnes Kitching, suddenly, on Nov. 16, 1917, at his residence, 204 West 110th St. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, between 66th and 67th Sts., Monday morning, 10 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

LEVY.—102 Park Place, Brooklyn, in his 81st year, Abraham M., beloved husband of Susie Mayer Levy, and devoted father of Gladys, and brother of Simon, David, Louis, Milton Levy, and Mrs. Mark Mayer. Funeral services will be held at the Temple Beth Elohim, 8th Av. and Garfield Place, Brooklyn, on Monday, Nov. 19, at 2 o'clock. Relatives, friends, and all societies with which he was connected are invited to attend.

LINDENMEYR.—Nov. 15, 1917, George Lindenmeyr, M. D. Services at 605 West 141st St., on Saturday, at 8 P. M. Funeral private.

MARTIN.—At his residence, 385 East 136th St., on Friday, Nov. 16, 1917, Patrick Martin, aged 75 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MILLER.—At a meeting of the Vestry of St. Thomas's Church, held on Friday, Nov. 16, the following preamble and resolutions were passed:

Whereas, On the fourteenth day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and seventeen, George Macculloch Miller entered into life eternal, and

Whereas, Mr. Miller was for more than forty years a Vestryman of St. Thomas's Church, and for sixteen years Senior Warden;

Resolved, That we, the Rector, Wardens, and Vestrymen, desire to place upon record our sorrow at losing a valued and beloved colleague, our admiration for his Christian character, his strong and reasonable churchmanship, his deep wisdom, and his unfailing courtesy, and to express our gratitude to God for a life of rare devotion, the story of whose service has through more than half a century filled many pages in the history of this diocese and this parish, and of the charities and philanthropies of New York.

Resolved, That we offer the assurance of our deepest sympathy to the family of our dear friend, and that we send to them a suitably engrossed copy of these resolutions.

MURRAY.—On Thursday, Nov. 15, Mrs. Kate Murray, widow of James Murray, aged 71 years, for 29 years faithful friend and member of the household of Melbert B. Carey.

O'DONNELL.—On Nov. 15, 1917, at her residence, 79 Manhattan Av., New York City, Mary A., widow of the late Francis X. O'Donnell. Funeral on Saturday. Requiem mass at the Church of the Ascension, West 107th St., at 10 A. M.

PALMER.—Society of Colonial Wars in the State of New York, 43 Cedar St., New York. It is with deep regret that announcement is made to the members of the Society of the death, on Nov. 11, 1917, at Pau, France, of their late associate, Henry Brewster Palmer, No. 1,520 on the Roll.
DE WITT CLINTON FALLS, Governor.
FREDERICK DWIGHT, Secretary.

RAFFO.—After a long illness, Antonio Raffo, in his 64th year, leaving surviving his beloved wife Louise, three sons and two daughters. Funeral from his late residence, 44 King St., Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, at 10 A. M., thence to St. Anthony's Church, Sullivan, near West Houston St., where a requiem high mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

RICE.—Nov. 13, 1917, at Charleston, Ma., Henry Rice, aged 77 years, 11 months and 24 days. For many years a member of Manhattan Lodge 72, F. & A. M., and of 44th St. M. E. Church since its formation. Friends are invited to attend his funeral at his former residence, 218 Nepperhan Av., Yonkers, N. Y. Masonic services at 8 P. M., Saturday. Interment Greenwood Cemetery, Sunday, 10 A. M.

SCHWARZ.—Margaret, suddenly, on Nov. 16, at her residence, 304 West 102d St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SHIPPEN.—On Thursday, Nov. 15, 1917, at her residence, 302 Lexington Av., Georgie, daughter of the late William W. and Georgina E. Shippen. Funeral services at the Church of the Incarnation, 35th St. and Madison Av., on Monday, Nov. 19, at 10 A. M. Interment at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

SITT.—On Nov. 16, Peter Joseph, beloved husband of Anna Sitt, (nee Seyfarth,) aged 78 years. Services Saturday evening at 8 P. M. Funeral Sunday morning at 10 A. M. from his late residence, 2,069 Valentine Av., Bronx. Interment private.

TAYLOR.—On Nov. 16, at Westbrook, Conn., Mary E. Whitson, wife of Major Edgar J. Taylor, in the 54th year of her age. Funeral at Friends' Meeting House, 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Nov. 18, at 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

VAN VALKENBURGH.—Willis, suddenly, on Wednesday evening, Nov. 14, at the Post Graduate Hospital, this city. Funeral services Saturday afternoon, Nov. 17, 2:30 P. M., at the residence of his brother, 418 7th St., Brooklyn.

VAN WINKLE.—On Thursday, Nov. 15, 1917, Rev. Isaac Van Winkle, in his 71st year, Rector of St. Clement's Church in the City of New York and eighteen years rector of St. Luke's Chapel, Paris, France. Funeral service on Saturday, Nov. 17, 1917, at 11 A. M., Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York City. Interment Cold Spring on Hudson, N. Y. English and French papers please copy.

WILLIAMS.—On Thursday, Nov. 15, 1917, Cecilia Margaret, eldest daughter of the late Edward Philip and Elinor Hayes Williams. Funeral private from the residence of her nephew, Luther B. Wyman, 600 Park Place, Brooklyn.

WILLIAMSON.—On Nov. 15, 1917, John Stanbrough Williamson, at his residence, 126 West 91st St. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, 66th and 67th Sts., Saturday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment Nov. 18, 1917, at Milford, Penn.

ANDERSON.—Matthew, 2,779 Briggs Av., Bronx, Nov. 15.

BERLINER.—David, 1,537 1st Av., Nov. 15.

CORCORAN.—Michael, 73 West 101st St., Nov. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

DUNN.—Bridget M., 224 8th Av., Nov. 15. Funeral today, 9:45 A. M.

GAILLARD.—George D., 680 Tinton Av., Bronx, Nov. 14. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

GRIFFIN.—Michael, 164 East 108th St., Nov. 14. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

HUGHES.—Bernard, 501 West 47th St., Nov. 15, aged 52. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

KAVANAUGH.—Edward T., 467 Canal St., Nov. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

LUDEWIG.—Carl H., 1,244 Tinton Av., Bronx, Nov. 15, aged 51. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

MERZ.—Marie B., 174 East 85th St., Nov. 15, aged 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MISFELDT.—Marie E., 383 East 138th St., Nov. 14, aged 74. Funeral private.

O'CONNELL.—Ellen, 1,672 1st Av., Nov. 15. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

RAHILLY.—Robert, 130 East 89th St., Nov. 14.

WALTER.—Marcus, 766 Columbus Av., Nov. 14, aged 37. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

WETZLER.—Eleonra, 566 West 162d St., Nov. 15, aged 88. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

WHEELER.—Bernard, Nov. 14, aged 28. Funeral 917 2d Av.

Brooklyn.

BEARD.—Clarissa B., 168 Washington Park, Nov. 15.

BLUST.—Emil, 52 Euclid Av., Nov. 15, aged 66. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

BYAR.—Pauline, 455 De Kalb Av., Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

CARMAN.—Samuel, 17 Sumpter St., Nov. 15, aged 35. Funeral tomorrow 2 P. M.

DIEMER.—A., 857 Woodward Av., Nov. 16, aged 44. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Died.

DINES.—Virginia, 346 Hamilton Av., Nov. 15. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DOHERTY.—Dorothea F., 29 St. Mark's Av., Nov. 15. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

EGGERS.—William J., 312 Classon Av., Nov. 15, aged 66. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

EVERSMEYER.—William, 249 Ryerson St., Nov. 15, aged 73. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

FIELD.—John, 335 95th St., Nov. 14, aged 77. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GILMORE.—Michael, 95 Russell St., Nov. 15, aged 70. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

GLASER.—Karl, 125 Noll St., Nov. 14, aged 47.

HILL.—Sarah A., 892 Liberty Av., Nov. 14, aged 72.

JOHNSON.—James V. L., 275 12th St., Nov. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 3 P. M.

KING.—Calvin B., 215 McDonough St., Nov. 15, aged 73. Funeral private.

KOLBENSCHLAG.—Magdalena, 49 High St., Nov. 14, aged 67. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LARKIN.—George, 339 Sackett St., Nov. 15, aged 65. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

LARSEN.—Charles W., 55 88th St., Nov. 15, aged 53. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

LAUENSTEIN.—Louise, 368 17th St., Nov. 14. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LAWRENCE.—Frank, 384 3d St., Nov. 16, aged 60. Funeral Nov. 19, 10 A. M.

LIVINGSTON.—Bertha, 468 Marion St., Nov. 14.

McCORMACK.—Elizabeth M., 12 Hausman St., Nov. 15. Funeral Nov. 19.

McLEOD.—Lillian, 481a Quincy St., Nov. 16, aged 26. Funeral notice later.

O'LOUGHLIN.—Mary, 327 Degraw St., Nov. 14. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

PLUMBO.—Anna M., Home for Aged, Nov. 14.

RAPHAEL.—Sidney, 100 6th Av., Nov. 15.

RAUSCH.—Anthony F., 52 Cumberland St., Nov. 15. Funeral Nov. 19, 9:30 A. M.

REDMOND.—Clara L., 911 Lincoln Place, Nov. 15. Funeral private.

REILLY.—Mary, 93 Ross St., Nov. 14. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

SCHNEIDER.—Henry M., 384 Evergreen Av., Nov. 14, aged 31. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SEPHTON.—Gertrude F., 275 Ridgewood Av., Nov. 15, aged 21. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

Jersey City and Newark.

BILGER.—Cornel, 306 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Nov. 15. Funeral Nov. 19.

BUTLER.—Julia F., Newark, Nov. 16. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

CADELL.—Clara, 331 New St., Newark, Nov. 15. Funeral Nov. 19, 8 A. M.

CONROY.—John F., 73 Congress St., Newark, Nov. 15. Funeral Nov. 19.

FAY.—Mary, 3,027 Boulevard, Jersey City, Nov. 16.

FINN.—John J., 441 Bergen Av., Jersey City, Nov. 16, aged 22. Funeral Nov. 19.

HORNBY.—Frank A., 54 Storms Av., Jersey City, Nov. 15. Funeral today.

HUNT.—Charles T., 122 South St., Newark, Nov. 16, aged 69. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

KOCH.—William, 156 Verona Av., Newark, Nov. 15. Funeral service today.

MEHARG.—John C., 232 Wegman Parkway, Jersey City, Nov. 15.

PARSONS.—Emma, 240 North 4th St., Newark, Nov. 15. Funeral private.

REGNER.—John, 357 New York Av., Newark, Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

RENZ.—Dorothy, Newark, Nov. 15. Funeral today.

RIES.—George A., 766 Bergen St., Newark, Nov. 16, aged 25.

TREACY.—Mary A., 179 Dwight Av., Jersey City, Nov. 16, aged 25. Funeral Nov. 19.

VAN DYKE.—Alice J., 43 Green St., Newark, Nov. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

VAN NESS.—John H., 69 Bloomfield Av., Newark, Nov. 16.

WALZ.—Theresa, 483 South 11th St., Newark, Nov. 16. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

ZIMMERMAN.—William J., 537 Ferry St., Newark, Nov. 15. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

Long Island.

THURSTON.—Margaret M., Bayside, Nov. 15, aged 81. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

VAN DINE.—William S., Jamaica, Nov. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

WARD.—John J., Woodhaven, Nov. 15, aged 50. Funeral private.

In Memoriam.

GALLAWAY.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Merchants National Bank of the City of New York held Nov. 15, 1917, the following minute and resolution were unanimously adopted: The Board of Directors of the Merchants National Bank of the City of New York record upon their minutes the death of Robert Macy Gallaway, until lately President of the bank. His wise and prudent administration of its affairs extended to nearly twenty-five years, and during all that time he maintained undiminished its honorable tradition among the banking institutions of this city and of the United States. The integrity of his character was its security and its ornament. Large experience and intimate relations with commerce and finance informed his sound judgment and enabled him greatly to enlarge the business of the bank and to increase its prosperity. His name will remain worthily linked with the notable succession of eminent men who for more than a century have filled the office which he so long occupied.

Resolved, That a copy of this minute, suitably engrossed, be sent to the bereaved family of Mr. Gallaway.
RAYMOND E. JONES, Vice President.
OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier and Secretary of the Board.

McKEON.—Elizabeth A., in memory of, died Nov. 17, 1916.

QUINN.—Bridget, mass St. James's Church, Newark, today, 7:30 A. M.

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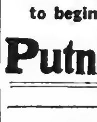

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE Board of Managers, Life Members, and Annual Members that, pursuant to the By-Laws of the Association, the Annual Meeting of the NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR will be held in the Trustees' Room, United Charities Building, 105 East 22nd Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, on November 26th, 1917, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Managers for the coming year and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. A meeting of the Board of Managers for the election of officers and other routine business will be held immediately after the Annual Meeting.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Ticker Has Little to Do While Floor Traders Stand Aloof —List Irregular.

An interesting situation has grown out of the attempts of the Stock Exchange authorities to regulate short selling. When the original ruling was made calling for statements from brokers of stocks borrowed to make deliveries for customers no appreciable change appeared in the volume of activity. The supplementary ruling asking for the names of floor traders selling stocks short was undoubtedly responsible for an immediate reduction in activity and for a further contraction yesterday. The total dealings were but 273,000 shares, the smallest day's business seen since the middle of August. Conditions have made for less activity, aside from the new policy of supervision of floor traders, but they fail to account for such a drastic falling off in business and the conviction that it has been largely due to the temporary withdrawal of the floor traders from the market has been borne out by the attitude of the members themselves. It is evident that some of them resent the action of the Governors or fear to go on record at this time. It is not to be supposed that this aloofness will long continue, but the withdrawal of professional operators is undoubtedly serving a very good purpose just now in making it easier for the market to adjust itself to the rapid changes in both the domestic and foreign problems, and while price changes, lacking the stabilizing influence of the buying and selling that only originate on the floor, have been somewhat more violent, the net result on the whole has been highly beneficial.

Yesterday's market was very irregular, but inclined to firmness. There again occurred some wide price swings on small transactions, but in most instances the net changes were of little importance. There is little investment business coming in outside of odd-lot buying and the general disposition is to proceed cautiously until the critical developments under way on the Continent have been completed.

A significant reflection of the workings of the higher costs of materials and labor is to be seen in the application of the express companies for an increase in rates on their transportation business. This industry is handling more shipments than ever before and on the surface should be exceedingly prosperous, but present day costs, not allowing for any return upon the capital stocks, are larger than the gross revenues from the packages handled. The inevitable conclusion drawn by the express company executives is that shippers must either be prepared to pay higher rates, or see the service discontinued.

No testimony so far introduced at the railway rate hearings has carried such weight as that given yesterday by Paul M. Warburg of the Federal Reserve Board. Mr. Warburg, by virtue of his position, comes as near to being a disinterested expert as could be found, and his wide experience as a banker entitles his diagnosis as to the causes for the inability of the railroads to borrow money to the thoughtful consideration of every one, whether interested in the pending cases as a stockholder or as a buyer of transportation.

LONDON MARKET IS QUIET.

Money in Better Supply and Discount Rates Are Quiet.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—The stock market was quiet today, with shipping shares and Scandinavian bonds again firm and active features. The war loan was steadily supported and American Marconi was firm, but several industrials reacted under profit-taking. Russian issues were steady.

Money was in better supply and discount rates were steady.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 16.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 59 francs 75 centimes for cash. Exchange on London (unofficial) 27 francs 32 centimes. Five per cent. loan 87 francs 70 centimes.

Russian Banks Reported Closed.

The New York agency of the Russo-Asiatic Bank has received the following cable from Petrograd:

"Owing to political events the State and private banks have been closed since Nov. 7. Operations in transfers have been suspended since Nov. 6."

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	4	Last	3¾
Low	3½	Renewals	4

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5¼	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5½
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5½
Five months	5¼@5¾	Five months	5½@5¾
Six months	5½@5¾	Six months	5½@5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....3¼@3½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....3¼@3¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....4¼@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.
30 to 60 days....5
4 to 6 months....5¼
Other Names.
4 to 6 months....5½@5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.7515	$4.7515	$4.7515	..
Cables	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.75¾	..
Cables	5.74¼	5.74½	5.74¼	—.00¼
Rubles—				
Demand	12.30	12.55	12.60	+.05
Cables	13.05	12.80	13.05	+.05

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7515	$4.76 7/16
5.1826	Paris	5.75¾	5.74
	China—		
	Hongkong	71.00	71.25
	Peking	106.00	106.25
	Shanghai	99.00	99.25
19.295	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.19	Holland	44.00	44.50
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.00	35.25
	Calcutta	35.00	35.25
5.1826	Italy	8.55	8.54
49.84	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.75	52.00
	Yokohama	51.25	52.00
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	50.125	50.25
51.50	Russia	12.80	13.05
26.79	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	43.00	43.50
	Copenhagen	35.00	35.50
	Christiania	35.00	35.50
19.295	Spain	23.47	23.56
	South America—		
32.42	Rio	25.31	25.41
42.44	Buenos Aires	45.26	45.36
5.1826	Switzerland	4.41¾	4.39

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¼	$4.69¼	$4.70½	$4.68½

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $791,982,024; balance, $81,274,069; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,278,863; Federal Reserve credit balance, $54,512,912.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .3125@.46875 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 43½d, unchanged in New York, 85¾c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 65½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$6,395,396	$66,952,116
Ord. internal revenue	46,634,935	233,037,302
Income tax	3,884,683	29,626,035
Miscellaneous	5,072,227	53,681,497
Total receipts	$61,987,241	$385,296,950
Excess of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	185,966,936	1,159,452,923
Excess of total disburse. over total receipts	226,323,619	335,535,892
Expenditures	247,954,177	1,544,749,874

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, NOV. 16, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	273,175	2,056,020	588,642
Year to date	166,583,206	189,504,622	156,380,860

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
2¾	3	300	Alaska Gold Mines	3	3	3	3	...
16¾	17	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	+¼
70½	71½	200	Am. Beet Sugar	71	71	70¾	70¾	+¾
32⅞	33	2,900	Am. Can	32	33⅜	32	32⅞	+¾
90¼	95	100	Am. Can pf	94	94	94	94	+¼
62½	63	600	Am. Car & Fdry	61	62½	61	62½	+1⅝
99⅞	..	300	Am. Car & Fdry pf	103	103	100	100	−6
24⅛	26	200	Am. Cotton Oil	25	25	25	25	+⅛
80	85	100	Am. Express	81	81	81	81	+1
52¾	53¾	1,900	Am. International	52	53¾	52	52¾	−1¼
24⅞	25	1,800	Am. Linseed	24¾	25⅛	24¾	25	+¼
68	68½	800	Am. Linseed pf	66¾	68½	66¾	68	+1¾
50¼	50½	2,200	Am. Locomotive	49½	50⅝	49½	50⅛	+1⅛
72	72¼	3,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	72	72¼	71⅝	72	+⅝
99	100	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	−⅞
52½	53½	100	Am. Steel F'dries	53	53	53	53	...
92	93	200	Am. Sugar Ref	92	92	92	92	+½
51½	52	100	Am. Sumatra Tob	52½	52½	52½	52½	+¾
106½	107	1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel	107	107¼	107	107	−¼
169	170	300	Am. Tobacco	169¾	169¾	169½	169½	+⅛
40½	41½	300	Am. Woolen	40½	40¾	40½	40¾	+¾
86	88¼	300	Am. Woolen pf	87	87	87	87	−1⅜
17½	20	200	Am. Writing P. pf	17	17	17	17	...
54¾	55	2,400	Anaconda Copper	55	55¼	54½	55	+¼
52½	53⅛	200	Associated Oil	53	53	52½	52½	−1
83½	84½	700	Atch., Top. & S. F.	84	84	84	84	−½
84	86	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	−½
92	95	200	Atlantic Coast Line	95⅛	95⅛	94⅞	94⅞	−⅞
95¾	96¼	600	At., Gulf & West I.	96¾	96⅞	95¾	96⅞	+⅞
54¾	55	9,100	Baldwin Loco	53¾	55⅝	53¾	54⅞	+1⅜
50	50¼	4,400	Baltimore & Ohio	51¼	51¼	50⅛	50⅛	−1⅛
59	60¼	300	Baltimore & O. pf	60¼	60¼	60	60	−1
87½	88	300	Barrett Co	88	88	87¾	87¾	−¼
1	1⅛	100	Batopilas Mining	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+⅛
77¾	78¼	14,900	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c.	77⅞	78⅝	76¾	78	+1
97⅞	98	900	Beth. S. pf.sub.r.f.p.	97½	98	97½	98	+⅝
41½	42	1,600	Bklyn Rapid Tran	42½	42½	41	41½	−½
106	107½	1,700	Burns Brothers	104⅛	107½	104⅛	107¼	+3½
9	13	200	Butterick Co	10	10	10	10	−1
10⅜	11	100	California Petrol	11	11	11	11	...
130⅝	131	13,600	Canadian Pacific	132½	132¾	130½	130¾	−1½
61	61½	1,000	Central Leather Co.	61¾	62	61	61	+⅛
31	33	100	Cerro de Pasco	30½	30½	30½	30½	+¼
60	61	100	Chandler Motor	62	62	62	62	+2
46	46¾	1,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	46½	46⅞	45⅞	45⅞	−⅝
6¾	7¼	100	Chi. Great Western	7	7	7	7	...
15¾	20	100	Chi. Great West. pf	20	20	20	20	...
36¾	37	1,900	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	36½	37¼	36½	36½	−½
75¼	76	200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	75⅞	75⅞	75½	75½	+1
94½	95	300	Chi. & Northwest	95	95	94½	94½	...
18	18½	500	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c.	18½	18½	18	18	−⅝
49⅛	49½	100	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c.	49½	49½	49½	49½	−¼
39¾	40¼	500	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	40¼	40½	40	40	−¼
13½	13¾	700	Chile Copper	13¾	13¾	13⅝	13¾	+¼
38⅛	38¾	1,000	Chino Copper	38⅛	38¾	38⅛	38¼	...
28	28¼	900	Columbia Gas & El	28⅛	28¼	28	28¼	...
81⅛	82	800	Consolidated Gas	81	82	81	82	+1¾
25	26	600	Corn Products Ref	25¼	25½	25	25¼	+⅛
52¾	53	1,400	Crucible Steel	52½	53½	52½	53	+¼
85	88	200	Crucible Steel pf	85¼	86	85¼	86	+1
25⅞	26½	200	Cuba Cane Sugar	26⅛	26¼	26⅛	26⅛	−⅜
76½	77	900	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	77⅞	77⅞	77	77	−¾
95½	97	300	Deere & Co. pf	96	96	95¼	96	−1½
93	95¼	5,960	Del. & Hudson	96	96	93	93¼	−3¾
180	185	100	Del., Lack. & West	180	180	180	180	−5
33	33⅛	900	Distillers' Secur	33	33½	33	33	+⅝
6⅝	6⅞	200	Dome Mines	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	...
21	28⅞	100	Elk Horn Coal	22	22	22	22	+2
13⅞	14	1,400	Erie	14⅛	14⅛	13⅞	14	−⅛
21	21½	600	Erie 1st pf	21¼	21¼	21	21	−½
11	12	100	Federal Min. & S.	12	12	12	12	...
32	32½	200	Gaston, W. & W.	32⅛	32½	32⅛	32½	+½
150	170	200	General Chemical	161	162	161	162	−3
30	36	200	General Cigar	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	−1⅞
125	130	100	General Electric	125	125	125	125	+½
85⅝	86	15,900	General Motors	83¼	86½	83¼	85⅝	+2⅝
32¾	33	700	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	33	33	33	33	...
89⅞	90	1,600	Great Northern pf	90⅞	91¼	89⅞	90	−⅞
24	24½	400	G. N. ctfs. for o. p.	24⅜	24⅜	24⅛	24⅛	−¼
34	35	500	Greene-Cananea	34	34⅛	34	34⅛	−⅛
80	83	300	Gulf States Steel	80	82	80	80½	+½
27¾	29	100	Haskell & Barker	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	+½
40¾	41	1,100	Inspiration Copper	40¾	40⅞	40⅛	40¾	+¼
6⅞	6¼	300	Interboro Consol	6½	6½	6⅜	6⅜	−⅛
42½	43½	200	Interboro Con. pf	43	43	43	43	...
101⅜	103	1,200	Int. Harvester, N.J.	101⅜	102	101	102	...
52	55	100	Int. Harvester Corp.	51½	51½	51½	51½	+¾
96	100	100	Int. Harv. Corp. pf	98	98	98	98	−⅛
96	100	34	Do., odd lot	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	...
24⅝	24⅞	3,000	Int. Mer. Marine	24½	25¼	24½	24¾	...
91⅜	91⅞	27,700	Int. Mer. Marine pf	91	92½	90½	91⅜	+1
25½	26	900	Int. Nickel	25¼	25⅝	25⅛	25⅝	+⅛
20½	21	300	Int. Paper	20½	20½	20⅜	20½	−¼
27	31	100	Jewel Tea	31	31	31	31	−1
15¼	15⅝	300	Kansas City South	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	−⅛
37½	39	120	Kelly Spring. Tire	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼	+¼
30	30⅛	6,650	Kennecott Copper	30½	30½	29⅞	30¼	−⅛
72½	73¾	500	Lackawanna Steel	73	73	73	73½	+½
10¾	11¼	100	Lee Rubber & Tire	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	−¼
50½	50¾	1,200	Lehigh Valley	51	51	50½	50¾	−¾
101	102	500	Liggett & Myers pf	101	101	100¼	100¼	−¾
12½	14	700	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	12½	14	12¼	14	+1⅜
112	113½	100	Louis. & Nash	113	113	113	113	−½
70	70⅞	100	Mackay Cos	71	71	71	71	+⅞
22½	25	100	Maxwell Motors	24	24	24	24	+2
50	52	500	Max. Motors 1st pf	50½	51	50½	51	−1
73¾	74½	500	Mexican Petroleum	74½	74½	74¼	74¼	−¼
26⅝	27½	100	Miami Copper	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	−¾
42½	43¼	2,800	Midvale Steel	42¾	43⅜	42¼	43⅜	+¾
9½	10¼	100	Minn. & St. L. new	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	−¼
78	81	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	80	80	80	80	+1⅞
4	4½	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	−⅜
21⅛	21½	1,400	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs	21¼	21⅜	21⅛	21⅛	−⅜
38	39	800	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs	38	38⅛	38	38	...
24½	26	100	Nat. Acme	26	26	26	26	...
56½	60	200	Nat. Cloak & Suit	58	58	56¾	56¾	−2
21	21¼	400	Nat. Cond. & Cable	21	21¼	21	21	...
36	36½	800	Nat. Enam. & St.	35¼	36½	35¼	36¼	+1¼
92	100	100	Nat. En. & St. pf	92	92	92	92	−3
16¼	16¾	100	Nevada Con. Cop	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	+¼
19	22	100	N. O., Tex. & Mex	20	20	20	20	−2
103	105	200	N. Y. Air Brake	104	104½	104	104½	+½
66¾	67	2,000	N. Y. Central	67½	67½	66½	67	−¼
12	17	100	N. Y. Dock	14½	14½	14½	14½	−⅜
25	25¾	1,700	N. Y., N. H. & H.	25¼	25½	25	25¼	−⅜
18	18¾	200	N. Y., Ont. & West	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	+¾
84	84¾	600	Northern Pacific	85⅛	85⅛	84¼	84¼	−1
34⅛	34¼	800	Ohio Cities Gas	33⅞	34¼	33⅞	34¼	+¼
3¾	4	800	Ontario Mining	4	4	4	4	...
24	24½	200	Pacific Mail	24½	24½	24	24	−½
47	47¼	4,900	Penn. R. R.	47¾	47¾	47	47¼	−⅜
46	50	100	Pere Marq. prior pf	49½	49½	49½	49½	−½
24⅞	25¼	400	Philadelphia Co	25	25¼	25	25	−1
40½	41	200	Pittsburgh Coal	40¾	41	40¾	41	+1
21	21⅛	700	Pitts. & West Va	21	21⅜	21	21⅛	−¼
53	55½	50	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	53¾	53¾	53¾	53¾	...
127	128	600	Pullman Co	129¾	129¾	128	128	−1
38¼	40	200	Railway Steel Sp	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	+⅛
21½	22	1,000	Ray Con. Copper	21⅛	21½	21⅛	21½	...
66¾	67⅛	6,400	Reading	67½	67½	66⅞	67	−¼
69¾	70¼	1,600	Rep. Iron & Steel	70	70½	69½	70	...
66½	67	1,000	Royal Dutch t r	66	66½	66	66½	−¼
30	40	200	St. L. Southw. pf	36	36	34½	34½	−2
19¼	19¾	200	Shattuck-Arizona	19½	19½	19½	19½	+½
29	29¼	1,000	Sinclair Oil & Ref	29	29⅛	28⅞	29⅛	−⅛
80½	81¼	900	Southern Pacific	81	81¼	80⅝	80⅝	−⅝
23⅞	24	1,200	Southern Railway	24	24⅛	24	24	...
56	57	200	Southern Ry. pf	56½	56½	56½	56½	+½
..	..	100	Do., s 30 f	56	56	56	56	...
56	57	31	Do., odd lot	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝	...
38½	39	1,700	Studebaker Co	38	39½	38	38⅝	+⅞
96¼	101	100	Super. Steel 1st pf	97	97	97	97	−1
11⅜	12½	400	Tenn. C. & C	11⅝	11¾	11⅝	11¾	−⅛
136½	137	1,800	Texas Co	134	138	134	137	+4
12	13	1,000	Texas & Pacific	12	12	12	12	−1
44	44½	600	Tobacco Products	43⅞	44	43½	44	+¼
88	90	200	Tobacco Prod. pf	90	90	90	90	...
88	96	300	Underwood Typew	90	90	90	90	...
112½	113	1,400	Union Pacific	112¾	113¼	112¼	112½	−¾
36	36¼	100	United Alloy Steel	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼	−¾
83½	84¾	300	United Cigar Stores	84	84⅝	84	84⅝	+1
6	6½	100	United Rys. Invest	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	...
11	11⅜	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	+⅛
99½	100½	2,700	U. S. Indus. Alco	98½	100½	98½	99⅞	−⅜
48½	49¼	250	U. S. Rubber	49	49	48⅜	48¾	−¼
94	95	200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	94⅜	95	94⅜	95	...
42	45	100	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	42	42	42	42	−½
91⅜	91½	55,100	U. S. Steel	91¼	91⅞	90⅝	91¼	+⅛
107¼	108	1,400	U. S. Steel pf	108	108	107½	107½	−½
74⅜	74¾	8,300	Utah Copper	74⅜	74¾	73¼	74¾	+⅜
7½	8	1,100	Wabash	7¾	7¾	7½	7½	−⅛
39¼	40	1,200	Wabash pf. A	39¾	39¾	39¼	39¼	−¼
20⅛	20½	1,200	Wabash pf. B	20¼	20⅜	20⅛	20⅛	−⅛
75	79	100	Wells Fargo Exp	76	76	76	76	+1
12¼	13	1,100	Western Maryland	12⅝	12¾	12¼	12¼	−½
37¼	37½	1,100	Westingh. E. & M.	37	37½	36¾	37½	+½
17½	17¾	1,900	Willys-Overland	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	...
69	69¼	400	Willys-Overland pf	69¼	69¼	69	69	−¼
107	109½	800	Woolw., (F.W.) Co	110⅛	110⅛	108	109⅛	+1⅞
117	119	100	Woolworth pf	118	118	118	118	+2

LIMITS TAX ON EXPRESS.

One Charge for Newspaper Packages Divided in Transit.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Secretary McAdoo approved a ruling today which relieves newspaper publishers and express companies from a burdensome feature of the new war tax on express packages.

The practice of sending packages of newspapers by express to news dealers and subscribers along a railroad route presented a problem. The express companies take such packages with the agreement to break them, and throw off specified portions at the various stations to which they are addressed, but charge only the lump rate for the whole package, which is taken by weight. Some parts of the package may go only two or three miles, and others may go a hundred miles or more, but the single payment covers the entire bundle.

The office of the Internal Revenue Commissioner holds that the single payment is the one to be subjected to the tax. The tax is 1 cent in every 20 cents that may be paid to an express company for carrying a package from one point to another point in the United States. If it had been held that every part of a package of newspapers was a separate shipment the tax would have been very much increased.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Commenting on the condition of trade and the business of the banks, Dun's Review says:

With the increasing restraints imposed by war conditions, and with the many uncertainties of the period, business is handicapped in various ways and its progress is necessarily checkered and irregular. Not through lack of confidence, but owing to the drawbacks in production and distribution, and also because of diminishing supplies of materials and merchandise, some important transactions are being held in abeyance, and the difficulties of filling requirements are not calculated to lessen with Winter drawing nearer and a still greater congestion in transportation foreshadowed.

Payments through the banks, as reflected in Clearing House transactions at the principal cities in the United States, amount to $5,494,060,970, a decrease of 12.8 per cent. compared with the same week last year, but a gain of 24.6 per cent. over the corresponding week in 1915.

Bradstreet's says:

The stream of business in ordinary channels runs quite freely, considering that the Government has preference in the matter of deliveries, but there is some evidence of conservatism and more or less uncertainty respecting the future trend of prices and the course of the stock market. In the latter respect, however, there is rather more of a feeling that pressing liquidation has been fairly well completed.

EARNINGS.

Miscellaneous.

VULCAN DETINNING CO. for the quarter ended Sept. 30—

	Sept. 30.	June 30.	March 31.
Gross income	$349,381	$288,996	$252,792
Net income	57,120	48,670	35,830
Other income	556	575	221
Net profits	57,676	49,246	36,051

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	57.19	56.71	56.81	—.31
25 industrial	67.77	66.78	67.38	+.23
50 stocks	62.48	61.74	62.09	—.04

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 16	62.48	61.74	62.09	—.04
Nov. 15	62.43	61.69	62.13	+.04
Nov. 14	62.73	61.64	62.09	—.80
Nov. 13	63.47	62.47	62.89	—.36
Nov. 12	64.04	62.96	63.25	+.47
Nov. 10	63.00	62.10	62.78	+.70
Nov. 9	62.59	61.07	62.08	+.81

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Nov.	High.		Low.		Last.
1917	66.05	Nov. 1	60.42	Nov. 8	62.09
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	97.77	Nov. 1	97.33
1915	93.51	Nov. 1	85.76	Nov. 10	90.39
1914	Exchange closed.				
1913	67.80	Nov. 1	65.50	Nov. 10	66.51
1912	84.12	Nov. 7	81.10	Nov. 12	82.37
1911	78.98	Nov. 24	74.14	Nov. 1	77.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Sept.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	90.46	Jan. 4	60.42	Nov. 8	62.09
†1916	101.46	Nov. 8	80.91	Sep. 22	99.99
Full Years.					
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80	Jan. 31	67.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.08
1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Nov. 16	76.89	—.16	Nov. 8	77.46	—.33
Nov. 15	77.05	—.06	Nov. 7	77.79	—.05
Nov. 14	77.11	—.20	Nov. 6	Holiday.	
Nov. 13	77.31	—.09	Nov. 5	77.84	—.37
Nov. 12	77.40	—..	Nov. 3	78.21	—.15
Nov. 10	77.40	—.03	Nov. 2	78.30	—.34
Nov. 9	77.43	—.03	Nov. 1	78.70	—.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Sept.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	88.48	Jan. 26	76.89	Nov. 16	76.89
†1916	88.95	Nov. 17	86.19	Apr. 23	88.95
Full Years.					
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 23	88.64
1915	87.62	Nov. 24	81.51	Jan. 2	86.07
1914	82.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

More Gold for Chile.

It was announced yesterday that the National City Bank was making an additional shipment of gold bars, amounting to $1,000,000, to Chile. Earlier in the week this institution arranged for the exportation of $2,200,000 also to Chile. It is understood that the metal is consigned to the Chilean Government, and is sent in payment of American purchases of nitrates. The Liberty National Bank received yesterday a request from a Canadian bank for the shipment of $100,000 in United States gold coin in exchange for a similar amount of gold bars. This is a rather unusual transaction, but the bank did not hesitate to fulfill the order after receiving permission from the Federal Reserve Bank.

Day's Clearings Relatively Small.

Although Thursday's financial transactions incident to the payment of the 18 per cent. installment on the Liberty Loan were the largest in the history of Wall Street, yesterday's Clearing House figures did not break any previously established records. The exchanges totaled about $792,000,000, and the balance was slightly more than $81,000,000, while the Federal Reserve Bank came out with a credit balance of $54,512,912. The day's exchanges compare with $601,000,000, the average for the year; and yesterday total transactions of $873,000,000 compare with $1,265,758,049, the record made on Feb. 6. The largest balance ever reported was $133,761,391 on Aug. 29. The relative smallness of yesterday's Clearing House figures is accounted for the fact that $48,000,000, only about 7 per cent. of the $678,000,000 received in payment of the Liberty Loan on Thursday was in cash, the balance being in the form of book credits and Treasury certificates of indebtedness.

Crucible Steel Meeting.

The status of the Crucible Steel Company in the Government's war preparations was well established at the annual meeting yesterday. Chairman Du Puy informed shareholders in response to questions that fully 98 per cent. of the capacity of the big plant at Newark was engaged on Federal orders, while the organization as a whole was turning out practically all the steel for rifle barrels which military plans call for. The prices for crucible steel have not yet been fixed by Government regulation, and in the absence of quotations, Mr. Du Puy made clear, the company was not wasting time trying to figure what its future profits might be. Stockholders were told that dividends on the common stock were not being considered by the management as yet, owing to the uncertainty about excess profits taxes and steel prices. A factor in the dividend question, also, is the need of the company to maintain heavy working capital to handle its work.

Solar Refining Extra Dividend.

Directors of Standard Oil concerns have ever been noted for conservation in respect to dividends, and for this reason the declaration yesterday of an extra payment of $25 a share by the Solar Refining Company was taken in the trade as further evidence of a high degree of prosperity among producers and refiners of petroleum. The company distributed several substantial extras in the two years following the dissolution of the old Standard of New Jersey, but yesterday's was the first ordered since December, 1913. The former extras were disbursed on capital of $500,000, while the capital now is $2,000,000.

Direct Imports of Tin Talked Of.

It is credibly reported in metal circles that the Tin Committee of the Council of National Defense has successfully negotiated an agreement with the British authorities for the direct importation of tin from the Straits Settlements into the United States. This should have a very beneficial effect in many ways. The efforts of American manufacturers to secure adequate supplies of crude tin have been very seriously hampered by the difficulty of securing permits from the British; these permits, in fact, having been dealt with on the market at stiff prices, and the long and roundabout route which the tin necessarily took before reaching this country. Bringing tin direct from the East to the Pacific Coast would not only improve the manufacturing situation here, but would play its part in relieving the shipping situation.

The New Government Charter.

The final form of the new Government time-charter, applicable to all American ships requisitioned by the Shipping Board, which has, it is understood, been decided upon by the board, is not expected to contain any very new and startling features. It is believed by shipping men to be based largely on the standard "Government-form" time-charter long used in the trade, with a number of features taken from the form developed by the New York Produce Exchange, and some special clauses having to do with unusual conditions of the present time. The charter is not likely to answer the question which is still most vexing the shipping industry—the scale of compensation to be received by the firm or individuals who operate their own or others' requisitioned vessels for the Government. No decision on this point was believed to have been reached yesterday.

The Hardest-Hit Industries.

An official of one of the big companies which, while not exclusively a "war industry," has by the nature of its business been in line for a tremendous amount of war business, with corresponding profit to itself, recently was discussing its fortunes with a newspaper man. "Yes, I suppose we have been pretty lucky," he said. "On the other hand, there are three industries that, from their very nature, have suffered far more heavily from war conditions than any others. I should put them in this order—the street railways, the newspapers, and the railroads. The newspapers haven't been tied to the stake quite as helplessly as the street railways, but, on the other hand, the newspapers constitute the only big industry in the country that has been whacked with an extra tax just when it was struggling to keep its feet under the added load of war conditions."

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, NOV. 16, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$3,846,000	$6,439,500	$4,684,000
Year to date	895,335,950	1,004,764,500	800,739,000

U S Liberty 3½s, int ctfs, f p
$28000....98.72
10000....98.70
42000....98.68
5000....98.70
65000....98.74
2000....98.76
1000....98.74
6000....98.76
21000....98.80
10000....98.82
121000....98.80
75000....98.82
25000....98.84
180000....98.82
61000....98.80
3000....98.86
10000....98.84
85000....98.86
4000....98.84
3000....98.86
1000....98.84
10000....98.82
16000....98.84
1000....98.86
1000....98.84
4000....98.86
12000....98.84
13000....98.86
7000....98.88
12000....98.90
11000....98.92
5000....98.94
1000....98.92
2000....98.94
100000....99
41000....98.98
60000....99
U S Liberty 4s
308000....99
500....99
10000....99
15000 c....99.40
115000....99
500....99.10
5000 c....99.30
58000....99
5000 c....99.48
5000....99
51000....98.98
5000....98.86
5000 c....99.40
5000 c....99.48
25000 c....99.30
432000....98.76
10000 c....99.30
75000....98.76
500....99
25000 c....99.30
20000....98.76
5000....98.74
2000....98.76

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:
U S 3s, coup
½s5f.. 98¾
½s5f.. 98¾
½s5f.. 98¾
½s5f.. 98¾
2s5f.. 98¾
Am For Sec 5s
2..... 93⅛
6..... 93
2..... 92⅞
Anglo-Fr 5s
10..... 89⅞
7..... 89⅞
½..... 90
½..... 90
3..... 89¾
½..... 90
2..... 89¾
10..... 89⅞
3..... 89¾
28..... 89⅞
2..... 90
½..... 90¼
5..... 89⅞
½..... 89⅞
12..... 89⅞
24..... 89⅞
CityofBord6s
7..... 82½
CityofLyons6s
5..... 82½
1..... 82⅞
CityofMars6s
2..... 82¼
CityofParis6s
2..... 82¾
DomofCan5s, 1921
1..... 94¼
1926
1..... 90¼
1931
1..... 90
10..... 90⅞
French Govt temp 5½s
25..... 93¾
5..... 93⅞
5..... 94
23..... 93½
27..... 93⅝
55..... 93½
UnKingofGt Br & Ire 5s
44..... 97⅞
5½s, 1918
39..... 99½
107..... 99⅞
3..... 99⅞
5½s, 1919
18..... 94½
5..... 94⅝
5..... 94⅝
20..... 94⅝
new
1..... 96⅝
60..... 96⅜
2..... 96½
20..... 96⅜
17..... 96⅜
7..... 96⅜
6..... 96⅝
6..... 96⅝
5½s, 1921
3..... 91½
15..... 91⅝
2..... 91⅝
10..... 91⅝
3..... 91½
7..... 91⅜
11..... 91⅝
5..... 91½
25..... 91
2..... 91½
5..... 91½
4..... 91
NYCity4½s, 1963
1..... 99
4½s, 1965
1..... 99
Alleg Val 4s
5..... 89⅞
AmAgCdeb5s
1..... 92
Am Sm & Ret temp 1st 5s
3..... 84⅞
1..... 85
5..... 84⅝
Am T & T col tr 5s
6..... 93¼
2..... 93
½..... 93
conv 4s
2..... 86
col 4s
10..... 81
Am Thread 4s
4..... 96⅜
A,T&SFgen4s
12..... 81
2..... 81¼
2..... 81
adjust 4s
5..... 72½
Atl&CharAL 1st 5s, Ser B
2..... 92
B & O gold 4s
7..... 77
prior lien 3½s
9..... 85
Beth Stl pur money 5s
5..... 79
BradCopsf6s
10..... 91
15..... 90
BRT 5s, 1918
18..... 91
11..... 91⅛
2..... 91¼
1..... 91⅛
CofGRycon5s
1..... 88
Cent Leath 5s
25..... 95⅛
C&Ogen4½s
9..... 75
con 5s
5..... 99¾
conv 5s
5..... 72¾
16..... 72¼
½..... 75
5..... 72½
conv 4½s
2..... 69⅛
1..... 69
C&OR&A div 1st con 4s
1..... 73
C,B&Qgen4s
6..... 81½
joint 4s
20..... 92¾
5..... 92⅞
24..... 93
registered
1..... 92½
C & EI con 6s
8..... 97
Chi,M&StP 4s, 1925
12..... 76
ref 4½s
6..... 66
cv 5s, Ser B
3..... 78¾
C & P W 5s
5..... 97½
C&N gen 3½s
1..... 71
C,RI&Pgen4s
24..... 73
ref 4s
1..... 61¾
Chile Cop 7s
13..... 85¼
15..... 98
4..... 98½
Col Ind 5s
5..... 74¾
Col&Soist4s
2..... 82
ref&ext4½s
1..... 74
1..... 73¼
Congascv6s
1..... 99
5..... 99¼
1..... 99
2..... 99¼
1..... 99¼
D&Hconv5s
1..... 92¼
D&RGcon4s
27..... 63
DetEdcoltr5s
1..... 98
DURycon4½s
10..... 73
DistSecCor5s
3..... 74
D & IR 1st 5s
3..... 90
Erielstgen4s
3..... 49¼
1..... 49
cv 4s, Ser D
1..... 44
H&Mlst&ref 5s, Ser A
7..... 52
adj inc 5s
9..... 12
Ind Steel 5s
1..... 96⅛
Int-Met 4½s
40..... 51⅛
Int R T 1st & ref 5s
4..... 80¾
8..... 80
Int M M sf 6s
2..... 92
5..... 91⅝
10..... 91½
2..... 92
LS&MSo3½s
6..... 74¼
4s, 1931
2..... 84½
Lig&Myers5s
1..... 91
Long Dock 6s
1..... 110½
Mid Steel col tr 5s
2..... 83¾
Minn,SSM& Atl 4s
1..... 85⅛
M,K&Tlst4s
2..... 58
MoPac 1st & ref5s, '23
3..... 90¼
1st&ref5s,'26
20..... 88
gen 4s
4..... 53⅛
23..... 53
11..... 53⅛
M,L&Tlst7s
1.....100
Nash,C&StL 1st con 5s
1..... 99½
N Y C deb 6s
12..... 93½
3..... 94
ref&imp4½s, Ser A
1..... 87
N Y Tel 4½s
1..... 90
NY,W&B4½s
2..... 39½
Norf&Wcon4s
5..... 85½
P, C & C 4s
5..... 84
NoPac4s
10..... 81⅝
3s
3..... 59¼
Ore S L gtd ref 4s
4..... 82¾
Pac Tel&T 5s
2..... 91
PRRgen4½s
3..... 90
4..... 89⅞
12..... 90
8..... 89⅞
con 4½s
5..... 97½
5..... 97⅛
1..... 97¼
1..... 96½
4s, 1948
4..... 88
Pere M 1st 5s
2..... 81½
Rep I & S sf 5s, 1940
1..... 93¾
2..... 93½
StL,IrMt&So gen 5s
1..... 93⅞
5..... 93½
3..... 90¼
StL&SFprior lien4s,SerA
4..... 55⅛
20..... 55
10..... 55¼
2..... 55
3..... 54⅞
income 6s
1..... 42¾
3..... 42⅞
2..... 42¾
4..... 42½
2..... 42⅛
adj 6s
6..... 59¼
3..... 59
StLSWlst4s
1..... 66
SeabALadj5s
3..... 43
So Bell T & T 1st 5s
1..... 91½
So Pac cv 4s
5..... 76
conv 5s
1..... 89
1st ref 4s
9..... 80
So Ry 1st 5s
3..... 93
gen 4s
12..... 58½
1..... 58¾
1..... 58⅛
Std Mill 1st 5s
6..... 92½
Tol&OClst5s
1..... 90
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s
14..... 76¾
8..... 76⅛
USRubberlst & ref 5s
20..... 73¾
1..... 75⅛
2..... 75⅛
U S Stl Corp s f 5s
3..... 98⅜
2..... 98⅞
7..... 98¾
5..... 98⅞
17..... 98⅞
1..... 98¾
VaRy&Pwr5s
1..... 79⅞
2..... 80
Wabashlst5s
2..... 93
1..... 94
West Elec 5s
1..... 97
West Pac 5s
10..... 80

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96¾	97
2s, c, 1930	96¾	..
3s, r, 1918	99	100
3s, c, 1918	99	..
3s, 1946, r	84	..
3s, 1946, c	85	..
4s, r, 1925	105	106
4s, c, 1925	105	106
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97⅞	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97⅞	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	84	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea 1st pf	80	..
Adams Ex.	65	80
Ad Rumely	7	9
Do pf	20	21½
Ajax Rub.	49½	50
Alaska J.	2½	3
Alle & W.	91½	..
Allis-Ch M pf	69	70
Am Ag Ch.	75	76
Do pf	91	95
Am B N	30	37
Do pf	40	46
Am B Sug pf	80	93
Am B S & Fdy	..	97
Do pf	154	180
Am C pf	..	20
Am Coal	38	..
Am Cot Oil pf	70	80
Am H & L.	12	13
Do pf	51½	53
Am Ice	10	10¾
Do pf	36½	40
Am Lo pf.	90	98
Am Malt	10	10¼
Do 1st pf	51½	52½
Am Sm pf, A	92	95
Am Snuff	90	103
Do pf	..	95
Am Shipb	87	89
Do pf	..	93½
Am Sug R pf	108	109
Am Sum T pf	..	83
Am T & C.	55	60
Am Tob pf.	90	98
Am Zinc	11½	12⅛
Do pf	40	43
Assets R.	1	1⅝
Asso D	12	18
Do 1st pf	47½	55½
Do 2d pf.	37	54⅞
A. B & A.	8¾	9
A. G & W I pf	59	60
Bald L pf.	96	103
Barrett Co pf	99	100½
Beth Steel	78	80
Do pf	85	90
B Un Gas.	80	90
Brown Sh.	63¼	65¼
Do pf	88¼	95
Bruns Ter.	5¼	7
B. R & P.	70	89⅞
Do pf	100	..
Burns Bros pf	110	..
Bush Ter	..	100
Butte & S.	15⅜	16¼
Cal Pkg	34	35
Cal Pet pf.	31	34
Cal & Ar	63	67
Can So	..	54
C. C & O	..	22
Do pf	..	50
Case (J I) pf	..	80
Cent Fdy	23	27
Do pf	33	39
Cent L pf	95	98
C R R of N J	206	300
C & S A T.	99	101
Chi & Alt.	5	9
Do pf	10	20
C & N W pf	140	145
Chi, St P, M & Om.	69	80
Do pf	108	125
C, C, C & St L	25½	26
Do pf	..	76
Cl & Pitts	..	83¾
Clu-Peab	45	82½
Do pf	88	100
Col F & I.	31¼	31¾
Col & So.	19	22
Do 1st pf	44	46
Do 2d pf.	40	48
Comp T R.	30	32
Con G, B.	96	101
C I C M	..	10¼
Cont Can	76	90
Do pf	87	110
Cont Ins	40	43
Corn P R pf	89½	90
Crex Carp.	36	45
Crip C C	..	33
C-Am Sug.	137¼	150
Do pf	90	109
D & R G.	6	8
Do pf	12¾	14
Det Ed	104	107
Det U Ry.	..	95
D, S S & A	2¾	3
Do pf	5	5½
Elec S B	47	52
Elk H Coal pf	39	43
Erie 2d pf.	15½	16¾
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S pf	31	35
Fisher Bdy	21	34
Do pf	75	85
Gen Ch pf.	..	105
Gen C pf.	90	100
Gen M pf.	73	75
G'drich pf.	90	98½
Granby C.	63	70
Gulf S S 1st pf	100	102
Do 2d pf.	75	160
G, M & N pf	..	43
Hartman	40¾	43
Hav Elec	98	..
Do pf	104	..
Homestake	..	100
Ill Cent	94¼	96½
Int Agric	8¼	9
Do pf	27½	30
I H, N J, pf	107	118
Int N pf.	90	96
Int Salt	58½	60
Int Pa pf, sta.	53	53½
Do pf	65	95
Iowa Cent.	2	4
Isl Ck C	..	75
Jewel Tea pf	85	95

	Bid.	Asked.
K C, Ft S & M pf	..	68
Kan C So pf	44	47⅝
Kelly S T pf	75	83
Kelsey Wh.	16	30
Do pf	70	85
K & D M.	2¾	7
Do pf	..	50
K'gs Co El L & P	95	100
Kress (S H)	46	58
Do pf	98	105
Lacl Gas	80	90
L E & W.	8½	9
Do pf	16½	22
Ligg & M	168	190
L 1st ctfs.	34	45
L-W B 1st pf	..	80
Do 2d pf.	50	64
Lorill'd Co.	170	185
Do pf	100	120
M'kay Cos pf	58	60
Mah C R.	350	..
Man B'ch	⅜	4
Man El S	..	43
Do 1st pf	..	96¾
Man Elev	97	100
Max M 2d pf	14	15
M Dep Sts.	47	50
Do pf	90	103
Mex P pf.	87	87½
Mich Cent	..	109
M, St P & S S M pf.	101	115
Do l l	60	70
M, K & T pf	7	8
Mon V Tr.	14	18
Mon Pow.	63½	66
Do pf	97	100
Mor & Es.	..	80
N, C & St L	116	122
Nat Bisc	80½	85
Do pf, ex div	106	108¼
Nat C & S pf	94	100
Nat Lead	40	44
Do pf	100½	108
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	..	21
Do 2d pf.	5¾	6
N Y, C & St L	13½	15
Do 1st pf	..	79
Do 2d pf.	40	49
N Y Dock pf	37	45
N Y, L & West	100	123
Norf So	21	22
Norf & W.	100½	102½
Do pf	76	78
North Am.	43¼	46½
N W Tel	..	60
Nova Sc S.	69	71½
Ohio F S	..	49⅞
Owens B M	80	82
Pac Coast.	40	50
Do 1st pf	68	90
Do 2d pf.	58	80
Pac M pf, ex div	90	107
P T & Tel.	16	20
Do pf	..	96
Pan-Am P & T pf.	86	88
Peo G, C.	39¼	40
Peo & E	4	6
Pere Marq.	13	14
Do pf	30	39
Pett.-Mull.	25	60
Do 1st pf	90	97½
Pitts C pf.	76	78
Pierce-Ar	31½	36
Do pf	88	93
P, C, C & St L	50	65
P, Ft W & C	..	150
Pitts S pf	..	94
Pond Ck C.	16½	17½
Pr Stl Car.	51½	52½
Do pf	90	100
P S, N J.	107	110
Quicksilver.	1	1¼
Do pf	1¼	1¾
Ry Stl Spr pf.	90	98
Rdg 1st pf	34½	40
Do 2d pf.	35½	38
Rep I & S pf.	..	95
St L S F.	14	14¾
Do pf	26	29
St L S W.	20	25
Savage A.	57	60
Saxon Mtr.	5	7
Seab A L.	8½	9
Do pf	17¼	19
Sears-Roeb.	138	138¾
Do pf	116	122
S-S S & I.	33	35
Do pf	78	100
So P R S.	145	160
Do pf	100	108
St'd Mill	75	85
Do pf	81	85
Studeb Co pf.	..	90
Stutz Mtr	35¾	37
Sup Steel	32¼	33½
T P L Tr.	128	..
Third Av	17	18
Tida W O.	170	178
T, St L & West	..	10
Do ctfs	2	6
Do pf	5	15
Do pf c.	7	15
Tran & W.	36½	39
T C R T.	70	72
Do pf	100	125
Und Typew pf.	112	113¾
U B & P.	8½	10¼
Do new.	60	63
Un Pac pf.	71	74
Un Cig Sts pf.	108½	115
Un Drug	65	68
Do 1st pf	45	50
Do 2d pf.	70	80
Un Fruit.	112	117
U P'board.	15½	22
U Rys Inv pf.	13½	16
U S C I P pf.	46	50
U S Exp	14	18
U S Ind A pf.	89¾	91
U S R & I.	10	12
U S Sm pf	43⅜	45
Utah Sec	10	12
Va-Car Ch.	29	29¾
Do pf	97	104
Va I, C & Coke	51	55
W Md 2d pf.	22	29
West Pac	13	14¼
Do pf	38	40
West U T.	81	82¼
W E & M 1st pf	56	60
W & L E.	8⅞	9¼
Do pf	18	20
White Mt.	35	36¼
W & Co	44	45
Do pf	90	97
Wis Cent	35	38
Wor Pump.	25	28
Do pf, A.	..	95
Do pf, B.	48¼	54½

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	92¾	93⅛	8.80
Argen.Ov. dis.	6	Dec.15,'17	99⅛	100	6.00
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15,'20	90	93	9.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.00
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	98½	99⅛	5.75
City of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	94⅛	94⅜	8.50
Fr'ch Gov.con.	5½	Apr., 1919	93	93½	9.80
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	90	96	7.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100	104	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	104	106	..
Russian Gov.	6½	July, 1919	65	67	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	55	57	..
Do. rubles.	5½	Feb.14,'26	109	112	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1918	99	99⅝	6.00
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99⅛	100¼	4.90
Company Issues.					
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	94	98½	6.50
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	99⅛	99⅛	4.90
Am. Thread.	4	Jan., 1919	98⅛	97	6.65
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	97	99¼	6.25
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1918	98⅞	99⅜	5.90
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	96⅛	97⅛	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb.15,'19	97¼	97⅝	6.56
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	90	92	17.80
C., B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	92½	93	6.15
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	96	97⅛	8.55
Canada Nor.	6	Sep. 2, '18	97	98⅛	7.80
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2,'24	98	98⅝	6.25

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Cub.-Am.Sug.	6	Apr., 1918	99⅜	100¼	5.35
Curt. A. & M.	6	Serial	90	96	..
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	97	97⅞	5.90
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1,'18	96½	99⅛	5.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	90	95	7.60
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	95	98	5.85
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	July, 1920	100¼	100⅝	5.83
Gen. Rubber.	5	Dec., 1918	95⅜	96½	8.35
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	96	99	6.20
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98¾	100	6.00
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97⅛	97⅝	5.95
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	98	99	7.00
Int. Harvest.		Feb.15,'18	99⅞	100⅛	4.15
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July, 1918	96	98	8.15
K. C. Ter.Ry.	4½	Nov.15,'18	97	98⅜	5.30
K. C.Ter. Ry.	4½	July 19,'21	95	96	5.00
Mich. C. R.R.	5	May, 1919	99	99¾	6.05
Louis.G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	88	93	11.00
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	98⅛	101	4.10
N. Y. C. R.R.	5	Sep.15,'17	96½	97	6.60
N.Y.,N.H. & H.	5	Apr.15,'18	86	88⅛	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	96½	97⅛	5.25
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	89	90½	..
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1,'19	90	91	..
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	96½	97	7.20
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	99¾	100	6.00
Utah Sec. Cor.		Sep.15,'22	87	89	8.85
Win. R. Arms.	5	May, 1918	96	97½	..
W. V. T. & E.	8	May, 1919	97	98¼	8.75
W. S. G. & E.	8	June, 1927	97	98	6.25
Win E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15,'16	99	100	6.00

ASK MORTGAGE ON SHIPYARD

American International Seeks Consent of Stockholders.

The American International Corporation, which has received a contract from the Emergency Fleet Corporation for the construction of a fabricating yard for standardized steel merchant ships, and the construction at the yard of fifty 5,000-ton freighters of this description—this contract, it is understood, to be extended to cover a complete program of 200 such ships—has sent out to its stockholders a request for their signature to a form of consent to the execution of a mortgage on the land upon which the yard is being built at Hog Island, on the Delaware, below Philadelphia.

In requesting the consent of its stockholders, the American International Corporation asserts that, contrary to the previous general understanding regarding its contract with the Emergency Fleet Corporation, the Hog Island yard remains its property after it has executed the contract, the mortgage being taken by the Emergency Fleet Corporation as security for the money which it is to advance, covering the cost of construction of the yard and of the ships, the American International Corporation obtaining only a fee for building and operating the yard and constructing the ships, which is arranged on a sliding scale, with bonuses for quick delivery, the contract being of the "cost-plus" variety.

Move for New Steel Rates.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The Interstate Commerce Commission today authorized the railroads east of Buffalo and Pittsburgh to apply for increased commodity rates on iron and steel products of about 15 per cent., in conformity with similar increases granted on the same articles carried under class rates and with similar action taken in other territory.

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57th Street and Third Ave.
Broadway and 61st St.
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Broadway and 104th St.
Lenox Avenue and 116th St.
125th St. and Lexington Ave.
Broadway and 144th St.

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45 Pine St., N. Y. Phone John 1646

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE VICTOR-AMERICAN FUEL CO. First and Refunding Mortgage 6% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, as provided in Article VII of the Mortgage of The Victor-American Fuel Company to Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee, dated February 1, 1910, that written proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, 140 Broadway, New York, N. Y., until ten (10) o'clock A. M., Wednesday, November 28, 1917, for the sale to it as Trustee, at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered not exceeding one hundred and ten per cent. of par (110%) and accrued interest to December 1, 1917, the date on which the bonds shall be delivered, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of Sixty-one Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-nine Dollars and Twenty-eight Cents ($61,379.28). The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all proposals in whole or in part. Proposals should be enclosed in sealed envelopes and indorsed "Proposals for Sale of First and Refunding Mortgage 6% Bonds of The Victor-American Fuel Company to the Sinking Fund," and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT,

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated, New York, N. Y., November 16, 1917.

UNION CLUB.
NOTICE OF RETIRING OF BONDS.

Notice is hereby given to all persons owning, holding, or in anywise interested in the bonds of the Union Club of the City of New York that pursuant to the clause contained in said bonds provided for the retirement thereof, the Governing Committee of said Club has selected by lot for retirement the bonds of the said Union Club of the denomination of $1,000, each bearing the following numbers: 42, 118, 122, 144, 146, 161, 183, 265, 277, 302, 316, 346, and 349.

And the said Union Club further notifies all said persons that the above enumerated bonds will be retired upon the first day of February, 1918, at par and accrued interest, and that the said enumerated bonds will cease to bear interest on that day.

And all persons owning and holding any of the said enumerated bonds are hereby required to present same to The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company at 22 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or after February 1st, 1918, for payment. UNION CLUB.

By its Governing Committee,
FRED. AUGUSTUS SCHERMERHORN, President.
CHARLES E. BEEKMAN, Secretary.
New York, October 16, 1917.

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN IRON COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT. BONDS, DUE JULY 1ST, 1927.

Pursuant to terms of mortgage dated August 7, 1907, the undersigned invites tenders of above bonds for sale and delivery as of January 1st, 1918, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $137,827.07, the sum now available in the Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders, stating numbers of bonds offered, addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund Spanish-American Iron Company First Mortgage 6 per cent. Bonds, will be received until 12 m., November 24, 1917.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
GEORGE H. STUART 3d, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., November 15, 1917.

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

E. G. CRAWFORD, President.
Dated November 24, 1917.

SHARP CONTRACTION IN WALL ST. TRADING

Shrinkage of 120,000 Shares Since Wednesday Attributed to Short Sales Curb.

QUIET MARKET WELCOMED

Governors Say Public Information on Extent of Short Operations Is Undesirable.

A sharp contraction in business on the Stock Exchange yesterday caused the Governors to believe that their measures to reduce short selling had brought material results. The total of stocks sold was 273,000 shares, being the smallest turnover for a full business day since Aug. 20, while the shrinkage from Wednesday's transactions was about 120,000 shares. It was on Wednesday afternoon that the Governors passed an additional resolution, directing that the names of all persons who "sold and bought in" stocks the same day were to be filed daily with the Committee on Business Conduct. The former rule in respect to short sales did not affect this class of trading, as the names filed were only of traders who borrowed stock to carry short sales over night or longer.

Governors who discussed the diminution of business said that a quiet market, free of undue speculative efforts, was what had been aimed at by the short sales regulations. While they were unwilling to say that the relatively small business yesterday and the day before proved the desired result had been obtained, they appeared satisfied with developments.

"We sought to bring about more settled trading," said a leading Governor, "until some of the problems brought about by the war had been worked out, and, also, until investors regained confidence in securities. It looks as though some progress has been made to this end."

Some Floor Traders Displeased.

Gossip on the board room floor indicated that members whose chief business is trading for their own account had practically dropped out of action. The Wednesday ruling by the Governors was aimed directly at them, making necessary the filing of names with the Business Conduct Committee of each man who sold stock short. Some of the floor traders made no secret of the fact that they were displeased with the Governors' action. They had no liking for a measure which put them on record as short sellers, even though they had no fear that their names would become known to any persons besides the members of the committee, provided that their operations came within the bounds of "legitimate" transactions on the short side.

Brokers in position to know something of the quality of business said that the small turnover did not indicate a total cessation of short operations by any means. Commission house customers continued to trade moderately on the short side, as they had done daily since the new rules went into effect. In some quarters the prediction was made that the floor traders, who account for a large part of total transactions in normal markets, would gradually renew their activities. The Exchange authorities have insisted that they had no desire to do away with short sales within the proper limits, as they consider such transactions of real value in stabilizing quotations.

A number of Governors were asked yesterday whether it would not be beneficial to the whole stock market situation if daily announcements were made of the total of stocks sold short. Names of the sellers were, of course, to be kept secret. The general reply was that several factors made it appear undesirable to make public definite information on the extent of short operations, while the Governors said they could not see that any benefit to investors or speculator could result.

Opposes Publishing Figures.

"I would oppose such a procedure," said one of the Exchange leaders, "for one reason, because exact totals of short sales every day might react to the harm of securities, causing violent movements up or down. It might happen that over a period of days or weeks the reports indicated that the short interest had been greatly reduced. This could bring about a market condition where, with few holders of short contracts to put in covering buying orders, a little liquidation might easily bring about a break of 10 points. There would be too many sellers and too few buyers. From the opposite point of view, the figures might show a top heavy short interest. Then investment buying might move stocks up enough to scare the shorts, and a precipitate covering movement might bring about a skyrocket rise.

"There would naturally be less objection to an extraordinary upward movement than a drastic decline, but I do not think anything should be done which might cause any radical swings. Again, the records of the Business Conduct Committee, if made public as compiled, might be misleading for the reason that reports on borrowed stocks do not necessarily prove that the borrowing was necessitated by short sales. Stocks are frequently borrowed by brokerage firms in the loan crowd on the floor to be used as collateral for loans. Another reason why I should oppose the announcement of short sales is that it would be disturbing to the business machinery of the Exchange. The confidential relations between broker and customer are not to be affected, even indirectly, without possible embarrassment to both. The Exchange is keeping a record of short sales as a war measure purely, which appeared necessary because of suspicion that pro-German influences might be behind some of the recent sales for the short account. It would be bad business to put anything into effect which acted to upset the conventional methods of doing business in stocks."

CHECK ABUSES ON THE CURB.

Dealers in Unlisted Securities Quickly End Fictitious Trading.

Bear raids on unlisted securities, and in particular on issues of public utility corporations, which have been more glaring than those suspected of having taken place on the Stock Exchange, have come to light with the informal organization of dealers in unlisted securities to check abuses of the trading privileges of the Curb market. Most of the transactions in public utilities take place over the counter or by means of the telephone, and it is difficult to establish a fair market quotation. Realizing this, unscrupulous traders are said to have created a phantom market on the Curb by offering one another stocks at considerable recessions from prices which have been made by reputable dealers. In some instances the outside brokers have sold stocks without attaching any definite date for deliveries, making it possible for them to remain short until lower prices on actual offerings enabled them to buy shares to make deliveries.

When this practice came to the attention of dealers in unlisted securities they sent representatives into the open market to take all stocks of the companies in which they were interested at the offering prices, at the same time insisting that transactions should be made under the Stock Exchange rules calling for deliveries of the certificates by 2:15 P. M. the following day. This immediately ended the fictitious trades which have been creating havoc among holders of public utility issues. It has also been made difficult for short sellers to borrow stocks, some of the issuing companies taking it upon themselves to warn holders of their shares of the purpose for which they were being borrowed.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Jacket	.09
Alta	.03	Justice	.01
Andes	.05	Mexican	.18
Best & Belcher	.02	Occidental	.60
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.14
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.04
Challenge Con.	.05	Potosi	.04
Chollar	.04	Savage	.04
Confidence	.04	Sierra Nevada	.08
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	1.20
Con. Virginia	.08	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.64½
Hale & Norcross	.03		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	3.50	Great Bend	.06
Jim Butler	.74	Jumbo Exten.	.15
McNamara	.19	Kewanas	.05
Midway	.09	Silver Pick	.08
Mizpah	.03	Spearhead	.04
Monarch Pitts.	.05	MANHATTAN.	
North Star	.06	Consolidated	.14
Rescue	.10	Morning Glory	.14
Tonopah Exten.	1.50	Red Top	.03
West End	.64	Sunset	.05
West Tonopah	.11	Union Amalg.	.09
GOLDFIELD.		White Caps	.78
Atlanta	.08	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Booth	.03	Nevada Hills	.10
Florence	.10	Packard	.23
Goldfield Con.	.35	Rochester	.34
Goldfield Merger	.03	Round Mountain	.20
		United Eastern	3.50

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4½	4⅝	Granite	35	35
Dr. J'pot.	3⅜	5	Isabella	7⅝	8½
Elkton	3¼	4	McKinney	6	9
El Paso	15	25	Portland	100	115
Fanny R.	3	5	U. Gold M.	15	16½
Golden C.	172	172½	Vindicator	35	39
Gold Sov.	2¼	4			

THE COTTON MARKET

Reaction Sends Prices Down 45 to 70 Points—Day's Exports 19,593 Bales.

The cotton market yesterday came to the end of its latest upward swing, and comparatively early in the session experienced a strong reaction, on which, in the course of the afternoon, a good part of the gains of the preceding two days was lost. The drop in prices was attributed by some to rumors of Government price restrictions, but the general opinion seemed to be that, although talk of this kind played its part and may have sent prices lower than they would have otherwise gone, a reaction from the rapid advances of Wednesday and Thursday was to have been expected in any case. At the close the market was quite easy, off from 45 to 70 points. January, the leading month, sold off to 27.38 early, rallied to 27.70, and broke to a closing price of 27.14.

Both the President and Vice President of the New York Cotton Exchange are in Washington, and it was reported they had gone there at the invitation of Government officials to discuss price restrictions. This was not confirmed, nor was any official comment obtainable upon other reports that their trip had to do with the application of the stamp tax schedule or with the ocean freight rate situation. A special meeting of the Board of Managers was held during the day, but no statement was given out.

The market opened barely steady, at a decline of 3 to 18 points, and sold 20 to 30 points net lower soon after the call. The trade demand, which had been such a prominent feature earlier in the week, was much less in evidence, while there were scattered Southern selling and local pressure. Offerings were not badly taken at the decline, and early sellers turned to cover during the middle of the day as though disappointed that the Southern selling had not assumed more important proportions. Prices just about recovered their early loss, then broke under renewed liquidation, reaching the lowest levels in the late trading.

Reports of increased spot offerings were received from both Eastern and Western sections of the belt, also reports of an easier basis. At the same time Southern mills were reported good buyers, and according to advices reaching here early in the afternoon, there had been a large turnover of actual cotton during the morning. No fresh developments were reported in the ocean freight situation. Exports for the day were 15,593 bales, making 1,509,772 so far this season. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to 40 points lower, with the Southwestern markets relatively easy.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs.
Nov.	....	....	....	27.80	28.50
Dec.	28.35	28.43	27.75	27.75@27.79	28.40
Jan.	27.60	27.70	27.14	27.14@27.17	27.68
Feb.	....	....	....	27.00	27.51
Mar.	27.36	27.46	26.95	26.95@26.88	27.46
Apr.	....	....	....	26.90	27.36
May	27.18	27.34	26.85	26.85@26.89	27.32
June	....	....	....	26.68	27.18
July	27.00	27.08	26.62	26.62@26.67	27.08
Aug.	26.75	26.75	26.70	26.32	26.78

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 40 points lower at 29.55 for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 27.95c; New Orleans, 28c; Savannah, 28¼c; Norfolk, 28.38c; Augusta, 28.50c; Memphis, 29c; Houston, 27.60c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Friday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	38,281	47,274	36,351
Exports	19,593	....	12,724
Exports, season	1,509,772	1,368,074	2,117,974
Port stocks	1,110,168	1,081,857	1,433,642
Interior receipts	46,956	40,516	48,410
Interior shipm'ts	36,867	38,790	44,629
N. Y. arrivals	2,201	9,514	5,654
N. Y. stocks	94,184	127,878	112,427

Week-end statistics of the New York Cotton Exchange: Visible supply, all kinds, 3,971,449, against 5,097,968 last year; visible American 2,896,449, against 4,196,968 last year; increase in general 236,723, against 143,974 last year; increase in American 230,723, against 123,974 last year. Spinners takings for the week 351,095, against 407,811 last year, and for the season 3,174,654, against 4,099,930 last year. Into sight for the week 489,19, against 530,968 last year; for the season 4,541,287, against 6,661,264 last year.

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet; good middling, new contract, 5 points higher at 21.55d; middling, old contract, 5 points higher at 22.10. Sales 4,000. American 2,000. Imports 24,000, all American. Futures opened irregular at 4 points advance to 1 points decline. Closed quiet at a net decline of 20 to 25 points, all new contracts.

Move to Adjust Cotton Rates.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Negotiations are in progress between agents of the American and British Governments to change the agreed Atlantic freight rates on cotton. Some time ago a rate of $5 was fixed on cotton from northern ports and $6.25 from southern ports. Complaint has been made that the differential is too great, and that it is discriminatory against southern shippers. A readjustment necessarily involves cotton prices.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., and Ga.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Fair Sat., Sun.
Tenn—Fair Sat.; showers Sun.
Ky. and Ind.—Fair and warmer Sat.; showers and cooler Sun.
Mich.—Fair Sat.; showers Sun.
Ohio.—Fair Sat.; cloudy Sun.
Okla., E. and W. Tex.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Ark.—Sat. unsettled; Sun. fair.
Ill.—Cloudy Sat. and Sun.
Mo.—Showers Sat.; fair and colder Sun.
Wis.—Cloudy Sat.; fair and cooler Sun.
Minn.—Cloudy and colder Sat.; fair and colder Sun.
Ia.—Showers Sat.; fair and colder Sun.
N. Dak. and S. Dak.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Neb.—Cloudy and colder Sat.; fair and colder Sun.
Kan.—Cloudy and colder Sat.; fair Sun.

$1,200,000 Bonds for Shipbuilders.

The National Surety Company executed for the New York Shipbuilding Corporation yesterday bonds aggregating $1,200,000 guaranteeing preliminary work on a new contract for twenty torpedo boat destroyers for the United States Government. The destroyers will cost about $28,000,000. The surety company recently issued two $1,700,000 bonds for the shipbuilding corporation guaranteeing to the Government the construction of the two new $11,450,000 battleships, Washington and Colorado.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, coupon, 1930	97	98	4s, coupon, 1925	104½	105
3s, registered, 1918	99	100	2s, coupon, '38, reg.	96	98
3s, coupon, 1918	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	98
3s, registered, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg.	84	88
3s, coupon, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	88
3s, conversion, 1947	85	90	2s, registered, 1930	97	98
4s, registered, 1925	104½	105½			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.
4½s July, 1967	98	99	98½	4s May, 1919	98½	99½	98⅞
4½s June, 1965	98	99	98½	4s Nov., 1918	99⅛	..	99½
4½s Mar., 1963	98	99	98½	3½s Nov., 1954	79	..	80
4½s Nov., 1957	98	99	98½	3½s May, 1954	80	..	81
4½s May, 1957	98	99	98½	3½s Nov., 1955	79	81	89½
4½s Nov., 1917	97⅞	..	97⅞	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4¼s April, 1960	91½	93	93	4½s 1918-1923	4.65	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	91½	94	93	4½s 1924-1931	4.65	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1964	91½	93	93	4¼s 1921-1923	4.65	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1962	91½	93	93	4¼s April, 1920	4.75	..	4.65
4¼s Sept., 1960	91½	93	93	4¼s 1918-1919	5.00	..	4.75
4s May, 1959	89	91	90	3½s 1940-1953	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1958	89	91	90	3½s 1930-1939	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s May, 1957	89	92	90	3½s 1922-1929	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1956	88	..	89½	3½s 1919-1921	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1955	88	..	89½				
4s Nov., 1936	91	..	92				

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	16	17	Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	66	70	Miss. River Power	7	9
Am. Gas & Electric	85	90	Miss. River Power pf.	34	36
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	40	43	Northern Ohio Electric	27	32
Am. Light & Traction	185	195	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	68	72
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	91	94	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Am. Power & Light	36	41	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf.	52	56
Am. Power & Light pf.	..	75	Northern States Power	53	56
Am. Public Utilities	30	35	Northern States P. pf.	85	89
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	62	66	Northern Texas Electric	50	54
Am. Water W. & Elec.	4	5	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	68	74
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	10	14	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	59	63	Pacific Gas & Electric	34	34½
Carolina Power & Light	30	31	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	79½	80
Carolina P. & L. pf.	90	94	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf.	96	98
Cities Service	191	193	Pub. Serv. Secur. pf.	73½	78½
Cities Service pf.	72	72½	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	13	16
Colorado Power	20	23	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf	50	53
Colorado Power pf.	93	98	Ry. & Lt. Secur. pf.	86	90
Columbus Electric pf.	78	82	Republic Ry. & Light	18	21
Commonwealth P. & L.	35	37	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	54	58
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	63	65	Sierra Pac. El. pf.	62½	67½
Conn. Power pf.	85	90	Southern Cal. Edison	80	83
Consumers' Power pf.	89	92	South. Cal. Edison pf.	93	96
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	81	83	Standard Gas & Elec.	3½	5
Duluth Edison	75	80	Std. Gas & Elec. pf.	23	25
Eastern Texas Electric	50	55	Tampa Electric	100	105
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	79	84	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow.	2	3
El Paso Electric	100	104	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	10	12
El Paso Electric pf.	90	94	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Electric B. & S. pf.	93	96	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf.	86	88
Electric Properties	52	58	United Gas Improve.	80	89½
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	84	89	United Light & Rys.	26	30
Federal Light & Trac.	..	9	United Light & Rys. pf.	59	61
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf.	..	38	Wash. I. W. L. & P. pf.	81½	84
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	16	..	West. P. Ter. & W. P.	10	15
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	..	68	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	50	65
Gas & Elec. Securities	280	300	West. Penn. P. pf.	95	100
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf.	93	98	Western Power	7	10
Idaho Power 7% pf.	98	100	Western Power pf.	40	45
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98	Wisconsin Edison	35	40
Interstate Electric	36	42	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	100
Interstate Electric pf.	90	95			

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20.	97¼	98½	Middle West U. 6s, '25.	95	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	69	71	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s.	99½	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	72	80	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	70
Carolina P. & L. 5s	89	92	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	82	88
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51.	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	95	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	78	83½
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	93	97½	Nor. States P. 6s, 1926.	92	94
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	70	75	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941.	87	87½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	96½	100	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963	90	95	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100½	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	Omaha & C. B. 5s	89	93
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	90	98	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '34	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s.	100½	101½	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s.	99	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	90	93	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19.	96	97
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	90	93	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s, '45	94	96
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s.	95	100	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39.	88	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s.	85	90	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	88	92
El Paso Elec. col. 5s.	87	92	U. S. R., R. & M. 6s, '25	111	113
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	Union L. & R. 1st 5s, '32	80	87
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46.	77	82	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26.	94	99
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25.	90	98	United Util. cv. 6s, '43.	93	98
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	97	100	Utah Securities 6s	86	87
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44.	93	96	Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	94½	98
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	90	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
L. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s '41	85	90	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	81½	83½
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	West P. P. 1st 5s, '46.	89	92
			Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	90	95

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Trading on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was dull, and with the exception of a few specialties, prices moved within a narrow range. The tendency, however, was toward higher levels, with final quotations generally showing small net gains. There were indications that the dividend-paying shares were being quietly purchased for investment account. Professional traders were wary of selling stocks and buyers found supplies scarce. The better feeling was induced largely by consideration of the case with which the 18 per cent. installment on the Liberty 4s had been carried through.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. B. Sug.	70½	70½	70½	20	N. Y., N. H. & H.	25¼	25	25
190	Am. Can.	33¼	32½	32½	80	Pennsylvania	47⅜	47¼	47¼
50	Am. C. & F.	61	61	61	70	Pullman Co.	128¼	128¼	128¼
90	Am. Loco.	50½	49¾	50½	10	Ray Copper	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
90	Am. S. & R.	72¾	71⅝	71⅞	1,470	Reading	67⅝	66⅝	67
550	Anac. Cop.	55⅜	54⅜	55⅛	10	Rep. I. & S.	70	70	70
1,710	Bald. Loco.	55⅝	54⅞	55⅝	10	Sinclair Oil	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜
290	Balt. & Ohio	50½	50	50¼	60	So. Pacific	81⅛	80⅞	80⅞
840	Beth. St'l B.	78⅛	76⅝	78⅛	20	So. Railway	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
100	B'klyn R. T.	41½	41½	41½	50	Studebaker	39⅜	38⅜	38⅜
140	Can. Pacific	131⅛	130⅞	131	10	Tenn. Copper	12	12	12
90	Cent. Leather	62	61⅛	61⅛	40	Tob. Prod.	44	43⅞	44
20	Ches. & Ohio	46¼	46	46¼	70	Union Pac.	113⅛	112⅞	112⅞
190	C., M. & St. P.	37	36⅜	36⅛	10	Un. Cig. St.	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
40	Corn Prod.	25¼	25	25	440	U. S. Ind. A.	100½	98¼	99½
300	Crucible St'l	53⅝	52⅜	53	20	U. S. Rubber	49	49	49
50	Cuba Cane Su.	26⅜	26⅛	26⅛	17,710	U. S. Steel	91⅞	90⅞	91⅛
10	Del. & Hud.	93½	93½	93½	500	Utah Copper	74½	73⅞	74¼
150	Erie	14⅛	13⅞	14⅛	10	Willys-Over.	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
50	Do 1st pf.	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛		BONDS.			
1,530	Gen. Motors	86⅛	83	85½	$4,000	Liberty 4s	99	99	99
10	Gt. Nor. Ore	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	2,840	Do 3½s	98.84	98.80	98.80
10	Inspir. Cop.	40½	40½	40½	7,000	B.R.T.5s, '18	91¼	91¼	91¼
70	Int. Mer. M.	24⅝	24½	24½		MINING STOCKS.			
6,140	Do pf.	92⅝	90⅝	91⅝	1,200	Atlanta	.09	.09	.09
10	Kan. Cy. So.	15	15	15	400	Gold. Con.	.40	.40	.40
190	Kene. Cop.	30¼	30	30	500	Jim Butler	.74	.74	.74
30	Lack. Ste.	73¼	73¼	73¼	1,100	McNamara	.21	.20½	.21
50	Lehigh Val.	51	50½	50½	125	Portland	1.05	1.05	1.05
150	Mex. Petrol.	74⅝	74¼	74¼	500	Res. Eula.	.11	.11	.11
50	Midvale Steel	42½	42½	42½	70	Ton. Ext.	1.50	1.50	1.50
30	Mo. Pacific	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	430	West End.	.64	.64	.64
50	Nev. Cons.	16¼	16¼	16¼					
10	N. Y. Cent.	67	67	67					

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	‡Aetna Exp.	6⅛	6	6⅛	575	‡S.S. Kresge	*65	60	*65
700	B.-A. T. Co. reg	16¼	16	16	300	Lake T. Boat	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
300	‡Car L. & P.	2¼	2¼	2¼	500	‡Prud. Pict.	7⅛	7	7
100	Carwen S'l.	9	9	9	12,500	Smith M. T.	1 1/16	¾	1 1/16
515	‡Cities S. C. (old)	192	187	192	300	‡Stand. M.	8	8	8
261	‡Do pf.	72½	72	72½	700	Sub. Boat v. t. ctfs.	12	11½	12
100	Ev. H., Inc.	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	1,800	Trian. F. v. t. ctfs.	13/16	⅞	13/16
100	Int. Rubber	8¼	8⅛	8¼	600	U. S. S'p Co.	3½	3⅜	3⅜
1,200	‡Int. Lube C.	3⅛	3	3⅛	1,500	‡Un. Motors	15	14¼	14⅝
100	‡Int. T. Cp. pf	65	65	65	2,500	‡W.-M. A. Co	7⅝	7½	7½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	Ang.-Am. Oil.	16⅝	16⅜	16⅝	10	Ohio Oil	288	285	285
200	Do rights.	2½	2½	2½	10	St. O. of N.Y.	240	240	240

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,200	‡Barn.O.& G.	1½	1¼	1⅜	2,000	Met. Petrol.	⅞	⅞	⅞
200	‡Beth.O.& G.	10	10	10	3,000	†‡Midw. Oil	110	106	110
1,000	†‡Bost.-Wyo.	28	28	28	500	‡Midw. Ref.	110	107	107
500	‡Cosden Oil.	7⅝	7¼	7¼	2,500	†‡N. W. Oil.	72	70	70
3,700	Cumb.P.& R.	1⅜	1 5/16	1⅜	5,000	‡Okla. Oil	5½	5	5½
400	‡Elk B. Pet.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	2,000	‡‡ Do pf.	20	19	20
3,600	‡Elk.O.& G., (a pros.)	7/16	3/16	5/16	2,500	Okla.P.& R.	6⅝	6⅝	6½
500	‡Esmer. Oil.	1/4	1/16	1/16	2,000	‡Omar O.&G.	30	28	28
100	‡Federal Oil.	2¾	2¾	2¾	1,500	Osage-H. Oil	6⅝	6⅝	6½
8,000	‡Friar Oil	⅜	¼	⅜	670	‡Pa.-Ky. Oil	5⅛	5⅛	5⅜
300	‡Glenrock Oil	14¾	14⅜	14¾	1,700	‡Pa.-O.O.&G.	12¼	12⅛	12¼
1,900	‡Han.O.& R.	1 3/16	1⅛	1 3/16	700	†‡R.R.O.& G.	60	58	60
300	‡Hum.G.C.O. & R.	4¼	4	4¼	1,000	‡Rice Oil	5/16	5/16	5/16
1,600	‡Inter. Pet.	10⅜	10⅛	10⅛	100	‡Sap.O.& R.	8½	8½	8½
5,800	Kenova Oil, (a pros.)	3/16	⅛	⅛	3,500	‡Seq.O.& R.	13/16	¾	¾
750	‡Lost C. Oil.	3/16	¼	3/16	2,000	‡Somer. Oil.	7/16	7/16	7/16
700	‡Merritt Oil.	22¼	22	22	2,000	‡Un. West. Oil	⅝	⅝	⅝
					335	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	3⅛	3	3⅛
					500	‡W.U.O., new	4¾	4¼	4½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5,700	Acme Cop.H.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	2,000	‡J. Verde, (a pros)	13/16	¾	13/16
500	Alaska-Brit. Col. Metals	7/16	7/16	7/16	6,000	‡Jer.-P. Cop.	2⅝	2½	2¾
2,300	†‡Atlanta	9⅛	9	9	2,250	†‡Jim Butler	76	75	76
2,500	Big Ledge	1½	1⅜	1½	2,500	†Jumbo Ext.	16	14	15
2,700	†Bos. & Mon.	52	51	52	1,000	†‡Kewanas	6	6	6
2,000	‡B'dshawCop.	1¾	1½	1½	2,400	‡Kirk. P. G. M., Ltd.	50	50	50
700	Butte-Det	5/16	5/16	5/16	500	Louisi'a Con.	⅝	⅝	⅝
16,500	†‡Caledonia	44	37	38	100	Magma Cop.	34¾	34¾	34¾
2,200	‡Calu.& Jer.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	5,000	†Marsh M'g	8½	8½	8½
1,000	Canada Cop.	1 11/16	1⅝	1 11/16	200	Mason Val.	4½	4½	4½
3,300	†Cashboy	*4	3½	3½	4,000	‡Monster C'f.	3/16	1/16	3/16
1,200	†‡Cerbat Sil., (a pros.)	36	34	35	5,000	†‡Mother L.	28	27	27
100	‡Coco River	5	5	5	14,000	†‡Nat. Leas.	8	6	8
500	Con.Ariz.Sm.	1 7/16	1⅜	1⅜	7,500	†‡N. Z. & L.	31	28	29
500	Con. Copper	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	500	‡New Corn'a	15	14⅝	14⅝
400	‡Con.-H'st'd.	16	16	16	32,000	†‡Nixon Nev.	78	71	76
1,700	Cresson Con.	4¾	4⅝	4¾	3,900	†Port. C. Cop	24	23	24
1,600	Dundee-Ariz. Cop., (pros.)	1	¾	⅞	1,700	†Roch. Mines	36	35	36
12,000	‡Emma Con.	½	½	½	6,500	S. K. of A.	½	½	½
500	†‡Fortu.Con.	40	40	40	200	†‡Silver Pick	9	9	9
4,200	‡Gibson Cop.	2⅛	2	2	9,000	†St. N. Zinc.	10	8½	9
600	‡Gila Copper	17¼	17¼	17¼	300	Stand. S.-L.	7/16	7/16	7/16
4,000	‡Globe Dom.	7/16	5/16	7/16	2,500	†Success M'g	13	12½	13
3,500	†Gold. Mer.	4	3½	3½	200	Sup. Cop., (a pros)	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
750	‡Gt. VerdeEx.	2⅛	1 15/16	1⅝	200	Ton. Ext.	1½	1½	1½
500	‡GreenMonst.	⅝	9/16	9/16	8,000	†‡Troy-A	10	15	15
775	Hecla Mining	4 7/16	*4¼	4⅜	2,000	†‡Utica M.	12	12	12
21,500	†‡Int. Mines.	10	9	10	700	†W. E. Con.	65	04	65
					2,500	W. C. M. Co.	⅞	¾	13/16

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$17,000	‡Can. G. 5s.	94¾	94½	94½	$5,000	‡Russ. Gov't new 5½s	55	55	55
2,000	‡C. & W. I. 6% notes	97¾	97½	97½	20,000	‡Do 6½s	65½	65	65¼
1,000	‡Gen. El. 6s notes	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	2,000	‡S'n Ry. 5% notes	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.
Note.—Thursday 300 Submarine Boat sold at 13.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.	Thursday Ask.
Air Reduct'n.	60	70	60	70
Am.-Brit. Mfg.	3	6	3	6
Am.-B. M. pf.	20	40	20	40
Am. Writ. P.	1½	2½	1½	2½
Br.-Am. Tob., coupon	15¾	16½	15¼	16½
Carbon Steel.	75	80	75	80
Chalmers Mot.	2	4	2	4
Do pf.	..	50	..	50
Charcoal Iron.	6¾	7¼	6¾	7¼
Do pf.	5½	6	5½	6
Chev. Motor.	53	56	56	58
Cramp Ship.	71	74	71	74
Curtiss A. pf.	50	75	50	75
Curtiss Aero.	26	28	26	28
Emer. Phono.	4¾	5½	4¾	5½
Free. Texas.	36	39	36	39
Havana Tob.	½	1¼	⅝	1½
Do pf.	2	5	2	5
Holly Sugar.	40	50	40	50
Do pf.	98	101	98	101
Hupp M. Car	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
Int. Trad. Co.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Int. M. 2d pf.	15	20	15	20
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf.	6	7	6	7
L. Val. C. S.	58	63	58	63
Lukens Steel.	35	44	35	44
Do 1st pf.	100	102	100	102
Man. Transit	1/16	3/16	1/16	3/16
Marconi of A.	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
Marlin Arms.	86	87	86	87
Maxim Mun.	⅜	⅞	⅜	⅞
N. Y. Ship'g.	29	33	29	33
N. Y. Trans.	14	17	14	17
N. A. P. & P.	1½	2¼	1⅞	2¼
Peer. T. & M.	9	11	9	11
Poole E. & M.	60	80	60	80
Pyrene Mfg.	6½	10	8½	10
St.L.,R.M.&P.	30	35	30	35
St. Jo. Lead.	15½	16	15¾	16
Todd Sh'yards	72	76	72	76
Union Carbide	50	52	50	52

INDUSTRIALS.—*Continued.*

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.	Thursday Ask.
Un. E. Aero.	3⅞	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛
U. S. L. & H.	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
United Z. S.	1¾	2	1¾	2
World Film.	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
OIL STOCKS.				
Allen Oil.	½	¾	½	¾
Cosden Oil pf.	3½	4	3½	4
Houston Oil.	18	20	18	20
Kan.-U. Con.	⅞	15/16	⅞	15/16
Ky. Petrol.	7¼	7½	7¼	7½
Midw. Oil pf.	1 1/16	1¼	1 1/16	1¼
Pierce Oil.	8¾	9½	8¾	9½
Savoy Oil.	7	9	7	9
Tuxpam Star.	½	9/16	½	9/16
United Petrol.	30	40	30	40
Vac. O. & G.	1/16	3/16	1/16	3/16
West. St. Pet.	⅝	½	7/16	½
Wyo. O. & R.	46	55	46	55
Wy. Wond. Oil	25	30	28	30
MINING STOCKS.				
Alaska Std.	24	27	24	27
Big Jim	½	¾	½	¾
Bingham M.	11	12	11	12
Booth	3	5	3	5
Brant Mines.	55	58	55	58
Bull. Peak.	⅛	½	⅛	½
Butte & N. Y.	½	⅞	½	⅞
Butte C. & Z.	5⅝	6	5⅞	6⅛
Butte-Ram. C.	5⅛	5¾	5½	5¾
Calaveras Cp.	1½	2	1½	2
Cerro Gordo.	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Gold. Merger.	3½	4½	3½	4
Howe Sound.	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
Iron Blossom.	5/16	7/16	5/16	7/16
La R. Cons.	5/16	7/16	5/16	7/16
Magnate Cop.	1/16	3/16	1/16	3/16
Milford Cop.	1⅛	1½	1⅛	1½
Wh. Caps Ex.	12	14	12	14
Wilbert Min.	17	19	17	19
BOND.				
Pierce O. 6s, '24	70	75	70	75

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Pe.	Pay.	Record.
B. R. Electric	$4	SA.	Dec. 1	Nov. 17
Do pf	$3	SA.	Dec. 1	Nov. 17
B., R. B. & Lynn	$1.50	Q.	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
Cal. Packing	50c	Q.	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Do pf.	1¾	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Ches. & Ohio	2	SA.	Dec. 31	Dec. 7
Cheesebrough Mfg.	$3	Q.	Dec. 20	Nov. 30
Do	50c	Ex.	Dec. 20	Nov. 30
Col. Power pf.	1¾	Q.	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Copper Range	$1.50	Q.	Dec. 15	Nov. 21
Do	$1	Ex.	Dec. 15	Nov. 21
Cudahy Packing	1¾	Q.	Dec. 15	Dec. 5
East Butte Copper	$1	..	Dec. 24	Dec. 8
Rep. Iron & Steel	1½	Q.	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Do pf.	1¾	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Solar Refining	$5	SA.	Dec. 20	Nov. 30
Do	$25	Ex.	Dec. 20	Nov. 30
Stand. Oil of Ohio	$3	Q.	Jan. 1	Nov. 30
Do	$1	Ex.	Jan. 1	Nov. 30
United Paper B'rd.	½	..	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
Do pf.	1½	Q.	Jan. 15	Jan. 2
W. Penn. Rys. pf.	1½	Q.	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
W. P. T. & W.P.pf	1½	Q.	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
York Mfg.	$3	SA.	Dec. 1	Nov. 19
Do	$1	Ex.	Dec. 1	Nov. 19

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian North	1917-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.00
Can. Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.50	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.25	5.75
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.50	5.00
Chi., R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.75	5.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.50	5.50
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	6.75	5.75
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.90	5.30
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.75	5.75
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Louis. & Nash	1917-'23	5	5.50	5.00
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.75	5.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1917-'23	5	6.75	5.50
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.75	5.50
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.50
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.75
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.50	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	5.75	5.00
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.50	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.50	5.50
Southern Pac.	1917-'26	4½	5.60	5.00
Southern Ry.	1917-'24	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.50	5.75

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Asked.	Thursday Bid.	Thursday Asked.
Tin, spot	72.00	....	72.00	....
Lead	6.37½	....	6.37½	....
Spelter	8.00	8.25	8.00	8.25
Antimony	14.00	14.50	13.50	13.75
Quicksilver	$100.00	....	$100.00	....
Aluminium	*36.00	38.00	*36.00	38.00
Iron, No. 2X fdy.	....	33.50	....	35.00

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c per pound bid. London quotations were:

	Yesterday £	s.	d.	Thursday £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	276	1	0	277	0	0
Tin, futures	275	1	0	276	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	20	21	Iron Cap.	13½	14½
Bay S G	6	9	Iron Blos.	44	49
Begole	50	75	Jerome V.	70	80
Bohemia	80	90	La Rose	30	40
Bing Min.	9⅝	9¾	Majestic	27	30
Bost Ely	45	55	Mex Met.	26	28
Bost & M.	50	52	Mojave T.	24	27
Butte & L.	11	13	New Baltic	75	1⅛
Butte & D.	25	37	Nev Doug.	1⅛	1⅛
Bost & Ar.	1	2	N U Ming.	..	50
Calaveras	2	3⅛	Nixon	70	72
Cons Cop.	7	7⅜	N Cornelia	14	14½
Crown Res.	20	30	N Z & L.	25	27
Con Ariz.	1⅛	1⅛	Ohio Cop.	70	80
Cortez	10	20	Oneco	25	35
Champ Cop	5	6	Onondaga	15	35
Chief Cons.	2	2¼	Pion Con.	1½	1⅝
E & B B.	2	2⅛	Ray Herc.	3	3¼
Earl Eagle	12	13	Rilla	..	2
Fortuna	5	7	*S W M.	75	1⅛
Gold Lake	2	4	†S W M.	75	100
Gila C S.	17	17⅝	U V Ext.	31½	32¼
Houghton	50	100	Victoria Oil	1½	1⅝
Homa Oil	90	95	Yukon Gold	1⅜	2
Humboldt	60	75			

*Full paid. †Part paid.

28 NEW BANKS IN RESERVE.

Resources Increased $845,796,400 by Added Membership Since Nov. 1.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The showing of State banks and trust companies that have come into the Federal Reserve system in the last two weeks is more significant than for any similar period since the recent legislation adopted by Congress to accomplish the transfer of such banks to the national system. Twenty-eight banks joined between Nov. 1 and Nov. 15. While the amount of capitalization thus transferred is not as great as occurred in September, the encouraging sign is the large number of substantially large banks embraced in the statement. The total amount of capital brought into the Federal Reserve system is $33,685,000, surplus $41,187,231, and total resources $845,796,400.

The list follows, with the total resources of the banks indicated:

Brooklyn Trust Company, Brooklyn, N. Y., $40,270,629; St. Clair County Savings Bank, Port Huron, Mich., $1,319,436; Citizens Bank, Clinton, Wis., $478,360; Miners Deposit Bank, Lykens, Penn., $679,897; Citizens Commercial Trust Company, Buffalo, N. Y., $18,196,063; Citizens Trust and Savings Bank, Columbus, Ohio, $5,271,822; Savannah Bank and Trust Company, Savannah, Ga., $8,415,862; Manufacturers Trust Company, Brooklyn, N. Y., $15,031,812; Baltimore Trust Company, Baltimore, Md., $15,990,745; Citizens Savings and Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio, $74,532,631; Manhattan Company, New York, N. Y., $82,094,144; Fidelity Trust Company, New York, $18,965,146; People's Trust Company, Brooklyn, N. Y., $29,443,301; W. R. Grace & Co.'s Bank, New York, $6,675,523; Paoli State Bank, Paoli, Ind., $194,868; Farmers Banking Company, Prairie Depot, Ohio, $339,528; Wayne County and Home Savings Bank, Detroit, Mich., $53,681,743; Baltimore Commercial Bank, Baltimore, Md., $2,668,945; Industrial Trust Company, Providence, R. I., $71,783,303; First Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, Ill., $84,207,394; United State Bank of Chicago, $869,220; Austin State Bank, Chicago, $2,668,743; Union Trust Company of New York, $87,043,831; United States Mortgage and Trust Company, New York, $93,377,698; Marion Central Bank, Marion, Ala., $497,661; Columbia Trust Company, New York, $124,186,774; Hillsboro Bank and Savings Company, Hillsboro, Ohio, $551,959; Scandinavian Trust Company, New York, $11,359,362.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Charles A. Cairns, general passenger and ticket agent of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, has been appointed passenger traffic manager, succeeding A. C. Johnson, now general traffic manager.

A. D. O'Neill, formerly with the Harris Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago, has organized the firm of A. D. O'Neill & Co., with offices in Chicago, to deal in bonds and curb stocks.

At the annual meeting of the Crucible Steel Company retiring Directors were re-elected.

The Scandinavian Trust Company has been admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve system.

Brockton, Mass., has sold a temporary loan of $300,000, in anticipation of revenue, to the Boston Safe Deposit and Trust Company at 4.75 per cent. discount.

Holders of the first and refunding mortgage 5 per cent. twenty-year gold bonds, preferred stock, common stock, and dividend certificates of the Fort Wayne and Northern Indiana Traction Company have been notified that a committee has been formed to represent the security holders in the reorganization of the company.

At the annual meeting of the United Paperboard Company Stuart Logan was elected a Director to replace George J. Marott, resigned.

The United Paperboard Company has declared an initial dividend of ½ per cent. on the common stock, as well as the regular quarterly dividend on the preferred.

G. H. Walbridge has resigned as President of the Colorado Power Company and has been elected Chairman of the Board of Directors. L. P. Hammond, formerly Vice President and General Manager, has been elected President, and O. B. Willcox Vice President, the latter to fill the vacancy created by Mr. Hammond's promotion.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The movement of wheat at primary points has fallen off somewhat this week, and receipts for the last five days show a loss of 451,000 bushels, compared with the previous week. Flour production continues very active, however, and comparatively few complaints are being heard regarding the distribution. According to The Modern Miller, Winter wheat already seeded will exceed 12,000,000 acres, and in some districts in the Southwest they are still seeding, mainly in Texas and Oklahoma. Further complaints were received of frost damage in Argentina.

RYE.—Market firmer; No. 2 Western, $1.39½, cost and freight New York.

CORN.

Corn traders are finding it very difficult to arrive at a definite basis of calculations regarding probable future price movements. Some authorities are inclined to look upon the supply and demand situation as distinctly bullish, at least for the balance of the present calendar year, and some think that there is little probability of much accumulation until well into 1918. The attitude of the Government against aggressive trading on the bull side has a tendency to discourage buying, however, and the market in consequence has become narrow and is easily influenced by comparatively small operations either way. Prices yesterday showed resistance to pressure and the undertone was firm, closing ⅝@1¼c net higher. The local cash market was unsettled, new yellow corn being quoted at $1.65 to $2, and 3 mixed at $1.53¾, cost and freight New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	122¼	119	120½	119½	94¼
January	117½	116⅜	117¼	116½	96⅛
May	116	114⅜	115½	115⅛	..

OATS.

The oats market showed decided strength early with an active demand from December shorts. Offers from the country were of limited proportions and the cash demand seems capable of taking care of the present movement. Exporters, however, were less in evidence and appear to have withdrawn from the market on account of the recent upturn in values. The local cash market was strong; standard quoted at 73½c to 74c; No. 2 white, 74½c; No. 3 white, 73c to 73½c; No. 4 white, 72½c to 73c; fancy clipped white, 74½c to 76c; ordinary clipped white, 71c to 75c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	66⅛	64⅝	65⅞	64⅞	57⅜
May	65⅛	64⅛	65⅛	64⅞	61⅛

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was only moderately active and after an irregular opening prices moved in a feverish manner, closing easy, although slightly above the lowest. Sentiment is somewhat mixed over the hog situation and the question of Government control, although the cash position continues to show considerable strength. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 21,000, estimated for Saturday, 16,000; Kansas City received 11,000 and Omaha, 4,600 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
November	27.90	27.90	27.90	27.96	....
January	24.65	24.42	24.55	24.65	16.17
Ribs—					
January	24.25	24.05	24.17	24.27	14.45
May	23.87	23.65	23.72	23.87	14.60
Pork—					
January	45.25	45.25	45.25	45.60	27.25

COTTONSEED OIL.

Trading operations in the market for cottonseed oil were again of small proportions, as outstanding accounts are being steadily evened up. As a result the market was very feverish and prices moved according to the orders at hand, closing 40 points net lower for December, while other months were unchanged to 5 points higher. Total sales were 1,500 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	19.00	18.60
November	19.10	19.00	18.75@18.95	18.75
December	18.50	18.50	18.20@18.45	18.60
January	18.25	18.25	18.25@18.26	18.25
February	..	..	18.20	18.15
March	18.35	18.35	18.29@18.30	18.28
April	..	..	19.00	..
May	..	..	19.00	..

COFFEE.

A somewhat steadier tone developed in the coffee market yesterday. While not particularly heavy or urgent, there has been steady liquidation for the last several days, and offerings yesterday morning were lighter. This suggested that the scattering long interest had been reduced to comparatively small proportions, and the opening advance of 1 to 2 points probably reflected a steadier technical position. The market closed steady at a net advance of 1 to 3 points. Business included exchanges of December for March at 27 points, for July at 60 points, and September, 77 points. Closing quotations for spots were on the basis of 7⅝c for Rio 7s and 9¼c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.93@6.94	6.90
December	7.02	6.98	7.01@7.02	6.98
January	..	..	7.09@7.10	7.07
February	..	..	7.17@7.18	7.16
March	7.28	7.27	7.26@7.28	7.25
April	..	..	7.35@7.36	7.32
May	7.43	7.41	7.43@7.45	7.40
June	..	..	7.52@7.53	7.49
July	7.62	7.61	7.60@7.61	7.58
August	..	..	7.68@7.69	7.66
September	7.78	7.77	7.77@7.78	7.74

SUGAR.

The general situation shows a slightly easier tendency, due to the distribution in this territory of sugars held here for export account. No relief, however, has come from the Western beet crop, offerings being promptly absorbed for use in the Western territory. About the only new business put through was a sale of 450 tons of Demerara sugar, November arrival, at a price equivalent to 6.90c, duty paid. Late Thursday there was a sale of 25,000 bags of Cubas, specified November clearance, at 5⅛c, cost and freight. Spot prices follow: Centrifugal, 6.90c; molasses, 6.02c; cost and freight, 5⅛c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 5,587 packages. The market looks a little better. The demand for choice and fancy grades is rather in excess of the supply and prices are hardening a little. Medium qualities still quite plentiful, but there is less pressure to sell. More doing in storage creamery, and a little firmer feeling on the better qualities. Renovated still neglected, and ladles and packing stock are extremely dull. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 45½@46c; extras, (92 score,) 45c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 42@44½c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 40@41½c; thirds, 38@39c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 46½@47c; extras, 45½@46c; firsts, 42@45c; seconds, 41@42½c; creamery, held, higher scoring than extras, 43@43½c; extras, 42¼@42¾c; firsts, 40½@42c; seconds, 39½@40½c; thirds, 38@39c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 43½@44c; good to prime, 40½@43c; common to fair, 35@40c; renovated, extras, 41c; firsts, 39½@40c; lower grades, 35@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 33½@34c; seconds, 32½@33c; lower grades, 31½@32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@31½c.

EGGS.—7,036 cases, not including 1,700 cases in transit for export. Fresh-gathered eggs are still in light supply, and values are fairly well sustained, high qualities showing considerable firmness. Some receivers, however, report the demand rather less active, and undergrades are of irregular values. Storage eggs are still unsettled and irregular. The moderate business reported is about at yesterday's quotations, but the tone is unsettled, and, to force business, concessions would have to be made. Nearby eggs continue in light supply, and of very irregular quality and value. Fancy goods command full former prices, but buyers are critical when paying top quotations, and the mixed and lower qualities range widely in price. Fresh-gathered extras, per dozen, 54@55c; extra firsts, 52@53c; firsts, 48@51c; seconds, 42@46c; thirds and poorer, 35@40c; fresh-gathered dirties, No. 1, 34@35c; No. 2 and poorer, 28@33c; fresh-gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 32@33c; undergrades, 25@31c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34½@35c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 32½@34c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 30@32½c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 28@30c; refrigerator, nearby whites, 39@44c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 75@80c; ordinary to good, 60@72c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 58@75c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets, 32@60c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 52@65c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 55@61c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 46@55c.

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1	A.C.L. of Con.	88	88	88	23	M.& M. Bank.	27½	27½	27½
27	B. & O. pf.	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛	50	Phil. Co. pf.	25	25	25
117	Con. Power	100	100	100	25	Pa. Wat. Pow.	64	64	64
150	Cosden	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	5	U. S. Fidel.	100	100	100
200	Do pf.	3⅞	3¾	3¾	5	United Ry.	23	23	23
159	Davidson	24¼	24	24	155	Wayland	3	2¾	3
65	Houston Oil	20	19½	20	50	Wes. Nat. Bk.	32	32	32
70	Do pf.	56	56	56					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Bal. Cy. 3½s, 1930	90	90	90	$17,000	Cos. 6s B.	79¾	79¼	79¼
1,000	C. Coal ref. 5s	83¾	83¾	83¾	4,000	United Ry. income 5s	55½	55½	55½
12,000	Cos. 6s A.	78	78	78					

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
85	Am. Zinc	12¼	12	12	20	Mayflow.-Old Colony	1¼	1¼	1¼
40	Ahmeek	84	83	83	100	Mohawk	60½	60¼	60½
65	Alaska	3	3	3	81	North Butte	13	12½	12⅞
85	Ariz. Com'l.	9	9	9	5	Nipissing	8	8	8
2	Cal. & Hecla	440	440	440	100	Pond Creek	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
400	Cop. Range	46½	45½	46¼	14	Quincy	64	64	64
125	Daw Daly	3⅝	3⅝	3⅜	200	Santa Fe	80c	80c	80c
425	East Butte	10	9½	10	10	Shannon	5¼	5¼	5¼
350	Hancock	9¼	9	9	95	U. S. Smelter	44	42	42⅛
225	Isl'd Creek	52	52	52	62	Do pf	44½	44	44
80	Isle Royale	23½	23¼	23½	100	Utah Copper	74⅜	74¼	74¼
5	Kerr Lake	4½	4½	4½	10	Utah Metals	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
250	Lake	6⅛	6	6					

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
83	Bos. & Alb.	131	131	131	26	Mass. Elec. pf.	13	12	12
326	Bos. Elev.	32½	30½	31½	50	New Haven	25½	24⅜	24⅜
45	Bos. & Me.	20	20	20	1	W. End St. Ry. pf.	48	48	48
5	Fitchburg pf.	65	65	65					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
75	Amoskeag pf.	82	82	82	5	Punta Sugar	30	30	30
11	Am. Sug. pf.	108	107¼	107¼	18	Plant pf	99	99	99
461	Am. Tel.	107⅛	106⅛	107	31	Swift	121¼	121	121
199	Am. Wool. pf.	89	88	88	50	Union Land	60	60	60
40	A., G. & W. I.	96¼	95	96¼	25	United Drug	68	68	68
5	Do pf	59	58½	59	6	Do 1st pf.	50	50	50
65	Art Metal	9	9	9	74	United Fruit	115	113½	114
45	Edison Elec.	150	145	150	243	United Shoe	40⅛	39⅝	40
5	Math. Alkali	45	45	45	25	Do pf	25⅛	25	25
110	Mass Gas	77¾	77	77	1,740	U. S. Steel	91⅞	90⅝	91⅛
2	Do pf	69	69	69	210	Ventura Oil	5⅛	5	5⅛
3	Pullman	130	130	130					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	A., G. & W. I.	77¼	77¼	77¼	$1,000	U. S. Steel 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
3,000	Cent. Vt. 4s	60	60	60	2,000	U. S. Smelt. 6s	98	98	98
1,000	New Eng. Tel. 5s, 1932	90¼	90¼	90¼	17,000	Lib. 3½s	98.80	98.60	98.70
2,000	Swift 5s	93	93	93	8,750	Do 4s	99.20	99.00	99.00

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
189	Am. Ship.	88	87½	88	1	Quaker Oats	225	225	225
100	Booth Fish.	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	10	Do pf.	97½	97½	97½
494	Canal & Dk.	50½	50½	50½	81	Sears, Roeb.	139	138⅛	139
1	Chi. Pn. T.	45	45	45	544	Stew. Warn.	46	45	45⅜
5	Cudahy	112	112	112	348	Swift	121⅞	121	121½
40	Com. Edison	101½	101¼	101¼	205	Un. Paperbd	17	16½	17
14	Deere pf.	97¼	96	96	10	Wilson pf.	96	96	96
175	People's Gas	40	39½	39½	4,543	Carbide Carb.	45¼	43½	45

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Chi. Cy. Ry. 1st 5s	89½	89½	89½	$11,550	Lib'ty 3½s	98.60	98.60	98.60
4,000	Swift 1st 5s	93½	93½	93½	1,100	Do 4s	99.00	99.00	99.00

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
7	Am. Gas	98	98	98	100	Nev. Con.	16¼	16¼	16¼
10	Am. Milling	10	10	10	453	Pennsylvania	47⅜	47¼	47¼
60	Bald. Loco.	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝	10	Phil. Co. pf.	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
50	C., M. & St. P.	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	75	Phil. Elec.	25	25	25
10	Elec. Storage	48	48	48	45	P. R. T. t. c.	24⅜	24	24
2	Gen. Asp. pf.	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜	145	Reading	67⅛	66⅛	67⅛
16	Ins. of N. A.	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	237	Ton. Belm't.	3⅝	3½	3½
50	Kennecott	30	30	30	27	U. G. Imp.	69	69	69
125	Lake S. Cp.	10½	10⅛	10½	1,767	U. S. Steel	91⅞	90⅞	91⅛
194	Lehigh Nav.	57	56	56	30	War. I. & S.	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜
865	Do war'nts.	6¼	5½	5⅞	1,000	W. Cramp.	68	68	68
40	Lehigh Val.	51⅛	51¼	51¼					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Bald. Loco.	99	99	99	$1,000	L. V. gen. 4s	80	80	80
4,000	B. S'l 1st 5s	119	119	119	1,000	Do cn. 4½s	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛
20,000	City 4s, '44	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	65,000	P. El. 1st 5s	96⅛	96	96
2,500	Lib. 3½s	99.16	99.16	99.16	3,000	P., B. & W. 4s	97	97	97
6,100	Do 4s	99.00	99.00	99.00	5,500	Un. R. inv. 5s	63	63	63

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	16¼	16⅝	16	Prairie Oil & Gas	395	405	395
Atlantic Refining	780	800	780	Prairie Pipe Line	225	230	225
Borne-Scrymser	400	425	400	Solar Refining	300	315	275
Buckeye Pipe Line	84	88	83	Southern Pipe L.	188	193	190
Chesebrough Mfg.	325	350	325	South. Penn. Oil	245	255	240
Colonial Oil	50	70	*50	S. W. Penn.	100	105	100
Continental Oil	425	450	425	Stand. Oil of Cal.	213	216	210
Crescent Pipe Line	33	36	33	Stand. Oil of Ind.	590	610	575
Cumberland P. L.	135	145	135	Stand. Oil of Kan.	445	465	445
Eureka Pipe Line	190	200	190	Stand. Oil of Ky.	320	330	325
Galena Signal Oil	125	130	125	Stand. Oil of Neb.	450	520	475
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	125	130	125	Stand. Oil of N. J.	505	510	508
Illinois Pipe Line	180	*185	185	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	238	242	236
Indiana Pipe Line	80	85	80	Stand. Oil of Ohio	420	430	415
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	10	11	9½	Swan & Finch	90	100	90
National Transit	12	13	12	Union Tank	80	84	80
N. Y. Transit	175	185	175	Vacuum Oil	320	325	320
Northern Pipe L.	97	100	98	Washington Oil	34	38	33
Ohio Oil	283	288	283	*Ex dividend.			
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co	33	37	33				

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.
American Cigar	85	95	90	MacAndrews & F.	185	200	190
Do pf.	85	93	90	Do pf.	95	100	98
Conley Foil	200	250	200	P. R.-Am. Tob.	175	190	180
J. S. Young	130	150	150	Do scrip.	120	130	115
Do pf.	105	110	105	R. J. Reynolds	450	500	450
				Do pf.	100	104	102

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.
Aetna pf.	39	43	38	Can. Found's F.	140	150	..
American Brass	200	205	..	Colt's Arms	56	60	50
Atlas Powder	155	158	153	Du Pont	280	285	280
Do pf.	94	98	92	Hercules	247	253	256
Babcock & Wilcox	108	111	109	Do pf.	111	114	112
Bliss	400	450	400	Niles-Bem't-Pond	105	111	102
Do pf.	75	83	78	Scovill Mfg	400	420	390
Canadian Explos.	235	235	350	Winchester Arms	700	..	780
Do pf.	104	110	104				

President
JAMES S. ALEXANDER

Vice-Presidents
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FARIS R. RUSSELL

Assistant Cashiers
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Auditor
A. F. JOHNSON

Manager Foreign Department
FRANZ MEYER

Directors
JAMES S. ALEXANDER — WILLIAM A. DAY — HENRY W. de FOREST — FORREST F. DRYDEN — CHARLES E. DUNLAP — HERBERT P. HOWELL — R. G. HUTCHINS, Jr. — A. W. MELLON — CHARLES H. RUSSELL — VALENTINE P. SNYDER — H. B. THAYER — THOS. WILLIAMS

National Bank of Commerce in New York
Resources - - $460,000,000

$1,000 REWARD

Dow, Jones & Co. will pay $1000 reward for evidence leading to the detection of the criminal who forged the name "A. R. Erskine president Studebaker Corporation" to a night-letter telegram sent by Western Union wires from Jacksonville, Florida, Friday night, Nov. 9th.

The party must have been thoroughly familiar with President Erskine's style, and the affairs of the Studebaker Corporation, and must have been interested in Studebaker shares.

DOW, JONES & CO.
The Wall Street Journal Building
44 Broad Street. New York City

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED. FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.60. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Board of Managers, Life Members, and Annual Members that, pursuant to the By-Laws of the Association, the Annual Meeting of the NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR will be held in the Trustees Room, United Charities Building, 105 EAST 22D STREET, Borough of Manhattan, New York, on November 28th, 1917 at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Managers for the coming year and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. A meeting of the Board of Managers for the election of officers and other routine business will be held immediately after the Annual Meeting.

Chartered 1799.
BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY.
New York, November 2, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their Banking House, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the fourth day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the Directors.
D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

Annual meeting of Church Mission of Help, to be held in Guild Hall, at St. Thomas's Church, New York, Monday, November 19th, at 3:30 o'clock. Speakers are Rev. Wm. T. Manning, D. D., President; Mrs. L. F. Pease, Secretary; Mr. Wm. J. Doherty, Commissioner of Charities.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

State of New York
Office of the Secretary of State } ss:

This certificate issued in duplicate hereby certifies that the

MANHATTAN REDUCTION COMPANY, INC.,

a domestic corporation, has filed in this office, on this 9th day of November, 1917, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

(Seal) A. B. PARKER, Deputy Secretary of State.

DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE.

WEST PENN TRACTION & WATER POWER COMPANY

November 15, 1917.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of West Penn Traction & Water Power Company, held in New York City today, Dividend No. 12 of one and one-half per cent (1½%) on the preferred capital stock of the company was declared, payable on December 15, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 1st, 1917.

Stock transfer books close on Saturday, December 1, 1917, at 12:00 o'clock M. and reopen on Monday, December 17, 1917, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

R. B. KEATING, Vice President.

United Paperboard Company

New York, November 15, 1917.

An initial dividend of ½ of 1% on the common stock of this company has today been declared, payable December 15, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 1, 1917.

SIDNEY MITCHELL, President.

St. Louis, Missouri, November 6, 1917.

The Board of Directors of Brown Shoe Company, Inc., at meeting held today, declared a dividend of $1.50 per share upon the Common Stock of this Company, payable December First, 1917, to common stockholders of record at the close of business November Twentieth, 1917.

WM. KRAIL, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the Board of Directors of this Company, at a meeting held on the 6th day of November, 1917, declared the regular quarterly dividend of three (3%) per cent., payable on the 1st day of January, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 8th day of December, 1917. The transfer books of the Company will not be closed.

McKINLEY-DARRAGH-SAVAGE MINES OF COBALT, LIMITED.
HARPER SIBLEY, Treasurer.
Dated at Toronto, Ontario, November 8, 1917.

ST. JOSEPH LEAD COMPANY,
61 Broadway, New York.

A dividend of seventy-five cents per share on the outstanding capital stock of the above Company has been declared payable December 20, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 8, 1917. The transfer books of the Company close at twelve o'clock noon, December 8, 1917, and reopen December 21, 1917.

LEONIDAS H. BESSON, Secretary.
Dated, November 16, 1917.

NOTICE.

WEST PENN RAILWAYS COMPANY

November 15, 1917.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of West Penn Railways Company, held in New York City today, Dividend No. 2 of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the Six Per Cent. Cumulative Preferred Stock of the Company was declared, payable on December 15, 1917 to stockholders of record at the close of business December 1st.

R. B. KEATING, Vice President.

FARMERS ASK LABOR FOR CLOSER UNITY

Would Help to Hasten Victory Over Autocracy, Is Their Message to Convention.

BRITISH UNIONS STAND FIRM

Delegates Tell of Sacrifices and Confidence That They Have Not Been Made in Vain.

BUFFALO, Nov. 16.—A plea from the farm that closer co-operation with other branches of the nation's industries to the end that victory over autocracy might be the sooner achieved, and reports from two great British labor organizations stating that union labor there still faces the enemy determined and confident of victory, brought enthusiastic cheers from the delegates attending today's session of the thirty-seventh annual convention of the American Federation of Labor.

The farmers were represented by A. C. Townley, President of the Farmers' Non-Partisan League, and L. V. Strayer, Second Vice President of the National Farmers' Congress. Emanuel Koveleski of Rochester reported on the last annual convention of the Canadian Trades and Labor Council, and John Golden, President of the United Textile Workers, and James Lord, President of the mining department of the federation, reported on the meeting of the British Trades Union Congress and the Allied Labor Conference.

"We found," said Mr. Golden, "a people who have held fast to their ideals, confident that their sacrifices have not been in vain. Union labor in Great Britain believes that when it is all ended the gates of opportunity to greater liberties, greater lives, and an enduring democracy will be opened throughout the world.

"We were assured from what we heard and saw that no matter what the cost in suffering, the armies and the peoples of the allied countries are going on to a victorious conclusion, a victory that will mean the beginning of the end of militarism the world over."

Mr. Golden urged the convention to have the American Federation of Labor represented at all future allied labor conferences.

The committees spent another busy day. Two resolutions dealing with the federation's close relations with the Government on war work are understood to be giving the federation leaders some concern. Either one of them, it is said, is likely to precipitate sharp debate on the floor of the convention.

One of the resolutions was introduced by delegates representing the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers. The preamble declares that American labor is loyal and patriotic, and determined to use its best efforts to establish and maintain the co-operation of all organized workers to assist the Government to carry on the war to a successful conclusion. It then states that a great amount of the materials necessary for Government work is being furnished by the United States Steel Corporation and the Bethlehem Steel Corporation for work erected by or through firms who are members of the National Erectors Association.

"For the last twelve years," the resolution continues, "the United States Steel Corporation, the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, and the National Erectors Association have steadfastly refused to enter into an agreement or in any way negotiate with our international union, in which 75 per cent. of the men who follow our trade are members."

The resolution then calls on the Federation to take up the matter with the Secretary of War, Secretary of the Navy, and the Council of National Defense, "in an effort to have the workers accorded the same recognition given to other organized workers on war work." This resolution is in the hands of the Committee on Resolutions.

The second resolution was introduced by P. H. Jennings of the Massachusetts State Branch. George H. Wrenn of Springfield, and Edward H. McGrady of Boston. It refers to President Wilson's proclamation of March 4, which stated that all Government work should be performed on a basic eight-hour day, with not less than time and one-half for overtime. This has been interpreted by certain Government officials, the resolution states, in such a way that many of the manufacturers supplying the Government are working their employes more than eight hours.

The Executive Council is asked "to call the matter to the attention of the proper Government officials with the view of placing all Government supply contracts on an eight-hour basis in compliance with our understanding of the proclamation."

The backers of these resolutions say their adoption will not slow up any war industry, but will tend to establish fairness in the application of the principle of the eight-hour day.

END STRIKES AT WAR PLANTS

Building Trades Council to Discuss Terms with Federal Officials.

BOSTON, Nov. 16.—Strikes which have impeded construction on important Government war plants in this vicinity for the last few weeks were called off by the Building Trades Council tonight. The men will return to work tomorrow on all plants affected except the $9,000,000 shipbuilding plant at Squantum. Leaders announced that the action was taken on receipt of definite assurances that representatives of the Navy and War departments would confer with them here tomorrow on conditions at Squantum.

The so-called open-shop conditions at Squantum precipitated a series of strikes which spread to the Watertown Arsenal, the Boston Navy Yard, the Naval Hospital at Chelsea, the Federal Appraisers' Stores in this city, and the magazine station at Hingham. On these jobs 1,500 mechanics will resume work tomorrow, but the men will not be ordered back at Squantum, it was said, until the matter has been gone over tomorrow morning at a conference between agents of the joint council of the Building Trades Unions and Admiral Harris of the Bureau of Yards and Docks at the Navy Department, and Stanley King, Third Assistant Secretary of the War Department.

The decision to resume work, it was said at union headquarters, was reached in a "spirit of patriotism," after an almost continuous session of seven hours.

UP TO NEW ESTIMATE BOARD

Present Administration Postpones Condemnation of School Site.

The Board of Estimate yesterday passed along to the next administration the proposed condemnation of a new public school site at Stoddard Place, Sullivan Street, Ludlam Place, and Montgomery Street, Brooklyn. Immediate acquisition of this site was protested against by the members-elect of the new Board of Estimate at a meeting last Tuesday. At the meeting of the Board of Estimate last Friday action on the proposal was postponed for one week.

President Dowling of the Board of Aldermen, acting as Chairman of the Board of Estimate, asked for objections, and, there being none, the matter was laid over until January.

A little later Controller Prendergast and Mayor Mitchel reached the Board of Estimate meeting. When told of the action taken on the school-site matter Mr. Prendergast said he had intended to suggest the same proceedure.

The action of the Board of Estimate was taken as indicating the policy of the administration toward the acquisition of property. Mayor Mitchel has said that the new Tammany officials need have no fear that they would be deprived of the privilege of buying such real estate as they may think the city needs.

URGES FEDERAL LOANS TO AID THE RAILROADS

John D. A. Morrow of National Coal Association Says Assistance Will Help Win War.

The proposal of Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, made on Thursday at a hearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission in the 15 per cent. advance rate case, that the time had arrived when Government loans to the railroads should be seriously considered, found a hearty approval yesterday at a luncheon given at the Whitehall Club by members of the recently formed Wholesale Coal Trade Association, held to further co-operation with the Government in conserving this country's fuel supplies for the winning of the war. The members made it plain that they were ready to meet the Government more than half way, even if their business suffered. A resolution to this effect was adopted and sent to President Wilson and the National Fuel Administrator.

James A. Hill, President of the Knickerbocker Fuel Company, and President of the oCal Trade Association, presided at the luncheon and at the general meeting of coal operators and jobbers which followed. John D. A. Morrow of Washington, General Secretary of the National Coal Association, and Noah H. Swayne, 2d, Commissioner at Washington for the National Coal Jobbers' Association, made the principal addresses.

Mr. Morrow said that he appreciated the Chairman's remarks when he said that it was our first duty to win the war. It was the judgment of the coal trade, the speaker said, that this nation and its allies would win this war by organization or lose it through lack of organization.

"It is up to us and to the Allies to match long-built German efficiency with an organization of our own which will give us the benefits and strength and the amplification of it, that we must have in this struggle. The coal operators of the United States have recognized for a long time the moral responsibility attaching to them. They have determined to effect an organization which will make this industry as serviceable as it can be made for the United States Government at the present time. In the first place, since this industry is under the control of Government regulation, it is of vital importance to us and to the Government that the agencies of Government which are regulating, should be accurately and fully informed."

"I noticed yesterday," Mr. Morrow said, "that Mr. Rea said to the Interstate Commerce Commission that he felt we were up to the point where the Government ought to loan money to the railroads. We will not even debate that question. I would loan money immediately to the railroads—as much as they need to put them on the most efficient basis of operation we could get. This war is costing us $60,000,000 a day. Gentlemen, this is no time to start and argue about will we, or won't we, stop and pick up pins, for $50,000,000 or $500,000,000 loaned to the railroads will save this country $60,000,000 a day in ending this war. For that reason I would not even debate the issue whether we would or would not loan it to them. I would ask them where they can take it, and how quick they can take it, and I would give it to them."

"Every man in this industry," the speaker continued, "has realized for a year that the key to the coal trouble in the United States was not at the mines, nor the retail yards. It was in the railroads. We are not in a position to blame the railroads at all. It is simply a condition that we need to recognize, deal with, and remedy as best we can. The simple fact is that the railroads have not been able to handle the business that was thrust upon them, and, following traditional railroading moved coal after they moved everything else, and they furnished the mines with cars after they gave care to everybody else. We feel that with the country at war that kind of traditional railroading has got to stop."

FUR TRADE CONDITIONS.

Despite High Prevailing Prices, Demand Continues Good.

While the new price levels established on many kinds of furs at the public auction here last month, several of which are higher than in many years past, have retarded the sale of some of the more extreme-priced skins, the report of the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation says that beaver, lynx, American opossum, and civet cat are selling strong at figures higher than those reached at the sale. Red fox and wolf are not moving so well, because of the very high prices at which they are held. Cross and blue fox are bringing last sale prices, and the same is true of marten and muskrat.

A special demand for Northwestern skunk and for "coat stock" raccoon is in evidence, as well as for fresh dark mink. Ermine, fisher and the heavier qualities of wildcat also are selling well, but sales of gray fox and otter are lagging.

Prices for the coming season, the report continues, will to a great extent depend upon the size of the catch that is now coming in and also upon the influence of war conditions on the market. It is expected that the prevailing high prices will result in increased trapping in practically all sections. This will tend to counteract the decrease in the number of trappers, many of whom have entered the army or have been attracted to better-paying employment.

While the pinch of the war, as reflected in increased income taxes and successive Liberty Loans doubtless must be taken into consideration in determining market conditions, it is nevertheless true that the trade for the present can be guided by the experience of the European fur market. There, in spite of three years of warfare and of added financial burdens, the consumption of furs has increased beyond all expectations, and this in the face of the fact that prices have advanced greatly over those current before the outbreak of hostilities.

Considering the large disbursements to be made by the Government, it is only reasonable to expect that the large sums expended will eventually find their way into the hands of the buying public. For this reason the corporation anticipates the maintenance of prices on substantially all articles and looks forward with confidence to a successful January sale.

BIG DRY GOODS SHIPMENTS.

Road Sales Are Far Ahead of Those at Same Time Last Year.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 16.—Marshall Field & Co. in their weekly review of the dry goods trade say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods is running ahead of the heavy shipments for the same period a year ago. The total volume of road sales for both immediate and future deliveries has been in excess of the same week in 1916. Merchants have been in the market in fewer numbers. Collections are well ahead."

GIGANTIC FOOD EXPORTS.

Our Meat Sales in Three Years of War, 5,447,429,046 Pounds.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Almost five and one-half billion pounds of meats and meat products were exported from the United States in the first three years of the war. Department of Commerce statistics show almost 2,000,000,000 pounds were exported during the fiscal year of 1917. The exact three-year total was 5,447,429,046 pounds.

Other foodstuffs exported during the three years were: Wheat, including flour, 779,160,700 bushels; corn, including meal, 157,318,425 bushels; oats, including oatmeal, 294,678,643 bushels; barley, 70,608,739 bushels, and potatoes, 9,642,235 bushels.

Higher Pay for 35,000 Workers.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 16.—Notices were posted in nearly all the cotton mills of the State today, announcing an increase in the wages of 35,000 operatives, effective Dec. 3. The amount of the increase will depend on the result of negotiations between Fall River mill owners and operatives. The new scale will make the wages of mill workers the highest ever paid in Rhode Island.

ORDER FOOD JOBBER TO OPEN HIS BOOKS

Experts from National Food Administration Will Search for Concealed Facts.

SUSPECT EVASIVE ANSWERS

Sugar Shortage in This City Relieved in Part by Arrival of 2,000 Tons from the Philippines.

Experts from the National Food Administration will today go over the books of a large food jobber in this city to find out whether there is any reason for the evasive answers given by the head of the firm to questions that are required to be answered as a requisite to obtaining a Federal license. Arthur Williams, City Food Administrator, while he confirmed the report, would not go into details until investigation had shown whether the jobber had anything to conceal from the Food Administration.

Upon the examination of the blank filed in Washington by the jobber Mr. Hoover, it is said, notified the administration office here. Experts were summoned and within an hour the alleged offender had been ordered to submit his books to Government scrutiny. The jobber is reported to have been perfectly willing to do this. He asked, however, an hour in which to summon his head bookkeeper so he could be on the job. A preliminary examination into sugar transactions, it is said, has been started.

It is understood that the Federal Government intends to deal with a firm hand with business concerns suspected of concealing part of their business operations. Mr. Williams said he believed business men are beginning to understand this position of the Administration. He added that so far as prices are concerned he believes they have reached the top notch.

The sugar shortage has been relieved by the arrival here of 2,000 tons of Philippine sugar. The 2,000 tons of sugar just arrived is being lightered to the Jersey City plant of the American Sugar Refining Company. At the present time, the company announced, it has at this plant approximately 1,000 tons of Peruvian sugars, used mainly to supply the army, navy, the Belgian Relief and the Red Cross. In addition to the 2,000 tons just arrived, there are about 1,900 tons of other raw sugars, consisting of a small amount of Cuban and Philippine sugars, which will arrive between now and Dec. 10.

It is reported in the trade that a ship is due for loading at New Orleans about Nov. 17. This sugar has been bought from the planters at 6.35 cents a pound free on board New Orleans. The price originally announced was 6.35 with the cost of delivery at New York divided between the producer and the consignee. The planters contended that they could not afford to sell at that price. The Warner Refinery at Edgewater, N. J., started on Monday refining odds and ends of Peruvian, Venezuelan and Philippine sugar. These allotments are for France, it is said.

A ruling has been received by Urner-Barry Company of 173 Chambers Street from the National Food Administration relative to the holdings of storage poultry and defining dates on which stocks must be closed out from storage warehouses. The ruling, as made public by the company, follows:

"We are advised by our legal department that the carrying of last year's stock beyond the present packing season constitutes a violation of Section 6 of the Food Control act, which prohibits hoarding. The Food Administration, however, in order to provide for the equitable distribution of these foods to the consumer, are therefore informing all dealers that no action will be recommended by the Food Administration provided that at least half the turkeys are disposed of before Thanksgiving and the remaining half before Jan. 1, 1918, and provided that the other poultry shall be disposed of before March 1, 1918."

Urner-Barry have notified the trade against shipping immature turkeys into the market. They hold that turkeys should not weigh less than eight pounds. John J. Dillon, who remains as head of the Bureau of Food and Markets under the new Council of Farms and Markets, was in conference with John Mitchell, head of the State Food Commission, yesterday. In the afternoon he left for Chenango County to confer regarding milk prices with the producers in that section.

The Producers Price Current contained yesterday extracts from the monthly report of the Bureau of Markets of the Agriculture Department showing the holdings of frozen poultry on Nov. 1. These showed that in 275 storages reporting there was held 46,206,059 pounds of frozen poultry. The 195 storages reporting this year and last year showed present holdings to be 33,250,839 pounds, as compared with 31,174,509 pounds last year, an increase of 6.7 per cent. As throwing a light on the movement of storage stock under the urging of the Food Administration the report notes that during October this year storage stocks decreased 9 per cent., as compared with an increase of 57.3 per cent. during October, 1916.

Increase for Granite Workers.

BARRE, Vt., Nov. 16.—Fifty-five hundred granite workers in this district will receive a 20 per cent. advance in wages beginning April 1. It was announced tonight the action was voluntary on the part of the employers.

DIVERT FOOD TO GERMANY.

Soldiers Send Home Packages from Occupied Districts.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 16.—In consequence of complaints that the families of German officers stationed in occupied regions were at a special advantage, as compared with the families of enlisted men, in the quantity of food they were permitted to receive from the occupied territories, the army authorities state that officers and soldiers are on exactly the same footing, being permitted to send home food packages up to twenty-two pounds in weight, but no larger.

This announcement is of interest to America in view of the efforts to establish a food supply organization for Poland and to provide for Belgian relief.

Earlier in the war German soldiers were permitted, in addition to the regulation quantities of food sent by field post, to take with them when furloughed as much as they could carry. Stories of soldiers breaking down before reaching the railway station under the weight of their packages, and of the frequency of furloughs taken by officers to carry food to their families, were staple jokes at the front. Vast quantities of provisions are thus drained from the occupied regions, notwithstanding the assurances of the Government that no food is taken from them to Germany.

COMMODITIES PRICES.

Most of the Revisions During the Week Were Advances.

A drop in flour was the only foodstuff decline of importance that was shown this week by Dun's wholesale price list. While the list did not show so many changes as that of last week, the tendency was strongly upward. Forty-six of the sixty-six revisions shown this week were advances, while in a total of seventy-five changes last week only forty-five were upward.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on thirty-eight standard commodities this week at this city, unless otherwise specified. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week last year:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb.	$.07¾	.07¾	.09¼
Coffee, Santos No. 4	.09½	.09½	.10½
Std. brown sheetings, yd.	.17¾	.17¾	.11¾
Printcloths, 38½-in., 64x60	.11⅛	.11	.08
Butter, creamery, ext., lb.	.45	.44½	.39½
Cheese, f.c., held, sp., lb.	.24	.23½	.24½
Eggs, Western 1sts, doz.	.48	.44	.39
Peaches, Cal., dried, lb.	.12	.12	.07½
Prunes, 30-40 Cal., lb.	.13½	.13½	.10¾
Raisins, lb.	.08	.08	..
Flour, Spring patent, bbl.	10.65	10.85	9.60
Flour, Spring clear, bbl.	10.00	10.35	8.60
Wheat, No. 2 red, bush.	2.25	2.25	2.00
Corn, No. 2 yellow, bush.	2.00	1.56	1.16½
Oats, No. 2 white, bush.	.71¾	.66¼	.62¼
Hay, pr. timothy, 100 lbs.	1.60	1.30	1.05
Hides, Chi., pack, No. 1, lb.	.35	.35	.32
Hides, Chi., cows, nat., lb.	.33	.33	.31
Leather, hemlock, sole, lb.	.46	.46	.55
Leather, union backs, lb.	.68	.68	.75
Iron, pig, F.No.2, Phil., ton	34.25	34.25	25.00
Steel billets, Pitts., ton	47.50	47.50	52.50
Copper, electro, N. Y., lb.	.23½	.23½	.33
Lead, N. Y., lb.	.06¼	.06¼	.0705
Tin, N. Y., lb.	.73	.71	.45
Petroleum, ref., gal. in bbl.	.13	.13	.12
Beef, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	6.85	6.60	6.80
Hogs, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	17.30	16.35	9.00
Sheep, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	8.75	8.70	7.90
Lard, pr. st., Chi., 100 lbs.	28.00	26.95	17.00
Mess pork, Chi., bbl.	45.00	45.00	29.00
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.08¾	.08¾	.05
Rubber, up-riv. Para, lb.	.59	.61	.82
Sugar, fine, gran., 100 lbs.	8.35	8.35	7.50
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.26	.26	.16½
Tea, Japan, low, lb.	.24	.24	.20
Potatoes, bbl.	4.75	4.75	5.00
Wool, aver., 100, Phila., lb.	.754	.754	.379

Spring patent flour declined 20 cents a barrel here during the week, while the drop in Spring clear was 35 cents. The Winter grades were not quoted on. At Chicago mess pork was actually unchanged, and short ribs nominally so. Advances occurred in live beef, hogs, and sheep, and prime lard also was higher. Bacon advanced here.

The price situation in the dairy products was again unsettled. Advances occurred in the best grades of both butter and cheese, while the poorer grades were cheaper. In the eggs, on the other hand, there were sharp advances. Nearby fancies moved up 3 cents a dozen as compared with last week, and the best Westerns went up 4.

Neither the fresh nor the dried fruits in the lists showed change one way or the other, and the only vegetable price revisions indicated were rises in choice white and choice red kidney beans. After one week of firmness, the price of No. 7 Rio coffee again hit the toboggan, but Santos No. 4 did not change. There were no fluctuations in the teas, nor in the sugars either. In the spices the only changes consisted of advances in mace and in white and black Singapore pepper.

In the miscellaneous markets a rise in tallow contrasted with declines in hemp and Brazilian crude rubber. Leathers were generally unchanged at the levels reached in the recent advance. In the hides there were no advances, but the declines were confined to No. 1 heavy cow and No. 1 buff stock. In the grains a drop in malt was offset by advances in corn, oats, rye, prime timothy hay and No. 2 long straw.

The metals list showed only one change outside of the fluctuations in the minor ones. This was a drop in refined iron bars at Philadelphia. In the minor metals ordinary antimony declined, and foundry coke, pig aluminium, in ton lots, spelter, and tin all advanced. The combined lists for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs, and oils showed 17 advances and but 5 declines. The only feature was the general strength shown by the soda products, all of which, save soda benzoate, are now higher than they were at this time in 1916.

In the paper list there was a rise shown in No. 2 jute wrapping stock, against a decline in M. F. book paper. The textiles, aside from burlaps and cottons, did not produce much of interest during the week. Burlaps rose to unprecedented levels here as a result of active buying of the small supplies available and bullish news from the primary markets. A strong market for the staple and good buying brought higher prices to several constructions of gray print cloths and brown sheetings. Prices on finished cottons did not vary much through the week.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 16.—Thirty-two new corporations, with aggregate capital of $807,400, were chartered today. They include:

Meadow Brook Coal Co., Albany, $5,000; C. A. Dunlap, A. R. Klotten, W. F. Hinman, Albany.

National Vanilla Co., Rochester, $25,000; W. E. Schott, W. D. and R. C. Hall, Rochester.

The Tidewater Marine Eng. and Const. Co., Manhattan, $10,000; W. Brown, T. F. Haggerty, L. W. Davidson, 18 Christopher St.

Center Garage, Manhattan, $10,000; M. Sheinart, A. Krentz, F. Hoffman, 121 West 117th St.

Poulsen & Dubreuil, Manhattan, insurance agency and brokerage, $50,000; G. Dubreuil, J. P. Wagoner, H. Poulsen, 82 Beaver St.

Frederick Fox & Co., Manhattan, realty, $25,000; Z. Friedmann, F. P. and J. C. Fox, 2,328 University Av.

Int. Flag Co., Jamestown, $25,000; H. D. Green, G. W. Berquist, E. W. Sellstrom, Jamestown.

Temple Theatre of Binghamton, $5,000; A. W. Newman, L. M. Cafferty, F. S. Newell, Binghamton.

Zavon, Inc., Manhattan, soap, solvents, and disinfectants, 1,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $5,000; C. L. Fischer, E. C. Seward, G. M. Henderson, 200 West 89th St.

The Curtiss-Willis Co., Manhattan, commission merchants, $25,000; A. B. Curtiss, G. F. Willis, W. H. Redman, Bronxville.

C. F. Runepaden & Co., Manhattan, Custom House brokers, $50,000; A. Skillman, A. S. Thannum, A. Foshay, 120 Broadway.

Interspeed, Inc., Manhattan, import and export merchandise, $50,000; N. M. Ielson, J. H. Blauvelt, E. J. Whalen, 306 Haven Av.

Duff Construction Co., Manhattan, $10,000; H. W. and L. H. Allers, R. Duff, 531 Hudson St.

Greater New York Metal Box Co., Manhattan, $20,000; L. Koessoy, Y. Birman, P. Unger, 2,612 7th Av.

Edward Friedman, Inc., Manhattan, boots and shoes, $150,000; L. Fish, B. Friedman, J. Kahn, 60 Broadway.

Oatway-Wilson, Inc., Rochester, auto business, $5,000; C. F. Oatway, J. M. Wilson, A. R. McKenney, Rochester.

East 20th Street Garage, Manhattan, $10,000; H. Trager, F. Kopf, G. Morchauser, 103 West 54th St.

H. Bersin Piano Co., Manhattan, $15,000; A. and D. and H. Bersin, 15 West 123d St.

Alberto Ferrer, Inc., Manhattan, shirts, collars, and neckwear, $50,000; A. Ferrer, T. Peres, W. H. Hutton, Troy.

Dreicer Mfg. Corp., Manhattan, diamonds and jewelry, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $5,000; M. W. Stiles, J. D. Guthman, J. J. Tashuff, 1,153 Park Av.

Aurora-Wales Dairy Products Co., East Aurora, $50,000; W. Foss, E. J. Pfifferling, R. J. Kreitner, East Aurora.

Supreme Pictures Inc., Manhattan, $30,000; G. H. Wiley, P. M. Clark, R. L. Giffen, 116 West 39th St.

La Brecque Co., Manhattan, steamship agents and brokers, $5,000; O. R. McCarty, R. Schwinger, L. C. La Brecque, Hotel McAlpin.

Hodgson Buying Corp., Manhattan, mercantile, commercial, and jobbing business, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $5,000; A. Q. Hodgson, J. T. Butehorn, W. D. Patterson, 55 Liberty St.

Greens Crossing Milk Co., Greens Crossing, Cassville, $10,000; A. G. Allen, C. Morgan, C. H. Tompkins, Cassville.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Mail and Express Co., Manhattan, $400,000 to $1,250,000.

Automobile Tire Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $500,000.

AUHTORIZATIONS.

Hans Isbrandtsen, Inc., Del., build and equip ships, $25,000; representative, J. B. Quinlan, 17 Battery Place.

Turnman Oil Co., Del., 1,500,000 shares $100 each, active capital not given; representative, A. Eichler, 150 Nassau St.

United States Exploration Corp., Del., $150,000; representative, J. F. Curtin, 65 Cedar St.

Inter-Ocean Marine Navigation Corp., Del., 6,000 shares, no par value, active capital not given; representative, F. W. Miller, 2 Rector St.

Mazuy Mills, Inc., New Jersey, 500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; active capital, $50,000; representative, S. Simons, 322 5th Av.

Atlantic Chartering Co., Del., 5,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; active capital, $50,000; representative, D. Donald, 58 Bay View Av., Staten Island.

CHANGE OF NAME.

F. T. Coppins & Son, Buffalo, to S. T. Coppins Co.

Einson, Inc., Manhattan, to Einson Litho, Inc.

First Congregational Church of Dunton, L. I., to Van Wyck Congregational Church of Jamaica.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Ferguson Bros. & Forshay, Manhattan.

George W. McCutcheon Co., Manhattan.

The Bull and Dewsnap Hardware Co., Whitney's Point.

Ferguson Bros. Engineering Co., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 16.—Charters filed: National Aniline & Chemical Co., Jersey City, $15,959,500. J. F. Stone, W. W. McIlray, W. Becker, all of New York.

Fore Chemical Works, Jersey City, $497,000. M. W. Alexander, R. E. Breed, U. M. Fleischman of Wilmington.

Liberty Transit Co., Camden, $10,000. W. S. Gano, T. C. Smith, Drexel Hill, Penn.; M. E. Hatch of Philadelphia.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 16.—Charters filed:

Underwood & Underwood, Inc., photographic business, $8,000,000. F. A. Reilly, Brooklyn, N. Y.; J. M. Kirkpatrick, New York City; P. L. Woodward, Great Kills, Staten Island, N. Y.

Ivy Picture Corpn., motion picture machines and films, $500,000. A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, G. V. Reilly, New York.

Rock Realty Corpn., general real estate business, $10,000. M. Pragnell, A. M. Pragnell, W. Walter Pragnell, Far Rockaway, N. Y.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BROADCLOTH, Poplins, Serges, and Velours wanted; cash for quantity at right price. A. H. & S., 41 West 25th St. Farragut 2180.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open for botany or F. & H.; all high colors. Gramercy 6518.

CHEVIOT Wanted.—Black Lymansville, 306-2. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

CLOAKINGS Wanted.—Any description, ¾ or 6-4, suitable Fall; any quantity. Shapiro & Sons, 54 West 21st.

CLOAKINGS Wanted.—Any description, also ¾ goods, blues only, cash. R. & W. Cloak, 50 West 17th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples of suits, coats, and coat-dresses; medium and high priced. 9th floor, 29 West 30th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber now placing orders on Spring suits and coats. Call all week, with samples, 1,140 Broadway, eleventh floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at ladies' Spring suits and coats today and next week. 4th floor, 45 West 27th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats. 127 West 25th St., fourth floor.

CORDUROY Wanted.—500 yards of green, narrow wale, for cash. J 825 Times Downtown.

CRECOKNIT Wanted.—American 06062; reindeer, tan and navy; botany velour, 5895 style; reindeer and taupe. Tel. Orchard 4278.

DRESSES Wanted.—Big jobber placing orders for Spring on better dresses, in taffeta, crepe meteor, crepe de chine, Georgette, serges, foulards, and stripes. Call all week, 12-14 West 32d St., eighth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—A contractor with 20 machines would like to connect with a concern of dress or waist manufacturers. United Waist Dress Co., 183 Thatford Av., Brooklyn.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber ready to look at better line of dresses. 129 West 27th St., 5th floor. Call from 9-12 A. M. all week.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Forstman and Hoffman No. 7575, all shades; will pay cash. Orchard 4278.

PIECE GOODS Wanted. — Open for large quantities of overcoating, zibeline, and cloakings. W. Karon & Sons, 111 Bleecker St. Telephone Spring 5563.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantities for cash; 7120, 54289, 54274, 7614, 7301, Whitman's 104. Mr. Lawton, phone Canal 9864.

SERGES Wanted.—6301, 7301, 7614, 104-9. L. Finkelstein, Spring 6311.

SUITS and COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. Apply 3d floor, 18 West 22d.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BLANKETS.—Contractor open for offer to make military blankets. M 80 Times.

COATS.—Jobbers only; immediate delivery; all lined coats, coney collars, $10.75; exceptional values. Greenberg-Frechtman Co., 33 East 9th St.

COATS.—100 American velour coats, fur trimmed, all shades, half lined, to close out at a special price. Stuyvesant 2217.

COATS.—Stouts, chicken coats, immediate delivery. J. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—1,000 plushes and velours, Burgundy shades, on racks. Korostoff, 36 West 20th.

COATS, fur-trimmed, for immediate delivery. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th.

CORDUROY.—Narrow wale, white and tan, No. 501; bargain. X 239 Times Annex.

DRESSES.—500 French serge, discarded styles, to close out, at $5.75. Standard Costume Co., 11 East 31st St.

DRESSES.—200 serge dresses, good values, to be disposed of at a sacrifice. Eastern Dress Co., 117 West 31st St.

DRESSES.—Wool jersey, charmeuse, serges to close out. 118 West 29th, 9th floor.

FURS.—Selling out best Hudson seal, black Nutria, sealine skins. Chelsea 4985.

KERAMI for sale at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

PLUSH.—Blumenthal's lapinex, $3.50; genuine kerami, $8. I. Arbus & Sons, Farragut 8334.

SILKS. — Buttonhole twists, about 10,000 spools; will sell at 1½c. a spool; all colors. Rose, 13 West 39th St. Tel. 2771 Vanderbilt.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Belle Cloak and Suit Co., 159 West 25th.

VELVETEEN.—Have 7,500 yards black velveteen, quality 800, for immediate delivery. Mat Levine, 596 Broadway.

WAISTS.—Georgette waists to close out cheap. Deutschman, 15 West 20th St.

WYANDOTTES, Velours, and Kerseys, Burellas 0310, all colors. Mad. Sq. 2426.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.. 5¼ per cent. for the best names
Thursday..5¼@5½ " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Opera Hats Back Again.

The collapsible opera hat, so long taboo by the dictates of fashion, has been coming back again for evening wear. A large number of sales have been recorded this Fall, to young and old men alike, of this practical hat for evening wear. Its return to popularity will be welcomed by those who have put a newly pressed silk hat under a seat in the theatre only to take it out a complete wreck.

Are Copying the British Now.

Apparently, having exhausted the various branches of the American arms as models for the designing of young boys' clothing, makers of these goods are now turning their attention to the British. The result is that already little uniforms are being seen that parallel those of the latter. Not only are they as resplendent in the showing of shiny brass buttons as the uniforms of King George's men are, but some of them are finished off with small-sized copies of the Sam Browne belt. Still further than this are seen copies of the field service gilt uniforms of some of the Canadian Highlanders. These copies are made of the same kind of material as the uniforms with trousers and have the same array of brass buttons.

Cotton Hose Not Wanted.

The demand for misses' and ladies' mercerized cotton hosiery has been very slack during the last month or so, according to reports from the local trade. Silk hose, however, has been actively sought, though the market has had only a limited supply to offer. Several large houses are said to be in the market for silk hose for Spring, but so far have been unable to find a mill that was willing to take business so far ahead. The labor situation in the mills, from all accounts, seems to be going from bad to worse, with more girls every day going into some other industry at higher wages. What the outcome of it all will be no one can predict, and mills, apparently, do not care to be loaded down with orders which it might be impossible to fill later on at present prices.

Complaints About Women's Shoes.

A complaint about women's shoes which has been heard frequently this year, according to the head of one of the largest local department stores, is that the stitching, even in some of the finest grades, is poor and has ripped out. "With shoes at their present prices," says this authority, "I think such a thing as this unpardonable. When a woman pays $16 or $18 for a pair of shoes, she naturally thinks she is getting an article that is first class in every respect. She does not expect the shoes to fall apart. When they do, it not only casts discredit on the maker, but it reflects on the store as well, even though a perfectly satisfactory adjustment is made. If shoe people can't turn out good shoes at these prices, they ought to go out of business."

Gray Goods Buyers Still Active.

Low-count printcloths were among the features of the business put through in the local gray goods market yesterday. Large early 1918 delivery sales of 38½-inch 44-40s were reported at 7¼ cents, with several houses now asking an eighth more for them. For 38½-inch 48 squares and 44 squares, both of which were wanted for shipment early next year, the prices paid were 8⅝ and 7⅞ cents, respectively. March-April shipments of 39-inch 56-44s were sold at 8⅞ cents, with business in spots of the same construction done at 9 cents. Spot 39-inch 68-72s again brought 12½ cents, but it is thought that the supply of them which is still available at that price is small. The general asking price for spot 38½-inch 64-60s is 11½ cents, and it is said that sales have been made in certain quarters at that price. For delivery through the first quarter of 1918 it is necessary to pay at least 11 cents for them. Among the day's business in sheetings were further sales of 56-60 four-yards at 13¾ cents, and of 48-square four-yards at 13¼ cents. Spot printcloth prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s...15¼c	38½-inch, 64-60s.*11½c
39-inch, 72-76s...14¼c	38½-inch, 64-56s..10⅝c
39-inch, 68-72s...12½c	38½-inch, 60-52s.. 9⅜c
39-inch, 56-44s... 9c	38½-inch, 60-48s.. 9⅛c
38½-inch, 64-64s..11½c	27-inch, 64-60s.... 8⅝c

*Asked.

Bustle Gains Approval.

The bustle effect, which created so much adverse criticism at the opening of the Fall season, is said to be gaining momentum as the season progresses. More and more calls for this feature of the Fall styles are said to be coming in from many widely separated sections. While its popularity in suits is not so pronounced, it is used extensively in various forms in dresses for afternoon wear of the medium and higher priced lines. In this city, Boston, and Chicago it is said to be attracting particular attention from young women with slender figures, both tall and medium height, and its introduction this Fall is no longer looked upon by most members of the trade as a failure.

Fits Toys to the Season.

It is not difficult for retailers of toys to do business all the year around, according to an executive of a store here that has solved the problem. Up until a few years ago, he said yesterday, that store, in common with the others, did about 50 per cent. of its year's business in December alone. This handicap has been offset, though December continues to be the biggest single month for sales in the whole year, by fiting the toys to the season. Instead of stocking up with toys that could be bought at one time just as well as another, it went in for all kinds of baseball stuff in the Spring, for instance, and football equipment in the Fall. The show windows were used to great advantage in stimulating the demand, entire "trims" being given sometimes to one lot of associated and seasonable playthings.

Veils Are Moving Well Here.

From the local trade in veils and veilings come reports telling of the continuance of good business. Goods having striking patterns in scroll effects are doing very well, and designs making use of good-sized "coin spots" of velvet also are selling. Other active numbers include applique effects in chenille and silk, together with embroidered lace veils in all-over patterns, mostly in floral effects of a single motif. Other good sellers include novel effects in chiffon bordered veils, in self and contrasting colors, and large veils of Chantilly and net. Russian mesh seems to be coming back to favor, while filet and hexagon meshes are being taken freely in scroll and hand-run effects. Some of the latter show the use of flower and leaf patterns combined with small velvet spots. The leading colors in veils for street wear include blue, fawn, black and taupe.

Some Spring Coats Ready.

A number of coat manufacturers in the local women's ready-to-wear industry have gotten out their early Spring lines, and already, it is said, have booked a fair volume of orders considering the time of the year. Some new and attractive arrangements of materials are introduced, though, generally speaking, outside of these few details, style changes are small. Silk jersey has been used extensively in several lines, and the same weave in wool has also a prominent place. While brilliant colors do not predominate, they are by no means neglected. Khaki color, as was to be expected, is much in evidence, and in these garments, as in a number of others, military effects have been very attractively worked out.

ASK RATE RISE SANCTION.

Express Companies Present Grievances to Traffic League.

Some of the difficulties confronting express companies in doing business at this time were discussed yesterday at the closing session of the annual meeting of the National Industrial Traffic League, held at the Waldorf. G. M. Freer, President of the league, presided.

W. H. Chandler, Chairman of the Express Committee, reported that he had received a petition from the express companies asking the league to indorse a 10 per cent. increase. The petition set forth that the companies were operating at a loss, as the Government had taken over so much of their equipment. Chairman Chandler said that personally he thought it not unreasonable to agree to this advance for the period of the war, but to terminate when the war ends. No action was taken by the league.

Complaint was made that the express companies in some instances were unable to supply space for shipments. E. D. Wilson said the Government had recently taken over forty express cars and filled them with blankets for a cantonment. He thought box cars could have been used, thereby expediting the movement of private express shipments. Mr. Wilson asked the league to bring the matter to the attention of the Government authorities. F. B. Montgomery of the International Harvester Company opposed such action and said the Government knew what it was doing, and that any action along the suggested line would be in bad taste. Chairman Chandler said many traffic men were now in the employ of the Government, and added that they could be relied upon to do all that was possible to prevent undue interference with private business.

A good deal of time was devoted to a discussion regarding the alleged dilatory methods of express companies in settling claims. According to E. D. Wilson, it was a common practice to hold up claims until the claimant's patience became exhausted.

The remainder of the meeting was given over to the reading of reports of a routine character. The place and date for the Spring meeting was left in the hands of the Executive Committee. In the afternoon the members of the league and others were guests of the Erie Railroad for a trip around the harbor.

Stocks Lead in Late Fall Collars.

Stocks and jabots are easily the leading items in the late Fall demand for women's neckwear. The high-priced favorites of this type show much use of attractive lace and net combinations. Georgette collars, though still good, are said to be losing some ground. For wear with suits there is a growing demand for collars of whole broadcloth or of white serge. Several varieties of collars make use of embroidery, and many are finished off with fine braid of silk floss. Picot edges, pipings, &c., are also used to give an "air" to the collars they decorate. The usual run of staple collars, sailor, flat, rolling, reversible, &c., are selling, as are neat effects in upstanding collars with openings in the front. One-piece effects in collars and yokes are good, too. As for style leadership, tailored and fancy collars are vying with each other. Next to white, the darked shades are most in demand, though some bright colors are seen.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

KARL FREUND, antique dealer at 205 East Forty-fourth Street. A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by creditors who assert liabilities are $150,000 and assets $8,000.

AUGUSTUS C. SMITH of 527 Riverside Drive has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $8,664 and no assets.

W. H. JACKSON, a plumber of 601 West 109th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $4,554 and no assets.

JOSEPH FINKENTHAL, jobber in flowers and feathers at 651 Broadway. Peter B. Olney, Jr., has been appointed receiver by Judge Hand.

MAYWOOD SPRINGS, INC., at 432 East Ninety-second Street. George W. Tucker, Jr., has been appointed receiver by Judge Hand.

W. & Z. CORD CO. of 149 Wooster Street has filed schedules showing liabilities of $10,922 and assets of $8,853, consisting of stock, $3,000; machinery, $4,000; accounts, $1,798, and cash in bank, $55.

TRAPHAGEN & HULL MFG. CO. of Kingston has filed schedules showing liabilities of $8,469 and assets of $9,407, consisting of machinery, $9,102; office furniture, $300, and notes, $5.

VERNON HALL, President of the Traphagen & Hull Mfg. Co., Kingston, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $9,012 and assets of $20,634, consisting of equity in real estate, $15,500; stock, $1,400; accounts, $3,634; wagon, $100, and 144 shares of stock of the company, value unknown.

NATHAN LENDING, manufacturer of dresses at 256 West Twenty-third Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $12,748 and assets of $3,632, consisting of stock, $1,200; fixtures, $500; accounts, $1,722, and cash in bank, $210.

HENRI FOX, INC., manufacturer of costumes at 15 West Forty-fifth Street, has made an assignment to W. H. Kaiser.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 228 business failures in the United States, against 215 the previous week and 258, 356, 364, and 340 the corresponding weeks of 1916 to 1913. The Middle States had 59, New England 32, Southern 32, Western 57, Northwestern 21, and Far Western 27. Canada had 21, against 14 for the preceding week. About 90 per cent. had less than $5,000 capital, and 8 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 16.—After four and a half years of pendency of bankruptcy proceedings the final meeting of creditors of the Milwaukee Motor Company has been called for Nov. 30 to wind up its affairs and declare the last dividend, which will be about 4 per cent.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Angel, Frederick W.—M. M. Trowbridge, costs....$117.33
Brownsville Theatre Co.—Travelers' Insurance Co....260.16
Allemannia Fire Insurance, Humboldt Fire Insurance Co., National Ben Franklin Fire Insurance Co. and Teutonia Fire Insurance Co.—B. Gallin..4,213.05
Betz, William—F. M. Strang et al....167.03
Bonner, Albert—L. Lefkowitz....117.45
Benguist, Benj.—G. H. Makepeace...1,654.91
Busch, August N.—Kittanning Sales Co....485.86
Connolly, Mary A.—R. B. Cowing....217.20
Crandall, Sarah, or Sarah Mariett—I. Kaufman....260.41
Clarendon, John H., and Mutual Export & Import Corp. of America—P. Henkel....474.04
Davis, Edward T.—H. S. Morris et al..206.06
Dresse, Charles—J. Elias....214.41
Dickstein, Samuel, and Rabbi Mayer Preservlaue Sick Benefit Association—Amsterdam Casualty Co....121.20
Eastmond, Joseph F.—G. Eastmond....149.80
Eager, George T.—W. F. Howes....107.59
Fichandler, Rose—A. Grossman et al..242.41
Fliashnick Manufacturing Co.—N. Y. Edison Co....101.11
Forty-fifth St. Garage—S. L. Waroawer....1,065.20
Fleming, John J.—J. F. Lonnon et al..641.96
Giordano, Salvatore—Hay Walker Brick Co....104.23
Gerber, Alexander—L. Cohen....650.76
Glass, Jacob—Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Co., costs....145.61
Glass, Diana—same....124.38
Giebel, William—G. Ratschke....194.41
Gwatkin, Anna B.—John Wanamaker, N. Y....170.74
Gray, Wm., and Gilbert W. Ireland, (Gray & Ireland)—A. P. Dienst Co....218.41
Same—Same....216.41
Greenblatt, William—N. Y. Edison Co..189.60
Hefferman, Nathan, and Jacob Wetzer—M. Davidson....232.28
Harrison, Louis B.—C. F. Murphy, Jr..462.70
Hoover, Margaret—S. Kunstreich et al..164.34
Hampton, Roxanna A.—L. J. Earle....618.57
Harrison, Louis B.—C. F. Murphy, Jr..462.70
Hosbermann, August — United Stores Realty Co. et al., costs....109.15
Haight, Allen T.—H. C. Hennessey....207.63
Hart, Ernest—H. A. Hillers....120.28
Januzzi, Charles—A. Loebelsen....138.70
Joseph Sonsin Co., Inc.—B. F. Cavalluzzo....2,625.75
Jefferson, Alfred, Jr.—Durham Realty Corp....258.52
Lauterjung, Otto C.—C. C. Lauterjung.6,708.70
Kisiel, Karol—Lehigh Valley R. R. Co., costs....111.03
Livingston, Naomi—Mayfair Waist Co..157.97
Lehigh Valley Coal Co.—D. Bartolino, costs....121.40
Lockwood, Ernest M.—Gamma Delta Club....277.61
Maltby, Geo. K.—E. M. Craig....151.97
Martins, Amy Depenvert, known as Amy De Penvert—H. Swift....1,518.87
McDermott Dairy Co.—S. Arnoni....106.15
Marshall, Geo. B., and Benj. Weilheimer—Ideal Clamp Mfg. Co....420.54
Matbison, Alice—E. C. Rollins....359.17
Miller, Oscar C., and Samuel Dickstein—New Amsterdam Casualty Co....164.80
New Toy Mfg. Co.—Judkins & McCormack Co....877.58
N. Y. Consolidated R. R. Co.—M. Mattlin....150.00
Nat. City Bank of Brooklyn—Nat. Surety Co....567.06
New Rochelle Autobus Corp.—A. P. Dienst Co....197.77
Same—Same....197.79
Pfohl, Harold—New England Equitable Insurance Co....434.56
Potosky, Grace—S. Oppenheimer, costs.109.13
Parlaghy, Wolff—W. A. Keeleher....1,250.27
Rosalind Realty Co.—Western Insurance Co. of Pittsburgh, costs....541.23
Regnis Const. Co. and Gustav Schneider—A. Werbelsovskyl....1,040.98
Radin, Perry—Jashnoff....1,175.64
Ramsen, Alfred W.—W. T. Howes....128.79
Rose Gart Co.—B. Urdang....134.65
Same—Same....319.20
Richman, Samuel—Charles Kaye Renting Co....578.81
Rossetti, Nazzareno—R. Cantone....205.20
Same—R. Lavino....205.20
Schieffer, Mary—E. Hesch....1,086.74
Stroud, Herbert K.—Bayer-Straud, Corp.366.56
Simms, Eva, adm.—Wilkes, costs....117.92
Starke, Ebenezer and Josephine—Glen Realty Co....291.96
Schmidt, Leonard—City of New York..347.00
Same—Bradley Cont. Co....119.29
Schmidt, Leonard, as gdn.—City of New York, costs....529.98
Same—Bradley Cont. Co., costs....125.09
Tencza, John—Lehigh Valley Coal Co., costs....111.51
Treanor, James—New Amsterdam Casualty Co....2,025.00
Unique Doll Co. and Adolph Stomke—L. Federman et al....171.33
Villmont, Pierre S.—P. M. Brown....303.81
United Panama Hat Co.—H. Pollak....400.70
Webb, Henry W., or H. Walter Webb, and Mary Webb—A. K. MacVerdy et al....977.25
Washburn, James M.—A. Xiegler, Jr..1,155.40
Worden, William J.—W. J. Newman....445.90
Watchinsky, Samuel—Jaroslawsky Trucking Co., costs....100.70
Watchinsky, Tillie—Same, costs....109.70
Young, Charles W., Jr.—Kun, Marsh & Pendleton....264.20
Same—G. N. Riveuburg & Co....668.48

In Bronx County.

Broschart, David—F. & M. Schaefer Brew. Co....$52.17
Bing, Bridget—A. McGroarty....308.97
Beltrone, Grazia—A. Tomassello....202.19
Del Gais, Harry—Swift & Co....101.27
Ertischek, Harry—New Hampshire Fire Ins. Co. of Manchester....262.00
Same—Same....27.20
Feiganbaum, Jacob—B. Guell....1,034.60
Horowitz, Sam.—C. Martucci....69.77
Int. Rap. Trans. Co.—C. A. Butler....300.00
Martin, Clinton S.—P. Sugarman et al..745.57
Same—Same....763.97
McCann, Pat. J.—Fagan Iron Works..222.28
Petri, Clara—M. M. Apfel....335.50
Rubenstein, Louis, S. & B. Express, and Nathan Bauman, as prop.—E. Alexander & Co....750.15
Russo, Filippo—F. Baff et al....347.69
Russo, Ermina—Same....347.69
S. & B. Express and Nathan Bauman, as prop.—E. Alexander....119.26
Skladman, Aaron—C. Ironson....489.40
Teicholz, Nathan—C. Martucci....44.00
Weinkrantz, Benjamin—Phoenix Yarn Corp....135.78

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Spratley, Henry—B. L. Peck et al., June 16, 1909....$27,348.15
Ginsburg, Julius—R. Rosenthal, Nov. 13, 1917, vacated....10,087.29
Benesch, Adolph B. and Elois J.—Securities Ad. Agency, April 15, 1912....941.91
Corner Const. Corp—Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., Sept. 25, 1916....1,241.86
Levitt, Jacob—C. B. Stiner, April 4, 1917....465.13
Benesch, Adolph B.—J. Wachtel, Jan. 29, 1908, canceled....1,577.24
Same—C. E. Ball et al., Nov. 11, 1907, canceled....6,690.00
Same—A. L. Haskell, Aug. 22, 1913, canceled....598.63
Westcott Express Co.—T. E. Collahan, Oct. 13, 1917....1,140.08
Thompson-Starrett Co. — M. McGinley, April 10, 1916....2,644.21
Webersinn, Otto—T. Rasmus, Dec. 10, 1912....387.68
Linch, George W., receiver—L. Pistario, March 30, 1910....150.00
Pick, Samuel W.—A. Wickstrong, Dec. 22, 1916, reverses....11,836.41
Browne, Annie F. D.—J. Shields, Oct. 13, 1917....2,133.98
Kondolf, Henry E.—Randa Hat Co., Oct. 17, 1917....247.00
Watson, Robert C.—L. W. Barney, Aug. 13, 1917....369.39
Guaranty Trust Co. of N. Y.—J. H. Hunsberger et al., Dec. 5, 1916....1,199.41
Long, Henry C.—B. M. Glasgow et al., Sept. 25, 1917....129.70
Robinson, John B. and William O. Ross—J. J. B. Marsh et al., March 12, 1917....178.46
La Spina, Shepard—Paris Tile and Mosaic Works, Inc., June 26, 1917....165.46
Otto, Richard F.—Rogers Pyatt Shellac Co., Dec. 18, 1913....167.64
Paul, Samuel, and Abraham Hoffman—S. Bernheim et al., July 18, 1916....629.52
Treanor, James, and New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—People, &c., Nov. 14, 1917....1,000.00
Augustine Stores Co.—Fulton & Elm Leasing Co., June 13, 1917....435.70

In Bronx County.

Cunningham, Joseph—M. Meyer, April 22, 1915....$30.72

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE—L. Grief & Bro.; D. L. Grief, woolens; 200 5th Av.
BARTLETTSVILLE—H. Degen, jobs dresses; 470 4th Av.
BAY CITY, Mich.—S. P. Skoff & Co.; S. K. Skoff, floor coverings; Breslin.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—L. Temerson, men's, women's furnishing goods; Albert.
BIRMINGHAM—Goodall-Brown D. G. Co.; H. M. Witte, notions, furn. goods, hosiery, Fall 1918; McAlpin.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Mr. O'Brien, jobs suits, basement; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON — T. Smith Co.; J. F. Knowles, coats, suits; 470 4th Av.; Park Avenue.
BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; S. Lowenberg, men's, boys' clothing; 1,133 Broadway; Bristol.
BRIDGEPORT—Howland D. G. Co.; J. E. Kelly, notions, embroideries; 404 4th Av.
BUFFALO—Clawson & Wilson Co.; J. Wilson, furs; 43 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Amsterdam & Karp; B. Karp, Spring dresses; 1,133 B'way.
CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; M. C. Goldman, women's, misses' wash, cloth skirts; 368 6th Av.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; J. A. Falconer, draperies, curtains; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; Miss G. Ray, women's suits; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO — Friend Cloak Co.; R. Friend, coats, suits, dresses; 39 W. 32d.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; G. A. Dawson, linens; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; C. M. O'Farrell, dress goods, silks; Mrs. M. Russekov, ladies' neckwear, veilings; 404 4th Av.
CINCINNATI—Meyer, Wise & Kalchen Co.; S. Wise, furnishing goods; 600 Broadway.
CINCINNATI—Irwin Cloak Co.; Miss M. Isaacs, dresses; 404 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; B. H. Sisholz, coats, suits; 220 5th Av.
DALLAS—Titche-Goettinger Co.; E. Titche, carpets; 1,150 B'way.
DAYTON — Rike-Kumler Co.; F. H. Rike, dry goods; 220 5th Av.
DETROIT — Crowley-Milner Co.; F. M. Du Devoire, furniture; 116 W. 32d.
FORT SMITH, Ark.—Berry-Beall D. G. Co.; W. S. Beall, notions, furn. goods; 43 Leonard. notions, furn. goods; 43 Leonard.
GREENSBURG, Penn.—L. Keck Co.; M. C. Keck, rugs; Breslin.
KALAMAZOO, Mich.—J. R. Jones Sons Co.; R. G. Hathaway, coats, suits; Mrs. M. Shepard, muslin underwear; G. Watson, representing; 1,170 B'way; Breslin.
KNOXVILLE—M. M. Newcomer Co.; M. W. Pugh, domestics, dress goods, silks; 45 W. 34th.
KOKOMO—Kokomo D. G. Co.; M. Schnawin, jobs dresses; 470 4th Av.
LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; B. J. Lyons, clothing, furn. goods, basement; 95 Madison Av.; Brostell.
MALONE, N. Y.—E. W. Knowlton & Co.; E. W. Knowlton, jewelry; Grand.
MILWAUKEE—Breithaupt Co.; M. Breithaupt, jobs dresses; 470 4th Av.
NEW HAVEN—Strouse-Adler Co.; F. M. Adler, mfrs. corsets; 45 E. 17th; Netherland.
NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; E. H. Ella, upholstery goods; 404 4th Av.
OAK CITY, Penn.—Wise & Etten Co.; C. Wise, general merchandise; Albert.
OMAHA—M. E. Smith & Co.; L. R. Sabine, carpets, rugs, draperies; 1,133 B'way.
OMAHA—J. L. Brandeis & Son; E. H. Elkjer, basement departments; 1,261 Broadway.
PARKERSBURG, W. Va.—J. S. Breido, ready-to-wear; Broztel.
PAXTON, Ill.—Cruzen & Nelson Mercantile Co.; C. Cruzen, house furnishing goods; Collingwood.
ROCHESTER, N. Y. — Stein-Bloch Co.; Weidel, trimmings; 200 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—H. C. Cohn Co.; H. C. Cohn, tie silks; 200 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—B. Hirsch Co.; B. J. Hirsch, notions, novelties; 33 Union Square.
SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor-Moffatt Co.; F. W. Warren, dress goods, silks; 114 5th Av.
SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Bros.; L. L. Davidson, women's suits, infants' wear; 1,261 B'way.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; C. B. Hitchcock, rugs; 230 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—S. A. Rider Jewelry Co.; M. Waxman, holiday novelties; 33 Union Sq.
ST. PAUL—Schuman & Evans; W. Lyttle, domestics; 220 5th Av.; Longacre.
WHEELING, W. Va.—Kraft Mfg. Co.; L. Kraft, silk wash petticoats; 1,133 Broadway.
WILKESBARRE, Penn.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; W. P. Moffitt, carpets; 212 5th Av.
WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; R. Keith, carpets; 230 5th Av.

FOR THE NEWEST IDEAS IN JERSEY CLOTH
VISIT JERSEY HEADQUARTERS
RUDOLPH SCHREIBER
Standwarc Jersey Cloth
1140 Broadway at 26th St. N.Y.

Specially Priced
Spiral Wool
PUTTEES
of Knitted Fabrics,
$25.50 Per Doz.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES
G. F. UNDERHILL, JR.,
23 Warren St. 'Phone Barclay 7693.

The Premier Carpet House of America.
ROBBINS BROTHERS
Carpets, Rugs, Linoleums.
12 West 23d Street, New York.

ADVANCES ON MERCHANDISE
WORMSER & CO.
COMMERCIAL BANKERS,
95 Fifth Av. 'Phone Stuyv. 2360.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
The firm of the BERNARD & ISAACS, Inc., manufacturers of misses' suits and coats, are dissolving, and Harry Bernard, who is the designer and manufacturer of the above firm, is open for a proposition with a large house.
HARRY BERNARD, 12 West 37th.

Auctions.

SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
1519-21 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.
SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE
Estate of
Daniel J. Junk, Deceased.
By order of the heirs, widow and owners
12 Lighter Barges
TUESDAY, NOV. 20, 1917,
At 2 P. M., at Pier 30, South Wharves (Delaware River) below South Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
The Sale comprises the Lighter Barges Rosalie, 350 tons; Louella, 450 tons; Listie, 500 tons; Myrtle, 250 tons; Monica, 300 tons; Geraldine, 450 tons; Kathryn, 500 tons; Danny, 250 tons; Mamie, 200 tons; Ellie, 450 tons; Hazel, 600 tons; Madeline, 500 tons. The barges will be sold free and clear of all liens; 20% of the purchase price to be paid when each boat is sold.
For full particulars, apply to SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 1519-21 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & CO., Auctioneers, 1519-21 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.
LIQUIDATION SALE—VALUABLE WOODWORKING PLANT
(Real Estate and Machinery)
of
WM. P. N. BRAUN & SONS, INC., PORTLAND, ME.,
Monday, November 26, 1917,
at 10 A. M., on the premises.
Real Estate—Comprises modern one-story brick Mill, Power House, Boiler House, large frame Storage House, and about 5 acres of Ground, with railroad siding.
Machinery—Entire Machinery of Dowel Mill, equipped within the last two years with latest type Woodworking Machinery, Machine Tools, Small Tools, about 20 Motors, Ames Direct Connected Generator, &c.
Stock—Large Stock of Dowels of every description and size, Lumber, Office Fixtures, &c.
Catalogues upon application to S. T. FREEMAN & CO., Auctioneers, 1519-21 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

SHORT OF GOODS?
Storekeepers finding themselves run out of certain lines can be supplied from various sources at one time. A letter or telegram addressed to The New York Times stating requirements will appear next day on the Business Page of The Times at a cost of 50c for each line of six words. Offers from manufacturers and jobbers will follow. Letters may be addressed to advertiser or to a box number, or telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

FAVOR SLOW CHANGE IN WAR'S INDUSTRIES

Washington Officials' Plan for Gradual Readjustment on Percentage Basis.

TO NAME A SPECIAL BOARD

No Arbitrary Classification of the Essential or Non-Essential Lines of Business.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Conferences were begun today to determine the extent to which non-essential industries must be curtailed to aid in carrying forward the Government's war program, and the manner in which such a step can be accomplished without radical disturbing the nation's business. A Bureau of Manufacturing Resources probably will be organized at once under the War Industries Board to obtain the fullest data on which decisions will be made.

The plan now under consideration, it is understood, will provide for curtailment of the non-essentials on a percentage basis, thus bringing about a gradual readjustment which would not cause industrial upheaval. This would mean a gradual development of the resources of the country for war purposes—a program which would be extended as the demands increased.

As far as possible, it is the intention of the Government to use the full capacity of the manufactories throughout the country, and furnish war contracts where curtailment of other products is directed. In the jewelry business thousands of skilled workmen, it is said, may be called upon to turn out delicate surgical instruments which will be required in great quantities.

That is but one instance, and the new bureau will determine to just what extent piano, furniture, automobile, and hundreds of other factories can be devoted directly to war work. By a gradual process it is believed the war machinery of the country could be built up to a high point of efficiency without throwing employes out of work or seriously disturbing the financial situation.

No Arbitrary Classification.

It was stated authentically that the council would make no arbitrary classification of industries as necessary and unnecessary, but would let the question of curtailment be decided by the available supply of raw materials, coal, and transportation facilities. To characterize any business as non-essential, it was pointed out, might foster an unfair public sentiment against a legitimate trade, highly desirable in peace times, and jeopardize its credit. When the demands of the army and the demands of an industry conflict the industry must give way, but it is expected that complete co-operation with the Government will be given by all, and that the new Bureau of Manufacturing Resources will be able to apportion war contracts in some measure to every factory deprived of its usual work.

The question of housing new workers in cities where living quarters are inadequate will be placed before Congress next month, in requests for appropriations to carry out the recommendations of the Defense Council's Commission on Housing, which reported that Government aid was the only solution of the question. At present, advances on contracts are being made to manufacturers who show that without additional housing facilities Government work cannot be carried on.

Plans for the proper distribution of labor to obtain the highest efficiency and maximum output of essentials will be worked out in co-operation with the Department of Labor and officials of the American Federation of Labor. The industrial rights of the workmen and their comfort and general welfare will be carefully considered and every effort will be made to bring about a situation which will best attend the Government needs and win the hearty co-operation of labor leaders and the rank and file of the workingmen.

In all of the matters tending to place the country on a broad war basis there will be the closest co-operation with the interests involved. The War Industries Board of the Council of National Defense, the Priority Board, the Food Administration, the Fuel Administration, and the Railroads War Board will be among the bodies engaged in the consideration of the problems.

At present the Railroads War Board is endeavoring to aid the Government officials to obtain the highest efficiency in transportation in face of the car shortage, and many requests for the movement of shipments where the war activities are not directly involved have been referred voluntarily to the War Industries Board and the Priority Board for a decision. In this manner the Government has been kept in close touch with the general railroad situation, and serious congestion and delay have been averted in many instances.

Economy in Coal Discussed.

The movement of coal is one of the pressing of the present problems, and Dr. H. A. Garfield, the Fuel Administrator, was in conference today with the War Industries Board in connection with the question of curtailment of supplies in some directions. This matter also will be worked out with the greatest care.

Officials explained today that there was no reason for alarm in any quarter because of the steps proposed, as ample warning would be given before steps which might have far-reaching consequence would be taken. There will be no action which will shut down factories over night or throw employes out of work. On the other hand, the entire scheme is being taken up with the object in view of bringing about the necessary adjustments in a manner that will leave business on its present sound basis. There will be an increasing rather than a decreasing demand for labor.

The co-operation of industries throughout the country is sought by the officials in any program which may be put gradually into effect. It is considered highly essential that the financial condition of the country be kept thoroughly sound, with future Liberty Loans to be subscribed for, and other unusual demands in sight.

A long list of non-essential commodities in which it is felt shipments should be curtailed to lessen the burden of the railroads has been submitted by the Railroads War Board to the War Industries Board, but no definite information was obtainable today concerning individual recommendations made. This information will be withheld, it is understood, pending final decisions and the completion of the plans for gradual readjustment.

1,000 LAWYERS VOLUNTEER.

Boards That Will Classify Men of Draft Age Not to Lack Advice.

More than 1,000 New York lawyers have volunteered their services to the Government to aid in carrying into effect the new selective draft regulations, which among other things will call for the classification of every man of draft age in New York City who is not now in the active service of the United States. The above statement was made yesterday by Daniel W. Blumenthal of the Judges and Lawyers' War Committee of the Bar Association, of which Henry W. Taft is the Chairman, who received the following telegram from Provost Marshal General Crowder last night:

> Data concerning legal advisory boards being mailed to you. All lawyers and Judges should tender their services to the Governor who has entire supervision of this matter. CROWDER.

The average number of lawyers who are volunteering to aid the Government is now about 200 daily. Judges of the Supreme Court, County, City, and Municipal Courts have also volunteered to act in advisory capacities to the boards which will be in charge of the work of classifying New York City's men of draft age. The regulations which will govern the classification will be made public by General Crowder within a few days.

WILSON HOPES WAR WILL TEACH THRIFT

Worth Cost of Conflict if Habit Is Acquired, Says the President.

SPEEDS SAVINGS CAMPAIGN

Movement to be Promoted in Every State—Appeal to Children to Invest Pennies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The district and State directors of the war savings certificate campaign decided tonight to inaugurate a general plan of enlisting co-operation and interest in the plan to convert the small savings of the American people into a war asset by holding conventions in every State in the Union. The first conventions will be held in New England, New York, and New Jersey Nov. 20, and others will follow in close succession. These conventions will choose publicity managers and other officials, and will make arrangements for conducting the campaigns in the States.

The directors called in a body on President Wilson at the White House today and were presented to him by Secretary McAdoo. With the delegation were Assistant Secretaries Rowe, Moyle, and Leffinwell, and Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank of New York, Chairman of the War Savings Committee. The President spoke in hearty commendation of the campaign.

Time to Check Waste, Wilson Says.

"I suppose not many fortunate by-products can come of a war," said President Wilson, "but if this country can learn something about saving out of the war, it will be worth the cost of the war; I mean the literal cost of it in money and resources.

"I suppose we have several times over wasted more than we are about now to spend. We have not known that there was any limit to our resources; we are now finding out that there may be if we are not careful.

"One of the most interesting things to me about the recent loans that have been floated is the extraordinarily large number of persons who have invested. The number of investors in securities before these loans were made was comparatively small, remarkably small, considering our population and its wealth, and now it has swelled to millions—to almost one-tenth, I believe, of the population of the country.

"That is an extraordinary circumstance, and it may have some very fortunate results. But the thing that you are undertaking is more intensive and in a sense more important still. It is the matter of small savings, the detailed thought of the matter of preventing waste and managing some kind of accumulation from day to day, that will fall to you, and I want to say that I for one warmly appreciate the number of volunteers of capacity and experience who are coming to our assistance at this time and doing things as interesting and important as this."

Samples of the new savings certificates are being printed to be sent out to banks, committees, and various officials who are interested in the scheme. They are in the style of a Government bond and carry savings tickets, larger somewhat than ordinary bond coupons, each bearing a handsome design of the liberty torch.

Money in Toy Banks Wanted.

The Director of the Mint, Raymond T. Baker, issued today, in line with the activities of the Savings Committee, an appeal to children all over the country who have savings banks to stop hoarding money at home and let their pennies get back into circulation by buying the war-saving certificates.

"The time has come for the passing of the penny bank," said Mr. Baker. "These receptacles, which are to be found in half the homes of America, will be made superfluous by the issuance by the Government beginning Dec. 2 of war-savings certificates, war-saving stamps, and thrift stamps. Investment in them may begin at 25 cents.

"The entrance of the United States into the European war has enhanced the need for increased quantities of almost every known commodity. The penny is no exception. The United States Government is in need of all the pennies, nickels, dimes, and other subsidiary coins that can be drawn into circulation. Millions of dollars in these minor coins are now idle in toy banks, coin savers, and other small receptacles used chiefly by children to aid in accumulating savings.

"The War Revenue act has brought a tremendously increased need for small coins, especially pennies. Taxes, designed to help win the war, must be collected in small amounts, frequently made up of odd cents, on all sorts of amusements, methods of communication, and travel, and by many other means. The increased demand for these small coins is obvious. The United States Mints are working twenty-four hours a day and Sundays in an effort to supply the demand. For this reason the co-operation of the American people in releasing from private hoards all possible minor coin is especially urged.

"The saving of small coins is a thrifty habit by no means reprehensible, but a truer method of accomplishing thrift and at the same time aiding the United States Government has been provided through the issuance of war savings certificates and war savings stamps. The small coins formerly hidden away in toy banks may be put into these obligations of the United States. A handful of small coins permitted to remain in a slotted box yields no more at the end of a period when it is hidden away. A handful of coins put into certificates or stamps brings the owner interest in the maximum amount of 4 per cent., compounded quarterly.

"Enough small coins should be shaken out of the toy banks of the country to relieve the present stringency of this form of money."

5,000 WOMEN ON RAILROAD.

In Many Jobs on Pennsylvania Lines East of Pittsburgh.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16.—Approximately 30 per cent. of the entire force of employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad lines east of Pittsburgh are women, according to a report of the General Manager. All told, there are slightly in excess of 5,000 women on the payroll today, as compared with 1,956 June 1.

These women are holding all kinds of jobs, from train dispatcher to section hand, the list including signal tower operators, station cleaners, drafting, station agents, machinists, watchers at dangerous crossings, drawbridge attendants, clerks, stenographers, and telegraph and telephone operators.

Meat Prices Up 62 Per Cent. in Year

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Prices of meat animals—hogs, cattle, sheep, and chickens—were 62.2 per cent. higher on Oct. 15 than a year ago, 87.3 per cent. higher than two years ago, and 88.1 per cent. higher than the average of the last seven years on that date, the Department of Agriculture announced today. Prices increased 1.9 per cent. from Sept. 15 to Oct. 15, compared with an increase of 1.4 per cent. in the same period in the last seven years.

Ban on Free Lunch in Boston.

BOSTON, Nov. 16.—The Boston License Board, at the suggestion of the National Food Administration, today notified saloon proprietors to eliminate free lunches. Clams, chowder, and a variety of sea food, plentiful here, were withdrawn from the counters of many saloons when war-time economy was first agitated, but the board's order will apply also to establishments along the waterfront and in manufacturing districts, which have continued to serve free meals with drinks.

DANES APPORTION BUTTER.

Plan to Divide the Surplus Between Britain and Germany.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 16.—The Danish Government has before Parliament a bill which provides for the continuation of the export of a certain quantity of butter, while adopting the principle that the needs of the home population must be considered first and before the maintenance of the export butter trade upon its regular scale.

The bill provides for the reservation of enough butter to furnish a half pound ration weekly, or about 1,700,000 pounds weekly, before any is sold for export. This will consume between 60 and 70 per cent. of the estimated production of butter this Winter on the basis of the figures furnished by the Government.

It is expected that 700,000 to 800,000 pounds will be available for export weekly, to be divided, if the present arrangements are continued, between Germany and England, with small quantities also to Norway and Sweden, although at present exports to England are suspended owing to the adoption of a maximum price for butter in England. Danish producers say they cannot sell at the price, which is well below that now obtained, and the English exports are now being placed in storage here pending the reaching of an agreement.

The Government's rationing bill provides that the butter ration must be sold to consumers at less than it will be sold to retailers. The difference will be met partly by the State and partly from excess profits on butter sold for export or to restaurants and bakeries. The burden upon the Treasury will be from 30,000,000 to 60,000,000 crowns, a considerable part of which the Government plans to meet by a heavy excise tax on whisky.

The Food Commission, which prepared the butter bill, will submit later a bill for the rationing of pork and lard in order to insure a fair distribution of foods rich in fats and to provide the necessary quantity of this element of diet for each person.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.
Supreme Court.
Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Walter S. Heilborn of New York City was admitted to practice.
69—Enterprise Railway Equipment Co., aplt., v. Norfolk & Western Ry. Co.—Submitted.
70—The U. S. ex rel. Louisville Cement Co., plain., v. Interstate Commerce Commission.—Passed, to be restored to the call pursuant to Section 9, Rule 26, on motion of counsel for defendant.
56—Municipal Securities Corp., plain., v. Kansas City.—Argument continued for defendant and concluded for plaintiff.
59—Bellows Falls Power Co., plain., v. the Commonwealth of Mass.—Argued.
62—C. Boldt, adrx., &c., plain., v. the Penn. R. R. Co.—Argument commenced.
Adjourned until Monday.
Call for No. 19: Nos. 62, 66, 67, 68, (and 80,) 71, (and 72,) 73, 74, 75, 76, and 77.

Southern District.
DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Court Room 3, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg.—At 10 A. M.—Equity and bankruptcy calendar.
Wm A Rogers, Ltd<Rogers Silverware Red Bureau.
Re Robertson.
DISTRICT COURT—Ward, C. J.; Mayer and Augustus N. Hand, JJ.—Room 433, P. O. Bldg.—At 10 A. M.—Motion in equity:
E Fougera & Co<Lewis, as Atty General.

Eastern District.
DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn—At 10 A. M.
Fred Bouchard<Tijuca. | Edward M Timmins<same.

NEW YORK COUNTY.
Supreme Court.
APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Donnelly, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.
Surrogates' Court.
CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—No day calendar.
City Court.
SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Strasbourger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
Referees Appointed.
SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Edeson<Edeson—Phoenix Ingraham. Banta<Koch—Abraham Greenberg.
SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Cammann<Potter—Frank Muss. Rosenthal<Rosenthal—Marcel Levy.
Receiver Appointed.
SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—John H. Prall<Madeline J. Parker—Charles S. Campbell.
Decisions.
The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:
Hemsley & Co., Ltd., respt., v. C. C. Duncan Co., et al., applts.—Appeal dismissed, without costs. No opinion. Order filed.
In the matter of Turbo-Electric Const. Co.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Mary A. Schapiro, respt., v. Barnet Schapiro, applt. Order reversed and motion denied, without costs. No opinion. (Dowling & Shearn, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.
Genevra W. Woodruff, applt., v. Charles G. Staples, as trustee, &c., et al., respts. Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Louis Beck, respt., v. Sigmund M. Gallert, et al., applts. Order modified by striking out the particulars called for in the paragraphs numbered 1 and 2 in the moving affidavit, and by striking out of the same paragraphs thereof numbered 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, respectively, the words "in detail" and "and the names of persons," and as so modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.
Same v. same. Order modified by providing that the examination as to the facts set forth in paragraph A of the affidavit annexed to the order for examination be limited to the facts as to the making of the agreement referred to in the complaint and as to the continuance of the plaintiff in the employ of he defendant pursuant to said agreement until the 21st day of May, 1917, and as so modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.
Elkhorn Valley Coal Land Co., respt., v. Empire Coal & Coke Co., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
In the matter of Arthur M. Sherwood, et al.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Federal Steamship Corp., respt., v. American Union Line, Inc., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
The Robert Dollar Co., respt., v. Canadian Car & Foundry Co., Ltd., impld., &c., applt.—Order modified by providing that there be inserted in the order for examination, after the words "issues in this action, and set forth in said affidavit," the following: "in so far as to establish the right to an interlocutory judgment for an accounting," and as so modified affirmed, without costs; the date for the examination to proceed to be fixed in the order. No opinion. Settle order on notice.
S. Charles Welsh, as Trustee, &c., applt., v. Int. Rapid Transit Co., respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
In the matter of Marguerite D. Heilman, &c.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Manhattan Life Ins. Co., plff., v. Hammerstein Opera Co., respt.; in re Chicago Opera Assn., applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Herman Sacks et al., applts., v. May Hosiery Mills, respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
In the matter of Edward J. Cullen, rel., applt., v. Oscar S. Straus et al., respts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, on the authority of People ex rel. Davison v. Williams, 213 N. Y., 130. Order filed.
Sigmund Josephson et al., applts., v. Ginsburg Realty Co., impld., &c., respt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted to extent stated in opinion. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.
Arthur J. May, respt., v. Cort Film Corp., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
In the matter of Anton H. Meyer, as assignee of the U. S. Restaurant & Realty Co.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Myra E. Dudgeon, respt., v. Frank P. Dudgeon, applt.—Order reversed and motion granted, without costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Neu-Life Food Co., applt., v. Thomas Watts et al., respts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
W. S. Barstow & Co., Inc., respt., v. the Silvex Co., applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. No opinion. (Laughlin and Page, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.
Joseph Wachtel, respt., v. Trow Directory, Printing & Bookbinding Co., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements; the date for the examination to proceed to be fixed in the order. No opinion. Settle order on notice.
Enamelled Steel Specialties Co., Inc., respt., v. Republic Stamping & Enamelling Co., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Richard D. Wyckoff, respt., v. Guenther Publishing Co. et al., applts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Matter of Volk Housewrecking Co.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.
Fannie Blum v. Harry Grumpelt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs, unless appellant comply with terms stated in order. Order filed.
Jennie G. Buckley et al. v. Ida Beaver, impld, &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.
Joseph Boss v. J. Herbert Hutchinson.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.
Arthur Pietsch v. Peerless Printing Co.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.
Max Gordon v. Isidore Bikoff, impld., &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.
William P. Titus et al. v. Clara D. Du Bois, impld., &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.
Matter of Abram Karlan, &c., decd.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.
Neu-Life Food Co. v. Thomas Watts et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Motion to dispense with printing denied, with $10 costs. Orders filed.
The People, &c., v. Joseph Murphy.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.
Matter of John L. English et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Isaac Dinkelspiel et al. v. Sol Brill.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.
H. G. Vogel Co. v. McHarg-Barton Co.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.
Joseph Shames v. Wm. M. Barrett, as President, &c.—Motion granted. Settle order on notice.
Abraham Glanzer et al. v. The J. K. Armsby Co.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.
Jacob Goldman v. Jonas Weil.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.
Wm. E. S. Dyer v. The J. Y. J. Corporation.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.
Gustave Cerf v. U. S. Title Guaranty Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.
Empire Trust Co. v. Pres. and Directors of Manhattan Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.
The Robert Dollar Co. v. Canadian Car and Foundry Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.
John J. Dillon, as Commr., v. Swift & Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.
Matter of Jacob Leon Brandmaker, an attorney.—Motion denied. Settle order on notice.
William P. Fogarty v. Hugh E. O'Reilly, as admr., &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.
The Waterbury-Wallace Co., Inc., respt., v. James R. G. Ivey, applt. (Action 1.) Same v. same. (Action 2.)—Determinations affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Orders filed.
Menasha Woodenware Co. v. Madeline E. Landeck.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.
In the matter of Willoughby B. Dobbs, an attorney.—Motion for reinstatement granted. Settle order on notice.

BRONX COUNTY.
Supreme Court.
SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
Surrogate's Court.
CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
County Court.
SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

KINGS COUNTY.
Supreme Court.
APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department. DECISIONS.
J. P. & R. M. Curry, copartners, &c., respt., v. J. & M. Ziteili, applts.—Motion granted, without costs.
L. B. Hamilton, as exr., &c., respt., v. L. H. Munsie and ano., applts.; L. B. Hamilton and ano., respts.—Motion denied on condition that applt. perfect his appeal and be ready when reached, otherwise motion granted, $10 costs.
In re application of J. H. Atkins.—Petition referred to official referee.
In re application of the Board of Supervisors of Rockland County relative to acquiring title, &c., for highway purposes, &c., State Highway No. 5389.—Motion denied on condition that applt. perfect the appeal, place the case on January calendar, and be ready when reached. Otherwise motion denied, with $10 costs.
In re application of J. M. Brown to lay out a highway in the town of Brookhaven, &c.—Motion granted, without costs.
In re application of City of N. Y., &c., West 37th St.—Motion granted, without costs.
In re settlement of the account of C. M. Crum as sole surviving exec., &c., of J. W. Schuler, dec'd, &c.—Motion denied, without costs.
In re application of F. W. De Foe for admission to the bar.—Application granted.
I. and A. Klein, infants, &c., respt., v. Manhattan Steam Bakery, Inc., and ano., applts. Acts. 1 and 2.—Motion for a reargument granted and case set down for Dec. 5.
L. S. Lewis et al., applts., v. D. F. Butcher et al., rspts. Act. 1 and 2.—Motions denied, without costs.
W. F. Marks et al., applts., v. J. Bennett, individ., &c., et al., rspts.—Motion granted, with $10 costs.
E. Martin, as admx., &c., v. S. A. Herzog, applt.; F. Herzog, deft.—Motion granted.
H. H. Oltschlager, applt., v. W. F. Connell, rspt.—Motion denied.
The People, &c., rspts., v. J. Cerulli, applt.—Motion denied.
The People, &c., rspts., v. J. Faggello, applt.—Motion granted.
The People, &c., rspts., v. R. F. Stevens Co., Inc., applts.—Motion denied.
The People, &c., rspts., v. A. E. Richardson, applt.—Order settled and signed.
The People, &c., rspts., v. H. Wetzel, applt. Same v. C. A. Dabb, applt. Same v. V. Wallace, applt.—Motions denied.
E. L. Richards, as Supt., &c., pltf., v. L. Scharmann et al., as exec., &c., defts.—Motion granted, without costs on condition that appeal be heard at the January term, 1918.
N. A. Seagle, as exec., &c., pltf., v. J. D. Vareto, deft.—Motion for stay denied, without costs.
Springfield National Bank, rspt., v. E. N. Breitung et al., applts., and others, dfts.—Motion for stay granted.
F. Trani, rspt., v. S. Gerard, applt.—Motion denied on condition that applt. perfect his appeal, place case on December calendar, and be ready when reached. Otherwise motion granted, with $10 costs.
G. M. Barnhart, as admx., &c., of J. A. Barnhart, decd., rspt., v. American Concrete Steel Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed, with costs and complaint dismissed.
F. X. Barrett, respt., v. Conn. General Life Ins. Co. of Hartford, Conn., applt.—Appeal transferred to the First Department.
J. H. Byers, rspt., v. H. J. Sokolow, applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.
W. M. and C. Collard, rspts., v. M. C. Relyea, as exrs., &c., of G. Relyea, decd., applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
B. E. Cromwell, applt., v. George C. Bynner and others, defts., R. K. Jacobs, Referee, applt.; A. W. J. Pohl and J. Carreno, purchasers-rspts.—Order reversed and motion granted, with $10 costs.
C. Emery, rspt., v. W. F. McCoombs, applt., and W. F. Connell, deft.—Judgment and order reversed and complaint dismissed, with costs to the deft.
In re application of M. Montario, rspt., for writ of mandamus against N. Y. Tel. Co., applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion for peremptory writ of mandamus denied, with $50 costs.
E. Langridge, respt., v. W. Thurston, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed by default, with costs.
M. E. Langridge, an infant, &c., respt., v. same, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs, by default.
The People, &c., applts., v. M. Di Meo, &c., respts.—Order reversed and motion denied, with $10 costs.
G. Ralston, respt., v. C. R. Lush, applt., and others, defts.—Judgment reversed and new trial granted. Costs to abide the final award of courts.
E. Severin, &c., respts., v. Broad Channel Corp., applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.
M. Shea, as admx., &c., of W. J. Shea, deed., applt., v. C. N. Y., respt., and ano., defts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
T. F. Smith, respt., v. S. A. and E. J. Smith, applts.—Judgment affirmed with costs as against applts.
Springfield National Bank, respt., v. E. N. and C. G. Breitung and M. Kauffman, applts., and others, defts. Actions 1 and 2.—Orders affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.
Same v. same. Action 3 and 4.—Order granting motion for inspection of books reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Order denying motion to discharge attachment in so far as appealed from reversed and said order modified so as to require the Sheriff to deliver to defendants their said books upon defendant making and filing the undertaking required by said order.
L. M. Taylor, applt., v. E. A. Weeks, respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
Georgianna Thompson, an infant, by G. J. Thompson, her guardian ad litem, respts., v. Anderson Electric Car Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and complaint dismissed, with costs.
I. Tietelbaum, respt., v. H. Waitach, &c., applts.—Order reversed and motion granted, with $10 costs.

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.
Manhattan.
CHATHAM SQUARE, 5; Louis A. Shelhart against Samuel Kutinsky et al; Oct. 22, 1917 ....$490
2D AV, 76; Western Cabinet Co., Inc., against Marguerite Maidhof et al; Oct. 24, 1917 ....$688
SAME PROPERTY; Standard Metal Ceiling Co., Inc., against same; Oct. 2, 1917....$58
2D AV, 76; Luis Del Vesco against Marguerite Maidhof et al; Oct. 18, 1917....$95
14TH ST, 409 and 411; Charles Glasser against James S. Herrman et al; Oct. 25, 1917, by bond....$63
54TH ST, 558; City Kalamein Co., Inc., against John Rattenhaus et al; May 15, 1917 ....$215
Bronx.
LINCOLN AV, 165; Paul Gussow against Patrick Kinsane, [illegible] et al; March 22, 1917 ....$4,150

REAL ESTATE FIELD

One of the largest deals closed in the Times Square section for some time has practically been completed, and will bring a prominent retailer, as tenant, to the three-story building at the southwest corner of Broadway and Fiftieth Street.

The Regal Shoe Company has finished negotiations for the lease of this property from John E. Dietz for a twenty-one year term, with renewal privileges, at a rental aggregating about $1,500,000.

The building has a frontage of 50 feet on Broadway, and measures 77 feet on the street. It will be altered to meet the requirements of the lessee. Harris & Vaughn negotiated the lease.

Hebrew School to Enlarge.

The Talmud Torah Association, now occupying the property at 147 East Broadway, has purchased from Dr. Bernard Lazarus the four-story tenement adjoining, at 145, on a lot 25 by 75. The newly acquired parcel will be altered at a cost of about $8,000 for the school requirements of the buyer, and the two buildings will be connected.

The combined site, which measures 50 by 100 feet, will eventually be improved with a modern school building. The brokers in the sale were Arthur A. Goldstein and Peter P. Cappell.

Big Garage Purchase.

Leo S. Bing bought from Charles and L. B. Shongood the three-story garage occupying the block front on the west side of First Avenue, from Forty-second to Forty-third Street. It has a frontage of 200.10 feet on the avenue and 50 feet on each street.

The reported consideration is $200,000. Harry B. Cutner negotiated the sale. The sellers acquired the site in 1909 from Montague Aaron and others, and four years later erected the garage.

Squares Out Site.

Edward H. Van Ingen has purchased from the Charlotte Mount estate, the four-story building at 4 West Twenty-first Street, on a lot 21.6 by 92, adjoining the Mohawk Building, at the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Twenty-first Street, which he also owns.

Horace S. Ely & Company and the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company, were the brokers in the sale. Mr. Van Ingen owns the three westerly houses at 6, 8 and 10, and now controls a frontage on Twenty-first street of 289 feet. He has announced no plans for reimproving the site.

Tenements for Investment.

Morris Kaminstein purchased for investment from Elizabeth Weinberg 69 East End Avenue, a five-story tenement on a lot 25.6 by 100.

The Lawyers Mortgage Company sold to an investor 37 West 118th Street a five-story tenement on a lot 25 by 100.11.

Buyers for Private Dwellings.

W. V. Reynolds sold for the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company to the Ideal Mortgage Corporation 250 West 131st Street, a three-story and basement dwelling on a lot 20 by 100. The same broker recently sold for the selling company 254 West 131st Street to the same buyer.

An investor purchased from the Lawyers Mortgage Company 142 Manhattan Avenue a three-story and basement dwelling on a lot 17.3 by 70, assessed at $15,000.

Obtains Auction Bargain.

The two four-story flats at 127 to 129 West Fifty-third Street were bought at auction yesterday at the stand of Joseph P. Day for $26,000, as against incumbrances amounting to about $38,000. The buyer was Thomas G. Corvan, who owns the adjoining garage at 123 to 125, extending through to Fifty-fourth Street.

Bronx Sales.

John J. Brown sold to James Linden 731 East 180th Street, a five-story, new-law tenement, on a plot 41 by 135.

Mrs. Smith Williamson sold to John Jakren 496 East 182d Street, a three-family dwelling, 18 by 63, between Bathgate and Washington Avenues. John F. Fetzer negotiated the sale.

Brooklyn.

B. J. Sforza sold for Mrs. Amanda Larson to Antonio Baroni 1,232 Sixty-seventh Street, a two-family dwelling on a plot 40 by 130.

Queens Borough Sales.

Cornelius Clark sold to the Borden's Farm Products Company a plot of ground, 50 by 90, on the west side of Steinway Avenue, 202 feet south of Pierce Avenue, Long Island City.

G. Morton sold to A. E. Place the property, 50 by 100, on the north side of Carter Street, 226 feet east of Farmers Avenue, St. Albans.

The Pinoleum Company sold to the Barlellan Realty Company a plot, 100 by 125, on the northwest corner of Van Wyck and Chichester Avenues, Dunton.

New Jersey.

L. N. Nicholson & Co. sold to B. Damon a six-room dwelling on Wheaton Place, Rutherford, for $6,500; also to Nelson Patterson, a six-room semi-bungalow on Willow Avenue, Lyndhurst, 34 by 150, for $3,600.

Fiest & Fiest sold for the Newbold Realty Company to Harry C. Sergent two thirty-four-foot lots, at 34-38 Peck Avenue in the Roseville section of Newark. The new owner will immediately begin the erection of two two-family dwellings.

Long Island.

H. Schuyler Cammann sold for Mrs. Harold Thorne 72 Shellbank Place, southeast corner of Hendrickson Avenue, Rockville Centre, Long Island, a modern stucco dwelling and two-car garage, to Otto A. Giesser.

Baker Crowell, Inc., sold the Cushing Adams estate, consisting of four acres, with large colonial house, at Plandome, L. I. to J. J. Ricke, of Manhattan. The price is reported at $50,000.

Westchester County.

The dwelling on the corner of Grove and Linden Avenues, Larchmont, has been sold for Harry Bentz of Montclair, New Jersey, to Mrs. Charlotte M. Murdock of Mamaroneck, N. Y., by E. C. Griffin & P. H. Collins.

New Jersey.

Charles A. Boston of New York has purchased the country estate of the late Charles R. Heike, located on Ocean Avenue, Sea Bright, N. J. The grounds have a frontage of 150 feet on the Atlantic Ocean, with a similar frontage on both sides of Ocean Avenue and the Shrewsbury River. There is a large residence, stable, garage and a boat house on the property. William H. Hintelmann negotiated the sale.

Recent Buyers.

William L. Burton of New Orleans is the buyer of the James W. Gerard estate, consisting of sixty-three acres, in Willetts Point Road, L. I., held at about $100,000.

Lydia F. Prentiss is the buyer of the private dwelling, 334 West Seventy-second Street.

To Pay $62,500 a Year.

The Hershey Chocolate Company, which recently leased the former department store property at 339 to 355 Sixth Avenue, occupying the block front from Twenty-first Street to Twenty-second Street, from the South Sixth Avenue Company, will pay a rental of $62,500 a year for this space.

The lease is for a period of five years, beginning January 1, 1918, and contains a renewal privilege for a similar term.

Front Street Rent Advances.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased, in conjunction with Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd, the building at 98 Front Street, to C. H. Pattengill; also 176 Front Street to the Reliance Warehouse Company. Both leases are for a term of years, and the rentals are about 25 per cent. greater than the buildings heretofore have been returning, according to the brokers.

Reported Thirty-eighth Street Lease.

It was reported yesterday that the four-story building at 20 West Thirty-eighth Street had been sub-leased by Edward Way to Schraft, confectioner, for a long term, to be used for a branch. The building is opposite the Lord & Taylor department store. Confirmation of the report was not obtainable.

Commercial Leases.

Charles E. Walker leased for a long term of years the entire building 370-372 Washington Street for the Rhinelander estate, through Robert R. Rainey, to the Exporters Warehouse Company.

Ames & Co. leased a store at 6 West Twenty-ninth Street to S. & S. Manasse; and a store at 26 West Thirty-first Street to S. Goodfriend.

Harris & Vaughan leased the store in 3 East Forty-sixth Street to Albert H. Son for a term of years.

Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd leased for the Norlin Realty Company to A. Schulte, the store and basement at the northwest corner of Sixth Avenue and Ninth Street.

Pease & Brother leased for the estate of Helen Julliard, the three-story brick stable at 27 Downing Street, for a term of years to A. Costa, truckman and forwarder.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Henry Brady.

Allen St, 170, e s, 101.6 ft s of Stanton St, 26.6x87.6, five-story tenement and stores; German Savings Bank against Lena Appelbaum, individually and executor, et al.; Amend & A., attorneys; due, $22,389.54; taxes, &c., $558; to the plaintiff for $22,000.

41st St, 554 West, s s, 80 ft e of 11th Av, 20x74.3, three-story stable; Isabella Boger against John Louis et al.; C. P. Loeser, attorney; due on judgment, $7,615.18; taxes, &c., $430.40; prior mtg $5,000; to the plaintiff for $9,500.

By Joseph P. Day.

53d St, 127 and 129 West, n s, 340 ft w of 6th Av, 35x100.5, two four-story houses; Manhattan Railway Co. against Peter Duffy et al.; J. L. Quackenbush, attorney; due on judgment, $36,879.10; taxes, &c., $1,048.72; to Thomas G. Cowan for $26,000.

69th St, 315 East, n s, 225 ft e of 2d Av, 17x100.5, five-story tenement; Adolph Handte against Josephine Karas et al.; F. M. Tichenor, attorney; due, $13,202.94; taxes, &c., $624.50; to the plaintiff for $10,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Charles A. Berrian.

236th St, n s, 300 ft e of Kepler Av, 25x100; City of New York against W. E. Daniell et al.; tax lien; Lamar Hardy, attorney; due, $1,112.81; taxes, &c., $270.57; to the plaintiff for $250.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, NOV. 16.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,783, e s, 24.11 ft n of 148th St, 25x100; Samuel P. Howe to James H. Purdy, Jr., 14 West 122d St, quitclaim; attorney, James H. Purdy, Jr., 2 Rector St.$1
SAME PROPERTY; James H. Purdy et al. to Purdy Estate, 2 Rector St, 3 deeds....$1
AVENUE A, 1,317, w s, 120.4 ft s of 71st St, 25x100; Lincoln Trust Co. to Sallie G. Hamilton, 204 West Breckenridge Av, Louisville, Ky.; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St....$100
BROADWAY, n e corner of 20th St, runs n 96.1x e 45.9x n 92 to s s of 21st St x e 50x s 92x e — to point 120.9 ft e of Broadway x s 18x e 20x s 74 to n s of 20th St, x w 113.5 to beginning; Charter Construction Co. to Winifred A. Fletcher, 408 Audubon Av, mtg $1,800,000, all liens, Nov. 14; attorneys, Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St....$100
CHERRY ST, 376, n e corner of Gouverneur St, 23.7x53.3, partition sale; Algernon S. Norton, ref., to Lewis Johnstone, 52 West 85th St; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$10,000
EAST BROADWAY, s s, 145.9, 168.9x188.9; Montgomery St, 3 lots, respectively 23x77.11, 20x78.5, and 20x79.4; Grover A. Whalen to Gertrude O'Leary, 14 Jumel Terrace, all title, quitclaim, Nov. 16; attorney, Peter Condon, 38 Park Row....$1
EAST END AV, 69, e s, 102.3 ft n of 82d St, 25.6x100; Elizabeth Weinberg to Morris Kaminstein, 524 Graham Av., Brooklyn, quitclaim, all liens, Nov. 15....$1
HUDSON ST, 248, n e corner Broome St, 588-90, 22.8x80; Elizabeth M. Hasbrouck, individually and exrs., of Benjamin Hasbrouck et al. to B. B. Davis & Co., 250 Hudson St., all liens, Oct. 21; attorney, Joseph Krinsky, 320 Broadway....$1
PARK AV, w s, 25 ft n of 117th St, 25.5x72; Park Av, n w corner 117th St, 25x72; 117th St, n s, 72 ft w of Park Av, 18x50.5; Dora Harris to Nathan Harris, 102 Spring St., Rochester, N. Y., mtg $28,000, all liens, Nov. 12; attorney, Aaron W. Levy, 60 Wall St....$1
3D AV, n e corner of 35th St, runs e 100x n 74.1x w 37.11x s 55.7x w 62.1x s 18.5 to beginning; Fanny Kempner et al. to Jacob Hertzberg, 137 West 115th St, Nov. 2; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway....$100
3D AV, 2,320, s w corner of 126th St, 24.11x90; Samuel P. Howe to James H. Purdy, Jr., 14 West 122d St, quitclaim, Mar. 5; attorney, James H. Purdy, Jr., 2 Rector St..$1
SAME PROPERTY; James H. Purdy, Jr., et al. to Purdy Estate, 2 Rector St, quitclaim, 3 deeds....$1
4TH ST, 56 East, s s, 151 ft e of Bowery, 25x96.2, foreclosure, Oct. 16, 1917; Dominic L. O'Reilly, Referee, to Rebecca Roman, 961 St. Nicholas Av., Nov. 16; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St....$27,225
33D ST, 245 East, n s, 136.8 ft w of 2d Av, 18.4x98.9, partition sale, Sept. 10, 1917; Chas. E. Heydt, referee, to Elizabeth V. Martin, 244 East 62d St., mtg $6,000, Nov. 13; attorney, Benj. Patterson, 302 Broadway....$500
33D ST, n s, 136.8 ft w of 2d Av, 18.4x98.9; Elizabeth V. Martin to Benjamin Patterson, 7 West 92d St, Nov. 14; address 302 Broadway....$1
35TH ST, 34 West, s s, 455 ft w of 5th Av, 20x75.3, foreclosure, Nov. 13, 1917; John H. Ryan, Referee, to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.; attorneys, Butcher, T. & F., 1 Madison Av....$90,000
48TH ST, 367 West, n s, 125 ft e of 9th Av, 15x100.5; Dora Harris to Nathan Harris, 102 Spring St, Rochester, N. Y., mtg $15,000, Nov. 12; attorney, Aaron W. Levy, 60 Wall St....$1
75TH ST, 227 East, n s, 280 ft w of 2d Av, 25x102.2; Samuel Schoenfeld to Sarah Deutsch, 315-317 East 95th St, all liens, Nov. 16....$200
83D ST, 609 East, n s, 148 ft e of East End Av, 25x102.2; Elizabeth Weinberg to Morris Kaminstein, 524 Graham Av., Brooklyn, quitclaim, all liens, Nov. 15....$1
83D ST, s s, 198 ft w of East End Av, 25x102.2; Elizabeth J. McGrady (Schmidt) to Charles Smith, (Schmidt,) 2,795 Marion Av, mtg $10,000, Nov. 15; attorney, John C. Hoenninger, 5 Beekman St....$1
88TH ST, s s, 105 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.8; Charles Smith to Elizabeth J. McGrady, 3,155 Broadway, b. and s., Nov. 15; attorney, John C. Hoenninger, 5 Beekman St.$1
90TH ST, 67 West, n s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 18.9x100.8; Harry H. Roeder to Helen H. Roeder, 67 West 90th St., quitclaim, correction deed, Nov. 15; attorney, B. B. Lilienstern, 115 Broadway....$1
97TH ST, 87 West, n s, 285 ft w of Central Park West, 17x100.4, foreclosure Nov. 12, 1917; Louis C. Hartman, referee, to Leo I. and Amelia Meinhard and Daniel W. Herrman, executors, 23 East 26th St, Nov. 16; attorney, Jacob A. Wolf, 160 Broadway....$10,000
105TH ST, 212-214 East, s s, 164 ft e of 3d Av, 38x100.9; Shenk R. & C. Co. to Moses I. Levine, 49 East 106th St, mtg $24,000, all liens, Nov. 15; attorney, Morris Leight, 115 Broadway....$100
112TH ST, 327 East, n s, 258.6 ft w of 1st Av, 27x100.11, Louisa Lombardozzi to Rose Eckert, 955 Prospect Av., Bronx, mtg $18,000, Nov. 15; attorney, J. Wilson Bryant, 391 East 149th St....$1
125th St, 77 East, n s, 118 ft w of Park Av, 22x99.11; Samuel P. Howe to James H. Purdy, Jr., 14 West 122d St, quitclaim, March 5; address, 2 Rector St....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Walter B. Raymond et al. to Purdy Estate, 2 Rector St, quitclaim, Oct. 7, 3 deeds; James H. Purdy, Jr., 2 Rector St....$1
135TH ST, 21 West, n s, 251.8 ft w of 5th Av, 16.8x99.11; 135th St, 19 West, n s, 235 ft w of 5th Av, 16.8x99.11; Hannah C. Walker to James H. Press, 19-21 West 135th St, one-half part, all title, all liens, March 14, 1911; attorney, Rudolph L. Cherurg, 299 Broadway....$500
146TH ST, 544 West, s s, 375 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11; Thomas Jones to Christina, his wife, 544 West 156th St, all title, b. and s., all liens, July 22, 1916....$1
163TH ST, s s, 180.9 ft e of Broadway, 20.1x117.1x20x118.11; Day-MacDonald Co. to Alicia L. Laird, 14 Mount Morris Park West, mtg $18,000, all liens, Nov. 3; attorneys, Arrowsmith & Dunn, 261 B'way..$100

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, n e corner of Charlotte St, runs e 100.2x n 129.8x w 25.8x — 17.5x w 112.4x s 161.11; Mary Raisin to Bronx Hospital, 1,385 Fulton Av, mtg $22,750, Oct. 31; attorney, H. L. Slobodin, 302 Broadway.$100
CARTER AV, w s, 142.8 ft e of 174th St, 86.7x81.6; Dominic L. O'Reilly, referee, to Jennie Rudinsky, 1,525 47th St, Brooklyn, mtg $21,000, Aug. 1; attorney, M. C. Levene, 119 Nassau St....$4,900
CEDAR AV, 1,800-08, e s, runs s e 15 to w s of Sedgwick Av x n e 123.9x n w 74.3 to Cedar Av x s w 100; American Savings Bank to Lawrence Davis, 78 Green St, Newark, N. J., mtg $30,000, Nov. 15; attorney, C. H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St....$100
LAFAYETTE AV, w s, Lot 22, map of Unionport; Rose R. Hasinisky to Casino Lombardozzi, 327 East 112th St, mtg $3,800, Nov. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100
LINCOLN AV, 165, n w corner of 135th St, 25x100; Day-MacDonald Co. to Alicia L. Laird, 14 Mount Morris Park West, mtg $12,500, Nov. 3; attorneys, Arrowsmith & D., 261 Broadway....Exchange
LOTS 147 and 148, map of Lorillard Spencer et al; Lorillard Spencer, 2d, individually, and ano., trustees, et al., to Samuel Witty, 54 Eldridge St, and ano., June 15; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$1,150
MARION AV, w s, 100 ft s of 196th St, runs w 100x n 25x e 100.2x s 75; Elizabeth J. Grady to Charles Smith, 2,795 Marion Av, Nov. 15; attorney, J. C. Hoenninger, 5 Beekman St....$1
MOHEGAN AV, e s, 120 ft s of Woodruff Av, or 176th St, 25x70; Margaret Howe to Frank Zebro & Co., Inc., 2,593 Bainbridge Av, mtg $3,000, Oct. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1
PROSPECT AV, s e corner of 162d St, 25x99.11; Parkridge Realty Co., Inc., to L. & S. Co., 446 Westchester Av, and another, mtg $17,000, Nov. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100
PERRY AV, s e corner of 207th St, 103.7x25x107.7x25.4; Isidor Teitelbaum et al to Parkridge Realty Co., Inc., 1,400 Grand Concourse, Nov. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100
ROCHELLE or Elizabeth St, n s, 319.5 ft e of City Island Av, 25x135; Robert W. Freestone to Colin Melville and another, 173 Rochelle St, Nov. 8; attorneys, Sayers Brothers, 31 Nassau St....$1
TIFFANY ST, 937, w e, 35x105; Samuel W. Phillips, referee, to Jacob B. Baum, 1,312 Madison Av, Oct. 11; attorney, A. Strasser, 27 William St....$17,000
TIFFANY ST, 1,020, e s, 100x18.7x86.5x25.6; Louis Wienecke to Elizabeth Wienecke, his wife, 265 East 202d St, mtg $20,000, Nov. 15; attorney, Henry Kiraly, 351 East 149th St....$1
UNIONPORT ROAD, w s, 12 ft s of Westchester Av, 103x110x30x150; Isaac R. Rex to Frank Baumann, 2,016 Gleason Av, mtg $3,000, Nov. 15; attorney, G. A. Hefter, 2,164 Westchester Av....$100
137TH ST, n s, 654.2 ft e of Willis Av, 16.8x100; John Mernagh to Mary Mernagh, 465 East 137th St, mtg $1,500, Nov. 14; attorneys, Williamson & B., 364 Alexander Av, Gift
137TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of Willow Av, 101x101.1x115.9x100; Tip Top Laundry, Inc., to "B" Coat, Apron, and Towel Supply and Laundry Co., Inc., 522 East 80th St, mtg $24,000, Nov. 14; attorney, "B" Coat, Apron, Towel & Laundry Co., Inc., 522 East 80th St....$100
156TH ST, n s, 94.4 ft w of Prospect Av, 40x130.5x40x128.10; Minnie Zimmermann to Isidor Neucorn, 430 East 140th St, mtg $5,000, Sept. 19; attorney, I. Newcorn, 2,640 3d Av....$100
169TH ST, 622 and 624 East, w s, 50x202x48.4x185.11; Lawrence Davis to Elemco Realty Co., Inc., 59 Liberty St, mtg $44,000, Nov. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Elemco Realty Co., Inc., to Joseph Smolensky and another, 2,041 5th Av, mtg $40,000, Nov. 15; attorney, same..$100
170TH ST, s s, at e s of Lot 33, map of 221 lots, Claremont Heights, runs s 63.2x e 16.8x n 74.4x w 20.1; Elizabeth A. Reid to Pauline Mandell, 306 East 70th St, mtg $3,000, Nov. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100
175TH ST, 220 West, s w corner of Cedar Av, 20x98; Charles L. Hoffman, referee, to Railroad Co-operative Building and Loan Association, 103 Park Av, Nov. 15; attorney, E. J. Crandall, 103 Park Row....$3,000
180TH ST, n s, 31 ft e of Clinton Av, 41x135.2; John J. Brown to James Linden, 171 Amsterdam Av, mtg $8,000, Nov. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 416, restaurant privileges on street floor and basement; Michael and Thomas Donnelly, (firm of Donnelly Bros.,) to Alexander Lilienthal, 419 East 9th St, 1 year from Oct. 1, 1917, 1 year rental; attorney, E. Ruttkay, 106 Avenue B....$720
SPRING ST, 120, all; Nina De L. Henriquez to Arthur Nicolaidis, 110 East 41st St, 5 years from Dec. 1, 1917....$d0
6TH AV, 339-55, w s, from 21st to 22d St, 197 on avenue x150 on 21st St x irregular in rear x125 on 22d St, (102-106 West,) all; South Sixth Avenue Co. to Hershey Chocolate Co., 125 West 42d St, from Jan. 1, 1918, 5 years' rental; attorneys, Hoadly, L. & Johnson, N. Y....$62,500
29TH ST, 525 West, stable, all; Henry Ahrens to Christian Moerlein Brewing Co. of Cincinnati, Ohio, 10 years from Nov. 1, 1917; attorney, William F. Earp, 120 Broadway....$2,700
39TH ST, 231-41 West, n s, 1st floor, 103x85.3, and basement x95.2x60, for P. O., Times Square Station; McGraw Realty Co. to U. S. of America, by Albert S. Burleson, Washington, D. C., 3 years from Dec. 1, 1917; attorney, T. G. Patten, Postmaster, N. Y. City....$21,300
117TH ST, 446-8 East, all; Ida Murphy to Carmela Caggiano, on premises, 3 years; address, Luigi Casaburi, 426 East 121st St....$3,400
130TH ST, 128 West, s s, 283.4 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11, all; Edward F. Maloney, as receiver, to Charles Fiedler, 1,280 West 130th St, 1 year from Dec. 1, 1917; attorneys, Price Bros., 271 Broadway....$600
147TH ST, 547-53 West, n e, 6-story apt., all; Wompatuck Realty Corp. to Henry H. Holland, 39 East 27th St, 5 years from Dec. 1, 1917; attorney, Benjamin Weiss, 271 Broadway....$13,744

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

LOTS 36 to 38, block 1,666, section 6, four actions; Anna E. Morrison against Urcilla Mackellar et al., foreclosure of four tax liens; attorney, R. Gerbracht, Jr.
ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 26.2 ft n of 166th St, 25x66.6; Benjamin Welles against Henry A. Passhols et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. H. Hickey.
5TH AV, s w corner 20th St, 104.8x170x irregular, and 20th St, s s, 170 ft w of 5th Av, 25x92; Keasbey & Mattison Co. against Andrews Construction Co. et al., action to enforce lien; attorney, C. McMillan.
7TH AV, n w corner 144th St, 40x100; Fanny Ellinger against Linda L. McElroy et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.
27TH ST, 213 West; Henry E. H. Ripley against Alexander H. Pincus et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Williamson & Bayles.
57TH ST, n s, 300 ft w of 1st Av, 22x100.4; Mutual Trust Co. of Westchester County against Augusta Fesharek et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.
134TH ST, 31 West; William Rankin against Annie Strause et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. R. Adams.
136TH ST, 219 West; N. Y. Life Insurance and Trust Co., executors, against Sadie Frolichstein et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Emmet & Parish.
136TH ST, n s, 208 ft w of Broadway, 108x99.11; Abe Lifson against Apartment Equities Corporation, action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorney, L. W. Osterweis.

Bronx.

TOWNSEND AV, w s, 175 ft s of 174th St, 100x100; William Saler et al. against J. L. S. Building Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, C. B. Plante.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY AND 4TH AV SUBWAY, from Whitehall Tunnel to 57th St; Electric Service Supplies Co. against New York Municipal Railway Corp., owners; Lewis H. Woods Construction Co., contractor....$4,869
LAIGHT ST, 69; Central Iron Works against Marie Kelly, Hanna Eager and Kate Silo, owners; Thomas J. Fanning, contractor..$70
14TH ST, 344 West; Federal Parquetry Manufacturing Co., Inc., against Sydney Ballin, owner; Fleischman Flooring Co., contractor....$525
16TH ST, 115 to 137 West; Arco Co. against 115-137 West 16th St. Co., Inc., owner; Joseph H. Newman, contractor....$31
71ST ST, 31 West; Garman Bros. & Co., Inc., against E. W. Browning, owner and contractor....$1,280
87TH ST, 211 and 213 West; Sladon Iron Works Co., Inc., against Anna E. M. de Montsanhim, owner; Samuel Frensky, contractor....$218

Bronx.

JEROME AV, e e corner of 181st St, 150x60; Charles J. Weinert against S. M. & K. Realty Co., owners; Willetts Construction Co. and Frank Willetts, contractors....$309
232D ST, n s, 332 ft e of Paulding Av, known as Lot 84, map of Wakefield; Vincent Trombatore against Anfas Operating Co., Inc., owners and contractors....$950

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RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 1,317, w s, 120.4 ft s of 71st St, 25x100, Nov. 13; Sallie G. Hamilton to Lincoln Trust Co., 204 5th Av, 1 year; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St. $5,000

CHERRY ST, 376, n e corner of Gouverneur St, 23.7x58.3, Nov. 16; Lewis Johnston to Stephen P. Sturges of Shelter Island, L. I., 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.............$5,000

HUDSON ST, 248, n e corner Broome St, 590, 22.8x80, Nov. 13; B. B. Davis & Co., Inc., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$14,000

PARK AV, 721-23, n e corner 70th St, 42x82, Nov. 8; Gerrish H. Milliken to United States Trust Co. of New York, due Nov. 1, 1920, 4¾ p. c.; attorneys, Stewart & S., 45 Wall St. $115,000

4TH ST, 56 East, s s, 25x96.2, Nov. 16; Rebecca Roman to the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 5 years; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St........$23,000

14TH ST, 320 East, s s, 217.6 ft e of 2d Av, 22.6x103.3, Nov. 16; Josef Felber to Maximus A. Lesser, 491 De Kalb Av, Brooklyn, executor, due Feb. 16, 1919, 6 p. c.; address, 302 Broadway........$2,000

64TH ST, n s, 175 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5, Nov. 16; Elizabeth C. Boyle to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 3 years; attorney, E. J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St. $6,000

78TH ST, 308-312 East, s s, 123 ft e of 2d Av, 49x102.2, Nov. 13, Rosa Juster (Lipman) to Samuel Lipman, 86 Haven Av, 2 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $25,000; attorney, Frank M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row..........$25,000

83D ST, s s, 198 ft w of Avenue B, 25x102.2, Nov. 15; Charles Smith to Elizabeth J. McGrady, 3,155 Broadway, due Nov. 1, 1922; attorney, John C. Hoenninger, 5 Beekman St. $1,000

112TH ST, n s, 258.6 ft w of 1st Av, 27x100.11, Nov. 14; Rose Eckert to Louis Lombardozzi, 327 East 112th St, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. W. Eisenberg, 261 Broadway.....$1,100

149TH ST, 523 West, n s, 283 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 17x99.11, Nov. 12; Jennie B. Tuggle to Frank Van Syckle, Perth Amboy, N. J., 3 months, 6 p. c., prior mtg $5,000; attorney, Harry S. Medineto, Perth Amboy, N. J. ....Note, $5,000

Bronx.

CEDAR AV, 1,800-8, e s, runs s e 15 ft to w s of Sedgwick Av x n e 123.9 x n w 74.3 to Cedar Av x s w 100; Lawrence Davis to American Savings Bank, 115 West 42d St, Nov. 15, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, J. W. Irwin, 203 Broadway.....$5,000

LOTS 147 and 148, map of Lorillard Spencer et al.; Samuel Witty and another to Chelsea Realty Co. 135 Broadway, June 15, due July 2, 1922, 3½ p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.3690

MOHEGAN AV, e s, 120 ft s of 176th St, 25x70; Frank Zebro & Co., Inc., to Andrew P. Traber, 1,814 Prospect Av, Nov. 15, due Jan. 15, 1923; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$3,300

180TH ST, n s, 31 ft e of Clinton Av, 41x135.2; John J. Brown to Elise Munch, 2,139 Lafontaine Av, prior mtg $5,000, July 1, due Nov. 15, 1920; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...........$500

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Clinton St, 80 and 82, and Attorney St, 97 to 103, for a one and one-half story theatre, 50x141; Blinderman & Cohen Amusement Co., 132 Delancey St, owner; L. F. J. Weiher, 271 West 125th St, architect. cost, $50,000.

Alterations

Items Under $5,000 Omitted.

24th St, 156 to 164 East, to five two-story stables; Leicestershire Realty Co., 2 Wall St, owner; Horenburger & Bardes, 122 Bowery, architects; cost, $15,000.

45th St, 70 West, to a four-story dwelling; A. R. Boyd, 66 West 45th St, owner; Henon & Boyle, 66 West 45th St, architects; cost, $6,000.

49th St, 132 and 134 West, to two two and three story garages, Mahoney Estate, 305 West 119th St, owner; C. M. Straub, 147 4th Av, architect; cost, $6,000.

84th St, 163 and 165 East, to a four-story garage; G. M. Fitzpatrick, 1,488 Lexington Av, owner; L. A. Kehoe & Co., 1 Beekman St, architects, cost, $10,000.

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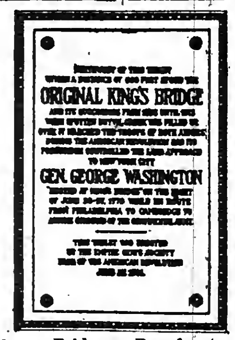

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Old house, with plenty of ground for vegetables, chickens, &c.; good section; near station and bay; only $1,400 to quick buyer; on easy terms. Estate, 286 Times Downtown.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

An Ideal Home.—Ready to occupy; plot 7,500 square feet, with wonderful old shade trees; six rooms, bath, large living room, parquet floors, open fireplace, veranda on two sides; dining and sleeping porch; model kitchen, with instantaneous automatic water heater, butler's pantry; refined surroundings; restricted; improved street, sewer, water, gas, electricity, stores, school, church, golf, tennis; 8 minutes to station; 30 minutes to New York; 40 trains daily; commutation $5.90; price $5,500, small amount of cash; balance to suit. Call, write, or telephone owner, Munson D. Ayers, 146 West 30th St. Phone Greeley 4535.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Westfield.—Nine-room house on ½-acre corner plot; sewer, water, heat, electric and gas light; rebuilt, and in choice condition; great bargain, $5,500. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York.

Short Hills.—Lackawanna express trains; the Farley estate; choice restricted building sites; prices and terms reasonable; all improvements. Fred'k A. Farley, Milburn P. O.

BEST BARGAIN IN MARKET. Must sell my beautiful home at sacrifice. Particulars from Owner, 65 Times.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

Three-story and basement private residence for sale; Washington Heights; owner must sacrifice. X 225 Times Annex.

Queens.

At Elmhurst, near "L," nine-room brick house, 40x100; price $4,500; first mortgage $4,250, balance cash. W 178 Times.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

Two-acre hilltop home; great view; commuting zone; 7 rooms, bath; steam heat; barn, chicken house, fruit, garden; clean-cut, attractive; $5,500; opportunity. S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, 120 Broadway, N. Y., and Ridgewood, N. J. Rector 7718. Tel. 555.

For sale, 9-room house, all conveniences, forty-five minutes from New York, fifteen from Newark; two railroads, ten minutes to station. Z 387 Times Annex.

Rent—New, modern, six-room attic dwelling, $35; half hour Erie, 10-cent fare; any day or evening; no letters. Grimshaw, Wood Ridge, N. J.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Manhattan.

80TH, 111 EAST.—17 rooms, 3 baths; renovated throughout; $2,000. Caretaker.

New Jersey.

Atlantic City cottage for rent, attractively and fully furnished, including linen, silver, glass; close to beach and Hotels Brighton and Traymore; attractive surroundings; 7 bedrooms, 3 baths, by month or longer. Address F. R. K., 141 South Illinois Av., Atlantic City, N. J.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

COMMUTER'S FARM, hour out on Erie, good express service; fine modernized house, excellent outbuildings; 50 acres; 10 minutes drive from station; fruit trees; stock; tools; all equipped. Brady, 15 Park Row.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

81st, 3 East.—Attractively furnished 5-story American basement; elevator and squash court. Can be seen from 1 to 5 P. M., or phone 6958 Plaza.

Brooklyn.

Colonial House, 8 rooms, 3 baths, on Ocean Av.; large grounds, garage; leaving town; will sublet for Winter, or longer, furnished or unfurnished; $75 month. Phone Midwood 1311W.

Miscellaneous.

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS—TO RENT—A furnished 12-room house, with 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, large yard and garage for two cars; ideally situated and attractive inside and out; a smart residence for a protracted stay at the Springs; rent $250 monthly. Apply Box W 148 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

9 AND 11 EAST 16TH ST. Store, basement, and several lofts, 50x100, between Union Square and 5th Av.; no manufacturing in building. Inquire superintendent on premises, or phone Chelsea 4480.

Six-story loft building, suitable for manufacturing, 40x60, on lower east side. Savings Bank. Box N 385 Times Downtown.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES. —Every facility, $16.50 and $30.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 300 Broadway. Room 807.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES—Every facility, $16.50 and $30.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway. Room 807.

Space, rear parlor floor; privilege of elegantly furnished show rooms; large window; near 5th Av.; also desk room. M 70 Times.

Store, 28 East 33d St., near Madison Av.; large display window; steam heat, hot water. Wm. F. Fuerst, Inc., agent, 87 Nassau St.

All conveniences, telephone service and stenographer. Chelsea Paper and Twine Co., 144 West 19th.

To Let.—Desk Room. Room 1906, 303 5th Av.

Skylight studios, bachelor apartments, $30 to $60. 5 West 16th St.

Loft 44x77; elevator, steam heat; 86th St. and 1st Av. Telephone 3015 Morningside.

Fifth Av. office, with northern light, size 17x34. Inquire Room 1007, 366 Fifth Av.

Bachelor apartments, skylight studios, $30-$60. 5 West 16th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED, LARGE STORE OR BUILDING SUITABLE FOR AUTOMOBILES, (TO HOLD 100 AUTOMOBILES,) ON OR NEAR BROADWAY, FROM 42D TO 63D STS. GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, MAIL ONLY, B. B., ROOM 301, 1,493 BROADWAY.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

50TH, 133 EAST, (near Park Av.)—Exclusive house; 2 or 3 rooms, bath; southern exposure; breakfast if desired.

58TH, EAST, (Near Madison Av.)—Attractively furnished 2 or 3 rooms, bath; maid service; elevator. Telephone 4120 Plaza.

68TH, 42 EAST.—Attractively furnished 2-room apartment; seen any time; $1,500 a year. Phone Miss Newlin. Plaza 5754.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED Choice localities; long, short leases. 4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side. CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY. EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO., 4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

ARTIST'S six-room apartment, complete. Telephone Gramercy 723.

ATTENTION! — Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

ATTENTION.—Established 30 years. List your apartments. Waiting lists. A1 clientele. Lelands, One West 34th. Phone 1428 Greeley, also Murray Hill 3241.

Attractive APARTMENTS, furnished. Murray Hill 4383. THE FALCO, 505 5th Av.

BACHELOR APARTMENT, two rooms, kitchenette, 5th Av. section. Lenney, 51 East 42d.

Distinctive apartment, 10 rooms and 3 baths, $5,900. Telephone Plaza 6525.

EAST 30's, handsomely furnished 8 rooms, $200 month, immediate possession. Vanderbilt 1450.

AN EXCEPTIONAL apartment for bachelors in private house; exclusive location. Telephone Plaza 2200.

CORNER APARTMENT, six rooms, daintily furnished; elevator, telephone; $100. 138 E. 94th St.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 80 EAST.—Going to France, sublet elegantly furnished apartment, including piano.

Furnished—West Side.

16TH, 51 WEST.—1, 2, and 3 room suites; southern exposure; open fireplace; tea room in building; light, heat, telephone, maid service.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths; single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

37TH ST., 52 WEST.—High-class two-room furnished apartment; all conveniences. Kahn.

APARTMENTS TO LET

Furnished—West Side.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just Off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Completely furnished, high-class bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80 up; service. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.

54TH ST., 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsomely furnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath and 3 rooms with 2 baths; sunny rooms; steam heat.

55TH ST., 1,780 Broadway.—Big, bright, fine; two rooms, bath; elevators; telephone; hall service. Hart.

55TH, 50 WEST.—Living room, breakfast room, bedroom, bathroom, kitchenette. Telephone Plaza 8958.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Sublet, 4-room apartment, exquisitely furnished; two bedrooms, living and dining room combined, kitchen; refrigeration; maid service; $250 monthly. Call afternoons, Apartment 4-I, or telephone appointment, Circle 1456.

58TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV. Alwyn Court; 12 rooms, 6 baths; newly decorated; magnificent, artistic, yet homelike. Railing. 4258 Columbus.

59TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; handsomely furnished.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex apartment, Hotel des Artistes, three rooms, kitchenette, refrigeration, cooking free; $200. Mrs. Wood.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (the New West End.) —Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $17 to $25 weekly, $55 to $90 monthly; completely furnished; satisfactory references absolutely necessary; open evenings.

69TH ST., 19 WEST, Overlooking Central Park.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath; maid service; restaurant; finest in the city. Mrs. Deane, on premises.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Two exceptionally handsome rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity, private telephone; excellent location; $23 weekly; also other rooms.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Apartments, furnished; entire floor; 2 and 3 connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity; $125 and $150.

70TH, (2,025 Broadway, The Nevada.)—Newly decorated, spacious, 7-room, high-class elevator apartment, all rooms facing Broadway; immediate possession; $250 month; family leaving city. Apt. 2B.

72D, 42 WEST.—Two of the most delightfully furnished small apartments in New York; two rooms, with tiled baths; new building; 7 windows in each suite; moderate priced restaurant, with service in apartments; overlooking Central Park; convenient to subway express, elevated, and service; $95-$100 monthly; leases only.

72D, 167 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, suitable for couple or bachelors; third floor. Whitney.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Suite, one, two rooms; also studio; private baths; $35, $150.

75TH St., (northeast corner West End Av.)—Attractive suites, with bath; large, sunny rooms, with or without bath; suitable for two.

79TH ST., 307 WEST.—Own home, 8 rooms, 2 baths, exceptionally well appointed, piano, beautiful view Hudson and Southern exposure; $300 monthly. Apt. 10 West.

81ST, 203 WEST, (Barrington.)—Three rooms, handsome, short lease. Telephone Schuyler 5520.

90TH, 50 WEST.—Artistically furnished suite, to desirable party. See and appreciate.

96TH, (Subway.)—5 front rooms, 1 bath, 1 family bedroom; newly decorated, most attractively furnished; elevator building; $135. Telephone Columbus 3974.

97TH.—Beautifully furnished 5-room apartment, $135 month; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 1452.

101ST, 205 WEST, THE JOSEPH HOTEL. 3 doors from B'way. Phone 9515 River. High-class, nicely, completely furnished 6 large, airy rooms and bath; $120-$130. Electricity and maid service included. All-night telephone, elevator. Also attractive, well-heated single double rooms, kitchen privileges, $4-$10 weekly.

112TH, 612 WEST. — Handsomely furnished seven-room apartment, overlooking Riverside; newly decorated.

116TH, 600 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 5-room apartment, including linen, silver, pianola, Victrola, &c.; will consider lease, 6 to 9 months, $150 per month; services of our maid can be secured; seen by appointment. Apt. 103, phone Morningside 8606.

116TH, (Subway.)—5 rooms, new building, charmingly furnished; details. Columbus 3974.

118TH, 401 WEST, (Apartment 52.)—Facing Morningside Drive, three rooms, furnished, housekeeping.

150TH ST., 615 WEST.—Couple with modern apartment will sublet, with owner's services; gentlemen preferred. Barrett.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts. THE WILSONIA, 225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway. Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $60-$75-$85; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL. Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates $80 monthly and up, $20 weekly up; breakfast and dinner, $9 weekly, (optional.) HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST. One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus line. C. M. Bellak, Mgr. Dir.

APARTMENTS Beautifully Furnished. 2 TO 5 ROOMS AND BATH. Attractive restaurant, table d'hote and a la carte; best food, reasonable prices; complete hotel service $60 monthly up; near Riverside Drive, Central Park; 2 blocks from 96th subway express station. HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS, 305 West 98th St. Near Broadway. Telephone Riverside 6100.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d. Col. 1077.

ATTRACTIVE private home apartments, west side and Washington Heights. Crescent Co., 547 West 110th, Corner Broadway, (2d floor.)

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 302. Exquisitely furnished two large rooms, kitchenette, tiled bath, living room, 32x18; piano, silverware, china, linen; maid service, restaurant in building; unsurpassed view. Edwards.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—Just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

CLAREMONT AV., 35.—Bargain; family obliged to leave city will rent apartment, 7 large rooms and 2 baths, attractively furnished; Oriental rugs, piano; worth $200; consider less; shown evenings or by appointment. Apartment 1A, Rugby Hall. Phone 5372 Morning.

DELIGHTFUL, comfortably furnished 8 room 3 bath apartment; view Riverside, 70th St.; $325. Phone Schuyler 4814.

DESIRABLE, well-located 7 rooms, completely furnished apartment; short lease. 5830 Riverside.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to sublet, season or longer. Apply Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 780.—Nine rooms, 3 baths, overlooking Hudson; beautifully furnished; must be seen to be appreciated. A. J. Odell, 5400 Audubon.

TO SUBLET—Handsomely furnished 7-room, 2-bath, Riverside Drive corner apartment, modern building; will consider lease to June 30; price $300 per month. Apply 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., A. T. Thomson, 417 Riverside Drive. Telephone 8778 Morningside.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES. — Furnished sublet apartments, long, short leases. WICKLIFFE GRAY, FURNISHED APARTMENT SPECIALIST, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3074.

WEST END AV., Corner 90th St.—10 rooms, 2 baths; 10th floor; entirely new; unusually beautiful. Telephone 2223 Schuyler.

80s.—Handsomely furnished 8-room duplex apartment, immediate possession, Winter months, longer, $175 month. Particulars telephone Vanderbilt 1453.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 187.—Beautiful, exclusive; 2 rooms, bath, $35; 1 room, bath, $25; spacious parlors, bath, $35; basement, $25; subway, Wall St. 4 minutes. Owner, premises.

Unfurnished—West Side.

57TH, 329 WEST.—Exceptional apartment for couple; near Carnegie; three rooms; electricity, bath, heat, &c.; convenient elevated, subway; everything modern; $60.

74TH, 132 WEST. — Attractive two-room suite; all improvements; maid service; references.

83D, 1 WEST.—Dainty seven-room apartment, fronting park, second floor.

104TH ST., 5 WEST.—Apartment to sublease, rear 4 rooms; elevator; view on Park. See Superintendent or Mrs. B. Manes.

110TH, 223 WEST—DAWSON ARMS. High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms, facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

111TH, 515 WEST—TRINITY COURT. High-class elevator apartment, 7 rooms; parquet flooring throughout; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

113TH ST., [illegible] WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Modern apartment house, 8 rooms, 2 baths; very desirable; $1,200. Supt.

150TH, 560, (Corner Broadway.)—Six large outside rooms; modern elevator bldg.; $65.

AUDUBON AV., 314, Corner 178th, (Brighton.)—Six rooms, bath; elevator apt.; [illegible]

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Four to six room housekeeping apartment, furnished or unfurnished, one or two baths, all conveniences, near subway; full details and price. X 257 Times Annex.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Attractive room, all improvements; gentlemen; references; private residence.

16TH, 206 EAST.—Medium-sized rooms, private house; steam heat; references required.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished room, private bath; steam heat, electricity; park privileges; board optional; references.

22D, 41 EAST.—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished rooms; all conveniences; also basement; references.

22D, 144 EAST.—Elevator apartments; room for refined business woman; private family.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; phone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $18 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

35TH, 20 EAST, (Near Madison.)—Large room, adjoining bath; southern exposure; gentleman.

53D, 65 EAST.—Large front room, private house; all conveniences; special telephone service.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

56TH, 183 EAST, (near Park Av.)—Exclusive house, 2 or 3 rooms and bath, southern exposure; breakfast, if desired.

61ST, 166 EAST.—Beautifully furnished front parlor; hot and cold water; private bath; electricity; piano; select surroundings.

64TH, (848 Lexington.)—Large and small rooms; running water, telephone, all conveniences.

66TH, 46 EAST.—Large front room; also others; very reasonable; running water; telephone.

67TH, 231 EAST.—Two beautiful front rooms; heat, bath; private entrance; privileges. Kohler.

78TH, 119 EAST.—Neatly furnished large rooms, all conveniences; breakfast; telephone; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 515, (Cor. 48th St.)—Elegantly furnished front room; three windows; telephone; elevator apartment; references. Mme. Paraga.

MADISON AV., 174.—VANDERBILT STUDIOS.—Furnished, unfurnished rooms; unusual; references exchanged. Mur. Hill 9286.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive room, with bath or running water; musical studios rented by day or hour.

PARK AV., 76, (38th.)—Comfortably furnished, clean room for gentleman; elevator; $5.

West Side.

8TH, 21 WEST, (Washington Square Section.)—Two connecting rooms; running water; suitable for light housekeeping; furnished or unfurnished.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

47TH, 27 WEST.—Handsomely furnished single, double rooms; private bath; telephone; $45; 10-12.

55TH, 103 WEST.—Large, light room; steam, electric lights, running water. Quinn.

58TH ST., (between 5th and 6th Ave.)—Room in first-class apartment, with French family. Plaza 1348.

128 WEST 58TH ST. Comfortable room; modern conveniences; gentleman, references.

40 WEST 58TH ST. Rooms and Suites, attractively furnished.

68TH, 63 WEST.—Large and small beautifully furnished; private house; gentlemen. Columbus 8749.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Just opened; everything brand new; furnished rooms, single or en suite; electricity; refined surroundings; investigate.

69TH, 145 WEST.—Bachelors' apartments, first floor; other attractively furnished rooms; telephone. Buckley.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Rooms with and without running water; near all car lines.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen; business couple.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms for gentlemen; must be seen to appreciate.

71ST, 62 WEST.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; ONE FLIGHT; PRIVATE BATH, DRESSING ROOM, SHOWER, LAVATORY; STEAM, ELECTRICITY; OTHER ROOMS.

71ST, 135 WEST. — ATTRACTIVE LARGE ROOM, EXTENSION BATH; STEAM, ELECTRICITY; OWNER'S MANAGEMENT.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Studio, large double and single room; southern exposure; breakfast; references.

71ST, 206 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; phone; also smaller room; references.

71ST, 216 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny room; private bath.

72D, 58 WEST.—Very attractive, large, front room adjoining bath; handsomely furnished; gentleman preferred; references required. Telephone 318 Columbus.

72D, 336 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom, suitable studio; facing Hudson and Drive; electricity.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Attractive front room; electric lights; private family; gentlemen.

73D, 302 WEST.—Two double rooms, front and southern exposure; private baths; board optional; comfortable Winter home; near subway.

122 WEST 73D ST. Desirable rooms; near Subway, elevated; references.

73D, 118 WEST. Newly decorated large and single rooms; private baths; southern exposure.

73D, 139 WEST.—Two single, large rooms, beautifully furnished; southern exposure; electricity.

73D, 178 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms for business people; references.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room; private bath; telephone, electric light.

74TH, 242 WEST.—ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED SUITES; ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT BATH; ALSO DOCTOR'S OFFICE; BREAKFAST IF DESIRED.

74TH, 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS. Newly furnished, two large rooms, with private bath, electric light, steam heat, valet service; references. Col. 8768.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Small room, well heated; southern exposure, adjoining bath; electricity; reference.

74TH, 113 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred; references.

74TH, 111 WEST. — Large, beautiful room, private bath; electricity; every convenience.

76TH, 159 WEST.—Single, ensuite; attractively furnished; southern exposure; electricity; adjoining bath.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Beautiful front parlor, connecting bedroom; also large rooms, private bath.

75TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, private bath; also small room; electricity.

75TH, 38 WEST.—Large, small rooms; attractive, comfortable; breakfast if desired; references.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Nice, sunny rooms; first-class house; select neighborhood; telephone; reasonable.

75TH, 126 WEST. — Large rooms; private bath; electricity; newly furnished.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room; electricity, private bath, kitchenette privileges; references.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Room, private bath; parquet floor, electricity; private house; references.

76TH, 42 WEST. — Attractive double room, private bathroom, $12 weekly; small room, $4.50.

76TH, 239 WEST.—One large, one small room, excellent table; fine location.

77TH, 113 WEST.—Large and small rooms; baths, electricity, phone; subway, "L"; private house; reasonable. Flynn.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house; two large rooms; connecting baths; single or en suite.

77TH, 126 WEST. — Well-heated large, also single rooms, in quiet, refined house.

111 WEST 77TH ST. Desirable small room; references; reasonable.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large room, 3 windows, lavatory; single, convenient bath; steam, electricity.

78TH, 108 WEST.—Ready for guests Nov. 20; reservations now arranged; meals optional.

78TH, 326 WEST, (Corner Riverside Drive.)—Beautiful rooms, overlooking Hudson; private house.

78TH, 212 WEST.—Comfortable, clean room, lavatory, electricity; subway; gentlemen. Schuyler 9110.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Large front room, twin beds, electricity, adjoining bath; gentlemen only.

78TH, 132 WEST. — Handsomely furnished rooms, with, without private bath; hot water.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; all conveniences; $2.50 up.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Front and back parlor, 1st floor; running water; small room.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite; private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

79TH, 169 WEST. — Large, well-furnished room, with private bath; lock subway; immaculate.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny, two-room studio; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Sunny rooms, private baths, $12; single, $5; electricity, steam heat.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Handsome, newly decorated room; private bath; steam, electricity; reference.

81ST, 166 WEST.—Small and medium light room, newly furnished, adjoining bath; references.

81ST 120 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, sunny, warm rooms; private bath, lavatory, kitchenette.

81ST, 110 WEST.—Attractive, warm rooms; bath floor; electricity; hot water; $6-$7.

82D, 33 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated front rooms; bath; references.

82D, 54 WEST. — Handsomely furnished second story front, bath, kitchenette; single rooms; references.

84TH, 16 WEST.—Attractive, large room; southern exposure; all conveniences; private house.

85TH, 136 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large room; electricity; all conveniences; also small room.

85TH, 30 WEST.—Parlor suite, suitable physician or dentist; electricity; also other rooms.

85TH, 129 WEST.—Attractive medium size room; electricity, telephone; private house. Schuyler 2613.

86TH, 206 WEST, (Miss Smith.)—Fourth floor, large front rooms; private apartment; references.

86TH, 174 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; meals if desired; references.

86TH, 101 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room; all comforts; first floor. Massey.

87TH, 290 WEST.—Well furnished parlor, back parlor; bath, electricity, telephone; refined atmosphere.

88TH, 11 WEST.—Furnished room, modern apartment; strictly private family; every convenience; if interested call Lenox 516 for appointment. M. McKeon.

88TH, 335 WEST, Droccam Hall.—Exclusive bachelor dwellings, near Riverside; southern exposure; front rooms, $5-$15; 86th Subway.

88TH ST., 138 WEST. — Desirable sunny room, centrally located; all conveniences; telephone; reference.

88TH, 68 WEST.—Homelike room, private family, for gentleman with references. Sternglenz.

89TH, 330 WEST.—Exclusive house, beautifully appointed; large, small rooms, kitchenette privileges; reasonable.

92D, (West End Av.)—Two sunny rooms with dressing room. Riverside 8651.

92D, 42 WEST.—Beautiful, large room and kitchen; medium size and kitchen.

94TH, 17 WEST.—Furnished room; private house; occupied by owner; bath convenient.

95TH ST., 137 WEST.—Neatly furnished, clean, sunny, warm front room.

97TH, 29 WEST.—Attractive large, medium, sunny rooms, private and adjoining baths, continuous hot water, electricity, phone; references.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Superior bachelors accommodations, large room or suite, bath. Apartment 7.

99TH, 244 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room, running water; no other roomers. Strouse.

100TH, 316 WEST.—Magnificent room and bath; $10 week; gentlemen. Apt. 19.

102D, (Broadway.)—Large, comfortable room, $8; pleasant surroundings; adjoining bath. River. 6651.

103D, 303 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Three rooms, with running hot and cold water, bath, telephone, and electricity, for rent single or en suite, in elegantly furnished private home; references required.

104TH, 20 WEST.—Pleasant front room, near Central Park, to rent to desirable party with reference. Scott, Apartment 3B.

105TH, 248 WEST, (Broadway.)—Elegantly furnished room; pleasant surroundings; adjoining bath; gentlemen. Copeland.

105TH, WEST.—Sunny, comfortable rooms in a select apartment; reasonable terms. Telephone 1665 Academy.

105TH, 248 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; also large room; piano; refined surroundings. Roche.

106TH, 160 WEST, Apartment 10.—Large outside room; also smaller room; private family; exclusive; references; telephone; elevator.

106TH, 238 WEST.—Cosy room; private apartment; all conveniences; homelike. Apt. 2.

109TH, 312 WEST.—Beautiful large outside room; running water; seventh floor.

110TH, 509 WEST, (Apartment 1A.)—Newly furnished room; running water, electric light, and steam heat; gentleman only.

114TH, 520 WEST.—Room, lavatory, electricity, telephone; board optional; private family. Clement.

112TH, 612 WEST.—Light, well furnished room; Riverside Drive; new; reasonable; gentlemen only. Apt. 10.

112TH, 542 WEST, (4B.)—Attractively furnished large rooms; private bath; gentlemen; near Broadway.

114TH, 611 WEST. — Light, single room; washroom; private family; gentleman. Apartment 22.

118TH, 401 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; piano; overlooking Morningside Park, Apt. 34; single room, running water, Apt. 54.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Attractive front suite; elevator apartment; reasonable. Dent, Apartment 51.

120TH, 359 WEST, (near Morningside.)—Nicely furnished room, adjoining bath; private house.

123D, 439 WEST, (Apt. 16.)—Two-room suite, kitchen; elevator; telephone; conveniences.

123D, 121 WEST. — Large light, also small, room; private; references.

126TH, 58 WEST.—Large, handsome room; southern exposure; every convenience; heated; references.

135TH, 535 WEST.—Sunny outside room, beautifully furnished; elevator, all conveniences. Collins.

136TH, 611 WEST.—Clean, nicely furnished room, all conveniences; subway, buses; gentlemen; reasonable. Tusey.

142D, 605 WEST.—Room, adjoining shower bath, elevator apartment; $5; subway. Scott.

143D, 527 WEST, (Apt. 2.)—Elegant room, newly furnished; modern apartment; phone.

143D, 527 WEST, (Phone.)—Double room; hot, cold water; kitchen privileges. Mendoza.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room, scrupulously clean. Apt. 27.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Hall room, $5; river view, $7-$8; convenient location. Turner.

150TH, 569 WEST.—Outside, running water; private Jewish family; elevator. Apartment 65.

152D ST., 561 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Large corner room, second floor; running water, electricity; Southern cooking; furnished or unfurnished. Phone Audubon 4678.

ATTRACTIVE, sunny room, overlooking Central Park; modern conveniences; woman preferred; $10. Col. 8998.

BEAUTIFUL SUNNY STUDIO. Rent from 1-6 P. M.; piano; at 91st St. subway. L 156 Times.

BROADWAY, 3,131.—Large parlor-bedroom, suitable for gentlemen; refined surroundings; shower; elevator; references. Morningside 5808, Apartment 48.

BROADWAY, 3,575.—Unusual opportunity for party with good references to share apartment; every convenience; reasonable; wonderful location. Connett.

BROADWAY, 3,544, Apartment 25. — Elevator; 145th subway at door; adjoining bath; all conveniences; private family; select location; moderate.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (112th.) — Desirable room; homelike; references. Telephone Morningside 3903. Apartment 8.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Attractive large room for one or two; heat; electricity; elevator; shower, bath. Phone 873 Riverside.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Attractive, newly furnished rooms; suite, overlooking Park. Fryer.

CLAREMONT AV., 130, (near 122d St.)—Attractive, large, small rooms; all light; overlooking Riverside Drive and Hudson; excellent location; kitchen privileges. Mrs. Thompson.

MAGNIFICENTLY furnished suite, parlor, bedroom, bath; gentleman preferred. Apt. 53, Morningside 8606.

PAYING GUEST.—Room, private connecting bath, overlooking Hudson, in high-class West End Av. apartment. Phone before 11, Riverside 5625.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th.)—Desirable rooms, with or without private bath; newly furnished; gentlemen; also bedroom and sitting room for two gentlemen; telephone; references. Cardozo.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910, Apartment 7F.—Beautiful room, overlooking Hudson; new elevator apartment; private family; gentlemen. Phone 8446 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (Corner 80th.)—Magnificently furnished suite of two or three rooms overlooking river; private house; maid service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 859, (157th St. Subway.)—Furnished medium and double rooms; reasonable; private house. Mrs. Stephans.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452, (116th.)—Room of the highest type; refined; references. Apartment 4A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 102.—Entire floor, private house; 3 rooms with bath; newly furnished.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Outside, sunny, warm room; elevator, electricity; private family; $6.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222.—Large, attractive room, private bath; also other rooms. 5830 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 76.—Beautiful, large, light room in private house.

SOUTHEAST CORNER 100th St., West End Av.—Private, modern house of luxury and comfort, large corner room, running water, electricity, semi-private bath, $10.

TWO furnished rooms; running hot and cold water in each. Apply 478 Central Park West, apartment 3d floor front, west.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

WEST END AV., 322, (75th.)—Desirable, comfortably furnished rooms, large, medium, single, or en suite; running water; adjoining (private) bath; electricity, telephone, conveniences; select residential neighborhood; reasonable; subway; references.

WEST END AV., 94th, (Or Unfurnished.)—4 sunny rooms, single, en suite; 2 blocks subway express; modern equipment. River 5937.

WEST END AV., 936, (103d St. Subway.)—Corner room; elevator; gentleman; telephone. Apt. 5 West.

WEST END AV., 826, (100th St.)—Superior bachelor accommodations; exclusive residence; breakfast. River 3050.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

WEST END, 896, (103d.)—Large room, private bath; $11; residence; electricity; steam.

WEST END AV., 683, (93d.)—Choicest section of New York; newly furnished rooms.

Brooklyn.

HEIGHTS, (143 Willow.)—Unusually attractive rooms; private residence; near subway. Main 3011.

FORT HAMILTON PARKWAY, 4,722.—Comfortable, quiet rooms; reasonable. Sunset 5815.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 223.—7 and 8 large, old-fashioned rooms and bath; steam heat; electric lights; rent $60-$70. Supt., on premises.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

11TH, 26 EAST, Adjoining 5th Av.—Handsomely furnished rooms; superior table; moderate.

15TH, 210 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Desirable rooms, home cooking; telephone; references.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly, up.

West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms, excellent board; all improvements.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath, steam; unexcelled board.

54 WEST 54TH ST. Rooms, with board; private bath; references.

16 WEST 55TH ST. Table boarders; rooms; references; gentlemen.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms, private baths; parlor dining; excellent table.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 122 WEST. — Attractive, well-heated rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

72D, 261 WEST.—Homelike, handsomely furnished double room, private bath.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; table guests accommodated.

73D, 302 WEST.—Double rooms, private bath; excellent board; near subway; phone.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; private bath; steam, electricity, private phone; also single room; table board.

75TH, 234 WEST, "The Hurlburt."—Sunny back parlor, private bath; steam heat.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—One large, one small room; fine table; excellent location.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive rooms, double and single; private bath or adjoining; steam heat, electricity; excellent table; references.

78TH, 216 WEST.—Single room, southern exposure; steam heat, running water, electricity.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Second floor; southern exposure; large room, private bath; electricity.

79TH ST., 121 WEST. SINGLE ROOM AND BOARD.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

83D, 25 WEST.—One or two large, beautiful rooms, second floor; private bath; steam, electricity; for family or few adults; Vienna cooking; references. 8227 Schuyler.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Beautiful room, with board; business gentleman preferred; modern conveniences. Jay.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; suite, with bath; excellent table; references.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive, large room, private bath; other rooms; conveniences; excellent table.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Two beautifully furnished front rooms, suitable two; excellent table; refined Jewish boarding house; table boarders accommodated.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double, and two single rooms, with adjoining bath; Jewish family; excellent table; reasonable rates; table boarders accommodated. Telephone 6026 Riverside.

91ST, 50 WEST.—Large room, twin beds, private bath connecting; also medium room, southern exposure; convenient; Park, subway, and elevated.

92D, 50 WEST.—Beautiful large, small rooms, suites; thoroughly renovated; new management; private baths; conveniences; Southern cooking; table board.

93D ST., (676 West End Av.)—Large front room; running water; electricity; excellent environment; suitable two gentlemen or married couple; beautifully furnished; home cooking.

93D, 265 WEST.—Double room; private bath; constant hot water; electricity; table guests.

102D, 305 WEST, (West End-Riverside.)—Two rooms, private bath, second floor; southern exposure; private family; references exchanged.

102D, 243 WEST.—Refined home, one room, twin beds, private baths; near subway.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double room, with bath; two people, $45 per week, (two meals;) service and surroundings; unusual owner's home, near Riverside.

110TH, 501 WEST.—Private family; breakfast, dinner to one-two adults. Apt. 19.

115TH, (cor. Manhattan Av., "The Columbia.")—Pleasant steam-heated rooms, good board; $8 up; every comfort. Tel. Cathedral 6279.

119TH, 369 WEST, (Morningside Av.)—Spacious, warm, sunny room; board; bath adjoining; phone.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Large front parlor; excellent Jewish table; conveniences. Brody, Morningside 2123.

141ST, 527 WEST.—Beautiful sunny room, suitable 2; steam heat; home cooking; references.

152D, 561 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Large corner room, with dressing room; running water, electricity; furnished or unfurnished; Southern cooking; gentleman or couple. Phone Audubon 4678.

FOR COUPLE desiring home comforts, large room, running water; next bath; no other roomers; references; reasonable. Box F 432 Times.

ST. FRANCIS COURT, RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 135TH ST. Two rooms, single or en suite, facing Hudson and 135th; board; buses; subway.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, North Corner 104th St., (Palatial Mansion.)—Attractive room, 6 windows Riverside Drive, and bath; telephone and electric service; table highest standard. Mrs. Ida Marks.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549. — Large, sunny rooms, board, $12-$14; two, $20. Payne.

THE EVELYN LODGE. Ocean Traffic Passing Windows. Charming Winter House of Highest Standard. 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c. Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished. Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables. Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness. Social Parlors. Smoking Rooms. Comforts. Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV. 174 West 126th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking; convenient.

WEST END AV., 878, (108d.)—Magnificent private dwelling; overlooking Hudson; modern, beautiful rooms; well heated; excellent cooking; moderate.

WEST END AV., 344.—Select accommodations; elegantly furnished rooms, private baths; twin beds; steam, electricity; best home table.

WEST END AV., 693, (94TH.)—Large front, back rooms, private bath; also suite; automatic elevator; references; table guests.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Large, sunny rooms; excellent table; house thoroughly appointed; references.

BOARD WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN would like to room and board in small private family; apartment must be modern and not above 116th, on west side; no other roomers or boarders; number in household (adults or children) and full particulars. F 417 Times Annex.

Young Swedish gentleman wishes board; refined American family, where opportunity is offered to practice English conversation. V 247 Times Downtown.

57TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large, attractive room; private bath; excellent table; heat, electricity; telephone; convenient; Jewish house.

BOARD WANTED.

French officer desires board in refined, private family from 50th to 90th Street West. O 109 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York City.

EDGEHILL INN, SPUYTEN DUYVIL ON THE HUDSON. All-year-round home for few guests; beautifully situated, combining country charm and city comfort; transit facilities, subway and New York Central. Address Miss Mary Huntington.

Westchester County.

Delightful Fall, Winter home, near White Plains; 45 min. 42d St.; private park; low rates. Booklet. Mt. House, Valhalla, N. Y.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

A CADILLAC COUPE KEEPS DISCOMFORTS AWAY. 1916 Coupe, Model 53, 8-cyl., 4-pass., repainted, overhauled, and in fine condition. Telephone Mulberry 8240.

ALCO limousine, 1912; small 4-cylinder; perfect running condition; excellent for taxi work; price $375. Lowa, 205 So. Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

BUICKS, 1917-1916. Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK, 1916, little six touring, $375. DODGE, 1916, tour., perfect condition, $375. Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th Av. Morn. 9367.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET, Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK.—1916, little six touring; late model, best of care. O 92 Times.

CADILLAC 1916; exceptionally fine mechanical condition; good shoes; ready for immediate use. BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 4004.

CADILLAC 1913 7-passenger touring car; in exceptionally fine mechanical condition. BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Phone 4004 Decatur.

CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER. CADILLAC 1916 TOURING. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 8-cylinder limousine; special custom built body; $1,350. Owner, 1391 Main.

CHALMER coupelet, late 1916 model; excellent condition; fine Winter car; bargain to quick buyer; no dealers. 9248 Bryant.

CHALMERS 1916 five-passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

CHANDLER CREDIT SLIP for $750, good toward purchase of new Chandler, any style; will be sold for $700 because of owner's going to France. Call Rhinelander 588, between 11 and 12.

CHANDLER Chummy Roadster, this year's model; oversize tires, extra equipment; excellent condition; 5,500 miles; $800 cash. Tel. 3744 John, 10-11:30 A. M.

CHANDLER, Model 17 touring, extra shoe bumper. Bargain. $825. Schwartz, Fordham 2588.

CHANDLER, Model 16 touring, fully equipped. Must sell quick. Wolf, Melrose 691M.

CHANDLER, model 17, touring; excellent condition; reasonable. Phone Schuyler 4811.

CHEVROLET 1916 TOURING CAR, model Baby Grand; good condition; good shoes; looks like new. BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Telephone Decatur 4004.

DELAUNAY Belleville brougham, 6 cylinder, 19 h. p.; beautiful, ideal town car, newly painted; perfect condition; electric lights, &c.; bargain. Bord, 114 West 50th St.

DODGE BROTHERS runabout and touring cars. We are offering some exceptionally good Dodge Brothers used cars this week. BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Telephone Decatur 4004.

FRANKLIN 1917 four-passenger; 2,300 miles; sell $1,800; many extras. Telephone 3418 Audubon, Apartment 2A, from 8 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

FRANKLIN.—1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917 Franklin touring cars. Gage, 1,834 B'way.

H. A. L. 1917 TOURING. Beautiful 7-passenger, almost new, used only 3 months; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect; guaranteed. 1,686 Broadway.

HAYNES.—Five-passenger touring, 1916 special finish; fully equipped; 3,000 miles; condition like new; private owner. O 22 Times Downtown.

HUPMOBILE SEDAN, 1916 MODEL; JUST LIKE NEW; THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND NEWLY PAINTED; GUARANTEED LIKE NEW; ANY REASONABLE OFFER. DIUGUID BROS., 1,285 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

HUPMOBILE 1917 TOURING CAR; CAN NOT BE TOLD FROM NEW; FULLY GUARANTEED; PRICE $975. HUPMOBILE AGENCY, 1,286 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

HUPMOBILE 7-passenger touring car, 1916 model; overhauled and newly painted; no reasonable offer refused. Diuguid Bros., 1,285 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

HUPMOBILE 1914 TOURING CAR; FINE CONDITION; $350. DIUGUID BROS., 1,285 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

HUPMOBILE roadster, 1917; like new; [illegible] Auto Electric, 245 West 55th.

KISSEL COUPE, 1917 MODEL; 4 SEATS; SPECIAL BODY, UPHOLSTERY, MECHANICALLY PERFECT. WOLFE, 1,790 BROADWAY. COLUMBUS 3715.

LEXINGTON sedan, 1918; guaranteed same as new. List $1,550. Seasonable car. Big discount. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

LEXINGTON 1916, Little 6, guaranteed; excellent buy for $650. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway.

MARMON limousine, late 1917; cost [illegible]; new; car like new; must sell immediately. Call Mrs. L. S. F., 200 West 54th St. Phone 1130 Circle.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger limousine; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1916 Club Roadster; 4 passenger. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MAXWELL 1917 touring car; A1 mechanical condition; paint in first-class condition. BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Telephone Decatur 4004.

MAXWELL 1916 roadster; fine condition; demonstration; $400. Room 1009, 55 Liberty St.

MERCER speedster, excellent condition. Cheap quick sale; consider trade. G. L., 177 Times.

MERCER 1917 Sporting 4-Pass. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MITCHELL DE LUXE SEDAN, cost $2,250 last season; sacrifice for $700; car on view in repair shop 1,926 Broadway, Room 609, where it has just been overhauled and repainted; never used since; mileage, 6,500.

MITCHELL LIMOUSINE, 1917. Most beautiful car in city; seats six inside; five wire wheels; full electric equipment; condition guaranteed. 1,686 Broadway.

MITCHELL 1916 touring, 2,600 miles, cheap. Hotchkiss Garage, 20 West 60th St.

NATIONAL NEWPORT Sedan; mileage 10,000; excellent looks and condition; sacrifice; no dealers. M 63 Times.

OLDSMOBILE 1915 touring, driven by owner only, two extra shoes; excellent condition, $400; Stewart vacuum system. Phone Mr. Harold, Lenox 8100.

OLDSMOBILE LIMOUSINE. Beautiful 1916 model; looks like new; seats 5 inside; complete electrical equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. 150 West 55th.

OLDSMOBILE 1916, COUPE. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

Overlands, Willys-Knight, Guaranteed. All Models. Closed and Open. Overhauled. Prices exceptionally low. Also some good bargains in other makes.
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PACKARD 1914 48-H. P. seven passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

PIERCE-ARROW LIMOUSINE. Late model, electric lighting and starting; perfect mechanical condition, runs and looks like new, time payments and trades considered. Van Dyke, 1,627 Broadway at 50th St. subway station.

PIERCE-ARROW 1916, limousine, 38 H. P. CADILLAC 1917, Sedan; like new. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine, electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine; also touring car; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916. Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

REO 1916 touring; driven 5,000 miles; general appearance like new. BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Telephone Decatur 4004.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH [illegible] For quick sale, [illegible]

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AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

SCRIPPS BOOTH, 4 passenger roadster; Rolls Royce Blue, two wheels, many extras. Scripps Agency, 302 East Fordham Road.

SPEEDSTER, 1917 Special, Continental motor, very fast. Bargain. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway.

STANDARD 1916 2 passenger runabout, wire wheels; perfect condition. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STANDARD 1917 touring, 7 passenger, demonstrator; same as new. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 Town Car, "Light 4" model; fleetwood limousine body; imported linings; beautiful fixtures and vanity cases; interior renovated; newly painted Brewster green and black; shows no perceptible sign of usage; sold with binding mechanical guarantee. Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 "Light 4" All-Year Type; touring model, equipped with collapsible, handsome, well fitting, specially constructed A. & W. tops; overhauled, newly painted, and sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE by Stearns Company, (Driscoll, Used Car Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STERLING TRUCK.

Four-cylinder, ¾-ton truck, with special inclosed body; a first-class job for light trucking; sacrifice for $600. Mr. Art, 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Mulberry 3240.

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STUTZ 1918 ROADSTER. NEW CAR.
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Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ BULLDOG, 1916.
Beautiful four-passenger; special bulldog type; like new; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

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In extraordinary fine condition; been driven very little; as good as a new car; attractive price for quick disposal. Mr. Art, 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Mulberry 3240.

"WHITE" USED CARS.
Also other well known makes touring cars and taxicabs.
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1917 CADILLAC "8" Seven-Passenger.
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1916 LEXINGTON 7-Pass. Tour.
1916 CHANDLER Tour., Model 17.
1916 CADILLAC Touring; very extra.
1916 HUDSON Super-Six Touring.
1916 OVERLAND 8-B Touring.
1916 REO Seven-Passenger.
1916 REO Three-Passenger Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Touring; exceptional.
1916 NATIONAL Seven-Passenger.
1915 STUTZ Roadster.
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1915 CADILLAC Limousine, complete.
1915 CADILLAC Brougham Town Car.
1915 WINTON 7-Pass.; electric starter.
1914 PACKARD 3-48 Seven-Passenger.
DAILY ARRIVALS. TRADES CONSIDERED. TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
Open evenings and Sundays till 1 P. M.
All cars open to mechanical inspection and demonstration at any time.
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BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
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TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
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BIG CUT IN PRICES.
Model 1917 Chandler sedan, limousines, coupes, seven-passenger touring cars and chummy roadsters.
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1914 Hudson, seven-passenger touring.
1916 Jeffery, five-passenger touring.
1914 Hudson runabout.
1909-1920 Reynolds limousines.
1912 Tour-cylinder Locomobile runabout, and other standard makes. All cars in A1 shape.
Time payment considered.
BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORPORATION,
Broadway and 62d St.

BARGAINS FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.
JORDAN 7-passenger; mechanically perfect; complete equipment.
MITCHELL 7-passenger, with limousine and touring tops.
PAIGE 5-passenger touring car; just repainted; electric starter and lights.
CARL H. PAGE & CO.,
1,895 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

USED TRUCKS.
2 1912—5-ton Mack chassis.
1913—5½-ton Hewitt chassis.
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THE LOCOMOBILE COMPANY OF AMERICA,
61st St., next to Broadway,
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CAN GET YOU ABOUT
$300 DISCOUNT
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DIAMOND T TRUCK
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Immediate delivery.
HUGO, 619 9th Av.

AUTOMOBILE painting, trimming; all kinds of repairing, such as body remodeling and remounting, making demountable tops; best prices and workmanship. American Auto Painting and Trimming Co., 551 West 52d, Columbus 9307.

1918 KISSEL Kar Coupe, 4-pass., new.
1915 CADILLAC, 8-cyl., Sedan, 5-pass.
1913 PIERCE-ARROW, 38 Landaulet, 5-pass.
2887 Market, 588 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars. Limousine Bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

Automobiles Wanted.

FORD touring, 1917; state equipment, condition, and lowest cash price by mail to A. Pahland. Room 1143, 42 Broadway.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Automobiles for Rent.

BEAUTIFUL S. G. V., Lancia limousines, landaulets; ideal town cars; moderate rates; Kline Bros., 423 West 54th St. Columbus 398.

CADILLAC, limousine; exceptionally handsome car, month, season; owner drives. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

CADILLAC landaulet; day, week, monthly preferred. Avidans, 136 West 52d. Telephone Circle 2471.

CADILLAC 1916 Limousine, $3, $3.50 hour; $350 monthly. Telephone 5174 Riverside. Morrison.

CLASSY limousine, 1917, $2.50 hourly, visiting, shopping; experienced chauffeur. Nolan, Bryant 3916.

ELEGANT limousine touring car for hire by month. Telephone Plaza 3694-8368.

HEALY electric, monthly town work; rate reasonable. Sollish, 2 West 62d St. Columbus 9870.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD, 1916; Oldsmobile, 1917; beautiful landaulet and limousine; by hour, day, week, or month; reasonable. Telephone Lenox 2572.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD limousine, sixes, brougham style; $2.50 shopping; monthly, $350. Telephone 1585 Plaza.

PACKARD or Pierce Limousine, newly trimmed, $2.50 hourly, $75 weekly. Circle 4215.

PACKARD Limousine, Westinghouse Springs; recent model; owner driver. Columbus 1140.

PIERCE-ARROW Limousine, fine, for rent by month; rates reasonable; satisfaction guaranteed; heated if wanted. Thompson, Plaza 2406.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

DEAD STORAGE automobiles, $6 monthly. Bushwick Storage Warehouses, 239 Meserole St., Brooklyn.

DEAD STORAGE.—AUTOMOBILES. 310-312 WEST 143D ST. AUDUBON 3575.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Cosmopolitan Auto School, 231 West 50th. Practical, reliable, moderate, thorough instruction. Ladies and gentlemen. Tel. Circle 1754.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Experienced, capable of taking charge of office; $20. O 136 Times.

COOK wishes position; wages, $50. 163 West 49th St., caretaker's bell.

GRADUATE TUTOR, English subjects, Latin, French, school, college preparation. Phone 3639 Bryant.

MANAGER for Southern hotel open for engagement; credentials the best. O 131 Times.

NURSE, graduate, with 8 years' experience, wants position caring for chronic invalid. Address Graduate, X 219 Times Annex.

NURSE.—Undergraduate; two years' training; free to travel or nurse in doctor's office. W 155 Times.

SECRETARY-EXECUTIVE.—Capable assistant to busy man; stenographer, typist; experienced, tactful, resourceful; $20. C. D. 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY desires position in law office; 10 years' experience; salary $25 week. Stenographer, Room 314, 30 Church Street, New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young, bright beginner, knowledge bookkeeping, desires position with advancement opportunity; salary start, $7. Wickleman, 311 East 89th St.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER. — Six years' various experience; good figurer; capable taking charge. V 266 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER. — High school graduate; two years' experience; refined; $15. O 251 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced high school graduate. O 230 Times Downtown.

VISITING COMPANION.—Cheerful, capable woman of education and refinement wants position; speaks Spanish, English, French. M 84 Times.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED HELP.—City, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTING STUDENT, second year N. Y. U., desires position with firm of accountants; salary only of secondary consideration to experience. W 160 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 104. Cortlandt 6688.

ACCOUNTANT. — Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT.—Monthly audits, statements firms not employing bookkeeper; reasonable rates. W 140 Times.

ADVERTISING distributing practical idea man wishes to communicate with firm desiring to introduce product in Great New York; secure results. Promoter, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

ATTENTION!
Young man, married, educated, desires evening work from 5 P. M., Saturday from noon. Kolkin, 1,841 Marmion Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced; correspondent, stenographer; executive ability, initiative; university training in accounting; minimum salary start, $25. O 120 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERT, (25,) CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS; UNIVERSITY STUDENT; $22. ROSENBLATT, 2,043 WASHINGTON AV.

BOOKKEEPER, (25,) thoroughly experienced, reliable, controlling accounts, trial balances, financial statements; permanent position. T 341 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 20, experienced, conscientious; college man; selling ability; $18. O 108 Times.

CARETAKERS.—Wanted a position as caretakers by young, refined couple in a gentleman's large establishment; good reference can be given. X 249 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, good mechanic, careful driver; good references; does not smoke or drink. A. Wingard, 156 East 61st.

CHAUFFEUR, single, aged 27, nine years' experience, wants good, permanent position; wages, $30 week. Twist, 6,285 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, (20;) 2 years' experience; good references; competent. Muller, 59 West 93d. Riverside 1830J.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wants position; long experience; city, country; best references. O 63 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC. — Useful; very careful driver; honest, sober. Siilampaa, 2,610 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes position with private family; can furnish best references. Eller, 231 St. Nicholas Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single, 32, expert driver; mechanic; excellent references; private. Tel. Harlem 7062.

CHAUFFEUR or second; 4 years' experience; best references. Mosca, 429 East 64th St.

COOK, VALET, AND CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, desires position in bachelor's place; best references. W 130 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, 28, American; technical education; eight years' experience with manufacturing concern; also field, estimating, sales, and executive experience. X 240 Times Annex.

GARDENER, married, no children, wishes position on gentleman's place; best of references; Connecticut preferred. F. W., Congers, N. Y.

JANITOR. — Colored; good fireman; experienced; best references. Telephone 3720 St. Nicholas, laundry.

JAPANESE COUPLE, young, refined, excellent cook, butler, houseworker, willing, honest, trustworthy; highly recommended every way. O 129 Times.

MAN of ability, having had 8 years' experience as superintendent of factory, wishes position with concern who would appreciate services and returns; best of reference furnished. Address at once, M. Kalb, 317 Fulton St., Jamaica.

OFFICE MANAGER, assistant; thoroughly conversant with modern systems, bookkeeper, correspondent, typewriter, executive, and salesmanship ability. W 105 Times.

POSITION wanted by young man, 29; technical graduate, with several years' shop experience at production. O 142 Times.

RESTAURANT MANAGER, steward, real practical experience, careful buyer, energetic; gets results; best references; bond or security. W 152 Times.

STEEL AND MACHINERY EXPERT desires position; experienced sales, management, reports and practical work in any executive position; can make good; best credentials. O 254 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (33,) college education, 10 years in business, best references, &c., seeks location with wholesale or manufacturing concern in any capacity that they can use a first-class man; no soliciting salesman position. O 135 Times.

YOUNG MAN, university graduate, speaks Spanish, German, some French, experienced trade reporter, statistician, now employed by large corporation, wishes position in Spain. Address J 317 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, valuable asset, neat, selling experience, expert penman, figurer, knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting, correspondent; references. W 173 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, Christian, willing worker, wishes position, clerical, telephone operator, file clerk, or anything; $15. O 242 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires connection with wholesale house; clerical, shipping, and selling experience; best references. O 114 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years old, desires position with chance of advancement. Sol. Mannes, 158 East 113th St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school education, desires clerical position; $14. V 261 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, energetic, trustworthy, wishes position with reliable concern. O 240 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, good education, references, desires position. Militsky, 15 E. 116th.

YOUNG MAN, (20;) college education; proven ability; references. H. G., 104 East 14th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; must have not less than two years' experience; $12 to start and advancement. O 117 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced bookkeeper; neat writing essential. Write, giving past experience and expectations, M 86 Times.

CASHIERS, EXPERIENCED PREFERRED. APPLY IMMEDIATELY TO SUPERINTENDENT A. A. VANTINE & CO., INC., 5TH AV. AND 39TH ST.

CLERK.—Young woman who is quick and accurate at figures, who can also operate a typewriter, for clerical position in large company; opportunity for advancement; salary to start, $10. Address, stating age, references, and telephone number, X 237 Times Annex.

EXAMINERS ON WOMEN'S AND INFANTS' WEAR; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; SALARY, $14. BOX O 60 TIMES.

GIRL over 21 of analytical turn of mind, having initiative, accuracy, and good health, capable of assuming exacting duties performed by men in schedule and order department; good opportunity. Apply by letter, Knox Hat Co., 601 Grand Av., Brooklyn.

GIRLS familiar with printing wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., Garrison Av. and Tiffany St., Bronx.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Reliable working housekeeper, small family, small apartment, good wages. Phone Power, Morning, 4206.

HOUSEKEEPER, competent, for small family; state salary and give references. W 163 Times.

LADIES.—Experienced high-class canvassers wanted who can show a clean record, willing to travel, (if necessary,) are offered opportunities to connect permanently with an organization of national scope, being assured of fair compensation; commission basis; our plans make this easy and interesting; advancement assured to producers. Apply by letter, giving references, J 286 Times Downtown.

LADY, refined, widely acquainted; permanent, high-class, dignified position; salary, commission; $25-$50 week. 1612 Candler Building, 220 West 42d St.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT for an institution; pay $22 a month. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

SALESLADIES.—Extra for Saturday, $2 day. Call Weisbecker, 270 West 125th St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST,
with knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; young woman, with intelligence and initiative, in offices of art furniture manufacturers; permanent position, with opportunities; hours 8:30-5; references. August Casiraghi, 725 1st Av.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER who can do some clerical work and look after a small switchboard in an institution; pay $30 a month with board and room. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

TEACHERS.—An exceptional opportunity for normal school or college-trained women in high-class traveling position; must be 25 to 40 years of age, good personality, and able to demonstrate the fundamental principles of pedagogy; salary and commission, $1,500 to $2,500 per year. M. C. McReynolds, 347 5th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 4835. Call afternoon, 2 to 5.

YOUNG LADY for insurance broker's office to assist in cashier's department; only those with experience and best of references need apply. L. T. Hollister, 92 William St.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted to cook evening dinner and keep apartment in order for four business women; Saturday, Sunday free. Miss Johnson, 227 Riverside Drive.

Instruction.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway at 72d St.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING, PRATT'S SCHOOL, 34 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT,
GOVERNMENT SHIPYARD.
A.A.A.
Man to assist in general supervision of detailed records in accounting department.
State age, salary, and experience.
Groton Iron Works,
Groton, Conn.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Juniors, on permanent staff of C. P. A.; state age, education, experience, if any, and salary desired. J 299 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN.—Young man wanted to solicit classified advertising for metropolitan newspaper; must have good personality and excellent references; state fully qualifications, education; moderate salary to start. A. S., Box 25, Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—A young man wanted as a sales ledger clerk; competent of keeping 2,000 accounts and able to take off quarterly trial balance promptly. Address, giving experience, references, and compensation expected. Box O 237 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable of taking full charge small set of D. E. books; able to offtake statement and close books. Write Matern, 517 West 180th St.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Competent; give full particulars of age, salary, experience, and references. R. B., 167 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—A large American fire insurance company is looking for several clean-cut, energetic young men as file clerks; applications not considered unless age, nationality, education, and references are given; salary $420 per year; excellent opportunity for advancement. O 226 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Here is an opportunity for a boy who has a taste for drawing; we need a boy in our art department, 15 to 17 years old, who is ambitious to take up art as a profession. Call between 9 and 10. Root Newspaper Assn., 231 West 39th St.

BOY for office work; beginner no objection. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, education, and reference, to S. J. T., Room 301, 18 Broadway, New York.

BOY in laboratory of large Brooklyn chemical company; one possessing knowledge of chemistry preferred. O 214 Times Downtown.

BOY in wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. N 336 Times Downtown.

BOY over 16 years old, neat, for filing, mailing, and errands. Apply Wood & Stevens, 113 Hudson St.

BOY.—Bright boy, age 18 years; banking office; salary, $3 per week. Post Office Box 1,140.

BOY for general office duties in downtown law office. J 322 Times Downtown.

BOY living in Brooklyn to learn a good trade. V 211 Times Downtown.

BRICK FOREMAN wanted to take charge large Government job, run large gang of bricklayers and stone setters; man with organization desired; state qualifications, age, experience, and salary expected by mail. R. H. Arnold Company, 95 State St., New London, Conn.

CARPENTER FOREMAN wanted on large Government reinforced concrete job; must be absolutely capable and handle large force; state qualifications, age, experience, and salary expected by mail. R. H. Arnold Company, 95 State St., New London, Conn.

CLERKS.—Seniors and juniors, draft exempt, accounting department large corporation; state age, experience, training, salary expected. V 238 Times Downtown.

CONCRETE FOREMAN wanted on large reinforced job; Government work; must be able to handle large gang and get action; state qualifications, age, experience, and salary expected by mail. R. H. Arnold Company, 95 State St., New London, Conn.

COST ACCOUNTANT.—Young man as assistant to cost accountant; moderate salary, with good opportunity for advancement and experience; state age, experience, education, and salary expected. X 251 Times Annex.

DETAILERS,
experienced on metal parts,
wanted by
STANDARD AERO CORPORATION,
Elizabeth, N. J.
Apply by mail or personally to Mr. Sullivan.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to productions of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. B. B., 166 Times.

DRAFTSMEN.
Internal combustion engineering draftsmen, preferable experience marine oil engine work; state full particulars. P. D., 290 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN.
Mechanical, detailer and designer on light automatic machinery, with knowledge of jigs and fixtures; state age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. M 71 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, young man, with some experience, wanted for detail work and tracing. Chelsea Fibre Mills, 1,155 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ENGINEER to act as boiler room foreman; 72 hours per week; 6 days. Apply 638 Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

FOREMAN.—Experienced man to take full charge of wire spring shop as foreman; good opportunity and permanent position for a man who can make good; Pittsburgh district. X 222 Times Annex.

INVESTIGATOR, CREDIT. — Young man with some experience for uptown bank; knowledge of stenography big essential; state salary. M 13 Times.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ANYBODY WHO SAW ACCIDENT TO young lady about 6:30 P. M., Thursday, Nov. 15, St. Nicholas Av. and West 145th St., or who can give any information as to identity of machine causing it, please communicate with S. J. W., care P. O. Box 26, Station S, City.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, TAKE NOTICE. J. B. STURM IS NOT AND NEVER WAS OUR GENERAL AGENT. STURM WAS SPECIAL AGENT WITHOUT POWER.
P. COLOMBO & CO.

ANY PERSON HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST estate of KATIE McGEE present same before May 15, 1918, to Bridget McGee, 914 6th Av., New York City. Foreign papers take notice.

HELP WANTED—Male.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES WANTED.
A large concern, dealing in iron and steel products, has several openings; excellent opportunity to learn the steel business and work up in old-established house; experience unnecessary, but only graduates with good school records considered; boys between 16-19 preferred; state age, education; give references. J 298 Times Downtown.

INK GRINDERS.—Experienced men wanted; good wages. Reply P. O. Box 2,158, N. Y.

LAWYER.—Wanted, in a busy Wall Street law office, competent lawyer fully experienced in real estate, corporation, and Surrogates' matters; answer fully; none but competent lawyers in these branches need apply; excellent opportunity. V 265 Times Downtown.

MAN.—Wanted, an elderly man, intelligent and of good appearance, satisfied with moderate salary, for light, dignified work in office of large corporation; state salary expected. Address W 170 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young man as office assistant in general contractor's office, with some knowledge of plans and able to use typewriter; apply in own handwriting, giving age, references, experience, and salary to start. M 91 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—Young man for work in accountant's office; splendid opportunity for experience and advancement; high school graduate preferred, but not essential; state age, education, and salary expected. X 250 Times Annex.

PORTER.—Man to work from 5 A. M. to 3 P. M.; salary, $14 weekly. Apply Mr. Goldman, second floor, 229 West 43d St.

SALESMAN.—Specialty salesman, high-powered, successful man, who values his time at $5,000 to $10,000 a year, as New York representative, also man for Rhode Island and Connecticut, for a well-established and successful Chicago corporation; we have entirely new service for manufacturers and wholesalers which possesses unusual salient features and which is backed by overwhelming indorsements from leading concerns throughout the country; our men are now making from $100 to $250 per week, and we are here to connect with the right man for this territory; telephone appointment will be arranged with those who answer this advertisement, giving definite information as to past record and qualifications and where they can be reached by phone or letter; this is a straight commission proposition, a very unusual one, on which a clean, high-grade specialty man who is accustomed to handling big people can make as high as $10,000 a year. Write O 141 Times.

SALESMEN.
Men of strong personality, must be clean-cut and of good reputation, can earn $200 to $500 per week on commission; a good, square chance for promotion to executive positions with old-established banking house; good book, insurance, or advertising salesmen preferred; no advances; letters in confidence, telling what you have done. Address for interview T 387 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN TO COVER NEW ENGLAND AND NEW YORK STATE; WELL-KNOWN LINE OF GOLD FILLED AND STERLING JEWELRY AND NOVELTIES; MUST HAVE ACQUAINTANCE AMONG RETAIL JEWELERS; LIBERAL COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT; STATE EXPERIENCE AND GIVE REFERENCES IN FIRST LETTER. E. A. POTTER CO., PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SALESMAN. — TRAVELING SALESMAN FOR FAR WEST AND COAST; ALSO ONE FOR SOUTHERN TERRITORY, TO REPRESENT HIGH-CLASS LINE OF LADIES' TAILORED HATS; ONLY MEN ACQUAINTED WITH MILLINERY LINE AND RESPECTIVE TERRITORY WILL BE CONSIDERED; SALARY OR COMMISSION. R. T., 206 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—Adding machine salesman for Newark and vicinity, salary or commission, to sell International Adding Machine and payroll machine; one familiar with all makes of adding and listing machines preferred. Call Saturday afternoon, between 2:30 and 5:30, or Monday afternoon and evening, between 5 and 9 P. M. 20 Clinton St., Newark, N. J., Room 405; ask for Mr. Anderson.

SALESMEN.—We require several high-grade men to complete our Eastern sales force; must be men of character and education, over 25 years of age, and furnish best of references; thorough training, leads, and all possible co-operation; transportation furnished; commission with drawing account. E. A., 64 Times.

SALESMEN.—If you are a producer, come in and talk over the best proposition on the market today. We want men at least 25 years of age; good character, education and references essential; thorough training and co-operation; transportation and drawing account against commission. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., 6th floor.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, by highest grade filing cabinet house, two city salesmen; salary and commission; must be men who have had experience in the line; in answering please give full details in regard to past experience. T 371 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted for South, to carry a side line of kimonos on a commission basis; only those who have a following of the large department stores and can furnish highest references need apply. M 59 Times.

SALESMAN possessing clean record and real selling ability; not necessarily experienced in our line, but must be a live one. Wilke's Pipe and Cigar Store, 287 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Those looking for a future to affiliate with one of the strongest propositions in New York City today. See Mr. Shapiro, 507 5th Av.

SALESMEN to sell grocery, restaurant, ice cream parlor trade advertised article; experienced men wanted; salary and commission. O 139 Times.

SALESMAN.—Roofing paint salesman; must have connection; commission; reference. 501 5th Av., Room 711.

STENOGRAPHER.—Large construction company has permanent position with exceptional future open to A1 man; one with some knowledge of bookkeeping and draft exempt preferred; salary, $90 per month to start. Address with full particulars, O 124 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Ship brokerage firm want first-class male or female stenographer with experience in steamship or ship brokerage business. Address in confidence, Ship Brokers, J 819 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST; state age, salary, experience; must be energetic. O 248 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, male, junior, rapid typist. Apply Room 401, 62 Broadway.

SUPERINTENDENT OF BUILDINGS.
We have a position for a man who is capable of becoming superintendent of several large office buildings in Boston. He must have had experience in making repairs, buying supplies, and handling employes in office buildings, and he must be an engineer with a first-class license and a good knowledge of all kinds of elevators. Salary at start $2,500. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, education, experience in detail, and salary now received. X 234 Times Annex.

TOOLMAKERS.
49-hour week, time and a half for overtime. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Princes Bay, S. I.

YOUNG MAN, (16-18,) in office of large corporation. Good opportunity for one ambitious and industrious. State full particulars. Address W 169 Times.

YOUNG MAN of responsibility, thoroughly qualified to take charge of a modern braid factory; excellent remuneration and prospects for the proper person. M 74 Times.

YOUNG MAN as pay roll clerk and general office work. Address, stating age, experience and salary expected. O 264 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18-21, for stock room and shipping; strong young man with good references need reply. Rhodes & Co., 162 William St.

YOUNG MEN for beginners' position in large national bank; good chance for advancement. N 397 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST. — Aggressive, well-appearing young man for sales office prominent clothing manufacturer; desirable opportunity. T. B. Wallace Agency, 1 Union Square.

YOUNG MAN wanted, some office and filing experience; opportunity for advancement; $8 to start. T. B. Wallace Agency, 1 Union Sq.

Instruction.

SALESMEN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them; hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1803-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

POLICE TO AID SNOWMOVERS

Woods Assigns Men to Co-operate with Street Cleaning Department.

Police Commissioner Arthur Woods in a special order yesterday directed that the police co-operate with the Street Cleaning Department in snow removal this Winter by delivering notification to laborers when they are needed, detailing certain members of the force for traffic duty, and calling to the attention of property owners the provisions of ordinances relating to removal of snow and ice from sidewalks and gutters.

Included in the order was a list of several hundred policemen detailed for special traffic duty, such duty to take effect upon notification of their respective commanding officers. The telegraph bureau of the department is to notify the stations when the men are wanted, and they then are to be mobilized at once. Their duties will comprise regulating trucks carting snow, maintenance of truck lines awaiting loads and supervision of drivers awaiting punching of snow tickets. The list follows:

Name.	Precinct.	Name.	Precinct.
O'Connell, W. F.	18	Bauer, C. A.	42
Sullivan, J. W.	21	Fay, T.	42
Cohen, A.	36	McLaughlin, T.	42
Lewis, F.	37	Prinz, J.	42
O'Neill, M. F.	145	Kelly, J. J.	61
Comasky, E.	147	Kelleher, J. R.	61
Hanneman, C.	149	Wodrazka, R. J.	61
Martin, T.	150	Elsie, W. W.	61
Truitt, M.	1	O'Connor, M. P.	61
Charlton, C. F.	1	Brady, H.	62
Lambert, D. B.	1	Fichtel, H. L.	62
Manley, L. A.	1	Koenig, P. J.	62
Brown, J.	5	Stephens, W.	62
Cohen, S.	5	Weiss, C. G.	63
Doolan, A. A.	5	Schad, F.	63
Fiechter, H.	5	Roosa, T.	63
Kaplan, B.	7	Flanagan, J.	63
McCarthy, J. H.	7	Gerstenkorn, G.	63
Regan, W. F.	7	Condon, F. J.	65
Gillolly, J.	7	O'Connor, J. J.	65
Futter, L.	13	Maher, J. J.	65
Haber, P. S.	13	Halsteadt, O. W.	65
Haspil, L.	13	Schweitzer, H. W.	65
Knox, R. M.	13	Bruckner, G. W.	66
Bauer, F.	13	Gross, E. J.	66
Connaughton, M.	15	Kelly, J. C.	66
Hackman, G. A.	15	Lyons, J. J.	66
Hill, W. C.	15	Blythe, S. E.	145
Le Strange, J. P.	17	Brennecke, J. F.	145
Felhaus, J. J.	17	Froehlich, A. G.	145
Kelly, T. P.	17	Ormsby, J.	145
Schaefer, E.	17	Raphael, T.	145
Cullen, H.	2	Smith, E.	147
Monigan, M. F.	2	Weber, W.	147
Brandenburger, L.	2	Swan, J.	147
Mauch, G. R.	2	Daly, W. H.	147
Hurley, C.	4	Johnson, C.	148
Imperial, A.	4	Martin, J. F.	148
Gay, J. J.	4	Brenner, W. J.	149
Gillis, A.	4	Monsees, H.	149
Morgan, J.	4	Oeffner, G.	149
Berg, G. H.	6	Hall, J. A.	149
Mayo, E. J.	6	Fuchs, J. K.	149
Galvin, S.	6	Gallagher, J.	150
Madden, J. F.	6	Gaffney, T.	150
McGrath, R. F.	6	Instone, F.	150
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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—To the Creditors of the GRAPE OLA CORPORATION, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 25051.

A meeting of creditors is called to be held at my office, No. 253 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on November 28th, 1917, at 2 P. M., to consider and vote upon an offer made by Johnston Dryden & Co., Inc., to pay the creditors 100% on the dollar on the amount of their respective claims as such claims may be proved and allowed payable by five notes, made by the Johnston Dryden & Co., Inc., 20% each maturing respectively on March 1st, 1918; June 1st, 1918; September 1st, 1918; December 1st, 1918, and March 1st, 1919, and bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. (6%) per annum. Said notes to be secured by Syndicate Certificates of Preferred Stock of a Corporation to be formed and known as the Grape Ola Products Corporation, to which all of the assets of the bankrupt herein will be transferred.

Dated New York, November 15th, 1917.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Marcus Helfand, Esq., Trustee, Office and P. O. Address, 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
William Solomon, Attorney for Trustee, Office and P. O. Address, 85 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the Matter of JULIUS ROTHBLATT and HERMAN BENDER, individually and trading as ROTHBLATT & BENDER, alleged Bankrupts.—No. 25,210

A petition in bankruptcy, has been filed against the alleged bankrupts herein, and a meeting of Creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, City of New York, on the 27th day of November, A. D., 1917, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, to consider an offer of composition, at which meeting said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupts and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated November 16th, 1917.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The following army orders were issued by the War Department today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Porter, 1st Lt. J. R., to Camp Grant.
Thomas, 1st Lt. H. M., to Rockefeller Inst., for inst.
Groover, 1st Lt. W. R., to Camp Wheeler.
Ransbottom, 1st Lt. I. J., to home.
Ridlon, Capt. B. D.; Young, Capt. S. J.; Longbrake, 1st Lt. G. A., and Maynard, 1st Lt. O. S., to Camp Gordon.
Carnes, Capt. W. A., to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery for inst., then to Camp Beauregard in base hosp.
Clark, 1st Lt. W. E., to Ft. Riley.
Wright, 1st Lt. C. S., to Hoboken.
Moulton, 1st Lt. P. D., to Ft. Porter, with Hosp. Unit A.
Jourdan, 1st Lt. V. J. P., to Camp Greenleaf for inst.
Johnston, 1st Lt. R. C., relieved from active duty.
Perry, 1st Lt. H. B., to Cleveland for inst., then to Ft. Ethan Allen.
Croushore, 1st Lt. C. C., to Ft. Monroe.
O'Connor, 1st Lt. F. J., and Poulson, 1st Lt. W. C. T., to Camp Kelly with Av. Sec., Sig. C.
Parker, Capt. E. M., to Roosevelt Hosp. for inst., then to Camp Lee.
Derr, 1st Lt. J. S., to home.
Stack, 1st Lt. J. J., hon. discharged.
Parker, 1st Lt. P. E., hon. discharged.
Thixtum, Capt. E. De B., hon. discharged.
Luten, Capt. H.; MacDiarmid, Capt. J., and Coley, 1st Lt. T. L., to Camp Jackson to examine command for tuberculosis.
Glass, 1st Lt. F. A., to Camp Gordon as member of tuberculosis board.
Long, 1st Lt. J. W., hon. discharged.
Kahn, 1st Lt. L. M.; MacMullen, 1st Lt. H., and Owens, 1st Lt. D. V., to Camp Taylor.
Landau, 1st Lt. G. M., to home.
Boyd, 1st Lt. L. F., and Faulkner, 1st Lt. J. F., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 1.
Evans, Capt. E. J., and Nix, 1st Lt. W. H., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Ft. Oglethorpe.
Cornish, 1st Lt. L. A., from active duty.
Lyman, Cptt. F. R., to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Chicago, for inst., then to Camp Wheeler.
Cotter, Capt. J. J., to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 1, N. Y. C.
Burton, 1st Lt. J. W., to Camp Shelby.
Hendricks, Capt. C. McC., to Camp Travis as member of Tuberculosis Board.

Following to Camp Pike, temp. duty in Base Hosp.:

CAPTAINS.
Monahan, R. H.; Poole, C. J.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Gillogly, R. C. | Graham, J. A.
Hamer, E. E.

Woodward, Maj. H. L., to Camp Sherman.
Ludy, Capt. J. B., to Camp Kearny.
Goodrich, 1st Lt. S. L., to Phipps Clinic, Balt., for training.
Mott, 1st Lt. L. H., to Chicago, for inst., then to Ft. Columbia.
Scruton, Capt. W. A., and Webster, Capt. D. H., to duty with Av. Sec., Sig. C., in physical examining unit at New York.
Wilkinson, 1st Lt. H. B.; Williams, 1st Lt. C. D., and Spiering, 1st Lt. A. K., to Pittsburgh for inst., then to Camp Dodge.
Elrode, 1st Lt. S. B., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Ft. Oglethorpe.
Burke, Capt. F. R., previous orders revoked.

Following to Bellevue Hosp. for inst., then to Camp Meade:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Linowiecki, A. J. | Maurer, F. R.
Rundquist, E. M. | Savitsky, L.
Solomon, A. L.

Taub, 1st Lt. S. J., to Cornell Med. College for inst.
Chenoweth, 1st Lt. E. B., and Stebbings, 1st Lt. A. L., to San Francisco and sail for Honolulu.
Yavorsky, Capt. G. W.; Ish, 1st Lt. E. A.; Norconck, 1st Lt. W. H., and Sherrard, 1st Lt. G. C., to Charity Hosp., New Orleans, for inst., then to Camp Travis.
Following to Pittsburgh for inst., then to Camp Grant:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Kracaw, F. C. | Maercklein, I. R.
Shlimbaum, S. | Stong, E. S.

Gath, Maj. P.; Herbig, 1st Lt. F. J., and Mateer, 1st Lt. H. O., to Camp Pike to examine command for tuberculosis.
Rauschenbach, Capt. C. W.; Hirst, 1st Lt. P. J.; and Marcus, 1st Lt. S. M., to Camp Travis to examine command for tuberculosis.
Merrill, Capt. C. H., and Donehoo, 1st Lt. W. S. P., to Camp Jackson to examine command for tuberculosis.

Following to Camp Dix:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Ellis, A. L. | Gans, C. C.
Lewis, G. R. | Mickley, H. F.

Greene, 1st Lt. W. H.; Mullin, 1st Lt. C. E., and Pearson, 1st Lt. J., to Camp Upton.

Following to Camp McClellan:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
McKay, E. | Merriman, J. W.
Poe, J. F. | Pressly, J. M.
Brewster, H. O.

Sellers, 1st Lt. E. T., to Camp Wheeler.
Streup, 1st Lt. C. W.; Walker, 1st Lt. R. C., and Yeager, 1st Lt. C. H., to Camp Wadsworth.
Clark, Maj. F. H; Barrier, 1st Lt. L. F., and Bell, 1st Lt. C. G., to Camp Meade.
Lett, Capt. F. M., and Emsheimer, 1st Lt. H. W., to Camp Gordon.
Ardan, 1st Lt. N., and Biggers, 1st Lt. J. A., to Camp Jackson.
Bogia, 1st Lt. R. A., and Bready, 1st Lt. W. R., to Camp Travis.

Following to Camp Lee:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Down, H. C. | Kingsbury, O. J.
Kocyan, J. J. | Kory, R. C.

Infantry.

Following appointments announced:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Kraul, G. E., 15th; Cameron, A. D., 15th; Ryan, P. A., Philippines; Miner, R. W., Philippines.

Johnson, 2d Lt. J. G., 123d, N.G., hon. discharged.
Newbold, Capt. E. E., 4th Neb., to Rockwell Field to complete course of inst. in aviation.
Kramer, Capt. R. L., 334th, will report to Chief of Ord.

Ordnance Department.

Following to Springfield Armory for assignment:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Tyler, F. H. | Talman, E. W.
McKinney, W. D. | Skinner, A. H.
Craig, M. L. W.

Dental Reserve Corps.

Westlay, 1st Lt. H. L., to Fort McPherson.

Following will report by telegraph to Comdg.Gen., Western Dept., for assignment:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Babington, M. C. | Bengston, H. E.
Buettell, E. D. | Carleton, H. J.
Couplin, C. A. | Nelson, M. C.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

Wenige, Maj. A. E., to 317th Engs. at Camp Sherman.
Munroe, 2d Lt. R. K., previous orders revoked.
Housel, Capt. O. L., to Chief Engs., Washington, D. C., for assignment.
Gardner, Capt. R. R., to 20th Engs. at Portland, Ore.
Perry, Capt. C. E., to Ridgeland, S. C.
Wilcox, Capt. E. H., to Bradley, Cal.

Following to Camp Travis:
Richards, Maj. J. T.
CAPTAINS.
Knerr, L. E. | Bird, M. M.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Illsley, E. | Dickens, W.
McLean, J. C. | Weber, J. L.
March, G. M.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Knepper, F. B. | Messinger, L. E.
Myers, H. D. | Van Dorp, G. H.
Wiseman, R. C.

Signal Reserve Corps.

Sherry, 1st Lt. B. J., Av. Sec., to Chief Sig. Officer for assignment.
Hynda, 1st Lt. H. D., Av. Sec., previous orders amended to direct him to report to Chief Sig. Off.
Green, 2d Lt. H. H., Av. Sec., to Garden City.

Signal Corps.

Groome, Lt.Col. J. C., to chief War College Div., Wash.
McDevitt, 1st Lt. J. A., Jr., to Army Balloon School, Ft. Omaha.
Phipps, Capt. J. S., to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Cornell Univ.

Medical Corps.

Tefft, Maj. W. H., to Ft. Riley.
Morse, Lt.Col. C. F., will report to Surg.Gen., Wash.
Lynch, Col. C., to Ft. Sam Houston as Dept. Surg.
Webber, Col. H. A., to Ft. Bliss as Cmdg. Off. Base Hosp. 2.
Owen, Maj. L. J., to Army Med. School, Wash., for examination for promotion.

Quartermaster Corps.

Hill, Capt. L. S., Jr., to Washington Barracks as Asst.Qm.
Clark, Col. W. F., and Williamson, Col. G. M., to Wash. for conference with Council of National Defense and then return to respective stations.
Kniskern, A. D., Depot Qm., Chicago.

Following to Camp Travis as assts to Camp Qm.
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Denike, J. S. | Belew, G. H.
Bowen, R. M. | Fairweather, E. E.
Laramey, F. E. | Armstrong, E. S.
Lee, A. W. | Walton, J. O.
Clinkscales, P. | Pierce, E. E.
Stewart, F. M. | Murray, M. M.
McCarter, E. L. | Riley, L.
Eddleman, E. H.

Allen, 2d Lt. E. B., to Tenafly, N. J.
Alexander, 2d Lt. J. E., to Camp Bowie as Qm. of base hosp.

Infantry Reserve Corps.

Champ, 2d Lt. K. M., discharged.
Lake, 2d Lt. H. A., to Garden City as aerial observer.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Alden, Capt. C. H., to Boston as asst. to Depot Qm.
Cook, Capt. T. G., and Gund, Capt. G., will report to War College Div., General Staff.

Field Artillery Reserve Corps.

Blue, 2d Lt. H. N., transferred from 12th to 3d.
Ross, 2d Lt. M. H., transferred from 3d to 12th.

Miscellaneous.

Nelson, Cont. Surg. E. B., to Camp Lewis as member of tuberculosis board.
Smith, Maj. W. N., F.A., to Ft. Sam Houston.
A board to consist of Majors Boots, N. J., Sig.C.; Heffernan, L. G., Sig.C., and Grover, Capt. C. P., M.R.C., is appointed to meet at Fairfield, Ohio, to examine officers for fitness as aviators.
Cornell, Maj. W. A., Cav., to San Francisco and report by telegraph to the Adjt. Gen.
Poole, 1st Lt. H. F., 146th Machine Gun Bat., N. G., transferred to 116th Regt of Engs.
Cochran, Capt. J. L., Adjt. Gens. R.C., to Camp Sherman to relieve Maj. J. H. Gregory, Jr., who will report to the Adjt. Gen.
Frowatt, 1st Lt. A. P., Cal. N.G., hon. discharged.

Resignations.

Swift, Maj. W. J., Ill. Med.C.
Alman, 2d Lt. S., N. Y. N.G.
Fritsche, 1st Lt. J. L., Minn. N.G.

Leaves.

Baker, Brig. Gen. C. B., N.A., 1 day.
MacDonald, Lt. Col. G. H., ret., 1 month.
Aldredge, 1st Lt. C. W., Ord.R.C., 10 days.
Arnold, Maj. H. D., M.R.C., 5 days.
Elkins, Capt. L. R., Sig.R.C., 5 days.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

$50,000 corporation, established 4 years, publisher of magazine, books, &c., now purchasing their own printing plant, require a competent foreman and manager at once with $3,000 capital to invest in stock; splendid opportunity; write Psychological Publishing and Distributing Corporation, 109 West 87th Street, New York City.

MULTIGRAPHING BUSINESS.—Owner removing from city will sell at fair price well-established business in territory having little or no competition; high-class trade and many fine accounts; cash proposition only. J 283 Times Downtown.

A hustling firm of architects—brothers, and a crack team—who simply can't stay idle are open for suggestions; graduate engineer; graduate and licensed architect. W 161 Times.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.—Will sacrifice a high class ladies' tailoring and dressmaking establishment, in business 15 years; good reason for selling. O 58 Times.

Loans on chattel mortgage on machinery or automobiles; corporation notes discounted; strictly confidential. Coney, 1,790 Broadway, Room 512.

A large doll-manufacturing concern, covering the United States with 6 men, is open for side lines. C. C., 238 Times Downtown.

Wanted, to sell at once patent rights for small kitchen article; already on Canadian market. O 115 Times.

FOR SALE.

FURNITURE.—ON ACCOUNT OF GIVING UP NEW YORK OFFICE, WALL ST. FIRM WILL SELL THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED BROKERAGE SUITE AT A REASONABLE FIGURE. J 313 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FOR SALE — One 8-gauge double-barrel, hand-made, hammer shotgun; cost $500; will sell for $125 or exchange for nice diamond; just the thing for geese, ducks, or big game. Pillow Williams, Nashville, Tenn.

Entire cloak plant for sale, showroom fixtures, 24 single, motor machines, blower and cutting tables and racks. 31 East 32d St., 8th floor.

High-grade antique and Oriental rugs; great opportunity; 85-piece sale until Dec. 6. B. Farishian, 157 East 27th.

Natural fox automobile rug, never used, bargain. Call Saturday, Sunday between 2 and 4. Mackey, 66 Fort Washington Av.

Real Venetian bed spread for sale; genuine hand made; write for appointment. Antonio Gaston, 111 Waverley Place.

Will sell fine $6 orchestra seats, Saturday matinee, first 6 for $5 each, single $5.50. V 260 Times Downtown.

Purchase and Exchange.

WOODWORKING MACHINE WANTED.
New or used, 2-spindle variety shapers, spickers, hand saws, band saws, self-contained jig saws, cutoff saws, 16-inch jointers, 2-side pony planer or flooring machine. Walton Body Co., Inc., 110 West End Av.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, appraised; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 Broadway.

Adding machine wanted; Underwood adding machine which has been slightly used. Chelsea 2840.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

Gentleman disposing of fine team horses, carriages; complete turnout; city use. Address X 202 Times Annex.

LEGAL NOTICES.

RESOLVED, THAT THE NAME OF THE Corporation PHILLIPS & GALLAGHER, INC., be changed to that of "PHILLIPS SHOE CORPORATION," and that the proper officers be authorized to execute such papers or applications as may be necessary in order to comply with the legal requirements necessary to the said name.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Relieved, dismissed, and pensioned: To take effect 12 P. M., Nov. 16—Lieut. James C. Nerney, 14th Insp. Dist., on Police Surgeons' certificate, at $1,125 a year. Appointed Nov. 25, 1896.

Transfers and Assignments—Insp., to take effect 8 A. M., Nov. 17, C. F. Cahalane, to command Borough of Richmond, in addition to his other duties. Patrol., to take effect 4 P. M., Nov. 17.: J. B. Schaaf, from 32 to Traffic Div. Sub-div. D; D. M. Coogan, 39, as station house attendant; C. A. L. Winter, from 63 to Traffic Div., Sub-div A; B. F. Foster, from 160 to Bridge precinct; P. S. Murray, from 169 to Bridge precinct.

Temporary Assignments—Lieut. T. J. Gleason, 79, to C. O. Squad, for 10 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 16; Serg. F. E. Walker, 99, to Training School, for 5 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 19; Patrol. John McIntyre, 77, to Marine Div., for 30 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 20; G. H. Cole, 89, to duty as station house attendant, for 14 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 17.

To Training School from precincts indicated, for 5 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 19: F. X. Nugent, 81; E. J. Itzstein, 274; E. G. Fleischer, 276; P. C. Hearns, 274; J. A. Oates, 276; E. Schneider, 277.

Patrol. R. A. Mullholland, 79, assignment to 6th Insp. Dist. discontinued.

Bicycle Patrol. D. B. Cagney, 55, to 17, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 19.

Assignments Discontinued—Borough Inspector John O'Brien, C. O. Squad, in charge Borough of Richmond, from 8 A. M., Nov. 17, 1917.

Leaves—To take effect on date of entrance into military service: Patrol. B. E. L. Petersson, Jr., 32; Patrick Daley, Bur. Tel.

Leaves of Absence, (without pay)—Patrol. David Lambert, First, 1 day, from 12 P. M., Nov. 17; P. J. Carr, 39, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 18; H. F. Geercken, 39, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 16, 1917.

Applications for Full Pay While on Sick Report, (approved.)—Serg. Thomas Slattery, 148, from 7 P. M., Sept. 1, to 12 P. M., Oct. 16; Patrol. J. A. Hughes, 16, from 7 P. M., Nov. 9, during disability; M. F. Curtin, Jr., 32, from 1:20 P. M., Nov. 10, during disability; William A. Brady, 42, from 11 A. M., Oct. 24, to noon, Oct. 31.

Resignation.—Probationary Patrol. Frederick Hackbarth, Training School, to take effect 12 P. M., Nov. 16.

Fire Department.

The following members who have been drafted for service in the United States Army are granted indefinite leaves of absence: Fireman 1st grade, Martin Lyons, Eng. Co. 76; Fireman 1st grade, George Abendschein, H. & L. Co. 10.

Reports as to the bursting of hose, as per Paragraph H., Special Order No. 200, dated Nov. 14, 1917, will be forwarded this morning.

Special leave of absence: Fireman 1st grade, Thomas F. White, Eng. Co. 76, for 12 hours, from 8 P. M., Nov. 17.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof, under the provisions of Section 347, Tariff Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold 1 carton of feathers of wild birds. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 3, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated Nov. 10, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

AUCTION SALE OF AUTOMOBILES.
Public notice is hereby given that the Board of Water Supply will offer for sale at public auction on Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, at 11 A. M., at its offices, Municipal Building, New York City, one 1916 five-passenger Chalmers touring car and one 1911 five-passenger Locomobile touring car. For full particulars see advertisement in The City Record.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Pressure continues high except in New England and the Middle Atlantic States, but with a considerable fall during Friday over the Plains States that was attended by quite general though light showers in that section. No other precipitation of consequence occurred to the western portions of New York and Pennsylvania.

It is cooler in the Atlantic States and warmer in the upper Lake region, the Central Valleys, and the Gulf States.

Fair weather will continue Saturday east of the Mississippi River and quite generally on Sunday, although there is some slight prospect of scattered showers Sunday in the low Ohio Valley and the upper Lake region, with somewhat lower temperatures in the former district.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate northwest; fair weather. Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate northwest, becoming variable; fair. South Atlantic Coast, moderate, north; fair.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and New England—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

Western New York—Fair Saturday; Sunday partly cloudy.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Saturday and Sunday, little change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	32	43	4 P. M.	39	40
6 A. M.	29	41	6 P. M.	35	40
9 A. M.	31	42	9 P. M.	33	38
12 M.	38	42	11 P. M.	33	38

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 40; for the corresponding date last year it was 34; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 44.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 42; at 8 P. M. it was 39. Maximum temperature, 44 degrees at 1:15 P. M.; minimum, 38 degrees at 11 P. M. Humidity, 64 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 59 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 28.86 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.94 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:44 | Sun sets..4:39 | Moon sets..7:04

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:59	9:33	2:45	3:38
Governors Island	9:02	9:34	3:04	4:04
Hell Gate	11:04	11:38	4:55	5:35

Official Shipping List.

Arrivals of vessels from foreign countries at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports in the twenty-four hours ended Nov. 15:

STEAMSHIPS.

Alicante, (Span.)	Louisiana, (Am.)
Aral, (Br.)	Montevideo, (Span.)
Angel B. Perez, (Span.)	[illegible], (Am.)
Atlantic Sun, (Am.)	Mar Caspio, (Span.)
Bjornsfjord, (Nor.)	Norwalk, (Nicar.)
Baygola, (Br.)	Northland, (Am.)
Bjornstjern Bjornson, (Nor.)	Otterstad, (Nor.)
Bella, (Am.)	Ossahaw, (Am.)
Binghamton, (Am.)	Pennsylvanian, (Am.)
Colombier, (Belg.)	Rama, (Am.)
Castella, (Span.)	San Jeronimo, (Br.)
Copan, (Hond.)	S. M. Fisher, (Am.)
Chupra, (Br.)	Suwanee, (Br.)
Dell, (Dutch.)	Santiago Mumbru, (Am.)
Edouard Jeramec, (Fr.)	Suffolk, (Am.)
Erik II., (Dan.)	Santa Rita, (Am.)
Eskasoni, (Br.)	Santa Maria, (Am.)
Fort Morgan, (Nor.)	Temple de Orr, (Am.)
Grigorios Zlatanos, (Gr.)	Trojan, (Br.)
Harald, (Nor.)	Thomas B., (Br.)
Imperator, (Nor.)	Vildfugl, (Nor.)
Itaeca, (Am.)	Vinland, (Nor.)

SAILING VESSELS.

Adam B. McKay, (Br.)	Electric Flash, (Br.)
Emily F. Northan, (Am.)	Gossip, (Br.)
	Roger Drury, (Am.)

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss
12:45—468 11 Av.; not given	None
1:25—355 Madison St.; not given	None
1:55—7 Av. & 125 St.; (auto;) Joseph Speisis	Slight
2:40—156 Wooster St.; Am. Paper Box Co.	Slight
9:05—350-352 3 Av.; August Berbova	Slight
9:45—1 Cooper Sq.; A. Scharp	Not given
P. M.	
12:15—67 2 St.; Jennie Harris	Slight
12:45—767 Columbus Av.; not given	Slight
2:45—48 W. 49 St.; M. Pappell	Slight
3:25—1,292 Park Av.; asphalt co.	Slight
3:35—7 Av. & 53 St.; (wagon,) D. S. C.	Slight
4:20—384 Amsterdam Av.; Michael Birbaum	Slight
4:25—442 Central Park West; not given	Slight
4:30—632 E. 189 St.; not given	Slight
4:45—616 W. 116 St.; Frank La Pounti	Slight
5:05—1,837 Lexington Av.; Joseph Bonsiglia	Slight
5:27—717 E. 140 St.; Am. Piano Co.	Slight
5:25—430 W. 164 St.; Hilan Sorona	$500
5:50—240 Rivington St.; Jacob Cramer	Slight
6:00—211 W. 144 St.; Louis Altman	Slight
6:30—210 E. 30 St.; Harry Krotje	Slight
7:00—345 E. 28 St.; Fidelio Brewing Co.	Slight
8:05—2,333 Davidson Av.; E. Bronte	Slight
8:40—144 W. 124 St.; Carrie Hammond	Not given
8:55—Westchester Square; (trolley car) Union Ry. Co.	Slight
8:56—507 Madison Av.; Story & Wendell	Slight
9:20—144 W. 99 St.; Mrs. A. Gillis	None
11:30—376 8 Av.; Oscar Gylses	Slight

Education Notes.

The School of Pedagogy, New York University, has issued invitations to superintendents, principals, and teachers to a lecture today at 11:15 A. M. in the course of school supervision by Professor Ernest Horn of the University of Iowa. The subject will be "The Method of Research in the Making of the Elementary Course of Study."

The Parents' Kindergarten Association of the Model School, of which Miss Emma A. Johnson is Principal, will hold its next meeting on Nov. 20 at 3 P. M. Mrs. D. Boehm, a prominent member of the Federation for Child Study, will talk on "Child Training."

Dr. Jenkins, Superintendent of evening schools, has recommended to the Board of Education that the Julia Richman Annex, on Seventy-seventh Street, be opened as an annex to the Harlem Evening High School. This high school is registered under the State Board of Regents and gives the same courses and diplomas as the day high school. Nov. 19 the school will open for registration from 7:30 to 9:30 P. M.

The Board of Estimate has been requested to transfer $55,000 from the appropriation made on July 3 by the Board of Education for altering and equipping sundry school buildings to the account for the construction and equipment of additions to P. S. 45, the Bronx.

A kindergarten will be provided for the Bloomingdale Day Nursery and made an annex to P. S. 93, Manhattan.

Lands and premises on Snyder Avenue, between East Thirty-fourth Street and New York Avenue, have been selected as an additional site for new P. S. 181, Brooklyn.

The following teachers have been transferred to the schools indicate: Flora Bachrach, 85, Queens; Clara Scharman, 131, Manhattan; Frances McConnell, 21, Bronx; Gertrude Mahlstadt, 43, Bronx; Kathleen L. Evers, 62, Queens; Evelyn A. Wickeman, 149, Brooklyn; Julia A. O'Meara, 83, Brooklyn; H. Evelyn Blankley, 78, Brooklyn; Edith J. Herring, 168, Manhattan; Mary A. Hinchey, 104, Manhattan; Henrietta L. Havens and Elizabeth Cadzow, 56, Queens; Henrietta C. Connor, Florence M. Purchase, Catherine E. Goldner, and Georgia M. Griesbeck, 8, Queens; Leonore W. Brucker, 93, Brooklyn.

The Civil Service.

City.

An examination has been ordered for physician, Grade 3, male and female. There is a vacancy in the Bronx for a woman physician at $2,000 a year.

An examination has also been ordered for alienist, Grade 3, male and female. The subjects and weights are: Experience, 4; technical, 6. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age on or before the closing date for the receipt of applications. The salary ranges from $1,500 to $2,280.

United States.

The commission announces for Nov. 21-22, at the New York Custom House, an examination for clerk-draftsman, for men. Vacancies in local branches of the General Land Office Service, at the entrance salary of $1,200 a year, will be filled from this examination. Competitors will be examined in letter writing, arithmetic and elementary mathematics, copying and correcting manuscript, public land surveying and drawing and lettering. Persons who pass this examination will be eligible for appointment to clerical or draftsmen positions in the Land Office Service only in offices outside of the District of Columbia. Applicants must have reached their eighteenth birthday on the date of the examination.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL EISENBERG, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 115 West 27th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Coats, Suits, Woolens, Plushes, Linings, Trimmings, Machinery, Cutting Machine, Safe, Typewriter, Fixtures, etc.
MARCUS HELFAND, Receiver.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Attorney for Receiver, 42 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PEARL WINTER CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Nov. 22, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Fur Skins, Desks, Safe, Chairs, Machines, Spool Cotton, Electric Fan, Clocks, Partitions, Fixtures, &c.
BERTHA REMBAUGH, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 220 Broadway, New York.

RECEIVER IS NAMED IN DWIGGINS THEFT

Life Insurance Officials Waiting for Agent's Arrival Here Before Taking Action.

GRAND JURY HEARS FACTS

Man Who Confessed to Liberty Loan Fraud Tried to Buy Stock Exchange Seat, Associate Says.

In order to conserve as many as possible of the assets of Elmer Dwiggins, the agent of the Bankers' Life Insurance Company, who has confessed to defrauding Liberty Loan subscribers out of thousands of dollars collected by him, an involuntary petition of bankruptcy was filed against him yesterday by Archibald M. Palmer of 320 Broadway, acting for three of Dwiggins's Liberty Loan creditors, Theodore J. Hetzer, Mark Oppenheim, and Dorothy Spero. Judge Augustus M. Hand of the Federal Court appointed Francis J. Kohlman, receiver in bankruptcy for Dwiggins, fixing the latter's bond at $1,000. Mr. Palmer said yesterday that Mr. Kohlman and himself would await Dwiggins's appearance for a statement from him regarding his assets and liabilities before making any assertions about the case.

In addition to the receiver and the thousands of persons who stand to lose the money which they paid every week to Dwiggins in installments for Liberty bonds, both the Federal and the County District Attorney are awaiting the life insurance agent. Also, officials of the Bankers' Life, here from Des Moines, are anxious for a conversation with their former employe before they announce what action the company is going to take in regard to backing up the promises made by their agent. It was learned yesterday that following a hastily summoned Directors' meeting in Des Moines to consider the report sent the company by I. M. Earle, Vice President and general counsel, George Kuhns, President, and Simon Cassidy, Treasurer, of the company have started for New York. It is understood that they with Mr. Earle are empowered to take any action they see fit toward assuming liability for the company in the case of the defrauded investors.

Mr. Earle, Elizabeth Robinson of 182 West Eightieth Street, and Miss Isabel Lightbody of the same address were summoned by Assistant District Attorney Bohan yesterday to tell the Grand Jury what they knew about Dwiggins's activities. Miss Robinson bought a $100 bond from the agent and paid for it, but never received it, she said. Miss Lightbody bought two bonds for $50 each, paying half of the money on each, and she has never received a bond. Action by the Grand Jury was postponed until Monday.

It was said by one of Dwiggins's old associates that in October of this year the agent had tried to buy a seat on the New York Stock Exchange. He had summoned his son from Milwaukee, who is the Bankers' Life agent there, and tried to persuade him to go into the bond business with him. Dwiggins's son repudiated his father at the time, it was said, and left here after a quarrel. At the time he tried to purchase the seat on the Exchange Dwiggins had no visible assets except his earnings from the insurance company of about $15,000 a year.

In his confession made in Montgomery on Thursday the agent said the Bankers' Life Company would owe him $40,000 on renewals of insurance. Officials of the company yesterday were not so sure of this fact. They contended that Dwiggins had violated his contract with them. Dwiggins is on his way north from Montgomery in custody of two Post Office Inspectors. He is expected here late today.

AID FOR SOLDIERS' HOME.

Fete at the Waldorf Raises $10,000 —Gov. Whitman Attends.

About $10,000 was realized from the Fête des Allies, which was held yesterday on the roof of the Waldorf-Astoria under the auspices of the National Emergency Relief Society for the benefit of the home which is to be established for the soldiers and sailors of the allied armies, including men in the United States services, when in the city. George C. Boldt loaned the entire roof for the occasion. There were various booths for the sale of useful and fancy articles, and many valuable gifts were sold at auction.

A keen interest has been shown in the affair, since it was learned that more than 400 enlisted men of the army slept in the Grand Central Station last week when on leave here, and Governor and Mrs. Whitman came down from Albany for the occasion, attending the fête in the evening.

Artists of the Metropolitan Opera House and Broadway productions appeared on the program, including Eleanor di Cisneros, Mme. Gana Walska, Willa Holt Wakefield, Grace La Rue, Amparita Farrar, Hortense Dorvall, Anna Wheaton, Raymond Hitchcock, San Ash, Ed Wynne, the Misses Duncan, Mlle. Desiree Lubowska, Bror Meyer, and Emmy Bergfeldt, who appeared in the skating carnival with Hilda Ruckerts, Harry Paulsen, and Halla Kosloff.

Among the members of the National Emergency Relief who were interested in the fête were Mrs. William Cummings Story, Mrs. Simon Baruch, Mrs. Clifford T. McAllister, Mrs. Rolfe E. Bolling, Mrs. Theodore Pettigrew, Mrs. Charles L. Goldsborough, Mrs. R. D. Sheldon, Mrs. Eugene Sayer and Mrs. A. T. Baldwin.

CHANGE IN CONTROL OF MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

Estate Withdrawn From Share in Management—Takes Over All Preferred Stock.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 16.—John Shedd, President of Marshall Field & Co., today announced plans for certain readjustments in that firm. Under the arrangement the estate of Marshall Field will be connected with the firm only to the extent of holding a considerable part of the preferred stock.

The common stock, under the new plan, will be owned by persons actively engaged in the management of the business. In his statement Mr. Shedd announced that Stanley Field has retired from active participation in the management of the business.

"For more than a year," says the statement, "the trustees of the estate of Marshall Field have been working with Mr. James Simpson, Mr. Stanley Field, and myself on a plan by which the estate should withdraw from participation in the business except through ownership of preferred stock bearing a fixed return.

"This plan has now become operative, and in carrying it out the par value of the shares of stock has been diminished from $100 a share to $10 a share, and the number of shares increased from 60,000 to 600,000 shares, the total amount of the capital stock of the corporation remaining unchanged. The papers necessary under the statute to effect this change have been filed at Springfield.

"One-half of the shares of stock are now preferred and one-half common. The preferred stock has all been taken by the estate of Marshall Field, myself, and Mr. Stanley Field.

"The trustees of the estate of Marshall Field have set apart a considerable share of the preferred stock held by them, in which employes who are not owners of common stock will be able to invest their savings under especially favorable conditions. In addition to the regular dividends which the preferred stock pays, Marshall Field & Co. will pay $2 a share per annum on the preferred stock which is held by its employes under the plan, so that they will receive a return of 9 per cent. upon their investment.

"Stanley Field retires from active participation in the management of the business. Upon his return from France, where he is now serving as manager of the Purchasing Department of the American Red Cross, he will devote his time to the management of his private affairs and in the discharge of his duties as trustee of his father's estate and as President of the Field Museum. James Simpson will become First Vice President and John McKinley, Second Vice President; Fred H. Reynolds, Treasurer, and Kersey C. Reed, Secretary."

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Express package containing lorgnette, addressed O. B. Stanton, Room 911, 115 Broadway, left about 4:40 Friday evening, north end Bowling Green subway station. By returning to owner at above address, finder will be amply rewarded. Telephone 9335 Rector.

LOST.—On Thursday night, Nov. 15, on an Amsterdam Av. car, between 93d and 116th Sts., small silver purse; a Mount Sinai Training School for Nurses medal in same. Finder please return to Sesrun Society, 420 West 1?th St., Room 67.

LOST.—A platinum pin set with diamonds, between 102d St., Broadway and West End Av. to 91st St., then on subway to Wall St., Columbia Trust Co., or Wanamaker's. Return to Reed & Barton, 5th Av. and 32d, and receive reward.

LOST—Wednesday evening, about 12 o'clock, on top of a 5th Av. bus, between Washington Square and 43d St., a sealskin neckpiece. Suitable reward paid if returned to Frederick Almy & Co., 251 4th Av., city.

LOST.—$100 reward and no questions asked for the return of octagon shape onyx and diamond wrist watch on black ribbon; initials on back in enamel.
Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST—In Far Rockaway train leaving N. Y. 11:30 P. M. Nov. 14, a brown silk twin purse with rhinestone ornaments, containing lady's watch, money, other articles; liberal reward. V 225 Times Downtown.

LOST—Thursday evening, between Broadway, 88th St. and Manhattan Opera House and Ritz-Carlton Hotel, East 46th St., a string of eight diamonds; liberal reward. Address Lederer, 135 5th Av.

LOST.—Diamond and sapphire bar pin, Wednesday morning, between 1 West 67th St. and 7 East 45th, via 5th Av. stage. $25 reward if returned to 1 W. 67th St., Apt. 416.

LOST.—Nov. 13, while in the city a watch with name on inside of back case. Will finder communicate with Lillian Grey Michie, the Castle School, Tarrytown, N. Y.

LOST.—A small stubble heart-shaped diamond brooch, between 48th St. and Carnegie Hall, or the 5th Av. stage; suitable reward. Return to H. A. B., 38 East 35th.

LOST.—$50 Reward.—Nov. 14, West 71st St. or Columbus Av. to 72d St., diamond and platinum lorgnette. Mrs. Meek, 108 West 71st St. Tel. 1094 Columbus.

LOST.—On Wednesday, between 72d and 66th, west side, a platinum and diamond watch pin. Suitable reward if returned to J. S. Ehrich, 1 West 72d.

LOST—Blue fox fur; left in Black and White taxi at 108th St., Thursday, 1 A. M. Return Cromwell, 360 Riverside Drive. Reward.

LOST.—Towels and photos in box at Pennsylvania Station or subway; reward. Return Shamberg, 52 West 60th St.

LOST.—Diamond earring stone; liberal reward. Ask for A. M., 12 West 44th.

REWARD for return of gold lorgnette and two gold clusters attached to gold and platinum square-link fob chain, "Christmas, 1884," and ball at end of chain; lost Thursday, Nov. 15, between 5th Av. and 45th and Stern's 43d St. door; valued for association. Address Mrs. R. V. Lindabury, Bernardsville, N. J.

REWARD $25 for diamond brooch attached to small black tulle bow, lost between Rector St. and West 54th. Finder return to 23 West 54th.

$100 REWARD
for diamond bar pin, lost Nov. 15, vicinity 5th Av. and 44th St.
Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$150 REWARD for return of onyx and diamond bowknot brooch, in brown velvet bag, left in taxi leaving Idaho going downtown Oct. 30. Charlton Co., 634 5th Av.

$100 REWARD return platinum wrist watch, 34 small diamonds, lost Oct. 27, 1917; no questions asked. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St., New York City.

REWARD.—Riverside bus or near 120d St., Claremont Av., small black leather change purse containing $20 bill, $1 bill, change. Morningside 291, Extension 65.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—White wire-haired fox terrier dog at Richmond County Country Club; has brown ears and head; had red, round leather collar and leather lead attached. If found, phone Secretary of club, New Dorp 500, or Vanderbilt Hotel, Vanderbilt 7100. C. W. Band, Owner.

LOST.—Saturday, Boston terrier named Penney; reward. Engle, Schuyler 5868-J.

STRAYED, Nov. 15, from 150 West 80th St., toy Pekinese; tan; $15 reward. E. D. Smith, 150 West 80th St.

Tea Rooms.

NOW OPEN
SEVEN CANDLES,
13 West 46th Street,
in the ART GALLERY
formerly occupied by BRAUN & CO
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Dinner.
HOME COOKING.
Service a la carte and table d'hote.
Separate Room for Gentlemen.

At the Sign of **THE GREEN TEAPOT**
Thirteen East Thirty-sixth Street.
Luncheon, 60c.; Dinner, $1.00.
Afternoon Tea, with Waffles, 45c.
Saturday night Special—
Roast Turkey and Waffles.
THE BEST BY PROOF.

Green Parrot Tea Shop 13 E. 35th St. Opp. Altman's.
Specially Attractive Luncheon a la Carte And Afternoon Tea.
LEMON MERINGUE PIE A SPECIALTY.

Old Chelsea 31 West 16th St. Open Sundays.
A la carte lunch for business people.
Table d'hote dinner, 50c., 90c. Old-time cooking.
Rooms, floors, furnished or unfurnished. Service.

DOWNTOWN'S MOST DELIGHTFUL MID-DAY TEA ROOMS
THE **BROWN BETTY** 147 FULTON ST. 72 WALL ST.
Delicious Home Cooking.

The OAK COURT 36 East 57th St. near Madison Av.
Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner.
Special Beefsteak Dinner today.

The Dorothy-Louise, 1 WEST 38TH ST. (Opp. Lord & Taylor.)
Luncheon, Fifty Cents. Dinner, Sixty Cents.
CHICKEN DINNER EVERY SATURDAY.

MARY LOUISE 475 Madison Ave., near 34th. Breakfast or Luncheon, 35c.
Special chicken lunch, Tues., Thurs. & Sat., 5 to 7:30 dinner, 60c. Chicken every night.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET. 3 to 8. Except Sundays.
The Oldest Tea Room in New York.
"Club" or a la carte. Smoking in garden.
Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at

SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 41st St. Sunday dinner.
Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

THE ROSE GARDEN 36 West 39th St. Near Plaza Hotel.
Luncheon or Dinner, $1.00. Tea, a la Carte.
Sunday Dinner a specialty, $1.25.

THE GROTTO 185 MADISON AVENUE Between 32d and 33d
Luncheon, 45c; Course Dinner With Chicken, 65c.
Sunday Dinner, 75c. Home-made Bread and Pies.

SAVORY PIE SHOP 43 E. 30th St. Mad. Sq. 4976.
"Wonderful Apple-Pie" to order, 50c, 75c and $1.00. Luncheon and Afternoon Tea.

Dine at No. 20 **Old Gramercy Park** Open Sunday
Breakfast 35c, Luncheon 60c; Dinner 75c.
Entrance on Irving Place. Open Fire.

17 West 58th St. (Plaza 1110). Dinner, $1.00.
Tonight, Fricassed chicken and baked ... ham.

The Brittany, 634 Madison Av., nr. 63d. Open Sundays from 12-3 P.M.
LUNCHEON, 60c; TEA, 35c; DINNER, $1.00.

WRIGHT-LOGAN 8 East 37th Street, Adjoining Tiffany's.
LUNCHEON: AFTERNOON TEA: DINNER

THE ELM TREE 52-54 John Street (Financial District.)
Homelike Tea Room for LADIES and GENTLEMEN.

STUDENTS INN, 526 West 58th St., West of 8th Ave.
Luncheon, 35c.; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 60-75c.

THE TALLY HO 20 East 34th St. Opposite Altman's.
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea; Southern Chicken Dinner.

THE MARYLAND 112 West 73d St. Just off Columbus Av.
Breakfast, Luncheon, Dinner.

THE MAYFLOWER, 25 West 35th St. Dinner, table d'hote
A la carte Breakfast, Lunch, Tea. Open Sundays.

THE PIROUETTE, 22 East 43th Street, bet. Madison & 5th Av.
Luncheon, 35-40c.; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 55c.

Heatherdell Tea Shop 18 E. 43d St. Open Sundays.
Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

BAPTIST.

BROADWAY BAPTIST CHURCH, cor. 104th St., Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor.
11.—"Garrison Duty and Its Reward."
8.—"The Greatest of Questions."

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,
57th St., between 6th and 7th Avs.
DR. JOHN DOUGLAS ADAM
Will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. corner 92d and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11.—"The Everlasting Arms."
8.—"Following Christ Secretly."
Baptism at Night.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH, 327 W. 33d.
Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor.
10:45 A. M.—"Testimony of Facts."
7:45 P. M.—"The Future Life."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th Street.
Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, D. D., } Ministers.
Rev. E. Herbert Dutton, }
Dr. WOELFKIN will preach at 11 and 8.
Sunday School, 9:30. Bible Classes, 9:40.
G. Sherwood Eddy, from the war zone, addresses Young Men's Bible Class 9:40.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.
Broadway and 79th St.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.

11 A. M.—"Letting the Light Shine; or, Proving Our Sonship with God by Our Good Works."

8 P. M.—"IS HELL A FICTION OR A FACT? DID CHRISTIANITY COME INTO THIS WORLD TO SAVE MEN FROM ENDLESS FUTURE SUFFERING OR JUST TO SAVE MEN FROM WHISKEY, FROM CARDS, FROM BAD CITIZENSHIP, FROM GENERAL IMMORAL CONDUCT, AND MAKE LIFE IN THIS WORLD DECENT AND COMFORTABLE?"

Friday Night, Nov. 23, 8 o'clock, "Feast of Tabernacles; or, God's Picture of the Millennium."

JUDSON MEMORIAL CHURCH,
Washington Square, South.
REV. A. RAY PETTY, } Ministers.
REV. F. W. LAWSON, }
Mr. Petty will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AVE., COR. 31ST ST.,
C. A. EATON, D. D., PASTOR.
10 A. M.—EATON CLASS FOR MEN, led by Dr. EATON, 30 East 81st St.
11—"Why Not Give Christianity a Trial?"
8 P. M.—"The Key to Success."
Women's Bible Class, 9:45. Rev. C. F. Hall, Ldr.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH.
5th Av., bet. 126th and 127th Sts.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL.
10 A. M.—Louis S. Frieland, Ph. D.
11 A. M.—"The Outlook for Religion."
8 P. M.—"The Basis of Democracy."

WASHINGTON HTS. BAPTIST CHURCH,
145TH ST. AND CONVENT AV.,
Rev. Harold Pattison.
11 A. M.—"Carry On."
8 P. M.—"The Price of a Pearl."

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesday, 8 P. M.
Sunday Services in Second Church, 3 & 8 P.M.
First Church, Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church, 125th St. and Madison Av.
Fourth Church, 178th St. & Ft. Washington Av.
Fifth Church, Aeolian Concert Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
Sixth Church, 1,935 Anthony Av., Bronx.

CONGREGATIONAL.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
BROADWAY AND 56TH STREET.
Dr. Jefferson preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MANHATTAN CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,
Broadway, near 76th St.
Rev. Charles P. Fagnani preaches at 11.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST—CHRISTIAN.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH. Dr. Finis S. Idleman, Pastor, preaches 11 & 8. S. S., 10 A. M. 142 West 81st St.

DIVINE SCIENCE.

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE, North Ballroom, Hotel Astor, Sunday, 11. Speaker, Rev. W. John Murray, Pastor. Subject, "Over the Top."

ETHICAL CULTURE.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE of New York. Founded 1876.
Meeting House, Central Park West & 64th St.

11 A. M.—DR. FELIX ADLER, Speaker. Subject: "Ethical Meaning of Loyalty."

INTERDENOMINATIONAL.

THE METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE.
N. E. Cor. Seventh Av. and 128th St.
11 and 8, Rev. Joseph W. Kemp, Minister.
Evening Topic: "Evangelical Problems Provoked by the War."
11—"Does Death on the Battlefield Secure Entrance Into Heaven?"
Thursday, 8 P. M.—Mid-Week Bible Study.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY. Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher—The Rev. Professor HARRY EMERSON FOSDICK, D. D.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

JEWISH.

BETH-EL TEMPLE,
5th Av., at 76th St.
REV. DR. SAMUEL SCHULMAN,
Saturday morning, (Sermon,) 10:30; Sunday morning at 11,
THE AGE'S CHALLENGE TO THE JEW.

FREE SYNAGOGUE.
CARNEGIE HALL: SUNDAY AT 10:45.
PROFESSOR WILLIAM LYON PHELPS:
"THE DRAMA OF TO-DAY."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

LUTHERAN.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, B'way and 93d St., Rev. WM. M. HORN, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
65th St. and Central Park West.
DR. SMITH preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d, Dr. REMENSNYDER, Pastor.—Services 11 A. M.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH,
(Mother Church of American Methodism.)
Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE CHURCH, 60th St.
Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Ph. D., Pastor.
11 A. M. Dr. Millard L. Robinson.
8 P. M. Rev. Leland P. Cary.
Gounod's "By Babylon's Wave."

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. & 7th Av., Rev. J. W. CHASSEY, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—"The Immanence of God."
8 P. M.—Rev. F. W. ADAMS, D. D., "A Safe Democracy for the World."

PARK AVE. METHODIST CHURCH,
Park Av. and 86th St.
8 P. M., LORD and LADY ABERDEEN.
Special Musical Program.

MODERN MIRACLES IN FRANCE.
St. Andrew's, 76th St. and Columbus Av.
Dr. ALLAN MacROSSIE, 11 and 8.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
86th St. and West End Av.
Rev. CHARLES L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M.—Rev. G. A. JOHNSTON ROSS, Union Theological Seminary.
6-8—Social Tea and Epworth League.

MORAVIAN.

FIRST CHURCH, Lex. Av. and 30th St.—Rt. Rev. MORRIS W. LEIBERT, D. D., Pastor, 11 A. M. Cordial Welcome to All.

NEW CHURCH (SWEDENBORGIAN.)

NEW CHURCH,
35th St., bet. Park and Lexington Avs.
Rev. Julian K. Smyth, Pastor.
Sunday School, 10 A. M. Service, 11 A. M.
The Pastor will preach. Subject:
"THE SOUL OF A CHILD,"
Being the first of four sermons on "The Soul": Its birth, growth, and destiny. Other subjects:
"The Soul of a Youth," (Nov. 25.)
"The Soul of a Man," (Dec. 2.)
"The Soul of an Angel," (Dec. 9.)
All Are Welcome.

NEW THOUGHT.

ADVANCED SCIENCE.
God blesses you!
An hour for busy people, 11:15 o'clock, with CHARLES CHARTERS. Subject: "BUILDING FOR SUCCESS."
N. Y. Genealogical Hall, 226 West 58th St.
WE HEARTILY WELCOME YOU ALL.

MRS. CHAPIN—THE BILTMORE.
Sunday, 11:15. Subject: "Your Kingdom of Earth."

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE,
222 WEST 72D ST.
Sunday, 11 A. M.—Mr. Michael Whitty.
Sunday, 4 P. M.—Mrs. M. C. Stolber.
Sunday, 8:15 P. M.—Larger Life rally—Mrs. A. Vance Cheney, Miss Villa Faulkner Page and others.
Monday, 8:15—Chorus, Miss Ada Marie Castor.
Tuesday, 8:15—Mrs. Laura G. Cannon.
Wednesday, 8:15—Miss Mary Allen.
Thur., 3 P. M.—Healing, Miss Dele Wood.
Thursday, 8:15—Mrs. Caroline Foote Marsh.
Thursday, 8:15—Mrs. H. M. Sharman.
Friday, 3 P. M.—Mrs. Maud Pratt Messner.
Friday, 8:15—Mr. Eugene Del Mar.
Saturday, 8:15—Entertainment; dancing.

M. Edith Rarick, Park Avenue Hotel, 33d St., Wednesday, 8:15 P. M., "Our New Message to the New Race."

SCHOOL OF THE BUILDERS, INC.
Free Lecture at Cort Theatre,
48th St., east of Broadway,
Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.
Doors open at 3:30.
Mrs. Behrend (the only personal pupil of the late Judge Troward of England and India, the acknowledged Master-Thinker in New Thought and Mental Science) will give Judge Troward's definition of
"The Power That Is Working Within You
And How to Specialize It."
Free Classes every morning at 11, except Saturday and Sunday, at the Belmont, 39th and Broadway, Apart. 1110.
All instruction by Mrs. Behrend.
A copy of a personal letter from Judge Troward explaining this Power and how to specialize it will be presented to each person.

NEW THOUGHT.

SOCIETY FOR CONSTRUCTIVE THOUGHT
220 Madison Av., near 36th St.
Monday evening, Nov. 19, at 8:15 o'clock, Rev. Dr. KENNETH S. GUTHRIE, "BUSINESS METHODS IN PERSONAL RELIGION." Music. Friends and visitors cordially welcomed.

TRUTH SOCIETY. — Maud Pratt-Messner, Speaker, 11:15, Hotel Empire, 63d and Broadway.

UNITY SOCIETY, 28 West 72d.
Mrs. Van Marter, 11. Subject,
"DREAMS THAT COME TRUE."
Linnie Love, Soprano; Lorna Lea, Contralto.
8 P. M., Miss Katharine Eggleston, Speaker.
Subject: "Money Glad."

PRESBYTERIAN.

BRICK CHURCH,
5th Av. and 37th St.
Ministers { William Pierson Merrill, Frank Latimer Janeway.
Dr. MERRILL preaches at 11 and 4.
NOONDAY SERVICE daily at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
114th St. and Broadway.
WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 57th Street,
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, Pastor.
Preaching 11 A. M. by the PASTOR,
4:30 P. M., Rev. Hugh Black, D. D.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av. and 55th St.
Rev. J. H. JOWETT, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. James Palmer, Ph.D., Associate Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Dr. G. Sherwood Eddy will preach at 11 A. M. and Dr. Jowett at 4:30 P. M.
Offering for Assembly's Board of Freedmen.
Men's Bible Class at 10 A. M.
The mid-week service in the Chapel on Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. will be conducted by Dr. Jowett.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av., 11th to 12th St.
HOWARD DUFFIELD, D. D.,
11, "AN UNCONQUERABLE FAITH."
8, The Rev. Dr. THOMAS MARSHALL.

FORT WASHINGTON,
Broadway at 174th St.
DANIEL HOFFMAN MARTIN, D.D., Pastor.
"SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' DAY."
11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

WAR SERVICES.
FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
11 A. M.—The Pastor, DR. WORK, preaches.
8 P. M.—Rev. HENRI ANET, Chaplain in BELGIAN ARMY, speaks.

HON. WALTER M. CHANDLER,
Official representative from Washington,
Will give his famous address
"HOW THE WAR CAME TO AMERICA."
At the unfurling of the Service Flag,
HARLEM-NEW YORK PRESBY. CHURCH,
122d St. and Mt. Morris Park West,
Sunday morning, at 11 A. M.
Rev. H. F. Wilke preaches at 8 P. M.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
4:30 P. M.—Rev. Wm. Raymond Jelliffe.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 24th St.
Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

NORTMINSTER, 141 West 115th St,
Rev. Seth C. Craig preaches 11 and 8.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
525 West 155th St.
Dr. MACKAY preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d Street.
The Pastor, Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., corner 141st St,
Minister, Rev. ELLIOTT W. BROWN, D. D.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corner 10th St.
Ministers: { George Alexander, 11 A. M. Thomas Guthrie Speers, 8 P.M.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av., Cor. 105th.
A. Edwin Keigwin, D. D., preaches 11 and 8.
8, "Why Don't the Good Make Good?"

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. Anson P. Atterbury, D. D., } Pastors.
Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D., }
Dr. EVANS preaches at 11 A. M.
Dr. ATTERBURY preaches at 8 P. M.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Av. and 111th St.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Dean Robbins.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Bishop Stearly.
Daily Service, 7:30 A. M., 5 P. M., (Choral except Saturday.)

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH,
West End Av. and 81st St.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion.......................8 A. M.
Morning Prayer & Sermon, (Rector).11 A. M.
Evensong, (Rev. W. J. D. Thomas)..4 P. M.
STRANGERS WELCOME.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION,
5th Av. and 10th Street.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M. Dr. Grant: "How Much Should We Cost the World."
4 P. M. Oratorio, "Elijah," Mendelssohn.
8 P. M. J. Edward Morgan on "The Mooney Case."

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE,
EAST 89TH ST., NEAR MADISON AV.
Rev. HENRY M. BARBOUR, D.D., Rector.
7:30 A. M., Holy Communion. 10 A. M., Morning Prayer. 11 A. M., Holy Communion.
Sermon by Rector.
4 P. M., POPULAR VESPERS.
Prelude, "Melodie"...............Charpentier
'Cello Solo, "Evensong"...............Matys
Organ Solo, "Andante"..............Borowski
(From 1st Sonata.)
TRIO, "ANDANTE".......OELSCHLAGLE
Anthem, "O How Amiable"..........Surette
Postlude, "Adoration"...............Filippucci
Address by Rector.
8 P. M., EVENSONG.
Sermon by Rev. John Acworth.
11 A. M. AND 4 P. M.
FULL CHOIR ACCOMPANIED BY ORGAN, HARP, 'CELLO, VIOLIN.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St.
Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.
Services, 8, 11, and 8, (Rector.)

GRACE CHURCH,
Broadway and Tenth Street.
Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion.......................8 A. M.
Service & Sermon, (Dr. Tinker).....11 A. M.
Later Evensong & Sermon, (Rector), 8 P. M.
Daily Services, 9 A. M. and 12:30 Noon.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST.
Fifth Av., above 45th St.
Rev. Herbert Shipman, B. D., Rector, in the Federal service as Chaplain 104th Field Artillery, U. S. A.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Ven. WM. H. POTT, Ph.D.
8 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev. E. E. Matthews, Assistant Minister.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th Street and Sixth Avenue.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. MOTTET.
12 M.—Holy Communion.
3 P. M.—Children's Service.
8 P. M.—Preacher, Rev W. Frank Allen.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11—Morning Prayer; Sermon by Rev. Stuart L. Tyson, D. D. 4 P. M.—CHORAL EVENSONG.
Address by Dr. BRIDGES.
SPECIAL MUSIC, VIOLIN, ORGAN.

CHAPEL OF THE REDEEMER, Dyckman District, Seaman Av. & Isham St., (W. 208th.)
Rev. C. A. WOODWARD.
8 A. M., Holy Communion; 9:45, Sunday School.
11 A. M., Morning Prayer and Sermon.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 41 Est, 27e.
Services divins le dimanche matin a 10:30.

The Oldest Episcopal Church in Harlem,
ST. ANDREW'S,
Fifth Av. and 127th St.
Rev. GEO. R. VAN DE WATER, Rector.
Preaches at 11 A. M.
Dedication of Nurses off for the War.
Vocal and Instrumental Recital at Vespers, 4 o'clock.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 44th St.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
Preacher, Rev. Leighton Parks, D. D.
2:45 P. M.—Sunday School.
4 P. M.—Evensong and Address.
Preacher, Rev. Percy Gordon.
Intercession for those at war daily from 12 to 12:10.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 71st St.
Rev. FRANK WARFIELD CROWDER, Rector.
8 A. M., 11 A. M., (Rector;) 8 P. M., recognition service for those who have gone to the war, (Rector;) reading of honor roll and dedication of service flag. War intercession daily except Saturday at 12 o'clock.

ST. LUKE'S, Convent Av. and 141st St.
Services 8, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
BISHOP COURTNEY, 11 A. M.
Rev. W. T. WALSH, D. D., 8 P. M.

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
10th St., west of 2d Av.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
11—Fourth Sermon in Series on Immortality and the Soul's Praise. Subject, "A Child's Revelation Unfolded."

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St.—Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector. Low masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9. Solemn Mass and Sermon, (Rector.) 10:45. Evensong and Sermon, (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.,) 4.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 26 W. 84th St.
Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, D. D., Rector.
Services, 8, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH, 69th St., near Broadway.—Services, 8, 11 A. M., 4 P. M.
Rev. Nathan A. Seagle, D. D., Rector.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
5th Av. and 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M. Holy Communion.
11 A. M. Morning Service and Sermon (Rector)
4 P. M.—Evensong and Address, (Rector.)
8 P. M. Hour of Organ Music.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

TRINITY CHAPEL,
West 25th St., Near Broadway.
Sunday Services: 8 A. M., Holy Communion; 11 A. M., Litany, Holy Communion and Sermon; 3:15 P. M., Children's Service; 4 P. M., Evening Prayer. Thursday, 7:30 A. M., Holy Communion and War Intercession.

TRINITY CHURCH.
Sunday Services,
7, 8, and 9 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10:30 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
11 A. M.—Litany, Holy Communion, and Sermon.
3:30 P. M.—Evensong and Sermon.
8 P. M.—Service and Sermon.
Week-day Services.
7:30, 9 A. M., 3 P. M.
Short service for business people daily except Saturday at 12 M.
CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th St.
Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L.
8, 11, (The Rector.) 8, (Rev. F. Burgess, Jr.)

REFORMED.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St. Rev. J. R. DURYEE, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 & 8 o'clock.

HAMILTON GRANGE REF. CHURCH,
Convent and 149th, nr. Amst. Av.
11 A. M.—Rev. J. Preston Searle, D. D.
8 P. M.—Rev. W. W. Clarke.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Avenue and 123d Street.
Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. EDGAR FRANKLIN ROMIG will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH.
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister, will preach.
11 A. M.—"The Virtue That Went Out of Him."
8 P. M.—"A Self-Made Man."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAS. MACLEOD, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M.
Dr. G. SHERWOOD EDDY at 8 P. M.
Subject: "Work Among the Boys in the Trenches." Church School, 9:45 A. M.

WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. At 4:30 P. M., Special Music, Gounod's "Gallia."

THE FORT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.
Rev. A. L. WARNSHUIS, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. Dr. BERG at 8 P. M.
Subject: 'A Sacred Trust in a Shaken World.'

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS. Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., B'klyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox,)—Meetings 11 o'clock, 30 Gramercy Park, Manhattan, and Lafayette and Washington Ave., Brooklyn.

SPIRITUALIST.

FIRST SPIRITUALIST CHURCH.
Pabst Grand Circle, 59th St. and 8th Av.
Sundays at 8 P. M. sharp.
PROOF THAT THE DEAD RETURN IN SPIRIT.
SPEAKER, MRS. M. E. WILLIAMS.

SCHOOL OF SPIRITUAL SCIENCE.
THE NEW YORK PSYCHIC BUREAU,
235 West 110th St., opposite Central Park.
MRS. ROSE LEVERE, LL.B., Leader.
Sunday, Wednesday, 8 P. M. Worship, Healing and Messages from our arisen dear ones. Silence and Meditation daily 4 P. M. All services free. Public cordially invited.

SCHOOL OF SPIRITUAL SCIENCE,
235 West 110th St., opposite Central Park.
Mrs. Rose Levere, LL. B., Leader.
Meetings for Worship, Healing, and Psychic Demonstrations, Sunday, 8 P. M. Classes Monday, Wednesday, Friday evenings, 8 o'clock.

THEOSOPHY.

AT HOTEL BILTMORE, 43D AND Mad. Av., Sunday Evening, 8:15.
L. W. ROGERS,
National Lecturer for Theosophical Society.
Subject: THE INVISIBLE SIDE OF WAR.
Also at Theosophical Headquarters, 2228 B'way
New York Lodge, 79th St. Evenings 8:15.
Wed., "Pre-Existence and Rebirth." Thurs., "The Life Sublime." Fri., "The Superman." Sat., "Thought Power and Fate."

CENTRAL LODGE, THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, Hotel Marie Antoinette, Broadway, corner 67th St., Thursday, Nov. 22d, 8:15 P. M., "Theosophical Interpretation of the Present War," by Capt. R. L. Jones.

FREE PUBLIC LECTURE, Monday, Nov. 19, Brooklyn Public Library, Franklin Av., near Fulton St., 8:15, by Mr. L. W. ROGERS. Subject, "Reincarnation Explains It."

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, 25 West 45th St.—Public lecture Sunday evening, 8:15, "The Fluidic Body," Eduard Herrmann.

UNITARIAN.

ALL SOULS', (UNITARIAN,)
Fourth Avenue and 20th Street.
"RIGHTEOUSNESS AMONG THE NATIONS," topic of sermon by Rev. Dr. WM. LAURENCE SULLIVAN, the Minister. Services at 11 A. M. All cordially invited.
TEACHING CREEDS IS NOT THE BUSINESS OF THIS CHURCH. TEACHING A GOD TO WORSHIP AND A CHARACTER TO WIN, IS.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH,
Corner 121st Street. Services at 11.
"ETHICAL PROBLEMS OF THE WAR."
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., Minister.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, Park Av. and 34th St.—11 A. M., MR. HOLMES, "IS THE BIBLE A HELP OR A HINDRANCE TO RELIGION? A SECOND EXCURSION INTO THE BIBLICAL FIELD." 8:15 P. M.—ELLA REEVE BLOOR, "IS THERE A CLASS WAR IN AMERICA?"

UNIVERSALIST.

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY,
Central Park West and 76th St.
Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 A. M., "Life Is Struggle," and at 8 P. M., "New Gods for Old."

Y. M. C. A.

DR. FRANK CRANE
"Team Work."
West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 W. 57 St., 4 P. M.

DR. JOHN HERMAN RANDALL,
Bronx Union Y. M. C. A., "A World Democracy." Sunday, 3:30.
470 East 161st St.

LT. COL. M. SWARTZKOPENSKY,
Body Guard to Czar Nickolof.
East Side Y. M. C. A., 153 E. 86th St. 4 P. M.

23d St. Y. M. C. A., 215 W. 23d St., Sun. 4 P.M.
MOVING PICTURE,
"HOW LIFE BEGINS."

OTHER SERVICES.

8TH AVE. MISSION — 290 Eighth Avenue. Eighteenth Anniversary. All Week at 8 P. M. Distinguished Speakers, Music and Testimonies.
All heartily welcome. S. Wray, Supt.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH,
44th St. and 8th Av.
Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Pastor. 10:30 A. M. and 3 P. M.—Preaching by Dr. CHARLES A. BLANCHARD, President of Wheaton College, Ill.

MEDITATION.
JAMES PORTER MILLS, M. D., will speak in his Lecture Room, 1015 Aeolian Hall, 42d Street, Sundays at Eleven o'clock. General subject: Scripture Illumination in the Solving of Human Problems. The Teaching and Practicing of Meditation. Contribution.

MEN'S BIBLE CLASS, 290 Eighth Av.,
At 9:30 Sunday Mornings.
All men are cordially invited.

MID-WEEK BIBLE STUDY.
THE METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
N. E. Cor. 7th Av. and 128th St.,
Instructor: REV. JOSEPH W. KEMP,
Thursday, 8 P. M., Subject—THE GOSPEL OF THE KINGDOM, (Matthew.) With special references to the world war.

BIBLE HOUR, NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE, 214 West 35th St.
DON O. SHELTON, President of Institute, tomorrow, 4:15 P. M., "The Secret of Lifelong Vigor and Usefulness."
Prospectus, Christian Workers' School, day and night Bible Classes, sent on request.

RESCUE SOCIETY,
Old Chinese Theatre, 5-7 Doyers St.
Wide-awake Gospel Service Nightly, 10 P. M.
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Broadway at 44th St.
Sunday, 11:15 A. M., F. W. SEARS, Orator.
Subject: "MAN'S UNSEEN POWER."

SPIRITUAL AND ETHICAL SOCIETY, 142 West 125th.—Helen Temple Brigham. Morning and evening. Evening theme, "Why?"

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 50 W. 67th St.—Swami Bodhananda, "Secret of Powers," 3 P. M.

"WHERE AND WHAT IS HELL?" Casino Theatre, 39th and B'way, Sunday, 8 P. M. Chorus and Orchestra Directed by Henry De Finiter. Miss MARY DAN HARBESON, soloist. Prof. C. T. Everson, Lecturer. Seats Free.

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Central Congregational Church, Hancock St., between Bedford and Franklin Avs., (take Fulton St. "L" or surface to Franklin Av.) Pastor, Rev. S. Parkes Cadman, D. D., preaches at 11 A. M., and 7:45 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS, Remsen and Henry Sts, (near Borough Hall Subway Station.)
Rev. RICHARD ROBERTS will preach at 11 A. M. Rev. H. H. DUBS will preach at 7:45 P. M., "THE UNIMPORTANT."
ALL SEATS FREE.

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Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor.
11 A. M.—Rev. Frank W. Gunsaulus, D. D.
7:45 P. M.—Rev. Frank W. Gunsaulus, D.D.

ETHICAL CULTURE.

SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.
Brooklyn Academy of Music, 11 A. M. Prof. David S. Muzzey: "What Should We Reverence?"

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Morning—Holy Communion.
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CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR (Unitarian.)
Pierrepont St. and Monroe Place, Brooklyn.
11 A. M.—Rev. John Howland Lathrop.

UNIVERSALIST.

ALL SOULS' CHURCH,
OCEAN AND DITMAS AVS.
10:30 A. M.,
Dr. BARTLETT'S second War Sermon,
"KEEPING UP WITH CANADA."
PATRIOTIC MUSIC.
7:45 P. M., "WAY DOWN IN DIXIE."
ILLUSTRATED.

Y. M. C. A.

DR. WM. CARTER,
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Y. W. C. A.

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Sec. American Bible Society,
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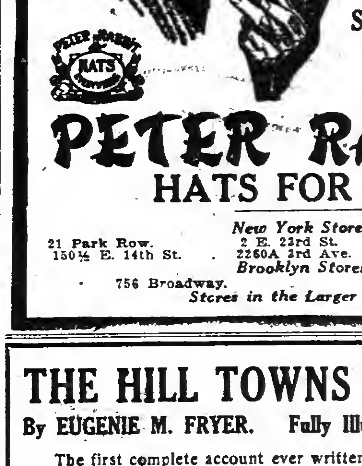
Camp Bowie, Fort Worth, Texas.
Camp Taliaferro, Fort Worth, Tex.
Fort Niagara, New York.
Washington Barracks, D. C.
Fort Myer, Virginia.
Syracuse, N. Y.
Officers' Training Camp, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.
Camp Mills, Mineola, N. Y.
Camp Sevier, Greenville, S. C.
Fort Ethan Allen, Burlington, Vt.
Camp Warden McLean, Chattanooga, Tenn.
Camp Greenleaf, Chattanooga, Tenn.
Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va.
Camp Meade, Annapolis Junction, Md.
Camp Greene, Charlotte, N. C.
Hazelhurst Field, Mineola, N. Y.



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The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair Sunday; Monday fair, cooler; moderate west to northwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,848. NEW YORK, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1917.—108 PAGES, In Nine Parts, Including Picture and Magazine Sections in Rotogravure. FIVE CENTS In Greater New York / Elsewhere (SEVEN CENTS

RAILROADS HALT MEDIATOR'S PLAN FOR ARBITRATION

Federal Commissioner Meets Setback in Attempt to Settle the Wage Dispute.

NOW THE PRESIDENT'S TASK

Congress May Also Take Hand to Avert General Brotherhood Strike This Year.

UNION MEN TO SEE WILSON

Committee Representing Companies Says It Has No Power to Give Pledge on Pay Question.

Judge William L. Chambers, Commissioner of the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation, met with a setback yesterday in his effort to get the railroads on record as agreeing to the arbitration of the new demands of the railway brotherhoods for more wages before the heads of the unions meet the President at the White House next Thursday. He came to New York Friday night to confer yesterday with the leaders of the National Conference Committee of the Railways, which represented all the carriers in the eight-hour negotiations. This committee has been superseded by the Commission of Eight, made up of members of the original committee, and headed by Elisha Lee, General Manager of the Pennsylvania, who was head of the Conference Committee, which is concluding the work of making eight-hour labor contracts with the brotherhoods.

Judge Chambers met Mr. Lee and other members of the commission yesterday morning, and after the conference left for Washington. No formal statement of what took place was forthcoming from either the Board of Mediation or the Conference Committee, but it can be stated that Mr. Lee and the other railroad managers told Judge Chambers that their organization had been created for the purpose of representing all the railroads in the eight-hour negotiations, and that it had no power beyond the limitations of that proposition. Therefore, the managers told Judge Chambers, they had no power to pledge the railroads to the arbitration of the new demands of the brotherhoods for increases in wages totaling $100,000,000 a year.

It was suggested to Judge Chambers that, inasmuch as there was no one body authorized to speak for the railroads on the new wage demands, he confer with the Railroads' War Board in Washington, of which Fairfax Harrison, President of the Southern Railway, is the Chairman. Stating that they had no intention of shirking responsibility, the managers suggested that, inasmuch as there had been conferred upon the Railroads' War Board plenary powers over the railroads of the country during the war, that body would be most likely of all railway organizations to assume the responsibility of saying what the attitude of the railways may be.

The President's Proposal.

In a letter which was presented to the brotherhood leaders in Cleveland ten days ago the President suggested both mediation and arbitration of the new wage demands. The brotherhoods accepted mediation, but would not pledge themselves to arbitration. It is understood that when the President meets them next Thursday he will discuss with the labor leaders the proposal to allow a board to hear and determine the settlement of their new demands. It was the purpose of Judge Chambers to have the railroads on record before the President's conference with the brotherhood leaders.

There is strong indication that as the eight-hour mixup was settled by Congress in the enactment of the Adamson law the new wage demands will come on the floor of Congress. The brotherhood vote on whether to submit the demands will be completed Nov. 25, although there is no doubt that the vote will be in the affirmative. The demands will be presented to the railroads on Dec. 1. The brotherhoods have signed an agreement not to take any further action until after the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation shall have exhausted its efforts to effect a settlement "out of court." Thus, it is practically certain that the matter will still be in the balance when Congress meets and that Congress will have time to take action.

One of the factors in the presentation of the wage demands is the contention of the brotherhood leaders that because of the relatively higher wages paid in many of the industries hundreds of the railroad men are leaving the trains. The danger of the weakening of the force of the carriers will make a strong appeal in Washington.

Favor Increase in Wages.

Railroad managers are not averse to increasing wages if they can get the money to pay them. In fact, many of the managers stated to the Interstate Commerce Commission that in view of the high cost of living some of their employes should get more money. This, however, did not apply to the members of the four brotherhoods, but rather to unorganized workers, who outnumber the trainmen four to one on the list of 2,000,000 railway employes in the United States.

Whether Congress acts on the wage wage demand direct will depend in large measure upon the spirit of conciliation exhibited by both the railroads and the brotherhoods. If the railroads and the brotherhoods cannot get together, and the union leaders proceed to take a strike vote, as it is said to be their program, there is not the slightest doubt that the President or Congress, or both, will step in and wield an iron hand. The taking over of the railroads by the Government is far down the list of things the President would prefer as a solution of the problem, it is understood, and would probably be done only after other methods of settlement had failed.

But the railroad men are confident, and the brotherhood leaders know, that the National Administration will not permit a railroad strike this year, nor will they permit it to get as near as it did in September of 1916, when only an eleventh-hour message from the brotherhood chiefs averted a strike they had called while the President was yet trying to effect a settlement.

Hoover Board Prohibits Combination Food Sales

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Retailers have been directed by the Food Administration to stop combination sales. Many complaints were received that some retailers in New York and other large cities were refusing to sell sugar unless customers purchased from $1 to $2.50 worth of other commodities. The Food Administration tonight issued the following statement:

"On and after this date all combination sales of food commodities are forbidden, with the one exception stated below.

"The sale of one or more food commodities, upon condition that the purchaser shall buy one or more other food commodities from the seller, is regarded as a combination sale within the meaning of this ruling.

"Combination sales frequently result in the sale of more foodstuffs than the particular purchaser would ordinarily buy, and are therefore determined to be a wasteful practice within the meaning of Section 4 of the Food Administration act of Aug. 10, 1917.

"Exception: Pending further notice and as a wheat conservation measure, the dealer may sell sugar in combination with corn meal, at the rate of one pound of sugar with two of corn meal. No other combination will be permitted, nor will any other ratio than that here stated be allowed.

"The dealer shall not sell either the sugar or the corn meal at a price yielding him a profit greater than he has normally enjoyed upon the particular commodity. The dealer is not required to make combination sales of sugar and corn meal, but may do so at his discretion."

HAMPERS MAKING OF OUR BIG GUNS

Need of Tools and Materials Threatens the Government Ordnance Output.

ALLIES STRIPPED MARKET

Lathes and Similar Apparatus Scarce—Labor Trouble in Arsenals a Factor.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—At the moment when it needs all the ordnance possible to obtain from any and all sources, the Government finds itself embarrassed by a situation due in part to the strikes at Government arsenals and in part to shortage of tools, machinery, and material.

The supply of rifles for soldiers is wholly inadequate, with only about 5,000 available for each cantonment or camp of approximately 40,000 men. But according to officials their worries are directed at this time more to field pieces and heavier artillery, with the matter of supplying service revolvers having a place of secondary importance.

The continuing labor troubles at Watervliet and Watertown arsenals threaten to diminish the already inadequate supply, latest advices to the War Department showing no change in the sentiment of the men at the places as a result of the assurance from the Buffalo convention that no strikes would be allowed to interfere with vital Government work.

To this labor handicap has now been added another and even more serious deterrent in the lack of important tools and machinery. The two and a half years of war which had ensued before the entrance of the United States resulted in England and France sweeping the rest of the world for heavy-duty lathes, drills, slotters, and planes used in the making of large guns and of armor plate.

There are comparatively few firms manufacturing these types of machinery, and the stockrooms of these have been bare for more than a year. Moreover, the entire output of these factories has been booked up in many cases until late in 1918. The sub-committee of the Council of National Defense handling priority of contracts has relieved the situation to a slight degree by arranging for the transference of a part of these orders to the United States Government.

Private manufacturers who have contracts with the Government for millions of dollars' worth of ordnance are faced by the necessity of canceling such orders because of their inability to equip their plants and to replace wornout tools. Recently an American firm sought from the War Trade Board permission to export a "heavy duty lathe" measuring 30 inches by 30 inches by 10 feet.

The expert on the board who has jurisdiction over machinery applications told the applicant frankly that no such permit could be granted for the remainder of this year. Moreover, the expert said, if the Government could obtain information as to the source from which the firm hoped to procure this machinery it undoubtedly would be commandeered forthwith. The firm making the application thereupon notified the board that it would be glad to turn the machine over to the Government.

"The output of the Government arsenals at Watervliet and Watertown is being seriously curtailed because of our failure to secure lathes, slotters, and large drill presses," said this official. "If the equipment were in sight, we would proceed immediately to triple the size of certain departments in these arsenals. The skilled labor, hitherto a problem, has been secured, but we cannot find the machinery for this labor to use. If one of the nations allied with us should ask for permission to export a single machine of certain type we would weigh the application most carefully before deciding."

In connection with the question of supplying Government arsenals and other plants with skilled labor, it is learned that the Government now has in active and successful operation employment bureaus scattered throughout the country. These bureaus keep in touch with the classes of workmen who are urgently needed, and advise them of the openings available.

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BRITISH LOOK TO US FOR PLAN TO PUSH THE WAR

Welcome Col. House's Mission and Believe Co-ordination Will Be Effected.

NO SINGLE MILITARY HEAD

British Resentment Strong Against Foreign Leadership of Their Troops.

PRAISE FOR WILSON'S MOVE

Organization of the Mission Impresses London—First Joint Conference on Tuesday.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—When Colonel House arrived in England with his mission he handed the press representatives a statement in general terms of America's position in the war. One of his shipmates tells me the Colonel prepared that statement the first day out, and spent the rest of the voyage paring it down. It was a model of succinctness, and made a hit here.

Having issued this statement of principles the Colonel disappeared under ground, where no doubt he is digging away most strenuously. What he is aiming at or has so far accomplished only Colonel House knows, and he won't tell.

In a general way it would not be a violent inference to say that the Colonel is here as the direct representative of President Wilson on the following basis:

While Mr. Wilson was unwilling to part with his power and delegate it to a central authority permanently sitting in Europe and charged with conducting the war, and while the President realized that it was much easier to enunciate a formula of unity of control than actually to put a theory into operation, he became convinced that a vast betterment was possible in methods which permitted the chaos in Russia and the consequent rout in Italy. It is not unlikely that President Wilson and Lloyd George reached similar conclusions. The latter adopted plain speaking as his remedy, while the former sent his particular friend to Europe to study the situation deeply and quietly, to keep constantly in touch with Washington and submit some plan for closer coordination that a consultation with the European Governments marked out as acceptable and workable.

The President's mission has arrived in stormy times. It seems odd that the quiet man who a few years ago directed a bank in Austin, Texas, should now be the bearer of encouragement and reassurance to all civilized Europe, but it is the literal fact. Never in history has any foreigner come to Europe and found greater acceptance or wielded more power. Behind this super-Ambassador, whose authority and activities are unique, stands the President, now rated in Europe as the world's greatest living statesman, and behind the President stands the country whose measureless resources and unshakeable will are counted a sure shield against the successful sweep of Prussianism.

Ready to Give Us Full Power.

Such are the peculiar circumstances in which Colonel House comes. There is scarcely any plan that he can devise and America will support that won't be accepted. Europe is almost ready to hand America blank power of attorney to finish the war as she deems best, and Europe is convinced that with Japan's friendship and backing, America's participation means the Kaiser's ultimate defeat whatever temporary advantages are gained by superior military organization and concentration of authority.

English opinion is much struck by the admirable organization of the American mission. Instead of putting Colonel House in a position where he would be smothered by details the President freed his hands for dealing with the general situation by sending an exceptionally fitted staff to handle the financial and economic matters, and thus ouild the

Continued on Page 3.

Northcliffe Finds King Studies America's War Work

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Lord Northcliffe authorizes The Associated Press to state that in an audience extending over an hour today he heard from the lips of King George at Buckingham Palace his Majesty's view of the present state of the war and the world importance of American intervention.

Speaking of the American mission and of Colonel House, whom he had known for years, King George said that the personnel of the American mission displayed knowledge and alertness indicative of the American character and purpose.

Lord Northcliffe was surprised by the King's intimate knowledge of the possibilities of aircraft production in the United States, and his Majesty's great interest in the Liberty engine and his knowledge of the men who have evolved it and the method by which it has been produced.

Lord Northcliffe was commanded by his Majesty to convey his thanks to the members of the British war mission for their good work, in which they were so consistently assisted by their American colleagues. The King is absolutely confident of complete victory.

SHELLS KILL MORE OF PERSHING MEN

Livelier Artillery Fighting in Their Sector Also Causes Shrapnel Wounds.

COMMENDED FOR BRAVERY

Officers and Others Cited by a French General—Note on Trench Raid.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Friday, Nov. 16, (by The Associated Press.)—The artillery fighting in the sector held by American troops has become even more lively, and there have been further casualties, shrapnel wounding some men in the trenches.

An enemy shell hit an American gun today and caused casualties. Some of the men wounded in the last two days have died.

The American batteries have been firing rapidly in turn. The visibility is beginning better, and it is considered certain that more damage and casualties have been caused in the German lines than the Germans have inflicted on the Americans.

Patrolling continued actively last night.

The American troops witnessed their first aerial encounter today. Three enemy airplanes appeared overhead. Soon all of them except one fled at the approach of five French machines. One of the French outmanoeuvred this German and "got on his tail." The German aviator then bolted. The rattle of machine guns finally died away as the two airplanes disappeared to the west.

The French General commanding the sector has mentioned in the dispatches fifteen American officers and soldiers, including three who were killed, for excellent military qualities and for bravery displayed in the recent trench raid. A note accompanying the citations says that between 8,000 and 10,000 shells were used in the attack, which had been in preparation for three months, down to the finest details.

The results obtained by the enemy were very small, he having been unable to penetrate more than the first line trenches because of the resistance of the American soldiers with rifle and pistol fire and hand-grenades. The enemy had to content itself, the citation continues, with carrying off a few prisoners.

The General in the order mentions the —— Company, commanded by Lieutenant, (name deleted by censor,) as follows:

"On the night of Nov. 2-3 this company, which was in the lines for the first time, met an extremely violent bombardment, despite which it seized arms and offered such stubborn resistance that the enemy, though numerically superior, was obliged to retire."

The General specially cited in the order of the day Corporal James Gresham and Privates Merle D. Hay and Thomas F. Enright, "who died bravely

Continued on Page 8.

Soldiers to Guard All Docks and Piers Here; Germans Must Register and Report to Police

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—President Wilson today approved the new regulations governing the treatment of enemy aliens in the United States. The regulations are described as strict enough to prevent further outrages on munitions of war and American industry.

By a proclamation of the President the regulations will be promulgated either on Monday or Tuesday and will become effective at once. The Department of Justice experts, who framed the regulations, are of the opinion that with the enforcement of the new rules the United States will be protected against German activities which have been used to destroy war materials and cripple industry. They say if the new regulations are ineffective the Administration will adopt more drastic means, but the President is reported as being hopeful that such a course may not be necessary.

While the President has approved the regulations in their unfinished form they are complete enough tonight to permit THE TIMES to give some of the essential features as follows:

Docks and piers throughout the country at which vessels of 500 tons or over berth will be made military zones and guarded by soldiers.

Sections of the waterfront in New York and Brooklyn will be made a military zone. Soldiers will be on constant guard in New York City from Forty-third Street on the North River around the Battery and to Twenty-third Street on the East River. The entire front of Brooklyn and practically the entire New Jersey and Staten Island water fronts will be proclaimed military zones.

Regular army soldiers will guard these zones, which will extend several squares from the wharves.

The District of Columbia will be made a military zone. The present regulations provide that no Germans shall be permitted to enter the District, and those now residing in it will be forced to leave.

There will be a registration of enemy aliens throughout the country which may include women. Those who are registered will be compelled to follow the German system of reporting at regular intervals to the police of the precinct in which they live.

Munition plants, Government arsenals, and all industries, the output of which is largely for the Government, are to have military zones thrown around them, and the protection of a military guard.

All permits issued to Germans at the outbreak of the war to live within restricted districts will be revoked, and these Germans must be registered under the new regulations and furnish photographs of themselves to the Government. Each registration card will bear a photograph of the holder.

While there are a number of details in the rules themselves, those referred to are the six chief restrictions, the enforcement of which by soldiers is expected to put a stop to pro-German efforts to cripple war progress.

RUSSIANS TURN AGAINST KERENSKY; SEEKING STRONG MAN TO SAVE NATION; ITALIANS HOLDING ON ENTIRE FRONT

TEUTONS CROSS THE PIAVE

But Are Forced Back With Loss of Nearly 1,000 Prisoners.

CASUALTIES RECALL VERDUN

Austro-German Attacks Made with Reckless Disregard of Cost in Bloodshed.

INVADERS TAKE PRASSOLAN

Berlin Reports the Capture of the Mountain and 800 Italians Defending It.

Kaiser Ascribes Victories in Italy to Judgment of God

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 17.—Advices received here from Berlin say that the German Emperor, in addressing a Brandenburg regiment on the plains near the Tagliamento, recalled these soldiers' share in the battles of Champagne, Verdun and Tarnopol. The Emperor said:

"But you have had a greater task, that of breaking through the Italian front near Flitsch [Plezzo] and Tolmino—a hard task, considering the high mountains and the enemy's immense means of defense. Your success exceeded all calculations so greatly that a higher power than the power of man must have been at work. The enemy's collapse was the judgment of God."

In a later speech the Emperor said: "We are fighting for faithfulness, justice and truth, and it is these that will win."

By The Associated Press.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS, Nov. 17.—The Austro-Germans today made furious attempts to break the Italian line and crossed the Piave River at two points, but were annihilated at one point and driven back at the other. The Italian lines are holding, but the situation is considered to be grave.

ROME, Nov. 17.—On the northern mountain front and along the lower Piave River, across the plain, the Germans and Austrians yesterday continued with violence their efforts to break the Italian lines. They effected crossings of the Piave at two more points, but were driven back by the Italians with large losses, including nearly 1,000 men who were made prisoners. In the mountains the Italians defended their positions effectively.

The following official account of these operations was given out here today:

From the Asiago Plateau to the sea the enemy, without considering his losses, renewed his attacks on our mountain positions and his attempts on the plain to force the line of the Piave. Our troops with great stubborness offered an effective defense, opposing an enemy numerically stronger and counterattacking him with admirable élan.

Yesterday fighting occurred from Monte Fior to Monte Castelgomberto, at the defensive line of San Marino, at Monte Prassolan and to the north of Quero, along the Rosca Cisa-Monte Cornelle-Piave Valley line.

On the plain between Salettual and Sant' Andrea di Barbarana, (on the lower Piave just above Zenson, at which the Germans effected their first crossing,) the enemy at dawn, under protection of the most violent artillery fire, forced a passage of the river. His troops crossed to the right bank at Follina and at Fagare.

The troops at the former place were destroyed by our artillery and by a sudden attack of the Lecoe Brigade. The survivors, more than 300 men, with ten officers, were made prisoner.

The troops, by far the greater number, which had crossed at the latter place were heavily attacked by the Fifty-fourth Division, whose troops, the Novara Brigade and Third Bersaglieri, excelled in courage. At the end of the day many enemy dead remained on the ground. About 600 men and twenty officers were brought back prisoner and the remainder, driven up to the embankment of the river, was shelled by our artillery, which hindered the return of these troops to the other bank.

At the Zenson loop the enemy is being closed up in a zone more and more restricted.

On the lower reaches of the Piave the Royal Navy, with aircraft, floating, and ground batteries and light forces, is contributing effectively to the defense.

Favored by atmospheric conditions, our airmen during the day profitably carried out work against massed bodies of enemy troops.

Invaders Storm Monte Prassolan.

BERLIN, Nov. 17, (via London.)—Austro-German forces invading Northern Italy yesterday stormed Monte Prassolan, between the Brenta and Piave Rivers, says the official statement issued this afternoon by the German Gen-

Continued on Page 2.

SEARS SUCCESS SERVICES, 11 A. M. Criterion Theatre, Broadway at 44th St. —Advt.

Central Powers Hatching Vast Commercial Plans At Cologne Conference to Combat Entente After War

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 17.—Vast projects of far-reaching importance are being discussed, according to the German papers, at a conference at Hamburg of German, Austrian, and Hungarian economic associations. So important are they, says the Cologne Gazette, that in the national interest it is not desirable to disclose more than the bare outlines. This newspaper vouchsafes the information that the discussions have turned on big schemes to procure raw materials after the war and defeat the Entente's plans to isolate the Central Powers commercially. The organization is planned of an all-embracing system of economics in the interest of the Central Powers, including the development of inland waterways from the Elbe to the Danube, probably with German control of the estuary of the Danube.

The rebirth of the Polish mercantile marine is the object of a league founded at Cracow under the auspices of the Foreign Legion. The league has undertaken an active propaganda in Polish trade circles, and the incorporation of a joint stock company to finance the new commercial fleet is contemplated.

GERMANS NOW FOR ANNEXATIONS

Pan German Movement Has Been Encouraged by Successes in Russia and Italy.

STUNG BY WILSON'S SPEECH

His Reference to Alsace-Lorraine Evokes a New Storm of "Never" Protestations.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 16, (Delayed.)—German press and parties, with the exception of the Socialists, are becoming distinctly more annexationist since the victories on the Russian and Italian fronts. There are signs on all sides that Germany is expecting expansion in Europe.

The National Liberal leader, Dr. Gustav Stresemann, recently found it necessary to state the party's attitude regarding annexation, practically disavowing the majority and asserting that even the Center Progressives were not opposed to expansion, thus definitely rejecting the resolution of July 19.

Count zu Reventlow has been indulging in daily shrieking of arguments to show that Germany must have part of the Belgian coast. It will be remembered that the idea of annexing Belgium had been tacitly dropped by most of the press, with the exception of Reventlow and his following for some time before the successes in Russia and Italy.

Von Tirpitz's speech to the "Patriotic Party" may also be considered a sign of the times. He asserted that Germany's military protection against France and England lay in Belgium, as also Germany's one great economic compensation for the tremendous losses she had suffered.

Even Count Czernin, known as the "peace plotter," is said to have revised his policy and is, it appears, no longer so popular in Austria-Hungary as he was. A Socialist recently asked him publicly if he would still stand by the peace policy outlined in his famous Budapest speech, in spite of the events in Russia and Italy, whereupon Czernin answered:

"The policy of the united Central Powers is the only basis upon which the leaders can work for an honorable peace."

President Wilson's statement regarding Alsace-Lorraine in his Buffalo speech and Arthur J. Balfour's statement in the House of Commons have brought about renewed activity and protests that Alsace-Lorraine shall never be the subject of negotiations. The official and usually sedate Kölnische Zeitung even has big headlines, "Never Shall They Have Them." All the papers refer to von Kuchlmann's "No, never!" on the question of Alsace-Lorraine, and Reventlow remarks that evidently Germany's enemies have not taken this statement seriously and are still under the impression that there is a chance of negotiating. The Weser Zeitung of Bremen says that President Wilson is greatly mistaken if he imagines that Germany would discuss the status of Alsace-Lorraine with any other power.

A political leaning towards the right may be expected in the Reichstag, and the humorous weekly, Ulk, has a cartoon of the Vice Chancellor arriving at a Berlin station, with the title: "Turn to the left and bear to the right." The Reichstag will reassemble Nov. 29 when, according to the Frankfurter Zeitung, Count von Hertling may state his program. This paper says that the advantage of this would be that the Government could at once ascertain whether it had the support of the majority, which it needs for new credits.

According to the Berlin Tageblatt, Austria-Hungary is considerably disappointed that the Polish question was suddenly droppped. Leo Lederer, writing to the Tageblatt from Vienna, says that the news of this shelving of the question fell like a bombshell in Vienna, where a settlement was considered a foregone conclusion. The Tageblatt says that it was expected that after the Crown Council held at Bellevue Castle the news of the settlement would be published. It accuses the Lokal-Anzeiger of making an announcement prematurely with the object of putting matters in a wrong light to arouse German opposition. It adds that Count Czernin must have remarked that in parliamentary circles and the press he is no longer so popular since his return to Vienna, where it is apparently thought that he failed in his mission.

BODWAY'S MAYONNAISE—a word to the "wives" is sufficient.—Advt.

WARSHIPS CLASH NEAR HELIGOLAND

Germans Retire at High Speed, with British Vessels After Them.

FEW DETAILS RECEIVED

Heavy Firing, Followed by Great Explosions, Heard Off the Island of Mano.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—British light forces today engaged German light cruisers off Heligoland, the British Admiralty announced today. The German warships retired and the British forces are now chasing them.

The announcement follows:

"British light forces operating in Heligoland Bight have been engaged with German light forces this morning. The only information we have received thus far is that our vessels have engaged enemy light cruisers, that the latter have retired at high speed, and that our vessels are in pursuit."

It is not likely that any details of the naval engagement will be received until the British ships return to port, as it is not customary for them to send wireless reports of their movements and actions while close to the enemy bases.

On a few occasions when British cruisers, which constantly are sweeping the North Sea, have been able to encounter German war vesels the enemy's tactics have been of the hit and run character. They hurry toward home with the purpose of trying to bring the British into their mine fields and, if possible, under fire of the large land guns.

The bare facts embodied in this morning's official bulletin from the British Admiralty indicate that in this engagement the Germans followed their usual tactics.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 17.—Advices from the Island of Mano say that a most violent cannonading was heard from the North Sea between 8:30 and 10 o'clock this morning. At intervals during the firing there were great explosions. Several warships were observed on the horizon.

FRENCH SEEK TO BUILD NONSINKABLE SHIPS

Apply to Our Shipping Board for Leave to Build Twenty of New Type Here.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Interests which it is stated have the sanction of the French Government have made application to the United States Shipping Board to begin the construction of twenty cargo ships of 4,000 tons each which are claimed to be "unsinkable." The formal request was made through the Foundation Company of New York, which asked that materials be supplied for the building of eight or ten of the ships at once, with permission to expand the program if it proved practicable.

It is reported tonight that a favorable decision will be given and that the ships will be constructed in Southern yards. The plans submitted are receiving the careful attention of engineering experts and, if worthy of further consideration, may be used in some of the Government contracts. It was said that word to that effect was cabled to France today.

Huge cylinders to run the entire length of the ships, and which will be reinforced above and below, will be an important part of the construction of the proposed type. These cylinders, divided into compartments, will be used both for carrying cargo and to protect the engines and other internal equipment of the vessels from torpedo attack.

TELEPHONE AND RADIO WORK JOINTLY IN JAPAN

Scientists in Orient Said to Have Discovered a New Means of Communication.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The Japanese Department of Communications has announced the discovery of a method by which communication can be freely made between an ordinary telephone wire system and a wireless system. The discovery or invention was made by Messrs. Tonegawa and Torigata.

Water-Front Properties, Factory and Factory Sites for sale and to let FLOYD S. CORBIN, specialist, 10 Wall St.—Advt.

PREMIER HAS DISAPPEARED

Not Seen Since His Troops Deserted and Officers Threatened.

SUFFERED SEVERE DEFEAT

Bolsheviki Were Led by Guard Officers, Who Resented His Breakdown of Army.

MOSCOW WON BY REBELS

Socialists Seize Control of Finland and Aim at Complete Independence.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Scattered and belated dispatches from Petrograd give a partial and by no means clear view of the situation in Russia.

It seems to be clearly established, however, that Premier Kerensky is in flight, following the defeat of his forces by the Bolsheviki, when he was virtually deserted by his officers and ordered to surrender to his foes. One report says he made his escape in the disguise of a sailor.

According to a dispatch from Haparanda, Sweden, the defeat of Kerensky came as an immediate consequence of the intervention of Lettish forces, amounting to 30,000 men, on the side of the Maximalists. The power of the Maximalists at Petrograd is said to have been strengthened.

The only dispatch from Petrograd dated today, says:

"Peace has been definitely declared in Moscow, with victory for the Bolsheviki. The White Guard has been disarmed, and likewise the military cadets. Two train loads of the Red Guard en route from Petrograd to Moscow to support of the Bolsheviki soldiers there have been stopped. At the same time railway telegraph reports indicate that the Cossacks are making progress northward, and that the Bolsheviki are in panic in consequence of their near approach.

"It is likewise reported that approximately a corps of mixed troops from the southwest front, intent on putting an end to civil war, are en route to Petrograd and have reached Luga. All reports are impossible of confirmation, as the city is flooded with exaggerated rumors of every description."

A previous Reuter dispatch said:

"A lull is reported in Moscow after fighting that lasted a week and involved most of the city. There was a constant bombardment by cannon and machine guns of the Kremlin and the Town Hall, which are the chief strongholds of the military cadets and other adherents of the Provisional Government. Many shells burst in private houses and started fires. The latest reports say that three-quarters of Moscow are in the hands of the Maximalists."

A Reuter dispatch from Petrograd, dated yesterday, gives this view of the situation in the north:

"Maximalist troops have occupied Gatchina and Premier Kerensky's staff has been arrested. Kerensky fled from arrest, but orders have been issued by wireless for his apprehension.

"The Maximalist Council of Commissioners has proclaimed the right of the different peoples of Russia to the self-determination of their form of government, including separation and the formation of independent States. The Maximalists insist on the inclusion of Nikolai Lenine and Leon Trotzky in any composite Socialist Government, and that their party shall have a majority of the portfolios, including the Foreign, Interior, and Labor Ministries."

Told Kerensky Army Opposed Him.

The report of General Krasnoff, Commander of the Government forces, on the disappearance of Kerensky, coming in a Petrograd dispatch of yesterday's date, says:

"At 3 o'clock on the afternoon of Nov. 1, (old style—Nov. 14 new style,) I called the quarters of the Commander in Chief. He appeared nervous and excited.

"'General,' said he, 'you have betrayed me. Your Cossacks say they will arrest me and give me up to the sailors.'

"'Yes,' I answered; 'such a discussion is now going on. There appears to be little sympathy for you.'

"'Do the officers feel the same way?' he asked.

"'Yes.'

"'What shall I do? Will I have to commit suicide?'

"'If you are an honest man you will go to Petrograd under a white flag and appear before the Revolutionary Committee, where you will negotiate as head of the Government.'

"Kerensky agreed to this and he was promised a guard. He objected to a guard of sailors on the ground that some enemies were among them. He wanted to wait until night, but finally agreed to make the trip by daylight. I went and called Colonel Kishkoff of the Tenth Don Cossacks and ordered him to appoint a guard of eight men. A half hour later the Cossacks told me that Kerensky could not be found. I raised the alarm, thinking that he could not have left Gatchina."

The same dispatch states that M. Bienko, member of the Committee on War and Marine, reported to the Workmen's and Soldiers' Congress that Kerensky had fled previous to this. Bienko said that he talked to the Cossacks and found that they were willing to come to an agreement with the Maxi

malists, only the officers being opposed Bibenko denied that Michael Romanoff (the former Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch) was with Kerensky. He denied also that General Kornilioff had escaped from prison.

Story of the Battle.

A dispatch from Petrograd, dated Wednesday, says that the correspondent visited the scene of the fighting that day and was surprised to find aristocratic officers commanding the Bolsheviki.

The Colonel of one of the guard regiments, who is now commander of the Bolsheviki staff and directs operations from a house on a hilltop two miles from Pulkova, described the battle thus to the correspondent:

"The battle began Saturday and continued until Monday night. Kerensky had only 5,000 Cossacks, several hundred military cadets, a considerable quantity of light and heavy artillery, and one armored train. Our forces included four of the famous Petrograd guard regiments together with several battalions of sailors and a large number of the Red Guard.

"Our forces were under a continuous shell fire, and many were wounded. Only a few were killed. At one time a squadron of Kerensky's Cossacks attempted a charge near Tsarskoe Selo. They evidently were not familiar with the fact that officers of veteran regiments were with the Maximalist forces, and, to their surprise, they were met by organized resistance. A heavy volley, which toppled over many of their horses, caused them heavy losses. This was the last active attempt of the Kerensky forces to attack, and afterward they retreated. We now hold Tsarskoe Selo."

One soldier who was captured by the Cossacks and escaped back to his own lines told the correspondent that Kerensky's Cossacks had determined to surrender, unless he was able to reinforce them with "60,000 troops." The Premier, the soldier said, promised to get them.

The correspondent made a tour of the battlefield in a Petrograd droshky, whose driver calmly directed his fat horse over the military road, dodging huge lorries and Red Cross motors homeward bound with wounded. He goes on:

"Members of the Red Guard, coming from the battlefields, walked along the roads singing. Some carried pretzels on their bayonets. These are obtainable in Tsarskoe Selo, but not in Petrograd, where only black bread is sold.

"The droshky passed numerous sentries unquestioned, the soldiers apparently considering the ludicrous conveyance of the correspondent above suspicion. A constant stream of ambulances discharged their cargo of wounded at hospitals along the road just outside the city.

"At Pulkova, where the soldiers, sailors, and the Red Guard shared their soup and black bread and discussed the victory which had startled the inhabitants of the small village, the correspondent was directed to staff headquarters. There was an extraordinary contrast among the occupants of the bare, lamp-lighted room, which apparently had once been the parlor of a farmhouse. Seated about a pine table were some officers, who, though unshaven and battle-worn, showed evidences of their aristocratic training. With them were a few common soldiers, sailors from the Baltic Fleet, and one workman wearing the badge of the Red Guard. These shared their common fare with the correspondent and explained that they were all fighting against Kerensky.

Why They Fought Kerensky.

"A staff Colonel remarked to the correspondent:

"'You probably are surprised to find officers, many of whom fought bravely and were wounded in the campaigns against the Germans, fighting with the Bolsheviki. The truth is we were disappointed with Kerensky, who first destroyed discipline in the army, and we are against him first of all.'

"This attitude was observed at regimental staff quarters, where the officers rejoiced over the victory, but bemoaned the reported decision of the Maximalist Government to reduce all officers to the same pay as privates—7½ rubles a month—and to force them to wear the same uniforms.

"The Bolsheviki troops display an anomalous attitude in obeying the officers without question, but at the same time calling them 'Tavarish' (Comrade) and insisting on equal rights elsewhere than on the battlefield.

"That there was efficiency in the direction of the Maximalist army could be noted by the long motor trains of stores, ambulances, and artillery which were going toward Pulkova tonight as the correspondent's droshky returned to Petrograd."

A dispatch from Petrograd, dated Thursday, carries events along a little further. The correspondent reports that Maximalist headquarters had received from the commander of the Bolsheviki forces this message, dated at Gatchina:

"Gatchina has been occupied by a Finnish regiment. The Cossacks are retiring. It is reported that General Krasnoff and Kerensky's staff have been arrested."

The dispatch goes on:

"Martial law has been declared in Petrograd. The banking situation has improved slightly, and the banks are now open part of each day. Private banks are suffering from a shortage of cash owing to the failure of the State Bank to resume business. The strike of the employes, who refused to work under Bolsheviki Commissioners, has curtailed the operations of that institution. Relief measures are promised by tomorrow.

"The formation of a Democratic Congress of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, to which it is proposed that all Socialist Governments shall be responsible, is under discussion by the Railwaymen's Union, the Committee on Safety, Bolsheviki leaders, and the town Duma. According to the plans outlined, the municipal Dumas of Petrograd and Moscow would have a majority representation on the ground that they are the only legally elected bodies. Other elements to be elected to the Congress in the order of their strength would be the army, fleet, and peasants' deputies.

"A telegram to the Railwaymen's Union reports that Moscow is the scene of great disorder, and that hunger riots have occurred there. From other sources it is reported that the Kerensky Government has bombarded the Kremlin, that there has been much looting, and that several buildings have been burned."

Rebels Control Finland.

Advices received in Stockholm from Finland say that the entire country is under the control of the Socialists, who are supported by armed workers and Russian Bolsheviki soldiers. Only the trains that carry provisions are permitted to operate.

The revolutionists have established a strict censorship over the telegraph lines and usurped control of the border stations, recognizing no passports not stamped by Socialist "authorities," and refusing admission at Torneo to any but Finnish or Russian subjects. Even official couriers are not permitted to enter or leave the country.

A Socialist workman has been appointed commandant of Torneo and a former switchman has been put in charge of the Torneo railway station. The streets are patrolled by Socialist workmen bearing arms given them by Russian soldiers.

Bloody conflicts are reported from Abo between the rebels and the law-abiding populace.

The bourgeoisie elements thus far have made only a passive resistance. State employes in general are leaving their posts, which are being taken over by untrained men where any effort is made to carry on the work.

Socialist leaders in Helsingfors, who term themselves the "Revolutionary Committee," have had placards posted in all the Finnish cities, announcing that a general strike has been called to put into effect the law of July 18, passed by the old Diet, declaring the Diet to possess sole power over Finland and aiming at complete independence; to institute an eight-hour day and carry out other reforms demanded by the Socialists. The Diet, elected in September, in which the Socialists lost the majority seats, is declared illegal, and the former Diet, in which the Socialists had a majority, is declared reconvened.

Oskari Tokoi, who has been entrusted with the task of forming an All-Socialist Cabinet, spent ten years in Siberian working as a goldsmith. Tokoi was considered before the Russian revolution an especially moderate Socialist, but he has been steadily becoming more radical in the last months, and was one of the loudest defenders of "extra parliamentary action," an euphemistic expression of the methods by which the Finnish Socialists now have come into at least temporary power.

The Socialists, aided by Russian soldiers, are searching the houses of non-Socialist citizens in various places for provisions and weapons. The postoffices have been occupied by the Revolutionists. The mails have been seized and no long distance telephone communication is permitted.

PEOPLE WANT A STRONG MAN.

Kerensky Has Lost His Hold—All Sympathy for Government Gone.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

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PETROGRAD, Monday, Nov. 12.—Returning from a short visit to the northern Caucasus I traversed Russia from south to north. Rumors of the Bolsheviki rising had reached Kislovodsk before I left on Thursday—rumors wildly contradictory, exciting, and alarming. Throughout the ten Kuban territories order was undisturbed. At Rostoff on Friday I learned a few details of the rising of the garrison, while the workers were in a state of ferment and had passed Bolsheviki resolutions. But in the neighboring town of Novotcherkask, capital of the Don Territory, the Cossack Government under Kaledines had immediately declared for the Provisional Government, assumed full power in its own territories and established contact with the Cossack Governments of the neighboring territories.

Shortly before the rising the Cossacks of the Don Kuban Ter and Astrakhan territories, the Kalmyks of the Steppes, and the mountain tribes of Daghestan and the Black Sea coast had formed a league of autonomous units with a common federal government over the whole territory north of the Caucasus between the Caspian and the Black Sea. The existence of this league guaranteed complete order in that territory, which includes the richest granary of Russia.

On Thursday the Kaledines Government declared martial law in the distubed mining area of Donets Basin and an engineer whom I saw later in the train declared that the miners had resumed work.

The Cossack Congress which happened to be sitting in Kieff immediately took command of the situation there and arrested the Ukrainian Council and suppressed Bolshevikl. The last I heard in Rostoff was that the Cossacks were arresting the Bolsheviki at Novotcherkask.

From Rostoff onward there was a complete absence of definite news. Order prevailed at all the stations and fewer soldiers than usual besieged the train. The more intelligent soldiers with whom I talked were indignant with the Bolsheviki and although the Socialists declared for Kornilioff, other and simpler men knew little of politics and cared less.

Nowhere throughout the journey did I hear a word of sympathy for Kerensky. Educated passengers were infuriated by his laxity in permitting the Bolsheviki agitation, and soldiers were indignant that he was unable to maintain authority and order. One railway man said that Kerensky, Lenine, and Trotzky ought all to be thrown into the Neva.

There was not a trace of enthusiasm for the Provisional Government, which was felt to have deserved its fate. But everywhere along the line was expressed a longing for real order, for real authority, for some one who could save Russia from her terrible fate.

At Kharkov Station on Saturday there was again a scarcity of news owing to a local newspaper strike.

A Bolsheviki committee had appointed its own commissary as Governor, but a passenger from Kharkov declared that there was no outward change and that the banks were open for business as usual.

At Kursk and Orel again I found complete order, but there were vague rumors and contradictory reports from Petrograd. Once we heard that the Cossacks had got the upper hand and again that the Bolsheviki were still in power.

At Tula we had news of trouble in Moscow. Approaching Moscow on a bright sunny afternoon we looked across the low-lying meadows and scanned the towers and cupolas of the city for traces of the smoke of battle. But the old capital stood out still resplendent, with no outward sign of any war.

On the Upskirts the train stopped. We heard the sound of guns, and were told the officers' training school was being bombarded. Women told terrible stories of the fighting and bloodshed throughout Saturday and Sunday, and declared that whole lines had been mowed down by machine guns.

At the station there was not a single intelligent person, and all we could gather was vague rumors of continuous fighting, of houses destroyed by artillery and fire, of thousands of killed and wounded.

The streets near the station were lined with persons listening for the sound of firing, but we were told that further on the streets were empty.

As the train glided out of the station the sound of a volley came up from somewhere near the central post office.

The only passengers who joined the train at Moscow was a soldier whose information was confused and fragmentary. He said that foreign soldiers were helping the Government troops.

At all stations further on we again heard contradictory reports, and I got no idea of the real situation until passengers from suburban stations joined the train this morning.

At the Petrograd station there were no visible signs of traffic. The streets looked bedraggled and grimy. There were shutters on most of the shops, and many were closed, but the trams were running as usual. Near my house I met a squad of red guard on patrol work. At the entrance to my flat two young men, residents of the house, were on guard. Residents of each house now take turns in policing the doors and gateways. We are all special constables now.

And then I plunged into the thick of Petrograd rumors and party wrangling and furious recriminations, and felt again the bitterness of the Russian tragedy as I had not felt it through all the long journey over the plain. Outside of Petrograd it is easier to believe in Russia: here the atmosphere of catastrophe is stifling.

BOLSHEVIKI PRESS GERMANS.

Say Prompt Action by International Socialists Will Decide Civil War.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The Chronicle publishes two dispatches from Stockholm, dealing with the Russian situation, both being dated Friday. The first says:

"News has begun to arrive from Petrograd after a week's silence. Today's Stockholm Tidnge reports from an authentic source the actual situation in Petrograd is that the town is in the main controlled by the Bolsheviki, but that some quarters are in the hands of Kerensky forces. Kerensky's supporters are developing some degree of acuvity even in South Russia. It is said that the Bolsheviki troops are characterized by utter lack of discipline and are without officers to lead their operations.

"Travelers from Petrograd informed the Dagbad that, in their opinion, Kerensky would succeed in mastering the situation. Popular sympathy has turned toward him, and there seems to be a common desire for a strong head at the helm and a restoration of the death penalty.

"Representatives here of the Bolsheviki have wired to the German minority leaders, Haase, Ledbour and Mehring: 'Your telegrams and the manifestations of the other brouner parties have been sent in by courier, as telegraphic communications are cut. The whole struggle will not be concluded by victory or defeat. A lasting civil war is impending in Russia and its issue depends on swift and decisive effort by internationale.'"

The second dispatch reads: "The Italian Minister at Petrograd has arrived in Stockholm on leave from considerations of health. He left Petrograd Saturday and on Sunday evening was in telegraphic communication with Petrograd from Torneo. Interviewed by your correspondent, the Minister made the following statement:

"'The rapidity with which Maximalism has been able to spread in Russia may be explained by the fact that it makes an appeal to the ignorant masses in virtue of two ideas, which they easily understand and accept. These are: 1, distribution of land, and 2, immediate peace. Nevertheless, as these two ideas are as difficult to realise as they are easy to talk about, disappointment will come soon and the disorganization of the Maximalists will then be as rapid as its progress had been.

"'The Maximalists will have still another disappointment. They have promised a revolution in Germany. On this illusion they have based their hopes regarding their "democratic peace." The fact is, however, that revolution in Germany is not only not in sight, but even unthinkable. German socialism is solidly behind the imperialistic Government and will be unmoved by the proclamations of Lenine.

"'The present crisis in Russia will end by clarifying and demonstrating these three huge errors of the Bolsheviki and by openeng the eyes of the people.

"'On the other side the Central Powers are making a fundamental mistake if they think that Russia has lost all consciousness of its mission and its power. Real Russia knows very well that it cannot defend its freedom and its future in any other way than by weapon in hand and by defending the common cause of the Allies.'

THINK KERENSKY DOOMED.

Washington Observers See Little Hope for His Authority.

WASHINGTON, Nov 17.—Belated dispatches from Ambassador Francis reaching the State Department today told of the fighting in the streets of Petrograd, in which students of the military academy and women were slaughtered by the Bolsheviki troops.

The latest dispatch was dated Nov. 13, last Tuesday, and told how the Socialist factions had formed a government of a coalition nature, with only Socialists allowed to participate.

Another interesting thing in the dispatches was the statement that when Lenine, Premier of the Bolsheviki Government, presented his personal check for 100,000,000 rubles and demanded payment all the banks in Petrograd promptly closed.

Messages from the department to Ambassador Francis have been held up, evidently in Petrograd, for the Embassy reported that it had received no messages since Nov. 3. No Americans had been injured in the fighting.

In some circles there was apprehension that not only the Bolsheviki, but other elements also, including even the aristocracy, have joined in an effort to compass Kerensky's fall. Doubt was expressed in several quarters today for the first time of the possibility of Kerensky's returning to power.

Russian circles here still hold that the fighting which is in progress in Petrograd, Moscow, Kiev, and probably other important points in Russia, is whole some and will assist in the swifter determination of the final issue as between the Maximalists and the intelligent democratic forces. When the fighting ceases, it was said, the defeated party, which they were assured would be the Extremists, would never be able to give a new Government any further trouble. One difficulty in the way of the Maximalists which sooner or later, it was thought, will force them to capitulate, is their inadequate sources of supply. The arsenals are at the front or immediately behind the lines, and when the Bolsheviki use up their munitions they will be unable to replenish their supplies. They also face a drastic situation in Petrograd, where famine is threatened by a shortage of foodstuffs and the refusal of peasants to send foodstuffs to the capital.

The delay of the Maximalists in carrying out their promises respecting dispossession of large land owners and donation of estates to the landless or small land owners also is causing some defections from the Maximalists, it was believed.

Stirring events are taking place in Finland, according to unofficial advices received from Stockholm. After the Conservatives refused a demand from the Socialists to abandon their program the Socialists called a strike and arranged to form a Socialist Parliament for Finland. The situation is complicated by threats of the committee of Workmen's and Soldiers' Deputies to organize an uprising against the bourgoisie.

The dispatches state that the Socialists have accomplished a coup d'etat without disturbance, although feeling is running high. The workmen have taken charge of the Finnish telegraph station, but railroad transportation is at a standstill on account of the strike. Communication by telegraph is irregular. There is gossip in Sweden that the Finnish banks are still open, but that Petrograd banks are closed.

BRITISH CAPTURE STRONG REDOUBT

Push on Along Passchendaele Ridge and Drive Germans From Vocation Farm.

BRITISH FRONT IN BELGIUM, Nov. 17, (by The Associated Press.)—During last night the British carried out a small, successful operation northwest of Passchendaele, on the Goeberg spur, by which they advanced a section of their line and forced the Germans to give up Vocation Farm, a strongly fortified redoubt which has been the scene of bitter fighting recently.

The attack was delivered on a very narrow front for the purpose of improving the British positions so as to make the present line across Passchendaele ridge one more easily held. Vocation Farm, which was heavily equipped with machine guns, had been giving the British much trouble in the last few days.

A number of prisoners were captured in the operation.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The British War Office communication today reads:

A successful operation was carried out late yesterday evening by detachments from the Highland, Berkshire and Lancashire battalions in the vicinity of Passchendaele. Further portions of the enemy's defenses on the main ridge north of the village, including a strongly fortified farm, were captured by us. We also took a number of prisoners.

West of this locality also we have advanced our lines slightly at certain points. The enemy's artillery has again been active throughout the night on the battlefront. The German shelling has been particularly severe in the Passchendaele sector.

The night report says:

During the day the ground captured by us last night north and northwest of Passchendaele has been consolidated. The hostile artillery has again shown considerable activity east and northeast of Ypres.

Highland troops carried out a successful raid this morning south of the Scarpe River.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—Today's official war report says:

There were active artillery engagements last night north of Courtecon. We repulsed an enemy detachment which attempted to approach our lines in this region and inflicted serious losses on it. Raids on German trenches southeast of St. Quentin, in the Champagne, east of Teton, and in the Woevre enabled us to bring back prisoners, including one officer, and in the Vosges and in Upper Alsace the artillery fighting was rather heavy at Schonhola. Everywhere else the night passed in quiet.

BERLIN, (via London,) Nov. 17.—According to the supplementary statement from general headquarters this evening, no events of special importance have been reported from any of the fronts.

The day report said:

Front of Crown Prince Rupprecht.—In Flanders, near Dixmude, and between the railways leading from Ypres, Staden, and Roulers, the firing activity revived during the afternoon. By a vigorous thrust our storming troops brought back one officer and sixty-three men from the Belgian crater lines south of Blankaert Lake.

At St. Quentin on the southern front yesterday strong artillery and mine-throwing fire again continued.

Front of the German Crown Prince.—There were successful forefield engagements in the Allette region, northwest of Auberive and on the eastern bank of the Meuse. French prisoners fell into our hands.

ITALIANS HOLDING ON ENTIRE FRONT

Continued from Page 1.

eral Staff. Eight hundred Italians were taken prisoner.

The text of the afternoon announcement follows:

In spite of the cold and snow, Austro-Hungarian troops, indefatigable in attack, climbed the steep summit of Monte Prassolan, between the Brenta and the Piave Rivers, which was defended stubbornly by the Italians. A regimental commander, fifty other officers and 1,500 men were captured.

There have been reconnoitring engagements along the western bank of the lower Piave.

Teutons Incurring Heavy Losses.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Terrific fighting is taking place on the Italian front, according to a cable dispatch received in Washington from Rome today. The dispatch says that the Italian forces are holding their own and are inflicting heavy casualties on the Austro-German troops, some of which are following the tactics that have caused the Germans to lose so many men at Verdun. There is nothing in the dispatch to indicate that the Italians are giving way in their defense of the Venetian plains. On the whole, the information contained in the dispatch is encouraging.

Following is the text of the dispatch:

"Violent and sanguinary encounters are taking place along the line extending to the eastern zone of the Sette Comuni Plateau, where our troops are valiantly opposing the advance of the enemy toward the Venetian plains. Along the Piave the intensified enemy pressure compels us to maintain undiminished our units guarding against any attempt on the part of the Austro-Germans to effect a passage of the river. In the mountainous zone of the Piave the enemy is delivering frequent assaults of the most desperate character in order to occupy our positions on Monte Groppa, which is our principal defensive pivot in support of that section, and thereby facilitating manoeuvres on a larger scale for the greater part of his troops, who aim at forcing a passage through the Sette Communi Plateau and invading the plain by the Vicenza-Fontariva-Bassano line. The enemy has already started this stupendous manoeuvre.

"The Austro-Germans, following their method of surprise attacks, have tried repeatedly to wrest from our soldiers important positions on Monte Sisemol, but each attempt was foiled by the Italians after furious fighting, notwithstanding the fact that the enemy was continually bringing up fresh troops in the vain hope of wearing out the resistance of our soldiers. The assaults were delivered with increasing frequency, so as to prevent the defenders from reorganizing their shattered lines. For five days our brave soldiers have been firmly and effectively resisting the desperate attacks of the enemy, who is applying in this sector the system that cost so many German lives in front of Verdun.

"Similar assaults were undertaken in the vicinity of Monte Lome, where the Austro-Germans concentrated in a short time very large bodies of troops, but owing to the difficulty of the ground for the deployment, of great forces, entire battalions of Germans were annihilated by the effective fire of our artillery and bayonet counterattacks.

"In the region of Monte Fior an entire enemy division was obliged to retire after having suffered considerable losses. Our withdrawal from certain positions in the vicinity of Monte Tomatico does not affect the defensive importance of Monte Grappa, since our line near Monte Tomatico was held simply for observation purposes. Our troops, while stemming the pressure of the enemy, succeeded in reaching previously prepared positions.

"Furious fighting is proceeding at Zenson, where the Italians have almost completely expelled the enemy troops that had forced a crossing at that point. Several Austrian groups were made prisoners.

"The operations which are now proceeding in the Sette Communi Plateau constitute the most serious element in the present state of the offensive, and it is expected that in this sector Italy and the Allies will fight most determinedly to protect the Venetian plains from further invasion on the part of the Huns."

INCESSANT GUN DUEL ON THE PIAVE FRONT

Shattered Church Towers Mark Teutons' Progress Through Browning's Country.

GERMANS CONTROL THE AIR

Greatly Outnumber Italian Aviators —Invaders Use Boats in the Flooded Area.

By PERCEVAL GIBBON.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE ITALIAN ARMY ON THE PIAVE, Nov. 15, (Delayed.)—There was that onrush which was one of the moods of war and in which the slambang of an occasional rifle was startling, and the ten-seconds-long stutter of an occasional machine gun, watchful and suspicious, seemed an importunate interruption. Through the fret of a stone-carved window whose stonework was as fine and delicate as lace I looked forth upon the Piave, flowing beneathe the walls of the house with that full head of water which the last few days of rain had produced.

Within the house all those shutters which the German machine guns had not shattered were closed. One room had received a shell and was open to the daylight as an open grave is open; but for the rest, whoso one moved with precaution to keep the solid stonework between one's self and the fountains of sudden death across the river, there was that shadow which owns and pervades a house in which a corpse lies unburied. Its owners had gone, leaving their tokens in children's dolls, in the china cat on a shelf, in a hundred trivial but significant symptoms of genial and kindly life cut down at the root to make a Hohenzollern holiday, and in their place had entered that ominous spirit who is the herald of strident ruin.

The rooms were still. The well of the wide staircase was silent, and through the broken shutters I caught a glimpse of daylight more ominous than any dark. The bullet-freckled shutter supplied a crevice through which the daylight from without sliced into the gloom like a sabre cut, and through it there was a wide view of the river beneath, of the low, bushy bank beyond where the enemy moved and threatened, of the great Udine-Treviso railway bridge to the south, with a gap in its middle, where guncotton had made a new frontier, and of smoke films yet further south, spires of smoke rising in magic and sinister suddenness, of nightmare architecture and shrapnel clouds appearing and diffusing in madhouse cloud formations, where anti-aircraft fire round the stairwarts of the 3d Army were smashing away at the Austrians, who had pushed their way to the west bank.

Battle Over 900-Yard River.

From bank to bank the Piave showed some 900 yards of an open field of fire, with one channel of perhaps 200 yards wide of swift water, possibly six feet deep, and some three or four other channels varying from ten to fifty yards in width, with high banks of wet shingle. In between, on the eastern bank, there was visible here and there new earth thrown up on the enemy's trenches among the mulberry plantations which clothe this fruitful and beautiful plain, and once, through glasses, I saw men moving among the trees—figures of invaders straying at ease, though they paid rates and taxes in this sweet land which they have usurped.

Below, at the water's edge, a steel-helmeted Italian soldier crouched behind a barrier of sandbags, unmoving as a statue, watching with unceasing vigilance. He was the foremost man of the whole army—the man of the army who was posted farthest east. Near him was a machine gun, and its gunner stood ready to jam home his thumb on the firing lever and create there a sudden arc of death. The river banks are trapped with barbed wire, and the whole capricious and uncertain stream is exaggerated by the arts of war into a horrid obstacle.

On the farther bank, where the distances receded across a maze of green fertility, the glasses revealed one after another of the broken bell towers of village churches, snapped off like rhubarb stalks by the advancing guns of the enemy, for whom all churches are targets, and all that churches stand for is blasphemy against his maniac code of "Upon each war and ill-will to men"; and over all that hush, that bated breath, which is war's alternative to the outrageous uproar of battle. A ripple of rifle fire, a spasm of machine-gun discharges, like a boy's stick along the railing, far and incessant gunnery—these were the mere background to one's sense, like the silence of a garden in which bees are humming. Silence, suspense, and a sense of tragedy impending possesses the moment.

It is an actual and present tragedy which casts its shadow upon the front where I move. I speak not only of the situation in which the Italians now find themselves, with every great height in the Trentino overlooking their retired forces and all their ghastly uphill battle to fight over again, with the mountain saddle looming above Browning's house at Asolo, and German guns screened behind the mountains where Pippa passed, but of the actual Piave.

While I write the Austrians and Germans are magnifying their pressure upon that by means of the great river. It is a platitude of war science that a fordable or bridgeable river is disadvantageous to the defenders rather than to the attackers, since the former must hold the whole line of the river as a precaution against attack, while the latter can concentrate on a feint of crossing and attempt the actual passage where he pleases.

Seven Attacks on the Piave.

This is now proved afresh. Within the last three days the Germans and Austrians have been thrusting at the river at no fewer than seven points between the Trentino foothills and the sea. At Dona di Piave they got across and were driven back to the river bank, and since then their pontoons and their wading men have appeared upon that big, sandy island called "The Grave," where the river divides west of Cimadolmo. How they got across to it is not clear, but the water on their side is not deep, and it is possible that they waded through five feet or so of swift water.

They were attacked at daylight by the Italians, whose shell fire prevented them either from withdrawing or advancing, and they dug themselves in on the shingle of the island, and at this moment are practically besieged there.

South of Dona di Piave irrigation and drainage canals were broken down by the retreaters and the country inundated to a depth of three feet. The enemy was obviously prepared for this, since he has appeared with pontoons and boats toward Cavazuccherina, at the northern edge of the Venetian lagoon, where at this moment he is engaged with the Italian naval forces.

North of Cavazuccherina is that region of mud canals and flood water which intervenes between the canalized lower course of the Piave and the Sile Canal. The rains have turned it into amphibious territory, where men can wade in water and drown on what ought to be dry land. The lower floors of the houses in such villages as Piave Vecchia are under water, and the campanili stick up from the mud-hued level of the flood like strange immense water plants; and here in the silence of the floods the enemy is moving in boats and squelching over mud islands. Peasants, awaiting rescue from the inundation, see him arrive with feelings much like those of shipwrecked people who hail a passing sail and find it a pirate craft.

From the north comes the news of concentrations and attacks at various places on the Trentino front. The Italian line, which was nearly 450 miles long before the retreat, is little more than 180 now.

A measure of the forces assembled against the Italians here is to be gained from the number of aircraft employed. Where once, and recently, the Italians owned the air as definitely as they owned Bainsizza Plateau, there are now daredevil German airmen with the German method of air fighting. Save for the bombing of open towns, where a single bomb may make the world eternally poorer and even uglier than it is now by the shattering of architecture which belongs in the jewel casket of civilization, by the killing of a Raphael Madonna or a Paul Veronese group of saints, together with the soldiers and peasants upon whom they rain death daily, they never come singly. A couple of bombers and a dozen fighting machines appear simultaneously. The defenders are attacked from all sides at once, and here, as in other respects, the enemy has a terrible numerical advantage.

Today he appeared over Padua and was driven off. Asolo, Treviso and all the wonderful and beautiful little towns of the front have known him. I think the very saints under their altars are uneasy in their tombs in these days when the Hun troubles the world.

At the Fourth Army command yesterday they told me of a German officer whom they had captured.

"Yes," he said, "it is a pretty little victory, but the plain of Venice is not going to do much to feed Germany."

RELEASE 30 SINN FEINERS.

Hunger Strikers Freed from Jail and Others Adopt Same Tactics.

DUBLIN, Nov. 17.—More than thirty imprisoned Sinn Feiners who were on hunger strikes have been released from Dundalk Prison and eight from Mountjoy. Some who came to Dublin today were met by large crowds and cheered.

The remaining Sinn Feiners in Dundalk and Mountjoy also have gone on a hunger strike.

Named as First Premier of Poland.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 17.—A dispatch from Berlin says that Professor Jan Kucharzevski, a well-known historian, has been appointed as the First Premier of the new Polish State.

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MILK CHOCOLATE COVERED CREAM PEPPERMINTS—There is nothing more we can say that will add to the deliciousness of these toothsome disks of confectionized delight. They're different than anything you have ever tasted, and millions of Loft Candy lovers buy them for that "different flavor." POUND BOX 44c

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IV. Book Review.
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VI. Rotogravure Picture Section, Second Part.
VII. Rotogravure Magazine Section.

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REMEDY FOR INFANTILE PARALYSIS.....*Mary E. Mullett*
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Says Professor Charles D. Hazen
WHERE GREAT BATTLE MAY DECIDE ITALY'S FATE..*Map*
PROBLEM OF MANNING THE NEW MERCHANT SHIPS..
By Richard Barry
LENINE ANTI-AMERICAN AS WELL AS PRO-GERMAN.
SPEEDING UP THE MAILS FOR AMERICAN SOLDIERS.
FAMILY OF FIFTEEN, ALL LIVING, OLDEST SEVENTEEN.
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PRAISES SPIRIT OF NAVY

Declares Nearly Every Young Officer Is Striving for Hazardous Service on the Destroyers.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 17.—Secretary Daniels, accompanied by his aid, Commander Herbert G. Sparrow, visited the Naval Training Station today, reviewed the brigade, and made a speech to the men. Describing the spirit of officers and men of the navy he said:

"Outside the navy I do not think anybody in America appreciates the rigorous service on destroyers in the North Sea and Channel which confronts the men in this Winter weather, and yet, though each man knows the service is a hard one, he covets it, and I believe every young officer in the navy who knows me personally and who thought he could do it without breaking the regulations has asked to be sent on a destroyer to the North Sea. As I passed down the lines today and talked with those splendid young men, chiefs of their companies, I asked each of them why he entered the navy and what he wished to do, and replies heartened me and gave me a new feeling of confidence and a new thrill in the American spirit because nearly every one said: 'I entered the navy to serve my country in its hour of need,' and their ambition was to go where the fighting was the fiercest and where their services should count most for the liberty of their country.

"Young gentlemen, my message to you is a message of gratitude from the American people for the sacrifice you offer. If a man would shoot straight he must live straight. This is my message to you boys. We have a great contempt for a slacker. In this hour the young man in America, who is physically fit, who does not don the uniform has no place in the esteem or the affection or respect of America. What shall I say to the young man in the service when his country needs him and trusts him who by any lapse of morals shall disqualify himself for the high service upon which his country rests and in some moment, if he has not a steady hand, may fail his country and lose a battle because he has permitted his appetites and passions to weaken his moral stamina.

"We hear much talk of the morale of the service, but we have never yet understood how to spell the word. I tell you there is but one morale of the service and you spell it 'm-o-r-a-l-s.' There can be no high morale in any service whose officers and men do not lead clean lives, do not put upon themselves the self restraint to walk straight and to go into no place, to indulge in no habits that they cannot, when they return to their homes look their mothers in the eye and make them feel they have been true to their training and to their inheritance.

"I wish every American citizen could have gone down the line and looked into the faces of these young men. Every one of them looked me in the eye with a spirit which becomes American manhood, faith in himself, and respect for himself, faith in his country and respect for authority. It is in these things and in cleanliness of living, in earnestness of purpose that we look for the termination of this war, and it will come as sure as God rules in the heavens, for the victory of democracy and liberty and freedom!"

PICTURES US WARRING ON SMALL NATIONS

German Paper Says We Will Seize Colonies as Price of Our Aid in the War.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 17.—Although little newspaper comment has appeared, it is evident that Germany is somewhat anxious about the Japanese-American agreement in regard to China. The Kölnische Volkszeitung says that, owing to military events, America's new understanding with Japan has passed almost unnoticed, but that in reality it is an event which deserves close attention. The Volkszeitung argues that it marks the beginning of a new era, and signifies the transfer of world dominion from Europe to Japan and America. The conclusion of the agreement, it says, does not surprise Germany, for it was expected long ago. Since the beginning of the war, it asserts, Japan and America have been busily conferring, and even more busily since America became involved in European interests and money politics.

The Volkszeitung professes to believe that Japan was not so easy to deal with as America had thought, and says that in June it appeared as if everything would fall through, but that the Mikado's Government achieved its purposes by delay, knowing how necessary its help was to the United States, and that the more reluctance it showed the more desirable that help became in the eyes of Europe.

"America has become the new sword that England wields against us with full force," says the paper, "and we must from now on reckon with stronger resistance from the United States on the European Continent, as America has arranged for a full interest."

The paper suggests that, except in the matter of China, Japan has also gained, and will work now everywhere with American capital, which is of the greatest importance for her industrially.

The paper supposes that America has made arrangements about the former German colonies to her advantage, and suggests that circumstances might occur making it necessary for America to hold the Dutch colonies, [these suggestions and many others in the German press are merely intended to incite Holland against America,] and that negotiations between Batavia and Manila suggest this possibility. It is reported further that America has taken possession of the Azores. "All these reports," it adds, "prove the probability that America intends wholesale robbery, and that the small nations possessing colonies will be her prey."

The paper says that England is unable to protest, as this is the price that America demands for her help in the war.

The pro-German Vaderland is much interested in the report that Japan is to send troops to Europe, and says the Entente has now turned toward America and Japan for help.

SAYS U-BOAT MENACE WILL BE CONTROLLED

Pollen Expects Fresh Efforts by Germans, but None More Effective Than Old.

THREAT OF GREATER U-BOAT

Offset by Its Increased Vulnerability—Foresees Some New and Effective Obstacles to Submarines.

By ARTHUR H. POLLEN.

Some four or five weeks ago I ventured, in the columns of THE NEW YORK TIMES, the statement that the back of the submarine menace seemed to have been broken. Things have taken so satisfactory a turn since then that yesterday it seemed justifiable to say that the ruthless campaign had definitely failed in its two main objects, namely, to starve Great Britain and exclude the United States from taking an active part in the war on land—in other words, that the German threat had been signally defeated. This has been challenged in many quarters—especially interesting is Sir Eric Geddes's caveat—as too optimistic a statement, and I am asked exactly what I mean by it.

Well, I mean exactly what I have said and no more than I have said. Great Britain will not be starved nor the Allies; nor can America now be kept out of the war. But I have not said, and I do not mean, that all the German submarines have been sunk or that they will fall in sinking any more ships; nor that the anti-submarine campaign will not be continued; nor that the building of merchant ships will not be speeded up; nor, finally, that the campaign may not be revived either with new material or in a new field. Of course the countermeasures must be kept up as vigorously, nay, more vigorously, than ever. Of course the enemy will try new types and new fields. The point is this: Do we know enough about the character of the submarine war and of the resources of the enemy to say with confidence that these new developments are no mure likely to achieve the German object than those which have already been countered with success? To answer, it is necessary to rehearse one or two of the main elements of the problem.

The submarine cannot be literally and totally defeated until it is made impossible for a single one of these boats to get out of German waters into those where naval and carrying ships are passing. It is inconceivable that any form of barrier could be established, whether by nets, or mines, of observation posts employing any or all of the methods of detecting the presence of invisible craft and, on detection, dispatching craft suitably armed to attack the under-water boat while it is below the surface—no system of barriers of this or any other kind can be completely effective. Consequently there is but one final answer to the submarine, and that is to take the enemy's ports, and so deny him access to the sea altogether. So long as these operations are impossible the total suppression of the submarine is impossible. And, failing this, the submarine must be dealt with by one and all of the following methods:

Means of Combating the U-Boat.

First, its passing from German to Allied waters must be made as dangerous as possible. Next, those that escape this peril must have their task made as dangerous as possible by the concentration of shipping to routes that can be patrolled, by the convoying of ships generally, and through these routes and by the arming of individual ships that cannot be convoyed; thirdly, general and systematic hunt for, and pursuit of, submarines in all areas otherwise favorable to their operations, must be maintained. Finally, their operations must be made difficult or ineffective by camouflage, by equipping ships with the means of evasion and concealment, and by loading ships and fitting them so that when hit by torpedo or shells, as many as possible shall still remain afloat. How have these measures worked in the last nine months?

No detailed history of the progress of the anti-submarine campaign is available to us. But the indications are that its improved efficiency has been brought about partly by camouflage, partly by more vigorous patrolling, partly by the arming of ships, but mostly by the development of convoy. If these inferences are correct, it is more along the line of defensive than of offensive action that the general defeat of the submarine has been brought about.

And this is extremely significant. For it is a commonplace that the defensive is the weakest form of war. It means a dissipation of force. It means that the enemy is left with the initiative and enjoys the greater freedom of action. All we have done is to make some localities more dangerous for him than others. We have done our best to concentrate our own traffic to those localities, to have made the traffic itself combative, or escorted it with combatant ships. The direct attack on the submarine has been incidental to our defensive; it has been more or less limited to the same agencies that made the concentration localities dangerous. In other words, we have only taken the offensive when the enemy gave us the opportunity.

Now, if this form of anti-submarine war has so far succeeded, as it plainly has, that our losses are for the moment negligible, we must next ask ourselves: Can the enemy by any new grouping of his units, or by the employment of units of a new kind, bring our generally defensive measure to naught? And, next, can we pass from the defensive to the offensive in a more direct and conclusive manner and not only complete the work we have already begun against his units of existing type, but make that offensive equally effective against any new type he may produce? The whole thing turns upon what is open to the enemy in new forms of submarines and in the seeking of new fields, and what is open to us in new forms of barriers. Let us deal with the enemy's policy first.

The Rumored Super-Submarine.

For nearly two years now we have been hearing of the new big U-boat able to carry six-inch guns in plated hcods, so as to be immune from danger of any form of fire of guns not exceeding four inches in calibre. Such a boat could survive direct hits made by shells with flat trajectory such as are normally employed for arming ships. There is no mystery about armor-plated submarines. They have long since been recognized to be practicable, and there is no theoretical limit to their size. A 10,000-ton submarine, armed with twelve-inch guns, could be built and would undoubtedly be seaworthy. But a six-inch gun armored submarine would not be practicable unless she displaced 3,500 or 4,000 tons. With her conning tower submerged, she would certainly draw between forty and fifty feet of water. With her upper works armored, her under body could not be protected at all. She would be just as vulnerable to mines, depth charges and howitzer shells—which would burst under water as depth charges do—as any existing type of submarine. Her greater draft and larger bulk would make it more dangerous for her to pass near a mine field, would make her an object more easily detected by the means by which things invisible but moving under water can be found, would make her a mark very much more easy to hit by howitzer fire, depth charges and torpedoes.

In other words, everything gained in protection against direct gun fire must be lost—and perhaps, as we shall see, more than lost—by the greater expanse of vulnerable underwater body, if any other attack than gun attack is developed. And it must be added here also that every fathom added to the draft and girth automatically limits the area within which the submarine can safely operate submerged. The type, then, is very far from being invincible.

Are boats of this type to be expected on the sea routes in the near future? That they have so long been threatened seems to point to the fact that there has been real difficulty—or at least real hesitation—in producing them in quantities. Germany's building facilities are far from unlimited. Her capacity almost certainly does not exceed three submarines a week of the old type. An experimental boat of a larger size may very likely have been started two years ago or more, but when one remembers the infinite (and touching) faith in the success of the old type boats when ruthlessly employed, is it not highly probable that all efforts would have been concentrated upon producing these, at least up to the time when their failure had reluctantly to be admitted? It seems, then, unlikely that Germany can have any large numbers of the six-inch gun submarines ready for sea.

If they exist, what is their value? Clearly, if they have good surface speed, so that escape by flight would be impossible to the majority of carrying ships, then each will be almost as formidable as armed raiders like the Möwe until they meet superior force in the form of ships armed with howitzers that can attack their underwater parts, as well as guns that hit the exposed turrets and conning tower. They could not, of course, carry armor sufficient to protect them against six-inch guns, and convoys under the protection of warships so armed would be as safe from the new type of U-boat as from the old.

Problem Not Essentially Changed.

To deal with such a type, then, is not a problem essentially different from dealing with the smaller type. It certainly calls for a new armament. The necessity of being ready for such a development as this has been foreseen for at least as long as the rumors of its imminence have been in circulation. Should such boats really appear then, they might have formidable local successes, and possibly a temporary general success. But it should not be long before they should be neutralized.

How about the capacity of such boats to go farther afield? A greater radius of action would follow automatically from their greater bulk, and greater radius might be supposed to imply an extension of the danger zone. But the old boats could operate as far afield as they liked. Witness events in the Mediterranean for the last two and a half years, and the adventures of the U-53 off Nantucket thirteen months ago.

It would seem, then, that the enemy had always had it in his power to extend the danger zone by 3,000 miles whenever he liked. He has not done so, it must exist for very good reasons. The reasons, of course, are that it is no use going anywhere except where he is likely to find ships. Prima facie, then, larger and more powerful U-boats will give him no new facilities for attacking in new fields. But this is not to say that the new facilities will not make their invasion of new fields worth while when before it was not worth while. The point is that mere extension of field is not a new development necessarily favorable to the enemy. And, if tackling the larger boat is a mere extension of the old formula of tackling the smaller, it is difficult to see how either the threat of a new type or the possibility of an enlarged zone can change conditions so materially as to put us back where we were six months ago.

And meantime our major coup is still to be played. If the submarines cannot be suffocated in their bases, they can, must, and undoubtedly will be blocked by mine fields and other forms of barriers before they have left their bases very far behind them. For a year the most active scientific and naval brains in England, and for nine months the same admirable agencies in the United States, have been working independently and co-operatively to solve the problem of making a wide waterway impassable by underwater craft. It is, of course, much more than two years since writers in England urged that vast mine fields should be laid across the North Sea, the upper layer deep enough at low tide to enable surface ships to pass over them, the lower layer near enough to the bottom to make passage beneath them impossible, and, where necessary, intermediate layers to catch a submarine at any level of submergence. To make the North Sea impassable, a number of mines would be required which is, no doubt, fabulous. At its narrowest the North Sea is 250 miles across, and when allowance is made for fields at different levels nearly 100 mines to the mile would be required for the original barrier. And it would have to be renewed from time to time.

Some New Obstacle Probable.

Mines, of course, are not the only possible form of barrier. And, whether the obstacle were passive or active, it would involve an immense amount of preliminary work and immense resources constantly devoted to its maintenance. It is not to be expected that the development of some such attack as this on the submarine has not been in active progress during the last year, or at least during the last six months. As we have seen already, it is inconceivable that it can ever be theoretically completely effective. But it is equally inconceivable that an obstacle that is extremely effective will not, in due course of time, be made.

Are not two reflections on this state of things both obvious and encouraging? There is every reason to suppose that the breakdown of Germany's submarine activities has been brought about less by there being an insufficiency of boats with which to carry them on—indeed the First Lord of the Admiralty says the Germans are building faster than we can destroy—than by the insufficiency of the warlike spirit necessary for manning the available boats. In the weakest kind of war, then, we have brought the enemy's morale down to a point at which his offensive has failed. We are, or must soon be, passing to the offensive ourselves, and he can only vary his units of attacks by going in for a type of boat which will be increasingly vulnerable to the measures we are about to adopt.

For the better gunned, the better armored, the faster and more mobile the submarine, the greater the danger to it both from a mine and from any other form of barrier. For you can add nothing in the way of fighting power, protection or speed or fuel endurance to the U-boat without paying for this improvement in size, and with every increase it must lose something of its power of evasion, a faculty the importance of which will increase in proportion as our barriers rise in efficiency. If, then, the main campaign has failed in its two objectives, the starving of England and the exclusion of the American army from France, when we were limited to the defensive, because in spite of these limits so many submarines were ultimately destroyed, is it likely that a new campaign can succeed when we are passing to the offensive? And any German hopes based on larger vessels seem likely to be discounted by the fact that it is precisely size that will be the chief difficulty in overcoming our attack.

We have, of course, to keep things going as hard as ever. Until the barrier is complete, if ever it can be made so, it would be to the last degree unwise to slacken by one of our precautions. And as for replacing losses, while we can keep pace with the present rate of destruction with comparative ease, we must not forget that nearly one thousand British ships have been lost in the last twelve months, so that there is a tremendous leeway to make up before even our old ship capacity is restored. At least half as many neutral ships have been lost, too, and, finally, we can never have too many ships. The moral of the situation, then, is neither overconfidence nor any relaxation, but a greater effort than ever, spurred now not by the desperate necessity of avoiding defeat but by the exhilarating assurance that every blow struck is now a blow for victory.

TURKS TO STAND NEAR JAFFA

Preparing Intrenched Positions North of the City.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The Turkish forces which have been falling back before the British advance in Palestine are apparently preparing to make a stand north of Jaffa, according to today's official statement on the Palestine operations. The text of the statement reads:

General Allenby reports that yesterday there were minor advances in certain sectors of our front. Our yeomanry, who on Thursday took Abu Schuche ridge, five miles southeast of Er-Ramle, captured 360 prisoners and one gun. They carried the Turkish position at a gallop and 431 Turks were counted on the ground. The Australians, in taking El-Tine, captured large numbers of prisoners, one gun, three airplanes and considerable quantities of ammunition and stores. On Thursday one hostile airplane was brought down.

The Turks are reported to be endeavoring to prepare an entrenched position north of Jaffa, roughly parallel to the River Aujer (Nahr el-Aujer).

The river empties into the Mediterranean about four miles north of Jaffa.

SUBMARINE STILL FOE'S BEST WEAPON

Americans Abroad Deprecate the Optimistic View That the U-Boat Is Conquered.

SEE END NEXT SUMMER

German Land Activities Attributed to Fear of Ultimate Doom of Undersea Campaign.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The message sent out by The Associated Press, giving the opinion of an English journalist now in America to the effect that last week's showing marked the definite and conclusive defeat of the submarine, is much deprecated in circles here which understand the realities of undersea warfare. It is regretted that such importance should be attached to a single week's return. Those who understand the subject best state that there is just as much reason to generalize in the reverse direction.

"More likely they are spitting on their hands for the next go," said an American today.

While there is general gratification at the unique figure, the event is being celebrated as isolated and casual rather than marking final victory over the submarine.

The commonsense of the situation clearly is that while distinct progress has been made in fighting the submarine, we are still far from safe. In the month of October the rate of destruction was considerably higher than in September, a fact that disposes of the ill-founded view that the submarine chapter of the war is closed. The undersea operations have a pendulum-like movement. August was comparatively heavy, September showed a big drop, the actual figures for four weeks being even lower than the estimate I cabled to THE TIMES from Paris on Oct. 9. The Germans must have become alarmed and made extra efforts, for toward the end of October the English and American defenders observed a greater number of submarines at work on the Atlantic than had ever before been known, though owing to the organized defense the aggregate sinkings totaled only one-half the high mark of April.

The Germans evidently exhausted themselves in the October effort, as the low returns in the first part of November clearly indicate. The boats broke down, the crews wore out, and the effect of the strain was otherwise evidenced. The delicate machinery constantly needs repair, and crews to man the submarines are increasingly difficult to obtain. We are experiencing a similar difficulty in America where, despite the inexhaustible supply of raw man power, men for the new destroyers coming out shortly are hard to get.

The best opinion here is that such optimism as is displayed in the dispatch above referred to will have a mischievous effect. If America accepted that dictum it would certainly turn out to be the reverse of true. The submarine is not only yet unbeaten, but can be defeated only by the most strenuous sort of effort, with America and England working shoulder to shoulder.

The men who have been sent here to study the subject and co-operate with England are doing fine work to that end. They bring the American point of view to London and impress it on the British, and they will take home a full understanding of the most important single subject of the war, and will be prepared to enlighten Washington's efforts. None of those making this study minimizes the seriousness of the situation or attaches more than casual significance to one week's figures. I consider as the general impression of many experts that if England and America stick right to it strenuously and sleeplessly, and a fair average of luck attends their efforts, we shall put the submarine danger behind us about the middle of 1918. We must always reckon with the possibility of Germany's springing some kind of surprise, but there has been opportunity to take the measure of the new submarine cruiser, the forerunner of the campaign which Berlin intimated was to be let loose on the high seas in great number as successors to the Seeadlers and Moewes. One of these craft actually has been cruising sixty days on the South Atlantic, and its entire bag totals five ships, two of them small Brazilians. They cannot duplicate the Seeadler's feats, because they cannot have a large cruising radius and speed both, and as the designers considered the cruising radius primarily essential, the submarine sent out as a demonstrator found the sea too big for good hunting at slow speed.

The Germans probably keep closer to realities in the submarine campaign than we. They are undoubtedly having much difficulty in sustaining their activities. They are aware that Italy and Rusela cannot save them if their submarine power is broken. They know that in eight months the Allies' building program of airplanes, destroyers, and cargo ships will put the submarines out of business as a determining factor, and hence their activity on all fronts, and especially the present desperate effort to win the war game by taking the ball round the end in Italy.

BRITISH SEEK HERE PLAN TO PUSH WAR

Continued from Page 1.

groundwork on which the structure of co-operation can rest.

America, France, and England will thus be brought together on working terms. A card system of resources is being prepared so that their use can be systematized according to the war needs as a whole instead of proceeding on the grab-bag plan as has been done to some extent in the past.

McCormick, Crosby, Colley, Perkins, Taylor, and Cravath are as keen as bird dogs in this work. They have hit it off wonderfully with the British.

Colonel House, knowing the unbounded hospitality of London, warily suggested a rule against purely social entertainment. Luncheons and dinners, he ruled, should always have a business purpose, as much is to be done and the time is short.

From what I hear on the outside I get the impression that in handling large matters the Colonel is feeling his way, while his assistants are diligent with department heads, working with them like gears in a mesh. Colonel House keeps the strategic situation in review, watching the political upheaval here, keeping an eye on the French crisis, and above all keenly observing Italy, where the opposing forces will probably meet a few days hence in the world's greatest battle.

No Single Military Control Likely.

Out of the clash and confusion of these immense forces, English commentators predict, European statesmen, with America's help, will evolve plans for unity of control that will not be defeated by national jealousies or violate the spirit of democracy.

The underlying idea of the outside is that America's representative is not greatly concerned on the military side, where unity of control can only mean control by some one individual. That individual must belong to some nation, and the war being chiefly fought in France, control could be vested only in a Frenchman. The English statesman who proposes alienation of the leadership of the English Army bites granite. It was on that point that anger at Lloyd George centred. The Premier's statement disclaimed such intention, and even Lloyd George couldn't stand at present against the indignation which proposals to put the English armies under foreign generalship would arouse.

It is probable, therefore, that the inherently sound idea of putting the Entente armies under a single commander, as the Germans are under Hindenburg, must be abandoned for the present.

Apparently Washington has steered clear of these European controversies and is content to confine its efforts to political strategy, which bears even a larger relation to the war than the military leadership. In that field it is believed here that Washington clearly discerns existing weaknesses and will make a strong effort for amendments.

Lost motion and wasted opportunity can be measurably prevented in the future even in a war waged by democracies. Immense as has been the disaster from haphazard methods in the past probably the next few months will bring still greater perils and graver decisions. The problem is to line up the Allies together so that clear consideration and prompt action may be opposed to the Kaiser's push button control of the Central Allies.

While the meeting of the allied conference in Paris is necessarily postponed until the situation in England, France and Italy is stabilized, the delay gives an opportunity for cleaning up a mass of necessary preliminaries, and the Americans will go to the conference fortified with full information.

Our Naval Preparation.

No account of the mission's activities is complete without mention of the work of General Bliss and Admiral Benson. England being the allied naval headquarters, the Admiral has been especially active. I hear that he has undertaken to possess himself of first-hand information so that when he returns to Washington his knowledge may be in addition to and not a duplication of data already sent by Admiral Sims, whose record abroad is universally regarded as carrying out the best traditions of the American Navy and putting the convoy system in a state of highest efficiency. The American Navy will have three admirals—Mayo, Benson, and Sims—thoroughly informed on the European naval position which should make us strong at sea, especially against the submarine, defeat of which naval authorities hold would carry with it German defeat despite land victories.

MANY GROUPS JOINED IN ASSAILING PREMIER

Old Foes and Malcontents of All Sorts Seized on Allied War Council Proposal.

By ROBERT DONALD,

Editor of The London Daily Chronicle.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The members of the American mission now in London must be struck coming from a belligerent nation where the hatchet of party politics has been temporarily buried, to find themselves in the presence of clamorous political controversy. They must be surprised that the criticism and abuse are directed particularly against the Prime Minister—a man for the moment without an organized party behind him, but at the same time the dominating personality among the people.

The revolt against Mr. Lloyd George came to a head this week as a result of his speech in Paris, and it is still in full swing. At first the attack was directed against the scheme for an interallied supreme council, regardless of the effect such comment would have on the Allies. Then it was turned on the manner and matter of his speech. Now it sweeps over the whole field and holds him up to obloquy.

The partisans have been given an excuse to say things which they had longed for an opportunity of saying. Mr. Lloyd George will no doubt reply to his critics on Monday.

In order to understand why the Prime Minister spoke with such brutal frankness in Paris and in a form which could be turned into good propaganda by the enemy, one must appreciate his temperament and psychology. For months he had been at work on the preparation of plans for creating a supreme allied war council. The study of the problem had just come to a head when Italy was overwhelmed.

Returning from the scene of one of the gravest and most unexpected disasters of the war, he reproached himself and every one else that steps had not been taken before to prevent such a misfortune to the allied armies. The fate of Serbia and Rumania rankled in his mind. Consequently he let himself go. He was in an allied country and was thinking more of the Allies than of England, although he spoke to the world.

Always Seeks the Offense.

There was perhaps another reason for his unmeasured frankness. It drew the fire upon himself, and lessened attention to the Italian disaster. He always prefers to be on the offense, therefore he attacked rather than wait to defend.

The fierceness of the attacks upon him has little relation to the merits of the case. The attacks come from the most irreconcilable sections. Former opponents of Mr. Asquith denounce Mr. Lloyd George and praise his predecessor. Their purpose is simply destructive. They want Mr. Asquith less than they do Mr. Lloyd George. They wish to upset the one without replacing the other. Joined with them are the anti-militarists, who fear a military dictatorship. They hate Lloyd George and shout with the old guard, "Hands off the army."

General and military leaders are busy influencing attacks on statesmen and talking wildly to newspaper men. A section of theRadicals as well as of the Liberals has been lying in wait to attack the Premier, and the Asquithians seize any opportunity which gives them an excuse for an attack which would lessen Lloyd George's influence and prestige.

A solid phalanx of the old Tories fear that too much has been given away in the Electoral Reform bill, and they are anxious to postpone and modify the measure until they can patch up a bogus peerage for the House of Lords. Reconstruction for a period at this stage and under a Conservative Prime Minister would give them hope that their purpose would have achieved.

Then comes a crowd of malcontents, who want to see the Government upset, although they have no alternative Government to suggest.

Deplorable Warfare.

It is very deplorable that this sectional discontent and guerrilla warfare should be carried on in the face of a great world crisis. These elements, if they persist in their agitation, might weaken the national effort, and in any case would give an exhibition of party feeling and prejudice which would bring some comfort to the enemy.

In all the democracies at war differences of opinions and conflicts between civilian control and military direction are inevitable. Lloyd George in his speech in Paris threatened to defend his attitude by a disclosure of the recommendations he had made in numerous memoranda. His forecasts of military developments have been almost uncanny in their accuracy, and if it came to a controversy on this point he would score off the military.

The British Army has done magnificent work, and Mr. Lloyd George's criticism of its tactics should be contrasted with his praise of its achievements in the House of Commons a few weeks ago, when he conveyed the nation's thanks to the army commanders. But the military have made not a few mistakes and miscalculations, and the results attained have not always been commensurate with the loss of lives incurred.

On Breat Britain must rest the chief burden of carrying on the war in Europe until America comes in force. Men and resources must be husbanded, and the enemy kept at bay.

If the British Government had adopted the same ruthless policy toward Generals as that followed by the French many of those now in high command would have been retired.

There is a feeling among the civilian population that the British Army leans too much on the old professional army class. The new talent brought out by the Kitchener army or Territorial forces has not been encouraged. The old military caste looks with jealousy on younger men, however capable they may be.

Lloyd George is against all routine, official, military or political, and he favors the advance of younger men who have proved their worth. Before long there may be a radical change in commands at the front where Generals have fallen short of their undertakings. The sole purpose of any changes will be to make the army a more efficient organization and to add to its fighting qualities.

Downfall Would Disconcert Allies.

The disappearance of Lloyd George from power just now would be a serious disaster for the cause of the Allies. His influence in France and Italy is far above that of any other foreigner and is equaled by few national native statesmen. As his speech, which has raised the outcry against him, was full of sympathy and contained promises of support for Italy and France, any setback to him would only be interpreted as discouragement by these two great allies fighting for their national existence. But I am confident that he will come through the present agitation unscathed, as he has the confidence of a vast majority of the people. His confidence in himself, together with his unfaiterable will, will pull him through.

17 LOST ON THE ROCHESTER

Six of the Armed Guard Probably Died After Ship Was Torpedoed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Cable dispatches received at the Navy Department today from Vice Admiral Sims indicats that five enlisted men of the navy, members of the armed guard of the American steamer Rochester, which was sunk by a German submarine on Nov. 2, were lost in an open boat in which they attempted to escape. Another of the Rochester's boats which has arrived at a port with four survivors, including two of the armed guard, reported that a member of the armed guard and three of the Rochester's crew died before the boat reached shore.

In the boat which is believed to have been lost were the following members of the armed guard:

DONOVAN, BERNARD JOSEPH, seaman, second class; next of kin, aunt, Katie Lynch, 92 Heckman St., Phillipsburg, N. J.

CORUN, MARSHALL UNDERWOOD, seaman, second class; next of kin, mother, Annie Corun, rural route 11, Lexington, Ky.

COX, MEARL RALPH, seaman, second class; next of kin, father, Abner C. Cox, 4,524 Garfield Av., Kansas City, Mo.

WHEELER, GEORGE FRANKLIN, JR., seaman, second class; next of kin, father, George Franklin Wheeler, Spring Lake Road, Waterbury, Conn.

CROWLEY, JAMES, seaman, second class; next of kin, mother, Catherine Crowley, 350 East 140th St., New York.

The following of the armed guard are now known to have been saved:

EISENHARDT, WILLIAM FREDERICK, seaman, second class; next of kin, father, John Edward Eisenhardt, 2,314 Gravier St., New Orleans, La.

FELLOWS, THADDEUS HYATT, seaman, second class; next of kin, father, Harry E. Fellows, 1,222 Clay Av., New York.

FOULIS, WILLIAM, gunner's mate, second class; next of kin, mother, Sarah Grassick, 479 West 146th St., New York.

HOFF, JOSEPH POWELL, seaman, second class; next of kin, mother, Carry W. Hoff, Doyle, La.

McCAUSLAND, EDWARD NORTON, chief boatswain's mate; next of kin, father, Harry McCausland, St. John, New Brunswick, Canada.

STAGISH, STEPHEN JOSEPH, coxswain; next of kin, uncle, John Gransky, 30 Van Kasen Av., Bound Brook, N. J.

THOMPSON, WARREN BROWN, seaman, second class; next of kin, mother, Julia Thompson, Imlaystowo, N. J.

REBUKES LLOYD GEORGE.

Military Expert Questions His Statements on the Campaigns.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The military correspondent of The Times, recurring to Premier Lloyd George's recent speech in Paris, says:

"When the Premier narrates the follies of his British and foreign colleagues and lays the responsibility for allied misfortunes on them, while forgetting his own share in these transactions, it becomes necessary to speak out."

The writer then examines separately some of the Premier's assertions to show that the Government, of which Premier Lloyd George is a member, is responsible for the failures which he pilloried in Paris. The writer asserts among other things:

"The British army virtually was placed under General Nivelle (the former French commander) at the Calais conference by Premier Lloyd George without consulting the soldiers beforehand. Our losses in the later stages of the Arras battle were due to our loyal efforts to take a strain off General Nivelle, and the tardy opening of our Flanders offensive was due to delay caused by this."

After commenting adversely on the Premier's references to the Russian and Italian campaigns, the writer says:

"It would have been better had Lloyd George adhered to the facts."

JOINT CONFERENCE TUESDAY.

House Mission and British Officials Will Plan Co-operation.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The time for the meeting of the members of the American mission to the inter-allied conference with the heads of the corresponding British departments for the purpose of co-ordinating the work done by individual departments since the arrival of the American representatives has been fixed for next Tuesday at noon, in Premier Lloyd George's office. This will be the first joint conference, at which will be indicated the conclusions reached as to the best methods of prosecuting the war more effectively through co-operation between Great Britain and the United States.

Colonel E. M. House, head of the mission, gave up today to motoring to Brighton with Captain Wiseman for the purpose of visiting Lieut. Gen. Bridges of the British General Staff, who recently lost his leg in action and is in hospital. General Bliss and his staff also went to see General Bridges.

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EXPECT CLEMENCEAU TO DO BIG THINGS

Paris Press Calls on Him for "Propulsive Action and Real Justice."

SOCIALISTS ARE HOSTILE

M. Sembat Predicts That the New Ministry Will Not Last—Under-Secretaries Are Named.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—The Clemenceau Ministry on the whole is received favorably by the press, but the editors are all careful to make it clear that much is expected of the new Premier, and that failure to produce results will meet with little indulgence. M. Clemenceau is welcomed because it is believed he will deal out exemplary justice to enemies at home without consideration as to who is affected, and also will inject new vigor into the conduct of the war.

"These considerations, in which instinct has as much of a part as reason, have irresistibly borne M. Clemenceau to power," says the Figaro. "We do not ask for speeches or fine shading of thought, but for propulsive action and real justice."

This quotation fairly represents the comment of all the newspapers in Paris and the Provinces with the exception of the Socialist organs, which are merciless in their criticism of the Premier. Pierre Renaudel, editor of Humanite, asks whether M. Clemenceau will live up to "all we know of him."

"That is the question, and the stake is the salvation of the country," he continues. "Events will show whether it was right to call M. Clemenceau to power or whether it would have been right to try to keep him out."

Marcel Sembat, in the Lanterne, is even more severe. "He will not last, because France must triumph and M. Clemenceau possesses exactly the qualities to prevent a triumph," M. Sembat writes. "Those baleful qualities will make themselves felt from the very first. His complete lack of understanding of democracy and the labor world, his total lack of a plan of action, the impossibility to transform into acts the ideas expressed in his articles without the most terrible consequences, all will be demonstrated. The experiment will be short. We shall do our best to see that it be quickly over before the national interests suffer too gravely."

The Excelsior points out how by his observance of rigorous rules of living M. Clemenceau at seventy-six is stronger than many men of fifty. It describes him as rising at 3 A. M. and working at his daily article until 6, when he breakfasts, goes through a half hour's Swedish gymnastics, has a cold shower bath, and goes back to his writing until 10, when his secretary arrives with the mail and receives his instructions. After this M. Clemenceau receives persons having appointments, lunches at noon, and after a rest walks to the Senate Chamber, a good three miles, whence he goes to his newspaper office at 5:30 o'clock and corrects his proofs. At 8 P. M. he retires after a light meal of eggs, but does not mind rising to answer the telephone. M. Clemenceau, says the newspaper, has never drunk a glass of wine in his life and has not smoked for twenty years.

Notwithstanding the report that M. Clemenceau intends abolishing the censorship, his newspaper appears this morning with the old title, L'Enchaine, as usual.

The Cabinet this morning decided upon the apointment of the following Under Secretaries of State:

Interior, Albert Favre, an Independent Socialist Deputy.

Navy, Depu y Jules Cels.

Military Justice and Pensions, Deputy Edouard Ignace.

Sanitary Department, Justin Godart, a Depu y who is reappointed.

Aviation, Jacques Dumesnil, reappointed.

Merchant Marine, M. Lemery, Deputy for Martinique.

Senator Jeanneney was appointed Under Secretary for War, charged with general administration of the affairs of the department. He will be the only Under Secretary to participate in the deliberations of the Cabinet.

For the first time in years no Under Secretary for Fine Arts was named. M. Vilgrain, who is not a member of Parliament, was placed in charge of the Provisioning Department.

ENEMY ALIENS BARRED FROM FISHING BANKS

None May Board Taurus, and Foreigners and Naturalized Citizens Must Show Papers.

No enemy alien will be allowed to go down to the Fishing Banks for the duration of the war, according to an order issued yesterday by Fred A. Bishop, President of the Iron Steamboat Company, which owns the fishing steamer Taurus. This will be a blow to many German fishermen, who have been patrons of the Taurus for years.

The notice, which was posted yesterday on Pier 1, North River, whence the Taurus starts at 8 A. M. on weekdays and 6 A. M. on Sundays, reads:

"No alien can go on board without a passport from his consulate, which must be shown at the gangway, and all naturalized Americans must show their citizenship papers, which will be examined by a Government official at the pier.

"No alien enemy can go on board the Taurus at all."

This order was made because of a regulation received from the United States Government at Washington, which the Iron Steamboat Company officials say they will strictly abide by. The notice concludes with the statement that any person attempting to evade the rule will be liable to arrest and detention.

BOARD WILL HEAR ACCUSED TEACHERS

President Wilcox Says Evidence Justifies Dismissal of Three High School Men.

INSULT TO NATION'S HEAD

Pupil Permitted to Read Impudent Letter to Wilson One of the Charges Made.

President William O. Wilcox of the Board of Education said yesterday that the charge against the three De Witt Clinton High School teachers of "holding views subversive of discipline in the school and which undermine good citizenship" would be heard next Tuesday. John L. Tildsley, Associate Superintendent of Schools, possesses evidence against the three men sufficient to warrant their dismissal, Mr. Wilcox said.

The three teachers to be tried are Henry Schneer, instructor in mathematics; Samuel Schmalhausen, instructor in English, and Thomas Mufson, instructor in English.

One of the strongest pieces of evidence against any of the teachers, according to Mr Wilcox, is a letter which Schmalhausen allowed Hyman Herman, a pupil 14 years old, to read in his class on Oct. 22. There were about thirty-five pupils in Schmalhausen's class at the time. They had all prepared, as an exercise in English composition, a letter to the President of the United States. Young Herman's letter is addressed "To the Defender of Humanity and Champion of Democracy, Woodrow Wilson," and with the exaggerated phrases of a schoolboy wishing to air his learning, jocularly upbraids the President for not having "consulted the people" before declaring war.

"You are ready to slaughter us all in order that we may enjoy in death what we are now lacking in life," the letter reads in part. "Do not deign to listen. I am only of the twentieth century; while you are a Messiah in disguise. Cast my worthless epistle into the fire, but please forget not to wash your hands thoroughly, and for that purpose I recommend the sacred oil of the Standard Oil Company. Pray, your Excellency, do not misunderstand me. I do not sympathise with the autocratic Germany. But how is it that the United States, a country far from democratic, and England, the imperial and selfish, can undertake to slam democracy upon a nation whether it likes it or not."

Schneer denied yesterday that either Schmalhausen or himself had ever uttered or even thought anything which could be construed as disloyal. He said that Schmalhausen and himself had antagonised Superintendent Tildsley and, probably, the Board of Education, by having joined in the meeting last month of De Witt Clinton High School teachers which urged that the number of school hours per day be five instead of seven.

Schneer told a TIMES reporter yesterday that he valued his ideals of "social civilization" much more highly than his job as teacher, and that he would like to apply these ideals of his to the "democratization" of this city's public school system. He wants to have the public school teachers have a voice in the management of the school system and in the proceedings of the Board of Education. He says that Schmalhausen has always stood with him in this; but that Mufson, the third suspended teacher, on the other hand, has always seemed to be a routine type of man without militant ideals, and that the reason for his suspension is a complete mystery. He said that Superintendent Tildsley had as yet, he is to notify him of next Tuesday's hearing or of any charges against him.

"Regarding the three suspended teachers, the charge of 'holding views subversive to discipline, &c.,' may be, perhaps, an unfortunate phrasing, since it is liable to be misconstrued as an unwarrantable interference with individual opinions," said President Wilcox yesterday. "It is really these three men's qualifications for teaching which are in question. A teacher holding views that correct English is of no importance is obviously disqualified from teaching English. An anarchist holding views in opposition to all government is manifestly unfit to teach patriotic citizenship. Teachers are employed in Government service to teach those things which in general opinion will best promote the welfare of the pupils and the community."

The six teachers who were transferred from De Witt Clinton High School to other high schools after a controversy regarding the patriotic zeal of a certain group of school teachers, wrote to Associate Superintendent Tildsley yesterday, arguing that if they were fit to teach in other high schools, they were good enough to continue to teach in De Witt Clinton.

CHINESE CABINET RESIGNS

Hsu Shih-chang Expected to Form a Coalition Ministry.

PEKING, Nov. 16, (Delayed.)—The entire Cabinet resigned with Premier Tuan Chi-jui today and it is considered probable that President Feng Kwo-chang will accept the resignations. Hsu Shih-chang, former Prime Minister, is expected to be named Premier and form a coalition Cabinet, giving South and Central China representation.

FIND GERMAN AGENTS IN MUNITION WORKS

Report Says Teutons Were Employed in Kingsland Plant Before Explosion.

TWELVE MEN SUSPECTED

Fires in Other Great Plants Believed to Have Been Set by Disloyal Employes.

The German spy system now operating in the United States was able to cause many disastrous explosions in American munition manufacturing plants with the aid of German agents and spies who were employed as watchmen and in other minor capacities by the owners of these plants, in the opinion of many officials of the Federal Secret Service agencies. It has been rumored many times that the great explosion which destroyed the Canadian Car and Foundry Company's shell-making plant at Kingsland, N. J., last January was the work of German agents who had managed to obtain employment in these works, and there are reasons also to suspect that mysterious explosions in other great plants in the last two or three years have in many instances been the work of German spies employed there.

THE TIMES came into possession yesterday of a copy of a report which was made following an inspection of the Kingsland shell plant in December, 1915, a little more than one year before the disastrous explosion of last January. That report names twelve men who were employed as guards and in other minor capacities in that plant, and of these twelve two are said to have been former employes of one of the German steamship lines, another was reported to be in the service at that time of the German Consulate General in New York, while another, it was stated, had been a former employe of a well-known German-American citizen who is said to be in Berlin at present.

The report, referring to one of the guards, the names of the men being given in the report, states that "at the outbreak of the war he was in the employ of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, and is still in close relations with many of their employes." Of another, the report says another guard "has only been in the country for a few months and was formerly in the employ of the North German Lloyd Company."

Referring to another German, who obtained work in the plant as a guard, it is stated that he was employed at a brewery in Newark for a period of ten years before going to work as a guard, and was a member of various German societies, one of them being the Striegerbund of Newark. Still another man who obtained employment is said to have been the agent of a German insurance company. Two Irishmen are also mentioned, one of whom, it is said, had an unfavorable reputation, the other being a suspicious character believed to be friendly with the German cause.

The same persons who gave the copy of this report to THE TIMES told of the discovery in the employ of a well-known automobile manufacturing company of two men who had been proved to be German agents. Both of these men were foremen, and it was not until after the United States entered the war that the fact was disclosed that both were German subjects. The plant in which they had employment is building airplanes for the Government.

Various fires which have resulted in the loss of millions of dollars' worth of war supplies destined for American and allied forces in Europe are also believed to have been the work of German agents, who in many instances were workingmen employed on the properties which were destroyed or seriously damaged before the fires were got under control.

OTTO KAHN'S GIFT FOR WAR.

Will Keep None of His Income While the Conflict Lasts.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 17.—Otto Kahn, the New York banker, addressing the loyalty meeting here last night, denied that the present war is a "rich man's war and a poor man's fight."

"The insinuation that 'big business' in this country had any share in influencing our Government's decision to enter the war is an insult to the President and Congress and to every American citizenship," he said.

"Perhaps you will be more inclined to believe in my disinterestedness when I say that I have made up my mind to keep no income for myself during the war, and whatever remains to me of income after paying my living expenses and taxes will be devoted to charity and war purposes as long as the war lasts."

Speaking of the events which led up to the war, Mr. Kahn said:

"I know of my own knowledge that the stage was set for the war by the Prussian war party ten years ago at Agadir. Austria did not believe that the ultimatum to Serbia would bring on war."

IMPORTANT SALES

AMERICAN ART GALLERIES

At Unrestricted Public Sale

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday Afternoons of THIS WEEK, Nov. 21st, 22d, 23d & 24th, at 2:30 o'clock.

A VERY IMPORTANT COLLECTION OF

Antique English, Italian and French

FURNITURE

Mirrors, Antique Bronzes, Clocks, Old Decorative Paintings, nearly One Hundred Antique Chinese and Oriental Rugs, Embroideries, Laces, Draperies and Flemish Tapestries, Silver, China, Sheffield Plate, Glassware.

Superior Modern Furniture

Steinway Upright Piano and Valuable

DIAMOND JEWELRY

The Property of

Mr. Amos R. E. Pinchot

Mr. Conde Raguet Thorn

The Estate of the Late

Mr. Harris B. Dick

The Estate of the Late

Mr. Van Brunt Bergen

And an Estate represented by

Winthrop & Stimson, Attorneys

ON FREE VIEW TOMORROW

9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

NUGGETS OF AMERICAN HISTORY

"COMPRISING THE MOST IMPORTANT GATHERING OF RARE AMERICANA OFFERED IN RECENT YEARS AT PUBLIC SALE IN AMERICA."

To Be Sold in Three Sessions

Tomorrow, Nov. 19th, at 8:15 P. M., and Tuesday, Nov. 20th, at 3 and 8:15 P. M.

The Sales Will Be Conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY and Mr. Otto Bernet, his assistant.

American Art Association, Managers 6 and 6 East 23d St., Madison Sq. So.

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

FIFTH AVENUE—37TH AND 38TH STREETS

New

Slip-Over Waist

of Georgette Crepe

Special 9.75

for Women and Misses

AN entirely new slip-over model of coral, bisque, orchid, Copenhagen, flesh, or white Georgette, with rows of delicate hemstitching, and long roll collar and turn-back cuffs edged with pleating. Unusual value.

Will Close Out Monday

Children's Coats

2 to 6 years *Fur Trimmed*

10.00

Heretofore 15.75 to 22.50

BOTH dressy and tailored models of Pom-Pom Bolivia, silvertone, wool velour, or broadcloth, effectively trimmed with beaver, Nutria, dyed muskrat, or French seal.

Monday Only—for Women and Misses

Charming Boudoir Gowns

of two-tone Waterfall Velvet

16.75

Regular price 29.50

BOUDOIR gowns of shimmering Waterfall Silk Velvet, with voluminous papillon sleeves, tassel-trimmed. In two-tone coral, rose, pink, French blue, gray, green, or Champagne. Silk lined.

Great Price Reductions

Women's Daytime Gowns

Reduced to 48.00

Heretofore 69.50 to 98.50

CHIFFON Velvet, Georgette or soft satin gowns, lavishly soutache braided, beaded, or embroidered with jet beads. In modish daytime shades. But only one or two of a kind.

Great Price Reductions

Women's Evening Gowns

Reduced to 38.00

SINGULARLY beautiful arrangements in chiffon velvet, brocaded satin, crepe satin, or silk net, for all occasions.

NO EXCHANGES—NO CREDITS

Twelve attractive authoritative styles in

Women's Dress Shoes

at 9.00

for luncheon, matinee, tea and informal evening wear

BUTTON models in black patent or dull finish leather with gray buckskin tops; and in patent leather with gray or black kid tops.

Laced Models in all gray buckskin, and brown or black kid; also, in black patent leather with black kid or gray suede uppers.

Long graceful vamps, high arches, lightly welted soles, and Louis heels.

Women's Winter Suits

Trimmed with Nutria Fur

A special model at a special price

A STUNNING winter model, made of diagonal velour, in navy, taupe, or damson, trimmed with Nutria fur. Semi-fitting coat, deep pointed in front, and straight-line skirt.

Special at 45.00

Women's Winter Suits

Trimmed with Hudson Seal

The model is notably new
The price is notably low

AN attractive sash-belted model of wool velour, in brown, taupe, or plum, and brown, or Oxford heather mixtures. Designed with large collar of Hudson seal fur.

Special at 59.50

SIX SPECIAL SALES MONDAY

for Women and Misses

Wool Jersey Sport Skirts, winter weight, in brown, green, navy, taupe, and heather colorings. *Special at* 8.50

Trimmed Velvet Hats, in black and colors, and in a collection of the newest, small, medium and large shapes. Heretofore 9.75 to 14.75 . . . . 5.00

Crepe de Chine Nightgowns, in flesh color or white, ornamented with ribbon and dainty Val lace. *Special at* . . . 3.85

Crepe de Chine Pajamas, flesh or blue, one-piece slip-over model, with collar and sash of contrasting color. *Special at* . 6.75

Cape Skin Gloves, one clasp, pique or PXM sewn, in tan, ivory, or putty. *Special at* 1.50

Imported Beaded Bags, in exclusive floral designs with drawstring top. *Special at* 7.50

This is about the last chance you will have to buy

Pure Thread Silk Stockings

AT THE OLD FAMILIAR PRICES

for Women and Misses

PURE Thread Silk Hosiery is now selling at War prices. This pure thread silk hosiery is selling at pre-war prices. Very shortly such prices as these will be ancient history. The obvious thing to do is to lay in a liberal supply tomorrow.

Pure Thread Silk Hose, in black, white or colors; spliced heel and toe, and lisle garter top. 95c
3 pairs for 2.75

Pure Thread Silk Hose of superior quality, in black or white, with silk garter top. 1.50
3 pairs for 4.40

Pure Thread Silk Hose of superior quality, in silver, gold, bronze, beige, gray, Russia calf, or taupe; silk garter top. 1.65
3 pairs for 4.85

Hand-Emb. Clox Hose, of pure thread silk, in black with self or white, or white with self or black plain or novelty clox. 1.65
3 pairs for 4.85

Pure Thread Silk Hose, in black, white, or shoe shades; spliced heel and toe, and silk garter top. 2.00
3 pairs for 5.85

Paris Clox Silk Hose, of pure thread silk, in black or white, with broad open work clox, silk garter top. 2.25
3 pairs for 6.65

Openwork Silk Hose of pure thread silk, in black or white openwork; silk garter top. 2.95
3 pairs for 8.75

Open Work Silk Hose, of pure thread silk, in black, white, silver, gold, pink, or light blue. 3.95
3 pairs for 11.75

THE SEASON'S LATEST!

A Siberia Cloth Coat

for Women

Trimmed with real beaver

98.50

THE coat in the adjacent sketch is in winter colorings, with new stole effect surplice collar and elongated waistline at back with high belt.

SPECIAL MONDAY

20 Models in

Women's Coats

Plain tailored or fur-trimmed

45.00

TWENTY new coat styles in the wanted winter fabrics and shades. Silk lined and warmly interlined.

ALL ARE CLASSIFIED IN NEW DRAFT RULES

Registrants Arranged in Order in Which They May Best Be Spared for War Service.

CARE FOR DEPENDENTS

Slacker Marriages Not to Give Exemption—Agriculture and Industry Considered.

The new selective service regulations, which have been drawn up under the direction of Major Gen. Enoch H. Crowder, the Provost Marshal General of the United States, have been approved by President Wilson, and are now on the way to the examining boards throughout the United States. Those sections and parts of the regulations which call for the submission of a questionnaire to the more than 9,000,000 registrants in the country go into effect at noon next Tuesday. All others become effective at noon of Dec. 15 next.

The new regulations, which make a book of 255 printed pages, include a foreword by President Wilson, in which he points out that the task of selecting and mobilizing the first contingent of the national army is nearing completion, and adds that the "expedition and accuracy of its accomplishment were a most gratifying demonstration of the efficiency of our democratic institutions." He adds, however, that the swiftness with which the machinery for the execution of the selective service law had to be assembled left room for adjustment and improvement.

"New regulations putting these improvements into effect," the President continues, "are, therefore, being published today. There is no change in the essential obligation of the men subject to selection. The first draft must stand unaffected by the provisions of the new regulations. They can be given no retroactive effect."

All Must Be Listed.

The new classification rules, which comprise Part 4 of the new regulations, say that "the military needs of the nation require that there be provided in every community a list of names of men who shall be ready to be called into service at any time."

"The economic needs of the nation, while deferring to the paramount military necessity, require," it is added, "that men whose removal would interfere with the civic, family, industrial, and agricultural institutions of the nation shall be taken in the order in which they best can be spared. For this reason the names of all men liable to selection shall be arranged in five classes in the inverse order of their importance to the economic interests of the nation, which include the maintenance of necessary industry and agriculture and the support of dependents."

The group of registrants resident in the jurisdictional area of each local exemption board will be the unit of classification. The order of liability to service is determined by the drawing made in Washington prior to the mobilization of the first national army, and the millions to be classified under the new regulations will be subject to call according to their position in the original drawing. The term "deferred classification" is used in the new regulations, and it is pointed out that it is to be construed by the boards as the equivalent of the term "temporary discharge."

Dependency First.

The most important of the classifications is probably that in respect to dependency. In this connection it is asserted that the selective service law "exempts no person from military service on grounds of dependency," but that it does authorize "the exclusion or discharge from draft" of those whose discharge is advisable "because of the position of those dependent upon them for support."

"The present scheme," it is stated, "is designed by the creation of several classes, arranged in order of their availability for military service, to defer the induction into the army of registrants upon whom other persons are mainly dependent for support until persons without dependents have been called. While an actual dependency must be established before any kind of discharge can be granted, there are certain conditions of dependency which it is advisable to recognize to a fuller extent than others. The present classification is designed to afford the maximum of protection to dependent relatives consistent with the military necessity of the nation.

"It is to be recognised that war must bring inconvenience and sacrifice to all. No person has a right to refuse to sacrifice luxuries. On the other hand, it is not the intent of the law to deprive the dependents whom the law and regulations are designed to protect of a reasonably adequate support. No definite degree can be given to the meaning of the term 'reasonably adequate support' as used in the classification rules and schedules. The adjustment of these relations must be left to local boards, who have abundantly shown that they will approach each case with sympathy and common sense, and, while defending the interest of the nation from selfish and thoughtless claimants on the one hand, will afford the decent protection here designed for meritorious claimants on the other."

Must Be Dependent Upon Labor.

The general rules which will govern the classification based on dependency follow:

RULE I.—In determining whether a claimed dependent is "mainly dependent on a registrant's labor for support" the board will consider all existing or available reasonably certain sources of support other than the labor of the registrant, excepting only public charity, and including:

(a) Income of the claimed dependent from any source whatever, including gifts, and including also the income (or what reasonably and justly should be the income) from the labor of the claimed dependent; except that where the dependent is the wife or child of the registrant the income (or what should be the income) from the labor of the claimed dependent shall only be considered where its consideration is expressly authorized in the classification schedule.

(b) Income of the registrant from any source whatever, including gifts and excluding his labor.

(c) The contribution which the registrant may reasonably and justly be expected to make, or which he is required to make, from his pay as a soldier.

(d) The amount of support which the claimed dependent would receive from any provision of Federal law made, or hereafter to be made, to support such dependent during the absence of the registrant or to insure such dependent against loss entailed by the death or disability of the registrant.

(e) The effect of any moratorium statute made, or hereafter to be made, on the claimed condition of dependency.

(f) The amount which other persons (who have or have not hitherto mainly or partially supported the claimed dependent and who can reasonably and justly be expected to do so) are able and willing to contribute to the support of the claimed dependent during the absence of the registrant; except that, where the claimed dependent is the wife or child of the registrant, support by persons other than the registrant shall NOT be considered.

If, considering such of these circumstances as the board is authorized to consider, or other circumstances not herein mentioned, the board finds that the removal of the registrant will leave the claimed dependent of reasonably adequate support, the board may find that the person claimed to be dependent is mainly dependent upon the registrant's labor for support.

Public Charity Excluded.

RULE II.—Where the claimed dependent is not the wife or child of the registrant, and where persons other than the registrant have contributed to the support of the claimed dependent, or have an equal legal or moral obligation to do so, the board should consider all circumstances stated in Rule I., but it should not find the person "mainly dependent upon the registrant's labor for support" unless it finds that such other persons cannot reasonably and justly be expected to undertake the support of the dependent during the absence of the registrant, and unless it finds also and specifically that the removal of the registrant will remit the claimed dependent to public charity in part, or in whole, for support.

RULE III.—The term "children," where used without qualification, shall be taken to include an unborn child, and, except as provided in Section (a) of Rule VIII., shall be taken to import only children (the issue of the registrant) and stepchildren and legally-adopted children. It shall be taken to import boys under 16 and girls under 18 years of age.

RULE IV.—The dependency of relatives residing abroad who are not citizens of the United States or who have not declared their intention to become such shall not be considered as a ground for deferred classification.

As to Hasty Marriages.

Rule V.—On May 18, 1917, every person subject to registration had notice of his obligation to render military service to his country. The purpose of the selective service law was not to suspend the institution of marriage among registrants, but boards should scrutinize marriages since May 18, 1917, and especially those hastily effected since that time, to determine whether the marriage relation was entered into with a primary view of evading military service, and unless such is found not to be the case boards are hereby authorized to disregard the relationship so established as a condition of dependency requiring deferred classification under these regulations.

RULE VI.—In Class I. shall be placed:

(a) Any registrant who has neither wife, nor child, nor aged, infirm, or invalid parents or grandparents, nor brother under 16 years of age, nor sister under 18 years of age, nor helpless brother or sister of whatever age, mainly dependent on his labor for support.

(b) Any married registrant, with or without children, and any father of motherless children, where the wife or children are not mainly dependent on his labor for support for the reason that the registrant has habitually failed to support them for a sufficient time to justify a finding or the board that he has been making no bona fide attempt to support them in the past and cannot be relied upon to do so in the future—this regardless of support recently rendered or tendered for the purpose of evading military service.

(c) Any married registrant, with or without children, whose wife and children (if any) are not mainly dependent upon his labor for support for the reason that such wife and children (if any) receive no substantial proportion of their support from the fruit of his labor; but, where, on the contrary, such registrant is mainly dependent for his own support on the income (including earnings) of his wife.

(d) Any married registrant with or without children, who is not engaged in any useful occupation, and whose wife and children (if any) are not mainly dependent on his labor for support for the reason that his income or the income of his wife, or both, is amply sufficient to support his wife and children and that the removal of the registrant will not deprive such wife and children of reasonably adequate support.

Wife's Ability Considered.

RULE VII.—In Class II. shall be placed:

(a) Any registrant with both wife and children or any father of motherless children, where such wife and children or such motherless children are not mainly dependent upon his labor for support for the reason that there are other reasonably certain sources of adequate support (excluding earnings or possible earnings from the labor of the wife) available, and that the removal of the registrant will not deprive such dependents of reasonably adequate support.

(b) Any married registrant, without children, whose wife, although the registrant is engaged in a useful occupation, is not mainly dependent upon his labor for support, for the reason that the wife is skilled in some special class of work which she is physically able to perform and in which she is employed, or in which there is an immediate opening for her under conditions that will enable her to support herself decently and without suffering or hardship.

RULE VIII.—In Class III. shall be placed:

(a) Any registrant who has children, not his own issue, but in respect of whom he has in good faith assumed the relation of parent, and has fulfilled the obligations of such relation, where such children are mainly dependent upon his labor for support.

(b) Any registrant who has aged and infirm or invalid parents or grandparents mainly dependent on his labor for support.

(c) Any registrant who has a helpless brother or sister, regardless of age, mainly dependent on his labor for support.

RULE IX.—In Class IV. shall be placed:

(a) Any married registrant whose wife or children are mainly dependent on his labor for support.

To Maintain the Public Service.

Rule 10 controls the classification of registrants in respects other than dependency, industry, and agriculture. It provides that in Class 5 shall be placed registrants found to be county or municipal officials, who have been elected by popular vote and whose offices cannot be filled by appointment for unexpired terms. Also firemen and policemen who are highly trained, and who have been in service for at least three years, and whose places cannot be filled without substantial and material detriment to the public safety. Also in Class 5 are to be placed custom house clerks, persons employed in the transmission of mails, artificers, and workmen employed in United States armories and arsenals, when in accordance with the new rules and regulations "it is found by a Local Board that such person is necessary to the adequate and effective operation of the service in which he is engaged, and that he cannot be replaced without substantial, material loss and detriment to the adequate and effective operation of such service." The discharge of these persons will depend upon the sworn answers to the questionnaire and the required affidavits and certificates which must be filed in each instance.

Mariners, actually employed in the sea and Great Lakes services, are to be placed in class 4, while officials of the legislative, executive, and judicial branches of the Government, the States and territories, regular or duly ordained ministers of religion, students who on May 18 were in attendance at theological institutions, aliens, the physically and mentally unfit, persons who have been convicted of any crime which is treason, felony, or infamous, and licensed pilots are to be placed in class 5.

Industry and Agriculture.

Rules 15 to 26 govern the classification of persons engaged in industry and agriculture. They are:

RULE XV.—The words "persons engaged in industry, including agriculture," as used in the Selective Service Law, shall not be construed to mean that a person engaged in industry or agriculture is entitled to deferred classification by reason of the fact that the class of industry in which he is engaged, taken as a whole, or agriculture taken in its entirety, is necessary to the maintenance of the military establishment or the effective operation of the military forces or the maintenance of the national interest during the emergency. In order to support such deferred classification, the evidence must establish that the claimant is engaged in a particular named and designated industrial or agricultural enterprise, and that the particular named and designated enterprise is "necessary" in the sense recited in Rule XVII.

RULE XVI.—In acting on any claim for deferred classification on the ground of engagement in a particular industrial or agricultural enterprise the board shall proceed first to determine whether such enterprise is "necessary" in the sense recited in Rule XVII. If the board does not find that such enterprise is necessary in such sense, the claim is concluded and the registrant shall be classified in Class I.

If the board determines that the enterprise is "necessary," the board will then proceed to determine whether the registrant is "necessary" to the enterprise in the sense recited in Rule XVIII. and in the capacity recited in any of the various rules in the classification Schedule. If the board does not find that the registrant is "necessary" in such sense and in any such capacity, the claim is concluded and the registrant shall be classified in Class I.

Scope of the Word "Necessary."

RULE XVII.—The word "necessary" as applied to any industrial or agricultural enterprise within the meaning of these regulations shall be taken to import that the discontinuance, the serious interruption, or the materially reduced production of such enterprise will result in substantial, material loss and detriment to the adequate and effective maintenance of the Military Establishment, the adequate and effective operation of the military forces, or the maintenance of the national interest during the emergency.

A particular agricultural or industrial enterprise shall be found to be "necessary" only when it is shown of such enterprise that it is a well-conducted and going concern, contributing substantially and materially to the maintenance of the Military Establishment, the effective operation of the military forces, or the maintenance of the national interest during the emergency; and, further, that particular agricultural enterprise; that it is apparently producing an appreciable amount of agricultural produce over and above what is necessary for the maintenance of those living on the place.

RULE XVIII.—The word "necessary" as applied to the relation of a registrant to an industrial or agricultural enterprise within the meaning of any particular rule governing deferred classification in these regulations shall be taken to import:

(a) That the registrant is actually and completely engaged in the enterprise in the capacity recited in any such rule and that he is competent and qualified in that capacity.

(b) That the removal of the registrant would result in direct, substantial, material loss and detriment to the adequate and effective operation of the enterprise to a degree proportionate to the importance of the capacity recited in the rule.

(c) That the available supply of persons, competent in the capacity recited in the rule, is such that the registrant can not be replaced in such capacity without direct, substantial, material loss and detriment to the adequate and effective operation of the enterprise to a degree proportionate to the importance of such capacity.

Rules for Classification.

RULE XIX.—In Class I. shall be placed:

(e) Any registrant not found to be engaged in a "necessary" agricultural enterprise, or, if found to be engaged in such an enterprise, not found to be "necessary" to the effective operation of the enterprise in any capacity recited in Rules XX., XXI., or XXII.

RULE XX.—In Class II. shall be placed:

(c) Any registrant found to be engaged in a "necessary" agricultural enterprise, and found to be "necessary" to such enterprise in the capacity of a skilled farm laborer.

RULE XXI.—In Class III. shall be placed:

(j) Any registrant found to be engaged in a "necessary" agricultural enterprise and found to be "necessary" to such enterprise in the capacity of an assistant, associate, or hired manager of such particular enterprise or of a substantial and integral part thereof.

RULE XXII.—In Class IV. shall be placed:

(c) Any registrant found to be engaged in a "necessary" agricultural enterprise and found to be "necessary" to such enterprise in the capacity of sole managing, controlling, and directing head of the enterprise.

RULE XXIII.—In Class I. shall be placed:

(f) Any registrant not found to be engaged in a "necessary" industrial enterprise, or, if found to be engaged in such enterprise, not found to be "necessary" to the effective operation of the enterprise in a capacity recited in Rule XXIV.; XXV., or XXVI.

RULE XXIV.—In Class II. shall be placed:

(d) Any registrant found to be engaged in a "necessary" industrial enterprise and found to be "necessary" to such enterprise in the capacity of a skilled laborer especially fitted for the work in which he is engaged.

Experts in Class III.

RULE XXV.—In Class III. shall be placed:

Any registrant found to be engaged in a "necessary" industrial enterprise and found to be "necessary" to the effective operation of such enterprise in the capacity of—

(k) A highly specialized technical or mechanical expert, or

(l) An assistant or associate manager of the enterprise, or a manager of a substantial, integral part thereof.

RULE XXVI.—In Class IV. shall be placed:

(d) Any registrant found to be engaged in a "necessary" industrial enterprise and found to be "necessary" to such enterprise in the capacity of sole managing, controlling, and directing head of the enterprise.

A synopsis of the sixteen-page questionnaire which is shortly to be mailed to all registrants who are not now in the service of the United States was printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES of last Thursday. These questionnaires will be mailed by the local boards and must be returned in a stipulated time. In the event the answers submitted are not satisfactory, the boards are instructed to call the registrant before them for examination. The registrant will have seven days in which to fill out the questionnaire and return it to the board.

JAPANESE MEET McADOO.

Financial Mission Also Sees Members of the Reserve Board.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The Japanese Economic and Financial Mission of nine members, headed by Baron Megata, a Harvard graduate, conferred with Secretary McAdoo and other Treasury officials today preparatory to studying American methods of war financing.

The commission expects to stay in this country for several months, making headquarters in New York and Washington. The principal purpose of the mission, Baron Megata explained, was to broaden commercial relations between the United States and Japan and to increase trade after the war.

While at the Treasury the Commissioners met the members of the Federal Reserve Board, and Baron Megata found in Charles G. Hamlin a fellow-alumnus of Harvard.

Accompanied by Ambassador Sato the mission also called at the State Department and saw Acting Secretary Polk. Monday the Japanese Ambassador will give a formal dinner in honor of the visitors, Tuesday Mr. Hamlin will entertain them at luncheon, and Wednesday Secretary McAdoo will give a dinner. Next Thursday the Commissioners return to New York to remain for a month or more.

$750,000 KODAK CO. SUIT.

Photo Paper Co. Alleges Violation of the Sherman Law.

The Eastman Kodak Company was named as defendant in a suit filed in the United States District Court in Newark, N. J., yesterday by McCartor & English of Newark, counsel for the United States Aristotip Company of Bloomfield.

Violations of the provisions of the Sherman anti-trust law are charged, the allegation being that the defendant company attempted to effect for itself a monopoly of the sale of photographic print papers, thereby causing damages to the plaintiff company to the amount of $250,000. The act invoked entitles injured persons to recover three times the actual amount of damages as a penalty; consequently judgment is asked for $750,000.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.
The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Exceptional Reductions Monday Only

NOVELTY UNDERGARMENTS

Featuring Chiffon, Georgette, Crepe Meteor

REGULAR & ENVELOPE CHEMISES 5.95
Formerly 8.75 to 10.75
Handsomely trimmed with fine Valenciennes and real Irish laces.

NIGHTGOWNS 9.75
Formerly 16.50 & 18.50
Nightgowns of chiffon and Georgette crepe.

UNDERBODICES 1.50
Satin trimmed with Georgette and Val. lace, crepe de chine strap model with beading at top, fine tucks and narrow Val. lace. Satin with wide band of imitation filet.

CREPE DE CHINE & SATIN PETTICOATS 4.95
Crepe de chine and satin petticoats with full flounces of net ruffles and cream mechlin lace embroidery.

NEGLIGEES and MATINEES

Matinees & Bed Jackets
Crepe de chine trimmed with lace, or ribbon trimmed with ruffles. Formerly 6.00 & 7.00 3.95

Matinees & Negligees
Crepe de chine, chiffon and Georgette daintily trimmed with lace. Formerly 9.00 to 12.00 5.95

Crepe de Chine Negligees
Effective models of crepe de chine and fancy crepe trimmed with satin and fine cream laces. Formerly 22.50 to 29.50 16.50

"BONTELL" CORSETS
Satin 7.50 Batiste 4.50
Low bust, long skirt models in pink, blue and white.
Sport Corset of Pink, Elastic & Broche 3.75

Glove Silk Underwear
AT REDUCED PRICES
Knickers Pink, white, black. Formerly 2.25 1.85
Vests satin ribbon straps. Formerly 1.95 1.65

SPECIAL VALUES IN
BONWIT TELLER & CO.
The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Women's Evening Slippers
Light, supple slippers designed on long, slender lines of silver cloth and silver brocade. With low, medium and extreme high French heels.
6.50 9.00 10.00

Special Sale of
WOMEN'S DAY COATS
Formerly 50.00 to 79.50
40.00
A variety of styles in some of the season's smartest silhouettes, developed in the fashionable shades of suede velour, trimmed with fur or plain to be worn with own furs.

Exceptional Values in
FUR FASHIONS

Natural Muskrat Coats
45-inch long model with Hudson seal (dyed muskrat) collar and cuffs. 95.00

Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats
Choice dyed muskrat, 45-inch long full, loose model, large sailor collar and cuffs of skunk. 125.00

Natural Nutria Coats
Loose belted and fitted models; 45 inches long. 145.00

Bordered Hudson Seal Coats
45-inch long models, with six-inch skunk border, collar and cuffs. 175.00

Hudson Seal Coats
A number of distinctive styles, combined with contrasting fur collars and cuffs. 245.00

CAPES, SCARFS and STOLES

Beaver Collars	22.50	32.50
Mole Cape Collars	32.50	69.50
Hudson Seal Collars	16.50	35.00
Mole Stoles	75.00	95.00
Hudson Seal Stoles	35.00	55.00
Skunk Scarfs	22.50	32.50
Kolinsky Scarfs & Stoles	110.00 to	195.00
Hudson Bay Sable Scarfs and Stoles	195.00 to	650.00

ROUND and NOVELTY MUFFS

Hudson Seal Muffs	14.50	18.50
Mole Muffs	25.00	29.50
Skunk Muffs	22.50	29.50
Beaver Muffs	18.50	25.00
Nutria Muffs	10.00	14.50

To Close Out
A Collection of Fifteen
PARIS MODEL GOWNS
At a Fraction of the Cost of Import
100.00
This collection includes all the imported Paris model gowns that remain from the Bonwit Teller & Co. Fall & Winter importation.

ARRANGED FOR MONDAY
A Special Sale of
WOMEN'S TAILLEUR SUITS
AT REDUCED PRICES

Women's Tailored Suits
Formerly 39.50 to 55.00
34.00
Suits of silvertone, wool velour, gabardine, broadcloth; plain tailleur models and dressy fur-trimmed suits.

Women's Plain & Fur Trimmed Suits
Formerly 59.50 to 85.00
44.00
Suits of Rayonnier cloth, silvertone, gabardine, broadcloth, tricotine; straightline and belted coats, strictly tailored models and coats with large collars of fur.

Women's Costume Suits
Formerly 95.00 to 150.00
74.00
Handsome, exclusive suits in velveteen, silk duvetyn, wool velour, silvertone, Rayonnier cloth—accentuated with Hudson seal, Jap mink, beaver, nutria, ringtail Kolinsky or Australian opossum.

SPECIAL FOR MONDAY
Women's Kid Gloves
Short kid gloves, in white, ivory, tan and and putty shades. Overseam, pique and P. X. M. sewn.
1.75
The Pair

Reduced Prices in
WOOL SWEATERS

Sweater Scarf & Cap Set
Of Australian brushed wool and mottled effects. Formerly 14.50 & 15.00 6.50

Brushed Wool Sweaters
Five different groups in desirable shades, with sashes or belts. Formerly 10.00 to 16.50 6.50

Shetland Coat Sweaters
Medium weight fine weave Llama wool. White, green, gold, corn, rose, gray, purple. Formerly 12.75 6.50

Cashmere Wool Sweaters
In tan, brown, white and gray, with sashes to match. Also mannish belted styles in American beauty, corn, Copenhagen, drab and green. Formerly 18.50 8.50

FRENCH BLOUSES
10.50 to 79.50
Unusual and exclusive style-themes emphasizing the refined simplicity and restraint of Bonwit Teller & Co. French blouse modes. Blouses developed in handkerchief linen, batiste, crepe de chine and Georgette crepe.

MISSES' APPAREL
At Reduced Prices

Misses' Tailored Suits
Strictly tailored and bound models in whipcord, burella, wool jersey and wool velour. Sizes 14 to 18. Formerly 35.00 & 45.00 28.00

Misses' Tailored Suits
A collection, including many of the season's smartest modes in cloth and velvet, tailored and fur trimmed. Formerly 75.00 to 95.00 47.50 59.50

Misses' Costume Suits
One or two suits of a kind developed in rich cloths and velvets. Individualized styles exclusive with this shop. Sizes 14 to 18. Formerly 95.00 to 125.00 75.00

Misses' Frocks
Frocks in simple tailored types and dressier modes developed in a variety of styles and materials. Formerly 59.50 & 65.00 35.00

PUT UP TO GARFIELD BIG WAGE INCREASE

Anthracite Operators Will Pay Miners $40,000,000 a Year More if Prices Are Raised.

ASK 45 CENTS A TON MORE

Contract for Wage Increase Signed by Both Sides Contingent Upon Approval of Fuel Administrator.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Miners in the anthracite coal fields want wage increases aggregating more than $40,000,000, and Dr. H. A. Garfield, the Fuel Administrator, was asked today to grant a readjustment of the prices for coal at the mouth of the mine, which operators say is necessary to meet the situation. It is estimated that the increases suggested call for a jump of at least 45 cents a ton in the price schedule approved by President Wilson.

The terms which both miners and operators are willing to accept if Dr. Garfield agrees to the increase in mine prices, were incorporated in an agreement reached today after a series of conferences between representatives of both branches of the industry. It is similar in many respects to the agreement reached recently in the bituminous fields.

In the latter case a number of increases in prices for coal at the mine were granted by Dr. Garfield, but there is the difference that mine prices had been reduced radically by the President in the bituminous fields, while prices for coal at the mine in the anthracite field have not been changed materially by Government edict from those which have been in force.

Dr. Garfield reserved decision today, but may make an announcement early next week. He had informed the miners and operators that the Government would make no promises on which they might base negotiations. The only recognition that the Fuel Administration gave to the conference was to have two of its experts, John P. White, President of the United Mine Workers of America, and James Neale, attend some of the sessions to hear the arguments presented.

The Settlement Contingent.

The decision as to the increase is put directly up to Dr. Garfield in the terms of the agreement signed by the authorized representatives of operators and miners. It contains these paragraphs:

"And it is further understood and agreed that this contract will become effective only on condition that the selling price of coal shall be advanced by the United States Government sufficient to cover the increased cost of production, and will not take effect until the first day of the pay period following the order granting such increased price.

"Subject to the foregoing provision the contract will remain in effect during the period of the war, or until March 31, 1920, in case the war is not terminated before that date."

Gives $40,000,000 More Pay.

The operators and miners entered into one agreement in May, 1916, which was to extend until March 31, 1920. There was a supplemental agreement in May, 1917. Concerning the latest contract this statement from the conference room was issued through J. A. Gorman, Secretary of the Anthracite Conciliation Board:

"The agreement concluded by anthracite operators and miners brings to the anthracite mine workers in excess of $40,000,000 above the wages provided by the supplemental agreement of May, 1917. Above the 1916 basis the additional wages to the mine workers exceed $65,000,000 per annum.

"The new supplemental agreement gives increases in wages of 15 per cent. to 44 per cent. to day men and 15 per cent. to contract men."

THREATENED TO STEAL FORD'S BABY GRANDSON

Detroit Youth Sentenced to Five Years for Demanding $10,000 From Edsel Ford.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 17.—Jacob Yellin, a Detroit youth, was convicted by a Federal jury here today of sending a threatening letter demanding ransom to Edsel Ford, son of the automobile manufacturer. Yellin was sentenced to five years in Leavenwortr Prison and also was fined $1,000.

The letter which Ford received demanded $10,000 as the price for the safety of his baby son, Henry Ford II. The writer specified that the money be sent by mail to the local general delivery department. When a messenger called at the window for the package a dummy parcel was given to him, and then he was trailed by detectives. The messenger met Yellin several blocks from the Post Office, and the latter was arrested as he took the parcel.

Yellin asserted his innocence and declared that he had promised a man whom he did not know to receive the parcel. Testimony was offered at the trial by a typewriter expert to the effect that the ransom note was written on the same typewriter that Yellin had used to write a note to a friend.

Auction Sale in Post Office.

Postmaster Patten announced yesterday that an auction sale of unclaimed articles which have accumulated at the New York Post Office will be held in the South Lobby, Main Floor, New Post Office Building, Thirty-first to Thirty-third Streets and Eighth Avenue, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 10 A. M. The articles will be open for inspection in Room 22-M, Mezzanine Floor, tomorrow and Tuesday from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

The Clear-thinking Executive

BIG men's minds must not be hampered by physical inefficiency. Clear brains depend largely on good digestion.

PLUTO WATER
America's Physic

PLUTO brings the benefits of a sojourn at famous French Lick Springs direct to the busy business man. PLUTO flushes the internal organs and removes the poisons that dull the mind and steal the power to do things.

Occasional use of PLUTO WATER is a certain health safeguard, even for those who *think* they don't need a laxative.

Bottled at French Lick Springs and always obtainable at your druggist's. Order PLUTO today.

Binder, strong cloth, to preserve The New York Times Sunday Pictorial Section, with the beautiful rotogravure illustrations, sent by mail for $1.75. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

"Fifth Avenue's Popular Priced Fashion Shop"

Lee-Morris Co

at 36th Street 394 Fifth Avenue at 36th Street

Special Presentation
An Extensive Collection
Beautiful Coats
For Women and Misses
Values that emphasize the advantage of selecting apparel at this fashion shop.

39.75

Pom Pom Coats
29.75 Value $5.00
A beautiful straightline belted model, in all the fashionable colors. Lined with superior peau de cygne and warmly interlined. Specially adapted for small as well as large figures

Velour de Laine Coats
39.75 Value 49.50
Extra deep collar, cuffs and flaring 12-inch border of fur; silk lined, warmly interlined.

Velour de laine Coats | *Velour du Nord Coats*
50.00 Value 69.50 | 50.00 Value 69.50
very large collar and cuffs of beautifully marked natural dark raccoon. | *large self cape collar and deep gauntlet cuffs, extra wide flare bottom.*

Other Swagger Coats 57.50, 69.50 to 125.00

270 Superb Suits
Decisively Reduced

75 Suits were to 35.00	*19.75*
41 Suits were to 39.75	*25.00*
58 Suits were to 45.00	*29.75*
64 Suits were to 57.50	*35.00*
32 Suits were to 79.50	*49.50*

Fur trimmed and superior tailored models, Duvet de Laine, Velour de Laine, Velvet, Broadcloth. All sizes for Women and Misses in the sale.

Sale—350 Dresses
Silk, Velvet, Serge
Modes of the moment
Substantially Reduced for Immediate Disposal. 15.00
All Sizes for Women and Misses.
Lee-Morris Co., 394 Fifth Avenue

New York Brooklyn Philadelphia OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO Cleveland Buffalo Newark

34th Street—New York

Will Close Out Monday

Women's High Cost Dresses

At Extraordinary Reductions

About 275 smart Afternoon and Dance Dresses of Radium Taffeta, Georgette Crepe, Charmeuse, Velveteen, Jersey, Tricotine and Serge, trimmings of beads, braid, silk and metallic embroidery and fur.

Taken From Our Regular Stock
Formerly sold to 50.00
Reduced to 28.00

Also About 165 Women's Dresses

Afternoon and Street Models of Silk and Cloth
Reduced to 15.00

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street—New York

Will Place on Special Sale Monday

Women's Distinctive Coats

Women's Smart Street Coats in tailored and fur trimmed models of Velour Cloth and Pom Pom Cloth, several models in prevailing colors.

Special 25.00

Women's Fur Trimmed Coats
Exclusive models of velour cloth, Pom Pom or Shetland velour, silk lined throughout and warmly interlined. *Special* 35.00

Women's Bolivia Cloth Coats
Plain Custom-tailor silhouette model of superior bolivia cloth, plain and novelty silk lined. *Special* 45.00

Women's Higher Cost Exclusive Coats

For Street, Afternoon and Evening Wear.

Copies of latest Parisian importations in tailored and richly fur trimmed models in a diversity of styles—a coat for every woman, and every coat a distinct achievement expressing all the latest fashion conceptions.

59.75 75.00 95.00 and upward

Exceptional Values Monday

Women's Hudson Seal Coats

The modes are new and distinctive to a degree. The pelts are fine and selected, matched by expert furriers.

Women's Hudson Seal Coats (*Dyed Muskrat*), full flare model, deep collar and cuffs, 42 inches long. *Sale Price* 95.00

Women's Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats (*Dyed Muskrat*), fashionable model, 45 inches long, deep collar, large cuffs and six inch border of *natural skunk*. *Sale Price* 185.00

Women's Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats (*Dyed Muskrat*), finest of pelts, perfectly matched, 45 inches long, loose box model, 12 inch border, deep collar and cuffs of *natural skunk*, fancy silk lining. *Sale Price* 275.00

Nothing Reserved

PAUL BERNARD
The Women's Shop for Values
22 EAST 34TH ST. ACROSS THE STREET FROM ALTMAN'S

All Sales Final

Monday and Tuesday

Unrestricted Choice of
ALL DRESSES

In Our Entire Stock of Dresses for Every Occasion

14.90

Regardless of Cost or Value

Regular Prices to $55.00; a few higher

Evening Gown of Beaded Tulle and Lace over Satin. Regularly $65.00 In This Sale at $14.90

Afternoon Dress of Emb'd Georgette and Satin. Regularly $24.75 In This Sale at $14.90

Street Frocks of Serge;
Afternoon Dresses of Satin or Georgette;
Evening Gowns of Tulle and Satin

Tobe-Gill LTD.

26 West Fifty-Eighth Street
Opposite the Plaza

Announce Their

Semi-Annual Clearance

beginning tomorrow

Model Suits and Tailored Frocks

$35.00 upwards

in Velvets, Velours & Duvetyns, some richly fur-trimmed.

We advise an early selection, as there is only one model of a kind.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street—New York

Special Values for Monday

500 Women's New Blouses

Of Crepe de Chine and Georgette Crepe in tailored and dressy models, satin trimmed and embroidered in white, flesh and attractive colors. *Sale Price* 3.95

Satin Underbodices

Of washable Satin in flesh and white, lace and ribbon trimmed.

Special 1.00

Crepe de Chine Nightgowns

Of superior Crepe de Chine in tailored and lace trimmed models.

Special 3.95

Envelope Chemises

Superior Crepe de Chine envelope chemises in tailored and lace trimmed models.

Special 1.85

Wash Satin Bloomers

Washable satin bloomers in tailored or lace trimmed models, fully reinforced.

Special 2.75

American Art Galleries
MADISON SQUARE SOUTH, NEW YORK

NOTICE

The Extraordinary Collection of
Italian Art Treasures and Antiquities
ACQUIRED DURING THE PAST YEAR BY
Professor Elia Volpi

The Recognized Italian Expert and Antiquarian
AND RECENTLY BROUGHT TO AMERICA BY THEIR OWNER
WILL BE PLACED ON FREE PUBLIC VIEW
BEGINNING SATURDAY, DECEMBER 1ST
and Will Be Sold at Unrestricted Public Sale
ON THE AFTERNOONS OF THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
DECEMBER 6TH, 7TH AND 8TH, AT 2:30 O'CLOCK

DESCRIPTIVE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE, BY PROFESSOR RANCHI, FLORENCE, AND PROFESSOR VOLPI IN COLLABORATION WITH MR. HORACE TOWNSEND OF NEW YORK AND MR. CESARE A. GUGLIELMETTI OF ROME, WILL BE MAILED ON RECEIPT OF TWO DOLLARS.

THE SALE WILL BE CONDUCTED BY
Mr. THOMAS E. KIRBY
and his assistant, Mr. Otto Bernet, of
The American Art Association, Managers
Nos. 2, 4 and 6 East Twenty-third St., Madison Square South, New York

CLOSING DAYS OF THE
GREAT FIRE SALE
OF GRAND RAPIDS
FURNITURE

MUST BE SOLD REGARDLESS OF COST
TO MAKE PLACE FOR NEW GOODS
Bargains in Sheraton, Tudor, Adam, Hepplewhite, Colonial, etc., Dining Room Suites, Queen Anne, Louis XV., Louis XVI., Sheraton, etc., Bedroom Suites, as well as odd period pieces. Desks, Chairs, Tables, etc.

Manufacturers MANGES BROS. Established 1852
115 and 117 West 25d Street

FEDERAL CONTROL OF RAILWAYS LOOMS

Heads of Lines, at Rate Hearings, Foresee Some Radical Step in Near Future.

MAY BE ACTUAL OWNERSHIP

Or Merely Government Loan, with Guarantee of Income and Complete Direction During War.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—As the hearings progress before the Interstate Commerce Commission in the 15 per cent. freight rate increase case, revealing the condition of the railroads of the country, it is becoming more evident, in the opinion of many of those concerned, that a radical change must be made in the fundamental railroad policy. The carriers say they are unable to obtain money to keep up equipment, and even if the increase should be granted by the commission this would not supply the needed revenues.

All kinds of cures for the present ills are advanced by financiers and railroad chiefs. One of the most radical suggestions is that the railroads should be brought under Government ownership. Others favor merely Government control and a unification of railroad lines under one directing head during the war. Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank of New York, advanced the latter idea in a modified form.

That the railroad Presidents themselves see the need for Government assistance, but are opposed to Government ownership, has been reflected in testimony before the commission. Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, said the carriers could not obtain the money necessary for maintaining the roads in their proper condition. He offered the suggestion that the Government loan the railroads about a billion dollars at 4 per cent.

The impression is strong in the minds of railroad chiefs that the Government must aid them materially, and that the 15 per cent. increase in rates is insufficient. Railroad Presidents are now reported to be considering a proposition which would furnish them with the required revenues and make government ownership unnecessary. It is believed that this will be a request for a Government loan and that, receiving this, the carriers will readily consent to a semi-government control during the period of the war.

Newlands Committee Report.

The railroad men in Washington—and nearly all of the important heads are here—are anxiously looking forward to the report to be made to the next Congress by the Newlands Committee, composed of members of the Interstate Commerce Committee of the Senate and the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee of the House, which for a year has been investigating the railroad situation in general. One of the features of the committee's investigation has been the advisability of Government ownership.

It was reported today that the Newlands Committee had evolved a scheme that would mean Government control of the roads with Government financial support, but leaving the actual operation and ownership with the carriers themselves. The Newlands Committee's scheme, it is reported, comprehends a guarantee of earnings of the railroads at a stipulated rate, based on the value of the property. An ample wage would be exacted for the employes. This system, if put into effect, would follow that in vogue in England with respect to the British railways since the beginning of the war. In England the scheme has worked successfully. Official confirmation of the report was not obtained.

Under the reported Newlands committee idea the Government would, in effect, back the railroads with whatever finances were needed to carry on their operation during the war. The securities would be strengthened by Government support.

Ever since the Interstate Commerce Commission began its hearings here on the application of the railroads to raise their rates, railroad men have seen a tendency on the part of the Government to step in with some intimate regulation, if not actual ownership. They have heard rumblings that Congress was ready to take the initiative by enacting a law putting the railroads directly under Government ownership. This has caused no little uneasiness among the railroad heads. While they do not object to Government supervision, no matter how drastic, they do not want their property taken away.

That the Interstate Commerce Commission may eventually recommend Government ownership is believed by many of the railroad men. But they are more concerned over what Congress may do at the coming session than what action the Interstate Commerce Commission is going to take on the application for an increase in rates. It now seems a foregone conclusion that the commission is going to grant some kind of an increase.

One plan being discussed for the running of the railroads is that Congress, as part of the necessary legislation to bring about Government ownership, should transform the Interstate Commerce Commission into a Department of Transportation. Then, as part of the plan, the country would be divided into zones or sections, each member of the present commission to be a Director of the railroads in that zone and all the Directors co-operating together along lines to be laid down by Congress.

The commission now has a large force, numbering more than 2,000 employes, a heavy percentage of whom are trained in railroad accounting and railroad matters generally. In addition to these, the commission would be authorized to employ additional practical railroad men.

How the Government would finance the taking over of the railroads is a problem to be worked out. Those who advocate Government ownership say that the revenues of the carriers now disbursed to the immense army of officials and other disbursements in the way of dividends, etc., would be sufficient to pay the interest on bonds that might be issued to compensate present stockholders and bondholders.

It is very apparent that one thing stands out strongly in the present railroad situation and it is that the railroad men are now more apprehensive of Government ownership than at any previous time.

Shippers' Witnesses Heard.

Taking of testimony in the hearing of the 15 per cent. advance freight rate case before the Interstate Commerce Commission was completed today with the introduction of witnesses by shippers in an effort to show the financial condition of the railroads was not as serious as had been contended, and that an increase in freight rates now was unwarranted.

The principal witness was Clifford Thorne, who gave an exhaustive review of statistics prepared by the shippers, tending to show that railroad securities had not declined as much as some others and that earnings of the 38 Eastern roads interested already had exceeded by $30,000,000 since January 1 the estimates the railroads gave of their earnings for 1917, when the case was heard earlier in the year.

In attacking the method by which some railroad figures had been prepared, Mr. Thorne, reading from his charts, stated that in 1907 the Baltimore & Ohio entered $7 for renewal of each freight car, and in 1916 $44 for the same purpose. In 1907, he said, $8 was charged for every passenger car, while in 1916 it was $176, and for locomotives for the same years the figures were $30 and $519, respectively.

Representatives of Southwestern cattle interests testified that an increase in rates even in Eastern territory only would work a hardship on the industry, which, they said, had been abnormally bad for the raisers for two years. Ed. C. Lassiter, who raises cattle on a large scale in Texas, said the cattlemen who shipped to the Middle Western markets would be affected by the rates in the East, because the packers would consider the increased transportation cost in purchasing.

Sam Cowan, representing the National Livestock Shippers' Protective Association, read telegrams from cattlemen saying their situation was serious because of the drought and high cost of feed. One from Ike T. Pryor, President of the American Cattle Raisers' Association, said the supply of calves this year would be 40 per cent. below normal.

Benjamin C. Marsh, Executive Secretary of the American Committee on the High Cost of Living, filed a brief attacking the proposed increase, and suggesting "We have meatless days and wheatless days, and would it not be appropriate to have some dividendless days?"

FREIGHT ORDER EXTENDED.

Pennsylvania's 'Shipping Day' Plan Now Includes New Jersey.

Adoption of the "Shipping Day" for freight in less than carload lots, introduced as an experiment by the Pennsylvania Railroad at its Philadelphia freight terminals some time ago, and since extended to New York, Buffalo, and Baltimore, has proved such a success that the Pennsylvania has decided, beginning tomorrow, to apply it to its entire territory in northern New Jersey.

Henceforth freight in less than carload lots will not be accepted at the Pennsylvania stations within this territory except on designated days, with closing hours ranging from 3 to 5 P. M., after which no freight of this character will be taken. The "Shipping Day" will vary for different stations, depending upon the route to be followed by the shipment. A full schedule of dates will be available for shippers at all times.

The purpose of the "Shipping Day" is to diminish the amount of rehandling of freight at transfer stations, reduce the time in transit, and save car space by consolidating ship-

DWIGGINS BACK, TELLS OF SHORTAGE

Insurance Agent Said to Have Admitted That His Assets Will Not Cover Loan Thefts.

TRIES TO SHIFT BLAME

Wife Declares He Assured Her That He Would Make Good the Amount Due on Liberty Bond Sales.

Handcuffed to a Post Office Inspector, Elmer Dwiggins, general agent of the Bankers Life Insurance Company of Des Moines, Iowa, was brought to this city yesterday to be prosecuted on a charge of having used the mails to defraud investors in Liberty bonds. Dwiggins, who was arrested in Montgomery [illegible] disappeared [illegible] Saturday after it was discovered that he had failed to account for more than $70,000 worth of Liberty bond subscriptions which he had collected through the mails, presumably, it was said, as an agent of the Bankers Life Insurance Company. When taken to the United States Marshal's office for examination, Dwiggins refused to discuss his discrepancies further than to admit to Assistant District Attorney Edwin S. Brogan that he had speculated with the money received for Liberty bonds on the Stock Exchange.

Following an examination before Assistant United States Attorney Elon Mathews, the prisoner was allowed to see his wife, Mrs. Ora Dwiggins, who gave the Federal authorities information which led to his arrest. They conversed alone in one of the rooms of the United States Marshal's office for fifteen minutes, after which Mrs. Dwiggins emerged and declared to reporters that her husband had assured her that he would "make everything good." She persuaded him, she said, to tell of his deeds, and felt sure that he would do so when the proper time came.

"His intentions were of the best," said Mrs. Dwiggins, "and I feel personally convinced that he will make everything good. He has assured me that he has ample funds on hand to cover all shortages."

Dwiggins, however, is said to have admitted to the Federal authorities that his deposits on hand aggregating $90,000 in bonds and cash would not be adequate to cover the entire amount of his shortage. With these assets considered, he said he would still be short between $50,000 and $80,000. He declined to speak of the bonds which were found in his possession when arrested. Neither would he discuss why he speculated with Liberty Loan money and tied after his discrepancies were discovered.

Dwiggins endeavored to shift the liability for his losses by declaring to Assistant United States Attorneys Mathews and Brogan that whatever shortages existed were connected entirely with his sale of bonds for the first Liberty Loan. Having made these sales as the acknowledged agent of the Bankers Life Insurance Company, he said, the company must be held by law responsible for his shortage. As to the second loan, he said, he left enough funds on deposit to cover every penny, received by him in those transactions.

Dwiggins was locked up in the Tombs last night to await arraignment tomorrow before Commissioner Hitchcock. Both the Federal and county grand juries will continue their inquiries into the transactions of Dwiggins.

Francis L. Kohlman, who was appointed receiver in bankruptcy for Dwiggins, declared yesterday that he had made a preliminary examination of Dwiggins's affairs and had found a considerable amount of assets among several brokerage houses. He said there was also evidence to show that Dwiggins had lost heavily in speculations. Mr. Kohlman tomorrow will begin liquidation proceedings in court.

100,000 PORTUGUESE ARMED

65,000 on the Western Front—Serious Labor Shortage Is Threatened.

Portugal now has at least 65,000 soldiers fighting on the western front in France, while 35,000 more of her troops are in active service in her African colonies, according to an item in O Observador, a leading review published in Oporto.

In enumerating the reasons for the serious shortage of labor threatening the republic, the Portuguese periodical gives the number of men fighting abroad, and also remarks that there are 20,000 Portuguese working men employed in France and 15,000 in England.

ARRESTED IN BOMB INQUIRY.

Two Men Seized After Scare at Chicago Grand Opera.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Federal agents this afternoon arrested two men in connection with the placing of a crude bomb in the Auditorium Theatre at a grand opera performance last night. One of the prisoners is said to be an employe of the theatre.

Bomb experts today established that the contrivance was evidently intended to start a panic.

The so-called bomb, made of a gas pipe, with a little loose powder inside, "would not have killed a fly," according to Chief of Police Schuettler. The instrument was turned over to the chief by Federal authorities today and it was examined by three experts on explosives, one of them employed by a big powder company and the others members of the New York bomb squad. The chief's report was based on their testimony.

An analysis of the bomb showed that it contained two ounces of sawdust, two ounces of smokeless powder and some scraps of leather.

PREDICT OPTION IN JERSEY.

Assemblymen-Elect See Law Enacted This Winter.

Passage of a local option law by the New Jersey Legislature this Winter was prophesied by four Essex County local option Assemblymen-elect last night at the annual dinner of the New Jersey Home Rule Republicans at the Hotel Albert. The prospective Assemblymen who spoke were O. Bell Close, George S. Hobart, Edgar H. Bostock, and William Yarrow. The Rev. J. K. Shields, Superintendent of the New Jersey Anti-Saloon League; former Assemblyman James G. Blauvelt, Assemblyman Arthur N. Pierson, and George L. Record were other speakers. About fifty new Jersey Republicans were present, and all toasts were drunk in grape juice. Superintendent Shields declared that the Local Option bill would pass the New Jersey Legislature shortly after that body convenes in January.

Best & Co.

Fifth Avenue at 35th St.

TOYS

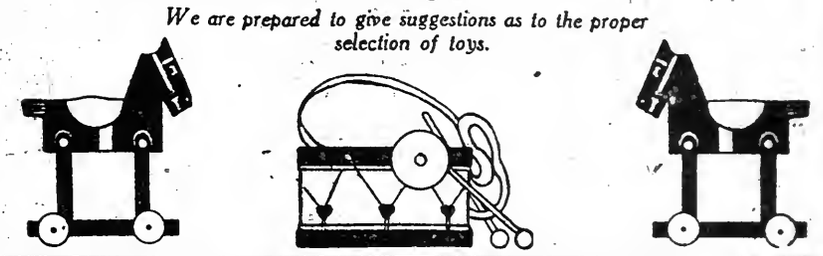
Two Christmases not subject to ECONOMY
The Soldiers *The Children*

Every Toy Has Its Place and Purpose

The kind that children won't tire of are the toys to be found in Best's "Liliputian Bazaar" toy shop. The kind they will love even after the charms of newness—the Christmas magic—have departed.

To a child, a visit to our Toy Shop is almost as good as Christmas morning.

We are prepared to give suggestions as to the proper selection of toys.



Paris

Best & Co.

London

Fifth Avenue at Thirty-fifth Street
Established 1879

EVERY SALE PLANNED for WISE ECONOMY

On account of the low prices quoted no mail or telephone orders can be taken.

Misses' Apparel

SUITS

MISSES' tailored suits in the new Winter wool fabrics, as well as rich velveteens. Exclusive models, either plain or showing fur trimming.

Sale Price $28.50
Heretofore $39.50 to $50.00.

DRESSES

A COLLECTION of dresses grouped for special selling, including afternoon and street frocks in a variety of this season's models and materials.

You will see satins, Georgettes, plain and plaid velveteens, or fine serges.

Sale Price $18.50
Heretofore $35.00 to $50.00

CHILDREN'S DRAWERS

2 to 14 years.

STRONG muslin with narrow embroidery ruffle with tucks above.

37c *Sale Price* 45c
2 to 8 yrs. 10 to 14 yrs.

Second floor.

Practical Christmas Gifts

ALMOST every dress the little girl wears is improved by the addition of a collar and cuff set, either all white or white trimmed with feather stitchings of a color. We mention a few of those which will make useful Christmas gifts.

First floor.

A sailor collar, extra quality wash satin, with hemstitched edge.

Special $1.60

Round collar and cuff set of fine net, hand embroidered and edged with lace. Neck sizes 11-12-13 inches.

Set $1.85

Round set for wear over wool dresses. Linen, hand embroidered eyelet scalloped edge. Neck sizes 11-12-13 inches.

Sale Price for Set $1.95

Pique set, simple round style with hand embroidered scalloped edge and cluster of dots above.

Sale Price for Set $1.95

BLOUSES

EXTRAORDINARY values in Georgette and crepe de chine blouses in smart suit shades, white and flesh. Both tailored and lace trimmed. Duplicates of styles which would ordinarily sell for half again as much.

Sale Price $3.95

One of these would make a most useful Christmas gift.

MILLINERY

THIS collection includes model hats, many of them copies of French importations, materials of every description, in the good colors of the season.

Hats That Were $10.00 $12.50 $5.00
Hats That Were $18.50 $21.50 $12.50
Hats That Were $22.50 $25.00 $15.00

Sale!
Messaline Petticoats

A SPECIAL purchase of beautiful petticoats in all street colors.

$3.95

Another Special Sale of
High Grade Hudson Seal Coats
at Exceptionally Low Prices

TOMORROW we present another opportunity to save substantially on the value of high grade coats. We have added a quantity of fine quality garments to our stock and have grouped about forty coats to sell at special prices.

THERE are a number of different models, depicting the new short coat idea as well as the longer effect to 45 inch and 48 inch lengths. There are plain coats, others trimmed with skunk, mole, squirrel, ermine, sable, and others.

Each garment represents an investment as well as a considerable saving. Grouped into five lots at

$115 $145 $175 $225 $275

Announcement!

In order to help the National Government in its campaign to conserve coal, our window display lights, which have for years been lighted until 10 P. M., are now extinguished immediately when the store closes at 6 P.M.

We were glad to be the first in New York to announce this policy and we trust that this idea may be adopted by all places of business, both in New York and in the country at large.

You Never Pay More at Best's

Women's Apparel

FUR TRIMMED COATS

A LARGE special purchase of cloth coats, developed in the season's most desirable fabrics and colors.

Made with large convertible Hudson Seal (dyed Muskrat) collar.

Very Special $36.00

DRESSES

FROM our regular stock we have grouped a large collection of this season's favored styles.

Satins, crepe de chines, and serges. Styles for daytime and evening occasions.

Sale Price
$15.00 $18.50 $25.00
Heretofore $25.00 to $35.00

SUITS REDUCED

SMARTLY tailored suits, many fur trimmed, comprising models of velveteen and wool materials.

Sale Price $30.00
Heretofore $35.00 to $49.50

Practical Christmas Gifts

WHEN we all come to use cotton handkerchiefs those who will feel it least will be the ones that will have plenty when the supply for sale is exhausted. Facts about linens have ceased to be rumors. Flax goes today for aeroplanes. This year those who like practical gifts will place handkerchiefs at the top of their Christmas list. We instance a few of the many styles:

Misses' and women's handkerchiefs of sheer linen with 1-16 in. hem. 25c and 50c

Misses' and women's sheer linen handkerchiefs, with hand embroidered corners. 25c and 50c

Men's linen hemstitched handkerchiefs, with tape borders. 50c

Men's hand hemmed handkerchiefs, with tape border. $1.00

The Broadway Shop Where Fashion Reigns

Hagedorn's

Now occupy three-quarters of the entire block

Broadway, Cor. 81st St.

Unusual Specials Monday

Exceptional Values in

GOWNS, SUITS, COATS

For Street, Afternoon and Evening Wear

Chiffon Velvet Evening Gowns
Featuring very chic models in all the desirable shades.
Former price $55.00. *Special* 35.00

Chiffon Velvet Evening Gowns
An assemblage of stunning models.
Former price $65.00. *Special* 42.50

Afternoon Dresses
Highest type distinctive models.
Former price $89.50. *Special* 59.50

Evening Gowns—*Highest type models.*
Some sold as high as $145.00. *Special* 65.00

Tailored Suits—*Beautifully fur trimmed.*
Highest type models. Former price $150.00. *Special* 95.00

EVENING COATS
With or Without Fur Trimming.
Sold up to $115.00. *Exceptional offering* 69.50

DAYTIME COATS
Of the very highest type fabrics. Enriched with Fur.
Sold up to $135.00. *Exceptional offering* 69.50

Daytime Coats—*With Fur Trimming.*
Sold up to $85.00. *Special* 45.00

Velvet Afternoon Coats
Beautifully Fur Trimmed.
Sold up to $145.00. *Special* 79.50

Daytime Coats—*Very highest-class models.*
Sold up to $200.00 *Special* 95.00

NO EXCHANGES. NO APPROVALS.

SUFFRAGE PICKETS GET TOO MUCH PORK

Miss Todd Complains That While Hoover Is Saving Jail Menu Is Profligate of Fat.

WANTS AN INVESTIGATION

Says She Is Sure President Does Not Know "Political Prisoners" Are Harshly Treated.

Miss Helen Todd, representing the Committee of 1,000 Women, which has been working for better prison treatment for women convicted of picketing in Washington, said last night that she was going on the midnight train to Washington to ask President Wilson to appoint a disinterested and competent investigator to study the conditions under which the pickets are incarcerated.

Miss Todd said that, while she had visited the City Jail in Washington on Nov. 13, her inspection necessarily had been superficial, because her visit was in company with Commissioner Gardner in charge of prisons in the District of Columbia, and was made under the stipulation that she should not talk with prisoners and under other restrictions. Even this limited survey of the prison, she said, showed many serious evils.

Commissioner Gardner assured her, she said, that changes would be made in compliance with a series of requests, which would barely have brought prison conditions for the pickets up to the level of the average penal institutions of the country, but that he has failed to reply to a letter on the subject, thus indicating that no reforms were to be made after all.

Miss Todd said yesterday that she had gained the impression that the prison authorities were entirely ignorant of modern and decent penal methods. As an illustration, Miss Todd said that, though the food was in good condition and wholesome, she found that the main article of diet was pork, which was on the menu for meal after meal and day after day.

"I said this was a very heavy diet," said Miss Todd, "and that, when it was fed to prisoners who lived in the air of the prison, which was very bad, the prisoners ought to have plenty of exercise if they were to keep their health. Commissioner Gardner seemed much surprised at the criticism that pork was not a good thing for nearly every meal, and seemed to think that the diet was near the ideal."

It was also pointed out, Miss Todd said, as a misstance of the blindness of the prison management, that, while Food Commissioner Hoover and patriotic organizations all over the country were appealing to people to save pork, the prison authorities of the capital of the country were forcing it in outrageous quantities on prisoners who did not like it.

"After we had seen some of the prisoners who have been on a hunger strike," she said, "we actually went. They were our personal friends and they were emaciated and in a deplorable condition. Some of the most senseless hardships had been inflicted upon them. One had not been allowed air for fear that, if the window were opened, she would talk to people on the outside. Another was not allowed to wear her own nightdress. She would not wear the prison garment, which did not reach to her knees, and was wrapped in a sheet when we found her. When we talked of this to Commissioner Gardner, he was actually on the verge of tears himself, and promised to do everything in his power to lighten the lot of the prisoners."

SUFFRAGISTS RATIFY NONPARTISAN STAND

Women's Organizations Agree to Hold Themselves as an Independent Unit in Voting.

Women who spoke yesterday at a meeting of representatives of women's civic organizations at the Women's City Club at the Vanderbilt Hotel were almost unanimously in favor of keeping the vote of women nonpartisan, for the present at least, so that they could exercise their full political power in favor or against men and measures on their merits, rather than from views of party loyalty. While none of the speakers favored forming a third party, they urged that the vote of women, as far as possible, should be kept an independent unit, to be used at its full strength in favor of the candidate or party measure considered by women to be most progressive and most in the interests of party welfare.

Miss Helen Todd said:

"The women of California found that they obtained their greater power for good in the influence of the Nonpartisan Women's Alliance, which had organizations in all of the cities, towns, and counties of the State. Through this league they were instrumental in bringing about many of California's important reforms. The alliance took a prominent part in obtaining the Minimum Wage act, child labor laws, prison reform, motherhood pensions, and other valuable progressive measures.

"The Nonpartisan Women's Alliance in San Francisco rented open rooms at regular intervals, where they would hear candidates of different parties and listen to the arguments of those who were both for and against important legislation. After thorough discussion they would take sides, and their stand had the most powerful political effect."

Mary Garrett Hay, who attended the meeting at the Women's City Club, said:

"The Woman's Suffrage Party will use all its machinery to educate the women for whom it has won the vote. The first essential of education is to hold them from party affiliation until they are sure of themselves and of the party issues."

In a statement given out regarding the meeting by the suffrage leaders present it was said:

"It was the sense of the meeting that nonpartisanship is the first and immediate essential to be reite ated in every phase of the work, and that a campaign of investiga ion and broader education should be undertaken to supplement the elementary work of the Woman's Suffrage Party."

WOMEN TO CONSIDER USE OF VOTE POWER

Will Be One of the Important Questions Taken Up at State Suffrage Convention.

New York State suffragists, who will hold their twenty-ninth annual convention at the Ritz-Carlton beginning next Tuesday, will take up officially in the three-day session the question of how they will attempt to use their political power.

With leaders of the Republican, Democratic, and Socialist parties making overtures for support and with many suffragist leaders urging the creation of a separate and independent political organization, which shall hold the balance of power between the old parties, the first official gathering of women voters is expected to produce some interesting sessions.

Next in importance to the question of wielding their political power independently or by joining existing parties, will be the official stand taken by the New York State Woman's Suffrage Party, on the question of methods to be used in the campaign to force through the Federal amendment. Republicans, who urged this amendment in the last campaign, after its indorsement by Charles E. Hughes, hope to gain the support of the women.

Closely connected with this question is the matter of the White House pickets. While the majority of suffrage leaders in this State have not favored picketing as a means of advancing the cause, a strong faction has been formed to oppose the imprisonment and alleged severe treatment of pickets. Although President Wilson's support to the suffrage cause in this and other States has been warmly acknowledged by the most influential suffragist leaders, an attack on the proceedings against the pickets, and criticism of the President, is almost a certainty, if free discussion is allowed at the convention. Suffrage leaders who have been warm supporters of President Wilson decided yesterday at the Women's City Club to make an effort to have the President take some action toward settling the picket question before the convention opens.

The attitude of women on the war is another question which attempts may be made to define at the convention, but this topic has not had much attention from suffrage leaders since the election because of their work in plans for the building of machinery for the future use of their power rather than in the issues on which their power will be exercised.

The Republicans have gained a point in their representation at the celebration over the success of the suffrage amendment, which will be held at the Metropolitan Opera House on Tuesday. Two of the speakers will be Colonel Theodore Roosevelt and Governor Whitman. In a statement sent out by the New York State Suffrage Party, however, this suggestion is made to account for the absence of Democratic speakers:

"Perhaps the remembrance that President Wilson and his Cabinet practically to a man are in favor of a full settlement of the woman suffrage question may account for the stress apparently being laid on speakers representing the Republican point of view."

The State Executive Board and the State Committee will meet Tuesday morning, and in the afternoon at 2 o'clock the convention will be called to order by Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, Chairman. Addresses will be made by Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, Colonel Roosevelt, and Governor Whitman. Dr. Anna Howard Shaw and Mrs. Whitehouse will speak at the celebration in the evening.

SUFFRAGISTS OBTAIN WRIT.

Occoquan Prisoners to Appear in Habeas Corpus Proceedings.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 17.—Federal Judge Waddill today ordered a writ of habeas corpus issued seeking the release of twenty-eight Woman's Party militants imprisoned at Occoquan workhouse for picketing the White House, and set a hearing for Nov. 27 at Alexandria, Va.

The application for the writ alleged acts of cruelty and charged as one example that Lucy Burns, Vice Chairman of the Woman's Party, had been handcuffed to the bars of a cell formerly used for the incarceration of prisoners in delirium tremens.

The petition for the writ seeks the release of the militants on the legal ground that prisoners sentenced for offenses committed in the District of Columbia cannot be imprisoned in the State of Virginia.

LABOR PLANS CHANGE IN CITIZENSHIP LAW

Aims to Have Women Get First and Second Naturalization Papers at Same Time.

TO WORK FOR AMENDMENT

Naturalization Aid League Here Prepares for Its New Duties Following the Suffrage Victory.

Labor organizations with many women members are preparing to make a fight for amendments to the naturalization law which will enable women who have lived long enough in this country to become citizens to obtain both their first and second naturalization papers at the same time. Male applicants for citizenship under existing statutes are subjected to a wait of two years at least after declaring their intention to become citizens before they may obtain their so-called "second" papers.

The subject was brought up at a conference of the Naturalization Aid League, held at the Broadway Central Hotel yesterday afternoon by Miss Juliette Stewart Poynts, Educational Director of the Ladies' Waist Makers' Union. In common with other questions affecting naturalization, it was referred to a committee of ten which was appointed at the conference to consider ways and means to meet the increasing demands on the organization, due to the enfranchisement of women, and submit a plan to a general conference of the league to be held next month.

There are about 200 labor unions affiliated in the work of the Naturalization Aid League. Last year the league aided some 5,000 alien members of labor organizations to obtain their full citizenship papers, and about 6,000 in obtaining first papers. It was the league's greatest year of activity. Next year, owing to the right being given women to vote, the league expects to double last year's record.

In the interest of economy, Samuel P. Kramer, who presided at the conference, suggested to the representatives of labor organizations who attended that wives of alien husbands, or daughters of alien fathers, who had reached voting age, encourage husbands and parents to become citizens, thus being carried into citizenship themselves. This suggestion, however, did not seem to meet with the approval of the audience.

"I am sure," said Miss Juliette Poynts, taking the floor, "that women do not relish being carried into citizenship through the male members of their family, but would rather become citizens by their own declaration."

It was in connection with this that Miss Poynts brought up the question of providing a short cut to citizenship for women.

"I do not know just how it is to be done," she said, "but I am convinced that some way could be found. Considering the many years women have had to wait for the right to vote, it is only fair that some concession should be made to them, now that they have the ballot."

About 100 delegates from various labor organizations, mostly women, attended the conference.

SHELLS KILL MORE OF PERSHING MEN

Continued from Page 1.

in hand-to-hand fighting with the enemy, who had penetrated the first line." The others cited, "who showed excellent military qualities," are Second Lieutenants M. C. Laughlin, R. O. Patterson and E. F. Erickson; Sergeant John Arrowood, Corporals David M. Knowles and Homer Givens, and Privates Charles Massa, William B. Thomas, George Hurd, Boyce Wade, Robert Winkler and John J. Jarvis.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 17.—(By The Associated Press.)—General Pershing today returned to his headquarters from a visit to his troops in the first line trenches and the support in the rear. Artillery firing on both sides was normal while he was there, and no shells fell near him.

CONGRESSMEN NEAR DEATH IN TRENCHES

German Shells and Machine-Gun Fire Suddenly Burst About Them Near Dixmude.

BRITISH FRONT IN BELGIUM, Nov. 16, (By The Associated Press.)—Five members of the party of American Congressmen and private citizens who spent yesterday and part of today visiting the Belgian war zone, had a narrow escape from death or injury this morning when they were caught in a sudden burst of German machine-gun fire when inspecting the front line trenches near Dixmude.

The Americans in danger were Congressman C. C. Dill of Spokane, Wash.; Congressman Charles B. Timberlake of Colorado, Congressman John F. Miller of Seattle, Wash.; Congressman Albert Johnson of Washington, and former Representative Stout of Montana. Nobody was hit, but it was one of those freaks of fortune which soldiers call luck, because the shots came in a shower, so close to them that it seemed almost certain some one must be wounded, although they were exposed only for a brief time.

The seven other members of the party were in another section of the trench at the time and were not disturbed by the fire. Later, however, when all the Americans were together, the Germans dropped a big shell some ten yards away, seriously endangering every one. One of the members of the party in describing the incident to the correspondent later, said he and his companions heard the shell coming.

"It sounded like the roar of an airplane" he said.

Again fortune favored them, and no one was injured. Both these situations were fraught with danger, as any one who is moving constantly about the forward areas knows well.

The visitors spent the night near the front and rose early this morning for a trip to the trenches in the vicinity of Dixmude. The Belgian and German lines run within thirty yards of each other at one point, and it was there that the five men fell into danger. At that distance it is quite easy to see any one in the opposite trench who raises his head above the top. Only the usual firing was under way when the party, accompanied by Belgian officers, reached this place.

The Americans were having an excellent view of the lines when several of them got into an exposed position and were seen by the Germans. Suddenly the enemy machine-guns near by began a vicious chatter and bullets came whizzing across the narrow strip of No Man's Land at the rate of several hundred a minute. Before the visitors realized the situation bullets were whining all about them like a storm of hail and dirt was being thrown into their faces as some of the steel pellets struck the top of the trench. They all had down for cover but all might easily have been caught, since it does not take more than a small fraction of a minute for a machine-gun to account for a number of men if the shooting is accurate.

The Americans departed this afternoon for England. On arriving at the port whence they sailed they said their trip to the Belgian front had been most satisfactory and that the reception accorded them could not have been more cordial. They were especially pleased at the invitation of King Albert to take tea with them. The King made them feel very welcome and chatted freely with them. The American Minister, Brand Whitlock, also was present at the invitation of the King.

Other members of the party who were endangered by the shell, in addition to the five who were under machine-gun fire, are Congressmen Parker of New Jersey, Taylor of Colorado, Goodwin of Arkansas, Stephens of Nebraska, and Hicks of New York, and former Representative Hammond of Nebraska.

DESCRIBES GERMAN RAID.

Congressman Suspects Especial Efforts to Punish Americans.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Further details of the Germans' special effort to trap American soldiers in the front line trenches on the American front Nov. 3, on the occasion of the invaders' first raid on the American trenches, which resulted in numerous casualties to the defenders, have been brought to London by the party of American Congressmen now visiting France and England. Congressman Taylor of Colorado said:

"Our men were detailed to a position on the front line for observation at 3 o'clock in the morning. There had been a lull during the night, but signs of activity of the enemy during the early hours of the morning had been followed by this stationing of our men in advantageous positions for observation.

"The German attack followed the enemy's sweeping of the position, as usual, with illuminating rockets, by means of which it is presumed the Germans located the American force. Their artillery fire appeared to be concentrated on that point, and they accomplished their hurriedly conceived object in smashing our little squad of observers who were out there to gain experience.

"The attack seems to confirm reports that the German commanders have inculcated a spirit of rivalry among their troops for the taking of the first American prisoners and to making a showing in American casualties. It is commonly reported on all the fronts that the Germans have transferred their vindictiveness and hatred of the English to our men."

American Soldier Executed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—An American soldier of General Pershing's forces, found guilty by court-martial of the rape and murder of a French woman, has been executed by a firing squad. When a full report has been received from General Pershing it probably will be published, as officials of the department want the world to know how the American Army deals with men who commit such crimes. Secretary Baker said today that General Pershing had full power to carry out the sentence of the court-martial without referring the case to the President.

QUITS WOMEN'S CORPS.

Captain Helen Bastedo Dissatisfied with Progress of League.

Captain Helen Bastedo, who has been in charge of the Motor Corps of the National Women's League for Service, announced yesterday that she had handed in her resignation and that most of the members of her corps had quit the league with her.

At the headquarters of the league it was said yesterday that the organization would not meet certain demands which had been made by Captain Bastedo, and that her resignation had been accepted. Miss Fitch, who was temporarily in charge of the motor service, said that three-quarters of the members of this department had remained loyal to the league.

Banker Keech Returns to Army.

Frank B. Keech, head of the banking firm of F. B. Keech & Co., graduate of West Point, has returned to the army and has been appointed Major of artillery, detached to inspection duty. He is acting Inspector General at Newport News, port of embarkation.

IDEAL, ECONOMICAL
XMAS GIFT
and Mark of Identification
For Children and Grown-Ups—As Well as for the Boys at Camp.

High-grade pencils with any name stamped in gold. Packed in holly boxes. Father, sister, brother, mother—all appreciate them. ORDER NOW. Write name plainly. Shipment via Parcel Post within 24 hours.

6 in box, 60c
12 " " $1.00
25 " " 1.75

GODFREY 44 W. 46th St., New York
When remitting kindly include stamps to cover Parcel Post charges.

Opening Announcement

Presenting the
FUR FASHIONS
of the Season as inspired by the famous designers of Paris.

A. RATKOWSKY
FURS
435 FIFTH AVENUE—38th and 39th Sts.
OPPOSITE LORD AND TAYLOR
MY NEW AND ONLY ADDRESS

¶ The most reliable addition to a woman's wardrobe is her Furs—and they should be purchased from a reliable source—a manufacturer who has made Furs his life's work.

¶ The woman in quest of Furs and Fur Garments and interested in the choicest pelts offered at most reasonable prices is earnestly invited to view this showing.

Opening Specials for Monday and Tuesday

Capelets—The Fashion of the hour
In Hudson Seal (dyed Muskrat) . . . 75.00
In Hudson Seal (dyed Muskrat) and Ermine combination 90.00
Black Lynx Stoles—12 in. wide 72 in. long
Heavy silk lined 85.00
Skunk Capelets—with fourteen tails.
A stunning garment 65.00
The New Open Scarf—of Taupe Wolf
One whole animal skin 27.50
Hudson Seal Stole—12 in. wide, 70 in. long 35.00
Hudson Seal Muff . . . Special 12.00
Hudson Bay Sable Stole—very elegant piece
Fourteen selected skins, fifteen tails and claws 250.00
Capelets and Stoles—of silvered natural Squirrel.
The very newest in fashion

Stoles	Capelets	Coatees
25.00	37.50	125.00

EXTRAORDINARY SPECIAL
The New Flat Neckpiece—
In black or brown skunk . . . 15.00

Ermine—Absolutely white—The fashionable fur
Many new effects in Scarfs, Capelets and Muffs.
Scarfs from 35.00 Muffs from 35.00
Capelets from 125.00
Beaver—The new Trench collar.
To be worn with tailored suits . . . 30.00

Kolinsky Stoles and Kolinsky Capelets
Are shown in many original models and are worthy of careful attention, while the prices are quite reasonable.

Robinson's
West 42d Street
Nos. 25 and 27 Bet. 5th and 6th Aves.
Beginning MONDAY Morning
WILL OFFER
Extraordinary Values
IN
Gowns and Dresses
AT
Greatest
Reductions

The illustration portrays one of the models in the sale.

Velveteen Dresses,
Serge Dresses,
Velour Dresses,
16.50
Sold up to $29.75

Robinson's

The illustration portrays one of the models in the sale.

Satin Dresses,
Georgette Crepes,
Taffeta Dresses,
Crepe de Chines,
Wool Jerseys,
16.50
Sold up to $35.00

Robinson's

The illustration portrays one of the models in the sale.

Velvet Dresses,
Velour Dresses,
Sport Dresses,
Satin Charmeuse,
Crepe Meteor,
19.75
Sold up to $42.50

¶ Greatest values offered this season.
¶ A collection embracing every new model and fabric.
¶ Shown in all fashionable colors, including black.

Robinson's
25 and 27 West 42nd St.

VACUUM CLEANERS
AT BIG REDUCTIONS

We are large dealers in vacuum cleaners—sell every kind of cleaner on the market—about 65 different kinds. Note the following prices for absolutely new cleaners of the latest model:—

	List Price.	Our Price.
Franz Premier	$55.00	$28.00
Cadillac	32.50	26.00
Hot Point	27.50	22.00
Baby Hoover	47.50	38.00
Ohio	40.00	32.00
Torrington	37.50	30.00
Pittsburgh	25.00	20.00

HAND POWER CLEANERS

	List Price	Our Price
Duntley Combination Vacuum Cleaner and Carpet Sweeper	$7.50	$3.95
Bissell Combination Vacuum Cleaner and Carpet Sweeper	$9.00	$6.90
"Twin" Combination Vacuum Cleaner and Carpet Sweeper	$10.00	$7.90

Express charges paid anywhere. The above is only a partial list. Send coupon to-day for complete price list and confidential "Rating Sheet."

This rating sheet gives every make of electric cleaner a rating of one, two, or three stars, according to our judgment as to their merits.

We allow free trial and cash discount on all cleaners "rated" by us as "two star" and "three star" values, and sell all "three star" cleaners on easy payment.

OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT
enables you to purchase by mail (no matter where you live) just as conveniently as if right in our show rooms.

FREE! FREE!

We have published a book entitled "How to select a Vacuum Cleaner." It contains a lot of things you should know about if you want to get the best for your money.

For a limited time a copy will be sent absolutely free on receipt of coupon below. Any further advice is also free.

A postage stamp or a visit to our salesrooms may save you a lot of trouble and expense later.

NOTE:—When you buy from us you are sure to get absolutely new cleaners of very latest models—not rebuilt goods.

MUENZEN SPECIALTY CO.'S
VACUUM CLEANER EXPOSITION

Main Office and Salesrooms
131 West 42d Street
Subway to Times Square
Tel. 6310-6311-6312 Bryant

Downtown Branch:
Booth 55, Hudson Terminal
30 Church Street

MAIL THIS COUPON TO-DAY
MUENZEN SPECIALTY CO.
131 West 42d Street, N. Y. DEPT. 13.
Send me, free of charge, complete list of (insert word hand or electric) ..... power, and "rating sheet," also a copy of "How to Select a Vacuum Cleaner," which you say contains information of great value.
Name .....
.....

BloomingdaleS
59TH TO 60TH STREET—LEXINGTON TO 3D AVENUE

SHOPPING IN THE FORENOON is earnestly recommended. Stocks are orderly, and aisles less crowded.

HELP CONSERVE FOOD
Tuesday is meatless day, Wednesday is wheatless day in our restaurant on the second floor.

Events for Tomorrow

Smart Patent Leather Oxfords, $5.98
Slender lasts, with turned soles and Louis heels, as pictured. Also patent leather or dull kid pumps, ideal with spats.

"Courtly" Silk Hosiery, Pair $1.10
Made expressly for Bloomingdales'. Superior wearing quality. Black, white, and leading shades. Others at $1.25, $1.48 and $1.75.

Fine Velour Coats, $29.95
Coats have large mouffion collars. Sizes for women and misses.

All Higher Priced Suits Reduced
The revised prices will range from $24.95 to $69.95

Taupe Lynx Scarf, $49.50. Muff, $34.75
Exceptional value. Scarfs and muffs to match.

Imported Beaded Bags Reduced
A collection of 65 bags at $5.00, $6.75, $8.40 and $10.00

59th to 60th St. BloomingdaleS' Lexington to Third Ave.

Arnold, Constable & Co.

5th Avenue at 40th Street

Gift Handkerchiefs

For Women and Children

Exquisite specimens of foreign needlecraft in unusual and beautiful designs on pure Irish Linen.
Specially priced .25, .35 and .50 each

Women's and Children's Handkerchiefs in dainty combinations of color; also character designs. *Unusual Value at* .12½

Handkerchiefs for Men

An unusually attractive assortment of smart color effects, hand-printed on pure Linen. Orders for the embroidery of Initials, Monograms or Crests in colors to match will be accepted for this type of Handkerchief.
Specially priced. .50 each

Soldiers' Khaki Handkerchiefs, 18 or 27 inch. .25 each

Winter Styles in New English Overcoats for Men

A belated shipment just received from abroad and marked greatly under actual value.

Men's Double-breasted "Argyle" English Coats in Brown and Oxford Mixtures; full skirted ulster model with set-in sleeves and patch pockets; combination storm or regular collar. *Actual Value $48.00* — Sale Price 37.50

Men's Single-breasted "Balmoral" English Coats; novelty and staple mixtures in Browns and Oxfords; whole back, knee length and one-piece Raglan sleeves; convertible collar. *Actual Value $39.00* — Sale Price 27.50

All best grades of Overcoats reduced—Every Coat in our stock of best Domestic and Foreign Coatings—all new this season. *Regularly $45.00 and $50.00* — Sale Price 37.50

A Most Remarkable Sale of Men's Natural Merino Underwear

One of the best American makes—finely finished and medium weight; of soft, smooth yarns that are non-irritable and unshrinkable; long sleeve shirts; stout and regular ankle length drawers. Shirts sizes, 34 to 46; drawers, 30 to 44. *Value $2.00* Each 1.35

Continuing the Sale of Women's Handsome Daytime Coats

The values offered are truly extraordinary

Richly lined with plain or heavy Novelty Silk, and warmly interlined.

No. 1—*(As illustrated)*—Of Wool Velour with clever convertible Collar, designed by Lanvin. *Regular Value $40.00* — 29.50

No. 2—*(As illustrated)*—Smart Fur-Collared Coats of Wool Velour in sizes 34 to 46. *Regular Value $48.00* — 35.00

No. 3—*(As illustrated)*—Especially suitable for Afternoon wear is this dressy model of Velvet Velour, with large Collar of Skunk Opossum; sizes 34 to 46. *Regular Value $65.00* — 48.00

Announce A Most Unusual Sale of Dress Goods and Coatings

25,000 Yards of

The Best Autumn Fabrics

Comprising Velours, beautifully finished Broadcloths, Glove Cloths, Wool Poplins, Dress Serges, Bolivia Cloths and Fancy Coatings—All New Merchandise from the Best Makers

At Exceptional Prices

Regular Prices	Fashionable Fabrics	Special Sale Price
$1.50	All Wool Serge—40 inch, Wine, Green, Brown and Midnight Blue.	1.18 yd.
2.00	All Wool Serge—48 inch, Navy, Gray, Wine, Green, Cadet, Amethyst, Black.	1.58 yd.
2.00	Storm Serge—54 inch, Navy only.	1.50 yd.
2.25	Wool Poplin—48 inch, Army, Plum, Tan, Taupe, Brown, Green.	1.85 yd.
3.50	Broadcloths (Sponged)—54 inch, large assortment of Fall Colors, including Tan, Taupe, Brown, Amethyst, Plum, Burgundy, Green, Navy, Cadet, &c.	2.95 yd.
4.00	Wool Velour—54 inch, Sand, Putty, Reseda, Cadet, Navy & Gray.	3.25 yd.
5.00	Glove Cloth—54 inch, Midnight Blue, Green, Pekin, Indian, Burgundy & Black.	4.00 yd.
3.00 to 4.00	Fine Coatings—56 inch, Mixtures, Tweeds and Check Zibeline.	2.25 yd.
Very Special	Finest Coatings—54 inch, Bolivias and Fancy Coatings.	5.75 yd.

Clearance Sale of Remnants

Lengths of Wool Dress Goods and Coatings
The season's leading fabrics are included in a diversified range of colorings—suitable for Suits, Coats and Dresses.

To Close at ¼ to ½ Under Former Prices

The Season's Mode in Furs

A splendid collection of large, medium and small pieces at most attractive prices.

	Value	Sale Price
NUTRIA COLLARS.	*$18.00*	14.00
NUTRIA MUFFS.	*18.00*	14.00
TAUPE WOLF SCARFS.	*32.00*	25.00
TAUPE WOLF MUFFS.	*35.00*	27.00
BLACK LYNX SCARFS.	*33.00*	27.50
BLACK LYNX MUFFS.	*37.50*	30.00
HUDSON SEAL SCARFS, Stoles and Capes.		48.00 to 180.00
MOLE SCARFS, Stoles and Capes.		75.00 to 185.00
GEORGETTE, POINTED BLUE FOX AND CROSS FOX SETS.		100.00 to 450.00

Women's Fur Coats

	Value	Sale Price
LEATHER COLOR CHAMOIS CLOTH COATS—lined with Nutria.	*$110.00*	90.00
NUTRIA COAT with Hudson Seal trimming.	*165.00*	145.00
BLENDED MARMOT COAT.	*125.00*	100.00
HUDSON SEAL COATS—plain or trimmed.		145.00 to 695.00
MOLESKIN COATS.		475.00 to 850.00

Misses' and Small Women's Winter Coats in Pleasing Variety

In Sizes 14 to 20 Years.

Each model is handsomely lined with plain or fancy Satin and warmly interlined.

Very Special—Coats of Silvertone, in smart colorings, to be worn with separate furs. Full Satin lined. *Value $29.50* — 22.50

No. 1—*(As illustrated)*—Of Winter Weight Burella, very warm and soft, wide rolling Collar and Raglan sleeve; fancy silk linings. Specially priced — 34.50

No. 2—Of Wool Velour—*(As illustrated)* with Collar of dyed Muskrat; may also be had with collar of Natural Raccoon. Lined with fancy Silk. Specially priced — 37.50

No. 3—The *illustration* is typical of the luxurious Coats of exceedingly smart design to be found in this group. Specially priced — 59.50

Interesting Values In These Two Groups of Dainty New Blouses

In White, Flesh and Suit Shades

Tailleur model of heavy, lustrous Crepe de Chine, with tucked front and smart crossed Tab effect, with large pearl button; also high neck models.
Georgette Crepe, embroidered in beads and silk; may be had in Flesh, White and suit shades. *Regular Value $6.50* — 5.00

A Group of Crepe de Chines in a variety of dainty new styles, including tucked and frill models; also those with Satin roll collars, in White, Flesh and suit shades. *Regular Value $3.95* — 2.95

Negligees, Robes and Petticoats

A charming assortment from which Holiday Gifts may be selected at most moderate prices.

(As illustrated) Crepe de Chine Negligees with deep collar of Georgette Crepe—shirred elastic waist band — in Copen., Flesh, Wistaria, Lavender and Rose. *Value $9.00* — 7.95

Corduroy Lounging Robes—an attractive Coat model with full, sweeping lines, finished with pockets and deep collar, silk lined throughout. In Lavender, Wistaria, Light Blue, Pink and Coral. *Value $9.00* — 6.95

Beacon Blanket Robes with Satin and cord trimmings, in Tan, Red, Copen., Pink, Light Blue, Lavender and Raspberry. *Value $5.00* — 3.95

Silk Jersey Petticoats in Black and the wanted suit shades. Taffeta or Silk Jersey flounces. *Value $6.00* — 5.00

Our Annual November Clearance of Women's Fine Tailored Suits

At Prices Regardless of Cost

The models illustrated are typical of this season's exclusively smart styles shown in the department. With scarcely two models alike, the desire for the expression of individuality, together with strict adherence to the mode of the moment in line and fabric, may be indeed gratified at little cost.

All this Season's best models and every fashionable shade in Velours, Broadcloth, Silvertone and Velveteens, plain tailored, embroidered or richly fur-trimmed models.

Formerly $32.50 to $130.00

To Close at 24.50 to 98.00

Clearance of Misses' and Small Women's Smart Suits for Winter

Entire Stock at Radical Reductions to Close.

There are many distinctively smart and unusual features in the models illustrated, which are typical of this season's collection. High cost, dressy models designed by Lanvin and Bernard for afternoon wear are also important features in the assortment.

Exquisitely tailored fur trimmed youthful models in the fabrics and shades most favored by the younger set this season. The coats are in various smart lengths, lined with plain or fancy silks and interlined.

Formerly $26.50 to $69.50

To Close at 19.75 to 55.00

Women's Hosiery and Underwear

Including Attractive Specials for Holiday Gifts

Pure Thread Silk Hose—excellent quality with cotton soles and tops; in Black, White, Suede, Tan Pearl, Silver, Mole, Sand, Taupe, Grey, Rose, Pink, Sky and Beige. *Regularly $1.50* — 1.25 — 3 Prs. 3.65

Black Cotton Hose of extra quality, medium weight; also Lisle in Black and White. 6 Pairs for 1.95 — .35

Pink Combinations—tops of extra quality Glove Silk; tailored finish; bodies of fine mercerized Lisle; tight knee; all sizes. *Regularly $2.50* — 1.65 — 3 for 4.75

Lisle Combinations—an excellent grade of material in White only; light weight, low neck model; seamless at sides; tight or wide lace trimmed knee; perfect fitting; all sizes. — .68 — 3 for 1.95

Jackets

Sale Price 1.95

Spencers

Sale Price 2.95

Women's Gloves for Walking and Dress Wear

Some About ⅓ Below Actual Value

"Regis" White Glace Gloves of exquisite quality—exceptionally soft and perfect fitting, with Paris Point embroidery. *Regularly $2.00 Pair* — 1.48

Women's One-Clasp Walking Gloves—of splendid quality for general service; P. X. M. seams, in Black or White. Specially Priced — 2.25

Women's Grey Suede Gloves of finest quality—handsomely embroidered in Grey, pique sewn, two clasps. Specially Priced — 2.50

Silks for Day and Evening

The most fashionable weaves at greatly reduced prices

	Value	Sale Price
Colored Dress Satin, 35 inches wide. Ivory, Navy, Pink, Black, Taupe, Plum and 45 other fashionable shades for Day and Evening wear.	*2.00*	1.38
Satin Charmeuse, 40 inches, of the finest quality for Dress wear; heavy, lustrous and rich in effect; 96 shades for Day and Evening.	*3.50*	2.25
Chiffon Taffeta, 40 inches, the finest Imported quality, in all smart colorings; also two-tone effects, for Day and Evening Dresses.	*2.50*	1.95
Black Dress Satin, 35 inches wide, of soft finish and lustrous.	*3.00*	1.95

Fashionable Veilings

Displayed are Novelty Veilings in the new large Scroll designs, smart Chenille and Cluster effects, at most moderate prices.

CHIFFON VEILS in Black, White and colors. *Regularly $1.25 and $1.75* Sale Price .95 and 1.45

MESH VEILS in Black, White and colors. *Regularly .50 and $1.00* Sale Price .35 and .75

XMAS SPECIALS IN SILK LINGERIE

Camisoles

A collection of dainty models in Washable Satin or Crepe de Chine, especially selected for gift purposes; exquisite effects in hand embroidery or trimmings of fine lace—all typical of higher cost models.

Value $1.25 & $1.50

Sale 95c Price

Gowns

A charming assortment in Crepe de Chine of superior quality, including smart plain models trimmed with shirred satin ribbon, also dainty Gowns in Crepe de Chine combined with fine lace and ribbon.

Value $6.50

Sale 4.95 Price

Envelope Chemises

Exceptional as to quality of material and attractiveness of design at this very moderate price. Of excellent quality Crepe de Chine with bodice top of Georgette and lace.

Value $2.50

Sale 1.95 Price

Boudoir Caps

An unusual assortment of becoming models in net and lace, showing cleverly arranged trimmings of dainty ribbons or flowers made of ribbon.

Value $1.25 and $1.50

Sale 95c Price

Sweater Sets and Wool Sweaters

For Little Children and Girls

At Special Prices for Monday Only

(As illustrated) — Children's Sweater Sets of Brushed Wool, consisting of four pieces—Sweater, Cap, Leggings and Mittens, in an assortment of colorings; sizes 2 to 5 years. *Regularly $8.00* — 6.95

Children's All-Wool Sweaters, "Slip On" style, with Sailor Collar and Cuffs of White Wool; cord and tassel around Collar; in a pretty shade of Green, Tan and Light Blue; sizes 3 to 6 years. *Regularly $2.00* — 1.65

Girls' All-Wool Sweaters, with belted back and shawl collar, some with sash and two pockets. Sizes 8 to 14 years, in rose and copen. *Regularly $5.00* — 3.50

Children's Blanket Bath Robes of Beacon Blanket in Pink and Blue, daintily trimmed; sizes 2 to 6 years. *Regularly $1.50* — 1.10

An Important Sale of Hand-Made Filet Laces

Unusually well made Real Filet Laces in the choice and rarely beautiful patterns, including Picot, Edgings and Insertions; practical widths for Dress Trimmings, Undergarments or Decorative Purposes.

Regularly .60 to $1.50 Sale Price .40 to 1.10
Regularly 1.75 to $3.50 Sale Price 1.25 to 2.75
Regularly 3.75 to $8.00 Sale Price 2.95 to 6.25

Real Filet Neckwear

Real Filet Collars, long, graceful roll effect. *Regularly $4.75 and $8.25* Sale Price 3.95 and 6.95

Real Filet Collar and Cuff Sets. *Regularly $9.50 and $11.25* Sale Price 7.25 and 9.75

Real Filet Collars, ten different sailor shapes. *Regularly $7.50 to $12.00* Sale Price 6.95

LUNCHEON AND DECORATIVE LINENS

The Linen Department is abundantly supplied with Table Linens of the finest type in plain or decorative effects, for Thanksgiving and Holiday requirements, and also presents a splendid assortment of Genuine Irish Damask of sturdy weave at decidedly low prices, quality considered.

Madeira Embroidered Luncheon Sets

Consisting of 13 pieces, showing the finest type of Madeira needle work on linen of superior quality.
Regularly $4.75 and $8.25
4.40 and 7.00

Madeira Embroidered Tea Napkins

Size 13x13 inches, in a variety of attractive designs on linen of fine quality.
Regularly $6.00 and $7.00
5.25 and 5.95

Embroidered Scalloped Scarfs

Linen Scarfs suitable for Sideboard or Dresser.

	Regularly	Sale
18x45 inches.	*1.50*	1.25
18x54 inches.	*1.75*	1.50

Madeira Scalloped Centre Pieces

24 inches round, of excellent quality Linen.
Regularly $1.75 1.50
Regularly $2.00 1.75

ANSWER WILSON'S APPEAL.

Peace Society Finds Wide Response from the German People.

The New York Peace Society, of which Andrew Carnegie is President, issued yesterday the first of a series of pamphlets upon international topics brought forward by the war, entitled, "German Democracy," in which it finds a wide response to President Wilson's appeal to the German people. The paper quotes that part of President Wilson's reply to the Pope which said that this Government could not take the word of the present rulers of the German people for any settlement of the war, but only a guarantee backed up by the people of Germany themselves.

"These words," says the Peace Society, "are an appeal to those elements among the German people that keep alive the spirit of the unsuccessful revolution of 1848. A response to this appeal is coming from the Social Democrats who follow the lead of the imprisoned Karl Liebknecht, of Dr. Franz Mehring, of Hugo Haase, and of George Ledebour, who has already declared in the Reichstag 'We want a Republic.' The response has already come from the sailors who have expressed discontent with their rulers, in violent outbreaks at Wilhelmshafen and Pola. It is not for naught that the German Minister of Marine tried to connect the former uprising with the Independent Socialist leaders.

"The response has come, too, from German prisoners in France, presumably of Social Democrat affiliations, who have formed an organization to prepare democratic appeals which, by French aid, will be circulated in the German armies. The response has come from a group of German Radical Democrats, led by Herman Fernau and Dr. Herman Koesmier, exiles at Berne, who have published there since last April a bi-weekly journal, Die Freie Zeitung, devoted to the cause of German liberty. Finally, a response is coming from German-Americans, among whom are many descendants of the men of '48 and who have not forgotten the ideals of Schurz, Blum, Gagern, Kudlich, Hecker, Struve, and Sigel. Such men have formed an organization called 'Friends of German Democracy,' with members in different parts of the nation and societies in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis. The activities of this society are known and approved by the authorities at Washington."

The Peace Society suggests the following books to be read on the subject: "Germany, the Next Republic," Ackerman; "The Coming Democracy," Fernau; "My Four Years in Germany," Gerard, and "Militarism," Liebknecht.

STARTS NOVEL WAR RELIEF.

Kenosha, Wis., Centralizes Its Work in "Patriots' Fund."

KENOSHA, Wis., Nov. 17.—A novel plan to "put all Kenosha behind the war and not a few Kenoshans" is in operation today in this city. The plan provides for centralizing all war relief work to prevent waste in separate money-raising campaigns, and the fund, to be known as "The Patriots' Fund," will meet all legitimate requests for contributions.

Every person who joins the movement pledges himself to contribute one-half hour a week for the support of the various movements to take care of the soldiers in the field and in the cantonments. This half hour is to be contributed in cash to the one central fund, which is to be administered under the authority of the County Council of Defense. Wage earners subscribing to the plan authorize their employers to deduct the equivalent of one-half hour a week, and others who may not be reached in this way pledge to contribute an equivalent percentage of their income as a gift to the fund.

Bond issues by the Government are excepted from the operations of the plan.

Your Early Visit to

LAMBERT BROTHERS

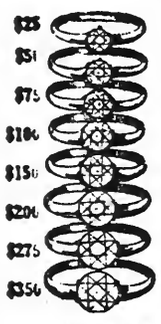
Would Be Appreciated and Would Be Highly Beneficial to You

PLEASE be perfectly at home in this store, which exists for the benefit and pleasure of its customers and could not, of course, exist without them. Do not hesitate to ask questions. We shall gladly answer them. That is one of the things we are here for. Prices are marked in plain figures.

And won't you come soon for your Christmas diamonds, jewelry, rings, and watches? Do not wait for the season of storms, of delays in getting about, of store attendants almost overwhelmed with the holiday rush. Our own factory, in the same building with our store, has sent down important and attractive additions to the Christmas stocks of platinum and solid gold jewelry and rings. Many especially beautiful pieces set with fine diamonds. Artistic mountings of platinum and solid gold are made in the Lambert factory, just above the store.

Christmas jewelry selected at Lamberts at ease and in comfort, long before the Christmas rush, need not be paid for on the spot. Pick out what you want, give your orders for engraving, let us keep your purchases stored in a stout steel vault. Pay when you call for them, at your convenience.

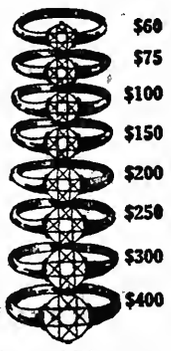
Diamonds At Direct Importers' Prices

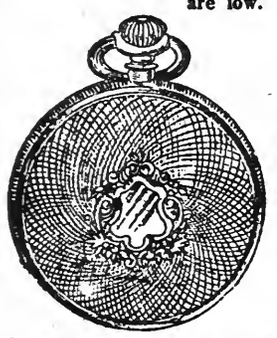


Do not hesitate to ask for Diamonds at Lamberts, even if the diamond mines have been closed more than three years. Lamberts bought largely before the cutters' prices went ballooning. As usual, we paid spot-cash and imported the Diamonds direct. None of your diamond money goes into a middleman's pocket when you buy

Solitaire Diamond Engagement Rings

as low as $10.00, $15.00, $20.00, and so on up to $1,500. Even the least expensive diamonds here are cut gems and not chips. All prices in figures plain as the sign on our store. They would be much higher prices if we had left off buying until lately. **Because our rent is low, our prices are low.**





Popular engine turned pattern, heavy solid 14-karat gold case, containing a 17-jewel Waltham movement, $60.00.
Other men's watches, solid 14-karat gold cases, from $31.00 up; gold filled cases $12.75 up. Sterling silver cases, $11.00 up.

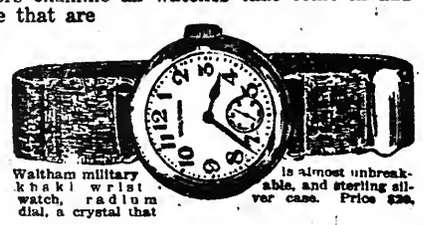
Interesting examples of Lambert Fancy Diamond Rings are here at $300.00, $500.00, $650.00, and hundreds of other prices. Mountings of platinum from the Lambert factory.

Please make a note of this: We will remodel old jewelry, from your designs or our own, or we will remount in the Lambert factory family diamonds at reasonable charges.

Tried and Tested Watches

Watches that won the prize of public confidence long ago, because they are as good timekeepers as the highest skill can produce with the best materials. Walthams, Howards, and other topliners. But even the best workmen in the best factories turn out defective work now and then. To guard our customers from imperfect watches, our own watchmakers examine all watches that come in and throw out those that are unfit for the most exacting service.

Speak to us of military watches, and let us know what you want in that line to send to the boys at the camps. We have more styles than we could illustrate in a dozen advertisements like this, even if we talked of nothing else.



Waltham military khaki wrist watch, radium dial, a crystal that is almost unbreakable, and sterling silver case. Price $20.

A very modern and exquisite Lavalliere, hand-wrought, of solid platinum set with 27 carefully selected diamonds, $240.00. Price includes chain.

Make It a Christmas Lavalliere.

A solid gold Lavalliere that would reflect credit on any Christmas giver's taste may be bought at Lamberts for $2.75. Others with diamond, $9.00 up. Novel patterns in platinum, beautiful, with diamonds of our own direct importation, $30.00 up.

Our Brilliant Brooches.

Just mention brooches and our salesman will show you so many charming designs, all solid gold, that your choice of a Christmas gift will be one of the easiest and most agreeable duties you ever undertook. Simple solid gold brooches, $2.00 up; with guttering diamond $7.50 up.

Barpins, Plain and Fancy.

Barpins, dainty as lace to the eye, but built to last. An amazing range of patterns to choose from, and every one you pick up seems rather more beautiful than the last one you looked at. Guaranteed solid gold, $2.75 up. Solid gold barpins set with diamond, $10.75 up.

Rings for Soldiers and Sailors.

We suggest solid gold military rings as Christmas gifts for the men in service. Upon these rings appear the emblems of cavalry, artillery, fantry, and of the brave bluejackets and marines on the deep water. Solid gold $9.50 up. Sterling Silver $5.00 up. Monograms, which we engrave without charge, give an intimate personal character to gifts like these rings.

Not Forgetting the Youngsters.

We have something in Christmas jewelry for everybody, not overlooking the children, whose delight in their first rings every lover of children knows. Well-made solid gold signets for boys and girls, $2.50 up; solid gold rings for small children as low as $1.00.

Solid gold fancy stone rings for ladies, with garnets, amethysts, topazes, bloodstones, and other gems, $3.00 up.

Give Him Another Pair.

Maybe the man you have in mind for a Christmas gift has a pair of gold cuff buttons. That is no reason why he should not have another pair by way of variety. Guaranteed solid gold, $2.00 a pair up. With diamond, $11.00 a pair up.

22-karat $5.25 up
18-karat $4.00 up
14-karat $3.30 up

22-karat $7.00 up
18-karat $5.50 up
14-karat $4.40 up

Never Failed to Please a Wearer.

A few styles are pictured here from the many in the Lambert assortment of Seamless Solid Gold Wedding Rings. Much is demanded of a wedding ring in the way of lasting polish and strength to resist wear. Lambert wedding rings are always equal to the occasion. Solid 14-karat gold, $3.30 up; solid 18-karat, $4.00 up; solid 22-karat, $5.25 up. Engraving without charge.

LAMBERT BROTHERS

Diamonds—Jewelry—Watches

Third Avenue, Corner 58th Street

Store Open Daily Until 6. Saturday Nights Until 9.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY *34th Street*

Pre-Inventory Clearance Sale

DINING ROOM, BEDROOM & LIBRARY FURNITURE

⅓ to ⅔ Less Than Regular Prices

CHAMBER FURNITURE

At ⅓ Off

Four-piece Queen Anne Model Suite, in Mahogany or American Walnut. **189.50** regularly 310.00

Four-piece Louis XVI Model Suite, in Mahogany. regularly 325.00, **217.50**

Four-piece Louis XVI Model Suite, in Walnut. regularly 320.00, **213.50**

Ten-piece William and Mary Model Suite, in finest American Walnut. **756.00** regularly 1133.50

Four-piece Louis XVI Model Suite, in Mahogany and Gold or Ivory Enamel finish. regularly 375.00, **250.00**

Three-piece Colonial Model Suite,—Dresser, Toilet Table and bow-foot Bed. regularly 130.00, **86.67**

ODD PIECES

At Less Than ½ Price

Solid Mahogany China Cabinet.....**20.00** regularly 75.00

Mahogany Toilet Table.....**39.50** regularly 85.00

Inlaid China Cabinet.....**24.50** regularly 72.50

Ivory Enameled Dresser.....**59.50** regularly 125.00

Ivory Enameled Toilet Table.....**35.00** regularly 75.00

Walnut Chifforobe.....**65.00** regularly 135.00

Mahogany Chiffonier.....**39.50** regularly 95.00

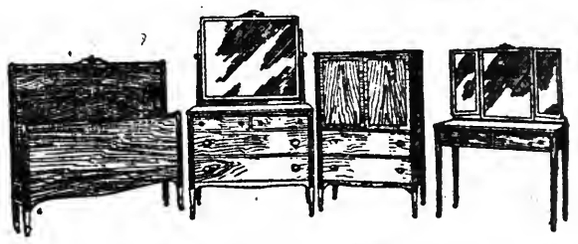
Mahogany China Cabinet.....**55.00** regularly 142.50

Walnut Chifforobe, regularly 95.00, **45.00**

Mahogany Bureau, regularly 75.00, **35.00**

Ivory Enameled Chiffonier.....**46.50** regularly 98.00

Ten-piece Louis XVI Model Suite, as illustrated, in American Walnut, consisting of Buffet, China Cabinet, Extension and Side Tables, five Side Chairs and one Armchair. **235.00** regularly 395.00



Four-piece Adam Model Suite, as illustrated, finished in Antique Ivory Enamel or Mahogany. Suite consists of Dresser, Chifforobe, Toilet Table and Bed. **142.50** regularly 225.00

Three-piece Library Suite, as illustrated, with frames of solid Mahogany, upholstered in Damask. **172.50** regularly 345.00

LIBRARY FURNITURE

At ½ Price

Two-piece Library Suites, upholstered in fine Velour. regularly 396.00, **198.00**

Two-piece Chesterfield Model Suite,—sofa and armchair, upholstered in Velour, regularly 450.00, **225.00**

Overstuffed Sofa, upholstered in Velour regularly 225.00, **112.50**

Tapestry Armchair with loose cushions regularly 60.00, **30.00**

Two-piece Library Suite,—Solid Mahogany frames, upholstered in Brown Velour. regularly 290.00, **195.00**

Chippendale Model Armchair, upholstered in Damask. regularly 75.00, **37.50**

Two-piece Chippendale Model Library Suite, upholstered in Velour. **180.00** regularly 360.00

Jacobean Oak Rocker.....**8.00** regularly 16.00

Armchair with mahogany frame, cane back and arms; upholstered in Velour. regularly 85.00, **42.50**

DINING ROOM SUITES

At ⅓ Off

Ten-piece Louis XVI Model Suite, in Solid American Walnut. **266.63** regularly 400.00

Ten-piece William and Mary Model Suites, in Solid American Walnut. **258.33** regularly 387.50

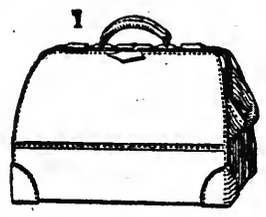
Ten-piece Chippendale Model Suites, in Solid Mahogany. regularly 395.00, **263.00**

Ten-piece Gray Enameled Breakfast Suite,—decorated. **218.63** regularly 328.00

"LUGGAGE WEEK"

Commencing Monday, November 19th

Offering Extraordinary Values



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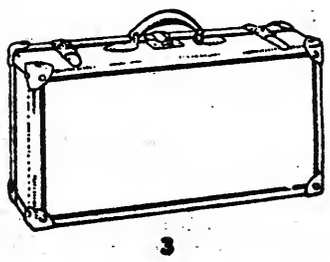

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1. English Russet Cowhide Bag,—full cut Oxford design; French edges; sewed corners; hand-sewn frame; solid brass mountings; leather and plaid lining. Size 18 inches. **14.75** regularly 18.00

2. Genuine Cowhide Bag, in Brown, Russet or Black; full cut; two pockets, hand-sewn corners. Sizes 16, 17 and 18 inches. **7.95** regularly 9.00

3. Light Weight Leather Suit Case,—steel frame; corners well protected; shirt pocket in lid. Size 24 inches. **6.00** regularly 7.50

4. Genuine Cowhide Bag in Walrus and Seal Grain Leather; all hand-sewn; leather lined; three pockets. Size 16 inches. **12.75** regularly 18.00

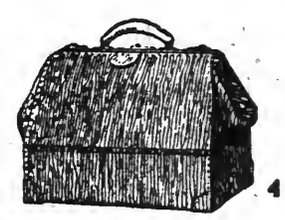
5. Traveling Bag of genuine Black Long Grain Leather; all hand-sewn. Size 18 inches. **7.50** regularly 9.00

6. Genuine Cowhide Suit Case, built on steel frame; corners and edges well protected; English plaid lining. Size 24 inches. **9.75** regularly 12.50

7. Regulation 45-inch Wardrobe Trunk, made on three-ply veneer basswood frame, covered with hard vulcanized fibre; five drawers; ten hangers; shoe pockets; laundry bag. **29.75** regularly 35.00

8. "McCreery Special," 45-inch Wardrobe Trunk, made on three-ply veneer basswood frame, covered with hard vulcanized fibre; five drawers, top drawer has lock; twelve hangers; shoe pockets, laundry bag; metal moulding; dustproof construction; blue brocade lining. Size 45x22x25½ inches. **42.50** regularly 48.00

9. Steamer Wardrobe Trunk, made on three-ply veneer basswood frame; covered and lined with fibre; six hangers; shoe pockets and laundry bag. **22.50** regularly 25.00



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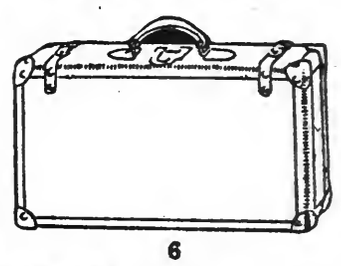

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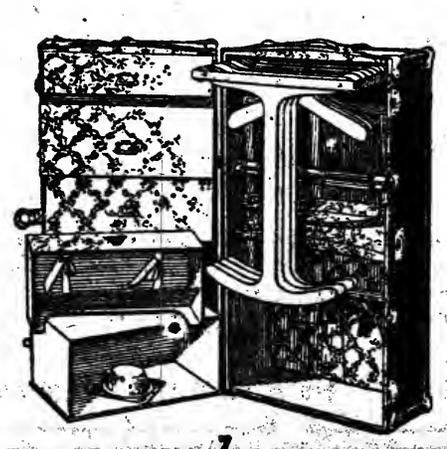
TRUNK DEPARTMENT—FIFTH FLOOR



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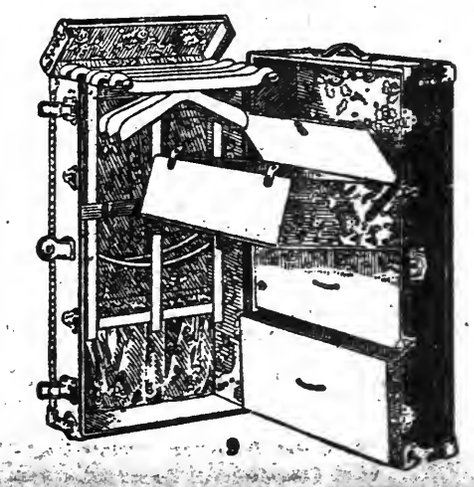

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100 MILITARY WRIST WATCHES

8.75 regularly 11.75

Guaranteed 15-jeweled lever movement; luminous dial and hands; unbreakable crystal; nickel plated case; Kitchner strap wristlet.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY *34th Street*

KNITTING YARN

Extra heavy Khaki and Gray Knitting Yarn,
75c hank
(On Monday Only)

Extraordinary Value

STREET & AFTERNOON DRESSES

15.50

regularly 29.50

Offering an exceptional purchase of Women's Street and Afternoon Dresses together with models taken from regular stock. Fashioned of popular Fabrics including Serge, Satin, Crepe de Chine, Velveteen and combinations of Georgette Crepe and Satin or Serge and Satin; tailored, draped, straight-line or bustle effects; braided or embroidered; six models illustrated.

To Close Out

WOMEN'S FASHIONABLE DRESSES

For Dinner, Street and Afternoon Wear

Developed in Satin, Georgette Crepe, Crepe de Chine, Net, Velvet, Serge and combination effects; most desirable colors; beaded, braided or embroidered

47.50 formerly 59.50 to 79.50

NO C. O. D'S.—NO APPROVALS—NO RETURNS

"McCREERY SILKS"

Famous Over Half A Century

Best values largest variety of weaves and styles and most complete color assortments.

Sale of
10,000 yards of double width
(Six Dollar and a Half Quality)

Rich Brocaded Charmeuse Satin

In the new elaborate cockade designs and latest colors, also Black or White; 42 inches wide.

2.95 yard

Also

5,000 Yards of Double Width

NOVELTY PRINTED GEORGETTE CREPE & SILK VOILE

In this season's choice designs and beautiful color combinations; 40 inches wide. **98c** yard regularly 2.50

Special Values

WOOL DRESS GOODS

1,500 yards of all wool Fall and Winter Coatings, including Plain and Heather Mixed Jersey, Oxford, Burella Cloth, Cheviot and Velour; in newest colorings; 54 inches wide. **3.25** yard

5,000 yards of Navy Blue Serge in a wide variety of weaves and qualities; suitable for suits and dresses; 42 to 56 inches wide. **1.25 to 2.95** yard

Black Satin-faced Broadcloths; permanent lustre; sponged and shrunk.
48 inches wide.....**1.95** yard 54 inches wide.....**2.75** yard

COTTON DRESS FABRICS

White Voile suitable for dresses and blouses; a fine sheer crisp quality; 40 inches wide. regularly 1.00, **65c** yard

Imported Dress Ginghams in the latest color combinations. **50c** yard

Imported Dress Linens,—thoroughly shrunk; non-crushable; full assortments of this season's best colors, also White; 36 inches wide. **85c** yard

LININGS & FLANNELS

3,000 yards Cotton-black Lining Satin; guaranteed quality; a full line of desirable colors; 36 inches wide.
95c yard regularly 1.25

White Flannel,—full weight; soft quality; 36 inches wide.
65c to 95c yard regularly 85c to 1.35

November Sale

WOMEN'S SILK PETTICOATS

Remarkably Low Priced

High-grade Silk Petticoats of Silk Jersey, Taffeta, Satin, Radium or Wool Jersey in an unusually varied and attractive assortment.

Eight Models Illustrated.

1—Petticoat of good quality Silk; straight line model; with double ruffles, in scalloped design. **3.95**

2—Taffeta Petticoats of superior quality, deep corded flounce with ruffle and plaiting; deep underlay. **3.95**

Black Wool Jersey Petticoats, with Taffeta flounce. **3.95**

3—Petticoat of Pompadour Taffeta with deep tucked flounce finished with foot ruffle. **4.95**

4—Taffeta Petticoat,—superior quality; deep shirred and corded flounce; foot plaiting and underlay. **4.95**

5—Silk Jersey Petticoat with Taffeta flounce corded and finished with plaiting. **5.75**

6—Taffeta Petticoat in tailored model; made with section flounce finished with ruffle. **5.75**

Petticoats of Duchess Satin with deep tucked flounce finished with small plaitings. **5.75**

Silk Jersey Petticoats,—straight line model; handsomely embroidered; also flounced model, scalloped and embroidered. **5.75**

Jersey top Petticoats with Duchesse Satin flounces. **5.75**

7—Silk Jersey Petticoat of superior quality; deep tucked flounce embroidered in beautiful colorings; embroidered scallops. **6.95**

8—Petticoat of Radium Taffeta in exquisite colorings; tucked flounce finished with plaiting. **6.95**

Black Silk Jersey Petticoats,—made of extra heavy quality Silk with fancy Messaline flounce. **6.95**

Extraordinary Sale

WOMEN'S SWEATERS

An Event of Unusual Importance

Brushed Wool or Fine Worsted Sweaters in plain or Heather Mixtures.
8.90 regularly 10.90 and 11.90

Heavy Worsted Sweaters,—belted model; a variety of colors.....
5.00 regularly 6.90

Light or heavy weight Worsted Sweaters,—attractive colorings.....
3.95 regularly 5.00

Unusual Values

WASHABLE SATIN BLOUSES

5.00 to 8.50

A large and attractive stock of Women's Tailored Blouses,—made of Crepe de Chine, Washable Satin, Men's Wear Crepe and "Moon-Glo" Silk Crepe

Stylish Blouses made of White Washable Satin with two broad box plaits down front and finished with smart pearl buttons; high or low collar. **5.00**

Blouses of Washable White Satin with broad roll collar and fastened with three pearl buttons. **5.95**

Washable White Satin Blouses,—very attractive model with deep plaited lapels; trimmed with dainty pearl buttons and buttonholes. **6.50**

Tucked Bosom Blouses made of White Washable Satin; collar may be worn high or low; turn-back cuffs. **6.95**

Superior quality White Washable Satin Blouses with narrow plaiting down front and fine tucking; new pointed shape low collar. **7.95**

Attractive Blouses in White Washable Satin; deep pointed collar; finished with three pearl buttons. **8.50**

Remarkable Offerings

MEN'S IMPORTED HANDKERCHIEFS

From France

Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs with tape border; satin stripe and Damask effects.
each 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00

Novelty Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs; striped and dotted effects.
each 1.50

From Ireland

Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs with hand-turned hems; tape effects.
dos. 7.50, 9.00 and 12.00

Handkerchiefs with narrow colored borders. dos. 6.00

Large size Handkerchiefs,—soft finished. dos. 4.00

HAIR GOODS—*Two Specials*

3.45

Wavy Hair Switches,—18-inch length; made on three separate stems.

Half Transformations,—may be worn back or front.

November Clearance Sale

750 WOMEN'S HIGH-GRADE COATS

19.50

formerly 29.50 to 45.00

An exceptionally advantageous purchase of the sample line of three of the foremost manufacturers of Women's high class Coats together with a quantity taken from regular stock and reduced for immediate clearance; only one or two of a kind; made of excellent quality materials; plain tailored or fur-trimmed.

NO C. O. D.'S — NO APPROVALS — NO RETURNS

November Clearance Sale

350 WOMEN'S SMART SUITS

19.50

formerly 29.50 to 45.00

Suits taken from regular stock and priced for immediate clearance; fashioned of fine quality materials; all the most popular colors represented; plain tailored or fur-trimmed; the assortment also includes sample Suits—only one or two of a kind.

NO C. O. D.'S — NO APPROVALS — NO RETURNS

Advantageously Priced

HIGH-CLASS FURS

Hudson Seal Coats,—48 inches long; made of choice skins; richly lined; deep collar and cuffs. **185.00**

Hudson Seal Coats,—45 inches long; with collar and cuffs of blended Skunk. **165.00**

Hudson Seal Coats,—extra size model ranging in size from 44 to 50 inches bust measure. **225.00**

Natural Muskrat Coats of dark skins; with Hudson Seal collar and cuffs. **85.00**

Muffs and Neckpieces

Natural Skunk Stoles	55.00	Black Lynx Stoles	42.50
Muffs to match	32.50	Black Lynx Muffs	32.50
Hudson Seal Capes	22.50	Taupe Wolf Scarfs	32.50
Hudson Seal Muffs	18.50	Taupe Wolf Muffs	32.50
Eastern Mink Stoles	225.00	Pearl Gray Wolf Scarfs	25.00
Eastern Mink Muffs	65.00	Pearl Gray Wolf Muffs	25.00

Specially Priced

"MOON-GLO" UNDERWEAR

Gowns and Envelope Chemises developed in Flesh-Tinted "Moon-Glo" Silk Crepe beautiful models; tailored or trimmed with Valenciennes or real Filet lace, also embellished with double-faced satin ribbon.

Gowns.....16.95, 18.50 and 19.95
Envelope Chemises to match..... 8.95, 9.95 and 11.95

Exceptional Offerings

POPULAR LACES

Unusually attractive assortments of Laces, including exclusive effects in Novelty Metal Laces, Real Filet Laces and Embroidered Georgette Crepe Flouncings in many dainty designs, also combinations of Metal and Braid effects.

Embroidered Metal Lace Flouncings,—18 to 36 inches wide.....yd. 95c to 4.50
regularly 1.50 to 7.50

Real Filet Edgings and Insertions.....regularly 1.35 to 8.75, yd. 85c to 6.50

Embroidered Georgette Crepe Flouncings in a range of colors..yd. 3.25 and 4.50
regularly 5.25 and 7.50

Special Features

NOTION DEPARTMENT

Colored Canvas Patterns for making beaded bags in assorted designs...
each 25c

Beads for making bags in a large assortment of colors.....
bunch 18c; dos. bunches 2.00

A large variety of bag rings and handles.....pair 25c to 1.25

BOTH SIDES FAVORED BY HARBOR AWARD

Settles Question of Hours and Wages for 7,000 Marine Workers.

DECISION SURE TO STAND

Employers and Employes Urged to Reduce Overtime to a Minimum —Fair, Says Captain Baker.

After hearings and conferences lasting two weeks the Arbitration Board appointed by the Federal Government to settle the question of wages and working hours between the 7,000 affiliated marine workers and the tugboat owners in New York Harbor announced its award yesterday at noon in the Custom House.

In regard to working conditions for employes on harbor craft, other than ferryboats, lighters, and tidewater boats, the award states that where food is not provided the owner shall allow sixty cents a day, or $18 a month, to each member of the crew, the length of the day to be governed by the Federal law and one day off each week on full pay for every employe. One full week's vacation, with pay, is granted to every man who has been in the employ of one company for twelve months or more. Carfare is given crews when boats have to be taken over other than the designated point.

Employers and employes are urged to reduce overtime to a minimum, but when overtime is required it shall be paid for at time and a half.

Captains are to be paid from $125 a month to $145 a month, with board, according to the engine power of the boat they command. Mates and pilots required to navigate are to receive $125 a month and board. Deckmates on passenger and excursion vessels get $90 a month, with food. First deck hands, $65 a month, and second deck hands, $60 a month, with board.

The engineers are to be divided into three classes at $115, $125, and $135 a month, with board. Others receive $60; firemen, $50 to $55, and floatmen, $60. All of these are to receive board with wages.

Although neither side has received all that was asked for in their respective claims, Captain William B. Baker, U. S. A., the Chairman of the Arbitration Board, said yesterday that the board had tried to do its best and act fairly to both the marine workers and the owners. Some of the members of the Towboat Exchange appeared to think that the men had received too much in the award and the union officials, on the other hand, believed that enough had not been given them, especially the marine engineers, who asserted that a tugboat engineer was entitled to the same pay as the Captain.

PRESIDENT SAVES CADET.

Refuses to Dismiss John Thomas Bell, Court-Martialed at West Point.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17. — President Wilson has declined to carry out a sentence of dismissal imposed by a court-martial at West Point on Cadet John Thomas Bell, a first classman at the Military Academy. But for the charges brought against him, Cadet Bell would have been commissioned as a Second Lieutenant at the time of the graduation of his class.

The President, while confirming the sentence, commuted it to withholding the commission until the date of the President's action on the case. This makes Bell junior to all the other members of his class.

Bell was accused of having left guard duty before being relieved, and of having denied it to a superior officer. He was convicted on both charges.

FORD FOR UNIVERSAL MILITARY TRAINING

Manufacturer Also Says War Will Be Won by Nation That Understands Use of Machinery.

Henry Ford, who has just been appointed to the staff of the Shipping Board in Washington, and whose hobby is the standardization of material for mechanical production, said yesterday in a statement given out here:

"We must think more about machinery. If this war is to be won, it will be won by the nation that knows best how to use tools and machinery; that knows the secret of quantity production through standardization on one model. I have been disappointed to find our Government planning different sizes and kinds of equipment and machinery where one model could be used. Ships can be built faster, better, and cheaper if standardized to a single model. One model makes possible production in enormous quantities, reduces cost, and improves quality. In this standardization lies the secret of American industrial power, and we need our industrial power in this war.

"From the distance I thought the best work in Washington would be done by civilian aids. On my recent visit there I have seen something of the army officers. They have a discipline and training that is needed by the country at large. Their influence should spread."

Mr. Ford also came out strongly in favor of universal military training.

"Our Government must never abandon the barracks and army camps that are being built," he said. "When peace comes the world will be ready for disarmament. The people will understand the wrong of killing each other. The German will see that the American and the Frenchman he went out to kill are just as good as he is, and the American will feel the same way about the German. Then we must develop a great national army for training all our young men between the ages of 18 and 21. We can bring them together from farms and cities in the wintertime to the barracks and training places.

"Young Americans need discipline. In this service army the Government can teach them order and train them to work. They should have a few hours of gymnastics and drill, and five or six hours of work in a factory every day. Near each encampment there can be located a few factories for tractors and other implements that farmers need. Our branch assembly plants for motor cars have proved to us that the whole of a factory does not have to be congested in one place. One mother plant can send the patterns, raw castings, and forgings to dozens of branch plants, each employing 2,000 or 3,000 men. Designing and management will centre at the mother plant, so that supervision of these branch plants will be simple.

"A part of this national training army of young men can be moved to places where big work for the nation is under way. They can build dams, straighten rivers, develop irrigation work, and aid in constructing good roads that will bring our people closer together. In this way the workmen would be kept near to the land.

"The United States must save its labor power. Transportation for armies and supplies is a basic need of wartime. Railroads alone cannot handle the freight. The Germans are reported to have moved recently an army of 900,000 men from the eastern to the western front by auto trucks. The Ford plant can produce 2,000 one-ton trucks daily, and its production can be increased in a few weeks to 3,000. Each truck can haul eight soldiers with full equipment. During the first month our shop could furnish trucks to haul an army of 480,000 men, thereafter for 720,000 men in each month. Each workman can manufacture a truck in fifteen days.

"We are ready to furnish the Government these trucks at shop cost without profit. I will take no profit from anything produced for any Government during the war. I despise the profiteer who makes money out of war."

George Bernard Co.

Semi-Annual

CLEARANCE SALE

Evening Gowns of Regal Loveliness $65 to $175
Velvets, chiffons, satins, and brocades. Were $125 to $275

Evening Wraps..... $95 to $175
Chiffon velvet, brocades, fur trimmed. Reg. $165 to $375

Dresses Street and Afternoon..... $45 to $125
Velvet, Tricotines, Velour Cloths. Were $75 to $195

Dancing Frocks For Women and Misses $25 to $85
Exquisite materials. Were $95 to $150

Street & Motor Coats..... $55 to $150
Of the very finest cloths. Formerly $110 to $275

Suits..... $55 to $175
Chiffon Velvet and Velour cloths. Formerly $125 to $275

Hats French models and originations $10

Similar Reductions in Our Waist and Fur Departments

Extra Sales Staff Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday. Immediate Selection Urged.

NO APPROVALS NO EXCHANGES

673 FIFTH AVENUE at 53d St

IMPORTER DESIGNER

KATE MORETTI, INC

GOWNS · SUITS · WRAPS

5 WEST 46TH STREET

SALE

Monday and Tuesday Only

Exact copies of Imported Models, Satin, Serge and Velvet Gowns for Afternoon and Evening wear. Wraps, Auto Coats and Tailor Made Suits at a Great Sacrifice in Price.

Kate Moretti

Profits to Be Eliminated

ON ALL

SOROSIS SHOES

Commencing Monday, November 19th, and continuing for thirty days, "Sorosis Shoes" will be sold at cost plus actual selling expenses.

This sale includes all of our Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes, consisting of the well-known Sorosis staples as well as the latest and most ultra-fashionable styles.

The object of this sale is to insure continuous employment at the Sorosis factories during the coming Winter. Among the employees are wives and dependents of those serving our Government and fighting for our Country.

Similar Sales Will Be Held in All Large Cities.

Sold Exclusively in New York City by

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue 34th Street

Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Annual Sale of Portieres

Purchases made nearly a year ago, when prices were much lower than they are now, enable us to offer

These Exceptional Values

Velour Portieres
$32.50
Superb quality of close pile Velvet, in a wide range of colors. Special combinations made up to meet individual decorative requirements.

Velour Portieres
$24.00
In many attractive combinations of rose, mulberry, green, brown, blue and gold; custom made, with French open edges.

Velour and Poplin Portieres
$14.75
A full range of colors, deep pile velvet, lined with repp or poplin in contrasting shades.

Very Special
Roxborough Velvet Portieres
A limited number of pairs; finished with French open edges; combinations of rose, gold, brown and mulberry.
$22.75
Worth $31.00 per pair

Art Silk Portieres
$10.50
A most artistic portiere, shown in many beautiful colorings; 8 feet long. Specially priced.

Art Silk Portieres
$13.50
Light weight portieres in very attractive color combinations. Specially priced.

Clearance Sale of Armure Portieres
$9.00
Formerly $12.00 and $13.50
In all the wanted colorings.

Great Values in Lace Curtains

480 Pairs Marquisette and Scrim Curtains
$3.75
Formerly $6.00 to $7.50 a pair

350 Pairs Imported Lacet Arabe Curtains
$13.75
Formerly $25.00 a pair

175 Pairs Lacet Arabe Curtains
$11.75
Formerly $20.00 and $22.00 a pair

Fifth Floor.

American Made Royal Wilton Rugs

25% Less Than Present Value

Choice variety of Persian designs and colors, quantities limited in some sizes.

9x 9 feet	$41.50	10½x12 feet	$67.50
9x12 feet	$49.50	10½x14 feet	$77.50
9x14 feet	$61.50	11¼x15 feet	$82.50

Bigelow Axminster Rugs

Just received a large shipment of these extra heavy high pile Rugs. Chinese and Persian effects in exquisite color tones.

27x54 inches	$4.00	6¾x 9 feet	$24.50
36x63 inches	$6.50	8¼x10½ feet	$36.50
4½x7½ feet	$16.50	9x12 feet	$39.50

Broad Loom English Chenille Carpets

Large importations of these carpetings just received; colors—Taupe, Sand, Blue, Mauve, French Grey. Extra heavy qualities.

12 and 15 feet wide, $15.00 per square yard.

Other qualities in same colorings and widths up to 20 feet wide, at $9.75 per square yard.

Fifth Floor.

Thanksgiving Table Linens

25 to 33⅓% Less

Standard grades from our regular stock

Pure Linen Damask Table Cloths & Napkins

Table Cloths		
2x2 yards	Formerly $5.50	$4.25
2x2½ yards	Formerly $6.85	$5.35
2x3 yards	Formerly $8.25	$6.25

Napkins to match			
20 inch	Formerly $5.50	dozen	$4.25
22 inch	Formerly $6.75	dozen	$5.35
24 inch	Formerly $7.75	dozen	$6.25

Double Damask Table Cloths and Napkins

Table Cloths		
2x2 yards	Formerly $12.50	$7.75
2x2½ yards	Formerly $15.00	$9.75
2x3 yards	Formerly $18.00	$11.75
2¼x2¼ yards	Formerly $16.00	$10.50
2½x2½ yards	Formerly $19.00	$12.75

Napkins to match			
Luncheon Size	Formerly $15.00	dozen	$9.50
Dinner Size	Formerly $20.50	dozen	$12.75

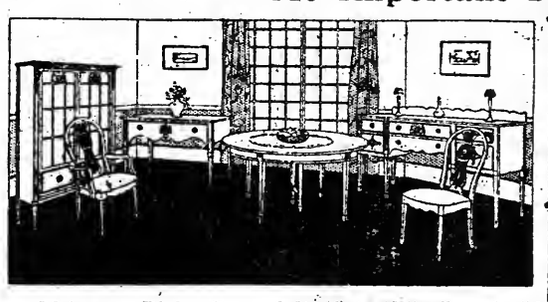
Second Floor.

End of the Season Sale

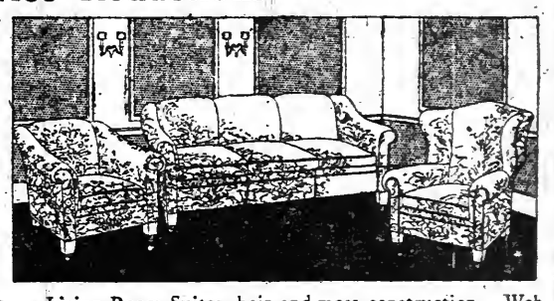
$200,000 High Grade Furniture

For the Dining Room, Bed Room and Living Room

At Important Price Reductions



Mahogany Dining Room Suite, beautifully figured and elegantly finished. Ten pieces: Sideboard 66 inches, China Cabinet 65 inches high, 46 inches wide; Serving Table 39 inches, Extension Table, 54-inch top, extending to 8 feet; 5 Side Chairs and 1 Arm Chair..... $465.00



Living Room Suites, hair and moss construction. Web bottoms, spring edge, loose cushion spring seats, upholstered in Tapestry.

Davenport—formerly $110.00	$75.00
Arm Chair—formerly $60.00	$39.50
Fireside Chair—formerly $60.00	$39.50

65 Odd Pieces Dining Room Furniture
At 33⅓ to 50% Reductions

140 Odd Pieces Bed Room Furniture
At 33⅓ to 50% Reductions

150 Upholstered Tapestry Chairs
At 25% Reduction

75 Pieces Leather Furniture
At 25% Reduction

40 Upholstered Chairs and Rockers
In Various Coverings at 50% Reduction

100 Mahogany Smoking Stands
With Gun Metal Fitting
$2.50
Sixth Floor.

100 Mahogany Arm Chairs and Rockers
Actual Value $22.00—Special $12.75

Early Season Clearance

Misses' Dresses

Formerly up to $35.00—**$18.50**

A collection of smart models in Men's Wear Serges, Broadcloths, Silk and Serge, and soft Messaline Silks, in every fashionable color. Sizes 14 to 20 years.

None C. O. D. No Approvals.

Third Floor.

Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Women's White Gloves

of English Doeskin, at the Special Price

$1.85

Smartest and most practical of White Gloves fashioned of the sofest White Doeskin, which washes perfectly and retains its velvety softness indefinitely. Full pique sewn and fastened with 2 large pearl buttons.

Ground Floor

Announcing the Annual November Sale
Women's Fashionable Furs

At Prices That Represent Important Savings

The pelts have been carefully selected, perfectly matched; the workmanship is the very best. The linings, the details, leave nothing to be desired. Not a sale of Furs of doubtful pedigree, but the finest grades obtainable.

Hudson Seal Coats
(dyed muskrat)
42 inch length
$125.00 and **$165.00**

46 inch length
$145.00 to **$225.00**

48 inch length
$235.00

Natural Muskrat Coats
Plain or collar and cuffs of contrasting fur.
$77.50, $89.50 and **$125.00**

Model Coats
of Selected Skins in broadtail, caracul, mole, leopard and Hudson Seal
At Special Prices

Fur Scarfs and Muffs

Bl'k Lynx Scarfs..$27.50, $32.50, $57.50	Hud. Seal Scarfs..$19.50, $27.50, $52.50	Taupe Wolf Scarfs.....$27.50
Bl'k Lynx Muffs..$27.50, $32.50, $47.50	Hud. Seal Muffs..$12.50, $16.50, $22.50	Taupe Wolf Muffs.....$27.50
Skunk Scarfs....$31.50, $37.50, $59.50	Natural Beaver Scarfs...$27.50, $37.50	Natural Raccoon Scarfs.....$17.50
Skunk Muffs....$26.50, $34.50, $47.50	Natural Beaver Muffs.....$29.50	Natural Raccoon Muffs.....$17.50
Taupe Fox Scarfs.....$39.50, $47.50	Georgette Fox Scarfs.....$52.50	Dyed Skunk Scarfs.....$16.50
Taupe Fox Muffs.....$39.50, $47.50	Georgette Fox Muffs.....$52.50	Dyed Skunk Muffs.....$17.50

Capelets and Scarfs with Muffs to Match
In Sable, Fisher, Mole, Ermine, Silver Fox, Skunk and Black Lynx at Special Prices.

Third Floor.

A Most Extraordinary Sale of 300
Women's Fur Trimmed Suits

A Manufacturer's Surplus Stock Secured At Great Concessions and Priced Accordingly

Actually Worth Up to $50.00 — **$22.50** — None Sent C. O. D. No Approvals

Smart New Models In Velour Cloths, Broadcloths, Burella Velours, Silvertone Burellas. Trimmed With the Most Effective Furs.

In Fashionable Shades Of Taupe, Green, Rose-Taupe, Reindeer, Navy, Brown, Coats Lined With Matching Peau de Cygnes.

Fur Collared Coats—Very Special

$25.00 Silver Kit Coney Collars
Wool Velours in taupe, beetroot, brown, green and navy. Lined throughout with sol satin.

$29.50 Natural Raccoon Collars
Wool Velours in light or dark brown, green, navy, and other of the fashionable Winter Colors.

$39.50 Raccoon and Seal Nutria Collars
Velour Cloth in taupe, plum, brown, or black; peau de cygne linings.

$55.00 Nutria or Seal Nutria Collars and Cuffs
Velour Cloth of finest quality in taupe, plum, brown, green, and blue. Fancy or plain linings.

$65.00 Taupe Wolf Collars and Cuffs
Cashwell Cloth in choice shades of green, taupe, brown, Khaki, Pekin blue and black, richly lined and very handsome.

All Coats Are Warmly Interlined.

Third Floor.

Special for Monday

A Sale of Blouses

Smart Models in Georgette Crepe
Actually Worth up to $10.00

$5.00

None C. O. D. No Approvals.

The special purchase of a manufacturer's surplus stock, secured at remarkable price concessions, for this important offering.

Blouses—hand-embroidered
Blouses—bead-embroidered
Blouses—soutache braided
all strikingly smart models & in the wanted shades of
Bisque—Taupe—Blue—Brown
Plum—Black and White
Also Satin Blouses
All Sizes in the Assortment.

Ground Floor Tables.

Important Sale of Wanted Laces

At Half Price—$12,500 Worth for $6,250

An altogether out-of-the-ordinary occasion because never before have we been able to offer such a splendid collection of the Laces most in demand at such prices.

Metal Laces
A complete assortment of widths and color combinations, including black with gold and silver, also greys and taupes, in laces, insertions and flouncings.
30c, 65c, $1.25, $1.50 and **$2.00**
Formerly 60c to $4.00 a yard.

Real Italian Hand-Made Filet Laces
Laces and insertions beautifully made and exquisitely fine in quality. All the wanted widths from the narrowest to the widest,
at **48c** to **$4.95** a yard
Former prices 98c to $10.00 a yard

Hand Made Chinese Cluny Laces
Dainty and fine in texture, featuring the edges especially. Widths two to five inches. Formerly 50c to $1.95 a yard.....**25c 50c** and **95c**

Real Duchesse and Point Laces
So fashionable for the trimming of Velvet gowns. Widths 7 to 18 inches.
Formerly $12.00 to $40.00 a yard,
$5.95 to **$19.95**

Imitation Cluny and Filet Laces
Close copies of the real; in all the wanted widths. Formerly 12c to 50c a yard.....**6c** to **25c**

Real Irish Crochet Lace Picot Edges—Formerly 15c yard—**8c**

Ground Floor.

An Extraordinary Value

5000 Yards Black Dress Satins

An excellent quality; 40 inches wide
$1.78 yard
Usual Price $2.50 a yard.

Also

Colored Chiffon Velvets

$5.50 yard

A complete range of colors (more than 75 shades) for evening and street wear; 40 inches wide.

Chiffon Dress Velvet

in the most desirable street shades.
$3.95 a yard

Ground Floor.

Correct New Models In

Service Apparel

Uniforms, Aprons and Caps for Nurses and Maids are here in the standard makes and at most moderate prices.

White Uniforms.....$3.00 to $5.00
Percale, Chambray and Gingham Uniforms.....$2.00 to $3.50
Black and Grey Uniforms.$3.00 to $18.75
Aprons with or without bibs.38c to $3.95
Caps.....6c to 50c

Specially Priced for Monday

Maids' Black Dresses

Conventional models with high neck and long sleeves. Purchased for this special offering and featured at much below actual values.

$5.00 Dresses of Black Poplin $2.90
$6 Dresses of Black Mohair..$4.50
$7 Dresses of Black Mohair..$5.95

Second Floor.

A Special Purchase

225 Petticoats

Actually Worth $6.00
Featured for Monday's Selling At
$3.95

Smart models in every fashionable color and black.

Taffeta Silk Petticoats—with novel flounces.

Silk Jersey Petticoats—with taffeta flounces.

Second Floor.

2000 Hanks of Khaki Knitting Yarn

Two shades of Khaki to select from. The quality is first class.

75c Hank

Fourth Floor.

Women's High-Cut Satin Boots, $9.50

Laced Boots High Arched Louis XVI. heels

The finest Dark Grey or Black Satin

Clearance of 1000 Pairs

High-Cut Black Boots

$3.95

Formerly $5.50 and $6.00—Sizes incomplete

Second Floor.

An Important Sale

Women's Dresses

Models Actually Worth up to $95.00

$39.50

None C. O. D. No Approvals.

An extremely varied and interesting collection assembled especially for this occasion.

Street Dresses of fine Serges, Poiret Twills and Velveteens in smart models.

Afternoon Dresses of Georgette Crepes, Satin Meteor and Novelty Silks elaborate with hand-embroidery in silk, metallic threads and beads.

Dancing Dresses of Silk Nets, Georgette Crepes, Soft Satins, with metallic embroideries, wonderfully effective.

Every wanted size in the assortment.

Third Floor.

Special for Monday and Tuesday

Dress Serges

in Navy Blue and Black
$2.00 yard
Regular price $2.75 yard

Imported Velveteen

in the popular dark Fall shades and black
$1.28 yard
Regular price $2.50 a yard

Semi-Made Skirts

Pleated Styles in Navy Blue and Black Serge; all sizes
$5.85

Second Floor.

SPARES MRS. WARREN FOR HER WAR WORK

Court Imposes Fine of $8,000 in Smuggling Case Instead of Jail Sentence.

CRITICISES HER HUSBAND

Architect's Attack Upon the President, Judge Declares, Was Not Shared in by His Wife.

The two-year-old case of the Government against Mrs. Charlotte A. Warren, who was accused of having undervalued wearing apparel which she brought from France in November, 1915, ended yesterday when Judge Manton of the Federal District Court fined her $8,000 on her plea of guilty. Before the sentence was pronounced the Court read a lecture to the defendant that was composed equally of eulogy and censure. In the course of it he referred to the criticisms that the defendant's husband, Whitney Warren, an architect, had directed at the President and his advisers, and said he was glad to know that the defendant had not shared her husband's views in this respect.

Mrs. Warren appeared in court at 9:30 A. M. and seated herself near the bench in a manner wholly cool and collected. She was accompanied by her counsel, William L. Wemple, and John W. H. Crim. After a brief plea for clemency by Mr. Crim, Judge Manton said:

"Well, Mrs. Warren, there isn't anything that I can say to add to your position, just now, of humiliation. What I do say is simply said because I feel what sentence I am going to impose requires explanation. Yesterday there stood at the bar of justice in this court two men who were charged with smuggling. I sentenced them to prison for good terms. I did that because I felt the crime of smuggling must be stamped out, and the only way to stamp it out, apparently, is to impose prison sentences. I think that your offense, as I have examined it, and as it is conceded by your confession of guilt, is tantamount to smuggling.

"Except for some extenuating circumstances that have been submitted to me, I think the sentence in your case should be the same. This much has come to my attention. I do not wish to say it publicly, but your physicians have called on me and explained your condition of health, that together with your mature years and the work you have done for mankind, are things which weigh in your favor. True religion is taking care of and assisting the orphans and comforting the widows, and that has constituted some of your mission in life."

The Judge said that he had been told that Mrs. Warren had done much good work in France, that he himself had seen the need and had practiced the work of relieving the poor and heavily laden, and that the good work she had done for others would count in her favor.

"I think your work in France stands much more in your favor now," the Judge continued, "because your husband, while you were in such splendid service, was criticising unfairly and unjustly the greatest humanitarian known to mankind, President Wilson. I understand you did not share that criticism and, therefore, standing out against his action is your action for the good of the widows and orphans in France. In view of this work and in view of what your doctors have told me, I feel it would be wrong to impose a prison sentence upon you. However, the case is a flagrant one and you must receive the other alternative. The statute provides for a fine of $5,000 or two years' imprisonment or both. I shall sentence you to pay a fine of $5,000 on the first count and $1,000 on each of the other counts."

Mrs. Warren and her counsel paid the fine to the clerk and left the court hurriedly in fruitless efforts to escape a host of photographers. Mrs. Warren declared the value of the goods she brought here two years ago to be only $1,000, and afterwards settled the civil suit of the Government by paying a share of $7,836.07, which the Government appraisers said were the value of the goods abroad, and in addition $3,972.27, the amount of the duty. The Government in the civil suit named Mrs. Warren, and her traveling companions, Miss Evelyn Burden, sister of I. Townsend Burden, and Miss Burden's sister, Mrs. Gwendolyn Dows, as defendants. The total amount was divided between them and paid last month.

Mrs. Warren at first pleaded not guilty to the criminal charge against her, but her settlement of the civil action was equivalent to a plea of guilty, which she afterward substituted for her first plea. When Miss Burden on a plea of guilty on charges similar to that against Mrs. Warren, was fined $2,500, Judge Manton told her then that if she had gone to trial and had insisted on her innocence he would have been obliged to send her to prison. Mrs. Dows was never implicated in the criminal proceedings.

AUTO BANDITS SCARED OFF.

Fail in Attempt to Hold Up Paymaster with $15,000.

Four roughly dressed men in an automobile yesterday made an unsuccessful attempt to hold up John H. Bruning, paymaster of the Fagan Iron Works, at Fourteenth and Cole Streets, Jersey City. Bruning, who had $15,000 for the payroll, was in another automobile with Joseph Schmidt and August F. Brewer. When they were half a block from the works the bandits' car drew alongside revolvers were pointed at Bruning and his fellow passengers and Schmidt, who was driving, was ordered to stop.

He kept on, however, and several shots were fired, one of which went through Bruning's hat. Then some boys ran up shouting and the bandits fled. The boys said they were in a Ford, bearing a license plate "6719 N. J. 1917." The police traced the car to Hudson Boulevard, but there it disappeared. The Hoboken police sent out an alarm, stating that the car had been stolen in the city.

Stern Brothers

West Forty-second Street (Between 5th and 6th Avenues) West Forty-third Street

Women's Luxurious Winter Coats

Will comprise an exceptional offering at the reduced prices of

$25.00 and 32.50

Included are several decidedly smart models, in semi-fitted, loose and belted styles; made of silvertone, broadcloth and soft velours; some trimmed with large full collar of rich furs, other tailored styles to be worn with one's own furs; silk lined and interlined; desirable colors.

Regularly sold up to $52.50

Philippine Night Gowns and Envelope Chemises

Hand-made and embroidered in most elaborate patterns, will be featured on the Second Floor, at

$1.75 and 2.75

Regularly sold at $2.95 and 4.25

Also specially planned values in

Crepe de Chine Night Gowns,

Tailored and lace-trimmed models,

at $3.95

Regularly sold at $4.50

The Predominating Styles in Home Furnishings

Are shown in the Upholstery Department on the Fourth Floor

Excellent values available To-morrow:

Imported Filet Lace Curtains,

artistic combinations; formerly $22.50 to 42.50 pr.,

at $18.50, 21.50 and 29.75

Imported Filet Lace Panels or Stores,

various sizes; formerly $14.50 to 37.50,

at $10.50, 14.50 to 27.50

Velour Portieres, at $32.50 pr.

Metal embroidered, reversible colors, tastefully combined in design to suit Living or Dining Room, Library or Foyer. ***Formerly $37.50***

Further Reductions have been made in our entire stock of Women's Suits and Dresses

With the following very special values for Monday:

Women's Gowns

For street, afternoon or evening, of velveteen, serge, jersey cloth, satin, crepe de Chine and gros de londres,

Formerly up to $49.50

at $29.50

Smart Tailored Suits

Of silvertone, duvet de laine, velours, and velveteens; plain man tailored or fur trimmed,

Formerly up to $75.00

at $45.00

Plain and Demi-Tailored Suits, at $22.50 to 195.00

Formerly $34.50 to 285.00

Dress Fabrics and Coatings

Are being shown on the Second Floor, in the fashionable weaves and colorings, including the new pastel tints. An importation has just been received of Wool-backed Silk Zenanas in the latest French colors.

An Exceptional Offering on the Main Floor:

All Wool Velours

54 inches wide; light and medium weight; plain colors and black, also novelty checks and stripes in leading colors,

$2.90 yd.

Satin Finish Broadcloths

48 inches wide; light weight, sponged and shrunk; in a large assortment of colors, also black,

$1.78 yd.

Most Extraordinary Sale of Dress Silks and Velvets

Monday and Tuesday—Second Floor

Imported Colored Chiffon Velvets

40 inches wide; in a beautiful assortment of rich Autumn shades,

Formerly $6.50 a yard.

at $3.95

40-inch Lustrous Satin Royal, at $1.48

In a good choice of colorings, also white and black; formerly $3.00 yd.

40-inch Crepe Georgette, at $1.35

in street and evening shades, also flesh and black; regularly $2.00 yd.

36-inch Seasonable Dress Satin, at $1.15

in a large assortment of light and dark shades; regularly $1.50 yd.

100 Misses' High Class Serge Dresses

Will be Closed Out Monday, in an Extraordinary Offering

at $10.00

Distinctive styles adapted for the youthful figure, in one and two piece models; also coatee and straight line effects in superior quality serge, many elaborately embroidered.

Regularly sold up to $24.75

Misses' Daytime Coats

Entirely new belted model, developed in Pom Pom Bolivia cloth, with large shoulder collar of Australian opossum, silk lined throughout and interlined; sizes 14, 16 and 18 years,

at $37.50

Regularly sold for $52.50

Men's and Women's Handkerchiefs

A most desirable gift—greatly below usual prices, Monday.

WOMEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS of linen, initialled;.....box of six, at 85c, 1.50

WOMEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS of fine sheer linen; Spanish hand embroidered initials; assorted patterns to each box of 6 $2.25

WOMEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS Shamrock lawn; initialled in white and colors;....per dozen $1.00, 1.25

WOMEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS of Linen; hand embroidered in white and colors, 35c

WOMEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS, of sheer linen; hand hemstitched;.....per dozen $5.50

MEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS of linen; initialled;....box of six $1.45, 2.90

MEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS made of linen with tape borders;.....per dozen $3.50

MEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS Linen; hemstitched; dozen 2.60 4.75 5.50

Remarkable Values in Real Laces

Main Floor

Real Point de Binche and Real Valenciennes Edgings and Insertions,

Regularly 60c to $23.00 yd,

at 40c, 58c, $2.25 to 15.95

Household Linens

In many instances the prices are below those quoted at present by European manufacturers.

Irish All Linen Satin Damask Table Cloths

In a variety of handsome designs; full bleached; regularly $3.75

at $2.90 each

Satin Damask Napkins, full bleached; extra large dinner size; heavy weight; regularly $8.50 a dozen, at $4.95

Irish All Linen Huck Towels hemstitched ends; regularly $7.00 a dozen,.....at $5.25

Irish All Linen Pillow Cases, hemst'd; splendid wearing quality; regularly $2.75 a pair,.....at $1.95

Bedspreads, Satin Finish; at these low prices $3.25, 4.25

Huck Towels, hemstitched,	dozen	$2.50, 3.75
Linen Sheets, hemstitched,	pair	$7.40, 9.75
Turkish Bath Towels,	doz.	$2.25, 2.95

Real Filet Lace Collars

UNUSUAL VALUES IN DESIRABLE SHAPES,

at $3.45 & 3.95

Collar and Cuff Sets

Made of Real Filet; special

at $5.50

Net Jabots

Lace-trimmed; satin turnovers; special

at $1.25

Collar and Cuff Sets

Washable Satin, in this season's approved shapes; special

at $1.35

Foreign and Domestic Rugs

The favored weaves and colorings are presented at very attractive prices.

Tientsin and Peking Rugs

Embossed; blue, gold, rose, tan, etc., from 2½x4½ to 12½x13½ feet,

$19.50 to 395.00

Regularly $24.50 to 500.00

Persian Rugs

In the most desirable weaves; sizes from 3½x6 to 13x17½ feet,

$34.50 to 385.00

Regularly $45.00 to 550.00

A number of long and unusual size Oriental Rugs at very decided price reductions.

CONTINUING THE SALE OF

High Grade Wilton Rugs in Oriental designs

SIZE	WERE	NOW	SIZE	WERE	NOW
27x54 ins.	$7.00	$5.75	8¼x10½ feet	$56.50	$46.50
36x63 ins.	11.75	$9.25	9x12 feet	$63.00	$49.50
4½x7½ feet	22.00	18.00	10½x14 feet	$75.00	$62.50
6x9 feet	38.00	32.50	11¼x15 feet	110.00	$90.00

Leonard's

24 West 39th St., Bet. 5th & 6th Avs.

Quality and Fit Assured to the

STOUT

WE have given particular attention to the needs of the Stout and Hard-to-fit figure, and have planned our garments on lines of grace and individuality, with distinctive finishing touches for which this specialty shop has always been famous.

Exclusive styles at prices lower than elsewhere. Sizes 35½ to 52 bust.

SUITS—An assortment that features many exclusive models, fashioned in Serge, Gabardine, Broadcloth. Tailored and Dressy effects, with workmanship of the highest standard.

Special 24.50 and 29.75

Former prices $37.50 to $45.00.

DRESSES, SKIRTS AND WAISTS at Similar Reductions.

RESERVE OFFICERS MAY GO TO GUARD

Baker Tells Camp Wadsworth's Commander of Policy of Recommissioning.

NIGHT WORK IN TRENCHES

Service Under War Conditions Will Begin Tomorrow—Epidemic Reports Are Denied.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., Nov. 17.—Secretary of War Baker today notified Brig. Gen. Charles L. Phillips, commanding the 27th Division at Camp Wadsworth, that it was the policy of the War Department to recommission some members of the Officers' Reserve Corps in the National Guard. The Secretary's message, sent through Adjt. Gen. William Kelly, Jr., follows:

"In the reorganization of the National Guard divisions it is the policy of the War Department to recommission such officers of the Officers' Reserve Corps and of the national army as shall be recommended for permanent assignments in the National Guard. It should be plainly understood that these officers will receive new commissions in the National Guard of the United States. Their acceptance of the new commissions will automatically vacate their commissions in the Officers' Reserve Corps or the national army.

The posting of the order caused great joy to the reserve officers, of whom there are about 200 at the camp, but it aroused considerable speculation among the non-commissioned men of the Guard regiments. A list of top sergeants and especially well qualified sergeants was compiled more than a month ago and submitted to divisional headquarters with the explanation that the men were to be commissioned as second lieutenants. As there are not many vacancies in the division the "non-coms," after reading today's order, were disposed to think they had been slighted in favor of the reserve officers.

To Enter the Trenches.

Lieut. Col. Franklin W. Ward, acting chief of staff, said that the Second Batalion of the 105th Infantry and the regimental headquarters machine gun company would be the first units to take up night work in the trenches. The soldiers will enter the trenches at 9 o'clock Monday night for a twelve-hour tour of duty, during which they will serve under conditions like those on the war front—eating, sleeping, and bringing up reliefs in the trenches and doing patrol duty in "No Man's Land."

Stirred by the arrival of telegrams and letters from widely separated parts of New York State, which inquired in frantic terms about the scope of epidemics said to be ravaging this camp, Lieut. Col. Walter C. Montgomery, Sanitary Officer, tonight issued a statement branding the unfounded reports as the work of German agents.

"Our weekly health report, compiled today and wired to the War Department, shows a sick rate of nineteen per thousand," said Colonel Montgomery, "and this includes everything—accidental injuries and minor ailments—for which a soldier is carried on his company sick report.

"We have three cases of pneumonia in camp. There is no diphtheria, no typhoid, no para-typhoid, no measles, no dysentery, no scarlet fever and none of the diseases which are commonly dreaded. Early in the week we had one case which we suspected might be cerebro-spinal meningitis, but that case is convalescent and there have been no other cases of that nature.

To Handle Holiday Mail.

Lieutenant Hugh Weeks, U. S. A., has been appointed to handle the great quantity of holiday mail and packages which is expected. Enlisted men have been assigned to assist him. Lieutenant Weeks said that many letters sent to soldiers were being improperly addressed. He suggested this form:

PRIVATE JOHN DOE,
Company or Battery Letter,
Regiment Number,
Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C.

Though the soldiers and sailors' insurance campaign has ended, Lieutenant Tristram Tupper, who conducted it, announced that underwriting was still going forward. At noon the insurance allotments totaling about $140,000,000 were:

107th Infantry	$28,985,000
106th Infantry	13,561,000
108th Infantry	12,391,000
105th Infantry	5,880,000
102d Engineers	12,479,000
103th Field Artillery	8,247,000
105th Field Artillery	8,347,500
104th Field Artillery	7,934,500
106th Machine Gun Battalion	4,638,500
104th Machine Gun Battalion	5,115,500
105th Machine Gun Battalion	3,595,000
102d Sanitary Train	5,581,000
14th Infantry	3,686,000
47th Infantry	3,763,000
102d Ammunition Train	3,427,000
102d Supply Train	1,937,000
Military Police	1,396,000
102d Tr. Mor. Br.	1,357,500
Base Hospital	1,301,000
102d Field Signal Bn.	1,260,000
101st F. D. Bakery	670,000
71st Infantry	596,000
1st Infantry	657,000
Headquarters Troop	528,000
12th Infantry	449,000
74th Infantry	445,000
Division Headquarters	225,000
102d Engineers Tr.	341,000
53d Brigade Headquarters	250,000
Remount Station	125,000
53d Brigade Headquarters	80,000

With the Knights of Columbus looking after the moral welfare of the 6,000 knights and 18,000 Catholics in the division, and the Y. M. C. A. ministering to the followers of various other creeds, the Jewish Board for Welfare Work today sent a representative to camp. The board's Commissioner, Isidore Dominitz, said that he intended to arrange so that the Jewish soldiers, of whom there are many, could observe their faith.

FORM NEW 69TH REGIMENT.

State Body to Replace Famous Command Now in U. S. Service.

A new Sixty-ninth Regiment is to be organized to take the place of the "Fighting Sixty-ninth," now in the Federal service. Lieut. Col. Phelan announced yesterday that he had received authority to expand the Depot Battalion into a regiment of twelve companies, and that he would begin the work of organization immediately. The duties of the new regiment will become those of an active military organization for State service only.

Enlistments will be made for two years, unless sooner discharged. Full equipment will be furnished by the State and drills will be held weekly. Already a company has been formed of employes of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, and several of the Home Defense units drilling in the armory signified their intention of joining.

NO MONEY SPENT BY HYLAN.

Campaign Statement Shows He Received and Expended Nothing.

The campaign expense statement of Judge John F. Hylan, Mayor-elect, made public by the Bureau of Elections yesterday, said that he received nothing and expended nothing. It was stated that the account had been filed within the legal time limit, which expired at midnight Friday. Attached to Judge Hylan's report was the following:

"All contributions on behalf of my candidacy were turned over to the Business Men's League Campaign Committee with instructions to account for them in connection with all other contributions received and expended by them."

Mayor-elect Hylan, accompanied by Mrs. Hylan and daughter, went to Atlantic City yesterday to spend Sunday. In an interview wired from Atlantic City and published in a Brooklyn newspaper yesterday afternoon, the Mayor-elect was quoted as promising Brooklyn complete autonomy in borough affairs and stating that he was confident that the "problems of New York City" would be solved by the incoming administration.

"Should we not succeed in solving them all," Judge Hylan was quoted as saying, "I do not feel that this will be charged up against me when the time comes for me to go again before the people of New York for their support at the polls."

HEARN

Fourteenth Street. West of Fifth Avenue.

This Week's Special Sales—
Toweling—Laces—Comfortables
Curtains—Silverware—Housedresses

The Newly Enlarged Toy Dept.
Is on Our Fourth Floor
See Special Advertisement on Page 17

Shop Early

For Thanksgiving——For Christmas

The BIGNESS of Our Stocks
The VARIETY of Our Merchandise
The LOWNESS of Our Prices

Successfully Appeal to Hundreds of Thousands of Shoppers

Following Items Are Specially Priced for MONDAY and TUESDAY:—

Christmas Gift Handkerchiefs

ASSORTMENTS Greater Than Ever
PRICES Lower Than Elsewhere

Many, many months ago we prepared for a gigantic Christmas business in HANDKERCHIEFS—we purchased huge stocks at advantageous prices (paid for in cash), and we are now ready to furnish all handkerchief needs at Lowest-in-the-city prices.

MEN'S Initial Handkfs—all linen—each ..... .24
Finer—hand emb'd initial ..... Special .42
Men's Initial Handkfs—soft finish—½ dozen in box—our regular .64 .54
Men's All Linen Handkerchiefs—plain—
.15.... .24.... .37.... .42.... .67 Each
WOMEN'S Initial Handkfs—all linen—wreath design—each .... .22
Women's All Linen Handkfs—
sheer and cambric quality—each .....15...24..37..47
Women's fancy Handkfs—all linen—machine or hand emb'd corner, also Val and Venise Lace—each ..... .47 to 1.47
CHILDREN'S Initial Handkerchiefs—3 in box ..... .22
Children's Handkerchiefs—Novelty designs—some all linen—each.. .9

Fur's Own Charm About These Hats

It's not too soon to think about or even adopt the very newest hat mode. Of course, it's fur now—and not all fur, but fur cleverly combined with velvet, metal lace and metal brocaded crowns. The model illustrated is only one of a delightful group, which also includes a number of altogether charmingly close-fitting toques. Fur pom-poms, metal flowers and feather touches achieve a simplicity of trimming which easily preserves their original smartness. And Moline and Behring Seal are as flatteringly becoming to all as they are lovely in themselves—
our reg. $8.50—
Special 5.75
Other models, including many of natural fur, at prices unexpectedly reasonable.

Restful Robes Warmly Comfy

Blanket Robes

In effective floral designs—Light Copenhagen and dark blue, rose, gray and lavender. With small sailor-collars or collarless and finished with girdle—
all sizes 2.97

Similar models with satin trimmed collars—both large and small—in raspberry, gray, pink, lavender, navy, Copenhagen and light blue 3.24

Other blanket robes in both floral and Indian patterns—effective two-tone color combinations—satin bindings on sleeve, collar and down front.... 3.97
Others 2.38 to 7.74

Extra size blanket robes, having large or small collars, in pretty floral designs—finished with girdle or having loose back and half belted in front—
sizes 48, 50 and 52..
4.74—5.97—6.97

Delivery Schedule:—
FREE—ALL PAID PURCHASES ANYWHERE IN U. S.
FREE—ALL C. O. D. PURCHASES WITHIN 25 MILES.
FREE—ALL C. O. D. PURCHASES $2.95 (AND OVER) ANYWHERE IN U. S.

Monday and Tuesday Must Be Record-Breaking Days in

RUGS

if great values and assortments in wanted weaves and colorings can make them so. We will sell the very best qualities at the lowest prices for which it is possible to offer them and lower than our usually low prices. If you need a rug now or in the near future, do not miss this once-in-a-lifetime opportunity.

A Few That Are Suggestive of Great Stocks All Priced on the Old Low-Cost Basis.

Finest Kirman Wilton Rugs—
9x12 ft.—elsewhere $80.00 ..... 62.75
8.3x10.6 ft.—elsewhere $75.00 ..... 57.97
Seamless Worsted Wilton Rugs—
Finest made—solid tones of rose, green, tabac and other colorings—with band borders to harmonize—value $70.00 ..... 52.50
36x62 inch (same quality)—value $10.98 ..... 6.97
27x54 inch (same quality)—value $7.50 ..... 5.97
Sanford & Sons' Cashmere Wilton Velvet Rugs—
9x12 ft.—elsewhere $43.00 ..... 34.97
Alex. Smith's Finest Wilton Rugs—
8.8x10.6 ft.—elsewhere $37.00 ..... 31.97
Accumulation of Seamed and Seamless Wilton Rugs—
Three excellent makes—9x12 ft.—reg. $52.50 ..... 39.50
8.3x10.6 ft.—reg. $45.00 ..... 34.94
6x9 ft.—value $32.00 ..... 24.97
Colonial Velvet and Sanford's Seamless Axminsters—
9x12 ft.—value $34.50 ..... 27.50
Wilton and Colonial Rugs—
8.3x10.6 ft.—value $32.00 ..... 25.00
7.6x9 ft.—value $26.50 ..... 19.94

Come In—Examine Our Stocks—You Will Easily Be Convinced of Our Lower-Than-Anywhere Prices.

Gift Suggestions Aplenty

Beginning Friday, November 23
Orchestra Music Every Day—Main Floor
FULL CONCERT ORCHESTRA
String Orchestra in Restaurant—Third Floor

Unusual and Opportune This Special Purchase of Solid Gold

JEWELRY

from a high-class manufacturer; it includes:

Brooches
Semi-Bar Pins
Lavallieres

in designs that show exquisite workmanship—every piece is specially designed and every design is different, as this collection represents five "salesmen's samples"—majority made in exact replicas of the most elegant platinum jewelry and are up-to-the-minute in design — various jewels, including topaz, amethyst and sapphires—priced at about manufacturer's cost—

$4.00 to $6.50 values 2.85
$5.00 to $10.00 values 3.85

Lavallieres have solid gold chains—swinging styles, jewel set, various designs—all the new gallery mountings—
values $6.97 to $10.00 ..... 3.85

Gift Suggestions in Flannels & Blankets

Embroidered Flannels—hemstitched and scalloped—large assortment of designs—our reg. .77 ..... .58
Cotton Fleece Blankets—white only, with contrast borders—three-quarter bed size—
our reg. $2.15 ..... 1.65
Cotton Fleece Blankets—white, tan, gray—50x72 inch—contrast borders—our reg. $1.35.. 1.14
Plaids—all wool and wool mixed; also white, with contrast borders—¾ or full size beds—reg. $8.97 and $9.94 ..... 8.24
Crib Blankets—Jacquard, elderdown finish—pink and white; blue and white—our reg. .87 .72
Jacquard Comfortable Blankets—elderdown finish—large assortment of color combinations—also Indian design for couch, auto or for travelling robes—elsewhere $4.50 ..... Special 3.95
Crib Blankets—wool, with small percentage of cotton—blue and white, pink and white—Jacquard design—shell finish—our reg. $3.24 ..... 2.74

Warm Things for Little Ones—

Special prices, too—

Baby Buntings with Hood
Our regular $3.95 ..... 2.44
Of Ripple Elderdown, neatly bound with satin ribbon and warmly lined throughout.

Little Tots' Sweater Coats
Our regular $2.95 ..... 2.24
Oxford, white, Copen. and tan—sizes to 4 years.

Knitted Toques
Value .97 ..... .65
In colors to match above sweater coats.

Knit Legging Drawers
Our regular $1.50 ..... 1.00
Excellent range of colors—sizes to 4 years.

Gift Forethoughts To Please the Men

Men's Silk Shirts
Heavy tub and broadcloth silks—satin stripes in striking as well as subdued colorings—soft cuffs—sizes 13½ to 18 ..... 5.50
Still finer shirts at 8.94

Men's Pajamas
Of fine woven madras in neat stripes of lavender, blue and black—well made—collarless style—trimmed with neat silk frogs. Our reg. $2.15 ..... 1.90

Men's Mufflers
Of fine fibre silk in various color combinations, including plain black, white or khaki—regulation length, with knotted fringe 1.48
Neatly boxed.
Better ones to 4.48

Men's Silk Neckwear
Figures and stripes in newest blendings, including Persian designs and plain colors—broad open ends. Our reg. .95. .77
In Attractive Gift Boxes.
Others up to 1.65

Combination Sets
Suspenders and Garters—neat stripes and plain colors—well made—prettily boxed. Spec. .88

Men's Silk Suspenders
Of new live rubber, in light blue, gray, white and lavender—all neatly boxed 1.10

COATS That Are Every Bit Unusual

Suggestive of a number of different coats—each similarly though not identically priced—is this model *illustrated*. The rich plum velour is fetchingly topped by an Opossum collar, which most ingeniously buttons high. The clever pleatings at side are in one with the smartly cut panel and pockets—and just a bit of self-stitching adds a touch of distinction to the coat, which is regularly priced at $55.74—

Special, 42.50

A special group of velour coats in many a delightful shade of taupe, blue, reindeer, black and beetroot, is quite as unusual. Collars of seal, self or fur trimmed, make these models (so pleasingly belted and sometimes pleated) altogether becoming. Including sizes for women and misses, these coats—both lined and half lined—which were $45.00 and $49.00—

Special, 39.95

A Recent Publication Said:—

Silk Underwear

Will be worn more than ever this season. It's pretty as well as practical, and the daintiest kinds may be purchased at very reasonable prices here. We have enlarged this section greatly for coming holidays—and our assortments are very complete—For gifts or for your own personal use you cannot fail to be attracted by these special values for exquisite Lingerie.

Camisoles
Daintiest Gifts

Crepe de Chine and Jap Silk **Camisoles**—pale pink only—deep yokes, entirely of lace of various kinds—lace or ribbon shoulder straps ..... Special .88
Camisoles—Charming styles of lace and crepe de chine combined—yokes of Val. medallions and tucks—worth $1.65 ..... 1.24
Washable Satin **Camisoles**—V front or back—hemstitched—also crepe de chines 1.94

Petticoats
That Are Really Charming

Crepe de Chine—shirred flounce, with hemstitching and ribbon. 3.94
Heavy Washable Satin **Petticoats**—shirrings and hemstitching—white, flesh or pale pink 6.68
Petticoats of Washable Satin—handsomely trimmed with daintiest laces—really exquisite—were $11.94 ..... 9.94

Bloomers
Splendidly Tailored

Japanese Silk—hemstitched ruffle and 2 rows above 1.88
Washable Satin **Bloomers**—shirred and double row hemstitching—some with pocket for powder puff ..... Special 2.94

Envelope Chemises
Daintiest Gifts

Crepe de Chine—yokes with various laces combined with tucking and emb'd organdy inserts ..... Special 1.88
Envelope Chemises—washable satin—the popular "Beatrice" and other models—shirrings, hemstitchings, rosebuds and dainty laces and ribbons 3.94
Envelope Chemises—Washable satin—yokes of embroidered Georgette, hemstitchings and shirrings or silk emb'd dots and scallops forming entire yoke, also chic tailored style of tucked Georgette 4.68

Night Dresses
Exquisitely Dainty

Washable Silk **Night Dresses**—shirrings, hemstitchings and bands of Georgette 3.48
Night Dresses—Crepe de Chine—yokes with hemstitching, shirrings or hand embroideries in pastel tints 4.94
Night Dresses—striped satin and washable silk—Filet Lace bandings with festoon rosebuds or shirrings and hemstitchings—
Special 5.88
Crepe de Chine **Night Dresses**—front and back yoke of [illegible] lace and washable satin—pointed sleeves of Georgette—exquisitely dainty—worth $10.00 ..... 7.94

These Will Be Packed in Pretty Christmas Boxes If You So Desire.

WE WILL PACK IN WOODEN BOXES AND SHIP FREE OF ANY CHARGE
All Purchases Made in Our Store for the Boys "Over There"
NOTE THIS DATE—DECEMBER 5th,—Postal Authorities announce this to be the last day that any Christmas Box will be accepted for shipment.
Many helpful suggestions in our
Soldiers' and Sailors' Section
Main Floor, Near Entrance

SILKS
Make Such Acceptable Gifts

Satin Striped Crepe de Chine

32-inch—very smartest designs and colorings on white grounds—suitable for dresses, waists and man's fine shirts, launders to perfection—our reg. $2.25 ..... 1.85

Washable Silk Duck
32-inch—fancy satin stripes in various color blendings on white grounds—strong and durable—value $1.50 ..... 1.37

Colored Satins
40-inch—very fine quality in light and dark colors—
value $2.25 ..... 1.74

Colored Satins
35-inch—newest shades, including white, navy and black—
Special 1.28

Georgette Crepe
40-inch—fine, close weave in desirable shades to match woolen materials; also white, ivory and black—
value $2.00 ..... 1.54

Crepe de Chines
40-inch—full crepe weave—newest street and evening shades in large variety—value $1.75... 1.47

Crepe Meteor
40-inch—desirable dull finish—soft draping quality—popular shades for afternoon or evening wear—also black—our reg. $2.25... 1.95

TODAY Make Out Your Christmas List

Here is a list—merely suggestive to give you an idea of the lowest and the highest prices, and answer that most important question, "How much must I pay?"

Then remember this, our prices are lowest-in-the-city.

GIFT JEWELRY

For Her

Watches	1.37 to 19.97
Rings	.47 to 21.97
Pendants with Chain	.47 to 29.97
Lockets	.67 to 9.97
Bracelets	.97 to 29.97
Bracelet Watches	4.97 to 19.97
Chains	.47 to 14.97
Pearl Necklaces	.43 to 8.97
Bar and Frill Pins	.47 to 19.97
Fans	.47 to 4.97
Toilet & Manicure Sets	.97 to 19.97
Jewel Cases	.47 to 6.97
Clocks	.97 to 21.97
Combs	.17 to 9.97

For Him

Watches	1.37 to 19.97
Rings	2.97 to 14.97
Scarfpins	.22 to 17.97
Watch Fobs	.47 to 5.97
Watch Lapel Chains	.47 to 9.97
Tie Clasps	.22 to 8.97
Cuff Links	.22 to 21.97
Full Dress Stud Sets	.27 to 3.47
Military Brushes	3.97 to 9.97
Cigar Cutters	2.47 to 5.97
Cigarette Cases	.47 to 9.97
Match Safes	.47 to 4.97
Shaving Sets	.97 to 9.97

GIFTS FOR A WOMAN

Furs—Blouses—Lingerie

Lace, Crepe Georgette and Silk Blouses	1.85 to 38.87
Lingerie Blouses	.92 to 10.47
Fur Coats	125.00 to 275.00
Fur Sets	22.97 to 45.97
Fur Scarfs	1.97 to 98.97
Fur Muffs	1.97 to 49.97
Dresses	5.75 to 75.00
Sweater Coats	3.94 to 32.94
Cloth Coats	12.74 to 69.74
Rain Coats	4.89 to 21.89
Negligees	5.34 to 31.74
Kimonos	.94 to 4.74
Dressing Sacques	.57 to 2.74
House Dresses	.94 to 2.97
Lounging Robes	2.38 to 9.94
White and Gingham Aprons	.28 to 1.94
Envelope Chemises	.48 to 4.94
White Petticoats	.78 to 12.94
Combinations	.78 to 4.98
Nightdresses	.68 to 14.94
Drawers	.27 to 4.97
Corset Covers	.28 to 4.94
Knitted Petticoats	1.48 to 3.94

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

For Boy or Young Man

Youths' Overcoats	9.74 to 21.50
Young Men's Suits	7.94 to 19.50
Boys' Suits	2.94 to 13.50
Boys' Overcoats	3.96 to 14.50
Mackinaws	4.96 to 9.96
Trousers	.74 to 3.45
Rain Coats and Outfits	2.45 to 7.94
Sweaters	1.95 to 4.45
Shirts	.47 to 3.96
Blouses	.47 to 1.48
Suspenders	.28 to .65
Neckwear	.27 to 1.48
Hats	.48 to 5.94
Leggins	1.48
Pajamas	.67 to 1.48
Young Men's Rain Coats	2.94 to 10.74
Boys' Play Outfits	.97 to 5.75
Boys' Wash Suits	1.25 to 4.96

FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

Table Linens	.35 to 3.50
Luncheon Cloths	1.25 to 7.50
H. S. Sets	6.98 to 42.50
Doylies	.5 to 2.25
Scarfs	.18 to 21.98
Centres	.18 to 11.97
Tea Cloths	.97 to 33.95
Emb. Luncheon Napkins—each	.28 to 1.25
Luncheon Sets	.87 to 14.95
Pillow Shams	.23 to 3.95
Mantel and Piano Covers	1.57 to 10.95
Rugs	.74 to 82.00
Carpet Sweepers	2.67 to 8.97
Lace or Net Curtains	.67 to 25.00
Bed Sets	1.44 to 17.50
Rope Portieres	1.77 to 8.98
Portieres	3.44 to 34.50
Couch Covers	1.44 to 16.50
Table Covers	1.47 to 12.97
Quadruple Plated Bread Trays	1.95 to 5.95
Salad or Pepper and Salt Casters	.97 to 4.95
Cake Baskets	2.95 to 4.95
Children's Sets	.94 to 3.95
Carving Sets, 2 pcs.	4.95
Tea Sets, 4 and 5 pcs.	8.95 to 30.95
Coffee Sets	8.98 to 12.95
Knife and Fork Sets	1.00 to 16.95
Pantry Shears	3.97
Bed Spreads	1.17 to 5.97
Comfortables	2.62 to 33.75
Towels	.12 to 3.45

GIFT HINTS FOR A GIRL

Fur Sets	2.49 to 39.97
Coats	4.94 to 19.94
Dresses	.97 to 17.94
Rain Capes and Coats	1.97 to 7.75

Shop Early for the Holidays. It's easy—It's efficient.

See World and American for twenty-eight (28) Morning Specials on sale Monday and Tuesday until 1 P. M.

FRANÇOIS Inc.

589 Fifth Av., at 48th St.

CLEARANCE SALE

BEGINNING MONDAY, NOV. 19,
WILL OFFER

HATS

ALSO
Evening, Motor and Fur

COATS

At Greatly Reduced Prices

This Sale Presents an Unusual Opportunity to Secure Some Choice Models at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Florette

Millinery REGISTERED *Importer*

537 Fifth Avenue
Between 44th and 45th Streets

ANNUAL SALE
COMMENCING MONDAY, NOV. 19TH

MODEL HATS

The newest modes for all occasions.

$10. and up

Evening Wraps Greatly Reduced

SWANN TO EXAMINE ARMY BAZAAR FUNDS

He Sends for Witnesses to Explain About the Comfort Kit Charity.

RECEIPTS ALMOST VANISH

Instead of Supplying 70,000 Men at the Front, Only 700 Can Now Be Taken Care Of.

District Attorney Swann announced yesterday that he was arranging to make an inquiry into the affairs of the Army and Navy Bazaar, which took place in the Grand Central Palace beginning on Oct. 27. Out of estimated gross receipts of $71,475.93, it is said, only $754.96 will be available for comfort kits for enlisted men. Mr. Swann said he had requested several persons to call at his office tomorrow to be questioned concerning the management of the charity. Pending an official report from a firm of public accountants it has been asserted that the expenses of the charity were out of proportion to the net proceeds.

"This office has some records about certain men connected with this affair," said Mr. Swann. "These records are locked in the safe of the clerk of General Sessions and cannot be reached today—a half holiday."

Mr. Swann would not say as to whom these records referred. Frederick J. Remsen was arrested some days ago on a charge of forgery and perjury in connection with the cashing of a $500 check that had been donated to the bazaar. H. S. Rubens, President of the Industrial Alcohol Company, 27 William Street, drew the check to the order of Edward S. Moore, Treasurer of the bazaar. It is charged that Remsen was not authorized to solicit donations and that he caused a Broad Street café proprietor to cash the check by introducing to him a man impersonating Mr. Moore. The bank made good the check and Mr. Rubens gave the amount to the bazaar.

Well-known men who acted as heads of the committees of the bazaar were Mayor Mitchel, Honorary Chairman; Supreme Court Justice John Ford, Chairman of the General Committee, and Victor L. Zorn, Chairman of the Executive Committee. Mr. Zorn said the accounts of the bazaar were being audited by the Federal Auditing Company.

"We expect that the audited statement will be ready on Thursday," said Mr. Zorn, "and we have called a meeting of the committees for that day at the Machinery Club. Until we get this statement we have no means of knowing the exact situation, but it does appear to me that the figures which have been published do not correctly state the facts.

"The members of the committee were surprised and disappointed at the small returns from the bazaar. It was my first experience in a matter of this kind, and I realize now more than ever that these charitable affairs do not return anything like a proportionate share of profit to expenses or in accordance with the amount of work expended upon them."

The bazaar had been planned to supply tobacco, gamee, and other things for 70,000 men. Instead, not more than 700 can be given kits. A detailed statement of the expenditures of the bazaar shows that the chief source of income was the advertising in the souvenir program. The management obtained $45,184.90 in this way, but had to pay one-half the gross receipts for advertising to an advertising agent, as well as the cost of printing the program.

John J. Riordan, Secretary for the committee, speaking yesterday for Edward S. Moore, Treasurer of the organization, and an officer of the Guaranty Trust Company, said the small amount available for the object for which the bazaar was held could be accounted for by a combination of circumstances. One was that the bazaar took place during the intensive period of the drive for the second Liberty Loan, while bad weather and poor attendance made it impossible to attain the margin over expenses which had been hoped for. Under more favorable circumstances it was believed $100,000 would have been taken in.

According to the statement of expenses the $754.96 available for buying kits represented one-half the net earnings of the bazaar. The other half belonged to Waldemar H. P. N. De Bille, the Managing Director, under an arrangement by which he was to receive one-half of the net receipts up to $7,500. Mr. De Bille, who managed the Actors' Fund fair last May, which netted $116,000, said yesterday that he had not received his compensation as manager of the bazaar, and did not know whether he would.

HOMING PIGEONS FOR FRENCH SERVICE

Major Griffin of Signal Corps Recruiting Fliers for Army in France.

Major Frank J. Griffin, Signal Officer, on recruiting service, spoke last evening before the Concourse Association at a meeting in the Belnord, Eighty-seventh Street and Broadway. The Major is head of the new homing pigeon branch of the Signal Service, and is charged with recruiting the army of homing pigeons that are to maintain communication between the first line trenches of the American army in France and the divisional headquarters. The pigeon fanciers who met Major Griffin last night pledged their co-operation, and will begin breeding pigeons at once to be ready for delivery in January.

When barrage fire has broken up the established lines of communication with the rear the soldiers in the front trenches must rely altogether on the pigeons to carry their messages. England has 20,000 of these birds in service, and France has the same number. Already the American troops in France have established lofts and have a few thousand birds in training. Many more of the carriers will be needed, and it is said that at least 5,000 of these birds will be ready for transportation to France in January.

The Government is paying $4 a pair, which is below the market price for the class of flyers wanted, but the breeders are not considering the price. This is shown by the fact that the first birds given by fanciers here were practically a gift.

BARNARD BUILDING OPENED.

Students' Hall, Gift of Jacob H. Schiff, Now in Service.

The doors of Students' Hall, the new building presented to Barnard College by Jacob H. Schiff, were thrown open last week to the undergraduates. The new hall has been badly needed for several years, to relieve the crowding in the old building. It contains class studies, a complete gymnasium and swimming pool, with facilities for a much extended physical education department, rest rooms, and a college parlor, as well as a big modern luncheroom.

So far, only the studies and lunchroom are ready for use, but it is stated that before long the building will be entirely fitted up, ready to serve the purpose expressed by Mr. Schiff at the cornerstone-laying, of promoting the physical and social well-being of the women of Columbia.

PRINT PAPER TRIALS GO ON.

Attorney General Denies Report That Indictments Will Be Dismissed

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Published reports that indictments against news print manufacturers now on trial in New York for alleged violations of the anti-trust laws would be dismissed were denied today by Attorney General Gregory in a formal statement.

The reports probably grew out of the postponement of the trial until Nov. 26. There were intimations today in other Government quarters that before the trial is resumed negotiations for a reduction in the price of print paper would be opened.

Bruck-Weiss
Millinery
4 West 57th Street
(a step from Fifth Avenue)

ANNOUNCE THEIR
First Price Reduction
OF THE SEASON
Commencing Monday, Nov. 19

Hats for Walking
Hats for Dress
Hats for Social Requirements

Mme. Najla Mogabgal
Corner 50th St. 624 Fifth Ave. New York
For MONDAY and TUESDAY Only
Smart Afternoon Coats
Models that are unusual, expressed in Bolivia, Velour Cloth, Velveteen and Satin, richly trimmed with such furs as Seal, Kolinsky, Beaver, or Mole.
Originally priced $160 to $190. *Sale Price* **85.00**
Beautiful Evening Wraps
Fashioned in the finest of velvets, in all the high colorings, with deep collars and cuffs of fur; also gold and silver embroidered Wraps.
Originally priced $225 to $275. *Sale Price* **110.00**
NO EXCHANGES NO CHARGES

Avoid waste, and help the Nation's cause by conserving food

B. Altman & Co.

Thirty-fourth Street FIFTH AVENUE - MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK Thirty-fifth Street
Telephone 7000 Murray Hill

Ultra-fine Quality Reversible Velour Portieres
at $26.50 per pair
constitute a Sale of special interest in the Upholstery Department, on the Fourth Floor.
These Portieres are made of specially selected velour, of the same grade as ordinarily used for special order work. They are particularly well made, with French open edges, and measure 8 feet in length, finished.
The colors include blue, amber, reseda and rose Du Barry, in the fashionable combinations.
The value is very exceptional

A Large Sale of Blankets and Other Bed Furnishings
will begin to-morrow (Monday) in the Department on the Fourth Floor, and will be continued throughout the week.
Special Values will be offered at the prices quoted below.
White Wool Blankets
pair $6.00, 8.50, 10.00 to 17.50
Cotton Blanket Throws
in a varied assortment of attractive colors, combined with white,
each $2.25
Satin-finish Bedspreads
Hemmed:
Size 2 x2¾ yards, each $3.50
Size 2¼x2¾ yards, each 4.00
Size 2½x2¾ yards, each 4.50
With scalloped edges:
Size 2¼x2¾ yards (very special)
each $3.15
With embroidered scalloped edges:
Size 2 x2¾ yards, each $3.95
Size 2½x2¾ yards, each 4.75
Crochet Bedspreads
each $1.35
Comfortables
(lamb's wool-filled) with plain mull covering, in various colors
each $7.50
With top of figured cambric, bordered with plain sateen; reverse side to match border,
each $5.85
Muslin Sheets & Pillow Cases
(with plain hems)
Sheets . each $1.12 to 1.75
Pillow Cases, each 30c. to 38c.

By Special Arrangement with The Commission for Relief in Belgium
Over 100,000 Dollars' Worth
of
Belgian Hand-made Laces
will be offered for sale, commencing to-morrow (Monday), November 19th,
at prices that are, in most cases, actually less than the cost of production.
These Laces must, in order to further the work of the Commission, be immediately disposed of, the money being most urgently needed for Belgian relief.
Among the Laces comprising this vast and extraordinary collection are many rare and valuable antiques, as well as hundreds of modern pieces, exquisite in design and workmanship, that are suitable for practical use. Among them are bridal laces, flounces, collars, berthas, parasol covers, bedspreads, pillow tops, table napery with lace ornamentation, and many beautiful trimming laces by the yard, the latter including fine examples of Flanders, Rosaline, Bruges, Point de Paris, Duchesse, Point Gaze and Valenciennes.
This remarkable Sale will afford an unprecedented opportunity for securing, at an infinitesimal fraction of their real worth, laces that will prove equally valuable as gifts or personal possessions.
The Sale will take place on the Fifth Floor.

Several Thousand Pairs of Men's & Women's Silk Hosiery
(all of dependable qualities, very specially priced)
will constitute a Sale of more than ordinary interest and importance for
Monday and Tuesday, November 19th & 20th
WOMEN'S SILK HOSE
With lisle tops and soles; in black, white and twenty shades, per pair . . . $1.00
With lisle soles, heels and toes, strongly reinforced; in black, white and twenty shades, per pair . . . $1.25
With lisle-interlined soles, heels and toes; very durable quality; in black, white and twenty shades . . per pair $1.65
(All of the above may also be obtained in shades matching the fashionable shoes).
MEN'S SILK HALF-HOSE
With lisle tops and soles; in black, white and seven shades, per pair . . . . 65c.
With lisle soles; in black only, per pair . . . . 95c.
With lisle soles; in black, white and ten shades, per pair $1.10
Also
Men's Silk-plated Half-hose, showing novelty stripes in combinations of black-and-white, black-and-red, black-and-blue, and black-and-green; with lisle tops and soles, per pair 90c.
Men's Black Lisle Half-hose, per pair . . . . 35c.

A Large Quantity of Women's Walking Boots
(lace and button models)
in a variety of desirable styles, will be placed on sale to-morrow (for absolute clearance) at the reduced prices of
$4.50 & 6.25 per pair
(No complete range of sizes in any one style, but the entire assortment includes all sizes.)
(Second Floor)

The Sweater Department
has ready for the Winter season an unusually large and comprehensive assortment of Shetland Wool Sweaters, Spencers, Shawls, Scarfs and Veils.
A Special Offering consists of
Women's & Misses' Hand-knitted Shetland Wool Spencers
(imported)
in white and a variety of colors, at the exceptionally low price of
$2.75
(Third Floor)

A Novel Sports Blouse
just received and now being shown, features a smart combination of crepe de Chine with crocheted wool, the latter being used for the collar and cuffs.
(Second Floor)

The Jewelry Department
is featuring a wonderfully fascinating assortment of novelties appropriate for Christmas giving. In addition to an entirely new array of necklaces, brooches, mesh bags, jeweled combs and a beautiful selection of 14-karat gold jewelry, for men as well as for women, there are some charming effects in feather fans, beaded bags, jeweled hair ornaments, etc.

Distinctive Silverware
is always an appreciated gift, not only for its intrinsic value, but equally because it predicates thoughtfulness on the part of the giver. Many attractive and useful articles in sterling silver are ready for selection in the Silverware Department, among them being vases, candlesticks, sandwich trays, baskets, compotiers, berry bowls, pitchers, tea and coffee sets, and table flatware. Many of these articles are also to be had in Sheffield reproductions in silver-plate.
(Jewelry and Silverware, First Floor)

Y. M. C. A. FUND LACKS $8,000,000 OF TOTAL

Clergymen Appealed To to Arouse Interest in Completing $35,000,000 Tomorrow.

MOTT WANTS $50,000,000

Secretary of War Work Council Says Increased Demands Call for Additional Gifts.

Ministers in many churches of the city will make a special effort in their sermons today to arouse the interest of their congregations in the endeavor of the Young Men's Christian Association to raise $35,000,000 for war work in Europe. The campaign will end tomorrow at midnight and the returns up to date are still about $6,000,000 short of the desired amount. Figures from the various parts of the country, as compiled at the campaign headquarters at 124 East Twenty-eighth Street last night, showed a grand total of $29,151,649. The officials in charge of the drive felt certain that the remainder of the money would be raised before tomorrow midnight.

Notwithstanding the fact that 300,000 workers are gathering contributions, letters and telegrams to national headquarters indicate that there are thousands of individuals who are eager to contribute, but who are not being reached by the solicitors. This situation was discussed at a conference called by George W. Perkins last night. In view of the fact that there was not enough time left in which to direct the workers to all quarters from which offers of help have been received, Dr. John R. Mott, General Secretary of the National War Work Council, issued a statement yesterday urging all persons who had not been approached to send their contributions to Cleveland H. Dodge, National Treasurer, at 124 East Twenty-eighth Street, New York City, or to the Treasurer of the local or State Campaign Committee.

"It would be nothing short of a national and international calamity for this fund to fail," Dr. Mott said. "We must more. There are reasons why it is of supreme importance to our country and to the lands which make common cause with us that a sum more nearly $50,000,000 than $35,000,00 should be provided. The developments on the eastern and southern fronts emphasize the absolute necessity of our doing much more for the allied armies in those sections than was contemplated when the $35,000,000 budget was framed.

"Moreover, the recent request of the Premier of France that the Y. M. C. A. establish and operate 1,500 soldiers' homes, covering the entire French Army of 4,000,000 men, is one that cannot be denied, and that in itself calls for at least $3,000,000 more than our budget had assigned to the French Army. The development of the plans of our Government and the inevitable increase of our own forces make it increasingly clear that we need to be put in a position to do everything that our own men need to promote their comfort and efficiency."

Among the contributions made in New York City yesterday were the following:

E. S. Harkness	$100,000
American Telephone Co.	100,000
American Express Co.	10,000
Leering, Milliken & Co.	10,000
J. & W. Seligman & Co.	10,000
F. W. Woolworth & Co.	25,000

The New York Women's Committee working on the Y. M. C. A. war fund reported contributions yesterday aggregating $128,000. This sum included the following gifts:

Mrs. S. V. Harkness	$100,000
Mrs. F. G. Griswold	5,000
Mrs. J. H. Williams	5,000
Mrs. Rufus Patterson	3,000
Mrs. T. R. Dwight	2,800
Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard	2,500
Mrs. John S. Kennedy	2,500
Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin	2,500
Mrs. John S. Rogers	1,000
Mrs. Douglas Elliman	1,000
Mrs. Goodhue Livingston	1,000
Mrs. Mary Hoffman	1,000
Mrs. Douglas Robinson	1,000

Among the gifts reported by wire from other parts of the country yesterday was one of $5,000 from the Christian Science Church in Boston. Both the employers and employes in the steel industry made donations to the fund yesterday. The Washington Steel and Ordnance Company at Washington subscribed $5,000, the Denver Steel Workers, $8,600. A big Western gift of $100,000 was received yesterday from E. A. Doheny of Los Angeles, Cal.

Short Hills, N. J., with a population of 9,000, broke the per capita record yesterday with a total subscription of $17,500. Short Hills is a town of commuters, among them being several wealthy New York business men. Eighteen workers in the town have agreed to increase their personal subscription of $3,750 if others will raise a like sum, so that the total contribution of the community might reach $25,000.

Barnard College has oversubscribed its allotment by more than $3 000. The amount fixed for the college was $7 000. The campaign started there on Monday at noon, with a mass meeting, and closed Friday at noon with a grand total of $8,033.45. The drive was conducted under the leadership of Prof. Wilhelm Braun, professor of Germanic languages, who kept the student enthusiasm at a high pitch by maintaining a race between the classes for highest place in the amount subscribed.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17.—The grand total subscribed in Philadelphia to the Y. M. C. A. war fund is $1,449,503. Today's total was $265,000. The minimum quota was $1,300,000. Announcement also was made that the State had exceeded its quota of $3,500,000 by several hundred thousand dollars.

A subscription of $65,000 obtained today is the largest local individual donation and was given on behalf of Mrs. William L. McLean for the erection of a Y. M. C. A. building in memory of Lieutenant Warden McLean, the first officer of the United States Reserve to lose his life in the service.

$3,457,200 FOR WAR NEEDS.

Red Cross to Buy Material for Hospital Supplies and Garments.

The American Red Cross announced yesterday that it would soon purchase $3,457,200 worth of material, which is to be made into surgical dressings, hospital garments, and knitted garments by the women of America. The surgical dressings and garments will be distributed among the British, French, American, and other allied troops in France.

The appropriation covers the purchase of 4,000,000 yards of flannel, 1,500,000 yards of unbleached muslin, 660,000 yards of blanketing, and 1,165,100 pounds of knitting yarn. The flannel will be made into bandages and pajamas, the muslin into bandages and bed shirts, and the blanketing will be made into bathrobes. The wool will be knitted into sweaters, socks, mufflers, wristlets and other garments by Red Cross workers.

As a result of not being fully informed concerning the procedure for the distribution of Red Cross Christmas packages, many friends of the Red Cross have been sending these packages to national headquarters. The Red Cross plan is to have all Christmas packets assembled by local chapters and auxiliaries. They are packed in cases at the workrooms and forwarded directly to division warehouses and there distributed through division offices. In New York City the New York County, Brooklyn, Richmond County, and Long Island City Chapters should receive all donations of Red Cross Christmas packets.

The Red Cross yesterday began its great drive for 500,000 members in Brooklyn. Although the exact figures will not be made known until tomorrow, it was estimated last night that the first day's work had resulted in an addition of about 12,000 names to the roll. The campaign will continue until next Saturday. One thousand enrolling stations have been established in the borough and the membership campaign is being carried on by 10,000 workers, divided into 1,000 teams. All the churches in the borough have been asked to aid in the drive.

FRAU OBER SUES THE METROPOLITAN

Singer, Dropped Along with German Opera Because of War, Alleges Broken Contract.

DETAILS OF SUIT LACKING

Bennd Loewy, Her Attorney, Promises "Remarkable" Disclosures When He Files Papers.

Margaret Ober, German contralto, who was dropped from the list of Metropolitan Opera singers when German opera was stricken from the program because we are at war with Germany, has served the Metropolitan Opera Company with notice of a suit for infringement of contract. It was admitted at the Metropolitan Opera House last night that the papers had been served, and Benno Loewy, counsel for Frau Ober, said that the papers in the action would be filed tomorrow morning.

Mr. Loewy refused last night to give the details of the complaint, saying he preferred to wait until Monday to make the story public, but he added that it was "a remarkable suit, a very striking suit, a most interesting suit." There was no statement forthcoming from the Metropolitan, but it can be stated that the attitude of the management of the Metropolitan is that it was within its rights when it ceased to pay Frau Ober a salary after it had no further use for her services because of the war.

Neither Mr. Loewy nor the Opera management would say what Frau Ober's salary had been or for what she was suing. Her contract, which was signed some months ago, was for the season of 1917-1918.

It was Frau Ober who fainted on the stage of the Metropolitan on the evening of April 2 last, shortly after news had been received from Washington that President Wilson had asked Congress to declare that a state of war existed between Germany and the United States. She was singing the prima donna rôle of the Wife of Bath in "The Canterbury Pilgrims." Soon after ex-Ambassador Gerard had called for three cheers for President Wilson and the audience had sung "The Star-Spangled Banner," and the opera had continued, Frau Ober stepped to the front of the stage, hesitated, and fell back in a faint. She was not able to reappear again during the performance.

Frau Ober came to the United States to sing for the Metropolitan three years ago. She has never learned to speak English well, and she has several German decorations. Her husband is Herr Arthur Arndt.

So far as is known, Frau Ober is the only one of the several German singers dropped from the roll of the Metropolitan to take umbrage at their treatment. When, several weeks before the opera season opened last week, it was decided not to have German opera sung this year it was at once seen that there were a number of German singers for whom there would be no use. Frau Gadski had not been re-engaged, nor was Goritz and Frauen Kurt and Ober, and Herren Bembach, Braun, and Weil, were dropped. It was Sembach with whom Frau Ober was singing when she fainted following the outburst of patriotism on the night of April 2. There remain Miss Frieda Hempel, who likes to sing "The Star-Spangled Banner" and who loves America, and is engaged to an American, and Mme. Matzenauer, a Hungarian by birth and an Italian by marriage, who has not only brought her parents to America, but says she fears arrest if she should go back to Germany, as happened in Austria to Mme. Destinn.

Mr. Loewy was born in Germany in 1854. He was educated in Berlin when a boy, and, coming to America when quite young, received his legal training at Columbia Law School.

WAR WORK FOR WELLESLEY.

Graduates' Club Raises $1,000 and Will Send 19 Women to France.

A luncheon was given by the New York Wellesley College Club at the Hotel Majestic yesterday for the purpose of obtaining volunteers for the Wellesley College Reconstruction Unit, which will consist of nineteen women, who will serve in France until the end of the war.

The members of this unit will devote themselves to the thousands of anaemic, tuberculous, underfed children, whom their timely aid and attention may save from starvation or invalidism. All applicants must speak, read, and write French and be proficient in motor driving, and each must provide $350 for her traveling expenses at sea, her incidental expenses on land and her personal outfit. There were more than one hundred volunteers, but only nineteen will be accepted.

Colonel Johnston Preston, who has made several trips to the fronts and has done substantial relief work among the wounded and suffering, told the 300 Wellesley graduates present of the need for help in suffering France. The committee in charge of the affair included Mrs. Brown Lindsey, Mrs. Robert Ludington, and Mrs. Frank Mason North. A fund of $1,000 was raised at the luncheon for the support of these workers in France.

GOETHALS FILES ROUTES.

First Step Taken in $15,000,000 Jersey Highway Project.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 17.—General George W. Goethals, supervising engineer of the New Jersey State Highway System, on which $15,000,000 is to be expended, today filed his first report on the work, which shows the routes mapped out with estimates of costs. No construction work will be done until April 1, 1918, with the exception of work which had to be done in the building of roads to Camp Dix at Wrightstown and Camp Merritt at Tenafly. On these two roads $118,000 will have to be spent by Jan. 1.

The proposed system, to be paid for by a direct State tax, has withstood legal and political attacks, and officials see no hindrance now to the actual beginning of the work. The State Highway Commission estimates the tax will make available $3,165,000 for the first year's work, in addition to which there will be $2,000 000 from the motor vehicle tax for repair work.

Daily we fit hundreds of women of all sizes practically without alterations, due to our scientifically evolved measurements.

Lane Bryant

21, 23 West 38th St.

Will Close Out Monday and Tuesday

Coats, Suits, Dresses

to Fit Women of all Sizes

36 to 56 Bust

Manufacturing on the premises makes Lane Bryant regular prices lower than elsewhere.

Suits	Vigoreaux, Broadcloth, Burella. Some fur trimmed. Were 39.75,	24.75
Coats	Wool Velour, Plush and Mixtures. Some fur trimmed. Were 37.50,	29.85
Dresses	Silks and Serges. Sizes up to 56 bust. Were 25.00,	18.95
Waists	Crepe de Chine, hand embroidered. Sizes 34 to 42 only. Were 5.00,	2.95
Skirts	A special selection of wool skirts up to 45 waist. Were 12.00,	8.75

26 to 45 waist—36 to 56 bust.

CORRECT CORSETS for STOUT WOMEN

DESIGNED BY

Lane Bryant

Our specialty is smart clothes for stout women. Naturally we begin our service by designing correct corsets, as the corset is the foundation and key to good dressing.

Having served over 200,000 stout women we know the requirements of the stout figure.

LANE BRYANT CORSETS are scientifically designed to reduce the figure and give the desired trim, graceful lines.

EXPERT FITTING

Our expert corsetieres know the right model for every type of figure. You will be delighted with our personal service.

READY-TO-WEAR, $3.95 to $12.50.

Brassieres, 85c to $8.95.

Lane Bryant, 21-23 West 38th Street.

IMPORTERS Burby DESIGNERS

714 Fifth Avenue

between 55th & 56th Sts.

"THE SHOP WITH DISTINCTIVE CREATIONS"

WILL CLOSE OUT

Monday and Tuesday

Smart Street Coats

Fur Trimmed and Untrimmed.

45.00

Former Prices up to $85.

Afternoon Frocks

Satin, Georgette, Charmeuse, Georgette and Satin Combination.

39.00

Former Prices up to $85.

Evening Wraps

Chiffon Velvets, Richly Fur Trimmed.

125.00

Former Prices up to $250.

Evening Gowns

Rich Chiffon Velvet, Brocades and Satins, Beautifully Draped and Trimmed.

48.00

Former Prices up to $85.

New Winter Hats

FOR DRESS AND GENERAL UTILITY WEAR, Embracing Motifs for Every Fancy, Some with Fur Trimming.

10.00 & 15.00

Formerly Priced up to $35.

Fashionable Furs

At Attractive Prices.

The Brunswick

Your Problem Is Solved

Because The Brunswick Plays ALL Records

Prices $32.50 to $180

With each Brunswick come two reproducers. These are instantly interchangeable. So for different types of records you may use the proper needle. Steel, sapphire ball, jewel, etc. This great achievement, with others equally advanced, make The Brunswick the final type phonograph—all instruments in one.

All records are at your command, all artists, orchestras, bands — ALL MUSIC. The Brunswick alone—of the finer phonographs—offers this unrestricted selection. This includes the wonderful Pathe Discs. Heretofore, few were permitted to enjoy the famous Pathe stars. Brunswick tone is unmatchable because of the all-wood sound-chamber, built like a violin.

Who, now, is content with a one-record phonograph, or with lesser attractions?

Come in and hear The Brunswick first—then compare. Note all its advanced and exclusive features.

You'll say, too, that it is the one phonograph you've always wished for.

THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO.

31-33 West 32nd St., New York.

New York Dealers:—H. C. F. Koch & Co., West 125th St.; Riley-Hogan Co., Inc., 10 W. 125th St.; J. A. Proben, 396 Amsterdam Ave. Brooklyn Dealers:—J. Kurtis & Son, 773 B'way & 149 Smith St. (2 stores); Edward Straus, 84 Court St.; Flatbush Music Co., 922 Flatbush Ave.

Officers' Overcoats and Uniforms

SPECIALLY PRICED

Uniforms, $32.50

Overcoats, $37.50

OTHERS,

By The House of Kuppenheimer

16 oz. O. D. Uniform, $42.50

14 oz. O. D. Uniform, $37.50

30 oz. O. D. Overcoat, $55.00

By The House of Kuppenheimer.

Also Raincoats, Hats, Caps, O. D. Flannel Shirts, Spiral Puttees, Leather Puttees, Wrist Watches, Comfort Kits and Field Lockers Specially Priced.

Brill Brothers

1456 Broadway, 279 Broadway, Broadway at 49th St., 2 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, 125th Street at 3d Avenue, 44 East 14th Street, 47 Cortlandt St.

"ECIRUAM" GOWNS

For All Occasions

ENTIRELY WITHOUT FASTENERS

Safely ordered by mail. Booklet on application. Apply Dept. "S. G."

Semi-Annual Clearance Sale

Great Reductions in All Models

Chiffon Velvet Afternoon Gowns at Special Prices

MAURICE & ADAMS

20 West 47th Street

London Paris

HEARN

Fourteenth Street Westof Fifth Avenue

JOLLY TOYS That Children Do Love

Everything to Make Them Happy---On Our Fourth Floor

Toys new as well as familiar to grown folks, but always things to delight and win the kiddies' hearts, and here displayed for comfortable shopping in a new section especially enlarged for the Holiday Season. All Christmas toys are now sold on the Fourth Floor.

THE DOLL SECTION

Is exceptionally well inhabited with every kind of doll—American Dolls, Character Dolls, Red Cross Dolls, Marines, Rookies, Indians, Japanese Baby Dolls, Master and Miss Sam and many others—

Undressed Character Dolls.....28 to 5.96 | Patriotic Dolls.....1.28 to 4.46

Imported Jointed and Kid Body Dolls....3.48 to 5.96 | Snowbaby Dolls—large size.....6.74

Imported Dolls—fully dressed—each one in a box.....1.74..1.96..2.85

DOLLS' OUTFITS

Sweaters, Bootees, Caps, Toques, Leggins—Pink and White, Blue and White and Rose and White—

Bootees.....9 to .28

Sweaters.....54 to 2.65

Toques.....18 to .24

Flannelette Cape, with adjustable hood.....28

Dolls' Outfits, consisting of Dress and Underwear complete, daintily made and trimmed styles for baby dolls in long dresses, also short dresses.....74 to 3.46

Stockings and Shoes.....9 to .19

Knit Union Suits—all sizes.....9 to .15

GAMES .15 to 1.48

Blocks—Picture, A-B-C—Stone Embossed, Nested.....23 to 1.46

Paint Sets.....23 to .96

Ring Toss.....46 to .96

Clay Modelling Sets.....23 to .46

American Lead Soldiers, Infantry and Cavalry, with Tents and Cannons—Marines, with Battleships.....23 to 1.96

Peg Lock Blocks.....1.24 to 3.96

Houses, bridges, trains may be built with these blocks, and they cannot be knocked over.

TOYS

Trucks and Milk Wagons.....1.23 to 1.46

Automatic Sand Toys.....46 to .96

Friction Toys.....28 to 1.18

Mission Folding Tables.....58

Sanitary Rubber Toys in paper envelope.....23 to .46

Rubber Balls.....9 to .28

Celluloid Rattles.....9 to .58

Doll Beds in brass and enamel—all with mattresses and pillows—some have canopies.....28 to 5.24

Doll Hammocks—couch styles—metal frames—very strong.....96 to 1.16

Teddy Bears—white or cinnamon.....58 to 1.96

Animals on Wheels—Dogs, Bears, Elephants, Horses.....46 to 3.48

Kiddie Steering Cars.....96 to 3.48

Wicker Doll Carriages and Collapsible Go-Carts.....58 to 7.48

TOYS

Mechanical Trucks and Autos.....46 to .68

Meccano and Erecto Sets (metal construction toys).....46 to 9.96

Separate Electric motors and bases.....74 to 1.96

Telephones.....28 to .46

Simplex Typewriters.....1.00 to 4.00

Register Banks.....96 to 1.73

Play Cash Registers.....46

Tool Chests—good tools.....46 to 2.48

Doll Furniture Sets .18 .23 .46

Folding Desk and Chair—collapsible.....2.65

Dolls' Rubber Bath Tubs—Collapsible.....1.54

Mechanical Train Sets.....64 to 2.96

Separate Tunnels.....46 to .96

Extension Roller Skates—ball bearing—nickel finish.....1.96 to 2.96

Spalding Ice Skates.....1.46 to 2.96

Skating Outfit—Shoes and Skates.....5.64 to 7.46

See Also Our Six Column Advertisement on Page 15.

Mary Collins

Creator of "ART IN DRESS"

AMERICA'S PREMIER DESIGNER

29 West 38th St., New York

A Remarkable Offering

Tomorrow—Monday

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

Gowns : Wraps : Suits

At Drastic Reductions

ORIGINAL HARRY COLLINS CREATIONS WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT TWO PRICES

$45.00 and $65.00

Included in this assortment of favored sample models are the most appealing of the HARRY COLLINS creations introduced this season; refreshingly original in theme, colorings, design and general execution. Practically every new vogue and silhouette is represented.

Gowns for Afternoon and Evening Wear.

Suits and Wraps in Both Tailored and Fur Trimmed Styles.

All Sizes, for Misses and Women.

Savings Range from 40% to 50%

DEMANDS ACTION IN FOOD INQUIRIES

Mitchell Threatened to Resign State Post Unless There Was Co-ordination of the Work.

NEW SYSTEM IS OUTLINED

Hoover Expected to Sanction Reorganization So Conflicts and Loss of Time Will Be Avoided.

When F. C. Walcott, personal representative of National Food Administrator Hoover, returned to Washington, after a conference here Wednesday with Federal, State and City food administrators, he took with him a decision by John Mitchell, Chairman of the State Food Commission, to resign unless Mr. Hoover took action or authorized some plan that would co-ordinate the work of Federal, State and city departments so that in New York State something could be accomplished more than "get-together" meetings and the discussion of plans.

Under the new State food law the Food Commission has full authority to meet the existing food conditions and has an appropriation of $1,300,000 with which to do this work. Mr. Mitchell believes that even if things cannot be accomplished in a short time the various food authorities should by this time have worked out a plan of co-ordination so that they can meet the present situation by action. He felt also that any independent course of action by the State Commission would be impossible without this system of co-operation, as what the State might do would conflict with the plans of the Federal Government. There has been no hint of friction among the various bodies working for food conservation here and all are now waiting a final word from Washington.

Mr. Walcott is expected back in New York tomorrow, and it is believed that he will bring with him the sanction of the National Food Administrator for a plan of reorganization in this city and state. The first step in harmony will be the housing of the City Food Administrator, the State Food Commission, and the City Department of Markets under one roof. Under the plan now discussed Arthur Williams, City Administrator of the National Administration, will be the consulting head and the ranking officer as representative of the Federal Government. Mr. Mitchell, who it is expected will receive a Government commission, is to become the executive head, and in that position will relieve Mr. Williams from much of the detail of the work. The City Commissioner of Markets, under the proposed plan, will assume charge of local food affairs as they affect the city. In this work the City Commissioner will retain all the authority vested in him by law, devoting his time to the development of plans for local relief and conservation.

Each department consolidated will carry out in co-ordination the functions for which it was created, but in such a way that there will be no conflict of authority, duplication of work, or loss of time. Mr. Williams's work will be increased, for it is expected that he will form committees to investigate and handle different phases of the campaign affecting the national situation. One of these committees will, it is said, be an independent Finance Committee to carry on work without adding to the financial burden of the Federal Government.

While the financial resources of Federal, State, and city organizations are to be kept separate, these interests will in practice be pooled for greater economy and to enable more to be done at less expenditure. The work is to be carried on along broad lines. The presence on the Federal Government will enable this scope to be followed, for in the past work carried on by the city, it is said, has been handicapped by lack of authority to deal with matters outside the jurisdiction of the city. Now Federal co-operation will allow inquiry to proceed if necessary into interstate.

Out of the three agencies will be formed a general food council. Its divisions will be production and live stock, transportation, distribution, and prices.

Under the new law the State Food Commission has, perhaps, greater power in New York than has the Food Administrator, and it will apply that power in co-operation with the nation and city. The State Department has an appropriation of $1,000,000 and an additional $500,000 taken over when other State departments were consolidated under the new act. No appropriation has been made by the Government for the work in this State.

Having this appropriation and power to act, Mr. Mitchell was of the opinion, it is said, that Mr. Hoover should commit himself to some plan of action. He said he wanted organization first so that action could be possible. It is said that when he delivered his ultimatum to Mr. Walcott he set yesterday afternoon as the time when he would hand his resignation to Governor Whitman. Later he agreed to defer action until next Saturday.

The Federal Government examination of the books of a food jobber suspected of overcharging in sugar was finished yesterday and the firm was exonerated. No dubious business methods were disclosed, and it was brought out that the complaint had been made in Washington by a discharged employe of the jobber.

Administrator Williams announced yesterday that as a result of his efforts to stop retailers selling sugar only with grocery orders, two chain store syndicates had notified him they would abolish the practice.

SUGAR SITUATION BETTER.

Relief Found in Distribution of 9,000 Tons of Neutral Supplies.

The sugar situation is improving, it was said yesterday by men in the trade. The chief factor of the week has been the distribution of 9,000 tons of neutral sugar by the Food Administration. The International Sugar Committee has arranged for the purchase of some old-crop Cuban raws and some Peruvian, Venezuelan, and Philippine sugars, afloat and in this port, at 6.90 cents, duty paid. The committee has also arranged for the purchase of some nearby sugars at the same price for Canada. Analyzing conditions in the sugar market, Frank C. Lowry, sales manager of the Federal Sugar Refining Company, said:

"Current stocks of sugar in the United States and Cuba together amount to 69,082 tons, as against 200,844 at this time last year, a decrease of 131,812 tons. This explains the existence of the highest prices for sugar since the civil war, and the shortage of stocks is explained by several factors. The most important is the export to date by Cuba of 263,647 more tons of sugar to the United Kingdom than in 1916 and 207,543 less to the ports of the United States north of Hatteras. At present there are about 9,000 tons of refined sugar in storage in New York, purchased last April for the Russian Government. The authorities are now endeavoring to obtain legal authority to commandeer this sugar and release it to the public."

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Fair Sun. and Mon.

S. Car., Fla., and Ga.—Fair Sun. and Mon.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Sun. and Mon.

Tenn., Ky., and Ind.—Cloudy Sun.; fair and cooler Mon.

Mich.—Fair and cooler Sun. and Mon.

Ohio—Fair Sun. and Mon.

Tex.—Fair Sun. and Mon.

La.—Cloudy Sun.; fair and colder Mon.

Ark.—Fair Sun.; fair and colder Mon.

Ill. and Mo.—Unsettled and cooler Sun.; fair and cooler Mon.

Wis.—Cloudy and colder Sun.; fair, colder Mon.

Minn.—Fair Sun. and Mon.

Iowa—Cloudy and colder Sun.; fair and colder Mon.

N. Dak. and S. Dak.—Fair Sun. and Mon.

Neb. and Kan.—Fair Sun. and Mon.

PROMISE FAIRNESS TO ALL INDUSTRIES

Lovett and Garfield Agree to Apply No War Restrictions Without a Full Hearing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Robert S. Lovett, Chairman of the Priority Board, and H. A. Garfield, the Fuel Administrator, announced today that they would endeavor to place every safeguard about industry, if steps were necessary to curtail shipments of coal to the producers of non-essentials and to restrict the transportation facilities.

While admitting that the situation needed close scrutiny, and that the war-time industries must have first consideration, the officials issued statements which were intended to eliminate panicky feeling. Ex-Judge Lovett said that no action would be taken without "reasonable notice and an opportunity to be heard." Mr. Garfield expressed the hope that voluntary curtailment might make more drastic action unnecessary.

The situation today assumed great importance in the official deliberations, and while no definite policy was proclaimed there was a distinct tendency to inform the many industries and the financial interests involved that the Government was prepared to work for an equitable readjustment of conditions to solve the problems faced. Judge Lovett announced that he would issue no further orders concerning restriction of the coal output except on the advice of Mr. Garfield. A formal statement by him read:

"While the situation may change, I am not at this time contemplating any further action with respect to transportation of non-essentials. Priority Order No. 2, with regard to open-top cars, went as far as it seemed wise to go in dealing with that problem, by restricting the transportation of non-essentials. Conditions, however, will be constantly observed. Whether the coal shortage requires restriction of the coal supply of non-essential industries is a question for the Fuel Administrator, Dr. Garfield, to determine; and if any priority orders become necessary in the furtherance of his policy in that regard they will be made only upon his request."

Mr. Garfield followed it up with this announcement:

"If voluntary economy on the part of industrial and domestic consumers, added to the increased coal production of 1917, which will reach a total of over 50,000,000 tons, does not provide fuel enough for the war and to keep our people warm there will come a time when some limitation will have to be imposed upon manufacturers of nonwar products. In such an event the business world may feel sure that all the bearings of such limitations will be given thorough consideration, and that the necessary coal will be obtained with the least possible interference with industry.

"Arbitrary limitation is a last resort and to be avoided if possible. In many cases industrial concerns have already begun a voluntary curtailment of their use of coal. Such efforts will receive the fullest support and encouragement of the Fuel Administration, including technical advice on the use of fuel. The important point for everyone to remember is that if coal is now consumed in the old 'peace-time' way the supply will fall 50,000,000 tons short of necessary requirements in spite of large increase in production. As I have stated before, the Fuel Administration is determined that sufficient coal for the war, for public utilities and for domestic consumers shall be provided.

"The way to prevent those losses incident upon limitation of industry is for every consumer of coal to cut off waste and unnecessary consumption with an iron hand to start on this intensive course of conservation without a moment's delay."

WOMAN GETS COUNTY JOB.

Made Deputy Assistant District Attorney in Kings County.

The first of Brooklyn's newly enfranchised women to be appointed to public office is Miss Helen P. McCormick of 186 Prospect Place. District Attorney Harry E. Lewis of Kings County late yesterday afternoon announced her appointment as a Deputy Assistant District Attorney. Her salary is to be fixed at between $2,000 and $3,000 a year, and her specialty in the office will be the handling of women's cases.

Miss McCormick is a graduate of Erasmus High School, and later went to Dartmouth College to take a special course in teaching mental defectives. In 1908 she went to the Brooklyn Law School, being graduated in 1912, and was admitted to the bar in the following year. For a time she taught mental defectives in schools in the Bay Ridge district of Brooklyn, and was afterward appointed a factory inspector by the New York State Department of Labor.

It is considered probable that Miss McCormick will take charge of mental defective cases, especially of women, in her new post. She is a member of the Professional Women's League and Chairman of the Woman Suffrage League of the Tenth Assembly District, Brooklyn, and is reported to be a Republican in politics.

HAMILTON'S

ENTIRE STOCK OF WINTER COATS AT SALE PRICES

Unbelievable savings on Our Entire Stock, Including every fur-trimmed model.

This All Wool Coat, with genuine fur collar and cuffs, specially priced at

$16.75

BIG SUIT SALE

Entire stock now reduced to

LESS THAN COST OF PRODUCTION

The early bird—(you know!)

HAMILTON GARMENT CO.
307 FIFTH AVE. NEAR 31ST N.Y.

BERGDORF GOODMAN
616 FIFTH AVENUE
between 49th and 50th Sts.

IMPORTERS CREATORS

MOTOR COATS
of fur and cloth fur trimmed

FUR COATS
slim silhouette, graceful draping

At Special Prices

Rhea Brunner
Former Buyer for HICKSON
Millinery

ANNOUNCES HER

Clearance SALE of

Smart Hats

MONDAY, Nov. 19th. TUESDAY, Nov. 20th. WEDNESDAY, Nov. 21st.

This is the first sale in her daintily appointed Salon, and offers an opportunity to secure distinctive and smart millinery at extraordinary reductions.

5.00 and 7.50

Former prices were $25.00 and up.

The newest fashions—newest materials—newest trimmings

44 West 57th Street—Near Fifth Avenue

The Big Hit of Our First War Christmas

An Ideal Holiday Gift.

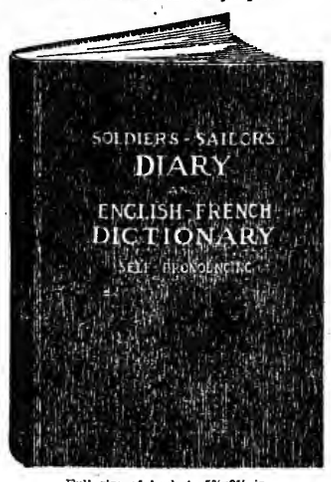
Every Soldier Will Feel Obliged to Learn French and Keep a Diary

Money Back if Not Satisfied

Here Is a Marvelous Book to Fill Both Needs

A Soldier's Necessity—Of Value to Everybody.

On account of its military compactness, neatness and thoroughness great popularity has greeted this book. It has taken a great hold on the hearts of the people.



Full size of book is 5¾x3¾ in.

Richly Bound in Durable Textile Leather
Gold Edges, Gold Stamped, Strong Bond Paper
Fits the Pocket—Authoritative, Necessary, Unique.

$1.00 POSTAGE PREPAID $1.00

Packed in Beautiful Gift Box

THE DICTIONARY Self-pronouncing by a new Sound-Spelling Method which presents first the English word; then its French equivalent, and then, spelled out in English syllables, comes the French word as it sounds to American ears. Exhaustive tests prove this method so simple that even a child readily acquires French with correct pronunciation.

THE DIARY for recording individual experiences is the most serviceable book in existence, and always will be a most cherished possession. Many a soul-thrilling scene would be forgotten if not recorded while fresh in memory.

Send One to the Boy—Keep One at Home!

Money Back If Not Satisfied.

Large edition provided; demand enormous, therefore send order promptly to address below.

$1.00 POSTAGE PREPAID $1.00

WINFIELD W. DUDLEY
110 West 40th St., New York City

To the Public

The Aimone Galleries

TEMPORARY LOCATION

25-33 West 45th St., just off Fifth Ave.

NEW YORK CITY

ESTABLISHED 1878

HAVING been unable to close negotiations for a permanent building, and as our factories have contracts for the next one or two years, we have decided to close out, with the exception of Rugs which are not our property, our

ENTIRE STOCK OF HIGHEST GRADE PERIOD

Bedroom, Dining Room, Living Room, Library and Hall Furniture and Furnishings, Antiques, Reproductions, Objets d'Art, Tapestries, Decorative Paintings, Italian Garden Marbles and Terra Cottas, amounting to $308,850.00.

(Inventory as of Sept. 22d, 1917)

At 1/2 Former Prices

and many pieces at considerably lower figures as we Must Close Out the Entire Stock at Once

GOODS JUST RECEIVED FROM EUROPE

A large collection of Exclusive Tables in 17th and 18th Century types. For Living Room, Hall, Library and Dining Room.

Exclusive beautifully decorated Gate-Leg, Occasional and Nest Tables in Enamel, Lacquer, Sgraffito, Siennese and Venetian Decorations! Different from anything else in New York!

Lamps, Pottery, Mirrors, Paintings, Trays, European Bronzes and Sculptured Marbles, especially Suitable for Christmas Gifts.

We will include in this sale all the goods purchased personally by our Mr. R. C. Aimone in England, France and Italy this summer.

All Prior Notices to the Trade Are Hereby Withdrawn. Decorators, Dealers and Architects Are Afforded an Unusual Opportunity. No Return or Exchange of Merchandise Allowed. No Goods on Approval. Out of Town Purchases Carefully Packed at Cost.

TERMS OF SALE—NET CASH

Galleries Open To-Morrow (Monday)
Nov. 19th, 1917, at 9 A. M.

Please Use Street Level Entrance to Our Galleries—Westerly Store

TEMPORARY LOCATION
25-33 West 45th St. The Aimone Galleries
Just off 5th Ave., N. Y. City.

Chauffeurs' Outfit Special at $48.50

Overcoat, Suit and Cap to Match

Smart, perfect fitting, and durable, the best value in Motor Clothes for Chauffeurs that can be bought. A Double-Breasted Overcoat, a smart Norfolk Jacket, Trousers and Cap.

All made of fine gray worsted whipcord—the outfit complete $48.50, or as follows:

Suit $18.50
Overcoat . . $28.00
Cap $2.00

Other Outfits of Better Grade at $64.50 and $78.00
Chauffeurs' Raincoats—Guaranteed Waterproof—$22.00
Catalogue and Chauffeurs' Apparel Chart Mailed on Request.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY AT 49th ST.

PARK & TILFORD

ESTABLISHED 1840

A Message from the Council of National Defense

--"We found few merchants who have worked out the problem of deliveries with your thoroughness"--

This is an extract from a letter to us from the Council of National Defense, dated October 26.

It refers to the manner in which we co-ordinated our delivery system with the Government's demand for more men for War Service.

We thank our patrons whose considerate co-operation in taking small packages with them and in allowing us more time for deliveries, has enabled us to maintain this high standard of delivery efficiency.

For the past month we have been making five deliveries a day, viz: at **9,11,2,4** and **5:30** o'clock. Every order that has reached us 30 minutes before any one of these delivery periods, has automatically been delivered during that period.

Help us prevent congestions in our 11 and 2 o'clock deliveries by specifying, when leaving orders, that it will be satisfactory to you to have them delivered by the 9 o'clock morning delivery. This will enable us to give you even better service, without impeding our Government's desire to conserve the Nation's man-power.

We earnestly ask your co-operation in this measure of national defense

A Few Thanksgiving Suggestions

Plum Puddings

Richardson & Robbins	each	doz.
5 oz. individual cans	.10	1.15
16 oz. cans	.25	2.95
32 oz. cans	.45	5.35
47 oz. cans	.70	8.25
64 oz. cans	.90	10.25
Franco-American		
4 oz. individual cans	.14	1.60
1 lb. cans	.38	4.50

Ye Anne Hathaway Plum Puddinge

A plum pudding of truly exquisite flavor. No finer product is made than this old-fashioned delicacy. Rich, nourishing, delicious.

1½ lb. 1.50 2 lb. 2.00 3 lb. 3.00

Mince Meat

	jars	doz.
Heinz 2 lb.	.58	6.75
Miss North 2 lb. 2 oz.	1.15	13.00
Miss Martin 2½ lb.	1.25	14.50
Gordon & Dilworth 2½ lb.	1.00	11.75

Meat

Pate de Foie Gras No. ¼ tins 1.20
No. 12 tins 1.75 No. 3 tins 6.50
Puree Pates ½ tins .23 2.75 doz.

Bromm's Fruit Cake of Old Virginia

Made in Old Virginia of the very finest nuts, fruits and baking ingredients. Improves with age. Every bite a delightful surprise.

2 lb. 1.50 4 lb. 3.00 6 lb. 4.50

Coffees

Our coffees represent quality supreme, because our coffee roasting plant is not surpassed anywhere in the world. This special introductory offer should make a strong appeal to all who appreciate that, quality for price, our coffees cannot be excelled.

Soenda
The Coffee Imperial

Blended of the finest products of the East Indies. The rare aroma and richness of Soenda make it the most delicious coffee procurable. Our usual price .52

1 lb. cans .48
10 lb. cans 4.60

Favorita
Our Popular Selling Coffee

An appetizing, aromatic blend of choice coffees. Rich and strong in body. The equal of brands advertised elsewhere at .35
Our usual price .30

1 lb. pkgs. .28
5 lbs. 1.35 25 lbs. 6.50

Caviare

	tins
Caviare, Beluga 14 oz.	10.75
Sevruga 14 oz.	6.25

Nuts

	lb.
California Paper Shell Almonds	.31
Brazil	.18
Filberts	.25
Pecans, Curtiss, Paper Shell	.35
Walnuts, Grenoble and California fancy	.27
Mixed Nuts	.28

SALTED NUTS

	small jar	large jar	half-lb. box
Assorted	.28	.50	.55
Almonds	.30	.55	.60
Pecans	.33	.60	.65

NUT MEATS in half-pound boxes
Walnuts .40 Pecans .65

Guava Jelly

	bot.	doz.
Park & Tilford, Florida 6 oz.	.21	2.40
12 oz.	.35	4.00

Raisins

	each
Malaga, 3 crown No. 1 cartons	.38
7 crown No. 5½ boxes	2.00
Malaga clusters one lb. pkg.	.34
California, Seeded pkgs.	.15
Seedless pkgs.	.16
Sultana, bleached pkgs.	.19

Baskets of Fruit

Made up of the finest fruits, nuts, candies and other delicacies, in a variety of forms and sizes to suit individual tastes. Arranged with expert skill. Welcome gifts, especially acceptable at this season of the year.

Oranges

California, rich, ripe, juicy doz. .80

Ceylon and India Tea

Carefully blended of the finest-selected chops from Ceylon and India. Wrapped in air-tight packages so as to retain the full strength, mellow richness and pleasing fragrance of the teas. Buff and Gold package. Usual price, per lb. .70

.64 lb.

5 lbs. 3.10 10 lbs. 6.10 25 lbs. 15.00

Mail and phone orders promptly and carefully filled.
On all $5 assorted orders, we pay delivery charges thruout the fifteen states nearest New York.
Catalog gives full detail. We will gladly send it to you.
Executive Offices: 529-549 W. 42nd Street, New York

STORES Fifth Avenue and 26th Street
Madison Avenue and 58th St. Broadway and 87th Street Broadway and 146th Street
Madison Avenue and 76th St. Broadway and 101st Street Columbus Ave. and 72nd St.
Broadway and 41st Street Broadway and 112th Street Lenox Avenue and 126th St.

LABOR MEN CHANGE TIME FOR MEETINGS

Federation's Annual Convention Hereafter Will Be Held in June Instead of November.

TAKEN AS POLITICAL MOVE

Gompers Explains That Only "Partisan Politics," Not Politics, Is Barred by the Organization.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 17.—After holding conventions for thirty-five years in the month of November, the American Federation of Labor hereafter will meet in June. This was decided upon at today's session of the thirty-seventh annual convention after a debate during which remarks as to possible political significance in the move were made by some of the delegates.

The talk of politics prompted President Samuel Gompers to state emphatically that the federation's policy of non-participation in partisan politics had not and would not be changed by the adoption of the resolution.

"We will continue to fight for our friends and try to defeat our enemies, no matter what their politics or creed," he said.

The change in the time of meeting was made after the Committee on Laws brought in a report recommending the adoption of a resolution by John B. Lennon so to amend the constitution. The motion to substitute June for November was carried by a vote of 255 to 21.

Delegate Fisher of Montana declared that a political issue had been injected into the discussion of the report and resolution.

"I fail to understand," he said, "how the federation can lay down a political platform unless the membership at large can discuss these matters. If the members in the locals and other labor organizations cannot discuss politics, how can they discuss them here?"

Delegate Berry declared that if the purpose of the resolution was "to line up for the next Congressional election," that fact should be made known.

It was in response to Fisher and Berry that President Gompers made this statement:

"The Chair desires to make some explanation of a remark made by a delegate on this subject. I did not care to make an explanation just then, while the subject was under discussion, for I did not care to influence the vote of the delegates one way or another, even if I could.

"The remark in regard to the prohibition of the discussion of politics in local unions, central bodies, or State federations—if that impression is given forth—is quite erroneous. What the constitution of the American Federation of Labor declares is that partisan politics—not politics—shall not have a place in the labor movement, for, as a matter of fact, there isn't any economic act which we can take or make but what has political influence.

"The American labor movement has influenced the political activities of our Government, national, State, and municipal, more than any other group of people in the United States."

The convention after five days of speechmaking buckled down to routine work today and disposed of a number of important resolutions. The delegates also asked President Gompers to name a committee to report on alleged shortage of labor in some sections of the country, a claim which the resolution declared was not based upon facts, but arose from a desire of employers to substitute female for male and unskilled for skilled labor. The committee appointed by Mr. Gompers was instructed to report to the present convention.

The alleged use of positions as representatives of labor in Baltimore for improper and dishonest purposes was among the first questions acted upon at today's session. The charge submitted by representatives of the International Longshoremen's Union stated that the labor movement in Baltimore was suffering from the actions of some labor representatives "by reason of their grafting and their positions as representatives of labor are being used to their selfish and personal benefits."

The resolution asked for an immediate investigation, and after a brief debate, in which President Gompers said he had already addressed communications to persons who seemed to be under suspicion, the committee's recommendation was adopted.

A resolution criticising Judge Hayden of the District Court of Roxbury, Mass., for an alleged unfair statement regarding the loyalty and patriotism of labor and calling upon him either to prove or retract his statements, was adopted with the demand for the retraction eliminated. For the demand the committee substituted the comment that "such utterances indicate a biased mind and do not tend to maintain confidence in the courts."

The abolition of all private employment bureaus and the enactment of laws providing that all labor be employed through the National Free Employment Bureau of the United States Department of Labor, recommended in a resolution from the Committee on State Organizatoin, was approved without debate.

The organization of some million and a half Mexican workers now in the United States was urged in a resolution submitted by Arizona delegates and favorably reported out of committee. The resolution, which was unanimously adopted by the convention, confers full powers upon the Pan American Federation of Labor Conference Committee for the period of the war to effect the desired organization. The resolution does not as had been reported, contemplate participation by the federation in organizing beyond the borders of the United States.

After the morning session the convention adjourned until Monday. President Gompers spent the afternoon at a conference of delegates representing the garment-making trades of New York, at which an effort was made to smooth out some of the difficulties that have arisen there during the last year or two.

KHAKI KNITTING WOOL
Spot Delivery
4-Fold, Guaranteed Pure Wool
Retail Trade Solicited
B. DICKSON & CO.
75 Madison Ave.,
Near 28th St.
New York City.

"77"
To get the very best results take Dr. Humphreys' "Seventy-seven" at the first sneeze or shiver.
"Seventy-seven" breaks up Colds that hang on—Grip. All Drug Stores.
COLDS

BACARDI Makes the Perfect
COCKTAIL, RICKEY or HIGHBALL.
Try It and Be Convinced.

NO Extra Charge for Credit
Open Evenings — Motor Delivery
OUT OF THE HIGH RENT DISTRICTS
Washington Heights Store, Amsterdam Avenue, Corner 148th Street.
Bronx Store, Third Ave., Cor. 163d St. Yonkers Store, 16-18 Warburton Ave.
Thanksgiving Brings Admiring Friends
You'd Be Proud of This Fine Suit
Four Pieces $145
60 Inch Buffet
The home revolves about the dining room, where one's true circumstances and good judgment are most in evidence. We all like to feel proud of the way we take care of our families. The beautiful American Walnut Dining Suit pictured above is of Queen Anne period design, cabinet workmanship absolutely faultless.
The Buffet is five feet long. Extension Table with matched leaves, grilled front China Closet with linen drawer and server may be complemented with the desired number of chairs, upholstered in tapestry or leather, at proportionate prices. Although our price is very low, this is a first quality product.
$92.50
Charles II. design davenport with cane panel sides, seats and backs well upholstered; covered with a fine leather; latest improved mechanism; changed to full width, comfortable bed easily and quickly. Very good value at above price.
This lamp; floor height mahogany base silk shade, double light, silk cord, etc. Complete, $9.95
$129
is our price for these four high-grade Queen Anne period chamber pieces in genuine American walnut; very best dust proof construction; chiffonier contains sliding trays and 4 drawers.
The New Model Columbia Grafonola
Now on sale at our Three Stores at the standard cash price on Credit.
Latest Records.
Baked white enamel bed, 2-inch posts, heavy fillers, with good mattress and sanitary spring. Complete $18.75
New $75 Model
$27.50 $25
Very low prices, indeed, for this well made pair; in American walnut; of uncommon design, with extra large drawers and mirrors.
Family size, genuine oak, golden finish, extension table, with leaves and four chairs having genuine leather seats, upholstered. Table may be had with Colonial scroll base or with carved claw feet. A very good value. Complete. $23.50
Four Arts and Crafts, substantially made pieces, as illustrated. Fumed finish. Settee, Arm Chair and Rocker have good spring, upholstered seats, covered with durable art leather. A whole room furnished for.... $28.75
The only Charge Account Furniture House in Greater New York Specializing in High Grade Quality. Plain Figure Price Tags.
For GOOD Furniture, Go To Goldberg's
Three of a Kind Stores
AMSTERDAM AV. COR. 148th ST. THIRD AVE. COR. 163rd ST. YONKERS 16-18 WARBURTON AV.
They Always Make Good
Coaster table big seat, with high back and spring seat. Durable art-leather covering. Very good value. $17.50
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BEHOLD the *cord* that has made *cord tires* mean *durability, easy-riding comfort, mileage,* and *gasoline saving economy* to knowing automobile owners. Behold CABLE CORD, the unique cord made especially for the patent-protected, two-ply Silvertown Cord Tires, and found ONLY in them.
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Therefore, Silvertown Cord Tires, the only *two-ply, cable-cord* tires, outlast many-ply tires with their multiplied tire fever.
Know them by their Red-Double-Diamond trade-mark, and graceful extra size, the tires you can not afford to deny yourself.
THE B. F. GOODRICH COMPANY, The City of Goodrich, Akron, Ohio
Goodrich also makes the famous fabric tires—BLACK SAFETY TREADS
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When we told manufacturers our plans for this great Sale they gave us the RIGHT GOODS at remarkable concessions, considering Style, Quality and Workmanship.
Don't have in mind when you read this advertisement the usual suits that you get in most stores for $10; but we want you to come prepared to find stunning, exclusive, beautifully trimmed suits that your friends will never believe you paid only $10 for.
This Wool Suit 10.00
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You never saw anything like them at the price! We never knew their equal. They'll sell to the first 800 women who can find their sizes. Women's sizes, 34 to 44, also a number of misses' sizes. The very latest and smartest models—fine fabrics—beautiful trimmings. Just the colors and cloths and styles that you could pay for in any high-grade shop.

PAYMENTS ON LOAN REFLECTED BY BANKS

War Dealings Result in Gain of $73,500,000 in Reserve Deposits of Federal System.

INCREASE GOLD HOLDINGS

$11,000,000 More Taken In During the Week—New Advances to the Allies Total $105,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Payments to Reserve Banks of the 18 per cent. installment on account of the second Liberty Loan and redemption by the Government of $300,000,000 of certificates of indebtedness are reflected to some extent in the weekly bank statement issued by the Federal Reserve Board. These operations affect Government deposits, which show an increase of $159,700,000; members' reserve deposits, which increased about $73,500,000, and most of all uncollected items, i. e., checks and drafts on banks both within and outside of the district deposited with Federal Reserve Banks, which show an increase of $156,700,000.

A considerable part of these items is made up of so-called transfer drafts, mainly eastern exchange, bought by Western Reserve Banks, and for which immediate credit is given to member banks. By far the larger part of payments on account of the Liberty Loan was made apparently in the form of book credits and United States certificates of indebtedness. Aggregate gold holdings show a further increase of about $11,000,000, while the Federal Reserve note circulation increased by about $40,000,000.

The New York bank reports a decrease of $14,400,000 in reserve and an increase of $23,800,000 in reserve deposits, mainly from payments of reserves by newly admitted members, and decreases in both Government and non-members' clearing deposits. Its bill holdings decreased about $31,000,000 following the liquidation in some volume of member banks' collateral notes secured largely by Government bonds and certificates. The bank reports an increase of about $150,000,000 in its holdings of United States certificates of indebtedness which fall due during the coming week. The bank disbursed to foreign Governments a total of $105,000,000, of which $50,000,000 went to Great Britain $40,000,000 to France, and $15,000,000 to Italy.

Discounts held by the banks decreased $22,300,000, the larger decrease reported by the New York bank being partially offset by substantial increases shown under this head by Boston, Philadelphia, Cleveland, and Chicago.

Nearly two-thirds of the discounted paper on hand is in the form of member banks' collateral notes, the total held, $319,000,000, indicating net liquidation of $78,900,000 of this class of paper. About $208,200,000 of these notes, compared with $300,300,000 the week before, are secured by Liberty bonds and United States certificates of indebtedness. Acceptances on hand show an increase of $12,900,000, New York and San Francisco reporting the largest gains for the week.

Outside of New York the banks show net liquidation of about $4,500,000 of United States short-term securities. Other earning assets show little or no change. Total earning assets show an increase of $136,400,000 and constitute at present 1,387 per cent. of the banks' paid-in capital, compared with 1,207 per cent. the week before. Of the total, discounts constitute 52.7 per cent., United States securities 26.2 per cent., acceptances 21 per cent., and warrants 0.1 per cent.

Payments on capital account by newly admitted members are reported by four Reserve banks, the total paid in capital of the system showing an increase of $1,346,000. The list of institutions which paid for stock of the Reserve banks includes, among others, the Union Trust Company, the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, and Columbia Trust Company of New York; also the Wayne County and Home Savings Bank of Detroit, and the First Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago.

Government deposits show large increases at the Boston, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Richmond, Chicago and St. Louis banks, while increases in member banks' reserve deposits were heaviest at the Boston, New York, Chicago and San Francisco banks. The non-member banks' clearing account shows a further reduction following admission to membership of a number of large trust companies in New York City and the transfer of their clearing accounts to the reserve deposit column.

There has been an addition of $43,236,000 to the total of Federal Reserve notes outstanding, all the agents reporting substantial note issues for the week. The total of $1,038,620,000 outstanding is secured by $629,906,000 of gold and $431,182,000 of paper. The banks report an actual note circulation of $972,585,000, an increase of $40,073,000 for the week.

The weekly statement of the resources and liabilities of each of the twelve banks at the close of business on Nov. 16 follows:

FIRST DISTRICT, (BOSTON.)

Total gold held by banks	$54,725,000
Total gold reserves	87,417,000
Total reserves	92,463,000
Bills discounted and bought	61,725,000
Due to members, reserve account	87,647,000

SECOND DISTRICT, (NEW YORK.)

Total gold held by banks	$406,440,000
Total gold reserves	585,765,000
Total reserves	628,131,000
Bills discounted and bought	254,517,000
Due to members, reserve account	657,153,000

THIRD DISTRICT, (PHILADELPHIA.)

Total gold held by banks	61,483,000
Total gold reserves	112,962,000
Total reserves	113,820,000
Bills discounted and bought	41,905,000
Due to members, reserve account	83,991,000

FOURTH DISTRICT, (CLEVELAND.)

Total gold held by banks	$80,791,000
Total gold reserves	127,035,000
Total reserves	127,535,000
Bills discounted and bought	59,830,000
Due to members, reserve account	101,442,000

FIFTH DISTRICT, (RICHMOND.)

Total gold held by banks	$43,280,000
Total gold reserves	75,892,000
Total reserves	76,085,000
Bills discounted and bought	22,966,000
Due to members, reserve account	44,324,000

SIXTH DISTRICT, (ATLANTA.)

Total gold held by banks	$16,785,000
Total gold reserves	57,212,000
Total reserves	57,494,000
Bills discounted and bought	15,752,000
Due to members, reserve account	33,498,000

SEVENTH DISTRICT, (CHICAGO.)

Total gold held by banks	$109,433,000
Total gold reserves	208,338,000
Total reserves	209,837,000
Bills discounted and bought	82,437,000
Due to members, reserve account	183,756,000

EIGHTH DISTRICT, (ST. LOUIS.)

Total gold held by banks	$29,449,000
Total gold reserves	68,566,000
Total reserves	69,172,000
Bills discounted and bought	24,646,000
Due to members' reserve account	48,562,000

NINTH DISTRICT, (MINNEAPOLIS.)

Total gold held by banks	$30,239,000
Total gold reserves	60,181,000
Total reserves	60,496,000
Bills discounted and bought	24,012,000
Due to members, reserve account	42,917,000

TENTH DISTRICT, (KANSAS CITY.)

Total gold held by banks	$28,740,000
Total gold reserves	59,464,000
Total reserves	59,523,000
Bills discounted and bought	36,851,000
Due to members, reserve account	74,968,000

ELEVENTH DISTRICT, (DALLAS.)

Total gold held by banks	$29,679,000
Total gold reserves	58,401,000
Total reserves	58,989,000
Bills discounted and bought	20,795,000
Due to members, reserve account	43,450,000

TWELFTH DISTRICT, (SAN FRANCISCO.)

Total gold held by banks	$51,958,000
Total gold reserves	83,095,000
Total reserves	83,308,000
Bills discounted and bought	33,285,000
Due to members, reserve account	78,810,000

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK STATEMENT.

Consolidated statement of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks compares as follows:

RESOURCES	Last Week.	Previous Week.	Year Ago.
Gold coin and certificates in vault	$526,792,000	$507,403,000	$293,441,000
Gold settlement fund	363,710,000	385,724,000	140,821,000
Gold with foreign agencies	52,500,000	52,500,000	....
Total gold held by banks	$943,002,000	$945,627,000	$434,262,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agents	$629,906,000	$616,254,000	$238,458,000
Gold redemption fund	11,420,000	11,496,000	1,383,000
Total gold reserve	$1,584,328,000	$1,573,377,000	$674,103,000
Legal tender notes, silver, &c	52,525,000	52,208,000	16,580,000
Total reserve	$1,636,853,000	$1,625,585,000	$690,683,000
Bills discounted—members	$487,850,000	$510,154,000	$19,704,000
Bills bought in open market	193,869,000	181,001,000	97,789,000
Total bills on hand	$681,719,000	$691,155,000	$117,493,000
U. S. long-term securities	$54,002,000	$53,743,000	$39,116,000
U. S. short-term securities	187,904,000	42,367,000	11,167,000
Municipal warrants	1,273,000	1,273,000	18,597,000
Total earning assets	$924,898,000	$788,538,000	$186,372,000
Due from Federal Reserve Banks—net	$17,838,000	$7,725,000	$59,773,000
Uncollected items	428,544,000	271,796,000	....
Total deductions from gross deposits	$446,382,000	$279,521,000	$59,773,000
Five p. c. redemption fund against Fed. Res. Bank notes	537,000	537,000	470,000
All other resources	3,763,000	2,989,000	6,121,000
Total resources	$3,012,406,000	$2,697,170,000	$943,419,000
LIABILITIES			
Capital paid in	$66,691,000	$65,345,000	$55,704,000
Government deposits	1,218,887,000	59,198,000	25,171,000
Due to members—reserve account	1,480,498,000	1,406,982,000	....
Due to non-member banks—clearing account	20,925,000	33,866,000	....
Collection items	240,437,000	187,022,000	....
Total gross deposits	$1,960,747,000	$1,687,068,000	$647,425,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	$972,585,000	$932,512,000	$238,670,000
Federal Reserve banknotes in circulation, net liability	8,000,000	8,000,000	1,030,000
All other liabilities, incld. foreign Gov. credits	4,383,000	4,245,000	590,000
Total liabilities	$3,012,406,000	$2,697,170,000	$943,419,000
Gold reserve against net deposit liabilities	62.2%	67.1%	73.9%
Gold and lawful money reserve against net deposit liabilities	65.7%	70.8%	76.7%
Gold reserve against Fed. Res. notes in actual circulation	65.9%	67.3%	100.5%

WAR TAX PUZZLES HALT COLLECTIONS

Internal Revenue Offices Are Deluged with Questions About Autos and Phonographs.

ADVISE READING OF LAW

Some Theatres Have Taken Advantage of Levy to Raise Prices, Says Collector Edwards.

Misconceptions on the part of many persons regarding the application of the new war taxes on articles of everyday use threaten to handicap the Internal Revenue offices in New York in collecting taxes actually provided for in the Revenue act passed by Congress on Oct. 3 last. Collectors of internal revenue in this city said yesterday that while they had only the highest commendation for the large number of conscientious citizens who were flocking to their offices in quest of miscellaneous information covering office and household articles thought to be taxable, the time required to answer the inquiries was proving a serious drain on the revenue staffs, which already are overburdened with work incidental to the collection of the main taxes.

William H. Edwards, Collector of the Wall Street District, said:

"The conscientious and patriotically inclined citizen desirous of meeting his obligation to the Government as contained in the war revenue law could assist the officers of the Government materially by procuring copies of the law and studying them in the office or at home. In this way they would save themselves the time and bother required to make a personal visit to the revenue offices, and at the same time make it possible for our clerical force to pay undivided attention to the many arduous details preparatory to the collection of the big taxes.

"Many persons are under the impression that an automobile or a phonograph in private use is subject to some kind of a Federal tax. This, of course, is erroneous. Automobiles, automobile trucks, automobile wagons, motorcycles, piano-players, phonographs, graphophones and talking machines, sold on and after Oct. 4 last by the manufacturer, producer or importer, are taxable, tax to be paid by the seller. Furthermore, one-half of the full tax was due from certain dealers on stocks in their possession on Oct. 4. However, any of these articles which on Oct. 4 were owned by a private individual for private use are not subject to tax. Machines used for dictation purposes, like dictaphones and dictographs, are not subject to tax.

"Socalled 'side cars' to be attached to motorcycles are not taxable unless sold in combination with the motorcycle, in which case tax attaches to the completed article. An automobile body is not taxable as an automobile when sold alone; when sold in combination with a chassis, the tax rests upon the completed article. Socalled 'used' or 'second-hand' automobiles are not taxable. The chassis is held to be an automobile and is taxed as such. A usable or substantially complete automobile, produced by asembling certain parts of trucks or cars, either new or second-hand, is subject to the tax. However, any of these articles owned privately on Oct. 4, 1917, are not taxable."

Collector Edwards said that it had come to his attention that some theatres had taken advantage of the war tax to raise their prices.

"This," Collector Edwards said, "is done ingeniously, and the theatregoer pays the raised tax and often remains under the impression that the advance is entirely due to the war tax imposed. Thus, a ticket for which the former price was 50 cents is sold by the theatre for 60 cents, including the war tax. As a matter of fact, the tax on a fifty-cent ticket is 5 cents, and the complete charge therefor should be 55 cents.

"It is my opinion that the tax should be collected on the actual price at which a ticket is first sold, regardless of whether such price is over or under the regular box office price as printed on the face of the ticket. For example: If a $2 ticket is actually sold for $1, the tax is 10 cents; if sold for $3, the tax is 30 cents, and not 20 cents, which would be the amount of tax if the ticket were sold for $2. This, of course, affects sales made to speculators and cut-rate brokers by theatres. If the theatre sells to a speculator a $2 ticket for $2.25, the tax on such ticket is 23 cents. However, if a $2 ticket is sold by the theatre to a cut-rate broker for 75 cents, the tax is 8 cents."

The misunderstanding over the levy on club dues continues to bother officials. Collector Edwards said yesterday the 10 per cent. tax on club dues should be computed on any sum paid on and after Nov. 1 last, irrespective of the period of membership such payment covers. Accordingly, if dues were paid before Nov. 1, even for a period extending beyond that date, no tax accrued. On the other hand, if a person was in arrears and did not pay his dues until Nov. 1, the tax would have to be paid.

AT FALL RIVER MILLS.

Unable to Accept Further Orders for Immediate Delivery.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Nov. 17.—The New England cotton goods markets have been strong all week and sales were larger than they have been for several weeks past. The strength of cotton goods may be shown by the fact that certain constructions have been marked up as much as a quarter of a cent a yard and indications are that goods will go still higher. While there has been a very substantial demand for wide goods, the narrow division of the market is likewise very strong. In fact so keen has been the call for various narrow constructions that manufacturers are not in a position to accept any new business which calls for immediate deliveries.

Relative to 27-inch 64-60 goods, buyers were offering 8 cents a yard for all the goods they could obtain, but mills were not in a position to take on additional business. All constructions of narrow goods are very strong and prices are higher in most instances than they were a week ago. Buyers are anxious about the future because they perceive disturbing elements which are destined to cause much uneasiness later.

The mills are in a position where they can take matters as they come. Some of the larger New York converters and printers have attempted to interest New England manufacturers in goods deliveries to begin as far ahead as March of next year. Sateens and twills are much sought after and mills report a good business. Some mills will not consider business at market prices, but are holding off for higher prices.

Reports from spinners of yarns are to the effect that they continue to do a brisk business. With the demand for cloth increasing some of the cloth mills have been compelled to come into the market and purchase their supplies. Aside from the demand mills will have to get more for their cloth because of the agitation on the part of the 30,000 or more operatives employed in the mills for higher rate of wages. Never in the history of the textile industry have wages been as high as they are now and indications are that they will go higher. The Cotton Manufacturers' Association has voted to grant the operatives a 10 per cent. advance in wages, but the latter insist upon 15 per cent. The total sales of cloth for the week are estimated between 250,000 and 300,000 pieces.

ON WEST SIDE COMMISSION.

Hiram C. Todd of Saratoga Is Named by Senator Brown.

The commission appointed to inquire into the progress made in the settlement of the west side improvement plan was completed yesterday by the appointment of Hiram C. Todd of Saratoga Springs. He was named by Senator Brown, temporary chairman of the Senate. The other members are Danforth E. Ainsworth, named by Speaker Sweet, and the following named by the Governor: W. H. Van Benschoten, Chairman; Prof. Charles A. Beard, Cyrus C. Miller, Henry L. Stoddard and Ralph S Rounds.

Yesterday the commission held a long executive session, going over the plans and the scope of the proposed work. Tomorrow they will make a trip along the river front from Inwood to West 32nd Street, and on Tuesday another executive session will be held for further discussion of the matter. Public hearings will eventually be held, but no dates have yet been set for them.

ADDITIONAL NEWS OF INTEREST IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

ERASMUS IS WINNER OF BROOKLYN TITLE

Boys' High Downed in Deciding Football Battle at Washington Park.

MANHATTAN TEAMS TIED

De Witt Clinton and Morris Fail to Score in Championship Game at Polo Grounds.

Football teams representing Morris High School of the Bronx and De Witt Clinton High School of Manhattan, struggling for the scholastic championship of the two boroughs, battled to a scoreless tie yesterday at the Polo Grounds. At Washington Park, Brooklyn, the Erasmus Hall H. S. eleven gained the championship of Brooklyn by trouncing the strong Boys' High School team by a score of 33 to 6.

The De Witt Clinton team emerged from its game with Morris covered with glory. This eleven, reported to be out of condition and with defeats by less worthy elevens registered against it, was considered by the Morris clan more in the light of a victim than a rival aggregation. Some 4,000 schoolboys who witnessed the conflict saw an undreamed of transformation. While neither team scored any points against the other the glory of the game all went to the Clinton athletes for their feat in holding the strong Bronx team in check.

The Morris eleven, after riding roughshod over its last two opponents, including Stuyvesant, which held Clinton to a scoreless tie two weeks ago, was disconcerted by the strength of the Red and Black. Clinton was on the defensive most of the time, and it was so strongly woven that the Bronx boys were baffled.

In the first and final quarters, when a Morris score threatened, the Clinton defense tightened and sturdily beat back the attack.

In the first quarter the Morris eleven was within four yards of the Clinton goal line only to lose the ball on downs. In the second period the Clinton players showed to advantage and assumed the offensive, but without success. Good playing by De Stefano, Clinton's star player, and Wacker enabled the Red and Black eleven to force the ball to the Morris fifteen-yard line, but the whistle called a halt there. So it was in the third quarter, with the Clinton team showing best until near the close of the period.

The Morris clan kept the ball always in Clinton territory in the final quarter, but never successfully got past the Clinton line for a score, although a variety of plays were tried in the effort. In this period D. Kassner and Captain Carney each tried for field goals from Clinton's twenty-yard line, but both attempts went astray.

The lineup:

De Witt C., (0.)	Position.	Morris, (0.)
Galbraith	L. E.	I. Krassner
Gouldowski	L. T.	Williams
Herman	L. G.	Walder
Wacker	C.	Pachman
Mitchell	R. G.	Waterbury
Watson	R. T.	Carney
Silverman	R. E.	D. Krassner
Eisenberg	Q. B.	Ingrassia
Lake	L. H. B.	Kaminsky
Friedlander	R. H. B.	Adler
De Stefano	F. B.	Mulligan

Referee—K. J. Shearer, Dickinson College. Umpire—C. C. Shean, Springfield Training School. Linesman—Dr. H. C. Newton, C. C. N. Y. Time of quarters—Twelve minutes.

The game between Erasmus Hall High School and Boys High School was played as part of a double-header. The other half of the bill resulted in a victory for the Manual Training High School over Poly Prep by a score of 6 to 0.

Boys' High failed to show its usual skill, while the Erasmus eleven was exceptionally strong. In the last quarter only did the Boys eleven play anywhere near its standard of former games, and it was in this quarter that the team was saved from humiliation of a shutout. Resorting to the line-plunging game in the final period, the Boys' team finally managed to get the pigskin on their opponents five-yard line, and from this point Bloomgarten went over for a touchdown, Spiers failing at the try for goal. Once before in this same period the team had a chance to score, but lost the ball on downs on the Erasmus two-yard line.

Erasmus clearly outplayed Boy's High in the other three-quarters. Frequent runs around end, with spectacular use of the forward pass, played a major part in the Erasmus victory. McPhee was the star, taking an important part in almost every play and scoring two touchdowns, with three goals from touchdown. Goebel also tallied two touchdowns, while Meistrall accounted for one.

The Manual Training-Poly Prep contest was a keenly contested struggle, and found the former team pulling out a victory in the final quarter. A thrilling run of fifty-five yards by Meszczenski, the Manual Training full back, after he had intercepted a forward pass on the Poly thirty-five-yard line, gave his team the only score of the game and victory. Daisley failed at the try for goal.

The lineups:

Erasmus H., (33.)	Position.	Boys' H. S., (6.)
Whiton	L. E.	Spiers
Francken	L. T.	Smith
Wilkenson	L. G.	Rambusch
Hasmott	C.	Quail
Moeller	R. G.	Ballab
Wolife	R. T.	Blank
Souville	R. E.	Heinricks
Meistrall	Q. B.	Bloomgarten
McPhee	L. H. B.	Blair
Mahr	R. H. B.	Palmer
Goebel	F. B.	Daniels

Touchdowns—Meistrall, McPhee, (2,) Goebel, (2.) Bloomgarten. Goals from touchdown—McPhee, (3.) Referee—Shears, Dickinson. Umpire—Darby, Syracuse. Linesman—Dr. Aldridge, Syracuse. Substitutions—Erasmus Hall: H. Botting for Whiton, Oldacker for Francken, Wolife for Oldacker, Green for Wilkenson, Salmon for Wolife, Ross for Salmon, Carter for Ross, Whiton for Meistrall. Boys': Rosenstein for Rambusch, Rambusch for Rosenstein, Crane for Blair, Daniels for Crane, Crane for Daniels. Time of quarters—Twelve minutes.

Manual, (6.)	Position.	Poly Prep, (0.)
Latimer	L. E.	Lunbeck
Logan	L. T.	Carruo
Schwartz	L. G.	Fareh
Cooper	C.	Greene
Ward	R. G.	Stratton
Daisley	R. T.	Kendall
Sparks	R. E.	Lane
Lahey	Q. B.	Schnell
Lang	L. H. B.	Baldwin
Tobey	R. H. B.	Jelliffe
Moszczenski	F. B.	Schiebler

Touchdown — Moszczenski. Referee — Mr. Shears, Dickinson. Umpire — Mr. Darby, Syracuse. Linesman — Dr. Aldridge, Syracuse. Time of quarters—12 minutes.

Substitutions: Manual Training—Ward for Schwartz, Schwartz for Ward.

Flushing High School's football team swamped the Long Island Aggies on the former's gridiron yesterday. The final score found Flushing resting easily on the long end of a 70 to 0 tally. Alford, with four touchdowns, Townsend and Bleecker with three each, and Hallock, with two, were the stars for Flushing.

Mount Vernon High School's eleven triumphed over the Yonkers High School team on the former's gridiron by 27 to 13 in a game that practically decides the scholastic championship of Westchester. The victorious eleven played the open style of game, and successfully haffled the Yonkers players. Franko and Captain Doyle were the chief figures in the Mount Vernon victory, and between them accounted for most of their team's points.

The line-up:

Mt. Vernon, (27.)	Position.	Yonkers, (13.)
Sweet	L. E.	Howe
Reid	L. T.	Hubert
Levy	L. G.	Quick
Parker	C.	Patterson
Pittari	R. G.	Smith
Carmody	R. T.	Guiney
Franko	R. E.	Finkelstein
Taylor	Q. B.	Mitchell
Doyle	L. H. B.	Wrenn
Sargeant	R. H. B.	Johnson
Keyser	F. B.	Caldwell

Touchdowns—Franko, (2,) Taylor, Doyle, Mitchell, Johnson. Goals from touchdown—Doyle, (3,) Mitchell. Referee—H. W. Hooks, Columbia. Umpire — Johnson, Princeton.

KINSELLA WINS AT SQUASH.

Defeats Mullins in First of a Series of Matches for Red Cross.

Walter A. Kinsella, holder of the world's professional squash tennis championship, won the first of a series of matches for the benefit of the Red Cross at the courts of the Apawamis Golf Club yesterday when he defeated James Mullins, professional at the Racquet and Tennis Club, 17—14, 2—15, 15—12, 17—18, 15—9. Kinsella allowed his opponent five aces, and this balanced the skill of the rivals so well that a brilliant match resulted.

Mullins, while not as proficient a wielder of the racquet as Kinsella, was able to force the champion to extend himself at every stage of the contest. He had a remarkable ability to make gets of Kinsella's hard drives, and some of the rallies lasted for several minutes rather than the customary few seconds. It was the ability to change pace that really turned the balance in favor of Kinsella.

There was a big gallery of enthusiasts on hand to see the contest, and a substantial sum was collected for the Red Cross. In an amateur match Frederick S. Keeler, the Columbia Club expert, defeated W. J. Knapp of the Squash Club in straight games at 15—10, 15—8.

HOLY CROSS SHOWS SPEED.

Gets Late Start, but Downs Rensselaer by 41 to 13.

Special to The New York Times.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 17.—Holy Cross played real football today, scoring at will against Rensselaer and winning by 41 to 13. In the first five minutes of play the New York State men scored 13 points against the Purple team by the recovery of a fumble and a blocked punt near the Holy Cross goal. Thereafter Holy Cross held the upper hand.

The lineup:

Holy Cross, (41.)	Position.	Rensselaer, (13.)
Duffy	L. E.	Frank
Langdon	L. T.	McClelland
Lynch	L. G.	Bartz
Dulligan	C.	Richards
Kelley	R. G.	Voorhies
Sullivan	R. T.	Armstrong
Cummings	R. E.	Sweet
Mayo	Q. B.	Sharkey
Higgins	L. H. B.	Lower
Fitzpatrick	R. H. B.	Smith
Mitchell	F. B.	Norton

Touchdowns—Smith, McClelland, Cummings, Higgins, Fitzpatrick, (2,) Keating, (2.) Substitutions—Rensselaer: Foster for Smith, Bechan for Foster, Appleman for Lowes; Holy Cross: Maloney for Dulligan, Conway for Kelley, Connors for Cummings, Higgins for Mayo, Keating for Higgins. Referee—McCarth, Georgetown. Lineman—Donnelly, Dartmouth. Umpire—Pugh, Germantown Academy.

NO STOP TO GEORGIA TECH.

Carlisle Overwhelmed at Atlanta by Score of 98 to 0.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 17.—Georgia Tech. overwhelmed Carlisle 98 to 0 here today in the first meeting between the two institutions. The game was devoid of special features. The Georgians used straight football throughout except in the third period, when they opened up with an overhead attack, scoring two touchdowns in the first six minutes of play of that period.

The lineup:

Georgia Tech, (98.)	Position.	Carlisle, (0.)
Fincher	L. E.	Norris
Higgins	L. T.	Lassa
Welchel	L. G.	F. Godfrey
Phillips	C.	Walker
Dowling	R. G.	L. Godfrey
Carpenter	R. T.	Flinchem
Bell	R. E.	Moore
Hill	Q. B.	Miles
Strupper	L. H. B.	Tibbetts
Guyon	R. H. B.	Herman
Guill	F. B.	Leroy

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Tech	28	28	28	14	—98
Carlisle	0	0	0	0	—0

Referee—Mr. Wood, Notre Dame. Umpire—Mr. Smith, Bucknell. Linesman—Mr. Lewis, Virginia. Touchdowns—Strupper, (3,) Hill, (5,) Guill, (2.) Goals from touchdowns—Fincher, (14.) Goals from field, 10. Time of quarters—Fifteen minutes.

Professional Golfers Open Office.

Business of the Professional Golfers' Association of America has grown so rapidly in the last few months that the local officers found it necessary to rent permanent offices. Herbert Strong, the Secretary, has announced that quarters had been secured at 366 Fifth Avenue and that the regular monthly meetings of the association would be held in that place hereafter instead of at the Hotel Martinique.

Linesman—M. A. McIntosh, New Rochelle. Substitutions—Paulson for Carmody, Bajusz for Sargeant. Time of quarters—Twelve minutes.

St. Paul's school of Garden City sustained its first defeat of the season at the hands of the Montclair Academy team in a game on the St. Paul gridiron. The final score favored Montclair Academy by 15 to 2. The victorious Montclair team showed to advantage in every department of the game and with concentrated line plunging and effective end runs carried off the game in convincing fashion. St. Paul's only points came as a result of a safety in the third quarter.

FORT TOTTEN TEAM VICTOR.

Forward Passes Help Defeat Fort Jay by 35 to 0.

Effective use of the forward pass and well judged line plunging gave the soldier football players of Fort Totten a victory over the eleven from Fort Jay on the Fort Totten gridiron yesterday. The game was one of the schedule arranged by the New York Athletic Club as a Soldiers' Metropolitan Football League. The final score was 35 to 0.

The line-up:

Fort Totten, (35.)	Position.	Fort Jay, (0.)
Duert	L. E.	Lafontaine
Nieboffer	L. T.	Harrigan
Hummel	L. G.	Richardson
Colwell	C.	Beraut
Greenbaum	R. G.	Steinhurst
MacKenzie	R. T.	Pota
McCullen	R. E.	Bradley
Draper	Q. B.	McCoy
Lamar	L. H. B.	Chambers
Thompson	R. H. B.	Cook
Wilson	F. B.	Schich

Touchdowns—Thompson, (3,) Wilson, Lamar. Goals from touchdowns—Draper, (5.) Referee—Lieutenant Erdaffy, Columbia. Umpire—C. J. Farrell, New York A. C. Linesman—P. H. Pilgrim, New York A. C. Time of quarters—10 minutes.

Russo, Star of Aquatic Meet.

F. Russo carried off the chief honors in the swimming events at the Winter Pool, Brighton Beach, last night. He won the 100-yard swim from a large field, in 1:16 2-5, and was first in the men's diving contest.

The summaries:

100-Yard Swim.—Won by F. Russo; E. Griffin, second; W. Hall, third. Time—1:16 2-5.
Men's Diving Contest.—Won by F. Russo; E. Griffin, second; A. Schultz, third.
Women's Diving Contest.—Won by Miss M. Johnson; Miss T. McAvoy, second; Miss L. McCabe, third.

W. AND J. DEFEATED BY RODGERS'S PASS

West Virginia Star, Stopped by Line, Tosses Ball to Teammate for Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

FAIRMOUNT, W. Va., Nov. 17.—West Virginia failed to carry out its usual program here today against Washington and Jefferson, scoring a touchdown and kicking the goal in the first half and failing to score thereafter. In previous games the Mountaineers have been slow at starting and strong at the finish. West Virginia won the game, however, by 7 to 0.

The West Virginia touchdown was rightly earned when Hager fell on a W. and J. fumble on his own 30-yard line. Rodgers followed with a run of thirty yards. A forward pass from Rodgers to King netted thirty-six yards and placed the ball on the W. and J. 4-yard line with first down. On the fourth down Rodgers looped a short pass far out to the side and over the goal to King, who touched the ball down.

West Virginia had a chance to score just after the game started, when Bailey recovered a W. and J. fumble on the 36-yard line. An offside play gave West Virginia a first down on the W. and J. 30-yard line. Lentz and Rodgers made a first down, and then Lewis reeled off 12 yards. Rodgers was hurled at the W. and J. line four times without avail, however, and the ball was lost on downs on the 4-yard line. King returned McCreight's punt to the 12-yard line, but forward passes failed, and West Virginia again lost the ball.

Fiber's kick was high and far down the field. It hit Rodgers on the shoulder and then rolled to the 20-yard line, where W. and J. recovered. The Red and Black could not gain, however, and West Virginia took the ball on downs on her 15-yard line. This was soon followed by the West Virginia touchdown, and the half ended.

At the opening of the second half W. and J. got the ball on the West Virginia 40-yard line, where McCreight attempted a field goal, which West Virginia blocked. Soon afterward McCreight's long, low kick got away from Lewis and rolled to the West Virginia 22-yard line, where W. and J. recovered. Stobbs and McCreight made two first downs, and with a first down earned on the 2-yard line, McCreight fumbled. With this bad break the last chance for a W. and J. score faded. Rodgers played wonderful football for West Virginia, and Ice and Hager were also much in the limelight.

The line-up:

West Va., (7.)	Position.	W. and J., (0.)
Mills	L. E.	Carroll
Ice	L. T.	Henry
Meridith	L. G.	Wimberly
Bailey, (Capt.)	C.	Guy
McCul	R. G.	Straw
Harrick	R. T.	Stein
Hager	R. E.	Tressel
Lewis	Q. B.	Stobbs
Lentz	L. H. B.	Bixler
King	R. H. B.	Rubie
Rodgers	F. B.	McCreight, (Capt.)

Substitutions: West Virginia—Harris for Lewis. W. and J.—Fiber for McCreight, McCreight for Fiber, Garbisch for Stein. Touchdown—King. Goal from touchdown—Rodgers. Referee—Maxwell of Swarthmore. Umpire—Eckersall of Chicago. Linesman—Sudgen of Harvard. Time of quarters—15 minutes.

CITY COLLEGE BEATS YALE.

Soccer Team Has Better of Argument by 1 to 0.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 17.—Brilliant work on the soccer gridiron, on the part of the 'Varsity team of the College of the City of New York in the first inter-college match essayed by the Gotham students this season, gave them the victory over Yale by 1 goal to 0 on Yale Field, this afternoon. The game favored C. C. N. Y. even more than the score indicated, for the visitors kept up a running fire of shots throughout the game, keeping Yale largely on the defensive. Lehrman, Coine, and Roberts had a number of good openings for the Yale net, which yielded no results.

C. C. N. Y. Freshmen to Swim.

The freshman swimming team of the College of the City of New York will meet Clinton in the college pool at 4 o'clock Wednesday. On Friday afternoon the yearlings meet the swimmers of Boys' High School.

GOLF ON NEARBY LINKS.

Webster Gains Season's Point Trophy from Haigh in Final Scarsdale Match.

The final play for the season's selected score prize was held yesterday on the links of the Scarsdale Golf and Country Club and resulted in a victory for C. C. Webster over A. W. Haigh by 8 up and 6 to play. In the play-off for the season's low net prize W. H. Alfring was victorious. A four-ball match resulted in a victory for A. J. Wells and W. W. Griffith, with a card of 84, 12—72. In a sweepstakes event in two classes Class A honors fell to N. McConnell, with 88, 15—73, and Class B to Dr. M. L. Colburn, with 98, 19—79.

A competition in aid of the Y. M. C. A. fund was held on the Glen Ridge Golf Club's course, and resulted in $50 being realized. The play was a sweepstakes and H. F. Lee led the field with a card of 88, 14—74. Other scores were: W. H. Lemassena, 89, 14—75; E. C. Dunham, 92, 16—76; G. D. Miller, 95, 19—76; George Martin, 90, 14—76; H. L. Parker, 107, 27—80; L. P. Hayward, 96, 14—82.

W. H. Conroy was the best of the golfers who played over the Apawamis Club's links, finishing first in two events. His card of 89, 14—75 gave him the place of importance in an eighteen holes medal play handicap, ahead of Dr. A. Pell, who had 93, 15—78. C. H. Randebrook was third, with 96, 14—82. In a sweepstakes Conroy, with 83, 14—79, led home G. V. Haggerty, 99, 18—81.

SWISS HOLD MARATHON.

First Long Race Proves Success, with Scheuermann Winner.

Switzerland has just held its first marathon race, and the affair proved a success, adding a new feature to the athletic activities of the nation. The race was run over the streets of Berne the nation's capital, and the entire course was lined with people. The winner was R. Scheuermann of the Amis-Gymnostes of Berne, who triumphed over a field of fifty runners in 1 hour 24 minutes. The course measured approximately thirteen and one-half miles.

Neōlin Soles Protect Health and Purse

MUDDIED crossings and the thin but dangerous film of water on pavements after thaws and showers cause many a cold. Against such colds Neōlin Soles protect you because they are waterproof.

The ordinary leather sole is *not* waterproof. After it has once been thoroughly wetted, it becomes spongy and porous, so that it soaks up —literally breathes in—the water and moisture underfoot.

Waterproof Neōlin Soles protect your health and purse by protecting you from such moisture, from the colds it causes, and from the damage it does to uppers.

Shoes soled with waterproof Neōlin keep their shape, look well, and last longer.

And Neōlin Soles themselves wear from two to six times as long as ordinary leather and cost no more. They are more comfortable because they are more flexible. New shoes soled with them need no breaking in.

When you do your fall and winter buying be sure to do what eight million Americans have already done—get shoes with Neōlin Soles.

And if you have a pair of shoes in need of re-soling, have it done with Neōlin Soles. You can get them on men's, women's and children's shoes—in black, white, or tan—and the genuine always bears the brand Neōlin.

Mark that mark—stamp it on your memory—Neōlin

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company
Akron, Ohio

Leather soles are stiff—Neōlin Soles are comfortable.

Leather soles slip—Neōlin Soles grip, yet they can not scratch fine floors and furniture.

Leather soles soak up water—Neōlin Soles are waterproof.

Rubber soles stretch—Neōlin Soles hold their shape.

Rubber soles tear loose—Neōlin Soles stick tight.

Rubber soles crack—Neōlin Soles will not crack.

Rubber soles are heavy—Neōlin Soles are light.

Neōlin Soles

TRADE MARK REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

Better than Leather

NEW STEEL PRICES STIMULATE TRADE

Large Tonnage Is Placed at Mills for Delivery to the End of the Year.

FEDERAL ORDERS HEAVY

Shells for Britain and France Being Turned Out in Addition to Those for Our Guns.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 17.—The setting of additional prices for the regulation of the iron and steel industry has been shifted from the War Industries Board to the American Iron and Steel Institute. The first named practically completed its work as to price-setting, when it announced its third batch of basis prices on Nov. 5, an arrangement having been made whereby the details as to extras, differentials, analyses, &c., would be left to the institute, as well as the setting of prices upon various commodities related more or less directly to the basis materials upon which the War Industries Board had reached agreements with the manufacturers.

The sheet market has been quite active since the announcement of set prices for the industry early last week. During the period of uncertainty the wants of many consumers had been accumulating, while some of the mills had cleared off their order books fairly well, so that the way was open for the transaction of considerable business, and there has been a large tonnage placed, chiefly for delivery to the end of the year, with some business running into January.

The iron and steel market as a whole is moderately active, and business is being done, under the system of set prices, with more smoothness than was expected. Occasional buyers have difficulty in making any purchases, but producers seem to be taking care of their regular customers in a fairly satisfactory manner. Priority orders received from Washington have quickened activities at some of the mills, after a curtailment on account of coal shortage.

Discussing Gerard's Talk.

Pittsburgh capitalists have been talking about a remark made by ex-Ambassador James W. Gerard at the Chamber of Commerce luncheon on Tuesday, when he said:

"The least we can do to compete with this kind of business—to protect ourselves at least—is to hit the Sherman law on the head and adopt some legislation that would permit our American business men to combine against this socialistic and socialized scheme. Unless we do we will be ruined."

He was speaking about German methods and German success, and followed up the remark with the hope that the Webb law would pass Congress. The iron and steel men see a chance to combine for furthering export trade, and are hoping that the bill may be pushed through. They feel that the Sherman law is going to be a new and altogether different issue than formerly. It is anti-trust legislation. The new issue may be trust legislation positive, not negative.

The American Iron and Steel Institute has announced the new discounts for boiler tubes, pursuant to the arrangement whereby the manufacturers themselves develop prices for other prices which are in harmony with the prices on basis materials, after the War Industries Board had arranged certain basis prices with the manufacturers. So it comes that Washington announced a basis price for steel pipe equivalent to a 51 per cent. card, and the institute now announced prices for boiler tubes.

The steel boiler tube card of April 1, 1915, was based on 75 per cent. (3½ to 4½-inch) on less than car loads, and represented substantially the low point in the market. The new card is based on 30 per cent., not only for the customary base sizes, but also on the larger sizes, which run up to 13-inch. On account of the very great scarcity of boiler tubes and the importance of stimulating production, decidedly high prices would be expected to be set at this time, yet the advance is rather small compared with many other products. Taking bars, shapes, and plates at 1.05 cents as their low point, present set prices average about triple. In general the present iron and steel prices are double, or a trifle more than double, the average prices obtainable from 1904 to 1913 inclusive, but the present prices for steel boiler tubes are not double the ten-year average.

Limited Supply of Steel Sheets.

The American Sheet and Tin Plate Company has its books open for sheet contracts with manufacturing consumers for the first half of 1918, although the regular commercial trade will be limited. The reasons for this are that there is no assurance of a full supply of sheet bars, and there will be a heavy demand on the blooming mills for large forging billets, for shells, as well as demand for blooming mill slabs for plate mills, and then it will be necessary to supply the tin mills as fully as possible on account of the necessity of conserving the canning crops. There is a considerable tonnage of automobile sheets still due, and it is possible that no additional tonnage will be allotted these customers.

The market is quoted strong at the Government limits, as follows: Black sheets, 28 gauge, 5c.; tin mill black, 28 gauge, 5c.; galvanized, 28 gauge, 6.25c.; blue annealed, 10 gauge, 4.25c.; painted corrugated, 28 gauge, lb., 5.20c.; galvanized corrugated, lb., 6.30c. In the case of tin plate the allotments are being made to the various mills by the Tin Plate Distribution Committee, operating at the request of the Government. No business is being booked from jobbers at this time.

When changes now being effected by the new interests in the Pittsburgh Rolls Corporation are complete, the corporation's plant will have a monthly capacity of 2,000 tons of the high grade, chilled, and sand iron rolls in which it specializes. The mill is now running at the rate of 1,300 tons a month. The company has recently enlarged its export business, and is now working on orders for Italy, Japan, and Australia, some of which will be delivered late this year and some early in 1918.

Resume Making of Shells.

After a suspension of shell making early this year, the business is being resumed on a larger scale than ever, all the former shell factories being put to use and a search made for other places. Only a small proportion of the shells now being turned out are for the United States, the greater part going to France, with Great Britain the second largest buyer.

Our Government is now placing heavily, recent estimates saying that not less than 50,000,000 shells must be delivered before Oct. 1, 1918, of which 33,000,000 will be 75s. Some orders have gone to Canada, where there were a few idle plants. The present shell steel program of the United States Government is understood to involve about 1,500,000 tons, the major part being large forging billets and the balance rolled rounds for the 75s. Only a small part of this business has been placed, the great majority being held back for a while.

The tin plate mills are now prepared to consider the requirements of their regular customers for the half year to July 1, 1918. It is believed that there will be enough tonnage to go around and meet all legitimate requirements, though some nonessentials will have to be cut out, and there may be little, if any, tin plate for export except such as is required to help win the war. This must go at the set price of $7.75.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Wednesday night, between 64th St. and Metropolitan Opera House, or, the opera house and the Warrington Apt., a small dark blue enamel box, set with seed pearls; reward will be given on return to the Warrington, 161 Madison Av.

LOST.—Saturday noon, broad tail fur muff, on Broadway red car, 72d to 59th St. Reward. Address Cohen, 31 West 27th St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Large Red Irish terrier, leather collar, with license tag; reward; return to 146 East 38th St.

LOST AND FOUND.

☞ Other Lost and Found Advertisements may be found on the first page, Section Three.

VILLA ISSUES CALL FOR UNITED MEXICO

Protests He Is a Patriot and Again Challenges Murguia to Fight Duel.

PRESIDIO, Texas, Nov. 17.—Wearing his campaign costume of hip boots, high Panama hat, and flannel shirt, Francisco Villa is again in the saddle in Mexico, at the head of a new revolutionary movement, which he calls El Partido de la Convention. His headquarters have been in Ojinaga, opposite here, since his troops captured the town from the Federals Tuesday night.

The rebel leader wears a black beard, a relic of his recent trip through Mexico to confer with his chieftains and heads of other movements, whom he asserts he has correlated under his leadership for the first time in more than a year.

Villa today authorized the following statement for The Associated Press:

"Upon taking possession by force of arms of this town, which I found in the power of the so-called Constitutionalists who criminally defended it for Venustiano Carranza, the traitor and despot, I think it my duty to make the following declaration in order that once more my aims and motives may be shown to the world to be patriotic and noble.

"First of all, I have no personal ambitions, but my earnest desire, which I have already expressed, is that my people may obtain unity and my country peace, and to that end bring together the principal revolutionists who, since 1910, have been striving to attain that end. Contrary to everything they have said of me, I wish to make it known that I will strive with valor and decision against the enemy, but I will be magnanimous in victory, the proof of which was the recent occurrence here of turning over to the Carranza Consul in Presidio, Texas, the Carranza wounded who were made prisoners in Ojinaga, and also the release of prisoners taken, incorporating them in our army because they decided they were on the wrong side.

Call on Carranza Soldiers.

"I wish now to make a solemn call to all Mexicans in general, and in particular to Carranza soldiers, to notice how I have conducted myself in comparison to the conduct of Francisco Murguia, in the State of Chihuahua, because these chiefs assassinate and torment all those who fight against them and who are taken prisoners. In comparison to this I offer all guarantees to friend and foe alike.

"I wish here also to make a formal and energetic protest before the Mexican nation and the world of the inhumanity of the laws of suspension of guarantees just decreed by Carranza. I offer all guarantees that the said Carranza Government has without conscience declared void. The Mexicans who are honorable and patriotic can come then to my side without fear, so that we may all unite and save the republic.

"The papers of Mexico and the United States recently published in sensational form the notice that I was asking for peace with Carranza. I declare emphatically that this notice is false. Furthermore, I will never ask of Carranza more than before. Patriotism and justice above all. Because of this I have striven and will strive without rest until I obtain it for all, whoever they may be, and above all my desire is to see the desert, the plains, and mountains rise with men tired of the infamy of Carranza and his ministry and, repeating history, rise up against the traitors and punish them as they deserve.

"During last July I made a statement, which appeared in the American papers, in which I invited General Francisco Murguia to personal combat on ground of his own choosing and to this day I have had no answer.

"I think the said General considers it beneath his dignity to accept the challenge, but the reason that guided me in my offer was to give him a chance to put an end to me as he had often boasted he would do if he could get his hands on me. I am still waiting for the acceptance of my challenge, because he will be convinced that the outcome of this meeting will be on the side of right and justice, which are my guides. He has said many times that I am fighting for fortune only, but I wish to make it public on this occasion that I have never fought for fortune's sake, and it is absurd and ridiculous to accuse me of it.

"I repeat that my strongest desires are and will be to make happy and to unite the people of my country."

Villa Cavalry on March.

A force of Villa cavalry was seen to leave Ojinaga today for the southwest, going in the direction of La Mula Pass. General Murguia is reported to be moving northeast to engage the Villa forces.

American troops watched the north bank of the Rio Grande, while Villa's cavalry patrolled the river on the Mexican bank in plain view of each other all night. On the mesa above the river the camp fires of the Villa troops in the town of Ojinaga could be seen plainly from Presidio.

Colonel Langhorne, commander of the American forces in the Big Bend district, this afternoon ordered all interned Mexican Federal soldiers, including General Espinosa y Cordova and his officers, taken to Marfa.

MAGISTRATE BROUGH WEDS.

His Son Best Man at His Marriage to Mrs. Alice S. Macomber.

The marriage of City Magistrate Alexander Brough and Mrs. Alice Southard Macomber, widow of Charles A. Macomber, was solemnized at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Transfiguration, East Twenty-ninth Street, the Rev. Luke M. White of Montclair performing the ceremony in the presence of about 100 relatives and friends.

The bride, in traveling costume, was attended as maid of honor by her young daughter, Miss Eugenia Macomber, and Mr. Brough had as his best man his son, John Brough, who is in the navy, and stationed at Newport News. The two ushers were Kenneth A. Southard, a brother of the bride, and William Goldsticker. A reception followed at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Albert L. Nash, 70 East Seventy-seventh Street.

WEDS LIEUT. COM. JENNEY.

Miss Marion Harding a Bride in Zion and St. Timothy Church.

The wedding of Lieut. Commander Lee Royal Jenney of the Naval Reserves, of this city, and Miss Marion Harding, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry McLellan Harding of 1 West Eighty-first Street, was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday in the Church of Zion and St. Timothy, in West Fifty-seventh Street, the Rev. Dr. Henry Lubec, rector of the church, performing the ceremony. The church was decorated with chrysanthemums and foliage.

Walser-Boody Wedding Nov. 24.

The wedding of Miss Mildred A. Boody, daughter of Mrs. Henry Treat Boody of New Brighton, S. I., and Havelock Walser, son of the late William C. Walser and Mrs. Walser, will be celebrated on Saturday afternoon, Nov. 24, in Christ Church, New Brighton, at 4 o'clock. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Duncan H. Browne, assisted by the Rev. Pascal Harrower. A small reception will follow at the home of the bride's mother, 115 Henderson Avenue.

Jones-Wood.

The marriage of Andrew D. Talbot Jones, a son of Mrs. Andrew D. Jones of 15 West Fifty-fifth Street, this city, and Miss Julia Montgomery Wood, daughter of the late Commander Edward Parker Wood, U. S. N., and of Mrs. Wood, took place quietly yesterday at Jamestown, R. I. Mr. Jones was graduated from Johns Hopkins in 1907.

Heifetz Plays for Rubinstein Club.

Jascha Heifetz, the young Russian violinist appeared yesterday afternoon at the first musicale of the season given by the Rubinstein Club at the Waldorf-Astoria. Mme. Pampilo of the Opera House at Buenos Aires also appeared. The club has a service flag of sixty-five stars, which was presented by Mrs. William Rogers Chapman.

'FAUST' REVIVAL IS WELCOMED AT OPERA

Gounod's Masterpiece Is Given with Geraldine Farrar as Marguerite.

NIGHT BALLET A FEATURE

Thomas Chalmers Makes His Debut as Valentine—Pierre Monteux Conducts for First Time.

FAUST.—An opera in four acts and seven scenes (in French.) Book by Jules Barbier and Michel Carre. Music by Charles Gounod. At the Metropolitan Opera House.

Faust	Giovanni Martinelli
Mephistopheles	Leon Rothier
Valentin	Thomas Chalmers
Wagner	Louis D'Angelo
Marguerite	Geraldine Farrar
Siebel	Raymonde Delaunois
Marthe	Kathleen Howard

Conductor—Pierre Monteux.

"Faust" in these latter years has had a way of getting into the repertory of the Metropolitan Opera House and out of it again; strange contrast to the years when it was a staple number of the repertory. So the replacement of Gounod's masterpiece in that repertory is now a subject for some operatic excitement.

Yesterday it was thus replaced for the first time in four years for the matinée audience, a large one, and there were various interesting details. There was the first appearance this season of Miss Geraldine Farrar; a new American baritone, Thomas Chalmers, took his place in the company for the first time, as Valentin; another American singer was in Marthe, Mme. Kathleen Howard; Mme. Raymonde Delaunois was allowed one of the most important opportunities that have been given her in the Metropolitan company as Siebel. The new French conductor, Pierre Monteux, conducted for the first time. And, perhaps not least, there was a new scenic setting by Joseph Urban.

The performance was an interesting one in many ways; it was not such a performance in the matter of singing of pure vocal beauty and vocal technique as they used to give at the Metropolitan Opera House in the good old days when the art of singing was in a better state than it is now. Miss Farrar's Marguerite is a well-known figure; it has much that is appealing and sympathetic, but vocally it was not so good yesterday afternoon as it has been in other years. Some may particularly have lamented her "Flower Song." Nor is Mr. Martinelli's Faust one that obscures any memories of Faust. It is a sincere and painstaking undertaking, but not inspiring. Mr. Martinelli's singing at the beginning was not of fine quality, but he bettered it considerably as the afternoon progressed. Mr. Rothier's Mephistopheles is a well-known and properly admired specimen of the true French style.

Mr. Chalmers did extremely well as Valentin. His experience gives him freedom and expressiveness upon the stage. He sang in excellent style, with a good French diction, and in a voice that showed power, excellent control, and good quality; a little metallic, but not in a way or to a degree that injures its value. Mme. Delaunois was a gallant Siebel, quite at home in the part, and singing with taste and skill.

Mr. Monteux conducted with skill and authority. He made it evident that he has ample knowledge of the score and control of the orchestra—an unmistakably rhythmic beat, a sense for dramatic values. The performance was kept from perfunctory lines. The chorus gave a good account of itself, except in the first part of the "Kermesse" scene of the first act, where there was unsteadiness.

The new scenic pictures are of remarkable beauty and effectiveness. Mr. Urban has not indulged much in the extravagances that some of his work has in the past shown; he has taken thought for historical accuracy, for atmosphere, for solidity of structure, for fine and harmonious color. The result is one of the best settings that the Metropolitan has had.

The performance included the "Walpurgis Night" ballet, which is not often given here. The scene was effective; the ballet perhaps a little sparse, but the dancing of Rosina Galli was [illegible].

The Metropolitan completed its opening week with Verdi's "La Traviata" in a special performance at popular prices last evening, when Frieda Hempel, already heard with Caruso on Thursday, returned to a favorite prima donna part as Violetta, the operatic Camille. Fernando Carpi, Italian lyric tenor, who joined the company last year, made his re-entrance in the congenial rôle of Alfredo, and Mr. De Luca, as Germont, sang the "Di Provenza" air. Mr. Moranzoni conducted.

A note of color was added to the performance by Mme. Hempel's striking red wig and by some gowns, not of Paris in the crinoline days, but modishly made this season in New York.

After the "Faust" matinée Director Gatti-Casazza and Conductor Monteux received a cable message sent by Mme. Gounod-Lassus from Paris in which the composer's daughter expressed her "warmest congratulations on the union, artistic and patriotic," of America and France.

It was announced that Bizet's "Carmen" will be performed for the first time this season at a special Thanksgiving Day matinee, Nov. 29, with Farrar and Martinelli, a new Micaela, May Peterson, and the baritone, Whitehill—an all-star cast, and all except one American.

RUSSIAN SYMPHONY PLAYS.

Conductor Altschuler Starts Series with Patriotic Program.

The Russian Symphony Society, now in its fifteenth season in New York, and playing music not in the repertory of other established bands, marked the start of its series at Carnegie Hall last night with a program including a new paraphrase of "The Allied Hymns" by Glazunow, to which Conductor Modest Altschuler had added the "Hymn of New Russia" and also America's anthem, quickly followed by "Dixie." A remarkable feature of the series was Glazunow's superb scoring of the hymn of Japan.

Before the patriotic group, Mr. Altschuler presented a symphonic poem, "Hyreus Nocturnus," by Vassilenko; an entire third act from the opera "Mlada," by Rimsky-Korsakoff; a "Dance of the Goat-Footed Sylvans," by Satz, and a pianoforte concerto No. 2, by Liapounow, with a Russian soloist, Tamara Lubimova.

Mme. Lubimova won applause by making a plucky finish after she and the orchestra had come to an awkward stop midway in the concerto.

Grainger Plays for Manassas School

Percy Grainger played for the benefit of the Manassas Industrial School of Virginia, his first recital of the season, in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon. The pianist, now on furlough from his post as enlisted man in an army band, was heard in Bach's organ fantasia and fugue in G minor, arranged by Liszt; a Norwegian "Cattle Call" and folksong from the Valders district, harmonized by Grieg; Debussy's "Reflections in Water," Chopin's prelude and polonaise in A flat, and Schumann's sonata in G minor. In conclusion, he had Daniel Gregor Mason's "The Whippoorwill" and three of his own pieces, "One More Day, My John," a lullaby from "The Tribute to Foster," and a paraphrase on Tschaikowsky's "Flower Waltz."

Symphony Concert for Young People

The Symphony Concerts for Young People, a name that long since came to mean sold-out houses and an audience of all ages, for the concerts themselves are in the twentieth year, began with a gala event at Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon, introduced by "The Star-Spangled Banner" under Walter Damrosch's baton. A symphony of Mozart, No. 33, in D, headed the program, followed by "The Narrative of the Calendar Prince," or second movement from "Schéhérazade," by Rimsky-Korsakoff; the "Hungarian Fantasie" of Liszt for pianoforte, played by John Powell of Virginia, and the symphonic prelude, "Polonia," by Sir Edward Elgar. Mr. Damrosch's talk on the music and on patriotism as well found enthusiastic response from his hearers.

EX-CHIEF HOWE DIES; FAMOUS FIRE HERO

Winner of Ten Medals for Daring Rescues—Saved Fourteen Lives in Tenement Blaze.

Ex-Battalion Chief John P. Howe of the New York Fire Department, one of the most conspicuous heroes among New York's fire fighters until his retirement in January, 1914, having won ten medals for bravery and daring rescues, died yesterday at his home, 60 East Ninety-third Street.

Chief Howe joined the Fire Department as a probationary fireman in 1889, and when he retired he was the only man who had achieved the feat of having his name on the roll of meritorious service ten times. Howe entered the Fire Department with Chief William Guerin, and two weeks later, at a fire in an oleomargarine factory in East Forty-third Street, he had an opportunity to rescue Guerin, who was lost in [illegible] 1901 he [illegible] himself again by rescuing four firemen [illegible] company's [illegible] who were trapped by fire in a printing plant.

Perhaps the greatest rescue in point of numbers that Howe made was at a fire in Pearl Street, when he saved fourteen persons, one by one, within fifteen minutes. It was a tenement house blaze and the third floor of the building was a furnace. He was badly burned himself. Chief Howe commanded the battalion of New York fire fighters who went to the great Baltimore fire on Feb. 8, 1904.

MUNICIPAL MUSEUM OPENS.

Exhibits of All Departments Shown at City College.

The first municipal museum in the United States has just been established through the efforts of the College of the City of New York, co-operating with the various city departments. It is intended to act somewhat as an academic clearing house between the citizens of the city and those who govern it, supplying statistical data and general information to municipal employes and civic workers, and co-operating with real estate boards of trade, merchants' associations, bureaus of city inquiry, municipal research societies, and welfare leagues.

Models of new subways, ferry terminals, schoolhouses, playgrounds, municipal baths, &c., are shown. Five contrasting groups of beautiful models show new and old conditions on Randall's Island, the Municipal Lodging House as against a night scene in a public park, children's clearing bureau contrasted by the old-time orphanage, &c.

The Fire Department exhibits a model of one of its latest fireboats, a realistic exhibit of its new high-pressure service; the Police Department a model of its signal system in full operation. Other departments show models of bulkheads, bridge construction, and cross-sections of bridge cables. The Market Commission will show how it is reducing the high cost of living for the taxpayer.

THE PIANO PLAYED ITSELF.

Harold Bauer's "Duo-Art" Roll Interpreted with Orchestra.

The Aeolian Company made a unique demonstration last evening in Aeolian Hall of their "Duo-Art Piano," in which they had the assistance of the New York Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Mr. Walter Damrosch. The program contained orchestral pieces with a pianoforte concerto, accompanied by the orchestra. Only, instead of a pianist, the concerto was played by the automatic action of the Duo-Art roll in a grand piano. It was a reproduction of Mr. Harold Bauer's interpretation of Saint-Saëns's G minor concerto. Mr. Bauer himself was in Chicago. Mr. Damrosch followed it as he would a player of flesh and blood, and created some amusement by his occasional close scrutiny of the moving keys of the keyboard and his success in "coming out even" with the roll, after the pianist had had a pause which was filled in by the orchestra.

The orchestra began with the overture to "Oberon," and after the concerto two of Mr. Percy Grainger's folksong arrangements were played.

There was a remarkable audience present in which musicians and pianoforte makers were conspicuous. The achievement of the Duo-Art roll and the orchestra together—an achievement which is perhaps unique—aroused great interest.

DR. FRANKLIN P. MALL DEAD.

Noted Anatomist Was Professor at Johns Hopkins for 24 Years.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 17.—Dr. Franklin Paine Mall of Johns Hopkins University, a distinguished anatomist, died here today in his fifty-sixth year. Dr. Mall was born in Iowa and received his education at the University of Michigan, Heidelberg and Leipsic Universities in Germany, and Johns Hopkins University, where he was appointed an instructor in pathology in 1888. In 1889 he went to Clark University, at Worcester, Mass., as Professor of Vertebrate Anatomy, remaining until 1892, when he went to the University of Chicago as Professor of Anatomy.

Dr. Mall had been Professor of Anatomy in Johns Hopkins since 1893 and was appointed Director of the Department of Embryology in the Carnegie Institution at Washington in 1915. He was a member of the National Academy of Sciences, Associate Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences and the Society of Experimental Biology and Medicine, and a member of the Commission for Neurological Research of the International Association of Academies, the Wistar Institute of Anatomy, the American Philosophical Society, the American Society of Physiologists, the American Society of Zoologists, and the Society of American Naturalists. He was President of the Association of American Anatomists from 1905 to 1907. Dr. Mall was the author of many medical works.

George Henry Worcester.

George Henry Worcester, who was Superintendent of the Harlem Division of the New York Central Railroad until his retirement in 1895, died yesterday at his home, 105 West Fifty-fourth Street. Mr. Worcester was born at Albany June 6, 1857, and was graduated from the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., in 1875, leaving the navy in 1883 to take up railroading.

Mr. Worcester married Miss Lydia Dearborn Kimball of Detroit, who died twelve years ago. He is survived by three brothers, Edwin D. Worcester, an attorney of 30 Broad Street; Harry A. Worcester, Vice President of the Big Four Railroad; Wilfred J. Worcester, Secretary of the United States Trust Company, 45 Broad Street, and a sister, Mrs. Charles Mallory Marshall. Mr. Worcester was a member of the University Club.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM K. ANNIS, known to many baseball followers, died at his home in Denver, Col., yesterday, aged 27 years. Annis had played with the St. Paul Club of the American Association.

WALLER T. BURNS, Judge of the United States Court for the Southern District of Texas, died yesterday at his home in Houston, Texas. He was a Roosevelt appointee.

ANDREW J. STEINMAN, one of the oldest members of the bar, of Lancaster, Penn., for many years editor of the Lancaster Intelligencer and operator of the Penn Iron Works, died at his home in Lancaster, yesterday. He was born in Lancaster eighty-one years ago, and was graduated from Yale.

JAMES H. WELLER, former Mayor of Yonkers, and for many years a member of the firm of Weller & Walsh, dry goods merchants, died yesterday at his home, 297 South Broadway, Yonkers. He retired from active business in 1909, but remained as President of the Yonkers Savings Bank until his death.

Mrs. SARAH J. HARRISON, mother of Bertram Harrison, stage director for Henry Miller, and of Captain Walter Harrison, who is a member of the Canadian forces in France, died yesterday in her seventy-eighth year. Mrs. Harrison lived at 77 Irving Place.

Sergeant CARL G. FHEW, formerly a member of the coast artillery, stationed at Fort Hamilton, was killed by a railroad train in France on Friday, his wife, Mrs. Nelle Fhew of 9,225 Fifth Avenue, Fort Hamilton, L. I., learned yesterday from the War Department. Mr. Fhew was 30 years old.

FELIX B. LIPPMAN, formerly Secretary of Wilsbusch & Hilger, Ltd., and a Director of the Challenge Cutlery Corporation of Bridgeport, Conn., died suddenly yesterday in St. Louis, Mo.

Mrs. FREDERICK W. STONE, whose husband is a member of the staff of The Review of Reviews, died yesterday at the Mountainside Hospital, Montclair, N. J.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The following army orders were issued by the War Department today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Wilson, 1st Lt. C. H., to Gettysburg with Field Hosp. and Amb. Co. No. 29.

Rockey, Capt. A. E., to Officers' School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Chicago, for inst.

McCormick, 1st Lt. C. W., to Camp Custer.

Jackson, Capt. H. C., to Ft. Riley with Evacuation Hosp. No. 7.

Jones, 1st Lt. Z. G., to Cornell Med. College for inst.

Following to Ft. Riley:

Osborn, Capt. J. W., and Leggat, Capt. A. C.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Binford, W. S. | Anderson, B. S.
Jackson, A. D. | White, W. G.
Merritt, F. W.

McCoombs, 1st Lt. R. S., previous orders amended to read McCombs, 1st Lt. R. S.

Maurer, Capt. G. E., to Camp Pike for temp. duty in Base Hosp.

Lockwood, 1st Lt. I. H., to Ft. Riley with Evacuation Hosp. No. 1.

Kilpatrick, 1st Lt. G. C., to Camp Dix.

Aten, 1st Lt. E. J.; Bigelow, 1st Lt. H. G., and Curtis, 1st Lt. P. C., to Ft. Sam Houston.

Blackburn, 1st Lt. M. A.; Stokes, 1st Lt. H. B., and Williamson, 1st Lt. B. T., to homes.

Abbott, Capt. T. J., and Oatman, 1st Lt. C. D., to Camp Devens as members of board to examine command for tuberculosis.

Henry, 1st Lt. R. E., and Robert, 1st Lt. D. R., to Camp Upton to examine command for tuberculosis.

Trasoff, 1st Lt. A., to Camp Meade to examine command for tuberculosis.

Beecroft, Capt. M. B., relieved from active duty.

Hamlen, Capt. G. D., to Camp Lee to examine command for tuberculosis.

Quinlan, 1st Lt. R. V., to Walter Reed Hosp. for inst.

Wakefield, 1st Lt. R. W., to Chicago for inst., then to Ft. Oglethorpe, Evacuation Hosp. No. 8.

Phillips, 1st Lt. T. E., relieved from active duty.

Pelzman, 1st Lt. I. A., to Pittsburgh for inst., then to Ft. McHenry, Army Gen. Hosp. No. 2.

Following to Rockefeller Inst. for inst.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Hartgraves, T. A. | Maxwell, T. R.
Hirsch, O. C. | Stahl, W. M.
Landmann, G. A.

Following to Bellevue Hosp. for inst., then to Camp Upton:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Goodman, J. A. | St. Clair, G. G.
Harris, W. | Seward, W. H.
McKinney, I.

Arnold, Maj. H. D., will report to Surg.Gen.

Mitchell, 1st Lt. C. A.; Robinson, 1st Lt. L. B., and Sim, 1st Lt. A. S., to Boston City Hosp. for inst., then to Camp Jackson.

Brown, 1st Lt. J. R., to Chicago for inst., then to Camp Lewis.

Boyd, 1st Lt. B. J., hon. discharged.

Following to Mass. Gen. Hosp. for inst., then to Camp Lee:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Sullivan, J. B. | Williamson, O. M.
Wallis, M. | Zwerling, S.

Following to Camp Devens as members of Tuberculosis Board:

CAPTAINS.

Braksdale, G. H. | Moore, J. W.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Eglee, E. P. | Fairchild, S. R.

Weibel, Capt. E. G., and Donnelly, 1st Lt. J., to Camp Lee, as members of Tuberculosis Board.

Foster, 1st Lt. E. C., to Roosevelt Hosp. for inst., then to Camp Upton.

Stanton, Capt. J. J., Beeter, 1st Lt. F. Mc., and Bernard, 1st Lt. R. D., to Bellevue Hosp. for inst., then to Camp Sherman.

Lowell, 1st Lt. P. McC., will report to Com. Gen., Philippine Dept., Manila.

James, Capt. M. C., to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Chicago, for inst., then to Camp Grant.

Bloom, 1st Lt. M. S., Fraider, 1st Lt. F. F., and Harris, 1st Lt. C. N., to Bellevue Hosp. for inst., then to Camp Taylor.

Meyer, Capt. H. J., to Camp Grant; Upton, Capt. C. L., to Camp Taylor.

Orton, 1st Lt. E., to Camp Grant.

Yoder, 1st Lt. I. I., to Camp Taylor.

Devendorf, 1st Lt. F. C., to Ft. Oglethorpe.

Davis, 1st Lt. V. J., and Behen, 1st Lt. W. C., to homes.

Ridlon, Maj. J., to Camp Funston, then to Ft. Des Moines.

Banner, 1st Lt. C. W., to Chicago, and report to Mil. Director, Northwestern Dental School for inst., then to Camp Greene.

Beloto, 1st Lt. G., and Noble, 1st Lt. R. A., to Camp Sherman.

Fisher, Capt. J. M., to Ft. Leavenworth.

Miller, 1st Lt. D. F., to Camp Lewis.

Dozier, Capt. E., to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Chicago, for inst., then to Camp MacArthur.

London, 1st Lt. F. hon. discharged.

Bowers, 1st Lt. S. C., and Lutz, 1st Lt. J. F., to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 2, Ft. McHenry.

Pratt, 1st Lt. W. A., to Chicago for inst., then to Vancouver Barracks.

Following to Camp Sherman, temp. duty in Base Hosp.:

CAPTAINS.

Hollowbush, J. R. | Layne, P. C.
Mason, L. I. | Schelling, H. L.

Bugg, 1st Lt. G. W.; Jones, 1st Lt. D. W., and Oliver, 1st Lt. R. L., homes.

Todd, 1st Lt. D. D., to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Chicago, for inst., then to Camp Shelby.

Sanderson, 1st Lt. C. R., and Roberts, 1st Lt. G., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Ft. Oglethorpe.

Following to Mass. Gen. Hosp., then to Camp Devens:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Isacowitz, H. T. | Sawicki, B. J.
McElroy, T. | Shipman, F. R.
Nickerson, A. L.

Pratt, 1st Lt. R. B., to Base Hosp. 28, Philadelphia.

Rawles, 1st Lt. L. T., to Cleveland for inst., then to Camp Wadsworth.

Craig, Capt. S. D., and Pasco, Capt. J. D., to Camp Lee as member of Tuberculosis Board.

Jacobs, 1st Lt. L. T., to Walter Reed Hosp. for inst.

Skiff, 1st Lt. G. S., to Chicago, School of Plastic and Oral Surgery for inst., then to Camp Wheeler.

Circe, 1st Lt. W. J., Camp Shelby.

Dye, 1st Lt. W. C., Camp Greenleaf.

Kramer, 1st Lt. J. C., and Pope, 1st Lt. F. W., to Rockwell Field with Av. Sec., Sig. C.

Eroocks, 1st Lt. E. B., to Atlanta.

Goodwin, 1st Lt. C. S., to Ft. Slocum.

Mayer, 1st Lt. E. E., to Camp Meade.

Agnelly, 1st Lt. E. J., to home.

Able, 1st Lt. K. L., previous orders revoked.

Farley, 1st Lt. D. L., to Allentown with Base Hosp. No. 31.

Laubaugh, 1st Lt. E. E., to Camp Stuart.

Bean, 1st Lt. J. R., to Hoboken, in charge of mobile laboratory, 41st Div.

Ordnance Reserve Corps.

Gilchrist, Capt. C. A., to Washington.

Lord, Maj. W., to Washington.

Hurlbut, Capt. H. B., and Spaulding, Capt. H. C., will report to Chief of Ord.

Yeager, 1st Lt. L. R., prev. orders amended so as direct him to Washington.

Strabley, 1st Lt. C. C.; Guething, 1st Lt. T. H., and Alvord, 1st Lt. C. H., will proceed to Dover and report to Cmdg. Off.

Williams, 1st Lt. E. C., to Hawaiian Dept.

Bunker, 1st Lt. G. H.; Hutkin, 2d Lt. H. J., and Jones, 1st Lt. M. A., will report to Chief of Ord.

Hildebrand, Capt. J. H., to Washington.

Boyd, 2d Lt. R. T., Jr., will report to Chief of Ord.

Buckley, Capt. J. H., to Frankford Arsenal.

Schanck, Capt. F. R. and Newman, 1st Lt. F. R., will report to Chief of Ord.

Quartermaster Corps.

Barber, Maj. F. W., commission corrected to read Sept. 1, 1917, instead of Sept. 9, 1917.

Swift, 1st Lt. S. T., prev. orders revoked.

Following to New York and report to the Depot Qm. as his assts.:

Liebman, Capt. E.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Gibbs, J. S. | Fletcher, F. T.
Childs, C. H. | Stollenerck, J. W.
Ettenson, S. | Bangs, J. K., Jr.
Griffin, W. E.

Johnson, 2d Lt. E. A., to Boston, as asst. to Depot Qm.

Following to Camp Grant as assts. to Camp Qm.:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Powell, E. | Fox, W. P.
Hobart, K. E. | Clark, T. H.
Oliver, C. W. | Behr, H. R.
Beall, H. H.

Manse, 2d Lt. G. W., to Atlanta, reporting to depot Qm. as asst.

Hall, 2d Lt. B. H., will report to cmdg.off. auxiliary remount depot No. 303.

Christy, Capt. W. C., to Ft. Oglethorpe in charge of School for Horseshoers.

Goodwin, 2d Lt. W. D., to Camp Pike as asst. to cmdg. off. auxiliary remount depot.

Finkenstaedt, 2d Lt. J. W., to this city, reporting to Qm.Gen.

Jeffries, 2d Lt. G. C., to Camp Dodge as asst. to camp Qm.

Previous orders designating the following as officers of the Qm.C., N.A., amended so as to designate them as officers of Inf.N.A.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Havlin, J. F. | MacDonald, E. C.
Mason, G. R. | McCready, C. D.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Shoemaker, J. R. | Hubbell, M. F.

McIntosh, 2d Lt. J. M., to this city for assignment in office of Qm.Gen.

McIntosh, 2d Lt. J. M., to following places for temp. duty in connection with standard military truck production section, thence to his station: Syracuse, Buffalo, Lockport, and Rochester.

Turnham, Capt. J. D., to Camp Dix as Qm. and Adjt. of that depot.

Following to this city, reporting to Qm.Gen. in connection with standard military truck production section:

Bowen, Capt. C. H.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Small, D. G. | Gravelle, F. P.
Adams, G. H. | Jeffrey, M. L.
Howard, W. S. | Bay, D. W.
Bayer, E. A.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Finkenstaedt, E. R. | Stephenson, J. G.
Johnson, A. H. | Casse, J. E.
Smith, H. H. | Lampe, W. O.
Wardwell, S. H.

Following to Newport News for duty with Stevedore Regiments Nos. 303 and 304:

CAPTAINS.

Conover, J. T. | Starkel, J. W.
Persson, J. | Grubel, E. A.
Ebert, G. W. | Anthony, M.
Bagley, J. W. | Bunkley, C. A.
Bray, A. A. | Benson, N.
Pitcairn, H. H. | Davisson, H. L.
Murphy, J. L.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Hennessy, M. J. | Barbarino, J.
Putwain, H. | Chairello, L.
Scott, A. J. | Vinci, F.
Schuldice, J. | Sheraton, C. H.
Hegarty, F. J. | Martine, M. A.
McLaughlin, M. | Williams, L.
O'Toole, M. | Manning, A. E.
Prefer, A. | Boyle, W. H.
Dillon, E. J. | Howard, C. O. S.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Anderson, W. | Moales, E. A.
Dulin, P. B. | Ramos, C. E.

Signal Corps.

Evans, 1st Lt. F. E., to Garden City.

Richardson, 1st Lt. J. S., to Army Balloon School.

Palmer, 1st Lt. G. M., to Kelly Field.

Campbell, Capt. G. F., to Fairfield, Ohio.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

Hays, 1st Lt. W. S., will report to officer in charge of cantonment construction, Qm.C., this city.

Bebb, Capt. E. C., will report by letter to director U. S. Geological Survey.

Peirce, Capt. A. E., will report to Chief of Engs.

Mitchell, 1st Lt. H., to Norfolk; Long, 2d Lt. C. C., and May, 2d Lt. G. E., to Wash.

Stowe, Capt. H. D., to Camp Devens.

Hever, 1st Lt. J., to Camp Meade.

Embury, 2d Lt. A. B., and Fry, 2d Lt. S., assigned to 24th Engs.

Powers, 1st Lt. J., to Camp Dix.

May, 1st Lt. G. E., will make not to exceed one trip a week during November and December from Washington, to Wilmington, to inspect materials and supplies.

Following assigned to 304th Engs.:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Thompson, H. A. | Friel, F. R.
Turner, D. N. | Stevenson, A. M.
Weiss, C. | Bryans, A. E.
Schwerin, W. F. | Meikle, A. C.
Fulton, A. J., Jr. | Perry, W. G.

Bailey, 1st Lt. E. H., to Wash.

Safford, 1st Lt. J. O., to Camp Meade.

Monville, 1st Lt. F. E., to Wash.

Following to Wash., and report to officer in charge Gen. Eng. Depot:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Walker, F. A. | Stimpson, E. A.
Hiltz, H. B.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Sydow, J. A. | Schatz, R. E.
Maier, H. R. | Rush, W. J.

Krick, 2d Lt. G. W., hon. discharged.

Field Artillery Reserve Corps.

Following transferred to 15th, at Pine Camp:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Estes, S. H. | Polley, B.
Higgins, J. F.

Medical Corps.

Ruff, Capt. H. E., to Camp Beauregard.

Hume, 1st Lt. E. E., to this city, reporting to Surg.Gen., Army.

Veterinary Reserve Corps.

Turlington, 2d Lt. J. A., to home.

Barrett, 2d Lt. L. F., to home.

Field Artillery.

Olmstead, Maj. D., detailed to fill a vacancy in the Insp.Gen.'s Dept.

Robb, 1st Lt. J. D., transferred to 11th.

Shutter, 1st Lt. A. W., transferred to 19th.

Parrott, Maj. R. S., detailed as member of the Gen. Staff Corps.

Brush, 1st Lt. O. G., to 13th.

Burns, 1st Lt. W. H., to 19th.

Infantry.

Leslie, 1st Lt. A. E., and Cobb, 2d Lt. C. R., hon. discharged.

Hayes, Maj. E. S., to Camp Dodge as Adjt. of that div.

Spencer, Maj. T. C., to Ft. Riley as Div. Signal Off.

Caffery, Maj. C. S., to Camp MacArthur as Asst. Chief of Staff.

Robertson, Lt.Col. J., transferred to 60th at Camp Greene.

Williams, 1st Lt. C. V., and Bailey, 1st Lt. D., hon. discharged.

Darrock, Temp. 2d Lt. W., will report to Brig. Gen. Robert D. Walsh for duty as aide de camp on his staff.

Following appointments and assignments, Second North Dakota Inf., to date from Aug. 5, announced:

Hanley, Maj. J. M., not assigned.

CAPTAINS.

Lawson, M. C., to Company A.
Grant, J. W., to Company G.
Crawford, G. W., to Company H.
Thomas, H., to Company K.
Cook, C. L., to Company M.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

O'Leary, W., to Co. A.
Cameron, J. S., to Co. B.
Chalcroft, W. A., to Co. C.
Turner, J. G., to Co. F.
Hesketh, T., to Co. G.
Sears, G. W., to Co. K.
Sprague, R. S., to Co. M.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Blaisdell, J. D., to Co. A.
Konen, J., to Co. F.

Signal Reserve Corps.

Liggett, 1st Lt. W. E., to Camp Lewis.

Hough, Maj. L. D., to Washington.

Henderson, 1st Lt. A. M., to Camp Vail.

Hersey, Maj. H. B., rated as a jun. mil. aeronaut from July 24.

Reeves, Capt. D., prev. orders amended so as to direct him to Little Silver.

Dow, 2d Lt. H. S., to Garden City.

Moderak, Capt. W. F., and Mayberry, Capt. C. R., to Camp Devens with 301st Field Sig. Bat.

Frost, Capt. H. H., and Thomas, Capt. W. L., to Camp Dodge with 320th Field Sig. Bat.

Hagar, Capt. L. A., to Camp Dix.

Bryant, Capt. R. B., to Camp Meade.

Bush, Capt. G. P., to Camp Upton.

Dental Reserve Corps.

Leach, 1st Lt. F. D., and Young, 1st Lt. E. T., to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Northwestern Univ.

Mehrer, 1st Lt. A., to Fort Slocum.

MacGibbon, 1st Lt. E. C.; Morgan, 1st Lt. W. M., and Siewert, 1st Lt. G. D., to Chicago, reporting to mil. director of School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Northwestern Univ.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Butler, Capt. W. A., to Boston as asst. to depot Qm.

Peed, Capt. J. W., to Camp Dodge as asst. to constructing Qm.

Baerveldt, Capt. C. M., to New York, as asst. to depot Qm.

Hauck, Capt. G. A., to this city, reporting to Qm.Gen.

Halle, Maj. S. H., to Baltimore, on official business pertaining to Qm.C., thence to his station.

Suddarth, Capt. E. W., to Ft. Riley.

McAdoo, Capt. H. M., to this city for temp. duty.

Robinson, Capt. N. H., to Camp Johnson.

Barbour, Capt. A. E., to Camp Taylor as asst. to camp Qm.

Benson, Capt. J. C., to New Britain for temp duty, thence to his station.

Miscellaneous.

Following Contract Surgeons relieved as members of Tuberculosis Board at camp specified, to home:

Bosworth, R., at Camp Logan.
Rosenbloom, J., at Meade.
Runyon, W. D., at Shelby.
Works, B. O., at MacArthur.

Wade, Lt.Col. J. P., previous orders revoked.

Bishop, 1st Lt. L. C., Mich. N.G., to Camp MacArthur.

Parker, Capt. S. M., ret., New Hampshire College of Agricultural and Mechanic Arts, Durham, N. H., as Prof. of military science and tactics.

Vansant, Capt. W. R., U.S.A., ret., to home.

Comly, Maj. G. B., Adjt.Gen., to Ft. Snelling and Ft. Sheridan, Ill., for temp. duty.

Baker, Lt.Col. H. S., Engs., N.A., to 111th Engs., at Camp Bowie.

Following relieved duty Rockefeller Inst., to Washington, D. C., for duty in the bacteriological laboratory:

Simpson, Capt. A. U., M.R.C.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Goodsell, J. W., M.R.C. | Ray, H., M.R.C.
Jones, A. B., M.R.C. | Schmeisser, H. C., M.R.C.
Levin, W., San.C., N.A.

Covell, Capt. M., Philippine Scouts, to Oklahoma City.

Robinson, Chaplain J. L., to Savannah.

Tyson, Brig.Gen. L. D., to command 59th Inft. Brig., vice Brig.Gen. W. S. Scott, relieved.

Parks, Cont. Surg. S. H., to 77th Div. at Camp Upton as member board for examination for tuberculosis.

Rerabaugh, Cont. Surg. C. R., to Camp Lewis with 91st Div. as member board for examination for tuberculosis.

Vollrath, Brig.Gen. E., N.G., Ohio, assigned to command 82d Inft. Brig., 41st Div.

Wedgwood, Brig.Gen. E. A., N.G., Utah, attach to 41st Div.

Pratt, Lt.Col. J. H., Engs., to 105th Engs. at Camp Sevier.

Dalton, Lt.Col. A. C., Qm.C., and McIlvaine, Capt. T., Qm.R.C., to Washington for conference.

Hillman, 2d Lt. J. R.; Lawhon, 2d Lt. G. J., and Reiner, 2d Lt. G. E., to 41st Div., at Camp Mills.

Edwards, Capt. T. H., Vet. C., to San Francisco, reporting by tel. to the Adjt. Gen. of the army.

Leison, Maj. T. A., Qm.R.C., prev. orders amended so as to read Leisen, Maj. T. A.

Morris, Lt.Col. W. V., Cav., prev. orders amended so as to detail him as Acting Insp. Gen.

Rees, Col. T. H., C. of E., to Hawaiian Dept. as eng. of that dept.

Strickland, 1st Lt. R. B., Dent.C., prev. orders amended to read Strickland, R. L.

Resignations.

Bugbee, Maj. F. W., Inft.
Duckworth-Ford, Capt. R. A., Inft.
Reid, 2d Lt. G. B., Eng. R.C.
Krueger, 2d Lt. R. E., Eng. R.C.
Merrill, 1st Lt. A. H., Eng. R.C.
Lee, 2d Lt. A. H., Inft.
Crowell, Maj. B., Eng. R.C.
Joray, Capt. C. T., Eng. R.C.

Leaves.

Dieckman, 1st Lt. W. C., M.R.C., previous orders amended to read one month and three days.

Woolnough, Maj. J. B., Inf., 10 days.

Hougen, 2d Lt. S. L., 147th F.A., 10 days.

Baker, Brig.Gen. C. B., N.[illegible], extension 6 days.

Hire, 1st Lt. C., N.A., 10 [illegible]

Belknap, 1st Lt. C. H., M.[illegible], 5 days.

Bliss, Capt. E. G., C. of E., 1 month.

Jones, 1st Lt. N. P., Ord.R.C., 10 days.

Bass, 1st Lt. U. F., M.R.C., 10 days.

Robertson, Lt.Col. J., Inf., 7 days.

Barrett, 2d Lt. L. F., V.R.C., 27 days.

Turlington, 2d Lt. J. A., V.R.C., 25 days.

Dickson, 1st Lt. [illegible] H., 10th F.A., extension 4 days.

Born.

LEVINSKY.—Son born to Mr. and Mrs. Nat Levinsky of 515 West 110th St., on Nov. 16.

Engaged.

BAUMGARTEN—SENDACZ.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Sendacz of 918 Leggett Av. announce the betrothal of their daughter Leonore to Mr. Charles Baumgarten of New York City.

Married.

BROUGH—MACOMBER.—On Saturday, Nov. 17, at the Church of the Transfiguration, New York, by Rev. Luke M. White, rector of St. Luke's Church, Montclair, N. J., Mrs. Alice Southworth Macomber, daughter of Mr. Edward Brown Southworth, to Alexander Brough of New York City.

JONES—WOOD.—At Jamestown, R. I., on Nov. 17, Julia Montgomery Wood, daughter of the late Commander Edward Parker Wood, U. S. N., and Mrs. Wood, to Andrew Jones, son of Mrs. Andrew D. Jones of New York. Baltimore and Washington papers please copy.

Died.

CHERRY.—At his home, Larchmont, N. Y., Nov. 16, 1917, Moses R. Cherry, aged 70 years. Funeral services at St. Augustine's Church, Larchmont, N. Y., on Monday at 10:30 A. M. Train leaves Grand Central Station at 9:18.

CLARK.—Emma L., beloved wife of David Clark. Funeral from her late residence, 206 East 205th St., on Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass at the Church of St. Philip of Neri, 10 A. M. Interment St. Raymond.

DONNELLY.—On Nov. 17, Patrick, beloved husband of the late Alice Donnelly, (nee McElroy,) and father of Francis, Sarah and Alice Donnelly. Funeral from his late residence, 497 East 162d, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 9:30 A. M. Mass of requiem at Church of St. Peter and St. Paul, at ten (10) A. M. Interment Calvary. Providence (R. I.) papers please copy.

FITCH.—Entered into life eternal, at New Haven, Conn., Saturday, Nov. 17, 1917, John Brewster Fitch, in the 59th year of his age.

FREIFELD.—On Nov. 16, 1917, after a short illness, George Freifeld, beloved husband of Elise Freifeld. Funeral service in the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Temple, 23d St. and 6th Av., New York City, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 8 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

Died.

FREIFELD.—Grand Lodge, F. and A. M., State of New York: The officers, permanent members, committees and representatives of other Grand Lodges are requested to attend the obsequies of Most Worshipful George Freifeld, Past Grand Master, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 20, 8 o'clock, in Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, 23d St. and 6th Av., New York.
THOMAS PENNEY, Grand Master.
ROBERT JUDSON KENWORTHY, Grand Secretary.

HOWE.—John P., ex-Chief of Battalion F. D., N. Y., on Saturday, Nov. 17, 1917. Funeral from his late residence, 60 East 93d St., Manhattan, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Francis de Sales's Church, 96th St. and Park Av. Interment private.

INGLIS.—At Ridgefield Park, N. J., Nov. 17, 1917, David Campbell, beloved husband of Anna Pollack, aged 60 years. Funeral services at the First Reformed Church, Euclid Av., Ridgefield Park, N. J., on Monday, Nov. 19, at 1 o'clock. Interment Spring Valley, N. Y.

LEMNITZER.—Coe Charles Lemnitzer, suddenly, on Nov. 16, 1917, son of William L. and Hannah Lemnitzer, (nee Blackford,) Cornell alumnus, class 1914, (law.) Funeral from his father's home, Honesdale, Penn., on Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917. Scranton and Ithaca papers please copy.

MUENDEL.—Suddenly, on Saturday, Nov. 17, at her residence, 210 West 107th St., New York City, Mrs. Rosa B., widow of the late George Muendel and beloved mother of George F., Christina, and Mathilda Muendel. Funeral notice hereafter.

PURDY.—Suddenly, at White Plains, N. Y., Nov. 17, 1917, Elvira, daughter of the late Eliza F. Purdy. Notice of funeral hereafter.

RYAN.—On Nov. 17, at the Waldorf-Astoria, Elliner Palmer, wife of P. J. Ryan. Interment at Chicago, Ill.

TAYLOR.—Arthur R. L., husband of Mary W. Taylor and son of Josephine D. and the late George H. Taylor, on Nov. 17, in his 51st year, at his residence, 37 Ridgewood Terrace, Maplewood, N. J. Funeral private.

STRYKER.—Suddenly, on Nov. 17, Jacques S. Stryker, in his 82d year. Funeral services from his late residence, 1,845 Gravesend Av., Brooklyn, Monday, Nov. 19, at 2 P. M.

TALCOTT.—At Hartford, Conn., on Nov. 17, Mary Kingsbury Talcott, daughter of the late Russell and Mary Seymour Talcott.

DEATH NOTICES.

Other Death Notices on Page 8, Editorial Section.

Philip Lewisohn Seriously Ill.

Philip Lewisohn of 923 Fifth Avenue, is seriously ill at the German Hospital after an operation for appendicitis. Mrs. Lewisohn is a daughter of the late Randolph Guggenheimer.

Police Department News.

Temporary Assignments.—Patrol. F. J. McKenna, Traffic Div., Sub-div. A, to C. O. Squad, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 18.

Leave of Absence.—To take effect on date of entrance into military service: Patrol. Bernard J. Green, Training School.

Leaves of Absence, (without pay.)—Patrol. J. F. McKay, 152, for 2 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 28; L. Sobel, 152, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 24; F. J. Lonergan, 155, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 20; J. T. Delaney, 172, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 18.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.01	Jacket	.09
Alta	.02	Justice	.06
Andes	.10	Mexican	.17
Best & Belcher	.02	Occidental	.60
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.14
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.04
Challenge Con.	.04	Potosi	.05
Chollar	.0[illegible]	Savage	.04
Confidence	.0[illegible]	Sierra Nevada	.08
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	1.27½
Con. Virginia	.08	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.64½
Hale & Norcross	.03		

TONOPAH.			
		Great Bend	.06
Belmont	3.50	Jumbo Exten.	.15
Jim Butler	.75	Kewanas	.05
McNamara	.19	Silver Pick	.08
Midway	.0[illegible]	Spearhead	.0[illegible]
Mizpah	.0[illegible]	MANHATTAN.	
Monarch Pitts	.05	Consolidated	.15
North Star	.07	Morning Glory	.14
Rescue	.1[illegible]	Red Top	.03
Tonopah Exten.	1.45	Sunset	.05
Tonopah Nevada	4.00	Union Amalg.	.09
West End	.65	White Caps	.75
West Tonopah	.11	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.10
Atlanta	.0[illegible]	Packard	.2
Booth	.03	Rochester	.34
Florence	.10	Round Mountain	.20
Goldfield Cons.	.3[illegible]	United Eastern	3.50
Goldfield Merger	.0[illegible]		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4½	4¾	Granite	35	40
Doctor Jackpot	3¼	5	Isabella	8	8½
Elkton	2	4	McKinney	6	10
El Paso	15	30	Portland	100	115
Fanny R.	1½	3	U. Gold M.	15	16½
Golden C.	160	172	Vindicator	25	26
Gold Sov.	2¼	8			

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—High pressure continues generally except from the upper Lake region eastward and the weather was fair except from Northern Texas northward into Nebraska, where there were little rains. It is considerably warmer in the Ohio Valley, the upper Lake and western lower Lake regions and somewhat cooler in the Plains States, but with temperature still above the seasonal average.

Generally fair weather will continue day and Monday east of the Mississippi with lower temperatures Sunday in the Lake region and on Monday in the East States, Tennessee, in the Ohio Valley Middle Atlantic States, and New Engl[and].

Winds for Sunday and Monday along North and Middle Atlantic Coasts w[ill be] moderate east, with fair weather; South [At]lantic Coast, moderate, mostly north northeast; fair.

FORECASTS TODAY AND MOND[AY]

New York, New Jersey, New Englan[d], Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Sunday and [Mon]day; cooler Monday.

The temperature record for the twenty hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	34	35	4 P. M.	40	[illegible]
6 A. M.	34	37	6 P. M.	43	[illegible]
9 A. M.	36	43	9 P. M.	40	[illegible]
12 M.	41	49	11 P. M.	39	[illegible]

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 44; for the corresponding date last year it was 39; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years 43. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 40, at 8 P. M. it was 44. Maximum temperature 52 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum 35 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity 64 per cent. at 8 A. M., 68 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.03 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.05 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6.45 | Sun sets..4:38 | Moon sets..8:11

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	9.45	10:25	3:51	4:28
Governors Island	9:47	10:28	3:49	4.53
Hell Gate	11.50	12:00	5:41	6:30

Official Shipping List.

Arrivals of vessels from foreign countries at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports in the twenty-four hours ended Nov. 16:

STEAMSHIPS.

Alconda, (Br.) | Leroy, (Am.)
A. J. Hudson, (Am.) | Marie Z. Michalinos, (Greek.)
Ada, (Am.) | Mimer, (Nor.)
Artemis, (Am.) | Marte, (Span.)
Alcinous, (Br.) | Minnesotan, (Am.)
Brilliant, (Am.) | Mar del Norte, (Span.)
Dayway, (Am.) | Northern, (Br.)
Ceiba, (Hond.) | Olinda, (Cuban.)
Currier, (Am.) | Peninsular, (Port.)
Corinthe. | Playmouth, (Am.)
Cacique, (Am.) | R. M. L. Thompson, (Am.)
Defender, (Br.) | Sellta, (Nor.)
Fernandina, (Br.) | Taunton, (Nor.)
Grove, (Nor.) | Tranquebar, (Dan.)
Gretavale, (Br.) | War Beaver.
Georgian Prince, (Br.) | Yonne, (Br.)
Heiredale, (Br.) | Zeila, (Am.)
Ila, (Span.) |
Labicura, (Br.) |

SAILING VESSEL.

Hattie Loring, (Br.)

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
12.01—128 W. 20 St.; Mieblowitz & Friedman	$12,000
10:35—118 E. 117 St.; Chas. Bender	Slight
11:00—512 E. 74 St.; Opperman & Co.	Slight
11.40—885 E. 184 St.; Raphael Longo	Slight
P. M.	
12 30—625 E. 138 St.	Not given
12:55—Cedar Av. & 177 St., (auto;) Olive Stevens	$200
1:00—1,857 Vyse Av.; P. Rothmann	Slight
1:15—275 E. 140 St.; not given	Slight
2:45—700 E. 156 St.; J. Jungen	Slight
3:00—B'way & 139 St.; Van Buren & Co.	Slight
3:15—775 Columbus Av.; Ernestel & Levy	Slight
3:45—Crotona Park & 175 St.	Not given
3:45—1,029 Lexington Av.; Jacob Bernhardt	Slight
3:50—122 E. 103 St.; Jacob Goldman	Slight
5:00—209 W. 28 St.; P. J. Carlin	Slight
6:00—1,072 Franklin Av.; F. Yockel	Slight
6:05—2,202 7 Av.; Benjamin Lower	Slight
7:30—653 1 Av.; Charles Schemoff	Slight
7:40—1,703 Fulton Av.; Samuel Sidler	Slight
7:50—20-22 W. 110 St.; P. Keratois	Slight
9:00—82 South St.; N. Colabella	Slight
9:35—Front & 5 W. 119 St., (auto;) A. Deming	Slight
10:20—3 Av. and Fordham Road, (elevated structure,) I. R. T.	Slight
11:25—101 W. 20th St.; Evans & Co.	Slight

The Civil Service.

City.

The list for court attendant is announced. The mental test was taken by 685 candidates. The list contains 415 names. Those who received a rating of more than 84 are as follows: Thomas P. Kavanaugh, 87.90; Frank J. Woods, 90.60; James J. McHugh, 90.60; Edw. A. Looram, 89.50; Elmer P. Quinn, 89.40; James A. Burke 88.90; Thomas E. Murphy, 88.90; Benjamin Baille, 87.80; Francis J. Finegan, 87.70; Otto J. Beisen, 87.30; Dominick Hooks, 87.30; Michael F. Carmody, 87.20; James J. Lynch, 86.90; Dennis Lynch, 86.90; Joseph Rowan, 86.90; Robert Powers, 86.80; Louis J. Schery, 86.60; Thomas P. McKay, 86.40; Charles J. Sheedy, 86; Thomas J. Smyth, 86; Joseph I. Riley, 86; Irving Reber, 85.90; Michael J. Jordan, 85.90; Thomas J. Hornan, 85.80; Fred E. Libby, 85.60; Frederick W. Walters, 85.80; John C. Weston, 85.70; William A. Meyers, 85.60; Thomas Rogers, 85.50; Samuel H. Goldberg, 85.50; William G. Kiers, 85.30; William H. Levey, 85.30; John J. McElhearn, 85.20; Joseph Aronstein, 85.10; Patrick Carrell, 84.90; John J. Sullivan, 84.90; Jeremiah J. Credon, 84.80; Joseph H. Cahill, 84.70; James H. Cox, 84.70; John J. McKillop, 84.70; Joseph Joyce, 84.60; Steven Higgins, 84.50; Louis W. Martin, 84.50; Harry J. Houlahan, 84.40; Eugene Gaisser, 84.30; John P. L. McGrath, 84.20; Anthony J. Hoag, 84.20; James A. McDonnell, 84.10.

United States.

The commission announces for Nov. 27 an examination for junior drainage engineer, for men. Vacancies in the office of Public Roads and Rural Engineering, Department of Agriculture, for service in the field, at entrance salaries ranging from $1,200 to $1,320 a year, will be filled from this examination. Appointees will be eligible for promotion through the grades of drainage engineer and senior drainage engineer to $3,000 a year. The duties will be to assist in making surveys, preparing plans and reports upon drainage projects, collecting technical data, and conducting original investigations. This work does not include the drainage of irrigated lands. Ordinary traveling and subsistence expenses will be allowed when junior engineers are away from official or temporary headquarters. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, general and technical education, experience, and fitness. Applicants must not have reached their thirtieth birthday on the date of the examination.

Education Notes.

A special lecture on "Americanizing Our Foreign Population," will be delivered by Dr. Caroline Hedges of Chicago at 4 P. M., on Nov. 21, in Adelphi College Hall, St. James and Clifton Places, Brooklyn. Dr. Hedges was formerly special agent for the National Americanizing Committee and has been engaged in relief work in Belgium. The lecture is given under the joint auspices of Adelphi Normal and the Brooklyn Free Kindergarten Society.

Classes in show card writing, sign painting, and lettering are being conducted at P. S. 67 Evening School, 120 West Forty-sixth Street, near Sixth Avenue. Special features will be commercial posters, illustrative ad writing, modern tendencies in color work as applied to feature posters, chemistry of colors, &c. Accommodations for additional students are available. Register any evening, 7:30 to 9 o'clock.

The Board of Education will organize training classes for radio and buzzer operators for service in the army. The membership of these classes, one of which will be in session during the day and the other during the evening, will be limited to conscripted men of the first draft who have not yet been called, and to men of the second and the following drafts. Only conscripted men who have passed the physical examination and are certain, to be called will be admitted. Applications for both day and night classes should be made to M. E. Siegel, Principal of The Murray Hill Evening Trade School, 237 East Thirty-seventh Street, Monday to Thursday, inclusive, from 7:30 to 9:30 A. M.

The High School of Commerce Friday conducted memorial services for Edward R. Goggett, a student of its fourth term, a seaman [illegible] the Alcedo, which was sunk in the North Sea on Nov. 4.

INSTRUCTION.

SWIMMING SCIENTIFICALLY TAUGHT

Three tiled daylight pools

DALTON SWIMMING SCHOOLS

19-25 W. 44th St.
308-310 W. 59th St.
Write for Booklet T.

THE TOYS! THE TOYS ARE HERE!

Military toys from nearly all the Allies. A whole section of Japanese playthings. And dolls of every sort, every size and every fashionable shape and costume. The Toy Store is brimming with Christmas surprises already. Bring the kiddies any day—soon.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor.

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

SAVE COAL WITH KERODOX BURNERS

Make gas from Kerosene Oil—absolutely safe. "Kerodox" converts your coal range into a gas range. 2c an hour pays for an intense heat (2-3 price of gas; ½ price of coal). No ashes, dust, dirt or "coal-heaving." Now being demonstrated at the New kind of Housefurnishing store EXCLUSIVELY.

GIMBELS—Fifth Floor.

Christmas Jewelry

A Sale Five Weeks Before Christmas—at Prices HALF and Near it.

Several makers' samples. Timely purchases and surplus stocks from others we know well. And, most important, the entire output of chains and bracelets from a sizable factory just reorganizing its personnel.

Samples you know. But the sale is brimming with opportunity for Christmas givers. Pieces galore for men, women and children, with these good examples—

Jewelry for Women

Brooches, genuine pink shell cameo, in dainty gold filled mountings, valued $2.50 to $3, $1.50

Festoon Necklaces, gold filled, and jeweled Lavallieres set with topaz, ruby, sapphire, pearls and other stones, valued $1.25 to $2, 75c

Lavallieres, fancy antique green gold finish jeweled with amethyst, sapphire, topaz, and other stones, valued $1, 50c

Gold Filled Hat Pins, small tops, some jeweled or vermicelli finish. Pin sets on a card, circle pins and chatelaine pins, valued 50c to 75c, 25c

Gold Filled Bracelets, extension style for misses and children in chased and signet designs, valued 75c to $1, 35c

Jewelry for Men

Gold Filled and Platinum Finish Waldemar Chains, long link, fancy link and many styles to select, valued $1 to $2, 50c

Sterling Silver and Gold Front Cuff Links for soft cuffs or made in stiff and dumb-bell styles, engraved, engine turned and fancy, valued 75c to $1.25, 50c

Silver Plated Cuff Links in grey pattern at 25c

Sterling Silver Enamel Top Cuff Links in variety colors, $1.00

GIMBELS—Main Floor.

For Service in the Dining Room and Home

Aprons for Thanksgiving

White Aprons of fine lawns, embroidery, hemstitched or self trimmed.

Short Bretelle Aprons, 55c, 85c, $1, $1.50

Long Bretelle Aprons, 55c, 75c, $1, $1.50

Long Band Aprons, 55c, 75c, $1

Tea Aprons, 30c, 55c, 75c, $1

Fancy Tea Aprons, 30c, 55c, 75c, $1

Nurses' Aprons of Cambric

Gathered or gored, bib or band models, 55c, 85c, $1, $1.50

Colored Aprons of Fine Percales or Ginghams

Self and contrasting color trimmed.

Band model, 30c, 55c
Bretelle model, 55c, 75c
Princess model, $1, $1.50

Coverall or Bungalow, 85c, $1, $1.50

Hoover Outfit Apron and Cap, $1.95

Sewing Bag Aprons of Cretonne and Plain Colored Poplin Trimmed With Cretonne, 55c, 75c, $1

Accessories

Maids' and Waitresses' Caps, 10c to 55c

Nurses' Caps, 20c, 25c, 30c

Collar and Cuff Sets for high or low neck, 30c, 55c, 75c, $1

Nurses' Kerchiefs, 35c, 40c

Nurses' Bibs, 30c

Boudoir Caps of Fine Nets and Laces

Ribbon and satin trimmed, 55c, 85c, $1 to $5

GIMBELS Apron Section—Second Floor and Main Floor Tables

Annual Sale of FURS

"GIMBELS—Furriers Since 1842."

Three great points stand out in this event above our former efforts. We believe the stocks are broader and more extensive than before—perhaps the largest in New York. We believe the values are rarely good, considering the steady advance in fur prices. And, we know we have made extraordinary preparations to make the occasion unusual. The fur section has been enlarged and beautified, and the whole event is one of uncommon interest and attraction.

We strongly urge the purchase of furs now, during this sale.

Hudson Seal Coats, 42 inches long, new flare model, **$115**

Hudson Seal Coats, 42 inches long; large skunk collar, **$125**

Hudson Seal Coats, 45 inches long; large skunk collar and cuffs, *(One illustrated)* **$155**

Caracul Coats, 46 inches long, skunk or lynx cape collars and cuffs, **$145**

Natural Muskrat Coats, **$55 and $79**

$225 $75 $155

Marmot (Mink Color) Coats, 45 inches long, with finest Raccoon collar and cuffs, *(Illustrated.)* **$75**

Nutria Coats, 46 inches long; Hudson Seal collar and cuffs, **$125**

Grey Squirrel Coats, 46 inches long, **$175**

Natural Raccoon Coats for motoring—special, **$79.50**

Moleskin Coats, **$395, $325 and $245**

Hudson Seal, *(Illustrated)* **$225**

Fur-Lined Cloth Coats

of rich mixtures with Squirrel lock linings and large Raccoon or Black Opossum collars; suitable for walking or motoring; extraordinary value. **$37.50**

Fur Coatees

in Hudson Seal, Squirrel, Moleskin, with smart contrasting fur combinations; sample collection; very much below regular prices; usually up to $450, **$75 to $350**

Hudson Seal Coats

24 highest class special purchase Hudson Seal Coats, including our models, display coats, show garments; all made of the finest skins obtainable; regularly sold up to $650, **$225 to $450**

Persian Paw Coats

42 inches long, with Skunk Raccoon borders and collars; brocade silk lined; exceptional value, **$55**

Chinchilla squirrel novelty capes, collarettes; a wonderful sample collection. Regular values up to $75. *(Illus.)* **$29.50**

Cross fox scarfs; very special, **$35**

Children's Muffs of various furs. Special, **$5.50**

Children's Beaver Sets, purse muffs and animal scarfs; very special, **$5.50**

Fur Sets Specially Priced

Skunk Raccoon Sets, $30

Natural Grey Fox Sets, $25

Silver Pointed Fox Sets, $65

Cross Fox Sets, $135

$29.50

Most Remarkable Offering in Scarfs and Muffs

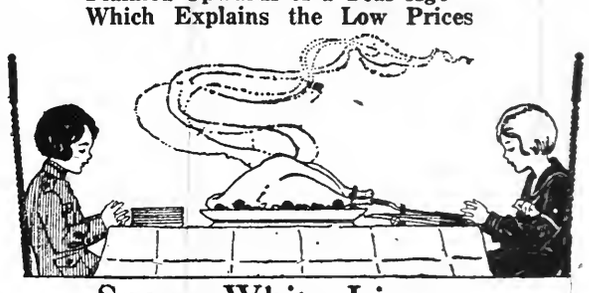
Scarfs.	Kind of Fur.	Muffs.
$22.50	Black Wolf	$24.50
$22.50	Taupe Wolf	$22.50 and $27.50
$15.00 and $24.50	Grey Squirrel	$16.50 and $18.50
$14.50 and $27.50	Hudson Seal	$12.50 and $16.50
$22.50	Beaver	$19.50 and $27.50
$28.50	Skunk	$25.00 and $32.50
$10.00	Raccoon	$10.00
$12.50 and $22.00	Nutria	$10.00 and $14.50
$27.50	Black Lynx	$27.50 and $32.50
$39.50	Taupe Fox	$45.00
$29.50	Black Fox	$29.50

(All Hudson Seal Herein Advertised is Dyed Muskrat.)

GIMBELS FUR SALONS—Third Floor

Thanksgiving Sales

Planned Upwards of a Year Ago—Which Explains the Low Prices



Snowy-White Linens

Irish Satin Damask Cloths, $3.75
Lustrous finish, circular designs; exceptional; 70x70 inches. Napkins to match, 22x22 in., $4.75 doz.

Hemstitched Dinner Sets
Cloth and dozen Napkins of Scotch damask, 70x70 in., $5.25; 70x90 in., $6.25; 70x108 in., $7.25. Napkins to match, 20x20 in., $9.00 doz.

Scalloped Damask Table Cloths
All linen, a limited quantity, 70 in. diameter, $4.25 each.

Madeira Afternoon Tea Napkins, $5.95 Doz.
Exceptional, hand embroidered and hand scalloped. Others, $6.75, $7.00, $7.50, $8.50, up to $15.00 doz.

Madeira Bread Tray Doylies
Hand embroidered and hand scalloped, 6x11 inches, 25c, 30c, 35c each.

13-Piece Madeira Luncheon Sets
Hand scalloped and hand embroidered in several very attractive designs. $3.75 set.

Madeira Napkin and Handkerchief Cases
Elaborately hand embroidered and hand scalloped. 50c to $1.50 each.

Hemmed Huck Towels
$1.80, $2.75, $3.00, $3.75 doz.

Hemstitched Huck Towels
$4.20, $6.00, $7.20 doz.

Initial Bath Towels
Letter in pink or blue to match borders, generous size, 40c each.

Hemmed Bath Towels
$3.00, $4.80, $6.00, $7.80 doz.

Irish Glass, Dish, Pantry and Kitchen Towels
Typed and plain checks. $3.00, $3.75, $4.25 doz.

All-Linen Crash
For hand, dish, or roller toweling; 14c yd.

GIMBELS—Second Floor

Velour Portieres by the Hundreds of Pairs

To Enrich Homes for Thanksgiving.

Patrons repeatedly ask: "How is it that your prices are so much below ———'s?" (Naming this or that store.)

We purchased Portieres in great numbers at the lower prices long ago in force, saving well by making them up in our own workrooms, too. With such welcome results as these:

154 prs. of Figured Border Velour Portieres at $27.50 pr.
22 prs. of Figured Velour Portieres at $29.25 pr.
25 prs. of Figured Velour Portieres at $27.50 pr.
80 prs. of Figured Velour Portieres at $25.75 pr.
105 prs. of Figured Velour Portieres at $29.50 pr.
14 prs. of Plain Plush Portieres at $35.00 pr.
5,000 prs. of Plain Velour Portieres at $19.95 pr., worth $28.00 pr.
Figured Wood Silk Portieres at $14.75 Pr.—92 pairs, made up in predominating shades of rose, green, blue, brown, and tan.
Mercerized Armure Portieres at $10.75 and $9.85 Pr.—55 pairs, consisting of rose, blue, mulberry, green, brown, and gold.
Plain and Figured Armure Portieres at $8.00 Pr.—164 pairs, in beautiful shades of rose, brown, blue, green, gold, and mulberry.
Handsome Figured Armure Portieres at $7.25 Pr.—107 pairs, in the useful shades of blue, rose, green, gold, and brown.

GIMBELS—Sixth Floor.

ANOTHER GREAT *Walk-Over* SHOE SALE

Over 12,000 Pairs---All Perfect

Discontinued styles, surplus stocks and samples—Sale begins tomorrow, Monday—continues all week.

Walk-Over shoes in very desirable styles at such prices as these, at a time when shoe prices generally are sky high, is too good a bargain to need further comment. Every woman who looks ahead will buy for months to come. Everything considered, we think it is the best lot of Walk-Over shoes we've had since these sales began in 1912.

6,000 Pairs Women's Colored *Walk-Over* Shoes
$2.95 Pair

Original Prices $5, $6, $7 and higher.

Women's colored and two-toned Boots in all sizes.

Tan Calf Button Boots, tipped toes, welted soles, low heels.
Patent Vamp Lace Boots, white leather uppers and white covered Louis heels, plain toes.
Patent Lace Boots, white leather uppers, leather Louis heels.
Dull Kid Lace Boots, fawn buckskin uppers, hand turned soles, Louis heels.
Dull Kid Lace Boots, light tan cloth uppers, welted soles, leather Louis heels.
Patent Vamp Lace Boots, plain toes with beautiful tan uppers of silk finish cravenette material.
Pearl Gray Buckskin Lace Boots, covered Louis heels, plain vamps.
Lace Boots, brown khaki cloth vamps, white uppers.

Also 500 Pairs of Colored Boots,

consisting of the newest 1917 models of footwear. In solid colors and combination of leathers. Welted and turned soles, lace and button models.

Leather and covered Louis heels and leather military heels in ample sizes of 4 and 4½, A and B widths.

GIMBELS Subway Stores—Balcony

3,000 Pairs Men's *Walk-Over* Shoes
$3.45 Pair

Original Prices $5 to $10.

On Sale in the Subway Store Shoe Department and Rear Aisle of the Main Floor.

In this assortment are Dull Calf Boots, with genuine Rinex soles and heels, which will give excellent wear. English lasts, straight lasts and Blucher effect models. All sizes.

Also 1,000 Pairs of Men's High-Grade Sample Shoes

in a wonderful variety of styles and leathers. Lace and button models in Patents, Colored Cloths and Kid Uppers, Vici Kids, Dull Calf and Tan Russia Calf. Some have leather uppers; others with colored combinations. Sizes 6½, 7 and 7½.

3,000 Pairs Women's Black *Walk-Over* Shoes
$2.69 Pair

Original Prices $4, $5 and higher.

Over 50 styles to select from stylish conservative models. Black shoes are always in demand, and with this great variety to select from, you should be able to select several pairs for the price of one. All sizes.

Patent Boots, cloth uppers, plain and tipped toes, lace and button. Cuban, military, and Louis heels, welted and turned soles.
Dull Kid and Calf Boots, lace and button, cloth and kid uppers, plain or tipped toes, leather Louis heels, Cuban and military heels.
Black Vici Kid Boots, button and lace, turned and welted soles. A variety of heels.

Included in this lot are

1,000 Pairs of High-Grade Sample Boots

in black leathers. Styles and leathers to suit anyone. Sizes 4 and 4½, A and B widths.

GIMBELS Subway Stores—Balcony

Plenty of Extra Seating Space and an Abundance of Salespeople to Serve You Promptly.
GIMBEL Subway Stores, Balcony

Beginning Tomorrow and Continuing All Week.

Women's Shoes on Sale in the Subway Balcony. Men's Shoes on Sale in the Subway Balcony and Rear Aisle of the Main Floor.

The New York Times.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1917.

Satin Lining, 84c yd.

Verified Price Elsewhere $1.00

Yard wide. Guaranteed to give two seasons' wear. Satin face—cotton back. White, cream, light blue, pink, pearl, steel, tan, yellow, old blue, reseda, brown, navy and black.

Macy's—Lining Department, Second Floor.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only

Pink Nainsook, 23c yd. 39 inches wide

Verified Price Elsewhere 28c.

A sheer mercerized fabric, durable despite its daintiness. In a delicate shade of pink. Splendid for lingerie or blouses.

Macy's—Second Floor, Centre.

A MASTER SALE of Dependable Merchandise at REDUCED PRICES

To Stimulate Business and to Offer Wanted Goods at Big Savings

ALL SILK

SATIN RIBBONS

Remarkably Low in Price

A Special Purchase—Perfect Goods in Desirable Colors

3½ in. wide, usual price 19c,	Now	**12c**
4 in. wide, usual price 21c,	Now	**13c**
4½ in. wide, usual price 24c,	Now	**15c**
5¼ in. wide, usual price 26c,	Now	**19c**
5¾ in. wide, usual price 29c,	Now	**21c**

Start your Christmas Gifts now and save money.

Macy's—Main Floor, Centre.

Over $18,000 Worth of Room Size

Turkish & Chinese Rugs

Reduced About One-Fourth

Beautiful Rugs, excellently woven in rich Chinese patterns and colorings—in addition to a large assortment of real Chinese Rugs in various sizes from 4 ft. x 7 ft. to 10 ft. x 12 ft.—85 in all.

Each Rug bears a blue tag showing the sale price and the original white tag as well—so you can see at a glance the opportunity for saving which the purchase of any of them presents.

Rug that was $45.50	NOW	$31.75
Rug that was 59.50	NOW	44.50
Rug that was 84.50	NOW	63.25
Rug that was 112.00	NOW	84.50
Rug that was 132.00	NOW	99.50
Rug that was 524.00	NOW	393.00

Other Chinese and Persian Rugs in Room and Scatter Sizes at Prices Much Lower Than Elsewhere.

Macy's—Fourth Floor, Centre.

Sale of the Most Wanted

DRESS FABRICS!

Chiffon Broadcloth — **$2.49 yd.**
Usually $2.97 yd.

54 inches wide. Sponged and shrunk, ready for the needle. Navy, men's wear blue, olive, wistaria, delft blue, navigator blue, African brown, maroon, purple, Burgundy, rose, medium brown, plum, and black.

Dress Serge, 1,500 Yards — **$1.88 yd.**
Usually $2.12 yd.

54 inches wide. Black and men's wear blue only. Excellent quality fine twill serge.

Black Broadcloth — **$1.96 yd.**
Usually $2.49 yd.

50 inches wide. Sponged and shrunk. Always correct for suits and separate skirts.

Black Costume Serge — **$2.08 yd.**
Usually $2.49 yd.

49 inches wide. Superior quality fine French twill serge. THE fabric for service.

Crepe Granite Cloth — **$1.26 yd.**
Usually $1.49 yd.

42 inches wide. Specially desirable for misses' and children's wear. 1,000 yards in navy blue and black only.

Macy's—Second Floor, 35th Street, B'way.

This Silk Sale Should Break a Record

15,000 Yards of 40-Inch SATIN CHARMEUSE

Until now we have been selling this quality regularly for $1.98 yard. **$1.39 yd.** *Silk of this quality is being sold elsewhere as high as $2.50 yard.*

Savings like this make silk history. The thousands of dresses made from the silk sold in this sale will be made at less than dresses of similar quality were ever made before the advance in silks.

Every thread pure silk, closely woven, satin face, good weight in a complete assortment of street and evening colors, plenty of black.

Ivory, Flesh, Pink, Light Blue, Peach, Orchid, Nile, Old Rose, Tan, Prune, Gray, Taupe, Green, Delft, Brown, Sapphire, Burgundy, Navy, Midnight, Gold, Black.

Sale Begins Monday, 9 A. M., in Two Large Sections of the Silk Department, Second Floor.

Macy's—Second Floor, 35th Street.

A Remarkable Sale

Household Linens

Damask Cloths $2.97
Formerly $3.69 and $3.79

All pure linen, snow white tablecloths, in round and square designs. One size only, 70x88 inches. No napkins to match.

Madeira Tea Napkins $4.96 doz.
Formerly $6.19 doz.

Hand scalloped and hand embroidered, in five pretty monogram patterns. Very fine quality linen. Size 13½x13½ in.

Linen Crash Toweling 12c yd.
Formerly 14c yd.

5,500 yards. Suitable for hand, dish or roller towels; 16½ inches wide.

Turkish Bath Towels 34c each
Formerly 46c each

Extra heavy, some in all-over Jacquard effects, others plain white with colored borders, pink, blue, lavender or gold, with space for monogram.

Macy's—Second Floor, 35th St.

Japanese Folding Screens

A splendid assortment of Japanese screens, specially priced because we imported them directly.

$6.94, $8.49, $9.94 up to $137.50

Macy's—Fourth Floor, Rear.

Good Suits for Misses $19.74

Originally Priced Up to $39.75

Well Tailored Models, Plain or Fur Trimmed. Many Belted Styles.

Velour, Silvertone, Gabardine, Serge, Tricotine, Wool Jersey.

Silk lined and interlined. In all the modish colors.

Macy's—Third Floor, 35th St., B'way.

1,200 Japanese Hand Embroidered

KIMONOS, 94c

Cotton Crepe, Hand Embroidered in Floral Designs

Pink, Light Blue, Rose, Copenhagen, or Lavender, Embroidered in White.

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th St.

Children's Dresses $1.49
originally $2.49 to 4.49

Chambrays & Ginghams

Solid Colors and Plaids
In a broken assortment of sizes. 2 to 6 years.

White Dresses 69c & $1.49
originally 94c to 4.89

Pique, Repp and Fancy Weaves, Pique. Many hand embroidered. broidered. 1 to 6 years.

Boys' Wash Suits 94c & $1.49
originally $1.89 to 4.49

Colored Chambray, White Pique. Many hand embroidered. Sizes 2 to 4 years.

Macy's—Third Floor, 35th St., Rear.

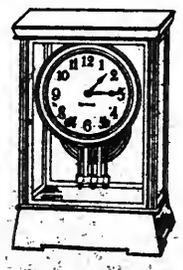
2,000 Quilted Vests at 69c

SLEEVELESS
BLACK and WHITE

Macy's—3rd Fl., 34th St.

Special! Eight Day Crystal

Regulator Clock $23.49



May be classed with the finest brushed brass clocks made.

These are cast brass and lacquered in brushed brass finish. Beveled plate glass on all sides. Four-inch circular silvered dial. Strikes hour and half-hour on musical cathedral gong.

Macy's—Basement, Front.

Fur Coats Scarfs & Muffs

Hudson Seal Coats, $94.75

(Dyed muskrat). Full 45-inch rippled back model, made of uniformly matched skins.

Hudson Seal Coats, $119.00

(Dyed muskrat). 45-inch full flare model, with deep cape collar and cuffs of natural skunk.

Fox Scarfs and Muffs, $16.74 each

Open animal scarfs in all popular shadings. Large melon-shaped muffs to match.

Natural Skunk Scarfs, $13.74

Deep cape collars made of four well-chosen skins. Large melon-shaped muffs to match, $16.74.

Real Scotch Mole Cape Collars, $22.74

Broad shoulder capes. Melon-shaped muffs to match, $17.74.

Macy's—3rd Fl., 34th St.

Lingerie

A CLEARANCE

French Hand-Embroidered Corset Covers

Were 94c, Now 69c
Were $1.49, Now 94c
Were $3.89, Now $2.89
Were $5.89, Now $3.89

French Hand-Embroidered Combinations

Were $2.69, Now $1.79
Were $3.89, Now $2.89
Were $7.89, Now $4.89

French Hand-Embroidered Drawers

Were 94c, Now 69c
Were $1.39, Now 94c
Were $2.89, Now $1.89

Jap Satin Envelope Chemises—Lace Trimmed

Were $2.24, Now $1.79

Satin Camisoles

Were 94c, Now 69c

Nainsook Gowns High and Low Neck

Were 94c, Now 69c

Skirt and Drawer Combinations

Were $1.39, Now 94c
Were $1.79, Now $1.39
Were $2.24, Now $1.79

Macy's—Third Floor, Rear.

Women's Fur-Trimmed Suits $22.74

Originally Priced up to $49.75

Excellent suits with short ripple coats, or long, graceful coats, smartly trimmed with furs. Others of strictly tailored cut with notched collars or military lines.

Fine Broadcloth — Winter Weight Jersey
Wool Velours — Sturdy Tweeds

All silk lined and warmly interlined. All sizes to 48

Navy, Tan, Brown, Green, Plum, Burgundy, Taupe, Black.

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th St., B'way.

Women's Dresses—*Down!* $14.74

Originally Priced $18.74 to $29.75

Dresses that are different, all distinguished by good style and fine workmanship. All who take advantage of this sharp repricing are assured of an unusual purchase.

Satin Serge Jersey Velveteen Crepe de Chine

Navy Taupe Black Tan

Macy's—Third Floor, B'way.

Georgette Blouses, $4.49

Were Up to $9.74

In dark colorings to match Suits. All taken from our regular stock, well cut and carefully finished. Some hand embroidered, some beaded; all on modish lines.

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th Street.

Junior Girls' SUITS $16.74

Formerly $23.74 to $27.75

Tailored and fancy models of Wool Velour, Burella and Fancy Suitings.

Pleated and fancy tailored, trimmed with Velvet or Krima cloth. Peau de Cygne lined and interlined. In wanted colors.

Sizes 12 to 16 yrs.

Macy's—Third Floor, 35th St.

Smocks and Middies

For Misses & Children

59c to $1.89

Were originally 94c to $3.24

Linen with Colored Hand Smocking. Striped Poplins—Good Colors, White with Checked Collars.

Number of Smart Styles That Are Particularly Adapted for School or Sport Wear.

Macy's—Third Floor, Centre.

Girls' Winter COATS, $13.74

Were up to $19.74

A broken assortment in sizes of 6 to 16 years—all taken from our regular stock. Well made and warmly lined and interlined.

VELOUR VELVETEEN ZIBELINE
BURELLA BROADCLOTH

Trimmed with fur, velvet, plush or Krima cloth.

Macy's—Third Floor, 35th Street.

Folks Should Come from Far and Near to This

Sale of Domestic RUGS

It's Without a Rival for Savings Opportunities

Prices in this sale are lower, quality for quality, than any that have been advertised since prices started on the upgrade. In some cases they are lower than today's mill costs. There are rugs for every room in every home, all of choice patterns and colorings. Don't miss this—it means real thrift.

Royal Wilton Rugs

Size	Formerly Priced	Sale Price
27x54 in.	$4.94	3.59
36x63 in.	7.89	4.89
6x9 ft.	29.25	21.14
8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in.	44.25	32.50
9x12 ft.	47.25	34.50
10 ft. 6 in. x 12 ft.	64.50	41.75
10 ft. 6 in. x 13 ft. 6 in.	72.50	53.50
11 ft. 3 in. x 15 ft.	81.50	59.50

Seamless Wilton Velvet Rugs

A Few With Slight Imperfections

Size	Formerly Priced	Sale Price
36x72 in.	$7.14	5.24
9x12 ft.	38.50	32.75

High Grade Seamless Axminsters

Slightly-Imperfect

Size	Formerly Priced	Sale Price
22½x36 in.	$1.74	1.48
27 x54 in.	2.89	2.48
36 x72 in.	4.89	4.24
4 ft. 6 in. x 6 ft. 6 in.	9.14	8.48
8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in.	31.50	26.50
9x12 ft.	34.50	29.75
9x15 ft.	46.50	41.25

Body Brussels Rugs

Size	Formerly Priced	Sale Price
22½x36 in.	$2.24	1.64
4½x7½ ft.	14.24	8.64
6 x9 ft.	20.48	15.74
9x12 ft.	34.50	23.24

Macy's—Fourth Floor, Broadway.

Long-to-be-Remembered Prices Emphasize This Important November Event in

CHINA and CUT GLASS

Assortments are large, varied, satisfying; qualities good; designs pleasing, artistic; reductions broadcast, liberal. China and cut glass for folks just starting housekeeping, for folks who need extras, for gifts. Savings on everything, savings for you, come early.

Cut Glass

Quantity		Regular Each	Special Each
30	Mayonnaise Sets,	$2.69	$1.98
25	Ice Cream Trays,	2.97	2.29
100	Bon Bon Dishes,	.98	.69
100	Spoon Trays,	1.19	.79
75	Flower Vases,	2.97	1.98
50	Sugar and Cream Sets,	2.49	1.89
50	Celery Trays,	2.49	1.79
50	Water Jugs,	2.29	1.89
30	Jelly Dishes,	2.49	1.98
100	Comports, Footed,	1.49	.89
15	Relish Dishes,	3.49	2.49
50	Berry Bowls,	2.49	1.79
35	Salad Bowls,	3.49	2.49
48	Fern Dishes,	2.69	1.98
32	Oval Orange Bowls,	4.89	3.89
36	Butter Dishes,	3.49	2.69

Dinner Sets Of Decorated Porcelain

Quantity	No. of Pieces	Usual Price	Special Price
60 Sets	31	$4.19	$3.29
15 Sets	100	19.69	14.89
40 Sets	100	21.89	16.89
35 Sets	100	24.89	18.89
70 Sets	100	26.50	19.89
7 Sets	100	29.75	22.89
25 Sets	100	32.50	24.89
12 Sets	100	34.50	26.75

Glass Water Tumblers

Quantity		Doz. Regular	Special
300 doz.	Pressed Glass Water Tumblers,	.59	.48
300 doz.	Blown Dec. Water Tumblers,	1.44	1.19
700 doz.	Plain Blown Water Tumblers,	.96	.69

Macy's—Basement, 34th St.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY

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Staten Island...53 Stuyv. Pl., N. Brighton
Queens...217 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth..........250 Morris Avenue
Hoboken..........61 Second Street
Jersey City..........89 Montgomery Street
Paterson..........13 Park Avenue
WASHINGTON..........Riggs Building
CHICAGO..........1202 Tribune Building
St. Louis.......409 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT..........403 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO..........742 Market Street
LONDON..........Marconi House, Strand, W. C.
PARIS...Chez Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

ONE CENT, City. Two Cents, commuting distance. Three Cents, elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents, City; Seven Cents, elsewhere. Terms, including Canada, 1 Yr. 6 Mos. 1 Mo.

	1 Yr.	6 Mos.	1 Mo.
DAILY AND SUNDAY.... (One week, 25c.)	$10.00	$5.50	$1.00
DAILY, without Sunday... (One week, 20c.)	8.00	4.25	.75
SUNDAY	3.00	1.75	.30
Canada, Sunday only	6.00	3.25	.55
Other countries, postpaid:			
Daily and Sunday	26.00	13.30	2.40
Daily, without Sunday	17.40	8.90	1.45
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NEW YORK, SUNDAY, NOV. 18, 1917.

THRIFT AS WAR'S BY-PRODUCT.

The President writes to the Chairman of the War Savings Committee that he supposes we have, as a nation, wasted more than we are about to spend in the war, and that if the war teaches us thrift it will be worth the cost on a calculation of money alone. As we are spending billions, that sounds extravagant until two things are considered. War is temporary, and there is an end to its costs. Thrift is a matter of character, and descends from generation to generation. And the lesson of thrift is to be taught to so many millions that trifling sums saved by each of them make billions for all of them quickly. Already there are 10,000,000 bondholders among us. If the number should be doubled at the next loan offering, that would be smaller increase than from less than one in a hundred of us as investors to one in ten. When the savers run up to 20,000,000 or more, a mere $50 apiece gives a billion, and the saving of $50 shows how to save in larger sums.

It has been thought thrifty for children to put cents into a bank. But the cents in a bank are idle, and the cents put into war savings certificates will earn at the rate received and appreciated by millionaires. The sums saved are small individually, but they mean more even to the individual than the large total means to the nation. Good savers are careful spenders. That is where the thrift comes in. The saver of cents is a spender of dollars, and the spending will be grudged if it starves the saving.

The President confined his suggestion to money considerations because he was writing in connection with the war savings certificates, but it is possible to remark an added attraction in the sale of these certificates. Whoever holds them will be a better citizen, more appreciative of what the Government does for him and more zealous in its defense against attacks. Before the war we had been thinking more of profits than of savings, and had not been thinking enough of the Government. By turning our thoughts in another direction there are more by-products than the President mentioned, and their value is greater than that of the certificates which caused his remarks.

FINANCING THE LIBERTY LOAN.

The manner in which the Liberty Loan payments were managed on Thursday will prevent hereafter any repetition of the old slur that our banks and our bankers were unequal to the demands of international finance. If true when made, it has become untrue by the establishment of a system which made possible the smooth and easy performance of a task not surpassed in its magnitude or performance by anything ever done in London. That is all the more true and surprising because the United States stands alone, bearing the burdens of the Allies without such assistance as London has been able to command. The payments were $745,000,000 in this district. About half was arranged by crediting the Government and debiting the banks through the depositors. Less than $200,000,000 was paid by using the Treasury's certificates, and about $50,000,000 cash. When the smaller payments were made on the first Liberty Loan there was a flurry in the money market. On the second experience there was none, and it will be a surprise if there should be any hereafter without special cause.

The amount paid was so much larger than the amounts due that there is evidence of anticipation of payments by many, probably by more than a majority of subscribers. In the half year of war we have supplied the Government with more than an average of a billion dollars a month, and the first sign of exhaustion is yet to be shown. And, strange as it may seem, it is less likely to be shown as the loans increase. The reason for that is that the money is paid out nearly as fast as it is paid in. If [illegible] received by bank credits largely, but the payments are actual funds, totaling more than the nation's capacity of production, and with assurance of profit on all that is spent. The country asks nobody, neither worker nor capitalist, volunteers excepted, to do anything for nothing. The fact that the Government is buying more than can be produced appears from the universal demand for economy in superfluities. The capacity of production is not equal to the supply of both necessaries and extravagances, and necessities of persons and Government must both be supplied first.

There is in sight the biggest customer, with the best credit, that ever entered our markets. And yet there are pessimists at large. Even Germany's prosperity will outlast the war, and it is thought that we cannot do as well. This is a queer world, and Wall Street is a queer place. There will be losses due to the war, but there will be greater profits. There ought to be more bulls than bears of the right things, but there is a rush to exchange securities for cash, although the cash will buy less than the securities cost, and although the securities will command more goods hereafter as surely as peace is declared. The time to sell securities was long ago. Sellers now are those who neglected fair notice by the highest authority, and who did not see what was coming for themselves. They are going about blaming Wall Street, and neglecting opportunities to redeem their losses by making wise choices.

MR. BARNARD ANSWERS HIS CRITICS.

The Council of the National Academy of Design is the latest expert body to protest against the imposition upon London and Paris of replicas of Mr. GEORGE GREY BARNARD'S conception of LINCOLN. "To us," the Academicians say, "this presentation "does not convey the recognized "characteristics of LINCOLN." Neither does it to most laymen. Some time in '63 JOHN HAY went with Mr. LINCOLN to look at the statuary of the East pediment of the Capitol. "The President, with the eye of an "expert, objected to the statue of "'The Woodchopper,' by POWERS, 'as "'he did not make a sufficiently clean "'cut.'" Mr. LINCOLN knew how a woodchopper looked or should look. Most Americans know how LINCOLN looked, how he should look in a monumental effigy speaking truly the man and his character.

Yet there has been some little injustice done to Mr. BARNARD'S invention. Few can see it without recalling a line of a hymn that was a favorite with the Jubilee Singers:

Nobody knows what pain I feel.

If it's a denotation of physical, and not mental, pain that the statue seems to portray, yet by a remote association of ideas Mr. LINCOLN is recalled in one aspect of his achievement. The Jubilee Singers bring to mind emancipation and the Emancipator. This merit should not be forgotten or grudged.

Mr. BARNARD takes, of course, a different view. In this letter to THE TIMES he appears with a grandiosity not unworthy of his genius, of his long solitary thought, and of the form in which he has embodied it for the marvel of the world:

To the Editor of The New York Times:

These lines, my only answer, are worthy, I hope, to be placed on your editorial page:

"For he shall grow up before him "as a tender plant, and as a root out "of a dry ground: he hath no form "nor comeliness; and when we shall "see him, there is no beauty that we "should desire him.

"He is despised and rejected of "men; a man of sorrows, and acquainted with grief: and we hid as "it were our faces from him; he was "despised, and we esteemed him not."
—Isaiah, liii.

GEORGE GREY BARNARD.

The comparison which Mr. BARNARD invites, his "answer" to the critics, is perhaps as bizarre and singular as they in their blindness to originality find his statue to be. ATHANASIUS against the world was not more loftily confident. Yet he seems to admit that there is no form or comeliness or beauty in his Lincoln. Seldom does the criticised agree so thoroughly with the critics.

TEACHERS WHO ARE NOT LOYAL.

Nearly two-thirds of the pupils in the city high schools are foreign by birth or the children of foreigners. In the very places where Americanization, the teaching and the learning of American democratic ideals, are most needed, instruction has been given far too often by the half-baked disciples of socialism, internationalism, pro-Germanism, the curse and paralysis of democracy abroad; and not in the high schools alone. The spirit of disorder, violence, anarchy was manifested in the municipal campaign by pupils of the high and other public schools. They rebelled, "struck," paraded, committed acts of violence, had their little hour of Bolshevism. These young Leninites are not to be blamed. What name is severe enough for their misleaders?

Insolence, revolt against the educational authorities, a selfish class spirit, have been but too common among many of the school teachers of New York. These old faults have been ascribed to politics, to favoritism, to imperfect supervision, to an unwieldy Board of Education. The new indiscipline is of a darker and more dangerous sort. We see teachers practicing or fomenting sedition and disloyalty, teachers who oppose the war, who don't believe in Liberty bonds. We [illegible] the Board of Education transferring, instead of dismissing, some of these disloyal teachers, giving them new subjects to infect. Mr. CHURCHILL is right there—they should be dismissed. No wonder the patriotic people in the districts to which the teachers have been assigned resent the transfer. We see two of the teachers suspended from that nursery of anti-patriotism, the De Witt Clinton High School, admitting that "the spirit of the Clinton "students is very free and in the "direction of open-minded liberal-"ism." We know what freedom and open-minded liberalism, what "democracy" and "radicalism" is meant. EMMA GOLDMAN, just out of jail, making use of her liberty to preach revolution and Russification, is an open-minded liberal. So is the young soap-box spouter, arrested on Thursday and again Friday, for denouncing the Government.

The spokesman of the Clintonian propagandists talks about "the be-"fuddling, irrelevant issues of pa-"triotism, loyalty, and Liberty "bonds," "the emotional mob spirit"; and tries to make out that the too long delayed punishment, feeble and almost ridiculous as yet, of seditionary teachers undermining the patriotism and perverting the political ideas of their pupils, is a brutality of officials against "democracy" and "free speech." The Teachers' Union, at a meeting held in the Washington Irving High School, another centre of wild-tongued socialism, voted to give the accused teachers its "legal, moral, and financial support." So it is the Union of the Teachers, of some teachers, that is, against the American Union.

What megalomaniac obsession possesses these or any other teachers? Do they imagine that a public school teacher is so lofty and sacred a character that he will not only be permitted but paid to strike at the hand that feeds him; more and worse than that, to strike at the heart of American democracy, to support the enemies of his country, if he acknowledge a country, to raise up a generation trained to imitate here the ignorances, follies, fanaticisms, and treacheries that have all but ruined Russia? Do they think that New York City is going to allow its public schools to be transformed into munition factories for the benefit of Germany?

Some of our teachers, it seems, were too mighty and aloof to take a loyalty pledge. Every man and every woman of them should be made to take such a pledge or be thrown out immediately upon refusal. It is unthinkable that treason and revolution or the coquetting of sappy minds with ideas destructive of the American State should be shielded, that the minds of thousands of children imperfectly acquainted with the American polity and exposed to influences unfriendly to it, should, in their most elastic and malleable stage, be poisoned with hideous errors and falsehoods such as are driving Russia toward the destruction of her democratic hope.

The Board of Education should root out all the disloyal or doubtful teachers. The little private war of these misguided or out-of-equilibrium persons on the United States must stop. They must be put out of the schools; and if they continue to profess sedition publicly, they must be locked up, for their own good, as well as that of the community, which, in the presence and the expectation of stern and tragical events, will not easily be patient with the foes in its own borders.

RAILROAD SERVICE.

Farmers in the West who complained to Senator BORAH because their crops had not been promptly carried to market should read the Interstate Commerce Commission's reports of railroad earnings and inquire about the work which the Railroad War Board is doing. Railroad figures for September were published a few days ago. They show a decrease of net earnings and an increase of nearly 20 per cent. in expenditures, although the companies were forced to economize in purchases. The same tendency is shown in figures for the nine months that ended with September. Since the beginning of the war, the cost of many things a railroad company must buy has been doubled, and wages have been increased.

The Railroad War Board on the 12th sent 1,500 cars southward to get lumber for the shipbuilders, 3,000 to the West for Government supplies, and as many refrigerator cars as could be found to the States where Senator BORAH heard complaints. There are not enough cars of this or any other kind. The board says so. In the use of those suitable for perishable food it has ordered the strictest economy. Each must have a full load, and the food must be taken out promptly at market terminals. The board, composed of competent railroad men, is doing all that can be done with an insufficient supply of carriers. Priority is given to transportation that is most needed; that which is not essential must wait. The strain upon service is without precedent.

What the railroads are doing should be appreciated by the American people. The companies should be heartily supported and encouraged. Such an increase of freight rates as the higher cost of supplies and labor justly requires should be permitted. Farmers who think their crops should be moved without delay must exert their influence in favor of rates which will enable the companies to buy cars. It is for the benefit of all that the railroads should be supported and kept in good physical and financial condition. So long as the war continues the demand for their service will grow.

NORWAY'S LOST SHIPS.

When the President of the Norway House, in debate a few days ago, was angrily complaining that the conditions imposed by our Government concerning exports of grain to his country were too severe, the report of his Government about the sinking of Norwegian ships had been in print for two weeks. There are two large volumes, in which Norwegians can read the record of their great losses and German submarine cruelty. Up to Oct. 1 the number of ships sunk was 660, their capacity having been 1,020,000 tons. With them were lost 713 men, and 17 more are missing. One-third of Norway's merchant tonnage has thus been destroyed. The Government shows that many sailors were murdered by gunfire while they were in lifeboats. Seven vessels were sent to the bottom "without trace," for the submarines killed all who were on board. This official report admits that German spies at Norway's ports sent word of sailings to the pirates waiting along the coast for their prey. Ships with cargoes for the suffering Belgians are in the list. Norway asks for our grain. Four of the lost vessels were carrying wheat to her from Argentina. Others that survive might now seek in that country what is needed, but probably the Germans would sink them.

In the debate at Norway's capital, the House leader insisted that his country must stand with Sweden and Denmark, even at the cost of starvation. Does Norway's agreement with them prevent emphatic official denunciation of Germany's pirates? This could not be found in the complaining note recently sent to Berlin. It is now said that a final decision about exports of food to the neutrals and the use of their ships has not been reached at Washington. Norway should have no American grain unless she promises to stop sending food to Germany, and nickel for torpedoes used in sinking our ships and her own.

THE LOST WEEK IN RUSSIA.

A little light is coming out of Petrograd; Bolsheviki light mostly, since they control the wires, but if we make the necessary reservations we can learn something of the situation. The reports brought to Stockholm by travelers, that KERENSKY had entered Petrograd, that the garrison was going over to him, and the rest of that crop, were what may be called El Paso news. KERENSKY advanced on Petrograd with a force said to have amounted to 5,000 men. There was fighting for two or three days at Gatchina. It ended on Monday with some sort of Bolsheviki victory, and TROTZKY, in a burst of delirious joy, issued a proclamation that "history would record the night of Nov. 12." But the Bolsheviki were still apprehensive, as is shown by a proclamation of Colonel MOURAVIEFF'S that filtered through into Sweden on Wednesday, in which he spoke of having "evacuated Gatchina in order to "avoid useless bloodshed and to take "a defensive position nearer Petro-"grad," and of being able to "resist forces ten times as strong as KERENSKY'S." A victor does not usually "evacuate" a captured city to avoid bloodshed and take up a "defensive position," nor does he speak of his ability to "resist" the defeated army.

KERENSKY, unless this proclamation of MOURAVIEFF'S was a forgery, still had the advantage in spite of his defeat; but within two days he is about to surrender, and to avoid it escapes in disguise. What happened? There are two things that afford a ground for conjecture. The reports of that "historic night" of TROTZKY'S describe it as if it had been a great battle, but all mention that "only a few" of the Bolsheviki forces were killed; they dwell on the number of wounded and on the number of the Cossacks' horses that they "toppled over." From their descriptions it is certain that the Cossacks made only one charge, and the language used indicates that the horsemen retired after the first volley. The other significant thing is General KRASNOFF'S account of his conversation with KERENSKY about surrender, in which the Premier charged him with treachery and alleged that the Cossacks were going to give KERENSKY up. KRASNOFF admitted the charges, according to his own story, and when he himself surrendered he was immediately released.

The "battle" at Gatchina, then, was no such great event as the excited TROTZKY imagined. Just as KORNILOFF'S forces melted away when he marched on Petrograd, so did KERENSKY'S, except that KORNILOFF was not deserted on any such large scale. The "battle" was not much more than a charge made for form's sake by the Cossacks. There were few casualties. KERENSKY'S men were already inclined to abandon him, and their commander, KRASNOFF, convinced them after the "battle" of Gatchina that this was the course to pursue.

KERENSKY evidently did not succeed in raising more than an insignificant number of the soldiers, and these were discontented with their rôle. As for the fighting in Moscow, that, like the fighting in Petrograd, was more street fighting between rival mobs.

What was the cause of KERENSKY'S utter failure? Apparently it was that his cause was his own and no other man's. By temporizing with the Bolsheviki he had alienated and disgusted all other factions. The latter, even the old aristocracy, are said to have joined with the Bolsheviki in putting an end to him, and though this would be incredible in any other country it is not incredible in Russia. A newspaper correspondent who has journeyed from the Caucasus to Petrograd reports that nowhere did he hear a friendly word for KERENSKY.

This, however, only scratches the surface of the situation. It was reported that the Cossacks had taken possession of Southern Russia and charged themselves with the duty of maintaining order there; and there is no information to the contrary from Petrograd. The fight between KERENSKY and the Bolsheviki seems to have been only a dismal comedy; but what is going on in Southern Russia? The same correspondent reports that he found everywhere a longing for some one who would restore order and really govern. Are the Cossacks, are the Chevaliers of St. George, preparing to step in? The news famine from Petrograd is eased a little, but still we hear nothing of KORNILOFF or KALEDINES, or of anything that happened more than a few miles from the capital. It is possible that KORNILOFF and KALEDINES, too, abandoned KERENSKY, or that they never were working with him at all; that they are concerning themselves with preparing to build up order in Russia, beginning with the south, and were not linking their labors to the doomed fortunes of the falling Premier. The Bolsheviki are still impossible, and the situation still calls loudly for a man.

ART NOTES.

First Exhibition of the League of Young Sculptors.

The first exhibition of the works of the American League of Young Sculptors is open at the Gorham Galleries. The exhibitors are a group of young men who have worked with prominent sculptors and recently have organized an association among themselves for exhibition and other collaborative purposes. Their work shows that they have something to say and know rather well how to say it. Olympio Brindisi has made a rabbit as compact as an Egyptian cat, and full of rabbit character, lacking only the snap that a sculptor perfectly certain of his powers would have been able to put into the tail or a single ear, perhaps. Erwin F. Frey's "Blue Dancer" is a fine performance, with movement and rhythm and a beautiful unity of line. There is humor in the feet of the figure designed for a door knocker by Edmond Quettrocchi, and "Seal at Leisure" by Emilio Angelo is a richly amusing bit of comment on animal nature. The portraits by Duane de Champlain are thoughtfully observed. Abraham Rosenstein does, perhaps, the most serious work of the exhibition in his "Truckman" and sketch for the theme "War Brides." Both figures show that the artist has studied and thought to much purpose and has followed in the footsteps of no one individual. The other exhibitors are Marius Azzi, Leo Bayman, Salvatore E. Fiorio, Anthony de Francisci, Karl H. Gruppe, Charles A. Hafner, George J. Lober, Harrison Meserole, James Novelli, Nathan Potter, and Vincent Salerno. The exhibition lasts until Dec. 1.

Stuart, Sully, and West.

At the Ehrich Galleries is an exhibition of paintings by Gilbert Stuart, Thomas Sully, and Benjamin West, constituting the third and last of their exhibition series of early American paintings. West was the master of Sully and Stuart, and the one picture by him is lent. It represents the artist painting a portrait of his wife and has not before been on exhibition in this country. The characterization is very fine and amazing enough to those who know West only by his historical pictures. There are eleven Sullys, the rather trying and elaborate "Christ Blessing Little Children" serving to show the direction in which the painter of torn hats most conspicuously failed. This is balanced by the charming portrait of the Sicard-David children, honeyed in color, and fair and limpid, just the sort of thing to establish a portrait painter in the hearts of his sitters and their families. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Johnson are more pungent performances, and there is an interesting copy of Stuart's "Miss Blodgett," which again shows the less gifted painter as missing the root of the matter and sadly blurring Stuart's clean precision of statement. The best of the eight Stuarts are perhaps the two portraits of Isaac Van der Beek and his wife, who was Rachael Ryerson, and sister of the great grandmother of Martin Ryerson, the American collector. These portraits are unusually firm and solid for Stuart's glancing brush and have a certain sturdiness of character in keeping with the brushwork. The exhibition lasts until Nov. 22.

A Lecture by Professor Osvald Siren.

Professor Osvald Siren will lecture in aid of the American National Red Cross on the paintings of the Italian Loan Exhibition, now open at 725 Fifth Avenue, and on paintings related to them. The lecture will take place in one of the rooms of the exhibition on Nov. 21, beginning at 8:30 P. M. The admission fee, which goes to the Red Cross, will be $3. The seating capacity will be limited to one hundred and twenty and early reservations are requested. Professor Siren contributes his services. The very large number of people interested in early Italian art will welcome the opportunity to hear so high an authority in this field with original pictures at hand for reference and comparison. The exhibition, which has already been noticed in these columns, contains important works from the collection of J. Pierpont Morgan, Otto H. Kahn, Dan Fellows Platt, Philip Lehman and many other prominent art collectors. Professor Siren was in this country two years ago to expertise the Jarves Collection at Yale University and is known here also by his valuable work on Leonardo da Vinci as well as by his contributions to such art periodicals as the Burlington Magazine and Art in America.

The Rumor Nuisance.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am not a traveling man, but I have heard enough fake rumors right here in the metropolitan district to make the patriotic blood of any true American citizen boil with indignation, and I would like to add to Mr. Spargo's suggestion that if a "loyal legion" is formed it include every man and woman in these United States of loyal instincts.

C. K. [illegible]

[illegible] City, Nov. 15, 1917.

THE PICKETS IN PRISON.

No Sympathy for Them Even Among Suffragists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I want to voice my protest against such propaganda as has just been sent forth by members of the National Woman's Party, women who are sympathizers and supporters of the "pickets" recently arrested in Washington. Such women, and the women clamoring for peace—for peace when America must fight to the finish or return to the Dark Ages!—represent but a small part of the Suffrage Party. The majority combine ideals with big ideas, for they are of the larger vision who follow the Golden Rule, which alone dominates democracy.

The following extracts are from a letter signed by Lucy Burns, representing the National Woman's Party:

Miss Paul and Miss Winslow began a hunger strike last Tuesday to secure for their comrades treatment accorded political prisoners in every civilized country but our own. Even in prerevolutionary Russia the rights to buy paper and books, to receive mail, to buy food were given to men and women imprisoned for political activities. Prison officials directed by the Administration have been trying to break down Miss Paul's resistance by forcibly feeding her. It seems incredible that the authorities would go to that length rather than give honorable treatment to a woman. It ought to be a point of honor with the Administration to deal with them with the greatest consideration. Will you not protest against this barbarous treatment of a political offender?

They have been treated with the greatest consideration. Our President has been terribly burdened with momentous issues of war. The women who have hounded him have increased his burdens and have shown him none of the consideration which he has so lavished upon them during their campaign for votes. They are intelligent women, too. They have enjoyed to the full the advantages of an enlightened democracy. Is there, then, any excuse for the harm they have done and for incensing the loyal thinking public against a really splendid body of women whom they so unworthily represent?

As one of the ardent supporters of the suffrage cause and a member of the national party, I deplore the fact that when the day dawns for "Votes for Women" such women cannot be banished from the polls.

These women refer to Russia. They have long enjoyed the privileges of education and environment denied the Russians. In what strange manner, then, do they demonstrate their appreciation of their land of the free? America's really unselfish subjects are bleeding for the cause of justice above all else just now—the justice which these women are to enjoy—the justice which bespeaks a new day of freedom for all the world, the dawning of which their methods are postponing. By their self-centredness they are misguidedly injuring a cause intended for the development of broader laws for our beloved country.

FAY SIMMONS DAVIS.

Montclair, N. J., Nov. 15, 1917.

German Methods in China.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Early in the Winter of 1913, accompanied by an artillery officer who served during the Boxer uprising, I visited the scene of some of the German looting in Peking. Although I learned rather in detail about the occasion, it did not begin to impress me as did looting of another sort then under way in the city of Tsinanfu. The hotel at which I stayed was on a German "concession." With its various unnecessary and unused buildings, it sprawled over at least twenty times as much land as was legitimately required.

The proprietor of the house, a German, unbosomed himself to the extent of saying that his was a dull and lonesome life. Having observed that he had practically no guests, I sympathized to the point of suggesting that business must be a problem for him here. "Oh, no! Not that! Not at all! But, of course, I could not stay here if the German Government did not pay me to do so. My country will one day be strong here, and we must hold all the land we can get."

Perhaps, in appearance at least, looting of that character is less repulsive than the other; but, when we consider all the facts, is it any more sportsmanlike or decent—or safe? The present seems to be a providential opportunity for certain people in South America to do some conclusive thinking upon that question.

EDWARD J. WEBSTER.

New York, Nov. 15, 1917.

The Mining Regiment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have heard from different sources regarding a dispatch appearing in THE TIMES a week or two ago under a Washington date line and relating to the organization of a mining regiment by the Corps of Engineers for service abroad. The article conveyed the idea that the lame, the halt, and the blind went into its makeup. Nothing could be further from the facts. It is as fine a body of two-fisted, red-blooded, fighting Americans of the better sort as ever graced the uniform of the United States Army, volunteers every one of them. Athletes these, proud of their strength and of their ability to do; college men, engineers, miners from the hills of Arizona, Montana, and California, where the air is clear and bracing and the old American strain and spirit holds forth as it does in no other section—men trained to the minute, proud of their calling and proud and ready to fight, above ground or below, on the far-flung "first line" in France. No slackers these. We need and want more men of their kind.

N. J. E. WELSH,
Captain 27th Engineers, N. A.

Camp Meade, Md., Nov. 14, 1917.

BALLAD OF BROKEN THINGS.

The toy no skillful fingers may repair
Is dearer far in tearful childish eyes
Than all remaining treasures whole and fair,
For here is tragedy that beautifies.
The broken doll assumes heroic guise—
Puts on a halo and an angel's wings.
The saints must die before we canonize—
The broken things are the immortal things!

Yea, shattered gods the heart of man ensnare;
'Tis the scarred loveliness we praise and prize;
To wreck and ruin fealty we swear—
How near one's soul the Coliseum lies!
And see, ere straining flight may scale the skies,
Ere she may know her life's true wakenings,
From ashes must the fabled bird arise—
The broken things are the immortal things!

Ruin and dust and ashes of despair—
On these we build our shrines; and here our cries
Of adoration and exalted prayer,
Ascending like the smoke of sacrifice,
Halo waste lands and homes. On dying sighs
Are wafted seeds of perfect flowerings:
The Christ accepted death, and He was wise—
The broken things are the immortal things!

L'ENVOI

O Belgium! There is victory that dies,
Power that undermines the thrones of kings;
Fear not defeat; disaster glorifies—
The broken things are the immortal things!

BLANCHE [illegible].

THE CASE AGAINST PEACE "BY UNDERSTANDING."

A Belief That Germany Can Be and Should Be Defeated Based on Observations in That Country.

By JOHN R. KNIPFING,
Instructor in European History, Ohio State University.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Even the most cursory perusal of publications as heterogeneous as the German language press, the socialistic and the radically enlightened will convince the reader of their hearty accord on the question of peace; all three are agitating the discussion of an early negotiated peace. Their motives, however, in propagating this view are quite different. Publications of the first category probably see in this program the readiest salvation of Germany and the Germans. The Socialists are actuated primarily by their utopian idealism and the dread lest a continuance of the war may lead to the increased exploitation of the proletariat by the capitalistic interests. The radically enlightened, influenced no doubt by genuinely patriotic motives, have grounded their attitude not upon any academic defense of the constitutional right of freedom of public utterance, but solely upon the plea of national expediency.

This appeal, it seems, is based upon three fundamental assumptions. First, that it is impossible to effect the absolute military defeat of the Central Powers. Second, that a nation-wide discussion at the present moment of the specific terms upon which the United States might make peace "by understanding" would clarify our war aims, unify national sentiment and effort, and aid our Government in precluding serious political, economic, diplomatic, or military blunders. Third, that President Wilson's announcement that the United States will not make peace with the German Government as it is at present constituted is to be interpreted in the sense that any measures taken by the German people and providing for the immediate democratization of the Imperial German Government will remove every valid objection to a conference of American and German peace delegates for the purpose of terminating the war.

The pernicious consequences of spreading the belief that Germany cannot be decisively beaten on land and sea are patent to all. At home such an assumption would largely negative our tremendous military, naval, and economic preparations of today, for without a hearty co-operation of the nation's spiritual and intellectual forces with its physical and material efforts no war of any magnitude can be won. Abroad the effect would doubtless be an entirely unmanageable increase of dissaffection among the discontented elements of Great Britain, France, Italy, and Russia, and a remarkable strengthening of morale in Mitteleuropa. I believe, moreover, on the basis of my personal observations of German conditions, particularly economic and military, that such an assumption is fundamentally false.

During the past Winter in Germany I saw indications on every hand pointing to the gradual but increasing economic exhaustion of Germany. The food situation has reached the stage of serious privation, but not of actual starvation—it is but one of a host of contributing factors. Even more significant was the obvious deterioration of rolling stock and machinery, the great scarcity of leather, of woolen, cotton and linen wearing apparel, of copper, tin, lubricating oils, glycerin, and nitrates, and the coal shortage prevailing throughout Germany from the middle of January until March of this year. Furthermore, the depletion in numbers of Germany's total male fighting population seems to be proceeding slowly but surely. Last December I gathered first-hand information on the casualties suffered by the Bavarian villages of Volkach-am-Main and Kollitzheim. It showed that Volkach, with a population of 2,000, had lost thirty-eight dead (prisoners or missing not included) and Kollitzheim, with a population of 600, had fifteen dead between August, 1914, and December, 1916.

A nation-wide discussion of the definite terms on the basis of which the United States might be willing at the present time to make a negotiated peace with Germany would not be salutary in its effects on the nation's belligerent activities. Nor am I convinced that a nation at war will be considerably aided by the discussions on war aims of its publicists in avoiding political, economic, diplomatic or military blunders. The classic proof cited in support of this contention is that of the Paris Economic Conference, repudiated by President Wilson in his recent reply to Pope Benedict XV. I was in Italy when the discussion as to the feasibility of such an economic agreement was occupying the columns of the Italian press, and I then gained the distinct impression that it was precisely the force of Italian public opinion as expressed by the Roman and North Italian press which forced the hand of the Italian Government.

The view that a discussion at the present time of our war aims would promote the common weal rests upon the assumption either that our Government has not, up to now, outlined a sufficiently specific program for peace or that the conditions for peace actually proclaimed by the White House are impossible of fulfillment. Nothing, however, could have expressed more clearly our nation's war aims than President Wilson's declaration to the Pope that peace will come only when the German people shall demonstrate by a repudiation of the German Government as now constituted their sense of moral and international obligation. Publicists have failed for the most part in laying the emphasis of this condition where it properly belongs, with the German people and not with the German Government. It calls for a genuine change of heart on the part of the German people, no temporary and insincere makeshift in the formal constitution of the German Imperial Government. It calls for a complete renunciation by the Germans of their ruthless spirit of political aggressiveness.

Up to March of this year, certainly, I saw in Germany no indication of a change in this psychological state of aggressive nationalism. Had the German people been then requested to decide by referendum for or against territorial annexations and penalizing indemnities, probably 90 per cent. of the total male and female population would have voted in the affirmative. I heard Professors Heisenberg of Munich and Brandenburg of Leipsic address two large gatherings of National Liberals in Munich last Winter, the vast majority of whom approved with deafening applause the pleas of both speakers for territorial annexations at the expense of Belgium, Russia, Serbia, and Rumania, and for the speedy inauguration of the policy of ruthless submarine warfare. A round dozen table companions in my bourgeois Munich pension signified their unanimous approval of such a program. This aggressive political attitude I found coupled with a most intense spirit of bitterness toward America and the Americans, even before the fateful submarine blockade pronunciamento of the 1st of February. For example, at the opening of the Winter semester of the University of Munich in November last one of the professors refused to permit me to attend his seminary in Mediaeval History on the sole ground that I was an American. Again, during a visit last December to the Bavarian War Museum I noticed a shell fragment under exhibition in a large glass case in the main hall. A large placard identified the shell as one of American manufacture which had exploded at Lodsk on the Russian front in the Summer of 1915 among a group of German soldiers and seriously wounded several. My ears still tingle with indignation when I recall the execrations and maledictions pronounced by groups of museum visitors against "das geldsüchtige Amerika." After our break of diplomatic relations with Germany, on Feb. 3, it was not uncommon to hear in Munich and Berlin the expression: "Gott strafe England und der Teufel hole Amerika."

A peace negotiation in the immediate future with a people continuing in the possession of such a spirit of national aggressiveness and vindictiveness would in no wise reflect the motive which impelled us to enter this world struggle to make war upon war. As the situation now stands, such a withdrawal on our part from the war would be tantamount to a confession of national impotency, to a perversion for our future generations of our essentially peaceful pre-war institutions to the program of everlasting military preparedness and vast conscript armies. We are now in the war and we must see it through to a genuinely successful conclusion. Our end is the moral regeneration of the German people in their international dealings. The only means at present promising a due measure of success is that of carrying the fight to them until they shall be compelled by consulting their "Kriegskarte" to renounce the fight as a losing game, and in consequence to pledge themselves to reform their evil international ways. The stakes are big, but the reward is great, for we are struggling to safeguard the most precious contribution to progress of modern history. It was Ernest Renan, I believe, who once wrote (in his "Souvenirs d'enfance et de jeunesse") that the evolution of the human spirit is the best indication of modern progress, and that the recognition of the individual's rights to religious, civic, and political liberty is precisely the most singular manifestation of this spiritual development. Without national and international liberty, however, the rights of the individual cannot be safeguarded. The deduction follows that the United States in entering the war with such ideals has thereby announced to the world its disinterested concern for the security of human liberty and modern civilization.

JOHN R. KNIPFING.

Ohio State University, Columbus, Nov. 13, 1917.

From Thomas W. Churchill

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial of today you impute to me a readiness to discountenance sedition in the schools. Among the thirty-four members present, I voted for the suspension of the three teachers under definite charges. I voted alone against the transfer of the six teachers, because the penalty, if they were guiltless, was too heavy, and if they were guilty was too light.

Let me again make myself clear. No charges were made against the six teachers transferred. The President of the Board of Education and the Chairman of the High School Committee declared that the transfers were not based on any allegations savoring of disloyalty. The Associate Superintendent in charge of high schools indicated through suggestion and innuendo that the six teachers were tainted with "negative loyalty." Thus the unpatriotic quality of the six teachers was disclosed as the real motive for the transfers. I, therefore, opposed the transfers on the ground that, if the teachers disseminated treasonable theories or doubtful doctrines in one school, the evil was not corrected but aggravated by opportunity for dissemination in several schools.

I took the ground that disloyalty, active or otherwise, is too heinous an offense to be punished or cured by transfer. If any of the six teachers is disloyal or not loyal to the fullest measure that teacher should be dismissed. A transfer with such implications is tantamount to an accusation without opportunity to the accused to be heard.

You have seen fit to allude to me as a "Tammany educator," and to ask whether or not my vote might not "foreshadow the policy of Judge Hylan's Board of Education." Your slur is unworthy. Your apprehension predicated on my vote is groundless. I am no more a "Tammany educator" than I am a "Tammany parent," nor have I ever permitted politics to interfere with the fulfillment of the obligations of my oath as a member of the Board of Education. My vote was dictated solely by my individual sense of duty. I am alone responsible for it. It indicates no policy of the incoming board, for, as I have stated in public and in private, I can conceive of nothing that would warrant the ignoring of my many other obligations and changing my resolution to quit this alluring service at the expiration of my term of office on Dec. 31 next.

THOMAS W. CHURCHILL,
Member Board of Education.

New York, Nov. 16, 1917.

The Bad Effect of Mourning.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The interesting article in THE TIMES of Nov. 14, advocating the wearing of proper insignia, such as a gold star, rather than mourning as a result of casualties during the war, leads me to call to your attention a statement made by James W. Sullivan, a prominent member of the Typographical Union and assistant to Samuel Gompers, Chairman of the Committee on Labor of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense, at a meeting, June 28 last, in the Munsey Building, Washington, D. C. He said:

All France is in mourning. It is not only a depressing sight, but it is a great tax upon the people. If the French had, at the beginning of the war, declined to wear mourning for the dead, the poor would have saved tens of millions of dollars. In France, a wife with three children not only puts mourning on herself, but has them don it. I know of one case where a great sacrifice was made, even to the limitation of diet, to make this change in dress. Not only would it be as depressing here as in France to view a large number of black clad women and families, but it would give the German sympathizers one more reason to picture the gloomy aspect of war. The natural thing would be to wear a band of black upon the sleeve. If we are in for a two or three years' war, it is worth considering.

Mr. Sullivan spent considerable time in France and Italy before coming back to this country in April and speaks from personal knowledge of the effect of wearing mourning. While he dreads the horrors of war as much as any extreme pacifist, he is first a loyal American citizen, and would have inaugurated every possible effort in the interest of the defense of the United States, but believes that steps should be taken to prevent unnecessary gloom and discouragement. The psychological effect upon the American soldiers in Paris, according to recent accounts, is bad.

GERTRUDE [illegible].

New York, Nov. 16, 1917.

MISS OCHS WEDS LIEUT. SULZBERGER

Quiet Home Wedding—Bride Is Daughter of Publisher of The Times.

WILL LIVE AT SPARTANBURG

Bridegroom Is Stationed at Camp Wadsworth—Leave for South After Ceremony.

The wedding of Miss Iphigene Bertha Ochs, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Adolph S. Ochs, and Lieutenant Arthur Hays Sulzberger, was solemnized at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents, 308 West Seventy-fifth Street.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman of Temple Emanu-El, in the presence of the near relatives of the bride and bridegroom and intimate friends. The floral decorations of the house were roses and chrysanthemums.

The bride, whose father gave her in marriage, wore a gown of ivory satin and silver brocade, the brocade forming the bodice and a deep girdle effect, the skirt having satin panels. The train, depending from the shoulders, was made of tulle and old point de Brussels lace which belonged to the bride's mother.

The veil of tulle was caught up by a narrow bandeau of orange blossoms worn at the back of the coiffure, and enveloped the figure in voluminous folds, falling over the face. The bride's only ornament was a pearl necklace, the gift of her parents. She carried a bouquet of white orchids and lilies of the valley.

Miss Ursula Squier, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. Bentley Squier, was the bridesmaid. She was gowned in pale pink and blue chiffon, with a picture hat, and carried a bouquet of pink roses.

The pages, both 4 years old, were Master John Bertram Oakes, cousin of the bride, and Master Cyrus Leo Sulzberger, a nephew of the bridegroom. They appeared in sailor suits.

Captain Julius Ochs Adler, U. S. O. R. C., the bride's cousin, was best man for Lieutenant Sulzberger. Both wore their service uniforms, with sabres.

The ushers were David M. Heyman, Edward S. Greenbaum, Leo Sulzberger, and David Hays Sulzberger.

Mrs. Ochs, the bride's mother, wore a Princess gown of mastic velvet embroidered in a design of dull silver. The mother of the bridegroom, Mrs. Sulzberger, wore a gown of blue and gray chiffon.

After the ceremony Lieutenant Sulzberger and his bride left for a trip through the South before going to Spartanburg, S. C., where Mr. Sulzberger will resume his duties at Camp Wadsworth on Nov. 25, being Second Lieutenant, Field Artillery, Officers' Reserve Corps, U. S. A.

The bride's going-away gown was made of military blue duvetyn, trimmed with seal, with a toque and muff to match. She is the only child of the publisher of THE NEW YORK TIMES, and is a member of the Board of Directors of The New York Times Company, and of the Chattanooga (Tenn.) Times Company. She is a graduate of Barnard College, class of '14, and has taken an active part in the work of several charitable associations.

Lieutenant Sulzberger is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus L. Sulzberger of 516 West End Avenue, and was graduated from Columbia University, class of '13. He is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution, and is a great-great-grandson of Lieutenant Benjamin Mendes Seixas of the Continental Army of the American Revolution. He has been active in communal work, and for a time was President of the Jewish Big Brother Association.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Mrs. George J. Helmer of Nyack, N. Y., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss May Helmer, to Arthur Currie Tucker of this city, son of the late Arthur C. Tucker and a grandson of George Washington Tucker. Miss Helmer was graduated from Vassar, class of '15. Mr. Tucker is now at Camp Wadsworth.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Griffiths of Westfield, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Louise Griffiths, to J. Edward Atkins, also of Westfield. Mr. Atkins is serving in the Mine Sweeping Division of the United States Naval Reserve Force.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard P. Davenport of Glen Ridge, N. J., have told of the betrothal of their daughter, Miss Mildred Davenport, to Lieutenant Frank L. Walton of Springfield, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. John G. Campbell of St. James School, Maryland, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Margaret Dunscombe de Rougé, to Lieutenant Thomas Wolcott Little, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Little of Hartford, Conn.

The engagement of Miss Alma Townsend Coons, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Coons of Montclair, N. J., to James Redman Munoz, was announced during the week at a luncheon given by Miss Isabel Munoz at Sherry's. Mr. Munoz is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Sigmona C. Munoz of New York.

Wedding Notes.

Miss Louise Dickinson, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Gordon K. Dickinson of Jersey City, and Edward F. Swenson of Albany will be married in St. Thomas's Church, this city, on Dec. 8, at 4 o'clock, with a reception following at the Hotel Gotham.

The marriage of Miss Anna Hammer, daughter of Mrs. Pauline Hammer, and Samuel B. Mandel, both of Brooklyn, will take place today at noon in the yacht room of the Hotel Astor.

Mrs. Charles Harmon Paddock of this city announces the marriage of her daughter, Miss Harriet Sibley Paddock, to Leo Alexander, which took place on Nov. 14 in New York.

CAMP LIFE AT HIPPODROME.

Men of the National Army Will Be the Actors.

Life at Camp Upton as it is today will be shown at afternoon and evening performances at the Hippodrome on Sunday, Dec. 9, the men of the 305th Regiment, now in training at the camp, being the actors of the various scenes. According to an advance statement, spectators will be able to see just how the men live in camp, what they do by way of work and play, and what kind of men make up the rank and file of the new national army.

The first scene will show a body of men at Fourteenth Street and Broadway on their way to the camp before undergoing training. The same men at camp, tumbling from their barracks to respond to reveille, will be in the next scene. Then will come drill, and after it a camp-fire scene outside the barracks in the evening. In this will be introduced the regiment's talent, which is said to be noteworthy. There will be singing, gymnastic stunts, instrumental music and recitations. The music of the show will be furnished by the regiment's band.

The purpose of the two performances is to raise money for a regimental assembly hall. Owing to the demand upon the recreation and assembly quarters provided by the Y. M. C. A. and the Knights of Columbus, the men of the 305th Regiment recently expressed a desire to have their own hall, and their Commander, Colonel W. R. Smedberg, Jr., after consultation with Lieutenant James E. Schuyler of Company I, agreed to the Hippodrome show. The sale of tickets for either performance will begin at the Hippodrome next Wednesday, and applications for seats can be sent to Lieutenant Colonel James C. Rhea, 305th Regiment, Camp Upton.

McADOO GRANTS EXTENSION

Prolongs Time for Filing of Certain Income Tax Returns.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Secretary McAdoo today approved an extension of the time in which to file returns of income by nonresident alien individuals and corporations and American citizens residing or traveling abroad until ninety days after the end of the war. The announcement of this action follows:

"The provisions of TD 2443, Feb. 12, 1917, (from time to time amplified and extended to include Nov. 1, 1917,) granting to nonresident alien individuals and corporations and American citizens residing abroad who because of war conditions may not have been able to file their returns of income for 1916, are hereby amended so as to extend the time in which returns for 1916 and subsequent years may be filed, for such period as may be necessary to and including ninety days after the proclamation of the President of the United States announcing the close of the war with Germany.

"In all such cases there is required to be attached to the return an affidavit stating the cause or causes of delay in filing returns of income within the time required by law, in order that, upon the showing made, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue may determine whether the failure to file returns in time was due to a reasonable cause and not to willful neglect. When the showing justifies a conclusion that the failure to file returns in time is excusable, no penalty by way of addition to tax will be imposed."

The "Walpurgis Night" Ballet.

Gounod's "Faust," in the current Metropolitan revival, restores Goethe's episode of the Walpurgis night revels, always included a generation ago, when "Faust" was sung in German. On Jan. 20, 1886, the ballet was danced in a performance at which Lilli Lehmann sang as Gretchen, Emil Fischer as Mephistopheles, and Herr Stritt as Faust, the title rôle being later taken by Max Alvary.

About the same time, in 1886, when Mrs. Thurber's American company was at the old Academy of Music, there was an elaborate production of the "Faust" ballet, with distinguished solo dancers, conducted by Theodore Thomas.

The scenery and staging of the Walpurgis night in the old Metropolitan production were classical in design, with a large Grecian temple in the background, much resembling the Night of the Classical Sabbath in Boïto's "Mefistofele." This, of course, was in marked contrast with Sir Henry Irving's mounting of the same scene in the dramatic version of "Faust."

IN THE CURRENT WEEK.

TODAY.

Dr. Louis S. Friedland will speak on "The Russian Idea of Democracy" at the Mount Morris Baptist Church at 10 A. M.

Saul J. Cohn will speak on "What the Recent British Declaration Means to the Jews" before the Harlem Forum in Wadleigh High School at 10:45 A. M.

Professor William Lyon Phelps of Yale will speak on "The Drama of Today" at the morning service of the Free Synagogue in Carnegie Hall.

Congressman Walter M. Chandler will speak on "How the War Came to America" at the unfurling of the service flag of the Harlem-New York Presbyterian Church at 11 A. M.

H. Russos, the Greek Minister at Washington, will speak at a mass meeting under the auspices of the Relief Committee for Greeks of Asia Minor at the Amsterdam Opera House at 3 P. M.

Dr. Frank Crane will speak on "The Soul and the Great War—Team Work" at the men's meeting of the West Side Y. M. C. A. at 4 P. M.

Three orphan boys, the wards of the Hebrew National Orphan House, will be the guests of honor at a dinner arranged by the Ladies' Auxiliary of the House at Beethoven Hall in the evening.

Dr. James P. Warbasse will address the People's Institute on "Co-operation, the Revolutionary Movement," at Cooper Union at 8 P. M.

J. Edward Morgan of the Mooney Defense League will talk about "The Mooney Case" before the Public Forum in the Church of the Ascension at 8 P. M.

The Right Rev. Charles B. Colmore, Episcopal Bishop of Porto Rico, will speak at Grace Episcopal Church, Hastings-on-Hudson, on the relation of Porto Rico to the war at 8 P. M.

Thomas W. Churchill and William Wirt, the Gary expert, are announced to speak at the Brooklyn Forum, 4 Court Square, at 8 P. M.

Henri La Fontaine will present "The Case for Belgium" to the Sunday Evening Forum of the Free Synagogue at 36 West Sixty-eighth Street at 8:15 P. M.

Salon De Leon of the American Association for Labor Legislation will speak on "Women's Health Insurance" at the University Settlement Forum at 8:15 P. M.

MONDAY.

Lieutenant Bruno Roselli of General Cadorna's staff and Major Donald Guthrie of the Canadian Army will address the Bedford Section Defense League in the Bedford Presbyterian Church at 8 P. M.

Professor Robert H. Fife, Jr., will lecture on "Martin Luther After 400 Years" in Earl Hall, Columbia University, under the auspices of the Deutscher Verein at 8:15 P. M.

The thirtieth annual dinner of the Presbyterian Union of New York will be at the Hotel Astor in the evening.

Bishop David H. Greer and George W. Perkins will speak at the dedication of the Central Branch building of the Young Women's Christian Association, at Fifty-third Street and Lexington Avenue, at 8:15 P. M.

There will be a scientific meeting of the Section of Geology and Mineralogy of the New York Academy of Sciences at the American Museum of Natural History at 8:15 P. M.

Dr. Robert Grimshaw will address the Bronx Union Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association under the auspices of the National Security League on "How We Can Win the War" in the evening.

Mrs. Madeline R. Godfrey will give an entertainment to the soldiers and sailors stationed in the Brooklyn Navy Yard at the Young Men's Christian Association, 167 Sands Street, Brooklyn.

TUESDAY.

The annual conference of International Superintendents of the International Association of Daily Vacation Bible Schools will open in the Bible House at 2 P. M.

The Admiral Dewey Council, 354, Knights of Columbus, will give a patriotic entertainment at Prospect Hall, Brooklyn, in the evening.

The forty-ninth annual convention mass meeting of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party will be held at the Metropolitan Opera House in the evening.

Representatives of electrical contracting interests will attend a meeting to discuss co-operation at the Madison Square Garden Theatre in the evening.

The annual theatre party given by the Woman's Auxiliary Board of the New York Polyclinic Hospital will be at the Lyceum Theatre. The proceeds of the benefit will be set aside for beds in the hospital for army and navy uses.

WEDNESDAY.

The fourth annual exhibition of the work of the St. Hilda Guild will open in the offices of Bertram Grosvenor Goodhue at 2 West Forty-seventh Street at 10 A. M.

Invitations have been sent out for an inspection of the New Training School Building for Nurses of the German Hospital, between 3 and 5 P. M.

Captain Dugmore and Colonel W. T. Stewart, both of the Canadian Army, will address St. George's Auxiliary No. 7, American Red Cross, at 207 East Sixteenth Street, 4 P. M.

There will be a woman citizen dinner under the auspices of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party at the Biltmore in the evening.

Gaston Liebert, French Consul General in New York; Viscount Ishii and Charles M. Schwab are announced to speak at the annual dinner of the Fifth Avenue Association at the Waldorf-Astoria in the evening.

The Foreign Commerce Club of New York will hold its monthly meeting at the Hotel McAlpin in the evening.

The Lutheran Missionary Society will hold a mass meeting in the Church of the Advent at 8:15 P. M.

The Home Defense League of the 152d Precinct will hold a smoker at Sumner Hall, Brooklyn, in the evening.

THURSDAY.

The New York City Colony, New England Women, will hold its first literary meeting of the season at the Waldorf-Astoria at 2 P. M.

There will be a concert and ball at Delmonico's for the benefit of the Ecole Maternelle Française in the evening.

FRIDAY.

Miss Jessie Ashley, LL. M., will address the Woman's Law Club at the Hotel McAlpin in the afternoon.

Henry Collins Brown will deliver a lecture on "Old New York" under the auspices of the Washington Headquarters' Association of the D. A. R. at the Jumel Mansion at 8 P. M.

The first annual dance of the Women's Military Reserve will be held at Floral Garden in the evening.

Everett Dean Martin will talk on "What It Means to Live in an Unfinished World" before the People's Institute in Cooper Union at 8 P. M.

SATURDAY.

A mass meeting to enroll men and women in the International Zionist Organization will be held at the Morris High School at 8 P. M.

Charles E. Hughes and James W. Gerard will speak at the twenty-second annual reunion and dinner of the Thomas Hunter Association ...

RODIN, FAMOUS SCULPTOR, DEAD

Frenchman Distinguished for His Realism Dies at His Villa Near Paris at 77.

FOUGHT CRITICS 50 YEARS

His "La France" Presented by France to America—"The Thinker" in Metropolitan Museum.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—Auguste Rodin, the famous sculptor, died in his villa at Meudon, in the outskirts of Paris, after an illness of a few days.

Had he lived, M. Rodin would have been elected a member of the Academy of Fine Arts by almost a unanimous vote a week from today.

Paul Laurens, the painter, said of Auguste Rodin: "He belongs to the race of those men who march alone."

And for most of the seventy-seven years of his life the great sculptor marched alone, first battling his way against the adversities of relentless poverty and hostile criticism and, in the latter years of his life, alone at the head of an international army of enthusiastic admirers.

When Rodin presented one of his early pieces to the Academy of Fine Arts he was told that his work did not "exhibit any evidence of talent," and some fifty years or so later critics in many places were hailing him as the greatest sculptor of the world—save Michael Angelo—since Pheidias and Praxiteles. He faced starvation in his youth because he could not sell his statues, and in October, 1916, the French Chamber of Deputies accepted his gift of his works and art collections, valued at $400,000, and gave him for life the use of the Biron mansion in Paris, which became known through the Parliamentary act as the Rodin Museum.

François Auguste Rodin was born in Paris on Nov. 12, 1840, of wretchedly poor parents. He entered a free drawing school in the Latin Quarter at the age of 14 and, after several years of study, made a model in clay of one of his companions, with which he tried to win entrance to the Academy of Fine Arts. He failed. Some time later he tried again, and again was denied. A third attempt resulted in the third failure.

His First Masterpiece.

Rodin was not discouraged by his failures at the Academy of Fine Arts. He had no means, and was obliged to consort with the very poorest in Paris, yet he struggled on and submitted his work at every public examination that was held, always without success. Fortunately he came at last under the notice of Barye, the painter and sculptor of animals, who carried his artistic education to the point from which Rodin could pursue it alone. At the age of 23, before embarking on a determined struggle to fame and fortune, the future sculptor married. This move served as an incentive, and spurred him on in his task, for in less than twelve months he had produced his first masterpiece, entitled "L'homme au nez cassé." This was submitted to the judges at the Salon in 1864 and promptly refused; he took it home and treasured it carefully. One of his first cares when, in after years his countrymen had recognized his talent, was to have this bust cast in bronze, in which form it crossed the Channel, and was shown at the Grosvenor Gallery in 1881.

After the Franco-German war, during which he was forced to endure the siege of Paris, Rodin migrated to Brussels, where he executed a great deal of work, besides sending two busts to the Paris Salon; both were accepted, and were placed on exhibition in 1875. Two years later the master was further recognized with the "Age d'Airain," or "Primeval Man," which represents one of the first inhabitants of our world, physically perfect, but in the infancy of comprehension. The claims of this amazing statue could not be overlooked by the Salon committee when Rodin brought the work to Paris. So realistic, indeed, was it, that some of the sculptor's critics hinted that the figure must have been molded from the living model.

He Aimed for Realism.

But Rodin was not yet free from harsh criticism and ridicule. The school of orthodoxy in sculpture was as hostile to him as were the orthodox musicians to Wagner. Rodin did not idealize his subjects, but aimed for realism, going to nature for his inspiration. To him all nature was life, and life was art. He saw in the shaking form of an old man or woman, with bowed head and bent and twisted limbs, something as worthy of artistic expression as a Venus or Apollo. And he was a worker in mass, producing his subjects in detail only so far as would bring out his dominating conception. His work, therefore, had less of finished form than that of the conventional artists, and his recognition by them was, therefore, delayed until by the very power of his work he forced himself upon them.

Even after he had won fame Rodin's work was sometimes ridiculed. His statue of Balzac, for example, was received with jest and gibe. It was an extraordinary and unconventional conception of the great novelist, which Rodin executed upon commission from the Society of Men of Letters. The Parisian public became so worked up over the merits of the monument that the controversy for the time eclipsed interest even in the sensational Dreyfus trial. Balzac was represented in a voluminous dressing gown, the features and figure roughly sketched. Critics exclaimed that it was "an enormous porpoise standing upright, draped in a thick bath wrapper." They called it grotesque, huge, and flippant; while, on the other side, there were those who saw in it "the incarnation of the great writer's soul." The society which had ordered it, however, held the majority view that the work was incomprehensible, if not ridiculous, and it gave the commission to the sculptor Falguière, who executed a more conventional work in the following year.

Rodin's Victor Hugo was received with more appreciation, and by many is considered one of his masterpieces.

A Tireless Worker.

The sculptor was a tireless worker, the quantity of his work being as amazing as its quality. His greatest output in one year was in 1889. No less than thirty-one pieces of sculpture were put on view at the Georges Petit Gallery in that year, among them being some of the best of Rodin's life-work, such as "Ugolino," "The Danaïd," "The Thinker," "Bastien Lepage," and "The Bourgeois of Calais." For quality, quantity, and quickness the production was unique.

For years after the Balzac controversy Rodin devoted himself to a great decorative composition some twenty feet high, "The Portal of Hell," for the Museum of Decorative Arts. This work was inspired mainly by Dante's Inferno, the poet himself being seated at the top, while at his feet is the writhing of passion and anguish of despair. The figure of "The Thinker," which is one of Rodin's best-known works in America, has been exhibited in cast for several years at the Metropolitan Museum of Fine Arts in New York, and at various other places. It is one of the figures designed for this titanic representation of "The Portal of Hell."

His Bust of "La France."

A bronze bust of "La France" by Rodin was presented to the United States by the people of France during the tercentenary celebration of the discovery of Lake Champlain, and has since been mounted on a monument to Champlain at Crown Point, N. Y. In addition M. Rodin had executed busts for a number of wealthy Americans, and the Metropolitan Museum of Art, through a gift of $25,000 by Thomas Fortune Ryan, has obtained the largest single collection of the works of Rodin outside the artist's own studios. There are forty examples of his works in the New York Museum.

Rodin in his later life received many honors. Upon the death of Whistler he succeeded as President of the International Society of Painters, Sculptors, and Gravers. Early in the European war he sent a collection of his works to England as a token of admiration of the British troops, and later he executed a deed of gift to the French Government of the entire collection of his own works, other art objects he had acquired, and the Hotel Biron in which they were assembled for a museum.

Rodin's drawings are almost as wonderful as his sculptor work. A valuable album containing over a hundred plates, with an aggregate of 142 drawings, was published some years ago by Messrs. Goupil. In more recent times the experiments made by the great sculptor with his pencil were on behalf of personal friends. He illustrated Bergerat's "Engherrande," Octave Mirabeau's "Jardin des Supplices," and ornamented a copy of Baudelaire's "Fleurs de Mal."

DENIES RELIGIOUS CHARTER.

Court Objects to Mixture of Business and Benevolence.

Supreme Court Justice Donnelly refused yesterday to approve the incorporation of the Ancient and Mystical Order of Rosae Crucis, Supreme Grand Lodge of North America, because, he said, the petition indicated that the purpose was a mixture of business and benevolence. The petition said that one of the purposes was "to unite in one body all men and women 21 years old or over who seek to study under efficient and proper guidance a definite and proscribed course in the analysis of all ancient, mediaeval and modern religious philosophy and moral codes, with correlated facts revealed in discoveries made in the various fields of arts and science."

The organization also plans "to summarize and compile for these analytical studies a religious, scientific philosophy and course of living which will attune the mind and consciousness of man with the divine mind of God, and likewise attune the natural forces of the body with the creative and constructive forces of the universe, so that those who study with us may enjoy a life of sacredness, happiness, and health." The petition stated that the organization intended to sell costumes and emblems, and for this reason the Court decided that it ought to be organized as a business instead of as a membership corporation.

SUES FOR $200,000 ESTATE.

Adopted Daughter Asserts W. H. Brown Made Promise to Her.

Mrs. Florence B. Ennis, adopted daughter of William H. Brown, who died on April 24 last and cut her off in his will on the ground that her foster mother had provided for her and that she had married without his consent, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday to be declared the sole heir to his $200,000 estate.

Mrs. Ennis, who is the wife of John M. Ennis, a bond dealer, alleges that when the decedent and his wife, Mrs. Charlotte Brown adopted her in 1890, when she was 7 years old, they both promised her father, Macdowel Cugle, that they would make her their heir. She said that after she became of age in 1914 they repeated this agreement in a formal adoption paper, and that when Mrs. Brown died in October, 1915, she inherited the entire estate. She alleges that after she married Mr. Ennis in April, 1916, she and her husband lived with her foster father, but that in October of that year he tried to induce her to abandon her husband by promising to give her all his property if she did so, and threatening to cut her off if she didn't. She refused to leave her husband and as a result was cut off in the will.

Mrs. Ennis names as defendant Howard Chichester, partner of her foster father in W. H. Brown & Co., exporters, and W. H. Brown & Chichester, manufacturers of combs, who receives $50,000 under the will. The testator gave $10,000 each to the Home of the Annunciation and the Free Industrial Home for Crippled Children, and $1,000 to the Church of the Transfiguration. He left $5,000 to be distributed among his employes.

JUSTICE GEO. FREIFELD DIES

Brooklyn Jurist Was Former Grand Master of New York Masons.

Justice George Freifeld of the Second District Municipal Court of Brooklyn died suddenly yesterday in St. Luke's Hospital. He was born in this city sixty-one years ago and studied law while a clerk in the office of Thompson & Rixey. In 1890 Mr. Freifeld removed to Brooklyn, where he became prominent in Masonic affairs. He was District Deputy of the Third District in 1906, and in 1914 and 1915 he was Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons in the State of New York. He was largely instrumental in the building of the new Masonic Temple in Brooklyn, and for four years served as President of the Board of Trustees.

Mr. Freifeld was elected a Municipal Court Justice in 1909, and at the recent election was re-elected to succeed himself for a term of ten years. For twelve years he was a member of the Board of Education. He was Vice President of the Manufacturers' Trust Company and a member of the Crescent Club, Civic Club, Invincible Club and Riding and Driving Club, and a life member of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences. He left a widow and son, Robert B. Freifeld. His home was at 44 Hart Street, Brooklyn.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM J. EGGERS, head of the firm of William J. Eggers & Sons, machinists at 294 Taaffe Place, Brooklyn, died at his home, 312 Classon Avenue, Brooklyn, on Thursday, in his sixty-sixth year.

CALVIN BENJAMIN KING, a civil war veteran and retired dry goods merchant, for many years in business on Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, died on Thursday at his home, 215 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, aged 73 years. He was a member of Winchester Post No. 197, G. A. R., and Acanthus Lodge No. 719, F. and A. M.

Miss LILLIAN REINE McLEOD, 26 years old, a teacher in Public School 22, Brooklyn, died from pneumonia on Friday at her home, 481A Quincy Street, Brooklyn.

FRANK LAWRENCE, a commercial traveler for the Winchester Repeating Arms Company, died in the Methodist Episcopal Hospital on Friday from diabetes. He was 59 years old and belonged to the Brooklyn Lodge No. 22, B. P. O. Elks; the Commercial Travelers' Association of Utica, the Hawthorne Club of Philadelphia, and Kilwinning Lodge No. 825, F. and A. M., of Brooklyn.

JAMES VAN LOMAN JOHNSON, a civil war veteran and for thirty years a member of Acme Council No. 594, Royal Arcanum, died on Thursday at his home, 275 Twelfth Street, Brooklyn, aged 80 years.

SIDNEY RAPHAEL, a merchant tailor, in business with his father on Montague Street, Brooklyn, and a veteran of the Spanish-American War, died on Thursday at his home, 190 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, in his forty-fourth year.

EDWARD DOYLE, 60 years old, for more than a quarter of a century in the employ of the Greenwood Cemetery Corporation, died from pneumonia yesterday at his home, 645 Tenth Street, South Brooklyn.

HENRY M. PETERSON, 56 years old, chief engineer of all the libraries in Brooklyn, died at his home in Kings Park, L. I., on Friday. Mr. Peterson was a Trustee of the Kings Park M. E. Church and is survived by his wife and two daughters.

ABRAHAM M. LEVY, a wholesale meat dealer in Wallabout Market and a Trustee of the Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum, died at his home, 1,020 Park Place, Brooklyn, on Friday, in his fifty-first year. He was a member of the Unity Club and of Fortitude Lodge No. 19, F. and A. M.

Mrs. CLARA LOUISE REDMOND, wife of John H. Redmond, President of John H. Redmond, Inc., bankers, in Manhattan, died on Thursday at her residence, 911 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, in her forty-third year. She was born in Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARY C. MOSELEY, an active member in the women's societies of the Concord Baptist Church, and wife of Thomas P. Moseley, died at her home, 363 Bridge Street, Brooklyn, on Friday, aged 45 years. She was born in Savannah, Ga.

The Rev. Dr. WILLIAM HENRY INGERSOLL, a retired Presbyterian clergyman, died in his eighty-first year on Friday at Glen Cove, L. I. He was born in Rochester, N. Y., and was educated in Albany Academy, and Yale and Columbia Universities. Before he moved to Glen Cove a few years ago he was a member of the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church, and for a time was lecturer for the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences.

Mrs. CLARISSA BURTT BEARD, widow of Henry Carles Beard, a lawyer, died on Thursday at her home, 163 Washington Park, Brooklyn. Mrs. Beard was for many years active in the work of St. Mark's P. E. Church.

CHARLES WILLIAM LARSEN, President of the Larsen Baking Company, in Brooklyn, and a Trustee of the Norwegian Hospital, died on Thursday at his home, 55 Eighty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, in his fifty-third year. Mr. Larsen was a native of Christiania, Norway.

ANTHONY F. RAUSCH, [illegible] years old, a member of an old Brooklyn family, died at his home, [illegible] Cumberland Street, Brooklyn, [illegible] Henry J. Rausch, who was a member of the Hibbler & Rausch Glass Works in Brooklyn. He later succeeded his father in business, and retired himself a few years ago.

HENRY M. B. CLAYLAND, who celebrated his 100th birthday last May, and a descendant of one of the oldest families in the United States, died on Friday at his home, 150 Hewes Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Clayland was born in Easton, Md. In early life he was a mail agent, and when the civil war began he was sent to Virginia as mail agent attached to the First Cavalry. At the end of the war he founded a grain business in St. Clairsville, Ohio.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Card of Thanks.

RAPP.—The family of the late Mathew E. Rapp wish to thank their friends and relatives for their kindness shown in their recent bereavement.

VOLMER.—The family of the late Mr. Karl A. O. Volmer desire to express appreciation of their friends' kind expressions of sympathy on their recent bereavement.

Born.

DAVIS.—Mr. and Mrs. Julius P. Davis, 600 West 174th Street, a son, on Nov. 16.

LEVINE.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Levine, 86 St. Nicholas Av., announce the birth of a son, Nov. 15, 1917.

MICHAELS.—Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Michaels of 545 West 158th Street, announce the arrival of a son, on Saturday, Nov. 10.

SCHWARTZ.—Mr. and Mrs. David Schwartz, 151 West 110th Street, announce the birth of a daughter, Carol Louise, on Sunday, Nov. 11, 1917.

TACKELLA.—Mr. and Mrs. Matthew J. Tackella of Brooklyn, N. Y., announce the birth of a daughter, Friday, Nov. 16.

WEIL.—On Nov. 13, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Weil, (nee Wolff,) a son.

Confirmed.

KATZENSTEIN.—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred S. Katzenstein of 66 East 108th, announce the bar mitzvah of their son, Sylvan, at the Congregation Mount Zion, 37 West 119th St., on Saturday, Nov. 24. Reception at the Juliette, 103 West 117th St., on Sunday, Nov. 25, after 8 P. M. No cards.

SACHS.—Mr. and Mrs. Sig Sachs, 772 St. Nicholas Av., announce the confirmation of their son, Murry, on Saturday, Nov. 24, at Temple Mount Zion, 37 West 119th St. At home Saturday evening; no cards.

Engaged.

BEBARSALD—VINEBURG.—Helen Vineburg to A. J. Bebarsald. Home Sunday, Nov. 25, 3 to 6, 810 East 69th.

EPSTEIN—BEYER.—Mr. and Mrs. M. Beyer announce the engagement of their daughter Rose to Mr. Murray Epstein, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Epstein. San Francisco papers please copy.

HARRIS—COHEN.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cohen announce the betrothal of their daughter Esther to Mr. Arthur Harris of Newark and Baltimore.

HEILBRONER—BAUMANN.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Baumann of 51 West 89th St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Bessie, to Irwin R. Heilbroner. At home Sunday, Nov. 18, 3 to 6. No cards.

HOTCHNER — JACOBSON. — Mrs. Sarah R. Jacobson of 1,012 Faile St., Bronx Borough, N. Y., announces the engagement of her daughter Dorothy to Mr. Maurice Hotchner, son of Mr. and Mrs. Saul Hotchner. At home Thanksgiving Day, 3 to 6 o'clock. No cards.

MILLER—RABINOWITZ.—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rabinowitz of 30 West 115th St. announce the engagement of their daughter Lottie to Mr. George Miller.

ROTH—MYERS.—Mrs. Mary Myers, 930 West End Av., announces the engagement of her daughter Lillie to Joseph Roth of New York. At home Sunday, Nov. 25, 3 to 6 o'clock.

SAMEK — HEINE — FREY. — Mrs. Rose Frey, 256 West 90th St., announces the engagements of her daughters Vera to Charles O. Samek and Elise to Leonard M. Heine. At home Sunday, Nov. 18, 3 to 6. No cards.

Married.

DUYCKINCK—LANE.—At Grace Church, Orange, N. J., on Nov. 8, 1917, by the Right Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd, D. D., Marion Gillender Lane, daughter of Mrs. George L. Hutchings, and the late Robert Lane, to T. Butler Duyckinck, son of Mr. and Mrs. Whitehead Cornell Duyckinck of Plainfield, N. J.

GORDON—GINZBERG.—Nov. 15, at the Copley Plaza, Boston, by the Rev. Dr. Nowack, Louise Lillian Ginzberg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Barnard Ginzberg of 7 Parkman St., Brookline, Mass., to Louis W. Gordon, son of Mrs. Hannah Gordon, New York City.

RIVIERE—TURBUSH.—On Nov. 14, at St. Jerome's Church, by the Rev. Jos. Ryan, Emma Campbell Turbush, daughter of Mrs. Rose F. Turbush of New York, to Paul J. Riviere, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Paul J. Riviere of Jersey City.

SHROPSHIRE—GRAY.—On Nov. 16, at the Astor Court Apartment, New York City, Mary Pick Gray to William Armstrong Shropshire of New York City.

URQUIDI—BINGHAM.—On Nov. 10, at Philadelphia, Beatrice Mary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Bingham of Nicaragua, to Ivan F. Urquidi of Mexico City.

Died.

BREUER.—On Thursday, Nov. 15, 1917, Jerome F. Breuer, aged 29, after a severe illness. Service at the Church of Our Lady of Loretto, Hempstead, L. I., Monday morning at 10 o'clock, where a solemn requiem mass will be said for the repose of his soul. Funeral private.

BROWN.—Pincus B., on Nov. 16, 1917, in his 61st year, beloved husband of Etta Brown and father of Mrs. B. S. Lissner, Isidore H., and Bessie Brown. Funeral Sunday, Nov. 18, at 1:30 P. M., from 851 Fox St., Bronx. Chicago, Los Angeles, and San Francisco papers please copy.

CARD.—Mary E., widow of Horatio R. Card, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Thomas P. Stetson, 61 West 70th St., on Friday, 8 P. M. Funeral services Sunday afternoon at 2:30. Interment at Amsterdam, N. Y., Monday.

DAVIDSON.—Edward L., aged 33, beloved husband of Rose Davidson and son of Mr. and Mrs. David Davidson, Nov. 16. Funeral from his late home, 610 West 141st St., Sunday morning, 10 o'clock.

DIETERICH.—William, J. D. Willard Lodge, No. 250, F. and A. M.—Brethren: You are requested to attend funeral service of our late brother, William Dieterich, this evening, 8 o'clock, at 161 8th Av., corner 18th St. Everett Adriance, Master; T. J. Walker, Secretary.

FOX.—Albert M., Nov. 14, 1917, in Chicago, Ill. Funeral services from residence of his sister, Mrs. Marion K. Avery, 40 7th Av., corner 13th St., New York City, Sunday, Nov. 18, 1917, at 1 P. M. Interment Maple Grove Cemetery. Pittsburgh, Penn., and Syracuse, N. Y., papers please copy.

FREIFELD.—At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Manufacturers Trust Company, held at the office of the Company on Saturday, Nov. 17, 1917, the death of our highly esteemed and respected Vice President and Director, Judge George Freifeld, was reported. On motion duly made and seconded the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, George Freifeld, an officer and Director of this Company, has suddenly been called to eternal rest; and

Whereas, The Directors of the Manufacturers Trust Company, in meeting assembled, desires to give public expression of their sorrow at the loss of their beloved associate; be it therefore

Resolved, That in the death of George Freifeld the Board of Directors of the Manufacturers Trust Company have lost a tried and true companion who possessed those sterling qualities of manhood which make for strong friendships in life; whose modesty, good nature, integrity and ability endeared him to all, and whose success as the best type of American citizen will act as an inspiration to those who knew him best; be it therefore further

Resolved, That these expressions of our affection and sympathy be spread in full upon our minutes and published, and that a copy thereof be suitably engrossed and presented to the family of our deceased friend.

On behalf of the Board of Directors,
NATHAN S. JONAS, President.
JAMES H. CONROY, Secretary.

FREIFELD.—At a special meeting of the Trustees of the Sumner Savings Bank, held on Saturday morning, Nov. 17, 1917, the following minute was adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased God to call to rest our esteemed associate and fellow-Trustee, George Freifeld, be it therefore

Resolved, That we express to his family our deep sympathy in their bereavement and our great regret at their and our loss; be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be engrossed and sent to the wife and son of our deceased Trustee, and that it shall be spread in full upon our minutes and published.

ARTHUR S. SOMERS, President.
WALLACE L. CONNER, Secretary.

FRENCH.—Saturday morning, Nov. 17, 1917, at his late residence, 146 West 80th St., Charles T. French, son of the late Colonel Richard and Matilda French. Funeral services and interment at the convenience of the family.

HARRISON.—On Nov. 17, Sarah J. Harrison, in her 73d year, mother of Bertram Harrison of New York, Captain Walter A. Harrison, Canadian Headquarters, France, and Mrs. Geo. Hart, Ottawa. Interment at St. John, New Brunswick.

HAWK.—At her home, 838 Market Av. North, Canton, Ohio, Ella L., beloved mother of William S. Hawk, in her eighty-second year.

HEFFERNAN.—Jane M., Friday, Nov. 16, 1917, at her residence, 65 Lament Av., Elmhurst. Funeral at St. Bartholomew's R. C. Church 9:30 A. M. Monday.

JACKSON.—At his home, Watermill, Long Island, on Nov. 15, 1917, Henry Martyn Jackson, son of the late Lewis E. and Phebe C. Jackson, and husband of the late [illegible] ... Funeral Sunday [illegible] P. M. Burial at Woodlawn Cemetery.

KENDALL.—On Friday, Nov. 16, 1917, Harriett M. Kendall, widow of the late William B. Kendall of Brooklyn, N. Y., in her 82d year. Funeral services at her late residence, West Islip, L. I., Monday, Nov. 19, 11 A. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery at convenience of the family. Carriages will be in waiting at the Babylon station on arrival of the train leaving Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 9:24 A. M. Boston papers please copy.

KENNY.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Thursday, Nov. 15, 1917, Thomas Kenny, in his 73d year. Services at his late residence, 1,007 West 7th St., Plainfield, N. J., Sunday, Nov. 18, at 3:30 P. M. Interment at Kensico, N. Y.

KITCHING.—Frank Wilberforce Kitching, beloved husband of Grace E. Barnes Kitching, suddenly, on Nov. 16, 1917, at his residence, 204 West 110th St. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, between 66th and 67th Sts., Monday morning, 10 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

LEVY.—1,020 Park Place, Brooklyn, in his 51st year, Abraham M., beloved husband of Susie Mayer Levy, and devoted father of Gladys, and brother of Simon, David, Louis, Milton Levy, and Mrs. Mark Mayer. Funeral services will be held at the Temple Beth Elohim, 8th Av. and Garfield Place, Brooklyn, on Monday, Nov. 19, at 2 o'clock. Relatives, friends, and all societies with which he was connected are invited to attend.

LIPPMAN.—Suddenly, in St. Louis, Nov. 18, Felix B., well known to the cutlery trade. Mr. Lippman was formerly Secretary of Wiebusch & Hilger, Ltd., New York, and a Director of the Challenge Cutlery Corporation of Bridgeport.

MARTIN.—On Friday, Nov. 16, 1917, Patrick Martin, age 75 years. Funeral from his late residence, 385 East 136th St., on Monday, Nov. 19, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Jerome's Church, 138th St. and Alexander Av., where a high requiem mass will be offered at 10 A. M. Interment at St. Raymond's Cemetery.

MERLIN.—On Friday, Nov. 16, in her 83d year, Eugenie Merlin, widow of Alphonse Merlin of France and mother of Mrs. George A. Albro and Mrs. Adolphe Cohn. Funeral services will be held Monday, Nov. 19, 10 A. M., in the French Church of Notre Dame, Morningside Drive and West 114th St. Interment private.

MULHALL.—Friday, Nov. 16, 1917, Pauline W. Mulhall, (nee Schaufelberger,) widow of John Mulhall, Jr., and beloved mother of Etta and Gertrude Mulhall. Funeral service Monday at her late residence, 1,925 Prospect Av., 1:30 P. M.

PARDESSUS.—Mrs. Amy Knight, on Nov. 16, suddenly, at the residence of her son, Ernest K. Dimock, 2,328 Morris Av., New York City. Service at above address Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, at 2 P. M. Interment private. Hartford (Conn.) papers please copy.

RAFFO.—After a long illness, Antonio Raffo, in his 64th year, leaving surviving his beloved wife Louise, three sons and two daughters. Funeral from his late residence, 44 King St., Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, at 10 A. M., thence to St. Anthony's Church, Sullivan, near West Houston St., where a requiem high mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

SARLES.—Mary F., on Nov. 17, 1917. Funeral and interment private.

SCHWARZ.—Suddenly, at her residence, 304 West 102d St., on Nov. 16, Margaret Schwarz. Funeral services Sunday evening, Nov. 18, at 8 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery Monday morning.

SHIPPEN.—On Thursday, Nov. 15, 1917, at her residence, 302 Lexington Av., Georgie, daughter of the late William W. and Georgina E. Shippen. Funeral services at the Church of the Incarnation, 35th St. and Madison Av., on Monday, Nov. 19, at 10 A. M. Interment at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

SPENCER.—On Saturday, Nov. 17, Mary Tailer, widow of Ambrose P. Spencer and mother of J. Clinton Spencer. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Ascension, 5th Av. and 10th St., Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 10 o'clock.

STONE.—At Montclair, N. J., Friday evening, Nov. 16, 1917, Anne Keyes, wife of F. W. Stone. Funeral services will be held at her late home, 118 Claremont Av., Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment in Albany (N. Y.) Monday.

TAYLOR.—On Nov. 16, at Westbrook, Conn., Mary E. Whiton, wife of Major Edgar J. Taylor, in the 54th year of her age. Funeral at Friends' Meeting House, 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Nov. 18, at 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

WORCESTER.—Suddenly, at New York City, Nov. 16, 1917, George Henry Worcester, son of the late Edwin D. and Mary L. Worcester, in the 61st year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter. Interment at Albany, N. Y.

BARRETT.—Louisa, 318 Monroe St., Nov. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BOCK.—Augusta, 1,821 Wallace Av., Bronx, Nov. 15, aged 68. Funeral today, 10 A.M.

BRESLIN.—Julia, 210 East 45th St., Nov. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

BROWN.—Charlotte W., 102 West 84th St., Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 11 A. M.

COYNE.—Anne, 300 East 25th St., Nov. 16.

DIETERICH.—William, 265 West 19th St., Nov. 15, aged 38. Funeral service today.

DOOLEY.—Michael, 50 East 62d St., Nov. 15. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DUNN.—John, 810 Elton Av., Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

EULER.—Henry, 383 Broome St., Nov. 16, aged 78. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FEIG.—Benjamin, 350 East 86th St., Nov. 15. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

HALES.—Edward G., 820 8d Av., Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

KNECHT.—Frederick, 241 East 198th St., Nov. 16, aged 62.

LAZARUS.—Alexander G., Nov. 15. Funeral, 239 Lenox Av., today, 9:30 A. M.

McCARRICK. — Roger, Bellevue Hospital, Nov. 16. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

McCRYSTAL.—Patrick, 144 East 33d St., Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

McNAUGHTON.—Ann, 853 10th Av., Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

MORRISSEY. — Mary, 451 East 141st St., Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

NAUSHLER.—Kate, 88 1st Av., Nov. 16, aged 63. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

QUINN.—William, 27 Manhattan St., Nov. 15. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

RESS.—Francis, 108 West 129th St., Nov. 15. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

ROWE.—Emma L. H., 130 West 123d St., Nov. 15.

TIEDEMANN.—Augusta F., 2,112 Honeywell Av., Bronx, Nov. 16, aged 75. Funeral private.

TIERNEY.—John J. F., 665 Wales Av., Bronx, Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

WEBERLING.—Heding, 160 East 88th St., Nov. 16, aged 59. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

YGLERIAR.—Rosende, 622 East 138th St., Nov. 16, aged 26.

Died.

Brooklyn.

BADENHOP-BLACKWELL. — Marie, Camp City, Ulmer Park, Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

BUTLER.—Margaret M., 41 Van Buren St., Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow.

CLAYLAND.—H. M. B., 150 Hewes St., Nov. 16, aged 100 years 6 months.

CLAYTON.—Esther R., 179 Jefferson Av., Nov. 17.

CODY.—Michael N., 316 Lincoln Road, Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

DOWD.—Thomas, 54 Bainbridge St., Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

DOYLE.—Edward, 645 10th St., Nov. 17.

EAGAN.—Maria, 5,519 5th Av., Nov. 17. Funeral Nov. 20, 9 A. M.

FAIRHURST.—Ruth, Kingston Avenue Hospital, Nov. 15.

FINAMORE.—Giuseppe, 66 Adams St., Nov. 16, aged 59. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

HAGEDORN.—Henry J., 180 Hendrix St., Nov. 16. Funeral service today.

HARDING.—John M., 107 North 7th St., Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

HARNS.—Alexander, 94 King St., Nov. 15, aged 64.

JACKLE.—John G., 119 Ralph Av., Nov. 16, aged 69. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KNORPP.—May E., 680 East 22d St., Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KRANZ.—Casper, 2,410 Catalpa Av., Nov. 16, aged 68.

LYNCH.—Ellen, 37 Columbia Heights, Nov. 16.

MEYER.—Emma A. H., 1,[illegible] St. John's Place, Nov. 16, aged 43.

MOSELY.—Mary C., 363 Bridge St., Nov. 16, aged 45. Funeral Nov. 20.

O'SHEA.—John, 413 63d St., Nov. 16, aged 68. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

OSMANN.—Helen, 2,208 Tilden Av., Nov. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

PUTNAM.—Harriet O., 131 Westminster Road, Nov. 17, aged 84.

SCARFFE.—Willa, 705 St. Mark's Av., Nov. 18. Funeral service today.

SHIELDS.—James, 324 Pearl St., Nov. 16, aged 76. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

SIRR.—Thomas, 371 Baltic St., Nov. 15. Funeral tomorrow.

TUOHEY.—Joseph A., 893 Lincoln Place, Nov. 17.

ZINN.—Anna, 503 Fairview Av., Nov. 16, aged 71. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Jersey City and Newark.

BROWN.—Alfred H., 8 Clifton Av., Jersey City, Nov. 17. Funeral notice later.

CAREY.—Edward, 416 Jackson Av., Jersey City, Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 8 A. M.

KING.—Dora R., Newark, Nov. 15, aged 78. Funeral tomorrow.

NASH.—Josephine, St. Mark's Hospital, Jersey City, Nov. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Long Island.

BELZ.—Nellie, Glendale, Nov. 16. Funeral service today.

CURRAN.—John, Woodhaven, Nov. 15, aged 46. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

MARSHALL.—Anna E., Maspeth, Nov. 15, aged 84. Funeral service today.

NICHOLSON.—J. Frank, Richmond Hill, Nov. 15, aged 56.

In Memoriam.

COHN.—In sad and loving memory of our beloved father, Leopold Cohn, who departed this life Nov. 18, 1906.

DUCEY.—Bridget, anniversary mass, Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, Church St. Ignatius Loyola, Park Av. and 84th St., 8 o'clock.

KENNY.—In loving memory of John P. Kenny, late of Commissioner of Accounts' Office, who died Nov. 20, 1916. Anniversary mass will be said at Church of the Assumption, Westport, Conn.

THORMAN.—In sad and loving memory of our darling Florrie, who departed this life Nov. 21, 1906. Gone, but not forgotten.

COOPER.—Mary, mass St. Bridget's Church, Jersey City, tomorrow, 8 A. M.

WIRTH.—John, in memory of; died Nov. 18, 1916.

Unveiling.

RAPHAEL.—Mr. S. Raphael announces the dedication of his wife's stone, Belle Raphael, at 2 o'clock, at Maimonides Cemetery, Cypress Hills.

ROBBINS.—Shemariah Rabinowits Robbins. The unveiling of the monument of our beloved father will take place on Sunday, Nov. 18, at 11 A. M., Washington Cemetery. Relatives and friends are cordially invited.

SIMON.—Max. Unveiling of mausoleum erected in the memory of the late Max Simon will take place Sunday, Nov. 25, at 2 P. M., at Mount Carmel Cemetery on Israelitischer Blumenthal grounds. Relatives and friends invited. Weather inclement, postponed to following Sunday.

WOLOWITZ.—The unveiling of the monument in memory of Elias Wolowitz will take place Sunday, Nov. 18, 1917, at Mount Zion Cemetery, Maspeth, L. I., at 3 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited. If rain, following Sunday.

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DEATH NOTICES.
Other Death Notices on Page 21, First News Section.

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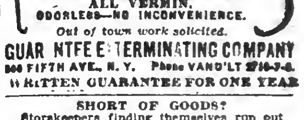

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Storekeepers finding themselves run out of certain lines can be supplied from various sources at one time. A letter or telegram addressed to The New York Times stating requirements will appear next day on the Business Page of The Times at a cost of 50c for each line of six words. Offers from manufacturers and jobbers will follow. Letters may be addressed to advertiser or to a box number, or telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

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EXPECT 'HERO LAND' TO YIELD A MILLION

Great Interest in Big War Relief Bazaar to Open Here Next Saturday.

EXPENSES ALREADY MET

Variety of Entertainment Assured for Nearly Four Weeks in Which Fair Will Run.

"Hero Land," the most elaborate war relief bazaar ever held in this country, will be opened at 7 o'clock next Saturday night. Practically every large war relief organization in the country will be represented.

Nearly every man and woman of prominence in this city has taken a direct interest in the bazaar, which is expected to bring in more than $1,000,000. Leaders in society, business and professional life have given much of their time toward planning and building the great spectacle. Many prominent artists have had charge of the construction of impressive and minutely realistic scenes of the battlefront, and they have been assisted by an army of architects, builders, scene painters, stage managers, interior decorators, carpenters, and electricians.

Each of the one hundred national war relief organizations which are taking part in "Hero Land" is carrying out its own plans for its share of the entertainment, and these plans are as numerous as the organizations themselves, so that a great variety of entertainments will be provided. This has been made possible at the least possible expense by the donation of the services of some of the best artists and executives in the country. The expenses have already been met, and every cent received will go direct for war relief. John Moffatt, Executive Chairman of the Management Committee, said yesterday:

"We have no promotion expenses. None of the members of the Management Committee will receive any compensation for their services. Our only expenses are concerned with rental, decorations and the salaries of stenographers and others engaged in clerical work. Money has been privately donated for the expense of getting advertising for the program. All expenses have already been met by the advance sale of entrance tickets."

Allies to be Represented.

The opening night, Saturday, Nov. 24, will be American Night. Many distinguished persons in official and unofficial life in America will be present, and all the Governments of the Allies will be represented. "Hero Land" will not be open on Sundays. The bazaar will continue until Dec. 12. The program for the first week is described as follows in a statement by the Management Committee:

Monday, Nov. 26, will be French and Alsace-Lorraine Day, with French and Alsatian plays and spectacles, exclusive French official motion pictures of the war, and the attendance of distinguished visiting Frenchmen.

Tuesday, Nov. 27, will be British Day, with a showing of special British war films and a dramatic performance by noted British actors and actresses now in America. In the evening there will be a sports night, under the direction of the sporting editors and writers of the New York papers, and as features of which will be boxing bouts between men of the army and navy and between British and Canadian soldiers, together with fencing, wrestling, bayonetting exhibits, and every conceivable game of interest to sportsmen.

Jewish War Relief Day will be celebrated on Wednesday, Nov 28, by the Joint Distribution Committee of the American Fund for Jewish War Sufferers, which has taken charge of the entire program for that day, under Felix M. Warburg, Chairman of the Committee, and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Chairman of the Hero Land Committee. Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff is Chairman of the committee in charge of the entertainments, assisted by Mrs. L. N. Spiegelberg. Viscount Reading has accepted an invitation to be the guest of honor on Jewish War Relief Day, and the program will include an elaborate spectacle, with dances and anthems of the allied nations, together with a program in which noted professional artists are co-operating.

On Thanksgiving, United States Navy Day will be celebrated under the patronage of Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Admiral Nathaniel R. Usher of the New York Navy Yard. The enlisted men and officers of the navy have a prominent part in the program, and in the evening there will be held the famous "Sixty Club" ball.

On Friday, the 30th, there will be Stage Night, and Saturday, Dec. 1, will be Italian Day, with features arranged by the Italian Red Cross and the Italian War Relief Committee. Mme. G. E. Poccardi, wife of the Italian Consul General, and Count Macchi de Cellere, the Italian Ambassador to the United States, will serve as patrons.

To Show German Airplane.

A few of the features of the bazaar will be a German airplane brought down by Guynemer, the British tank which stood for a few days in Central Park, French official war motion pictures, an authoritative account of the battles of the Marne and Verdun by M. Courtellement, illustrated by color photographs and indorsed by Generals Joffre and Haig.

Belgian goods will be sold among skillfully executed Flemish scenes by débutantes working for the Aid for Destitute Belgian Women and Children and Disabled Belgian Soldiers. Mrs. Pierre Mali, wife of the Belgian Consul, will be the Chairman of the booth. This organization acknowledges the following donations received so far:

A Friend	$20	Standard Eng. Co.	$50
Mrs. Orrin H. Judd	25	F. C. Stiefel	100
Charles R. Haas	50	Kountze Bros.	100
Miss Jane Dole	75	Chandler & Floyd	200
Mrs. Baeder	5	Mrs. de Forest	25
Caldwell & Co.	25	Mrs. H. Lamarche	10
Lionel Hagenaers	100	Mrs. Hagemeyer	50
J. Shadgen	5	Mr. Zimmermann	10
Marianne Dufour	1	Mrs. J. Adams	5
A Friend	10	A. Chandler	100
J. C. Schmidlapp	50	R. M. Catchois	100
Niles-Bement-Pond Co.	500	Lackawanna Steel Co.	25
Henry Mayer	50	Mr. Gibney, Jr.	10
Total			$1,717

Mrs. James W. Gerard is the Chairman of the Cheshire Cheese, a reproduction of Dr. Samuel Johnson's rendezvous, which will be served by a cook from the Cheshire Cheese tavern and managed by a representative of the famous London resort.

WAR TAX CONFERENCE ON.

Business Men at Washington to Learn How Law Is Applied.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—On account of complications incident to the execution of the new war tax law, Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper called a conference, which began here today, of representatives of the trade organizations, Stock Exchanges, Produce Exchanges and similar organizations for an extended discussion of the law and its administration. The aim is to make clear what the various taxes on business are and how they are to be construed to apply, and to set forth the methods proposed to be employed for their collection.

The operation of the law will be rendered more effective and easier of accomplishment, it is believed, after the business men of the country have had an opportunity to exchange views with the Government officials.

The conference began with a limited number of representative business men present. Sessions will be continued next week, and a large attendance is expected. Among those who were in the conference today were Samuel F. Streit, Chairman Clearing House Committee of the New York Stock Exchange; George M. Shutts, President New York Cotton Exchange; Walter L. Johnson, Vice President New York Cotton Exchange; Fred C. Vincent, representative Kansas City Board of Trade; G. E. Saunders, representative Chicago Board of Trade, and Adolph Kemper, A. V. Booth, A. F. Lindley, and George A. Rich, representing the Chicago Board of Trade.

ARMY AND NAVY NOTES.

Capt. H. S. Rowland, U. S. A., Assistant Chief of Staff of the 89th Division of the National Army, at Camp Funston, Kan., announces that Major Gen. Leonard Wood, the division commander, has asked the composers and musicians of the seven States from which the personnel of the division is drawn, to take part in a competition for the composition of an official march for the divisional command.

"It is desired," says Captain Rowland, "that composers keep in mind the history of the seven States—Missouri, Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Arizona, New Mexico, and South Dakota—from which the men of the 89th Division come. The music should be symbolical of their history from the days of the early settlement of these States, the struggles of the pioneers, their battles with Indians, and the gradual rise of these seven commonwealths to the important rôle they play today as the great Middle Western States of America.

"It is possible to weave into each composition melodies reminiscent of Indian music, of the days of the great ranches and cow punchers, of the stage coaches, pony express and wagon trains, melodies that are reminiscent of the plains, the mountains, the rivers, villages, towns, and cities of the Middle West."

Capt. John H. Gibbons, U. S. N., former superintendent of the Naval Academy, who commanded the dreadnought Utah during the taking of Vera Cruz in April, 1914, has been appointed Naval Attaché of the American Embassy at Buenos Aires. Captain Gibbons is also a former attaché of the Embassy in London.

Lieut. Col. Edgar T. Collins, known to Plattsburgers of the 1916 camps as the commander of the New York City regiment, is Chief of Staff of the National Army Division at Camp Dix, N. J. Colonel Collins was an aide on the staff of the late Lieut. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, during the international crisis in China which followed the Boxer outbreaks in 1900.

Major Gen. C. C. Ballou, National Army, who is to command the Ninety-second Division of the National Army, which is to be composed entirely of negro troops, is a native of New York and a graduate of West Point of the class of 1888. He is 55 years of age and still has nine years of active service ahead of him. The colonels who will command the infantry regiments in the negro division, all of them West Pointers, are: Vernon A. Caldwell, Ross L. Bush, James A. Moss and W. P. Jackson. The artillery commanders will be Colonels Daniel T. Moore, Frederick T. Austin and William E. Cole.

The Army and Navy Journal states that the depot quartermaster at Chicago has been authorized to ask sealed proposals for the delivery of 10,000 standard bicycles to be used by army messengers and couriers. Each bicycle is to be equipped with an attachment in which the rider's rifle may be carried, consisting of two supports holding the gun parallel to the frame. These supports must be so designed as to permit the easy removal of the weapon. Specifications sent out "a possible bidders call for a "well-balanced design." Each machine must be of construction sturdy enough to insure its supporting around 250 pounds, as the average equipment of the rider will weigh at least fifty pounds.

Major Gen. George Barnett, commandant of the United States Marine Corps, will complete his five years' tour as the marine commander next February. Whether General Barnett will be redetailed to command the corps for another five years is a matter to be decided by Secretary Daniels. Secretary Daniels's policy has been not to recommend the details of officers who have completed a full tour of duty as bureau chiefs, or in other similar capacities. There is an impression that General Barnett, during whose administration the Marine Corps has been increased from 10,000 to 30,000 men, may prove to be an exception to the rule.

"A proposition is under consideration," says The Army and Navy Register of Washington, "to make a slight change in the insignia of commissioned officers of the army in order, primarily, to better identify the rank of Second Lieutenant, and under certain circumstances that of field officers, which is now by existing devices more or less difficult.

"It is suggested," the Register states, "that Second Lieutenants wear on the shoulder strap one silver bar; that first Lieutenants wear two silver bars, and that Captains wear three silver bars. This would give an insignia to the Second Lieutenant, and the new method would be similar to that used in foreign services. As it is now, with so many enlisted men wearing the leather leggings, it is next to impossible to make a distinction between the soldier and the Second Lieutenant. It is also proposed that the marking on the sleeve of the overcoat shall be changed so that the Second Lieutenant will wear one scroll, the First Lieutenant two scrolls, and the Captain three scrolls; while the Major shall wear a broad solid band, the Lieutenant Colonel one broad band and one small one, and Colonel one broad band, and two small ones. This will facilitate the recognition of field officers at a glance, it being exceedingly difficult to do so where those officers wear more than three scrolls.

"There are no indications whether or not the Secretary of War will consent to this alteration, which is not, strictly speaking, within the character of changes in uniform which he forbade excepting in so far as alterations in the military dress and equipment were recommended by General Pershing as a result of his experience in France and in order to increase the efficiency of the force employed in the trenches.

"The General Staff has also under consideration designs for flags for the new army corps, divisions, and brigades, together with badges to be worn by members of those organizations. Nothing is known in the War Department of the reported order issued by General Pershing doing away with the familiar campaign hat for troops serving in the trenches. It will be retained, it appears, while in barracks and on furlough. In its place will be worn something like the fatigue headgear of the French Army, a sort of fore and aft arrangement made by sewing two heavy pieces of khaki cloth together with seams front and back, with side pieces which may be folded on the side of the cap or drawn down over the ears. It has the advantage of being pocketable and wearable under the shrapnel helmet."

Secretary of War Baker has issued an order reducing from 21 years to 20 years and 9 months the age at which students from certain designated colleges and universities will be received at the officers' training camps, which will be organized the first week in January.

"Much has been written," says The Harvard Alumni Bulletin, "about the direct advantages that have come to the members of the Harvard Officers' Training Corps from the instruction of the French officers. Some of the valuable by-products of this work are now beginning to appear. One of them is found in the fact that present members of the corps, undergraduates, too young for Plattsburg, are regularly going to the camp of the 5th Massachusetts Regiment, National Guard, at Framingham, to impart to the commissioned and non-commissioned officers there some of the lessons learned from the Frenchmen. The same influence went still further afield when General Wood summoned to Camp Funston, Kansas, a half dozen other young men, below the Plattsburg age, who were in the corps last Spring and Summer, that soldiers of the national army in the Middle West might receive their share of what the first French mission to America brought with it. There has hardly been a more striking concrete instance of the far-reaching effects of the interchange of telegrams between President Lowell and Ambassador Jusserand early last February."

The drinking of water at frequent intervals while on long "hikes" is not recommended by United States marines. While the average man should consume, according to medical authorities, from two to three quarts a day, troops on the march should drink this amount at regular periods and not sip a mouthful at a time, say the marine officers.

In Haiti, the Philippines, and other countries where the marines have been compelled to "hike" long and hard, men who constantly sipped at their canteens were the first to become exhausted. On the contrary, the men who drank their fill every two or three hours and not between times proved to be the best "hikers."

The Royal Flying Corps of Canada has transferred its headquarters for the Winter from Toronto to Fort Worth, Texas. Brig. Gen. C. G. Hoare, commander of the Canadian Division of the British Royal Flying Corps, has arrived at the Texas camp. Several American aviation squadrons are training with the Canadians at the Texas camp, which is to be one of the largest in the country.

Several army motor trucks, built under direction of Brig. Gen. Chauncey B. Baker of the Quartermaster Corps, were tried out recently at Fort Myer, Va. The new trucks are pronounced the most perfect for war purposes ever designed. Referring to the tests, which are still going on, a statement issued by the War Department, reads:

"The first tests were made near Fort Myer, where the trucks were run over heavy clay hills; in many instances the ground caving in under the wheels. The trucks were at no time in difficulty, and at every point escaped from cave-in and mud ditches either in forward or reverse power.

"The next tests were made at Fort Myer in a special ditch, four feet deep and seven feet wide. The trucks ran into a ditch on one side and climbed up and out on the other side without difficulty, despite the fact that the full load which the truck carried shifted to the rear on the upward climb, thus adding considerably to the actual weight.

"At Georgetown a heavy going ditch fifteen feet long with a 25 per cent. grade precedes a hill at 19 per cent. grade, forcing all vehicles to the lowest running speed before they reach the 19 per cent climb. The truck made the 19 per cent. hill on second speed without use of low speed, and carried the full-rated load."

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Section 247, Tariff Act of October 3, 1913. I have seized and hold 1 carton of feathers of wild birds. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 3, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted. Dated Nov. 10, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

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FURY OF QUAKERS CRUSHES MICHIGAN

Penn's Line Rips Wolverines' Defense and East Wins Intersectional Battle, 16 to 0.

BERRY KICKS THREE GOALS

Starts Red and Blue on Way to Victory in Third Period—Weston and Straus Banned for Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17.—Michigan's undefeated football team came out of the West today, heralded as another of Hurry Up Yost's powerful scoring machines and was battered into submission by Pennsylvania's aggressive eleven by a score of 16 to 0. No greater bombshell has been exploded on the Eastern gridiron this season than the Wolverine's downfall at the hands of a lighter but faster team.

The fast charging line of Red and Blue, averaging only 172 pounds, played the giant forwards of the Maize and Blue off their feet. An enthusiastic crowd of 20,000 which filled Franklin Field, saw the seething battle and the student body of Old Penn went on a jamboree of joy just as soon as the game was finished.

To erratic Howard Berry, whose football prestige has been on the decline this season, belongs much of the glory of bringing Penn back into football prominence. In the third period, when Michigan had stubbornly refused to be pushed back, Berry lifted two field goals between the goal posts and later added another. The confidence born of this demonstration of Berry's skill, spurred the Red and Blue on to greater efforts, and in the fourth period the low charging line swept Michigan aside, while Captain Heinie Miller tore through and blocked a punt, giving Cleary, the Penn right guard, a chance to fall on the ball behind the line for a touchdown. Berry completed the afternoon's task by kicking the goal.

Lines in Furious Battle.

From the very first it was a grueling battle between the linemen. The towering Wolverine forwards, the same line which Willie Heston proclaimed as a human stone wall, became furious when they found the Penn players spilling them all over the turf. The battle between the players waged so furiously that it broke out in open rebellion early in the second period, and Weston, the Michigan quarter back, and Joe Straus began to hammer each other like a pair of middleweights.

When the other players saw Straus and Weston scrapping they rushed to the scene of the fray. Umpire Tufts and Davey Fultz was there first. When he separated the belligerent parties he ruled them out of the game for slugging. As Weston is the star player of Yost's forces and as Joe Straus is Penn's greatest battering ram, both elevens suffered as a result of the tempestuous uprising.

Genebach took Weston's place, but he couldn't fill the quarter back's shoes, while Roseneau took Straus's place in the Penn backfield. Straus's absence was just as costly to Penn as Weston's was to Michigan, and in the third period, when Penn had Michigan on her five-yard line, the Red and Blue backs were stopped short by the Michigan line. With Straus in there to deliver the final punch, Penn might have been able to carry the ball over.

For a team which had been touted as highly as Michigan the display of football with which it has been surprising its opponents all season must have been left at Ann Arbor. Penn outrushed the Wolverines all the way. Penn made 14 first downs during the game while Michigan made only 2. The reason that all of Penn's rushing did not have better effect was because of the frequent penalties which were inflicted on the Penn eleven. They were so overanxious that the officials had to slap on frequent punishment for off side play and holding. Penn was penalized in all 110 yards, while Michigan was set back 25 yards for violations of the rules. This constant illegal play by Penn annulled all the good results of the tearing gains they made through the Wolverine line.

Cheers for Penn Forwards.

Cheer after cheer went up during the game for the great defensive work of the Penn line. Wray, the fast centre, was everywhere, while the ends, Miller and Van Ginkel, completely outplayed the Michigan pair, Goetz and Boyd. Light was the king-pin of the secondary defense and time and again threw the Michigan runner for a loss.

As great a surprise as the clever manner in which Penn got the jump on the Michigan line was the inability of Yost's players to get under way to any sort of consistent attack. The crowd of Michigan rooters, who were back in the eastern stand, yelled repeatedly for the Western team to open up the attack.

Three times Michigan tried the forward pass and three times it failed. The only plays they had were a few old-fashioned line smashing thrusts through guard and tackle. These headlong plunges invariably resulted in the Michigan back being jumbled up in a hopeless tangle before the play got under way. Penn line men fairly dived under the Michigan giants and upset them before they got started.

The Michigan line was simply folded back until it fell all over the backfield. The only trouble was that Penn's charge was altogether too quick. In a closer game the flagrant violations of the rules in offside play and holding would have spelled their defeat.

Michigan's only demonstration of scoring power came just after the start of the game. After Culver had kicked off for Michigan to Van Ginkel, Straus and Light reeled off eight yards in a couple of rushes and then Bell shot a forward pass to Miller, which was intercepted by Weiman. After Hanish had plunged through the Penn line for a short gain Weiman punted over the goal line and Penn put the ball in play on the twenty-yard line.

Berry Forced to Punt.

Penn could not budge the Wolverines at this particular moment, so Berry punted. Weiman, Weston and Hanish then jammed their way through for a first down on three plays before the Penn line got its bearings. The Michigan backs looked as if they were going to do something. They started quickly and hit the line low and hard. As they were on their way for another first down Cohn fumbled, but recovered the ball at a loss, and Weiman was forced to Punt, Penn taking the ball on her own 20-yard line.

Then began a great march down the field by Penn. The attack was so fast and furious that the husky Michigan team was buried under the speed of Penn's charges. Straus, Bell, Berry and Light tore through five and six yards at a smash, hurling the Michigan players in all directions as they played yard after yard down the field. Beginning on the 20-yard line, Penn came on and on until they had the ball down on Michigan's 30-yard line. They had traveled 50 yards in this great attack and had bowled the Michigan huskies over in the steady hammering, which set the Michigan rooters into a frenzy as they frantically implored the Wolverines to "fight, fight, fight." The Wolverines were fighting, but it didn't do a bit of good.

With a touchdown in sight and with Michigan on the run, Bell attempted a delayed forward pass, but he delayed in throwing it to Miller so long that the Michigan players pounced upon him and he tossed the ball into the outstretched hands of Cohn and Penn lost the ball.

Punting Duel Begins.

In the second period Michigan tried to pass, but Weiman was forced to kick and he got his kick away well before the Penn ends were down on him. Punting duel with the Wolverines against the wind. Berry took the ball and one of Berry's long 50-yard boots was run back by Cohn to the 42-yard line. Penalty for holding sent Penn back 15 yards, and it was while Penn was trying valiantly to make this lost distance that the fight broke out between Weston and Straus.

The trouble started over a forward pass which Bell was trying to throw to Miller. Weston rushed in and began to mix up his hand as Miller was trying to make the catch. Michigan knew Miller's little knack of grabbing forward passes, so they were on the alert to break it up if they could. Straus happened along in time to get mixed up in the mêlée, between Straus and Weston, and before any one could stop there was a mass of wrestling athletes having a merry old time on the turf.

Umpire Fultz quelled the trouble just as several of the other players were preparing to join in the fray. Weston and Straus were put out of the game and the shock was so stunning to both Michigan and Penn that there was no more slugging noticeable.

The first half ended with neither team being able to score. In the third period Penn's jump began to tell and they caught Michigan napping after Berry had booted a long kick down near the Michigan goal. Genebach played the kick poorly and tried to get it on the bound. The ball rolled away from the Michigan quarter back, who tried to pick it up and fumbled it so long that Miller came rushing up the sidelines and fell on the ball on the 10-yard line. Here is where Penn missed Straus, for, although Berry, Light, and Bell hammered away at the Michigan line, they were unable to jam through.

Berry Boots Ball Over.

Berry dropped back to make a forward pass, but he ran into Referee Tufts and found that there was no one to throw the ball to. On top of this error Penn was penalized fifteen yards for holding, so Berry dropped back to the 30-yard line and kicked a field goal. The Penn crowd was wild with joy and it has been a long time since there has been a more enthusiastic demonstration at Franklin Field.

Berry added to the gayety of the occasion with a 20-yard dash through the Michigan line and Light pushed the ball along 10 yards more. Michigan was being pushed back into oblivion and suddenly a great snout went up from the Michigan crowd. Down on the side lines Coach Yost had called his battered and bruised Half Back Sparks and started him warming up.

With Sparks, their best back, in the game the crowd felt that Michigan would wake up and retrieve their failing fortunes. Just after Sparks got into the game Penn had the ball on the 25-yard line, and Berry dropped back to the 34-yard mark and again booted the ball over the cross bar for a field goal, making the score 6 to 0.

Michigan by this time was in complete rout. The line and the back field had become badly disorganized, and they failed at every play they undertook. It was only Weiman's fine kicking and the frequent penalties which were inflicted on the Penn team which saved Michigan from further disaster.

In the fourth period, when Weiman made a kick from the 20-yard line, Berry made a fair catch on Michigan's 47-yard line, and he attempted to kick a field goal, but the ball fell a bit short. When the ball was put into play on the 20-yard line Michigan made one final, desperate effort to work their open game, but their forward passes failed, and Weiman dropped back for a kick. Miller and Wray smashed through when the ball was passed and the Wolverine defense crumpled up. Miller blocked Weiman's kick as he stood on the 10-yard line, and the ball bounded back and rolled over the goal line.

Cleary made a long dive and gathered the ball under his arms as he tumbled on the turf, and the Michigans' downfall was complete. After this touchdown Berry kicked the goal, and again just before the end of the game he kicked another field goal.

The lineup:

Penn, (16.)	Position.	Michigan, (0.)
Van Ginkel	L. E.	Goetz
Maynard	L. T.	Goodsell
Cleary	L. G.	Culver
Wray	C.	Lambert
Dieter	R. G.	Fortune
Thomas	R. T.	Weske
Miller	R. E.	Boyd
Bell	Q. B.	Weston
Light	L. H.	Cohn
Straus	R. H.	Hanish
Berry	F. B.	Weiman

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Pennsylvania	0	0	6	10—16
Michigan	0	0	0	0— 0

Touchdown—Cleary. Goal from touchdown—Berry. Field goals—Berry, 2. Referee—Tufts, Brown. Umpire—Fultz, Brown. Linesman—Cooney, Princeton. Field judge—Okeson, Lehigh. Time of periods—15 minutes each.

FORDHAM PREP IS VICTOR.

Maroon Youngsters Beat Clason Point by 54 to 7.

The Fordham Prep football team trounced the Clason Point eleven on Fordham Field yesterday by a score of 54 to 7. The Maroon youngsters tallied eight touchdowns and Butler booted six touchdown goals. Brooklyn Prep is the only team to contest Fordham's right to the Catholic school title, and these two rivals will clash on Thanksgiving Day.

The lineup:

Fordham Pr., (54.)	Position.	Clason Point, (7.)
Garvey	L. E.	Buneo
Gagdaska	L. T.	Snell
Jones	L. G.	Brunton
O'Grady	C.	Raplanon
Cirelli	R. G.	Toomey
Brennan	R. T.	Troy
Sheridan	R. E.	Ward
Barnes	Q. B.	Hutter
Schappert	L. H. B.	Znarde
Kearns	R. H. B.	Kiely
Butler	F. B.	Znappo

Touchdowns—Kearns, (3.) Garvey, (2.) Butler, Barnes, Ruddy. Hotton. Goals from touchdowns—Kearns, (6.) Hotton. Substitution—Fordham Prep: Ruddy for Barnes. Referee—R. Kelly. Umpire—Mr. O'Hare. Linesman—Mr. Lefevre. Periods—10 minutes.

Harvard Cubs Elect Sessions.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 17. — John A. Sessions of Northampton has been elected manager of the Harvard freshman football team. The other elections for the team were: Assistant Manager—Thomas S. Lamont of Englewood, N. J.; Second Assistant Managers—John R. Mecker of New York, Henry R. Atkinson of Brooklyn, and Gardner Foster of Malden.

Fast and Sturdy Players of the Stevens Eleven Which Closes Season Without Undergoing Defeat

ORANGE LINE ROUTS COLGATE IN BATTLE

Syracuse Forwards Smash Opposition and Backs Plunge Through to Victory.

BROWN STAR OF CONTEST

Speedy Back Makes Three Touchdowns in Game Won by Score of 27 to 7.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Charging Colgate's forward wall with a persistent and powerful attack, Syracuse University's football eleven swept the Colgate players off their feet in the annual clash between these two rival teams, before a crowd of 20,000 in the Archbold Stadium here this afternoon, triumphing by a 27 to 7 score.

Almost from the first play the Orange was the aggressor. Colgate's line crumpled under the battling it received from the Orange forwards. Harry Robertson, centre, and Captain Cobb, tackle, of Syracuse, were responsible in no small measure for the superiority of the Orange line.

Matt Brown starred for the Orange, crossing Colgate's goal line for three touchdowns. Barsha, a Brooklyn boy, made the other, the first of the game, and then was forced to retire on account of an injury to his bad ankle.

Syracuse won the toss and received the ball on her 15-yard line, taking it by straight line bucks, interspersed with a forward pass, Meehan to Schwarzer, to the Maroon's 4-yard line. Barsha was then sent in to take it over the goal line. Meehan tried two drop kicks in the second half, but both went wide.

Colgate's lone touchdown came in the first period, when Webster intercepted Finsterwald's forward pass and ran 55 yards to the Orange goal.

The lineup:

Syracuse, (27.)	Position.	Colgate, (7.)
E. Brown	L. E.	Castellanos
Cobb	L. T.	Foster
Thompson	L. G.	Woodman
Robertson	C.	Carroll
Alexander	R. G.	Cornelius
Segal	R. T.	Martin
Schwarzer	R. E.	Spencer
Meehan	Q. B.	Edkins
M. Brown	L. H. B.	Hubbell
Finsterwald	R. H. B.	Wooster
Malone	F. B.	Gilla

Touchdowns—M. Brown, (3.) Barsha. Webster. Goals from touchdowns—Meehan, (3.) Hubbell.

Substitutions—Syracuse: Barsha for Malone, Steele for Barsha, Malone for Steele, Guide for Malone, Hoople for Thompson, Buckman for Finsterwald, Barsha for Buckman, Thompson for Hoople, Steele for Guide, Livshin for Robertson; Colgate: McBride for Edkins, Watkins for Cornelius, Curtis for Castellanos.

Referee—J. A. Evans, Williams. Umpire—Fred W. Burleigh, Exeter. Linesman—John A. Hallahan Boston. Time of periods—15 minutes.

HAMILTON AND UNION TIE.

Play to a Scoreless Draw on Steuben Field.

Special to The New York Times.

CLINTON, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Hamilton and Union fought to a scoreless tie on Steuben Field here this afternoon. Neither team showed marked superiority. Union twice forced the ball to Hamilton's 5-yard line, but in each case the Buff and Blue line held. The final whistle saved Union probably from defeat, as the game ended just as Hamilton was about to try a drop kick from the 10-yard line.

Moynihan and Jones starred for Union, while Lawler and Lowell did the best work for Hamilton.

The lineup:

Hamilton, (0.)	Position.	Union, (0.)
Welsh	L. E.	Mosher
Lowell	L. T.	Hanley
McLean	L. G.	Gregory
Larned	C.	Hocuil
Belenius	R. G.	Beekman
Gorman	R. T.	Hay
Spinning	R. E.	Notman
Pape	Q. B.	Moynihan
Campbell	L. H. B.	Jones
Lawler	R. H. B.	Manion
Johnson	F. B.	Travis

Substitutions—Hamilton: Morrow for Spinning, Keeler for McLean, Keiser for Johnson. Referee—John Poe, Navy. Umpire—Mr. Pilgrim. Linesman—Mr. Oberle, Princeton. Field Judge—Tad Deane, Williams.

LEBANON IS UNABLE TO CHECK OLIPHANT

Army Football Hero Personally Accounts for 32 Points in 50 to 0 Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Lebanon Valley, a team which gave the Army much trouble a year ago and which was heralded as being likely to repeat again this year, failed to live up to expectations and was defeated by 50 to 0. It was the high scoring record of the season for the Army men.

Oliphant, the Western speed marvel, who plays the most consistent football of any of the Army men, led in the scoring bee. His record for the afternoon totaled thirty-two points. The blonde-haired full back registered four touchdowns, kicked five goals after touchdowns, and booted one placement goal from the forty-yard mark. His tackling and running with the ball was sensational. He was ably assisted by Wicks and Walker, both of whom displayed their best form of the season.

On the line, the veteran Knight acted as a "stabilizer," tackled with vengeance, opened wide holes in the collegians front wall, and was fast in the down-field work. Stokes, at centre, displayed an uncanny ability at recovering fumbles, three times getting onto loose balls. Once he carried the oval thirty-five yards after picking up a fumbled ball.

March, at end, scored a touchdown in the second period on a long forward pass from Murrill. Again, in the same quarter, he plunged the ball on Lebanon Valley's five-yard mark on a previous pass from Murrill, tossed from thirty-five yards back.

The lineup:

Army, (50.)	Position.	Lebanon V., (0.)
March	L. E.	Morrison
Smith	L. T.	Atticks
Adams	L. G.	Potter
Stokes	C.	Simondette
Yeager	R. G.	Isaacs
Knight	R. T.	Fishburn
Bartlett	R. E.	Rupp
Murrill	Q. B.	Keating
Wicks	L. H. B.	Snavely
Walker	R. H. B.	Haines
Oliphant	F. B.	Waler

Score by periods:

Army	16	13	7	14—50
Lebanon Valley	0	0	0	0— 0

Touchdowns—Oliphant, (4.) Wicks (2.) March. Goals from touchdowns—Oliphant, (5.) Goals from placement—Oliphant. Substitutions: Army—Dominey for March, Dickson for Smith, Watkins for Adams, Luce for Yeager, Barton for Bartlett, Bartlett for Wicks, Barrick for Murrill. Lebanon Valley—Beck for Morrison, Horn for Isaacs, Dupps for Rupp. Time of quarters—Two of 10 and two of 12 minutes. Referee—A. E. Whiting, Cornell. Umpire—Lieutenant Charles Hann, Harvard and Naval Reserves. Linesman—E. J. Donnelly, Trinity.

Princeton Beats Naval Team.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 17.—The eleven representing Princeton defeated the Naval Reserve gridiron team of Cape May today by a score of 41 to 0.

ADDITIONAL NEWS OF SPORTS ON PAGE 20, MAIN NEWS SECTION.

UPSET OF SEASON SCORED BY TUFTS

Dartmouth Surprised and Defeated, 27 to 0, by Open Game of Rival.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Nov. 17.—Tufts sprang a surprise here today by swamping Dartmouth, 27 to 0, in a game that was filled with spectacular passing and open plays. Dartmouth, with the exception of the first few moments of play, was thoroughly outclassed.

Three touchdowns were scored by forward passes from Captain Drummey, one going from midfield 35 yards to Mitchell, who carried it across. Mitchell took another pass over, running it for 40 yards. In the third period Jochim corralled the ball from a long pass for the last score. Drummey's touchdown followed scrimmaging.

Relying wholly upon line plunging, Dartmouth was at the mercy of Tufts's open order playing. Early in the first period the Green plowed out three first downs by rushing. Dartmouth's only threatening moment followed when C. Holbrook, while crossing the line, fumbled into Drummey's hands. Tufts backfield was heavier, but otherwise the teams were evenly balanced.

The lineup:

Tufts, (27.)	Position.	Dartmouth, (7.)
Jochim	L. E.	Freedberg
Abbott	L. T.	Beavan
McGee	L. G.	Crisp
Pryor	C.	Youngstrom
Enander	R. G.	Nealy
Haggerty	R. T.	Healy
Lincoln	R. E.	Madison
Drummey, (Capt.)	Q. B.	McDonough
Martin	L. H. B.	Eastman
Mitchell	R. H. B.	C. Holbrook
McNamara	F. B.	Lehman

Touchdowns—Drummey, Mitchell, (2.) Jochim. Goals from touchdowns—McNamara, 3. Umpire—McGrath, Boston College. Referee—Hollenbach, U. of P. Field judge—Burke, Worcester Tech. Time—15-minute periods.

VIOLET GETS DRAW WITH STEVENS TEAM

Unbeaten Engineers Unable to Register Victory, but Escape Defeat.

BOTH SCORE ON PASSES

Hoboken Eleven Gets Touchdown in Second Quarter, but N. Y. U. Retaliates in the Third.

The unbeaten Stevens team was denied victory, though it escaped defeat, yesterday when the New York University football eleven invaded Castle Field and played the engineers a tie game, the final score of which was 6—6. The contest was hard fought from beginning to end, and only the merest chance prevented both teams from scoring more. Egan, the Violet quarter back, was the most conspicuous on the field. Besides doing his team's kicking and most of the running with the ball, he went back to his end tactics of a year ago and caught the forward pass that netted New York its tally. The Violet, outclassed physically by its opponents, overcame this handicap by its persistency and team work. Egan skirted both ends time and again for ten, twenty, and thirty yards, and when it was necessary Ebenfield, the consistent little full back, made the line plunge that netted the required distance for first down.

The Stevens team had a powerful man in Carlson, an end who seemed to be wherever his team needed him. He caught the forward pass that gave his team its touchdown and also blocked Egan's punt and ran the ball to where this pass was made possible.

The goal post cross bar caused havoc to both teams. Once Egan's kick for goal after a touchdown was invalidated by the offending bar and once within a minute of the final whistle Goodale's placement also rebounded into the field after striking it. Egan missed two drop kicks yesterday but the same luck pursued his opponents, for none of the four tries for a goal from placement by Goodale and Ford succeeded.

In the first quarter Stevens had the Violet on the defensive and only once, at the end, was the ball in the engineers' territory. In this quarter Goodale made two attempts at placement, once from the 40-yard line after his long end run of 30 yards had put his team into position, and once from the 30-yard line. Each kick went wide.

In this quarter, too, Egan tried a drop kick from near the 40-yard line but this attempt also went wild. By the end of the period the Violet had its opponents playing near midfield and from then on until the second period, when a penalty for holding put the engineers on their own 1-yard line, the lighter New York team shoved its heavier opponents back. After Ford punted from behind his own goal line the ball was on the Stevens 40-yard line and following a few ineffectual plays Egan attempted to punt. The big end, Carlson, was in on the ball and ran it past midfield before being downed. On the next play Goodale threw Carlson a long forward pass and the latter carried it 40 yards for a touchdown. Stevens lost its attempt for goal on the punt-out.

In the second half the Violet stiffened and after Egan's kickoff the engineers were unable to gain. After a punt by Ford, Buckley had the ball on the Violet 33-yard line. After several small gains Gardiner caught a long forward pass from Egan and traveled 30 yards before being downed. On the third play following this advance Egan himself went out and gathered in Buckley's forward and ran the ball over the line, tieing the score. On his attempt at goal the ball hit the cross bar.

From then on until late in the fourth quarter the ball seesawed back and forth between the two teams. Late in the last quarter the Violet had the ball on its 20-yard line, after Ford's punt had gone over the line. Here the New York team struck a snag and was forced to punt. Egan's kick went outside the 25-yard mark. On the next play, however, the Violet quarter back retrieved this loss by intercepting a forward and bringing the ball to the 35-yard line. Later in the period, after several substantial gains by Goodale, Deghuee and Piquet, who replaced Bloss, had brought the pigskin to the 20-yard line Ford dropped back to the 30-yard mark and tried a placement, but it went wide.

But fortune again was unkind to the Violet and few plays later found the engineers in possession of the ball on the 25-yard line. Goodale dropped back this time and tried another placement kick which hit the cross bar. Before either team could do more the final whistle blew.

The lineup:

N. Y. U., (6.)	Position.	Stevens I., (6.)
Finley	L. E.	Carlson
Fernandez	L. T.	Brune
Goff	L. G.	Brett
Brin	C.	S. Johnson
Goldberg	R. G.	Moeller
Sokolover, (Capt.)	R. T.	Heimer
Gardiner	R. E.	Exner
Egan	Q. B.	Bloss
Buckley	L. H. B.	Goodale
Johnson	R. H. B.	Deghuee, (Capt.)
Ebenfeld	F. B.	Ford

SCORE BY PERIODS.

New York University	0	0	6	0—6
Stevens Institute	0	0	6	0—6

Touchdowns—Carlson and Egan.

Substitutions: New York University—Christopher for Buckley. Stevens Institute—Piquet for Bloss.

Referee—Ed. Thorne, De La Salle. Umpire—C. H. Garrison, Wesleyan. Head linesman—Mr. Rosenbaugh, Harvard. Time of periods—15 minutes each.

Kent Runs Up Big Score.

KENT, Conn., Nov. 17.—The undefeated Kent School eleven made nine touchdowns against Choate School of Wallingford in the final game of the season today, the score being 61 to 3. In the eight games played this year the Kent School has scored 557 points to their opponents 24.

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YALE YOUNGSTERS TRAMPLE CRIMSON

Blue Freshman Eleven Outplays Harvard's Cub Team by Score of 14 to 0.

PLAY OF LAY STANDS OUT

Left Half Back of New Haven Lads Puts Up Great Game on Both Offense and Defense.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 17.—Arthur Bride's Yale Freshmen football team beat the Harvard freshmen 14 to 0 in the Stadium this afternoon, scoring two touchdowns and goals. The counting was done in the first and last periods, between which Harvard often threatened the Yale goal, but was unable to produce any points.

The first Yale touchdown was made almost at the end of the opening quarter. Once the New Haven youngsters had lost the ball on downs on the Crimson five-yard line, to which point it had been carried mainly through the wonderful running of Lay, the team's big half back. After getting the ball and kicking out of danger, Harvard was unable to repeat its fine defense, and Yale in ten plays carried the ball from Harvard's thirty-nine-yard line to the twelve-yard line. Then Lay, breaking through the middle of the scrimmage, plowed over the last dozen yards for a touchdown.

In the last quarter Yale's touchdown was made after the team had met a reverse following an advance of nearly seventy yards from a point deep in its own territory, but Lay fumbled when within twenty-five yards of the Harvard goal. On the Harvard second play, however, when Humphrey tried to make a forward pass to Lee, half back Dines caught the ball on the run and legged it down the side-lines and across Harvard's goal line.

Midway through the game Harvard showed a lot of ground gaining ability. In the second quarter Humphrey, on a thirty-two-yard zigzag run, reached Yale's twenty-nine-yard line, but here three plays were stopped and then Frothingham missed fire in trying for a field goal.

Later in the period Humphrey made a long forward pass to Davis, one of the Harvard ends, who planted the ball on Yale's 11-yard line. Here Yale's defense was too much to be penetrated and after being stopped three times, Harvard lost the ball on Lothrop's fumble, Dilworth getting the ball for Yale.

In the third quarter Harvard was inside the Yale 30-yard line twice, but each time was stopped, once losing the ball on downs and later Lay intercepted a forward pass and galloped some forty yards up the field.

This was Harvard's last chance to score. Yale in the last twenty-five minutes had three chances to try for field goals, but French failed in the 34, 43 and 44-yard lines.

The game was hard fought and was by all means the battle of the year in the Stadium. Yale had the better drilled eleven and followed the ball much better than Harvard, besides tackling better and handling the ball cleaner.

Harvard, on account of the thirty-six yards it gained by means of the forward pass, outgained Yale in scrimmage play. The Crimson's net gain on fifty-two plays was 210 yards, while Yale's gain on fifty-one plays was 195 yards. Harvard, besides completing two forward passes, had seven of them go wrong. Two of them were incompleted, and Yale intercepted five others, four of them cleanly.

There was some fine punting by both French and Humphrey, but the star of the game was Lay, the Yale right half back. He was a power with the ball, and defensively played a game that would make any Varsity player green with envy.

The summary:

Yale Fresh., (14.)	Position.	Harv. Fresh., (0.)
	L. E.	Anderson
Walker	L. T.	Fasso
Welsh	L. G.	Olmstead
Acosta	C.	Havemeyer
Trippe	R. G.	C. Stillman
Monger	R. T.	Frothingham
Dilworth	R. E.	Gaston
Neville	Q. B.	Wales
Lay	L. H. B.	McDonnell
French	R. H. B.	Hamilton
Dines	F. B.	Humphrey

Touchdowns—Lay, Dines. Goals from touchdowns—French, (2.) Substitutions—Yale: D. Wells for Lay; Sheviln for Dilworth; E. Wells for Scully. Harvard: Lothrop for McDonnell; Butterfield for Hamilton; King for Anderson; Davis for Gaston; Hamilton for Lothrop; Sedgwick for Olmstead; Holmes for Frothingham; Lee for Davis; E. Stillman for Hamilton; Bangs for Wales; Jenney for Bangs. Referee—Dr. E. J. O'Brien, Tufts. Umpire—R. N. Bankhart, Dartmouth. Field Judge—J. R. Pendleton, Bowdoin. Linesman—E. Sullivan. Time of periods—

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BLUE AND WHITE BAFFLED

Opportunities Are Wasted at Times by Overeagerness, Which Leads to Heavy Penalties.

There must be something in a name after all, since Bill Boote, the big, lanky left half back of the Wesleyan football team, twice lived up to his title yesterday by drop-kicking the ball over the goal posts, and by this means Columbia was defeated, 6 to 0, before a large crowd on South Field. To make it more certain Boote used his left foot for his efficient work. Throughout the game he booted the ball with superior judgment and uncommonly accurate aim, his punting helping greatly to undo the offensive efforts of Columbia.

Boote really achieved greatness with his initial drop-kicking effort, as he broke a scoreless tie, which had existed throughout the first half, and he sent the ball sailing true over the cross bar from an angle so difficult as to almost preclude a possibility of success. He was standing on the Columbia thirty-yard line and close to the side line. It was fourth down and the kick was called for as a forlorn hope. Boote was slow in his moves, but when he planted his foot against the ball it sailed between the posts and almost out of the grounds. His second drop kick, in the fourth quarter, was a comparatively easy effort of seventeen yards from directly in front of the posts.

Wesleyan Better Conditioned.

The one big difference between the two teams was Boote's kicking. During the first half neither side was able to make any great impression on the other, but toward the end of the game the superior condition of the Wesleyan team began to tell and when time finally was called Wesleyan was on the Columbia four-yard line and ready for a final drive for a touchdown.

It was one of the best games played on South Field this year. The tackling was clean and hard and the plays were run off with some semblance of football knowledge. Columbia usually masked every effort it made on the offensive and Wesleyan invariably shifted each time the ball was passed.

Wesleyan had a pair of tackles and a fast, heavy backfield which appeared much stronger than anything Columbia could bring forth. Anderson, right tackle for the visitors, earned a volume of cheers. He was used in a tackle back formation to carry the ball, and tore into the line with enough force to chalk up many yards for his side. On the defence he broke up many Columbia assaults. Time after time he tossed aside the interference of the Blue and White and threw the runner for a loss. E. E. Dixon, the other Wesleyan tackle, also spilled Columbia players often enough to discourage the Blue and White rooters.

Weinstein was again the individual star of the Columbia team. Playing at quarterback he roved over the entire field, did the punting and was the chief offensive man of the Blue and White. The only appreciable gains made by Columbia came through his efforts. He was badly battered before the game ended and was forced to give way to Lester near the close of the contest.

Columbia Misses Opportunities.

Columbia had any number of chances to score, but overeagernes on the part of the forwards prevented a possible touchdown. Several times, when Columbia was within the twenty-yard line, a forward was detected holding or else helping the runner and the penalty of fifteen yards, imposed each time, not only placed a touchdown out of reach, but set the team back so far that the drop kick and place kick efforts of Weinstein, Memmott and Kennedy were unsuccessful. Columbia was penalized 67 yards during the game and each time the penalty came just when it seemed that the Blue and White was started on a victorious march.

In the first half Columbia had five chances for a score. Memmott tried a drop kick from the 42-yard line, but the ball went under the bar. Again Weinstein signalled for a free catch in midfield and when a Wesleyan end roughed Weinstein Columbia got the ball on Wesleyan's 35-yard line. Here Kennedy attempted a place kick, but his effort was too low and it was intercepted. These two came in the first period. In the second period Weinstein twice failed at drop kicks and Columbia got the ball on her opponent's 16-yard line only to be penalized for holding.

Boote made an unsuccessful attempt at a drop kick in the second period, which was the only outstanding chance for Wesleyan during the first half of the game. In the first half Columbia tried three forward passes, two of which were grounded, and one, Canapary to Weinstein, was good for a gain of twenty-five yards. Wesleyan also tried three forward passes in the opening half, completed one for a ten-yard gain, grounded one and one was intercepted. Wesleyan made six first downs to four for Columbia in the opening half.

Long Run by Markthaler.

Next to Boote's successful drop kicks in the second half, a dash of twenty-eight yards around end by Markthaler to the Columbia seven-yard line was the outstanding feature. However, Wesleyan was denied a touchdown here, for the reason that after two tries at the line had failed to gain, Wesleyan was detected offside and lost five yards. Columbia also was penalized on the same play, but only two yards, this coming because it was the fifth time during the period that Columbia had taken time out to revive one of its battered gladiators. To make up for the lost touchdown, Boote at this juncture made his second drop kick of the game.

In the third period Wesleyan made one first down and Columbia none. Columbia punted three times, one being blocked, and Wesleyan punted thrice. Columbia fumbled twice and lost the ball each time. Wesleyan fumbled three times and recovered once. Columbia grounded two attempts at forward passes and Wesleyan got twenty-five yards on one attempt, after grounding two other tries.

The fourth period was all in favor of Wesleyan, which started the quarter with a spread shift formation for a forward pass. The pass hit the ground, however, but it opened the eyes of Columbia to the versatility of the visitors. Columbia could do little in advancing the ball and Weinstein resorted to punting, but only after he tried each time to pierce the forward wall of the visitors. Columbia tried several forward passes in this final period, in a more or less desperate effort to offset the advantage of Wesleyan, but none was completed and two were intercepted, one by Peck, centre of the visitors, and the other by Berlew, a Wesleyan back.

The lineup:

Wesleyan, (6.)	Position.	Columbia, (0.)
Austin	L. E.	Kennedy
E. E. Dixon	L. T.	Farrell
Sutter	L. G.	Kindleberger
Peck	C.	Galvin
Froidevaux	R. G.	Healy
Anderson	R. T.	Farer
Bower	R. E.	Parnes
Markthaler	Q. B.	Weinstein
Boote	L. H. B.	Canapary
Berlew	R. H. B.	Shaw
R. V. Dixon	F. B.	Memmott

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Wesleyan	0	0	3	3	—6
Columbia	0	0	0	0	—0

Goals from field—Boote, (2.) Substitutions—Columbia, Campbell for Farer, Lester for Weinstein, Stevenson for Parnes, Freudenheim for Memmott; Wesleyan, Glen for Austin, Austin for Glen, Moore for Froidevaux. Referee—F. R. Luehring, Chicago. Umpire—A. H. Fewler, Dartmouth. Linesman—[illegible] Brown. Field judge—[illegible] Williams. Time of periods—15 [illegible]

FOOTBALL RECORDS.

ARMY.	
23—Carnegie Tech.	6
34—Virginia M. I.	0
20—Tufts	3
21—Villanova	7
2—Notre Dame	7
28—Carlisle	0
50—Lebanon Valley	0
189	17

NAVY.	
27—Davidson Coll.	0
0—West Virginia	7
62—Maryland State	0
61—Carlisle	0
89—Haverford	0
95—Western Res.	0
28—Georgetown	7
80—Villanova	3
442	17

PENNSYLVANIA.	
73—Albright	0
0—Georgia Tech.	41
10—Swarthmore	0
20—Bucknell	6
6—Pittsburgh	14
27—Lafayette	0
23—Penn Mil. Coll.	0
7—Dartmouth	0
16—Michigan	0
182	61

PITTSBURGH.	
14—West Va. Univ.	9
40—Bethany	0
41—Lehigh	0
28—Syracuse	0
14—Pennsylvania	6
25—Westminster	0
13—W. and J.	10
27—Carnegie Tech.	0
202	25

FORDHAM.	
35—Ft. Wadsw'th.	0
19—Ambulance C.	7
60—Norwich	0
12—Holy Cross	0
0—Rutgers	28
9—Georgetown	12
27—Cornell	6
162	53

COLUMBIA.	
24—B'klyn Nav. R.	0
21—Union	0
6—Williams	9
6—Amherst	14
70—Hobart	0
0—Wesleyan	6
127	29

N. Y. UNIV.	
3—Rensselaer	6
6—Wesleyan	7
0—Union	0
0—Trinity	0
9—R. I. State	6
6—Stevens	6
24	25

RUTGERS.	
25—Ursinus	0
90—Ft. Wadsworth	0
10—Syracuse	14
33—Lafayette	7
28—Fordham	0
7—West Virginia	7
61—Springf'ld T. S.	0
27—League Isl. M.	0
281	28

BROWN.	
27 Rhode Island	0
20—Johns Hopkins	0
27—Worcester	6
7—Boston Col.	2
7—Colgate	6
0—Syracuse	6
0—Naval Reserves	35
19—Colby	7
107	63

COLGATE.	
24—Bucknell	0
20—Cornell	0
6—Brown	7
21—Holy Cross	0
40—St. Bonavent'e.	7
7—Syracuse	27
118	41

PENN STATE.	
10—Ambulance C.	0
80—Gettysburg	0
99—St. Bonaventure	0
0—Wash. and Jeff.	7
8—West Va. Wes.	7
7—Dartmouth	10
0—Lehigh	9
57—Maryland State	0
261	33

LEHIGH.	
7—7th U. S. Inf., Gettysburg	0
0—Ursinus	7
0—Pittsburgh	41
6—Georgetown	14
33—Lebanon Valley	7
47—Muhlenberg	0
9—Penn State	0
34—Penn. Mil. Coll.	6
142	75

WASH. AND JEFF.	
17—Kiski	7
30—Westminster	0
13—W. Va. Wes.	6
7—Penn State	0
33—Geneva	0
10—Pittsburgh	13
0—W. Va. Univ.	7
110	33

SYRACUSE.	
19—47th U. S. Inf.	0
14—Rutgers	10
0—Pittsburgh	28
58—Tufts	0
6—Brown	0
42—Bucknell	0
27—Colgate	7
166	45

DARTMOUTH.	
14—Springfield Y. M. C. A.	0
32—Middlebury	6
6—West Virginia	2
21—New Hampshire	6
10—Penn. State	7
0—Pennsylvania	7
0—Tufts	27
83	55

AMHERST.	
7—Middlebury	19
10—Union	6
7—Springfield Y. M. C. A.	13
14—Wesleyan	8
14—Columbia	6
34—Worcester Tech.	6
0—Williams	20
95	78

CORNELL.	
22—Oberlin	0
10—Williams	14
0—Colgate	20
20—Bucknell	0
20—Carnegie Tech.	0
0—Michigan	42
6—Fordham	27
78	103

LAFAYETTE.	
20—Ambulance C.	0
12—Ursinus	6
7—Rutgers	33
0—Muhlenberg	6
0—Pennsylvania	27
0—Swarthmore	56
42—Albright	0
81	128

WILLIAMS.	
20—Rensselaer	0
13—Union	6
14—Cornell	10
12—Hamilton	0
9—Columbia	6
0—Wesleyan	0
39—Middlebury	7
20—Amherst	0
127	29

GEORGETOWN.	
32—Lebanon Valley	7
26—Y. M. C. A. Col.	0
14—Lehigh	6
25—Virginia Poly.	0
12—Fordham	9
7—Navy	28
20—Wash. and Lee	12
139	62

WESLEYAN.	
0—R. Isl. State	0
0—Stevens	6
7—N. Y. Univ.	6
9—Amherst	14
0—Williams	0
27—Rochester	6
6—Columbia	0
49	32

SWARTHMORE.	
7—Bucknell	16
0—Pennsylvania	10
17—Gettysburg	0
46—F. and M.	0
28—Johns Hopkins	0
56—Lafayette	0
27—Delaware	0
181	26

WEST VIRGINIA.	
9—Pittsburgh	14
7—Navy	0
21—Carlisle	0
2—Dartmouth	6
60—Gettysburg	0
7—Rutgers	7
27—Virginia Tech.	3
7—Wash. and Jeff.	0
120	30

GEORGIA TECH.	
33—Wake Forest	0
25—Furman	0
41—Pennsylvania	0
32—Davidson	10
63—Wash. and Lee	0
83—Vanderbilt	0
48—Tulane	0
98—Carlisle	0
423	10

EASY TIME FOR LAFAYETTE.

Amasses 42 Points While Albright Gets None in Ragged Game.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Penn., Nov. 17.—In a game played loosely on both sides and full of glaring football errors, Lafayette defeated Albright on March Field this afternoon by 42 to 0. Both teams showed their inexperience and greenness. The Albright team was so weak that it offered practically no opposition to the Lafayette onslaught. Lafayette stopped her own progress and curtailed her own score by frequent fumbling and committing many errors to which penalties attach.

The lineup:

Lafayette, (42.)	Position.	Albright, (0.)
Robinson	L. E.	Sechrist
Scott	L. T.	Heisler
Albright	L. G.	Ehrman
Emmel	C.	J. Shambaugh
Beers	R. G.	G. Shambaugh
Caine	R. T.	Heissey
Russ	R. E.	Hassler
Baur	Q. B.	Silverman
Wolf	L. H. B.	Ball
Mendelsohn	R. H. B.	Homan
Rowe	F. B.	Yeates

Touchdowns—Mendelsohn, King, 3; Rowe, Loux. Goals from touchdowns—Caine, 3. Goal from field—Caine.

Substitutions—Hoch for Homan, Actora for Hassler, King for Wolf, Hassler for Sechrist, Waters for Mendelsohn, Hebaugh for Hoch, Hayes for Beers, Moyer for Acosta, Loux for Rowe, Jacoby for J. Shambaugh.

Referee—Mr. Bennis. Umpire—Mr. Noble, Amherst. Linesman—Mr. Walker, Penn. Time of periods—Twelve minutes each.

OHIO STATE IS CHAMPION.

Led by Harley, Team Upsets Illinois in Deciding Game, 13 to 0.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 18.—For the second successive year the Ohio State football team has won the Western Conference football championship. In its deciding game here today Ohio State, led by the indomitable Chick Harley, defeated Illinois 13 to 0 in one of the hardest fought football games in conference history.

Chick Harley was the outstanding star of a collection of brilliant players. He carried the ball most of the time, and twice during the contest he sent the ball between the uprights for field goals. He scored his first field goal in the opening period, and after only a few minutes of play. From that score until the final period the two teams battled away savagely, using every known modern means to advance the ball, but without success.

In the final period Ohio State began another attack which was even more furious than that which had gone before. After three minutes of aerial work a forward pass was carried over the goal line by H. G. Courtney, and Harley kicked the resultant goal which brought the score 10 to 0. With only a short time left to play Ohio State lost the ball on its own thirty-yard line, and Harley brought the total to 13 with his second accurate field goal.

HARVARD CUB RUNNERS WIN.

Beat Yale Freshmen in Dual Race with Ease.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 17.—Harvard's freshman cross-country team won six of the first seven places in its annual race at Belmont against the Yale Freshman R. O. T. C. runners this afternoon. The Crimson team scored five of the first seven places, and the count in points was 19 for Harvard and 47 for Yale.

D. F. O'Connell, the Harvard captain, finished first by a small margin over his teammate, Nally, both men coming home under the Belmont short course cross-country record. O'Connell's time was 16 minutes 4 1-5 seconds, Nally being 5 4-5 seconds behind. The Harvard Captain's time was thirty-three seconds better than the previous record.

G. M. Boyd of Yale was the fastest runner in the New Haven group. However, he never pressed O'Connell and Nally closely, although he ran a splendid race as against the remainder of the Harvard freshman field.

Points were scored for the first ten men. T. A. L. Cady of Harvard followed Boyd of Yale home for fourth place, and B. W. Boyden of Harvard was fifth. Yale counted sixth with J. P. Britton, who beat C. A. Page of Harvard. The next three runners, all from New Haven, were [illegible] Johnson, [illegible] and W. [illegible]

WILLIAMS FINISHES WITHOUT A DEFEAT

Boynton Runs Wild Over Amherst and Keeps Slate of Team Clean for Year.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Nov., 17.—Coach Walker's Williams team won its last game of the season by defeating Amherst, its most bitter rival, by 20 to 0. Williams went through the season without a defeat for the first time in the history of Williams College.

Boynton, the Williams quarterback, was the individual star of the game and made all three touchdowns. His playing seemed to bewilder Amherst. He made innumerable sensational runs during the game. His line plunges netted many yards, his end runs and open field work were especially brilliant, his punting and passing steady and straight and his tackling hard and sure.

The Amherst team found it impossible to solve the shift plays Coach Walker had planned for Boynton and he kept them guessing all the time.

For Amherst Captain Bodenhorn was the mainstay of the team and made many runs for a substantial gain.

There was no scoring in the first quarter but in the second, after each team failed to gain, Amherst gained possession of the ball at midfield and rushed to Williams' 15-yard line, when a pass was tried over the line which failed. The half ended with the teams still on even terms.

In the third period a perfectly executed forward pass, Boynton to Brown, netted the Williams eleven 40 yards and placed the ball on Amherst's 3-yard line and Boynton went over for the first touchdown. He also kicked the goal.

In the final period a pass from Boynton to Brown netted 30 yards and brought the ball on Amherst's 8-yard line. After two line plunges Boynton carried the ball over for the second touchdown. After gaining at will through the Amherst line Boynton made another run of 40 yards and carried the ball over.

The line-up:

Williams, (20.)	Position.	Amherst, (0.)
Brown	L. E.	Davison
Halstead	L. T.	Bliss
Fresler	L. G.	Demarest
Mills	C.	Olsen
Pinckney	R. G.	Reusswig
Parmelee	R. T.	Kimball
Kingsley	R. E.	Davis
Boynton	Q. B.	Bodenhorn, (Capt.)
Strong	L. H. B.	Caulkins
Dayton	R. H. B.	Phillips
Kriegen	F. B.	Perry

Touchdowns—Boynton, 3. Goals from touchdowns—Strong, 2. Substitutions—Williams: Stearns for Strong, Hollins for Dayton. Amherst: Kilby for Phillips, O'Brien for Bodenhorn, Benneyan for Olsen, Cummings for Demarest.

Referee—Tom Thorpe, Columbia. Umpire—Mr. Lowe, Worcester. Linesman—Mr. Keegans, Pittsfield. Field judge—Mr. Young, Adams. Time—15-minute quarters.

MAKES SCORE EACH PERIOD.

Pitt Jams Way to Victory Over Carnegie Tech, 27 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 17.—The University of Pittsburgh football team scored a touchdown in each of the four periods of its game against Carnegie Tech today and won, 27 to 0. The Blue and Gold made first down twenty-three times, while Tech was successful only thrice.

In the first period, line smashing by Gougler and McLaren carried the ball to Tech's two-yard line, and McCarter went over for a touchdown, Gougler kicking goal.

In the second period a series of double passes, McLaren to McCarter, carried the ball down the field, and Gougler scored from the one-yard line and converted the play into a goal. Tech played its best in the third period and held Pitt scoreless until near the end, when Easterday and McCarter made several end runs for gains, and McLaren tallied from the three-yard line. Gougler missed goal.

In the last period the Panthers' touchdown came after a fine run of forty yards by Easterday after receiving Tech's punt out. After several smashes through centre by McLaren, Easterday ran around left for the fourth touchdown, and Gougler kicked goal.

The lineup:

Pitt, (27.)	Position.	Tech., (0.)
Harrington	L. E.	Wagner
Pearlman	L. T.	McFeaters
Sutherland	L. G.	Carey
Stahl	C.	Stratzler
Sies	R. G.	Jones
Siedel	R. T.	Fox
R. Allshouse	R. E.	Williams
McClelland	Q. B.	Bloom
Gougler	L. H. B.	Lynn
McCarter	R. H. B.	Early
McLaren	F. B.	Ginn

Score by periods:

Pittsburgh	7	7	6	7	—27
Tech	0	0	0	0	—0

Touchdowns—McCarter, Gougler, McLaren, Easterday. Goals from touchdowns—Gougler, 3. Substitutions—Pittsburgh: Easterday for McCarter, Stanford for Sies, Carlson for Harrington, Henry for Carlson. Tech: Alexander for Early. Referee—Mr. McFarland, W. and J. Umpire—Mr. Hammond, Michigan. Linesman—Mr. Daugherty, W. and J. Periods—Fifteen minutes.

MARINES BOW TO RUTGERS.

Eddie Mahan's Team Is Defeated by Score of 27 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 17.—The eleven of the Philadelphia League Island Marines, of which Eddie Mahan, former Harvard star, is captain, was defeated here this afternoon by a score of 27 to 0 by Sanford's Rutgers team. Although Mahan was unable to play because of an injury, his eleven showed strong resistance, and it was only by hard work that Rutgers was able to score four touchdowns.

The visiting eleven resorted to rough tactics in the second half, and Coach Sanford at one time interfered and threatened to take his eleven off the field. The marines outweighed the Rutgers team, but had no opportunity to score after Scott's field goal went wide in the first quarter. On the other hand, the Rutgers backs gained consistently, Gardiner making one and Whitehill three touchdowns.

All these scores resulted from running attacks started at midfield, with the exception of the score in the fourth period, when Breckley received a forward pass for a thirty-yard gain. Whitehill made the touchdown on a line plunge.

The marines' backfield could make little impression against the Rutgers line, but several passes, from Scott to Avery, accounted for good gains.

The lineup:

Rutgers, (27.)	Position.	Marines, (0.)
Robeson	L. E.	Avery
Feitner	L. T.	Dale
Neuschaefer	L. G.	Gardner
Dunham	C.	P. Garlow
Francke	R. G.	Budd
Rendall	R. T.	J. Garlow
Breckley	R. E.	Donovan
Baker	Q. B.	Peacock
Gardiner	R. H.	Owens
Kelly	L. H.	Williams
Whitehill	F. B.	Scott

Referee—Cochems, Wisconsin. Umpire—Crowell, Swarthmore. Head linesman—Plumer, Cornell.

Touchdowns—Whitehill 3, Gardiner 1. Goals from touchdown—3. Time of quarters—15 minutes. Substitutions—Gargan for Gardner, Gardner for Gargan, Wells for Williams, Wood for P. Garlow, Wilson for Dale, Dougherty for Donovan.

BENSONHURST IN TRIUMPH.

Overseas Wanderers Defeated at Soccer, 5 Goals to 2.

Taking on the Overseas Wanderers of the New York State Football League at Prospect Park yesterday, the soccer eleven of the Bensonhurst Field Club came through with victory by five goals to two. Hall and Thyne each shot two of Bensonhurst's goals, the fifth being contributed by T. O'Halloran. Pilling and Halladay scored the points for the Wanderers.

FOOTBALL RESULTS.

EAST AND SOUTH.

At West Point—Army, 50; Lebanon Valley, 0.
At Annapolis—Navy, 80; Villanova, 3.
At Philadelphia—Pennsylvania, 16; Michigan, 0.
At Ithaca—Fordham, 27; Cornell, 6.
At South Field—Wesleyan, 6; Columbus, 0.
At Hoboken—New York University, 6; Stevens, 6.
At New Brunswick—Rutgers, 27; League Island Marines, 0.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 27; Colgate, 7.
At Providence—Brown, 19; Colby, 7.
At Carnegie, Penn.—Pittsburgh, 27; Carnegie Tech, 0.
At State College—Penn State, 57; Maryland State, 0.
At South Bethlehem—Lehigh, 34; Pennsylvania Military Institute, 6.
At Easton—Lafayette, 42; Albright, 0.
At Exeter—Exeter, 3; Andover, 0.
At Cambridge—Yale Freshmen, 14; Harvard Freshmen, 0.
At Manchester—Tufts, 27; Dartmouth, 0.
At Fairmount, W. Va.—West Virginia University, 7; Washington and Jefferson, 0.
At Williamstown—Williams, 20; Amherst, 0.
At Newark, Del.—Swarthmore, 27; Delaware, 0.
At Geneva—Rochester, 9; Hobart, 8.
At Harrisburg—Gettysburg, 6; Bucknell, 6.
At Atlanta—Georgia Tech, 98; Carlisle, 0.
At Worcester—Holy Cross, 41; Rensselaer, 13.
At Roanoke, Va.—Georgetown, 20; Washington and Lee, 12.
At Durham—New Hampshire State College, 27; Worcester Polytechnic Institute, 0.
At Annapolis—St. John's, 33; Mount St. Mary's, 0.
At Lexington, Ky.—Alabama, 27; Kentucky State, 0.
At Haverford—Haverford, 0; Johns Hopkins, 0.
At Lancaster—Ursinus, 31; Franklin and Marshall, 0.
At Sharon, Penn.—Allegheny, 21; Westminster, 0.
At Princeton—Princeton Informals, 41; Wissahickon Naval Barracks, 0.
At Newport—Newport Naval Reserves, 14; Harvard Informals, 0.
At New Haven—Yale Informals, 7; Trinity, 0.
At Boston—Camp Dix, 19; Camp Devens, 0.
At Boston—Boston College, 31; Middlebury, 0.
At Norfolk—North Carolina A. and E., 7; Virginia Polytechnic Institute, 7.
At Jacksonville—Clemson, 55; Florida University, 7.
Western Maryland vs. George Washington University, at Westminster, Md., canceled.

WEST.

At Columbus—Ohio State, 13; Illinois, 0.
At Minneapolis—Minnesota, 33; Chicago, 0.
At Notre Dame—Notre Dame, 23; Michigan Aggies, 0.
At Lafayette—Purdue, 28; Wabash, 0.
At Bloomington—Indiana, 35; De Pauw, 0.
At Evanston, Ill.—Northwestern, 25; Iowa, 14.
At Detroit—University of Detroit, 35; Kalamazoo Normal, 0.
At Delaware, Ohio—Denison, 14; Wesleyan, 0.
At Marietta, Ohio—West Virginia Wesleyan, 27; Marietta, 0.
At Gambier, Ohio—Kenyon College, 13; Baldwin Wallace, 0.
At Oxford, Ohio—Miami, 0; Wooster, 0.
At Cincinnati, Ohio—Camp Sherman army team, 13; Camp Sheridan army team, 0.
At Logan, Utah—Utah Aggies, 3; University of Colorado, 0.
At Omaha, Neb.—Creighton, 19; Haskell Indians, 0.
At Lawrence—Nebraska, 13; Kansas, 0.
At Columbia, Mo.—Missouri, 19; Washington, 3.
At Colorado Springs—Colorado College, 7; Colorado Aggies, 0.
At Denver—University of Denver, 51; Colorado School of Mines, 0.
At Kalamazoo, Mich.—Alma College, 25; Kalamazoo College, 14.

SCHOOL GAMES.

At Polo Grounds—Morris H. S., 6; De Witt Clinton H. S., 0.
At Washington Park, Brooklyn—Erasmus Hall H. S., 33; Boys' H. S., 6.
At Washington Park, Brooklyn—Manual Training H. S., 6; Poly Prep., 0.
At Mount Vernon—Mount Vernon H. S., 27; Yonkers H. S., 13.
At Garden City—Montclair Academy, 15; St. Paul's School, 2.
At Mohegan Lake, N. Y.—Hackley School, 14; Mohegan Lake School, 12.
At Essex Falls, N. J.—Kingsley School, 14; Horace Mann School, 7.
At Roland Park, Md.—Gilman School, 7; Tome School, 6.

TRINITY GIVES YALE FIGHT.

Blue Barely Beats Visitors in Game by 7 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 17.—In the only game in the Yale Bowl this season between two football elevens other than class teams, the Yale informals today barely squeezed out victory over Trinity College, 7 to 0. The Hartford collegians were unable to gain by rushing but their punter, Hyland, continually drove back Stradella and Borders, on whose toe work the Yale reserves depended.

In the final minute of the game Trinity gave Yale a genuine scare, Stradella's kick being blocked at the Yale 5-yard line. Stradella saved the situation by falling on the ball. On his next punt to the Yale 30-yard line, Trinity failed to gain and the danger was averted when in the final play of the game Captain Nordstrom of Trinity missed a drop kick goal, which fell short.

Trinity made only one first down and Yale only four. Neither side registered first down in the second half. The only consistent ground-gaining of the game occurred in the second period after Reinhart of Yale had fallen on the ball on the Trinity 30-yard line, when Lynch muffed Border's punt. Yale's backs, Stewart and Reinhart, alternated in smashing attacks aimed at tackle till the 5-yard line was reached, when Stewart ploughed through guard for the only touchdown.

The lineup:

Yale Inf'mals, (7.)	Position.	Trinity, (0.)
Hendrickson	L. E.	King
Meekins	L. T.	Nordstrom
Williams	L. G.	Reitmeyer
Walters	C.	Puffer
Vorys	R. G.	Jackson
Hamill	R. T.	Shepherd
Borders	R. E.	Murtha
O'Conner	Q. B.	Lynch
Stradella	L. H. B.	Ingster
Reinhart	R. H. B.	Ramsey
Stewart	F. B.	Hyland

Touchdown—Stewart. Goal from touchdown—Hamill. Referee—Mr. Clark, Syracuse. Umpire—Mr. Hertz, Yale. Linesman—Mr. Kreutz, Yale. Periods—10 minutes.

TAX IN TICKET PRICE.

Revenue to be Included in Admission for Rutgers Reserve Game.

Football enthusiasts who attend the game at Ebbets Field next Saturday between the speedy Rutgers eleven and Cupid Black's Newport Naval Reserves will not be asked to pay an additional tax as they enter the field. It has been decided to deduct the war tax from the regular admission money, so when a person purchases a ticket he will be paying the war tax as well as paying the admission price to the game.

The contest promises to be one of the best of the year in the metropolitan district between college and service teams. The 35-to-0 victory of the Naval Reserves over Brown last week certified the class of the sailor boys, and the victories scored by Rutgers over Fordham and Springfield by decisive scores indicate that Foster Sanford has built up another great team at the little New Brunswick college.

Sanford has been schooling his charges in the defensive work which he figures will break up the strong attack of the Reserves, but has found time to try out two or three new formations. Tickets for the game at Ebbets Field will be placed on sale early this week.

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[illegible]

PASSES BY FORDHAM OVERCOME CORNELL

Led by Erwig, Maroon Registers One-Sided Victory at Ithaca by 27 to 6.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Long forward passes, perfectly executed, and the dashing work of the visitors' backfield were responsible for Cornell's defeat here by Fordham today by a score of 27 to 6. Only in the first period, which was scoreless, did Cornell offer any real opposition. Cornell was within scoring distance several times during the game, but was checked by Fordham's defense.

A forward pass, Brennan to Fitzpatrick, scored Fordham's first touchdown in the second period. After another aerial attack had been successful, Erwig ran fifteen yards in the third period for a touchdown. Forward passes led to both touchdowns for Fordham in the fourth period.

Erwig was the star for Fordham, running seventy yards after the opening of the final period. Hoffman's spectacular punting was a feature of Cornell's play. Cornell's single touchdown was the result of a blocked Fordham punt in the fourth period, Colvin falling on the ball back of the goal lines.

The lineup:

Fordham, (27.)	Position.	Cornell, (6.)
Fitzpatrick	L. E.	Colvin
Christianson	L. T.	Harris
Abbott	L. G.	Straus
Golden	C.	S. Trowbridge
McGraft	R. G.	Swanson
Gulick	R. T.	Herriman
Demoe	R. E.	Siegelberg
Brennan	Q. B.	Nothercot
Erwig	L. H. B.	Cross
Galligan	R. H. B.	Hoffman
Colletti	F. B.	Pendleton

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Fordham	0	6	7	14	—27
Cornell	0	0	0	6	—6

Fordham scoring touchdowns—Fitzpatrick, 2; Erwig, Demoe. Goals from touchdowns—Brennan, 3. Cornell scoring touchdown—Colvin. Referee—C. J. McCarthy, Germantown. Umpire—F. W. Murphy, Brown. Head linesman—George Beaver, West Point. Time of periods—15 minutes each.

EASY FOR PENN STATE.

Piles Up Total of 57 Points, Overwhelming Maryland State.

Special to The New York Times.

STATE COLLEGE, Penn., Nov. 17.—Pennsylvania State routed Maryland State's football eleven here today, 57 to 0. It was the first meeting of the two colleges on the gridiron. The visiting team proved easy prey for the Blue and White, which was smarting under its recent defeat by Lehigh. Captain Conover and his men romped through Maryland's line and around her ends for eight touchdowns.

Bob Clarke booted an easy field goal from the twelve-yard mark, and Conover tallied six goals from touchdowns. Charlie Way, the Penn State quarterback, and Robb, left half back, were the luminaries of the team's attack. Way's open-field running thrilled the crowd. He flashed through the Southerners repeatedly for long runs of seventy, fifty-five, and forty-five yards.

The lineup:

Penn State, (57.)	Position.	Maryland, (0.)
Rauch	L. E.	Wiseman
Hills	L. T.	Orban
Kraft	L. G.	Sullivan
Griffith	C.	Coster
Czarneckie	R. G.	Eppley
Firsching	R. T.	Stubbs
Conover	R. E.	Aitcheson
Way	Q. B.	Knode
Robb	L. H. B.	Fletcher
Pond	R. H. B.	Arthur
Gross	F. B.	MacDonald

Touchdowns—Way, 2; Conover, Gross, 2; Robb, 3. Goals from touchdowns—Conover, 6. Goal from field—Clarke.

Substitutions—Penn State: Black for Firsching, Dunbar for Gross, Brown for Kraft, Clarke for Robb, Robinson for Czarneckie, Robb for Clarke, Clarke for Way, Gross for Dunbar, Ullery for Gross, Wolfe for Ullery, Smith for Brown. Maryland State: Axt for Wiseman, Westcott for Orman, Riggs for Fletcher, Morningway for Eppley, Jones for MacDonald.

Referee—Godcharles of Lafayette. Umpire—Saylor of Franklin and Marshall. Linesman—Brumbaugh of Lehigh. Time of periods—15 minutes each.

LEHIGH HAS HARD BATTLE.

Penn Military Team Beaten, but Puts Up Good Game.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Penn., Nov. 17.—Lehigh had its hands full today in mastering Penn Military College, although the final score stood 34 to 6. The visitors, a scrappy set of youngsters who were in the play every minute of the time, showed flashes of speed that took Lehigh off its feet at times. Once in the second period the visitors took the ball down the field for 60 yards, mainly on two cleverly executed forward passes, for a touchdown. Lehigh on end plays gained considerable ground, Maginness, Wyosocki, and Herrington ripping off good runs.

The lineup:

Lehigh, (34.)	Position.	P. M. C., (6.)
Saxman	L. E.	Irving
Spagna	L. T.	Felin
McDonald	L. G.	Giles
Early	C.	Cramp
Rhoad	R. G.	Leet
Johnson	R. T.	Fried
Young	R. E.	Voshamp
Herrington	Q. B.	Holacher
W. Maginness	L. H. B.	Sweeney
McCarthy	R. H. B.	Pool
Wyosocki	F. B.	Campuseano

Touchdowns—Maginness, (2,) Savaria, Herrington, (2,) Sweeney. Goals from touchdowns—Herrington, 4.

Substitutions—Swift for Voshamp, Richards for Sweeney, Schilling for Leet, Savaria for McCarthy, Booth for Rhoad, A. Maginness for McDonald, Nolan for Herrington, Coleman for Saxman, Owens for Johnson.

Referee—Mr. Fonda, Stevens. Umpire—Mr. Abel, Pennsylvania. Linesman—Wingert, Susquehanna. Two twelve and two fifteen minute periods.

GOPHERS ON A RAMPAGE.

Minnesota Surprises Chicago, Winning by 33 to 0 Score.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 17.—Minnesota celebrated homecoming day with a 33 to 0 victory over Chicago, which eliminated the Maroons from the Big Ten Conference championship race. The Minnesota surprise team, stung by defeat at the hands of Wisconsin, played with a vim that completely bewildered Coach Stagg's warriors and kept them on the defensive throughout.

Using intricate shifts and fake formations, the Gophers battered gaps in the opposing line and shot through Lampi, Arnston, and Carroll for consistent gains. Chicago, on the other hand, was never able to break through the Gopher barrier for material gains, and for the most part Maroon plays were muddled before they were well under way.

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STEIN LEADER AT TRAPS.

Breaks 96 Out of 100 Clay Birds in N. Y. A. C. Event.

Excellent shooting was uppermost at the Travers Island traps of the New York Athletic Club yesterday. Although the conditions were not of the best, straight scorings of twenty-five targets won legs on every one of the regular weekly fixtures.

Conrad Stein did the best work, winning not only the high scratch prize but also scoring on both the Club and the Accumulation cups. Although he was not eligible, as he was the winner of the high-scratch prize, Stein also tied for the high-handicap prize. In the scratch shoot, the winner had 96 out of a possible 100 tarkets, the best scratch score registered at Travers Island so far this season.

R. L. Spotts also was a double winner, as he alone ran straight in the shoot for the Travers Island Cup. A. C. Bennett, winner of a special, scored the only leg on the Haslin Cup. The scores:

Name.	T.I. Cup, H.	T.	Has. Cup, H.	T.	Club Cup, H.	T.	Accum. Cup, H.	T.	Scr. and H'cap. Cups.
R. R. Debacher	6	25	6	25	6	22	6	22	80 25—100
A. C. Bennett	3	25	0	25	1	21	8	25	93 12—100
C. Sullivan	2	23	2	25	2	24	2	26	89 10— 99
C. MacLeod	6	17	6	19	6	17	6	21	60 30— 80
J. P. Donevan	3	24	3	25	3	23	3	25	88 14—100
F. J. Ham	5	25	5	25	5	25	5	24	80 20—100
D. S. McCutcheon	6	24	6	23	6	25	6	24	73 25— 98
J. H. Vanderveer	2	22	2	24	2	20	0	25	85 12— 97
F. M. Wilson	4	22	4	22	4	25	4	25	80 16— 96
F. B. Stephenson	1	23	1	23	0	21	1	25	89 0— 95
Dr. Terrell	5	25	5	25	4	23	5	24	83 18—100
W. B. Ogden	3	25	3	25	0	25	3	25	95 12—100
C. A. Brown	6	25	6	16	5	22	6	24	65 35—100
G. J. Corbett	2	25	2	23	1	25	2	25	92 8—100
C. W. Billings	2	24	2	23	1	22	2	25	68 10— 98
H. H. Duden	3	24	3	25	2	18	3	24	81 12— 93
W. J. Smith	4	25	4	24	4	25	4	25	87 16—100
W. S. Silkworth	1	23	2	25	0	21	0	21	89 10— 99
A. W. Currie	5	24	5	24	5	25	5	18	71 20— 91
T. H. Lawrence	2	19	2	20	2	24	2	23	78 10— 88
O. C. Grinnell	2	25	2	25	0	22	2	25	93 10—100
C. Stein	1	23	1	25	0	25	0	25	96 7—100
J. Nida	5	23	5	25	5	25	5	24	78 20— 98
D. L. Culver	2	25	2	20	1	25	2	25	92 8—100
F. O. Porter	5	24	5	24	5	25	5	22	76 20— 96
J. Reimer	0	22	6	18	6	16	6	16	50 25— 75
W. R. Delehanty	5	25	5	25	4	24	5	25	86 20—100
F. E. Williamson	6	24	6	22	5	23	6	25	71 20— 91
D. I. Bradley	2	24	2	23	2	25	2	25	90 10—100
L. W. Thompson	3	24	3	22	2	24	3	25	86 12— 98
B. E. Eldred	2	25	2	23	2	25	2	24	90 10—100
E. R. De Wolfe	5	25	5	24	5	20	5	25	75 30—100
W. J. Simpson	4	24	4	22	4	23	4	21	76 16— 92
E. W. Leask	5	25	5	22	3	25	5	25	86 20—100
R. L. Spotts	0	25	0	23	1	23	0	25	94 6—100
J. C. Bower	2	25	3	19	3	23	3	24	80 12— 92
T. Lenane, Jr.	4	25	4	25	4	22	4	25	86 16—100

WINNERS.

Travers Island Cup—Won by R. L. Spotts.
Haslin Cup—Won by A. C. Bennett.
Club Cup—Won by W. B. Ogden and C. Stein.
Accumulation Cup—Won by J. H. Vanderveer, C. Stein, and R. L. Spotts.
High Scratch Gun—C. Stein.
High Handicap Gun—W. J. Smith.
Special Cup—Won by A. C. Bennett.

HARD GAME FOR BROWN.

Colby Gives Spirited Battle, but Is Beaten, 19 to 7.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 17.—Brown ran up against a proficient team in Colby this afternoon at Andrews Field, but won out by the score of 19 to 7. The Providence eleven started out with a rush by tallying twice in the first quarter and once in the second period. From that time on, however, the two teams fought it out on fairly even terms.

Features of the second half were the forward passing and open work of the Colby team, and the splendid defense under the shadow of their goal posts made by Brown. Brown pushed back the Colby team twenty-three yards in four downs when the visitors had advanced the ball by a series of beautiful forwards to the Brown two-yard line.

The Colby touchdown was made possible by a technical interference with the catching of a forward, the Maine team obtaining the ball on Brown's six-yard line and taking it over in one play.

During the first half there were many long runs by the Brown backs. Armstrong made one of fifty-eight yards, Brooks another of forty-six, and Herriott one of twenty-five. Brown showed a distinct reversal of form in the second half, however, playing a ragged game with a weak offense and a mediocre defense.

The lineup:

Brown, (19.)	Position.	Colby, (7.)
Albright	L. E.	Perry
Sinclair	L. T.	Bucknam
Bowman	L. G.	Newman
Hoving	C.	Dow
Grabb	R. G.	Cook
Nichols	R. T.	Poole
Brisk	R. E.	Pulsifer
Coulter	Q. B.	Conlon
Brooks	L. H. B.	McCracken
Herriott	R. H. B.	Bersett
Armstrong	F. B.	Collock

Touchdowns—Herriott, (2,) Brooks. Good. Goals from touchdowns—Armstrong, Collock. Substitutions: Brown—Edson for Sinclair, Kittridge for Brooks, Huggins for Coulter, Brooks for Kittridge, Coulter for Huggins, Sinclair for Edson, Williams for Albright, Albright for Brisk, Murphy for Sinclair, Lanpher for Grabb, Black for Hoving, Semson for Coulter, Pieri for Herriott. Colby—Good for McCracken, Tyler for Poole, Young for Pulsifer, Poole for Tyler.

Referee—Mr. Morice, Pennsylvania. Umpire—Mr. Andrews, Yale. Head linesman—Mr. Davis, Middletown. Time—Twelve-minute quarters.

Cornell Harriers Victorious.

ALLENTOWN, Penn., Nov. 17.—Cornell defeated the United States Army Ambulance Corps in a cross-country run here today, 18 to 42.

CURTIS HOLDS LEAD IN SOCCER SERIES

P. S. A. L. Champions Defeat Bushwick High School by Score of 1 to 0.

Curtis High School kept in the van of the P. S. A. L. soccer competition yesterday by defeating Bushwick High by the close score of 1 goal to 0 at Bushwick Field. The single goal came after twenty minutes of play in the second half, when MacKen, the Staten Island centre, took a pass from J. Lynch, who had made a good run down the field, and found Bushwick's net.

The champions were below their usual form, missing several good openings in the first half, and, at times, were outplayed by the Bushwick team. Quinlan and J. Lynch starred for Curtis and Jaeger for Bushwick.

The lineup:

Curtis, (1.)	Position.	Bushwick, (0.)
Leonard	G.	Steinhofer
Clark	R. B.	Drenkhardt
Methfessel	L. B.	Jaeger
O'Brien	R. H.	Rosenberg
Quinlan	C. H.	Anderson
Crabtree	L. H.	Levine
Stout, (Capt.)	O. R.	Wein
J. Lynch	I. R.	Keegan
MacKen	C.	Stahl
Pearce	I. L.	Rosen
R. Lynch	O. L.	Rosofsky

Referee—V. Williams, P. S. A. L. Linesmen—V. Markham, Curtis, and I. Zuckerman, Bushwick. Goals—MacKen, Curtis.

Substitutes—Maloy for Crabtree, Nans for Steinhofer, Steinhofer for Drenkhardt, Gubel for Levine. Time—Halves of thirty minutes.

The victory of Curtis High gives the P. S. A. L. soccer champions a total of 12 points in the competition, while Evander Childs, as a result of a 2—0 defeat of Boys High, retains second place with 11 points.

Evander Childs High School defeated the Boys' High players by 2 to 0 at the Prospect Park Parade Grounds yesterday. Brown, centre forward in the Evander lineup, scored from a pass by Helfman in the first half. The second tally came in the second period, Toorock, with Helfman's help, negotiating the goal.

Commercial High soccer players achieved their first victory yesterday when, at the Prospect Park Parade Grounds, they defeated Manual Training by the score of 1 goal to 0. The game was scoreless until the middle of the second half, when Karp made the winning goal.

NAVY CLOSES IN TRIUMPH.

Adds Another Big Score to Record at Expense of Villanova.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 17.—The Navy this afternoon closed the most successful gridiron season in recent years by defeating Villanova 80 to 3. The visitors' lone tally, which was the first score of the game, came quickly after play started and was made by McGuckain, who played a star game throughout for the visitors. Shortly after the kickoff a forward pass, Wegand to McCrady, netted 25 yards. This was followed by a 15-yard penalty, which put the ball on the sailors' 30-yard line. Two plays failing to gain, the visitors resorted to kicking.

Not at all disheartened, the middies came back with a rush and before the period closed had tallied 14 points. A feature of the game was the open field running of Roberts for the middies.

Although today's game closes the list of scheduled games for the middies, every effort is being made by the local athletic authorities to land a contest for next week.

The lineup:

Navy, (80.)	Position.	Villanova, (3.)
Von Heimberg	L. E.	McCrady
Barrett	L. T.	O'Leary
Newburn	L. G.	Renant
Goodstein	C.	Lynch
Caldwell	R. G.	Fogarty
Scaffe	R. T.	McCarthy
Ewen	R. E.	Coan
Ingram	Q. B.	McGuckain
Martin	L. H. B.	McGeehen
Roberts	R. H. B.	Wegand
Butler	F. B.	Dulaney

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Navy	14	19	28	19	—80
Villanova	3	0	0	0	—3

Referee—Hennage, Dartmouth. Umpire—Carl Williams, Pennsylvania. Linesman—Wheatley, Annapolis. Touchdowns—Ingram, 3; Martin, 3; Roberts, 3; Scaffe, 1. Goals from touchdowns—Whelchel, 2; Ingram, 8. Goal from field—McGuckain. Time of periods—15 minutes. Substitutes—Navy, Whelchel for Martin.

High School Chess Tourney Begins.

Play in the first round of the annual series of chess matches for the championship of the Interborough High School Chess League, now held by Brooklyn Boys' High, began yesterday at the Central Y. M. C. A. Building in Brooklyn. Initial victories were scored by Boys' High, Commercial, Eastern District, and Curtis, the defeated teams being those of Stuyvesant, Manual Training, Richmond Hill, and Erasmus.

ADDITIONAL NEWS OF SPORTS ON PAGE 20, MAIN NEWS SECTION.

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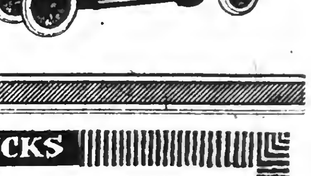

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HIGGINS TOO FLEET FOR RIVAL RUNNERS

Crack Harrier of Morris High School Captures P. S. A. L. Title Handily.

TEAM LAURELS TO FLUSHING

Long Island Institution Takes Championship for the Third Year in Succession.

Walter Higgins, an 18-year-old youth of the Morris High School team, completed his first season of cross-country running by winning the individual title in the high schools championship of the Public Schools Athletic League, held over the Jamaica course yesterday afternoon. His margin of victory over A. Tracy of Flushing High was only five yards, but it might have been stretched into fifty if the Morris youth had exerted himself for the full two and four-fifth miles that constituted the test for the budding hill and dale contestants. The Morris lad had every reason to fear the prowess of Tracy, for the leader of the Flushing team was a comparative veteran who finished fourth in the title race last year, behind Crawford, Kiviat, and Locker, all of whom have since been graduated from their respective schools.

Only one other runner showed form approaching that of Higgins, while Tracy was backed up by a sterling quintet that easily landed the team honors for Flushing for the third successive year. The Flushing boys showed excellent team work, and there was not a poor runner on the winning team, which made a remarkable record by landing four boys in the first seven, and the complement of five was tallied when the eighteenth man was checked off by the scorers. This gave Flushing the low winning total of 37 points, against 56 credited to the team from the same school last year.

Stuyvesant in Second Place.

Stuyvesant High showed great improvement, and put an even team in the field that, without any very forward scorer, managed to take second place with 114 points, an advance of nine positions over the place occupied by the Dutchmen a year ago. Erasmus Hall was third with 123, High School of Commerce fourth with 140, and then came Morris High, which dropped off in scoring ability after Higgins and the second man on the team had been counted.

The latest winner of the high school title bids fair to develop into a cross-country star of high magnitude. His time for the distance was 15:22, which is faster by four seconds than that made by Crawford in winning over the more difficult Van Cortlandt Park course. Though the going was easier yesterday and contained little uphill work, the distance was computed as further than when Crawford won, and the manner in which the Flushing lad held his competitors all through the race indicated that he could have run much faster had there been any one to extend him. So far Higgins has a clean slate in cross-country competition. In his short career he has scored three victories, leading his team and the rival runners in dual meets with Barringer High, Columbia freshmen, and Evander Childs.

A large entry, perfect weather, and well-trained contestants combined to make the run yesterday one of the most successful held by the P. S. A. L. Fifteen teams, representing all the boroughs of Greater New York, went to the starting mark, and all but Curtis High finished enough men to entitle them to a place in the standing. There were 118 boys in line when the starting signal was given, and all but ten of these completed the course. The start and finish took place on Hillside Avenue, but the block in front of Jamaica High School was so well policed that the busy automobile traffic was diverted while the race was in progress. The course led into Upland Park, and in order to get as much real country as possible, two circuits were made of the lake in the park.

Higgins Takes Lead at Lake.

The leaders were bunched until they reached the lake, when Higgins went into the lead and thereafter set the pace for the crowd. A. C. Weyman of Boys' High was his immediate follower around the two circuits of the lake, and in order to make victory sure Higgins stepped out as he took the downhill grade into Hillside Avenue, so that he had a lead of thirty yards when he reached the main highway at Hillcrest Avenue.

Tracy was going great guns then and passed Weyman to go in pursuit of the leader. It was a hopeless task, for Higgins was running easily with even stride, arms low, and a smile on his face that betokened plenty of reserve power.

While Tracy was gradually lessening the distance between himself and Higgins, the Flushing boy was looking over his shoulder, and he cut the finish so fine that as he passed the judges there was only five yards separating him from Tracy. The latter's finishing spurt had placed him twenty yards in front of Weyman, who beat M. Bello, the second boy to finish for Flushing, by ten yards. A. Schaeffer of Manual Training was fifth, and the others followed in close order.

All the lads finished in good condition, which gave evidence that they had been better prepared than were some of the contestants in the A. A. U. junior championship a week previous.

The order of finish of the first fifty follows:

1—W. Higgins, Morris High..........15:14
2—A. Tracy, Flushing High..........15:15
3—A. C. Weyman, Boys' High..........15:22
4—M. Bells, Flushing High..........15:28
5—A. Schaefer, Manual Training..........15:28
6—M. Schaefer, Flushing High..........15:39
7—A. Sulzbach, Flushing High..........15:42
8—J. Brickman, Morris High..........15:45
9—A. Ward, Evander Childs..........15:46
10—J. Buck, Evander Childs..........15:47
11—W. Allen, Stuyvesant High..........15:49
12—J. J. Welsh, Curtis High..........15:52
13—W. Rick, Erasmus Hall High..........15:53
14—L. Myman, Stuyvesant High..........15:54
15—M. Cohen, High School of Commerce..........15:55

R. White, Richmond Hill High, 15:56; S. Blumberg, High School of Commerce, 15:58; O. Burns, Stuyvesant High, 15:59; D. Burton, Flushing High, 16:04; M. Robinson, Bryant High, 16:06; J. Rodgers, Erasmus Hall High, 16:12; F. Lange, Erasmus Hall High, 16:14; C. Carty, Manual Training High, 16:15; H. Dempsey, Richmond Hill High, 18:17; R. De Lano, Richmond Hill High, 16:18; C. Suttmeier, Richmond Hill High, 16:19; C. Werber, Flushing High, 16:20; A. Fairlie, Jamaica High, 16:21; L. Rogers, Jamaica High, 16:22; J. Keller, Evander Childs, 16:26; F. Barber, Flushing High, 16:28; O. Arkin, Stuyvesant High, 16:30; J. Glenn, Erasmus Hall, 16:31; P. Fagan, Commercial High, 16:32; T. Gorey, High School of Commerce, 6:33; R. Knox, Morris High, 16:33 2-5; I. Hargraves, Jamaica High, 16:34; E. McCaffrey, Boys' High, 16:35; N. Nicolaides, De Witt Clinton, 16:36; P. Hecht, High School of Commerce, 16:37; H. Warner, Flushing High, 16:38; L. Passloff, Townsend Harris Hall, 16:39; T. Roehner, Jamaica High, 16:40; B. Lepofsky, Erasmus Hall High, 16:41; H. Strasser, High School of Commerce, 16:42; J. Gutfreund, De Witt Clinton, 16:43; A. Macknowitz, De Witt Clinton, 16:44; A. H. Cohen, Stuyvesant High, 16:45; E. Fitzsimmons, Jamaica High, 16:46; J. Donne, Commercial High, 16:47.

TEAM COMPETITION.

Flushing High	2	4	6	7	18—37
Stuyvesant	11	13	17	29	44—114
Erasmus Hall	12	20	21	30	40—123
H. S. of Commerce	14	16	32	37	41—140
Morris High	1	8	33	40	57—148
Evander Childs	9	10	28	50	55—152
Richmond Hill	15	23	24	25	65—152
Jamaica	26	27	34	39	45—171
Manual Training	5	22	52	54	50—192
De Witt Clinton	36	42	43	48	58—227
Boys' High	3	35	60	63	70—231
Commercial	31	46	51	56	69—253
Bryant High	19	33	61	62	64—239
Townsend Harris Hall	38	47	66	67	68—286

SURPRISE FOR CRESCENTS.

Sailor Soccer Players Defeat New Moon by 4 to 2.

The soccer team of the steamship Tuscania furnished a surprise to the Crescent Athletic Club, champions of the Field Club League, at Bay Ridge yesterday afternoon, the sailors winning by 4 goals to 2. At half time the score stood at 1 to 1. Sergeant Valentine, a Scotch player, who is connected with the British Recruiting Commission now here, was in the Crescent line-up, and made a good showing at inside left.

QUAKER RUNNERS TRIUMPH.

Columbia Beaten in Dual Meet Over Long Course.

University of Pennsylvania and Columbia University cross-country teams engaged in their annual cross-country chase yesterday at Van Cortlandt Park over the national A. A. U. championship course of six miles, and the honors were easily garnered by the Penn harriers. They showed the better balanced team and finished closely bunched to win, 17 to 47. The race was an individual triumph for Glover, one of Penn's star harriers. He judged his pace well throughout the strenuous grind and won in 33:42. At the finish line he was followed by McHale and Cummings, teammates.

Captain Al Hulsenbeck was the first of the local collegians to cross the finish line and he was in fourth place. The order of finish of the first nine runners with their times follows:

Glover, Pennsylvania, 33:42; McHale, Pennsylvania, 34:26; Cummings, Pennsylvania, 34:59; Huelsenbeck, Columbia, 35:04; Larson, Columbia, 35:13; Brooks, Pennsylvania, 35:30; Turner, Columbia, 35:45; Moss, Columbia, 35:52; Erdman, Pennsylvania, 35:53.

WORLD'S SERIES LARGESSE.

Baseball Players Reap Profit from Championship Games.

Some idea of the amount of money that falls to the share of a big league baseball player who is fortunate enough to participate in several world series can be gained from a recent compilation showing the winnings of various players who have figured in such post-season contests in the past few years. Jack Barry leads the list with $17,937 as a result of his participation in six series. Eddie Collins, who has also figured in an equal number of world championship contests, as a member of the Philadelphia Athletics or the Chicago White Sox, is second, having amassed 14,580.

Jack Coombs has collected 13,627; Chief Bender, 11,743; Eddie Plank a like sum, and Johnny Evers, $7,983. This quartet of players figured in five series. Amos Strunk, John McInnes, and Frank Baker played in four series while members of the Philadelphia Americans, and their reward was $10,911 each. All things considered, Larry Gardner, Forest Cady, Harry Hooper, and Duffy Lewis of the Boston Red Sox probably hold the record as each of them won $11,050 by playing in three series. Christy Mathewson collected $9,525 in the form of extra dividends while a member of the New York Giants. Charley Herzog and Arthur Fletcher came in for $9,713 due to their membership in the same team. Chief Meyers, Rube Marquard, and Fred Merkle won $9,881 while playing for the Giants and the Brooklyn Nationals.

INTEREST IN CYCLE RACE.

Six-Day Contest to be Held Dec. 2 to 8 Attracts Attention.

Interest in the six-day bike race is growing as the date of the annual contest, which will be held at Madison Square Garden the week of Dec. 2 to 8, approaches. While sporting devotees have attended these grinds in New York's historic amphitheatre for more than twenty-five years, few know that the six-day game originated in Europe more than forty years ago.

Six-day cycle races date from about 1875, when a twelve-hour-a-day affair was run in Birmingham, England. A little later, one of eighteen hours a day was held in London. The first invasion of America took place in 1879. Peter Duryea and Jack Haverly brought over a team from Europe and gave exhibitions and rode six-day races, of three and six hours a day, on roller skating floors in New York, Boston, Chicago, and other cities.

In 1886 Tom Eck constructed the first track having banked or raised corners in a hall at Springfield, Ill. This was the first time the riders were able to make turns at full speed. The first real six-day race in America was held in the Washington Rink, Minneapolis, Minn., long before they rode these races on the Island of Manhattan. Albert Shock won with 1,405 miles. W. T. Morgan was second, and Louis Armaindo was third.

The first six-day race ever held in Madison Square Garden was in 1891, seventeen riders starting and riding twenty hours a day. Bill Martin of Lowell, Mass., won with 1,446 miles. He rode on an old style ordinary wheel. Charlie Ashinger, on a high wheel, won in 1892, while in 1893 Albert Shock won on a safety bicycle. There was no race in 1894. In 1895 a women's race was contested and was won by Frankie Nelson.

In 1896 the man's race was resumed and Teddy Hale, from Ireland, won, while Charlie Miller of Chicago accounted for the races in 1897 and 1898. In 1899 the authorities passed a law prohibiting the contestants from riding more than twelve hours a day. Team racing was then taken up. The first team contest was won by Charlie Miller and Frank Waller. They covered 2,733 miles and four laps, a record that stood until 1908, when McFarland and Moran won with a total mileage of 2,737 miles and one lap. The late Harry Elkes and Floyd McFarland won in 1900, and in 1901 the race was won by Walthour and McEachern. George Leander and Floyd Krebs won in 1902. Walthour repeated in 1903 with Benny Munro as a partner.

Eddie Root won his first six-day race in 1904, his partner being Oliver Dorlon. Root repeated the next year, but this time his mate was Joe Fogler, the Brooklyn cyclist. Fogler and Root won again in 1906. For the first time since team racing was inaugurated a foreign team won the race in 1907, when Walter Rutt of Germany, and John Stol of Holland came home in front. Floyd McFarland again put his name among the winners in 1908, when, with Moran as his partner, he won and established a new six-day record of 2,737 miles and one lap.

In 1909 McFarland started with Jackie Clarke and Rutt had Stol as his mate. McFarland and Stol retired and Rutt and Clarke paired up. They not only regained the lap they were penalized, but had a lap lead at the finish. Eddie Root and mate won in 1910. The 1911 race saw Frank Kramer in his first six-day race and he had Jimmy Moran as his partner. The best they could do, however, was to finish in second place, a lap behind the winners, Clarke and Fogler. Fogler was again a member of the winning team the following year. His partner was Walter Rutt, the demon Dutchman, who recently was killed in the European war.

The 1913 race brought Alfred Goullet to the fore. With Fogler as his mate the pair carried off the honors. Goullett also accounted for the 1914 race, with Alfred Grenda as his partner. The following year saw a new world's record created, when Grenda and Hill won with a total mileage of 2,770.8 miles. A foreign combination won the 1916 race when Egg and Dupuy pedalled to victory.

The world's record for the six-day event, held by Hill and Grenda, was created in the 1915 race, when no less than eleven teams tied for top honors with 2,770.8 miles. In the Berlin finish Grenda and Hill were awarded first place, although Reggie McNamara and Bob Spears had the most points at the end of the series of sprints in the final hour. A little rough riding by Spears early in the hour cost his team the prize and the world's record.

Previous to that the record was 2,758.1 miles, made by Grenda and Alfred Goullet the year before. This mark shattered the new record of the previous year, 2,751 miles, by Goullet and Joe Fogler. A new record was set in each of three successive years—1913, 1914, and 1915.

To date six teams have been signed for the coming race, two of these coming into the fold yesterday. They are the Spencer brothers—Arthur and Willie—and the Bowkar brothers—Lester and George. Arthur is the world's sprint champion, having succeeded Frank Kramer to that crown last Summer.

Track Meet on Thanksgiving Day.

Manager Lou Berg, of the City College track department, has announced that the annual interclass track meet will be held in the local stadium on Thanksgiving Day. The events will be: 100-yard dash, 220-yard dash, 440-yard dash, 880-yard run, 1 mile run, 2 mile run, 220-yard low hurdles, 300-yard novice run, 600-yard novice run, high jump, broad jump, pole vault, 12-pound shot put, and ...

MANY NEW MARKS AWAIT APPROVAL

A. A. U. to Pass On an Unusual Number of Record Applications Today.

An epoch-making year, from a competitive standpoint, has been completed by the Amateur Athletic Union, according to a compilation of the records which will be applied for at the annual convention in St. Louis today. The sport which was productive of the most records was swimming, in which male and female exponents of the sport erased many American marks and created several new world's records according to the rules of the International Swimming Federation. Norman Ross of the Olympic Club of San Francisco was credited with three of these world's swimming records and he also created several American records. In the women's branch of the sport Claire Galligan, the local mermaid, Olga Dorfner of Philadelphia, and Dorothy Burns of Los Angeles, were the chief figures in record-breaking performances.

In the running division six records were hung up, four of them being made in this city. Two athletes ask for records at 300 yards, George Dernell covering this distance in 0:32 1-5 at the Junior National Indoor Championships at Buffalo last January, while Andy Kelly, the Holy Cross College star, was clocked in 0:31 2-5 at the Senior National Indoor Championships at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory on March 17. Applications for records at 1,000 yards and one mile are made by John W. Overton, the Yale star, while Jole Ray of the Illinois A. C. is credited with a record for two miles.

At walking, Willie Plant and Eddie Renz, the local athletes who hold national titles, have been clocked in record time, the former for two hours and the latter for fifteen miles, both outdoors. The record time which was credited to George Bonhag for his effort at the New York A. C. Spring games is noticeably absent.

The record claimed by Clinton Larsen, the Brigham University athlete, for the high jump, will probably not be approved because it was made in an exhibition, while the rules of the A. A. U. specifically state that a record must be made in sanctioned competition to be recognized.

Following are the records that will be passed on by the national committee:

American Amateur Records.

RUNNING.

60 Yards Dash, (Indoor,) 6 2-5 secs. J. G. Loomis, Chicago A. A., made at Senior National Indoor Championships, held at the 22d Regiment Armory, New York City, March 17, 1917.

300 Yards Run, (Indoor,) 32 1-5 secs. G. W. Dernell, Boys' Club, made at Junior National Championships, held at Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 1, 1917.

300 Yards Run, (Indoor,) 31 2-5 secs. Andrew B. Kelly, Holy Cross College, made at Senior National Indoor Championships, held at the 22d Regiment Armory, New York City, March 17, 1917.

1,000 Yards Run, (Indoor,) 2 mins. 14 secs. J. W. Overton, Yale University, made at Senior National Indoor Championships, held at the 22d Regiment Armory, New York City, March 17, 1917.

One Mile Run, (Indoor,) 4 mins. 16 secs. J. W. Overton, Yale University, made at the Meadow Brook A. C. indoor meet, held at Philadelphia, Penn., March 10, 1917.

Two-Mile Run, (Indoor,) 9 mins. 11 2-5 secs. Jole W. Ray, Illinois A. C., made at the New York A. C. indoor meet, held at Madison Square Garden, New York City, Feb. 13, 1917.

WALKING.

Two Hours, (Outdoor,) 14 miles 420 yards. W. Plant, Long Island A. C., made at the 15 Miles Patriotic Walk, held at Macomb's Dam Park, N. Y., June 17, 1917.

15 Miles, (Outdoor,) 2 hrs. 7 mins. 17 3-5 secs. Ed Renz, New York A. C., made at the 15 Miles Patriotic Walk, held at Macomb's Dam Park, N. Y., June 17, 1917.

RUNNING HIGH JUMP.

(Outdoor,) 6 ft. 7¾ ins. Clinton Larsen, Brigham Young University, made in exhibition, at Provo, Utah, June 1, 1917.

Swimming Records.

MEN.

*100 Yards. Open tidal salt water, straightaway, 53 secs. Duke P. Kahanamoku, Hui Nalu, Honolulu, Honolulu Harbor, H. T., Sept. 5, 1917.

200 Yards. Bath, (25,) 7 turns, 2 mins. 6 secs. Norman Ross, Olympic Club, San Francisco, New York A. C. Bath, New York City, March 27, 1917.

*220 Yards. Bath, (100 ft.,) 6 turns, 2 mins. 21 3-5 secs. Norman Ross, Stanford University, Olympic Club Bath, San Francisco, Nov. 24, 1916.

220 Yards. Bath, (25,) 8 turns, 2 mins. 22 1-5 secs. Norman Ross, Olympic Club, San Francisco, New York A. C. Bath, New York City, March 27, 1917.

220 Yards. Open tidal salt water, (100,) 2 turns, 2 mins. 24 1-5 secs. Perry McGillivray, Illinois A. C., Chicago, Honolulu Harbor, H. T., Feb. 24, 1917.

300 Yards. Bath, (25,) 11 turns, 3 mins. 28 secs. T. H. Cann, New York A. C., New York A. C. Bath, New York City, March 14, 1917.

*440 Yards. Bath, (25,) 17 turns, 5 mins. 16 2-5 secs. Norman Ross, Olympic Club, San Francisco, Detroit A. C. Bath, Detroit, Mich., March 31, 1917.

440 Yards. Open tidal salt water, (100,) 4 turns, 5 mins. 17 secs. Ludy Langer, Los Angeles A. C., Honolulu Harbor, H. T., Feb. 24, 1917.

500 Yards. Bath, (25,) 19 turns, 6 mins. 5 3-5 secs. Norman Ross, Olympic Club, San Francisco, Detroit A. C. Bath, Detroit, Mich., March 31, 1917.

880 Yards. Open tidal salt water, (100,) 8 turns, 11 mins. 27 3-5 secs. Norman Ross, Olympic Club, San Francisco, Honolulu Harbor, H. T., Sept. 6, 1917.

1 Mile. Open tidal salt water, (110,) 15 turns, 24 mins. 10 secs. Norman Ross, Olympic Club, San Francisco, Coronado Tent City, Cal., July 4, 1917.

*200 Meters. Bath, (100 ft.,) 6 turns, 2 mins. 21 3-5 secs. Norman Ross, Stanford University, Olympic Club Bath, San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 24, 1916.

100 Yards. Backstroke, open tidal salt water, straightaway, 1 min. 8 1-5 secs. Harold Kruger, H. Y. B. C., Honolulu, Honolulu Harbor, H. T., Sept. 5, 1917.

*150 Yards. Backstroke, Bath, (25,) 5 turns, 1 min. 53 1-5 secs. Charles B. Pavlicek, Illinois A. C., Chicago, Detroit A. C. Bath, Detroit, Mich., Feb. 24, 1917.

200 Yards. Breaststroke, Bath, (25,) 7 turns, 2 mins. 39 4-5 secs. Michael McDermott, Illinois A. C., Chicago, Pittsburgh A. A. Bath, Pittsburgh, Penn., April 20, 1917.

200 Yards. Relay, 4 men, 50 yards each, 25 yards bath, 1 min. 45 1-5 secs. Yale University Team, (L. A. Ferguson, C. V. Schlacht, R. Mayer, and R. Thomas,) Yale University Bath, New Haven, Conn., Feb. 28, 1917.

*World's record under rules of the International Swimming Federation.

WOMEN.

50 Yards. Bath, (20,) 2 turns, 29 seconds. Olga Dorfner, Phila. Turngemeinde Bath, Philadelphia, Penn., Feb. 17, 1917.

50 Yards. Open tidal salt water, straightaway, 29 4-5 seconds. Dorothy G. Burns, Los Angeles A. C., Honolulu Harbor, H. T., Sept. 5, 1917.

100 Yards. Bath, (20,) 4 turns, 1 minute 7 3-5 seconds. Olga Dorfner, Phila. Turngemeinde Bath, Philadelphia, Penn., April 16, 1917.

100 Yards. Open tidal salt water, straightaway, 1 minute 7 4-5 seconds. Dorothy G. Burns, Los Angeles A. C., Los Angeles, Cal., Honolulu Harbor, H. T., Sept. 5, 1917.

220 Yards. Bath, (20,) 10 turns, 2 minutes 59 3-5 seconds. Olga Dorfner, Phila. Turngemeinde, City Athletic Club Bath, New York City, May 5, 1917.

220 Yards. Open tidal salt water, (100,) 2 turns, 3 minutes 3 seconds. Dorothy G. Burns, Los Angeles A. C., Los Angeles, Cal., Honolulu Harbor, H. T., Feb. 24, 1917.

300 Yards. Bath, (20,) 14 turns, 4 minutes 27 4-5 seconds. Olga Dorfner, Phila. Turngemeinde, Germantown Y. M. C. A. Bath, Philadelphia, Penn., April 14, 1917.

440 Yards. Open tidal salt water, (100,) 4 turns, 6 minutes 39 4-5 seconds. Claire Galligan, New Rochelle, N. Y., Honolulu Harbor, H. T., Sept. 6, 1917.

500 Yards. Bath, (20,) 24 turns, 7 minutes 32 1-5 seconds. Olga Dorfner, Phila. Turngemeinde, Germantown Y. M. C. A. Bath, Philadelphia, Penn., April 14, 1917.

500 Yards. Bath, (25,) 19 turns, 7 minutes 31 2-5 seconds. Claire Galligan, New Rochelle, N. Y., Idora Park, Oakland, Cal., Sept. 30, 1917.

200 Yards. Backstroke, bath, (20,) 9 turns, 3 minutes 36 4-5 seconds. Mabel Arklie, Phila. Turngemeinde, Germantown, Y. M. C. A. Bath, Philadelphia, Penn., April 14, 1917.

PURPLE HUMBLES IOWA.

Northwestern Eleven Gains Decision by Score of 25 to 14.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Northwestern triumphed over Iowa, 25 to 14, in a bitterly contested game today. "Chuck" Laun, the Iowa full-back, although suffering from injuries, scored both of the touchdowns for his team. He was forced to retire in the fourth period, after being knocked unconscious. Both teams ...

FINAL MEETING AT BOWIE.

Season's Last Running Events to be Started Tomorrow.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 17.—The final race meeting under the rules of The Jockey Club for 1917 will open at Prince George's Park on Monday, under the auspices of the Southern Maryland Agricultural Association. The meeting will continue for eleven days, and will end on the last day of November. An error in applying to the County Court of Prince George's for a license delayed the opening, which was originally scheduled to follow the closing day at Pimlico. Bowie offers an attractive card, and the meeting will be supported by the strongest stables in the East.

There will be seven races each day, none of smaller value in added money than $600, with handicaps running as high as $1,000, and, in an effort to put Bowie in the limelight as a place for great racing, Mr. O'Hara has offered a purse of $5,000 for a match, the distance and weights to be arranged by the contracting trainers, between Wilfrid Viau's great three-year-old Omar Khayyam and John W. Schorr's Western crack Cudgel.

Wilfrid Viau and his trainer, Richard F. Carman, are at Bowie with Omar Khayyam, which is ready to meet Cudgel or any other horse in the land at any distance. Omar, one of the toughest campaigners that ever bore silks, came nicely out of the Bowie Cup race, in which he was beaten by his stable companion, Westy Hogan, in the fastest time for one mile and a half of which there is a record at Pimlico, and is as fresh today as he was at the beginning of the season. Definite word of Mr. Schorr's intentions with regard to the match has not been received, but Mr. O'Hara is assured that Cudgel will come to Bowie if transportation can be obtained.

Besides the stable of Wilfrid Viau, other recent arrivals are the establishments of Samuel Ross, William P. Burch, Edward Beale McLean, and E. T. Zollicoffer of Washington; J. K. L. Ross, D. Raymond, John Lumsden, and A. Bulcroft of Montreal; Thomas Clyde, Alfred Hennen Morris, Wilfrid Davies of Toronto; Captain W. J. Press of Ottawa; Robert J. Walden, Captain Ral Parr, G. K. Bryson, J. O. Talbot, J. E. Claver, R. T. Wilson, James Arthur, W. Smith, Frank Farrar, the Mirasol Stable, James F. Johnson, M. Shea, Daniel Cunningham, E. C. Griffith, the Nassau Stable, Paul Powers, William Shields, Dr. J. S. Tyree of Washington, O. C. Rasch, H. C. Hallenbeck, H. J. Morris, J. S. Owenby, R. H. H. Mackenzie, William Cahill, Frank Bain, G. C. Walsh, G. E. Phillips, C. W. Gasser, J. J. Fitzgerald, C. P. Whitney, W. R. Mizell, Mrs. J. P. Mayberry, R. J. Donovan, Edward McBride, H. Meise, John Burtschell, W. A. Burtschell, Gifford A. Cochran, the Brighton Stable, George W. Beardmore, Major E. B. Cassatt, and Oscar Lewisohn.

Prince Georges Park, which is situated on the Washington-Baltimore interurban electric line, is one of the most accessible of Maryland tracks. It is about twenty miles distant from each of the cities which contribute most largely to its support.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; five and a half furlongs. Dioscoride, 113 pounds; Starwort, 110; Start Right, 110; Sunny Hill, 107; June Bug, 104; Amackassin, 104; *Boy Blue, 103; Vocabulary, 110; King of the Wind, 110; Poor Joe, 107; Garrone, 107; Irish Kiss, 104; *Moosehead, 108; *Sally Waters, 96. Also eligible: *Phalerian, 114; *Juanita III., 99; Elizabeth H., 101; Tea Party, 101; Celtiva, 107; *Little Boy, 99.

SECOND RACE.—The Bowie Junior Purse; for two-year-olds; six furlongs. George Starr, 118 pounds; George W. Avery, 110; Valerius, 106; Babbette, 103; Senator Broderick, 103; Fragonard, 114; Orlando of Havana, 111; Ormlos, 103; King of the Scarlets, 103; Sweep Up, 111; Cavan Boy, 106; Eyelid, 103; Perigourdine, 103.

THIRD RACE.—The Hyde Park Purse; for all ages; six and a half furlongs. Leocharas, 125 pounds; Between Us, 106; Woodtrap, 102; Meloria, 99; Startling, 118; Tea Caddy, 106; Babcock, 102; Orepuscule, 99; Water Lady, 103; Julialeon, 111; Sandale, 99; Gold Tassel, 97.

FOURTH RACE.—The Bowie Inaugural Handicap; for all ages; one mile. Highland Lad, 118 pounds; Milkman, 111; Woodstone, 109; †Gold Tassel, 94; King Neptune, 117; Shooting Star, 110; Firing Line, 104; Fenmouse, 117; Barry Shannon, 109; †Kashmir, 98.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a furlong. Old Pop, 114 pounds; Handful, 109; Lynn, 109; Rose Water, 103; Smithfield, 104; Cousin Dan, 98; Richard Langdon, 114; Star Gaze, 109; Jabot, 100; Mary Warren, 106; *Galaway, 104; King Hamburg, 109; Billy Oliver, 109; Stalwart Helen, 106; *Baby Slater, 106; *Greetings, 101. Also eligible: Annie Edgar, 100; Luther, 109; *Ed. Weiss, 104; Rakeoff, 109; March Court, 109; Goodwood, 109.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Malheur, 111 pounds; Euterpe, 109; Beau of Menlo, 105; Amphion, 106; *Tie Pin, 107; *Battle Abbey, 93; Blue Thistle, 111; Sam Slick, 108; Sir William Johnson, 106; Kilts, 106; *Master Karma, 104; Little England, 111; Onwa, 107; Brooklyn, 106; Ella Ryan, 100; *Buzz Around, 96. Also eligible: Dartworth, 106; Jacklet, 106; Maxim's Choice, 106; Early Morn, 106; Comacho, 104; Hastena, 103.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Airman, 113 pounds; Kilmer, 106; Tarquin, 105; *Vermont, 117; *Progressive, 99; Ellison, 110; Judge Wingfield, 108; Dan, 105; *Fountain Fay, 108; Star Finch, 109; Felucca, 106; Right, 105; *Firing Line, 100.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
†Hallenbeck entry.

BROTHERS TRIUMPH IN TANK

Stuyvesant High School Stars Help Team to Victory.

Stuyvesant High School's swimming team triumphed over the representatives of the Townsend Harris High School yesterday in the latter's natatorium, by a score of 38 to 15. Stuyvesant accomplished its victory mainly through the efforts of W. Eberhart and F. Eberhart, brothers. W. Eberhart won the 50-yard swim and helped his team to victory in the relay race, while F. Eberhart carried off the honors of the 100-yard event. The feature was the 220-yard swim, which resulted in a dead heat between C. Schenck, Stuyvesant, and R. Pfeiffer, Townsend Harris Hall.

The summaries:

160-Yard Relay Race.—Won by Stuyvesant (Loninsky, Dellino, Faries, and W. Eberhart.)—Townsend Harris Hall, (Palmer, Phelps, Rice, and Cohen,) second. Time—2:51.

Diving Contest, for Form.—Won by Kun, Stuyvesant, with 32 1-5 points; Rice, Townsend Harris Hall, 31 1-5 points, second; Slater, Stuyvesant, 30 points, third.

50-Yard Swim.—Won by W. Eberhart, Stuyvesant; Faries, Townsend Harris Hall, second; Dellino, Stuyvesant, third. Time—0:29.

220-Yard Swim.—C. Schenck, Stuyvesant, and E. R. Pfeiffer, Townsend Harris Hall, dead heat; Ruce, Townsend Harris Hall, third. Time—3:08.

100-Yard Swim.—Won by F. Eberhart, Stuyvesant; Lopinsky, Stuyvesant, second; Phelps, Townsend Harris Hall, third. Time—1:09.

Plunge for Distance.—Won by Spickle, Stuyvesant, with 60 feet; Pfeiffer, Townsend Harris Hall, 49 feet, second; Pick, Stuyvesant, 45½ feet, third.

YALE BARS CUB SWIMMERS.

Decides Freshmen Not Eligible for 'Varsity Team.

The action of the Yale Board of Athletics in deciding there shall be no change in the rule barring freshmen from 'Varsity sports has caused new plans to be laid for swimming.

Earlier in the season it looked as if the rule in question would be suspended during the war, and the New Haven delegates suggested at the annual meeting of the Intercollegiate Swimming Association that first-year students be allowed in water sports. Now that the matter has been adjusted, the suggestion will be withdrawn and the usual eligibility code maintained.

Richard Mayer, Captain of the Yale swimmers, has formed class teams, combining, however, the senior and sophomore material owing to the scarcity of the former, due to the heavy enlistment. He will arrange intermural meets to enable the candidates to earn in competition the positions on the 'Varsity and freshman aggregations.

The alteration in the plans has urged upon Captain Mayer the advisability of putting off the team's début in the championship tournament, and he has booked the first dual meet for Jan. 12, against Pennsylvania, instead of starting activities the first week in Dec...

PLAYING OF KIRKBY TAKES GOLF MATCH

Metropolitan Champion a Big Factor in Defeat of Travers and Guilford, 4 and 3.

Playing steady golf, in which each member of the winning pair rose to the occasion whenever the other seemed to be wavering, Oswald Kirkby of Englewood, metropolitan amateur champion, and John G. Anderson of Siwanoy, Westchester amateur champion, defeated Jerome D. Travers of Upper Montclair and Jesse Guilford of Boston in a four-ball match at Englewood yesterday by 4 up and 3 to play, after thirty-six holes. The exhibition was arranged as a benefit for the Y. M. C. A. fund and a fair crowd followed the four experts around the side hill course.

In the morning it was Kirkby who played the exceptional golf and gave his team a lead at the noon rest of three holes, which Travers and Kirkby were never able to overcome. Kirkby had an approximate 73 for the morning eighteen holes, as compared with a 78 registered by Travers, Guilford, and Anderson. Kirkby needed little help from Anderson, but the Westchester champion managed to get into action twice and each time his efforts brought a hole to his side. At the seventh in the morning Anderson had a 3 to win the hole and again at the tenth he got a 4 to win that hole.

During the afternoon round the first nine holes were halved in equal figures with Travers and Kirkby doing the best work of the four. Anderson stepped into the breach at the tenth with a 3, which took that hole and Travers won back the advantage at the fourteenth with a 4. Anderson settled the match for good and all at the fifteenth when he sank a 6-foot putt for a 2 at the short hole. Travers approximated a 72 in the afternoon, which equals par, while the others had 77 each.

Guilford found the course a bit strange and was not overaccurate in his approach shots. He got good distance off the tees and several times his iron shots were well placed, but in the main he found trouble and was not up to his usual good game.

Kirkby and Anderson were 3 up after the morning eighteen holes and held this advantage to the end. The best ball of the winners was 70 in the morning and 71 in the afternoon to 73 for Travers and Guilford in the morning and 71 in the afternoon. The best ball cards follow:

MORNING ROUND.

Anderson and Kirkby—
Out ....4 4 3 4 4 4 3 4 4—34
Travers and Guilford—
Out ....4 4 4 4 4 5 3 4 4—36
Anderson and Kirkby—
In ....4 4 4 4 4 3 5 4 4—36—70
Travers and Guilford—
In ....4 4 5 5 4 3 4 5 3—37—73

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Anderson and Kirkby—
Out ....4 4 4 4 4 5 4 4 4—37
Travers and Guilford—
Out ....4 4 4 4 4 5 4 4 4—37
Anderson and Kirkby—
In ....3 4 4 4 5 2 4 4 4—34—71
Travers and Guilford—
In ....4 4 4 4 4 3 4 4 3—34—71

HARVARD RALLIES TO SPORT

Figures Show Many Students Engage in Competition.

Despite the fact that Harvard has somewhat stepped out of the college athletic limelight, owing to the absence of a formal football eleven, the situation created by the war has been unable to dampen the ardor of the young manhood at Cambridge for competitive sport. It has been contended by educators for a long time that athletics should be more general and that less attention should be focused on the development of winning machines in the various branches of sport. This seems to be the case at Harvard now.

In an analysis of the situation The Boston Transcript recently brought figures to bear in proof of the fact that the popularity of sports has not diminished. The findings of The Transcript are as follows:

"A total of 276 undergraduates reported for the various freshman and university teams last month. Of this aggregate a slight majority were from the first-year class, but the 'Varsity sports, despite the fact that they are on only an informal basis, attracted 131 members of the college. These figures show that 17 per cent. of the entire registration took part in some branch of athletics—a greater proportion than was represented last Autumn. In consequence, it may be seen that the decline in the importance of Harvard sports has not been commensurate with the interest displayed in them.

"Crew has suffered the least from war conditions. As in normal times, more candidates reported to Coach Haines than to any other university coach; but, in addition, the decrease in the number of men out for rowing was less than in any other sport, although the Fall season of crew is of little importance in comparison with its Spring activity. Football drew the next largest lot of men, notwithstanding that the amount of its material diminished more than in other branches of athletics. Last year eighty turned out for 'Varsity football and ninety-four for the freshman squad. This Fall the university squad numbers only thirty-seven and the first-year candidates total fifty-four. The size of both aggregations has not been large enough to warrant a cut being made. Cross-country and baseball attracted almost as many as in past seasons. The only two minor sports organized, soccer and fencing, show only a slight decrease in the number of men reporting.

"Although freshman athletes are on as firm a basis as in former years and more attention is being given to them, the response of 1921 to the call for athletes has not been as large as that of the university as a whole. In every sport there were fewer aspirants from the entering class than was the case last Fall. The statistics show that 145 freshmen took part in athletics this season, in comparison with 196 in the 1916-17 term. Explanation may be found in the fact that the first-year class has not as big an enrollment as in the past."

SHOTGUN OWNERS ORGANIZE

John Philip Sousa Leads Sportsmen in Patriotic Endeavor.

With Lieutenant John Philip Sousa, America's bandmaster, as its national Chairman, and many prominent sportsmen enrolled as members, the National Association of Shotgun Owners, a new organization, promises to become a leading sporting assemblage as well as a patriotic organization. The only requirement for membership is the ownership of a shotgun, which makes its ranks open to any clay pigeon enthusiast in the country.

The main object of the organization is to cultivate familiarity wire firearms in a sporting way so that the nation may in time have thousands of resourceful experts to call upon if needed.

There are at present in this country 10,000,000 shotguns owned by different firms and individuals. The organization hopes that each of these guns will be in the hands of a man or boy capable of pointing it and shooting it accurately.

As the organization grows it is the intention of the leaders now to appoint State Chairmen and divide the assemblage into districts. Tournaments may be held for the different districts, with a final event for the winners, which may come closer than any other shoot in deciding the "blue rock" champion of America.

Mooney to Lead Wesleyan on Track

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Nov. 17.—Wandell M. Mooney of Paterson, N. J., has been appointed Captain of the Wesleyan track team to take the place of Lawrence E. Williams of Geneva, N. Y., who has left college to join the Naval Reserves. Mooney is a senior and is a hurdler and quarter-miler.

ADDITIONAL NEWS OF SPORTS ON PAGE 20, MAIN NEWS SECTION.

DROP KICK BEATS ANDOVER.

Lourie's Goal Gives Victory to Exeter by 3 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

EXETER, N. H., Nov. 17.—Phillips Exeter Academy defeated its old rival, Phillips Andover, 3 to 0 in the annual football game this afternoon. The Exonians, after being stopped within half a yard of the Andover goal, managed to gain the victory by a drop kick.

Quarter Back Lourie in the second period, and on the second of his four tries for field goals, managed to boot the ball straight between the Andover uprights. The kick was made from the 33-yard line.

Andover played hard football and several times came close to scoring. In the third period, uncovering a very brilliant forward passing attack and a trick fake kick play, the visitors pushed Exeter back to its 15-yard line, but at this point a line attack failed and Andover lost the ball on downs. In the same period Andover again reached the Exeter 20-yard line, but once more was held, and Temple failed to tie the score by a drop kick from an easy angle.

In the last quarter Exeter was continually threatening Andover. Twice the ball was rushed close to goal, but the Exeter attack was stopped in the danger zone and Lourie missed field goals from the 31 and 26 yard lines. His other try for goal, made in the first period, was from the 33-yard line.

The lineup:

Exeter.	Position.	Andover.
Cutler	L. E.	Robinson
Peters	L. T.	Morgan
Lange	L. G.	Baker
Lipscomb	C.	Avery
Talcott	R. G.	Scammon
Baker	R. T.	Moorehead
Laurnair	R. E.	Braden
Lourie	Q. B.	Magee
Watson	L. H. B.	Fairbairn
Sturns	R. H. B.	Temple
Gilroy	F. B.	Bailey

Goal from field—Lourie. Substitutes—Exeter: Hickey for Peters; Clark for Hickey; Church for Talcott; Hickey for Baker; Conlan for Lourie; Torkelson for Watson. Andover: McDonald for Avery; Randolph for Morgan; P. Brown for Randolph; Scott for Magee; Wilson for Fairbairn; Abbott for Temple; Gibson for Abbott. Referee—R. N. Bankhart, Dartmouth. Umpire—C. B. Marshall, Harvard. Linesman—L. H. Andrews, Yale. Field Judge—M. Beebe, Yale. Time of periods—16 minutes.

HARVARD LOSES AT NEWPORT

Naval Team Beats Crimson Eleven by 14 to 0 Tally.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 17.—The Second Naval District football team won its third victory of the season by defeating the Harvard Informals, 14 to 0, at St. George School today, before a crowd of 6,000. Although greatly outweighed, Harvard played a strong defensive and offensive game, and surprised the all-star aggregation with a number of trick plays, especially the lateral pass.

Gerrish, formerly of Dartmouth, was the outstanding star of the game. His line plunging and running back of punts helped considerably in the Navy's scoring. The Navy line was a regular stone wall, and the Harvard backs were helpless in their attempts to break through.

It was in the second period that the strength of the Navy showed itself. Gerrish ran back a punt 15 yards, and followed this with a 7-yard plunge. Barrett, on a fake kick, tore off 40 yards around right end, putting the ball on the 20-yard line. Then a forward pass, Barrett to Hite, resulted in the first score.

Later in the same period Harvard had the ball on its own 15-yard line, and Harvard fumbled. The ball was picked up by Greene, the Navy's right end, who ran for a touchdown.

GAME TO BENEFIT CAMPS.

Receipts from Upton-Devens Contest to Buy Equipment.

The football game at the Polo Grounds Nov. 24 between the elevens from Camp Upton, located at Yaphank, L. I., and Camp Devens, at Ayer, Mass., will be for the purpose of buying athletic equipment for the regiments at these cantonments. These teams are among the best in Uncle Sam's service, and it is expected that the contest will attract a large crowd.

The use of the Polo Grounds has been donated to the soldier teams for the day by the New York National League Club, while many persons prominent in football and other sports are lending a willing hand in the staging of the game. Big Bill Edwards, famed as a gridiron star, has offered his services as umpire, while Bill Langford, who has officiated in most of the big games of recent years, has offered his services as referee.

It is planned to have a military drill before the game, the exhibition to be given by soldiers from Camp Upton. As many of the boys in khaki as may be spared on the day of the game will be on hand to cheer their team on, while the Camp Devens outfit will bring with it as many rooters as possible. Both elevens have a number of former college stars in the lineup, and the game should be a thriller.

The admission prices, including the war tax, will be $2 for the reserved section, $1.50 in the unreserved sections, and $1 in the bleachers.

FORM WANDERERS AGAIN.

Leading Players Reorganize Noted Club and Begin Practice.

Fearing that the chances for an amateur hockey league in this city the coming season are not too bright, the leading players from each team in and about New York have reorganized the Wanderers' Club of New York. The club has arranged with St. Nicholas Ice Rink to make its headquarters there, and will play all matches on the ice of St. Nicholas Rink.

The following officers were elected at the meeting: Honorary President, Dr. Byron T. Davey; Edward T. Casey, President; Francis Draz, Vice President; George W. Graham, Secretary and Treasurer, and Ben Hill, Manager.

Practice has been begun at St. Nicholas Rink and the following players turned out for the team: Charles Mitchell, goal tender of last year's Crescent A. C. team; Fred Lewis, goal tender of last year's Hockey Club of New York team; Ernest Du Fresne, Moose Heffernan, and Mickey Roach of last year's Crescent team; Duke Wellington and Turk Smith of the Irish-American A. C.; also George Abrahams, Ray Ridout, Alexander Reagan, James Amy, Gene Cleary, and S. H. Hewitt. Emil Despardins will be out for the next practice.

Tom and Jack Howard of the Hockey Club of New York, who are now enlisted seamen at Fort Trumbull, New London, Conn., have written down that they are anxious to join the team, and will practice whenever they can get leave of absence. James McNeil, formerly a member of the champion Monarchs of Winnipeg, Canada, and now a private in the aviation school at Mineola, will also join the team whenever possible.

INSTRUCTION.

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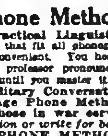

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RED CROSS GAINS NEW AUXILIARIES

Twenty-eight Organizations Added to the New York County Chapter.

$50,000 FOR JEWISH RELIEF

Reports Show Turks Have Renewed Deportation of Greeks, Syrians, and Armenians.

The enrollment of twenty-eight new auxiliaries of the New York County Chapter of the American Red Cross, among them the New York Council of Girl Scouts and the Rainbow Division Workers' Committee, was announced yesterday by the Department of Auxiliaries of the chapter. Fourteen hundred additional workers were added to the muster roll of the chapter through the Girl Scouts' organization, which has established a workroom at its headquarters at 99 Park Avenue. It is known as Red Cross Auxiliary No. 271 of the New York Chapter.

From 3:30 P. M. to 5:30 P. M. on Wednesdays and from 10 A. M. until noon and from 2 P. M. to 5 P. M. on Saturdays the Girl Scouts make surgical dressings, cut flannel shirts for infants, and knit sweaters, mufflers, wristlets, and socks for our soldiers in cantonments and overseas. On the opening day at the workroom 200 bandages were manufactured by these girls, who range from 10 to about 18 years. Their work is under the supervision of Miss Caroline Lewis.

The officers of the Girl Scouts Auxiliary are Mrs. W. R. K. Taylor, Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, Miss Cora Nelson, Mrs. Charles T. Riker, Mrs. Frederick W. Allen, Miss Caroline Choate, Mrs. Arthur A. Choate, Mrs. Lewis C. Clark, Jr., Miss Martha K. Draper, Mrs. George Ethridge, Mrs. I. Chauncey McKeever, Miss Anna Marshall, Miss Llewellyn Parsons, Mrs. Henry C. Pearson, Mrs. Harold I. Pratt, Mrs. Samuel Sloan, and Mrs. George Whitney. Miss Juliette Low is President of the auxiliary, Mrs. W. R. K. Taylor commissioner, and Miss Abby Leland, director.

Workrooms in Private House.

The Rainbow Division Workers' Committee, which is known as Red Cross Auxiliary 272, has established a workroom in a suite of rooms in the town house of Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer. The auxiliary has the use of these rooms free and the exclusive use of an entrance opening into a courtyard. The Rainbow Division Committee is supplying knitted articles for the army. Among its members are Mrs. G. R. Dyer, Chairman; Mrs. Nelson Burr, Secretary; Mrs. H. M. Harriman, Mrs. Winthop Ames, and Mrs. M. L. Schiff. Other auxiliaries just organized by the chapter are:

Jacob A. Riis Auxiliary, College Settlement Auxiliary, The Best Auxiliary, Fifth Inspection District Auxiliary, University Place Presbyterian Church, the Society of Kentucky Women of New York, Neighborhood House of the American Parish, Students Secretarial Club of Columbia University, Art War Relief, Ladies' Sewing Society of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, St. Agnes Chapter Daughters of the King.

St. Bartholomew's Parish House Auxiliary, Star Skirt Company, Free Shoe Fund Inc., Oppenheim Collins Building Auxiliary, Divine Paternity Auxiliary, Auxiliary 253, Christ Church Auxiliary, Forty-second Street New York Public Library, Church of the Covenant, Madam Rieffel School, New York Swedish-American Auxiliary, Young Woman's Social Club, Daughters of Columbia College War Relief, and the Junior Auxiliary.

The auxiliaries, numbering to date 284, and having a total membership enrollment of 7,016, were organized by the Department of Auxiliaries of the New York Chapter of which Miss Alice Lavinia Day is director. These auxiliaries are supplying a very large part of the supplies which regularly go out from the warehouse of the chapter to our war hospitals abroad and to our soldiers and sailors at home and overseas.

Interest in War Work Grows.

According to the annual report of Charles H. Stout, Secretary of the chapter, approximately 2,500,000 surgical dressings, hospital supplies, and hospital materials were made by the branches and auxiliaries of the chapter during the year. About two-thirds of these supplies were turned out since America's entrance in the war. The auxiliaries of the chapter helped stimulate laterest in war work and at the same time increased substantially the membership of the chapter, which has grown from 40,770 members last year to about 70,000 this year. One of the most important additions to the list of the chapter's auxiliaries is the volunteer workroom which was opened in 920 Broadway. This workroom is expected to turn out 250 machine-made hospital garments daily.

The following contributions of $100 or more were acknowledged yesterday by the New York County Chapter, 389 Fifth Avenue:

Mrs. T. Hunt	$150	Amita Bliss	$1,450
Grace Scoville	100	O. Sussman	310
N. Y. Mozart Soc.	750	Swedish loyalty meeting	394
D. W. Dullis	100	Mr. and Mrs. F. Taylor	200
Mrs. W. Fahnestock	100	L. D. Post	400
Mrs. Work	235		
A. J. L. White	100		

National Allied Relief.

The National Allied Relief Committee, subscriptions to which should be sent to James A. Blair, Jr., the Treasurer, at 360 Madison Avenue, has received new donations which amount to more than $2,300. Those of $100, or more, follow:

Miscellaneous	$1,035	J. W. Griffin	$100
Miss A. H. Forbes	500	Mrs. B. Eastwood	100
Anonymous	300	A. E. Lang	100
Mrs. J. R. Gladding	100	H. J. Coolidge	100

The Lafayette Fund.

The Lafayette Fund, which provides comfort kits costing $2 each, for the soldiers fighting in the trenches of France, has collected to date more than $248,000. Subscriptions to this fund should be addressed to Francis Roche, the Treasurer, at the Vanderbilt Hotel. Recent gifts have totaled more than $1,200. Those of $100, or over, follow:

Boston Com.	$320	W. Henderson	$100
Miscellaneous	658	Miss A. S. Lewis	100

For Polish Scholars.

Contributions to the University Grants Committee of the Polish Victims Relief Fund amounted to $418 last week, included in this amount being $100 from Mrs. John T. Terry. The fund provides relief for destitute Polish professors, scientists, scholars, and students.

Subscriptions should be made payable to the "Fifth Avenue Bank" and sent to Mme. Jane Arctowski, 33 West Forty-second Street.

Committee of Mercy.

The Committee of Mercy, 360 Madison Avenue, of which August Belmont is the Treasurer, has received new gifts which total more than $2,400. Those of $100, or over, follow:

Miscellaneous	$1,552	Amelia H. Jones	$100
J. Dives	100	Miss A. C. Spicer	100
W. S. Speed	100	F. L. Stetson	100
H. H. Stambaugh	100	Mrs. I. H. Gorrell	100
W. L. Spicer	100		

French Tuberculosis Victims.

The French Tuberculosis War Victims Fund, of which Charles H. Sabin, President of the Guaranty Trust Company, is the Treasurer, has collected a fund which now amounts to more than $122,000. Recent gifts included a check for $100 from Joseph S. Auerbach. Subscriptions should be sent to Mr. Sabin at 360 Madison Avenue.

Le Bien Etre du Blesse.

Mrs. Gertrude Atherton, the President, and John Munroe & Co., the Treasurers of the Bien Etre du Blesse, 360 Madison Avenue, acknowledge recent donations which amount to more than $1,300. Those of $100, or over, follow:

Miscellaneous	$314	H. G. Keasbey	$100
Mrs. E. S. Harkness	100	Mrs. R. E. Westcott	100
Mrs. F. C. De Veau	100		

Armenian and Syrian Relief.

Under the caption "Deportations began again," the American Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief, 1 Madison Avenue, has issued the following statement:

Greeks as well as Armenians and Syrians are suffering frightfully from Turkish persecution, and alike are helped by the American Committee. From the latest dispatches received, deportations of all Greeks in the Turkish Empire are being renewed with increased severity. "Calliste and her compatriots are in consternation at orders to move inland," is the way one writer in Beirut, Syria, managed to convey this information past the censor.

Confirmation has recently come from the Greek Government of a systematic extermination of these people under the guise of deportations. Daily thousands are being sent from Constantinople and the sea coast into the interior of Asia Minor, where silence covers their ultimate fate.

According to the Paris Temps, which receives reliable information via Athens and the Balkan agency, "More than 100,000 Greeks have been killed or died of hunger since the middle of August last. Meanwhile the Turks continue mercilessly their work of the wholesale assassination of an entire race, in obedience to the orders of their German counselors.

"The property of the unfortunates is confiscated, their furniture sold at auction, and the wives and children distributed among the German officers and the Mohammedan aristocracy. In Constantinople more than 3,000 Greek children have been sold as slaves. The position of the Greeks in the vilayets (districts) in the interior of Asia Minor is far sadder, as the Bashibovzouk (irregulars) are slaughtering them cruelly. All the Greek villages in the region of Smyrna, Aidin, Mannisa, and Aivaly were burned after being plundered.

Polish Victims Fund.

The Polish Victims Relief Fund, 33 West Forty-second Street, has collected to date more than $870,000. Recent gifts amounted to about $2,000, this sum including $250 from Jacob Sikora, who, after he enlisted in the United States Army, turned over his savings to the Polish Victims Committee. Also included in recent gifts is a $200 check from the Polish National Council of Brooklyn, and $300 from Mrs. Seth Milliken.

French Heroes Fund.

James A. Blair, Jr., Treasurer of the French Heroes Fund, 360 Madison Avenue, has acknowledged new gifts to that fund which amount to $163. Mr. Blair, who is also the Treasurer of the Committee for the Relief of Belgian Prisoners in Germany, has received new contributions to that fund amounting to $928.

Serbian Relief Committee.

The Serbian Relief Committee of America, 70 Fifth Avenue, of which Breck Trowbridge is Chairman, and Murray H. Coggeshall, the Treasurer, has collected since organization more than $363,100. New gifts to the fund amount to about $1,600. Those of $100, or more, follow.

Miscellaneous	$853	Nat. Allied Rel. Com.	$161
Mrs. E. M. Fowler	500		
Barber S. S. Co.	100		

Training French Maimed.

The American Committee for Training in Suitable Trades the Maimed Soldiers of France, subscriptions to which should be sent to Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, Room 134, the Biltmore Hotel, has collected to date more than $340,800. New gifts total $15,250. Of this amount $10,000 was given anonymously, $5,000 was a donation of the Refugees Relief Fund, and $250 was subscribed by Mrs. Robert E. Westcott.

Secours National Fund.

The Secours National Fund in the United States, which provides relief for the women and children of France, has received in cash contributions to date more than $372,000. Subscriptions to this fund should be sent to Mrs. Whitney Warren, 16 East Forty-seventh Street. Donations of $100, or over, recently acknowledged by Mrs. Warren, are as follows:

E. S. Harkness	$1,500	H. H. Stambaugh	$100
Various	1,294	Mrs. D. Beckwith	100
Mrs. W. Emerson	100	Mrs. W. H. Doughty	100

French Wounded Fund.

The American Fund for French Wounded, 20 West Twenty-third Street, of which Mrs. Ethelbert Nevin is the Chairman and Miss Anne Morgan the Treasurer, acknowledges recent contributions which total more than $3,500. The committee has just shipped 291 cases of hospital supplies and clothing to France. Recent gifts of $100 or more follow:

Mrs. A. C. Brooks	$1,000	Walton Circle, Cleveland	$100
Miscellaneous	1,250	F. J. Blair	100
D. H. Hostetter	100	W. Gray	100
Estelle Ogden	500	H. S. Pyne	100
Princeton Tea Garden	200	J. S. Lockwood	100

American Huguenot Committee.

The Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, 105 East Twenty-second Street, has received for the American Huguenot Committee, which aids Huguenot churches in France and Belgium, new subscriptions which amount to $686. These gifts include one of $500 from Mrs. T. F. Bayard and $100 from Miss W. Adger.

Le Paquet du Soldat.

The organization known as Le Paquet du Soldat, which was organized to provide necessary comforts for the soldiers of France, has issued the following appeal:

The French soldier will soon spend his fourth Christmas in the trenches. While great preparation is being made here for packages to be sent to our boys in France, it is hoped that the brave poilus from the invaded regions who have no relatives or friends will not be forgotten. Imagine what it would be to see your comrades all around you receiving letters and presents from home and never hear your own name called by the postman. Le Paquet du Soldat has between 400 and 500 of these soldiers on its list.

In order to reach the soldiers by Christmas the packages will be put up by a representative of Le Paquet du Soldat in Montbeliard, (Doubs,) France, and forwarded from there. The contents will consist of tobacco, cigarettes, candy, dried fruit, &c. The cost of each package is $1. Each contributor will receive an acknowledgment direct from the soldier who gets the package. Send your gift, with name and address, to Miss Byrd W. Hamblen, Treasurer, Le Paquet du Soldat, 291 Broadway, New York City.

Belgian Relief Fund.

The Belgian Relief Fund, 431 West Forty-seventh Street, of which the Rev. Father J. F. Stillemans is the Chairman, has received new subscriptions totaling $164. Included in this sum is a donation of $100 from the Bureau de Secours Belge of Woonsocket, R. I.

Franco-Serbian Hospital.

The Franco-Serbian Field Hospital of America, 25 West Thirtieth Street, of which Mrs. Helen Hartley Jenkins is Chairman and Henry B. Britton the Treasurer, has received $570 in new donations. This amount includes $100 from Mrs. Edward S. Harkness.

Duryea War Relief.

The Duryea War Relief, (Secours Duryea,) of which Mrs. Nina L. Duryea is the President and Charles Elliot Warren, President of the Lincoln National Bank, the Treasurer, acknowledges recent gifts which total more than $2,450. The committee has moved to new offices at 9 East Thirtieth Street.

Serbian Aid Fund.

The Serbian Aid Fund, 1 Madison Avenue, of which Mme. Slavko Grouitch, wife of the Serbian Minister to Switzerland, is the head, and Otto T. Bannard, President of the New York Trust Company, the Treasurer, has collected to date more than $106,000. Recent donations included one of $2,000 from the Buffalo War Relief Committee.

Vacation War Relief.

It is announced that, during the absence in France of Miss Anne Morgan, the Chairman of the Vacation War Relief Committee, Miss Maude Wetmore will be the acting head of the committee in New York. The office of the committee is 20 West Twenty-third Street. To date the committee has received cash contributions which amount to more than $391,500.

American Girls Aid.

The American Girls Aid for the Collection of Clothing for Victims of the European War in France, 208 Fifth Avenue, of which Miss Gladys Hollingsworth is Chairman, and A. Seton Post, Jr., Treasurer, has collected to date more than $110,000. Recent gifts amounted to $1,251. In addition to its other activities, the committee has assumed the support and care of 280 French war orphans.

American Jewish Relief.

The American Jewish Relief Committee, 20 Exchange Place, of which Louis Marshall is Chairman and Arthur Lehman Treasurer, acknowledges these recent contributions of $100 or more to the $10,000,000 that is being raised in this country for the relief of Jewish war sufferers in Europe:

Chicago Com.	$50,000	Lafayette Com.	$600
Kan.-City Com.	5,000	Cong. Agudath Jeshorim	500
Toledo Com.	5,000	Omaha Lodge, 354, I. O. B. B.	500
Baltimore Com.	4,000	Obarey Zion Cong.	421
Adath I. Cong., Bridgeport	3,667	Roanoke Com.	400
Indianapolis Com.	3,000	Winsted Com.	400
Reading Com.	3,000	First Cong. Anshe Sfard	375
Rodeph Sholem Cong.	3,000	H. L. R. Soc., Carteret	300
El Paso, Com.	2,500	New Britain Com.	300
Waterbury Com.	2,350	Connellsville Com.	235
Columbus, Ga., Com.	2,083	Las Vegas Com.	210
Milwaukee Com.	2,000	U. H. Cong., Newport, Ky.	208
Seattle Com.	1,800	Wabash Com.	193
Rhode Isl. Com.	1,500	Jewish Bro. Assn.	184
Memphis Com.	1,500	Stockton Com.	178
Houston Com.	1,370	Allentown Com.	177
Albuquerque Com.	1,150	Raton Com.	140
Evansville Com.	1,000	Tucson Com.	133
Terre Haute Com.	1,000	Chevra K. I. B. J., Brooklyn	117
Dallas Com.	1,000	Agudas Ach. Cong.	113
Portland, Ore., Com.	1,000	Yoakum Com.	107
Waco Com.	1,000	Woonsocket Com.	100
Newark Com.	1,000	H. Landa	100
Wheeling Com.	1,000	Ellenville Com.	100
Talmudical Inst.	821	B'nai Abraham Cong.	100
Jackson, Tenn., Com.	800		
Dickinson Com.	761		
Galveston Com.	650		

Fatherless of France.

Miss Luisita Leland as Secretary of the National Executive Committee of the Fatherless Children of France, announces that the French Committee has been reorganized under the active Presidency of Marshal Joffre, M. Painlevé and M. Léon Bourgeois, ex-Prime Minister, being Honorary Vice Presidents.

The New York Committee, of which Miss Leland, 563 Park Avenue, is Chairman, and W. W. Price, 111 Broadway, the Treasurer, has collected to date over $209,841. Children are supported at the rate of $36.50 a year. Subscribers receive the names and addresses of children on request. Donations of over $100 recently received follow:

Anonymous	$280	"Five Little Scots"	100
Anonymous, per L. L.	250	A. B. C.	200
Mrs. W. Gray and M. F. Jones	109	Wellesley College and others	150
Paterson Com.	243	Dr. and Mrs. C. Dunham and R. Watts	109
M. X. and others	103	First Pres. Church, Morristown	182
W. Rosenbaum	109	For Our Little Allies	100
Mrs. W. A. Moore and Mrs. A. F. Carpenter	103	M. P.	143
E. H. Kidder	219		
Junior Com.	111		

Charite Maternelle.

The American Fund for the Charite Maternelle de Paris, subscriptions to which should be sent to Mrs. Rutherfurd Stuyvesant, the Treasurer, at 32 Liberty Street, has been increased by $411. The gifts included a check for $100 from Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt.

American Students Committee.

The American Students' Committee of the Ecole des Beaux-Arts, which is devoted to the immediate relief of the students of the Ecole des Beaux-Arts and Julian's Academy, who are serving their country at the front, and their families, has collected to date more than $36,465. The fund provides, as well, comfort kits, consisting of sweaters, mufflers, socks, tobacco, &c., for the soldiers. Last week's receipts amounted to $470. Subscriptions should be sent to Henry R. Sedgwick, Treasurer, 107 East Thirty-seventh Street, New York.

Atlantic Division, Red Cross.

The Atlantic Division of the American Red Cross will join with the twelve other Red Cross divisions in a nationwide Christmas drive to increase the membership enrollment in the Red Cross to 15,000,000. This means the addition of approximately 10,600,000 names to the present muster roll. The campaign is to start December 17 all over the United States and continue increasingly up to Christmas Eve. At a conference today in the national headquarters at Washington the general features of the membership drive were worked out and approved. Representatives of the Atlantic Division and all other divisions attended the conference.

Theodore N. Vail, President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, has accepted the Chairmanship of the national committee appointed by the War Council to assume general charge of planning and later conducting the whole campaign. Dr. H. N. MacCracken, President of Vassar College, will be Executive Secretary. Other members of the committee are: Cardinal Gibbons, Bishop William Lawrence, Boston; Dr. Henry van Dyke, former Minister to the Netherlands, Princeton, N. J.; John W. Britton, San Francisco; Benjamin Gratz, St. Louis; B. Ban Johnson, Chicago; Hervey Lindley, Seattle; John Mitchell, New York City.

"Make it a Red Cross Christmas!" is to be the recruiting slogan. Every one taking out a membership in the Red Cross during the drive period will be known as a "Christmas member." The effort practically will be limited to securing annual members, paying annual dues of $1, or $2 in the case of subscribing or magazine members.

During Red Cross week in June, the $100,000,000 mark set by the War Council was oversubscribed and gave assurance of a national interest in the Red Cross work which should make the Christmas membership drive fully as successful.

In New York City the campaign will be especially vigorous. The Red Cross membership here, instead of being the largest in the country, as it should be, is far behind the membership in towns where the population is less than half as large.

Division membership Christmas drive committees are to be selected by the division managers of the Red Cross, these committees to work under the general direction of the national committee. Each of the 3,000 or so Red Cross chapters also will appoint a committee to co-operate under the guidance of the respective division committees. The division committeemen will communicate with the Chairmen of all the chapters, in order to map out the campaign on local lines.

As this is the country's first Christmas in the world war, it is felt that the people will be thinking of service rather than festivities, and that minds generally will be turned to the battlefields of Europe, and especially to our own soldiers and sailors. It is believed, therefore, that the country will be in a frame of mind at Christmas time to give expression to all its anxiety and hope, by showing and renewing evidences of its support of the Red Cross.

An Appeal for Victrola Records.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A few of the thoughtful "folks back home" have had the kindness to send us a Victrola to help pass the quiet hours of the evening here in camp. We find ourselves short of records at present, and are taking the liberty to appeal to the folks back in old New York through THE TIMES. Any records will be acceptable, especially popular music, instrumental, and selections of all kinds. A little music furnishes a huge amount of diversion, and is a great help in dispelling gloom these cold nights.

STEVE NORDLINGER,
Supply Sergeant, Company B, 102d Military Police.

Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C., Nov. 18, 1917.

SCOTCH WOOL SOCKS

Medium Weight in Gray, White, Oxford, Heathers, Brown, Green & Black. $1.25 Pair
Heavy Weight in White, Heathers, Brown, Gray, Black, Green and White with colored Clocks $1.50 Pair
Scotch Golf Hose. Fancy turnover tops. $3.50 Pair
Tennis, Golf and Sport Equipment.
Stewart Sporting Sales Co., 426 FIFTH AVE., at 38th St.

Greenhut's Space-Making Sale

To Gain Room for Holiday Goods

The prime-necessity of "The Big Store" as we write this is SPACE. We are crowded for space on all floors in practically every section, and this condition becomes more apparent as the holiday season approaches.

Therefore This Space-Making Sale

Staple merchandise of all kinds—the most wanted articles of the Winter season will be offered at prices that will make it an object for every one to buy and cause the goods to take wings out of the store at the earliest possible moment.

Buy Now—Buy Liberally—Anticipate Your Future Needs

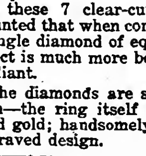
These Sales for Monday and Tuesday

Where Goods Advertised Here Are Not Sold Out on Monday the Special Prices Are Extended to Tuesday's Selling.

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE" SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET — Meet me at the Fountain

Sale Monday and Tuesday

This Exquisite Diamond Ring for $75



(In the jewelry trade these rings are known as "Assembled Diamond Solitaires.")

So cleverly are these 7 clear-cut diamonds mounted that when compared with a single diamond of equal size the effect is much more beautiful and brilliant.

The diamonds are set in platinum—the ring itself is of 14-kt. solid gold; handsomely pierced or engraved design.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Women's $2.25 Gloves at $1

Imported White Glace Kid Gloves for elbow sleeves. Sold at less than half their real value. Many qualities no better are priced elsewhere at $2.50. Perfect in fit and style, and for durability unexcelled.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Taffeta Petticoats, $2.95

Excellent taffeta silk petticoats, all fresh, new, beautiful merchandise in most desirable colors and styles; plain and changeable effects.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Writing Paper, 18c.

25c. and 29c. boxes for your choice in this sale. Linen and lawn finish writing paper—Strathmore stock. Each box contains 24 sheets and 24 envelopes to match. Envelopes are ribbon tied.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

$2.25 All Wool Serges; Yard, $1.16

50-inch all-wool Serge in black, navy and all wanted colors. The valuation we give is conservative, because serges are to-day about 150% higher than at a like period last year.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Auto Robes, $5.95

Double plush automobile Lap Robes, extra heavy weight. Size 54x72 inches. Regular price $7.50.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Inexpensive, but Artistic and Serviceable

Plated Silverware

For Your Thanksgiving Table

SIMEON L. AND G. H. ROGERS A1 PLATE TABLEWARE AT THESE LOW PRICES. Pretty floral designs, bright or gray finish.

Dessert or Medium Spoons—set of SIX for $1.38
Dessert or Medium Forks—set of SIX for $1.38
Dessert or Medium Knives—set of SIX for $1.75
Orange Spoons or Oyster Forks—set of SIX for $1.25
Tea or Coffee Spoons—set of SIX for 69c
Individual Butter Spreaders—set of SIX for $1.50
Sugar Shells or Butter Knives—each 25c
Berry Spoons, Gravy Ladles or Cold Meat Forks—each 65c
Carving Set of Three Pieces—with stag handles; German silver ferrule; put up in lined boxes; at $1.95

Sheffield Quality Plate

On Nickel Silver, with Rolled Thread Border and Butter Center

16-Inch Platters or Double Vegetable Dishes—at $4.95
18-Inch Platters—at $5.95
18-Inch Platters with well and tree; at $8.50
Cheese and Cracker Dishes—large size; pierced designs with covered cheese dish; at $5.95
20-Inch Platters with well and tree; at $9.25
Open Vegetable Dish with two compartments; at $3.95
Trivet Filigree Design—at $2.95
Relish Dishes—with handle and three glass compartments; at $1.25

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Women's $8 to $10 **LACE SHOES**

Reduced to **$5.95**

These are "FOOT-MOULD" SHOES—the best values in town, even at regular prices.

We go even further, for repeated comparisons have proven that $8 and $10 "FOOT-MOULD" SHOES compare favorably with higher priced lines of other makes.

For this sale, Monday and Tuesday, we make the price $5.95.

Why, you ask? We answer: simply because it is a rule in this store to have all regular lines in complete style and size ranges, and in this sale we dispose of all short lots and discontinued lines, which we cannot duplicate at old prices.

All Sizes Are in This Sale

In one style or another, and it makes little difference which style you choose, for they are all new and beautiful. At least a score of new styles for your choice. Every size from 2½ to 7 in A to D widths are represented.

A few of the many styles and leathers are mentioned:—

PATENT LEATHER GREY CLOTH TOP SHOES.
PATENT LEATHER WHITE KID TOP SHOES.
GUNMETAL CALF GREY CLOTH TOP SHOES.
GUNMETAL CALF DARK FAWN BUCK TOP SHOES.
GUNMETAL CALF WHITE KID TOP SHOES.
TAN RUSSIA CALF FAWN CLOTH TOP SHOES.
TAN RUSSIA CALF FAWN BUCK TOP SHOES.
ALL TAN RUSSIAN CALF SHOES.
TAN CALF WHITE KID TOPS.
KOKO BROWN CALFSKIN SHOES.
ALL GREY SUEDE SHOES.
BLACK KIDSKIN LACE SHOES.
PATENT LEATHER LACE OR BUTTON SHOES.

Some have hand-turned soles, with covered Louis heels; some have leather Cuban Louis heels and others are with new Military Heels.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Limited Quantities in This Sale

$14.75 to $19.50 Coats & Suits at $10

Rare bargains for women and misses, and those who are interested will have to act quickly, for coats and suits in new styles and popular materials will be sold in double quick order at $10 each.

200 garments in this sale. These are divided as follows:

105 Women's & Misses' $14.75 Suits at $10

These are made of navy or black serge in two stylish models. They are effectively trimmed with braid, belts and buttons and have fancy linings. Sizes for misses and women up to 44-inch bust.

95 Women's & Misses' $14.75 to $19.50 Suits at $10

Several smart styles, with popular convertible collars, for your choice. The coats are well made of Zibelines, Thibet or Novelty Cloaking in navy, black and wanted colors. Sizes for misses and women up to 40-inch bust.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Furniture

Here we are compelled to condense many sections to avoid warehousing the same. The values were big, even at the original prices, but during our Space-Saving Sale they are even more attractive. Note the marked-down prices:

Library Tables

$26 Mahogany Tables—at $20
$50 Mahogany Tables—at $38
$29 Mahogany Tables—at $20
$36 Mahogany Tagles—at $27
$76 Mahogany Tables—at $60
$48 Mahogany Tables—at $36

Dressers

$29 Mahogany Dressers—at $24
$33.50 American Walnut Dressers—at $28
$26.50 American Walnut Dressers—at $22
$61 Ivory Enamel Dressers—at $52
$50 Maple Dressers—at $40

Chiffoniers

$45 Mahogany Chiffoniers—at $38
$34 Mahogany Chiffoniers—at $26
$33 Mahogany Chiffoniers—at $27
$36 Mahogany Chiffoniers—at $28
$50.50 Mahogany Chiffoniers at $40
$62 Walnut Chiffoniers—at $48

Toilet Tables

$16 Mahogany Tables—at $13.50
$39 Mahogany Tables—at $33
$23 American Walnut Tables—at $19
$26 Circassian Walnut Tables—at $22
$33 American Walnut Tables—at $29
$45 Mahogany Tables—at $35

Buffets

$59 Jacobean Buffets—at $48
$41.50 Jacobean Buffets—at $36
$38 Jacobean Buffets—at $30
$74 American Walnut Buffets—at $45
$31.50 Jacobean Buffets—at $26
$57 Butler Oak—at $46

Mission Chairs and Rockers

$47 Fumed Oak Chairs—at $39
$40 Fumed Oak Chairs—at $33
$22.50 Fumed Oak Rockers—at $18
$18.75 Fumed Oak Rockers—at $15
$17.50 Fumed Oak Settee—at $14
$57 Fumed Oak Settee—at $45

Three-Piece Library Suites

$191 Red Velour Suites—at $145
$216 Silk Damask Suites—at $194
$165 Silk Damask Suites—at $148
$173 Brown Spanish Leather Suites—at $150
$128 Blue Spanish Leather Suites—at $96

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Carpets and Rugs

9x12 Ft. Axminster Rugs—seamless and seamed. Choice selection of patterns; absolutely perfect in weave. Regularly $39.50; at $29.50

Printed Tapestry Brussels Stair Carpet—regularly 59c; yard 44c

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Underwear

Men's Union Suits—medium heavy; perfect fitting; made of fine Maco cotton; natural gray color; sizes 34 to 36 chest measure; at 1.65

Men's Undershirts—super-medium weight; extra fine quality, unshrinkable gray natural wool; all steam shrunk and finished in the best possible manner; values to 1.95; at 98c

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Hosiery

Women's Cotton Stockings—medium heavy, black or white; fine quality; made with garter tops; reinforced with double heels and toes. (Slightly imperfect.) All sizes. Pair 16c

Women's Cotton Stockings—extra good quality cotton; medium weight; fast black or white; strong and serviceable; made with strong double heels and toes; all sizes. (Slightly defective.) Pair 18c

Women's Fibre Silk Stockings—black and white; made with lisle thread tops, heels and toes; double garter tops; extra long and elastic; all sizes. Some with slight imperfections. Pair 32c

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Popular Silks

$2 Dress Satin—35 inches wide; full line of colors and black; yard $1.65
$1.75 Black Dress Taffeta—35 inches wide; exceptional quality; yard $1.10
$1.50 Black Satin Messaline—good quality; yard $1
85c Dress Corduroy—wide wale; all wanted colors and black; yard 65c
$1.85 Black Paillet de Soie—40-inch; excellent quality; yard $1.35

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Bath Mats, $1.50

1,000 heavy Turkish "Moslem" bath mats in rich dark colors and light effects. These have slight mill imperfections. $2.50 each when perfect; this sale, $1.50.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

$5.50 "Extra Size" Skirts, $4.25

Two good models, strictly tailored; styles suitable for full figures. Made of navy and black all wool Serge and Oxford grey Mixtures. Belts, 31 to 40; lengths, 38 to 43.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Boys' Rainy Day Outfits, $1.95

We offer a Raincoat and Hat Outfit, good-looking and serviceable—the very kind of an outfit that every boy would like to have. Made of double-texture rubberized tan material, coat and hat to match. Sizes 4 to 14 years; special, $1.95.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Groceries

Bring your order tomorrow and Tuesday to our mammoth pure food market. All the leading brands of best quality staple pure foods are quoted at prices that average less than you usually pay elsewhere. Mail and telephone orders filled. Telephone Chelsea 4000. Call or write for free copy of our latest Grocery Catalogue, The American Home and Table.

New Canned Goods

FOUNTAIN MARROWFAT PEAS.
FOUNTAIN NEW SPINACH.
FOUNTAIN SELECTED LIMA BEANS.
FOUNTAIN CUT STRINGLESS BEANS.
SILVER LAKE STRAWBERRY BEETS.
HARPOON CUT WAX BEANS.
THOMAS' PORK & BEANS.
FOUNTAIN SAUERKRAUT.
Dozen—each or assorted, $2.10. No. 2 size can, 18c

Thanksgiving Cider — SWEET APPLE CIDER—gallon jug, 69c; large bottle 20c

Our Own Roasting — FANCY MARACAIBO COFFEE 10 lbs., $1.95; 5 lbs. $1. GUADARALI BLEND COFFEE—10 lbs., $3.30; 3 lbs., $1; lb. 35c

New Raisins — Imported NEW CROP MALAGA LAYER RAISINS—carton, 45c, 40c and 35c. FANCY SEEDED RAISINS—Fountain quality; dozen, $2.10; package 18c. KING KO MUSCATEL SEEDED RAISINS—dozen, $1.75; can 15c

New Crop Nuts — SOFT SHELL WALNUTS—3½ lbs., $1; lb. 30c. BEST MIXED NUTS—10 lbs., $2.60; lb. 28c. SOFT SHELL ALMONDS—3 lbs., $1; lb. 35c. CHOICE MIXED NUTS—2 lbs. 44c

Smoked Tongues — Freshly smoked, mild-cured: lb. 26c

Pure Breakfast Cocoa — Fountain quality; has a delicious chocolate flavor; 3-lb. can, $1; ½-lb. can 18c

Sweet Oranges — CALIFORNIA ORANGES—extra fancy; dozen 50c. THIN SKIN JUICY FRUIT large size; 3 doz., $1; dozen 35c. MEDIUM SIZE—4 doz., $1; dozen 28c

Plum Pudding — Fountain quality; Old English style; can, 88c; 74c, 49c and 25c

Teas — INDIA - CEYLON TEA—Fountain blend, Red Label; imported in sealed cans; reg. $1 1-lb. can 89c. MIXED TEAS ENGLISH BREAKFAST, TEA OR BASKET FIRED JAPAN TEA—5 lbs., $1.70; 3 lbs., $1; lb. 35c

Fancy Apples — WINTER BANANA APPLES—bright, juicy fruit; dozen 45c. DELICIOUS APPLES—large, red, juicy fruit; box, 100, $3.95; dozen 60c. JONATHAN APPLES—bright, red, juicy fruit; box, 163, $3.25; dozen 25c

Lenox Soap — PROCTER & GAMBLE'S—box, 100 bars, $4.75; 10 regular 5½c bars, 48c

White Potatoes — FANCY VIRGINIA NEW POTATOES—Bbl., $4.75; Bushel, 60 lbs., $1.94; Peck, 15 lbs., 50c

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Table Damask, yd., 29c

2,000 yards of 58-inch bleached cotton table damask in exquisite floral designs. Regularly 39c; sale, yd., 29c.

Trimmed Scarfs, ea., 59c

$1 scarfs, representing a manufacturer's odd lot of Filet and other styles. Choice edges and inserted centres, for sideboards and dressers. Sale, ea., 59c.

Blankets, pr., $3.95

1,200 plaid blankets for single and full size beds; wool finished cotton, in blue, pink and gray plaids. Regularly priced to $5; sale, pair, $3.95.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Wall Papers

To condense this department quickly, we have cut prices on many lots of wall paper as much as one-half. Now you can buy:—

At 2½c Roll—Bedroom, Hall and Dining Room paper; regularly 10c. (Sold with borders only.)

At 6½c Roll—Good assortment of new papers, light and dark colors for all rooms. Regular 15c values. (Sold with borders only.)

At 15c Roll—Values to 40c. Included are varnished tiles, printed oatmeals for parlors, dining rooms, halls, &c. (Sold with borders only.)

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Curtains and Tapestries

Imported Lacet Arabe Curtains—mounted on fine quality cable net; 3 yards long.

Regularly.	Sale Price.
$7.95	$6.25
9.50	7.75
9.75	8.25
12.75	10.25

Tapestries—a variety of verdure patterns, suitable for re-upholstering and wall coverings.

Regularly.	Sale Price.
$2.25	$1.85
2.75	2.25
3.00	2.30

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Framed Pictures, 75c

A framed picture of "The Stars and Stripes," with the likenesses of Presidents Wilson, Washington and Lincoln. Framed in 1-inch walnut finished moulding.

Size of glass 16x20 inches. No Mail, Phone or C. O. D. Orders.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Housewares

$5.20 Cylinder Oil Heater—Japan finish; smokeless and odorless $4.75
$5.95 No. 8 Spark Cylinder Parlor Coal Stove—top 4.49
$9.95 Smooth Oak Parlor Stove—rich appearance; mica door; nickel trimmings; fancy urn top; No. 13 with 12-in. fire pot $8.50
60c Sheet-Iron Self-Basting Roasting Pan—size 10x16 50c
American Food Chopper—good size; cuts fine, medium or coarse; at 90c
$3.75 Rotary Ash Sifter—roomy hopper; no dust can escape $2.95
$3.62 Kreamer Heavy Gauge Wash Boiler—copper bottom; No. 7 size $3.25
75c Genuine O'Cedar Polishing Mop—round or triangular; black dry mop or white oil mop 59c
$1.25 Serving Trays—mahogany frame; handsome medallion centre; glass cover; size 11x17 inches 98c
$2.50 Climax Bread Mixer—2 to 6 loaves $1.89
$2 Carving Sets—3-piece; Sheffield steel; stag horn handle $1.75
$1.75 Combination Stepladder and Chair—hardwood; well constructed; at $1.25

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Chinaware

American Porcelain Ware—white and gold decorations, with three-leaf clover in centre.

17c Soup Plates—at 14c
16c Dinner Plates—at 14c
16c Breakfast Plates—at 14c
14c Tea Plates—at 12c
12c Bread and Butter Plates—at 10c
10c Fruit Saucers—at 8c
15c Oatmeals—at 12c
35c Bakers—at 19c
22c Meat Dishes—at 18c
20c Tea Cups & Saucers—at 17c
8-Inch Nappies—regularly 22c; at 18c
15c Tea Pots—plain brown; individuals; at 11c
85c to 98 Tea Pots—with metal covers; at 65c, 75c and 82c
Poultry Set—decorated American porcelain; 12 plates, 1 large platter and 1 jelly dish; regularly $4.50; sale at $2.95

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Boys' Trousers, 79c

Knickerbocker style in heavy weight gray and fancy mixtures and Drab Corduroy. All sizes from 6 to 17 years; at 79c.

Men's Overcoats at $16.75

Overcoats taken from our regular $20 and $25 lines. Faultlessly tailored garments in newest styles and most popular materials.

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department or for $2 in Cash at the S&H Office on the Fifth Floor. We Give S&H Green Trading Stamps, as Usual. Ask for Them. Double S&H Stamps Till 12 o'Clock. Single S&H Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

The New York Times.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1917.

Classified Advertising Rates
The New York Times

	Per Agate Line.
Agents Wanted	.50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	.40c
Automobile Exchange	.40c
Boarders and Board Wanted	.30c
Business Opportunities	.50c
Country Board	.40c
Employment Agencies	.50c
Farms	.40c
For Sale	.50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	.30c
Help Wanted	.30c
Lost and Found	.50c
Mortgage Loans	.50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	.40c
Situations Wanted	.25c

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST or stolen, about 3 A. M. Saturday, at Holy Trinity Church, Amsterdam Av. and 82d St., black pigskin handbag containing Tiffany gold watch and small amount of bills; liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to W. E. B., Room 806, 103 Park Av.

LOST—Pennsylvania Station, N. Y., lady's small, black silk handbag, containing pocketbook, gold breastpin, &c.; money can be retained; no questions asked if other contents are returned by registered mail to Mrs. John M. Young, 801 Market St., Williamsport, Penn.

LOST—Black suede purse containing sum of money in one bill, presumably in Broadway subway or between 143 Liberty and 115th Sts. Reward for return to K. F. Kehoe, 143 Liberty St.

LOST—Package of checks at Bowery and Grand St.; of no value whatsoever to finder; $100 reward and no questions asked upon return to bank on which they are drawn.

LOST.—Diamond and sapphire bar pin, Wednesday morning, between 1 West 67th St. and 7 East 45th, via 5th Av. stage. $25 reward if returned to 1 W. 67th St., Apt. 416.

LOST.—$50 Reward.—Nov. 14, West 71st St. or Columbus Av. to 72d St., diamond and platinum lorgnette. Mrs. Meek, 108 West 71st St. Tel. 1094 Columbus.

LOST—Citizen paper, No. 482936, issued June 2, 1914, Supreme Court, New York. If found, kindly notify C. Schapiro, 171 Canal St.

LOST.—On Hoboken ferry, Sunday afternoon, Nov. 11, black enamel brooch set with pearls. $25 reward for return to Mrs. Breckinridge, 1,155 Park Av.

LOST.—On Wednesday, between 72d and 66th, west side, a platinum and diamond watch pin. Suitable reward if returned to J. S. Ehrich, 1 West 72d.

LOST—Blue fox fur: left in Black and White taxi at 108th St., Thursday, 1 A. M. Return Cromwell, 380 Riverside Drive. Reward.

LOST—On Monday evening, Nov. 12, in hallroom, Hotel Majestic, Hudson seal neckpiece. Finder please return to 15 East 71st St.; suitable reward.

LOST—Package of color sketches containing name Charles Holloway. Charles Holloway, 312 West 14th St.

LOST—Thursday, nurse's pin, McNutt Hospital; name and date on back. Return 132 East 45th St. Reward.

LOST—A $300 "demand" note, downtown, near Delancey and Orchard Sts.; reward. Communicate with 136 Eldridge St.

LOST—Mink collar, Gramercy Park, 6:30, Saturday; reward. Return 9 Gramercy Park.

LOST.—Diamond earring stone; liberal reward. Ask for A. M., 12 West 44th.

LOST—Diamond earrings, Monday, in Harlem; reward. Mrs. Daitch, 2 West 115th St.

REWARD for return of gold lorgnette and two gold crosses attached to gold and platinum square-link fob chain, "Christmas, 1884," on ball at end of chain; lost Thursday, Nov. 15, between 5th Av. and 45th and Stern's 43d St. door; valued for association. Address Mrs. R. V. Lindabury, Bernardsville, N. J.

REWARD $25 for diamond brooch attached to small black tulle bow, lost between Rector St. and West 54th. Finder return to 13 West 54th.

REWARD.—Riverside bus or near 122d St., Claremont Av., small black leather change purse containing $20 bill, $1 bill, change. Morningside 291, Extension 65.

$100 REWARD

for flexible platinum bracelet, set with about 80 diamonds, lost Nov. 16, between 5th Av.—44th St. and 7th Av.—42d St., or in taxi.
Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$50 REWARD

return gold-and-platinum-striped cigarette case lost Nov. 16, between 42d St. and 60th St.; no questions asked. Dreicer & Co., 5th Av. and 46th St., New York City.

$150 REWARD

for diamond bar pin set in platinum and gold, lost Thursday noon in Sherry's; no questions. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 48th St. and 5th Av.

$200 REWARD.

Return diamond and platinum pendant earring, lost Nov. 14 in the vicinity Liberty Theatre; no questions asked. Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av., New York City.

$100 REWARD

for diamond bar pin, lost Nov. 15, vicinity 5th Av. and 44th St.
Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$150 REWARD for return of onyx and diamond bowknot brooch, in brown velvet bag, left in taxi leaving Idabo going downtown Oct. 30. Charlton Co., 634 5th Av.

$100 REWARD

for the return of a fancy bar pin, studded with diamonds, lost Nov. 13. Return to Mrs. L. Alexander, 157 West 57th St.

$5 REWARD

for return of black silk handbag, lost Friday between East 57th and West 56th and 58th Sts., if returned to 10 East 57th St.

Found.

FOUND—Tuesday evening, Nov. 14, fur neck piece. Address O 191 Times.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—White wire-haired fox terrier dog, at Richmond County Country Club; has brown ears and head; had red, round leather collar and leather lead attached. If found, phone Secretary of club, New Dorp 500, or Vanderbilt Hotel, Vanderbilt 7100. C. W. Bass, Owner.

LOST.—Sable hood collie, about 8 o'clock, around 136th St., Convent Av.; reward. Return to C. Krans, 100 Convent Av., Apartment 206.

LOST—Dog, red chow; answers to the name of "Chin"; liberal reward. Mrs. Richard Saeckel, 5 West 58th St.

STRAYED, Nov. 15, from 150 West 59th St., toy Pekinese; tan; $15 reward. E. D. Smith, 150 West 59th St.

LOST AND FOUND.

Other Lost and Found Advertisements may be found on next to last page, First News Section.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

15TH ST., 244 EAST.—Suite of four large rooms and bath in private house, facing Stuyvesant Park; will divide. Call Monday.

15TH ST., 23 EAST.—Studios to rent; reasonable rent. CARSTEIN & LINNIKEN, 221 4th Av. Phone Gramercy 2293.

18TH ST., 140-142 EAST, Gramercy Park Section; housekeeping apartments, 7 rooms and bath, $840; 9 rooms and bath, $1,020. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Telephone 5700 John.

21ST, 143 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—2-room, bath, and kitchenette apartment, unfurnished or furnished; $60 or $65.

28TH, 23 EAST.—Two rooms and bath, with maid service.

34TH ST., 62 and 64 East, Vanderbilt Studios, (adjoining Vanderbilt Hotel.)—Apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath. $900 to $1,380; meals and service if desired. Apply R. S. Kamin, on premises, or telephone Murray Hill 913.

49TH, 45 EAST.—Beautiful light apartment, two rooms, bath, fireplace; very quiet.

57TH, 36 EAST.—Unfurnished apartment, two rooms, balcony, and bath; light, maid service.

59TH, 51 EAST.—Large, bright parlor, bedroom and bath; steam heat, electricity; elevator service; $40 month. Plaza 1946.

63D ST., 33 EAST.—Two rooms and bath. Superintendent on premises.

75TH, 101 EAST.—Pleasant six-room apartment; large living room. Apply to janitor.

APARTMENT, STUDIO,
137 East 34th, 2 rooms, bath, electricity, $40.
AMES & CO., 26 West 31st St.

FOR RENT in West Bronx.—Duplex apartment, 7 large rooms and bath; extra toilet; every modern improvement; rent $50. E. Osborne Smith, Jerome and Burnside Avs. Telephone 1846 Fordham.

FOR RENT in West Bronx.—Five large rooms and alcove; steam heated; electric lights, &c.; 2 blocks from 3 car lines; $38. E. Osborne Smith, Jerome and Burnside Avs. Telephone 1848 Fordham.

HIGH-CLASS NEW APARTMENTS.
59 East 34th St.; 2 rooms, bath; $70, $75.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

HOFFMAN ARMS,
640 Madison Av., Cor. 59th St.
5 to 8 rooms; reduced rentals.
Large, light rooms and baths; restaurant.

IRVING PLACE, 77, S. W. Corner 19th St., (Gramercy Park Section.)—Two room and bath non-housekeeping apartment, $840, with service; open fireplace, electric light, steam heat; meals served in rooms if desired; also studio, $300. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

MADISON AV., 173, (Between 33d and 34th Sts.)—Three rooms and bath, non-housekeeping apartments, $1,200; elevator, telephone, resident maid and valet; meals served in rooms if desired. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

MADISON AV., 780.—2 rooms and bath, non-housekeeping; maid, catering, and elevator service; $750 to $1,400. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 414 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 5600.

RUTHERFORD PLACE, 3, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Single flat, 6 rooms, $70; all improvements.

TWO CONNECTING ROOMS in business women's apartment; references. Gram. 763.

799 PARK AV.,
Corner 74th St.
New high-class housekeeping apartments,
3 and 4 rooms and bath.

Unfurnished—West Side.

50TH ST., 5 WEST.—Six rooms, bath, kitchenette; three rooms, bath; attractive rental.

54TH ST., 200 WEST, (Adlon.)—Three large, outside rooms, bath, and kitchen, 6 closets, foyer hall; very desirable; lease to Oct. 1, $125. Apartment 8F.

57TH, 220 WEST.—Exceptional apartment for couple; near Carnegie; three rooms; electricity, bath, heat, &c.; convenient elevated, subway; everything modern; $60.

70TH, 239 WEST.—Unfurnished parlor and basement floors; extension; bath; for permanent tenant, quiet tastes; no smoking.

70TH, 236 WEST.—TO SUBLET, A FINE 5-ROOM APARTMENT, IN A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE; ELEVATOR; BEST SERVICE.

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2028.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive two-room suite; all improvements; maid service; references.

78TH ST., 101 WEST.—Four large, beautiful rooms in private hotel, light housekeeping, with maid service; rent reasonable to desirable tenant.

79TH, 204 WEST.—Seven light rooms, bath steam, hot water; single apartment; $70. Superintendent, or Wood, 41 West 125th.

83D, 1 WEST.—Dainty seven-room apartment, fronting Park, second floor.

88TH ST., 105 WEST.—7 large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; convenient to elevated and subway; rent, $55.

90TH ST., 49 WEST.—One, two, and three choice rooms with bath, $40, $65, and $80.

97TH, 308 WEST.—Five immense, light rooms; southern exposure; elevator, telephone; moderate rent.

68 WEST 107TH ST.—THE MIDETTE.
Five rooms, private halls, every convenience; high-grade service, day and night elevator and telephone service; responsible private families only; house under owner's supervision; rents $40 to $45. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

110TH, 225 WEST—DAWSON ARMS.
High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms, facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

111TH, 229 WEST.—Elevator apartments, seven large rooms; every convenience; choice location, attentive management; rents very reasonable.

113TH ST., 517 WEST.—One 6-room apartment, very high class elevator apartment house; reasonable rent. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

113TH, 517 WEST.—High-class elevator apartments, 5, 6 rooms; owner's management. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

124TH ST., 527-529 WEST, (near B'way and Columbia College.)—Exceptionally fine apartments, 4-5 rooms; well-kept house; bath, steam, elevator, telephone; $43 month up.

147TH ST., 561 WEST, (The Edwin,) northeast corner Broadway.—Beautiful, large, light, 7-room apartment, facing Broadway; all improvements; elevator; rent, $67.50.

149TH, 560 WEST.—Seven-room apartment, 4 flights, steam, hot water, $40.

150TH, 569, (Corner Broadway.)—Six large outside rooms; modern elevator bldg.; $65.

153D ST., 550 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—One extremely attractive studio apartment of two rooms, bath and kitchenette; all outside rooms; rent, $57.50.

159TH ST., 465 WEST.—High-class apartments, 7 rooms, $55; sub., L, bus.

161ST, 581 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Large, light, six, seven, and eight room apartments to rent, very reasonable. Phone Audubon 500.

161ST, 657 WEST.—6 large rooms, southern exposure; elevator; new building; $65. Apt. 5H.

177TH ST.—YOU ARE PAYING TOO MUCH for your 8-room apartment! Here is a chance to live in a high-class, select neighborhood at a remarkably low cost. This is NOT an EXPERIMENT. It is proven that your rent will be only $200 annually. Under present renting conditions, you MUST INVESTIGATE this! Two blocks from Sixth and Ninth Avenue Elevateds and subway express station. MASS, 11 West 177th St.

APARTMENTS, STUDIOS.
130 W. 34th, 2 rooms, bath, kitchen, $40-$45.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or janitor.

ATTRACTIVE second floor, three rooms and bath; private house; exclusive location; $100 if taken shortly. Telephone 9936 Columbus.

AUDUBON AV., 215, Corner 176th, (Brighton.)—Six rooms, bath; elevator apt.; $50.

BROADWAY, S. E. COR. 160TH ST.
Six, eight large, light rooms; high-class; elevator, electricity; complete service; low rentals. Superintendent on premises.

BROADWAY, 2,128.—TWO AND THREE ROOMS, WITH BATH, MAID SERVICE; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

EIGHT immense rooms, three bathrooms, eleventh floor, fireproof building; regular rent $2,800; will lease for three years at big reduction; located near 80th St. and Riverside Drive. Box 112, 852 Columbus Av.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, $45-$55.
274-276 West 19th St., 5 and 6 all light rooms.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or Supt.

LARGE SINGLE FLAT.
1,945 7th Av., (117th,) 7 rooms, bath, 2d fl., $65.
AMES & CO., 26 West 31st St., or janitor.

LENOX AV., 54, (Adjacent to 112th.)—7 large rooms, bath, hot water, phone, &c., near sub. and all surface cars, $50.

MIRA-MAR ELEVATOR APARTMENT,
612 West 137th St., near Riverside Drive; 8 rooms, all light; rent reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 736.—Charming, sunny modern apartment, six rooms, two baths, three rooms facing river; all light. Telephone Audubon 4160, Apartment 4C.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST.
Single room and bath, en suite.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25, in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 342, (near 127th.)—Five rooms; hot water; newly renovated; $19-$21.

APARTMENTS TO LET

Unfurnished—West Side.

STEAM HEAT GUARANTEED.
5 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, $65.
40 MORNINGSIDE AV.
N. E. Cor. West 115th St., Facing Park.
HENRY C. COLEMAN.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 71.—1 room apartment in a unique and exclusive house. Apply on premises or to Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. Phone 5700 John.

New Jersey.

RAMSEY, N. J.—Beautiful four-room apartment; all improvements; separate entrance; refined family; excellent commutation; unfurnished, $15. E 75 Times.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

34TH ST., 126 EAST.—Handsomely furnished seven-room elevator apartment, to sublet for five months or longer, $165 a month, adults only; references. Kelsey.

36TH, 138 EAST.—To lease seven-room apartment, including maids' room, bath, 2 master bedrooms with baths; ground floor; rental $150 monthly. Inquire Supt.

45TH ST., 22 EAST.—Attractive large room, bath, kitchenette; by month $65.

48TH, 20 EAST.—Two rooms and bath, nicely furnished; will rent balance of lease, $110 monthly; maid service.

55TH STREET NEAR 6TH AVENUE; front apartment; 2 bedrooms, living room, kitchen and bath; handsomely furnished; grand piano; asking $250 month. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av., at 47th.

58TH, EAST, (Near Madison Av.)—Attractively furnished 2 or 3 rooms, bath; maid service; elevator. Telephone 4120 Plaza.

60TH, 16 EAST.—Exclusive 2-room bachelor apartment; service. Apartment 16.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

60TH, 18 EAST.—Apartment corner, (28,) sublet, handsomely furnished; three rooms, bath.

63D ST., 33 EAST.—Two rooms and bath. Superintendent, on premises.

66TH, 42 EAST.—Attractively furnished 2-room apartment; seen any time; $1,500 a year. Phone Miss Newlin, Plaza 5754.

75TH ST., EAST, NEAR CENTRAL PARK.—Elegant suite, 4 rooms, main floor, private bath; cuisine.
Address Owner, P 11, Times.
Telephone Rhinelander 2671.

88TH ST., 103 EAST.—Ground floor, right; beautiful front parlor, connecting bedroom, newly furnished; all comforts, private family, for couple or refined gentleman; only $6 weekly.

AN UNUSUAL opportunity is offered to secure handsomely furnished apartment, 12 rooms, 4 baths, near Park Av. and 59th St; price below actual worth; short or long term.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED.
Choice localities; long, short leases.
4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

ATTENTION.—Established 30 years. List your apartments. Waiting lists. A1 clientele. Lelands, One West 34th. Phone 1428 Greeley, also Murray Hill 3241.

BACHELOR APARTMENT, two rooms, kitchenette, 5th Av. section. Lenney, 51 East 42d.

BY SEASON OR YEAR.—11th floor, very light, handsomely furnished apartment, 11 rooms, 3 baths, in attractive new building, Park Avenue Seventies. Asking $6,000. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av.

Distinctive apartment, 10 rooms and 3 baths, $5,900. Telephone Plaza 6525.

CENTRAL PARK SOUTH, near Plaza Hotel. Park view. 8 rooms, 3 baths, with 3 master bedrooms; $500 month for 4 months, or longer term at reduced rate. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Ave., at 47th St.

CORNER APARTMENT, six rooms, daintily furnished; elevator, telephone; $100. 138 E. 94th St.

EAST 40S.—2 rooms, kitchen, bath, 8th floor, modern building; 10 months, $1,250; references; letter only. O 181 Times.

ENTIRE FLOOR.
Two connecting rooms, luxurious bath, many closets; convenient transportation, exclusive Murray Hill section; references. Telephone 5729 Murray Hill.

FIFTIES NEAR MADISON AVENUE; 2 large rooms, bath and kitchenette; well furnished; southern exposure; rent $125 month; 6-8 months. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av., at 47th St.

Gramercy District.—Charming 8-room apartment, furnished, antique mahogany, wicker, and Chintz; steam heat, 4 open fireplaces, fine library, 21-foot living and dining rooms, 3 master bedrooms; fine French cook remains. Phone 4426 Stuyvesant, before 11 A. M.

HATFIELD APARTMENTS,
103 EAST 29TH ST.
TWO-THREE ROOMS, BATH; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; NEWLY FURNISHED; HOTEL SERVICE; BREAKFAST SERVED; RENTS MODERATE.

IRVING PLACE, 77, (Gramercy Park Section.)—Two rooms and bath, furnished in good taste; nonhousekeeping, with service; meals served in rooms if desided. Apply on premises, or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 CEDAR ST. TEL. JOHN 5700.

LENOX AV., 54, (adjacent to 112th St.)—Seven large rooms; hot water, phone, &c.; near subway and all surface lines; $50.

LEXINGTON AV., 1, (Gramercy Park.)—Attractive furnished apartment; 8 rooms and 2 baths. Apply GAINES, VAN NOSTRAND & MORRISON, Inc., 25 East 26th St. Phone Madison Square 337.

MADISON AV., 780.—2 rooms and bath; non-housekeeping; maid, catering, and elevator service; $1,000 to $2,000. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 414 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 5600.

PARK AVENUE, BELOW 59TH STREET.—I am offering to sub-rent my beautifully furnished, artistic apartment for season or longer. Contains 9 rooms, 3 baths; restaurant service in building. Asking $6,000. Address for particulars E. V. H., 28 Times.

PARK AVENUE, SIXTIES.—Handsomely furnished apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths, $350 per month; unusual opportunity to obtain attractive and completely equipped private home in new, exclusive building. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av.

PARK AV., 850.—8 rooms and 3 baths; 12th floor; attractively furnished; to desirable party at reasonable figure. Apply Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av., Phone 6200 Murray Hill.

PARK AV., (60s.)—Magnificently furnished corner apartment, 10 rooms, 3 baths. Clark Realty, 30 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

PLAZA SECTION.—7 rooms, 3 baths, very beautifully furnished. Details, Columbus 3974.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 80 EAST.—Going to France, sublet elegantly furnished apartment, including piano.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV.—Shopping centre; handsomely furnished apartment; maid service; immense living room, dining room, kitchen, two bedrooms, bath; six months, $325 monthly. Phone Mad. Sq. 7894, 11-2, after 6 P. M.

5TH AV., 618.—Bachelor apartment magnificently furnished; two rooms, bath; valet service; $200 monthly. Phone Circle 1670.

16TH, 51 WEST.—1, 2, and 3 room suites; southern exposure; open fireplace; tea room in building; light, heat, telephone, maid service.

23D ST., 222 WEST, CHELSEA HOTEL.—Stockholder's apartment, No. 86, exquisitely furnished, for rent by the year; four rooms, bath, closets, and small kitchen. Apply for terms to Marsh & Wever, 42 Broadway; present tenant will show.

27TH, 26 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, with maid service.

25TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths; single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

39TH, 52 WEST.—Four rooms, two baths, entire floor; beautifully furnished; maid attendance; ideal bachelor quarters; will divide; electricity; telephone service.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just Off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Completely furnished, high-class bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80 up; service. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.

48TH, 115 WEST.—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $55 and $90. Apply Superintendent.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; handsomely furnished.

54TH ST., 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsomely furnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath and 3 rooms with 2 baths; sunny rooms; steam heat.

55TH ST., 55 WEST.—EXQUISITELY FURNISHED—PARLOR, BEDROOM, BATH, TILED KITCHEN, ELEVATOR, $175 PER MONTH, ON LEASE TO OCTOBER OR LONGER; SEEN WEEKDAYS OR AFTER ONE, SUNDAY, APARTMENT 4D.

55TH ST., 1,730 Broadway.—Big, bright, fine; two rooms, bath; elevators; telephone; hall service. Hart.

55TH, 59 WEST.—Living room, breakfast room, bedroom, bathroom, kitchenette. Telephone Plaza 6052.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

56TH, 342 WEST.—Beautifully furnished elevator apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath, telephone.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Sublet, 4-room apartment, exquisitely furnished; two bedrooms, living and dining room combined, kitchen; refrigeration; maid service; $250 monthly. Call afternoons, Apartment 4-1, or telephone appointment, Circle 1456.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Sublet, 4-room apartment, exquisitely furnished; two bedrooms, living and dining room combined, kitchen; refrigeration; maid service; $250 monthly. Call, afternoons, Apt. 4-1, or telephone appointment, Circle 1456.

57TH, (Near 5th Av.)—High class, 3 rooms, bath, sunny apartment, exquisitely furnished; kitchen maid service; restaurant. 3841 Circle.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Attractive, handsome 7 outside rooms; 3 bedrooms. Columbus 1377.

58TH ST., 57 WEST.—Nine large rooms, three baths; splendidly furnished; all improvements; reasonable rent. Call, Peck.

58TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.
Alwyn Court; 12 rooms, 5 baths; newly decorated; magnificent, artistic, yet homelike. Railing. 4253 Columbus.

58TH, 103 WEST.—Five-room modern apartment, completely furnished for housekeeping; would divide.

59TH.—Handsomely furnished 5-room apartment, 2 baths, $200 month; immediate possession. Telephone Clark Realty, Vanderbilt 1452.

61ST ST., 10 WEST.—An attractively furnished two room, bath, kitchenette apartment; elevator electric light, telephone, silver, linen; heart of city; gem; yearly lease. The Paradena.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Latest idea in apartments; homelike, with club privileges; duplex studio, dining, bedroom, kitchen; southern exposure; choicely furnished; lease $225 monthly. Apt. 509.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex apartment, Hotel des Artistes, three rooms, kitchenette, refrigeration, cooking free; $200. Mrs. Wood.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $17 to $25 weekly, $55 to $90 monthly; completely furnished; satisfactory references absolutely necessary; open evenings.

69TH ST., 19 WEST, Overlooking Central Park.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath; maid service; restaurant; finest in the city. Mrs. Deane, on premises.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Two exceptionally handsome rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity, private telephone; excellent location; $23 weekly; also other rooms.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Apartments, furnished; entire floor; 2 and 3 connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity; $125 and $150.

70TH, (2,025 Broadway, The Nevada.)—Newly decorated, spacious, 7-room, high-class elevator apartment, all rooms facing Broadway; immediate possession; $250 month; family leaving city. Apt. 2B.

70S.—Handsomely furnished, 10 rooms, 3 baths, 12th floor; 3 master's, 3 maids' rooms; immediate possession. Particulars Clark Realty, 30 East 42d, Vanderbilt 1450.

70S.—Magnificently furnished 8 rooms, 3 baths; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

72D, 42 WEST.—Two of the most delightfully furnished small apartments in New York; two rooms, with tiled baths; new building; 7 windows in each suite; moderate priced restaurant, with service in apartments; overlooking Central Park; convenient to subway express, elevated, and service; $95-$100 monthly; leases only.

72D, 167 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, suitable for couple or bachelors; third floor. Whitney.

75TH St., (northeast corner West End Av.)—Attractive suites, with bath; large, sunny rooms, with or without bath; suitable for two.

79TH ST., 307 WEST.—Own home, 8 rooms, 2 baths, exceptionally well appointed, piano, beautiful view Hudson and Southern exposure; $300 monthly. Apt. 10 West.

80TH, 158 EAST.—Private residence, two rooms, dressing room, bath; steam; electricity.

82D, 319 WEST.—Newly furnished one and two room suites; private baths; large, sunny rooms; all conveniences; references required.

83D, 7 EAST.—7 light rooms, handsomely furnished; high-class elevator apartment; $175. Seen by appointment. Frank, Harlem 576.

87TH, 307 WEST.—Private house, large back parlor, bath, kitchenette, electricity, service, $50.

90TH, 50 WEST.—Artistically furnished suite, to desirable party. See and appreciate.

95TH ST., 316 WEST, (Apartment 81.)—Attractively furnished outside eight rooms; high-class elevator apartment; leaving city.

95TH, 319.—Five outside rooms, overlooking Riverside; $85; lease. Apartment 34, (private.)

96TH, (Subway.)—6 front rooms, 1 bath, 1 family bedroom; newly decorated, most attractively furnished; elevator building; $135. Telephone Columbus 3974.

97TH.—Beautifully furnished 5-room apartment, $135 month; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 1452.

98TH, 203 WEST.—Sublet, 3 rooms, attractively furnished; bath; southern exposure. Apt. 5B.

101ST, 205 WEST, THE JOSEPH HOTEL.
3 doors from B'way. Phone 9575 River.
High-class, nicely, completely furnished 6 large, airy rooms and bath; $120-$130.
Electricity and maid service included.
All-night telephone, elevator.
Also attractive, well-heated single double rooms, kitchen privileges, $4-$10 weekly.

104TH, 115 WEST.—Exceptional opportunity; six sunny, beautifully furnished rooms. Academy 2872. Borland.

110TH SUBWAY.—7 rooms, 2 baths, very beautifully furnished. Details, Columbus 3974.

112TH, 612 WEST.—Handsomely furnished seven-room apartment, overlooking Riverside; newly decorated.

112TH, 523 WEST.—Two desirable rooms, singly or en suite; priavte family; high-class house; references. Apt. 73.

115TH ST., 610 WEST.—Well furnished apartment; three rooms, with bath and kitchenette; electricity, gas, steam heat; at $40 month. Apply elevator boy on premises.

116TH, 600 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 5-room apartment, including linen, silver, pianola, Victrola, &c.; will consider lease, 6 to 9 months, $150 per month; services of our maid can be secured; seen by appointment. Apt. 103, phone Morningside 8606.

116TH SUBWAY.—5 rooms, 2 bedrooms, very handsomely furnished. Particulars, Columbus 3974.

116TH, (Subway.)—5 rooms, new building, charmingly furnished; details. Columbus 3974.

118TH, 401 WEST, (Apartment 52.)—Facing Morningside Drive, three rooms, furnished, housekeeping.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Sublet beautifully furnished six rooms, bath, modern apartment; $125. Apartment 41.

118TH, 401 WEST, (Apt. 52, facing Morningside Drive.)—Three rooms, housekeeping.

119TH, 435 WEST.—Attractively furnished 3-room apartment; kitchenette. Apt. 5K.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Apartment sublet, (2H,) 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $37.50 per mo.

122D, 540 WEST.—Nothing better to be found; two rooms, kitchen; sunny apartment; completely, handsomely furnished; all conveniences; real home. Shelden.

150TH ST., 615 WEST.—Couple with modern apartment will sublet, with owner's services; gentlemen preferred. Barrett.

157TH ST.—Subway; 7 rooms, 2 baths; near Riverside Drive; all conveniences; 6 months or longer; references. O 97 Times.

168TH, 601 WEST.—Six rooms, bath; all outside; overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates $80 monthly and up, $20 weekly up; breakfast and dinner, $9 weekly, (optional.)
HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST.
One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus line. C. M. Bellak, Mgr. Dir.

AN exceptional apartment, for bachelors; private house; exclusive location. Telephone Plaza 2200.

APARTMENTS Beautifully Furnished.
2 TO 5 ROOMS AND BATH.
Attractive restaurant, table d'hote and a la carte; best food, reasonable prices; complete hotel service $60 monthly up; near Riverside Drive, Central Park; 2 blocks from 96th subway express station.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS,
305 West 98th St. Near Broadway.
Telephone Riverside 6100.

APARTMENTS—Luxuriously Furnished.
South of Central Park.
10 to 14 rooms, $5,000 upward.
Studios, smaller suites, from $200 monthly.
THE FALCO,
Tel. Murray Hill 4383. 503 5th Av., (42d.)

APARTMENT, 7 rooms and bath, newly decorated, handsomely furnished; one block from 103d subway, 2 doors west of Broadway; very desirable. Phone River 1545.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished; long, short leases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY. Personally inspected lists. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Columbus 836.

APARTMENTS TO LET

Furnished—West Side.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d. Col. 1077.

Artistically furnished two-room apartment; kitchenette, near theatres and shops; two months at $100 per month. Phone Madison Square 6624.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences. apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments,
$35, $45, $55 $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease or unfurnished; near Subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $60-$75-$85; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

ATTRACTIVE private home apartments, west side and Washington Heights. Crescent Co., 547 West 110th, Corner Broadway, (2d floor.)

A SUITE of 3 or 4 rooms, with bath, handsomely furnished; near 103d subway, 2 doors west of Broadway. Phone River 1545. Gentlemen.

BACHELOR SUITES.—Entire floor, exceptional residence; large living room, two bedrooms, bath; Jap service; breakfast optional. 2595 Columbus.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED 5-room apartment; home of couple leaving town. O 122 Times.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 302.
Exquisitely furnished two large rooms, kitchenette, tiled bath, living room, 32x18; piano, silverware, china, linen; maid service, restaurant in building; unsurpassed view. Edwards.

CLAREMONT AV., 29.—High-class apartment, seven rooms and two baths, completely furnished, to sublet Dec. 1; $150. J. Collins, Apartment 6B.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

DELIGHTFUL, comfortably furnished 5 room 3 bath apartment; view Riverside, 79th St.; $425. Phone Schuyler 4814.

DESIRABLE, well-located 7 rooms, completely furnished apartment; short lease. 5830 Riverside.

DESIRE sunny five-room apartment to rent for three months. 502 Amsterdam Av, ring Beecher's bell.

EIGHT-ROOM APARTMENT on West 85th; all light and sunny rooms, handsomely and completely furnished. Phone Owner, Schuyler 2006.

HIGH-CLASS HOTEL, corner apartment, with excellent service, facing Central Park, near 72d St.; four rooms and bath; moderate rent; will sublease for ten months either furnished or unfurnished, at a consideration. Tel. Circle 1218.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to sublet, season or longer. Apply Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

HIGH-CLASS furnished apartments. Consult Katharine Martin, 249 West 76th St. Schuyler 8522.

HIGH-CLASS furnished apartment, 8 rooms, 3 baths; 7th floor; near Riverside Drive. Apply Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 78th St.

High-class elevator apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths. Ferrando, Phone Morn. 5291.

I CAN RENT your apartment furnished.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

LET the Exclusive Renting Co. find you an ideal apartment from $100 to $600. Telephone Bryant 7773.

NEAR 116TH ST. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
An extraordinary apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths; will sublet reasonably to desirable party. B. B., 406 Times Downtown.

PRINCELY HOME, luxuriously and magnificently furnished; near 103d St. subway express station; ten unusually large rooms, occupying entire front twelfth floor modern and exclusive apartment building, commanding unsurpassed view of the beautiful Hudson from every window; three large baths, piano, Victrola, silver, linen, glassware; moderate rent responsible party. Apply Superintendent, Rockledge Hall, 330 West 102d St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 448, (116th.)—Handsomely furnished, 10 rooms, 3 baths; superb view; grand piano, Victrola, linen, silver; immediate possession; sublet. Phone Morningside 6570. Apt. 102.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, Below 116th St.—Beautifully furnished 7 rooms, 2 baths, 7th floor, $175 month. Telephone Vanderbilt 1451.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.)—Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 3 rooms facing Drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—Nine rooms, 3 baths, overlooking Hudson; beautifully furnished; must be seen to be appreciated. A. J. Odell, 5400 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Handsomely furnished 7-room apartment; $100 per month. Telephone Lee, 7140 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 1,372, (at 181st St.)—High-class four-room elevator apt., 2-C; finely furnished.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, No. 125, (84th St.)—10 and 11 light, well-furnished rooms. Call or address W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

STUDIO.—Greenwich Village, 26 Charlton St.; studio, alcove, bath, kitchenette, electric light and heat; furnished or unfurnished; yearly lease; highest references required. O 179 Times.

TO SUBLET.—Handsomely furnished 7-room, 2-bath Riverside Drive corner apartment; modern building; will consider lease to June 30; price, $300 per month. Apply 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., A. T. Thomson, 417 Riverside Drive. Telephone 8778 Morningside.

SIX beautiful rooms; one or two years only. Riverside 5400. Apartment 31.

SUPERB apartment, 8 rooms and 3 baths; choice location. M 112 Times.

TWO-ROOM kitchenette apt., $150 month; every convenience. Phone 273 Circle.

WEST END AV., 575.—To sublet, a 6-room furnished, outside apartment; southern exposure; in a new building, for 5 months or longer, at $275 per month. Apartment No. 6 C. Appointment for inspection by telephone 9650 Schuyler.

WEST END AV., 936, (Corner 106th, Apt. 1. River 2336.)—A beautiful five-room corner apartment, facing avenue and park; exceptionally clean; furnished to perfection; piano and victrola; all conveniences for housekeeping; $150 monthly.

WEST END AV., 782.—Sublet, completely furnished, 4-room apartment, facing West End Av. at 96th St.; $175 monthly. Apartment 42.

WEST END AV., 70th.—Attractively furnished 7-room apartment, 7th floor; immediate possession; river view. Telephone Vanderbilt 1453.

WEST SIDE elegant suite in private residence; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; service, heat, electricity. Phone Riverside 9395.

WEST END AV., Corner 80th St.—10 rooms, 2 baths; 10th floor; entirely new; unusually beautiful. Telephone 2225 Schuyler.

WEST END AV., 740.—Handsomely furnished 5-room apartment; highest class; desirable, spacious.

WILL SUBLET to reliable tenant appreciating luxurious furnishings an extraordinarily handsome nine-room apartment, modern in every detail; twelfth floor; all outside rooms, facing Central Park West in the Eighties; cream ivory woodwork and paneled walls throughout; occupancy Dec. 1 at $700 per month. Seen by appointment only. Call Schuyler 2136.

80s.—Handsomely furnished 8-room duplex apartment, immediate possession, Winter months, longer, $175 month. Particulars telephone Vanderbilt 1453.

440 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Handsomely furnished; six rooms, overlooking Hudson; $175 monthly; immediate possession. Apartment 103.

$400 PER MONTH.
Riverside Drive, in the lower nineties; corner apartment, facing Drive; has eleven large rooms and three baths, including four master's bedrooms; unusual closet facilities; drawing room 30 feet by 20 feet; furnishings and furniture of finest quality, including baby grand piano, Oriental floor carpets and rugs; adequately heated; will lease for six months or year; immediate possession; Christian owner. Appointment may be made for inspection by applying X 254 Times Annex.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 187.—Beautiful, exclusive; 2 rooms, bath, $35; 1 room, bath, $25; spacious parlors, bath, $35; basement, $25; subway, Wall St. 4 minutes. Owner, premises.

MONTAUK ARMS.—Suites, two rooms, bath, furnished, with maid service, $40; select tenants only. 904 Union St., Brooklyn. Entrance Prospect Park and both new subway stations. Phone 1416 Prospect.

Long Island.

KEW GARDENS, 17 minutes Penn. Station; six rooms, furnished; parquet, electricity; two minutes station; seen any time. Hays, 153 Lefferts Av. 2829-R Richmond Hill.

New Jersey.

7 rooms, 2 baths, sun parlor facing ocean, beautifully furnished, to Feb. 25, $154 month. Dettelbach, 230 S. Rhode Island Av. Atlantic City.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

FURNISHED APARTMENT WANTED TO RENT TO MAY 1 BY MARRIED COUPLE, NO CHILDREN, FOUR TO SIX ROOMS AND BATH; WASHINGTON SQUARE DISTRICT PREFERRED; WILL CONSIDER OTHER DESIRABLE LOCATION; GOOD SIZE ROOMS REQUISITE. ADDRESS A. B., P. O. BOX 107, TIMES SQUARE STATION.

FURNISHED APARTMENT WANTED.
Gentleman and wife want a small, nicely furnished apartment on west side, convenient to elevated, between 70th and 95th Sts., from December till May; excellent care; own linen and silver; references. Address F. B. Hibbard, 12 East Chestnut St., Kingston, N. Y.

WANT FURNISHED APARTMENT with 3 master bedrooms, living room, kitchen, pantry, and servants' rooms; must be between 50th and 80th Sts. on east side; term six months or longer. State particulars and terms to Mrs. L. Feltner, Room 1611, 33 West 42d St.

WANT furnished apartment containing 3 master bedrooms, living room, sewing room, kitchen, pantry, and servants' rooms; location, between 50th and 86th Sts. on east side; for term of six months or longer. State particulars and terms to P. O. Box 261, Bay Shore, L. I.

RESPONSIBLE business woman with housekeeper wants well-furnished housekeeping apartment for season, four or more rooms; quiet, sunny; open fireplace; not over $100 month; location, below 80th St. Address S., P. O. Box 107, Times Square Station.

TWO or three rooms and bath, maid service, and breakfast wanted, couple and daughter; would consider private family; must be light, clean rooms; large closets; not over $70; lower 5th Av. preferred. M 126 Times.

Three or more rooms and bath; Washington Square or Gramercy Park section preferred; would consider 72d St., near subway station; light, airy rooms. Phone or write H. S. Davega, 831 Broadway, city.

SMALL family of adults want furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchenette, and bath; $125. P. O. Box 162, Huntington, N. Y.

TWO or 3 room, furnished or unfurnished apartment; seven months or longer; 72d to 110th St. West; fifty to seventy-five dollars. E 68 Times.

Couple, highest references, want furnished 6-room apartment below 90th; December-June; $200, $250 month. Responsible, 139 Times.

Furnished apartment wanted for family of two, period of about six months; must have two bedrooms; references furnished; reasonable rent. J 340 Times Downtown.

Three or four room kitchen or kitchenette apartment, between 110th and 120th Sts., west of Amsterdam Av.; reasonable. M 114 Times.

Japanese gentlemen desire two bedrooms, parlor, and bath; above 100th St., west side; state particulars and terms. V 358 Times Downtown.

SIX or seven rooms, clean, warm; Dec. 1 to April 30; linen, silver unnecessary; best care; highest references; state location, terms. O 241 Times Downtown.

FIVE or six room furnished apartment, Dec. 15 to April 1, by family of three adults who own home in suburbs; $200 month; east side preferred. X 253 Times Annex.

FURNISHED kitchenette apartment two rooms and bath; high-class section only; moderate price; by young couple. V 250 Times Downtown.

Four to six room housekeeping apartment, furnished or unfurnished, one or two baths, all conveniences, near subway; full details and price. X 257 Times Annex.

40TH TO 70TH.—High-class two rooms, bath, kitchenette; responsible, refined couple; best references; Gentiles; lease. W 183 Times.

REQUIRE immediately for waiting clients modern apartments, with 2 baths. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

Army officer, bachelor, wishes rent or sublease furnished two-room apartment, bath; Gramercy Park section preferred. E 81 Times.

Apartment wanted, furnished or unfurnished, three to four rooms; west side, 72d to 96th St. B. F., 25 Times.

Two young ladies want three rooms, kitchen, bath; six months, about $50 month. M 151 Times.

Sunny room and bath, between West 66th and 82d; lady; highest references required. M 118 Times.

Young couple want two-room furnished apartment; moderate rent; best references; below 125th St., Manhattan. P 22 Times.

Two bedrooms, living room, bath, kitchen; references exchanged; northwest side. E 62 Times.

Wanted, in Gramercy Park apartment or house, 7 or 8 rooms and 3 baths; Jan. 1 to April 1. X 261 Times Annex.

WANTED, nicely furnished apartment four or five rooms and bath, west side, 125th St. out. N 377 Times Downtown.

Wanted, well-furnished apartment, 8 rooms, 2 or 3 baths, west side, above 72d St., for 5 or 6 months. F 390 Times Downtown.

Furnished apartment for Winter; preferably Gramercy district; must be first class and must be reasonable. X 273 Times Annex.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT, large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

MODERN furnished apartment for Winter, west side; seven rooms. Ullman, 523 West 112th St.

COUPLE desire 5, 6, 7 rooms, 2 baths, 6 months, below 103, $225. Haven, 124 Times.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

LIST your furnished apartments. Katharine Mentin, 249 West 76th St. Schuyler 8522.

Want nicely furnished 6 rooms, below 116th; $125 month. Brown, 180 Times.

Studio apartment, 5 rooms, bath, between 57th and 75th, west side. M 113 Times.

Unfurnished.

Wanted by young couple; small unfurnished apartment below 72d St., with kitchen or adequate kitchenette; state floor and rent. M 92 Times.

BELOW 72D ST.—3 good-sized rooms, with kitchenette; quiet essential. 44 Morningside Drive, Apartment 34. Telephone 252 Morningside.

FOUR-ROOM APARMENT, steam heat, west side, by yong couple; state price; possession Dec. 1. V 322 Times Downtown.

Couple, child, want front apartment, Winter; West Bronx, Manhattan; $40. X 281 Times Annex.

Six rooms; between 72d and 145th, near Broadway; not over $1,100. Box P 29 Times.

SIX-ROOM APARTMENT, 70th to 110th St., west side, $60. Webster, 101 West 78th.

REAL ESTATE.

Estates Managed.—New York, Northern New Jersey. W. F. Wilson Realty Co., Plainfield, N. J.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE—AMERICAN BASEMENT HOUSE, all modern improvements, in lower Seventies, between Broadway and West End Av.; price reasonable; would consider exchange for country home on Long Island, New England Coast, or Florida. Address E 414 Times Annex.

ONE TENANT INVESTMENT.
Attractive 3-story building leased to one tenant; tenant rated at $1,000,000; will show a net return of 9% on an investment of $33,000. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Telephone John 5700.

LEXINGTON AV. CORNER, below 34th St.; old building; suitable for alteration for business concern; price right; not over $10,000 cash required. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 CEDAR ST. TELEPHONE 5700 JOHN.

Biggest Opportunity!—$5,000 cash buys two 20-family tenements, Manhattan, at price that is half its value. August Lauter, 436 East 158th St.

A three-story and basement private residence, downtown, west side, central location; private party. G. E. Storm, 2,466 Webb Av., New York City.

Lake Mahopac.—Bungalow plot, perpetual water rights, $500. Owner, Dept. T, Room 1202, 40 West 32d St. Phone 9860 Madison Square.

REAL ESTATE.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan Beach lots, swept by ocean breezes, with all improvements in and paid for, can be bought now at $850 each: this is a war-time price. Joseph P. Day, sales agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

Splendid Flatbush lot, near subway; $550; refined neighborhood. V 333 Times Downtown.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

31 BARKER AV., WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. For rent, a three-story and basement frame dwelling, containing 14 rooms and 2 baths; hot water heat; plot 75x175; rent, $100 per month. JOSEPH P. DAY, Agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

A beautiful old Colonial house in residential section of Larchmont; large plot; high ground; ten rooms, two baths, every modern improvement; convenient to station; Sound, school, &c.; $1,000 cash, balance monthly payments, like rent. Krisch, 11 East 42d St. Phone 6441 Murray Hill.

The owner of several beautiful outlding plots, a short walk from Scarsdale Station, will make attractive proposition to individuals interested in living in this fine residential community; inquiries wanted from principals only. Address Scarsdale, Box 79 Times.

A.—TAKEN UNDER FORECLOSURE.
Four-story cold-water tenement; will rent for $1,068; can be bought for $7,500. Duff & Brown Co., 1,715 Amsterdam Av.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful corner plot, 100x150, in one of the best sections of KEW GARDENS, LONG ISLAND, within two minutes of station and new Clubhouse; ideal spot for gentleman's residence.
HEUDORF REALTY CO., INC.,
401 Lafayette St., New York.

FOR SALE.—A bargain, good terms, two grand apartment houses; Astoria, L. I.; 2 minutes from L station; rents for $3,900 a year; up-to-date; must be sold to settle an estate; also 8 lots, 200x25, near Steinway and Flushing Avenues. Apply T. MORIARTY, 419 East 42d.

LOCUST VALLEY.
Will sell five or ten acres beautiful rolling land, suitable for residence; exclusive section, near water; price very low. F. W., 22 Times.

Cheap watertront, North Shore, 46 miles out, 10 acres, two good houses, outbuildings; best section; asking $10,000. Bowen, 346 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

REAL FARM FOR SALE CHEAP.
Near Huntington, 59 acres land, good soil, suitable potatoes, cabbage, pickles, hogs, chickens; lots fruit; good set buildings; price $12,000; terms; cheapest farm Huntington township; fine opportunity for farm. Daniel Gerard, 1,270 Broadway, (33d.) N. Y.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

BEST BARGAIN IN MARKET.
Must sell my beautiful home at sacrifice. Particulars from Owner, 65 Times.

FACTORIES EVERYWHERE.
Robert T. Stoutenburgh,
20-26 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

LOUIS SCHLESINGER.
Factory Factors.
Essex Building, Newark, N. J.

Westfield.—Rebuilt house, one-half acre, only $5,500; very cheap. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York City.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.
For sale, at a sacrifice, one of the best established and best paying hotels and road houses in Ulster County, on Albany State Road; all modern improvements; full line of tax paid stock; house fully furnished; icehouse, big barn, and accommodation shed, horses, wagons, and harness; all kinds of tools; nice flock of chickens, &c., &c.; reason for selling, widow's only son drafted for army; only prospective buyers need apply.
MRS. AUGUSTA SAUER,
Ulster County, SAUGERTIES, N. Y.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE.
A modern factory, having 20,000 square feet of floor space; spacious grounds; factory constructed throughout; equipment of 150 horse power Corliss engine, 2 large boilers, belting, shafting, &c.; several large cypress tanks and piping; best of shipping facilities; an ideal plant for the manufacture of dyes, soaps, or other products; price right for cash. For particulars write J. D. Odell, 426 Asylum St., Hartford, Conn.

Unique and attractive eight-room house and about an acre of land; refined environment; beautiful stream and swimming pool; something unusual in the way of a country home; $6,000. NORWALK AGENCY, Inc., 45 Wall St., Norwalk, Conn.

FACTORY BUILDING for sale, 10,000 square feet, 40-horse water power, never failing water, steam heating plant; location, in Connecticut town; population, 20,000; railroad siding in front, station near; will sell cheap. Address WARNER, (personal,) 96 Chambers St., New York.

CONNECTICUT EXCLUSIVELY.
John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., New York.

CONNECTICUT EXCLUSIVELY.
John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., New York.

Virginia—For Sale or To Let.

Fair Virginia.—A 706-acre plantation in Virginia for rent for money or on shares. Rose Realty, 503 5th Av., New York. Phone 3864 Vanderbilt.

Florida—For Sale or To Let.

FREE BOOK OF FLORIDA FACTS. Own your own orange grove in beautiful Fruitland Park. A few cents a day you now waste will buy it for you. A few dollars a month may provide you with a life income. Schnitzler sold his 20-acre grove here for $40,000—two thousand an acre. He saw the same opportunity that's offered you and planted a grove. Result—he reaped a small fortune. You have the same chance, but you must act now. Write TODAY for Free Book of Actual Photographs, Florida Facts and the interesting story of a Fruitland Park Farm. Learn of crops that help you buy it. Address today, Lake County Land Owners' Association, 199 Sunset Way, Fruitland Park, Florida.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE,
Denver, Col., 24-apartment building; all occupied; pressed brick; modern in every respect; in best condition; finest location in the city; present income 15 per cent. of selling price. Owner, P. O. Box 1,553, Denver, Col.

Real Estate for Exchange.

FREE AND CLEAR, four story and basement residence in the West Seventies, Manhattan; size 25x102; price $60,000; assessed value $54,000; ALSO a choice estate at Shippan Point, Conn. price $55,000; mortgage $19,500. For the combined equity of $95,500 owner will entertain a substantial Manhattan income-producing property.
DERSCHUCH & CO., 150 B'WAY, N. Y.

Flats in New York and Brooklyn, 1 and 2 family houses, lots, some free and clear; trade for smaller properties. A. A. Sealy, 154 Nassau St., N. Y.

Have 1 and 2 family houses and flats; take your lot or other property as part payment. Send particulars. W. R. Spencer, 154 Nassau St., N. Y.

Stock control of industrial company owning two large plants; also some cash; will trade for realty. Address M. W., 456 Times Downtown.

Will exchange gilt edge city plot for first-class stock farm, fully equipped, 50-150 miles radius from New York City. U. O., 2960 3d Av.

$13,500 second mortgage, due 1918, on Bronx corner. What offered? Owner, P. O. Box 25, Madison Square.

Corner 6-story apartment house; Washington Heights; title company mortgage only; equity $25,000; vacant or country property considered. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

$18,000 equity; two 5-story Manhattan flats; no heat. What's offered? Sharum, 170 Broadway.

For lease, $1,700; rents $3,324; cold water; 173 Monroe St., Manhattan. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

Real Estate Wanted.

I GOT CASH FOR MY PROPERTY in less than two weeks; made the sale myself, so had no commission to pay; and you can do the same if you will get and follow the Simplex Plans for Selling Real Estate. Send your name and address at once to the Simplex Co., Dept. 13, 1,123 Broadway, New York, and they will send you the Plans for five days' free examination. Look them over in your home. Then if you want to keep and use them to sell your property for cash, as I did, send $5 in full payment for them. Otherwise return them and you will owe nothing. Act today, before free examination offer is withdrawn.

Owners of commercial water fronts, factories, factory sites, warehouses desiring to sell or lease should communicate with Floyd S. Corbin, Specialist, 10 Wall St. Tel. Rector 9121.

Bargain wanted in West Side Walkup.
P. S. TREACY, Lincoln Square.
APPRAISER. BROKER. AGENT

Park Place, Franklin, Greenwich, West Sts.—Loft building. Bogert, 167 6th Av.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

A BIG FARM.—Orange County, 278 fertile acres, on railroad and State road, near station; cheap; photos; particulars this office. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, 120 Broadway, New York. Rector 7718.

HUDSON VALLEY FARMS.
1,000 acres at $15 per acre.............$15,000
1,000 acres at $50 per acre.............50,000
Also small farms of all kinds.
Rural Life Co., Kinderhook, N. Y.

ORANGE COUNTY DAIRY FARMS.
Many bargains in large and small farms. With and without large dairies. Write for catalogue to
ORANGE COUNTY FARM AGENCY,
WALDEN, N. Y.

Farm, forty miles from Albany, near thriving village; 93 acres good land, suitable for general farming or dairy; Colonial dwelling, large barn; bargain. P 30 Times.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Farm, 25 acres, old-fashioned stone house; improvements, barns, chicken plant, old mill, stream, pond, orchard; hour out; overlooking Ramapos; price set under value to effect immediate sale; terms arranged. Harrie Baxter, 489 5th Av. Telephone.

COMMUTER'S FARM, hour out on Erie, good express service; fine modernized house, excellent outbuildings; 50 acres; 10 minutes drive from station; fruit trees; stock; tools; all equipped. Brady, 15 Park Row.

Farm for Sale—104 acres, ½ mile from Chester, N. J.; fine location for building. No real estate broker need apply. X 228 Times Annex.

Send for details of the best farm for $9,000 I've seen offered; 70 acres; close to station, trolley, and village.
Howard Goldsmith, 110 West 34th St.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

A dandy farm, about one hour by express from Grand Central; mile from station by trolley; 27 acres; lawn, meadows, woods, orchards; comfortable house, 2 baths; farm buildings. Howell S. Perrin, 5 East 42d St., New York City. Murray Hill 2422.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

BERKSHIRE FARM.
Modernized, attractive; location exceptional; write owner for particulars. Newell, Box 34, Jamaica, N. Y.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

Unprecedented Opportunity and Bargain.—Army officer, recalled for military duty, must sacrifice at once beautiful farm home; 35 acres exceptional farm land; some fine timber; old-fashioned Colonial farmhouse; large rooms, 2 bathrooms; every other improvement; tenant house; large barns; poultry houses, accommodate hundreds of hens; brooder house for 2,500 chicks; garage; everything perfect order; main State road; near depot; excellent neighborhood; $10,500; terms. GOODHARDT, Spring Valley, N. Y.

Wayne County stock farm, 234½ acres; 1½ miles from Fairfield, 4 miles from Broadhurst, 6 miles from Hortense; one of the best stock farms that can be found; creek on one side; fine pebble land; 125 acres that will grow anything, with fair house and barn; will sell on long terms at $20 per acre. Thos. J. Arline Realty Co., Jesup, Ga.

Will rent term years, privilege purchase, 500 acres; one of best farms in Virginia; corn, alfalfa, fruit leading, but grows any crops luxuriantly; makes 60 to 100 bushels shelled corn per acre, cuts alfalfa four times; fine Colonial brick residence, excellent farm buildings; charming, picturesque country; cheap labor, farm and domestic; suit gentleman wanting residential place and practical farm. Photos, details, Box 16, Hatton, Va.

Business opportunity at bargain price; 25 acres beautiful farm land, three-fourths fine, tillable soil, balance timber; large two-acre lake, stream; icehouse, sawmill, ample water power; splendid opportunity for ice and wood business; main State road; near depot; sacrifice $6,000; terms. GOODHARDT, Spring Valley, N. Y.

The Farm Brokers' Association, Inc., is headquarters for good farms and other real estate everywhere in New York State. Personally inspected properties. Careful descriptions. Right prices. Central office at Oneida, N. Y. Other offices throughout the State.

14 acres; some fine land; high location; seven-room house; barn and poultry houses; good condition; near depot; $2,800; terms. GOODHARDT, Spring Valley, N. Y.

Farms Wanted.

A farm with good house north of Brewster or Peekskill; cash for genuine bargain; describe fully. O 259 Times Downtown.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Loans on chattel mortgage on machinery or automobiles; corporation notes discounted; strictly confidential. Coney, 1,790 Broadway, Room 512.

Wanted, loan of $400 for four months; security, high-grade furnished five-room apartment. Bonus. W 196 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Columbus Circle, (311 West 59th St.)—Store and basement, most suitable for hardware, auto accessories, electric supply; lofts 22x90; light manufacturing; also offices, salesrooms, north skylight studios. Apply on premises, or phone Rieser, 5330 Madison Square.

Desk Room and Private Office.—Nicely furnished; stenographer; moderate rentals. Louis Jacobs, Real Estate, 1,047 Park Av., (86th.)

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Grade and parlor floors; alteration to suit; excellent light; doctor, dentist, modiste, any business. Tel. Schuyler 2528.

Factory, corner Broadway and Hopkins Av., Long Island City, first story and basement, brick building, 50x100; fine light. Phone Waterman, Farragut 2032.

Went to exchange lease to May, 1918 on two rooms in Metropolitan Building, rental $40, for space in Wall St. district. J 323 Times Downtown.

Two private offices (connecting) to sublet from larger suite; outside light; independent hall entrance; high-grade tenant only. 123 Broadway, corner Cedar. Room 1001.

Lofts for Rent.—Large and small; light; improved; one block from P. R. R. ferry and Hudson tube; rents reasonable. E. Gross, 315 Henderson St., Jersey City.

Lofts, 75x75 and 75x43; freight and passenger elevators; excellent location. Apply premises, 30 Park Place, or your broker.

To sublet, desirable office on tenth floor of Aeolian Building, $70 per month. Inquire Room 1848, 33 West 42d St.

57TH, 36 EAST.—Floor for exclusive business; high-class neighborhood; heat and light.

Store, 28 East 33d St., near Madison Av.; large display window; steam heat, hot water. Wm. F. Fuerst, Inc., agent, 87 Nassau St.

All conveniences, telephone service and stenographer. Chelsea Paper and Twine Co., 144 West 19th.

Single office for rent to business man, en suite; attractive rent. Apply 256 Broadway, Room 1207.

Columbus Av., 826, (Woolworth Block.)—First floor, suitable dentist, ladies' tailor, full dress parlor; modern front; low rent.

Sacrifice factory loft, warehouse, or garage site in Pennsylvania Terminal section. E. L. Greenin, Hillsdale, N. J.

Parlor floor, kitchen, and large front room of basement; excellent for light business or tea room. Tel. 9036 Columbus.

Lofts, factories; complete, efficient, courteous service. The Factory Exchange, 43 Cedar St. Tel. John 3719 and Boston.

Lofts, Factories.—Complete lists; efficient, courteous service. The Factory Exchange, 43 Cedar St. Tel. John 3719 and Boston.

Part room, with or without stenographer, clerical facilities; Woolworth Building. J 320 Times Downtown.

140 WEST 34TH ST.—Showrooms and offices. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

Sublet private office; stenographer, all conveniences; reasonable. Call Room 513, 132 Nassau St.

For rent, two fireproof lofts; building 50x100; choice location, Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg., New York City.

Office space, 104 5th Av., Room 2006. Inquire between 3 and 5 P. M.

Two small, lovely offices; dandy locality; small rental; north light. O 187 Times.

Park Row store, 18; bargain, $100 monthly. Fox, 110 West 40th St. Bryant 7048.

Loft to let; cheap rent; light. Apply Finkel, 35 Cannon St.

Studio, 18x24, north light, to rent; $40. 4th Av., cor. 25th St. Madison Square 3381.

Private office, deskroom, service; newly furnished. Room 308, 51 East 42d.

Lightest loft in the city; two skylights. 257 and 259 William St.

DOCTOR OR DENTIST.
Desirable parlor floor. 53 West 54th St.

Desk space in light, handsome office; expert service. Goldbergh, 51 East 42d.

Loft 44x77; elevator, steam heat; 36th St. and 1st Av. Telephone 3015 Morningside.

Fifth Av. office, with northern light, size 17x34. Inquire Room 1007, 366 Fifth Av.

Loft, 75x90, light on four sides; 401-405 East 91st St. Inquire on premises.

Private and use outer office; Grand Central district; $35; furnished. Murray Hill 5073.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

7 EAST 54TH STREET.
25-foot, 4-story and basement house, with 3-story extension, elevator, steam heat, electric light; in the exclusive retail section. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

Columbus Circle, (311 West 59th St.)—Store and basement, most suitable for hardware, auto accessories, electric supply; lofts 22x90; light manufacturing; also offices, salesrooms, north skylight studios. Apply on premises, or phone Rieser, 5350 Madison Square.

In desirable office building, 640 sq. ft.; divided into reception room and four private offices; express subway station in building. Apply Room 601, No. 30 East 42d St., N. Y. City.

49TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
Four-story building; will alter to suit tenant; especially suitable theatrical costumer, &c.; rent reasonable; long lease; particulars. J. Arthur Fischer, 690 6th Av.

Garage for sale or rent, lot 27x100; three-story brick building; location, 225 East 67th St. Permission to inspect by addressing Crimmins Operating Co., Inc., 624 Madison Av. Plaza 6782.

Six-story loft building, suitable for manufacturing, 40x60, on lower east side. Savings Bank, Box N 385 Times Downtown.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES.—Every facility, $16.50 and $30.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway. Room 807.

Space, rear parlor floor; privilege of elegantly furnished show rooms; large window; near 5th Av; also desk room. M 70 Times.

$2,000 SQ. FT. GROUND FLOOR. 25 TON CRANE.
Complete power plant to lease for mfg. purposes in Manhattan. O 143 Times.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE.—Large and small, uptown and downtown; most prominent buildings. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 115 Broadway. Phone 5664 Rector.

A suite of two outside offices, finest corner in city; new Astor Trust Bldg., (5th Av. at 42d;) $50 per month. Apply Room 1601, 25 West 45th St. Telephone Bryant 9020.

Madison Av., 1,041, (near 79th.)—Physician's office, extension waiting room; private house; desirable living accommodations; excellent location. Lenox 101.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED, LARGE STORE OR BUILDING SUITABLE FOR AUTOMOBILES, (TO HOLD 100 AUTOMOBILES,) ON OR NEAR BROADWAY, FROM 42D TO 63D STS. GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, MAIL ONLY. R. B., ROOM 301, 1,493 BROADWAY.

Small 1-story shop, 50x100, ground floor, any town within 1 hour from N. Y. City; water facilities and unskilled help; state rent. A 61 Times.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

53D ST., NEAR 5TH AV.
5 Stories and Basement.
Sunny and cheerful; completely furnished, splendid condition; 4 master's bed chambers, 3 baths, 4 servants' rooms; 14 rooms, 2 baths in all; electric light; possession at once; asking $4,000 per annum. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

EAST FIFTIES.—Handsomely furnished private home; 5-story American basement, with electric elevator, containing 16 rooms and 5 baths; every most modern convenience and in most perfect possible condition. Asking $7,000 for year or season. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av.

82D ST., 44 EAST.—Modern English basement for rent, furnished; decorations just completed; house ready for immediate occupancy; elevator, street, steam, electric lights; caretaker on premises.
Wm. B. May & Co., 717 Fifth Av.
Near 56th St. Phone 270 Plaza.

81st, 3 East.—Attractively furnished 5-story American basement; elevator and squash court. Can be seen from 1 to 5 P. M., or phone 6958 Plaza.

Brooklyn.

To sublet from now to May 1, 1918, elegantly furnished 10-room brownstone house; electricity, gas, bath, &c.; all improvements; front and rear parlor suitable for doctor and dentist office; St. Mark's Av.; all car lines within one block; Long Island Railroad. Phone 143 Bedford, Brooklyn.

Colonial House, 8 rooms, 3 baths, on Ocean Av.; large grounds, garage; leaving town; will sublet for Winter, or longer, furnished or unfurnished; $75 month. Phone Midwood 311W.

Westchester.

Bungalow, furnished or unfurnished; seven rooms, two baths; open fireplace; hot water heat; to desirable tenant, nominal rent. Mrs. Schuyler Greene, Larchmont, N. Y. Phone 634 Larchmont.

Larchmont.—Conveniently located house, 12 rooms, four baths, and garage, well furnished, to rent from December to April; $150 a month, including plenty of coal. M 66 Times.

Long Island.

BARGAIN FOR WINTER, RYE, N. Y.—Small furnished house on water to rent for Winter months; economical to maintain; exceptional environment; attractively decorated; 7 bedrooms, 2 baths, garage. Cornelius V. V. Sewell, agent, Rye, N. Y.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
New brick Colonial house, 10 rooms and 4 baths, completely furnished; near station; terms reasonable. Phone 6766 Forest Hills.

Furnished 8-room house for rent; $140 per month. Brett, 15 Ivy Close, Forest Hills, Long Island.

New Jersey.

BEAUTIFUL MOUNTAINSIDE RESIDENCE Montclair—12 rooms, 3 baths, 2 sleeping porches, sun parlor, new and up to date, and handsomely furnished; to desirable adult family exceptional terms would be made for Winter months; two unusual maids would be taken with the house.
FRANK HUGHES-TAYLOR COMPANY, Montclair, N. J.

Extraordinarily well-built stucco house; exceptionally large rooms; every modern improvement; completely furnished; large plot; ideal location; near station; easy commuting; must sacrifice account going South; photo. Further particulars, Attorney, V 268 Times Downtown.

Exceptional value, new six-room house, on acre plot; all improvements; excellent neighborhood; $5,200. Write for particulars to Smith-Singer Co., Glen Rock, N. J., (adjoining Ridgewood.)

Summit, N. J.—Furnished house, very modern; ten rooms, two baths; beautiful location; six minutes from D., L. & W. station; 8 Norwood Av.

Mountain Lakes, N. J.—Furnished cottage, 7 rooms, bath; steam, electricity, telephone; convenient station; delightful location. O 338 Times Downtown.

Miscellaneous.

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS—TO RENT—A furnished 12-room house, with 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, large yard and garage for two cars; ideally situated and attractive inside and out; a smart residence for a protracted stay at the Springs; rent $250 monthly. Apply Box W 148 Times.

California.—Sunny home to lease, four Winter months, for $900. Address owner, Kendrick, 3,388 Clay St., San Francisco; modern, $20,000 ten-room house; excellent library, furnace, open fires; superb view over Presidio and bay; luxuriously furnished; ready for occupancy; garage.

Furnished Houses Wanted.

UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS OR YONKERS.
Small, comfortable furnished modern house wanted for three adults and maid; must be near railroad station or trolley; state terms. Address X 252 Times Annex.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Manhattan.

7 EAST 54TH STREET,
25-foot, 4-story and basement house; elevator, steam heat, electric light; possession at once. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

64 WEST 92D ST.
Three-story and basement dwelling; low rent to good party; caretaker on premises. For information apply to F. & G. Pflomm, 1,238 Broadway.

10TH, 322 WEST.—A rare opportunity; furnished-room house now decorating, steam heated, containing 22 rooms; will be finished to suit tenant; can be seen any time.

Private house, 3-story and basement, 2 baths; top floor can be rented separately; reasonable rent desirable tenant. 443 West 42d St. Owner.

458 WEST 22D ST.
Four-story, 24 rooms; possession; $1,200. AMES & CO., 26 West 31st St.

60TH, 111 EAST.—17 rooms, 3 baths; renovated throughout; $2,000. Caretaker.

82D, 257 WEST.—FIVE-STORY AMERICAN BASEMENT, 3 BATHS. CARETAKER.

Bronx.

1,000 Boulevard Grand Concourse, Corner 166th St.—3 rooms and bath; sub-lease $32 monthly. Inquire of Superintendent.

New Jersey.

Atlantic City cottage for rent, attractively and fully furnished, including linen, silver, glass; close to beach and Hotels Brighton and Traymore; attractive surroundings; 7 bedrooms, 2 baths, by month or longer. Address F. R. K., 141 South Illinois Av., Atlantic City, N. J.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

156th St., 550 West.—Four-story, speckled brick and brownstone, 18 rooms, 3 baths, steam-heated; adaptable for three or four families; price, $15,500; mortgage, $10,000 at 5 per cent. Owner on premises.

A three-story and basement private residence, downtown, west side, central location; private party. G. E. Storm, 2,466 Webb Av., New York City.

135th St., 246 West.—Three-story and high-basement house; 11 rooms; good condition; $60 a month. See caretaker, No. 222, or owner, William Goldstone, 89 Park Row.

MUST SELL 20-family tenement, 5½ stories, hot water supply, East 97th St.; rent, $2,000; MAKE OFFER. A. B. C., J 312 Times Downtown.

Chance of lifetime, sacrifice fine corner apartment house, net 60% on investment; five-year mortgage. Estate, O 316 Times Downtown.

For sale, or will lease, furnished, 88 Haven Av., (170th,) overlooking Hudson River; exceptional house for doctor or sanitarium. Telephone 760 Audubon. Reeber.

Richmond.

Small cottage, 4 lots, fronting asphalt, trolley avenue; $1,200. V 332 Times Downtown.

Westchester.

A California bungalow, with garage, one of the finest in the East, at PARK HILL, Yonkers, for sale at a bargain; 8 rooms, &c., (4 bedrooms;) every modern improvement; steam plant, Ruud hot-water heater, screens, glass-inclosed porch, &c.; sacrifice for $10,500; will take $2,500 cash, balance mortgages; can be seen Sunday. GEO. HOWE, opposite Park Hill Station, office at foot of elevator. Take subway to Van Cortlandt Park and trolley to Park Hill.

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE ALL-YEAR-ROUND HOME AT SCARSDALE. DUTCH COLONIAL HOUSE.
14 rooms, 4 baths, extra lavatories; two-car garage; one acre high ground; in best residential section.
For further particulars apply
FISH & MARVIN, 527 5TH AV.

$500 cash, balance monthly, buys California bungalow, 6 rooms, bath, plot 50 by 147, facing Hudson River; 740 Warburton Av., Yonkers; near Glenwood Station; room for garage; trolley passes; brokers protected. Rose, owner, 9 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 2728.

California Bungalow overlooking Lake Mahopac, large rooms, open fireplace, all improvements, on large wooded plot; water rights; will sell on reasonable terms to responsible party. J. T. Withers, 2,240 Ryer Av. Tel. 2060 Fordham.

At Scarsdale, on a large plot, large English half-timbered dwelling; 10 rooms, 3 baths; beautiful trees, elevation, views, all improvements; near station; attractive price and terms. J. T. Withers, 40 West 32d St. Tel. 9860 Madison Square.

Bungalows—Four being erected from unique plans at Lake Mahopac; can sell at low cost on account of having own sawmill; interior arrangements can be changed to suit buyer. L. T., Room 1202, 40 West 32d St. Phone 9860 Madison Square.

Beautiful country home at Scarsdale, 10 rooms, 3 baths, open fireplace, all improvements; fine view, trees; grounds of about one acre. Price and terms write to J. T. Withers, 2,240 Ryer Av. Tel. 2060 Fordham.

A charming bungalow on a high, wooded plot, 200 feet from water's edge, at Lake Mohopac; 5 minutes to station; attractively priced. Phone Mr. Kennedy, Grenville Hall, 212th St. and Broadway.

SCARSDALE.—New 8-room house, 3 baths, hot water heat; high, fine neighborhood; for sale on reasonable terms. Owner, BENJAMIN EDWARDS, Scarsdale, N. Y.

SCARSDALE.—6-room cottage and garage for rent at $35; immediate possession; high location; hot water heat; electric light; tiled bath. ANGELL & CO., Scarsdale, N. Y.

Attractive 8-room house, modern improvements, 30 minutes from Grand Central Station on the Harlem River Division; $35 per month. M 85 Times.

Long Island.

AN OPPORTUNITY.
RICHMOND HILL.
HANDSOME 8-ROOM COTTAGE.
An ideal home of seven rooms and bath, all large, light and airy; hot water heat, hardwood floors and other modern improvements; five minutes from Long Island Railroad and three minutes from B. R. T. new elevated extension; half a block from public school; ground 60x100, with large outbuilding suitable for garage; owner's two sons have been called into U. S. service and he wishes to relocate. 1,247 Curtis Av.; 879-J Richmond Hill.

Modern 5-room bungalow, near ocean and bay; all latest up-to-date improvements; open fireplace, beamed ceilings, panelled walls; connecting bath with bedrooms; ground has hedge, shrubs, flowers, &c.; all improvements; privilege of private beach and club; near trolley; easy to commute; owner will decorate to suit buyer; easy terms. Photos, &c., by writing to Bungalow Owner, Box 291 Times Downtown.

ARISTOCRATIC HOUSES IN JAMAICA.
Democratic prices and terms; 6 to 9 rooms; oak floors and trim; all modern improvements; best neighborhood; sold 900 lots, built and sold 200 houses in Jamaica last 10 years. F. L. Ferguson, 66 Orange St., Brooklyn.

If you are looking for a small country home, with two full acres of fine farm land, located not far from railroad town and beautiful lake, complete for $1,325, on easy terms, call or write at once to B. Store, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

$100 cash buys six-room house and large plot of good garden soil; ideal location for poultry; near big town; one hour from city; balance can be paid off $12 per month. Poultry, Box 285 Times Downtown.

Old house, with plenty of ground for vegetables, chickens, &c.; good section; near station and bay; only $1,400 to quick buyer; on easy terms. Estate, Box 210 Times Downtown.

For sale or exchange, 14-room house and grounds on Coroaga Av., Far Rockaway, having a frontage of 130 feet on 2 streets and 300 feet deep. For further particulars, see James A. Blanchfield, 2 Rector St., New York.

An unusual opportunity to secure Colonial home, moderate cost, good neighborhood, 30 minutes from New York, 2 minutes from station, adjoining golf and country club. F. Gall, 162 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

New Jersey.

QUAINT Colonial home, 47 minutes on D., L. & W. from New York City, in beautiful mountain country, near Montclair, 6 minutes' walk to Ex. Station; 4 master bedrooms, modern bath, living room, 28 feet long, with big open fireplace; running water, electric light, steam heat; house very tastily decorated and ready to move into; large grounds, near a pretty lake; country club, schools, churches, and markets close by; shades and screens all in; first mortgage of $4,200 now on; $2,000 cash buys it, and it's a wonderful bargain. Mrs. OWNER, Box 516 Times Downtown.

An Ideal Home.—Ready to occupy; plot 7,500 sq. feet, wonderful shade trees; six rooms, bath, large living room, parquet floors, open fireplace, veranda on two sides; dining and sleeping porch; model kitchen, with instantaneous automatic water heater, butler's pantry; restricted; improved street, sewer, water, gas, electricity, stores, school, church, golf, tennis; 3 min. to station; 30 min. to N. Y.; 40 trains daily; price $5,500, small amount of cash, balance to suit. Call, write, or telephone owner, M. D. Ayers, 146 W. 36th St. Phone Greeley 4535.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 80 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

WRITE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments less than rent; 80 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c. commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace; built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

CRAFTSMAN year round, 6-room cottage home; 18 min. by train, elegant service; house is fully screened, including porch; awnings throughout 1st floor; newly and tastily decorated inside and out; select locality, high ground, fine lawn; a few hundred cash buys it; total sacrifice price, $4,500; very easy terms. Mortgage, Post Office Box 529, New York City.

BEAUTIFUL ELBERON.
New cottage 7 rooms; all modern improvements; 3 lots; large shade trees; near depot, on wealthiest avenue on north shore, New Jersey. P. L. Ferguson, 66 Orange St., Brooklyn.

For Sale—House with garage, South Orange; lot 100x200; restricted location; 11 rooms, 2 baths, all improvements; Lackawanna Railroad; reasonable price; quick sale. X 244 Times Annex.

Fanwood, N. J.—Modern house, 7 rooms and bath; plot 100x250; garage; fruit, grapes, berries; $8,000; owner's business compelled moving; adjoining lot, 100x250, if wanted. Wallis A. Cattelle, Washington, N. J.

Montclair.—$7,500 to close estate; new residence; large living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, sun porch, sleeping porch; excellent location. Murdoch, opp. Lackawanna, Montclair.

Rutherford's biggest bargain; 6-room house; all modern improvements; large plot; $3,500; liberal terms. Louis Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

Pretty home, Camp Merritt, one acre, garden, barn; splendid view; easy commuting. Apply Owner, John Moroso, Cresskill, N. J.

Hillsdale's biggest bargain; 7-room house, barn, 1½ acre land; sacrifice $1,800; easy terms. Widow, V 309 Times Downtown.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New Jersey.

Gentleman's home; high elevation; 50 minutes New York, steel trains; beamed ceilings, hardwood floors, open fireplaces, conservatory; beautiful grounds, vegetable gardens, trees; lessee purchased property elsewhere; $65 house for $50. Whipple, Tel. 405-R Caldwell.

South Orange, N. J.—Gentleman's fine, large, up-to-date country home; about 9 acres land; garage, garden; shrubbery, trees; ideal location; near trolley and station; free and clear; will sacrifice. Call, write, or phone Bucksbaum, 738 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Rent—New, modern, six-room attic dwelling, $35; half hour Erie, 10-cent fare; any day or evening; no letters. Grimshaw, Wood Ridge, N. J.

Miscellaneous.

Quaint Dutch Colonial cottage, stone shingles, rare combination of beautiful lines, charming antiquity and modern appointments; 28 miles New York, on State road; altitude 1,000 feet, on hillside; unsurpassed view; 12 rooms, 3 have open fireplaces, giving a sense of repose and play of fancy; 5½ acres of varied fruit trees give dappled shade over a wilderness of flowers. E. W. Lewis, 306 West 51st St., New York.

Bungalow, 5 rooms and bath; all improvements; 42 minutes out; two blocks from fine bathing beach; can be bought for $200 cash, balance as rent. Address E 53 Times.

Houses Wanted.

Wanted, to rent six rooms, single or two-family house; up to date; good location, near New York; give full particulars. J 333 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.
SALESWOMEN.
We require saleswomen for our Art Embroidery, Camera, Candy, Glove, Lining, Notion, Shoe, Stationery, and Umbrella Departments; and can also place saleswomen in all departments throughout the store, presenting the opportunity to women without experience to learn salesmanship and be paid while learning, and when proficient to become part of our regular staff. Apply to Superintendent.
ALSO
SODA DEPARTMENT.
Need several soda dispensers and counter girls. Apply to Superintendent.
ALSO
DEPARTMENT OF WRAPPING.
Require several young girls to act as parcel wrappers; experience not necessary. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, subway floor, Central Building.

ACCOUNTANT, bright, young, wanted in the office of commission house; salary to start, $12.50. Address, stating qualifications and expectations, M 111 Times.

ADDRESSERS wanted by large publishing house; must be experienced; $8 per week and bonus. Apply Miss Carlock, Butterick Publishing Co., 326 Hudson St., New York City.

ADVERTISING COPY WRITER.
FOR
L. S. PLAUT & CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.
A WOMAN WHO HAS HAD DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE, WHO CAN WRITE FASHION COPY IN AN INTERESTING WAY AND WHO CAN ACT AS GENERAL ASSISTANT TO ADVERTISING MANAGER. THIS IS AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT WOMAN. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, STATING QUALIFICACTIONS, SALARY, &c.

ADVERTISING WRITERS.—Young women, good chance with large publishing house for young women who know advertising or who can write well; state experience in full, previous business connection, salary, and age; if possible, enclose samples, (to be returned.) Advertising, 260 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; must have not less than two years' experience; $12 to start and advancement. O 117 Times.

ASSISTANT TREASURER.—Young lady as assistant treasurer; one with experience preferred. Call Lexington Theatre, 51st St. and Lexington Av.

BOOKKEEPERS, Female, Wanted.—Owing to war conditions, there is a demand for female bookkeepers; we have opportunities to place several in remunerative positions. Call at this office between 10 and 12 for details. Burroughs Adding Machine Co., 217 Broadway, New York.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, with executive ability, to take charge of an office in the garment manufacturing trade; state age, experience, references, and salary wanted. M 138 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of typewriting preferred; experienced; splendid opportunity for bright young lady. Room 218, Queens Plaza Court Bldg., Long Island City, (across 59th St. Bridge,) or phone 1700 Astoria.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, to handle full set double-entry books, auto truck concern; must be experienced stenographer, typist; state nationality, references, salary, &c. E 56 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, by a large, high-grade mercantile house; an intelligent, capable and adaptable young woman. Address, stating age, experience, if any, and salary expected, M 181 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good opportunity for one who is quick and accurate and willing worker; state references and salary. M 19 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, experienced in posting, balancing, and figuring; state experience, reference, salary. V 310 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; one who is ambitious and not afraid of hard work; state age, salary, and references. Box M 134 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, CAPABLE HANDLING ENTIRE OFFICE; MUST HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF CORRESPONDENCE. C. BRAMBIR, 3 W. 35TH.

BOOKKEEPER.—(Assistant;) good handwriting, accurate figures; Christian, American; give age, references, salary expected; wholesale drugs. O 359 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Small manufacturing business. Apply, stating salary, experience, O 356 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Only well-experienced need apply; references required. V 338 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, to assume full responsibilities for growing concern; state experience and salary expected. M 162 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPEWRITER, by silk firm; state experience and salary desired. E 2 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; state salary expected; give full details. O 330 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK wanted by wholesale firm to figure and typewrite bills; permanent position; opportunity to advance; only those applications considered which state references, experience, age, salary. H 181 Times.

CLERK.
SALARY, $360 to $540.
Bright, ambitious girls, from 14 to 18 years of age, needed for city service; opportunity for promotion. Subjects and weight: Arithmetic, 8; Letter, 3; Handwriting, 3; Spelling, 1. Applications received at Room 1,400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Nov. 22, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission, New York City.

CLERKS.—Several good clerical vacancies for high school girls; experience not essential; work interesting and with good opportunity; salary $10; state age, nationality, training. M 68 Times.

CLERK.—Young woman who is quick and accurate at figures, who can also operate a typewriter, for clerical position in large company; opportunity for advancement; salary to start, $10. Address, stating age, references, and telephone number, X 237 Times Annex.

CLERK.—Wanted, capable person for clerical work in millinery workroom; must have knowledge of bookkeeping and manufacturing. Apply by mail only, stating full particulars, to Crocker, 375 5th Av.

CLERK, by a large, high-grade mercantile house; one who is capable and adaptable; excellent opportunity for advancement. Address, stating age, experience, if any, and salary expected, M 133 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

CLERKS, (2,)
for general office work with large manufacturing concern in Brooklyn; rapid advancement. B. C. K., 301 Times.

CLERK.—Young woman to act as assistant for filing work in record department; experience not necessary; opportunity for advancement; salary to start, $9. M 104 Times.

CLERK, young girl, for general office work; experience not necessary; salary to start $7; write, giving full particulars, references, &c. V 366 Times Downtown.

CLOAK AND SUIT MANUFACTURER WANTS AN EXPERIENCED YOUNG LADY WHO HAS BEEN ACCUSTOMED TO WAIT ON THE TRADE IN SHOWROOM; STEADY POSITION. ADDRESS, STATING EXPERIENCE, P 23 TIMES.

COLLEGE WOMEN.—Excellent opening with large publishing house for several college graduates who can write; chance to make money while learning profession; state your qualifications, education, age, &c., and salary expected. Publisher, 292 Times Downtown.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR for billing department of wholesale grocery. V 307 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT.—College graduate to dictate correspondence to customers; must be able to write a good letter; must be interested in business; actual experience not essential; good opportunity and training offered; state fully age, nationality, training, and salary. M 75 Times.

COOKS, chambermaids, and waitresses, general houseworkers, housekeepers. Write, call, or phone Farragut 9777. Agricultural and Industrial Labor Relief, 1,123 Broadway, Suite 607.

DEMONSTRATOR.—Woman of ability and neat appearance for permanent position, with opportunity for advancement; must be over 25, unemployed only, able to leave the city, and ready to begin work immediately; experience preferred but not necessary, as lady in attendance will instruct; good pay, short hours, expenses advanced, transportation paid. Call in person for appointment only Monday morning, 10 to 12, Room 520, Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn, at Borough Hall subway station.

DEMONSTRATORS, to demonstrate our well-known line of toys in the best department stores in New York and Brooklyn; we want young, aggressive women, good talkers, of pleasing personality; experience in demonstration work not essential but preferred; good salary and additional bonus on sales. Phone Spring 4757 for appointment. Transogram Company, 540 Broadway.

DEMONSTRATORS wanted for hand-painted wood novelty in department stores. Apply in person. Favor Ruhl & Co., 43 West 23d St., 5th floor.

DESIGNER
on medium and the better class dresses; exceptionally good position for lady with ability; only those having been connected with reputable concern will be considered. A Klein & Co., 32 East 31st.

DESIGNER.
POPULAR-PRICED SILK UNDERWEAR; EXPERIENCED. ADDRESS PERMANENT, 265 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DESIGNER wanted, capable of making clever, stylish Georgettes, $3.75 and up; permanent position. Apply 1,270 Broadway, Room 918.

DRESSMAKERS WANTED.—Desirable all-year-round positions for young women who understand dressmaking. Apply by letter only, stating age and experience, to E. Doughty, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York City.

FEEDERS.—Golding and Universal; good pay. Swenarton & Salley, 461 8th Av.

FIELD SECRETARY, &c.—Lady wanted, middle aged or over 25, in the club department of large corporation affiliated with Federal women's clubs, to act as special organizer and field secretary; one refined and educated, possessing best character and social credentials; this is an exceptional opportunity for a woman who has organizing ability rather than business experience, who would be willing to travel if necessary; salary $25 weekly. A. L., 47 Times.

FILE CLERK.—Young lady, 25 to 30 years, who has had experience in this work. Address, giving full particulars and salary desired, O 334 Times Downtown.

GENERAL OFFICE WORK.—Young lady; operate small monitor switchboard; telephone experience not necessary; give qualifications. O 296 Times Downtown.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Neat colored girl; references. Mrs. Cohn, 252 West 85th, Apt. 8-B.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Neat, refined girl for family of two, in apartment; white, not over 25 or 30; no laundry; Scotch or English preferred; wages, $45; good references required. Write E. A., 1,364 Broadway.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER for family of 3; no washing; must have city references and capable of taking complete charge. Telephone Stuyvesant 303.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK.—Girl or woman; good home; $25 month. Dwyer, 2,772 Marion Av., Bronx. Last station 3d Av. "L," two blocks west.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER. — Good cook. Apply 120 West 70th, Apt. 7-B.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF EXPERIENCED SALESPERSONS FOR THEIR STATIONERY AND BOOK DEPT.
ALSO
INFANTS' WEAR,
RIBBONS,
GLOVES,
UMBRELLAS,
TOYS,
LEATHER GOODS,
PHOTOGRAPH SUPPLIES,
and
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
PERMANENT POSITIONS.
GOOD SALARIES.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF SALESWOMEN
FOR THEIR
GOLD FILLED AND NOVELTY JEWELRY.
ALSO
STERLING AND PLATED SILVER SECTIONS.
PERMANENT POSITIONS; LIBERAL SALARIES.
Apply Superintendent's Office, FIFTH FLOOR.

GIRLS.
Do you want steady employment?
We can give it to you.
Packing, Filling, Labelling, and Bundling
SUNSHINE BISCUITS.
Wages $7 to Start.
Good opportunity for advancement on piece-work basis.
LOOSE-WILES BISCUIT CO.,
Long Island City.

GIRLS
for
CLERICAL POSITIONS.
50 positions open in our various offices for bright, energetic girls, 17 years of age and over.
Liberal starting salary and advancement as you deserve.
Apply to Miss Longnecker,
NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO.,
207 W. 24TH ST.

GIRLS wanted at once for clerical work; refined environment; high school graduates preferred; experiance helpful but not necessary. Apply by letter in own handwriting to R. M. Ferns, Rogers Peet Co., 842 Broadway.

GIRL over 21 of analytical turn of mind, having initiative, accuracy, and good health, capable of assuming exacting duties performed by men in schedule and order department; good opportunity. Apply by letter, Knox Hat Co., 601 Grand Av., Brooklyn.

GIRL.—Young girl to sew sample tickets on gloves; experience not necessary; state age and salary expected. Wholesale, M 105 Times.

GIRLS familiar with printing wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., Garrison Av. and Tiffany St., Bronx.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS to do clerical work. Apply Miss Carlock, Butterick Publishing Co., 326 Hudson St., New York City.

GIRL—16 years and over for clerical work in office of large corporation. A., P. O. Box 1,548, New York.

GIRL.—A girl wanted in insurance office to work on statistics; state experience and salary expected. V 301 Times Downtown.

GIRL for office work; only experienced need apply; state salary and experience in own handwriting. N. A., 269 Times Downtown.

GIRL to file letters and operate telephone in lawyer's office wanted; salary to start, $6. X 268 Times Annex.

GIRLS to learn bookbinding trade. H. Wolff, 526 West 26th St.

GOLDSMITH BROS.,
THE BIG STATIONERY STORE,
77 NASSAU ST.,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
YOUNG LADY WITH THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF FOUNTAIN PENS, TO MANAGE THIS DEPARTMENT;
SEVERAL THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED STATIONERY SALESWOMEN, (INSIDE;)
SEVERAL GIRLS, 16 TO 18 YEARS, TO MAKE THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL.
GOOD SALARIES.
Unusual Opportunity for Rapid Advancement.
APPLY BY LETTER,
OR CALL AFTER 11 A. M.

GOVERNESS, experienced, with reference, English or American, to take care of little girl of 3 and assist boy of 8. Apply Monday from 9 to 12, 420 West End Av., Apt. 11-B.

GOVERNESS.—English, French, or American; refined, well educated. Telephone Mrs. George W. Mixter, Hotel Vanderbilt, Nov. 20, between 11 and 1 o'clock.

HOUSEKEEPER and husband for home in the country for two business women; splendid home for the right couple; references required. Room 611, 366 5th Av.

HOUSEKEEPER - SECRETARY.
A thoroughly competent woman of personality and tact will find splendid opportunity. O 329 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Reliable working housekeeper, small family, small apartment, good wages. Phone Power, Morning. 4208.

HOUSEKEEPER, competent, for small family; state salary and give references. W 163 Times.

INDUSTRIAL NURSE.
Wanted a graduate trained nurse, for mill position; familiar with public health nursing and social service work; application by letter only, should state age, education, complete experience, references and salary expected; confidential.
LORING & LELAND,
ARCHITECTS AND INDUSTRIAL ADVISERS,
7 WATER ST.,
BOSTON, MASS.

INTELLIGENT YOUNG WOMEN wanted all over the country to handle a ready-to-wear article on large commission basis; only those that have a large personal acquaintance among better class need apply. Write Box D. B., 1,364 Broadway.

JUNIOR DRAFTSMAN.
SALARY $900 TO $1,200.
Candidates must be at least 18 years of age, and have had experience in making sketches, tracings, or drawings of an elementary character; must also assist in making maps, charts, or diagrams, and perform computations. Subjects and Weights: Duties, 8; experience, 2. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Nov. 21, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission, New York City.

H. C. F. KOCH & CO., INC.,
125TH STREET WEST,
require
EXPERIENCED CASHIERS,
also
CHECKERS,
for their
AUDITING DEPARTMENT.
Also
YOUNG WOMEN
and
office assistants who can write legibly and figure accurately.
Apply at General Office, 4th floor, or by letter.

LADIES.—Experienced high-class canvassers wanted who can show a clean record, willing to travel, (if necessary,) are offered opportunities to connect permanently with an organization of national scope, being assured of fair compensation; commission basis; our plans make this easy and interesting; advancement assured to producers. Apply by letter, giving references, J 286 Times Downtown.

LADY, refined, widely acquainted; permanent, high-class, dignified position; salary, commission; $25-$50 week. 1612 Candler Building, 220 West 42d St.

LADIES wanted for outside positions; those having experience as salesladies in department stores preferred; good salary to start. Write Mr. Ford, 118 East 25th, for interview.

LARGE REAL ESTATE office has an opening for a young American of good appearance who desires to learn the business. These are the requirements:
Ability to letter neatly and draw real estate diagrams.
Some experience in handling office routine.
Refinement, education and initiative. State education, experience, salary, and inclose sample of lettering. Address Box R. S., 200 Times Downtown.

LAUNDRESS to take home family washing; must have open drying; references. Durland, 43 5th Av., New York City.

MAID, white, refined, wanted by couple, light housekeeping, by the day; references. Apply Monday morning between 9 and 12, Apartment 2D, 200 West 54th St.

MATRON.—Wanted, a lady from 35 to 45 years of age as matron in charge of a hundred or more women employes in a large office; good wages and permanent position for the right party; must be well educated, a person of refinement, and an American; salary $75 per month to commence with. Reply to O 274 Times Downtown.

MILLINERY DESIGNER, CAPABLE OF CREATING HIGH-CLASS STYLES ONLY, CAN SECURE AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY; WHOLESALE EXPERIENCE PREFERRED.
TENNENBAUM & SON,
5 WEST 37TH ST.

MILLINERY.—A LEADING 5TH AV. ESTABLISHMENT IS READY TO CONSIDER APPLICANTS FOR DESIGNER FOR THE COMING SEASON; ONLY THOSE ACCUSTOMED TO THE BEST CLIENTELE NEED APPLY; CORRESPONDENCE STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. E 118 TIMES.

MILLINERY DESIGNER ON TRIMMED HATS, EXPERIENCED AND CAPABLE; GOOD POSITION TO RIGHT PARTY. ALBERT H. BERNHARD, 57 WEST 38TH.

MILLINER.—First-class trimmer; good position to right party. A. J. Taub, 378 Central Av., Jersey City. Tel. 5067 Webster.

MODELS,
SIZE 16, GOOD APPEARANCE, GOOD WAGES, LONG SEASON.
LEFCOURT & BRENNER,
159 MADISON AV.

MODEL.—A miss, 16 years of age, 33 bust, for position as model. Apply to E. Doughty, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York City.

MOTHER'S HELPER and companion, refined woman; must understand cooking and sewing; no heavy work. Apply Mrs. W. D. Teague, 83 Beechknoll Road, Forest Hills, L. I.

MOTHER'S HELPER for three little girls; refined, educated woman. Mrs. Mattison, 79 Winsor Place, Glen Ridge, N. J.

NEWSPAPER CLIPPING BUREAU needs an intelligent woman, about 20, to clip news items; permanent position, pleasant surroundings; salary, $10 weekly. Publisher, O 172 Times.

NURSE, graduate or practical, willing to work short hours demonstrating; applicant must be over 25, disengaged, able to leave the city, and ready to begin duties immediately; experience preferred but not necessary, as lady in attendance will instruct; good pay, short hours, expenses advanced, transportation paid. Call in person for appointment only Monday morning, 10 to 12, M Green, 519 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn, at Borough Hall subway station.

NURSE.—Refined young woman, registered graduate nurse, to care for delicate child; salary good. Address Baker, 78 Young Av., Pelham. Telephone 4717 Pelham.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT for an institution; pay $22 a month. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

NURSES.—Two undergraduate nurses. Apply Seaside Hospital, Surf Av. and 21st St., Coney Island.

NURSE, experienced, for 5 months baby. Telephone St. Nicholas 8754. Sam Pasternak, 700 West 179th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, neat penman, quick and correct at figures, familiar stenography, graduate of high school or commercial course preferred; salary $10 to start; state particulars. C. C., 211 Times Downtown.

OFFICE WORKER.
Woman of mature years for clerical work; no experience required; accurate worker will receive liberal pay, instructions, permanent position, with advancement. Smith Pharmacal, 323 East 34th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, good at figures, careful typist, factory office near bridge, Brooklyn; state experience, salary, age, and education. B. E., 217 Times Downtown.

OFFICE AND CLERICAL WORK. — Girls 15-20 years of age; school graduates preferred. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

OFFICE GIRL, with brains that can use typewriter; answer in own handwriting, giving day, month, year of birth; salary $6 at start. P 43 Times.

OFFICE CLERK for filing and to assist; salary $8; experience unnecessary. Frankel Display Fixture Co., Hudson and Vestry Sts.

PROOFREADER. — Large publishing house requires services of a woman of middle age to manage proofreading department; must be experienced, energetic, thoroughly capable of directing work of force of proofreaders; give complete qualifications in your letter and state salary desired. O 185 Times.

PROOFREADER, experienced, for circular letters and job printing plant; must be intelligent, careful, and conscientious. Write in detail, giving age, experience, and education. M 149 Times.

REAL ESTATE OFFICE wants American as clerk to assist in handling telephone inquiries and office records, with stenographic experience preferred; state education, age, office experience, salary. Address Box K. L., 200 Times Downtown.

REFINED WOMAN, in motherless, comfortable home, now employing one servant; some one who understands children; care of children more essential than trying to convince ability to handle number of servants. Answer V 331 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMEN.
R. H. MACY & CO. have vacancies in the following departments for thoroughly experienced Saleswomen:
FANCY METAL GOODS,
HOUSEFURNISHINGS,
SILVERWARE,
LEATHER GOODS,
BOOKS,
JEWELRY,
RIBBONS,
GLOVES,
SHOES,
GROCERIES.
Apply at Office of Employment Manager, any time during the day.

SALESWOMEN
REQUIRED BY
LORD & TAYLOR
IN THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:
TOYS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES,
ART NOVELTIES,
RIBBONS,
NOTIONS,
JEWELRY,
HOSIERY,
TOILET GOODS,
STATIONERY.
CALL BEFORE 11 A. M.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
7TH FLOOR.

SALESWOMEN.
We require thoroughly experienced saleswomen in our glove and veiling departments; permanent positions; good salary; congenial surroundings. Apply superintendent.
Barnett Bros., Columbus Av. and 74th.

SALESLADY.—High-class young lady, widely acquainted; experience unnecessary; refined; permanent position; $30-$50 week, salary-commission. 1612 Candler Building, 220 West 42d.

SALESWOMAN, competent, wanted for antique shop; must speak English and French. Apply between 7 and 9 in the evening, bringing good references. Pares, 20 East 55th.

SECOND-GRADE CLERK,
SALARY, $600 TO $1,200.
Candidates must be between the ages of 17 and 25 years and have a knowledge of elementary civics and general office routine. Subjects and weights: Arithmetic, 3; handwriting, 3; general paper, including letter, 4. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Nov. 22, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission, New York City.

SECRETARY TO PRESIDENT OF LARGE CORPORATION, CAPABLE OF TAKING CHARGE OF CORRESPONDENCE AND OTHER IMPORTANT DETAILS; STATE EXPERIENCE, AGE, EDUCATION, AND SALARY REQUIRED. ADDRESS A. M. S., 708, 347 5TH AV.

SECRETARY.—Commercial experience, stenographer, typist required; Italian knowledge preferred; good salary and steady position offered to capable lady. Write particulars. Guindani, 11 Broadway. Downtown.

SECRETARY for a physician's office, experienced stenographer, executive ability, accurate, good English; state age, education, experience; salary, $100 per month, more if qualified. M 142 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, competent, assist busy executive; give full particulars, past, present experience; state age, nationality, religion, salary expected, or no attention. O 192 Times.

SOCIAL AND BUSINESS SECRETARY.—Gentleman residing on 5th Av., opposite Park, desires private secretary who would be willing to accompany himself and wife, while in Florida or California during part of each Winter and to the Mountains or Seashore during the Summer.

An exceptionally liberal salary and all expenses will be paid, together with a liberal allowance for clothes and evening gowns. Applicant must be between 19 and 24 years of age, well bred, well educated, possess an attractive, refined personality, and be a good stenographer.

The average stenographer or so-called private secretary need not apply. Strictly high-class private secretaries now employed will find it to their interest to investigate this rare opportunity. Successful applicant will be treated as one of the family while away from New York. While in New York she will reside at home most of the time.

Apply in own handwriting, stating age, education, and experience. Address M 100 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—An efficient stenographer, capable of taking rapid dictation and assuming charge of office, can obtain permanent, remunerative position. X 284 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHERS for wholesale house; only those thoroughly experienced need apply; permanent positions; good opportunity for right parties; state age, references, and salary expected. Wholesale, M 107 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced English stenographer; position open now; good chance for advancement. Peck & Hills, 141 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER and general office work; bright beginner or one year's experience; permanent; advancement; references. Fifth floor, 102 West 101st St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in general office routine, by manufacturing house. Reply fully, stating experience and expectations, R. M., 212 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—First class; experienced; state education, qualification, and salary; opportunity for advancement. V 251 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — English-Spanish; must be experienced and capable make translations correctly; state full particulars. V 324 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Busy law office requires the services of experienced stenographer. Address, stating age, experience, and salary required, J 336 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Young lady for general office work. Apply 60 Park Av., Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, efficient, wanted in a banking institution who has had office experience and who can handle real estate mortgage and fire insurance matters; initiative and executive ability will be duly appreciated and recognized. In answering please state fully extent and nature of present or past employment and what salary expected at start. Address C. H., Box 1,879, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER in advertising office; one who has advertising experience preferred; must be competent; good opportunity; hours, 8:30 to 5:30. Apply only by letter, stating nationality and salary expected.
A. A. 304 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.
GOOD POSITION OPEN FOR ABLE, AMBITIOUS, CLEAN-CUT GIRL; MUST BE A HUSTLER AND HAVE EDUCATION; NO ONE NOT DESERVING $20 NEED APPLY. NATIONAL IMPORTING COMPANY, 5TH FLOOR, EDISON BLDG., 25 ELM ST., NEAR WORTH ST. SUBWAY STATION.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, high school graduate, for position vicinity Columbus Circle; opportunity for one who appreciates quiet office and congenial surroundings; salary $12 to $15, according to ability and experience; reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, religion, and salary desired. M 135 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS.
Manufacturer requires several clerical workers with typewriting experience; permanent position, with excellent opportunity for advancement; pay according to workers' ability; those preferred who are old enough to take serious interest in their work. O. T., 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER wanted by advertising agency, preferably one with similar experience; must be quick, efficient, good grammarian and speller, rapid stenographer, and capable of assuming secretarial duties; salary to start, $18; no beginners or agencies. Mail references and past experience, P 35 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Large New York publishing house wants experienced stenographer for permanent position; dictaphone experience desirable, but not necessary; write, stating age, experience, and salary expected, also whether employed at present. Address M 117 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND CLERK.—By Christian house, small office; good opportunity for bright woman who can check invoices, &c., also quick and accurate at dictation; salary $20. O 355 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; some knowledge of bookkeeping necessary; must be willing to settle outside of New York; write, giving experience, reference, age, and salary desired; only those with ability need apply. J 328 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady as stenographer in large mercantile corporation; applicant must be rapid, accurate, and transcribe both from notes and dictaphone; mention salary, age, experience, &c. T. M., 1,364 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER who can do some clerical work and look after a small switchboard in an institution; pay $30 a month with board and room. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED UNDERWOOD, QUICK, ACCURATE AT FIGURES, DO LITTLE BILLING; STATE SALARY AND EXPERIENCE. A. L., 215 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST in large mail order house; must be competent; steady position. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher station 9th Av. "L."

STENOGRAPHER for office in Brooklyn; first-class, with knowledge of bookkeeping; state qualifications and give references. X 278 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be experienced; good opportunity for clever young lady; salary $10 to start. Biltwell Skirt Co., 104 West 27th St.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST accustomed to work of public accountants; reply, giving experience, age, and salary expected. O 256 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—French, English, and Spanish; experienced; state salary and particulars. J 332 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, with ability, capable of helping on bookkeeping, general office work; small salary, with advancement. F 430 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER for position in large downtown commercial house; state experience, references, and salary expected. V 323 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for large mercantile house; closed Saturdays, open Sundays; state age, experience, salary desired. M 88 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, about 3 years' experience; large corporation; prominent position; state age, experience, and salary. M 43 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with four years' general office work experience; $15 to start. Apply, if unemployed, stating particulars, V 236 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and ASSISTANT.—Bright young lady; permanent; start $12. O 333 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 18; experienced, competent, accurate; permanent position; $15. Y. O., 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, good at figures; state experience and salary expected. J H 214 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be expert speller and rapid and accurate; $10. Room 707, 507 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—$20 start; high school graduate, experienced, accurate, rapid. "Advertising," F 419 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—French-Italian; state experience, age, salary expected. F 380 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, first-class, experienced stenographer; good salary. Address Henderson-Black Co., Troy, Ala.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; capable taking accurate dictation; reliable firm; good position. F 418 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady, who is also familiar with the Underwood automatic typewriter. O 312 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT AND MATRON wanted (couple) to take charge of small boarding home for Jewish boys in New York City; conditions do not require entire time of Superintendent. V 283 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Experienced, for cotton goods broker's office. Apply M. I. Jacobs & Bros., Inc., Room 1110, 320 Broadway.

TEACHERS. — One experienced shorthand, (Isaac Pitman,) and one experienced typewriting. Write, stating experience and age, B. B., Room 514 World Building.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, experienced on switchboard; state experience, references, and salary expected. P 50 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Bright, snappy, experienced telephone operator. Apply in own writing, M 155 Times.

TIMEKEEPER.—One familiar with figuring piece work rates, for manufacturing firm at Long Island City. E 64 Times.

TYPIST.—Leading publishing house has a vacancy in book department for rapid typist and stenographer; position permanent and advancement assured; half holiday Saturday all year, vacation, &c.; associations pleasant; salary to start $11. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, education, experience, O 348 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.—Experienced. Apply Miss Carlock, Butterick Publishing Co., 326 Hudson St., New York City.

TYPEWRITER AND DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.
Educated young lady in office of certified public accountants; knowledge of shorthand not essential, but must be able to typewrite statistical work neatly and accurately, and handle correspondence correctly from dictation; state full particulars regarding age, education, experience, salary requirements. O 337 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.
No stenography; woman of mature years can have permanent position with liberal pay and advancement; no experience necessary beyond ability to do neat work at fast speed. Smith Pharmacal, 323 East 34th St.

TYPIST and dictaphone transcriber by a representative company; steady position and fair salary to start for competent, properly educated person. Apply Mrs. Leist, 20th floor, 354-360 4th Av., New York City.

TYPIST, young woman, with office experience, billing, and detail work; must be accurate at figures; good opportunity for advancement. Address, giving references and salary expected, V 365 Times Downtown.

TYPIST and correspondent; Spanish girl; $10 per week to start. Latin American Trading Bureau, 377 Broadway.

TYPIST; (must be rapid, touch operator;) hours 9-5; $12. Room 708, 115 Broadway.

TYPISTS.—Rapid and accurate. Apply Monday morning, Williams Oil Co., 7 Wall St.

WAITRESS, parlor maid, white; experience; references. 182 Harrison St., East Orange, N. J. Phone Orange 3891.

WOMAN of refinement to take charge of 20 girls; must furnish good references. Address or call Home for Seamen's Children, Castleton Av., New Brighton, Staten Island. Telephone 184 West Brighton.

HELP WANTED—Female.

YOUNG WOMAN TO LEARN ADVERTISEMENT WRITING ON LEADING NEW YORK TECHNICAL JOURNAL,
which trains its own advertisement writers, and has an opening for two well educated young women; good salary while learning; increases with proficiency. Address, stating age, education, and experience, if any, Future, 347 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted to act as office, clerical, and showroom assistant; must be size 16; permanent position in New York with large out-of-town concern; write for appointment, stating age, education, &c. O 119 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted in exchange for home and board, part time work. Apply Sunday before 7 P. M., Apartment 52, 511 West 143d. Audubon 1941.

YOUNG GIRL to mind baby; sleep home. Dwyer, 2,772 Marion Av., Bronx, last station 3d Av., New York, two blocks west.

YOUNG LADY,
about 25 years of age, who has had actual experience in managing payroll of a large manufacturing concern; several years' experience required; excellent opportunity for right party. Dependability, 246 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, IN AUDITING DEPARTMENT OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING NOT NECESSARY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND PRESENT WAGES. M 122 TIMES.

YOUNG LADY to assist in accounting department of a large wholesale house; must be quick and accurate with figures and have some knowledge of bookkeeping; salary $12, with chance of advancement; references required. O 186 Times.

YOUNG LADY having knowledge of bookkeeping in office of a large insurance company; must be a legible penman and absolutely correct at figures. Reply, stating age, experience, and minimum salary expected, Bookkeeper, P. O. Box 1,425, N. Y. City.

YOUNG WOMAN journalist and stenographer wanted for a responsible position; reply must fully cover the questions of age, nationality, experience, and salary. M 121 Times.

YOUNG LADY for insurance broker's office to assist in cashier's department; only those with experience and best of references need apply. L. T. Hollister, 92 William St.

YOUNG LADY, quick and accurate at figures; splendid opportunity for advancement; state age, nationality, and salary expected. S. J. W., 225 Times.

YOUNG GIRLS wanted, experienced, for sewing pillows and making lamp shades, at once. Studio for Interiors, 22 East 45th St.

YOUNG WOMEN of refinement to conduct small recreational groups in afternoon. X 264 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

(6) BOOKKEEPERS — VOUCHER RECORD EXPERIENCE, $15; OTHERS, $15-$18.
(8) STENOGRAPHERS — FOR SPANISH DICTATION, $25; FOR DICTAPHONE, $12-$15; OTHERS, $10-$17.
(6) TYPISTS—FOR DICTAPHONE, $12-$15; OTHERS, $9-$12.
(3) CLERKS, $8-$12.
PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS,
30 CHURCH ST.
CALL IN PERSON 9 TO 2.

STENOGRAPHER, French, English, $25.
STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, $20.
LAW, $18.
COMMERCIAL, $16-$15.
DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, $15.
TELEPHONE OPERATOR & Typist, $15.
TYPISTS, Billing Clerk, Brooklyn, $12.
TYPIST, $10.
OFFICE ASSISTANT, $12; hours, 9-5.
A GREAT MANY CLERICAL POSITIONS, $8-10; downtown, Brooklyn, and uptown.
BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, $18.
BOOKKEEPERS, $15-$12.
BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, hours 8-5, $18.
CASHIER, TYPIST, $10; both downtown.
No registration fee.
DIEHL AGENCY,
20 Vesey.

BOWTELL'S BUSINESS BRAIN BUREAU, 170 Broadway.
BOOKKEEPER, full charge; assistant executive; $25.
BOOKKEEPER, double entry; downtown importers; $20.
STENOGRAPHER, German and English dictation; $25.
Other openings.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, $15-$18.
STENOGRAPHERS, (French-English, Spanish-English,) $18-$20. TYPISTS, competent, $10-$15. Miss Griffin, Terminal Employment Exchange, 154 Nassau. Beekman 2563.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Exceptional opportunities beginners, $8-$10; experienced, $12-$18; bookkeeper, $18; switchboard operator, $10; typists, $10-$12. No registration fee. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, dictaphone operators, legal and commercial; typists, clerks; many excellent openings; free registration. Fulton Agency, 93 Nassau. 489 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS, (number,) $17, $15, $10, $12; beginners, juniors; dictaphone typists knowing switchboard; typists, clerks. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, typists, bookkeepers; good openings for educated, refined Americans. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St. Cortlandt 4249.

STENOGRAPHERS, legal and commercial, $8-$18; typists, $12; bookkeepers, $18; clerks, $12. Quick Service Employment Agency, Times Bldg.

GIRLS, LADIES.—Excellent opportunities in opera, concert, church, musical comedy, vaudevilles. Mme. Armond, 100 West 80th St. Schuyler 7480.

BOOKKEEPERS.—$10-$25; clerks, (statistical,) $16; stenographers, typists; others. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway.—Register free; stenographers, typists, bookkeepers, clerks.

STENOGRAPHERS, dictaphone typists; free registration. Fulton Agency, 93 Nassau. 489 5th Av.

CHAMBERMAIDS, waitresses, nurses, laundresses, houseworkers, kitchen maids. Miss Fitzgerald's Bureau, 546 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS, legal and commercial, $8-$18; typists, $12; bookkeepers, $12-$18; clerks, $10-$12. Owens Agency, 108 Fulton.

HIRST EXCHANGE, 95 Liberty St.—Sec'y-steno., $25; head file clerk, $20; stenos., $18; draftswomen, good salaries. Register free.

YOUNG WOMEN, high class; excellent positions, law, export, commercial. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

Instruction.

ARE you interested in a well-paying profession—dress design and illustration? Our unique method of instruction has developed some of the leading fashion illustrators and creators in New York; not an art course requiring years of study; our lessons are practical, interesting, and prepare you in short time; only school recommended by the trade; under direction Emil Alvin Hartmann, master of costume design; morning, afternoon, evening classes. Visit our permanent exhibition of students' work, or write for Booklet T, The Fashion Academy, 608 Park Av., at 65th St., New York.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllab-ic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION.
Secretarial, shorthand, typewriter, bookkeeping, &c. This kind of instruction means you can save time and money. Don't waste time in large classes and inferior methods. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

PRIVATE SECRETARY COURSE.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and preeminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES.
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES. — Three months' course; students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. Wheat.

THE ISAAC PITMAN SYSTEM.
Arrangement can be made for private instruction by capable teacher; reference exchanged. E 29 Times.

TELEGRAPHY.—Morse cable, wireless, $5 monthly. N. Y. Engineering Institute, 4-6 West 125th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS—JUNIORS.
Several young men of good personality, familiar with factory cost and production work; must have had actual factory and public accounting experience; state fully experience, education, age, nationality, &c.; all information will be held strictly confidential; no references investigated until after interview; no attention paid to applicants unless full details are given; where possible, give phone. Communicate, by letter only, to Lybrand, Ross Bros. & Montgomery, 55 Liberty St., New York.

ACCOUNTANTS.—A firm of public accountants requires several seniors; bonus system in force, in addition to other advantages; we want none but qualified men with wide experience in handling large contracts; cost and system experience desirable; give full particulars; all replies strictly confidential. G 201 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR.—Office manager in wholesale house, credit experience preferred; only applications considered stating age, experience, and full details regarding all former positions, lines, employers, and salaries earned. V 263 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS for permanent staff, C. P. A. firm of high standing; several juniors and semi-seniors; unusually desirable opportunities; manufacturing experience preferred; public accounting experience not essential. V 306 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, certified or chartered seniors; also semi-seniors; permanent position assured. Write, giving full particulars, education, experience, and salary expected, M 120 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Wanted, bright, young accountant in the office of commission house; salary to start, $1,500. Address, stating qualifications and expectations, M 110 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted by firm of C. P. As.; answer must state experience in detail; age and salary expected. M 166 Times.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SALESMAN.
We require a salesman for our Toy Department that has a thorough knowledge of steam and electric toys. Apply to Superintendent, subway floor, East Building.

ALSO
RUG DEPARTMENT.
We require for our Rug Department a competent head of stock; must be thoroughly familiar with all makes of rugs. To one possessing the necessary qualifications a permanent position at liberal salary is offered. Apply by mail only, stating experience in detail, addressing Superintendent, Abraham & Straus.

ADJUSTER, INVESTIGATOR.—Must have casualty company experience; state age, experience, and salary expected. V 350 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN.—Young man wanted to solicit classified advertising for metropolitan newspaper; must have good personality and excellent references, state fully qualifications, education; moderate salary to start. A. S., Box 25, Times Annex.

ADVERTISING COPYWRITER wanted; experienced in national advertising and merchandising; must possess unusual ability and personality. Address F 418 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING MAN of exceptional ability, for new transparency, and also new advertising matter for patriotic display. L. Perlen, 162 Madison Av.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR for New York City, on salary and commission basis; only able men with good references need apply. Room 609, 115 Broadway.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS on military proposition; commission basis. Apply all week, Room 213, 31 East 42d St.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS on big military proposition; references necessary; commission. Apply all week, Room 308, 327 5th Av.

AISLE MAN WANTED. APPLY BY LETTER, STATING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED, W. M. WHITNEY & CO., ALBANY, N. Y.

AN ADV. MAN WITH PUNCH.
A large chain store establishment needs a good adv. man; one who can write advs. that bring results, and who has made a success in other places; to such a man an excellent position is open. Address, with full particulars, Ad. Punch, Box 75, Times.

A MAN to fill a position of responsibility where the work is instructive and interesting; state age, educational and business qualifications; chance for advancement; salary to start, $18 per week. O 288 Times Downtown.

A MAN who has had experience in profit department of wholesale grocery. V 308 Times Downtown.

ARTIST.—Young man who has had one or two years' experience in advertising agency for all-round art work. M 89 Times.

ARTIST; COMMERCIAL WORK; STEADY EMPLOYMENT; USE AIR BRUSH. M 159 TIMES.

ASSISTANT PAYMASTER. — Experienced man, age 35 to 40 years, with absolutely clean record, wanted as assistant to paymaster in a business having 3,600 employes; permanent position; give complete history of all former positions, state age and salary desired. Paymaster, E 101 Times.

ASSISTANT SHIPPER, about 35 years of age, in factory; must be good penman; state age, nationality, references, and salary expected. Shipper, 298 Times Downtown.

AT ONCE,
FOR GOVERNMENT SERVICE IN FRANCE
BLACKSMITHS AND HELPERS,
SCOW CARPENTERS, HELPERS, AND CAULKERS.
Give full information and qualifications in answer. Men who will fully comply with all Government regulations are acceptable only. Apply by letter only to
Mechanic, Box 100,
Brown Advertising Agency,
99 Nassau St., New York City.

ATTENTION!
Export and import firm wants bookkeeper and general office man who possesses energy, initiative, executive ability, and capable of working independently; opportunity to become office manager; only applicants with actual export-import experience, stating full details as to positions held, age, salary, religion, nationality, &c., will be considered; replies treated confidentially. O 325 Times Downtown.

AUDITOR who can take charge of several manufacturing concerns and render balance sheets wanted by an accountant; must be a man who has had experience in public auditing; Germans or men who have pro-German sympathies will not be considered. V 369 Times Downtown.

AUTO ACCESSORY SALESMEN.
We need several live men, not cheap ones, but those accustomed to make good money, to sell auto accessories to the trade, as well as at retail. If you think you can fill the job, write full particulars, with your expectations in the way of salary, to T. L., Box 50 Times.

BANK CLERK.—Young man, 19 to 21; must positively be experienced; wonderful opportunity for ambitious, industrious, educated youth, good at figures; here your future will be what you want to make it; give age, experience, salary desired. M 170 Times.

BENCH HANDS;
must be first-class, accustomed to working from blueprints; should be all-around machinists.
SHEET METAL WORKERS;
experienced on auto bodies and aluminium work.
CABINET MAKERS
for the bench.
STANDARD AERO CORPORATION,
ELIZABETH, N. J.
Take South Broad St. car to Airplane Factory.

BILLING and SHIPPING CLERK.—Bright young man wanted as assistant billing and shipping clerk. Apply between 10 and 12:30 o'clock, General Naval Stores Company, 90 West St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man; must be familiar with double entry, in the office of a Brooklyn manufacturing concern; good chance for advancement; state age, experience, and salary desired. O 341 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, factory; one experienced in cost work of piano manufacturing; full charge of office; must be exempt from draft; excellent opportunity for advancement; state age, experience, and salary desired. M 132 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, who is rapid and correct at figures; one preferred who has had experience in computing freight rates; steady position and advancement to the right party; state particulars; references required. M 140 Times.

BOOKKEEPER on sales ledger; must have experience; state age, references, and salary desired. M 88 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER.
Reliable and experienced bookkeeper, who understands factory cost system, payrolls, &c.; must have A1 references and give bond. Apply by mail only, with full particulars.
NEW DIAMOND POINT PEN CO.,
44 EAST 23D STREET, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—Unusual opportunity for competent accountant, preferably with printing shop experience and familiar with printers' standard cost system.
Write in detail, stating education, experience, and salary desired. M 158 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and OFFICE MANAGER for publishing house; must have thorough knowledge of bookkeeping and controlling accounts; excellent opportunity for a capable man with good record; state experience and qualifications in detail, also age and salary received. M 164 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.
Young man with experience; must post accurately, be good penman, able to assume responsibility; should be able to operate typewriter at statement time; opportunity for conscientious man; answer in detail, stating salary desired. "Accuracy," O 268 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Keen, energetic, high-grade man, 30-35 years of age, experienced in general ledger, journal, cash book, income and balance sheet work; good penman and accustomed to hard work; state age, experience, references, salary expected; otherwise no attention will be given to application. V 319 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man desiring advantage of opportunity with future; quick at figures; state age, salary. E 111 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.
One who has had experience in brewery work; must be familiar with loan and general ledgers and all charge accounts; none but experienced need apply. Write, stating age, experience, salary expected, A. H. S., 842 St. Ann's Av.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED ON CUSTOMERS' LEDGERS AND FOLLOWING UP REMITTANCES AND CREDITS; STATE AGE, PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. C. R., 204 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, by a large, high-grade mercantile house; an intelligent, capable, and adaptable young man. Address, stating age, experience, if any, and salary expected. M 130 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wholesale woolens man of executive ability, thoroughly experienced correspondence and general management; permanent position; state experience, age, salary expected, religion. O 196 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, &c. — An excellent opportunity for a young man with some knowledge of bookkeeping to make himself useful otherwise in a retail jewelry store. W 150 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted with several years' experience; one who has worked on balance sheets preferred; reply, stating age and full particulars as to previous employment, V 298 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, preferably one with at least five years' experience, quick and accurate at figures, familiar with controlling accounts. Address, stating age, salary, experience, and reference, M 150 Times.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT. — Experienced billing and posting; give full details, experience, references, nationality, age, salary desired. V 264 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted in the office of a publishing house, an experienced bookkeeper; state age and salary expected. Address P. O. Box 1069, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant for large retail furniture house; must be quick and accurate; give age, reference, and salary expected. Box B, 3,013 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must be thoroughly experienced in all details; show best of references. Call Monday, between 12 and 2, Thenet Bros., 43 West 36th.

BOYS TO MAKE THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL IN SHIPPING DEPARTMENT OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL 8 EAST 22D.

BOY wanted in publisher's office for shipping and mailing department; salary to begin, $7 a week; state previous business experience, if any. Address Willing, Box 654, P. O., New York City.

BOY, about 14 years of age; must have grammar school education; opportunity to learn and for advancement; in office of large construction company. Address, stating age and salary expected. M 98 Times.

BOY WANTED, NEAT, INTELLIGENT, FOR OFFICE. APPLY D. S. HESS & CO., 8 EAST 40TH ST.

BOY to start as general office assistant; good opportunity to advance for a willing and ambitious boy between the ages of 15 and 17. salary $9 to start; give details; state age and so forth. J 338 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16 years or over, to make himself useful in office of large manufacturing house; excellent opportunity for advancement; reference required. Dominick & Haff, 543 West 23d St.

BOY, about 16 years of age, wanted in office of mercantile house; reply in own handwriting, stating age and references. V 324 Times Downtown.

BOY in office of wholesale brass concern; one experienced in filing; salary $7 to start; good chance for advancement. V 305 Times Downtown.

BOY for office work; beginner no objection. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, education, and reference, to S. J. T., Room 301, 18 Broadway, New York.

BOY in mailing department and assist in general office work, wholesale cloth house; state age, references. V 335 Times Downtown.

BOY, about 17 years old, for office of large commission house in Jersey City; splendid opportunity for advancement for bright, intelligent boy. X 270 Times Annex.

BOY, 15-16;
Good chance to get ahead; good pay inside and outside work. Sperry Gyroscope Co., Manhattan Bridge Plaza, Brooklyn.

BOY for office work and errands, Wall St. law office; salary $7 to start; good chance for advancement for bright, honest boy. O 273 Times Downtown.

BOY for stock work in lace importing house; preferably one with previous dry goods experience; good chance for bright boy; $7 to start. M 168 Times.

BOY wanted for advertising agency; not over 17 years of age; must be willing and intelligent. Apply Monday morning, Room 1705, Flatiron Building.

BOY wanted to learn our business, wholesale and manufacturing; exceptional opportunity for advancement; 16 to 17 years old. Opportunity, Box 553, N. Y. P. O.

BOY.—Large corporation wants bright office boy; good opportunity to get thorough commercial training, and chance for advancement; salary $6 to start. E 30 Times.

BOY wanted, bright, energetic; excellent opportunity to forge ahead. Apply A. E. Kelley, Room 1014, 56 Liberty St., New York City.

BOY for office work; beginner no objection. Address E 78 Times.

BOY.—Office wholesale woolen house; permanent; chance of advancement; state age, salary expected, experience, if any. O 195 Times.

BOY.—Excellent opportunity for bright boy; must be willing and industrious. Call 192 Diamond St., Brooklyn.

BOY wanted for switchboard and files desirous of becoming an architect. X 265 Times Annex.

BOY in woolen commission house; state age and references; salary to start $30 per month. M 96 Times.

BOY, bright, 15-17 years, office; permanent position; excellent opportunity for advancement. Revillon Freres, 28 West 35th.

BOYS.—Good boys will have chance to learn cigar packing. Seidenburg & Co., 68th St. and Avenue A.

BOY, bright, for large surety company; state age, education, nationality. V 368 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright, active office boy, in downtown law office; good pay; splendid opportunity. O 352 Times Downtown.

BOY in wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. N 336 Times Downtown.

BOY, (17;) learn feeding of automatic printing press; salary $40 monthly to start. Apply 9 A. M. Monday, 515 East 17th St.

BOY wanted by high-class Brooklyn concern. State wages, age, references to Reputable, T 360 Times Downtown.

BOY for office work, large manufacturing concern; good chance for advancement. K. R., 108 Times Bronx, 2,960 3d Av.

BOY for drawing office; good chance for advancement; state age, salary, education. Permanent, E 21 Times.

BOY.—A bright, conscientious boy can find a good opportunity with a reliable firm. O 169 Times.

BOY for general office duties in downtown law office. J 322 Times Downtown.

BOY, about 16, wanted in bond brokers' office; references. V 357 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for downtown office. V 285 Times Downtown.

BOY, about 15, to work in retail jewelry store. Address W 149 Times.

BOY, ambitious, wanted in lawyer's office. Room 576, 32 Liberty St.

BOY, bright and energetic, for office work; 15 or 16 years old. M 128 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOY WANTED.
GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN THE ADVERTISING BUSINESS; ADVANCEMENT. APPLY OR WRITE ROOM 712, 381 4TH AV., NEW YORK.

BOYS.—One of the largest manufacturing corporations desires to obtain boys to start at the beginning and learn the manufacturing and testing business; boys of American birth, having a public school education, coming from a respectable family, are most desirable; $10 a week to start; Saturday half holiday throughout the year. M 93 Times.

BOYS.
Must be 16, for mail and messenger service; $7 to start; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th.

BOYS WANTED.
Large corporation requires services of a number of boys to begin at the bottom and work up; excellent opportunities for the right kind of boys; experience not essential; high school graduates preferred. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, nationality, experience, if any, and salary desired, J 335 Times Downtown.

BOY.—STATE AGE, SCHOOLING; $7 START; ADVANCEMENT WHEN MERITED; WHOLESALE. G 207 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOYS.—Large chemical export and import house can use several American young men as office assistants; must be public school graduates; come of good family; exceptional opportunity; no experience necessary; salary $8 to start. Call A. K. & Co., 644 Greenwich St.

BOY wanted in office of large fire insurance company; excellent opportunity; salary $40 per month to start. Address P. O. Box 2120, New York.

BOY, about 16 or 17 years of age, as a beginner in downtown office; no previous experience necessary, but one with good education will receive preference; salary $8 week to start; mention in reply age, religion, and education. V 381 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Big opportunity for bright boy of good appearance, who will study and work to master details of important merchandise department; must have grammar school education, prefer high school graduate. J 343 Times Downtown.

BRICK FOREMAN wanted to take charge large Government job, run large gang of bricklayers and stone setters; man with organization desired; state qualifications, age, experience, and salary expected by mail. R. H. Arnold Company, 95 State St., New London, Conn.

BRIGHT BOY, about 16 years of age, for office work; must furnish best of reference; fair salary and good chance for advancement. O 3 4 Times Downtown.

BRIGHT BOY, capable of being useful in insurance office; only those need apply who are ambitious and anxious to advance; salary to start $7 per week. Boy, P. O. Box 1,425, N. Y. City.

BRITISH SALESMAN.
A PRACTICAL CANADIAN, SCOTCH OR ENGLISH EXPERIENCED TRAVELING SALESMAN; SINGLE MAN PREFERRED; LARGE CORPORATION, DESIRES SERVICES OF A HIGH GRADE SALESMAN FOR SPECIAL PROPOSITION; NO COMPETITION; COMMISSION AND WEEKLY BONUS; PERMANENT. O 121 TIMES.

CAPABLE OIL STOCK SALESMEN. PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY, PRODUCING WELLS, PROPERTY NEAR PITTSBURGH, OFFERS LIMITED AMOUNT STOCK; MONEY BE APPLIED INCREASING PRODUCTION; SINKING NEW WELLS; COMMISSION; NO ADVANCES. F 409 TIMES ANNEX.

CARPENTER FOREMAN wanted on large Government reinforced concrete job; must be absolutely capable and handle large force; state qualifications, age, experience, and salary expected by mail. R. H. Arnold Company, 95 State St., New London, Conn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Who will also do general outside work on small place in vicinity of Flushing, Long Island. Reply, stating experience and salary expected. O 262 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Couple, chauffeur willing, useful; wife general housework; family of three; state salary and reference. W 176 Times.

CHECKERS
ORDER CLERKS
PORTERS
DRIVERS
INSIDE SALESMEN
ROUTE MAN.
SEVERAL POSITIONS OPEN FOR YOUNG MEN WHO ARE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THESE POSITIONS; PREFERENCE WILL BE GIVEN THOSE WHO HAVE WORKED IN GROCERY LINE.
PARK & TILFORD, 529 WEST 42D ST.

CHIEF ENGINEER
for steam plant, to take charge of engine and boiler rooms; Corliss engine condensing, 1,500 horse power; location New Jersey. X 271 Times Annex.

CLERK.
SALARY, $360 TO $540.
Bright, ambitious boys, from 14 to 18 years of age, needed for city service; opportunity for promotion. Subjects and weights: Arithmetic, 3; letter, 3; handwriting, 3; spelling, 1. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Nov. 22, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission, New York City.

CLERK. — Ledger clerk, thoroughly experienced, in wholesale house; one who is capable of handling large number of accounts; permanent position; no temporary job seekers need apply; state age, experience, and salary expected. M 106 Times.

CLERK, 17-18, for general clerical work, cost department; good opportunity to gain experience in cost accounting work; reasonable salary to start. Bijur Motor Lighting Co., factory Terminal Building F, Bloomfield St. and river front, Hoboken.

CLERK.—Fire insurance clerk wanted in broker's office; experienced at examining policies; one who will appreciate exceptional opportunity to advance; excellent references required. Accurate, 318 Times Downtown.

CLERKS.—BANK REQUIRES SEVERAL GOOD LEDGER CLERKS; STATE SALARY; SHORT HOURS. ADDRESS BANK, TIMES HARLEM.

CLERKS.—Seniors and juniors, draft exempt, accounting department large corporation; state age, experience, training, salary expected. V 238 Times Downtown.

CLERK. — Young man wanted for clerical work in large manufacturing concern; good chance for advancement. M. S., 131 Times Bronx, 2,960 3d Av.

CLERICAL WORK.—The People's Trust Company desires to employ a young man for clerical work; one who has had experience. Apply at 181 Montague St., Brooklyn, Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

CONCRETE FOREMAN wanted on large reinforced job; Government work; must be able to handle large gang and get action; state qualifications, age, experience, and salary expected by mail. R. H. Arnold Company, 95 State St., New London, Conn.

CONTEST MAN.—Have an opening for newspaper contest man who can finance contracts; he is to manage; must be able to furnish references as to honesty and past experience. Address Apt. 94, 423 West 120th St.

CORRESPONDENT, college graduate, to dictate correspondence to customers; must be able to write a good letter; must be interested in business; actual experience not essential; good opportunity and training offered; state fully age, nationality, training, and salary. M 72 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.—Young man, not over 30, exempt from military service, wanted by large manufacturing dress concern as head of correspondent department; must have had similar position with large women's apparel line, or will not do; must also be possessed of broad general business knowledge and experience; state salary. Address B. G., 207 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT.—Familiar with writing foreign sales letters; steel experience an asset, although not essential; tell us in your first letter. V 232 Times Downtown.

COST ACCOUNTANT.—Young man as assistant to cost accountant; moderate salary, with good opportunity for advancement and experience; state age, experience, education, and salary expected. X 251 Times Annex.

COUPLES.—The Agricultural and Industrial Labor Relief, 1,123 Broadway, Suite 607, has a number of openings for couples on farms and gardens; Germans and other nationalities; children no objection; any state of the Union; railroad fares paid. Call, write, or phone Farragut 9777. All services rendered free.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CREDIT DEPARTMENT, assisting credit manager; not under 25 years of age; must be a good letter writer and well educated; legal experience will help; excellent opportunity for capable young man; answer in detail, stating salary desired. Credit, O 270 Times Downtown.

DEMONSTRATORS wanted for hand painted wood novelty in department stores. Apply in person, Favor, Ruhl & Co., 43 West 23d St., 5th floor.

DEMONSTRATORS, experienced, wanted; salary $12 per week; liberal commissions. American Flyer Manufacturing Company, P. O. Box 196, Chicago.

DETAILERS,
experienced on metal parts,
wanted by
STANDARD AERO CORPORATION,
Elizabeth, N. J.
Apply by mail or personally to Mr. Sullivan.

DRAFTSMEN
Experienced on small high-grade mechanical and electrical apparatus; steady position and excellent chance for advancement to technical men. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th St.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to productions of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. B. B., 166 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—One capable of quick, accurate work on machine detail; an experienced designer is not required, but a man capable of making legible drawings is. Call with sample of work Monday, 9-12 A. M., Tate Electro Waterproofing Corporation, 318 West 39th St.

DRAFTSMAN. — Letterer wanted who can produce single stroke, free-hand lettering on mechanical drawings, maps, &c., for technical publication; only A1 man considered; inclose small sample; state age, salary, and experience. M 165 Times.

DRAFTSMEN.
Internal combustion engineering draftsmen, preferable experience marine oil engine work; state full particulars. P. D., 290 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced checker, wanted for work on airplane engines, detail drawings. Apply Employment Department, General Vehicle Co., Borden and Star Ava., Long Island City.

DRAFTSMEN.
Mechanical, detailer and designer on light automatic machinery, with knowledge of jigs and fixtures; state age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. M 71 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Experienced machine designer and detailer; chance for advancement; state age, salary, experience. Permanent. E 20 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, with architectural knowledge, for plant layouts; state age, experience; salary $20 to start. Permanent, E 19 Times.

DRAFTSMEN, experienced in electrical work preferred; detail and switchboard layout; excellent opportunities for the right men. Apply Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co. of America, Roselle Park, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRAFTSMAN, with experience in detail mechanical drafting. A. R. Mosler & Co., East 242d St. and So. Railroad Av., near Mount Vernon Station, New York Central. Telephone Woodlawn 1000.

DRAFTSMAN. — Automatic sprinkler contracting firm desires draftsman good at figures to break in as estimator for permanent position; state age, experience, and salary desired. Address Willing, M 152 Times.

DRAFTSMEN, 12; several architectural and general experience; good pay. Call 7 A. M. Monday. Hercules Powder Co., 86 Park Place, Newark, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN.—Electrical; wanted with several years' experience in layout of substations; state experience, salary expected. V 267 Times Downtown.

EARN $25 weekly, spare time, writing for newspapers, magazines; exp. unnec.; details free. Press Syndicate, 353, St. Louis, Mo.

ELECTRICAL ESTIMATOR for estimating and supervising installation of motors and lighting systems; give details of your experience. J 345 Times Downtown.

ENERGETIC MAN, who is good at figures, for record work in engineering department of railroad company; must have first-class reference; state age and experience. E 27 Times.

ENGINEER.—To assist in estimating and designing pier and wharf construction and general engineering work around railroad terminal; must be able to assume responsibility and carry through improvement on plant under proper supervision; good, permanent position, with prospects, for right man; salary $125 per month. V 295 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER.—Tug for harbor and ocean tug service on this side only, who has British Marine license; good wages. Engineer, 232 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER to act as boiler room foreman; 72 hours per week; 6 days. Apply 633 Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

ENGRAVERS.
A NUMBER OF ENGRAVERS ON SILVERWARE AND JEWELRY ARE REQUIRED BY GIMBEL BROTHERS, NEW YORK. PERMANENT POSITIONS AND GOOD SALARIES.
Apply Superintendent's office, fifth floor.

EXECUTIVE
and office manager wanted by firm manufacturing and jobbing throughout United States line of auto specialties; thorough knowledge of modern office methods and vigorous initiative essential; to be considered state age, experience, salary. S. M., 154 Times.

EXPORT MANAGERS and foreign salesmen wanted who desire to make new connection; write, giving in detail experience, qualifications, references, age, salary desired; send photograph; applications held confidential and only those containing all this information considered; used to aid our patrons now interested. Advertisers' Co-operation Department, La Hacienda, Buffalo, N. Y.

EXPERT SALESMEN wanted to put a big proposition before prominent business men; high-class men of refinement can make a connection of profit, prestige, and permanency; commission basis. E 39 Times.

FEEDER.—Experienced on Universal Press. Mergenthaler Linotype Co., 24 Ryerson St., Brooklyn.

FEEDERS, Golding and Universal; good pay. Swenarton & Salley, 461 8th Av.

FINE OPPORTUNITY
TO DO YOUR BIT; 20 MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN AND DESIGNERS WANTED TO WORK ON AIRPLANES FOR U. S. GOVERNMENT.
APPLY IN PERSON OR BY LETTER AT THE NEW PLANT OF THE CURTISS ENGINEERING CORPORATION, GARDEN CITY, L. I.

FIRST-CLASS TOOL AND DIE MAKERS AND GRINDER OPERATORS, EXPERIENCED ON TOOL WORK; GUARANTEE STEADY EMPLOYMENT; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 1395, COLUMBUS, OHIO.

FOREMAN.—Milling machine department doing plain milling operations on small manufacturing work of an interchangeable nature; position requires man able to keep up to production schedules, handle help satisfactorily, also break in new help. Call if possible or write Labor Dept., Bijur Motor Lighting Co., Building F, Factory Terminal, 15th and Bloomfield Sts., Hoboken.

FOREMAN.—Experienced man to take full charge of wire spring shop as foreman; good opportunity and permanent position for a man who can make good; Pittsburgh district. X 222 Times Annex.

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.,
5th Av., 37th and 38th Sts.,
require
EXPERIENCED
SALESMEN
for
MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
An exceptional opportunity is offered a number of capable salesmen whose experience has been with the best retail trade, and who are accustomed to handling high-class merchandise. Liberal salaries.
All replies held strictly confidential.
APPLY BY MAIL ONLY.

FUR CUTTERS.
We require the services of fur cutters for our workroom; good salary for those who qualify. Apply at employment office, 7th floor, any time during day.
L. BAMBERGER & CO.,
Newark, N. J.

HELP WANTED—Male.

FOUNTAIN PENS.
Salesman, experienced in jewelry, notion, or stationery lines; have several good territories open for hustlers with good records; salary and commission. Apply my mail only, with full details.
NEW DIAMOND POINT PEN CO.,
44 EAST 23D ST., N. Y.

GARDENER.—Must be thoroughly competent with vegetables, flowers, shrubbery; able to handle men and lay out work; married or single; good wages; excellent living accommodations, must be at present employed; best references required; write for appointment. A. W. N., Room 30, 22 William St.

GILDER, bookbindery; steady work. H. Wolff, 526 West 26th St.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A NUMBER OF EXPERIENCED SALESMEN FOR THEIR HOUSEFURNISHING DEPARTMENT.
ALSO,
EXPERIENCED BOOK SALESMEN.
PERMANENT POSITIONS.
LIBERAL SALARIES.
Apply Superintendent's office, fifth floor.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, industrious and competent, for bulb blowing and stem making; right men can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $50 a week. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

GOLDSMITH BROS.,
THE BIG STATIONERY STORE.
77 NASSAU ST.
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF FLOORMAN, WITH DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE.
YOUNG MAN, WITH A THOROUGH SELLING KNOWLEDGE OF FOUNTAIN PENS TO MANAGE THIS DEPARTMENT.
SEVERAL THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED STATIONERY SALESMEN. (INSIDE.)
YOUNG MAN, TO WRITE SHOW CARDS AND DRESS WINDOWS.
SEVERAL YOUNG MEN AS STOCK CLERKS, WITH STATIONERY STORE EXPERIENCE.
SEVERAL BOYS, 14 TO 16 YEARS, TO MAKE THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL.
GOOD SALARIES.
Unusual opportunity for rapid advancement.
APPLY BY LETTER OR CALL AFTER 11 A. M.

IF YOU CAN SELL.
Here's your chance. Liberal drawing account against right commissions; adequate time in which to make good, and the solid support of an organization that holds business when you get it. New York advertising agency of personal service type whose business has doubled in two years wants another real salesman.
He must be young, a hustler, self-starter, with drive and determination to succeed. Don't waste our time unless you have a record already in this line. The man we want is already making good, but wants more future or better support. Write fully, giving definite figures. All information strictly confidential. Box W 143 Times.

IF $20 a day looks good to you, and you have had selling experience or ability, we will give you the training, co-operation and leads; you furnish the hustle; live wires only; give details in your reply; salary or commission. E 38 Times.

INSURANCE MEN
who have acted as superintendents or assistant superintendents of offices writing regular or industrial insurance and who have been successful in hiring and developing salesmen, can connect with a business conducted on similar lines but with much greater earning power; a business selling a non-competitive service in great demand which produces ever-increasing commissions. It will be necessary to live outside of New York, and you must provide funds to the extent of $2,500 to establish your territory and to serve as a bond, since all of the finances of your territory will be under your complete control.

INVESTIGATOR, CREDIT. — Young man with some experience for uptown bank; knowledge of stenography big essential; state salary M 73 Times.

INK GRINDERS.—Experienced men wanted; good wages. Reply P. O. Box 2,158, N. Y.

INSTRUCTORS.—Thoroughly experienced ice skating instructors. Iceland Skating Rink, Broadway at 52d St.

JUNIOR DRAFTSMAN,
SALARY $900 TO $1,200.
Candidates must be at least 18 years of age, and have had experience in making sketches, tracings or drawings of an elementary character, must also assist in making maps, charts or diagrams, and perform computations; subjects and weights: Duties, 8; Experience, 2. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Nov. 21, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission, New York City.

JUNIOR OFFICE CLERK wanted by a banking; house; one having assisted at bookkeeper's desk preferred; applicant please state age, references, and salary expected. Addrss V 312 Times Downtown.

LARGD REAL ESTATE office has an opening for a young American of good appearance who desires to learn the business. These are the requirements:
Ability to letter neatly and draw real estate diagrams.
Some experience in handling office routine.
Refinement, education, and initiative. State education, experience, salary, and inclose sample of lettering. Address Box C. K., 200 Times Downtown.

LARGE 5C AND 10C SYNDICATE OFFERS OPPORTUNITIES TO YOUNG MEN BETWEEN THE AGES OF 21 AND 30 TO BECOME STORE MANAGERS AFTER PROPER TRAINING. ADDRESS, STATING AGE, SALARY, AND PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE, P. T., BOX 234 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

LAWYER.—Wanted, in a busy Wall Street law office, competent lawyer fully experienced in real estate, corporation, and Surrogates' matters; answer fully; none but competent lawyers in these branches need apply; excellent opportunity. V 203 Times Downtown.

LEDGER CLERK; must be good writer, accurate at figures; splendid opportunity with large mercantile house; state age and salary expected. W. D. T., 217 Times.

LITHOGRAPHIC SALESMAN with following in New York City and near towns, experienced selling window displays and posters; splendid opportunity; write full particulars; salary or commission. P 24 Times.

MACHINIST TRADE taught practically; drafting, mathematics, designing. Engineering Institute, 4 West 125th.

MAN WANTED BY EXPORT AND IMPORT HOUSE AS FRENCH AND SPANISH CORRESPONDENT TO FURTHER DEVELOP BUSINESS WITH SOUTH AMERICA AND TAKE CHARGE OF FRENCH DEPARTMENT; ONLY THOSE HAVING HAD EXPERIENCE IN SUCH CAPACITIES NEED APPLY; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT AWAITING THE MAN WHO IS ABLE TO DEVELOP AND HANDLE BUSINESS WHICH HAS ALREDY BEEN STARTED, AND WHICH SHOWS PROMISING FUTURE RESULTS. X 268 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN, 40-45, with machinist's experience, understanding shafting, pulleys, hangers, tools, pipe, and all fittings, for stockroom in machine shop, capable of keeping accurate records; steady; furnish first-class references; state age, experience, last place of employment; wages $18. F. C., 200 Times Downtown.

MAN, thoroughly experienced, who understands manufacturing high-class brassieres; take full charge; experienced only need apply. Box P 51 Times.

MAN wanted, thoroughly familiar with structural and ornamental iron work; must have good references. Apply Adam Happel Iron Works, 406 East 93d.

MAN for outdoor work; no canvassing; about thirty years old; steady position for good man; state age, nationality, experience, and salary desired. V 349 Times Downtown.

MAN to take charge of packing department in chemical factory; state age, experience, salary expected, &c. Chemical, J 336 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

MAN.—Wanted, an elderly man, intelligent and of good appearance, satisfied with moderate salary, for light, dignified work in office of large corporation; state salary expected. Address W 170 Times.

MAN, energetic, educated, good address, to call on banks, New York State. Room 40, Woodward Hotel.

MAN thoroughly experienced in fire and marine insurance; state fully age, experience, and salary expected. M 144 Times.

MANAGER.—Young man as manager of order and checking department of prominent advertising agency; one experienced preferred. Write immediately, Box O 189 Times.

MANAGER. — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MAN TO TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE OF RETAIL WAIST AND UNDERWEAR STORE; MUST KNOW HOW TO DRESS WINDOWS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY. REPLY, STATING REFERENCES AND OTHER PARTICULARS, M 145 TIMES.

MANAGER for a cotton goods converting department, to be in operation about Jan. 1, by a large out-of-town manufacturing concern; must have experience in woven printed, napped material; liberal salary or interest in department for proper applicant. Address confidential, with particulars, X 269 Times Annex.

MANAGER.—For very large millinery store in Buffalo, N. Y.; must be thoroughly experienced; no buying, no workroom; must be of good appearance; answer by letter only. A. F., care C. J. Levy, 649 Broadway.

MANAGING CLERK wanted in real estate and insurance office; good opportunity for the right man; must have had past experience; state age, experience, and salary desired. E 113 Times.

MANAGER wanted for salary, men's hats and furnishings; steady position. R. Epstein, 258 Market St., Newark, N. J.

MARGIN CLERK by New York Stock Exchange firm; state age, experience, and salary desired. V 280 Times Downtown.

MEAT BUYER.—A large chain of grocery markets in Greater New York contemplates putting in meats and provisions, and seeks the services of a capable man to take charge and superintend the operation of this department; must be thoroughly experienced, a good merchant, and have unquestioned references as to ability and character; salary no object if you possess the ability; replies must give full particulars, and applications will be considered strictly confidential. Address Meats, J 311 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL SUPERINTENDENT FOR ONE OF THE LARGE RUBBER MILLS; MUST BE COMPETENT TO HANDLE AND DIRECT CONSTRUCTION, INSTALLATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS, MACHINERY, AND EQUIPMENT; ALSO POWER PLANT OPERATION; JURISDICTION WILL COVER SEVERAL PLANTS; ONLY HIGH-CALIBRED MEN NEED APPLY; IN ORDER TO RECEIVE CONSIDERATION, APPLICANTS MUST OUTLINE FULLY PAST EXPERIENCE, AGE, SALARY, CREDENTIALS. X 357 TIMES ANNEX.

MILLINERY, LADIES' HATS.
MANUFACTURER TO TAKE CHARGE of trimmed hat factory making line from $42 up; must be experienced; give references in application. Confidential, 122 Times.

MILLINERY.—Wanted capable person for clerical work in millinery workroom; must have knowledge of bookkeeping and manufacturing. Apply by letter only, stating full particulars, to Crocker, 375 5th Av.

MOTOR TRUCK SALESMAN
of wide experience and capable of earning $5,000 and upwards yearly
WANTED
by one of the largest motor truck distributors in the Metropolitan District. Man at present employed preferred. Commission basis.
M 16 Times.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.
Experienced multigraph operator, capable of turning out work above the average. Give full particulars in your letter to C. A., 258 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY. — Clean-cut American lad wanted in 5th Av. wholesale house; good commencing salary, with every opportunity to learn the business and advance rapidly; apply by letter, stating all particulars. E 99 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young man as office assistant in general contractor's office, with some knowledge of plans and able to use typewriter; apply in own handwriting, giving age, references, experience, and salary to start. O 178 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—Young man for work in accountant's office; splendid opportunity for experience and advancement; high school graduate preferred, but not essential; state age, education, and salary expected. X 250 Times Annex.

OFFICE WORK.—A large manufacturing concern desires the services of three young men in the office; two with general knowledge of bookkeeping and one clerical work; apply by letter, stating experience and salary expected. O 321 Times Downtown.

OFFICE WORK.—Young man, not subject to draft, for office work; one having slight knowledge of typewriting preferred; good chance for advancement; write, stating age and salary desired. M 153 Times.

OFFICE BOY, about 16 years of age, in the office of a cotton goods house; Christian firm; address in own handwriting. O 253 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, 15 to 16, neat appearance, wanted by large corporation; advancement; good hours and surroundings. J. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

OFFICE BOY in advertising agency; experienced preferred; good chance for advancement. Apply W. A. Patterson Co., Inc., Metropolitan Tower, 23d St.

OFFICE BOY, bright; chance for advancement. Apply 1,790 Broadway, 8th floor.

OFFICE BOY.—Exceptional opportunity for advance to the right boy. O 170 Times.

OFFICE BOY wanted, bright, energetic, in law office. O 326 Times Downtown.

ONE OF THE LARGEST JOBBERS OF CLOAKS REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF A PIECE GOODS
BUYER;
ONLY THOSE HAVING BEEN CONNECTED WITH LARGE HOUSES AND CAPABLE OF TAKING CHARGE OF BIG DEPARTMENT WILL BE CONSIDERED; STATE AGE AND PAST EXPERIENCE IN CONFIDENCE. T. S., M 161 TIMES.

ORDER CLERK, by New York Stock Exchange firm; state age, experience, and salary desired. V 281 Times Downtown.

PACKER; experienced; good opportunity for strong and active man; state age and salary expected. Z. H. Z., 217 Times.

PHYSICIAN, licensed to practice in New York, required to take charge of a dermatological and electrolysis department; must be thoroughly capable and an expert. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

PRESSMAN—Must know how to set type and lock up forms; steady position. Apply Chinese Republic News, 108 Park Row.

PRESSMEN.—Miehle presses; non-union preferred; wages, scale. X 282 Times Annex.

PRINTING SALESMAN.—Experienced; good chance for the right man; references; salary, commission. Nandsberg Co., 11 W. 27th.

PURCHASING DEPARTMENT.
Assistant in purchasing department, young man, experienced in the hardware and metal trades; must be accurate in figures, qualified in correspondence; good opportunity for energetic and competent assistant; answer in detail; state salary desired. O 269 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.
PRESIDENT OF NATIONAL CORPORATION WANTS A YOUNG MAN EXPERIENCED AS PRIVATE SECRETARY; CONSIDERABLE TRAVELING; MUST HAVE AN ACTIVE MIND; GIVE AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY RECEIVING AT PRESENT, AND OUTLINE WHAT YOU CONSIDER A FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE SECRETARY AND TRAVELING COMPANION SHOULD BE ABLE TO DO; SEND PHOTO, (IF ONLY POSTCARD;) NO REPLIES CONSIDERED WITHOUT; ALL PHOTOS WILL BE RETURNED. ADDRESS PRESIDENT, BOX E 71 TIMES.

REAL ESTATE MAN, long experience handling improved properties, knowledge typewriting and stenography preferred; salary $80 month. Browning, 110 West 40th St.

RENTING CLERK, &c.—A young man in real estate office as renting clerk and typewriter. Address A., T., 133 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE. — Gentleman of education and refined appearance to represent high-grade studio with exceptional proposition; large commission to the right party. De Barge, 45 West 40th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Large converters of silk and cotton fabrics, with direct mill connections, carrying large stock of popular priced numbers, suitable for the cutting up trade, are open for bright young representative; must have experience and trade for this class of merchandise. In applying state age and experience. V 284 Times Downtown.

REPRESENTATIVE, &c.—South American gentleman wants a responsible young man, somewhat familiar with Spanish and with South American trade, as New York representative; also two men, no less than 30, with initiative, for Peru, as accountants, familiar with imports and exports, particularly on the West Coast. E 59 Times.

RESIDENT BUYERS' service wanted by department store doing a business of a half million yearly. Apply by letter, stating terms, also packing charges. O 280 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN selling to retail druggists or similar trade in New York State, exclusive of New York City, to carry extra line to sell to barber shops with attractive selling ideas that have proved successful; commission, 12 per cent.; no drawing account, no traveling expenses. Call between 2 and 5 any afternoon, Bathald Co., 38 Union Square.

SALESMEN on profit-sharing commission basis to operate in New York district among wholesale trade, by mill distributors taking output leading paper mills; excellent, permanent opportunity with high-grade people; no technical experience necessary. Call Monday, between 9 and 12, Paper Mills Specialty Co., Room 1306, Woolworth Building.

SALESMEN.—If you are a producer, come in and talk over the best proposition on the market today. We want men at least 25 years of age; good character, education and references essential; thorough training and co-operation; transportation and drawing account against commission. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., 6th floor.

SALESMAN, advertising experience, handle something brand new; will create sensation when seen; electric sign for merchant windows, moving picture effect, showing day time; man can handle State New York; commission and interest. Address Coleman, 67 Madison St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMEN of financial and moral responsibility who are good mixers can make extra money; no capital required; men who have sold books, stocks, and bonds and insurance can add to their wealth; commission. Write M. A. Mansbach & Co., 60 Broadway, New York.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.
Ambitious young man to assist executive of large importing and exporting corporation; must not be afraid of long hours; good opportunity for advancement; only applicants stating age, experience, and salary expected will be considered. O 360 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted by lace importing house for city manufacturing trade; one with actual experience with this trade; salary and commission; good opportunity for right man. Address, in strict confidence, giving full details as to previous experience, M 169 Times.

SALESMEN.—REPRESENTATIVE HOUSEHOLD AND FANCY LINEN HOUSE WITH ESTABLISHED TRADE REQUIRE SALESMEN FOR NEW YORK CITY AND MIDDLE WEST; COMMISSION AND DRAWING. P. A., 232 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.—Young men wanted, under 21 years of age, as salesmen in high-class retail stores; salary $15 per week to start with; splendid chance for advancement. Address in own handwriting, giving age, experience, and references, O 398 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — Experienced traveling salesman, salary, with extensive acquaintance in mechanical and purchasing departments of railroads, shipbuilders, marine trade, and construction companies; give fullest information and reference. T 389 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, some experience selling; preferably typewriter ribbons and carbon paper; American; good appearance; excellent opportunity; give full particulars; salary and commission. V 251 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, by highest grade filing cabinet house, two city salesmen; salary and commission; must be men who have had experience in the line; in answering please give full details in regard to past experience. T 371 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Successful specialty, subscription or book salesmen to handle new business manual in connection with System, the Magazine of Business. You can qualify for branch office on liberal salary and commission basis. Call 15 Park Row, Room 730.

SALESMAN FOR BOSTON AND NEW ENGLAND WANTED BY LEADING NEW YORK MANUFACTURER OF CLOAKS; COMMISSION BASIS. ADDRESS IN CONFIDENCE, GEORGE G. WOOD, 105 MADISON AV.

SALESMAN.—To sell stock in hog-raising company; industry presents wonderful opportunity to investors; initial offering at low price; exceptional opportunity for big commissions to good salesman; no advances. Room 1110, 1,482 Broadway.

SALES AGENCY specializing in luxuries, specialties, and products that can be sold direct to business men, is open for connection with live manufacturer on commission arrangement; quick action essential. Write O 243 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, now traveling, calling on camp, military, and department stores, sell our canvas leggings, leather puttees, and supplies as side line; prompt deliveries; big commission. Strong Manufacturing Co., 155 Lafayette St.

SALESMAN Wanted.—Young, energetic, unmarried traveling corset salesman for North Carolina, South Carolina, Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee; must have traveled in this territory; state age, experience, and salary. E 5 Times.

SALESMAN handle up-to-date line of bathing shoes and caps; must be acquainted with retail and jobbing trade to cover Eastern territories; reference required; commission basis. P 52 Times.

SALESMAN, a resident of Chicago, that can handle line of bathing shoes and caps; must be acquainted with retail and jobbing trade; references required; commission basis. P 53 Times.

SALESMAN.—Opportunity with national financial institution for man with large acquaintance among substantial people; salary or commission. Manager, V 271 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Attractive side line to several salesmen calling regularly on novelty, souvenir stores and druggists; only energetic men need apply; importers; commission only. M 90 Times.

SALESMAN.—Large auto lamp manufacturer wants a salesman experienced in selling large auto accessory houses; no objection to a side line; salary or commission. M 102 Times.

SALESMAN.—Large manufacturing concern wants salesman for Chicago trade; opportunity to become branch manager; salary, commission, expenses; only high class men considered. J 321 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, high-grade, for N. Y. City; commission and drawing account; require men capable of selling big proposition to executives of largest corporations. Apply Monday evening at 7 o'clock only, 1048 Aeolian Building.

SALESMEN.—A1 MEN
earning $50 weekly selling factories electric fixtures; just out; attached instantly without electrical experience; saves 1-3 current. Manufacturer, 23 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Good opportunity for live wire corset salesman for Greater New York to represent a popular corset concern; salary. Address, stating past experience, S., 347 5th Av. Room 1304.

SALESMAN wanted, territory Illinois and West; strong side line of military and travelers' fitted and unfitted kits; straight commission only. American Products Co., 4 West 37th St.

SALESMAN wanted for South, to carry a side line of kimonos on a commission basis; only those who have a following of the large department stores and can furnish highest references need apply. M 59 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED.
High-grade grocery specialty salesman; liberal commission. Call in person Monday morning, between 9 and 10, Room 429, 30 Church St.

SALESMEN, (3,) high-grade, wanted; splendid opportunity for salesmen whose business has been affected by present unsettled conditions; commissions running from $75 to $200 per week. Call Room 500, 2 West 45th St.

SALESMEN. — Strong side line of kopac motor boat cushions; only those now covering sporting goods or motor boat trade need apply; straight commission only. American Products Co., 4 West 37th St.

SALESMEN.—War conditions make selling easy; merchants are now buying Ford pleasure cars or commercial trucks; we sell both; liberal commission. See Mr. Duerr, 232 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—Grocery salesman; one having good acquaintance with high-class retail grocers; salary or commission. Address M 82 Times.

SALESMEN.—Experienced handling medical or law books; new proposition; liberal commission. 917 Woolworth Building, mornings only.

SALESMAN wanted; good commission; easy to sell; wholesale; address by letter only. Chemo Co., 39 Union Square.

SALESMAN.—Leading line of dolls and stuffed animals; only highest man need apply; commission basis. Box E 119 Times.

SALESMAN to sell Ford cars and trucks; liberal commission. Simon, 2,130 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN capable incidentally influencing sales; profitable stock investment proposition; commission. W 180 Times.

SALESMAN.—Well-established paint house; experienced; for roofing department; salary and commission. 501 5th Av., Room 711.

SALESMAN wanted by converter to sell cotton goods to cutting up trade, New York City; straight commission. M 136 Times.

SALESMAN with established trade in tools and supplies; state references and salary expected. J 331 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN who has passed beginner's stage; commission; good opportunity. W 184 Times.

SALESMAN with good road experience in selling dolls; must have good following; salary and commission. X 283 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN—READ THIS FROM OUR RECORD FOR 1917.
Geo. A. has earned in first and deferred commissions over $14,000 the first six months of 1917—and this in his 62nd year. One fact like this is worth a thousand theories.
(Note.—At this point my secretary said: "Mr. Cerf, there is just one trouble about that statement—the commissions earned are so big they will defeat our purpose—people will doubt its accuracy." My answer was: "We have got the man, the receipts for commissions, and other men who have done better in the past. We will take a chance on that; for, remember, Wells, commissions as high as $50,000 have been made on a single sale in our line. Besides that, we are looking for topnotch men.")
If your record shows you have been a successful salesman at any time?
Wisdom would dictate that you connect yourself with a business that offers the greatest opportunity in the selling line.
The above record is not the result of accident—a wonderful company and the most efficient sales methods in modern times have combined to produce these results.
We can show you other instances equally interesting. Call on Mr. Meyers, care of L. A. Cerf, Manager, Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, 135 Broadway, New York.

SALESMAN.—THE PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. HAS AN OPENING IN THE TRUCK SALES DEPARTMENT FOR A COMPETENT SALESMAN, WHO HAS ESTABLISHED HIS REPUTATION; COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT. INTERVIEW MAY BE ARRANGED UPON REQUEST BY LETTER ONLY, 1,861 BROADWAY.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, intelligent, high-grade salesman to sell established and well-advertised product to retail grocery trade; will be required to make headquarters in a city located in New York State; only those who have had experience in selling retail grocery trade and have made good in such positions will be considered; salary, $100 per month, commission, and expenses; good opportunity for advancement both as to position and salary; give age and full information regarding previous employments, stating time with each firm. Reply to Box O 232 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—PROMINENT DRESS AND COSTUME HOUSE, DOING MOST OF ITS BUSINESS IN SHOWROOM, IS OPEN FOR A MAN TO TAKE CARE OF THE TRADE FROM SOME OF THE LARGER AND MEDIUM-SIZE CITIES IN THE NORTH AND MIDDLE WEST; ONLY MEN POPULAR IN THIS TERRITORY AND NOT ABOVE MIDDLE AGE NEED APPLY; A CHANCE FOR THE RIGHT MAN TO EARN BIG MONEY; STATE FORMER CONNECTIONS; COMMISSION. C. A., 230 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN with following among department stores and larger stationery trade in the New England, New York, and Middle Western States to represent one of the leading lines of greeting cards and holiday accessories; excellent commission proposition to men of personality and experience; letter of application must be accompanied by several references together with detailed description of past experience.
NATIONAL ART PUBLISHING CO.,
ELMIRA, N. Y.

SALESMEN.—A LONG ESTABLISHED MANUFACTURER OF HIGH GRADE TYPEWRITER RIBBONS AND CARBON PAPER REQUIRES SEVERAL HIGH CLASS MEN OF CHARACTER FOR CITY AND OUT OF TOWN; EXEMPT OR OVER DRAFT AGE; STRAIGHT SALARY; AN UNUSUALLY GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. V 362 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.—If you can produce business in commercial lines we are positive that you will be able to at least double your income by selling stocks; Stock Exchange house offering dividend paying security now listed and actively traded in, with probability of quick rise in price, can use honest, capable salesmen; experienced men from commercial lines given the preference; commission basis. Call only, between hours of 9 and 11 A. M., Room 24, 4th floor, Mills Bldg., 35 Wall St.

SALESMEN.
Experienced traveling salesmen of strong personality to handle high-class, clean-cut proposition on strictly commission basis in exclusive territory; we prefer men who have had experience in selling advertising; state full particulars, in confidence, regarding previous employment. O 302 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.
Overcoat salesman for large cities, New York to Omaha; must be highest class man, with extensive experience and acquaintance and correct habits; answer in own handwriting, stating age, religion, former employers, and length of service with each; best of references required; salary and commission. E 3 Times.

AD MAN who can write live matter and set same with taste; one competent to take complete charge of an advertising department wanted; applicants must be able to show samples of past work and give full particulars as to past experience, also salary expected in their reply. Apply by letter, or call with written application, A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

SALESMEN.
We are tired of making advances to men who loaf; we want several live salesmen who are willing to show us; just as soon as they show the slightest signs of life they will immediately be put on a liberal drawing account; experience in paint line preferred but not essential; write for interview; commission basis. V 300 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — TRAVELING SALESMAN FOR FAR WEST AND COAST; ALSO ONE FOR SOUTHERN TERRITORY, TO REPRESENT HIGH-CLASS LINE OF LADIES' TAILORED HATS; ONLY MEN ACQUAINTED WITH MILLINERY LINE AND RESPECTIVE TERRITORY WILL BE CONSIDERED; SALARY OR COMMISSION. R. T., 206 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—Adding machine salesman for Newark and vicinity, salary or commission, to sell International Adding Machine and payroll machine; one familiar with all makes of adding and listing machines preferred. Call Saturday afternoon, between 2:30 and 5:30, or Monday afternoon and evening, between 5 and 9 P. M. 20 Clinton St., Newark, N. J., Room 405; ask for Mr. Anderson.

SALESMEN WANTED. — Traveling wide-awake salesmen, Southern and Western States; we specialize in nets, chiffons, veilings, cretonnes, scrims, white and novelty wash dress fabrics; commission only; no drawing account; can carry as side line if desired; only experienced apply; references to accompany applications. Goldsmith & Stein, Inc., 19 Madison Av., New York.

SALESMAN, printing; a modern shop, with a battery of cylinder and job presses, doing color, half-tone, and general commercial printing, is after a live salesman controlling catalogue and general job printing; give full particulars in first letter; absolutely confidential; live wires only need answer; salary and commission. M 97 Times.

SALESMEN.—We require several high-grade men to complete our Eastern sales force; must be men of character and education, over 25 years of age, and furnish best of references; thorough training, leads, and all possible co-operation; transportation furnished; commission with drawing account. E. A., 64 Times.

SALESMAN.—Have a permanent position to a man who knows the fire brick business and can sell the product throughout the N. E. States; liberal commission and a good income assured to the right man. Write P. O. Box 164, Long Island City, N. Y.

SALESMEN.—LARGE IMPORTING HOUSE DOING BUSINESS WITH CHINA AND JAPAN REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL HIGH-CLASS SALESMEN ACCUSTOMED TO TAKING IMPORT ORDERS AND SELLING ORIENTAL GOODS; DRAWING ACCOUNT AGAINST COMMISSION. ADDRESS, STATING DETAILS AND QUALIFICATIONS, M 116 TIMES.

SALESMEN. — Exceptional opportunity patented article of great merit; commission and drawing account. Call Monday, 154 Nassau, Room 630.

SALESMAN.—Exceptional opportunity offered the man of ability; men in the making preferred; commission until value is proven. M. N., 111 Times.

SALESMAN to sell liquid soap; experience necessary; unusual opportunity; salary and commission. Write A. Z. Cohen, Harral Soap Co., 405 Lexington Av.

SALESMEN to sell grocery, restaurant, ice cream parlor trade advertised article; experienced men wanted; salary and commission. O 139 Times.

SALESMEN.—We need the services of two experienced stock salesmen; commission basis; interview between 4 and 6 P. M. Room 706, 203 Broadway.

SALESMEN to sell nationally advertised automobile accessories; in answering state experience and give references; commission and expenses. Box H, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—Linen salesman, on commission basis, for the West; no objections to carrying other lines. Address Linen, J 329 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for extensive line of toys; quality merchandise requiring a high-class man; state references; commission basis. E 130 Times.

SALESMEN.—Big producers, experienced in educational course work; new proposition; commission; partnership opportunity; state experience fully. G 200 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN.—WELL-ORGANIZED VARNISH MANUFACTURER ENLARGING SCOPE OF ACTIVITIES WANTS TWO ADDITIONAL BUSINESS GETTERS TO SELL MANUFACTURING TRADE IN NEW ENGLAND AND SOUTHERN TERRITORY; CLEAN-CUT YOUNG MEN WITH VIGOROUS AND ALERT MENTALITIES, RED BLOOD, INITIATIVE, AND SOME SELLING EXPERIENCE; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN WHO CAN QUALIFY; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN STRICT CONFIDENCE; SALARY AND COMMISSION. VARNISH, M 64 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Specialty salesman, high-powered, successful man, who values his time at $5,000 to $10,000 a year, as New York representative, also man for Rhode Island and Connecticut, for a well-established and successful Chicago corporation; we have entirely new service for manufacturers and wholesalers which possesses unusual salient features and which is backed by overwhelming indorsements from leading concerns throughout the country; our men are now making from $100 to $250 per week, and we are here to connect with the right man for this territory; telephone appointment will be arranged with those who answer this advertisement, giving definite information as to past record and qualifications and where they can be reached by phone or letter; this is a straight commission proposition, a very unusual one, on which a clean, high-grade specialty man who is accustomed to handling big people can make as high as $10,000 a year. Write O 141 Times.

SALESMAN.—WE HAVE AN OPENING OVER JERSEY FOR A MAN ACQUAINTED WITH VEILINGS OR A SIMILAR LINE AND WITH THE TRADE; AFTER JAN. 1 WE WILL HAVE AN OPENING OVER SMALL TOWNS OF PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW YORK STATE FOR A MAN ACQUAINTED WITH THE LINE AND THE TERRITORY; SALARY OR COMMISSION. APPLY BY LETTER, E. & Z VAN RAALTE, 79 5TH AV.

SALESMEN.—We need two men of sales ability to handle Delco Lights products. Delco Light is a complete electric light and power plant for country homes, farms, stores, and schools. We now have over 30 salesmen in this locality, each of whom has an automobile and demonstrator. We have two vacant territories in New York and New Jersey. Our selling organization is considered one of the most aggressive in the country. Compensation is on a commission basis, with an advance against commission. Applicant must have an automobile. Interviews only by written appointment. Write, giving detailed experience for at least 5 years. J 349 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—EXPERIENCED IN SELLING LEATHER LEGGINGS AND MILITARY EQUIPMENT ON DRAWING ACCOUNT, AGAINST COMMISSION; WE WANT A MAN CAPABLE OF EARNING NOT LESS THAN $5,000 A YEAR. A. B., 229 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALES MANAGERS.

Are you the type of man who can weigh a new proposition, analyze its earning powers, determine for yourself its possibilities, and act quickly in accordance with your judgments? Are you willing to establish your residence outside New York City? Have you the necessary ability to handle a large force of salesmen, doing intensive selling? Have you $2,500 which you can deposit in a bank in the city where your office is located, a small part of which to be used for initial expenses and the entire amount to be under your absolute control? If you can fulfill these conditions and are not adverse to an exceedingly lucrative income, we want to see you. O 197 Times.

SALESMEN.

American Can Co. have combined a popular-priced typewriter with their adding machines and have openings for a few live wires; $75 to $100 weekly is the average of the hustlers on straight commission; exclusive territory on our new sales plan means a gold mine to the boys with the punch; experience neither essential nor objectionable; apply by letter only for appointment. F. L. Sholes, 309 Broadway.

SALESMEN.

Men of strong personality, must be clean-cut and of good reputation, can earn $200 to $500 per week on commission; a good, square chance for promotion to executive positions with old-established banking house; good book, insurance, or advertising salesmen preferred; no advances; letters in confidence, telling what you have done. Address for interview T 387 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for manufacturing concern, established 15 years; live wire; capable directing, managing other men; initiative, good appearance, personality, fluent correspondent, broad traveling experience imperative; to call on first-class hotels, wholesale and retail drugs, confectionery trade; applicants who held similar or assistant's position; military exempt preferred; salary basis; state age, experience, salary in first letter. Address R. S., 207 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN TO COVER NEW ENGLAND AND NEW YORK STATE; WELL-KNOWN LINE OF GOLD FILLED AND STERLING JEWELRY AND NOVELTIES; MUST HAVE ACQUAINTANCE AMONG RETAIL JEWELERS; LIBERAL COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT; STATE EXPERIENCE AND GIVE REFERENCES IN FIRST LETTER. E. A. POTTER CO., PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SALESMEN.—Sheldon Organization, Aeolian Building, want five lecturing salesmen capable of selling a business training course in salesmanship, business efficiency, and character analysis to largest institutions; must be high grade, well educated, well dressed, and bear all the earmarks of financial success; to such men we will pay a salary and commission. Apply Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Suite 1049.

SALES AUDITOR.

A LARGE GROCERY HOUSE HAS GOOD OPENING FOR AN ASSISTANT SALES AUDITOR; MUST BE A MAN OF INTELLIGENCE AND EDUCATION, CAPABLE OF TAKING HOLD OF THE WORK PERSONALLY AND SUPERVISING THE WORK OF FORCE AUDITING SEVERAL THOUSAND SALE SLIPS A DAY; IN CONSIDERING APPLICANTS FOR THIS POSITION PREFERENCE WILL BE GIVEN TO THOSE HAVING HAD DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE; WHEN WRITING, STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, AND SALARY DESIRED. B. D., BOX 24 TIMES.

SALES MANAGER WANTED

BY AN OLD-ESTABLISHED HOUSE; MUST HAVE PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE IN HANDLING MEN AND DEVELOPING TERRITORY; PAST RECORDS MUST SHOW PROVEN RESULTS TO ENTERTAIN CONSIDERATION. ADDRESS, GIVING REFERENCES, &C., WHICH WILL BE TREATED STRICTLY CONDIFENTIAL, COTTON GOODS, E 57 TIMES.

SENIOR ACCOUNTANTS.

Prominent New York firm of public accountants requires senior for its permanent staff; consideration will be given only to applicants qualified by training and personality, and salary will be commensurate. State age, nationality, and experience in your letter. All information will be held in the strictest confidence. V 217 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SECOND-GRADE CLERK.
SALARY $600 TO $1,200.

Candidates must be between the ages of 17 and 25 years, and have a knowledge of elementary civics and general office routine. Subjects and weights: Arithmetic, 3; handwriting, 3; general paper, including letter, 4. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Nov. 22, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission, New York City.

SHIPPING CLERK ASSISTANT.

MUST BE QUICK WORKER; FAMILIAR WITH SHIPPING ROUTINE; GOOD HANDWRITING; SALARY, $12; PERMANENT POSITION WITH GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; INSTRUCTION IN FOREIGN LANGUAGES FREE. KRAUSE, 12 EAST 46TH ST.

SHIPPING CLERK, assist in large book store; good opportunity for advancement. Apply Henry Malkan, 42 Broadway.

SHOE BUYER.

MEN'S AND BOYS', WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S, FOR A PROGRESSIVE DEPARTMENT STORE.

X 228 TIMES ANNEX.

SHOE BUYER.
Mail order house wishes to install shoe department. Buyer with mail order experience necessary. State experience and salary expected. F 435 Times Annex.

SILK SALESMEN, experienced, with a following in the cutting-up trade; no beginners; commission; drawing account; state full particulars. M 115 Times.

SOCIAL SECRETARY WANTED.
Westerner wants social mentor; must be man of engaging personality, acquainted with persons of standing; prefer man between ages of 26 and 35. E 86 Times.

SOLICITORS who are capable of earning over $100 per week for industrial, economic proposition on a high-class daily New York newspaper; commission. Call Room 1022, 30 Broad St.

SOLICITOR wanted by furnished room agency to inspect and list rooms, west side; commission $40-$50 weekly. P 33 Times.

SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE.
Clean cut, capable, used to closing large deals and desiring to form a permanent connection with reliable company, to travel; business mainly done with bankers; will net right man commissions of $10,000 and expenses; state age and previous experience; replies confidential. X 224 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER,
CORRESPONDENT

wanted by Wall Street house; knowledge of dictaphone desirable; must be suggestive of developing into forceful correspondent; exceptional opportunity for man with ability and ambition to make a future for himself. State qualifications, experience, and salary expected. Address Box V 355 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—Wanted, in a banking institution, efficient stenographer and typist who has had office experience and who can handle real estate, mortgage, and fire insurance matters; initiative and executive ability will be duly appreciated and recognized; in answering please fully state extent and nature of present or past employment and what salary expected at start. Address C. H., P. O. Box 1,879, N. Y. City.

STENOGRAPHER AND CLERK
wanted for employment office of airplane engine manufacturer; will consider beginner; good chance for advancement; hours 8 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.; noon on Saturday; in reply state age, nationality, and antecedents, religion, details of experience, and salary desired. S. E., Post Office Box 50, Grand Central Station, New York.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER wanted as assistant to export manager in New York manufacturing concern; one with experience in export business and immune to or discharged from selective draft will receive preference; salary $18. V 255 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—An advertising agency man wants good stenographer of fair education, common sense, and initiative; good opportunity to learn business for bright young man; no advertising experience necessary; give full particulars, age, experience, and salary. F 422 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Unusual opportunity for young man of ability and ingenuity to advance into position of responsibility; must be able to correspond and handle general office work. Write, stating age, education, experience, and salary desired. M 141 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Large construction company has permanent position with exceptional future open to A1 man; one with some knowledge of bookkeeping and draft exempt preferred; salary, $90 per month to start. Address with full particulars, O 124 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, manufacturers' export department; knowledge foreign languages and export experience desirable, but not absolutely necessary; state age, nationality, religion, education, experience, salary. V 364 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER (experienced) and sales office assistant; excellent opportunity for advancement; state lowest acceptable present salary, experience, references, telephone number. J 318 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright young man, 18-20, neat and rapid; Underwood machine; state experience, references, and salary. M 129 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; young man, machinery experience; cahnce for advancement; state salary and qualifications. J 329 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Young men; high school graduates preferred; stock and bond house; good opportunity. Suite 401, 62 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST; state age, salary, experience; must be energetic. O 248 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, male, junior, rapid typist. Apply Room 401, 62 Broadway.

STOCK
SALESMEN,
ORGANIZERS,
PROMOTERS,
BRANCH MANAGERS,
complete corps best salesmen in America,
TO RAISE MILLIONS
to expand use proven equipment that saves 50% in material and labor;
LEADS FURNISHED;
liberal commission;
advance rapid fire follow-up letters.
DEMONSTRATION STORE,
CONCRETE SECURITIES CORPORATION,
284 BROADWAY, CORNER READE ST.
PHONE 3518 WORTH.

STOCK and ORDER CLERK, experienced; one who has been in either the wholesale notion or novelty goods line; steady position. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary expected. M 127 Times.

STOCK CLERK ASSISTANT.
Large dress house has opening for young man experienced in piece goods department; excellent opportunity; give reference. P. G., 216 Times Downtown.

Suit Buyer.

We have an opening for a Buyer to become the Manager of our Ladies' and Misses' Suit Department.

The position requires, first of all, a man of the RIGHT TYPE.

We want first a capable, brainy, clean-cut, and very high-grade young merchant who will fit into our organization.

Secondly, he must know Ladies' and Misses' Suits.

This position is, we believe, a real opportunity for a man with initiative. It will pay every cent a man is worth to start, and it will pay more just as fast as the man earns it. The kind of a man we want is probably holding a fairly good position today, but without the future prospects that this position offers.

We prefer a man from 30 to 40 years of age.

No personal applications will be considered. Apply by letter only—stating full details of your past work, present salary, &c. Your letter will be held strictly confidential, but to receive any attention, it must give us the information we require.

This position is open only for an exceptional man.

H. S. Rosenbaum, Vice Pres.,
NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO.,
Seventh Av., 24th and 25th Sts.,
New York City.

SYSTEMATIZER.—Prominent dress manufacturing concern seek young man with broad experience in the systematization position of entire plant, from correspondent department to piece stock room; must produce credentials from house where such work was done; no time for amateurs; only practical and experienced persons need apply; steady position; state salary [illegible]. F. [illegible] 189 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SUPERINTENDENT OF BUILDINGS.
We have a position for a man who is capable of becoming superintendent of several large office buildings in Boston. He must have had experience in making repairs, buying supplies, and handling employes in office buildings, and he must be an engineer with a first-class license and a good knowledge of all kinds of elevators. Salary at start $2,500. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, education, experience in detail, and salary now received. X 234 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT competent for a hospital in New York City; replies considered confidential. M. S., 218 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.
One who knows how to operate a switchboard; hours 7:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.; he is to relieve present operator at certain hours during the day and fill out his time otherwise in the office to do general office work; salary $15 per week. "T. O.," 219 Times Downtown.

TIMEKEEPER, one familiar with figuring piece work rates, for manufacturing concern at Long Island City. E 63 Times.

TINSELS AND REGALIA.
Salesman with established territory; only those with thorough knowledge these departments need apply; salary and commission. P 26 Times.

TOOL AND INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
High-class men for high-class work on fine apparatus; only men accustomed to using micrometer; 48 hours weekly; advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

TOOLMAKERS AND DIE SINKER BY LARGE HOUSE; NOT SUBJECT TO DRAFT; STEADY POSITION; GOOD PAY FOR SUITABLE PARTY. G. D., 275 TIMES.

TOOL DESIGNERS and draftsmen; $40-$56 week, including overtime. Interstate Service Co., 49 Weybosset St., Providence, R. I.

TOOLMAKERS.
49-hour week, time and a half for overtime. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Princes Bay, S. I.

TRAFFIC MAN, (assistant;) must be thoroughly experienced import and export detail; one with commercial experience preferred; state salary and reference. M 103 Times.

TRAVELING SALESMEN

Not over 45.
Territory—City of New York.
Acquaintance with trade not necessary.
Must furnish undoubted evidence of ability as salesman.
Position should be worth $5,000 or more to competent man.
State whether employed or not.
SALARY AND COMMISSION.
O 266 Times Downtown.

WANTED.
12 SALESMEN.

Must be men of more than ordinary ability—clean-cut, high-grade, ambitious. The opportunity offered will interest men of the highest calibre. Your earnings on a liberal commission basis will run into high figures if you possess real sales ability. One of our clients—a comparatively new corporation with large resources—engaged in furnishing advanced training in up-to-date business methods for executive officers, department heads, salesmen, correspondents, and others, has asked us to find 12 exceptional men to assist in expanding its already big success. If interested, it will pay you to tell us, in confidence, all about yourself. Write at once. Address Ruthrauff & Ryan, Department 123, 404 Fourth Av., New York, and we will place you in touch with our client.

WANTED, SILK & DRESS GOODS BUYER FOR McCREERY & CO., PITTSBURGH, PENN.

Man competent to fill this position must have had successful experience. Apply, in strictest confidence, by mail to Wm. T. Knott, 23-25 East 26th St., New York City.

WANTED, FOR A DEPARMENT STORE IN A NEW ENGLAND CITY OF 175,000 POPULATION, AN ACTIVE FURNITURE SALESMAN; SALARY. APPLY AT THE DRY GOODS ALLIANCE, 404 4TH AV., MONDAY, NOV. 19, BETWEEN 11:30 AND 1 P. M.

WATCHMAKERS.
A NUMBER OF WATCHMAKERS, EXPERIENCED ON AMERICAN AND SWISS WATCHES, ARE REQUIRED BY GIMBEL BROTHERS, NEW YORK.
PERMANENT POSITIONS.
GOOD SALARIES.
Apply Superintendent's office, fifth floor.

WATCHMAKERS, (3) expert, wanted in a large Middle Western city; state experience, salary, and references in your application; very good opportunity for the right men. X 260 Times Annex.

WE HAVE an opening for a high-grade retail salesman; the connection will be a permanent one with selling privileges covering a large territory for the Mercer Car; salary and commission.
WHITING MOTOR COMPANY,
352 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

WINDOW DRESSER.—Druggist having several stores requires the services of a wide-awake man capable of developing sales, making displays of merchandise; must be card writer also; state particulars; good salary and permanent position to right man. Kalish Pharmacy, 23d St. and 4th Av.

WINDOW CLEANER, with large organization, hours 7 to 5; salary $15 a week. Call Room 802 Times Annex, 229 West 43d St.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years of age, in office of wholesale hardware firm, to learn the hardware business, for which thorough training is necessary; high school graduate or attendant preferred; fixed line of promotion, starting on mailing desk at $8 per week, with advance in pay and position in three months, and again in six months. Address O 335 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (16-18,) in office of large corporation. Good opportunity for one ambitious and industrious. State full particulars. Address W 169 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH AMMONIA FITTINGS AND REFRIGERATING MACHINE PARTS; TO ACT AS CLERK AND TIMEKEEPER ON OUT-OF-TOWN CONTRACTS; WILL BE REQUIRED TO FURNISH BOND; STATE SALARY, EXPERIENCE, AND REFERENCES. ADDRESS W. A. P., BOX O 286 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, (16-18,) in office of large corporation. Good opportunity for one ambitious and industrious. State full particulars. Address W 169 Times.

YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 21, IN OFFICE OF PROMINENT NEWARK FIRM; SHOULD KNOW SOMETHING OF BOOKKEEPING AND GENERAL OFFICE ROUTINE AND HAVE THE ABILITY TO DEVELOP INTO A GOOD CORRESPONDENT; MENTION AGE AND SALARY. J 344 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, with talent for drawing, in architect's office; one who would come as student preferred. H. T. Lindeberg, 2 West 47th St.

YOUNG MAN, OFFICE EXPERIENCE. APPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING, E. D., 38 NORTH MOORE ST., NEW YORK CITY.

YOUNG MAN.—Stenographer, typewriter; insurance; state salary, references. Z. G., 2,960 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN.—Good education, to look after sample line fine knit underwear and learn to sell. E 14 Times.

YOUNG MAN for work in stock and shipping department; state full particulars. J 346 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in manufacturing shop office to work on stock records; state full particulars. J 347 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted for office in jobbing house; good salary; excellent opportunity. J. H. S., P. O. Box 1,584, New York City.

YOUNG MAN for general office work; one familiar with telephone touch switchboard. J 316 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in credit dept. of dry goods house; state previous employment, salary. O 350 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with some knowledge of typewriting and figuring discounts, to assist in office work. Address Hardware, 84 White St.

YOUNG MAN, 16-18 YEARS, FOR STOCK IN LARGE WHOLESALE SILK HOUSE. O 184 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN with some knowledge of export business; state experience, &c. O 263 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, selling experience, for military supplies; salary and commission. Strong Razor Co., 155 Lafayette St.

YOUNG MAN as assistant shipping clerk; must be accurate. Otto H. Dryfoos & Son, 215 4th Av.

YOUNG MECHANIC or tool maker, with good personality, who is desirous of becoming sales engineer. O 352 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MEN, AMBITIOUS AND ENERGETIC, TO LEARN ELECTRICAL WIRING AND TESTING; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT; THOSE HAVING SOME HIGH SCHOOL TRAINING PREFERRED. J 336 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MEN WITH HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION; $8-$9 TO START; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES TO ADVANCE ALONG ENGINEERING LINES. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St.; 6 blocks south of 14th St.

YOUNG MEN OF 17 OR 18 YEARS IN WHOLESALE RIBBON HOUSE. PROSPECTS OF GOING ON THE ROAD IN A FEW MONTHS AFTER THEY LEARN THE LINE. NONE BUT INTELLIGENT, CLEAN-CUT PERSONS WILL BE CONSIDERED. M 81 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, (18-20;) statistical work; wholesale house lower Bronx; experience not absolutely required, but preferable; accuracy, neatness, and thorough, sincere application to work will mean good future; state salary. H. O. Z., 234 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Mercantile agency wants young man as investigator and reporter, some experience preferred, although experience not essential; small salary to start with; opportunity for advancement. Reply in own handwriting, stating age and complete business experience, and salary expected. O 339 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.
College education preferred, draft exempt, to take charge of sales promotion by mail, by large, old established varnish house; must have follow-up experience, ability to write sales getting letters and folders, and general advertising aptitude; excellent opportunity. V 265 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted as general worker in flour and feed mill located at Port Murray, N. J.; excellent opportunity for advancement and to acquire a thorough knowledge of the business; salary $50 per month. Box A. L., 72 Times.

YOUNG MAN, OVER 16, AMERICAN; CLERICAL POSITION, WITH LARGE CONCERN; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; $7 TO START; STATE AGE AND REFERENCES. L. D., P. O. BOX 1,395, MANHATTAN.

YOUNG MEN with wide business acquaintance wanted to sell high-grade standard brand Christmas candy during spare time; attractive proposition; commission basis. Call evenings or write A. R. Adams, 561 Walton Av., New York City.

YOUNG MAN, 17-19 years of age, accounting department large insurance brokerage office; must be rapid, accurate figurer, having fair knowledge bookkeeping; state nationality, references, present salary. O 343 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for accounting department of large fire insurance company; must be well educated and write a neat hand; state age, education, experience, and salary desired. V 382 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for general office work with firm of accountants; knowledge stenography and typewriting; state experience, education, nationality, and salary expected. O 145 Times.

YOUNG MAN for junior clerical work and errands; opportunity for advancement to the clerical staff of the company; salary, $30 per month. Please call 11th floor, 207 West 25th St.

YOUNG MAN for general clerical work in order and cost department of large manufacturing concern; state experience and salary desired; good chance advancement. B A S 276 Times.

YOUNG MAN—OFFICE WORK.
Must be experienced; good opportunity for ambitious youth. Answer in detail, stating salary desired. Copper, O 271 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 17 years, American, for office work; good opportunity to learn and advancement; address in own handwriting, stating experience and salary desired. V 339 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in export forwarding house to assist in waybill department, who can use typewriter; reply in own handwriting, stating age, salary, and experience. V 329 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN as junior clerk in purchasing department electrical supply house; state experience, age, and salary expected; splendid opportunity. O 293 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to assist in insurance office; must be neat penman and good at figures; state experience and salary expected. Junior, P. O. Box 1,425, N. Y. City.

YOUNG MAN.—Large mercantile business has opening for young man; opportunity for right man to advance; state salary. V 354 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17 to 18, good at figures, wanted by large corporation; good advancement, hours, and surroundings. R. N., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

YOUNG MEN can earn holiday money selling exclusive line neckwear to acquaintances or fellow-employes; profitable commission. E 43 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20-21,) energetic, good appearance, outside position; good salary; rapid advancement; state former experience and phone number. V 353 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN of responsibility, thoroughly qualified to take charge of a modern braid factory; excellent remuneration and prospects for the proper person. M 74 Times.

YOUNG MAN experienced in woolen department of large cloak house; must be well recommended; permanent position. Write G. B. G. Mfg. Co., 15 East 26th St.

YOUNG MAN, about 17, good penman and good at figures, in office of mercantile concern; good opportunity; salary to start, $9. O 311 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17 to 20 years, for clerical work; salary to start, $35 per month. Address in own handwriting, Smith, O 289 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Wall St. bank has opening for young man, 16-19, of good family; state full particulars. Box 36 Wall St. Post Office.

Employment Agencies.

MANAGER for branch office in Japan; broad-gauged executive, experienced in buying and selling in the Far East; single man preferred; $5,000.
SALESMAN.—Must have engineering training and successful record as a salesman for materials used in concrete construction; for Philippines; $5,000.
BUYER with good export experience in purchasing grocery specialties; aged, 30-35; $2,400.
ACCOUNTANTS.—Cost accountants, automobile experience preferred, location 15 miles from New York, $2,500; (3) cost accountants, $1,500-$2,000; experienced senior, semi-senior, and junior accountants, salaries commensurate; (4) general accountants, $18-$25; (1) knowledge of stenography, $25.
BOOKKEEPERS.—(1) with at least 5 years' experience in export, $2,500; (1) Brooklyn, $25; (1) Jersey City, $18; (3) ledger clerks, $15-$18; others, $18-$25.
CLERKS.—Production, $15; typist, $18; payroll, $15; time, $15; voucher register, $18-$22; stock, $15; credit, $15; cost, $18.
PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC.,
30 Church St.
Call in person, 9 to 2.

THE NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE
PLACED DURING OCTOBER 286 "ABOVE THE AVERAGE" WOMEN IN POSITIONS CALLING FOR EXECUTIVES, SECRETARIES, STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, TYPISTS, FILE CLERKS, TELEPHONE OPERATORS, &C., &C., AT SALARIES RANGING FROM $8-$10 PER WEEK TO $1,500 PER YEAR.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 30 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 1, ROOM 725.

MEN, high class; positions abroad; assistant supervising sales manager; thorough knowledge machinery, knowing Japan; experienced import, export; $5,000; same position in Australia, $4,000; civil engineer, selling, experience, concrete reinforcing material, knowing builders, architects, of Far East, $5,000; buyer, groceries, in New York for export, $2,400; elderly man, good appearance, information desk, $18; cost clerks, junior accountants. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

TEACHERS OF BUSINESS ENGLISH
wanted—a few competent male teachers to conduct English classes in business organizations; must be college graduates, with academic and, if possible, business experience; vigorous personality most important. Address, giving qualifications in detail, J 342 Times Downtown.

Foreign Exchange Bank work, good salary; Auditor, machinery accounts, Hoboken, $30; Credit Man for bank, salary depends upon ability; many other positions at good salaries open. Business Opportunity Co. Agency, 203 Broadway. Coultaus & Masterson, proprietors.

BOOKKEEPERS, (2,) $30; accountants, (steamship,) (publishing;) bookkeeper, (export;) typist, (railroad,) $20; clerks, $20-$25; stock head, (automobiles;) 5 ledger clerks, $15-$20; cost clerk, $18; bank men. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

OPPORTUNITIES.—Accountants, Bank Bookkeepers, Secretaries, Clerical workers, Draftsmen, Pay Roll and Material Clerks, Checkers, 50 boys. Business Service Bureau, 309 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

C. P. HASSON,
J. J. McLAUGHLIN.

Senior Accountant, $3,000; Assistant, public accounting experience, $1,800; Accountant, manufacturing experience, $3,250; Accountant, traveling, $1,800 and expenses; Accountant and Assistant Office Manager, $1,800; Bookkeeper for South America, $1,500-$1,800; Bookkeeper, knowledge Spanish and French, $1,500; Bookkeeper, experienced manufacturing furniture business, $1,300; Bookkeeper, manufacturing experience, for Brooklyn, $1,200; Bookkeeper, for controlling accounts, (middle age,) $1,200; Junior Accountants, (2,) with P A. experience, $1,500; Bookkeepers, (5,) $18-$22; many good positions for Assistant Bookkeepers and clerks, (experienced and inexperienced,) salaries, $10-$18.

Stenographers, (2,) $2,100; one for Russia and one for South America; Spanish-English Stenographer for Spain, $1,800; Stenographer, technical, Jersey City, $1,100; Stenographer, knowledge of Spanish invoicing, $1,300; Stenographer, Wall St. experience, $1,300; Stenographer, Spanish, (prefers native,) $1,500.

College Men, (3,) executive ability; experience unimportant, $1,800; Foremen, (5,) young men with manufacturing experience, $1,300-$1,500; Cost Clerks, (7,) manufacturing experience, $1,300; Import Clerk, sales ability, experienced customs and warehouse, $1,300; Clerk, experienced in catalogue "make up," $1,300; Clerks, (2 or 3,) year checking credits, $1,300; Spanish Invoice Clerk, $1,300; Editor for Spanish paper, Ohio, $1,800-$1,800; Clerk, experienced invoice Spanish and French, $1,500; Receiving Clerks, (3,) $15; Shipping Clerks, (4,) $15; Stationery Stock Clerk, $70-$75 month; Clerk, railroad freight or passenger experience, $75 month; Clerk and Stenographer, $18; Export Clerk, $18-$20; Import Clerk, $18-$20; Bill Clerk-Typist, $17-$18; Clerk for averaging accounts, $18; Clerk, some stenography, correspondent, $80 month.

CALL 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

THE NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE

PLACED DURING OCTOBER 698 "ABOVE THE AVERAGE" MEN AND WOMEN IN POSITIONS CALLING FOR EXECUTIVES, TECHNICAL MEN OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, SALESMEN, ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS, CLERKS, &C., AT SALARIES RANGING FROM $8-$10 PER WEEK TO $12,000 PER YEAR.

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HIRST EXCHANGE, 95 Liberty St.—Bkpr.-accts., (2,) France, $1,800; marine engine draftsmen, 5 yrs.' exp., $180 mo.; 75 draftsmen, hull and marine engine; designer, large machinery, $125-$150; mining engineers, $200 mo. and expenses; mach'y salesmen, $25-$35; structural steel detail draftsmen, attractive salaries; appraisal and inventory men, $100 mo. and expenses; information doorman, $15-$20; junior clerks and office boys, $10. Register free.

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MECHANICAL ENGINEER, late college professor, teaches machine design, tools, drafting, mathematics. E 30 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

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MEN AND YOUNG MEN wanted, married or single, for good-paying, healthful outdoor positions in agricultural work: farm managers, orchardists, landscape gardeners, beekeepers, farm engineers, herdsmen, greenhouse managers, civil service in agriculture, "farmhands," &c.; some with house and living provided free. Your chance to save—to help win the war—to make yourself independent for life. We can qualify you. We teach farming by mail, all branches, the successful scientific methods; 40 different courses. Free Employment and Consultation Bureaus for students. Write for our interesting book, "Modern Farming: The Salaried Man's Opportunity." American Farmers School, 786 Laird Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

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AGENTS wanted for very fine proposition, particularly among foreigners all over the United States; good salesmen can make over $100 per week; write or apply personally to J. D. Caldara, Manager Foreign Dept., O. E. Chaney & Co., 35 Wall St., New York City.

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SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ACCOUNTANT.—Competent, reliable, with practical business and college training, wishes connection, part time; real and time-saving systems devised and installed. N. Stember, 443 4th Av. Madison Square 4433.

ACCOUNTANT, Mr. C. P. A.: Can you use an experienced junior? A. P., Times Harlem.

APARTMENT MANAGER.—Wanted, by efficient and experienced woman, the residential management of high-class apartment buildings. P. O. Box 52, Springfield, Mass.

ASSISTANT or manager of lunch or tea room by strong young woman with good record in such work; understands management of kitchen; salary moderate. Telephone Columbus 2920, Apartment 4 East.

ATTENDANT to invalid lady by refined woman; part, whole day. Travis, 155 West 129th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Five years' experience; understands controlling accounts; latest methods; complete charge office; first-class references. R. R., Room 822, 47 West 34th St. Greeley 2156.

BOOKKEEPER, cost accountant; experience corporation controlling accounts, financial statements; monthly balances rendered; good references; $22. V 315 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—13 years' experience, double entry; controlling accounts, trial balance; open, close books; modern methods; $18. V 346 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Qualified by 12 years' experience; double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance; working knowledge stenography; $18. V 347 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, capable entire charge books, office; correspondence without dictation; long experience; references; salary, $25. E 117 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography; 3 years' experience; willing, conscientious; $15. V 270 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced mfg., sales office; accurate; capable taking charge; $20. O 107 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thorough, accurate; five years' experience; best reference. A 64 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, thoroughly experienced, desires position reputable concern; $18. V 258 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Four years' experience, trial balance; capable taking charge full set of books. Intervale 4856. O 152 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, thoroughly experienced; executive ability; trial balances; A1 references. O 297 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Five years' experience; full charge; high school education; also stenographer; $20. E 87 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—5 years' experience; reliable; best reference; $14-$15. E 45 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Christian; double entry; 5 years' practical experience; best reference. V 241 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; thoroughly experienced; can take full charge; $16. V 330 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer.—Competent; 6 years' experience; controlling accounts, trial balance. O 116 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, experienced both branches; complete charge office. Individual, 162 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, thoroughly competent. Morris, 153 Hope St., Brooklyn.

COLORED GIRL, neat, wants half-time place in bachelor apartment; references. Call, write M. Best, 243 West 30th St.

COLORED GIRL wishes half-time place. H. Morse, 51 Manhattan Av.

COLORED WOMAN.—Half time; afternoons; references. S. Dean, 235 West 63d.

COMPANION.—A young woman of refinement, wants position as companion to lady; sews well or will manage small home; a wonderful housekeeper; fine cook; will go out of city; reference exchanged. X 290 Times Annex.

COMPANION, secretary, or similar commercial position desired by intelligent young lady; many years' experience; speaking several languages; best of references. O 295 Times Downtown.

COMPANION, &c.—Lady of excellent birth, bright, cheerful disposition and executive ability, as social adviser and companion to wealthy woman; references exchanged. M. L. B., 1,364 Broadway.

COMPANION-ATTENDANT, French-Swiss, wishes part time position, preferably afternoons; long experience, especially with ladies suffering of the nerves; best references. Companion, 70 West 68th. Col. 7479.

COMPANION.—A companionable, intelligent American, refined personality, desires position as useful companion; excellent needle woman; capable. Phone Cath. 3006.

COMPANION.—Refined American widow, middle-aged, as companion to lady alone or semi-invalid; $40 salary. X 283 Times Annex.

COMPANION or general manageress, gentlewoman alone, wishes position in private family; will travel; open to suggestions. Dodsworth, 358 Circle.

COMPANION, child's nurse, visiting nurse, woman of culture; eight years' experience. E 23 Times.

COMPANION.—Refined young Swiss girl; willing to help in house; can sew; accomplished in different arts. W 175 Times.

COMPANION.—Lady would like position as companion. Address B., 27 East 43d St., Bayonne, N. J.

COMPANION.—Position as companion and secretary wanted by gentlewoman of education. W 136 Times.

COMPETENT, reliable, trustworthy American woman, assist in household duties, sewing, or mother's helper; best references. P 18 Times.

COOK.—Country; American, Protestant; economical, reliable; good cook and baker; private family; good references. Brown, 805 6th Av.

COOK.—Protestant, fully competent; city, country; highest recommendations. O 301 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, &c.—Capable correspondent and secretary; salary $20. P 27 Times.

CULTURED WOMAN as supervisor of gentleman's home, motherless children, or useful companion; highest personal references as to character and ability. X 229 Times Annex.

DAY'S WORK or part time; reliable; reference. Adkins, 43 West 66th St.

DRESSMAKER.—Gowns and suits, made and remodeled swiftly, newest designs, thoroughly competent. Oub, 601 West 180th. Audubon 580.

DRESSMAKER, perfect, Russian, willing to sew for large family, help housework, care children. Romansoff, 63 McClellan Place, Long Island City.

DRESSMAKER.—Expert street, evening gowns, tailor suits, wraps; remodeling specialty; out; chaperone ladies evenings; highest references. F 428 Times Annex.

DRESSMAKER, very fashonable designer, owner wonderful corset patent, would associate with party in need of associate. E 35 Times.

DRESSMAKER, the very finest; fit, style, lines, right finish, will sew; country; fine private family only. O 168 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Experienced, home, out; references, $2.50. Conway, 102 Greenwich Av., West 12th St.

DRESSMAKER.—Reliable, English, long experience; out by day, $4. Morris, 636 West 179th. Telephone 3126 St. Nicholas.

DRESSMAKER.—Competent; gowns, suits, remodeling; home, out; references. Morningside 4860, Apartment 23.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

DRESSMAKER, experienced designer; remodelling; day work; references. Address Gilliland, 471 West 147th.

DRESSMAKER-SEAMSTRESS.—By day, $2; alter, make over. Dressmaker, 28 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Quick, experienced, by day, city or country. Dorsey, 209 West 94th.

DRESSES MADE.—One day out; $4. Write Miss Longmate, 153 West 97th.

ENGLISH LADY, returning South America, would act as companion or maid, return for fare. B., 494 Columbus Av.

EXECUTIVE.

Young lady, lawyer, college education, stenographer, understands bookkeeping, has 9 years' thorough general business training, desires position of responsibility requiring ability, personality, tact, use of sound business judgment and common sense. Room 517, Hotel Martha Washington.
Tel. Madison Square 6500.

EXECUTIVE.

SECRETARY, or EXECUTIVE position desired by college woman with knowledge of stenography and typewriting; speaking fluent French and German; possessing tact, initiative, and organizing powers; connection with publishing house preferred; capable conducting entire correspondence and assuming absolute charge; has reported for New York newspaper and had magazine experience. T 336 Times Downtown.

EXPERIENCED refined woman would like position with children; also manage small, refined home. W 153 Times.

GOVERNESSES.—The Agricultural and Industrial Labor Relief, 1,123 Broadway, Suite 607, is anxious to find places for German governesses, some speaking French also. Write, call, or phone Farragut 9777. All services rendered free.

GOVERNESS, &c.—Young lady, highly cultured, seeks position as high-class governess, companion, social secretary; tutor of French, English, German, music, painting, typewriting; excellent references. O 111 Times.

GOVERNESS.—In return for room and board a teacher would attend children after school till bedtime; piano, homework, walking, physical care. C Times Harlem.

GOVERNESS.—Lady wishes to recommend French governess, very fond of children; best references. 45 East 84th. Tel. Lenox 7611.

GOVERNESS, experienced, English, French, German, physical care; city reference. Address M. K., care Mrs. Beck, 200 West 86th St. Phone 5200 Schuyler.

GOVERNESS.—French governess, excellent references, English, Spanish, some music. Deguerce, 221 West 23d St.

GOVERNESS.—Parisienne college graduate, visiting governess; French, German, English. Pianist, 508 Amsterdam Av.

GOVERNESS-TEACHER.—European college graduate; perfect French, English; children and adults; highest references. O 162 Times.

GOVERNESS.—Thorough French visiting governess. Mme. P., 221 West 121st, care of Jackson.

GRADUATE NURSE.—Wide experience; excellent credentials; offers part time, preferably 10 to 3 daily; competent to superintend household management, refined family. O 342 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Would keep house for doctor's office without pay, (also answer phone, keep records, make appointments, &c.,) or for refined person, in return home privileges for refined couple. If this should catch the eye of and interest a LADY or GENTLEMAN who would care to offer a REAL exchange along these lines, please communicate with MANNEBORN, 310 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Experienced women, institutional work, schools or hospitals preferred; state salary. Apply J. E., Tyndall Hotel, 58 East 102d St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Competent American woman as working housekeeper; business people preferred; reference present employer. W 195 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, companion, seamstress, refined, trustworthy American; city or country. H 140 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, (Managing.)—Practical, experienced woman, well recommended, desires position. Housekeeper, 17 East 63d.

HOUSEKEEPER, young widow, with little girl; refined family. Manning, 751 Courtlandt Av.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, and homemaker, by experienced gentlewoman; references. Presby Orian, 505 West 111th St.

HOUSEKEEPER wishes position in hotel or club; 12 years' experience; best reference. S. H., Times Harlem.

HOUSEWORKER, &c.—Lady wishes to place excellent houseworker and young daughter, latter available for light housework or care of children after school hours. E 37 Times.

HOUSEWORKER.—Care apartment few afternoons, business people, studios. Adams, 575 West 172d.

LADY wishes position as companion, secretary, chaperon, or supervise a home where servants are kept; best references. X 246 Times Annex.

LADY, typewriting work during afternoons for a reasonable compensation. F 415 Times Annex.

LADY'S MAID.—German Protestant, competent, wishes position in private house. Write S. H., care Cillis, 169 Amsterdam Av.

LADY wishes sewing; handy with needle; alterations specialty. Smith, 20 West 98th.

LAUNDRESS.—High-class wash taken home; 14 years' references. Call Saxton, 4,521 Carpenter Av., Bronx.

LAUNDRESS, colored, wants day's work; good worker. I. S., care Martin, 138 West 93th St.

LAUNDRESS.—French, fancy laundress, at home; silk finery. Mme. Jeanne, 354 West 44th St.

LOOK!—Office position wanted where experience, tact, energy, poise, executive ability count. Gaston, 452 West 149th St.

MATRON, or position of trust; experienced; by practical American. Address E 13 Times.

NEAT, refined girl, half time caring for apartment, studio, or lodging house; references. Thomas, 319 West 40th St.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, (American,) seeks position to one or two children, where she can have mornings off; French, piano. Address Box 822 Times, 2 Rector St.

NURSE, &c.—By a refined, capable English woman, position of trust, nurse, attendant, useful companion, or care of motherless children; highest references. O 190 Times.

NURSE wishes position, with invalid, companion, experienced, refined, cheerful and obliging; willing to travel; Protestant; references. X 291 Times Annex.

NURSE, refined, experienced for children from 15 months up, excellent references, willing to go South or West; letters only. Miss K., 878 3d Av.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Refined North German, experienced physical care, entire charge; good sewer; best references. R. M., 213 East 48th.

NURSE, graduate, with 8 years' experience, wants position caring for chronic invalid. Address Graduate, X 219 Times Annex.

NURSE.—Undergraduate; two years' training; free to travel or nurse in doctor's office. W 155 Times.

NURSE.—Infants, trained, wishes position; first-class reference. Please call or write Sunday, Monday. Proy, 22 Columbus Av.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, American, middle age; reliable; 9 years' reference. 263 West 24th. Chelsea 2606.

NURSE.—Practical; invalids or convalescents; hospital experience; highest recommendations. M 147 Times.

NURSE.—Undergraduate, five years experience; references. J., 339 West 30th.

NURSE.—Companion to adult; good sewer; cheerful; Protestant. W 193 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—LEDGER CLERK.—4 years' experience; accurate; references; $12. E 102 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Four years chemical; neat, clean-cut; Christian; $10. W 168 Times.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE.
18 years' business experience; highly recommended; systematizer, organizer; accustomed directing and tactfully getting the maximum out of large working forces; understand mail order and publishing business, but capable of taking hold of any proposition where I could handle a volume of detail work; salary $35. O 257 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Twelve years' experience, commercial and advertising, correspondence, follow-ups, interviewing clients, promoting business, &c.; moderate salary; highest references. O 204 Times Downtown.

PARISIAN LADY, high school graduate, wishes position; companion or governess; $50 monthly. Oliver, 320 Blum St., Union Hill, N. J.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Woman familiar with all agencies along philanthropic lines, an excellent correspondent, tactful, and capable, wants position as private secretary. W 159 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Stenographer who also held responsible clerical position desires to become private secretary; 9 years' experience. O 130 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, 32, married; capable stenographer; salary, $28. V 373 Times Downtown.

RESPONSIBLE office position desired by young lady; exceptional ability; capable of taking charge; salary $20. O 98 Times.

SEAMSTRESS, artistic; evening, theatre gowns, coats, waists; home, out; reasonable. Ryan, 78 West 50th.

SECRETARIAL, stenographer; lady, (25,) college education, some experience, desires permanent position; $12. Rhoda, 708 Lexington Av. Telephone Plaza 1927.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; 5 years' experience; quick, accurate; references. Room 720, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

SECRETARY.
American woman, college graduate, with 5 years' experience in secretarial and executive work, wishes position as secretary. Excellent stenographer, capable correspondent. Best references. R. Rowell, Room 1206, 505 5th Av.

SECRETARY.
Young woman, having ten years' experience in stenography, bookkeeping, secretaryship, and general office management, wishes to connect with a reliable firm as secretary to the head of the firm, or in some position of responsibility and trust. E 114 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, correspondent; technical, professional, corporative, commercial; young woman, highly educated, with initiative, executive ability and experience, knowledge of French, desires responsible position; best credentials. Box 149 Times.

SECRETARY, &c.—Englishwoman, well educated, literary, speaking French, German, stenographer, typist, good reader, desires position as secretary or companion-secretary; highest personal references. E 69 Times.

SECRETARY.—Capable assistant to busy man; stenographic record; statistical experience; $20; present employed. V 313 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer, wishes position where refinement and capability are required; adaptable; over four years' experience in this capacity; salary, $18. E 98 Times.

SECRETARY, good executive, well educated, widely experienced; accustomed to handling correspondence and take full charge; $25. F 896 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Young woman, Christian, has education, tact, can write any sort of letter, meet people as you like to have them met. O 70 Times.

SECRETARY-EXECUTIVE.—Capable assistant to busy man; stenographer, typist; experienced, tactful, resourceful; $20. C. D. 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 22, well educated, American, tactful, thoroughly experienced, accountant to executive; salary $22. Telephone Flatbush 8551.

SECRETARY, stenographer, 18 years law, technical experience, desires responsible position. F 398 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter desires position; ten years' experience electrical and machinery lines; exceptional references; salary, $20. O 229 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, DESIRES LOCATION REPUTABLE CONCERN; $18. O 275 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—Accurate, rapid, conscientious worker; five years' good business training; capable take charge office details; $15. V 242 Times Downtown.

STEOGRAPHER, eight years' experience, efficient, accurate, neat, seeks permanent position with large corporation; salary $18-$20. V 280 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Long experience; thoroughly competent and reliable; will give you service you are looking for; $20. O 85 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; knowledge bookkeeping, general office work; three years one firm; excellent references; $15. O 308 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable correspondent, experienced, tactful, conscientious young woman, desires suitable permanent business connection; references. B. 62, 1,515 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge machinery and engineering experience; good reference; $22. O 340 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge bookkeeping; five years' experience; efficient; high school graduate. Miss A. B., 2,694 5th Av. Harlem 7841.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY desires position in law office; 10 years' experience; salary $25 week. Stenographer, Room 314, 80 Church Street, New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; academic education; good initiative; executive and unusual ability; $18. O 272 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Secretary.—Experienced, Christian; academic education; five years' experience; good address; highest references. O 364 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, real estate; excellent grammarian; competent, tactful; Christian; salary $18. F 437 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced and competent; good education; willing worker; $15. Miss F., 224 West 42d St. Bryant 1319.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Commercial and architectural experience; educated, efficient; $20-$25. V 345 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent worker, above average ability, seeks good connection; $16. O 324 Times Downtown.

STENO.—7 years' technical experience, accustomed rapid dictation; efficient; $18-$20. V 325 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school education; intelligent worker; neat, willing; references; $14. V 342 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience present position; satisfactory references; $18-$20. V 311 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; high school education; good references. O 278 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, 4 years' experience, accurate, quick; $16. O 315 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY desires position; five years' experience; can assume responsibilities. P 3 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian, good address, academic education; handle any work; $18. V 359 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Office Assistant.—Experienced; neat, accurate; hard worker; references. W 167 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—2½ years' experience; can assist on books; reference; $12. E 46 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; excellent reference, former employer; $16. Apt. 23, 420 West 129th St.

STENOGRAPHER, ten years' experience, neat, rapid, accurate, desires position with reliable firm; $18. V 327 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; conscientious, reliable; references; $15. O 246 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Bookkeeper, Secretary.—Capable holding position of responsibility and trust. W 165 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, capable, formerly with banking institution; neat; $18. V 288 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 18, neat, accurate, rapid; year's experience; moderate salary. E 24 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, $10; experienced, capable, industrious, refined, live wire, American. V 304 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, filing clerk; engineering, law experience; competent; reliable; references. V 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Six years' experience; capable, energetic, tactful; good personality; highest credentials. F 426 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, neat, familiar with office work; $12. Advertiser, 830 West 141st St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; bright, neat Christian girl; beginner; no agency; $[illegible]. O 344 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eight years; expert; executive ability. Box 20, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; neat, accurate, conscientious; $14. R. S. 197 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; refined, efficient; high school graduate; six years experience. L. R., 249 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; accurate; salary $12; references. O 29[illegible] Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; high school education; references; $12. O 351 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Secretary.—High school education; thoroughly efficient; references; employed; $17. E 108 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—5 years' experience, accurate, ambitious; salary $15. R. F., 8[illegible] Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—American, Christian; experienced, capable, educated; law or commercial; $25. V 363 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, possessing initiative, executive ability, wide experience; $20 start. F 393 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' patent law, engineering, brokerage experience; efficient; $18. P 37 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—An efficient, conscientious worker; 8½ years' experience; salary, $18. E 491 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, experienced, engineering, technical lines college education, desires position. O [illegible] Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; hard worker, accurate, neat; references; $14. O 291 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced and reliable; secretarial work preferred; $21. N 157 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, neat appearance; familiar with office work; $12. V [illegible]57 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, wishes position between hours of 9 and 3. N 386 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Efficient; high school graduate; experienced; salary $12. H. E., Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Thorough mercantile experience; refined, clean-cut American. Competent. 91 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience; Christian; neat, accurate, reliable, willing; $14. O 260 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; experienced social, commercial fields; references; $18. 893 Irvine St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, with some experience, wants position. Address W 197 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, will take dictation three hours daily; neat typing at home; engineering, naval construction, advertising, publishing, exporting, literary; MSS. revised; dignified business-building letters of unusual selling power written; research work; forceful advertising copy. O 349 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' legal experience; Underwood typewriter; refined young woman, good education; references; salary not primary consideration; congenial surroundings; half day Saturday desired. Address M. E. P., 328 East 87th St., city.

STENOGRAPHER, Typist, Assistant Bookkeeper. — Rapid, accurate, neat; willing worker; 3 years' experience; reference; $14. R. B., 19 Humboldt St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, Bookkeeper.—Three years' experience; high school graduate; accurate, rapid; A1 references; $16. Initiative, V 237 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; ACCUSTOMED DETAIL WORK; LONG EXPERIENCE; REFERENCES; $16. V 212 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER; Telephone Switchboard Operator seeks position where neatness, trustworthiness, and intelligent discretion will be appreciated. O 134 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, aged 22, accurate, rapid, competent, punctual, conscientious, and industrious; 6 years' experience; $18; agencies ignored. V 292 Times Downtown.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D ST.,
require intelligent Saleswomen of good appearance for
ART EMBROIDERIES,
JEWELRY,
LEATHER GOODS,
STATIONERY, AND
HANDKERCHIEFS.
Apply after 9 A. M. at Employes' entrance, West 43d St., near 5th Av.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—CAN HANDLE BUSY BOARD; REFINED, NEAT, COURTEOUS; $10. V 225 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Four years' experience; good clerical worker; age 20; excellent references; Christian; $10. O 303 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, Typist, General Office Assistant.—Reliable, willing; references; $10. E 103 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Handle busy board; understands filing, office duties; references. O 365 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, file clerk; capable and experienced; American, Christian; $15. P 26 Times.

TACTFUL, intelligent woman; good reader; attend invalid; would travel or take any position of trust. A. X., Times Harlem.

TEACHER, English, to business people, foreigners, by experienced public school teacher; highest references. Address Expert, 622 West 114th St.

TEACHER.—College graduate; public school methods; all branches; coaching. Expert, Times Harlem.

TWO refined Scandinavian women wish positions in good homes. Tel. Greeley 3439.

TYPIST. — Experienced filing, knowledge stenography; reference present employer, $12-$14. W 185 Times.

TYPIST-OFFICE ASSISTANT.
A conscientious, hard worker; four years' experience; some stenography. W 119 Times.

TYPEWRITER, stenographer, and office assistant; experienced; Christian; salary, $12. O 357 Times Downtown.

TYPIST and office assistant, experienced; $10 to start; competent. V 351 Times Downtown.

VISITING COMPANION.—Cheerful, capable woman of education and refinement wants position; speaks Spanish, English, French. M 84 Times.

VISITING GOVERNESS, &c.—Parisian lady, (28,) educated, languages, diplomatist, references, desires serious, refined city position visiting governess, companion, interpreter. V 246 Times Downtown.

WHAT HAVE you to make? I will design and remodel gowns at your home. C. D. G., 40 West 12th St.

YEARS' EXPERIENCE SECRETARY, ASSISTANT MANAGER, EFFICIENCY, EXECUTIVE ABILITY, THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OFFICE ROUTINE, PERSONALITY, TACT; KNOWLEDGE SPANISH; SALARY $2,000 YEARLY. F 382 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG LADY, college graduate, taught 4 years in high school, traveled, knows French, German, Russian, some Spanish, and Italian, excellent correspondent, desires suitable position; clerical or literary. X. O., 2,960 3d Av.

YOUNG LADY, (18,) graduate of Washington Irving, unusually careful and painstaking, unquestionable references, desires position in banking or business institution which offers a future. M. G. C., 48 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, college graduate, stenographer, typist, knowledge French, experienced teacher, secretary, wants responsible position where education, refinement are essential; references. O 155 Times.

YOUNG, refined woman, American, desires position with good family; not menial; useful any capacity; references. Phone Main 3452, or G. R., 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY of refinement wishes secretarial position, stenography and bookkeeping; seven years' experience; best of references; $15, $16. W 199 Times.

YOUNG LADY, very efficient, bookkeeper and stenographer, capable looking after busy office. Write M. B. E., 818 Manida St., New York.

YOUNG LADY, experienced selling ladies' underwear to city trade, wishes to connect with reliable house manufacturing a medium priced line of silks. W 117 Times.

YOUNG LADY, ambitious, 3 years' high school, desires clerical position. P 42 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, 29 American, well educated, useful, good, practical nurse, sewing, manicuring, &c., desires more engagements, any number hours or days per week; visiting only. B., 172 Nott Av., Long Island City, N. Y.

YOUNG COLLEGE WOMAN, Christian, American, desires secretarial position; social service, education; opportunity advancement; references present position. E 49 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, capable and energetic, office assistant, telephone, or outside solicitor; advertising experience; salary; reference. X 241 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat, colored girls; investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

HOUSEWORKERS, select colored cooks, chambermaids, laundresses, other help; investigated references. Phone Columbus 3129. Augusta Agency, 333 West 53d St.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, waitresses, chambermaids, nurses. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165, Domestic Agency, 329 West 59th.

BERTA CARLSON SWEDISH AGENCY.—First-class servants. 2415 B'way, (89th.) River. 9463.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916.

COLORED HELP.—City, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

Instruction.

TEACHER, experienced expression and pantomime, wishes part time teaching private school in or near New York. O 300 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Would like connect permanently with firm accountants as senior or with manufacturing concern; eighteen years' experience. O 277 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTING STUDENT, second year N. Y. U., desires position with firm of accountants; salary only of secondary consideration to experience. W 160 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 104. Cortlandt 6688.

ACCOUNTANT. — Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward, books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; books opened, closed; financial statements, tax reports; spare time work at reasonable rates. O 322 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, university training and practical experience, desires position. E 6 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Young senior, university graduate, desires permanent position; $2,500. O 202 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, office manager; thoroughly experienced; clean cut American. Executive, 49 Times.

ACCOUNTANT versed in all branches of accounting wants engagements; reasonable terms. E 112 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 23, public accounting and bookkeeping experience, desires position. P 55 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, audited, statements, balances; evenings spare time. P 32 Times.

ACCOUNTANT with wide experience, 33, desires position with growing concern. O 78 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT and Office Manager.—Many years in executive and official capacity; record clean and successful; possessed of good judgment and pleasing personality; competent, up-to-date accountant; manufacturing, corporation, mercantile, and chain store experience, thoroughly understanding office systems, systematizing, factory costs and efficiency, payrolls, auditing, statistics, financial reports, &c.; able, forceful correspondent; accustomed to handling large volume sales deliveries, collections, and force employes; take entire charge. O 167 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, EXECUTIVE, 37, American, exceptional ability, financial statements, securities, statistics, reports, &c., familiar with corporation and tax laws, at present with large public utilities corporation, desires responsible connection; heavily bonded; salary, $3,600. Assistant Treasurer, V 343 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 32, THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH IMPORT, EXPORT BUSINESS, C. I. F. SALES, CONSIGNMENTS, INSURANCE, CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS, PROFIT, LOSS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, ACCOUNT SALES, FOREIGN EXCHANGE. V 256 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT, consulting only, expert in mechanical office methods and systems with constructive ability in designing and adapting accounting to accounting and bookkeeping machines; intimate knowledge of rulers' printing and binders' arts. P 33 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, exempt, college and university training, 12 years' experience with large corporations, now employed, desires change; thorough executive; knowledge of French; investigate. O 263 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—OFFICE MANAGER.
Mechanical, manufacturing experience; accounting, cost, auditing, time study, shop routine, financial and statistical statements; thorough executive; highest credentials; age 37; salary, $2,250. M 119 Times.

ACCOUNTANT,
wide general experience, quick, keen thinker, good practical judgment, tact, executive ability, energy, and initiative, would like position with public accountant or production engineer. Integrity, X 242 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced senior, present employed, seeks permanent connection; public accounting firm; financial or executive position in industrial or financial concern considered; first-class offer acceptable; certified. V 380 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER.—15 years' experience efficiency expert, systematizer, capable office executive, with tact and initiative; highest references; widely experienced. V 257 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, OFFICE MANAGER; VARIED EXPERIENCE; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE EFFICIENCY METHODS; $2,000. "ACCOUNTANT," TIMES HARLEM.

ACCOUNTANT, college graduate, experienced on audits and financial statements, desires connection with firm of C. P. A., where hard work is appreciated; salary reasonable. Address F 386 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, (25,) N. Y. U. graduate; efficient, capable; take charge office; best references. Harry B. Falb, 159 Hopkins St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ACCOUNTANT, junior 2 years, 5 years' bookkeeping experience, desires connection with an accounting firm. O 224 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, office manager, systematizer, experienced cost, efficiency work, banking, commercial, manufacturing, desires employment. North, 553 Manhattan Av.

A HIGH CLASS middle-aged Protestant American gentleman, good club and social connections; business ability; desires position at once. L. H., 125 East 34th.

ADVERTISING AND SALES EXECUTIVE. American, 40, married, now managing advertising agency; fifteen years' valuable experience in selling, office management, publicity; unusual business training; writer of forceful copy, strong sales letters, house organs, &c.; speaks and corresponds French, Spanish, German; traveled extensively abroad; desires big job with scope for initiative. P 44 Times.

ADVERTISER is an organic chemist, with a Ph. D. degree from a large Eastern university; specialized for years in the study and practise of the synthesis of organic products; has specialized in dyes and drugs; willing to consider an attractive offer. Ph. D., Box 2 C. Hotel Alexandra, 250 West 103d St., New York.

ADVERTISING AND PRINTING SALESMAN.
Broad selling experience in high-grade advertising and general printing; large acquaintance among big buyers of general printing; aggressive selling ability. O 336 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING AND SELLING.
I am looking for immediate opening where it will be my business to sell, by mail, your product, service, or idea; intelligent correspondent and virile copy writer; can buy printing and engraving. Progressive, E 65 Times.

ADVERTISING MAN.—Analytical, resourceful, careful; salesmaking copy; typography and layouts that command attention; experienced in ad agencies and manufacturing concerns, dealer helps, house organs; ideas and initiative; see my scrapbook. Z 254 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING.—Request interview with concern who can use my 15 years' practical experience, handling largest kind of work, covering all mechanical branches of the business, including five years agency manufacturing and office detail; highest references; age 31. K. C. B., 291 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR and manager. —Wide experience, successful record, forceful, constructive worker, favorably acquainted throughout Eastern territory, open for engagement; letters strictly confidential. E 42 Times.

ADVERTISING EXECUTIVE, 28; experienced in photographs and hardware merchandising; good buyer and sales promotion man; now advertising manager for manufacturer; salary, $2,500. V 337 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING AND SALES ENGINEER. Energetic young executive, technically trained, with successful record, now making good, and open for larger opportunity. P 14 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.—Can plan campaigns, catalogues, form letters, dealer helps; also direct promotion and publicity work; opportunity with big manufacturer. V 340 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER with business and sales experience and ability, practical printer, desires executive position paying $3,000. E 17 Times.

ADVERTISING SERVICE MAN.—Can plan customer-winning ads.; proficient layouts, promotion work. V 341 Times Downtown.

After 23 years continues service in office where I hold responsible executive position, and for years have earned $5,000 annually, war conditions force a change; I am under 40, have strong personality, ambition, and possess initiative; would be valuable assistant to busy man of large affairs while in line for promotion to executive position; accustomed to dealing with a high-grade public personally and by mail; a systematic worker, capable of concentrated effort. V 259 Times Downtown.

ALERT American Hebrew, 22, 3½ years' mail order, publishing experience; advertising student; excellent references. Beiner, 53 West 112th.

AMERICAN, Christian, (31,) married, now drawing salary $175 monthly as assistant manager office and factory of renowned corporation, seeks advantageous change; high-grade executive, having thorough knowledge accounting, costs, efficiency, selling, combined with ability to manage an export department; exceptional character; will call for interview. E 40 Times.

AMBITIOUS MAN, 33, desires position as cashier or any other responsible capacity; evenings; best references. Address W 166 Times.

A REAL SALESMAN
WANTS A REAL JOB
on commission, so he can prove he IS a salesman at HIS OWN risk, not YOURS. Will be at liberty Dec. 1; prefer electrical specialties, machinery lines, auto supplies, but can sell any good specialty or staple line; has road experience; single; exempt from draft; American, strong as an ox, non-drinker, loves business, 32 years old, 9 years' experience selling big orders, abundant proofs and references, wants REAL LINE I can swear by, with a solid concern back of it, who have big vision and an eye for the other fellow's end of it; none other need answer. Address Ambition, O 174 Times.

ARCHITECT. — Thoroughly experienced designing, constructing, superintending, all kinds of building. P 40 Times.

ASSISTANT SALES, ADVERTISING MANAGER.—Aggressive young man; draft exempt; my experience has given me an unusual training for such a position; four years in sales department of manufacturing organization; now advertising manager; thoroughly familiar with all phases of sales promotion and supervision; take charge of details, correspondence, follow up work, write copy, prepare layouts; in other words be your right-handed man. O 323 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE, &C.
I want to hear from you if a man trained and experienced in management, organization, correspondence, writing, makeup, &c., can be of help to you; personally, am a Gentile, American, 28, university graduate, and of good stuff; are you interested? O 283 Times Downtown.

ASST. BOOKKEEPER; experienced, active, willing; high school education; A1 references. W 192 Times.

ATTENTION! clubs, estates, and gentlemen! —Able steward, manager, and butler, whose wife is an excellent cook and housekeeper, desires position, town or country. Address J. K., 217 West 49th St., New York.

ATTORNEY, energetic, executive ability, correspondent, experience corporation and commercial law, seeks connection, corporation or firm. O 318 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN.—Young man of good address, personality, character, and selling ability desires connection with dealer of high-grade cars, either locally or out of town; highest credentials. E 82 Times.

A YOUNG ADVERTISING MAN
wants a job where he can become an active part of your business and grow with it. With 5 years of merchandising and 3½ years' office experience, I can fit into a position that needs a young man, 27, (married, draft exempt,) who intimately knows every angle of advertising from both the practical and theoretical standpoint. I have sold goods behind the counter, house to house, and on the road. Have written copy, sold commercial art and printing. I have been an advertising manager for two years. Am now advertising manager for a phonograph manufacturer. Future of present position being limited, I want a position with a progressive firm that can offer an able, aggressive, resourceful young advertising executive a real future. V 336 Times Downtown.

A GENTLEMAN, 50 years old, of high character, industry and an excellent scholar, well versed in English, finds himself out of a position on account of war conditions; desires a connection where loyalty, common sense, and intelligence will be appreciated. This advertisement is put in this paper by his friend who appreciates his qualifications and wants to see him secure a job equal to his attainments. Address Nelson Macy, P. O. Box 1070.

A MAN with executive abilities, 40 years old, who has to earn at least $4,000 per year, is offering his services; has been in business for himself for seven years, but the war has cut into his profits; understands salesmanship as well as inside and office work; A1 advertising man; at present still in his own business, which could be wound up in a very short time. E 47 Times.

A POSITION wanted handling credits and collections; twenty-two years' experience; by a man 45 years old; bank and business references furnished. Address Apt. 62, 758 West End Av.

A YALE MAN,
with ten years' legal, financial, advertising, secretarial, efficiency training, desires position; opportunity to advance considered more important than initial compensation; I'll specialize for you. X 247 Times Annex.

BOND OR SECURITY SALESMAN.
Young man of strong personality, character, and selling ability desires connection with established investment house; highest credentials. E 89 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT. — Thoroughly experienced executive, refined, college man, knowledge of Spanish and Italian, wishes a position with a growing concern. O 281 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (26,) married, thoroughly experienced, all-round man; 10 years with manufacturing corporation; familiar with modern office accounting methods; salary $25. O 144 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Swiss, 35 years old, at present employed, seeks position; knows English, French, Russian, German. W. L., Interstate Manufacturera Sales Company, Woolworth Building, 50th floor.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, stenographer, typist; well educated; undertakes to keep all office detail up to date working several hours per day; moderate compensation. O 328 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Am 30, good bookkeeper, correspondent, credit man, salesman; ten years' experience cloaks, suits, and dresses, wholesale and retail, desires position with future. E 96 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; general office worker; reads plans, estimates; contractor, any line; $18 start. C. A., Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, 12 years' wide experience; accountant, credit man, and office manager; highest credentials; salary, $40. O 306 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERT, (25,) CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS; UNIVERSITY STUDENT; $22. ROSENBLATT, 2,043 WASHINGTON AV.

BOOKKEEPER, Credit and Office Man, (25;) exempt; 8 years' experience; financial statements, controlling accounts, &c. F 388 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, thoroughly experienced manufacturing lines, desires employment evenings or Saturday; open and audit books; reasonable. O 194 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (24,) five years' broad experience, accountancy student, desires beginner's position with public accountants; salary, $15. O 147 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (24,) six years' experience, accurate, reliable, excellent references; seeks connection with reputable firm; salary $23. W 200 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (24,) experienced controlling account, trial balance; references; moderate salary. V 314 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (39;) 10 years' experience; competent double entry man; collections, payroll, trial balance; all-around office man. O 110 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Married; experienced ledger man, controlling accounts; start immediately; $20. P 25 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, office manager; 7 years' experience; highest credentials; $25. V 272 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert; part time; rates reasonable; controlling accounts, trial balance. E 94 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, credit man, 33; experienced; German, but peaceful; $30. B. W., 160 East 62d St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, 21, draft exempt; trial balance, controlling accounts; salary $15. Mark Atkin, 316 East 8th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, thoroughly experienced, controlling accounts, trial balance. P 47 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, seven years' experience, references, seeks position, with advancement. E 31 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant manager, thorough, married, (28,) employed, desires wider opportunity. V 229 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, (22,) exempt, well educated, capable; experienced; references; $18. V 287 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS MAN, YOUNG, WITH SPARE TIME ACCOUNT WAR, WANTS POSITION ABOUT FIVE HOURS DAILY ASSISTING BUSINESS MAN; EXPERIENCED EXECUTIVE AND GENERAL OFFICE WORK, AND SELLING HIGH-CLASS MERCHANDISE. H 163 TIMES.

BUSINESS MANAGER.
Gentleman of high standing, with first-class business and professional education and leading and independent position in industry, wishes to act as business manager for lady or retired business man. M 137 Times.

BUSINESS MANAGER.—Executive ability; excellent salesman; best references. O 90 Times.

BUTLER, experienced, highly recommended, willing, useful. Williams, care Shewan, 565 Park Av.

BUTLER OR VALET.—Austrian; excellent references. Address Taschler, 165 East 88th St.

BUTLER.—Colored man, butler, houseman, cook; furnished room references. Daniels, 245 West 134th.

BUTLER, valet, Japanese, thoroughly competent, desires situation; best city references. Mayo, 830 East 57th. Plaza 6752.

BUTLER.—Japanese; wants position in small family. E., 465 East 57th St.

BUYER, manager, 10 years' wholesale, retail experience ladies' wear, desires position. E 95 Times.

C. MONT. BENTON,
Pioneer Publisher of Financial Booklets, 1897-1911, wishes to make himself valuable in publicity department of stock brokerage firm. 134 West 91st St.

CHAUFFEUR, light, colored, beginner, desires position with private family, American preferred; useful around the house; also butler; city or country. W 191 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wishes position, city or country; 11 years' experience; do all repairs; highest references. O. Benson, 210 West 76th St. Phone Schuyler 9670.

CHAUFFEUR, single, (32,) expert driver, mechanic, will put in order any old car; excellent references; private. Tel. 7062 Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Swede, 33, education, appearance, private position; extensive touring, city driving, Pierce, Packard. Lundborg, 200 West 83d.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, wishes position private family; good reference. Edward Talor, care of Gotham Garage, 102 West 46th, City.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored, married man, would like position; careful operator; strictly sober; excellent references. Robert Hamn, 126 West 143d.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, drive any car; first-class private references; present employer going South. J. Schaefer, 1,769 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, 15 years' experience, speaks several languages, traveled all over Europe and this country, wishes position; highest references. N. P., 530 East 87th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Desires position with family who desires services of careful driver and expert mechanic. Mackbach, 250 West 185th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, good mechanic, careful driver; good references; does not smoke or drink. A. Wingard, 156 East 61st.

CHAUFFEUR, single, aged 27, nine years' experience, wants good, permanent position; wages, $30 week. Twist, 3,285 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 24, desires steady position; 6 years' experience; can furnish best references. Paul Reinkraut, 1,450 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Capable mechanic, age 32, wants position; long experience; city, country; best private references. P 31 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes position with private family; can furnish best references. Eiler, 231 St. Nicholas Av.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese; valet; expert driver, mechanic; highly recommended. Chauffeur, 23 West 60th St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private; nine years' experience; makes own repairs; touring no object. Arns, 436 East 141st St.

CHAUFFEUR or second; 4 years' experience; best references. Mosca, 429 East 64th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Useful; careful driver; good city references. J. Pale, 338 East 125th.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single, age 36, Irish Protestant, 9 years' experience; competent to make necessary repairs; wishes position with private family that will appreciate honest and faithful service; excellent reference. F 423 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman giving up car for the Winter wishes to place his chauffeur, whom he can highly recommend; excellent driver, mechanic; always prompt and willing. Apply present employer, G. A. Crocker, Jr., 30 East 42d.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman leaving the city wishes to find position for his chauffeur, who is in every way a desirable man; careful and good mechanic. Phone before noon Lenox 1083, or by letter to George Arliss, 3 East 84th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, neat appearing; 9 years' experience on leading make cars; best references; sober, obliging. E. Appelbaum, 1,288 Hoe Av., N. Y. Intervale 8454.

CHAUFFEUR.—American, single, 35, first-class family reference past ten years; careful driver; no desire fast driving; all repairs; any make; neat, courteous, obliging. Columbus 5335. Thomas, 34 W. 61st.

CHAUFFEUR.—Expert; neither drinks nor smokes; three years' experience; any machine; prefer country position; generally useful; reasonable salary; white, unmarried; best references. E 48 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4036.

CHAUFFEUR; nine years' experience; excellent mechanic, careful driver; age 28; married; unquestionable references; country preferred. Box 105, Scarsdale, N. Y. Phone 373 Scarsdale.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman disposing Packard car wishes to place chauffeur in good position. Further information apply to Mr. Callahan, 313 West 92d. Office phone Greeley 6539.

CHAUFFEUR, young man, wishes position. Veselsky, 1,335 1st Av.

CLERICAL and selling experience; conscientious; past middle age; alert, trustworthy; salary very moderate. E. D., 104 East 14th.

COOK, good, plain, general supervisor, small apartment, good at economizing, steady habits, desires steady position; moderate wages; references; town, country. W., care Smeaton, 128 West 67th St.

COOK, VALET, AND CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, desires position in bachelor's place; best references. W 130 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 32, married, legal training, long practical business experience as buyer and credit man, seeks executive position, bank or large corporation. E. Gladstone, 40 Portland St., Boston, Mass.

COLLEGE MAN, young, with command of English, wishes employment, particularly in writing. X 226 Times Annex.

COLLEGE MAN, 34, desires to enter business life through spare time; opportunity wanted with responsible firm. A 67 Times.

COLUMBIA LAW SCHOOL GRADUATE
Now employed on reporting staff of a New York daily, five years' experience newspaper and publicity work, desires responsible executive position with business house, preferring business to law; keen, forceful, conscientious, American, Christian, age 24, exempted from draft. V 245 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Japanese, willing to do entire work of small family in city apt. Address "Tokio," 852 Columbus Av.

CORRESPONDENT - EXECUTIVE. — American, 35, long practical experience, now employed, wishes change; offers services to reputable concern seeking efficient help; capable correspondence, collections, credits, purchasing, selling, and all phases business detail; start $35 week, if bright future for reliable, dependable party. E 67 Times.

CORRESPONDENT-CREDIT MAN — With years of practical business experience, seeks connection where ability, integrity, and intelligent attention will be appreciated; exceptional references. O 89 Times.

CORRESPONDENT. — Eight years' experience; competent to manage office or department; good education; thoroughly efficient and reliable. E 7 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, stenographer, experienced, (23,) desires work evenings for private party. V 320 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN, collection manager, seventeen years' experience controlling sales over $30,000,000 with loss of less than 1-10 of 1%, now connected with large manufacturer, desires to change before 1918. E 66 Times.

CREDIT MAN, OFFICE MANAGER, DESIRES PERMANENT POSITION IN ABOVE CAPACITY; THOROUGH ACCOUNTANT, ABLE AND FORCEFUL CORRESPONDENT; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS. W 188 TIMES.

DRAFTING OR ENGINEERING. — Young man, 19, fourth-year mechanical engineering student, (Cooper Union,) 3 years of practical machine shop experience, wishes position to start in drafting or engineering line. R 66 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, 28, American; technical education; eight years' experience with manufacturing concern; also field, estimating, sales, and executive experience. X 240 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN-ENGINEER, 12 years' designing coal handling, conveying, special machinery, desires position with New York concern. O 294 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN.—Automatic machine designer, detailer, and tracer, desires position. E 18 Times.

DRAFTSMAN and architect, good all around, exempt, wishes extra work. V 367 Times Downtown.

DRAFTING, tracing; every description; first-class work, low prices, good service. Write today, call tomorrow. P 12 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, ARCHITECTURAL, DESIRES POSITION. O 157 TIMES.

EFFICIENCY ENGINEER
AND COST ACCOUNTANT.
EDUCATION—Four-year engineering course, one year School of Business Administration, Harvard.
EXPERIENCE—5 years' accounting, efficiency and executive work with leading efficiency experts. W. C. B., 250 Times.

EFFICIENT OFFICE MANAGER, bookkeeper, correspondent, seeks greater opportunity; thorough knowledge printing, executive ability. Efficient, 608 Park Av.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER.
Employment manager, experienced in the employment of clerical, electrical, and all classes of skilled mechanics and labor; at present empoyed in this capacity with large corporation in New York City, N. Y., 202 Times Downtown.

EMPLOYMENT SUPERVISOR.
An acknowledged expert on labor supply, prices, hours, efficiency, safety, welfare, publicity, installing employment systems, seeks a real, big opportunity; no further advancement in present job; college graduate, several years' experience with present employer, handling all types of mechanics, laborers, and clerks of both sexes; exceptional references; salary, $4,000. Flint, 310 Jay St., Brooklyn.

EVENING WORK DESIRED.
Accountant-stenographer desires work one or more evenings a week. W 154 Times.

EVENING WORK.—Young accountant wishes bookkeeping or clerical work evenings. O 331 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.
CAPABLE OF ASSUMING MANAGEMENT OF IMPORT OR EXPORT FIRM; RETURNED FROM JAPAN TWO WEEKS AGO AFTER A STAY OF THREE YEARS, BUYING AND SELLING GOODS IN THAT COUNTRY; HAVE HAD SAME EXPERIENCE IN THIS COUNTRY; TWENTY YEARS ON THE ROAD; FULLY UNDERSTANDS THE BUYING AND SELLING OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE; HAVE HAD HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS AT MY COMMAND AND NEVER UNDER BOND; GOOD REASON FOR LEAVING THE MANAGEMENT OF LAST FIRM OF WHICH I WAS PART OWNER; HAVE CONTROL OF SEVERAL JAPANESE LINES FOR THE UNITED STATES WHICH CAN BE PROFITABLY ADDED TO YOUR BUSINESS; HIGHEST REFERENCES; AMERICAN BORN; FORTY-THREE YEARS OF AGE; MARRIED.
Z 338 TIMES ANNEX.

EXECUTIVE position by educated man of wide experience, executive ability, and managerial capacity, where brains, ability, personality, and address are indicated; thorough correspondent and ability to handle business propositions in able and convincing manner. Executive, 19 West 96th St.

EXECUTIVE.—Thoroughly seasoned sales, credits, correspondence, accounting, office management; American; married; bondable; splendid record; available at once. V 239 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE or all around position in architect's or contractor's office; university graduate; 16 years' experience in building matters New York and vicinity. E 1 Times.

EXECUTIVE ACCOUNTANT and statistician seeks new connection; broad experience insurance, commerce, banking; young, energetic, possesses initiative; highest references; reasonable salary. E 70 Times.

EXECUTIVE, high-grade; experienced in all phases of business, successful record of 12 years in present position; capable of earning $6,000 to $10,000, is looking for larger opportunities. Address X 280 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.—Salary, $4,000; familiar with office organization, collections, accounting, and statistics; now with large corporation. P 28 Times.

EXECUTIVE. — EXPERT, CORRESPONDENCE, ADVERTISING, CREDITS; RIPE EXPERIENCE; RECORD A1; ALIVE. E 32 TIMES.

EXECUTIVE.—Man with exceptional ability, good character, and excellent references, desires to make change. X 330 Times Annex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

FARMER-GARDENER. — English, married, wishes position on gentleman's estate, understands all work pertaining to an estate; handling of men to best advantage; care roads, lawns, shrubs, good vegetable grower, chickens, pigs, cows, rotation crops, handy with tools, sober, honest; written and personal references. V 290 Times Downtown.

FARMER AND GARDENER. — Married; many years' experience; familiar with raising and care of stock; would like position on gentleman's farm; highest references. 202 Palisade Av., Union Hill, N. J.

FARM SUPERINTENDENT wants position; thoroughly competent every branch. Wynford, 68 West 71st St.

FINANCIAL MAN, possessing an excellent knowledge of bonds and ability to analyze, wishes position as buyer, correspondent, salesman, &c.; has broad financial experience; university graduate. O 255 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN, factory, absolutely competent, produce results; sober, reliable. Holpou, 68 West 71st St.

GARDENER, working, wishes position on gentleman's estate; age 40, English, married, no family; life experience in fruit, flowers, and vegetables, under glass and outside; can furnish best of references as to ability and character; not afraid of work; wife A1 cook and buttermaker. H. W., 2,121 5th Av., New York.

GARDENER, married, no children, wishes position on gentleman's place; best of references; Connecticut preferred. F. W., Congers, N. Y.

GENERAL EXECUTIVE, EXPERIENCED IN SALES, ADVERTISING, CREDITS, FINANCE, ACCOUNTING, AND GENERAL MANAGEMENT, SEEKS CONNECTION WITH HIGH-CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE; THIS IS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY TO ACQUIRE THE SERVICES OF AN ABLE BUSINESS MAN; AMERICAN; AGE, 38. O 250 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GENTLEMAN.—Knowledge antiques, real estate; fair accountant; handy with tools, wants position. O 298 Times Downtown.

HOTEL MANAGER.
Twenty years' experience; capable manager; practical steward; presently employed. "Economical," O 125 Times.

I AM LOOKING
FOR A
BIG JOB.
I believe in myself. I feel that I possess the ability, initiative, and training to tackle one.
Am thirty years old, university education, and have a broad general business knowledge gained during eleven years successful selling of advertising.
The job must have a future and offer good opportunities as to remuneration. W 186 Times.

INVESTIGATOR, (24,) 6 years' casualty insurance experience, speaks Italian, exempt from draft, desires responsible position. V 294 Times Downtown.

JANITOR, colored couple, experienced steam; best reference. Arthur Willitt, 310 West 40th St.

JAPANESE COUPLE, young, refined, excellent cook, butler, houseworker, willing, honest, trustworthy; highly recommended every way. O 129 Times.

JAPANESE, cook, valet, butler, wants position bachelor's apartment or small, nice family; best references. Kezo, 330 East 57th.

JAPANESE with college education, also has bookkeeping knowledge, seeks position. W 146 Times.

MACHINERY SALESMAN, college-bred man, (34,) executive ability, thorough knowledge of business detail and selling through personal solicitation and correspondence; knowledge of advertising; selling high-priced machinery at present; opportunity leading to managerial capacity; salary and commission. V 316 Times Downtown.

MAN who possesses highest ability in buying ladies', misses', juniors', children's cloaks, suits, knows all details manufacturing, designing, has wide acquaintance in Eastern market, would like to connect with a large, reputable jobber where he can prove good results; credentials. E 12 Times.

MAN of ability, having had 8 years' experience as superintendent of factory, wishes position with concern who would appreciate services and returns; best of references furnished. Address at once, M. Kalb, 317 Fulton St., Jamaica.

MAN of ability, 20 years' experience; will prove invaluable where tact and diplomacy are essential; such as industrial or welfare work in busy concern. W. W., Times Harlem.

MAN OF ABILITY, educated, trustworthy and reliable; best references; right man for right place; deaf, age 69. Parsons, 111 Orient Av., Jersey City.

MAN, married, 35, desires connection with progressive concern; experienced manager of manufacturing plant; knowledge of accounting. X 287 Times Annex.

MAN of ability, having had 10 years' business experience, wishes position where responsibility is required. S. M., Times Harlem.

MAN with 15 years' experience as cashier and bookkeeper with large corporation desires work in evening. V 244 Times Downtown.

MAN of good appearance, with experience in publishing, real estate, and office management, seeks connection with reliable concern; can furnish references. E 74 Times.

MAN, 34, experienced salesman, wants position; any line, any capacity. V 252 Times Downtown.

MAN wants work evenings, Saturday noon; advertising, proofreading; experienced. P 9 Times.

MAN.—A retired business man, forced to economize, offers whole or part services; moderate salary. P 45 Times.

MANAGER.—Capable business man, qualified for business manager, plant manager, office manger, or sales manager; over twenty years' metal manufacturing; salary, $3,600. F 420 Times Annex.

MANAGER and HOUSEKEEPER.—Positions wanted by a refined, young, intelligent couple in a country inn or hotel; good references can be given. J. M., 59 Times Annex.

MANAGER for Southern hotel open for engagement; credentials the best. O 131 Times.

MANUFACTURING and purchasing man, experienced in both buying and selling printing paper, binding, engraving, &c., wishes to connect with good publishing house. W 156 Times.

MATURE business man, (40,) keen, active, and capable, wants executive position; accustomed to handling men; an honest, loyal worker, who courts responsibility; worth $10,000 a year to any firm who wants a real man; one they can push right into the thick of the fight; fifteen years' New York experience; willing to go out of town. O 158 Times.

MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEER seeks opening progressive concern; 18 years' experience design, development, manufacture. W 197 Times.

MEN'S CLOTHING BUYER.—Have held present position with one of Chicago's representative department stores for fourteen years with exceptional record as to volume and profit; highest credentials. X 294 Times Annex.

MESSENGER, colored, married, 12 years' experience, trustworthy, honest, reliable, wishes position bank, business firm; references. O 154 Times.

MINE SUPERINTENDENT, &c.—Are you interested in soft coal to the extent that the services of an A1 mine operator or competent and experienced mine superintendent would be of interest to you? If so, address X 277 Times Annex.

MR. EMPLOYER: Do you need my services? Am 33 years old, strong, willing, honest, reliable, seven years in last place, not afraid of hard work or long hours; wish to connect with firm that presents chances for advancement; excellent references. E 80 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT. — Young man (20) desires position; 5 years' business experience; salary $16. O 247 Times Downtown.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE, 14 years' business experience; highly recommended; systematizer, organizer, and director of clerical details; accustomed to handling many people; understands accounting, efficiency methods, credits, collections, correspondence, advertising, general office routine; some concern looking for immediate results can employ me profitably. E 85 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER AND CREDIT MAN.
At present employed, dry goods, desires to connect with progressive house offering opportunity for ability and loyalty; a broadguage man, having active and well balanced mind, 15 years' office experience, including 9 years' banking; sound financial executive. X 275 Times Annex.

OFFICE MANAGER, executive assistant, Columbia graduate, (26,) experienced accountant, stenographer, correspondent, secondary teacher; knowledge of foreign languages; familiar with research methods. O 284 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER and credit man, age 26, seeks connection with progressive concern; seven years' experience in bookkeeping, accounting, credits, collection, correspondence; highly educated; salary secondary. O 261 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, credit man, accountant, assuming full charge office, bookkeeping, correspondence, collections, desires connection with concern which appreciates services of reliable executive. W 194 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, bookkeeper, 35, sixteen years' practical experience; conversant modern methods, credits; highest references; salary $35. O 173 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER or head bookkeeper, 18 years' textile line, experienced credit man; salary, $2,500. O 358 Times Downtown.

PART-TIME (9:30 to 2:30) position desired; general office experience, typist, correspondent, billing, filing, bookkeeping; apt and willing to be generally useful. F 389 Times Downtown.

POSITION wanted by young, refined, intelligent couple with theatrical company going on tour; first-class references. X 248 Times Annex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

POSITION wanted by young man, 29; technical graduate, with several years' shop experience at production. O 142 Times.

PRINTER. — Superintendent, foreman; thoroughly experienced printing, binding; references; replies confidential. E 11 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.
12 YEARS' EXPERT STENOGRAPHER; CAPABLE, EFFICIENT, TACTFUL, AND EXECUTIVE ABILITY. V 282 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PUPILS to tutor or clerical work, by experienced high school teacher; afternoons or evenings. O 138 Times.

REAL ESTATE OFFICE, business buildings manager and renting agent; capable, alert, tactful, seeks position with progressive operators or agents; nine years' active experience property management; best references. P. C., 154 Times.

REAL ESTATE BROKER, Christian, 28, 10 years' experience in general management of property, desires position as broker; salary and commission. F 377 Times Downtown.

RESPONSIBLE
YOUNG BUSINESS EXECUTIVE DESIRES CONNECTION WITH WELL-ESTABLISHED MANUFACTURING HOUSE; HAS FILLED POSITIONS OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR EIGHT YEARS. UNUSUAL REFERENCES AS TO CHARACTER AND ABILITY.
X 203 TIMES ANNEX.

RESTAURANT MANAGER, steward, real practical experience, careful buyer, energetic; gets results; best references; bond or security. W 152 Times.

SALESMAN of unusual selling ability, with proven record, thoroughly acquainted with trade in general, both in the East and Greater New York, at present engaged in one of the most difficult propositions, is desirous of representing some manufacturing concern which is looking for responsible representative who is accustomed to earn big money on a commission basis; college graduate, married, aged 36; an interview can satisfy the most skeptical as to possibilities; reference; bonds if necessary. B. N., Times Harlem.

SALESMAN—FINANCIAL ORGANIZER
of highest rank; with banking, New York Stock Exchange and Curb Market connections, open for engagement Dec. 1 to place bond or stock issue; corporation answering must submit to auditors' and engineers' investigation; backers must have satisfactory commercial rating. O 87 Times.

SALESMAN, AMERICAN, (35,) EDUCATION, ADDRESS, WIDE BUSINESS TRAINING, EXECUTIVE ABILITY, MANAGING, SELLING, WITH ADAPTABILITY, INITIATIVE, AND PERSISTENCE THAT INSURES SUCCESS; SALARY COMMENSURATE WITH DUTIES; BEST REFERENCES; PROVEN RECORD. O 165 TIMES.

SALESMAN—A PRODUCER
with successful selling record, can sell merchandise or specialties; am heavyweight producer, understanding underlying scientific principles of selling and advertising; want connection with progressive institution; can furnish highest credentials as to ability and character. F 391 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER.—Position as sales manager, by man thoroughly experienced in all branches of selling; long experience both as salesman and sales director; especially valuable in organizing branch offices; wish to change present connection Dec. 1. V 274 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Position wanted in State of Ohio in order to make Toledo my headquarters; a salesman of thirteen years' experience, with present concern four years; reason for changing, cover too much territory, prefer permanent headquarters. Address F. Kilsheimer, 1,672 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—I have large following in the furniture trade, department stores, &c., and want side line for this trade on commission; my territory covers New Jersey, Maryland, Eastern Pennsylvania, including Philadelphia; Delaware, Washington, Norfolk, Richmond, &c. Box 567, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, 28, Christian, now associated with large metal manufacturing corporation, experienced selling architects, purchasing agents, contractors, real estate interests, &c., seeks connection Jan. 1 or before; exceptionally recommended; not less than $1,800 yearly. O 190 Times.

SALESMAN, CALLING ON DEPARTMENT, DRY GOODS, AND GENTS' FURNISHING STORES DESIRES TWO OR THREE GOOD LINES FOR CLEVELAND AND VICINITY FOR 1918; REFERENCES EXCHANGED. X 393 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN.—Some road and retail experience; ambitious become salesman, and, with thorough business training I have had, require only the opportunity to successfully represent responsible house; exempt draft. V 248 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Competent, reliable, intelligent, experienced New York City business man, desires position with established concern as salesman, representative solicitor or manager's assistant; inside, or metropolitan, and nearby district outside. W 162 Times.

SALESMAN OF WIDE EXPERIENCE.
Young Christian, 32, traveled extensively, adaptable, well qualified representative, with personality, backbone, character, and a clean record, seeks greater opportunities. V 253 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — High grade, 35; sales and branch office manager, Middle West and East territory, silks, woolens; at present connected; will change for high-class proposition, any line. E 55 Times.

SALESMAN OR REPRESENTATIVE.
Young man, strong personality, selling ability, experienced in advertising, investments, and mechanical lines, now open for connection with reputable firm; highest credentials. E 90 Times.

SALESMAN—Young man, (26,) exempt; intelligent, able; possesses good personality; can prove selling ability through honest, hard work and thoroughness; excellent recommendation. P 7 Times.

SALESMAN of first-class ability, age 36, is open for representation of line to dry goods trade; knows Iowa territory thoroughly and has valuable following. Address X. Y. Z., P. O. Box 822, New York City.

SALESMAN, (34,) present successfully handling specialty line on the road, seeks connection for New York City and vicinity, Long Island; auto; only staple lines considered. W 147 Times.

SALESMAN.
Experienced, successful salesman obliged to make a change on account of new conditions; ten years with present employers; highest references. O 363 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN OR SPECIALTY MAN.—Young man, unquestionable character, reliable, good personality, would like to become associated with reputable wholesale or retail house. A 65 Times.

SALESMAN, representative for good houses for ten years and well acquainted with department store buyers in Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, wishes lines to sell on commission basis. Box E. E. J., 17 Times.

SALES MANAGER or salesman, 40, good appearance and address, desires change, where energy, grit, ability are appreciated; references given; likewise bond. C. B., 185 Times.

SALESMAN, American, 32, twelve years' business experience, industrious, aggressive, reliable references, desires position with reliable house, where conscientious effort leads to advancement. G. A., Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, AGE 33, SINGLE, WISHES TO BE CONNECTED WITH A MANUFACTURING CONCERN; 5 YEARS' ROAD EXPERIENCE; GOOD REFERENCE. V 376 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN or outdoor position wanted by energetic, aggressive man of clean-cut appearance; eight years with present employers; war conditions reason for change. O 279 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 29, progressive, of good appearance, at present selling in high-class department in department store for six years, wishes position after 7:30 evenings; make your proposition explicit. W 63 Times.

SALESMAN.—Ten years' experience, American, draft exempt, wants position to represent reputable New York or out-of-town concern, or to travel; best credentials. H. H., E 72 Times.

SALESMAN.—If you have a high-grade proposition to offer a young man of intelligence, energy, and tact, a salesman who can sell and finance himself, communicate with O 159 Times.

SALESMAN, married, 32, ten years' road work, unlimited justifiable faith in ability, must connect with proposition having possibilities. O 361 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, ten years' road experience novelty import line selling jobbers, wishes position similar or one where three years' factory experience may help. E 79 Times.

SALESMAN.—Drug store specialty, quick selling, small sample, wanted by salesman, side line; territory upper west side. E 33 Times.

SALESMAN, speaking Spanish, Italian, English, wishes to connect with manufacturer or reliable concern; city and traveling experience. E 78 Times.

SALESMAN.—Fifteen years' experience; capable, energetic; will make good; best references. Address H. A., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN, young, well educated, desires to sell inside or city trade for a reliable firm; some experience; good references. Box 546, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, 30, married, exempt, desires position, reliable firm, local; references. F 381 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Road or local; consider store position; no soliciting; experienced. Rogers, 430 Lafayette St. Phone 906 Spring.

SALESMAN.—Office executive, 28, sales ability, desires connection with reputable house for local and adjacent territory. P 2 Times.

SALESMAN.—Westerner, 27 years old; four years' selling experience; seeks New York connection. Address L. Y., 3,525 Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN. — WELL-KNOWN DOMESTIC LACE SALESMAN, SELLING FROM $12,000 TO $15,000 MONTHLY, IS OPEN TO REPRESENT AND SELL ENTIRE PRODUCTION OF LEVERS LACE PLANT THAT CAN PRODUCE THREE TIMES THIS AMOUNT. THIS IS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE THE SERVICES OF ONE OF THE ABLEST MEN IN THE LINE, AND ONE WHO KNOWS THE MANUFACTURING AS WELL. X 287 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN.
I am not a world beater—I have never set the river afire, but I can take orders and can sell any article of merit; then I can show a man I will save him money; no bonds, books, or insurance; clean cut; American, 35 years old. O 258 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER,
MERCHANDISE MAN,
EXECUTIVE,
Seeks an Opportunity.
I am a business man.
My age is 34. I am temperate as to habits, well balanced, and a glutton for work.
I am experienced in general merchandising. I am an enthusiastic, aggressive Sales Manager and Advertising Director—being thoroughly familiar with catalog work, printing, and engraving. I am capable of originating and executing sales producing ideas. I have had long experience in both methods of selling, i. e., by mail order and through the regular channels of trade. In the past two years I have been in the employ of one of the largest houses in the United States, selling general merchandise. The position I created myself having actually shown the concern how to increase their sales and profits. Prior to that, and until the war in Europe shut off certain chemicals, I was successfully engaged in my own manufacturing and jobbing business. My record is clean. I am proud of it, and will be pleased to submit it to the most searching investigation.
If you have an opportunity to offer, please let me prove to you that I am the man.
E 97 TIMES.

SALES MANAGER.
Man, forceful, keen, executive ability; for ten years successfully in charge of sales force of a prominent corporation, looks for position as sales manager or salesman with a reliable concern; has the knack and ability to achieve results; mercantile line preferred; however, will consider any proposition where a man of more than ordinary ability will be appreciated. Address Post Office, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

SALES OR SALES MANAGEMENT.—Thoroughly experienced, successful salesman, Westerner; 35; university man; engaged as sales manager large company; open for connection with Eastern business in local executive or traveling sales capacity offering possibilities; have covered entire U. S.; remuneration secondary consideration. O 199 Times.

SALES MANAGER, with wide experience organizing, directing, and selling, is open for engagement; can show record of successful achievements to those interested. O 161 Times.

SALES MANAGER or assistant; six years' successful experience with large manufacturing concern; good education; thoroughly reliable. E 8 Times.

SALES EXECUTIVE,
MAIL-ORDER MANAGER,
now employed manager national service organization, wishes to change Jan. 1; thoroughly experienced sales manager, also a strong personal producer; capable of handling big propositions; unusual ability in constructive sales work; thorough knowledge modern advertising and mail-order methods; write result-producing sales letters and booklets; clean-cut and adaptable; highest credentials. O 146 Times.

SECRETARY.—Young American, 20, formerly secretary to President of large shipbuilding corporation, traveling over country; educated, intelligent, working knowledge of accounts, organization and management; possess tact and ability to interview men; attend to details; stenographer, correspondent; I want to work under one man only; not afraid of hard work or long hours. salary $1,800. C. B. M., 3,206 Boulevard, Jersey City, N. J.

SECRETARY, Columbia graduate, (26,) former high school teacher, experienced accountant, correspondent, stenographer, knowledge of research methods; skilled in interviewing callers. O 285 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Competent young man, (24,) excellent business education, 7 years' varied experience, seeks connection, preferably with busy executive; salary $25. V 233 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 24, exempt, 7 years' experience; initiative, executive ability; desires position with prospects; salary $25. V 222 Times Downtown.

SECRETARIAL MANAGER, (32,) thoroughly experienced, American, stenographer, correspondent, executive; credentials. G 205 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer, (32,) Gentile, whole or part time; executive. F 394 Times Downtown.

SELLING IDEAS.
Ideas for cutting your sales costs. Ideas for increasing your volume. Let me dig into your business and see what I can spade up in the way of new profits. Perhaps your selling plan can be improved. Perhaps your advertising, your ads, circulars, booklets, &c., can be strengthened. Talk with me. I'm on the staff of New York's most successful advertising agency and will give you my private spare time services. Write today for interview. Address E 60 Times.

SKILLED STENOGRAPHER,
Hebrew, 28; ample mercantile and Government experience; figurer; knewledge bookkeeping; highest recommendations; seeks office certified accountant; can you use such WORKER? Samberg, 193 Eldridge St.

STEEL AND MACHINERY EXPERT desires position; experienced sales, management, reports and practical work in any executive position; can make good; best credentials. O 234 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (24,) experienced and accurate, desires connection with EXPORT or MANUFACTURING house; exempt. O 153 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; experienced private secretarial work, handling help, organization; thorough business training; willing travel; exempt draft. V 249 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, efficient, well educated, excellent references; $20. Mr. A., 1,605 Candler Building, Bryant 1318.

STENOTYPIST-SECRETARY.—Young man; experienced bookkeeper, banking, secretary; capable, trustworthy; best references. E 84 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience, desires opportunity after long satisfactory services. V 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Typewriter, &c., (35,) wishes position; reliable. Box 605, 1,318 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, (knowledge of bookkeeping,) desires evening work; highly recommended. E 41 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 21, good appearance, intelligent, conscientious; not a shirker; $15. O 307 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and competent; exempt from draft; excellent references. P 1 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—College young man, executive ability, pleasing personality; $18. O 362 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; reliable; American; excellent references; $15. V 303 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; 5 years' experience; references; $15. K 507 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER, reliable, painstaking; good education; no clock watcher; experienced; $15. V 293 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, secretarial experience, desires evening work. V 291 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, thoroughly experienced; $18-$20. V 289 Times Downtown.

STEWARD-MANAGER.—Ten years of proven experience that stands investigating. V 230 Times Downtown.

STRONG MAN, practical experience, initiative, executive ability, energetic and resourceful, desires position with new concern with a future; will get business and deliver the goods. S. M., 219 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT of construction of building desires position. E 4 Times.

TEACHER OF BOOKKEEPING, now employed, experienced both in teaching and in practical office work, desires day or evening position in commercial school in or out of city; begin at once; salary reasonable. B. L., 246 Times.

THE PRESIDENT AND TREASURER OF AN IMPORTING COMPANY, ADVERSELY AFFECTED BY THE WAR, DESIRES POSITION OF TRUST AND RESPONSIBILITY. BEST OF REFERENCES CAN BE FURNISHED. ADDRESS O 127 TIMES.

USEFUL, all around, handy man, first-class houseman, is industrious, willing, obliging, and sober, has references from gentleman's place, middle age, American, wishes position, city or country. O 151 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

VALET or butler-valet, English, competent; city references. W. Metcalf, 1,085 Park Av.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—Young French woman would take care children afternoons; has good references. Miss Eva C. Sire, 127 46th St., Corona, L. I.

WRITER AND INVESTIGATOR.—Independent, high grade; personal service as wanted. O 245 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, energetic, capable, and ambitious; 20 years' factory experience in textile branch, of which 8 years as superintendent of largest concern of its kind in country; offers his services for responsible position with progressive house which is appreciative of honest efforts and results; conscientious buyer and a hustler; accustomed to hard work and not afraid of it; desirable references, &c., from present and former employers. Reply under R. O., 2,960 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) with initiative and ability desires connection where hard work will secure advancement; exceptional credentials from past employers; salary $14. George Greenberg, 1,545 Madison Av., New York City.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school graduate, 1 year college, seeks position where ability, dependability, and capacity for hard work will receive recognition and compensation; (also have knowledge of stenography;) references. Box 700, 1,418 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN, with college education, wants position as private secretary; country place, preferably mountains; distance no objection; stenographer and thorough knowledge several foreign languages; year's banking experience; perfect health; first-class references. Write C 100 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 31, draft exempt, single, practicing attorney, who had business experience, knows French, Russian, desires to connect with commercial house offering good opportunity to a man of initiative and ability. E 109 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) bright, educated, good appearance, desires position; anything with a future; formerly assistant executive; A1 references; selling experience; presently employed; exempt from draft. J. Stein, 1,279 Union Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 34, married, five years' advertising experience, seven years real estate salesman, desires opportunity where ability and willingness to work will count; selling position, with some traveling, considered. X 289 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 28, knowledge of machinery, experienced engineering department clerical duties, correspondent, aptitude for details, temperate, willing, some engineering experience. O 354 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) ambitious, best reference, previously employed by bank, also shipping experience, desires position mercantile house, with opportunity to become salesman. F 392 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, wishes clerical position with a good concern; chance for advancement; seven years' business experience; typist if necessary; excellent references. O 175 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) college education, business experience, knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting, desires position with opportunity for future. Address Leo Eisen, 286 West 140th St.

YOUNG MAN of good character and personality, experienced in publishing, investments, and mechanical lines, desires position with good opportunity; highest credentials. E 91 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, eight years' experience as salesman and buyer, open for a good proposition; energetic worker; can furnish excellent references. N. L. H., 34 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 23, good education, now employed by large tire concern, traveling in West, desires permanent position in city; prefer rubber industry; excellent references. P 21 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) three years' commercial high school education, studying evenings, desires position with C. P. A. firm where he can learn accounting. V 305 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college education, 5 years business experience, thorough knowledge of gas engines, wishes to connect with automobile concern. Doheon, 703 East 43th St.

YOUNG MAN, good education, desires clerical position with chance for advancement; hard worker; excellent references. W 190 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, knowledge office routine, operate typewriter, desires position where efficiency will lead to promotion. O 332 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (29,) exempt, married, wide experience, able correspondent and executive, 10 years present position, office manager, desire change. E 61 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) high school education, with knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting, wishes position with advancement. C 345 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (23) seeks position evenings; excellent education; conversant advertising and correspondence; intelligent, energetic, industrious. Alert, V 296 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, with bookkeeping and selling experience, desires position where conscientious work will merit advancement. O 319 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, two years with wholesale house; good handwriting, accurate at figures, desires position. O 267 Times Downtown.

YOUNG COLORED MAN wants position as traveling valet or private waiter; reference. George W. Stovall, 1,947 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) college graduate, experienced correspondent, thorough office man, proven ability, desires connection professional firm. O 287 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in Government employ, with leisure time between 9 A. M. and 3 P. M., seeks clerical position. V 326 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, Christian, willing worker, wishes position, clerical, telephone operator, file clerk, or anything; $15. O 242 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 27, desires position production department manufacturing concern; experienced office and shop man. O 118 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) high school graduate, accounting student, desires position with reliable firm; can furnish references. W 182 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced clerk, capable stenographer, desires position offering advancement. E 101 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) energetic, desires position with advancement; excellent references. O 292 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, tall, neat appearance, wishes position as hotel clerk or outdoor work; reference. F 436 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, typist, six years' experience; has knowledge shorthand; $16; excellent recommendations. N. Blumkin, 537 W. 158th.

YOUNG MAN, 19, good education, references, desires position. Militsky, 15 East 116th St.

YOUNG MAN wishes position evenings; anything. Charles Hartmann, 1,200 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN desires clerical position; reliable timekeeper, payroll clerk; references. O 299 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 33, three years novelty, factory, selling previously, wishes position either capacity. P 20 Times.

YOUNG MAN to head contracting, shipping, receiving of cloak house. E 106 Times.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

The public are cordially invited to be present on Wednesday evening, Nov. 21, at Durland's Riding Academy, 5 West 66th St. and Central Park West, at their Wednesday evening music ride. There will be a very interesting program. Immediately following the cotilion ride there will be a parade of all the prize winners of the Red Cross Show at Madison Square Garden that are boarders at the Academy. Also a game of Tue de Barre of three gentlemen riding, and a game of polo between the Triangles and the Meadowlarks, also a jumping contest and an exhibition of high jumps. WILLIAM DURLAND.

YACHTS, VESSELS, &c.

Steam yacht Edininie Ex Cyprus, 1,200 tons, oil burning; beached on account of fire; now afloat at Sydney Harbor, Nova Scotia; bids received will be opened Dec. 4. Mark envelopes "Bids for Edininie." Captain Mishtowt, 1411 Flatiron Building, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ANY PERSON HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST estate of KATIE McGEE present same before May 15, 1918, to Bridget McGee, 814 6th Av., New York City. Foreign papers take notice.

ARMY OFFICERS.—American teacher and English governess will board and care in their cultured suburban home girls attending school, during parent's absence; home life, ethics, dancing. M 109 Times.

ANY PERSON KNOWING OF HARRY E. WHITFORD kindly notify O 96 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

2D AV, 1,293, (Bet. 67th and 68th.)—One attractive room; no other roomers; modern apartment. Call Tuesday. S. Cohn.

5TH AV., 61.—Private family; two warm, comfortably furnished rooms, single or suite; breakfast; business men preferred; references. Boyd.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Attractive room, all improvements; gentlemen; references; private residence.

16TH, 105 EAST, (Apt. 94.)—Opp. Union Square Hotel. Unique accommodations for 1-2 bachelors; parlor, bedroom, piano, bath, steam, electric lights, telephone; handsome fireproof building; $50 monthly; subway.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished room, private bath; steam heat, electricity; park privileges; board optional; references.

22D, 41 EAST.—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished rooms; all conveniences; also basement; references.

22D, 144 EAST.—Elevator apartments; room for refined business woman; private family.

23D, 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suites two rooms and bath.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; phone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

30TH, 319 EAST.—Large and small rooms, steam heat, baths, shower, telephone, for those seeking refined, respectable surroundings.

35TH, 20 EAST, (Near Madison.)—Large room, adjoining bath; southern exposure; gentleman.

39TH, (389 Lexington Av.)—Single or double room; private house; gentlemen.

44D, 18 EAST.—All comforts; refined home; completely furnished; cheerful room, bath; references.

53D, 65 EAST.—Large front room, private house; all conveniences; special telephone service.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

56TH, 83 EAST.—Beautiful, large room for gentlemen only; respectable French family.

61ST, 166 EAST.—Beautifully furnished front parlor; hot and cold water; private bath; electricity; piano; select surroundings.

61ST, 217 EAST.—Beautiful, large, sunny rooms; conveniences; private house; select surroundings; references.

61ST, 27 EAST.—Two rooms and bath, single or en suite. Plaza 2328.

64TH, (848 Lexington.)—Large and small rooms; running water, telephone, all conveniences.

66TH, 46 EAST.—Large front room; also others; very reasonable; running water; telephone.

67TH 231 EAST.—Two beautiful front rooms; heat, bath; private entrance; privileges. Kohler.

81ST, 203 WEST.—Three rooms, bath; housekeeping; attractively furnished; year's lease; can be seen after 11 A. M. Sunday, or later by appointment. Apartment 2F.

BUSINESS WOMAN has large, sunny, square room, southern exposure, all conveniences, elevator apartment, 27th, near 4th Av.; privacy assured; moderate; references. M 167 Times.

GRAMERCY PARK, 42.—First floor, running water, $8.50; second, $7; fourth, $5.

IDEAL SUITE, 3 rooms, bath, cozy, homelike furnishings; open fireplace; electricity; steam; private entrance; excellent location. Orchard 3824.

Large and single comfortable front rooms, near 34th St. 160 Madison Av.

LEXINGTON AV., 515, (Cor. 48th St.)—Elegantly furnished front room; three windows; telephone; elevator apartment; references. Mme. Paraga.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,469, Apt. 44.—Comfortable room, running water, elevator, electricity; private family.

LEXINGTON AV., 658, (corner 55th.)—Large warm, well-furnished room, second floor, front; also single rooms; excellent board.

LEXINGTON AV., 157.—Furnished room to let; medium size; respectable house.

LEXINGTON AV., 862.—Very desirable large front room; large closet; running water.

MADISON AV., 174.—VANDERBILT STUDIOS.—Furnished, unfurnished rooms; unusual; references exchanged. Mur. Hill 9286.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; music studios rented by day or hour.

PARK AV., 70, (38th.)—Comfortably furnished, clean room for gentleman; elevator; $5.

PARK AV., 604.—Large front room, adjoining bath; all conveniences. Telephone Plaza 2135.

WILL let small room; home comforts. Tel. 5143 Madison. Dennelly.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,149, Near 127th St.—Three large, sunny, well-furnished, heated front rooms, arranged for light housekeeping. Nichols.

8TH, 21 WEST, (Washington Square Section.)—Two connecting rooms; running water; suitable for light housekeeping; furnished or unfurnished.

16TH, 404 WEST.—Attractive room, every convenience; Broadway subway; business man preferred. Apt. 3.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

47TH, 27 WEST.—Handsomely furnished single, double rooms; private bath; telephone; $5; 10-12.

48TH, 32 WEST.—Sunny room, adjoining bath, other rooms, in clean, cheerful house.

50TH, 73 WEST.—Newly furnished, large second floor room; bath connecting; electricity; references.

245 WEST 51ST ST.
Large, front room, southern exposure, bath and telephone; elevator apartment; private family.

51ST ST., 245 WEST, (Apt. 41.)—In elegantly furnished elevator apartment large front room, adjoining bath; also use of kitchen; $15 per week; references required.

52D, 54 WEST.—Ground floor front; running water, electricity; refined location; gentleman.

54TH ST., 53 WEST.—Room for business woman; electricity; telephone; reasonable; references.

55TH, 103 WEST.—Large, light room; steam, electric lights, running water. Quinn.

56TH, 342 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; elevator, bath, steam, electricity, telephone; suitable gentleman or couple. Sims, 6th floor.

56TH ST., WEST, (Between 6th and 7th.)—3 rooms and kitchenette; $40. Inquire 839 Carnegie Hall.

57TH, 344 WEST.—Beautifully furnished front parlor; large room; private bath; southern exposure.

57TH, (Near Broadway.)—Private family living in apartment offers to gentleman large, comfortably furnished room. P 5 Times.

57TH ST., (Near Carnegie Hall.)—Front suite with private bath; sunny. Circle 904.

57TH.—Two rooms; all conveniences; near Columbus Circle; $10, $6. Circle 419.

58TH, 120 WEST.—Handsomely furnished; adjoining bath; near all transportation; couple, gentleman; references.

128 WEST 58TH ST.
Comfortable room; modern conveniences; gentleman, references.

58TH ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive alcove, large room; running water; small kitchenette; $65.

40 WEST 58TH ST.
Rooms and Suites, attractively furnished.

58TH, 63 WEST.—Large and small beautifully furnished; private house; gentlemen. Columbus 8749.

58TH, 68 WEST.—Hall bedroom, $3 weekly; other single and double bedrooms; warm running water; private baths; references.

58TH, (Central Park West.)—Attractive room; elevator; gentleman; Jewish family. Columbus 2586.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Just opened; everything brand new; furnished rooms, single or en suite; electricity; refined surroundings; investigate.

69TH, 145 WEST.—Bachelors' apartments, first floor; other attractively furnished rooms; telephone Buckley.

69TH, 74 WEST.—Medium-sized room; running water, electricity, private phone; no other roomers. Hanner. Phone 5041 Columbus.

70TH ST., 213 WEST.—Large, small, single or suite, private baths; also top floor, 3 rooms, private bath. Tel. Schuyler 2528.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen; business couple.

70TH, 204 WEST.—Delightful rooms; running water, electricity; elevator apartment; near subway. Simpson.

70TH, 59 WEST.—Large front room; private bath, electricity; gentlemen only.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Rooms with and without running water; near all car lines.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms for gentlemen; must be seen to appreciate.

71ST, 62 WEST.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; ONE FLIGHT; PRIVATE BATH, DRESSING ROOM, SHOWER, LAVATORY; STEAM, ELECTRICITY; OTHER ROOMS.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; complete; bathroom, electric light, steam heat.

71ST, 135 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE LARGE ROOM, EXTENSION BATH; STEAM, ELECTRICITY; OWNER'S MANAGEMENT.

71ST, 308 WEST.—Studio, large double and single room; southern exposure; breakfast; references.

71ST, 45 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; electricity, running water, and phone; desirable location.

71ST, 216 WEST.—Attractive, large front room; all conveniences.

71ST, 206 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; phone; also smaller room; references.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

72D, 56 WEST.—Very attractive, large, front room adjoining bath; handsomely furnished; gentleman preferred; references required. Telephone 313 Columbus.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

72D, 22 WEST.—Beautiful large furnished room; private bath; electricity; quiet, refinement.

72D, 151 WEST.—Two large rooms, nicely furnished, with bath, suitable for studio; all conveniences.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Attractive front room; electric lights; private family; gentlemen.

73D, 302 WEST.—Two double rooms, front and southern exposure; private baths; board optional; comfortable Winter home; near subway.

73D, 139 WEST.—Two single, large rooms, beautifully furnished; southern exposure; electricity.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms, near subway, elevated; references.

73D, 118 WEST.—Newly decorated large and single rooms; private baths; southern exposure.

73D, 173 WEST.—Large and single rooms; references.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room; private bath; telephone, electric light.

74TH, 242 WEST.—ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED SUITES, ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT BATH; ALSO DOCTOR'S OFFICE; BREAKFAST IF DESIRED.

74TH, 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS. Newly furnished, two large rooms, with private bath, electric light, steam heat, valet service; references. Col. 8768.

74TH, 139 WEST.—Exceptionally beautiful residence, centrally located rooms, for refined people; furnishings will appeal to exclusive people wishing for accustomed surroundings.

74TH, 23 WEST.—Luxurious, completely furnished rooms; private baths; steam, electricity; unexcelled service.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Small room, well heated; southern exposure, adjoining bath; electricity; reference.

74TH, 113 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred; references.

74TH, 111 WEST.—Large, beautiful room, private bath; electricity; every convenience.

75TH, 226 WEST, (Broadway.)—Sunny, airy, well-furnished suite, exceptionally homelike, for refined gentleman; family apartment; references. 7248 Columbus.

75TH, 139 WEST.—Single, ensuite; attractively furnished; southern exposure; electricity; adjoining bath.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Beautiful front parlor, connecting bedroom; also large rooms, private bath.

75TH, 102 WEST, (Apt. 61.)—Pleasant room, homelike surroundings, conveniences, gentleman. Col. 3384.

75TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, private bath; also small room; electricity.

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, electricity, $10-$12.

75TH, 38 WEST.—Large, small rooms; attractive, comfortable; breakfast if desired; references.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Nice, sunny rooms; first-class house; select neighborhood; telephone; reasonable.

75TH, 192 WEST.—Sunny room, running water, elevator apartment; private family; $7. Wheeler.

75TH, 14 WEST.—Elegant, sunny room; electricity, lavatory, closets; near bath; telephone; $5.

75TH, 126 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; electricity; newly furnished.

76TH, 55 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished room; electricity, steam, telephone, running water; reasonable.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Large sunny front room; electricity; private bath; kitchenette privileges; references.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Room, private bath; parquet floor, electricity; private house; references.

76TH, 42 WEST.—Attractive double room, private bathroom, $12 weekly; small room, $4.50.

76TH, 174 WEST.—Parlor, well heated, running water, electricity; moderate price.

76TH, 239 WEST.—One large, one small room, excellent table; fine location.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Very attractive large room; hot water.

77TH, 113 WEST.—Large and small rooms; baths, electricity, phone; subway, "L"; private house; reasonable. Flynn.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house; two large rooms; connecting baths; single or en suite.

77TH, 126 WEST.—Well-heated large, also single, rooms, in quiet, refined house.

77TH, 131 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, comfortable; other rooms; electricity; reference.

111 WEST 77TH ST.
Desirable small room; references; reasonable.

78TH, 108 WEST.—Ready for guests Nov. 20; reservations now arranged; meals optional.

78TH, 326 WEST, (corner Riverside Drive.)—Beautiful rooms; overlooking Hudson; private house.

78TH, 212 WEST.—Comfortable, clean room, lavatory, electricity; subway; gentlemen. Schuyler 9110.

78TH, 160 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Large front room, twin beds, electricity, adjoining bath; gentlemen only.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Front and back parlor, 1st floor; running water; small room.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

79TH, 216 WEST.—Double, single, front, back rooms adjoining bath; electricity, steam.

79TH, 169 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, with private bath; lock subway; immaculate.

80TH, 55 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Newly furnished front suite, adjoining bath; steam, phone; smaller room; subway, elevated. Roy.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny, two-room studio; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Sunny rooms, private baths, $12; single, $5; electricity, steam heat.

81ST, 166 WEST.—Small and medium light room, newly furnished, adjoining bath; references.

81ST 120 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, sunny, warm rooms; private bath, lavatory, kitchenette.

81ST, 169 WEST.—Housekeeping rooms, (3;) also medium-sized room; references. Jacobsen.

81ST, 155 WEST.—Immaculate, sunny, large rooms; electricity, bath, well heated; $6 upward.

81ST, 110 WEST.—Attractive, warm rooms; bath floor; electricity; hot water; $6-$7.

82D ST., 319 WEST.—Newly furnished one and two room suites; private baths; large, sunny rooms; all conveniences; references required.

82D, 33 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated front rooms; bath; references.

82D, 54 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second story front, bath, kitchenette; single rooms; references.

82D, 13 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; electricity; parquet floors; all conveniences; moderate. Telephone Schuyler 3955.

82D, 24 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor suite; private bath, electricity; medium rooms.

83D, 325 WEST.—Attractive rooms, high-class apartment. Tel. 4770 Schuyler; 5th apt. west.

84TH, 47 WEST.—Magnificent, warm room; private bath; twin beds; electricity; other rooms.

84TH, 316 WEST.—Parlor, adjoining bedroom and bath; strictly private family; $15. Hilborn.

84TH, 16 WEST.—Attractive, large room; southern exposure; all conveniences; private house.

85TH, 139 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large room; electricity; all conveniences; also small room.

85TH, 30 WEST.—Parlor suite, suitable physician or dentist; electricity, also other rooms.

85TH, 129 WEST.—Attractive medium size room; electricity, telephone; private house. Schuyler 2613.

85TH, 201 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; running water; elevator apartment; gentleman. L. Holt.

86TH, 337 WEST.—Elegant, large, sunny, front rooms; running water; near drive; references.

86TH, 206 WEST, (Miss Smith.)—Fourth floor, large front rooms; private apartment; references.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Second floor; large room; hall room; breakfast; high-class house.

86TH, 341 WEST.—Large double room, adjoining bath; near Drive and subway.

86TH, 174 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; business people; meals if desired.

87TH, 209 WEST.—Well furnished parlor, back parlor; bath, electricity, telephone; refined. Burnett.

87TH ST., 340 WEST, and 303 West 78th St.—Handsome, well-heated suite; double and single rooms; reference; reasonable.

87TH, 330 WEST, (Riverside.)—Large room, dressing room, bath room, $8; private house.

87TH, 319 WEST.—Fine, large room, gentleman; private family; references.

88TH, 335 WEST, (Droccam Hall.)—Exclusive bachelor dwellings; near Riverside; southern exposure; front rooms, $5 to $15; 86th St. subway.

88TH, 11 WEST.—Furnished room, modern apartment; strictly private family; every convenience; if interested call Lenox 616 for appointment. M. McKeon.

88TH, 173 WEST.—Newly decorated large front room, dressing room, bath; one flight; telephone; one, two gentlemen; subway, L.

88TH ST., 60 WEST.—Exceptionally large, light front room; running water; telephone; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

88TH, 307 WEST.—Attractive rooms, modern house, exclusive block; breakfast optional; references required.

88TH ST., 138 WEST.—Desirable sunny room, centrally located; all conveniences; telephone; reference.

88TH, 100 WEST.—Two rooms, suitable bachelor apartment; all conveniences; ground floor.

89TH, 330 WEST.—Exclusive house, beautifully appointed; large, small rooms, kitchenette privileges; reasonable.

88TH, 69 WEST.—Furnished room; gentleman; private family. Phone 7870 River. Cook.

90TH, 255 WEST.—Large single rooms, high-class elevator apartment; references. Penny.

91ST, 252 WEST.—For refined gentleman, comfortably furnished front room, adjoining bath; private family, exclusive. Telephone Riverside 8960.

91ST, 58 WEST.—Sunny suite, parlor floor; kitchenette; private bath; electricity; service.

91ST, (2,465 Broadway.)—A desirable front suite, suitable bachelors; reference; elevator. Whitney.

92D, 133 WEST.—Large outside room; running water, electricity; $6-$10; private family.

92D, (West End Av.)—Two sunny rooms with dressing room. Riverside 8651.

93D, 306 WEST.—Room, adjoining bath, in newly furnished apartment; strictly private. Rose.

93D, 317 WEST.—Attractive front room; private family; high-class references. Apt. 22.

93D, 259 WEST.—Large, attractive room; private bath; also smaller room.

94TH, 319 WEST.—Young couple has medium-sized room; exclusive home; elevator; reasonable; references. Apt. 20.

94TH, 70 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, newly furnished, decorated; absolute cleanliness; private bath.

94TH, 34 WEST.—Desirable room; electric light; quiet, refined surroundings; owner; reference.

94TH, 17 WEST.—Furnished room; private house; occupied by owner; bath convenient.

95TH, 336 WEST.—Attractive front suite, adjoining bath; electricity; reasonable; subway. Apt. 5.

96TH, 328 WEST.—Two single rooms in private family, all improvements; references exchanged. Telephone Riverside 305, Apt. 2B.

96TH, 29 WEST.—Attractive large, medium, sunny rooms, private and adjoining baths, continuous hot water, electricity, phone; references.

96TH, (738 West End.)—Large corner room; conveniences; steam, electricity; telephone; subway.

96TH, 166 WEST.—Neat, sunny, comfortable, steam, subway express and L. Lester.

97TH, 255 WEST.—Beautiful, large parlor, adjoining bath; elevator; gentlemen only. Orsy.

97TH ST., 29 WEST.—A warm, comfortable bedroom; lavatory; reasonable. Dean.

97TH, 308 WEST.—Large front room; also suite; high-class apartment. Newman.

97TH, 256 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, high-class elevator house. Apt. 43.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Exclusive bachelor quarters, suite, or large room, bath. Apt. 7.

99TH, 244 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room, running water; no other roomers. Strouse.

100TH, 316 WEST.—Magnificent room and bath; $10 week; gentlemen. Apt. 19.

101ST, 309 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Sunny front suite, or three connecting; every convenience; very desirable; business people; breakfast; home; unfurnished room. Apt. 3.

101ST, 211 WEST.—Comfortable room, adjoining bath; conveniences; gentleman; references. Apt. 73.

102D, (Broadway.)—Large, comfortable room, $8; pleasant surroundings; adjoining bath. River. 6651.

102D, 235 WEST.—Large parlor, bedroom, attractive; one, two gentlemen; conveniences. Ward.

103D, 214 WEST.—One large and two small rooms, singly or en suite, private bath, in large, handsome home, newly renovated and decorated; electricity; every convenience; gentlemen; references.

103D, 303 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Three rooms, with running hot and cold water, bath, telephone, and electricity, for rent single or en suite, in elegantly furnished private home; references required.

104TH, 115 WEST.—Bright, sunny room; elevator apartment; attractively furnished; private family. Palmer.

104TH, 20 WEST.—Pleasant front room, near Central Park, to rent to desirable party with reference. Scott, Apartment 3B.

105TH, 248 WEST, (Broadway.)—Elegantly furnished room; pleasant surroundings; adjoining bath; gentlemen. Copeland.

105TH, WEST.—Sunny, comfortable rooms in a select apartment; reasonable terms. Telephone 1665 Academy.

105TH, 248 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; also large room; piano; refined surroundings. Roche.

105TH ST., WEST.—Outside sunny room; modern conveniences; private family; $6. W 112 Times.

105TH, 237 WEST.—Large suite, parlor, bedroom, private family; references; $12. Andruss.

105TH, 229 WEST.—Nicely furnished outside rooms, adjoining bath, elevator apartment. Morton.

105TH, 201 WEST.—Nicely furnished, outside rooms; $4; elevator apartment. Murray.

106TH, 160 WEST, Apartment 10.—Large outside room; also smaller room; private family; exclusive; references; telephone; elevator.

106TH ST., 150 WEST.—Large front room; elevator apartment; private, homelike; references. Rice.

106TH ST., 238 WEST.—Light, attractively furnished room, bath; reasonable; gentleman. Apartment 9.

106TH, 246 WEST.—American lady will rent attractive parlor, bedroom suite; independent; one flight; $7. Call Sunday. Blake.

109TH, 304 WEST, (Adjoining Broadway.)—Beautifully furnished large and small rooms; modern.

109TH, 229 WEST.—Lady, mostly alone, will rent unusually attractive room to lady or couple. Inquire elevator man.

109TH, 312 WEST.—Beautiful large outside room; running water; seventh floor.

110TH, 509 WEST, (Apartment 1A.)—Newly furnished room; running water, electric light, and steam heat; gentleman only.

110TH ST., 200 WEST, (corner Amsterdam.)—6D; very desirable room in private family.

111TH, 507 WEST.—Exclusive, small, bright room, every convenience; independent. Apartment 44.

111TH, 518 WEST.—Attractive large room adjoining bath; all conveniences. Apt. 54.

112TH, 605 WEST.—Elegantly appointed room, in select neighborhood, for gentleman; one minute from subway; bath and shower; $8 per week. C. M., Apartment 2.

112TH, 612 WEST.—Light, well furnished room; Riverside Drive; new; reasonable; gentlemen only. Apt. 10.

113TH, 567 WEST.—Attractive room; modern apartment; running water; bath adjoining; no other roomers; breakfast optional; Broadway. Devitt.

113TH, 501 WEST.—Outside single room, comfortably furnished; telephone, electricity; reasonable. Boos.

113TH, 506 WEST.—Attractive single room; business woman; music student; moderate. Jones.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Light, single room; washroom; private family; gentleman. Apartment 22.

114TH, 520 WEST.—Room, lavatory, electricity, telephone; board optional; private family. Clement.

114TH, 600 WEST.—Front suite facing Columbia Campus, $12. Apt. 8. Mackenzie.

115TH, 620 WEST.—Bright, well-heated room; overlooking Hudson; large closet; running water; small family. Apt. 23.

117TH, 126 WEST.—Cheerful rooms; outside; elevator; Jewish family. Apt. 5 West.

118TH, 401 WEST.—Large, warm, clean room; closet, private bath; $5; select. Apt. 33.

118TH, 401 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; piano; overlooking Morningside Park, Apt. 34; single room, running water, Apt. 54.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Attractive front suite; elevator apartment; reasonable. Dent, Apartment 61.

118TH, 400 WEST, (Morningside Drive.)—Adjoining rooms; attractive, homelike; corner. Apt. 42.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Light, attractive rooms; elevator; telephone; shower. Apt. 41.

119TH, 420 WEST.—Large sunny corner room; 4 windows; overlooking Park; $8; with kitchenette room, $12. Apt. 51.

120TH, 359 WEST, (near Morningside.)—Nicely furnished room, adjoining bath; private house.

120TH, 417 WEST.—Large, warm, outside room; modern, comfortable; private family. Flippin.

120TH ST., WEST.—Overlooking University Campus, corner room; $9 per week. Apply by letter P. G. Box 1,239.

120TH, 23 WEST.—Beautiful front room; electricity, shower; gentleman; private house.

120TH, 364 WEST.—Elegant room, one gentleman; running water, electric lights; private home.

121ST, 122 WEST.—Elegant large room; private bath; parquet floor; also small room; all conveniences; references.

121ST, 519 WEST.—Sunny front room; $4.25; kitchen privileges. Hawley, Apt. 6A.

122D, 416 WEST.—Cheerful rooms; first-class; elevator; refined home. Apt. 41.

123D ST., (1,268 Amsterdam Av.)—Private family; cozy room, suitable one or two; full-size bed; large closets. Kircher.

123D, 430 WEST, (Apt. 1A.)—Two-room suite, kitchen; elevator; telephone; conveniences.

123D, 121 WEST.—Large light, also small, room; private; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

125TH, 600 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive outside room for gentleman; bath adjoining; $4.50; breakfast optional. Lawson.

126TH ST., 267 WEST.—Desirable furnished room, suitable for two; all conveniences. Apt. 3. Pardon.

126TH, 101 WEST, Apt. 8 W.—Large room, running water; elevator; for gentleman.

127TH ST., 619 WEST.—Attractive rooms; cultured business women preferred; reference required. Apt. 28.

135TH, 535 WEST.—Sunny outside room, beautifully furnished; elevator, all conveniences. Collins.

135TH ST., 629 WEST.—Nurse will rent two outside single rooms, living room and breakfast; private.

135TH, 601 WEST.—Furnished ballroom; elevator, telephone; convenient subway, bus; $4 per week. Sar Toria, Apartment 8E.

135TH, 601 WEST. Outside, sunny room; elevator apartment; homelike; private family. Douglas.

136TH, 492 WEST.—One, two, or three clean, bright, cheerful; kitchen optional; closets; family. Telephone 4450 Morningside. Fortune.

136TH, 611 WEST.—Clean, nicely furnished room, all conveniences; subway, buses; gentlemen; reasonable. Tusey.

138TH, 600 WEST.—Gentleman, private family, all conveniences. Call Sunday. Apt. 46.

139TH, (61 Hamilton Place.)—Attractive, sunny front room; bath adjoining. Apt. 24.

140TH, 477 WEST.—Large room; elevator, electricity, telephone; Southern family. Apt. 71.

141ST, 605 WEST.—Suite adjoining bath; shower; river view; refined surroundings; Southern family. Frost.

141ST, (3,456 Broadway.)—Comfortable room, next bath; suitable one, two; private family; all conveniences; subway. Rockclyffe, Apt. 12.

142D, 605 WEST.—Room, adjoining shower bath, elevator apartment; $5; subway. Scott.

143D, 527 WEST, (Apt. 2.)—Elegant room, newly furnished; modern apartment; phone.

143D, 527 WEST, (Phone.)—Double room; hot, cold water; kitchen privileges. Mendoza.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room, scrupulously clean. Apt. 27.

143D, 527 WEST.—Pleasant room, bath, private family; elevator apartment. Apt. 51.

143D, 505 WEST, (Apt. 31.)—Newly furnished room; twin beds; reasonable; elevator.

144TH, 500 WEST.—Beautiful, light, large room with private family; elevator, telephone; near subway. Apt. 47.

144TH, 427 WEST.—Beautiful room, every convenience; suitable single, couple; private family.

144TH, 600 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Finely furnished outside room, overlooking Hudson. Wallace.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Hall room, $5; river view, $7-$8; convenient location. Turner.

145TH, 607 WEST, (Bet. Broadway and Riverside.)—Large, comfortable room; all conveniences.

151ST ST., 628 WEST.—Large, attractive room; elevator apartment; no other roomers. Apt. 6G.

156TH ST., 515 WEST.—Large, beautiful room, block subway; private American family; reasonable. Apt. 44.

156TH, 611 WEST.—Sunny room, conveniences, business lady, gentleman; references. Apt. 34.

168TH, 601 WEST.—Large corner room, overlooking river; exceptionally well appointed. Ellsworth.

169TH ST., 600 WEST.—A large, well-furnished room in a high-class elevator apartment for one or two gentlemen; quiet surroundings; with breakfast-board optional; no other boarders. Mrs. E. Powell, Apartment 25.

172D ST., 720 WEST.—Private, comfortable home; man, with highest reference. Wm. Keegan.

172D ST., 550 WEST, (Apt. 1H.)—Neatly furnished corner bedroom, three windows; also living room adjoining if desired; Japanese gentleman; breakfast optional.

174TH ST., 550 WEST.—Will let single or suite of two rooms in attractive apartment; no other roomer; every convenience; very accessible. Palmer, Audubon 7600.

179TH, 700 WEST.—Room, large, light, comfortable; reasonable. 5D.

180TH, 716 WEST.—Real home; improvements; fine private family; references. MacMillen.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS,
302 West 22d St.
Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly; rooms for two, $3.50 weekly each.

AMSTERDAM AV., 1,649, between 141st and 142d Sts.—Two high-class rooms; elevator apartment; telephone, electricity; convenient to all cars, subway, and elevator; suitable for one or two. Yattaw, Apt. 61.

ATTRACTIVE SUITE, bedroom and sitting room, adjoining bath; comfortably homelike; also single room, with running water; moderate. Waetjen, 205 W. 87th.

ATTRACTIVE, sunny room, overlooking Central Park; modern conveniences; woman preferred; $10. Col. 8998.

BROADWAY, 3,131.—Large parlor-bedroom, suitable for gentlemen; refined surroundings; shower; elevator; references. Morningside 5808, Apartment 48.

BROADWAY, 3,575.—Unusual opportunity for party with good references to share apartment; every convenience; reasonable; wonderful location. Conhett.

BROADWAY, (93d.)—Attractive, homelike rooms; running water, electric light; well heated; elevator apartment; private family. Phone Riverside 5739.

BROADWAY, 3,544, Apartment 25.—Elevator; 145th subway at door; adjoining bath; all conveniences; private family; select location; moderate.

BROADWAY, 2,612, (98th St.)—Attractive single room, next to bath; reasonable. Sinclair.

BROADWAY, 2,491, (93d St.)—Large furnished front parlor with single bedroom. Apartment 11.

BUSINESS woman share apartment with woman; transportation convenient; $40. Telephone 2309 Academy.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Attractive large room for one or two; heat; electricity; elevator; shower, bath. Phone 973 Riverside.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Attractive, newly furnished rooms; suite, overlooking Park. Fryer.

CLAREMONT AV, 180, (125th.)—Attractive large front room; also single; small private family; elevator; references. Tallman.

CLAREMONT AV., 49.—Newly furnished rooms, single, en suite; extensive view Hudson River and Columbia; all outside. Brown.

CLAREMONT AV., 200.—Attractive front room; 1, 2 ladies; kitchen privileges; elevator. Apt. 37.

CONVENT AV., 415.—Large room, private bath; small room; clean; private house.

Exceptionally large front room; running water, adjoining bath. Ferrando, Phone Morningside 5201.

EXCEPTIONAL sunny suite; private; breakfast; gentlemen, business couple; 81st St. "L." Schuyler 3786.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 416, (179th St.)—Large sunny room; comfortably furnished; all conveniences; suitable one or two gentlemen; reasonable if permanent; 181st St. subway station. Ingraham.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 271, (171st.)—Large, light, well-furnished room, adjoining bath; private family; ladies preferred. Apartment 2G.

HOTELS' OVERFLOW accommodated; investigated rooms, board, apartments, houses. Leland's, 1 West 34th St.

MAGNIFICENTLY furnished suite, parlor, bedroom, bath; gentleman preferred. Apt. 53, Morningside 8606.

MAN or woman desiring room of comfort and refinement should telephone 4880 Morning. Apt. 55.

PRIVATE family has choice rooms for ladies; references; 219th St. subway station. Z., 3,768 Barnes Av., New York City.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th.)—Desirable rooms, with or without private bath; newly furnished; gentlemen; also bedroom and sitting room for two gentlemen; telephone; references. Cardozo.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910, Apartment 7F.—Beautiful room, overlooking Hudson; new elevator apartment; private family; gentlemen. Phone 8446 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (Corner 80th.)—Magnificently furnished suite of two or three rooms overlooking river; private house; maid service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 850, (157th St. Subway.)—Furnished medium and double rooms; reasonable; private house. Mrs. Stephans.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452, (116th.)—Room of the highest type; refined; references. Apartment 4A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Outside, sunny, warm room; elevator, electricity; private family; $6.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222.—Large, attractive room, private bath; also other rooms. 5680 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Large rooms, bath, shower; $12, $15; two, $20. Payne.

SOUTHEAST CORNER 100th St., West End Av.—Private, modern house of luxury and comfort, large corner room, running water, electricity, semi-private bath, $10.

TELEPHONE MARTIN, Times Building, 3283 Bryant,—for list choice inspected rooms, any section, west side; no charge.

UNIVERSITY AV., 2,374, (Fordham Road.)—Furnished room, light, airy, all open, all improvements; excellent residential section; elevator apartment; with private family.

WEST END AV., 322, (75th.)—Desirable, comfortably furnished rooms, large, medium, single, or en suite; running water; adjoining (private) bath; electricity, telephone, conveniences; select residential neighborhood; reasonable; subway; references.

WEST END AV., 94th, (Or Unfurnished.)—4 sunny rooms, single, en suite; 2 blocks subway express; modern equipment. River 8997.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

WEST END AV., 483, (81st.)—Attractive room in private residence; running water; electric light; telephone; business women preferred.

WEST END AV., 611.—Elegant second-floor front room with elaborately appointed dressing room; electricity; breakfast optional; references.

WEST END AV., 936, (103d St. Subway.)—Corner room; elevator; gentleman; telephone. Apt. 5 West.

WEST END AV., 826, (100th St.)—Superior bachelor accommodations; exclusive residence; breakfast. River 3050.

WEST END AV.—Two attractive connecting rooms; every convenience; or single; business people; breakfast. Phone Owner 5040.

WEST END AV., 811.—Comfortable, medium-sized room, heat, electricity; references.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

WEST END AV., 911.—Elegant suite, bath, electricity, telephone; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 683, (93d.)—Choicest section of New York; newly furnished rooms.

YOUNG MAN with bachelor apartment wishes to rent a room, with bath attached, to a congenial gentleman of culture; first-class, newly constructed building, in exclusive neighborhood; price suitable to location; references exchanged. R 400 Times Downtown.

Brooklyn.

HEIGHTS, (143 Willow.)—Unusually attractive rooms; private residence; near subway. Main 3011.

FORT HAMILTON PARKWAY, 4,722.—Comfortable, quiet rooms; reasonable. Sunset 5816.

LARGE BRIGHT ROOM, with breakfast, private Christian family; 30 minutes from bridge; gentleman only. Bath Beach, 2103R.

New Jersey.

NORWOOD AV., 9, (Summit, N. J.)—Furnished, two desirable rooms, with bath, all connecting; southern exposure; very modern house; six minutes from D., L. & W. station; excellent table within two doors.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

73D ST., WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Suite with bath; also large single rooms; would furnish. Phone Columbus 3764.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 223.—7 and 8 large, old-fashioned rooms and bath; steam heat; electric lights; rent $60-$70. Supt., on premises.

WEST END AV., 794.—Bachelor apartment, two rooms, private bath, maid service; moderate.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

IN private house, one very large bedroom and bath or 2 smaller rooms and bath, southern exposure, by lady with excellent references; must be between 5th and Lexington Avs. and 66th St. and 88th St. O 188 Times.

TWO GENTLEMEN want two rooms in private family, with or without meals; will not consider place where there are other roomers; must be first-class. J. 348 Times Downtown.

FATHER and daughter, at business all day, desire two furnished rooms, improvements, east side, between 42d and 72d Sts. L. M. W., P. O. Box 161, Station F, City.

REFINED business girl, desires bright, outside room, with quiet, refined, private family, near 191st subway; reasonable. O 163 Times.

One or two rooms and bath in private family; no other boarders; breakfast; other meals optional; moderate price; young couple; references exchanged. V 209 Times Downtown.

UNFURNISHED or furnished outside room, with bath, between 70th and 100th West, for gentleman. F 433 Times Annex.

Two refined young men want one or two furnished rooms, with breakfast. 3,115 Broadway, Apt. 56.

Room, by young man, prefer apartment, near 57th St.; steam, electricity; reasonable; state price. O 140 Times.

FOREIGN SURGEON wants furnished bedroom. Desires: Clean and reasonable; quiet family preferred. O 200 Times.

Young business woman wants to share apartment with ditto; rent not exceeding $5 per week. O 309 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

Four reasonable priced SUNNY unfurnished rooms; open fireplace, steam, hot water; housekeeping by sister and brother; would successfully manage house or small hotel; bank and business references; please state particulars. E 83 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

11TH, 26 EAST, Adjoining 5th Av.—Handsomely furnished rooms; superior table; moderate.

53D, 37 EAST.—Rooms, with board; references; table board.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly, up.

West Side.

5TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity; switchboard; refined service.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms, excellent board; all improvements.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath, steam; unexcelled board.

47TH ST., 50 WEST.—LARGE ROOMS ONLY; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE.

16 WEST 40TH ST.
TABLE BOARDERS; REFERENCES.

53D ST., 67 WEST.—Attractive large, small sunny rooms; 2d floor; refined; references.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Rooms, with board; private bath; references.

16 WEST 55TH ST.
Table boarders; rooms; references; gentlemen.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms, private baths; parlor dining; excellent table.

71ST, 116 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny, small rooms; table guests accommodated.

72D, 318 WEST, (Riverside.)—Exclusive Pension; two large connecting rooms with private baths, singly or en suite; also small room; excellent table and service.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 123 WEST.—Attractive, well-heated rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

72D, 314 WEST, (Riverside.)—Pleasant home accommodations with American family; table personally supervised.

72D, 266 WEST.—Warm, attractive rooms; excellent Southern meals; fine location; reference.

72D, 147 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, with private baths; also table guests.

72D, 159 WEST.—Desirable large, sunny rooms, also hall rooms; board; references.

72D, 261 WEST.—Homelike, handsomely furnished double room, private bath.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; table guests accommodated.

73D, 302 WEST.—Double rooms, private bath; excellent board; near subway; phone.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; private bath; steam, electricity, private phone; also single room; table board.

74TH, 125 WEST.—Medium room, with connecting bath; excellent table.

75TH, 147 WEST.—Handsome second floor, furnished; other rooms; board optional; references exchanged.

75TH, 234 WEST, "The Hurlburt."—Sunny back parlor, private bath; steam heat.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—One large, one small room; fine table; excellent location.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive rooms, double and single; private bath or adjoining; steam heat, electricity; excellent table; references.

78TH, 266 WEST.—Single room, southern exposure; steam heat, running water, electricity.

78TH, 106 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms; electricity; refined surroundings; excellent table.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Second floor; southern exposure; large room, private bath; electricity.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.
SINGLE ROOM AND BOARD.

80TH, 148 WEST.—Medium, sunny, also small room; electricity; homelike surroundings; references.

81ST, 261 WEST.—In refined home; exceptionally pleasant room; substantial meals. Wells.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

83D, 174 WEST. "The Little House."—Large room; bath adjoining; delicious home table.

83D, 25 WEST.—One or two large, beautiful rooms, second floor; private bath; steam, electricity; for family or few adults; Vienna cooking; references. 5327 Schuyler.

85TH, 78 WEST.—Beautiful room, with board; business gentleman preferred; modern conveniences. Jay.

85TH, 139 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

86TH, 139 WEST.—Large, attractive room, private bath, electricity; also single room; excellent table; references required; Southern family.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms, suite, with bath; excellent table; references.

87TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large, attractive room; private bath; excellent table; heat, electricity; telephone; convenient; Jewish house.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive, large room, private bath; other rooms; conveniences; excellent table.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Lady owning handsome home, 4 baths, desires two paying guests.

88TH, 316 WEST.—Attractive, homelike single room; excellent home cooking; convenient; refined surroundings.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Newly, beautifully furnished double rooms, adjoining bath; excellent Jewish table; reasonable; table boarders accommodated. Riverside 9793.

90TH ST., 312 WEST.—Can accommodate few table guests in small, refined boarding house; excellent home table.

90TH ST., 312 WEST.—Large single room and board for young gentleman; electric light; running water; references required.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double, and two single rooms, with adjoining bath; Jewish family; excellent table; reasonable rates; table boarders accommodated. Telephone 6926 Riverside.

91ST, 153 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, suitable two; private house; all conveniences.

91ST, 68 WEST.—Owner's home; large, warm rooms; excellent meals; table guests.

92D, 60 WEST.—Beautiful large, small rooms, suites; thoroughly renovated; new management; private baths; conveniences; Southern cooking; table board.

93D ST., (676 West End Av.)—Large front room; running water; electricity; excellent environment; suitable two gentlemen or married couple; beautifully furnished; home cooking.

92D, 45 WEST.—Large, sunny, comfortable room; excellent home cooking; reasonable; telephone.

93D, 265 WEST.—Double room; private bath; constant hot water; electricity; table guests.

93D, 265 WEST.—Double room; private bath; constant hot water; electricity; table guests.

94TH, 65 WEST.—Handsomely furnished sunny second floor, front; excellent table; references.

96TH, 65 WEST.—Handsome large rooms, with, without private bath; excellent table.

102D, 305 WEST, (West End-Riverside.)—Two rooms, private bath, second floor; southern exposure; private family; references exchanged.

102D, 243 WEST.—Refined home, one room, twin beds, private baths; near subway.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double room, with bath; two people, $45 per week, (two meals;) service and surroundings; unusual owner's home, near Riverside.

109TH, 308 WEST.—Double rooms; single, en suite; private bath; convenient locality; excellent table.

110TH, 501 WEST.—Private family; breakfast, dinner to one-two adults. Apt. 19.

112TH ST., 536 WEST.—Cheerful, sunny room; all conveniences, private family, no other roomers; terms moderate. Apt. 62.

113TH, 611 WEST.—Attractively furnished room in private family; superior table; $16 for one, $28 for two. Apt. 61.

115TH, 606 WEST.—Light, airy, comfortable rooms, with board, in small family. Nathan, Morn. 1923.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; home cooking; private family. Apt. 2.

115TH, (cor. Manhattan Av., "The Columbia.")—Pleasant steam-heated rooms, good board; $8 up; every comfort. Tel. Cathedral 6279.

120TH, 110 WEST.—Nice front parlor; all conveniences; one or two gentlemen.

139TH ST., 303 WEST.—Newly decorated front room; southern exposure; hot and cold water; men only; suitable for two; excellent table; telephone; references.

141ST, 527 WEST.—Beautiful sunny room, suitable 2; steam heat; home cooking; references.

137TH, 601 WEST.—Apartment 64; Beautiful front room; elevator, subway; good table.

150TH, 400 WEST.—Large, outside room, running water, suitable one or two; comfortable home; convenient 151st St. "L." Bachrach.

152D, 561 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Large corner room, with dressing room; running water, electricity; furnished or unfurnished; Southern cooking; gentleman or couple. Phone Audubon 4678.

Elegant double room, one smaller, with bath; refined, private house. M 106 Times.

FOR COUPLE desiring home comforts, large room, running water; next bath; no other roomers; references; reasonable. Box F 432 Times.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 8, (Corner West 141st St.)—Beautiful room, with private bath, for gentleman; private family; breakfast only.

MRS. KUSSERA, Rockaway Park, opened beautiful residence, 253 West 102d St.; rooms, with board; table guests; cuisine excellent.

ST. FRANCIS COURT,
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 135TH ST.
Two rooms, single or en suite, facing Hudson and 135th; board; buses; subway.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, North Corner 104th St., (Palatial Mansion.)—Attractive room, 6 windows Riverside Drive, and bath; telephone and electric service; table highest standard. Mrs. Ida Marks.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables.
Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness.
Social Parlors, Smoking Rooms, Comforts.
Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV.,
174 West 126th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking; convenient.

WASHINGTON SQ. NORTH, 21.—Single rooms, with board; facing park; table guests accommodated.

WEST END AV., 578, (103d.)—Magnificent private dwelling; overlooking Hudson; modern, beautiful rooms; well heated; excellent cooking; moderate.

WEST END AV., 344.—Select accommodations; elegantly furnished rooms, private baths; twin beds; steam, electricity; best home table.

WEST END AV., 693, (94TH.)—Large front, back rooms, private bath; also suite; automatic elevator; references; table guests.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Large, sunny rooms; excellent table; house thoroughly appointed; references.

BOARD WANTED.

ARE YOU LOOKING FOR BOARD, LODGING, OR BOARDERS?

The Association to Promote Proper Housing for Girls, now at 11 West 37th St., keeps a list of available rooms in investigated rooming and boarding houses and organized houses for girls. Office hours: Daily, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Also 6 P. M. to 8 P. M. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

THREE adjoining rooms and bath for parents with boy 12, girl 9, with private, refined family, west side below 116th St.; no other boarders. A. C., 119 Times.

French gentleman desires comfortable room, breakfast and dinner, preferably with refined American family; please state terms. W 125 Times.

Refined lady, middle aged, wishes room, bath, board with high-class family; permanent if suited; state terms, location, references. E 107 Times.

ELDERLY COUPLE desire permanent accommodations in refined American home; vicinity of West Bronx. K., Room 75, 45 Broadway.

Gentleman, Frenchman, desires board with refined American family; between 6th and 10th Avenues, 14th and 31st Sts.; references. Ernest Chagnon, 353 7th Avenue, City.

Japanese young gentleman desires pleasant room, with homelike surroundings in private family; no other roomers, if possible; meals to be served. O 132 Times.

Gentleman wants board with private family in Greenwich Village district; near 5th Av. preferred. R. E., 104 East 14th St.

JEWISH gentleman with daughter desires two rooms, with board, in private family, upper west side; references. M 143 Times.

Two rooms, with bath, by young couple; highest class only. W 181 Times.

By gentleman desiring home accommodations; no other boarders. Good Pay, E 77 Times.

GENTLEMAN wishes room and board with private family. O. T. 101 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

ARTHUR HOUSE,
PELHAM MANOR, N. Y.
Rooms with and without private baths and sleeping porches; 29 minutes from 42d St.; N. Y., N. H. & H., Pelham the station; trolley near house; fine Winter home. Mrs. J. Arthur, 211 Secor Lane.

OLD BLUFF HOUSE,
LARCHMONT-ON-SOUND, N. Y.
Accommodations for people of refinement; Winter rates; garage; references required. F. F. Dawes. Telephone Larchmont 561.

Fine Winter home for few people in private family; choice neighborhood; five minutes from two stations; best home cooking. 126 Sickles Av., New Rochelle. Telephone 1836J.

Delightful Fall, Winter home, near White Plains; 45 min. 42d St.; private park; low rates. Booklet. Mt. House, Valhalla, N. Y.

Have you parent or friend you would like to find nice home for? Call 529 Elderwood Av., Pelham.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York City.

EDGEHILL INN,
SPUYTEN DUYVIL ON THE HUDSON.
All-year-round home for few guests; beautifully situated, combining country charm and city comfort; transit facilities, subway and New York Central. Address Miss Mary Huntington.

Staten Island.

Wadsworth Hall, Arrocnar, S. I.—Attractive and homelike; open all year; steam heated; good table and attendance; spacious grounds; accessible for commuters. Tel. 673 Tompkinsville.

Long Island.

Garden City.—119 North Av.; near aviation and Camp Mills.

LARGE and small rooms to desirable parties, in pleasant surroundings; meals as desired. Forest Hills 6770.

New York State.

ADIRONDACKS.
Can accommodate people of refinement, four adults, in modern private cottage, on lake; 1,500 feet el., near station; electricity; sun parlor; family cuisine; milk, cream, eggs from farm; Winter sports; $28 per week; references. Mountain View House, Mt. View, N. Y. (Franklin Co.)

THE VAN VALEN SANATORIUM
is where the most chronic cases of mental, nervous diseases and addictions are treated, if failed upon elsewhere, come here. Psychotherapeutic treatment. Booklet. Peekskill-on-Hudson, N. Y.

The Hill Air, Highland, N. Y.—Large modern home, open for Winter guests; private baths; heated rooms; elevation; two hours from New York City.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Avenue,
EAST ORANGE, N. J.
"Thirty Minutes From Broadway."
You and your wife can get excellent board and live in a beautifully furnished suite of parlor, bedroom and private bath, in New York's most beautiful suburb, for from $30 to $60 per week. Compare this with what you are getting for your money. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from the East Orange Station; 150 trains a day.
W. T. READE.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.
Accommodates 100; fifty bathrooms;
Thirty minutes from Broadway.
Room with private bath and first-class table board for two, $20 to $30.
Room with private bath and first-class table board for one; $13 to $17.
Parlor, bedroom, and private bath with table board for two, $31 to $30.
All rooms handsomely furnished; special reduction to permanent guests.

THE BELVIDERE,
89-91 North Munn Av., East Orange. Spend the Fall and Winter in the beautiful Oranges. Large, airy rooms, fully and completely furnished; all known improvements. Three minutes to station; thirty minutes to New York. Table the very best. Reservations now made. Phone Orange 6026.

LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.
A quiet, homelike sanitarium for all NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS. Modern house, large grounds; automobile rides; wheelchairs; attentive nurses; experienced physician; also
AGED PEOPLE AND INVALIDS
requiring special care. Rates moderate.

Lady intending to keep country home open all Winter would take two persons or a semi-invalid with nurse to board; 45 minutes from New York on D., L. & W.; ideal surroundings; large porch and all home comforts. Mrs. Q., Summit, N. J.

East Orange.—LENOX MANOR offers every appointment of an excellent, small hotel; the table is a la carte. 75 Lenox Av. C. R. Daniels, Mgr. Tel. 5075.

South Orange, N. J., (117 Scotland Road.)—Beautiful home and location; large rooms, bath, and board; references. Phone 591.

Week-end guests accommodated; beautiful private cottage. 209 Seaside Avenue, Atlantic City.

Connecticut.

SPEND THE WINTER
one hour from New York in a beautiful country home that extends real home life hospitality to a few select paying guests; large rooms, delicious meals, sun parlor; every modern convenience; spacious grounds; garage. For accommodations address P. O. Box 83, Greenwich, Conn.

NEW CANAAN, CONN.—THE ARDSLEY. Open all year; near station; rooms with and without bath. Address Mrs. J. M. Sillman. Phone 292.

Country Board Wanted.

Quiet home (New Jersey preferred) for mentally deranged woman who is clean and safe; will pay $50 month. Address, giving full particulars and experience, M 40 Times.

Gentleman desires room and board with congenial family in New Jersey; preferred within easy commuting distance. V 328 Times Downtown.

ADULT would like room and board in refined private family in Northern New Jersey suburbs. E 34 Times.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Manufacturer of profitable foundry products desires associate investing $10,000 or more, to fill important position in company; highest references given and required. V 371 Times Downtown.

Sulphur Pyrites property for sale, with $125,000 estimated tonnage immediately available; uniform and extensive deposit, fully developed; electric equipment. Address Craig Mine, Sulphide, Ontario.

Will give State agency of a big seller to party helping me finance a $2,500 quantity order with factory; $1,000 required; merchandise at factory cost as security, beside State agency; references; no brokers. Accessory, O 128 Times.

Accountant, with more business than he can personally take care of, and steadily increasing clientele, wants to sell for about $1,000 one-half interest to active party, who can qualify, preferably certified man. E 22 Times.

Partner wanted, $2,000 cash, services; brand new article; will create sensation when seen; appoint agencies over country; have $5,000 stock on hand. Address Manufacturer, 65 Madison St., Newark, N. J.

Prosperous manufacturing business, strictly high grade, excellent profits, desires active partner; investment required; admirable opening for desirable man; well established; remarkable prospects. M 123 Times.

$12,000 WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
Have commercial article in great demand by Government and users of trucks and automobiles; need capital for financing; no experimenting; enormous profits; have unfilled orders; highest credentials. E 10 Times.

Gentleman in position to secure Government contracts desires to get in touch with textile garment manufacturer equipped to handle large business; partnership basis. Address F 429 Times Annex.

If you are familiar with the manufacture and sale of popular-priced art and table linens there is an opportunity with a concern branching out in this line; write full particulars; confidential. F 434 Times Annex.

A few thousand dollars and services to invest in a good business; no schemes. Address O 113 Times.

A large doll-manufacturing concern, covering the United States with 6 men, is open for side lines. C. C., 238 Times Downtown.

I am in the contracting business in Washington, D. C.; want energetic associate. Address Washington, O 123 Times.

Mailing list for sale, fresh names of high-grade business men, recent book buyers. Write Box O 244 Times Downtown.

For Sale—Established and perfectly fitted up ladies' ready-to-wear specialty shop in Connecticut. Address X 256 Times Annex.

Manufacturer is sought having precision machinery shop near New York capable of handling fairly large orders. M 99 Times.

STOCK SALESMAN, wide experience, wants proposition of merit to finance. X 243 Times Annex.

Architect.—Expert in alteration work; preliminary sketches free. D 399 Times Downtown.

Will sell my mailing list, Cuban customers, to catalogue houses, 6,000 good names. Alfredo Rodon, 18 Broadway, Room 713.

FOR SALE.
Dental practice, established four years. Call at 104 Main St., Flushing, L. I.

Technically trained business man will invest money in established business. O 183 Times.

Active business man would invest up to $10,000 in established wholesale or manufacturing line; full particulars. O 182 Times.

Have mail order article of merit; would like to meet party with a little capital. E 44 Times.

Stock salesman can produce immediate results in legitimate proposition; references. V 309 Times Downtown.

Woodworking plant, having 4,000 sq. ft. of floor space and sets of machinery, open for Government contract. M 154 Times.

83D St., Near Broadway.—Furnished 14-room house; electricity, steam, parquet floors, hot water, bargain. M 163 Times.

Attorney, influential, Washington, would represent exporters or factories. P 16 Times.

Want active connection; will invest $4,000 to $10,000; state proposition. V 276 Times Downtown.

$1,500, with services, for established paying business; particulars first letter. O 278 Times Downtown.

Up-to-date drug store, in Connecticut for sale; profits exceed $3,000 per year; owner retiring. E 52 Times.

Stock salesman, out town, will contract to sell $25,000 quickly. O 282 Times Downtown.

Experienced executive wants half interest in established business; will invest $10,000 and take care of inside. E 100 Times.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

INVESTMENT.
An export company now doing a large and very profitable business, with offices in many countries, is increasing its capital stock. The money received therefor is to be used to take care of its increasing business, which is growing beyond all expectations.

In offering this stock to the general public we feel that we are extending an opportunity which is seldom offered to any one not in close touch with financial circles. It is a chance to become associated in business with the highest possible class of New York financial and business men, as our stockholders comprise leading banking and commercial interests. Our present stockholders would take up all of the new issue, but we have good reasons for wishing to scatter it. There are no insiders and no ground floor. Every share of preferred stock goes at the same price, with the same bonus of common.

We will give every opportunity for the fullest investigation as to condition, standing, personnel, &c. The new issue of stock is not large, and we prefer small investors with a minimum of one thousand dollars, with one exception. We can utilize the services in an official capacity of a man who will invest, say, twenty thousand dollars. He must be an experienced, high-grade business man who can furnish, as he will receive, the highest possible references as to integrity, character, and standing.

We tender an investment with practically certain good returns, probably very large ones, and no chances taken except the ordinary, everyday ones of legitimate business. J 327 Times Downtown.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY for party who can invest from $15,000 to $25,000 with others who are putting up a large amount of their own money for a new corporation to deal in merchandise specialties; parties interested thoroughly experienced and successful; business already in sight sufficient to show handsome earnings on entire capitalization; position of Vice President or Treasurer and active representative of controlling interest, with liberal salary, may be had by party who can invest above amount and become part and parcel of enterprise; success assured; business high grade; references exchanged; immediate action desired; principals only. P 4 Times.

PARTNER WANTED.
Owing to the absence of an active member of our firm, an unusual and exceptional opportunity is offered a live, progressive man with a few thousand dollars to secure an active partnership in an established, profitable, and successful brokerage firm having a well-equipped suite of offices in a well-known building in the downtown financial district; a clean record and aggressive personality are essential and a financial report will be required and given; upon receipt of reply a personal interview will be granted. Address Opportunity, P. O. Box 1,936.

ATTENTION OF SUCCESSFUL ORGANIZER AND SALESMAN.
An old-established house and leading manufacturer of high-grade specialty for women, selling from $10 to $25, will make exclusive territorial arrangements with experienced and successful organizer and salesman capable of earning a minimum of $5,000 annually; commission basis; product has heretofore been sold in large cities only, but at this time it shows special economy and advantages, advertisers have decided to develop trade and establish agency system in towns of 30,000 and under; unquestionable references and ability required. W 142 Times.

PARTNER WANTED
to help market revolutionary process of world-wide application in the food, chemical, tanning, paper, and other industries; simple inexpensive apparatus replaces costly, massive machinery, producing superior results at fractional cost; business started; large industries negotiating; patented in principal countries; advertiser is a business man and seeks a congenial partner, gentleman of unquestionable integrity, with $25,000; promoters kindly refrain; information at interview only. V 262 Times Downtown.

Exclusive Territorial Rights.
One of the largest corporations in the United States is now manufacturing the greatest specialty of the age. An article in universal demand. We are looking for individual and concerns who are prepared to take over exclusive rights for territory in the United States and Canada. Must be prepared to handle proposition in a large way and be financially responsible. Strict investigation invited. Manufacturer, Box M 54 Times.

EXECUTIVE
FOR IMPORTANT CONCERN.
Man of wide experience, with initiative, ability, energy, and tact, excellent education, unusual business training, broad knowledge of markets and merchandising; experience largely in sales, advertising, and business management; salary, $6,000 and profits, or $7,500 and opportunity to advance; can be free on short notice. X 233 Times Annex.

SALES AGENCY WANTED.
An organization with offices in various cities, enviable sales record, and sound financial rating wishes to secure from manufacturer territorial rights on meritorious specialty; thorough experience in sales organization, purchasing, credits, accounting, advertising, office and factory management; will invest capital if necessary; the specialty must be useful and not a luxury. M. W., 456 Times Downtown.

DO YOU REQUIRE CAPITAL?
Prominent and widely established N. Y. realty firm will consider arranging finances for logical, substantial business enterprises; manufacturing and industrial propositions preferred; special consideration given applications for finances required in handling large bona fide contracts. M. H., 102 Times.

Middle-aged man of unquestionable integrity may purchase half interest in going suburban real estate and insurance business for $6,000; established over ten years; includes position secretary-treasurer, salary $1,500, and half profits. Duties office management, &c. OWNER, 11 Montview Road, Summit, N. J.

Shoe Partner.—A New York shoe manufacturer desires to meet an experienced shoe man accustomed to the highest grade trade; one who can take full charge of a retail specialty shoe store; capital necessary $5,000; state full details as to shoe experience in first letter. T 350 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, INTELLIGENT, ENERGETIC, CAN BY USING HER OWN RESIDENCE AS HEADQUARTERS BUILD UP A DIGNIFIED AND PAYING CUSTOM CORSET BUSINESS OF HER OWN. A VERY SMALL CAPITAL NECESSARY. L 142 TIMES.

GENERAL SALES MANAGER.
The Albertas Corporation, 147 4th Av., New York, extending operations throughout the country, seeks the services of an efficient young man with character, ability, energy, and some money to invest to handle department; answer with proof of above requirements.

Desire partner for a most promising proprietary medicine business; clean, high class, and immense possibilities; already successfully tried out in thirty large cities; business itself, good-will, trade mark, and formula as security; $5,000 required; references; no brokers. Fifty-Fifty, O 127 Times.

A desirable party can secure half interest for $5,000 in old-established school clearing over $6,000 yearly; trial allowed. INCOME, 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

Will invest $1,000 to $5,000, with services in established business; have large business and social acquaintance. O 239 Times Downtown.

Established business man desires connection with lady or gentleman who will invest $1,000 or $2,000; share profits as active or silent partner. P 17 Times.

Automatic vender; patent just allowed; exceptional investment opportunity; large earning capacity; small, large investors invited investigate. W 179 Times.

Food products, wholesale and manufacturing, business, widely advertised, earning good profits, desires active partner; investment required. M 124 Times.

Business man has capital and facilities push good labor saving or profit making specialty by mail. All letters personal attention. Box 82, Syracuse, N. Y.

Wanted—To hear from party wishing to purchase interest in established ladies' ready-to-wear specialty shop. X 255 Times Annex.

Metal manufacturing plant, equipped manufacturing any kind small work from sheet metal, open for contracts; responsible. W 156 Times.

I am looking for a business opening, moderate investment, something connected with drug trade preferred; give particulars. E. J. Baker, 262 Anderson St., Hackensack, N. J.

Responsible firm wants to represent mill or manufacturer with good lines in New York City and Eastern territory. Address O 160 Times.

Valet and laundry concession for rent in large, high-class apartment house; rent $35 monthly. Opportunity, 92 Times.

Printing plant, good location; profit $300 monthly; sell cheap for cash. Room 218, 1,777 Broadway. Phone Columbus 5923.

Will sell millinery store, city, corner, high-class; rent and price reasonable. M 146 Times.

$5,000 will earn $50 week and half interest in perfume manufacturing business; national reputation; big future. E 86 Times.

$10,000 required, financing war order; can double your money in six months. Northern Fiscal Agency, 15 Wall St.

Will invest up to $3,000 in paying business; state full particulars; no agents, no schemes. P 19 Times.

Will buy established business; give particulars. O 193 Times.

Will manufacture metal parts, or completely, any article. Experienced, 406 Times Downtown.

Capital raised by experienced stock salesman. J. K., 158 Times.

Will purchase a mechanical business. C. B., Box 406 Times Downtown.

SELL CHEAP 5TH AV. EMPLOYMENT BUREAU. O 133 TIMES.

Fac-simile letter business; modern equipment; net profits $3,500 year. P 18 Times.

STOCK SALESMAN IS OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. X 286 TIMES ANNEX.

DESIGNER, with small capital, partner in established cloak, suit business. P 41 Times.

Gramercy Park, 42.—Furnished room house for sale, 21 rooms, furnished, $2,000.

Life insurance closer wants more prospects; pay good commissions. L. E., 75 Times.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

WE ARE INTERESTED.

How about that pet scheme you thought would make a million? Has it proven to be worthless or haven't you tried it? Tell us about it, we are interested.

The proposition may be all right, but not handled in the proper way. You may not have a great deal of money to spend in trying it out; you don't need it. Advertising is not expensive when done in the right way; it is when done in the wrong way. We know the right way and have guided others to success; we will gladly help you.

Send us particulars or make an appointment to call on us. Prompt, careful, and courteous attention will be given.

RUDOLPH GUENTHER, INC.,
Advertising Agents and Business Builders,
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 206 Broad.

We own in fee by warranty deed several thousand acres of prospective oil land situated near wells of large production. We want to develop these lands by drilling for oil and gas. We need money for development. We will take you out to Oklahoma, at our expense, to the properties and show them to you. If interested write Z 261 Times Annex.

MANUFACTURERS,
May we sell what you make, give your business a New York City address and representation? Ten years' successful experience goes with our references; will accept bigger territory, entire U. S. if you wish; buy your product outright or make sales on commission basis; expert selling ability; our references: banks and our clients. F 431 Times Annex.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY to secure in Buffalo, N. Y., high-class factory property, suitable for woodworking, machine shop, or most any kind of manufacturing; 52,000 square feet floor space, 1¼ acres of land; located 20 minutes from the centre of the city on the New York Central Railroad; this property must be sold to settle an estate. For full particulars address TRUSTEE, care of Wegman, 71 Austin St., Newark, N. J.

$100,000 OR MORE.
CAPABLE BUSINESS MAN WILL INVEST AND GIVE SERVICE IN GROWING MERCANTILE OR COMMERCIAL BANKING CONCERN SHOWING RECORD OF SUBSTANTIAL PROFITS. X 276 TIMES ANNEX.

UNUSUAL PROPOSITION.
Doctor, discoverer of remarkable stomach remedy for indigestion, gastritis, vertigo, palpitation, appendicitis, &c., result of years' experimenting, scientific research; first dose will speak for itself; highest indorsements; sell American rights or consider partner; compounding the remedy thoroughly taught. Write Room 605, 341 5th Av.

Manufacturing concern of highest repute desires additional working capital up to $25,000 to increase production of established trade-marked merchandise now meeting with increased consumers' demand and unlimited market; exceptional opportunity for investment drawing interest and share of profit. F 439 Times Annex.

FOR SALE — OPERATING PAINT FACTORY: REAL ESTATE AND MACHINERY IN FIRST-CLASS CONDITION; VERY EASY TERMS. P. O. BOX 485, LANCASTER, PENN.

Local manufacturer of motor trucks desires to negotiate with principal whose experience and financial responsibility qualify him to handle metropolitan representation; four models, popular priced, and recognized in the trade as an unusual motor truck value. X 288 Times Annex.

MULTIGRAPHING BUSINESS.—Owner removing from city will sell at fair price well-established business in territory having little or no competition; high-class trade and many fine accounts; cash proposition only. J 283 Times Downtown.

OIL AND GAS LEASES,
Over 100,000 acres.
FAMOUS KENTUCKY FIELD.
Wyoming Co., W. Va.; Smith Co., Tenn., &c. Eminent Geologist's report on large part. C. G. Bliss, Room 1650, 50 Church St., N. Y.

FOR SALE.—Weekly newspaper plant and job printing office located on Maryland's famous Eastern Shore; equipment complete and practically new; editor called to colors reason for selling. For further particulars address J. G. Bateman, P. O. Box 542, New York City.

Established international business, readjusting executive department to meet requirements of increased trade conditions, desires the services of trustworthy executive of ability who can invest about $10,000 and become member of controlling interests. F 400 Times Downtown.

Patented map game; introduction desired; approved for home by educators who have tried it; lead soldiers, ball and pins used in two different games; interesting for all; should be money maker to right party; satisfactory arrangements; investigate. V 352 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED — MORTGAGES — IN PROSPEROUS MASSACHUSETTS CITY, NETTING INVESTOR 8 TO 10 PER CENT.; AMPLE SECURITY; NOT A PROMOTION SCHEME; GET ALL THE PROFIT ON YOUR MONEY. X 274 TIMES ANNEX.

A WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY.
34-rm. house in East Sixties, 2d-3d-4th floors, central location, electricity; rooms easily rentable to chauffeurs and well paid mechanics, wishing to be in this section; rent $1,800 annually. Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th.

MACHINE SHOP AND FOUNDRY
for sale; situated 100 ft. from Lackawanna R R. depot, 2 miles from Wilkes-Barre, Penn.; room for development; terms part cash. T. J. Callahan, Bennett Bldg., Wilkes-Barre, Penn.

An opportunity is offered an established firm of good reputation by two active, experienced young business men who desire to invest their services and about $20,000; only reliable, substantial proposition will be considered. V 378 Times Downtown.

I have a thousand dollars, which I wish to invest in good paying business, also have two automobiles which could be used; have been superintendent of factory for eight years; write at once. M. KALB, 317 Fulton St., Jamaica.

An executive in the $10,000 a year class, now retired, desires to engage again in some responsible, congenial, and moderately profitable employment. What have you? Highest credentials. Executive, X 279 Times Annex.

AGENT of building, 2,647 Broadway, (100th St.,) operating a store on premises, is seeking a high-class line of Christmas novelties to sell on commission basis only; good financial standing. T. J. O'Rourke. Tel. 1152 Riverside.

Industrial chemist wanted to associate with company developing valuable new processes in lithographic printing; specialist in photochemistry preferred; good salary and opportunity for investment, large or small. M 156 Times.

Poultryman, managed own 90-acre farm, 1,000 layers, successfully 10 years, seeks position on large plant or on a profit sharing and small salary basis. Can manage country place. Own farm sold to settle estate. J. Steels, Nassau, N. Y.

A professional firm with established clientele requires $20,000 additional capital to take care of the increased business; would consider special partner, to whom certain income will be guaranteed. G 202 Times Downtown.

Young man, 37, is open to make substantial investment with very active service in staple manufacturing or jobbing business which has successful record and will bear closest investigation; highest references to character and ability. O 148 Times.

Active party capable filling executive position, having had many years' experience closing contracts, selecting and directing sales agents, desires business associations where these qualifications are essential; highest references. O 126 Times.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.—Will sacrifice a high class ladies' tailoring and dressmaking establishment, in business 15 years; good reason for selling. O 58 Times.

Government has offered me large order; excellent profit; need $25,000 for additional equipment, &c.; active interest, if desired; highest references furnished. P 13 Times.

Experienced business man wants to join successful manufacturing or wholesale business as active partner; state particulars. E 73 Times.

Active, capable, business man desires proposition where services and investment within reason can be applied; fullest details must be given in first reply. E 82 Times.

Desirable large and small stores to rent; interesting inducements to proper parties. Inquire at premises, 799 Park Av., corner 74th St.

Advertising Agency.—Wonderful opportunity for lady or gentleman with capital take active part in growing business; will stand investigation; write now. O 171 Times.

Young man, good executive, willing to adapt himself to any other work, will invest from $5,000 to $10,000 in a legitimate proposition. V 379 Times Downtown.

South American export business embracing guaranteed selling contract, with exceptional prospects, requires additional capital for development. P 49 Times.

I will pay a big sum cash for the loan of $25,000 for one year; A1 local security; transaction must be confidential; no particulars by mail. F 412 Times Annex.

FOR SALE.—CLOAK AND SUIT PLANT; FIRST-CLASS EQUIPMENT; ALSO OFFICE AND SHOWROOM FIXTURES. X 2[illegible] TIMES ANNEX.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

LARGE MACHINE MANUFACTURING PLANT FOR SALE.
Located in New England; water and rail facilities nearby; good labor conditions; equipped with approximately
250 MODERN MACHINE TOOLS,
consisting of
LARGE PLANERS, LATHES, MILLERS, RADIAL DRILLS, BORING MILLS, (horizontal and vertical,) &c.
Making a well-balanced plant suitable for manufacturing STEAM ENGINES, OIL ENGINES, MOTOR TRUCK and AEROPLANE ENGINES, MACHINE TOOLS, GUN MOUNTS, &c.
Can be bought as a going concern for immediate delivery. Principals only will be considered. Address V 297 Times Downtown.

RESPONSIBLE YOUNG BUSINESS EXECUTIVE
WITH TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE DESIRES TO PURCHASE ACTIVE INTEREST IN ESTABLISHED MANUFACTURING OR WHOLESALE HOUSE; PLEASE GIVE PARTICULARS, IN CONFIDENCE. X 263 TIMES ANNEX.

WILL YOU PAY
$9,000
for a lunch room that does nearly $60,000 a year business, located on the finest transfer corner in Chicago? Rent $45 per month. You can sublease store for $250 a month alone, not to mention the floors above. Lease has nearly 4½ years more to go. The place never made less than $200 every week. Will cheerfully refund party railroad fare if the above is not absolutely the truth. All white tile and German silver equipment. Jack Salk, 3,502 State St., Chicago, Ill.

For Sale.—Modern factory in Quebec Province, town of 25,000, one mile from R. R. depot, ¼ mile from St. Lawrence River wharf on R. R. main line, siding; 10 years' tax exemption, nominal water rate; insurance rate, 64 cents, unsprinkled; two floors, reinforced concrete throughout, 15,000 square feet floor space, maximum light; $50,000 latest standard American machine tools; 120,000 square feet land owned, 500,000 additional land optional, level throughout; best labor district in Canada; now operating; splendid opportunity for any company desiring to retain its Canadian business after the war by avoiding the coming high import duties; no agents. Apply X 259 Times Annex.

FIREPROOF MANUFACTURING PLANT
FOR SALE.
Building covers city block; excellent light, steam and electric power plant, including air compressor; siding from trunk line railroad into the building. Space in building covered by large and small electric traveling cranes. Good head room under cranes; a short distance from public dock; well adapted for an assembling plant; located in New York City, where labor is available; immediate possession; reasonable terms. Manufacturing, P 10 Times.

Owner of well-established motion-picture theatre in excellent location wants partner who can invest a few thousand dollars and his services. Inquire of Mr. Singer, Room 1011, 729 7th Av., near 49th St., between 3-5 P. M., or phone for appointment, Bryant 4710.

MAN OF MEANS WANTED.
Have automobile tire based on new principle; basic patents; more resilient and cheaper than pneumatics; no punctures, no blowouts, no skidding, no air, no springs, no rubber, no tire fillings or compositions; fully developed, ready for market; orders on hand; can give demonstrations. E 9 Times.

$50,000 corporation, established 4 years, publisher of magazine, books, &c., now purchasing their own printing plant, require a competent foreman and manager at once with $3,000 capital to invest in stock; splendid opportunity; write Psychological Publishing and Distributing Corporation, 109 West 87th Street, New York City.

An old-established publishing house has taken over a popular mechanical magazine that is constantly growing, requires an executive that is familiar with the publishing and advertising business; must be capable of taking over part management and can purchase a substantial interest; references required; no brokers. W 157 Times.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.
Successful commercial stationery business, established 35 years, in the heart of New York City; business done last year $21,000; will stand fullest investigation; for sale on account family misfortune; price $8,500. F 427 Times Annex.

DYESTUFF AND CHEMICAL CONCERN, import, export, and domestic, well established, profits $1,000 per month, wants live, energetic partner with $10,000 to incorporate and enlarge the business; safety of investment will be guaranteed; all correspondence strictly confidential. O 340 Times Downtown.

An exceptionally attractive opportunity for right party to procure partial or controlling interests in a high-class proprietary medicine business — thoroughly established and steadily growing—open to fullest investigation. Address G. E. R., Box O 305 Times Downtown.

Active associate; not over 35; investment $1,000; commercial employment agency, established 1903; guaranteed results. Honorable, 66 Times.

Business man wishes to invest $3,000, with services, wholesale or manufacturing; no brokers; give full particulars. V 372 Times Downtown.

We want a man who understands manufacturing of high-class brassieres; excellent proposition to right party; experienced only need apply. P 54 Times.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.
An established, reputable manufacturing corporation seeks parties with $2,000-$10,000 money for advertising meritorious articles, bearing strictest investigation. P. G., 241 Times Downtown.

Corporation, making money, has new product, no competition, large earnings, to man or woman investing $5,000 to $10,000 and time; write for interview. Mr. Watson, 21 Oakwood, Orange, N. J.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER with 14 years' experience wishes position with manufacturer; work need not be along strictly engineering lines; now employed as superintendent. V 274 Times Downtown.

ADDITIONAL CAPITAL WANTED.
Will pay 12 per cent. for use, and repay from collection of weekly installment contract; will deposit 200 per cent. margin as security; principals only. M 139 Times.

Highly successful manufacturing company seeks capital to expand production; has a definite demand for 10 times its present output; opportunity is presented for bona-fide investors; no advice needed from unborn brokers. Stephen Kain, 1,777 Broadway.

Wanted.—Active business man to take exclusive Eastern sale agency Ford automobile lock, prevent stealers; must purchase 2,500 locks to secure agency; particulars from J. J. Dooley, 574 West 182d St.

CAPITAL enlisted for manufacturing, industrial, mining, and other legitimate propositions through sales of stocks and bonds on commission; established 1894. R. M. WIERS & CO., 115 Broadway, New York.

Boarding house, established, refined, all rooms occupied, can be bought at sacrifice; wonderful opportunity. Address Box 534, 852 Columbus Av.

HAVANA COMMISSION AGENT,
formerly New York City, desires special wholesale lines to handle in Cuba; references. Address EL. Apartado 2254, Habana.

STOCK, BOND ISSUES SOLD.
Must be legitimate; on commission; we are an established financial house, extensive connections; no publicity; will consider the sale of securities. R 393 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—Part interest in rotary photogravure business, established 13 years; ill health cause of selling; $5,000 required; great opportunity for smart man. Apply H. L., 507 City Line, Oak Lane, Philadelphia, Penn.

EXPORT, IMPORT BUSINESS.
Experienced, intelligent man needed by busy owner, man with some capital and capable of producing results, to become partner in fast-growing concern. P 46 Times.

Retired merchant will finance and take active part in a young and growing concern; must be rated; excellent opportunity for expanding the business. S. M., Box 61, Woodmere, L. I.

Wanted—Active connection sound going company; can invest several thousand dollars; no schemes. S. M., Box 252 Times Downtown.

Business Notices.

PATENTS.
Write for list of PATENT BUYERS and WHAT TO INVENT, with list of inventions wanted; $1,000,000 in prizes offered for inventions; send sketch for free opinions as to patentability. Write for our FOUR GUIDE BOOKS, sent free upon request; patents advertised FREE.
VICTOR J. EVANS & CO.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
NEW YORK OFFICES, Dept. 89,
WOOLWORTH BLDG. Phone Barclay 6171.

PATENTS, Trade-marks, Copyrights. Protect your ideas. Four valuable books with list inventions wanted sent free. Phone Barclay 7394. Richard B. Owen, patent lawyer, 22nd floor, Woolworth Bldg., or 165 Owen Bldg., Washington, D. C.

Plant manufacturing electrical and mechanical appliances desires work. Radio, 565 Broome St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

A CADILLAC COUPE KEEPS DISCOMFORTS AWAY.
1916 Coupe, Model 53, 8-cyl., 4-pass., repainted, overhauled, and in fine condition. Telephone Mulberry 3240.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK, 1916, little six touring, $575. DODGE, 1916, tour., perfect condition, $375. Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th Av. Morn. 9367.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET,
Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK.—1916, little six touring; late model, best of care. O 92 Times.

BUICK.—Late 1916 Little Six touring car; $550. Phone Columbus 3447.

CADILLACS.
We have a limited number of USED CADILLACS, closed and open types. These Cadillacs have been through our shop and are A1 mechanically. Arrange now for a demonstration.
USED CAR DEP'T,
DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
8 LAFAYETTE AV., B'KLYN,
PHONE MAIN 527.

CADILLAC 1916; exceptionally fine mechanical condition; good shoes; ready for immediate use.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Phone Decatur 4004.

CADILLAC 1913 7-passenger touring car; in exceptionally fine mechanical condition.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Phone 4004 Decatur.

CADILLAC 1915 LIMOUSINE,
thoroughly rebuilt, repainted, every equipment, looks like new, guaranteed; must be seen to be appreciated. K. C. Darling, 411 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 5052.

CADILLAC, 1916, TOURING CAR.
Slightly used; condition guaranteed; fully equipped in every way; color dark blue, light upholstery. K. C. DARLING, Telephone Columbus 5052.

CADILLAC, late model, seven-passenger touring automobile, with extra limousine body; perfect condition throughout; sacrifice complete, $550. Private garage, 32 Lexington Av., near 23d.

CADILLAC 1917 Limousine, excellent condition, sacrifice. Make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC 1917 landaulet, limousine, sedan, also touring. Bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC, 8-cyl. car; perfect condition; can be seen by appointment. J. Star, phone 699 Far Rockaway; no dealers.

CADILLAC 8-cylinder limousine; special custom built body; $1,350. Owner, 1391 Main.

CADILLAC "Eight" LANDAULET,
perfect throughout. HOMAN, 211 West 58th.

CASE sedan; mechanically perfect; out of paint shop today; cost $1,650, will accept $675. Du Cret, 53 Liberty St.

CHALMER coupelet, late 1916 model; excellent condition; fine Winter car; bargain to quick buyer; no dealers. 9248 Bryant.

CHALMERS 5-passenger touring, $525; perfect condition; four new tires. Tel. 4281 Englewood. M. Mayenzet, Tenafly, N. J.

CHALMERS 1916 five-passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

CHANDLER CREDIT SLIP
for $750, good toward purchase of new Chandler, any style; will be sold for $700 because of owner's going to France. Call Rhinelander 588, between 11 and 12.

CHANDLER Chummy Roadster, this year's model; oversize tires, extra equipment; excellent condition; 5,500 miles; $800 cash. Tel. 3744 John, 10-11:30 A. M.

CHANDLER, Model 17 touring, extra shoe, bumper. Bargain. $825. Schwartz, Fordham 2588.

CHANDLER, model 17, touring; excellent condition; reasonable. Phone Schuyler 4814.

CHEVROLET 1916 TOURING CAR,
model Baby Grand; good condition; good shoes; looks like new.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

CHEVROLET Baby Grand; late 1917; practically new; electric starter; many extras; $300 cash; balance $300 four monthly notes. 142 Brown Place, Bronx. Melrose 3930.

COLE. — Inclosed 2-passenger coupelet; late model; 6-cyl. motor, 3½x5; excellent body for Winter travel; top folds down in back; good tires and fully equipped; electric starter, &c.; will sacrifice. See Mr. Barnard, 109 West 64th St., 7th floor. Columbus 7101.

CRANE SIMPLEX, 1917, seven-passenger brougham; cost $10,000; magnificent, perfect. O 177 Times.

DELAUNAY Belleville brougham, 6 cylinder, 19 h. p.; beautiful, ideal town car; newly painted; perfect condition; electric lights, &c.; bargain. Bord, 114 West 50th St.

DODGE BROTHERS runabout and touring cars. We are offering some exceptionally good Dodge Brothers used cars this week.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

EDISON A 4 storage battery, second-hand, excellent condition, $150. Apply to John R. Post, 703 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

ELECTRIC BROUGHAM, 1916, Rauch and Lang, seating five; new, high-capacity battery recently installed; excellent condition; $1,950. Box O 156 Times.

FIAT 1915 "15-30 H.P." five passenger touring, like new, at a bargain. Phone 5078 Columbus.

FRANKLIN 1916 sedan; excellent condition; better than 1917; private ownership. Mr. Gage, 1,834 Broadway. Telephone 6832 Columbus.

FRANKLIN 1917 four-passenger; 2,300 miles; sell $1,800; many extras. Telephone 3418 Audubon, Apartment 2A, from 8 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

FRANKLIN Series 5, full electrical equipment, mechanically right, 2 new tires, 2 extras, paint and top good; demonstration; $500. R. F. D. Box 148, Ramsey, N. J.

FRANKLIN.—Enlistment compels sale 1917 Franklin. Mr. Gage, 1,834 Broadway. Telephone 6832 Columbus.

H. A. L. 1917 TOURING.
Beautiful 7-passenger, almost new, used only 3 months; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect; guaranteed, 1,666 Broadway.

HAYNES.—Five-passenger touring, 1916 special finish; fully equipped; 3,000 miles; condition like new; private owner. O 227 Times Downtown.

HUDSON Super-Six phaeton; run 6,700 miles by careful owner; almost like new; extra equipment; demountable Springfield Sedan; Winter top; Hartford bumpers and Gabriel shock absorbers; front and rear automatic power tire pump; 2 spare rims; black covers; complete gray slip covers; no dealers. For appointment phone Broad 5113 between 10 and 3, or write Apt. 53, 601 West 115th St.

HUDSON SUPER SIX, 1916, cabriolet body, 3-passenger car, in best of condition, looks like new, owner will sacrifice because leaving town. Call Columbus 3636. (No dealers.)

HUDSON SUPER SIX LANDAULET.
Run less than 5,000 miles, practically new, perfect condition; every equipment; must be seen to be appreciated. BONNESOND, Telephone 4948 Columbus.

HUDSON.—Will sacrifice Super Six Hudson Town Car; splendid condition; private owner. Write Stilson, 10 Maiden Lane. Telephone Cortlandt 28.

HUPMOBILE SEDAN, 1916 MODEL; JUST LIKE NEW; THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED AND NEWLY PAINTED; GUARANTEED LIKE NEW; ANY REASONABLE OFFER. DIUGUID BROS., 1,285 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

HUPMOBILE 1917 TOURING CAR; CANNOT BE TOLD FROM NEW; FULLY GUARANTEED; PRICE $975. HUPMOBILE AGENCY, 1,285 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

HUPMOBILE 7-passenger touring car, 1916 model; overhauled and newly painted; no reasonable offer refused. Diuguid Bros., 1,285 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

HUPMOBILE.—Good-looking five-passenger Hupmobile; excellent condition; cash, $550. Phone Columbus 6590.

HUPMOBILE 1914 TOURING CAR; FINE CONDITION; $350. DIUGUID BROS., 1,285 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

HUPMOBILE, 1917 Sedan; like new.
Slocum & Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE, 1917 Sedan; like new.
Slocum & Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE roadster, 1917; like new; 3,500 miles. Auto Electric, 245 West 55th.

I SPECIALIZE IN
Franklins, Packards, Cadillacs, Buicks, Hudsons, Stutz cars, on strictly commission basis, for private owners exclusively; honest representations guaranteed. Gage, 1,834 Broadway. Telephone 6832 Columbus.

KISSEL COUPE, 1917 MODEL; 4 SEATS. SPECIAL BODY, UPHOLSTERY, MECHANICALLY PERFECT. WOLFE, 1,790 BROADWAY. COLUMBUS 3715.

LANCIA.
1917 TOWN BROUGHAM; MILEAGE, 1,000.
1917 ROADSTER, 4-PASSENGER.
1917 LIMOUSINE, INCLOSED DRIVE.
GEORGE WALACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4837.

LANCIA, 1917, 4-passenger; cost $7,000; victoria top; mileage 3,000. O 176 Times.

LEXINGTON sedan, 1918; guaranteed same as new. List $1,550. Seasonable car. Big discount. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

LEXINGTON.—We have on hand an assortment of used Lexington cars, both open and closed, that have been traded in by owners who do not desire to use their cars during the Winter and who are going to accept the delivery of new cars in the Spring. We make the following unusual offer: Purchase one of our open cars now and we will accept it in exchange against a new car at any time before May 1 next, at what you pay for it, less $150. We will accept closed cars on the same basis—at the price you pay, less $200. This insures you getting your money out of these cars, and against inflated prices. Act promptly. Lexington Motor Co., 1,840 Broadway. Columbus 1260.

LOCOMOBILE landaulet, 1910, 48; in perfect condition; full equipment; at a big sacrifice. Lax, Telephone River 8607.

LOZIER LATE MODEL TOURING CAR.
Completely overhauled and painted; electric lights, self-starter; classy looking car; bargain.
LOZIER MOTOR COMPANY,
BROADWAY AT 61ST ST.

MARMON limousine, late 1917; cost $5,500 new; car like new; must sell immediately. Call Mrs. L. S. F., 200 West 54th St. Phone 1130 Circle.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger limousine; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON limousine. Touring car. Also Chummy roadster. Bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1916 Club Roadster; 4 passenger. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MAXWELL 1917 touring car; A1 mechanical condition; paint in first-class condition.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

MAXWELL 1916 roadster; fine condition; demonstration; $400. Room 1009, 55 Liberty St.

MERCER touring; excellent condition; electric starter; $300 cash; balance $300 four monthly notes. 142 Brown Place, (East 134th St.)

MERCER speedster, excellent condition. Cheap quick sale; consider trade. G. L., 177 Times.

MERCER 1917 Sporting 4-Pass.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MITCHELL 1916 touring, 2,600 miles, cheap. Hotchkiss Garage, 20 West 60th St.

MITCHELL LIMOUSINE, 1917.
Most beautiful car in city; seats six inside; five wire wheels; full electric equipment; condition guaranteed. 1,666 Broadway.

MOLINE KNIGHT, Model 50; wire wheels; 7-passenger; French gray; very powerful and silent; very reasonable. 444 West 55th St., sixth floor.

NATIONAL Chummy Roadster, 1917, 4-pass.; special inclosed body; 6 wire wheels, 6 brand-new tires; not driven 1,000 miles; owner drafted; price absolutely right for quick sale. Mr. Art, 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. 3240 Mulberry.

NATIONAL NEWPORT Sedan; mileage 10,000; excellent looks and condition; sacrifice; no dealers. M 63 Times.

OAKLAND coupe, just overhauled, fine condition, attractive body, two new tires; $400 cash if taken this month, (no less.) Room 709, 14 Wall St.

OLDSMOBILE LIMOUSINE.
Beautiful 1916 model; looks like new; seats 5 inside; complete electrical equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. 130 West 55th.

OLDSMOBILE 1915 touring, driven by owner only; two extra shoes; excellent condition; $400; Stewart vacuum system. Phone Mr. Harold, Lenox 8100.

OLDSMOBILE 1916, COUPE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

OVERLANDS, WILLYS-KNIGHT, GUARANTEED.
All Models. Closed and Open. Overhauled. Price Exceptionally Low for Quick Sales. Also Some Good Bargains in Other Makes.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway and 50th St. Open Evenings.
WRITE FOR USED CAR BULLETIN.

OVERLAND Convertible Sedan, Model 85, 1917, like new; driven 1,300 miles; extra new tires; will gladly demonstrate; $1,100. Mr. Moore, 17 Central Park West.

OVERLAND touring, 1917; like new; fully equipped; $300. D. Schane, 1,661 Broadway.

1917 Packard 2.25—Fleetwood Roadster.
1917 Packard 2.25—Cloverleaf Runabout.
1917 Packard 2.35—Touring.
1917 Packard 2.25—Touring.
1918 Packard 1.35—Limousine, with cab sides.
1916 Packard 1.35—Touring.
1916 Packard 1.25—Touring.
1916 Packard 1.25—Phaeton.
14.48 Packard 7 passenger Brougham.
14.48 Packard 7 passenger Touring.
1917 Cadillac—4 passenger Phaeton.
1916 Kissel Kar—Salon Touring.
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF BROOKLYN
172 Malbone St., Brooklyn, nr. Bedford Av.
OPEN SUNDAY. Phone Flatbush 8884.

PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE,
10 West 60th St.
Telephone 5078 Columbus.
PACKARD. 1917 2-25 Cloverleaf 4-pass.; 1916 1-35 landaulet 7-pass.; 1916 1-25 limousine 7-pass.; 1916 1-35 touring 7-pass.
ALSO 1917 Cadillac touring, like new.; 1915 Cadillac limousines.; 1914 and '15 Fiat touring 5-pass.

PACKARD Twin Six 2-35 Limousine car, (New Haven body,) painted blue and upholstered in light-brown cloth; (No. 2154.) Packard Motor Car Co., 1,861 Broadway, New York.

PACKARD limousine; must sacrifice my Packard limousine; fully equipped and perfect; $500 cash. Mrs. Alexander, 620 Riverside Drive.

PACKARD Twin Six 2-35 Touring car, painted blue, with yellow wheels; (No. 2166.) Packard Motor Car Co., 1,861 Broadway, New York.

PACKARD—Series 2-35 and 1-35, five-passenger touring cars, with less than 10,000 miles. The Modern Garage Company, Titusville, Penn.

PACKARD 1914, swell new seven-passenger aluminum limousine, also touring body, fine condition; $1,000, bargain. Sharum, 170 Broadway, telephone Cortlandt 7202.

PACKARD limousine, 1914; just overhauled and painted; Westinghouse springs; reasonable. 1140 Columbus.

PACKARD 1915 limousine, 2-38, exceptionally fine mechanical condition; reasonable. 221 East 67th.

PACKARD Twin Six 1-25 Salon Touring car, painted blue; (No. 2187.) Packard Motor Car Co., 1,861 Broadway, New York.

PACKARD 1914 48-H. P. seven passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

PACKARD 1915 "3-38" limousine; newly painted, excellent condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD 1916 Twin Six limousine; fine condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 B'way.

PEERLESS, Berline limousine, 1913, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger; in first-class condition; 6 Penn. cup tires; $800. Burr Davis & Son, 15 South 4th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

PEERLESS Limousine; good condition; very low price; demonstration. Private Garage, 245 West 68th St. Phone Columbus 6789.

PAIGE 7-passenger touring; Cadillac 7-passenger touring; Packard Twin Six 7-passenger touring; Cadillac limousine. Haff, 350 13th St., Brooklyn.

PIERCE-ARROW landaulet, thoroughly overhauled, newly painted; new set of Hartford shock absorbers; car in first-class condition; price $2,000. Barnes-Curtiss Co., Inc., 147 West 99th St., New York.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine, electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine; also touring car; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

RENAULT LIMOUSINE, 1916,
30 H. P.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4837.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916.
Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

REO 1916 touring; driven 5,000 miles; general appearance like new.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

REO 1916 RUNABOUT.
Thoroughly overhauled, repainted, like new; fully equipped every way; guaranteed. K. C. Darling, 411 West 55th. Telephone 5052 Columbus.

REO 1917 6-cyl., 7-pass. touring; run 2,800 miles; great bargain.
WATSON & STOECKLE,
251 West 57th St. Tel. 9190 Columbus.

ROLLS-ROYCE touring car for sale; condition excellent. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

SAXON Runabout, $175, 1915 model, handsomely painted, fine condition, speedometer, Prest-O-Lite. E. F. Smith, 155 Woodruff Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS BOOTH 1916.
For quick sale, $350. Tremont 5652.

SIMPLEX 1917
BREWSTER INCLOSED DRIVE LIMOUSINE; MILEAGE, 5,000.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4837.

SMITH FORMATRUCK with panel body, in good shape, quick sale, cheap. G. W. Kayton, 313 West 48th.

SPEEDSTER, 1917 Special, Continental motor, very fast. Bargain. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway.

STANDARD 1917 touring, 7 passenger, demonstrator; same as new. Standard, Columbus 4698.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 Town Car, "Light 4" model; fleetwood limousine body; imported linings; beautiful fixtures and vanity cases; interior renovated; newly painted Brewster green and black; shows no perceptible sign of usage; sold with binding mechanical guarantee. Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 "Light 4" All-Year Type; touring model, equipped with collapsible, handsome, well fitting, specially constructed A. & W. tops; overhauled, newly painted, and sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE by Stearns Company, (Driscoll, Used Car Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STUDEBAKER, four—Series 17—Special limousine body—run less than 2,500 miles, perfect mechanical condition, owner going to France; ideal town car. Telephone Cortlandt 3670.

STUDEBAKER coupe; must sacrifice my almost new Studebaker; fully equipped and perfect; $850. Mrs. Alexander, 620 Riverside Drive.

STUDEBAKER, 1916, "6," 7-passenger; just overhauled. Ecclesine, Columbus 4648.

STUTZ 1918 ROADSTER. NEW CAR.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING. NEW CAR.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1915 H. C. S. SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ BULLDOG, 1916.
Beautiful four-passenger; special bulldog type; like new; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

STUTZ 1917 4-passenger special; also Chalmers Master Six 7-passenger touring; both cars in excellent condition. Park Plaza Garage, 920 Union St., Brooklyn.

STUTZ 1917 16-valve Speedster; also Bulldog; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

STUTZ 1915 runabout, perfect; extras; sacrifice. Acme Garage, 64th St., West End Av.

S. G. V. TOWN CAR,
like new. HOMAN, 211 West 58th St.

VELIE LIMOUSINE, 1916.
In extraordinary fine condition; been driven very little; as good as a new car; attractive price for quick disposal. Mr. Art, 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Mulberry 3240.

"WHITE" USED CARS.
Also other well known makes touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., 4th Floor. M. R. Greene, Mgr.

WINTON.—Six-cylinder limousine, exceptionally fine; only run 8,000 miles; splendid condition throughout; electric lights, self-starter; sacrifice immediately; $450; private garage, 32 Lexington Av., near 23d. Phone Gramercy 779.

Motor Trucks.

USED TRUCKS.
2 1912 5-ton Mack chassis.
1913 5½-ton Hewitt chassis.
2 1912 3-ton Mack chassis.
1913 3-ton Speedwell chassis.
The Locomobile Company of America, West 61st St., west of Broadway, Columbus 7750.

TRUCKS. TRUCKS. TRUCKS.
Various makes, styles, capacities; heavy and light trucks, delivery wagons, &c.; Mack five-ton, motor in front, stake body; Burford two-ton, 30 days old, rack body; also Cole roadster; DISTRIBUTER FULTON 1½-TON TRUCK; COLUMBIA TRUCKS and TRAILERS; TWO-TON, $1,950; SIX-TON, $2,750.
LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORPN.,
Circle 190. 136 West 52d St.

FULTON 1917 1½-TON TRUCK; CAN BE BOUGHT RIGHT; GUARANTEED LIKE A NEW TRUCK. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 WEST 52D.

FEDERAL truck, good condition, for sale. Laundry, 166 No. 12th St., Brooklyn.

Miscellaneous.

A SALE OF USED CARS.
BIG CUT IN PRICES.
Model 1917 Chandler sedan, limousines, coupes, seven-passenger touring cars and chummy roadsters.
1915 Cadillac, eight-cylinder touring.
1914 Hudson, seven-passenger touring.
1916 Jeffery, five-passenger touring.
1914 Hudson runabout.
1909-1920 Reynolds limousines.
1912 four-cylinder Locomobile runabout, and other standard makes. All cars in A1 shape.
Time payment considered.
BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORPORATION,
Broadway and 62d St.

PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE.
19 West 60th St. (two doors from Broadway.)
Telephone Columbus 5078.
PACKARDS 1917 "2-25" Cloverleaf, 4 pass.; 1916 "1-35" landaulet, 7 pass.; 1916 "1-35" touring, 7 pass.; 1916 "1-25" touring, 5 and 7 pass.
ALSO 1917 Cadillac touring, like new.; 1915 Cadillac limousines.; 1915 and 1914 Fiat tour., 5 pass.
LIBERTY BONDS ACCEPTED.

ROSKAM-SCOTT CO.
PACKARD, 1916, limousine.
CADILLAC, 1917, limousine.
MERCEDES, 1914, 95, limo., brougham.
PIERCE, 1915, 38, brougham.
PACKARD, twin-six, landaulet.
STUTZ, 1917, roadster.
CADILLAC, 1916, 3-pass. coupelet.
STEARNS, 1916, limousine, brougham.
HUPMOBILE, 1917, limousine.
CADILLAC, 1916, landaulet.
ISOTTA, 1914, 20, town car.
1,896 B'way, (63d St.,) 907 Col.

SMALL TOWN CAR.
If you are interested in a car in excellent condition, run less than 1,200 miles, green wire wheels and gray body, we have exceptional value in brougham mounted on our 1918 chassis and our guarantee and regular service back of it; this car was built for one of the members of our own company, who has been called to the colors, and as a result we want to move it as quickly as possible; list price $2,600; 40 per cent. discount. Lexington Motors, 1,840 Broadway. Columbus 1260.

USED CAR BARGAINS.
30 Benz Limousine; '17 Cadillac Land.; Stutz four-passenger touring; 1917 Cole Sedan, like new; 6-cyl. Packard Lim.; 1917 Hup Touring; 1916 Overland Runabout; latest model White Sedan; 1917 Baby Grand Chevrolet Touring.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
NORMAN GARAGE,
338 West 54th St., near Broadway.
Open nights and Sundays. Phone Circle 118.

EXCEPTIONAL SALE.
BUICK C-25.
BUICK ROADSTER.
PEERLESS 1914.
PEERLESS 1915.
CHEVROLET ROYAL MAIL ROADSTER.
Will be sold at first reasonable offer; all modern equipment; self starters; condition guaranteed. Deacon Holmes, 305 West 79th, near Broadway. Tel. Schuyler 4056.

CLOSED CARS.
Cole "8" Club Roadster Sedan; Packard 1012 Land.; Buick 1916-17 small "6" Sedan; Cadillac "8" Land., $1,250; S. G. V. Town Car, $1,500; Willys-Knight Coupe, $650; Cadillac Land., $650; Cadillac Coupe, $650; Mercer Lim., $500; Pierce "6-36" Land., $700; Pierce Baby 4 Taxi, $450; also Limousine and Taxi Bodies; time payments.
F. D. HOMAN, 211 WEST 58TH ST.

MUST SACRIFICE IMMEDIATELY BEAUTIFUL (LATE MODEL) CADILLAC TOURING CAR; USED PRIVATE EXCLUSIVELY; EQUAL TO NEW; MANY EXTRAS; MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED; SOLD FOR LESS THAN QUARTER VALUE. OWNER'S PRIVATE STABLE, 148 EAST 39TH ST., NEAR LEXINGTON AV.

NEW SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
We have a large consignment with open and closed bodies now ready for inspection and demonstration at our warerooms. Great reductions in price.
GERGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4837.

AUTOMOBILE painting, trimming; all kinds of repairing, such as body remodeling and remounting, making demountable tops; best prices and workmanship. American Auto Painting and Trimming Co., 551 West 52d. Columbus 9307.

HANDSOME pair bear robes, also 2 beautiful plush robes, gentleman's fur lined overcoat; also chauffeur's fur coat; perfect condition; no cash offer refused. PRIVATE STABLE, 148 E. 39th St., near Lexington Av.

1915 KISSEL Kar Coupe, 4-pass., new.
1916 CADILLAC, 8-cyl., Sedan, 5-pass.
1913 PIERCE-ARROW, 38 Landaulet, 5-pass.
2887 Market, 558 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

PACKARD 1-25 twin six side curtains for sale at $10 set; top boots for same model and car at $3.50 each.
AUTOMOBILE MATERIAL CO.,
631 14th Av., Detroit, Mich.

WILL sell my Winton 1913 7-passenger touring car, fully equipped, in good running condition, with extra limousine body, $550. O 84 Times.

FIRSTONE TIRES, 40% DISCOUNT.
(Slightly blemished.)
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO., 1,763 B'way. Branch: 2,309 Grand Concourse, corner 183d.

1916 STANDARD LIMOUSINE CAR.
Cost new $4,300. Will sell for $1,050.
Car in A1 Condition.
Formerly owned by the late "DIAMOND JIM" BRADY. Can be seen Sunday, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., Hulse's Garage, 510 West 145th, New York.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars, Limousine bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

$300.
CLEMENT-BAYARD roadster, 6-cyl., electric starting, up to date. ROSKAM-SCOTT CO., 1,896 Broadway.

1917 WHITE TOWN BROUGHAM.
16-VALVE MOTOR.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5TH AV. PLAZA 4837.

Alterations completed; ready for storage; moderate prices. Yorkville Central Garage, 305-7-9 East 86th St.

BARGAINS in used cars of all makes. [illegible] West 66th St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

"RIGHT PRICES."
1917 CADILLAC "8" Seven-Passenger.
1917 HUDSON Super-Six Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Runabout.
1916 LEXINGTON Seven-Passenger Touring.
1916 CHANDLER Touring, Model 17.
1916 CADILLAC Touring; very extra.
1916 HUDSON, Super-Six Touring.
1916 OVERLAND 83B Touring.
1916 REO Seven-Passenger.
1916 REO Three-Passenger Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Touring; exceptional.
1916 NATIONAL Seven-Passenger.
1915 STUTZ Roadster.
1915 CADILLAC Four-Passenger Roadster.
1915 CADILLAC Limousine; complete.
1915 CADILLAC Brougham Town Car.
1915 WINTON Seven-Pass.; electric starter.
1914 PACKARD 3-48 Seven-Passenger.
DAILY ARRIVALS. TRADES CONSIDERED. TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
Open evenings and Sundays till 1 P. M.
All cars open to mechanical inspection and demonstration at any time.
THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
Appraisers to the Trade.
1,077 Atlantic Av., Cor. Franklin Av.,
BROOKLYN.

IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES.
CLOSED CARS.
1917-6-48 Locomobile Landaulet, 7 pass.
1914-6-48 Locomobile Landaulet, 7 pass.
1913-6-48 Locomobile Landaulet, 7 pass.
1913-6-38 Locomobile Limousine, 7 pass.
Also several very attractive late model Locomobile Touring Cars.
OTHER MAKES.
Lancia Town Car, 4 pass.; new Brewster brougham body.
1914-4 cyl. Model 55 Fiat Touring, 7 pass.
1913-6-43 Chalmers Limousine, 7 pass.
1914-6-48 Packard Touring, Victoria top, 7 pass.
1-38 Packard Phaeton.
LOCOMOBILE COMPANY OF AMERICA,
Exchange Car Department,
West 61st St., near Broadway.
Columbus—7750.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUTZ 16-VALVE SPEEDSTER.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
1917 BUICK SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 REO "6" SEDAN.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 HUDSON SUPER SIX TOURING.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1917 REO TOURING "6."
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "8" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

GOTHAM AUTO EXCHANGE,
1,694 Broadway. Bet. 53 and 54th Sts.
USED CARS OF ALL MAKES.
Limousines, Landaulets, Sedans, Tourings, Speedsters and Runabouts.
1917 Crow Elkhart Sedan, 3 pass.
1917 Buick, Little 6, 5 pass. tour.
1916 Dodge, 5 passenger Touring.
Buick, Small 4, Runabout.
Chevrolet, Royal Mail.
Packard, 3-38, 7 pass. Touring.
Oldsmobile, 5 pass., Model 42.
MERCERS. — Raceabouts and Runabouts, 1912—13—14; electric lights, starting; very reasonable.
ALL GUARANTEED 4 MONTHS.
PERFECT CONDITION.
Time Payments. Trades Considered.

BARGAINS FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.
JORDAN 7-passenger; mechanically perfect; complete equipment.
MITCHELL 7-passenger, with limousine and touring tops.
PAIGE 5-passenger touring car; just repainted; electric starter and lights.
CARL H. PAGE & CO.,
1,895 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Automobiles Wanted.

50 MOTOR TRUCKS WANTED.
Large New York department store wants to rent from Dec. 1 to 24, inclusive, 50 motor trucks, 3½ to 5 tons, with large bodies, for transfer work during Christmas season, with drivers. Write to address below and arrange for interview. M 171 Times.

EXPERIENCED USED CAR MAN will purchase cars for legitimate buyers on moderate commission, guaranteeing substantial saving and honest treatment. Address "Economy," X 272 Times Annex.

FORD touring, 1917; state equipment, condition, and lowest cash price by mail to A. Pohland, Room 1143, 42 Broadway.

SAXON 1917 Touring; will give 1917 Grant Roadster in part payment. Gage, 1,834 Broadway. Telephone 6832 Columbus.

WANTED, by private party, 4 or 6 cylinder, high h. p., 4-passenger sport model; only best makes considered; state year, mileage, full particulars; lowest cash price. P 48 Times.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

PACKARD (1917) or Cadillac Touring; must be cheap. Mr. Gage, 1,834 Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

BEAUTIFUL S. G. V., Lancia limousines, landaulets; ideal town cars; moderate rates. Kline Bros., 425 West 54th St. Columbus 399.

CADILLAC, limousine; exceptionally handsome car, month, season; owner drives. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

CADILLAC landaulet; day, week, monthly preferred. Avidans, 136 West 52d. Telephone Circle 2471.

CLASSY limousine, 1917, $2.50 hourly, visiting, shopping; experienced chauffeur. Nolan, Bryant 3918.

ELEGANT limousine touring car for hire by month. Telephone Plaza 3694-8268.

HEALY electric, monthly town work; rate reasonable. Sollish, 2 West 62d St. Columbus 9870.

OLDSMOBILE, latest model, brougham town car, for the Winter season; first-class condition; owner driving. Mitchell, 454 West 57th St.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,623 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS, Hudsons.—Latest models; limousines, touring, shopping; $2.50 hour; special rate daily, monthly. 2,758 Broadway. Academy 408.

PACKARDS. — Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD, 1916; Oldsmobile, 1917; beautiful landaulet and limousine; by hour, day, week, or month; reasonable. Telephone Lenox 2572.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD 7-passenger landaulet; hour, day, trip; monthly preferred; reasonable. Schuyler 8528.

PACKARD limousine, sixes, brougham style; $2.50 shopping; monthly, $350. Telephone 1585 Plaza.

PACKARD or Pierce Limousine, newly trimmed, $2.50 hourly, $75 weekly. Circle 4215.

PACKARD Limousine, Westinghouse Springs; recent model; owner driver. Columbus 1140.

PIERCE-ARROW Limousine, fine, for rent by month; rates reasonable; satisfaction guaranteed; heated if wanted. Thompson, Plaza 2406.

PIERCE-ARROW. — Beautiful limousine, Westinghouse air springs; condition perfect; reasonable. 4849 Morningside.

PIERCE-ARROW and Packards, handsomely appointed for hire monthly. Tucker, 4849 Morningside.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

DEAD STORAGE.—AUTOMOBILES. 510-512 WEST 143D ST. AUDUBON 3575.

Motor Trucks.

AUTOMOBILE TRUCKS loaned on. Send full details to "Automobile," 55 Avenue B.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1906. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Latest equipment [illegible] West [illegible] St. for booklet. Ladies' classes.

WATER SUPPLY EXTENSION.

Real Estate Board Favors Appropriation of $22,500,000.

The Real Estate Board of New York has filed the following statement in relation to the proposed appropriation of $22,500,000 for the Schoharie extension of the water supply:

"The Real Estate Board of New York appears in favor of the resolution offered by President Connolly of Queens Borough, requesting the Board of Water Supply to defer the award of contract for the Shandaken tunnel extension of the Schoharie Creek extension. The reasons given by President Connolly are compelling.

"Under the terms of the proposed contract the contractor does not begin work until after notice from the Board of Water Supply and then is given seven years to complete the work. It is an undoubted fact that the price of labor and the price of materials is at present so high that any contract awarded now would be for a sum far in excess of the amount that would be bid for similar work in normal times.

"At the time the appropriation of $22,500,000 corporate stock was made for this contemplated improvement the Real Estate Board called the attention of the Board of Estimate to the fact that no new source of water supply would be needed for twenty-five years. To award, therefore, a contract now at war prices for an improvement that will not be needed for twenty-five years seems a shameful waste of public money.

"Another reason given by President Connolly is an excellent one, and that is that all available labor is now needed for absolutely necessary work, and especially for work connected with National defense. No improvement of this character, unless immediately needed, should be entered into at the present time for this reason.

"The Real Estate Board, therefore, enters its hearty approval of the resolution and its opposition to any award at the present time for the building of the Shandaken Tunnel."

Definition of a Factory.

Justice Blackmar, sitting in the Appellate Division, Second Department, New York, in writing the opinion in the case of People vs. Stevens Company, Inc., says in part:

"The meaning of the word 'factory,' as defined in Section 2 of the labor law, was considered in Shannahan vs. Empire Engineering Corporation (204 N. Y., 543,) in which Judge Vann wrote as follows: 'A factory is a structure or plant where something is made or manufactured from raw or partly wrought materials into forms suitable for use. This is the primary definition which was extended by the statute so as to include any "mill, workshop, or other manufacturing or business establishments where one or more persons are employed at labor." The term "business establishment," as thus used, means one resembling a mill, workshop, or other manufacturing establishment. It is confined to things of the same general character as those names. It does not mean all business establishments where one or more persons are employed at labor, but only those engaged to some extent at least in manufacturing of some kind.'"

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LOWEST PRICES. SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS. NO INTEREST CHARGES. WRITTEN GUARANTEE. OLD REGISTERS REPAIRED, REBUILT, BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXCHANGED.
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DREDGER FOR SALE.
The modern, twin screw, steel, steam bucket hopper type dredger "QUEEN MARY." Length overall, 170 feet; breadth, 34 feet; depth, 13 feet 3 inches; 400 tons. Triple expansion engines. Speed, about nine knots. For further particulars apply to E. F. DARRELL & CO., Agents for the Bermuda Government, 11 Broadway, New York City.

LILLIAN RUSSELL'S
BEAUTY TREATMENT BOXES, ON CARE OF FACE, HAIR, AND HANDS, DEMONSTRATED AT YOUR HOME. PHONE 2805 SCHUYLER.

FURNITURE.—ON ACCOUNT OF GIVING UP NEW YORK OFFICE, WALL ST. FIRM WILL SELL THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED BROKERAGE SUITE AT A REASONABLE FIGURE. J 313 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FOR SALE — One 8-gauge double-barrel, hand-made, hammer shotgun; cost $500; will sell for $125 or exchange for nice diamond; just the thing for geese, ducks, or big game. Pillow Williams, Nashville, Tenn.

Valuable paper for sale! Ulster County Gazette, published at Kingston, Ulster County, Saturday, Jan. 4, 1800; principal notice, the death of George Washington. Apply to Mr. George Schwarts, 1,041 Hoe Av., Bronx.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near B'way.

RARE PAINTING.
Attributed to one of the old masters; an heirloom brought from Antwerp, Belgium. Newell, Box 34, Jamaica, N. Y.

Stenographic office for sale to expert stenographer; established in one of the finest office buildings in New York; first class in every respect. W 164 Times.

PIANO.—Will sell at a great sacrifice new Wurlitzer 5-foot grand piano. Steiner, 550 West 180th St.

Rug.—Heavy dark Persian, 10x15, perfect condition; price $200. Telephone 3423 Morningside.

High-grade antique and Oriental rugs; great opportunity; 85-piece sale until Dec. 6. B. Farishian, 151 East 27th.

Encyclopaedia Britannica, $200; cash or installments; cost $235; never used. X 245 Times Annex.

WILL dispose of authentic autograph letter by KOSSUTH, highest bidder. O 164 Times.

Upright piano; cost $600; good as new; cash. 3,675 Broadway, Apt. 6.

Beautiful baby grand piano, perfect condition; in storage. Brown, 175 East 82d.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-Visibles, 3 months for $5.
Visibles, 3 months for $7.50.
Initial Payment Applies if Purchased.
FACTORY REBUILT TYPEWRITERS.
FACTORY REBUILT TYPEWRITERS.
SPECIAL—SPECIAL.
No. 10 Remington, $48.50.
Other makes, $16 to $65.
Trademarked and guaranteed for one year
Call, telephone or write
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.,
149 W. 42d St., at Times Sq.; 30 E. 23d St., opp. Madison Av.; 339 Broadway, at Worth St. Tel. 5406 Franklin.

TYPEWRITERS.
BRAND NEW, LATEST MODEL OLIVER 8, $49.
Fully guaranteed; standard keyboard; exactly the same machine used by largest industries; direct from factory; former price $100. Before getting even a second-hand, rebuilt, or rental machine investigate latest Oliver plan to save $51; easy payments if you wish. Telephone or call Oliver Typewriter, Mr. Price, 319 Broadway, Worth 1780-1-2-3-4.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
At lowest rates for high-grade, late models; free ribbons and repairs.
FACTORY REBUILT TYPEWRITERS,
$20 to $70.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Phone Barclay 4738.

Purchase and Exchange.

WOODWORKING MACHINE WANTED.
Now or used, 2-spindle variety shapers, spickers, hand saws, band saws, self-contained jig saws, cutoff saws, 18-inch jointers, 2-side pony planer or flooring machine. Walton Body Co., Inc., 110 West End Av.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, appraised; estates purchased. DELANEY, 176 Broadway.

Adding machine wanted; Underwood adding machine which has been slightly used. [illegible]

QUEENS BOROUGH BUILDING

Demand for Buildings and Apartments Far Exceeds Supply.

Superintendent John W. Moore of the Queens Building Bureau issued a statement last week concerning the building operations in Queens for the past ten months, and also commented upon the present outlook, which shows that, notwithstanding the adverse conditions ruling the building market, Queens has held her own with other boroughs of the city, and that the prospects are for large operations early in the year.

It was shown by these statements that for the past ten months there were a total of 3,079 applications for new buildings of an estimated cost of $9,980,608.

This was a net loss of about $5,000,000 in estimated cost over the operations of 1916 and a loss of about 800 in the number of buildings. Last year was one of the best in the history of the borough.

"The buildings that have been erected in Queens during the past year were only those that had to be erected, because of the pressing demand for additional accommodations," said Superintendent Moore.

"There were no builders looking for favorable places to locate and then erecting buildings on speculation. Had that been the case we would have a total more than double that recorded.

"The situation in Queens is that no person who builds is taking a chance, in so far as securing tenants is concerned. That applies to apartment houses, tenements, and loft buildings.

"Real estate men have urged builders in every section of the borough to go ahead with their plans for erection, saying that they cannot meet the demand that is being made for housing by those who want to make this borough their home.

"This demand is very heavy in the Long Island City, Corona, Maspeth, Jamaica, and Woodhaven districts, all sections which have benefited by the new transit lines that have been put into operation.

"In the Long Island City section the real estate men tell me that they have two and three applicants for every vacant apartment. Tenants are moving in just as soon as one leaves and the landlords are making repairs and redecoration and painting after the new tenants are in.

"The principal reason why builders will not go ahead is the high cost of building material. But even present prices would not hold building back if there was any assurance that prices now asked would continue for several years."

The operations for the past ten months, according to the report of Superintendent Moore, were as follows:

Month.	No. Bldgs.	Est. Cost.
January	252	$760,677
February	194	782,815
March	456	1,776,815
April	503	2,055,325
May	362	706,410
June	286	1,038,800
July	200	611,535
August	261	880,095
September	260	483,431
October	305	906,375
Total	3,079	$9,980,608

Queens Transit Meeting.

Public Service Commissioner Travis H. Whitney will speak at a special meeting, to be held under the auspices of the Queens Chamber of Commerce, in cooperation with the Civic and Business Men's Associations of the Third Ward, on Thursday evening, Nov. 22, at the League Building, Sanford Avenue, Flushing.

It is expected that Borough President Maurice E. Connolly will be present and speak. An invitation has also been extended to the officials of the Long Island Railroad.

One of the objects of the meeting is to assist the residents of the Third Ward in hastening action by officials of the city on the proposed lease of the Long Island Railroad tracks to give the benefits of the dual subway system to such communities as Flushing, College Point, Whitestone, Bayside, Douglaston, and Little Neck.

Milk Bottling Establishments.

In a unanimous decision of the Appellate Division, Second Department, New York, reversing a judgment of conviction of the Municipal Term of the Court of Special Sessions, it is held that an establishment for the pasteurization and bottling of milk is not a factory within the meaning of Section 2, labor law. (People v. Stevens Company, Inc. App. Div. Reports, V. 178, P. 306.) Reference is made in this case to a decision of the Court of Appeals (People ex rel Empire State Dairy Company v. Sohmer, 218 New York 199,) holding the the process of pasteurization does no constitute manufacturing.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 6 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

54TH ST, n s, 225 ft e of 10th Av, 50x100.5, Nov. 16; Frank Desiderio to Louis Heilbrunn, 605 West 112th St, due Nov. 1, 1918, 6 p. c., prior mtg $16,500; attorney, Millen Greenebaum, 253 Broadway.............$1,900

112TH ST, 136 West, s s, 150 ft e of 7th Av, 25x100.11, Nov. 16; Anna Sherman to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, due and int. as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$18,000

Bronx.

BURNSIDE AV, n w corner Walton Av, runs w 100.11 x n 71.8 x w 100.11 to Jerome Av x n 100.11 x e 201.11 to Walton Av x s 174.8; also Walton Av, w s, 252.4 ft n of Burnside Av, runs w 100.11 x n 75.8 x w 100.11 to Jerome Av x n 131.1 x e 104.9 x e 78.0 x e 100.11 to Walton Av x s 151.5; also Burnside Av, n w corner Morris Av, runs w 100.11 x n 100.11 x w 100.11 to Walton Av x n 126.2 x e 100.11 x n 100.11 x w 100.11 to Walton Av x n 176 x e 45.8 x e 87.6 x e 119.7 to Morris Av x s 462.6; also Burnside Av, n w corner Creston Av, runs w 104.7 x n 100 x w 100 to Morris Av x n 75 x e 100 x n 100 x w 100 to Morris Av x n 176.9 x e 212.3 to Creston Av x s 492.8; also Burnside Av, n e corner Creston Av, runs n 191.9 to 180th St x e 292.9 to Grand Boulevard and Concourse x s 242.11 x w 144.7 x s 115 to Burnside Av x w 99.5; also Grand Boulevard and Concourse, n w corner 180th St, runs w 199.6 to Creston Av x n 84.8 x e 204.3 x e 92.8; also Grand Boulevard and Concourse, s e corner 180th St, 181x99.6 x 200.8 x 100; also Grand Boulevard and Concourse, n e corner 180th St, 190.6 x 99.6 x 142.3 x 89.9; Burnside-Jerome Lot Corpn. to United Real Estate and Trust Co., 1,605 Farnam St, Omaha, Neb., Aug. 3, due Nov. 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Butcher, T. & F., 1 Madison Av.............$175,000

CENTRAL AV, e s, 285 ft n of 3d St, on map of Charles Berrian, 125x100; also Broadway, n w s, Lot 64, map of Mary C. P. Macomb, 368x250x100; also Broadway, n w s, being Lot 65, same map, 300x250x100; also land in New York County; Falkenau & Hamerschlag, Inc., to Charles S. Lyons, 324 4th Av, Brooklyn, and another, executors, Sept. 1, demand, 4 p. c.; attorneys, Elkus, G. & P., 111 Broadway.............$157,500

GROSVENOR AV, w s, 321.8 ft s of 250th St, 100.1x— to e s of Iselin Av x100.6x—; Lynn L. Falkerson to Violetta W. Delafield, at Fieldston, N. Y., Oct. 26, 5 years, 6 p. c. until advance, and 5 p. c. thereafter; attorneys, Delafield, A., T. & R., 27 Cedar St.............$[illegible],000

JEROME AV, w s, 100 ft s of Clarke Place, 50x200 to Inwood Av; Abraham Oppenheimer to Edward J. Schaeffler, 400 West 160th St, Nov. 7, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.............$5,000

LOTS 47 to 50, map Estates Development Co. and another; Nicholas F. Peterson to Estates Development Co., 17 Madison Av, Nov. 15, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$7,500

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 126.6 ft n of 183d St, 101.2x223.1x100.1x232.7; Wendover Hall Co. to Samuel Wacht, 790 Riverside Drive, Nov. 16, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.............$37,500

3D AV, 4,175, w s, [illegible]; Caroline J. Dick to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Oct. 26, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.............[illegible]

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

SATURDAY, NOV. 17.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST, 24, n s, 75 ft w of Mangin St, 25x98.9; Sarah Elfenbein to Philip Lax, 420 West 30th St, mtg $16,000, Nov. 1.....$100

CROSBY ST, 97, e s, 25.3x66; 2d St, 21 to 25 East, s s, 235 ft e of Bowery, 60x82.8x 61.3x70.2; also 2d St, 27 East, 110.5 ft w of 2d Av, &c.; Afton Hanover Corp. to George F. Johnson, 340 West 72d St, b. and s., Nov. 1; attorneys, Ferris & S., 165 Broadway $100

EAST BROADWAY, 145, s s, 226 ft w of Rutgers St, 25x75; Bernard Lazarus to Talmud Torah Tiphereth Jerusalem, 147 East Broadway, mtg $16,000, all liens, Nov. 15; attorney, Jacob Manheim, 302 Broadway.$100

EAST BROADWAY, 27, s e, 25x87.6; Julius Mazo to Joseph Weissman, New Haven, Conn., mtg $35,000, Nov. 16; attorney, Lester M. Friedman, 233 Broadway......$100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 488, s s, 101.3 ft n of 134th St, 40.5x100; Percy A. Shedlock to Caroline A. Buhler, at Plandome, L. I., b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Nov. 6; attorneys, Ferris & Storck, 165 Broadway $1

SEAMAN AV, s s, 100 ft e of Academy St, 100x100; Allied Holding Corporation to Samuel Eichhorn et al., 260 Washington St, all liens, Nov. 15....................$1

12TH ST, n s, 145 ft w of 1st Av, 50x103.3; Nason Mortgage Co. to Annie Elseman, 492 West 20th St, mtg $54,000, all liens, Nov. 15; attorneys, Marks & M., 61 Park Row, $100

13TH ST, 234 East, s s, 235 ft w of 2d Av, 21.5x103.3, foreclosure Nov. 11, 1917; Eugene Frayer, referee, to Lawyers' Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Nov. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $12,500

14TH ST, 320 East, s. s, 217.6 ft e of 2d Av, 22.6x103.3; Maximus A. Lesser, executor, to Josef Felber, 319 East 14th St, mtg $12,000, Nov. 9; address M. A. Lesser, 302 Broadway $17,270

84TH ST, 59 East, n s, 80 ft w of Park Av, 25x95; Hudson Mortgage Co. to Arthur L. Trowbridge, Noroton, Conn., mtg $120,000, Nov. 14; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway..........$1

112TH ST, 136 West, s s, 150 ft e of 7th Av, 25x100.11; Elemco Realty Co. to Anna Sherman, 1,685 Madison Av, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Nov. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

Bronx.

BAILEY AV, 2,888, e s, 25x100.1; Edgar Hirschberg, referee, to H. R. J. Planten, at Lake Mahopac, N. Y., Nov. 13; attorneys, Holt, W. & G., 42 Broadway..........$5,000

BURNSIDE AV, n w corner of Walton Av, runs w 100.11x n 75.9x w 100.11 to Jerome Av x n 100.11x e 201.11x s 176.8; also Walton Av, w s, 252.4 ft n of Burnside Av, runs w 100.11x n 75.8x w 100.11 to Jerome Av x n 131.1x e 104.9x s 72.9x e 100.11x s 151.5; also Burnside Av, n w corner of Morris Av, runs w 100.11x n 100.11x w 100.11 to Walton Av x n 128.2x e 100.11x n 100.11x w 100.11 to Walton Av x n 175x e 45.7x e 87.6x e 119.7x s 452.8; also Burnside Av, n w corner of Creston Av, runs w 104.7x n 100x w 100 to Morris Av x n 75x e 100x w 100 to Morris Av x n 75x e 100x n 100x w 100 to Morris Av x n 176.9x e 212.2x s 492.8; also Burnside Av, n e corner of Creston Av, runs n 391.9 to 180th St x e 202.8 to Grand Boulevard and Concourse x s 242.11x w 144.7x s 115x w 90.5; also Grand Boulevard and Concourse, n w corner of 180th St, runs w 199.6 to Creston Av x n 64.6x e 204.2x s 93.5; also Grand Boulevard and Concourse, s e corner of 180th St, 191x 99.6x200.8x100; also Grand Boulevard and Concourse, n e corner of 180th St, 130.6x 69.6x143.8x89.9; United Real Estate and Trust Co. to Burnside-Jerome Lot Corp., 141 Broadway, Aug. 6; attorneys, Butcher, F. & T., 1 Madison Av....................$1

CLAY AV, w s, 110 ft n of 174th St, 25x100; William A. Hard to Adele P. Wenisch, 1,739 Clay Av, Nov. 16; attorneys, Friend & F., 132 Nassau St....................$1

CLAY AV, w s, being Lots 46 and 47, map of Julia Hard, 50x100; William A. Hard to Adele P. Wenisch, 1,739 Clay Av, Nov. 6; attorneys, Friend & F., 132 Nassau St....$1

JEROME AV, n s, 100 ft w of Gerard Av, 50x200, to Inwood Av; Nellie Crooks to Abr. Oppenheimer, 22 Clark Place, Nov. 7; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

JEROME AV, n e corner of Fordham Road, runs n 91x e 125x n 87.11x e 33.4x e 101.8 to Morris Av, x s 6x w 59.10x e 101.2x w 200.8; Henry M. Singhi to Remier Realty Corp., 1 East Ford Road, mtg $122,000, Nov. 16; attorney, Henry M. Singhi, 1 East Fordham Road....................$1

LOT 48, map of St. Raymond Park, Nicholas Zeccola to Joseph T. Zeccola et al., 1,605 Parker Av, mtg $5,000, Oct. 25; attorney, F. D. Canlo, 391 East 149th St..........$1

LOT 79, map of Monatiquot Real Estate Co., Bronx Board of Brokers, Inc., to Umberto Mangselli, 1,968 Marion Av, Nov. 8; attorney, Umberto Mangselli, 1,968 Marion Av, $100

LOT 68, map of Allen Estate; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Maddalina Cavanna, 62 Green St, Boston, Mass., Nov. 15; attorney, M. Cavanna, 62 Green St, Boston, Mass......$1

LOTS 289 to 291, 307 to 310, 424 to 428, 431 to 434, 520, 521, 558, 565, 591, 592, 619, 625 to 626, 652, and 653, map of Van Cortlandt Estate; B. T. Realty Co. to Mary O'Neill, 138 West 91st St, Jan. 2; attorney, Samuel Hellinger, 309 Broadway..........$1

LOTS 47 to 50, block 5440, map of Estates Development Co. and another; Estates Development Co. to Nicholas F. Peterson, 147 Morton Place, Nov. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

TOPPING AV, being Lots 25 and 26, map of Julia Hard, 50x100; William A. Hard to Adele P. Wenisch, 1,739 Clay Av, Nov. 16; attorneys Friend & F., 132 Nassau St....$1

VILLA AV, e s, 175 ft n of Potter Place, 20x 100; Denis J. Murphy to Herman Koch, 68 Liberty Place, Weehawken, N. J., Oct. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

VYSE AV, w s, 80 ft n of 174th St, 100x100; William Janota to Janota Building Co., Inc., 3,207 Hull Av, mtg $5,280, Nov. 15; attorneys, Carrington & P., 700 Broadway...$100

WASHINGTON AV, s w corner 168th St, 42.7x91.3; Wenare Holding Co. to Sidney Stern, 573 West 191st St, June 28; attorneys, Settner, S. & A., 299 Broadway..........$1

3D AV, e s, 55.10 ft n of 178th St, 50.1x120.3 x50x117.2; Cambridge Livingston, ref., to Edward Ridley, 118 East 64th St., correction of deed, Nov. 17; attorneys, Uterhart & G., 27 Cedar St....................$5,500

3D AV, w s, 107.11 ft n of 176th St, strip 0.1x 96.10; Alexander McMurray et al. to Caroline J. Dick, 2,110 Chatterton Av, April 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

3D AV, w s, 31.6 ft n of 181st St, 25x102.11; Dora Pelmer to German Evangelical Lutheran St. Peter's Church, 132 East 54th St, mtg $9,000, Nov. 7; attorneys, Slater & S., 140 Nassau St....................$1

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

MADISON AV, 343 and 345; Sam Weiner against Schmitt Realty Corp., owner; Joseph Newman, contractor....................$110

7TH AV, 552; Spiers Lederle Glass Co. against Ann E. Allin and Mary Morse, owners; Margulies & Epstein, contractor.. $250

30TH ST, 56 East; Spiers Lederle Glass Co. against Samuel Schaeffer and Philip Rosy, owners; I. L. Margulies, contractor....$200

39TH ST, 115 to 137 West; Flore Amanna against 115-137 West 16th St. Co., Inc., owner; Lustgarten Co., Inc., contractor.. $765

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

3D AV, e s, 78.5 ft n of 27th St, 20.4x70, two actions; Charles Dorn against Emma Kantler, foreclosure of two mortgages; attorney, J. J. Dorn.

5TH AV, 188 and 190; Armour & Co. against Meyer G. Lowenthal et al., action to set aside deed, &c.; attorney, L. E. Felix.

Bronx.

FOREST AV, 861; Nathan Friedman against August Boescher et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, S. Bitterman.

LOT 35, Block 3,085, Section 11, on tax map; also Lot 40, Block 2,878, Section 11, on tax map; Denis J. McDonald against Ella A. Young et al., action to foreclose transfer of tax liens; attorney, J. H. Fargis.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

34TH ST, 263-265, s s, Kate L Reilly to A. Musheart, 2,179 5th Av, and S. Levitt, 409 Lenox Av, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1917; attorney, John C. Mead, 2 Rector St....$4,000

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACT.

Bronx.

Southern Boulevard, w s, 126.4 ft n of 183d St, 101.1x223.8; Samuel Wacht, loans Wendover Hall Co., to erect one one-story brick garage, $27,500.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Burke St., n s, East Bronxwood Av., 1½-story frame dwelling, 21x54; Elizabeth Williams, 763 North Oak Drive, owner; M. W. Del audio, 401 Tremont Av., architect; cost $1,200.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Offerings Scheduled at the Vesey Street and Bronx Salesrooms.

Monday, Nov. 19.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Central Park West, 228, 60.4 ft s of 84th St, 20x98, four-story dwelling; Excelsior Realty Co. against M. Mosler et al.; Wende E. & R., attorneys; due, $4,648.62; taxes, &c., $753.40.

Tuesday, Nov. 20.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

25th St, 45-51 West, n s, 125 ft e of 6th Av, 100x98.9; eleven-story loft building; K. F. Coleman against Building and Engineering Co. et al.; Alexander & G., attorneys; due, $566,921.55; taxes, &c., $4,418.

By Joseph P. Day.

Ludlow St, 19, w s, 157.11 ft s of Hester St, 19x87, six-story building, with store; New York Trust Co., trustee, against Marie Kahrs et al.; Merrill, R. & T., attorneys; due, $17,225.95; taxes, &c., $680.99.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

Avenue A, 1,408 and 1,410, s e corner of 75th St, 50x98, two five-story lofts and stores; Manhattan Savings Institution against Turpod Realty Co. et al.; Rapallo & K., attorneys; due, $52,144.95; taxes, &c., $1,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Jerome Av, w s, 275 ft n of Featherbed Lane, 50x100, vacant; Empire City-Gerard Co. against J. L. S. Building Co. et al.; Pressinger & N., attorneys; due, $1,256.52; taxes, &c., $166.80; prior mortgage, $2,800.

Cauldwell Av, 800, n e corner of 158th St, 74.0x55, three three-story dwellings; New York Title and Mortgage Co. against Lyttle Construction Co. et al.; M. A. Hulett, attorney; due, $17,056.95; taxes, &c., $463.84.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Maclay Av, 2,419, n s, 169.8 ft e of Zerega Av, 25x100.7; M. A. Mead against Antonio Ponessa et al.; Patterson & B., attorneys; due, $2,279.70; taxes, &c., $1,288.92.

Wednesday, Nov. 21.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Broadway, 650, e s, 83.8 ft n of Bleecker St, extending through to Shinbone Alley, 29x 130, five-story loft building, with store; also

4th Av, 115-119, n e corner of 12th St, eight-story office and loft building, with stores, and 109 East 12th St, adjoining, four-story building, with stores, the entire site 71.2x 151.5x irregular; also

13th St, 118 and 120 East, s s, 242.2 ft e of 4th Av, 45.3x103.3x irregular, three and one story buildings and vacant; also

Suffolk St, 171, w s, 102 ft s of Houston St, 24x100, vacant; also

3d Av, 165, s e corner of 16th St, 27.6x60, three-story building, with stores; also

16th St, 202 and 204 East, s s, 60 ft e of 3d Av, 40x103.3, two three-story houses; also

17th St, 143 East, n s, 100 ft w of 3d Av, 25x100, land only; also

3d Av, 166-174, and 145-147 East 16th St, n w corner, 92x100, seven three-story houses and stores; also

16th St, 143 East, n s, 100 ft w of 3d Av, 8.8x96.3x37.6x92, two-story stable; also

4th Av, 57, and 103 East 9th St, n e corner 25x75.10x irregular; land only; also

4th Av, 59, e s, 25 ft n of 9th St, 25x96.4x75x irregular, eight-story loft building with two two-story stables on Lafayette Court; also

3d Av, 30-38, and 111-113 East 9th St, n w corner, 104.6x100, seven three-story buildings; also

3d Av, 40-46, and 92-96 East 10th St, s w corner 80x118.2, seven three-story buildings; also

10th St, 82 East, s s, 91.8 ft e of 4th Av, 20x 71x irregular, three-story dwelling; also

10th St, 84-94 East, s s, 118.2 ft e of 4th Av, 82x92.6; land only; also

4th Av, 71-73, s e corner of 10th St, 48.4x 53.8x irregular; land only; also

10th St, 78-80East, 53.8 ft e of 4th Av, 38x 33.2x irregular; land only; also

3d Av, 135, e s, 92 ft s of 15th St, 17x100; land only; also

3d Av, 137, e s, 73 ft e of 15th St, 17x100, three-story building with store; also

3d Av, 139-145, and 202-204 East 15th St, s e corner, 75x100, six three-story buildings; also

20th St, 205-209 East, n s, 75 ft e of 3d Av, 55x92, three four-story tenements; also

20th St, 223-227 East, n s, 290 ft w of 2d Av, 70x92, vacant; also

20th St, 229-235 East, n s, 200 ft w of 2d Av, 90x92, two-story studio and five two-story stables; also

1st Av, 365-367, w s, 49.9 ft n of 21st St, 50x100; land only; also

1st Av, 369, w s, 72.9 ft s of 22d St, 25x100; land only; also

1st Av, 371-373, w s, 24.9 ft s of 22d St, 48x 100, two five and three story tenements and stores; dissolution sale of Hamilton Fish Corporation.

By Henry Brady.

Dyckman St, 295-301, n s, 350 ft w of Prescott Av, 140x150x irregular, two-story building and vacant; T. J. Goodwin and another, executors, against E. F. Fettretch, executrix, et al.; J. A. Lynch, attorney; due, $24,636.88; taxes, &c., $2,188.94.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

Moore St, 16, w s, 49.7 ft n of Front St, 29x30, four-story building and store; taxes, &c., $800; also 120th St, 138 West, s s, 386 ft w of Lenox Av, 18x100.11, three-story dwelling, taxes, &c., $850; also 127th St, 276 West, s s, 225 ft w of 7th Av, 18.8x 99.11, three-story dwelling, taxes, &c., $700, prior mortgage $5,000; also 123d St, 237 and 239 West, n s, 333.4 ft e of 8th Av, 33.4x100.11, two three-story dwellings; taxes, &c., $650; prior mortgage $12,500; M. L. Dayton against W. P. Mulry et al., of undivided right, title, and interest; due, $1,219.37.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Samuel Marx.

Olinville Av, e s, 100 ft s of 216th St, 63x 100; Harlem Savings Bank against Therese Busse and another; E. S. Clinch, attorney; due, $4,189.68; taxes, &c., $354.84.

Thursday, Nov. 22.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

Concourse, n w corner Echo Place, 78.2x 69.1x irregular, two-story dwelling; Julius Diehl against Albert von den Driesch et al; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $16,545.80; taxes, &c., $1,410.20.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

166th St, 434 and 436 East, s s, 147.9 ft e of Park Av, 50x118, frame buildings; Rachel Woolf, executrix, against Goldie Cowen et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $6,600; taxes, &c., $225.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Heath Av, 3,053, w s, 237 ft n of Boston Av, 25x92.2, two-story dwelling; City Real Estate Co. against M. A. Mahoney et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $6,599.63; taxes, &c., $322.54.

152d St, 377 East, n s, 225 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 25x100, five-story flat; Michael Ecks against E. A. Worm et al.; Arthur Bell, attorney; due, $15,083.19; taxes, &c., $1,251.44.

By Joseph & Co.

Prospect Av, 1,429, at junction of Boston Road and 170th St, 54.9x58.6x43.2x irregular, six-story apartment; East River Savings Institution against Rhenane Realty Co. et al.; E. R. Vollmer, attorney; due, $49,634.40; taxes, &c., $2,163.

Friday, Nov. 23.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Henry Brady.

Bradhurst Av n e corner of 149th St, 99.11x 50, vacant; T. J. Goodwin and another, trustees, against Theresa Lemmon; J. A. Lynch, attorney; due, $10,994.72; taxes, &c., $849.68.

By Joseph P. Day.

2d Av, 2,240, n e corner of 115th St, 20.10x 80, four-story tenement and store; J. M. M. Grant and another, trustees, against Alfonso Passarelli et al.; Joline, L. & R., attorneys; due, $17,457.63; taxes, &c., $363.60.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

"Hawks" Ventilated Gas Radiators Give Clean Healthful Heat.

No gas odors. Equal to steam or hot water heat. Small cost to install. High efficiency. Economical to operate.

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$200,000 at 5%
On Choice Manhattan Property. Preferably in one amount.
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Adjacent to
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About 7,000 ft. shore frontage on L. I. Sound. Ideal for bathing and beach concessions.
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A BEAUTIFUL SUNNY 16 ROOM CORNER HOUSE, together with all furnishings of a very high order—Oriental rugs, rare and modern paintings, many antique pieces of furniture; in fact, a perfectly equipped suburban home. Large conservatory; steam heat throughout; 3 bathrooms. Large, heated 3-car garage in rear. Inspection day or night. Also other houses in Elmhurst.
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Five-story 22-foot American Basement in 80's, near Riverside Drive; permanent outlook on Hudson from rear of house. Former price $55,000. Now $35,000. Brokers protected.
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HIGHEST-CLASS ELEVATOR
Gardens Apartments
"That are unique"
Only 5 left out of 61.
Building Completed This Month.
FOREST HILLS GARDENS
FOREST HILLS, LONG ISLAND.
3, 4, & 5 Room Apartments,
Wonderful outlook over woods and farms
½ Block } From Forest Hills Inn To West Side Tennis Club. From R. R. Station.
15 Minutes to 34th St., 7th Av.
For Particulars Apply on Premises or
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built for all-year home; 7 rooms, bath, steam heat; garage; 4,000 square feet; refined neighborhood; sidewalks, electricity, gas, sewer; privilege of restricted bathing beach, yacht club; free mooring for your motor boat; about 3 minutes' walk from pier and station; 30 minutes to Herald Square; will sell to responsible party for $500 cash, balance very easy terms. R. B. S., 243 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

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Plot 50x150, block from station; good condition; 11 rooms; two sets improvements; sacrifice for $5,500, owing to foreclosure; worth $7,500. A rare opportunity.
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7-room cottage on plot 40x175; steam heat; parquet floors; gas and electricity; oak trim; built by days' work. Price $7,500. Terms to suit purchaser. Edward E. Pearsall, 817 Hillside Ave., Jamaica. Phone 2476 Jamaica.

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9 rooms, overlooking the Sound, magnificent in every detail, in restricted park; handy to depot, 27 minutes out; am very anxious to sell. For a bargain, apply M. Hines, 47 West 34th St., Room 434.

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Twenty Acres, with lovable, remodelled farm house; the kind that is hard to find; every improvement, electric light, open fireplace; cottage for help, stable, orchard of 300 bearing apple trees; excellent Sound view; surrounded by country estates; don't buy before inspecting this property; it will appeal to you. Price and terms from
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Near Ludlow Station, Hudson River; 25 minutes to 42d Street; fine 14-room house, nearly one acre; cost $25,000; sale necessary, will consider $15,000.
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In 1861,
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Fifty acres, located two miles from Harmon station, where all trains stop, on state road, old farm house, barn, fruit trees, woods, rocks, and cleared land. View of the Hudson River to the South and Croton Lake to the North; possibility of fine lake, surrounded by Hemlock grove. Electric light and telephone can be had. One of the cheapest and finest building sites to be found in Westchester County. Price, $8,500. F 404 Times Annex.

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Dutch Colonial house on plot 75x160; first floor has very large living room with open fireplace, large dining room, porch, kitchen, pantry, and maid's room; second floor has large chamber with dressing room and tiled bath with shower en suite; also 2 large chambers and tiled bath with shower; this is a very complete, up-to-date, easy housekeeping home (all rooms on 2 floors) on an elegantly treed large plot; price $10,000; terms to suit.
THE JOHN T. BROOK COMPANY,
Builders and Owners,
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Sixty acres of fertile land, commanding unsurpassed Hudson River and inland views; 10-room modern house, all improvements; farmer cottage, garage, &c.; one hour out; price $40,000; an unusual opportunity.
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A SUPERIOR NEW HOME
Nothing so emphatically artistic in WESTCHESTER COUNTY.
Located on high ground. New Rochelle & almost 1 acre.
To see is to be carried away with its excellent lines and its perfect appointments throughout.
12 ROOMS, 3 BATHROOMS.
Price is most attractive and worthy of your immediate consideration.
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Farm of ninety acres, in select neighborhood, with fine old farm house and farm buildings. Will be sold to close an estate.
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11 East 42d St., New York.
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For rent or sale; all-year-around resident; steam heat, open grates, electricity and gas; heated garage; large grounds; 30 minutes from Grand Central; near transportations; restricted colony; special rental for Winter months. Apply to owner, H. E. Wilson, Hotel St. George, Brooklyn.

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NEW ROCHELLE
Three New and Very Attractive Homes Just Completed
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ARE OFFERED FOR SALE
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They contain 7 pretty rooms, 2 baths; plots 50x100 (more land adjoining each house available at reasonable price). The location is one of the finest in Westchester county—high and healthy. We consider that in value there are no houses in the market to-day to compare with these at the above price. We earnestly advise inspection.
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DON'T MISS THIS SALE BY RECEIVERS.
Beautiful building sites in this exclusive and most attractive suburb are offered at great bargains.
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Office at property open every day. Take subway to Van Cortlandt Park, then trolley to Park Hill.

Modern fireproof house, brick and stucco, tile roof, 6 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, garage for 2 cars, situated on large plot of ground overlooking Hudson River; 40 minutes from Grand Central. A great bargain.
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$2 DOWN. $1 MONTHLY.
Call or write for free R. R. Tickets.
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Hour out, on North Shore; near water; old-fashioned homestead; 11 rooms, bath, electric lights; stable, garage, ice house, artesian well; 3 acres, garden, all kinds of fruit trees; broad lawns, flower beds, tennis court; beautiful old shade trees around house; also small lake and running brook; great bargain; $12,500, terms. Near two golf courses.
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Fine 145-acre farm, 1,200 feet frontage Long Island Sound, beach, bluff, views, mostly cultivated, orchard; double highway frontage; fertile soil; $175 acre; terms.
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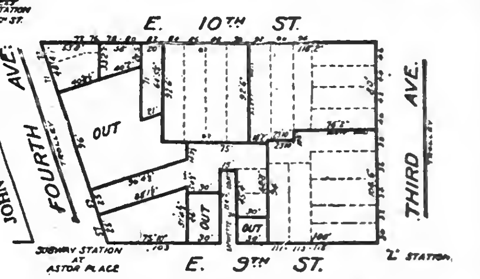
65 LOTS, PLOTS & BUILDINGS


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15 MINUTES FROM PENN. STATION.
Dignified in their substantial combination of rich dark brick and stucco, three new detached houses of 8 rooms and 2 baths have been completed for sale. Located on a quiet residential street, they have an unusual charm of appearance which makes them notable even in the Gardens.
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An artistic all year English Home, in the hands of foremost decorators, just finished, at Plandome Estates, PLANDOME STATION, L. I., 30 minutes from N. Y., 35 minutes by motor from Queensboro Bridge. 52 electric trains. Amidst the hills of the North Shore, near Yacht, Golf and Country Clubs. Beautiful grounds, high elevation, overlooking the Peninsula of Great Neck. Solarium, breakfast porch, sleeping porch, verandas, servants' quarters, with bath. Highest restrictions. Most liberal terms for high class family.
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HANDSOME 8-ROOM COTTAGE
An ideal home of seven rooms and bath; all large, light, and airy; hot water heat, hardwood floors and other modern improvements; five minutes' walk from Long Island Railroad and three minutes from B. R. T. new elevated extension; half a block from public school; ground is 60x100, with large outbuilding suitable for garage.
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Buys it. Everything new. Six rooms, handsome bath, open fireplace, hardwood floors, decorations in ivory, electric lights, steam heat. Fine plot; hedge lawn; flowers. Easy commuting. Owner must sell at once. Sacrifice for $3,500, $250 cash needed; title guaranteed. M. H., 47 West 34th St., Room 434.

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Owner must sell dandy farm, consisting of good 6-room house and large grounds; also chicken coops, incubator, chicken-run fenced in; beautiful large shade trees. Located in Huntington, near station and town; short distance to harbor. Will dispose of to a reliable family on easy terms. Further particulars to ABERG, Box 286 Times Downtown.

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Have just completed seven artistic homes on the highest point and in the very best residential section (Lincoln Park) of New Jersey's most attractive town,
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Houses contain from seven rooms and bath to nine rooms and three baths. Every known modern improvement; price from $7,200 to $10,000; on terms to suit purchaser, combining a good investment with great future possibilities. S. R. DROESCHER, Owner, 79 Warren St., New York, or Cranford, N. J.

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TO EFFECT QUICK SALE

Spacious, well built house, wonderful mountain views from any part of beautiful grounds; in elegant exclusive neighborhood, between Montclair and Morristown; wide hall from front to rear, large living room, with huge old fashioned open fireplace; dining room, breakfast room; butler's pantry and perfectly appointed kitchen on the first floor; five fine master bedchambers, two big sleeping porches, two tiled baths, linen room and clothes closets on second floor; three servants' rooms and bath, guest room and elegant pool and billiard room on third floor; separate porte cochere entrance, large glassed-in veranda and open terrace; every modern convenience; electric light, parquet floors, beamed ceilings, walls beautifully panelled in hard woods; convenient to country club, golf, all outdoor and water sports; will sacrifice $15,500 and will take back mortgage for $9,000; only a short run by express train from N. Y. C.; easy commutation. Send, call or telephone for photo and particulars. Tel. 6634—Audubon.
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Large living room, music room, dining room, kitchen, five bedrooms; steam heat, open fireplace, oak and white enamel trim, stucco exterior; plot 50x170; one of the most attractive homes built in Leonia; should sell for $9,000, but Winter price only $8,200.
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merely rent this house. After 11 years you own it free and clear. By this new plan you have no mortgages to bother with and no cash deposit to make. House has 10 rooms and bath, open fireplace, all conveniences. Plot ¾ acre. Most exclusive section. Very easy commutation. Call, or write for particulars.
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Per Annum.

Modern Residence, 11 rooms, 3 baths; garage.. **$1300**

Colonial Residence, 12 rooms, 3 baths, solarium, large enclosed veranda.. **$1500**

Hillside Residence, 12 rooms, billiard room, solarium; attractively decorated; fine grounds **$4000**

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New Residence on the hillside; contains living room, dining room, solarium, kitchen and pantry; 7 bedrooms, 2 sleeping porches; fine views; excellent surroundings. **$25,000**

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A Mountainside Residence, completely modern in every way. Brick and stucco. Handsome interior; silk decorations. Owner will exchange for residence on Long Island. North Shore referred.

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$7,250
A little cash
Cosy Home
10 Rooms
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Plot
100x215 ft.

After $2,000 Is Paid on easy terms
$31.50 MONTHLY

Pays interest, insurance, taxes, water rent; living room 27 feet long; open fireplace, beamed ceilings, walls panelled in hardwood; all city conveniences and country advantages combined; easy commutation to New York City, express service.

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Farms Dairy, Grain, Fruit, Poultry, Potato. Also Country Homes
Advise size and location desired.
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Dutchess Co. Farm, 190 Acres.

190 acres; 55 miles New York; magnificent views; 150 acres tillable; 10 acres big Oak, Hickory; $8,000 recently spent; improving house; house 700 feet elevation in lawn of grand virgin trees; Colonial with original hewn beamed ceilings; big fireplaces; Dutch oven; new hardwood floors; completely modernized; first floor; six rooms; second floor, seven bedrooms, two bathrooms; hot water heat; cut to $15,000; urgent sale; make offer.

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Finely adapted for gentleman's country estate; 1200 acres; Taxedo Park section; 45 miles New York; charming views; half mile frontage on beautiful Monbasha Lake. K. MORRE, 1726 Woolworth Bldg., N. Y. Phone Barclay 6084.

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Fine country place, one hour from city, 11 room dwelling, all modern conveniences, unlimited supply spring water. Fine large garage and stable; quarters above for men; unusual chickeo houses with glass fronts and running water; large incubator cellar; 15 acres; grounds consist of lawns with beautiful shade trees and shrubbery; large garden, fine asparagus bed. Every kind of fruit; peach, apple, pear, plum, cherry orchard. Fields under cultivation. All yours for $16,000. Value $30,000.

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GREENWICH, Conn. For rent—Main residence, attractively furnished, for Winter months; there are 3 bathrooms and 2 maids' rooms; a bachelor's cottage, 3 bedrooms and bath; 3 car garage, chauffeur's apartment above; convenient to village; 1½ miles to station. Rent very low, $150 per month.

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65 ACRES— for sale—fine land situated outside corporation limits of the thrifty and growing town of Stamford, Conn.; 30 acres clear, balance woodland; never failing spring, fine elevations for building sites; just the place for a gentleman's country home, and you can build according to your own ideas; price, $15,000; terms. Apply to
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Fine high rolling land, with attractive woodlands, fields, orchards; a brook which by a dam will make nice lake. Property located less than 1 mile R. R. Depot.
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One of the finest residences in this village. Built 5 years ago. 14 rooms, all modern improvements, 3 bathrooms, 2 large open fireplaces; about 2 acres; grand view; on finest street in village; easy terms.
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Money-making Farm, With 14 Cows, Pr. Horses.

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2,015 5th Av., near 125th St., 3 story and basement house, 10 rooms; business or private use; low rental. Back, 2 West 125th.

15 Rooms, Private House

Good location, especially well arranged for ... purposes; rent reasonable.
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To Rent, Furnished,

American Basement Private Dwelling
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FIRST CLASS CONDITION.
MODERATE RENTAL. APPLY
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Will consider erecting a new building for a responsible tenant.

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FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS.
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Light Lofts—From Feb. 1st
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Modern fireproof building; freight-passenger elevator, sprinkler system, all improvements, high ceilings, unusual light; to lease from Feb. 1st. Apply Supt. on prem. or your own broker.

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RENT REASONABLE.
Full particulars,
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Can Be Seen Any Time.

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Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60

$25—OFFICES—$65

36 EAST 23D STREET.
Two Elevators. Fireproof Bldg.
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46th St., east of Broadway, a four-story building altered; will rent floors for business. Apply to
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8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS
THE ROSARY
306 WEST 99TH ST.
$1,400 and $1,500.
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A very desirable eight-room Apartment; large, light, airy rooms, overlooking park; high-class elevator house; rent $1,800. Apply Superintendent, on premises.

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Front apartment four rooms and bath
To Lease.

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HIGH GRADE ELEVATOR HOUSE.
Corner Overlooking Central Park.
SEVEN ROOMS, RENT $80.
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We Offer the Following Choice Properties:

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Frank Hughes-Taylor Co.
At Lackawanna Terminal—Montclair, New Jersey.

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VERY DESIRABLE APARTMENTS

8 VERY LARGE AIRY ROOMS

Ample Closet Room, Electric Light, refrigeration, laundry, fuel and separate laundries included in rent.

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Selection of Highest Class ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

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7 ROOMS
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REAL ESTATE
BROADWAY AND 72ND STREET
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Apartments of one and two rooms with bath and three rooms with 2 baths
FOR TEN MONTHS AT
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HOTEL ALEXANDRIA
JUST OPENED
250 WEST 103D STREET,
Between Broadway and West End Ave.
Subway Express Station at Corner.

Housekeeping Corner Apartment
4 Rooms and Bath
and Large Foyer
(2 Bedrooms)
Bright and Sunny.
Rent $1,350.
THE OREGON
162 W. 54th St., Cor. 7th Ave.
New 12-story fireproof building.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents,
152 West 72d St.

24 West 59th St.

Adjoining Plaza Hotel.

3-4-5 rooms. Overlooking Central Park. Large rooms and open fireplaces. One studio with open fireplaces. Rents $1,600-$2,700.

PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Avenue
Telephone 6200 Murray Hill.

562 WEST END AV.,
At 87th St.
Elegant Apartments
of
8 & 9 Rooms, 3 Baths,
All Large, Light Rooms.
Exceptional Closet Space.
Extra Maids' Rooms.
Attractive Rents.
Immediate Possession.

Wilbraham

5th Av., N. W. Cor. 30th St.
Entrance, 1 West 30th St.
Choice Apartments of 2, 4, or more large, well-ventilated rooms, with bath; annual rentals $720 to $1,500, including maid's services; meals, laundry, and valet service if desired. Superintendent on premises, or FRED'K FOX & CO., 14 West 40th St. Vanderbilt 540.

CHOICE APARTMENT
OF
9 ROOMS & BATH
LOW RENTAL
265 WEST 81ST ST.
NEAR WEST END AV.

14th St., 335 West
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4-5-6 ROOMS
Extra large, especially well arranged; abundant closet space; beautifully decorated; conveniently located.
RENTS $33 UP.

HIGHLAND COURT
600 WEST 192ND STREET
at St. Nicholas Ave. Subway station.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS—5 ROOMS.
REDUCED RENTS.

The Rockclyffe
3456 Broadway, Cor. 141st St.
High Class Elevator Apartment,
6-7-8 large, light rooms.
Moderate Rent. Inquire Supt.

340 WEST 86TH ST.
KITCHENETTE APARTMENT
2 Rooms and Bath,
$900 to $1,000.
M. H. GAILLARD & CO.
2299 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 2979.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

55TH ST., N. E. COR. 1,730 BROADWAY.

All Large, Light. Rental $1,200 to $1,800.

4-5 & 8 ROOMS

11 story Fireproof Apartments.

N. A. BERWIN & CO., 56 W. 45th st. TEL. 4452—VANDERBILT.

The ROGER-MORRIS
New Elevator Apartments
14-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING
160th St. & Edgecombe Av.

Overlooking Polo Grounds, Hudson, Harlem and East Rivers.
Convenient to 157th St. Subway Station and 155th, 6th and 9th Ave. Express "L" Stations.

3 and 5 Up-to-Date
All Outside Rooms
SERVANTS' ROOM ON 15TH FLOOR.
TELEPHONE 9150 AUDUBON.

THE ALBERTA
Elevator Apartments
461 West 159th St.,
Corner Edgecombe Ave.

Overlooking Polo Grounds, Hudson, Harlem and East Rivers.
Convenient to 157th St. Subway Station and 155th, 6th and 9th Avs. Express "L" Stations.

4, 5 and 6 Modern Rooms.
TELEPHONE 0150 AUDUBON.

THE RIVIERA

Riverside Drive, 156th to 157th St. Modern Twelve Story Fireproof Apartment. Near Subway.
8 rooms, $1,400 to $1,500.
9 rooms, $1,600 to $1,800.
With two or three baths. Apply to A. J. ODELL, Manager, on Premises, Audubon 5400, or
MANHATTAN LEASING CO.,
149 Church St. Tel. 6390 Barclay.

BUCKINGHAM COURT
310-320 West 99th St.
High Class Apartments of
3 ROOMS & 2 BATHS
Inquire Superintendent, on Premises.
Manhattan Leasing Co.,
149 Church St.
Telephone Barclay.

400 WEST 118TH STREET
Cor. Morningside Drive, Op. Morn. Park
Near Columbia University.
7 ROOMS Bath 2 Toilets $900
W. ALANSON ALEXANDER,
503 5TH AV. TEL. 2718—MURRAY HILL.

10 Rooms 3 Baths ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS
495 West End Ave.
S. W. Corner 84th St.
Apply Superintendent on Premises, or
Alfred C. Bowman
5 West 31st St. Tel. Mad. Sq. 8462.

The Greene Court
1815 7th Ave., at 111th St.
REASONABLE
SIX ROOMS
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
ZIPKES SYSTEM MANAGEMENT
405 Lexington Av. Tel. 6306 Murray Hill

44 West 77th Street
ADJOINING CENTRAL AND MANHATTAN SQUARE PARKS.
8 ROOMS, 3 BATHS.....$3,000
Eleventh floor; living room; 15x25; bedrooms all face south; modern fireproof building.
SUPERINTENDENT, ON PREMISES.

Corner Apt.—9 Rooms
Also 8-room apt. to sublet; modern, refined, high class; elevator.
WESTWOOD COURT,
435 Ft. Washington Ave.
West 179th and 180th Sts.
Apply on premises. Phone St. Nicholas 8843.

DOCTOR'S SUITE, FIRST FLOOR, $900.
120 W. 86TH ST.
GEO. A. BOWMAN, Agent,
115 West 42d St. Telephone Bryant—2444.

509 WEST 110TH ST.
1 APARTMENT OF
5 Outside Rooms to Sublet.
Large, Light and Sunny, $900
EARLE & CALHOUN, 200 West 72d St. or Supt., on Premises.

61 and 118 West 48th St.
ALSO 429 4TH AVENUE.
BACHELOR apartments, two rooms and bath; meals and service if desired. $50 up. Apply to housekeeper on premises, or
PAUL A. McGOLRICK,
1,476 Broadway. Tel. Bryant 7835.

KITCHENETTE APARTMENT,
2 Rooms, Kitchenette and Bath.
Rent $1,000.
120 WEST 86TH ST.
GEO. A. BOWMAN, Agent,
115 West 42d St. Tel. Bryant—2444.

50 WEST 67TH ST.
Ground Floor Apartment.
Admirably Suited to a Physician or Dentist; Reasonable Rent; apply on premises.
Malcolm E. Smith & Rudolph C. Colyer, Inc.
135 Madison Av., New York.

JUST COMPLETED

370 Central Park West

"The Apartment House Unique"

S. W. Corner of 97th St.

An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness, Featuring Elizabethan Architecture

Suites of 3 to 7 Rooms—Rentals $700 to $1,800.

SPECIAL 5-ROOM SUITES
with Huge Living Room and Open Fireplace.

For booklet, floor plans, etc., consult
French Management Corporation,
299 Madison Ave., Corner 41st St. 'Phone Vanderbilt—3237.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

1 West 67th St.

At the Hotel Des Artistes. The first building to combine privacy of home with conveniences of hotel.

STUDIO Duplex Apartments, 2 to 6 rooms and bath, with large north lights for artists, and similar apartments facing south for non-professionals. Unfurnished only. Rents from $1,600 to $3,000.

Ball Room, Exhibition Room, Swimming Pool, Squash Courts and Roof Playground for children.

MEALS served from restaurant in apartments without charge for service. Raw materials converted into food by best chefs obtainable and brought to apartments by specially constructed electric dumbwaiters without charge for cooking. Refrigeration free.

The famous Gustave Backer, chief chef Hotel Blackstone, Chicago, conducts restaurants.

Apply on premises. Telephone * Columbus 4204.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

New
Non-Elevator Apartments
NOW READY TO MOVE IN.
4-5 ROOMS
646 to 656 West 160th St.
(Near Riverside Drive)
Look Them Over
Nothing Better
NORMAN DENZER, Agt.
3,816 Broadway (at 159th St.)

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
Just Completed
4 Rooms, $50 to $60
1 Five Room, $80
6 Rooms, $62 to $65
Broadway & Valentine Lane
Two blocks over N. Y. City line, South Yonkers.

THE MIRA-MAR
612 West 137th Street
Between Broadway & Riverside Drive.
SUBWAY STATION AT THE CORNER.
High-Class Elevator Apartments
6-7 Rooms—$60-$70
Apply Supt., on premises, or
J. S. Maxwell
3422 Broadway, at 139th St.

AVALON HALL
227 Riverside Drive,
Corner 95th Street.
High Class Elevator Apartments.
All Outside Rooms.
6 ROOMS & BATH
Rent $1,350.
THOMAS J. O'REILLY,
Broadway, at 109th Street.

190 Riverside Drive
N. E. CORNER 91st ST.
One apartment to lease.
9 Rooms & 3 Baths.
Rental $3,800 per annum.
Hot water heat.
Thermostat regulation.
TOWNSEND REALTY CO.,
Owners. 1,328 Broadway.

150 WEST 79 ST.
9 Rooms—3 Baths $2,800
EDGAR A. LEVY LEASING CO.
505 Fifth Avenue
Phone Murray Hill 6960

SUBLET

8 rooms, $80; 6 rooms, reduced to $60; concessions. 602 West 157th St.; half block from station.

IVY COURTS,
210-220-230 West 107th St.
High class Apartments of 6 and 7 rooms, one to three baths; refined location; attentive management; rents very reasonable.
O. D. & H. V. DIKE, Agents,
220 WEST 42D ST.

7 Rooms, 2 Baths.
EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS and arrangement of rooms; abundance of closet room; elevator, all-night service; 1st floor corner apartment suitable for doctor or dentist.
805 St. Nicholas Ave. (Corner 160th St.)
W. D. MORGAN, Agent, 3573 B'way (147th St.)

EMSWORTH HALL
435 Convent Av., Cor. 149th
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,100.
Outside; elevator; all improvements. Suitable for physician.

IRVING ARMS,
222 Riverside Drive, Cor. 94th.
8 Rooms & 2 Baths, $1,300.
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.

6 ROOMS
565 West 148th Street.
Corner Broadway.
All outside rooms, facing south.
View of river.
W. D. Morgan, Agent, 3573 B'way (147th).

THE SEVILLA APARTMENT HOTEL
117 West 58th St.
Very desirable 2, 3 or 4 room Apartment can now be secured.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

1 Very Large ROOM Foyer & Bath $750
3 Rooms FOYER & BATH $1350
4 Rooms FOYER & BATH $1800
New, Exclusive Apartment House.
815 PARK AVE. S. E. Corner 75th Street.
Agent on premises. Phone Rhinelander 499.

39th Street at 5th Av.
Bachelor apartments, 2 and 3 rooms and bath; large and light; elevator service; steam heat, electric light; moderate rents.
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co.,
30 East 42d Street.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

Elevator Apartments

1261 Madison Av. } 8-9 ROOMS
Corner 90th St. Physician's Apt., 8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $2,000
1326 Madison Av. } 7 ROOMS
Corner 94th St. $1,200
16-20 E. 97th St. } 7 ROOMS $660

Floor Plans and Full Particulars of all East Side Apartments.
DUFF & CONGER, Inc.
Madison Ave., Cor. 86th St.
TELEPHONE LENOX 8900.

48 EAST 61ST ST.
A superior house, charmingly situated.
2 & 3 ROOM APARTMENTS
STUDIOS, Open Fireplaces.
Kitchen, Maid and Valet Service.
House Nearing Completion.
Rentals $900 to $2,250
DUFF & CONGER, Inc., Agts.
Madison Av. & 86th St. Tel. Lenox 8900

Corner apartment, 8 rooms, $2,000
Southerly apart., 9 rooms, $1,800

LAURISTON
1,239 Madison Av.,
Northeast Corner 89th St.
Excellent location, perfect condition, just renovated. Inquire on premises.

13 E. 65TH
Hever Chambers
2 & 3 Rooms & Bath
ELEVATOR
NON-HOUSE-KEEPING
Breakfast Served if Desired.
FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED.
FINE RESIDENTIAL STREET.
¼ Block from 5th Ave.
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
EARLE & CALHOUN
200 West 72d St. Columbus 6116.

104 East 40th St.
One Door From Park Ave.
2 APARTMENTS
5 Rooms
$1600 and $2100.
Apply to Supt. on premises, or
The Park Ave. Operating Co. Inc.
527 FIFTH AVENUE.

911 Park Avenue
Southeast Corner of 80th St.
7 rooms and 2 baths.
Attractive rooms. Best value on Park Av. Rents $1,300-$1,550.
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Avenue
Telephone 6200 Murray Hill.

815 PARK AVE.
S. E. CORNER 75TH ST.
New Magnificent 14-Story Structure
EXQUISITE APARTMENT DWELLINGS OF
6-7-8 ROOMS
8 BATHS, RENTS $2,500 TO $3,000
Agent on premises. Phone Rhinelander 499.

981 PARK AVE.
Modern Fireproof Corner Building
Centre City's Most Fashionable Residence Districts
4 ROOMS, BATH
First Floor—Suitable Doctor or Dentist, Rent $1,100.
Superintendent on premises.

41 GRAMERCY PARK
Two rooms, bath and kitchenette.
Rentals $800 to $1,000.
59 GRAMERCY PARK
(Elevator)
Two to three rooms, bath and kitchenette.
Entire Studio Floor.
Rentals $1,400 to $1,650, furnished or unfurnished.
2141 Cort. W. N. Tuttle, 149 B'way

6-8 East 37th St.
ADJOINING TIFFANY'S
Two room and bath Apartments, $75; elevator, hall and all night service.
CROOK & LIVINGSTON CO.,
10 East 43d St. Murray Hill—8454.

Fireproof Elevator Apartments
39 EAST 27TH STREET.
2-3-4 Rooms, Kitchen, Bath, $660-$900.
H. HOLLAND, AGENT.

JACKSON HEIGHTS GARDEN APARTMENTS

FOUR NEW BUILDINGS JUST COMPLETED

The buildings are set back from the street and the rear yards are treated as a large park or garden—there is a beautiful outlook from EVERY window, and sunshine in every room.

3 & 4 LARGE ROOMS & BATH $38 to $50

Social and recreative features have been provided in this community to attract the best type of tenants. Tennis Courts, Bowling Alleys, Basket Ball Courts, Playgrounds, etc.

TAKE THE SUBWAY and transfer at Grand Central Station to Queensboro Subway, direct to 25th St. Station. (Free Transfers.) Time 20 Min.

Illustrated Descriptive Booklet, with Floor Plans, &c., upon request.

THE **QUEENSBORO CORPORATION**
Renting Office at Jackson Heights—Opposite 25th St. Subway Station.
Telephone Newtown—706

182 West 58th Street

A Corner Residential Building

Overlooking Central Park and Readily Accessible to the Business and Amusement Centres

ONE SUITE OF 10 ROOMS AND 5 BATHS, $5,000
Also Suite of 14 Rooms and 5 Baths, $8,000
Unusually Large Entertaining Space—Appointments and Service Unexcelled

Tenant desires to sublet, handsomely furnished, one of the most attractive apartments in the building; 11 rooms, 5 bathrooms. Rental for season, $6,000.

Specially arranged four-room Doctor's Suite, with private entrance, $2,000 per annum.

Inspection Invited. Resident Manager. Phone Columbus—4253.

MOREWOOD REALTY HOLDING COMPANY

offers the following choice high grade Apartments to lease. Being under ownership management, tenants are assured of excellent service and attention. The buildings are all new, absolutely fireproof, are ideally located and contain all up to date features, with modern equipment throughout.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN
175 West 72d St.—Broadway—170 West 73d St., Facing Sherman Sq.
EXPRESS SUBWAY STATION AT 72D ST.
7 to 11 Rooms, 2 to 3 Baths
Rentals $2,100 to $3,800

Including refrigeration. All large and light rooms, with abundant closet space. There are no dumbwaiters—each apartment having a rear entrance and Service Elevator. Resident Manager on Premises. Tel. 3947—Columbus.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

1000 Madison Avenue
Bet. 77th & 78th Sts

A high class, modern Apartment house, containing every modern appointment.

Suites of 2 rooms & bath
Suites of 3 rooms & bath
Suites of 5 rooms & 2 baths

Very Attractive Rental.

All very large and light, open fireplaces, etc.

SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES,
or
Ritz Realty Co.,
14 East 46th St.

47 EAST 57TH STREET.
6 Room Housekeeping Apartment, $2400.
5 Room Physician's or Bachelor's Apartments, $1000-$1400.
UNFURNISHED.
Apply on Premises, or
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 MADISON AVE.
Phone 6200 Murray Hill

ARTHUR HALL, 51 EAST 86 STREET,
N. E. Cor. Madison Av.—One Corner Apt.
9 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,550.
Southern exposure. Apply premises or H. F. KELLER, 280 Madison Av. Tel. 3003 Mur. Hill

BROOKLYN.

Phyllis and Frances
7-15 GLENADA PLACE,
Near Troy Av. Station.

High-grade elevator apartment, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 rooms and bath. All modern conveniences, night elevator and telephone service. Rent $27 to $50. Phone Bedford 4400. These apartment houses are managed by the owner, which insures the tenant excellent service. Agent on premises.

APARTMENTS
FLATBUSH SECTION
1775 to 1795 Bedford Ave.
All Modern Improvements
Electric Light, Hardwood Floors
5 and 6 Rooms
Rent $32 to $37.50
Cor. Apts. All Light Rooms
Open to Inspection at All Times
REALTY ASSOCIATES
162 Remsen St., or on Premises

BRONX.

JUST COMPLETED
High-Class Restricted Apartment
1706 NELSON AVE.,
University Heights, Bronx.
3 and 4 ROOMS, $28 and $36.
All improvements; excellent views. Take Jerome Av. "L" to 176th St. or University Av. car at West 181st St. to Brandt Place. Renting agent on premises.
French Management Corporation,
299 Madison Av., cor. 41st St.
Phone Vanderbilt 8237.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
BRONX.

Just Completed.

4 elegant room up-to-date apartments; large and commodious; moderate rents.
261 & 265 East 201st St
Handy to trolley, new Jerome Av. subway station, and New York Central Railroad.

LONG ISLAND.

HIGHEST CLASS ELEVATOR
Gardens Apartments
"That Are Unique."
Only 5 Left Out of 61.
Building Completed This Month.
FOREST HILLS GARDENS
FOREST HILLS, LONG ISLAND.
3 & 5 Room Apartments
Wonderful outlook over woods & farms.
½ Block { From Forest Hills Inn / To West Side Tennis Club. From L. I. R. R. Station.
15 Minutes to 34th St., 7th Av.
For Particulars Apply on Premises or
EARLE & CALHOUN, Agents
200 West 72d St. Col. 5116-7-8.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Apartments
PELHAM MANOR.
Country Life. City Conveniences.
Near L. I. R. R. station, trolley, water and links; 4 acres in shrubs and fine old trees; individual porches, garage, excellent restaurant, &c.
2 & 3 Rooms non-housekeeping. $540—$1,200
A. W. COLE, owner, 114 5th Av., N. Y. 720—Chelsea, N.Y., or 1901-815-3831—Pelham

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

166 West 72nd St.

An Apartment of FOUR ROOMS, all outside, consisting of large living room, 24x15.6; bedroom, 18.6x12.6; also dining room; tiled kitchen, with ice refrigeration, and particularly fine bathroom, with alcove shower and needle bath; if two bedrooms are required, the living room can be utilized as a combination dining and living room; this apartment is sumptuously furnished, and will be leased at $225 per month.

Maid service will be supplied if desired.
APPLY TO MANAGER ON PREMISES.
Telephone 7640—Columbus.

Wonderfully furnished apartments of refinement, taste and general appointment; most carefully planned and executed; we have but two apartments for rent, one 4, one 5 rooms; the 5 rooms has an exquisitely furnished living room in Japanese. Inquire 617 West 113th St. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

405 Park Ave.

2 Bedrooms, Bath, Sitting Room, large Foyer. For rent furnished. Reasonable offer will be accepted. Apply to
DOUGLAS L. ELLIMAN & CO.
414 Madison Ave., N. Y.

THE WOOLSEY
141 East 44th Street
East of Lexington Avenue.
2 Rooms, Bath
Kitchenette
Furnished, $70.00 to $72.50.
Satisfactory Reference Indispensable.
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

TO SUBLET Elegantly furnished Seven-Room Apartment. Complete in every detail.
MRS. BEATRICE GINSBERG,
620 West 115th St., New York.

3 ROOMS, 2 BATHS.
A magnificently furnished suite among most refined surroundings in the new George Washington Apartments, 110 West 42d St.; Tel. 8611 Columbus.

DOINGS AND SAYINGS IN THE REAL ESTATE WORLD

LATEST DEALINGS IN THE REALTY FIELD

Bronx Hospital Buys New Site on Boston Road—Trades Old Home.

BIBLE SOCIETY SELLS FLAT

An Active Suburban Market—John Reis Buys $55,000 Estate at Montclair, N. J.

The plot of seven lots at the northeast corner of Boston Road and Charlotte Street, measuring 100 by 161.11 by irregular, will furnish the site for an important building project. It is reported that the plot has been acquired from Mary Raisin by the Bronx Hospital, Dr. Alexander Goldman, President, and will be utilized for the erection of a modern hospital.

The buyer gave in exchange 1,385 Franklin Avenue, a three-story frame house, 50 by 86, near 170th Street, which has been used for the last six years as a dispensary. Plans for the new building will be prepared by L. A. Abramson.

Last February the hospital Trustees filed preliminary plans for a building at the southwest corner of Crotona Park East and Charlotte Street, but this project has evidently been abandoned.

Manhattan Sales.

The American Bible Society has sold the five-story flat at 2,246 Seventh Avenue, on a lot 25 by 100, adjoining the northwest corner of 132d Street. J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co. were the brokers in the sale.

The Donohue estate has sold 223 East Fiftieth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 100, near Second Avenue.

Bronx Sale.

Lawrence Davis sold the three-story dwelling, on lot 25 by 100, at 742 Kelly Street, through the Samuel Cowen Agency.

Brooklyn Sales.

Christian Zimmer sold to Joseph Pfeifer the two-family frame house at 1,879 Ralph Street. R. A. Schlesing was the broker.

The Bulkley & Horton Company sold for the Simpson estate, 189 Lefferts Place, a four-story brownstone dwelling, between Classon and Franklin Avenues.

Frank A. Seaver & Co. sold the four-story brick tenement at 570 Baltic Street, to an investor.

M. Bennett & Sons sold the two-story dwelling at 567 Carlton Avenue, for James J. McCollough, to a client for occupancy.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Samuel Cowen Agency sold a plot, 62 by 150, on Broadway Court, Far Rockaway, 125 feet north of Broadway, for S. Senorf.

Staten Island.

The Rev. Antonio Cattoglio of Richmond has purchased from Hector Tripp Madison the plot 100 by 125 on the south side of Maryland Avenue west of Tompkins Avenue. J. Sterling Drake was the broker in the sale.

Westchester.

Fish & Marvin have purchased from the Randall estate a property on the station square at Pelham, N. Y., comprising five plots, on the corner of First Street and Corlies Avenue, together with an office building. The brokers have been tennants in the building, which has been used as a branch office.

Orange Apartment Sold.

Henry Miller and F. J. Hurd sold their new four-story brick apartment house at the northwest corner of Lenox Avenue and South Walnut Street, East Orange, on a plot 85 by 100, to Fred Lisiewski, President of the Eagle Brewing Company. The apartment has just been finished and is fully rented. The consideration is said to be $80,000. Joseph L. Feibleman & Co. negotiated the sale.

New Jersey.

Ernest C. Hinck of Montclair sold his Ocean Avenue, Seabright, N. J., property, with a frontage on the Atlantic Ocean of 175 feet and a frontage on the Shrewsbury River of about 300 feet. There are no buildings on the property, the residence having been destroyed by fire six months ago. The property was held at $10,000. William H. Hintelmann negotiated the sale.

John Reis, Vice President of the United States Steel Corporation, has purchased the residence and garage on the north side of Melrose Place, near Clinton Avenue, Montclair. The property formerly belonged to Miss Eleanor Peregrine and has been held at $55,000. F. M. Crawley & Brothers were the brokers in the sale.

Horace A. Bonnell of the Bonnell Motor Car Company purchased from the estate of Elizabeth L. Shaw the vacant plot at 39 to 47 Sussex Avenue, Newark, running from Boyden to Sheffield Street and having a frontage of 113 feet on Sussex Avenue, 217 feet on Boyden Street, and 191 feet on Sheffield Street, comprising about 25,000 square feet. A garage and service station will be erected on the site. Louis Schlesinger negotiated the transaction. The same broker also sold to Mrs. Minna Rudolf the frame dwelling at 349 Sumner Avenue, Newark, on a lot 25 by 106.

Commercial Leases.

Cross & Brown Company has leased the building, 35 by 100, at 527 West Twenty-third Street, to E. J. Widmer & G. Petersen for a long term of years.

J. Arthur Fischer has leased for S. May to Gruskin & Cohan, furriers, the store and basement at 640 Sixth Avenue for a term; also for Burton J. Berry to the United Construction Company, the store and basement at 353 West Thirty-ninth Street for three years, and to Truki Muksi, the store at 26 West Sixtieth Street for a Japanese restaurant and tearoom.

White-Goodman leased the five-story building at 158 Wooster Street to Joseph Friedman for a long term.

Lease Fifth Avenue Building

J. Grafton Minot of Boston has leased the five-story structure at 307 Fifth Avenue, between Thirty-first and Thirty-second Streets, to the Hamilton Garment Company, which now has offices in the building. The lease is for a long term of years and was closed by Pease & Elliman.

Right of Way for Water.

To supply water to the industrial plants gathering rapidly in the Meadows the New York and New Jersey Water Company has purchased a right of way ten feet wide extending from Pennsylvania Avenue to the Lincoln Highway in the Kearny section for two 30-inch mains. The purchase was made from the Newark Factory Sites Company.

LANDMARKS AT AUCTION.

The Fish Estate, Assessed at $1,714,000, Goes to Highest Bidder.

Despite the changes that have taken place in and about Astor Place, once the fashionable residential centre of Manhattan, the Fish family, descendants of Governor Peter Stuyvesant and Judith Bayard, his wife, and of Anna Stuyvesant and William Bayard, her husband, has held intact its share of "Petersfield" and the "Fish estate leaseholds." A few Fish estate sites have been reimproved, but the majority today have only land values.

Some years ago, in order the better to direct the interests of the Fish estate, the Hamilton Fish Estate was formed.

That corporation now has directed the public sale by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, on Wednesday next, Nov. 21, of sixty-five lots, plots, and buildings, assessed at $1,714,000, and situated in Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Third Avenue, First Avenue, Suffolk Street, East Ninth, Tenth, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, and Twentieth Streets.

The offering includes the greater part of the entire square block between Ninth and Tenth Streets, Fourth and Third Avenues, 650 Broadway, and the Fish Building, at the northeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Twelfth Street.

The Fourth Avenue block to be sold lies directly opposite the Wanamaker establishment and north of the Bible House, and has large speculative value, owing to the proposed extension eastward to Astor Place of the Hudson and Manhattan (New York and New Jersey) tunnel train service.

The Fish sale will dispose of a number of old city landmarks, many of which are capable of early improvement, and will go a long way toward arousing interest in a zone that, except for the Wanamaker activities, long has lain dormant, but to which the operation of the Broadway Subway is expected to prove of great benefit.

CUT INSURANCE RATES.

A Saving of Approximately $60,000 to Queens Property Owners.

The New York Fire Insurance Exchange last week adopted a resolution annulling and remitting the district advance on fire insurance rates in the First Ward of the Borough of Queens. All policies issued on or after Oct. 30, 1917, are affected by the ruling.

This will result in an annual saving of approximately $60,000 to the owners of fire insurance policies on all buildings, whether dwellings, stores, or factories, and to the owners of all fire insurance policies on furniture, fixtures, machinery, stock, and supplies. It will not only apply to present buildings and contents, but to all buildings erected in the future.

This additional charge or "direct advance" for fire insurance did not apply to any other section of Queens except Long Island City. By its removal, the Long Island City section is placed on exactly the same basis regarding fire insurance rates as the so-called "Metropolitan District."

The saving to the owners of industrial and mercantile buildings and to the owners of houses in Long Island City of every description is another accomplishment of the Chamber of Commerce of the Borough of Queens. Its Manufacturing and Industrial Committee has worked for the last four years to secure this reduction. It is understood that it will benefit the owners of 30,000 fire insurance policies, aggregating $45,000,000 of insurance.

When the matter was originally taken up by the Queens Chamber of Commerce with the New York Fire Insurance Exchange in 1914 an additional premium of 25 cents for each $100 of insurance was charged in certain parts of Long Island City and in other sections the additional premium was 15 cents per $100 of insurance.

On June 10, 1914, however, the New York Fire Insurance Exchange modified the rates so as to apply to all sections of Long Island City as follows: Fifteen per cent. additional charge on special rated risks, such as factory buildings, mercantile establishments, including machinery and stock; 10 per cent. additional charge on minimum rated risks, such as dwellings and stores, including furniture in same.

In the first instance, where an owner would pay only $1 in Manhattan he would pay $1.15 for the same insurance in Long Island City, and, under the second classification, $1.10.

Improved conditions have resulted both from the extension of the water mains of the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity and through the Catskill water supply being available for Long Island City.

The tests of volume and pressure that were made on Oct. 30 proved entirely satisfactory, and favorable report was made to the New York Fire Insurance Exchange, which thereupon passed its resolution upon the application of the Queens Chamber of Commerce.

West Side Smoker.

Copeland Townsend, President of the Central Park West Civic League, will entertain 200 members of the association at a smoker in the Hotel Majestic on Thursday evening, Nov. 22.

It is planned to have an informal discussion regarding the improvement of real estate and traffic conditions on the west side under the new administration. Mayor-elect John F. Hylan, who has addressed the league on previous occasions, has been invited to be the guest of honor. He has tentatively accepted.

The Central Park West Civic League plans to secure a membership of 300 more real estate owners on the west side by March 1, and teams will be organized to canvass for members.

The Housing Problem.

Government homes for munition workers will require $100,000,000, American Federation of Labor officials said in a letter to President Wilson urging aid. There is no doubt in Defense Council circles today that a commission will be appointed shortly to solve the housing problem.

The housing shortage in munitions centres is so seriously interfering with war output that badly needed skilled men are forced away because lodging houses are running on triple shift and there is no place for a newcomer to sleep.

$50,000 Estate Sold.

John Crawford sold a shorefront estate at Southport, Conn., for Mrs. Edmund Guilbert to George O. May of Price, Waterhouse & Co. There are six acres of land fronting on Long Island Sound for 550 feet, a large modern dwelling, a garage, and a stable. The property was held at $50,000.

DEVELOPMENTS ON THE BOWERY FORECAST NEW AND VARIED BUSINESS EXPANSION

Municipal and Transit Improvements Attract Attention to Famous Thoroughfare—New Labor Exchange, Crockery, Electric Light, and Store Fixtures Districts Created—Demand for Modern Business Buildings Growing..

Four recent developments of strategic importance, potent with possibilities for the future of the Bowery, serve to attract attention once more to this important business thoroughfare.

First, the work on the new Manhattan Bridge Plaza at Canal Street is rapidly nearing completion. The bridge improvement not only will add to the general attractiveness of the Bowery but it will bring into Manhattan at this point a number of Brooklyn trolley lines now terminating at the other end of the bridge.

Second, the removal of the elevated pillars on the tracks from the sidewalk to the centre of the roadway has eliminated one of the most serious drawbacks to proper development.

Not only has it made walking less hazardous and annoying to pedestrians, but it has greatly improved the light and air of the affected buildings. The property owners were so overjoyed at the prospect of removing this nuisance that they waived their claims to damages which landlords elsewhere had been obtaining from the railroad on account of the third-tracking project.

Third, the installation of the third track and the inauguration of the all-day express service on the Third Avenue line, with stations at Chatham Square, Canal, Grand, Houston and Ninth Streets, have greatly improved transit facilities and made both property owners and tradesmen more optimistic.

Fourth, the Bowery within recent months has become one of the most important labor markets in the city and there is every indication that this phase of store occupancy will become a fixed institution. The number of employment agencies has steadily grown. The labor element in the population, which always had a tendency to congregate on the Bowery, perhaps on account of the great number of lodging houses, has since the beginning of the war continued to flock to this section.

Several of the agencies have taken space for a term of years, and those well informed on Bowery realty matters are of the opinion that the avenue will become the real market for labor in the United States.

New York City commercial expansion has been characterized chiefly by the creation of these trade districts, and more than one street has become distinctive by reason of the great number of occupants engaged in the same or kindred lines of business. So many labor exchanges have been established on the Bowery since the tremendous demand for labor has been created by the remarkable American industrial growth that the Bowery is beginning to be recognized as a growing centre from which labor may be recruited.

"All these developments," said Henry A. Schenck, President of the Bowery Savings Bank, "have contributed toward making the outlook for Bowery real estate more hopeful. The fact that there has been little selling activity recently does not necessarily indicate a lack of interest in properties in this section.

"In the first place, there has been a general hesitancy on the part of buyers to acquire realty in almost all parts of the city. Moreover, a great deal of Bowery holdings are owned by old estates, more or less entailed, whose parcels are virtually out of the market, except for leasing purposes."

"The substantial position which the Bowery holds in the confidence of both business men and wage-earners is perhaps best illustrated by its six financial institutions, consisting of three commercial banks, the Importers and Traders, the Germania, and the German Exchange, and the three savings banks, the Citizens', the Dry Dock, and the Bowery Savings.

"The three latter institutions alone control assets aggregating nearly $200,000,000. The depositors come from all parts of Greater New York and even from the suburbs and out-of-town points."

For years the Bowery has been trying to live down the unsavory reputation created during the days when its resorts were notorious throughout the world and its characters and environs provided a rich source for writers seeking new fields for literary exploitation.

Living down this reputation was no easy task. The very name was synonymous with vice. The spectre of its sordid past rose with almost irresistible power to check all efforts at regeneration. Passing years, however, brought a new generation, and with it reclamation for the Bowery.

The famous old avenue is becoming a business district with great possibilities. Even before the four great developments came to further revolutionize its future the commercial trend had become marked.

The Bowery is naturally adapted for business purposes. It is the New York terminus of the Manhattan Bridge and the Williamsburg Bridge, two great mediums of communication with Brooklyn, which bring over thousands of persons each day. Its unusual breadth also lends itself to commercial improvement.

Already store rentals in properties near the two great bridge approaches have felt the influence of this location. The confidence of retailers in the future stability of the Bowery for retail purposes is exemplified in the lease closed this week affecting store space in a building at Bowery and Hester Street, taken for a ten-year term, beginning in March, 1918, at a rental of $900 a year in excess of existing income return from the same sources.

The general decline in assessed valuations which has been noticeable within recent years in connection with Bowery properties has also to a considerable extent been checked. For the last two years assessments have remained stationary; in some instances advances have even been noted.

It is anticipated that as soon as the effects of the new improvements begin to manifest themselves and the realty market is re-established and rejuvenated the income-producing capabilities of Bowery store and loft properties will be impressed upon investors."

"One drawback to Bowery progress," declared George M. Adrian of the Michael J. Adrian Corporation, "has been a disinclination on the part of many owners to modernize their buildings and make them more attractive for occupancy.

"The structures which have been reimproved are so uniformly successful that it is surprising that more work has not been done along this line. Considerable impetus would be given to the Bowery reclamation movement if owners would capitalize the existing demand for space by modernizing their properties."

An important factor in the recent development of the Bowery has been the activity of the local association of property owners and merchants, known as the Manhattan Bridge Transit Improvement Association. Organized primarily to agitate the betterment of conditions at the Canal Street Plaza and to obtain better transit facilities over the Manhattan Bridge, it has extended its scope to include consideration of civic and taxpayer matters generally. It inaugurated some months ago the movement to change the name of the Bowery.

While this particular phase has been subordinated on account of more important and vital considerations confronting the citizens of New York, it has by no means died out. The association asserts that the development of the Bowery should not be hampered by the stigma attached to the old name.

It will be recalled that the proposal to change the name broached some months ago attracted city-wide and even nation-wide attention. The Omaha, (Neb.,) Bee, commenting upon it, said: "The evil reputation of New York's Bowery survives segregation, fumigation, and demolition. Business men in that locality propose the desperate operation of changing the name."

The Times Star of Cincinnati, Ohio, in a similar vein, said:

"We shall admit that through song and jest the Bowery has acquired a national reputation which cannot be regarded as a commercial asset. It has changed immeasurably since it first received its bucolic cognomen, Bouwerie, symbol of the farm and orchard. Its youth passed in rural innocence, city life proved too much for it. The Bowery became the social sewer of the metropolis. It has improved so much in late years that its present business interests are ashamed of its past."

But the Bowery, now a thriving business district, is successfully living down its dark past and its picturesque history wrapped up in the international notoriety of Suicide Hall, Nigger Mike, Gombossy's Music Hall, Sloppy May Mo-Nusty, Bat Sweeney, and Billy McGlory. These striking personalities and all they represented have passed into the realm of tradition.

The notorious dives and lodging houses have gone, many of them replaced with new or modernized living quarters, occupied by hard-working and decent laborers. Those who remain of the old element are slowly being crowded out by the sober and more self-respecting class of workingmen who have done so much to make "the Bowery as safe as Broadway."

The old-time barriers to the full realization of the Bowery's commercial possibilities have been and are being steadily eliminated.

The marked change in public opinion regarding the Bowery and the growing recognition of the efforts on the part of those interested in its future, coupled with the four great municipal, transportation, and economic improvements that have characterized its recent development, have combined in endowing the future with glowing possibilities.

"The future of the Bowery is remarkably bright from a business standpoint," declared Charles H. Shulman, who has property interests on the thoroughfare, and who is President of the Manhattan Bridge Transit Improvement Association. "This opinion is based on fact and not on fancy. The future of any business thoroughfare depends to a large extent upon traffic. The Bowery not only is a busy thoroughfare with regard to both vehicular and pedestrian traffic, but there is every indication that in the future traffic will be even greater in volume.

"Several weeks ago in an interview which I had with a representative of the Department of Plant and Structures, I was informed that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company contemplated the creation of a terminal at the Bowery end of the Manhattan Bridge.

"As soon as the three loops now nearing completion are ready for occupancy several Brooklyn surface lines will be extended across the bridge. This must mean more traffic, and must eventually be reflected in greater real estate activity in the section to be immediately benefited, namely, the Bowery."

Hiram Rinaldo, a real estate broker established for many years in the district, also expressed his faith in the business future of the Bowery. "Besides the establishment of the new labor centre, there have been other important trade centres created," he said. "Stores on the west side of the Bowery have been taken by dealers in crockery and electric light fixtures, whereas considerable development has taken place on the east side of the thoroughfare in the absorption of space by dealers in new and second-hand furniture and store fixtures.

"Continued expansion depends to a great extent upon the local owners. I have no doubt that store and loft space on the Bowery will have no difficulty in attracting desirable and reputable tenants if modern and up-to-date conveniences are provided.

"Progressive business men will not became interested in ancient and dilapidated buildings. The course of owners is a clear one."

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION TO ADVANCE BUILDING INTERESTS

Contractors, builders, material dealers and credit men formed a permanent organization last week, having as its purpose the advancement of the building industry for the general welfare of New York City. The work of the association will be wide in scope and will cover a field not hitherto attempted, except spasmodically, by various individuals and associations identified with building.

A committee consisting of Elliott Smith of Candee, Smith & Howland, H. H. Murdock of Jardine, Hill & Murdock; C. J. Curtin of the Farnan Cheshire Lime Company, Arthur K. Mack of The Record and Guide, Allen E. Beals of the Dow Building Service and Franz Nielson of the Credit Association of the Building Trades of New York, were appointed to perfect the organization.

It is not the purpose of the new association to interfere in any way with individual organizations, but it has been felt for some time that if these various interests could co-operate to a far greater extent than is at present possible much good would result.

With this idea in mind the membership of the new association will include representatives from various organizations whose interests are in specific branches of the building industry, but without supplanting them.

Through co-operation with similar organizations in other cities, and with the National, State, and City Governments, improved conditions affecting materials, labor, transportation, mortgage loans, real estate, and other subjects relating to building, can be obtained, and legislation suggested which should better conditions generally.

The temporarily depressed state of the building industry in Greater New York prompted a recent mass meeting in the office of the President of the Borough of Manhattan. Out of this meeting a general committee and various sub-committees were appointed to study the subject from the several important angles of supply and demand of housing and other buildings, supply and demand of building loan and permanent mortgage money, supply and demand of labor, supply and cost of materials, and the bearing which the building laws and ordinances may have on the subject.

The various sub-committees as of one accord have realized that their studies, conclusions, and recommendations would be in vain unless a well-planned, modern, and permanent association was immediately formed to carry out the suggestions and findings through a wholehearted co-operation between all the interests engaged in this great industry, be they builders, financial institutions, capitalists, architects, general contractors, sub-contractors, material manufacturers, or others.

A member of the new organization said yesterday:

"Business men in a trade can no more proceed intelligently without joint study, mutual education, and united effort than an individual firm can progress without conferences between the members of the firm or the heads of departments. By the same token it is just as essential that an industry composed of a number of trades and interests be amalgamated and co-ordinated.

"It is through a concerted study of problems bringing about a well-balanced perspective of the relationship of one trade and interest to the other, and a standing together of all trades and interests for the adoption and carrying out of wise recommendations and policies that a true economic progress is to be made in the building industry.

"Important as were the disclosures brought to light in the recent mass meeting and in the deliberations of the respective committees regarding the present times upon which we have fallen, these serve merely to accent the outstanding fact that each one of the various conditions now somewhat a-killer is sure to return to normal, and then we shall be confronted by the question as to whether or not this great building industry will be in shape to meet the demands that will be made upon it.

"If there had been in past years, and still existed, an amalgamated association such as has just been formed, there would not have been need for the recent mass meeting; there would have been no confusing and dissimilar beliefs as to the causes of the momentarily depressed state; there would have been no placing by respective groups of the entire blame, one on the prices of materials, one on the high wages demanded by labor, one on the disinclination of the money interests to advance loans, one on transportation congestion, or on Government priority demands.

"On the contrary, the organization, through its respective committees, bureaus, and experts, would have known the true situation with respect to each stage of the past years. It would have recorded and would have published correct statements regarding the true facts and all interests, including the special buying public of our trades, would have maintained a continuous, true conception of the interrelated conditions.

"Each trade would have been assigned its proper station in the business battle, would have been told what course to pursue, oversupply of construction in some directions would have been controlled, and the undersupply in other directions would have been brought up to standard.

"The fundamental ills in the building business existed long before the present war and have only been made more graphic and more unbearable by the war. Many other industries within past years have gone through just such experience and each year has seen some new great industry added to those which have organized and formed permanent organizations, each with a wonderful machinery for the upbuilding of the trade and the education of the buying public patronizing the particular trade."

"From experience and observation in organizing other trades," said Franz Neilson at the meeting, "it is fundamental that the new association should have as its keynote the object of selling the building idea.

"The more people understand the building idea the more the timid capitalist learns of the true economy of building now as against waiting for the future, the more help he knows he can get from an organization in working out his building policies and plans, the more intelligent investors there will be in our field and the more intelligent will be the extension of our activities.

"If we can foster legitimate increase in demand for our output, if we can develop co-operative planning and execution of various methods leading to this result, and if we can encourage the harmonious and intelligent relations between the various interests, we will indeed go a long way toward establishing the industry in the highest confidence of the public and maintaining it as a vehicle for our future solidity and prosperity.

"We should be an intensively active organization with executive and active heads in our various bureaus. We should reach the buying public with building facts; we should reach supplying industries with a true knowledge of our demands, both present and prospective, and we should give to our own several divisions true pictures of what each can profitably do and what it would be unprofitable or unwise to undertake.

"Our organization should have a President who is disinterested, or perhaps we should say who is interested intensely, but commanding the confidence of the greatest number. We should have Vice Presidents representing the largest interests There should be a general manager and bureau secretaries; an Executive Committee should be made up of preferably a small, compact set of men of ability and resourcefulness who can work in effective team play and without being cumbersome; a Board of Directors or representatives from each of all the interests, no matter how small, yet with interests represented by members of the board in proportion to the number of individuals and firms engaged in the interests, due regard to be had to the importance of the respective interests.

"The association should engage in research work, and should collect and disseminate accurate building information, getting it officially, authoritatively, and interestingly before the public and the trades and interests taking up the industry."

Many of the leading industries were represented at the meeting last week, including building material supplies, brick, glass, cement, lime, terra cotta, investor and speculative builders, architects, real estate brokers, and others. The resolution forming a permanent organization was passed unanimously, and Elliott Smith, the Chairman, was instructed to appoint a Committee on Organization, which will interest organizations and associations in the movement, so that a representative body will be formed.

The Committee on Demand, Price, and Supply of Building Materials presented its final report, as did the Committee on the Demand for Buildings and the Committee on Supply and Price of Mortgage Money. These reports were accepted and filed for future reference.

ASTORIA OWNERS COMPLAIN

Realty interests representing investments of more than $2,000,000 in the Astoria section of Long Island City are preparing to make a most vigorous protest with the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate against the character of service on the Astoria elevated line of the dual system, which is operated by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company.

Those behind the movement will show that within the last three years they have spent several millions of dollars in the erection of high-class tenements and apartments, and have made the Astoria section one of the most important from an assessment point of view in Queens. At the present time they are threatened with loss of tenants because the apartments were projected on the promise of adequate transit facilities over the new lines.

It is asserted that only one line of transit is used from this section, that over the Queensboro Bridge connecting with the Second Avenue elevated line at Sixtieth Street. If there is a desire to use the subway system, and inconvenient transfer must be made at the Queensboro Bridge station in Long Island City. It is claimed that discrimination is shown in favor of the Corona section.

A mass meeting was held last Wednesday evening at Bohemian Hall, Astoria, where the protest of the real estate owners was vigorously supported. Well-known speakers made addresses and discussed the character of service. Among the speakers were George J. Ryan, President of the Queens Chamber of Commerce; Judge John Anderson Leach, Minor L. Platt, and Dr. J. J. Kindred.

GODWIN ESTATE PARTITION.

Low Prices Predicted at Big Sale of Lots.

There is much speculation among brokers, operators, and investors as to what the Godwin estate holdings in the historic Kingsbridge section will bring when offered at public auction on Tuesday, Nov. 27, in the Vesey Street salesroom, by Joseph P. Day and J. Clarence Davies.

The consensus of opinion is that they will go at bargain prices, despite the fact that the sub-division of the Godwin property has been awaited for many years by builders and land speculators in the Bronx. Some of these have died waiting, after having seen the Bronx grow from a village to one of the largest "cities" in the United States. For all practical purposes, however, it is perhaps better that the estate was not sold while Kingsbridge was just beginning to find "its place in the sun."

The 234 lots to be sold include a number of the most historic sites in the Kingsbridge region and control a number of intrinsically valuable frontages, of greatly varying depth, in Broadway, 230th Street, and 231st Street, Kingsbridge Avenue, Bailey Avenue, Albany Crescent, Exterior Street, the Putnam Railroad right of way, Godwin Terrace, Kimberly Place, Putnam Place, and Ververlen Place, including also the parcel containing about ten lots at the junction of Broadway, Exterior Street, and West 230th Street.

A subway station in Broadway at 231st Street is at the property and another is at 225th Street, (Marble Hill.) These are about equidistant from the most southerly lots included in the Godwin estate.

NEGRO APARTMENTS.

Six Completely Rented Harlem Houses in Successful Experiment.

An interesting experiment in negro housing in this city has just been completed through the entire renting of a group of high-class Harlem multi-family structures, taken over last September, when they were occupied by white tenants.

A total of 306 apartments in the six modern buildings at 117 to 145 West 141st Street and 130 to 146 West 142d Street has been rented to negro families, including a number of men prominent in professional and business fields.

Among the well-known negroes who have taken apartments in the buildings are James D. Carr and Walter J. Conway, lawyers; V. W. Tandy, an architect; Al Johns, the musician; John Clark, active in negro social welfare work, and Alger Campbell, Benjamin Withers, Earl Theodore and F. O. Stratton, physicians.

They are paying rentals averaging about $8.50 a room for apartments ranging in size from three to six rooms, which is the same rental that prevailed in the days of white occupancy.

Last August a sensation was created in Harlem by the announcement that the six houses had been sold by the 135 Broadway Holding Corporation to Edward C. and W. H. C. Brown, negro capitalists of Philadelphia.

The surrounding property, even as far north as 143d Street and Eighth Avenue, had already begun to be taken over for negro occupancy, but high-class elevator apartments had heretofore been able to resist effectually the influx of this class of tenants.

While one or two buildings of this type had been taken over by negro tenants, namely, The Argyle, in West 131st Street, and another at Lenox Avenue and 137th Street, these were in the centre of the big colony whose hub was at Lenox Avenue and 135th Street, and represented the older types of construction.

It was generally felt that the newer and more modern buildings in 141st Street and 142d Street, on account of the substantial character of the white tenancies and their superior rent-paying power, would restrict to some degree the steady expansion of the negro district.

The subsequent lease of the six buildings in these streets to the Philton Holding Company, headed by the late Philip A. Payton, Jr., negro real estate broker in Harlem, and the statement that they would be available for colored families, amounted practically to an ultimatum to the white tenants, who almost immediately began to seek new homes.

Aside from this element in the transaction, the deal had additional significance in that it represented an important advance in the movement to better negro housing conditions in the city. The houses were modern in every detail, with elevators and telephone service, and compared favorably with the best that Harlem could offer in the apartment house field.

Interest in the move was intensified by the raising of the rent schedules to $9 and $10 a room, recording an advance over previous rents paid by the white tenants.

A number of Harlem brokers expressed doubt that such a venture could be successfully launched, on account of the rather limited resources of the average colored tenant. It seemed for a time that this judgment proved sound, since renting proceeded very slowly and only a third of the apartments in the six buildings were taken.

Payton, the moving spirit in the project, died before the real result of the experiment could be determined, and in September Watt Terry, a wealthy negro investor of Brocton, Mass., acquired both the fee and the leasehold.

He had long been a student of negro housing and determined to put into practice the theories which he held. The rent schedule was reduced to the present scale and leasing became brisk. He has succeeded in attracting to the buildings tenants well to do enough to pay the rents called for and required to place the properties on a good income-producing basis.

The absorption of all the available space in high-grade apartment houses of this type has stimulated to no small degree the steadily broadening movement for better housing conditions among the negroes of New York.

"The manner in which responsible people have rented these apartments," said Llewellyn C. Collins, general manager of the buildings, "indicates clearly how they appreciate the opportunity that has been afforded for obtaining space of the better grade.

"In my opinion this move has now passed out of the experimental stage and its success is assured."

Home for Aged in Bronx.

A $350,000 home for the aged will be erected in Bronx Borough, on the Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 166th to 167th Street. Plans are being prepared by J. H. Freedlander and Harry Allen Jacobs.

REVIEW OF REAL ESTATE MARKET

Strong Demand for Commercial Properties Shown in Both Sales and Leases.

OLDER SECTIONS ACTIVE

Trading in Small Holdings Characterizes Investment Dealing—Element of Exchange.

Sales and leases of commercial properties were actively identified with the week's realty market, which displayed marked broadening tendencies. An encouraging feature of the business was the scattered demand, which did not concern itself with any particular section of the city, the older downtown districts being as well represented as the newer midtown territory.

Leading sales of the week concerned Yorkville landmarks to be demolished for a modern business improvement, a First Avenue blockfront occupied by a garage, and a Greenwich Street corner which will provide the site for a large warehouse project.

The investment demand for well-located income-producing properties was manifested by the acquisition of valuable apartment house properties on the west side, notable on Riverside Drive, West 144th Street and Jumel Terrace.

Theatre properties, which have been figuring more or less prominently in the business of recent weeks, were also involved in two important deals. The owners of the Colonial Theatre, near Lincoln Square, enlarged their holdings near that point and on Washington Heights; a theatre and store property passed into the hands of a new owner, who gave Bronx flats in exchange.

Smaller properties in other sections of Manhattan and the Bronx figured in similar transactions, the trade element also being conspicuous.

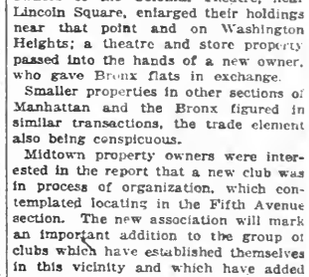
Midtown property owners were interested in the report that a new club was in process of organization, which contemplated locating in the Fifth Avenue section. The new association will mark an important addition to the group of clubs which have established themselves in this vicinity and which have added so materially in establishing the international prestige which Fifth Avenue enjoys.

The leading commercial lease of the week concerned a valuable corner on Broadway in the Times Square district, which will be reimproved for the occupancy of the Regal Shoe Company. The lease, involving an aggregate rental of nearly $1,500,000, takes on additional value on account of the standing of the tenant and the significance of so important an addition to the group of high-class retailers who are acquiring space along this part of Broadway.

At Astor Place, the former house of Brokaw Brothers also figured in an interesting lease which brings further north a large tobacco company long established on Grand Street. A mercantile building on Leonard Street passed into the possession of a silk and cotton converting concern, now on Third Street. The latter lease is of especial interest because it is contrary to the recent uptown trend which has characterized so many business removals and which has resulted in the general shift of trade north, rather than south.

The downtown section in the immediate neighborhood affected by this lease expects to feel at an early time the benefits of the operation of the new Canal Street crosstown subway. The availability of so many buildings for business occupancy, coupled with the convenient shipping facilities, forecasts a marked revival of interest in properties in that locality.

Further north the old retail shopping area, which has been converted into a manufacturing centre, continued to attract into the former department store holdings clothing wholesalers.



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MARK TWAIN AS A LETTER WRITER

Two Volumes of Hitherto Unpublished Correspondence Full of Delightful Self-Revelations and Noble Friendships

By BRANDER MATTHEWS

MARK TWAIN'S LETTERS, ARRANGED WITH COMMENT BY ALBERT BIGELOW PAINE. Two volumes. Illustrated. New York: Harper & Brothers.

FIVE years ago Mr. Albert Bigelow Paine published his monumental life of Mark Twain, one of the very best of modern biographies, solidly authenticated by laborious research, immitigably honest, setting down naught in malice, instinct with the desire to tell the truth and nothing but the truth. In that book he made constant use of Mark Twain's correspondence, selecting judiciously and quoting from the letters not so much for their own sake as to illuminate characteristics of his subject. Now he has collected two solid volumes of Mark Twain's correspondence, which he has arranged chronologically and which he has elucidated by a running commentary, always modest, always unobtrusive, and always confined to the strictly necessary explanations. In other words, he has let Mark Twain, the letter writer, speak for himself. It is difficult to see how this work could have been done more discreetly or more tactfully.

Mark Twain, in spite of his abiding boyishness, which was continually tempting him into exuberant outbreaks, had an unusual gift for friendships; and these two volumes are a record of noble and enduring friendships. It is true that he had permanent disagreements with Bret Harte and Edward H. House and John T. Raymond. But he bound Howells and H. H. Rogers to him with hooks of steel; and his association with Aldrich and Twitchell, Warner and Gilder, Charles Warren Stoddard and George W. Cable was almost as intimate and as unclouded. The sympathy between Goethe and Schiller, or that between Carlyle and Emerson was not finer or more beautiful than that between Mark Twain and Howells. In these volumes Mr. Paine has given us two or three score of Mark's letters to Howells and only a scant half dozen of Howells's letters to Mark. We want them all; and it is to be hoped that their correspondence will be printed in full, and by itself, sooner or later.

Mark Twain was a marvelous talker; and he was also a marvelous letter writer, because he wrote letters as if he were merely talking to the friend from whom he chanced to be separated. These letters are never composed with any thought of publication; they are never labored; they are always easy; they are sometimes even free and easy. They are the spontaneous expression of the man himself as he happened to be at the moment of taking pen in hand. In the shortest of them as in the longest he is unmistakably himself, setting down in black and white his thoughts and his feelings as they surged up naturally, and assured that the recipient would supply the understanding needed for their complete appreciation. They are highly individual; they abound in whim, in humorous exaggeration, in imagination, and in energy. They are delightful reading, in themselves in the first place, and in the second as revelations of the character and the characteristics of Mr. Samuel L. Clemens, who was in some ways a different person from Mr. Mark Twain known to all the world.

Of course, the earlier letters, written in his boyhood and youth to his mother, his sister, and his brother, are what might be expected in the correspondence of a fledgling author who ripened slowly and who did not discover himself and come into his own until he was 30. Indeed, most of these missives of his immaturity are not only flavorless, but quite without any promise of the later mastery of the accomplished man of letters which their writer was to become. Only in the course of years did he acquire the command of style—the nervous directness, the pungent vitality, the instinct for the unerring adjective and for the inevitable noun—which became his in the course of time and which revealed itself first in the unforgettable description of the Sphinx in the "Innocents Abroad"—to be matched later by the superb account of the Jungfrau in "A Tramp Abroad."

Those belated readers who may even now think of Mark Twain as a mere fun-maker, to be classed carelessly with John Phoenix and Artemus Ward and Josh Billings, will find in these letters cause to revise their hasty judgment and to recognize the depth and nobility of Mark Twain's nature. A humorist he was from the beginning to the end; but at the end humor was no longer the dominant element in his work. He made men laugh as no one else was able to do so abundantly in the final twoscore years of the nineteenth century; but his laughter was never forced or trivial or accidental. His humor was rooted in and flowered out of a deep and abiding melancholy; and at the end of his life he was as serious and as sad at heart as Swift or Cervantes or Molière. His tenderness is beautifully displayed in the letters to his wife, of which Mr. Paine allows us to read only a few, simple and sincere in their direct expression of a love

On the veranda of Laurence Hutton's cottage at Onteora in 1890. Mark Twain, Brander Matthews, and Laurence Hutton in the foreground, Carroll Beckwith and Heber Newton in the background.

which began at first sight and which grew steadily with the years.

As these years passed he was stricken again and again. His only son was taken from him in infancy. Then his eldest daughter died; and what her loss meant to him can be seen from a letter (Page 641) to Mr. Twitchell, in which he laid his heart bare before his friend. Then Mrs. Clemens was snatched away at last after protracted periods of hopeless invalidism. Finally his youngest daughter died in her turn; and there is unspeakable pathos in the letter he then wrote to his sole surviving child, (Page 835.)

It is only on occasion and to the members of his own family that the deeper aspects of the man are disclosed. For the most part the letters deal with surface of life and with the experiences of the moment. Many of them have a reckless and joyous exaggeration—as in that which he wrote to Mr. Twitchell (Page 666) and which was called forth by an article of mine. One paragraph in this, expressing violently his distaste for the ivory miniatures of Jane Austen, was so vehement that Mr. Paine has decorously edited out the most picturesque of its phrases. But its purport can be guessed at from another paragraph in another letter, in which he expresses his wonder why the contemporaries of Jane Austen "allowed her to die a natural death!" Mr. Paine prints without any editing two similar but less vehement letters to me, written after Mark had been reading several of Scott's novels with increasing dissatisfaction, relieved only after he had come to "Quentin Durward" and after he had found that bravura romance more to his liking. These two letters (Pages 737-8) are very like the articles he wrote on "Fenimore Cooper's Literary Offenses," and in these letters and in that article he reveals his critical insight, his fundamental honesty, which was continually compelling him to read the accredited authors of the past with his own spectacles and to apply his own standards of judgment. He has no reverence for a classic which cannot prove its right to be received as a classic. But while he has the insight of a true critic, he lacks the balance that true criticism demands. Most of the blemishes he dwells on in the stories of Scott and Cooper are there for all to see; yet there are counterbalancing beauties which Mark failed to perceive, or at least to acknowledge.

Here again he discloses his eternal boyishness, so to call it, which is one of his most marked characteristics. A great part of the merit of "Tom Sawyer" and of "Huckleberry Finn" is due to his ability to recapture the temper of his own boyhood with its eagerness of self-assertion and with its youthful intolerance. As he wrote in a letter (given on Page 566): "I conceive that the right way to write a story for boys is to write so that it will not only interest boys but will also strongly interest *any man who has ever been a boy;* that immensely enlarges the audience." He was himself a man who could never forget that he had been a boy himself—a man who could and did retain an ever fresh boyishness of outlook and of attitude.

It was perhaps this eternal boyishness which led him sometimes to answer a foolish or an indiscreet letter with a volcanic frankness which relieved his own feelings at the time, but which was entirely disproportionate to the offense he had received. And it was his natural kindliness which induced him not to send this letter (Page 475) and to substitute for it a colorless and commonplace acknowledgment less likely to arouse resentment.

Now that I have endeavored to describe the House of Fame that Mr. Paine has erected to the memory of Mark Twain as a letter writer, it may be well for me to submit a few specimen bricks that the reader of this review may see for himself a little of the material out of which the stately edifice has been built. Here, for example, is a characteristic passage from a letter sent to Helen Keller, when she had been annoyed by one of those futile and foolish accusations of plagiarism brought by somebody with a mania for uncovering mares' nests:

> Oh, dear me, how unspeakably funny and owlishly idiotic and grotesque was that "plagiarism" farce! As if there was much of anything in any human utterance, oral or written, except plagiarism! The kernel, the soul—let us go further and say the substance, the bulk, the actual and valuable material of all human utterances—is plagiarism. For substantially all ideas are second-hand, consciously and unconsciously drawn from a million outside sources, and daily used by the garnerer with a pride and satisfaction born of the superstition that he originated them; whereas, there is not a rag of originality about them anywhere except the little discoloration they get from his mental and moral calibre and his temperament, and which is revealed in characteristics of phrasing. When a great orator makes a great speech you are listening to ten centuries and ten thousand men—but we call it his speech, and really some exceedingly small portion of it is his. But not enough to signify. * * * No doubt we are constantly littering our literature with disconnected sentences borrowed from books at some unremembered time and now imagine to be our own, but that is about the most we can do. In 1866 I read Dr. Holmes's poems, in the Sandwich Islands. A year and a half later I stole his dictation, without knowing it, and used it to dedicate my "Innocents Abroad" with. Then years afterward I was talking with Dr. Holmes about it. He was not an ignorant ass—no, not he; he was not a collection of decayed human turnips, like your "Plagiarism Court"; and so when I said, "I know now where I stole it, but whom did you steal it from?" he said, "I don't remember; I only know I stole it from somebody because I have never originated anything altogether myself, nor met anybody who had."

Rudyard Kipling wrote to a friend that

> I love to think of the great and godlike Clemens. He is the biggest man you have on your side of the water by a damn sight, and don't you forget it. Cervantes was a relative of his.

And when this was transmitted to Mark, he wrote:

> It makes me proud and glad—what Kipling says. I hope fate will fetch him to Florence while we are there. I would rather see him than any other man.

And earlier in the same acknowledgment Mark had

(Continued on Page 485)

LATEST WORKS OF FICTION

THE GREEN MIRROR. A Quiet Story. By Hugh Walpole. New York: George H. Doran Company.

MR. WALPOLE'S new novel, the second in a trilogy of which "The Duchess of Wrexe" was the first, was written before the war, was finished, he says in the dedicatory note, in August, 1914, and revised the following year. Its action takes place fifteen years ago, and therefore the England with which it deals is dead and gone more completely than the England of any former age changed and disappeared in a hundred years. Perhaps of all the countries engaged in the great war none, not even Russia, will be changed in spirit more deeply and more thoroughly than England. Even now, absorbed as the English are in their mighty and determined struggle, they begin to see, from highest to lowest, that they and their nation will come out from the years of trial very different. Wrote an officer of the valiant Canadians to his friends at home after two years of service at the front: "I hope this war will last until the class system in England is shot so full of holes that it can never lift its head again." And he added his belief that the death wounds had already been received. But, if they have, they are not, apparently, the only death-dealing blows that have fallen upon national characteristics in the mother isle of nations. Mr. Walpole seems to send forth his new novel with some doubt, trembling, he says in the note of dedication, that it will "appear slow in development and uneventful in movement, belonging in style and method and subject to a day that seems to us already old-fashioned." But he goes on to say that "I cannot feel my book to be quite old-fashioned when the love of England, which I have tried to make the text of it, has in many of us survived so triumphantly changes and catastrophies and victories that have shaken into ruin almost every other faith we held."

The England of which his book tells, fifteen years ago, the intensest, innermost, most thoroughly British heart of England, was already beginning to feel some stir of coming change, a change that is typified in the story by the shattering of "the green mirror." There was never a more thoroughly British family than that of the Trenchards, with whose affairs during one year Mr. Walpole is concerned. In the drawing room of their stolid, uncompromising London home hung an old mirror that reflected everything in the shabby room with its old green carpet and green walls, so that it seemed to gather up and hold in soft miniature not only the room but all the national soul of England.

Mr. Walpole is almost merciless in his treatment of the faults and foibles of that soul—or he would be if he were not also loving and tender and reverent. He embodies in it the members of the Trenchard family, dissects it to its ultimote atoms, understands it and all that it has meant in the life of England, analyzes and discusses it, paints it in colors that he knows must be repellent to those who are not of it, but which, just because they are and have been for centuries a part of the soul of England, have for him a certain sweetness and sacredness. But, without any doubt, when Mr. Walpole wrote this novel in those dead years before the war he was engaged, quite consciously to himself, in the task of flaying, gently and tenderly and lovingly, it is true, but still flaying with satire the heart and soul of his native land. And he has done the task with such neatness and dexterity and completeness, and also with such tenderness, that the work itself fills the reader with interest and its artistic performance with satisfaction.

In the members of the Trenchard family Mr. Walpole has embodied all of those distinctively British characteristics that have always exasperated the rest of the world. They are selfish and self-centred—their attitude is "Nothing happens that doesn't happen to us"; they are unimaginative, insular, self-sufficient, supremely indifferent to everything in the world that does not in some way concern the Trenchard connection. Mrs. Trenchard is a personified British matron, inflexible, dominant, a bit stupid, fiercely maternal, and, altogether, a rather terrible sort of person. This British matron kind of character seems to have a fascination for Mr. Walpole, because of the havoc it can work in other people's lives. His Duchess of Wrexe was one of them, and in this book appears for a brief and unimportant hour her son, glad to have been freed by her death from her ruthless, dominating personality. The mother, long dead, of Philip Mark, the hero of this story, occasionally still casts a sinister shadow over his life, having irretrievably weakened his character by her imposition upon his youth of her ideas, her standards, her will.

But the British matron meets with her Waterloo in this new novel in which she makes a ruthless, carefully worked out, determined effort to force submission to her purpose on the part of all her family. The breath of another dawn has already begun to blow and the young people of the new generation are beginning to be restless, to want to feel their own individualities, to live their own lives. They do not know it yet, but they are almost ready to revolt against the Trenchard tradition, to believe that people may be of interest and consequence and not be Trenchards, to entertain the idea that other countries may not be entirely outside the pale when compared with England. Then into the circle comes Philip Mark, a young Englishman who has lived for some years in Russia, whose embryonic imagination has been developed in that country, who has ideas and feelings and sentiments that are disconcertingly un-English, that disturbingly suggest a region where Trenchards are not known. He is resented, considered with disapproval and dislike. But he and the eldest daughter of the family fall in love with each other and the drama of the tale grows out of the determination of Mrs. Trenchard that he shall not become one of them, or, if he persists in marrying Katherine, that he must be devoured utterly by what one might call Trenchardism. He must, if he is to be her son-in-law, be dominated by her and have his life colored, infused, ruled by the Trenchard spirit. And he knows that that would mean the death of his soul. So a quiet duel goes on between them, with Katherine wishing for his success, but unable until the end to take sides against her mother.

Henry Trenchard, Katherine's younger brother, who is an awkward, sentimental, self-conscious, generally disagreeable lad in his last teens, stands out rather prominently and very clearly in the story, is the same Henry Trenchard who a dozen years later in his life appeared as the hero of Mr. Walpole's previous novel, "The Dark Forest." Here he is seen "in the making," and showing, notwithstanding his many disagreeable qualities and his sadder moods, occasional promise of his later development.

But underneath all these repellent characteristics one sees, and that is where Mr. Walpole reveals the depth and truth and tenderness of his insight, that the root of them all is, after all, the love of England. And it is that love that is now saving England and helping to save civilization.

THREE'S A CROWD

THREE'S A CROWD. By William Caine. Houghton Mifflin Company.

HERE is a story that has the familiar mother-in-law theme for mainstay, and an Anglo-American marriage as a side show. The mother-in-law is very objectionable in a hectic, desperately devoted to her daughter, manner. She and the girl are Americans, and the man is an English painter of portraits.

The book is curiously superficial. Never for a moment are we at grips with anything more real than the author's opinions and judgments. He constantly plays the showman, with the result that his characters are puppets. Agreeable and amusing puppets, several among them, with a turn for a wit at times, not to mention an astonishing power for long flights of speech. On several occasions one or other among them holds forth uninterruptedly to the extent of several pages, and always at moments when the action is tense, and the possibility of contradiction or enraged interjection imminent. It reads rather like the work of a clever amateur, cultivated and observant, with all the time in the world on his hands, and a facility for fluent expressions, than a book by any one to whom the term professional novelist could be ascribed.

This is not to say that it is not entertaining reading. The beautiful American, exquisite from her crown of shining golden hair down to her presumably small feet, though these fail of mention, is a very good specimen of the spoiled girl, the pet of her parent and the object of all young men's adoration and slavish service. She has no conception of the realities of life nor of that special reality, the value of money. She is a good girl, but a silly one, and her silliness and lack of any training lead her into some difficulty. This leading is engineered by her mother with energy and determination, she being a sentimental egoist with a common streak in her and what might be called a gooey type of conversation, except when she launches out into invective.

Everything happens as you know it will. There is never an instant of uncertainty in the whole book. The best friend of the husband who falls in love with the wife is here, rich and titled to the extent of being a Baronet, and according to tradition he goes to Africa to kill lions and elephants as a relief to his feelings. It is interesting to ponder upon how many of these fierce beasts have untimely bit the dust because of the hopeless or misguided love of young Englishmen—at least in novels. This particular Baronet returns uncured, but later on his cure appears to be accomplished by the far simpler expedient of a talk with the lady, during which she makes it clear that she would rather live with than without her husband.

But in spite of being somewhat hackneyed, the partial study of the character of the mother is marred by the desperate resolve of the author to maintain the light and playful touch at all hazards, for is the book not described as a comedy? In spite of the fact that he refuses to be serious even in his conception of the persons in his story, the mother is interesting. She is almost real, almost alive, and she is a type that would be worth more thorough treatment.

"For one thing at least Mr. Caine merits unstinted praise, and that is the dialogue which he puts into the mouths of his Americans. It is the sort of dialogue an American could use without strain, and which he has no trouble in understanding. This, from an English writer, is a remarkable fact.

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(Continued on Following Page)

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LATEST WORKS OF FICTION

(Continued from Preceding Page)

to do with the war. It might have been written in 1913, so untouched it is by recent events, the ease and celerity with which the characters rush back and forth across the Atlantic alone placing it far indeed from today, giving it almost a quaint air of passed times and older ways, before the Hun had dipped his bloody hands into the clean brine of the seas.

THOMAS KELLY

THE WORLD AND THOMAS KELLY. By Arthur Train. Charles Scribner's Sons.

THOMAS KELLY was an extraordinarily fortunate youth. On at least two occasions some occurrence which was purely an act of fate saved him from making a complete mess of his life, and that in the very nick of time. Moreover, he finally won the ideal young woman with whom the author apparently intends us to believe that he had always been in love, despite his temporary desertion. And what she wanted with him is a profound mystery. There is, however, at least one moment in the book during which the reader is entirely in accord with Thomas Kelly—the moment when he declares that he has been "a miserable, low-down cad."

The book begins at a very early period in its hero's life; to be exact, on the very day of his birth. This—for him—important event took place in Boston during the 80s. His father and mother, though "of Boston, were not precisely in it" from a social standpoint, and Tom's boyhood was not of the most cheerful. While he was still a baby his father died, and he was brought up by his mother, a timid, pious, and exceedingly worthy lady, assisted by her very unattractive relations. Presently he went to Harvard, where he found himself an outsider, obliged to associate with outsiders, until he discovered an effective trick serve, "the egg," which won him the tennis tournament, and gave him a chance to distinguish himself at the International at Newport. From being an outsider, he suddenly found himself a member of one of the best of the Harvard clubs, and invited to come to Newport as the guest of one of his classmates. So to Newport he went, and became very popular; why, the reader is at a loss to understand. Mr. Train, it would seem, intended his hero to have a good deal of charm, but for some reason has omitted to endow him with an atom of that most desirable quality.

The first part of the novel is by all odds the best. The picture of Tom's rather drab boyhood is well drawn, and the account of his college days, his consciousness of being left out of the fun and the good-fellowship, and his loss of balance when at last fortune smiles on him, is quite real. But from the moment he starts for Newport the interest of the story—like its merit—steadily declines, until it reaches the vanishing point, which place it attains many pages in advance of the last chapter. The material of this part of the book is worn threadbare from much use, and there is no freshness in viewpoint, in manipulation, or in character drawing to make it entertaining.

SMITHS IN WAR TIME

THE SMITHS IN WAR TIME. By Keble Howard. John Lane Company. $1.40 net.

WITH all due and proper respect to Shakespeare, and the many lesser writers who have upheld the principle of "love at first sight," it must be admitted that such a proceeding is not without its dangers and its disadvantages. It is, however, quite possible to fall in love at first reading, and that with entire comfort and safety. So we may admit without shame or hesitation to an immediate fondness for that dearest of dear old couples, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Smith of Valley View, Surbiton, England. Mr. Smith is a youthful person—the adjective is used in all sincerity—who has lived in this world for seventy-one well-spent years; his charming wife is, according to the calendar, a little younger; and the book tells what happened to this delightful and patriotic couple in war time.

First, Mr. Smith suddenly decided that he had no right to be so very comfortable as he was, when "millions of brave soldiers are up to their necks in mud!" Mrs. Smith, who exercised a mildly restraining influence on her energetic and impulsive husband, reminded him that they had bought practically nothing since the beginning of the war, also that the soldiers were "not quite up to their necks, dear!" Nevertheless, Mr. Smith insisted that they must let Valley View furnished, live more cheaply, and give the difference to the Red Cross and the War Loan.

Their subsequent experiences with house agents and in Pilot Cottage are very funny, indeed. They did not, however, curb Mr. Smith's patriotic ardor. He did so intensely want to do his bit, and something more! And so presently he became "Private Grandpa." Later he tried the experiment of putting the entire household—including "Cook"—on a military basis, tried meatless days, and endeavored to enter for "National Service," because, although by this time two years had passed and he was 73, he "felt 60"—60 being the age limit. Unsuccessful in this, he emerged triumphant from an encounter with a special constable, who actually dared to impeach his patriotism—his, Ralph Smith! But his great trial was still to come; for one day his dearly loved grandson, Flight Lieutenant George Smith, was reported "missing." And then he learned of how those others felt, "men he had known for years," who "would never again look upon the faces of their eldest sons. He saw them go by, morning after morning—heads up, coats neatly buttoned, umbrellas neatly rolled * * * the last ten minutes had shown him the bleeding hearts of those 'ordinary' men."

The book is written with a thoroughly delightful mixture of humor and pathos; if we laugh at Mr. Smith, it is very tenderly, and we are all the fonder of him for his whimsies and absurdities, just as his wise, sweet wife was. They are people we are glad to know, quiet, simple, human, "ordinary," and very lovable people, with something big and fine in them, underneath it all—the something which enables Mr. Smith at the last to see and to express the responsibility which will rest upon all those who survive the war; the responsibility of making it certain that the awful sacrifice shall not be in vain.

A PRINCESS OF MARS

A PRINCESS OF MARS. By Edgar Rice Burroughs. Chicago: A. C. McClurg & Co. $1.35.

THE author of this astounding romance is famous for spinning wonder tales about strange and terrible creatures. Now he peoples Mars with a race of fearful giants, who have six appendages themselves, ten-legged watchdogs, and ferocious horses. To this wild country, to this people who die only in reckless combat or by a voluntary journey down the river of death, comes one John Carter, who falls asleep in an Arizona cave and wakes up dead—or alive on Mars. Mysterious as are the green-skinned Martians to him, is this pigmy human to them, but by his valorous conduct and his prowess he wins their respect and a limited freedom. But war is the life of Mars, and from the beginning to the end the book is a tale of battles: between the earth man and the Martians, or with the fierce beasts of this awful planet, but centring mainly about a woman. This woman, Dejah Thoris, (the names of the various inhabitants and their animals are not the least fascinating feature in the story,) is a Princess of Helium; no fearsome creature, who takes her amusement in the torture of her victims, but a copper-skinned, black-haired beauty, captured by the Green Martians and adored by their human comrade. The warfare in which John Carter, alias Dotar Sojat, frequently is forced to take part is complicated by all that is wonderful on Mars. Like the children of Plato's Republic, none knows his own father, and the one female Martian (she could scarcely be described as a woman) who does know her parentage is considered a weakling by her companions, and is, in fact, Carter's aid in his combats.

There is a certain amount of comfort to be got out of a tale that, while it treats of monstrous cruelties and terrifying strife, is yet so remote from earthly war as to be agreeably unreal. Aside from this satisfaction, the story has the interest attaching to any romantic speculations, and the narrative itself is fairly smooth and full of excitement.

PAULINA

THE ENLIGHTENMENT OF PAULINA. By Ellen Wilkins Tompkins. E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.50 net.

THIS new novel is one of those books which one reads with a feeling of regret—regret for what they might have been. For there is some good work in "The Enlightenment of Paulina," but it is rendered almost null and futile by the author's apparent lack of any sense of light and shade, any sense of what to eliminate. Vigorous blue-penciling and pulling together might have made an interesting novel out of what, as it now stands, is a very tedious one. Paulina herself, especially in the opening part of the story, is well drawn; as the tale advances she steadily becomes less interesting.

The backbone of the plot is the familiar theme of the woman who, married to one man, falls in love with another. Paulina, the heroine, is a woman who has had anything but an easy life. Indeed, one cannot help thinking that almost any iniquity should be forgiven one who had been so unfortunate as to have the Rev. Lemuel Calvin Sprague for a father. When the book opens she is the wife of a man whom she has married simply and exclusively for his money and whom she has come to loathe from the very bottom of her soul. After a time her husband not only loses his fortune, but is convicted of the embezzlement of trust funds. He is sent to prison, and Paulina then goes to visit an old friend of her mother's in the little Southern town where her mother was born and lived until her marriage, and where she is still remembered. There enlightenment comes to Paulina, partly through the sweetness and goodness of every one she meets, partly through her own love for a

(Continued on Page 484)

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It is the sort of a thing one can read and enjoy. One will not need to run for maps to study the newest "advance" or learn the location of the "fire trench". War is as far away as Broadway from the Trumet Mr. Lincoln pictures.—*The New York Evening Mail.*

All good wholesome stuff, with a laugh in it that tickles like the tip of an angel's wing caressing your Adam's apple. "Extricating Obadiah" is a greater work than Homer's "Iliad", "The Philosophy of Henry James", "Sartor Resartus", "The Arabian Nights", or "The Encyclopedia Britannica".—*Chicago Daily News.*

The large audience whom Joseph C. Lincoln habitually pleases will find that his new Cape Cod tale, "Extricating Obadiah," possesses all the merits and characteristics which made the best of his preceding stories uniquely entertaining and amusing.—*The Springfield Republican.*

A delightful humor pervades the new story by Joseph C. Lincoln. The situation itself is amusing enough, but the humor is enhanced by Mr. Lincoln's treatment of it and by the quaint characters around which the story revolves.—*New Orleans Times-Picayune.*

One of those droll tales that have relieved so many persons who have been bored by emotional fiction when they wanted the common sense or garden variety.—*Grand Rapids News.*

Joseph C. Lincoln still is finding entrancing characters round about Cape Cod and in his new book, "Extricating Obadiah" he displays a fresh lot for the entertainment of his always ready readers.—*The New York World.*

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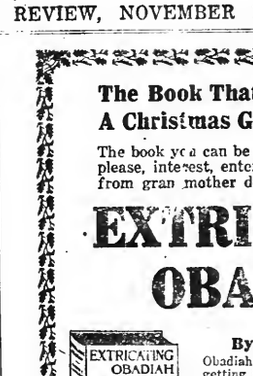

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NOTABLE BOOKS IN BRIEF REVIEW

FOR FRANCE. Doubleday, Page & Co. $2.50.

THE idea of giving the writers and artists of America a chance to express themselves for France came to Mrs. William Astor Chanler. In the book "For France" we see the concrete realisation of that idea.

It is amazing simply as a collection of names, if nothing more. Writers of stories or books or poems, painters of pictures, illustrators, cartoonists, sculptors, architects, musicians, all that makes for the creative side of American life in any of the arts through the men and women of America, has contributed a passionate expression of the love and the admiration that France has roused in the soul of America. It is with a beauty and sincerity that witness to the joy of the many contributors that this expression is given, and the volume strikes a lofty note as a work of art—art with a purpose, certainly. But that purpose is nothing less than to do honor to the heights of human courage and devotion, steadfast through unimaginable suffering and loss. Such a purpose has proved to be a powerful inspiration.

The volume is introduced by Theodore Roosevelt, who expresses his sympathy and admiration for France and his enthusiasm for the cause for which we, too, are now fighting, in brief, forceful phrases. Following this introduction are three contributions from contributors who served France eagerly, but who will not see the hoped-for glorious end of this long war. Richard Harding Davis did not actually die in France. But he worked for her, and in the letter included here he gives voice to his convictions, convictions that became intensified after the Lusitania outrage. The letter was written to the Chanlers' little son, and is reproduced in facsimile, as is the sonnet by Alan Seeger, who fell on the field of battle. The third contribution is a drawing by Victor Chapman, killed in his airplane while flying over the German lines.

Owen Wister has written his tribute in French, and it is at once a tribute of gratitude for what France has done and a prayer that she should lead the nations to the re-establishment of a finer and a safer civilization once the catastrophe is over.

Booth Tarkington, George Barr McCutcheon, Gertrude Atherton, each give us a poignant sketch of a definite incident, a sure portrait of two or three French men and women, simple folk bearing themselves heroically when the call comes, meeting tragedy and danger with serene courage, almost with happiness, that happiness which is born of complete self-forgetfulness. Augustus Thomas tells, in half a dozen noble pages, his debt to France. It is a debt we all owe, and dates from long before the victory of the Marne. He paints for us many impressions derived in visits to France, and sums these up in the following words:

> It seems to me as I revive and study these impressions on my mind and upon my soul that here was a democracy of men competing to do and to contribute, rather than a conglomeration struggling to get and to keep.

From Joseph H. Choate, dated February, 1917, comes a strong plea for our entry into the war. So, too, from Porter Emerson Browne, picturing with passionate contempt the contrast between war-torn Europe and overfed, indulgent America, fattening on the wealth wrung from the desperate battle for civilization waging over there—a contrast that is, Heaven be thanked, no longer a fact. And one cannot help feeling that one great reason why we are at last doing the duty that sternly beckoned us is because such men as these did without ceasing insist that we should do it.

Oliver Herford has contributed a sonnet and two drawings—drawings that put the suffering of Louvain before the eyes with a few strokes of vivid imagination and words that sound the destroyer's shame with a poet's scorn of scorn. Many poets have written flaming lines in this book. Henry Sydnor Harrison, Edith M. Thomas, Theodosia Garrison, Josephine Preston Peabody, Percy MacKaye, Vachel Lindsay, Edgar Lee Masters, Irving Batcheller, Charles Rann Kennedy, these are some of them. And there are many drawings, some in color, one of these by Sargent; some in pen and ink or crayon or pastel, by such men as John Sloan, Robert Henri, John Wolcott Adams, Cesare, Albert Sterner, William Glackens, Wallace Morgan, Ernest Lawson, James Preston, Boardman Robinson, Sergeant Kendall, Walter Hale, to name a few.

William Dean Howells has sent a paragraph, General Goethals an illuminating page, Sousa some burning words; John Burroughs, Garrett P. Serviss, Frank H. Simonds, Otis Skinner, the Sotherns, Maud Powell, Henry Cabot Lodge, all contributed to give a haphazard list. There is original music by Scheelling, Arthur Foote, John Alden Carpenter, and others. The cover design is by Wyeth, C. P. Falls has made the decoration for the title page. The editing is the work of Charles Hanson Towne, who, in a brief foreword, tells of the pleasure he found in the labor, a labor that must have been tremendous. In this notice it has been impossible to name all of the best known contributors. The book is a treasure of picture, poem, article, story, exquisitely presented. The entire proceeds from the sale of the volume go to the French Heroes Fund, so that every purchaser will not only acquire a peculiarly rich and beautiful tribute to France, but will be contributing his own bit for that heroic land and people. The original manuscripts are to be preserved in the Château Lafayette, in France, for whose purchase Mrs. Chanler negotiated.

BARNARD'S LINCOLN

BARNARD'S LINCOLN: The Creation and Dedication of George Grey Barnard's Statue of Abraham Lincoln, Including the Address of William Howard Taft. Illustrated. Cincinnati: Stewart & Kidd Company. 50 cents.

THIS handsome booklet is a memorial of the Barnard statue of Lincoln, concerning which a heated controversy is now in progress and of the ceremony of its unveiling on March 31 last. It contains the ode to the statue read on that occasion by Dr. Lyman Whitney Allen, an article by George Grey Barnard, the sculptor, in which he gives an account of how and why he created just the kind of figure he did and why he thinks it expresses the spirit of Lincoln; ex-President Taft's presentation address, and the short speech of acceptance by Mayor Puchta of Cincinnati.

Mr. Barnard was at work upon the statue for six years. He tells how carefully he sought for a model:

> My intense desire to tell the truth about Lincoln's form led me to search through two years for a model that should approximate the man he must have been. I traveled through the States, North and South, East and West. I advertised and went personally to look at many men. At last in Louisville, Ky., after a great number had come to me, I found the one I wanted. He was 6 feet 4½ inches, and realized as nearly as any other being conceivably could all that we knew of Lincoln's appearance. * * * A study of this man's body showed it to be in harmony with the body of Lincoln. It was a genuine product of American soil, as typical in its way as the Indians. The legs were long and he had a back that seemed to bend without producing a corresponding cavity in front. I spoke of this to him and he said: "I have been splitting rails all my life." He was about 40 years old. That was the natural explanation of his overdeveloped back and shoulders.

Mr. Barnard says that he "found the many photographs of Lincoln retouched so that all form had been obliterated," which had been done, he thinks, in an effort "to prettify this work of God by the photographers of the time." He worked much from the mask made by Douglas Volk, and says that out of his study of the mask "grew the entire poise of his figure."

Judge Taft in his address analyzed briefly Lincoln's career and character, summing up their message to the world in these words:

> Lincoln, to us and to the world, means wisdom and equal opportunity. He means the triumph of the moral over the expedient. He does not mean material growth. He does not mean physical comfort. He means justice to the humble and the downtrodden. He does not suggest great commercial strides. The United States is the richest nation in the world today. Its growth, the development of its resources, its rapid and substantial expansion are the wonder of economists. Yet Lincoln stands for nothing of this. No one thinks of national wealth when Lincoln is named. Why then is he the great American? Because he is to us the supreme sacrifice to virtue. * * * He signifies the finding of ourselves. In our greatest national crisis he means our moral national triumph after trials and blunders and defeat.

The illustrations are made from a photograph of the head and shoulders of Mr. Barnard's statue from a full-length photograph from an etching by E. T. Hurley showing another full-length view of the statue, and from views of its appearance in its present environment of the scene at its presentation and of Mr. Bernard in his studio.

THE DINNER PAIL

THE DINNER PAIL. By Addison C. Thomas. Illustrated. Hammond, Indiana: W. B. Conkey Company.

IN a neat booklet, its paper cover gay with the flags of this country and our chief allies and a cartoon of Uncle Sam brandishing a sword in one hand and a scythe in the other, Addison C. Thomas, who is a newspaper man of Chicago, makes an ardent and forceful plea for the agricultural preparedness of the United States. His conviction, which, of course, is shared with him by all observing and thinking people, is that this nation must produce foodstuffs in far greater amount than it has ever done before, and, since it must do this while hampered by the stern necessity of using a great proportion of its man and money power in warfare and in the production of the tools of warfare, it is incumbent upon all the government and the people alike to use for crop growing every possible acre of land and to make every acre produce to its highest efficiency. Mr. Thomas takes up the matter from the viewpoints of many varying possibilities and brings forward incidents, figures, statements, arguments, to drive home a realisation of the crisis with energy, vivacity, and ardent feeling.

He says that we must have fifty million more acres than are now in tillage in this country to meet the food necessities of our nation and of the Allies, whom we must help, and an army of a million workers to till it. Government action will be necessary, he feels sure, to get this amount of additional land into cultivation immediately and to organize such a food producing army. He would have the Government seize every idle farm and every untilled arable acre wher-

(Continued on Following Page)

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You cannot have failed to hear of "A Diplomat's Wife in Mexico," even if you are so unfortunate as to have missed reading it. Now comes this new book, just as delightful, by its author. Mrs. O'Shaughnessy is one of the few living writers who possess the rare gift of being able to put into words their vivid impressions of interesting people and picturesque scenes. Again in these pages she takes the reader into her intimate confidence as she tells of men and women who have played their parts in changing the course of the world history.
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Observation: Every Man His Own University
By Russell H. Conwell

Have you ever said: "I could do this or that if I had had the advantage of a college education"? The author of "Acres of Diamonds" shows that even if you have not been to college you can be the master of your own education and your own success. How to achieve—these words might be the sub-title. How to achieve an education, a place in the world, happiness. Dr. Conwell shows how these things can be acquired, how the right kind of learning is at the very door of every one—and how, by seizing it, we can make ourselves and the world better.
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By Arthur B. Reeve

Suppose the head of a great munitions works is murdered and thrown overboard from a yacht, who is the man who can trace the mystery? Why, Craig Kennedy, of course, and luckily, he was the detective who took the job. The plans of a certain war invention, he discovered, had been stolen from the rich man's safe, and with this as a clue he began his search.
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NOTABLE BOOKS IN BRIEF REVIEW

(Continued from Preceding Page)

ever found and make all such land productive. He is particularly interested in the bill, providing for increased agricultural activity that was introduced in the House at the last session by Congressman Medill McCormick of Illinois, which at adjournment was left in the hands of the Committee on Agriculture, and urges its support upon all who are alive to the gravity of the situation. Many interesting and important instances are recounted of what is already being done to increase production by railroads, States, business organizations. At some length, for instance, he describes the drive that was made in Kansas this year by which nearly three million more acres were brought under cultivation than had been previously tilled. A Land and Industrial Bureau organized by The Chicago Herald and installed in a large building in that city, where it houses a sort of permanent agricultural fair and in many ways endeavors to increase interest in the agricultural needs of the time, is cited and described as an example of one interesting method of helping the drive for increased production.

The booklet deserves wide reading and ought to be an efficient aid in arousing the American people to a realization of the grave crisis which they face.

VALENTINE'S MANUAL

VALENTINE'S MANUAL OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, 1917-1918. New Series No. 2. Edited by Henry Collins Brown. New York: The Old Colony Press.

A VERITABLE mine of interesting and valuable material and illustrations has been collected by Henry Collins Brown of the New York Historical Society for this second number of the new issue of "Valentine's Manual." For the idea of the enterprise he deserves the gratitude of all lovers of the city and of all who are interested in the steps by which it has grown to greatness. The romance of history is in the very name of the book and in its origin. For it was originally established in 1816 as the City Hall Directory. In 1840 the title was changed to the "Manual of the Corporation of the City of New York" and placed under the editorial management of David T. Valentine, Clerk of the Common Council. Under him it made so great a success as a repository of glimpses of the past in word and picture and of the stories of the passing years that it became, on everybody's tongue, "Valentine's" Manual. And so to his ability and success Mr. Brown pays tribute in the title of this revival of the yearly publication. He mentions modestly the unexpected success of the first issue of this new incarnation of the Manual last year. This second issue is even more interesting in its contents than was the first and deserves to be read and supported by all loyal New Yorkers.

The revival of the Manual has led to a remarkable increase of interest in the numbers of the old issue, and it is said that the earliest volume under Mr. Valentine's editorship, which was then distributed gratuitously in large editions by the city, is now considered cheap at $150 per copy.

The new volume contains seventy or more articles of varying length, some of them giving descriptions of scenes and events fifty, a hundred, two hundred years ago, and others concerned with the affairs of last year or of recent decades. To mention only a few of them, Walter Prichard Eaton writes a charming account of the old Lafayette Place, where the Seventh Regiment formed as it marched away under waving banners to the music of bands and cheers during the civil war; Hopper Striker Mott contributes an article on "Jones's Wood"; Sturges S. Dunham writes of "Old Bond Street"; Reginald Pelham Bolton tells what the "Historical Explorations in the City of New York" are doing and describes the interesting results of the work; there is a very charming account of "A Girl's Life in New York Ninety Years Ago," described by Catalina Adams, an old lady who spent her childhood in lower Broadway; Judge Victor J. Dowling writes of "The Irish Pioneers in New York"; there are descriptions of many of the important institutions of the city at the present time, among them being one of the Metropolitan Museum of Art by Winifred E. Howe. The illustrations are as interesting as the text. Among them are eleven colored plates, of which many are reproduced from quaint old aquatints and oil paintings and others show the blaze of color that filled Fifth Avenue and Broadway last Summer when the city welcomed the visiting war commissions. There are reproductions of about eighty rare old photographs that preserved the appearance of as many localities at varying times during the last hundred years. Some of these are here published for the first time. And there is a folding supplement in photogravure showing contrasting views of the waterfront and the lower city from Brooklyn Bridge to the Battery at the present time and in 1876.

Mr. Brown announces the preparation for the next issue of the Manual of some very interesting features. One will be on the ships and the ocean and river trade of old New York, one on the villages, and another on the farms of the old-time city, while still another will be the reproduction of all the pictures in the old Valentine Manuals.

VALUE OF THE CLASSICS

VALUE OF THE CLASSICS. Edited by Andrew F. West, Dean of the Graduate College, Princeton University. Princeton University Press. $1.50.

WITH this book we are in the presence of a phase of the conflict between objective and subjective truth. The lion and the unicorn are fighting for the crown, and their devices are "What is it good for?" and "Where there is no vision the people perish." Classical studies, says the vocationalists, are unnecessary and even a hindrance in this age of specialization and efficiency in the development of material interests. The ablest leaders of the attack say that it is merely upon the predominance of Latin and Greek in a theory of liberal education, and it seems true that the position of these studies and not their existence is what is threatened; but the movement is in its essence one toward an educational system that is based on expediency and is doubtful of any advantage that cannot be measured in terms of utility. The question of division between vocational and cultural education involves the question of faith in the unity of truth. It would seem as though there were, in the words of the most introspective of novelists, something inherent in the necessities of successful action which carried with it the moral degradation of the idea.

This book is the record of the addresses delivered at the Princeton Conference on Classical Studies in Liberal Education, together with statements by nearly three hundred leaders in modern thought and achievement, and statistics proving that the classical student is more successful than the non-classical in meeting intellectual tests. Most of the statements agree on the question of mental discipline; nearly all of them emphasize the value of classical studies in laying a foundation for the use of correct and effective English, and as furnishing a basis for the study of all modern languages. "It has been, on the whole, my experience," says President Hadley of Yale, "that men trained in the classics did better work in law, in economics, and in most lines of writing which require careful analysis than men who had been trained in other lines." But the book is impressive in its plea for a true conception of education as the preparation for a large and full life, a life of spiritual growth and broadening mental vision, which will contain a care for the meaning of Greek and Roman thought. Professor Scott of Princeton suggests the higher argument as forcibly as any one when he says that education has to be a compromise between the training for making a living and the training for making that living worth while after it has been made.

The majority of the addresses and statements lay slight emphasis on the important question of method. Dr. William S. Thayer points out that Latin and Greek are far from being dead languages to the Continental student, but that they are dead to us because they are taught to us as dead. Dean West, in the introduction, outlines the situation and concludes that we need to start in the classics earlier and teach them better, and that we need something more—freshening of the spirit through a Revival of Learning.

A CRITICAL ANTHOLOGY

THE POETIC YEAR FOR 1916. A Critical Anthology. By William Stanley Braithwaite. Small, Maynard & Co.

MR. BRAITHWAITE or his publishers, or both, are in the habit of displaying exceptionally good taste in the format of his books, and "The Poetic Year for 1916" is no exception to the rule. It is a volume of mature bulk, gowned, as it were, to youthful slenderness in gray-blue boards and an enticing severity of paper label.

But its graceful restraint is purely physical. In spirit it sits redundant, unconfined, and bland, like a comfortable matron whose daughters vainly implore her to have some regard for her figure. Its contents have appeared in the columns of The Boston Transcript during the last year, and consist of comment upon current books of verse, tossed conversationally between the author and three lay figures known as Jason, Psyche, and Cassandra, and liberally interspersed with descriptions of New Hampshire countryside. The method has attractive possibilities not wholly unfulfilled, half hidden, as they are, in the mass of Mr. Braithwaite's fat satisfactions. If he had called it an Appreciative, not a Critical, Anthology no one could have quarreled with him. But the idea of separation, of a division between black and white, at least, is implicit in the word "criticism," and of such separation there is little trace in Mr. Braithwaite's purling periods.

Some sixty-odd poets are mentioned at greater or less length in "The Poetic Year," most of them Americans, though English poets are by no means excluded. Of all these, only "a certain group of obscure

(Continued on Page 485)

THE RISE OF DAVID LEVINSKY

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THE LIFE AND TIMES OF AUDUBON

AUDUBON THE NATURALIST: A History of His Life and Time. By Francis Hobart Herrick, Ph. D., Sc. D. In two volumes. Illustrated. New York: D. Appleton & Co. $7.50.

BY one of those curious accidents not unknown to scholarship, Professor Herrick, the present biographer of the great American naturalist, succeeded in finding a mass of documents, in the possession of an old notary of Coueron, France, which clears up finally the mystery of John Audubon's parentage and birth. He was born not in Louisiana, as the encyclopedias say, but in Les Cayes, Santo Domingo, now Haiti. The elder Audubon, the story of whose life as admirably sketched by the biographer is as fascinating as one of the later picaresque romances of Daniel Defoe, was born in 1744. At 14 he fought in the Seven Years' War, was captured and taken to England and kept there for four years, engaged in the codfish trade and made four voyages to Newfoundland on his release, later enlisted in the French Navy, had numberless fights with English privateers and, later still, as things fell out, even had a command at the battle of Yorktown. It was after the American Revolution that he went to Santo Domingo, leaving his wife at Nantes, and there "as merchant, planter, and dealer in slaves" he amassed a large fortune. It was there the future naturalist was born; his mother was a Creole woman of whom little is known. Indeed, the only record of birth is in a remarkable bill for medical services luckily among the papers in Professor Herrick's find.

The elder Audubon took his infant son back to France with him before the terrible revolt of the blacks in Haiti had reached its fiercest. It is a cause for surprise that Mme. Audubon took the young child to her heart with as much solicitude as though he were her own; and all his life Audubon looked back to his stepmother with a reverence and affection which could not have been surpassed if she were his real mother. The revolution in Haiti caused the elder Audubon to lose his fortune, but he did not learn of this till after the greater revolution in his own country, in which he took an active part, was well over. Among the most interesting and valuable chapters in this ample biography are these early ones describing the terrible condition among the slaves and planters in the Haiti of Toussaint L'Ouverture—whose eulogy by Wendell Phillips is spouted by every schoolboy. The reign of terror at Nantes, the story of "Citizen" Audubon's Lieutenancy in the Republican army, furnish an interesting sidelight on the history of those terrible days in France. We are accustomed to think of the revolution as reaching its darkest terrors in Paris; nothing could be worse, however, than the conditions in this quiet town on the Loire. The reign of terror under Carrier, who openly advocated "suppressing" half the population of France, was no less terrible than the reign of terror under Robespierre. Told against a flaring background of revolution the story of the elder Audubon has a deep historical and human interest quite apart from the more special one. Indeed the whole book partakes of this wider interest. John Audubon tramped about America long before the advent of Mr. Pullman, when Pittsburgh was little more than a village and the Ohio River a sparsely settled stream. In more ways than one, Audubon's story, as told by Professor Herrick, epitomizes the great American epic of the first half of the nineteenth century.

The story of Audubon's life is the story of an overmastering passion for nature:

> Living things of every description which he found by the banks of the Loire or along the stone walls and hedgerows of Coueron gave him the greatest pleasure, but birds were his early favorites. These he soon began to depict with pencil and crayon, but to the drier discipline of the school he ever turned with laggard feet.

This passage gives the clue to Audubon's failure in business and his final devotion to what became his lifework. Everything was "dry discipline" with Audubon that was not connected with nature, particularly with birds. His heart, all the time he was engaged in business—and he was so engaged for the first thirty-five years of his life—was in the great outdoors. No matter what else he was doing he was hunting and sketching birds.

On one of his early journeys to this country Audubon's father had purchased an estate, "Mill Grove," near Philadelphia, and here John Audubon came in 1803 to learn English and enter trade. It was here he met the woman without whose constant encouragement and help the difficulties he later encountered might have proved insurmountable. He went into business in New York and later, with another friend, made a hejira to Louisville, Ky., where he opened a store in partnership with a friend who afterward became successful in business. It was here that Audubon met Alexander Wilson, the ornithologist, traveling to obtain subscriptions for his "American Ornithology." The description of Wilson's journey to New Orleans from New York furnishes a delightful picture of American life in such cities as Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, and Louisville in the first decade of the nineteenth century.

The Louisville experiment was not a success and Audubon and his partner set out for St. Genevieve, La., a 165-mile journey, which lasted over nine weeks. Other business ventures followed till finally, after a disastrous experiment with a mill in Henderson, Ky., Audubon was jailed for debt. Then came what Professor Herrick calls "Audubon's Aeneid"—his wanderings through West and South in the years 1819-1824.

Audubon's failure at Henderson was the crucial turning point in his life. For the five years that immediately followed he led a peripatetic existence in the southern and western States, seldom tarrying long at one point, often leaving his family for months at a time, living from hand to mouth, but ever bent on perfecting those products of his hand and brain, his life studies of American birds and plants.

It was at this time that Audubon decided to make his avocation his life work, and in 1824, in Philadelphia, then "the Mecca of the scientific man," Audubon made his début as a naturalist. But it was not till he went to Europe, when he was 41 years of age, that he received recognition commensurate with his deserts. In England his drawings created a furore; people declared that nothing like them had ever been seen. At Edinburgh he was much lionized as Robert Burns had been earlier; he met everybody, including Sir Walter Scott. In one of his letters to his wife he describes this meeting with the editor, Jeffrey. "Jeffrey," he says, "is a little man who entered the room with a lady under one arm and hat under the other."

From Edinburgh Audubon went to London, where he made arrangements for the publication of "The Birds of America." It was not till 1838, twelve years later, that the work was finally published. Of this great book and its publication Professor Herrick speaks as follows:

> Audubon's day of greatest triumph came on June 20, 1838, when he had the supreme satisfaction of seeing the last plate of his "Book of Nature," "The Birds of America," completed. Having been begun virtually in the Autumn of 1826, it was le press nearly twelve years. The sumptuous character of this work, its commanding beauty, as well as its surprising accuracy, considering all the obstacles of time and circumstance, mark it, when combined with its letterpress, as one of the most remarkable and interesting undertakings in the history of literature and science in the nineteenth century. Unique as it was in every detail of its workmanship, it will remain for centuries a shining example of the triumph of human endeavor and of the spirit and will of man.

As far as possible Professor Herrick allows Audubon to tell his own story. There are numerous quotations from letters, and a generous appendix containing copies of original, hitherto undiscovered documents, these documents which clear up for the first time the mystery of Audubon's birth and parentage. The volumes are beautifully printed and magnificently illustrated, many of the plates being reproductions in color of Audubon's drawings. For the reader whose interest in Audubon is scientific the book is invaluable; the more general reader will find it a fascinating story of tremendous struggle and great achievement.

GERMAN PRISONS

SIXTEEN MONTHS IN FOUR GERMAN PRISONS. By Henry C. Mahoney, with the collaboration of Frederick A. Talbot. New York: Robert M. McBride & Co. $1.50.

THE four prisons in which Mr. Mahoney was confined were at Wesel, Sennelager, Klingelputz, and Ruhleben. An English subject, he was sent in July, 1914, to the palace of a certain Prince in Russia, to devote two months to scientific work which, unfortunately for him, involved the use of special and elaborate photographic apparatus, microscopes, optical lantern, and other accessories. How he was held at the frontier by German officials, and how he soon found himself in prison charged with being a spy, is set forth in one of the most graphic and picturesque series of adventures that have appeared in print for a long time. The wonder is not that the author suffered so much in the various prisons—for the world has come to accept as true any and every story of German atrocities by this time—but that eventually he contrived to break through the Teutonic cordon and reach his home and family. Dreadful as is the recital, with incidents of torture and suffering that remind one of some of the narrations of the elder Dumas, there is a vein of humor running through the whole book that redoubles the reader's sympathy for the intrepid Briton. His courage never deserted him. On the other hand, he could not get over his indignation at being treated as a spy when he knew he was innocent, and obviously his defiance of his captors was often responsible for the increase in the tortures and indignities they visited upon him. It is impossible to follow seriatim the experiences of the author. That can be done by reading his book, and gruesome as it is in general, there is so much lightness and pleasantry, the result of the innate bravery of the man, that it is not so depressing as might be expected. Altogether, it is a curious example of the way in which the most awful of human hardships and sufferings can be made to appear only as rather extreme adventure. This is but a superficial view, however. Underneath, one discerns the tragedy, and its effect is to increase the abhorrence of those who are responsible for the world's war and to make one long to come to grips to revenge such evils as are here told. The book is more than a recital of a prisoner's sufferings in Germany; it is a splendidly thrilling tale of heroism and adventure. That there shall be no question as to the truth of his published statements, Mr. Mahoney made a sworn declaration to its accuracy in London on Oct. 19, 1916, and a facsimile of the affidavit is given on a page at the beginning of the volume.

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RUSSIA IN THE WORLD OF MUSIC

CONTEMPORARY RUSSIAN COMPOSERS. By M. Montagu-Nathan. New York: Frederick A. Stokes Co. $2.50.

SCRIABIN: A Great Russian Tone Poet. By A. Eaglefield Hull. London: Kegan Paul, Trench, Trubner & Co. $1.25.

THE Russians continue to get their share of attention, in the musical field, as well as in others. These two recent additions to the biographical and critical accounts of the modern composers of Russia are welcome, especially because they contribute a body of new facts about the life and works of some of the younger men as well as of discussion of their music and their artistic ideals.

Mr. Montagu-Nathan is the author of a recent history of Russian music, and speaks evidently from a first-hand knowledge of his subject and its sources. His book is devoted to the most recent of the Russian composers, most of them young men, and correspondingly radical. Taneyeff, Glazunoff, and Grechaninoff are the oldest of them. The rest are of "the younger generation"—several so young that their names have not got into the reference books nor their music upon Western concert programs. On this account, especially, the book is valuable.

Mr. Nathan begins with a brief sketch of the modern movement in Russian music, a more than twice-told tale, in which he shows the hostility between the "Nationalists"—the "Five"—and their rivals; and does the service of carrying on the story and showing also that the primitive Nationalists' method is a thing of the past. For Russian composers have ceased to base their music on folk-tunes, and symphonies and operas are no longer devoted exclusively to the celebrations of great figures and episodes of Russian history. He thinks this movement by no means moribund, however, and finds a subtler expression of it in such works as Stravinsky's.

The author begins with a detailed sketch of "Skryabin"—so spelled—glowing perhaps with a warmer enthusiasm than has as yet been generally aroused in this neighborhood by such of his works as have been heard. Scriabin's style changed radically from one obviously Chopinesque and reeking of the salon to one seeking—a little too consciously, some will think—the most modern and radical effects of form and harmony. Mr. Nathan believes that his later works make him a figure "altogether Titanic." Glazunoff's is a more conventional one; he has even renounced more and more the assistance of a "program" for his music. Stravinsky, who has already had a change of heart toward one or two of his earlier works, has acquired merit thereby in Mr. Nathan's eyes, and he numbers him now among "the greatest of contemporary masters." He says of him:

> No other Russian composer so faithfully carries on the tradition established by the Father of Russian music, and no other realizes so fully the meaning of the dictum of Mussorgsky that music must continue to reflect our human evolution or die.

Rachmaninof, Réblkof—" who has proceeded through Strauss to a curious mixture of the French Conservatoire idiom and Skryabinism"—Taneyeff, valued and influential as a teacher; Medtner, Tcherpnin, and Grechaninoff are the others of the elder generation treated here. Of the younger the names of Glière, Vassilenko, Akimenko, and Catoire are more or less widely known, and only a few of the rest. The numerous portraits are an interesting feature of the book.

Dr. Eaglefield Hull devotes his book chiefly to an analysis of Scriabin's works, both for the pianoforte and for orchestra. The pianoforte works comprise preludes, études, nocturnes, &c., a concerto and ten sonatas; the orchestral three symphonies, the "Poem of Ecstasy" and "Prometheus." There is a brief biography, preceded by the inevitable exposition of the musical awakening in Russia. It is hardly necessary to say that Dr. Eaglefield Hull is an ardent advocate. Scriabin has accomplished a good deal for one man, according to his estimate:

> He gives us a completely new system of harmony; he abolishes the major and minor modes; he annihilates modulation and chromatic inflection; he abandons all key signatures, and finally applies his ideas to the most modern scale we have reached so far, i. e., the "duodecuple." Moreover, at the time of his death, he was experimenting with the unification of the various arts of sound, light and bodily movement, (mimique) and as if all this were not enough, wove a system of theosophy into the art of his latest period.

And, a little later, "Scriabin has brought about a complete renewal of the hearing faculty."

But Dr. Hull can't quite "go" the "theosophy" of Scriabin's music. He regards it as a convenient "peg" for the composer to hang his music on, and is inclined to think that the music has as little to do with the theosophy as the garment with the peg it hangs on. Nor is he very enthusiastic in his support of Scriabin's theories about color and music, and his attempt to realize them in the "Prometheus."

His analyses of the music are tinged with the admiration here suggested. They are extensive and detailed. Musical notation is freely used. The mystery of Scriabin's new scales and new chords is expounded; perhaps it would be too much to say that it is made plain. But if there is any key to the music of Scriabin's later period, it ought to be found here. At any rate, Dr. Hull's comments are intelligent, granting the point of view; and his book should be valuable to the followers of the new and to any who wish to know the new.

In appendices are lists of his works, each with a brief descriptive paragraph. There is a list of Russian and other names, with what purports to be their pronunciation; but many of the pronunciations are singularly unfortunate; some are wrong and some are equivocal.

AN AUTHORS FUND

New York Times Review of Books:

AMONG all the many organizations which are to join in making "Hero Land," the big Allied Bazaar at the Grand Central Palace, a success, there is surely not one more interesting to readers of THE BOOK REVIEW than that of the Authors Fund. Under the direction of a committee including such names as those of Gertrude Atherton, Irvin Cobb, Ellis Parker Butler, Hamlin Garland, Jesse Lynch Williams, and Charles Dana Gibson, this fund is to have a booth at "Hero Land" where it hopes and expects to raise a goodly sum for its work among those engaged in literary, artistic and musical composition, so many of whom have suffered through the war and are terribly in need of assistance.

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The New York Times
Review of Books

Literary Section
of
The New York Times

NEW YORK, NOVEMBER 18, 1917.

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THE YEAR'S BEST BOOKS

THE Joint Committee of the Literary Arts has inaugurated, for its annual exhibition at the National Arts Club this month, a feature that should be of decided interest to those who study the significant developments in our current literature. Heretofore this exhibition has been little more than a sort of publisher's bazaar in which some of the publications of the year, selected chiefly for their bindings, were placed on view. The exhibition lacked system and unity, and failed to convey a comprehensive idea of the year's contribution to literature. This season, however, the Chairman of the committee, Mr. HAMLIN GARLAND, put in operation a plan from which it seems possible really to gain an intelligent estimate of the books of 1917. Thus, from the book lists furnished by the publishers, the lists of "leading books" published in the Spring and Fall in THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, together with other lists, a final series of titles was compiled by the committee. These titles were then sent to "a jury of fifty representative critics, including literary editors of the principal daily papers, a dozen college professors of literature, an equal number of men of science in the leading universities, together with other specialists peculiarly fitted to pass upon scientific and historical volumes." Each member of this jury then checked off on this list the books that appeared to him, or her, important, and from the list, thus marked, the committee compiled this "representative 1917 collection" of 300 books, all of which are now on exhibition in the National Arts Club. In the forthcoming December number of Current Opinion Mr. E. J. WHEELER, who was especially active on the committee in carrying out the plan, makes this interesting analysis of the work of the "jury":

It is of interest to note that "The Life and Letters of Edward Everett Hale," for which all but seven of the fifty jurors voted, received the largest number of ballots cast for any one of the 300 books. It also is noteworthy that the voting on fiction was remarkably light, not more than half of the jurors voting for more than five in a list of 119 fiction candidates. First choice fell to ERNEST POOLE'S "His Family," which received 32 votes, as compared with 29 each for KIPLING'S "A Diversity of Creatures," EDEN PHILLPOTT'S "The Banks of Colne," and ALICE CHOLMONDELEY'S "Christine"—all of British authorship. Works of biography not only received first honor, but second and third as well, 39 ballots being cast for MARK TWAIN'S "Letters" and 38 for VISCOUNT MORLEY'S "Recollections." Other leaders in the balloting were BRANDER MATTHEWS'S "These Many Years," and GARLAND'S "Son of the Middle Border," each getting 36 votes; FABRE'S "Life of the Grasshopper," 37; GOSSE'S "Swinburne," 38, and GORKY'S "In the World," 35, while "Rodin: The Man and His Art," was voted for 31 times, as was GERARD'S "My Four Years in Germany." The collected poems of WILFRID WILSON GIBSON, with 27 votes, was first choice in the poetry and drama classification.

ATTEMPTS of this kind to bring together in one survey the leading books of the year are always interesting and instructive. Such lists, of course, must inevitably reflect something of the bias, or the limitations, of those who make them, and, in so far as they do this, they fall short of perfection. Infallibility in literary opinion, indeed, is quite as unattainable as in anything else. But a conscientious selection of "books of the year" is bound to be of service, and the Joint Committee's plan of putting the books thus selected on exhibition is certainly a happy one. For many seasons past THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW has presented to its readers an annual list of this kind as a sort of climax, or summing up, of the year's achievement in the various branches of literature. The list thus compiled is based on the critical study of the year's books as these have appeared from week to week since January, supplemented by the actual experience of publishers from which they are able to judge of the relative value of their publications. This year the list will comprise 200 titles and will be published in a special Holiday Number of THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW on Dec. 2. Under each title in the list will be given a brief description of the book, the whole to be classified and arranged alphabetically according to authors. To help the reader still further in acquiring an adequate estimate of the year's literary activities there will be a series of authoritative articles reviewing the noteworthy features of 1917 in the leading branches of literature—fiction, poetry, history, biography, travel, &c. The Holiday Number will contain, also, a continuation of the BOOK REVIEW'S War Bibliography covering the period since the first of October.

IN thus bringing together the books of the year in their various branches it is worth noting that the number of works of fiction is by no means so large, proportionally, as it used to be. There is a slight decrease, also, in books on the war—a decrease shown in the last half of the year as compared with the first half. In either case it would be unsafe to conclude that the decrease is due to a falling off of popular interest either in war books or books of fiction. It may be that there are fewer good books written in both departments; hence the shrinkage in the number published. Some recently published war books, we know, have reached a very large sale indeed, proving that this type of literature is decidedly popular. On the other hand there have been indications from numerous sources of a demand for fiction that is in no way related to the war—for the kind of novel whose interest is so absorbing that one may find in its pages, if only for a brief moment, a rest from the thought of war. The recent publication, for instance, of a new volume of "Sherlock Holmes" stories was hailed, by many looking for this kind of relief, with delight. It was felt that if anyone could free the mind from the obsession of one idea it was the famous London detective. But, unfortunately, even in the best of fiction seasons, there are not many books that can wield the absorbing fascination exerted by DOYLE'S immortal combination of Holmes and Dr. Watson. And in a time like this, more than ever before, it is only the novel of exceptional interest that can expect a large measure of success.

THIS fluctuation in the number of books of fiction, due, probably, to the fact that there are fewer novels being written, suggests the interesting question, what is the best book for war time? At the front, we are told, the demand is for literature that diverts the mind from its immediate environment, for the book that means "something different." The "war book," even at its typical best, would find few, if any, readers "over there." Even away from the front it is a question if the world is not in need of the occasional mental diversion that a book, written purely for entertainment, is calculated to bring. War books are needed unquestionably; there is no doubt that they will be published in increasing number. But there are other needs in war time that literature can and should supply. A plea should be made for the old-fashioned kind of fiction that has no other purpose than to amuse.

LATEST PUBLICATIONS

Books Received During the Week Ended Nov. 14
Classified and Annotated According to Contents

History and Biography

PORTRAITS AND BACKGROUNDS. By Evangeline Wilbour Blashfield. 8vo. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. $2.50.
Studies of four representative women—Hrotsvitha, Rosalba Carriera, Aphra Behn, Alese.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN SELF-REVEALED. By William Cabell Bruce. 8vo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. Two volumes. $6.
A biographical and critical study based mainly on his own writings.

A SHORT HISTORY OF ENGLAND. By Gilbert K. Chesterton. 12mo. New York: John Lane Company. $1.50.
Described as "a popular essay in English history."

THE PRESIDENT'S CONTROL OF FOREIGN RELATIONS. By Edward S. Corwin. 12mo. Princeton: Princeton University Press. $1.50.
Historical and analytical study.

AUDEBON THE NATURALIST. By Francis Hobart Herrick. 8vo. New York: D. Appleton & Co. Two volumes. $7.50.
A history of his life and time.

YEARS OF MY YOUTH. By William Dean Howells. 12mo. New York: Harper & Brothers. $2.50.
Reminiscences covering the period up to the time when Mr. Howells went to Venice as United States Consul.

TRADE UNIONISM IN THE UNITED STATES. By Robert F. Hoxie. 12mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co. $2.50.
A critical and historical survey.

CARDINAL XIMENES. By James F. R. Lyell. 8vo. London: Grafton & Co.
Biography of the famous Spanish ecclesiastic and statesman who lived 1436-1492.

GERMANY UNDER THREE EMPERORS. By Princess Catharina Radziwill. 8vo. Funk & Wagnalls Company. $4.
Tells the story of Prussian diplomacy for half a century.

SONG STORIES OF THE SAWDUST TRAIL. By Homer Rodeheaver. 12mo. New York: Moffat, Yard & Co. $1.
The author gives reminiscences connected with songs sung in revivals. There is a foreword by the Rev. William A. Sunday.

SIXTY YEARS' RECOLLECTIONS OF MILFORD. By Nathan Stowe. 8vo. Milford, Conn.: Newton Harrison.
A chronological history is appended covering the period from 1637 to 1916.

MEMOIRS OF THE AMERICAN ACADEMY IN ROME. Folio. New York: American Academy in Rome. (Vol I., School of Classical Studies, 1915-16.)
A continuation of the two volumes of "Supplementary Papers of the American School of Classical Studies," 1905-1908.

Poetry and Drama

BEGGAR AND KING. By Richard Butler Glaenzer. 12mo. New Haven: Yale University Press. $1.
A collection of short poems.

IF I COULD FLY. By Rose Strong Hubbell. 8vo. G. P. Putnam's Sons.
Illustrated stories in free verse.

BLACK AND WHITE MAGIC. By E. H. W. M. and Wilfrid Blair. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $1.25.
Collection of short poems.

LOUVAIN. By Charles V. H. Roberts. 12mo. New York: The Torch Press. $1.25.
A tragedy in three acts.

THE PARISH THEATRE. By Rev. John Talbot Smith. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $1.
A brief account of its rise, present condition, and prospects.

"OVER THERE." By Harvey M. Watts. 12mo. Philadelphia: John C. Winston Company. 50 cents.
A collection of war verse.

THE LITTLE FLAG ON MAIN STREET. By McLandburgh Wilson. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. 50 cents.
Short poems, principally on war subjects.

THE WIND IN THE CORN. By Edith Franklin Wyatt. 12mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co. $1.
A collection of American song poems.

Essays

THERE'S PIPPINS AND CHEESE TO COME. By Charles S. Brooks. 12mo. New Haven: Yale University Press. $2.
Essays on various subjects.

THE GREEK GENIUS AND ITS INFLUENCE. Edited by Lane Cooper. 8vo. New Haven: Yale University Press. $6.50.
Select essays and extracts from the writings of famous authors.

DAYS OUT AND OTHER PAPERS. By Elizabeth Woodbridge. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.25.
Collection of essays and sketches.

War Books

THE CHALLENGE OF THE PRESENT CRISIS. By Harry Emerson Fosdick. 12mo. New York: Association Press. 50 cents.
The war from a Christian point of view.

MY HOME IN THE FIELD OF MERCY. By Frances Wilson Huard. 8vo. New York: George H. Doran Company. $1.35.
Describes the author's experiences in transforming her home in France into a Red Cross hospital.

BOTTLED UP IN BELGIUM. By Arthur B. Maurice. 12mo. New York: Moffat, Yard & Co. $1.25.
Tells the author's experiences.

FROM MONTREAL TO VIMY RIDGE AND BEYOND. Edited by O. C. S. Wallace. 12mo. New York: George H. Doran Company. $1.35.
Letters of Lieutenant Clifford Almon Wells of the Eighth Battalion, Canadians, giving the story of a youthful doctor of philosophy killed in action.

THE NOTEBOOK OF AN INTELLIGENCE OFFICER. By Eric Fisher R. Wood. 12mo. New York: The Century Company. $1.75.
Describes the author's experiences in the war.

Fiction

IN SPITE OF ALL. By Edith Ataniforth. 12mo. New York: Brentano Brothers. $1.35.
A story of the rivalry of two women.

HEARTS UNDAUNTED. By Eleanor Atkinson. 12mo. New York: Harper & Brothers. $1.50.
A romance of four frontiers.

THE ENCHANTED SEAGULL. By Harriet Barnett and Reeves Keene. 12mo. Boston: Roxburgh Publishing Company.
A story of mysticism.

WANTED A TORTOISE SHELL. By Peter Blundell. 12mo. New York: John Lane Company. $1.40.
A humorous story of today.

MICHAIL GOURAKIN. By Lappo Danilevskaya. 12mo. New York: Robert M. McBride Company. $1.50.
A story of Russia.

THE SAFETY CURTAIN AND OTHER STORIES. By Edith M. Dell. 12mo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $1.50.
Five short stories.

SLAVES OF THE LAMP. By George Bronson-Howard. 12mo. New York: W. J. Watt Company. $1.25.
The story of a secret agent in New York.

THE SMITHS IN WAR TIME. By Kebel Howard. 12mo. New York: John Lane Company. $1.40.
A story dealing with the question, "What can I do to help my country in wartime?"

"CRUMPS." By Louis Keene. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.25.
Story of a Canadian who went to the front.

THE WONDER WOMAN. By Mae Van Norman Long. 8vo. Philadelphia: Penn Publishing Company. $1.35.
A romance of the woods and outdoor life.

THE WITNESS. By Grace L. H. Lutz. 12mo. New York: Harper & Brothers. $1.40.
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AND THE CAPTAIN ANSWERED. By Octave Thanet. 12mo. Indianapolis: Bobbs, Merrill Company.
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(Continued on Page 486)

TENDENCIES IN AMERICAN POETRY

TENDENCIES IN MODERN AMERICAN POETRY. By Amy Lowell. The Macmillan Company. $2.50.

IT is with peculiar gratitude that we welcome Miss Lowell's "Tendencies in Modern American Poetry." In it she takes up six living poets: Edwin Arlington Robinson, Robert Frost, Edgar Lee Masters, Carl Sandburg, "H. D.," and John Gould Fletcher, and relates them to that evolution in our poetry which has long been in progress beneath the surface, but which has only of late risen noticeably to attention. These are, of course, not the only poets intimately connected with the evolution, but, as Miss Lowell explains in her preface, the object of the book is not that of comprehensive literary history, but rather to fix for a moment the changing ideals of American poetry by the discussion of a few typical examples—to be in a way an instantaneous photograph of a period in flux.

The important "tendency" which Miss Lowell sees irresistibly deepening and strengthening in American poetry is toward "less concern with dogma and more with truth." Form is a minor consideration. Some of the poets considered cling to the older measures, some employ old or new according to their mood, some are genuine come-outers. But there can be no question of the earnest, absorbing, passionate desire on the part of each to paint the thing as he sees it, not for a problematical God of Things as They Are, but for the liberation of his own soul.

It is a curiously diverse group that is thus bound together by a common dedication, and no small part of the unusual interest of the book comes from Miss Lowell's mingling of biography with criticism, so that we see a hundred threads of ancestry and circumstance that have gone to the weaving of her subjects' personalities blent in the larger pattern of their artistic life. Nothing could be more suggestive than the contrasts between them. Edwin Arlington Robinson and Edgar Lee Masters, for instance, were born in the same year, 1869, yet by the conditions of his nature and his environment the New England poet might almost be the grandfather of the Kansan. Mr. Robinson was born into a world older than that of Mr. Masters to start with, and his attitude toward it reveals not the huge and indiscriminate appetite of youth which will be Mr. Masters's should he live to celebrate his centenary, but the fastidious, slightly captious taste of middle age, wistfully reminiscent now and then of the feasts of boyhood. More than with most men, the heredity and education of these two are a key to their work. Miss Lowell's idyllic picture of the Maine town where Mr. Robinson grew up makes it easy to understand how the very fibres of his being were entwined with the order of an elder world than ours. Yet the Spring flood of the planet caught him up and carried him away. He is a poet who will never be completely appreciated; even his admirers are compelled to a mental reservation. His is the tragedy of final ineffectualness which always follows a divided allegiance. A man cannot stand between two eras and be enthusiastically acclaimed by either, and when he is also a genius his situation becomes the more poignant. Then he is, indeed,

> * * * the last god going home
> Unto his last desire,

and never finding it.

Mr. Masters, on the other hand, was born into the politically and socially uneasy Middle West of nearly a half century ago. Miss Lowell comments incisively upon the hit-or-miss character of his schooling:

> A smattering of many subjects is not education, and Edgar Masters's mind at this juncture was a lamentable jumble of smitherings. It was like a Christmas tree, hung with bits of tinsel in unrelated splotches. To a certain extent, this is true of the poet of today. His mind glitters, but it is without cohesion.

As a youth his inner and his outer life were constantly at variance, and naturally he grew up to be a poet of revolt. But his revolts are not moral revolts. In the "Spoon River Anthology" the moral turpitude of his characters affects him not at all. It is the hideous monotony of their lives, driving them to monotonous transgression, which fires him to a white heat of indignant irony. Perhaps that is why he has no remedy to offer. Legislation may affect conduct, revolution the social fabric, but neither will make ugliness less ugly.

Compared with these two poets, in whom cause and effect have worked with visible logic, the early life of Robert Frost turns as blank a face to the inquirer as the ancestry of Melchisedek. It will be a surprise to many of his readers to learn that he was born in the picturesque and eventful San Francisco of over forty years ago, and passed his early boyhood there, "scampering up and down its hills, running in and out of newspaper offices, jostling against the somewhat rough and very determined men of the place and period." A surprise, because it seems to have left as little trace upon him as though it had taken place in a previous incarnation. Later on he lived in Lawrence, Mass., and even worked as bobbin boy in a mill there, at a time when its diversity of races was less of a commonplace than it is now. But the mingled strains of Slav, Latin, and Celt appear to have impressed his imagination not at all. And among the New England hill-farms upon which he has since lavished his exclusive passion, the alien strains which are gradually replacing the early stock are wellnigh as non-existent to him as the race of fairies. The cause of the phenomenon—for it is nothing less—may be found in Miss Lowell's comparison of him with Edwin Arlington Robinson; "Mr. Robinson is one of the most intellectual poets writing in America today; Mr. Frost is one of the most intuitive." The influences which predetermine the career and the work of an intellectual man lie on the surface, while with the intuitive man they may be a mystery even to himself.

To the reader who imagines himself little interested in the delicate technical problems of poetry, the chapter on "H. D." and John Gould Fletcher will promise greater opportunities for skipping than any other in the book, but if he employs them he will miss some of the best writing he is likely to meet with in the proverbial day's journey. Very few people, certainly not Miss Lowell herself, would claim that wisdom will die with the Imagists; but, on the other hand, few except those who take the most narrowly conventional view of the art of poetry will deny that they have introduced into it beauty, freshness, and originality. Their accomplishment has not been an easy one. The story of "H. D." and John Gould Fletcher, as related in "Tendencies in Modern American Poetry," is as thrilling in its way as that of the elder adventurers who stood upon their "peak in Darien." The glimpses of "H. D." are both artistically and humanly beautiful and touching. Now we see the "shy, reticent girl plodding up and down the straight Philadelphia streets, bitterly suppressing a desire for beauty which nothing about her satisfied"—now the poet with "a strange, faunlike, dryadlike quality" about her, "as though just startled from a brake of fern," and lastly the woman, married to the poet Richard Aldington, working with him for a while in happy collaboration, then taking his place on the staff of The Egoist when he joined the army and departed for "somewhere in France."

After reading "Tendencies in Modern American Poetry" one is left with the impression—perhaps unintended by the author—that of the six poets discussed only two contain the possibilities of any considerable future growth. They are John Gould Fletcher and Carl Sandburg. The poem on Lincoln which Mr. Fletcher wrote while America's entrance into the war was immediately impending, and which is here quoted in full, proves that he is, as Miss Lowell claims, "delving deeper into life, developing more knowledge and more tenderness." These are the qualities which his earlier work lacks. If he can add them to the wide reach after beauty and the incomparable skill with words which have always characterized him, there is scarcely limit to his possibilities.

With Mr. Sandburg Miss Lowell is less the critic than the candid friend. She says of his "Chicago Poems" that it is "one of the most original books which this age has produced," and again,

> The impression which one gets on reading this book is of a heavy steel-gray torrent open here and there, and, through the vents, shining pools of clear, pale blue. It is a rare and beautiful combination which we find in this volume, under whatsoever simile we describe it. Seldom does such virility go with such tenderness.

On the other hand, she warns him frankly against propaganda, "the pitfall of poets." Perhaps because she feels, though she does not say so, that of all the poets she has considered, Mr. Sandburg is the only one who is still to any extent an unknown quantity who has not, as it were, committed himself to a certain cut of habit for his lifetime, she takes him aside and talks to him privately. She warns him that a philosophy which confuses the individual with all mankind—"We are made of the same stuff; we are going the same way"—is more generous than sound:

> It is only experience that teaches of how many varying stuffs mankind is made. "What is one man's meat is another man's poison" is a truer statement. Mr. Sandburg's desires no more mirror those of the great body of the people than did William Morris's in an earlier generation. He has yet to discover how different they are, and the discovery when made may well be a shattering one.

She even argues with him, man to man, as to what the "great, inarticulate cry of the masses" really is, and assures him that the causes which lie so near his heart are "ephemeral phenomena." She urges upon him the truth that one cannot at the same time serve an ideal of literal, thorough-going democracy and an ideal of art; that art, in its inmost, unchangeable essence, is aristocratic. In a word, she entreats him not ungently and with a full appreciation of the quality of "wide-flying imagination" which is so strikingly characteristic of his work, to be a poet and not a pamphleteer.

This, of course, is not criticism according to the older canons. It stands in about the same relation to that criticism, indeed, as Mr. Sandburg's poem "Chicago" stands to "Yarrow Visited." But it is interesting and vital writing—writing that is truly influential, to use a word that has caught an undeserved tarnish through over-much rubbing against material things.

"Tendencies in Modern American Poetry" is a book that needed to be written, and it is doubtful if any one else in America besides Amy Lowell could have written it. She has brought to the task not only critical insight and independence of spirit, but a personal acquaintance with the poets she has discussed. This has served to enlarge her view, not to guide her judgments. She has little patience with Mr. Robinson when he is long-winded, or with Mr. Masters when he sings of amaranths and scented bowers, or with Mr. Sandburg as a demagogue. But her criticisms leave no sting.

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RAMBLES IN OLD COLLEGE TOWNS. By Hildegarde Hawthorne. Illustrated by John Albert Seaford. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $2.50.

NEW YORK OF TODAY. By Henry Collins Brown. Illustrated. New York: The Old Colony Press. $1.50.

OLD ROADS OUT OF PHILADELPHIA. By John T. Faris. Illustrated. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott Company. $4.

AMERICAN ADVENTURES. By Julian Street. Illustrated by Wallace Morgan. New York: The Century Company. $3.

OLD SEAPORT TOWNS OF THE SOUTH. By Mildred Crane. Illustrated by Allan G. Cram. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $2.50.

DWELLING HOUSES OF OLD CHARLESTON. By Alice R. Huger Smith and D. E. Huger Smith. Illustrated. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott Company. $6.

THE publishers are pretty well agreed that although the war has well-nigh killed interest in books of travel concerning European countries it has stimulated the interest of Americans in their own country and in those of Latin America. Especially has interest increased in the possibilities afforded by the United States for those who would go holiday making. And that interest, it would seem, has not been lessened by our own entrance into the war, for all these books brought together here tell of the interests and the pleasures to be found by journeying round about the United States, with excursions into the lands of our neighbors to the north and the south of us.

Robert Sterling Yard's book, "The Top of the Continent," has for its purpose the interesting of Americans in the wonders of our great series of national parks in the Rocky and Sierra Nevada mountain ranges. He writes with knowledge, for he is himself connected with the National Park Service, and his book comes forth under the auspices of the Department of the Interior. Secretary Lane writes a brief foreword in which he emphasizes the value of our national parks considered as a part of our educational system. "They tell the history," he says, "of the making of the continent, where the primal forces may yet be seen in action. They give a liberal education in beauty and in nobility. Men cannot think meanly in the presence of the cañons and cliffs, the mountains and the cataracts, of our parks." Mr. Yard puts his narrative into the form of a story in which a family from Philadelphia, numbering two lively children and several grown-ups, go holiday making through all one Summer, visiting the Rocky Mountain, the Mesa Verde, the Yellowstone, the Glacier National Parks, Mount Rainier, Crater Lake, the Yosemite, the Sequoias, and the Grand Cañon. They have many exciting adventures, there is the rose color touch of a little romance, and in the course of their conversations they tell one another and the children all the important and interesting facts and legends about each place they visit. The volume ought to prove both informative and interesting to all who have a particle of curiosity about or pride in their own country, whether or not they expect to take a similar journey. For those who contemplate a trip to any one or all of the places described it will serve as an excellent guide book. For young people there could be no better gift volume. It is copiously illustrated from excellent photographs.

The journey which Paul Leland Haworth took "On the Headwaters of Peace River," a thousand-mile canoe trip in the northern wilderness of the Canadian Rockies, is not one that would be practicable for the ordinary traveler, but his narrative will fascinate lovers of adventure and those many readers for whom accounts of travel in wild and beautiful regions have a never-flagging interest. Mr. Haworth's story of his trip is peculiarly delightful because of his own zest in every experience and in every inspiring sight of mountain, glacier, forest, or noble river, and because of his faculty for having interesting experiences and meeting people who had had strange and varied contacts with life and nature and were willing to talk about them. Outfitting at Edmonton, and making his start, with one man, from Hansard, on the Fraser River, he followed the Crooked and the Parsnip Rivers to the junction of the latter with the Finlay to make the mighty Peace River, and then went on up the Finlay and well into the country of the Quaicha River, where the author thinks they were the first white men to penetrate. The many beautiful and interesting pictures are from photographs taken by the author.

A year ago Miss Hildegarde Hawthorne gave the public a very charming book which told of her visits to "Old Seaport Towns of New England." This new volume is uniform in appearance and in spirit with its predecessor, and those who enjoyed that work may feel assured that they will be equally delighted with this. She began her rambling journey last April, first starting southward in order to see some of the famous college towns in a region where early Spring would proffer sun and warmth. The University of Virginia first claimed her attention, then William and Mary at Williamsburg, and afterward Annapolis. Then she came northward to Princeton, Yale, Brown, and Harvard, and, this being the twentieth century, included Wellesley in her pilgrimage, went on to Bowdoin, Dartmouth, and Amherst, visited Smith at Northampton, saw Williams, crossed over to Poughkeepsie to inspect Vassar, then came down the river to West Point, and finished her pilgrimage at Cornell. It is the sort of thing for which Miss Hawthorne has a particularly happy faculty. Her mood responds sensitively to every appeal of landscape, tradition, human sentiment, the everlasting joyousness of youth, beauty of building or of setting. Her sense of humor is always keen and its expression genial and sunny, while she herself is a "good mixer" and reports with picturesqueness and good feeling the little passages and fraternizings with men and women and children of all sorts into which she is continually adventuring. She has made of her rambles another delightful book in which the reader will find not only a charming account of journeys to interesting places, but also plenty of information, well camouflaged in the telling, about the colleges and college towns that she visits. The illustrations, printed in pale tint, from drawings by John Albert Seaford, are beautiful and interesting.

Henry Collins Brown, editor of "Valentine's Manual," has put his notable knowledge of our metropolis to excellent use and has done a real public service by preparing the little handbook, "New York of Today," which visitors to the city will find of the greatest helpfulness, while New Yorkers themselves—most of them—could with much benefit spend some time reading its pages. For it is a comprehensive account, written with knowledge, taste, and discrimination, of New York's important streets, squares, buildings, places of historic interest, the narrative carrying always a background of history, while across the story move the figures of prominent men and women of both former and present times. Full-page plates in tint and color are numerous, and an interesting feature is a folded panoramic picture contrasting the waterfront view of lower Manhattan forty years ago and now.

It would be hard to find anywhere in America roads richer in historical interest than those that lead out feom Philadelphia, and John T. Faris in his book has told the story of them well. He takes his readers along the King's Highway to Wilmington, over the Baltimore Turnpike, the Gulph Road, the turnpikes to Westchester and Lancaster, the old Germantown Road, the road to Bethlehem, the Ridge Road to Perkiomen, the old York Road, and that to Bristol and Trenton. On each one he tells about the famous historical events that happened along its way, the important men and women who have traversed it, points out the features of local interest both now and during former times, and mentions its beauties of landscape. He well says that Philadelphia enjoys an advantage over other American cities in the historical interest of its surroundings, because of the fact that so many of its old buildings are still practically in the state in which they were a century or more ago. His pages are enriched and varied by many extracts from works written by or about people identified with the localities described or from books concerned with those regions. There are many illustrations and maps.

Another jolly volume, in spirit similar to his former book, "Abroad at Home," is the result of a journey which Mr. Street and Mr. Morgan took through the South, visiting, among the many stops of their winding, leisurely progress, Baltimore, Richmond, Charleston, Birmingham, Atlanta, Memphis, Vicksburg, Savannah, Montgomery, New Orleans. These two trips seem to have been in the nature of a discovery of America for Mr. Street, and he has done a service for those of his countrymen who are equally ignorant of Western and Southern regions by telling what he saw and learned. Especially is this true with regard to the South, with which this new book is concerned, because all the other parts of the United States know so little about that part of the common country. Mr. Street goes on these adventuring travels with very wide-open eyes and an honest mind, and he tells frankly what he sees and hears and learns, rarely failing to invest it with more or less of the whimsical humor which is the salient characteristic of his mental endowments. In a little foreword written with exquisitely fine feeling he speaks of the North's lack of understanding of the South and urges more consideration for the feelings of that region. His own enjoyment of his leisurely journey and the captivating way in which he writes of it ought certainly to help to bring about that result. Mr. Morgan's illustrations catch the spirit and charm of the scenes he portrays.

Miss Crane's "Old Seaport Towns of the South" does for that region what Miss Hawthorne's volume last year did for the North. Visiting Baltimore, Norfolk, Wilmington, Charleston, Savannah, St. Augustine, Tampa, Pensacola, Mobile, Galveston, and Key West, she writes about them with vivacity and humor and keen interest in human beings of every sort. She has brought together a great variety of bits of history, tradition, reminiscence, and description which make of each place that she visits a very interesting, attractive, and colorful picture. The illustrations, in tint and color, from Mr. Cram's drawings depict unique little characteristic scenes.

The very beautiful book about "The Dwelling Houses of Charleston" carries between its covers a real treasure of interest, historical, biographical, and architectural. The author tells the story of Charleston and of the important families of its earlier years, and against this background of the rise of a community she shows how the architecture of the city was modified by the conditions of the place and of the passing years, until it developed local characteristics which finally resulted in a distinctive style.

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VOTING AND SPENDING THE NATION'S MONEY

THE NATIONAL BUDGET SYSTEM. By Charles Wallace Collins. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.25.

THIS book appeared just as Congress was passing "the largest money bills in the history of the world," as the newspapers declared. It occurred to nobody to remark that no other country votes money without some sort of a plan, without considering the taxes in connection with the expenditures, and without control of the expenditures by the body providing the funds. In all other countries the Executive controls the preparation of the money bills, and presents them to the Legislature as a whole in connection with the provision of taxes necessary to meet the expenses. Ratification is left to the Legislature, which assumes also power of audit to assure itself that the money is used as authorized. Some twenty billions has just been voted by our Congress in the customary manner, but with unusual peremptoriness. It is fresh in the public mind that there never was a single estimate of totals wanted. The Department requisitions came along one after the other, and sometimes there was more than one from the same department. After all departments were provided for there was a deficiency bill for millions, and there is a deficiency after the deficiency bill. Congress as usual did what it pleased with the estimates, increasing, decreasing, rewriting as it saw fit. The Treasury deals with the estimates in a clerical manner. The Secretary of the Treasury is not a finance minister, and has no authority over the department estimates. He cannot alter or even criticise them. He has no authority to control extravagance, nor even to suggest control to Congress. His functions amid this financial anarchy is mechanical. The departments are not coordinated in their finances any more than they are in their functions, and each of them is jealous of all the others.

The President and the Cabinet Secretaries are equally impotent. Neither he nor they control the Government expenses except through the President's veto, and that is used under conditions limiting its application. Often it is necessary to approve a money bill which contains items that would be disapproved if they stood alone. Fourteen independent committees of the House, and fifteen of the Senate deal separately with the requisitions which the departments present separately. Eighteen of these committees deal with the appropriation bills, the other eleven committees report the bills for pensions, buildings, river and harbor improvements, and other demands upon the Treasury. Still another committee of each House prepares the revenue bills. Inasmuch as it is of the essence of a budget that it shall present a summary of all expenses and all resources in a single statement, so that they may be considered in their relations to each other, it follows that the United States has no budget.

The explanation is that our Constitution gives to the House the power of initiative, and to the Senate the power of revision. Each House stands firmly upon its prerogative, although neither has the intimate knowledge of the Government's finances which is possessed by the departments. The practice is to take the last appropriation bills and to modify them by advice given by department officials summoned for the purpose. Cabinet ministers are not summoned, but sometimes volunteer. The Congressmen are not experts in Government finance, but they do not hesitate to alter the department recommendations either in detail or in matters of broad policy. Neither the committees nor the Houses confer with each other. The only rudiment of financial policy is in party caucuses, and here again there is duplication both for the separate parties and for the separate Houses. There is no joint caucus, nor any caucus to consider all financial proposals together. There is never at any time anything like a balance sheet prepared for our billion-dollar country. After the appropriations are passed in the piecemeal manner indicated the experts go over them and assemble the unrelated items. Then for the first time is known the totals for the various departments. Congress proposes, but the Executive disposes. The world-practice is just contrary. In other countries the Executive proposes and the Legislature disposes.

After the money is provided in this anarchical manner it is spent in equal freedom of control. There is a perfunctory audit by the Treasury Auditors. They do no more at best than compare the expenditure with the statutes and verify the arithmetic. All of them are appointed by the Executive which spends the money. They are subject to removal by the Executive, and in fact do change with party changes. Their tenure is political, and they do not hold office long enough to acquire experience. From time to time there are investigations of scandals in spending Government funds. Usually they are partisan in character and procedure, and their findings are contentious. If sound, they are no such deterrent upon financial profligacy as would be the certainty that all financial accounts would be scrutinized, independently, after the money is spent. Congress is jealous of its independence of the Executive, and yet Congress neglects to use a check upon the Executive more controlling than the function of initiating money bills. Groping after a better way is seen in the Republican movement for a committee upon the conduct of the war. The President rightly checked this proposal, for it was a plan to hamper him rather than to co-operate with him. Nevertheless the subject is not dead, the latest Washington telegrams saying that it will lead to a program of the next session. At that time it may be hoped that it will lose its character of mere opportune legislation, with a tincture of partisanship and antagonism between branches of Government in time of war. In that form it is indefensible. It would be more meritorious if it took the form of establishment of something like the Court of Accounts, as in France, or the establishment of a new sort of audit of Treasury accounts by the Legislature, as in England. The British manner is to check the finances of the party in power through a committee under the chairmanship of the opposition. That is neither mere opportunism, nor partisanship, nor scandal hunting. In that form the President might even propose rather than oppose a measure which contains the promise of saving him from the sure but obscure dangers of spending billions.

There are false friends of the spending power who would moderate their activities, who would take a chance of an investigation which might not be ordered, and which perhaps could be controlled if ordered, but who would fear more their ordeal before a committee representing the views of such critics of our money methods as Senator Weeks or Representative Fitzgerald. In reply the friends of the President were unable to urge anything except the duty of patriots not to embarrass the Executive in times like these. When the subject recurs Mr. Collins's book will be useful reinforcement of the friends of budget reform through its clear and authoritative account of the methods of other nations.

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An illustrated volume entitled "Telephone Apparatus" contains an introduction to the development and theory of telephony, written by George Defrees Shepardson, Professor of Electrical Engineering in the University of Minnesota. The author gives his subject what he calls a "systematic, historical, and theoretical treatment." (D. Appleton & Co. $3.)

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LATEST WORKS OF FICTION

(Continued from Page 475)

somewhat excessively virtuous clergyman. The author is evidently very fond of the South, for in her picture of Middleborough she uses no tint more sombre than rose color.

MARMADUKE

MARMADUKE. By Flora Annie Steel. Frederick A. Stokes Company. $1.40 net.

A VERY improbable and old-fashioned, but not altogether unentertaining, novel is the new story called "Marmaduke." But though it is the hero who gives his name to the volume, the book is dominated throughout by the heroine, Marrion Paul. The scene is laid in Scotland during the middle of the last century, and the hero is Captain the Honorable Marmaduke Muir, second son of the wicked and remarkable Lord Drummuir, and probable heir to his ancient title and estate, the eldest son being unmarried and a weakling. Marrion Paul is the granddaughter of Lord Drummuir's head piper and general majordomo, and she and Marmaduke had played together as children. When the book opens they meet for the first time after his ten years' absence in India, and from that moment their destinies are closely intermingled. Marmaduke, though strong in body, is feeble in character, and does not really amount to much, but Marrion's is an ennobling influence. Moreover, she has a talent for managing people, and likes to use it.

From Scotland the action of the tale shifts for a while to the East, and we are given a glimpse of the opening of the Crimean War and the battle of Inkerman, where 8,000 English troops held 60,000 Russians at bay until "in the nick of time 6,000 French troops arrived at the double" and turned mere resistance into victory. Through scenes of fire and pestilence the heroine moves, a veritable angel of mercy and right hand to the overworked Scottish doctor. But, though she is brave and good, the time comes when she realizes that during "her long years of self-sacrifice eve y step she had taken was a mistake," and that by "playing Providence" to other people she had perhaps greatly injured the being she loved best. It all comes out right in the end, however, as the reader has from the beginning been quite sure it would.

GRACE LORRAINE

GRACE LORRAINE: A Romance of an American Millionaire. By Douglas Sladen. New York: Brentano's. $1.40.

Grace Lorraine is not an American millionaire, but a member of the British aristocracy; nor is this novel her story in as complete a sense as the title would make us believe. It is a curious production, not merely because its subject-matter is as full of oddities as of complications, but because there are passages of vivid quality strangely hidden by unnecessary and often uninteresting detail.

The heroine's father is the founder of the "Via Pacis," a restored monastery which he has turned into a refuge for impecunious artists, who are his pensioners. When this worthy loses his money and appoints himself master of this remarkable institution, the property falls into the hands of an American millionaire. This gentleman, the caricature familiar to readers of British fiction, is intensely repugnant to Grace, whose horror at her reduced state is very well realized. He turns out to be the deus ex machina, however, who rescues Grace not merely from her unaccustomed poverty but from a personal relation whose difficulties form the main problem and interest of the book.

There is a great deal of fascinating material here of which the author has not taken advantage. The pensioners figure as far more important people for Grace than they do for the reader, and are on the whole a rather unconvincing set. Grace herself is said to be a charming creature; but the mere fact that a likable if uncultured youth desires her for his wife, despite her propensity to be a bluestocking, does not make her more obviously delightful. Indeed, this boy and Hestia Myrtle, writer of musical comedy and friend and enemy of the austere Grace, are the most clearly drawn characters in the volume. The fact of war enters into the book and complicates the situation, but it is treated so incidentally that the novel might almost be an ante-bellum one. It is more like a sketch for a novel than the actuality, because it is so full of interesting relations which are almost covered by a mass of dull irrelevancies. The conclusion is so incredible as to be quite unsatisfactory.

EXTRICATING OBADIAH

EXTRICATING OBADIAH. By Joseph C. Lincoln. Illustrated. D. Appleton & Co. $1.50 net.

Obadiah Burgess was a singularly guileless individual. He had formerly been ship's cook for Captain Noah Newcomb, and he regarded his old chief as the most remarkable of men, which was lucky for Obadiah. He had inherited a few thousand dollars and a house on Cape Cod from an aunt, and for a while was very happy indeed. But no sooner did he come to take possession of his property than a swarm of cheats and schemers descended upon him like so many locusts. They got him into a good deal of trouble, but fool though he was, he had sense enough to send for Captain Noah Newcomb, and the Captain, being a shrewd as well as a kindly and humorous individual, spent some time on the task of "extricating Obadiah."

While thus employed, he found plenty of spare moments in which to help a pair of young lovers, rescue an unhappy youth, conduct a successful courtship of his own, and teach a pair of scoundrels several much-needed lessons. He is a likable character, often amusing, and not too exaggerated to be credible—not even when he is trying to learn how to run an automobile of the type irreverently known as a flivver. The simple little story is familiar and commonplace, and the reader discovers the truth about Mrs. Mayo long before the Captain does, but it is a fairly entertaining tale, nevertheless, and Mr. Lincoln's admirers will no doubt give it a warm welcome.

WILLIAM AND WILLIAMINA

WILLIAM AND WILLIAMINA. By Frances R. Sterrett. Illustrated. D. Appleton & Co. $1.40 net.

William Kirwin, a bachelor living a hermit life and thoroughly disgusted with existence in general, one morning found a baby asleep in a rowboat. Although he did his best, he was unable to discover the child's parents, so he took care of her and named her Williamina. All this happened some nine years before the story opens, at which time William and Williamina are living happily together in a shack on the river bank a few miles from the little country town of Mifflin. And if old Peter Knox hadn't died and left his cottage to his young cousin Helen Spafford, they might have gone on living in their quiet way. But after Helen arrived other people came. They did not entirely approve—and no wonder—of the way William lived, and they thought Williamina needed a mother. Their efforts to discover her identity greatly worried William and Williamina, but of course it all ended happily, with no less than three love affairs.

Williamina is a remarkable child, who makes friends with every one and is extremely fortunate. When she picks up a tramp he does not steal the spoons, but proves an expert French cook, and remains to adore her and to cook for her. Still, she is amusing at times, and not quite so aggressively virtuous as some children in fiction. The most likable characters in the book are Dr. Grey and Marietta. William being a sort of masculine old maid. There are some entertaining bits in the book, but it is neither as lively nor as entertaining as some of its author's earlier work.

JEFFERSON GAWNE

THE VENGEANCE OF JEFFERSON GAWNE. By C. A. Seltzer. Chicago: A. C. McClurg & Co. $1.35.

This is a swiftly moving story of the fight of one man against a townful of cattle thieves and rustlers, and his emergence as master not merely over the lawless settlement but over his own brooding bitterness as well. Gawne had hated women ever since his brother was left with a gunwound in his side by a faithless wife and her lover. Yet his vengeance on the sex is influenced by the softening of his passions with the coming of a woman into his own life. The book is dominated by this man, just as he dominates the people in it. But it is not a study of character; every one in the tale, including the hero, might figure in a wild west show without even a sharpening of outlines.

It is more like a moving picture than a novel, one dramatic instant following another in a breathless succession of jealous intrigues and passionate encounters. It has all the qualities of a photoplay; the swiftness of events, the excitement of primitive battle for love and power, the brandishing of pistols, the rides into the desert, the devious plots of contriving villains, and the final triumph of the doughty hero. It has as well the peculiar character of the "movies" in that it carries one along, willy-nilly, bestowing its crude thrills and simple satisfactions like a turning reel, and leaving one as little troubled and perhaps more gratified. This effect is increased by the character of the illustrations, by P. V. E. Ivory, who has drawn several dramatic pictures in which lovely girls, horses, fierce men, and pistols pre-eminently figure.

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NOTABLE BOOKS IN BRIEF REVIEW

(Continued from Page 477)

modern poets" represented in "The Catholic Anthology" are wholly without favorable mention. This in itself might argue only a too inclusive taste, but Mr. Braithwaite does not stop there. His taste is not only inclusive but levelling; not in the sense of casting down the mighty to the ranks of the commonalty, but of exalting the commonalty to the seats of the mighty. No reader will object, for instance, to his praise of Rabindranath Tagore, but to conclude his panegyric with the bracket

"He bathes the spirit in the lustral waters of eternity," remarked Psyche.
"And the only American poet I have met with this year doing the same is Olive Tilford Dargan," Jason added,

savors somewhat of anticlimax.

Again, Mr. Braithwaite speaks justly enough of Madeline Bridges and of Louis Untermeyer in his lighter moods, and quotes delicious fragments from "—— and Other Poets." Yet over the page he says of a certain H. Stanley Haskins that he "hits off a humorous situation with true distinction," and quotes in proof a "Feminist Alphabet," one couplet of which runs

H is for HUSBAND, with resolute jaw,
Who, when you have children, is required by law,

And of another young humorist our anthologist observes, "I do want to quote this rather delicious exposition on the various religious sects," and proceeds to do so at length.

Since the book is largely conversation, the style is naturally colloquial. And that is an excellent style, as Hazlitt proved, if the author happens to be a good talker. One fears that Mr. Braithwaite is not. Such a phrase as "and intoxicants we are becoming by the gifts of a few wise modern poets" may be laid to careless proofreading. But what shall we say of a sentence like this, introducing the subject of Miss Amelia Josephine Burr's new book?

"Suppose you give us a little lecture on Miss Burr's poetry," suggested Jason.
"You know I caught a glimpse of her once in Rome, traveling with her mother. I think it was the same year I ran across Louis V. Ledoux and his charming wife in Italy just before they started for Spain, and he told me of having met A. E. Housman of the 'Shropshire Lad' on a train, and that the Englishman confessed that the only American poet he knew was Witter Bynner."

And though slang, like adversity, hath its uses, surely they are not to be looked for in a paragraph of serious and philosophic criticism. "Carcassone may be any old place or any old thing in the life of a man or woman" looks strange enough in a sentence following one which contains the name of Henry James.

But good books have been written in a worse style than Mr. Braithwaite's. His greatest fault is his vast indiscriminateness. It leads him not only to promiscuous praise, but to page after page of description and comment which have no connection whatever with the matter in hand. Mr. Braithwaite is too conscientious a writer consciously to pad a book, yet "The Poetic Year" is thick with padding. Perhaps his very conscientiousness is at fault. For years he has tilled a reluctant soil to poetical fruitfulness, and it is small wonder that he should feel a personal fondness and responsibility for every green shoot that soil produces. Small wonder (but a great pity) that his fondness and his zeal should lead him to overfertilization and to hesitate at the cruel kindness of thinning!

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES. By Franklin P. Adams. New York: Doubleday, Page & Co. $1.

As any one might know by mention of "F. P. A." as the author, this is a delightful book. It is so full of a number of things! It is amusing in so many different ways, with so sly and whimsical a humor. It pokes fun at people, and things, and pretensions, and customs. It translates Horace, of course, in the words of the most modern slang. It parodies Amy Lowell to the tune of a taxi meter, and Sara Teasdale to the accompaniment of the tender attentions of mosquitos on Riverside Drive. It tells the tale of a baseball game as seen by "Our Own Mr. Ruggles," and presents bits of "anthologies" after the manner of Edgar Lee Masters. It sings in goodly rhyme and rhythm the ballades of divers "strange adventures" in which the usual unexpected ending is dispensed with and everything turns out, mirabile dictu, precisely as might have been foreseen. It retells the tale of "Jenny Kissed Me" in the words of Arnold Bennett, and carols "It's a Long Way to Tipperary" after the manner of James Oppenheim, Eugene Field, A. E. Housman, and the translators of Horace and Xenophon. It turns "Drink to Me Only with Thine Eyes" into free verse; and eke "Jack Spratt" and "Little Miss Muffet." And it contains many a gay, trilling verse that defies classification, such as this gem of human understanding:

O Brotherhood of Engineers,
O Brotherhood of Train-and-Firemen,
Gaze on the suppliant salty tears
Wept by this lowliest of the lyremen.

O mighty railroad Presidents,
Debating how to help the nation
By saving corporate expense—
Harken to mine interrogation:

What is there in the common law,
The statutes of exchange and barter,
From Portland to Communipaw,
What is there in the railroad's charter—

What is there—something, I am sure;
What is there—this my query weighty—
That makes you keep the temperature
Of so-called sleeping cars at 80?

MARK TWAIN AS A LETTER WRITER

(Continued from Page 473)

expressed his thanks for a volume of Kipling's verse:

I have been reading "The Bell Buoy" and Kipling's work—and saving up the rest for other leisurely and luxurious meals. A bell buoy is a deeply impressive fellow-being. In these many recent trips up and down the Sound in the Kanawha, (Mr. Rogers's yacht,) he talked to me nightly, sometimes in his pathetic and melancholy way, sometimes with his strenuous and urgent note, and I got his meaning—now I have his words! No one but Kipling could do this strong and vivid thing. Some day I hope to hear the poem chanted or sung—with the bell buoy breaking in out of the distance.

And here, finally, is a part of the letter to me about Sir Walter Scott:

I haven't been out of my bed for four weeks, but—well, I have been reading a good deal, and it occurs to me to ask you to sit down, some time or other when you have eight or nine months to spare, and let me down a certain few literary particulars for my help and elevation. Your time need not be thrown away, for at your further leisure you can make Columbian lectures out of the results and do your students a good turn.

1. Are there in Sir Walter's novels passages done in good English—English which is neither slovenly or involved?
2. Are there passages whose English is not poor and thin and commonplace, but is of a quality above that?
3. Are there passages which burn with real fire—not punk, fox-fire, make believe?
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5. Has he personages whose acts and talk correspond with their charactere as described by him?
6. Has he heroes and heroines whom the reader admires, admires and knows why?
7. Has he funny characters that are funny, and humorous passages that are humorous?
8. Does he ever claim the reader's interest, and make him reluctant to lay the book down?
9. Are there pages where he ceases from posing, ceases from admiring the placid flood and flow of his own dilutions, ceases from being artificial, and is for a time, long or short, recognizably sincere and in earnest?
10. Did he know how to write English, and didn't do it because he didn't want to?
11. Did he use the right word only when he couldn't think of any other one, or did he run so much to wrong because he didn't know the right one when he saw it?
12. Can you read him and keep your respect for him? Of course a person could in his day—an era of sentimentality and sloppy romantics—but land! can a body do it today?

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CHRISTMAS BOOKS
A list of two hundred holiday books will appear in the Holiday Number of The New York Times Review of Books, Sunday, December 2, so that intending purchasers will see them at a glance under the classifications—fiction, poetry, history, biography, art, travel, and science—with brief descriptions of each book.
Net paid circulation of the Sunday edition of The New York Times exceeds 400,000 copies.

WITH AUTHORS AND PUBLISHERS

LIEUTENANT CONINGSBY DAWSON, author of "Carry On," whose articles on "Literature in the Trenches" in the AUTUMN BOOK NUMBER OF THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW will be remembered, has returned to Europe, arriving in London last Sunday. He was wounded in battle a year ago and the wound developed so bad a case of gas gangrene that the surgeons decided to amputate his arm as the only means of saving his life. He refused to permit the operation, finally recovered, and saved his arm also. While convalescing he spent several months in the United States.

Ralph Connor, who, as Chaplain of the Forty-third Cameron Highlanders of Canada, has been since the beginning of the war Major Charles W. Gordon, has written a war novel, "The Major," which the Dorans have ready for immediate publication. By means of the life story of a Canadian boy who grows up in the novel, enlists when the war comes, and goes to the front, the author has tried to show the sources of the valor, the gallant fighting spirit, and fortitude of the Canadian soldiers.

By way of showing to American readers something of the spirit that animates the Italian armies, Klyda Richardson Steege, an American woman who has lived in Italy for many years, has made a collection of letters written to their friends at home by Italian soldiers of all ranks and of all social degrees, which will be published shortly by E. P. Dutton & Co. under the title "We of Italy."

Wilfrid Wilson Gibson recently made his fourth attempt to enlist in the English Army, and, after having been rejected three times, was accepted for service. It is rumored that he will have a new book of poems ready for publication in the Spring.

The Macmillans announce the early publication of a book, written before the opening of the war by Donald Hankey, whose "Student in Arms" has been widely read and discussed. It will be called "The Church and the Man," and is said to deal with the average man and his attitude toward religion.

On the day of the publication of his handbook for recruits, "The Cantonment Manual," Major W. G. Kilner, its author, was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel and attached to the staff of Brig. Gen. Faloia, who is in France.

Arthur Stacey Riggs, author of "France from Sea to Sea," who lately returned from three months in the trenches of France and Belgium, has started upon a lecture tour of the country which will carry him from the eastern to the western coast. His subject will be various phases of the war. He is also at work upon a new book treating of certain human and moral aspects of the war, among them the psychology behind the atrocities committed by the German soldiers, to which he has devoted a great deal of study.

"Rising Japan," which the Putnams will publish shortly, is a study of the developments and spirit of that nation by the Rev. Jabez T. Sunderland, who has twice spent a year or more in the Island Kingdom, the last time in 1913-1914 as Billings lecturer in Japan, China, and India. The book will have a foreword by Lindsey Russell, President of the Japan Society.

The ninety-seventh anniversary of the birth of George Eliot occurs this week, and Lina Wright Beede's "George Eliot and Thomas Hardy," which Mitchell Kennerley will issue this month, is in a certain measure in celebration of the date. The book is a study and comparison of the women characters of the two novelists.

"Grimm's Fairy Tales," which have just been brought out in a new edition illustrated by Louis Rhead by the Harpers, are a little more than one hundred years old in their collected form. The two Grimm brothers gathered them from many sources and published them in 1812 under the title "Children's and Household Tales." George Cruikshank illustrated the first English version which appeared in 1823.

"Germany's 'Annexationist' Aims" is another indictment of Germany out of her own mouth, which E. P. Dutton & Co. have ready for immediate publication. It has been translated, abbreviated, arranged, and introduced by J. Ellis Barker from a voluminous work by S. Grumbach, a German publicist, that was published at Lausanne early in the present year. Herr Grunbach brought together an enormous quantity of extracts from German books, periodicals, newspapers, and public men, showing that every stratum of German thought and life had been for years looking forward to increase of territory through a successful war. Mr. Barker, who has put the book into English form, has long been recognized as an authority on German politics, life, and literature.

The Fleming H. Revell Company announces the early publication of a biography of Alice Gordon Gulick, an American woman who did brilliant work as a Christian educator in Spain. A graduate of Mount Holyoke and later the wife of the Rev. William Hooker Gulick, she as a missionary under the Woman's Board of the Congregational Church worked for many years in Spain. She Institute Internacional in Madrid and the Colegio Internacional in Barcelona are outgrowths of her efforts. The publication of her biography marks the twenty-fifth anniversary of the founding of the Institute. The book has been written by her sister, Elizabeth Putnam Gordon.

The James T. White Company of 70 Fifth Avenue has engaged in the venture of bringing out a series of volumes of American poetry. The first, by Edward Cowles, is a recent publication, and others to appear in rapid succession will be respectively by Amelia Burr, Clinton Scollard, and Blanche Shoemaker Wagstaff.

LATEST PUBLICATIONS

(Continued from Page 480)

THE HAPPIPATS AND THE GROUCH. By Kate Jordan. 8vo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.
Illustrated storybook for children.

THE BOOK OF SEVEN WISHES. By Gertrude Allen Kay. 8vo. New York: Moffat Yard & Co. $1.50.
Stories for children.

MEOW JONES. By Edward Branch Lyman. 12mo. New York: George H. Doran Company. $1.
Illustrated story for children.

THE BABYHOOD OF WILD BEASTS. By Georgia M. McNally. 8vo. New York: George H. Doran Company.
Illustrated book of true stories about baby beasts.

TALES OF THE PERSIAN GENII. Retold by Frances Jenkins Olcott. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $2.
Collection of Persian wonder tales, with four color illustrations by Willy Pogany.

MR. TURTLE'S FLYING ADVENTURE. By Albert Bigelow Paine. 12mo. New York: Harper & Brothers. (Hollow Tree Stories.) 50 cents.
Illustrated animal story.

THE BELGIAN TWINS. By Lucy Fitch Perkins. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.25.
A story for children.

LITTLE WOODCRAFTER'S BOOK. By Lillian Elizabeth Roy. 12mo. New York: George H. Doran Company. $1.25.
Essays, sketches, and stories for young readers.

IN PICTURE LAND. By Florence W. Switton. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.
Children's favorite masterpieces, with little stories in verse.

ABOUT PEGGY SAVILLE. By Mrs. George de Horne Vaizey. 12mo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $1.25.
A story for girls.

THIS YEAR'S BOOK FOR CHILDREN. 8vo. New York: George H. Doran Company.
Illustrated stories for small children.

THIS YEAR'S BOOK FOR BOYS. 8vo. New York: George H. Doran Company.
Illustrated stories for boys.

New Editions

THE TREATMENT OF INFECTED WOUNDS. By A. Carrel and G. Dehelly. 12mo. New York: Paul B. Hoeber. $2.
An English edition with an introduction by Sir Anthony A. Bowlby.

GOD THE KNOWN AND GOD THE UNKNOWN. By Samuel Butler. 12mo. New Haven: Yale University Press. $1.
First published in England in a series of articles in The Examiner in 1879.

HOW TO MAKE THE RAILWAYS PAY FOR THE WAR. By Roy Hershman. 8vo. New York: D. Van Nostrand Company. $2.
Second edition.

QUENTIN DURWARD. By Sir Walter Scott. 12mo. New York: Charles E. Merrill Company.
Edited, with introduction and notes, for Merrill's series of English Texts.

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Boni & Liveright	29			
Boston News Bureau	484		256	
Britton Publishing Co.	215		73	250
The Century Company	446	104	462	106
George H. Doran & Co.	668	230	440	676
Doubleday Page & Co.	177		156	83
Duffield & Co.			142	
E. P. Dutton & Co.	1014	793	732	434
Four Seas Co.	148			120
Harper & Brothers	700		669	293
Henry Holt & Co.	223		41	
Houghton Mifflin & Co.	758		319	296
B. W. Huebsch			306	
The John Lane Co.	274	168	164	102
J. B. Lippincott & Co.	100	60	72	
Little, Brown & Co.	400	152	408	154
The Macmillan Co.	1178	1871	557	718
A. C. McClurg & Co.	1716	942	2209	1782
New York Evening Post (Books)	722			
Penn Publishing Co.	299		251	263
G. P. Putnam's Sons	547	212	387	161
Chas. Scribner's Sons	435		626	53
Small, Maynard & Co.	247			
Frederick A. Stokes & Co.	283	291	126	122
W. J. Watt & Co.	137			
Reilly & Britton			153	31
Marshall Field & Co.	1216	710	724	364
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.	681		859	399
Mandel Bros.	104			
Boston Store	276	100	103	167
The Fair	436		112	
Rothschild & Co.	453			
Siegel Cooper & Co.			43	
Total	14,744	5,690	10,594	6,574

The Tribune also printed 2,970 lines of Harper subscription book advertising in their Sunday Rotogravure Magazine Supplement.

"Out of Chicago comes a page of book reviews that is a revelation * * * the reviews *are* reviews and not meticulous criticisms of minor points on which there is reasonable doubt. I take off my hat to it."
—*Richardson Wright, author, traveler and editor of "House and Garden."*

The Chicago Daily News

"IT COVERS CHICAGO"

QUERIES AND ANSWERS

ANSWERS BY THE EDITOR

R. H. C.—Will you please print the name of the author of the following lines and the title of the poem from which they are taken?

Seven hundred years and fifty-three
Had Rome been growing up in might,
And now was queen of land and sea.
No sound was heard of clashing wars,
Peace brooded o'er the hushed domain;
Apollo, Pallas, Jove, and Mars,
Held undisturbed their ancient reign,
In the solemn midnight centuries ago.

The lines quoted above comprise practically the first stanza of "A Christmas Hymn" by Alfred Domett, (1811-1887,) who was a distinguished British colonial statesman and who for over thirty years held important political offices in New Zealand. "A Christmas Hymn," his best known poem, was printed in Blackwood's Magazine in 1837. His chief poetical work is "Ranolf and Amohia, a South Sea Day Dream," which appeared in 1872, and in which the author described the wonderful scenery in New Zealand, and the legends, character, and habits of the Maori inhabitants. In 1877 he published a volume of poetry entitled "Flotsam and Jetsam: Rhymes Old and New." A poem entitled "Venice," by Domett, was published in 1839.

Domett was born at Camberwell Grove, Surrey, England, and was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge. He was called to the bar in 1841, and the following year settled in New Zealand. He was a great friend of Robert Browning, and his departure from England was mourned by Browning in the poem "Waring." Domett filled in succession nearly all the chief administrative offices in New Zealand, including Secretary to the Colony in 1851 and that of Prime Minister, 1862-1863. He retired to private life in 1871, and returned to England, where he died in 1887.

Southern Literary Messenger

J. D. W.—What is the value of copies of the Southern Literary Messenger published in Richmond, Va., during the forties and containing contributions by Edgar Allan Poe?

This magazine has a value of from $5 to $10 a volume for the earlier years of its existence. Poe was the associate editor of the magazine from August, 1835, until January, 1837, and the eighteen numbers covered by this period, in good condition, can readily be sold at good prices to collectors of Poe's writings.

Stevenson's "Requiem"

H. R. F.—Will you kindly print the short poem written by Robert L. Stevenson for his epitaph?

The poem for which our correspondent asks is "The Requiem," and is as follows:

Under the wide and starry sky,
Dig the grave and let me lie:
Glad did I live and gladly die,
And I laid me down with a will.

This be the verse you grave for me:
"Here he lies, where he longed to be;
Home is the sailor, home from the sea,
And the hunter home from the hill."

ANSWERS FROM READERS

J. S. CARPENTER.—I am inclosing a copy of one of the poems asked for by "J. L. H." in THE REVIEW of Sept. 23. I do not know the author nor do I know where the poem can be found, as it was sent to me by a friend over three years ago.

BECAUSE HE'S MY FRIEND.

He may be six kinds of a liar,
He may be ten kinds of a fool;
He may be a blooming high-flier
Without any reason or rule.
There may be a shadow above him
Of ruin and woes that impend;
I may not respect, but I love him—
I love him because he's my friend.

I know he has faults by the billion,
But his faults are a portion of him;
I know that his record's vermilion,
He's far from a sweet seraphim—
But he's always been square with "yours truly,"
Ever ready to give or to lend,
And tho' he is wild and unruly
I love him because he's my friend.

I know him, I know, but I do it
The same to his face as away;
And if other folks knock—well, they rue it
And wish they'd had nothing to say.
I never make diagrams of him,
No maps of his soul have I penned;
I don't analyze—I just love him,
Because—well, because he's my friend.

On a Sun Dial

MARY O. GRAY.—In reference to the inscription on a sun dial about which E. C. Frost wrote in your issue of Sept. 30 I have been moved to send you what I have just read on a sun dial in Pittsfield, Mass. It may be what is wanted. I do not know the author, but these are the words:

Let others tell of storms and showers,
I'll only mark your sunny hours.

Door in the Wall

P. H. PARR.—The story referred to by "J. D. L." in The Book Review for Aug. 19 was published in the Premier Magazine (London) either last year or the one before. So far as I remember it was entitled "The Door in the Wall," and was by Jerome K. Jerome, but I am not certain. Anyway, it was one of a short set of unusually high-grade short stories written by prominent authors.

A Friend or Two

ELNORE J. COOK.—Referring to the appeal of R. J. Taylor in your issue of Oct. 28 for the poem in which the lines "A little love and laughter—many tears" appear it is probable that it might be the poem "A Friend or Two," by Wilbur D. Nesbit. It is published in booklet form by F. P. Volland & Co., Chicago, Ill.

"Way Through the Woods"

FRANCES J. SHRIVER.—The poem quoted by James Barron in your Appeals to Readers of Sept. 2, begining:

They shut the road through the woods
Seventy years ago.
Weather and rain have undone it again—

is Kipling's "The Way Through the Woods," which introduces the story "Merklete Witches" in the volume "Rewards and Fairies," published by Doubleday, Page & Co.

APPEALS TO READERS

RALIA DONALDSON.—Can any of your readers inform me from what contemporary American fiction is the following quotation?

Mere plants can love the light, but have not the beautiful mercy to share their loveliness with foul places. The human heart is a finer work. It can if it will turn its white light upon darkness, so that out of it even a single seed may take heart and grow. * * * The heart should keep its thousand doors all open, each heartstring a latchstring and each latchstring out.

"Back of the Bread"

P. R. F.—Can any reader name the author and supply the words of the poem, part of which follows?

Back of the bread is the snowy flour,
Back of the flour is the mill,
Back of the mill is the wheat and the shower,
And the sun, and the Father's will.

"America's Prayer"

E. S. WOODWARD.—Can any reader inform me where I may obtain the words of a poem entitled "America's Prayer," and by whom it is written? I have heard it read or sung somewhere, and have only been able to remember the following:

Great God of nations warring now,
Our prayer for courage, strength, and might
Shall rise to thee. Oh, hear our vow,
And aid us to uphold the right.

"Song of the Marines"

F. L. R.—Can any reader supply the lines of "The Song of the Marines," from which the following lines are quoted?

If the army and the navy
Ever come to Heaven's scenes,
They'll find the streets are guarded
By the U. S., Marines.

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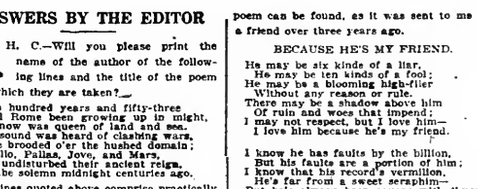

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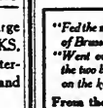

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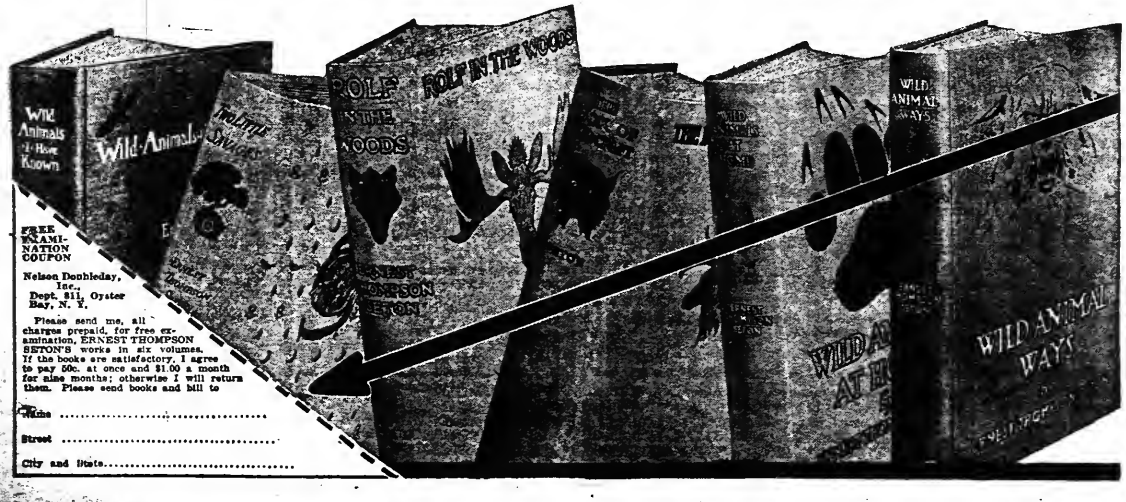

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In Two Parts: Part 5

The New York Times

Sunday,
November 18, 1917

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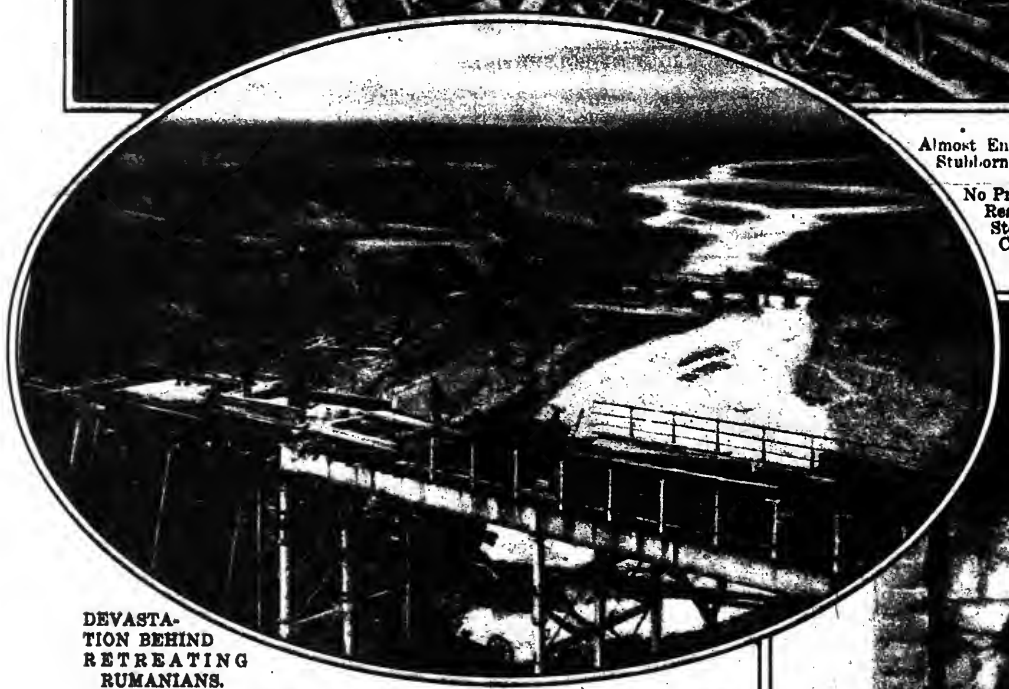
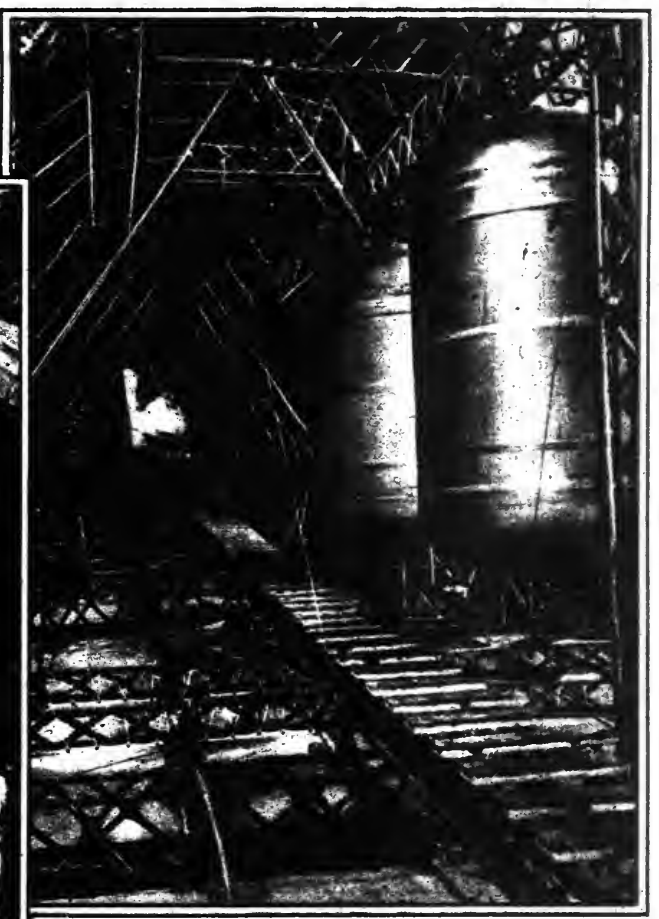
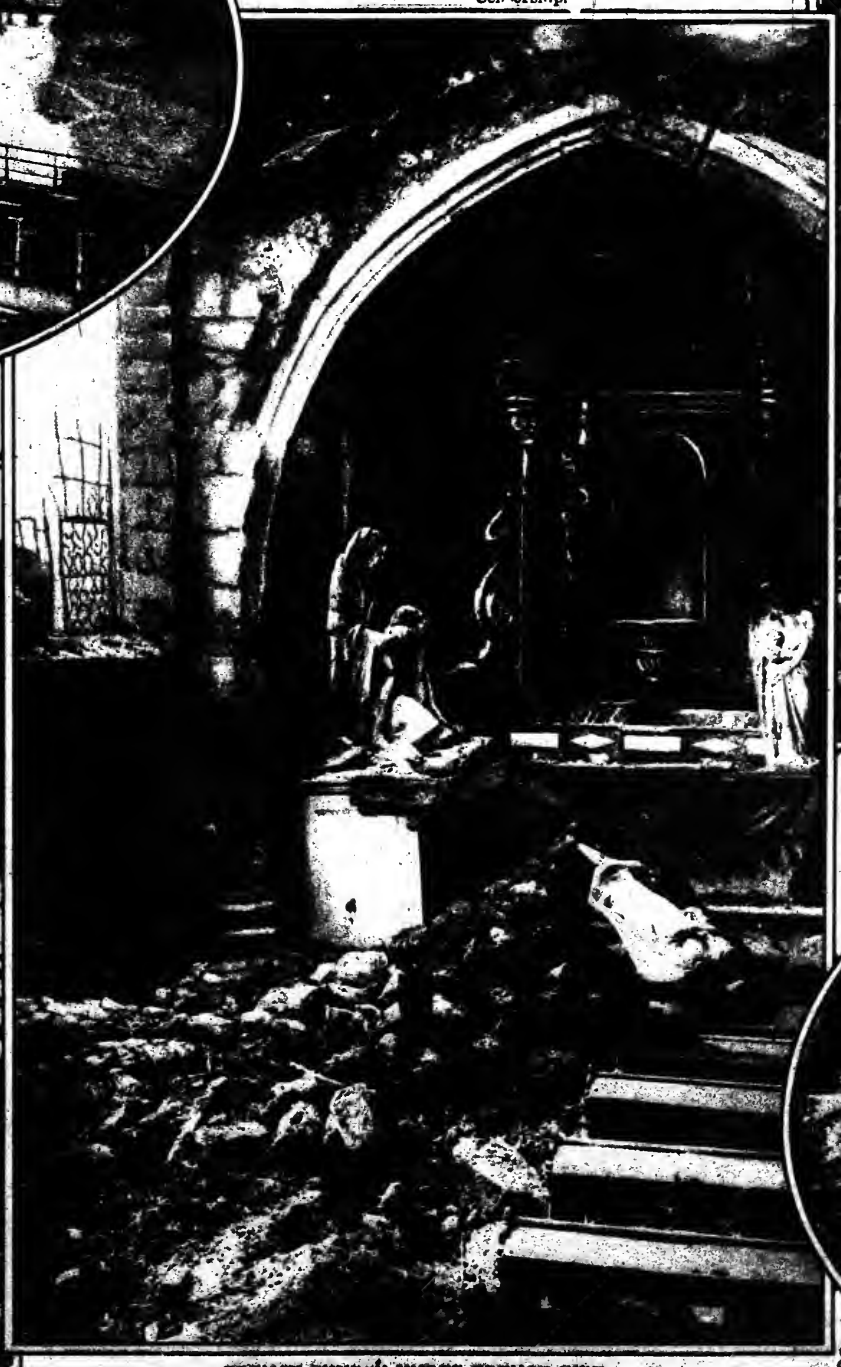
No Previous Photograph of the Ruined City Has Reached America. For Reasons Not Publicly Explained, the British Censorship Has Usually Stopped German Pictures as Well as Periodicals Mailed to This Country. The German Photographs on This Page Arrived from Holland a Few Days Ago, in an Envelope Bearing No Signs of Censorship.



DEVASTATION BEHIND RETREATING RUMANIANS.
A Bridge Destroyed in the Course of Their Retirement Is Shown Under Reconstruction by the Advancing Germans of von Mackensen's Army.



HOW A ZEPPELIN LOOKS INSIDE.
This Is the Interior of L-49, the Only Zeppelin Balloon Captured Intact Since the War Began. The Two Large Cylinders on the Right Are Emergency Gas Tanks.
(Gillams Service.)



FRENCH CHURCH UNDER FRENCH FIRE.
It Is Easy to Imagine the Regret with Which French Artillerymen Have Been Obliged to Bombard the Germans in the Town of St. Hilaire, Where This Church Has Been Wrecked.

GRAVE OF AN ENGLISH AVIATOR BROUGHT DOWN BEHIND THE GERMAN LINES BY BARON VON RICHTHOFEN.
The Inscription Reads: "Here Rests the English Captain Tom Rees, of the R. F. C., Killed in Aerial Combat, Sept. 17, 1916."

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M. BORTEUSE,
the French Hunter, Who Prevented the Crew of L-49 from Destroying the Craft Just After the Landing in France.

LENINE AND TROTZKY IN A GROUP OF BOLSHEVIKI LEADERS

Russia's Radical "Premier," Nikolai Lenine, Is the Man with a Long Beard at the Right. Leon Trotzky, the Bolsheviki "Foreign Minister," Stands Next to Him. The Photograph Was Taken Beside the Grave of a Rebel Killed During Rioting in the First Attempt to Overthrow Kerensky's Government.

(Photos by Donald Thompson, from Central News Photo Service.)

NIKOLAI LENINE
SPEAKING TO A CROWD
OF HIS FOLLOWERS IN PETROGRAD BEFORE HE WENT INTO HIDING FROM KERENSKY.

ARMORED TRUCKS ON THE ADMIRALTY PLAZA.

REVOLUTIONARY DEMONSTRATION NEAR THE RUSSIAN ADMIRALTY BUILDING.

KRONSTADT SOLDIERS MARCHING THROUGH PETROGRAD LAST JULY, WHEN LENINE WAS FIRST ATTEMPTING TO OVERTHROW THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

CAPTAIN OF THE 56TH REGIMENT COMMITTEE ADDRESSING KRONSTADT SOLDIERS IN FRONT OF A BANNER INSCRIBED: "WE WANT LAND, LIBERTY AND PEACE."

ARMY AMBULANCE MEN BIVOUAC IN BROAD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
Having Come to the City for a Football Game with a Marine Corps Team, They Made a Regular Camp and Prepared Their Luncheon on the Pavements, While Interested Crowds Looked On.

(© International Film Service, Inc.)

THE LATE ALFRED G. VANDERBILT'S FAMOUS GRAY FOUR-IN-HAND TEAM DRAWING A COACH DOWN FIFTH AVENUE.
Miss Marion Hollins Is Driving, and the Passengers Are Women Bound for the Horse Show on the Opening Day, Last Monday. (Times Photo Service.)

AMERICAN SOLDIERS BARGAINING FOR GREEN VEGETABLES WITH SMALL VENDORS IN A FRENCH TOWN.
(Gilliams Service.)

Mrs. Fiske as George Sand and Jose Ruben as Alfred de Musset in "Madame Sand," Opening at the Criterion Theatre Tomorrow Evening.
(White Studio.)

A NEW PHOTOGRAPH OF SIR DOUGLAS HAIG, BRITISH COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF ON THE WEST FRONT.
(© by Underwood & Underwood.)

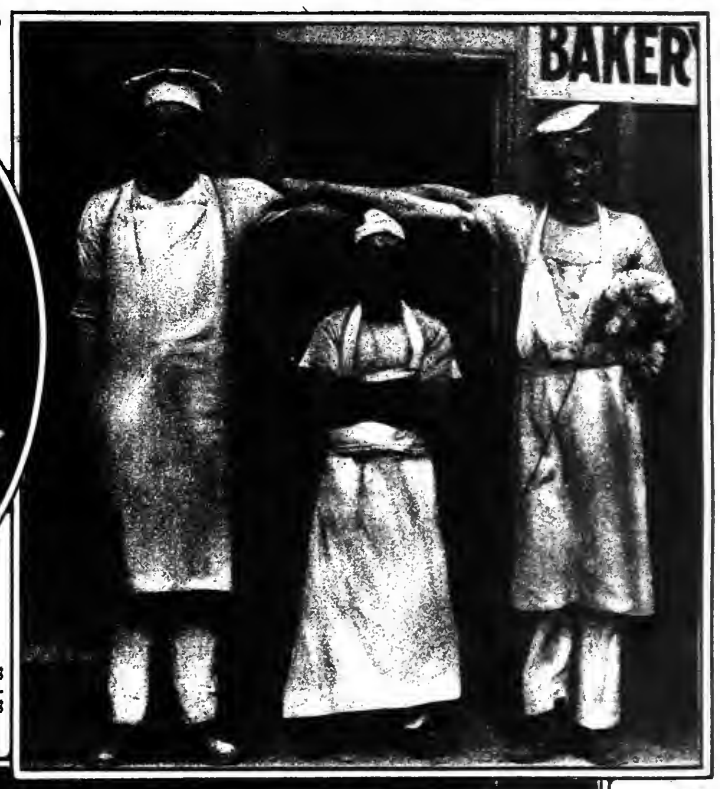
WOMEN WORKING IN AN ITALIAN MUNITIONS FACTORY.
(International Film Service.)

LAURETTE TAYLOR IN "THE WOOING OF EVE" AT THE LIBERTY THEATRE.
(Davis & Sanford Company.)

LIQUID FIRE USED BY THE FRENCH ON THE WEST FRONT TO ROUT THE ENEMY FROM PROTECTED POSITIONS IN WOODS AT THE LEFT.
(© Committee on Public Information, from W. N. U.)

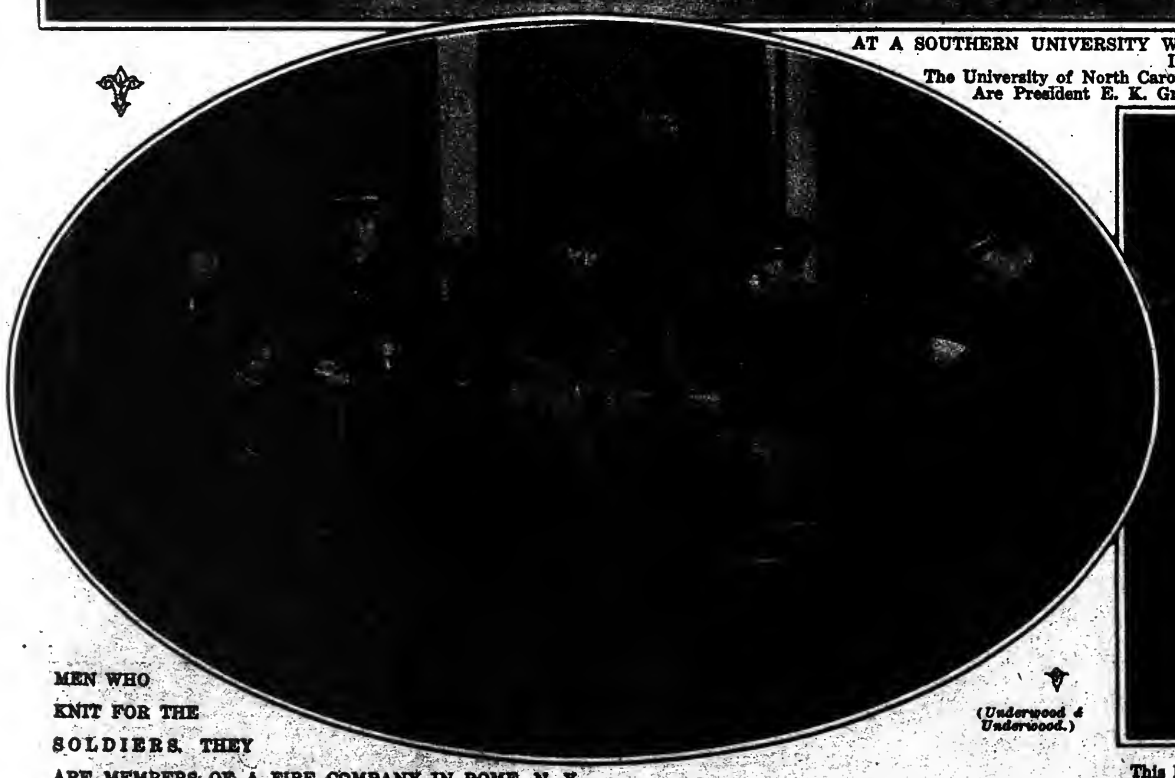
NEW YORK FIRE ATTRIBUTED TO PLOTTERS.
After the Burning of the Washburn Wire Company's Plant Last Sunday Night It Was Discovered That Many Enemy Aliens Had Been Employed There and Had Violated Rules Barring Them from River Front.
(© Underwood & Underwood.)

GENERAL SIR HENRY H. WILSON, BRITAIN'S MEMBER OF THE ALLIED MILITARY COMMITTEE, DIRECTING ITALIAN OPERATIONS WITH GENERALS CADORNA AND FOCH.
(Central News Photo Service.)



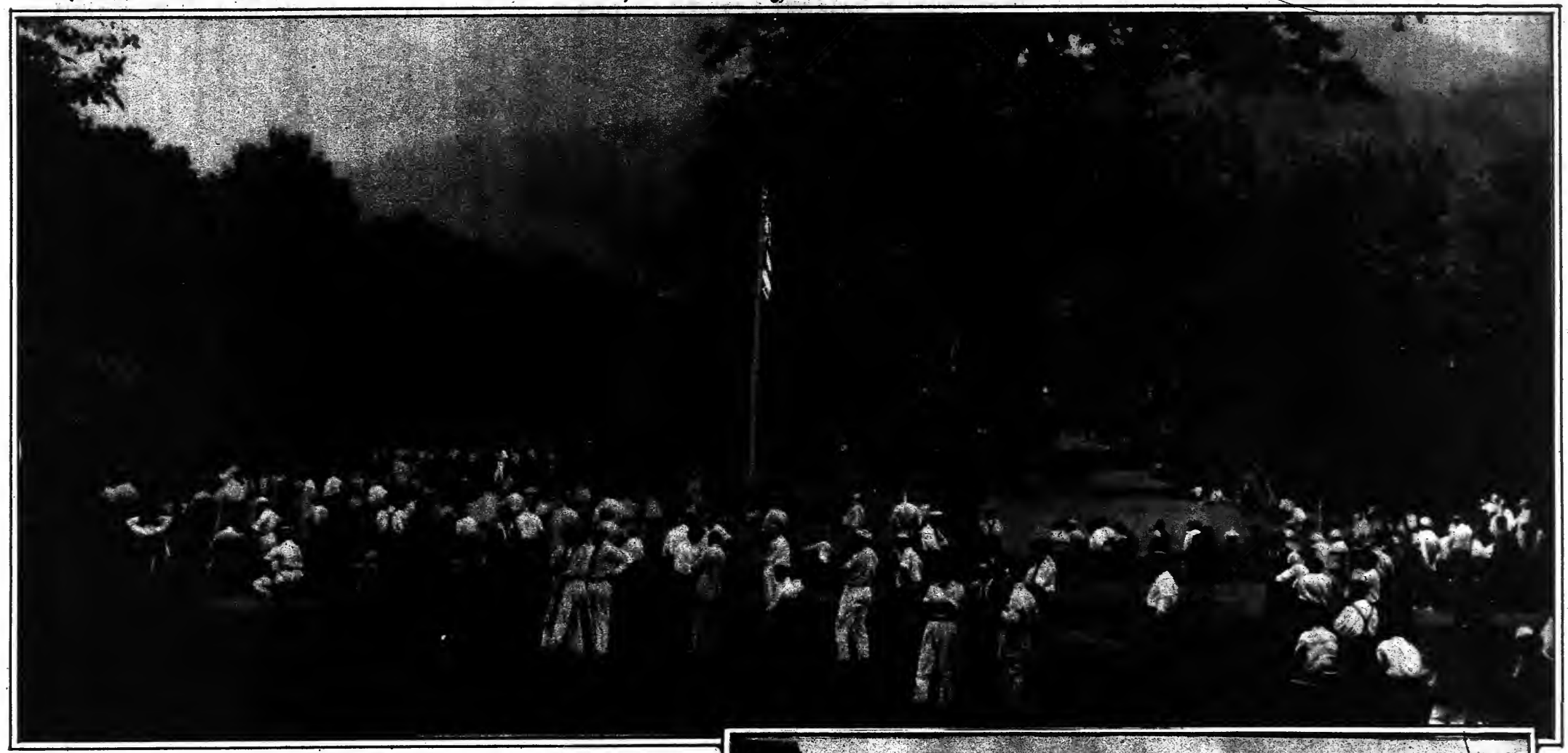
BIG MEN AND LITTLE IN THE NATIONAL ARMY.
In the Bakery Force at Camp Devens Are W. F. Simpson, (Centre,) 5 Ft. 2 Inches Tall; Corporal C. E. Barnett, (Left,) 6 Ft. 3 Inches, and Jack Ras, (Right,) 6 Ft.
(© International Film Service.)

AT A SOUTHERN UNIVERSITY WHERE NEARLY EVERY STUDENT VOLUNTEERED FOR MILITARY TRAINING AND ALL INTERCOLLEGIATE ATHLETICS HAVE BEEN ABOLISHED.
The University of North Carolina Battalion Receiving National and Regimental Colors Presented by Two Alumni. In the Foreground Are President E. K. Graham, Miss Mary Patterson, and Captain Allen of the "Princess Pat" Canadian Light Infantry.



MEN WHO KNIT FOR THE SOLDIERS. THEY ARE MEMBERS OF A FIRE COMPANY IN ROME, N. Y.
(Underwood & Underwood.)

DRAFTED MEN ALREADY DIGGING REAL TRENCHES.
This Picture from Camp Devens, Massachusetts, Shows How Rapid Has Been the Training of Young Men Who Knew Nothing of Soldiering a Few Weeks Ago.
(© International Film Service.)



GERMAN PRISONERS ENJOYING LIFE IN UNCLE SAM'S CARE.
Here They Are on the Beautiful Grounds of the Internment Camp at Hot Springs, N. C. The German Government Is Being Kept Informed of the Good Treatment Accorded to War Captives in America.

AMERICAN CONGRESSMEN IN LONDON, STUDYING ENGLAND'S PART IN THE WAR.
In the Group Are: Representatives Goodwin of Arkansas, Hicks of New York, Johnson, Dill and Miller of Washington; Stephens of Nebraska, Dale of Vermont, Parker of New Jersey, Timberlake of Nebraska and Taylor of Colorado.
(International Film Service.)

WAR'S RAVAGES ALREADY KNOWN TO VENICE.
Typical Wreckage of Dwelling Houses Caused by Austrian Air Bombs in the Italian City Long Before It Was Threatened With Occupation by the Enemy.
(Central News Photo Service.)

START OF THE NATIONAL JUNIOR CROSS COUNTRY RACE ON NOVEMBER 10 AT VAN CORTLANDT PARK
It Was Won by G. T. Nightingale, No. 180. He Is Seen in a Black Sweater Near the Front.
(Times Photo Service.)

CHINESE LABORERS LIKE THESE HAVE ARRIVED IN FRANCE IN LARGE NUMBERS WITHIN THE LAST FEW MONTHS.
(Central News Photo Service.)

TURNING THE TABLES ON THE WEST FRONT.
A German Observation Post Now Used by the British.
(Central News Photo Service.)

MODERN ARMOR RIVALS ANCIENT MAKE-UP.
A Stalwart in Medieval Body Armor Meets a British Tommy at Home on Leave. It Can Be Seen at Once That Tommy, Though Not Quite So Heavily Laden, Knows Something About Protecting Himself.
(International Film Service.)

VOLUNTEER WORKERS MAKING RED CROSS CHRISTMAS PACKETS FOR AMERICAN SOLDIERS AND SAILORS, AT THE HEADQUARTERS IN MADISON AVENUE. (*Brown Bros.*)

EDITH HALLOW IN "LEAVE IT TO JANE," AT THE LONGACRE. (*Ira Hill.*)

MISS ALICE PAUL, THE WOMAN PICKET WHO HAS BEEN FORCIBLY FED SINCE GOING TO JAIL FOR CREATING A DISTURBANCE AT THE WHITE HOUSE. (*©Harris & Ewing, From Paul Thompson.*)

FRED STONE AND THE SUNSHINE GIRLS IN "JACK O'LANTERN," AT THE GLOBE THEATRE. (*White Studio.*)

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WHEN the leaves have fallen, does your garden lose its charm? Would you like a garden you can enjoy all Winter? A Winter garden is a quiet, reposeful place, a Pine and Fir-scented place, a place illuminated by the white bark of the Birch and the red berries of the Holly, a place where the birds twitter their appreciation of the shelter from the cold wind, where the warmth and glow of the sun is reflected and where the environment is happy and cheerful when the days are dull and depressing. You admire the beauty of the Pines. Possibly you are not acquainted with our big Firs and Spruces. They are real beauties. When nature has wrought her worst havoc with snow and sleet, their beauty is only intensified as they bend fantastically under their icy load and glisten with crystal drapery. Come and study them. You will enthuse over their rare beauty and be glad to add it to your landscape. While you are here we will show you many rare plants that you can weave in. Then there are the brilliant-berried shrubs, as Black Alder, High-bush Cranberry, and Barberry, and bulbs which are apt to smile anytime during warm spells, as Winter Aconite, Crocus, Snowdrop, Adonis, Narcissus, and Hellebore. Why not arrange for a Winter garden? We shall be glad to go into details with you or your landscape architect. We guarantee rare beauty during a period that is otherwise desolate. Write us today, or 'phone or visit us tomorrow.

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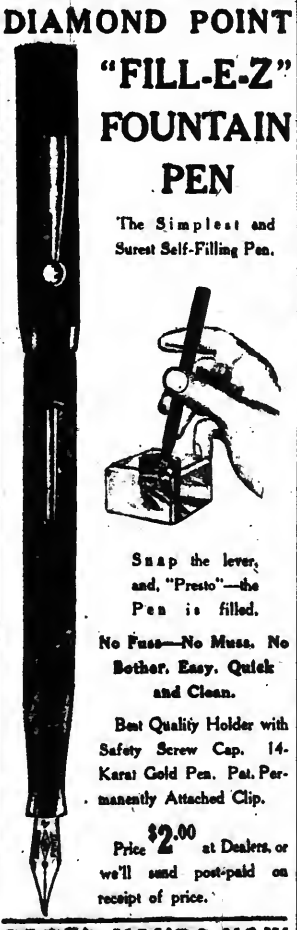

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The Liberty Vacuum Cleaner does not chase dirt nor scatter it around from place to place. It collects it—gets it all—and puts it out of the way. It has all the merits of the old-fashioned carpet sweeper and vacuum cleaner combined. It's two in one. It pulls the dust and dirt away and also picks up every bit of foreign substance—even threads and hair and lint.

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are rendered every quarter hour on 5 tubular chimes.

Mahogany case, 75 in. high, 22 in. wide, 12 in. deep.

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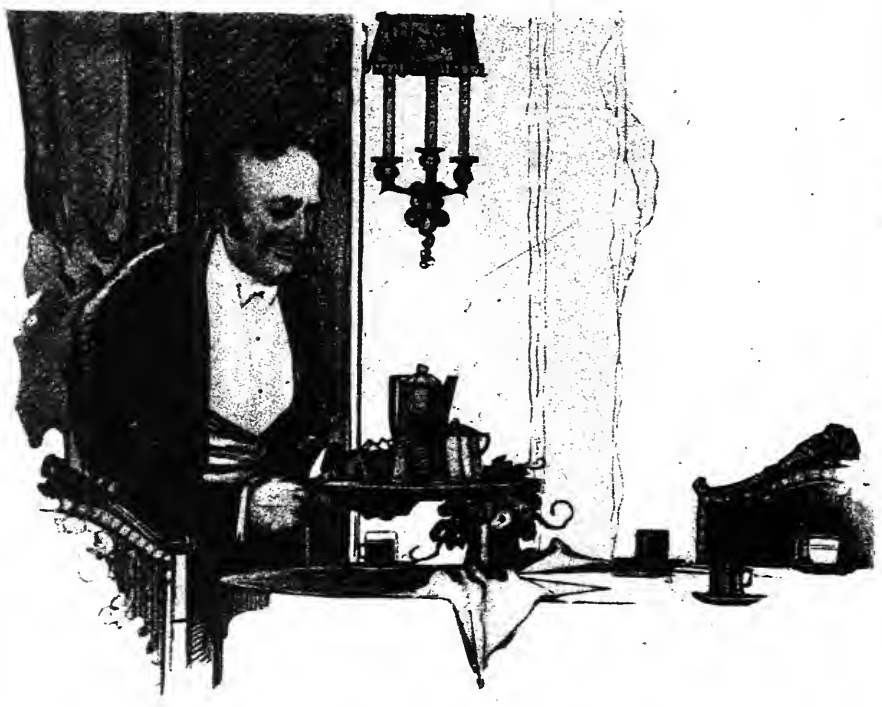

"HOW they did enjoy the coffee! It seemed to put new life into the party! The master always says nothing else in the dinner is so important."

The flavor of Yuban is always commented on. It is so unusual in flavor—so much more delicious than other coffees that your guests notice the difference instantly. Serve Yuban in *your* home. See why it is the most popular coffee in New York.

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The Dolly Sisters in their Pettibockers. The small picture shows the closer knee arrangement.

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THE Vanity Fair Pettibocker has broken the shackles of feminine attire! Today when Fifth Avenue breezes blow you think you see a silken bit of underskirt—but you don't! It's just her Pettibocker frill.

The Pettibocker—you've guessed it—is a combination petticoat and knicker. There's all the feminine frilliness of one—all the comfort of the other.

In pink and white for evening wear—in grey, taupe, brown, sand, navy, green, gold, purple or black and other street shades.

Your favorite shop doubtless has the Pettibocker and the other Vanity Fair Undersilks. Write for catalog—it tells about the Plus-Four-Inch Vest, the Sure-Lap Union, the full-cut knickers and other smart styles.

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in anticipation of again placing before our customers a collection of Darwin Tulips we had a sufficient quantity grown so that we can offer
75 Giant Darwin Tulip Bulbs, Finest Mixed, for $1.25
Selected from fifteen named varieties.
We Urge Early Orders—While we feel quite certain that we will receive enough bulbs to fill all orders for this collection, owing to present shipping conditions we may be obliged to return money to those ordering late.
Few Spring flowering plants rival the Darwin Tulip for brilliancy of bloom. With flowers as large as the Oriental Poppy, in a wide range of colors and shades, borne on strong stems often exceeding three feet, they are a wonderful addition to the flower garden
Plant any time before ground becomes frozen and they will bloom during May.
Mail this advertisement, or present at our store, with check, money order, cash or stamps and secure this exceptional collection, sent prepaid to any point in the U. S. east of the Mississippi. For points west and Canada add 25c ($1.50).
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The popularity of Dr. Walter's Rubber Reducing Garments has created the demand for one that can be worn with the thinnest of costumes without being seen.
Dainty White Invisible Double Rubber Garments
Made of Dr. Walter's reducing rubber facing the body and a dainty white rubber on the side toward the dress. Lightest on the market and invisible.

Double Rubber White Bust Reducer. Price $6.00

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Dr. Walter's Medicated Seamless Rubber Garments Reduce Your Flesh by the Oldest and Most Reliable Method.
Cover Entire Body or Any Part
ABDOMEN AND HIP REDUCER.
(Shown on the left.)
This garment is remarkably effective for reducing the hips and abdomen.
Stock sizes $8.50
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This garment can be worn comfortably under the corset — reduces the waist, bust, hips and thighs.
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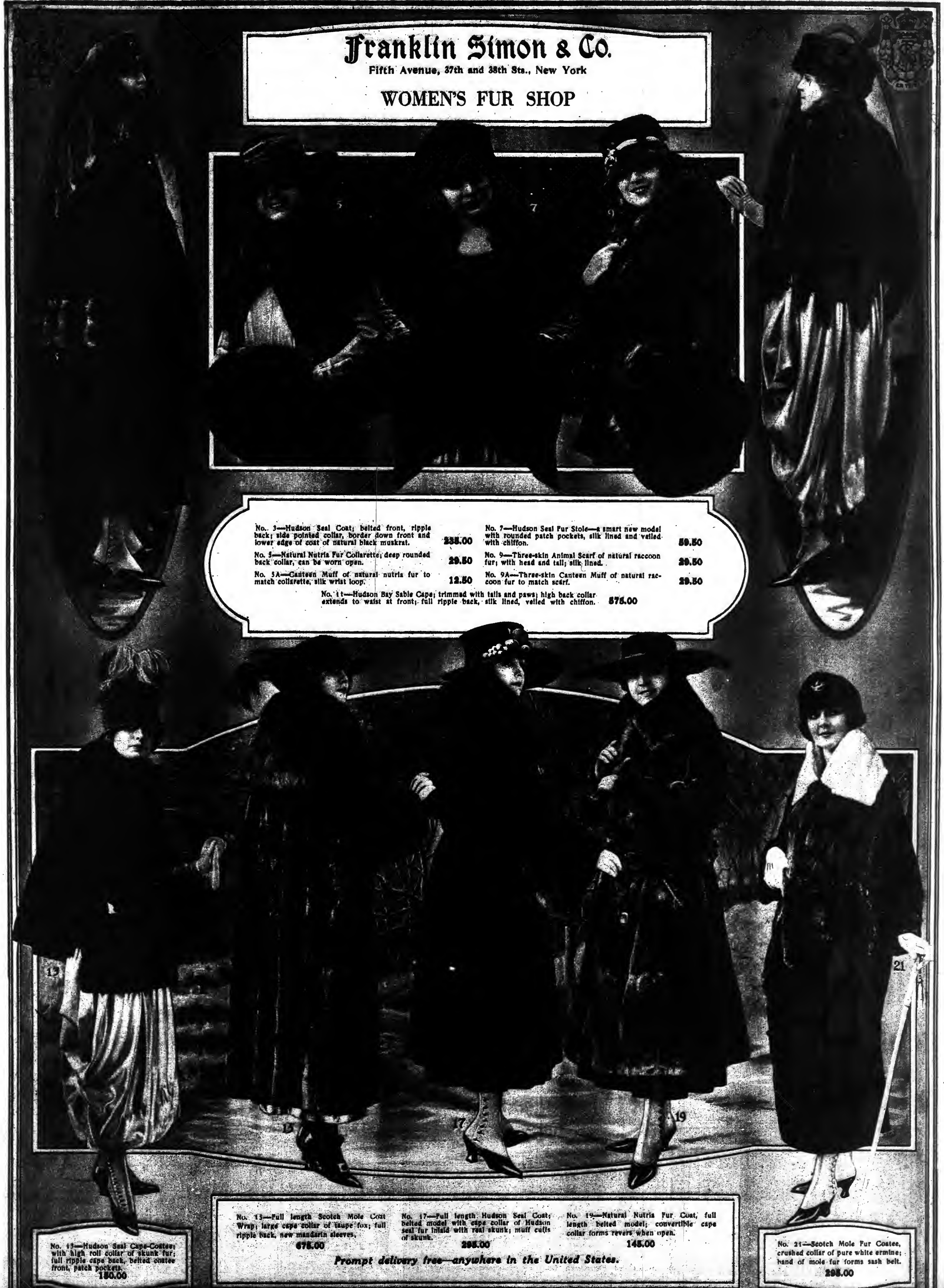

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No. 17—Full length Hudson Seal Coat; belted model with cape collar of Hudson seal fur inlaid with real skunk; muff cuffs of skunk. **295.00**

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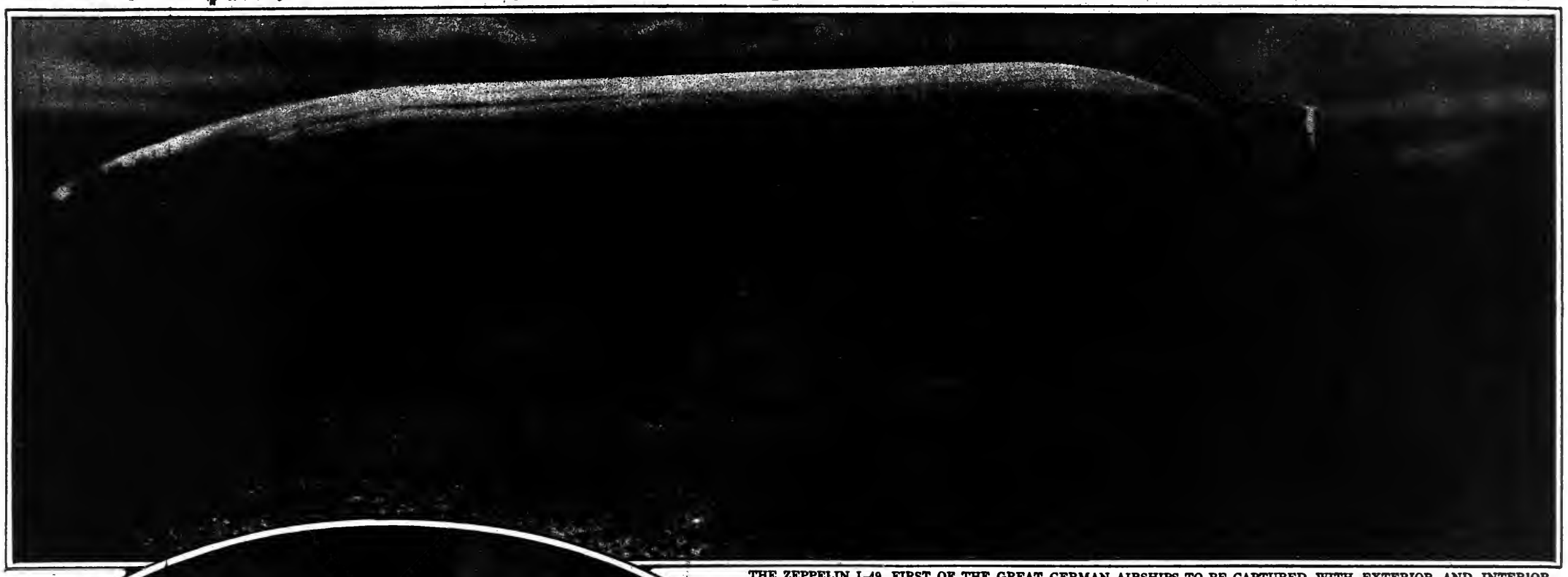
Rotogravure
Picture Section.
In Two Parts: Part 5

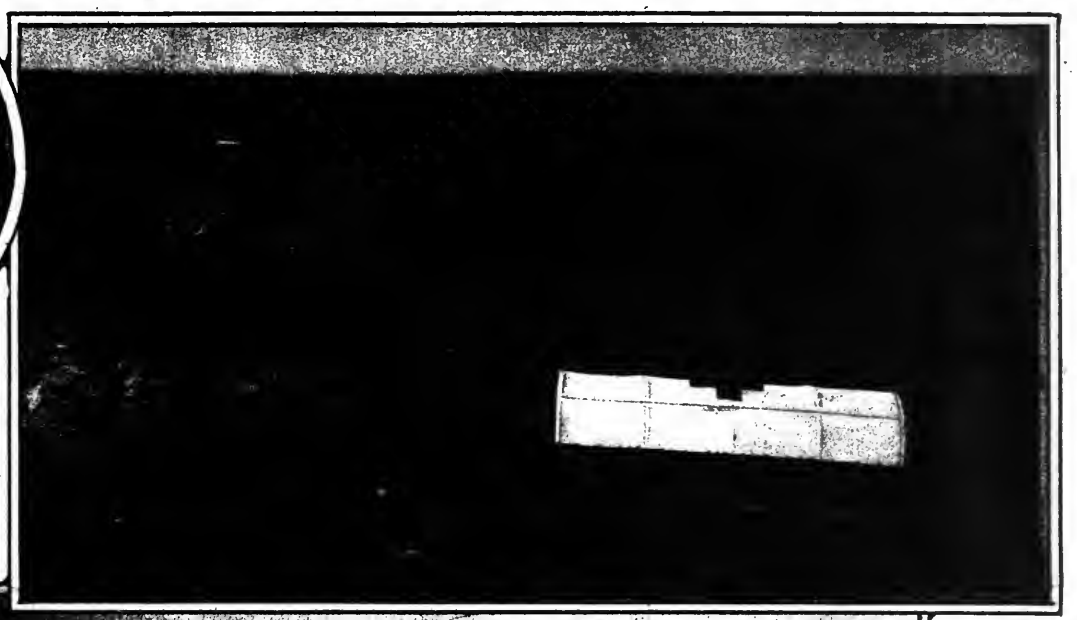
The New York Times

Sunday.
November 18, 1917



THE ZEPPELIN L-49, FIRST OF THE GREAT GERMAN AIRSHIPS TO BE CAPTURED WITH EXTERIOR AND INTERIOR PRACTICALLY UNDAMAGED.
It Is Shown Lying on a Meadow at Bourbonne-les-Bains, France, Where It Was Brought Down on Oct. 19th. It Was Found to Measure 644 Feet Long and 215,765 Cubic Feet in Volume. Its Instruments and Machinery Were Found Intact, and Its Commander and Crew Were Made Captives. (© International Film Service.)

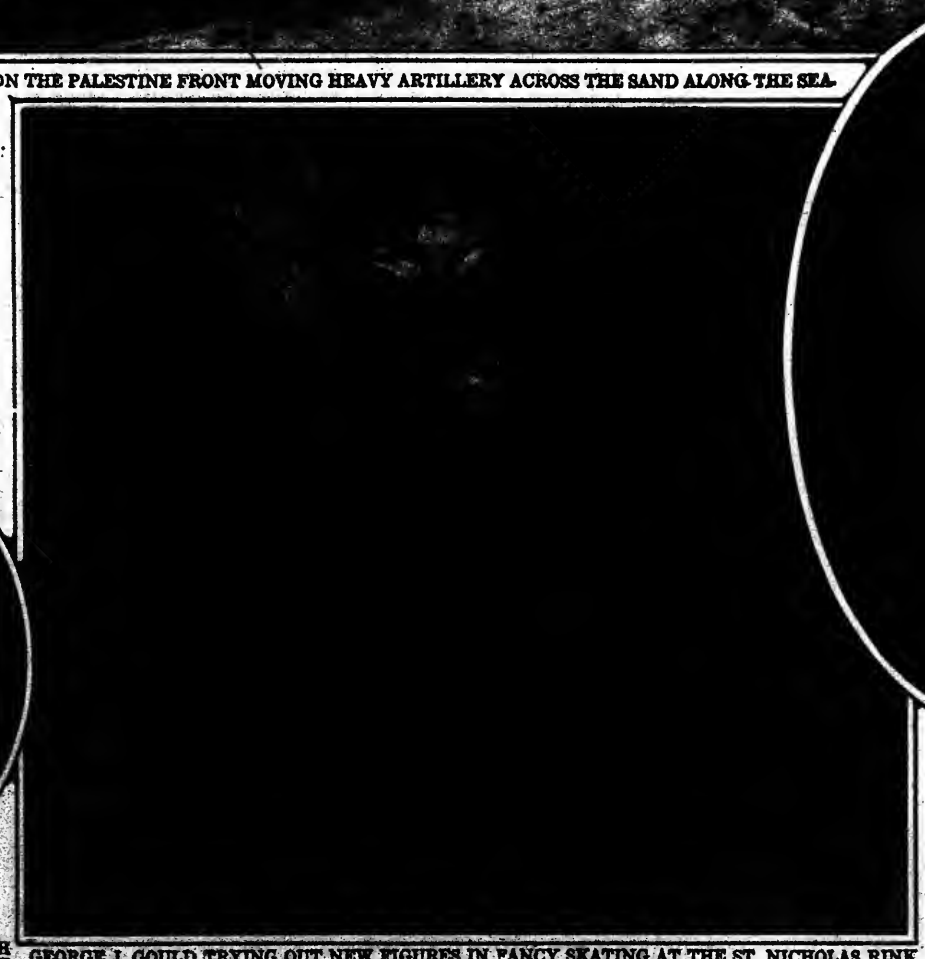
A VIEW WITHIN THE AMERICAN OFFICERS' CLUB IN CHESTERFIELD SQUARE, LONDON, FORMERLY THE RESIDENCE OF LORD LECONFIELD.
It Was Recently Visited by the British King and Queen, Who Expressed Themselves as Much Pleased With the Arrangements Made for the Comfort and Recreation of American Army Officers Passing Through London. (© International Film Service.)



A BRITISH RED CROSS SLEDGE ON THE PALESTINE FRONT, THE MOST SUCCESSFUL METHOD SO FAR FOUND FOR TRANSPORTING WOUNDED ACROSS THE DESERT SANDS. (© Underwood & Underwood.)

MISS VIDA MILHOLLAND,
Sister of Inez Milholland Boissevain, Whose Death Was Attributed to Overwork for the Suffrage Cause, in the Prison Garb Worn by Her Throughout Her Confinement in the Occoquan Jail, Virginia, for picketing the White House Gates.

BRITISH ON THE PALESTINE FRONT MOVING HEAVY ARTILLERY ACROSS THE SAND ALONG THE SEASHORE, TWENTY-FOUR HORSES BEING ATTACHED TO EACH GUN CARRIAGE. (© Underwood & Underwood.)



GEORGE J. GOULD TRYING OUT NEW FIGURES IN FANCY SKATING AT THE ST. NICHOLAS RINK UNDER THE INSTRUCTION OF MISS EMMY BERGFELDT. (© Underwood & Underwood.)

MISS MARIA ANTOINETTE ELLIOTT, Whose Offer to Kiss the First Navy Recruit Brought Simultaneously Twenty-five Men From the Broadway Crowd Which She Was Addressing. (© International Film Service.)

CAPT. CYRIL ASQUITH,
Son of the Former British Prime Minister, Visits New York as a Member of the British Munitions Commission. (© Underwood & Underwood.)

FRENCH SOLDIER, BEYOND HIS OWN LINES, OBSERVING THE MOVEMENTS OF THE GERMANS WITH THE AID OF GLASSES WHICH ARE A COMBINATION OF BINOCULARS AND PERISCOPES MOUNTED ON THE TRIPOD OF A CAMERA. (Kadel & Herbert.)

MRS. CHALMERS WATSON, M. D.,
Highest Ranking Woman Officer in the British Army, Having Been Appointed Chief Controller of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps, With Authority Over Thousands of Women Working Behind the Lines in France.
She Is a Sister of Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the British Admiralty.
(Underwood & Underwood.)

MISS EDNA COLEMAN, A New York Girl Who Has Become a Truck Driver, Releasing a Man for War Service.
(Western Newspaper Union.)

JED PROUTY, JANE COOPER AND HALE HAMILTON
In a Scene from "What's Your Husband Doing?"
At the 39th Street Theatre.
(White Studio.)

NEW YORK WOMEN WHO HAVE BECOME POLICE OFFICERS UNDER THE MAYOR'S COMMITTEE OF NATIONAL DEFENSE FOR THE PROTECTION OF YOUNG GIRLS LIVING NEAR MILITARY TRAINING CAMPS IN THE VICINITY OF NEW YORK.
They Are, Left to Right: Mrs. Josephine Cook, Mrs. Sara C. Douglas, Miss Sara Howard, and (Below) Miss Henrietta Cornell.
(Underwood & Underwood.)

View of Camp Street at Fort Douglas, Utah, Where Nearly 1,000 German Soldiers, Sailors, Diplomatic and Consular Officers, With a Sprinkling of Unofficial Enemy Aliens, Are Imprisoned.
(Underwood & Underwood.)

YOUNG FRENCH GIRLS RECEIVING A LESSON IN PLOWING THAT THEY MAY CONTINUE THE WORK OF THE MEN ON THE FARM.

A NEW TYPE OF CAMOUFLAGED ARMORED MOTOR CAR, EQUIPPED WITH BARBED WIRE CUTTERS, NOW USED BY THE UNITED STATES MARINES. (Western Newspaper Union.)

A NEW PORTABLE SEARCHLIGHT ADOPTED FOR USE BY THE AMERICAN MARINES.
(Western Newspaper Union.)

LINA CAVALIERI IN A SCENE FROM "THE ETERNAL TEMPTRESS," A NEW PARAMOUNT SCREEN PLAY

"THE CHIEF SPEAKS"—BY ERNEST L. BLUMENSCHEIN OF NEW YORK, TO WHICH HAVE BEEN AWARDED THE POTTER PALMER GOLD MEDAL AND A PRIZE OF $1,000 AT THE THIRTIETH ANNUAL ART EXHIBITION AT THE ART INSTITUTE OF CHICAGO.
(Peter A. Juley.)

Blackheads
are a confession

that you are using the wrong method of cleansing for your type of skin.

The following famous Woodbury treatment will keep your skin free from this disfiguring trouble.

Apply hot cloths to the face until the skin is reddened. Then with a rough washcloth work up a heavy lather of Woodbury's Facial Soap and rub it into the pores thoroughly—always with an upward and outward motion. Rinse with clear hot water. Then with cold—the colder the better. If possible, rub your face for a few minutes with a *lump of ice*. Dry the skin carefully.

Do not expect to get the desired results by using this treatment for a time and then neglecting it. But make it a daily habit and it *will* give you the clear, attractive skin that the *steady* use of Woodbury's always brings.

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A 25c cake of Woodbury's Facial Soap is sufficient for a month or six weeks of this treatment. Get a cake today. It is for sale by dealers everywhere throughout the United States and Canada.

Write today for a week's size cake

For 4c we will send you a sample cake of Woodbury's Facial Soap large enough to last for a week of any Woodbury treatment, together with the booklet, "A skin you love to touch," which gives a list of skin troubles and the treatment suited to each. Send today to **The Andrew Jergens Co., 5,114 Spring Grove Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio.**

If you live in Canada address The Andrew Jergens Co., Ltd., 5,114 Sherbrooke Street, Perth, Ontario.

"See how wonderful Vanishing Cream has made my skin look—so soft and pink and velvety—and it will stay so all evening, too."

"Until I used Pond's Cold Cream I did not know how purifying, how refreshing a cleansing cream could be."

Every woman needs these two

Learn why every normal skin needs two creams

TO give your complexion the care it needs, *two* creams are necessary. For cleansing and massage, a *cold* cream (oil cream) should be used. To protect the skin and keep it soft and pliant, a *greaseless* cream should be used.

For cleansing and massage

No matter how sensitive the grit and grime of dust have made your skin, with Pond's Cold Cream you can thoroughly cleanse it of all impurities without creating the least irritation. Also for massage, where smooth consistency is so important, Pond's Cold Cream was especially formulated.

When your skin needs Vanishing Cream

To keep the skin soft and pliable even through the harshest, wintriest weather, use Pond's Vanishing Cream. It is a *greaseless* cream; contains no oil, and the moment you apply it, the skin absorbs it entirely, leaving not the slightest trace of shine.

Pond's Vanishing Cream contains an ingredient which has a peculiar affinity for the skin—an ingredient which physicians have long recognized as one of the utmost value in the care of the skin.

People with oily skins should use only Vanishing Cream

The famous skin specialist, William Allen Pusey, A. M., M. D., says that persons with coarse pores and large fat glands should avoid fatty toilet preparations. Pond's Vanishing Cream is just what the oily skin needs. Having no oil in it, it can add none to your skin. It vanishes at once—does not fill up the already distended pores.

Be guided by these beautiful women

Pond's Vanishing Cream is used by every one of these famous actresses—Frances Starr, Jane Cowl, Constance Collier, Elsie Ferguson, Phyllis Neilson-Terry, Pavlowa, Pauline Frederick, Martha Hedman, Billie Burke, Marion Davies, Norma Talmadge, and countless others.

Neither Pond's Cold Cream nor Pond's Vanishing Cream will cause the growth of hair.

On sale in all drug stores and department stores. Get a tube or jar of each cream today and see how quickly their use will improve your skin.

Send for free samples

If you would like to try Pond's Cold Cream and Pond's Vanishing Cream, fill out the coupon now and we will send you samples of each cream free. Or send 4c for enough of each cream to last two weeks—8c if you wish both. Write today. Address Pond's Extract Co., 153 Hudson Street, New York.

MAIL COUPON NOW

Pond's Extract Co.,
153 Hudson Street, New York City.

Please send me free the items checked:

A free sample of Pond's Vanishing Cream.
A free sample of Pond's Cold Cream.

Instead of the free samples, I desire the items checked below, for which I enclose the required amount:

A 4c sample of Pond's Vanishing Cream.
A 4c sample of Pond's Cold Cream.

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Over Sixty Million Aunt Jemima breakfasts served last year

Have one and know why

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Little Gem Ear Phone

doubles the joy of living. Look at it and you SEE the simplest and smallest hearing device in the world: use it and you realize you have a remarkable aid to the deaf.

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A gift well worth the giving is this dainty assortment box of toilet requisites, prepared and packed by

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White, Light and Dark Fawn, Sand, Ivory, Pearl, Dark Gray and Black.

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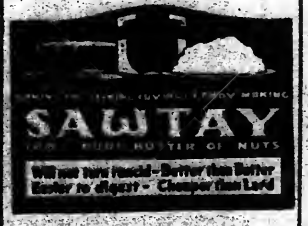

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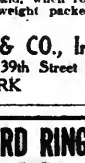

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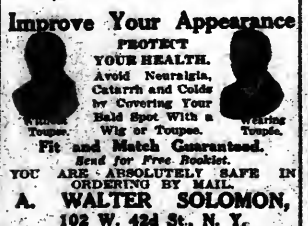

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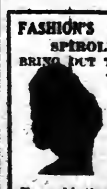

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Entire Stock Fur Trimmed and Plain

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Nildé has been the French woman's cherished face powder for many years, and is now offered to American women of fashion as THE SUPREME QUALITY face powder—UNIFORM, ADHERING and DELICATELY PERFUMED.

The SIEVE or SIFTER BOX, an exclusive feature, permits you to obtain just enough powder—NO MORE—an even color, thus economizing the powder and guaranteeing absolute cleanliness. Every Box Contains a Puff.

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Original Inventor in personal attendance at 657 Fifth Avenue.

Descriptive booklet free.

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As it really is—
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Take the Jar Off Your Spine

Every day you average 8,000 steps—8,000 little shocks that jar your spine and tend to wear you out.

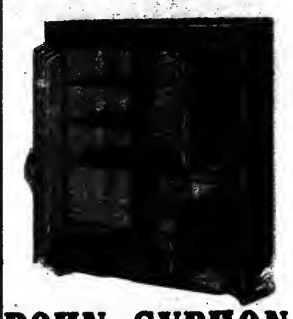
Don't pound away your energy with every step you take. Wear O'Sullivan's Heels—the only Heels for city streets. These shock absorbers will save you 6,000 shocks a day. For men, women and children. No attachment.

It Is Moisture That Spoils Food!

Beware of wet bottles and dishes, dripping fruit and soggy food in your refrigerator!

That soggy, smudgy dampness you may have noticed on fruit, bottles, etc., in your refrigerator is laden with impurities and germs from the air and the melting ice. To prove this: just wipe off a bottle with a clean cloth. This smudge settles on the open food as willingly as upon the bottles, and it is this impure moisture that spoils the food.

You can strike a phosphorus match on the inside of the ice chamber in a



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You can keep salt and soda crackers as dry as a chip—you can place onions and butter side by side, without transmitting a trace of their odors. No other refrigerator could stand such tests.

The perfect refrigerator must have rapid circulation of pure, cold, dry air. Don't you prefer this kind to the ordinary "sweat-box" variety which is always plastering your food with smudgy moisture?

Specially Priced

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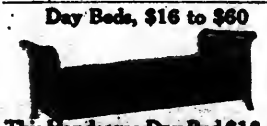

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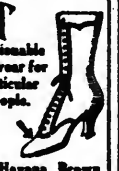

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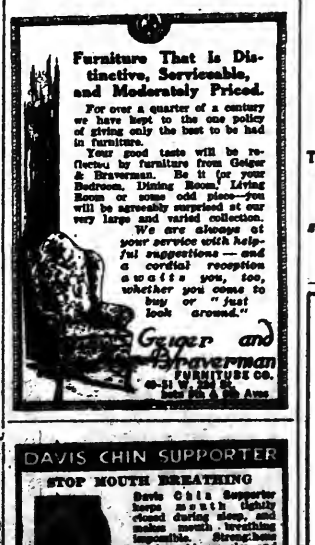

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The New York Times

MAGAZINE SECTION

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1917

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SECTION SEVEN SIXTEEN PAGES

U. S. NOT YET AWAKE

Frank A. Vanderlip Says Bluntly That "Business as Usual" and "Pleasure as Usual" Must Stop if We Are to Win War

By GEORGE MacADAM.

A DEMOCRACY is an inefficient machine; an ably directed autocracy is a highly efficient one. It is a grave question if the full strength of a democracy can be directed to the achievement of a single purpose, a grave question if the interests of the individual can be subordinated to the interests of the nation. To put in the vernacular what is now the vital problem of civilization: Has democratic America, considering its size and sinews, the war punch that autocratic Germany has? And the answer at the present time is an emphatic 'No.'"

To Frank A. Vanderlip had been put the question: Should the Government conscript every worker in the United States, calling him to the industrial colors as the need arises? With the world conflict resolving itself largely into a question of food and coal and munitions; with the Allies who for three years have withstood the bloody brunt of battle turning to unscratched America for these necessities of life and battle; with strikes increasing here at an alarming rate, (hundreds of them since the United States entered the war;) with reports numerous that American labor radicals were trying to overawe the conservatives; with the conscription of the railroads and big business an accomplished fact—with all these things in mind, it seems a timely question whether or not the worker alone should be allowed the privilege of playing the part of the self-seeking slacker.

"Now it may be," said Mr. Vanderlip, "that the near future will show that democracy can stand the acid test that it is now being put to; it may be that the fact that the world must be saved from the Teutonic Hun and all that he stands for will get into the souls of the American people deep enough for them to forget for the time being their individual interests and bring them together as an efficient nation working toward a single end.

"But we are a long way from that yet. The mechanic is thinking of his wage advantage, the manufacturer of his profits, the newspaper of its advertising, Wall Street of its stock prices. In the face of this world crisis, 'Business as usual' is the watchword of the man at work, and 'Pleasure as usual' is his practice when at leisure. It is undeniable that, as a nation, democratic America is not yet ready to meet this supreme test of a people—can each individual forget himself and work for the good of all?'

"But no one would deny that Germany, by one means or another, has been brought to this condition of efficiency. Though there is a practically news-proof curtain over Germany, though we have little authentic news of what is happening there, we can tell by the battering-ram thrusts that come from behind that curtain—now into Serbia, now into Russia, into Rumania, into Italy—that Germany is a nation completely organized for war.

"There is no 'Business as usual' nor 'Pleasure as usual' there, no wasted effort in luxury making, no lost motion in munition strikes. Germany is a machine thoroughly co-ordinated for the making of war, a machine whose sole purpose is scientific destruction.

"This war isn't tiddle-de-winks, and we're going to find it out. The present smashing inroad into Italy has proved a partial eye-opener to us Americans. It is giving us some measure of the giant strength of our adversary. But we are not yet awake to the fact that if we are going to play our part in winning this war—a part that is going to grow bigger and bigger—we have got to muster our full fighting strength as a nation.

"This war is being fought as much in the machine shops and munition factories, in coal mines and wheat fields, on railroads and cargo ships, as it is on the actual field of battle. Nothing is surer than that America must be completely organized for war. This has been said thousands and thousands of times. But we haven't done it yet.

"The Government has a magnificently patriotic program: it is going to spend nineteen billions of dollars during the present year. But are we going to make it possible for the Government to spend this money, for it to go into the market and buy what it needs?

"At the present time the answer of the American people is 'No'; they insist upon 'Business as usual' and 'Pleasure as usual'; they insist upon entering the labor market in competition with the Government, and by making heavy demands upon the man power of the country seriously crippling the war effort that the nation ought to be able to make.

"I believe that this answer is being given without a full realization of what it means; but that in no wise minimizes its effect. This 'No' stands as a great obstacle in the way of the Government getting what it needs. And unless the Government gets what it needs, it is going to make a failure of this war. That is the hard, cold truth, and there is no use trying to dodge it.

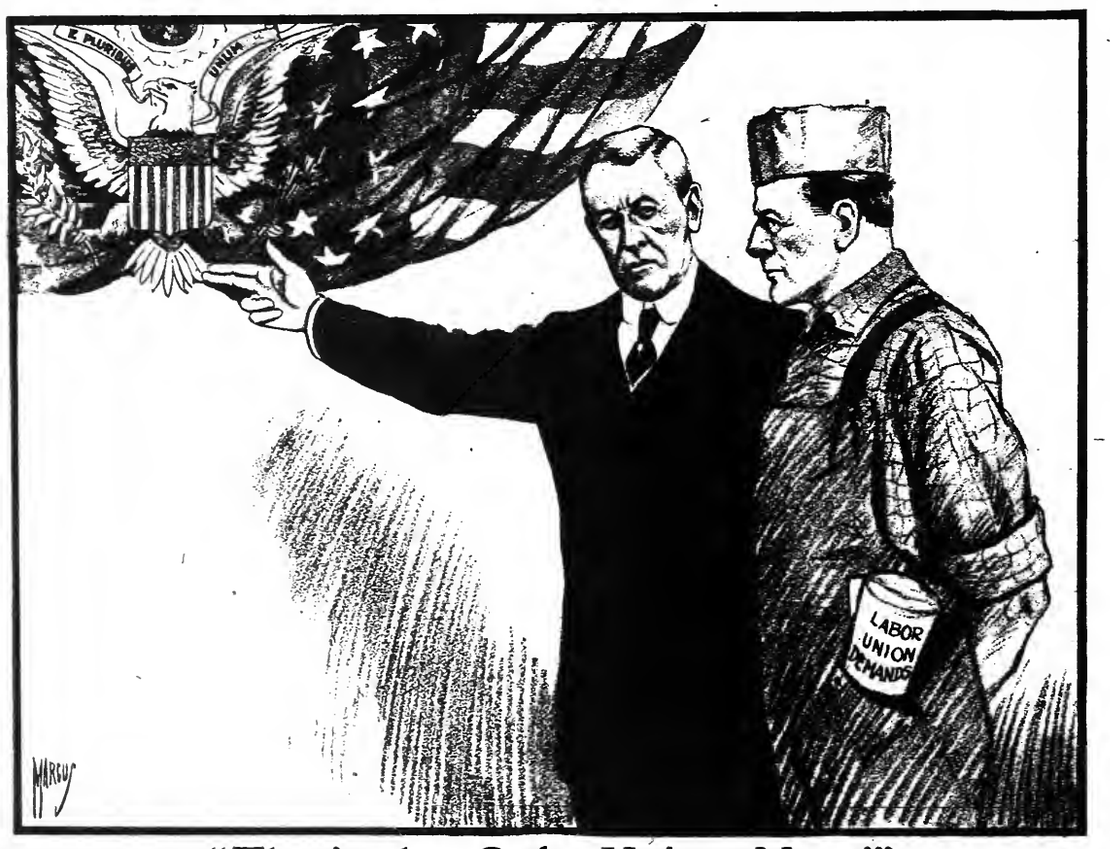
"Here are the facts:

"There is only so much man power in the country, a man power that, contrasted with normal times, has been greatly depleted by the drafting into the army of much of its most virile force.

"The people who insist upon 'Business as usual' and 'Pleasure as usual' are demanding from this depleted man-power the same production of goods that an undepleted man power was kept busy producing in normal times

"Now comes the Government with a demand upon this overworked, depleted man power for the *production in one year of nineteen billion dollars of additional goods!*

"It is almost impossible to grasp the colossal proportions of the expenditure by the Government in one year of $19,000,000,000. This comparison helps: Since the American Nation was founded in 1791 its total expenditure for all purposes,



"That's the Only Union Now!"

down to the beginning of the present year—civil war and everything else included—was $26,300,000,000. Now in one year it has planned to spend $19,000,000,000, or only $7,300,000,000 less than it spent in its previous 126 years of existence.

"The conclusion is obvious. The manpower of the nation is totally unable to meet the double demand that is being made upon it; some one must be left unsatisfied. The question that we Americans must answer is this: Is the unsatisfied bidder in the labor market to be the Government or the individual? Is the Government to get what it needs for war, or is the individual to continue to get what he got in normal times?

"To call on the depleted man-power of the country to give us those things that we must have to maintain life and efficiency, and on top of that to produce nineteen billions of goods in a single year for the Government, is to call it to a staggering task. Perhaps it can answer the call, but only if the people will cease demanding those things that they absolutely do not need.

"And then you have the trouble with the labor situation: we are asking labor to do more than it can do—there isn't enough to go around.

"Now you ask: Shall we conscript labor?

"That is a hard thing to do. Before we resort to any such drastic methods in this country, we should first make a big effort to get people to release labor. The lesson must be brought home to every one that if a dollar is spent for any luxury, for any unnecessary thing, for anything that can possibly be done without, that dollar has been put into competition with the Government's dollar; if the Government's dollar is outbid, just so much man power has been taken from the war effort that the nation can make.

"The rule holds good all along the line, from millionaire to laborer.

"Congress can appropriate money, but that doesn't fight the war. The Treasury Department can float bonds; neither does that fight the war. Appropriations and bonds are worthless unless they can buy and deliver munitions to the fighting forces. It is simply a matter of what can be delivered on the battle field.

"Let me state the thing concretely: If there is a man working at a lathe making a shell, a shell that will be needed by our men fighting to beat, perhaps to hold back, the Hun, and you outbid the Government and hire that man away, let us say to build a pleasure automobile or a piano or some other unnecessary thing, it is clear that you have been unpatriotic, that you have been grossly selfish, that you have set your pleasure above some one else's life.

"Do you remember that picture, 'His Last Shot'?—a single soldier in a hastily dug trench, surrounded by the enemy, wounded, game, but brought to the end of his fight because he was down to his last cartridge. We should all of us keep that picture in mind when we are spending money; if we take man power from the Government's munition factories, some of our boys out on the fighting line may be put in that same tragic position.

"The enemy will try to make raids on the supply trains of our army. That's war. But each of us here at home ought to realize that when he buys an unnecessary thing, he, too, is raiding the supply trains of our army.

"Now, when you urge against 'business as usual' and 'pleasure as usual,' there are a lot of people who say: 'But you're going to throw a lot of people out of employment; you're going to disorganize industry; you're going to destroy business. Even judging the matter from the standpoint of the needs of the Government, there must be a background of good business to float loans on.'

"It's true that there will be a certain amount of all this in a nation that is suddenly making the transition from one that is pursuing 'business and pleasure as usual' to one that has industrially organized itself into a machine for war.

"But no one will go into unemployment. He will only go into another employment. There may be some personal inconvenience in making the change; but it will only be a question of the worker finding his place in the new order.

"We must have the necessities of life, and to supply this great nation with those is a big task in itself. And on top of this, we're planning to spend $19,000,000,000 during this single year for purposes of war. All this means that we're going to have the most intense activity possible, that we're going to have the greatest demand for labor in the history of this country."

"How about the employer and the landlord?" I asked.

"The employer who deals in things that are not necessities of life, the man who owns property where these things are made or sold, must endeavor to adjust his business or his property to the changed order. The manufacture and handling of $19,000,000,000 worth of munitions means a great demand for factories and other buildings. Many factories, both big and little, that until recently were turning out the luxuries of life, are now busy making war materials."

"And those that cannot fit into the changed order?"

"Must put up their shutters," answered Mr. Vanderlip. "War means sacrifice."

"But how about the man who isn't even asked to sacrifice, the man who, already paid good wages, tries to take advantage of the urgencies of the nation and strikes for 'all the traffic will bear'? In this time of crisis, shouldn't such a man be conscripted to do such work as the nation needs him to do?"

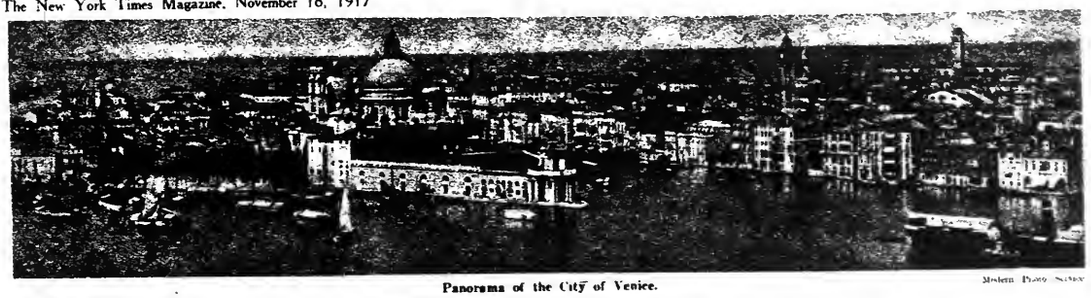
"The Government might find a 'job for the agitator. I am heartily in favor of such a form of conscription, and I do not think we can adopt it too soon. But when it comes to conscripting industry, how can you conscript the miner and make him mine or the laborer and make him labor? In this country at the present time the only way we can efficiently conscript the self-seeking striker is by the force of public opinion. In a democracy it is the only force that should be necessary.

"But when we talk of conscripting labor, by whatever means, let us remember that there is a good deal of weight to the demand for higher wages. It would be manifestly unfair to conscript labor and pay it a wage that it cannot live on. We have already conscripted the railroads, and are paying them a rate that they cannot live on. The inevitable result is already apparent—they are inefficient, rendering unsatisfactory service to both Government and public. Pay labor an insufficient rate, and we'll have the same result.

"The high cost of living, plus a demand for labor in excess of anything possible to supply, makes for higher wages, and, to a reasonable extent, ought to, from the point of view of the workman.

"But if you look for the real remedy for the demand for excessive wages, we get back exactly where we started from—reduce the excessive demand for labor.

"Here is the present crisis in a nutshell: Either we stand by our luxuries or we stand by the Government."



Panorama of the City of Venice. Modern Photo Service

VENICE WITH ENEMY AT HER GATES

Art Treasures of Italy's Most Beautiful City, Even Wall Paintings, Probably Have Been Removed to Safety

"I THINK," said Edwin Blashfield, the painter, when the Italians were first reported to be in retreat at the Piave, "that hundreds of thousands of Americans must be talking of Venice tonight."

Venice contains some of the world's most marvelous treasures. But to Americans—artists and travelers and thousands of people who have only read and dreamed of Venice—the unique loveliness of the storied city is the most marvelous treasure of all. Venice herself, from her Piazza, that is like nothing else in the world, to her Tiepolo frescoes, that could only go down in the city's destruction, is one of the rare jewels of the world. There is nothing even to resemble the strange loveliness of the architecture of this frail-set old city rising like a dream from the sea.

Yet to many Americans who do not realize that wall paintings are not necessarily frescoes, it will come as a grateful surprise to learn that nearly all the paintings in Venice are probably movable. That cannot be stated definitely, because, as Mr. Blashfield pointed out, some of the canvases, such as the Veronese ceilings in the Ducal Palace, may have been glued fast in years gone by. But with the exception of the Tiepolo frescoes, the greatest paintings of Venice were done on canvas, not on ceiling or wall. And many of them are known to be on stretchers, and movable. They, like the other movable art treasures, probably were taken away from the menaced city many days ago.

"Some of the most famous Tiepolo frescoes are in the Palazzo Labia," said Mr. Blashfield. "Two of the greatest are the banquet and the deportation scenes in the episode of Antony and Cleopatra. There is a very splendid one in the Church of the Pietà on the Riva degli Schiavoni, and there is a fine oil painting in the School of the Carmine. One of the frescoes, in the Church of the Scalzi, has already been destroyed by Austrian bombs."

Two other beautiful Tiepolo paintings are the "Virgin Enthroned, with Saints," in the Church of the Gesuati, and "Christ Bearing His Cross," in the Church of St. Alvise. One of his finest ceiling paintings is in the Academy, and he has another famous fresco in the Palazzo Rezzonico.

The greatest masterpiece of painting in Venice is Titian's "Assumption of the Virgin," in the Academy. With the "Assumption," this premier of the Venetian painters entered upon a new phase of his own development; gave, more specifically than he ever had before, a new and definite character to the art of Venice, and produced what some critics have said to be the most wonderful picture in the world. Yet it is interesting to note that the clergy and congregation of the Frari, the church for which he made the vast painting as an altar piece, were far from pleased with his work!

After the "Assumption," the most famous Titian in Venice is the Madonna of the Pesaro family in the Church of the Frari. A popular and beautiful Titian is the "Presentation in the Temple," painted in 1538 for the "Sala dell' Albergo" of the Brotherhood "della Carita," and housed now in that same room, long since become "Room XX." of the "Accademia dei Belli Arti" of Venice. The beauty of the individual figures has made this painting a favorite with the public, while the lifelike grouping has been especially admired. "St. John the Baptist in the Wilderness" is in the same gallery, as is the master's last painting, a "Pietà," on which he was engaged at the time of his death, when he was in his 99th year, and which was completed by Palma Giovane. A famous Titian in the Ducal Palace is the "Doge Antonio Grimani Kneeling Before Religion." In the Church of Santa Maria della Salute is an altar piece, "St. Mark and Four Other Saints," as well as an injured painting, the "Descent of the Holy Ghost," and in the Church of San Sebastiano is a "St. Nicholas" by Titian. The high altar piece in the Church of San Salvatore, a "Transfiguration," is also injured, but the "Annunciation," in the same church, is intact. There are two Titians in the school of San Rocco.

Titian's Masterpiece, "The Assumption of the Virgin," Venice's Chief Art Treasure, Regarded As One of the World's Greatest Paintings.

The greatest of the great Venetians is less richly represented, in point of numbers, than some of the other famous painters—Veronese, Tintoretto, the Bellini. Some of the wall and ceiling paintings which many Americans will perhaps be surprised to be reminded are movable, and which are among the famous paintings of the world, are those of Veronese and Tintoretto in the Ducal Palace. Mr. Blashfield, who lived in Venice for years, called special attention to the four Tintorettos in the Anticollegio—the "Forge of Vulcan," "Mercury with the Graces," "Minerva Driving Back Mars," and "Ariadne and Bacchus"—and to those in the Sala de Collegio itself—the "Doge Andrea Gritti Praying to the Virgin," "Nuptials of St. Catharine," "Virgin in Glory," and "Adoration of the Savior." Other beautiful painting by Tintoretto in the Ducal Palace are the "Descent from the Cross" and "Doge Pietro Loredan Imploring the Aid of the Virgin," in the Sala del Senato, and the "Doge Niccolo da Ponte in the Presence of Venice," one of the best of the ceiling paintings in the Hall of the Great Council. That hall also contains Tintoretto's "Paradise," the largest oil painting in the world, l more notable for its size, among so many beautiful pictures, than for its beauty; in fact, the general effect of the crowds of figures on the great canvas is one of bewilderment. There is scarcely a room in the Ducal Palace in the decoration of which Jacopo Tintoretto did not have a hand.

But Tintoretto's great work in Venice is the "Miracle of St. Mark" in the Academy. Of this and some of his other paintings, as well as of the general characteristics of the man and his art, Corrado Ricci says:

> Vasari's description of Tintoretto is very apposite when he says "that his was the most terrific brain that had ever occupied itself with painting * * * that he was extravagant, capricious, rapid, and resolute," and he continues: "He has sometimes in place of finished pictures left us sketches dashed in with such energy that the strokes of the brush appear to be the result of accident or of rage rather than of design or of judgment.

The two great colorists, Tintoretto and Paolo Veronese, who have given to Venice so much of the work that is most famous there now, are commonly named together. By way of comparison, Ricci, beginning with the statement that among the artists who followed Titian these two "towered above the rest by virtue of their productivity, their wealth of invention, and their rapidity of execution," writes:

> To the dramatic violence of his contemporary Tintoretto, Paolo opposed the seduction of an art that was eminently calm, serene, and magnificent. For this reason it

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REMEDY FOR INFANTILE PARALYSIS

Dr. Edward C. Rosenow of the Mayo Clinic Tried His Serum on Children with Brilliant Results During Epidemic in Davenport, Iowa

By MARY B. MULLETT.

EVERY father and mother in the country will feel a throb of relief and of hope over what has just happened at Davenport, Iowa. An epidemic of infantile paralysis in that city has ended with a banquet and an ovation.

To talk of relief, hope, banquets, and ovations in connection with a disease which has terrified the country is startling; but there is good reason for it. The relief and hope are because a new remedy for the disease was tried out with wonderful results. The banquet and the ovation were given to the man who developed the remedy—Dr. Edward C. Rosenow of the Mayo Clinic at Rochester, Minn. I was present at the staff meeting there when he gave his report on the experiment. By way of beginning he said with a smile:

"I didn't pray last Summer for an epidemic of poliomyelitis! But I did pray that if there should be one I would have a chance to try the new serum. So when a telegram reached me asking me to come to Davenport at once I started immediately. Forty-eight hours later I began the first test of the remedy ever made on a human being."

Dr. Rosenow then went on to tell of his six weeks' work; of case after case in which a single injection of the serum was followed by a complete checking of the disease; of children whose temperature fell in a few hours from 103 degrees to normal—and stayed there; of rapidly progressing paralysis which was arrested as if by magic.

The story is one the world will want to read. But to tell it properly one must go back a little. It may be remembered that several years ago Flexner and Noguchi, working at the Rockefeller Institute in New York, discovered what they believed was the cause of poliomyelitis—as the doctors prefer to call infantile paralysis. They thought they had found it to be a filterable ultra microscopic virus. That is, it was an organism so small that it could not be caught by a filter and could not be detected under the microscope.

They believed this to be true because when the blood from a patient had been passed through a filter which eliminated all the bacteria which could be caught that way, they were still able to produce the disease by inoculating animals with the fluid which had been filtered. This seemed to be conclusive evidence that the germ which caused the trouble was so minute as to defy detection.

In the course of their experiments they did find a microbe, a pleomorphic streptococcus, which was always present. Naturally suspicion fell on this microbe. But as they were still able to produce the disease with the fluid from which all trace of the streptococcus had been filtered out, they concluded that it was merely a contamination, not the cause.

It is at this point that Dr. Rosenow's discovery comes in. Some years ago he demonstrated that certain organisms, under certain conditions, were so minute as to be invisible and would pass through a filter; but also that these same invisible germs, under other conditions, grew to a size where they were visible and could be caught by a filter.

He went to work on the theory that this particular streptococcus was one of those germs, and he proved this to be true. Having demonstrated this, it was easy to show that the pleomorphic streptococcus was the cause of infantile paralysis. Having proved this, he set to work to develop a serum which could be employed in treating the disease. This serum he finally obtained from a horse, and he used it in experiments on monkeys and other small animals. But it remained to be shown what its effect would be on human beings.

Hence his Summer supplications for a chance to try it out and his eager response to the call from Davenport. I went to that city to get the story of the experiment from Dr. W. H. Rendleman, who was the consulting physician during the epidemic.

"The first I knew of the presence of poliomyelitis here," said Dr. Rendleman, "was when one of my own patients called me up to say that a neighbor's child had the disease. I at once verified the report. Then I wired Dr. Rosenow. He and I are old friends, and I knew about the serum he had been working on.

"He reached here the next evening, and we went to see his first patient, a 6-

Harold Mohl, the First Human Being on Whom Dr. Rosenow's New Serum Was Tested in Davenport.

year-old boy named Harold Mohl. This was thirty-six hours after the case had been diagnosed. The child had a temperature of 102 degrees, and was partially paralyzed. The left face, arm, and leg were affected. The right side seemed to be free. Before the serum could be used it had to be activated by adding fresh guinea pig serum, and as this could not be done that night at the laboratory here, it was not until the next morning that the experiment on the boy could be made. That was forty-eight hours after the beginning of the attack. By that time the paralysis was developing in the right leg also.

"We explained to the boy's parents that the serum had never been tested on a human being, and that we could not predict definitely what the effect would be. But Dr. Rosenow told them of his experiments on monkeys, of his belief that it would benefit the child, and we asked if they consented to its use. There was no alternative treatment that promised anything, so they said they were willing to have it tried. They are pretty proud now to be able to say that their boy was the first human subject on which the serum was used.

"After it has been activated the serum is diluted with equal parts of a salt solution before being injected. Dr. Rosenow first makes a spinal puncture and draws a small amount of the spinal fluid. This is partly to relieve the intraspinal pressure and partly for making a test to confirm the diagnosis of the disease.

"This spinal fluid is made to escape slowly, as he believes its rapid withdrawal is harmful. He then makes the cell count and the Noguchi globulin test immediately. Even though there may be no doubt in the physician's mind as to its being a true case of poliomyelitis, this test is advisable as confirming the diagnosis.

"In the case of the Mohl boy the test was positive; so it was followed at once by an injection of the serum. As it was the first experiment on a human being, Dr. Rosenow began with a dose which he later decided was too small—three cubic centimeters of the serum. That meant six cubic centimeters of the diluted mixture. The child's temperature fell; but later rose again, and a second injection was given. Following that, the temperature dropped to normal, and there was no extension of the paralysis. The boy recovered and is getting along well.

"There are certain points which must be explained to lay readers. In poliomyelitis the paralysis is due to the destruction of cells at the roots of the nerves by the invading organism—the microbe. There may be a good many of these cells supplying, for instance, the arm. If they are all destroyed the arm is totally paralyzed. If only some of them are destroyed the arm is partially paralyzed.

Edith M. Benson, Another Child Who Recovered Completely Under the Serum Treatment.

Nature gives us a surplus to provide for just such an emergency.

"When some of these cells are destroyed Nature helps those that are left to buck up and do their job by themselves. Hence the slow improvement which follows poliomyelitis when there has been only partial paralysis. But when cells are dead—they are dead for keeps.

"The Rosenow serum—and any other agency we know of—cannot rebuild destroyed cells. What the serum does accomplish is to kill the invading organism so that the work of destruction is stopped. In our experience here it did this almost without exception. Where paralysis had begun it was stopped. When the serum was used early in the attack, before any cells were destroyed, there was no paralysis at all! For instance, let me tell you of the last case we treated.

"This was another 6-year-old child; a little girl named Edith Benson. I first saw her about 4 o'clock in the afternoon. She had a temperature of 103 degrees, tremors, the bowels were involved, and the neck was weak. Dr. Rosenow had been called to a patient out in the country, and it was 7 o'clock that evening before he could reach this little girl.

"We knew the case was poliomyelitis. But for scientific purposes he made the necessary tests to confirm the diagnosis. Then he gave an injection of the serum—a larger one than he had given in the initial experiment, as he had learned by this time more about the proper dosage. The child began to improve immediately. Her temperature soon fell to normal. The other symptoms abated, and within a few days she was perfectly well, running around and playing as usual. She is all right now. And there has not been at any time any indication of paralysis.

"I said she began to improve immediately. That is the exact truth. The serum is injected very slowly; at the rate of about 2 c. c. a minute. To babies is given from 6 to 14 c. c. of the diluted mixture; to children from two to five years of age, from 14 to 20 c. c.; and to older persons, from 20 to 40 c. c. This means that, if a 5-year-old child received 20 c. c., the injection would take 10 minutes.

"Over and over in our experience here we were astonished to find that even during the giving of the injection the patient would begin to improve, so prompt and so decisive was the action of the serum. It is injected, by the way, into one of the superficial veins.

"Now about the cases where there was failure to check the disease: The epidemics this year, not only in Davenport, but in other places as well, have been marked by an unusually high death rate. Ordinarily the mortality in poliomyelitis is rather slow; under 10 per cent. This year it has been from 35 to 50 per cent. Some physicians have reported an even higher rate.

"One reason for the increased mortality this year has been the fact that the disease has been accompanied frequently by respiratory paralysis. If a patient has a paralyzed arm or leg he can recover. But if he cannot breathe, he dies. A certain number of the patients here on whom the serum was used had this respiratory paralysis already. They were dying when it was given. But as the whole thing was experimental the serum was injected in every case that was presented—especially as the parents would not have forgiven us if we had failed to do so.

"You can imagine the intense interest here in the trial of the remedy. Its power was being demonstrated daily in other cases, and we should have been almost mobbed if we had refused to try it on a patient, even though we knew that patient to be beyond any help. So these hopeless cases are included in the report, although to do so is not really fair to the serum.

"I have the figures of Dr. Rosenow's preliminary report. They cover forty-four treated cases in this city and neighborhood. Of these nine died, a mortality of about 20 per cent. Six of these nine fatal cases were the hopeless ones of which I have spoken. They were dying of respiratory paralysis when the serum was given. They should not be included in the record.

"Leaving them out, the mortality was three cases out of thirty-eight, a mortality of only about 8 per cent. Of these three cases one was a baby 11 months old, semi-comatose from spasms eight days after the attack began. It was practically hopeless. The other was a 2-year-old child with cyanosis, marked tremors, high fever, severe gastro-enteritis, and beginning respiratory paralysis. The chance of recovery was almost negligible.

"This leaves a single case out of the

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No Grounds for Plebiscite in Alsace-Lorraine

France's Clear Title Upheld and Germany's Claims Punctured by Professor Charles D. Hazen of Columbia

THERE must be no such nonsense as a plebiscite or referendum when the time comes to give Alsace-Lorraine back to France, says Charles Downer Hazen, Professor of History at Columbia, and who as a member of the National Board of History Service is working for this country and the Allies on the main business of winning the war.

Article One of the Treaty of Frankfort of May 10, 1871, read as follows: "France renounces, in favor of the German Empire, all rights and titles to the territories situated east of the boundaries designated below. The German Empire shall possess these territories forever in full sovereignty and ownership." The territories, of course, were Alsace-Lorraine.

"And now," says Dr. Hazen in a new book on the disposition, when peace is made, of the stolen provinces, "the first article in the territorial readjustment should be one restoring Belgium to the Belgians, and restoring to France her lost provinces, those lost in 1870 as well as those lost in 1914."

An extended article written by Dr. Hazen for THE NEW YORK TIMES last July showed more clearly than it ever had been done before the hollowness of the claim that the German Government is a Government for the benefit of the German people. It was reprinted by the United States Government in pamphlet form and sent broadcast over the country through the Committee on Public Information as a bit of education in modern European history much needed by the American people.

In his new book, published by Henry Holt & Co., Dr. Hazen has completely exploded another myth which Germany's rulers have tried hard to get the world to accept—that Germany was only taking back what rightfully belonged to her when she annexed Alsace and Lorraine as a part of her loot won in the Franco-Prussian war. To quote from the book:

> No honest man believes that because Germany has controlled a tenth of France for the past three years she has the slightest right to that territory or ever will have or ever could have. If she should keep her grip upon them for forty years and more, as she has kept it upon Alsace-Lorraine, she would have no greater right than on the very first day of her unspeakable aggression. There is no more a question of Alsace-Lorraine today, after forty-six years of occupation, than there is of the Department of the North after three years of occupation.
>
> If the German annexations of 1870 are justified, then the actual annexations of the present war are justified. The two cases stand upon an absolute parity. The people of Alsace-Lorraine have never admitted the right, they have only admitted the fact, of German rule, as no doubt the peasants of Northern France have done and are perforce doing at the present moment.
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> Ought there to be a referendum? No one would think of demanding that a popular vote should be taken in the Department of the North, for instance, to see if it should become French again. There is no more reason for consulting Alsace-Lorraine, taken forty-six years ago by precisely the same methods.
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> If the proposition had actually been realized, made in 1917 by the German Foreign Secretary to the Mexican Government that, for services to be rendered to Germany by Mexico and Japan by their waging war upon the United States, Mexico should be rewarded by the acquisition of Texas, New Mexico, and Arizona, does any sane person believe that the people of the United States or the people of the States concerned would, after forty years, have consented to submit the question of their return to the United States to a popular vote, conducted by the Mexican Government?
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> The practical difficulties in the way of a referendum arise from the initial act of violence. Who would be the citizens of Alsace-Lorraine entitled to vote and to decide by their vote the fate of the provinces? Should they be only the present residents? But over 400,000 Alsatians and Lorrainers have, owing to the annexation, left their native country without hope of return, and have kept their love of it undimmed in the bitterness of exile, of poignant separation from friends and relatives. Are they and their sons who have paid this heavy price for their fidelity to the fundamental principle in which every true American believes and must believe because it is the very cornerstone of our national independence and freedom, are these people to have nothing to say at the time when the reunion of their provinces with France is among the possibilities, and are the Germanizing agents and immigrants in Alsace to have the vote in such a plebiscite? Again, who would conduct the referendum? In view of the ruthless régime of murder, imprisonment, espionage, and delation which Germany installed in the provinces in August, 1914, would a referendum conducted under German authority be apt to be honest and scrupulous?
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> This issue does not admit of compromise. It must be kept as clear cut as it is in its essential nature. The principle at the basis of the Treaty of Frankfort must be repudiated and emphatically discredited by its complete and resounding reversal. Never at any time has Alsace-Lorraine admitted that it was German. It declared the Treaty of Frankfort null and void, and it has never rescinded that declaration.
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> The character of the German Government for forty-six years, the very provisions of German legislation during all those years, the measures of the German administration, the occasional admissions of German officials as to the real situation, all show that the official affirmation that Alsace-Lorraine has become thoroughly German has not been believed even in the official circles which have made the affirmation. Their conduct has belied their words. Has German policy in Alsace-Lorraine at any time since 1871 been based upon the theory that a people who admittedly were opposed to annexation have become reconciled and are loyal Germans? What has Germany done to turn hatred into love, dissatisfaction into contentment? Friedrich Naumann has admitted in his recent book, "Central Europe," that "the modern Germans almost everywhere in the world are unfortunately bad Germanizers." There is no more notorious commonplace in European politics than the egregious failure of the Germans to Germanize or even conciliate. Germany's Polish, Danish, and French subjects are eloquent witnesses to this incapacity. Germany can hold people in subjection; she can not or will not give them freedom.

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It has been suggested that Alsace-Lorraine be made an independent and autonomous monarchy with a royal house of its own within the German Empire. It also has been suggested that it be made an independent and naturalized State outside the German Empire as well as outside France. These are but ways of evading the problem, not ways of repairing a grievous wrong which has been and still is a serious public injury, an offense to the world's sense of justice, and a menace to the world's peace. They ignore the rights and wishes of the people concerned. The wrong can be repaired in only one way—by the return of these provinces to France, where they belong and where they desire to be.

Professor Charles Downer Hazen.

In the earlier chapters of his book Dr. Hazen disposes of the vague but more or less prevailing uncertainty in this country as to the original rights of France and Germany in the matter of Alsace-Lorraine. It has been one of the many tasks of the German propagandists in the United States, notably Bernstorff himself, in the last three years to convey the impression that the provinces really belonged to Germany and that she was merely recovering her own property by the annexation of 1870.

There is no well-defined history covering the territory now included in what is known as Alsace-Lorraine previous to the Treaty of Westphalia of 1648, ending the thirty years of the religious wars. Before that the territory, divided into many different petty States of various sorts, was included in the equally vague Holy Roman German Empire, so called. Nothing in history or politics is more absurd than the pretension of modern Germany that she is the same thing as the Holy Roman Empire, (which, as some historian has said, was neither holy nor Roman nor an empire,) and that she has a right to lands that were once loosely held within that empire. But it was on nothing more substantial than that that modern Germany based her claim to Alsace-Lorraine in 1870. The bulk of the territory within the provinces was voluntarily ceded to France in 1648 as a reward for the aid that France had rendered in the religious wars. The rest of it, a comparatively small part, was acquired by various international negotiations and transactions which Dr. Hazen does not pretend to justify. But the outstanding fact, as shown by this book, is that Alsace-Lorraine never belonged to what is Germany now or what was Germany in 1870; that it had belonged absolutely to France for two centuries and a quarter when Germany seized it at the end of the Franco-Prussian war.

In the first century and a half of their history as French provinces Alsace and Lorraine went on very much as they had before so far as thought and custom were concerned. The only change was in the better economic condition which came to them with their freedom from the perpetual little wars that had ravaged them as petty States within the Holy Roman Empire. Being part of France saved them from that and they were grateful. But it was not until 1789 that Alsace and Lorraine were actually reborn into the spirit of France and ceased for all time to be German in the thought or will of their people. The book continues:

> A new and momentous phase of French history began, from which modern France and modern Europe have never been able to shake themselves permanently free. A new society was developed. Modern France, which, despite various vicissitudes, has gone on developing ever since. With this profound and sweeping transformation Alsace and Lorraine were intimately associated at every step. In the tremendous and desperate wars, as in the fierce political and social struggles within, Alsace participated with all her energy and all her soul. There was no holding aloof, no separate or individual action. The fusion was completed in the immense heat of the boiling furnace which we call the French Revolution—service in the revolutionary wars completed the process of assimilation. The sons of Alsace and Lorraine flocked into the volunteer armies of France. On the Arc de Triomphe in Paris are inscribed the names of twenty-eight Alsatian Generals, whose careers and characters were the talk of the Alsatian firesides.
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> Fustel de Coulanges, the French historian, wrote to Theodore Mommsen in 1870 a letter from which Dr. Hazen quotes the following: "Do you know what made Alsace French? It was not Louis XIV., it was our revolution of 1789. Since that moment Alsace has followed all our destinies; she has lived our life. All that we think, she thinks; all that we feel, she feels. She has shared our victories and our defeats, our glory and our mistakes, all our joy and all our sorrow."
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> The "Marseillaise" was composed in Alsace and there played and sung for the first time. In 1848 Alsace observed with great enthusiasm the two hundredth anniversary of her annexation to France.

In other chapters of his book Dr. Hazen gives many specific instances of the brutality and stupidity with which Germany has ruled Alsace-Lorraine for the last forty-six years, always as conquered territory without the rights or privileges of the other parts of the German Empire.

Remedy for Infantile Paralysis Successfully Tried

(Continued from Preceding Page)

forty-four treated which should have responded but failed to do so. Dr. Rosenow felt that this case should have been helped. He could not explain the failure of the serum in this instance.

"By the way, we had several adult patients, all of whom were among those who died from respiratory failure. The oldest among the treated patients who recovered was between 16 and 20 years of age. A letter from Dr. Rosenow since his return to Rochester expresses his conviction that the dose given these adults was not sufficiently large. It must be remembered that the work here was experimental.

"The great and encouraging feature of the Davenport trial is this: In every one of the sixteen cases treated before paralysis occurred, there was complete recovery without any symptoms of paralysis. And in the others that recovered there was no extension of paralysis after the treatment was given. We physicians have learned to be cautious in our conclusions from a single experiment. But there is no doubt in my mind as to the efficacy of the Rosenow serum.

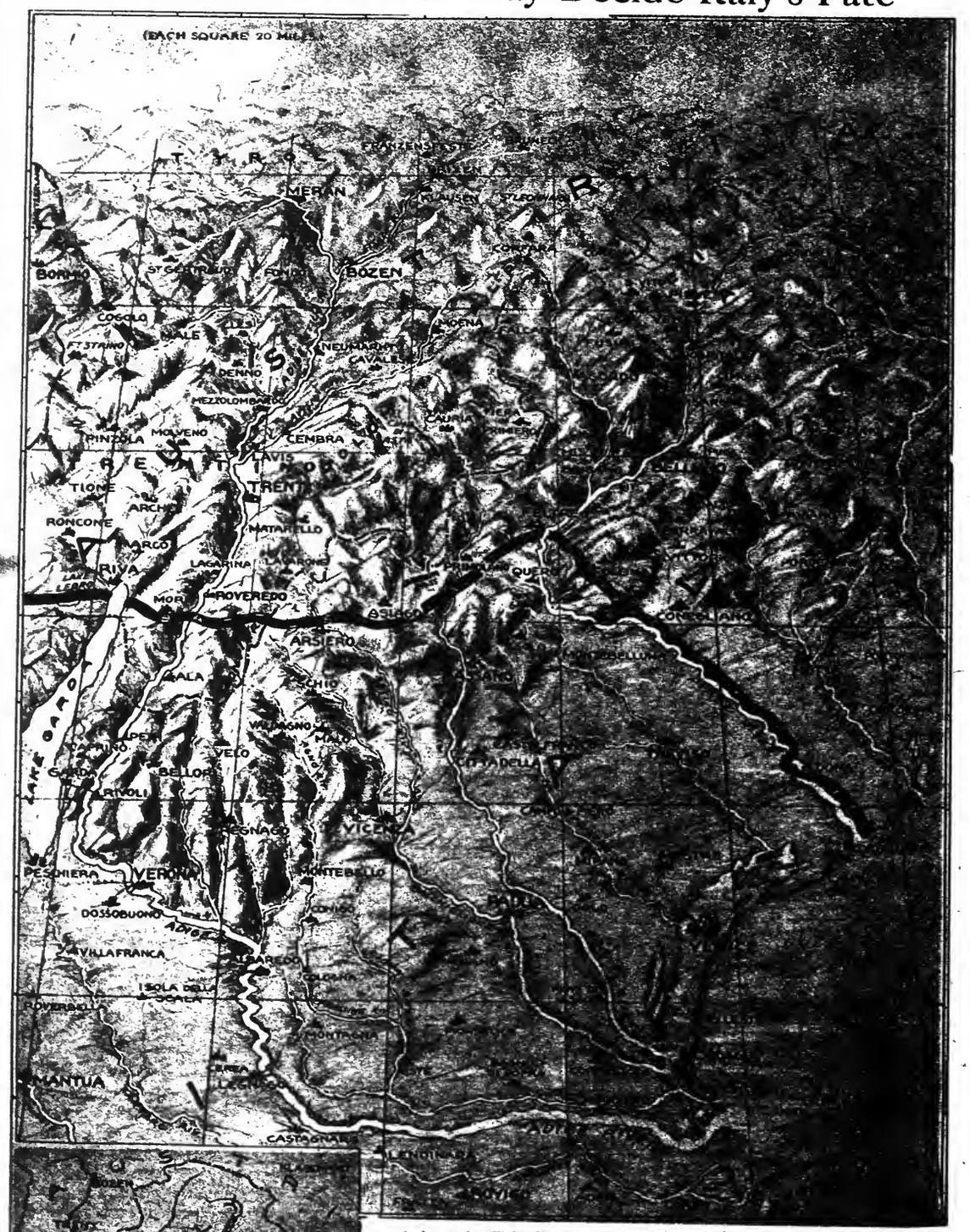
"In some of our cases the results almost surpassed belief. The people of Davenport have shown their gratitude and enthusiasm by inviting Dr. Rosenow, through the Commercial Club, to be their guest at a banquet and to receive an engrossed testimonial expressing their appreciation. I ought to add that he accepted the invitation under protest. It took my best efforts to get him to come and be dined."

I can quite believe this. When I had asked him for a picture of himself to be published, he had politely but firmly refused.

"Oh, wait till I'm dead!" he exclaimed. "Who wants to see my picture? Anyway, this thing is just in its infancy. Many more cases must be treated before we can draw final conclusions. I have on hand enough serum to treat about 800 patients. It will be sent gratis to physicians in communities where poliomyelitis exists in epidemic form.

"We have just sent some to Erie, Penn., to be used in an epidemic. The reports of the cases occurring there before the serum was obtained show a mortality of about 50 per cent. It remains to be seen what the serum will accomplish. The great thing at present is that the Davenport trial seems to prove that the serum has unquestionable value in preventing and in arresting the paralysis if used in time. But, of course, the thing which is of even greater importance is to develop a serum which, by inoculation, shall have power to prevent the disease itself. That is what I am working on now."

Where Great Battle May Decide Italy's Fate



As late as last Wednesday it appeared that the Italian armies, rallying after their retreat from the Isonzo, would make a stand along the lower Piave River and the mountains south of Asiago. Judging from dispatches received from Italy, the Italian battlefront ran along the Piave to a point near Feltre, whence it swung westward to the Trentino mountain positions, continuing thence across the Lake of Garda. The Teutons had forced crossings of the lower Piave, near San Dona di Piave and established a bridgehead on the western bank somewhat to the north of that place.

Should the Piave line be abandoned, Venice will fall to the invaders, together with Treviso and other important cities. The next good lines of defense would be along the Brenta and Adige. The latter is particularly suitable for defense, since the danger from an outflanking operation by the Teutons is far less there than along other rivers.

Problem of Manning the New Merchant Ships

Admiral Fiske Heads Volunteer Organization for Training Young American Sailors—The Government's Efforts Have Lagged

By RICHARD BARRY.

MEN are the measure of the service, not the ships. Such is an axiom of the English merchant marine. It is the truth on which the Japanese merchant fleet has been builded into world power within less than one generation. It is the basis of all that Germany has done for more than twenty years in her fight for maritime supremacy.

Yet that truth, that more than truth—that fact, that supremely important fact—has been underestimated, apparently, by the United States in a period when she is straining every nerve to get into the water within eighteen months 1,500 to 2,000 oceangoing vessels.

Who is going to man these vessels? Where are the men coming from? How will they be trained? Where will they be trained? In what time can they be trained to sail and to protect this vast new fleet which is destined again to fly the Star-Spangled Banner on the Seven Seas?

In the beginning of 1917 the Stars and Stripes flew over fewer merchant vessels than it flew over at the end of war in 1815. By the end of 1918 it will fly over more vessels than it ever flew over before, even at the beginning of the civil war, which was our high mark. Two years from now the United States will be second only to England in gross tonnage; in three years we may pass her. But who will sail the ships? That is the question of the immediate future.

There was a popular idea still existing in April of this year that an army would spring from the earth in some miraculous manner the moment a bugle call was sounded, but after six months of war we still lack a trained army. That idea has died a timely death. But it has sprouted in another and an equally noxious form. The idea now persists in many quarters that when the time comes for the ships to be launched, an army of sailors will spring, embattled, from the waterfronts of the nation and carry forth the new fleets victoriously.

Nonsense! Sailors are more difficult to get than soldiers. It takes longer to train a sailor than it takes to train a soldier. Moreover, we have discarded the idea of securing our soldiers by voluntary methods; we are conscripting them. But, unless we copy the German method, sailors can not and will not be conscripted. No one in authority has even suggested that. They must volunteer.

Suppose sufficient numbers do volunteer. They must then be trained, and it will take as long to train them as it takes to build the ships, and then they will be only novices.

Certain members of the Shipping Board were approached not long ago with the request to explain the Government's purpose in this dilemma. The answer, generally, was that there was enough bother at that time to find men to build the ships. One of the New York members of the board said:

"When the time comes Uncle Sam will enter the market like any other employer and pick up sailors along the waterfront. There are always plenty of sailors, and the navy is planning to supply the higher officers."

What will Uncle Sam be able to do along the waterfront? A private employer last Summer ran a liner advertisement for one week in the paper that most widely reaches such men, asking for common seamen of experience. He got fifteen replies and only two men proved available.

Before the war (in 1914) the wages of common seamen of the best grade were $20 a month and found. Today the lowest wages of common seamen are $75 a month, and certain British vessels are paying $100 a voyage, lasting from nine to fourteen days, with a $50 bonus in case of torpedoing. Even at that wage nearly every vessel sails short handed.

The fact is that the market of available trained seamen is exhausted. With the addition of perhaps a thousand new ships within the coming twelvemonth, it is inconceivable where the sailors are coming from unless steps are quickly taken to meet the inevitable demand.

Several weeks ago a dispatch from Chicago announced that a training school for sailors on the Great Lakes had been established in Michigan. On investigation this was found to be in a measure true, but that there were accommodations for only 300 or 400 men—barely enough to man a 7,000-ton boat.

Two hundred such ships will slip into the water on the Atlantic seaboard before next Summer. And not a real training school in existence for the men to man them! Where are 60,000 coming from—as large an army as supplied our regular military establishment five years ago? Another 40,000 to 60,000 will be required in the following year. Are they coming out of the air and the scenery like tree toads and orchids? Or are they going to spring to attention at the word of command like Mr. Bryan's mythical million of embattled farmers?

Conversation with a number of officials who ought to have this matter in hand left the impression that when the time arrived some junior naval officer, not competent enough to take even inferior command on a battleship, but plenty good enough for the merchant marine, would descend on Battery Park and Chatham Square, run up a sign, clap his hands, and promptly enlist enough bench warmers too lazy or two worthless to be employed elsewhere. Just how this flotsam crew was to box the compass, handle the sextant, knit and splice, heave the lead, lower boats, make landing in the surf, signal with the semaphore or write a log book, was not quite clear. Those trifling little technicalities were "just details that would be attended to when the time came."

While the writer was pursuing this subject, loath to believe that the matter had not already received careful and efficient attention, a ray of light shot through the general gloom of the situation. He received a letter from the "Naval and Merchant Marine Corps of the U. S. A., (inc.,)" and it appeared that Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, retired, was the President and that the honorary council included the Governors of some fourteen States, and that Captain Lewis Till was the commandant, with headquarters in New York. This looked like an answer to the problem, but it appeared on investigation to be more a desire than a fact, much more a prospect than an actuality.

This organization has recently taken quarters (donated) in a private residence at 9 East Fifty-sixth Street, and its prospectus and plans are practical, feasible, thoroughly and reputably indorsed, and they hold much hope for the partial solution of the problem here stated. But it is a very small baby now. So far Captain Till has drilled 670 boys; he is striving to raise money to build a training ship that is worth $30,000, but which can be purchased for $12,000; and he plans a country-wide organization which eventually, if it prospers, will be able to supply the horrible lack that faces us in our new building merchant marine.

Captain Lewis Till, Commandant, Naval Merchant Marine Corps.

Captain Till, the moving spirit of the new organization, has a military rather than a naval record, having seen eight years of active service with the Royal School of Cavalry in Canada, serving through the Boer war and being in thirty-two engagements, having been for two years a member of the First National Guard of Missouri, stationed at St. Louis. Henceforth he proposes to devote himself, as a naturalized citizen of the United States born in Canada, to the needs of the Naval and Merchant Marine Corps. Military discipline in the training of men and young boys being the basis of all effective seamanship, Captain Till seems qualified to organize the corps, especially as he proposes to employ able seamen to supplement his work in the technically nautical branches.

The basis for hope in this new organization lies in the fact that it is going to seek out for the propagation of its idea the most fertile field in the country—the male youth from 16 to 20 years of age. All military observers and thinkers on military subjects agree that youth is the military age. Just as truly is it the marine age. In the adventurous years from 16 to 21 boys are overeager to seek the rigor and the delights of marine, as of military, experience. Moreover, under our present law, the military establishment of the United States has no place for those under 21. At the same time young men just under the restrictive age are the most anxious to "get into action." Thus the Merchant and Naval Marine Corps is plowing fertile ground.

The scheme is ambitious. Had it been working for the past two years, under Governmental supervision, and on a national scope, subsidized as such schemes are subsidized in all European nations and among the Japanese, there would not now be this problem of knowing where to get men for the new ships.

Captain Till proposes to establish posts in all the large cities of the United States, and, eventually, in many smaller cities. In these posts the young men will be organized and trained to prepare themselves for a life at sea. At first this must be done by a system of correspondence, as large sums of money for equipment and instructors are lacking. But even in the beginning it is expected that a visiting officer shall reach each post at least once every two months for inspection. His duties will be chiefly advisory. His aim will be to help every post to grow rapidly and to co-operate with the post officers.

Enlistment will, of course, be voluntary, and will bring from the young men only the requirement for work perhaps two nights a week, with a cruise in the Summer time of at least two weeks on the training ship. It is an extension of the Naval Militia idea, but as applied to those under 21. Captain Till believes that he will be able in this manner to enroll at least 100,000 young men during the first year of the corps. Of this number he believes that 25,000 would volunteer for the new merchant marine fleet. Of the 670 boys whom he has so far trained, 125 have enlisted in the army and the navy.

The training is to be free in all cases alike. Uniforms and all equipment are to be free. Nominal dues of a few cents a month to cover the local post expenses will be required from each member, but this will be under control of the young men themselves through their organized officers. During the war the corps will be specially trained to replace national guardsmen who have been called away for service abroad or in cantonments, and it will be used for policing bridges, water systems, and docks, as well as in handling crowds and suppressing mobs.

The work for the coming Winter, in this correspondence school system, includes courses in the following branches of nautical requirements: Hoisting and lowering boats, knitting and splicing, duties of the lookout, boxing the compass, the sextant, heaving the lead, landing in harbor, correct way to make a landing in the surf, sailing and rowing, signaling with the semaphore and the international code, reading the barometer, the port and starboard watch, how to write the log book, the rules of the road, and how to avoid a collision at sea. Supplemental to this will be four courses in military discipline; the manual of arms, the company drill, the efficiency to command, and how to obtain officers' and petty officers' rating.

It is a curious fact that the best response to the movement has come not from the seaboard, but from inland points. It seems that the boys of the prairies and the mountains are more anxious for the sea than the boys of the coast cities. A letter from Governor Alexander of Idaho, received a few days ago, accepting membership in the Honorary Council of the corps, expresses the inland feeling on the subject.

"I am with any movement of this kind, heart and soul," writes the Governor of Idaho, "and if your organization can bring our people to a realization of these principles that will fit the young men of our land as defenders of our free institutions, you will have performed a duty as patriotic as the men on the firing line of the battlefields."

Or, as Theodore G. Bilbo, the Governor of Mississippi, writes, "no one appreciates more thoroughly than I do the necessity, at this time and for some time to come, for training our young men in this branch, (the merchant marine.)"

Meanwhile, the Shipping Board says there will be a million tons ready by March 1. These boys won't be ready by that time. Who will man them?

Lenine Anti-American as Well as Pro-German

Most of the Bolsheviki Leader's Strength Is in Petrograd, According to War Photographer Who Has Just Returned from Russia

WHEN Donald C. Thompson, an American war photographer who was in Russia during the revolution and has recently returned to this country, asked permission of Lenine to take his picture the request was abruptly refused. And the reason given was because Mr. Thompson was an American.

"Americans," Lenine sent word, through an interpreter, "are capitalists. I will have nothing to say to an American."

"Then," said Mr. Thompson in telling the story, "I got mad. I told my interpreter to remind him that we were in Russia, and that Russia was a free country, and that even Nicholas had always allowed his picture to be taken. And Lenine simply repeated that he would have nothing to do with me because I was an American and intimated that I should find that country better suited to me than Russia at that time.

"Needless to say," he continued, "I didn't leave. I stayed on for months after that, through the July uprising and on into August. And I had a good deal to do with the Bolsheviki. I feel pretty sure that they are going to be permanently beaten in their effort to seize the Government. But it won't be because their power is impaired in Petrograd. They are very strong in Petrograd, for a good many reasons. In the first place, Petrograd is a nest of German intrigue, and the Germans can make the Russians believe anything. Then, too, Petrograd is a manufacturing centre and the workmen are concentrated there. And both because they are making them and because they have got control of the supplies already on hand, they have the ammunition.

"The thing that will conquer Lenine and his Bolsheviki is an army from outside Petrograd, an army that really represents Russia, and that represents, too, a Russian Government of all parties and peoples outside the capital. If Kerensky had taken his Government to Moscow in the first place, away from that hotbed of German intrigue, this latest outbreak would never have occurred. Recently, Kerensky did see this coming and tried to scatter the workmen, sending them to other parts of the country on a plea of food shortage in the capital. But it was too late then.

"And in Petrograd they follow Lenine. I remember the first time I came up against that man. English labor people had sent two representatives to Russia to congratulate the Russian people on the revolution, and I took my camera and went down to the station to see them come in. I was surprised to find crowds of people there with bands and all sorts of a jollification. And I tell you I was thrilled! So I said something about it to some men near me, and they said, 'English! Oh, no, this isn't for the English. We're all here to meet Lenine. The German Government has sent him in a special train across Germany!'

"Then, during the July uprising, I asked a lot of soldiers in the streets what they were fighting for and they said they didn't know! They had been ordered out and that was all they knew about it. And the way Lenine and his immediate followers have gone to work is to get control of the small assemblies that have the power to order out the men and then control the crowds in that way. The Russian crowd itself doesn't know anything; it believes whatever it's told. The man who has the last say is always the man who wins in Russia! And Russia has simply got to have a strong central Government."

Mr. Thompson, who has spent a good deal of time in Europe since August, 1914—the Antwerp bombardment was one of his minor adventures—chanced to arrive in Petrograd just twelve days before the revolution broke out last March. On the first day of the revolt he was arrested by the police for taking pictures and thrown into prison. That night the people seized the prison and set all the captives free, so he got his liberty—and, happily, his camera—once more.

Bolsheviki Women Parading in Petrograd. (Below) Typical Russian Soldier, Who Wants to Fight the Germans.

"But when they took me out of jail," he said, "they insisted on my fighting for them. So they tied a red rag on my arm and pushed a rifle into my hand and told me I was a revolutionist. I didn't care what I was. I had my camera with me. And I watched the fight to see how it was going, because, I confess to you frankly, if I saw the revolutionary side losing I was going to flop first thing! Nothing happened to me at all, though, and I got back to my hotel, and the next day I got a good spot in the window and got ready to take my pictures. The mob was surging up and down in front of the hotel. There must have been 200,000 of them. It was a fine place! But they began to shoot at it, and the bullets came into the room and all around me, and smashed some things. And after awhile they set fire to the building and I had to throw my films out of the window and rush down after them. Of course things quieted down fairly soon. I met Kerensky, and afterward went twice to the front with him. And it was only a few weeks after the first Government overthrow that Lenine came to Petrograd, as I told you, and I failed to get his permission for a photograph.

"But do you know what the Czar did? I'll tell you, and I know it is true. At the time of the revolution the traitors in the Government of Russia had forced the food shortage, got machine guns ready to turn on the crowds, and were about to make a separate peace and explain to the Allies that internal disturbance had forced them to it. But that wasn't what happened. And the Emperor didn't know a thing about it until the revolutionists met his train and asked for his abdication. Then one of his Generals spoke up and said: 'You needn't abdicate. Let the Germans in on the Dvinsk front and everything will be all right.' And Nicholas said, 'No, I am not a traitor,' and signed the abdication decree.

He never was pro-German. He was simply too weak to rule. And the Empress was not pro-German, either, though many people always thought she was. She had cut loose entirely from Germany, had never gone back to that country, never had any German visitors, was very English in her sympathies. But she was unpopular because she was personally eccentric and disagreeable.

"It wasn't the royal family who were responsible for German intrigue. Russia made a big mistake always in allowing the Germans and pro-Germans in Russia to go freely about their business, plot, and spread false stories; the simple Russians, who believe anything, were no match for them. Since the revolution there has been no discipline of any sort. People just stand around and talk. Nobody does any work. And things like this happened: before the revolution the lands held by Germans had been in the process of being seized and sold to the Government; the new Secretary of Agriculture stopped that. I don't know why. I don't think he was pro-German. It was just a foolish playing into German hands. They ought to have locked them all up. They never did.

"Another thing that has been unfortunate in Russia is the false reports of the United States spread, not only by Germans, but by pro-German Russians returning home from this country after the revolution. They said that the war was unpopular here, that conscription had to be enforced at the point of a gun, that our camps were surrounded with barbed wire and guarded by machine guns so that the soldiers wouldn't desert! Of course, Elihu Root and his commission accomplished a great deal. The Railroad Commissioners have achieved wonders, when you think of all that's against them, and they are the sort of men who are not going to be beaten. Then there's Ambassador Francis himself. He is the best-liked man in Russia today. When there is trouble, Francis is right there in it. I got in the habit, very soon, of going to Francis when I wanted to be sure I had the truth. He never took any one else's say-so; he investigated the thing himself.

"What Lenine talked about when he got to Petrograd and what the Bolsheviki have actually wanted to do was to take all the money out of the banks, and even the private houses, and just divide it up! As a matter of fact, the Leninites have plenty of money. When they were arrested after the July uprising not one of Lenine's followers had less than 100 rubles on him, and some had as high as 20,000 rubles. They all said they got it from Lenine's headquarters."

During that abortive rebellion in July, when Lenine and his followers tried to seize Petrograd as they had seized Kronstadt, there were parades of great crowds of people carrying banners inscribed with such sentences as "Immediate Peace!" "Land and Freedom!" "Long Life to the International!" "Down with the Duma!" "Our Ministers are Capitalists!" and "All the Power to the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Deputies!"

During that uprising Mr. Thompson commandeered a motor car, put his camera in it—with a tripod sticking out of the tonneau like some strange new kind of a gun—thrust an army Colt in his belt, and, bringing his car to a halt on the very corner where the Cossacks and the Bolsheviki were coming into conflict, began to take pictures. The chauffeur was in a panic, and when the American ordered him to turn and drive into an even more dangerous part of the Litainie, he refused. Whereupon the photographer threatened to shoot him, and the chauffeur tremblingly gave in. Americans who saw Mr. Thompson shouted to him that he "must be crazy." But he had gone all over Europe taking war pictures and he wasn't going to be balked here. Why he wasn't hit, he probably doesn't know himself. At all events, he escaped from that fray. But once, a few days after the episode of the motor car, when he was afoot taking pictures on the Nevsky Prospekt, his camera was knocked out of his hand and he was obliged to fling himself flat on the ground to avoid the whistling bullets.

Naturally, Mr. Thompson did not seek his Russian pictures in Petrograd alone. He went to the front, of course. And he wandered about in other parts of Russia taking photographs and talking to the people. He has a picture, for instance, of the platform erected for speeches in front of the cathedral at Kronstadt, where each evening the bells call the people, not to prayer, but to listen to pro-Germans and pacifists. And he has photographs of the girl soldiers of Russia taken in various parts of the country, where, it is estimated, between ten and twenty thousand girls and young women are drilling and under arms.

"There is no talk of 'immediate peace' among those girls," said Mr. Thompson. "They are one of the reasons why Russia is going to win out.

"The peasants need a King. They need a Government like England—a limited monarchy. The head of it needn't have any power. That isn't why the peasants want him. They want some one to look up to and sing a song to. The Russian peasant has just naturally got to sing a song to some one every night when he goes to bed. He won't sing a song to Lenine. He won't even sing a song to Kerensky. But he wants some one. The educated classes in Russia want a republic. But the peasant needs a King, just for the sentiment of it.

"The last time I saw Nicholas," Mr. Thompson went on, "he was out in the palace garden spading up a flower bed. And on the fence all around peasants were climbing up, all over each other—some of them had walked a hundred miles to see the Little Father.

"Not that any one thinks of Nicholas coming back," he added, quickly, "I didn't meet a person in Russia who wanted Nicholas to rule again. He is too weak. But there is a strong feeling in favor of a limited monarchy, like England, with the Grand Duke Michael as its head, if—and only if—he should be elected as King by the vote of the country.

"Of course, Kerensky is the one man out of millions in Russia who has really emerged to power. And Kerensky can be the man of the hour and give the country the real Government it needs. As I said, the upper classes want a republic. The trouble with Kerensky up to now—I was with him a lot, and he is a fine fellow—has been his connection with the extreme Socialists. They don't represent Russia. They are just pulled about by German intrigue. Russia needs its strong and devoted Generals, like Gurko and Korniloff—they'd do anything for Russia. And if Kerensky breaks away once for all from the extreme Socialist, peace-at-any-price, break-open-the-banks gang, he can form a real Government for the country. He is a great orator, and he has unlimited nerve. I guess he has broken with them all right now. It looks to me as if Kerensky had been educated over night, away from that danger. So, perhaps, after all the chances are better than ever. But not in Petrograd itself. Petrograd is not Russia at all.

"They don't need ammunition in Russia," Mr. Thompson added. "They've got more ammunition there—machine guns and rifles—than anywhere else in the world. But the trouble is that in Petrograd, where so much of it is, the Bolsheviki have got nearly all of it.

"And Lenine and the others promise land to the peasants, peace to the soldiers, money to the workmen. And the Germans—there are so many of them who have lived in Russia for years and have 'double nationality' under German law—have been busy with their plots all the time. The whole trouble started," Mr. Thompson concluded sternly, "when they didn't lock those Germans up! The Russians were just too easy!"

Speeding Up the Mails for American Soldiers

Every Week 450,000 Letters Go to France, and Lack of Ships Has Complicated the Postal Problem—Cantonment Service Systematized

IN recent dispatches from the American front in France there was one paragraph to the effect that the only complaint our soldiers made was that when they returned to camp from the firing line trenches there was no American mail awaiting them.

The grievance of the soldiers was repeated the other day to the three men in the Postmaster General's Department in Washington who have the most to do with the getting of letters and other mail matter to all American soldiers. These men are John C. Koons, the First Assistant Postmaster General, responsible for the mail service of all the camps and cantonments in the United States; Otto Praeger, the Second Assistant Postmaster General, in charge of the mail for all our expeditionary forces in France, and Robert L. Maddox, Superintendent of Foreign Mails, who had just returned from France where he had been at work for four months in organizing the postal service there for American troops. These officials freely admitted that there had been delays and that there must continue to be delays from time to time because of unavoidable conditions both here and abroad. For the most part these have been and will continue to be due to the wartime uncertainties of transportation, especially transportation across the Atlantic.

That the army itself appreciates the difficulties and is grateful for the mail service that has been established is indicated by the letters which have been received by the Post Office Department from General Pershing and from Major Gen. Blatchford, who commands the line of communications in France, commending the system that has been put in operation by Superintendent Maddox. It is through the headquarters of General Blatchford that the Postal and Military Departments co-operate.

"Possibly," said Mr. Praeger, in explanation of the complaint referred to, "the time when the soldiers from the firing line did not get the home mail they were hoping for came at the end of one of the eighteen-day periods in which it was impossible to send any mail from America because there were no ships going over. There have been two such periods since our troops arrived in France.

"We have two ways of sending the mail to the troops abroad. They are by means of the army transports and the merchant ships of the French Line, which, as a rule, has a sailing once a week. But there are not many French ships available for the purpose and it is sometimes necessary to cancel a sailing to haul a vessel off for repairs. Twice that has happened on occasions when no troopships happened to be ready to go, and that gave us the two unavoidable eighteen-day intervals with no mail departures. In one of those periods, however, I did send a batch of mail by a British ship, but that was of little help in the matter. The English are having all that they can do to get their own mail over, and we have used a British vessel for postal purposes only on this one occasion.

"All the American soldier mail for France originating west of the Mississippi River is made up at Chicago and all from east of the river is made up at New York. At those two points we work the mail down as fine as the company organizations. Each company has a mail sack of its own. All sacks for the companies of a single regiment are also kept together on their own rack, and the bags thus made up in New York and Chicago go intact to the troops. From the American port of departure to the arriving port in France the mail goes in either a troopship or a French liner. There are delays, of course, in this country in getting mail to the embarking point because of the wartime congestion of the railroads. There is further delay on the other side due to the same cause. There, of course, the land transportation is more severely taxed than it is here. The troops themselves with their supplies have the right of way and it generally takes two days after a troopship arrives in France before we can get the mail from that ship taken away and distributed to the interior points where our troops are stationed.

"Service by means of the French merchant ships is faster than by the transports, so we send letters on the liners whenever possible and put printed matter and parcel post packages on the transports. Between the two we will average a mail departure from this country about once in every four or five days. A letter mailed within twenty-four hours' railroad time from New York on the day before a sailing will reach the soldier in France to whom it is written in two weeks, perhaps a day better than that. Two weeks is about the best that is physically possible under war conditions. On the other hand, thirty days would be about the maximum due to an unfortunate combination of all the elements of delay, including such a serious one as a canceled sailing. But that has happened only twice.

"Another thing that takes time in the matter of the parcel post is the necessity of examining the contents of every package. It must be examined first by the Postmaster in the town at which it is mailed and again at the port of embarkation to make sure that it contains none of the articles prohibited by the postal laws. Failure in some instances on the part of local Postmasters to understand this rule has caused some congestion at the seacoast shipping point. The rule, of course, applies to Christmas packages and all other parcels and covers all intoxicants, poisons, inflammable material such as matches, all compositions which may kill or injure a person or damage the mails. Improperly packed perishable matter is also barred.

"So far, in the tens of thousands of parcel post packages that we have examined and shipped abroad, we have found not the slightest trace of willful violation of the rule, nothing in any sense malicious or suspicious. In some of the comfort kits sent from families to soldiers there have been boxes of safety matches. We have simply removed them and then let the kits go to destination.

"Of course, the Post Office Department lets go of the mail before it actually is delivered to the individual soldier. We take it to the railheads in France nearest to the various groups of our men. There it is delivered to the mail orderlies of the several regiments and done up in the company bundles. Distribution from that point on is by the army's own machinery.

"All this system works remarkably well save in the case of unavoidable exceptions to the general rule. For example, many thousands of reserve officers have been sent over to France without being attached to any particular organization when they first arrive. We can do nothing with mail addressed to them except deliver it to the Adjutant General at the main headquarters.

"Another problem has been made for us by the sending over of parts of regiments which have been merged with other organizations after their arrival, thus losing their numbers and designations which they had when they left America. A letter addressed to a man in such a merged regiment gets held up over there till we can learn what organization he has been blended with. Furthermore, many of our engineer officers are detailed with French and British organizations. We have to reach them through the headquarters of the French postal system at Paris. But delays due to failure to find men not clearly classified are being rapidly eliminated because the American army in France has now completed a very

(Continued on Page 11)

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Robert L. Maddox, Superintendent of Foreign Mails, Who Was Recently in France Organizing the Postal Service for the American Troops.

© Clinedinst.

John C. Koons, First Assistant Postmaster General, Responsible for the Mail Service of All Camps and Cantonments in the United States.

Family of Fifteen, All Living, Oldest Seventeen

French Father Wins Prize for His Record-Breaking Brood—All Born Healthy and Have Been So Ever Since

WHILE thousands of his fellow-countrymen are winning war medals, another Frenchman has won a distinction of another kind, one that is well-nigh unique. He is Francois Gannaz of Sallanches, in Savoy, and he has just received one-half of a prize awarded by the Institute of France because he is the father of a family of fifteen children, every one of whom is living and the oldest of whom is still under eighteen, having been born in March, 1899. The other half of the prize was awarded to Firmin Verjat of Buffières, in the Department of Haut-Saône, France, who has a family of sixteen children, all alive. This, at first sight, would seem to be more remarkable than the record of Gannaz, but the latter's fellow-villagers, who are inordinately proud of him, point out that the sixteen children of his rival range in age from 34 to 8, whereas Gannaz's oldest is a few months over seventeen, and his youngest only fifteen months old. Not only do they consider this aspect of the case more wonderful than the record of the chief of the Verjat family, but they call attention to the fact that it is quite likely that, within the next few years, there will be more little Gannazes than there are Verjats.

Henri Bordeaux, the well-known French novelist, now an officer in the French Army, was on furlough a few months back when he heard of Gannaz and his remarkable brood, and decided to pay the Savoyard a visit in his little village, which is not far from snow-covered Mont Blanc. He describes his experiences in an article entitled "The House of the Fifteen Children," published in a recent issue of L'Illustration of Paris.

Gannaz's House Before He Had to Add to It.

Gannaz feelingly informed Henri Bordeaux, had excellent appetites.

"Why, we have to get three thousand kilograms of bread alone in a year," she said. "It is quite a baker's bill, I assure you!"

Gannaz and his wife were married on April 12, 1898. Both of them were 25 years old at that time. It was not long before he found that his three-story chalet was too small for his growing family. So he set about putting on the fourth story shown in the illustration. In addition to providing space for the numerous brood it also accommodates boarders—for Gannaz soon found that he must raise money for the upbringing of his big family.

They are ten boys and five girls—together with their dates of birth:

Pierre Alexandre—March 5, 1898.
Clovis Alfred—June 9, 1900.
Alcide Leonard—Oct. 4, 1901.
Lucien Hubert—Nov. 1, 1902.
Fernand Auguste—Jan. 19, 1904.
Louis Zacharie—Feb. 12, 1905.
Lucie Caroline—June 8, 1906.
Léonie Olympe—June 28, 1907.
Marie Josephine—June 30, 1908.
Alice Dorothée—Aug. 6, 1909.
François Marcel—Nov. 3, 1910.
Marie Louise—Dec. 8, 1911.
Luc Xavier—Feb. 16, 1913.
Gabriel André—Nov. 5, 1914.
Jean Baptiste—Aug. 10, 1916.

Every one of them, M. Bordeaux learned, had been born healthy, and had continued ever since birth in the enjoyment of good health. The parents are doing their best to keep the whole family together as long as possible. Gannaz proudly informed M. Bordeaux that he provided all the children with a good home, despite the sacrifices which this made necessary.

Gannaz, His Wife, and His Fifteen Children, Ranged According to Age.

"None of them has to go wandering about away from home," he declared.

In spite of the worries incident to raising such a sizable family on the meagre resources of a humble agriculturist Gannaz is robust and happy, and never loses a wink of sleep. But his wife is not quite so philosophical about it.

"I sometimes wake up along about 2 o'clock in the morning," she confided to M. Bordeaux, "and begin to worry. I get thinking of the number of slates that are needed for the children at school, of the number of pairs of wooden shoes. And with the prices of everything going up, too! But I console myself by remembering that every one of the children is in good health."

Before M. Bordeaux left the Gannaz household the father told him that the family had added to its evening prayer an extra paternoster—the Gannazes are Roman Catholics—for "Monsieur Lamy of Paris," donor of the prize, including the welcome sum of 10,000 francs, which went to Gannaz.

Gannaz lined up his wife and their fifteen children before his house, which looks just like a Swiss chalet, and eyed them with paternal pride while the novelist inspected the troop. He also showed pride when he brought out the documents from the Institute telling him that he had been awarded one-half of the Etienne Lamy Prize. This prize, by the way, is no empty honor. In addition to the distinction involved, it bears with it a cash donation of 10,000 francs ($2,000)—no insignificant item for the father of a family of fifteen, all of whom, as Mme.

The House of the Fifteen Children As It Is Now.

Here are the names of the fifteen children of Gannaz and his wife—there

The King's Round Table—By Charles Alexander Richmond, President of Union College

MY armies have conquered Belgium
And hacked their way to the sea,
And shall I then not honor the men
Who have won this honor to me?"

The King looked round on a ravished land
By the spoil of a ravished town;
His ruthless hosts had wasted their coasts
And trampled their harvests down.

The first was a Captain of the Guard
With the blood-lust still in his eyes;
"We crept on Dinant in the dark
And took her by surprise.

"Then we bound the rascals arm to arm
And shot them against the wall.
And men are men—and war is war;
There were women enough for all.

"We burst the doors with the butts of our guns.
The fire balls burned higher and higher,
Till the red cock crowed on every roof
And mounted to every spire.

"And sabre and bayonet flashed in the light
As the waters flash in the sun;
Nor sabre nor bayonet rested that night
Till the work of the King was done."

The King brought forth the Iron Cross;
Said, "Wear it upon your breast.
That man shall have great honor
Who honors the King's behest."

The second was one whose face was wet
With the wet of the salt sea brine.
"They sailed to their fate where we lay in wait,
But we made never a sign.

"And some were watching the wheeling gulls,
Some watched the roll of the sea.
And some looked longingly into the West
And thought of their own country.

"Then we launched our bolt like a thunder stroke;
The great ship burst in twain.
A thousand or more who sailed from the shore
Will never come home again.

"And now they go drifting, drifting by
Like the tangled weed of the sea.
The wandering wave is a wide, wide grave
For all that company."

The good King took the Iron Cross,
Said, "Wear it upon your breast.
That man shall have great honor
Who honors the King's behest."

The airman came from his place in the sun.
Good tidings may he bring.
He circled round till he came to the ground
And stood beside the King.

"The night was dark as a sealed tomb
And still as a baby's breath;
When we bore down on the sleeping town
And scattered the sudden death.

"We took no toll of armed men,
Yet some there be who mourn—
An old man dead as he lay on his bed,
A bride with her babe unborn.

"Two children slept in each other's arms;
They sleep a dreamless sleep.
Long may men seek in the flaming wreck,
It's little they'll find to weep.

"Then we took flight through the black, black night,
For we feared what we had done.
We took no harm, though we heard the alarm,
And the roar of an English gun."

Once more the King took the Iron Cross,
Said, "Wear it upon your breast.
That man shall have great honor
Who honors the King's behest."

"What makes this churl in this company?"
Said the King to his Chancellor.
The poor civilian fell in the dust;
He was no man of war.

He kissed the hem of his robe and craved
That he suffer nor pain nor pang.
"I've done no gest at the King's behest
But I've chanted the Hasegesang."

The King has bent him low to the ground
And lifted him tenderly.

"Ye have but writ what the King has thought
And given it wings," said he.

"Now ye shall sing of my table round.
Pray Heaven it bear no loss.
And ye shall wear with the best knights there
The sign of the Iron Cross.

"Sir Wilhelm and Sir Rudolph,
Sir Christian and Sir Hans,
And all who have harried Belgium,
And ravished the daughters of France.

"And all who have hated England
With a hate that never can die,
Fair knights, sans peur et sans reproche,
The flower of my chivalry."

When Merlin knew what the King had done
He buried his head in his breast.
"Here is a very foul knighthood,
This King is a King unblest.

"King Arthur's knights were of gentle blood,
And could well of their courtesy.
The cross they wore was the Holy Rood,
The Cross of Christianity.

"Their quest was the quest of the Holy Grail,
Here is no holy quest."
And Merlin took his staff in his hand,
And fared him forth to the West.

Speeding Up the Mails for American Soldiers

(Continued from Page 9)

comprehensive card index of its entire personnel, with every man's location accurately indicated. Of course the old causes of delay are bound to persist with each new batch of men or officers to arrive in France until they can get indexed, unless they are definitely attached to some organization from the start.

"Of course, there is always that familiar cause of delay which always exists in war or peace—the failure of the sender of mail to properly address it. A letter for a soldier in France should bear on the envelope his name and the designations of his company and regiment; nothing more nor nothing less than that. But we have thousands of letters simply addressed to So-and-so of the American Expeditionary Force or the American Army in France. For every such letter we have to apply the directory service test just as is done in the case of a letter addressed to a civilian in a large city without street and number being given.

"In spite of all these difficulties, we shipped more than a million letters for American soldiers in France in the first sixty days after our troops began to arrive here, and of that million and more only two thousand were undelivered. According to the October reports we are now sending 450 sacks of letters a week to our soldiers in France. That means 450,000 letters a week. At the same time we are sending 1,800 sacks of parcel post and printed matter each week. The mail traffic from the troops in France to the folks in America is considerably less, of course, because each soldier receives more letters than he writes. But, even so, we are bringing back from our troops 376,000 letters a month. There is very little printed matter and practically no parcel post bound this way from the army."

Robert L. Maddox, Superintendent of the Foreign Mail Service, went to England the middle of last June and, after studying the British system for handling soldier mail both in England and on the British front, began the work of building up the American system for the same service. When he left France early this month to return to Washington he turned the work over to John Clark, the United States postal agent in Paris with a working personnel of more than a hundred mail clerks at the several railhead Post Offices of America within easy reach of our troops.

"I have had the heartiest co-operation of the French postal authorities and of the American Army officers," said Mr. Maddox, "and I believe that we have got the best system that can be built up for the mail service of an army in the field. A letter from as far west as Kansas in this country was delivered to General Pershing at his headquarters in France fourteen days after it was mailed. The soldier mail from the eastern part of the United States ought not to take more than twelve days for delivery to the trenches. It will average just about that. If we sent it by way of England we would have to allow three or four days more. Going direct to France, mail shipped on a French liner requires about ten days; mail shipped on a transport takes anywhere from thirteen to twenty days.

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Otto Praeger, Second Assistant Postmaster General, Who Directs the Handling of Mail for the United Expeditionary Forces in France.

"From the French seaport where the mail is unloaded from the vessels it is taken by French railway trains to our field Post Offices. I would like to say that the French Government charges nothing for this service nor for carrying our mail across the Atlantic on the French liners. Later on we will transport the mail from the seaport to the troops on our own supply trains.

"Our policy has been and is to establish a Post Office at every railhead that is near any considerable body of American troops, say from 5,000 up. So far we have twelve such Post Offices in France, and of course there will be more as the demands for mail service increase. From these offices the mail is delivered directly to the mail orderlies of regiments, through whom it gets to the companies and the individuals. From some of the offices we also have what corresponds to our rural free delivery in America for the benefit of small and scattered special groups of soldiers. To them the mail is taken in motor trucks furnished by the army for the purpose and manned by a military chauffeur and a civilian mail clerk.

"As in the French and British Armies, the greatest secrecy is maintained in everything that has to do with our mail service. Major General Blatchford, commanding the American line of communications, with whom I worked, never would give me a scrap of written instructions or information. Everything that we did had to be ordered orally. I would be told that a Post Office would be needed in such a place at such a time and then go to work to establish it. In each case the mail facilities were there when the troops arrived. No Post Office may be referred to by the name of the railhead or village in which or near which it is established. Instead of a name that would reveal its location, it has a number, and our postal clerks at the seaport office must have a record showing the location of every military unit with reference to the number of one of the twelve Post Offices."

Naturally the mail service for the American troops still held in the camps and cantonments of the United States is a much simpler matter so far as transportation is concerned. Nevertheless, it is a gigantic undertaking and makes up in greater bulk of mail delivered what it lacks in distance of haul.

"All told, we have to provide service for eighty-one camps in this country," said Mr. Koons, the First Assistant Postmaster General, who has worked out the system. "Of this number, all the national army cantonments and the National Guard camps will average 40,000 men. And a camp of 40,000 soldiers is the postal equivalent of a city with a population of 200,000 people. That is because the man who goes into the army receives more letters in six months of his military life than he would get in six years of civilian life. He will also write many more letters than he would under normal conditions. This is as it should be, for the cheerful, encouraging effect of his correspondence with his family and friends is an indispensable asset in keeping a man in camp fit for his work as a soldier. It is a most important factor in the matter of soldier psychology, and the Post Office Department of the National Government is doing everything it can to further the welfare and the efficiency of all the troops by keeping them in daily touch with the people they have left at home.

"Our records show that we are delivering to the soldiers in the American camps and cantonments an average of 240,000 letters a day; also fifteen tons of parcel post packages every day. The outgoing letters written by the soldiers average about 80,000 a day for all the camps. The other forms of mail service are not so extensively used by the friends of the troops. We average only about 7,500 special delivery letters a month, 2,100 money orders aggregating $42,000, and 3,300 registered letters.

"Each camp is under the postal jurisdiction of the nearest large city which has the proper facilities for expansion of service to meet the new strain. The Brooklyn Post Office, for example, takes care of the national army camp at Yaphank, although it is sixty miles away. But the service is much better than it could be if placed under the supervision of one of the nearby village Post Offices. Camp Meade is served by Baltimore, twenty miles away, and so on through the entire list of camps.

"At each camp we have our own postal personnel living in barracks of our own furnished by the War Department.

"Of course there is some delay in delivering the mail to the individuals of each fresh draft contingent as it comes into camp, but that delay ends as soon as the new men are assigned to their military units and located in their barracks. Then, too, there is the delay which army mail suffers in common with that of civilians because of the unusual war conditions. Many trains are missing connections nowadays because of troop movements, and the right of way of other trains carrying military supplies and mails can move no faster than the trains which carry them."

Bolsheviki Catechism from Lenine's Pen

By ABRAHAM YARMOLINSKY,
Instructor in Russian at the College of the City of New York.

THE following attempt to formulate the platform of the socialistic faction which calls itself the Communistic Party, but which is commonly known as "Bolsheviki," is based on a pamphlet on the political parties in Russia, written by Nikolai Lenine, the Radicals' Premier of Russia. It is presented in the form of questions and answers. The wording closely follows that of Lenine.

Q.—What social class do we represent?

A.—We represent the class-conscious proletaries, hired laborers, and the poorer portion of the rural population.

Q.—What is our attitude toward socialism?

A.—We stand for socialism. The Workmen's Councils must at once take the necessary practical steps for the realization of the socialistic program. They must immediately take over the control of the banks and capitalistic syndicates, with a view to nationalizing them; that is, making them the property of the whole people.

Q.—What form of State organization do we advocate?

A.—We advocate a republic of Councils of Workmen, Soldiers, Peasants, &c. All the power must belong to them.

Q.—Should we support the Provisional Government?

A.—No. Let the capitalists support it. Our aim is to make the councils the only authority and power in the country.

Q.—Is it necessary to convoke the Constituent Assembly?

A.—Yes, and as soon as possible. The guarantee of its success lies in the growth of the councils in number and power, and in the arming of the masses of workmen.

Q.—Does the State need a police force of the usual type and a standing army?

A.—Not at all. The people must be made synonymous with the army and militia. The capitalists must pay the workmen for their service in the militia.

Q.—Should the army officers be elected by the soldiers?

A.—Yes. Furthermore, every step of the officers and Generals must be verified by special deputies from the soldiers.

Q.—Should the soldiers oust their superiors without authority?

A.—Yes. This is useful and necessary in every respect. The soldiers only obey and respect the authorities they elect.

Q.—Are we against this war?

A.—Yes, we are. We are emphatically against this imperialistic war and the bourgeois Governments conducting it, our own Provisional Government included.

Q.—What is our attitude toward the predatory international treaties (about the dismemberment of Persia, China, Turkey, Austria, &c.) made by the Czar with England and France?

A.—We are against them. It is our task to make it plain to the masses that it is hopeless to expect anything in this respect from the capitalistic Governments, and that it is necessary to transfer the power to the proletariat and the poorer element among the peasants.

Q.—What is our attitude toward annexations?

A.—We are against them. All the promises of the capitalistic Governments to renounce annexations are false. There is but one means to expose the fraud, namely, to demand the emancipation of the people, oppressed by their own capitalists.

Q.—What is our attitude toward the Liberty Loan?

A.—We are against it, for the war remains imperialistic, waged by capitalists, allied to capitalists for the interest of capitalists.

Q.—Can the capitalistic Governments body forth the will of the nations to peace?

A.—No. Conscious workmen cherish no illusions on this score.

Q.—Should all monarchs be deposed?

A.—Yes.

Q.—Should the peasants immediately take possession of the private lands?

A.—Yes, the land must be seized immediately. Strict order should be established through the agency of the Councils of Peasants' Deputies. The production of bread and meat should be increased, for the soldiers must be better fed. The damaging of cattle, implements, &c., cannot be allowed. It is necessary to organize the poor peasants and the agricultural laborers.

Q.—Should the fraternization at the front be encouraged?

A.—Yes. This is both useful and necessary. It is absolutely necessary immediately to encourage attempts at fraternizing between the soldiers of the two belligerent sides.

Q.—What color is our flag?

A.—Red, for the red flag is the flag of the universal proletarian revolution.

Service Flags All Over the City

Starry Banners Fly in Greater Numbers Every Day— Big Ones Flutter from Downtown Skyscrapers

FROM the one-starred squares that dot the windows of apartment houses, to the great banner with the figure 6,861 in stars that is the pride of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, service flags fly glowingly all over town these days. But if one stops to ask a question about one of them, the interest of the answer does not lie in the number of stars alone. That, the inquirer is told, is twelve, or twenty, or 200, or whatever it may be, but nine times out of ten there is another bit of information, delivered with bright, snappy pride: "There'll be more soon."

The service flag of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company is 52 by 32 feet in size. But even so large a banner as that can not hold 6,861 stars, and when it was found that the number of company employes in the United States service reached that figure, it was seen that some special arrangement had to be made. This was done; the figures themselves are set in blue stars in the flag's white centre. The employes of the American Telephone and Telegraph and associated companies enrolled or in active service are scattered through every branch of the army and navy, and come from every State in the Union. The flag was flung out for the first time from the Telephone and Telegraph Building at 195 Broadway on the morning of Nov. 9.

The service flag of the United States Rubber Company has 1,554 stars. The number of stars in the flag of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company is 1,260. The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company has 569 stars in its flag. The Municipal Building's service flag has 393 stars, and the flag of the American Tobacco Company 325. The Public Service Commission's flag shows 257 men in the service.

A manufacturer of service flags says that he began to make them "on a basis of twelve stars or less." On that basis, he charges 5 cents extra for each star when the number is over 12. But if any one expected that the flag with more than 12 stars would be a rarity, he has only to look about him to be mightily astonished now. In the financial district, certainly, where at a little distance away the flags seem almost to cluster against the tall buildings in the narrow streets, it is the flag with "12 stars or less" that is rare. There is the Guaranty Trust Company with 220 stars.

"That," explained the man who has charge of the flag, "is our latest number. We are adding to it all the time."

At the National City Bank, which has a flag with 180 stars, the answer, striking the same note, was: "We had 104 men in uniform in August. There will be more soon."

The service flag of the New York Stock Exchange flies 87 stars, 63 for members and 24 for employes. J. P. Morgan & Co. have 73 stars in their flag; the Home Insurance Company, 75; Westinghouse, Church & Kerr, 70; the Equitable Trust Company, 60; the Chase National Bank, 61; the Bankers' Trust Company, 59; Chatham and Phenix National Bank, 59; Kidder, Peabody & Co., 53. These are some of the most thickly starred of the downtown flags.

But they are by no means the only big ones. Walking for only a few blocks in the financial section, one sees the flags of J. S. Bache & Co., with 32 stars; E. H. Hutton & Co., 13; Shearson, Hamill & Co., 15; C. I. Hudson & Co., 20; Merrill, Lynch & Co., 21; Post & Flagg, 22;

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Flag for 6,861 Men in Service, on American Telephone and Telegraph Building. Woolworth Tower in Background.

Harris, Winthrop & Co., 19; Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, 11; the Franklin Trust Company, 18; the Central Trust Company, 15; the Metropolitan Trust Company, 20; Henry L. Doherty, 35; Goldman, Sachs & Co., 13; Brown Brothers & Co., 28; Hanover National Bank, 35; Mechanics' National Bank, 37; United States Mortgage and Trust Company, 28; William A. Read & Co., 40; New York Title and Mortgage Company, 18; American Exchange National Bank, 18; the Lawyers' Mortgage Company, 29. These are not all, only some of the most noticeable.

The first flag in this section was that of the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company, which was hung out on Sept. 28, with 25 stars. The number has since been increased to 28. In regard to the flag which flies so beautifully from the Municipal Building, there is a possibility of misconception. The 393 stars might not unreasonably be supposed to stand for the total number of municipal employes in war service. But they do not; this is the number of municipal employes with the colors from the Municipal Building alone.

Totals of men contributed to the country's service by some of the large corporations run very high. The American Express Company, for instance, reports that about 1,000 of its employes have volunteered. The Standard Oil Company of New York has 345 men in the country's service. Four hundred and fifty men have left the New York Edison Company to join the nation's fighting forces, and among the allied companies 357 have gone from the Consolidated Gas and affiliated companies, 108 from the United Electric Light and Power Company, and 30 from the New York and Queens Electric Light and Power Company, 93 from the William R. Grace Company, and 50 from the Johns-Manville Company. The service flag of Rogers Peet & Co. has 80 stars. The Hippodrome has 87.

Fifth Avenue is gay with service flags. Some of the conspicuous ones from Fourteenth Street to Fiftieth are: P. K. Wilson, 32 stars; Meyers, 16; the Methodist Book Concern, 16; Garfield National Bank, 14, (twelve of these are for clerks and two for Directors;) Emery & Beers, 32; Einstein-Wolff Company, 12; Ovington's, 9; the Waldorf-Astoria, 91; Altman's, 240; Columbia Trust Company, 39; McCutcheon's, 14; Best's, 19; Tiffany's, 84; Franklin Simon, 31; J. & J. Slater, 5; Bonwit & Teller, 21; Robin, Hewlett & Co., 10; Knox, 42; Bankers Trust Company, 60; Irene, 12; Sherry's, 36; Harriman National Bank, 6; Knoedler's, 16; W. & J. Sloane, 51; Black, Starr & Frost, 6; Frank's, 6, and Marceau, 12. Noticeable from Fifth Avenue are the nearby flags of Yale & Towne, with 180 stars; Stern Brothers, 54; the Aeolian Company, 127; Hotel Manhattan, 33, and the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, 68.

Altman's and Yale & Towne thus have the largest number of stars among the flags of Fifth Avenue, but the credit of being the first to hang out service flags in this part of the city goes to the Methodist Book Concern and Franklin Simon & Co. The former had out its flag, with fourteen stars at that time, for the National Guard parade on Aug. 30, and if not the first in the city was certainly the first in the Twenty-third Street neighborhood. Franklin Simon & Co. displayed their flag in the early part of September, and were the first in that section of the shopping district.

The service flags that are mentioned here offer a fairly representative list, and only that. It could not very well be exhaustive, for one company, said to be the largest manufacturers of such flags in the city, but by no means the only one, reports that it has made in the neighborhood of 100,000 service flags.

Rembrandt Etchings from Morgan Collection

THE prints division of the New York Public Library has arranged an exhibition of about 170 etchings by Rembrandt, selected from the J. Pierpont Morgan Collection. Mr. Weitenkampf says of it:

"Recurring exhibitions of Rembrandt's etched work are as interesting as desirable, and as inevitable as are the performances of the plays of Shakespeare or the symphonies of Beethoven. The present exhibition consists of a selection of the artist's best plates, in impressions usually impeccable, and often in states of great rarity. * * *

"The chronological arrangement of an artist's work serves best for the study of his progressive development, especially when his productions are as numerous, as diverse in subject matter, as varying in changing manner of expression, as are these etchings by Rembrandt. Classification by subject, (i. e., portraits, landscapes, religious, genre,) as indicated by Bartsch, has generally, but not always, been followed in Rembrandt exhibitions. On the initiative of Sir Seymour Haden, the Burlington Fine Arts Club's exhibition of 1877 was arranged chronologically, as were those of the Boston Museum (1887) and the British Museum, (1899.)

For the permanent collection of Rembrandt's etchings in the British Museum a similar course was followed, and A. M. Hind's catalogue of that collection has been employed in the arrangement of the present exhibition. The visitor will thus be able to follow the unfolding of Rembrandt's art throughout the three periods (1628-39, 1640-49, 1650-61) into which Haden divided it according to style and method. Later, the exhibition will be rearranged and classified by subjects. This unusual plan will give an opportunity to study the prints both by chronological arrangement and according to subject matter."

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Woodcuts at Metropolitan Museum

Example of Chiaroscuro Printing in Exhibition of Early Italian Wood Engraving at the Metropolitan Museum.

THE exhibition of Italian woodcuts in the Print Department of the Metropolitan Museum is one of very great distinction, illustrating the history of the art in Italy from the middle of the fifteenth century to the beginning of the seventeenth. The technical boundary to the exhibition is fixed by Mr. Ivins at the moment of discovering that engraving tools can be used across the grain of the wood. That discovery introduced the "tint" and led the ambitious engraver away from the old positive line which expressed the natural limitations of the medium.

The characteristics and development of the Italian woodcut are described by Mr. Ivins in the catalogue with a degree of knowledge that makes his description an affair of value to the initiated student of prints and with an art of statement that enables the most ignorant to follow the succinct history with understanding and interest. He reminds the visitor to the galleries that in most instances he is looking with twentieth century eyes at the handiwork of contemporaries of Columbus, whose point of view, thoughts, and conventions of expression are not as his own, whose knowledge, in some directions less than our own, also embraced much that we have unlearned and much that we have forgotten. He also reminds us that the pictorial woodcut has a much shorter history than either painting or sculpture, dating back no further than the early years of the fifteenth century. Comparing the Italian with the German type of woodcut, he finds the initial difference between them traceable to the different tastes of the bookbuying public in the two countries. In Germany the woodcut book was bought by the wealthier classes and conformed to the calligraphic and miniature traditions with which they were familiar. The Italian bibliophiles, on the other hand, looked askance at books decorated with woodcuts, leaving them to the unlearned public who liked to see in their picture books "a constant and steady reflection of the paintings and sculpture and architecture with which they were familiar in the churches and other public buildings."

This accounts in some measure, no doubt, for the later popularity of the chiaroscuro print, in which one neutral color in two or three degrees of intensity gave a plasticity comparable only to the sculptural reliefs of friezes and other architectural ornament. Even the paintings reproduced in this manner for sixteenth century Italians to use for decoration, as we have used photographs of masterpieces, are hardly as plastic in effect as these "chiaroscuro" prints with their one color and their definite modeling. Such prints, we are told, were hung on the walls of the private houses and subjected to all the familiar accidents and neglect of small households, hence the large number of examples in good condition in the present collection is noteworthy.

Ugo da Carpi, who is believed to have taken over from the Germans and adapted to chiaroscuro printing a technical method developed by Burgkmaier and his woodcutter, is represented by a brilliant group. "The Death of Ananias," after Raphael, printed from three blocks, shows the method at its most logical moment, perhaps. The brown ink conveys a sense of color without compromising the simplicity of the monochrome; the high lights are bland, the halftones broad and clear, and the deep bounding line adequately symbolizes the dark shadow from which the forms emerge in high relief. "Saint Peter Preaching," after Parmigiano, is more impressionistic. It might be a reproduction of one of the modern works of "pictorial sculpture" with which we have replaced the earlier "sculpturesque pictures." The planes flow into each other, the contours are undulating, the bounding line is used only to indicate specially accented depths; it still looks more like a reproduction of a bas-relief than like a reproduction of a painting.

To go back to the linear artists before 1500, and those active at about that time, the architectonic character of most of the designs is as striking as the sculptural character of the chiaroscuro work. Again the talk is all of buildings and sculpture, the permanent features of a country in which all human activities are seen against a noble architectural background. Take, for example, the "Canon Picture" in Missale Vallisumbrosae, lent by Mr. Morgan. An architectural framework is erected within the rectangular page, the spaces not occupied with architectural ornament being filled with little pictures related to the central panel representing the Crucifixion. Set into the bases of the columns on either side of the panel are subjects of monks reading and praying in their cells. A knight engaged in some holy scrimmage fills the space between the bases. The arch of the lunette over the panel contains the figure of God the Father bending over to watch the scene depicted below. Filling the spandrels are figures of men with books. All these pictures are peculiarly expressive, the gestures and poses reaching the exaggeration of emotion found in the Flemish primitives oftener than in the Italian. The women at the Cross are overcome with heavy sorrow. The gesture of the Father bending toward them from above is one of deepest compassion. This contrast between the emotional characterization and the severe architecture of the framework emphasizes the beauty of each. A deviation from precise formality that also adds to the beauty of the general effect is the extension of the landscape background beyond the frame of the design.

In the Florentine group of book illustrations the use of black is particularly to be noted. The Savonarola series (1496 to 1500) are especially marked by characteristic small patches of black introduced with apparent casualness as a niche in a shadow, as the black tiling of the typical black and white Italian floor, as the robes and hoods of the religious, always appearing as an accidental and natural element in the composition, and always placed with the tact that implies careful preconsideration. No. 37, "A Man and a Woman in Prayer Before an Altar," passes somewhat beyond the field of the purely decorative, and foreshadows the new school of drawing that seeks to win from a line its utmost emotional significance. Here there are almost no patches of black. Even the black drapery against which is hung a crucifix above the altar is broken up in surface with a rapid, rather coarse, hatching of white line. The meeting of the walls of the room is marked by richly modulated lines, and the indications of the shadow back of the figures are single notes of black flowing off into the white spaces in a way that gives life and vigor to the effect and that would be fully appreciated by such a modern master of line as, say, Preston Dickinson.

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EDWARD I. FARMER

CHINESE ARTS AND DECORATIONS

5 West Fifty-sixth Street, NEW YORK

Venice with Enemy at Her Gates

(Continued from Page 3)

was more in harmony with the sumptuous and joyous nature of the Venetians of his day. He gathered up whatever he could find of delectable or of brilliant in nature or in man, in costumes or in art. luxury, as evidenced in the magnificence of buildings, of garments, of hangings, in the representation of concerts, of festivals, of processions or of banquets, beauty, as manifested in exquisite and voluptuous creatures, all love and smiles—all these the master knew how to bring into harmony; bathing them in an envelope of transparent color; in veiled or opaque tones he showed no less originality than in his sunny high lights, vibrant with joy and vigor. Thus he gave a new palette to art, the decorative value of which is still maintained, for nothing has so far been found to surpass it in clearness and nobility.

In the work of Tintoretto we find elements that are of an entirely different, not to say antagonistic, character. The clear and diffused coloring of Paolo in Tintoretto becomes a gloom irradiated by gleams of light, as if the scene in every case had been painted in a thunderstorm; the composed dignity of Veronese is exchanged for the restlessness and tumult of a painter who seized his motives with a rapidity that was literally instantaneous; the richness and display of the one is replaced by the ruggedness and scornful impatience of the other.

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Scene in Venice, Showing Campanile.

Of these rich and brilliant Veronese canvases, Venice has many. "One of the finest," said Mr. Blashfield, "is the 'Triumph of Venice' in the Hall of the Grand Council in the Ducal Palace, another, the 'Rape of Europa,' in the Anticullegio. And there are beautiful Veroneses in the Academy."

Of the ceiling paintings in the Ducal Palace, the finest are said to be Veronese's "Neptune and Mars," "Faith," and, especially, "Venetia Enthroned on the Globe." Another famous Veronese, in the same room, is the "Christ in Glory."

In speaking of the ceilings in the palace, Mr. Blashfield pointed out that several, which were undoubtedly in the manner of Veronese, were now variously attributed, and some were probably by his pupils or followers.

Among the paintings by Veronese in the Academy are "The Feast in the House of Levi," "Hercules and Ceres," and "Madonna Enthroned, with Saints." One of his most brilliant works is the "Betrothal of St. Catharine" in the Church of Santa Catarina. Other Veronese canvases that are well worth cherishing are those in the Church of San Sebastiano—"Veronese's Church"—which he largely decorated, and where he is buried.

An earlier master of the Venetians, who has left many paintings in the city where his work was done, was Giovanni Bellini. His "Virgin and Saints," in the Church of the Frari, is one of the great Madonnas of the world, and is commonly named with Titian's "Assumption" and "Madonna of the Pesaro Family" as one of the three greatest pictures in Venice. His four allegorical pictures in the Academy are cited as "examples of incomparable charm" in the treatment of allegorical subjects. The room which contains these and several other paintings from his hand houses also the "Madonna with Mary Magdalen and St. Catharine" and "Madonna of the Two Trees." Another well-known canvas of his is the "Madonna Enthroned" in the Academy.

Gentile Bellini, Giovanni's half-brother, painted several pictures which are among the treasures of Venetian art—the "Procession in the Piazza of St. Mark," and others are in the Academy. And Jacopo Bellini, father of Gentile and Giovanni, who has many canvases in Venice, is rated as "the earliest of the heroes of the true 'pittura Veneziana.'"

One of the most-loved paintings in Venice is Palma il Vecchio's "Santa Barbara," which, though housed in the Church of Santa Maria Formosa, is said to have escaped injury when that church was partly destroyed by an Austrian bomb some time ago. Palma il Vecchio has also a beautiful "Holy Family" in the Academy.

Carpaccio is another artist whose work enriches the galleries and churches of Venice. His "Scenes from the Legend of St. Ursula," nine paintings hung in the "Sala del Carpaccio" in the Academy, are perhaps the best known of his canvases, but he has other beautiful things that visitors to Venice love. Mr. Blashfield calls special attention to the "St. George Killing the Dragon" in the Scuola of San Giorgio degli Schiavoni.

Mantegna's "St. George," Benifazio's "Banquet of Dives," Boccaccio Boccaccino's "Madonna," Cima da Conegliano's "Tobias and the Angel," and Paris Bordone's "Fisherman Presenting the Doge with the Ring Received from St. Mark," are among the features of the Academy. The last named is said by Burckhardt to be "the most beautiful ceremonial picture in existence." There is a fine Giorgione in the Palazzo Giovanelli.

In sculpture Venice also has treasures. The Church of the Frari contains some noted monuments—the early Renaissance tomb of the Doge Niccolo Tron, by Antonio Rizzo; a statue of St. Jerome, by Alessandro Vittoria; the great wooden equestrian statue of the Roman Prince Paolo Savelli; and a figure of John the Baptist in wood by Donatello. Andrea Verrocchio's equestrian statue of Bartolomeo Colleoni, in the Campo Santo Giovanni e Piolo, is the most famous work of its kind in Venice. The celebrated bronze horses of St. Mark were long ago, we have been told, moved from their perilous situation in the great Piazza.

But nothing can make safe the Piazza itself, and the architecture that is, after all, the unique treasure of Venice. St. Mark's is probably better known to the people who have never seen it than any other church in the world, while to those who have seen it, its wonder is to be cherished forever. Its interior is, as Mr. Blashfield said, "in some ways the most precious thing in Venice." There is nothing like this strange, jewel-like interior, with its marvelous mosaics—some of them by Tintoretto, some going back to the twelfth century—its fine antique reliefs, its statues and altars, its whole architectural and decorative scheme.

After the great central glory of St. Mark's—"a long way after," Mr. Blashfield points out—comes the Ducal Palace, with its curious inversion of the usual values in its lacework foundation below the solid upper walls. Then there are several churches that are among the treasures of the world—Santa Maria dei Miracoli, San Giorgio Maggiore on its island, the delightful Renaissance church of Santa Maria della Salute, the Gothic churches of Santi Giovanni e Paolo and the Frari, the church of the Redentore, on the island of the Giudecca, San Stefano, and Santa Maria del Orto.

The Piazzetta and the Court of the Palace of the Doges are loved by all who love Venice. And among the famous palaces that rise from the Grand Canal it is only necessary to name a few to recall that individual character of architecture that can only be classified as "Venetian." Among these are the former Loredan and Farsetti (now the Municipio) Palaces, the Dona, Saibanti, Businello, and Da Mosto, most of which are near the Rialto. The influence of Gothic in the modification of Venetian architecture is shown in the Ca D'Oro, and in the Contarini-Fasan Palace, as well as in the "Casa degli Evangelisti." One of the finest palaces in Venice is the early Renaissance Palazzo Vendramin Calergi. Other palaces are the Corner Spinelli, the Grimani, the Pesaro, the Palazzo Rezzonico, where Browning died, and the Palazzo Corner della Cà Grande, built by Sansovino.

Naturally, there are in Venice rare treasures of jewels, plate, laces, old and beautiful historical things. Those in the Civic Museum and the Treasury of St. Mark's may especially be mentioned. There are also some fine historical relics in the Arsenal.

"Before all else, Venice is an art city," said Mr. Blashfield. "For beauty, it is the place of all places to me."

New Material for Dressing Soldiers' Wounds

DR. ALEXIS CARREL is experimenting in the New York hospitals with various kinds of dressings made of sphagnum moss, officially adopted for dressings by the Red Cross.

When there came a serious shortage in cotton and gauze for the German hospitals, sphagnum moss, an old household remedy for cuts, boils, and burns, supplied the deficiency. The Allies were next to feel the shortage of cotton and gauze, and the peat bogs of Ireland and Scotland were ravaged for the feathery substitute.

The moss is found in fresh water bogs not far from the ocean. It grows close to the water's edge, which makes the gathering of it a rather risky undertaking, unless one enjoys the sensation of walking on a quaking surface into which boots are apt to sink if one stands in one spot too long.

The best grade of sphagnum is the papillosum, which has a yellow top. Little fronds circle around the stem, each frond covered with tiny leaves rolling themselves close to form little cups which hold moisture better than does absorbent cotton. This grade of sphagnum, when dried, is made up into various sizes of dressings, which are applied to open suppurating wounds, particularly those made by the terrible curtain of fire, and to abdominal wounds. Dr. Carrel's method of treating these wounds by keeping them open is generally used in the hospitals of the Allies.

Sphagnum moss dressings are said to be superior to absorbent cotton, because they are much lighter, more bulky, and more absorbent. By a kind of capillary action the moisture is drawn away from the surface of a wound, keeping it clean and thus aiding nature. It does not clog or cake, as absorbent cotton does, when left on too long. In fact, the number of dressings of a wound can be reduced by any quantity of sphagnum.

There are other grades of the moss, more light and feathery, which are made up into larger pads for dysentery or for rest pads.

When the supply of moss from Scotland showed signs of depletion, Lady Stoppford Brunton, daughter of Professor John Porter of Magill University, Canada, requested her father to find out what supply Canada could offer. Dr. Porter has been the pioneer in the work in Canada, which is as yet limited, owing to the shortage of transportation. It is said that the coast of New England certainly must have the moss in sufficient quantities to assure any amount of surgical dressings when the call comes to this country from the other side. The bogs will be frozen over shortly, but in the Spring the work will be opened up fully. However, for a Winter supply, the coast of the State of Washington, being open all the year round, ought to furnish any quantity of sphagnum.

Dr. Carrel is experimenting with three kinds, one all made of sphagnum, one of the moss with an absorbent cotton layer on the top, and one of a Florida moss used as a support for the more delicate sphagnum. These dressings are covered with a grade of lawn running seventy threads to the inch. Such close-woven texture is necessary to prevent possible siftings.

The Surgical Dressings Committee of New York or the Woman's Bureau of the Red Cross of the New York Division can supply the moss.

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With the President on a Forenoon Stroll

NOT everybody who visits Washington is satisfied with sending home a souvenir postcard showing the Monument or the Capitol. Some write real letters. Some keep diaries. At least one man from Kansas keeps a diary, and the red-letter day in it so far is the day on which he saw the President, not as anybody might see him, on a platform or reviewing stand or riding by in an automobile. Better than any of those ways, this diary keeper saw the President taking an unusual walk all alone to make a call.

It was on a recent Sunday forenoon, a day of perfect weather and that first Fall coolness that puts vigor into the system and suggests a light overcoat. The President had on a light overcoat and his step was full of vigor, two facts that were duly noted in the diary. Pennsylvania Avenue in front of the White House was almost deserted, so the walk was begun without the formation of a crowd to trail along in the rear. But the Kansas man happened to be passing, one of three or four persons who saw the President, and crossed the avenue and walked through Lafayette Park at a respectful distance behind the two Secret Service men.

No man ever seemed so completely detached from a bodyguard, and if this were not an age of printed photographs the Sunday morning stroll would have been a complete success as an incog outing. As it was, everybody going in the opposite direction recognized the President and saluted, but only the original small group followed on for the walk.

"What do you call that White House gate the President came out of, the one next to the War Department building?" asked one of the group, who proved to be the man from Kansas, of another trailer. "I am keeping a diary and want every detail accurate. I mail it home every night to my family out in Kansas to read. This is the first time I've ever seen the President."

"That was the west gate," replied the new acquaintance, and the diary keeper shortened his step so as to get the fact down legibly, without too much joggling.

The President walked straight out Sixteenth Street for six blocks. He looked out for himself in getting safely across Scott Circle, just like the ordinary citizen with a due regard for safety first. The Secret Service men did not mar the pleasure of the stroll by going ahead to hold up the automobiles that were swinging around the Circle, and the drivers were too intent upon taking the curve to notice the President particularly.

Half a square beyond the Circle Mr. Wilson stopped at a Sixteenth Street House, went up the steps alone, and rang the bell, which was not answered until after a delay of a minute or more. It seemed altogether too long to the Kansas man for the President of the United States to have to wait, as he confided to his Washington friend and voluntary guide when they sat down on some steps opposite to see what would happen next.

The diary keeper took advantage of the halt to write down the things he had noticed up to that moment, with the help of his companion.

"What was that big house with the long extension and high iron fence on the opposite side from the President as we came along? I noticed the President looking over at it."

"That was the Russian Embassy."

"Oh, really. It didn't seem to worry him any to be reminded of Russia. I noticed it was about there that he gave the dried leaves along the sidewalk a good clip with his cane."

"Yes, I saw that, too. You want to put it down, for it shows that a man is feeling fit when he thinks of the fun of hearing the rustle of a stick through dried leaves. It wasn't a golf stroke—just a normal boy's slash with a stick. I bet four dollars the President wished he could kick his way through those leaves. It is more fun than using a stick, and the thing to do on a morning like this."

"All right—dried leaves, cane, crisp weather, he feels like a boy in the woods—now I'll know what that means when I write this all out for the family. What else did you notice that I didn't?"

"Well, you spoke yourself of the delay in opening that front door after the President rang the bell. I'd put that down. It shows he isn't nervous or irritable from overwork. He rang only once, and then stood there, perfectly serene, looking up at the sky and thinking about something. If it had been Roosevelt, he would have rung that bell four times in the course of that wait. He would have wanted to kick the door in. Make a note that Wilson is patient."

"Fine! This will be the best day's report I've sent home since I've been here—patient, wears silk hat, light overcoat—my folks will read this to the neighbors."

"Yes, and the neighbors will tell what a time you are having in Washington, and on the second or third telling they'll get it twisted around to a report that you and the President walked up Sixteenth Street together."

"Well, I can't help that. I put down only the truth. I do think it is very likely that my grandchildren, if they read this diary in the years to come, may possibly think or at least tell their friends that I spent some time with Mr. Wilson at the national capital during the war. But that will please them and will not hurt the Government either now or then. Do you realize he has been in there now more than half an hour? Who lives in that house?"

"I don't know. If I were keeping a diary for my grandchildren I probably would put down that this might be the home of Colonel House, but I haven't the least idea."

"There is a church on the corner and that sounds like the closing hymn. I hope he doesn't come out just as church lets out, when the crowd will come along to see him and follow him back."

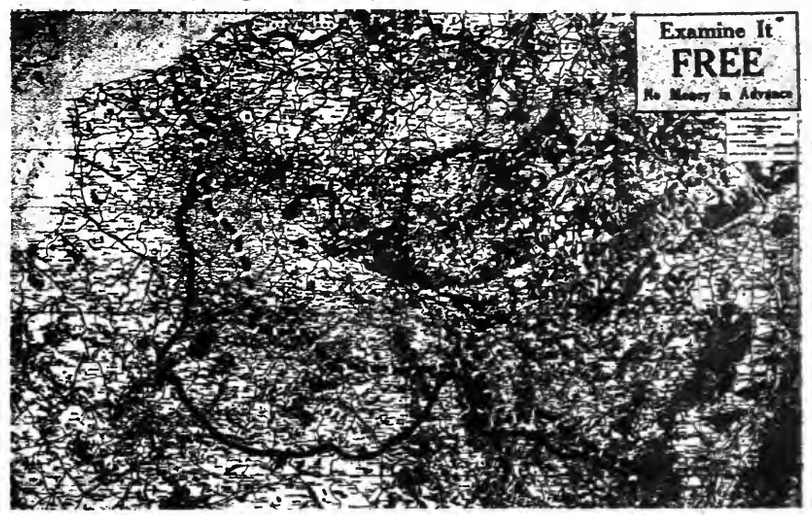
"I see you like to be alone with the President."

"Well, it seems more dignified, less as if you were butting into his privacy, to have him alone, instead of following with a crowd. There he comes now. Who are those people coming out with him?

"Why, that's McAdoo and Mrs. McAdoo, the President's daughter, and young McAdoo. That solves the mystery of the house. It is where the Secretary of the Treasury lives. This is a family party. I guess I won't trail them back to the White House."

"You're right. I guess I won't. Thank you very much for helping me out and telling me who Rochambeau and McAdoo were and about the Russian Embassy."

The Most Complete Single Map of the Western Front



Follow the American Troops in France

THE photograph above is a reproduction of the most complete single map of the Western Front ever published. It is 28x36 inches in size, but folds into a convenient cover, 5½x7½ inches, just right to be carried conveniently in the pocket for frequent consultation. It is printed on excellent paper, and can be had mounted on cloth, if desired, at slight extra cost.

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In addition to over 7000 towns, villages and hamlets, this new map gives all woods, fortresses, fortified towns, naval arsenals, forts, redoubts, batteries, aircraft depots, wireless stations and railways. The forests and woods are indicated in *green*, giving the map an attractive appearance, and adding a strategical feature of importance.

The scale of the map is *10 miles to the inch*. It extends west to Ashford, England; north to Antwerp, Belgium; east to Frankfort, Germany; and south to Orleans, France.

It shows for comparison the *battle line of 1914*, when the Germans were *almost at the gates of Paris. The ground gained by the Allies*, therefore, may be plainly seen.

It is without exception the most satisfactory map of the Western Front which has been engraved. It has been prepared especially to throw light on movements as they occur. It may be examined with ease, for the type is bold and clean cut.

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An index of towns and villages accompanying a map of this kind has been proven *an absolute necessity*. The smaller towns are the ones usually mentioned in the news dispatches. They are not to be found *on ordinary* maps, and the locations of most of them were, and still are, utterly unknown to the general public, but *unless* their locations *are* known their strategical importance cannot be grasped.

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Record of Automobile Advertising for Ten Months 1917.

New York Morning Newspapers

1917	Times	Second Newspaper.	Third Newspaper.	Fourth Newspaper.	Fifth Newspaper.	Sixth Newspaper.
January	134,957	114,643	100,338	87,766	90,475	57,507
February	63,415	45,496	43,284	35,835	33,022	23,447
March	73,558	55,428	48,357	40,387	36,817	22,570
April	98,928	63,966	67,324	54,033	45,148	26,784
May	79,685	57,171	48,325	36,773	39,026	20,276
June	86,840	58,935	49,316	37,215	32,803	18,721
July	80,295	49,540	50,620	31,734	32,813	8,655
August	62,853	45,054	42,077	27,661	28,272	10,545
September	78,112	35,703	48,693	27,578	34,386	10,775
October	90,115	48,726	48,403	29,598	25,511	13,606
Total	848,758	574,662	546,737	408,480	398,273	212,886

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$15 to $19.75 Silk Dresses **at $10.98**

$17.98 to $25 Silk Dresses of Charmeuse, Satin, Taffeta **at $14.98**

Over 400 Dresses embraced in this offering, and as there are not many of any particular model, every woman will find at least several styles which she likes very well.

Wide varieties of smart tailored effects are among them; others are effective demi-dressy styles. There is plenty of navy blue and black, as well as desirable afternoon shades. All sizes represented.

Second floor, Central Building.

$2.95 and $3.95 Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, $1.69

Recent large purchases and hundreds of Hats from our own stocks included in this clear-away. There are scores of tailored effects, sports Hats and dress Hats. Also banded velour and velvet Hats, draped toques. Untrimmed Hats of velvet and hatters' plush. Every color and black.

$4 to $7 Feather Hats at $2.95
This second purchase is even finer than the last. All heckle feather hats, heckle and burnt feather hats, pheasant turbans, roll brim sailors, tricornes, military hats in beautiful iridescent and single colors.

Street floor, East Building.

French Millinery Salon Hats, $12.50 to $18.75 Models, at $7.50
Dressy and tailored Hats; gold-embroidered, fur-trimmed; breast turbans, draped turbans, etc.

Second floor, East Building.

$3.98 to $5.98 Georgette Crepe Blouses, $2.98

And a number of fine crepe de chines. Many are reductions from our own stocks; some represent a new special purchase.

Showing the daintiest new effects in collar and cuff ideas; smartly tucked, trimmed with imitation filet lace, Valenciennes. Most of the Georgette crepes are in flesh-pink or white. There are a number in suit shades; taupe, blue, brown and black. All sizes.

Second floor, East Building.

$1.98 Navy & Black Serge, $1.25 yd

Think what a very low price this is for 54-inch, all-wool serge of good quality, in navy blue—two shades—and black! It is an extraordinary offering that women will be quick to seize.

$3.25 All-Wool Burella, $1.98 Yard
Plain and overplaid effects, in rose, seal, taupe, plum, and other shades, including navy blue. 54-inch.

$2.50 Black Chiffon Broadcloth $1.69 Yard
Lowest price of the season on this superbly finished fabric. Sponged and shrunk; 48 inches wide.

$2.75 Black Tricotine, $1.95 Yard
All wool, 54-inch; tailor weight.

85c. Black Storm Serge 59c. Yard
Another extraordinarily low price for an all-wool, 36-inch serge.

Street floor, West Building.

9000 Yards of $1.79 to $2.49 Plain and Fancy Silks at $1.25 Yd.

Because of the enormous success of our Silk Offering of a few weeks ago, we duplicate it on Monday in another notable Economy Silk Sale. In fact, in quantity and variety this Sale will surpass the former one. The offering includes many of the best silks and colors from our great regular stock. All 53 and 40 inches wide. Included are

BROCHE FAILLE, STRIPED SATIN AND TAFFETA, in beautiful pastel colors, tinsel stripes, etc.

PLAIN COLORED SATIN, FAILLE, TAFFETA, CREPE, ETC., in street and evening shades.

Special space arrangements to make selections easy. But come early.

Street floor, West Building.

$175 Living Room Suites, $137.50

Three pieces, Queen Anne period, cane back and sides, mahogany finish, spring edge upholstered seat; complete with 4 Sunburst pillows and bolster roll; upholstered in your choice of a very good grade of damask, velours or tapestry.

$11.00 Tea Wagons, $8.25
Mahogany finish; they measure 16x24; rubber tired wheels.

$14.00 Sewing Tables, $8.00
Patterned after the Martha Washington Table, solid mahogany, excepting side pockets and legs; has sliding needle tray in top drawer and spool rods in middle drawer, seven sided end pockets as in the original.

Fourth floor, Central Building.

Small Wilton Rugs—25% Less

About 500 fine little Wiltons, in desirable designs and colorings, offered at about one-fourth below regular prices.

27x54 in., $5 and $6.50, regularly $6.50 and $8.50.
36x63 in., $8.25 and $10.50, regularly $10.75 and $13.50.

Then these other exceptional values in Floor-coverings.

Axminster Hall Rugs, Reduced
27 in.x 9 ft..... $7.50, regularly $9.50
27 in.x12 ft..... $10.00, regularly $12.50
27 in.x15 ft..... $12.00, regularly $15.75

Room-size Axminster Rugs Specially Priced
8¼x10½ ft..... $25.00, regularly $29.50
9x12 ft..... $27.50, regularly $35.00

$1.35 Printed Wool Velvet Carpets $1.10 Yard
Printed wool velvet, in a splendid range of patterns, most of them with Hall and Stair Carpets to match.

Two Special Linoleum Offerings
Printed Felt Base Linoleum, 35c, sq. yd.; regularly 43c.
Inlaid Linoleum, 98c. sq. yd.; regularly $1.15 and $1.25.

Third floor, East Building.

$10.95 Fibre Silk Portieres, $6.85 Pr.

These wonderfully effective, lustrous Portieres are in a dozen desirable color combinations, including the favorite brown, rose, green and blue.

$4.45 Nottingham Lace Curtains, $2.89 Pair
In an assortment of ten good designs.

$1.50 to $2.00 Curtains at 98c. Pair
1,500 pairs Marquisette and Scrim Curtains, trimmed with pretty lace edges.

Third floor, Fulton Street, Central Building.

$12.98 Porcelain Dinner Sets, $9.98

This is the leading offering in a remarkable Thanksgiving Sale of China and Glass in which the splendid resources of our great stocks have been drawn upon at large price reductions.

The Sets are of 100 pieces of American porcelain, in white and gold floral designs, and have bread and butter plates.

$18.89 Porcelain Dinner Sets at $12.98
American porcelain, in conventional floral border design, in various colors; 100 pieces, with Bread and Butter Plates.

$22.98 Porcelain Dinner Sets at $15.98
100 pieces; in several pretty conventional border designs, with gold lines.

$2.25 to $5.98 Cut Glass Reduced to $1.98 and $2.98
Two rich groups of brilliant Cut Glass, including a great variety of pieces, much reduced in price.

$2.25 Cut Glass at $1.98
Cranberry Bowls, Celery Trays, Sugar and Cream Sets, Cider Jugs, Spoon Trays, Banana Bowls, Hair Receivers, Puff Jars, Perfume Bottles, Flower Vases, Flower Baskets, Bon Bon Dishes, Compotes, Cruets, Fern Dishes

$5.98 Cut Glass at $2.98
Ice Cream Trays, Oval Orange Bowls, Sugar and Cream Sets, Cider Pitchers, Cranberry Bowls, Celery Trays, Fern Dishes, Compotes, Flower Vases, Mayonnaise Sets, Flower Baskets, Cruets, French Dressing Bottles, Water Bottles, Perfume Bottles, Puff Jars, Hair Receivers, Ice Tubs

8,400 Pieces of Table Glassware at 10c. to 25c. Each
Regularly $1.49 to $4.19 a Dozen

Glassware in a graceful shape that will look well on the Thanksgiving Dinner table, in a pretty needle etched design; from our regular stock.

At 10c. each—3 and 5 ounce Tumblers.
At 12c. each—8 and 9 ounce Tumblers.
At 15c. each—12 and 14 ounce Tumblers.
At 25c. each—Goblets, Saucer Champagne, Claret, Wine, Cocktail, Sherry, Cordial and Sherbet Glasses.

Subway floor, Central Building.

Other News in Brief

Men's 98c. and $1.25 Shirts, 78c. Street floor, Fulton Street, East Building.
$2.98 Doll Sulkies, $1.98. Fourth floor, Central and West Buildings.
$1.50 Boxes of 25 Havana Blend Cigars, $1.00. Street floor, Men's Shop, East Building.
$1.98 and $2.49 Umbrellas, $1.29. Street floor, Central Building.
$6.25 Bed Spreads, $4.85. Subway floor, West Building.
Flannels, 15c. Yard. Wholesale cost. Subway floor, West Building.
75c. Stamped Linen Centerpieces, 37c. Third floor, Central Building.
25c. Moire and Satin Striped Ribbons, 15c. Yd. Street floor, Center, East Building.
$3.45 Velvet Hand Bags, $2.45. Street floor, Fulton Street, Central Building.
84c. to $1.09 Teaspoons at 68c. Subway floor, Central Building.
$12.98 Table Lamps, $7.98. Third floor, Central Building.
Complete Works of Edgar Allan Poe, 5 volumes, $2.49. Mezzanine floor, East Building.
Men's Winter Overcoats, $19.75. Second floor, Men's Shop, East Building.
$1.25 Lining Satin, 98c. Yd. Lining Store, Street floor, Central Building.
19c. and 25c. Stationery, 2 boxes for 25c. Street floor, Fulton Street, East Building.
$4.47 Gillette Safety Razors, $3.74. Street floor, Livingston Street, Central Building.
65c. A. & S. Witch Hazel, very large bottle, 59c. Street floor, Livingston Street, East Building.
36c. Willington Spool Cotton, white and black, 25c. Street floor, Livingston Street, Central Building.
69c. Woven Cotton Plaids, 29c. Yd. Subway floor, West Building.
Boys' $5.95 Overcoats, at $4.89. Second floor, West Building.
$15.65 Military Wrist Watches, $10.85. Street floor, Center, Central Building.
50c. to $2.75 Jewelry at 34c. to $1.47. Street floor, Center, Central Building.
Children's 79c Night Drawers at 69c. Second floor, East Building.
$3.50 and $3.98 Abrast Corsets at $1.98. Second floor, East Building.
Women's $3.19 Bathrobes, $2.74. Negligee Balcony, Entrance Street floor, Central Building.
Men's All Linen Handkerchiefs, 6 for $1.15. Street floor, Central Building.
49c. to 98c. Shetland Motor Veils at 25c. Street floor, Central Building.
$5.50 Taffeta Silk Petticoats at $3.74. Second floor, East Building.
75c Women's $1.50 Fleeced Combination Suits, 89c. Street floor, Central Building.

$1.49 All-Silk Georgette Crepe, 95c Yd.

Probably the most important offering of this very popular fabric that has been made this season. Fine, all-silk quality in these colors—

White, Turquoise, Amethyst, Burgundy, Taupe, Cream, Nile, Old Blue, Navy, Brown, Maize, Gold, Copenhagen, Dark Green, Medium Green, Old Rose, Reseda, Pearl, Flesh, Royal Blue, Lavender, Plum, Medium Gray, Old Gold, etc.

69c No-Tear Silk Dress Net, 39c Yard
Our regular 69c. quality, at a record low price. In a beautiful assortment of over 20 shades, including black, white, cream, ivory, flesh and navy blue.

Street floor, Central Building.

OPERA AND HORSE SHOW BRING OUT NEW FASHIONS

TWO of the most important events in smart society happened during the past week and both on the same night. One was the opening of the opera season and the other the opening night of the annual Horse Show, this time given under the auspices of the Red Cross. These two occasions put the final seal on the fate of fashions.

"Brilliant" is the word that always is used to describe the first night at the opera. Last Monday, from the time the first evening coat made its appearance, until the last evening coat had disappeared into the homeward-bound limousine, the scene was a flash of color. Reports have said, "Opera not so brilliant as in other years," or words to that effect. It was a different sort of color—that was all. This season the colors are not crude. They are pastel shades and a great deal of black and white was worn. Here and there was seen a dashing note of cerise or flame colors—just enough to accent the dominant note of lighter, paler colors.

The evening wraps at the opera were more gorgeous and sumptuous than ever. And the fashion of cutting an evening wrap out of a great deal of material, draped or hung perfectly straight, is calculated to exhibit the lovely materials to the best advantage. Metal brocades were seen in great numbers. Wraps of fur were wonderful to behold. There were even embroidered velvets and Chinese Mandarin coats had not been in any wise neglected.

In the boxes one noticed that the evening gowns followed all predictions and kept to straight and simple designs and lines. More often than not the gowns were draped of velvets and satins, with bodices made partly or entirely of cloth of gold, handsome brocade, or lace with chiffon and tulle. White satin gowns were noticeable.

Gold and Blue Brocade Evening Gown Seen at the Opera.

Typical Horse Show Toggery.

At the Horse Show the women who were looking on seemed far more absorbed in the business at hand than in the part that they and their clothes were playing in the general scheme of things. From one angle this fact made them all the more charming. They seemed to have forgotten that they were beautiful, thereby achieving a much more elevated effect of beauty. When one came to examine the clothes and their appurtenances one found some beautiful things.

It was cold in Madison Square Garden on that first night of the Horse Show, which made many of the women hold their wraps close to them, hiding any glimpse of the glories of their gowns. However, their wraps were most interesting in themselves, and when a gown did appear between the enfolding coats it was usually a beautiful one.

The débutantes who sold programs for the benefit of the Red Cross saw fit to cover their frocks with large white badges and aprons, while their coiffures were entirely submerged under Red Cross caps. One wished to see a little more frock and a little less apron. They wore, as a rule, one-piece dresses with meagre spots of trimming, depending upon their rich materials—usually velvets and velours—for their distinction.

From these two gatherings of smart society, assembled for the first time this Winter certain conclusions may be drawn with regard to fashion. Here is a list of the points that were noted as being established good style for Winter, and as pointing toward what will be generally accepted for Spring:

Suits without trimming are very chic. They are made with either three-quarter length coats or with very short, perky coats, the material being broadcloth or wool velours or some similar fabric. So far, before the cold days are upon us, they are worn without extra fur pieces. The supposition is that, as Winter winds grow more and more severe, they will be supplemented by top coats rather than by furs. There is something distinguished about a well-tailored suit entirely without fur in a season when there is so much fur of every sort.

Evening gowns are best when they have no trimming at all or when they are trimmed with only a touch of embroidery or contrasting color in one way or another. Velvets and brocades are the chosen materials, though a large sprinkling of satins is evident.

Dark, rich colors are best for street wear. Terra cotta, Pekin blue, brown in all of its tones, and shades of green are the most popular.

When low necks are used, either on afternoon or on evening dresses, the V line is the best. It is usually finished straight and hard, with no contrasting edging on daytime things or with a row of darkish braid or folded silk.

White collars in the old-fashioned sense are taboo. When one is used it is a tiny, dainty affair of expensive lace or finely hemstitched organdy, often combined with a little oddly shaped yoke.

Flowing sleeves of chiffon or Georgette crêpe are often a part of an afternoon or an evening gown. Indeed, chiffon is apt to flow from any portion of a well designed gown. It has a strikingly feminine air.

Short coats of fur—short-haired fur—are prominent these days. Their line of ending is somewhere at the hips or below the hips, according to the height and stature of the wearers. They are loose and boxed in character, with wide and ample sleeves. One of squirrel was seen, worn with a red velours gown and a wide black picture hat.

Gowns of transparent materials—of Georgette crêpe and chiffon—are not nearly so popular this season as they have been. There is a decided breaking away from the filmy mode of dressing. Good, serviceable cloths are much better economy, and have come lately to be much better style, which is well on account of the war and advancing prices.

Hats have taken unto themselves the general prevailing idea of simplicity, and, save for ostrich feathers, which, when they appear, usually make the whole hat, are plain in line and void of any elaborate trimming. Often blocked silk hats are seen with dressy clothes, and they have a way of making a charming face look just a shade more charming. Brocaded toques of military line are noticeable, and there are the ever-present picture hats, often mushroom in shape, and artistically irregular.

Fur collars and cuffs are distinctly different from those of other years. The collars—the best of them—are shawl in cut and not too wide. The cuffs are wide and straight. There is a collar called the coachman's collar, which stands high about the neck and head. It is lovely in effect, but only a certain type can carry it off, which makes it not universally popular or becoming.

No muffs are visible as yet. Fur coats are the thing.

The blouses worn with suits cannot be said to be alike in any one particular; some are high at the neck, plain and severe; while others are low and soft and gently becoming. One high-necked blouse was made of sage green crepe de chine. It had a high collar and straight cuffs of black satin ribbon, with just a fold of something white at the line where the black touched the skin.

Velvet is much worn for both afternoon and evening; also for coats and suits.

Black evening gowns are many. They are made of satin and net or of some other material, with jet; or they are made of velvet, severely plain.

Shoes have taken a decided turn toward the Oxford variety. With the daytime dress which has come to be a part of every woman's wardrobe, Oxfords of dark brown leather are considered smart. They have low heels and are worn with dark brown stockings. Patent leather Oxfords were seen with a velvet afternoon frock. Spats with pumps are worn by many women, and there are a few brown shoes with lighter suede tops. For evening, slippers made of cloth of silver or gold were more generally worn than anything else.

A Scotch cap made of black with a bright red band about it was worn by a tiny maiden along with a biscuit-colored, short jacketed coat and a sealskin shoulder cape.

Sashes there are in profusion. Many are parts of the dresses. Some are made of ribbon; others are crushed of satin and brocade.

Some of the newer suits have short jackets, the peplums being very full, cut circular, so that they perk out behind. This seems to be a good indication for Spring suits, which, first reports say, are to have short jackets.

Duvetyn hats are worn by those who do the proper thing. One of tan, stitched to give it body, was made in turban shape and edged with narrow bands of moleskin. It was worn with a black satin dress.

A red wool cashmere dress had no trimming at all except a three-inch crocheted belt of red and green and black in stripes. Even the neckline was finished plain.

A black velvet dress was worn with a broad black velvet hat and a long, loose cape of black wool velours. The only color about the whole was the lining of the cape in aviator blue.

Russian sable continues to be the most beautiful fur worn. One or two wraps of chinchilla were seen.

Shopping bags, evolved from the knitting bag and gaining in the evolution not so much bulk but a great deal of roominess, are made of dark-colored chiffon velvet and lined with lustrous silks. Some are made of fur, and a number had fur trimmings on velvet, brocade, or satin.

Jewels are not very much in evidence. They are selling very well this year, it is said, but they are certainly being worn with more discretion than ever before.

Sport suits are usually made of heather mixtures in pale greens, pinks, blues, and yellows. They are cut on severely tailored lines with narrow skirts.

The topcoats worn by women riding at the Horse Show were of soft woolen materials, cut on mannish lines, made rather short, and full at the hem. The sleeves were either raglan or set into elongated armholes. One English tweed cape was worn in the ring.

Riding habits showed nothing new. They were, both for side saddle and riding astride, of black broadcloth or cheviot. Some of the hats were of derby shape, but most of them were of silk beaver blocked.

Evening Coat of Purple Velvet and Blue Fox Fur.

CENSUS OF PHYSICIANS URGED

MANY important and authoritative medical publications with large circulations throughout the United States are properly concerned about the duty of the medical profession in time of war. The Medical Record of this city discusses the subject editorially, advocating the so-called "New York idea" as a solution of the problem, and offers these comments:

"It is a difficult problem that confronts many physicians at the present time, pulled, as some are, by duty in three directions. In the first place, is the loud and insistent call of patriotism, which seems to be—the country needs you! Then there is the call of the community—your patients need you! And finally there is the domestic call—your wife, your children, or may be your aged parents, need you!

"The country calls with loud voice and imperatively; the army needs medical officers, and it must and will have them. But it does not need every man; unless the war is prolonged far beyond the conservative estimate of those best qualified to guess, the number of physicians to be taken from civil life will not exceed 25,000, or about 17 per cent. of the registered physicians of the country—say one in six of the total.

"But the problem of choice remains, and it is here that what has been called the New York idea offers a solution. This is the plan recommended by the Medical Section of the New York State Committee of National Defense.

"We do not quite like the term selective draft; mass volunteering is better and more truly expresses the plan that would secure the needed quota of available medical men. As we have said before, we do not believe conscription will be necessary, but what is necessary—absolutely necessary to prevent suffering and injustice, is to determine who among the 140,000 or more physicians of the country should go and who should stay. This selection can best be made by a medical census such as that of New York State, the profession as a whole offering itself to the service of its country, some of its members to go to the war, some to remain in civil practice, some to retain their teaching positions, and others to stay at home perforce because of age or physical incapacity."

ECONOMY IN DRESS.

Have You Got a "Dress Card" Yet?

How to dress smartly and yet economically interests women now more than ever. Economy is the watchword of the day, and now the ladies of the National Committee for Dress Economy have tackled successfully the problem of the high cost of smart dressing. It is no longer necessary to pay the full retail prices for your gowns, wraps, hats, etc. At the office of the local Secretary of the committee, Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St., Suite 1544, one may obtain an "economy card" free. This card will entitle you to substantial cash discounts on your purchases at the very smartest of New York's specialty shops. Make your selections at regular prices, and then, by producing your "dress card," you can settle your bill at the discount arranged with the committee. All the leading smart shops in the city are offered the opportunity to cooperate with the committee.

Jonas

announces

Semi-Annual Sale

HATS

$7.50 —— $15.00

2 West 57th Street

and branch at

18 East 46th Street

MONDAY, NOV. 19

Haviland China

Haviland France — Decorated by Haviland & Co. Limoges

ATTRACTIVE SERVICES for THANKSGIVING

Oyster Cocktail
Roast—Entree
Salad—Dessert
and Complete
Dinner Sets

A variety of fancy articles for Almonds, Olives and Hors d'oeuvres

Haviland & Co

Founded 1837

11 East 36th St. 10 East 37th St.

Furniture Of Enduring Charm

Of particular interest at this season are the many small articles of charming character available at no prohibitive cost in the interesting Galleries of this establishment, for two-score years devoted exclusively to Furniture and Decorative Objects.

¶ In almost every instance there are no duplicates — each article having its own peculiar appeal either for one's personal use or as a thoughtful remembrance at the approaching Yuletide.

¶ With the latter in mind, one's attention is arrested by the exquisite examples of inlay and lacquer, such as graceful "occasional" Tables and Chairs, Consoles, Book Stands, Writing Tables and Mirrors—suitable alike for the living room and boudoir. Quite as irresistible in their charm are the beautiful Screens, the faithfully wrought Florentine Banquettes, the unusual Lamps, Torcheres and Candelabra, the host of unique accessories for the table and desk.

¶ The collection is equally rich in pieces of more pretentious character—imposing Hall Clocks, Secretaries and Cabinets, richly carved Tables and Settees for the living room and library, luxuriously upholstered Sofas and Chairs, as well as complete groups for the Dining Room and Chamber. In addition there is a profusion of both modern and ancient Oriental Rugs of all sizes.

¶ Suggestions may be gained from *de luxe prints* of well-appointed interiors, sent gratis upon request.

New York Galleries

Grand Rapids Furniture Company Incorporated

34-36 West 32nd Street

New York City

$25

A DAINTY afternoon frock of Georgette crepe, draped over soft silk; deep collar and flowing sleeves, also of Georgette; deep girdle of satin. A corsage model of very smart lines, showing the influence of the most attractive Parisian creations. All colors and shades, black and white. Of course, all sizes. A real $40 value at this special price of $25.

500-5th Ave., at 42nd St.

ARTHUR LINDAU

Just off Fifth Ave.

Eugenie Gagnon

21 West Forty-sixth St.

SALE of SMART MILLINERY MODELS

Liberal Reductions

$7.50—$10

Sale Commences Monday, Nov. 19.

Tea Rooms.

NOW OPEN
SEVEN CANDLES,
13 West 46th Street,
In the ART GALLERY
formerly occupied by BRAUN & CO
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Dinner.
HOME COOKING.
Service a la carte and table d'hote.
Separate Room for Gentlemen.

At the Sign of THE GREEN TEAPOT
Thirteen East Thirty-sixth Street.
Luncheon, 60c.; Dinner, $1.00.
Afternoon Tea, with Waffles, 45c.
Saturday night Special—
Roast Turkey and Waffles.
THE BEST BY PROOF.

THE ALLIES
"Somewhere" in 51st Street West.
A new and attractive place where luncheon and dinner are served under auspices of the NORTHEAST HARBOR TEA GARDEN.

BRITTANY TEA ROOM, 594 Madison Av., nr. 62d St. Luncheon, 60c; Afternoon Tea, 35c; Dinner, $1.00. Orders taken for cakes, rolls, muffins, salad dressing, etc. Telephone 7034 Plaza. OPEN SUNDAYS FROM 12 TO 2 P. M.

Green Parrot Tea Shop 13 E. 35th St., Opp. Altman's. Specially Attractive Luncheon a la Carte And Afternoon Tea. LEMON MERINGUE PIE A SPECIALTY.

Old Chelsea 51 West 16th St. Open Sundays. A la carte lunch for business people. Table d'hote dinner, 50c., 90c. Old-time cooking rooms, floors, furnished or unfurnished. Service.

DOWNTOWN'S MOST DELIGHTFUL MID-DAY TEA ROOMS
THE BROWN BETTY 147 FULTON ST. 72 WALL ST.
Delicious Home Cooking.

The OAK ROOM 36 East 57th St. near Madison Av. Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner. Special Beefsteak Dinner Today.

The Dorothy-Louise, 1 WEST 38TH ST. (Opp. Lord & Taylor.) Luncheon, Fifty Cents. Dinner, Sixty Cents. CHICKEN DINNER EVERY SATURDAY.

MARY LOUISE 175 Madison Ave., near 34th. Breakfast or Luncheon, 35c. Special chicken lunch, Tues., Thurs. & Sat., 11:30 to 2:30. Dinner, 60c. Chicken every night.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET. 3 to 8. Except Sundays. The Oldest Tea Room in New York. "Club" or a la carte. Smoking in garden. Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at

SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St. Sunday dinner. Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

THE ROSE GARDEN 36 West 59th St., Near Plaza Hotel. Luncheon or Dinner, $1.00. Tea, a la Carte. Sunday Dinner a specialty, $1.25.

THE GROTTO 165 MADISON AVENUE Between 32d and 33d. Luncheon, 45c; Course Dinner With Chicken, 65c. Sunday Dinner, 75c; Home-made Bread and Pies.

SAVORY PIE SHOP 45 E. 30th St. Mad. Sq. 4976. "Wonderful Apple Pie" to order, 50c, 75c and $1.00. Luncheon and Afternoon Tea.

Dine at Old Gramercy Park Open Sunday No. 20 Breakfast 35c, Luncheon 50c; Dinner 75c. Entrance on Irving Place. Open Fire.

WRIGHT-LOGAN 6 East 37th Street, Adjoining Tiffany's. LUNCHEON: AFTERNOON TEA: DINNER

THE ELM TREE 52-54 John Street. (Financial District.) Homelike Tea Room for LADIES and GENTLEMEN.

TO-NIGHT AT 17 WEST 58TH ST. (Plaza 1110.) Luncheon 75c. Roast Turkey and cranberry sauce dinner, $1.

STUDENTS INN, 326 West 56th St., West of 8th Ave. Luncheon, 35c.; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 60-75c.

THE TALLY HO 20 East 34th St. Opposite Altman's. Luncheon, Afternoon Tea; Southern Chicken Dinner.

THE HOLLY TREE 26 VESEY STREET. One flight up. Moderate Priced Luncheon for Business People.

THE MARYLAND 113 West 73d St. Just off Columbus Av. Breakfast, 40c; Luncheon, 60c; Dinner, 1...

THE MAYFLOWER, 26 West 55th St. Dinner, table d'hote A la carte Breakfast, Lunch, Tea. Open Sundays.

THE PIROUETTE, 22 East 45th Street, bet. Madison & 5th Av. Luncheon, 35-40c.; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 85c.

Heatherdell Tea Shop 16 E. 43d St. Open Sundays. Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner.

ALFRED A. KOHN

announces

Specially Priced

SALE

OF WOMEN'S SMART SHOES

Offering Decided Reductions

Among Seventeen Styles of Ladies' Exclusive Novelty Boots—All Sizes and Widths.

The Price 8.00 a Pair

No Returns

505 FIFTH AVENUE at 42nd ST.

CHARVET FURS

in

Exclusive and Stunning Models for all occasions are now ready for your selection.

The charm and refinement of Charvet Furs offers true distinction and smartness in dress to the woman who wants trim, graceful line effects, designed individually plus long life wearing qualities.

As a suggestion we are now offering Crown Russian Sables, Hudson Bay Sables, Silver Fox, Cross Fox, White Fox, Mole and Kolinsky at very attractive prices.

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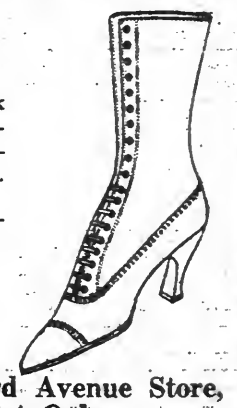

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FRANK BROTHERS

SOCIETY IN WAR RELIEF WORK

WITH the first week of the formal Winter season over, society seems to have a surer grasp on things. The week was a representative one, with the first night of the opera, the Horse Show, and fashionable weddings. These events were all as interesting as in days of peace. War has simply dimmed the blaze of jewels at the opera, just as the Fuel Administrator has darkened Broadway, but nothing has been made sombre. The weddings were just as smart, although slightly simplified by war.

The great gap in the early season will now be felt, for within the last five years this period of the Winter season, until the holidays, has practically been given over to the débutantes. There are many débutantes of this year, to be sure, but they are only spoken of as débutantes, and are launched without any fuss or feathers. Appearing for the first time in the boxes at the opera and the Horse Show seems to have been the only heralding note of presentation so far.

Gifts by the score are being presented quietly at teas and the usual informal afternoon affairs in many of the larger cities, where tradition and patriotism is unquestioned, and some people in New York, who have hitherto taken great delight in entertaining the buds, feel that perhaps a too drastic line has been drawn appertaining to the New York girls, who should be allowed, they claim, to have a little fling in spite of the war.

Society is dancing in Washington, although the supper has been eliminated in some instances. It is quite probable that mourning will be dispensed with, and stars of gold substituted, signifying the glory of heroism rather than the sting of death on the battlefield. Thus the tendency of society as a whole will be to keep things going, to smile bravely, and to dispense with the gloom.

Many are hoping that announcements of informal home affairs for the débutantes will soon be forthcoming, so that the girl, eager for some sort of recognition that is due her by the right of time-honored tradition, may not be entirely overlooked. There is a scarcity of young men, but society is versatile, and should find a substitute for the tea dances of bygone days. Knitting is meeting the necessity of the hour and can hardly be called a fad, but the grandmothers of many of the débutantes of this season spent some of the happiest hours of their life at knitting and quilting bees. Skating also offers a proper field for débutante parties, for nearly every one skates now.

In former seasons women were conspicuous in the parterre row at the opera by reason of their jewels. During the week they stood out more prominently through lack of them. Several diamond tiaras were noticed at the opening, affording an occasional flare. Pearls, wonderful strings of them, were worn, and they seem to be the most suitable wartime bauble.

Diamonds are not taboo by any means, for they were used largely at the Horse Show, but so arranged as to be partially hidden by laces, furs and wraps. The long strand of diamonds seems most in vogue for the old as well as for the younger set, for they are not flashy. Turquoises, rubies, emeralds and sapphires are being much worn by fashionable women. Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, at the opera opening, wore a striking wing-shaped headdress of turquoises. At the first night of the Horse Show Mrs. E. H. Harriman wore a huge ruby.

A picturesque feature of all big social assemblies now is the cosmopolitanism of the throng, brought about by the war, for men and women of high rank from all the allied countries, the former often in their snappy uniforms of service, and eminent artists and authors, too, are sojourning in our midst. Princes and Princesses, dukes and duchesses, lords and ladies rub elbows with our millionaires in the most democratic manner. The effect can hardly be called cosmopolitan after all, for it is democracy coming true, for which the world is being made safe.

New York society has never been so democratic, and the proof of the democratic spirit that prevails will be strongly evidenced at the coming war relief spectacle, to be staged next Saturday for nineteen days at the Grand Central Palace, when the foremost women of the great bulwark of general society, without respect to money or creed, will work together for allied humanity.

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HERO LAND will be society's rendezvous for days, and in the matter of entertainment it will resemble somewhat a bit of the gay Winter season before war began to tear the world to pieces, compressed into tabloid form. In addition to this, the general public will add to the interest, and not only look on but take part. Its patronage has been long assured and naught remains now but the rising of the curtain on Saturday.

The names of those identified with the bazaar would fill a book, and all that is going to happen would make a sequel. Here are a few gleanings of what is really to be:

In the Red Cross tea room the Junior League girls are to be the waitresses and will wear uniforms of white with a touch of red and blue, designed by Mrs. Schenck, the former Miss Civilise Alexandre.

Photo by Geisler & Andrews.

Mrs. Lydig Hoyt Will Be Identified with the American Godmothers' League at Hero Land.

At the Canadian Log Cabin, over which Mrs. Frank Duff Frazier of Montreal is to preside, and which will be under the patronage of the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire, many beautiful furs from the North will be shown.

The National League for Women's Service will show the preparation of canteen rations and how army dispatches are sent in speed. In conjunction with the American Fund for French Wounded and the Vacation War Relief Association, the league will have charge of that part of the show which will be a reproduction of France as it was and as it is today after the Huns got at it. Mrs. Nelson Henry is Chairman of the league's committee.

There will be a universal market at which everything from a hairpin to a plow will be sold.

The Golden West cabaret promises to be quite the liveliest of all the attractions, with a dance hall and cowboys, just like the motion-picture shows.

The Cheshire Cheese of London is to be reproduced with great exactness to detail and Mrs. James W. Gerard is to be in charge.

A beauty shop and fortune-telling booth will be run by Mrs. Gertrude Atherton and others, in the interest of a noted French war relief, Le Bien-Etre du Blessé.

The Blue Cross is to show dogs and sell a picture painted by Miss Agnes E. Mayer entitled "Let Me Help." The American Fund for French Wounded will present a mediaeval French street, and all the women and girls taking part will appear in costume. The Stage Women's War Relief is to stage a program of entertainment, with all the stars of theatredom appearing on various nights.

An old English street has been planned by the British War Relief Association. Miss Carolyn Wells is to publish a daily newspaper for this relief. It will be called "The Nobody Home Journal." A real lighthouse is to be a conspicuous feature of the booth run by the Committee for Men Blinded in Battle. The Lafayette Fund is to have all sorts of Christmas gifts on sale. Paul Chaffin will reproduce a street in New York, of the year 1680, with Mrs. Benjamin Guggenheim in charge of the booth.

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THE weddings of mid-November have taken a decided drop after a notable increase, which reached its height last Wednesday. Very few are scheduled for this week so far.

On Saturday Miss Renée du Pont, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. Coleman du Pont of 11 East Sixty-eighth Street, will be married to John Wilcox Doualdson of this city, in Trinity Episcopal Church at Wilmington, Del.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander S. Thweatt announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Nancy Ruth Thweatt, to Gerald B. Fennell of Atlanta, Ga., which took place on Nov. 13.

The marriage of Miss Helen Warner Johns, daughter of Mrs. Henry Ward Johns of Lawrence Park, Bronxville, and Lucian Swift Kirtland of New York and Minneapolis, was celebrated on Thursday in Christ Church, Bronxville. Mrs. Johns gave her daughter in marriage. The bride is a daughter of the late H. W. Johns, the founder of the asbestos industry. She was educated in Paris, and has lived much abroad. Mr. Kirtland is a Yale man, and as his work will take him to France he and his bride will spend the Winter there.

Announcement of the marriage of Mrs. Ferdinand Blumenthal, formerly of New York, and the Duke of Montmorency, which was solemnized in Paris quietly on Thursday, was received here by her son, Cecil Blumenthal, and her two brothers, Joseph S. Ulman and J. Stevens Ulman, all of this city. Captain Talleyrand-Perigord, as the Duke was known before he came into his title after the death of his father several years ago, is on the General Staff of the French Army. The bride's first husband was a well-known merchant of New York, and died three years ago on the high seas while en route from Italy to this port.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Winslow and R. Gerden Williams of Baltimore is to take place the first week in December at St. Thomas, West Indies. As Mr. Williams is a Paymaster in the United States Navy he was unable to get leave of absence. Miss Winslow is sailing on Nov. 28 for St. Thomas with her mother and father. Her marriage will be the first one of interest to New York society to take place on the Virgin Islands, acquired recently by the Government from the Danish.

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ENGAGEMENTS keep up at a lively rate, and several of interest have just been announced.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Martyn Alexander of 15 East Thirty-sixth Street have told of the betrothal of their daughter, Miss Helen Gertrude Alexander, to Philip Kip Rhinelander, son of Philip Rhinelander of 18 West Forty-eighth Street.

Miss Alexander was introduced to society two seasons ago, and took part in the Junior League entertainment of that year as well as other entertainments held since for charity. Mr. Rhinelander is a Harvard graduate, and is now a Lieutenant in the 107th Infantry, which was the 7th Regiment, N. G. N. Y., being stationed at Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward W. Gould of Staten Island have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Harriet Louise Gould, to David Allen Newell, son of Mrs. William A. Newell of Brookline, Mass. Mr. Gould is a member of the New York Stock Exchange.

Mrs. William C. Allison of Rosemont, Penn., and Bar Harbor, Me., has announced her engagement to Charles Stockton Thorne of 471 Park Avenue, this city. Mrs. Allison is the widow of William C. Allison of Philadelphia, who died in 1911. She has a son, Ronald Allison, who has recently been accepted in the British Royal Flying Corps for service abroad as an aviator. Mr. Thorne is the son of the late Rev. and Mrs. William H. Thorne. On the maternal side he is descended from John Stockton, an Englishman, who settled in Flushing, L. I., about 1656. Mr. Thorne is prominent in coal and marine shipping circles of this city and Virginia, and belongs to the New York Yacht, Automobile, Sleepy Hollow, Ardsley, and Knollwood Golf Clubs.

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DIVERSITY marks the activities of society, and many novelties in entertaining are bound to spring up before the season is very old.

Ice skating tops the list for popular indoor sports. George J. Gould is a keen follower of the sport, and to become proficient in figure skating he has leased the St. Nicholas ice rink for an hour a day, five days out of the week, for the next six months.

On Thursday afternoon the Ice Palace Skating Club held its first meeting at the rink at 181st Street. The club will hold sessions there every morning and afternoon except Saturday and Sunday for the season, and has 150 members. While its chief object is recreation, it undoubtedly will increase interest in figure skating. The Advisory Committee is made up of Dr. James W. Decker, Henry W. Howe, Louis Livingston, Maurice Roche, F. Louis Slade, S. Bryce Wing, and Robert D. Wrenn.

Among the patronesses of the club are Mrs. Henry Worthington Bull, Mrs. Irving Brokaw, Mrs. Frederic Foster, Mrs. J. Horace Harding, Mrs. Garrett Kip, Mrs. Edward S. Knapp, Mrs. Charles Morgan, Mrs. Clarence C. Pell, Mrs. Fuller Potter, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt, Mrs. Samuel Sloan, Mrs. Joseph R. Swan, and Mrs. Barger Wallach.

An interesting conference is to be held at the home of Mrs. Lyman B. Kendall, 520 Park Avenue, tomorrow evening, under the auspices of the Committee For the Care of French Mothers and Children. Bishop Courtney is to preside, and Miss Gretchen Morris, soprano, will appear in a selection of songs. The Rev. Dr. Henri Anet of Brussels will speak on the devastation of France and Belgium, having recently returned from those regions, and will illustrate his talk by lantern slides.

Mrs. Pulitzer has donated a room at her home, 7 East Seventy-third Street, for the use of the Rainbow Division Workers' Committee, an auxiliary of the New York Chapter of the American Red Cross, which supplies knitted articles for the army. Mrs. George R. Dyer is Chairman of the organization, and Mrs. Nelson B. Burr Secretary. Mrs. Herbert Harriman, Mrs. Winthrop Ames, and Mrs. Mortimer L. Schiff are numbered among the active members.

The date has been announced for the only dance which the New Assemblies will hold this Winter, the series having been abandoned owing to the war. This will take place on Dec. 7 at Delmonico's, and will be for the benefit of the Navy Relief Society and the Military Entertainment Committee of the Navy. Mrs. Wendell C. Phillips of 40 West Forty-seventh Street is receiving applications for tickets at $5 each, which includes supper.

Mrs. William Sherman Scott and her daughter, who have been in the Ambulance Hospital in Paris the last six months, have returned for rest, and are at present at Warren, R. I.

On Wednesday at noon Major Dan Coffin and Captain Richard Haigh of the British Army will talk in the ballroom at Sherry's on their personal war experiences. Both are on this side recovering from gassing. The affair is for the benefit of the Christmas Fund of the American Godmothers' League for the American soldiers in France, of which Mrs. William Leonard Davis is Chairman. Mrs. F. Franklin Bell, Mrs. John M. Bowers, Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg, Mrs. James Lowell Putnam, Mrs. Charles Van Rensselaer, and Mrs. W. Fitzhugh Whitehouse are numbered among the patronesses.

WOMAN FARMER TALKS OF HER WORK

MISS LAURA CLAY of Lexington, Ky., practical blue-grass farmer and veteran suffragist, who was in New York recently, has a new point of view on the food question and the part to be played by farm women. It is because the farm women leave to take unskilled positions in town that the men follow, she says. The farm women leave because, as they grow up, their fathers are not able to support them. The women do not know enough of the lighter kinds of farm work that they might do to support themselves. So the farms are deserted, the food production falls off, and high prices result.

"One thing we are going to get out of this war," said Miss Clay, "is the education of women in canning, preserving, and the care of poultry and gardens. I wouldn't like to see our women go into the fields on equal terms with men, as women do in Europe, but there are plenty of things that they can do. With intensive farming there is no limit to what the ground will produce. A woman with a family can't do much in general farming lines, but the daughters in the family can easily do enough work to pay for their clothes, which the father cannot afford to buy. He can feed them, he can house them, but now that spinning and weaving and making the materials have been taken away from them the women are not self-supporting.

"It is the need of clothes that takes the women away from home in the country. Very little would supply this—$1 a week, I think. When the girls learn, as they are beginning to do now, to raise salable products, they will not seek the cities. The pressure in the towns and in the ranks of unskilled labor will be relieved, the farm girls will not get town notions, and the men will stay at home and marry them."

Miss Clay has been a practical farmer since she was a young girl. Her farm of 285 acres was entailed and comes to her from her grandfather, Green Clay, who was the first white man on the land when he went to Kentucky from Virginia in 1776. Green Clay was the gallant soldier who in 1813 led a force of 3,000 to relieve General Harrison, besieged by the British and Indians at Fort Meigs. He was a cousin of Henry Clay and father of the late Cassius Marcellus Clay, father of Miss Clay.

"It does not mean anything for a woman to be a farmer in my part of the country," she continued, "for many women do it, and they do it quite as well as the man. When a woman inherits a farm, she carries it on. A woman who is left a widow takes up the work her husband was doing and gets along as well as he did, if not better. I myself don't do the real farm work, but I know all about it and direct every part of it. Mine is one of the blue-grass grazing farms, and I keep as much of it in blue grass as I can. This year I have raised more crops because of the call of the war. I put in my wheat myself, but corn I have done on shares. That is the way of a great many people in my part of the country.

"I keep about thirty head of cattle, but I buy these and sell them again. If I raised them, it would mean dairying, and I would have to stay and look after the work and couldn't go off and make suffrage speeches. I suppose I would make more money if I stayed all the time and looked after the farm. There is no man I could have to work on it, no matter how good he is, whose method I could not improve if I followed him. I am sure of that.

"At present I am interested in this question of food and getting the women to the farm again. I am sure that the high cost of food merely means we are not raising enough. They talk about the middleman, but that is not the main question. I heard your State Commissioner of Foods and Markets, John J. Dillon, speak the other day, and he said that in 1880 70 per cent. of the community was engaged in raising food for the remaining 30 per cent. of consumers, and that the ratio was now almost reversed, the 30 per cent. raising food for the 70 per cent. of consumers. That is a tremendous change.

"We are beginning to see the influence of the war on the work of the women. The Smith-Lever bill is going to accomplish a great deal. There is much work women can do on a farm with perfect propriety, and, as they are being educated for the work, the feeling about it is changing. There must be more community spirit, a change of social ideas as well as customs. With the increased use of farm machinery the possibility of women's work is increasing."

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WILL ITALIANS FALL BACK FROM THE PIAVE TO THE ADIGE?

Despite Successful Resistance on the Former River It Is Less Advantageous as a Defensive Line Than the Latter—Brilliant Successes of the British Under General Allenby in Palestine.

By a Military Expert.

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THE German Army has had a strange history in the great war, the strangest being exhibited by a tendency to break down just as it appears inevitable that the fruits of a great victory are about to be gathered. No force has been better able to deliver a single overwhelming blow, producing a truly devastating effect, than have the Germans. No army has shown a greater ability to follow up an initial success and turn it into the semblance of victory. The German Army has proved itself to be the most capable machine in Europe in the matter of covering ground in following up a retreating enemy. Yet, in practically every case, this army has in the end been halted and beaten to a standstill before decisive results could be obtained.

In the beginning of the war there was the classic example of the campaign against the French which terminated in the battle of the Marne. Although German critics refer to the Marne as a strategic retreat, those of the Allies prefer to call it by its true name, a German defeat. Against Russia there was the same outcome. Successful along the Dunajec, the Germans made one of the most rapid advances in history in following up the retreating Russians. Russia was demoralized, outgunned, and outmunitioned. And yet when the crucial point was reached, when the Germans arrived before Dvinsk and the Dwina River, their ability to strike seemed to disappear even before the disorganized Russians, and what appeared to be a truly great victory was turned into another check.

The Serbian campaign, which came next in order, was a complete success, the only complete thing the Germans have accomplished. But when the German force was sent against Rumania we had a duplication of the Russian incident. Rumania was cut in half, almost destroyed. The Russian left wing was all but thrown open to attack and the gateway to lower Bessarabia and to both the grain belts and the iron fields of Russia just about to be entered. But, along the line of the Danube and the Sereth, the Germans were held fast and another victory was snatched from their hands.

And now we come to the Italian fighting. Will history repeat itself? Will the Italians, when they have reached the line on which they are going to make their stand, hold the Germans back and produce another deadlock? It is, of course, too early to say. We do not know just where the Italians will make this stand. Apparently it will be at the Piave, where they are now. As a matter of fact, it may be still further to the rear—at the Brenta or the Adige. Nevertheless, the German machine has been growing slower and slower as it has advanced. The first check was at the Tagliamento, where, because of river floods, they were detained for several days. At the Livenza, a much smaller stream, there was a similar delay. And now before the Piave there has been a hold-up for the better part of a week. Several severe attacks have been made in an effort to force a crossing. Small forces have indeed succeeded in reaching the western side, one near the village of Grisolera. But before it are only the marshes which protect Venice from the north, so that the crossing means but little.

The crossing of a river by a small portion of an army at a single point has but little significance. It does not make the river position untenable or in any way affect its security. To break such a position it is necessary to cross either on a wide front or in sufficient numbers to be able to spread out after crossing, and this the Germans have not done, so far as the lower Piave is concerned.

Further north, however, in the centre of the great bend of the Piave, the Germans have crossed in force and are in complete control of the western bank. The crossing was made at Feltre, which, combined with the flanking operation from the north, which began with the capture of Belluno, cleared the Italians from the river line.

The Piave, because of this bend, is not a particularly strong defensive line. It is easily flanked north of the bend by an attack through the mountains. Once the northern part of the bend has been crossed in force, the success of the defense of the lower river depends entirely upon the ability of the defenders to guard the routes from Feltre and the Val Sugana toward the south. If these routes can be held the southern line is safe.

What we are witnessing now is probably a delay on both sides for practically the same purposes. The German advance was very rapid and the heavy artillery had a hard and rough road to travel. Germany must wait until it can come up and get into position. In the meantime the Teutons are evidently feeling out various sections of the Italian line between the Piave bend and the mouth of the river with a view to finding a weak spot in the defense. The Italians are holding in order to delay the advance as much as possible, so that the reinforcements which the British and the French are sending may have time to arrive.

General Frederick B. Maurice of the British Army has intimated that the British are not going to send any reinforcements to the Piave line. If this is really the case, the statement contains great significance. It means that the line of the Piave is not the line which has been determined upon as the main line of the Italian defense. If it were, both British and French would be sending up to it all available strength. That they are not doing so indicates that this strength is being concentrated somewhere in the rear of the present Italian line, either along the Brenta or along the Adige, preparing to protect the Italian crossing and check the Germanic invasion at the river selected.

The Italians, of course, will hold the Piave as long as it is possible to do so. If they give evidence of having positions sufficiently strong, the plan may be changed. But it is not clear how the Italians can hold the line of the Brenta with any greater security than they already have on the Piave. If the Piave is weak because of the great bend at Feltre, the Brenta is just as weak because of the bend west of Feltre and north of Bassano.

In addition to the matter of delay there is the probability that the Germans do not intend to try to force the passage of the Piave. Although they have made several attempts to feel out the Italian line the movement along the river may be simply a holding movement to keep whatever Italian troops are engaged in blocking the river crossings from moving elsewhere while the main attack is to come from the north, taking the river in flank. By this means the Italians may be forced from their defensive positions much more rapidly and at much less cost than by a frontal attack. The Germans are exerting their greatest pressure between Asiago and the Piave. Their positions on the Asiago Plateau are secure from any flanking movement such as drove the Austrians back in 1916. They have nothing whatever to fear from this flank. Pivoting, then, on Asiago, the Germans are steadily pushing their way southward on a line parallel with the line of the Treviso-Verona railroad. As they move forward, the Italians along the Piave are compelled to relinquish their positions, so that little by little the entire Piave may be cleared.

On Friday afternoon, the Germans reported that they had occupied Cismon, a village on the Brenta, only nine miles from the point where the river comes out into the northern plain and eleven miles from Bassano. Along the Piave, the Germans have pushed down through the mountains to within four miles of the plain. When Bassano is placed in danger by the German approach the line of the Piave must be given up, at least as far south as Treviso, because the only means of reaching this part of the Piave with supplies is by the railroad from Bassano to Montebelluna.

Another point in the direction of the German pressure is its effect on the line of the Brenta. As the Germans move southward from Asiago to the east, the line of the Brenta is affected just as seriously as is the Piave. For this reason it is doubtful whether the German efforts against the Piave line are more than feints, since, if both rivers can be cleared by the same blow from the north, it would seem to be economy in men and time to act against them simultaneously rather than by trying to force the passage, first of one and then of the other, by two independent attacks.

The principal element in all this theatre at the present time is the railroad from Verona through Vicenza to Treviso. This is the only supply line that the Italians have; it is not only important, but an absolute necessity. The Germans are still about twenty miles from it, but once they get to the plains in their movement from the north they should be able to reach it with but little delay.

It is becoming more evident that the Piave is not the main line of Italian defense. This being the case, the statement of General Maurice, to which reference has been made, is readily interpreted. The probabilities are that we shall witness a continued retreat on the part of the Italians until the line of the Adige is reached. This is the shortest line the Italians can take up and will probably be the strongest. It, too, has the disadvantage, however, that it may be flanked by an attack along the Val di Sole through Tonale Pass. In fact, this section of the Italian frontier is filled with vital points, the failure of any one of which may bring dire consequences. For this reason, every invasion which Italy has ever suffered up to the present time has been through the Trentino by way of the passes which open out eventually into the plain of Northern Italy.

While no one can foretell what even a few days may bring forth, one thing is reasonably certain—the end of the Italian retreat is not yet in sight. The Germans are constantly augmenting the force with which they first struck the Italian defense, and the probabilities are that this augmentation is finding its way not into the plains against the river positions but in the mountains through which the river positions can be flanked. It is then from the north rather than from the east that the greatest danger is to come.

The Italian situation this week was supplemented by the apparent success of the Bolsheviki element in Russia and the offer by this element to Germany of an armistice as a forerunner to a separate peace. Both the Russian crisis and the Italian retreat vastly increase the work which is imposed upon the other Allies and in particular the work of the military forces of the United States. The front in France and that in Italy will be one front on which will be concentrated the full military strength of Germany combined with what is left of Austria. In other words, in so far as the effect on the war is concerned, it will be as if the German Army, which we have seen gradually dwindling, had suddenly been increased by two million men. England and France have given all they have in man power, and while England may be rightly said to be at the height of the wave, France has passed that point and is declining. The army of the United States will then have to close the gap and, in order to restore the balance as it was on the first of this year, will have to send to Europe a number of men at least equal to the strength which the withdrawal of Russia has placed at the disposal of the Germans in the west.

On the western front the military activity has been somewhat overshadowed by the controversy in England over the proposed concentration of power in a general staff. English politics, which are undoubtedly influencing the situation somewhat one way or the other, are not within the scope of this article. But there are certain military features affecting the situation which may properly be commented upon.

If there is to be such a body of men to control the military operations and direct the strategy of the war, there is one fundamental requisite to be filled if disaster is to be avoided. It must be composed of military men, of the greatest strategists of which the various countries represented can boast. The history of other wars is replete with examples of the folly of civilians and amateur strategists attempting to direct the operations in the field. This was true even when there were military advisers to counsel the civilians. The most notable case, probably, was President Lincoln's effort to run the civil war with General Halleck as his adviser. The results were calamitous. Indeed, it was not until Grant was placed in command with full and unlimited authority that the first step was taken to defeat the Confederacy. This is but one isolated case out of a dozen or more which served to string the war out over the four years.

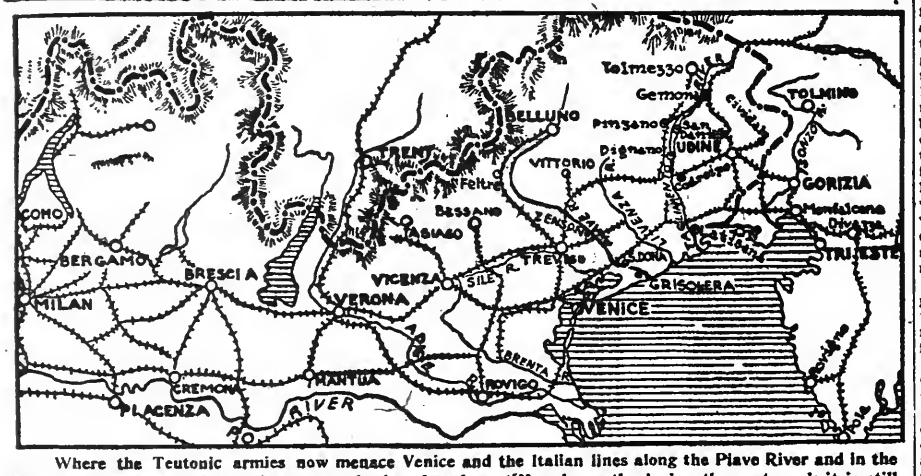
Moreover, it is useless to form such a staff if the power is not also given to conduct the war, as far as the military side of it is concerned, without interference from the civil side of the various Governments. If the military command is to be controlled in its decisions by the civilian body, the division of authority will produce nothing but confusion and, from a practical standpoint, will be exactly the same as if the entire staff was made up of representatives of the civil Government. A general staff of the ablest military men to be found, with unlimited power to conduct the military side of the war—this is what the situation demands in order that sacrifice may be minimized and victory assured in the shortest possible time.

Aside from this development, the military situation on the western front has undergone but little change. The Germans seem to have concentrated against the Passchendaele positions a much heavier mass of artillery, and during the week have been laying down a barrage fire almost as severe as that of the British themselves. General Haig may have had to weaken his front somewhat in order to alleviate the stress of the Italian situation and, accordingly, may not wish to attack until he has been strengthened.

In the Near East the British have been amazingly successful. In Mesopotamia they have indulged in heavy raids against the supply bases of the Turks north of Tekrit and in these operations have driven the Turks so far to the north that contact seems to have been lost. The presumption is that this move has been made to hamper the campaign of the Germans, who are supposed to be massing large forces of men and quantities of supplies at Aleppo preparatory to an attempt to drive the British back to the head of the Persian Gulf. This does not seem to be altogether reasonable, however. From Bagdad to Mosul is a much shorter distance than from Aleppo to Mosul. Moreover, the communications in the former case are much better, as the distance to be traveled overland is less. If, therefore, the British were to move up the Tigris to Mosul, the great Turkish base in this district, do what damage they could and capture what they could, they would be able, with such fortifications as they could construct, to make just as good a defense as at Bagdad.

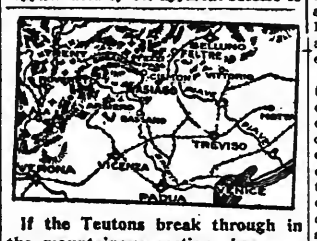
In Palestine the British have met with a series of brilliant successes. In fact, the British commanders in Asia, Generals Allenby and Maude, stand out as two of the greatest figures of the war. Operating under most difficult conditions, in a country where they were practically without communications and where supplies were necessarily scarce, they have, nevertheless, not suffered a single reverse. In Palestine the British have advanced to the very gates of Jerusalem and have occupied the Mediterranean port of Gaza, pushing up the coast almost to Jaffa. This latter is a most important point, being connected by rail with Jerusalem. With Jaffa in their hands, the British will have an excellent port from which to supply their troops without handling supplies all the way from Suez. The Turks seem to be totally demoralized and unable to stem the tide of the British advance at any point.

Here is another case of the effect of the Russian failure. If Russia were doing her part, the British and Russian forces in Mesopotamia would today be occupying Mosul; the Turks would be in flight toward the Taurus Mountains, while the British forces coming up through Palestine would threaten to cut them off before they could reach their refuge. There would be, in fact, every possibility of driving Turkey out of the war and opening the door to an invasion of Bulgaria from the east. As matters stand now, however, it does not seem that there is any great object to be accomplished in the Asiatic field. The war is rapidly being localized on the western front, and it is becoming more evident, as this centralization continues, that all efforts must be concentrated there. Saloniki and the Near East will have to abide by the decision in France, Flanders, and Italy.

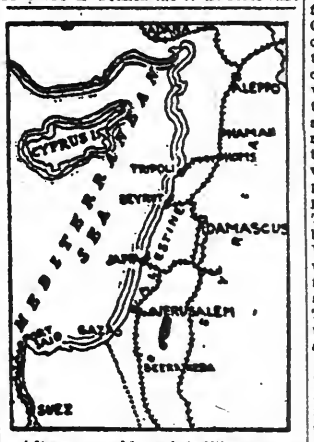


Where the Teutonic armies now menace Venice and the Italian lines along the Piave River and in the Trentino. Though Italian resistance to the invaders has stiffened greatly during the past week it is still a question whether the Piave has been chosen as the definite line of defense. Statements by General F. B. Maurice of the British Army and other military authorities seem to foreshadow a further Italian retreat, extending possibly to the Adige River.

The shaded area shows the low land about the mouth of the Piave River which Italian engineers are reported to have flooded, thus rendering precarious the position of Teutonic forces which succeeded in effecting a crossing.



If the Teutons break through in the mountainous section shown on this map, and reach Bassano, they will jeopardize the entire Italian line along the Piave River.



After a rapid and brilliant campaign British forces in Palestine, under General Allenby now menace Jaffa. It seems likely that Jerusalem will soon fall into their hands.

RECORDS OF ITALY'S THREE NEW GENERALS

Diaz, Giardina, and Badoglio Have Had Both Battlefield Experience and Highest Scientific Training.

THE triumvirate upon whom, as in Roman times of old, the task of coaxing victory to smile once more upon the Italian Army now devolves—Generals Diaz, Giardina, and Badoglio— is practically an unknown quantity outside of immediate army circles in Italy. In other words, the three Generals have never advertised or been advertised, but each of them has an excellent record.

All three belonged to the Stato Maggiore, or General Staff, which speaks of itself for their scientific training; all three have had actual battlefield experience, not only during the last two years on the Isonzo, but previously in the Italo-African wars. And all three are men in the prime of life—Badoglio in his forties, Diaz and Giardina in their fifties.

General Armando Diaz, whose name now appears under the official communiqués in place of that of Cadorna, has had a wide experience of all branches of the service. He belongs to the artillery, but has also had considerable infantry experience. He has been secretary to three chiefs of staff in succession—first to General Saletta, then to General Pollio, and finally to General Cadorna during the brief year of Cadorna's service in that capacity, just before Italy entered the war. For a time he was in charge of staff appointments, a thankless job at best, but where he put to his credit a reputation for impartial dealing and the knowledge of human values. As he had been a stern official in this bureaucratic capacity, he is said to be an inflexible disciplinarian in actual soldiering. But he works the iron rule on himself as well as on others. His record in the Libyan war is excellent, and his behaviour at Zanzur, where he was wounded, showed the stuff of which the man is made.

Characteristically cool and collected in the face of danger, well balanced and poised in the grind of the daily routine, General Diaz is a southerner, born and bred in Naples, and proves thus that in Italy balance and coolness are not exclusively and characteristically northern qualities, as people in this country are often led to believe. General Diaz is of medium build, of dark complexion and dark hair turning iron gray. He is very slightly cross-eyed, which, by the way, was held as a sign of good luck by the Latins of old, and so Americans may wish that the omen holds good.

General Giardina's name has been lately more in the public eye from a Parliamentary standpoint, as he was for some time Minister of War in the Boselli Cabinet. As soon as he left this office he asked to go back to the front, where the recent events found him and which evidently must have brought him creditably forward. He had served both as a Captain and a Major at the War Department in Rome in bureaucratic capacities, but the fighting spirit was in him.

The first Italo-African war, with the fight at Agordat, gave him a good chance to prove this and to make good the promises of his earlier youth, when he came out first from the difficult tests of the Scuola di Guerra. During the Libyan war he was appointed Chief of Staff by General Caneva, then in command of the Italian forces. He is a Northerner, and belongs to the Bersaglieri. His generous proportions, blonde coloring and mustache, and his well-rounded if somewhat florid speech, altogether combine in making him an impressive person to meet. Those who know him more intimately speak highly of his intellectual power and of his executive ability.

General Pietro Badoglio exemplifies among the three the Napoleonic type of rapid career—the one who has the real stuff in him, and at the same time the good luck that shoves him to the front in circumstances where he can best show it off.

Being only 46 years old he outranks now all of his companions and most of his masters. He is an artilleryman through and through, and has never been anything else, nor, it is said, would he care to be if he could. He also has African experience, and served under Generals Frugoni and Ragni. In fact, he earned his first promotion with signal praise for action on the battlefield at the first battle of Zanzur, that has been rated by military experts a model of "manoeuvred battle," having turned out actually as it had been planned on paper, chiefly on account of the clock-like working of the reserve force, its turning up in the proper places in the nick of time and so forth.

It is said that also in the present war General Badoglio has found himself more than once confronted by superior forces and in difficult circumstances, but always managed to get the best of the situation. One example in point is his brilliant behavior at the storming of Monte Santo. Another time on the Trentino front, having lost contact with headquarters, he took upon himself the responsibility of command and by his prompt determination and brilliant work saved the situation.

General Badoglio and General Diaz, having worked together, may confidently be expected to display team work. In personal appearance General Badoglio is of square and sturdy build, rather tall, with what the soldiers would call in barrack language, "a square mug." One eyebrow slightly raised gives him a curiously inquisitive and alert look. He is by birth a Piedmontese, but has long resided in Rome.

NOVEL CASES IN THE COURTS

COMMENTING on the recent decision of Supreme Court Justice Cropsey in Brooklyn in holding unconstitutional the statute of the last Legislature forbidding the sale of liquor within a certain distance of munition plants and other Government works, Law Notes says:

Whether a "dry zone" may be established by an executive or military order in war time presents an interesting question which has not yet been determined. Since necessity is the sole justification for martial law, a showing of some exigency would certainly be prerequisite. Thus in Herlihy v. Donohue, 59 Mont. 601, a militia commander acting under a proclamation of martial law at the scene of a labor riot, was held liable in damages for ordering the destruction of the stock of a saloon keeper who failed to obey an order for the closing of saloons. The closing order itself however, was apparently deemed to be valid, the court saying: "It is not pretended that the arrest and imprisonment of Herlihy and the closing of his place of business during the insurrection would not have been equally efficacious as a means of preventing drunkenness, disorder, or rioting. Under constitutional Government such as ours, the destruction of private property without compensation to the owner must be the last resort, available only in the presence of imminent and overwhelming necessity which brooks no delay." A similar holding has been made as to the destruction of liquor in time of war. McLaughlin v. Green, 50 Miss. 453. Lord Mansfield in Mostyn v. Fabrigas, 1 Cowp. 174, refers to a case in which a recovery was sustained against Admiral Boscawen, stationed off the coast of Nova Scotia, who pulled down some shanties in which sutlers sold liquor to the sailors. It is to be noted, however, that a subordinate officer is protected in obeying an order for the destruction of liquor. A Presidential order for the forcible establishment of a dry zone would therefore leave the liquor dealer in much the situation of the man whose attorney urged him through the bars of his cell that he could not be put in jail.

In a recently reported English decision the question arose in Morrison against Sheffield Corporation as to the liability of a local authority for an accident arising from the extinguishing of lights under a "lighting order" made under the Defense of the Realm act in consequence of threatened air raids. The plaintiff sued because he injured his eye on an iron spike forming part of a guard around a tree planted in a city street and contended that the accident would not have occurred had the streets been lighted. The city appealed from a judgment against it and took the ground that having erected a guard which was perfectly safe under normal circumstances, there was no duty on them to take steps to make it safe under the abnormal circumstances that arose in consequence of the lighting order. They pointed out that they had many miles of streets and hundreds of tree guards and other obstacles under their supervision, and it was an extremely heavy burden, if not an impossible task, to render them safe in the darkness, and that, too, at a few days' notice. How was it possible to make the streets safe in the circumstances? Luminous paint had been suggested as a remedy, but, according to their evidence, it was absolutely useless. The answer of the Court of Appeal was that the duty of local authorities was not only so to erect the tree guards as to be reasonably safe in normal circumstances, but there was also a continuing duty in all circumstances to take reasonable steps to render them innocuous. The duty was not absolute to render them innocuous, but to take reasonable steps to that end. It was open to a jury to find that the guards should, for instance, have been painted white in the seventeen days which elapsed between the chief constable's order extinguishing the lights and the night of the accident. Whether the defendants were in fact negligent, or whether the court would have come to the same conclusion, was immaterial, there being evidence on which the jury could find negligence.

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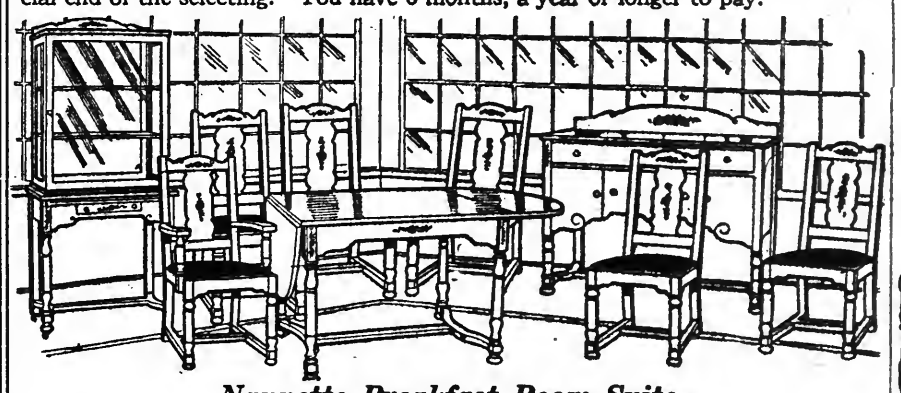

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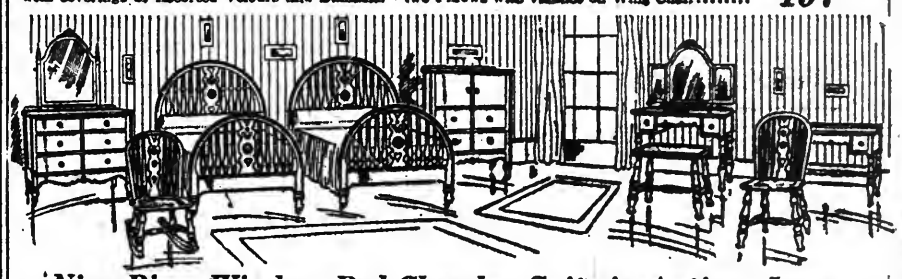

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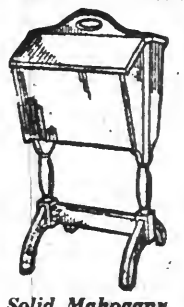

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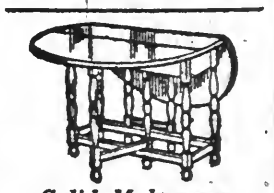

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THINGS TAMMANY CANNOT DO

New Laws and Restrictions Prevent Changes—Pessimism Unwarranted, Says R. Fulton Cutting.

NEW YORK CITY'S pay-as-you-go financial policy has been, as every one knows, written into law. The newly elected Controller cannot fulfill his intention of abolishing it unless the State Legislature repeals its action of 1916. But that is only one of the changes that have been made in the City Government since the heyday of Tammany power. Coming into a position of undivided authority over the administration of the City Government for the next four years, holding every elective office, controlling every vote in the Board of Estimate, Tammany must find its rule still hampered by changes in the city's laws made during the past few years, especially during the Mitchel administration.

R. Fulton Cutting, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Bureau of Municipal Research since the establishment of that body in 1906, is not so discouraged over the prospect for the next four years as are many less well-informed New Yorkers.

"Many friends of good government in New York City can see nothing but disaster in Tammany's victory at the last election," Mr. Cutting said. "Already they imagine a return of the Van Wyck and Croker tragedies. The budget will be inflated by padded payrolls, fraudulent contracts, and extravagant purchases from 'friends.' A pall of civic darkness will settle down upon the city while the Tiger stalks abroad.

"Such pessimism is wholly unwarranted. The growth of public sentiment in civic matters and the improvement in the system of municipal administration itself during the last ten years have made impossible the return of the gross evils of earlier times.

"The growth in civic sentiment may be in part ascribed to the spread of education in things municipal and in part to the vital character of the services rendered by the city to the people. It is not necessary for me to say how close to the life of the people comes the administration of the great departments having to do with health, charities, correction, fire, police, streets, water supply, docks, and ferries and so on through the long list of municipal activities. The technology of the Government has become so complicated that the hack politician will not venture his neck in the more responsible posts. If the political hack were willing, the danger of discrediting the party with the people would be so great that the leaders, no matter how unscrupulous, will not undertake the hazard of appointing him to high office. The character of the department heads under McClellan, Gaynor, and Mitchel is proof that Mr. Low's administration opened a new era in our municipal life. We may look forward without apprehension to practically anything that Tammany may do in filling responsible posts. The new appointees will find intrenched in their offices systems of control and administrative methods which will prove to be barriers against incompetence and neglect of duty.

"There is even greater assurance to be found in the advance in the science of city administration under McClellan, Gaynor, and Mitchel. It would be impossible to record here all of the technical devices which have been perfected to flood the far corners of the Government with the daylight of lay and expert scrutiny. Systems of accounting have been installed, records have been set up, bureaus established, budget practices elaborated, civil service standards inaugurated, lines of authority concentrated at points that can be watched, specifications and documents standardized, all to the end that the government of the city may be efficient and that moral responsibility may be immediately fixed. This advance has been made necessary by the growing technical requirements of the city, and only one who has watched it through the work of the Bureau of Municipal Research can appreciate how great it is. No one party or Mayor deserves all of the credit for it. The progress, begun under Low, was continued unabated under McClellan and Gaynor, and accelerated under Mitchel. If the citizens of New York have bad government for the next four years the blame will fall upon their own heads.

"Space will admit of only one illustration of the truth that institutions and practices rather than the mere intentions of 'good men' elected to office bring efficient administration — remembering all of the time that very few of the 86,000 employes of the city will leave their posts on Jan. 1, 1918. Take the present budget practices. In the old days heads of departments made their requests in generalities, and received enormous lump sums for supplies and personal services. Demands upon the city treasury were logrolled and jockeyed through the Board of Estimate and Apportionment and the Board of Aldermen, neither of which had any definite information as a basis for action. Sums once granted could be spent almost at the pleasure of the department head. He could buy junk from a 'friend' or hire henchmen during the busy days preceding elections. The Controller had to approve every requisition that was not simply outrageous.

"Today all that is changed," Mr. Cutting continued. "The department heads must make out their requests upon highly complicated sheets, which go into almost infinite details as to the personal services and supplies required for the work planned. These requests and the hearings on them are open to the public. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment has two important agencies —the Bureau of Personal Service and the Bureau of Contract Supervision—which examine throughout the year the work of the several departments, and are prepared to report critically on the needs of all the divisions of the Government. The board, therefore, does not have to work in the dark in making allowances of public funds. When the appropriation is once made it appears in a highly itemized form, permitting expenditures for the specified purposes and for those purposes only. Supervision over the disbursement of funds for the exact purposes specified by law is vested in the Controller, and through his office may be watched the smallest rivulets which flow out of the Treasury. Any citizen or citizens' agency can follow the process from beginning to end. The records and procedures are open to the public. For ten years the Bureau of Municipal Research has been helping public officers in the development and operation of these engines of publicity and efficiency, and it will offer its services to the new administration. A return to the corrupt and unlawful practices of the past is impossible.

"This is but one illustration from among many that might be given to show that New York City has left far behind the 'dark-room' government of a generation ago. Many hands and minds have contributed to this great result. The system," concluded Mr. Cutting, "like a coral reef, has been built up by hundreds of conscientious workers—accountants, lawyers, engineers, and laymen—and cannot be overturned in four years of any partisan government unless the citizens relax all vigilance."

Among the specific changes that have been made under the present administration, one of the most striking is that in the Civil Service. This has been extended and reorganized under the administration of Mayor Mitchel, and it will be almost impossible for the incoming administration to undo this work. The program of the Civil Service Commission and the Bureau of Personal Service of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment for the last three years has been to effect a gradual standardization of the 80,000 to 90,000 positions in the classified civil service of the city.

The standardization work has been applied to practically every department. It has not yet reached the last step which was to standardize the titles of positions, but it has been applied to salary increases, new salaries, new positions, and to definitions of work through the terms and conditions attached to the budget. The object has been to end wide discrepancies in pay for the same kind and grade of work. This has been accomplished to a very large degree, and has been so incorporated into the departments that it would be almost impossible to restore the uneven conditions of a few years ago.

Further, many positions, running into the hundreds, have been taken out of the exempt class of political patronage and have been put into the competitive class. All of the men and women affected now receive the full protection of civil service and can only be removed in accordance with civil service law. Even if they are removed through a compliance with the forms of the law their successors cannot be appointed out of hand, but must be appointed in the order of their standing on civil service eligible lists after competitive examination.

Should the new administration decide to get rid of these appointees by abolishing the positions, new appointments would have to be made in accordance with civil service restrictions. The new Civil Service Commission for the city to be appointed by the next Mayor will not have a free hand by any means, because all of its rulings on appointments will be subject to the approval of the State Civil Service Commission. The State Civil Service Commission is a Republican body and has been very strict even with the present municipal Civil Service Commission.

A noteworthy change has also been made in regard to the budget. The budget procedure, which requires a certain amount of publicity regarding proposed appropriations for the city, was changed this year by an amendment to the law so as to advance the date when open consideration of the budget should begin before the Board of Estimate. This insures a longer period for examination and criticism of proposed expenditures by the public and by taxpayers' associations. It is only fair to say that this amendment was introduced at the instance of President Dowling of the Board of Aldermen, a Tammany man, and was passed through the Legislature by Senator James A. Foley, a Tammany Senator. The effect of the law, which was approved by Mayor Mitchel, has been successful, and it is considered unlikely now that it will be amended.

Without amendments to the laws of the State or charter provisions, there can be no abandonment of the widows' pension work, the fire prevention work, the tenement house laws, or the teachers' pension system. It is unlikely that amendments to these laws, excepting those designed to perfect their administration, can be obtained from the Legislature at Albany. Most of these matters have been inaugurated or perfected during Mayor Mitchel's term.

In the course of study in the public schools there cannot be any great change, because the school courses must be designed to meet the requirements of the Regents of the University of the State of New York.

In the administration of the excise law requiring the closing of saloons, &c., the city has only limited authority through the Police Department, and the policy has been more and more in recent years to leave that to the State Excise Department, which is in Republican hands. Besides, the city will vote next April on whether New York City is to be placed under the provisions of the new local option law.

In the matter of the west side improvement the new administration is also subject to control by existing law. Under the Ottinger law passed by the Legislature this year, the present city administration, acting through the committee of the Board of Estimate, jointly with the Public Service Commission, must find an acceptable solution of the west side-Eleventh Avenue-New York Central problem. Unless an agreement can be reached between the city, the Public Service Commission, and the railroad before the end of this year, the Public Service Commission, which is a State body composed entirely of Republicans, is empowered to deal with the question in the same way it may deal with any other matter involving the removal of tracks from the surface of streets and highways. In other words, the next administration will have no jurisdiction over this matter unless the Legislature again amends the law.

With regard to the pay-as-you-go policy, it may be pointed out that the present State administration, which enacted the law, is Republican, and the question of repeal is considered doubtful at least.

In fact, the new administration will apparently be definitely restricted from making any wholesale or revolutionary changes in the City Government or in city departments. The changes that may be made are in general only in administrative policy, in the method of interpreting laws and ordinances. Most of the former "patronage" is gone, having been put into the civil service, and changes in these positions will be subject to the approval of the State authorities.

The Beetle Pest

THE question where do all of the farm pests come from is often asked. An attempt to answer the question opens up one of the most interesting chapters in the history of agriculture in this country. Take one illustration:

We can hardly blame the potato beetle for being a potato beetle, for it was all our fault. During the early days he lived a happy, carefree life, secure in the hills of Colorado, and was modest enough to want nothing more than an abundant supply of the solanum weed. This, he fortunately had in unlimited quantity. He had never seen a potato. But the settlers finding that the potato produced satisfactory returns per acre planted larger and larger areas of them. The potato plantations increased in number and spread from State to State, always moving westward. When Colorado was reached, there was found this vast tract of virgin soil on which grew nothing but the solanum weed and the potato beetle. These rich lands were plowed up, the weeds destroyed, and the planters were happy in the thought that they had still further tamed the Western wilderness. But during this process the potato beetle found himself in a very embarassing position. His food had been almost completely taken away from him, and he was left with nothing but an appetite. Such a situation would surely test the resources of any beetle. But the Colorado beetle was not to be found wanting. He used what man provided, and developed a ravenous appetite for potato vines, since that was the only thing in sight, and there was plenty of them.

Like many another habit, the fondness for potato vines became a very gripping one. It was like olives. And then, there was such a vast supply that it was a pleasurable pastime eating one's way from State to State until the varieties of each locality had been sampled. Hence, the Colorado potato beetle. Fortunately, however, we have the means of repairing at least some of the damage, for while we cannot grow solanum weed for the beetle's special benefit, yet we can make his life on the potato vines very hazardous.

Paris green has been the deadly dose that has been meted out to him very largely in times past, but there are some good reasons why this is objectionable. There is no question whatever about the ability of paris green to render the beetle hors de combat, but on account of the relatively large amount of water soluble arsenic in this material it is apt to take the vine as well as the insect. A great deal of injury has been done in times past in this manner. Arsenate of lead offers a form of arsenic which may be administered in homeopathic doses and yet be very efficient—killing the beetle but not harming the plant. Two and one half to three pounds of arsenate of lead mixed with fifty gallons of water sprayed on the vines when the beetles are known to be present will bring about a complete spirit of contrition on the part of the beetle and a longing for the old days in Colorado.

L. WAYNE ARNY,
Extension Editor,
Massachusetts Agricultural College.

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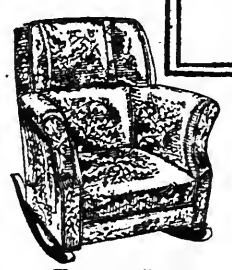

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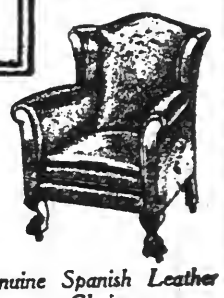

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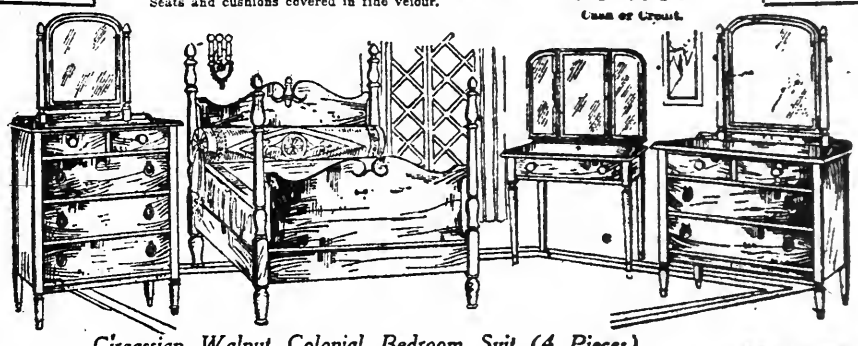

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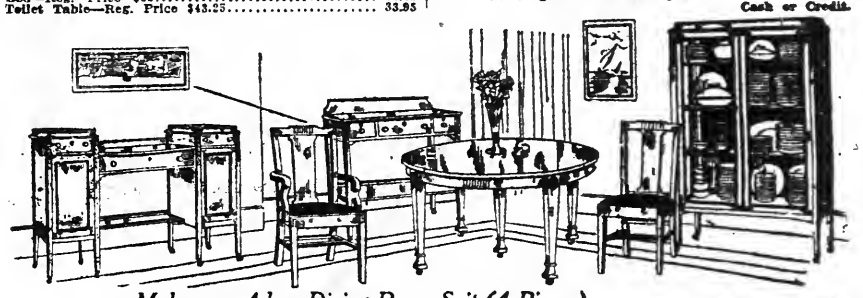

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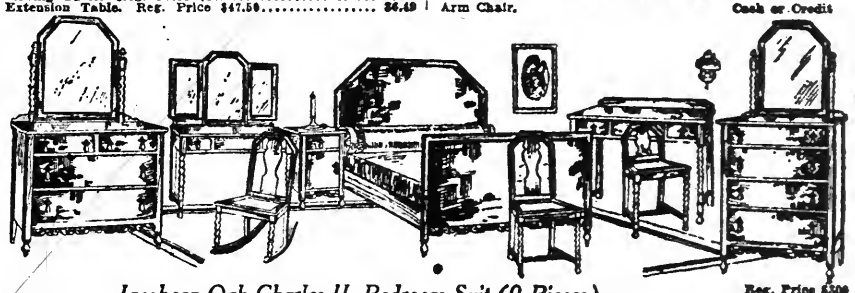

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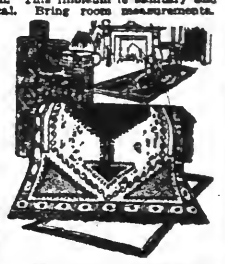

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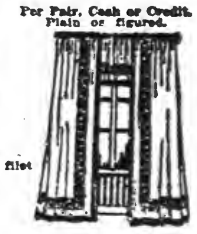

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NEW YORK'S MARVELOUS GROWTH TOWARD THE EAST

Within a Decade Queens Borough Has Bloomed Into Vast Industrial Centre and Residential District

By RALPH PETERS,
President of the Long Island Railroad.

THOSE who are thoroughly familiar with the geography and statistics of Queens Borough, who know the value of its close proximity to the more populous sections of the world's greatest metropolis, who have kept constantly in touch with its growth, and are aware of the rapid strides made in the past decade—only those New Yorkers realise the vast spread of their city to the eastward.

To appreciate the movement they must have followed the advance of transportation facilities—railroads, trolley, elevated, and subway line construction and extension; the opening of new waterways and erection of gigantic bridges spanning the East River, the wonderful industrial growth, the mounting population, and extensive building operations of the newly developed district. Those who have kept in touch with these things realise, as I have during the last twelve years, that the day is not far off when Queens Borough will not only be the most attractive home borough of New York City, but will occupy fourth or fifth position among the most important manufacturing centres in America.

From a political viewpoint the Borough of Queens is considered as a part of New York City. Geographically speaking it comprises the western end of Long Island. It covers an area of 117 square miles. It is the largest of the city's five boroughs. Compared with the principal cities of the United States it stand fifth in size, the four cities having more mileage being Greater New York, New Orleans, Chicago, and Philadelphia. It ranks eighteenth in the country's population centres. According to the tabulation below, Queens is more than five times as large in area as Manhattan, almost three times as large as the Bronx, and equal to the combined areas of Manhattan, Bronx, and Richmond Boroughs.

	Acres.	Square Miles.	P.C. of Total.
Queens	75,111	117.36	37.4
Brooklyn	49,880	77.62	24.7
Richmond	36,800	57.19	18.2
Manhattan	14,028	21.93	6.8
Bronx	26,017	40.85	12.9

With probably little more than one-third of this vast territory built up, there is, indeed, ample room for more intensified residential, commercial, and industrial development. During my connection with the Long Island Railroad I have seen the population of Queens rise from 198,340 in 1905 to 396,727 in 1915, and approximately 420,000 in 1916. I think when a count is taken at the end of 1917 the total will not be far from the half million mark. Judging from the healthy increases in population in the last few years, the prediction of Dr. Joseph Caccavajo, Consulting Engineer, in 1912, that Queens would have 900,000 inhabitants by 1920 and 1,900,000 by 1930, appears to be well founded.

A consistent addition of transportation facilities since 1909 has been primarily responsible for the steady influx of Manhattan's and Brooklyn's overflow population. The network of transportation lines, attracting people to live there and bringing in scores of huge industrial concerns, is summed up as follows in a report of the Chamber of Commerce of Queens, an organization which has been identified with every step in the borough's progress:

Prior to 1909 the only means of direct transportation from Queens Borough to Manhattan was over the old Long Island Railroad ferry at Thirty-fourth Street. Since that time, however, five costly bridges and tunnels have been opened, which are bringing the vast areas of Queens into closer touch with Manhattan's business sections.

The first link was the Queensboro Bridge itself, opened for trolley and vehicular traffic in July, 1909.

The second link was the Pennsylvania Station and operation of electric trains of the Long Island Railroad to all parts of Queens Borough.

The third link was the operation of Queensboro Subway trains from Forty-second Street and Lexington Avenue, Manhattan, to Long Island City on June 22, 1915, with free transfers to all parts of the present subway.

The fourth link was the operation of passenger trains across the New York Connecting Railroad Bridge at Hell Gate in April, 1917. The operation of freight service across this bridge will start this Fall, giving an all-rail route between Queens and the New England States, saving on an average of twenty-four hours on all such shipments of freight.

The fifth link is the operation of the Second Avenue elevated across the Queensboro Bridge, which will bring into close touch the most congested section of the city, on the east side of Manhattan, and the least developed portion of the city—the Borough of Queens. These two parts of the city are in sight of each other, but with the East River separating them.

The sixth link will be the operation of the B. R. T. trains of the Broadway-Fifty-ninth Street line through the new tunnel from Second Avenue and Sixtieth Street, Manhattan, under the East River to the Bridge Plaza station. This tunnel, it is expected, will be in operation in the Fall of 1918.

I may add that there is soon to be a seventh link, due to an agreement covering the lease of Long Island Railroad trackage rights, which will enable trains of the Dual Rapid Transit system to operate over our electrified lines on the north side, from Corona, through Flushing to Whitestone Landing and Little Neck.

In no small measure have the Long Island Railroad and its parent company, the Pennsylvania, contributed to the upbuilding of Queens. Almost every dollar of the hundred-odd millions expended by the Pennsylvania Railroad in its gigantic scheme of improvements in and around New York City has in some way or other inured to the benefit of Queens. The Pennsylvania Station in the heart of the city has brought about the substitution of electric traction for steam to such an extent that, out of a total of about 220 miles of electrified line on the entire Long Island Railroad system, which cost nearly $15,000,000, no less than 173.83 miles are in Queens. Add 246 miles of track devoted to operation of steam trains and some idea may be had of the intensive railroad development embraced in that borough.

By means of the rapid transit lines passing under or over the East River, the length of time required from the place of residence in Queens to the place of occupation or amusement in Manhattan is shorter than that required for the residents of upper Manhattan, the Bronx or even Brooklyn in getting to their places of occupation or amusement.

Millions of dollars have been spent by the Long Island Railroad in the elimination of grade crossings in the Borough of Queens, by elevating or depressing the tracks. Since 1910 some forty-four crossings at grade have been abolished in Queens.

The following table, showing the number of commuters during a certain month in 1910 compared with the corresponding month of 1917, speaks for itself:

GROWTH SHOWN BY COMMUTATION FIGURES.

L. I. R. R. Stations in Queens.	Commuters, One Month in 1916.	Commuters, Same Month in 1917.
Aqueduct	25	33
Arverne	1,903	3,189
Auburndale	15	38
Bayside	269	556
Bellaire	None	23
Broadway (Flushing)	86	256
Brooklyn Manor	None	357
Cedar Manor	15	127
College Point	71	160
Clarenceville	None	20
Corona	195	585
Douglaston	77	203
Edgemere	468	1,358
Elmhurst	66	461
Broad Channel	28	144
Far Rockaway	2,092	2,713
Floral Park	153	364
Flushing	245	544
Forest Hills	12	423
Hillside	None	124
Higbie Avenue	None	44
Hollis	159	418
Inwood	None	71
Jamaica	337	988
Kew Gardens	78	341
Lanrelton	15	53
Little Neck	35	65
Locust Avenue	13	43
Malba	1	36
Morris Park	207	343
Murray Hill (Flushing)	377	694
Ozone Park	76	181
Queens	135	303
Ramblersville	63	179
Rockaway Beach	1,976	4,743
Rosedale	46	94
St. Albans	26	38
Springfield	97	157
Union Course	53	174
Whitestone	207	267
Whitestone Landing	61	166
Winfield	89	82
Woodhaven	12	143
Woodhaven Junction	63	563
Woodside	4	46
Richmond Hill	199	70

It will be observed that several entirely new residential sections have been established in Queens in the last eight years. At every station, except two, there have been substantial increases in commutation travel. The decrease at Richmond Hill and Winfield are due to the recent extension of city rapid transit lines paralleling our property. When the Dual Rapid Transit System is extended to Whitestone and Little Neck by means of the proposed leasing of the Long Island Railroad tracks, further losses in commutation business will naturally result. In this connection, I desire to deny emphatically that we have opposed this municipal project at any time, although the public has from time to time been led to believe the railroad was holding up the matter. From the beginning the railroad has welcomed, rather than deplored, the coming of the new rapid transit line, and it has aimed constantly to bring about a speedy and successful termination of negotiations with the city authorities, so that the residents of the Third Ward of Queens Borough might have the benefit of the dual rapid transit system for which they are paying taxes, but which was principally developed in Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn, in addition to the same efficient train service which we are at present rendering them.

Obviously, with large, expensive terminals to maintain, the Long Island Railroad cannot begin to compete against the low fares offered by city-owned lines, and for the reason that it would relieve us from a short-haul commutation traffic in a region that is quickly being dotted with cheaper transit facilities, we have advocated the use of our tracks, and not discouraged the proposed extension of the city lines in any way at all. What the Long Island Railroad Company has vigorously opposed, however, is the construction of a parallel line. We argued against such a plan on the ground that it would saddle an unnecessarily large expenditure upon the city, when it was possible to lease our tracks and provide the necessary service to the public at an annual rental less than the actual cost of maintaining several miles of new line, a number of costly stations and power plants. The Long Island Railroad is only seeking a reasonable rental for the lease of its tracks, and I am glad to learn that it looks as if an arrangement satisfactory to all parties concerned will soon be consummated.

Last Summer I ventured the prediction that the Long Island Railroad would this year occupy first place among the railroads carrying commuters in and out of New York City. The sale of commutation tickets in the first ten months of 1917 totals 236,814. November and December sales will approximate 40,000 tickets, so that all told we will have handled the unprecedented total of 276,814 commuters, and with an average monthly sale of 23,067 sixty-ride tickets the railroad will be recognized as the foremost commuting railroad in New York. When you stop to consider that in 1910 there were but 142,427 commuters on all branches, compared with 254,803 in 1916 and approximately 276,000 in 1917, some idea is gained of the part which the road has played in the development, not alone of Queens, but Long Island's two other counties—Nassau and Suffolk.

Thousands of dwellings, stores, factories, and miscellaneous structures have been erected in Queens in ten years. The following table shows the number of buildings of all kinds put up in the various sections of Queens in 1915 and 1916:

NUMBER OF NEW BUILDINGS ERECTED

	1915	1916
Arverne	95	119
Auburndale	6	6
Bayside	74	37
Bellaire	20	21
Bellrose	23	25
Broad Channel	58	44
Broadway (Flushing)	19	55
Bushwick Junction, Maspeth and Middle Village	377	315
College Point	73	118
Corona	134	190
Douglaston	18	48
Dunton	55	55
Edgemere	37	34
Elmhurst	332	132
Far Rockaway	42	84
Floral Park	22	38
Flushing	265	186
Forest Hills	98	102
Glendale	630	522
Hollis	44	166
Jamaica	410	450
Kew Gardens	41	50
Laurel Hill	8	9
Little Neck	22	19
Malba	9	9
Morris Park	190	170
Murray Hill	20	25
Queens	33	81
Ramblersville (Howard Beach)	29	47
Richmond Hill	530	180
Rockaway Beach	826	451
St. Albans	14	19
Springfield	38	40
Whitestone	38	49
Winfield	27	18
Woodhaven Section	476	455
Woodside	19	23
Total	4,520	4,245

Add the 25,053 buildings constructed from 1909 to 1914, inclusive, and we find that 33,838 structures have sprung up in Queens in the eight-year period—1909 to 1916—or at the rate of 4,229 buildings a year. In the amount of money expended for building construction in 1916 Queens ranks sixth among the principal cities in the United States, and also ranks sixth in assessed valuation, which in 1914 was nearly $500,000,000.

The history of industrial development in Queens may be summed up thus:

In 1889 the borough had 395 factories; the value of manufactured products was $35,427,000; the capital invested in these plants amounted to $67,420,000, and the wages paid to employes totaled $1,264,000. In 1904 Queens had 518 factories; the number of employes working in them was 16,669; the value of manufactured products was $92,941,000; the capital invested amounted to $92,977,000, and the wages paid totaled $1,836,000. In 1909 Queens had 771 factories; the value of manufactured products was $151,680,000; the number of employes was 27,495; the capital invested amounted to $145,307,000, and the wages paid totaled $4,407,000. In 1916 the number of factories in Queens was 1,169; the number of employes 63,964; the value of manufactured products was $323,128,000; the capital invested amounted to $230,000,000, and the wages paid out to workers was $46,921,000.

The labor supply of the borough cannot be equaled in any other part of the country. I could enumerate scores of new industrial concerns which have already taken advantage of the opportunity to locate in Queens. The number of factories has increased by nearly 400 since 1909. The Degnon Terminal development in Long Island City deserves special mention. Its promoters have brought to Queens such plants as the Loose-Wiles Biscuit Company, Defender Manufacturing Company, Kindel Bed Company, Marcus Ward, Inc.; Studebaker Corporation, American Ever Ready Works of the National Carbon Company, Brett Lithographic Company, and Reme Metallic Bedstead Company.

In a word, the development in a decade of Queens has been phenomenal. Judging by the past and the present, I can see visions of the borough as one of our greatest industrial centres and a place where millions of people will live in contentment.

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FOREIGN LANGUAGES.

At no time has the desirability of acquiring foreign languages been more pronounced. Consult the instruction columns of The New York Times.—Advt.

MOVING PICTURES FOR THE CHILDREN

By JANE STANNARD JOHNSON.

BOBBY, aged eight, rushed pell-mell into the house early one afternoon and, tossing his hat into a corner, cried excitedly:

"Oh, mamma, give me ten cents. I'm going to the picture show!"

"What picture are you going to see?" questioned his mother.

"Thou shalt not covet thy Neighbor's Wife, replied Bobby, eagerly. "All the boys are going."

"But I don't think you ought to go to see a picture like that, Bobby," said his mother.

"What's the matter with that picture?" asked Bobby. "It's in the Bible."

In this conversation, an actual occurrence, lies the kernel of the reason on which is based the necessity for special motion-picture performances for children. There are legions of Bobbies throughout the country, to say nothing of an equivalent number of little Dorothies with Bobby's viewpoint and logic.

There is no more vivid method of teaching than by moving pictures and, as thousands of children daily attend picture shows, the silent impressions of the screen are entering quite as effectively into the child's moral and educational development as the lessons of the home or the school. So great is the influence of the screen that it may easily bear a vital relation to the welfare of our nation, since the boys who are today building their character for life work are the ones who tomorrow will be assuming the duties of citizenship and filling the places of our boys now gone to the trenches.

Now this does not mean at all that children should not go to see motion pictures. They should. The film is the family entertainment. Where the family goes the children must go. But it does mean that a duty devolves upon parents to know what pictures the children will see in case they attend the regular daily performance.

The alternative is a performance especially for children, where only suitable films will be shown. For several years past the question has been agitated considerably by women throughout the United States. In some cities children's performances have been attempted with varying degrees of success. St. Paul, Louisville, Los Angeles, Seattle, Washington, Atlanta, Columbus, Buffalo, Providence, and Philadelphia are among the cities where the idea has been tried.

Some of these efforts have been initiated by mothers' clubs and parents' associations and some by women's clubs. An organization called the National Juvenile Motion-Picture Board has for two or three years endeavored to promote children's performances throughout the States. This organization has a membership widely scattered, with headquarters in New York. It has secured large numbers of films, and has from time to time issued lists of films which it considered suitable for children.

Viewing the situation from all sides, I decided a year ago to test the possibility and the practicability of children's performances, regardless of the experience of other women.

The first exhibitor I approached wholly disapproved. Other women had tried it and failed, he said. But I won his consent to give it a trial.

My next step was to secure the co-operation of the schools. The Principal of the school nearest the theatre, whose head had shown interest in the project, took up the matter at a mothers' meeting and asked for the names of those who would volunteer to help care for the children and act as guardians at the theatre Saturday mornings, the time at which the shows were to be held. About twenty-five names were offered and thus our working committee was secured.

The selection of the program and arranging for the films was the most difficult part. First, it was essential that the exhibitor at least clear his expenses. Further, I wanted the best films that the market afforded; not merely educational films, but pictures for a "sure enough picture show just like the ones daddy goes to." If the child is to be kept away from pictures during the week on the promise of going Saturday morning, he must see a better show than he would see at the regular performance.

I decided that a program of the same high grade as the programs at the leading Broadway theatres, using films suited to the child, would best fill the bill. It must include a teaching of patriotism; scenes of travel; something about birds, fishes, flowers and animals; glimpses of various activities of our Government; a review of current events; and always a funny film that should also be refined and clever.

All the foregoing are in short reels, which must be selected and sorted each week. But there was need also of a feature story and, none of these being made especially for children, I had to choose such as were free from portrayals of crime, "triangle" situations, immorality, and dishonesty.

I personally visited all of the leading film exchanges, sought the man at the head, explained to him the plan and purpose, and told him that to carry it through it would be absolutely necessary for him to make special rental prices on such of his films as I might select. This, without exception, the companies agreed to do.

After the performance had been held for some weeks and it seemed a certainty there would be a goodly attendance regularly, the Boy Scouts of America were asked to co-operate by detailing eight or ten boys to assist in handling the children. This they very gladly consented to do, after hearing about the work and its purpose, and thereafter the Boy Scouts were our very valued assistants in keeping the youngsters in line, acting as ushers, tending fire doors, and in many other ways.

When the first cold days of Fall arrived this year the minds of the little folks turned again to indoor amusement. Meeting the theatre Director who had originally volunteered his co-operation on the street one day, he said: "About fifty kids are around my theatre door every Saturday morning asking when the morning shows are to start again." So the first one of this season was arranged, and, though some changes have been made necessary by war conditions, the performances are satisfactorily attended this season and promise to be a success.

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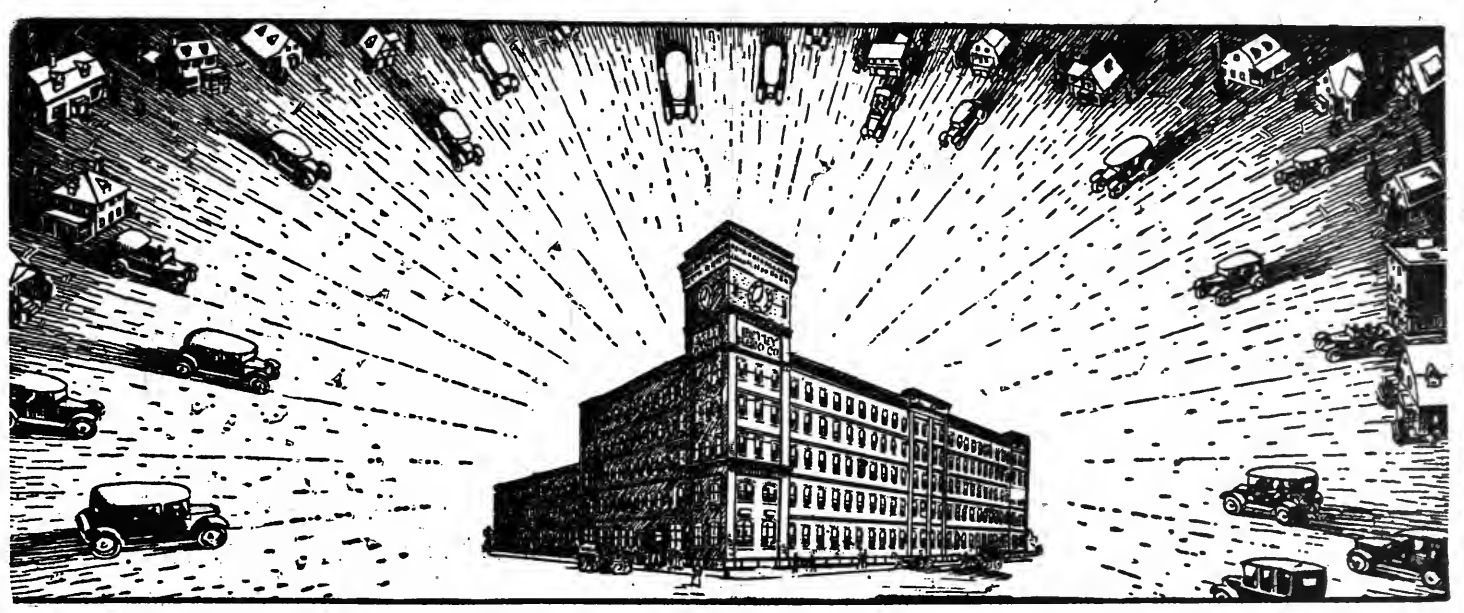

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NEWS AND NOTES OF THE MUSICAL WORLD

Anecdotes of Verdi Told by Metropolitan Director --Puccini's "Tosca" Bells.

By Giulio Gatti-Casazza.

EVERY time I happen to meet that man so abundant in mentality and genius who answers to the name of Luigi Illica, I never fail to reiterate my advice that he write his memoirs, which certainly would provide material for one of the most interesting, original, and enjoyable books that ever have appeared.

I hope that some day my friend Illica will respond to my wish so repeatedly expressed. In the meantime, however, I shall permit myself to anticipate, in a modest way, a little chapter of his future volume, convinced that he will pardon my indiscretion.

Illica for many years lived in the country. First he had a home at Castellarquato, in the Piacentino, on the top of a hill. Now he has abandoned the uplands and has come down to the plains to occupy a charming little villa which he recently had built not far from Busseto, the village which had the honor of giving birth to Giuseppe Verdi.

Last year in September I went to pay a visit to my friend and spent two most enjoyable days in his house. Illica is the prince of causeurs. He has been a politician and a journalist, and later, as a dramatic author, having been in touch with the entire world of Italian theatrical art, he has at his disposal an inexhaustible repertory of anecdote. In addition, an incomparable humorist, with a rather caustic spirit, he knows how to give his stories a most original and attractive cachet, so that to listen to him is one of the greatest delights imaginable.

On the occasion I mention he entertained me with the recital of many incidents of his very active life, and especially of his relations with composers for whom he had written librettos—Catalani, Franchetti, Mascagni, Giordano, Puccini, to mention only the best known.

At one point of our conversation we were talking about "Tosca," which I had the pleasure of launching for the first time at the Scala of Milan.

"Perhaps you do not know," said Illica to me, "that I prepared 'Tosca' originally not for Puccini but for Franchetti. It was in 1895. With Franchetti," continued my friend, "everything had been agreed upon. He was altogether satisfied and already had composed the first scene, when, unexpectedly, he declared to me that he did not intend to continue the work as he was convinced that the libretto was anti-musical—unfitted for an opera. I protested against this strange and, in my opinion, unjustified condemnation. I brought forward all the arguments I could think of to combat those of Franchetti, but it was useless, as he would not yield, maintaining his position firmly.

"Finally one day, after we had been unable to come to any settlement, Franchetti proposed that we refer the controversy to an authority of the first order and let him decide definitely, adding:

"'I have requested Maestro Verdi to be the judge, and he has consented; do you accept?'

"Naturally," continued Illica, "I accepted without hesitation, and one morning, like two litigants, we started for the Hotel Milan, accompanied by Giulio Ricordi.

"Verdi received us cordially and invited me to read the libretto.

"I read the first and then the second act, and the great maestro, without too much effusion, showed that he was very well satisfied. I passed on to the third act and Verdi warmly praised the changes I had made in the Sardou drama. I recited the verses beginning:

"'E lucean le stelle' * * *

"And when I finished them Verdi jumped to his feet, and in accents suffused with emotion said to me:

"'Bellissimo! bellissimo! ma bravo, Illica!'

"Franchetti at first was dumfounded, but presently inquired: 'Then it really has made such a good impression on you? The libretto indeed pleases you?'

"'Of course it pleases me,' replied Verdi. 'Why, the situation is a genuine discovery. The farewell to life and the woman beloved of the poor Cavaradossi, upon whom, only a few hours before, everything smiled! The scene having as its subject the Castle Sant'angelo, with St. Peter's in the background, as the dawn breaks over Rome! Why, all this is magnificent.' And turning to Franchetti he continued: 'What in the world do you young composers want? Are you not content even with good fortune? Would that I might have had such an excellent libretto—I who in my youth had to be satisfied with all kinds of stuff. Ah, me! What a misfortune it is to be old.'

"Franchetti, more and more astonished and mortified at Verdi's display of enthusiasm, and not risking a contradiction, ventured to say to the great eulogist, who still continued to express his laudatory impressions:

"'One moment, Maestro, that is all very well; the verses will be fine for the tenor. But, how would you treat them? Would you write recitative? or an arioso or a real romance? Tell me, tell me!'

"And Verdi: 'My dear Franchetti, I would simply make some music—a little music, that's all.'"

* * * * * * *

"About a year, it seems to me, after this event"—it is still Illica who is talking—"I was asked one day by Giulio Ricordi to call at his office as he had something interesting to tell me.

"I went at once, and, arriving, he said to me:

"'The libretto which you've written, entitled "Lorenza," and which Maestro Mascheroni was engaged to set to music, must be turned over to another composer. Maestro Mascheroni has made no objection. Let us hear what you think about it.'

"'Oh, dio mio!' I replied. 'Is this the interesting matter which you have to tell me? Nothing else except to change the composer of "Lorenza"? Excuse me, but this is a fine bit of annoyance.'

"Mascheroni and I already had arranged everything.

"'Come, come!' said Guilio Ricordi, 'be calm and have patience. This is a question of favoring a talented young composer upon whom the libretto has made a deep impression.'

"'Santa Maria!' I exclaimed, 'this business of young composers is a continued nuisance. But is he really young?'

"'Very young.'

"'Has he real talent?'

"'Unquestionably. He has genuine talent.'

"'And what's the name of this young chap?'

"'Giuseppe Verdi!'

"I was speechless—stunned. Then said Ricordi, ironically:

"'Isn't that sufficient? Perhaps you want a better one. You poets—when will you ever be satisfied?'

"At length I recovered from my astonishment and replied: 'Do you mean that Verdi, at the age of eighty-three, wants to compose again and to my libretto? It doesn't seem to me possible.'

"'So possible,' responded Ricordi, 'that the Maestro is at the Hotel Milan waiting to talk with you. Enough discussion! Let us go along.'

"While we were walking to the hotel I was thinking about my libretto, upon which such extraordinary good fortune had smiled. As all now know, it deals with the story of a brigand, Carmine, a man of great courage, whom the authorities have been unable to capture or drive out of the country, and whom finally they seek to entrap by means of the diabolical attractiveness of Lorenza, a woman as beautiful as she is clever. She accordingly has herself captured by Carmine's band of outlaws, and then prepares her snare to fascinate Carmine. By and by the brigand surrenders to her charms. She, too, finds herself attracted by the good looks and the dashing qualities of the outlaw. So that, when the plans for the betrayal arranged beforehand with the police are about to be carried out, Lorenza, not being able to offset them in time and mad with love and desperation, sacrifices her own life to save that of her lover, whom she enables to escape.

"When we reached the hotel the Grand Old Man received us in his usual parlor.

"'See here, Illica,' said he without any preliminaries, 'your libretto is interesting. Two excellent characters, those of Lorenza and Carmine the brigand. Then, the situations are well conceived. Altogether, the libretto is well worked out, and has the quality of interest which holds the attention throughout. There are, however, a few defects, but they can be remedied easily. For example, at this point,'—and the Maestro made a suggestion.

"We listen to him in admiration. I am delighted and almost doubt my senses. But all of a sudden, while I am telling him that his observations were justified, and that the changes suggested could be most easily made, Verdi jumps to his feet, his face suddenly darkening, and says:

"'No, no; I must not write any more! It would be a terrible mistake.'

"Ricordi and I, upset and painfully surprised by the unexpected turn of events, united our efforts, begging him to carry out his original purpose, but, shaking his leonine head, he refused inexorably.

"'No, my friends,' said he, 'don't insist! Don't make me undertake something that I couldn't finish. And, besides, to take a libretto already prepared for another—no, no, it would only bring me failure.'

"'But Maestro, why do you talk like this?'

"Without feeling he added: 'There is another reason which admits of no reply, a reason that can't be controverted—I am 83 years old; do you understand?—83 years old! Perhaps the head still could do the work, but the hand could not make the record.' He hesitated, then resumed:

"'So, Illica, and you, Giulio, forgive me; but I beg you not to talk to me any more about the matter. Let "Lorenza" remain with the one to whom it belongs; let Mascheroni keep it. Enough of this.'

"We dare not persist. We couldn't say another word. The Maestro, with a sad face and full of regret, while we remained deeply disappointed, continued to shake his white head, repeating:

"'No, I must not; I cannot. It is finished—forever.'

"And then and there," added Illica in melancholy tone, "I lost the greatest chance of my career."

***

I shall finish with a little anecdote relating to Verdi and "Tosca," which I owe, not to Illica, but to a celebrated orchestra leader, Leopoldo Mugnone, who was an intimate friend of the great Maestro.

"In the Summer of 1899," said Mugnone, who is a raconteur of color and warmth, as a true Neapolitan should be, "I was at the springs of Montecatini at the same time as Verdi. He knew that from time to time I had been going to the neighboring town of Pistoia, and one day inquired:

"'If I am not impertinent, may I ask what the deuce you go to Pistoia for?'

"'Why, Maestro,' said I, 'I go there to supervise the casting of the bells for "Tosca." Puccini's new opera, which will be given this Winter, and which I shall conduct.'

"'What's that? the "bells" of "Tosca"? How many "bells" are there and what are they used for?'

"'They will be used in the third act, which pictures the awakening of Rome with the chimes of the various churches, and there are eleven of them.'

"Verdi gave a start of astonishment and exclaimed: 'Eleven bells! Impossible!'

"The old composer left me, murmuring as he went: 'Eleven! eleven! Per Bacco! It seems incredible.'

"Some days passed, when one morning, at the Tettuccio Spring, Verdi inquired of me:

"'How are your eleven bells getting along, my dear Mugnone? I believe there are eleven—am I right?'

"'They are coming along well and there are really eleven of them,' I responded.

"'And to think,' added the Maestro, 'that when I composed "Il Trovatore" I was so much perplexed as to whether or not I should introduce that one poor bell in the Miserere! It seemed to me that all the impresarios of that period would hurl their curses at me, so that I really don't know how at the time I decided to let it stay there. There's nothing more to say except that the world has progressed—at least the operatic world!'"

The "Faustspielhaus" Restores Its Famous Classic of Opera in New York—A Scene from Gounod's "Faust" at the Metropolitan, Mme Farrar as Marguerite at Her Spinning Wheel.

PROGRAMS OF THE WEEK.

Jascha Heifetz, the Russian violinist, appears again with the Symphony Society at its matinée today at Aeolian Hall, repeating the Bruch concerto in D minor. Walter Damrosch conducts Beethoven's Fifth Symphony and Georg Schumann's variations and fugo, "On a Merry Theme."

Ossip Gabrilowitsch, pianist, gives an all-Russian program in Carnegie Hall this afternoon, including Glazunow's sonata, Op. 74; pieces by Glinka-Balakireff, Rachmaninoff, Arensky, Tscherepnin, and, for the first time, the sonata No. 5, Op. 53, of Scriabine.

Arthur Friedheim, pianist, in his fourth matinée at the Princess Theatre today, has Liszt's "Harmonies du Soir" and Hungarian rhapsodies Nos. 2, 6, and 12, the sonata "Appassionata" of Beethoven, and pieces by Chopin and Rubinstein.

John McCormack, tenor, assisted by André Polah, violin, and Edwin Schneider, appears at the Hippodrome tonight in a program of songs, all in English, by Handel, Schubert, Goldmark, Brahms, Stanford, Foote, Mrs. Beach, and Kreisler.

Clara Pasvolsky, contralto, with Vladimir Dubinsky, 'cello, and Frances Foster, will be heard at the Princess this evening in music of a dozen Russians, from opera airs of Glinka to the "Hymn of Free Russia," by Grechaninow.

Joseph Bennet, in his second organ recital at the Hotel Astor on Monday, plays four "Choral" preludes, the D minor sonata, the Passacaglia, and the preludes and fugues in G and D major, all by J. S. Bach.

Yolanda Mero, pianist, at Aeolian Hall on Monday afternoon, plays an "organ" concerto of Friedemann Bach, arranged by Stradel; Schumann's "Davidsbundler," and pieces by Debussy, Mero, Dohnanyi, and Liszt.

Wynne Pyle, in a piano recital Monday evening at Aeolian Hall, has some Beethoven dances arranged by Seiss, works of Gluck and Franck revised by Sgambati and Bauer, and twelve preludes of Scriabine.

Mabel Garrison, at her first Aeolian recital Tuesday afternoon, has airs from Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Coq d'Or," and others by Handel, Bach, Mahler, Strauss, Stravinsky, Moussorgsky, Granados, Ravel, Brockway, and Schindler.

The Adele Margulies Trio opens a fourteenth season Tuesday evening at Aeolian Hall, playing Cesar Franck's trio Op. 1, No. 1; Enrico Bossi's sonata in E minor, and the trio in B flat, Op. 97, of Beethoven.

Katharine Dayton, at the Punch and Judy on Wednesday, sings folksongs arranged by Cadman, Tremblay, Krehbiel, Pierne, Block, with recitations to music of Ethel Usher and Margaret Ruthven Lang.

Henry Eichein and Sam Charles on Thursday at Aeolian Hall have a recital of sonatas for violin and pianoforte by Faure and Debussy, with other modern French pieces by Debussy and Ravel.

The Philharmonic Society on Thursday and Friday at Carnegie Hall will play Brahms's First Symphony, Chadwick's new "Tam o' Shanter," Sibelius's "Swan of Tuonela," Dvorak's "Scherzo Capriccioso," and Wagner's prelude and finale from "Tristan."

Greta Torpadie, soprano, assisted by Richard Epstein, on Thursday evening in Aeolian Hall, will sing airs of Bach, Caccini, Stenhammer, Sibelius, Lie, Elling, Loeffler, Erich Wolff, Atherton, Schindler, Buzzi-Peccia, and Rubner.

Paul Reimers, tenor, sings with Blair Neale at Aeolian Hall on Friday afternoon songs of Schubert, Fourdrain, Hahn, Faure, Borodine, Guetary, Aylward Whithorne, Turner, and Carpenter.

Paulo Gruppe, 'cello, with Viola Cole, piano, will play Friday evening at Aeolian Hall a new sonata, Op. 64, by Emmanuel Moor, and works of Franck, Pergolesi, Klengel, Debussy, Bach, and Pepper.

Fritz Kreisler, at his second recital in Carnegie Hall on Saturday afternoon, will play violin concertos of Vivaldi and Vieuxtemps, and pieces by Kreisler, Friedberg, Tschaikowsky, Godowsky, and Paganini.

The Society of Ancient Instruments announces next Saturday, Nov. 24, its concert postponed from Nov. 9, owing to the delayed arrival of Henri Casadesu, the founder, and his associates from France.

Moses Boguslawski, pianist, appears again at Aeolian Hall on Saturday evening in a program from Brahms, Beethoven, Chopin, Schumann, and Rubinstein.

The Scandinavian Symphony Orchestra will give a concert next Saturday evening in Carnegie Hall.

FREE TO THE PUBLIC.

Samuel A. Baldwin will play a manuscript "Evening Song" by Sheppard and Wagner's prelude to "Parsifal" at his free organ recital in the Great Hall of the City College this afternoon. On Wednesday Mr. Baldwin has a serenade by Andrews, Barrett-Watson's "The Stream of Life," and a toccata by Bartlett.

BROOKLYN MUSIC.

"Le Nozze di Figaro" will be sung at the Brooklyn Academy next Saturday evening, with Hempel, Matzenauer, Delaunois, Kanders, Howard, Didur, De Luca, Malatesta, Reiss, Bloch, and Leonhardt, led by Bodanzky.

The Philharmonic's first Brooklyn program at the Academy this afternoon includes Lisst's "Dante" symphony, Weber's "Euryanthe" overture, Elgar's variations, and Grieg's concerto, with Guiomar Novaes.

Fritz Kreisler will be heard in a violin recital at the Academy tomorrow evening under the auspices of the Brooklyn Institute.

Harold Bauer has a piano recital on Tuesday, Nov. 27, at the Academy.

PLANS OF THE MUSICIANS.

Thomas Egan, the Irish tenor, has volunteered to open next Wednesday for the Knights of Columbus their new recreation hall at Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I.

Frieda Hempel will sing for the soldiers at Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., on Nov. 27, giving by request "The Last Rose of Summer" and "Annie Laurie."

Yvette Guilbert will start her season at the Theatre du Vieux Colombier on Friday, Nov. 30, when she will include a new impersonation of "Pierrot."

CALENDAR OF CONCERTS.

November.

18—Symphony Society, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
18—Ossip Gabrilowitsch, piano, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
18—John McCormack, tenor, evening, Hippodrome.
18—Arthur Friedheim, piano, afternoon, Princess Theatre.
18—Clara Pasvolsky, contralto, evening, Princess Theatre.
19—Yolanda Mero, piano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
19—Wynne Pyle, piano, evening, Aeolian Hall.
19—Joseph Bonnet, organ, afternoon, Hotel Astor.
20—Mabel Garrison, soprano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
20—Adele Margulies Trio, evening, Aeolian Hall.
21—Katharine Dayton, soprano, afternoon, Punch & Judy Theatre.
22—H. Eichheim and S. Charles, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
22—Philharmonic Society, evening, Carnegie Hall.
22—Greta Torpadie, soprano, evening, Aeolian Hall.
23—Philharmonic Society, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
23—Paul Reimers, tenor, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
23—Paulo Gruppe, 'cello, evening, Aeolian Hall.
24—Fritz Kreisler, violin, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
24—Society of Ancient Instruments, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
24—Moses Boguslawski, piano, evening, Aeolian Hall.
24—Scandinavian Symphony, evening, Carnegie Hall.
25—Philharmonic Society, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
25—Emilio di Gogorza, baritone, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
25—Ralph Lawton, piano, evening, Greenwich Village Theatre.
26—Clara Clemens, contralto, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
26—Thibaud-Bauer, sonatas, afternoon, Punch & Judy Theatre.
26—Oscar Seagle, baritone, evening, Aeolian Hall.
27—Tina Lerner, piano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
27—Kitty Cheatham and E. Soeller, evening, Carnegie Hall.
27—Flonzaley Quartet, evening, Aeolian Hall.
28—Rudolph Reuter, piano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
30—Philharmonic Society, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
30—Gabrielle Gills, soprano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
30—Theodore von Hemert, baritone, evening, Aeolian Hall.

SUBSCRIBERS' WAR TAX.

A Suggestion That Opera Lovers Let U. S. Keep $75,000 Fund.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Last evening I was told by a subscriber to the Metropolitan Opera House that the war tax levied would be refunded to those who paid their subscriptions before Nov. 1. I felt tempted to refute it, but refrained. Nevertheless, I could not reconcile myself to the thought that it might be true. Imagine my surprise this morning upon opening THE TIMES to find that a ruling to that effect was made.

From a spirit of patriotism the thought suggested itself, since the amount of war tax to those who can afford to partake of opera individually will not amount to much, what a splendid commentary it would be if those subscribers refused to accept the refund! This $75,000 is a nice, snug sum, and, since so much stress is and has been laid as to what a $50 Liberty bond will buy, nothing need be said further as to what good that $75,000 would do!

Why isn't something done for those who frequent the 10, 15, and 25 cent shows? To those 5 cents is an item. The poor need that sort of recreation every bit as much as others need opera.

New York, Nov. 13, 1917. S. S.

BELGIAN LOSS AND OURS.

Cathedrals of Northern France, Too, on "Altar of Patriotism."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is it necessary to mention what Belgium and France are sacrificing of magnificent buildings, churches, cathedrals, of paintings and statues, upon "the altar of patriotism"? And then to talk about "sacrifice," because a few German operas are taken off the program for the Winter performances in New York! Patriotic Americans who love their country give willingly everything—their sons, husbands, fathers, home, and luxury—will be ready to starve if necessary for "the flag" and "country." America has been too indulgent and liberal with this kind of Americans, who, in my opinion, are pro-Germans, and who now, when our brave boys and men, fine citizens, are killed in action or taken prisoners in Germany, can only think upon their own pleasure and enjoyments, and call it a "sacrifice" to be without a few German operas during wartime. No good patriot could ever feel disgusted with the Metropolitan Directors for their action.

VALBORG GRAU.

New York, Nov. 15, 1917.

Metropolitan Opera.

Mischa Elman, at the first Metropolitan concert tonight, will play Wieniawski's violin Concerto No. 2 and pieces by Chopin-Wilhelmj and Paganini. Ruth Miller has airs from "Carmen" and "La Bohème," and Sophie Braslau one from "Orpheus" and songs by La Forge, Manney, and Di Nogero. The orchestra, under Hageman, adds works of Dvorak, Tschaikowsky, and Glazunow.

"Tosca" will open the second week of the opera season tomorrow evening, with Farrar, Braslau, Martin, Scotti, Rossi, Malatesta, Bada, Reschiglian, d'Angelo, and Moranzoni.

Melodious "Marta" will be sung Wednesday evening, with Caruso, Hempel, Perini, De Luca, Malatesta, Laurenti, and Bodanzky.

"Madama Butterfly" on Thursday evening has Farrar, Fornia, Egener, Martin, Scotti, Reiss, Audisio, Reschiglian, d'Angelo, and Moranzoni.

In "Samson et Dalila," with Caruso, on Friday evening, Julia Claussen as Dalila makes her first appearance here, assisted by Whitehill and Rothier, Schlegel, Reschiglian, Audisio, Bloch, and Monteux.

"Francesca da Rimini" will be the Saturday matinée opera, with Alda, Delaunois, Braslau, Perini, Sparkes, Egener, Kanders—her first appearance—Martinelli, Amato, Bada, Malatesta, Bloch, Reschiglian, Audisio, Laurenti, and Moranzoni.

OTHERS TO BE HEARD.

Blanche Arral, Eva Gauthier, Arthur Middleton, Maximilian Pilzer, and Moses Boguslawski appear for a war charity under distinguished auspices at the Hotel Ansonia next Thursday.

The Philharmonic opens a popular series Wednesday evening in Carnegie Hall with Hadley's new symphony, Debussy's "Faun," and air from "Louise" for Marie-Sundelius, and Saint-Saëns's Concerto No. 5, played by Beryl Rubinstein.

The Strand Orchestra in its tenth week will play parts of Beethoven's First Symphony, Mendelssohn's "Midsummer Night" scherzo, excerpts from Puccini's "La Bohème," and "The Star-Spangled Banner."

Quinito Valverde's second Sunday night concert at the Park this evening has a program of Spanish composers by the company appearing in "The Land of Joy."

The Neighborhood Symphony Society resumes tonight its concerts under Jacques Gottlieb at the East Side House Settlement.

Richard Buhlig, Christine Langenhan, and Helene Schelder appear Tuesday at Carnegie Hall before the Humanitarian Cult.

Fritz Kreisler, Mai Kalna, Margaret Namara, and Rudolph Ganz are soloists at the second Biltmore Friday Morning Musicale.

Henry D. Sleeper and Esther Dale of Smith College illustrate American song composers on Saturday at Columbia.

Kitty Cheatham will appear at Carnegie Hall on Tuesday evening, Nov. 27, with an orchestra led by the Scandinavian woman conductor, Edla Soeller.

THE CASE OF KREISLER.

His Conduct "Irreproachable" Since America Entered War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As an admirer of Fritz Kreisler, I wish to protest against the cancellation of his concert engagements in numerous cities. To assume such an attitude toward the greatest violinist in the world is the act of narrow-minded and ignorant people. Kreisler is an Austrian, it is true. But we have not declared war on Austria. Even if we had, why should a national condition interfere with art which is universal?

Mr. Kreisler, since the beginning of the war on America's part, has conducted himself in an irreproachable manner. He has given his services to various benefits for our own Red Cross, he is supporting some dozen or more Russian and Serbian orphans, he has sent large sums of money to destitute musicians of all nationalities who are stranded in Vienna.

EVELYN C. ZORN.

Brooklyn, Nov. 13, 1917.

NO AID TO GILLY.

Noncombatant Artist Abroad Was Not Treated Like Those Here.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If Dr. Muck thinks "art knows no frontier" will he explain why his country's ally interns a French noncombatant opera singer, Dinh Gilly, who desires to come to America?

A LOYAL ARTIST.

New York, Nov. 7, 1917.

MAISON JAQUELINE
Opposite Ritz-Carlton
Models arriving for the South necessitate an early sale of all
IMPORTED WINTER MODELS
—at—
Greatly Reduced Prices
Your Inspection Is Invited
TWENTY EAST FORTY-SIXTH ST.

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GREAT VIOLIN MAKERS
Is now on exhibition in the Wurlitzer Violin Studios. The collection contains authentic instruments by Stradivarius, Joseph Guarnerius (del Gesu), Joseph Guarnerius Filius Andreae, Petrus Guarnerius, Nicolas Amati, Guadagnini, Ruggieri, Montagnana, Sanctus Seraphin, Gagliano, Gabbrielli, Balestrieri, Testore, Landolfi, Carcassi, Tononi, Cappa, Storioni, and many others of lesser fame.
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CARNEGIE HALL THIS AFTERNOON AT 3
Popular Recital
All-Russian
Program
GABRILOWITSCH
Management LOUDON CHARLTON
Mason and Hamlin Piano.

Aster Hall Recvn Tom'w Afternoon at 2. 2d Organ Recital of Historical Series by JOSEPH BONNET $2, $1.50, $1. Management Loudon Charlton.
AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., Nov. 24, at 3. Concert by the Unique SOCIETE des Instruments Anciens 50c. to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.
Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Nov. 27, at 8:15. First Subscription Concert FLONZALEY QUARTET 50c to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.

LIBERTY Theatre, West 42d St. LAST 3 MATINEES Nov. 20 & 22 at 2:30, & Nov. 24 at 10:30. THE PUPILS OF ISADORA DUNCAN AND THE LITTLE SYMPHONY GEORGE BARRERE, Conductor. Good Seats All Performances, $2, $1.50, $1

THEATRE DU VIEUX COLOMBIER
Yvette Guilbert
FIRST TWO RECITALS: FRIDAY AFT., NOVEMBER 30, at 3. SUNDAY EVE., DECEMBER 2, at 8:15. *Chansons de Pierrot (New)*
Tickets now on sale at the Box Office of the theatre, 65 West 55th Street. KNABE PIANO.

SYMPHONY
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r. Aeolian Hall, This Afternoon, at 3. Soloist HEIFETZ
Tickets at Box Office. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

SECOND BILTMORE
FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE
Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore, Nov. 23, at 11
FRITZ Kreisler | MME. Kalna
MME. Namara | RUDOLPH Ganz
Res. Seats, $3. Box Seats $5. On sale tomorrow at Biltmore Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

Under the Auspices of the PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York. A Series of LECTURE RECITALS on programs of the PHILHARMONIC CONCERTS, by VICTOR BIART
Second Lecture, Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 3:30. AT THE HOTEL PLAZA.
Single tickets $1.00 ..... Series, $5.00
For tickets and particulars apply to the BIART SCHOOL of General Musical Knowledge, 230 Madison Av. 'Phone Murray Hill 3127.

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Aft., Nov. 22, at 3. SONATA RECITAL. FRENCH MUSIC HENRY Eichheim Violinist SAM Charles Pianist

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Eve., Dec. 1, at 8:15. SONG RECITAL Graveure
Mg't Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Eve., Nov. 26, at 8:15. SONG RECITAL
Oscar Seagle
Tickets 50 cts. to $2, at Box Office and Office of Sec., Carnegie Hall.

Community Song Rally
N. Y. Community Chorus
HARRY BARNHART, Director
To-night at 8 o'Clock
71st Regiment Armory
34th Street & Park Avenue
All Welcome. No Admission Charge.

RUSSIAN SONG RECITAL BY CLARA Pasvolsky
Assisted by V. DUBINSKY, 'Cellist.
PRINCESS Thea., 39th, near B'way TO-NIGHT at 8:30.
TICKETS AT BOX OFFICE.

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English, French, Modern and Folk Songs. Tickets at Box Office and Manager's Office. Mgt. ANTONIA SAWYER, Inc., Aeolian Hall.

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Evg., Nov. 24, at 8:15. Second Piano Recital—MOSES Boguslawski
Tickets 75 cts. to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. (Steinway.)

Aeolian Hall, Monday Aft., Nov. 26, at 2:30 SONG RECITAL—MME. CLARA Clemens
Mr. Ossip Gabrilowitsch at the Piano. Tickets at Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Nov. 20, at 8:15. ADELE MARGULIES TRIO
Seats $1 to $3 at Box Office.
Adele Margulies, Piano. Leopold Lichtenberg, Violin. Alwin Schroeder, 'Cello.

AEOLIAN HALL, Friday Eve., Nov. 23. PAULO Gruppe 'Cellist.
Assisted by Viola Cole, Pianiste. Seats at Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Nov. 24, at 2:30. Tickets 75c. to $2. Now on Sale at Box Office. Direction C. A. Ellis. Steinway Piano Used. Kreisler

AEOLIAN HALL, Tues. Aft., Nov. 27, at 3. TINA LERNER RUSSIAN PIANISTE.
M'g't A. Friedberg. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

Opera SEATS FOR ALL OPERAS. Subs. bought, sold & exch. JACOBS, Thea. Ticket Office, Normandie Hotel, B'way, 38th St. Phone 4183-4180-4191-6442 Greeley.

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Heifetz

Carnegie Hall SAT. AFT. DEC. 1 At 2:30. Second Violin Recital
SEATS AT HALL. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau

Carnegie Hall, Tues., Dec. 4 at 8:15 SONG RECITAL SOPHIE BRASLAU

AEOLIAN HALL, TOMORROW AFT. at 3. PIANO RECITAL YOLANDA MERO (STEINWAY PIANO)

AEOLIAN HALL, Tues. Aft., Nov. 20, at 3. MABEL SONG RECITAL GARRISON

Aeolian Hall, Sun., Nov. 25, at 3. SONG RECITAL EMILIO DE GOGORZA

Musical League of America announces Aeolian Hall, Thurs., Nov. 22, at 8:15 SONG RECITAL GRETA TORPADIE

Aeolian Hall, Fri. Aft., Nov. 23d, at 3 PAUL REIMERS SEATS AT BOX OFFICES.

Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE
Mon. at 8:15, Tosca. Farrar, Braslau; Martin, Scotti, Malatesta, Rossi, Bada. Cond., Moranzoni.
Wed. at 8, Marta. Hempel, Perini; Caruso, De Luca, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky.
Thurs. at 8:15, Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Martin, Scotti, Reiss. Cond., Moranzoni.
Fri. at 8, Samson et Dalila. Claussen (debut); Alda, Perini, Lundellius, Braslau, Delaunois; Martinelli, Amato, Bada, Malatesta. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sat. Mat. at 2, Francesca da Rimini. Alda, Perini, Lundellius, Braslau, Delaunois; Martinelli, Amato, Bada, Malatesta. Cond., Moranzoni.
THANKSGIVING DAY MAT. at 2 ($1 to $5). CARMEN. Farrar, Peterson (debut); Martinelli, Whitehill, Segurola. Cond., Monteux. Seats To-m'w.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Sat., Nov. 24, at 8, Nozze di Figaro. Hempel, Matzenauer, Delaunois; De Luca, Didur, Reiss, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky.

TO-NIGHT at 8:30. Prices 50c to $1.50 Orchestra Concert. Cond. HAGEMAN. HARDMAN PIANO USED.
ELMAN The Great Russian Violinist
MILLER, Soprano. BRASLAU, Contralto.

Carnegie Hall, Wed., Dec. 5, at 8:30. ORATORIO SOCIETY of N.Y.
Walter Damrosch, Conductor
PROGRAM IN HONOR OF BELGIUM
The Children's Crusade
By Gabriel Pierne
MISS FRANCES STARR
will recite the patriotic poem CARILLON, by the Belgian Poet Cammaerts
Orchestral accompaniment by Sir Edward Elgar.
First public performance of new official version of our NATIONAL ANTHEM.
540 executants: the Society's famous chorus, 200 children, noted soloists, N. Y. Symphony Orchestra.
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SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR
CARNEGIE HALL.
Next Thurs. Evg. at 8:30, at. Fri. Aft. at 2:30. Brahms, Symphony No. 1; Chadwick Symphonic Ballade, "Tam o' Shanter"; Sibelius, "The Swan of Tuonela"; Dvorak, Scherzo Capriccioso; Wagner, Prelude and Isolde's Love Death, from "Tristan and Isolde."

Next Sunday Afternoon at 3. Compositions of TCHAIKOVSKY and WAGNER including TCHAIKOVSKY'S SYMPHONY NO. 4
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AFTERNOONS THIS WEEK 2:15 EXCEPT SUNDAY AND SATURDAY. STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Recruited from Leading N. Y. Orchestras. Mendelssohn, Puccini, Beethoven and Auber Program.
STRAND THEATRE, B'way at 47th St.
In Addition to Regular Program
Soloists MERY ZENTAY & MISCHA VIOLIN, JOHN PHILIPPS, Tenor | Violin Duet
PRICES 20 & 30c, INCLUDING WAR TAX.

Haensel & Jones, 33 W. 42d St., announce Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow (Mon.) Evg. at 8:15, Piano Recital (Chickering). WYNNE PYLE
Aeolian Hall, Wed. Aft., Nov. 28, at 3. Piano Recital (Mason & Hamlin). RUDOLPH REUTER
Seats 50c to $2. Mail orders to Haensel & Jones

HIPPODROME TONIGHT 8:15. CONCERT BY JOHN McCORMACK
CHOICE SEATS STILL AVAILABLE. BOX OFFICE OPEN ALL DAY TODAY.
Gen'l Adm. 50c & $1. On sale at 7 o'clock. Mgt. C. L. Wagner. D. F. McSweeney, Associate, 511 5th Ave. (Steinway Piano.)

PRINCESS THEA., This Afternoon at 3:15. Fourth Piano Recital (Steinway) ARTHUR FRIEDHEIM
Seats, 50c to $2. Mgt. Paul Sydow, 51 East 53d.

CARNEGIE HALL, Tues., Nov. 27, at 8:15. KITTY CHEATHAM Assisted by SOLLER and her Male Symphony Orch.
Tickets 50c to $2. Boxes $15-$18 at Box Office

Greenwich Village Thea., 4th St. & 7th Ave. Sunday Aft., Nov. 25, at 3. Piano Recital (Steinway) of Modern Music RALPH LAWTON
A NEW ITALIAN OPERA, EVANDRO, by Maestro Guerrieri will be presented at the Madison Garden Theatre on the evening of Nov. 22nd. Maestro Nicosia, Director.
MORT. KAPHAN Mgr. for artists; tours negotiated. 128 W. 66th. Col. 7863
ASK TO HEAR David Donald's new marching song—Just out.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC
FRITZ KREISLER Mon. Nov. 19 8:15 P. M.
IN VIOLIN RECITAL.
Tickets now on Sale—$1.00 to $2.00 Institute Box Office, Academy of Music.

MRS. FISKE AND LEO DITRICHSTEIN RE-ENTER

PINERO REDIVIVUS

By JOHN CORBIN.

ON a snap judgment it would probably have been said that it is at once too late to revive Pinero and too early. Memories are still painfully recent of the moment in which he faded behind the onrushing figures of Barrie and Shaw. And the day has not yet come when he can be seen clearly in historic perspective—seen clearly, yet seen also in "the pathos of distance" and its picturesqueness. There was a time when even Colonial mahogany was relegated to the dust-laden attic twilight; and, by the same token, mid-Victorian walnut and haircloth are even now appearing in fashionable shop windows, before a generation which can see once more that the materials are in themselves beautiful, and that at their best were used with a distinct sense of style. But such recurrence of fashion, as it seemed, takes time. The revival of "The Gay Lord Quex" has upset prognostication. Thanks partly to the wholesome and vigorous art of John Drew, and partly to the consummate effectiveness of the struggle between Quex and Sophy in the bedroom of the Duchess of Strood, the play gripped again, almost as it did of old, and seems certain to win at least a fair measure of public attention.

Yet of all Pinero's maturer successes this is the play in which he is least worthily himself. Is he here the realist we once vaunted him? It is true that no attempt is made to palliate the libertinism of Quex—to pretend that his love for young Muriel is anything more than the familiar passion of age for youth, of satiety for freshness; or that his premarital reformation is at all likely to endure. It is true that Sophy is throughout the catty little intriguer, that even in her moment of dramatic self-sacrifice she is the vulgar backstairs sentimentalist. Muriel Eden is as poor a thing as any of her kind, an abject victim of circumstances with neither the heart nor the mind to choose between her two wordlings or reject them both. If realism consists in eliminating vigorous nature and wholesome sentiment, then these characters are realistic enough. But the remaining people in the play verge upon caricature, and are at best pastiches Such "realism" as there is, moreover, is implied rather than stated—a virtue of omission. In the "great scene" one is rather led to accept Quex's reformation and Sophy's sentiment as genuine. Their characterization is conditioned, in short, not by an overwhelming love of truth, but by the necessities of the theatric structure. If Quex and Sophy had been otherwise the "great scene" would have suffered, perhaps vanished.

And is Pinero here the consummate technician? His dexterity is exerted, not to make the play as a whole an articulate rendering of life, or even a broadly consolidated dramatic unit. For it is neither of these things. Its be-all and its end-all is the single thrilling scene. Its astonishing skill is not bent to illumine our perceptions of reality, which is the high end of genuine drama, but to thrill and astonish us, which is the end of the magician and juggler. In a word, it is built on the plan of Sardou. It is not art but craft that keeps the piece alive today. The great Herrmann or the Hanlon Brothers, if they were to start up from the theatrical limbo, would delight us similarly.

Is it then objected that Pinero gives us no exquisite dotings upon the human heart, no airy excursions into the realm of humoresque whim and fancy? No; it is better that he is himself, not Barrie. Do we demand intellectual satire that springs from the clear-cut vision of a society remodeled upon some "new morality"? Assuredly, one Shaw is sufficiency. Ibsen himself was as deficient in intellectual perception as he was in tender charm and idyllic humor—though the Ibsenites of yore would stalk from their cobwebbed garret and gibber at the man who proclaimed it.

One substance, however, is universal in the drama—keenly observed character, impelled by vigorous motive. And one technique is eternal—the technique that bends every moment, every word uttered, to establish the integrity of the play as a whole. Deficient as Ibsen was in ideas, in sheer intellectuality, he felt deeply and portrayed vividly, in ever-varying personages, one of the two great forces in human society—an individualism verging always upon anarchy. If he seems outmoded today it is because, for the time, we are all realizing, under menace of the most thoroughly socialized state in all history, the importance of individual submission and service in the cause of civilization as a whole. As surely as the world progresses through recurrent cycles, the black walnut and haircloth of Henrik Ibsen will come into their own again.

But the leading people in the theatre of Pinero are as deficient in force as they are in charm of the heart and in originality of idea. Once, undergoing the Norwegian influence, he flaunted a Mrs. Ebbsmith, who lived without the bonds and chucked her Bible into the stove. And the British matron, who writhed at Barrie's mention of her Little Mary and raged at Shaw's flower girl who said "bloody," was not really shocked. The most Pinero could do was to make her raise an eyebrow.

What then was the quality in which Pinero deserves to be remembered? Late as it is, or early, we may hazard a conjecture. William Archer once spoke of an English actress as "one of the numerous ladies who have walked into fame on the arm of Mr. Pinero." In a contrary humor William Winter hurst into lyric rage against

The long parades
Of Arthur Wing Pinero jades.

At least he could write effective female parts! They were not, properly speaking, emotional rôles. The love of a lass for her lad, or a wife for her husband, of a mother for her child, never interested him. Compared to Barrie he was heartless, as he was indigent of ideas compared to Shaw. The most broadly human of his women is this Sophy Fullgarney, whose passion is one of friendship for a foster sister, and has somehow the air of being invented rather deliberately to serve the turn of a "great scene of the third act."

How came it that Paula Tanqueray was current so long on the stage? Not through love for any man, though Heaven knows she was not without opportunity in that sort. Hers was the passion of the courtesan for respectability, of the adventuress for security and peace. And her tragedy was that, when she had achieved her desire, she was temperamentally unable to profit by it. Her soul was essentially feline, desiring to be caressed, yet, on the slightest provocation, scratching the hand that stroked her. There was no question of her heart, only of over sensitive nerves. And Iris? She was a more amiable puss, though a weaker puss—but still a cat. In her way she loved young Trenwith; to her delicate senses he was the most pleasing of men. But even more pleasing was material well-being—physical ease and idleness; and, rather than taste either love or life to the full, she declined upon Maldonado, who in due course turned her out on the streets. Again a case of nerves, and again the fate of a cat.

It is only in a distant retrospect that one feels this, and then with a bit of a shock. For these plays are solidly characterized throughout—

Helen Westley and Elizabeth Patterson in "The Avenue," One of the Playlets on the First Program of The Washington Square Players.

vivid, intelligent transcripts of life, fused into a mood of exquisite sympathy with feminine pain. "Iris" in particular—not in the American production, which was ruinously miscast, but with Fay Davis in the title rôle—with a tense and subtle presentment of high-bred suffering. It has been said that to love a dog is only an amiable form of egotism, the return of affection is so much greater, but that to love a cat is evidence of the most abundant unselfishness. If this is so, Pinero has a claim to at least one distinction of the heart.

These plays—and again "Iris" in particular—are genuine masterpieces of technique. No question here of fuse and fireworks! Every character, every word, is as true in itself as it is structurally essential to the whole. Tremulously sensitive as is the mood, it is everywhere controlled, informed, by the most rigidly pure taste. There is even an effect of architectonic austerity, as in Ibsen and in the Greeks.

Some day, years hence perhaps, "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" will be revived, or more probably "Iris," and then the world will know whether the cortège of Pinero women are only parading jades or a true, an illuminating record of the era that inspired and hailed them—a gallery of women suffering to the soul under a materialistic civilization.

Bluch Landolf, Chief of the Hippodrome Merrymakers.

Mrs. Fiske in Masculine Habiliments. The Star and John Davidson (Chopin) in "Madam Sand," Which Will Have Its First Performance at the Criterion Tomorrow.

WHO'S WHO ON SUNDRY STAGES

AUDREY MAPLE, whose delicate blonde beauty and pleasant voice constitute one of the distinct assets of the new Victor Herbert operetta, "Her Regiment," comes naturally by her musical talent. Her father was considered one of the best musicians of Trenton, Miss Maple's early home, but in spite of that fact Miss Maple did not find the road to the stage a ready-made one. Her mother stood firm in the belief that no girl's education was complete unless she were fitted to occupy a place in the business world should necessity demand it, so the daughter, after graduating from high school, was sent to a business college.

There she remained for two years, emerging as a really expert stenographer and typist. Thus fortified, she carefully eschewed anything that resembled an office and made her début on the stage as a chorus girl. Upon her escape from the chorus she was engaged by Jesse Lasky, then a vaudeville producer, as one of nine or ten piano players in an act called "The Pianophiends," one of the noisiest and, therefore, one of the most popular of all vaudeville turns.

After that experience she became Louise Gunning's understudy in "Tom Jones," and then returned to Mr. Lasky's management in "The Love Waltz." While in that production she was "discovered" by the late Henry B. Harris, and through his influence was given a small part in Charles Frohman's production of "The Arcadians." Later Mr. Frohman offered her one of the principal rôles in a road company of that piece, but at the moment she was not in a position to accept.

There followed "Madame Sherry," "Peggy," and then a term of years with Arthur Hammerstein, under whose direction she appeared in "The Firefly," "High Jinks" and "Katinka." Just prior to "Her Regiment" she appeared at the Hudson Theatre in "Good Night Paul," and almost managed to make even that moribund production worth while.

VERSATILITY is one quality to which Leonard Mudie of Laurette Taylor's company justly may lay claim. In "The Wooing of Eve" he is now playing a pensive and precious poet, a poseur of poseurs, a rôle as dissimilar from his part in "Out There" as could possibly be imagined. In "Out There" he was a wounded Cockney soldier, an ex-prizefighter devoid of any social flair, to put it mildly.

Mudie's training in England admirably fitted him for the assumption of strongly diversified character rôles. His first experience on the stage was as a member of Osmond Tearle's Shakespearean company, in which he played a round of parts embracing every sort of character. In "Macbeth," for instance, he played no less than four parts—the "bleeding Sergeant" in the first act; the apparition of the bloody child in one of the scenes in the witch's cavern; the First Murderer in the banquet scene, and the doctor in the sleep-walking scene. And, for fear that he might not have enough to do, the kind management gave him the direction of the stage! His weekly compensation for these labors was just $6.

Mudie later had an extensive répertoire experience with the famous Horniman players in Manchester. He was with them for four years, and played a really amazing list of parts, ranging from Eugene Marchbanks in Shaw's "Candida" to Gaffer Pierce, the ninety-year-old mad fiddler in Masefield's "Nan." When "Hindle Wakes" was first produced in London he played Christopher Hawthorne, the elderly father.

Mudie later played juvenile leads with Martin Harvey, essaying, among other parts, the character of Laertes in "Hamlet." In all he played more than 300 parts in England during his Shakespearean and répertoire engagements. He first came to this country three years and a half ago, and before going with Miss Taylor played in "The Guilty Man," with Walker Whiteside in "The Typhoon," with the late Sir Herbert Tree in "The Merry Wives of Windsor" (he was Justice Shallow in that production) and in "Magic." He is married to Beatrice Terry, a niece of Ellen Terry.

It might also be mentioned in passing that he has offered himself four times for enlistment in the British forces and has been rejected on each occasion. His cousin, Alan Mudie, pleasantly remembered as a juvenile musical comedy actor and dancer, was recently killed at the front.

THE Hippodrome has a new prima donna in the person of Ethel Hopkins, who succeeded Sophye Barnard a week or ten days ago. Miss Hopkins is the daughter of the late Colonel John D. Hopkins of Louisville, reputed to be the father of modern vaudeville. Colonel Hopkins, true to tradition, was opposed to his daughter going on the stage. But the daughter, hugging tradition not one whit less closely, was just as determined in the opposite direction. So, aiming high—she had operatic ambitions at this time—she began the cultivation of her high Cs to a disconcerting accompaniment of domestic gutturals.

After her graduation from St. Xavier's Convent in Chicago, where she had regularly shocked the good sisters by carrying off numbers of their pupils to attend Saturday matinées at one of her father's theatres, she again followed tradition by repairing to Europe for the final stages of her vocal training. She studied in London, Berlin, and Paris, her mentor in the last-named city being the famous d'Orsaire.

In London her path crossed the orbit of the late George Edwardes of the Gaiety Theatre, who urged her to effect an alliance with the lighter operatic forms. He even offered to star her in a musical comedy, but Miss Hopkins, preoccupied with more glittering aspirations, felt that this would be nothing less than an anti-climax. She recalls her action now with good-natured self-reproach. Not long after, however, she made her first stage appearance at the London Pavilion. Her success not only justified the Edwardes advice, but served to remove all doubts as to the congeniality of the lesser operatic medium.

Then began a vocal Odyssey which covered a good measure of the globe. Points in its itinerary were the Folies Bergères and the Olympia, in Paris; the Palace, the Pavilion, and the Alhambra, in London; the leading halls of Brussels, Berlin, Vienna, Glasgow, Dublin, Cape Town, and Johannesburg. Her selection by Lord Lonsdale to be one of those to appear at one of his famous London musicales affords an inkling of her professional standing abroad. On this occasion the King and Queen of Spain were the guests of honor.

Following her six years spent in other lands, Miss Hopkins returned to America the year before the war. She entered vaudeville, in the American branch of which her father's name is now historic, and it was there that she came within the purview of Charles Dillingham. The Hippodrome is an entirely new experience for Miss Hopkins, as diverting, she declares, as it is instructive, though hardly as exotic as singing before a Kaffir "compound" in South Africa.

REGINALD MASON, late man-about-town in "Daybreak" and at present the young lover in "The Pipes of Pan," probably is the only actor in the world who was thrown on the stage by an earthquake.

At the time of the San Francisco disaster Mr. Mason was breeding horses on a California ranch. The earthquake cost him everything he had.

Confronted by the necessity of re-establishing himself, he went first to Northern California, where he did a bit of surveying, and then, at the suggestion of a friend, came to New York and sought an engagement on the stage. His only experience had been as an amateur, but he didn't make much of that fact here. Instead, he held forth as a competent and experienced actor, and, strange as it may seem, got away with it.

His career on the stage has been marked by unusual success. His first part was that created by Charles Hawtrey in "The Messenger from Mars." Later he had engagements with Willie Collier, Mrs. Fiske, and Mme. Nazimova, and was with Laurette Taylor during her long run at the Cort in "Peg o' My Heart." Last year he appeared in "The Cinderella Man," and early this season scored a distinct personal hit in "Daybreak."

THE GREENWICH EXPERIMENT

THE Greenwich Village Theatre, the opening of which on Thursday night was responsible for a perceptible shifting of this city's theatrical centre, had its inception in the mind of Frank Conroy, its director. Conroy, contrary to a more or less general belief, was far from a fledgling during the time—two seasons ago, to be exact—when he was a member of the Washington Square Players. As a very young player he appeared in England with Sir Herbert Tree, the Manchester Players and the Benson Players, and before joining the Washington Square folk he acted for a time with a Shakespearean company in Boston.

Probably the hope of having a theatre of one's own is a part of the equipment of every young actor with ambitions, but Conroy's heart's desire, inasmuch as it was destined to be gratified, must be given serious consideration. With him from England had come Harold Meltzer, (son of Charles Henry Meltzer,) who had chanced to play with him in England in a number of companies. Meltzer alone shared Conroy's dream.

Conroy and Meltzer found themselves together again with the Washington Square Players. Conroy, although he gave himself in full to the Players' work and received much in return, naturally was far from having his ambitions gratified. When he felt that he was in a fair way to acquire a company of his own he withdrew from the Players, and with him, again, went Meltzer. Little theatres, of course, have one thing in common with big ones. A certain amount of capital is required to start them both, and the obtaining of the said capital was necessarily imperative before Conroy could embark on his enterprise with any feeling of artistic freedom.

The financial ways were fortunately cleared with the expenditure of only a tithe of the effort customarily required to bring about such a consummation, and Conroy and his fellow dreamers gathered one midnight in Boni's bookstore, just off Washington Square, to discuss a project which, visionary though it once had been, was beginning to assume reality. The Boni shop is a general meeting place for those who make the village their home, and from time to time divers well-known Washington Squarites happened along and took a hand in the meeting. One of those who definitely joined the enterprise on the occasion of this meeting was Barney Gallant, man about the world, who became the business manager of the organization.

It was decided at this meeting that one of the uptown theatres should be rented, but, when the renting conditions of Broadway entertainment palaces were inquired into, this plan was abandoned. After thinking matters over again, it was deemed wise to be of the village geographically, as well as spiritually, and at the end of several months of searching the site at Seventh Avenue and Fourth Street was settled upon. Ground was broken toward the end of last April, and a few months later Polly was induced to move her celebrated restaurant a little further west to Sheridan Square, just opposite the theatre.

Conroy declares that his theatre is to be handicapped in no way by traditions or customs, that it will be free to produce plays of any length and of any sort. He has managed to draw together a company of professionals who are on the stage for the love of the stage, and with these things to go on he has fond hopes of making the Greenwich Village one of the real dramatic cases of the land.

Pierrot and Columbine (Sydney Carlisle and Fania Marinoff) in "Behind a Watteau Picture," on the Greenwich Program.

A FINANCIAL PLAY-CARPENTER

THE playwright whose talent and perseverance are such as to gain him the respectful attention of the producing managers and the subsequent public mounting of his work becomes at once and automatically a figure of public interest. But if by some necromancy he succeeds in so arranging matters that two of his pieces are projected upon the New York boards almost simultaneously, then interest changes to wonder and the gentleman suddenly finds himself a power in the community. Of such is the estate of Edward Childs Carpenter, at present enjoying the sensation of authorship of "The Pipes of Pan," produced at the Hudson Theatre on Tuesday, the 6th of this month, and of "The Three Bears," performed at the Empire Theatre on Tuesday, the 13th.

The rise of Mr. Carpenter, of course, has been in no wise meteoric and the present production of two plays from his pen marks merely the culmination of many years devoted to the writing of fiction and plays. For the past twelve years he has been writing plays and having them produced, on several occasions with important stars in the casts, but he was denied a really popular New York success until a little less than two years ago, when his comedy, "The Cinderella Man," flourished at the Hudson. As a writer of plays and novels Mr. Carpenter has been before the public since 1903, but his life has had another phase with which the public is less likely to be familiar.

For the fact remains that the author of such sentimental comedies as "The Cinderella Man," "The Pipes of Pan," and "The Three Bears" was chained for eleven years to the financial desk of The Philadelphia Inquirer." All of his many short stories, his four novels and many of his plays (including "The Cinderella Man") were written when he was The Inquirer's financial editor. It was not until November of 1915, when arrangements were under way for the production of "The Cinderella Man," (it began its engagement at the Hudson in January, 1916,) that Carpenter definitely relinquished his place as a financial editor and began to devote all his time to the writing of plays.

Carpenter's play-dabbling began in his teens. It continued throughout his twenties, the first half of which were spent in such unromantic surroundings as the office of the Secretary of a Newark steel plant, where he was an assistant to an assistant. He joined the staff of The Inquirer at 25—and remained on the paper for seventeen years. His early days on the sheet he spent as reporter, rewrite man, copy reader and in the discharge of the various other tasks which fall to the lot of the general newspaper worker, and he was placed in the financial department in the face of his forceful objections that he knew nothing about finance and cared less. His ultimate success as a financial editor was the result of no suddenly discovered flair for the commercial, but was achieved despite the natural handicap of a supreme unendowment for that sort of work.

The Inquirer never assumed command of his services until noon, and by arising early the eager Carpenter was enabled to spend the first four or five hours of the day in writing the sort of things that he wanted to write. During these years there flowed from his pen a constant stream of short stories and novels. Beginning with "The Chasm," a novel written in collaboration with Reginald Wright Kauffman in 1903, there followed "Captain Courtesy," "The Code of Victor Jallot," and "The Easy Mark," the last named published in 1912, by which time Carpenter had made sufficient progress as a playwright to justify him in abandoning fiction.

The first of his plays to have been produced was "The Dragon Fly," in the writing of which he had collaborated with John Luther Long. This was in 1905, and was followed the next year by a dramatization of his novel, "Captain Courtesy." It was not until 1909, however, that one of his plays reached New York. This was "The Barber of New Orleans," played by William Faversham. In 1911 he wrote "The Challenge" for Guy Bates Post, and followed it in 1913 with "The Tongues of Men," which served Henrietta Crosman as a vehicle on a country-wide tour.

"The Three Bears" antedates "The Pipes of Pan" in the writing, and probably was the last play for which Charles Frohman contracted. In April, 1915, just prior to the departure of the Lusitania, Mr. Frohman wrote to Mr. Carpenter's dramatic agent, Alice Kauser, and invited that playwright to concoct a comedy. Carpenter eagerly assented, and Mr. Frohman, in a letter written two days before the Lusitania sailed, set down the terms and added: "If these are satisfactory have Mr. Carpenter retain this letter as his contract. I never issue contracts."

With the death of Mr. Frohman the possibility of a Frohman production seemingly vanished. Carpenter said nothing about the matter to the executors of the Frohman estate, but nearly a year later Alf Hayman, in the course of an examination of C. F.'s papers, found a copy of the letter to Carpenter. The production of "The Three Bears" was the logical result.

"The Pipes of Pan" was not begun until "The Three Bears" had been completed, about which time Carpenter attended a performance of "A Kiss for Cinderella" and became interested in the work of Norman Trevor. He got into communication with that actor immediately and outlined to him the scenario of "The Pipes of Pan," which he had had in mind for a considerable period, and before he departed he had obtained Trevor's promise to create the principal part. Bearing in mind the difficulties of casting, Carpenter then went further, and recruited three other members of the company before he began the writing of the play. These were Janet Beecher, Reginald Mason, and Burton Churchill.

There will be a part for the last named, incidentally, in every play that Carpenter writes. Churchill played a bit in "The Barber of New Orleans" in 1909, momentarily transcending the star, and two years ago was the understanding father in "The Cinderella Man." Just now, therefore, he is appearing in his third Carpenter play.

WHAT NEWS ON THE RIALTO?

OUT in Chicago the temperamental Arnold Daly has been giving the theatrical situation a piquancy which it would not have possessed without him in these days of financial, and therefore managerial, depression. Mr. Daly has been acting at Cohan's Grand in Jesse Lynch Williams's comedy, "Why Marry?" produced by the Selwyns with a cast fairly weighted down with names—Daly, Nat Goodwin, Edmund Breese, Ernest Lawford, and three or four others of only slightly lesser importance.

As long as a month ago, when the piece was in rehearsal in this city under the direction of Roi Cooper Megrue, there were heard random rumors of the Daly insurgency. Then came an armistice, however, of sufficient duration to admit of the opening of the piece in Columbus on Nov. 1 and in Chicago a few days later. In the latter city "Why Marry?" is credited with being a distinct success, but, although distinct successes are few and far between in these times, not even that fact was potent enough to restrain Daly. On the morning after the opening he sent to each of the Chicago newspapers a neatly typed and formal announcement of his impending withdrawal from the cast.

The Selwyns, accordingly, have been anxiously seeking a prominent player to replace him when the comedy is brought to New York, but later developments indicate that the substitution will not be necessary. Somebody—haply the management, haply the actor—has thought better of it and Mr. Daly, until something else happens, will continue in the cast.

At the Hippodrome last Sunday night the Society of American Magicians took charge of matters and furnished an evening of magic as black and mystifying as can well be imagined. The baffling Houdini liberated himself from the Chinese torture cell, the great Keller caused a young woman to appear mysteriously in a locked and presumably vacant cabinet hung high in air, and Thurston and the others set at naught the theory of the corporeity of matter. The evening was a huge success.

Tuesday afternoon, as the curtain was about to rise on "Cheer Up," an attendant brought in a card to Mark Luescher, the Hippodrome manager.

"The President of the Society of American Magicians is outside," he explained. "He wants to know if he can get in to see the matinee."

Margaret Mower, erstwhile of the Washington Square Players, has turned up in Chicago, where she is appearing in some of Stuart Walker's Portmanteau plays, which are being given on odd afternoons at the Playhouse. That theatre, incidentally, is still occupied by the dramatization of Booth Tarkington's "Seventeen," and present indications are that it will be January or later before New York will be permitted to see it.

Introducing Elsie Janis, who is about to depart for London. Miss Janis has the floor:

"I have notified Alfred Butt of London that I will not star in 'Pom Pom,' as that is a typical Mizzi piece, and I do not care to play a boy rôle when the English have been so kind to me as a girl. I have closed by cable with Alfred de Courville to star in a production being written by Haddon Chambers. Alfred Butt does own the English rights to 'Pom Pom,' so much so that he suggests my reimbursing him for losses he may sustain through my refusing to play for him. He advises me that he has already paid down $2,000 for 'Pom Pom.' Henry Savage and Mr. Butt ought to get together, and, as for Mr. Savage's statement that Mizzi 'might duplicate her success in "Pom Pom" on the other side,' I can only say that I would like to see him try to present a star from Austria-Hungary in 'Pom Pom' or anything else in London. 'Twould be a pretty first night."

So saith Miss Bierbauer.

The way of the band of independent producers is smooth, so long as they take care to produce only failures, but if they are so indiscreet as to have a success on their hands their doom is sealed. The reference is to the group of Spaniards who have produced "The Land of Joy." They are at present being beseeched by several of the more prominent theatrical firms, and it seems probable that the management of the Spanish piece will soon pass into more professional hands. In that event "The Land of Joy" will move to a playhouse nearer the reputed centre of things, despite the fact that it is prospering gloriously at the Park.

Shows may come and shows may go—and a goodly number of them do both. The coming is a matter for much heraldry, but no press agent is so poor as to do their departure reverence. "Baa, Baa, Black Sheep," to be specific about it, has been laid peacefully away in the storehouse, and the number of public announcements to that effect has so far been exactly none.

Nance O'Neil is the latest recruit for the Australian stage, which from time to time draws our best players and holds onto them from one to five or more years. Miss O'Neil is at present appearing on the road in "The Wanderer," and will defer her departure for Australia until June. She will appear in numerous plays in Australia, "The Wanderer" among them.

After all, the title of the new Bernstein piece is not to remain "L'Elevation." The process of changing it to its English equivalent, "The Heights," is already under way, and marks the second instance in recent years of a change in a play's title while the piece was on the New York boards. Two seasons ago "Abe and Mawruss" became "Potash and Perlmutter in Society," and successfully withstood the shock.

It is reported on sound authority that David Belasco's latest acquisition is Jeanne Eagles, at present Mr. Arliss's leading woman in "Hamilton." Miss Eagles will join the Belasco forces next season.

THE NEW PLAYS

THE week ahead, with a quartet of new pieces on the schedule, will be only a trifle less productive than the weeks immediately preceding it. Two of the stage's most popular stars will return with new vehicles, and there will be a brace of musical shows in addition.

MADAM SAND—*Tomorrow night at the Criterion Theatre.*

Certainly one of the most interesting events of the season is the appearance of Mrs. Fiske in a play having for its central character France's great novelist, George Sand—Mme. Dudevant, in other words. Around the life of this erratic genius and her numerous love affairs Philip Moeller has written a comedy described as "a brilliant picture of the artistic and literary life of Continental Europe nearly a hundred years ago," a comedy which introduces, in addition to the novelist, such men as de Musset, Liszte, Chopin, and Lizst. Mrs. Fiske, it is reported, will indulge to the full in the author's reputed eccentricities, even appearing in male attire.

Mr. Moeller, it will be recalled, is one of the founders of the Washington Square Players and the author of three or four of their plays. Jose Rube, also once a Washington Squarer, will be in the supporting cast, and among the others will be Ferdinand Gottschalk, John Davidson, and Muriel Hope. Arthur Hopkins is the producer.

ODDS AND ENDS OF 1917—*Tomorrow night at the Bijou Theatre.*

Here is another musical revue somewhat along the lines of "Hitchy-Koo"—the work of Bide Dudley, the well-known man about Broadway; John Godfrey, and James A. Byrnes. Jack Norworth, turned actor-manager, will be much in evidence throughout the proceedings, and the others present will include Lillian Lorraine, Harry Watson, ex-Bickel and Watson; Laura Hamilton, Paul Frawley, and Morna Phillips.

THE KING—*Tuesday night at the Cohan Theatre.*

Leo Ditrichstein is the star of this newest offering, a comedy by G. A. Caillavet, Robert de Flers, and Emanuel Arene. Under its French title, "Le Roi," the piece had a long run in France eight or nine years ago, but circumstances have delayed its production here. Mr. Ditrichstein's rôle is that of a monarch of a mythical Slavic kingdom, and it is his amorous adventures in Paris with which the piece is concerned.

Among those who will be seen in Mr. Ditrichstein's support will be Frits Williams, A. G. Andrews, Robert McWade, Ben Johnson, John Bedouin, William Ricciardi, and Betty Callish.

THE STAR GAZER.—*Thursday night at the Plymouth Theatre.*

Music by Franz Lehár, book by Cosmo Hamilton, lyrics by Thomas C. Woodward—that is the tale of "The Star Gazer." The new piece is a romantic operetta, with scenes laid in England in 1820. Those featured in the cast will be John Charles Thomas, Beth Lydy and John T. Murray.

"Oh, Boy!" which has a record of nine or ten months behind it at the Princess, will be moved tomorrow night to the more spacious Casino, to succeed the late lamented "Kitty Darlin'." A new production will be made at the Princess in the course of a month or more.

Tonight's program at the Century Theatre will include Raymond Hitchcock, Leon Errol, Doyle and Dixon, Fanny Brice, Eddie Cantor, and the Six Brown Brothers, in addition to Bessie McCoy Davis and others of the resident Century entertainers.

IDLE GOSSIP OF BROADWAY AND ENVIRONS

NOTES OF THE LONDON STAGE

TO Americans, of course, the most interesting play in London is the new Barrie comedy, "Dear Brutus," which had its first performance at Wyndham's four weeks ago. It derives its name, as the cabled dispatches from London on the night of the première indicated, from the Shakespearean lines:

The fault, dear Brutus, is not in the stars,
But in ourselves, that we are underlings.

The best description of the play is given in The London Daily Telegraph:

"Quaint, whimsical, slily humorous, slyly pathetic, such are the epithets now kept standing for anything by Sir James Barrie. They must come in again. "Dear Brutus" is all of them by turn, and none of them very long at a time. It begins by being odd, merely odd and not vastly effective, and fills out an act with fancy and whim and satiric humor not of superlative quality. You feel that you have not got anywhere in particular, and you see no reasonable ground for belief that you are going to arrive. But with Sir James Barrie all things are possible. After some first-rate quiet fun in the next act, "all of a sudden," as was said of another kind of poetry, "you find yourself in heaven, heaven knows how." For it is poetry, this beautiful scene between father and daughter, charming with the tenderness and affection which are the best of real life put set in a glamour of fancy and dream. Then you come to a last act which gives you everything at once—whim and fun and tenderness, all of the best and most human. It is, formally, a fantasy translating itself back into reality, which produces as a rule moments of extreme boredom. But this is a little masterpiece, all in a flash delightfully comic and affecting, and true. * * *

"Dear Brutus is you and I and everybody, and to us all Sir James Barrie addresses a sermon on this text. We all think that we make a mess of things because fate is unkind, but really "the fault is in ourselves," and we are our own fate. How to prove it Sir James Barrie conjures up our old friend Puck, alias Lob-lie-by-the-fire, calls him plain Lob, and presents him as a queer old buck who has asked a party of folks more or less discontented with their lives, to come and stay with him for Midsummer Eve. On that night of wonder he sends them out into a mysterious wood which has suddenly sprung out of the void, and from which, as the country tale goes, no traveler returns.

"What happens? The lisping lady of high degree imagines herself the adoring wife of the knaviah butler who has become a rich financier. The philanderer who was finding an affinity in the sentimental minx not his wife is now married to her, but philandering all the same with the wife who was his but in dreamland is not. The amiable, uxorious old husband trips merrily with a whistle as a careless sprite. Last of all and best, the artist who was drinking himself to the dogs for refuge from a loveless and childless marriage is painting happily, with a delicious daughter to help him, and in an exquisite scene the feelings of all lucky fathers and daughters are told. Mark Twain used to say that he had put all he knew about boyhood into Tom Sawyer. Sir James Barrie has put the heart of fatherhood and daughterhood into this play, and though he has told us a good deal about fathers and mothers and children, he has never given us anything truer or more beautiful than this. But the daughter is only a dream daughter. The marriage was childless, and in the dream the unloving wife of reality is become a wretched waif, and when the real people pass away out of the dream the daughter is left alone in the gathering dark.

"When they come back to the house and wake up you have rare fun, fun shot with tenderness and kindly feeling. Some of them are going to be the better for their discoveries. Some of them are going to play the same old games. The artist and his wife have the best stuff in them, and they have found themselves and are to be 'underlings' no more. Off they go together, and behind them comes tripping the daughter of the dream."

"The Willow Tree" began its London engagement at the Globe on Oct. 22 under the management of Gilbert Miller, son of our own Henry Miller. In the Fay Bainter rôle is Renee Kelly, an American actress, who has become exceedingly popular in London. Mr. Walkley, in The London Times, greets it as "an agreeable soporific."

"The Thirteenth Chair" is another American play to reach the London stage lately, that melodrama having been offered at the Duke of York's on Oct. 17, with Mrs. Patrick Campbell in the rôle of Madame La Grange. The piece appears to have been well received, and Mrs. Campbell, who played the part with a French accent, is the recipient of particular praise.

Another recent production of interest is C. Haddon Chambers's new comedy, "The Saving Grace." To quote The Daily Telegraph:

"This is a real comedy, an event not so common as programs would have us believe. Living people move in it, and the fun is of what live people do and are. Laughter, like tears, ought to be for human things, and this party of Haddon Chambers is very human. Perhaps an austere taste might complain that his comedy has something too much of sentiment for the finest flavor. But it is a comedy of war time, and if we are to be content with laughter over the life which is being lived now we need to be a trifle sentimental too.

"As for the story, two sentences will tell you all that you need. The most amiable of penniless sportsmen, Blinn Corbett, was when the war broke out at the end of his ingenuity. His one asset being his comely wife's niece, he and she arranged to ensnare a young gentleman of wealth, whose mother at first took it badly and afterward discovered what charming people the Corbetts were and relented. Not much in that, you say, for three acts, and certainly not much which is fresh. But wait. Blinn Corbett is the most genial of ineffective sportsmen, the best of company, whether he is being "sly, sir, devlish sly," or delivering irrelevant orations, or running away from his wife's embraces, or merely a simple, honest fellow with a dignity of his own after all. And yet, good as he is, Blinn Corbett is not so good as his adorable goose of a wife, who began as a parson's daughter, married a Colonel who was a brute to her, ran away with Blinn and lived on nothing a year, and through it all preserved an ineffable simplicity, the morals of the country parsonage, a mind deliciously incoherent, and a disposition as sweet and gentle as you please. She is a treasure; she is a little masterpiece. The rest don't much matter. They are well enough, but they are subordinate. All of them nearly always talk excellently, not with too much effort, and yet with plenty of wit, real talk full of the humor which is nature."

Charles Hawtrey has the leading rôle, and the company also includes Ellis Jeffreys.

She Gives a Vivid Impersonation in the Role of the French-Canadian Heroine in "Tiger Rose," a Play Which Is Gradually Winning a Place for Itself as One of the Real Successes of the Season.

Sir Herbert Tree had expected to produce "The Great Lover" in London with himself in the leading rôle, and the death of that actor left the English production of the piece more or less an unsettled matter. It is now reported that none other than Antonio Scotti may eventually be induced to play Jean Paurel.

Lyn Harding's mysterious disappearance from the American stage is explained completely by his sudden bobbing up in London in a piece called "Wild Heather," which opened at the Strand about two weeks ago.

Since the news from London was last summarized in these columns "The Liars" has had a brief revival at St. James, where it has been succeeded by still another revival of "Ghosts." "The Off-Chance," a play by R. C. Carton, which had the appearance of a real success for a period, also has been produced and withdrawn, its successor at the Queen's Theatre being our old friend, "Brewster's Millions." The great successes, such as "Chu Chin Chow," "Theodore & Co.," "General Post," and several of the musical shows show no signs of decreasing popularity.

STARS IN THE NIGHT.

The sudden elevation of Alexandra Carlisle to stardom the other day because of her great personal success in "The Country Cousin" recalls several other instances of leading players being given sudden stellar rank during metropolitan runs.

The beautiful Edna May was such a one. The great vogue which she established for herself as the Salvation Army Girl in "The Belle of New York" at the Casino and the popularity which her singing of the famous "Follow Me" song enjoyed prompted her managers to capitalize her name, and it appeared one day emblazoned all over the front of the playhouse. Miss May continued to be a most successful star until she found time to marry a millionaire and retire from the stage.

Raymond Hitchcock, too, was made a star overnight by an appreciative management after he had scored a huge success in the title rôle of "King Dodo" at Daly's. Prior to that time he was best known in New York as the leading comedian of the popular-priced comic opera company which Henry W. Savage had established at the American Theatre.

Elsie Ferguson was another actress who first became a star after she had registered a substantial success in a play in which she had appeared without any undue preliminary flourish of trumpets. The piece was Channing Pollock's "Such a Little Queen."

IN THE VARIETIES.

PALACE—Elsie Janis, Vlasta Maslova, John Hyams and Leila McIntyre in "Maybloom"; Artie Mehlinger and George W. Myer, Mr. and Mrs. Jimmie Barry in "The Rube"; Felix Adler, Margaret Young, Nat Nazarro and company, La Graciosa, Loyal's dogs.

COLONIAL—Lucille Cavanagh, John R. Hymer in "Tom Walker in Dixie," Eddie Dowling.

RIVERSIDE—Sam Bernard, Carl Randall and Ernestine Myers, Kalmar and Brown, Clayton White and company in "Cherie."

ALHAMBRA—Harry Fox, Cameron Sisters, La Maire and Gallagher.

ROYAL—Blossom Seeley, Clark and Hamilton, "The Forest Fire," Milt Collins.

ORPHEUM (Brooklyn)—Maurice and Florence Walton, Rooney and Bent, Bennett and Richards.

John Charles Thomas and Beth Lydy in "The Star Gazer," Opening Wednesday at the Plymouth.

Mr. Ditrichstein as He Appears in "The King"—Tuesday at the Cohan.

TO BE CONTINUED

Play	Playhouse	Premier
Oh, Boy!	Casino	Feb. 18
Hitchy-Koo	Hitchcock's 44th Street	June 7
The Very Idea	Astor	Aug. 9
Business Before Pleasure	Eltinge	Aug. 15
Maytime	Shubert	Aug. 16
The Eyes of Youth	Maxine Elliott	Aug. 22
Cheer Up	Hippodrome	Aug. 23
A Tailor-Made Man	Cohan & Harris	Aug. 27
Leave It to Jane	Longacre	Aug. 28
The Country Cousin	Gaiety	Sept. 3
The Masquerader	Booth	Sept. 3
De Luxe Annie	Cort	Sept. 4
Polly with a Past	Belasco	Sept. 6
Hamilton	Knickerbocker	Sept. 17
Lombardi, Ltd.	Morosco	Sept. 24
The Riviera Girl	New Amsterdam	Sept. 24
Tiger Rose	Lyceum	Oct. 3
Jack o' Lantern	Globe	Oct. 16
Doing Our Bit	Winter Garden	Oct. 18
Chu Chin Chow	Manhattan	Oct. 22
On with the Dance	Republic	Oct. 29
Broken Threads	Fulton	Oct. 30
Washington Square Players	Comedy	Oct. 31
The Land of Joy	Park	Nov. 1
Miss 1917	Century	Nov. 5
The Pipes of Pan	Hudson	Nov. 6
The Wooing of Eve	Liberty	Nov. 9
The Gay Lord Quex	48th Street	Nov. 12
Her Regiment	Broadhurst	Nov. 12
What's Your Husband Doing?	39th Street	Nov. 12
The Three Bears	Empire	Nov. 13
L'Elevation	Playhouse	Nov. 14
Greenwich Village Players	Greenwich Village	Nov. 15
Losing Eloise	Harris	Nov. 17

IN THE REALM OF THE MOVIES

BIALTO—Douglas Fairbanks in "Reaching for the Moon."

STRAND—Pauline Frederick in "The Hungry Heart."

BROADWAY—Ruth Clifford and Monroe Salisbury in "The Door Between"; Helen Gibson and William Stowell in "Fighting Mad."

81ST STREET—Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, "The Submarine Eye"; Thursday, Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, Dorothy Dalton in "The Price Mark."

THE average film fan, viewing a typical made-in-America product, will derive a double amount of amusement therefrom by endeavoring to anticipate the state of mind of the Englishman who chances to see that picture in one of the movie "halls in London, Manchester, or points adjacent. We are now supplying England with a vast quantity of motion pictures and in these circumstances it is inevitable that the Englishman who never has been in America and who bases his imaginings upon what the American films tell him, would begin to construct for himself a strange and eerie land.

Something of this sort is done in a recent issue of The Manchester Guardian, where a writer views America and American films through English eyes. The article is in part as follows:

"No doubt if one spoke American as fluently as one speaks, say French, no mental strain would be involved, for the occasional letterpress thrown on the screen might then fulfill its object and explain the accompanying pictures. As it is, although the words appear generally to be English, I have to wait in most cases for the picture to explain the accompanying letterpress. I defy any one, without a long course of photoplays, to translate at sight such a sentence as 'A potential vampire sells hot dogs.' Experience might enable one in this instance to guess that a future adventuress is beginning her career by selling sausages-and-mashed; but only a complete movie glossary would clear up the remark, 'Sure, boy, you can wrangle the chuck,' which, I gather, is meant for a compliment to the boy's cooking. And what, pray, is an 'inoffensive nester'? What, for that matter, is an offensive nester? Not a cuckoo, I hasten to assure the educationist who revels in the nature-study film; for this expression occurs in a cowboy drama. From internal evidence I suggest hopefully, though not with confidence, that it means a peaceably minded settler—if there is such a phenomenon in the wild West. * * *

"A war picture appeared the other day in The Manchester Guardian showing how American soldiers are trained to scale walls and other obstacles. This must have puzzled any one who is familiar with the drama of the screen, from which one has learned to suppose that in America, where the scene of most photoplays is laid, the average citizen spends a considerable part of his time in scaling walls, swarming up rainpipes, sprinting down roofs at an acute angle, and dropping a thousand feet or so from a telephone wire into a passing motor car beneath. To be 'featured' in any five-act Triangle or Golden Rooster photoplay ought to be all the training an American requires for the exigencies of war; and if the screen is really expressive of life in America, a week spent in a seaside hotel there would give any man all the practice he needs in the use of firearms, the intricacies of secret service, and the resources of modern transport.

"You never walk in a photoplay. On the rare occasion when you use your own feet to scurry as if in a perpetual walking race, but the rest of the time you use the parcel lift of the moving staircase (provided that it is moving in the opposite direction to that in which you wish to go) or you allow the cold douche in the bathroom to shoot you through the wall or the floor or the window into somebody else's private room, where you are not wanted. (In a 'comic' you never by any chance stay in your own hotel bedroom.) Everybody in filmland carries a revolver—or 'gun,' as it is curiously called—which never seems to kill any one, except in a drama of love and passion, when it invariably removes the superfluous person (in whatever direction it happens to be pointed) and produces an American trial, which looks like a board meeting, at which the innocent hero is condemned while the guilty adventuress rolls her eyes about pending the moment when she, too, is brought before the board meeting after an exciting chase in a motor car. Sooner or later in every photoplay there is a chase in a motor car, which frequently outdistances an express train, while a pursuing bicycle outdistances both. I have once seen this chase take place in a draper's shop—I mean 'store'—when the car plunged through all the several departments, affording endless opportunities for humor of a broad type, of which every advantage was taken.

"Lest I be misunderstood, let me say at once that the films delight me in spite of, not because of, obvious defects. There is no occasion for the 'comic' to be a vulgar 'comic.' I have heard far more genuine laughter roused in a picture-house by a really funny scene than by a vulgar one. Similarly, a photoplay need not be dull because it points a decent moral and accentuates the good and not the evil in human nature. One of the best detective stories I have seen depicted was one in which the girl 'crook' turned over a new leaf and outwitted the detective, who wanted her to remain in her old life because she was useful to him. Children do not like stories with a bad moral because they have a bad moral, but because they are good stories. And they will only like the educational film if it is presented to them as a substitute for a lesson. A film of plant life will be engrossing, for instance, in comparison with a botany lesson. But the educationist who thinks it is going to take the place of a glorious medley of horses and mountain gullies and buffaloes and 'inoffensive nesters' has clearly never known what it is to long to be a cowboy. Knowing how intensely annoyed I should feel if, after paying my one-and-threepence, I were confronted with the history of a grain of wheat, I sincerely hope that the proposed board of censors, when constituted, will not include any of those killjoy persons whom we call in Filmland 'the vestal virgins of uplift.'"

The Goldwyn Company, which continues to make perceptible strides on its way to the top, has added R. A. Walsh, late of the Fox forces, to its directing staff. Also, although the time for publication of the fact has not yet arrived, they have acquired the services of one of the most prominent of all film actresses, a woman whose début in films a few years ago was the occasion for countrywide comment.

Edward Childs Carpenter's play, "The Cinderella Man," is being made into a film by Goldwyn with Mae Marsh in the rôle created by Phoebe Foster. It will be a pre-Christmas release.

The newest in William Fox's series of films for youngsters is "Treasure Island," made with the Fox 6-year-olds, Francis Carpenter and Virginia Lee Corbin in the parts.

The Two Most Celebrated Prima Donnas of the Movies Together. Geraldine Farrar and Mary Garden, Photographed Upon the Occasion of a Recent Visit of the Former to the Goldwyn Studios.

HENRI BERNSTEIN AND "L'ELEVATION"

The Story of How the Playwright Justified the Production of His Work at the Paris Comedie Francais.

HENRI BERNSTEIN, whose "L'Elevation" Grace George brought to this country last week, has managed to combine with his literary exhortation in behalf of his country a definite and actual participation in the actual fighting of the war. Those who have followed Bernstein's career in France will remember that the production of his "Après Moi" at the Comédie Française, in 1912, aroused a storm of protest from the anti-Semitic group of Frenchmen led by Léon Daudet. It was the first of Bernstein's plays to receive this national recognition, and Daudet and his following were incensed that such an honor as a presentation in the Comédie Française should be awarded a Jew.

Ostensibly, however, the protest was based on the fact that Bernstein was technically a foreigner, being a naturalised Rumanian. "Shall France award such distinction," said Daudet, "to an outsider, a man who has not even served his term of military service for the State?"

At the hearing on the case, which had resolved itself into one of those frantic public scandals with which France was exciting herself previous to the war, Bernstein arose in his own defense, and, in a speech which had all the elements of drama which he had ever put in the most impassioned speech of the most wronged husband in his most triangular play, he declared:

"It is true that I was born in Rumania. It is true that I was naturalized too late to serve in the National Army. But, on the day when France is attacked, I will be the first to offer myself in her defense!"

And he did. In the Summer of 1914 he volunteered for service. Unusual as this was for an author of any land, it was particularly so for a French author, for the French Government has a sentimental bias in favor of the lives of the country's famous literary men, and makes a point of assigning them, so far as possible, to bullet-proof positions, both for their own sakes and for France. It would have been perfectly within the code, then, for Bernstein to have accepted the protection which the Government offered, and to have remained at home to write for the Paris Lodge of the Vigilantes. Instead, he was sent to Saloniki with the flying corps, where he distinguished himself for bravery, and, at the same time, began "L'Elevation."

The connection between the name and the nature of his service was not accidental nor in the nature of a pun. It was the "elevation" which he experienced when flying above the lines at Saloniki, which, according to his own account, gave him the inspiration for a drama based on the corresponding spiritual elevation which the war has effected in so many instances, raising men from the earth to the heights, and giving them in one tremendous sweep a comprehension of the spiritual landscape about their lives.

Before he had finished his play he was injured and sent to Italy to recuperate. While in the hospital at Brundisi he wrote the last act, the scene laid in a similar hospital, and gave to the character of Louis De Gonols the exposition of his theory of "L'Elevation" through war.

From the hospital in Italy he returned to Paris in June of this year with his finished play, where it was immediately produced at the Comédie Française. The French public seized upon it as the one exalted piece of work produced by a French writer since the war began, and it is still being played there with great success. And so far there has been no protest from the Dau-det party.

SOMETHING ABOUT PINERO

PROOF that a foreign play can be produced in these parts without the accompaniment of a constant stream of transatlantic letters from the author—it is Shaw, of course, who is the foremost exponent of the letter writing system—is contained in the case of "The Gay Lord Quex." The letters of Sir Arthur Wing Pinero, at the time a production of one of his plays is pending in a distant clime, are infrequent, brief, and businesslike. Only once in the correspondence with John D. Williams, which preceded the present production of "The Gay Lord Quex," did the playwright turn aside even momentarily from the business in hand. On that occasion he wrote:

"What you tell me is of great interest. Of Miss Margaret Illington as an actress I am a great admirer, and I have the additional pleasure of knowing her in private life. She should give a good account of Sophy. Some of the other names, too, you mention are familiar to me.

"By this time your production will have taken place, and I look forward to receiving a report from you. Not altogether for selfish reasons, as, I hope you will believe, I wish you and my old friend Drew a substantial success with the venture.

"I am not going to do my new piece—a light, simple comedy—till the early part of next year. There are difficulties in getting a suitable cast, and, beyond this, the inducement to risk new work in London at the present moment is a small one. The people, not having much else to do, are inclined to go to the theatre, but the air raids deter them. The moment they recover from one shock, they get another, and so we drag on. The only theatres which consistently do well are those where musical comedy is being acted. At the Adelphi Theatre here, where a musical version of an old farce of mine, "The Magistrate," is being performed, they played during a recent week of almost continuous bombardments to the nightly average of about £300."

It is not laxness in the matter of detail, but rather a strict attention to it, which renders it unnecessary for Pinero to send instructions when one of his pieces is to be presented. The scripts of Pinero are models of stage direction. Of all playwrights he is perhaps the most precise, and this fact evidences itself from the very beginning of the process of writing a play. It is with the utmost precision and only after a solid year or even two years of reflection that Pinero will take up a pen to lay the foundation of a play. Then the work proceeds with all the deliberation of an architect laying the groundwork of a building, and each successive step, once taken, never is retaken. He has each of his plays privately printed, not typewritten, before production, and he is so sure of himself when he finishes an act that he sends it immediately to the printer, knowing that it will require no revision.

John D. Williams describes Pinero as "short in stature, inclined to stoutness; smoking cigarettes interminably—never without one between his lips for five consecutive minutes—and, for some reason best known to himself, always wearing his gloves; striding nervously about during rehearsals of any of his plays; a stickler for details; insisting to a hair's breadth on the actors' positions, their movements, inflections—above all, syllabic perfection in speaking his text; treating his performers like a group of children; taking Sir George Alexander through a part like a youngster; glowering at the players under bushy and autocratically puckered eyebrows."

O. P. Heggie, in discussing the various English playwrights upon an occasion last year, declared that Pinero was by a wide margin the least popular of all among actors, a fact which is readily understandable in view of the foregoing description of his methods. Mr. Heggie's judgment is confirmed by Mr. Williams, who further describes the Pinero method at rehearsals. His custom is to sit at a table in the centre of the stage with a stenographer at his left and another at his right, both of whom he keeps busy taking down notes of the rehearsal. Before the next rehearsal everybody in the cast is furnished a typewritten copy of the additions, corrections, or suggestions that may have occurred to the author with regard to his or her part.

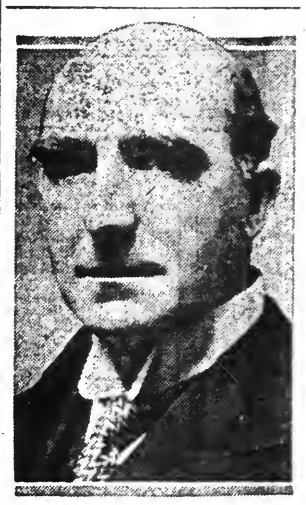
Pinero is relentless in his insistence upon the carrying out of these instructions. One of the numerous tales of Pinero at rehearsals has to do with a certain actor who was floundering about at rehearsal over lines that should have been long since memorized. Brought to book, the actor, with amazing assurance, remonstrated: "I know my lines, Mr. Pinero; I really do." Pinero answered: "Yes, yours; but not mine." Pinero, as is generally known, began his theatrical career as an actor, but not even the remembrance of those days, if he still remembers them, has served to soften his attitude toward actors.

Pinero is fondest of London during what is known as "the season," and of all places in London he likes best the Garrick Club. When the London season is over he leaves town for a little place in the country, about twenty miles from London. His holiday season in London has been devoted to playgoing, clubs and a few gatherings with friends, but during all that time he has been thinking out plays. By the time he has reached the country he has usually evolved a scenario and is ready to put it to paper. The task is systematically approached. He never works in the morning; that portion of the day is given to outdoor exercise. He rarely works in the afternoons. After 6 o'clock he really begins, and keeps it up without interruption until 11, when he has a light supper and goes to bed, to take up the same routine the next day. He usually follows the production of a serious play by turning to the writing of a comedy or farce, and sometimes, when the strain of writing a serious work is telling too heavily on him, he will drop it temporarily and turn to formulating a comedy.

Margaret Illington as Sophy Fullgarney.

In his relations with his friends Pinero is described as a man of liberality of thought and deed, an instance of his generosity being his consent to the playing of "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" here during a short tour of the Kendals, when it was quite evident that the presentation of the play on a brief tour would result in a considerable loss of potential profits. One of Pinero's closest friends today is Barrie, and the two men, despite their many ways of difference, have the greatest fondness and admiration for each other. The admiration of Pinero took the form of a public tribute in "Mid-Channel," when, with "Peter Pan" as his theme, he caused the following passages to be interpolated:

ZOE—I've been to the theatre every night this week and supped out afterward. They've opened such a ripping



Pinero—"Glowering * * * Under Bushy and Autocratically Puckered Eyebrows."

restaurant in Jermyn Street. You haven't seen the new play at the St. Martin's, then?

MRS. PIERPONT—No.

ZOE—I'll take you. We'll make up a party. I'll tell Lenny Ferris to get seats.

ETHEL—Good business!

MRS. PIERPONT—Ethel!

ZOE—It's all about children—kiddies. There are the sweetest little tots in it. Two especially—a tiny, round-eyed boy and a mite of a girl with straw-colored hair—you feel you must clamber on the stage and hug them. You feel you must!

MRS. PIERPONT—Aren't there any grown-ups?

ZOE—Oh, yes; they bore me.

ETHEL—I was reading the story to you, mother—

ZOE—The story's no account—it's the kiddies. The man who wrote the thing must be awfully fond of children. I wonder whether he has any little 'uns. If he hasn't, it's of no consequence to him; he can imagine them. What a jolly gift! Fancy! To have the power of imagining children—bringing them to life! Just by shutting the door, and sitting down at your writing table, and saying to your brain: "Now, then! I'm ready for them!"

THE SUBWAY CIRCUIT.

STANDARD—"The Thirteenth Chair," with Margaret Wycherly.

BRONX OPERA HOUSE—"Peter Ibbetson," with John and Lionel Barrymore and Constance Collier.

LOEW'S SEVENTH AVENUE—"The Man Who Came Back."

MAJESTIC (Brooklyn)—"Mary's Ankle."

A New Playhouse on High.

An entirely new playhouse has been constructed atop the Forty-fourth street Theatre, and the surreptitious serving of chicken sandwiches and Welsh rarebits, which used to accompany the presentation of the roof entertainments and mar the enjoyment thereof, is now a thing of the past. In its new guise the roof is a theatre and a theatre alone, and persons desiring to refresh will be compelled to wait until the conclusion of the entertainment.

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SUNDAY CONCERT **TO-NIGHT** SUNDAY CONCERT

Antonia de Bilbao and Dolorotes from "The Land of Joy" Co. (by permission of Mr. Velasco), Irene Berdoni, Gertie Vanderbilt and George Moore, Irene and Constance Farber, Mike Bernard, Kitty Doner, Grace & Berks, Frank Tinney, Ed Wynn, Henry Lewis, James J. Corbett, Chilson Ohrman, Herman Timberg, Frank Carter, The Cansinos, Sam Ash, Duncan Sisters, and Virginia Fisinger.

BIJOU 45th St. W. of B'way. PHONE—BRYANT 430. Evgs. 8:15—Mats. Wed. Sat. 2:15

BEGINNING To-Morrow Night AT 8:15.

NORWORTH and SHANNON'S CHUMMY MUSICAL REVIEW

Odds and Ends OF 1917

BOOK by SIDE DUDLEY and JOHN GODFREY. LYRICS and MUSIC by DUDLEY GODFREY and JAMES A. STEVENS.

CAST INCLUDES

HARRY WATSON, JR. LILLIAN LORRAINE JACK NORWORTH

LAURA HAMILTON, NORMA PHILLIPS, JOE HERBERT, JR., UBERT CARLTON, JOSEPH MADDERN, MAXINE BROWN, PAUL FRAWLEY, GEORGIA MANATT, MARJORIE POIR, JACK EDWARDS, JOHN BIRCH, WINNIFRED DUNN

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PLYMOUTH 45TH W. of B'WAY. PHONE 40 BRYANT. FIRST MAT. SAT. 2:15

DIRECTION ARTHUR HOPKINS

Thurs. Night NOV. 22. 8:15 — THE MESSRS LEE & J. J. SHUBERT PRESENT

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BOOK BY COSMO HAMILTON. LYRICS BY MATTHEW C. WOODWARD. MUSIC BY LEHAR

WITH JOHN CHARLES THOMAS

BETH LYDY JOHN T. MURRAY

And a remarkable cast, including JOHN HARWOOD, Wanda Lyon, Elizabeth Goodall, Arthur Geary, George Harcourt, Sidonie Espero, Jeanne Belyea, Catherine Manning, Isabel Vernon, Herbert Ballinger, Alfred Hemming, William Lynn, Jack Faulton, Edna Temple, Carolyn Duffy, Paul Irving, Owen Hervey and Theodore F. Reynolds.

Staged by E. P. Temple.

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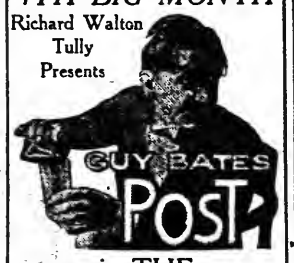

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"THE AVENUE."
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HALE HAMILTON—Splendid Company

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SMARTEST AND GAYEST MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS OF THE SEASON

"In all probability will equal the popularity record now being established by 'Oh, Boy!' Several kinds of a hit. A deserved success."—Burns Mantle, Eve. Mail

Book and Lyrics by Guy Bolton and P. G. Wodehouse. Music by Jerome Kern. Authors of "OH, BOY!"

MOROSCO HAS THE HIT

3rd month of the season's One Real Sensational Success!

45TH ST. W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 230. Evs. at 8.20. Mats. Wed. (POP.) Sat. 2.20

OLIVER MOROSCO'S COMEDY TRIUMPH

LOMBARDI LTD.

By FREDERIC and FANNY HATTON with

LEO CARRILLO

AND A TYPICAL MOROSCO CAST

SEATS 10 WEEKS AHEAD INCL. ALL HOLIDAY MATINEES

LOEW'S 7th AVE. 7th Ave. at 124th St.

Nights 25c to $1. | Mats. Tues. and Thurs 25c & 50 | Mat. Sat. [illegible]

WEEK BEGINNING TO-MORROW NIGHT

WILLIAM A. BRADY Presents

"THE MAN WHO CAME BACK"

Direct from 500 Times at the Playhouse with HENRY HULL and N. Y. Cast.

Week Nov. 26—"DAYBREAK."

From The Sun Tues. NOV. 13 '17

JOHN DREW REVIVES 'THE GAY LORD QUEX'

Margaret Illington Co-Star in Delightful Presentation of Pinero's Play.

COMEDY POTENT AS EVER

Actor Does the Best Work in Years and Manicurist's Part Also a Pleasure.

48th ST. THEA. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15

CORT 48 St., E. of B'way. Phone Bryant 46. Evgs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30

LAST 2 WEEKS

3rd Month

Arthur Hammerstein presents

"De Luxe Annie"

A Mystery Drama by Edward Clark from the Short Story by SCAMMON LOCKWOOD.

Extra Matinee Thanksgiving Day.

STANDARD B'WAY & 90TH ST.

Evgs. 25c to $1. Mats. Tues. & Thurs. 25c & 50c. Sat. Mat. 25c to $1.

WEEK BEGINNING TOMORROW NIGHT at 8:20

THE SEASON'S SUPREME SENSATION WILLIAM HARRIS Jr., Presents BAYARD VEILLER'S BLOODLESS MYSTERY

The 13TH CHAIR

with MARGARET WYCHERLY and the entire original cast.

Week Nov 26th EVERY WOMAN"

ALWAYS WORTH WHILE

RIALTO

TEMPLE OF THE MOTION PICTURE

B'WAY AT 42ND ST.

DIRECTION OF S. L. ROTHAFFEL. COMMENCING TO-DAY

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS

in "REACHING FOR THE MOON" AN ARTCRAFT PICTURE.

"Fish Is Fish" A Bruce Scenic. | Rialto Animated Magazine. | Mr. & Mrs. Sidney Drew In "A Close Resemblance."

"THE FAREWELL" A MUSICAL EPISODE SUNG BY GREEK EVANS (Baritone), MARY BALL (Soprano).

THE INCOMPARABLE RIALTO ORCHESTRA

HUGO RIESENFELD, Conductor, rendering Liszt's First Hungarian Rhapsody, with cimbalom solo by Bela Nyary; selections from "The Belle of New York" and "The March of the Toys" from Victor Herbert's "Babes in Toyland."

DOORS OPEN AT 10 A. M., Except Sunday and Saturday. Tickets for Saturday Morning Musicales TEN CENTS if Bought in Advance.

THE LECTURE SENSATION OF A GENERATION

SERG'T ARTHUR GUY **EMPEY**

AUTHOR OF "OVER THE TOP"

AN AMERICAN SOLDIER WHO WENT

··MACHINE GUNNER ROYAL FUSILIERS··

WILL REPEAT HIS TWO WONDERFULLY REALISTIC

LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS ·· OF TRENCH WARFARE ··

VIVID, SOUL THRILLING NARRATIVE OF LIFE ON FRONT LINE IN FRANCE

Empey Lectures as Well as He Writes or Fights

He is the most popular Author—the most successful Speaker in America today

"An audience that packed Carnegie Hall to capacity last night greeted Sergeant Arthur Guy Empey."—*N. Y. Times, Oct. 15th.*

"Arthur Guy Empey, author of 'Over the Top,' spoke at Carnegie Hall again last night and crowded the house. Close to 3,000 persons were in the audience before 8:30 o'clock, when his lecture and demonstration of trench warfare began, and within a few minutes the sale of seats was stopped."—*N. Y. World, Nov. 5th.*

"Sergeant Empey is a war lecturer de luxe."—*New York Sun.*

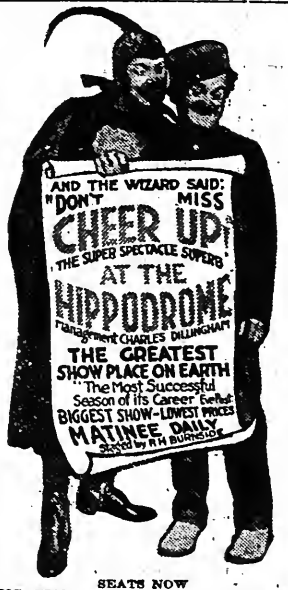
"When Sergeant Empey holds forth about the war you can hear him from a seat in Z, but you can hear his audience from away out yonder in Lake Michigan."—*Chicago Tribune.*

THIRD AND FOURTH LECTURES AT CARNEGIE HALL

Wednesday Nov. 28 AND Thursday Nov. 29 (THANKSGIVING) AT 8.30 P.M.

Seats, 50c. to $2.00. Tickets now on sale at Box Office.

EXCLUSIVE MANAGEMENT, LEE KEEDICK, 437 FIFTH AVE., N. Y.



SEATS NOW FOR EIGHT WEEKS, INCLUDING THE HOLIDAYS: THANKSGIVING, XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S.

F. F. PROCTOR'S

BIG VAUDEVILLE CONCERTS.

125th St. Park & Lex. Av. — Models de Luxe, Van Bros., Arthur Sullivan & Co., Sunset 4, Alfred Barret, Hodges & Hodges, Stone & McElway, others. Cont. 1 to 11.

58th St. At 3d Av. — "The Modiste Shop," Horton & La Trieste, William Dick, Thomas Swift & Co., Edwina Barry, John A. Jessie Powers, others. Cont. 1 to 11.

23d St. Near 6th Av. — TEN GREAT FEATURES VAUDEVILLE & PHOTO PLAYS All New Every Mon. & Thurs. Prices 5c, 10c, 15c.

5th Ave. B'way & 28th. — Fred J. Ardath & Co., Grace Fisher & Co., Gottler & Cox, The Street Urchin, Chas. Kenna, Hayward Stafford & Co. and others.

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'way. Evgs. at 7:15. BEGINNING TOMORROW (MON.) EVE. Bawden & Van Kaufman, Alice Hansen, Miami Phillips & Co., Piccolo Midgets, and 5 others. All Seats 15, 25, 50.

BRONX OPERA HOUSE 149TH ST. EAST OF 3D AVE. PHONE MELROSE 3230

NIGHTS 25 TO 1.00

MATS WED. & SAT. 25¢ 35¢ & 50

145th St. Crosstown Cars to the Door.

ALL THIS WEEK. STARTING TOMORROW (MON.) NIGHT. MESSRS. SHUBERT PRESENT

JOHN BARRYMORE CONSTANCE COLLIER LIONEL BARRYMORE IN "Peter Ibbetson"

Mon., Nov. 26—"The Man Who Came Back."

NEWMAN TRAVELTALKS

CARNEGIE HALL 57TH ST. and 7TH AV.

TONIGHT AT 8.30 also TOMORROW AT 3

Our NATIONAL PARKS

The Re-Discovery of America

Exquisite Color Views—Wonderful Motion Pictures

Prices.....50¢ to $1.50

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE 4TH STREET AND 7TH AVENUE

SUN. AFT., DEC. 2. at 3:30

SPIRIT of FRANCE — PIANO interpretation by CHARLES ANTHONY

MONSTER BENEFIT AND RALLY AMELIA BINGHAM, Chairman. RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, Master of Ceremonies.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE SUN. EVE. NOV. 25

WITH THE GREATEST ARRAY OF STARS EVER ASSEMBLED.

Auspices MINUTE MEN OF AMERICA. Recruiting Hall and Nat'l Headquarters, 217 Broadway, (Astor Building.) N. Y. Tickets now on sale at McBride's, Tyson's, all leading hotels, Headquarters, 217 Broadway, and the following

Co-Operating Patriotic Organizations: STAGE WOMEN'S WAR RELIEF, 366 Fifth Avenue.

WOMEN'S AUXILIARY FOR NAVAL RECRUITING, Hotel Biltmore.

THEATRE ASSEMBLY OF NEW YORK, Hotel Ritz-Carlton.

Note—All Tickets at Box Office Prices.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

MAJESTIC

Week Com. MONDAY NIGHT

Original New York Cast and Production.

A. H. WOODS Presents

Mary's Ankle

A Farcical Display in Three Views by May Tully.

With Irene Fenwick and Walter Jones.

A Laugh to the Line.

KEITH CONCERTS TODAY

Belle Baker, Hymans & McIntyre, Charlie Grapewin and 7 other big acts.

Week of Nov. 25—WILLIAM COLLIER in "Nothing But the Truth."

MONTAUK Evgs. & Sat. Mat. 25, 50, 75c., $1. Wed. Mat., 25, 50c.

COHAN & HARRIS Present

CHAUNCEY **OLCOTT**

In a New Play (First Time), "ONCE UPON A TIME"

A story in 6 chapters by Rachel Crothers

Thanksgiving Week (Entire Mat. Thur).

POLLYANNA SEATS NOW

THE GLAD PLAY

BROADWAY THEATRE AT 41ST ST. The HOME of BLUEBIRD & JEWEL MOTION PICTURE PRODUCTIONS

MONROE SALISBURY and RUTH CLIFFORD in "THE DOOR BETWEEN" & "THE SILENT LADY" With Little ZOE RAE

BROADWAY SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

SCENICS.....COMEDY

ADDED FEATURE Mr. GUY HUNTER THE BLIND ORGANIST

MATS 20-30-50 NIGHTS 20-30-35 INCL. WAR TAX

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"THE SUBMARINE EYE"

A Thrilling Romance of Love & Adventure.

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The Splendid Star DOROTHY DALTON

In a Great, Sensational Love Story "THE PRICE MARK" Produced by Thos. H. Ince

Also Great VAUDEVILLE.

Mats. 15c & 25c. Evenings 25c, 35c & 50c.

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PAULINE FREDERICK

IN "The Hungry Heart" A Paramount Picture

MERY ZENTAY MISCHA VIOLIN in a Violin Duet JOHN PHILIPS Tenor

STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA Afternoon Concerts Daily at 2:15. Except Saturdays Sundays & Holidays. This Week A Mendelssohn, Puccini, Beethoven "Amber" program.

PICTURESQUE GHENT A Scenic Study

REVIEW

DAMAGED GOODS Sensational Sex Drama

NEXT WEEK.. MADGE KENNEDY in "NEARLY MARRIED"

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. Francis X. Bushman, "The Voice of Conscience."

ICELAND ICE SKATING

Amusements of the Current Week

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

Empire Theatre B'way & 40 St. Evs. 8:20. Best Orchestra Seats $2. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:20.

What New York's 8 Best Critics SAY OF

Ann Murdock

in EDWARD CHILDS CARPENTER'S GREATEST COMEDY TRIUMPH

The Three Bears

ALAN DALE in the AMERICAN—"'THE THREE BEARS' SHOULD HAVE ITS PLACE IN THIS COMMUNITY. IT IS QUAINT, IT IS FANTASTIC, IT IS APPEALING, IT IS HUMAN AND IT IS QUITE AMUSING. IT IS CERTAINLY ANN MURDOCK'S BEST WORK."

H. B. MULLIN in the HERALD—"A COMPLETE TRIUMPH."

JOHN CORBIN in the TIMES—"HEARTY COMEDY."

LOUIS SHERWIN in the GLOBE—"'THE THREE BEARS' COMES FRANKLY IN THE CATEGORY OF GOOD SHOWS. THE MOST AMUSING LIGHT COMEDY I HAVE SEEN THIS SEASON."

J. RANKEN TOWSE in the POST—"A FASCINATING GOLDILOCKS."

RALPH BLOCK in the TRIBUNE—"A CHARMING GOLDILOCKS."

LAWRENCE REAMER in the SUN—"KEPT THE AUDIENCE IN CONSTANT AMUSEMENT."

EDWIN C. RANCK in the BROOKLYN EAGLE—"A TOUCH OF BARRIE—GROWLING SUCCESS—ANN MURDOCK AN IDEAL GOLDILOCKS."

MATINEES WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS

HARRIS Theatre, W. 42 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.

SELWYN & CO. PRESENT THEIR ANNUAL LAUGH FESTIVAL DE LUXE

LOSING ELOISE

A FEAST OF FUN ABOUT A NICE BUT NAUGHTY GIRL IN 8 ESCAPADES By FRED JACKSON.

Those Who Furnish the Fun:
CHARLES CHERRY
VIOLET HEMING
LUCILE WATSON
FRANCIS BYRNE
ETHEL INTROPIDI
CHARLES HARBURY

Sweeps Troubles and Grouches Away in a Whirlwind of Fun.

No Advance in Prices at This Theatre. Best Seats $2

CRITERION B'WAY & 44TH ST.

James K. Hackett Lessee & Mgr. Eves 8.20 Mats Wed & Sat. 2.20

TOMORROW NIGHT

MRS. FISKE

IN A NEW PLAY

MADAME SAND

by Philip Moeller

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d Street

"The House Beautiful" Klaw & Erlanger, Mgrs. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.

$2.00 THE HIGHEST PRICE FOR 2 BEST ORCHESTRA SEATS

FOR THE BEST MUSICAL SHOW IN NEW YORK

KLAW & ERLANGER'S DELIGHTFUL GEM OF MIRTH, BEAUTY AND MELODY!

THE RIVIERA GIRL

Music by HALMAR-Books & Lyrics by BROWN & WESTPHAL

THANKSGIVING DAY MAT. SEATS NOW ON SALE

AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF Meeting Place of the World. ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

HUDSON THEATRE W. 44TH St. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30

LISTEN TO

THE PIPES of PAN

AND CAPTURE AGAIN THE SPIRIT OF YOUTH' Eve Sun

A BIG AND UNQUESTIONED HIT" Eve Telegram

TIGER ROSE

By WILLARD MACK. Presented by DAVID BELASCO

—AT THE—

LYCEUM W. 45 St. Nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30.

Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.

CAST INCLUDES: LENORE ULRIC, WILLIAM COURTLEIGH, WILLARD MACK, THOMAS FINDLAY, PEDRO de CORDOBA, EDWIN BOLT, CALVIN THOMAS, FULLER MELLISH, ARTHUR J. WOOD, EDWARD MACK, JEAN FERRELL.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE 43rd. ST. and B'WAY

TUES. NIGHT the 20th at 8:20

COHAN & HARRIS Present

Mr. LEO DITRICHSTEIN

IN A NEW COMEDY

"The King"

By Caillavet de Flers and Arene

Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:20. Extra Mat. Thanks'g Day.

No Advance in Prices at This Theatre. Best Seats $2

LIBERTY Klaw & Erlanger Mgrs West 42d St. Evs at 8.20 Mats. Wed & Sat at 2.20

Laurette Taylor

"Miss Taylor Triumphed Again" Sun

The **Wooing of Eve**

J. Hartley Manners New Play

"It is worth seeing again & again" Times

Noteworthy Cast includes A.E. Anson

LIBERTY THEATRE, Nov. 20, 22, at 2:30 Also Sat. Morn., Nov. 24, at 10:30—FREE PUPILS OF ISADORA DUNCAN & BARRERE LITTLE SYMPHONY

FUNNIEST AMERICAN COMEDY OF RECENT YEARS

IN A CLASS BY ITSELF

A TAILOR MADE MAN

by HARRY JAMES SMITH

COHAN & HARRIS THEATRE 42d St. E. of B'way Evs at 8:20 Mats Wed & Sat 2.20 Call Bryant 6344

Extra Mat. Thanksgiving Day, Nov. 29

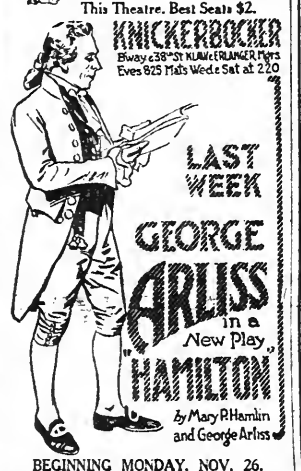
No Advance in Prices at This Theatre. Best Seats $2.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way & 38th St. KLAW & ERLANGER, Mgrs. Evs 8:25 Mats Wed & Sat at 2:20

LAST WEEK

GEORGE ARLISS in a New Play "HAMILTON"

by Mary P. Hamlin and George Arliss



BEGINNING MONDAY, NOV. 26.

Mats. Wed. & Sat. Xtra Mat. Thanksgiving Day.

Eleanor Painter

in Harold Chapin's Comedy,

"Art and Opportunity"

with

Frank Mills, Cecil Yapp, Katharine Stewart, Grant Stewart, Edward Douglas, Martin Haydon.

SEAT SALE THURSDAY, NOV. 22.

PARK THEATRE, Columbus Circle, 59th St. Evenings at 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:15.

TO-NIGHT AT 8:30.

2nd Valverde Concert

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

With the Stars of "The Land of Joy"

Popular Prices 50c to $1.50

Spain Come to New York

(ESPANA EN NUEVA YORK)

Quinito Valverde's Fantastic Review

THE LAND of JOY

(LA TIERRA DE ALEGRIA)

"A riot of color and movement."—Town Topics.

"Music of Spanish composer charms."—Morning Sun.

"Greatest dancing show in years.'—Evening Sun.

"Enraptured and captivated the audience."—Eve. Post.

EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY (SEATS NOW ON SALE.)

CENTURY B'WAY & 62D ST. EVES. 8:15

DILLINGHAM—ZIEGFELD

"Brilliant Revue on a Wave of Melody and Dancing"—Herald

"MISS 1917"

Staged By NED WAYBURN

"Triumph of 'Miss 1917' was never in doubt"—Sun.

GAIETY Theatre, B'way, 46 St. Evs. 8:20 Matinee Wed. and Sat. 2:20.

KLAW & ERLANGER.... Managers

No Advance in Prices at This Theatre. Best Seats $2.

12th WEEK EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING DAY

ALEXANDRA CARLISLE

in "The COUNTRY COUSIN"

BOOTH TARKINGTON and JULIAN STREET'S GREAT COMEDY

FULTON W. 46TH ST. EVS. 8.20 MATS. WED & SAT. 2.20

MOST GRIPPING PLAY IN NEW YORK THIS SEASON

BROKEN THREADS

WITH CYRIL KEIGHTLEY

"Red blooded American play." —Journal.

"Human and Vital." —Morning World.

"Real American Play." —Herald.

REPUBLIC W. 42d St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

Extra Mat. Thanksgiving Day.

A. H. WOODS presents

On With the Dance

By Michael Morton.

With an all-star cast, including:

JOHN MASON, EILEEN HUBAN, JULIA DEAN, EDWARD ABELES, WM. MORRIS, CORINNE BARKER and others.

EMPIRE West 42d St. Evs. 8.20 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.20

H. H. Woods Presents

BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE

with BARNEY BERNARD & ALEXANDER CARR

by MONTAGUE GLASS and JULES ECKERT GOODMAN

EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY.

DAVID BELASCO Presents

POLLY WITH A PAST

A Comedy by George Middleton and Guy Bolton.

Cast Includes:—Ina Claire, Cyril Scott, Anne Meredith, H. Reeves-Smith, Louise Galloway, William Sampson, Winifred Fraser, Herbert Yost, Robert Fischer, George Christie, Thomas Reynolds.

BELASCO THEATRE

West 44th St. Evs. 8:30.

THREE MATINEES THIS WEEK: TUESDAY, THURSDAY, SATURDAY

Ten Shows at the Price of One

824 Seats at $1.00

527 2d Balcony Seats.....50c

Mats. Wed. & Sat. Reduced Prices.

Seats Now for Thanksgiving Day Matinee—No Rise in Price for New Year's Eve.

To-Night SUNDAY CONCERT

Smoking Permitted.

Popular Prices 50c to $2.00

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK and LEON ERROL

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VIVIENNE SEGAL

GEORGE WHITE

MARION DAVIES & MAXWELL

VERA EMMA HAIG

STEPHEN D. O'ROURKE

ARTHUR CUNNINGHAM AND CENTURY WHEELER

OCTETTE & DOLAN.

CECIL LEAN and CLEO MAYFIELD

Fred Stone in "Jack O'Lantern" - Globe Only Theatre Sold out Nightly - Matinees Wednesday (at Popular Prices) & Saturday.

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The romance and the mystery of the East have ever intoxicated and thrilled; the East of echoing silver bells, of beautiful women with faces hidden behind perfumed veils; of riches undreamed and jewels rare; of silks and satins and spices and Grecian wines; of bazaars laden with cloth of gold; of camels bending their knees to unload the burdens from Cathay and Nineveh and Egypt; these and all the wonders of beautiful Bagdad, the jewel of Persia of a thousand years ago, are reincarnated again in the superb and bewildering musical tale of the East, William Elliott, F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest's magnificent, gorgeous and glittering production of

CHU CHIN CHOW

With Its Great Company of 300

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SEATS NOW SELLING FOR ALL PERFORMANCES 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE (Including Thanksgiving Matinee and Night, Christmas Matinee and Night, New Year's Eve, also New Year's Matinee and Night.)

PRICES, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50 and $2 Evgs. and Sat. Matinee. Bargain Matinee every Wednesday, 25c to $1.

ALWAYS 300 ORCHESTRA SEATS AT $1.50 (EXCEPT SAT. EVE.)

Send 30 cents in stamps to Manager Chu Chin Chow, Manhattan Opera House, New York, for illustrated souvenir book and story of the play—a wonderful romance that every child should read and see and will surely love.

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DIRECTEUR GENERAL, JACQUES COPEAU

Opening Performance Tuesday, Nov. 27

BOX OFFICE NOW OPEN—65 W. 35th St.—Greeley 1522

CARNEGIE HALL, TOMORROW NIGHT AT 8:30.

First Appearance This Season of the Favorite War Lecturer.

IAN HAY

MAJOR IAN HAY BEITH

Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders

Author of "All In It," "The First Hundred Thousand," etc., Recently Returned from Four Months at the Front and with the Fleets, in

A NEW LECTURE,

CARRYING ON

THE PROGRESS OF THE WAR ON LAND AND ON SEA

ILLUSTRATED WITH NEW PICTURES

The Only Up-to-the-Minute War Lecture!

Boxes $18 and $15. Reserved Seats $2 to 50c (plus war tax) at Box Office, Tyson's, McBride's, British American War Relief Fund, 5 East 59th St., and from J. B. POND LYCEUM BUREAU, 1 Madison Avenue, N. Y.

NOTE:—Copies of Major Beith's new book, "All In It," may be purchased at the hall. Major Beith will autograph these books on request.

COLUMBIA BROADWAY AND 47TH ST.

"The home of burlesque de luxe."—N. Y. Times

Entire Change of Show Every Week.

Ladies and Children in continually increasing numbers attend and heartily enjoy these clean, superbly presented Burlesque Shows.

2 BIG CONCERTS TODAY at 2:15, 15c, 25c, 50c. at 8:15, 25, 50, 75c, $1. Commencing TOMORROW AFTERNOON

Hip Hip Hooray Girls

With BEN PIERCE and Great Company. The Show of Startling Novelties. Beautiful Diving Belles. 4 Kings and Queens of Melody! Twice Daily. Moderate Prices. Smoking Permitted.

WEEK NOV. 26 THE BOSTONIANS Seats Now.

B. F. KEITH'S **RIVERSIDE** B'WAY at 96 St.

Two Big Sunday Concerts. Week Nov. 19. Feature Extraordinary. First Appearance at Riverside.

SAM BERNARD

American Representative Dialect Comedian.

Carl RANDALL & MYERS Ernestine

Divertissements Characteristique. Chansons et Choreographic.

Bert—KALMAR & BROWN—Jessie

in "NURSERYLAND," a Character Novelty Conceived and Produced by Kalmar & Brown.

CLAYTON WHITE & CO.

in "CHERIE," by George V. Hobart, with Miss Ida Stanhope.

MAUD EARL & COMPANY

in Fantastic Offering, "The Vocal Verdict."

LEO BEERS

Vaudeville's Distinctive Entertainer.

"SPORTS IN THE ALPS"

JENNIE MIDDLETON

Harry—THE VIVIANS—Ada

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CENTRAL PARK WEST

74th to 75th Streets

Convenient to 72nd Elevated and Subway. Two blocks from 72nd St. Bus Line.

A SUPERB LOCATION OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK INSURES MAXIMUM OF SUNLIGHT AND AIR.

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West 72nd Street, Between Broadway and Columbus Ave., Running Through to 71st St.

Central Park One Block.

Subway, Elevated, Bus Lines and Surface Cars within a half block. Comfort, refinement and luxury.

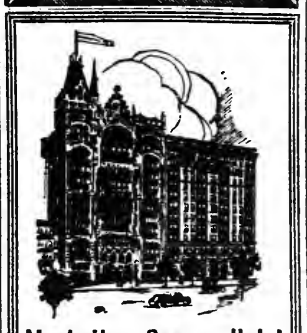
300 Rooms—200 Bathrooms

Extra large rooms and closets. Suites from 1 room and bath to 10 rooms and 8 baths.

The Hargrave guest has the satisfaction of enjoying the best food of any high class New York hotel.

Carefully Selected Clientele.

Eugene Cable, Manager



Manhattan Square Hotel

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EAST SIDE WOES OF HOOVER CANVASSER

Difficulty of Making Foreign-Born Understand What Food Cards Mean —Only One Refused to Sign.

By MARY G. TOWNSEND.

A FEW days ago I received a telephone call from a settlement worker friend beseeching me to come quick and help in the Hoover food canvass. Accordingly, I journeyed to the lower east side, to that vast district east of Chatham Square. Every one at the settlement was scuttling about with a harassed expression, and I heard vague murmurs all about, such as "Only two shut the door in my face yesterday," "I got only six families," "My dear, not one of them spoke English!" From these and other scraps I surmised that they were leaving the Hoover food cards all over a huge area and having rather poor luck generally. Hence, when my friend showed me their district, only four or five square blocks, I was rather surprised, and inwardly made up my mind that I had come just in the nick of time. For, methought, if all one has to do is to get the housewife to sign this little card agreeing to abide by food economy regulations, why, I could do the entire district in a day, and here they sit tearing their hair because, in truth, they have only a week for it!

My friend continued her explanations. It seemed they hunted in pairs. Ah, that explained it! Of course, they loitered along, and wasted much valuable time in idle chatter. I should be strictly businesslike. Nevertheless, I was a bit relieved to find that my friend intended going out with me on my "route." I determined to observe how she went about getting the first signature; then, of course, I could go on alone.

We started off, armed to the teeth with signature cards, window cards, Yiddish cards, Italian cards, a few English cards, and pencils in every pocket. We walked toward the river, and as we entered the last house on the block, a mere wreck of a building clinging to its neighbor as if afraid a big wave might wash it forever into the East River, my friend said, "I'll take the top floor and you take the next. I'll meet you at the door when we finish."

Then she was gone, up the most rickety, filthy staircase I had ever seen. Left alone in the dingy hall, I beat upon the nearest door. No response. I tried the next one, which was partly open. My knock opened it and I stepped into a small room in which sat an Italian woman sewing on coats and nursing a baby. She looked up apathetically as I entered and motioned me to a chair, at the same time intimating that she did not speak English. Another baby appeared, crawling out from under a bed.

"Do you read?" I asked, and naturally, as she knew no English, she shook her head. Then I waved the Italian "Credo da Guerre" under her nose. She took no interest in it, but merely murmured, "leetle boy," and nodded toward the door. Oh, joy, a boy of about 10 years. He grinned at me and I promptly started to explain. When I had finished I suggested that he tell his mother about it and ask her to sign the card.

"I didn't get yer," he remarked without interest, and sat down.

Then the father came in and I tried him. "For da solda?" he questioned. I explained that we were trying to release food to send to the soldiers. He listened with an interested look, but I realized it was mere desert air when he answered, "I no can go. I broka da foot." He felt them both critically, and finally selected the broken one to show me.

Then, like an angel from heaven appeared a girl of about 15. "What's da row, heh?" she inquired.

Eagerly I explained it all to her and pressed the cards into her hand. She took an Italian one and read it aloud. Then they all chattered at once, and the two babies cried.

At the door appeared swiftly, one after another, six women, who broke out in what seemed shrill protestation. They waved their arms about; they grabbed the cards from each other. The man snatched a half-eaten loaf of bread from the table and a pan from the stove and waved them at me while he delivered an oration about something, I knew not what.

I stood my ground, however, and in a few minutes the girl emerged from the midst and said, "Sure, dey all sign," and handed me seven precious cards. I murmured my thanks and fled. At the door I found my friend, looking most dejected. Poor soul, she had had no luck at all, for I had cornered the entire household.

We continued on our rounds. The next few houses proved fairly easy, as one or two in each spoke English and all wanted to sign. On the first floor of one was a plumber's establishment. In we went and found two semi-dark rooms back of the shop. In the first room, a tiny place with no window and unbelievably dirty, we came upon a young woman, weighing perhaps 300 pounds. She was yelling shrilly at a man in the shop about a lock. When she had settled him to her satisfaction she turned her attention to us. We explained our mission and showed her the card.

"What the —— do I care for the Government?" she shouted. "I want cheap food. Always money, money, money everywhere. I want food, that's what I want."

After much argument and long debate the woman finally signed, but she was still swearing energetically at us, the Government, and her baby, when we left, enthroned on a cribful of pillows.

On our rounds we met mostly Italians. Some refused to have anything to do with us. They did not shut us out. They merely said "No Ingleesh" and went about their work. If we continued talking, as we generally did, they seemed totally oblivious to our existence. On the other hand, there were those who would go into peals of glee over our attempts to make them understand. Two or three of them would gather about us and discuss us with much merriment and then try to explain the joke to us. In these cases we generally found one who could read. Then it would dawn on them what it all meant, and amid more jokes they would sign the pledges and send us on our way feeling much more light-hearted.

As we were entering one house a voice behind us called out: "Hey there. Come here. Come here and I'll knock your block off!" We turned and beheld a very dilapidated old woman. "Don't you go in there," she ordered. "Who do you want, anyway? Who do you want in that house? I'll knock your block off, I will, if you go in there."

We replied that we wanted every one and explained the pledge to her. Her tactics changed at once. "God bless ye both, God bless yez, but don't go in there; not in that house, God bless ye." She tottered off down the street and left us standing in the dark hall of the tenement with her sinister warning. We looked at each other a moment and then decided to try it. We climbed the six long flights of stairs and knocked at the top floor. It proved to be just a house of perfectly nice Italians, all of whom signed the cards and seemed most intelligent about it.

The most depressing part is to think you have finished a house and then to come to a three-foot crack in the wall and see, perhaps, two more tenements built in the back yard of the first. They are always dingy places and, as a rule, full of the very poorest and most ignorant. In one of these all the inhabitants thought we were trying to sell them bonds or get their money away from them. Their only reply was, "No money, no dolla week, no money." We finally succeeded in getting them to see what it all meant when some of the children came in from school and explained in their own dialect.

One rear tenement we came upon had been abandoned, or, probably, condemned. We found it back of what had once been a private house. It was an old wooden structure, with one or two shutters still clinging to its battered window frames. We climbed up on the cellar door to look in, and saw a large room with one of the loveliest carved mantels I have ever seen. The whole interior was painted in that ghastly green that predominates in tenement districts, but even that could not hide its graceful lines. The house was just a poor old relic of the forgotten grandeur of a century ago in that neighborhood.

It was rather a shock to find that the front steps of the house continued straight up inside with no hall at all. Just a steep flight of stairs not more than two feet wide and flanked by two solid walls. We stumbled up them to the first landing, off which opened two doors, and then up a second flight, even steeper, which wound around and led to another landing with two more floors. We got no answer to our knocks from either door. We peered through the keyhole! The back room was evidently vacant, but the front was not. We could see a small low room with sloping ceiling, barren of any decoration, a broken chair and a dirty, tumbled bed with a human being in it. We tried the door and knocked again, but could get no response.

We felt rather awed and went hastily downstairs. My friend knocked on the front door and disappeared rapidly within, leaving me standing alone, so I knocked on the other door. It was opened a crack and an old, old woman gave me one look, said "Get out of here," and slammed the door. I stood still a moment, then knocked again. Again she said "Get out." So I stood and waited. Presently she opened the door, very quietly, gave a slight start at seeing me still there and said: "What do you want? Go 'way. Why do you trouble a poor old blind woman like me?"

I told her we wanted to help her, not trouble her, and that we were trying to make it easier for her to get food and that we needed her to help us, too. She listened while I tried to placate her, but when I paused for breath she said, "Who the devil are you anyway, Hillquit?" I hastily denied any such identity, and told her that this was bigger than a city movement, that it had President Wilson back of it.

"President, ye say? Sure, I'm the president meself. I got a country of me own and I'm president of it. You don't get me that way. President indade! And how much does your President pay you to come troublin' a poor old blind woman?" she asked me scathingly.

I explained the volunteer system and our desire to help the poor. "A very charitable woman indade ye must be," she went on scornfully, "and ye can take your charity to some one else. I don't need your help nor no one else's. I don't want it." She was dressed in rags and a peep over her shoulder revealed a tiny room with only the barest necessities for life.

"Wouldn't you like to pay less for your food?" I ventured.

"I don't pay for my food. I get it free," she announced.

"You're very lucky. I wish I could."

"I'm a politician, I am, and I live off graft like all the rest. Free graft, that's how I get my food. Now you've found out enough about me and you can go." I went and she watched me as I knocked on the opposite door, behind which my friend had vanished. The old woman called shrilly:

"Yes, go in there. Go after that couple. They need help, they're poor, go after them." I went in and found my friend with a neat young Irish woman and her husband in much merriment over my attack from the old woman.

"Who is she?" my friend asked. "Does she drink?"

"Drink is it?" came in rasping accents from across the hall. "Aye, if it's drinkin' you're after, that pair in there can do all the drinkin' ye want."

They laughed good-naturedly and told us her story. Her husband and son had both been killed in a fire and she lived alone. A niece, next door, looked after her and saw that she had everything she needed. We tried her again and finally "jollied" her into a good humor, but of the fifty or more families we visited that day she alone refused to sign.

WHY ART WORKS NOW COST SO MUCH

War Millionaires of Europe, Competing for Masterpieces, Chief Explanation of Record-Breaking Prices

EUROPEANS as well as Americans have made money out of the war, and it is these new millionaires of Europe who are partially responsible for record-breaking prices for works of art, said Edward Robinson, Director of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, in speaking the other day of the difficulties of keeping a museum in wartime up to a normal state of efficiency.

Not only are prices of such works of art as find their way into the market high, but there is a remarkable scarcity of good works of art of any kind, a fact which is a great surprise to buyers who believed that the result of the war would be to throw art treasures of many kinds on the market at bedrock prices. On account of these conditions and the general high cost of living which affects museums as well as individuals, Mr. Robinson finds this is a season of many difficulties.

"The late J. Pierpont Morgan was considered a royal buyer," said Mr. Robinson; "he did not hesitate at the cost for things that he wanted, but the prices he paid were moderate in comparison with those which are asked and obtained now.

"The late John G. Johnson, who was known all over Europe as a quick buyer, said before his death last Spring that since the war began he had hardly anything offered him that was worthy of consideration, and this is the common report. This scarcity with the new buyers has boosted prices to a surprising degree. This was shown in the recent sale of the famous Hope collection in London. In the collection were 155 Greek vases which, according to The London Times, were expected to bring a total of about £5,000. They actually brought nearly £17,000.

"A well-known Italian dealer who arrived in this city last Spring reported an unusually successful season. When surprise was expressed at this, with no Americans traveling in Italy, he said: 'Ah, but you must remember that in my country there are also people who have been making money and with them we have done a very good business.' Public auction sales in various European centres have shown by the keen competition that this was not only a dealer's movement. That so few fine works of art have been put on the market since the war has created very general surprise. Not nearly as many first-class works of art have been put on the market during the three years of the war as during the three years previous to it. This is particularly so with regard to high-class paintings."

The Museum shows a reduction in the increase in the number of new exhibits not only from the difficulty in purchasing, but because of the danger of transportation, and all its purchases of the last few years on the Continent are being held and also the results of the Museum's excavations in Egypt. Funds are also cut down because of the increased cost of maintenance with no additional appropriation from the city.

"Although the Museum does not eat," said Mr. Robinson, "its employes do, and, last Winter, all receiving salaries of $1,200 or under were voted a bonus of 5 per cent. for 1916 and 10 per cent. for the current year. The cost of supplies for our regular work has increased by leaps and bounds. Coal is the most striking example, and we have before us now the prospect of a $10,000 increase in that one item alone. It is difficult to get some materials that we wish at any price. The dearth in textile materials not made by our manufacturers has come at a particularly hard time for us. We now have a new wing nearly ready for occupancy; we are rearranging some of our older galleries where the wall coverings have become faded and there are so few materials from which to make a choice and the prices are so high that we have been able to obtain them for only a few rooms. Some of the old wall coverings have been painted over to obtain the effect desired. Even for the exhibition cases which we make in our own shops there has been great difficulty in getting hold of metal for their framework."

Twenty-nine employes of the Museum are in war service. Some of those who have been called were valuable department men.

The Cow Won.

An official of the board of health in a town not far from Boston notified a citizen that his license to keep a cow on his premises had expired. In reply to this letter the official received the following communication:

Monsieur Bord of Helt—I jus get your notis that my licens to keep my cow has expire. I wish to inform you, M'sieur Bord of Helt, that my cow she beat you to it—she expire t'ree week ago. Much oblige. Yours with respek. PETE.

—Omaha World Herald

Good Old Butter.

Fifteen or sixteen years ago a crock of butter escaped from captivity, falling into the well on the Pierce place, near Auxvasse, where it was forgotten until the other day, when, while cleaning out the well, J. Ed Mann found it. A hard crust had formed over the top of the butter, but Mr. Mann told the Review that when this was taken off the butter seemed as fresh and as yellow as when it took a tumble.—Kansas City Times.

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Important

(Monday Only)

In instances where the lots in this column are small, and we cannot guarantee that they will remain on sale all day, we state at the bottom of such items: "While they last; no mail, phone or C. O. D. orders."

Men's High Grade Shirts, for Quick Clearance at 1.00

A remarkable offering of shirts that were made to sell for 1.50 and 2.00. Laundered and soft cuff styles in a wide variety of pleasing colorings. All are brand new and strictly perfect. Sizes are here from 14 to 17. No mail, phone or C. O. D. orders at the low price of 1.00. *First Floor.*

Men's 2.00 Soft Hats, 1.50

Our entire stock of 2.00 soft hats reduced in price for one day only at 1.50. The lot comprises new fall styles in browns, grays and greens in all head size dimensions. *Second Floor.*

Women's Silk Lisle Hose, 29c

Broken lots of women's silk lisle hose in navy, champagne, gray and white. They are slight irregulars of the 59c. grade. On sale while they last at the low price of 29c pair. No mail or phone orders. *First Floor.*

Men's 25c Garters, 17c

Men's Paris and Boston garters, with satin pads, in all colors. Low priced at 17c pair. *First Floor, Notion Dept.*

Georgette Crepe, 1.65 Yd.

Georgette crepe in all the leading shades for gowns, waists and children's dancing frocks. This material was made to sell for 1.85 the yard; for Monday only at 1.65 the yard. *First Floor.*

50c Stocks and Jabots, 39c

White and cream jabots, made of plain net and trimmed with shadow and imitation of Filet lace. *First Floor.*

Satin Stripe Wall Papers, 7½c

Regular 15c to 18c wall papers in colorings and widths suitable for bedrooms. Cut out borders to match are priced at 5c and 6c per yard. *Fourth Floor.*

Sale of Five Hundred Kiddies' Rompers, 1.00

Regularly 1.50 and 2.00

You save one-third and one-half on the prettiest, daintiest, best-made rompers the market has presented this season.

They are made of high grade, firm chambray in pink, blue and buff color, and in white madras, in any number of fascinating effects.

Picture a chubby child you know in pale blue rompers with white pique pointed yoke, cuffs and pockets, with fat, waddling geese embroidered thereon.

Or pink rompers with feather stitching and tiny white ruffle at neck and wrist, and a scratching hen embroidered on the front, right where the kiddie can see it.

Or tan rompers, hand smocked and trimmed with stitching.

Scores of others, embroidered and smocked, in sizes 1 to 4 years.

Regular prices, 1.50 and 2.00

While they last, on sale at **1.00**

Bamberger's—Second Floor.

Xmas Card Engraving Reduced

For Two Days Only Priced Very Low

You may select the cards from our large assortment—it is at its best right now—scores from which to choose.

Reg. 1.00—50 engraved from your own plate, on sale, **50c**

Reg. 1.75—100 engraved from your own plate, on sale, **1.00**

These prices for engraving only. Cards come at a wide price range.

Bamberger's—First Floor.

"Chu Chin Chow"

Newest of Neckwear

Scarf and bag sets—jabots—fluffy chin choux—their inspiration drawn from "Chu Chin Chow," that colorful musical play of the East.

Scarfs and bags are of satin—vivid, typical designs embroidered in gold, silver and silk threads on dark satin grounds—finished with metal fringe, beads and silk tassels. The scarfs, 5.50 to 10.00; bags to match, 7.00 to 10.00.

Stocks and jabots—the stocks of white satin, the full, oddly shaped jabots of lace showing Chinese figures, 2.25.

Chin choux—full, wide-spreading bows of maline fastened to satin stocks—they wear them with evening frocks as well as street dresses, 1.75.

Bamberger's—First Floor.

Demonstration and Instruction

"Pingocraft" is a new art and a good investment for your "pinmoney."

Join our classes and learn the new way to make beautiful gifts, and decorate the home with such useful articles as doorsteps, electric lamps, book ends, yarn holders and many other articles essential to the home. The models are clearly outlined in design ready for the application of color.

We have arranged to give free instructions to those wishing to become proficient in this art and not being familiar with the handling of paints. Begin now!

Bamberger's—Sixth Floor.

1.50 Ribbons on sale at 69c yd.

A sale to create a furore!

Four hundred yards of very beautiful, extra wide ribbons in brilliant color stripe effects, combining satin and taffeta—extremely desirable for developing the smart handbags now in vogue.

They are 14 inches wide.

Will serve many uses—for millinery, girdles and Christmas fancy work.

While the quantity lasts, **69c** yard.

Bamberger's—First Floor.

Exhibition and Sale

of Chinese and Japanese Embroideries and Art Objects

One-fourth less

A superb collection of mandarin skirts, coats, altar cloths, wall pieces, table mats and other samples of the exquisite hand-work of long ago.

A wonderful assemblage of typical bronzes, porcelains, teakwood, lamps, cloissonne, incense burners, hand-carved elephants, jewelry—

A particularly interesting assortment of just-arrived packages of tea, ginger, gum quats and Chinese sweetmeats.

The sale prices are truly extraordinary. A certain Chinese merchant and collector received the cargo too late for selling through the regular channels, which made it possible for us to offer them at one-fourth below what they would ordinarily bring.

Bamberger's—Fourth Floor.

1.75 All-Wool Broadcloth, 1.29 yard

Its soft pliability makes this broadcloth exceptionally desirable for making handsome frocks, suits and coat for women, misses and little girls.

It is 52 inches wide and may be cut without a bit of waste.

A splendid winter weight. Shown in myrtle green, cadet blue, wine, plum, navy, back and other fashionable colors.

We sell this broadcloth regularly in stock at 1.75.

Monday, if you come before 800 yards are gone, you may buy it at 1.29 the yard. An unusual opportunity.

Bamberger's—Second Floor.

Thanksgiving Dinners for Camp Dix Boys, 1.50

To Be Delivered at Camp Dix on Thanksgiving Morning by the Motor Delivery Service of Bamberger's.

Boxes on Special Order At Soldiers' Comforts, 2d Floor.

Send your boy a Thanksgiving Dinner, to be freshly made up and packed by Bamberger's the DAY BEFORE Thanksgiving, and delivered right into the hands of your boy on Thanksgiving Morning.

BOXES TO CONTAIN:

Half Roast Stuffed Chicken
Generous Piece Fruit Cake
Two Delicious Oranges
Half-Pound Assorted Nuts
Container of Cranberry Sauce

1.50

Container of Potato Salad
Bottle of Olives
One Large Fresh Apple
One Bar of Taffy
Celery Also Included

We pack these boxes fresh the day before. We deliver it for you. We send your boy word that it is coming. Place your order tomorrow, as we need sufficient time to order contents of the boxes. Other boxes prepared also for boys in the camps further South and on Long Island.

L. BAMBERGER & CO.

NEWARK N J

The New York Times.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1917.

CLEMENCEAU AGAIN PREMIER OF FRANCE

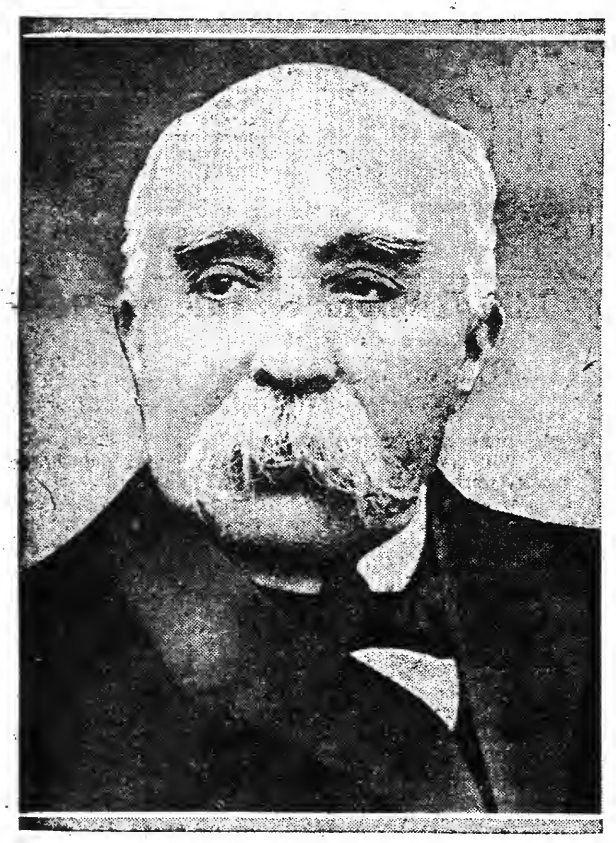
Sensational Career of the Man Who Has Upset More Ministries Than He Can Remember—Once Lived Here.

FOR the second time in his sensational career, Georges Clemenceau is Premier of France. But this is the first time, in all his record as a "destroyer" of other men's power, that he has himself replaced the Premier whom he overthrew.

Some time before Clemenceau was first made Prime Minister of France—he was 65 years old when, in 1906, that honor came to him—a friend asked him how many Ministries he had destroyed. He replied pleasantly that he was quite unable to remember.

Many men have risen and fallen from power since then, and Clemenceau's hand has lost none of its cunning. The "tombeur des Ministères," they have called him for years in Paris—the overthrower of Ministries. And now, after a period of comparative quiet, at the age of 76, he has emerged from something that must have seemed to him almost obscurity, and wrecked a Cabinet again. It was Clemenceau who began the Parliamentary attack against "Bolo-ism," and it was on that issue that M. Painlevé fell.

A master of epigram, Clemenceau has made his phrases as much feared as his arguments. In his adventurous political career he has also won a number of sobriquets for himself. "The Overthrower of Ministries" has been the most persistent of his nicknames. "The Tiger" is another title that has been bestowed upon Clemenceau. "The kingmaker" has been a phrase frequently used in reference to his career, but that one is not exactly descriptive, for he has unmade rulers more often than he has advanced them. Other



Georges Clemenceau.

nicknames are "The Stormy Petrel of French Politics" and the "Red Indian." And there was a time years ago in France when his political enemies cast at him the epithet, "Yankee Schoolmaster," in allusion to his residence and activities in the United States.

Clemenceau's father was imprisoned by Napoleon III. at the time of the coup d'etat that destroyed the Second Republic, and the son has been a true child of the Revolution. It is characteristic of him that he supported General Boulanger as long as he believed him to be working in the interests of the republic, and that when the "Man on Horseback" was seen to be scheming for the return of the Bourbons, Clemenceau rose up and drove him from power.

Before he was 20 Georges was thrown into prison for shouting "Vive la République!" on the streets of Paris, in the midst of the celebration of one of the imperial anniversaries. He served his term in jail, and then, practically an exile, he came to America.

Between 1865 and 1869 he lived in this country, chiefly in New York and in Stamford, Conn. He had been educated as a physician, and it was as a medical practitioner that he established himself on West Twelfth Street and became known in the neighborhood about Washington Square. Before he left France he had made the acquaintance of William E. Marshall, the artist who made the famous engraving of Lincoln, and it was as his friend, and indeed upon his invitation, that the young physician came to New York.

But Georges Clemenceau, though his father had been a physician before him and generations of his family had followed that profession, was not successful as a doctor of medicine. He was not deeply interested in his calling. It is true that his university thesis for his doctor's degree was not only considered an important work at the time, but was still consulted as authoritative fifty years after he had written it. But, even as a student in Paris, young Clemenceau had found time to inform himself carefully on political questions and to contribute controversial papers to the political reviews. In New York he gravitated naturally toward the study of social and political conditions. And he drew his income not from the practice of his profession, but largely from the letters about things in America that he sent to the papers at home. Clemenceau wrote back to Paris that his first impression of the Americans was that they had "no general ideas and no good coffee."

Whatever he thought of our coffee, Clemenceau did study our ideas, our conditions of living, our government, and our language. He had had an academic knowledge of English when he left France; it soon became idiomatic. He traveled, too, visiting the Middle West, and going as far South as Richmond. But he could not travel further in the South, he said, because the condition of that section of the country, just defeated in the civil war, was too sad for him to contemplate. He returned to New York, was a constant reader at the Astor Library, and made a number of good friends, especially Eugene Bushe, a lawyer, who was his neighbor on Twelfth Street. When Clemenceau failed to build up a medical practice and the money that he got from France proved insufficient, Bushe introduced him to the mistress of a girls' boarding school, a Miss Aiken, who employed him as teacher of the French language and literature in her "young ladies" seminary" at Stamford.

There Clemenceau translated the works of John Stuart Mill into French, was an indefatigable student of American politics, became known as a serious scholar, and surprised his acquaintances by falling in love with one of his young pupils and marrying her. It was not, however, until Miss Mary Plummer of Springfield had completed her course of studies at Miss Aiken's school and gone to New York to visit an uncle, that Dr. Clemenceau made known his personal interest in her. They were married in June, 1869; and early in 1870, he left the school where he had taught for two and a half years, and went back, with his wife, to France. After some years Mrs. Clemenceau obtained a divorce. Clemenceau married again.

One of the treasures of the New York Library is a copy of Clemenceau's thesis on anatomy, with the writer's signature on the title page, "Presented to the Astor Library by the author, G. Clemenceau," with the date, "New York, Oct. 19, 1867." One thing that he said in those days has been frequently quoted—that France would some day be a republic, and that he, the radical, might yet be its President.

Throughout the Franco-Prussian war and the siege of Paris Clemenceau was Mayor of the district of Montmartre. One of his duties during the siege was to see that 150,000 men were properly fed. Another was to look after thousands of refugees. He was also responsible for large amounts of money, and they tell a story that, foreseeing the accusations against any one's honesty that might be made in those trying days, he took the precaution of engaging an expert accountant to "check up" and make public his use of every sou of public funds. At the end of the war he did all he could to gain "home rule" for Paris, and then found himself the enemy of the Commune.

In 1871 he was elected to the General Assembly, and it is interesting to note that he was opposed to a treaty of peace. From 1871 to 1875 he was a member of the Paris Municipal Council, of which he became President, and in 1876 he was elected member from Montmartre in the Chamber of Deputies, where he soon became leader of the Radicals. From the outset of his career in the French Parliament he was the bitter opponent of the Royalists, and soon became known for his eloquence and independence of action. Men could not predict the action of Clemenceau. He was independent even in his radicalism, and he followed no leader but his own principles. They called him the undisciplined vandal in those early days when he was making a reputation as an upsetter of other men's careers.

His political power was increased by his journalistic activities. In 1880 he founded La Justice, the great daily paper of which he became chief editor. He destroyed the Fourton-Broglie administration. He overthrew Boulanger. He caused the fall of Jules Grévy, and of Jules Ferry. He wrecked the activities and position of M. Freycinet at least three times.

Yet his own policy was a consistent radical Republicanism, clear and practical; he stood for the realization of all that the revolution had hoped and dreamed. He was opposed, we may note, to the alliance with Russia, determined that his country should not be joined in so close a friendship with a despotic power. He unceasingly upheld the complete separation of Church and State. He urged constantly the development of French resources to the utmost. And those who have watched his career closely point out the growth of the man's political philosophy from his early reckless radicalism to the saner advocacy of a just and free democracy.

But in 1893 he fell. He fell with a completeness that was universally believed to be hopeless. He was disgraced, finished. He was accused of complicity in disloyalties and dishonesties in connection with the Panama Canal scandals. He met every charge against his integrity. The attack on him in the Chamber utterly broke down. But his own constituents turned against him. He was literally put out of politics. For nine years he had no connection with the Government of France.

But two years after his overthrow a very different Clemenceau made his appearance in the world of French letters. The wily politician, the reckless duelist, the insolent hounder of his foes, was gone. In his place was a philosopher and littérateur, a man who wrote exquisite prose, a lover of nature, a friend of humankind. Among his writings during that period were a book on the philosophy of Nature, "Great Pan"; a novel of social life, "The Strongest"; a play of which the scene was laid at the Court of China, and some notable criticisms. But he returned in a few years to journalism. His old paper had gone down in the wreck of its chief's career. But when the Dreyfus affair suddenly burst upon France, a new journal, L'Aurore, edited by M. Clemenceau, made its appearance. It was devoted to the proving of Dreyfus's innocence.

Clemenceau was back in the active world of French affairs with a vengeance. With his tireless defense of Dreyfus, he became, as some one has said, "the sentient conscience of France in print." It was in Clemenceau's paper that Zola published his famous "J'accuse." Month after month Clemenceau wrote articles of which Sydney Brooks states: "They remain, I suppose, the most brilliant masterpieces of polemics that French literature has produced since Pascal's famous 'Provincial Letters.' At the time of their appearance their effect was prodigious. No publicist did more, very few did as much, to guide French opinion through the mazes of that exhausting crisis."

And the political world that Clemenceau thus dramatically re-entered, he has never left. In 1902 the same constituency that had forsaken him in his hour of trial returned him triumphantly to the Senate. In the Spring of 1906 he was appointed to public office for the first time in his life as Minister of the Interior. In November of that year upon the retirement of M. Sarrien, he became Premier.

While he was in office the most important thing that happened was the great miners' strike, which the Socialists organized. Knowing his revolutionary tendencies, the miners expected his sympathy, especially when he went personally to investigate their complaints But with the first outbreak of violence Clemenceau became a ruler of iron. The soldiers were called out and the riots were put down. Clemenceau found himself attacked by the Socialists and involved in a personal controversy with Jaurès. But when he asked the latter whether he, in a position of authority, would have acted differently, the Socialist leader was unable to reply.

In 1909 his old enemy, Delcassé, rose up suddenly and overthrew his Ministry. A discussion over naval affairs sprang up almost overnight. There were scandals, investigations, controversies. In a verbal duel with Delcassé—in the early years of Clemenceau's activity his duels were frequently not verbal—the Premier, to quote a newspaper dispatch, "seemed, for the first time in his Parliamentary career, to lose his head." Certainly he lost his temper, declared that Delcassé had "humiliated France," and stalked out of the room. The President shortly after offered the Premiership to M. Leon Bourgeois.

But Clemenceau's power was not broken. He kept his place in the Senate In 1912 he overthrew Caillaux's Ministry. In 1913 he wrecked Briand's Cabinet on the issue of proportional representation. He started a new paper L'Homme Libre. When the present war began he entered the Viviani Ministry For some time he was Chairman of the Parliamentary Committee on the Army

His patriotism is well known, but he has never hesitated in the midst of the stress of war to argue, criticise, and actually attack where he believed that a need for opposition existed. In September, 1914, he published in his paper—which he had moved to Toulouse—a plea for preferential treatment for German prisoners from Alsace. For this his journal was ordered suspended for eight days. Clemenceau did not stop publication. He changed the name of his paper L'Homme Libre (The Free Man) to L'Homme Enchaîné, (The Man in Chains.) And its editor continued to criticise. The paper has been temporarily suppressed several times.

In April of this year he was outspoken in his censure of the management of the allied offensive. He was somewhat scornful of America's long-continued neutrality, but was enthusiastic in his welcome when the United States entered the war.

The AEOLIAN-VOCALION

PERIOD STYLE 1493
Queen Anne, 1702-1714

IN this design, the Holland influence, a factor in Queen Anne Furniture, is very marked.

The cowed base, whose curve is continued by the characteristic "cabriole" leg, gives this Vocalion a grace very pleasing to those who admire this Period. The finely moulded top, the shaped chamfering of the corners and the decorative grille, all contribute to the harmony of the whole.

The Aeolian Company announces

PERIOD STYLE VOCALIONS

AT POPULAR PRICES

16 Beautiful Styles *from* $215. upward

Terms as low as $10. monthly

THE introduction of these superbly cased instruments represents the third great achievement of The Aeolian Company in developing the phonograph.

First—this Company produced the most musical phonograph that has ever been heard.

Second—in the Graduola expression attachment it provided the only satisfactory and artistic means for controlling the phonograph's tone yet devised.

Third—The Aeolian Company, the first to depart from the conventional lines in designing Art Style Phonographs, now presents this superior phonograph in a wide variety of Period Cases that are in line with the finest furniture designing of the present day and that in price are within the reach of almost every phonograph purchaser.

HARMONY IN HOME FURNISHING

In selecting furniture for even the moderate home the purchaser is now enabled to secure a harmony of effect that in the past was available only to the wealthy. The Aeolian Company has recognized this condition and has taken steps to meet it. The superb group of Period Style Vocalions here announced is its response to the growing popular demand for *phonographs* of reasonable price that will harmonize with the finest modern furniture.

Like the best examples of furniture of today, these Period Vocalions have their origin in the rich traditions of the historic past. Furthermore, they are thoroughly adapted to the practical needs of the present, making them a true product of this age as well as beautiful illustrations of the art of the cabinet-maker of ages past.

There are sixteen of these Period models with motifs ranging from Gothic and Jacobean through Queen Anne, Chippendale and others, to our own American Duncan Phyfe.

SUPERIORITY OF THE AEOLIAN-VOCALION

Every one contemplating the purchase of a phonograph should visit Aeolian Hall before making any selection.

The Aeolian-Vocalion is now recognized as the leading phonograph upon the market.

Its positive superiority of cases, as manifested both in the new Period Styles and in the many conventional models in which it is made, is but one of its striking advantages.

The Aeolian-Vocalion's supremacy extends to *Tone, Tone-Control, Ability to Play All Records, Appearance, and Auxiliary Features.*

SPECIAL DISPLAY THIS WEEK

The public is cordially invited to visit the Vocalion Salons at Aeolian Hall this week. The new Period Styles will be on display as well as a complete line of conventional models. Aeolian Hall will be open day and evening until the Holidays. The merely interested as well as possible purchasers are welcome.

Vocalion Prices are—Conventional Models, $45 to $375. With Graduola from $110. Period Models from $215 to $650.

The AEOLIAN COMPANY

In the BRONX 367 East 149th St. | *In MANHATTAN* 29 West 42nd Street | *In BROOKLYN* 11 Flatbush Ave.

A NEW AEOLIAN HALL in NEWARK - 895 BROAD STREET

WORKING FOR SOLUTION OF AUTO THEFT PROBLEM

Favorable Reception of Secretary Hugo's Suggestion—Locking Device No Bar to Expert Thief.

Secretary of State Hugo said last week that he had received a large number of favorable replies from owners, manufacturers, and dealers to the suggestion which he recently made as a means of curtailing thefts of motor cars, that the manufacturer's number should be affixed on the steering column of the car, in addition to being placed on the motor. One of the replies came from the Secretary of State of Ohio, who said he was anxious to co-operate in any way that would reduce the automobile theft evil. Secretary Hugo intimated that in the near future a conference of representatives from the leading motor organizations would be held to determine some definite plan to present to the manufacturing interests.

Investigation of statistics on motor car thefts compiled by the Police Department revealed the fact that more cars are usually stolen around the first of January than at any other period of the year. One reason is that a large number of cars has generally been sold during the holidays. The cars are new models and of more value than those in use for a year or more. The owner hardly knows it when he sees it from a dozen other cars of the same make. It has no identifying marks. After he has owned it long enough to be in an accident or two, it has its own distinguishing characteristics. It is Winter, and when an owner drives up he lets his engine run, so that all the thief has to do is to step in and help himself. The weather is against possible pursuers, with the result that the thief takes time by the forelock and makes his haul while the year is young.

Many cars are stolen through the medium of the chauffeur—and the chauffeur may be perfectly innocent. He often is. When the habits of a certain car are being watched with a view of unwarranted ownership, the chauffeur makes more friends than at any other time; agreeable fellows who buy him drinks and get him to talk about his employer. When the car is lifted, however, the one who cultivated the chauffeur is not in evidence. Even when wholly innocent chauffeurs may grow careless, many owners are putting in the agreement with the chauffeur a clause that he shall forfeit two weeks' wages if the car disappears while he is in charge.

Before a car is stolen its habits, as they are known in the profession, are watched. The thieves know the routine of the car's life; they know where it goes, when it goes, and for how long it will remain unwatched. If the thieves are to "lift" a car, while the car is waiting in front of a man's office, they do not simply get in and ride away. The car is watched until they know with some degree of accuracy how long it will stand unoccupied, and then when the opportune time comes they avail themselves of the car's wait and speed away over a route previously determined.

No fewer than five persons are usually implicated in the stealing of a car. They are the locater, the grabber, the garage owner, the mechanic, and the fence. The "locater" is the one who picks out the car to be stolen; the "grabber" is the one who drives the car off; the mechanic disguises the car, while the "fence" disposes of the stolen property.

Of the locks designed to prevent theft the commonest is the gasoline lock, but it has certain disadvantages. There are a number of locks for cutting off the fuel supply, one being a combination lock worked on the principle of a Post Office box, to appeal to the man who has the habit of leaving his key in his other clothes. The lock is worked by tumblers which, falling into the pipe line, cut off the fuel. But even this does not keep the thief away, for the thief of today goes prepared for such an emergency. He not only carries a small kit of tools with him, but in addition a bottle. In the bottle is gasoline. He has observed the habits of the car; he knows approximately when the owner will return, and so he does not even have to test the car to see if the fuel lock is on. He knows this car has such a lock and is prepared. With his steel nippers he cuts the fuel line below the lock and with the rubber tubing from his beer bottle feeds gasoline into the carburetor. He is off to a garage, while the owner comes out and puzzles his head how anybody could have moved his car when he simply never let it stand without locking.

The only safeguard is to remove the motor, for without this there is no ignition and motors are not easily duplicated in case the thief wanted to slip in another.

Too much dependence must not be placed on the gasoline lock without preparatory caution on the part of the driver. He must remember that there is enough gasoline in the carburetor to carry his car a block or even two blocks, even though the fuel line is cut off. The thief can thus get the car out of sight and around the corner and there doctor it at will. This objection to a fuel lock may be overcome by shutting off the power a block before the point where the car is to be stopped. If this is forgotten, the driver may keep the engine running until it dies of itself.

Appliances for the steering wheel, the gears, or the brakes that make use of a chain or some mechanical part are only a moment's hindrance to a thief. He has come equipped with pliers for all that.

The commonest lock, and the one that the average inventor turns his ingenuity upon, is a mechanism for locking the wheel. Many of these are home made. These can be nipped by the thief, and especially so if he is working under cover of night, but there is another objection to them that is a bad handicap to the new owner who puts his faith in them. In most cities they are forbidden by the fire laws. This by reason of the fact that if a fire should break out and the fire trucks came clattering up the firemen would not be able to get the chained car out of the way.

In addition, there is another discouraging feature in placing one's faith in a lock. An owner locks his car with a patent device that human ingenuity cannot break and goes into a store for a few minutes. While he is gone a workman in overalls comes down the street in a wrecking car. In his hand is a piece of paper. Backing up to the car, he fastens on a towline, and is just starting off when a policeman comes up and asks him what he is doing. His answer is that he is from a garage and to show the officer the slip of paper bearing the make of the car, its number and location. The man in overalls supplies the power, and the car is off; safely out of sight, an accomplice steps out, unfastens the towline, gets in, and joyously rides away.

Certain factors removed from locks are, however, working to make life happier for the car owner. One is the recommendation of the Society of Automotive Engineers that the location of all engine numbers be standardized, the location being on the crankcase proper, at the front end, as near the middle as possible. Another suggestion is to make the license number and the engine number the same. Another plan, originated in Toledo, is to stamp by chemical process the serial number of the car on the windshield, with the name of the owner and his home address. In case of theft a broken windshield would immediately arouse suspicion.

HEADLIGHT UNIFORMITY.

Automotive Engineers Meet State Representatives to Discuss Measure.

In an effort to obtain uniform State laws regulating automobile headlights, representatives from New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, and Pennsylvania met with a committee from the Society of Automotive Engineers last week in the Engineers' Building.

Many States have been approving certain makes of anti-glare devices, but these are only effective if the lamp is properly adjusted before the anti-glare device is fitted, which means that placing the stamp of approval on any device is useless.

The restrictions on any headlight to prevent glare require the beam of light not to be higher than 42 inches from the surface of the road. It was admitted that present legislation is not satisfactory, but no definite conclusion was reached as to the correct method of enforcing the 42-inch rule, which all agree is the desired condition to be had with lamps.

Electric Truck Utility.

A large gasoline automobile company has a fleet of forty-nine electric industrial trucks, and in its plant, which covers about 110 acres of floor space, the average hauls are 150 feet. The trucks pull loads up 12 per cent. grades. The cars are housed in an 80 by 80 foot garage. The operating record of a two-ton truck was kept during one month, and the average cost per ton-mile was: Labor, $2.04; power, .066; maintenance, .010; investment and depreciation, .017; average total cost per ton-mile, $2.133.

This truck averaged 3.7 miles per day loaded, plus the same mileage empty, and its average total tonnage was 14.1.

READY FOR SERVICE IN ALL WEATHERS.

The Velie Light Six Cabriolet designed for town use under all conditions by night or day, accommodating three persons besides the driver. Shown by the Garland Auto Company.

AUTO TRADE NOTES

Harry Stowe of the Mitchell Motor Car Company reports that business conditions are very satisfactory. The automobile business in the West, and particularly in the Southwest, is very good, he says, owing to the fact that the farmers are getting high prices for their products. The same is true in Philadelphia, where the sale of automobiles has shown a big increase during the past few weeks.

Instead of zone managers the United States Motor Truck Company will appoint assistant sales managers, who will have charge of certain States, with headquarters in prominent cities, according to the announcement just made by Forrest J. Alvin, general manager.

The Haynes Automobile Company of Kokomo, Ind., will open a factory branch in Detroit, Mich. It will be in charge of D. L. Wilson, formerly Assistant General Manager of the company.

President Henry Drouet of the L. & D. Motors, Inc., announces the removal of the company's salesrooms from Sixty-third Street and Broadway to 237 West Fifty-eighth Street at Broadway.

The Colt-Stratton Company will open an instruction course for owner of Dodge motor cars at 109 West Sixty-fourth Street tomorrow.

The Sandorf Automobile Company has completed an addition to its salesrooms at 1,763 Broadway.

Two Maxwell cars were recently driven a total of 10,000 miles at an expense of only 50 cents. One Maxwell was driven 4,460 miles without one cent for repairs. The other Maxwell covered 5,088 miles and required repairs amounting to 50 cents.

The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company of Akron, Ohio, has instituted meatless Tuesdays and wheatless Wednesdays in the company's three restaurants.

Sales reports of the Saxon Motor Car Corporation show a large number of orders for Southern points. Dealers point out that hereafter the South will be a much better retail field. They base their assertion on the belief that one motor car in a community is salesman for several others because it creates an appetite for ownership.

The Marmon Automobile Company of New York, Inc., has moved to its new showrooms at 1,680 Broadway. The former six-story building at 42 West Sixty-second Street will be devoted to service station work.

Reports to Guy O. Simons, President of the Stevens Sales Company of Detroit, Eastern Michigan distributers for Willys-Overland and Willys-Knight cars, state that the company will display no new models at the National Automobile Soows in January.

The Westcott Express Company of New York City, which has 100 Willys-Knight taxicabs in use, has placed an order for fifty additional cars with Willys-Overland, Inc., of Toledo.

LETTERS FROM HOME DELIVERED IN CAMP BY MOTOR TRUCK.

The utility of the motor truck has been shown to great advantage in the construction and transportation service of the large army camps where thousands of young men are being trained for military duty. The above picture shows its use as a mail carrier—bringing fond messages from home to the boys in khaki—thus proving its worth as an antidote for homesickness. This is one of thirty-three White two-ton trucks which had hard service in Mexico and are now at Camp Dodge, Iowa, in command of Captain K. G. Martin of United States Truck Company No. 57. In the transportation tests it was found that an entire company of soldiers could be loaded from the ground with rifles and equipment in fifteen seconds. Experiments have also been made in field manoeuvres and trains of trucks run in sections, each section loaded with men detailed for special duty, such as the laying of signal lines, the placing of explosive charges and the guarding of approaches. In every instance, Captain Martin says, the rapid transportation provided by the trucks proved satisfactory.

ARMY MOTOR BATTERIES.

First Complete Equipment at Fort Sill—Engineers Needed for Service.

The first complete motorized battery has been formed at Fort Sill, Okla., in charge of Captain W. H. Capron. The battery consists of four guns with their limbers and six caissons with their limbers, six ammunition trucks, a store truck and a machine shop or repair truck. In the case of guns of smaller calibre a tractor will haul a section of artillery which consists of a caisson and its limber and a gun and its limber. Each tractor pulls a load of about nine tons. The vehicles used are six trucks, a tractor and a touring car.

The entire brigade as proposed by the War Department will be composed of three regiments, having a maximum strength of 3,685 officers and men. It will have 72 guns and 108 caissons. To keep this equipment working will require 186 ammunition trucks, 27 store trucks, 90 tractors, 9 repair trucks, 21 repair cars, 9 passenger trucks, 9 tank trucks and 37 supply trucks, all motor driven. In addition to these vehicles the brigade has 297 motor cycles with side cars and 30 reel carts.

Men of engineering skill are required for the motor service of the army and applications should be sent to Coker F. Clarkson, Secretary of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense, Washington, D. C.

79,675 Ford Cars in October.

During the month of October the Ford Motor Company made 79,675 cars. In the last six months their production was 469,125, or at the rate of 938,270 per annum. The estimated production for the year was placed at 900,000, about 3,000 per day.

MOTOR CAR NOT HUMAN.

A Fine Piece of Machinery Demanding Care for Efficiency.

"One trouble with the average motor car owner," says the manager of an automobile service company, "is that he fails to realize that the automobile is a piece of very fine machinery, and that it will render service in proportion to the attention it receives. It is not human, and will not cry out when abused.

"When it becomes necessary, through accident, neglect, abuse, or other cause to make a change, one should seek the advice and services of the dealer from whom he has bought the car. This dealer has the interest of the car at heart more than any other person in the trade. But if distance makes the dealer unavailable, it is cheaper in the end to employ the best mechanic."

BIGGEST AUTO SHOW ASSURED FOR NEW YORK

Ninety-five Makes of Cars and 245 Accessory Exhibits for National Show in Grand Central Palace Early in January.

The total number of new exhibitors of cars for the New York automobile show in Grand Central Palace from Jan. 5 to 12 will be thirteen, while the number of new accessory exhibitors will be 127, making a grand total of 95 makes of cars and 245 exhibitors of accessories. The entire four floors of the building will be completely filled with exhibits. The Chicago show will be held from January 26 to February 2.

The new exhibitors of cars allotted space are: American Motors Corporation, Anderson Motor Company, Camden Motors Corporation, Comet Automobile Company, Dixie Motor Car Company, Inc., Doble-Detroit Steam Motors Company, Harroun Motors Corporation, Malbohn Motors Company, Monitor Motor Car Company, Moore Motor Vehicle Company, Olympian Motors Company, Pan American Motors Corporation, and Stanley Motor Carriage Company.

The following makes of cars, as members of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, will exhibit at the shows: Gasoline—Abbett, Allen, Apperson, Auburn, Austin, Briscoe, Buick, Cadillac, Case, Chalmers, Chandler, Chevrolet, Cole, Columbia, Crew, Davis, Detroiter, Dodge, Dorris, Dort, Elgin, Elkhart, Empire, Fiat, Franklin, Grant, Glide, Hackett, Hal, Haynes, Hudson, Hupp, Interstate, Jackson, Jordan, King, Kissel, Kline, Lewis, Lexington, Liberty, Marion-Handley, Marmon, Maxwell, McFarlan, Mercer, Mitchell, Moline, Monroe, Moon, Nash, National, Oakland, Olds, Overland, Owen, Packard, Paige, Paterson, Peerless, Pierce-Arrow, Premier, Regal, Reo, Roamer, Saxon, Scripps, Standard, Stearns, Stephens, Studebaker, Stutz, Velie, Westcott, Willys, and Winton; Electrics—Anderson, Baker, Milburn, Ohio, and Wood.

AUTO CHANGES NEEDED FOR USE IN WINTER

Overhaul the Lubricating System Before Cold Weather—How to Test Oils for Proper Circulation.

By WILLIAM H. STEWART, JR.

Do not neglect to overhaul the lubricating system before Winter is far advanced. It is a job which the ordinary driver avoids because it is dirty. But serious trouble may follow if the work is not done in time. Winter, with its low temperature, brings unusual conditions and the various lubricants used must be adapted to the change.

Doubtless the oil in the crank case has been changed about every 1,500 miles during the Summer, a rule which should be followed all Winter. But frequently the motorist neglects to clean the crank case when changing oils and so the dirt and grit remain in the bottom of the crank case to contaminate the new oil. To avoid this, empty the old oil and fill to the proper level with kerosene. Run the engine under its own power from half to three-quarters of a minute in order to wash down all the old oil and the impurities with it. Then drain thoroughly and fill with fresh lubricant.

Ordinarily the oil base should be removed and the strainer, pump, and pipes thoroughly cleaned. A new gasket should then be fitted. This is more of a job than the average person wishes to undertake, so the kerosene method may be considered fairly satisfactory.

Before installing the new oil consider whether it is adapted to the new season or not. The working temperature may be the same, but the oil sump is exposed to every blast of cold air and the oil may be chilled to a point where it cannot flow. As soon as freezing weather arrives make a cold test of the lubricant as follows: Place half a tumbler of the oil in some place where it may be exposed to the elements. Watch it from day to day. If it thickens and refuses to flow at any time it is hardly suited to your engine. Use a slightly thinner oil or one not too sluggish at low temperatures. If inconvenient to change the oil immediately, garage the car in a warm place and do not take it out until the engine has run several minutes and the oil circulation is insured. The warm oil flowing back into the sump soon brings it to a temperature where the cold will have no bad effect upon it. If obliged to let the car stand any length of time with engine not running, you will of course blanket the radiator, which not only protects the cooling system but the oil as well.

There is one danger which is frequently overlooked, and that is an accumulation of water at the bottom of the sump. This results from the products of combustion leaking past the piston, and also from occasional leakage of the cooling system. If the sump is exposed to freezing temperature this water will freeze. If there is much water some may freeze in the oil pump and wreck it. An occasional inspection is advisable.

Change the grease in the gear case and differential case to a heavy oil. A semi-fluid grease or gear compound will thicken in Winter, and will not penetrate where it should. Both places should be flushed with kerosene and the dirt and grit washed down with a long-handled brush. A heavy oil will thicken slightly, but it will soften quickly in use, and will then flow to the places where it is needed, whereas a grease will be pushed aside and stay there, being useless as a lubricant.

Autoists to Hear Magistrate House.

Magistrate Frederick B. House of the Traffic Court will be the guest of the Motor Truck Club of America at a dinner next Wednesday evening, at the Automobile Club of America. He will speak on traffic conditions in the city.

REO

Salient Features of The New Reo Six—$1385

50 HORSE POWER, Six cylinder motor cast in threes

REO DESIGNED, Reo made—as are also all other units including body and top.

126 INCH Wheel Base.

CANTILEVER rear springs—Semi-elliptic front springs.

FULL FLOATING rear axle—also designed and made in the Reo plants.

TIMKEN BEARINGS throughout.

NOISELESS spiral-bevel driving gears.

REO ONE-ROD centre control. The original and still the best.

HYATT QUIET bearings in transmission—at all points.

MULTIPLE Dry-disc clutch. A grip of iron in a velvet glove.

BOTH BRAKES operated by foot levers. No hand brake.

CLUTCH AND SERVICE brake are interconnected.

THE SIMPLEST big car in the world to drive.

BOTH BRAKES are provided with ratchet locks—will hold anywhere.

TWO UNIVERSAL Joints in drive shaft—found elsewhere only in highest priced cars. Makers of "flimsy Sixes" consider one "good enough."

TORQUE SHAFT relieves driving mechanism of road stresses.

SUB FRAME carries motor and transmission—relieving sensitive operating parts of road strains. One reason for Reo longevity.

EXTRA LARGE BRAKES—and both sets operating on rear hubs. Insurance for Reo owners.

EXTRA LARGE—and round—spokes in wheels. And twelve in front as well as rear. More insurance.

OVER-SIZE TIRES—34 in. x 4½ in.—Non skid on rear wheels. Demountable rims.

ONE PIECE drop forged front axle—Reo made too. Timken bearings throughout.

PERFECT LUBRICATION system at every moving point. Positive pump feed supplemented by splash in motor. Dope cups everywhere and get-at-able.

REO RADIATOR—Reo designed, Reo made. Efficient and sturdy.

REO-REMY Electric Starting, Lighting and Ignition system. Costs us more—worth it to you.

REO STEERING GEAR—exclusively Reo. No back-lash—self adjusting for wear. Positive.

REO ROADABILITY—the natural tendency of a properly designed perfectly balanced automobile to automatically hold the road.

MOTOR BEARINGS—even main crank-shaft bearings—adjustable from the outside. Being easily and quickly done, you always do it. Result low upkeep and a silent, powerful motor.

THE MOST ACCESSIBLE Six cylinder car in the world—bar none.

50 PER CENT OVERSIZE in all vital parts—crank-shaft, axles, driving shafts, gears, frame, wheels, tires—

THE REO SAFETY FACTOR is the reason for Reo low up-keep. No other car of equal size and power and passenger capacity can show maintenance cost to equal this.

Reo Motor Car Company of New York, Inc.

Broadway at 54th St., New York Telephone Circle 1271-2-3

Brooklyn, N. Y., Branch 1380 Bedford Avenue — Newark, N. J., Branch 37 William Street — New Rochelle Branch 290 Main Street

Reo Motor Car Company, Lansing, Michigan (98-40)

Six-Cylinder Reo
7 Passenger Touring
$1385

Price is f. o. b. Lansing and is subject to increase without notice

THE GOLD STANDARD OF VALUES

SEASONABLE SALE of Rebuilt Stylish Closed Motor Carriages

Week of November 19th to 24th

SALES of closed carriages total up no small part of our enormous annual business. Hudson enclosed jobs are the choicest expressions of the carriage builder's art. Money can buy nothing better. The very latest creations for this winter are now on exhibition and it will be a treat for you to look them over.

For one reason or another you may not desire to lay out money on a new enclosed car—very well, then—your best and logical course is to buy right here at this sale a Hudson closed carriage that has already seen some service.

We have thirty odd Hudson closed jobs ready, and they offer as wide a choice of desirable body styles as you would run across in a day's round of the better class showrooms.

The lot for this sale includes:

CABRIOLETS TOWN CARS SEDANS
TOWN CAR-LANDAULETS LIMOUSINES
LIMOUSINE-LANDAULETS

They have been thoroughly overhauled, repainted, and freshened up—they look and act like new.

Prices for this Sale range from

$1200 to $1800

All these cars have been taken in trade from purchasers of new Hudson Super-Sixes—particular people who always want the very latest in motor carriages turned out by our factory. There isn't a thing wrong with them mechanically—and they are fashionable carriages of the very highest grade of craftmanship.

Don't waste your time and money buying inferior new cars or seconds of unestablished reputation. A Hudson in this sale will not cost you any more and in many cases not as much.

Come and look the offerings over—they are really a fine lot from which to make a selection. You are certain to find the style best suited to your particular requirements.

Hudson Motor Car Co. *of* N.Y.

Used Car Department, 1890 Broadway

Telephone 7460 Columbus

WOMEN SHOPPERS NOW OBEY NEW RULES FOR WININNG WAR

Return-Goods Evil Greatly Reduced — Working on Delivery and Other Problems for Added Savings.

BECAUSE the abuse of the return-goods privilege added from 5 to 10 per cent. to the cost of doing business and because the entrance of the United States into the war made necessary the conservation of the financial resources of the country, the Commercial Economy Board of the Council of National Defense called upon the stores and the public to co-operate in reducing the waste growing out of returns and other shopping irregularities. This led to the adoption of a rule by almost all of the leading stores and shops of the city which reads: "No goods will be received for credit or exchange that are not offered to us within seven days from receipt. This rule does not apply to merchandise that is sold on a strictly non-returnable basis for sanitary or other reasons."

The rule has now been in force close to four months. What has been its effect?

H. A. Saks, President of the Retail Dry Goods Association, which includes in its membership practically all of the city's department stores and specialty shops, said when asked this question: "The New York shopping public has co-operated splendidly with the stores in their endeavor to eliminate the return-goods evil. There has been a noticeable decrease in the percentage of needless returns. The public, as a whole, has shopped more carefully and has assisted the merchants in their endeavor to do away with the waste caused by returns of this kind.

"Not only has the seven-day rule decreased the number of returns, but it has resulted in having the legitimate return made more promptly. The number of customers that have objected to the rule are so few as to be practically unnoticeable, and we believe that, through the co-operation of the public, we have achieved, with a rule much less stringent than those that have been adopted in other cities, a result which compares favorably with that attained in any other community."

In relation to the rules adopted in other cities, as mentioned by Mr. Saks, it may be said that they not only are more stringent than the one adopted here, but are more severe in the West and Middle West than in the East. In some Western communities the period of grace given shoppers ranges from twenty-four to forty-eight hours, while in several Eastern cities the average time limit on returns is from two to three days.

Closely allied to the elimination of the return-goods evil in the campaign of the Commercial Economy Board of the Council of National Defense is that of deliveries. Not only does the board in its latest appeal point out the need and wisdom of a restricted delivery service, in order to do away with the necessity for the stores' replacing men in the delivery departments who have entered the national service, but it requests the elimination of special deliveries.

Much of the ability of the stores to meet the board's request for fewer deliveries depends upon the willingness of the shopping public, which really means the women of the country, to carry home small packages. Here in New York the public has taken the "carry-small-packages" movement very well, but there is still plenty of room for improvement in this respect. Particularly is this true in the case of women who patronize the stores and shops which specialize in the higher-priced merchandise. This is what one well-posted department store executive has to say on the general question of carried parcels:

"A great many men from large New York stores have entered the Government service, and the fact that the public has aided greatly by carrying small parcels has made it unnecessary for the stores to replace all of these men. Some of the stores, in fact, have been able to cut down the number of deliveries in certain sections of the city, and there is every reason to believe that, in the coming Christmas season, they will not be compelled to add nearly as many men to their delivery departments as they have been forced to add in the past.

"The elimination of special deliveries is another of the problems that the stores have asked the public to help them solve. There are, of course, times when a special delivery is both legitimate and necessary, but many customers in the past have thoughtlessly requested special delivery of a parcel by 3 o'clock, for example, when as a matter of fact it would have served their needs just as well to have had it in their possession by 4 or 5 o'clock—that is, by a regular delivery. Requests of this kind, while of comparatively little importance in normal times, have become a vital factor at this time, when the war makes it necessary that the work of every man or woman shall produce something."

To show the inconvenience and expense that the stores are sometimes put to by requests for special deliveries, another executive cited the case of a woman who wanted to work on a garment and found she needed a certain kind of button. Instead of putting the job off until another day, getting the button in the meantime, she called up her favorite store and asked them to send her one as quickly as possible. She was a good customer, and although the button retailed at only 3 cents, the store delivered it as requested. To do so not only made unprofitable the time of the messenger sent, but added to the store's loss the car fare required by him to make the delivery.

Another factor in the delivery problem that has proved expensive to stores in the past, and in the handling of which the public by co-operation can effect a decided saving, is sending goods C. O. D. It is the practice of many stores to make three trips with such goods before the sale is given up for lost, the expense of which eats sharply into the profits on the sale if the delivery man is lucky enough finally to catch the customer at home. Even when customers are found at home, store statistics show that one out of every three or four C. O. D. packages is refused or later returned.

One thing that has not yet been mentioned by the Commercial Economy Board, but which is of vital importance both to the stores and the public in that it would help keep retail prices down in the face of the rapid rise of all kinds of merchandise at wholesale, is more shopping in the morning.

Reverting to the return-goods evil. Not all of the objection to illegitimate returning is based on the time the merchandise is out of the store, as is shown by this instance: A woman brought to a certain local store a set of expensive sterling silver tableware, consisting of thirty-six pieces. She contended that the store had spoiled the set by engraving the pieces with the letter C, when they should have been marked with a G. She wanted credit for the set, and, as the investigation of the case promised to take some time, she was asked to call later. A careful search of the department's sales records brought to light no mention of the sale or order for engraving, so when the woman returned, credit was refused. She left the store quietly enough, though obviously disappointed, but returned a few weeks later with another woman, and again asked for credit on the set, threatening suit if redress were not given for the alleged error. Again her request was refused, and she gathered up the silver and left the department. But this time she paused long enough to remark that she had not bought the set there, anyway.

Piece goods sold by the yard, especially silks and woolens, are a frequent source of returns. These goods are made into garments by the purchasers or by dressmakers employed by them, and generally come back to the store in the madeup state with the complaint that they "pull" in the seams and are otherwise defective. Whether it is the fault of the goods or not—and it is said that generally it is not—credit or exchange is demanded.

The return-goods evil is not without its bad aspect from other viewpoints than the purely financial. This is given as an illustration: A big store here sold a pair of earrings to a customer. This store has a rule that earrings cannot be returned for sanitary reasons, along with other merchandise of an "intimate" nature. The earrings in this case cost $1.49, yet the woman who bought them was perfectly willing to tell an untruth in order to recover this small sum. She tried to return the earrings, and failing, requested the store a few days later to call for some shirt studs that she wanted to return. Under the guise of studs the earrings were brought back to the store. The truth was discovered, and when the customer called later and demanded credit for them her request was refused. There are dozens of instances stored up in the memories of buyers and store executives which prove the point in question. Some women who would never dream of telling an untruth under other circumstances feel perfectly free to deny wearing a hat or a dress that they have purchased, and later returned as unsatisfactory, in spite of pin holes and other visible signs to the contrary.

How many women have returned goods with a clear conscience, after having wasted an hour of a clerk's time, in the belief that they have helped the clerk by giving him or her a salary. Nothing is more wrong than this belief. All up-to-date stores have a system of remunerating clerks that requires a careful check on the sales of each, and when merchandise is returned the amount of the sale is deducted from the total sales of the clerk. Thus it is evident that the sale which is not a sale, because the goods come back, hurts instead of benefits the clerk.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Clear the Way

Help Our Army, Navy and Allies to Win This War

AMERICA'S RAILROADS are doing wonderful work, but they need help.

Freight cars must be unloaded and terminals cleared.

If it is your job, speed up loading and unloading of cars on private sidings.

Do not be a slacker by trying to save expense of labor or space by using freight cars as storage houses.

If your merchandise is congested at the terminals and you have not sufficient teams or motor trucks to move the goods at once, buy them or hire public ones.

If you can't do this, do something else—ask your neighbor to help you. Why hesitate to hire your neighbors' trucking facilities?

OFFICERS EXECUTIVES MANAGERS

We must pull together.

Shipping Departments throughout the country demand the personal consideration of executives.

Co-operation throughout the entire establishment with the Shipping Department is vital.

A certain all the old rules and regulations your Shipping Department is expected to carry out, and if they do not fit the present emergency, throw them away.

Plan to reach nearby points by motor trucks, teams or waterways—save the railroad terminals. Twenty-five per cent (25%) of case, barrel and package merchandise can be delivered in this way, and help break the congestion. No one wants embargoes.

EXCLUSIVE GOVERNMENT TERMINALS

If the railroads decide to reserve certain terminals exclusively for Government materials, do not grumble, but go the extra distance and haul your goods to or from other terminals.

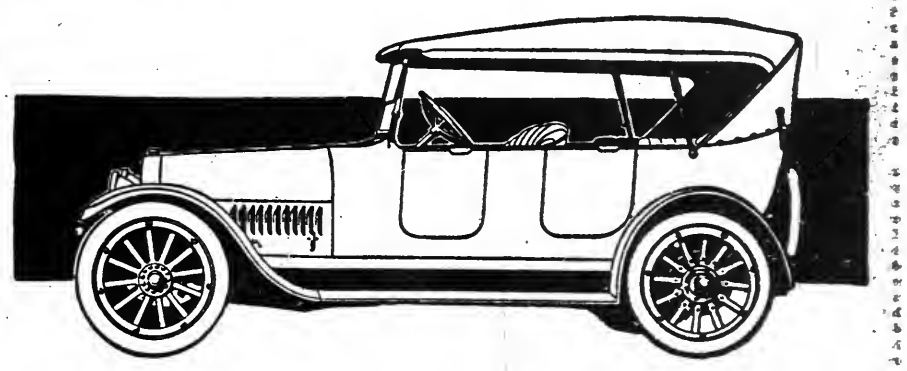
It may be necessary to have a National Terminal Clearing Day in order to clear all terminals throughout the entire country.

NATIONAL TERMINAL CLEARING DAY

If we have a Terminal Clearing Day, keep your teams and motor trucks going and keep your receiving departments open continuously 24 or 48 hours, if need be, and give the railroads a chance to catch up.

Let everybody be prepared some way, somehow, to move their merchandise away from the terminals immediately.

This Appeal Contributed by The Autocar Company, Ardmore, Pa., Manufacturers of "The Autocar Motor Truck." Poster Copies will be mailed upon request.



A New Studebaker FIVE-PASSENGER SPECIAL

A BEAUTIFUL Five-Passenger Car with low rakish lines and gracefully tilted windshield, which has many new exclusive features.

New Features —

Leatherette Gypsy Top with plate glass windows.

Adjustable Steering Wheel, folding up for convenience of driver.

Low Luxurious Seats.

Genuine Buffed Leather Upholstery, parallel plaited.

Improved Deflecting Headlight Lenses.

Two Color Options.

Finished in the very newest shades of dark blue and striking red. It is exceptionally aristocratic in appearance.

This car is really a Five-Passenger Sport Model. It has the snappiness of style and action exemplified in the best sport models — and plenty of room for *five* passengers.

Its light weight, great power, tire-saving balance and sterling high quality make it a very desirable, convenient and economical car—*the price is surprisingly low.*

Our supply of these Specials is limited.
Come in and see them tomorrow.

The Studebaker Corporation of America
New York Showrooms, 56th and Broadway.
Brooklyn Branch, 1291 Bedford Ave. Bronx Branch, 361 East 149th St.
New York Telephone, Circle—1400. Brooklyn Telephone, Decatur—1484.
Bronx Telephone, Melrose—4195.

Purchase a Buick While You Can

THE Buick MOTOR COMPANY

Have six more Broughams and one more Limousine for the 1918 season. These are all we have to offer after the largest closed car season we have ever experienced. Four are in stock and the last three will arrive this week.

ORDER NOW

We are delivering 1918 Runabouts, Touring Cars, Coupes and Sedans promptly and at regular prices. Next Spring there will be the greatest shortage of automobiles ever known and prices must advance.

Buick cars are acknowledged everywhere the highest grade motor cars of their respective prices. Buick Valve-in-Head Motor Cars use less fuel and develop more power than any other moderate price automobiles. They bring by far the highest used car prices.

Order while you can get a reasonably quick delivery.

World's Largest Producers of Six Cylinder Automobiles

BUICK MOTOR COMPANY

BROOKLYN 358 Livingston St. NEW YORK Broadway & 55th St. NEWARK 45 William St.

Come Here!
Winter Tops and Equipage for All Cars
Lowest Prices
Best Value
Sterling Top & Equip. Co.
518-520-522 West 57th St.

Hupmobile
Used Car Dep't
SPECIAL SALE
Beginning November 19th you will very likely find here just the kind of car you've been looking for, and the price—you can depend on it—will be right. More than 40 cars to select from. Used Hupmobiles and many other makes.
COME EARLY
CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., INC.,
Hupmobile Distributors
1,741 BROADWAY, at 56th St.
PHONE, CIRCLE—1616.

WAR-TIME CATTLE SHOW PROVED BREEDERS' PATRIOTISM

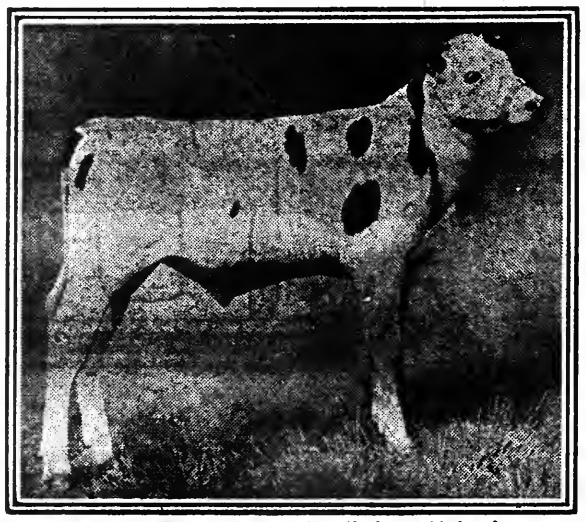
An Exhibition of the Sinews of War in Terms of Food and Power—Animals Worth Many Thousands of Dollars Each Shown at Columbus, Ohio.

WITH much interest throughout the country centred on the importance of the dairy industry, the eleventh annual National Dairy Show, held recently at Columbus, Ohio, attracted particular attention. The 1,000 head of the bluest of blue-blooded animals competing in the ring drew not only the breeders of the best dairy animals in the land, but had, as well, the support and the attention of the Department of Agriculture, the Food Administrator, and all the divisions of Government concerned with the conservation of food.

In addition, there were gathered at Columbus for the Horse Fair, held in connection with the show, one of the most notable collections of heavy draft stallions and mares ever brought together. Therefore, although the exhibition went under the somewhat peaceful title of a dairy show, it was distinctly an exhibition of the sinews of war expressed in the terms of food and of power. This note was struck time and again during the week. One could not attend the exhibition without realizing that breeders of pure-bred and high-producing cattle were concerned in a patriotic effort no less sincere and far reaching, no less essential to the welfare of the country during the progress of the war, than the growers of wheat or the makers of munitions.

Cattle were in the big barns and in the show ring from no less than twenty-three States, as widely separated as Vermont and California. One enthusiastic breeder of Guernseys made an outlay of $7,000 in order to have a string of animals from his farm appear before the judge's eye. A Jersey bull was in the ring, the sire of which had brought the long price of $25,000, and there were animals of some of the other dairy breeds—Holsteins, Ayrshires, and Brown Swiss—the values of which also went into five figures. The aggregate value of the cattle alone—leaving out of account the horses altogether—was probably more than $1,500,000.

In the class for Jersey bulls more than three years of age, thirteen animals were entered, and their quality was so uniformly good and their type so much alike that it required forty-five minutes for the judge, Professor H. H. Kildee of the University of Minnesota, to decide the six places of honor. The closest struggle, of course, was for first place and the decision hung in the balance between Gamboge's Vellum Majesty, owned by M. D. Munn of St. Paul, Minn., and Noble Sultan's Golden Fern, owned by Mrs. Harry H. Galbraith of Knoxville, Tenn. Both owners were watching eagerly by the ringside while the judge made his choice. When the victory finally went to Mr. Munn's splendid bull both owners rushed into the ring and embraced their respective animals.



King Ormsby Jane Rag Apple, a bull calf that sold for $53,200 at the age of 9 months, in Worcester, Mass.

When the unusually fine class of mature Holstein bulls entered the ring—ten black and white monsters that looked almost as big as elephants—several thousand spectators broke into applause, moved irresistibly, it seemed, by the majesty of the spectacle. The calf herds brought forth many sounds of delight from the feminine portion of the spectators and on the horse side of the ring there was a constant atmosphere of excitement as the big drafters went through their paces to the accompaniment of the snapping of whips and the cries of the stud grooms.

The championships for cows of the four leading breeds went to the Jersey, Oxford Majesty's Gipsy, owned by L. V. Walkley of Southington, Conn.; the Guernsey, Imported Princess Bergere, owned by W. W. Marsh of Waterloo, Iowa; the Holstein, Minerva Beets, owned by R. E. Hager of Algonquin, Ill., and the Ayrshire, Shewalton Mains Queen, owned by Hugh J. Chisholm of Port Chester, N. Y. In the bulls the premier honors were divided among M. D. Munn with the Jersey, Gamboge's Vellum Majesty; D. D. Tenney of Crystal Bay, Minn., with the Guernsey, Ladysmith's Cherub; Iowana Farms of Davenport, Iowa, with the Holstein, Oak DeKol Ollie Homestead, and Adam Seitz of Waukesha, Wis., with the Ayrshire, Cavalier's Lord Rose.

Fortunately for the chronicler of winnings, the honors did not always go to the animal bearing the longest name. One bull on exhibition bore the handy little title of Bargenoch Gay Cavalier's Rising Star of Spring City.

Not the least important parts of the exhibition were the Government demonstration herds. A central pavilion in one of the large buildings that comprise the State Fair Grounds at Columbus was set aside for this exhibit. It included a herd of mixed breeding and two generations, with the production records in milk and butter fat of each animal set forth on a chart above her head. It was thus graphically exemplified how the production—to the benefit of their owner as well as of the country at large—had increased in the daughters of the foundation cows by the introduction into the herd of a pure-bred sire.

Remarkable results have been obtained from this process of "grading up." For example, in a scrub herd at the Iowa Experiment Station the average production of a group of scrub cows was 3,255 pounds of milk, containing 161 pounds of butter fat, in a year. The daughters of these cows, sired by a pure-bred bull of good ancestry, averaged 6,211 pounds of milk and 261 pounds of fat in a year. Their daughters in turn, resulting from matings with approved bulls of the same breed, averaged 11,295 pounds of milk and 431 pounds of fat in a year. In other words, with this particular group of cows, the result of judicious matings was an increase of 94 per cent. in milk and 62 per cent. in fat in the first generation and of 245 per cent. in milk and 168 per cent. in fat in the second generation. The argument in favor of the use of pure-bred sires would hardly require any amplification after such a result.

In the Government exhibit at the Dairy Show was also a herd of some ten cows of various breeding and degrees of pureness of blood. They were on exhibition in stanchions, just as they might have been in an average modern dairy barn. The public was invited to look them over and act as amateur cattle judges, picking out the best cow from the lot. This judgment was confirmed or altered by the experts in charge of the exhibition in the course of the several daily lectures, which were held as part of the Government demonstration. This free-for-all contest in sizing up the merits of a cow appealed to a large number of practical farmers and breeders who were in attendance, as well as to the ever-present multitude which attends a dairy show simply because it likes animals. Both types of visitors showed no hesitation about making a choice. That particular section of the barns was always the magnet for an interested crowd.

But the Government's participation did not stop with its own exhibit. Its voice, through a number of representatives of the Department of Agriculture, was heard at the meetings of the various breed associations held during the week.

The Chief of the Dairy Division of the Department—B. H. Rawe—had charge of one of the most interesting and important educational elements of the show. This was the students' judging contest. The first contest of this nature was held in Chicago in 1906, and the succeeding contests have been marked annually by an increase in the number of entries and a growing interest in the competition. In 1916 there were eighteen teams from the various agricultural colleges in competition, and this year the number was still larger. The contest has been each year a subject of increasing interest in the colleges. In one instance a college did not make much of dairying, but it succeeded in putting a good team in the field and carried off the prize for Jersey judging. This so roused the enthusiasm of the boys in the home State that the next season the number of students in the dairy department of that college was quadrupled.

Substantial prizes are offered annually for the judging contests. Three purses of $400 each are given to be used as scholarships, so that the winning dairy student can continue after graduation and take post-graduate work. In addition, cups and medals are awarded by the National Dairy Show Association and by the various breed associations. The men who offer these prizes and the men who give their efforts to conducting the contests have in mind the improvement of the whole dairy industry which will follow upon more widespread education in teaching, official work, extension, breeding, and business. They feel that dairy leaders must be highly trained and that there must be more of them. The colleges are doing all that they can to meet the need, but up to the present the number of men graduated in dairying in agricultural colleges has been comparatively small.

Among the colleges represented in this year's contest were Delaware Agricultural College, Newark, Del.; Iowa State College, Ames, Iowa; Kansas State Agricultural College, Manhattan, Kan.; Kentucky State University, Lexington, Ky.; Massachusetts Agricultural College, Amherst, Mass.; Maryland State College of Agriculture, College Park, Md.; New Jersey Agricultural College, New Brunswick, N. J.; Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio; Pennsylvania State College, State College, Penn.; South Dakota State College and Experiment Station, Brookings, S. D.; University of Missouri, Columbia, Mo.; University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Neb.; Virginia Polytechnic Institute, Blacksburg, Va.

The sweepstakes contest was won by Missouri College team; M. N. Swett, coach; M. R. Dunn, O. Z. Schaefer, and F. W. Atkenson.

The patriotic issue, frequently raised, found ready response at this year's show. It was made clear that the dairymen of the country, the men back on the farms producing so valuable and so important a part of the world's supply of food, proposed to do their war-time bit. They are not making a lot of noise about it, but they are prepared to meet the stress and strain of rising costs of feed and of labor and of the perplexing problem of marketing at a price not too exacting on the ultimate consumer. And they are one in the conviction of the necessity of both the conservation and the spread of the pure-bred and productive type of cattle to the lasting good of the country in both war and peace.

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It was approximately fifteen years ago that a handful of policemen, with the approval of Commissioner Murphy, then in command of the department, conceived the idea of a police band. They were spurred on by the success of the Letter Carriers' Band and the Fire Department Band, and of police bands in other cities.

But to found a band and to keep it in running order were two different things. The first few months were anything but comfortable. Sneered at from without the department and joked about within, the founders had hard sledding.

For years the band has appeared at the Annual Memorial Military Field Mass for dead veterans of the civil and Spanish-American wars held at the New York Navy Yard in Brooklyn on Memorial Sunday. It is in great demand at police and other memorial services in New York and nearby cities. It appears very often for the benefit of charitable projects and has given many concerts. As a memento of their appreciation, members of the Philadelphia police force two years ago presented an engraved silver loving cup to the New York Police Band for having made a flying trip to the Quaker City to give a concert in aid of the Philadelphia Police Pension Fund.

Sergeant Floyd B. Pitts, attached to Detective Bureau at Headquarters, is the band's President. Sergeant Pitts was one of the organizers of the band and knows the capabilities and limitations of each of the eighty-odd members.

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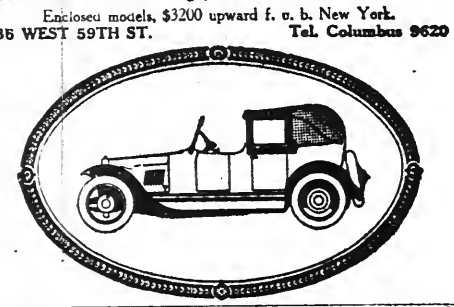

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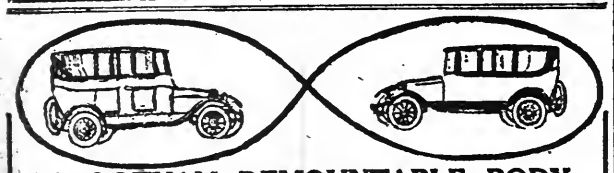

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FREEDOM OF THE SEAS LONG RESTRICTED BY THE POPES

Benedict XV.'s Letter on the Subject Recalls Famous Bull Issned by Alexander VI. Following Colombus's Discovery.

By CHARLES JOHNSTON.

IN his Letter to the Leaders of the Belligerent Peoples, Pope Benedict XV. speaks of "the true liberty and community of the seas," as one of the terms of a last peace. It is of much historic interest that the last great restriction of "the freedom of the seas" was caused by one of Pope Benedict's predecessors, that famous Cardinal Rodrigo Borgia who, in 1492, was raised to the Chair of St. Peter as Pope Alexander VI. A part of the story is very familiar to us; it is told in all our school histories, but, curiously enough, the sequel of the tale, which shaped the world's history for generations, even for centuries, is almost always omitted.

Columbus, as we all remember, sailed from Palos and, in the fullness of time, after passing through many terrors, landed at Watling Island in the Bahamas on Oct. 12, 1492. Thereafter, he coasted along northern and eastern Cuba; passed from Cuba to Hisiti, both islands still bearing the names which he learned from their inhabitants; and, by way of the island now called Porto Rico, he made his way back, our popular histories tell us, to Palos, announced his discoveries to Queen Isabella, and was honored and acclaimed.

But that is not what really happened. That abbreviated account omits the kernel of the story, the key to volumes of future history. In reality, Columbus did not return directly to Palos. A storm drove him out of his course, into the wide estuary of the great Portuguese River Tagus, and the news of his new world was instantly carried to the King of Portugal, who was filled with wrath at being forestalled by Spain, and was ready to claim for Portugal all of the new lands that Columbus had discovered. This was on March 10, 1493; and only on March 15 did Columbus reach Palos, whence he sent word posthaste to Queen Isabella, not only that he had discovered "the Indies," but that the King of Portugal was preparing to claim the said Indies for himself. As an immediate result, the Spanish monarchs sent a hurried deputation to that great Spaniard, Rodrigo Borgia, who now reigned at Rome as Alexander VI. And, as a further result, Pope Alexander VI. issued, on May 4, 1493, just seven weeks after Columbus cast anchor in the harbor of Palos, the famous bull dividing the world between Spain and Portugal, whose significant passages we shall presently give in English.

Portugal had very strong claims. For three quarters of a century, under the splendid inspiration of that man of genius, Prince Henry the Navigator, Portuguese Captains had been trying to solve the problem of a sea route to India to circumvent the Turkish conquerors who had captured and monopolized the old route across the Isthmus of Suez. India was well known, and had been many times visited in the preceding hundred years, and much was known, from the Arab explorers and geographers, concerning the eastern, the further coast of Africa. Marco Polo, on his return by sea from the splendid court of Kublai Khan, had heard of Madagascar, and had fairly well described it. And something was known, through the Moors and their caravan trade, of Western Africa. The question was, What lay between? whether the Dark Continent stretched down to the antarctic pole, or whether there might be a way round, to the south. That was the question which Prince Henry the Navigator, in his observatory on Cape St Vincent, set himself to solve, and which, by virtue of his splendid efforts, his large improvements in the building of ocean-going ships, his skill in mapmaking, was solved triumphantly a few years after his death.

An Englishman, Robert Machin, had discovered Madeira as early as 1370; the Canaries were discovered in 1402 by John de Bethencourt. Prince Henry's Captains, beginning where these two had left off, pushed forward southward and westward, lifting the clouds from the Sea of Darkness, visiting the Azores and Cape Verde Islands, poking their prows around dark Africa till they had surveyed the whole western coast. Fernando Po penetrated into the depths of the Gulf of Guinea, known by the reports of the Moor caravans, and found the island which still bears his name. In a river on the mainland his men found crayfish, and, from the Portuguese name for those succulent crustaceans, named the place Camerones. Diaz, another intrepid Portuguese, had reached the Cape of Tempests in 1486; it was renamed Cape of Good Hope because it promised to reveal the long-sought route to India. And India was, in fact, reached twelve years later by Vasco da Gama, who sailed from Lisbon, reached Calicut in 1498, and then returned safe and triumphant to Lisbon.

The tremendous problem had been to find a sea path to India. It was Portugal that solved it. Spain, through her representative, Christopher Columbus, missed it by half the world. But, by the hugeness of his error, he made a discovery which had also its significance.

The Portuguese discoveries had been ratified by a series of Papal bulls, which had granted to the Kings of Portugal, in somewhat vague terms, lands discovered, or to be discovered, "to the south and west." Therefore, when Columbus, on his return from Cuba and Haiti, in early March, 1493, was blown into the Tagus estuary, Portugal had pretty strong claims and was prepared to push them. So Columbus had good reason to speed back to Palos within the week and Ferdinand and Isabella had excellent justification for sending a statement of their case, without a moment's delay, to their potent fellow-countryman enthroned at Rome. The news reached the Eternal City on April 11. On May 4 the great bull was issued which changed the history of the world. Its most vital passages follow:

"And in order that you may undertake more freely and boldly the charge of so great an affair, given to you with the liberality of apostolic grace, We, of our own motion, and not as your solicitation, nor upon petition presented to us, upon this subject by other persons in your name, but of Our pure free will and certain knowledge, by the authority of God omnipotent granted to us through blessed Peter, and of the vicarship of Jesus Christ, which we exercise upon earth, by the tenor of these presents given, concede and assign for ever to you, and to the Kings of Castile and Leon, your successors, all the islands and main lands discovered and which may hereafter be discovered, towards the west and south, with all their dominions, cities, castles, palaces, and towns, and with all their rights, jurisdictions, and appurtenances, whether the lands and islands found or that shall be found, be situated toward India, or towards any other part whatsoever; and we make, constitute, and depute you, and your aforesaid heirs and successors, lords of them, with full, free, and absolute power and authority and jurisdiction; drawing, however, and fixing a line from the arctic pole, that is, from the north, to the antarctic pole, that is, to the south, which line must be distant from any one of the islands whatsoever commonly called the Azores, and Cape Verde Islands, a hundred leagues toward the west and south; upon condition that no other Christian King or Prince has actual possession of any of the islands and main lands found, or that shall be found, discovered, or that shall be discovered, from the aforesaid line towards the west and south, until the day of the Nativity of our Lord Jesus Christ last past, from which the present year, one thousand four hundred and ninety-three begins, when some of the aforesaid islands were discovered by your messengers and Captains; decreeing nevertheless that by this our donation, concession, and assignment, it is not intended to take or deprive of the right of discovery any other Christian Prince who may have actually possessed the said islands and mainlands up to the aforementioned day of the Nativity of our Lord Jesus Christ. • • •

By an agreement entered into in the following year between the rulers of Portugal and Spain, embodied in a treaty signed at Tordesillas on June 7, 1494, this act was slightly modified; the fixed line, instead of being drawn from pole to pole at a distance of one hundred leagues west of the Azores, was drawn 370 leagues off the Cape Verde Islands, which lie some six degrees to the east of the Azores. This line lay between 45 and 46 degrees of west longitude, and completely encircled the globe, as we shall presently see. The line thus modified is marked on maps of the period, with the flag of Spain to the west of it, the flag of Portugal to the east. It was construed literally as running from the north pole to the south: thus the Portuguese Cantino map of 1502 shows the regions north of the St. Lawrence as Portuguese. The Spanish Ribeiro map of 1527 shows Labrador, so named on that map, as belonging to the King of Portugal. This is quite logical, since the discoveries of the Cabots and their successors in that region, having been made subsequent to Christmas, 1492, were held to be null and void.

The Cantino Map (1502) shows the line of demarcation cutting the north coast of Brazil, which was so named, it would seem, because it was identified with Hy-Brasil, the western paradise supposed to have been discovered by St. Brendan, the ancient Irish navigator. The position of the line on the Cantino map seems to strike the mouth of the Amazon, which is really some four degrees west of the forty-sixth degree of west longitude, but in those days longitudes, being computed by dead reckoning, were somewhat vague. Not till a good many years after did chronometers come into use for their computation. But, as a result of the line of demarcation, Brazil fell to Portugal. It remained a Portuguese colony until the time of the Napoleonic wars, which gave the Latin colonies an opportunity to strike the decisive blow for their independence; as a result of the line of demarcation, Brazil is Portuguese in speech and in tradition today.

The rest of the New World, assigned to Spain by Pope Alexander, soon came to be known as New Spain; and the Spanish conquerors proceeded to carry out the policy of absolute subjugation, so clearly set forth in the papal decree.

The Canaries, Azores, and Cape Verde Islands, with the contiguous mainland of West Africa, had been previously granted to Portugal by earlier papal decrees, with the result that large areas of West Africa, and, shortly after, South and East Africa also, were seized and administered as possessions of the Portuguese crown. Portugal still owns the islands, with Angola on the west coast of Africa and Mozambique on the east coast, in joint area about 800,000 square miles, or more than twenty times the size of Portugal. Of her once immense Asiatic empire, Portugal still owns, in India, the settlement of Goa, though she has lost Ceylon; she owns the great island of Timor, on the shoulder of Australia, and the settlement of Macao, just south of Canton. Those territories she acquired by sailing through all the regions to the east of the line of demarcation. That is, she reached South Africa, India, and other parts of Asia by sailing east.

Spain reached the same regions by sailing west. In 1520, Magellan, on behalf of Spain, sailing to South America, and through the straits which still bear his name, made his way to the Philippines, which were claimed and named for the King of Spain. In theory, the boundary between their possessions on the other side of the world was the continuation of the line of demarcation across the North Pole and down on the other side; that is, somewhere in the region which includes Timor, the Philippines, and Macao. But the exact position of this line was not certainly known, therefore there was a good deal of dispute between Spain and Portugal as to the ownership of the "Spice Islands," the Moluccas, with their treasures of spice, of pepper, cinnamon, mace, and nutmeg.

In Shakespeare's day these great Latin world empires, growing out of Pope Alexander's bull, began to be impaired. Spain's sea power was broken by the English in the defeat of the "Invincible Armada" in 1588. Then the Dutch, who had for so long been fighting heroically against the Spaniards, began to wax strong as a maritime power. In 1600 the Dutch East India Company was organized, and presently won from Portugal (at that time and until 1640 under the Spanish Crown) the whole of South Africa and Ceylon and built up a great empire in the East Indian Archipelago. During the Napoleonic wars, in virtue of England's sea power, much of the world empire of Holland passed to England; a part was restored when peace was made. But Cape Colony, Ceylon, and Singapore became permanently English. Nevertheless, the Dutch Empire in Asia still measures about 750,000 square miles. A Dutch West India Company was formed shortly after 1600, and presently conquered from Spain a rich region in South America, of which the present Dutch Guiana is only a part. Much went to England in Napoleon's time, but it is of great historic interest that Dutch law still lives both in British Guiana and Ceylon, while the Dutch element at the Cape, with Botha and Smuts at its head, is full of vitality and power.

In this way, then, did the bull of Pope Alexander shape the destinies of both hemispheres for centuries, leaving vast traces even today. The result of that decree, as it touched "the freedom of the seas," is thus summed up by Ramsey Muir in Mare Liberum: "It practically gave a monopoly of most of the world's seas to Spain and Portugal, and for a century thereafter the ships of all nations but these voyaged at their peril in the South Atlantic, Indian, and Pacific Oceans."

POOR RELIEF WORK SHOWS DISPARITY

A MARKED disparity in the proportionate amounts of money expended for the relief of destitute families in the Boroughs of Brooklyn and of Manhattan and the Bronx is brought out in the report of F. H. McLean, General Secretary of the National Society for Organizing Charity. Taking the work of the three great public charities of Manhattan and the corresponding agencies in Brooklyn, Mr. McLean shows that with 41 per cent. of the families helped Brooklyn has spent about 17½ per cent. of the total amount of money for relief.

In commenting upon this situation, Alfred T. White, President of the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, and member of the Committee on Philanthropic Education of the Charity Organization Society and of the Board of Directors of the Russell Sage Foundation, said:

"I do not, myself, feel that the relief expenditure of any of the three Manhattan organizations which Mr. McLean names is at all excessive. The amount expended in Brooklyn is, unfortunately, much too low, but it is the best we can do with the funds which are available. This result is not due to any lack of public interest in the Bureau of Charities, for we have over 8,000 contributors, but the average contribution in Brooklyn is far below that of contributors in Manhattan."

Taking up the work of the Charity Organization Society, the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, and the United Hebrew Charities in Manhattan and in Brooklyn, the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, the Brooklyn A. I. C. P., and the United Jewish Aid Society, Mr. McLean finds the total number of families treated to be 19,081 for Manhattan and the Bronx, and 12,298 for Brooklyn. The report continues:

This is a grand total of 32,329, of which the Brooklyn total is 41 per cent. If we total the relief expenditures alone we find $107,586.74 expended in Brooklyn and $505,481.16 in Manhattan and the Bronx. With a total of 41 per cent. of the families, just about 17½ per cent. of the total relief was expended. Equal disparity exists with regard to trained service. To verify this we will take the items against the heading "Salaried Case Workers." The total for Brooklyn is $36,503, as against $134,088 for Manhattan and the Bronx—that is, the expenditures in Brooklyn are 21 per cent. of the whole, with 41 per cent. of the families. (We have reckoned in each instance the stenographers employed by the Jewish society, as no separation has been made there.)

Observing the total of families and total of case workers for the two similar societies—the New York Charity Organization and the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities—we note that the latter had only 35 workers for 8,064 families and the former at least 50 for 6,370. The ratio was, therefore, 1 to 231 families in New York and 1 to 230 families in Brooklyn. A reasonable average ratio is 1 to 150 or 175, which is far exceeded by Brooklyn.

Omitting for consideration for the moment the Jewish societies, the General Secretary of this association has no hesitation in saying that the relief and service resources of the Brooklyn field among non-Jewish families require at least an additional $125,000. This would mean as a total amount available for service and relief for approximately 11,000 families the sum of $219,872, as against $359,652 for approximately 13,000 families in Manhattan and the Bronx—that is, Brooklyn, with about 85 per cent. of the number of families which Manhattan and the Bronx has, would then expend about 61 per cent. of the Manhattan and Bronx service and relief expenditure. It will be remembered that this includes these four great societies only, not smaller ones, whose number in Manhattan is legion, with very few in Brooklyn. When one turns to the Jewish families the situation is even more one-sided.

Mr. McLean concludes this section of his report by urging increased interest among the people of Manhattan in the charitable work of the city outside Manhattan and the Bronx.

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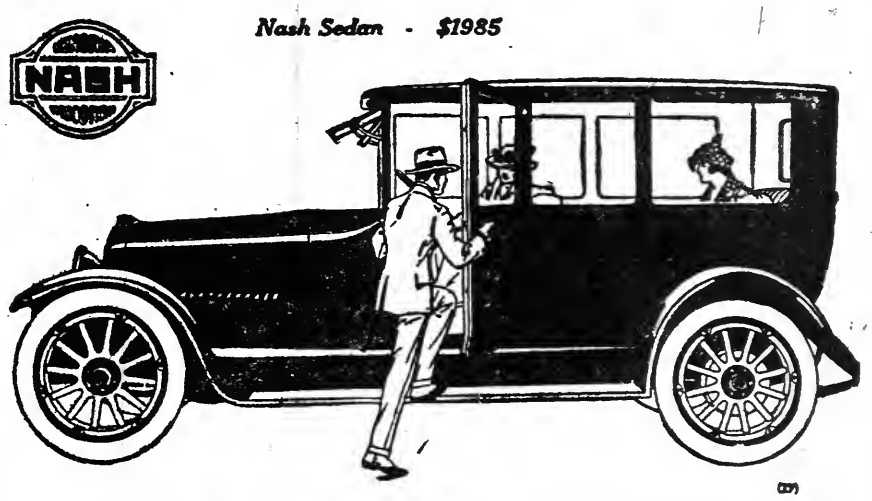

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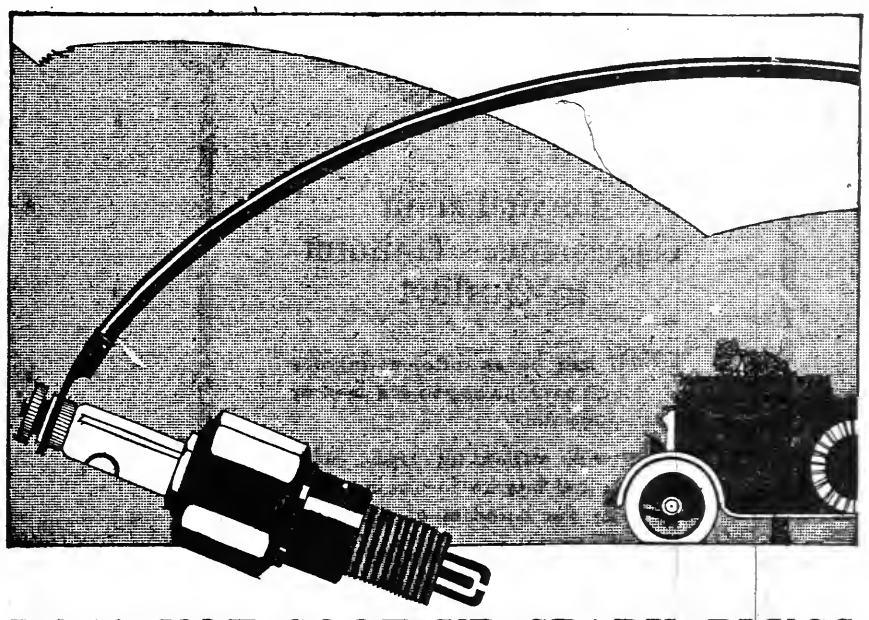

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More pep, More satisfaction, ½ more mileage, 25% more power,
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THE NEW WORLD

To the People of the United States

By Laurence Binyon

The author of this message to the American people, a well-known English poet, playwright, and art critic, visited New York in 1912. He has published several volumes of verse and essays since the Newdigate Prize at Oxford was awarded to him in 1890. During the war he has written "The Winnowing Fan," "Poems in the Shade," and "The Anvil." He is the author of "Attila," a drama produced in London in 1907. In matters of Far Eastern art, Mr. Binyon is an authority, and for many years he has been an official of the British Museum in the department of Oriental prints and drawings.

Laurence Binyon

NOW is the time of the splendor of Youth and Death,
The spirit of man grown greater than men knew.
The unbearable burden is borne, the impossible done,
Though harder's yet to do
Before this anguish end, and that be won
We seek through blinding battle, in choking breath,—
The New World, seen in vision! Land of lands,
In the midst of storms that desolate and divide,
In the horror of the breaking heart, O far-descried,
You build our courage, you hold up our hands.

Men of America, you that march today
Through roaring London, supple and lean of limb,
Glimpsed in the crowd I saw you, and in your eye
Something alert and grim,—
As knowing on what stern call you march away
To the wrestle of nations—saw your heads held high,
And, that same moment, far in a glittering beam
High over old and storied Westminster
The Stars and Stripes with England's colors clear
Sisterly twined and proud on the air astream.

Men of America, what do yon see? Is it old
Towers of fame, and grandeur time-resigned?
A frost of custom? backward-gazing thought?
Seek closer; you shall find
Miracles hour by hour in silence wrought;
Births and awakenings; dyings never-tolled;
Invisible crumble and fall of prison-bars.
O wheresoever his home, new or decayed,
Man is older than all the things he has made,
And yet the youngest spirit beneath the stars.

I see again the fabulous city arise,
Rock-cradled, white, and soaring out of the sea,
Manhattan! Queen of thronged and restless bays,
Of daring ships is she.
O lands beyond, that into the sunset gaze!
Limitless, teeming continent of surmise!
I drink again that diamond air, I thrill
To the lure of a wonder more than the wondrous past;
I see before me ages yet more vast
Rising, to challenge heart and mind and will.

What sailed they out to seek, who of old came
To that bare earth and wild unhistoried coast?
Not gold, nor granaries, nay, nor a halcyon ease
For the weary and tempest-tost.
They sought the unshaken soul, possessed in peace—
What seek we now, and venture all on the aim?
In hearts of men is the undiscovered earth,
Whose hope's our compass; sweet with glorious passion
Of men's good-will; a world to forge and fashion
Worthy the things we have seen and brought to birth.

Taps of the drum! You have heard again their beat;
And the answer comes, a continent arms! Dread,
Pity, and Grief, there is no escape. The call
Is the call of the risen Dead.
Terrible year of the nations' trampling feet!
An angel has blown his trumpet over all
From the ends of the earth, from East to uttermost West,
Because of the soul of man, that shall not fail,
That will not make refusal or turn or quail,
No, nor for all calamity, stay its quest.

And here, here too, is the New World, born of pain
In destiny-spelling hours. The old world breaks
Its mold, and life runs fierce and fluid, a stream
That floods, dissolves, re-makes.
Each pregnant moment, charged to its extreme,
Quickens unending future, and all's vain
But the onward mind that dares the oncoming years
And takes their storm, a master. Life shall then
Transfigure Time with yet more marvelous men.
Hail to the sunrise! Hail to the Pioneers!

London, Oct. 26, 1917.

THIS WEEK'S FREE LECTURES

Note—All lectures unless otherwise specified will begin at 8:15 P. M.

Sunday.

HOW THE WAR CAME TO AMERICA, by Walter M. Chandler, Harlem Presbyterian Church, 112th St. and Mt. Morris Park, 11 A. M.

ORGAN RECITAL, by Prof. Samuel A. Baldwin, Great Hall, College of the City of New York, 4 P. M.

THE MIRACULOUS PITCHER, Story Hour for Children, by Anna Curtis Chandler Illustrated. Adults welcome. Metropolitan Museum of Art, 3 P. M.

ROMANESQUE ART, (in French,) by Stella Rubinstein, lecturer and writer, Metropolitan Museum of Art, 4 P. M.

THE TRUTH ABOUT RUSSIA, by Dr. William Carter, pastor Throop Avenue Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, Men's Conference at the Bedford Branch of the Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn, 3:30 P. M. Open Forum meeting following address by Elbert M. Moffatt, Sec. Y. M. C. A. Subject, "In the Shadow of the Bowery." Illustrated with stereopticon views.

NEW RUSSIA AND THE JEW, by Herman Bernstein, auspices the Institutional Synagogue, at the Mt. Morris Theatre, 116th St. and 5th Av. 10:30 A. M. Congressman Isaac Siegel will preside.

HOW I GOT TO WHERE I STAND, by I. B. Stoughton Holborn, an artist's spiritual experience and progress, following brief 4 o'clock service at St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie, 2d Av. and 10th St.

THE MORAL VALUE OF NATIONAL CO-OPERATION, by J. E. Nyhan, 3 P. M. "Team Work," by Dr. Frank Crane, 4 P. M. "A Land and the Book," by S. W. Griffis; "Health Talk," by Dr. Louis R. Welzmiller; "War Conditions in Turkey," by Dr. William S. Dodd, 3 P. M.; West Side Branch Y. M. C. A., 318 West 57th St.

FURTHER DOWN IN DIXIE, by Dr. A. Eugene Bartlett, All Souls' Church, Ocean and Ditmas Avs., Brooklyn, 7:45 P. M. Illustrated.

THE RUSSIAN IDEA OF DEMOCRACY, by Dr. Louis S. Friedland, associate editor Russian Review, Sunday Morning Lecture Forum, Mt. Morris Baptist Church, 5th Av., between 120th and 127th Sts., 10 A. M.

CO-OPERATION THE REVOLUTIONARY, by Dr. James Warbasse of Co-operative League, Great Hall, Cooper Union, 8 P. M.

THE MOONEY CASE, by J. Edward Morgan, traveling representative of the San Francisco Trade Unions and of the Mooney Defense League, Public Forum, Church of the Ascension, 5th Av. and 10th St., 8 P. M.

SHALL WORKMEN BE PROTECTED, by Prof. John B. Andrews, Secretary American Association for Labor Legislation, University Settlement Forum, 184 Eldridge St., 8 P. M.

THE REBEL, by Dr. Richard Roberts, formerly of British League of Reconciliation, Brooklyn Civic Forum, P. S. 84, Glenmore and Stone Avs., 8 P. M.

THE INVISIBLE ARMOR OF OUR SOLDIERS, by Herbert N. Shenton, Public Forum at P. S. 101, 111th St., near Lexington Av.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, (Yiddish,) by Alexander Harkovi, P. S. 65, Eldridge and Hester Sts.

THE BASIC IDEALS OF THE AMERICAN COMMONWEALTH, (Yiddish,) by Dr. Max Raisin, P. S. 188, Lewis, East Houston, and 3d Sts.

ORGAN RECITAL, by Edward S. Barnes, Washington Irving High School, Irving Place, near 16th St., 3:30 P. M.

ORGAN RECITAL, by W. A. Rabech, Morris High School, 166th St. and Boston Road.

Monday.

THE STRUGGLE FOR AN INTERPRETATION OF LIFE IN THE ECCLESIASTES, by Dr. Enelow, Temple Emanu-El, 5th Av. and 43d St., 11 A. M. sharp.

PRISON DIETARY, by Dr. Emily Seaman, New York School of Philanthropy, Assembly Hall, United Charities Building, 105 East 22d St., 4:10 P. M.

AT THE BATTLE FRONT, by Major Donald Guthrie and Lieutenant Bruno Rosselli, Bedford Section Defense League, Bedford Presbyterian Church, Nostrand Av. and Dean St., Brooklyn, 8 P. M.

HOW CAN SOCIETY BE MADE A BROTHERHOOD, by Paul F. Roller, West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 West 57th St., 8 P. M.

PETROGRAPHIC STUDIES OF CERTAIN CAMBRIAN QUARTZITES, by F. Morris. Illustrated with lantern slides and specimens. "Natural Condition of Salt Deposition and Notes on Potash Salts," by Professor A. W. Grabau; "Geology of the Greenland Coast from North Star Bay to Cape York. Illustrated with lantern slides, by Dr. E. O. Hovey, Section of Geology and Mineralogy of the New York Academy of Sciences, American Museum of Natural History.

FAMOUS NATIONAL AND PATRIOTIC SONGS OF AMERICA, by Lewis W. Armstrong, Washington Irving High School, Irving Place, near 16th St. Illustrated.

ELECTRIC RAILWAYS, by W. Wallace Ker, P. S. 3, Hudson and Grove Sts.

WASHINGTON IRVING, THE MAN AND HIS WORK, by Frederick Paulding, P. S. 46, 156th St. and St. Nicholas Av. Illustrated.

SWITZERLAND, by James Cruikshank, P. S. 59, 228 East 57th St. Illustrated.

THE EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, by Jennie M. Davis, P. S. 62, Hester and Essex Sts. Illustrated.

GEORGE SAND, by Professor Christian Gauss, P. S. 165, 225 East Broadway.

THE SALVATION OF EUROPE: THE STRUGGLE WITH PERSIA, by I. B. Stoughton Holborn, Pilgrim Hall, 56th St. and Broadway. Illustrated.

RED CROSS LECTURE, St. Columba Hall, 343 West 25th St.

THE UNITED STATES: WEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICE, by Louis L. Wilkinson, Morris High School, 166th St. and Boston Road.

THE FADING OF THE FRONTIER, by Azel Hull Fish, P. S. 46, 196th St., near Briggs Av., the Bronx. Illustrated.

RED CROSS LECTURE, P. S. 50, Vyse Av., near 172d St. Illustrated.

DUTIES OF AMERICAN CITIZENS, by Prof. A. Arbib-Costa, (Italian lecture,) P. S. 102, 113th St., near 2d Av.

Tuesday.

A GREAT QUESTION, by Mme. Bell-Ramsky, with musical program, under the direction of Mme. Bell-Ramsky, Great Hall, Cooper Union, 8 P. M.

SOME INTERESTING CICADAS, by William T. Davis; "Entomological Literature," by John D. Sherman, Jr.; "Notes on Some Local Dragon Flies," by Lewis H. Woodruff, New York Entomological Society, American Museum of Natural History.

AN APPRECIATION OF FOLK SONGS, by Blossom J. Wilcox, Wadleigh High School, 115th St. near 7th Av.

ECONOMICAL MARKETING AND BUYING, by Lillian M. Gunn, P. S. 27, 42d St., near 3d Av. Illustrated.

THE DYNAMIC FORCE OF BRITAIN, by Prof. J. G. Carter Troop, P. S. 65, 4th St., near 1st Av.

HISTORY OF YORKVILLE AND HARLEM, by Frank B. Kelley, P. S. 66, 88th St., near Lexington Av. Illustrated.

NAPOLEON: FROM CORSICA TO ST. HELENA, by Henry W. Poor, P. S. 90, 147th St., near 7th Av. Illustrated.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS, by Dr. Roy S. McElroe, P. S. 152, 182d St., near Wadsworth Av. Illustrated.

MOST NOURISHING FOODS, (Yiddish lecture,) by Dr. Cecilia F. Londe, P. S. 12, Madison and Jackson Sts.

POLAND: A KINGDOM DIVIDED AGAINST ITSELF, by Dr. Jerome Hall Raymond, American Museum, 77th St. and Central Park West. Illustrated.

A MEDITERRANEAN CRUISE, by Harry C. Ostrander, Metropolitan Temple, 7th Av. and 14th St. Illustrated.

PERU TODAY, by Joseph A. McKnight, P. S. 56, 207th St. and Hull Av., the Bronx. Illustrated.

LIFE WITH THE U. S. FISHERIES, by Dr. Francis Rolt-Wheeler, St. Anselm's Hall, Tinton Av., near 150th St., the Bronx. Illustrated.

Wednesday.

ORGAN RECITAL, by Prof. Samuel A. Baldwin, Great Hall, College of the City of New York, 4 P. M.

LUTHER AND THE HOME, by the Rev. Dr. Howard Duffield, Old First Chapel, 7 East 11th St. Lantern slides. Public invited, 8 P. M.

FOODS AND FOOD VALUES, by Dr. Maude Glascow, P. S. 95, Clarkson St., near Varick.

FIRE PREVENTION, by James O'Connell, P. S. 101, 111th St., near Lexington Av. Illustrated.

MAXIM GORKY, by Prof. J. G. Carter Troop, Central Jewish Institute, 125 East 85th St.

OUR SOUTH AMERICAN NEIGHBORS: THEIR CUSTOMS, by Dr. William R. Shepherd, Cooper Institute, 8th St. and 4th Av. Illustrated.

THE SONATA, by Miss Helen S. Rapallo, Hunter College, Lexington Av. and 68th St. Illustrated by violin and piano.

IN THE WILDS OF SOUTH AMERICA, by Leo E. Miller, Institute Hall, 215 East 106th St.

PAINTING IN AMERICA, WITH REMARKS ON THE POST-IMPRESSIONISTS, by Alexander T. Van Laer, N. Y. Public Library, 503 West 145th St.

SCANDINAVIA, by Miss Wilma Haumbach, Seamen's Church Institute, 25 South St. Illustrated.

THE UNITED STATES: WEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICE, by Dr. Louis L. Wilkinson, Y. M. C. A. Hall, 5 West 125th St. Illustrated.

THE PERIOD OF DISCOVERY, by Dr. L. R. Schuyler, P. S. 37, 146th St., near Willis Av., the Bronx. Illustrated.

SOUTH AMERICA, by Miss Adelaide H. Allerton, P. S. 47, Randolph and Beach Avs., the Bronx. Illustrated.

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE U. S., (Jewish lecture,) by I. E. Margolis, P. S. 3, Fulton Av. and 173d St., the Bronx. Illustrated.

EVOLUTION OF WOMAN, by Mrs. Dirce St. Cyr, (Italian lecture,) Children's Aid Society, Hester and Elizabeth Sts.

Thursday.

SOME PHASE OF MOTION PICTURES, by S. L. Rothapfel, Community Forum of Harlem, 116th St., between 7th and St. Nicholas Avs., 8 P. M.

I KNOW THAT MY OWN WILL COME TO ME, by Dr. John Herman Randall, West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 West 57th St., 8 P. M.

THE SALVATION OF EUROPE: THE STRUGGLE WITH PERSIA, by I. B. Stoughton Holborn, Washington Irving H. S., Irving Place, near 16th St.

THE TELEPHONE, by W. Wallace Ker, P. S. 3, Hudson and Grove Sts. Illustrated.

OLD MOHAWK WATERWAYS AND THE NEW BARGE CANAL, by William R. Lasher, P. S. 46, 156th St. and St. Nicholas Av. Illustrated.

DIET IN HEALTH AND DISEASE, by Frederick F. Breithut, P. S. 59, 225 East 57th St. Illustrated.

HOW LIFE BEGINS, by G. Clyde Fisher, Ph. D., P. S. 62, Hester and Norfolk Sts. Illustrated.

UNEMPLOYMENT: A PROBLEM OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATION, by Leland Rex Robinson, P. S. 165, 225 West 108th St.

GROWTH AND CONSERVATION, by Laura A. Cauble, Labor Temple, 14th St. and 2d Av. Illustrated.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY, by Charles L. Harrington, Morris High School, Boston Road and 166th St. Illustrated.

PORTO RICO, by James A. Cruikshank, P. S. 36, Unionport. Illustrated.

SWITZERLAND AND ITS CITIZEN SOLDIERY, by John G. Neumarker, P. S. 39, Longwood Av. and Beck St., the Bronx. Illustrated.

PANAMA UP TO DATE, by Frederick W. Davis, P. S. 43, Brown Place and 134th St., the Bronx. Illustrated.

YELLOWSTONE PARK, by Mrs. Emilie W. Blackman, P. S. 33, 168th St. and Tellor Av., the Bronx. Illustrated.

Friday.

FINDING YOURSELF TALK, by E. M. Willis, West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 West 57th St., 8 P. M.

WHAT IT MEANS TO LIVE IN AN UNFINISHED WORLD, WAS THE EARTH MANUFACTURED; DID IT JUST HAPPEN OR DID IT GROW? by Everett Dean Martin, Great Hall, Cooper Union, 8 P. M.

BEGINNINGS OF THE RUSSIAN STATE, by Charles Johnston, Wadleigh High School, 115th St., near 7th Av. Illustrated.

HOW LIFE BEGINS, by Dr. G. Clyde Fisher, P. S. 17, 47th St., near 8th Av. Illustrated.

HAZARDS OF LABOR AND MAINTENANCE OF STANDARDS, by Prof. James Walter Crook, P. S. 27, 42d St., near 3d Av.

SWITZERLAND AND ITS CITIZEN SOLDIERY, by J. G. Neumarker, P. S. 62, Broadway, Inwood. Illustrated.

NEW YORK IN DAYS OF THE REVOLUTION, by Euphemia V. R. Wyatt, P. S. 51, 12th St., near Avenue B. Illustrated.

FOSSIL EVIDENCES FOR EVOLUTION, by Prof. Samuel C. Schmucker, P. S. 90, 147th St., near 7th Av. Illustrated.

BELGIUM, A BURNT OFFERING TO THE GOD OF WAR, by Dr. Jerome Hall Raymond, P. S. 132, 182d St. and Wadsworth Av. Illustrated.

LIFE ON A RUSSIAN ESTATE, by Dr. Lucy E. Texter, P. S. 157, St. Nicholas Av. and 127th St. Illustrated.

THREE YEARS WITH VILLA IN MEXICO, by John W. Roberts, P. S. 3, 157th St., near Melrose Av., the Bronx. Illustrated.

RED CROSS WORK, by Dr. Wm. G. Stinson, P. S. 17, City Island.

SONGS THAT LIVE, by Mrs. Rose Morgan, P. S. 28, Anthony and Tremont Avs., the Bronx. Illustrated.

FOLK SONGS OF THE AMERICAN NEGRO, by Mrs. Nellie M. Mundy, P. S. 32, 183d St., near Beaumont Av., the Bronx. Illustrated.

RED CROSS WORK, by Mrs. Frank Baldwin, P. S. 33, Jerome Av., near 184th St., the Bronx.

UNCLE SAM'S NAVY, by John C. Welsh, P. S. 51, 158th St. and Trinity Av., the Bronx. Illustrated.

INFLUENCE OF DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES, (Italian lecture,) by Prof. Gaetano Mantellini, P. S. 45, 189th and Hoffman Sts., the Bronx.

Saturday.

FIRES AND FIRE APPARATUS OF OLD NEW YORK, by A. J. Wall, free lectures for children, with stereopticon illustrations, New York Historical Society, 170 Central Park West, 3 P. M.

THE NATURE OF MATTER, by Prof. Samuel C. Schmucker, American Museum, 77th St. and Central Park West. Illustrated.

CONSTANTINOPLE AND THE DISINTEGRATION OF TURKEY, by Dr. Jerome Hall Raymond, Cooper Institute, 8th St. and 4th Av.

PRODUCTION OF LIGHT BY ANIMALS, by Prof. Elric Dahlgren, N. Y. Public Library, 121 East 58th St. Illustrated.

HAZARDS OF LABOR AND MAINTENANCE OF STANDARDS, by Prof. James Walter Crook, Y. M. C. A., 5 West 125th St.

THEORY OF COLOR, by Prof. J. Loring Arnold, P. S. 37, 145th St., near Willis Av., Bronx.

THE BATTLE FOR FREEDOM IN RUSSIA, (Yiddish lecture,) by M. Regalsky, P. S. 4, Rivington and Ridge Sts.

VARIOUS EVENTS OF MUSIC.

Agnes Manzer, a 14-year-old child pianist recently at Maemerchor Hall, found a way to use her bouquets. Her teacher, Jennie Lee, resold the flowers at a good price for the Red Cross. Prima donnas please copy.

Yolanda Mero, Frieda Bonneche, George Reimherr, and the Elsa Fischer Quartet appear at the Waldorf-Astoria on Nov. 27 for the Women's Auxiliary of the Poliklinik.

New Year's Czech Relief Association has a "field night" for the Red Cross on Wednesday, Nov. 21, at Sokol Hall in East Seventy-first Street.

Victor Biart gives a second lecture on Philharmonic programs next Wednesday at the Plaza, including in his talk Chadwick's "Tam o' Shanter."

Sophie Zaneleff has a special concert at the Educational Alliance this afternoon for the Junior League of the Guild for the Jewish Blind.

The Beethoven Orchestra starts its eighth year under Henry Lefkowitsch on Wednesday evening at Public School 61, in East Fourth Street.

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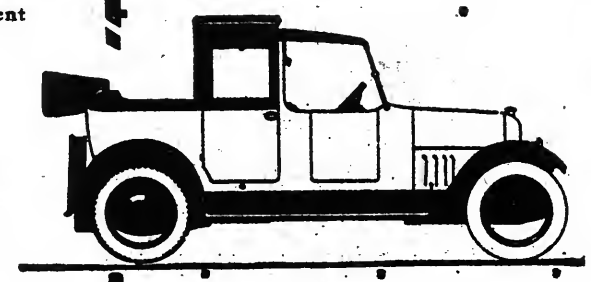

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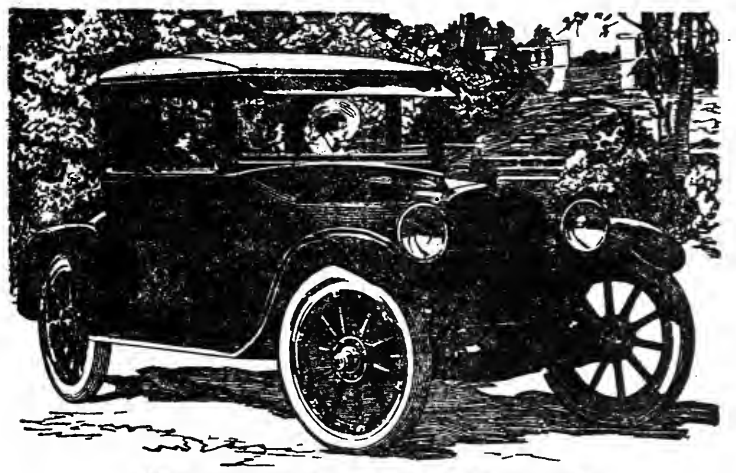
CHANDLER

CHANDLER SIX



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This year we refrained from advancing the Chandler price many months after some other manufacturers had added on two or three hundred dollars. Marking up the prices didn't make them better cars. It merely made them higher-priced.

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TWO KINDS OF PACKING.

Both the Good and the Bad in Evidence in South America.

American cement deserves a high place on the honor roll of good export packing, according to Special Agent G. M. Jones, who writes from Santiago, Chile. During a tour of the west coast of South America, he reports to the Department of Commerce, hundreds of barrels of various brands of American cement were seen. With comparatively few exceptions they were in excellent condition when they arrived. Photographs taken recently at Santiago of cement shipments from both this country and Europe furnished a contrast that was very favorable to the former. The European lot is shown with the heads of several barrels broken in, while the American packing shows no defect of this kind.

There is a different story to tell in relation to the packing of export shipments of tin plate to South America, according to Consul General A. L. M. Gottschalk, who is at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, and who writes in part:

"In the course of surveying damaged American cargoes to which objection had been raised here, attention was called to the manner in which certain shipments of tin plate arrived at Rio Janeiro from the United States. In two shipments which were recently examined, one consisting of 2,000 and the other of 450 cases, 600 cases were found to be damaged in the first instance and 113 in the other.

"Tin plate arrives from the United States in lots of 112 sheets, which are packed in cases of very thin wood, only slightly hooped with light iron bands. This does not provide protection against rough handling while cargo is being discharged, and often a case is broken and the sheets it contains are bent, rusted, or otherwise made unsalable. In the two instances cited the number of cases damaged was well over 25 per cent. of the total.

"The surveyor, Charles Filiberti, suggests that sufficient protection against such accidents could be avoided by running an additional band or hoop of soft iron around the centre of each case, thus preventing the boards from coming apart. It would seem safer if the cases themselves were made of a heavier, stronger wood."

Canada's Large Crops.

The estimated value of the Canadian field crop this year, according to Consul Felix S. S. Johnson, stationed in Kingston, Ontario, is over $1,000,000,000. These are the figures given by the Provincial and Government bureaus. This amount, however, does not include pasture lands, fruit returns, tobacco, clover seed, hemp and other small crops. The estimated values at current prices for some of the crops are as follows: Oats, $232,280,000; barley, $58,620,000; rye, $6,059,000; peas, $5,488,000; hay and clovers, $160,000,000; fodder corn, $10,000,000. The quality of this year's crops is said to surpass all records. Out of 717 cars of Western wheat inspected, 660 were contract grades. Millers expressed satisfaction at the new wheat brought from Western fields and declare the crop to be the "best ever."

New Jobbing House for Waco.

The Williams Dry Goods Company, a new jobbing house, will open for business in Waco, Texas, on Jan. 1. It will start in with a paid-up capital of $300,000 and the Board of Directors will consist of prominent men from different branches of business in Waco. Joseph R. Sellers, a well known merchant of Birmingham, Ala., is now in this market buying stock for the new house. Mr. Sellers will be general manager of the business and will also give his personal attention to the furnishings and notions departments.

CARE NEEDED IN MARKING.

This Is Important on Cases of Goods Exported to Chile.

While, according to Special Agent Grosvenor M. Jones of the Department of Commerce, most of the merchandise exported to Chile from this country is at least fairly well packed, the same cannot be said of the markings on the cases. Concerning this he writes, in part:

"The marking of the cases was less satisfactory than the packing. Since poor or improper marking is a violation of the customs regulations and may subject a ship to a fine and cause interminable delays in the inspection of the goods in the Custom House, it is of the utmost importance that exporters exercise care in the matter. Chilean customs regulations require that all marks be made with stencil, and not with brush or labels, and a violation of this rule subjects the ship to a fine.

"All markings should be in letters 2 to 2½ inches high. Durable paint must be used and must be carefully applied, so as to have the letters and numbers clear and distinct. It is advisable to place marks on opposite ends of the case.

"All marks should be placed fairly close together. A great deal of time is saved in many directions if the marks can be read quickly. The well-marked cases get prompter dispatch in the Custom House. A certain order should be followed in marking. First comes the consignee's mark. Just below that should come the number of the case, if the consignment consists of more than one case. Below the number of the case should be placed the port of destination. Several inches below this designation of port should be placed gross and net weights in kilos and pounds. Measurements in inches and centimeters are not required by the customs regulations. They are of value only to the steamship company, and may be put down in one corner of the case. Caution signs should be in Spanish as well as English.

"If an old case is used, which is a practice to be condemned, special care should be taken to remove completely the former markings. Special stress should be laid on the fact that, in consignments of more than one case each case should be numbered, and that this number should agree with that shown on the invoices. Unless the cases are numbered it is difficult, if not impossible, for the consignee to withdraw a case from the Custom House until the whole consignment has been received."

Wool Fabric Hats Replace Felt.

With the scarcity in furs making the felt hat situation more and more serious, not only from the standpoint of price but as to the prospects of an actual shortage as well, there is said to be a disposition on the part of a number of hatters to turn to other fabrics to fill the gap. The result is a greater number of cloth hats on the market than there has ever been before at this time of the year, and they are said to be getting a very satisfactory reception. Khaki colored duvetyn, all-over stitched in hat form, is one of the most popular of the substitutes for felts. Another feature is the tweed hat, developed more this year than formerly, along the lines of alpine felts. They also are well taken, and it is predicted that another year may find them much more generally worn.

TO EXTEND USE OF COFFEE.

Money to be Raised by Tax in Brazil for This Purpose.

A law imposing a tax of 100 reis a sack (about 2½ cents United States money) on all coffee exported has been approved by the President of Sao Paulo. According to a report from Consul Charles L. Hoover, at Sao Paulo, Brazil, the proceeds of the new tax are to be used in a campaign to increase the consumption of coffee in foreign countries, chiefly the United States. The tax is to be collected by the railroads and turned over to the Government at the end of each month.

It is estimated that about $300,000 will be raised by this means, and it is to be spent through the Promoting Society for the Defense of Coffee located in Sao Paulo. Though the society will undertake no advertising campaign on its own account, publicity agents wishing to place proposals before the association should address it direct.

LATEST GERMAN LOAN WAS UPHILL FIGHT

Hardest Problem of Campaigners Was to Keep Down Pessimism as to the Financial Future.

Every power of persuasion and pressure at the disposition of the German Government was brought into play to make a success of the seventh war loan of 15,000,000,000 marks, ($3,570,000,000 at normal exchange,) according to reports found in German newspapers recently reaching London. The time for the acceptance of subscriptions was scheduled to run thirty days from Sept. 19, but it was hinted that in case the full amount was not raised by the end of that period belated patriots would still have a chance to subscribe.

"Discourage England from continuing to fight!" was the catch phrase officially adopted by the Government for the purpose of getting subscriptions. News and advertisements of the campaign filled late papers to the exclusion of almost all other topics.

The Krupps subscribed $12,500,000, the Mendelssohn Bank in Berlin $5,000,000, and the Town of Berlin $15,000,000, making the municipality's total war loan investment $90,000,000. In general the campaign for the loan was being waged on the lines originated by the British Treasury authorities last Winter. Cabinet Ministers and Deputies addressed meetings, and the magic name of Hindenburg was used for all it was worth. Dutch newspapers contained advertisements reminding Germans resident abroad of their patriotic duty.

Poetry, music, and the promise of decorations by the Kaiser were some of the methods adopted or suggested for inducing the Germans to ransack their cupboards, stockings, and other savings banks for the new loan. One Sunday a concert was given in Berlin by the Philharmonic Orchestra, and while the spell of Wagnerian masterpieces was still upon them persuasive orators asked the audience to fill out subscription blanks.

A big feature of the propaganda for the loan was the effort to dissipate pessimism as to the financial position of Germany after the war. In the midst of the loan campaign Rudolf Havenstein, President of the Reichsbank, delivered a speech before the Frankfort Chamber of Commerce summarizing current German arguments.

Herr Havenstein candidly admitted that pessimism about the financial future was widespread. He replied to the pessimists in the first place with generalities about the enormous strength of Germany, which, he said, could never become bankrupt unless the empire were broken up. He still held out a vague hope of indemnities, but admitted that such hopes were better left out of the calculation. Germany's financial burden would be undoubtedly heavy, but she would be able to bear it, he said. The whole economic machinery of the world would move faster after the war, and the Germans would have to work still harder, think still more, and live more modestly. They would also have to take good care to turn capital into the most profitable channels. But the main point was that, "when peace had opened a free road for German work both at home and overseas, and when the German merchant was again able to wrestle in free competition with other nations in the world market," nothing could permanently paralyze German work, which was "inimitable."

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, coupon, 1930	97	98	4s, coupon, 1925	104⅝	105
2s, registered, 1918	99	100	2s, coupon, '38, reg.	96	98
3s, coupon, 1918	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	98
3s, registered, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg.	84	88
3s, coupon, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	86
3s, conversion, 1947	85	90	2s, registered, 1930	97	98
4s, registered, 1925	104⅝	105⅝			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Friday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Friday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	98	99	98¼	4s May, 1918	98¾	99½	98¾
4½s June, 1965	98	99	98¼	4s Nov., 1918	99½	..	99½
4½s Mar., 1963	98	99	98½	3½s Nov., 1954	79	..	80
4½s Nov., 1957	98	99	98¼	3½s May, 1954	80	..	81
4½s May, 1957	98	99	98¼	3½s Nov., 1955	79	81	89¼
4½s Nov., 1917	97⅞	..	97⅞	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4¼s April, 1960	91½	93	93	4½s 1918-1923	4.65	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	91½	94	93	4½s 1924-1931	4.65	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1964	91½	93	93	4½s 1921-1923	4.65	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1962	91½	93	93	4½s April, 1920	4.75	..	4.65
4¼s Sept., 1960	91½	93	93	4½s 1918-1919	5.00	..	4.75
4s May, 1959	89	91	90	3½s 1940-1953	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1958	89	91	90	3½s 1930-1939	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s May, 1957	89	92	90	3½s 1922-1929	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1956	88	..	89¼	3½s 1919-1921	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1955	88	..	89¼				
4s Nov., 1936	91	..	92				

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Stocks opened unchanged to 2 points higher on the Consolidated Stock Exchange and the early tone was firm. For the first few minutes buying was rather vigorous. The railroads were heavy. In the closing hour, after a slight reaction in the principal stocks, few of which were carried down to the day's earlier lows, a brisk demand appeared for the steel and other industrials. Supplies were scant and the market advanced easily.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Alaska Gold	3	3	3	50	N. Y. Cent.	68½	66¾	68½
20	Allis-Chal.	17¼	16¾	17¼	50	N. Y., N. H. & H.	25	25	25
140	Am. Can	33⅜	32	32¼	30	North. Pac.	84	84	84
50	Am. C. & F.	63¾	63¾	63¾	10	Pennsylvania	47¼	47¼	47¼
80	Am. Loco.	51⅝	50½	51¾	360	Reading	67⅞	66¼	67⅞
140	Am. S. & R.	73	72½	72⅝	10	Rep. I. & S.	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝
10	Am. Sugar	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	20	South. Pac.	80⅜	80⅜	80⅜
10	Am. T. & T.	106½	106½	106½	90	Studebaker	39¾	39¼	39⅜
660	Ana. Copper	55⅝	55¼	55⅜	20	Union Pac.	113	112⅞	112⅞
80	A. G. & W. I.	98	98	98	250	U. S. Ind. A.	101⅜	101	101⅜
820	Bald. Loco.	57½	56¼	56⅞	50	U. S. Rubber	49¼	49¼	49¼
790	Beth. S'l B.	79	78¼	78⅝	5,600	U. S. Steel	91⅞	91	91⅝
250	Can. Pacific	131¼	130	131	190	Utah Copper	75¼	74⅜	75
90	C., M. & St.P.	37	36¾	37	10	West. Elec.	37½	37½	37½
10	Col. F. & I.	31⅝	31¼	31⅜	50	Willys-Over.	17⅞	17¾	17⅞
150	Crucible S'l.	54	53⅜	53⅝		BONDS.			
50	Cuba Cane S	26	26	26	$3,150	Lib. 3½s	99.40	99.02	99.40
10	Del. & Hud.	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜	260	Do 4s	98.10	98.10	98.10
80	Erie	14½	14½	14½	2,000	B.R.T.5s,'18	91½	90⅜	90⅜
200	Gen. Motors	88½	86½	87¾		MINING STOCKS.			
50	Int. Mer. M.	25¼	25	25¼	500	Atlanta	.09	.09	.09
3,490	Do pf	93⅜	92¼	92¾	1,000	F. Raw'gs.	.05	.05	.05
10	Ken. Copper	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	500	Gold. Con.	.39	.39	.39
20	Lack. Steel	73¾	73⅝	73¾	100	S. K. Con.	3.62½	3.62½	3.62½
270	Mex. Pet'm.	75⅝	74⅜	74⅜	300	Ton. Ext.	1.50	1.50	1.50
20	Miami Cop.	27¼	27¼	27¼	500	W. Caps.	.80	.80	.80
50	Mid. Steel	43⅜	43⅛	43⅜					
10	Mo. Pacific	21¼	21¼	21¼					

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5,000	‡Aetna Expl.	6⅞	6¼	6⅞	12,000	Smith M. T.	1⅜	1⅛	1 5-16
600	‡Car. L. & P.	2¼	2⅛	2¼	1,500	Submar. Bt., v. t. ctfs.	13	12¾	13
100	Carwen Steel	9	8	9	1,100	TriangleFilm, v. t. ctfs.	1	15-16	1
73	‡Cit.Ser.,old	198	192	198	100	U. S. S'ship.	3½	3½	3½
1,400	‡Int.Lube Ch.	3¼	3⅛	3¼	2,500	‡Un. Motors	15½	14¾	15
100	‡Int.Trad.pf.	63	65	65	2,000	‡Wright-Mar. Aircraft	7⅝	7¼	7¼
225	‡S.S.Kresge	67	65	67					
400	‡Poca.-L. C.	3⅛	3⅛	3¼					
450	‡Prud. Pict.	7⅛	6⅞	7					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,800	†‡Allen Oil	⅝	½	11-16	3,000	†‡Midw. Oil	110	108	109
1,500	‡Barn.O.& G.	1⅛	1⅜	1⅜	250	‡Midw. Ref.	110	107	108
150	‡Beth.O.& G.	10¼	10	10¼	2,000	†‡New Era O	36	34	36
2,000	†‡Bos.-Wyo.	28	27	28	3,000	†‡N. W. Oil	73	70	72
4,500	‡Cosden Oil	7⅜	7¼	7¼	3,000	†‡Okla. Oil	5¼	5½	5¼
5,200	Cumb.P.& R.	1⅛	1⅝	1⅝	1,000	†‡Do pf	19	19	19
500	‡Elk B. Pet.	6⅞	6¾	6⅞	1,000	Ok. P. & R.	6¾	6½	6¾
2,700	‡Elk.O.& G., (a pros.)	⅛	⅛	⅛	1,000	†O'r O. & G.	28	26	26
500	‡Esmer. Oil	7-16	7-16	7-16	1,500	Osage-H. Oil	6¾	6⅝	6¾
100	‡Federal Oil	2¾	2¾	2¾	440	‡Pan Am. P.	44	42	44
300	‡Friar Oil	¼	¼	¼	540	‡Pa.-Ky. Oil	*5¼	5⅝	5⅝
600	‡Glenrock Oil	14⅞	14¾	14¾	900	‡P.-O.O. & G	12¼	12⅛	12¼
800	‡Han.O.& R.	1 11-16	1 9-16	1 11-16	1,000	†‡Red R. Oil & Gas	58	58	58
400	‡Hum.G.C.O. & R.	4	4	4	11,000	‡Rice Oil	5-16	⅛	5-16
4,800	Kenova Oil, (a pros.)	5-16	⅛	⅛	100	‡Sap. O. & R	8½	8½	8¼
550	‡Lost C. Oil	7-16	⅛	5-16	8,000	‡Seq. O. & R	¾	11-16	¾
200	‡Merritt Oil	21¾	21¾	21¾	1,000	‡Somerset O.	7-16	7-16	7-16
900	Met. Petrol.	⅞	13-16	⅞	1,000	‡Un. W. Oil	⅝	⅝	⅝
					200	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	3½	3½	3½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,400	Acme C. H.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	300	‡Iron Blos	9-16	9-16	9-16
2,000	A.-B. Col. M.	7-16	7-16	7-16	2,000	‡Jer. Verde, (a pros.)	13-16	¾	13-16
1,000	†‡Atlanta	9	9	9	4,375	‡Jer.-Presc't.	2¾	2⅝	2¾
1,000	B. L. C. Co.	1⅛	1⅛	1½	100	†‡Jim Butler	76	76	76
2,000	†Bos. & Mon.	52	51	52	1,200	†Jumbo Ext.	15	14	15
700	‡Brad. C. M.	1⅝	1⅛	1⅝	500	‡Kirk.Porph.	50	50	50
300	Butte C. & Z. v. t. ctfs.	6	5¾	6	4,500	La. Con	¾	½	¾
600	Butte Det't.	9-16	9-16	9-16	300	Magma Cop.	35½	35	35½
4,500	†‡Caledonia	39	36	38	2,000	†Marsh Min.	8½	8½	8½
3,100	‡Cal. & Jer.	1 7-16	1⅜	1⅜	1,000	‡Monst. Chief	7-16	1-16	1-16
2,000	†Cashboy	4	4	4	5,000	†‡Moth. Lode	28	28	28
2,200	†‡C. S. M. & M., (a pros)	36	34	36	10,000	†‡Nat. Leas.	8	8	8
100	‡Coco R. M.	5	5	5	4,000	†‡Nat.Z.& L.	30	28	30
500	Con. Ariz. S.	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16	700	‡New Cornel.	15¼	14¾	15¼
100	Con. Cop. M.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	400	Nipissing	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
2,700	‡Con.-Home.	16	15½	16	25,000	†‡Nixon Nev.	82	76	81
12,000	‡Emma Con.	½	½	½	3,800	†Portl'd Con.	24	23	24
1,000	†‡Fortuna	40	40	40	300	†Roch. Mines	36	36	36
2,600	‡Gibson Cop.	2⅛	2	2⅛	2,500	Sil.Kg.of Ariz.	½	½	¼
300	‡Gila Copper	17¼	17¼	17¼	10,000	†St.Nich.Zinc	10	9	9½
7,000	‡Globe Dom.	½	7-16	½	300	Std.Sil.-Lead	13-16	13-16	13-16
250	†Goldf'd Con.	40	39	39	215	Tono. Ext	1 9-16	1½	1 9-16
750	‡Gt.VerdeEx.	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16	6,000	†‡Troy-Ariz.	18	16	18
950	Hecla Mining	4 7-16	4½	4½	200	†W.End Con.	65	65	65
12,000	†‡Int. Mines	10	10	10	350	White Caps	13-16	¾	13-16
					1,500	†Yerington	12	12	12

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$9,000	‡Beth.Steel5s 2-yr. notes	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	$8,000	‡Rus. Govt. new 5½s	53½	53½	53½
7,000	‡Can. Govt.5s	94¾	94¾	94¾					

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Friday. Bid.	Ask.
Air Reduct'n.	60	70	60	70
Am.-Brit.Mfg.	3	6	3	6
Am.-B. M. pf.	20	40	20	40
Am. Writ. P.	1⅛	2⅛	1⅛	2⅛
Br.-Am. Tob., registered	15	15½	15	15½
Br.-Am. Tob., coupon	15½	16½	15¼	16½
Carbon Steel	75	80	73	80
Chalmers Mot.	2	4	2	4
Do pf	..	50	..	50
Charcoal Iron.	6¾	7¼	6¾	7¼
Do pf	5½	6	5½	6
Chev. Motor	53	56	56	58
CitiesServ.pf.	72	72¾	72	72½
Cramp Ship	71	74	71	74
Curtiss A. pf.	50	75	50	75
Curtiss Aero.	26	28	26	28
Emer. Phono.	4¾	5½	4¾	5½
Everett-Hea.	20	21	20	21
Fed. D. & Ch.	5	10	5	10
Free. Texas	36	39	36	39
Havana Tob.	½	1¼	½	1½
Do pf	2	5	2	5
Holly Sugar	40	50	40	50
Do pf	98	101	98	101
Hupp M. Car	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
Intercont.Rub.	7	9	7	9
Int. Trad. Co.	⅝	½	⅝	½
Int. M. 2d pf.	15	20	15	20
Kresge pf	92	98	92	98
Lake Tor. Bt.	3¾	4	3¾	4
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf	6	7	6	7
L. Val. C. S.	58	63	58	63
Lukens Steel	35	44	35	44
Do 1st pf	100	102	100	102
Man. Transit	7-16	9-16	7-16	9-16
Marconi of A.	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Marlin Arms	86	87	86	87
Maxim Mun.	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞
N. Y. Ship'g.	29	33	29	33
N. Y. Trans.	14	17	14	17
N. A. P. & P.	1⅞	2¼	1⅞	2⅛
Peer. T. & M.	9	11	9	11
Poole E. & M.	60	80	60	80
Pyrene Mfg.	8½	10	8½	10
Std. Motors	7¾	8½	7½	8
St.L.,R.M.&P.	30	35	30	35
St. Jo. Lead	15½	16	15¾	16
Todd Sh'yards	72	76	72	76

INDUSTRIALS.—*Continued.*

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Friday. Bid.	Ask.
Un. E. Aero.	3⅞	4⅛	3⅞	4¼
U. S. L. & H.	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
United Z. S.	1¾	2	1¾	2
World Film.	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
OIL STOCKS.				
Cosden Oil pf.	3½	4	3½	4
Houston Oil	18	20	18	20
Inter. Pet.	10	10¾	10	10¾
Kan.-U. Con.	⅞	15-16	⅞	15-16
Ky. Petrol.	7¼	7½	7¼	7½
Midw. Oil pf.	1 1-16	1¼	1 1-16	1¼
Pierce Oil	8½	9½	8½	9½
Savoy Oil	7	9	7	9
Tuxpam Star.	½	9-16	½	9-16
United Petrol.	30	40	30	40
Vac. O. & G.	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
West. St. Pet.	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞
MINING STOCKS.				
Alaska Std.	24	27	24	27
Big Jim	½	¾	½	¾
Bingham M.	11	12	11	12
Booth	3	5	3	5
Brant Mines	55	58	55	58
Bull. Peak	½	½	½	½
Butte & N. Y.	½	⅞	½	⅞
Butte-Ram. C.	5½	5¾	5½	5¾
Canada Cop.	1⅞	2	1 15-16	2
Calaveras Cp.	1½	2	1½	2
Cerro Gordo.	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Creason Con.	4½	4¾	4½	4¾
Dundee-Ariz.	¾	1	¾	1
Gold. Merger	3	4	3½	4½
Howe Sound	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
Kewanas	6	7	6	7
La R. Cons.	1-16	7-16	1-16	7-16
Mason Valley	4	4½	4	4½
Magnate Cop.	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
Milford Cop.	1⅛	1½	1⅛	1½
Silver Pick	8	9	8	9
Success Min.	12	14	12	13
Superior Cop.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
Utica Mines	11	13	11	13
Wh. Cape Ex.	12	14	12	14
Wilbert Min.	17	19	17	19
BONDS.				
C. & W. I. 6s.	98⅜	98½	98⅜	98½
Gen. Elec. 6s.	100	100⅜	100	100⅜
Pierce O. 6s, '24	70	75	70	75

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

P. S. FARMER COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the P. S. Farmer Company, buyers for out-of-town concerns, by these creditors: Harold S. Kohn, $400; Samuel T. Feldstein, $375, and Fay Rosenblum, $201. Liabilities are stated to be $17,000 and assets $5,000.

HENRY HART.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Henry Hart, doing business as the Famous Clothing Company at 511 Eighth Avenue, by these creditors: Rosenthal & Goldberg, $77; Abram W. Weill, $2,300, and Sam Jacobson, $800. He also made an assignment to Jacob J. Lazaroe. Liabilities are stated to be $15,000 and assets $5,000.

POPULAR CLOAK AND SUIT COMPANY of 14 West Seventeenth Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by these creditors: K. L. Abbott, $350; R. Schechter, $397, and B. Saperstein, $50.

HARRY MARKOWITZ, a baker at 83 Avenue C, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,225 and no assets.

DOMINICK CARDO of 2,154 Crotona Avenue, Bronx, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $780 and no assets.

KARL FREUND, INC.—Edward H. Childs has been appointed receiver by Judge Hand for Karl Freund, Inc., decorator and dealer in antique ware, of 3 East Forty-seventh Street, bond $5,000.

CANDEE-BOEHM CORP., dealer in antiques at 17 East Forty-eighth Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $23,580 and assets of $10,778, consisting of stock, $9,209; accounts, $1,131, and cash in bank, $350.

WILLIAM STEUER, a dealer in live poultry of 506 Cherry Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $15,992 and assets of $89, consisting of fixtures, $25, and cash in bank, $64. Among the creditors are Hance Bros., $8,861, and Baff & Sons, $3,326.

BELLE BRYCE GARMENT COMPANY of 5 East Forty-seventh Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $9,387 and assets of $9,277, consisting of stock, $6,882; fixtures, $250, and accounts, $2,145.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor.

In New York County.

($100 and over.)

Anfray, Germanie—B. Talat....$130.50
Bisaccia, Tony—H. B. Endicott et al....322.89
Baldwin, Arthur W.—S. E. Horrigan....148.80
Baracca, Eugenio—J. A. Kirsch & Co....131.51
Child, Frank W.—G. H. Squire....241.90
De La Garza, Emeteria, Jr.—Wetzel....518.90
Ducorsky, Jacob—E. L. Richards....113.60
Same—Same....112.15
Dibner, Charles—Barrett Co....469.55
Ensign Imp. Co.—Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp....1,295.97
Engbrocks, Robert—Gibson Distilling Co....100.60
Elo Building Co.—R. Procario....344.41
Ennis, Arthur B.—J. N. H. Slee....1,172.94
Epstein, David—H. C. F. Koch & Co....124.72
Frank, Moses—Butler Bros....206.20
Graham, Chas. W.—H. S. Schachne....324.71
Gold, Barney—United Dye Works....127.54
Hanifin, William, and James Garlan—P. Clark....847.56
Huhne, Alice M.—Ovington Bros. Co....210.60
Jacob, Alexander—Francis H. Leggett & Co....254.11
Kroshinsky, Abraham—E. Arsenian....170.91
Kobusch Geo. J.—S. L. Snowden....2,019.10
Kelly, Michael E., and Joseph R. McGuire—Richmond Radiator Co....801.73
King, Wm. H.—N. D. Chapin, costs....132.82
Lepanto, Pietro—P. Bercovits....153.51
Louis K. Liggett Co.—A. Azzi....346.30
Morrison, Ambrose A. — Bogert Flour Co....424.23
Morse, Max—A. S. Laidhold....876.27
Miller, Harry—Central Fish Co....576.42
Narusoff, Abraham—Milo Realty Co....488.30
Pearlman Co.—E. Saxe....1,685.96
Noyes, Thomas E.; Frederick Lowenhaupt, and Celia A. Holmes—E. J. Backenstoe....6,378.58
Pick, Wm. D.—Geo. H. Tyrrell Co....823.44
Pflum, Harry D., or A. H. Doane Pflum, or Doane Pflum—I. Frank....261.34
Novita, Nathan, by gdn.—(?) Tenzer, costs....108.95
Rosen, Max—Humphrey, Taylor & Co., Ltd....250.40
Rapanatti, Antonio—People, &c....200.00
Rosenberg, Edward—C. P. Goldsmith....271.70
Rice, Charles L.—L. L. Kellogg....182.75
Siegel, George—H. S. Sisson....1,800.00
Stein, Abraham and Calila—G. T. Gwillian....575.35
Snider, Philip—S. Scherer....100.00
Sancy Light Corp.—C. W. Vernon et al....1,587.66
Tabacchino, Angela, (Angela and Scannavino)—Colgate & Co....158.89
W. Well & Co.—Madero Bros....571.70
Walsh, James L.—H. T. Schachne....128.87
Witkin, Jacob—A. Franklin et al....113.35

In Bronx County.

Carpenter Co.—Crescent Furniture Co....$113.93
Cohen, Nathan—Antogate Realties, Inc....30.20
Fridiger, Louis—A. J. Cook....324.41
Glider, Lena—Krakauer Bros....298.91
Goldberg, Maurice—Superior Fire Proof Door and Sash Co....68.22
Grob, William—Bronx Inv. Co....523.36
Lopard, Charles—M. Hamp....420.72
Myers, Alfred S.—H. J. Block....100.47
173d St. Realty Co.—M. E. Cummings....130.26

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Benesch, Arthur B.—M. M. Moritz, Dec. 15, 1913, canceled....$523.06

In Bronx County.

Malcolm, Thomas D.—A. G. McLean, Sept. 28, 1917....$96.55

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
60	Am. Light & Traction	185	181	182	186
150	Pacific Gas & Electric	34	33½	33⅜	34½

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	17	20	Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Adiron. Elec. Power Pf.	69	73	Miss. River Power	7	9
Am. Gas & Electric	85	90	Miss. River Power pf.	54	56
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	40	43	Northern Ohio Electric	27	32
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	90	94	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	68	72
Am. Power & Light	36	41	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Am. Power & Light pf.	..	75	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf.	53	56
Am. Public Utilities	30	35	Northern States Power	53	58
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	62	65	Northern States P. pf.	85	89
Am. Water W. & Elec.	4	6	Northern Texas Electric	50	54
Am. W. W. & E.partic.	10	14	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	68	74
Am. W. W. & E.1st pf.	59	63	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Carolina Power & Light	30	31	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	79	80
Carolina P. & L. pf.	90	94	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf.	96	98
Cities Service	195	198	Pub. Serv. Secur. pf.	73½	75½
Cities Service pf.	72	72¾	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	13	18
Colorado Power	20	23	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf	49	53
Colorado Power pf.	93	98	Ry. & Lt. Secur. pf.	86	90
Columbus Electric pf.	78	82	Republic Ry. & Light	18	21
Commonwealth P. & L.	35	37	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	54	55
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	62	65	Sierra Pac. El. pf.	62½	67½
Conn. Power pf.	85	90	Southern Cal. Edison	80	83
Consumers' Power pf.	89	92	South. Cal. Edison pf.	93	96
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	81	83	Standard Gas & Elec.	3½	5
Duluth Edison	75	80	Std. Gas & Elec. pf.	22	25
Eastern Texas Electric	50	55	Tampa Electric	100	109
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	79	84	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow.	2	3
El Paso Electric	100	104	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	10	12
El Paso Electric pf.	90	94	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Electric B. & S. pf.	93	96	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf.	86	88
Electric Properties	52	58	United Gas Improve.	80	89½
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	84	89	United Light & Rys.	26	30
Federal Light & Trac.	..	9	United Light & Rys. pf.	59	62
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf.	..	38	Wash. L. W. L. & P.pf.	81½	84
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	16	..	West. P. Ter. & W. P.	10	15
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	..	68	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	50	65
Gas & Elec. Securities	280	300	West. Penn. P. pf.	95	100
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf.	93	98	Western Power	7	10
Idaho Power 7% pf.	96	100	Western Power pf.	40	45
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98	Wisconsin Edison	35	40
Interstate Electric	36	42	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	96	100
Interstate Electric pf.	90	95			

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98¼	Middle West U. 6s, '25	96	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	69	71	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s.	99½	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	72	80	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	70
Carolina P. & L. 5s	89	92	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	82	88
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	90	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s,'31	78	83½
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	93	97½	Nor. States P. 6s, 1926	92	94
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s,'27	70	75	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	87	87½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	96½	100	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963	90	95	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100½	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	Omaha & C. B. 5s	89	93
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	90	93	P., G. & E.(Ariz.) 6s,'34	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100¼	101½	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	90	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	90	93	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96	97
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	89	93	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s,'45	94	98
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	95	100	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39	68	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	85	90	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	38	92
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	87	92	U.S. R., R. & M. 6s,'25	111	113
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	Union L. & R. 1st 5s,'32	80	87
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	77	82	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26	94	99
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	90	98	United Util. cv. 6s, '43	93	98
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	97	100	Utah Securities 6s	86	87
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44	93	96	Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	94½	98
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	90	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
L., G. & E. Co.1st 5s'41	85	90	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	West P. P. 1st 5s, '46	89	92
			Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	90	95

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The movement of wheat during the last week shows a falling off of about 700,000 bushels from the previous week. This was accounted for in part by the fact that farmers are busy husking corn. At the same time there were very few complaints of scarcity of wheat at the mills, and it is becoming more evident that wheat is finding its way to the mills this year in great quantities without appearing at the statistical points, which gives the impression that wheat is moving slower than is actually the case.

RYE.—Market easier. No. 2 Western, $1.83¼, cost and freight, New York.

CORN.

The corn market was very inactive, with narrow price changes. Offers of new cash corn from the country were slightly larger and the cash market was relatively easy at some Western points. It seemed to be the general impression in the cash trade, however, that there is little probability of much accumulation until after the turn of the new year. The local cash market was strong, new yellow selling at $2.06⅞, cost and freight, New York, ten days' shipment, and Argentine corn at $2.05, free on board cars, New York, to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.20½	1.19½	1.20	1.20¼	92⅞
January	1.17½	1.16⅜	1.17¼	1.17¼	94⅛
May	1.15⅞	1.15¼	1.15⅝	1.15½	..

OATS.

Exporters have apparently withdrawn from the oats market for the time being and in consequence an easier tone prevailed on Saturday, final prices being ⅜ to ¾c net lower. The cash position at large, however, was not of a character to encourage expectations of any material decline. Receipts were moderate and there was comparatively little pressure from the country despite the fact that holdings on the farms are conceded to be very large. The local cash market was steady; standard quoted at 73½ to 74c; No. 2 white, 74½c; No. 3 white, 73 to 73½c; No. 4 white, 72½ to 73c; fancy clipped white, 74½ to 76c; ordinary clipped white, 74 to 75c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	65⅜	64⅜	64⅝	65⅜	56½
May	65¼	64½	64⅜	65½	61

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was inactive, with sales of only 900 barrels. The undertone was easy, owing to the action of lard and underselling of November against tenders of 1,500 barrels. The cash position, however, was firm, and there was a very strong undertone to most of the competing oils and greases. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	18.25	19.00
November	18.95	18.75	18.25@18.75	18.75
December	..	..	18.00@18.40	18.20
January	18.25	18.25	18.15@18.20	18.25
February	..	..	18.10@18.25	18.20
March	..	..	18.16@18.25	18.29
April	..	..	18.75	..
May	..	..	19.00	..

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was quiet and prices were easier under scattered selling credited to packing interests and owing to liquidation as a result of the Government's attitude toward high prices. At the same time the cash situation was firm and the statistical position bullish. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 10,000, estimated for Monday 43,000, and for next week 175,000; Kansas City received 2,500 and Omaha 4,000 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
November	$27.50	$27.50	$27.50	$27.90	..
January	24.45	24.32	24.37	24.55	$15.90
Ribs—					
January	24.15	23.95	24.00	24.17	14.32
May	23.60	23.47	23.55	23.72	14.42
Pork—					
January	45.15	44.90	45.06	45.25	26.90

COFFEE.

Reports of an easier tendency in Brazil were followed by a renewal of liquidation in the coffee market on Saturday, and prices made new low ground for the movement. May contracts sold off to 7.26 or 17 points net lower, and the market closed at a net decline of 16 to 18 points. Further liquidation of December resulted in exchanges of December for May at 44 points and for September at 77 points. The local spot market was quiet and unchanged at 7⅜ for Rio 7s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.75@6.77	6.93
December	6.94	6.83	6.83@6.84	7.01
January	..	..	6.92@6.94	7.09
February	..	..	7.01@7.03	7.17
March	7.21	7.10	7.10@7.12	7.26
April	..	..	7.18@7.20	7.35
May	7.38	7.26	7.26@7.27	7.43
June	..	..	7.34@7.35	7.52
July	7.54	7.50	7.43@7.44	7.60
August	..	..	7.52@7.53	7.68
September	7.71	7.60	7.60@7.61	7.77

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 2,554 packages. The shortage of fancy fresh creamery was very acute today, and many buyers were unable to supply their wants. The outside trade was particularly urgent, and high bids were made in hope of drawing goods out of the regular channels. Quotations for extras and high scoring lots were advanced about ¼c. The medium qualities are moving a little better and also showing a little improvement. Renovated still dull. Ladles higher. Packing stock quiet. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb, 45½@46½c; extras, (92 score,) 45@45½c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 42@44½c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 40@41½c; thirds, 38@39c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 46¾@47¼c; extras, 45¾@46¼c; firsts, 43@45c; seconds, 41@42½c; creamery, held, higher than extras, 43@43½c; extras, 42@42¾c; firsts, 40¾@42c; seconds, 39½@40½c; thirds, 38@39c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 43½@44½c; good to prime, 40½@43c; common to fair, 35@40c; renovated, extra, 41c; firsts, 39½@40c; lower grades, 35@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 33¼@34c; seconds, 32½@33c; lower grades, 31½@32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@30½c.

EGGS.—Receipts today, 3,721 cases, not including 1,000 cases in transit for export. The highest qualities of fresh gathered eggs are scarce and meeting demand sufficient to absorb the offerings promptly at firm prices. Average prime qualities are quiet and offerings are rather more than ample. Undergrades irregular, and values still show a very wide range. Storage eggs unsettled and generally weak. There is hardly enough important business doing to clearly establish values, and any pressure to force goods on the market would require further concessions. Nearby eggs in light supply. Fancy new laid qualities scarce and firm; mixed and lower grades irregular, and prices show about the same wide range as recently quoted. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 54@55c; extra firsts, 52@53c; firsts, 48@51c; seconds, 42@46c; thirds and poorer, 35@40c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 34@35c; No. 2 and poorer, 28@33c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 32@33c; under grades, 25@31c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34@35c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 32¼@33½c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 30@32c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 28@30c; refrigerator, nearby whites, 39@44c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 75@80c; ordinary to good, 60@72c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 58@75c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets, 52@60c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 52@65c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 55@61c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 46@55c.

Auctions.

Keeler Art Galleries
12 Vesey St., near Broadway.
(Subway station at Fulton St.)
Unrestricted Auction Sale
THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,
Nov. 22 and 23, at 2 P. M.
By order of
Blandy, Mooney & Shipman,
Attorneys, 41 Wall St.,
For the Account of a Client
A NATIONAL BANK
to Satisfy Its Lien,
a Collection of
PRINTS
By the Old Italian, Dutch, Flemish and French Masters.
Prints by Aldegrever, Altdorfer, Baillie, Bartolozzi, Beham, Callot, Cort, Drevet, Edelinck, Ghisi, Goltzius, Hollar, Hopfer, Lunghi, Leyden, Lorrain, Masson, Muller, Pencz, Rai, Mendl, Schiavonetti, Sharp, Strange, Van Dyke, Visscher, Willie and others.
On Exhibition Tuesday and Wednesday, November 20 & 21.
The Sale will be conducted by
MR. GEORGE W. KEELER.

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Clev. Bank	91	91	91	10	Davis. Chem	24	24	24
108	Cosden	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	170	Houston Oil	20	19⅜	20
80	Do pf	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$12,000	Cos. 6s, A.	79¼	79¼	79¼	$6,000	Cosden G. 6s, 1919	90	90	90
15,000	Do pf	79½	79½	79½					

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Am. Zinc	12	12	12	345	East Butte	10¼	10¼	10¼
255	Alaska	2⅞	2⅜	2⅜	25	Franklin	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
15	Allouez	51½	51½	51½	15	Mohawk	60½	60½	60½
25	Anaconda	55½	55½	55½	100	North Lake	50c	50c	50c
50	Bonanza	21c	21c	21c	70	Old Dom	36½	36	36
20	Calu. & Ariz.	64¼	64	64	60	Osceola	60	59½	59½
3	Calu.&Hecla	440	440	440	10	Pond Creek	17½	17½	17½
211	Cop. Range	47⅜	46⅝	47½	179	Quincy	64	64	64
1,000	Daly-West	2	2	2	50	U. S. Sm. pf.	44½	44½	44½
100	Davis-Daly	3⅜	3⅞	3⅞	165	Utah Con	11½	11½	11½

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Bos. & Alb.	131	131	131	2	Old Colony	90	90	90
181	Bos. Elev	32	31½	32	29	West End	35½	35	35
2	Fitchburg pf.	50	50	50	30	Do pf	48	47⅞	47⅞
100	New Haven	25	25	25					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Agr.Ch.	76	76	76	10	Nipe Bay	116	116	116
206	Am. T. & T.	107⅛	106⅞	107	28	Swift	122¼	121	122¼
22	Am. Wool.pf.	88½	88	88½	30	United Drug	68	67½	68
20	A., G.& W.I.	98	97	97	4	Do 2d pf	75	75	75
82	Edison Elec.	150	150	150	31	United Fruit	115	114½	115
5	Mass Gas	77¼	77	77	250	United Shoe	40¼	40	40¼
10	Do pf	70	70	70	50	Ventura	5	5	5

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A., G.&W.I.5s	77¼	77¼	77¼	$7,000	Lib. 4s	99.00	98.16	98.16
1,000	Lib. 3½s	99.20	98.70	99.20					

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Am. Ship	88	88	88	16	Qu. Oats pf.	97	97	97
115	Booth Fish	17½	17	17½	314	Sears, Roeb.	139	130	139
260	Chi. Pn. T.	46	45	46	20	Stew. Warn.	46	46	46
135	Cudahy	112	112	112	146	Swift	122	121½	121½
22	Com. Edison	101½	101	101¼	1,078	Un. Carbide	47	45½	46¾
50	Deere pf	95½	95½	95½	10	Un. Paperbd	18	18	18
44	Pub. Service	74½	74½	74½	80	Wilson	45	44½	44½
290	People's Gas	38	38	38	20	Do pf	95	95	95

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Chi.Cy.1st 5s	89	89	89	$2,000	People's Gas ref. 5s	80	80	80
1,000	Com. Edison 1st 5s	92	92	92	10,500	Liberty 3½s	99.00	98.76	98.76
10,000	Cudahy 1st 5s	90	90	90					

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
7	Am. Gas	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	256	P. R. T. t. c.	25	24⅜	25
15	Elec. Storage	48	48	48	20	Phil. Trac.	67	67	67
10	Lake S. Cp.	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	12	Pa. Salt M.	89	89	89
54	Lehigh Nav.	56	56	56	425	Ton. Belm't.	3⅝	3 7-16	3 7-16
12	Lehigh Val.	51⅛	51¼	51⅛	33	U. G. Imp.	69	69	69
142	Penn. R. R.	47⅛	47	47⅛	10	War. I. & S.	8½	8½	8½
39	Phil. Elec.	25	25	25	5	West. Coal	76	76	76

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	El. & P. T.4s	73	73	73	$4,000	Lib. 4s	98.20	98.20	98.20
2,000	Leh. V. gen. con. 4½s	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	2,000	Penn. R. R. gen. 4½s	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜
6,000	Lib. 3½s	99.00	99.00	98.00	9,000	P., W.& B. 4s	97	96⅜	96⅜

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Friday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Friday. Bid.
Aetna pf	39	43	38	Can. Found's P.	140	150	..
American Brass	200	206	..	Colt's Arms	56	60	50
Atlas Powder	155	158	153	Du Pont	280	285	280
Do pf	94	98	92	Hercules	247	253	256
Babcock & Wilcox	108	111	109	Do pf	111	114	112
Bliss	400	450	400	Niles-Bem't-Pond	105	111	102
Do pf	73	83	73	Scovill Mfg	400	420	390
Canadian Explo.	235	335	350	Winchester Arms	700	..	750
Do pf	104	110	104				

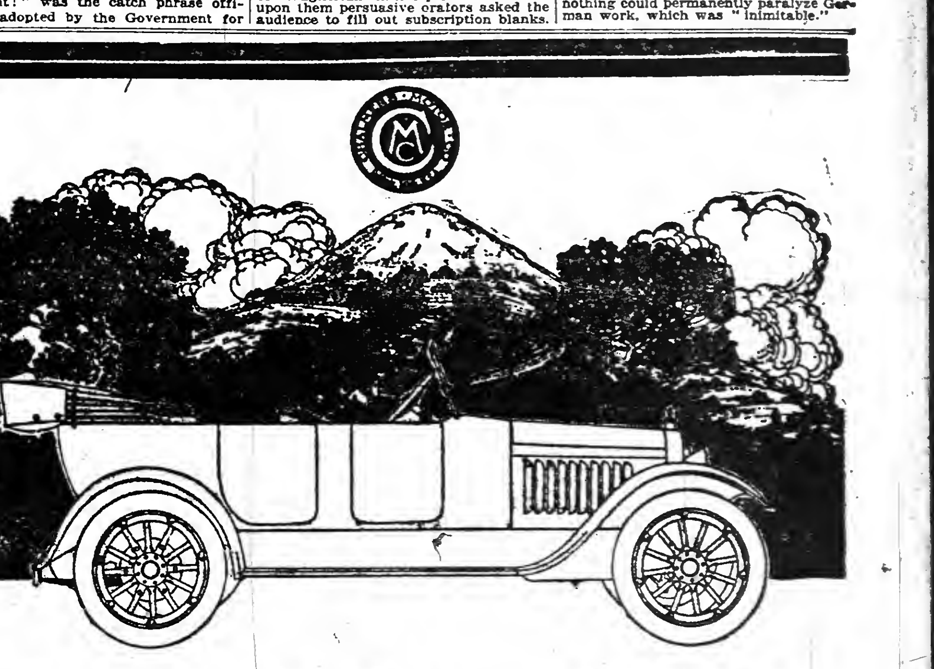
STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Friday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Friday. Bid.
Angle-Am. Oil	16¼	16¾	16¼	Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co	33	37	33
Atlantic Refining	790	810	780	Prairie Oil & Gas	395	405	395
Borne-Scrymser	400	425	400	Prairie Pipe Line	225	230	225
Buckeye Pipe Line	85	88	84	Solar Refining	295	305	300
Chesebrough Mfg.	325	350	325	Southern Pipe L.	188	193	188
Colonial Oil	50	70	50	South. Penn. Oil	245	255	245
Continental Oil	425	450	425	S. W. Penn	100	105	100
Crescent Pipe Line	33	36	33	Stand. Oil of Cal.	213	218	213
Cumberland P. L.	135	145	135	Stand. Oil of Ind.	590	600	590
Eureka Pipe Line	190	200	190	Stand. Oil of Kan.	445	465	445
Galena Signal Oil	125	130	125	Stand. Oil of Ky.	320	330	320
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	125	130	128	Stand. Oil of Neb.	475	500	480
Illinois Pipe Line	180	185	180	Stand. Oil of N. J.	505	510	505
Indiana Pipe Line	80	88	90	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	240	244	238
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	10	11	10	Stand. Oil of Ohio	420	430	420
National Transit	12	13	12	Swan & Finch	90	100	90
N. Y. Transit	175	185	175	Union Tank	80	84	80
Northern Pipe L.	95	98	97	Vacuum Oil	320	325	320
Ohio Oil	285	290	283	Washington Oil	34	38	34

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Friday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Friday. Bid.
American Cigar	85	95	90	MacAndrews & F.	185	200	190
Do pf	85	93	90	Do pf	95	100	98
Conley Foil	200	250	200	P. R.-Am. Tob.	175	190	180
J. S. Young	130	150	150	Do scrip	120	130	115
Do pf	105	110	105	R. J. Reynolds	450	500	450
				Do pf	100	104	102



AN ENGINE YOU'LL NEVER FORGET

The great Chalmers engine, now featuring the current Chalmers car, arrived at a rare time in history.

With war on, and gasoline in use now as never before, there has been one result evident probably to most every man that drives a car—the rapid decline in the grade of gasoline.

Engineers never expect to see a high-grade gas again.

In the face of this condition now comes the great Chalmers engine, which makes high power out of low-grade gas.

It makes "one drop of gas now do the work of two."

It makes gasoline work as gasoline has never worked in an automobile engine before.

By means of an ingenious device known as a "hot spot," the gas, after leaving the carburetor, is warmed up (but not overheated) just before it enters the intake manifold.

Then by means of another ingenious device known as a "ram's-horn" manifold, it is skillfully passed on to the engine combustion chamber.

The secret here is in what are known as "easy air bends."

The result is that at the time when the gas is touched off by the spark plug it is "cracked up" into a perfect vapor for 100% results.

This device in particular is one of the most notable achievements in automobile engineering in many years.

Not only do these improvements on the engine create more power out of less gas, but they also make possible a quick starting engine on a cold day.

When you step on the starter button in a current Chalmers, you get results right off. And your engine begins to run with midsummer smoothness—no missing cylinders—no spitting—no hesitating—no backfire.

So noteworthy is this great Chalmers engine that one is tempted to overlook other notable improvements and perfections in the current Chalmers.

They are numberless, and once evident to the eye of a wise buyer, they win him.

To miss seeing the current Chalmers at our showrooms is to miss the most recent and most talked-of car of the day.

TOURING CAR, 7-PASSENGER	$1535.00	TOURING SEDAN	$1950.00	TOWN CAR LANDAULET	$3025.00
TOURING CAR, 5-PASSENGER	$1485.00	CABRIOLET, 3-PASSENGER	$1775.00	LIMOUSINE, 7-PASSENGER	$2925.00
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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

HOCKING COAL COMPANY

1st Mtge. 6 Per Cent. 20-Yr. S.-F. Gold Bonds issued under Indenture dated July 1, 1912, between HOCKING COAL COMPANY, THE MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS R. R. CO., and EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the above-mentioned Indenture and supplemental Indenture dated January 28th, 1913, bonds now outstanding, bearing the following distinctive numbers, have been drawn by lot, by the undersigned, as Trustee under said Indenture, for redemption on January 1st, 1918, out of the moneys in the Sinking Fund, to wit: 61, 63, 66, 78, 86, 98, 104, 122, 134, 138, 216.

Said bonds so drawn for redemption will be paid on and after January 2nd, 1918, at the 120 Broadway Office of the undersigned Trustee, N. Y. City, upon presentation and surrender of said bonds with all coupons then unmatured at 105 per cent. of their par value. Interest on said bonds will cease on January 1st, 1918.

EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By BOYD G. CURTS, Trust Officer.
Dated N. Y. City, November 1, 1917.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED. FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 5th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.60. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

E. G. CRAWFORD, President.
Dated November 2d, 1917.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Firm in a Quiet Session—Liberty Loan Payment and the Banks.

No more interest was manifested in yesterday's narrow and rather quiet stock market, where transactions in the two hours were but 157,000 shares, with less than 20,000 in the most active issues on the board. The professional floor traders are still keeping out of the market, so far with apparently beneficial results. Yesterday's list showed a stronger tendency with particular strength in the shipping stocks. The railroads were irregular. The suggestion made by F. A. Vanderlip looking to the establishment of closer relations between the Government and owners of railway securities was based on an analysis of the existing difficulties of financing the carriers which gave no encouragement to the holders of securities.

Mr. Vanderlip's tentative proposal that the country be divided into eight or twelve districts has been made before and has many advantages to commend it. The commission cannot adequately supervise the operation of 250,000 miles of railroad, covering the entire United States, with such widely differing problems arising in different localities. He emphasized a view which the market has been discounting for some months past when he said that the proposed increase in rates, if granted as a whole, will not effect a cure for existing evils. It is because financial men do not expect more than temporary relief from even a substantial increase in rates that railroad stocks have not recovered any considerable part of their losses, as it has become more and more evident that the commission is favorably disposed toward the pending application. The trouble with the railroad situation is too deep-seated to be repaired by the addition of even 15 per cent. to existing rates. It is almost impossible to find an important commodity that has not advanced much more than that in price in the last two years. It is not enough that a railroad should earn its operating charges, its interest and taxes and a surplus of perhaps 6 per cent. on its capital stock. If it is not able to make liberal appropriations for improvements that are not written into the capital account its credit must deteriorate. The old theory of some of the best transportation men that a dollar out of earnings should be put into the property for every dollar paid in dividends, has never been accepted by the Interstate Commerce Commission, or by the shippers' representatives at rate hearings. Time has shown, nevertheless, that no railroad can borrow all the money it spends upon improvements and continue to enjoy good credit, for the simple reason that a considerable part of a railroad's expenditures go into unproductive construction, such as elimination of grade crossings and installation of safety devices.

The smoothness with which the Federal Reserve system's part in handling the 18 per cent. installment on the Liberty 4s was worked out is clearly shown in the weekly bank statement. Notwithstanding the payment of nearly $700,000,000 in this district, the excess reserves for the week remained practically untouched, with an increase of $223,000,000 in loans and a decrease of $137,000,000 in net deposits. The small increase in loans—small in relation to the size of the payment, but nevertheless the largest on record—is accounted for by the fact that the banks held $300,000,000 of Treasury certificates which fell due at the time of payment. Incidentally, the bonds dropped to a new low record yesterday, selling at 98.10, but recovering at the close to 98.34. The 3½s are widening the gap separating the two issues and are now selling close to their offering price.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High ....4 | Last 3½
Low ....3½ | Renewals 4

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATERAL.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5¼	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5½@5¾	Ninety days	5¾
Four months	5½@5¾	Four months	5¾
Five months	5½@5¾	Five months	5¾@5¾
Six months	5½@5¾	Six months	5½@5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....3¼@3½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....3½@3¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....4½@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.
30 to 60 days....5
4 to 6 months....5¼
Other Names.
4 to 6 months....5½@5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75½	$4.75⅜	$4.75½	+.03⅛
Cables	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.75½	5.75½	5.75¼	+.00¼
Cables	5.73¾	5.73¾	5.73¾	+.00⅝
Rubles—				
Demand	13.00	12.75	13.00	+.20
Cables	13.25	13.00	13.25	+.20

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75½	$4.76⅛
5.1826	Paris	5.75½	5.73¾
	China—		
	Hongkong	71.00	71.25
	Peking	106.00	106.25
	Shanghai	99.00	99.25
19.295	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.19	Holland	44.00	44.50
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.00	35.25
	Calcutta	35.00	35.25
5.1823	Italy	8.63	8.62
49.84	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.75	52.00
	Yokohama	51.25	52.00
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	50.125	50.25
51.50	Russia	12.50	13.05
26.79	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	42.50	43.00
	Copenhagen	35.00	35.50
	Christiania	35.00	35.50
19.295	Spain	23.47	23.55
	South America—		
32.42	Rio	25.31	25.41
42.44	Buenos Aires	45.26	45.30
5.1826	Switzerland	4.42	4.39

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71½	$4.69½	$4.70½	$4.68½

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $654,224,845; balance, $78,543,836; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $3,486,691; Federal Reserve credit balance, $64,083,755.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, Par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .3125@.46875 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 43⅝d., off ¼d.; unchanged in New York, 85½c, off ¾c; Mexican dollars, 65½c.

WEEKLY BANK CLEARINGS.

New York City bank clearings last week, as reported by the Clearing House, and the clearings of the United States, as reported by The Financial Chronicle, compare as follows:

	In New York.	Total U. S.
	1917.	
Nov. 17	$3,710,128,002	$6,788,825,022
Nov. 10	*3,177,309,106	5,882,241,547
Nov. 3	3,848,297,821	6,692,441,152
Oct. 27	3,518,240,918	6,028,576,780
	1916.	
Nov. 18	$4,039,307,201	$6,568,210,508
Nov. 11	3,680,366,027	5,896,287,259
Nov. 4	3,769,361,408	6,157,558,682
Oct. 28	3,591,766,063	5,960,094,875

*Five days.

CALL MONEY RATES.

Call money rates in corresponding weeks in this and recent years have been:

	High.	Low.	Ruling.		High.	Low.	Ruling.
1917	4½	3½	4	1911	3¼	2¾	2¾
1916	4½	3	4	1910	3½	2	3½
1915	2	1½	1¾	1909	5¼	4	4½
1914	6	4½	5	1908	3	1½	1¾
1913	4	3	3¾	1907	15	5	10
1912	6½	4¾	5½	1906	20	2½	6

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

SATURDAY, NOV. 17, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	156,175	1,015,785	324,840
Year to date	166,739,381	190,520,407	156,705,500

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
..	..	200	Ajax Rubber	50	50	50	50	...
2⅝	2¾	1,000	Alaska Gold Mines	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2¾	−⅛
17	17⅛	500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	17	17	17	17	+¼
69	70	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	70	70	70	70	...
74	77	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	75¼	75¼	75¼	75¼	+¼
33	33½	2,800	Am. Can	33⅛	33⅞	33	33	+⅞
63½	64	300	Am. Car & Fdry.	64	64	63½	63½	+1
24⅞	26	200	Am. Cotton Oil	25	25	25	25	...
53⅜	54½	1,500	Am. International	52⅜	54	52⅜	53⅜	+1⅛
24⅜	25	800	Am. Linseed	24⅜	24¾	24⅜	24⅜	−⅛
68	68¾	200	Am. Linseed pf.	68	68¾	68	68¾	+½
51	51½	2,500	Am. Locomotive	50⅝	52	50⅝	51½	+1⅝
10¼	11	100	Am. Malting	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	+½
52	52½	100	Am. Malting 1st pf.	52½	52½	52½	52½	+1½
72⅛	72½	1,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	72½	72¾	72⅛	72⅜	+⅛
100	100¾	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	...
52½	53	500	Am. Steel F'dries	52½	52½	52½	52½	−½
92	93	300	Am. Sugar Ref.	93	93	92½	92½	+½
106½	107	900	Am. Tel. & Tel.	107	107	107	107	...
167	169	100	Am. Tobacco	169	169	169	169	−½
55¼	55½	2,500	Anaconda Copper	55	55⅝	55	55¼	+¼
83¾	84	1,000	Atch., Top. & S. F.	83⅝	84⅛	83⅝	84	...
96¾	97⅝	300	At., Gulf & West I.	98	98	97⅝	97⅝	+1⅝
56⅞	57	9,000	Baldwin Loco.	55⅝	57½	55⅝	56⅞	+2
50¼	50½	3,000	Baltimore & Ohio	50⅛	50½	50⅛	50⅛	+⅛
60	60⅝	1,200	Baltimore & O. pf.	60	60⅝	60	60⅝	+¾
79	80	100	Bethlehem Steel	79¼	79¼	79¼	79¼	+1¼
78¼	78¾	5,600	Beth. Steel cl. B t.o.	78⅛	78⅞	78⅛	78⅝	+⅝
97¾	98	400	Beth. S. pf.sub.r.f.p.	96	98	97⅞	97⅞	−½
43	44	400	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	42½	44	42½	44	+2½
6	7	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S.	6	6	6	6	+1
109	110	1,200	Burns Brothers	108	110	108	109¼	+2
131¼	131½	7,100	Canadian Pacific	131	131½	130½	131½	+¾
..	..	300	Cent. Foundry pf.	36	36	36	36	...
61	62	500	Central Leather Co.	61½	61½	61	61⅝	+⅜
32	32¼	200	Cerro de Pasco	31½	31½	31½	31½	+1
61	62½	200	Chandler Motor	61	61	61	61	−1
46⅜	47	500	Chesapeake & Ohio	46⅜	47	46⅜	47	+1⅛
36⅞	37¼	600	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	36⅞	37⅛	36⅞	37	+⅞
74½	76	700	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	75¼	75¼	74½	74½	−1
94	95	100	Chi. & Northwest	94½	94½	94½	94½	+⅝
17¼	18	1,200	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c.	18	18	17⅝	17⅝	−⅛
30½	30¾	400	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾	−½
13⅜	13½	1,300	Chile Copper	13⅜	13½	13¼	13⅜	−⅛
32	32½	400	Col. Fuel & Iron	31¼	32	31¼	32	+½
28⅜	28½	400	Columbia Gas & El.	28⅜	28¾	28⅜	28¾	+½
82	83	400	Consolidated Gas	82	82½	82	82½	+½
25⅝	26	700	Corn Products Ref.	25¼	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	+½
89½	90	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	89½	90	89½	90	+½
52⅝	53	3,400	Crucible Steel	52½	54	52⅝	52⅝	−⅛
26½	26¼	200	Cuba Cane Sugar	26	26	26	26	−1
91¼	92	2,700	Del. & Hudson	92¾	93	91	91⅝	−1½
5¾	6½	300	Den. & Rio Grande	6¼	6¼	6	6	...
32¼	33	100	Distillers' Secur.	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	−⅜
6½	6¾	100	Dome Mines	6½	6½	6½	6½	−⅜
22	27	100	Elk Horn Coal	22	22	22	22	...
14	14¼	1,100	Erie	14⅛	14⅛	14	14	...
21¼	21½	100	Erie 1st pf.	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	+½
32	33	300	Gaston Wms. & W.	32½	33	32½	33	+½
127½	129	900	General Electric	128	129	128	128¼	+3½
87	87½	4,375	General Motors	83¼	87⅞	86¼	87⅞	+1⅞
73	76	100	General Motors pf.	75½	75½	75½	75½	+2½
33⅞	34	1,100	Goodrich, (B. F.)	33	34	33	34	+1
90½	91	1,400	Great Northern pf.	90	90⅝	90	90⅝	+⅜
24¼	24½	500	Gt.Nor.Cfs.for O. P.	24⅜	24½	24⅛	24½	+¼
81	83	100	Gulf States Steel	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	+¼
28¼	29	200	Haskell & Barker	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	+½
40⅞	41	300	Inspiration Copper	40⅞	41	40⅞	40⅞	+⅛
43¼	44	100	Inter. Consol. pf.	43½	43½	43½	43½	+½
101½	103	300	Inter. Harv. N. J.	102	102	101½	102	...
51½	..	100	Inter. Harv. Corp.	52	52	52	52	+½
24¾	25	1,700	Inter. Mer. Marine	24¾	25⅛	24½	24⅞	+⅛
92⅞	92⅞	20,600	Inter. Mer. Mar. pf.	92	93⅜	92	92⅞	+⅞
25	25½	500	Inter. Nickel	25½	25½	25¼	25¼	−⅜
20	21	200	Inter. Paper	20	20	20	20	−½
15⅜	15½	200	Kan. City Southern	15⅜	15½	15⅜	15⅜	+½
30⅜	30½	1,800	Kennecott Copper	30¼	30⅝	30¼	30⅜	+½
73	73⅛	500	Lackawanna Steel	72⅞	73⅛	72⅞	73⅛	−¼
80	90	100	Laclede Gas	80½	80½	80½	80½	−½
10¾	11¼	700	Lee Rubber & Tire	10¼	10¾	10⅜	10⅜	−⅜
51	51½	400	Lehigh Valley	51	51¼	51	51¼	+⅛
99½	100	300	Liggett & Myers pf.	100	100	100	100	−⅛
14½	15¼	200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	15	15	15	15	+1
112	113	100	Louisville & Nash.	112½	112½	112½	112½	−½
23	24½	100	Maxwell Motors	24½	24½	24½	24½	+½
46	50	100	May Dept. Stores	47¼	47¼	47¼	47¼	−1¼
74½	75¼	700	Mex. Petroleum	74½	75	74½	74½	+⅛
26½	27½	200	Miami Copper	27	27	27	27	+¾
42⅞	43	1,100	Midvale Steel	43¼	43¼	43	43	−⅛
21½	21⅝	500	Mo. Pacific tr. cfs.	21⅜	21⅝	21⅜	21⅜	+⅛
25	26	200	National Acme	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	−⅛
21½	21¾	400	Nat. Conduit & C.	21½	21½	21½	21½	+½
36½	36¾	600	Nat. Enam. & Stp.	36⅜	36⅞	36½	36⅞	+⅜
16⅝	17	100	Nev. Consol. Cop.	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	...
103	106	100	N. Y. Air Brake	105	105	105	105	+½
68	68¾	3,100	New York Central	67	68⅝	67	68⅝	+1⅝
25	25¾	500	N. Y., N. H. & H.	25½	25¾	25	25	...
101½	102	500	Norfolk & Western	101	102	101	102	+1½
83¾	84¼	300	Northern Pacific	84	84	83½	84	−¼
34⅝	34⅞	700	Ohio Cities Gas	34½	34⅞	34½	34⅞	+⅛
4	4½	200	Ontario Mining	4	4	4	4	...
79	80	400	Owens Bot. Mach.	80	80	80	80	...
47	47½	1,200	Penn. Railroad	47	47¼	47	47¼	...
37⅞	38¼	1,100	People's Gas, Chi.	39	39	37⅞	38	−2
25¼	25½	100	Philadelphia Co.	25	25	25	25	...
40¼	41	200	Pittsburgh Coal	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	40¼	−⅛
21¼	21½	200	Pitts. & West Va.	21⅛	21¼	21¼	21⅜	+⅛
127½	129	400	Pullman Company	127	128⅜	127	128⅜	+⅜
21⅜	21⅝	200	Ray Consol. Copper	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	+⅛
67⅜	68	6,200	Reading	66½	67⅝	66½	67⅝	+⅞
70⅜	70¾	900	Rep. Iron & Steel	70⅜	70⅝	70¼	70⅝	+⅛
67	67½	300	Royal Dutch cfs.	66⅜	67	66⅜	67	+⅛
14¼	14½	200	St. L. & San Fran.	14⅛	14¼	14⅛	14¼	+⅛
8½	10	200	Seaboard Air Line	8½	8½	8½	8½	...
138	140	200	Sears-Roebuck Co.	138¾	140	138¾	140	+2
29	29¼	200	Sinclair Oil & Ref.	29¼	29¼	29	29	−⅛
81	81⅛	1,100	Southern Pacific	82	82	80¾	81⅛	+⅜
24	24¼	800	Southern Railway	23⅞	24	23⅞	24	...
39	39½	1,900	Studebaker Co.	39	40	39	39½	+⅛
32	34	100	Superior Steel	33	33	33	33	+1
11⅞	12⅛	100	Tenn. Cop. & Chem.	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	+⅛
136	137	200	Texas Co.	137	137⅛	137	137⅛	+⅛
44⅛	44¾	600	Tobacco Products	44	44⅛	44	44⅛	+⅛
85	90	100	Tob. Products pf.	80	80	80	89	−1
112⅝	113	2,400	Union Pacific	112⅝	113	112¼	112⅝	+½
36	37	100	United Alloy Steel	36	36	36	36	−⅛
83½	84	200	United Cigar Stores	83⅝	83⅝	83½	83½	−1½
114	117	100	United Fruit	116	116	116	116	+2
100½	101⅛	600	U. S. Indus. Alco.	101	101⅛	100⅝	101⅛	+1¼
49	49½	100	U. S. Rubber	49½	49½	49½	49½	+1
91⅝	91¾	22,100	United States Steel	90⅞	91⅞	90⅞	91⅝	+⅝
107½	108	300	U. S. Steel pf.	107⅝	107⅝	107½	107½	...
74⅜	74¾	600	Utah Copper	75⅛	75⅛	74½	74½	−¼
52	53	200	Va. Iron, Coal & C.	51	52	51	52	+1½
7¾	8	100	Wabash	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+½
40	40½	500	Wabash pf. A	39⅞	40	39⅞	40	+¼
20¼	21	300	Wabash pf. B	20½	20½	20¼	20½	+⅜
37½	37¾	1,200	West'house E. & M.	37⅛	37½	37⅛	37½	...
44	46	300	Wilson & Co.	45	45	45	45	+¼
17¼	17⅝	500	Willys-Overland	17½	17¾	17½	17⅝	+¼

DIVIDENDS DECLARED

The following companies announced dividends during the last week:

STEAM RAILROADS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Books Close.
B., R. B. & L.	1½	Q	Jan. 1	*Dec. 15
Can. Pacific	2½	Q	Dec. 31	*Dec. 1
Ches. & Ohio	2	S	Dec. 31	*Dec. 7
Chi. & N. W.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	*Dec. 3
Do pf.	2	Q	Jan. 2	*Dec. 3
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	1¼	Q	Jan. 2	*Dec. 31
Hocking Valley	3½	S	Dec. 31	*Dec. 14
Me. Central pf.	1½	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 15
Manhattan Ry.	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	*Dec. 15
N. Y., P. & N.	$3	Q	Nov. 30	*Nov. 15
North Penna.	$1	Q	Nov. 26	Nov. 14
P., Y. & A. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 20
STREET RAILWAYS.				
Baton R. Elec.	4	—	Dec. 1	*Nov. 17
Do pf.	3	—	Dec. 1	*Nov. 17
Norf. Ry. & L.	75c	—	Dec. 1	*Nov. 15
San J.L.& P.pf.	1½	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
W.Penn.Rys.pf.	1½	Q	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
W. Penn. Tr. W. & P. pf.	1¼	Q	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS				
Adams Exp.	$1	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 19
Ajax Rubber	$1.50	Q	Dec. 15	*Nov. 30
Am. Express	1½	Q	Jan. 2	*Nov. 30
Am. Linseed pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
Am. Sugar Ref. com. & pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	*Dec. 1
Atlantic Refin.	5	—	Dec. 15	*Nov. 20
Blackstone Val. Gas & Elec.	$1	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 20
Do pf.	3	S	Dec. 1	*Nov. 20
Brown Shoe	1¼	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 20
California Pkg.	50c	Q	Dec. 15	*Nov. 30
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	*Dec. 15
Cambria Steel	75c	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Cambria Steel	75c	Ex.	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Cerro de P.	$1	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 23
Cerro de P.	25c	Ex.	Dec. 1	*Nov. 23
Chandler Motor	2	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 14
Chandler Motor	1	Ex.	Jan. 2	Dec. 14
Cheseb. Mfg.	3	Q	Dec. 20	Nov. 30
Cheseb. Mfg.	50c	Ex.	Dec. 20	Nov. 30
Col. Power pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Cop. Range	$1.50	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. 21
Cop. Range	$1	Ex.	Dec. 15	Nov. 21
Cos. & Co. pf.	8¾c	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 17
Crex Carpet	2	—	Dec. 15	*Nov. 30
Cudahy Pack.	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Dec. 5
Dom Textile	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Elk H. C. pf.	$1.50	—	Dec. 10	*Dec. 1
Fairbanks, M. & Co. pf.	1½	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 22
Fed. M. &S.pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	*Nov. 25
Gen. Cigar pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 23
Gt. Nor. Paper	2¼	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 2
Gulf St. Steel	2¼	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 1
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 1
Do 2d pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 1
Harb.-W. R. pf.	1½	Q	Jan. 19	*Jan. 5
Ill. Pipe Line	10	—	Dec. 17	Nov. 24
Jewell Tea pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	*Dec. 24
Mahoning Inv.	3	—	Dec. 1	Nov. 2
Maple L. Mill.	10	—	Dec. 20	Dec. 1
Max. M. 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 10
Nat. C. & S. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 22
Neb. Power pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 1
Ogilvie F. M.	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 2
Pabst Brew. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Dec.
Pitts. Br. pf.	87½c	Q	Nov. 30	Nov.
Pitts Br. pf.	25c	Acc.	Nov. 30	Nov. 1
Porto R.-A. T.	4	Scr.	Dec. 6	Nov. 15
Pure Oil	$3	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Rep. I. & S.	1½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Shelby Iron	7	—	Jan. 2	....
Silversm. Co.	2	—	Nov. 15	Nov. 8
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov. 15	Nov. 8
Smart Woods	4½	—	Dec. 1	Nov. 28
Solar Refining	5	—	Dec. 20	Nov. 30
Solar Refin.	25	Ex.	Dec. 20	Nov. 30
So. P. R. Sug.	5	Q	Dec. 31	*Dec. 15
Do pf.	2	Q	Dec. 31	*Dec. 15
St. Oil, Kan.	3	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
St. Oil, Kan.	6	Ex.	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
St. Oil, N. J.	5	Q	Dec. 17	Nov. 19
St. Oil, Ohio	3	Q	Jan. 1	Nov. 30
St. Oil, Ohio	1	Ex.	Jan. 1	Nov. 30
Tenn. E. El. pf.	1¼	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 22
Texas Co.	2½	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 18
Un. Cig. St. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	*Nov. 30
Un. Paper Bd.	¼	—	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan. 15	Jan. 2
U. S. Gyp. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 10
Waltham W.pf.	3	—	Dec. 1	*Nov. 20
Way. Oil & G.	10c	Q	Dec. 10	Dec. 1
Way. Oil & G.	10c	Ex.	Dec. 10	Dec. 1
Youngs. S. & T.	2	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Youngs. S. & T.	3	Ex.	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 20

*Holders of record; books do not close.

STOCK EXCHANGE NEWS.

Membership Transferred.—Abraham B. Mellor to Samuel Weiss, Philadelphia Penn. The Committee on Admissions has authorized the following partner of a member to exercise the privilege of transacting business upon the floor of the Exchange for account of his firm, subject to the revocation of such privilege by said committee, under Section 6, Article XIII., of the Constitution: Substitute, Jacques Weinberger; Member, Stewart Waller; Firm, William Salomon & Co.

Proposed Substitute of Member under Section 6, Article XIII., of the Constitution.—Substitute, John S. Ferguson; Member, Hamilton F. Benjamin; Firm, Benjamin & Ferguson.

Changes in Firms.—Gude, Winmill & Co., Henry P. Bird, admitted; Pyne, Kendall & Hollister, George A. Dixon, Jr., retired.

New Addresses.—R. S. Kilborn, 104 East 25th Street, New York, N. Y.; Frederick Nathan, 225 West 86th Street, New York.

Branch Offices.—Richardson, Norton & Co., Southampton, N. Y., discontinued; Keane, Taylor & Co., Hartford, Conn., discontinued; Toole, Henry & Co., Hotel Belleclaire, New York, (continued; Toole, Henry & Co., new,) Hotel St. Andrew, Henry T. Munn, Manager.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 59 francs, 75 centimes for cash. Exchange on London (unofficial,) 27 francs, 82¼ centimes. Five per cent. loan, 87 francs, 70 centimes.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	57.19	56.79	57.10	+.29
25 industrials	68.70	68.08	68.41	+1.03
50 stocks	62.94	62.43	62.75	+.66

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 17	62.94	62.43	62.75	+.66
Nov. 16	62.48	61.74	62.09	−.04
Nov. 15	62.48	61.69	62.13	+.04
Nov. 14	62.73	61.64	62.00	−.50
Nov. 13	64.47	62.47	62.89	−.38
Nov. 12	64.04	62.96	64.25	+.47
Nov. 10	63.00	62.10	62.78	+.70

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Nov.	High.	Low.	Last.
1917	66.05 Nov. 1	60.42 Nov. 8	62.75
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	97.77 Nov. 1	97.55
1915	94.51 Nov. 1	85.76 Nov. 10	90.39
1914	Exchange closed.		
1913	67.80 Nov. 1	65.50 Nov. 10	66.61
1912	84.12 Nov. 7	81.10 Nov. 12	82.31
1911	78.98 Nov. 24	74.14 Nov. 1	77.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Sept.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	90.48 Jan. 4	60.42 Nov. 8	62.75
†1916	101.46 Nov. 8	80.91 Sep. 22	100.07
Full Years.			
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80 Jan. 31	67.41 July 30	60.20
1913	79.10 Jan. 9	68.09 June 10	68.06
1912	85.82 Sep. 30	75.27 Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41 June 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Nov. 17...76.72 −.17	Nov. 9...77.43 −.03
Nov. 16...76.89 −.16	Nov. 8...77.46 −.33
Nov. 15...77.05 −.06	Nov. 7...77.79 −.05
Nov. 14...77.11 −.20	Nov. 6...Holiday.
Nov. 13...77.31 −.09	Nov. 5...77.84 −.37
Nov. 12...77.40 −..	Nov. 3...78.21 −.15
Nov. 10...77.40 −.03	Nov. 2...78.30 −.34

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Sept.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	88.48 Jan. 26	76.72 Nov. 17	76.72
†1916	88.90 Nov. 17	86.19 Apr. 23	88.93
Full Years.			
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 22	88.64
1915	87.62 Nov. 24	81.51 Jan. 2	86.07
1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.81 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

The Status of Liquidation.

The quiet markets of the final three days last week presented so marked a contrast to the preceding week that many persons were inclined to wonder whether liquidation had run its course. The effort of the Stock Exchange to check short selling would have little effect on the speculators or investors with long stock which they wished to dispose of. What effect there was on this class would be sentimental; that is, the unsteady or weak tendency of prices resultant from short selling might influence nervous stockholders to sell, and the stability of quotations when short selling was light might encourage them to put off sales until later. The fact was evident, however, that stocks were not pressed for sale on Thursday, Friday and Saturday. At times certain issues displayed strong bulges when moderate bidding found few offerings.

Time to Rest and Think.

Many people besides the Exchange Governors would like to see a period of light trading in stocks. The belief is held in numerous quarters that, because of realization of the war burden and the great decline which has occurred in securities, a breathing spell would be excellent as a tonic to the public, a restorative of confidence. Moderate business until the Interstate Commerce Commission decides the freight rate case would be pleasing to owners of railroad securities. A trader must be pessimistic, indeed, to hold the position that there are no influences anywhere which could be interpreted favorably to stock prices. Time is wanted for the establishment of a new perspective, numerous foresighted men of the Street believe.

Country Banks Delay Report.

If the country bankers had followed instructions and attended to their business promptly the Bond Issue Division of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York would have been able to close its books on Thursday night with a complete accounting of all Liberty Loan payments. But some of these bankers have been dilatory in sending their remittances and have failed to observe the detailed instructions sent them in respect to the forms that had to be filled out. As a result, the Federal Reserve Bank will be unable to make a final report of Liberty Loan transactions for some days to some. The letters sent out by the bank were clear and the forms the banks were asked to fill out were simple, yet scores of institutions attended to the payments in their own way. Some failed to send explanatory letters in regard to advices transmitted to their correspondents, with the result that the Reserve Bank officials are at work puzzling out many problems in their endeavor to piece together the payments that have been received. "Why is it," it is asked, "that country bankers cannot follow instructions and why do they not understand that Nov. 15 means the 15th and not the 16th or 17th?" Will some one furnish the Reserve Bank with an explanation?

Security Holders, "Be Courageous."

The Superintendent of Banks of the State of Ohio, Philip C. Berg, has addressed a letter to all banks under his jurisdiction advising them that the department would not require the charging off of the depreciation in bonds and other high grade securities at this time. He says that it is not believed that the present low levels will continue and remarks: "The advice of this department to holders of high grade American securities is to be courageous and back up their unlimited faith in America's future by holding them until the purchasing power of the market is restored." Mr. Berg adds, however, that "bankers must always be conservative, and reserves should be maintained to provide against unforeseen exigencies."

Express Companies' Troubles.

An interesting side light upon the appeal of the express companies for increased rates is obtainable from the price of Adams Express stock. It has long been an inactive security, representing solid and conservative investment. The last recorded sale on the New York Exchange, last April, took place at 110. But although no sales have been recorded since, the present quotation is, bid, 63; asked, 80. It is understood that the express companies have suffered, if anything, even more heavily than the railroads from the loss of skilled labor, enlisted or drafted, and still more heavily drawn away by the lure of high wages in war industries, while they suffer, like the railroads, from steadily mounting costs and fixed rates of income.

The British Shipbuilding Program.

Reports of the progress of the British standardized freight steamship program are no more all optimistic than are the reports of the progress made by the Emergency Fleet Corporation on our own program. The London Times reports in a recent issue that although eighteen of these ships were expected to be in service in the near future, only five of them had so far actually been completed—and of these five, one had already been sunk by the Germans. There are hints in the financial news of The London Times that the British building program has suffered from one difficulty which has not hampered the American, in the shape of jealousy of the Government yards and program on the part of private shipping and shipbuilding interests.

Liners Against Tramps.

Another point which is being keenly debated in British financial shipping circles is the balance between "liner" tonnage and "tramp" tonnage in new construction. The Liverpool Steamship Owners' Association recently issued a long manifesto on behalf of the need of more liners, apparently considering that in the hurry to get tonnage of any or all descriptions, both in the United States and in Great Britain, the need of large, fast ships for carrying both passengers and light, bulky freight was being overlooked. The manifesto points out that ships of this class have been immensely valuable in the war, as auxiliary cruisers and patrol vessels, troop transports, hospital ships, &c., and that losses among them also had been heavy; that they would be as much needed after the war as before it, but no measures to replace them had been taken.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

SATURDAY, NOV. 17, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$2,112,000	$3,738,500	$2,160,000
Year to date	897,447,950	1,008,503,000	802,898,700

U S Lib 3½s, int ctfs, full pd
$110,000....99.00
2,000....99.02
6,000....99.12
59,000....99.14
214,000....99.16
8,000....99.16
5,000....99.22
3,000....99.12
7,000....99.2
4,000....99.20
4,000....99.14
14,000....99.18
11,000....99.20
23,000....99.16
6,000....99.18
7,000....99.14
3,000....99.12
24,000....99.10
2,000....99.06
6,000....99.16
25,000....99.22
3,000....99.20
50,000....99.26
4,000....99.2
70,000....99.30
3,000....99.34
5,000....99.30
57,000....99.34
6,000....99.40
15,000....99.42
5,000....99.44
2,000....99.46
5,000....99.48
62,000....99.50
2,000....99.58

U S Liberty 4s
12,000....98.60
10,000....98.20
264,000....98.18
45,000....98.10
1,000....98.28
5,000....98.36
8,000....98.34

The following sales are in lots of $1,000:

AmForSecur5s
1....92½
Anglo-Fr 5s
13....89⅝
1....89⅝
2....89⅝
13....89⅝
3....89⅝
⅛....90
15....89⅝
25....90
UKofGtB&I5s
2....97¾
5½s, 1918
10....99⅜
1....99½
2....99⅝
30....99½
5½s, 1919
15....94⅝
26....94⅝
61....94⅝
19....94⅝
new
4....96⅝
6....96¼
3....96⅝
5½s, 1921
15....91
1....90⅞
4....91
56....91½
CityofBord6s
10....82½
4....82
CityofLyons6s
11....82½
4....82¼
CityofMarsle6s
11....82½
3....82
CityofParis6s
1....83
French Gov temp 5½s
1....93¼
17....93¼
5....93⅜
4....93½
2....93⅝
NYCity4½s,'64
1....93
4½s, 1963
2....99
AmSm&Ref temp 1st 5s
1....85
4....84½
AmT&Tcoltr5s
4....93¼
½....93
col 4s
6....81
cv 4½s
10....81
A.T&SFegen4s
1....81¼
4....81
2....81¼
adj 4s
5....72
stamped
6....73
A C L, Lou & N col 4s
4....75
B & O gold 4s
1....77
⅛....77¼
cv 4½s
2....78⅝
½....79
⅛....79
⅛....79
1....78
ref 5s
5....80
BethStlext5s
1....98
BradenCop6s
5....90
BRT5s,1918
1....96⅝
1....90⅝
10....90½
CalGas&El5s
10....93⅛
5....93
Cent Leath 5s
6....95⅛
2....95
CofNJgen5s
10....102
Cerro de Pasco Cop cv 6s
3....104½
C & O con 5s
6....99
cv 4½s
1....69¼
1....69
conv 5s
2....72¼
1....72½
C.B&Qgen4s
1....82
joint 4s
13....93
ChiGtWestn4s
7....55
Chi,Mil&StP conv 4½s
5....70
Chi,Mil&StP, C&PW5s
5....98
C&NWeg5s
1....104½
C,RI&PRy ref 4s
13....61½
Chile Cop 7s
4....98½
ConGas cv 6s
1....99¾
10....99
4....99⅝
6....99
Erie cv 4s,SerD
1....44
4....43½
5....43¾
H&ManJinc5s
1....12
IllCentref4s
4....78
Ind Steel 5s
1....98
2....98⅛
IRT1st&ref5s
1....80
1....79⅝
11....79½
5....79
1....78⅞
1....79
KanCitySo5s
1....77
LS&MSo3½s
3....75½
1931
1....83⅝
L&Nunified4s
2....86⅝
Mo,K&T1st4s
1....58
13....57¼
2....58
MoP1st&ref 5s, 1923
6....88
gen 4s
6....53½
MontPow5s,A
2....88⅝
NYCent deb 6s
1....94
ref&imp4½s, Series A
8....87
Nor Pac 4s
15....81½
Nor Pac 3s
4....59
OhioRivgen5s
1....90
PacTel&Tel5s
5....91
PaRRgen4½s
24....90
PereMar1st5s
1....82
Read gen 4s
5....83½
RepIron&S s f 5s, 1940
5....93½
1....93⅝
StL&SFprior lien4s,SerA
10....55
1....55½
StP,M&M4½s
1....90½
SinclairOil&R 1st s f 7s, with w
2....93½
So Pac col 4s
4....70
conv 5s
⅛....89½
2....89
1st ref 4s
5....80
SouthnRy1st5s
1....93½
gen 4s
7....58
10....58¼
Un Pac cv 4s
2....83½
U S Rubber 1st&ref5s
2....75¼
10....75⅝
40....75
5....75¼
USSteelCf5s
14....98⅝
6....98¾
VirgnRy1st5s
2....90¼
4....90
3....91
VaRy&Pow5s
1....90

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96¾	97
2s, c, 1930	96¾	..
3s, r, 1918	99	100
3s, c, 1918	99	..
3s, 1946, r.	84	..
3s, 1946, c.	85	..
4s, r, 1925	105	106
4s, c, 1925	105	106
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97⅞	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97⅞	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	84	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea 1st pf.	80	..
Adams Ex.	60	80
Ad Rumely	7	9
Do pf.	20	21½
Alaska J.	2¼	3
Alls & W.	91½	..
Am Ag Ch pf.	91	93
Am B N.	30	37
Do pf.	40	46
Am B Sug.	69⅜	76¼
Do pf.	80	93
Am B S & Fdy	..	97
Do pf.	134	136
Am C pf.	91	97
Am C & F pf.	100¼	106
Am C pf.	..	20
Am Coal	58	..
Am Cot Oil pf.	70	80
Am Exp.	80	85
Am H & L.	12	13
Do pf.	52	54
Am Ice	10½	10¾
Do pf.	38½	40
Am Lo pf.	90	98
Am Sm pf. A	92	95
Am S & R pf.	100	100½
Am Snuff	90	103
Do pf.	..	95
Am Shipb.	87	89
Do pf.	..	83½
Am S Ref pf.	107	109
Am Sum T.	51½	52½
Do pf.	..	53
Am T & C.	55	60
Am Tob pf.	90	98
Am Wool	40½	41½
Do pf.	87	89
Am Wr Pa pf.	18½	20¼
Am Zinc	11¾	12¼
Do pf.	40	45
Assets R.	1	1¼
Asso D G.	12	13
Do 1st pf	47½	58¼
Do 2d pf.	37	54¾
Assoc Oil	52¼	53⅜
A, T & S F pf.	84	85
A, B & A.	8⅜	9
Atl C L.	92	95
A, G & W I pf.	80	60
Bald L pf.	96	103
Barrett Co.	88	89½
Do pf.	98	104
Batop Min.	1	1⅛
B Un Gas.	80	90
Brown Sh.	63	65½
Do pf.	88½	95
B, R & P.	70	89½
Do pf.	100	..
Burns Bros pf.	110	..
Bush Ter.	..	100
Butte & S.	15¾	16½
But'k Co.	10	12½
Cal Pack.	33⅞	35
Cal Petrol.	11	12
Do pf.	31	34
Cal & Ariz	63	67
Can So.	..	64
C. C & O.	..	26
Do pf.	..	50
Case (J I) pf.	..	78
Cent Fdy.	23	27
Cent L pf.	95	98
C R R of N J.	206	300
C & S A T.	90	105
Chi & Alt.	..	9
Do pf.	10	20
Chi Gt W.	6⅞	7¼
Do pf.	19⅜	20
C & N W pf.	140	145
C, R I & P 7% pf.	49	50
Chi, St P, M & Om.	69	100
Do pf.	100	130
Chino Cop.	38½	39
C, C, C & St L.	25½	26
Do pf.	..	76
Cl & Pitts.	..	83¾
Cluett-Pea.	45	50
Do pf.	88	100
Col F & I pf.	100	..
Col & So.	19	22
Do 1st pf	44	46
Do 2d pf.	40	48
Comp T R.	31	32
Con G, R.	93	104
C I C M.	..	10½
Cont Can.	76	90
Do pf.	87	110
Cont Ins.	40	43
Crex Carp.	38	45
Cruc S pf.	85¾	88
Cuba C Sug pf.	76⅝	77
C-Am Sug.	137½	150
Do pf.	90	109
D & Co pf.	95	97
D, L & W.	178	155
D & R G pf.	13¼	14
Det Ed.	104	107
Det U Ry.	..	96
D, S S & A.	2¼	3
Do pf.	5	5½
Elec S B.	47	53
Elk H Coal pf.	39	43
Erie 2d pf.	16	17
Erie & P.	..	70
F M & S.	11	12
Do pf.	31	35
Fisher Bdy	21	34
Do pf.	73	83
Gen Chem.	150	170
Do pf.	..	105
Gen Cigar.	30	34
Do pf.	90	100
G'drich pf.	90	100
Granby Con	63	70
Greene-Can.	33	35
Gulf S S 1st pf.	100	102
Do 2d pf.	76	100
H, M & N pf.	..	43
Hartman	40¼	43
Hav Elec.	98	..
Do pf.	104	..
Homestake	..	100
Ill Cent.	94¼	95½
Inter-Cons.	6¼	6¾
Int Agric.	8¼	10
Do pf.	27¼	30
I H, N J, pf.	107	118
Int H Cor pf.	96	100
Int N pf.	90	96
Int Pa pf.	65	96
Do pf sta	52¼	53¼
Int Salt	58½	60
Iowa Cent.	2	4
Isl Ck C.	..	73
Jewel Tea.	28	31
Do pf.	85	95
K C, Ft S & M pf.	..	68
Kan C So pf.	44	47⅝
Kelly S T.	37½	40
Do pf.	73	83
Kelsey Wh.	16	30
Do pf.	70	80
K & D M.	2¾	7
Do pf.	..	50
K'gs Co El L & P.	96	100
Kress (S H)	46	58
Do pf.	38	105¾
L E & W.	8½	9
Do pf.	16½	22
Ligg & M.	170	190
L Isl ctfs.	34	45
L-W Bisc 1st pf.	..	84
Do 2d pf.	50	61
Lorill'd Co.	170	185
Do pf.	85	110
M'kay Cos.	70	70¾
Do pf.	58	63
Mah C R.	350	..
Man B'ch.	¼	4
Man Elec S 1st pf.	..	96¾
Man Elev.	90	100
Max M 1st pf.	50	51
Do 2d pf.	13¼	15
M Dep Sts pf.	90	103
Mex Pet pf.	81	87¼
Mich Cent.	..	108
M & St L.	9¼	10½
M, St P & S S M.	79	83
Do pf.	101	117
Do I I.	58	70
M K & T.	4	4½
Do pf.	7	7½
Mo Pac pf.	38	39
Mon V Tr.	..	15
Mon Pow.	63	65
Do pf.	95	100
Mor & Es.	..	80
N, C & St L.	110	122
Nat Bisc.	81½	85
Do pf.	107½	115
N C & S.	58½	60
Do pf.	94	100
Nat En pf.	93	100
Nat Lead.	42	44
Do pf.	100¼	108
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	..	23⅜
Do 2d pf.	5¾	8
N O, T & Mex	19	22
N Y, C & St L.	13	16
Do 1st pf	..	79
Do 2d pf.	40	49
N Y Dock.	12	17
Do pf.	37	50
N Y, L & West	100	123
N Y, O & West	18	19¾
Norf So.	21	22
N & W pf.	76	80
North Am.	45	46¼
N W Tel.	..	60
Nova Sc S.	69	..
Ohio F S.	..	48
Pac Coast	..	50
Do 1st pf	66	90
Do 2d pf.	58	80
Pac Mail	24	24½
Do pf.	90	107
Pac T & T.	18	20
Do pf.	..	98
Pan-Am P & T pf.	84	88
Peo & E.	4	6
Pere Marq.	13	14
Do pr pf.	46	49½
Do pf.	30	39½
Pett-Mull.	23	60
Do 1st pf	90	97½
Pierce-Ar.	32	33
Do pf.	88	92
P, C, C & St L.	50	65
Pitts C pf.	76	77
P, Ft W & C	..	150
Pitts S pf.	85	94
P & W Va pf.	55	56
Pond C C.	16½	17½
Pr Stl C.	51½	53
Do pf.	90	100
P S, N J.	107	109
Quicksilver	1	1¼
Do pf.	1½	1⅞
Ry Stl Spr.	38	41
Do pf.	90	98
Rdg 1st pf.	34½	40
Do 2d pf.	35¼	37½
Rep I & S pf.	..	93
St L S F pf.	23	33
St L S W.	20	25
Do pf.	30	40
Savage A.	67	80
Saxon Mtr.	6	5¼
Seab A L pf.	17⅛	19
Sears-R pf.	116	122
Shat Ariz.	19½	19¾
S-S S & I.	34	35
Do pf.	80	90
So P R S.	148	160
Do pf.	100	108
So Ry pf.	56	58½
St'd Mill.	75	85
Do pf.	81	85
Studeb Co pf.	..	90
Stutz Mtr.	35⅜	37
Sup Stl 1st pf.	98¼	101
Tex Pac.	12	14
T P L Tr.	150	..
Third Av.	17	18
Tide W O.	170	180
T, St L & West	..	10
Do ctfs.	2	6
Do pf.	6	15
Do pf c.	7	15
Tran & W.	36½	37½
T O R T.	70	72
Do pf.	100	125
Und Type.	89	96
Do pf.	112½	118
U B & P.	8	10¼
Do new.	60	63
Un Pac pf.	71	74¼
Un Cig Sts pf.	102½	115
Un Drug.	66	68
Do 1st pf	45	50
Do 2d pf.	70	80
Un P'board	15½	25
U Rys In.	6¼	6½
Do pf.	13½	16
U S C I P.	11¼	11⅞
Do pf.	47⅞	50
U S Exp.	14	19
U S Ind A pf.	89⅝	95
U S R & I.	10	12
U S R 1st pf.	94½	95
U S Smelt.	42	45
Do pf.	43⅝	45
Utah Sec.	11	13
Va-Car Ch.	28¼	29⅞
Do pf.	97	104
W F Exp.	75	79
West Md.	12⅝	13
Do 2d pf.	22	29
West Pac.	13	14
Do pf.	37	40
West U T.	81	83
W B & M 1st pf.	56	63
W & L E.	8⅝	9
Do pf.	18⅝	19⅝
White Mtr.	25	28
W-Over pf.	69	69½
W & Co pf.	90	99
Wis Cent.	34	37
W'w'th (F W)	107	116
Do pf.	116	118
Wer Pump.	26	28
Do pf, A.	..	95
Do pf, B.	50	54½

MEETINGS CALLED.

	Books Close.	Books Open.	Date of Meeting.
Am. Br. Sh. & Fy.	Nov. 21	....	Dec. 11
Am. Cotton Oil	Nov. 13	Dec. 7	Dec. 6
At. C. L. R. R. Co.	Nov. 7	Nov. 21	Nov. 20
B. & O. R. R. Co.	Oct. 20	Oct. 22	Nov. 19
Brown Shoe, Inc.	Nov. 8	....	Nov. 21
Buff., R. & P. Ry.	Nov. 14	Nov. 20	Nov. 19
Con. Int.-Callahan Mining Co.	Jan. 15	....	Feb. 4
Cub.-Am. Sug. Co.	Nov. 23	....	Dec. 18
Detroit Edison Co.	....	....	Nov. 22
Erie & P. R. R.	Nov. 15	....	Jan. 14
Lehigh Val. R. R.	Nov. 15	....	Jan. 15
Manhat. Beach Co.	Nov. 20	Dec. 5	Dec. 4
Merg. Linotype Co.	Nov. 10	....	Nov. 21
Nash., Chat. & St. Louis Ry. Co.	Jan. 8	....	Apr. 9
N. Y., Bklyn & Man. Beach Ry.	Nov. 28	....	Dec. 18
N. Y. Rys. Co., adj. mtg. 5% inc. bds.	Nov. 20	Dec. 4	Dec. 3
Owens B. M. Co.	Nov. 12	....	Nov. 22
P. & W. Va. Ry.	Nov. 5	Nov. 21	Nov. 20
Pitts. Coal of P.	Feb. 20	....	Mar. 13
Pittsburgh Steel	....	....	Oct. 30
United Fruit Co.	Nov. 21	Dec. 13	Dec. 12
Va. Ry. & P. Co.	Oct. 31	Nov. 22	Nov. 21

Seaboard Air Line Earnings.

The annual report of the Seaboard Air Line Railway for the year ended Dec. 31, 1916, shows an increase in net profits of $1,057,209. The total net profit for the year was $1,612,011, the gross receipts being $26,184,487, an increase of $3,548,611. The percentage of gross revenue taken for operating expenses was 65.96, against 68.44 for the previous year.

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BANK AND CORPORATION NEWS

STATEMENT OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE

For Week Ended Saturday, Nov. 17, 1917

AVERAGE FIGURES

CLEARING HOUSE MEMBERS.	*Capital.	*Net Profits.	Loans, Dis'ts, Inv'm'ts, &c.	Gold.	Legal Tenders.	Silver.	Nat. Bank and Fed. Res. Notes.	Res. with Legal Depositaries.	Add. Deposits with Legal Depositaries.	Net Demand Deposits.	Net Time Deposits.	Nat. Bank Circulation.
MEMBERS OF FED. RES. BANK.												
Bank of N.Y., N.B.A.	$2,000,000	$5,242,900	$42,762,000	$807,000	$251,000	$132,000	$196,000	$5,519,000	......	$33,778,000	$1,456,000	$773,000
Bank of the Man. Co.	2,050,000	5,842,100	38,183,000	1,892,000	373,000	324,000	425,000	4,537,000	......	38,096,000	2,000,000	......
Merchants' National	2,000,000	2,536,900	22,414,000	210,000	145,000	403,000	106,000	2,418,000	......	16,623,000	857,000	1,840,000
Mech. & Metals Nat.	6,000,000	10,328,700	155,734,000	6,802,000	286,000	5,351,000	470,000	34,136,000	......	163,444,000	8,508,000	3,777,000
Bank of America	1,500,000	6,706,300	30,981,000	418,000	337,000	484,000	176,000	5,473,000	......	27,176,000	......	......
National City	25,000,000	†52,277,400	419,904,000	4,500,000	3,130,000	1,258,000	1,030,000	104,721,000	......	560,826,000	11,283,000	1,762,000
Chemical National	3,000,000	8,855,300	54,438,000	274,000	254,000	601,000	174,000	8,857,000	......	47,583,000	2,857,000	445,000
Atlantic National	1,000,000	872,800	14,877,000	163,000	95,000	398,000	127,000	3,204,000	......	14,465,000	635,000	150,000
Nat. Butch. & Drov.	300,000	77,500	2,256,000	31,000	42,000	45,000	9,000	411,000	......	2,217,000	......	48,000
American Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5,571,300	112,928,000	1,138,000	351,000	675,000	495,000	11,231,000	......	81,908,000	7,767,000	4,970,000
Nat. Bank of Com.	25,000,000	20,864,400	302,906,000	929,000	1,814,000	1,159,000	861,000	36,071,000	......	270,340,000	12,865,000	......
Pacific	500,000	1,017,600	9,750,000	78,000	482,000	513,000	298,000	1,121,000	......	11,004,000	190,000	......
Chat. & Phenix Nat.	3,500,000	2,384,800	71,964,000	2,141,000	801,000	1,342,000	1,510,000	9,943,000	......	68,325,000	6,853,000	1,720,000
Hanover National	3,000,000	16,894,700	161,388,000	8,176,000	557,000	1,284,000	549,000	26,500,000	......	147,981,000	......	208,000
Citizens' National	2,550,000	2,943,300	35,652,000	130,000	31,000	803,000	72,000	4,602,000	......	29,319,000	276,000	1,019,000
Market & Fulton Nat.	1,000,000	2,169,000	10,842,000	244,000	47,000	376,000	471,000	2,115,000	......	11,791,000	......	97,000
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2,035,200	23,108,000	878,000	307,000	664,000	331,000	2,838,000	......	21,384,000	......	......
Corn Exchange	3,500,000	7,264,700	110,192,000	1,343,000	537,000	2,099,000	2,691,000	16,510,000	......	106,741,000	......	......
Import. & Trad. Nat.	1,500,000	7,736,700	37,529,000	76,000	320,000	70,000	219,000	3,947,000	......	27,752,000	400,000	51,000
National Park	5,000,000	17,154,000	177,214,000	491,000	718,000	473,000	706,000	21,838,000	......	153,859,000	3,819,000	3,562,000
East River National	250,000	78,000	2,518,000	16,000	28,000	166,000	16,000	558,000	......	3,168,000	......	50,000
Second National	1,000,000	3,679,900	20,490,000	153,000	77,000	358,000	467,000	2,621,000	......	17,279,000	......	852,000
First National	10,000,000	27,084,100	360,513,000	86,000	348,000	1,414,000	52,000	20,364,000	......	161,824,000	1,756,000	6,558,000
Irving National	4,000,000	4,778,200	105,388,000	1,711,000	414,000	2,280,000	816,000	17,752,000	......	94,213,000	851,000	640,000
N. Y. County Nat.	500,000	873,800	9,171,000	240,000	62,000	284,000	178,000	1,120,000	......	9,251,000	......	199,000
Chase National	10,000,000	12,623,800	282,743,000	3,405,000	3,520,000	1,039,000	601,000	35,731,000	......	253,072,000	21,218,000	1,300,000
Lincoln National	1,000,000	1,965,800	17,348,000	511,000	353,000	112,000	625,000	2,808,000	......	17,427,000	......	893,000
Garfield National	1,000,000	1,329,800	11,043,000	102,000	20,000	246,000	216,000	1,867,000	......	10,123,000	120,000	399,000
Fifth National	250,000	429,800	7,097,000	86,000	91,000	209,000	47,000	739,000	......	5,688,000	345,000	248,000
Seaboard National	1,000,000	3,318,300	44,531,000	621,000	421,000	635,000	209,000	12,782,000	......	50,795,000	16,000	70,000
Liberty National	3,000,000	4,801,300	73,948,000	231,000	34,000	130,000	683,000	7,898,000	......	58,532,000	2,707,000	499,000
Coal & Iron National	1,000,000	877,900	11,639,000	......	622,000	......	......	1,481,000	......	10,224,000	494,000	414,000
Union Exch. National	1,000,000	1,184,100	11,370,000	185,000	155,000	339,000	158,000	1,732,000	......	12,725,000	450,000	398,000
Brooklyn Trust	1,500,000	2,853,700	32,986,000	139,000	114,000	241,000	417,000	4,077,000	......	25,180,000	5,819,000	......
Bankers Trust	11,250,000	15,383,900	290,844,000	598,000	89,000	312,000	708,000	26,746,000	......	216,220,000	36,511,000	......
U. S. Mtg. & Trust	2,000,000	4,432,600	73,881,000	297,000	81,000	154,000	813,000	7,811,000	......	51,891,000	11,282,000	......
Guaranty Trust	25,000,000	26,367,300	407,704,000	3,350,000	288,000	533,000	791,000	43,529,000	......	335,716,000	43,270,000	......
People's Trust	1,000,000	1,253,300	34,129,000	304,000	95,000	377,000	380,000	1,595,000	......	20,857,000	2,217,000	......
New York Trust	3,000,000	11,230,900	74,823,000	48,000	37,000	19,000	190,000	6,894,000	......	52,665,000	11,674,000	......
Franklin Trust	1,000,000	1,137,800	28,883,000	223,000	159,000	251,000	185,000	2,394,000	......	16,825,000	1,420,000	......
Metropolitan Trust	2,000,000	4,694,300	59,904,000	684,000	96,000	89,000	207,000	6,866,000	......	52,120,000	4,131,000	......
Nassau Nat., B'klyn	1,000,000	1,150,800	13,747,000	15,000	239,000	99,000	44,000	1,250,000	......	9,862,000	500,000	50,000
Broadway Trust	1,500,000	1,152,800	30,374,000	191,000	173,000	385,000	917,000	3,188,000	......	23,806,000	1,655,000	......
STATE BANKS NOT MEMBERS OF FED. RES. BANK.												
Greenwich	500,000	1,242,900	12,722,000	980,000	201,000	433,000	379,000	787,000	$5,000	13,113,000	15,000	......
People's	200,000	486,300	2,004,000	54,000	39,000	119,000	166,000	188,000	217,000	3,132,000	8,000	......
Bowery	250,000	817,300	4,429,000	294,000	28,000	88,000	100,000	240,000	310,000	3,908,000	......	......
German-American	750,000	868,200	6,137,000	390,000	83,000	5,000	5,000	545,000	......	5,830,000	40,000	......
Fifth Avenue	100,000	2,180,700	17,243,000	1,230,000	113,000	897,000	558,000	1,812,000	......	19,155,000	......	......
German Exchange	200,000	818,500	5,843,000	404,000	89,000	124,000	251,000	336,000	654,000	5,598,000	......	......
Germania	400,000	781,300	6,389,000	703,000	55,000	227,000	70,000	390,000	......	6,633,000	......	......
Bank of the Met.	1,000,000	2,382,300	14,801,000	612,000	215,000	393,000	512,000	782,000	2,297,000	13,035,000	......	......
West Side	225,000	64,400	4,178,000	280,000	125,000	96,000	87,000	254,000	89,000	4,227,000	......	......
N. Y. Produce Exch.	1,000,000	980,800	21,217,000	1,101,000	774,000	773,000	228,000	1,359,000	633,000	22,016,000	......	......
State	1,500,000	418,900	24,567,000	2,284,000	572,000	572,000	381,000	1,204,000	43,000	28,464,000	27,000	......
TRUST COMPANIES NOT MEMBERS OF FED. RES. BANK.												
Title Guar. & Trust	5,000,000	12,134,900	42,242,000	1,981,000	181,000	234,000	282,000	1,337,000	660,000	26,730,000	713,000	......
Fidelity Trust	1,000,000	1,197,400	11,176,000	120,000	53,000	80,000	152,000	1,583,000	......	8,830,000	1,012,000	......
Lawyers Title & T.	4,000,000	5,104,500	24,940,000	623,000	180,000	37,000	111,000	1,501,000	182,000	16,640,000	586,000	......
Columbia Trust	5,000,000	6,513,300	88,088,000	5,732,000	253,000	766,000	523,000	3,505,000	3,558,000	70,098,000	12,771,000	......
Lincoln Trust	1,000,000	558,300	13,844,000	641,000	184,000	304,000	199,000	640,000	800,000	12,795,000	1,407,000	......
Mem. Fed. Res. Bank	$178,650,000	$308,043,800	$4,221,698,000	(1)$47,959,000	(2)$18,073,000	(3)$28,164,000	(4)$18,688,000	$519,993,000	......	$3,344,124,000	$205,400,000	$32,997,000
State banks not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	6,225,000	11,117,200	120,372,000	8,296,000	2,293,000	3,730,000	2,687,000	8,257,000	$4,248,000	123,190,000	90,000	......
Trust cos. not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	16,000,000	25,501,800	180,291,000	9,077,000	851,000	1,421,000	1,267,000	8,566,000	4,680,000	135,083,000	16,512,000	......
Agg., 59 members	$200,875,000	$344,662,800	$4,622,311,000	$65,302,000	$21,222,000	$33,315,000	$22,642,000	$536,816,000	$8,928,000	a$3,602,407,000	$222,002,000	$32,997,000
Change	......	......	+68,253,000	−651,000	+249,000	+1,461,000	+1,962,000	+3,421,000	−2,572,000	+6,667,000	+3,808,000	+121,000

ACTUAL CONDITION

	Loans, Dis'ts, Inv'm'ts, &c.	Gold.	Legal Tenders.	Silver.	Nat. Bank and Fed. Res. Notes.	Res. with Legal Depositaries.	Add. Deposits with Legal Depositaries.	Net Demand Deposits.	Net Time Deposits.	Nat. Bank Circulation.
Members Federal Reserve Bank	$4,437,547,000	(5)$47,710,000	(6)$17,785,000	(7)$27,278,000	(8)$19,018,000	$530,878,000	......	$3,234,424,000	$204,075,000	$33,087,000
State banks not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	120,447,000	8,252,000	2,277,000	3,893,000	2,526,000	7,381,000	$4,552,000	119,084,000	50,000	......
Trust cos. not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	176,804,000	9,012,000	554,000	1,272,000	1,267,000	8,331,000	6,467,000	124,663,000	17,378,000	......
Aggregate, 59 members	$4,734,798,000	$64,974,000	$20,596,000	$32,443,000	$22,811,000	$546,641,000	$11,019,000	b$3,478,176,000	$221,503,000	$33,087,000
Change	+222,951,000	−2,567,000	−793,000	+170,000	+773,000	−14,408,000	−1,687,000	−136,638,000	+2,916,000	+71,000

*As per official reports: 29 national, Sept. 11, 1917; 16 State, Sept. 8, 1917; 14 trust companies, Sept. 8, 1917.
†Includes capital set aside for foreign branches, $6,000,000.
(1) (2) (3) (4)—Cash in vault of members of Federal Reserve Bank not counted as reserve, $112,884,000.
(5) (6) (7) (8)—Cash in vault of members of Federal Reserve Bank not counted as reserve, $111,771,000.
a—United States deposits deducted, $847,068,000. b—United States deposits deducted, $932,156,000.

RESERVE POSITION

Average Figures

Reserve required on:
Net demand deposits......$434,736,120
Net time deposits......... 6,162,000

	Cash Res. in Vault.	Res. in Depositaries.		Excess.	Changes.
Members Federal Reserve Bank	......	$519,993,000	Net demand and time dep. $440,898,120	$79,094,880	+ $625,180
State banks not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	$16,981,000	8,257,000	Net demand deposits 22,174,200	3,063,800	− 3,431,980
Trust cos. not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	12,676,000	8,566,000	Net demand deposits 20,263,950	918,050	+ 1,304,250
Total	$29,657,000	$536,816,000	Total net deposits $483,336,270	$83,076,730	− $1,501,550

Actual Figures

Net demand deposits......$420,475,120
Net time deposits......... 6,122,250

	Cash Res. in Vault.	Res. in Depositaries.		Excess.	Changes.
Members Federal Reserve Bank	......	$530,878,000	Net demand and time dep. $426,597,370	$104,280,630	+ $2,317,750
State banks not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	$16,843,000	7,381,000	Net demand deposits 21,435,120	2,883,880	− 5,394,180
Trust cos. not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	12,405,000	8,331,000	Net demand deposits 18,700,200	2,065,800	+ 2,806,390
Total	$29,353,000	$546,640,000	Total net deposits $466,732,690	$109,200,310	− $370,130

SUPPLEMENTARY BANK AND TRUST COMPANIES' FIGURES

For the Week Ended with Opening of Business Saturday, Nov. 17, 1917.

Institutions Clearing Through Members.

Figures Compiled from Special Reports to The New York Times.

NATIONAL & STATE BANKS—Average Figures

Banks.	Loans.	Gold.	Oth. Cash Including Bk. Notes.	Res. Dep. N. Y. & Elsewhere	With Oth. Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN BOROUGH.						
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Bat. Pk. Nat	5,876,500	56,100	806,100	932,800	607,100	7,948,800
Colonial	9,662,000	774,200	586,600	1,050,300	85,800	11,280,000
Columbia	10,165,000	685,000	647,000	1,285,000	17,800	11,813,000
Grace & Co. (W. R.)	3,723,000	......	26,000	809,800	2,089,800	5,794,000
Inter. Bank	5,157,900	871,700	227,900	822,200	9,200	5,856,100
Mutual	8,206,000	696,000	399,000	917,000	......	10,056,000
New Neth.	4,300,000	185,000	340,000	499,000	30,800	5,444,000
Wash. Hgts.	2,214,000	117,000	128,000	133,000	......	2,150,000
Yorkville	6,741,200	566,500	374,600	707,800	45,200	6,181,200
BROOKLYN BOROUGH.						
First Nat.	6,538,000	54,900	182,800	596,000	635,900	7,281,000
Mechanics'	20,038,200	1,113,600	1,136,400	4,063,000	40,300	28,157,000
Nat. City	5,023,000	60,000	152,000	634,000	854,000	7,418,000
North Side	4,230,356	161,045	369,041	213,366	6,642	5,311,289
JERSEY CITY, N. J.						
First Nat.	6,102,000	206,000	555,000	6,272,000	237,000	10,615,600
Hudson Co.	4,979,343	90,410	121,272	965,726	187,963	5,074,997
HOBOKEN, N. J.						
First Nat.	7,033,100	23,900	205,200	1,319,000	26,000	7,277,700
Second Nat.	5,156,319	33,681	126,464	726,135	61,414	5,815,730

TRUST COMPANIES—Average Figures.

Trust Cos.	Loans.	Cash.	Reserve Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Dep. with Other Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
BROOKLYN BOROUGH.					
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Hamilton	9,668,000	613,000	2,541,000	......	11,491,000
BAYONNE, N. J.					
Mechanics'	6,548,000	242,056	466,917	239,282	7,278,605

Institutions Not in the Clearing House.

Figures Compiled from Special Reports to The New York Times.

NATIONAL & STATE BANKS—Average Figures

Banks.	Loans.	Gold.	Oth. Cash Including Bk. Notes.	Res. Dep. N. Y. & Elsewhere	With Oth. Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN BOROUGH.						
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Bk. of Cuba	832,239	83,000	21,092	161,607	......	900,653
Bk. of Euro.	2,472,400	254,100	64,700	220,800	......	2,985,000
B'way Cent.	1,291,200	110,000	67,100	152,900	1,800	1,506,750
Bronx Boro.	1,874,690	54,312	143,003	65,194	39,312	2,216,087
Bryant Park	1,758,600	102,800	166,400	294,600	......	1,986,900
Chel. Exch.	3,862,000	70,000	494,000	493,000	212,000	4,126,000
Gotham Nat.	4,337,600	20,400	378,900	694,900	386,900	5,684,800
Harriman N.	21,924,333	242,320	456,000	......	565,500	26,286,200
Public Nat.	16,700,400	54,100	1,014,100	1,533,800	1,649,900	20,519,600
Sherman	3,965,000	42,400	214,600	818,700	936,300	5,432,100
23d Ward	2,771,400	104,100	231,500	790,700	32,200	3,778,000
W'chester Av	1,408,100	60,100	40,100	104,500	8,500	1,592,900
BROOKLYN BOROUGH.						
Bk. of C. I.	1,253,500	70,000	63,600	69,700	......	1,327,400
Bk. Flatbush	1,529,000	80,000	96,000	132,000	......	1,658,000
Homestead	998,700	80,000	52,000	193,500	......	1,049,900
Montauk	794,500	61,000	45,700	81,700	......	819,400
Peoples Nat.	2,364,000	30,000	144,500	280,400	247,000	2,879,000

TRUST COMPANIES—Average Figures.

Trust Cos.	Loans.	Cash.	Reserve Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Dep. with Other Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN BOROUGH.					
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Empire	39,834,200	2,465,400	5,947,500	2,923,700	48,298,500
Equitable	196,894,000	23,312,000	5,972,000	38,766,000	255,195,000
Farm. Loan	142,274,900	13,281,300	17,064,500	14,744,500	175,780,100
Fulton	7,674,000	781,900	1,347,300	......	8,675,100
Hudson	5,031,900	469,100	1,315,700	309,100	6,010,900
Mercantile	7,652,800	88,500	1,015,300	......	7,163,000
N. Y. L. Ins.	31,015,400	2,198,800	1,000,200	......	28,155,500
Scandinavian	14,184,587	945,595	1,823,713	150,453	14,462,640
Transatlantic	4,309,300	253,800	520,000	2,939,800	6,548,200
Union	70,499,504	4,580,569	11,856,806	287,328	81,058,908
United States	65,357,100	5,600,000	9,581,400	......	63,907,100
BROOKLYN BOROUGH.					
Kings County	23,167,979	1,845,806	3,611,484	......	25,487,074
M'facturers'	12,762,500	579,900	2,502,800	......	14,832,800
QUEENS BOROUGH.					
Queens Co.	3,150,000	124,000	105,000	24,200	2,707,000

AGGREGATE NET DEPOSITS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

The following Clearing House trust companies have reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES their aggregate average net deposits, which include items exempted from reserve requirements, which items are not included in the "Net Deposits" reported to the Clearing House under its rules:

Trust Co.	Deposits.	Trust Co.	Deposits.
Bankers	$315,072,000	Metropolitan	$64,847,800
Broadway	26,043,200	New York	71,191,000
Brooklyn	34,746,000	Peoples	28,050,000
Columbia	101,838,620	Title Guarantee	31,811,200
Fidelity	12,826,000	United States Mortgage	58,371,000
Franklin	23,419,000		
Guaranty	319,984,000	Total	$1,367,510,420
Lawyers Title	18,574,200	Change	+7,695,585
Lincoln	15,861,100		

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Larger Companies Report Deficits for Quarter Ended Sept. 30.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 17.—Ray Consolidated, Utah Copper, and Chino all report deficits for the quarter ended Sept. 30, due, it is explained, to the price at which unsold copper is carried on the books. Chino is the only one of these companies to report a larger production than in the previous quarter.

Granby Consolidated turned out 3,155,231 pounds of copper in October, against 3,821,754 pounds in September and 4,346,099 pounds in August.

A rich core has been taken from the third drill hole at the Bear Lake Development property at Calumet, Mich., showing ten feet of conglomerate lode heavy with mineral the entire distance. Copper was cut at a depth of thirty-eight feet.

The Anaconda at present has eighteen mines working day shifts, all of which are big producers except the High Ore.

Call for State Banks on Nov. 14.

ALBANY, Nov. 17.—A call for a statement of the condition of banks, trust companies and individual and private banking institutions as of the close of business on Nov. 14 was issued today by Superintendent Skinner of the State Banking Department.

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	92½	93½	8.80
Argen. Gv. dis.	6	Dec. 15, '17	98¼	100	6.09
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15, '20	90	93	9.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.80
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	98¼	99¼	5.75
City of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	94¼	94¾	8.50
Fr'ch Gov. con.	5½	Apr., 1919	92	93½	9.80
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	90	96	7.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100	104	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	97	..
Russian Gov.	6½	July, 1919	66	68	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	58	58	..
Do. rubles	5½	Feb. 14, '26	111	114	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1918	99	99⅝	6.00
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99¾	100¼	4.90

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. F. & L.	5	Aug., 1921	94	98¼	6.50
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	99½	99⅞	[illegible]
Am. Thread	4	Jan., 1919	95½	97	5.95
Ark. Val. Ry. L. & P.	6	July, 1919	97	99¼	6.25
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1918	98⅝	99⅛	6.90
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	96¾	97⅝	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb. 15, '19	97¼	97¾	6.55
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	90	93	17.90
C. B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	90½	93	6.15
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1918	96	97¾	5.55
Canada Nor.	6	Sep. 2, '18	97	98¾	7.80
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2, '24	98	98¾	6.25
Cub.-Am. Sug.	5	Apr., 1918	99¾	100¼	5.35
Curt. A. & M.	6	Serial	90	95	..
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	97	97¾	5.90
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1, '18	98½	99¾	5.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	90	92	10.80
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	95	98	5.85
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	July, 1920	100⅛	100⅝	4.85
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	[illegible]	[illegible]	5.85
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	[illegible]	[illegible]	6.20
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	96¾	100	6.00
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97¼	97¾	5.95
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	98	99	7.00
Int. Harvest.	..	Feb. 15, '18	99¾	100¼	4.15
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July, 1918	95	98	8.15
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	Nov. 15, '18	97	98¾	5.50
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	July 16, '21	95	98	5.00
Mich. C. R. R.	5	May, 1918	99	99¾	6.00
Louis. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	88	93	11.00
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	98¾	101	4.10
N. Y. C. R. R.	5	Sep. 15, '17	96½	97	6.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	5	Apr. 15, '18	86	88½	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15, '21	96½	97½	5.35
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	97	99	..
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1, '19	89½	91	..
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2, '18	96½	97	7.20
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	99¾	100	5.00
Utah Sec. Cor.		Sep. 15, '22	87	89	8.55
Win. R. Arms	5	May, 1918	96	97½	..
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	97	98¼	6.75
W. S. G. & E.	6	June, 1927	97	99	6.25
Win E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15, '19	99	100	6.00

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs receipts	$6,888,805	$66,952,112
Ord. int. revenue	44,634,865	283,027,502
Income tax	3,684,663	29,628,684
Miscellaneous	6,673,237	55,651,497
Total receipts	$61,967,241	$365,296,960
Excess of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	185,568,936	1,130,454,000
Excess of total disburse. over total receipts	[illegible]	[illegible]
Expenditures	247,334,177	1,544,748,384

FALL RIVER QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Nov. 17.—Following are today's quotations of cotton mill stocks:

Stock.	Bid.	Ask.	Sale.
American Linen Co.	90	..	..
Arkwright Mills	120	..	..
Bourne Mills	115	..	..
Border City Mfg. Co.	..	162½	160
Chace Mills	122½	..	125
Charlton Mills	..	126	..
Davol Mills	..	107	105
Davis Mills	..	112½	111
Flint Mills	..	162½	160
Granite Mills	..	160	..
Hargraves Mills	..	72½	..
King Philip Mills	..	170	165
Laurel Lake Mills	..	90	..
Merchants Mfg. Co.	..	112½	..
Mechanics Mills	101	105	100
Narragansett Mills	..	110	..
Parker Mills	..	72½	67½
Pilgrim Mills	..	100	..
Pilgrim pf.	..	100	..
Pocasset Mfg. Co.	..	90	..
Richard Borden Mfg. Co.	135	..	..
Sagamore Mfg. Co.	..	250	..
Seaconnet Mills	..	67½	..
Shove	..	90	..
Stafford Mills	..	100	100
Stevens Mfg. Co.	..	112	..
Tecumseh Mills	..	142½	..
Union Cotton Mfg.	..	242	..
Wampanoag Mills	..	90	..
Weetamoe Mills	100	104	..

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times, copy must be in The Times Building before 6:00 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

INCREASE IN LOANS MAKES NEW RECORD

Clearing House Bank Statement Shows $223,000,000 Gain Due to Bond Payments.

DEPOSITS OFF $134,000,000

Volume of Government Deposits Increases $392,000,000, to $952,000,000.

In view of the Liberty Loan payments made during the week more than the usual attention was directed to yesterday's Clearing House bank statement. It reported an increase of nearly $223,000,000 in loans—the largest on record—and a decrease of $134,000,000 in deposits. At the same time the volume of Government deposits, against which no reserves need be carried, increased $392,000,000, to $952,000,000, the same being due to the arrangement of paying for Liberty bonds by credits on the books of banks qualified as depositaries. The remarkable thing about the bank statement was that it showed only a negligible decrease of $370,000 in excess reserves.

The expansion in loans is accounted by the fact that subscribers to the Liberty Loan borrowed money to finance their payments. Borrowing for this purpose has been far more extensive than for the first Liberty Loan, owing to the campaign conducted by the banks in which they appealed to the public to borrow so that they might buy Government bonds. Although the increase in loans was $223,000,000, the actual increase was considerably more by reason of the fact that the loan account had been reduced by heavy liquidation of Treasury certificates of indebtedness. These certificates have been carried by the banks as loans, and on Nov. 15 an issue of $300,000,000 matured and an additional amount of certificates not yet due were turned in in payment of the bonds. About $150,000,000 were presented for redemption.

The decrease in deposits was due to the withdrawal of funds by bond subscribers who reduced their balances in consequence of payments made to the Government. The increase in Government deposits more than offset the decrease in general deposits. If the banks were required to maintain reserves against Government deposits the bank statement, instead of showing $109,000,000 in surplus reserves, would report a deficit of $14,500,000.

The weekly report of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York showed a $14,000,000 decrease in gold reserves, despite an increase of $3,000,000 in member and nonmember deposits. Rediscounts and advances made by the bank showed a falling off of $75,666,000, while purchases of acceptances increased about $7,000,000. The bank's investments in obligations of the United States Government increased approximately $150,000,000, which presumably indicates that the Reserve Bank acquired that amount of certificates of indebtedness in the course of the week in connection with the Liberty Loan financing. The note expansion was about normal, the increase being $7,000,000, with the total amount of notes outstanding $349,524,715.

4 per cents. opened at 98.60 and declined to 98.10, a new low record, closing at 98.34, a loss of .42 for the day. Sales in both issues aggregated $1,177,000.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York announced that beginning tomorrow all holders of 3½ per cent. interim certificates and bonds of the first Liberty Loan of 1917 desiring to convert them into 4 per cent. bonds should present such bonds or certificates at the Bond Exchange Department, 120 Broadway, Room 547, instead of at 50 Wall Street, as heretofore. No further conversions will be made at 50 Wall Street.

All holders of receipts for bonds and interim certificates already deposited for conversion should present such receipts at the room mentioned on and after December 5, 1917. No conversion 4 per cent. bonds will be ready for delivery until that date.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Federal Reserve Bank of New York at Close of Business Nov. 16, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Gold coin and gold certificates:	
Gold settlement fund	$67,140,000.00
Gold in vaults	321,188,166.46
Gold with foreign agencies	18,112,500.00
Gold with Federal Reserve agent and in redemption fund—Federal Reserve notes	179,324,715.00
Total Gold reserve	$585,765,371.46
Legal tender notes, silver certificates, and subsidiary coin	42,366,012.20
Total reserve	$628,131,383.66
Bills discounted and bought:	
Commercial paper	$223,296,252.07
Acceptances	31,220,323.47
Total	$254,516,575.54
Investments:	
United States bonds and notes	$158,120,351.14
Municipal warrants	1,016,524.39
Total	$159,136,875.73
Total resources	$1,041,784,834.93
LIABILITIES.	
Capital	$17,674,650.00
Member banks deposits, net	627,832,495.35
Non-member banks deposits, net	11,390,965.26
Government deposits	4,950,581.05
Due to other Federal Reserve banks, net	58,906,542.80
Federal Reserve notes, net	319,480,910.00
All other liabilities	1,608,690.35
Total liabilities	$1,041,784,834.93
Federal Reserve notes outstanding	$349,524,715.00
Against which there is deposited with Federal Reserve Agent:	
Gold and lawful money	174,324,715.00
Commercial paper	180,841,617.21

SUMMARY OF WEEKLY STATEMENT OF STATE BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES IN GREATER NEW YORK NOT INCLUDED IN THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE.

		Changes.
Loans, discounts, investments, &c.	$935,580,900 −	$343,800
Specie	35,713,800 −	2,105,400
Legal tenders	59,187,200 −	855,500
Total deposits	1,083,779,100 +	2,646,900
Total deposits, eliminating amounts due from Reserve Depositories and from other banks and trust companies in New York City and U. S. deposits	874,706,200 −	2,760,800

RESERVE—STATE BANKS.

		P. C.
Cash in vault	$13,381,800	11.76
Deposits in banks and trust companies	18,268,600	14.30
Total	$29,650,800	26.06

RESERVE—TRUST COMPANIES.

Cash in vault	$84,519,100	13.02
Deposits in banks and trust companies	70,824,000	10.91
Total	$155,343,100	23.93

Aggregate reserve on deposits, $184,993,600; decrease, $7,495,900. Per cent. of legal reserve, 24.20.

SUMMARY OF WEEKLY STATEMENT OF STATE BANKS IN GREATER NEW YORK.

		Change.
Loans and investments	$446,645,900 +	$3,995,000
Gold	21,838,100 −	915,500
Currency and bank notes	22,290,400 +	467,300
Dep. with Fed. Res. Bank of N. Y.	34,158,300 +	4,687,000
Deposits	577,538,900 +	4,129,100
Res. on deposits	115,024,600 +	2,066,000
Percentage of reserve, 24.0.		

SUMMARY OF WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRUST COMPANIES IN GREATER NEW YORK.

		Change.
Loans and investments	$2,096,820,100 +	$24,013,900
Gold	45,565,000 −	4,097,300
Cur'cy & bank bills	13,741,300 −	1,360,100
Dep. with Fed. Res. Bank of N. Y.	151,040,900 −	3,454,800
Deposits	2,312,041,700 +	8,061,000
Res. on deposits	336,797,200 −	18,304,100
Percentage of reserve, 20.3.		

LOAN PAYMENTS NOW REACH $835,000,000

More Than 60 Per Cent. of Bonds Subscribed for in This District Fully Paid.

It appears that more than 60 per cent. of the Liberty Loan bonds subscribed for in this district have been fully paid. Final figures for payments are not available for the reason that some of the smaller banks up-State have not sent in their returns, but in round figures the receipts to date amount to $835,000,000, including the sale of cash bonds and the 2 per cent. payment which accompanied the loan application. This district's allotment is $1,163,475,200, and only about $325,000,000 is still due on the bonds.

The distribution of the new 4 per cent. bonds began yesterday, and tomorrow deliveries will be made to messengers of New York city banks. All day yesterday the clerks in the Bond Issue Division of the bank made ready packages of bonds which were mailed to out-of-town institutions.

On the Stock Exchange yesterday the 3½ per cent. Liberty Loan bonds opened at 99, which was the low for the day, and sold up to 99.58, the high figure, which was also the closing quotation. The net gain was .58. The

ROADS HIT BY SPEED LIMIT.

Illinois Central Official Points to Loss of Efficiency.

Another hitherto ignored obstacle in the way of the development of the fullest efficiency of the railroads in carrying their present enormous freight traffic has been pointed out by Vice President T. J. Foley of the Illinois Central, in a letter to trainmen and engineers of that road. This is the loss of time due to speed restrictions, which are often imposed within the limits of small cities and towns by municipal ordinance, and which in the aggregate, in thickly settled territory, add considerably to the time of transit of freight.

"On the Illinois Central system there are 480 speed restrictions," says the letter, which is printed in the railroad magazine. "These restrictions, in many instances unreasonable in the extreme, constitute an enormous burden on interstate commerce. The loss of time resulting from complying with unreasonable speed restrictions on the system is equivalent to a day's work for 49,883 men each year. Complying with these restrictions means the waste of 361,533 tons of coal per year, of the value of $753,030 at present prices. It means the waste of 10,021 locomotive days in each year, and there is an unprecedented shortage in locomotive power. It means the waste of 248,522 freight cars for one day in each year.

"Assuming that speed restrictions throughout the United States average the same per 1,000 miles of track as they do on the Illinois Central, complying with these speed restriction laws means the loss to the country of one day's work for 2,203,210 men each year. It means the loss of 15,967,840 tons of coal, of the value of $33,479,570 (nearly one-third the present total coal shortage estimated by Fuel Administrator Garfield). If these unreasonable speed restrictions were abolished the railroads of the country could haul 4,373,952 additional freight cars, or 75,023,520 additional tons of freight, a distance of 100 miles in the course of a year."

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

CUBA RAILROAD for the year ended June 30—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Total revs.	$8,452,108	$6,815,697	$5,206,714
Net aft. tax.	1,922,146	3,517,027	2,727,540
Other income	12,386	6,633	......
Gross income	1,934,532	3,523,659	2,727,540
Sur. aft. chgs.	793,817	2,515,415	1,873,684
Pf. divs.	600,000	600,000	600,000
Com. divs.	......	720,000	600,000
Surplus	193,817	1,225,415	673,684

SEABOARD AIR LINE for the new fiscal year ended Dec. 31—

Years ended:	Dec. 31, 1916.	Dec. 31, 1915.	Increase.
T'l op. rev.	$26,184,487	$22,640,876	$3,543,611
T'l op. exp.	17,531,907	15,494,595	2,037,312
Net op. rev.	8,652,580	7,146,281	1,506,299
Taxes	1,223,581	1,119,604	103,977
Op. income	7,428,999	6,026,677	1,402,322
Other inc.	460,432	403,107	57,325
Gross inc.	7,889,431	6,429,784	1,459,647
Int., r'ts, &c.	*6,499,622	6,182,545	317,078
Surplus	1,889,809	247,249	1,142,560

*Includes interest on adjustment mortgage bonds.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY CO—

Earning for the two weeks of Nov., 1917	$353,216
Corresponding period last year	271,961
Increase	$81,233
For month of Nov., 1917	$637,501
Corresponding period last year	543,963
Increase	$93,537

Miscellaneous.

GRAND UNION TEA AND GLOBE GROCERY STORES operated by Jones Bros. Tea Co., report the following sales—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
October	$1,147,147	$854,428	$292,736
Ten months	9,732,656	7,906,489	1,826,166

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Amer Oil	20	21	Iron Blos.	45	50
Bay S Gas	9	10	Jerome V.	80	85
Begole	50	75	La Rose	30	40
Bohemia	80	90	Majestic	25	30
Bingham	9⅛	9⅞	Mex Met.	20	28
Boston Ely	45	55	Mojave T.	27	29
Bost & M.	50	51	New Baltic	75	1¼
Butte & L.	12	14	Nev Doug.	1⅛	1¼
Butte & D.	25	37	N Utah B.	..	50
Bost & A.	1	2	Nixon	82	83
Calaveras	2	3¼	N Cornelia	14	14½
Con Cop.	7	7⅝	Nat Z & L	27	30
Crown Res	20	30	Ohio Cop.	70	80
Con Aris.	1⅜	1½	Oneco	25	35
Cortes	10	20	Onondaga	15	25
Champ Cop	4	6	Pioneer	1½	1⅞
Chief Con.	1⅞	2	Ray Herc.	3	3¼
Eagle & B	2	2¼	Rilla	..	2
Earl-Eagle	12	15	S W Miami, full paid	75	1¼
Fortuna	4	7	S W Miami, part paid	75	1
Gold Lake	2	4	U Verde Ex	31¼	32¼
Gila Cop S	17	17⅝	Victoria O	1⅜	1⅝
Houghton	50	1	Yuk'n Gold	1⅜	2
Homa Oil	90	93			
Humboldt	60	75			
Iron Cap.	13½	14½			

THE COTTON MARKET

Strong Upward Swing Regains Ground Recently Lost—Prices Advance 25 to 41 Points.

Yesterday's short session on the cotton market was marked by another strong upward swing, apparently another step toward equilibrium in the process of adjustment to heavy increases in consumption combined with an extremely short crop, which has been going on during most of the week. The result was to bring the market back over most of the ground lost on Friday, with the week's close firm, the day's net advance being from 25 to 41 points for the active months. January, still the market leader, was much more active than any other month, selling up 27.50 and closing at 27.48.

The market opened strong, prices on the first call being up nearly as high as the total gain finally recorded for the session, but there was some nervousness and irregularity, although fluctuations were fairly well confined. A reassuring message from President Schutt of the Cotton Exchange, denying reports that he was in Washington to confer regarding price restrictions, and stating that the collection of the war tax was the only point at issue, helped to steady the market.

Ocean freight rates continued to be discussed somewhat, it being reported that Southern shippers complain of discrimination in the British Government rates, which are $5 per hundred from New York and $8.25 from Southern ports. An adjustment is expected, probably applying uniformly, under British and American joint action, to all tonnage.

The British restrictions on manufacture in the Lancashire mills go into effect Monday, amounting to a cut of 40 per cent. in consumption, which is now expected to run but 45,000 bales a week.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Friday.
November	..	..	25.21@ ..	27.80
December	28.23	27.95	28.18@28.18	27.75
January	27.50	27.25	27.48@27.50	27.14
February	..	..	27.30@ ..	27.00
March	27.30	27.11	27.26@27.28	26.95
April	..	..	27.15@ ..	26.90
May	27.14	26.98	27.12@27.14	26.85
June	..	..	26.94@ ..	26.68
July	26.93	26.75	26.89@26.90	26.62
August	26.65	26.65	26.63@26.65	26.32

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 5 points higher at 29.60 for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 28.05; New Orleans 28; Savannah 28½; Augusta 28.38; Memphis 29; Houston 27.75; Little Rock 28.25.

The following table gives the statistical position of the cotton trade, figured up to yesterday morning:

	Last Wk. Bales.	Former Week. Bales.	Last Yr. Bales.
Port receipts	206,566	212,054	283,468
Since Aug. 1	2,441,781	2,235,215	3,404,151
Port stocks	1,122,261	1,083,244	1,430,319
Interior receipts	349,338	331,359	339,366
Since Aug. 1	3,139,409	2,790,004	4,402,656
Interior shipments	265,081	277,643	301,598
Interior stocks	1,016,864	932,607	1,230,704
Amount brought into sight	419,154	411,790	484,637
Since Aug. 1	4,809,620	4,390,466	6,177,822
Northern spinners' takings	122,418	101,966	133,724
Since Aug. 1	684,357	561,939	1,042,047
Southern consumption	80,000	80,000	79,000
Since Aug. 1	1,333,000	1,253,000	1,227,000
Export to Great Britain	70,559	18,153	47,507
Since Aug. 1	945,866	900,408	1,051,680
Exports to France	21,683	......	33,796
Since Aug. 1	258,445	217,138	344,263
Exports to Cont.	10,398	23,487	35,698
Since Aug. 1	330,132	304,764	722,577
Total w'k's exports	102,640	39,640	157,022
Total exports since Aug. 1	1,534,443	1,431,810	2,118,525
World's visible supply	3,931,618	3,793,851	5,060,176
Of which Amer.	2,949,618	2,796,851	4,223,176
Liverpool stocks	474,000	461,000	635,000
Continental stocks	258,000	233,000	447,000
New York stocks	94,184	127,878	112,427
N. Orleans stocks	238,230	230,270	426,536
On shipboard waiting clearance	167,918	141,734	189,883

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	5.90	5.50
Canadian North.	1917-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.40	5.40
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.25	5.75
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.50	5.00
Chi., R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.90
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.75	5.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.25	5.25
Cuba Railroad	1917-'28	5	6.75	5.75
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.85	5.35
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.60
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.75	5.75
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	5.50	5.00
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.75	5.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1917-'23	5	6.75	5.50
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.75	5.50
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	6.25	5.60
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.75
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.50	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@5	5.75	5.00
Penn. Gen. F'ght.	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.40	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.50	5.50
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.50	5.00
Southern Ry.	1917-'24	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.50	5.75

RICE CROP OF JAPAN.

That of This Year Is Considerably Above the Average.

The first official forecast of Japan's rice crop, according to Vice Consul Hitchcock at Yokohama, gives the total for this year as 296,883,295 bushels. This exceeds last year's crop of 292,215,235 bushels by 4,668,060 bushels. The average annual crop is 365,121,340 bushels, which is 31,761,955 bushels less than the estimated crop for this year. The figures for the average annual crop are based upon the statistics for the preceding seven years. Those of the year of the best crop and of the year of the worst crop in the period are rejected; and the average of the five other years constitutes the official "average annual crop."

The reports from every part of Japan are uniformly good, as the weather this year was exceptionally favorable at the critical times of sowing, transplanting and flowering, although a certain amount of damage must have been caused by the typhoon of Sept. 30 and Oct. 1.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 17.—Twenty-eight new corporations, with an aggregate capital of $3,257,000, were chartered today. They include:

Howes Co., Silver Creek, machinery and tools, $200,000. A. C., M. L., and M. A. Barton, Silver Creek.

Charles B. Van Valen, Manhattan, realty, insurance, hotels, and stores, $30,000. H. L. Blanchard, J. R. Van Valen, L. Walker, 85 William St.

Paradies Carroll, Inc., Brooklyn, bakery and confectionery, $10,000. T. L. Ernest, F. W. Hamburg, M. A. Jentes, 35 Nassau St.

Updyke Building Co., Bronx, $30,000. N. B. Haynor, F. Marshall, C. W. Fetherolf, 226 East 239th St.

Grayoela Millinery Co., Manhattan, $5,000. G. Nethercott, F. Pyrell, C. Metzger, 280 Broadway.

Unique Slides Co., Manhattan, $5,000. H. L. J. Jacoves, H. Margoshes, H. Hosner, 240 West 114th St.

Columbia Costume Co., Manhattan, commission merchants in pharmaceutical and other preparations, $50,000. M. S. Bierer, R. Morgenstern, M. L. Tawns, 233 Broadway.

Lederer-Feinstein Co., Manhattan, silks and other fabrics, $15,000; S. Feinstein, S. Cohen, A. L. Lederer, 215 West 157th St.

Saul Levy, Manhattan, furniture, upholstery, rugs and carpets, $5,000. S. L. Levy, B. E. Atkins, P. G. Schell, 486 Amsterdam Av.

Durbellil Beris Clothes, Manhattan, $30,000. E. S. Merrill, T. F. von Doren, M. Rubinger, 160 Broadway.

Radler-Weinstein-Barsky, Manhattan, hats and caps, $10,000. M. Barsky, J. Weinstein, L. Radler, 920 Prospect Av.

Farmers Feed Co. of New York, Manhattan, $1,500,000. D. Curtin, F. S. Lambert, E. G. Beack, 2,089 Southern Boulevard.

D. & R. Costume Co., Manhattan, publishing and correspondence courses, $1,000; A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, L. H. Gunther, 65 Cedar St.

F. P. Capaldo Co., Manhattan, forwarding and marine insurance, $50,000; J. A. Petrcelli, P. F. and L. A. Capaldo, 166 65th St., Bklyn.

American Shoe Finishing Produce Co., Manhattan, $25,000; M. and J. S. Shaevitch, L. Silva, 801 West End Av.

The Foelite Corp., Manhattan, compounds and chemicals for treatment of coal and coke, $5,000; A. R. Bremer, E. A. and C. Alexander, Yonkers.

The New Charchian Co., Inc., Kingston, goods, wares, and merchandise, $5,000; M., A. M., and M. L. Charchian, Kingston.

Vachris Detective Agencies, Manhattan, $5,000; A. F. Vachris, C. V. Castagnino, S. Bowling, 115 Broadway.

Bowen Products Corp., Auburn, engines and motors, $2,500,000; E. T. William, A. Dillman, W. B. Reynolds, 240 West 102d St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

C. and C. Sales Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

J. M. Chanut & Co., Manhattan, $45,000 to $100,000.

Tock Screw Machine Products Co., Queens, $50,000 to $100,000.

U. S. Paper Export Assn., Manhattan, $200,000 to $300,000.

AUTHORIZATION.

Ivy Pictures Corp., Del., 5,000 shares, no par value, active capital not given; representative, H. W. Webber, 52 Broadway.

REVOCATION AND SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

C. G. Merrell, Inc., Del.

CHANGE OF NAME.

D. H. Mowing & Co., Syracuse, to Mowing Dietrich Co.; the Arcanum Yacht Club, Brooklyn, to Brooklyn Motor Boat Club, Inc.

DISSOLUTION.

Havana-American Co., Jersey.
International Film Service, Manhattan.
The Terriss Feature Film Co., Manhattan.
Baths of St. Mark's Place, Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 17.—Charters filed:

International Signal Co., $2,500,000; C. L. Rimlinger, F. A. Armstrong, C. M. Egner of Wilmington.

West Indies Reduction Corp., to engage in all branches of finishing, &c., $400,000; A. W. Britton, G. V. Reilly, S. B. Howard, all of N. Y.

Co-operative Hotel Corp., $250,000; J. T. McGovern, R. Berry, A. Collins, all of N. Y.

Dr. Swett Root Beer Sales Co., $750,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, C. M. Egner of Wilmington.

"Mairah" Fur Seal and Leather Co., $500,000; A. M. Halloran, H. A. Williams, F. Giles, Wilmington.

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

It is the business of Dow, Jones & Co. and of The Wall Street Journal to present all the facts and factors that finally determine investment values.

It is the business of the investment and speculative markets to make the prices. Quotations at times represent premiums on values, and at other times the same values are quoted and sold far below their investment worth.

The wise investor makes thorough study of asset values and then closely follows the financial currents that so often run counter to asset values.

Then after due consideration, he salvages values from the speculative currents.

And all the time he studies values and the factors that make and unmake values.

The great investment interests of the United States daily study the columns of The Wall Street Journal.

Investment interests in this country are steadily broadening. Shareholders and bondholders are increasing and The Wall Street Journal circulation is greater than ever and steadily gaining. No man of affairs can afford to be other than a daily reader of

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

United States Steel

How far below asset values are the market quotations for the common stock?

Earning prospects under new prices established by the Government.

Actual additions to assets compared with present market value of common stock.

Will steel orders show an increase on a basis of Government steel prices?

This is the first of a number of analytical articles on United States Steel, the indepenent steel companies and the steel industry in general, that will appear from time to time in The Wall Street Journal, News Bulletins and ticker service of Dow, Jones & Co.

In these times of war uncertainties and sudden and vital changes in conditions, every shareholder of a steel company should keep posted.

Dow, Jones & Co.'s News Bulletins of November 19th will contain a timely article on United States Steel. Publication will also be made in the evening and following morning editions of The Wall Street Journal.

It should be read by every investor.

The Dow-Jones Bulletins will be found in all well equipped financial offices.

VARIED PHASES OF THE COUNTRY'S BUSINESS LIFE

THE MERCHANT'S POINT OF VIEW

In industrial matters it is apparent, to use a simile borrowed from the prizering, that the country is endeavoring to get down to fighting weight. The dropping of superfluities is one of the steps in this direction. But just at this point comes in a hesitation that is natural. In the case of a boxer preparing for an encounter it is not considered wise to train down "too fine," as it is called, and get rid of all the flesh possible. This holds good with regard to the country when it comes to determining what things are essential and what are not. Although, off hand, it would seem an easy matter to decide which industries are needed to help win the war and which are superfluous or a positive drawback, it ceases to be so simple a task when all the circumstances are taken into account. When the Council of National Defense announced its purpose of curtailing or suppressing non-essential industries, business men began to get apprehensive, and formal objections were soon interposed. From the Chamber of Commerce of the United States came a report of a special committee, which considered the subject mainly from its effects on foreign trade and exchange, and this alone showed the need of great caution. It was conceded that the first question was that of transportation, and that all foreign trade must be made subsidiary to the absolute necessity of supplying men, food, and war supplies to Europe.

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Foreign Trade and Exchange.

But when ships go one way loaded should they come back empty or in ballast? Again, it is absolutely necessary that vast quantities of raw materials be imported if for no other purpose than to enable the factories here to make them up into munitions and other articles needed by the military and naval forces as well as in civilian life. Rubber, copper, iron ore, nitrates, tungsten, wool, coffee, sugar, tea, and oils are only a few of such articles. These things bought abroad run in value up to about $2,000,000,000 a year. They must be paid for either in money or in goods. If paid in money it would mean the speedy exhaustion of the gold and silver supply of the country, with its dire financial consequences. Such a calamity would more than offset many victories in the field and might, indeed, prevent such victories being obtained. So it becomes necessary to export to foreign countries what goods are needed there in order to pay the part or whole of the amounts due for purchases there. This is especially the case now, when it is no longer possible to pay Asiatic or South American or South African countries by credits on Great Britain or other European nations. Furthermore, in making payment in goods to countries from which we obtain supplies we can only do so in goods of the kind which the people of those countries wish to buy. Now, supposing that in Argentina, for example, the people want to buy from us pianos, or expensive automobiles, or silk stockings, perfumery or candy. Must we not, in order to supply them, keep going the industries which make these articles, even though they may be rightly considered nonessential from the domestic standpoint?

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Looking Toward the Future.

Considerations such as these and what is implied by them serve to show the need of caution and great deliberation in taking action in the matter, and render it doubtful if any hard and fast lines will be drawn as to industries or practices except such as are beyond question retardents to the successful prosecution of the war. It must be considered also that the war is not to last forever, and that after it is ended it will be necessary for this country to have foreign outlets for its superfluous production of manufactured goods and even for some of its raw material, such as cotton, grain, oil, coal, and the like. The absence of German competition in a number of foreign countries has given American manufacturers the greatest opportunities to make a market in them for the domestic products. This is an added reason why no unnecessary check should be put on exports. For this and other reasons the Chamber of Commerce of the United States urged that "the normal business structure should be maintained as far as possible, and no nonessential industry closed down, so that some organizations may be retained for speedy development after the close of the war." It is gratifying to learn that a special bureau is to be established to investigate and render decision in matters of this kind.

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Animal Imports Can Wait.

It becomes evident from time to time that much remains to be done to bring about the efficiency which the war needs call for. Sometimes it looks as though a sense of proportion were wanting and at other times as if there was a lack of co-ordination. Thus, when a sugar famine seemed imminent, the candy stores were running full tilt. Again, when attempts were made to restrict imports as well as exports with a view to using shipping only for essentials, all sorts of odd things appeared on the manifests of vessels which could by no stretch of fancy be considered as necessities. It was only a few days ago, for example, when the arrival at "an Atlantic port" was announced of a vessel from the Far East. Considering the ports from which it came, it could have been the vehicle for shipments of sugar, furs, and wool, all articles of which this country cannot get too much. What the boat actually carried, however, was a cargo of miscellaneous animals destined, apparently, for zoological exhibitions. The fauna have, very likely, an educational value, but it would seem as though their shipment hither might have been postponed to some time in the future, to the manifest advantage of the country in general.

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Object Is Good, but Reason Bad.

It is a tradition that when, of old, men were sent out from Great Britain to serve as Judges in British colonies they were cautioned not to give the reasons for the decisions they rendered. The why of this was very simple. The men sent had good common sense and were honest, and were, therefore, apt to decide in accordance with justice. But, not being well versed in the law, if they attempted to give the reasons for their decisions they would be easily shown to be wrong and might have to be reversed. The instance is brought to mind now in connection with a circular letter on "Voluntary Co-operation" just issued by a certain national bank. This urges the need of labor increasing its industrial production so that more men may be released for food production—an eminently patriotic and worthy appeal. But in support of its contention the bank appends a lot of statistics which hardly help its cause. These show, for example, that the wheat crop this year was 88,000,000 bushels less than in 1901, that there are 15,000,000 fewer sheep than fourteen years ago, that there are 8,500,000 fewer head of beef cattle than in 1909, and that there has been a decline within a year of 5,400,000 in the number of hogs. A certain ingenuity, worthy of the high tariff advocates, is shown in the selection of the dates to compare with. Thus, the wheat crop in 1901 happened to be the biggest ever up to that date, and was never approached until 1913, and, although the number of sheep is less than in 1903, it is very much larger than in 1905. Again, while the number of beef cattle is less than in 1909, it is greater than in any year since 1910, and the number of hogs has been showing an increase for years. But the question is, despite all this, what bearing have the figures on the labor question? Would any adjustment of labor have changed the climatic conditions on which the crops so largely depend, or would it have caused farmers and stock raisers to enlarge the production of things which it did not pay them to raise?

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Situation as to Cotton.

Cotton quotations continue to rule high, especially for spots. This was said to be largely due to the Government report showing the amount of cotton consumed in domestic mills during the last month, it being about 45,000 bales in excess of that in the corresponding month in 1916. Over a million more spindles were active last month than in October of last year, despite the reports of supposed great lack of labor in the mills. The exports, however, in the three months of the present cotton year are about 315,000 bales below those of the corresponding period last year. Hopes are expressed that some of this deficit may be made up before long, now that the submarine menace has become less. Prices for staple cotton have been especially high. They do not seem to have been affected by the stories that less of this kind of cotton will be used in tire fabrics in consequence of the restriction of the output of pleasure automobiles. In the goods market there were advances in the prices of printcloths and other fabrics, and great firmness is shown. The demands of the Fall River mill workers for another 15 per cent. advance in wages is at present one of the disturbing features of the trade. There has been comparatively little demand for the finer constructions, and looms have been changed in some instances from fancies to plain cloths. In knit goods the opening of a prominent Southern mill of its offerings for the next heavyweight season attracted some attention. The prices show considerable advance over those of last season, but the demand is so great that the price change will not affect the sales. In cotton hosiery offerings go no further than next Spring.

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Wool Supplies and Fabrics.

Announcement was made the other day of the arrival in this country of the wool from Australia which is to be put up at auction in Boston next month. As to the 225,000 bales which Great Britain has released for shipment to this country, the shipping is to be supplied by this Government, but no arrangements for it have yet been made, according to the Textile Alliance. This organization says that the price for these wools will be "the price basis current at the time of shipment from Australia for the issue of wool for Government purposes to manufacturers in the United Kingdom, less the cost of freight and insurance from Australia to the United Kingdom." This would indicate that domestic manufacturers are to get the wool at the same price as do those in England. In connection with this matter of price it is worth calling attention to the communication sent to President Wilson by the Committee on Wool Control of the Philadelphia Wool and Textile Association stating that "a stable value for wool for 1918 is of the utmost importance," and that a committee of the association be permitted to submit a concrete plan for fixing "the value of wool and wool textiles." In the goods market there is very little new to record. Clothiers continue to pick up small stocks, mostly of staples, and are trying to get advance data on the offerings for the next heavyweight season. The desire runs rather to staples than to fancies. In the dress goods end there has been somewhat more demand for spot goods.

THESE TOYS ARE SOMEWHAT COSTLY

Examples of the Kinds Which Are Offered to Those Having Money to Spend.

With no intention of supplying a gigantic Christmas stocking for the little tots of war-striken France or Belgium, a certain wealthy woman spent about two hours in a local toy shop recently with her secretary, during which she ordered playthings valued at close to $4,500. It must at least be presumed, in justice to this feminine Santa Claus, that she has contributed largely to any sums being raised to brighten the lives of the small residents of the countries referred to, but the purchases in question were designed to make happy her own children and those of friends or relatives in this and other cities.

The question may arise as to how such a large sum could be spent for toys in so brief a time, unless they were being bought in wholesale quantities, but a trip through the shop she visited soon answers it. For instance, there is a six-foot toy automobile of the roadster type, having real electric lights and a spare wheel, which is priced at $65. The power for this car is supplied by the rider, but there is another one, a two-seated roadster priced at $175, that really runs. It is propelled by a patent motor wheel that is also used to convert bicycles into motorcycles. It is equipped with pneumatic tires and has most of the appointments of a real car of its type.

Other toys in the automobile line include a tandem coaster priced at $30, a $45 war ambulance, four feet high and propelled by pedals operated by the rider, and a "submarine chaser" on wheels that sells for $25. This chaser is four or five feet long, runs under pedal power generated by the rider, has a gun turret mounted on the forward deck, and is equipped with flagstaffs fore and aft.

For those whose inclinations run that way there are pool and billiard tables, or combinations of both, that bring prices ranging up to $115, according to kind and size. Also, for big and little boys, there are pneumatic punching figures that have a habit of doing their bit on the unwary boxer. They sell for $35. Then there is a toy treadmill machine which can really be used for exercising that is priced at $17.50. For outdoor use there are dozens of kinds of toys in this store, including a 9-foot 4-inch bob sled, nicely padded, which brings $25.

Tiny devotees of the game of pocket billiards can be accommodated by a miniature table, completely furnished with balls, triangle, and novel little air-pressure cues that are worked by pressing a small bulb. The price is $15. For boys of a mechanical turn of mind there are construction sets galore, and at a wide range of prices. Carpenter's benches may be had without tools at prices running to $16.50. The tools themselves cost another tidy sum.

The aristocrats in the line of toy boats bring $200, or close to it. One priced at $200 is a fully-rigged, three-masted schooner that is guaranteed to sail. It is about 7 feet long. For $175 may be purchased a hand-made metal submarine chaser about four feet long and complete in all details. It is operated by electric batteries and can develop considerable speed. Other boats include mechanical steamers selling as high as $60, small battleships at $35, "freighters," which actually can be given cargoes, at $16.50; an electrically operated wooden submarine chaser at $35, and another one, of metal, at $65.

For the boy who has a desire to be a railroad magnate or who faces the prospect of being one some day, whether he wants to or not, there are electric railroad systems which, though sold by the piece, will run into a very tidy sum if they are well equipped. For instance, the star among the electric trains in this store sells for $35, while a bridge equipped with an electrically operated signal system costs $12. A roundhouse is priced at $12 and a tunnel at $2.25. The prices of the tracks on which these trains run range from 25 cents a foot up, according to the size of the purchase.

If a boy's taste for machinery runs to steam instead of electricity the store can supply him with steam outfits selling up to $100. In these actual fire and water produce real steam enough to drive a dynamo, which in turn produces current sufficient to operate lights and even to drive an electric train if properly coupled up with the system, by recharging the batteries. Because of this it could easily be used in conjunction with an electric train system. Other steam outfits may be had at $45 to $75. Also, for the practically-inclined youngster, there is a two-station, semi-wireless outfit that is priced at $15. Then, at $75, there is a moving-picture machine that can be used to project pictures in the home. Airplanes that will really fly can also be had. They are sold both in parts and "put up," and range in price from $18 to $30.

Toy autos, differing from the ones described heretofore in that they are too small for the owner to ride in, can be had copied in complete detail at $40 and down. French motor ambulances, for instance, cost but $10. A small armored car sells at $16.50. An electric lighted small French garage costs $35.

For both boys and girls of various ages, "occupation baskets" may be had from $12 up. They contain fourteen different gifts, devised to suit the ages of the children for whom they are intended. Boxes of simply worked, mystifying tricks that can be used by youngsters of both sexes set indulgent parents back $10. Sixteen dollars is the price of a furnished bath stand, equipped with a doll and doll's clothes, also with mirror, brushes, &c. Baskets of children's dishes sell up to $15.

For use in outdoor play houses there are fair-sized stoves that are in every detail complete copies of a regular kitchen range. They are equipped with small granite cooking utensils that can be used for actual cooking. In these stoves, which cost $40, real fires may be built. At something less than this price there is a kitchenette stand, which has indestructible cooking utensils and an indestructible tea set. It also has a tiny alcohol stove on the order of a gas range, and with it are sold real provisions put up in small packages. Other stoves on which real cooking may be done, and which get their heat either from electricity, gas, or alcohol, bring prices running up to $22.50.

Also for the domestically inclined young miss there is a six-room doll's house, fully furnished, that is priced at $98. The furnishings even include tiny pictures on the walls and small candles on the dresser in the bedroom. The dining room table is fully supplied with dishes, and near by is a tiny stand holding a tinier telephone. In the living room there is a "bear skin" rug, while several of the other rooms are furnished with rag ones. The kitchen has a little stove with granite cooking utensils, sink, broom, &c. In the furnishings of this domicile not even a billiard table has been overlooked. Other doll's houses may be had at $40 to $65, most of the higher-priced imported ones being missing from the current year's offerings because of the war.

One small phonograph, with records of an appropriate size, suitable for supplying kiddies' dance music, brings $10, while another, which has a traveling case, is $15. In the line of animal toys there is a good-sized rocking elephant which sells for $50, while another one, on wheels and able to make considerable noise on occasion, brings $20. A lion on wheels sells at $30, and there are camels and other animals also to be had. All of these animals are built on steel frames and are said to be strong enough to bear the weight of a grown person. Mechanical dogs, bears, &c., bring $18.

At $84.73 there is a seven-piece set of mahogany boudoir furniture consisting of round table, chiffonier, dresser with mirror, a four-poster bed, a straight chair, an arm chair, and a rocker. These may be bought separately if desired. All of the furniture is neatly and prettily upholstered, and the bed has a silk quilt to set it off.

There is an almost endless assortment of dolls and dolls' equipment. Small mechanical dolls, singly or in combination, are priced at $16.50 or thereabout. One of the combinations shows a prettily dressed Japanese woman being drawn in a rickshaw by a coolie who is also quite nattily attired. Dressed dolls, fully attired for street or house and in the top of the mode, may be had at prices running up close to $40. These have fine flax hair, which this year, because of the scarcity and high cost of real hair, is being much used on dolls.

For $54 may be had a doll's trousseau basket, complete with the doll and a wide assortment of small clothing—several complete changes, in fact—toilet articles, &c. A new thing in the way of an unbreakable doll, made entirely of wood and having spring instead of rubber joints, is priced at $10. They are comparatively small in size. Other toys involving dolls and doll's clothes run up to $45.

For misses there is an attractive desk set that sells for $40, while a traveling writing tablet, designed also for young ladies, is marked $22.50. A child's tea wagon, equipped with real china and silver spoons, is $22. A fancy trimmed brass bed for a doll, 30 inches long, costs $25, while the same price is asked for an attractive 30-inch doll's bassinet.

Nor are the books in the store in question the kind that can be bought for little or nothing. There are some cheap ones, to be sure, but there is one that sells at $15. It is written by a well-known author and illustrated by an artist of like fame. The paper is of the Japanese hand-made variety, deckle edged, and the binding is of vellum.

The things described above, and others of about the same level of prices, but too numerous to mention here, will easily account, it can be seen, for the quick expenditure of the sum mentioned at the outset. Particularly is this true when the young recipients live in different places and the toys can be bought in multiples for distribution among them.

AT FALL RIVER MILLS.

Demand Has Been Active and Prices Show Keen Advances.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Nov. 17.—There has been active business in cotton goods this week, and it is reported that some of the individual orders which have been received and accepted have been very large. Various low count goods of wide construction have been in very good demand. Not only did buyers provide for their immediate wants when the goods were available, but they purchased on contracts some of which will not begin till about the middle of next Spring.

The demand for narrow goods has been very keen, 27-inch goods have sold in very large quantities, and new high levels have been reached for them. There are no spots of 27-inch 64-60s but, if there were, they could very easily command premium prices. Other narrow goods have also received much attention from buyers.

Manufacturers of twills, sateens, and other specialties have done a very good business, and prices on these goods have advanced sharply. On some of the more popular makes of twills and sateens mills are so well sold up that they cannot take on any more business and it would be almost impossible to secure spots.

The cotton yarn markets have been active all week. There still exists a strong demand for yarns suitable for the manufacture of automobile tires. Manufacturers of cloth in some cases, being unable to spin enough of yarn in their own mills, have been compelled to come into the open markets and purchase their supplies. Fine goods have been in fair demand.

The total sales of cloth for the week are estimated between 250,000 and 300,000 pieces, of which about 60,000 pieces are spots. The week closed with the demand active and prices showing keen advances.

Mills Not Anxious for Orders.

Manufacturers of clothes for men who have been looking around in the local market for their requirements in woolens for next Fall are said not to have found mill agents in a very receptive mood. Sellers, apparently, are not eager just at this time for business too far ahead. Until the wool situation is a little more cleared and Government requirements between now and next Fall have been more definitely determined, it does not seem likely that mills will be over-anxious for orders. Small lots have been placed here and there, however, and prices as a rule have been higher. The question of mixing cotton and wool is also one which the mills would like to have settled before the season develops too far.

Military Styles in Men's Caps.

The war has exerted a strong influence on the new novelty styles in men's caps for sports wear. One, which is particularly attractive and is said to be selling in considerable quantities, is a "trench cap," with a flaring top, a square cut visor, and a strap of the cap material across the front, with a small metal buckle in the centre. The cap is made up in a soft finished cloth in solid brown. It is also offered in tweed and in plaids and checks of black and white, and other shades. It is priced to retail at $3.50.

OPPORTUNITY FOR TRADE WITH CHINA

Conditions at Present Said to be Extremely Favorable for Its Expansion.

In a talk with a reporter of THE TIMES yesterday D. E. Douty of the United States Conditioning and Testing Company, who just recently returned from a trip through China, called attention to the opportunities for trade with that country. With its population of over 400,000,000 people and its vast natural resources, he declared China's tremendous latent purchasing power, now in the process of awakening, offers almost unlimited possibilities for the expansion of American foreign trade.

"The conditions necessary to secure this trade," said Mr. Douty, "are most decidedly in favor of the United States. Both the Chinese Government and the Chinese people have wonderful faith, trust, and confidence in Americans. The unselfish attitude which this Government has always manifested, and has upon several occasions demonstrated in a substantial manner, is quite universally known by the Chinese population, notwithstanding the fact that a very large proportion of them cannot read. In my travels through the raw silk producing districts of extreme Southwestern China I met and talked with silk mill foremen who referred in a most appreciative manner to the remission of the Boxer indemnity and the just and sympathetic administration by the American troops of that portion of Pekin intrusted to them after the uprising had been quelled. In Central China and Manchuria I found ample evidence of the kindly feeling toward American business men and corresponding knowledge and appreciation of the Boxer incident.

"For a quarter of a century the development of trade with South America has been urged with but slight success. Not until the European war practically terminated all commercial intercourse between the principal European countries and South America did this country's trade with the southern continent assume anything like the proportions that it should. Since the war, however, trading with South America has become almost a forced condition, and some firms have made vigorous endeavors to introduce and establish permanent trade connections with the southern markets.

"The actual value of this trade, however, has always been overestimated by theorists who overlooked the fact that South America is a very sparsely populated country, containing only a few millions of people scattered along the seaboards. On account of this its purchasing power is necessarily not very great.

"In contrast to this China offers an immense population concentrated at many points into large communities and, on account of its great wealth in natural resources, possessing vast latent purchasing power. As the standards of working and living in China improve the consumption of her 400,000,000 people will be gigantic, and that group of nations best prepared to supply it and to take in exchange those products which the Chinese industries produce will secure a valuable national and world asset. And as far as the Chinese people are concerned not only is the way open and ready for the American business man to supply these wants, but China actually prefers to deal with us rather than with almost any other country.

"There are two important factors which will determine the future success of our efforts in Oriental trade. The one involves the Federal laws of the United States which control commercial operations. The other has to do with the policies and methods practiced by the business organizations which attempt Oriental trade.

"The first includes the enactment of a federal incorporation act, the extension of the Federal Reserve act to further facilitate the establishing of banks in foreign countries, the modification of the maritime laws so as to secure the development of American shipping, and finally, the permanent amendment of the anti-trust law to permit the co-operation and union of American firms and individuals striving for export business.

"The second, which is of equal importance, involves an almost complete change in the policies and methods of American organizations, such as adapting the merchandise to the needs of the buyer, instead of trying to force the acceptance of an absolutely fixed product; the training of American young men for foreign service, the establishment and maintenance of offices in the trade centres of the Far East, and the management of those offices in accordance with the customs of the people.

"Our provincial method of merchandising at a distance from the base through an organization of traveling salesmen or through brokerage and commission houses will not develop in China a substantial international trade, whether buying or selling—American business in China must be represented by American business men.

"The Chinese merchant is a clever, astute, sensitive, but unemotional business man. He will bicker over the most minute detail and drive a shrewd bargain. He is cunning, at times crafty, and occasionally insincere. But as soon as the understanding is reached and the conditions of the transaction are agreed upon he is one of the most dependable among all nationals.

"In the Chinese business world 'face' is everything, and the Chinese merchant prizes, protests, and sustains it as an American business man does his credit at the bank. The dependability of a personal agreement between an American and Chinese business man is the strongest link to bind the two nations in international commerce, and it is sincerely to be hoped that American firms entering China may so conduct their business with the Chinese that the present confidence will not be disturbed.

"Other nationals have exploited the Chinese, discredited their intelligence and abused their confidence. Their loss is irretrievable. The Chinese are a very patient, long-suffering, and placid people, but they have good memories and the ancient habit of handing on from generation to generation their likes and dislikes. Thus a firm or a nation once discredited has small chance of getting back on a footing of confidence."

IN VOGUE IN MILLINERY.

Favored Styles as Shown at the Horse Show and the Opera.

The latest bulletin of the Retail Millinery Association of America has this to say about the Horse Show and the lack of new millinery styles it brought out:

"The crowds here are larger than for many years, (because the proceeds are to be given to the Red Cross,) and yet one sees nothing new in millinery styles either in the ring or in the boxes.

"One new note in riding hats was struck when some of the stores showed a Royal Flying Corps hat in khaki and black for women's habits, and another store showed the same in white duvetyn, but at the show hatters' plush with high bell crowns, velour sailors and mannish hats were seen. The R. F. C. hat, however, has been shown about town on young misses, who could carry the rather swank, little tilted hat without appearing ridiculous.

"In the boxes at the show one notes that ostrich was the popular trimming and that small shapes predominated. Russian and high-draped turbans of velvet, with fur, velvet with duvetyn, satin antique and all fur, metallic and all satin were noted. Most popular in trimmings, aside from ostrich, were fancy tips, paradise, goura, quills, jet ornaments and wool chenille flowers. In color, black and gray were rather prominent.

"At the opening of the Metropolitan Opera House," the bulletin continues, "red, white, blue and gray were the predominant colors. Whatever favorable talk there has been of the revival of the evening hat was proved false by the entire absence of hats of this kind at the opening."

RAW SILK MARKETS.

A Period of Quiet Has Induced Japanese to Stop Reeling.

The Yokohama raw silk market shows no change in prices for the past week, and business has been rather quiet. The reelers have finally decided, in order to uphold the market, to reduce immediately the working hours of their filandas from fourteen to eleven, and to stop reeling shinshius on Dec. 15. The reeling of kansais is to be stopped on Dec. 20, the filandas to be reopened on Jan. 23. Reports received by A. P. Villa & Brothers of this city put the present stock of silk available at Yokohama at 24,000 bales.

The Canton market continues extremely dull, with a downward tendency. There is almost an utter absence of demand from this country and only a few orders have been placed lately by the Lyons manufacturers. The advancing exchange is holding business back, in that it makes the laid-down cost too high in comparison with Japanese silks. Shanghai is weak and sluggish for tsatlees and tussahs, and prices on these grades have lost about 20 to 25 cents a pound. Steam filatures are unchanged.

Quotations in the Italian market continue too high to interest buyers in this country, although a recent drop in exchange has brought these silks to a basis almost low enough to result in a renewal of American buying. In this city a better feeling exists, and a marked improvement in business has been noticeable in the last few days. The fabric manufacturers are looking forward to an active Spring season.

Southern Rhodesia Mineral Output.

The total value of the mineral production of southern Rhodesia for the month of July, according to Consul John P. Bray, stationed in Johannesburg, South Africa, amounted to $1,916,132. The chief item making up this total was gold, which amounted to 60,002 ounces of a value of $1,405,109. The balance of $511,024 was made up chiefly of chrome ore, copper, coal, and asbestos. The diamond output this year only amounted to a little over $1,000.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The local buying offices of M. E. Smith & Co., Inc., and the Burgess-Nash Company, both of Omaha, Neb., will be located after tomorrow in Rooms 1212 and 1214 of the Fifth Avenue Building, 200 Fifth Avenue, H. B Hull will continue in charge.

Joseph Solomon, formerly business manager of the Retail Millinery Association of America, has entered the advertising and sales promotion business on his own account. He has opened an office in the Flatiron Building, and will specialize on millinery accounts.

Arthur A. Heimlich, who for several years has been connected with B. F. Levis, resident buyer, 72 Madison Avenue, as buyer of housefurnishings, toys, and kindred lines, will on Dec. 1 assume a similar position with the Weisberger Company of Richmond, Va.

URUGUAY'S WOOL CLIP.

This Year's Said to be Not Only Large, but of Good Quality.

From present indications, reports Consul William Dawson from Montevideo, it is evident that the wool clip in Uruguay this year will be unusually satisfactory, both as to quality and quantity. Weather conditions have been favorable for sheep during the last few months, and flocks are in excellent condition. There have been no epidemics, and the percentage of lambs born has been unusually high. The wool is reported to be very fine, well grown, and free from seed. It is authoritatively estimated that this year's wool clip in Uruguay will establish a new high record.

The probable output of the season is conservatively estimated at over 95,000 bales of 1,000 pounds each. The opinion is held by many well-informed exporters that during the coming year Montevideo will export between 80,000 and 92,000 bales of wool, while 8,000 to 10,000 bales may be shipped from Salto, Paysandu, and Mercedes to Buenos Aires for export. This would mean that Montevideo wool shipments for the coming season would be increased by about 20 per cent.

During the last few months prices in the Uruguayan market have been constantly advancing. A number of sales have been reported as high as $14.90 (gold) per unit of 10 kilos, (22 pounds.) Concerning the probable future course of prices there are various predictions among exporters. Those who forecast a drop in the market base their opinions on the lack of interest of American buyers at present prices, and the belief that American requirements will be met to a great extent by the Australian clip.

TRADE IN BROAD SILKS.

Dullness Still Continues Owing to Various Circumstances.

There seems to be nothing in the local broad silk situation to warrant the belief that the present dull period is likely to end in the immediate future. It is said that goods have not moved very rapidly over the counter this Fall, and that buyers consequently are still fairly well stocked with merchandise. What little they may require from time to time, it seems, they can pick up in small lots from jobbers here and there and at prices sometimes appreciably under the mill figures.

The coal situation, and the placing of many mills at the bottom of the list of those to be supplied, is causing some little concern among mill people as to future production. On the other hand, it is felt in some quarters that the prospects of reduced output may cause a renewal of buying against such an eventuality.

Stability in raw silk, through the minimum prices fixed and held in Yokohama, is looked upon as the best way to revive buyers. So long as there is possibility of lower prices, they naturally will hold off until the last minute, but with no signs of weakening and with the chances of higher prices when mills generally begin buying raws again, a very different situation should develop.

In filling in orders during the week, it is said that satins, taffetas and crêpes have been the leaders. For Spring, foulards, prints and jersey weaves have been good. Under present conditions, sellers believe that staple lines built for service will be the most in demand, and that fancy fabrics and designs are likely to be more or less neglected.

Speakers to Credit Men Chosen.

The trade acceptance will be tho topic of discussion at the first monthly meeting of the 1917-18 series to be held by the New York Credit Men's Association. The following speakers have been announced: Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Irving National Bank and Chairman of the American Trade Acceptance Council; George Woodruff, President of the First National Bank of Joliet, Ill.; Kenneth R. Hooker, President of the Putnam-Hooker Company of Cincinnati and Chairman of the Banking and Currency Committee of the National Association of Credit Men, and Robert H. Treman, Deputy Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The meeting will be held on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at the Hotel Astor.

Gray Goods Sales Were Fair.

Trading in gray goods was fairly active here yesterday, much of the business being done on the low-count printcloths that played such a large part in Friday's business. Included in these were 38 1-2-inch 48 squares, 44 squares and 44-40s. Further early 1918 sales of the last-named were again put through at 7 1-4 cents, in spite of the fact that some houses were asking 7 3-8 cents for them. Some of the high-count wide printcloths also sold yesterday, including spot 38 1-2-inch 64-60s, at 11 1-8 to 11 1-4 cents, according to the house which made the sale. Spot business was also done on 39-inch 68-72s in certain quarters at 12 3-4 cents. The day's sheeting business contained little of more than ordinary interest.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The firm of the BERNARD & ISAACS, Inc., manufacturers of misses' suits and coats, are dissolving, and Harry Bernard, who is the designer and manufacturer of the above firm, is open for a proposition with a large house.
HARRY BERNARD, 12 West 27th.

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber, now placing orders on Spring suits and coats. Call all week, with samples, 1,140 Broadway, eleventh floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—A large new jobber looking at Spring samples of better grade dress, 11th floor, 118 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Ready to look at Spring line of better-grade dresses, georgette and taffetas. 37 West 28th, 12th floor.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

KHAKI.—Strips about 8 inches wide, 12,000 yards. Gram. 8856.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Size 0, black and white; 4,000 great gross to close out; not a spring fastener; carded, 1 gross in a bag. Price $1 per great gross. Williamsburg 1895.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN.—We have an opening over Jersey for a man acquainted with vellings or a similar line and with the trade; after Jan. 1 we will have an opening over small towns of Pennsylvania and New York State for a man acquainted with the line and the territory; salary or commission. Apply by letter, E. & Z. Van Baalte, 78 5th Av.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

BOSTON—J. S. Sleve Co.; J. S. Sleve, millinery goods; Broadway Central.
BUFFALO—W. Hengerer Co.; Miss P. Brinton, coats, suits, dresses; 2 West 37th.
CLEVELAND—Newman Dress & Skirt Co.; I. D. Newman, mfrs. skirts, dresses; Wallick.
DETROIT—E. L. Hickey Co.; J. B. Hickey, clothing, men's furnishing goods, hats, misses', infants' wear; Wallick.
EASTON—Ross Millinery Co.; G. Gripes, flowers, fancies; 621 B'way.
EVANSVILLE—J. Baker & Sons; A. F. Baker, clothing, furn. goods, mfrs. pants, overalls; Grand.
GRAND RAPIDS—P. Steketee & Sons; G. Watson, women's coats, suits, dresses; furs, misses' coats, suits, dresses; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—Ross Millinery Co.; Harry Gross, women's hats; 621 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—J. Wanamaker; J. J. O'Sullivan, silks; B'way and 10th St.
SEATTLE—Bon Marche; J. W. Hearn, men's, boys' clothing; 230 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co.; E. P. Caw, domestics, prints; 295 B'way.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner & Co.; D. A. Maxfarland, ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.
TRENTON—Ross Millinery Co.; Henry Gripes, millinery; 621 B'way.
WICHITA, Kan.—Hauser-Garrison D. G. Co.; U. G. Dabler, piece goods; 358 B'way; Grand.

Chinese Antimony Exports.

The restrictions placed on exports of refined Chinese antimony to the United States via Hongkong have been relaxed for the present, according to a dispatch from the American Ambassador in London. Should shipping difficulties or other circumstances make it necessary, however, these restrictions may again be put in force, thus prohibiting antimony exports to any points other than the United Kingdom.

VELVETEENS
HENRY GLASS & CO.,
44-46-48 White St.

The Premier Carpet House of America.
ROBBINS BROTHERS
Carpets, Rugs, Linoleums.
12 West 23d Street, New York

On account moving will sell very reasonable two Singer-Lorraine embroidery machines; six in one; best condition; separate electric motors. 242 4th Av., sixth floor.

On account moving will sell counters, tables, desks, typewriter, benches, three-clock very reasonable. 242 4th Av., sixth floor.

WORMSER & CO.
COMMERCIAL BANKERS.
95 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuyv. 3350.
Accounts Financed. Advances on merchandise.

Auctions.

ON VIEW TO-MORROW and TUESDAY
and continuing daily until hour of sale
At the Galleries of the
FIFTH AVENUE 333-341 Fourth Ave.
Cor. 25th Street AUCTION ROOMS
A collection of
Antique and Modern
Furniture
including specimens of Renaissance, Chippendale, Hepplewhite, Sheraton and Colonial Periods, Chinese painted Cabinets, Empire and Tiffany Clocks, Carved Marble Groups.
An extensive assortment of
Solid Silver
and numerous other articles of household adornment and utility.
Also property received from
A Prominent Southern Family,
consisting of a very important
Collection of Historical
BLUE AND WHITE CHINA
and including rare and fine specimens of Pictures of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Baltimore and other locations on Staffordshire Pottery.
Also other Rare and Interesting Objects in Staffordshire, Copper and Silver Lustre, Wedgwood, Stoneware and Cape de Monte; Marble Figures, Venus de Milo, Onyx Pedestals, Elaborately Carved Ivory Tusktand, Oil Paintings, Miniatures on Ivory; Serres Tea Sets and Vases; Sheffield Ware, Silk Rugs, Halsey's work on Pottery, Wheelock Pianola Piano and several choice specimens of Antique Furniture.
Including an Original Sheraton Buffet and two elaborately carved Chippendale Arm Chairs.
Auction Sessions Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, November 21, 22, 23 and 24, 1917, from 2 o'clock each day.
HENRY A. HARTMAN, Auct'r.

Auctioneers.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc.,
333-341 Fourth Avenue, at 25th St.

LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures.
Van Praag & Co., 537 Broadway. Spring 2243.

Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries,
546 5th Av. Auctioneers and Appraisers

Auctions.

Announcement Extraordinary
UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR SPECIAL SALES
COHEN BROTHERS
The Leading Sweater House.
16-18-20 WEST 32nd STREET, NEW YORK CITY
Now Offering for Immediate Delivery
SEVERAL THOUSAND DOZEN JOBS OF
HOCKEY CAPS, SPORT CAPS, AUTO HOODS, SKATING SETS
Ladies', Misses', Juvenile and Infants'
SWEATER COATS
AT ABOUT 60% OF THEIR REGULAR VALUE
Limited Quantities—We Advise Immediate Inspection
Visiting Buyers and Resident Buyers Should See These Goods at Once

Auctions.

On free view To-morrow
and FOLLOWING DAYS at
CLARKE'S ART ROOMS, 5 West 44th St.
The LEON RICCI Collection
Italian Antiques
IN FURNITURE AND WORKS OF ART
(XV. to XVIII. Century.)
In consequence of existing conditions in Italy, which prohibit Mr. Ricci from returning here to continue business at the present time, this fine collection will be sold by auction, within the above galleries,
BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEE ON
Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, November 22, 23, and 24
Each Day at 2:30 P. M.
THE SALE WILL BE CONDUCTED BY MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, colder today; strong west and northwest winds; Tuesday fair.
For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,849. NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1917.—EIGHTEEN PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

NEW ARMY MARCHING ON PETROGRAD; COSSACKS HOLD CAPITAL AT THEIR MERCY; ITALIANS DRIVE FOES ACROSS THE PIAVE

LENINE GOVERNMENT SPLIT

Several Ministers Resign and Five Central Committeemen Also Quit.

KERENSKY NOT HEARD FROM

Former Supporters Denounce Him for His Weakness and Lack of Energy.

NEW COMMANDER IN CHIEF

Gen. Dukhonin Proclaims Himself Temporary Head of Provisional Government Forces.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 18, (Night.)—Civil war continues. A large force is approaching Petrograd, for what purpose is unknown. Another large force is said to be approaching Moscow. There has been fighting in Kakan and Tasskent. Kaledines's force has not, as has been reported, reached Kharkov and Voronetz. It is still in the Donetz basin, halfway between Novo Cherkhask and Veronetz.

The bread ration in Petrograd has been reduced to three-quarters of a pound every two days.

Lenine's Government has split. Commissary of Trade and Industry Nogin, Minister of the Interior Miliutin, Minister of Food Teodorovich, Minister for Labor Shlyapiniko, and the Commissaries of Ways of Communication, the Press, and the Red Guard formally announced their resignation. They consider it necessary to come to terms with other Socialists to form a Government of all the Socialist parties.

I am now able to furnish details of recent events. On Wednesday, after a few days of desultory fighting between Gatchina and Tsarskoe Selo, Kerensky's small Cossack force of 1,500 men concluded an armistice with the Bolshevik defending party, these consisting of bluejackets, a few detachments of infantry, and the Werkmen's Red Guard, in all about 16,000 men.

General Krasnoff, commanding the Cossack force, offered to send Kerensky to Petrograd under convoy of his Cossacks, but during the preparations Kerensky escaped. This was at 1 o'clock in the morning of Wednesday. His whereabouts is now unknown. It would appear that Kerensky is universally discredited. The collapse of his prestige explains the failure of his operations against the Bolsheviki. General Dukhonin has provisionally assumed the chief command.

The Bolshevik forces re-entered Petrograd on Thursday with bands playing. The population were silent. The bulk of the fighting fell on the naval men and a few detachments of the Red Guard, who suffered some losses. The Cossack losses were insignificant.

Some remnants of the Petrograd garrison support the Bolsheviki. Others are neutral. Opinion among the workmen is divided. Several factories passed resolutions protesting against the Bolsheviki seizure of power.

As regards other cities, in Kiev there has been some slight disturbance of ordinary citizen life. The city has repeatedly changed hands. The latest news is that Czech troops fighting for the Government have secured the mastery. Strong protests against the Bolsheviki are made in many provincial towns, and at the front the political situation is unprecedented.

New Army from the Front.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 18, (2:30 P. M.)—Reports of a new army, composed of various elements from the front and the vanguard of which is said to be close to Gatchina, have sent a new thrill through the city. If the reports are to be credited, the new force, the aim of which is to release the city from the control of the Bolsheviki, which is commanded by Staff Captain Pavloff of the Social-Democratic Workmen's Party, already has had brushes with the defending outposts of the Bolsheviki Army.

According to some versions, M. Kerensky is returning with the army. Still other reports tell of an armored train approaching from the direction of Moscow pulling up the rails as it proceeds. All the reports are impossible of confirmation.

A report of the interfrontal congress for the supply of the armies is published today. It declares the inability of the congress further to carry on the burden laid upon it by the General Army Committee, and that, therefore, unless the present situation is quickly clarified it will give up the task and not be responsible for consequences.

The Committee for the Salvation of the Revolution has protested against the arrest of Premier Kerensky and for the taking into custody of other members of the Provisional Government on the ground that they are answerable only to the Constituent Assembly. The town Duma is at loggerheads with the Revolutionary Committee over the attempts of the latter to take over the management of the telephones.

The Workmen's Gazette today prints in huge type on its front page a mani-

Continued on Page 2.

General Kaledines Occupies Coalfields; Controls Russia's Entire System of Railroad

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 18.—General Kaledines and his Cossacks have a position of strategic advantage. They occupied the great Donetz coalfield, and have, as a consequence, the whole Russian system of railway communications at their mercy.

Kaledines has it in his power now to starve or freeze Petrograd out. At Kharkov he stopped 200 wagons loaded with food for Petrograd, and has announced his intention of stopping the whole transport of food to the capital, already in a state of famine, and thus to subdue the city.

Francis Asks for Train to Take 200 Americans Away

LONDON, Monday, Nov. 19.—The American Embassy at Petrograd, according to a Reuter dispatch, has requested that a train be provided to convey 200 members of the American colony in Petrograd to Harbin.

Harbin is a town in Manchuria where the Trans-Siberian Railroad bifurcates, one branch running to Dalny and the other to Vladivostok. Passage home could be procured at either of these ports.

Diaz Holding His Trentino Front While Checking Piave Attacks

Rome Reports Slight Withdrawals Between the Brenta and Piave Rivers and the Expulsion of Invaders Who Crossed the Latter Near Fagare.

ROME, Nov. 18.—Further attempts by the enemy to force crossings of the Piave River were frustrated by the Italian troops yesterday, and in a brilliant counterattack the Austro-German forces which previously had gained a footing on the west bank, in the Fagare zone, were completely swept out of this area, the War Office announced today.

The Austro-German forces hemmed in at the Zenson loop tried to break out, but were repulsed with heavy loss and ultimately driven further back into the loop.

The Italian line on the Asiago Plateau is withstanding extremely violent attacks, the defensive units displaying brilliancy in their resistance and successful counterattacks.

The text of the official statement reads:

On the Asiago Plateau on the night of Nov. 16-17 the enemy, insisting upon his attempt to force our line from Monte Sisemol to Monte Castelgomberto, attacked in the direction of Monte Zomo, east of Gallio. The attack, repeated four times with extreme violence, was completely broken up by the gallant Ligurian Brigade. More to the north, in the direction of Casera and Meletta d' Avanti, our parties of the Perogia Brigade retook with great courage some advanced elements lost during the previous days, capturing about 100 prisoners.

Between the Brenta and the Piave the enemy pressure has been increasing from the evening of the 16th. The masses of the enemy obliged our troops at some points not to prolong their defense at some advanced positions, which have been abandoned in an orderly withdrawal after fierce resistance and brilliant counterattacks. North of Quero, the Como Brigade has again shown its valor.

Yesterday along the Piave parties of the Caserta Brigade, together with elements of other units, in an irresistible advance completely swept the enemy from the Fagare zone. The Spinerole Brigade repulsed with great loss for the enemy an attack attempted by the troops closed in at Zenson, driving them further back into the loop of the river. Attempts to cross the river carried out at other places were promptly frustrated.

On the right bank of the Piave during Nov. 16 and 17 a total of 51 officers, 1,212 men and 27 machine guns was captured.

Italian Attacks Vain, Berlin Says.

BERLIN, Nov. 18, (via London.)—The Italians are counterattacking heavily in the hill district northeast of Asiago. Army Headquarters announced this afternoon that the enemy attacks, launched against heights which had been taken from the Italians, were fruitless and costly to the attacking forces. The afternoon statement says:

Northeast of Asiago strong Italian forces suffered sanguinary losses in fruitless attacks against heights which had been wrested from them.

Between the Brenta and the Piave the artillery duel increased at times.

The supplementary report from General Headquarters tonight reads:

Between the Brenta and Piave Rivers the Italians have been driven from further strong mountain positions.

Hope for Turning of the Tide.

By The Associated Press.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 17, (Delayed.)—The Battle of the Piave River, as it will be known, has now developed to a stage where the enemy's first attempts to make a breach in the Italian lines have failed. This defensive result has not only been accomplished by the Italian army, but time has been gained to effect such a recovery from the retreat as will permit the army to resume its offensive as well as its defensive power.

The enemy was taking full advantage of the delicate period after the retreat, knowing that every day counted for the restoration of the solidity of the Italian offensive force. In this knowledge, too, the Italian supreme command is proceeding methodically, giving ground here and there and holding elsewhere, as all this is part of a systematic plan to bring to the army offensive qualities to deal a blow at a chosen moment.

One hears tonight talk in high quarters that if the Piave line holds another few days the tide will be turned, as its successful defense through six fearful days has established that the enemy has his limitations.

Thus far, nothing beyond battalions has crossed the river. And no corps or brigade, much less divisions, has passed the dead line. Only at Zenson and Grisolera are there any serious lodgments on the west bank of the Piave, and today the enemy was forced back to the river at Zenson and elsewhere, with more than 1,000 men captured, while the flood waters bar him before Grisolera.

It is because the Piave has resisted so well that the enemy is now turning his attention to the north and trying to make a breach there, which he failed to make on the Piave. The line on the north runs along Asiago, Cismon, and Quero, and there the Italian position remains virtually unchanged.

In the east, where the mountain line joins the Piave, the Italian position has been moved a little further back, not in giving ground, but to solidify the whole northern front from Monte Tondarecar on the west to the Piave on the east, thus consolidating the defense at the centre and on both northern wings.

This is the situation tonight, after one of the most trying weeks Italy has ever known. It makes the whole country breathe more easily and await with serenity, almost confidence, those crucial days still ahead.

Fierce Fighting on Northern Front.

On the northern line and along the Piave River, above Zenson, the fighting has assumed extreme severity. The enemy, whose forces exceed the Italians on the northern line, has now thrown fresh divisions into the battle in a supreme effort to break through. The Italians are resisting with desperate tenacity, using hand grenades to meet the infantry rushes following artillery and machine gun fire. It is one of the bitterest struggles of the war, and the losses are heavy.

On the Piave River the enemy got across at two points, Follina and Fagare, a few miles above Zenson; but those at Follina were annihilated by artillery and hand-to-hand fighting, while those at Fagare were driven back to the western bank with heavy losses, and many were captured.

The Italian lines are holding in the main, but the fury of the nemy assaults renew the gravity of the situation.

Navy Readers Splendid Service.

The Italian navy is doing splendid service, seconding the army in the bombardment of enemy positions toward the mouth of the Piave River. The navy, which held the coast front from the mouth of the Izonso to Grado, saved all of its material and cannon, and these are now being trained on the enemy at the mouth of the river and for some distance up, where the water is deep and wide. Near Revedoli an Italian marine battalion repulsed, on Saturday, a rush made by an Austrian storming party, and Italian torpedo boats off Poro di Cortellazzo drove off an attack of an Austrian torpedo fleet. This latter action was accompanied by operations of a fleet of Italian hydroplanes and seconded by Italian coast batteries.

Conditions all along the line show that the spirits of the Italians have been reanimated by the recent successes.

On the middle Piave River, where the Austrians succeeded in gaining a foothold on the west bank near Zenson, they are held to the water's edge, and their only communication with the east bank is at night, when a flatboat is dragged from side to side, bringing a small stock of supplies. Here on the shore line they have set up a line of machine guns to hold back the Italians from pushing them into the river. Some of the more ardent Italians have begged for leave to rush this line, and are restrained only by the positive orders of their commander, who will not send his men to face such machine gun fire when he believes that the line can be reduced by others means.

Hope to Split the Italian Armies.

Further north, where the front turns westward from the Piave River across the Asiago Plateau, General Ritter von Krobatin, former Austrian Minister of War, is driving his Austrian forces, together with one Hungarian division, in an attack which may be the turning point of the whole operation. It is here that the Piave front and the Trentino front meet, and Krobatin is throwing all of his pressure on this meeting point so as to force a wedge between the two

Continued on Page 3.

Swiss Pacifists Riot Three Nights in Zurich; Fight Police from Barricades; Some Killed

ZURICH, Nov. 18.—The police have arrested eighty persons charged with inciting Swiss troops to disobey orders and to insult their officers as a result of pacifist manifestations here. Three battalions of infantry and three squadrons of cavalry arrived today in anticipation of a possible fresh outbreak.

The officer commanding the troops has full power to preserve order. All meetings and gatherings in the streets have been prohibited.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Zurich, Switzerland, referring to the pacifist manifestation of Friday, says:

"Disorders of increased gravity broke out again last night. Two thousand persons assembled in the Place Helvetia, and then marched, singing 'The Internationale,' to the prison where were confined those persons arrested during the riots of Friday night. The blinds and windows of the prison were smashed, and the police charged the mob with drawn sabres.

"The rioters again erected barricades and replied with volleys of stones, whereupon the police drew their revolvers and fired. Four persons were killed, including one policeman, a young man of 20, an old woman, and a boy of 14. A machine gun was brought into action, and, firing blank cartridges, brought the trouble to an end at 1 o'clock in the morning."

Other dispatches from Zurich and Geneva say the disorders at Zurich began at a meeting Thursday evening, which was addressed by two pacifists, Dastwyler and Rotter, their theme being the Russian revolution. The orators called on their hearers to sustain the pacifist movement by refusing service in and supplies for the Swiss Army.

Later the proposal was made to proceed to a factory producing munitions for Germany. Nearly a thousand persons assembled in the court of the factory and summoned the managers, and demanded that they suspend work. The mob began breaking windows in the factory, the lights of which were put out. Then the crowd went to another factory, and it was decided to close this concern after a conference had been held with the two pacifist delegates.

A Zurich dispatch to La Presse says a dozen persons were killed, and that a large number were wounded, and that the movement of the population has been prohibited in several quarters of the town.

A dispatch to La Liberte says the premises of the newspaper Neue Zurcher Zeitung were attacked by the rioters, who forced an entrance, smashed the presses, and sacked the telegraph and editorial rooms.

JAPAN REFUSES OFFER FOR SHIPS

Negotiations Broken Off, Says Tokio, but Washington Still Expects Agreement.

PRICE IS CHIEF OBSTACLE

Efforts to Close Deal Will Be Renewed—Japan Fears Loss of European Trade.

TOKIO, Saturday, Nov. 17, (Delayed.)—In a lengthy statement today the Department of Communications announced that the negotiations with the United States, by which Japan was seeking to have the American embargo on steel raised to a certain extent in Japan's favor, had been broken off, to Japan's regret, because of the differing circumstances in which the two countries were placed.

America's demand for Japanese shipping in return for the concession would virtually destroy Japan's European trade, the statement said, while the equivalent offered was inadequate. Japan's assistance to her allies, the statement asserted, could not reach the extent of infringing upon the necessities of her national existence.

Tokio View Surprises Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Officials here received with some surprise tonight the report from Tokio that negotiations between Japan and the United States concerning the proposed trade of shipbuilding steel for ships had been broken off. In fact, it was not generally admitted that such was the case, and in some quarters confidence was expressed that an agreement would be reached within a short time which would bring more than 300,000 tons of Japanese merchant shipping into the transatlantic trade.

As far as could be learned here, the negotiations are still in progress. It has been proposed that the United States should purchase outright whatever Japanese tonnage is obtained and the question of price has been one of the stumbling blocks in the negotiations. A price around $175 a ton has been mentioned as the sum which the Government felt it should pay in taking over tonnage, although much higher rates have been paid in the open market for shipping.

One argument made by the United States Government in seeking a lower price than Japan considered justifiable was the fact that this nation stood ready to deliver steel for the same rate that it paid itself or $65 a ton for plates, a figure far below that which Japan was paying American industry before the embargo order on steel went into effect.

There seemed to be a distinct feeling tonight that, once a price agreement was reached, a trade would be put through. The portion of the Tokio dispatch which stated that America's demand for Japanese shipping in return for steel would virtually destroy Japan's European trade and infringe upon the necessities to her national existence, was not accepted here as a death blow to the success of the negotiations. It was felt that the removal of 300,000 tons or more of Japanese shipping would not cause so severe a restriction on Japanese interests, especially as Japan was to receive steel for the construction of other ships as a concession.

The negotiations have been going on for many weeks, and have been entered into by representatives of the State Department, the Shipping Board, and the War Trade Board. Recent reports were to the effect that much progress had been made, and an announcement that the terms of the deal were closed had been expected here for several days. Conferences on the question were held during the visit of the Japanese Mission in Washington. There has been no statement here, either at that time or within the last few days, to indicate that an agreement was improbable.

RAILROADS SEEK SPECIAL WAR RATE

Eastern Lines to Ask for Relief in Addition to the 15 Per Cent. on Freights.

OPERATION COST MOUNTING

Rise in Wages and Higher Prices for Coal and Steel Add $278,000,000 to Their Burden.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Railroad Presidents appearing tomorrow before the Interstate Commerce Commission in the rate appeal will present arguments for further relief than is proposed in the 15 per cent. advance sought. The heads of the Eastern carriers have been in conference here for several days and they have agreed to ask for additional war relief sufficient to place the railroads in shape to take care of Governmental needs and increased traffic.

The additional relief to be sought will be in the form of a percentage increase on class and commodity rates, and an increase of a few cents per ton on coal, coke, and ore. Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, when he appeared before the commission suggested that there should be a war rate of 1 cent per hundred pounds on class freight. This might be lowered or removed, he declared, as conditions warranted. The war rate he proposed was in addition to the 15 per cent. advance now being urged upon the commission. Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, insisted that the 15 per cent. increase would be insufficient and he proposed that the Government loan the railroads money needed at 4 per cent.

In last June the commission granted increases to the railroads which enhanced the revenues $97,000,000 a year. The increase now requested would put this amount up to $155,000,000. Both increases, the carriers will inform the commission tomorrow, will cover only slightly more than half the advance in cost of operation, resulting from higher wages, fuel, and materials. The advance in the price of bituminous coal alone has added $86,000,000 to the operating expenses of the Eastern roads. The rise in steel, copper, and other materials has placed an additional burden of $89,000,000 upon these roads, while the advances in wages total $103,000,000, representing a total increased operating cost of $278,000,000, exclusive of increased taxes of $20,000,000.

The higher freight rates granted last June already have been absorbed by advances in wages. Thus far in this year the increased wages paid by the railroads under the Adamson act have amounted to $38,000,000 a year for the trainmen, and increases were granted 60,000 other employes, representing an outlay of $67,000,000 a year. Two of the train brotherhoods have formulated demands for 40 per cent. more wages. That would amount to $46,000,000 a year.

When the brotherhood leaders visit the White House next Thursday, in response to the call of the President, it is expected that there will be some announcement as to the general policy of the Government with wage increases A report recently issued by the Bureau of Railway Economics shows that the average of earnings of train employes last year on all American roads was $1,344. The average in earnings of the other employes was $728. The advances in wages this year have raised the trainmen to an average of $1,550, and the other employes to $840.

The fixing of Government prices for coal and steel, the materials most largely entering into railroad operating cost, has relieved railroad managers of

Continued on Page 4.

Two German Ships Crippled, One Sunk By British in Fight Off Heligoland

LONDON, Nov. 18.—German light cruisers which fled through Heligoland Bight yesterday before British warships of similar type were pursued to within thirty miles of Heligoland, where they came under the protection of the German battle fleet and mine fields, the Admiralty announced today.

One of the German light cruisers was observed to be in flames and the machinery of another seemed to be damaged. One German mine sweeper was sunk. The British light forces returned without losses, with but little material damage to the ships and slight casualties among the personnel.

The announcement made by the Admiralty says:

There is no further detailed information yet regarding the operations of our light cruisers in the Heligoland Bight yesterday beyond the fact that the enemy's light cruisers were chased by them to within thirty miles of Heligoland, until they got under the protection of their battle fleet and mine fields, when our light forces returned.

One of the enemy's light cruisers was seen on fire. Another appeared damaged in her machinery, as she was dropping astern. An enemy mine sweeper was sunk, in addition. We had no losses and only slight material damage in ships. Our casualties in personnel were slight.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 18.—Strong British naval forces for the first time since early in the war attempted to break into the German Bight, (Heligoland,) on Saturday morning, says a Berlin dispatch today quoting an official statement dated Saturday.

The British were located by the German guard ships on the Horn Reef-Terschelling line, (about sixty miles out from Heligoland Island,) and the advance German naval forces, by a speedy counterthrust, easily repulsed them, it is declared, without losses on the German side.

PRESIDENT WILSON CABLES COL. HOUSE UNITY OF PLAN AND CONTROL IS ESSENTIAL TO SUCCESS OF THE ALLIES IN THE WAR

Lloyd George Faces Foes in Commons Today; Expected to Win Support for Allied Council

LONDON, Nov. 18.—The Parliamentary correspondents of the Sunday newspapers are unanimous in anticipation that tomorrow's important debate in the House of Commons on Premier Lloyd George's Paris speech will clear the air and end the controversy which has been raging during the last week. They picture the Premier in a most militant mood and welcoming the opportunity of defending his plan for an Allied War Council against his critics, represented as an irreconcilable combination of radicals, pacifists, and militant Conservatives.

It is expected that Mr. Lloyd George will clear away any misconception that his remarks in Paris were intended as a reflection on army leaders. He is also expected to deal with the prospective inclusion of American representatives in the council and to explain why no special arrangements have been made for naval co-ordination.

The political correspondent of The Sunday Times says that, with the exception of Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, the members of the War Cabinet are in full accord with the Premier's new policy of forming an Allied War Council, and will support him, even in the event of military resignations.

TURKS LOSE JAFFA, FLEE NORTHWARD

British Troops Occupy the Port of Jerusalem, Meeting No Opposition.

31 MILES FROM HOLY CITY

Famous in Biblical Times, and Figuring Among the Conquests of Napoleon.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—The city of Jaffa, on the Mediterranean coast, was taken possession of by the British Army in Palestine yesterday. The Turks, who apparently are continuing their withdrawal northward, offered no opposition. The text of the official statement making this announcement reads:

Yesterday Jaffa was occupied by Australian and New Zealand mounted troops without opposition. The enemy appears to be continuing his retirement to the north.

Jaffa or Joppa, as it was known to the ancient mariners in the Mediterranean, is one of the oldest seaports in the world, and is built on a tongue of land jutting out from the coast of Palestine. It was the place where the cedars for building the great temple of Solomon in Jerusalem were landed, and also figured in history at the time of the Crusades. Napoleon captured Jaffa in 1799, and hundreds of his soldiers died there of cholera which came with the army from Egypt.

There is a good carriage road leading to Jerusalem, a distance of thirty-one miles, and also a railread fifty-four miles long built in 1892, which runs by the ancient town of Ramieh. The population of Jaffa numbers about 30,000 in normal times, and the chief exports are oranges and other fruits, leather goods, wool, corn, and soap. The chief object of interest in the ancient port is the house of Simon the Tanner, which is shown by the Syrians to tourists. In the suburbs are delightful gardens filled with orange, lemon, and spice trees.

The so-called harbor is an open roadstead with a reef of jagged rocks about a mile off the shore, between which the small boats have to pass that take passengers to and from the liners. Apart from the regular travelers from all over the world about 25,000 pilgrims landed at Jaffa every Spring before the war on their way to spend the Greek Easter in Jerusalem. The American missions have several fine buildings and schools in the port.

NEIL PRIMROSE KILLED.

Youngest Son of Earl of Rosebery Falls in Palestine Battle.

LONDON, Saturday, Nov. 17.—The Evening Standard reports that the Hon. Neil Primrose, M. P., youngest son of the Earl of Rosebery, has been killed in Palestine. He was a lieutenant in the Bucks Yeomanry. In the present Government he had been Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs and Parliamentary Military Secretary to the Ministry of Munitions. He was born in 1882.

The Hon. Neil Primrose, who was a familiar figure in this city before the war, was appointed Parliamentary Secretary to the Treasury and chief whip of the Lloyd George Administration in last January As chief whip he was responsible for the appearance in the House of Commons of a sufficient number of adherents to the Administration to assure a majority. He went to the front as a Lieutenant and staff officer with the Indian Corps at the beginning of the war, and won the Military Cross for delivering dispatches under heavy fire

He married Lady Victoria Stanley, daughter of the present Lord Derby, and with his wife made his home in Berkeley Square, London. Their wedding, which took place in 1915, was the most notable of the season, and was attended by Queen Alexandra, Princess Maud, and many officials and dignitaries. His mother, the late Hannah Rothschild, was the only child and sole heiress of Baron Meyer Rothschild, who was reputed to be the wealthiest member of his family.

COUNT ON 'TIGER' TO ROUSE FRANCE

New War Vigor Expected When Clemenceau's Aggression Is Turned on Germany.

MOVE TO CRUSH SCANDALS

Will Let Army Deal with Them—Step Also Taken to Modify the Censorship.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—The return of "The Tiger," as Clémenceau is called, is one of most significant events in the history of the war. Slowly, but surely, the Allies are finding their men—their real men—and calling them to powor. It was just as inevitable that Clémenceau should again become Premier of France as that Lloyd George should have arisen in England.

No one can venture a guess at how long Clémenceau will remain. It is certain that while he lasts things will happen that will help the Allies win the war.

He has torn, clawed, and bitten his way to the top with all the tigerish vigor that is so distinctly his own. His enemies, cannot be counted, they are so many, yet the fact remains that the new Premier is the choice of the nation. To him the nation has turned in its hour of need, for with all his faults he is certainly the greatest contemporaneous French statesman, and in certain of his rowers takes rank with the great Frenchmen of any epoch.

It has been my privilege to know Clémenceau for several years and to be one of the few foreign newspaper men admitted to the editorial sanctum of L'Homme Enchaîné in the Rue Taitbout, where he has directed the wrecking of every Cabinet since the beginning of the war. From my talks with him and from other observations from many sources of information, I believe that France is now entering a new era, from which she can only emerge the victor.

May End Political Censorship.

In choosing Clémenceau, France has put away men without character and without strength. She has decided that she will be ruled by patriots and that from now on she intends to know the truth.

I believe that the coming of Clémenceau means really the end of the French political censor. If the political censor falls in France that will be one good job accomplished that the other allies can imitate in order to win the war. This ignorant, secretive, pernicious thing of evil has only had the effect of hiding truths that ought to have been known, and has undoubtedly prolonged the war.

Clémenceau has always despised this form of censorship, and has said so openly. Unfortunately, he has been about the only French editor with sufficient strength to override the censers' rule. Only once, in a serious clash, did the censor get the better of the argument, and he paid dearly for that advantage. The result was that Clémenceau, muzzled in his newspaper, took the floor in the Senate in his only speech of the war. That great and terrible speech was the flaying alive of the then Minister of Interior, Malvy. It resulted in the downfall of the Ribot Ministry.

Army to Deal with Scandals.

The fact that Clémenceau is in also augurs well that France will have an end to her long list of "scandals," for Clémenceau has decided to do what ought to have been done long ago—turn them over to the army. The army makes short shrift of such matters, and already the rats are hunting their holes. Those who knows Clémenceau, or anything about him will insist that he is perfect in character. About everything that can be said to the contrary has been dished up during the last few weeks since his figure has loomed as the only possible one to pull the nation out of the mire into which incompetents—to use a mild word—had dragged it.

Clémenceau did not get his nickname for nothing, and no one cares much about playing with a tiger. On entering the sanctum of L'Homme Enchaîné one even walked softly, so that the greater emotions might not be too suddenly aroused. I have been there when even the furniture did not seem safe. On the other hand, the tiger can purr and can gaze out of quizzical though satirical eyes, so that one can get on very pleasantly indeed if one is good.

The greatest objection ever launched against Clémenceau that seemed basic

Continued on Page 2.

NECESSARY TO JUST PEACE

By Unity Alone Can American Resources Be Best Employed.

HOUSE TO SEE ALLIED HEADS

Directed by President to Strive to Achieve Closest Possible Co-operation.

EFFECT ON TODAY'S DEBATE

Expected to Influence Commons' Discussion of Lloyd George's War Council Proposal.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Colonel Edward M. House, head of the American Mission, has received a cablegram from President Wilson stating emphatically that the United States Government considers that unity of plan and control between all the Allies and the United States is essential in order to achieve a just and permanent peace.

President Wilson emphasizes the assertion that this unity must be accomplished if the great resources of the United States are to be used to the best advantage. He requests Colonel House to confer with the heads of the allied Governments with a view to achieving the closest possible co-operation.

President Wilson has asked Colonel House to attend the first meeting of the Supreme War Council, with General Tasker H. Bliss as military adviser. It is hoped that the meeting will take place in Paris before the end of the month.

Timed With Commons Debate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—President Wilson's message to Colonel House, declaring for "unity of plan and control" of the conduct of the war among all the allies and laying down the principle that unity must be accomplished if the great resources of the United States are to be used to the best advantage, is expected here to create one of the greatest international sensations of the European struggle.

No doubt is felt here that The Associated Press dispatch from London summarizing the President's message to Colonel House was inspired and that its object was to let all the allied Governments and their peoples know that the President was convinced that the time had come for a new deal in allied management of the struggle against Germany.

The sensation is believed to give promise of being even greater, for the reason that the substance of the President's message to Colonel House will be published on the very day that Mr. Lloyd George will cross swords in the House of Commons with those critics who have been accused of attempting to bring about a Ministerial crisis over the Prime Minister's advocacy of an inter-allied war council.

Tomorrow will be a vital day in the Commons, and it is not doubted here that the President's attitude, as explained in the statement cabled from London, will play an imporant part in the debate. That the President has shown strong sympathy with the policy of the British Prime Minister to form an inter-allied war council is accepted here, and the opinion is expressed that it will have a marked bearing on the Parliamentary contest.

When the dispatch to Colonel House became known in Washington tonight it created an interest that has not been surpassed since the United States became a party to the greatest of conflicts. That the President very largely kept his own counsel in communicating this important instruction to Colonel House was indicated by the admission of one of the best known officials of the Government, who is usually informed of action by the President, that he had never heard of the message to Colonel House. Another official of prominence said:

"I doubt if the President sent a cable message to Colonel House, for the reason that the policy of the President had been discussed and was well understood before Colonel House left Washington. This policy had already been made known in a statement given out by Secretary Lansing. That statement is in accordance with the information contained in the dispatch from London as to the President's attitude."

Lansing's Statement of Nov. 8.

The statement of the Secretary of State to which reference was made was published in THE NEW YORK TIMES on Nov. 8. In announcing that Colonel House and others had been appointed by the President to represent the United States at the Allied War Conference to be held in Paris, Mr. Lansing made two statements that now obtain a greater significance in view of the President's message to Colonel House. These statements are as follows:

"The conference is essentially a war conference, with the object of perfecting a more complete co-ordination of the activities of the various nations engaged in the conflict and a more comprehensive understanding of their respective needs in order that the joint action of the co-belligerents may attain the highest war efficiency. * * *

"In looking forward to the assembling of the conference it cannot be too strongly emphasized that it is a war conference and nothing else, devoted to devising ways and means to intensify the efforts of the belligerents against Germany by complete co-operation under a general plan, and thus bring the

conflict to a speedy and satisfactory conclusion."

There has been much discussion here as to the exact meaning of these expressions, which, of course, were authorized by President Wilson. Since criticism of Prime Minister Lloyd George was begun for his indorsement of the formation of an inter-allied war council the speculation has run along the lines of whether President Wilson was in accord with the proposal for a central council of war in which all the Allies would be represented, or merely intended this Government to take part in a conference which would map out a plan for mutual effort against Germany.

Some held that the Lansing statement was to be construed as upholding the proposal for an inter-allied council to manage the war, but by far the greater number contended that this interpretation was not justified. What was said tonight in the best informed quarters, taken in connection with President Wilson's message of instructions to Colonel House, is regarded as meaning that the President heartily approved the idea of the formation of an inter-allied war council.

Dissatisfied with Past Measures.

That the United States Government intends to insist on being consulted by all the Allies on matters pertaining to offensive action against Germany is believed here to be obvious from President Wilson's instructions to Colonel House. That the President is for unity in the control of military operations is equally obvious. It cannot be too emphatically stated that the President is in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war, and what is known of his uncompromising attitude in this connection indicates that he is dissatisfied with the measures that have been taken heretofore to combat Germany.

The military forces of the United States have not yet begun to fight on the soil of France, their participation up to this time having been confined to small bodies of troops obtaining instruction in trench warfare, and the belief is held here that before a real army of American soldiers takes its allotted place on the battle front the President will want to know exactly what measures have been provided to insure the best use of these forces in co-operation with those of Great Britain and France.

Greater significance is now attached to some remarks made last week by a high official when questioned by newspaper men concerning the announcement that Colonel House and other representatives of this Government had arrived in England to participate in the inter-allied war conference.

"It is obvious," he said in effect, "that the military successes of Germany have been due to the fact that there is unity of action between the Central Powers. Whatever military operations are carried out by Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria are directed from Berlin. The Allies have not had the advantage of this unity of control, and it seems to be apparent that they would benefit by a common plan of operations."

Now that the speculative element of the discussion as to the significance of American participation in the Inter-Allied War Conference at Paris has given way to a more definite understanding, gained from President Wilson's instructions to Colonel House, the meaning of comment made by officials of this Government is becoming apparent.

It cannot be said that any of the higher officials admitted that the United States was in favor of the formation of an interallied war council that would take over the management of the war, but what they said indicated that this Government was in sympathy with the establishment of some sort of permanent body in which all the Allies would be represented to map out plans for joint action against the Germans.

It has been a common remark in well-informed circles here that the United States would be obliged to take over a large share of the work of defeating Germany, and there has been a tendency recently, particularly since the German invasion of Italy, to consider as settled that the war would be prolonged. This prolongation, it has been suggested, would mean that the United States must be prepared to make heavy sacrifices to bring defeat to Germany. It is known that the President is determined that there shall be no slackening of American effort, and that he is willing to go to the limit of the country's ability in manufacture, money, and resources to accomplish the objects for which his Government entered the war.

He is keen for action, and there is reason to believe that his representatives in the Paris conference will insist not only upon unified conduct of the war among the Allies, but that the mutual plan of campaign shall contemplate forcing the fighting at every point. The President, it is said, is as emphatic in his desire for an intensely active naval co-operation among the Allies as he is for forcing the fighting on land.

SEES NEW TACTICS BY WILSON.

Is Shifting War Argument to Economies, Says Cologne Gazette.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 18.—Commenting on Colonel House's recent statement in London, the Cologne Gazette asks what are America's war aims and what are Wilson's real intentions in waging war against Germany, pointing out that these questions have been repeatedly asked and arguing that this is all the more important, as the greater part of the American citizens, according to reports, do not seem to be warlike enough for the President.

The paper says that the people must be inoculated with this spirit of war, and declares Colonel House in his recent statement in London talked in this manner to a group of English and American journalists, telling them of the necessity of democratizing Germany. The paper then gives the text of the statement, saying it is unnecessary to argue all the banalities House said about Governments, as government seems to succeed better in Germany than in America. It remarks on the changed tone of this and of Wilson's speech, as also of the press, as compared with some time ago, and says that in his Buffalo speech Wilson laid stress on Germany's industrial and economic strife with other nations, giving the Bagdad railway as an instance.

The paper points out the attention America is giving to the Alsace-Lorraine question and that of the iron ore districts, the assertion that this alone made it possible for Germany to continue the war, and the further insistence on the importance of the potash monopoly, which may become a world danger. The paper argues that these are new education methods employed by Wilson, "while he leaves House and other agents to toy with democracy." It says the people at home are being educated as to the economic danger Germany presents. "There is a swindle here and there. But if the aim is attained the people don't mind."

The paper says this is only proof of how hard it is to attain a war spirit in America.

CONDEMNS NORTHCLIFFE.

Thomas, Laborite, Says Press Dictatorship Is Threatened.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—J. H. Thomas, Labor M. P., speaking at Leicester today warned his hearers not to accept statements in Lord Northcliffe's letter to the Premier as reflecting American opinion. He said:

"Like Lord Northcliffe, I have been in America and have had an opportunity of gauging American opinion, and if labor counts for anything in America I claim to be a better judge of the situation than Lord Northcliffe."

Mr. Thomas added: "What puzzles and amazes me is the attempt by Northcliffe and others to belittle the great sacrifices made by this country for over three years. There is supposed to be a censorship in operation, and I understand the object of that censorship is to prevent anything being said or done that will be of value to the enemy. I should like to know whether the censor realizes to the full the effects of such statements as those of Northcliffe on the morale of our own people at a time when our men are facing the hell and horror of the front with prospects of another Winter campaign."

Mr. Thomas said that this was the kind of thing that was used by the enemy in order to spread dissension in the ranks of the Allies. The position to his mind was a very serious one because they found that somebody who, "refusing to take responsibility, believed his one special function was to make and unmake Governments, and if need be to drive the best elements in our public life into retirement because they would not play his game. If we are to have in this country another press dictatorship then it is time for labor to stand four square to it."

MANY WAR THRILLS ON A 'QUIET SECTOR'

Incessant Danger Disconcerts the Novices, but They Soon Get "Salted."

VETERANS INSPIRE POISE

Typical Conditions on the Belgian Front Which Parallel Those Where Americans Are.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—The American Army has received its "baptism of blood" in a "quiet sector" of the French line, where it is now getting first-hand knowledge of the war. I have just spent three days on a "quiet sector" of the front in the Belgian lines. I will try to tell you as exactly as possible what a "quiet sector" means, and what are the sensations of one who is exposed as I was to enemy shell fire for the first time in his life.

In modern military parlance a "quiet sector" means a place where, for various reasons, no big scale infantry fighting is in progress or expected. It is generally a point where an advance by either side would be unproductive of subsequent tactical advantage, or else there are material difficulties to prevent infantry action in the shape of a deep ravine or a swollen river, or, in the case of the Belgian front, three-quarters of a mile of ground flooded during the Yser battle.

The first line trenches are generally far apart, 500 yards or more, though advance posts thrown out at intervals along the line are often within speaking distance of similar works opposite.

The trenches themselves are fairly comfortable. Their occupants have introduced from time to time such improvements as experience suggested. Shelters are concreted, so as to be dry and roomy, the trench walls are strengthened with wooden supports, and the floor of the trench is composed of corduroy wooden roadways or passerelles, as the French call them. Drainage conduits have been dug, and power stations installed to pump out surplus water, and even drive electric light plants.

There is little danger from bullets or shell fire, unless a shell makes a direct hit, as the back and front of the trenches have been built up to give excellent protection. Cooking arrangements have been perfected, and communications for men and supplies work smoothly.

Danger Behind the Lines

All that is the bright side. Now we come to the disagreeable features. In their passage through the villages behind the front the men have noticed ruined houses here and there on every side. Windows left unbroken have a crisscross lattice work of brown paper gummed on the side to diminish breakage by splinters and protect them against air concussion. If there is a little town nearby, the inhabitants live in cellars or in isolated, outlying barracks, on account of air raids. In the Belgian town of Furnes that is almost wholly the case.

On the same lines is another thing that struck me. I visited a school for orphaned or temporarily orphaned children established by the Belgian Queen. Each of the 300 inmates, whose ages range from 2 to 10 years, has a tiny gas mask hanging above his cot in the five barrack dormitories where they sleep, sixty in each. All have been drilled in the use of the masks, and all save the very smallest, who are masked by the nurses, know how to put them on the moment the alarm is given.

That is the life of the civil population four or five miles behind our "quiet sector." Suppose, then, that as far as the worst hardships of existence in the trenches are concerned our soldiers are not so badly off, there remains an enormous aggregate of "fatigue" or non-military work to be performed.

Undoubtedly on the Belgian front, where owing to the marshy nature of the soil all the trenches have to be built above ground instead of dug beneath, conditions are exceptionally onerous in this respect. To take one example, the trench system demands no less than 50,000,000 sacks of earth, which must be wholly renewed three or four times a year owing to the action of the elements. Imagine the extent of the work that means for every Belgian soldier, with the comparatively small army and limited sources of supply.

On the French front there is naturally less need for sandbags, but support posts and corduroy structures must be renewed, concrete shelters reconstructed by man-handled blocks of concrete weighing 200 pounds apiece, barbed wire strengthened or replaced and finally every piece of damage wrought by enemy shells must be repaired as quickly as possible. Remember, nine-tenths of this work must be done in darkness with innumerable obstacles to trip the unaccustomed or unwary and the ever present risk of shell or bullet to keep the nerves on edge.

As regards this matter of nerves, the presence of veteran French troops will be of the greatest service to the Americans. No one who has not visited the front can realize the tranquilizing effect of the utter indifference to danger displayed—and felt—by those who are thoroughly "salted." In a hotel where I spent the night, not one of a dozen Belgian, French, or British officers so much as looked up from his dinner or conversation when a sudden buzzing drone and a furious burst of cannonading announced that a flock of Gotha bomb planes was right above our heads. Similarly in the trenches themselves—they don't take unnecessary risks, but no one bothers about falling shells or bullets.

"If they hit you, they hit you, if they don't, they don't," is the general attitude. "In either case, why worry beforehand?" That sums up the whole question.

In the case of the Belgians, this courage is perhaps more natural and innate and less a product of custom or fatalism than elsewhere, owing to the quality of the present Belgian Army. Small as it is, the Belgian Army, man for man, is probably superior in courage and physique to any of the allied forces.

Here is the proof and reason: Fully nine-tenths of the men have "passed the death wire," that is, voluntarily risked electrocution in order to escape into Holland, across the Belgian frontier guarded by a triple barbed wire fence, whose central wire is "live." Impelled by hatred of the invaders, Belgian youths have made their way alone, or in small groups, through Holland into England, incidentally risking the myriad dangerous of all sea crossings, where many have perished by submarines, so as to return and fight for Belgium's freedom.

Only the best and bravest would dare that perilous adventure, only the strongest could surmount its myriad hardships. Yet they have come in steady streams, tens and tens of thousands, until the Belgian Army, reduced to a shattered remnant at the battle of the Yser, is now fully restored to strength, prepared and already beginning not only to hold all it can manage of the Flanders line, but to take its part with the French and British in active operations against the German positions on the hillcrests opposite.

Novices Get Many Thrills.

Even though comforted by the veterans' air of unconcern, one cannot escape an inward tremor when one goes forward as I did toward the advance posts. Shells pass overhead continuously, and high up in the sky comes the steady pop, pop, pop that betokens fighting aircraft.

You know the aircraft are too busy to worry about you, but you wish they would fight elsewhere. You know the shells aren't aimed at you, but at batteries hidden behind your trenches, whose staccato bark or duller bellow, according to their calibre, adds to the general uproar. The sound of a shell passing above is like that of a train just before it enters a subway station, followed by a heavy "whoop" as it explodes. It gets on your nerves and you duck your head instinctively.

Then, perhaps, somewhere ahead, just where the point for which you are bound appears to be situated, there is a sudden puff of black smoke in the air, perhaps fifty feet from the ground, followed by a bang and a prolonged whine. "Shrapnel," says one of the old hands, "just getting the range. They're probably going to land a few shells thereabouts before long."

All the time you are steadily approaching said thereabouts, and you wonder why on earth the last speaker takes the matter so calmly.

There is another puff of smoke, and another, and as you are now nearer, perhaps a stray shrapnel ball buzzes close to your ear, as it seems. Again you duck.

"Saluting your first shrapnel," says the old hand, smiling. "Never mind, everyone does it at the beginning."

Can Detect Shells Coming Near.

Then follows the same disquieting subway train rattle, horribly near this time, and a tremendous explosion throws up a column of smoke and mud perhaps fifty yards to your right. Pieces of shell buzz nastily overhead, and you are very uncomfortable, but none of the veterans seem to mind, so you hope it's all right. One of them says:

"Shells are never dangerous as long as you can hear them. The one you don't hear is the one that gets you. Anyway, when they burst in soft ground like this the pieces fly upward, instead of keeping low, as when the ground is hard. You just watch me. If a shell is coming too close, I can tell by the difference in the sound, and if there is real danger you'll see me go flat on my face mighty suddenly. You follow my example and do it quick and you'll be all right."

After that you feel better, though you still can't help ducking your head. If the shell fire gets really heavy you all dive into shelters, where you are safe from anything but direct hits. And so by degrees you get "salted" to danger.

There is always the risk of a stray bullet or a flying splinter, but it is not very great. Beyond that nothing but dirt hits you.

In any case, why worry beforehand? In that sentence lies the whole philosophy of the battlefront, as I learned it. Our first troops in line are learning it now, and all the hundreds of thousands or millions who will follow them must learn it also. It is a lesson that can only be learned by experience.

OPEN-AIR CAMP SERVICE.

AVIATION FIELD, MINEOLA, L. I., Nov. 18.—More than 3,000 members of the United States aviation squad and 1,000 civilians participated today in the first open-air religious service held at Aviation Field 2, which joins Camp Mills. The service was such a success that it probably will be repeated each Sunday morning, weather permitting.

The services were conducted by the Rev. Roy F. Duffield, Archdeacon of the Episcopal Diocese of Long Island. He brought along with him a male chorus of about forty voices, and fifty of the aviators joined in singing at the service. The band from the 146th Oregon Field Artillery attended.

REBELS DESTROY SHRINES OF MOSCOW

Cathedral of the Assumption Wrecked by Shells and St. Basil's Set on Fire.

EXHAUSTION ENDS BATTLE

Kremlin Defenders and Bolsheviki Reach Compromise—3,000 Casualties, Mostly Among Population.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Saturday, Nov. 17.—No bounds are set to the Russian sea and Russia is drifting and drifting. The elements are at work, and no one can guess when and how order will come out of chaos. Petrograd is outwardly quiet now and gloomily waiting for the return of light that will reveal the extent of destruction.

In Moscow, thank God, there is peace at last, after a week of horror. It is a poor peace—a peace of exhaustion and fear that means victory to neither side. The terms are that the Committee of Public Safety, which stood out for the Government, shall disperse, both sides shall cease firing, officers shall retain their arms, and the pupils of the officers' training schools shall retain those arms they need for training purposes, but shall surrender the rest, and prisoners on both sides shall be released.

I have seen a man who has been through the inferno, a member of the Moscow City Council, who came here to appeal for help. For four days he was besieged in the City Council Building, and at the risk of his life made his way through the Bolshevik lines to the railway station. According to his account, the real fighting began in Moscow on Saturday. The commander of the garrison, Colonel Riabtsov, at first did not believe in the seriousness of the Bolshevik rising and made insufficient preparations. A Committee of Public Safety was formed, including the City Council and other organizations.

On Saturday a force of the Bolshevik Military Revolutionary Committee seized the Kremlin, and were expelled by a small force of pupils of the officers' training schools, who in turn were killed by the Bolsheviki, these again being finally expelled by a larger Government force.

From Monday onwards the military operations were concentrated in the centre of the town. The Committee of Public Safety sat in the City Hall near the Kremlin and controlled the Kremlin and neighboring streets down to Arbat. The Government force consisted of about 3,000 pupils of the officers' training schools, a few officers and a hastily organized White Guard of students. They had three guns and a plentiful supply of rifles and cartridges and number of Maxims.

Of the 100,000 men of the Moscow garrison not more than 15,000 directly or indirectly supported the Bolsheviki. Most of the regiments sat tight in barracks. From Sunday on thousands of soldiers escaped from Moscow by train or on foot. The Bolsheviki Red Guard, composed mainly of boys from 12 to 18, and the Military Revolutionary Committee obtained the services of a few inferior officers. They had about fifteen field guns, from which they kept up a continuous bombardment from the Sharrow Hills and other points of vantage. Their firing was very bad, and for the most part the shells fell wide of their mark, smashing into private houses and killing peaceful citizens.

Up till Wednesday the number of killed and wounded was about 3,000, chiefly among the peaceful population. There was no means of collecting the dead and their bodies lay for days in doorways and on stairs. There was continual firing in many parts of the town from windows and roofs. The population, terrorized, was afraid to move. In the centre it was impossible to get provisions.

The National Hotel near the Kremlin, where there were a number of British and French visitors, was under fire and the upper part of the building was destroyed by a shell. The Mayor gave permission to people to take provisions from neighboring shops. The Consulate was out of the line of fire and apparently was not harmed.

On Tuesday shells began to fall on the City Hall and the Committee of Safety decided to move to the Kremlin. The pavement was torn up and a trench dug to insure a safe passage. The Kremlin, well defended by machine guns, manned by cadets and placed in the towers and along the walls and the citadel prepared to stand siege as in the Middle Ages. There was abundance of ammunition and supplies and it was estimated that the defenders could have held out for ten days. On Wednesday, however, the bombardment was fiercer than ever and concentrated on the Kremlin.

All this time the inhabitants had been living in a perfect hell, hardly daring to venture into the streets, deafened by the noise of the cannon, and unable to get sufficient supplies and provisions, except here and there in the quieter parts of the town. In every house the residents established a guard, often with barricades. In one quarter the Red Guard entered the houses and disarmed the defenders, but the reports of looting were greatly exaggerated. In the Sokolniki quarter a crowd began plundering a shop, but the disorder was checked by the Committee of Public Safety.

The City Council had poured out the supplies of spirits, and drunkenness observable among the Bolshevik soldiers and Red Guard was attributed to chance captures. Trains of provisions stood unloaded at stations until on Monday and Tuesday the Bolshevik committees on the outskirts began to unload them for their own use.

The committee made attempts to negotiate with the Military Revolutionary Committees, and on Monday night a truce was declared, which was broken by the latter. One of the Bolshevik leaders, Scheffer, came to the City Council pale with horror and asked to be arrested, as he could not endure the sight of the insane bloodshed.

On Wednesday, during the bombardment of the Kremlin, the Cathedral of the Assumption, with the famous tower of Ivan Veliky, was destroyed, and the Church of St. Basil took fire. This wanton destruction of national shrines, which even Napoleon had spared, seems to have stimulated both sides to a conclusion of peace. The fantastic Church of St. Basil is a priceless treasure, one of the wonders of Oriental architecture, and the Cathedral of the Assumption is the glory of the Kremlin.

The news will send a shudder throughout Russia. The sacrilege has shocked even one of the Bolshevik Ministers, Lunacharsky, whose first impulse was to resign, but who has now withdrawn his resignation and published an appeal to the people to preserve its national treasures. This after the looting of the Winter Palace and the bombardment of the shrines of Moscow. On all sides one hears the bitter cry, "Even the Germans would not have done this."

What are the prospects? The Bolsheviki have the power, but they are boycotted and overwhelmed with derision and abuse. The Novoya Zhizn still insists on the necessity of the Socialist bloc, including the Bolsheviki. The Social Revolutionaries and pro-war Menesheviki refuse to have anything to do with the Bolsheviki. Government departments are still on strike.

GERMANS SUSPECTED OF BLUFF ON FOOD

Allowances Indicate Gambling on Chances of Peace Before Spring, Danes Believe.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 18.—The view that the German authorities are pursuing a policy of bluff at the present time in granting food allowances considerably higher than are justified by the crops of the year is seemingly confirmed by the recent food debates in the Prussian Diet. It was stated in these debates that it probably would be necessary to reduce both the meat and bread rations March 1, in order to make the stocks last through.

The bread ration already has been reduced once, and the extent of the wheat and rye crops, it is considered, undoubtedly will necessitate another heavy reduction in the Spring. It was stated in the debates that the longer the reduction was postponed the more drastic would be the cut.

The laboring classes generally are complaining that the present potato allowance of a pound a day is inadequate, but it is said there is no prospect of the allowance being increased, as the surplus will be required for the feeding of animals, in order to keep alive through the Winter the indispensable minimum of cattle and swine, and also for the production of alcohol required for the army.

The food authorities, according to all information reaching here, appear to be gambling on the chances of peace before Spring, and now have set great hopes on the results of Russian and Italian developments.

JEWS AGAINST BOLSHEVIKI.

Maximalists Represent 'Dark Forces' of Russia, Bernstein Says.

Denouncing as false reports in the European and American newspapers that Jews were leading and supporting the Bolshevik movement in Russia, Herman Bernstein, in an address before the Institutional Synagogue, at the Mount Morris Theatre, in East 116th Street, declared yesterday that the attempt to associate the Jews with the Bolsheviki was merely another expression of anti-Semitic propaganda. Far from being the friends and leaders of the Bolsheviki, he said, the Jews of Russia were their avowed enemies, because the Maximalists included in their ranks representatives of the same "dark forces" that had always advocated the suppression of Jewish freedom.

Mr. Bernstein, who spent three months in Petrograd after the revolution and had seen the Maximalists at work, said their aim was to bring about utter destruction not only of the freedom of the Jews, but also the freedom of all Russia. The fact that there were seven or maybe ten Jews, including Trotzky, among the leaders of the party was not to be taken as an indication, according to Mr. Bernstein, that the Jews of Russia were supporting their efforts.

"In the first place," declared Mr. Bernstein, "these men are not Jews in the real sense of the word. They are not in the least sympathetic to Jewish culture or Jewish ideals. Most of them have been converted to other faiths, and the word Jew has no particular significance to them. The great body of Jews in Russia look upon these men, who were once of their faith, as enemies to the race. The Jews of Russia are no more proud of the Bolsheviki of Jewish descent, than the gentiles of Russia are proud of the Bolsheviki of the Christian faith."

GERMAN SHELL CUTS AMERICAN'S GUN IN TWO

Sergeant at the Front Knocked Down and Dazed, but Is Unhurt.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 18, (by The Associated Press.)—The experience of an American Sergeant in a support trench has demonstrated that a shell can go within a few inches of a man and not hurt him. Recently the Sergeant was standing back of the lines, holding his rifle out of the mud by the sling. Suddenly there was a rush of air and the rifle was almost pulled from his hand, followed by an explosion in the mud twenty yards in the rear.

The Sergeant was knocked down, and when he scrambled to his feet he discovered that the shell had clipped off the rifle stock, leaving only the barrel in his hand. The Sergeant has the remains of the weapon and a hazy recollection of remarking:

"Well, I'll be damned."

The site for the American military balloon school has been selected, and operations there will begin soon with balloons from the United States and some taken over from the French. The course of instruction will be complete and will be speeded up so that when the American army takes over its own battle front, American observation balloons will co-operate in the operations. A number of balloon officers already have been up at the front in French balloons observing the methods and the tricks of the game with which the French are familiar.

PLATTSBURG'S LAST WEEK.

Infantry Candidates to Have Administrative Work Instruction.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Nov. 18.—The last week of the intensive training begins tomorrow with administrative work for the infantry, such as making up reports, payrolls, courts-martial, issuance of supplies and clothing, &c. The field artillery will have shrapnel fire each morning until Wednesday, when it will take up administration work. By Saturday next all Government property will have been turned in at the Quartermaster's Department except that actually needed until the departure of the men from camp.

FINLAND TO BE REPUBLIC.

Independence to be Declared Today, London Hears.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Oskari Tokoi, the Social Democratic leader in Finland, and former Finnish Premier, is expected to form a new Finnish Government on Monday, according to a Haparanda dispatch transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Copenhagen.

The Diet will proclaim Finland an independent republic on that day, the dispatch adds.

KERENSKY SOUGHT A TRUCE.

Berlin Paper Hears He and Lenine Effected a Compromise.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—The Berlin Tageblatt declares that Premier Kerensky and Nikolai Lenine, leader of the Bolsheviki revolution in Petrograd, have affected a compromise essentially favorable to Lenine, the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Copenhagen reports.

Kerensky, on Tuesday last, telegraphed from Gatchina proposing a truce and a parley, according to a belated dispatch filed in Petrograd Wednesday and forwarded via Haparanda. Kerensky's message was dated 9:20 P. M., Tuesday, Nov. 13, shortly before his disappearance. It read:

"Following the suggestion of the Committee for Saving the Country and the other democratic organizations united with it, I have stopped operations against the insurrectionary forces and propose to send Commissioner Stankevitch to enter into negotiations for taking measures to avoid useless bloodshed."

"Simultaneously, says the dispatch, there came a message from General Krasnoff, Commander of the Third Cavalry Corps, and in charge of the Kerensky forces, proposing that the Bolshevik troops be withdrawn to Petrograd, leaving only pickets in a neutral zone to be established between the opposing forces.

Denounced Treaty with Holland.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 18.—The Foreign Minister announces that the Russian Provisional Government has denounced the commercial treaty of September, 1916, between Holland and Russia.

NEW RUSSIAN ARMY MARCHES ON CAPITAL

Continued from Page 1.

festo demanding the release of all political prisoners, the cessation of political terrorism, freedom of the press, the inviolability of the person and of property, and the placing of a sufficiently armed force at the disposal of the municipality to preserve order and prevent rioting, robbery, and violence.

The owners of apartments have organized themselves for the purpose of securing their homes nightly. The Maximalists proposed to pool all printing shops and reserves of paper. Food and forage are rapidly becoming exhausted owing to the destruction of the railroads and the general disorganization. Officials of the Finance Ministry have declined to hand over treasury funds to the Maximalists. The Director and Vice Director of the State Bank were arrested, but subsequently were released.

The Bolsheviki leaders are endeavoring to effect the resumption of operations by the various branches of the Government, most of which have been disorganized by strikes and the refusal of employes to work under the Bolsheviki commissaries.

The newspapers which were suppressed in the early days of the uprising have in some instances received permission to renew publication, although the status of the bourgeois press is still indefinite.

Sir George Buchanan, the British Minister, who was on the point of leaving for England, has now postponed his departure.

Gen. Dukhonin Assumes Command.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—A wireless dispatch from Petrograd today says that General Dukhonin of the Kerensky forces issued the following under date of November 14:

"In view of my ignorance of the place of residence of the Chief Commander, I have entered temporarily into the post of Chief Commander. I have directed the stoppage of the further dispatch of troops to Petrograd. At present only transports connected with the necessary military operations are permitted. I make this known for the guidance of all commanders, committees and commissaries."

Reuter's Petrograd correspondent telegraphing today says there has been a split among the Maximalists. The Ministers of the Interior, Agriculture and Supplies have resigned, holding that a formation of a coalition Socialist Government is essential. Several other Commissioners, says the correspondent, support their views. It is added that M. Zinovieff, associate of Nikolai Lenine, and M. Kameneff, Vice President of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, and three other members of the Maximalist Central Committee of the Petrograd Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, also have resigned for the same reason.

The Maximalist Commissioners have closed the Russo-Swedish frontier at Tornea, and no one is allowed to pass without special authorization from the Military Revolutionary Committee, the correspondent says, and continues:

"Hostilities have ceased in Moscow. Terms were signed whereby the so-called White Guard surrenders its arms, and the Committee on Public Safety dissolves.

"The Maximalists' conditions to consenting to a composite Socialist Government include control of the troops in the Petrograd and Moscow districts, and the systematic arming of workmen throughout Russia. General Verkhovski, Minister of War in the Kerensky Government, declines to join a Cabinet in which the Maximalists are represented. M. Neratoff, former Minister of Foreign Affairs, is in concealment after arranging for the security of copies of treaties with Russia's allies. The Maximalists have ordered his arrest and the recovery of the documents.

"It is reported that troops amounting to an army corps under orders of the army committees have reached Luga, en route to Petrograd to end civil war and the dictatorship of the Maximalists.

"The Ukraine Assembly has declared the independence of Ukraine.

"It is stated that the Cossacks supporting Premier Kerensky only numbered 300."

A dispatch from Haparanda, Sweden, dated yesterday, says:

"The Bolsheviki were still in complete military control of Petrograd when a correspondent of The Associated Press left the city Thursday morning on the last train proceeding to Tornea. At that time Petrograd was completely isolated from the rest of Russia by a railway and telegraph strike, called as a protest against the Bolshevik Government, the employes refusing to work until Lenine and Trotzky were eliminated and some peaceful arrangement reached.

"Up to Thursday morning no definite success had met the efforts of the Committee for the Salvation of the Revolution to bring about the organization of an all-Socialist Cabinet in which neither Kerensky nor Lenine would be included. M. Tchernoff, the Socialist ex-Minister of Agriculture, was mentioned as the probable Premier of this Cabinet.

"Though there have been many rumors of Bolsheviki outrages and cruelty, the truth appears to be that there has been no marked violence except against the military cadets, a score at least of whom were killed after their surrender. There had been no fighting in Petrograd since Sunday.

"Reports from Kiev and other large cities indicate that a new organized resistance against the Bolsheviki is being prepared.

"Reports from Sebastopol say that that city has been taken over by the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, and that the sailors of the fleet have taken an oath to support them.

"Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, the younger brother of the former Emperor, is said to have been at Gatchina with Kerensky."

Delayed dispatches from The Associated Press correspondent at Petrograd, under Monday's and Tuesday's dates, which have been received by courier at Stockholm, reveal the following regarding the situation in the capital at that time:

"The Bolsheviki, despite their successes, were far from having the united Soldiers' and Workmen's body behind them. This was demonstrated at the first session of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Congress, which, although it had been packed by the Bolsheviki, was marked by the ostentatious withdrawal of the Minimalist groups, after bitter attacks by their spokesmen. The Central Committee of the Peasants' Organization, which has never been in sympathy with the Leninites, has been further incensed by the arrest of M. Maslov, Minister of Agriculture, and M. Salaskin, Minister of Education, the peasants' representatives in the Kerensky Cabinet. These men were later released, but this action did not serve to propitiate the peasants.

An incident snowing that the Bolsheviki were not so sure of the united support of the fleet as they had supposed came when sailors from the destroyer Samson, exiled from Kronstadt by the Bolsheviki, sent a representative and afterward declared they had been deceived, as they had been summoned to defend the Soldiers' and Workmen's organization, but found they were expected to defend the Bolsheviki.

The Associated Press correspondent at Stockholm talked with an American business man, the manager of a concern in Petrograd employing a large staff, who had reached there yesterday after having left Petrograd on Wednesday morning. He reports that no foreigners in the city had been molested and that Nikolai Lenine said to a delegation of foreign diplomats who called on him at the Smolny Institute:

"Instructions have been given to treat foreigners with all consideration. They are guests of the Republic."

The American traveler characterized Lenine as a man desiring peace, but said that Leon Trotzky was using violent language and threatening all his opponents with death. He reported the city quiet except for the occasional killing of some military cadet or other youth whom the maddened revolutionaries mistook for a cadet. Comparatively little looting was reported. Some of the shops were open, including all those dealing in provisions. The Leninites were considering the search of all houses for stores of provisions and the confiscation of surplus stocks.

The traveler said it was unsafe for one to appear in the streets conspicuously well dressed. Elaborately dressed women, he reported, had repeatedly had their clothing torn from them by mobs on the thoroughfares, the members of which cried, "Our wives, sisters, and daughters are in rags." The Lenine adherents, however, he stated, were amply supplied with money, from German sources, he believed.

The correspondent's informant agreed with all the other observers with whom the correspondent had talked in the prediction that Kerensky would never regain power again even if his party should prevail. He is being accused by former supporters of lack of resolution and the energy to act months ago when the plans of the Bolsheviki could have been dealt with effectively at their very inception. The urban population as a whole was showing a singular apathy toward the current events.

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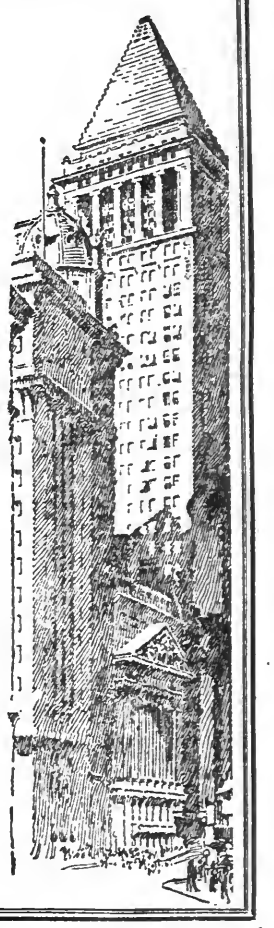

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NEWS FROM ITALY ENCOURAGES BAKER

Energy and Courage Shown in Stemming Teutón Assault, War Secretary Says.

PURPOSE OF THE INVASION

To Direct Attention from Defeats on Other Fronts — Americans in Trenches Uphold Traditions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Secretary of War Baker, in his weekly review of military operations in Europe, issued tonight, says the American forces in the trenches in Europe have acquitted themselves, in a way worthy of the best traditions of the American Army.

The Secretary says that the news from Italy is more encouraging and that the Italian Army, although subjected to attack along four different lines, by which the enemy is endeavoring to outflank and crush the Italians, and in spite of the intense strain, is hardening its defense.

The text of the Secretary's statement follows.

"The training of our national army is now progressing rapidly. At all the camps the morale of our new citizen soldiers is reported as excellent. The men who have been called upon to defend our country in the present emergency are taking hold of the work in a serious, high-minded spirit which will produce the best result.

"The British and French officers who are to assist in instructing our new armies are arriving. They come for the purpose of initiating our men in the latest developments of modern warfare, so that from the very outset our forces may be trained according to the most efficient time and life saving methods.

"In France the training of our troops is likewise being carefully continued. In the sector where our forces are in the trenches they have shown themselves worthy of the best traditions of our armies.

German Reaction Slight.

"After the successes gained by the Allies in the West during the preceding week, the relative calm of the last seven-day period was to be anticipated. It is significant, however, that the reaction of the enemy has been relatively slight both in the region north of the Aisne and in Flanders. Five days elapsed before any hostile attempts were made to regain the ground recently won by the Canadians beyond Passchendaele, and this effort was repulsed without difficulty.

"At this season of the year the sodden, fog-bound fields of Flanders and the bad weather which prevails along the entire western front make it difficult to co-ordinate major operations with precision. Nevertheless, artillery preparation has continued in the two chief theatres of activity in the West, presaging further offensive engagements.

"Roulers, the ultimate objective, is now less than five miles distant, and from their positions on the heights of Passchendaele allied artillery fully commands the approaches to this pivotal position. Along other sectors of the front held by the British no engagements of importance are reported.

"Destructive hostile artillery fire is noted in the area along the Yser, centring around Dixmude, and the shelling by the enemy increased during the latter part of the week, betraying a decided nervousness on the part of the Germans lest any unexpected offensive action develop. Along the French front no engagements of importance are recorded. In Champagne and the Argonne artillery duels of especial intensity took place.

"In the Vosges the enemy launched an assault in the vicinity of the Hartmanns-Weilerkopf and temporarily gained a footing in the advanced French trenches, only to be driven out by a strong counterattack.

Better News from Italy.

"The news from Italy is more encouraging. Operations involving the skillful handling of large masses of troops and the reorganization of detensive positions, entailing superhuman efforts on the part of officers and men alike, have been carried out by the Italian armies with energy and courage.

"All sectors of the Italian theatre of operations continue the scene of much hard fighting. The enemy along four different lines of attack is endeavoring to outflank and, if possible, to crush the Italian armies and debouch into the heart of Northern Italy.

"While attempting to drive ahead across the Venetian plain along a broad front, the Austro-German forces have thrown large masses of troops against the Italian defensive positions girding the Trentino.

"In spite of the intense strain of the engagements, in which the Italinn rearguard acquitted themselves very well, the Italian defense is hardening. Along the Piave and in the region of the Lake of Garda, as well as along the Brenta, it would appear that the enemy, while securing local advantages, is being successfully restrained. On the lower Piave the hostile attempt to cross the river was partly successful, resulting in the capture of Zenson. The Italians have now opened the dikes in this sector, which will render the enemy advance difficult.

"While it must be acknowledged that the full Austro-German strength in the Trentino has not yet been employed, and developments in this sector must be awaited, nevertheless the present temper of the Italian armies and the strong allied reinforcements which are arriving smoothly and methodically in the Italian theatre should lead us to contemplate the future with confidence.

"A principal purpose of the German invasion of Italy was to divert the attention, primarily of their own people, of neutrals, and even of the Allies and ourselves, from the continued allied successes in the chief theatre of operations in the west, and particularly at this juncture from the uninterrupted series of defeats which the Turkish forces, commanded, led, and reinforced by Germans, have suffered at the hands of the British.

In Palestine and Mesopotamia.

"The military situation in Palestine and Mesopotamia must be considered if we are to arrive at a clear perspective of the progress of the war. In Palestine the British drive on Jerusalem is developing in a most satisfactory manner. The pursuit of the defeated Turkish forces continues. The British are in close contact with the fugitive armies and are administering an uninterrupted series of hard blows, which are having a marked effect.

"Cavalry is being used to good advantage in maintaining continuous contact with the enemy and in following up the successes of the main forces. In one engagement a single cavalry division, with only a portion of its effectives engaged, captured 1,100 prisoners, together with artillery and other material.

"The investment of Jerusalem from the west is beginning to assume well-defined proportions. The railroad line, including the junction of the Damascus-Beersheba road with that of the Jerusalem-Jaffa line, is now firmly in British hands.

"Jaffa, the principal seaport of Palestine, is now coming under the combined fire of the allied guns on land and sea. Its capture will greatly facilitate operations.

"The mobility of the British forces, and the rapidity of their offensive operations along the seacoast, which may result in the enveloping of Jerusalem from the northwest, are factors of immediate importance.

"The German higher command must now concentrate its effort in an attempt to stem the British advance, and this will probably relieve whatever hostile pressure it was proposed by the Germans to bring to bear against Bagdad. It is estimated that the Turkish forces operating in Palestine have lost one-half of their effective strength.

"In the Mesopotamian sector the British are also pursuing a successful forward movement. North of Tekrit the troops under the command of General Maude are sweeping the remnants of the Turkish troops before them and have reached a point some forty miles north of this centre, bringing the British outposts within approximately 100 miles of Mosul.

"In the Balkan war zone increased activity is noted. The British executed several raids in the Struma Valley, inflicting losses on the enemy. In the French sector artillery activity west of Lake Ochrida has increased in intensity. The enemy made several unsuccessful attacks on trenches held by the Italians.

"In Russia the situation continues disturbed."

LANE PICKS CHEMISTS TO AID IN WAR WORK

Board of Six Named to Advise on Use of Explosives and Gases.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Six of the country's foremost chemists were called into the service of the Government today to serve as a special board to investigate explosives and the use of gases in warfare. They were named by Secretary Lane to act as advisers to the Bureau of Mines.

The board will go into the subject of increasing the production of materials used in explosives manufacture, and will advise the bureau in the operation of the recently enacted law regulating the sale of explosives. The members are:

Dr. William H. Nichols of the General Chemical Company, New York, Chairman; Professor H. P. Talbot, head of the chemical department of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology; William Hoskins of Chicago, a consulting chemist; Professor H. F. Venable of the University of North Carolina, E. C. Franklin of Stanford University, and Dr. Charles L. Parsons of the Bureau of Mines.

RETAINS CHINESE PREMIER.

President Feng Refuses to Accept Tuan's Resignation.

PEKING, Saturday, Nov. 17, (delayed.)—President Feng Kuo-chang has refused to accept the resignation of Premier Tuan Chi-jui, which was presented yesterday.

A Peking despatch under Friday's date announced the resignation of Premier Tuan Chi-jui and his entire Cabinet and indicated the expectation that Hsu Shih-chang, Prime Minister under the administration of the late President Yuan Shih-kai, would be named Premier to form a coalition Cabinet in which South and Central China would be given representation.

FINLAND'S LOSSES DUE TO PANIC ABOARD

Survivor of Transport Attack Says Coolness Would Have Saved Lives of All.

CREW RUSHED TO BOATS

Nine Lost in Attempt to Leave the Ship—Harold Selick Describes Approach of Torpedo.

First-hand details of the attack made by a German submarine on the American transport Finland three weeks ago were brought to an Atlantic port yesterday by two young Americans, Harold Selick of Glen Ridge, N. J., and J. S. Foster, who arrived from England on a British steamship.

The young men had been serving a year with the 113th Regiment of the French Camion Corps hauling ammunition to the big guns at the front. After the United States entered the war they obtained their discharges from the French War Office and started back on the Finland to enlist in America. Selick explained that as they had only paid a small sum for their passage and as the crew was under the usual complement, he and his friend volunteered for duty in the deck department.

"I was assigned to duty as a lookout man," said Selick, "and was stationed in the upper crow's nest on the foremast on Sunday, Oct. 28, in the forenoon watch from 8 o'clock till noon. Before leaving a French port the crew had been told of the sinking of the American transport Antilles, and Captain Jensen warned the officers and men to keep a sharp lookout for submarines. The weather was clear, but there was a heavy sea running which men who had been on ships that were torpedoed before declared was not favorable for submarines to make an attack. We were about 210 miles out from port when the ship's position was taken at 8 A. M.

"At 9:35 I sighted a torpedo coming toward the ship on the starboard side at a speed of forty miles an hour, which flashed like a silver streak in the sun as it skipped through the tops of the waves like a dolphin. It was aimed to strike the ship just forward of the boiler room, and I sang out to the officer on the bridge at the same time that he had sighted the torpedo with his glasses. It struck me at the moment that when the Antilles was torpedoed in about the same place the explosion blew the foremast out of the ship and took the two lookout men in the upper and lower crow's nests with it.

"Just then the explosion came and rocked the Finland fore and aft. The foremost quivered and bent fore and aft, but it was a stout spar and did not break, for which I was very thankful. The converted steam yacht Alcedo, which I hear has since been sunk, was escorting the ship and closed in toward us while her crew stood by their guns, and the gunners on our ship did the same, watching for the submarine to appear on the surface. Some of the crew imagined that they did see two periscopes, but nothing was seen of the undersea craft by any of the officers or crew on the Alcedo or the officers and lookout men on the Finland who were stationed fore and aft.

"After the explosion there was a great deal of excitement on board and the crew rushed to the boats. As they were being lowered away some of the lifeboats were let go by the run and a number of men were thrown into the sea and drowned. Efforts were made to save them, but in the heavy sea is was very difficult, and they went down before help reached them.

"The Finland did not appear to have been seriously damaged, and after staying for two hours in the boats we returned to the ship.

"The examination made afterward by the Captain showed that the torpedo had struck the ship abaft the foremast, and exploded in a coal bunker on the starboard side with such force that it had blown out the plates in the hull on the port side opposite. That compartment was the only one which was filled with water. The Captain decided to head for the nearest French port, 125 miles away, which we reached at 11 o'clock that night."

Selick said that it was a sad business that so many of the crew had been drowned in their efforts to get away from the ship, because not a single person had been injured by the explosion of the torpedo.

According to the dispatch sent to the Navy Department at Washington by Admiral Sims, there were nine drowned after the attack on the Finland. Three of the men were members of the naval gun crew, four belonged to the regular ship's crew, and two were privates in the United States Army. A later dispatch from the Admiral stated that the officers of the Finland had remained on board, and it was evident that the crew had taken to the boats in the excitement following the explosion without waiting for orders from the bridge.

COUNT ON 'TIGER' TO ROUSE FRANCE

Continued from Page 1.

in character is that he is a destructionist rather than a constructionist. His nickname of "Cabinet Wrecker" is almost as well known as that of "The Old Tiger." I believe that this wrecking quality of his is just what is needed now. Clémenceau, with France behind him, as it indeed is, can start out boldly on the greatest wrecking expedition of even his amazing career—namely, the wrecking of Germany.

Premier's Devotion Unquestioned.

Clémenceau is a patriot. No one ever dared to doubt that. Every act of his life, even his acts of wrecking, has been for France. His aim has been to drive the incompetents from power.

He is now an old man, but unimpaired in every way for his final battle. He has kept out of every war Cabinet, although he could have had a place in all of them, but that might have impaired his destructive powers. Instead, he has kept his claws sharp and his teeth on edge in that little sanctum of L'Homme Enchainé in rue Taitbout, where he has torn more reputations to tatters than any other Frenchman of this generation. And almost always he has been right.

There may be cleverer politicians in France or more adroit ones. There may be more unblemished lives than his. But it is certain that there is no one more the real man with more force of character to carry through what he sets out to do.

Clémenceau has set out to wreck Germany, and it is a safe bet that he will win. In the few hours that he has been Premier he has proved that he also has real constructive ability. His plan of a war publicity bureau to take the place of the old-style censorship will certainly mean that the press from now on will be a fighting arm of the Allies instead of being treated like a muzzled alien.

L'HOMME LIBRE ONCE MORE.

Clemenceau Restores Original Title of His Newspaper.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—Georges Clémenceau's newspaper L'Homme Enchainé (the Chained Man) reappeared this morning under its original title, L'Homme Libre, (the Free Man.) His name beneath the title is now preceded by the word "founder," instead of "political director," as formerly, as he is no longer writing for the newspaper, now that he has become Premier.

Stephen Pichon, political editor of the Petit Journal, who has been appointed Foreign Minister in the new Clémenceau Cabinet, writes in a leave taking article addressed to his readers that Ministerial functions are always temporary, so he hopes some day to address them again. Therefore he says "au revoir" and not "good-by."

Charles Sergent has been appointed Under Secretary of Finance in the new Cabinet. M. Sergent was born in 1863. He was Assistant Governor of the Bank of France, which position he resigned to accepted the Under Secretaryship. He has undertaken many financial missions abroad since the beginning of the war, his latest being to Greece.

Deputy Léon Abrami has been appointed Under Secretary for Effectives and Pensions at the War Department.

M. Clémenceau changed the name of his newspaper early in the war, after it had been suspended because of his refusal to suppress certain passages of an article.

HAIG'S MEN OUST GERMAN RAIDERS

Counterattack Across the Open Expels Teutons from Trenches Entered in Thrust.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Field Marshal Haig reports tonight the repulse of a strong German raid in Flanders, after the Germans had won a temporary success, entering the British line at certain points. Artillery activity of considerable intensity has been directed against the British positions in the neighborhood of Passchendaele and Langemarck. The official statement reads:

At dawn today a strong hostile raiding party attacked our trenches in the neighborhood of Gilliemont farm, southeast of Epéhy, and effected an entry at certain points. We counterattacked across the open and, after sharp fighting, ejected the enemy and captured a few prisoners.

The enemy also raided our trenches early this morning southeast of Havrincourt. Some of our men are missing.

On the battlefront the usual artillery activity continued on both sides.

The afternoon statement reads:

Early last night Lancashire and Highland troops successfully raided the enemy trenches in the neighborhood of Monchy-le-Preux, capturing a few prisoners.

The artillery activity on the battlefront continues on both sides. The enemy's artillery fire is directed principally upon our positions in the neighborhood of Passchendaele and Langemarck and south of Polygon Wood.

Artillery Fighting on the Meuse.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—The War Office statement on military operations issued today reads:

There was somewhat lively activity by our own and the enemy's artillery north of Chemin-des-Dames and on the right bank of the Meuse, (Verdun front.) A raid upon enemy posts at Mont Carnillet, (Champagne front,) resulted in our making prisoners. The night was calm elsewhere along the front.

The night announcement says:

The artillery activity was intermittent in the region of Vaudesson and near Schoenholz. It continued lively north of Hill 344, on the right bank of the Meuse.

Belgian communication: Last night the enemy violently bombarded our trenches around Dixmude. We replied vigorously against the preparation and no attack was delivered. During the last forty-eight hours the enemy activity has greatly slackened except in the regions of Merckem and Dixmude, where the artillery fire was very violent. We silenced several batteries.

Berlin Reports Repulse of French

BERLIN, Nov. 18, (via London.)—French forces attacked the German lines south of St. Quentin yesterday, but were repulsed in hand-to-hand fighting, Army Headquarters announced today. The official statement is:

Western War Theatre.—In Flanders the artillery duel continued within moderate limits.

In Artois and north of St. Quentin more than forty English were brought in, and several machine guns captured in successful reconnoitring engagements.

The strong artillery fire against the southern front of St. Quentin which had been increasing during the previous few days, was followed by a French thrust. The enemy was repulsed in hand-to-hand fighting, and lost men, who were taken prisoners.

GERMANS LAY BARRAGE ON THE BRITISH LINES

Enemy Blockhouse Taken at Night—Flanders Transport Difficulties Haig's Chief Anxiety.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Nov. 18.—Along Goudberg apur to the left of Passchendaele some English and Scottish troops made a small attack Friday night and captured some valuable ground, together with the blockhouse of Vocation Farm with twenty-seven men.

It was like one of the old trench raids rather than an attack for the capture of ground. The men went over in the darkness without a barrage, creeping close to the blockhouse and rushing it before the German machine gunners could get their weapons into play. A relief was going on in the German lines at the time, the 4th Division being replaced by the 199th.

It seems possible that the enemy may make an attempt to recapture Passchendaele before the end of the year if his men have enough offensive spirit on this front, and if the conditions of the ground are to be relied upon for a serious attack. That is doubtful, but there is always the possibility that the German high command may insist on this and send an order to the divisional commanders, who prefer a defensive policy. In that case the attack would probably be delivered from the direction of Westroosebeke, to the north. The British guns are ready for all such attempts, and each of the counterattacks delivered up to now has been shattered near its assembly lines.

The enemy's batteries do not show any tendency to decrease on the Flanders front, and every day they lay heavy barrages on the British lines in such places as Inverness Copse, Polygon Wood, and Nun's Wood, while high-velocity guns are concentrated on Ypres, Hooge, Wiltje, and the old, bad places in the salient.

The British trouble this Winter will be the same as on the Somme last year. It will be the trouble of bringing up supplies to the lines and getting shelter and any decent comfort for the men in the front and support positions. As on the Somme, but worse than there, they now have behind them an eight-mile stretch of crater land over which their battles have been fought, so that it is a great desert of mangled earth with innumerable deep pits pierced by small explosions and filled with water, and its low ground, where the brooks have slopped over in the gullies between the slopes, a bog-land and lake-land in which one sinks to his armpits. Four miles of that ground is under heavy and continuous fire; another four miles of it is under scattered and harassing fire, and nowhere is there any cover except a few splinter-proof dugouts.

All through this coming Winter masses of men will have to take their turn in this grest Slough of Despond, of wet and cold, and the transport officers and "Q," that mystic letter which stands for all the organization of supplies, will not find it easy to provide them with the materials of life and war.

They will do it, but it will not be easy. They will do it by roads and tracks laid under fire, broken by shells, and laid again by fresh relays of men who work like soldier ants in all this muck heap, getting all the risks and none of the glory of war. They will do it by pack mules, heavily laden, but surefooted, among the shell craters and winding slowly in long single files across that blasted country where shells come with a scream down the wind and the earth vomits up blackly about these mud-splashed beasts. They will do it by ration parties, trudging up night after night in the black darkness, lightened only by the glare of gunfire, dodging shellbursts, stumbling and falling into shell pits, but getting there always—getting there if they have any luck. The transport drivers will take their wagons to the end of the last tracks, and unless their horses are killed or the drivers themselves hit, they will be at the dumps by the scheduled time.

"I give my men their orders and then don't worry," said one of the transport officers the other night. "I know if they are not all killed they will get the goods up all right."

BERLIN FEARS SEIZURES.

Believes Germans Here Will Lose All Their Property.

BERLIN, Nov. 18, (via London.)—There is apprehension here, through reports received from Washington by way of London, to the effect that the Trading With the Enemy act will be given its widest interpretation, and that its enforcement will result in the sequestration and confiscation of German property and private rights in the United States, as has already been done in England.

Outside of the law enacted in August last, prohibiting payments to the United States, the German Government, it is declared, has up to the present taken no steps to curtail the property rights of American citizens or corporation in Germany.

DUTCH LUGGERS SUNK.

Attacked by German Naval Forces —Crew of One Ship Lost.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 18.—A dispatch from Ymuiden says it is officially reported that a Dutch lugger has been sunk by German naval forces, one man being drowned and the remainder being taken to Wilhelmshaven.

It is also reported that the lugger Jacoba has been sunk and all her crew drowned.

ITALIANS DRIVE FOE ACROSS THE PIAVE

Continued from Page 1.

Italian armies. What his success would mean is fully realized, for should this wedge be driven through it would not only separate the two Italian armies, but would require the consideration of a retreat from the Piave, as it would not be possible to maintain a position on that river with the left flank thus menaced.

This explains the fiereeness of General von Krobatin's attack from the north, as he is staking all on getting behind the Italians' Piave line. But all his efforts have not succeeded in shaking the main line, although here and there it has moved back and forth slightly in the course of the violent fighting. At Monte Roncone the enemy's advance completely failed, while at Monte Tomatico he advanved a little. But these are all episodical fluctuations, as the main front holds.

General Armando Diaz, Commander in Chief of the Italian Army, was able last night to announce the solidity of both main fronts and to give merited tribute to his men. While the situation is thus satisfactory in that his first onslaughts have been repulsed, there is no delusion that the enemy will abandon his design, of advancing on the Venetian plains. The fighting, while desperate, has not yet developed the enemy's full power, and it is still to be shown where he will strike his greatest blow. But his first shock has been met and checked, and the Italian arms have gained new lustre.

Allied Naval Guns Aid Defense.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ITALIAN ARMY IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 16, (Delayed.)—After five days of heavy shellfire, covering their advance with storming parties at chosen points, the Austro-Germans have not been able to pass the Piave River in force, but are held there by the desperate resisting force developed by the reorganized Italian Army.

The chief scenes of action are on the lower Piave, where Col. Gen. Borovich's Austrians have their left under the fire of Italian and allied naval guns at the mouth of the Piave, their right under bombardment by Italian batteries, and their front faced with fifteen miles of inundated country. Further up, on the middle Piave, the Austrians who succeeded in getting a foothold on the west bank near Zenson are crowded down to the water's edge. The invaders here have scant food and munitions, and have been unable thus far to bring over reinforcements from the east bank. All their attempts to float a pontoon bridge have failed under the enfilading fire of the Italian guns on both of their flanks.

A trusted man was sent by The Associated Press correspondent in an automobile to the Lower Piave this morning to inspect the inundated district, and he has returned with details of the fearful scene of desolation made by the release of the flood waters by the Italian engineers to bar the progress of the enemy.

What was a smiling farmland ten days ago is now transformed into a vast sheet of water, stretching for miles. Above the level of the water, roofs and the upper stories of farmhouses can be seen here and there. Great flocks of sea fowl have come in from the Adriatic, and their mournful cries add to the weirdness of the scene.

Intense silence hangs over the desolate waste, broken only by the sea birds and the muttering of guns at the mouth of the river. Some of the upper floors of the farmhouses are still occupied by the local consolatory of the valley.

The extent of water interposes an impassable defense to any advance of the enemy in that quarter, and under this sheet of water is soft mud, now soaked to quicksand, about six feet deep, making it impossible for enemy artillery or horses to enter without sinking. The first party which got across has been forced back, and is now held at bay by the flood.

VENICE SHOWS FORTITUDE.

Citizens Encouraged by Orlando's Visit and News from the Front.

VENICE, Nov. 17.—(Delayed.)—The city has taken on new confidence and hope with the visit of Premier Orlando, who personally gave directions for the protection and succor of the population, and who noted during a tour throughout the city the calm fortitude with which the inhabitants awaited events. The Premier expressed surprise at the dignity and tranquillity with which the people remaining in Venice faced their peril. Besides a considerable number of citizens and poor people, these include the Mayor, Count Grimani, the City Assessor and all the members of the Municipal Council.

The famous Church of St. Mark continues open, and frequent masses are attended by crowds of women and children who offer prayers for the preservation of the city. The aspect of the church has been completely changed, and now it resembles a fortress, with its mosaic decorations along the front covered by layers of bags filled with earth and all the art treasures in the interior of the edifice similarly protected.

The streets of Venice still present an appearance of animation, with a number of townspeople going about their duties. The Premier was acclaimed as he passed along the streets on his way to the Municipal Council, where he gave orders for the continued and adequate provisioning of the city with coal, bread and all other necessaries.

There was a touching scene last night at a street gathering when the day's war bulletin arrived, announcing that the Italians were holding their ground on the Piave. More than a thousand persons crowded up to hear the bulletin, and Count Nicola Zavagli, attached to the Captaincy of the Port, mounted a chair and read the good news to the eager throng. There were murmurs and cries as the people realized that the line was holding, and as the Count concluded reading a great shout fairly shook St. Mark's with "Long live the army! Long live the Allies! Long live Venice!"

DESPERATE FIGHTING IN ITALY.

Austrians, Heavily Reinforced, Menace the Upper Piave Line.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18. — Further details of yesterday's terrific fighting on the Italian front are given in a cable dispatch received today by the Italian Embassy.

"The enemy offensive is in full development," said the dispatch. "Violent infantry attacks follow one another incessantly, supported by very intense artillery fire. The Austrians are constantly bringing up reserves, and with desperate tenacity they are trying to break through our lines and menace our organizations along the upper Piave.

"The valiant resistance of the Italian army has rapidly brought the military situation to the phase of active reaction in all sectors of the front. Innumerable are the episodes of heroism on the part of our soldiers. Very frequently the enemy is repulsed in bayonet counterthrusts.

"Yesterday afternoon, after a formidable bombardment which had lasted since early that morning, an entire enemy regiment attacked our positions at Meletta d'Avanti and Val Nieta, in the direction of Monte Fior. This powerful attack was met by inferior units of our Regina Brigade, who repeatedly repulsed the enemy, inflicting upon him very severe losses.

"Toward dusk an enemy battalion delivered three furious assaults against our positions on Monte Tondarecar, but here also the Austro-Germans were sanguinarily repulsed by the Alpini Marmolada after a hand-to-hand fight lasting several hours.

"However, the greatest glory of yesterday's fighting was won by the Como Brigade. After terrific bombardment with guns of all calibres large enemy forces attacked the slopes of Monte Coriella, at the junction of Quero di Piave. The soldiers of the Como Brigade defended stubbornly the positions which they occupied, and for six consecutive hours with indomitable valor counterattacked the enemy until, near Malga le Fratte, detachments of Alpini, native of that region, with tremendous impetus reconquered the village which had been momentarily occupied by the enemy, and put the Austro-Germans to disorderly retreat.

"In the meantime all the attempts of the adversary to cross the Piave were systematically frustrated."

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WAR AT A DEADLOCK, M'CORMICK'S VIEW

Illinois Congressman Declares Neither Germans Nor Allies Are Winning It.

NEEDS ALL OUR ENERGY

Thinks Victory Depends Upon Keeping American Industries at Maximum of Production.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Representative Medill McCormick of Illinois, who recently returned from a visit to the battlefields abroad, said today that the issues of the great world conflict would not be decided on the battlefields, but in the United States by keeping up industry here to the maximum of production and by the perfection of the American armed forces.

Mr. McCormick spent two months studying the war in Europe, visiting the British, French, and Italian fronts and the American camp in France. He conferred with the rulers of France, England, and Italy and with the commanding Generals of the great allied armies.

"The Germans are not winning this war," asserted the Congressman, and then added significantly: "Neither are we. The war today presents a stalemate from which we are unable to extricate ourselves because of the collapse of Russia and the unreadiness of the United States.

"Nowhere in Europe did I find an informed soldier or public man who believed that a military decision could be achieved before 1919, when the United States might be ready to add effectively to the sum of pressure upon the Central Empires. Perhaps economic conditions or political events in Germany may induce peace before that time, but, although Germany is suffering progressively more than her western enemies, her autocratic machinery and her economic reserves seem altogether adequate to hold her together through two more Winters.

Russia Hopeless.

"There is practically no hope," Mr. McCormick said, "that Russia can be in any sense useful during the year 1918. From the most responsible people I heard a disheartening tale of Russian inefficiency, corruption, incendiarism, and murder. Russia is so disordered that she cannot make war. Happily, in all probability, neither can she make peace. Germany might propose concessions and indemnities in the west and recoup herself in the east. What would the European democracies do under these circumstances? The principal public men with whom I talked were not certain and were not all agreed upon the answer to that question. Some who personally would oppose such terms believe that European public opinion would demand their acceptance, although that would involve an addition of 30,000,000 Poles, Lithuanians, and Livonians to the population of the Teutonic empires as well as the industrial resources and the great alluvial plain of Poland. The German autocracy would be fortified.

"With a wonderful energy, with a foresight which compels admiration, the autocracy has mobilized the power of Germany—children, women, men, food and clothing, metals and fuels. The German military machine made ready first, and, of course, as the neutral markets have been closed tighter and tighter with the tightening of the blockade, the resources of the Central Empires have been energetically spent. They are bleeding terribly, showing a steady diminution in man power and metal as compared with their French and English adversaries, and this in spite of the Russian collapse.

"But since the German High Command controls all the Central Powers from the Bosporus to the Baltic, they act with greater energy, unity, and skill than their enemies. Thus they made a seemingly successful drive into Italy. If the German command hoped for a true military success, certainly they did not believe they would achieve it. The real object of their political foray into Venetia was partly to make camouflage on a great scale to conceal their steady losses from Verdun to Passchendaele, and partly to provoke revolution in Italy."

Italians Expected It.

The German rush into Italy was not unexpected by the Italian commanders, according to Mr. McCormick.

"While I was in the now conquered Italian territory a little while ago," he said, "the Italian command expected an attack, in the neighborhood of Asiago. The Italians were under gunned, neither had they enough ammunition. The margin of subsistence in the country is so narrow that it must affect the morale of the population. But even so, the Italians would not have been driven back so far as they were if two or three divisions holding an almost impregnable point, debauched by the excellent spy system of the Germans, had not thrown down their arms. The Italians had defeated the Austrians. It was German divisions with artillery from the eastern and the western fronts, which restored the morale of the Austro-Hungarian troops and themselves led the successful thrust.

"The French and English," the Congressman said, "have a moderate preponderance in guns and man for man they outfight the Germans. All of the German class of next year's boys of seventeen are in the army and many of sixteen, whose tear-stained faces among the prisoners wrench the hearts of the Tommies and the Poilus who show them a shy, tender and clumsy kindness.

"Plainly the German resources in men and material are running low. While there are still excellent German divisions in Flanders, there was an appreciable diminution in the morale and the personal quality of the German troops on the French and British fronts, during the ten weeks in which I was in Europe. Germany everywhere had lost the offensive.

"At the battle of the Chemin des Dames, which was the greatest artillery bombardment the French have made, I had the good fortune to witness a perfect operation. The German batteries were so drenched with fire that they were unable to reply. With almost mathematical exactness, the French took the terrain which they had planned to take weeks before. Hundreds of miles of track, scores of trainloads of ammunition, hundreds and hundreds of heavy guns were employed to wreck the enemy defenses, to overwhelm and to kill the enemy before the advance was made, so, at last, when the French infantry went forward they did so with unbelievably small losses. There I witnessed the demonstration of what I had learned from the lips of the most distinguished French Generals during my wanderings along the front. This is an artillery and industrial war. That must never be forgotten."

Must Have Big Guns.

Mr. McCormick does not want the public to lose sight of the fact that shipping is necessary before anything else, because vessels must carry to France the engines of destruction.

"But above all," he said emphatically, "heavy guns are necessary—heavy guns, with their obvious complement of aircraft and rail transportation, but heavy guns, and still more heavy guns; twenty-five thousand cannon to be made in American factories and shipped to France before March 1, 1919. Time is the essence of victory, and great guns offer the only means by which it can be won. The more great guns, the fewer lives lost; the more great guns the surer the victory; the more great guns, the smaller the price we pay for our present unreadiness.

"The issue of this war will be decided not on the Isonzo or the Piave; not on the Meuse or the Rhine, but in Washington, and by the furnaces of America."

Referring to recent statements on American effort by Lord Northcliffe, head of the British War Mission, Mr. McCormick said:

"I very much admire Lord Northcliffe, but in his eagerness to shock Britain to further efforts he has painted a partial picture of American effort, which if it be taken as a faithful reflection of the whole is likely to endanger our common cause. This war must be won if we are to win, by the manufacture in America of thousands of engines of war. Men cannot win the war. The splendid little American army which already has crossed the seas rendered a great service when the echo of the first American feet upon the soil of France carried to every home which has sacrificed, (and almost all French homes have sacrificed,) the promise that the strength and still more the industrial genius of America would bring succor to France.

"France is fighting with heroic and dogged courage. Her steady, thoughtful soldiery are ready to spend their blood and to die, in the belief that America will forge the weapons to win the war. They must not be mistaken. One of the greatest of French Generals—perhaps the greatest—with the burden of the long front upon his shoulders said to me:

"'We cannot hope to have a vast army in France next year, but America, whose furnaces can forge as much steel as the furnaces of all Europe, can produce the cannon—25,000 cannon.'"

In conclusion the Congressman said: "I say very respectfully, but very earnestly, that to make that contribution to victory; that in order to make guns that lives may be saved, we must have greater co-ordination of effort than we now have. We must have more powerful direction, greater unity of effort, a true war council such as does not exist in Washington—a council of men who, irrespective of faction and party, represent in the greatest degree the energy and the genius of America.

"We must bend all our energies to make the great industrial effort in time. It will be fruitless if we are ready—too late."

PREDICT 3 YEARS OF WAR.

Americans Report Commanders Don't Expect Peace Till 1920.

Americans who returned yesterday to an Atlantic port from the French front via England on a British liner said that officials of the Allies in Paris frankly expressed the opinion that while there was no change in their views as to the defeat of the Central Powers it would take a long time to finish the war. If Russia and Italy had held out, they said, there would have been a good possibility of peace in the Fall of 1918, but since the retreat of these armies in face of the Teutonic forces the most optimistic of the millitary commanders did not see any chance for peace with victory before the Summer of 1920.

Among the passengers on the liner was Captain William Marshall of the Royal Naval Reserve, who has come over on a special mission for the Admiralty. He has been engaged in the North Sea for the last two years fighting submarines. He won the Distinguished Service Order for sinking four undersea craft, and has done some valuable work in mine sweeping.

Among sixty ambulance drivers who returned on the ship were Laurence B. Stoddart, Jr., and G. Parker Toms, who took part in the recent French drive in the Chemin des Dames on the Aisne front. In the attack, they said, the French used 6,000 guns. Toms, who comes from St. Louis, wore the French War Cross, which he won after six weeks' service at the front. He was badly gassed after picking up some French wounded, and has not entirely recovered.

Stoddart is the son of Laurence B. Stoddart of Bowring & Co., ship owners, of 17 Battery Place. He returned to apply for a commission in the British Army in Canada, as his father is an Englishman, and he was too young to join on the other side.

Another passenger was Lieut. Commander Frank Davis of the British Naval Air Service, who has been sent over to give instruction to American aviation students in hydroaeroplane tactics.

Henry C. Woods, the author of several works on Eastern Europe, arrived to deliver a series of lectures on the Balkan situation.

PRESIDENT THANKS THE FOUR-MINUTE MEN

Tells Theatre Speakers They Apprise the Nation of the Justice of Its Cause.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18. — President Wilson, in a letter which was given out at the White House tonight, expresses his appreciation of the patriotic work being done by the Four-Minute Men, a Government agency of 15,000 volunteer speakers who present wartime messages of the Administration to theatre audiences throughout the country.

"May I not express my very real interest in the vigorous and intelligent work your organization is doing in connection with the Committee on Public Information," said the President's letter. "It is surely a matter worthy of sincere appreciation that a body of thoughtful citizens, with the hearty cooperation of the managers of moving-picture theatres, are engaged in the presentation and discussion of the purposes and measures of these critical days.

"Men and nations are at their worst or at their best in any great struggle. The spoken word may light the fires of passion and unreason or it may inspire to highest action and noblest sacrifice a nation of free men. Upon you four-minute men, who are charged with a special duty and enjoy a special privilege in the command of your audiences, will rest in a considerable degree, the task of arousing and informing the great body of our people, so that when the record of these days is complete we shall read page for page with the deeds of army and navy the story of the unity, the spirit of sacrifice, the unceasing labors, the high courage of the men and women at home who held unbroken the inner lines. My best wishes and continuing interest are with you in your work as part of the Reserve Officer Corps in a nation thrice armed because through your efforts it knows better the justice of its cause and the value of what it defends."

TAFT ANSWERS LA FOLLETTE

Calls on All Republicans to Stand Behind Wilson.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18. — Former President Taft, speaking here today at a mass meeting in the interest of the Y. M. C. A. $35,000,000 war fund, reviewed the causes of America's entry into the war, called upon all Republicans to stand behind President Wilson, and took issue with Senator La Follette on the sinking of the Lusitania.

"The Lusitania case," said Mr. Taft, "can't be distinguished from the landing of a Hun regiment on these shores and the shooting into American homes and the killing of American citizens, but Senator La Follette said that the right to be on those decks under those conditions was a mere technical right.

"Now, what Senator in the Congress of the United States can speak of the right of those poor victims of foreign aggression, foreign cruelty, to have their lives preserved as a technical right?

"Suppose this had been Venezuela that had sunk one of our American vessels and sent fifty of our American citizens to the bottom. It wouldn't have been long before the President and the Secretary of the Navy formulated a demand peremptory in character and possibly accompanied by a battleship and every man, woman, and child in the country, pacifists and Senator La Follette, would have approved that action demanding reparation and security against further murder of American citizens.

"Now what is the difference? There isn't any except one, and that is that Germany is the greatest military nation in the world and Venezuela isn't."

NO PIGTAIL, SAYS T.R., FOR YOUR UNCLE SAM

Colonel Tells Upton Soldiers China Is a Natural Result of Pacifism.

PRAISE FOR NEGRO TROOPS

Draws Cheers for General Bell and Tells of Pride In the National Army.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, YAPHANK, L. I., Nov. 18.—Speaking to two great meetings of soldiers at Camp Upton this afternoon, Colonel Roosevelt preached two military sermons on preparedness, antipacifism, universal service, square deal to negro troops, and praise to the men of the national army. The first address was delivered in the new Y. M. C. A. auditorium to 3,500 men of the 305th Field Artillery and the 302d Engineers, and the second to 1,200 men of the 367th negro infantry at the Knights of Columbus Hall.

"The greatest universities in America are the training camps presided over by professors of the type of Major Gen. Bell," Colonel Roosevelt declared. The full half minute of applause that followed was an obvious tribute to the Division Commander who was seated on the platform.

The Colonel came to the camp on the invitation of Colonel Frederick C. Doyle and Lieut. Col. Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of War in the Roosevelt Cabinet, both of the 305th Field Artillery, and Colonel C. O. Sherrill of the 302d Engineers. He was introduced by Major Gen. Bell. His speech to the negro soldiers was made at his own request.

"I have come here in a sense to address you, but more really to pay my homage to you and those like you, for it is you and those like you, you comrades of the American Army, to whom all our citizens owe most at this time. You are the men pre-eminently entitled to honor of all the men in this country at this time, and words count very little when we are about to wake the guns that have no doubts.

"You stand up when 'The Star-Spangled Banner' is sung, not because of men who previously sang it, but because of the men who stood the bombardment through the night—for the man who stood up to the killing and did the killing when the need came. That is why you are proud to be Americans now. Talking amounts to less than nothing, save just to the degree in which it is turned into action, and in this country of ours the man who is not only ready to fight for it, but to fit himself to fight for it, the man who has not raised himself to be a soldier, and the woman who has not raised her boy to be a soldier for the right; neither one of them is entitled to citizenship in this Republic. Universal suffrage, to justify itself, must be based on universal service. It is only you and your kind who have the absolutely clear title to the management of this Republic. It is only the man willing, when the need arises, to fight for the nation and to die for the nation—it is only these who are really entitled to have a voice in the halls of the nation.

"We have heard a good deal, General Bell, about conscientious objectors. We here, all of us, are Americans, and nothing else. I do not care a snap of my finger where the man was born, where his parents were born, any more than I care what creed he professes, but there is one thing that I do care for, and that is loyalty to the flag. I have no use for the man of fifty-fifty allegiance.

"I want you to remember this, that before we finally entered the war the number of innocent noncombatants sunk by German submarines surpassed in number the total number of deaths of both the Union and Confederate sailors during the four years of the civil war. I would like each friend, the professional pacifist, to remember that they are the people who called 'Peace, Peace' when there was no peace. They are the people that wish this nation to go on the theory that if we are only harmless enough nobody would hurt us. After the Lusitania was sunk I read how in the Queenstown morgue our American women lay dead, still clasping in their stiff arms the dead babies they died trying to save, and I read of the great exultation in Germany over the dead and the striking of medals to commemorate the deed.

"The nation that won't fight when its women and children are killed stands on a level with the man who won't fight when his wife is knocked down or his daughter kidnapped. What do you think of the man, who, when his wife's face is slapped, says she ought not to have been on the streets.

"If this man is worth while at all he will kick the one who did it, and if not he will get kicked in the end. The nation that gets in a corresponding position and does not act will also get kicked in the end. You can be sure of this. At this moment, if our pacifist friends who look across the water at the great, populous nation of China they will see what the policy of non-resistance in the end brings a nation to. It is a nation of great natural resources, but its mothers have for many years (and its fathers for that matter, too) refused to bring up their boys to be soldiers, and in consequence, at this time, half of the territory of China is under the control of alien nations, and in the remaining half the settlement of the destinies of China rests with other peoples, and not in the hands of the Chinese themselves. Now do not forget that every man who talks against this war at this time is trying to put a pigtail on Uncle Sam."

SPARTANBURG MEN TO DEFEND TRENCH

Two Thousand New Yorkers to Spend Tonight Under Strict War Conditions.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., Nov. 18.—The first contingent of New York's former National Guard will creep into the trenches tomorrow night to get acquainted with conditions which are to be a part of their daily life at some future time. Scheduled to spend twelve hours of watchfulness in the trenches, about 2,000 men from the 105th Infantry will be under the strictest sort of discipline.

At 6:45 o'clock the First and Second Battalions of the 105th will be instructed to prepare for trench duty. Allowing them fifteen minutes in which to get ready, the soldiers will march from their regimental site over the trenches built into the sides of three small hills. Sentry lines will be established, and no officers or men without special permits from Brig. Gen. Phillips will be allowed anywhere near the "front."

The soldiers will be required to crawl forward on the entrances to the communicating trenches. A few will be stationed in the third line of ditches, more will drop down into the second line, while the majority will settle into the first line. The trenches are of regulation dimensions, with rests for rifle firing and many single and double machine gun emplacements. No machine guns, however, will go into action tomorrow night.

Major Arthur L. Howe, signal officer, will be in charge of communications and he has installed an intricate system of telegraph and telephone lines. Because every man will be working as though he were under heavy fire, all orders will be transmitted over the wires.

Catholic Church Dedicated.

The Catholic Church of St. Nicholas of Tolentine, at Flushing Avenue and Union Turnpike, Flushing, was dedicated yesterday as the only church conducted by the Augustinian Fathers of Philadelphia in the Long Island diocese. Rev. Father Charles M. Driscoll, provincial, celebrated solemn high mass. Mishop McDonnell of Brooklyn presided and Father John F. Kennedy, the rector, entertained a large party of Catholic clergymen after the ceremony.

HOPE AMERICA WILL AID GREEKS IN ASIA MINOR

Minister Roussos Declares That Oppressed People Place Reliance in This Nation.

First-hand stories of the sufferings of the Greek population of Asia Minor under Turkish persecution, a fervent tribute to the works of American philanthropy among the nations suffering by the war, and a veiled intimation by G. Roussos, the Greek Minister to the United States, that the Greeks subjected to Turkey expected the influence of this country to be used for their reunion with their fellow countrymen, were the features of a mass meeting held yesterday afternoon at the Amsterdam Opera House by the Relief Committee for Greeks in Asia Minor. It was the first public gathering brought together by this organization; and about $1,000 was subscribed in cash and several thousand more in pledges.

Mr. Roussos had praised the works of American benevolence, and told of the pathetic reliance placed on America for alleviation of the sufferings of the Greeks under Turkish rule. "But are you going to stop at relief?" he asked. "I hope not, because if this were the only object of your program it would be better to let them end their lives of misery and martyrdom. It would not be human to allow them to live under such an odious yoke in future.

"The loud voice of the United States, when, entering the war, she promised liberty to all the oppressed nationalities, reached them, breaking through the distant spaces. They have heard in the depths of these distant lands the noble and generous voice of your country. They believe in America as their redeemer, and their sufferings seem to them much lighter because they are confident in the outcome of this world-wide war, and in the promise made by the United States.

"When the day of victory shall arise, America will hear from those distant countries the voices of all these martyrs imploring the Almighty for the prosperity and greatness of the United States, who by their unselfish intervention will secure liberty to the world."

Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman, President of Cornell University and Honorary Chairman of the Committee, who was Minister to Greece from this country during the Balkan wars, presided. He referred to Eleutherios Venizelos as "the greatest modern statesman," and praised the ideals of Greek foreign policy in both of the conflicts which preceded the war of 1914.

Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey, told of the treatment of Greeks, Armenians, and other subject nationalities by the Turks, and said that the death from starvation of many of the Christian population who had been deported and maltreated was inevitable unless relief were speedily sent.

Mr. Roussos said that before the war influential Greeks of Asia Minor occasionally disappeared without leaving a trace, but that since the war began a general extermination had been decided on by the Turkish authorities.

SAYS HILLQUIT GOT BIG REPUBLICAN VOTE

More Than 100,000, According to Analysis by Democratic National Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—In the late election the Democrats gained two seats in the House of Representatives. The gains were made in North Dakota and Pennsylvania. John M. Baer, a former Democratic Postmaster, elected as a nonpartisan from Dakota, is claimed by the majority as being a Democrat. He has nearly always voted with that party. In Pennsylvania W. H. Beshlin, Democrat, was elected to succeed a Republican, who retired after entering a plea of nolo contendere to an indictment for violation of the Federal election laws.

Discussing the political complexion of the country, based upon the recent elections, a statement issued by the Democratic National Committee today says:

"The reversal in the Pennsylvania district was the most significant of any of the results in the Congressional elections on Nov. 6. In this district of the Keystone State a year ago a Republican was elected to Congress by a majority of 4,000. In the recent election Beshlin, the Democrat, won by more than 2,000, a change in twelve months of 6,000 votes.

"There have been seven Congressional elections since the general election of November, 1916, when President Wilson was re-elected. Six of these elections were held in districts that have usually elected Republicans. The seventh occurred in the Fifteenth District of New York City, where a Democrat was returned.

"The six Republican districts were the First New Hampshire, Sixth Indiana, First North Dakota, Twenty-eighth Pennsylvania, Fourth Connecticut, and Sixth Massachusetts.

"In the First New Hampshire District, formerly represented by the late Republican 'warhorse,' Cy Sulloway, the Democrats reduced the normal Republican majority by nearly 1,000 votes.

"In the Sixth Indiana, Republicans elected one of their number, Representative Richard W. Elliott, to succeed Representative Comstock, Republican, deceased.

"The strongly Republican districts in Connecticut and Massachusetts voted true to form, and elected Republicans to the vacancies. Democrats likewise maintained their supremacy in the Fifteenth, New York District, where Tom Smith, Secretary of Tammany Hall, was elected to succeed the late Representative Conry.

"In none of the districts where the special elections were held was there any indication of a falling off in the Democratic strength. The First North Dakota and the Twenty-eighth Pennsylvania Districts disclosed disaffection in the Republican ranks.

"The reversals in the North Dakota and Pennsylvania districts are all the more marked when it is considered that the combined majorities in the six Republican districts where vacancies occurred were 32,874 a year ago.

"Even more significant as an indication of decreasing Republican strength is the result in the recent Mayoralty election in Greater New York. There has been much speculation as to the source from which Morris Hillquit, the Socialist candidate, obtained his increased vote in the New York Mayoralty fight. A comparison of the Mayoralty vote with the Presidential vote of 1916 makes it evident that Hillquit gained many of his supporters from the Republican Party.

"In 1916 the total vote of the five counties in Greater New York for President was 697,431, of which Wilson received 351,312, Hughes 311,974, and Benson, Socialist, 31,787. The total vote for Mayor in 1917, according to published tables, was 642,445, or a trifle over 92 per cent. of the total vote in 1916. Hylan received 297,282. If he had received 92 per cent. of the Wilson vote he would have had 323,611. Mitchel received 149,307, Hillquit 142,178, and Bennett 53,678. Hillquit's vote represented an increase of 110,391 over the Socialist vote for President in 1916. Even though it be assumed that Hillquit received 10,000 of the unaccounted for portion of the Democratic vote not cast for Hylan, it is evident that over 100,000 of the Hillquit vote must have been cast for Hughes a year ago—31 per cent. of the Hughes vote in Greater New York.

"Viewing the New York vote from another angle, it is apparent that the Hughes vote disintegrated into the Mitchel, Bennett and Hillquit camps. Even if the total vote for Mitchel and Bennett be combined, ignoring the undoubted fact that Mitchel must have received many Democratic votes, the united strength of these two candidates amounts to only about 203,000, or 108,000 less than the Hughes vote. The greater portion of the Hillquit vote came from former Republicans. There can be no question as to this, by whatever process the vote may be analyzed."

SUGGESTS A FARM FOR EVERY SOLDIER

Senator Harding Wants Them to Have Land When They Return from the War.

VAST TRACTS AVAILABLE

Ohian Says It Is the Duty of the Government to Prepare the Way for the Men to Get Homes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—That every United States soldier, when he returns from the war, should have an opportunity to become the owner of a farm is a principle enunciated here today by Senator Warren G. Harding of Ohio. That providing land for these men who have served the nation be only a part of a well-laid plan for converting the greatest possible number of citizens into productive farm owners is further urged. Senator Harding believes that the Government can no longer avoid action on the vital and fundamental problem of proper land distribution, and that action will be forced by the frame of mind that will grow out of the war.

"Every thoughtful man realizes," said Senator Harding, "that the proper distribution of the land is the very basis of national well being. The land should, as far as possible, be in the possession and ownership of the men who work it. A nation of owners of small farms which support sturdy families is the ideal. The magnificence of France when the supreme test came has been largely due to the sturdy folk of her farms. These were the people who paid the price of the loss of the Franco-Prussian war. They have been the saviors of France in many emergencies. But for the solution of the land question and its division into small tracts in the ownership of the people France would probably have ceased to exist before this.

"In the United States the drift of the people to the cities, the drift of farms into operation by tenant farmers, into ownership in large acreage by absent landlords, has been recognized as a dangerous tendency of the times. The stress has not been such in the past that action has been forced. But out of the war will grow many new demands from the people. The man on the street will appreciate his rights more clearly and will be more ready to demand them. Among his most probable demands will be his right to the land. The quicker and stronger he makes that demand, the better for the nation.

"Wise is the nation which sees the coming of such a demand and meets it before it becomes a menace. Wiser is the nation which inaugurates those reforms that are in the interest of its well being even before they are demanded.

500,000,000 Acres Available.

"The situation in the United States today is about this: Vast quantities of good farming land near the best markets in the world are not cultivated. In New England there are 30,000,000 acres of unused land that might be growing crops. New England is discovering that one great industrial plant after another is moving West, establishing itself in Ohio or Missouri or Illinois. New England has been asking why, and has found that manufacturers believe they can produce more cheaply if they are nearer the regions where food and raw materials are produced. New England, to hold her factories, must get people on her farms.

"There are 35,000,000 acres in the Middle States that might be farmed, but which are lying idle. Much of this land is in the very outskirts of cities where food prices are high and the demand unlimited. In the Pacific Coast States there are 180,000,000 acres of unused but usable land. In all 500,000,000 acres or thereabouts is lying idle, to say nothing of that which is inadequately farmed.

"In the meantime the cities are full of people whose greatest ambition is to own a piece of this waste land and to convert it into productive homes. The mass of the foreigners in this country came from agricultural communities in Europe and would like to be on farms over here. They are allowed to become submerged in foreign sections of great cities, to be swallowed up in less wholesome activities and to be lost to this sort of beneficial productiveness.

Need Farm Training.

"There is no proper agency to bring these men and the land together. There is only the land agent, whose name has often become one of reproach. His sole object is to sell land for as much money as possible. His responsibility ends there. There is no agency that goes further, that establishes the man on the land, that makes him a success. Nobody takes any care to see that he buys land that will yield crops.

"Even if the man in the city gets good land and at a fair price, it is practically impossible for him to establish himself and make a success without guidance and co-operation. The machine is not built up that will convert him from a city-dwelling wage earner to an independent farmer. That is exactly the machinery that should be developed. The proper agency to supervise its development is the Government. The time is now.

"When the 2,000,000 men to be trained for the army come home there will be an unparalleled opportunity. These young men will be unattached. They will have been weaned away from their former tasks and associates. They will be wanting to strike a field for themselves. They should have the opportunity. The nation should prepare the way. Canvasses might be taken months ahead of the disbandment of the armies and preparations made in accordance with the returns. The lumber of cantonments might be utilized in making soldier homes upon the land."

RAILROADS SEEK SPECIAL WAR RATE

Continued from Page 1.

anxiety as to further advances in the cost of materials; the rising cost of labor is now the uncertain factor. Some railroad executives are of the opinion that, for the period of the war, Government regulation of wages as well as the cost of materials would help to stabilize the transportation industry. In England, where railroad earnings are guaranteed by the Government for the period of the war, the Government has granted a special war bonus of 15 shillings a week to all railroad employes and the employes' organizations have agreed to make no further demands of higher rates of pay. The English Government also has increased passenger rates 50 per cent.

It is understood that there has been some consideration to an increase in passenger fares on all Eastern railroads.

When Mr. Willard was before the commission he said that he would maintain his property, even though it forced him to reduce dividends. Even though the Eastern railroads stopped paying all dividends, the amount so saved would be only $128,000,000—a sum not very much in excess of the increases in wages that have been granted this year. Paul Warburg of the Federal Reserve Board, in his testimony on the credit situation before the commission on Friday, said that the passing of dividends would be a financial calamity. He pointed out that a number of roads, like the Erie, the New Haven, and Boston & Maine were not paying any dividends, and that, therefore, the roads most in need of relief would gain nothing by such a policy. He also said that the passing of dividends by such great systems as the Pennsylvania, the New York Central, and the Baltimore & Ohio would virtually destroy their credit and make their bonds illegal for savings bank investment.

WARN IRISH LEADERS AGAINST GERMAN PERIL

Lowell Branch of United Irish League Says Berlin Seeks to Make Catspaw of Erin.

LOWELL, Mass., Nov. 18.—German intrigue in Ireland was denounced in a manifesto adopted here tonight by the Lowell branch of the United Irish League and mailed to party leaders in Ireland.

"As loyal American citizens we are most deeply interested in the cause for which the United States has entered the war, and we are utterly and irrevocably opposed to any policy that might injure the United States or her Allies by giving aid and comfort to the enemy and thereby prolonging the war," says the manifesto.

After declaring the party's support of the Constitutional movement, the manifesto continues:

"As for any promises of independence for Ireland coming from Germany, with all our souls we denounce them as hypocritical and insincere, but equally to be spurned if they were sincere. Never in her history has Ireland been arrayed against human freedom, and she would be unworthy of freedom if she joined with the modern Attila. Germany is trying to make a catspaw of Ireland, and unfortunately some Irishmen are helping her horde of paid agents in that direction.

"The wrongs which England inflicted upon Ireland in past ages, and even the recent betrayal of Ireland and her leaders by Premier Asquith, followed by the brutal execution of the Sinn Fein leaders, can never be excused or forgotten, yet we would a thousand times rather have Ireland remain under England than to pass under the sway of Germany to suffer later on such barbarous infamies as were practiced upon Poland and Belgium."

SECURITY

Look at the Lost and Found column to see whether anyone is advertising for the recovery of their Liberty Bond. Almost every day, there are significant reminders of this sort to urge you to put *yours* in a safe deposit box in the

Mercantile Safe Deposit Co.

115 Broadway, New York

PERSHING VISITS GRAVES.

Interested In French Gratitude to the American Dead.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Saturday, Nov. 17, (by The Associated Press.)—General Pershing on a trip to the front visited the newly-made graves in which lie the bodies of the three victims of the recent trench raid. They are on a green hill, overlooking a small village.

General Pershing showed especial interest in the simple markers upon the graves, recording the name, company, and regiment of each of the Americans buried there, and in the wreath of native flowers hung within the inclosure, upon which had been placed, in French, the following inscription:

"Here lie the first soldiers of the great Republic of the United States, who died on the soil of France for justice and liberty, Nov. 3, 1917."

The Ageing process which Clysmic Ginger Ale undergoes is just one reason for its perfection in taste, tang and aroma.

Another is—it's made with Clysmic Spring Water, the universal table water of the banquet hall and the home.

Clysmic Ginger Ale

MADE AND BOTTLED BY CLYSMIC SPRING CO. WAUKESHA, WIS.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Main Floor 35th St. B'way.

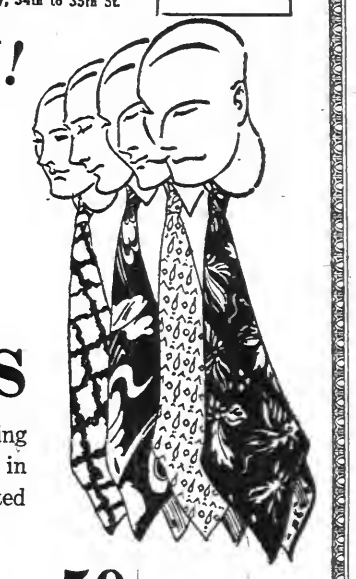
Macy's Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

Sale Begins Today 9 A. M.

LINE UP—MEN!

For This Sale of

10,000 Fine Cravats



Three distinct groups—each representing unusual quality and variety at its price. Made in a large open-end shape of good quality imported and American silks.

34c

Your choice of about fifty different patterns; one more attractive than the next—all of them in good taste. Striped, figured and scroll designs on dark grounds in the most desired fall and winter colorings.

59c

A carefully selected assortment of thousands of exceptional cravats in scroll, figures and other patterns in dark all-over effects. Neckwear that will appeal to men of discriminating taste—that will give them good wear.

$1.24

Of good quality imported and American silks. Rich satin brocades, two-toned effects, basket weaves, scrolls, figured Persian patterns, etc.—in colorings that are much in demand.

Stock Up Now for the Entire Season—Put Some Aside for Holiday Gift Purposes

GLOVES— THE Gift for a War Christmas

For HIM	For HER
Cape—unlined 2.00 2.50 3.00	**Cape**—unlined 2.00 2.50 2.75 3.75
Cape—lined 2.75 4.00 5.00	**Cape**—lined 2.00 2.50 4.00 5.00
Mocha—unlined 2.75 3.00	**Mocha**—unlined 2.50 2.75 4.00
Mocha—lined 4.00 5.00	**Mocha**—lined 3.50 (wool lining)
Chamois—unlined 3.00 (natural shade)	**Rawhide**—unlined 4.00
Rawhide—unlined 3.00 (Khaki shade)	**Buck**—unlined 3.00
Buck—unlined 3.50 5.00	**Suede**—unlined 2.25 2.75
Buck—lined 3.50 5.00 7.50	**Double Silk**—unlined 1.75
Suede—unlined 2.50	**Lambskin**—unlined 2.00
French Kid 2.50	**French Kid** Overseam 2.50 2.75 3.00 4.00
Horsehide—unlined 3.50 5.50	Pique sewn 2.75 3.50
Horsehide—lined 4.00 4.50 6.00 7.00	Mousquetaire 3.25 3.75 5.00 6.50
Reindeer—lined 8.50 (squirrel lining)	**Khaki Wool** 1.75 (strap wrist)
Khaki Wool 1.75 (strap-wrist)	**For Juniors** Tan Cape and Gray Mocha, wool lined gloves, 2.50
The Aviation Double Tan Cape or Gray Mocha, double lined, with pouch, 10.00	Gray and Brown Mocha, wool lined mittens, 1.50 and 1.75

Only 5 Saturdays before Christmas

Centemeri Gloves

400 Fifth Ave.

(Opposite Tiffany & Co.)

PROMISES STREETS NOW WILL IMPROVE

Public Service Official Declares That Conditions Have Passed Their Worst Point.

NO HOPE OF WINTER RELIEF

Two Months Set as Time for the Removal of Most of the Subway Obstructions.

If one wants a sympathetic audience let him go to any person whose business or home is in Seventh Avenue below Forty-second Street, or in Broadway above Thirty-fourth Street, or in any of a number of other districts in the city, and tell the story of the visiting Englishman who, after having been personally conducted by an American friend on a tour of New York, when asked his opinion of the place, replied: "New York will be a fine city when they get it finished."

Many persons who admit that they may some day be proud of the city's new subway system are now viewing with impatience the total or partial impassability of many of the streets and avenues where for weeks and months, in some cases years, contractors have been working upon subway construction. The citizens want the subways, but most of them apparently do not believe that their thoroughfare interests have been as carefully protected as they might have been and they are wondering when the streets will be free from obstructions.

A TIMES reporter went out last week to gather what facts he could relative to the condition of the streets, and, although he found the situation bad, he received this positive promise of improvement from James B. Walker, Secretary of the Public Service Commission:

"Street conditions are at their worst. From now on they will get better."

Mr. Walker predicted that within two months most of the thoroughfares would be open, and that many obstructions at present complained of would be removed much sooner. Mr. Walker said that the Seventh and Lexington Avenue subway lines would be open for operation between Jan. 1 and 15, and that the Broadway line would be running up to Thirty-fourth Street by Jan. 15 and up to Forty-second Street not long thereafter. The opening of the lines, he added, meant the opening of the streets above them also.

Although somewhat encouraged by Mr. Walker's statement, many persons to whom it was repeated realized that it really promised them another Winter with the difficulties of excavations and obstructions added to those of snow and ice—and they had hoped, until recently, that the coming of the elemental interference with traffic would find most of the structural interference removed.

Charge War with Responsibility.

The effort to learn who or what should be blamed for the present condition of the streets resulted in a general fixing of responsibility upon the war. The war, it was said by representatives of the Public Service Commission and the contractors, had produced a shortage of materials and of labor that had prevented the completion of subway construction upon schedule time, and the regulation of the work in the best interests of the public.

Seventh Avenue was mentioned as an example. After having been torn up for months while excavation for the subway was in process, this thoroughfare was found still to be obstructed seriously by piles of sand, paving stones, and gravel, by many large cable spools, by depressions and openings in the pavement, and by paraphernalia of all kinds left standing at the curb. When the contractors were asked why some of these obstructions could not be removed they replied that they would all be needed soon and that there was no other place than the street where they could be kept without ruinous expense. A representative of the Public Service Commission supported the contractors, saying that everything possible had been done to prevent the unnecessary delivery of material to the avenue and to hasten the removal of obstructions.

At the offices of the Public Service Commission it was said that there were 1,500 men employed in the engineering department of the commission who were alert to prevent needless street obstruction and to investigate complaints of property holders, with power to correct abuses by the contractors. It was maintained by both the commission and the contractors that these men were always "on the job" in the interest of the public.

In an effort to determine whether there was proper supervision of the unloading of sand, gravel, steel girders, and other materials, the reporter sought information concerning the practice followed by the contractors and learned that each gang foreman for whom a load of anything was delivered usually directed the placing of the load as near as possible to the point where he wanted to use it. When asked whether the average gang foreman might not be more interested in placing the load where it would suit him than in the convenience of the public, one contractor interviewed replied that the public was protected to a considerable extent by the regulation which prohibited interference with access to theatres, manholes, fire hydrants, and buildings at which vehicles frequently stopped. This regulation was observed, said the contractor, because violations usually resulted in complaints by property holders to the Public Service Commission, immediate orders from the commission for the removal of obstructions, and the disciplining of the negligent foremen by their employers, who were forced to unnecessary expense because of the removals. In addition, it was said that the activities of engineers from the Public Service Commission and the contractors' offices constituted adequate supervision. Some critics, however, believe they see in the system for unloading materials on the street, by which a great deal of responsibility is left with gang foremen, one of the causes of needless obstruction.

Acquits Subway Contractors.

Mr. Walker of the Public Service Commission would not charge any contractor in the city with undue negligence of the public's interest in closing streets with structural work or in obstructing them with materials and apparatus employed in work. He said that, making allowances for human shortcomings, he could give all of the contractors credit for co-operating with the commission in attempting to cause the public as little inconvenience as possible. The contractors, on their part, had only words of commendation for the commission, saying that the commission's engineers were always active on behalf of the public.

Some of the complaints of street conditions heard by the reporter came from persons who called attention to the fact that, while some streets were torn up or obstructed by subway work, other adjacent and parallel thoroughfares were torn up for repaving, with the result that congestion was increased. The most noticeable instance of this condition was pointed out as that of Broadway and Sixth Avenue for several blocks above Thirty-fourth Street, the former being affected by subway work and the latter by paving.

When an explanation was sought from the Bureau of Highways of the Borough President's office, which has charge of paving matters, it was said that one of the first rules of the department was that no street paralleling one not completely open to traffic should be closed for paving work except in cases of practical necessity. Sixth Avenue, it was said, had been subjected to the wear and tear of extraordinary traffic during the years of subway work on Seventh Avenue and the months of work on Broadway, until its pavement, which had not been replaced for sixteen years, had given way completely under the strain.

Conditions on Sixth Avenue had become so bad, it was insisted, that the thoroughfare was almost impassable and might as well be closed for a time while it was being repaved. If the work on Seventh Avenue had not been delayed so long beyond the time estimated for its completion, it was pointed out, Sixth Avenue would have been able to stand the traffic of both avenues until Seventh was restored to vehicles. The work on Sixth Avenue was being rushed and would be completed at the earliest possible moment, it was promised.

JOIN ZIONIST MOVEMENT.

Enlistment of Two Rothschilds Reported in London Dispatch.

The Jewish Morning Journal published the following yesterday as a special dispatch from London:

"At a reception held in Princess Hall, Piccadilly, London, given by Lord Rothschild, the head of the Rothschild family in England, in celebration of the official declaration by the British Government in favor of a Jewish home land in Palestine, Lord Rothschild announced that his younger brother, Charles, and Baron Edmund De Rothschild of Paris, head of the French branch of the Rothschild family, had joined the Zionist movement.

"The reception was attended by all the Zionist leaders in England as well as by prominent Jews and gentiles. One of the latter, a priest, presented Lord Rothschild with a handsome volume of suitable texts relating to the return of the Jews to Palestine.

"The prevailing opinion in well-informed Zionist circles in London is that Russia will urge the interallied conference, to be held soon in Paris, to give its approval to Zionism. The Armenian Consul in London congratulated the Zionist leaders on their excellent prospect of getting Palestine, and expressed a hope that the Jews would prove good neighbors.

"Lord Swaythling, Lucien Wolf, the publicist, who is the foreign editor of the London Daily Graphic, and Sir Philip Magnus, a Member of Parliament, formed a league of British Jews to combat the view that the Jews form a nation, as manifest by the Palestine declaration of the British Government. This league, however, expresses the readiness to facilitate the settlement of the Jews in Palestine.

"The German newspaper, Germania, organ of the German Catholic Party, urges the German Government to take steps against the alliance of Great Britain and the Zionists."

Despondent Widow Found Dead.

Mrs. Anna Maude Cummings, 48 years old, was found dead with a bullet wound in her temple yesterday afternoon in her apartment at 772 St. Nicholas Avenue, after the report of a revolver shot had brought others in the building to her room. On a table was a note saying that she could no longer bear her troubles. Mrs. Cummings had brooded over the fact that her husband, a retired lawyer, had suffered a paralytic stroke and was in a sanitarium in a helpless condition.

Railway Strike Call in Argentina.

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 18.—The Federation of Railway Employes announces that a strike will be called Tuesday on the Western and State railways.

DIET KITCHEN TO BE OPENED

Instructions Will Be Given In Solving Food Problems.

A new war conservation kitchen is to be opened at 305 West Thirteenth Street by Mrs. John Wood Stewart. The kitchen will be in charge of a professional dietitian and will be open to all who have food problems to solve. Mrs. Stewart, who is founder and President of the National Plant, Flower and Fruit Guild, will be at the kitchen much of the time to oversee the work. She has purchased two houses on Thirteenth Street and is having the upper floors of one of the houses remodeled into an apartment for herself and family.

The yards surrounding the houses will be turned into ideal garden plots.

The Plant, Flower and Fruit Guild will carry on its conservation work in the basement of one of the buildings. The dietitian will make her home here and there will be rooms where lectures will be given and others will be used for practical demonstrations. Jellies are now being made for the soldiers. In one of the dismantled houses, yesterday, hundreds of bushels of apples were being sorted for jelly, apple butter and other conserves. The Guild has already sent 2,000 jars of jelly to the soldiers in France and is to send more to the soldiers in camp hospitals at home.

Established 1723

FUR COATS
FUR SETS
FUR CAPES

Revillon Frères

5th Avenue at 53d Street

Don't be content with "middling-good" in your cigars when you can get *just the right proportions* of richness and mildness in—

JEAN VALJEAN CIGARS

"*Truly* a Cigar"

3 for 25c and Upward — DAVE SAGUI — Various Sizes and Shapes

Where Good Cigars Are Sold

FOREIGN LANGUAGES.

At no time has the desirability of acquiring foreign languages been more pronounced. Consult the instruction columns of The New York Times.—Advt.

THE FIRST SIGN

of financial standing is your name on a check. You will not be taken seriously until you have a bank account. We will accept your $500 balance.

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST COMPANY

160 Broadway, New York
44 Court Street, Brooklyn

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

A Very Important Offering Monday

Fashionable Winter Coats for Women, Special at $45

An exact duplicate of one of the most exquisite imported winter coats shown in New York this season. Developed in Bolivia Cloth, displaying large square collar of Nutria.

Handsomely lined throughout with Peau de Cygne and warmly interlined. Obtainable in Taupe, Brown, Green, Plum, Pekin or Black.

This is only one of many splendid coat values to be found at Saks' today.

We shall also offer today and Tuesday:

At $19.50

PEBBLE CHEVIOT COATS, and many others in Wool Velour, cleverly tailored. Lined throughout with Satin and interlined. Colors: Black, Navy Blue, Brown.

At $25

COATS OF WOOL VELOUR, Burella or Wool Velour, with large collar of Coney, Muskrat or self fabric. Half or full lined and interlined. All colors.

At $29.50—COATS OF BURELLA CLOTH, Wool Velour, Arcadian Lamb or Esquimette Plush, in several stunning models. Beautifully trimmed with Natural Raccoon, Skunk-Opossum, Muskrat, Moufflon or Coney.

At $39.50

VERY MODISH COATS of Broadcloth Wool Velour, Salt's Sealette, Esquimette, Plush or Arcadian Lamb. Trimmed with Nutria, Hudson Seal, Skunk-Raccoon, Muskrat or self fabric. Lined throughout with Peau de Cygne and warmly interlined.

At $50

FASHIONABLE COATS in almost every modish material and coloring, luxuriously trimmed with the most wanted furs. Lined throughout with Peau de Cygne and interlined. All colors and sizes.

At $60—A MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION OF COATS in the most individual models introduced this season, beautifully fashioned of Bolivia, "Doe Skin," or Wool Velour, trimmed with the wanted furs. Handsomely lined and interlined. All colors.

A Sale of Women's New Winter Boots at $10

For dress or street wear, these fine boots are the best shown this season, and are offered at this very special price. Made with turn soles and Louis XV heels, cut on long, slender lines, with high arch. Obtainable in these ten new colors in fine kidskin.

White, Seal Brown, Beaver Brown, Navy Blue, Slate Grey, Green, Champagne, Canary, Mustard, and Purple.

Compare these shoes with any others at this price. They are without a parallel in Greater New York.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

We shall offer on the Fourth Floor today

Most Extraordinary Values in

Women's Fashionable Dresses

At Greatly Reduced Prices

Sample garments from a leading maker and high-grade frocks from regular stock at prices which are much below regular.

Serge and Satin Dresses at $12.50

Fashioned of All Wool Serge, exceptionally well made and tailored. Also small lots of afternoon frocks in Satin or Meteor reduced from $18.50 and $20.

Dainty Charmeuse Dresses at $15

Regularly $25 and $29.50

For afternoon use, fashioned of fine quality Charmeuse or Satin trimmed with braid or embroidery. Many in combination with Georgette Crepe.

Smart Serge Dresses at $15

Regularly $25

Well tailored dresses of All Wool Botany Serge or Wool Velour, with draped or plaited skirts.

Velveteen, Charmeuse or Satin Afternoon Dresses, $18.50

Regularly $29.50

Stunning frocks of Satin and Charmeuse combined with Georgette Crepe, trimmed with embroidery; also Twill-back Velveteen dresses in smart tailored effects, some fur-trimmed.

Dressy Afternoon Frocks at $25

Regularly $45 to $49.50

Bead-trimmed Georgette Crepe and Satin dresses, and most exquisite frocks of Chiffon Velvet, suitable for afternoon, matinee, or card parties.

Three Special Groups of

Women's Winter Suits

Formerly $29.50 to $69

Reduced to $22.50 $32 $42.50

These are all unusually beautiful models, tailored with that care characteristic only of the highest-priced custom-tailored suits. Fancy tailored, plain tailleur and sport effects, all beautifully lined and interlined.

Look them over—the values are nothing short of extraordinary!

Fourth Floor.

Of Marked Importance Today

Misses' Practical and Dressy Coats, at $39.50

The very newest tucked, pleated and belted models, fashioned of Wool Velour, with large collar of Near Seal, Nutria, or Coney. Beautifully lined with Peau de Cygne and heavily interlined. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' Winter Suits Reduced to $18.50 and $24

Dressy models, and very smart tailored suits, fashioned of Broadcloth, Wool Velour, Heather Mixtures or Burella, in all wanted street shades. Coats are lined and interlined. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

An Offering of Extraordinary Importance

Two Stunning Winter Blouses at $3.95

We picture at left two of the season's most cleverly styled Winter Blouses. One in Washable Satin with slashed pointed collar and cuffs hand-embroidered with self-color floss—outlined with Black floss.

The other is a beautiful Georgette Crepe Blouse, tastefully hand-embroidered with silk floss and embellished with crystal beading.

$3.95

Smart Blouses in Extra Sizes

The woman of extra size will be delighted with these wonderful blouses especially designed for her, now assembled in the Saks Blouse Department. Sizes range from 46 to 52 bust, and the prices from $5 to $18.

Hand-Beaded Bags, Special at $22.50

In the new and very modish covered frame model, now selling around town at much higher cost. The beautiful colorings and original designs will be readily appreciated by the woman of Fashion. One model *illustrated.*

An Unusually Smart Coiffure

Gives dash, style and touch of youthfulness to your entire appearance. It is easy to becomingly arrange your hair with one of our handsome switches mounted on three separate stems. **Priced for Today only, $4.95.**

Fashionable Fur Coats

in new and exclusive Saks models, today at very modest prices.

Hudson Seal Coats in new 45-inch belted model. Made of selected skins.....**$137.50**

Hudson Seal Coats with large Skunk collar, or Jap. Mink collar and cuffs.....**$135.00**

Hudson Seal Coats in exquisite and very attractive 48-inch model **$175.00**

Hudson Seal Coats in short models. Ideal for misses and small women.....**$85** to **$195**

Natural Muskrat Coats in 45-inch model. Made of the much-desired dark skins.....**$82.50**

New Skunk Scarfs.....**$32.50**
Skunk Muffs to match.....**$22.50**
Hudson Seal Stoles—two yards long.....**$35.00**
Hudson Seal Muffs.....**$12.50**

A Special Demonstration of New Binner Corsets

is now being held in the Saks' Corset Department. All the new models are on sale, made of the most exquisite materials and trimmings, and in a number of delicate colorings. Miss K. Mara will gladly give advice as to the particular model best suited to your individual requirements. Special attention given to those requiring extra sizes.

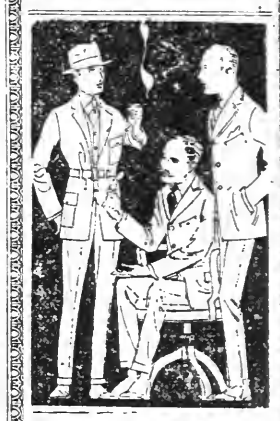
Prices $5 to $16.50

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.



Styles for Men of Every Type

To get them we have called upon America's leading clothes makers — choosing from their lines styles which we knew would meet with the tastes of the men of the Metropolitan Section. In addition, quality for quality, they are priced much lower than clothes you will find elsewhere.

Men's Suits At $24.75

such as we are showing this Fall are tailored of all-wool fabrics in ultra extreme, ultra conservative and in-between styles. Even if wearing quality were their only good point they would be a goodin-vestment at this price.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway, Front.

Wool Socks, 59c

Full-fashioned, medium weight, black with gray merino heels and toes. Reinforced heels, soles and toes.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Sweaters at Savings

All Worsted Heavy Weight, V-neck, coat style, full-fashioned with two pockets. Colors include light gray, Oxford, navy and maroon, also black and white. $7.39.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Centre.

Typewriter Ribbons at Real Savings

The office manager who makes good knows that little economies pave the way to big earnings. We suggest that he stock up on typewriter ribbons here—ribbons that have all the wearing quality and service that you will find in those offered elsewhere at higher prices.

Record Ribbons	47c
Copy Ribbons	54c

Macy's On a Merchandise Way

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Rear.

Fur-Lined Coats, For Men, $61.50 to $396.00

A good assortment of well tailored garments, in a conservative model, with shells of dark Oxford or black kersey, and lined with carefully selected and well matched skins, with shawl collars of various furs—too numerous to mention here.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St.

How to Reach the Men's Departments

Coming in at the Broadway and 35th St. entrance, you will find all the men's departments right at hand. On the Main Floor: Men's Furnishings, Umbrellas, Hats, Hosiery, Underwear, Books and Stationery.

On the Fifth Floor, quickly reached by elevator: Clothing, Sporting Goods, Motor Goods, Cameras and Cigars.

ESTABLISHED 1847
PARIS - 13 Rue de la Paix
LONDON 175 New Bond St.

Messrs.
CARTIER

beg to inform their patrons that they will gladly receive cash deposits to be transferred to their Paris or London houses enabling friends fighting in Europe to select their gifts personally

653 Fifth Ave.
at 52nd St.

Fast Edge Knit Cloth
for
SPIRAL PUTTEES
Equal to the Imported Cloth
Carbondale Mills, Inc.
230 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
Mills: Carbondale, Pa., Hawley, Pa.
'Phone 1308 Madison Square.

Cost
of glove leather has gone up enormously . . . Hence these points are worth remembering:
1. Buy good gloves—for true economy.
2. Buy genuine "Capes", for greatest durability.
3. Buy gloves which you can wash.
Fownes Capes combine all these advantages, in addition to their celebrated style and perfect fit, so that if it's a
FOWNES
that's all you need to know about a GLOVE.

"Paris in New York"
Café des Beaux-Arts
80 W. 40th St.
Dinner & Supper Dances
With AYDA & SENOR ARROZ

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

TRIAL BEGINS TODAY OF MRS. DE SAULLES

Young Woman Who Killed Divorced Husband at His Home on Aug. 3 Will Plead Insanity.

GREAT INTEREST IN CASE

Justice Manning Refuses to Reserve Seats and Warns Against Knitting and Cameras.

The trial of Mrs. Blanca de Saulles for the murder of her divorced husband, John Longer de Saulles, former Yale football star and politician, will begin this morning at 10 o'clock in the courtroom of Supreme Court Justice Manning at Mineola, L. I.

One hundred and fifty men have been called from among whom to select a jury. Because of the wide publicity given to the case, great care will be exercised in the selection of the jury, especially on the part of District Attorney Charles R. Weeks. If the jury is completed today, however, it is expected that the trial will not last beyond the present week, because the issues are comparatively simple. There is no dispute regarding the fact that Mrs. de Saulles shot her husband to death and little conflict as to the manner in which she did it.

The prisoner can well set up a defense of insanity. The foundation has been laid for a partial assertion of self-defense in the statement of the maid of Mrs. de Saulles, who saw the killing, that the husband looked as if he was about to attack her.

But the real defense, as has been admitted by Henry A. Uterhart, counsel for Mrs. de Saulles, will be that she was driven to desperation by the fear that her husband was poisoning the mind of their child against her, and would supplant her in his affections. After hearing for the first time the young woman's recital of how she had been brought from her home in Chile to a land of strangers, neglected for other women, and then threatened with the loss of her child, the lawyer said: "If I fail to acquit this young woman I will give up my license to practice law."

Unacquainted with Our Laws.

One plea which was effectively used in the Josephine Terranova case, though it bears no resemblance in other particulars to this trial, was the argument to the jury that the young woman could not justly be credited with the full responsibility for her act for the reason that she was brought up in another country, with different laws and customs, and had not the friends in this country or the knowledge of American institutions, which would enable her to obtain redress in a lawful manner.

One of the interesting questions, which has not been cleared up, but which will probably become an important issue in the trial, is how it happened that John L. de Saulles, though his guilt was established at the divorce trial, was granted an equal or greater interest and share in the custody of the child than was allowed to the mother, whose innocence was not called in question. It has been asserted on behalf of the relatives of the late John L. de Saulles that the young woman agreed to these unusual terms, but this has been emphatically denied by Mrs. de Saulles herself, who insisted that she was not a willing party to any such stipulation.

While this and other things caused the bitterness of the younger woman toward her divorced husband, the act itself was prompted, it will be alleged, by the fact that Mrs. de Saulles believed that her husband had broken his word and had kept the boy from her during a period when the child should have been in her possession, according to their agreement. It has been asserted by counsel for the young woman that she went to de Saulles' country home, The Box, near the Meadowbrook Club on Aug. 3, with no purpose beyond that of obtaining possession of the boy, and that the alleged rudeness and deception with which she was received caused her on the impulse of the moment to shoot. Various other circumstances have been alleged to prove lack of premeditation.

District Attorney Weeks, who has a record in Nassau County as an unrelenting and effective prosecutor, insists that he can see nothing in the case but deliberate, cold-blooded murder. He will be assisted in the prosecution by Charles L. Wood and Elvin N. Edwards, attached to his office. Mr. Uterhart will be assisted by Judge Lewis J. Smith, who prosecuted Mrs. Carman in the same Court House.

Assurances of Decorum.

Supreme Court Justice Manning, who presides at the trial, is a believer in the strictest decorum in the courtroom, and has taken steps to insure a neutral and judicial courtroom atmosphere. A warning has been issued to the public against the slightest infringement of courtroom etiquette at the trial, with special admonitions against knitting and the use of cameras. Because of the limited seating capacity and the wide public interest, the Clerk of the Court has issued tickets to newspaper men and others with business in the court. The remaining 175 seats will be open to the public, first come, first served. Many applications for reserved seats were made, some by people prominent in society, who had been friendly to De Saulles, but it was ruled that none except those directly interested in the case should receive favor.

The four-and-a-half-year-old boy, for whose possession the mother committed the act for which she is on trial, will probably not be in the courtroom. He is at present with Mrs. Caroline Degner and Mrs. G. Maurice Heckscher, relatives of De Saullea. The family of De Saulles, so far as is known, has not interested itself in the prosecution, although Charles de Saulles, a brother of the dead man, engaged counsel a few days after the killing to protect his brother's name. The District Attorney will not be assisted by counsel engaged by the family.

Mrs. de Saulles will be accompanied in court by her mother, Mme. Errazuriz-Vergara of Santiago, Chile, who came here on the first steamer leaving Chile after the arrest of her daughter.

CHARITY NEEDED AT HOME.

Organization Society, Mr. De Forest Urges, Requires Support Now.

Robert W. de Forest, President of the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street, in a statement given out yesterday, urged the people of this city not to neglect the needs of social work here in making sacrifices demanded by the war. Whatever economies that could be made without impairing its helpfulness have been effected by the society, Mr. de Forest said, but many families seeking its assistance were beginning to suffer because of the rise in prices.

"Under the care of the society last year were 6,326 families, which were so handicapped as to be unable to take advantage of the general demand for labor," added Mr. de Forest, "and a valuable national service is being performed in working to reorganize these households to make their members available for the ranks of industry. The Charity Organization Society is confident that the people of New York will make sacrifices, if need be, that those in distress at home may not suffer."

AID FOR RUMANIAN JEWS.

Their Countrymen in America to Send a Relief Commission.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Dispatch of a commission of prominent American Jews to Rumania to direct relief work for the Jewish population of that country is planned by the American Union of Rumanian Jews. In making this announcement tonight the union said:

"The plight of the Jews in Rumania at the present time is perhaps worse than that of any other people in the war zone. It not only is a question of money that should be sent to them, but also food and clothing."

ALASKAN STEAMER LOST.

All of the Mariposa's 265 Passengers Reported Saved.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—The Alaska Steamship Company's steamer Mariposa, one of the finest vessels on the Alaska route, was wrecked on Straits Island, Summer Sound, Southeastern Alaska, Sunday, according to advices received tonight by the Chamber of Commerce here.

It was said that all of the ship's 265 passengers were landed safely.

Japanese "Invention" Old Here.

Commenting on the Washington dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday, to the effect that two Japanese had invented a method by which communication could be freely made between an ordinary telephone wire system and a wireless system, Professor M. I. Pupin of Columbia University and Colonel John J. Carty, chief engineer of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company pointed out that a similar invention had been made by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company several years ago, and that a year ago President Theodore N. Vail of the company talked from New York to Mare's Island by means of an ordinary long-distance telephone which was hooked up to a radio apparatus at Arlington.

Chauffeurs Needed for Army Now.

In connection with recruiting for the Quartermaster Corps an appeal was sent out yesterday for volunteer chauffeurs for immediate service. Men capable of handling and caring for Army trucks are urgently needed. All enlistments are made in the grade of private, recruiting officers said, but men who prove their ability can be assured of promotion. Applications should be made in person at 357 Broadway, between Leonard and Franklin Streets.

Cafe Savarin
EQUITABLE BLDG., 120 BROADWAY
Open for Breakfast After 8 A. M.
LUNCHEON SPECIALTIES
Ready at 11:30 A. M.
Luncheon specialties (ready dishes) are served in all of the Savarin Restaurants, including the Ladies' Restaurant.
DINNER IS SERVED
Until 9 P. M.
Only entrance to Cafe Savarin after 7 P. M. is by the Broadway entrance of Equitable Building and Savarin private entrance on Pine St.

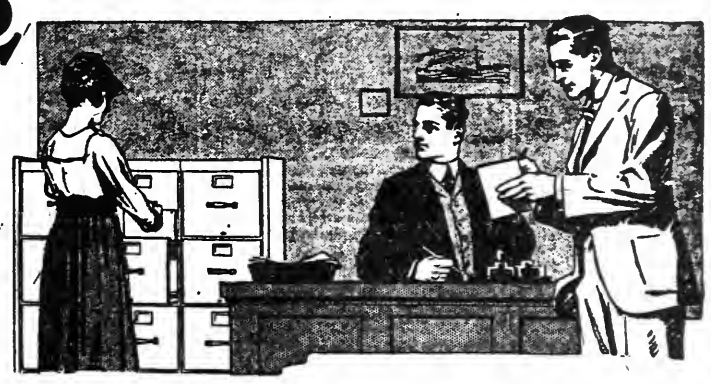
Half Price Sale of Fine China
AN extremely fortunate purchase of imported china enables us to announce a sale of remarkable opportunity. Ovington's policy is to carry in stock only china made expressly for or imported by Ovington's. And that is why we are closing out so rapidly this complete shipment—bearing the name of Richard Briggs & Company, the exclusive Boston dealers for whom it was imported—purchased at a 50% reduction. Come today while the selection is greatest and take advantage of prices that are exactly half the usual figures.
OVINGTON'S
312-314 Fifth Avenue, New York

McGIBBON & CO.
Table Linens for Family and Guests.
Towels, many, for every use wanted.
Linen Sheets and Pillow Cases—all sizes.
Lace Curtains and Dainty Bed Sets.
Easy Chairs, Library Tables and Novelty Lamps.
Oriental and American Rugs and Carpets.
These all offered this month NOVEMBER with Special Benefit of
10 Per Cent Discount
from Lowest Prices.
37th St. West, Near Fifth Ave.

The Note of Distinction at the Hampton Shops
THE charm of the unusual at the Hampton Shops brings you under its spell the moment you step across the threshold into the lofty and dignified Entrance Hall.
It is to be accounted for by the fact that even the famous Hampton Reproductions, preserving as they do the very savor of old world Romance, are here regarded as merely incidental to some large and well matured scheme.
It is the intuitive sense of the varying personality of all that goes to make the perfect room, the ability to design harmonious settings, and the subtle skill in arrangement, that have made the Hampton Shops supreme masters of all included in that ofttime mis-used term—Interior Decoration.
Hampton Shops
18 East 50th Street
facing St. Patrick's Cathedral
New York
Decoration Textiles Furniture

Southern Pacific Lines

Motoring In Wonderland
Where the rugged grandeur of massive buttes and vast canyons may be enjoyed on a delightful auto trip over America's Oldest Highway—
THE APACHE TRAIL
See Arizona's ancient cliff dwellings and the remarkable Roosevelt Dam as a fascinating diversion on your way to California via the
SUNSET ROUTE
Sleepers direct to the Trail in connection with the Sunset Limited.
In its decision in a recent rate case the Interstate Commerce Commission said:
"The carriers were clearly within their rights in bringing these matters to our attention when they did . . . Their action is an added evidence of the farsightedness and sense of responsibility in the performance of their duties toward the public with which so many of their officials are managing and administering the affairs of their respective properties." Ask the
SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES
for literature on THE APACHE TRAIL OF ARIZONA
1158 Broadway at 27th St. 366 Broadway at Franklin St. 33 Broadway near Wall St.

B

"Miss Wilson—John Barrett's order, *quick!*"
Miss Wilson may be nimble-fingered—but the speed which produces the Barrett order depends on the files.
It is only a matter of *seconds* with the Library Bureau Automatic Index. Because this filing method is—
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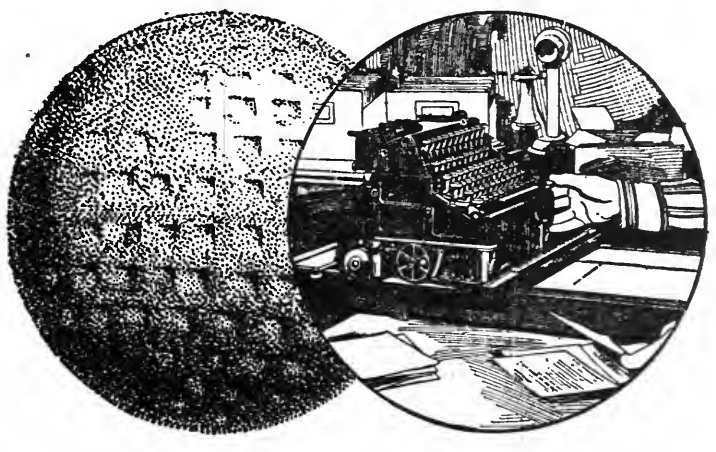
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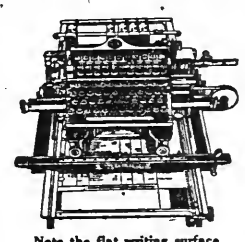
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MICHIGAN ELEVEN LACKS OPEN GAME

Wolverines Had No Varied Attack to Overcome Penn's Stubborn Defense.

FEW TEAMS OF HIGH RATING

Football of 1917 Provides Little of Lustre Found in Seasons of the Past.

As far as general interest goes in an unsettled football season, such as the one now drawing to a close, no game on the Eastern gridiron came in for more attention than the Pennsylvania-Michigan contest Saturday True, Penn is not the best team in the East, by any means, nor is Michigan the best in the West, but Pennsylvania is an excellent example of the development of an eleven under adverse conditions From a 41 to 0 defeat early in the season by Georgia Tech, Penn has kept everlastingly at it until Coach Bob Folwell has turned out a team which has done remarkably well under conditions which call for military drill, no training table, no early season practice, shorter practice hours, and limited coaching

Michigan, of course, had to work under much the same handicap. The Maize and Blue captain, Smith, is in the service of Uncle Sam, and no player was elected to succeed him, as was the case at Brown when the captain-elect, Mark Farnum, joined the colors. Both Smith and Farnum will live in the college records as the leaders of the 1917 elevens at Michigan and Brown. Fielding Yost met with great success with the green eleven which he built up, but like other Western elevens in the past, the Michigan team was over-rated. It was not as good a team as advance reports made it.

Michigan went onto Franklin Field a decided favorite over Penn, but when the elevens clashed it was easily seen that the Wolverines were not as good as the Quakers. The loss of Weston was a heavy one to Michigan, but it was no harder blow than the loss of Straus to Penn. The fight on the field between these two players was the most flagrant outburst of its kind that has been seen in an important game in a long time. Umpire Dave Fultz's prompt measure of discipline in disqualifying the players put a quick stop to the slugging.

The two first downs which Michigan made in the game came in the first period, when Weston was the leading spirit of the rushing. However, four successive first downs by Penn came in that same period, with Straus leading the attack.

Michigan Lacked Versatility.

Michigan has nothing in the way of open game tactics. It relied on old line-smashing plays to gain, which did not work out against a fighting line such as Penn had. The Wolverines' attack was always apparent, never tricky or never cleverly executed. They could not use the forward pass at all. The shift plays and fake formations of Penn were simple enough tactics but Michigan failed to diagnose them.

There was some good football and much bad football in the Michigan-Penn clash. In fact, it has been much that way in all the games this season. None of the elevens have the finish of the best teams of past seasons. They lack that polish which comes from constant expert coaching. Under the war conditions, the best teams are probably better than was expected but they are far from being high-class gridiron machines.

It was the spirit and the aggressiveness of Penn rather than superior football knowledge which carried it to victory. It happened to be one of the temperamental Howard Berry's good days. The conditions under which he kicked two of his three field goals were very favorable and the other kick was a beauty from a difficult angle. But Penn's scoring processes this season have been neither consistent nor reliable. The chief asset of the eleven is its fine defense. The work of Wray at centre, of Maynard and Thomas, the tackles, of Miller and Van Ginkel, the ends, and of Light the half back, in stopping the Michigan backs with deadly tackling, was defensive football of high order.

Dartmouth's downfall in the game with Tufts was a great surprise, because, after the stiff fight that the Hanover boys gave Penn, it looked as if the Green would have no trouble with Tufts, which a few weeks ago was beaten 58 to 0 by Syracuse. One explanation of the Green's tumble is that the team was all used up after the Penn ordeal and had nothing in reserve. Early in the season the Brown-Dartmouth struggle, which is to be played next Saturday, gave promise of being one of the best contests of the season, but much of the lustre has been stripped from the game because both teams have suffered decisive defeats.

Colgate Loses Prestige.

Colgate is another team which has gone stale after a good beginning. Syracuse gave the Hamilton eleven a bad drubbing, and Colgate's crack backfield, which was ranked as one of the best last season, has been effectively subdued this year.

Annapolis ended the season by running up their largest score of the year against Villanova. The Navy eleven, under Dobie's coaching, has developed into an unusually fast and powerful team. An effort is being made by the Navy officials to arrange a game for Saturday. The Army, with Oliphant doing most of the work, easily defeated Lebanon Valley, and it has one more game to play with Brickley's Boston College team.

Cornell's chances against Penn on Thanksgiving Day have faded into oblivion, for there seems to be little hope of a revival at Ithaca after being defeated by Fordham so badly Saturday. Fordham had its open game working beautifully, and the forward passes were more than Cornell bargained for. Cornell has had one of the worst seasons in football history, having been defeated four times.

Williams finished the season, for the first time, without a defeat. The great work of Boynton, the Williams quarterback, figured conspicuously in the defeat of Amherst. Williams has gone through the season without a defeat, one no score tie game being played with Wesleyan.

The two best elevens of the year, Georgia Tech and Pittsburgh, disposed of easy opponents. Georgia Tech ran up the high score of 98 to 0 against Carlisle, which is the worst beating the Indians have suffered this season. Pitt toppled over Carnegie Tech by 27 to 0. There is no question about Pitt having the greatest of the eastern elevens, but it would seem that the question of superiority between the Panthers and Georgia must remain unsolved.

Yale Freshmen in Van.

The question of gridiron supremacy among Harvard, Yale, and Princeton this season appears again to rest with Yale. The freshman elevens are furnishing the only competition between these institutions this year, and on Saturday the Yale cubs went to Cambridge and gave Harvard's promising team a severe spanking by 14 to 0. After Harvard's decisive defeat of the Princeton freshmen a week ago by 24 to 0 it was believed that the Crimson would give Yale much trouble, but after Yale's showing it looks as if the Princeton-Yale freshmen clash at New Haven Saturday would place Yale at the top of the "Big Three."

The Exeter-Andover game was one of the closest of the day. In the annual battle between these traditional rivals Exeter won 3 to 0. Harvard's informal eleven met a Tartar in Cupid Black's all stars in Newport, being defeated 14 to 0. The Yale informal eleven played its only game of the season at the Bowl with Trinity and had a hard job winning by a single touchdown. The Princeton informals had an easy time with Naval Reserves from Cape May, rolling up 41 points.

Sol Metzger's Washington and Jefferson eleven, another team which gave much promise during the season, was beaten by West Virginia, but, as in the case with Dartmouth, Washington and Jefferson expended all it had against Pitt a week ago and probably had not fully recovered from the shock. Among the soldier elevens Camp Dix, captained by Huntington, the former Colgate All-America quarterback, easily defeated Percy Haughton's Camp Devens team.

New York will have a chance to see the soldier elevens in action Saturday, when Camp Upton will play Camp Devens at the Polo Grounds, and Cupid Black's stars will play Rutgers at Ebbets Field.

SEASON ENDS AT HARVARD.

Players on Informal Eleven Will Join Naval Reserve Team.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Nov. 18.—Harvard's football season closed with Saturday's game, in which the 'Varsity was beaten at Newport and the Freshmen were taken into camp by the Yale Freshmen. However, several of the 'Varsity players will continue in the game. Among them are Captain Arnold Horween, the fullback, and Tom Woods, the right tackle Both are in the Naval Reserve, returning to college this Fall, as they are under draft age

Both players are expected to join Leo Leary's Charlestown Navy Yard team, which is now drilling for its big game, which will be played against "Cupid" Black's All-Stars in December. Wingate Rollins, the Harvard 'Varsity coach, who has been playing more or less football, is in the Naval Aviation Corps, and he also will be pressed into service for the Charlestown Navy team.

OHIO STATE TAKES TITLE.

Three Western Elevens in Race for Secondary Honors.

CHICAGO, Nov. 18.—With Ohio State in possession of the "Big Ten" football championship for the second consecutive season, Chicago, Illinois, and Minnesota, each with a defeat chalked up against it will fight it out next Saturday for secondary honors of the Western conference race.

The powerful Ohio eleven, with "Chick" Harley, All-American halfback, again its star, came through the championship schedule in accordance with early season predictions.

Minnesota displayed a surprising reversal of form in downing Chicago, 33 to 0. The defeat of the Maroons—the first of the year—was one of the upsets of the year.

TO RAISE AMBULANCE FUND.

Billiard Players Start Campaign to Collect $300,000.

The campaign among the billiard players of the United States to raise a $300,000 ambulance fund for the American Army has already begun operations in many parts of the country. Illinois has pledged $75,000 and Connecticut has set a mark of $25,000, which even now is well within the realm of possibility.

The billiard players of New York will meet for organization this evening at 8:30 o'clock at Thum's Billiard Academy, Thirty-first Street and Broadway.

The first ambulance was purchased yesterday and will soon be on exhibition here in New York.

ADMIRAL USHER SEES GAME.

Fort Slocum Eleven Defeats Pelham Naval Reserves, 13 to 0.

While prominent naval officials looked on, the Fort Slocum football eleven yesterday defeated the Naval Reserves of Pelham Bay at Travers Island by a score of 13 to 0. The game was well attended by representatives of both branches of the service, with the teams having their bands on hand to enliven the occasion, while the army eleven had its mule for a mascot and the navy team its goat. About 4,500 spectators witnessed the game, the majority being enlisted men.

Both teams had former college players. In the first half there was no score by either team. The army backfield showed up strongly in the last two quarters, mainly through the work of Pete Maxfield, the former Lafayette student, whose gridiron work at Mercersburg Academy is still remembered. Maxfield carried the ball over for the first army touchdown in the third quarter after a series of line plunges, and also kicked a goal. In the final quarter another Fort Slocum touchdown was made when, with a few minutes to go, the army men broke through on an attempted punt by O'Boyle from behind the navy goal line and Smith carried the ball over from the 3-yard mark.

At the game were Admiral Usher, Captain D. E. Speyer, Commander Franklin, and Commander Boyle of Pelham Bay. Walter Camp also saw the teams in action.

The lineup:

Ft. Slocum. (13.)	Position.	Naval Res. (0.)
Earl	L. E.	Johnston
Carey	L. T.	Holden
Ritter	L. G.	Hofey
McDonald	C.	Targerelli
Krahnert	R. G.	Jacques
Haley	R. T.	Dickinson
Pastoria	R. E.	Sin
Franner	Q. B.	Miller
Charles	L. H. B.	Peacock
Hackbash	R. H. B.	Flynn
Maxfield	F. B.	O'Boyle

Score by periods:

Fort Slocum	0	0	7	6	—13
Naval Reserves	0	0	0	0	— 0

Touchdowns—Smith, Maxfield. Goal from touchdown—Maxfield. Referee—E. Thorp, De La Salle. Umpire—C. J. Kilpatrick, Yale. Linesman—Mr. Butterfield. Time of quarters—15 minutes.

Substitutions: Fort Slocum—Smith for Earl, Foster for Carey, Greenman for Maxfield, Maxfield for Greenman, Mazzes for Cahries. Naval Reserves—Levy for Johnston, Griffen for Holden, Andrews for Griffen, Kerwin for Targerelli, Peterson for Jacques, Goodo for Sin, Hull for Miller, McDermott or Flynn, Donnelly for McDermott, Flynn for Donnelly.

BRIDGEPORT ELEVEN WINS.

Connecticut Soccer Team Eliminates Clan MacDuffs by 2 Goals to 1.

The Bridgeport City soccer team defeated Clan MacDuff by 2 goals to 1 yesterday at Lenox Oval in the replay from the first round of the cup competition of the American Football Association. While the New Yorkers were eliminated, Bridgeport City advances into the second round to meet the Cromptons of Rhode Island. Both of the goals were scored for the visitors by Sanderson, their outside left.

Another battle royal marked the third meeting between the Scottish-Americans of Newark and the Babcock & Wilcox soccer eleven of Bayonne in the National Challenge Trophy competition at the West Side Baseball Park in Jersey City. Twice the two rival teams had played to a tie, but this time victory by 2 goals to 1 perched upon the banners of the Scottish-Americans.

Playing much the faster football, the West Hudsons of Newark defeated the soccer eleven of the Disston A. A. of Philadelphia by 3 goals to 0 in the annual championship series of the National Football League.

The New York League championship game between the Overseas Wanderers and Greenpoint at Flood's Oval resulted in victory for the Wanderers by 2 goals to 1. In the second period Irvine of the Wanderers scored the deciding goal.

Maintaining their unbeaten record, the La Sultana soccer eleven defeated the Fifth Avenue Coach team by 5 goals to 1 in the Metropolitan League championship match at the Oval in Astoria. Walmsley scored twice and Scott once in the first half, at the end of which the La Sultanas led by 3 to 0.

The Tryconnell Celts defeated the soccer eleven of the Prospect Football Club by 3 goals to 1 at Taft's Oval in Brooklyn yesterday The goals were scored by J. O'Halloran, Ferry and MacFadden.

White Rose defeated the West New York Blues by 5 to 2 in a Metropolitan League game at West New York. The State League game at Woodside, L. I., was forfeited by the Fulton A. C. to the Clan MacDonalds.

Another victory for the soccer eleven representing the Interborough Rapid Transit Company resulted from the New York State League match at Clan Park, Yonkers, where the Yonkers Caledonians were defeated by 3 goals to 1.

MEMBERSHIP PLAN REFUGE OF BOXING

Death of Frawley Law Finds Managers Ready to Return to Former System.

GOVERNOR'S WORDS BASIS

Whitman's Statement in Buffalo Encourages Test of Holding Bouts Under Club Auspices.

New York State has had its first "membership" boxing show, and without any unusual attendant features or adverse attention from the police officials, who henceforth will watch closely every boxing bout staged. The new conditions were initiated Saturday night at the Broadway Sporting Club of Brooklyn, where a card featuring three ten-round exhibitions of "scientific boxing"—according to Announcer John T. Dunn—were given. This show, ushering in the new order of things pugilistic, was run off with success. Two of the bouts went their ten-round limit and the other was stopped in two rounds when it was evident one of the principals was hopelessly outclassed. And the police officials assigned to duty at the club looked on interestedly.

This will give heart to the managers of the various other clubs in the metropolitan district, and it is possible that within a short time clubs will be running shows regularly under the circumstances which prevailed before the Frawley law came into existence. The words credited to Governor Whitman a week ago, to the effect that boxing is not illegal when conducted properly, have led to a scurrying about in the cobwebby corners of the managers' desks and the dusty old shelves that have been forgotten during the last six years for the old, now timeworn membership books. The successful attempt on Saturday, together with Governor Whitman's view on the sport, has supplied confidence among the local club managers, and it is expected that they will now continue holding boxing shows under restricted conditions.

It is a question, however, whether the pastime will be furnished on a large scale in local circles, despite the expectation of those most keenly anxious to keep the sport alive. The sport, with its exponents, promoters, supervisers, and hangers-on, killed itself, is the general opinion, and, since its best chance for life was under the Frawley law, it is universally expected that the same reasons, combining principally greed and disregard of the law, will result in sending the sport below its present level.

The ring game in local circles has suffered many a knock in the past, but there has never been any one at fault except those most directly concerned with its promotion. Figuratively the promoters and others responsible for the death of the Frawley law drew the noose about their own necks, and it now rests absolutely with them whether the sport will be abolished entirely. Certainly it can be expected that there will be no civic or State toleration of illegal or unethical methods in the conduct of the sport under the membership plan which will in future hold sway, at least until the next Legislature convenes, when it is expected that another law for the government and betterment of the game will be drawn up.

Sport Popular in State.

That boxing is popular with residents of this State is manifest in the records kept in the archives of the late New York State Athletic Commission, more generally known as the Boxing Commission. William F. Mathewson, Secretary of the now defunct commission, has shown by his records that over $5,000,000 was paid by the inhabitants of this State for the privilege of watching two trained athletes perform in the roped arena during the six years' reign of the Frawley law.

This amount gives a good idea of the number of people interested in the sport. It includes the receipts of shows held through the present year up to last Wednesday night. Out of this sum a total of over $300,000 was remitted to the State, through taxation, the State levying a tax on all boxing shows held under the law. Naturally, when the law fails to govern the sport this tax will be a thing of the past.

The high-water mark in boxing finances was reached in 1916, when $1,066,468.25 was paid for the exhibitions held, and of this sum the State's revenue was $79,985.11. In 1912, the second year of the Frawley law, bouts attracted aggregate purses of $983,826.20, of which the State's share was $49,195.41. The following table will give the records of the gross receipts and State's share of boxing shows from 1911 up to the final bout under the law:

	Gross Receipts.	State's Revenue.
1911	$235,373.75	$11,768.68
1912	983,826.20	49,195.31
1913	775,596.96	38,781.05
1914	636,913.55	31,846.30
1915	804,101.81	50,687.10
1916	1,066,468.25	79,985.11
1917	873,610.00	65,520.80
Totals	$5,375,890.81	$327,784.30

The law came into effect under worthy conditions but, unfortunately, went out of existence with decidedly bad repute. The final Frawley law bout of importance was the one in which Mike O'Dowd of St. Paul took the middleweight title away from Al McCoy of Brooklyn by scoring a knockout in six rounds. This contest aroused a hue and cry which was anything but favorable to a further continuance of boxing in this State, but out of all the commotion nothing tangible has been produced.

Three Titles Changed Hands.

To all but a scant few who were in at the death of boxing on that memorable night it was apparent that McCoy was hopelessly outclassed and lost his title to a better man, yet there were cries of "fake" which gave boxing unfavorable impetus on its dubious membership way. This, incidentally, was the third historic feature of the Frawley law, in so far as the changing of titles under the law is concerned. The other performances were McCoy's knockout of George Chip, then middleweight champion, and Benny Leonard's feat in taking from Freddie Welsh his lightweight championship.

Otherwise the sport has been uneventful since 1911, although any number of good bouts, with prominent boxers as participants, have been staged. Jess Willard, heavyweight champion, displayed his ability before the biggest crowd of enthusiasts that was ever in attendance at a local boxing bout and for the biggest purse that was ever given a boxer in a New York ring. But that is all Jess did.

In twenty-three States of the Union boxing is allowed under State supervision. The contests permitted range from the four-round, no decision variety, found in California, to the forty rounds with decision exhibitions permitted in Maryland. Connecticut permits bouts of twenty rounds duration to a decision; Massachusetts has twelve-round decision bouts, and Rhode Island has fifteen to twenty round decision contests, so that it is expected that the leading local boxers will hereafter bend their efforts to these out-of-town clubs. A number have already departed for California, where the four-round matches rule.

A number of local club managers have already received applications for membership, in order that those filing the applications may be enabled to see the bouts which the managers intend putting on in the future. Several thousands of these applications have been received, the Broadway and Clermont Sporting Clubs of Brooklyn being among the first to announce intention of continuing. They head the list with more than 2,500 each, and the respective managers of both clubs are hopeful that the authorities will permit their shows unmolested.

One of the biggest assets which the boxing fraternity is now pointing to with pride is the attitude of the National Government with respect to boxing, since the entry of this country in the war. At all the camps and cantonments throughout the country boxing is a part of the curriculum, and many of the leading boxers have been appointed instructors at these camps for the purpose of teaching the soldiers in the manly art. The rudimentary knowledge of boxing has also been found to be beneficial in bayonet charges, and it is on this point chiefly that the promotos' hope for unmolested continuance of their sport under restricted conditions is based.

SPIES DEFEATS BIG FIELD.

Takes Open Road Race Over Harlem Streets by Sprint.

Of a field of 200 harriers who started yesterday in the St. Christopher Club's open road race, Harry Spies of the Morningside A. C. proved best. He had a handicap allowance of 3:30 and finished first in 28:39. The run was the first important one of the season for the local clubs. The field raced over the Harlem Athletic League's course of about five miles, starting from the Spartan Field Club in West 137th Street.

After the first mile Spies and H. Brown, Harbrook A. C., who finished second from the four-minute mark, went to the lead and set the pace to the finish. These two frequently alternated the pace, and near the finish line a sprint won for Spies. Brown finished about ten yards ahead of A. Wyberg, Swedish-American A. C., who was third.

Eddie Mayo, the Brooklyn A. A. distance runner, starting from scratch, won the fast-time prize. He finished in sixty-fourth position. His time was 27:01. The team prize went to the Morningside A. C. athletes, who had 63 points. The Paulist A. C. also had 63 points, but the victory of Spies gave the team laurels to the Morningside harriers, who also won the interleague club prize.

The order of finish follows:

Pos. Name and Club.	Hand'p.	Actual Time.
1—H. Spies, Morningside A. C.	3:30	28:39
2—H. Brown, Harbrook A. C.	4.00	28:57
3—A. Wyberg, Swedish-Am. A. C.	3:45	28:50
4—G. Williams, St. Chr'pher Club	2:30	27:40
5—L. Kaufman, Brooklyn A. A.	2:00	27:18
6—J. McCormick, Paulist A. C.	4:00	29:19
7—J. O'Connor, unattached	3:15	28:35
8—C. C. Jackson, Alpha P. C. C.	4:00	29:34
9—S. Kieley, Morningside A. C.	3:15	29:00
10—J. Bjork, Finnish-Amer. A. C.	4:00	29:46

C. Jordan, unattached, (4:00,) 29:54; P. Trivoulides, unattached, (2:30,) 28:25; M. Bohland, Paulist A. C., (2:30,) 28:28; L. Lieberman, Pastime A. C., (3:45,) 29:45; P. Keaton, Camp Dix, (4:00,) 30:01; J. McGuinness, Mohawk A. C., (2:15,) 28:00; F. Lavery, Paulist A. C., (3:15;) 29:18; F. Centrell, Morningside A. C., (3:45,) 29:50; M. Finkelstein, Brooklyn A. A., (3:45,) 29:55; F. Travelena, Mohawk A. C., (1:30,) 34:12; F. Titterton, Pastime A. C., (3:00,) 29:15; F. Ruddy, Brooklyn A. A., (2:30,) 28:47; J. Brooks, Mohawk A. C., (2:30,) 28:48; W. Franz, Mohawk A. C., (3:30,) 29:49; M. Gross, Brooklyn A. A., (2:30,) 28:50; A. Hulsebosch, Paulist A. C., (2:30,) 28:53; S. Herzig, Brooklyn A. A., (3:45,) 30:09; H. Schuster, unattached, (1:45,) 28:10; I. Lehman, Morningside A. C., (1:45,) 28:11; J. Feinberg, Y. M. H. A., (3:30,) 29:57; D. Schneider, Kings County A. A., (3:45,) 30:13; M. J. Tea, Glencoe A. C., (4:00,) 30:29; J. Costello, Paulist A. C., (2:00,) 28:30; L. J. Heydet, Morningside A. C., (3:00,) 29:31; T. O'Connor, St. Anselm's A. C., (2:15,) 29:47.

TEAM SCORE.

Team						Total
Morningside A. C.	1	6	11	21	24	63
Paulist A. C.	4	7	10	19	23	63
Brooklyn A. A.	3	12	15	18	20	68
Mohawk A. C.	9	13	16	17	25	80
Y. M. H. A.	22	26	33	35	36	152
Pastime A. C.	8	14	42	44	48	156
Pennant A. C.	29	32	40	41	43	185
Swedish-American A. C.	27	30	46	49	51	203
Hungarian-American A. C.	28	37	47	50	52	214

TIGER PASSERS IN LEAGUE.

Princeton to Build Basket Ball Team for Title Series.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 18.—The Princeton basket ball team has received permission by the Board of Athletic Control to enter the Intercollegiate League this season. More than forty candidates reported to Coach Fred W. Luehring when he issued the initial call this week, and it is expected that this number will be increased when the football and crew activities cease.

Coach Luehring will have a difficult task in building up a successful team There is not a man in college who has had any experience in league games. Captain Parmelee has joined the Naval Reserve and McGraw, the centre, holds a Captain's commission in the Reserve Corps. Haas, Paulsen, Foster, Eddy and Cuneo were graduated last June. Flinn and Taylor are the only men here who have ever represented Princeton in a contest. Gregory, Sinclaire, Kelsey, Siedler, Stricker and Williamson are men who are considered likely candidates.

Princeton's season will open Dec. 4, when the Tigers will play Manhattan College. The league schedule is now in process of adoption. John C. Taylor of Shady Gap, Penn., has been appointed manager of the team.

Arnold Wins Pastime A. C. Walk.

A. Arnold, the veteran walker of the Pastime A. C., yesterday won the club's handicap walk, over a distance of about five miles, in the Bronx. Arnold had a handicap of 6:45, and crossed the finish line a winner in 40:35. J. Aronson, who started from scratch, won the fast time prize, finishing fifth in 35:07.

NEW AMATEUR RULE FOR GOLF UNLIKELY

Men Named for Offices of U. S. G. A. Against Any Changes Until After War.

OUIMET FIGHT MAY BE LOST

Little Chance for Reinstatement of Popular Boston Player at Next Annual Meeting.

Possibilities of a change in the present amateur definition in the rules of the United States Golf Association appears more obscure than ever, according to local golfers, who have had a chance to scan over the names of the men nominated for office and to be elected at the next meeting of the national body in Philadelphia during January. Although some of the present officials repeatedly have made it known that they would not be averse to a new rule, members of the so-called old guard have been openly against any changes, especially during the war.

When Howard W. Perrin lays aside the gavel and ascends to the golfing ranks once more, as seems certain he will do at the next annual meeting, since Frederick S. Wheeler is nominated to succeed the popular Philadelphian, followers of Francis Ouimet will lose a strong champion. Mr. Perrin has been in favor of a change in the constitution of the national association which would allow the reinstatement of the young Boston golfer, and suggested that at the next meeting the delegates would have a chance to present a new rule before him, but business has forestalled this by calling Mr. Perrin from the golf world, and for the first time in the history of golf giving a President only one term in office.

The old guard again will be in strong command, and it is plain to local followers of the politics of golf that the West is not going to be encouraged in its insurgency. Many Western clubs have instructed their delegates for a fight for a more lenient interpretation of the amateur rule, and also for a rule abolishing the stymie, both of which were passed by the Western Golf Association last Spring. However, these delegates may find it hard sledding when the annual meeting convenes, because most of the men now nominated are known to be against abolishing the stymie, as well as against any amateur rule other than the one in existence now.

Ouimet Still on Outside.

The Woodland Golf Club at this time last year was making a fight, openly and with wide publicity, for the reinstatement of Ouimet to amateur rights. At the meeting last year the Woodland Club was downed and a proposed amendment to the constitution tabled by the superiority of the old guard. This time members of the Woodland Club have remained quiet, but have been working as assiduously to achieve their desire, but again they seem to have been foiled, since the old guard again is in command.

Not long ago Howard F. Whitney, Secretary of the U. S. G. A., declared, in an interview, that it was not the policy of the U. S. G. A. to wander about in its rule-makings, and that most of the Executive Committee members were desirous of leaving the present rules as they are until after the war at least. He acknowledged that there may be other amateur rules better fitted for the service intended, but he thought that under the circumstances golf in America should not be tampered with until it were possible to give deep thought to correcting existing faults.

Other golf leaders are very much against changing any of the present rules now. They are especially lined up against any of the revolutionary ideas which were enacted in the West. While most of the players agree that the stymie is a matter of luck, most of the time, and on a great many occasions unplayable, these same golfers are not in favor of abolishing the rule until it is possible to take the whole constitution and give it a thorough overhauling.

Silas H. Strawn of Chicago, Chairman of the nominating committee, who selected the new official family-to-be of the U. S. G. A., made a stirring speech in favor of Francis Ouimet but against any change in the amateur rule at the last annual meeting of the national body. Mr. Strawn, a former President, paid tribute to the character of the man and the golf of Ouimet but at the same time he made it plain to the assembled delegates that any drastic action at that time would react against the sport, rather than help it. It was this speech of Mr. Strawn's, more than anything else during the meeting, which prevented a vote on a motion offered by the Woodland delegates, which would have brought about a new amateur rule.

In picking the new officials Mr. Strawn may not have been swayed by a judgment to prevent any reopening of the amateur question but it seems, from the personnel of the new family, that the present code is to remain.

F. S. Wheeler Good Player.

Of the men nominated for office, Frederick S. Wheeler of Apawamis ascends to the Presidency after two years as Treasurer of the U. S. G. A. and with a record as a player the equal of any President of the association. In fact, Mr. Wheeler probably could take any of the past Presidents to the links and teach each one of them several fine points of the game.

Dr. Walter S. Harban of the Columbia Country Club was a member of the official family last year, and is nominated to serve another term as Vice President. He is a prominent Washington golfer, whose hobby is defeating some of the well-known Senators who continually keep the greens of Chevy Chase busy.

Sterling E. Edmunds of the St. Louis Country Club has served on the Executive Committee of the U. S. G. A. during the last year, but is nominated this time to succeed M. Lewis Crosby of the Country Club of Brookline as Vice President. Mr. Crosby finds his business demands too great for further golf work. He was prominent in the last Ouimet controversy, since he was forced to handle most of the work, because Ouimet was a member from the Boston district.

Another Executive Committee member who is to become an officer of the association at the next election is Mortimer N. Buckner of Garden City. Mr. Buckner is nominated to succeed Mr. Wheeler as Treasurer during the time Mr. Wheeler is handling the executive reins.

Several hundred dollars additional has been received for the U. S. G. A. ambulance fund since the total was announced at a little more than $72,000. The Rumson Country Club's offering of $510.50 came along just after the first list was printed, and with it was $86 from Wykagyl, $100 from the Lexington Golf Club of Lexington, Mass.; $120 from the Englewood Golf Club, $86 from the Bellport, N. Y., Golf Club, $62.50 from the Crescent Club of Evansville, Ind., and $22 from the Del Paso Club of Sacramento, Cal.

Recently several golfers from the Oakland Golf Club got far enough away from the charred ruins of their clubhouse to forget about the fire and defeat an equal number of rivals. It was the annual match between the Oakland members and the Elkridge Kennels of Baltimore, played at Baltimore, and resulted in a victory for Oakland, 18 to 17. The members of the victorious team were H. S. Williams, Edward R. McCall, Dr. Carlos MacDonald, Joseph A. Flynn, Lamar Hardy, Charles L. Guy, Isaac P. Upham, John Whalen, Darwin P. Kingsley, Albert Ashford, R. A. C. Smith, R. W. Poor, Frank Presbrey, Edwin B. Holmes, Lincoln Grant, John F. O'Rourke, Wilson S. Kinnear, John McKay, and Thomas McGill.

Joshua Crane, for years one of the leading court tennis players of the country, lately has taken up golf and has made rapid strides at the new game. His best achievement was in a four-ball tournament paired with William Ogg, professional at the Dedham Country and Polo Club. Mr. Crane and his partner won the event with best ball rounds of 77 and 73.

The unusual amount of business before the officials of the Professional Golfers' Association has forced the local members to open an office of their own at 366 Fifth Avenue, where all meetings will be held in the future, instead of at the Hotel Martinque, as in the past.

In three exhibitions of eighteen holes over as many different courses at St. Louis, Chick Evans, the national amateur and open champion, recently totaled 222 strokes. He had a 76 at the Algonquin Country Club, a 72 at the St. Louis Country Club and a 74 at the Sunset Hill Club. An average of 74 for three trips around strange links is exceptional and again goes to prove that Evans is a champion in his game as well as by name.

SPEEDWAY LAURELS FOR CLOVER PATCH

Murphy's Pacer Displays Top Form in Feature Event of Matinee.

J. A. Murphy's Clover Patch displayed a flash of her old-time form yesterday in winning the 1:03 pace of the Road Drivers' Association's ninth fall meeting on the Harlem speedway. The race went to three heats before it was decided. Against Clover Patch were M. F. Kearns's Lustrus McKinney and C. C. Cramer's Baron A, which finished in the order named. Jesse Smith held the reins on the old speedway champion and sent her in front by a length in the first heat and a bigger margin in the third.

The large crowd was treated to a neck-and-neck battle in the second heat, in which Lustrus McKinney led Clover Patch over the mark, by a head.

J. F. O'Shea and E. Carpenter were the day's successful drivers, each carrying off two firsts. O'Shea's David Busbey won the 1:05 trot in split heats, and in the 1:15 trot Miss Wiggins, handled by O'Shea, won in straight heats. Carpenter's victories were registered in the 1:17 trot and 1:15 trot with Catherine P. and Bessie Baron respectively. Each event went to three heats.

The summaries:

1:12 PACE.

Silent Sister, b. m., (J. Leonard)	1	1
Exultant, br. g., (J. Gilmore)	2	2

Time—1:20; 1:19.

1:05 CLASS—TROTTING.

David Busbey, b. g., (J. F. O'Shea)	1	2	1
Courier Boy, b. g., (J. P. Kennedy)	2	1	2

Time—1:07; 1:09; 1:08½.

1:07 CLASS—TROTTING.

Catherine P., b. m., (E. Carpenter)	1	3	1
Libby Medium, br. m., (J. F. Dinan)	2	1	2
Gunfire, gr. g., (W. C. Urban)	3	2	3

Time—1:09¾; 1:08; 1:07½.

1:03 CLASS—PACING.

Clover Patch, br. m., (J. Smith)	1	2	1
Lustrus McKinney, b. g., (M. F. Kearns)	3	1	3
Baron A., b. g., (C. C. Cramer)	2	3	2

Time—1:03; 1:03; 1:04.

1:15 CLASS—TROTTING.

Miss Wiggins, b. f., (J. F. O'Shea)	1	1
Fox Dean, br. g., (A. T. Meckel)	2	2
Josephine B., br. f., (M. I. Aronson)	3	3

Time—1:15; 1:17.

1:05 CLASS—PACING.

Lillian W., ch. m., (J. Flaherty)	2	1	1
Countess Kohl, br. m., (E. A. Meckel)	1	3	2
Automatism, br. g., (W. J. O'Neil)	3	2	3

Time—1:06; 1:05; 1:08.

1:11 CLASS—TROTTING.

Bessie Baron, b. m., (E. Carpenter)	2	1	1
Kinetic, r. m., (W. J. O'Neil)	1	3	3
Princess Mae, b. f., (J. Callahan)	3	2	2

Time—1:11; 1:12; 1:12.

1:09 CLASS—PACING.

The Earl, b. g., (J. Flaherty)	1	1
Oakland Boy, Jr., ch. g., (P. Conroy)	2	2
Hal Direct, ch. g., (M. I. Aronson)	3	3

Time—No time; 1:09.

CHAMPIONSHIP CLASS—PACING.

Mittie Bedworth, ch. m., (J. Smith)	1	1

Time—1:03; 1:04.

EXHIBITION TROT.

David Busbey, b. g., (J. F. O'Shea)	1
Dingee, b. g., (C. J. Fendt)	2

Time—1:06.

Kramer May Ride at Garden.

Frank Kramer, the noted ex-champion cyclist, has been invited by Promoter William H. Wellman to compete in the six-day race at Madison Square Garden the week of Dec. 2 to 8. Should Kramer consent to ride, he may be teamed with Alfred Goullet, winner of two Garden grinds.

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GOLFERS EVENLY MATCHED.

Fox Hills Pair Defeat Richmond County Duo at Twentieth Hole.

Two weeks ago A. F. Kammer, amateur leader of Fox Hills, and Tom Boyd, professional at Fox Hills, visited Richmond County and won a bestball fourball match against A. L. Walker, Jr., amateur champion of Staten Island, and Jack Pirie, professional at Richmond County, at the nineteenth hole. Yesterday Walker and Pirie repaid the visit with a trip to Fox Hills, where another exhibition of eighteen holes was announced, and this time Walker and Pirie evened up matters; but twenty-one holes were needed before young Walker got a 4 at the 230-yard third extra hole to decide the match.

Two weeks ago Boyd and Pirie paired against Walker and Kammer in the afternoon at Richmond County and won from the amateurs at the twentieth hole. Again the professionals paired against the amateurs at Fox Hills yesterday and once more twenty holes were needed before Boyd settled the issue with a 4 at the second extra hole. Inasmuch as the four involved are the outstanding leaders of Staten Island's golf world and the exhibition was for the Red Cross fund an extra large crowd was on hand.

In the morning match Walker and Pirie had 39 out and 39 in for a 78, while Kammer and Boyd took only 38 out, but were forced to come back in 40. In the afternoon affair the amateurs were three down at the twelfth, because of a 2 at the twelfth by Pirie. Walker began to play magnificently at the thirteenth, where his 4 won back one hole. At the sixteenth Walker got a 2 on the short but well trapped hole and evened the match at the seventeenth with a birdie 3. Boyd won the match at the second extra hole with a par 4, where the amateurs fell down on a comparatively easy 4 hole.

Baltusrol to Have New Course.

ORANGE, N. J., Nov. 18.—At a cost of $500,000 the Baltusrol Golf Club of Short Hills has purchased 800 acres of ground at that place. The purchase includes 140 acres, the present golf course of the club, and an additional 160 acres which adjoins. This will afford sufficient room to lay out two eighteen-hole courses. The club now has a membership of 750.

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United States Army Uniforms
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34B

TELLS OF RED CROSS WORK IN WAR ZONE

American Commissioner Makes First Report on What Has Been Done in France.

LAUDS AMBULANCE SERVICE

Rest Stations Built Along the Lines of Communication Equipped with Comforts for Soldiers.

The first report of Major Grayson M. P. Murphy, the American Red Cross Commissioner in Europe, in which he tells of the work accomplished, as well as planned, of the American organization in France, was made public yesterday by Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the Red Cross War Council.

"First of all," Major Murphy says in his report, "the American Red Cross stands ready as a semi-official voluntary body to put its money, supplies and organization at the call of the American Army for Red Cross service, at every point and at any time, wherever and whenever they can be of use. It organizes, equips, and turns over to the Government absolutely the hospital units that are employed in France. Its medical and surgical division in France acts as an auxiliary to the Medical Department of the United States Army, which is charged with responsibility for the sanitary and medical service of the troops in France. So also its United States Army Division acts as auxiliary to the expeditionary force.

"An army medical department, to do justice to its wounded, must be ready to care for them within twelve hours; it must go to the wounded soldier, not wait until the wounded soldier is brought back. This, in modern war, calls, with variations, for regimental dressing stations as near as they can be brought to the lines; field dressing stations from which the seriously wounded are sent back, either to movable field hospitals or evacuation hospitals of from 1,000 to 1,500 beds each (where head, chest and abdominal wounds must be operated upon or you lose your men); and base hospitals, to which the sick and wounded are removed as rapidly as they safely can b)e transported.

"It is with this general system of the United States Army Medical Department that the Red Cross stands ready to co-operate at every point, through installing rest stations and infirmaries on the line of communication, recuperating stations back from the war zone; neighborhood dispensaries in army villages; diet kitchens and homes for nurses; auxiliary plants for the manufacture of anaesthetics, ice, splints; a fund for scientific research and a bureau of information on methods in field hospital practice, and great and thorough reserves of emergency supplies of everything from a bandage to a mobile hospital."

After thus outlining the scope of the Red Cross work in France, Major Murphy gives in detail the story of the great work already accomplished in the war zones of the western front. He begins with a laudatory reference to the work of the Norton-Harjes Ambulance Service, which after long and efficient service in France was taken over by the Red Cross last June. Continuing, he states that the Red Cross, acting through the United States Army Division, has undertaken the work of placing in operation eighteen rest stations at proper intervals along the communication lines which connect the American ports of debarkation with the fighting lines, each of these stations being made up of from two to four barracks, 40 to 160 feet long. These stations are fully equipped with baths, laundries, disinfecting plants, kitchens, dispensaries, rest and reading rooms. The dormitories contain from 40 to 200 beds.

It is also pointed out that forty dispensaries have been established in villages and towns located in the vicinity of American camps. These dispensaries and the doctors assigned to duty in them care for the civilian population.

The report next tells of the installation of portable kitchens to serve the men in the trenches, of portable ice plants wherever needed, portable laundries and portable baths. There are also in operation portable dental ambulances to serve districts where dental rooms are not to be found; portable ophthalmological ambulances for the treatment of injuries to the eyes due to shell explosions and gas attacks when "speedy treatment may mean the saving of sight.

It is also announced that the Red Cross is about to install an artificial limb factory in France, which will supply its output to the French Government at cost. A nitrous oxide plant is also to be installed within the next few weeks. The medical and surgical division of the organization is now making an expert study of "shell shock" and is making an investigation of the methods adopted by the French for dealing with this tragic phase of war.

The medical supplies service of the Red Cross is now serving 3,617 hospitals and about 100 hospitals are being added every month. In the few months the Red Cross has directer this supply service it has tripled in size. The French railroads serve free of charge the supplies service. It is stated that the Red Cross is now busy placing in reserve a great quantity of emergency supplies.

Under the caption "Aiding Troops En Route," the report says:

> At junction points on the French lines of communication, troops going forward or back on leave often have to spend hours waiting for trains, without any means for rest or food, occasionally sleeping in the open in the rain. Canteens have been opened by the American Red Cross at four junctions through which approximately a total of 18,000 men pass a day. The troops on permission find opportunity to obtain substantial hot meals at cost price, clean sleeping quarters, proper washing facilities, a chance to change their linen, and reading, writing, and recreation rooms. They come in from the fighting zone, tired, dirty, hungry, infested with trench vermin; they take the trains out refreshed both in body and spirit. By the time the cold weather sets in this service will be covering a big territory.
>
> In Paris the Red Cross is supplementing the work of French oeuvres in carrying on canteens vestiaires and dortoirs, at the five chief stations and at three stations on the extra mural belt line.
>
> A bureau for investigation and relief follows up letters of appeal from commanders, priests, and groups of soldiers en repose, in canteens or in the trenches, and refers individual cases to co-operating French organizations.

At the present time the Red Cross Bureau in Paris is sending out from 40,000 to 50,000 surgical dressings daily, the greater amount of them made in this country. Five hospitals, under Red Cross direction, are giving direct treatment to the French sick and wounded, one of the hospitals being the famous American maintained hospital which, prior to the entrance of this country into the war, was known as the American Ambulance Hospital.

The Red Cross is also providing libraries for many of its hospitals, ten of which have been organized, containing an aggregate of about 4,000 of the best books published in the English language.

The casualty service of the Red Cross Army Division will act as an accessory to that of the United States Army, and will amplify and humanize the short reports which the army must of necessity give of men killed, wounded, or missing.

In line with this understanding, recreation huts are about to be erected by the Red Cross at nine base hospitals; eventually they will number sixty.

WORK FOR ITALIAN REFUGEES.

Major Murphy, Red Cross Director, Outlines Plans for Self-Help.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 17, (Delayed.)—Major Grayson M. P. Murphy, director of the American Red Cross in Europe, who is now in Rome to organize aid for the refugees from Northern Italy, said to the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES today:

"I have been most deeply touched and gratified by the kindness and willingness of all Italian officials to facilitate my work here. It seems to me the Italian people understand the true spirit of Americans, which is not aiding Italy out of charity, but, since she is unable immediately to send armed forces to the Italian front, is doing her best in every other way to help the nation to attain final victory and to show her sympathy with it in its hour of need.

"The most important problem at present is the immense number of refugees who are flocking from the north, homeless, penniless, and without sufficient clothing. We have already ordered a great number of garments from our reserve stores in France, which are coming as fast as they can be transported, while we have bought here a large quantity of material. We have also ordered from America many rubber, woolen, and leather goods, which it is almost impossible to purchase in Italy.

"One thing which I am most anxious to establish as soon as possible is a house for refugees' children, where they can be looked after while their mothers are out working. It is the children who suffer most in these awful times.

"One story touched me profoundly, of a poor woman, who, being ill, was unable to join the flight from her village, and intrusted her two children of 10 and 5 years respectively to others who were departing. When saying good-bye she solemnly enjoined the elder boy, whatever might happen, never to let his brother out of his sight. The two children are now sheltered at the Royal Palace, given over by the Queen to shelter the refugees, but nothing can induce the elder to let go the hand of the younger child. So the two little boys may be seen wandering hand in hand through the immense rooms of the Quirinal, longing for the loving arms of their mother.

"Another plan which I am working out is the establishment of houses where women may come to work on articles of clothing for the soldiers. Thus two objects may be attained—employment for refugees and help for the army. It is a bad plan to continue to give money to these women without employment, as they will get into ways of laziness and unwillingness to work.

"Thirty American ambulances are coming down from Paris under their own power, and in a few days will be on the Italian front. They are driven by experienced men. We hope by Dec. 6 to have 100 ambulances in the field.

"I am expecting in a few days several officials from Paris, to whom I shall explain the organization of my plans. When these are in working order I shall start for the Italian front, where I intend to spend several days, and then come back to Rome to see that everything is going smoothly."

SWANN WOULD CHECK CHARITY FEES BY LAW

District Attorney Favors Law That Will Regulate the Profits Made by Promoters.

If District Attorney Swann, in his investigation into why the Army and Navy Bazaar took in $71,475.93 and had only about $750 left to buy comfort kits for soldiers and sailors, finds no cause for drastic action, it is probable that he will send to Albany the draft of a law regulating charities and bazaars, particularly as to the amount of fees and profits allowed to promoters.

The District Attorney, in previous investigations of charitable enterprises, has found it possible to induce managers to surrender sums retained for fees and other expenses. In the case of the Army and Navy Bazaar, it is insisted by the promoters that no one made any money except an advertising man who handled the program.

It was announced at the District Attorney's office yesterday that Mr. Swann was not prepared to state his opinion whether the Army and Navy Bazaar was properly managed.

DENIAL BY GATTI-CASAZZA.

Answers Rome Reports of German Propaganda at Opera Here.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 18.—Many newspapers publish from New York denials by Gatti-Casazza of the reports circulated here that the Metropolitan Opera House was the centre of German propaganda. The Idea Nazionale gives a list of American papers from which it copied reports of German influence in the opera house. Among them were The Musical Courier and Musical America, and especially a letter, signed "True American," bitterly lamenting German domination of the musical field. "To be convinced," says the paper, "one only need read the program published by The Musical Courier of the 1917-18 season and notice all the German names of artists who only very revently have become American citizens."

The Idea Nazionale ends by saying it has heard with great pleasure that German operas have been suppressed and contracts with German artists broken.

SAVED BRITISH DISPATCHES.

American Woman Who Foiled Austrian U-Boat Was Mrs. Herbin.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—The name of the American woman who, as related in a military court proceeding here last Friday, saved some important British dispatches from capture by the Austrians when an Austrian submarine held up the steamer on which Captain Stanley Wilson was taking them to Malta, by hiding them while men from the submarine searched the steamer, was revealed today. She is Mrs. E. Herbin, a widow, of New York City.

The name of Mrs. Charlotte G. Herbin was mentioned in connection with the above story in the Summer of 1916, when she arrived here from Liverpool. Mrs. Herbin said that when the Austrian submarine overhauled a Greek steamer on which Captain Wilson was a passenger, the later threw a package of papers overboard, but confided to her the most important dispatches and papers in his possession, with the request that she secrete them. Being an American, she was not searched, and later she gave the papers to Lord Kitchener in person, and for her services was presented to King George and Queen Mary, from whom she received thanks

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SUNDAY CONCERTS DRAW BIG HOUSES

Gabrilowitsch Gives Piano Recital Entirely of Russian Pieces.

JOHN McCORMACK SINGS

Mischa Elman Gives Violin Concert at the Metropolitan With Two Singers.

Mr. Ossip Gabrilowitsch made the program of his pianoforte recital yesterday afternoon, in Carnegie Hall, consist entirely of Russian music. There were two sonatas, one by Glasunew and the other by Scriabin, his fifth, which had then its first New York performance. Scriabin's, like others of his "sonatas" heard here, is in one movement; in which he takes a few small and rather inconsequential thematic fragments and puts them through an elaborate series of acid disharmonies without giving them thereby any added importance or creating a musical entity that carries much conviction. But Mr. Gabrilowisch played it with great spirit and with evident conviction.

Other pieces were by Balakiref, Rachmaninof, Arensky, Tscherepnin, Rubinstein; and there were two by Mr. Gabrilowitsch himself. His playing was full of charm and poetic spirit. He was much applauded by a large audience.

Both the Metropolitan and the Hippodrome, where popular concerts were given last night, held capacity crowds, the two audiences exceeding 4,000 and 5,000, to which other musical events of the day added several thousands more. John McCormack, following his recent return to opera, was welcomed back to the concert platform by a vast outpouring of his older and faithful admirers, of whom those seated on the Hippodrome stage alone would have filled some smaller halls. The tenor sang "The Star-Spangled Banner" as he appeared in the midst of this throng, and the house rose to greet the song, but would not interrupt the singer by joining in, waiting until he finished the stanza, when there was great applause.

Mr. McCormack gave with his accustomed directness of style and pure diction two airs from Handel's oratorios of "Samson" and "Joshua," lyrics in English from Schubert, Goldmark, and Brahms, and later his Irish folksongs and pieces by Frank Tours and the Americans, Mrs. Beach, Arthur Foote, and Edwin Schneider, his accompanist. He was also assisted by a newcomer in place of Donald McBeath, the violinist, who has gone to war. André Polah, a protégé of Ysaye, was the stranger, a young man of engaging presence and musical intelligence, handicapped, as a violinist must be, in so large an auditorium and by nervousness of a début. Mr. Polah played well in his second number, including two movements from the Mendelssohn concerto. Mr. McCormack will appear next at the opera on Christmas Day.

Mischa Elman was the added star at the Metropolitan's first popular Sunday night concert to a packed house lined to the walls with standees. The Russian violinist gave the Wieniawski concerto and received enough encores to fill fifty minutes on his first appearance, with more extras after his later numbers from Wilhelmj and Paganini. Sophie Braslau sang the contralto air from Gluck's "Orpheus," and, in English, La Forge's "The Crucifix" and Manney's "Consecration." Ruth Miller, who had made her operatic début against a physician's orders, while suffering from bronchitis, was heard to better advantage as she repeated Musetta's air from Puccini's "Bohème," with Rogers's "The Star" on recall. Even the orchestra, under Hageman, took an encore. There were many men in uniform in the house, and there will be another next week on the stage, the pianist, Percy Grainger.

Two concerts at the Princess Theatre yesterday presented, in the afternoon, Arthur Friedheim, who continued his series of piano programs from Liszt and other masters, and last night Clara Pasvolsky, assisted by Vladimir Dubinsky and others, in a Russian evening, made up of composers not often represented here, and attended by as large an audience of their Russian compatriots as the little theatre would hold.

SEES HOPE IN THE DRAMA.

Professor Phelps Says Last 25 Years Have Been Fruitful.

In the course of his address on "The Drama of Today" before the Free Synagogue at Carnegie Hall yesterday, Professor William Lyon Phelps of Yale University said:

"During the last twenty-five years more drama of merit has been written in English than has been produced during any preceding period of twenty-five years since Shakespeare. Since 1892 a succession of plays has come from Shaw and Wilde—both unique men—Pinero, the great craftsman; Galsworthy, with his social and intellectual themes, and Barrie, perhaps the greatest genius of them all. In the United States within this quarter of a century fine plays have come from Clyde Fitch, Eugene Walter, Augustus Thomas, William Vaughn Moody, and Louis Anspacher.

"At present in New York more than one-half of the forty leading theatres are presenting comedies, which is as it should be. Only two or three melodramas and a few farces are on view, whereas in 1900 most of the offerings were melodramas and farces. The motion pictures have brought about this change, for the films can provide the broad fun of slapstick farce and the thrills of melodrama at 5 per cent. of the ticket charge made by the regular theatres. The movies, then, have jacked up the drama and compelled it to come to intellectual terms with itself and restore ideas to their rightful place in the spoken drama.

"The drama in Europe is close to the people, and by the repertory system the drama could be brought close to the people of the United States. What is needed here is a return to the stock companies."

CRITICISES BARNARD STATUE

St. Mark's Rector Says His Lincoln Is "a Libel and a Lie."

In the course of a short address, following the special 4 o'clock service in St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie, Tenth Street, west of second Avenue, yesterday afternoon, the rector, the Rev. William Norman Guthrie, denounced the Barnard statue of Lincoln in strong terms. He spoke of Washington and Lincoln as coming from families of absolutely different type, Washington representing the aristocrat, and Lincoln, the common class.

"I never saw anything quite so disreputable as Barnard has managed to make the statue of Lincoln," said Mr. Guthrie. "It is a libel and a lie. We have it in Cincinnati, but that is unimportant. We know it is not true, but don't send it to England—they might believe it."

WHITMAN TALKS IN PULPIT.

Declares His Humility Before Men Who Have Gone to War.

Governor Whitman last night declared his humility in the presence of soldiers who are offering to sacrifice everything for their country in an address delivered at the Washington Heights Episcopal Church, Amsterdam Avenue and 153d Street. The services commemorated the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the church, and the 141st anniversary of the battle of Fort Washington, part of which took place on the site of the church.

"It makes me feel humble," said the Governor, "when I think of the 122,000 men who have marched away from homes they loved in this State to serve their country. There doesn't seem to be much that you and I can do. We give our time, our strength, our means—what is called 'doing our bit,' but compared with what these boys are ready and willing to do it is very little. I feel like taking off my hat in their presence and praying to Almighty God to make me worthy of this land I love."

'LOSING ELOISE' HAS AN AMUSING IDEA

A High-Class Farce Built About the Eloping Wife and Her Lover.

HUSBAND AS THE CHAPERON

An Exceedingly Capable Cast, including Charles Cherry, Violet Heming, and Lucile Watson.

LOSING ELOISE, a farce in three acts, by Fred Jackson. At the Harris Theatre.

Eloise Farrington	Violet Heming
Carter	S. Harry Irvine
Hilary Farrington	Charles Cherry
Darrell McKnight	Francis Byrne
Annette	Ethel Intropodi
Nora Gail	Lucile Watson
Thompson	Charles Mather
Bishop Kennelly	Charles Harbury

"Losing Eloise," which opened at the Harris Saturday night, employs most of the appurtenances of Palais Royal farce, even to a scene with four bedroom doors, the rapid use of which marks the climax of the action, but in spirit it is thoroughly cis-Atlantic, offending none of the moral proprieties. And it turns on an idea so new and essentially so true that with equal propriety it might have been used for the effects of straight comedy.

If you found your bride of a year in the act of eloping what would you do about it? Probably not what Charles Cherry does in Fred Jackson's play, but you could hardly improve on it. For Mr. Cherry is here a novelist, and on the spot he sketches out a brilliant and intricately detailed scenario in which he himself plays the leading part.

The central idea is that he shall accompany the elopers, as chaperon. They are making for the train to go West, but he urges that a Pullman is the most prosaic of places for a honeymoon and suggests that they go instead to his bungalow down on Long Island. When the lovers very naturally object, he flashes an automatic and delivers the two over to his chauffeur. He manages to be at the bungalow before them, and the trio is presently joined by a young widow to whom the eloping gallant had previously been engaged.

After two acts of this novel and vivacious house party it hardly needed the arrival of the young wife's uncle, the Bishop of Albany, to convince her that home life, however dull, is preferable.

The psychology of this husband's method is thoroughly sound. If, in spite of all he can do, Eloise leaves him, then he is prepared to believe that she is well lost. But, realizing that, in his preoccupation with work, he has really neglected her, he is determined to gain time for confession and repentance. So his manner, as he puts his finger in the elopers' pie of romance, is quite cool and collected. Mr. Cherry takes skillful advantages of a rare opportunity, and the result is endlessly amusing.

The scene of the first act in which he hooks up his wife's eloping gown and packs her trunk with the remains of her former trousseau is comedy of the first order. In the second act his management of the sleeping arrangements at the bungalow, which proves the lover's Waterloo, is occasion for the heartiest laughter. Throughout, Mr. Cherry is thoroughly the artist in suggesting a serious, intelligent, and resolute purpose beneath all his extraordinary doings.

The psychology of the wife is not as happy. Even as she arrives on Long Island she is in tears, and from that moment her ultimate fate is manifest. A better story would have resulted, and probably a more amusing one, if she had capitulated gradually, and, in part at least, as a result of realizing that her husband's strange conduct is inspired by care for her and love for her. But the situations are funny, and many of the lines; while Violet Heming is so charming, and so skillful in using her opportunities, that cavil seems superfluous.

Lucile Watson is the discarded widow, and though her part of pursuing female is less credible, or at least less sympathetic, she makes the most of it with her unfailing skill and humor.

Francis Byrne has the task of convincing us that, though this lover blunders at every turn and is completely foiled in the end, he is really an accomplished Lothario. That he comes off with credit is the result of exceptional skill.

Even the servants, S. Harry Irvine and Ethel Intropodi, seemed artists to the fingertips.

FAIRBANKS STILL ACROBATIC

Film Actor Appears in New Play, "Reaching for the Moon."

From the standpoint of ideas, the newest Douglas Fairbanks film, "Reaching for the Moon," which came to the Rialto yesterday afternoon, probably is a trifle less satisfactory than its predecessors. As a means for the exposition of the physical prowess of its star, however, it lacks nothing. In the course of an attempt to gain a throne in a mythical kingdom of Graustark dimensions the hero becomes involved in a series of rough-and-tumble encounters, for which he is celebrated, and adds to these escapades the scaling of a wall which gave no outward evidences of affording anything resembling a foothold. The negotiation at a single leap of a flight of a dozen or fifteen steps is also one of the star's new accomplishments.

At the Strand Theatre Pauline Frederick was the star in a picturization of "The Hungry Heart." "The Door Between" and "Fighting Mad" are the week's new attractions at the Broadway.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

William Faversham probably will be seen next in New York in a new play by Emile de Croissett, author of "The Hawk," which Mr. Faversham played several seasons ago. Mr. Faversham is also considering a series of Shakespearean revivals with all-star casts.

Charles Trowbridge has succeeded Robert Pitkin in the leading role of "Leave It to Jane," at the Longacre Theatre.

Seats for all performances up to Jan. 12 will be placed on sale at the Hippodrome this morning.

There will be no increase in prices for the New Year's Eve performance at the Century this year.

"Cheer Up" Seats Today Eight Weeks Ahead, Incl. All Holidays. MAT. TO-DAY BEST SEATS $1.00 Eves. at 8:15 At the HIPPODROME
B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47TH ST. Daily Mats. 25c-$1. ELSIE JANIS Vlasta Maslova & Co., Artie Mehlinger & Geo. Meyer, Mr. & Mrs. Jimmie Barry, Feliz Adler, others, & Hyams & McIntyre.
B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'WAY & 96 ST. SAM BERNARD, RANDALL & MYERS, KALMAR & BROWN, Clayton White & Co., oths.
IRVING PLACE Irving Place & 15th Street. To-night & To-morrow Last 3 Performances "DREIMAEDERLHAUS" Wednesday, Nov. 21, Premiere HEDWIG REICHER in "A Doctor's Dilemma," Comedy in 5 acts by Bernard Shaw.
LIBERTY THEA. To-morrow at 2:30. Also Nov. 22, at 2:30. Nov. 24, at 10:30. THE PUPILS OF ISADORA DUNCAN and THE BARRERE LITTLE SYMPHONY Good Seats All Performances $2, $1.50, $1.
THE GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE 4th St. and 7th Av. Tel. Spring 6489. Eve. 8:45. Mat. Sat. 2:30 3 ONE-ACT PLAYS Prices $1.50, $1.50c
Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. B'way Every Eve. at 8:15. Rawles & Von Kaufman, Alice Hanson, Minna Phillips & Co., Piccolo Midgets & 5 others. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50
ST. NICHOLAS RINK, 3 SESSIONS DAILY Largest Rink in Greater N. Y. 69 W. 66th St. ADM. 50c. Sun. a.m. $1 ICE SKATING Beginners Taught
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KLAW & ERLANGER'S MUSICAL COMEDY TRIUMPH
GREATEST OF ALL THIS THEATRE'S WONDERFUL MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESSES! THE RIVIERA GIRL
EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY.
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ZIEGFELD ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD MIDNIGHT FROLIC
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
"A COMPLETE TRIUMPH" Herald.
ALAN DALE in The American: "It is quaint, fantastic, appealing, human, and quite amusing. It is certainly Ann Murdock's best work."
ANN MURDOCK
LOUIS SHERWIN in The Globe: "The most amusing light comedy I have seen this season."
IN EDWARD CHILDS CARPENTER'S GREATEST COMEDY TRIUMPH THE THREE BEARS
GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE 43d St. & Broadway TOMORROW NIGHT AT 8:20
COHAN & HARRIS will present MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN IN A NEW COMEDY "THE KING" by CAILLAVET, de FLERS and ARENE. FIRST MATINEE WED. AT 2:20.
CRITERION B'WAY 44th ST. TONIGHT at 8:20 FIRST MATINEE WEDNESDAY 2:20. MRS. FISKE IN A NEW COMEDY, MADAME SAND by Philipp Moeller.
KNICKERBOCKER. B'way at 38th St. Evs. 8:25 LAST MATINEES WED. & SAT. at 2:25. LAST 8 TIMES GEORGE ARLISS In his new play 'HAMILTON'
GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:20. Alexandra Carlisle in THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY. The Country Cousin
LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. Laurette Taylor In J. Hartley Manners' New Comedy "The Wooing of Eve" Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON.
LIBERTY THEATRE, Tom'w Aft. 2:30. Also Thurs., NOV. 22 at 2:30, NOV. 24 at 10:30 The Pupils of Isadora Duncan and Barrere Little Symphony Good Seats All Performances, $2, $1.50, $1.
HUDSON West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30. The PIPES of PAN
HARRIS W. 42nd St. Eves. 8:20 Mats. Wed. & Sat.

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FULTON West 46th St. Eves. at 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:20. "Red-blooded American play."—Journal. "Broken Threads"
COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20 Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years. A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL
LYCEUM West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO presents Tiger Rose
PARK Broadway and 59th Street. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. SPAIN IN NEW YORK! (ESPANA EN NUEVA YORK!) Quinito Valverde's Fantastic Review THE Land of Joy (LA TIERRA DE ALEGRIA)
BELASCO West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w, Thur. & Sat. 2:30 EXTRA MATINEE TOMORROW 2:30 Polly With a Past
ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Business Before Pleasure With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr
REPUBLIC THEATRE, W. 42 St. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30. On With the Dance WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.
Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN GLOBE B'way 46 St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20
ICELAND ICE SKATING B'way at 52d St. Morn.—Aft.—Eve.
BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC FRITZ KREISLER Mon. Nov. 19 8:15 P. M. IN VIOLIN RECITAL. Tickets now on Sale—$1.00 to $2.00 Institute Box Office, Academy of Music.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC NEWMAN TRAVELTALKS Color Views Motion Pictures OUR PACIFIC COAST At 4 and 8:15 Tickets on Sale Academy of Music. Wed., Nov. 21 50c. to $1.50 Our American Indian Nov. 28 Our Hawaii Dec. 5 Our West Indies Dec. 12

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WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Eves. at 8. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2. Doing Our Bit An Extravaganza of Superlative Splendors.
BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Eve's 8:15 TO-NIGHT at 8:15 The Chummy Musical Revue ODDS AND ENDS OF 1917 Harry Watson, Jr., Lillian Lorraine, and Jack Norworth.
PLYMOUTH 45 St. W. of B'way. PHONE 40 BRYANT BEGIN'G THURS. EVE. Seats Today THE STAR GAZER with JOHN CHARLES THOMAS Beth Lydy, John T. Murray. PRICES 50c TO $2.00
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thanksgiving. Smartest of Musical Comedies "Oh, Boy" PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2. POP. MAT. WED. REG. MAT. SAT.
PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Eves. 8:30 sharp. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thanksg's. Grace George in HENRY BERNSTEIN'S GREAT PLAY "L'ELEVATION" (The Heights) "It is vital. It is vivid. It is tense. It is artistic. It is up-to-the-minute. It is drama." —Alan Dale.
48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. "PINERO'S MASTERPIECE THRILLS." —Times. "RARE PLEASURE IN STORE FOR ALL WHO SEE IT." —Sun. JOHN MARGARET DREW-ILLINGTON IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex "WILL SERVE AS A MAGNET TO FILL THE 48TH ST. THEATRE FOR A LONG TIME." —Town Topics.
BROADHURST 44th, West of B'way. Phone Bryant 64. Evgs. 8:20. MATINEE TOMORROW 2:20. POPULAR PRICES DONALD BRIAN in "Her Regiment" By Wm. Le Baron & Victor Herbert. PRICES 50c TO $2.00.
39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thanksgiving. George V. Hobart's Farce with Hale Hamilton. WHAT'S YOUR HUSBAND DOING?
SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Eves. 8. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thanksgiv'g. LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION MAYTIME Tingling Music. Charming Story. 100% Talent. Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris. "A Credit To Our Country Is Maytime," says Rev. Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation."
MOROSCO 45 St. W. of B'way. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. Oliver Morosco's Laughing Sensation LOMBARDI, Ltd. with LEO CARRILLO
LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY LEAVE IT TO JANE
Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thanksg'g. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH
ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thanksgiving. The Very Idea Ernest TRUEX, Richard BENNETT. "Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune.
BOOTH THEA., 45th, W. of Broadway. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30 "The One Smashing Dramatic Success of the Season" GUY BATES POST IN "THE MASQUERADER" EXTRA MAT. FRI., NOV. 30 (DAY AFTER THANKSGIVING)
COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:45. Mts. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. WASH'GTON SQ. PLAYERS 4 BIG ONE-ACT PLAYS. "In the Zone." "The Avenue." "Blind Alleys" "His Widow's Husband."
CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. "DE LUXE ANNIE" with Jane Grey and Vincent Serrano.
STANDARD B'way & 90th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Matinee To-m'w, 25c and 50c. THE 13th CHAIR with MARGARET WYCHERLY.
LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 124th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. To-m'w, 25c & 50c. THE MAN WHO CAME BACK
44TH STREET THEATRE —ROOF— THEATRE Beginning MON., NOV. 26 Box Office Opens Thurs. New Shubert Musical Production OVER the TOP T. Roy Barnes Justine Johnstone Craig Campbell 50 Pretty Justine Johnstone Girls.
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. Eve. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. The Most Wonderful Fascinating Lavish Colossal Gorgeous Production In the History of the American Stage Chu Chin Chow Now In Its 2nd Year In London. Co. of 300. Prices: Eve. & Sat. Mt. 25c-$2. Wed. Mt. 25c-$1. Always 300 Seats in the Orchestra at $1.50. (Except Saturday Night.) SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE
MOTION PICTURES.
THEDA BARA IN LIFE! WORLD'S ARCH-VAMPIRE WILL APPEAR MATINEE, 2:30 TODAY REGULAR PRICES 25c & 50c Personal Appearance, at This Performance Only, of the famous Creator of the Title Role in the Super-Vampire Picture which is Breaking All Records in Patronage and Popularity. WILLIAM FOX Presents CLEOPATRA LYRIC 42nd St., W. of Bway. Every Night at 8:30. 25c to $1. (All Reserved.)

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STRAND B'way & 47th St. Pauline Frederick, "The Hungry Heart." Symphony Concert To-day 2:15. Soloists
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MESSRS. HITCHCOCK & GOETZ.............LESSEES AND MANAGERS
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SECOND EDITION and 200th PERFORMANCE TONIGHT
NEW SONGS | NEW DANCES | NEW SPECIALTIES
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HITCHY-KOO
THE INTIMATE REVUE THAT CAN'T GET AWAY FROM BROADWAY
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THE CAST INCLUDES
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK
ROCK & WHITE—LEON ERROL—IRENE BORDONI
Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE
Tonight, 8:15, Tosca. Farrar, Braslau; Martin, Scotti, Malatesta, Rossi, Bada. Cond., Moranzoni.
Wed. at 8, Marta. Hempel, Perini; Caruso, De Luca, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky.
Thurs. at 8:15, Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Martin, Scotti, Reiss. Cond., Moranzoni.
Fri. at 8, Samson et Dalila. Claussen (debut); Caruso, Whitehill, Rothier. Cond., Monteux.
Sat. Mat. at 2, Francesca da Rimini. Alda, Perini, Sundelius, Braslau, Delaunois; Martinelli, Amato, Bada, Malatesta. Cond., Moranzoni.
Next Mon. at 8, Faust. Farrar, Delaunois; Martinelli, Rothier, Chalmers. Cond., Monteux.
THANKSGIVING DAY MAT. at 2 ($1 to $5). CARMEN. Farrar, Peterson (debut); Martinelli, Whitehill, Segurola. Cond., Monteux. Seats To-day.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Sat., Nov. 24, at 8, Nozze di Figaro. Hempel, Matzenauer, Delaunois; De Luca, Didur, Reiss, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky.
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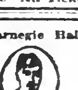
Aeolian Hall, Thurs., Nov. 22, at 8:15. SONG RECITAL GRETA TORPADIE Seats Now. Mgt. Music League of America.
Carnegie Hall TO-NIGHT AT 8:30 IAN HAY



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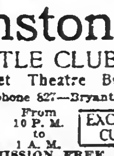

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOV. 19, 1917.

AMERICA TAKES A HAND.

At the moment when British politicians are seeking to encompass the fall of LLOYD GEORGE because of his attempt to bring about unity of plan and control in military operations, President WILSON emphatically declares for the same thing. But he does more. When he says that it must be done if the great resources of the United States are to be used to the best purpose, he delivers emphatically the first reminder that this country is playing a part already that entitles it to a high place at the council table of the Allies.

The magnitude of the President's service to the common cause is beyond question. When unity has been talked of, those who talked of it have been sagely reminded that the differences of viewpoint between the European nations are such that any one of them who proposed it would be subject to jealousy and suspicion. Therefore, it was the duty of the one great nation which stood apart from European policies and traditions, whose motives could not possibly be under suspicion, to cut the knot. It was our duty, but duties often go undone and opportunities are often not seized. In recognizing the duty and seizing the opportunity the President played the part of a great statesman.

That unity which we have been told is a dream is now made possible. Insuperable obstacles become mere difficulties when the right word is spoken, and by the right man. LLOYD GEORGE spoke it, but he was the head of an interested nation, and Mr. WILSON is at the head of a disinterested one. Mr. GEORGE spoke it from the highest motives, but his motives were immediately made the target of partisan suspicion. Mr. WILSON cannot be made that kind of target. And, in assuming the leadership of the movement for unity, Mr. WILSON has really done Mr. GEORGE a great service; for his own leadership would always have been hampered by all the obstacles that partisan pettiness could invent. Now, in that movement, he has behind him all the power of the United States, the nation on which the war must more and more depend.

It will be a shock to those British politicians who were trying to use the United States for the purpose of encompassing LLOYD GEORGE's downfall; Lord NORTHCLIFFE spoke truly when he said that the United States would not stand by and see its blood and treasure sacrificed to incompetency, but he was vastly wrong when he sought to enlist that fact against the administration of LLOYD GEORGE. The incompetency which the United States dreads is precisely that incompetency to which Mr. GEORGE seeks to put an end. It is not the incompetency of Generals or statesmen, but an artificial incompetency created by disunion of command; it is the incompetency of a deadlock. Military initiative has been paralyzed by the scattering of responsibility. The President warns our allies that this paralysis must cease. This is the demand of the British Premier. Yesterday it seemed a demand that could not be realized because of partisan opposition at home and the mutual jealousies of the Allies. Now that the President has spoken, we believe that those things will shrink into their proper proportions, and that for that reason, if for no other, this is a historic day for Europe.

Not only can there be no suspicion of America's motives, but there is no avoiding her voice. This country is the storehouse and the bank of the Allies. Hitherto not a word has come from us in reminder of that fact. It has come now only because the occasion called for it. Nothing less could have brought it forth, and now it comes with dignity. This nation is faced with the prospect that the division of responsibility which has checkmated the Allies for three years shall continue, chiefly because of the political opposition to LLOYD GEORGE and the susceptibilities of certain officers. That continuance means the loss of American lives, and the President, in that unanswerable way to which his countrymen are accustomed when he speaks, announces not only the interest of America in this matter but its determination to protect its interest.

THE MASK OFF.

With diplomatic decorum, our dispatch from The Hague yesterday informed us that "the German press "and parties, with the exception of "the Socialists, are becoming dis-"tinctly more annexationist since the "victories on the Russian and Italian "fronts." Another and franker way of putting it would be that since those victories the time seems to have come for taking off the mask. If they are succeeded by defeats, Germany can pop behind the mask again.

The German Government has never said a word to support the delusion that it favors "no annexations and no indemnities." If it did, there would exist no reason for believing its word, for believing that at the first opportunity it would not wriggle out of it; but the fact is that it has said no such thing. But it has permitted German politicians and newspapers to wave that flag, for the demoralization of such of the enemy as may be foolish enough to believe it to be the German flag. When enough demoralization had been created, the Government was prepared to drop the pretense and order this species of "fraternization" to cease.

The time seems to have come. The victories referred to were victories won by the waving of that flag. Russia was wholly demoralized by it, and enough of the Italian Army was demoralized to make possible the late German victory. Now the time has come to put the flag away, to drop the mask. And yet it was to have been expected that Germany, having got such good results thus far, would go on waving the flag and wearing the mask for some time longer, so as to produce more. Is it possible that these two results were the only results it counted on and that, having got them, it expects no more? So far as Italy is concerned, that is doubtless the fact, for the actual presence of the invader on Italian soil seems to have roused a state of feeling that will permit of no more Bolshevikation in that army. The deluded Italian soldiers who stopped fighting in the expectation of seeing the enemy carry out his promise and stop too are enough of an object lesson in German faith to satisfy Italy for a hundred years. And still one would have expected Germany to go on with the comedy for the sake of its effect on the United States, where it began so musically. Has she decided that the game cannot be played on us any more than on England and France?

THE PALESTINE CAMPAIGN.

To General Sir ARCHIBALD MURRAY, who in January, 1916, succeeded Sir JOHN G. MAXWELL as commander of the forces in Egypt, belongs the credit of the strategy of the Palestine campaign. The execution of it was lately intrusted to General ALLENBY, who had made a great reputation on the western front in France. Almost every day ALLENBY reports a new success over the Turks, and he is now within striking distance of Jerusalem. Marshal HAIG evidently knew what he was about when he consented to the dispatch of his able lieutenant to the Sinai Peninsula. But the loss of ALLENBY broke up the trinity which is known in England as the H. A. G.: HORNE, ALLENBY, and GOUGH, who have done such wonderful work in Marshal HAIG's offensives.

When ALLENBY went out to Egypt the Turks had already been badly knocked about in the Sinai campaign, which in some respects was more picturesque than even the operations in Mesopotamia. It was a graveyard for the reputations of Turkish Generals and of such German military adventurers as Colonel KRESS VON KRESSENSTEIN. This officer planned the advance of DJEMEL Pasha in the Spring of 1915 by three routes across the desert of the Sinai Peninsula. The objective of the main Turkish force was the Suez Canal at a point fifteen miles south of Ismailia. There a battle was fought, in which British and French war vessels took part. The British troops included East Indians, Australians, New Zealanders, and British Territorials and Yeomanry. Their losses were insignificant, 115 killed and wounded, whereas the Turkish casualties were 900 killed or drowned in the canal and 2,000 wounded. Six hundred and fifty Turks were captured. The northern Ottoman army—its base was El Arish, on the Mediterranean—was put to flight in the neighborhood of Kantara, which is on the canal and thirty miles south of Port Said. The southern Turkish army, operating by way of Nakhl, was never dangerous. The British, if they had only known it, lost an enviable opportunity to pursue and completely rout DJEMEL Pasha's well-equipped army; but it must be remembered that the Sinai Peninsula (between Egypt proper and Syria) is in many parts waterless and a most forbidding country to operate in.

When Sir ARCHIBALD MURRAY took over the Egyptian command he decided to follow KITCHENER's tactics in the Sudan and build a railway along the Mediterranean coast route from Kantara, through Katia and El Arish, to Rafa. When he began to lay rails and water mains the Turks had garrisons at Katia, twenty miles from Kantara, and at El Arish, which was well on the way to Beersheba, the Turkish base. In Colonel KRESS VON KRESSENSTEIN, who assumed command of the Turkish forces, MURRAY had a much more formidable antagonist than DJEMEL Pasha. The Turco-German airplane reconnoissance was excellent. In raids and minor engagements the British suffered severely at first, but in a battle at Romani, between Katia and the coast, VON KRESSENSTEIN's army of 18,000 men was decisively beaten, with casualties of 9,000, including 4,000 prisoners. Thus ended the "second invasion" of Egypt. The El Arish base was abandoned by the German commander, and he left in his motor car for Beersheba.

The Sinai and Palestine campaigns are unusually interesting, in a war in which elaborate trenches figure so much, because all the fighting has been practically in the open. MAXWELL, MURRAY, and now A[illegible]LENBY have proved themselves superior tacticians to the Turkish and German Generals, and the Turkish troops have failed to hold their own with the mixed British commands. ALLENBY has had the benefit of MURRAY's scientific preparations for the advance toward Palestine. Furthermore, the new field commander is leading an army flushed with victory. As Bagdad is 400 miles and more to the east of Jerusalem, it can hardly be said that ALLENBY is co-operating with Sir STANLEY MAUDE in a general strategic plan. Sir ARCHIBALD MURRAY conceived the bold idea that the way to defend the Suez Canal was not to wait for the enemy along the line of it, but to take the offensive in Northern Sinai and strike at Palestine. This explains operations which seem so mystifying to the uninitiated.

THE ALTERNATIVE TO GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP.

Mr. VANDERLIP sees further into the railway question than those who think that the railways' trouble is a matter of rates. Government ownership might make the railways solvent, but Government ownership would be no more satisfactory than Government regulation, if Government management should attempt to do inconsistent things at the same time. As Mr. VANDERLIP points out, regulation and competition are not consistent with each other. The railways are directed to compete and forbidden to compete. Under the compulsion of war they are giving a demonstration of what they can do if they are allowed to do what they know ought to be done, but what the law forbids them to do. They are combining heinously. They are competing not at all. They are carrying more traffic than was ever moved on wheels before, anywhere, and they are doing it at the lowest rates in history and paying the highest costs. What business can show a better record of patriotism and efficiency? What Government railway has any such record?

All that is needed to make our railways splendid properties, scandalously prosperous, is such high rates and such low wages as rule on Government railways. It has been calculated that Government ownership rates would enable our railways to pay 40 per cent. dividends. The payment of dividends is a means to an end, the end that capital may be attracted to railway investments. The service of business is more important than the payment of dividends. The solution of the railway problem which should make the railways profitable at the cost of the taxpayers, or the reduction of the efficiency of the railways to the standards of Government railways, would be more unsatisfactory than the present basis.

No authority on railways regards our railways in the same temper as our regulators. Countless foreign observers have told us that our railways were better than theirs, and they study our ways for the sake of adopting them. Not so our regulators. They are incurable optimists about their own abilities, and incurable pessimists about our railways' competency to learn what it is sought to teach them. Well, the record is before the country. The regulators have had it all their own way for a generation. What have they settled in the way of what they undertook to do? They have corrected abuses of conduct, and are entitled to recognition and praise for that. But what have they done in the way of solving the problems of railways as servants of commerce? Has the long and short haul question been settled? It has been decided both ways, and offense has been given alternately in each direction. The subject will be brought before Congress at the first opportunity with intent to take away from the Commission the plenary discretion given to it to deal with the matter, after the disposition of Congress had failed. Were receiverships ever more numerous? Has the relation of interstate and intrastate commerce been settled in thirty years? On the contrary, a political question has been piled on the economic question. Has the relation of water and land carriers been settled by the generation of regulation? On the contrary, there is danger of uneconomic competition between them at the first relaxation of the congestion which makes both of them necessary now.

All conflicts of interests are not to be settled by Government ownership. The railway question is stuffed with more local questions than the tariff. It is not so much a matter of competition between the railways as a matter of competition of section with section, of market with market, of one commodity with another, or with a substitute. Settlement of these and such rivalries by power is not an economic settlement. The stifling of complaint is not the administering of a remedy. The bestowal of prosperity by edict, the decree of stagnation by those without responsibility except in their official places, is not the settlement of the railway question. It has been settled, within human limitations, so far as it is a matter of conduct, as to what "ought" to be done. There is no "ought" in economic affairs. The management of railways, conduct aside, is a matter of discretion, varying with conditions, and admitting of many settlements. The regulators have sought the one permanent settlement. They have thought that they were judges appointed to move the mountain towns to the coast, or the coast towns to the midcontinent. They have thought that it was their function to settle how great profits should be rather than to impose reasonable rates and allow the profits to be regulated by efficiency. The profits problem is in its worst condition. The relation of the weak roads to the strong roads never was so muddled. Government ownership is indeed a refuge for the regulators. It is another promise by those who gave us Government regulation of the sort we are enjoying. What sort of Government management would they give?

COAL ECONOMY.

The Director of the United States Bureau of Mines says that a shovelful of anthracite coal is equal in cost to a pint of cream, and a shovelful of bituminous to a loaf of bread. It is a novel idea to convert food for the furnace into equivalents of food for the body, but there is the same need for patriotism in the conservation of one as of the other. It is unpatriotic to send food up the chimney this year, and there is no man so rich that he can afford to be unpatriotic. Besides, there may be some who find it difficult to get all the coal they need this year, and others who find it difficult to pay for the coal they can get. All patriots, therefore, are interested in the hints which Black Diamond gives regarding coal economy.

That leading trade journal has found that when the wind blows consumption of coal may be doubled with little effect in heating a house. There are two ways of checking this. One way is to put an automatic damper in the smoke-pipe so that the wind will close the damper and thus stop the pull on the coal in the furnace which sends the heat up the chimney. The other way is to put a door in the smoke-pipe so that the wind will open it and allow the draught to be supplied by the air in the basement, without drawing it through the firepot of the furnace. The cost of either device is trifling, less than the saving of coal in a month, and in a season a dividend of several hundred per cent. on the investment.

Careless stoking is another preventable waste of furnace food. A firepot in which the coal is level with the feed door produces as much heat as one which is heaping full, and uses less of the black diamonds. Also in public buildings the temperature is kept too high. The custom is to overheat and allow the temperature to be reduced by opening the windows. Less heat and a more general use of air-changing devices in the windows will save much coal. Of course all this takes trouble and intelligence, than which there is hardly anything which costs less or is more valuable. The saving of a pound of coal is the same as finding money with which to buy sugar, for example. A shovelful out of the furnace is a nickel in the pocket, and that is worth while against the next offering of Liberty bonds.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Taking Much to Give but Little.

Much and serious thought will be caused, or at any rate should be caused, as a result of the disclosure that though the gross receipts of the Army and Navy Bazaar recently held in the Grand Central Palace amounted to $71,475, the profits of this elaborate enterprise, left after all expenses and commissions had been paid, were only $754.96. In other words, the larger sum came out of pockets that at this time are subjected to innumerable drains, and only a fraction of it that can be called either ludicrously or lamentably minute was used for buying the "comfort kits" to purchase which was the object of holding the bazaar.

There is no charge or suspicion that any of the money taken in was wrongfully, in the sense of dishonestly, diverted. The accounts have been properly audited and they are in sufficient detail to show just where every cent went and why it went there. But it is obvious, and only too obvious, that this method of raising money was not in this instance justified by its results, and that the excellence of the intentions moving those who arranged and managed the affair does not make up for the financial unsoundness of what was done, as demonstrated by the balance sheet.

That the showing was so deplorable may have been due, indeed, to special circumstances, and it is known that other bazaars have been far more successful in keeping expenses down and profits up. There have been too many cases, however, in which there were no profits at all, and it is somewhat doubtful if ever, except when practically all the work is done gratuitously, the ratio of cost to gain is such as to warrant the diminution effected in the amount of money taken from the generous public. When 50 per cent. commissions are paid to all sorts of agents and solicitors and big salaries are given to men competent and willing to relieve the nominal organizers of all or most of the real work involved in the conduct of one of these fairs—then the outcome is sure to be a pitifully inadequate return for the energy expended and for the total draft on the public's will and power to give.

The conclusion to be drawn from episodes like this is that bazaars and fairs and "entertainments" for war purposes, as for charitable purposes, should be under some sort of control other than that of people whose only qualification for it is a laudable desire to "do something" for a worthy object.

Poets Are Working for Italy.

An effort at war relief immune to all criticism and worthy of praise and help to the full extent of the general ability to give is that of the American Poets' Committee, which for some time has been hard at work raising money with which to buy ambulances for the Italian Army. Under the Chairmanship of ROBERT UNDERWOOD JOHNSON the interest of great numbers of our literary folk has been aroused, and not only have they given much themselves—wonderfully much, considering that their incomes have suffered seriously from the general diversion of public attention from books to war—but they have made effective appeals to many people richer than they are in behalf of the soldiers fighting so desperately in the land that has a better claim than any other to the love and respect of civilization.

Up to Nov. 17 the Poets' Committee had raised in actual cash $128,003.23, and $10,000 more of assured subscriptions were in sight. And the money collected is spent as fast as it comes in—all of it, practically—for the ambulances so much needed on the Italian front. They are already there and in service—not enough of them yet, by any means, but in numbers sufficient to save many a life that would otherwise be lost.

Each ambulance costs $1,000, and for that amount it can be equipped and put in the field. Of course, the need for them is now greater than ever, and it is likely to grow steadily as the conflict with the invaders of the Venetian plain proceeds.

Accusations Made in Haste.

There is no reason for suspecting in the slightest degree the loyalty of Mrs. GRACE HUMISTON, but there is more than excuse for believing that quite unintentionally she has allowed herself to be used by secret enemies of her country to give weight and circulation to rumors started for no other purpose than the disquieting and alarming of the American public. The accusations she has made with regard to moral conditions in and around the training camps have many resemblances to other stories reasonably ascribed to Germany's friends and sympathizers in the United States. There is the same difficulty in discovering their originators and the same absence of facts to be elicited by investigation.

Mrs. HUMISTON claims to have personal knowledge about some of the evils she describes, but she does not allow us to judge the value of the evidence she possesses or the credibility of the testimony she trusts. On the other hand, the commanders of the camps indignantly deny the truth of her charges, and they make explicit statements as to seemingly adequate precautions taken by them to assure the safety of the women who visit the camps. As the case stands, the natural conclusion to draw is that Mrs. HUMISTON's assertions are as wild exaggerations as were the like statements made in England in the early days of the war.

That there will be here as there was there a certain number of "war babies" would be denied by nobody who knows anything about human nature, but the number of them there, it was finally discovered and admitted, was not sufficiently great to make any measurable difference in the statistics of legitimacy, and it is not vain conceit to hope, or even to believe, that here and now the showing will be better than the not bad one made in England. The manner in which our recruits have been collected, the sobriety that they are preserving under no great amount of compulsion, the occupations and amusements that have been provided for their scanty leisure—all these things combine to render incredible the unsupported accusations brought by Mrs. HUMISTON.

She is a woman who gave one brilliant demonstration of ability as a detective, and she earned as well as won no little fame thereby. Now she has imperiled that fame by seeking more of it. That has often happened before with men and women as well-intentioned as herself.

J. R. LOWELL FOR TODAY.

Many of His Lines Have a Very Modern Application.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Doubtless many of your readers realize how very appropriate to the present time a number of lines of James Russell Lowell are, but though I am an Englishman, perhaps I may venture to draw the attention of others to this fact and to give the following examples:

To the people of "well balanced minds" that we have just heard of from Rome, though every country produces the species:

This weighin' things does well enough
When war cools down and comes to writin';
But while it's makin', the true stuff
Is pison mad, pig-headed fightin'.

Or this, about "Old Hickory":

He couldn't see but just one side
Ef his, 'twas God's, and that was plenty,
And so his "Forrards" multiplied
An army's fighting weight by twenty.

To the pacifists of all nations:

There's critturs yit that talk and act
For what they call Conciliation;
They'd hand a buff'lo drove a tract
When they was madder than all Bashan.
Conciliate? It just means be kicked,
No matter how they phrase an' tone it;
It means that we are set down licked,
That we're poor shotes and glad to own it.

To President Woodrow Wilson and Mr. David Lloyd George:

We wanted one that felt all chief,
From roots of hair to sole of stockin';
Square sot with thousan' ton belief
In him an' us, ef earth went rockin'.

Perhaps I may exercise my privilege as an Englishman to criticise certain members of the British House of Commons, et hoc genus omne:

The right to be a cussed fool
Is safe from all devices human;
It's common as a general rool
To every crittur born of woman.

And, finally, may I put "Sam" for "Abe," and "Bill" for "Jeff," and apply the following to the United States of America?

An' come wut will, I think it's grand,
Sam's got his will at last bloom furnaced
In trial flames, till it'll stand
The strain of being in deadly earnest;
That's what we want—we want to know
The folks on our side has the bravery
To b'lieve as hard, come weal, come woe,
In Freedom ez Bill does in Slavery.
Set the two forces foot to foot,
An' every man knows who'll be winner
Whose faith in God has ary root
That goes down deeper than his dinner.
Then 'twill be felt from pole to pole,
Without no need of proclamation,
Earth's biggest country's got her soul
An' risen up Earth's greatest Nation.

AN ENGLISHMAN.
New York, Nov. 15, 1917.

LAWYERS FOR DRAFT WORK.

H. W. Taft Says They Will Respond to President's Appeal as in the Past.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of the stirring appeal of the President to the legal profession in connection with the new draft regulations, publicity should be given to the effective and patriotic service which the members of the bar of this city have already rendered.

Last July the Adjutant General of the State designated a lawyer to act as the representative of Provost Marshal General Crowder in giving legal advice to each of the 189 Exemption Boards of this city. These lawyers efficiently and patriotically devoted themselves to the arduous task and have very materially contributed to the successful working of the law. Mr. Roger B. Wood, formerly Assistant United States Attorney for this district, was designated by the Adjutant General to direct the activities of the lawyers advising the Exemption Boards and deserves much credit for his work. Six lawyers designated by the Adjutant General have been performing with ability and fidelity the arduous labor incident to appeals to the District Board. Twenty-five lawyers, appointed by the United States Attorney as Special Assistants, have been aiding in the enforcement of war measures recently passed by Congress, and in other important legal work incident to the war.

The service of all these lawyers has been entirely gratuitous. They were all selected by the Government on the recommendation of the War Committee of the Bar of the City of New York, and that committee had given careful consideration to their qualifications. The War Committee was formed last Spring by committees representing the Association of the Bar of the City of New York, the New York County Lawyers' Association, the Brooklyn Bar Association, the Association of the Bar of the County of Bronx, the Queens County Bar Association, the Richmond County Bar Association, and the Lawyers' Club, to facilitate the Government in carrying into effect war measures. It began its work by a questionnaire sent to the 14,000 members of the bar of this city. About 4,000 lawyers responded, tendering their services and giving information as to their capabilities and the amount of time they were prepared to give to the public service, which enabled the committee to make a classification which, with the aid of a system of special investigation, has enabled the committee on short notice to furnish legal assistance of the kind above referred to.

I understand from the published statements concerning the new draft regulations that it is proposed to have in each Exemption District an Advisory Board of three lawyers to advise registrants as to their legal rights and the manner in which questions asked by the Government are to be answered. The organization of such boards has been rendered much less difficult on account of the experience which the lawyers above referred to have had in the working of the draft and it is probable that they will be resorted to by the Government as a foundation on which to build the more elaborate structure contemplated by the regulations. Our committee will, of course, place at the disposition of the Adjutant General and the Provost Marshal General all of its facilities for selecting the 378 additional lawyers who will be necessary to fill the quota of the boards.

Precisely what our new regulations are to be cannot be ascertained until they have been officially issued by the Provost Marshal General, but I have little doubt that in this city the members of the bar will eagerly respond to the appeal of the President and cooperate in the plans of the Government for the completion of the draft in an effective and patriotic fashion.

HENRY W. TAFT, Chairman,
War Committee of the Bar of the City of New York.
New York, Nov. 14, 1917.

Signs of the Emancipation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

During the last election the writer served as an inspector at one of the uptown polling places. A young lady from the Woman Suffrage Party sat with us throughout, evidently for the purpose of assuring fair play to the votes for suffrage. While the men were passing around tobacco this woman asked one of the men for a cigarette, and proceeded to smoke in very nonchalant manner. After consuming the first cigarette she politely asked for a second.

The suffragettes who take to smoking in order emphatically to demonstrate their equality with the male sex grossly pervert the purpose for which the better element among women has been striving so hard. The essential purpose in giving women the vote is to grant them all the rights and privileges which belong to them, whereby they will help to elevate and better develop the community. In enfranchising the women, we beg of them, nay, demand of them, to mitigate the social and economic evils, not to enhance them.

JOSEPH IVRY.
New York, Nov. 16, 1917.

Mrs. Humiston's Charges.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with much surprise and doubt the statements of Mrs. Grace Humiston concerning immorality in the vicinity of the camps, and it is shocking to the senses to have such statements circulated by one who is supposed at least to have some knowledge whereof she speaks. I have been indirectly connected with the United States Army in the capacity of stenographic reporter for courts-martial for about eight years, five of which were spent on the Texas border. I am constrained to say that those parts of Mrs. Humiston's statements which are not hearsay are undoubtedly creatures of her imagination. It would be hard, indeed, in any gathering of thousands of young men not to find some wrongdoers, but when women of supposed intelligence attack the entire personnel of the army, and in one recent instance it was referred to as the "khaki peril," it seems to me a halt should be called, and they ought to be made, in present-day slang, "to put up or shut up."

ROBERT A. DOREMUS.
New York, Nov. 17, 1917.

THE KNITTING BRIGADE.

Up and down through our country wide,
(Clickety-clack! clickety-clack!)
Needles are plying busily,
(Over and back, over and back!)
The stay-at-homes and the travelers, too—
Go where you will, they're everywhere,
Knitting away with khaki wool,
Or gray, for a boy gone "Over There"!

Needles of amber, bone or steel,
Needles fashioned of silver, gold,
Wielded by soft and slender hands,
Or work-worn fingers, gnarled and old;
Mothers and sisters, sweethearts, wives—
Every one of us boasts a pair!
Ours is the task all women love,
To hearten their men gone "Over There"!

A bag is the sign of the knitting band,
Silk or cotton, or crétonne gay,
And hidden safe in its cavern folds
Are needles and worsted tucked away.
So we knit and purl—(but, novices,
Of the perilous Kitchener heel, beware!)
Doing this service thankfully,
For the sake of one gone "Over There"!

MAZIE V. CARUTHERS.

GENERAL BELL PROPOSES A SONG.

Use of the International Anthem for Great Britain and America Should Be Encouraged, He Says.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Very gracious commendation was bestowed in the columns of your paper on the part I took in the song rally at the 71st Armory on Sunday night, Nov. 11, at which I was an honored guest. In view of this, it would seem a bit incongruous, if not ungracious, that I should choose your paper in which to disclose even one small "fly in the ointment" were I to do it in a spirit of criticism. Assuring you, therefore, that it is not in a spirit of criticism, but in a hope of helpfulness, that I am writing what follows, and trusting that what I say may find a responsive chord in the breasts of all thoughtful and impartial persons, I desire to point out an omission in the program which I am sure was due to oversight and without the slightest intention of any invidious distinction.

Though the program contained the National Anthems of France and Russia, it did not include that of Great Britain. England has taken a most prominent part in this war and the existence of its navy has exercised a most powerful influence toward the protection of neutral commerce throughout the world.

In view of recent developments on the eastern and southeastern fronts, this is certainly no fit time for our people to be indifferent or lukewarm toward the sensibilities of one of our most powerful allies. If there ever was a call for maintaining sincerely cordial, sympathetic relations with all of our allies, one is certainly sounding loudly now.

On the entry of this country into the present war an International Anthem to the tune of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee" and "God Save the King" was sung (according to the press) at St. Paul's Cathedral, London. The first verse of this International Anthem was as follows:

Two Empires by the Sea,
Two Nations great and free
One Anthem raise.
One race of ancient fame,
One tongue, one faith we claim,
One God, whose glorious name
We love and praise.

And the last:

Now, may the God above,
Guard the dear lands we love,
Both East and West.
Let love more fervent glow,
As peaceful ages go,
And strength yet stronger grow,
Blessing the blest.

If, on proper occasion, the singing of these international words could be encouraged it would at the least tend to cultivate cordial relations with a nation which for many years has endeavored to manifest very cordial friendship for us.

I am conscious that this suggestion may encounter an antagonistic reception in the minds of some of our fellow-countrymen, but in making it I am inspired more by interest in the real welfare of citizens of my own country than by consideration for the feelings of any one belonging to another.

J. F. BELL,
Major General, U. S. A.
Commanding.
Headquarters, 77th Division, Camp Upton, N. Y., Nov. 17, 1917.

THE BEST WAR RECORD.

Pell City, Ala., Would Like to Know if Any Town Has Done More.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read in THE TIMES and other papers claims of several towns to the distinction of having made the best war record in the way of furnishing men and money.

None of these records begins to compare with that made by the little town of Pell City, Ala. Its population, including the people of the cotton mill village which is outside the municipal limits, is less than 1,500. Its total taxable wealth is assessed at about $750,000.

It sent 100 volunteers to the Mexican border, and of these forty-one men were assigned to the Rainbow Division. Practically every man liable to conscription volunteered.

Excluding the first Liberty Loan it took $76,750 in second Liberties, an average of $50 for every man, woman and child of the population, or 10 per cent. of its wealth.

It far oversubscribed its allotments to the Camp Library Fund, the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. funds.

To every Pell City man in France, on the high seas, or in training camp, it has sent a Christmas box; each costing more than $8, and prepared after consultation with men overseas. The negro troops at Fort Dodge received exactly the same gifts.

The engraved card accompanying these boxes is worth passing along as an evidence of the spirit of the South:

To Pell City's "Own": A joyful Christmas greeting and best wishes for a happy New Year.

We send this Christmas box, dedicated in love, in the hope that it will give you comfort and pleasure, pleasure in its contents, and comfort from the thought that the folks back home are thinking of you. We feel honored in having an opportunity to express, even in so small a degree, the admiration and respect we have for our soldiers, now with the colors, for the great sacrifice they are making to defend their country's honor, protect its homes and to make the world a safe place for democracy and civil liberty. We all join in a fervent and sincere petition to God to protect and keep you, and, when your duty is done, return you to us. Your sincere friends,

THE PEOPLE OF PELL CITY.

Tomorrow a thoroughbred Holstein bull calf, sired by Bayonet, dammed by Ammunition, out of Conqueror, is to be auctioned here for the benefit of the Red Cross, the buyer to donate his purchase to the Birmingham Red Cross Chapter for resale. This promises to be the highest priced animal in captivity.

Pell City offers this record for other towns to shoot at.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
By McLANE TILTON, Jr., President.
Pell City, Ala., Nov. 15, 1917.

For School Lunches.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

At the present time undernourishment and malnutrition are injuring the children of the New York City schools and nullifying the work of teachers. The Board of Health estimates that last Winter there were more than 100,000 children suffering from underfeeding. This year conditions are much worse. The increased price of milk is showing dire effects and is causing great anxiety. It is necessary for the children attending public schools to have one good hot meal a day, and there should be a lunch service owned and managed by every public school. England and France have everywhere adopted the 3-cent lunch as a war measure. The present lunch service in New York is wholly inadequate. Only thirty-five schools in Manhattan and the Bronx are provided with a lunch service. At least as many more should be equipped immediately, and this must be done by private means; the agency through which it can be accomplished already exists. The Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor has the matter in hand, and money given for the purpose will be well and wisely spent. Mr. Hoover said, "Safeguard the children in war time. It is your first duty."

A fund of $50,000 is asked for, and checks should be made payable to George Blagden, Treasurer, and sent to Mrs. Frederick Petersen, 535 Park Avenue.

EMILY STEVENS LADENBURG,
(Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg.)
New York, Nov. 12, 1917.

Criticism of the Fusion Campaign.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of the frank utterance of Mr. Price on the conduct of the Fusion campaign I want to call particular attention to the vote for Borough President Marks, and to ask Mr. Price what light Mr. Marks's totals throw on the Fusion management.

Mr. Price criticised the Fusion methods, and my own and some of my friends' experiences bear him out. There was a Fusion campaign, but there was no fusion. One incident will make clear what I mean. One Saturday afternoon two weeks before election I called at the Fusion Mayoralty headquarters and inquired for Mr. Marks's headquarters. Four officials, consecutively questioned, said they knew nothing about the Marks headquarters, and two of them did not know for sure where Mr. Adamson's or Mr. Prendergast's were.

I had some share in the election of Borough President Marks four years ago, and consider that the Fusion fight at that time was as well conducted as any campaign I have known. The work was done under one roof, and Fusion meant just what it spelled.

I do not believe that Fusion would have won this year, no matter how the campaign had been managed, but I do think that there is some political significance in the fact that Borough President Marks ran ahead of Mr. Mitchel in Manhattan by 22,000, of Mr. Prendergast by 15,000, and of Mr. Adamson by 11,000.

NAT OLDS.
New York, Nov. 16, 1917.

DISLOYALTY IN SCHOOLS.

A Full Investigation of the Teaching Staff Is Demanded.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

To all citizens of New York who are eager that the reputation of the city should, as far as possible, be kept free from the stain of disloyalty, the newspapers the last week have borne good tidings. A cancerous growth of sedition is to be cut out. The Board of Education, at last awake to its moral obligations, is investigating the loyalty of the high school teachers. Already the board has transferred six and suspended three instructors, and is to begin the trial of the latter within a few days.

This is a splendid beginning, but it is only a beginning. There is a danger that at first the investigation will be energetic, but that its efforts to get at the truth and to punish adequately the potential traitors in the school department will relax as the inevitable outcry about "the suppression of free speech," "the rights of the individual," &c., rises from the throats of the Socialists and pacifists. But the investigators will commit a great wrong if they hesitate in the performance of what is their supreme duty as American citizens in high public office. Not for a moment must they allow themselves to be intimidated by the frenzied protests of foreigners masquerading as Americans, or by threats made against their own political future.

Ever since the outbreak of the war I have been hearing of the brazen, outspoken disloyalty of teachers who were intrusted with the care of the coming generation of Americans. My informants were not sensation-mongers, but reliable men and women, colleagues, in fact, of the disloyalists in question. One teacher complained of his discomfort in the atmosphere of his school, where he virtually stood alone in the midst of a pestilential pacifism. Another informed me how a high school teacher, when the children not long ago gave a celebration in honor of Joffre in Central Park, remarked loudly to bystanders: "You have been applauding one of the greatest murderers of his generation." Another teacher told me that only recently a high school instructor, American born, but of German ancestry, severely reprimanded a student "for insulting the Kaiser," because the boy had drawn, in a school paper, a cartoon of himself leading the imperial war lord by a well-deserved halter. The evidence is cumulative and widespread, and it must fill every true American with moral nausea to think of such instructors for our youth.

It would be well if the Board of Education would see to it that no disloyal individuals get into the department. This means a thorough scrutiny of the principles of all candidates for the position of teacher in training. In this matter all college instructors can co-operate by refusing to recommend to any of the innumerable teachers' agencies students whose Americanism is sickly and anaemic. These measures are severe; it is painful to have to suggest them, and it is more distressing to undertake to carry them out. But if we do not wish to see the very rivets of our social organization dissolved by the corrosive poison of an insidious anarchy we must take some such drastic action. Inspired by a clear conception of its patriotic duty, the Board of Education has begun a task which, if properly performed, will be of inestimable value to the City of New York and the country at large. At a time when there is no reason to doubt that pseudo-Americans will shout themselves hoarse in passionate criticism of the board, it is the duty of the loyal citizen to support the investigators to the very utmost of his power. Local patriotic organizations have pressed upon Congress its obligation to expel that apostle of pale Americanism, La Follette; now they can do nothing more praiseworthy than pass resolutions sustaining the board in the stand it has taken, and urging it to continue its work until democracy can be [illegible] in every classroom of the public school system of the city.

B. S. ALLEN.
New York University, Nov. 17, 1917.

Loyal Clinton Graduates.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As President of the New York University Clinton Club and through constant communication with other Clinton Clubs throughout the colleges of the East it has been my duty and privilege to follow the doings of Clintonites throughout this section of the country. Since the entrance of this country into the world conflict it has been my special endeavor to keep track of the military activities of Clinton men. I therefore know whereof I speak when I state emphatically that the graduates and former students of De Witt Clinton High School are daily proving their loyalty in no uncertain manner.

Numerous former students of the school can be found in every branch of war service. A great number of them have succeeded in earning commissions at the various officers' training camps, and furthermore, a goodly number are now at the front engaged in the actual fighting.

Understand, this is not intended as a defense of the suspended and transferred instructors. That the action taken by the higher school authorities was justified is not to be questioned. This is, however, a strong denial and complaint against your unjust and unfounded statement in calling the De Witt Clinton High School a "notorious capital and centre of sedition."

M. S. SCHEIBER, Clinton '16.
New York, Nov. 16, 1917.

Y. M. C. A. FUND MAY EXCEED $35,000,000

Reports Now Indicate That More Than $33,000,000 Has Been Subscribed.

FINAL DRIVE IS ON TODAY

Message from France Tells of the Urgent Need for Funds and Material for Our Soldiers.

Reports received from various parts of the country at the National Campaign Headquarters of the Y. M. C. A. War Fund yesterday indicated that the contributions before the drive ends at midnight tonight will exceed the $35,000,000 sought for war work in Europe. No figures were tabulated yesterday, but it was roughly estimated that the total contributions for the day brought the amount well above $33,000,000. New York City continued to lead the country with a total to date of $5,240,215.

Chicago was second, with $2,218,000. Pittsburgh reported a total of $1,688,000. Philadelphia was fourth with $1,449,502. Boston came next with $1,405,504, and Cleveland sixth with $1,378,127. Contributions in other cities were reported as follows:

Baltimore	$302,897
Buffalo	430,071
Louisville	140,000
Indianapolis	942,000
Hartford	258,791

Commenting on this the last day of the drive, A. H. Whitford, National Campaign Director of the Y. M. C. A. fund, said: "We enter the last day of this great nation-wide drive with confidence. More than 15,000 cities and towns have been organized and not less than 25,000 canvassing committees have been at work, represented by more than 500,000 volunteer workers. This great organization is directed by more than 1,300 campaign directors, who have given their whole time for several weeks without salary expense to the fund. As the country goes over the 'campaign top' we hope to push the canvass to the last trench, so that the best interest of our enlisted men may be safeguarded."

Cable from French Secretary.

A cable message was received at the national headquarters of the campaign yesterday from E. C. Carter, National Secretary of the American Y. M. C. A. in France, which read as follows:

"I have just returned from visiting the Americans in the front-line trenches. Their spirit is inspiring; their appreciation of associations, already being operated under shell fire, is unbounded. At the same time the principal criticism on every hand is that the American association in France is still inadequately furnished with men, money, supplies, and transports.

"Unless additional funds and material are forthcoming immediately, thousands of American soldiers during the coming cold Winter nights will be turned away from our huts because they are not large enough and numerous enough to accommodate all who wish to enter. I am confident that America will furnish all the money and workers necessary if parents at home realized that their men will knock at the doors of our huts in vain if adequate funds are not available."

Acting on this appeal, the War Council last night asked that every individual or business organization that wants to extend needed comforts to the American boys in the trenches, as well as in the camps, should make their contributions early today.

Dr. John R. Mott, General Secretary of the National War Work Council, at yesterday's conference suggested that corporations or families, with members at the front, should attach to their service flags, the red triangle of the Y. M. C. A. to indicate that they had also contributed to the comforts and needs of the soldiers in France.

Reports received at headquarters showed that the Y. M. C. A. members between 12 and 20 years of age who undertook to raise $1,000,000 of the $35,000,000 fund were rapidly approaching their goal. One hundred thousand boys are being organized for this phase of the campaign, and every cent contributed was earned by them. In many high school classes of the country the boys contributed as much as $10 per capita. In many cases among the younger boys the money was earned by cleaning sidewalks, beating carpets, washing windows, running errands, and tending furnaces. In the White Plains High School 306 out of 308 boys subscribed to the fund.

Compliment for Boys.

E. M. Robinson of this city, campaign director of the million-dollar fund for American boys, said yesterday: "The boys of the United States are rising to this opportunity in a fine way. Incomplete reports show that 44,000 boys have already pledged their services to the Y. M. C. A. fund. Regardless of what money may be raised in the general campaign, the boys will not be satisfied until they have increased their number of workers to 100,000, and have raised at least $1,000,000."

The following figures of the boys' campaign were given out yesterday:

Divisions.	No. Boys.	Amount.
Eastern	9,229	$92,290
Northeastern	11,928	119,280
Southeastern, (3 States)	1,746	17,460
Central, (12 States)	20,054	200,540
Southern, (3 States)	1,290	12,900
Total	44,274	$442,274

Returns from thirteen States were not available last night. Fifteen hundred Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. organizations and 300,000 students and Faculty members in colleges and universities have supported the campaign with a student drive for $1,000,000. This work was directed by the Council of North American Students, made up of representatives of the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A. and the Student Volunteer Movement for Foreign Missions. The following are the incomplete returns reported by the colleges:

Yale	$39,000
Harvard	23,000
Ohio State University	19,000
Iowa State University	22,000
Ohio Wesleyan University	4,500
Purdue University	17,800
Wellesley College	16,000
Vassar College	15,900
University of Chicago, (men)	1,600
University of Chicago, (women)	4,000
Northwestern University	10,000
Teachers' College	15,000
Western Virginia University	3,400
University of California	[illegible]
Leland Stanford, Jr.	11,000
Western Reserve	11,400
Sweetbriar College, (Va.)	6,800
University of Illinois	20,000
Indiana Students	56,000
Colorado Students	19,200
Pittsburgh Students	23,300
Kansas Agricultural School	5,000

Students have been urged not to write home for extra money in order to make contributions to the fund, but to earn the amount of their subscriptions. During the campaign the employment bureaus in many of the universities have been swamped with applications for positions.

ITALIAN WAR FUND SOARS.

Contributions for Poets' Ambulances Last Week Reached $14,602.65.

The Poets' Ambulance Fund for Italy announced Saturday night that the week just closed had been the most favorable one for its fund, the total contributions for the week being $14,602.65, which, added to the amount already announced, makes the cash receipts $123,003.23. There are further assurances of at least $10,000 to the first.

Gifts of $2,000 each were made last week by the following persons and organizations: Mrs. Charles Stewart Smith of New York, in honor of Charles Stewart Smith; Mrs. Katrina Trask of Saratoga Springs, in honor of St. Francis of Assisi; Mrs. Hiram W. Sibley of New York, Miss Sara S. Lawrance of New York, in honor of Savonarola; Comitato Pro Italia of the Emergency Aid of Pennsylvania, through Mrs. Benjamin Miller, in honor of Elizabeth Barrett Browning; Caroline H. Worth, per Comitato Pro Italia of the Emergency Aid of Pennsylvania, in honor of John G. Whittier. Subscribers of The Chicago Tribune, in honor of Mark Twain, made their third contribution of $2,000.

The Indianapolis Star added $238.15 to the $2,100 already announced in honor of James Whitcomb Riley. W. K. Richardson of Boston sent $100. The Circolo Italiano of New Haven contributed $58, which is a second contribution. Mrs. William H. Walker gave $50. These, with the miscellaneous contributions of $161.50, made up the week's total of $14,602.65.

In view of the increased emergency the committee is asking for contributions of $5,000 and $10,000, so that its work may be made more effective at once. Forty of the ambulances provided by the committee are now carrying the American flag on the Italian fighting line, ten more will be added next week and others later. There is also demand for field hospitals, costing the same as an ambulance, $2,000 each, which, like the ambulances, will bear the name of the donor and of any one in whose memory or in whose honor they may be given. Checks should be drawn to the order of George A. Plimpton, Treasurer, and sent to R. U. Johnson, Chairman, at 70 Fifth Avenue.

THEATRES IN RED CROSS AID

Davison Thanks Profession for Designating Day to Help Fund.

Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the War Council of the American Red Cross, yesterday thanked the theatrical profession of the United States for designating Friday, Dec. 7, as Red Cross Theatre Day throughout the country. Special performances will be given, the proceeds to be devoted to the Red Cross war fund. No war tax will be charged on tickets sold for the performances.

Speaking of the patriotic action of the theatrical profession, Mr. Davison said: "It is due to the loyal co-operation and generosity of the entire theatrical profession in voluntarily mobilizing all the resources of its industry for one day that such a splendid contribution to the Red Cross is made possible. The spirit that prompted the theatrical profession to dedicate its efforts toward relieving the necessity of our soldiers and our allies has entered into the entire personnel of the American stage, every producer and star, down to the minor actors and musicians having gladly offered their free services for the Red Cross."

Arrangements for the celebration of "Red Cross Theatre Day" are in charge of a special committee composed of A. L. Erlanger, E. F. Albee, David Belasco, Marc Klaw, Lee Shubert, Charles Dillingham, Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., J. J. Shubert, Sam H. Harris, George M. Cohan, Archie Selwyn, and Henry W. Savage.

MISS PAUL REMOVED TO PRISON HOSPITAL

Transferred from Psychopathic Ward on a Stretcher, She Writes in Smuggled Note.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Miss Alice Paul, the suffrage leader and picket, who is serving a seven months' sentence in the Federal prison here, has been removed from the psychopathic ward to the hospital section of the prison, according to a note written by her and smuggled from the institution. Her note, given out by the National Woman's Party managers, says she was carried from one ward to another on a stretcher, perhaps too weak to walk on account of her hunger strike and forcible feeding.

Miss Paul's story, as told in her note, follows:

"Miss Winslow and I are at opposite ends of this building, each locked in her room, with an iron barred door. I saw her as they brought me on a stretcher from the psychopathic ward, but have not seen her since. We are each in a ward with three windows. Today they nailed two of my windows shut so that they cannot be opened. The third window has been nailed shut at the bottom, so that the only air I have now is from the top of one window.

"This was done by the order of Dr. Gannon. He seems determined to deprive me of air because air was one of the things we demanded in our letter asking for recognition as political offenders. We have, of course, been deprived of everything else that was included in our original demand—letters, books, visitors, decent food, except as they force it upon us through tubes. Two weeks ago they did give us letters like this one, on the back of which I am writing.

"I was in the psychopathic ward just a week, and was only released, I think, because of Mr. Malone's efforts. It was apparently an attempt at intimidation.

"Dr. Gannon said that if I persisted in hunger-striking he would 'write a prescription' to have me taken to the psychopathic ward and fed forcibly. I was thereupon placed upon a stretcher and taken there. Dr. Gannon, another doctor and several nurses then proceeded to feed me forcibly.

"As he was leaving the room Dr. Gannon turned to the nurse and instructed her to 'observe' me. The nurse 'observed' me once an hour through each night, coming to the door and turning on an electric light, which was flashed into my face. At first I wakened each time. After a while I grew accustomed to it.

"In addition to this little device of observing, they used other means to make one know one's sanity was doubted. A Dr. La Conte came and examined. Dr. La Conte then told me I was not in a mental condition, as I must, of course, know, to judge of things for myself. He and two other doctors and three nurses fell upon me and took samples of my blood by force.

"I was locked in my room, so I did not see the other inmates except once or twice, when they came down the corridor and looked through my bars. One could hear them, however. The last morning I was there cries began at 5:30. I turned on the light to look at the time. The cries had probably awakened me.

"The morning before they began when it was still dark. I did not ascertain the time. When one person starts shrieking the others usually join in and continue for an hour or two. Then all would be silent for several hours, when the cries would be resumed.

"One day when I had a new nurse, she introduced herself thus: 'I know you are not insane.' She was endeavoring to be kind, but it was staggering to have people express their friendliness to you by assuring you that they did not consider you insane!"

Miss Malcom to Wed Aviator.

Mrs. George Ide Malcom of 116 East Sixty-third Street has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Hope Malcom, to Lieutenant Charles Thurlow, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thurlow of Newburyport, Mass.

Miss Malcom was introduced to society several seasons ago, and is a member of the Junior League. Lieutenant Thurlow was graduated from Harvard in 1912, and is in the aviation section of the United States Signal Corps. No date has been set for the wedding.

James J. Hill's Daughter to Wed.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 18.—The engagement of Miss Clara Ann Hill, daughter of the late James J. Hill, to Erasmus Christopher Lindley, Vice President, Counsel General, and member of the Board of Directors of the Great Northern Railroad, was announced here today. Miss Hill long has been interested in war relief and with the aid of her father, did much for Belgium. No date has been announced for the wedding.

Lambs to Entertain General Bell.

The officers of the 306th Infantry will hold a reception and dance in the Cascade Room of the Biltmore Saturday evening, Nov. 24. General and Mrs. J. Franklin Bell and the staff of the Seventy-seventh Division, N. A., are to be guests. The entertainment program is being arranged by Daniel Frohman, Augustus Thomas, and members of the Lambs Club.

Fire on Mortimer Schiff's Estate.

OYSTER BAY, Nov. 18.—A fire started this afternoon among shrubbery on the lawn of Mortimer L. Schiff's estate on Sandy Hill Road, near here, and in spite of the efforts of workmen and neighbors, fire apparatus in Oyster Bay had to be summoned. About $5,000 worth of shrubs were destroyed.

SUFFRAGE VICTORY LAID TO GERMANS

Mrs. James W. Wadsworth Says They Gave Women 110,000 Votes in New York.

SEES PLOT TO STOP WAR

Senator's Wife Declares Anti-American Forces Are Backing Federal Amendment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Mrs. James W. Wadsworth, wife of the New York Senator, after a conference here with leading opponents of woman suffrage, issued a statement today in which she warned the country against what she characterized as pro-German and pacifist influence back of the suffrage movement at this time.

Mrs. Wadsworth says that, in the recent New York election, German support which went to Hillquit, the Socialist candidate, also went for woman suffrage. She asserts that pro-German and pacifist influences are working to have the suffrage referendum put through Congress and then passed by the necessary two-thirds of the States, so that later, in another referendum, women will be counted on to vote the country out of the war.

Mrs. Wadsworth links socialism, suffragism, and pacifism in an alliance, and says it is necessary for the voters of the country to throw the weight of their influence against it. To that purpose she directs her statement to the women of the twenty-five states in which, she says, there are 350,000 women enlisted in anti-woman suffrage organizations, urging them to work hard to combat the effect of the suffrage campaign.

In analyzing the Hillquit vote of 142,178, Mrs. Wadsworth points out that this was a gain of 110,021 votes over the normal Socialist vote of 1913 and 1916. During those three years, she says, the real Socialist vote did not increase 1,000. In 1910, she says, there were 102,513 German born men of voting age in New York, and their number was increased sufficiently to accurately account for the 110,021 votes that went to Hillquit.

These voters, Mrs. Wadsworth declares, marked their ballots for Hillquit and also voted for woman suffrage. She alludes to the defeat of woman suffrage in Ohio as compared with the vote in New York as evidencing the influence of pro-Germanism.

Mrs. Wadworth's Appeal.

In her letter to the anti-suffrage leaders Mrs. Wadsworth says:

The New York suffrage victory may prove a means of arousing the people of America to the peril of woman suffrage. An analysis of the New York vote shows that suffrage was carried there by pro-Germans and pacifists. The inclosed statement proves this clearly. Therefore, suffrage in New York has raised a greater issue than ever before.

It has helped suffragists in their efforts to force the Federal amendment. The next step after the Federal amendment would be the demand for a referendum—to men and women voters—on this war!

Nothing could so divide our country or help the Kaiser. With Russia and Italy defeated by internal discord and socialism, every patriotic American must be brought to realize that doubling the electorate at this time might lead to defeat in this war.

We must arouse every real American man and woman to this menace of the triple alliance—socialism, suffragism, pacifism.

Will you add the weight of your influence to carry these facts to the people of your State?

ALICE HAY WADSWORTH.

The statement accompanying the letter reads:

"How pro-Germans and pacifists forced suffrage upon New York:

"Woman suffrage was carried in New York by pro-Germans, pacifists, and Socialists. The election figures prove it.

"The suffragists actually polled fewer votes outside of New York City than they did in 1915, but the pacifist, pro-German, Socialist vote cast for Hillquit carried woman suffrage.

"Hillquit ran on a pacifist platform. He opened his campaign by speaking in German to German-Americans. He insisted that every man who voted for him should not only vote, but work for woman suffrage.

"The Socialist gain, the suffrage, and the number of German voters is similar in every borough of Greater New York.

"Mr. Hillquit polled 142,178 votes. This was a gain of 110,021 votes over the legitimate Socialist vote of 1913 and 1916.

Calls It Anti-American.

"The proof that this was not a legitimate Socialist vote, but a pro-German, pacifist, anti-American vote, is found in the fact that in three years, from 1913 to 1916, the regular Socialist vote of Greater New York did not increase 1,000. Russell, the Socialist candidate in 1913, received 32,057 votes. Benson, the Socialist candidate in 1916, received only 31,787 votes, and the Socialist Labor candidate received only 1,333 votes in New York City.

"Hillquit gained this sudden, significant increase of 110,000 votes in a city where, according to the United States census of 1910, there were 102,513 German-born men of voting age, naturalized or with first papers. This was in 1910. Since then the number of German-born men who have rushed to obtain American citizenship is enough to explain the entire Hillquit increased vote of 110,000 very significantly.

"As these men, one by one, marked their ballots for Hillquit—and against the war—they thought the secrecy of the ballot box would shield their submarine attempts to stop this war. But the figures expose this trick unmercifully. The United States Government has already announced its discovery that pro-Germans throughout the country were using Socialism as a shield for sedition.

"Consider these facts:

"In Manhattan there were 40,786 male voters of German birth.

"In Manhattan there were 37,306 more votes cast for Hillquit than any other Socialist candidate ever received before. There were 32,440 more votes for woman suffrage than in 1915. There were 32,486 fewer votes against woman suffrage than in 1915.

"In Brooklyn there were 34,100 male voters of German birth. In Brooklyn the Socialists gained 36,631 votes, the suffragists gained 35,027 votes, and the anti-suffragists lost 31,890 votes.

"In the Eighth Assembly District the anti-suffragists won—where the lowest Socialist vote was cast and the smallest Socialist gain was made.

"In the Twenty-second Assembly District, where the largest suffrage vote was cast, the Socialists also made their greatest gain and polled their largest vote.

"In the entire city, the Socialists received 107,805 more votes than the largest previous Socialist vote in every borough.

"In the entire city, the suffragists received 95,913 more votes, and the anti-suffragists 79,538 fewer votes than in 1915.

"Even in their difference, the figures are significant.

"If, as Mr. Hillquit said, 'all these Socialist votes were cast for the woman suffrage amendment,' the suffrage and Socialist gains would be the same—unless the suffragists lost 12,000 votes, and the anti-suffragists gained 16,000 votes from other causes."

DEBT OF SUFFRAGE TO CATHOLIC WOMEN

Review of the Work of the St. Catherine Welfare Association for Votes for Women.

Among the organizations which contributed to the many causes which brought about the enfranchisement of the women of New York State is one of Catholic women, who say that in the general rejoicing and the thanksgiving to the workers, their part has been overlooked. They are the women who, in their work for what they felt would be social betterment, did not forget their religion, and organized under the patronage of St. Catherine of Siena, as the St. Catherine Welfare Association. They were undoubtedly an important factor in the victory which came to the women on Nov. 6.

Miss Winifred Sullivan, a New York lawyer, and Miss Sara McPike, Executive Secretary of the advertising department of a large corporation, organized the Catholic Women's Association. They had with them Mrs. Anna Sands O'Shea, who had been an active suffragist for forty-two years.

Miss McPike, who from the beginning has been at the head of the organization, and the members felt that there was a general feeling that the Catholic Church, as a whole, was opposed to the enfranchisement of women and one great aim of their work was to prove to the world and to Catholics that this was not true. A factor which they had against them was the opposition of Cardinal Gibbons. The Cardinal was cited by the anti-suffragists as one of their supporters.

The Catholic women, working under the patronage of St. Catherine of Siena, with the reverence of their faith, turned their attention to changing the views of the eminent prelate. They wrote him many letters, asking him at least to "desist from giving aid and consolation to the enemy," the anti-suffragists. Their efforts culminated in a pilgrimage of Catholic women of many cities to Baltimore, where they were graciously received by the Cardinal.

"You here?" said the Cardinal, at that time, recognizing a member of his congregation in Baltimore.

"Yes, your Eminence," replied the woman addressed, "and you know that I am a good Catholic and a good home woman, although I am a suffragist."

Cardinal Gibbons at the time seemed much impressed by the appeals of the women, and said to them at parting:

"You know that it is hard for one who has held decided views for fifty years to change them, but to err is human—to persist in error is wrong."

This visit to the Cardinal was one of the most important single endeavors of the Catholic women, and undoubtedly strengthened their position, for they said from that time the anti-suffragists had no new statements to quote from Cardinal Gibbons.

Organized on Jan. 7, 1911, in the Convent of Peace, 225 West Fourteenth Street, the Catholic women worked strenuously. Large numbers of the Catholic clergy came out in their support, among the more prominent being Mgr. Brann, Mgr. McMahon, Mgr. Penny, Mgr. Power, the Rev. James J. Driscoll, and the Rev. John Talbot Smith. The Rev. Andrew Egan, St. Mary's, Jersey City, was the first priest east of the Mississippi to speak at a suffrage meeting. Others favoring the women were the Rev. John Talbot Smith, the Rev. John J. Dooley, the Rev. P. J. Mahoney, the Rev. William Livingston, the Rev. Joseph F. Smith, the Rev. Thomas F. Murphy, the Rev. Joseph F. Flannelly, the Rev. John McGrath, the Rev. Richard Ormond Hughes, and the Rev. M. F. Duffy. Before its formation the association had the indorsement of the Vicar General of the Archdiocese of New York, the Right Rev. Mgr. Joseph F. Mooney.

The women worked along the lines of the Woman Suffrage Association, with which they were affiliated. They appealed to Catholic editors and leaders of thought, and articles of Father Joseph P. McMahon and Father Ross were mailed to every Catholic clergyman in the United States. They preached votes for women to the sodalities of the Church and to the fraternal organizations, and their members were recruited from different women's Catholic organizations. Discussions were held before societies of Catholic men and the women spoke before the State and national conventions of Catholic organizations. They held public suffrage meetings in Catholic school halls and the Catholic press aided them. Father Hudson, editor of The Ave Maria, was the first Catholic editor in America to sponsor votes for women. His example was followed by men of the intellectual status of the Rev. John J. Burke, C. S. P., the Rev. James J. Driscoll, the Rev. John A. Ryan, and the Rev. John J. O'Rourke. Besides the many earnest workers on an advisory council were such women as Miss Janet Richards, Mrs Schuyler N. Warren, and the Countess Spottiswood Mackin.

The work of the association in the future, Miss McPike says, will be to continue to "bring home to Catholic women the truth that free government, next to the Christian religion, is the greatest boon the human race has achieved, and that suffrage is a sacred obligation." It will continue to work for good social conditions for women and children, and will urge upon Catholic voters "the impressive truth that unless they place themselves unequivocally on the side of real social reform the Socialist Party, with its sinister doctrines in regard to morality and religion, is sure to increase its voting strength."

WILL TEACH ALIEN WOMEN.

Immigrants to be Personally Instructed in Use of the Ballot.

The National Americanization Committee, of which many of the most prominent men and women of America are members, has issued an appeal to women to form suffrage organizations for the purpose of calling personally on immigrant women, and holding classes to teach them to use the ballot.

"Except by direct canvass," the appeal states, "we have not even a way of knowing how many of these women are citizens. There are in the City of New York many thousands of immigrant women, whose husbands or fathers have met certain minimum citizenship qualifications, but who have never met those tests themselves.

"In order to make the vote of the foreign-born safe for America we must bring American influence in practical terms to these new voters. And the only possible way of doing this is to reach the individual, not the group. We cannot go to her in terms of the ballot box and high-brow civic education. American citizens who seek her must be prepared to answer the things she wants to know."

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Elbert H. Gary, Julius Rosenwald, Cardinal Gibbons, Henry P. Davison, Thomas A. Edison, Mary Antin, Jacob H. Schiff, and General Leonard Wood are some of the members of the committee.

WHITE HOUSE CLERK DEAD.

Warren S. Young Held Social Post for Thirty-Six Years.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Warren S. Young, 73, for thirty-six years social clerk at the White House, and known personally by every President, Cabinet officer, and foreign diplomat in Washington during that time, died today at his home here. He was the oldest employe in years of service at the White House, and since his appointment by President Garfield in 1881 had made all arrangements and issued all invitations to State dinners, receptions, and other social events at the White House.

Mr. Young came to Washington from Warren, Ohio.

Obituary Notes.

LOUIS WESLEY, 53 years old, of Wesley & Co., vaudeville agents, died yesterday at his home, 178 West Forty-fifth Street.

PATRICK M. WALDON, who retired from the Police Department seven years ago, died on Saturday at his home, 192 Union Street, Brooklyn, aged 66 years.

JOHN M. HARDING, a process server for the New York State Department of Justice, died on Friday at his home, 107 North Seventh Street, Brooklyn. He was 38 years old.

ALFRED H. BROWN of 132 Fort Greene Place, Brooklyn, died on Saturday in the Jersey City Hospital. He was a broker, with offices in Manhattan.

GEORGE W. BACON, 44 years old, Secretary of the Bacon Coal Company, died suddenly on Saturday at his home, 1,134 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARY E. WHITSON TAYLOR, 54 years old, wife of Major Edgar J. Taylor of the Home Guards of Connecticut, died on Friday at her home in Westbrook, Conn.

JOSEPH H. TUOHEY, connected with the United States Fruit Commission, died suddenly on Saturday at his home, 893 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn. He was in his thirty-sixth year.

ANTHONY FRANCIS RAUSCH, 50 years old, a member of the firm of Hibbler & Rausch, died on Friday at his home, 52 Cumberland Street, Brooklyn.

Major HENRY P. HITCHCOCK, 80, a veteran merchant of Hartford, Conn., died yesterday.

Miss MARY KINGSBURY TALCOTT, a noted genealogist, died yesterday at Hartford, Conn.

JULIUS H. LANGFELDER of 61 East Eighty-sixth Street, Secretary and Treasurer of M. Langfelder's Sons & Co., died yesterday at his home in his forty-fifth year.

WILLIAM L. GERRISH, President of Lawrence, Son & Gerrish, warehousing, of this city, died yesterday at his home, 23 Park Avenue, in his seventy-second year. Mr. Gerrish had been a member of the firm for more than fifty years, and became President when it was incorporated five years ago.

WAR MOTORETTES SCORN TAXI WORK

Captain Helen Bastedo Tells Why Trained Women Chauffeurs Quit Auto Corps.

ORGANIZE A NEW UNIT

No Pulling and Hauling of Grande Dames to Meetings Will Be Tolerated, Say the Seceders.

The secession on Saturday of the bulk of the membership of the Motor Corps of the National League for Woman's Service, who are going to form their own organization for direct Government service, independent of the league, was due to the fact that the highly trained motor drivers of the corps were being used to do work for which taxis and motor trucks would have served equally well, according to Captain Helen Bastedo, commander of the corps, who led in the withdrawals.

"All the women motor-car drivers in this department are very carefully trained," said Captain Bastedo yesterday, "and what we want is direct Government service, either as ambulance drivers or for dispatch work, of a kind for which our skill and training fit us. But we weren't being used altogether for that. A good deal of our time was taken up with doing taxi work for leaders of the league.

"I know what our training is worth, for I studied the training of women dispatch and ambulance drivers in England and modeled our system on that with such improvements as experience suggested. Before a woman can qualify in our corps she must pass a stiff examination in mechanical proficiency, must have her State chauffeur's license, must be a graduate of the emergency first-aid course at St. Luke's Hospital and then do a month of work on probation before she can get our uniform.

"We went into the service because we wanted to serve the Government of the United States directly, and serve it in a way for which our training qualified us. We have done a good deal of work of that sort for the army, the navy, the secret service, and various branches of the Government. Many of our members, as dispatch drivers, have carried high officers of the army or navy of the United States, or the Allies about New York. Last week, when a large party of German diplomats, returning from the Orient under a safe conduct, passed through New York, the Secret Service called on us for fifteen cars on an hour's notice, and we furnished them, every one equipped with a highly trained driver.

"But in addition to this work, which we wanted to do, we found that we were constantly being called on to take officers or important members of the League for Women's Service about the city, or to transfer supplies to some of the canteens or other institutions operated by the league. Now, I have no doubt that this was all done in perfectly good faith, but the point was that these women, who were carried about to various parts of the city on the business of the league, were in almost every case perfectly well able to hire taxis, and our time was simply being taken up to no avail in work than any taxi driver could have done as well. As for the movement of supplies, motor trucks could have done that; and there seemed no point in using our carefully trained drivers for work of this sort.

"When I resigned, seventy-five of the seventy-nine members of the corps resigned with me, and of the four who are left only two have cars. Nearly all the girls who resigned with me were contributing their own cars to the service. We have reorganized as the Motor Corps of America, with offices at 19 East Fifty-seventh Street. Herbert L. Satterlee and John Barrett, who served as members of the Advisory Council when we were a branch of the league, will serve on our own Advisory Council in future. We want to work for the Government without having to waste time running errands for the leaders of any incidental organization. The Government knows what we can do, and we are eager for as much service as we can possibly render. But we want it to be for the Government; we don't want to save taxi bills for the leaders of a woman's auxiliary."

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BOBIER.—Nov. 16, 100 West 117th St., to Mr. and Mrs. G. Bobier, a daughter.
BRILIANT.—Nov. 13, 957 Kelly St., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Briliant, a daughter.
KRAKOFF.—Nov. 17, 864 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Krakoff, a daughter.
LEHMAN.—Nov. 15, 440 3d St., to Mr. and Mrs. F. Lehman, a son.
MEYER.—Nov. 15, 545 West 111th St., to Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Meyer, a daughter.
SOLOMON.—Nov. 16, 215 West 98th St., to Mr. and Mrs. S. Solomon, a son.
UNGER.—Nov. 13, Flower Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. S. Unger, a son.

Engaged.

BAFF—FRIEDBERG.—Florence Friedberg to William Baff.
D'ALBORA—KING.—Marie A. King to John V. D'Albora.
FALK—JAEGER.—Frankye Jaeger to Alvin Falk.
LEVEY—STERN.—Rosa A. Stern to Robert F. Levey.
LEVY—KLEIN.—Sadye Klein to Charles A. Levy.
LEVY—MICHAELS.—Helen Michaels to Charles Levy.
MANN—ASCHER.—Minnie Ascher to David Mann.
MAYER—JACOBY.—Florence Jacoby to Arthur A. Mayer.
METH—BLYN.—Clara Blyn to Sidney Meth.
MOSHEIM—NEU.—Helen Neu to Albert Mosheim.
OTT—HANS.—Anna Hans to Joseph P. Ott.
PULLMAN—KASSEL.—Rae Kassel to Henry W. Pullman.
ROSENBAUM—SEELIG.—Estelle Seelig to Lester Rosenbaum.
ROSENBLATT—COHEN.—Jeanne Cohen to Jack Rosenblatt.
ROTH—MYERS.—Lillie Myers to Joseph Roth.
SIMON—BACHWITZ.—Phyllis Bachwitz to Bernard W. Simon.
TURSCANY—JOSEPH.—Helen Joseph to Oscar Turscany.
VAN BAARN—LOVIT.—Eleanor Lovet to Paul S. Van Baarn.
WALLACH—DREYFUSS.—Eva Dreyfuss to Jacques G. Wallach.
WALLNER—SCHWARTZ.—Sydonia Schwartz to Sidney D. Wallner.

Married.

GORDON—GINZBERG.—Nov. 15, at the Copley Plaza, Boston, by the Rev. Dr. Nowack, Louise Lillian Ginzberg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Barnard Ginzberg of 7 Perkman St., Brookline, Mass., to Louis W. Gordon, son of Mrs. Hannah Gordon, New York City.
WALKER—CRABTREE.—On Saturday, Nov. 17, at 9 Carroll Place, New Brighton, Staten Island, by the Rev. E. A. Dodd, Emily, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Crabtree to Hosea Ellsworth Walker, Lieutenant, 303d Engineers U. S. Army.
ZLASSMAN—ABRAMSON.—Dr. I. Zlassman of 182 Lexington Av. to Miss Mary Abramson, on Nov. 18, 1917.
CAHN—LOWENSTEIN.—Nov. 15, Dorothy R. Lowenstein to Monroe J. Cahn.
FARINE—KNOPP.—Nov. 11, Edna Knopp to Irving A. Farine.
FOX—EDELMUTH.—Nov. 11, Fanny Edelmuth to Charles M. Fox.
GOLDBERG—MANOVILL.—Nov. 15, Edna Manovill to Mark Goldberg.
MILLER—LILIENTHAL.—Nov. 15, Freda Lilienthal to Leo Miller.
MUNZER—JACOBY.—Nov. 12, Sadie Jacoby to Jerome A. Munzer.

Died.

ARTHUR.—At Ticonderoga, N. Y., Saturday, Nov. 17, in her 63d year, Zetta Harris More, daughter of the late John Harris and Lucina Shaw More, wife of Francis J. Arthur and mother of L. Louise Arthur. Funeral services at the Church of the Cross, Nov. 19. Interment at Ticonderoga.
BEMAN.—Suddenly, Nov. 18, Lewis Delmar, age 55 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 540 West 189th St., Wednesday, 2 o'clock. Chicago papers please copy.
BERENS.—Suddenly, near Champaign, Ill., on Nov. 17, 1917, Katharine Simpson, wife of Captain Conrad Berens, Jr., M. D., of Orange, N. J. Notice of funeral hereafter.
CHERRY.—At his home, Larchmont, N. Y., Nov. 16, 1917, Moses R. Cherry, aged 76 years. Funeral services at St. Augustine's Church, Larchmont, N. Y., on Monday at 10:30 A. M. Train leaves Grand Central Station at 9:18.
CLARK.—Emma L., beloved wife of David Clark. Funeral from her late residence, 206 East 206th St., on Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass at the Church of St Philip of Neri, 10 A. M. Interment St. Raymond.
CRAWFORD.—Nov. 17, at the residence of her son, in Arlington, N. J., Sarah M., widow of the late Robert Crawford, in her 86th year. Funeral in Catskill, N. Y. Glasgow (Scotland) papers please copy.
CUMMINGS.—On Nov. 18, Annie Maude, in her 48th year. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, 66th St., Campbell Building, Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private.
DALY.—On Nov. 18, Miss Josephine Daly, sister of Catherine Daly and Marie V. Gillespie, at her late home, 9th Av. and Boardwalk, Rockaway Park, L. I.
DAVIS.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, William Davis, the beloved husband of Henrietta Davis, (nee Stone,) and father of Edna Sylvan and Ira Davis. Funeral from his late residence, 720 West 181st St., on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. Omit flowers. Members of the Daniel Webster Lodge, No. 24, requested to attend.
DOCHTERMANN.—Charles, aged 75, at Rocky Point, Nov. 18. Funeral Wednesday, 2 o'clock, at First German M. E. Church, 48 St. Mark's Place.
DONNELLY.—On Nov. 17, Patrick, beloved husband of the late Alice Donnelly, (nee McElroy,) and father of Francis, Sarah and Alice Donnelly. Funeral from his late residence, 497 East 162d, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 9:30 A. M. Mass of requiem at Church of St. Peter and St. Paul, at ten (10) A. M. Interment Calvary. Providence (R. I.) papers please copy.
FERRIS.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, 1917, Jennie M. Ferris, nee Wehrum, aged 58 years. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 1,199 Park Av., on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.
FITCH.—Entered into life eternal, at New Haven, Conn., Saturday, Nov. 17, 1917, John Brewster Fitch, in the 59th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at Trinity Chapel, New Haven, on Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.
FLEMING.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, 1917, David E., beloved husband of Mary E. Fleming of 241 Ryerson St., Brooklyn. Funeral services will be held at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., on Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 10 o'clock.
FLOOD.—John Francis, at West Palm Beach, Fla., on Nov. 16, 1917, in his 58th year. Funeral from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Ernest Hartford, 445 Van Cortlandt Park Av., Yonkers, N. Y., Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 10 o'clock. Solemn requiem mass at St. Dennis Church, Van Cortlandt Park Av., corner Lawrence St., Yonkers. Interment St. Mary's Cemetery, Yonkers.

Died.

FREIFELD.—On Nov. 16, 1917, after a short illness, George Freifeld, beloved husband of Elise Freifeld. Funeral service in the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Temple, 23d St. and 6th Av., New York City, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 8 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.
FREIFELD.—Grand Lodge, F. and A. M., State of New York: The officers, permanent members, committee and representatives of other Grand Lodges are requested to attend the obsequies of Most Worshipful George Freifeld, Past Grand Master, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 20, 8 o'clock, in Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, 23d St. and 6th Av., New York.
THOMAS PENNEY, Grand Master.
ROBERT JUDSON KENWORTHY, Grand Secretary.
FREIFELD.—George. Platt Lodge, No. 194, F. and A. M., Brethren: You are hereby requested to attend funeral services of our late brother, Most Worshipful George Freifeld, Past Grand Master of Masons of the State of New York, and Honorary Member of Platt Lodge, to be held in the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, 46-50 West 24th St., Manhattan, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 20, 1917, at 8 o'clock.
Fraternally yours,
PHILIP WILSON, Master.
CHARLES MYERS, Secretary.
FREIFELD.—Archimede Lodge, No. 925, F. and A. M. Brethren: You are requested to attend the funeral services of our late honorary member, Most Worshipful George Freifeld, Past Grand Master, in the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, Tuesday evening, Nov. 20, 8 o'clock. S. A. Nti Puglise, Master.
GEDNEY.—At Mamaroneck, N. Y., Nov. 18, 1917, William Holburton Gedney, 66 years of age. Services will be held from his late residence, 15 Melbourne Av., Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.
GERRISH.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, in the 72d year of his age, William L., son of the late William L. and Virginia Russell Thornton Gerrish. Notice of funeral hereafter.
HELLMAN.—Maurice, aged 60, Monday, Nov. 19, after a brief illness. Notice of funeral hereafter.
HOLLISTER.—George, suddenly, of apoplexy, in his 86th year. Funeral, Corning, New York, Tuesday, Nov. 20, 3 P. M.
HOWE.—John P., ex-Chief of Battalion, F. D., N. Y., on Saturday, Nov. 17, 1917. Funeral from his late residence, 60 East 93d St., Manhattan, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Francis de Sales's Church, 96th St. and Park Av. Interment Calvary.
INGLIS.—At Ridgefield Park, N. J., Nov. 17, 1917, David Campbell, beloved husband of Anna Pollack, aged 60 years. Funeral services at the First Presbyterian Church, Euclid Av., Ridgefield Park, N. J., on Monday, Nov. 19, at 1 o'clock. Interment Spring Valley, N. Y.
JARECKI.—Hannah, daughter of the late Julius and Henrietta Jarecki, on Sunday, Nov. 18, 1917. Funeral services will be held at the home of her sister, Mrs. M. S. Pine, 131 Tuers Av., Jersey City, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 8 P. M.
KAHN.—Augusta, widow of the late Eugene Kahn and beloved mother of Clara Speier, Seymore, and Marcus Kahn, on Nov. 17. Funeral services from her late residence, 421 East 148th St., on Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 10 A. M.
KEELER.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, 1917, Theodore, beloved husband of Minnie Yost Keeler. Funeral services from his late residence, 356 West 145th St., Tuesday, 20th inst., 8 P. M.
KENDALL.—On Friday, Nov. 16, 1917, Harriett M. Kendall, widow of the late William B. Kendall of Brooklyn, N. Y., in her 82d year. Funeral services at her late residence, West Islip, L. I., Monday, Nov. 19, 11 A. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery at convenience of the family. Carriages will be in waiting at the Babylon station on arrival of the train leaving Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 9:24 A. M. Boston papers please copy.
KITCHING.—Frank Wilberforce Kitching, beloved husband of Grace E. Barnes Kitching, suddenly, on Nov. 16, 1917, at his residence, 204 West 110th St. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, between 66th and 67th Sts., Monday morning, 10 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.
KNOCHE.—On Nov. 18, Godfrey Knoche, after a lingering illness, in the 66th year of his age. Funeral services Wednesday, Nov. 21, 11 A. M., at his residence, Palisade Road, Fort Lee, N. J.
LANGFELLER.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, in his 45th year, Julius H. Langfelder, beloved husband of Marie J., (nee Kirschbaum,) devoted son of Marie Langfelder, brother of Fred, Rudolph, Ludwig, Mrs. Hedwig Tobias, Mrs. Charlotte Levy. Relatives, friends, and members of Centennial Lodge, No. 763, F. and A. M.; Ancient Order of Accepted Scottish Rite, and Mecca Temple, are requested to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 61 East 86th St., Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 10 A. M.
LANGFELDER.—Brethren of Centennial Lodge 763, F. and M., are hereby requested to attend funeral of our late brother, Julius Langfelder, on Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock, at 61 East 86th St., by order Charles S. Brand, acting Master. HENRY LIPPMANN, Secy.
LEMNITZER.—Coe Charles Lemnitzer, suddenly, on Nov. 16, 1917, son of William L. and Hannah Lemnitzer, (nee Blackford,) Cornell alumnus, class 1914, (law.) Funeral from his father's home, Honesdale, Penn., on Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917. Scranton and Ithaca papers please copy.
MARTIN.—On Friday, Nov. 16, 1917, Patrick Martin, age 75 years. Funeral from his late residence, 885 East 136th St., on Monday, Nov. 19, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Jerome's Church, 138th St. and Alexander Av., where a high requiem mass will be offered at 10 A. M. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery.
MERLIN.—On Friday, Nov. 16, in her 83d year, Eugenie Merlin, widow of Alphonse Merlin of France and mother of Mrs. George A. Albro and Mrs. Adolphe Cohn. Funeral services will be held Monday, Nov. 19, 10 A. M., in the French Church of Notre Dame, Morningside Drive and West 114th St. Interment private.
MUENDEL.—Suddenly, on Saturday, Nov. 17, at her residence, 210 West 107th St., New York City, Mrs. Rosa B. Muendel, widow of George Muendel and beloved mother of George F., Christina, and Mathilda Muendel. Funeral service at residence, Tuesday, 1 P. M.
MULHALL.—Friday, Nov. 16, 1917, Pauline W. Mulhall, (nee Schaufelberger,) widow of John Mulhall, Jr., and beloved mother of Etta and Gertrude Mulhall. Funeral service Monday at her late residence, 1,925 Prospect Av., 1:30 P. M.
NORTHERMAN.—Clara. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., Monday, 2 P. M.
PARDESSUS.—Mrs. Amy Knight, on Nov. 16, suddenly, at the residence of her son, Ernest K. Dimock, 2,328 Morris Av, New York City. Service at above address Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, at 2 P. M. Interment private. Hartford (Conn.) papers please copy.
PURDY.—Suddenly, at White Plains, N. Y., Nov. 17, 1917, Elvira, daughter of the late Elijah F. Purdy. Funeral private, at the residence of her niece, Mrs. Philip F. Robin.
PURKERING.—John, 77 Radford St., Yonkers, Nov. 17, at St. John's Hospital, Yonkers, born 1835. Services will be held at his home Monday evening. Interment Evergreen Cemetery, Brooklyn, Tuesday, 10 A. M.
READY.—At her residence, 208 Harrison Av., Jersey City, Saturday, Nov. 17, 1917, Mary E., daughter of the late John Ready and Delia Remsen. Funeral services private.

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Died.

SARLES.—Mary S., on Nov. 17, 1917. Funeral and interment private.
SCHWARZ.—Suddenly, at her residence, 304 West 102d St., on Nov. 16, Margaret Schwarz. Funeral Monday, Nov. 19, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.
SELLERS.—On Nov. 18, 1907, at her home, 112 Ithaca St., Elmhurst, L. I., Sarah Ann, widow of George T. Sellers, beloved mother of Beatrice M. Sellers, and beloved sister of Charles Forden. Funeral from her late residence on Wednesday morning, at 9:30 o'clock.
SPENCER.—On Saturday, Nov. 17, Mary Taller, widow of Ambrose P. Spencer and mother of J. Clinton Spencer. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Ascension, 5th Av. and 10th St., Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 10 o'clock.
STEIN.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, Pauline Bernhard, widow of Solomon Stein. Funeral private. Baltimore and Pittsburgh papers please copy.
STRYKER.—Suddenly, on Nov. 17, Jacques S. Stryker, in his 82d year. Funeral services from his late residence, 1,845 Gravesend Av., Brooklyn, Monday, Nov. 19, at 2 P. M.
TALCOTT.—At Hartford, Conn., on Nov. 17, Mary Kingsbury Talcott, daughter of the late Russell and Mary Seymour Talcott.
TAYLOR.—Arthur I., husband of Mary W. Taylor and son of Josephine D. and the late George H. Taylor, on Nov. 17, in his 51st year, at his residence, 37 Ridgewood Terrace, Maplewood, N. J. Funeral private.
WASHBERN.—Suddenly, at Edmonton, Canada, Nov. 5, Louisa Littlejohn, wife of Dr. Charles T. Washbern, and daughter of the late Duncan and Robina Littlejohn of Brooklyn, N. Y. Services at Chapel, Greenwood Cemetery, Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 2 P. M.
WORCESTER.—Suddenly, at New York City, Nov. 16, 1917, George Henry Worcester, son of the late Edwin D. and Mary L. Worcester, in the 61st year of his age. Funeral service at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning, 20th instant, at 150 West 59th St. Interment at Albany.

ALBERS.—Ernest C., Nov. 16, aged 57. Funeral 332 East 86th St. today, 10 A. M.
BERGER.—Alma, 304 East 139th St., Nov. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.
BROOKS.—Michael J., 427 West 59th St., Nov. 16. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
BURKE.—Joseph F., 339 East 36th St., Nov. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
BURNS.—Mary, 371 Bleecker St., Nov. 16. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
CASSIDY.—Frank J., 50 Morton St., Nov. 17. Funeral notice later.
CONROY.—Catherine, 406 1st Av., Nov. 17. Funeral notice later.
CUMMINGS.—Catherine C. R., 25 Bradhurst Av., Nov. 17.
HILL.—James J., 2,134 Amsterdam Av., Nov. 18.
HOLMES.—Philip, Nov. 16, aged 47. Funeral 500 1st Av.
LEONARD.—Thomas J., Nov. 16. Funeral Amsterdam Av. and 153d St. today, 2 P. M.
MULLER.—Adolph, 685 Cauldwell Av., Bronx, Nov. 17. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
MURAT.—Albert J., 610 St. Ann's Av., Bronx, Nov. 17, aged 67. Funeral service today.
NICHOLSON.—Ellen, Nov. 16. Funeral 130 Greenwich Av. tomorrow, 10 A. M.
O'BRIEN.—Annie, 552 West 141st St., Nov. 17. Funeral today.
OSBORN.—Jesse B., West Brighton, Nov. 17. Funeral service today.
SCHERING.—George, 1,296 Webster Av., Bronx, Nov. 17, aged 72. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
STERNFELS.—Michael, 2,607 Jerome Av., Nov. 16, aged 59.
STRUBLE.—Cora E., Nov. 16, aged 57. Funeral 161 8th Av.

Brooklyn.

BACON.—George W., 1,134 Herkimer St., Nov. 17, aged 45. Funeral service today.
BRANDUS.—Bella, 802 St. John's Place, Nov. 17, aged 78. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
DEPEW.—Laura V., 81 Bay 19th St., Nov. 17, aged 67. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.
DINGWELL.—Henry, 970 Jefferson Av., Nov. 17, aged 50. Funeral service today.
DOWD.—Thomas, 54 Bainbridge St., Nov. 16. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
DOYLE.—Edward, 645 10th St., Nov. 17. Funeral today.
EAGAN.—Maria, 5,519 5th Av., Nov. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
FLACK.—Sarah A., 346 6th Av., Nov. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
GALAIF.—Matie, 1,384 Prospect Av., Bronx, Nov. 16.
HARTT.—Alice V., 120 Bainbridge St., Nov. 17. Funeral tomorrow.
HEIMSOTH.—Anna M., 109 Ridgewood Av., Nov. 16. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
HOLLAND.—Ellen L., 706 Ocean Av., Nov. 17, aged 76. Funeral service today.
LANG.—Louisa J., 669 Hancock St., Nov. 17, aged 81. Funeral notice later.
McEVANEY.—Thomas, 1,603 10th Av., Nov. 16.
McLEOD.—Lillian, 481A Quincy St., Nov. 16, aged 26.
OWENS.—William R., 15A 2d St., Nov. 16, aged 72. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
PASTON.—William B., 239 Bergen St., Nov. 16. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
SUTTON.—Mary A., 245 Midwood St., Nov. 16. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
THOMPSON.—Frederick C., 127 Chauncey St., Nov. 17. Funeral tomorrow.
WEISMANTEL.—Charles, 736 42d St., Nov. 17, aged 65. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
WELDON.—Patrick M., 192 Union St., Nov. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
ZOAK.—Sarah A., 716 Ocean Av., Nov. 17. Funeral notice later.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BASSFORD.—Kate L., 40 North 12th St., Newark, Nov. 16.
MANDLER.—Elizabeth, 3,272 Boulevard, Jersey City, Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow.
RUSH.—John J., 827 Washington St., Hoboken, Nov. 16. Funeral tomorrow.

Long Island.

CARTER.—Alice S., Woodhaven, Nov. 16.
DAVIDSON.—John E., Hempstead, Nov. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.
LEDNER.—Mary, Evergreen, Nov. 17, aged 59. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

In Memoriam.

LOUIS.—In memory of our mother, Lebenia Louis, died Nov. 19, 1916. How often you creep into our lonely life. Your memory to us will ever be a fadeless picture.
HER SON AND DAUGHTER-IN-LAW.
TARBOX.—In loving memory of Ellen Pitt Tarbox, who died Nov. 19, 1916. Her memory is lasting and her example our guide.—The Family.

AARON.—Isaac, in memory of; died Nov. 19, 1915.
CARROLL.—Mary E., mass Church of St. Francis de Sales, Nov. 22, 9 A. M.
DUGAN.—Bridget, in memory of; died Nov. 22, 1913.
FLEMING.—John W., in memory of; died Nov. 22, 1915.
GEBHARDT.—Katherine, in memory of; died Nov. 21, 1913.
GRABENHEIMER.—Mina, unveiling monument, Mount Zion Cemetery, Nov. 25, 3 P. M.
GREENBERG.—Isidore, in memory of; died Nov. 19, 1914.
JOUBERT.—Georges A., mass Notre Dame Church, Nov. 22, 9 A. M.
KIRCHEIS.—Emily, in memory of; died Nov. 22, 1908.
LEVY.—Caroline, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, Nov. 25, 3 P. M.
LEVY.—Joseph, unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemetery, Nov. 25, 3 P. M.
LUTJEN.—Adelheid, in memory of; died Nov. 19, 1916.
OPPENHEIM.—Emil, unveiling monument, Mount Nebo Cemetery, Nov. 25, 3 P. M.
RUBIN.—John, unveiling monument, Cypress Hills Cemetery, Nov. 25, 2:30 P. M.
SCHIMEL.—Emily, unveiling monument, Union Fields Cemetery, Nov. 25, 3 P. M.

Died.

SIMON.—Max, unveiling monument, Mount Carmel Cemetery, Nov. 25, 3 P. M.
STEINHARDT.—Seligman, in memory of; died Nov. 20, 1907.
STERN.—Joseph, in memory of; died Nov. 19, 1916.
STIERLE.—Elisabeth, in memory of; died November, 1915.
VAN NOSTRAND.—Kate M., in memory of; died Nov. 20, 1914.

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CENTRAL Y. W. C. A., 610 Lexington Ave. Tues., Nov. 20th, 8 P. M., Mr. Po Ling Chang and Mr. James Chuan will speak "ON CHRISTIAN WORK IN CHINA."

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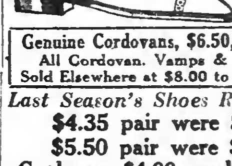

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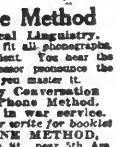

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION IN AMERICA AND EUROPE

The most hopeful aspect of last week's unsatisfactory stock market was the decided contraction of activity in the latter half of the period. The week's net changes, both in stocks and bonds, were again nearly all on the losing side. Whatever evidences of improvement have come to light have been ignored, and the possibility of the restoration of an investment market in which corporations can borrow money has been further removed. The week's transactions, because of the sudden narrowing of the list beginning Thursday, were a little more than half of those of the previous week and but little above one-quarter of the dealings for the corresponding period a year ago. The declines have been accompanied all along by liquidation that took no account of the reduction in quoted values. The smaller totals reported on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday seem to support the view that this liquidation has been about completed so far as forced by the existing conditions. The stock market is generally reflecting expected happenings fully as much as events that have transpired. It has been taking stock of all the unfavorable signs affecting business at a time when everything should be passed upon with respect to its bearing upon the country's prosecution of the war. Rather rapidly now the nation is appreciating the size of the task that it has joined, and still people must go much further in the direction of denying themselves luxuries than they have yet reconciled themselves to doing. A foretaste of what must be conceded to war's demands has been supplied in the discrimination raised against freight shipments not essential to the maintenance of war business. Trade continues at high pressure, but with great fundamental changes in its distribution. The Government's own needs are entering much more largely each day into the production of raw materials, transportation, and manufacturing.

The tribute paid by Lord Northcliffe in his letter to the British Premier to the energy with which the United States is bending its efforts to winning the war was gratifying, as coming from a particularly keen observer who left these shores after unusual opportunities to weigh the results of the countless economic changes that have taken place in the past six months. There has been plenty of lost motion; prices have been fixed only to be readjusted soon afterward; mistakes have been made in levying taxes that have proved painfully expensive; the orderly methods of business development over a score of years have been ruthlessly rejected, but the net effect of it all has been wonderfully encouraging. The best brains of the country have volunteered in the nation's service. A huge army is in the making and a very large part of it has already begun to count in the pressure against the Germans on the western front. Existing shipyards have been speeded up and new ones rushed to completion. The naval forces have been giving a good account of themselves and have undoubtedly played no small part in reducing the losses by submarines. Nearly $5,000,000,000 has been raised in war loans and machinery set in motion to collect another $2,000,000,000 in taxes. The railroads have been brought together by the War Board and have increased their work without additions to their facilities. Smoother changes might have been effected at the cost of delaying the help which the Allies have begun to receive, but on the whole the violent readjustments that have been made necessary have been effected with a minimum of disturbance. The United States is making its resources felt months sooner than the German authorities expected, as the first casualties reported testify. From now on the honor roll will grow more rapidly, and the absolute importance of relegating to future time all activities not concerned with the restoration of peace will be brought home to all.

The security markets have clearly reflected the public's uneasiness over the far-reaching changes taking place beneath the surface in the railroad world. For a long time it was believed that an increase in rates was a panacea for all railroad troubles. It is now becoming understood that, after all, any increase in rates during the war can bring but temporary relief. To borrow money the carriers must have such a margin over their fixed charges that reasonable regularity in their dividend payments is assured. Without credit the companies cannot keep up to the work that is put upon them. If it could be demonstrated in dollars and cents that a 15 per cent. addition to revenues would restore the carriers to the position they held before the war, the expected award of that amount would tend to hold prices of stocks and bonds up to a level that would make it possible for the companies to come to the investor for new capital. As a matter of fact, the railroads could not borrow the sums they ought to have, even if their earnings were still ample to pay satisfactory dividends. The Government has probably absorbed about all of the capital which investors have at their command. No less than the railroads the industrial corporations, even those earning big profits, have been unable to float loans at fair rates of interest. The inevitable conclusion is that the Government must assume a direct interest in the welfare of the railroads by either advancing them money at a low rate of interest with which to buy rolling stock, or by itself making such purchases of equipment to be allotted among the roads at a fair rental. A breakdown in the transportation service this Winter would be much more than a national calamity; it would be felt immediately in the war. While the Interstate Commerce Commission is giving ear to the stock arguments against the rate increases which were rightfully considered during previous hearings, a truer conception of the real questions involved is taking hold in the public's mind.

The Stock Exchange authorities have wisely overridden those who believe that no interference with the activity of speculators should be brooked. It has tacitly admitted the possibility of evil effects upon the nation's finances resulting from unrestricted professional activities. In calling for records of the transactions of its own members on the floor it has provided itself with the facts upon which it can formulate restrictions if it should become evident that the violent declines in security prices has been in any measure due to bear raiders. It may require courage to cut the privileges of membership on the Exchange, but the broader consideration of public good should make this outweigh selfish objections. The Government must float other loans as the war goes on, and every facility should be extended to investors to realize the best prices possible upon corporation and municipal holdings which they have to sell to meet their requirements. It may have been more than a coincidence that the downward movement in the past week was abruptly checked immediately after the demand that complete information should be supplied the Governors as to the volume of professional transactions.

LONDON WAR STOCKS RISE.

Effect of Changed Military Situation—War Bond Sales Slump.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Stocks were more interesting than active the last week, the markets being less susceptible to the influences of the Russian upheaval, due to the publication of encouraging figures on submarine destruction, the British success in Palestine, and the evidence of a stiffening of the Italian resistance to the Austro-German advance. The Prime Minister's speech in Paris, which suggested possibilities of political differences in this country, was without influence, and the week closed with sentiment improving, for which Lord Northcliffe's reference to the great war effort of America was partly responsible.

Public attention was directed chiefly to securities likely to benefit by a prolongation of the war, notably armament and kindred shares, which improved sharply, among them issues which had been long conspicuous for their dormant quality.

Many shipping shares rose substantially, and further amalgamations were reported, and rumored denials did not interrupt the advance. The investment sections were quietly firm and the railways market was inactive. Argentines were weakened by renewed labor disorder, despite the fact that the dividend on Buenos Aires & Pacific second preference shares was above expectations. Mexican issues were weakened by the report of the reappearance of Villa.

The sale of national war bonds for the week ended Nov. 10 was £9,800,000, against £12,338,000 the previous week. This was disappointing, and there has been much discussion of the desirability of reducing bankers' allowance on deposits and the rates offered on competitive Treasury bills in order to stimulate the sale of bonds, but no action has as yet been taken. There were considerable purchases of Treasury bills the first days of the week, owing to the possibility of lower rates, and money was in strong demand, but was easier at the close. Discounts were idly steady.

GAIN IN STATE REVENUE.

Receipts Exceed Expenditures by Nearly $5,000,000, Controller Shows

ALBANY, Nov. 18.—A gain of nearly $5,000,000 in the State's revenue receipts despite $1,500,000 increase in expenses was revealed in State Controller Travis's financial report, made public tonight.

Since July 1 the transactions for the general purposes of State Government indicated that the total revenues aggregated $26,355,012.55, against expenditures reaching $21,420,818.99. This excess amounted to $4,934,193.56.

Of the total receipts collected, $24,588,994.27 came from special or indirect taxes, a decrease of $2,069,561.07. This lose is due to the falling off in the excise and inheritance receipts and direct taxes.

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended Nov. 17, 1917:

STOCKS, (SHARES.)

	1917.	1916.	1915
Monday	589,010	1,507,540	800,222
Tuesday	502,740	1,581,951	976,636
Wednesday	594,200	1,324,322	1,054,198
Thursday	346,095	1,979,712	793,035
Friday	273,175	2,056,020	588,642
Saturday	156,175	1,015,785	324,640
Total w'k.	2,461,395	9,465,330	4,537,373
Year to date	166,739,381	190,520,407	156,705,590

BONDS, (PAR VALUE.)

	1917.	1916.	1915
Monday	$3,606,000	$4,357,000	$5,928,500
Tuesday	3,156,000	5,214,500	6,037,500
Wednesday	5,858,000	5,654,000	5,484,500
Thursday	3,904,500	6,385,000	5,365,500
Friday	3,846,000	6,439,500	4,684,000
Saturday	2,112,000	3,738,500	2,160,000
T'tal w'k.	$22,482,500	$31,788,500	$29,660,000
Yr. to date	897,447,950	1,008,503,000	802,898,700

In detail last week's transactions compare as follows with the same week a year ago:

BONDS.

	Nov.17,'17.	Nov.18,'16.	Decrease
R. R. & mis.	$5,275,000	$26,701,000	$21,426,000
Government	17,115,500	4,856,500	*12,259,000
State	3,000	33,000	30,000
City	89,000	198,000	109,000
Total all	$22,482,500	$31,788,500	$9,306,000

*Increase.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED NOV. 17, 1917.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	2,461,395	166,739,381
Same period a year ago	9,465,330	190,520,407

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks	64.04	61.64	89.30	60.42
Same period a year ago	102.01	98.36	102.01	80.91

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
200	ADVANCE RUMELY	8	7½	7½	−½
200	Advance Rumely pf.	20½	20	20	−⅛
200	Ajax Rubber	50	50	50	..
2,300	Alaska Gold Mines	3¼	2⅞	2⅞	−⅛
2,600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	18⅜	16¼	17	−½
400	Allis-Chalm. Mfg. pf.	72	70	70	−1
710	Am. Agricul. Chem.	75¼	73½	75¼	+¾
100	Am. Bank Note pf.	42	42	42	−2½
700	Am. Beet Sugar	72	70	70¼	−¾
34,100	Am. Can	35¼	31⅝	33	−⅞
200	Am. Can pf.	94	93⅜	94	+1½
4,800	Am. Car & Fdy.	63½	60⅛	63½	+1¼
300	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	103	100	100	−6
1,300	Am. Cotton Oil	28	24½	*25	+⅛
25	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	78	78	78	..
700	Am. Express	81	80	81	−7¼
3,000	Am. Hide & Leather	14	12¼	12⅛	−⅞
2,600	Am. Hide & L. pf.	55¼	51⅝	51⅝	−1⅝
300	Am. Ice	10¼	10¼	10¼	+¼
100	Am. Ice pf.	39	39	39	−⅞
9,900	Am. International	55⅝	49¼	53⅞	+2⅞
27,000	Am. Linseed	27¼	23⅞	24⅞	−1⅞
14,200	Am. Linseed pf.	68½	62⅝	68⅜	+4¼
11,500	Am. Locomotive	52	48½	51½	+1⅝
100	Am. Locomotive pf.	94	94	94	−½
400	Am. Malting	11⅜	10	10¼	−⅝
1,000	Am. Malting 1st pf.	54⅞	51	52¼	−4⅝
100	Am. Shipbuilding	88	88	88	−1
30,900	Am. Smelt. & Refining	75	70¼	72⅛	−⅝
700	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	101⅝	99⅜	*99⅛	−⅛
520	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. A.	92½	92⅛	92⅛	−1⅞
200	Am. Snuff	100	100	100	−5
3,400	Am. Steel Foundries	54	52⅛	52⅞	+⅞
3,600	Am. Sugar Refining	94⅛	91½	92⅞	−⅞
400	Am. Sugar Ref pf.	109	108½	108½	+⅝
1,500	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	54	51⅜	52½	−⅝
6,400	Am. Tel. & Tel.	108	106½	107	+1¼
1,350	Am. Tobacco	176	169	*169	+½
700	Am. Tobacco pf. new	95¼	95	95	−¼
1,100	Am. Woolen	40⅞	39¼	40⅞	+2⅝
500	Am. Woolen pf.	89	87	87	−1
1,400	Am Writing Paper pf.	18⅜	17	17	−1
100	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	12½	12¼	12¼	+⅝
200	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	42	42	42	..
44,800	Anaconda Copper	56⅛	54½	55¼	+⅝
100	Assets Realization	1	1	1	..
700	Associated Oil	54	52½	52½	−3½
9,800	Atchison, Top. & S. F.	85	83⅜	84	−½
900	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	84⅞	84⅜	84⅜	−¼
700	Atlantic Coast Line	97	94⅞	94⅞	−2½
12,700	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I.	98	93⅜	97⅞	+4⅛
36,300	BALDWIN LOCO.	57¼	52¼	56⅞	+3
12,000	Baltimore & Ohio	53⅜	50⅛	50⅛	−1⅜
1,810	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	61	60	60¼	−2
600	Barrett Co.	88½	87⅜	87⅜	+⅝
200	Barrett Co. pf.	99½	99⅛	99⅛	..
2,900	Batopilas Mining	1⅛	1	1⅛	..
200	Bethlehem Steel	79½	77⅞	79½	+1⅛
132,800	Bethlehem Steel, Class B, t. c.	80¼	75¼	78⅝	+⅜
100	Bethlehem Steel pf.	85	85	85	−5⅜
6,300	Bethlehem S. pf., sub. rcts., f. p.	98⅜	95⅞	97⅞	−¼
12,000	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	46	40⅜	44	−1⅝
600	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. Sec.	6	5	6	..
5,000	Burns Brothers	110	101	109¼	+7¼
200	Burns Brothers pf.	111	110	110	−7
500	Butterick Co.	12	10	10	−2⅛
1,600	Butte & Superior	16	15⅜	15⅜	−¼
200	CAL. PACKING	34½	34¼	34¼	+⅛
2,000	Cal. Petroleum	11⅞	10½	11	−¼
700	Cal. Petroleum pf.	31⅜	31	31	..
100	Calumet & Arizona	63⅜	63⅜	63⅜	−¼
75,300	Canadian Pacific	137½	130¼	131½	−4⅛
200	Central Foundry	27	27	27	+1
300	Central Foundry pf.	36	36	36	..
12,200	Central Leather Co.	64½	59½	61⅜	−1⅛
900	Central Leather Co. pf.	99	98	98	−1
100	Central R. R. of N. J.	231	231	231	−5
1,000	Cerro de Pasco	31½	30⅛	31½	+1¼
4,700	Chandler Motor	62⅜	60	61	+½
7,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	48⅛	45⅞	47	..
100	Chi. & Alton	8	8	8	−2
600	Chi. Great Western	7	7	7	..
800	Chi. Great Western pf.	20⅜	19⅞	20	..
30,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	40⅛	35	37	−2⅜
3,010	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	77⅜	74½	74½	−2½
1,100	Chi. & Northwestern	95	94½	94⅞	+½
100	Chi. & Northwest'n pf.	141	141	141	−1
9,300	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c.	19½	17½	17⅝	−⅛
3,900	Chi., R. I. & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c.	51¼	48	49⅛	−⅛
3,400	Chi., R. I. & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	42	39⅜	39⅜	+1⅛
8,000	Chile Copper	14	13	13½	+¼
7,500	Chino Copper	38½	37¼	38¼	+1
800	Cluett, Peabody	48	45	45	−2
100	Cluett, Peabody pf	100	100	100	+10
2,300	Col. Fuel & Iron	33⅜	31½	32	..
200	Col. Southern 1st pf.	45	45	45	+⅛
2,500	Columbia Gas & Elec.	29	27⅝	28⅞	−⅝
300	Com. Tab Recording	32	32	32	..
3,300	Consolidated Gas	83⅛	80	82½	+⅛
50	Con. Gas, Balt.	100	100	100	..
100	Con. Interstate Cal. M.	10¼	10¼	10¼	−⅝
400	Continental Can	81	80	81	+1
400	Continental Insurance	42	41	41	−¼
18,300	Corn Products Ref.	27¼	24½	25⅞	−⅝
2,300	Corn Products Ref. pf.	90	89½	90	+¾
24,900	Crucible Steel	55½	51¼	52⅞	−¼
200	Crucible Steel pf.	86	85⅛	86	+1
10,900	Cuba Cane Sugar	29¼	25⅜	26	−1⅛
2,200	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	79	77	77	−2
100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	140	140	140	−10
400	DEERE & CO. pf.	97½	95¼	96	−2
12,560	Del. & Hudson	99	91	91⅜	−5⅜
100	Del., Lack. & Western	180	180	180	−5
300	Denver & Rio Grande	6½	6	6	..
195	Detroit United Ry.	95	95	95	−15
15,700	Distillers Securities	35⅜	31½	32¼	−1⅝
1,700	Dome Mines	7⅛	6⅛	6⅛	−⅝
200	Duluth, S. S. & At.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+⅛
100	Duluth, S. S. & At. pf.	5½	5½	5½	..
400	ELK HORN COAL	23	20	22	−1
16,000	Erie	15⅜	13⅜	14	−1⅛
2,500	Erie 1st pf.	23	21	21½	−1
1,600	Erie 2d pf.	17½	16½	16½	−⅛
100	FED. MIN. & SMELT.	12	12	12	..
1,200	GASTON, WM. & W.	33	30½	33	+2⅛
900	General Chemical	169	161	162	−3
600	General Cigar	32	30⅛	30⅛	−6⅝
7,000	General Electric	129	123½	128½	+4½
93,475	General Motors	87⅜	78⅜	87⅜	+7⅜
600	General Motors pf.	75½	73	75½	+½
7,300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	36	32½	34	−1¼
100	Goodrich pf.	98½	98½	98½	−½
6,700	Great Northern pf.	92½	89⅞	90⅝	−1½
2,900	Great Nor. Certs. for Ore Properties	25½	24	24½	−⅛
1,000	Greene-Cananea Cop.	36	34	34½	−1⅝
800	Gulf States Steel	82	77½	81¼	+1¼
200	HARTMAN CORP.	44	43⅞	43⅞	−1⅛
400	Haskell & Barker	28⅜	27⅜	28⅜	+1½
1,600	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	95	93½	93½	−1⅞
16,000	Inspiration Copper	42	40⅛	40⅞	−⅛
5,000	Interboro Con.	7	6⅞	6⅞	−¼
4,300	Interboro Con. pf.	46	41⅜	43⅞	−1½
100	Inter. Agricultural	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	−⅝
5,350	Inter. Harvester, N. J.	104⅜	100⅜	102	−4
1,150	Inter. Harvester Corp.	53	50⅜	52	−1
234	Inter. Harv. Corp. pf.	98½	98	98	−3⅛
37,450	Inter. Mer. Marine	26⅞	23½	24⅞	−1⅛
271,300	Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	96⅞	88⅞	92⅞	−1⅛
9,900	Inter. Nickel	27⅞	25⅜	*25⅜	−⅝
100	Inter. Nickel pf.	92	92	92	−6
2,700	Inter. Paper	21⅛	19⅜	20	−⅛
1,400	Inter. Paper pf., sta.	53⅛	52	53⅛	+1⅛
500	Inter. Salt	59	58⅜	58⅜	−⅛
500	JEWEL TEA	35¼	31	31	−5⅛
3,100	KAN CITY SOUTH'N	15½	14⅞	15⅝	+1⅝
100	Kayser (Julius) & Co.	105	105	105	−5
1,220	Kelly Springfield Tire.	39½	38	38¼	+¼
100	Kelly Springf'd Tire pf	78	78	78	−2
33,150	Kennecott Copper	31⅛	29⅝	30⅜	..
7,600	LACK. STEEL	73⅜	71	73¼	+3
100	Laclede Gas	80½	80½	80½	+⅜
2,200	Lee Rubber & Tire	12½	10⅝	10⅝	−3⅝
5,420	Lehigh Valley	53⅝	50½	51¼	−2¼
200	Liggett & Myers	170½	170	170½	−9
1,000	Liggett & Myers pf.	101	100	100	−1
1,100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	15	12¼	15	+2⅜
100	Lorillard (P.) Co.	170	170	170	−2½
900	Louisville & Nashville.	114½	112½	112½	−½
400	MACKAY COS.	71	70¼	71	..
100	Mackay Cos. pf.	58	58	58	−1
200	Manhattan Elevated	98	97	98	..
200	Manhattan Shirt pf.	103	102	102	..
900	Maxwell Motors	25	22	24½	−⅛
2,000	Maxwell Motors 1st pf.	54	50¼	51	−2
200	Maxwell Motors 2d pf.	15⅞	13½	13½	−1½
300	May Department Stores	48⅜	47¼	47¼	−1⅜
10,700	Mexican Petroleum	77⅝	73	74½	−⅝
100	Mexican Petroleum pf.	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	−3⅛
2,700	Miami Copper	27⅞	26¼	27	−½
18,200	Midvale Steel	44½	41⅝	43	+⅛
1,200	Minn. & St. Louis, new.	10	9⅜	9⅜	−¼
600	Minn., St. P & S. S. M.	84	78⅛	80	−4
500	Missouri, Kan. & Texas	4⅜	4⅛	4⅛	−⅛
100	Missouri Kan. & Tex.pf	7½	7½	7½	..
12,600	Missouri Pacific t. c.	23⅝	21	21⅜	−⅛
3,600	Missouri Pac. pf. t. c.	41	38	38	−2
500	Montana Power	67⅞	64⅜	65½	+⅛
1,300	NATIONAL ACME	27½	25½	*25½	−⅛
450	National Biscuit Co.	81	80	80⅜	−3⅜
300	National Biscuit Co. pf.	109	108	109	−5
200	National Cloak & Suit.	58	56⅜	56⅜	−2
3,000	National Conduit & C.	22⅜	20⅞	21½	−⅛
3,000	National Enam. & S.	37	34	36⅞	+1⅞
200	National Enam. & S. pf	95	92	92	−2
600	National Lead	44	42	42	..
300	National Lead pf.	100½	100¼	100¼	−3
100	National Rys. M. 2d pf.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	−⅝
5,700	Nevada Consol. Copper	17⅛	16	16¼	−½
100	New Orleans, Tex. & M	20	20	20	−2
2,400	New York Air Brake	106	102	105	+3
14,400	New York Central	69¼	66½	68⅜	+1⅛
200	New York, Chi. & St. L	14	13¼	14	+1
200	New York Dock	14⅞	14½	14½	−⅛
3,800	New York, N. H. & H.	26½	24½	25	+1
850	New York, Ont. & W.	18⅜	18	18⅜	+1⅛
3,000	Norfolk & Western	105	100	102	−1½
200	Norfolk & Western pf.	78	77⅞	77⅞	−¼
700	North American	47¼	45⅛	45⅛	−1⅜
6,300	Northern Pacific	87	83½	84	−1½
200	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	71⅞	70	70	−4¼
14,800	OHIO CITIES GAS	36½	33¼	*34⅜	..
1,200	Ontario Mining	4	4	4	−⅜
1,500	Owens Bottle Machine	81	80	80	..
300	PACIFIC MAIL	24¼	24	24	..
100	Pan Am. Pet. & T. pf.	87	87	87	..
18,650	Pennsylvania Railroad.	48⅝	47	47¼	−1
2,825	People's Gas, Chicago.	42¼	37⅝	38	−4¼
500	Pere Marquette	14½	14	14	−½
2,500	Pere Marquette prior pf	50	45	49¼	−13½
1,100	Philadelphia Co.	26	25	25	−1
4,300	Pitts. Coal	42	40	40⅞	+⅝
200	Pitts. Coal pf.	77½	76⅛	76⅞	+⅞
2,400	Pitts. & West Va.	23¼	21	21⅜	−1½
150	Pitts. & West Va. pf.	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜	−1¼
8,000	Pressed Steel Car	55	51¼	*51½	+1¼
1,800	Pullman Co.	130	127	128⅜	+1
200	QUICKSILVER	1⅛	1	1	..
100	RAILROAD SEC., Ill. Cent. stk. cfs. odd lots	60	60	60	..
500	Railway Steel Spring	40	39½	39⅞	+1⅜
100	Railway Steel S. pf.	96½	96½	96½	+½
7,900	Ray Con. Copper	22	21⅛	21⅜	+½
80,800	Reading	69¼	66¼	67⅞	+⅜
300	Reading 1st pf.	37	35	35	−1
17,200	Rep. Iron & Steel	72⅜	68⅛	70¼	−⅝
100	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	94	94	94	−½
2,800	Royal Dutch t. r.	67	64½	67	+2
2,100	ST. L.-SAN FRAN.	15	13⅜	14¼	−⅛
200	St. L. Southwestern	26⅜	25⅜	25⅜	+⅜
200	St. L. Southwestern pf	36	34½	34½	−2
1,300	Saxon Motor	5⅝	5	5	−⅛
1,800	Seaboard Air Line	8⅞	8½	8½	−¼
300	Seaboard Air Line pf.	18	17⅜	17⅜	−¾
1,100	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	141½	138	140	+2
50	Sears, Roebuck & Co.pf	120	120	120	..
1,700	Shattuck-Arizona	20	19	19½	..
8,050	Sinclair Oil & Ref.	30⅝	28½	29	−⅝
500	Sloss-Sheff. S. & I.	37	34½	34⅜	−1½
14,300	Southern Pacific	82¼	80⅝	81⅝	+⅛
300	South Porto Rico Sugar	152	148	148	−2
13,440	Southern Railway	25½	23½	24	−⅝
2,131	Southern Railway pf.	58	55	56½	..
100	Standard Milling	78	78	78	−3
61,400	Studebaker Co.	42½	37¼	39¼	−2⅛
100	Stutz Motor	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜	−½
200	Superior Steel	33	32	33	+1⅜
100	Superior Steel 1st pf.	97	97	97	−1
1,200	TENN. COP. & CHEM.	12½	11⅝	11⅞	−⅛
5,800	Texas Co.	139⅞	132½	137¼	−½
400	Texas Co. sub. rcts., f.p.	132	130¼	132	+½
2,100	Texas & Pacific	13	12	12	−⅛
400	Third Avenue	17½	16½	16½	−½
6,700	Tobacco Products	46½	43½	44½	−1½
600	Tobacco Products pf.	91½	89	89	−4
100	Transue & Williams	37	37	37	..
100	Twin City Rap. Tr.	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞	+⅞
500	UNDERWOOD TYPE.	90	90	90	−1
500	Underwood Type. pf.	114	114	114	..
100	Union Bag & P., new	61	61	61	+¾
26,400	Union Pacific	114½	111½	112⅜	−¼
100	Union Pacific pf.	73½	73½	73½	+½
600	United Alloy Steel	37	36	36	−1
6,600	United Cigar Stores	86⅜	82½	83½	−1
100	United Cigar Stores pf.	102	102	102	−3
200	United Drug	66½	66	66	+2
100	United Drug 1st pf.	50	50	50	..
700	United Fruit	116	110½	116	+7½
800	United Rys. Invest.	6⅜	6¼	6¼	−⅝
500	United Rys. Invest. pf.	13⅜	13¼	13⅜	+½
1,100	U. S. Cast I. P. & F.	11⅛	10⅜	11⅛	+½
200	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf.	48	48	48	−½
19,100	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	108	98¼	101¼	−6¼
300	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	92	91¼	91¼	−¼
5,950	U. S. Rubber	51⅜	48¼	49¼	−2
900	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	95	94⅜	95	..
300	U. S. Smelt., R. & M.	43	42	42	−1
601,000	U. S. Steel	94⅜	89¼	91⅞	−⅝
8,400	U. S. Steel pf.	109⅜	107½	107½	−1½
80,000	Utah Copper	76⅞	72⅛	74⅞	−⅛
800	VA.-CARO. CHEM.	28⅞	27¼	28⅞	+1⅞
200	Va. I., C. & C.	52	51	52	+1½
10	Vulcan Detinning pf.	25	25	25	..
3,400	WABASH	8½	7½	7⅞	−⅛
6,400	Wabash pf. A.	41	39	40	−⅝
3,900	Wabash pf. B.	20⅛	20	20⅛	+⅛
300	Wells Fargo Express	76	75	76	+1
2,400	Western Maryland	13⅜	12½	12½	−⅛
100	Western Pacific pf.	39	39	39	+1
600	Western Union Tel.	82	80¼	82	+3
16,600	Westinghouse E. & M.	38⅜	36¼	37½	−½
1,090	Wheeling & Lake Erie.	9⅜	9	9½	+½
300	White Motors	35	34⅞	35	−1
2,400	Wilson & Co.	46	44½	45	+⅛
100	Wilson & Co. pf.	96	96	96	−3
27,200	Willys-Overland	19¼	16⅝	17⅞	+⅛
1,500	Willys-Overland pf.	70	69	69	−1
900	Wisconsin Central	37⅜	36	36	−⅜
1,400	Woolworth (F. W.) Co.	112¼	108	109¼	−2⅞
250	Woolworth pf.	118	116	118	+1
100	Worthington P. pf., B.	50	50	50	..

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BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED NOV. 17, 1917.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$22,482,500	$897,447,950
Same period last year	31,788,500	1,008,503,000

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds	77.40	76.72	86.39	76.72
Same period a year ago	88.95	88.86	88.95	86.19

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
ALLEGHENY VAL. 4s	89½	89½	89½	5
Am. Ag. Ch. deb. 5s	92	92	92	1
Am. H. & L. 6s	99¾	99	99	5
Am. Sm. & R. 1st 5s	85¼	84¾	84¾	50
Am. T. & T. col. 4s	82	81	81	38
Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	91	91	91	17
Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	86	86	86	2
Am. T. & T. col. tr. 5s	93½	93	93¼	70
Am. Thread, 4s	96½	96¼	96½	5
Am. Writ. Paper 5s	81	80	80	3
Armour & Co. 4½s	84¾	84	84¾	2
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	81½	80½	81¼	98
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	73	72	72	13
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s, stamped	73	73	73	9
A., T. & S. F. cv. 4s, '60	85¼	84⅞	84⅞	12
A. & C. A. L. 1st 5s, B	92	92	92	2
At. C. L. 1st 4s	82	81½	81½	11
At. C. L. unif. 4s	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	1
At. C. L., L. & N. col. 4s	75	75	75	5
B. & O. p. l. 3½s	86	85	85	12
Balt. & O. gold 4s	78¼	77	77	32½
Balt. & O. ref. 5s	82	80	80	18
Balt. & O. conv. 4½s	79	78	78	38½
Beth. Steel ext. 5s	98	98	98	3
Beth. Steel ref. 5s	88⅜	88	88	8
Beth. Steel p. m. 5s	81½	81	81	7
B'way & 7th Av. 5s	93	93	93	1
Braden Copper 6s	91	90	90	80
B. R. T. 5s, 1918	95½	90¼	90¼	94
Buff., R. & P. gen. 5s	100½	100½	100½	1
CAL. GAS & EL. 5s	93½	92⅞	93	28
Cent. of Ga. cons. 5s	88⅜	88	88	10
Central Leather 5s	95½	95	95	58
Central Pacific 4s	78¼	78¼	78¼	5
Cent. of N. J. gen. 5s	102	102	102	10
Cerro de Pasco cv. 6s	104½	102½	104½	51
Ches. & O. gen. 4½s	76⅝	75	75	12
Ches. & O. conv. 5s	75	72	72½	193½
Ches. & O. con. 5s	99⅝	99	99	16
Ches. & O. conv. 4½s	71	69	69	16
C. & O., R. & A. 1st 4s	73	73	73	1
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	93½	92⅝	93	164
C., B. & Q. jt. 4s, reg.	92⅝	92½	92½	2
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	84	81⅞	82	10
C., B. & Q., Neb. Ext. 4s	91	91	91	1
Chi. & E. Ill. con. 6s	97	97	97	3
Chi. Gt. West. 4s	58	55	56	10
M., M. & St. P. 4s, '25	77	75	76	38
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4½s	85	85	85	6
C., M. & St. P. ref. 4½s	67⅝	66	66	66
C., M. & St. P. cv. 5s	81½	78⅝	78⅝	18
C., M. & St. P. cv. 4½s	73⅞	70	70	20
C., M. & St. P., C., P. & W. 5s	99	97	98	17
C., M. & St. P., C. & Mo. R. 5s	94	94	94	3
Chi. & N. W. gen. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	1
C. & N. W. gen 3½s	72½	71	71	5
C. & N. W. s. f. 6s	104	104	104	1
C. & N. W. deb. 5s, '21	93½	93½	93½	1
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	74½	73	73	36
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	62½	61½	61½	31
C., St. L. & N. O., Mem. Div. 4s	70½	70½	70½	1
Chi. & W. I. con. 4s	63½	63½	63½	4
Chile Copper 7s	99¾	98	98½	94
Chile C. 5s, rec. p. pd.	78⅞	78	78	29½
Col. Industrial 5s	74½	74½	74⅞	5
Col. & So. 1st 4s	82	82	82	2
Col. & So. ref. 4½s	74	73½	73½	2
Col. Gas & El. 5s	77	77	77	2
Con. Gas cv. 5s	99⅝	98¼	99	140
Corn. Prod. Ref. 5s, '34	96½	96½	96½	1
Cub.-Am. Sug. col. tr. 6s	100	100	100	41
DEL. & H. 1st & ref. 4s	85½	85	85½	2
Del. & Hud. cv. 5s	92½	92½	92½	7
D. & R. G. con. 4s	63½	63	63	89
D. & R. G. imp. 5s	75	75	75	1½
Det. Edison col. tr. 5s	98	98	98	1
Det. United Ry. 4½s	73	73	73	10
Dist. Securities 5s	74	73½	74	22
Duluth & Iron Range 5s	90	90	90	3
E. T., VA. & GA. c. 5s	95	95	95	1
Erie gen. 4s	49½	48	49	37
Erie consol. 4s	69	67⅞	67⅞	3
Erie cv. 4s, Ser. A	40	39	39	18
Erie cv. 4s, Ser. B	40	39⅞	40	15
Erie cv. 4s, Ser. D	47	43¾	43⅞	30
FT. W. & DEN. CITY 6s	95½	95½	95½	1
GEN. ELEC. deb. 5s	96	96	96	1
Grand R. C. & C. 6s	92	92	92	2
Gt. Northern ref. 4¼s	89½	89¼	89½	15
Green Bay debs., B	9½	9½	9½	6

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
HAVANA ELEC. 5s	92½	92½	92½	1
Hudson County Gas 5s	98	98	98	1
Hud. & Man. ref. 5s	53	52	52	15
Hud. & Man. adj. 5s	12½	11½	12	66
ILL. CENT. ret. 4s	78⅞	78	78	14
Ill. Cent. 4s, 1953	74½	74½	74½	1
Ill. C., C., St. L. & N. O. joint 5s	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	1
Indiana Steel 5s	96½	96	96½	20
Inter.-Met. 4½s	51½	50½	51½	88
Int. Rap. Tran. 5s	83	78⅞	79	50
Int. R. T. 5s, reg	82	82	82	2
Int. M. M. s. f. 6s	92½	91½	92	113
Int. Agric. col. tr. 5s	69½	69½	69½	9
Int. Paper 6s	100	100	100	2
KAN. & M. 1st 4s	70	70	70	5
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	101¼	101¼	101¼	1
Kan. City So. 3s	60	60	60	5
Kan. City So. 5s	77½	77	77	2
LACK. STEEL 5s, 50	88	88	88	1
Laclede Gas 1st 5s	98	98	98	3
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	85	85	85	2
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	85	83½	83½	4
Lake Shore 3½s	75½	74¼	75¼	9
Lex. & East. gtd. 5s	94½	94½	94½	1
Liggett & Myers 7s	111	110¼	111	8
Liggett & Myers 5s	92	91	91	16
Long Dock 6s	110¼	110¼	110¼	1
Long Island deb. 5s	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	1
Lorillard 7s	110¼	110	110	16
L. & N. unif. 4s	86	85⅞	85⅞	24
MEX. PET. cv. 6s, Ser. C	104½	104½	104½	1
Mich. State Tel. 5s	90	90	90	1
Midvale Steel 5s	86	83⅞	83⅞	82
M., St. P. & S. S. M. con. 4s	85¼	85¼	85¼	3
M., S. S., M. & Atl. 4s	86¼	85¼	86¼	1
Mo., K. & T. of T. 5s	50	50	50	2
Mo., K. & O. 1st 5s	52½	52½	52½	1
Mo., K. & E. 1st 5s	40½	40½	40½	2
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	58	57½	58	18
Mo. Pacific con. 6s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	10
Mo. Pac 5s, 1923	91	90½	90½	17
Mo. Pac. 5s, 1926	88⅞	88	88	33
Mo. Pac. gen. 4s	53⅞	53	53½	157½
M. & O., St. L. & C. 4s	80	80	80	1
Montana Power 5s	89	88½	89⅝	24
M., La. & Tex. 1st 7s	100	100	100	1
NASH., CHAT. & ST. L. CONS. 5s	99½	99½	99½	1
N. Y. Airbrake cv. 6s	99	99	99	1
N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s	95	93½	94	156
N. Y. C. deb. 4s, '34	77⅞	77½	77½	11
N. Y. C. ref. & imp. 4½s	88⅞	87	87	15
N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	72⅞	72⅞	72⅞	1
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st 4s	84½	84	84	12
N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 3½s	46	46	46	2
N. Y., O. & W. ref 4s	65⅝	65	65	4
N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	2
N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s	20	19¼	20	8
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	90½	90	90	22
N. Y. W. & Bos. 4½s	40½	39½	39½	85
Norf. & W. gen. 6s	107½	107½	107½	1
Norf. & W. com. 4s	87½	85½	85½	6
Norf. & W., Poca., C. & C. 4s	84½	84	84	10
Northern Pacific 4s	81⅝	81⅛	81⅝	36½
Northern Pacific 3s	59⅞	59	59	19
North. States Pow. 5s	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	7
OHIO RIV. gen. 5s	90	90	90	1
Ore. R. R. & N. cons. 4s	80	80	80	1
Ore. Short L. 1st 6s	101½	101½	101½	5
Ore. Short L. ref. 4s	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	4
PACIFIC T. & T. 5s	91	91	91	16
Penn. con. 4½s	98	96½	96½	28
Penn. gen. 4½s	90½	89⅞	90	233
Penn. 4s, 1943	90	90	90	2
Penn. 4s, 1948	88	88	88	4
Pere Marq. 1st 5s	82½	81⅞	82	51
Pere Marq. 1st 4s	65½	65½	65½	1
READING gen. 4s	83⅞	83	83¼	39
Rep. I. & St. 4s, '40	94½	93½	93¾	95
Rio G. W. col. tr. 4s	53	53	53	2
ST. L., I. M. & S. gen. 5s	93¼	90½	90½	9
St. L., I. M. & S. un. & ref. 4s	72½	72½	72½	5
St. L. & S. F. Ry. gen. 6s	101½	101½	101½	1
St. L. & S. F. pr. lien 5s, Series A	55⅜	54⅞	55⅛	300
St. L. & S. F. pr. lien 5s, Series B	72	72	72	1
St. L. & S. F. adj. 6s	60	59	59	45
St. L. & S. F. inc. 6s	43	42¼	42⅜	20
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s	66	66	66	3
St. L. S. W. cons. 4s	59½	59½	59½	10

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
St. L. S. W. 1st t. 5s	60	60	60	1
St. P. & Sx. City 6s	100	100	100	2
St. P., M. & M. 4½s	90½	90¼	90½	1
Seab. A. L. g. 4s, sta.	71½	71½	71¼	2
Seab. A. L. ref. 4s	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	1
Seab. A. L. adj. 5s	44	43	43	19
Sinclair Oil & R. 7s, with warrants	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	2
So Bell Tel. 5s	92½	91½	91½	6
So. Pac. conv. 5s	89⅝	88⅝	89	91½
So. Pac. col. 4s	71	70	70	5
So. Pac. conv. 4s	77½	76	76	88
So. Pac. ref. 4s	80⅝	80	80	45
Southern Ry. 5s	93½	92¼	93½	14
Southern Ry. gen. 4s	59⅝	58	58⅜	102
Stand. Milling 1st 5s	92½	92½	92½	8
TENN. COP. cv. 6s	89	89	89	5
Texas Co. deb. 6s	97	96⅞	97	9
Texas & Pac. 1st 5s	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜	3
Third Av. adj. 5s	30	28¾	28¾	21
Tol. & O. C. 1st 5s	90	90	90	4
Tol., St. L. & W. pr. lien 3½s	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	20
UNION PAC. 1st 4s	88½	87⅜	87⅜	17
Union Pac. ref. 4s	78½	76⅞	76¼	39
Union Pac. conv. 4s	83⅝	83⅛	83½	28
U. S. Rubber ref. 5s	76⅝	75	75¾	288½
U. S. Steel 5s	99	98⅛	98⅝	201
Utah P. & L. 5s	85	85	85	3
VA.-CAR. CH. 1st 5s	94⅝	94⅛	94⅛	10
Va.-Car. Ch. deb. 6s	97	97	97	1
Va. Ry. 1st 5s	92	90	91	20
Va. L. C. & C. 5s	87	87	87	2
Va. Ry. & Power 5s	80	79⅝	80	4
WABASH 1st 5s	94	93	94	5
Wabash 2d 5s	87½	87½	87⅛	8
Western Electric 5s	97	96⅝	97	14
Western Md. 4s	59½	59½	59⅝	1
Western Pacific 5s	80	80	80	10
West Shore 4s	80¼	80	80	5
West Shore 4s, reg	77	77	77	2
W. U. Tel. col. tr. 5s	92	92	92	3
Wilson & Co. 6s	97½	97½	97½	7
Total sales				$5,275,000

GOVERNMENT BONDS

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
U. S. 3s, coupon	99	99	99	5
Panama 3s, coupon	85⅞	85⅞	85⅞	3
U. S. Liberty 3½s	99.58	98.44	99.58	7319
U. S. Liberty 4s	99.98	98.10	98.34	5834
Am. For. Secur. 5s	94½	92½	92½	48
Anglo-French 5s	90½	89⅞	90	814½
City of Bordeaux 6s	84¾	82	82	155
City of Lyons 6s	84⅞	82¼	82¼	135
City of Marseilles 6s	84½	82	82	113
City of Paris 6s	84	82¼	83	99
City of Tokio 5s	70	70	70	2
Dom. of Can. 5s, '21	94¾	94½	94½	6
Dom. of Can. 5s, '26	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	35
Dom. of Can. 5s, '31	91½	90	90⅞	18
French Govt. 5½s	94½	93¼	93⅝	346
Japanese 4½s	88½	88	88½	30
Jap. 4½s, Eng. Ita.	87	87	87	10
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser.	88	87⅞	88	17
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser., Ger. stamped	76⅝	75¼	75¼	16
U.K. of G. B. & I. 5s	98½	97½	97⅞	242
U. K. of G. B. & I. 5½s, 1918	99⅝	99¼	99⅝	473
U. K. of G. B. & I. 5½s, 1919	94⅞	94	94⅞	637
U. K. of G. B. & I. 5½s, 1919, new	97¼	96⅝	96⅝	330
U. K. of G. B. & I. 5½s, 1921	92½	90⅞	91¼	312
Total sales				$17,116,500

STATE BONDS

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1962	100	100	100	5

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
4s, 1957	91½	90	90	2
4s, 1958	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜	2
4s, 1959	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜	11
4¼s, 1960	95½	94	94	16
4¼s, 1964	93	93	93	1
4½s, May, 1957	100	100	100	5
4½s, Nov., 1957	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	16
4½s, Nov., 1957, Reg.	99½	99½	99½	1
4½s, 1965	99⅞	99	99	2
4½s, 1963	100	99	99	33
Total sales				$89,000
Grand total				$22,482,500

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

Trading by Days

	Industr'ls.	Oils.	Mining.	Bonds.
Monday	27,056	126,450	218,440	$93,000
Tuesday	37,107	82,670	189,150	185,000
Wednesday	24,395	76,500	207,620	48,000
Thursday	23,680	87,191	199,375	98,000
Friday	26,851	64,775	216,375	47,000
Saturday	27,548	61,830	147,590	24,000
Total	166,666	499,416	1,178,550	$495,000

INDUSTRIALS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
32,000	*Aetna Expl.	6⅛	5⅝	6⅞	+ ⅛
200	*Air Reduct.	72	65	65	− 4
750	*Am.-Br. Mfg.	6⅛	3	4	..
700	Br.-Am. Tob. registered	16½	16	16	+ ½
2,170	*Car L. & P.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	− ⅛
565	Carwen Steel	9⅝	9	9	− ⅝
4,100	Chev. M. C., w.i.	65	55	57	− 2
1,521	City Serv. pf.	75	72½	72½	− 2½
1,575	*City Ser. old	198	184	198	+11
800	Curtiss Aero.	27	26	26½	+ ½
4,140	Emer. Phon.	5¼	4	5	+ 1
900	Ev.-Hea., Inc.	20⅝	20	20⅝	− ⅛
10,100	*Int. Lube Ch.	3¼	2⅞	3¼	..
500	Inter. Rubber	8¾	8	8¾	+ ⅜
600	*Int. Trad. pf.	75	65	65	− 5
2,550	*S. S. Kresge	72	63	67	..
290	Do pf.	100	94	94	−14
1,335	*Lake Tor. Bt.	4	3⅜	3⅞	+ ⅛
150	Marlin Arms.	87	86	87	+ 1⅜
17,700	*Maxim Mun.	⅝	⅝	⅝	+ ⅛
100	N. Y. Transp.	14½	14½	14½	+ 1
800	N. A. P. & P.	2½	2	2⅛	+ ⅛
800	*Poca.-Log. C.	8½	3½	3½	− ⅜
3,120	*Prud. Pict.	7½	6⅞	7	− ⅛
2,000	*Scripps-Booth	5	1	5	..
26,800	Smith M. T.	1⅝	⅞	1⅛	+ 1/16
700	*St. Jo. Lead	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	− 1⅛
1,100	*Std. Motor	8	7½	8	+ 1⅛
8,200	Submar. Bt.	14	11½	13	− 1
6,500	Triangle Film	1	⅞	1	+ 1/16
9,000	*Un. Motors	16	14¼	15	− ⅛
3,400	U. S. S. S. Co.	3⅝	3⅛	3⅛	− ⅛
1,200	World Film	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
18,000	*Wright-Mar. Aircraft	7⅜	6⅞	7⅛	+ ⅛

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
900	Ang.-Am. Oil	16⅝	16¼	16⅝	+ ½
2,500	Do rights	3	2½	2½	+ ⅛
78	Buckeye P. L.	85	83	85	..
10	Ohio Oil	288	285	285	− 5
30	Prairie O. & G.	415	405	405	..
23	Prairie P. L.	231	227	227	− 8
20	St. O. of N. J.	518	517	517	− 8
180	St. O. of N. Y.	245	234	240	+ 2

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
2,100	*Allen Oil	⅝	½	11/16	+ ⅛
6,300	*Bar. O. & G.	1½	1⅛	1⅜	..
1,800	*Beth. O. & G.	10⅝	10	10⅝	+ ⅝
48,000	*Bos.-W. Oil	30	26	28	..
15,800	*Cosden Oil	7⅝	7¼	7¼	− ⅛
400	*Cos. Oil pf.	4	3⅝	3⅝	..
20,600	C. P. & Ref.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ 1/16
6,100	*Elk B. Pet.	7½	6⅛	6⅞	− ⅛
20,500	*Elk. O. & G.	[illegible]	⅛	⅛	..
3,100	*Esm. O. Co.	½	7/16	7/16	+ 1/16
4,900	*Federal Oil	3	2⅝	2⅞	+ ⅛
9,200	*Friar Oil	⅝	⅛	⅛	..
2,200	*Glen. Oil	15	14¼	14¼	..
18,550	*Han. O. & R.	1⅛	1	1⅛	..
1,700	*Hous. Oil	19½	17	19½	+ 2
2,900	*H. G. C. O. & R.	4⅜	4	4	+ ⅛
5,100	*Inter. Pet.	11⅜	10	10⅞	− ⅛
600	*Isl. O. & T.	10	10	10	..
38,200	Kenova Oil	[illegible]	½	[illegible]	[illegible]
4,150	*Lost C. Oil	⅝	½	⅝	..
7,400	*Mer. Oil Cp.	25⅝	21½	21¼	− 1⅛
9,900	Met. Pet.	[illegible]	⅞	⅞	+ ⅛
35,000	*Mid. Oil	120	105	109	+ 1
1,300	*Mid. Oil pf.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
4,750	*Midwest ref.	117	106	108	− 1
4,000	†New Era Oil	36	35	36	..
20,500	*N. W. Oil	80	69	72	..
36,000	*Okla. Oil	6	5	5¼	..
6,800	*Okla. O. pf.	20	17	19	+ 2
13,200	O. P. & R.	7	6⅝	6⅞	+ ⅛
9,000	Omar O. & G.	30	21	26	+ 5
9,300	Osage-H. Oil	6⅞	6⅛	6⅞	..
440	*Pan-Am. Pet.	44	43	44	− 1
300	Penn. Gas	⅝	⅝	⅝	+ ⅛
4,210	*Penn. K. Oil	6⅝	5⅝	5⅝	− ½
10,600	*P. O. O. & G.	12⅞	12½	12⅞	..
6,200	*R. R. O. & G.	64	58	58	− 3
35,000	*Rice Oil	[illegible]	⅛	[illegible]	− [illegible]
1,200	*Sap. O. & R.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ [illegible]
22,200	*Seq. O. & R.	[illegible]	[illegible]	⅝	..
100	*Sinc. Gulf	15	15	15	− 6
13,300	*Som. Oil	⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]	..
40,000	*Tux. S. Oil	⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]	..
14,000	*Un. W. Oil	⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]	− [illegible]
2,175	*Vic. Oil, new	4	3	3⅝	− ⅝
1,500	*W. U. O., n.	5	4¼	4½	− ⅝

MINING STOCKS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
13,100	Acme C. H. M.	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜	..
5,900	Al.-Br. C. M.	7/16	⅜	5/16	− 1/16
25,500	*†Atlanta	9⅝	8	9	..
11,500	Big L. Cop.	1⅝	1⅜	1½	..
1,000	*†Booth	4	4	4	− 1
14,200	†Bos. & Mont.	53	50	52	+ 1
14,000	*Bradshaw C.	1⅝	1⅜	1⅝	..
5,000	*†Brant Min.	60	57	58	..
5,400	Butte C. & Z.	6½	5⅝	6	− ⅛
7,000	Butte-Det.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	− [illegible]
200	Butte-N. Y.	⅜	⅜	⅜	− ⅛
1,000	*Butte Ram. C.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	..
89,600	*†Caledonia M.	50	36	38	−11
19,700	*Cal. & Jer.	1½	1⅜	1⅜	..
300	*Calaver. Cop.	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜	..
7,900	Can. Copper	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞	+ ¼
20,700	†Cashboy	4	3½	4	..
9,400	*†Cer. S. M. M.	39	34	36	− 2
700	Cer. Gordo M.	1⅝	1⅛	1¼	− ⅛
1,550	*Coco Riv. M.	5½	5	5	..
14,500	C. Ar. Sm.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
4,500	C. Cop. Min.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅝	− ⅛
5,000	*†Con. Home.	16	15½	16	..
1,700	Cresson Gold.	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	+ ⅛
1,600	Dundee-Ariz.	1	⅞	⅞	− 1/16
74,900	*Emma Cop.	[illegible]	[illegible]	⅛	..
2,900	*†Fortuna C.	40	40	40	..
4,900	*Gila Copper	17⅜	17	17¼	+ ⅛
16,070	*Gibson C. C.	2⅜	2	2⅛	..
14,000	*Globe D. C.	⅛	[illegible]	⅛	..
8,150	Goldfield Con.	42	37	39	− 3
4,500	†Goldfield M.	4⅝	3½	3½	− 1
1,000	*†Great Bend.	6	6	6	− 2½
5,500	*Gt. V. Ex. C.	2⅛	1⅞	1⅞	− [illegible]
4,500	*Gr. Mon. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	− [illegible]
14,065	Hecla Mining.	4⅝	4½	4½	+ [illegible]
600	Howe Sd., w.i.	4½	3⅞	4	− ⅜
116,500	*†Int. Mines.	10	7	10	..
1,070	*Iron Blossom	[illegible]	½	[illegible]	..
24,500	*Jer. Verde	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	− [illegible]
35,475	*Jer. Pres. C.	2⅝	2⅛	2⅝	+ ⅛
7,850	*†Jim Butler.	76	74	76	+ 1
400	Josevig-Ken.	⅜	⅜	⅜	+ [illegible]
12,500	†Jumbo Extem.	17	14	15	− 2
2,700	*†Kewanus	8	6	6	− 2

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
11,000	*†K. P. G. M.	50	50	50	..
1,500	La Rose Con.	⅜	5/16	⅜	..
8,200	La. Cons.	¾	½	¾	+ ⅛
1,320	Magma Cop.	30	31	35½	+ ½
5,900	Magnate Cop.	11/16	½	9/16	− ⅛
14,100	Marsh Mining.	9	7½	8½	..
2,650	Mason Valley	5	4	4½	+ ½
1,700	*Milford Cop.	1⅛	1¼	1⅝	− ¼
9,900	*Monster Chief	[illegible]	5/16	5/16	..
39,000	*†Mother Lode.	30	26½	28	− 1
100,500	*†Nat. Leasing	8	6	8	..
51,000	*†N. Z. & L.	32	27	30	..
1,800	*N. Cornelia	15¼	14⅞	15¼	..
2,000	Nipissing	8	7¾	7⅞	+ ¼
107,500	*†Nixon Nev.	82	61	81	+11
6,200	*Ohio C., n., w.i.	1⅛	⅞	1⅛	− ⅛
13,400	†P'ti'd Con. C.	24	22	24	− 4
8,000	†Provinc. Mine	40	35	40	− 1
300	*Red War. M.	½	½	½	..
7,400	†Roch. Mines.	38	35	36	+ 1
41,800	Sil. K. of Ariz	½	7/16	½	+ 1/16
1,200	*†Silver Pick	[illegible]	9	9	− 2
67,000	†St. Nich. Zinc	10½	9½	9½	..
2,000	St'd Sil.-L'd.	⅞	13/16	13/16	− 1/16
3,500	Stewart	⅜	¼	¼	..
9,600	†Success Min.	14	12½	13	+ ½
400	Superior Cop.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ½

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
620	*Tonop. Belm't	3⅝	3⅝	3¾	+ ⅛
1,515	Tonop. Exten.	1⅝	1 7/16	1 9/16	+ 1/16
100	Tonop. Mining	4½	4½	4½	..
27,500	*†Troy-Arizona	19	14	18	+ 3
3,015	United East'n.	3⅝	3½	3⅝	..
600	*U. Verde Ext	32	31¼	31¾	− ¼
9,500	*†Utica Mines.	12½	11	12	− 1
3,700	†W. End Con.	65	62	65	− 1
6,900	White Caps M.	11/16	⅝	11/16	− ⅛
3,400	†White C. Ext.	14	13	13	− 7
7,800	†Wilbert Cop.	20	18	18	− 4
15,200	†Yer. Mt. C.	14	12	12	− 1

BONDS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
$20,000	*Aetna Ex. 6s	75	75	75	− 6
5,000	*B. & O. 5% n. 1-y	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	− ⅛
11,000	*Beth. St. 5s, 2-yr. notes	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	..
189,000	*Can. G. 5s	94⅞	94½	94¾	+ ½
2,000	*C. & W. L. 6% n.	97⅜	97½	97½	− ½
77,000	Gen. El. 6% n.	100⅜	100	100⅜	+ ⅜
7,000	*Gt. N. 3y. 5% n	97½	97¼	97½	+ ⅛
129,000	*Russ. Govt. new 5½s	59	53	58½	+ 3½
32,000	*Russ. G. 6½s	66½	60	65½	+10½
3,000	*So. Ry. 5% n.	97	96⅝	96⅝	− ⅝

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—Dealings discontinued.

CORN.	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
Nov. 12	1.20½	1.19	1.18½	1.16¼	1.16⅛	1.14½
Nov. 13	1.21⅝	1.20	1.18¼	1.16½	1.17½	1.14⅞
Nov. 14	1.20⅝	1.19¼	1.17½	1.15⅞	1.16½	1.14⅝
Nov. 15	1.19⅞	1.18¾	1.17⅜	1.15¾	1.15⅝	1.14¼
Nov. 16	1.22¼	1.19	1.17½	1.16⅜	1.16	1.14¾
Nov. 17	1.20½	1.19½	1.17½	1.16¾	1.15⅞	1.15¼
W'k's re.	1.22¼	1.18⅜	1.18¼	1.15⅝	1.17½	1.14¼

OATS.	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
Nov. 12	63⅝	61	64¼	62
Nov. 13	64⅛	62⅝	64⅜	63
Nov. 14	64½	63⅝	64⅝	63½
Nov. 15	64½	63⅜	64⅝	63⅜
Nov. 16	66¼	64¼	65¾	64¼
Nov. 17	65⅝	64⅝	65¼	64½
Week's range	66½	61	65¾	62

Provisions.

LARD.	Nov. High.	Nov. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.
Nov. 12	27.15	27.10	24.37	23.82
Nov. 13	27.25	27.25	24.75	24.40
Nov. 14	..	..	24.75	24.50
Nov. 15	27.95	27.87	24.75	24.52
Nov. 16	27.90	27.90	24.46	24.42
Nov. 17	27.50	27.50	24.45	24.32
Week's range	27.95	27.10	24.75	23.82

RIBS.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
Nov. 12	24.27	23.77	23.97	23.45
Nov. 13	24.75	24.40	24.10	23.90
Nov. 14	24.50	24.22	24.07	23.80
Nov. 15	24.42	24.20	23.97	23.85
Nov. 16	24.25	24.05	23.87	23.65
Nov. 17	24.15	23.95	23.60	23.47
Week's range	24.75	23.77	24.10	23.45

PORK.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.
Nov. 12	45.62	44.50
Nov. 13	45.90	45.60
Nov. 14	45.55	45.30
Nov. 15	45.75	45.40
Nov. 16	45.35	45.25
Nov. 17	45.15	44.90
Week's range	45.90	44.50

NEW YORK.

COTTON.

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.
Nov. 12	28.05	27.55	27.40	26.98
Nov. 13	28.08	27.93	27.30	27.13
Nov. 14	28.25	27.88	27.56	27.03
Nov. 15	28.48	28.20	27.80	27.50
Nov. 16	28.43	27.75	27.70	27.14
Nov. 17	28.23	27.95	27.50	27.25
Week's range	28.48	27.55	27.80	26.98

	Mar. High.	Mar. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
Nov. 12	26.78	26.46	26.49	26.15	26.14	25.88
Nov. 13	26.71	26.53	26.41	26.27	26.15	26.00
Nov. 14	27.29	26.51	27.06	26.26	26.75	25.98
Nov. 15	27.56	27.22	27.42	27.04	27.21	26.79
Nov. 16	27.46	26.95	27.34	26.85	27.06	26.62
Nov. 17	27.30	27.11	27.14	26.98	26.93	26.75
W'k's re.	27.56	26.46	27.42	26.15	27.21	25.88

DIVIDENDS.

TO THE HOLDERS OF PREFERRED STOCK OF THE PITTSBURGH & WEST VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO.

Pittsburgh, Pa., November 1st, 1917.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of The Pittsburgh & West Virginia Railway Company held at the office of the Company, No. 120 Broadway, New York City, on the first day of November, 1917, a dividend of one and one-half (1½%) per cent. was declared on the Preferred Stock of the Company for the quarter ended September 30th, 1917, payable December 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record November 5th, 1917.

F. J. BRUNNER, Secretary.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 22.
October 10, 1917.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two ($2) Dollars per share on the Common Capital Stock, payable December 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 10th, 1917. Stock books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed.

C. F. VALENTINE, Secretary.

COPPER RANGE COMPANY

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share, being Dividend No. 43, and an extra dividend of $1 per share, being Dividend No. 44, will be paid on Dec. 15th, 1917, to Stockholders of record at the close of business on Nov. 21, 1917. F. W. PAINE, Treasurer.

Boston, Nov. 16, 1917.

KYLE & PURDY, INC.,
City Island, N. Y.

At a Directors' meeting held November 1, 1917, a dividend of $83.33 per share has been declared to all stockholders of record on November 1, 1917.

You Need 6% Today

UNDER present day conditions, an interest rate of 6% or thereabouts is an actual necessity to investors. Six per cent is needed to meet the increased cost of living and the tax burdens caused by the war, and to average up the interest return on your Liberty Loan holdings and other low rate securities.

PRESENT day investors demand 6%. First mortgage bonds, safeguarded under the **Straus Plan**, meet that demand. They are safe, they do not fluctuate or decline in value, and they yield 6%.

AN interview with one of our officers will post you on these safe bonds, which will meet your strictest requirements and afford you a sound and satisfactory investment, backed by thoroughgoing bond House service. Call, write, or 'phone for

Circular No. A-120

S. W. STRAUS & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1882 INCORPORATED
150 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

35 Years Without Loss to Any Investor

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY 40-YEAR GUARANTEED 3½ PER CENT. GOLD TRUST CERTIFICATES, SERIES "D," DUE 1944.

Pursuant to terms of agreement dated December 1st, 1904, the undersigned invites tenders of above certificates for sale and delivery as of December 1st, 1917, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $100,080, the sum now payable to Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders, stating specific numbers of certificates offered, addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund Pennsylvania Company 40-year Guaranteed 3½ per cent. Gold Trust Certificates, Series "D," will be received until 3 p. m. November 30, 1917. Accepted certificates must be delivered on December 1st, or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
GEORGE H. STUART 3d, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., November 16, 1917.

ON and after Monday, November 19, the telephone number of our Main Office at 140 Broadway, for all departments except our Foreign Department, will be

Rector 6400

The telephone number of our Foreign Department will be

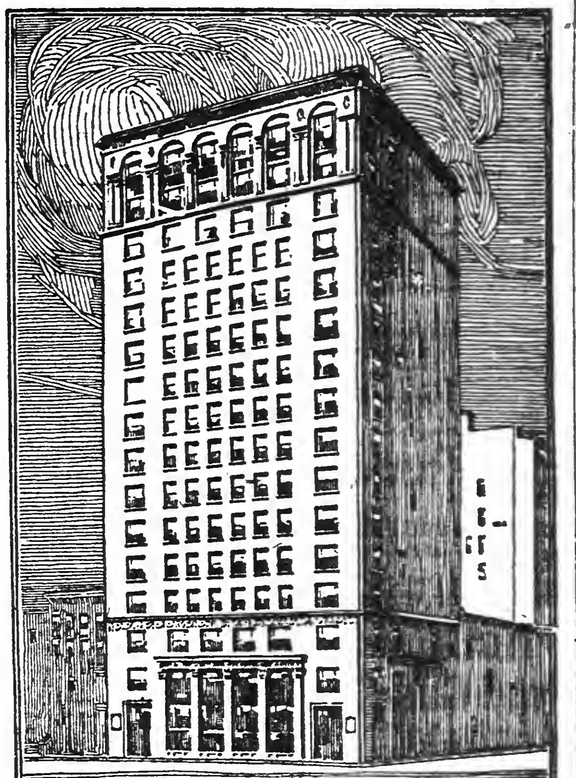
Rector 6460

The telephone number of our Fifth Avenue Office remains Vanderbilt 2600.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
140 Broadway

LONDON OFFICE	FIFTH AVE. OFFICE	PARIS OFFICE
32 Lombard St., E.C.	Fifth Ave. & 43rd St.	Rue des Italiens, 1 & 3

Capital and Surplus - - $50,000,000
Resources more than - $600,000,000



THE PURPOSE OF THIS SPACE IS TO ANNOUNCE THAT, BEGINNING TODAY, NOVEMBER 19th, 1917, THE EXECUTIVE OFFICES OF THIS CORPORATION WILL BE LOCATED ON THE BANKING FLOOR OF NUMBER 244 MADISON AVENUE, AT THIRTY-EIGHTH STREET, NEW YORK CITY. TELEPHONE 5141 MURRAY HILL.

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AT THIRTY-EIGHTH STREET
NEW YORK CITY

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

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STANDARD OIL ISSUES

WEEKLY SUMMARY ON STANDARD OIL ISSUES WILL BE MAILED TO INVESTORS ON REQUEST

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
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John Nickerson, Jr.
61 Broadway, New York
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INDIANAPOLIS WATER COMPANY
General Mortgage 5% Bonds, due July 1st, 1926

The New York Trust Company, formerly New York Security & Trust Company, as Trustee, pursuant to the provisions of the General Mortgage of Indianapolis Water Company dated July 1st, 1896, hereby gives notice that it will receive at its office, No. 26 Broad Street, New York, up to 3:00 P. M., November 23, 1917, sealed tenders for the sale on January 2, 1918, of not more than $10,000 bonds of the issue above described at a price not exceeding par flat. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 19, 1917.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED. FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.60. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

To the Holders of the First and Refunding 5% Sinking Fund Mortgage Bonds of the International Paper Company:

Notice is hereby given that the amount of funds now in the Sinking Fund provided under the First Mortgage of the International Paper Company, dated January 1, 1917, is $109,000, and that Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee under said Mortgage, and pursuant to Section 1 of Article V of said Mortgage, will receive at its Trust Department, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, until twelve o'clock noon, November 28, 1917, sealed proposals for the sale to it of bonds secured by said Mortgage sufficient in amount to exhaust such funds, at the lowest prices at which said bonds may be offered for sale, but at a price, if so purchased, not to exceed the par value of the principal of said bonds with accrued interest and two and one-half per cent. (2½%) premium upon the amount of said principal. Accepted bonds should be delivered on November 28, 1917, accompanied by Federal Income Tax Ownership Certificates for amount of accrued interest, on which date payment will be made.

Such proposals must state the numbers and aggregate principal amount of the bonds offered for sale and the price at which such bonds are so offered, and must be signed by the holder thereof, and state his address.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
By H. F. WILSON, JR., Vice-President.
Dated New York, November 12, 1917.

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

E. G. CRAWFORD, President

TO THE HOLDERS OF RAILWAY STEEL-SPRING COMPANY (Latrobe Plant) First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds dated January 1, 1906.

REDEMPTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, as provided by Article IV. of the Mortgage dated Jan. 1, 1906, made by the Railway Steel-Spring Company to the Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, successor, that the Railway Steel-Spring Company will redeem all of its outstanding First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds (Latrobe Plant) issued under said Mortgage on Jan. 1, 1918, at One Hundred and Five Per Cent. (105%) of the face value thereof, with accrued interest thereon to Jan. 1, 1918. Said bonds will be redeemed at the Coupon Department of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, and should have attached coupons due Jan. 1, 1918, after which date interest will cease.

RAILWAY STEEL-SPRING COMPANY,
By F. F. FITZPATRICK, President.
Dated New York City, Nov. 15, 1917.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

VANOPHONE COMPANY, INC.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of Vanophone Company, Inc., will be held at the office of Henry J. Lucke, 2 Rector St., New York City, at 10 o'clock A. M., on Monday, Dec. 3rd, 1917, for the purpose of electing Directors, considering reports of officers, and for such other business as may come before the meeting. The polls will be open at 11 o'clock and remain open until noon.

HENRY J. LUCKE, Secretary.

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

It is the business of Dow, Jones & Co. and of The Wall Street Journal to present all the facts and factors that finally determine investment values.

It is the business of the investment and speculative markets to make the prices. Quotations at times represent premiums on values, and at other times the same values are quoted and sold far below their investment worth.

The wise investor makes thorough study of asset values and then closely follows the financial currents that so often run counter to asset values.

Then after due consideration, he salvages values from the speculative currents.

And all the time he studies values and the factors that make and unmake values.

The great investment interests of the United States daily study the columns of The Wall Street Journal.

Investment interests in this country are steadily broadening. Shareholders and bondholders are increasing and The Wall Street Journal circulation is greater than ever and steadily gaining.

No man of affairs can afford to be other than a daily reader of

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

United States Steel

How far below asset values are the market quotations for the common stock?

Earning prospects under new prices established by the Government.

Actual additions to assets compared with present market value of common stock.

Will steel orders show an increase on a basis of Government steel prices?

This is the first of a number of analytical articles on United States Steel, the independent steel companies and the steel industry in general, that will appear from time to time in The Wall Street Journal, News Bulletins and ticker service of Dow, Jones & Co.

In these times of war uncertainties and sudden and vital changes in conditions, every shareholder of a steel company should keep posted.

Dow, Jones & Co.'s News Bulletins of November 19th will contain a timely article on United States Steel. Publication will also be made in the evening and following morning editions of The Wall Street Journal.

It should be read by every investor.

The Dow-Jones Bulletins will be found in all well equipped financial offices.

DESCRIPTIVE BOOKLET ON
INDEPENDENT OIL COMPANIES
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WAR TO GIVE NEW FINANCIAL SYSTEM

Writer in The Americas Suggests an International Credit Arrangement.

GREAT BRITAIN A PARTNER

Present Co-operation Between Her and United States Will Probably Continue After Peace.

The possibility of an international financial system growing out of the various emergency measures taken by the allied Governments in financing the war, which may survive the return of peace and become one of the permanent and highly important changes in world organization resulting from the present struggle, is discussed in the November issue of The Americas, the magazine of the National City Bank. It traces the beginnings of such an international credit system in the financial arrangements entered into by the United States and Great Britain, and suggests a future arrangement which may become one of the cardinal points in a future "League of Peace."

"The United States and Great Britain," the writer begins, "are at this moment working together so closely in financing their buying and selling with the rest of the world that the two nations are becoming practically partners in worldwide business relationships. The co-operation in its present degree is developing a situation that will with hardly any doubt make it to the advantage, or the necessity, of the two nations to go still further in it, and if the war lasts for several years we may see a coalition of many more of the countries in every continent that have declared war against Germany, formed for the purpose of supporting economic activities necessary to defeat the Central Powers."

The article then declares that the beginnings of this new international order in finance date back to 1915, when England established a bank credit here with $100,000,000 in gold, which, if she had directly exported it, would have paid for only that amount of her obligations here, but which, used as a bank credit, became the basis for settling many times that amount of indebtedness. This policy was continued in the mobilization of British-owned American securities and making them collateral for the Anglo-French loan of $500,000,000. "She bridged the gap between the internal credit systems of the two nations, and did, in a very big way, an absolutely new thing in the finance of world commerce.

"There may be a financial mobilization of the countries at war with Germany," the writer adds, "in which even the inactive belligerents will take part, effecting a consolidation of their credit. Such a consolidation might take the form of simple arrangements between countries like the one already effected, by which each other's financial agencies are able to expand the credit-creating effect of gold, or it might be in the form of credits voted for allied war purposes. It might go so far as the establishment of an international currency to run for the period of the war and a term of years thereafter, based on the bonds of the nations and a safe deposit of gold. War's interference with commerce has caused a very important general movement, regardless of international political connections, for deposits of gold by the banks of one country in banks of another, and this is regarded by some as practically the beginning of a general development of international credit."

APPEALS TO LABOR PATRIOTS

Must Rush Ships to Support Boys in Trenches, Says Gray.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—In an interview tonight in which he stated that the shipbuilding program must be rushed to completion if the war was to be won, Judge George Gray of Wilmington, Del., a member of the War Shipping Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, called upon the workmen and employers of the nation to do their utmost, as a patriotic duty, to back up the men who had gone to the trenches.

"There is no exaggeration," he said, "in the statement that the necessity for adequate production of ships is the most serious matter that now confronts us in this greatest crisis in our country's history, or in the history of the world. Our industrial resources and our industrial energies must all be mobilized for the support of this war. They are the factors vital to its success. We must see it through.

"My long sympathy with the efforts of the labor of this country to better conditions and to raise the standards of its life and conduct emboldens me to appeal to all those concerned with the shipbuilding work of the country to illustrate the worth of their American citizenship by rallying with loyal devotion, in these days of stress and danger, to the splendid appeal recently made by our President to the patriotism of organized labor. It is your country and it is my country, and it is your duty and it is my duty to defend its life and its liberty.

"The service to which you are called is essentially a military service. It is a call to the colors, as truly as if it were a call to stand in the battle line in defense of your country. Upon your service depends the transport and sustenance of the American army on the battlefields of France. Your American manhood will no more allow you to shirk the one service than the other. You will do your duty here, as they are doing their duty over there, and in loyal comradeship you will all be fighting the battles of democracy. That circumstances permit you to perform your share of this military service, free from the dangers of actual fighting and near the quiet of your own homes, is no imputation on your manhood or your courage.

"You are serving your country where it most needs your service and are performing your duty without thought of any advantage it may bring or sacrifice it may entail. You are fighting the enemies of your country with every rivet you drive, with every blow you strike, and you are showing to the world that free American democracy is capable of defending its liberties, not only with a splendid courage, but also with a splendid efficiency that will more than match the boasted efficiency of German despotism."

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Forecast:

Upper Mich.—Fair Mon., warmer in w. Tues. cloudy, warmer, probably rain.

Lower Mich.—Fair Mon. Tues. increasing cloudiness and warmer, probably rain.

Ind.—Fair Mon. Tues. cloudy, warmer.

N. C.—Fair Mon., cooler in w. and c. Tues. fair; moderate n. w. to n. winds.

S. C.—Fair Mon., cooler in n. w. Tues. fair, cooler in s.; gentle to moderate winds, becoming n. w. and n.

Ga.—Fair Mon., cooler in n. Tues. fair, cooler in s. e.; gentle to moderate winds, becoming n. w. and n.

Fla.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; gentle to moderate winds, mostly e. over e. portion.

Ala. and Miss.—Probably showers and cooler Mon.; Tues. fair, gentle to moderate shifting winds, becoming n.

Tenn.—Cloudy and cooler Mon., probably rains; Tues. fair, warmer in w.

Ky.—Fair cooler Mon.; Tues. fair, warmer.

Ohio—Fair Mon.; Tues. fair, warmer.

La., Ark., Okla., Tex.—Mon. fair, colder, Tues. fair.

Ill.—Fair Mon. and Tues., colder in s. Mon., warmer Tues.

Mo.—Fair Mon. and Tues., warmer Tues. and in n. w. Mon.

Wis.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; somewhat warmer Tues. and in n. and w. Mon.

Minn. and S. Dak.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; warmer Mon.

Iowa—Fair Mon. and Tues.; warmer Tues. and in w. and c. Mon.

N. Dak.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; warmer Mon.; colder Tues. or Tues. night.

Neb. and Kan.—Fair Mon. and Tues., with rising temperature.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ††Sells Flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation Nov. 17, 1917. Bid.	Asked.
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar. & Sep.	70	80
Am. W. W. & E., '34	5	Apr. & Oct.	63	66
Appalach. Pwr. 1st, '32	..	June & Dec.	72	80
Ariz. Power 1st, '33	6	May & Nov.	87	90
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	93
Au.-Aiken R. & E., '35	5	June & Dec.	55	60
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	85	90
Buf. Gen. El. 1st, '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	99	101
Buf. Ry. cons., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	100	102
Buf. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35	5	Jan. & July	98	100
Buf. & Lock. 1st, '38	5	Jan. & July	96	98
Buf. & Sus. I. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	90	96
Buf. & S. Iron deb., '26	5	Jan. & July	..	91½
Buffalo Trac. 1st, '48	5	June & Dec.	100	102
Cape Breton El. 1st, 32	5	Jan. & July	84	89
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	June & Dec.	98½	100
Charleston Con. R., G. & Elec., '99	5	Mar. & Sep.	95	97
Do '23	5	Jan & July	97	100
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39	5	Apr. & Oct.	92	96
C. Buck. L. & N Tr., '21	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	95
Colo. Power 1st, '53	5	May & Nov.	86	90
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	85	93
Conn. Pr. 1st & con., '63	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	95
Conn R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	4½	Jan. & July	84	89
Do unstamped, '51	4½	Jan. & July	84	89
Cons. Gas. (Balt.,) '39	5	Jan. & July	99	101
Do '54	4½	Jan. & July	85	88
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	..	84
Cons. G. of N. J., '36	5	Jan. & July	95	..
Do 1st, '65	5	Apr. & Oct.	92	95
Cons T. of N.J. 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	97	98½
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July	93	100
Do deb., '30	5	Jan. & July	85	95
Consumers Pr. (Mich.) 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	89	93
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May & Nov.	100	102
Dallas Elec 1st, '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	93
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	May & Nov.	85	90
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, 56	5	June & Dec.	87	96
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5	Jan & July	87	92
Ex. Springs Water, G. & Elec. 1st, '32	6	June & Dec.	95	100
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr. & Oct.	80	85
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May & Nov.	85	90
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	June & Dec.	97	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	..	75
Gt. West. Pwr. 1st, '46	5	Jan. & July	77	82
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39	5	Jan. & July	95	..
Hobo. Ferry 1st, '46	5	May & Nov.	96	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '25	5	Feb. & Aug.	94	97
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May & Nov.	97	99
Int. Trac. coll. tr., '49	4	Jan. & July	51	52½
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May & Nov.	69	72
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan. & July	88	89
K. C. Long D. T., '25	5	Jan. & July	88	89
Knoxville Trac., '38	5	Apr & Oct.	100	101
Lock. & Olc. R. 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July	..	96
Louis. G. & E. ref., '18	6	Jan. & July	99	100
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan. & July	94	99
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July	67	70
Mobile Electric 1st, '46	5	May & Nov.	85	90
Musk. G. & E. 1st & ref., '26	5	June & Dec.	95	98
Nash. R. & L. 1st con., '53	5	Jan. & July	95	100
Do ref., '58	5	Jan. & July	75	85
Nev.-Cal. El. 1st ln., '46	6	Jan. & July	96	99
Newark Gas, '48	5	June & Dec.	97	100
N. Y. & Hob. F., '46	5	June & Dec.	96	..
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	Jan. & July	98	100
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '48	4	May & Nov.	72	74
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004	4	Jan. & July	60	66
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	97½	98½
Do ref., '32	6	Apr. & Oct.	98	..
Norf. & Portsmouth, '36	5	June & Dec.	80	83
Norf. R. & Lt. con., '49	5	May & Nov.	92	96
N. Ont. L. & P. 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	78	84
N. St. Pwr. 1st ref., '41	5	Apr. & Oct.	87	87½
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan. & July	82	87
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28	5	Jan. & July	85	92
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '28	5	Jan. & July	86	93
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.	86	90
Ottum. R. & L. 1st, '24	5	Jan. & July	95	97
Pacific Gas & Elec. (Ariz.) 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	95	100
Paterson Ry. 1st, '44	5	Apr. & Oct.	100	..
Pensacola Elec. 1st, '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	86
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	May & Nov.	70	75
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29	5	June & Dec.	100	102½
Do cons., '36	5	Jan. & July	..	97
Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	75
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & Power 1st, '37	5	May & Nov.	84	92
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '34	6	Feb. & Aug.	84	85
San Diego Gas & E. deb., '22	6	June & Dec.	95	100
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	85	89
So. Cal. Edison gen., '39	5	Jan. & July	88	92
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar. & Sep.	95	98
S. W. Pr. & Lt. 1st, '43	5	June & Dec.	85	90
Stand. Gas & El., '35	6	Apr. & Oct.	85	94
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.	70	80
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June & Dec.	85	93
Syracuse Lt. & P., '54	5	Jan. & July	75	80
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	91	93
Twin S. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Apr. & Oct.	88	92
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June & Dec.	77	78
Un. Lt. & Rys. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	80	87
Do deb., '26	6	May & Nov.	94	99
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar. & Sep.	76	78
Do income, '49	4	June & Dec.	54½	56
U. S. Pub. S. 1st, '27	6	Feb. & Aug.	95	99
United Util. conv., '43	6	Jan. & July	93	98
Utica & Moh. Val., '41	4½	Mar. & Sep.	..	88
Wash., Balt. & A., '41	4	Mar. & Sep.	80	83
Washington Gas, '60	5	May & Nov.	98	100
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan. & July	73	76
W. States G. & E., '27	6	June & Dec.	96	98
Wheel. Tr. 1st con., '31	5	Jan. & July	87	93
Wisc. Edison deb., '24	6	Mar. & Sep.	90	95

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Graphophone, '30	6	June & Dec.	..	100
Lima Locomotive, '39	6	May & Nov.	85	95
Monon Coal 1st, '36	5	June & Dec.	55	65
Poc. Con. Coll. 1st, '57	5	Jan. & July	86	90
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '13-'40	5	Jan. & July	90	95
Wickwire Steel 1st, '34	6	May & Nov.	99¾	101

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 17, 1917. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec Pwr.	..	..	....	17	18
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	69	73
Am. Gas & El. ($50)	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	85	90
Do pf. ($50)	1½	Q	Nov 1, 17	40	42
Am. Light & Trac.	b5	Q	Nov 1, 17	180	190
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 17	90	91
Am. Power & Light	1	Q	Sep 1, 17	36	40
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	70	75
Am. Public Utilities	¾	..	July 1, 14	30	35
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	62	66
Am. W. Wks. & Elec.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	4¼	4¾
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 25, 17	60	61
Do participating pf.	..	..	....	11	13
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf.	3	S	Jun 1, 17	78	82
Buffalo Gen. Electric	1¾	Q	Sep 29, 17	97	99½
Cal. Electric Gen. pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	85	93
Capital Traction	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 17	80	81
Car. Power & Light	½	Q	Nov 1, 17	28	31
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	90	93
C. Miss. V. El. cum. pf	1½	Q	Sep 1, 17	..	66
Chas. Cons. Ry. ($50)	..	..	....	40	45
Cities Service	*½	M	Nov 1, 17	195	198
Do pf.	½	M	Nov 1, 17	72½	72¾
Colorado Power	½	Q	Oct 15, 17	20	23
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Sep 15, 17	93	98
Columbia R., G. & E.	..	..	....	40	..
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	70	..
Columbus Elec. pf.	3	S	Jul 17, 17	78	82
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	1	Q	Nov 1, 17	36	37
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 17	63	65
Conn. Power pf.	1½	Q	Sep 1, 17	85	90
Con. Trac. of N. J.	2	S	Jul 16, 17	64	68
Eastern Texas Elec.	2½	S	July 2, 17	50	55
Do pf.	3	S	July 2, 17	79	84
Elec. Bond & Share pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 17	93	95
Eliz. & Trenton	2	S	Oct 1, 17	22	..
Do pf.	2½	S	Oct 1, 17	30	..
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	Sep 15, 17	100	104
Essex & Hudson Gas	4	S	Jun 1, 17	123	127
Federal Light & Trac.	..	..	....	5	9
Do pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 14	30	38
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.	3	S	Sep 15, 17	..	68
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	..	..	....	78	83
Hudson County Gas	4	S	Jun 1, 17	120	125
Illum. & Pr. Sec.	..	..	....	23	27
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 15, 17	92	98
Int. Trac. pf.	1¾	Q	Sep 29, 17	..	90
Kansas G. & Elec. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	90	95
Middle West Util pf.	1½	Q	Sep 1, 17	58	60
Miss. River Pr. pf.	3	S	J. & J.	34	36
Mobile Electric	1¾	Q	Nov 15, 17	85	91
Muskogee G. & El. pf.	1¾	Q	Sep 15, 17	85	93
Nashville R. & L. pf.	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 17	67	71
Newark Con. Gas	2½	S	July 1, 17	90	95
Niagara Falls Power	2	Q	Oct 15, 17	..	161
No. Ont Light & Pwr.	..	..	....	11	15
Do pf.	3	S	Jul 15, 17	53	56
No. States Power	1¾	Q	Oct 20, 17	53	56½
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 17	85	88
Nor. Texas Electric	1	Q	Sep 1, 17	50	54
Do pf.	3	S	Sep 1, 17	68	74
Pacific Gas & Electric	1¼	Q	Oct 15, 17	34	24½
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 15, 17	79	80
Pac. G. & E. (Ariz.) pf	1¾	Q	Oct 10, 17	85	90
Republic Ry. & Light	1	Q	Oct 15, 17	25	28
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Oct 15, 17	54	58
Southern Cal. Edison	1¾	Q	Nov 15, 17	80	82
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 17	93	96
Som., U. & Middle	..	..	....	65	70
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	Jun 1, 17	120	..
S. W. Pwr. & Light pf	1¾	Q	Sep 1, 17	95	100
Standard Gas & Elec.	..	..	....	4	5
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Sep 15, 17	22	24
Tampa Electric	2½	Q	Nov 15, 17	100	105
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	....	2	3
Do pf.	..	..	....	10	12
Texas Pr. & Lt. pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 17	93	100
United Light & Rys.	1	Q	Oct 1, 17	25	28
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	59	61
Un. Ry. & El. (Balt.)	50c	Q	Oct 15, 17	22	23
United Utilities	..	..	....	20	25
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	92	98
Washington Gas	$1.20	Q	Nov 1, 17	55	56
Wash. Ry. & Electric	1¾	Q	Sep 1, 17	..	70
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Sep 1, 17	69	75
Western Power	..	..	....	7	10
Do pf.	$1.18	Q	Oct 15, 17	42	43
West. States Gas & E.	½	Q	Nov 15, 17	20	30
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 17	85	92
Wisconsin Edison	$3½	S	Jun 30, 16	35	40

b—2½% payable in com. stock. *½ payable in com. stock.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
American Brass	*1½	Q	Nov 15, 17	..	220
American Chicle	1½	..	Jan 20, 16	39	40
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	67	69
Amer. Graphophone	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	63	65
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 15, 17	83	85
Amer. Typefounders	1	Q	Oct 15, 17	34	36
Atlantic Refining	..	..	....	6	12
Do pf.	..	..	....	24	34
Atlas Powder	d5	Q	Sep 10, 17	155	159
Atlas Powder pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 17	92	97
Babcock & Wilcox	2	Q	Oct 4, 17	108	110
Bord. Cond. Milk	4	S	Aug 15, 17	96	98
Do pf.	1½	Q	Sep 15, 17	97	..
By Products Coke	8	A	....	..	135
Carbon Steel 1st pf.	4	S	Sep 29, 17	85	90
Cardenas-Am. Sugar	..	..	....	15	20
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1, 17	80	90
Celluloid	2	Q	Sep 29, 17	142	152
Central Aguirre Sugar	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	145	148
Central Coal & Coke	..	..	....	..	51
Certainteed Products	..	..	....	44	45
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	..	98½
Do 2d pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	85	88
Childs	1½	Q	Sep 10, 17	69	71
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Sep 10, 17	97	..
Crocker-Wheeler	g3	Q	Oct 15, 17	98	100
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 17	102	104
Del., Lack. & W. Coal.	1.25	Q	Oct 15, 17	155	160
Eastern Steel	2½	Q	Oct 15, 17	87	92
Eastman Kodak	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	..	488
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	110	115
Fajardo Sugar	2½	Q	Nov 1, 17	90	98
Federal Sugar	1¾	Q	Sep 15, 17	80	85
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 29, 17	90	93
Great Western pf.	†1¾	Q	Oct 2, 17	110	113
Guantanamo Sugar	$1.25	Q	Oct 1, 17	44	47
Hercules Powder	m4	Q	Sep 25, 17	247	251
Holly Sugar	..	..	....	40	45
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 17	98	100
Int. Silver	..	..	....	46	55
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	89	92
Kan. C. Stock Yards	1¼	Q	Nov 1, 17	89	91
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Nov 1, 17	79	81
Lanston Monotype	1½	Q	Aug 31, 17	..	70
Manati Sugar	2½	Q	Sep 1, 17	100	106
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	93	96
Matanzas-Am.	..	..	....	8	15
Do pf	..	..	....	72	78
Merg. Linotype	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	135	136½
Michigan Sugar	2	Q	Sep 1, 17	..	80
Do pf.	1½	Q	Sep 15, 17	88	..
Midwest Refining	$1	Q	Nov 1, 17	107	108
Nat. Sugar Refining	1½	Q	Oct 2, 17	91	94
New Jersey Zinc	4	Q	Nov 10, 17	235	245
New Niquero Sugar	10	..	Jul 31, 17	170	190
Niles-Bement-Pond	3	Q	Sep 20, 17	105	114
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 20, 17	100	105
Nipe Bay Sugar	2	Q	Oct 15, 17	110	120
Otis Elevator	1¼	Q	Oct 15, 17	40	43
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 15, 17	69	73
Procter & Gamble	5	..	Nov 15, 17	..	720
Remington Typewriter	..	..	....	10	11
Do 1st pf.	1¾	..	Oct 1, 14	58	60
Do 2d pf.	2	..	Oct 1, 14	38	40
Royal Baking Powder	2	Q	Sep 29, 17	120	130
Do pf.	1½	Q	Sep 29, 17	90	92

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 17, 1917. Bid.	Asked.
Safety Car H. & Ltg.	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	70	73
Santa Cecilia Sugar	..	..	....	10¼	12
Do pf.	..	..	....	31	35
Shredded Wheat	1½	Q	Sep 29, 17	..	118
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Sep 29, 17	94½	..
Singer Sew. Machine	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	172	180
Union Ferry	2	S	J. & J.	35	40
Warner Sugar	1¾	Q	Sep 15, 17	100	110
Yale & Towne Mfg.	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	185	191

*And 4½% extra. †And 10% extra.
d—Incl. 8% extra. g—Incl. 1% extra. m—Incl. 2% extra.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 17, 1917. Bid.	Asked.
America	$1,500,000	14	S	July 2, 17	520	540
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	**6	S	Nov 1, 17	220	230
Atlantic($100)	1,000,000	3	S	July 1, 17	..	180
Batt'y Pk. N.	400,000	*4	S	July 2, 17	170	..
Bowery	250,000	†6	Q	Nov 1, 17	390	420
B'w'y Cent'l.	100,000	..	..	....	140	150
Bronx Nat.	200,000	3	S	July 1, 17	150	175
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	....	160	180
Bryant Park.	200,000	3	S	July 1, 17	160	170
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	..	July 1, 15	..	95
Chase Nat'l.	10,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 17	300	310
Ch.-P. Nat.	3,500,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	205	210
Chelsea Ex.	400,000	3	S	Apr 1, 17	..	110
Chemic Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	Nov 1, 17	370	380
Citizens Nat.	2,550,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	205	210
City (Nat'l).	25,000,000	5	Q	Nov 1, 17	395	402
Coal & I. N.	1,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	210	225
Colonial	500,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	400	..
Columbia	800,000	8	S	July 1, 17	325	350
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	153	157
Corn. Exch.	3,500,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 17	287	295
E.R.Nat.($25)	250,000	2	Q	Jun 1, 16	..	$18
Europe	150,000	5	..	Jan 13, 17	110	130
Fifth Av.	100,000	25	Q	Oct 1, 17	4500	4850
Fifth Nat.	250,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	200	225
First Nat.	10,000,000	¶10	Q	Oct 1, 17	940	960
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 29, 17	175	185
Ger.-Am.($75)	750,000	*4	S	Aug 1, 17	138	..
German Ex.	200,000	10	S	July 2, 17	375	390
G'mania, new	400,000	5	S	Nov 1, 17	190	220
Gotham Nat.	200,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	200	..
Greenwich	500,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 17	330	350
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	a8	Q	Oct 1, 17	650	670
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	S	Jul 10, 17	235	250
Imp. & T. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	July 2, 17	485	500
Irving Nat.	4,000,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	208	212
Liberty Nat.	3,000,000	4½	Q	Oct 1, 17	370	400
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Nov 1, 17	300	325
Manh'n ($50).	2,050,000	$4	S	July 2, 17	320	330
M. & Ful. Nat	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	235	245
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	4	Q	Nov 13, 17	285	290
Mer. Nat. ($50)	2,000,000	$2	S	July 2, 17	265	290
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 17	280	300
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	165	175
Mutual	200,000	b7	..	Jan 1, 17	375	..
N. Netherl'd.	200,000	4	S	Oct 1, 17	200	215
N.Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	8	S	July 2, 17	405	..
N.Y. Co. Nat.	500,000	10	S	July 1, 17	..	200
Pacific ($50).	500,000	$1	Q	Nov 1, 17	250	..
Public	750,000	2½	Q	Sep 29, 17	230	240
Park Nat.	5,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 17	450	..
People's ($25)	200,000	5	S	July 2, 17	200	215
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	435	..
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	395	425
Sherman Nat	300,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	110	125
State	1,500,000	3	S	July 2, 17	100	110
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 17	100	135
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Jun 30, 17	150	155
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	200	250
West Side	200,000	6	S	July 2, 17	190	210
Yorkville	100,000	6	Q	Sep 29, 17	550	600

*Incl. 1% extra. †Incl. 3% extra.
¶Incl. 5% of First Security Co. a—Incl. 2% extra.
b—And 6% extra. **1% payable in Liberty Bonds.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bankers Tr.	10,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 17	372	380
B'way Trust.	1,500,000	*2	Q	Nov 1, 17	160	170
Brooklyn	1,500,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 17	575	595
Central	5,000,000	6	Q	Oct 1, 17	..	740
Columbia	5,000,000	3½	Q	Sep 29, 17	250	255
Commercial	500,000	..	..	....	100	120
Empire	1,500,000	3	Q	Sep 29, 17	290	300
Equitable Tr.	6,000,000	5	Q	Sep 29, 17	316	323
Far. L. & T.	5,000,000	4½	Q	Nov 1, 17	405	420
Fidelity	1,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	206	213
Franklin	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 29, 17	245	255
Fulton	500,000	5	S	July 2, 17	250	270
Guaranty	25,000,000	5	Q	Sep 29, 17	295	300
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Nov 1, 17	265	275
Hudson Tr.	500,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	136	141
Kings Co.	500,000	6	Q	Nov 1, 17	640	660
Law. Title & Tr. Co.	4,000,000	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 17	95	100
Lincoln	1,000,000	1	Q	Nov 1, 17	94	99
Manufact'rs.	1,000,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	140	150
Mercantile	1,000,000	..	..	....	198	..
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	6	Q	Sep 29, 17	360	375
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Sep 29, 17	585	600
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	20	S	Jun 11, 17	925	950
People's Tr.	1,000,000	3½	Q	Sep 29, 17	..	280
Q. Co., Jama.	600,000	..	..	....	70	80
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Sep 29, 17	285	290
Transatlantic	700,000	3	S	July 2, 17	160	..
Union	3,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 17	..	375
United States	2,000,000	25	S	July 2, 17	950	..
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Sep 29, 17	420	425

*And a special dividend of 3½%.

INSURANCE, REALTY AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Surety.	$5,000,000	1½	Q	Sep 29, 17	102	107
Bd. & Mtg. G.	5,000,000	4	Q	Nov 15, 17	190	200
City of N. Y.	583,000	2	..	July 1, 15	..	105
Commonw'lth	500,000	10	A	....	300	325
Continental	10,000,000	1.50	S	Jul 10, 17	$40	$45
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	10	S	Jul 10, 17	285	289
Ger. Alliance	1,000,000	5	..	Jul 16, 17	140	145
Ger.-Amer.	2,000,000	15	S	Jul 16, 17	470	475
Germ'a ($50).	1,000,000	11	S	July 5, 17	300	330
Globe & Rut.	700,000	9	Q	Oct 1, 17	$700	..
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	165	175
Home Fire	6,000,000	12½	S	July 8, 17	410	430
Lawyers Mtg	6,000,000	2	Q	Oct., 1917	95	98
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	85	95
Nat. Surety	4,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	170	176
N.Y. T. & M.	2,125,000	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	50	70
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	July 6, 17	350	365
No. River ($25)	600,000	5	S	July 1, 17	160	175
Pacific	400,000	5	S	Jul 17, 17	130	150
Realty Asso.	4,000,000	3	S	Jul 14, 17	75	85
Stuyv't ($100)	700,000	3	..	Jan 1, 17	..	70
Weste'r ($10)	500,000	10	Q	Nov 1, 17	$24	$28
Do rights	......	..	..	....	4	5

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bl'k'r St & F Ferry stock	$900,000	¾	S	J. & J.	20	..
B'way & 7th Av	2,100,000	2½	Q	Oct 15, 17	120	140
Bl'n C.R. ($10)	12,000,000	25c	Q	Oct 15, 17	151	161
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	J.A.J.O	100	112
8th Av. R. R.	1,000,000	4	Q	J.A.J.O	235	270
42d St & G. St	748,000	4½	Q	F.M.A.N	200	240
Ninth Av.	800,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	130	150
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	F.M.A.N	100	110

MONEY RATES

On Call.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renewals.
Nov. 12	4	4½	4	4
Nov. 13	4	3¾	4	4
Nov. 14	4½	3½	3½	4
Nov. 15	4	4	4	4
Nov. 16	4	4	4	4
Nov. 17	4	3½	3¾	4

Week's range—		
High	4½	4
Low	3½	4
Same week last year—		
High	2½	2½
Low	2¼	2¼
Year to date—		
High	10	6
Low	1½	1¾
Same period last year—		
High	3	5
Low	1¾	1¾

On Time.

	60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
Nov. 12	5¼	5¼@5½	5¼@5¾
Nov. 13	5¼@5½	5¼@5½	5½@5¾
Nov. 14	5 @5¼	5¼@5½	5½@5¾
Nov. 15	5¼	5¼@5½	5½@5¾
Nov. 16	5¼	5¼@5½	5½@5¾
Nov. 17	5¼	5¼@5½	5½@5¾
Week's range—			
High	5½	5½	5¾
Low	5	5¼	5½
Same week last year—			
High	3¼	3½	3½
Low	3	3¼	3¾
Year to date—			
High	6	6	6
Low	2½	2½	2¾
Same period last year—			
High	4¼	4½	5
Low	2½	2½	2¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ....3¼@3½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ....3¼@3¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ....4½@5

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days 5
4 to 6 months ....5¼@5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months ....5½@5¾

DISCOUNT RATES—FEDERAL RESERVE BANK'S COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Days—	15 or Less.	Over 15 up to 30.	Over 30 up to 60.	Over 60 up to 90.
Boston	*3½	†4	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3½	4	4	4
Cleveland	3½	4	4	4½
Richmond	3½	4	4	4
Atlanta	3½	4	4	4½
Chicago	3½	4	4	4½
St. Louis	3½	4	4	4
Minneapolis	4	4	4	4½
Kansas City	4	4½	4½	4½
Dallas	3½	4	4	4½
S. Francisco	3½	4	4	4½

*15 days or less. †Over 15 days.

Trade Acceptances.

	Agricul. Over 90.	Up to 60.	60 to 90.	Commodity.
Boston	5	4	4	4
New York	5	3½	3¾	..
Philadelphia	4½	3½	3⅝	3½
Cleveland	5	†3½	4	4
Richmond	4½	3½	3½	3½
Atlanta	5	3½	3½	3½
Chicago	5	3½	3½	..
St. Louis	5	3½	3⅝	3½
Minneapolis	5	3½	4	..
Kansas City	5	4	4	4
Dallas	5	3½	3¾	3½
S. Francisco	5½	3½	3½	*3½

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, 4 per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., and over 90, 5 per cent. †This bank has a rate of 3 per cent. for 30-day acceptances.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK AT DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	St. L.	San F.
Nov. 12	Par	†5c	†15@5c	Par
Nov. 13	Par	†5c	†15@5c	Par
Nov. 14	Par	†5c	†15@5c	Par
Nov. 15	Par	†5c	†15@5c	Par
Nov. 16	Par	†5c	†15@5c	Par
Nov. 17	Par	†5c	†15@5c	Par

†Discount.

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Money.	—Discounts.— Short. Bills.	3 Mos.	Paris Ex. on London.
Nov. 12	4	4⅝	4⅝	27f 38½c
Nov. 13	4	4⅝	4⅝	27f 37½c
Nov. 14	4	4⅝	4⅝	27f 35½c
Nov. 15	4	4⅝	4⅝	27f 35c
Nov. 16	4	4⅝	4⅝	27f 35c
Nov. 17	4	4⅝	4⅝	27f 35c

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	Brit. Consols. London.	British 4½%.	Rentes. Paris.
Nov. 12	55¾	99¾	60f
Nov. 13	55¾	99¾	60f
Nov. 14	55¾	99¾	60f
Nov. 15	55⅝	98¼	60f
Nov. 16	55⅝	99¼	59f 75c
Nov. 17	55⅝	99¼	59f 75c

BAR SILVER.

	London.	New York.
Nov. 12	43⅝d	86½c
Nov. 13	43⅝d	86c
Nov. 14	43⅝d	86c
Nov. 15	43½d	85¾c
Nov. 16	43½d	85¾c
Nov. 17	43⅝d	85¼c

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON.

Demand.	High.	Low.	Last.
Nov. 12	4.75¼	4.75⅛	4.75¼
Nov. 13	4.75¼	4.75⅛	4.75¼
Nov. 14	4.75 3/16	4.75 3/16	4.75 3/16
Nov. 15	4.7515	4.7515	4.7515
Nov. 16	4.7515	4.7515	4.7515
Nov. 17	4.75 3/16	4.75 3/16	4.75 3/16

Cables.	High.	Low.	Last.
Nov. 12	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Nov. 13	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Nov. 14	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Nov. 15	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Nov. 16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Nov. 17	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16

	Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—		
High	4.75 3/16	4.76 7/16
Low	4.7515	4.76 7/16
Same week last year—		
High	4.75 11/16	4.76 7/16
Low	4.75⅝	4.76 7/16
Year to date—		
High	4.7590	4.77
Low	4.75	4.7641¼
Same period last year—		
High	4.78	4.78¾
Low	4.73 3/16	4.74½

PARIS.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Nov. 12	5.76½	5.76½	5.76½	5.74¼	5.74¼	5.74¼
Nov. 13	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.74¼	5.74¼	5.74¼
Nov. 14	5.75½	5.75½	5.75½	5.74¼	5.74¼	5.74¼
Nov. 15	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.74	5.74	5.74
Nov. 16	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.74½	5.74½	5.74½
Nov. 17	5.75½	5.75½	5.75½	5.73¾	5.73¾	5.73¾

	Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—		
High	5.75½	5.73¾
Low	5.76½	5.74½
Same week last year—		
High	5.84½	5.83½
Low	5.84¾	5.83¾
Year to date—		
High	5.68	5.67
Low	5.85¾	5.84¾
Same period last year—		
High	5.82¾	5.82
Low	6.08½	6.07¾

	Switzerland. Dem.	Cables.	Holland. Dem.	Cables.	Italy. Dem.	Cables.
Nov. 12	4.48	4.46	45.50	44.00	8.44½	6.43½
Nov. 13	4.47	4.45	44.12½	44.62½	8.45½	8.44¾
Nov. 14	4.43	4.40	45.00	45.50	8.48	8.47
Nov. 15	4.40	4.37	44.50	45.00	8.50	8.49
Nov. 16	4.41¾	4.39	44.00	44.50	8.55	8.54
Nov. 17	4.42	4.39	44.00	44.50	6.63	8.62
Week's range—						
High	4.40	4.37	45.00	45.50	8.44½	8.43¼
Low	4.48	4.46	43.50	44.00	8.63	8.62
Same week last year—						
High	5.19¾	5.19	40.87½	40.93¾	6.67¼	6.62½
Low	5.23¼	5.22½	40.43¾	40.81¼	6.71¾	6.70¾
Year to date—						
High	4.35	4.32	45.50	45.75	6.85¾	6.87¾
Low	5.16¼	5.15¾	40.18¾	40.25	8.55	8.54
Same period last year—						
High	5.15	5.14	45.18¾	45.31¼	6.21	6.20
Low	5.33½	5.33¼	40.75	40.81¼	6.79	6.78

SCANDINAVIA.

	Copenhagen. Dem.	Cables.	Stockholm. Dem.	Cables.	Christiania. Dem.	Cables.
Nov. 12	32.00	32.50	40.00	40.50	32.00	32.50
Nov. 13	34.00	34.25	39.00	39.50	34.00	34.25
Nov. 14	34.75	35.00	43.00	43.50	34.75	35.00
Nov. 15	35.25	35.75	43.00	43.25	35.50	36.00
Nov. 16	35.00	35.50	43.00	43.50	35.00	35.50
Nov. 17	35.00	35.50	42.50	43.00	35.00	35.50
Week's range—						
High	35.25	35.75	43.00	43.50	35.50	36.00
Low	[illegible]	32.50	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Year to date—						
High	36.00	36.25	45.50	46.00	36.00	36.50
Low	27.05	27.12	29.85	29.45	27.80	27.90

	Greece. Dem.	Cables.	Russia. *Dem.	*Cables.
Nov. 12	19.40	19.45	12.15	12.40
Nov. 13	19.40	19.45	12.60	12.85
Nov. 14	19.40	19.45	12.40	12.65
Nov. 15	19.40	19.45	12.75	13.00
Nov. 16	19.40	19.45	12.80	13.05
Nov. 17	19.40	19.45	13.00	13.25
Week's range—				
High	19.40	19.45	13.00	13.25
Low	19.40	19.45	12.15	12.40
Year to date—				
High	20.05	20.65	30.20	29.95
Low	19.40	19.45	11.00	11.25

*Closing price.

CHINA.

	Hongkong. Dem.	Cab's.	Peking. Dem.	Cab's.
Week's range—				
High	71.00	71.25	106.00	106.25
Low	71.00	71.25	106.00	106.25
Year to date—				
High	82.00	82.25	129.00	129.25
Low	55.00	55.10	85.00	85.12½

Shanghai.	Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—		
High	99.00	99.25
Low	99.00	99.25
Year to date—		
High	122.00	122.25
Low	80.00	80.12½

	INDIA. Bombay. Dem.	Cab's.	Calcutta. Dem.	Cab's.	PHILIPPINE ISLANDS. Manila. Dem.	Cab's.
Week's range—						
High	35.00	35.75	35.00	35.25	50.125	50.25
Low	35.00	35.75	35.00	35.25	50.125	50.25
Year to date—						
High	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	51.12½	51.25
Low	32.25	32.37½	32.25	32.37½	50.00	50.12½

	SPAIN. Dem.	Cab's.	JAPAN. Kobe. Dem.	Cab's.	Yokohama. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—						
High	23.47	23.55	51.50	51.75	51.50	51.75
Low	23.38	23.48	51.50	51.75	51.50	51.75
Year to date—						
High	23.90	24.90	52.00	52.50	52.00	52.50
Low	21.05	21.15	50.75	50.87½	50.70	50.87½

SOUTH AMERICA.

	Buenos Aires. Demand.	Cables.	Rio. Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—				
High	45.26	45.36	25.31	25.41
Low	44.84	44.94	25.22	25.32
Year to date—				
High	45.26	45.36	27.25	27.37½
Low	42.69	42.88	23.50	23.62½

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SHOWS THE SAFETY OF NATIONAL BANKS

Controller Reports a Steady Decline in Failures in Recent Years.

DUE TO CAREFUL SCRUTINY

Examination Methods Improved—Losses Down to 3-1000 of 1 Per Cent. of Deposits.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Controller of the Currency Williams tonight issued a statement in which he declared that there were fewer bank failures recently than in the past, by reason of the improved system of national bank examination and rigid provisions of recent laws. His statement follows:

"The national banks of the country are now eight times as safe as they were during the thirty-three years period prior to June 30, 1914, provided we accept as a criterion the reduced proportion of losses sustained by depositors of failed banks to total deposits of the national banks during the last three years as compared with the preceding thirty-three years.

"Records which have just been compiled show that for the thirty-three years from 1881 to 1914 the losses to depositors which arose from bank failures averaged annually during that period twenty-eight one-thousandths of 1 per cent. of the aggregate deposits of the national banks during those years. During the fiscal years ending June 30, 1915, 1916, and 1917, the percentage of losses of failed banks to total deposits of all banks has averaged only about three one-thousandths of 1 per cent., or less than one-eighth of what these losses averaged during the preceding thirty-three years.

"This great reduction in losses is largely the result of the improved system of national bank examination; of the greater thoroughness exercised in these examinations, and of the policy of requiring national banks to observe more rigidly the provisions of the law intended for their protection and the protection of their depositors and shareholders.

"The figures show that if the Government or an insurance company had been insuring deposits of all national banks from the years 1881 to 1914, it would have been necessary to charge the banks an annual premium of 28 cents per thousand, or $280 per million of deposits, to cover the actual losses, but during the past three years, under improved methods of examination, the losses from national bank failures have been so greatly reduced that the payment of less than 3½ cents per thousand, or less than $35 per million of deposits, would have been sufficient to insure the payment in full to all depositors of all the national banks which have failed during the past three fiscal years.

"These figures were developed as a result of a special investigation recently made by the Controller of the Currency into the subject of national bank failures in the United States for the past thirty-six years, or since July 1, 1881, which has just been completed. The investigation was not carried beyond 1881 because detailed figures for those earlier years are not available.

"The record shows that the total approximate loss to depositors for these thirty-six years on account of all national bank failures was $36,671,000, or 18.87 per cent. of the deposits of these failed banks. The average annual loss in the thirty-six years' period for the entire country was, therefore, $1,018,638.

"The largest loss to depositors reported for banks failing in any one year was for the year ending June 30, 1897, when the losses to depositors aggregated $3,815,608, and represented 152 one-thousandths of 1 per cent. of the aggregate deposits of all national banks at that time. The proportion of losses to the total deposits of all banks for that particular year was more than forty times as great as the average for the last three years.

"In 1897 the total deposits of all national banks amounted to $2,515,000,000 and the losses to depositors from failed banks amounted, as above stated, to $3,815,608. For the last year deposits amounted to $12,769,000,000, or over five times what they were in 1897, and yet the total losses to depositors of banks which failed in the year amounted to only about $369,000, or less than one-tenth of what the depositors' losses amounted to for banks failing in 1897.

"Of the 500 national banks which failed between 1881 and July, 1917, 36 were restored to solvency. Of the number that failed 11 were located in the Central Reserve cities, of which 1 was restored to solvency; 63 were located in the Reserve cities, of which 6 were restored, and 426 were country banks, of which 29 were reopened. From 1881 to July, 1917, there were 6 national bank failures in New York City, 4 in Chicago, and 1 in St. Louis. The failed banks in New York City returned to depositors 94.26 per cent. of their deposits. The St. Louis bank paid 96.60 per cent., and the Chicago bank paid an average of 100 per cent., with 1.58 per cent. of interest added.

"Among the fifty-four reserve cities there are twenty-four cities in which there have been no national bank failures since 1881. The reserve cities in which there were no bank failures for the period named are Albany, Washington, Richmond, Charleston, Atlanta, Savannah, Birmingham, Galveston, Houston, Waco, Chattanooga, Cleveland, Milwaukee, St. Paul, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, St. Joseph, Omaha, Muskogee, Oklahoma City, Tulsa, Los Angeles, Salt Lake City, and Ogden.

"The aggregate capital of all banks which failed from 1881 to 1917 was $77,533,000, and the aggregate of their deposits at the time of suspension was $194,361,000. The approximate average payment on deposits was 81.13 per cent., while the average percentage of losses of depositors to total deposits of all national banks each year for the period was twenty-three one-thousandths of 1 per cent."

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—GUSTAV L. BIRKELAND, Libelant, against "JOHN" PETERSEN, "JAMES" JENSEN, and "RICHARD" GISLINGE, (the names John, James and Richard being fictitious and the persons intended to be designated thereby being the members of the firm of Petersen & Jensen, Svendborg, Denmark,) composing the firm of PETERSEN & JENSEN, Respondents.—Notice: I have attached a certain cargo of cotton seed cake lately on board the bark Stifinder, the property of the above respondents, upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for general average contribution, special charges and demurrage or damages for detention of the Stifinder, in the aggregate sum of $44,000. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on November 26, 1917, in U. S. Court House in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, at which time the above named respondents must appear or their default will be taken and decree and execution against the said property will be ordered.
Dated New York, November 10, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, Southern District of New York.
HAIGHT, SANDFORD & SMITH, Proctors for Libelant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—DANZIGER BROS. CO. against Steamship "GRIGORIOS ZLATANOS," her engines, &c.—Notice: I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for damages, $2,600.00. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on November 26th, 1917, in U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default and condemnation will be ordered.
Dated New York, Nov. 19, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.
HARRINGTON, BIGHAM & ENGLAR, Proctors for Libellant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—MICHAEL TRACY et al. vs. Steamship "NORDSCKOV," her engines, &c.—Notice: I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for damages by collision $2,500.00. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on November 26, 1917, in U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default and condemnation will be ordered.
Dated, New York, Nov. 19, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.
PARK & MATTISON, Proctors for Libellant.

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NEW LONDON (NORWICH) LINE, Str. lvs. Pier 40, N. R., Houston St., wk. days. 5:30 P. M. Lvs. Pier 70, E. R., E. 22d St., 6 P. M.

RESORTS.
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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

I. W. LYON & SONS, INCORPORATED
New York, November 12, 1917.
Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of I. W. Lyon & Sons, Incorporated, will be held at 520 West 27th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of November, 1917, at 9 o'clock A. M., to act upon a proposition to reclassify into common and preferred stock the present authorized capital stock of the company, amounting to $1,000,000, so that $500,000 thereof shall be preferred stock and $500,000 thereof shall be common stock. Said preferred stock to be entitled to preference and priority over the common stock as follows:

The preferred stock is entitled to preference and priority over the common stock in manner following: It shall receive cumulative dividends at the rate of six per cent. (6%) per annum, payable in each year, before any dividend shall be declared on the common stock, and in event of dissolution, after all the debts of the corporation have been paid, the assets remaining shall first be applied to the payment of the said preferred stock at par, with any unpaid accumulations thereon, before any payment is made on the common stock. And also, after the common stock has received six per cent. (6%) in dividends for any one year, the preferred stock shall be entitled to share equally with the common stock in any net earnings that shall be declared by the directors to be applicable to further dividends for that year.

The preferred stock shall not be entitled to vote for directors of the corporation unless the dividends received by it for twelve (12) successive months have amounted to less than four per cent. (4%), in which event it shall be entitled to vote for directors of the corporation, but only so long as its six per cent. (6%) dividend and accumulations remain in arrears.
HORACE D. LYON, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, Room 710, Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y.—Sealed proposals for dredging and rock removal in East River, N. Y., will be received here until 12 M., November 30, 1917, and then opened. Further information on application.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—GUSTAV L. BIRKELAND against "JOHN" PETERSON, "JAMES" JENSEN and "RICHARD" GISLINGE, (the names John, James, and Richard being fictitious and the persons intended being members of the firm of Peterson and Jenson of Svendborg, Denmark,) composing the firm of PETERSON & JENSON.—Notice: I have arrested a certain cargo of cotton seed cake now on board the barges or lighters John Boyle, Cullen 15, G. T. Boyle, Mary A. Baker, and Frank T. Tague and lately on board the bark Stifinder and against all persons lawfully intervening for their interests therein. Damages, $44,000. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court, on November 26, 1917, in U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default and condemnation will be ordered.
Dated, New York, Nov. 19, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.
HAIGHT, SANDFORD & SMITH, Proctors for Libelant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT Southern District of New York.
Notice is given that the JAMES McWILLIAMS TOWING LINE, owner of the steam tug John Garrett, has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage, or injury from said vessel on the 23d day of November, 1916. Stipulated value of vessel and freight $16,050. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage, or injury must prove their claims before Max Rockmore, Esq., Commissioner, at Room 349 Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, New York City on or before December 3, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., or be defaulted.
Dated August 22, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

AUCTION SALE OF AUTOMOBILES.
Public notice is hereby given that the Board of Water Supply will offer for sale at public auction on Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, at 11 A. M., at its offices, Municipal Building, New York City, one 1916 five-passenger Chalmers touring car and one 1911 five-passenger Locomobile touring car. For full particulars see advertisement in The City Record.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Before Ward, Rogers, and Hough, JJ.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M., in Room 433, Post Office Building.

Motion calendar:
In re Steuer.
Bradstreet<Bradstreet.
Cook<Flagg.
Trial calendar:
Pacific Mail SS<Panama R R.
Murray<Ferryboat Pierrepont.
Gordon<Luce-Halvah.
Empire Trust<Improved Property Co.
[illegible]<U S Trust Co.
Lehigh Valley RR<Kruszenski.
Re Armann.
Munsen<Grimwood.
Re Graff.
Edmonds<Stern.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—At 10:30 A. M., Room 3, Woolworth Bldg, 12th floor—Equity calendar.
Buell<Gen Signal Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Court opens in Room 3.7, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Haddock<Cent RR N J.
Pidrock<L V RR.
Hammerschlag Mfg Co<Import & T Nat B.
Erskine<L I RR, (2.)
Fetzer<Sorg.
Re Ind Mach. &c. Co.
Bealonowski<Erie RR.
Feraino<D & H Co.
Waters<Penn R R.
Peck<D, L & W R R.
Gebhardt Co<Corey-Bickmore Corp.
McSherry<N Y C RR.
Hanbury<Hotel Oper.
Curren<Bitulithic.
Roberts<Criss.
Lederer<Kessler.
Allann<Druid SS Co.
Meizell<Bullman.
River Plate Trading<Aetna Ins Co.
Neer<Lang.
Olsen<Merritt & Chapman.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 235, P. O. Bldg.—Bankruptcy.
Discharges:
Wills & Gardner.
Katharine A Huttemeyer.
Louis Schaefer.
Wm P Fogarty.
Joseph H Kanarick.
A & L R Moos.
Jacob M Olshansky.
Samuel Hassin.
Max Zeisler.
George L Taylor.
Jacques Pollotschek.
Moses Akelmacher.
Patrick Connelly.
Charles Rappaport.
Charles G Robin.
L R and W A Doty.
Under objections:
Jesse Oberster.
Helen D Sabes.
Myer Krawitz.
Samuel Ginsburg.
Adjourned cases:
Joseph Bull.
Hyman Eisen.
Herman F Linder.
Motions:
Rathedian Bronze Wks<L & M G Greenberg.
Auto Trunk Co.
Wm M Butler.
H & L Jarmulowsky.
M & H Gordon.
McManus & Robertson.
Mat J Harvey.
Max Goldman.
N Y Shoe Findings.
Louis Meltzer.
Richard A Clohe.
Earnest A Kling.
Jos B Lesser.
Louis Meltzer.
Perl Winter Co.
Century Dye & Print Works.
Henry Cohen.
Zackariah Kerber.
Chasanoff Lowenthal & M.
Isaac Vegderchick.
Bender Robinson.
Zittenfield Paper Co.
Morris Kaufman.
Oscar Kookes.
Albert Mundorff.
Scofield & Co.
Genard Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn—Admiralty calendar.
Mulvaney, et al<King Paint Mfg Co, &c.
Wright & Cobb Ltg<CNY.
Greenwood, Jr<A M Harris.
Same<Greenwood Bros.
John Greenwood<Capt John Greenwood.
Benham<Steamtug Mahoney.
Leh Val Trans<Barge Jedburgh.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 321, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.
US ex rel Warm<Bell.
US<Goldberg et al.
Commercial Coal Co<G F Rudolph et al.
O'Connor<Coastwise Dredging (on trial).

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.
Karasik et al<Peoples Trust Co., et al.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

People<Van Every.
Same<Gurley.
Same<Lavpoint.
Same<Zimmerman.
Cleveland et al<City of Watertown et al.
People ex rel Ferguson<Vroman et al.
Levison<Villiner Securities Co, et al.
Scott<River Power Co.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
German Sav Bank<Sinauer, (2.)
Re Contractors' Supply Co.
Harding<Coulon.
Re Maltby. (Reliance Motion Picture Co.)
N Y Pneumatic Service Co<N Y Edison.
Re McGowan<Williams.
Re Baumlin.
Re Maltbie, (U O S Co.)
Nugent<Gordon.
Glaser<Michaels.
Re Schwarts.
Dorfman<Postal Life Ins Co.
Miller<Kremer.
Dorfman<Postal Life Ins Co.
Kottler<Onyx Blouse.
Hargin<Rubino.
Smith<N Y Rys.
Cohen<Carbone.
Coulson<Butler.
Gill<Francke.
Newburg Silk Co<David Cohen Sales.
Bridgeport Die Machine Co<Fried.
Craft<Colman.
Goldstein<Rafsky.
Vos<Ollendorff.
Proctor<N Y Cent RR.
Degen<Steinbrink.
Riccardi<C I & Bklyn.
Gorman<Gorman.
Sigall<Nicoll.
United Distillers Co<Bright.
Keller<Keller.
Allen<Hunter Arms.
Colford<Hyland, (2.)
Henry<Thanhouser Film Co.
Bersein<Gerson.
Gerstein Cramer Amus Co<Eddingar.
Schomacher<Schomacher.
Price<Price.
Linsky<Becker.
Mattina<Empire City Sub Co.
Lehr<Meyerowitz Mfg Co.
Suspension Bed Spring Mfg Co<Gasan-Thompson Co.
Rosenberg<Schiff.
Re Hughes<Clark.
Barber<Woelf.
Johnston<Mehrbach.
Stamatofoulo<Gerhard & Hey, Inc.
Chamberlain<Gillen.
Meere<Goldwater's Drug Store.
Dribben<Pfister.
Schutz<Post.
James<Ladue.
Berckheimer<Empire Carrying Co.
Nat'l Soc'y of Music, Inc<Bailey.
Tirschwald<Sklamberg.
Bayard Products Co<Gross.
Ruskin<Leven.
Moskowitz<Muhfeld.
Rosenburg<Am Burlesque Assn.
White<Central Union Gas Co.
Huyler<Huyler.
Re Schwartz<Rosenthal.
Melson Lee & Green, Inc<Whitkowsky.
Weinus<Epstein.
Lauby<Comment.
Int'l Cloak Mfg Co<Mass Bonding & Ins.
Hancock<Hancock.
Steinbach<Kanovitz.
Siegel eld<Ruthkowitz.
Seamen's Bank for Sav<Cent Bldg Imp & Inv Co.
John E Gerlach Rty Co<Placid Rty Co.
Ulmann<Munson Whitaker Co.
Re Van Ness.
Cuomo<Kalbach.
Saitta<Friend, (2.)
Re Cork Men's Mutual Aid Soc'y.
Demarest<Gifford, (2.)
Tri-Bullion<Corliss.
Re Danenbaum.
Prescott<O'Donohue.
John<Johns.
Gottlieb<N E Panama Hat Co.
Frei<Beaver.
Osborne<Leonard.
Weisser<Hirt.
Wilson<La Roche.
Re Debevoise, (Parton.)
Straus<Guignlony.
Kearney<Caggiano.
Semple<Treacy.
Weeks<Doll Inv Co.
Re Webber, (Haviland Av.)
Helm<Helm.
Matteson<Bennen Rty.
Meabe<Luckenbach S S Co.
Peaty<Bradley.
Re Pope, (Creston Av.)
N Y Trust Co<Wellish.
Spear<Fergen.
Re Lowenstein.
Saxony Milling Co<River Plate Commercial Co.
Wentling<Wentling.
D'Antonio<N Y Cons RR.
Cowen<same.
Weisser<M & L Hess, Inc.
Williams<Marimon.
Brand<Brand.
Hennessy<Pearse.
Mayher<Humble.
Schiavone<Edelman.
Henderson<New Hotel Keller Co.
Met Life Ins Co<Childs Co.
Sisson<74 Baxter, (Sparro.)
Zimmerman<N Y Rys.
Commercial Trust Co<Bradley, (2.)
Seidlitz<Auerbach.
Bunzel<T H Symington Co.
Rosenzweig<Rosenzweig.
Jaffe<Ridley.
Re Quick Silver Mining Co.
Harry G Gere Co<Tuttle.
Re Gregory.
Seffer<Herd.
Rochelle<Standard Mail Order Co.
Same<Adler.
U S Trust Co<O'Brien.
King<Guernsey.
Kilborn<Ursuline Realty Co.
Wechsler<Sawyer.
Daniel<Kelly.
U S Trust Co<Daniel.

PART II.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.
Unitype Co<Tipple.
Eastern Steel<Globe Ind Co (2.)
Noble<Crane (2.)
Hinkle Iron Works<Kohn.
Jones<NY Times Co.
Guild<Guild.
White<Conti.
Rottenberg<Lobfintz (2.)
Rottenberg<Radlauer.
Comm'l Trust<Bradley.
Salop<Naughton.
Hermes<Hermes.
St John<St John.
Eckert Co<Polhemus.
Sandzik<Sandzik.
Demurrer:
Sorg<Mitchell.
Undefended divorces:
McInerney<McInerney.
Viscardi<Viscardi.
Ersel<Ersel.
Fisher<Fisher.
Spielberg<Spielberg.
Preferred causes:
Hirsch<Gilli[illegible].
H B Smith Co<CNY.
Messing<Loretta Corp.
General calendar:
Arenson<Arenson.
Portman & Co<Yorktown Realty Co.
Hans<Schlanger.
Bennesch<Bennesch.
Dempsey<Mt Sinai Hosp.
Pizzutiello<Raisler.
Trapani<Trapani.
Schneiderman<Schneiderman.
N Y Sample Furniture Co<E 33d St Co.
Duncan<Delafield.
Goldblatt<Beach.
Alexander<Ryan.
Hennigsen<Hennigsen.
Rieger's Sons<Castellanos.
Cohen<Cohen.
Rosenberg<Int Ladies' Garment Work Un.
Rawl<Baker-V Co.
Friedman<Friedman.
Shorey<Brewster.
Punch & Judy Theatre<Sayre.
Edgar<Lawson.
Nagle<Nagle.
Stromberg Export & Impt Co<Stromberg.
Schwoerer<Hudson Tr.
Warheit Pub Co<Day Pub Co.
Rogers<Rogers.
Lajotte<Lajotte.
Altoria Co<CNY.
Stern<Stern.
Josephowitz<Josephowitz.
Elli<Fuchsman.
Mori<M Hampton Co.
Kahn<Saperstein (2.)
Loucks<Silver Motor.
Am Wet Wash Laundry Co<Richter.
Lewis<Portable.
Clear.

PART IV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Not in session.
PART VI.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M.
Tiemann<Ginekis.
Sapt[illegible]<Atlas Knit Co.
Botham<Hearn.
Western Sausage & P[illegible] Co<Kahler.
Beattie<Alpha SS.
Nat Surety<Henry Dyer & Co, Inc.
Donovan<O'Connor.
Kimball<Southworth.
Clear.

PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inq—Silver<Isaac.
Hanson<Hanson.
Juda<CNY.
Callahan<Grady.
Shepherd<NY Rys.
Blattman<5th Av Coach Co.
Sohn<Wise.
Altmayer<Rickerson.
A Bauman<Ostriche.
E Bauman<same.
Katz<Elliott (2.)
Delany<NY Edison Co.
Spechiale<Greenwood.
Sabatino<3d Av Ry.
Parente<NY Rys.
Treimel<Inteman.
Dillon<Int R T.
Don<Nassau Elec RR.
Zimmerman<NY Rys.
Simon<Goldberg & Greenberg, Inc.
Bickerman<Horwitz.
Tisdale<See.
Galambos<Greenwald.
Rastarella<Structural Erecting Co, Inc.
Galambos<Greenwald.
Lovitter<Cons Gas Co of NY.
Schulze<Krug.
Wynne<Litchfield Const Co.
McCormack<Richard Carvel Co, Inc.
Conlon<Club Car Corp.
Greenwald<Liberty Sheet Metal Works.
Mallon<Nechols.
McCall<Atkinson.
McDonald<NY Rys.
O'Sullivan<3d Av RR.
Scheck<NY Rys.
Friel<Int R T.
Weisser<M & L Hess, Inc.
Pasquale<Marino.
Shields<Cons Gas Co of NY.
J Henning<Little.
A Henning<same.
Tracy<Mertens.
Hauser<Lewy.
Goldstein<Rosenberg.
Donlan<Van Sicleo.
Rizzo<B, Q C & S RR.
Kocalits<NY Rys.
E Holzer<Hamilton.
I Holzer<same.
Cohen<Westshire Cons.
Goldberg<C I & B RR.
Herman<B, Q C & S RR.
Carroll<Surut.
Vessey<Int R T Co.
Marotta<NY Cent RR.
Kalinsky<Falkenberg.
Campisi<NY Con RR.
Wambach<3d Av RR.
Levinson<Deitz.
Ehrlich<B'way-35th St Realty Corp.
McCarthy<Healy.
Wasserstein<B H RR.
Dorkin<NY Rys.
W Finnegan<3d Av RR.
M Finnegan<3d Av RR.
Shaughnessy<Dock Con Co.
McGraw<B'way & 35th St Realty Co.
Rupp<Young.
P J Farmer<Kastens.
M Farmer<Kastens.
Hunter<Salaman.
Clarke<McDonald.
C Polichronis<Bear Lithia Springs.
H Polichronis<same.
Moffa<NY & Q C Ry.
Polasky<NY Rys.
Lipshitz<42d St, &c, Ry.
Cooney, Jr<NY Rys.
Jacoby<Yankee Waist.
B Cusimono<Barber Asphalt.
S Cusimono<same.
Castelluazio<NY Veal & Mutton Co.
Hendrickson<CNY.
Carter<same.
Rosco<Fradus.
Forbes<Dunn.
Engel<Reinhardt.
Kelly<Dykes.
McGivney<L I RR.
Kiernan<Belt Line Ry.
Buckley<NY Rys.
Moore<T Hogan & Sons.
Healy<Ehret.
M Weinberg<Int R T.
L Weinberg<same.
Lamport<Matchak.
Gelb<NY Cons Ry.
Petrucelli<Stevens Co.
Hoberg<Champlin.
Smith<Hirsch.

PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.
Harmon<Curtis.
Johnston<Kelly.
Leifer<Gibbs.
Sexauer<Rodgers & R.
Voron<Voron & C, Inc.
I R T<N E Cont Co.
N E Cont Co<CNY.
Pachinsky<Cook Linoleum.
Seaver<Sn Surety Co.
Benelari<Carpenter.
Stiles<Constable.
Featherstone<Fowler.
Lorenzo<Travelers' Ins.
Palmer<Einsettier.
Smith<Schoftela.
Same<Buehler.
Soracci Con Co<CNY.
Helvitz<Balshofer.
Rochelle<Adler.
People<Tombrey.
Perlman<Donohue.
People<Adelson.
Trustees Sailors Snug Harbor<Stuart.
Hechinger<Placia.
Brennan<Edison Portland Cement Co.
Little<Schorr.
Ulfelder<Levy.
Merchants Fire Assur Corp<General Fire Extinguisher.
General Platers Supply<Mendleson.
E H Dick Chemical<Herman & Herman.
Burns<Walter.
Paul Gerli & Co, Inc<Mendelson.
Brady Oltarch Const<Univ Road Mach.
Atlas Nitrated Products<Contract Press Co.
Bassman<H J Rich Dev Co.
Bolardi<Marden, Orth & Hastings, Inc.
Denivelle<Denivelle.
Sisson<Wallbrock.
Same<Garthe.
Greene<Public Lighting Service Corp.
Sabine<Moroaco.
Orlans<Schinasi.
Puegnet<Adams.
Keppler<Straus.
CNY<Matsteeta.
Weinrib<Cohen.
Thompson<Bailey.
Pahl<Gerstenhaber.
Republic Trading<Mann Rubber Mfg.
Burns<Goodman.
Neidlinger<Miles Tighe Cont.
La Vin<Copley Plaza Operating.
Frankenberg<Spiegel.
Weil Corset<Munter.
Stuts<Diamond Silk.
Sisson<Liquor Seized One-Horse Wagon. (H Van Hinken.)
F L Realty Corp<CNY.
Thornton<North'n Bk.
E Maurer Co<Am Dyewood.
Potter<Pulsifer.
De Witt<Vogelstein.
Block<Emmer.
Same<Balsam.

TRIAL TERM.—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule 7, amended Trial Term rules.
PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.
Baire<Yonkers RR. R. Chase<same.
PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Jandruhewich<Cornwall Kaolin Co.
PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIII.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XV.—Ordway, J.—At 10 A. M.
Brandwer<Walder.
PART XVI.—Erlanger, J. At 10 A. M.
Auerbach<Man Wreck Co.
PART XVII.—Guy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
Frend<London Feather Nov Co.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Wills for probate.
Mary Goldenburg.
Sarah McKenna.
George M Wright.
Cortland E Palmer.
Orna De Castro.
George Ostrum.
John P Fogarty.
Murris Prochaska.
TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Contested wills.
Henry Kahn.
Samuel B Dewsnap.
Thomas Gibney.
William Marshall.
Rachel Jandorf.
Mary Isabella Meek.
Bridget O'Sullivan.
Bernard Corbett.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Strasbourger, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.
Brett & Goode<Schweitzer & Importers, Inc.
Franco-Am Chem Co<J Early Wood, Inc.
Forrester<Forrester (2)
E Davis, Inc<Adler (2)
Kiernan<Hickson, Inc.
Fishelman & Sheinkin<Denbosky.
Canfield<Jochen.
Weinberg<Perlstein & Rosenthal.
Karasick<Marco Bros.
Kessler<Fishel.
Karasick<Marco Bros.
Wilson<Shenk Rty & Con Co.
Paterno Bros<Frazee.
Tikalsky & S<Durst.
Scientific Heater Co<Kidde.
Forrester<Univ F Mfg.
Cass<Univ F F Corp.
Higgins & H<Crane.
W. Shank & Fiere.
Brennessel<Robe, (2.)
Gordon<Bernstein.
Nittelman<Pope.
Bernstein<Steinberg.
Verdon<Hanver.
Verbin<Prager.
Brooks<Seldow.
Varco<Gray.
Goldman-Gordon Co<Morgenstern.
Diamond<O'Donohue.
Evans Bros<Ulshen.
Harlem Lumb<Fralkin.
Schmidt<Downing.
Pinco<same.
Interchange, Ltd<Am Steel Export Co.
Alexander Hamilton Institute<Tesh.
Dorfman<Plechner.
Slipkin & G<Dittel.
Tappanbeck<Sparks.
Burns<Miller.
Lenox Wall Paper<Hoffman.
Carter<NY Rys.
Penn Soap Co<Marcus.
Pinto<NY Rys.
Forster<Tilatitsky.
Sealy<W H & F Jordan, Jr.
Peters<A Schwerer & Sons.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Schechtman<Alaska Chemical Co.
Harris<Rosenfield.
Blaumer<Davis.
Sylvia Waist Co<West Side Warehouse Co.
Manuta<Lazar.
A F T Corp<Pathe Exchange.
Nat Warehouse Co<Reid I C Co.
Fenster<Mozar.
Glassman<NY Rys.
Donovan<Solomone.
Diamond<Shortland.
Kramer<Langsdorf.
Smolinski<Dillon.
Dunham<Plimpton Press.
Kirschner<Netherland Am S N Co.
Brimel<Snow.
Banks<Powell.
Ximitiers<Baltimansky.
Horgan<Sheffield Farms-S D Co.
Rosenberg<Meislen.
Kurland<Roche.
Scherlin<Corslins.
Zablowsky<Goldberg.
Bernard<Farmington & Evans Co.
Geib<Mager & Newman.
Keppler<Jacobs.
Elias<Balik.
Sheffres<Cohen.
Condova<N Y Rys.
Murray Hill Iron Works<Rits Rty Corp.
Hampton Suffolk Corp<Walty.
Gottesman<Simon.
Preminger<3d Av Ry.
Kowostof<Tunine.
Levinson<Browning.
Longhein<Hoffman.
Coral<Int R T Co.
Zinke<Isman.
Polack Tire & Rubber Co<Fidelity & Casualty Co.
Lack<Holsner.
Furbman<Beaver.
dist St Bldg Co<Eltenia Rty Co.
Schetarz<Winter.
Brenton<Fox Film.
Brown<N Y Rys.
Rougerie<Barber.
Daid<Geis.
Cohen<Shianowsky.
Lecesse<Forranti.
Abelson<Kaplan.
Bleyfeder<Sicilian Asphalt Paving Co.
Collora<Nassau Elec.
Krautwald<Pugh.
Gillespie<Graef.
Zadanyi<Greslone.
Hechtkopf<Marell Chem Co, (2.)
Weisel<Itzkowitz.
Hepner<Mediator Pub.
Haber<Perlbinder.
Longo<N Y Rys.
Byrne<same.
Deeick<same.
Grennon<same.
Gottlieb<Gins.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Lowy<20th St Garage.
Hecktkopf<Marrell Chemical Co.
Irving Nat'l Bk<L Cerwitz & Co.
Sacco<Roshmeyer & Flaherty.
Clear.
PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
Part III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Gottlob<Lehmann.
Rosenblatt<Grace.
F Gens & Co<Tomberg.
Solomon<Austern.
Butler<Martin.
Salmowitz<Cohen.
Mendelson<Lowenstein.
M Heifgott & Son, Inc<Spinelli.
A Sidney Davison Coal Co<Matluck Coal & Iron Co.
Bokal<Roth.
Hopf & Daxon, Inc<Shenfield.
Miller<Hey.
Shaine<Levison.
Miller<NY Life Ins.
Covini<Supreme Lodge Order Sons of Italy in Am, Inc.
Sherman Nat. Bank<Strauss.
Marks<Friedman.
Grotta<Roscoberg.
H E Fox Const Co<Logan Const Co.
Golomb<Klosty.
Smith<Salemon.
Stand Underwear Co<Nat Surety Co.
Clear.
PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART V.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

Referees Appointed.
SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Pierson<Gramant Const Co—Nathan Burkan.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.
Bronx Sav Bk<Heaton.
Shar<Sup Fireproof Door & Sash Co.
Corsa<Kantrowitz.
Kitchen Imp<Powell.
Manda<Hawes.
Mishkin Feature Film<Lande.
Burgess<Order of Golden Seal.
Staiger<Staiger.
Berkins<Naughton, (2.)
Pier<Magenheim.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J.
Levy<Keer.
Griffin<Carroll.
Lovenstein<Nesta Const Co.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.
Brand<Tunick.
Eller<Union Ry.
Sans<West Elec RR.
Kitman<Gotlieb.
Kues<Foran Fdny & Mfg Co.
Gross<Rodgers & H.
Lackowitz<Emerald Con Co.
Bonavia<Robson.
Kipust<Gordon.
Brenner<Goldstein.
Politzi<West El RR.
Schramek<Coleburn.
Cahill<West El RR.
Kanter<R Carvel Co.
North Side Roofing Co<CNY.
Tiplady<Kohn.
Alexander<Wager.
Penfield<Haas.
Zink<Scott.
Same<same.
Fisk<Schmuck.
Korber<Union Rway.
Huberth<Green.
Israel<Shef Farm. (2.)
Weiss<Baptist Ministers' Home.
Berkins<Naughton.
McCarthy<Smith.
Milazzo<Plunkett.
Holtz<Schwartz.
Dow<Inter R T Co, (2.)
Dunne<Lynch.
Faulhaber<Volk.
Tanb<Util Realty, (2.)
Sanford<Kapstein.
Stretch<Purchase Hld.
Storm<So Blvd RR.
Zuckerman<Newman.
Mushkatel<Richards.
Wester<Ruppert.
Knapp<NY Rways Co.
Chirico<Mercurio.
Erickson<Carlson.
Horsford<Union Rway.
Rosenthal<Rosenberg. (2.)
Bowron<Chapman.
Butler<Dub.
Katzenelenbogen<Friedman.
Whiteacre<Fanande.
Loex<Silverman.
Roth<Winnie Realty & Const. Co. (2.)
Di Menna<Del Bello.
Ardone<White Coal.
Barnarinarde<same.
Bronx Bor Bk<McMillan.
Mushkatel<Shedd.
Oesnson<Stack.
Leendwall<Erie RR.
Highest number reached in regular order, 1,167.
PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—...... J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
Motions—Estates of:
Bridget A Murray.
Patrick V Murray.
Nathan Kirschner.
Katharine Kuestner.
Philip Hussla.
John Weber.
Wills for probate:
Timothy Higgins.
Jennie Kalm.
James W Anderson.
Bridget Danaher.
Markus Eberhart.
Acctgs—Estates of:
Jane Jordan.
Charles A White.
Sebastian Gilzinger.
John McNamara.
Otto Werber.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
Komanyne<Union Ry.
People<Noebel.
Same<Schoenberg.
Worden<Union Rway.
TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.
Marino<Armanino.
Fuch<So Blvd RR.
Weinberg<Union Ry.
Walter<Bodebhein, (2.)
Koben<Union Rway.
Aug<same.
Sehleyer<Burns Bros.
Eisele<So Bldv RR.
Skahmer<Westchester Elec RR.
Smith<Aghajam.
Durant<Union Rway.
McGuire<Standler.
Eisenberg<Greenthal.
Kasofsky<Av Amuse.

Referee Appointed.
SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Anderson<Doyle—Charles M. O'Keeffe.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, P. J.; Thomas, Stapleton, Rich, Putnam, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar at 1 P. M.
Herton<Hayes Co.
Pollock<Fitzjefferson Co.
Ugovitch<Ohio Farmers Ins Co.
Good<Brown.
Dolan<Ellis.
Huber<Gerg.
Martin<Bauman.
Davidson<B H RR.
Van Praag<CNY.
Fish<Rosenberg.
Kaasel<Empire Co.
Lewi<NY Title Co.
Stetler<McFarlane.
Wallis<Eagle Loan.
Jeffards<Carr.
Fuller<Bradley.
Mattfeld<Pramuk.
Briganti<Szemko.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
Brothers<Haar.
Scofield<Williamson.
Glickman<Glickman.
Stephens<Maguire.
Gilbert<Ahrens.
Josias<Buck.
Re Werner (Cresney.)
Dressler<Hellthaler (2)
Lippincott<Almendinger.
E T Brandis<W O Brandis.
Smith<B H RR.
Brudwick<N Y & Pacific SS Co.
Re Bell Laundry Co (Holton.)
Bosworth<Lea.
Courtenay Co.
Levine<Bershenk.
Re Humboldt St (Fischer.)
De Stefano<B & R Building Co.
D Rubeloff<Nassau E RR.
H Rubeloff<same.
Margolies<Elias.
Bradley<Bradley.
Re 64th & 65th Sts (Lyman.)
T Sheehan<McCabe.
F Sheehan<same.
Perry<Westerfield.
Peck<Wrenn.
Re Union Bank (469 Jerome St.)
Waters<Walt.
Re Bay 20th St (Rothschild.)
Podell<Harris.
Truhenbohn<Roesel.
Hitchcock<Stiles.
Hynes<Landi.
Eagle S & Loan Co<Columbine.
Re School Sites Keap St, &c.
S Rausch<J & J Realty Co.
M Rousch<same.
Mutterperl<Ind Daughters Israel Orphan Aid Socy.
Fay<Fay.
East Brooklyn Savings Bank<Welsman.
Geyer<Geyer.
Kaminester<Stromberg.
Howell<Cole.
Kwasniewski<Studebaker Corp.
Fuchs<Beck.
Hynes<Landi.
Village of Long Beach<Long Beach Power.
Re Weil (Board Elections.)
Leopold<Wagner.
Praeger<Praeger.
Knoechel<Williams.
MacCutcheon<Donovan.
Doyle<Doyle.
Ted<Tod (2.)
Simon<Handsen-Tilletson Corp.
Goldstein<Disalve.
Manhattan Concrete Co<Kingsborough Devel Co.
Economouly<Oppenheimer.
Good<Smith.
Peterson<Webster.
Re Lawrence Av (St Rose of Lima's R C Church.)
PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part III.—Scudder, J.—At 10 A. M.
Salvania<Salvania.
Nicolson<1,040 Park Pl Constrn Co.
Starrett<Snyder.
Amelia<Campania Real Est Co.
Parrish<Parrish.
New Age Construca Co<Hermelin.
Katkowsky<Moskowitz.
Marcus<Colin.
Lutz<Lutz.
Rosenwasser<Pepper.
Berwin<Solomon.
Cline<Hopkins.
Zink<Haasler.
Sahlender<Bloch.
Schiff<Silverman.
Ockun<B H Land Co.
Tulp<Plunkett.
Burns<Burns.
McKee<McKee.
Lundquist<Lundquist.
Abramofsky<Abramofsky.
Campbell<Campbell.
Donegan<McCann.
Kleinberg<Kleinberg.
Braunberg<Braunberg.
Highest number reached on the regular call, [illegible].
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Callaghan, J.; Part III., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.
Hammann<NY Cons RR & ano.
Rodriguez<B H R R.
Coyle<Shaony.
Hanlon<Schaefer Co.
Delany<C I & B RR.
Mott<Ostrander.
Gallagher<Adikes.
Rosenberg<Ettner.
Colombo<B H R R.
Kalin<N Y Con RR.
Stuft<B & O RR.
Hughes<Dry Dock Sav Inst et al.
Barnett<Steeplechase Park Co.
Pollack<Shebar & ano.
Ballenbach<Campbell Milk Co.
Mabie<Schmadeke et al.
Withnell<US Met Cab.
Wisch<Stavin.
[illegible] Rlt.
Mahon, Coan<Carroll.
Cohen<B H RR.
Clair<Lesser & Co.
Terry<Vogel.
Emmens<NY Mun Ry & ano.
Quigley<Bklyn Union Gas Co & ano.
Shaw<Kemorshyne & ano.
Dresner<Eisenberg & ano.
Sommer<Godfrey.
Eisenberg<Lehrfeld.
Conners<Fleer Bros.
Ely<Lord Const Co.
Cohen<Meyer & ano.
Crochillo<Loew's Amusement Co.
Tullman<Roulston.
Redmond<Feldman, et al.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:
Robertson<B H R R.
Pagliorolo<B H RR & ano.
McCullough<Interboro Brewing Co.
Adkins<NY Cons RR.
Miller<B H RR.
Sisson, Comr, &c<Strube & ano.
Schlueter<Adams & ano.
Sullivan<C I & G Ry.
Gallagher<Esposito.
Joopperri<Nassau RR.
Kaplan<B H RR.
Valas<NY Con RR.
Guinan<Blum.
Lotwin<So Bklyn Ry.
Luria<B H RR.
Clinton<Shindler.
Morrison<Hulse.
Lane<Union Smoked Fish Co.
Mitchell<Baker.
Bergman<B H RR.
Wynn<Melton House Wrecking Co.
Peterson<Walsh.
Theyzen<Fountain & Choate.
Kleves<Blank.
Cogliano<Weghe & ano.
Johnson<B H RR.
Lang<Odom & Lang.
Ludgate<Maxwell.
Hyde<Jackson Sanatorium & ano.
Russ<NY Steam Co & ano.
Messerschmidt<Dean.
Corcoran<CNY & ano.
Cronin<NY Rys.
Rantschke<Nas R R.
Paffard<Fid & Cas Co.
Harmon<Cordane.
Fratcher<BH R R.
Leighton<same.
Yombardi<CI & B RR.
Cardoni<Monahan Exp.
Madonna<Mclinelli.
Fusco<Reiber.
Highest number reached on regular call, 2,921.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Victor Berman.
Mary Coggy.
Barbara Lovett.
Teresa Moyham.
Administration of:
Emma Burton.
Accounting of:
John Murphy.
Claus Steengrafe.
John Gibbs.
John Adams.
Mary Waldren.
James Russell.
P Ochermelt.
Maria Gelston.
Julius Levy.
Louis Vannata.
John Clade.
James McNulty.
Charles Wiepert.
Jacob Steen.
Estates of:
Robert Reid.
Maria Gelston.
James Blake.
Edward Coogan.
Elizabeth Woolsey.
V Del Genovese.
Contested calendar:
Samuel McCarrick.
Elizabeth McFerran.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V.—Fawcett, J.
Geraghty<Liggett Co.
Zukowski<B H RR.
Neonan<NY Con RR.
Steffan<B H RR.
Jensen<same.
McShane<Bartley.
Suckan<NY Con RR.
Tatarsky<Emkay Rty.
Harris<Un Painless D.
Hansen<B H RR.
Mundy<Levy Bros Rty.
Bergman<Entreich.
Fredicks<Murphy.
Fazio<Cream Co.
Popkies<Heyt.
Highest number reached on calendar, 578.

RICHMOND COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Clark, J.
Meyerson<Apple & A.
Fetherston<Star Co.
Zaborowska<S I Midland Ry.
Tonofsky<Straber.
Gontarek, Jr<Rudolph.
Solomon<Penn RR.
Sullivan<Rich Lt & Rd Co.
Moeller<Van Brunt.

HOW THE U. S. GOES TO WAR.
What America has done in six months in war—all details from official sources, in Current History Magazine this month. On all news stands, 25 cents; $3.00 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times.—Advt.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. M. German, neckwear; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; J. L. Godfrey, furn. goods; 2 W. 37th.
BOSTON—Enterprise Cloak Co.; J. L. Warbarsht, coats, suits, dresses; 1,133 B'way.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; D. W. Edwards, millinery; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—Emporium World Millinery Co.; Miss F. Snyder, millinery; 621 B'way; Cumberland.
BROCKTON, Mass.—James Edgar Co.; C. Thomson, domestics, infants' wear, muslin underwear, corsets, linens; Prince George.
CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; M. L. Kahn, general mdse., Fall piece goods; 363 6th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. L. Mayne, women's, children's wear; Miss K. E. Shaeffer, china; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Boston Store; E. P. Nolan, dress goods; 44 East 23d St.
CHICAGO—Emporium World Millinery Co.; J. R. Anthony, millinery; 621 B'way; Cumberland.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. B. Maisel, coats; 72 Madison Av.
COLUMBIA, S. C.—J. L. Mimnaugh & Co.; J. L. Mimnaugh, clothing, furn. goods, millinery; 45 W. 34th.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—M. J. Federman; coats; 72 Madison Av.
DALLAS—Neiman, Marcus Co.; A. L. Neiman, dry goods; 1,140 B'way.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss C. Kalterman, ladies' dresses; 354 4th Av.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Mrs. E. Ward, waists; 354 4th Av.
EASTON—Ross Millinery Co.; G. Gross, flowers, fancies; 621 B'way.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann's Underselling Store; J. M. Lloyd, ready-to-wear; 72 Madison Av.
HOLYOKE, Mass.—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; J. H. Wakelin, silks, ladies' suits, laces, gloves, ribbons; Miss Cray, waists; Latham.
HOT SPRINGS, Ark.—Specialty Shop; Mr. Fois, jobs ladies' suits; 1,150 B'way, Room 1015.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Watson & Co.; E. R. Wolf, mdse. mgr.; Miss J. Vickery, jobs coats; Miss E. Coulter, waists; 116 W. 32d.
KANSAS CITY—Burnham, Munger, Root D. G. Co.; G. Mueller, C. M. Walbridge, blankets, flannels, curtains; 43 Leonard St.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery, Bird, Thayer D. G. Co.; G. C. King, muslin underwear, corsets, waists, infant's wear; 25 Madison Av.
LINCOLN, Neb.—Rudge & Guenzel Co.; W. G. Lastofka, domestics, dress goods, silks; Breslin.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Gus Blass Co.; J. G. Blass, G. Blass, general dry goods; 1,150 B'way; Cumberland.
LOS ANGELES—Broadway Dept. Store; Miss F. A. Webber, women's, children's hosiery, underwear; 95 Madison Av.; Breslin.
LOS ANGELES—Wood's Shirt Waist Stores; E. L. Woods, shirt waists; 1,182 B'way.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—H. P. Selman & Co.; S. Epstein, coats, suits; 1,261 B'way.
MILWAUKEE—Fet[illegible], Mosher & Co.; M. Fein, clothing, furn. goods; Prince George.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—A. Nachman, dry goods; Collingwood.
OKLAHOMA CITY—Emporium; E. L. Sobras, jobs ready-to-wear; 1,189 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—Ross Millinery Co.; Harry Gross, women's hats; 621 B'way.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Miller, Calhoun Co.; G. O. Miller, underwear, hosiery, sweaters; 324 B'way.
PORTSMOUTH, Ohio—A. Bein; coats; 72 Madison Av.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—M. I. Gerson, furn. goods; Cumberland.
ROME, N. Y.—Herr Fashion Shop; L. Herr, coats suits, waists, children's dresses; Breslin.
SAN FRANCISCO—Meyer Cloak & Suit Co.; S. Solomon, Spring coats, skirts, dresses; 470 4th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—J. Ward Co.; J. Ward, petticoats, muslin underwear; 114 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Miss C. Hamm, waists; 110 West 32d St.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co.; M. W. Eckert, silks; Miss J. Wade, petticoats; 23 E. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Kurlander Bros. & Harfield; A. Cohen, Spring coats; 315 5th Av.
SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Bros. Co.; B. Davidson, dry goods; 1,261 B'way.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner & Co.; R. M. A. Williams, men's furn. goods, hosiery, underwear, shirts; G. W. Schwager, notions, jewelry, leather goods; 116 W. 32d.
TRENTON—Ress' Millinery Co.; Henry Gross, millinery; 621 B'way.
WATERBURY, Conn.—Franken Bros.; Mr. Franken, coats; 72 Madison Av.
WICHITA, Kan.—Cohn, Hinkel D. G. Co.; Miss M. Drake, coats, suits, waists, underwear; 1,239 Broadway; Imperial.

Queens County Court Calendar.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.
Aarons<R T Sub Con.
Holden, admx<Pringle.
Varion, an inf<Wender.
Taylor<Manning.
Astoria Veneer M & L Co<Marden, O & H.
Brinsky<B, QCo. & SRR.
Dillon, as admr<I R T.
Rudin<Cohen.
McDonald<B H RR.
Rozan<Halpern.
Thoma<Pharaslee & ano.
Gomea<same.
Collins<Black and White Cab Co et al.
Flynn<R T Sub Con.
Frocida<NY & QCo Ry.
Gibbia<same.
Kirschbaum<Frecker.
Claney<NY Rys Co.
Martin<Cody.
Quinn<NY Rys Co.
Rosenbaum<Cap Sec.
Henry, as admx<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Gray<Bk of L I et al.
Pasika<Knabbe.
Schweickert<CNY.
Broderick<B, QC & SRR.
Bellemare<Hurley & ano.
Dunn<McCardell.
Reimer<Campbell & ano.
Schwickert<CNY.
Simon<Chalmers Mot Co, Detroit, et al.
Kratchovil<Gimbel Bros.
Adikes<Skeuse.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2015.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 25,020.—In Bankruptcy.—NEW YORK PUBLIC STORES CORPORATION, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said New York Public Stores Corporation are hereby given notice that on November 7, 1917, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my offices, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, December 6, 1917, at 10:00 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
Dated, New York, November 17, 1917.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 25,260.—In Bankruptcy.—LEO ZIMMERMANN, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Leo Zimmermann are hereby given notice that on November 14, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, December 6, 1917, at 10:15 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, November 17, 1917.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,261.—In Bankruptcy.—EUGENE T. TURNEY COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.
Eugene T. Turney Company, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on November 14th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on November 30th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,242.—In Bankruptcy.—ALTER M. BRODY, Bankrupt.
Alter M. Brody was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on November 10th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on November 30th, 1917, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,264.—In Bankruptcy.—MYER BEHAL, Bankrupt.
Myer Behal was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on November 15th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on November 30th, 1917, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24,229.
Notice is given that CHARLES W. HOLTZ, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 24, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
Dated, New York, November 17, 1917.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

AMOSKEAG Wanted—7614, 7301, 6301; also Whitman's 3, 9, and 104. Finkelstein & Sons, 17 West 3d.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash, surplus stock, better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Parker-Wilder 551, all colors; also botany or similar quality, in high colors, 50 or 54 inch. Hanauer & Arnstein, 136 Madison Av.

BROADCLOTH, Poplins, Serges, and Velours wanted; cash for quantity at right price. A. H. & S., 41 West 25th St. Farragut 2180.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—White, for trimmings; Faille silk linings, plain, printed. Gramercy 7184.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Will buy taupe and beetroot, also plushes. Hershfield, Farr. 9839.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Botanys or F. & H., also U. S. velours, for cash. Stuyvesant 3240.

CLOAKINGS, Overcoating, and Heavy Materials Wanted.—Quantity, for cash. 334 4th Av., 9th floor. Madison Square 7745.

CLOAKS, SUITS Wanted.—Junior sizes, medium priced, snappy styles; jobbers. Gramercy 7184.

CLOAKINGS Wanted.—Any description, also ¾ goods, blues only, cash. R. & W. Cloak, 50 West 17th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Looking at Spring shoe tops and junior suits, also junior coats, Monday morning. Milbauer & Messinger, 145 West 30th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at ladies' and misses' Spring suits and coats of the better grade all week. 17th floor, 12 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Out-of-town jobber looking at samples of Spring coats and suits, Monday morning, 9-12, Room 1402, 1,1-2 Broadway.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber now placing orders on Spring suits and coats. Call all week, with samples, 1,140 Broadway, eleventh floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits; also jobs in Winter suits and coats. Call rear elevator, 4th floor, 151 West 26th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at ladies' Spring suits and coats today and all week. First floor, 6 West 32d.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring samples ladies', misses', juniors', and children's coats. Address M 125 Times.

COATS Wanted.—Largest jobber now buying infants', intermediate, children's and junior coats for Spring. M 42 Times.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples of the better kind. 9th floor, 158 West 29th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber will pay cash for jobs of fur-trimmed coats. Room 804, 27 West 24th St.

COATS Wanted.—Suits; exclusive jobber placing orders, Spring models. 120 West 27th St., 12th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Spring. Call with samples all week, 5th floor, 115 West 26th St.

COATINGS Wanted.—We are open to buy heavy, staple coatings at a price for cash. Tougass Brothers, 71 West 23d.

COATS Wanted.—Quantity cloth coats; price must be right. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

CORDUROY Wanted.—500 yards of green, narrow wale, for cash. J 325 Times Downtown.

COTTON BATINE Wanted.—Rose, tan, blue. V. N. Smith & Co., 35 East 21st St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Gray flannel mixture and flannelettes for cash. South 7448.

CRECOKNIT Wanted.—American 06002; reindeer, tan and navy; botany velour, 5895 style; reindeer and taupe. Tel. Orchard 4278.

DRESSES AND COSTUMES.—Contractors wanted on high-class afternoon dresses for Spring in foulards, pussy willows, georgette, crepe meteor, and other exclusive silk materials; also cloth dresses; big orders for those with exclusive styles; bring samples. Call Monday and Tuesday morning from 9 to 12, 105 Madison Av., 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Big manufacturer placing orders for Spring on better dresses in taffeta, crepe meteor, crepe de chine, Georgette, serges, foulards, and stripes. Phone for appointment 8450 Madison Square.

DRESSES Wanted.—Big jobber placing orders for Spring on better dresses, in taffeta, crepe meteor, crepe de chine, Georgette, serges, foulards, and stripes. Call all week, 12-14 West 32d St., eighth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large dress jobber now pricing orders for all kinds of silk dresses; new Spring styles; call before 10 A. M. or after 4 P. M.; bring your own samples. H. A. R., 11 West 32d, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing orders on better dresses, taffetas, crepe de meteors, and crepe de chines; call with samples immediately. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—A contractor with 20 machines would like to connect with a concern of dress or waist manufacturers. United Waist Dress Co., 183 Thatford Av., Brooklyn.

DRESS CONTRACTORS Wanted.—Large dress jobber looking at Spring models; please call with samples Monday and Tuesday. 105-107 East 29th St., first floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber will purchase quantity serge dresses; an opportunity to realize cash; samples daily. Wieher, 57 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing orders for Spring on afternoon and street dresses, in silks only. Call all week, 38 West 33d. Room 303.

DRESSES.—Contractors wanted on cloth and silk dresses; bring samples with you. Hugo H. Levy & Bro., 29 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Ready to look at Spring line of better-grade dresses, georgette and taffetas. 37 West 28th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber will place orders on Spring styles; call all week. Friedlander Dress Co., 339 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for job of dresses. Call with samples, 10 West 27th, 6th floor.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Forstman and Hoffman No. 7575, all shades; will pay cash. Orchard 4278.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—F. and H. 7575, all colors; also U. S. 154, all colors. Farragut 2616.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Quantity checks, plaids, for cash. Armetta, Farragut 3093.

KERAMI Wanted.—Blumenthal's, $8.50; also Lapinex plush, $3.35. M 148 Times.

KEARMI Wanted for cash, mole color, not taupe. Gramercy 5124.

MACKINAWS Wanted.—And all heavyweight overcoatings. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 17 West 3d.

OXFORDS Wanted.—Gilberts all colors. Phone Madison Square 8272.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Open for large quantities of overcoating, sibeline, and cloakings. W. Karon & Sons, 111 Bleecker St. Telephone Spring 5563.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Gilbert's Oxford and serges, Am., D24s, blue; 4192 coronet, blue, Irving. 3965 Gramercy.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Esquimette and Peco plush at exceptionally low prices. Gramercy 7184.

POPLINS Wanted.—Amoskeag No. 8153, Whitman's 767. P. P. L. Stuyvesant 3335.

RAPPS Wanted.—Cadet blue, pink, white, spot cash; any quantity. Call Spring 2547.

SERGES Wanted.—Large quantity of French serges; principally 7120, 54289, and W. F. X. Shapero Lewis & Co., 150 Madison Av.

SERGES Wanted.—Botany 11433, Whitman 104, and U. F. 838, for cash. Schlang & Co., 151 West 26th. Farragut 3814.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantities for cash; 7120, 54289, 54274, 7614, 7301, Whitman's 104. Mr. Lawton, phone Canal 9364.

SERGES Wanted.—6301, 7301, U. S. 838, 235, 104, 99, 9, or any other men's wear serge overcoatings. Spring 6151.

SERGE Wanted.—Whitman's 104; cash; American 6709½, and cotton Shepherd checks. Chelsea 5822.

SERGE Wanted.—Open for Style 87 serge, all colors; give assortment and best price. M 101 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantities of Whitman, styles 104, 106, 9, 99. Chel. 9863.

SERGES Wanted.—9, 99, 3, 104, 7301, 6301, 7614; also poplin. Madison Square 4264.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, 106, 104, 838; poplins 69610. Farragut 8090. Phillip.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235 or Gilbert's 3200; spot cash. Madison Square 8475.

SERGES Wanted.—Large quantity French serge for cash. 56 West 22d, 9th floor.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 106, 99, and 94, any quantity, for cash. Stuyvesant 3240.

SERGE Wanted.—Open for quantity No. 7614. Telephone Greeley 2606.

SERGES Wanted.—94-104-7301-7614; no others call. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

SERGE Wanted.—6301 navy, 15 pieces. Phone Madison Square 4847.

SERGES Wanted.—Will buy or exchange burgundy plum 4408 for navy. Telephone Franklin 1268.

SILKS Wanted.—Taffetas, peau de cygnes, plain and changeable; all colors at a price. A. Warshauer, 432 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 1545.

SILK DRESSES Wanted.—Spring line; jobber. Room 507, 3 West 29th St.

SILKS Wanted.—In small or big lots; bought for cash. E 124 Times.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Misses' and ladies'; large jobber placing Spring orders. Write for appointment to M 41 Times.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking for Spring coats and suits all week. Apply tenth floor, 158 West 29th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber looking at Spring suits from $10 to $25. Call, with samples, 30 West 26th St., 3d floor.

SUITS and COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. Apply 3d floor, 18 West 22d.

SUITS and COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples better grade. 14th floor, 12 West 27th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. 1st floor, 15 West 26th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Looking at Spring models; submit samples. Room 401, 6 West 22d.

SUITS Wanted.—Better grade; will look all week. 11th Floor, 145 West 30th St.

UNIONS Wanted.—¾ and 6-4 goods of any kind; cash. Stuyvesant 2670.

VELOURS or KERSEYS Wanted.—We will pay cash for heavyweight velours or kerseys; send quantities, colors, and best prices. The Cohn-Goodman Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

VELOURS Wanted.—Cash, American 544, 0359, 11050; any quantity. Farragut 9090. Phillip.

VELOURS Wanted.—Taupe and burgundy velour; suitings and broadcloth. Farragut 4868.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavy weights, in all shades. Cohen & Edelman, 85 West 31st St.

VELOUR.—Wanted, 11050 in all colors. Madison Square 8319.

WAISTS OR DRESS Wanted.—Mfgs. having any 72-inch cotton "nets" to close out. Phone Obertelder, Chelsea 889.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BATH ROBES for men, ladies, and children for immediate delivery. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th St.

BLANKETS.—Contractor open for offer to make military blankets. M 80 Times.

BLUE CHAMBRE and 36-inch striped ginghams. Stuy. 5698.

BROADCLOTHS.—All shades, tricotines and heavy velours, also Dunmore serges; reasonable. Farragut 2927.

BROADCLOTH.—313 navy, black, brown, green, plum, taupe, and burgundy. Chelsea 7834.

BROADCLOTH, white and tan vigoureaux; cheap for cash. Mad. Sq. 4175.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany, No. 343 white, $2.17 net. M 160 Times.

BURELLA.—American 0310, navy, brown, and green, close out reasonable. Chelsea 7834.

CAPS.—To close out, cheap, men's and boys' Winter styles. Bachrack, 584 Broadway. Spring 3265.

CLOAKS.—72, must be sold; 48 fur-trimmed, all shades. Farragut 3428.

CLOTH.—Six pieces Fisher Kennedy 3400. Merit, 57 Hope St., Brooklyn. Stagg 67.

CLOTH for military and others. Call Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

COATS, SUITS.—Better grades, specially priced, immediate delivery; pom poms, plush, velour, broadcloth, serges, ladies' models, leading shades. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st. Chelsea 3789.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, kerseys, and plush coats, all latest shades and styles; fur-trimmed; prices very reasonable. Savoy Cloak Co., 18 West 27th St. Farragut 3697.

COATS of every description; our best sellers, including the newest chicken styles in Taupes and Burgundy, for immediate delivery. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

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COATS.—100 American velour coats, fur trimmed, all shades, half lined, to close out at a special price. A. Zimmerman, 55 East 11th St.

COATS.—Wonderful assortment of 100 fur-trimmed coats to close out in a job at a very low price. A. Adler & Sons, 22 West 32d St.

COATS — Silks, mercerized, and cotton plushes, broadcloths, and velours; close out to make room. Ulin Bros., 55 East 11th St.

COATS.—Special values in Pom Pom and Bolivia; self and fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

COATS.—1,000 velour coats for immediate delivery, mostly fur-trimmed. M. Rosenman & Co., 40-42 West 27th St.

COATS, plush and cloth, fur-trimmed, for immediate delivery; prices reasonable. Leibman & Hurwitz, 133 West 21st St.

COATS; ladies'; ask for $8.75 net special; half lined; big fur collar; immediate delivery. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS.—Off price jobbing trade; velours, broadcloths, fur and plush trimmed. Smigel & Zipper, 56 West 22d. Gram. 205.

COATS to close out, velours, broadcloths, fur-trimmed; all shades. M. & D. Rubin, 34 West 17th. Chelsea 956.

COATS.—Plush, 48 inches long, belted, fur-trimmed, $10, to $15.25, special for sale purposes. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS—Kerseys and velours, fur-trimmed, to close out cheap; also other good values. F. J. Gelfond, 141 West 28th St.

COATS—Plushes, $12.75 up; cloth, $6 up, for immediate delivery; jobs always on hand. Schoen & Weissman, 53 West 24th St.

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COATS—Velour, broadcloth, and plushes; reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Neumann, 15 West 20th St.

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COATS.—Wonderful values in velour and broadcloth coats, all fur-trimmed. I. Novick, 40 West 28th St.

COATS. — Velours, kerseys, and mixtures; fur-trimmed and plain; cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

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COATS to close out, velours, broadcloths, fur-trimmed. Klar Bros., 33 West 20th.

COATS.—Infants', children's, all wool cloth, nicely trimmed. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—200 coats, fur-trimmed, to close out. Rubin & Braff, 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—Fur trimmed; immediate delivery at right prices. Charles Cohen, 118 West 17th.

COATS.—3,000 ladies' and children's; big values. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st. St.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed, all colors; immediate delivery. Eisman & Lifshitz, 40 West 17th.

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DRESSES.—Fifty serge and satin dresses to sell direct from contracter. Aster Costume Co., 129 West 22d St.

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KERAMI.—Original, reasonable price. Telephone 3149 Madison Square.

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SERGES.—Juilliard's 54289, Garfield 528, Gera 7008, for sale. Ben Kramer, 1,237 Broadway. Telephone Madison Square 9656.

SERGES.—All colors; Juilliard's 54289, Amoskeag 7120-6120, Gera 10175, Whitman 104. H. Pantuch, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 5143.

SERGES.—4002 navy, 100 pieces, 65c; will exchange or will buy. Whitman's 87, navy, green, wine. Orchard 4858.

SERGES.—For sale, Juilliards 54221, lot; Lorraine 3670, navy, brown, green. Phone 8350 Madison Square.

SHIRTINGS.—Lightweight materials, checks, plaids, and mixtures; off price. Mr. Philip, 4th floor, 16 West 25th St.

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VELOURS, lightweight, taupe, brown, green; kersey 15020, all shades. Madison Square 6635.

VELOURS.—Lightweight, all colors; coatings, plushes. Madison Square 2426.

VELOURS.—A. W. Co. 6359, in assorted colors. Farragut 8993.

VELOURS.—Plum and taupe velours, reasonable. Chel. 9865.

VELOUR—0359, navy, $2; Lymansville 396-2, all colors. Farragut 863.

VELOURS.—All colors. Oakland Textile Co., Gramercy 5213.

VELVETEENS.—Plain and twill back, all colors, all widths; corduroy in narrow and wide wale, all colors; also clothing corduroy. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 31st St. Madison Square 8760.

VELVETEEN.—Narrow wale corduroy, 36 in. wide, all colors; immediate delivery. R. C. Miller Bros., 95 Bleecker St. Spring 2287.

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YARN.—1,000 pounds army gray, pure worsted, No. 2, 85c a pound. J 339 Times Downtown.

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CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer
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Baskets, chairs, forms, cutting tables, rag cans, paper and twine, hangers, paper boxes, time clock, Roll-top desk, Flat-top desk, Bookkeeper's desk, Table, Safe and Office partition.
IMMEDIATELY THEREAFTER AT THE WILSON BUILDING, 1,270 BROADWAY,
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Also for the account of Hirsch & Wadro, Inc., and Meyser, former purchasers at the sale of Max Roth, 155 doz. Medallions and one time clock.
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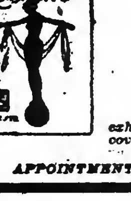
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4 elegant room up-to-date apartments; large and commodious; moderate rents.
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A similar advertisement in next Sunday's edition of The New York Times will cost $1.50.

The New York Times rejects all unworthy or doubtful advertisements, and welcomes information from its readers in aid of its efforts to keep its advertising columns absolutely clean.

Send advertisements by mail or telephone The New York Times, Bryant 1000, or place through any advertising agency.

SAFEGUARDS LABOR IN ALL WAR PLANTS

Army Issues Regulations as to Hours and Standards on Government Work.

BARS CHILDREN UNDER 14

Insists on Proper Conditions and Equal Pay for Women—Frowns on Overtime.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The importance of throwing the most perfect safeguards around workers in arsenals and factories engaged in Government work is urged in a general order made public tonight and issued by the Chief of Ordnance to arsenal commanders and manufacturers.

The Chief of Ordnance impresses the point that the efficient operation of places where Government work is carried on demands that the workers not only be protected with the ordinary safeguards, but that their hours, wages and working conditions be satisfactorily adjusted.

A similar order has also been issued by the Quartermaster General. Its text follows:

SUGGESTIONS FOR ARSENAL COMMANDERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

While circumstances are not such as to render appropriate the issuance of definite orders upon this subject at the present time, the following suggestions are commended to the careful consideration of arsenal commanders and manufacturers executing orders for this department.

In view of the urgent necessity for a prompt increase in the volume of production of practically every article required for the conduct of the war, vigilance is demanded of all those in any way associated with industry, lest the safeguards with which the people of this country have sought to protect labor should be unwisely and unnecessarily broken down. It is a fair assumption that, for the most part, these safeguards are the mechanisms of efficiency. Industrial history proves that reasonable hours, fair working conditions, and a proper wage scale are essential to high production. During the war every attempt should be made to conserve in every possible way all of our achievements in the way of social betterment.

In the preparation of the following memorandum no effort has been made to establish, or even to suggest, definite rules of conduct.

The memorandum presents what may be considered a fair, if tentative, basis of action.

The department wishes to be assured that schedules of hours obviously excessive, or wage scales distinctly unfair, or working conditions such as should not be tolerated, will certain be brought to its attention.

1—HOURS OF LABOR.

1. Daily Hours—The day's work should not exceed the customary hours in the particular establishment or the standard already attained in the industry and in the community. It should certainly not be longer than ten hours for an adult workman. The drift in the industrial world is toward an eight-hour day as an efficiency measure. It has also been shown that hours of labor must be adapted to the age and sex of the worker and the nature of the occupation.

2. Overtime—The theory under which we pay "time and a half" for overtime is a tacit recognition that it is usually unnecessary and always undesirable to have overtime. The excess payment is a penalty and intended to act as a deterrent. There is no industrial abuse which needs closer watching in times of war.

3. Shifts in Continuous Industries—Eight hours per shift should be a maximum in continuous twenty-four-hour work.

4. Half Holiday on Saturday—The half holiday on Saturday is already a common custom in Summer, and it is advantageous throughout the year, especially if the work day be ten hours long the other days of the week. The working period on Saturday should not exceed five hours.

An occasional shift of two or three hours on Saturday afternoons is unobjectionable if essential, but the additional hours should be regarded as overtime and paid for on that basis.

5. Hours Posted—It is desirable that the hours of labor for every tour should be posted.

6. Holidays—The observance of national and local holidays will give opportunity for rest and relaxation which tend to make production more satisfactory.

7. One Day Off—One day of rest in seven should be a universal and invariable rule.

2.—STANDARDS OF WORKROOMS.

1. Protection Against Hazards and Provisions for Comfort and Sanitation.—Existing legal standards to prevent danger from fire, accident, occupational disease, or other hazards, and to provide good light, adequate ventilation, sufficient heat, and proper sanitation, should be observed as minimum requirements.

2. Location of Toilets.—All toilets should be sanitary and readily accessible.

3. Extreme Temperatures.—Those processes in which workers are exposed to excessive heat, that is, over 80 degrees; or excessive cold, that is, under 50 degrees, should be carefully supervised, so as to render the temperature conditions as nearly normal as possible. When extreme temperatures are essential workers should not only be properly clothed, but avoid sudden changes.

4. Lights.—If any light is at the level of the worker's eyes, it should be so shaded that its rays will not directly strike the eyes.

3.—WAGES.

1. Wage Standards.—Standards already established in the industry and in the locality should not be lowered. The minimum wage rates should be made in proper relation to the cost of living, and in fixing them it should be taken into consideration that the prices of necessities of life have shown great increases.

4.—NEGOTIATION BETWEEN EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYES.

The need of preserving and creating methods of joint negotiations between employers and groups of employes is especially great in the light of the critical points of controversy which may arise in a time like the present. Existing channels should be preserved and new ones opened, if required, to provide easier access for discussion between an employer and his employes over controversial points.

5. STANDARDS FOR EMPLOYMENT OF WOMEN.

1. Hours of Labor.—Existing legal standards should be rigidly maintained, and even where the law permits a nine or ten hour day efforts should be made to restrict the work of women to eight hours.

2. Prohibition of Night Work.—The employment of women on night shifts should be prevented as a necessary protection, morally and physically.

3. Rest Periods.—No woman should be employed for a longer period than four and a half hours without a break for a meal, and a recess of ten minutes should be allowed in the middle of each working period.

4. Time for Meals.—At least thirty minutes should be allowed for a meal, and this time should be lengthened to forty-five minutes or an hour if the working day exceeds eight hours.

5. Place for Meals.—Meals should not be eaten in the workroom.

6. Saturday Half-Holiday.—The Saturday half-holiday should be considered an absolute essential for women under all conditions.

7. Seats.—For women who sit at their work seats with backs should be provided, unless the occupation renders this impossible. For women who stand at work seats should be available, and their use permitted at regular intervals.

8. Lifting Weights.—No woman should be required to lift repeatedly more than twenty-five pounds in any single load.

9. Replacement of Men by Women.—When it is necessary to employ women in work hitherto done by men care should be taken to make sure that the task is adapted to the strength of women. The standards of wages hitherto prevailing for men in the process should not be lowered where women render equivalent service. The hours for women engaged in such processes, of course, should not be longer than those formerly worked by men.

10. Tenement House Work.—No work shall be given out to be done in rooms used for living purposes or in rooms directly connected with living rooms in any dwelling or tenement.

6. STANDARDS FOR EMPLOYMENT OF MINORS.

1. Age.—No child under 14 years of age shall be employed at any work under any conditions.

2. Hours of Labor.—No child between the ages of 14 and 16 years shall be employed more than eight hours a day or forty-eight hours a week, and night work is prohibited.

3. Federal Child Labor Law.—These and other provisions of the Federal child labor law must be strictly observed.

4. Minors Under 18.—Minors of both sexes under 18 years of age should have the same restrictions upon their hours as already outlined for women employes.

FOR THE 8-HOUR DAY.

Federation Asked to Urge Extending It Beyond Wilson's Order.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 18.—There was no session of the American Federation of Labor Convention today. Many of the prominent officers in the organization spoke from pulpits and forums, and the Socialist delegates were invited by the local Socialist organization to attend a mass meeting.

President Samuel Gompers, it was announced today, has been invited to visit England at the close of the present convention. The invitation was brought by John L. Hill and Arthur Hayday, fraternal delegates from the British Trades Union Congress, and came from the Parliamentary Committee of the Trades Union Congress. Mr. Gompers has not indicated whether he will accept.

Delegate Hill, it was also announced, will visit some of the most important centres of this country to place before workers in the United States first-hand information as to the lessons learned by British trade unionists working in close touch with their Government on work connected with the war. Before leaving Great Britain Mr. Hill conferred with the Ministeries of Munitions and Labor and prepared much data which he believes will be of much use to America.

The extent of the application of the eight-hour day to Government contracts, federation leaders here realize, holds the possibility of precipitating one of the liveliest fights of the convention when it reconvenes this week. The ruling of certain Government departments that President Wilson's proclamation of March 4, 1917, applies only to contractors engaged directly on Government work has resulted in the introduction of two resolutions which seek to have the federation go on record as favoring the same principle for all firms and corporations supplying manufactured materials to Government contractors.

AGAINST WAR TIME WEALTH.

Jacob H. Schiff Says No Man Should Seek to Increase Fortune.

To the captains of the forces who are to lead the campaign in this city to collect $5,000,000 for Jewish War Relief and for the Jewish Board of Welfare Work in the Army and Navy, Jacob H. Schiff declared yesterday:

"No man should seek to increase his personal fortune for the period of the war. The duty of every American at this time is to devote his whole thought and effort to the needs of the Government and to the needs of those who have been made to suffer through the war. It is, in my opinion, distinctly unpatriotic for those who have what they require to seek at such a time as this to amass additional wealth when thousands of young men are offering their lives in sacrifice for the ideals of America and when other thousands, many old men, women, and little children, are dying of starvation."

The meeting held yesterday at the home of Mr. Schiff, 965 Fifth Avenue, was for the purpose of discussing plans for the campaign for war relief which is to be held between Dec. 3 and 15. It is proposed during these two weeks to reach every one of the 1,500,000 Jews in New York City in the effort to complete the $10,000,000 needed by the Welfare Board for its work among the 50,000 Jewish soldiers in active service. The captains who were assembled for the first time comprised Mortimer Schiff, Louis Marshall, Henry Morgenthau, Abram I. Elkus, Sam A. Lewisohn, Jacob Unterberg, Leopold Stern, Simon F. Rothschild, Bernard Semel, J. H. Semel, E. S. Rothschild, Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, Leopold Plaut, H. B. Rosen, Sol G. Rosenbaum, Louis J. Robertson, Jacob Rossbach, Dudley D. Sicher, Leo Sulzberger, Henry M. Tech, Arthur D. Wolf, Sigmund Eisner, Saul F. Dribben, Walter Emmerich, Herbert S. Martin, Sam Kridel, and David A. Brown of Detroit, who has volunteered his services to conduct the campaign.

SLACKER'S RUSE A FAILURE.

He Picked Up Papers, but Showed His Mind Was All Right.

The method adopted by one man to get out of the national army is told by an army officer from one of the cantonments near New York.

"In a recent batch of recruits," he said, "there was one man who acted so peculiarly from the moment he arrived that several of the privates called my attention to him. This man would pick up every piece of paper he saw, scrutinize it carefully and then say in the most mournful tones: 'That ain't it.' All day long, in the barracks and out of doors, he would keep up this performance. It got on the nerves of some of the men, and they told me about it. After watching the man for a couple of days I sent him to the base hospital for observation. Here he completely fooled the doctors.

"At the end of the second week, after the man had picked up and examined every piece of paper he could find, each time uttering his refrain, 'That ain't it,' the doctors recommended that he be returned to civil life as mentally deranged. Accordingly the proper papers were made out and the Mustering Officer summoned the man to his office. As soon as the slacker received his honorable discharge, he examined it and then said, 'That's it.'"

The officer added that not many minutes elapsed before the man was back again with his company and started on two weeks kitchen duty.

RECRUIT FIREMEN FOR WAR.

Drive for 7,000 Men Nearing a Successful Conclusion.

With the aid of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense, the naval recruiting office here, in charge of Commander Adams, is rounding up its quota of the 7,000 men needed acutely in the stokeholds of fighting ships and transports. The subway bandsmen and the musicians of the battleship "Recruit" in Union Square are manning recruiting buses, and the eloquence of young officers is winning many men to feed a fire for Uncle Sam.

The recruiting officials believe their campaign will yield the necessary number of men by the end of this week. The naval recruiting officials point out that if a fireman's life does not appeal, there is plenty of room elsewhere, as the navy needs cooks, messmen, bakers, underseamen, coppersmiths, hospital apprentices, electricians, radio operators, enginemen, molders, patternmakers, blacksmiths, and machinists.

GOLD SEAL Champagne
A wine of the highest quality
Edward S. McGrath, Local Representative
45 B'dway. Phone Rector 4745

WAR BOARDS WEIGH BUILDING STATUS

Construction Interests Not Disturbed by Attention to New York Problems.

INTERMITTENT DELAYS ONLY

Most Building Materials Are in Storage and Can Be Shipped Here by Water.

Building construction interests in this market were not disturbed by the fact that Washington War Boards were weighing the status of building construction and material requirements in the light of war necessity, according to The Dow Service Daily Building Reports today.

Fuel and other administrators now know that the building industry is very closely allied with the plans now under way for speedily winning the war, floating future Liberty Loans and otherwise helping the various departments in getting the highest degree of efficiency in every field of war-time activity.

In this district especially, the lack of adequate building space with which to carry on the administrative departments of great companies engaged in supplying war materials, the necessity for speedily building docks, warehouses, and homes and tenements for factory workers being brought here by the thousands to work in the new plants now being rushed to completion and the constant letting of other contracts for additional Government buildings, all of which create in themselves demand for other types of building in their proximity; all combined to convince the authorities of the absolute necessity of giving building construction and material manufacturers free rein in keeping their organizations together so as to be ready for any emergency demand for building accommodation that may arise, especially since this district is now so very seriously under constructed.

Most building materials are manufactured and placed in store for future requirements. This applies to practically 95 per cent. of materials going into construction. Therefore even should an embargo be placed on certain commodities there is no reason to believe that building construction will be checked.

Common brick is available in ample quantities. It is selling today at a lower price than it has since this country went to war, $8 to $8.25, with manufacturers not over anxious to sell. Approximately 20,000,000 less brick came into this market so far than was reported in the same period last year, and up the river there is a quantity of brick wholly adequate to take care of the requirements of this city and vicinity.

But the opening of a shipyard in the Newburg district, the heart of the brick manufacturing centre, is expected to have a serious bearing on the amount of brick that will be produced next year, with the result that brick makers are inclined not to push the market with their good brick. The brick selling at $7.75 and $8 are clearance brick.

Portland cement manufacturers have moderate stocks on hand. Shipments from all mills combined were slightly more favorable for October than for September. Shipments for ten months were only one per cent. under the corresponding period last year.

Shipments for October were not quite equal to those of September, but were greater than those for June, July and August, while the cement and clinker stock combined is over half a million barrels less than a month ago in the Eastern market. The growing availability of concrete as a substitute for steel and its probable use in making concrete ships will probably occasion higher demands upon the manufacturers of this product next Spring than was earlier anticipated. Stocks right now in the Lehigh Valley district are only 2 per cent. greater than they were a year ago.

Sharp reductions are reported in the current lists on angles, tees and tank plates ranging from a quarter of a cent a pound on the two former and two cents on the latter. The National Tube Company's new discount card on tubular products, showing advances over former prices of $8 per ton to the Government price on black and galvanized steel pipe, oil country goods, line pipe and all other tubular products, has not yet affected the New York base, the discounts prevailing here unchanged. Any change in the Pittsburgh base takes some time to become effective in this market because old stocks must be worked off first to place the new list in operation here.

The building trade is beginning to feel the increasing amount of old work coming out for figures reported some time ago as having been revived fur plans in architects' offices.

Current quotations show a slight reaction in common brick from $8.25 flat to $8.00 for fair grade of brick. Portland cement still rules at $2.12 a barrel in 1,000-barrel lots at dock, New York, but is in a seasonal market; roofing slate is reflecting the higher manufacturing costs and is expected to show important changes in the near future.

The whole trend of the building material market is in favor of building activity during the winter because of the extreme likelihood of general shifting of labor next Spring when the building season gets under way. Architects are urging their clients to proceed with building operations now, especially with tenement house operations, small dwellings, and building alterations.

STOKES GEMS LISTED.

Police and Pawnbrokers Asked to Find $30,000 Stolen Property.

A list of the jewels stolen on Oct. 31 from Mrs. W. E. D. Stokes, wife of the proprietor of the Hotel Ansonia, was sent to pawnbrokers here on Saturday and to the police of large cities for similar distribution. The jewels were in a box in a suitcase that had been placed with other baggage in the owner's stateroom on a West Shore train, on which she was returning from Chicago. Mr. Stokes said last night that no clue to the lost property had been obtained, although the police and many private detectives throughout the country had been searching for fifteen days. Mrs. Stokes declined to give the value of the jewelry, but it is estimated at more than $30,000.

Twenty-nine pieces of jewelry and $110 in bond coupons were taken by the thief. The larger pieces consisted of a diamond necklace, a neck chain of diamonds, about one-quarter carat each; a pair of diamond bracelets, which may be worn as a necklace; a bar pin of fifteen diamonds, one of four pear-shaped rubies and a number of diamonds; a bracelet of two sapphires and two diamonds, one pearl, and three diamond pins, six rings, several of them heirlooms; a gold watch initialed "H. E.," and engraved inside "Helen Ellwood, 1908," and a gold meshbag set with diamonds and sapphires and initialed "H. E. S."

It is believed the thief opened the suitcase with a key and took the jewel box, as the lock of the suitcase was unbroken. A pawnbroker said it was doubtful if a thief would attempt to pawn so valuable a collection of jewels, but would dispose of them to a "fence" or receiver of stolen goods.

CALLS AUNT A SUICIDE.

Soldier Nephew of Mrs. Stiassny Testifies at Inquiry.

Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling continued his investigation yesterday into the death of Mrs. Sarah Stiassny. One witness was examined by Mr. Dooling. He was Albert Holzman, a nephew of Mrs. Stiassny, who came up from Camp Upton. Mr. Holzman said that he saw his aunt on the Sunday prior to her death and that she then appeared to be in good health. He also said that he had loaned Richard Epstein, chief beneficiary under the will of Mrs. Stiassny, $200 some time prior to the death of his aunt. Mr. Epstein had repaid him, he said. Mr. Holzman said he was firmly convinced his aunt had committed suicide.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Columbus Circle, (311 West 59th St.)—Store and basement, most suitable for hardware, auto accessories, electric supply; lofts 22x90; light manufacturing; also offices, salesrooms, north skylight studios. Apply on premises, or phone Rieser, 5350 Madison Square.

7 EAST 54TH STREET.
25-foot, 4-story and basement house, with 3-story extension, elevator, steam heat, electric light; in the exclusive retail section. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

A model maker working for a first-class trade, wishes to rent space in a dressmaker's establishment or any other suitable business. Phone or write, M. Demay, Room 316, Hotel Martinique, Madison Sq. 8000.

In desirable office building, 640 sq. ft.; divided into reception room and four private offices; express subway station in building. Apply Room 601, No. 80 East 42d St., N. Y. City.

Garage for sale or rent, lot 27x100; three-story brick building; location, 225 East 67th St. Permission to inspect by addressing Crimmins Operating Co., Inc., 624 Madison Av. Plaza 6782.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES. —Every facility, $16.50 and $30.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway, Room 807.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE.—Extension waiting room; private house; desirable living accommodations; excellent location, 1,041 Madison Av., (near 79th.) Lenox 101.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Grade and parlor floors; alteration to suit; excellent light; doctor, dentist, modiste, any business. Tel. Schuyler 2528.

Lofts for Rent.—Large and small; light; improved; one block from P. R. R. ferry and Hudson tube; rents reasonable. E. Gross, 315 Henderson St., Jersey City.

Lofts, 75x75 and 75x43; freight and passenger elevators; excellent location. Apply premises, 30 Park Place, or your broker.

Store, 28 East 33d St., near Madison Av.; large display window; steam heat, hot water. Wm. F. Fuerst, Inc., agent, 87 Nassau St.

For rent, two fireproof lofts; building 50x100; choice location, Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg., New York City.

All conveniences, telephone service and stenographer. Chelsea Paper and Twine Co., 144 West 19th.

Lofts, factories; complete, efficient, courteous service. The Factory Exchange, 43 Cedar St. Tel. John 3719 and Boston.

140 WEST 34TH ST.—Showrooms and offices. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

25,000 SQUARE FEET, LAFAYETTE ST., NEAR ASTOR PLACE; PRINCIPALS ONLY. APPLY P 6 TIMES.

Studio, 18x24, north light, to rent; $40. 4th Av., cor. 25th St. Madison Square 3381.

DOCTOR OR DENTIST.
Desirable parlor floor. - 53 West 54th St.

Fifth Av. office, with northern light, also 17x34. Inquire Room 1007, 366 Fifth Av.

Loft, 75x90, light on four sides; 401-405 East 91st St. Inquire on premises.

Skylight studios, bachelor apartments, $30 to $60. 5 West 16th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED, LARGE STORE OR BUILDING SUITABLE FOR AUTOMOBILES, (TO HOLD 100 AUTOMOBILES,) ON OR NEAR BROADWAY, FROM 42D TO 63D STS. GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, MAIL ONLY. B. B., ROOM 301, 1,493 BROADWAY.

Small 1-story shop, 50x100, ground floor, any town within 1 hour from N. Y. City; water facilities and unskilled help; state rent. A 61 Times.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

NOTICE OF SALE.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court, District of New Jersey.—In the Matter of FLEMISH PHONOGRAPH COMPANY, Bankrupt.—By order of the Honorable George R. Beach, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Take notice that on November 23rd at 2 o'clock in the afternoon the assets of the above named bankrupt will be offered for sale, either as a whole or otherwise, in the United States District Court Room, Post Office Building, Jersey City, N. J., and such matters in reference to the administration of this estate as may be deemed proper will then or thereafter be made. For particulars as to the property to be offered for sale and the terms and conditions of sale, inquiry may be made of the receivers or their attorney, and inspection may be had at the factory, Bush Terminal, Brooklyn, N. Y. The property consists of machinery, parts, cabinets, fixtures and office furniture, office fixtures and partitions. The office furniture, etc., may be inspected at the former office of the company, No. 220 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

HENRY SILICOCKS,
165 Broadway, New York City;
WENDELL J. WRIGHT,
50 Church Street, New York City,
Receivers.
JAMES N. ROSENBERG, 74 Broadway, New York City, Solicitor for Receivers.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES FRIEDLANDER & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Nov. 26, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 58 Warren St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a very large jobber's stock of Automobile Supplies and Accessories of every kind and description. Also fixtures, comprising large Mosler Safe, Steel and Wooden Filing Cabinets, Desks, Typewriters, Telephone Booth, Platform Scale, Partitions, etc.

I. L. SCHWARTZ, Receiver,
120 Broadway.
IRVING ZION, Attorney for Receiver, 120 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of OTTO BIEBER and CHARLES BIEBER, individually and as members of the firm of OTTO BIEBER & BRO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 265 West 23rd Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Automobile Accessories, Hardware, Tools, Electric Motor, Fixtures, etc.

HERMAN STIEFEL, Receiver.
JOFFE & STRAUSMAN, Attorney for Receiver, 141 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NATHAN LENDING, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Nov. 26, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 256 West 23rd St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Dresses, Silks, Velvet, Taffeta, Chiffon, Trimmings, Machinery, Cutting Tables, Desks, Safe, Partitions, Fixtures, etc.

MORRIS ISRAEL, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of STARKEY OFFICE SUPPLY CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 302 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Office Furniture and Fixtures, Desks, Chairs, Tables, Filing Cabinets, Filing Devices, &c.

GORDON CAMERON, Trustee.
MORRIS POPPER, Attorney for Trustee, 99 Nassau St., New York.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Section 347, Tariff Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold 1 carton of feathers of wild birds. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 3, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted. Dated Nov. 10, 1917.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice is hereby given that on June 5, 1917, The Hoboken Ferry Company and The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company filed their petition praying limitation of their liability as Owner and Charterer respectively of the ferryboat "Scandinavia," for any loss, damage, or injury arising on or about February 20, 1917, from a collision between the ferryboat "Scandinavia" and the steamship "Joaquin Mumbru," in consequence of which persons are alleged to have sustained damage. That petitioners have stipulated to pay into this Court the value of said ferryboat "Scandinavia" and pending freight as appraised, viz.: $96,975, with lawful interest according to law; that all persons claiming damages by reason of said accident are required by the monition issued to me by said Court to prove their claims before Max Rockmore, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, Room 349, P. O. Building, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 19th day of November, 1917, at 10:30 A. M.; and that persons not so proving claims will be then defaulted.

Dated, New York, August 10, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
A. J. McMAHON, Proctor for Petitioners.

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Loans on chattel mortgage on machinery or automobiles; corporation notes discounted; strictly confidential. Coney, 1,790 Broadway, Room 512.

REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

31 BARKER AV., WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. For rent, a three-story and basement frame dwelling, containing 14 rooms and 2 baths; hot water heat; plot 75x175; rent, $100 per month. JOSEPH P. DAY, Agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

A beautiful old Colonial house in residential section of Larchmont; large plot; high ground; ten rooms, two baths, every modern improvement; convenient to station; Sound, school, &c.; $1,000 cash, balance monthly payments, like rent. Kritsch, 11 East 42d St. Phone 6441 Murray Hill.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

BEST BARGAIN IN MARKET.
Must sell my beautiful home at sacrifice. Particulars from Owner, 65 Times.

Westfield.—Rebuilt house, one-half acre, only $5,500; very cheap. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York City.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FACTORY BUILDING for sale, 10,000 square feet, 40-horse water power, never failing water, steam heating plant; location, in Connecticut town; population, 20,000; railroad siding in front, station near; will sell cheap. Address WARNER, (personal,) 96 Chambers St., New York.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

A three-story and basement private residence, downtown, west side, central location; private party. G. E. Storm, 2,466 Webb Av., New York City.

Brooklyn.

Brick house 2½ stories and basement; all improvements; will sacrifice for cash. Linchitz, 236 Penn St., Brooklyn.

Westchester.

$500 cash, balance monthly, buys California bungalow, 6 rooms, bath, plot 50 by 147, facing Hudson River; 740 Warburton Av., Yonkers; near Glenwood Station; room for garage; trolley passes; brokers protected. Rose, owner, 9 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 2728.

Long Island.

If you are looking for a small country home, with two full acres of fine farm land, located not far from railroad town and beautiful lake, complete for $1,325, on easy terms, call or write at once to B. Store, 106 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

$100 cash buys six-room house and large plot of good garden soil; ideal location for poultry; near big town; one hour from city; balance can be paid off $12 per month. Poultry, Box 285 Times Downtown.

Old house, with plenty of ground for vegetables, chickens, &c.; good section; near station and bay; only $1,400 to quick buyer; on easy terms. Estate, Box 210 Times Downtown.

New Jersey.

QUAINT Colonial home, 47 minutes on D., L. & W. from New York City, in beautiful mountain country, near Montclair, 6 minutes' walk to Ex. Station; 4 master bedrooms, modern bath, living room, 28 feet long, with big open fireplace; running water, electric light, steam heat; house very tastily decorated and ready to move into; large grounds, near a pretty lake; country club, schools, churches, and markets close by; shades and screens all in; first mortgage of $4,200 new on; $2,000 cash buys it, and it's a wonderful bargain. Mrs. OWNER, Box 516 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

A BIG FARM.—Orange County, 278 fertile acres, on railroad and State road, near station; cheap; photos; particulars this office. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, 120 Broadway, New York. Rector 7718.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

COMMUTER'S FARM, hour out on Erie, good express service; fine modernized house, excellent outbuildings; 50 acres; 10 minutes drive from station; fruit trees; stock; tools; all equipped. Brady, 15 Park Row.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

14 acres; some fine land; high location; seven-room house; barn and poultry houses; good condition; near depot; $2,800; terms. GOODHARDT, Spring Valley, N. Y.

For Sale.—800-acre cotton farm, well improved; desirably located; in high state of cultivation. Address Odel Plantation, Post Office Box 228, Arkansas City, Ark.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

Manhattan.

93D, 257 WEST.—FIVE-STORY AMERICAN BASEMENT, 3 BATHS. CARETAKER.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

81st, 3 East.—Attractively furnished 5-story American basement; elevator and squash court. Can be seen from 1 to 5 P. M., or phone 6958 Plaza.

Brooklyn.

Colonial House, 8 rooms, 3 baths, on Ocean Av.; large grounds, garage; leaving town; will sublet for Winter, or longer, furnished or unfurnished; $75 month. Phone Midwood 1311W.

Miscellaneous.

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS—TO RENT—A furnished 12-room house, with 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, large yard and garage for two cars; ideally situated and attractive inside and out; a smart residence for a protracted stay at the Springs; rent $250 monthly. Apply Box W 148 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

48TH, 20 EAST.—Two rooms and bath, nicely furnished; will rent balance of lease, $110 monthly; maid service.

56TH, 133 EAST.—Near Park Av., exclusive house, 2 or 3 rooms and bath.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED. Choice localities; long, short leases. 4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side. CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1459.

ATTENTION.—Established 30 years. List your apartments. Waiting lists. A1 clientele. Lelands, One West 34th. Phone 1428 Greeley, also Murray Hill 3241.

BACHELOR APARTMENT, two rooms, kitchenette, 5th Av. section. Lenney, 51 East 42d.

Distinctive apartment, 10 rooms and 3 baths, $5,900. Telephone Plaza 6525.

CORNER APARTMENT, six rooms, daintily furnished; elevator, telephone; $100. 138 E. 94th St.

SMARTLY FURNISHED APARTMENTS IN ALL MOST DESIRABLE LOCALITIES. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., AGENTS, 402 MADISON AV., AT 47TH ST.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 80 EAST.—Going to France, sublet elegantly furnished apartmen, including piano.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV.—Shopping centre; handsomely furnished apartment; maid service; immense living room, dining room, kitchen, two bedrooms, bath; six months, $325 monthly. Phone Mad. Sq. 7894, 11-2, after 6 P. M.

16TH, 51 WEST.—1, 2, and 3 room suites; southern exposure; open fireplace; tea room in building; light, heat, telephone, maid service.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths; single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

57TH ST., 52 WEST.—Attractive, high-class two-room and bath apartment. Vanderbilt 5780.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,251.—In Bankruptcy.—EDMUND L. GOODMAN, Bankrupt.

Edmund L. Goodman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on November 10th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on November 30th, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY.
Referee in Bankruptcy.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just Off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; handsomely furnished.

54TH ST., 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsomely furnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath and 3 rooms with 2 baths; sunny rooms; steam heat.

55TH, 50 WEST.—Living room, breakfast room, bedroom, bathroom, kitchenette. Telephone Plaza 6958.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apt. Hotel.)—Attractive suite, 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly, monthly rate.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Sublet, 4-room apartment, exquisitely furnished; two bedrooms, living and dining room combined, kitchen; refrigeration; maid service; $250 monthly. Call afternoons, Apartment 4-1, or telephone appointment, Circle 1456.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Attractive, handsome 7 outside rooms; 3 bedrooms. Columbus 1377.

58TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.
Alwyn Court; 12 rooms, 5 baths; newly decorated; magnificent, artistic, yet homelike. Railing, 4253 Columbus.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex apartment, Hotel des Artistes, three rooms, kitchenette, refrigeration, cooking free; $200. Mrs. Wood.

69TH ST., 19 WEST, Overlooking Central Park.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath; maid service; restaurant; finest in the city. Mrs. Deane, on premises.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Two exceptionally handsome rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity, private telephone; excellent location; $23 weekly; also other rooms.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Apartments, furnished; entire floor; 2 and 3 connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity; $125 and $150.

70S.—Magnificently furnished 8 rooms, 3 baths; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

72D, 42 WEST.—Two of the most delightfully furnished small apartments in New York; two rooms, with tiled baths; new building; 7 windows in each suite; moderate priced restaurant, with service in apartments; overlooking Central Park; convenient to subway express, elevated, and service; $95-$100 monthly; leases only.

72D subway express, (2,025 Broadway.)—Ideal bachelor club; 7 spacious, outside, sunny rooms; high-class elevator apartment; newly decorated; seen any time; immediate possession; reasonable; reference. 684 Columbus. Evans.

72D, 167 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, suitable for couple or bachelors; third floor. Whitney.

75TH St., (northeast corner West End Av.)—Attractive suites, with bath; large, sunny rooms, with or without bath; suitable for two.

79TH ST., 307 WEST.—Own home, 8 rooms, 2 baths, exceptionally well appointed, piano, beautiful view Hudson and Southern exposure; $300 monthly. Apt. 10 West.

81ST, 203 WEST, (Barrington.)—Three rooms, handsome; short lease. 5520 Schuyler.

86TH ST., 200 WEST.
Am leaving city; will sublet my 7-room, well-appointed apartment, long or short lease, immediate possession. Apartment 81. Phone 5200 Schuyler, or Superintendent.

97TH.—Beautifully furnished 5-room apartment, $185 month; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 1452.

99TH, 306 WEST, (near West End.)—3 or 8 room apartment; two baths. Flansburgh.

101ST, 205 WEST, THE JOSEPH HOTEL. 3 doors from B'way. Phone 9575 River. High-class, nicely, completely furnished 6 large, airy rooms and bath; $120-$130. Electricity and maid service included. All-night telephone, elevator. Also attractive, well-heated single double rooms, kitchen privileges, $4-$10 weekly.

118TH, 401 WEST, (Apt. 52, facing Morningside Drive.)—Three rooms, housekeeping.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates $80 monthly and up, $20 weekly up; breakfast and dinner, $9 weekly, (optional.)
HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST.
One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus line. C. M. Bellak, Mgr. Dir.

AN exceptional apartment, for bachelors; private house; exclusive location. Telephone Plaza 2200.

APARTMENTS Beautifully Furnished.
2 to 5 ROOMS AND BATH.
Attractive restaurant, table d'hote and a la carte; best food, reasonable prices; complete hotel service; $60 monthly up; near Riverside Drive, Central Park; 2 blocks from 96th subway express station.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS,
305 West 98th St. Near Broadway.
Telephone Riverside 6100.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished; long, short leases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d. Col. 1077.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $60-$75-$85; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

ATTRACTIVE private home apartments, west side and Washington Heights. Crescent Co., 547 West 110th, Corner Broadway, (2d floor.)

CLAREMONT AV., 29.—High-class apartment, seven rooms and two baths, completely furnished, to sublet Dec. 1; $150. J. Collins, Apartment 6B.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

DESIRABLE, well-located 7 rooms, completely furnished apartment; short lease. 5830 Riverside.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS A SPECIALTY. —Town-Country Renting Agency, 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5565.

NICELY FURNISHED apartment, 2 rooms, kitchen, bath; 96th subway. Phone Riverside 1626.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 448, (116th.)—Handsomely furnished, 10 rooms, 3 baths; superb view; grand piano, Victrola, linen, silver; immediate possession; sublet. Phone Morningside 6570. Apt. 102.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.) —Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 3 rooms facing Drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—Nine rooms, 3 baths, overlooking Hudson; beautifully furnished; must be seen to be appreciated. A. J. Odell, 5400 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528, (Claremont Inn.) —Handsomely furnished; three; bath; facing Hudson; $15.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

WEST SIDE elegant suite in private residence; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; service, heat, electricity. Phone Riverside 9395.

WEST END AV., Corner 80th St.—10 rooms, 2 baths; 10th floor; entirely new; unusually beautiful. Telephone 2225 Schuyler.

80s.—Handsomely furnished 8-room duplex apartment, immediate possession, Winter months, longer, $175 month. Particulars telephone Vanderbilt 1453.

Unfurnished—East Side.

21ST, 143 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—2-room, bath, and kitchenette apartment, unfurnished or furnished; $60 or $65.

34TH ST., 62 and 64 East, Vanderbilt Studios, (adjoining Vanderbilt Hotel.)—Apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath, $900 to $1,380; meals and service if desired. Apply R. S. Kamin, on premises, or telephone Murray Hill 913.

RUTHERFORD PLACE, 3 Stuyvesant Park.—Single flat, 6 rooms, $70; all improvements.

Unfurnished—West Side.

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2028.

74TH, 132 WEST. — Attractive two-room suite; all improvements; maid service; references.

88TH ST., 105 WEST.—7 large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; convenient to elevated and subway; rent, $55.

110TH, 225 WEST—DAWSON ARMS.
High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms, facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

124TH ST., 527-529 WEST, (near B'way and Columbia College.) — Exceptionally fine apartments, 4-5 rooms; well-kept house; bath, steam, elevator, telephone; $43 month up.

135TH, 229 WEST.—Single apartment, eight large rooms; newly decorated; one flight.

150TH, 569, (Corner Broadway.)—Six large outside rooms; modern elevator bldg.; $65.

AUDUBON AV., 215, Corner 176th, (Brighton.)—Six rooms, bath; elevator apt.; $50.

BROADWAY, S. E. COR. 160TH ST.
Six, eight large, light rooms; high-class; elevator, electricity; complete service; low rentals. Superintendent on premises.

BROADWAY, 2,128.—TWO AND THREE ROOMS, WITH BATH, MAID SERVICE; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, $45-$55.
274-276 West 19th St., 5 and 6 all light rooms. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or Supt.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25, in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortland 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

STEAM HEAT GUARANTEED.
5 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, $65.
40 MORNINGSIDE AV.
N. E. Cor. West 118th St., Facing Park.
HENRY C. COLEMAN.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 187. — Unfurnished, beautiful, exclusive, 2 rooms, bath, $35, 1 room, bath, $25; spacious parlors, bath, $35; basement, $25; subway, Wall St., 4 minutes. Owner, premises.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Private family; two warm, comfortably furnished rooms, single or suite; breakfast; business men preferred; references. Boyd.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Attractive room, all improvements; gentlemen; references; private residence.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished room, private bath; steam heat, electricity; park privileges; board optional; references.

22D, 41 EAST.—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished rooms; all conveniences; also basement; references.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; phone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

35TH, 20 EAST, (Near Madison.)—Large room, adjoining bath; southern exposure; gentleman.

43D, 16 EAST.—All comforts; refined home; completely furnished; cheerful room, bath; references.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity, phone; reference.

56TH, 83 EAST.—Beautiful, large room for gentlemen only; respectable French family.

61ST, 166 EAST.—Beautifully furnished front parlor; hot and cold water; private bath, electricity; piano; select surroundings.

61ST, 217 EAST.—Beautiful, large, sunny rooms; conveniences; private house; select surroundings; references.

61ST, 27 EAST.—Two rooms and bath, single or en suite. Plaza 2325.

64TH ST., (Madison Av., 783-785.)—Nicely furnished, large, single rooms, telephone; $3, $3.50, $4.

66TH, 46 EAST.—Large front room; also others; very reasonable; running water, telephone.

IDEAL SUITE, 3 rooms, bath, cozy, homelike furnishings; open fireplace; electricity; steam; private entrance; excellent location. Orchard 3524.

LEXINGTON AV., 515, (Cor. 48th St.)—Elegantly furnished front room; three windows; telephone; elevator apartment; references. Mme. Paraga.

MADISON AV., 174.—VANDERBILT STUDIOS.—Furnished, unfurnished rooms; unusual; references exchanged. Mur. Hill 9296.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; music studios rented by day or hour.

West Side.

8TH, 21 WEST, (Washington Square Section.)—Two connecting rooms; running water; suitable for light housekeeping; furnished or unfurnished.

23D, 258 WEST.—Single room, $3.50; steam heat, running water; gentlemen.

37TH ST., 27-40 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, single room; telephone; $3, $3.50, $4.

40TH, 44 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

47TH, 27 WEST.—Handsomely furnished single, double rooms; private bath; telephone; $45; 10-12.

54TH ST., 53 WEST.—Room for business woman; electricity; telephone; reasonable; references.

128 WEST 58TH ST.
Comfortable room; modern conveniences; gentleman, references.

40 WEST 58TH ST.
Rooms and Suites, attractively furnished.

63D, 31 WEST.—Newly furnished room, bath, steam; private; ground floor. Schott.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Hall bedroom, $3 weekly; other single and double bedrooms; warm running water; private baths; references.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Just opened; everything brand new; furnished rooms, single or en suite; electricity; refined surroundings; investigate.

69TH, 140 WEST.—Bachelors' apartments, first floor; other attractively furnished rooms; telephone Buckley.

70TH ST., 213 WEST.—Large, small, single or suite, private baths; also top floor, 3 rooms, private bath. Tel. Schuyler 2528.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen; business couple.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Rooms with and without running water; near all car lines.

71ST, 62 WEST.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; ONE FLIGHT; PRIVATE BATH, DRESSING ROOM, SHOWER, LAVATORY; STEAM, ELECTRICITY; OTHER ROOMS.

71ST, 135 WEST. — ATTRACTIVE LARGE ROOM, EXTENSION BATH; STEAM, ELECTRICITY; OWNER'S MANAGEMENT.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Studio, large double and single room; southern exposure; breakfast; references.

71ST, 216 WEST.—Attractive, large front room; all conveniences.

71ST, 206 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; phone; also smaller room; references.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

71ST, 118 WEST. — Attractive large front room, suitable for two; electricity; heated.

72D, 58 WEST.—Very attractive, large, front room adjoining bath; handsomely furnished; gentleman preferred; references required. Telephone 218 Columbus.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Attractive front room; electric lights; private family; gentlemen.

73D, 302 WEST.—Two double rooms, front and southern exposure; private baths; board optional; comfortable Winter home; near subway.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms, near subway, elevator; references.

73D, 118 WEST.—Newly decorated large and single rooms; private baths; southern exposure.

73D, 158 WEST.—Sunny, newly furnished hall room, adjoining bath; reasonable; references.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room; private bath; telephone, electric light.

74TH, 242 WEST.—ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED SUITES; ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT BATH; ALSO DOCTOR'S OFFICE; BREAKFAST IF DESIRED.

74TH, 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS.
Newly furnished, two large rooms, with private bath, electric light, steam heat, valet service; references. Col. 8768.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Small room, well heated; southern exposure, adjoining bath; electricity; reference.

74TH, 113 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred; references.

74TH, 111 WEST. — Large, beautiful room, private bath; electricity; every convenience.

75TH, 159 WEST.—Single, ensuite; attractively furnished; southern exposure; electricity; adjoining bath.

75TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, private bath; also small room; electricity.

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, electricity, $10-$12.

75TH, 38 WEST.—Large, small rooms; attractive, comfortable; breakfast if desired; references.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Nice, sunny rooms; first-class house; select neighborhood; telephone; reasonable.

75TH, 126 WEST. — Large rooms; private bath; electricity; newly furnished.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Large sunny front room; electricity; private bath; kitchenette privileges; references.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house; two large rooms; connecting baths; single or en suite.

77TH, 126 WEST. — Well-heated large, also single, rooms, in quiet, refined house.

77TH, 131 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, comfortable; other rooms; electricity; reference.

111 WEST 77TH ST.
Desirable small room; references; reasonable.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large front parlor, twin beds, private bath, lavatory, steam, electricity.

78TH, 106 WEST.—Ready for guests Nov. 20; reservations now arranged; meals optional.

78TH, 212 WEST.—Comfortable, clean room, lavatory, electricity; subway; gentlemen. Schuyler 9110.

78TH, 169 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Large front room, twin beds, electricity, adjoining bath; gentlemen only.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Front and back parlor, 1st floor; running water; small room.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts, private home.

79TH, 160 WEST. — Large, well-furnished room, with private bath; near subway; immaculate.

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

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Agents Wanted	50c
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FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

80TH, 155 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Newly furnished front suite, adjoining bath; steam, phone; smaller room; subway, elevated. Roy.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny, two-room studio; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Sunny rooms, private baths, $12; single, $5; electricity, steam heat.

81ST, 233 WEST.—Three rooms, bath; housekeeping; attractively furnished; year's lease; can be seen after 11 A. M. Sunday, or later by appointment. Apartment 2F.

81ST, 168 WEST.—Small and medium light room, newly furnished, adjoining bath; references.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, sunny, warm rooms; private bath, lavatory, kitchenette.

82D, 54 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, second story front, bath, kitchenette; single rooms.

82D, 3 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated front rooms; bath; references.

84TH, 16 WEST.—Attractive, large room; southern exposure; all conveniences; private house.

85TH, 15d WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large room; electricity; all conveniences; also small room.

85TH, 30 WEST.—Parlor suite, suitable physician or dentist; electricity; also other rooms.

85TH, 201 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; running water; elevator apartment; gentleman. Holt.

85TH, 129 WEST.—Attractive medium size room; electricity, telephone; private house. Schuyler 2613.

85TH, 115 WEST.—Beautiful large room; private bath, parquet floor; electricity; refined house.

86TH, 206 WEST, (Miss Smith.)—Fourth floor, large front rooms; private apartment; references.

87TH, 209 WEST.—Well furnished parlor, back parlor; bath, electricity, telephone; refined. Burnett.

88TH, 11 WEST.—Furnished room, modern apartment, strictly private family; every convenience; if interested call Lenox 516 for appointment. M. McKeon.

88TH, 307 WEST.—Attractive rooms, modern house, exclusive block; breakfast optional; references required.

89TH, 330 WEST.—Exclusive house, beautifully appointed; large, small rooms, kitchenette privileges; reasonable.

94TH, 17 WEST.—Furnished room; private house; occupied by owner; bath convenient.

99TH, 214 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room, running water; no other roomers. Strouse.

100TH, 316 WEST.—Magnificent room and bath; $10 week; gentlemen. Apt. 19.

103D, 303 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Three rooms, with running hot and cold water, bath, telephone, and electricity, for rent single or en suite, in elegantly furnished private home; references required.

105TH, 218 WEST, (Broadway.)—Elegantly furnished room; pleasant surroundings; adjoining bath; gentlemen. Copeland.

105TH WEST.—Sunny comfortable rooms in a select apartment, reasonable terms. Telephone 1665 Academy.

105TH, 218 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; also large room; piano; refined surroundings. Roche.

109TH, 312 WEST.—Beautiful large outside room; running water; seventh floor.

110TH ST., 200 WEST, (corner Amsterdam.)—6D, very desirable room in private family.

111TH, 501 WEST.—Exclusive, small, bright room, every convenience; independent. Apartment 44.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Light, single room; washroom; private family; gentleman. Apartment 22.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Attractive front suite; elevator apartment; reasonable. Dent, Apartment 51.

120TH, 359 WEST, (near Morningside.)—Nicely furnished room, adjoining bath; private house.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Unusual room, well furnished, private apartment. Apt. 21.

122D, 520 WEST.—Large, light room; telephone, elevator. Apartment 6 F. W.

135TH, 555 WEST.—Sunny outside room, beautifully furnished; elevator, all conveniences. Collins.

136TH, 611 WEST.—Clean, nicely furnished room, all conveniences; subway, buses; gentlemen, reasonable. Tusey.

142D, 605 WEST.—Room, adjoining shower bath, elevator apartment; $5; subway. Scott.

142D, 527 WEST, (Apt. 2.)—Elegant room, newly furnished; modern apartment; phone.

142D, 527 WEST, (Phone.)—Double room, hot, cold water; kitchen privileges. Mendoza.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room, scrupulously clean. Apt. 27.

144TH, 560 WEST.—Beautiful, light, large room with private family; elevator, telephone; near subway. Apt. 47.

144TH, 609 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Finely furnished outside room, overlooking Hudson. Wallace.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS, 302 West 22d St.
Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly, rooms for two, $3.50 weekly each.

ATTRACTIVE SUITE, bedroom and sitting room, adjoining bath; comfortably homelike; also single room, with running water; moderate. Waetjen, 205 W. 87th.

ATTRACTIVE, sunny room, overlooking Central Park; modern conveniences; woman preferred; $10. Col. 8098.

BROADWAY, 3,131.—Large parlor-bedroom, suitable for gentlemen; refined surroundings; shower; elevator; references. Morningside 5806, Apartment 48.

BROADWAY, 3,675.—Unusual opportunity for party with good references to share apartment; every convenience; reasonable; wonderful location. Connett.

BROADWAY, 3,544, Apartment 25.—Elevator; 145th subway at door; adjoining bath; all conveniences; private family; select location; moderate.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Attractive, newly furnished rooms; suite, overlooking Park. Fryer.

CLAREMONT AV., 200.—Attractive front room; 1, 2 ladies; kitchen privileges; elevator. Apt. 37.

MAGNIFICENTLY furnished suite, parlor, bedroom, bath; gentleman preferred. Apt. 53, Morningside 8600.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th.)—Desirable rooms, with or without private bath, newly furnished; gentlemen; also bedroom and sitting room for two gentlemen; telephone; references. Cardozo.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910, Apartment 7F.—Beautiful room, overlooking Hudson; new elevator apartment; private family; gentlemen. Phone 8446 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528, (Claremont Inn.)—Handsomely furnished outside; express; shower; $6-$3.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222.—Large, attractive room, private bath; also other rooms. 5830 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 102.—Entire floor, private house; 3 rooms with bath; newly furnished.

SOUTHEAST CORNER 100th St., West End Av.—Private, modern house of luxury and comfort, large corner room, running water, electricity, semi-private bath, $10.

WEST END AV., 322, (75th.)—Desirable, comfortably furnished rooms, large, medium, single, or en suite, running water; adjoining (private) bath; electricity, telephone, conveniences; select residential neighborhood; reasonable; subway; references.

WEST END AV., 94th, (Or Unfurnished.)—4 sunny rooms, single, en suite; 2 blocks subway express; modern equipment. River 6937.

WEST END AV., 433, (81st.)—Attractive room in private residence; running water; electric light; telephone; business women preferred.

WEST END AV., 611.—Elegant second-floor front room with elaborately appointed dressing room; electricity; breakfast optional; references.

WEST END AV., 936, (103d St. Subway.)—Corner room; elevator; gentleman; telephone. Apt. 5 West.

WEST END AV., 826, (100th St.)—Superior bachelor accommodations; exclusive residence; breakfast. River 3050.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

WEST END AV., 896, (103d.)—Large room, private bath, $11; residents; steam, electricity.

WEST END AV., 911.—Elegant suite, bath, electricity, telephone; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 683, (93d.)—Choicest section of New York; newly furnished rooms.

WEST END AV., 543.—Desirable room, second floor; quiet, refined house; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Brooklyn.

HEIGHTS, (143 Willow.)—Unusually attractive rooms; private residence; near subway. Main 3011.

FORT HAMILTON PARKWAY, 4,722.—Comfortable, quiet rooms; reasonable. Sunset 5815.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 223.—7 and 8 large, old-fashioned rooms and bath; steam heat; electric lights; rent $60-$70. Supt., on premises.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

FURNISHED room wanted, for gentlemen, west side, permanent. F. F., 201 W. 73d.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

11TH, 26 EAST, Adjoining 5th Av.—Handsomely furnished rooms; superior table; moderate.

53D, 37 EAST.—Rooms, with board; references; table board.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly, up.

West Side.

5TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity; switchboard; refined service.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath, steam; unexcelled board.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms, excellent board; all improvements.

16 WEST 49TH ST.
TABLE BOARDERS; REFERENCES.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive large, small sunny rooms; 2d floor; refined; references.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Rooms, with board; private bath; references.

16 WEST 55TH ST.
Table boarders; rooms; references; gentlemen.

58TH, 46 WEST.—Desirable, large room; private bath; excellent home cooking; references.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms, private baths; parlor dining; excellent table.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 122 WEST.—Attractive, well-heated rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

72D, 261 WEST.—Homelike, handsomely furnished double room, private bath.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; table guests accommodated.

73D, 302 WEST.—Double rooms, private bath; excellent board; near subway; phone.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; private bath; steam, electricity, private phone; also single room; table board.

75TH, 234 WEST, "The Hurlburt."—Sunny back parlor, private bath; steam heat.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—One large, one small room; fine table; excellent location.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive rooms, double and single; private bath or adjoining; steam heat, electricity; private excellent table; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wme, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Second floor; southern exposure; large room, private bath; electricity.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.
SINGLE ROOM AND BOARD.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Beautiful room, with board; business gentleman preferred; modern conveniences. Jay.

85TH, 150 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

86TH, 159 WEST.—Large, attractive room, private bath, electricity; also single room; excellent table; references required; Southern family.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms, suite, with bath; excellent table; references.

87TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large, attractive room; private bath; excellent table; heat, electricity, telephone; convenient; Jewish home.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive, large room, private bath; other rooms; conveniences; excellent table.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Newly, beautifully furnished double rooms, adjoining bath; excellent Jewish table; reasonable; table boarders accommodated. Riverside 9793.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double, and two single rooms, with adjoining bath; Jewish family; excellent table; reasonable rates; table boarders accommodated. Telephone 6926 Riverside.

91ST, 153 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, suitable two; private house; all conveniences.

92D, 60 WEST.—Beautiful large, small rooms, suites; thoroughly renovated; new management; private baths; conveniences; Southern cooking; table board.

9?D, 265 WEST.—Double room; private bath; constant hot water; electricity; table guests.

102D, 243 WEST.—Refined home, one room, twin beds, private baths; near subway.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double room, with bath; two people, $45 per week, (two meals;) service and surroundings; unusual owner's home, near Riverside.

109TH, 308 WEST.—Double rooms; single, en suite; private bath; convenient locality; excellent table.

110TH, 501 WEST.—Private family; breakfast, dinner to one-two adults. Apt. 19.

115TH, (cor. Manhattan Av., "The Columbia.")—Pleasant steam-heated rooms, good board; $8 up; every comfort. Tel. Cathedral 6279.

141ST, 527 WEST.—Beautiful sunny room, suitable 2; steam heat; home cooking; references.

ST. FRANCIS COURT,
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 135TH ST.
Two rooms, single or en suite, facing Hudson and 135th; board; buses; subway.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms. Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables.
Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness.
Social Parlors. Smoking Rooms. Comforts.
Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV.,
174 West 126th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking; convenient.

WEST END AV., 578, (103d.)—Magnificent private dwelling; overlooking Hudson; modern, beautiful rooms; well heated; excellent cooking; moderate.

WEST END AV., 344.—Select accommodations; elegantly furnished rooms, private baths; twin beds; steam, electricity; best home table.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Large, sunny rooms; excellent table; house thoroughly appointed; references.

BOARD WANTED.

Gentleman wishes to share family life with refined English or French family living in handsome apartment in residential quarters, no other boarders; wants large room, private bath, board; no use boarding houses answering; references to be exchanged. P 60 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

New York City.

EDGEHILL INN.
SPUYTEN DUYVIL ON THE HUDSON.
All-year-round home for few guests; beautifully situated, combining country charm and city comfort; transit facilities, subway and New York Central. Address Miss Mary Huntington.

Long Island.

LARGE and small rooms to desirable parties, in pleasant surroundings; meals as desired. Forest Hills 6770.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

A CADILLAC COUPE
KEEPS DISCOMFORTS AWAY.
1916 Coupe, Model 53, 8-cyl., 4-pass., repainted, overhauled, and in fine condition. Telephone Mulberry 3240.

BUICK cabriolet, 1916 model; perfect condition; selling because of enlistment in army. T. J. Hartung, 32 Nassau St.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK, 1916, little six touring, $575.
DODGE, 1916, tour., perfect condition, $375.
Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th Av. Morn. 8387.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET.
Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CADILLAC 1916; exceptionally fine mechanical condition; good shoes; ready for immediate use.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 4004.

CADILLAC 1913 7-passenger touring car; in exceptionally fine mechanical condition.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Phone 4004 Decatur.

CADILLAC, 8-cyl. car; perfect condition; can be seen by appointment. J. Star, phone 699 Far Rockaway; no dealers.

CADILLAC, 1917 landaulet, limousine, sedan, also touring; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CASE sedan; mechanically perfect; out of paint shop today; cost $1,650, will accept $675. Du Cret, 53 Liberty St.

CHALMER coupelet, late 1916 model; excellent condition; fine Winter car; bargain to quick buyer; no dealers. 9248 Bryant.

CHALMERS 1916 five-passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

CHANDLER CREDIT SLIP
for $750, good toward purchase of new Chandler, any style; will be sold for $700 because of owner's going to France. Call Rhinelander 588, between 11 and 12.

CHEVROLET 1916 TOURING CAR, model Baby Grand; good condition; good shoes; looks like new.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Telephone Decatur 4004.

DELAUNAY Belleville brougham, 6 cylinder, 19 h. p.; beautiful, ideal town car; newly painted; perfect condition; electric lights, &c.; bargain. Bord, 114 West 50th St.

ELECTRIC BROUGHAM, 1916, Rauch and Lang, seating five; new, high-capacity battery recently installed; excellent condition; $1,950. Box O 156 Times.

FRANKLIN 1917 four-passenger; 2,300 miles; sell $1,800; many extras. Telephone 3413 Audubon, Apartment 2A, from 6 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

I. A. L. 1917 TOURING.
Beautiful 7-passenger, almost new, used only 8 months; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect; guaranteed. 1,666 Broadway.

HUDSON SUPER SIX, 1916, cabriolet body, 3-passenger car, in best of condition, looks like new, owner will sacrifice because leaving town. Call Columbus 3636. (No dealers.)

HUPMOBILE 1914 TOURING CAR; FINE CONDITION; $350. DIUGUID BROS., 1,285 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

HUPMOBILE, 1917 Sedan; like new. Slocum & Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE, 1917 Sedan; like new. Slocum & Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

KISSEL COUPE, 1917 MODEL; 4 SEATS. SPECIAL BODY, UPHOLSTERY. MECHANICALLY PERFECT. WOLFE, 1,790 BROADWAY. COLUMBUS 3715.

MARMON limousine, late 1917; cost $5,500 new; car like new; must sell immediately. Call Mrs. L. S. F., 200 West 54th St. Phone 1150 Circle.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger limousine; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1916 Club Roadster; 4 passenger. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MAXWELL 1917 touring car; A1 mechanical condition; paint in first-class condition.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Telephone Decatur 4004.

MERCER five-passenger touring, late model; perfect condition; selling because of enlistment in army. T. J. Hartung, 32 Nassau St.

MERCER 1917 Sporting 4-Pass.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

1916 MITCHELL SEDAN.
Just painted and thoroughly overhauled; cost $2,250; owner will sacrifice for $700, account of leaving city. Call 1,926 Broadway, Room 609 or phone Columbus 8599.

MITCHELL LIMOUSINE, 1917.
Most beautiful car in city; seats six inside; five wire wheels; full electric equipment; condition guaranteed. 1,653 Broadway.

MITCHELL 1916 touring, 2,600 miles, cheap. Holbrook's Garage, 20 West 60th St.

NATIONAL Chummy Roadster, 1917, 4-pass.; special inclosed body; 6 wire wheels, 6 brand-new tires; not driven 1,000 miles; owner drafted; price absolutely right for quick sale. Mr. Art, 536 Broad St., Newark—Tel. 3240 Mulberry.

NATIONAL NEWPORT Sedan; mileage 10,000; excellent looks and condition; sacrifice; no dealers. M 63 Times.

OLDSMOBILE 1916, COUPE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

OVERLANDS, WILLYS-KNIGHT, GUARANTEED.
All Models. Closed and Open. Overhauled. Price Exceptionally Low for Quick Sales. Also Some Good Bargains in Other Makes.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway and 50th St. Open Evenings.
WRITE FOR USED CAR BULLETIN.

PACKARD—Series 2-35 and 1-35, five-passenger touring cars, with less than 10,000 miles. The Modern Garage Company, Titusville, Penn.

PACKARD, 1917 2-35 landaulet, also Fleetwood brougham; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PACKARD 1914 48-H. P. seven passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

PACKARD 1915 "3-38" limousine; newly painted, excellent condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD 1916 Twin Six limousine; fine condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 B'way.

PAIGE 7-passenger touring; Cadillac 7-passenger touring; Packard Twin Six 7-passenger touring; Cadillac limousine. Haff, 350 13th St., Brooklyn.

Pierce-Arrow (1918) Limousine, 38 H. P.
Packard (1917) Landaulet 2-35.
Hudson (1917) Limousine, like new.
T. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine, electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine; also touring car; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

REO 1916 touring; driven 5,000 miles; general appearance like new.
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ROLLS-ROYCE Touring car for sale; condition excellent. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS BOOTH 1916.
For quick sale, $330. Tremont 5652.

STANDARD 1917 touring, 7 passenger, demonstrator; same as new. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 Town Car, "Light 4" model; fleetwood limousine body; imported linings; beautiful fixtures and vanity cases; interior renovated; newly painted Brewster green and black; shows no perceptible sign of usage; sold with binding mechanical guarantee. Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 "Light 4" All-Year Type; touring model, equipped with collapsible, handsome, well fitting, specially constructed A. & W. tops; overhauled, newly painted, and sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE by Stearns Company, (Driscoll, Used Car Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STUDEBAKER, 1916, "6," 7-passenger; just overhauled. Ecclesine, Columbus 4648.

STUTZ 1918 ROADSTER. NEW CAR.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING. NEW CAR.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1915 H. C. S. SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1917 4-passenger special; also Chalmers Master Six 7-passenger touring; both cars in excellent condition. Park Plaza Garage, 920 Union St., Brooklyn.

"WHITE" USED CARS.
Also other well known makes touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., 4th Floor. M. R. Greene, Mgr.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
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1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUTZ 16-VALVE SPEEDSTER.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
1917 BUICK SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 REO "6" SEDAN.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 HUDSON SUPER SIX TOURING.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1917 REO TOURING.
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1918 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "6" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

A SALE OF USED CARS.
BIG CUT IN PRICES.
Model 1917 Chandler sedan, limousines, coupes, seven-passenger touring cars and chummy roadsters.
1915 Cadillac, eight-cylinder touring.
1914 Hudson, seven-passenger touring.
1916 Jeffery, five-passenger touring.
1914 Hudson runabout.
1909-1820 Raynolds limousines.
1912 four-cylinder Locomobile runabout, and other standard makes. All cars in A1 shape.
Time payment considered.
BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORPORATION,
Broadway and 62d St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.
JORDAN 7-passenger; mechanically perfect; complete equipment.
MITCHELL 7-passenger, with limousine and touring tops.
PAIGE 5-passenger touring car; just repainted; electric starter and lights.
CARL H. PAGE & CO.,
1,895 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

AUTOMOBILE painting, trimming; all kinds of repairing, such as body remodeling and remounting, making demountable tops; best prices and workmanship. American Auto Painting and Trimming Co., 551 West 52d. Columbus 9307.

1915 KISSEL Kar Coupe, 4-pass., new.
1915 CADILLAC, 8-cyl., Sedan, 5-pass.
1913 PIERCE-ARROW, 38 Landaulet, 5-pass.
2887 Market, 588 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars.
Limousine bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

BARGAINS in used cars of all makes. 305 West 59th St.

FORD TIRES, $6, $7.50, $9, $12.50.
Some fine "buys." Jandorf, 1,763 B'way.

Automobiles Wanted.

FORD touring, 1917; state equipment, condition, and lowest cash price by mail to A. Pahland, Room 1143, 42 Broadway.

SAXON 1917 touring; will give 1917 Grant roadster in part payment. Gage, 1,834 Broadway. Telephone 6832 Columbus.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5822.

PACKARD (1917) or Cadillac Touring; must be cheap. Mr. Gage, 1,834 Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC landaulet; day, week, monthly preferred. Avidans, 136 West 52d. Telephone Circle 2471.

ELEGANT limousine touring car for hire by month. Telephone Plaza 3694-8268.

NEW 5-PASSENGER touring car; owner drives; $2 hourly. Mack, 2476 Fordham.

OLDSMOBILE, latest model, brougham town car, for the Winter season; first-class condition; owner driving. Mitchell, 454 West 57th St.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD sizes and two sizes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3830 Bryant.

PACKARDS, Hudsons.—Latest models; limousines, touring, shopping; $2 50 hour; special rate trips, daily, monthly. 2,758 Broadway. Academy 403.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD limousine, sizes, brougham style; $2.50 shopping; monthly, $350. Telephone 1585 Plaza.

PACKARD Limousine, Westinghouse Springs; recent model; owner driver. Columbus 1140.

RENAULT.—Landaulet, painted, good condition; French driver; $325 month. Berge, Plaza 9368.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Competent and capable to take care of double entry books; salary $18. F 424 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced; knowledge stenography, competent, reliable, good penman; $16. E 50 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, thoroughly competent. Morris, 151 Hope St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—3 years' experience, high school graduate; A1 reference; $14; neat. P Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, 21, desires position; four years' experience; neat. P 59 Times.

COOK and LAUNDRESS, competent; good city reference. 827 Amsterdam Av., Ryan's bell.

DRESSMAKING, $4 per day; perfect cut and fit; quick worker; no lunch. Telephone Martin, 2652 St. Nicholas.

EXPERIENCED refined woman would like position with children; also manage small, refined home. W 153 Times.

EXPERT BOOKKEEPER.—Part time; rates reasonable; controlling accounts; trial balance. E 93 Times.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER desires position with small family. F 441 Times Annex.

GRADUATE NURSE.—Wide experience; excellent credentials; offers part time, preferably 10 to 8 daily; competent to superintend household management, refined family. O 342 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Well bred American, desires position as managing housekeeper in family where other servants are kept; excellent cook, thoroughly capable of taking full charge of home; highest references. P 58 Times.

LAUNDRESS.—French, fancy laundress, at home; silk finery. Mme. Jeanne, 354 West 44th St.

SECRETARY, stenographer, 10 years' law, technical experience, desires responsible position. F 398 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience, rapid, correct, neat, good grammarian, high school education; business school graduate; $15. W. O., 160 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; high school education; good references. O 276 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 18, neat, accurate, rapid; year's experience; moderate salary. E 26 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; bright, neat; Christian girl; beginner; no agency; $10. O 344 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced law, commercial; highly indorsed; salary $18-$20. V 370 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; neat, accurate, conscientious; $14. R. S., 197 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; high school education; references; $12. O 351 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—American, Christian; experienced, capable, educated; law or commercial; $25. V 363 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, 2 years' experience; knowledge bookkeeping; refined; $15. O 252 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years experience; neat, efficient; office details; $15. H. G., 142 West 117th St.

STENOGRAPHER-CLERK, experienced in export and other lines; willing worker. D. E., 150 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, high school graduate, wishes position; salary $12, Phone Rhinelander 3718.

STENOGRAPHER.—Efficient; high school graduate; experienced; salary $12. H. E., Times Harlem.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and File Clerk, four years' experience; $12. O 369 Times Downtown.

TEACHER.—College graduate; public school methods; all branches; coaching. Expert, Times Harlem.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—Young French woman would take care children afternoons; has good references. Miss Eva C. Sire, 127 46th St., Corona, L. I.

YOUNG LADY, accurate typist, clerical assistant, 1½ years' experience. V 254 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN would like to care for small children; afternoon and evenings. Write, call, Hogan, 161 West 62d St.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS—Neat, colored girls; investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1896.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, waitresses, chambermaids, nurses. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165, Domestic Agency, 829 West 59th.

CARIDA AGENCY, 1,457 Broadway, (42d St.)—Thoroughly reliable stenographers, clerks, typists, bookkeepers.

BERTA CARLSON SWEDISH AGENCY.—First-class servants. 3415 B'way, (39th.) River. 9463.

COLORED HELP.—City, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 104. Cortlandt 6688.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, office manager; thoroughly experienced; clean cut American. Executive, 40 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Wants small set of books to keep evenings; books opened or closed; experienced. E 121 Times.

AN AGGRESSIVE AMERICAN, (25,) desires employment; has good education and will prove thoroughly capable if given opportunity; exempted from service; references. V 383 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 29, 10 years' experience, thoroughly capable; reliable, trustworthy, correspondent, college graduate; excellent references; exempt; investigate. V 279 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—23, accounting experience, exempt from draft, monthly trial balance; highest credentials; salary $20. B. R., 219 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; 21, draft exempt; trial balance, statements, controlling accounts, &c.; salary, $15. M. Atkin, 316 East 8th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; general office worker; reads plans, estimates; contractor, any line. $15 start. C. A., Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, office manager; 5 years' experience; highest credentials; $22. V 273 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (24,) experienced controlling account, trial balance; references; moderate salary. V 314 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, young man, 27, exempt from draft; 11 years' experience. V 377 Times Downtown.

BUYER, manager, 10 years' wholesale, retail experience ladies' wear, desires position. E 95 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, single, aged 27, nine years' experience, wants good, permanent position; wages, $30 week. Twist, 3,285 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR, MACHINIST, Swedish, (37,) 17 years' experience on foreign and domestic cars, wishes position private chauffeur, demonstrator, or tester; 11 years in last two positions; first-class references; wages expected, $30 per week. K. Peterson, 1,048 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman giving up car for the Winter wishes to place his chauffeur, whom he can highly recommend; excellent driver, mechanic; always prompt and willing. Apply present employer, G. A. Crocker, Jr., 30 East 42d.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, single, (33,) long private references, sober, careful, competent man, Pierce, Packard, Twin-Six and other make cars, extensive experience. Chauffeur, 643 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—American, 10 years private family, reference, wishes position; any make, Pierce, Packard, Cadillac preferred; neat, cautious, obliging. Thomas, Columbus 5535. 34 West 61st.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single, experienced, 6 years as mechanic, 2 of them in garage, good, careful driver, willing to be useful; reference. Macki, 152 West 129th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, American, (37,) married, expert on Hudson and Cadillac; wages, $25; best references. Bertram, 255 Audubon Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, eight years' experience, sober, careful, reliable. Havranet, 1,335 Av. A.

CHIEF CLERK.—Thoroughly competent, assume charge office; bookkeeper, correspondent, systematizer. E 15 Times.

COOK, good, plain, general supervisor, small apartment, good at economizing, steady habits, desires steady position; moderate wages; references; town, country. W., care Smeaton, 128 West 67th St.

CORRESPONDENT, PRACTICAL, CAPABLE, WHOLESALE MAIL ORDER EXPERIENCE, DESIRES CONNECT GOOD HOUSE. N 209 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAFTING OR ENGINEERING.—Young man, 19, fourth-year mechanical engineering student, (Cooper Union,) 3 years of practical machine shop experience, wishes position to start in drafting or engineering line. R 66 Times.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER.
Employment manager, experienced in the employment of clerical, electrical, and all classes of skilled mechanics and labor; at present empoyed in this capacity with large corporation in New York City, N. Y., 202 Times Downtown.

EMPLOYMENT SUPERVISOR.
An acknowledged expert on labor supply, prices, hours, efficiency, safety, welfare, publicity, installing employment systems, seeks a real, big opportunity; no further advancement in present job; college graduate, several years' experience with present employer, handling all types of mechanics, laborers, and clerks of both sexes; exceptional references; salary, $4,000. Flint, 310 Jay St., Brooklyn.

EXECUTIVE or all around position in architect's or contractor's office; university graduate; 16 years' experience in building matters New York and vicinity. E 1 Times.

GARDENER, married, no children, wishes position on gentleman's place; best of references; Connecticut preferred. F. W., Congers, N. Y.

HOUSEWORK.—General houseworker, first-class cook, best references, wishes position, small family, apartment; $40. Call Elbogen, 307 East 81st.

MANAGER for Southern hotel open for engagement; credentials the best. O 131 Times.

NIGHT WORK desired by a married man, has general education. V 228 Times Downtown.

POSITION DESIRED, married man, (30,) 12 years with referee in bankruptcy; 7 years as managing clerk. O 317 Times Downtown.

RUSSIAN young man of good character, anxious to learn English, looks for work in a well-to-do family. Address K. Hanevich, 601 Greenwood Av., Ambridge, Penn.

SALESMAN—Young man, (26,) exempt; intelligent, able; possesses good personality; can prove selling ability through honest, hard work and thoroughness; excellent recommendation. P 7 Times.

SALESMAN or outdoor position wanted by energetic, aggressive man of clean-cut appearance; eight years with present employers; war conditions reason for change. O 279 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, married, 32, ten years' road work, unlimited justifiable faith in ability, must connect with proposition having possibilities. O 361 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Do you want a salesman who can sell goods under any conditions? Commission basis. Highest references, splendid record. X 231 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER or confidential assistant, experienced, educated, refined; can use initiative and tact and assume responsibilities. O 314 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; reliable; American; excellent references; $15. V 303 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—One year's experience, also knowledge of bookkeeping. W 172 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, thoroughly experienced; $18-$20. V 289 Times Downtown.

USEFUL, all around, handy man, first-class houseman, is industrious, willing, obliging, and sober, has references from gentleman's place, middle age, American, wishes position, city or country. O 151 Times.

YOUNG MAN, EXECUTIVE ABILITY, welcomes opportunity to make connections as assistant purchasing agent, assistant manager, productive cost clerk, assistant bookkeeper, or general office assistant; willing to go to South America. K 764 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (27,) exempted, has general business experience, understands bookkeeping, typewriting, willing and qualified, desires any clerical position. Box H 245 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, two years with wholesale house; good handwriting, accurate at figures, desires position. O 367 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) straight American, seeks position with chance of advancement. O 368 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) 2 years' office experience, high school training. O 327 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) desires position, chance advancement. Write G. M., 14 Avenue A.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, with some knowledge of stenography; salary $10; good chance for advancement. Bearman & Harris, 71 West 23d.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, CAPABLE HANDLING ENTIRE OFFICE; MUST HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF CORRESPONDENCE. C. BRAMBIR, 3 W. 35TH.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR for billing department of wholesale grocery. V 307 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER wanted, capable of making clever, stylish Georgettes, $8.75 and up; permanent position. Apply 1,270 Broadway, Room 918.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Good cook. Apply 120 West 70th, Apt. 7-B.

GIRL wanted, about 16 years of age, to help in office, learn to operate switchboard, typewriter and files. Apply Grace Methodist Church, 131 West 104th St.

GIRLS familiar with printing wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., Garrison Av. and Tiffany St., Bronx.

GIRL—16 years and over for clerical work in office of large corporation. A., P. O. Box 1,548, New York.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS.
Do you want steady employment?
We can give it to you.
Packing, Filling, Labelling, and Bundling
SUNSHINE BISCUITS.
Wages $7 to Start.
Good opportunity for advancement on piece-work basis.
LOOSE-WILES BISCUIT CO.,
Long Island City.

GIRLS to learn bookbinding trade. H. Wolff, 526 West 26th St.

GOVERNESS.—English, French, or American; refined, well educated. Telephone Mrs. George W. Mixter, Hotel Vanderbilt, Nov. 20, between 11 and 1 o'clock.

HOUSEKEEPER or couple for single doctor's apartment on Grand Concourse; rent and food free in exchange for services. M 174 Times.

JUNIORS
FROM 14 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE, AS STORE MESSENGERS, STOCK ASSISTANTS AND OFFICE WORK; STEADY POSITIONS, WITH EXCELLENT CHANCES OF ADVANCEMENT; WANTED AT WANAMAKER'S. APPLY AT JUNIOR OFFICE, BASEMENT, OLD BUILDING.

LADIES.—Experienced high-class canvassers wanted who can show a clean record, willing to travel, (if necessary,) are offered opportunities to connect permanently with an organization of national scope, being assured of fair compensation; commission basis; our plans make this easy and interesting; advancement assured to producers. Apply by letter, giving references, J 286 Times Downtown.

MILLINER.—First-class trimmer; good position to right party. A. J. Taub, 378 Central Av., Jersey City. Tel. 5067 Webster.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT for an institution; pay $22 a month. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

OFFICE NURSE.—Physician requires experienced office nurse; permanent resident position; good home, fair salary. 62 West 87th.

PROOFREADER, experienced, for circular letters and job printing plant; must be intelligent, careful, and conscientious. Write in detail, giving age, experience, and education. M 149 Times.

SALESLADY.—High-class young lady, widely acquainted; experience unnecessary; refined; permanent position; $30-$50 week, salary-commission. 1613 Candler Building, 220 West 42d.

SALESLADIES.—$7 and upward, according to sales. Weisbecker, 266-270 W. 125th.

SECRETARY.—Young woman, secretary to manager of factory, must be stenographer and typewriter, with bookkeeping experience, salary $18, with excellent opportunity for advancement. X 298 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER who can do some clerical work and look after a small switchboard in an institution; pay $30 a month, with board and room. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, (female,) in law office; good position; salary, $15 a week; state age and experience. V 344 Times Downtown.

SOCIAL AND BUSINESS SECRETARY.—Gentleman residing on 5th Av., opposite Park, desires private secretary who would be willing to accompany himself and wife, while in Florida or California during part of each Winter and to the Mountains or Seashore during the Summer.

An exceptionally liberal salary and all expenses will be paid, together with a liberal allowance for clothes and evening gowns. Applicant must be between 19 and 24 years of age, well bred, well educated, possess an attractive, refined personality, and be a good stenographer.

The average stenographer or so-called private secretary need not apply. Strictly high-class private secretaries now employed will find it to their interest to investigate this rare opportunity. Successful applicant will be treated as one of the family while away from New York. While in New York she will reside at home most of the time.

Apply in own handwriting, stating age, education, and experience. Address M 109 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Bright, snappy, experienced telephone operator. Apply in own writing, M 155 Times.

TIMEKEEPER.—One familiar with figuring piece work rates, for manufacturing firm at Long Island City. E 64 Times.

YOUNG LADIES, wholesale house, can offer attractive position, in publicity and sales department, to several bright, young ladies, possessing sufficient personality and fluency to interview prospects, 3d floor, 38 West 26th.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, telephone operators. Miss Lynch's Agency, 303 5th Av., (31st St.)

EFFICIENCY BUREAU, Inc., Agency, 30 East 42d St.—Immediate openings; high-grade positions.

Instruction.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION.
Secretarial, shorthand, typewriter, bookkeeping, &c. This kind of instruction means you can save time and money. Don't waste time in large classes and inferior methods. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

PRIVATE SECRETARY COURSE,
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES.
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.—Three months' course; students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. Wheat.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS on big military proposition; references necessary; commission. Apply all week, Room 308, 527 5th Av.

A MAN who has had experience in profit department of wholesale grocery. V 308 Times Downtown.

BENCH HANDS:
must be first-class, accustomed to working from blueprints; should be all-around machinists.
SHEET METAL WORKERS:
experienced on auto bodies and aluminium work.
CABINET MAKERS
for the bench.
STANDARD AERO CORPORATION,
ELIZABETH, N. J.
Take South Broad St. car to Airplane Factory.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man desiring advantage of opportunity with future; quick at figures; state age, salary. E 111 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable taking charge full set books large manufacturing concern; state age, experience, salary expected. M. M., 185 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Christian firm desires a first-class, experienced double-entry man; married preferred. M 172 Times.

BOY, about 16 or 17 years of age, as a beginner in downtown office; no previous experience necessary, but one with good education will receive preference; salary $8 week to start; mention in reply age, religion, and education. V 381 Times Downtown.

BOY for office work; beginner no objection. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, education, and reference, to S. J. T., Room 801, 18 Broadway, New York.

BOY wanted, bright, energetic; excellent opportunity to forge ahead. Apply A. E. Kelley, Room 1014, 56 Liberty St., New York City.

BOYS.—Good boys will have chance to learn cigar packing. Seidenburg & Co., 68th St. and Avenue A.

BOY for general office duties in downtown law office. J 322 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for downtown office. V 295 Times Downtown.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

AS MY WIFE, NETTIE SILVERSTEIN, has left my bed and board, I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts that may be incurred by her.
ISAAC J. SILVERSTEIN.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOYS.
Must be 16, for mail and messenger service; $7 to start; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th.

BOYS WANTED.
Large corporation requires services of a number of boys to begin at the bottom and work up; excellent opportunities for the right kind of boys; experience not essential; high school graduates preferred. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, nationality, experience, if any, and salary desired, J 335 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Large chemical export and import house can use several American young men as office assistants; must be public school graduates; come of good family; exceptional opportunity; no experience necessary; salary $8 to start. Call A. K. & Co., 644 Greenwich St.

BOY for errands, to be generally useful; with good references. Write Importer, 21 East 14th St., Box 12.

CHAUFFEUR.—Couple, chauffeur willing, useful; wife general housework; family of three; state salary and reference. W 176 Times.

COLLECTORS.—We have two vacancies for installment collectors. If you want a permanent position, with a good chance for advancement, call between 10 and 12 A. M., 3 West 29th, Room 801; salary $2.25 per day to start.

CONTRACTORS.—Wanted on dresses, by a manufacturer who can keep right house busy; must make first-class work in every respect. M. C., 278 Times.

DRAFTSMEN
Experienced on small high grade mechanical and electrical apparatus; steady position and excellent chance for advancement to technical men. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th St.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to productions of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. B. B., 186 Times.

DRAFTSMEN.
Internal combustion engineering draftsmen, preferable experience marine oil engine work; state full particulars. P. D., 290 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRAFTSMEN, 12; several architectural and general experience; good pay. Call 7 A. M. Monday. Hercules Powder Co., 86 Park Place, Newark, N. J.

FEEDER.—Experienced on Universal Press. Mergenthaler Linotype Co., 24 Ryerson St., Brooklyn.

GILDER, bookbindery; steady work. H. Wolff, 526 West 26th St.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, industrious and competent, for bulb blowing and stem making; right men can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $50 a week. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

JUNIORS
FROM 14 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE, AS STORE MESSENGERS, STOCK ASSISTANTS AND OFFICE WORK; STEADY POSITIONS, WITH EXCELLENT CHANCES OF ADVANCEMENT; WANTED AT WANAMAKER'S. APPLY AT JUNIOR OFFICE, BASEMENT, OLD BUILDING.

MAN wanted, thoroughly familiar with structural and ornamental iron work; must have good references. Apply Adam Happel Iron Works, 408 East 93d.

MAN wanted to run shaper and variety moulder. Call at 9 A. M. Monday, at H. J. Brown & Son, 1,534 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MANAGER.—For good live concern handling hosiery, gloves; man of experience only; good opportunity. Address E. M., 3,525 Broadway.

MONOTYPE CASTER OPERATOR wanted. Dubois Press, Rochester, N. Y.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.
Experienced multigraph operator, capable of turning out work above the average. Give full particulars in your letter to C. A., 258 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted. Burke & James, 225 5th Av.

PAYMASTER for large clothing factory; experienced man with highest character references only will be considered; salary $25, with advancement opportunities commensurate with demonstrated ability. X 297 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—LARGE IMPORTING HOUSE DOING BUSINESS WITH CHINA AND JAPAN REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL HIGH-CLASS SALESMEN ACCUSTOMED TO TAKING IMPORT ORDERS AND SELLING ORIENTAL GOODS; DRAWING ACCOUNT AGAINST COMMISSION. ADDRESS, STATING DETAILS AND QUALIFICATIONS, M 116 TIMES.

SALESMAN, printing; a modern shop, with a battery of cylinder and job presses, doing color, half-tone, and general commercial printing, is after a live salesman controlling catalogue and general job printing; give full particulars in first letter; absolutely confidential; live wires only need answer; salary and commission. M 97 Times.

SALESMEN.—Energetic, forceful men of character and education wanted for New York City and Eastern territory; rapid promotion to men of proved ability; must be 25-45 years of age; references required; training, leads, and transportation furnished; commission with drawing account. A. E., 52 Times.

SALESMEN.—The salesmen are the producers; if you are a high-grade man we can use you; only men of character and education and at least 25 years of age wanted; thorough training given; commission basis; transportation furnished. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESMAN MOTOR TRUCKS.
Fine opening for an experienced motor truck salesman with old-line company; complete line immediate deliveries; cash or time payments; give past experience in detail and compensation desired in confidence. E 123 Times.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, by highest grade filing cabinet house, two city salesmen; salary and commission; must be men who have had experience in the line; in answering please give full details in regard to past experience. T 371 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Opportunity with national financial institution for man with large acquaintance among substantial people; salary or commission. Manager, V 271 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted for South, to carry a side line of kimonos on a commission basis; only those who have a following of the large department stores and can furnish highest references need apply. M 59 Times.

SALESMEN to sell grocery, restaurant, ice cream parlor trade advertised article; experienced men wanted; salary and commission. O 139 Times.

SALESMAN.—Well-established paint house; experienced; for roofing department; salary and commission. 501 5th Av., Room 711.

SALESMAN with good road experience in selling dolls; must have good following; salary and commission. X 292 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, male, junior, rapid typist. Apply Room 401, 62 Broadway.

SUPERINTENDENT OF BUILDINGS.
We have a position for a man who is capable of becoming superintendent of several large office buildings in Boston. He must have had experience in making repairs, buying supplies, and handling employes in office buildings, and he must be an engineer with a first-class license and a good knowledge of all kinds of elevators. Salary at start $2,500. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, education, experience in detail, and salary now received. X 234 Times Annex.

TIMEKEEPER, one familiar with figuring piece work rates, for manufacturing concern at Long Island City. E 63 Times.

TOOL AND INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
High-class men for high-class work on fine apparatus; only men accustomed to using micrometer; 48 hours weekly; advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—A disturbance that moved eastward over Canada is central tonight over the lower St. Lawrence Valley in marked form, and light snows and rains have fallen from the lake region eastward into Northwest New England. The disturbance was followed by rapidly rising pressure and by a decided fall in temperature to slightly below normal conditions throughout the lake region and the great central valleys. The weather was fair, with much higher temperatures, in the New England and the Middle Atlantic States.

There will be rains or snows Monday in Northern New England, and local rains in the East Gulf States on Tuesday in the northern upper lake region. Elsewhere east of the Mississippi River the weather will be fair Monday and Tuesday. It will be much cooler Monday in New England and the Middle Atlantic States, and somewhat cooler in the Ohio Valley. It will be warmer Tuesday in the Ohio Valley and the lake region.

Winds for today and Tuesday: North Atlantic, strong west, diminishing Monday night; rain or snow and much colder. Advisory northwest storm warnings 10 P. M., Sandy Hook and New York, strong northwest winds Monday, with decided fall in temperature.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey—Fair and much colder today. Tuesday fair.

Western New York—Cloudy Monday. Tuesday fair, slightly warmer in west.

Northern New England—Snow and colder Monday. Tuesday fair.

Southern New England—Fair and much colder Monday. Tuesday fair.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and colder Monday, much colder in south portion. Tuesday fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	40	40	4 P. M.	46	61
6 A. M.	39	40	6 P. M.	43	58
9 A. M.	40	43	9 P. M.	40	51
12 M.	44	54	11 P. M.	38	42

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 50; for the corresponding date last year it was 42; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 43. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 42; at 8 P. M. it was 55. Maximum temperature 61 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum 39 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity 77 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 58 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.82 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:46|Sun sets..4.37|Moon sets..9.21

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:35	11:20	4:23	5:17
Governors Island	10:38	11:25	4:43	5:46
Hell Gate	12:23	12:39	6:32	7:10

FIRE RECORD.

A.M.	Loss.
12:20—407 West St.; L. Lefkowitz	$2,000
1:15—1,976 Third Av.; not given	Slight
3:50—408 Manhattan Av.; not given	Slight
5:15—521 Hudson St.; U. S. Mail Order Co.	$500
5:25—539 E. 183 St.; Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.	Slight
9:10—68 New Chambers St.; Mutual Bag Co.	Slight
P.M.	
12:40—172 St. & Commonwealth Av.; brush fire; not given	None
4:55—128 Monroe St.; H. Yavin	Slight
6:20—1,660 Bathgate Av.; A. Kromick	Slight
8:30—242 St. & Jerome Av.; (brush)	Slight
9:05—E. Chester Rd. & Sawmill Lane; (brush)	None
10:40—Pelham Bay Park & N. Y. & N. H. R. R. Station; (brush)	None
10:45—1,620 Bathgate Av.; A. Glaser	Slight

HELP WANTED—Male.

TOOLMAKERS.
49-hour week, time and a half for overtime. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Princes Bay, S. I.

WINDOW CLEANER, with large organization, hours 7 to 5; salary $15 a week. Call Room 802 Times Annex, 229 West 43d St.

YOUNG MAN.—MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH AMMONIA FITTINGS AND REFRIGERATING MACHINE PARTS; TO ACT AS CLERK AND TIMEKEEPER ON OUT-OF-TOWN CONTRACTS; WILL BE REQUIRED TO FURNISH BOND; STATE SALARY, EXPERIENCE, AND REFERENCES. ADDRESS W. A. P., BOX O 286 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MEN WITH HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION; $8-$9 TO START; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES TO ADVANCE ALONG ENGINEERING LINES. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St.; 6 blocks south of 14th St.

YOUNG MAN, about 20, intelligent, neat appearance, will be given opportunity to call on waist and dress trade on hand embroidery; good salary to start; A1 reference required. Call Monday, between 5:30 and 7 P. M., Helene Hand Embroidery Works, 326 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN for accounting department of large fire insurance company; must be well educated and write a neat hand; state age, education, experience, and salary desired. V 382 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for junior clerical work and errands; opportunity for advancement to the clerical staff of the company; salary, $30 per month. Please call 11th floor, 207 West 25th St.

YOUNG MAN, about 17 to make himself useful in office and attend to outside business; wages $8. John Duncan's Sons, 241 West St., city.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPERS, DOUBLE ENTRY, $18-$25; STENOGRAPHERS, (German, English,) $1,300, others $18-$22; SALESMEN, experienced printing, stationery, good salary; DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, clean cut, $18-$20; BANK MEN, several, $60-$80; CLERKS, (12,) good opportunities, $12-$15; BOYS, can use 50, $35-$40.
TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, Tribune Bldg., 154 Nassau. Beekman 2563.

WE ARE PLACING skilled and competent export and domestic employes with some of the largest and most influential Manhattan corporations; it will be also a further pleasure for us to serve you. (Our people are not subject to draft!) The Beers Agency, Flatiron Building. Gramercy 563. Established 1906. Old and Reliable.

Instruction.

SALESMEN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them; hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1803-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course. Students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. WHEAT.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Rare Opportunity.—Established millinery store for sale; best location in Jersey; wonderful opportunity for active people; retiring on account of ill-health; interview would be greatly appreciated. Apply, care of D. Herschman, 255 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE.—CLOAK AND SUIT PLANT; FIRST-CLASS EQUIPMENT; ALSO OFFICE AND SHOWROOM FIXTURES. X 296 TIMES ANNEX.

Opportunity for young man of business experience and some capital, as assistant manager and buyer; give full particulars. X 296 Times Annex.

A large doll-manufacturing concern, covering the United States with 6 men, is open for side lines. C. C., 238 Times Downtown.

For Sale—Established, advertised women's apparel upstairs shop; busiest location. P 57 Times.

Partner—Manage well-advertised upstairs ladies' apparel shop; investment required. P 56 Times.

FOR SALE.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

For Sale—Burroughs adding machine, Multigraph, Compotype, Underwood No. 5, dictaphone, Addressograph, roll-top desk, showcases. Store, 66 Church St.

Beautiful baby grand piano, perfect condition; in storage. Brown, 175 East 83d.

Large quantity of shelving for sale at Lesmann, Boesch & Co., 87 5th Av.

Purchase and Exchange.

WANTED.
One model No. 7 Columbia dictaphone or latest model Edison business phonograph outfit complete; state lowest cash price, guaranteed condition, reason for selling, and equipment included.
BOX 58, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, appraised; estates purchased. [illegible], 170 Broadway.

TEUTON WOMEN HERE MAY BE REGISTERED

New Enemy Regulation Soon to be Promulgated Will Affect 140,000 Germans.

PIERS UNDER MARTIAL LAW

Aliens Who Violate the Waterfront Order Will Be Interned for the Period of the War.

The new enemy alien regulations, which are expected to be promulgated by President Wilson today, and which it is understood will immediately become effective, will practically mean that the entire waterfront of New York City and of the Jersey ports will be placed under martial law. The forecast of the nature of these regulations, the most stringent adopted since America went to war, published in yesterday's TIMES, discloses that all enemy aliens in New York City will shortly be called upon to present themselves for registration, and that after they have been registered they will be required to report at stated intervals to the authorities, probably to the police commanders of the precincts in which they live.

It is believed that the number of Germans who will have to register under the provisions of the regulations about to be issued by the President will be between 120,000 and 140,000, the great majority of them residents or doing business in what is known as the Metropolitan District of New York. The number given includes women as well as men. It is understood that women enemies as well as men will have to register under the new regulations.

The regulations, which will cover the guarding of docks and piers at which vessels of 500 tons or over dock, means that practically every pier in New York waters will be guarded by soldiers. It was said yesterday that, in the entire City of New York, there are not half a dozen docks where the vessels anchored do not average more than 500 tons' displacement.

At the present time it is estimated that probably 10,000 Germans do business or live within two blocks of the waterfront. All of these persons, according to the forecast of the regulations, will be ordered to move to parts of the city not included in the waterfront zones. As soon as the new regulations go into effect Germans will be warned to keep away from the waterfront, and the entrance of any enemy alien into the zone will mean the immediate internment for the rest of the war of the offender.

It is not known whether the regular army or the State Guard will be placed in charge of the waterfronts. The Army and Navy Journal of Saturday suggests that this duty might be turned over to the Naval Militia, a force which has probably more experience than any other armed organization in the country in such work.

DENIES BOY'S ATTACK WAS READ IN CLASS

Schmalhausen, Accused High School Teacher, Takes Issue with President Willcox.

Samuel Schmalhausen, one of three De Witt Clinton High School teachers to be tried tomorrow at the Board of Education for "holding views subversive of good discipline," in whose class, according to President Willcox of the board, a composition was read attacking President Wilson, yesterday issued a long statement denying that the composition referred to had been read in class, and asserting that it was not until two weeks later, when examined by Dr. John L. Tildsley, Associate Superintendent of Schools, that he knew of the contents of the letter.

Mr. Willcox was reported as saying that the letter, written by Hyman Herman, a pupil, 14 years old, was read in the class on Oct. 22. Mr. Schmalhausen, in his statement, asserts that the Herman boy's letter was not read in class, but that four other letters on the same subject were read, and that after the session was over a superior officer, Miss Ellen E. Garrigues, head of the English Department of the school, gathered all the compositions together and took them with her. The teacher also adds that the same topic was assigned to his second class, and he believes that "an examination of the vast majority of the seventy-five papers submitted by the two classes will reveal an overwhelmingly prevailing sentiment in favor of President Wilson and his pro-war policies."

"The first opportunity I was given to read and correct the paper in question was on Friday, Nov. 2, two weeks after it had been written," the statement continued. "Dr. Tildsley confronting me with the paper, said: 'How would you correct it? What would be your remarks if the boy had read the paper in class?' I asked for time to correct it, and did so. Dr. Tildsley has in his possession the paper with all the corrections I inserted. He read my criticisms, one by one, slowly and carefully, and appeared to be impressed with the fairmindedness of my reaction.

"In my corrections I took especial pains to check the boy up whenever a loose or exaggerated or untrue or irrational assertion appeared."

Some of his marginal comments, Mr. Schmalhausen said, were: "Coming from an intelligent boy, this certainly sounds like an insane remark." "Untrue." "Where did you get this notion?" "Biased," and "Exaggerated."

"Doesn't it strike the fairminded public as extremely strange," Mr. Schmalhausen said in his statement, "that of seventy-five papers, one of which was never read in my class, and which, therefore, could not be submitted to proper criticism in classroom, is the only paper that is trumped up to my discredit? Doesn't it look like a frame-up?"

When questioned by Dr. Francis J. Paul, the Principal of the school, as to what he meant by inserting the word "frankly" in giving his students the following direction: "Write an open letter to Woodrow Wilson, commenting frankly upon his conduct of the war against the German Government," Mr. Schmalhausen said he replied he meant "honestly."

In his statement the teacher said:

"The second student called was a young Jewish boy, who read a critical letter expressing disapproval of the President's policy of emphasizing democracy for the world without placing sufficient emphasis upon more democracy in America. He went on to point out that the suppression of several radical newspapers, which in his opinion the President could have prevented, was not a convincing evidence of the President's desire to make democracy safe in America.

"After the completion of the letter general discussion was called for. A young fellow named Brandenberg jumped up and said, addressing the reader face to face, 'You're all wrong about that remark of yours; you say that America has political democracy and no industrial democracy, and that Germany has industrial democracy but no political democracy. Germany has more political democracy than America.' To which the reader replied very sharply, 'No, you yourself are mistaken. Germany has no political democracy.'

"Brandenberg was about to speak again when the head of the department berated the offending student. She said, 'Young man, go back to Germany. You don't belong here.' Brandenberg retorted, 'Miss Garrigues, you are mistaken. I am an American. I have been trained in the American schools. I was born in America. My father was—' At this point Miss Garrigues declared, 'Sit down, sit down. Those are improper utterances. I won't listen to you.' The boy sat down. I waited quietly for a moment until the excitement should subside.

"I called upon a third student to read his letter. After he had read a paragraph the head of department interrupted him and said, 'That's enough. I don't wish to listen to any more. Give me your paper.' The boy did as he was told."

The three suspended teachers and the six who were transferred are expected to speak at a meeting being arranged for Wednesday night by a group of parents' organizations, interested in the public schools. The meeting will be held in Terrace Garden, 145 East Fifty-eighth Street.

INQUIRY FOR NITRATE FIRE

Marshal Brophy Believes Carelessness May Have Caused Blaze.

Fire Marshal Brophy will press today an inquiry into the circumstances of the fire which early on Sunday morning destroyed the plant of the Knowles-Bradley Company, manufacturers of saltpeter at 98-104 Van Dyke Street, Brooklyn. He will have the assistance of the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice and the Secret Service. Officials who examined the plant yesterday after $100,000 damage had been done, said it would have been an easy matter for some one to have dropped oil-soaked rags into the tanks of nitrate with quick destructive results.

The company had been making nitrate for plants supplying the Allies with powder, and, according to one of its officers, was about to sign contracts with the American Government which would have doubled its output. The plant had no German or Austrian employes, it was said last night. The watchman, John Levson, a Finn, who has applied for naturalization, reported no suspicious circumstances, so far as the authorities divulged. According to the Fire Marshal, evidence was found that the fire might have been caused by a careless workman who put down his lighted pipe in the plant.

WOULD TAX ENEMY ALIENS.

Collector Eisner Wants Higher Rate for Them Than for Citizens.

Should a suggestion made by Mark Eisner, Collector of Internal Revenue in the Third District of this city, to Commissioner Daniel C. Roper meet with the approval of the Treasury Department, enemy aliens in this country may be called upon to pay higher income taxes than those provided for native Americans. Collector Eisner said yesterday that in view of the fact that in many instances enemy aliens were filling the places at remunerative wages of American citizens who had relinquished their jobs to enter the nation's military forces, it seemed only right that such aliens should stand an extra tax.

Seize German on Waterfront.

Rudolph C. Reumann, an unnaturalized German, who said he lived in Waterbury, Conn., was arrested by an agent of the Naval Intelligence Bureau last night on the North River waterfront and locked up in the Greenwich street Station. The waterfront of Manhattan is forbidden territory for enemy aliens under the President's proclamation, and as Reumann had no permit he was charged with violation of the zone law. He probably will be interned on Ellis Island.

Jordan Now for War Program.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 18.—David Starr Jordon, Chancellor of Leland Stanford, Jr., University and for some time a leader in the peace movement in this country, declared in a sermon delivered at the Boyleston Avenue Unitarian Church here today that it was plainly America's duty to go "full speed ahead" with the present war program.

FOOD AGENCIES SEEK BASIS OF HARMONY

Hoover Sends Representative Here to Reach Agreement with State and City.

MITCHELL DENIES CLASH

Administrator Williams Says City Is Saving 5,000 Barrels of Flour a Week.

The report that John Mitchell, head of the State Food Commission, intended to resign unless there was less talk and more action among the various food administrators at work here probably will have the effect of leading Herbert C. Hoover, the National Food Administrator, to take steps without delay to establish a definite basis upon which city, State and national organizations can work in co-ordination. The first step probably will be taken today upon the arrival here of F. C. Walcott, Mr. Hoover's representative. Both Mr. Mitchell and Arthur Williams, the City Food Administrator, said yesterday that there was no friction of city, State, and Federal authorities. Mr. Mitchell, however, urged the need of action. His previous remarks, he said, had been misinterpreted. He had not sought to convey any threat of resignation, nor had he intended what he had said to be taken as serving an ultimatum on the Federal Government.

"It is true," Mr. Mitchell said, "that we have been trying to effect a working agreement with Washington, whereby the various food commissions of New York may work in harmony, but nothing which I have said should be construed as an ultimatum or as a threat to resign. The remarks I made to one of my men have been misinterpreted. I did say that unless we could find a definite basis of action I did not see how or when the State Food Commission could carry out the work for which it was intended. I do not wish it to be understood that there has been any clash. Negotiations with Mr. Walcott have been friendly. We are trying to discover some means more effective than we have at present for prosecuting our work."

Arthur Williams also said that there was no friction between his office and the State Food Commission and the City Commissioner of Markets. Each organization had a great work to do, he said, and they would do it in harmony and efficiently with the public good in mind.

Administrator Williams, who believes that food prices are going down, summed up yesterday some of the benefits that have come to consumers of this city through the efforts of the National Food Administrator.

"Through the loyal efforts of housewives, the hotel and restaurant men and through the establishment of wheatless and meatless days," Mr. Williams said, "there has been in the last two months a saving of 20 per cent. of flour that would normally have been consumed here. The minimum consumption of flour here is 25,000 barrels a week. This means a saving of 5,000 barrels a week, or 40,000 barrels in eight weeks and this amount has been released for shipment to the Allies. As this amount of flour would have been brought here under normal conditions it means also a great saving in transportation and cars that would ordinarily have been in use to bring the shipments to the market were released for other hauling. In two months about 15 per cent. of the usual meat supply has been saved. If war bread is a success there may be an additional 20 per cent. of wheat saved.

"Dealing in rough figures, I should say that the minimum meat consumption here is about 800,000 pounds a week. The saving in this line has been about 120,000 pounds a week—almost 1,000,000 pounds in eight weeks. As an illustration of what meatless day means, I am told that on the first meatless day the Waldorf-Astoria saved two and a half tons of meat. The hotels have cut out suckling pig, lamb, and baby turkeys, and the Waldorf has reduced the ready-cooked vegetables from forty to fifteen varieties.

"Public opinion is responsible for much of the success of our efforts. A broker told me that in two years he had made $400,000 by reselling contracts within an organization of which he is a member. This was once considered good business, and that man was hailed as being smart. Now, if this course of action were pursued, that man would be held up as an enemy to his country.

Addressing a meeting of the National Hotel and Restaurant Committee held at the Biltmore on Saturday, B. S. Allen, representing the National Food Administrator, said that Mr. Hoover would not place the hotels and restaurants under Federal license.

"Misinformed persons are trying to obtain the adoption of a two-course luncheon and a three-course dinner," Mr. Allen said. "This is a great mistake, for instead of accomplishing a saving, it will increase the consumption of wheat and meat. This idea was tried out in Belgium, and to the surprise of many it was found it increased the consumption of these foodstuffs 30 per cent. Cutting down the number of courses is false economy. The Administration is not asking people to eat less, but only to save those things that are most needed for our allies and our soldiers."

In the discussion of plans Thomas D. Green, President of the Hotel and Restaurant Association of New York City, and Edward M. Tierney, proprietor of the Hotel Arlington of Binghamton, protested against the action of Governor Whitman in advising that large public dinners be discontinued during the war.

F. A. Purcell, Acting Director of the Central Purchase Committee, in a report which he has just made to Henry Moskowitz, City Commissioner of Markets, on the coal situation here, recommends that the city establish close co-operation with the Fuel Administration, encourage dealers to distribute coal in bag lots, and that in districts where the coal yards are not well distributed, the city establish such yards. Mr. Purcell's report was sent yesterday to the Fuel Administration in New York.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The Food Administration will complete within a few days a plan for co-ordination of the work of New York State, City and Federal Food Administrations. At the same time it will name a State Federal Administrator to supervise the work in the State outside of New York City, which now has a Federal Administrator.

"HOOVER" PRICES ON MENU.

College Women's Bazaar Also Sells Candy Without Sugar.

The annual bazaar of the college women of the city for the benefit of the college settlement at 95 Rivington Street is open at 14 East Forty-fourth Street and strictly "Hooverized" Menus in use at the luncheons and teas show that prices are being kept within the reach of war-flattened purses.

There is split-pea soup for 15 cents, a nut loaf for 15 cents, baked beans 15 cents, and for the more plutocratic eggs au gratin at 40 cents. Two kinds of salad 30 cents, corn or cold muffins 10 cents, and drinks of hot and soft variety for 10 and 15 cents. Patrons may buy the recipes for any dish for a dime. The candies on sale are also of the strictly war variety, "No sugar" being the slogan of the Candy Committee.

Each college has its own particular day. On the 19th is Smith; the 20th, Wellesley; the 21st, Barnard; the 22d, Bryn Mawr; the 23d, Mt. Holyoke, Adelphi, Swarthmore, and Goucher, and the 24th, Vassar. The patronesses for Wellesley Day are Mrs. Charles Evans Hughes, Mrs. Samuel McCune Lindsay, Mrs. Raymond Fosdick, Miss Candace Stimson, Mrs. Richard P. Billings, Mrs. William P. Merrill, and Miss Edith Batt.

CHILDREN'S VACATION FUND.

$10,000 in Liberty Bonds Contributed Toward $250,000 Needed.

Announcement was made yesterday that a member of the board of the International Association of Daily Vacation Bible Schools, influenced by Secretary of War Baker's statement that "we cannot afford when losing boys in France to lose children at home," has given $10,000 in Liberty bonds to a special fund of this association. This fund for children's vacations is to be $250,000, and the gift in hand is on condition that $25,000 be obtained by New Year's Day.

Superintendents of schools from many cities in the United States and Canada will attend a conference in the Bible House tomorrow. During the eleven years of the work 422,085 children have been taken off hot streets in Summer and taught Bible lessons, games, and handicraft at an expense of $390,672, or considerably less than $1 per child. Last year schools were held in 402 centres in 98 cities, and 63,541 children were cared for.

HUMISTON CHARGES 'FALSE.'

Democratic League Committee Declares Them Without Foundation.

The Law Committee of the Young Men's Democratic League of New York held a special meeting at their headquarters, 1,368 Broadway, yesterday, at the request of members now in the national army at Camp Upton. The committee later issued a statement in part as follows:

"After a careful investigation conducted by the Law Committee, the recent charges made by Mrs. Grace Humiston regarding the morals of the young men at the various army encampments were proven false, contemptible, and malicious. The investigation by the committee discloses the magnificent work in looking after the meral welfare and temporal comfort of our men being conducted by the Jewish societies, the Y. M. C. A. and the Knights of Columbus at the national army encampments.

"A resolution was adopted by the Law Committee praising the vigorous attitude taken by Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell in defending the character of the men at Camp Upton and the attitude of the men in the American Army toward our womanhood."

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"For $25?" He said "Why, It's a Wonder"
That's what one man who hadn't for years paid less than $50 for a suit of clothes said last week about a special $25 Arnheim suit.
It was a rough cheviot of distinctive design and in every line and seam was drafted exactly to his liking.
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TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND 59TH E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.
P. S.—Wise investigation often enables a man to save in an hour as much as he can earn in a day. Arnheim Axiom.

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A METHOD that interests children to do those things which will naturally and effectively produce right habits of conduct and manners. It is based upon their allowance of spending money.
IT is simple and practical. Easily understood by children and inexpensive.
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Clothing, Hats Shoes and Furnishings
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Lackawanna Railroad
Ar. Chicago 4:55 P. M.
(Nickel Plate)
TICKET OFFICES:
Broadway Cor. Wall St.
" " Park Pl.
" " 261st St.
" " 42d St.
Brooklyn, 505 Fulton St.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Southern Pacific Company stock certificate No. A2994 for 50 shares, in the name "Virginia K. Wearne." Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate should not be issued. Mrs. Virginia K. Wearne, 120 East 31st St., New York.

LOST.—Circle pin, diamonds and pearls, Pennsylvania Depot, bus to 159th and Broadway, or Melrose Av. car to 168th St.; reward. Dysinger, Hotel Senton, East 27th St., Apartment 108.

LOST.—Diamond and sapphire bar pin, Wednesday morning, between 1 West 67th St. and 7 East 45th, via 5th Av. stage. $25 reward if returned to 1 W. 67th St., Apt. 416.

LOST.—Will the two gentlemen who found camera on 6th Av. train Sunday afternoon return it to Mr. Stefano, New York Herald Building? Reward.

LOST, Sunday, Public Library, fur neckpiece; reward, no questions asked. Phone Mrs. Guest, Murray Hill 6128.

LOST.—Mink collar, Gramercy Park, 6:30, Saturday; reward. Return 9 Gramercy Park.

LOST.—Silk pocketbook, gold monogram; $10 reward. B. W., 140 West 58th.

LOST, Sunday, black handbag; reward. 308 West 72d St. Phone 8073 Columbus.

REWARD.—Riverside bus or near 122d St., Claremont Av., small black leather change purse containing $20 bill, $1 bill, change. Morningside 291, Extension 65.

$100 REWARD
for flexible platinum bracelet, set with about 30 diamonds, lost Nov. 16, between 5th Av.—44th St. and 7th Av.—42d St., or in taxi.
Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$50 REWARD
return gold-and-platinum-striped cigarette case lost Nov. 16, between 42d St. and 60th St.; no questions asked. Dreicer & Co., 5th Av. and 46th St., New York City.

$150 REWARD
for diamond bar pin set in platinum and gold, lost Thursday noon in Sherry's; no questions. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 48th St. and 5th Av.

$200 REWARD.
Return diamond and platinum pendant earring, lost Nov. 14 in the vicinity Liberty Theatre; no questions asked. Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av., New York City.

$100 REWARD
for the return of a fancy bar pin, studded with diamonds, lost Nov. 13. Return to Mrs. L. Alexander, 157 West 57th St.

Found.

FOUND, on 5th Av., a diamond pin; owner may have same by identifying it. R. Rose, Arlington Hotel, Binghamton, N. Y.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—White wire-haired fox terrier dog, at Richmond County Country Club; has brown ears and head; had red, round leather collar and leather lead attached. If found, phone Secretary of club, New Dorp 500, or Vanderbilt Hotel, Vanderbilt 7100. C. W. Rand, Owner.

LOST.—Sable hood collie, about 8 o'clock, around 138th St., Convent Av.; reward. Return to C. Kranz, 100 Convent Av., Apartment 206.

STRAYED, Nov. 15, from 150 West 59th St., toy Pekinese; tan; $15 reward. E. D. [illegible], 120 West 45th St.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE
THANKSGIVING PATTERNS IN DINING ROOM SUITES
At this season of the year interest centers in the furnishing of the Dining Room, where environment plays as important a part in the entertainment of guests as the menu of the Thanksgiving feast.
Those about to refurnish or replenish the appointments of this room will find in our exhibit of Dining Room Furnishings ample latitude in style, size and price to meet the individual requirements of every home and every purse.
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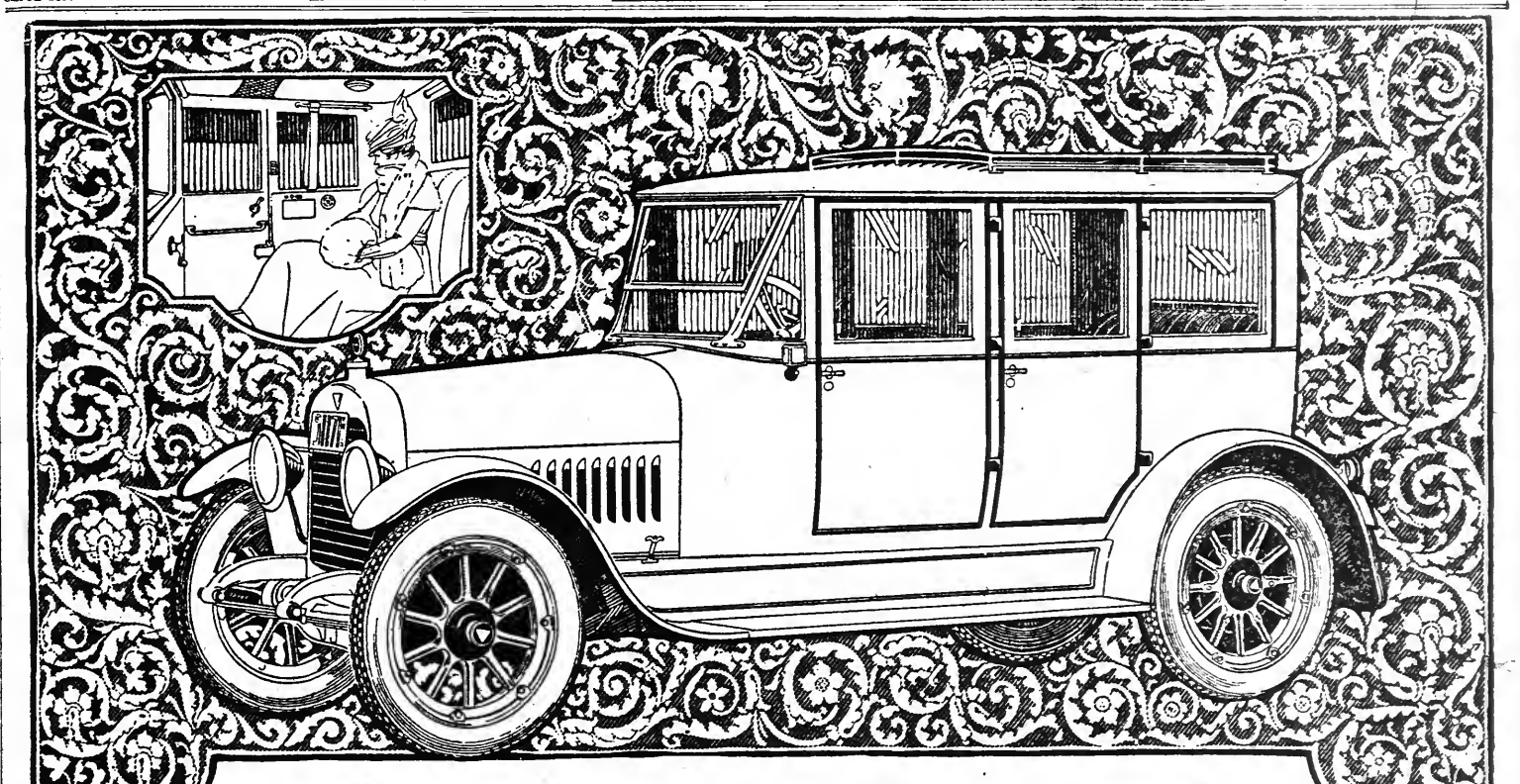

Hudson Offers a New Type Super-Six
The Touring Limousine
WE have just received the newest Hudson Super-Six. It combines all the advantages of the Limousine and the Sedan. By raising the glass partition the driver is separated from the passenger compartment. With the partition lowered the car is a luxurious Sedan which can be driven by the owner with the same comfort that he would drive a car built especially for the gentleman driver.
With this car the chauffeur can be used with the same seclusion for the passenger as in the finest Limousine. A dictaphone establishes communication between the passenger and the driver when the car is used as a Limousine. The rear compartment is heated through the medium of a radiator in the floor. Every detail that practical experience has shown adds to comfort in the closed car is embodied in this new Super-Six.
The windows can all be lowered and the car becomes an airy, delightful, open model. With the windows closed and the radiator in use, it becomes as comfortable as a drawing-room.
Provision is made for carrying luggage on the roof when the car is used for touring. It is a light, lively car, equaling in sturdiness and sprightliness the performance of a powerful open car. We know of no model that so fittingly meets the wants of those who require a car suitable for all-year service and which at will gives the seclusion of the Limousine or the intimacy of the Sedan.
Being a new model in every particular, the production will necessarily be limited for some time. We urge an early inspection and decision to assure early delivery.
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HUDSON MOTOR CAR CO. of NEW YORK, Inc.
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Jersey City: 2329 Boulevard.
Plainfield, N. J.: 192 East Front St.
Hoboken: 217 Hudson St.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy today; tomorrow snow or rain; moderate shifting winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,850. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1917.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

LLOYD GEORGE DEFENDS HIS WAR COUNCIL PLAN; SAYS AMERICA WANTED TO GO EVEN FURTHER; TELLS OF FIVE SUBMARINES SUNK IN ONE DAY

TRANSPORT AFIRE AT HOBOKEN PIER AFTER ARMY RAID

Troopship Pastores Bursts Into Flame Following Arrest of Enemy Aliens.

JUST BACK FROM FRANCE

And Some of the 200 Arrested in the Raid Had Been Detained on Board.

MUNITIONS STORED ON PIER

Quick Work Saves Them—Unexpected Sequel to Biggest Roundup of Germans Yet Attempted.

Just after United States Army soldiers had completed the transfer early this morning of 200 alien enemies to Ellis Island after they had been seized in a raid on River Street, Hoboken, in compliance with the President's proclamation, fire started between decks on the United States Army transport Pastores, tied up at Army Dock No. 1, River Street, Hoboken, on which some of the Germans had been held during the round up shortly before.

The fire was discovered at 12:15 o'clock. The crew was at once aroused and an alarm was sent in to the Hoboken Fire Headquarters from a box on the land end of the pier, which used to be North German Lloyd Pier No. 1. Two other alarms were sent in, bringing out all the Hoboken fire apparatus. Another alarm sent to Manhattan brought two New York City fireboats. The entire 2d Battalion, Forty-ninth United States Infantry, was called out and put on guard, barring approach to the piers from all directions, except to the firemen.

Firemen said that the fire was between decks and at 1:30 o'clock had not reached the holds of the ship, although they feared it would because of the difficulty of getting at it. Fire engines were run out on the pier and used water from the river, while the fire boats poured streams of water against the heated steel sides of the transport.

At 2:30 o'clock it was said the fire had been extinguished. No estimate of the [illegible]

It was said early this morning that there would be a thorough investigation of the fire. Hoboken firemen reported that when they got to the pier the fire had acquird considerable headway, although they reached the ship a few minutes after the alarm had been turned in, the Hoboken Fire Department headquarters being only a few blocks away. According to the firemen, considerable damage was done to the ship and whatever was aboard her, not only from the blaze itself, but from the tons of water pumped into her.

A soldier among those on guard at the piers said that the ship was being fumigated when the blaze was discovered.

The Pastores arrived in New York recently, after a trip to France. She is lying at a pier on which there are stored millions of dollars' worth of munitions and an hour after she caught fire the firemen were discussing whether she should be cut loose from the pier and allowed to float down stream. The pier where she is burning is of concrete construction.

The Pastores is a twin-screw steel steamship of 7,781 gross tonnage, built at Belfast in 1912, for the passenger and fruit trade between New York and the West Indies. She is owned by the United Fruit Company and was transferred from British to American registry in 1915.

SOLDIERS ARREST 200 IN RAID IN HOBOKEN

Hunt Out Enemy Aliens in a Thorough Search of River Street Resorts.

Within twelve hours after the publication of the President's proclamation that alien enemies must not be found within 100 yards of docks, piers, and waterfronts, United States soldiers, fully armed, last night raided River Street, Hoboken, where it runs along the army piers, and seized more than 200 men suspected of being enemy aliens. A few of them were released, but most of them were taken on boats at once to Ellis Island.

The work was done quietly and effectively. The Hoboken police knew nothing of the roundup until more than an hour after it was over, when friends or relatives of the seized men importuned the police for information as to what had become of those the soldiers took in charge.

The detachment of about fifty soldiers landed at one of the Government piers about 8 o'clock. They separated in sections of four, and with rifles on shoulders started to search the street. The soldiers went into stores, rooming houses, and stopped men on the street, but the greater number of those seized were found in saloons. These were the saloons which the War Department had ordered closed. Instead of closing the proprietors had continued business, forsaking the sale of intoxicants, but doing a thriving trade in "near beer."

The soldiers asked every man whether or not he was a citizen. Those who satisfied the soldiers that they were citizens were permitted to go. All others were marched to one of the larger piers, where those who said they were citizens were told to send for relatives or friends who could produce citizenship papers or other proofs that the men in custody were not alien enemies. Those who could not give proof or who did not claim to be citizens were hurried away to Ellis Island.

Many of the men seized were violating the old zone regulation under which

Continued on Page 4.

One American Is Killed In Fight with German Patrol

By The Associated Press.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 19.—There has been another clash between American and German patrols in No Man's Land.

Full details are not known at this hour, beyond the fact that one American soldier was killed.

American patrols have been especially active the last two nights. One encountered a German patrol close to the German lines. The firing at this point was hot but brief. There are believed to have been German casualties, but they cannot be determined.

Artillery firing on the sector continues more active.

HINT THAT POPE MAY LEAVE ITALY

Vatican Circles Discuss His Going to Spain to Push His Peace Propaganda.

HAMPERED WHILE IN ROME

Theory Is That He Could Combat War More Effectively from Neutral Territory.

ROME, Nov. 19.—The question is being asked in various quarters here, especially in Vatican circles, if Pope Benedict intends to leave Rome and Italy. If the Pontiff should decide upon this step it would be due to the difficulty of assuming the attitude he desires to take with regard to the war so long as he resides in a belligerent country, in spite of all the efforts made by the Italian Government to guarantee his complete liberty and independence.

It is asserted that pourparlers have taken place with regard to the Pope's going to Spain as a guest of King Alfonso.

In the conclave which elected Leo XIII, all the Cardinals except eight—including the late Cardinal Hohenlohe, a brother of the late German Chancellor, [illegible] then Rome and the Papacy [illegible] indissoluble.

It was Pope Pius IX. who called himself "the prisoner of the Vatican." He and his predecessors had ruled for centuries over a territory stretching across Italy from sea to sea. This temporal power of the Pope was diminished at various times, principally by plebiscitum. He thus lost to the new kingdom of Italy Romagna, Umbria, and the Marches in 1860, and the residue, including Rome itself, in 1870, when his French protectors marched away to the Franco-Prussian War, and the troops of Victor Emmanuel II. entered the Eternal City.

Pius IX. regarded the Italian Government as a usurper of his temporal power and declined to treat with it. The latter, therefore, acted alone and on May 13, 1871, passed the famous Law of Guarantees, which secured to his Holiness and his successors forever the possession of the Vatican and Lateran palaces and the villa of Castel Gandolfo, together with an income of 3,225,000 lire.

Pius IX. shut himself up in the Vatican, used the Lateran palace and villa for his court, but declined to touch the money. His successors have observed his policy.

It has always been asserted by the legal authorities of the Italian Government that the Popes were tenants and not owners of the Vatican, and that the Law of Guarantees was not a contract, but a privilege granted by the Government, which the Pope had declined to accept.

This view seems borne out by the attitude of the Government at the time of the Conclave which elected Pope Leo XIII. in 1878. The assembled Cardinals, fearing some untoward demonstration on the part of the Roman mob, which had been particularly bitter against Pius IX. and his Secretary of State, Cardinal Antonnelli, asked the Government for safe conduct to Civitavecchia, the ancient port of Rome, with the intention of holding the Conclave there.

Crispi was then Minister of the Interior, and he replied for the Government:

"Their Eminences may go where they please and be sure of adequate protection; but no Pope [elected elsewhere] may enter the Vatican."

Several times there have been rumors that the Vatican and Quirinal were on the point of settling the matter in a way that would at least allow the Pope to travel, but the official press of successive Ministries has declared that the Government could not undertake the responsibility of protecting his Holiness outside the territory guaranteed him by the law of 1871.

Pope Pius X., however, opened the way for negotiations soon after his election in June, 1903, by declaring that the temporal power of the Popes was not a matter of dogma, but of dogmatic doctrine, and that a Pope, like any other sovereign, might extend or contract his domain at will or by treaty with other sovereigns.

The Quirinal, however, paid no attention to the implied invitation to acquire a Papal title to the territory whose people had voted adhesion to the Kingdom of Italy.

The Papal possessions of Avignon where Popes were elected and held their Court in the fourteenth century, and of the Comtat-Venaissin, are said to offer a precedent for Italy's action in that they were annexed to France in 1791.

THRU NEW YORK-MIAMI SLEEPER 3:34 P. M. daily, P. R. R. and Seaboard Air Line. Office 1184 Broadway.—Advt.

ITALIANS ATTACK ON ASIAGO FRONT; HOLD ON PIAVE

Vigilant Defense on the Lower River Prevents Any New Attempts at Crossing.

QUERO AND TOMBA FALL

Invaders' Strong Northern Offensive Results in the Capture of 1,100 Italians.

FOE SLAUGHTERED IN RIVER

1,500 Austrian Dead Line Banks Near Zenson; an Equal Number Captured.

ROME, Nov. 19.—Italian forces have begun an offensive on the Asiago Plateau and have occupied advanced elements of trenches, the War Office announced today.

Further attempts of the Austro-German troops to cross the Piave have been stopped.

On the front west of the Piave, south of Quero, great numbers of Austro-German troops are attacking the Monte Monfenera [Fener?] and Monte Tomba lines.

The text of the official statement follows:

Last night there was lively artillery activity between Lago di Garda and the Astico.

On the Asiago Plateau the enemy made violent concentrations of fire on our positions at Monte Tondarecar and Monte Badenecche without following up with any infantry attack. Our parties in new offensive operations reoccupied advanced elements of trenches, capturing six officers and 202 men.

South of Quero enemy forces in great number are attacking our Monte Monfenera and Monte Tomba lines.

On the plains the vigilance of our troops has stopped the enemy from renewing any attempt whatsoever to cross the Piave.

Among our troops the following deserve again to be specially mentioned for valor shown during these last days: Bersaglieri battalions in the [illegible] of a strong wind, by our airships at the basin of Primolano, to the northwest of Susegana and at Tezze di Livenza.

Berlin Says Quero Has Fallen.

BERLIN, Nov. 19, (via London.)—Quero and Monte Cornelle, on the northern Italian front, have been taken by storm, and the Italians have been driven from Monte Tomba, the War Office announced this afternoon. The capture of 1,100 Italians in this district is also reported.

The text of the announcement follows:

Northeast of Asiago the enemy repeated his fruitless and costly attacks to gain the lost heights; between the Brenta and the Piave the last few days have brought the (Teutonic) allies further successes in difficult mountain fighting.

In prepared and naturally strong positions the Italians sought to dispute every foot of ground. They threw freshly brought up forces against our advancing troops, but were not equal to the unconquerable offensive strength of our infantry. Step by step, fighting stubbornly, the enemy yielded. In particularly desperate encounters Quero and Monte Cornelle, extending to the northwest, were taken by storm, and the enemy was driven from his strongly prepared positions on Monte Tomba. The German storming troops and the Second Bosnia-Herzegovina Infantry Regiment especially distinguished themselves in this action. Eleven hundred Italians fell into our hands.

On the lower Piave the artillery duel at times increased to great violence.

Tonight's supplementary report says:

There was violent fighting in the mountains between the Brenta and Piave Rivers.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Austrian official communication of Saturday as received here today by wireless says:

On the Lower Piave, (Italian Front.)—Reconnoitring detachments on the western bank of the stream had to be withdrawn before strong counterattacks.

Italians Hold Positions in the North.

By The Associated Press.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 19.—Conditions were virtually unchanged on the fighting front early today. A powerful attack is proceeding in the north between the Piave and Brenta Rivers, the enemy throwing heavy masses into the line. The Italian artillery and infantry are holding tenaciously. There have been no further attempts to cross the Piave.

Sergeant Morini, 26 years old, of the Bersaglieri Brigade, is the man who killed General von Berr of the Austrian army at the gates of Udine in the course of the Italian retreat. Sergeant Morini found valuable military documents in General von Berr's possession which he delivered to the Italian commander.

A Rome dispatch on Nov. 5 announced the killing of a General commanding an enemy corps in the suburbs of Udine on Oct. 28 by shots fired into the General's automobile by two Italian cara-

Continued on Page 3.

THANKSGIVING DINNER IMPROVED by using Dewey's Pure Wines and Grape Juice. 138 Fulton St., N. Y. Phone 3861 Cort.—Advt.

HOUSE CROWDED BUT CALM

To Witness the Verbal Duel Between Asquith and Lloyd George.

SCENE LIKE AN OLD PRINT

Asquith Opens Attack in Quiet Tones While Members Lounge in Seats Indifferently.

LLOYD GEORGE WARMS UP

Finally Stirs House to Show of Enthusiasm—Friends Consider It a Triumph.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—I went to the House of Commons today thinking to take such observation as would satisfy the interest and curiosity of the average American, and I set down my impressions without attempting to give attention to the more solid matter, which is covered in your cables published elsewhere.

Although there was almost an unprecedented crowd and a much greater number of tickets had been issued than there were seats, I was fortunate in securing a place in the front row in the Members' Gallery, reserved for representatives of the press from America and the English Colonies. This is located immediately behind the Peers' Gallery, which was packed with men [illegible] Justice Reading, fresh from his sojourn in America and looking fit and smiling, came in with Lord Buckmaster, late Lord Chancellor. The two sat immediately in front of me, near Lord Beresford, long the spokesman for naval ideals in the House and now in the Lords.

The floor of the House was packed, but there was none of the peculiar tension we would experience in similar circumstances in America. A certain reserve of manner among the English makes us feel that they are not entirely in earnest. Undoubtedly the occasion was one of the most important in the history of the world. Yet the House, which was to sustain or reject the Government, showed absolute outward calm.

Moderate Applause for Lloyd George.

Lloyd George entered from behind the Speaker's chair shortly after 3:30. He was received with a moderate demonstration of approval. He walked almost the length of the Ministerial bench and took a seat between Bonar Law and Sir Eric Geddes, the former Baltimore & Ohio official who is now First Lord of the Admiralty and one of the Premier's wheel horses. Sir Eric sat up very straight and rigid, his black hair brushed sleekly back from his young-looking face.

Mr. Asquith came in at the other side at 3:40. He received about the same amount of applause as Lloyd George.

Mr. Asquith sat with folded arms and examined the ceiling. Both he and Lloyd George have mops of hair at the back of their necks, which serve conveniently for the Parliamentary practice of half reclining and resting the head on the back of the bench.

When the speaking began we discovered, owing to the low voices used by the statesman or to acoustic defects of the hall, that the show from the gallery was more or less pantomime.

Promptly at 3:45 o'clock the Premier rose. He spoke feelingly of the death of General Maude. Mr. Asquith followed in the same strain.

The latter then resumed his seat for two minutes. A clerk made some announcement, and Mr. Asquith rose again, and placed his notes in front of him on the flat-topped desk holding the mace and a few books of reference.

Asquith Opens the Attack.

With one hand on the bottom button of his vest and the other clutching the desk, and facing the Prime Minister, who sat only twelve feet away, his legs stretched out and his head reposing in the manner above described, Mr. Asquith opened the much looked for attack.

We are used to more stiffness in a public place than is usual in England, and when I visit Parliament I am always reminded of those old prints which represent life in London a hundred or more years ago.

On Mr. Lloyd George's lap rested a sheaf of notes. He was ready for the fray, except for such points as his opponent's attack might suggest. It didn't seem to me that Mr. Asquith could be dangerous with the manner he adopted, but one must always remember the difference between English reserve and American expressiveness. From the gallery Mr. Asquith seemed to be droning along without putting much impact into the assault. The House was taking it dully. McKenna might have been asleep to all appearances, and the same with many other members.

Didn't Seem Like Great Crisis.

Mr. Balfour, sitting between Bonar Law and Sir Edward Carson, leaned far forward and buried his face in his hands, in which position he remained fully ten minutes. I suspected him of an excursion into the Greek classics. Carson's eyes were shut, but he might have been awake. It was not my idea of what a great crisis ought to look like.

Mr. Asquith's difficulty at times in making out his notes somewhat broke the flow of his discourse.

In looking around for interesting points I noticed the women's gallery, immediately opposite. It was the first time I had seen it minus the bars. It was crowded with occupants, but the frames of the windows which had been left screened to some extent the fair company.

As Mr. Asquith proceeded, the Ministerial bench assumed more and more the old print character. Bonar Law put his feet on the desk from the other end of which Asquith spoke, and Balfour and the Premier followed suit. All three heads were below the level of the back of the bench.

I wondered what Mr. Balfour must have really thought of the vibrant noises made by our American crowds after a life spent in such comparative quiet as the House of Commons.

First Blood Is Drawn.

After twenty minutes Mr. Asquith drew first blood. The Premier sat up, took his sheaf of notes in hand, and began to pencil on the margin. People kept coming in and the House now was crowded, except the gallery assigned to Ambassadors on one side, and the one assigned to members who wish to withdraw from the floor on the other.

There was not room for all the peers who wanted to attend, and below me about twenty nobles were crowded in a gangway, straining to follow the proceedings. Members who came up to their gallery were not finding the performance particularly interesting, and nearly all of them were resting, with hands on the rail and heads on hands, looking up like superannuated cherubim in a Madonna picture.

Asquith went on without being excited himself or exciting anybody else. It didn't seem to be a fight for blood, but more like an exhibition in which the sparring was for points. Asquith recalled the late Senator Gorman of Maryland in appearance and manner. His voice was never raised and he made no effort for oratorical effects. [illegible] lack of oratorical warmth would be considered quite otherwise in this company. It seemed to me that Asquith made a virtue of consulting his notes in the middle of passages in which the words were stirring.

When he sat down he was sufficiently applauded in the conventional English way, but it was unmistakably evident that he had scored no triumph.

Lloyd George Warms to Task.

Lloyd George rose to reply at 4:50. He got more applause and seemed a winner from the first. His voice is less deep than his rival's, but carries further. His style is not conversational. He is a speaker in the sense that we understand public speaking.

The Premier commanded the attention of the House to a markedly greater extent than Asquith. From the gallery he seemed to me to be quite the best looking man on the floor of the House, with clean-cut features and a well shaped head. After all the hard work leading up to the attack he looked as fresh as a daisy.

As he spoke he looked squarely at his antagonist across the desk, who had sat down, crossed his legs, and folded his arms as one who has played out his game and is content.

Lloyd George warmed up more and more as he proceeded. He pounded the table good and hard. The show began to have something of the gladiatorial about it after all.

One of the Premier's earliest references was to America, but it didn't bring any resounding outburst of applause. Lloyd George had won his fight before President Wilson's cable to Colonel House was published. That simply resulted in an embarrassment of riches.

The Premier had spoken a good half hour when he got to Rapallo and began to show the intense oratorical reaction of those living forces of emotion and intellect which make him a great leader of men.

"I made up my mind to take risks and I took them," he said. The House roared approval, and the Premier was easily master of the situation.

"I may know nothing about military strategy, but I know all about political strategy." The House exploded with laughter.

"I took a measure that I thought would arouse public opinion, and it has done it." The House almost shouted.

Real Enthusiasm at Climax.

There was one outburst after another of fine enthusiasm. Tomorrow may tell a different story, but it seemed to me as if the "Premier of Europe" was coming into his own. Warmth and magnetism will win even in this cold country and in these war times the characteristically reserved English public yearns for audacity.

During the last twenty minutes of the speech the opposition to the Premier in the House had so far disappeared as to destroy all psychological sense of a contest. Nearly every face smiled approval upon him

Lloyd George saved his finest eloquence for the few closing sentences and sat down at a moment when the power and influence of his effort were at their height. He assumed a half-reclining position on the ministerial bench and put his feet on the flat-topped desk with the air of a man who preferred the danger and excitement of a tournament to the boredom of Parliamentary interrogation.

Deerfoot Farm Sausages Made of the tender meat of dairy fed, fat young porkers, seasoned with selected spices. Beware of imitations.—Advt.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER. "Its Purity Has Made It Famous."—Advt.

GEORGE ANSWERS ASQUITH

Says His Rehearsal of Allied Failures Was Carefully Considered.

UNITY THE ONE SALVATION

Acted to Arouse Public Sentiment in the Allied Nations to Bring It About.

AND NOW THEY ARE ALL "IN"

He Emphasizes Our View That the Council Proposal Did Not Go Far Enough.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Premier Lloyd George defended himself in the House of Commons this afternoon against the first serious attack his administration has faced, and so far as the Commons is concerned his defense seemed highly successful. The Prime Minister's admirers call it a triumph.

One of the most striking announcements made by the Premier was that one of the dangers facing the Allies had been successfully met—that of the submarine—and he clinched the announcement with the statement that five U-boats had been sunk on Saturday.

The attack on the Premier was focused upon two points—the character of the war council which the Premier announced in Paris and the condemnation of the Allies' past strategy which he pronounced in his Paris speech.

Ex-Premier Asquith was spokesman for the Opposition. His speech was not in the tone of an attack, but a sharp criticism of the new plan for allied control of the war and a vindication of his [illegible] Premier had each had his particular share of responsibility. It was keyed in a much milder strain than the first hostile outburst from the newspapers and sections of the Liberal and Conservative parties, which greeted the Premier on his return home.

The Welsh leader's reply was a characteristic fighting speech of the type which has made him famous. There was no thought of retraction for anything he had said or done, no hint of an apologetic strain, which some expected, for what had been called the Paris indiscretions. There were some passages which would have made old school parliamentarians steeped in Gladstonian traditions of stately courtesy wince, as when he said the attacks made him feel as though he were crossing the Channel in a storm on a small desroyer. But Lloyd George always brings something of the touch of the stump speaker into the Commons, and this gives him a stronger appeal to the greater audience outside.

Mr. Asquith's Speech.

The usual hour devoted to questions having passed, the chief whip, Lord Edmund Talbot, moved the adjournment of the House, thus giving an opportunity for the debate, and Mr. Asquith immediately arose.

Mr. Asquith said that in war responsibility for what was done and what was left undone rested on the shoulders of the Government of the day. It was the business of the advisers of the Government to give counsel as to the best means whereby the policy of the Government could be brought to a successful issue.

It was of vital importance in war that there should be frequent and intimate consultations among the statesmen of the Allies and as complete co-ordination as circumstances permitted. Germany had the advantage that the policy of all the Governments of that alliance was decided by a central authority; Austria and Turkey had no voice in either policy or strategy.

"It is urgent," continued Mr. Asquith, "that the Allies develop by all the means possible the machinery for complete consultation, communication, and co-ordination. We should welcome any scheme or arrangement which would provide for more frequent communication between the General Staffs, supplemented by the appointed of liaison officers of high rank."

Against Interfering With Staffs.

He would deprecate, however, said Mr. Asquith, the setting up of any organization that would interfere with the responsibility of the General Staffs to their Governments, or derogate in any way from the authority and legitimate responsibility of each of the allied staffs to its own people.

Dealing with the Premier's speech in Paris, Mr. Asquith strongly emphasized that there was no mention of the navy, while in many aspects of the war the navy dominated strategical considerations. It suggested unity of control and meant unity of command, but he did not desire to read any such purpose into the Premier's statement. He asked whether the advisory staff officer would have a separate staff and what would happen if his staff and the General Staff were not in agreement. Which would give way or decide the question?

Sir Edward Carson, interrupting: "The War Cabinet."

Mr. Asquith said that the object of the debate was to dispel certain misapprehensions which had been excited, not so much by the scheme as by the Paris speech. Referring to that speech, he went on to say that while he would continue to eschew all unnecessary controversy, he would be failing in his duty if he were to pass it by.

The Premier had selected four cases in criticism of the allied strategy—two, Serbia and Rumania, in which he himself and Mr. Lloyd George had in their respective capacities equal responsibility, and two, Rusia and Italy, which belonged to this year. Mr. Lloyd george's view regarding Serbia was not the view taken by any military authority of weight in this country, he asserted.

The proposition that there was only one front was perfectly sound, and one of the corollaries was that you might render the best service to any ally at one end of the line by exerting the maximum effort at the other end of the line. It was a sacred trust of the Allies to see that the future freedom and security of Serbia and Rumania were adequately assured.

Mr. Asquith went over the Premier's references in his Paris speech to Russia and Italy and asked what the Premier meant by "we." He suggested a doubt whether a council at Versailles last March would have affected the Russian situation. He also asked whether it was not a fact that up to the eve of the German attack General Cadorna was full of confidence and serenity and gave assurances that he would triumph over it.

"Lloyd George regaled the good people of Paris," he added, "with irrelevant rhetoric."

Mr. Asquith doubted whether any allied council would have interfered with the successful offensives in the west in favor of more attractive adventures elsewhere. He concluded:

"We have no reason to be ashamed of our contribution to the war. We have kept the seas free. We have expanded our army into seventy divisions and we have placed our arsenals and credit at the disposal of our allies, and so we will go on to the end."

U-Boats Checked by a New Plan of Campaign; Washington Reports Three Sunk in a Day

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—In view of Premier Lloyd George's statement that the submarine danger was no longer feared and that five enemy submarines were destroyed on Saturday, it may be stated that the constantly growing success of the anti-submarine warfare is the result, not merely of new devices, but also of a plan of campaign which has been worked out in elaborate detail and which has not yet reached its full development.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—This Government received recently the news that three submarines were destroyed by the allied naval forces on one day. An official who has access to the confidential reports of submarine sinkings sent to this Government, and who has not been optimistic over the efforts to overcome the U-boat menace, said he was now of the opinion that by next Spring the allied naval forces would have the German submarine situation well in hand. This official based his opinion on reports recently received.

Full Text of Premier Lloyd George's Speech in Defense of His War Council Proposal

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—When Mr. Asquith finished his speech Premier Lloyd George rose at 4:50 to make his reply. He sat down at 5:52.

The full text of the Premier's speech is as follows:

"My right honorable friend's speech divided itself naturally into two parts. The first dealt with a practical, and therefore most important, question, and the other dealt with the question of the presentment of the case. With regard to the first he examined our proposals in a calm and dispassionate way and I hope I shall follow his example.

"I shall first deal with one or two criticisms which he offered upon the question as to whether it is desirable to secure greater unity of control and, if so, whether we have adopted the right method of securing that unity. That is far more important than anything else which has taken place in Paris or elsewhere.

"I am glad my right honorable friend made my task very much easier by practically accepting the principle upon which we based our action. He admits there is need for greater co-operation and co-ordination.

"I don't think he has denied that the mere machinery which was adopted when he was Prime Minister and which I subsequently adopted, the machinery of conferences and consultations between the Allies, has not proved all that was necessary. What he does deny—and I shall come to that later—is that although the present machinery is inadequate, i.e does not accept my proposition that the Allies have suffered substantially in consequence. On that ground I shall join issue with him later on.

Suffered from Defects of System.

"I think we have suffered grievously, as I explicitly said in Paris, through no fault of any individual or any staff, but owing to defects of the system. That is why I thought the time had come to make a complete change in the method of co-ordinating our position.

"As my right honorable friend has said, the enemy had the advantage in the possession of interior lines. That is the reason why we should do our best to overcome that advantage by co-ordinating our effort.

"This is not the first time that Germany has won through the lack of co-ordination on the part of Allies. In the time of Frederick the Great, in spite of an overwhelming mass of material and men against him, his important success was attributable in the main to the fact that the allied powers did not co-ordinate their efforts. It is essential that we should avoid the mistakes of the past, either in this campaign or elsewhere.

"May I just say that any criticism which I have directed against the past in proposing this change in our method of securing common action was not directed against any staff or any Commander in Chief either in this or any other country. It is the business of the Commander in Chief to look after his own particular front. It is not his business to survey the whole field of operations in Europe, Asia, and Africa. It is quite as much as he can do to look after his own particular front. I made no attack upon General Sir Douglas Haig, Sir William Robertson, or any other army chiefs.

First Proposed by Kitchener.

"Who was it first suggested this idea of co-ordination? I see there is a suggestion (my right honorable friend has not made himself responsible for it, but it has been freely stated outside) that this scheme is part of a civilian attempt to interfere with soldiers.

"Who was the first to suggest it? It was Lord Kitchener in 1915, and he proposed it in almost the very same terms in which I recommended it in Paris. That was in 1915, and I say that if his advice had been followed—I admit there were difficulties then and that [illegible] today—if it had been carried [illegible] the time by the Allies, I say without hesitation that we should have been further forward in the war by now. But here again, I am not criticising anybody. After all, the Allies are taught by the difficulties and disasters which come through lack of common action.

"The second time it was proposed was in July of this year. A meeting of the chiefs of the allied staffs of Great Britain, France, and Italy passed a resolution urging the necessity of unity of action on the western front by the promoting of an inter-allied military organization, which would study and prepare for the rapid movement of troops from one theatre to another.

"Therefore, when it is suggested that there is a device on the part of civilians to get control of strategy, I am glad of this opportunity of quoting the authority of three great soldiers as proof that its initiative and suggestion came in the first instance not from politicians.

"Now I come to the second point. Having argued that it is desirable to got some sort of control at the front, working in co-ordination, what is the best method of doing it? We examined three alternative proposals. The first, put forward in responsible quarters, was the appointment of a generalissimo for the whole of the allied forces. I was utterly opposed to that suggestion. For reasons which it would not be desirable to discuss here, it would be attended with the greatest dificulty.

America for Going Further.

"Another suggestion which found favor not only in France but, I observe, also in America, was that the committee should have greater power than we proposed to confer upon it. Therefore the idea of America is not that we have gone too far but that we have not gone far enough. There are reasons why I think that it would be undesirable to set up a separate authority unless we are driven to it by the failure of the present experiment, for the success of which good will and co-operation on the part of all concerned are essential. Soldiers will represent all allied countries. They will be assisted by technical advisers, drawn from all the allied armies which will help the various Governments to co-ordinate their plans.

"That is the present proposal. What are its advantages? The first is that the information which is at the disposal of each of the allied States will be at the disposal of a central council. The second advantage of the new council is that it will be a permanent body. Under the old system there was only one meeting a year between the allied staffs. That meeting was held for the purpose of surveying the strategy to be pursued on thousands of miles of front, on which millions of men were engaged. It was utterly impossible.

"Therefore, I say, an essential part of this scheme, if it is to achieve its object, is that it should be permanent.

Must Survey the Whole Field.

"It will be the duty of this central body to survey the whole field and not merely a part. It may be said that each general staff does that at present. Well, in a sense they are bound to consider not only their own front but other fronts as well, but it is a secondary matter. They naturally do not devote the same study to it. There is always delicacy on the part of any General Staff to criticise another General.

"With regard to the Italian front it is very difficult to give answers about these matters without saying something which will hurt, perhaps, our ally. My right honorable friend asked me questions about what General Cadorna has

FULL TEXT OF LLOYD GEORGE'S SPEECH

said, and I am not sure that I can answer him. I don't want to be pressed about it. I would rather not, because there is a great deal to be said about that and a good deal to be said about our view about the position of the Italian Army that is much more important from the point of view of our country, but it was a view we could not press. We were not responsible for the Italian front.

"The advantage of the Central Council is that we would have the right to press the things we knew, suspected, or believed about the Italian front as much as about our own. The Italian Government knew something about it, but naturally Sir William Robertson would not go on pressing things about another front beyond a certain point. We got to the consideration of them, but it was too late.

"That is one of the difficulties of the old system, but it must come to an end if you are going to insure victory. The Italian front is important to our front, and whatever happens there affects the operations on ours.

"That is why we have come to the conclusion that the mere machinery of liaison officers which we had, that the occasional meeting of Ministers and Chiefs of Staffs once or twice a year is utterly inadequate, utterly inefficient for the purpose of securing real co-ordination, and that you must have a permanent body constantly watching these things, constantly advising upon them, and constantly reporting on them to the Government whether as to the French, Italian, or Russian front.

"With regard to the navy I can assure my Right Honorable Friend that representation of the navy is not an afterthought; it is essential that all information regarding naval operations should be known to these military advisers. That is a different thing to the establishment of a naval council and to co-ordinating naval strategy. A good deal can be said for that. We are suffering from lack of it now, anybody who knows what is happening in the Mediterranean could tell that. There is a great deal to be said for a similar council dealing with naval strategy to that which is set up for military considerations. But that is a very different thing.

"My right honorable friend asked whether the new Council would have their own expert staff or would they be dependent on information supplied by the individual staffs. You cannot set up there a rival intelligence department. It would be utterly impracticable and thoroughly mischievous. We have about the best Intelligence Department probably in Europe, and one of the most distinguished soldiers in the army at the head of it. The only staff you require there is a staff necessary to co-ordinate the information which comes from the various staffs. The final decision must remain with the Government. That is the case now. There will be no change after this has been done.

Paris Speech Was Deliberate.

"My honorable friend challenged some things I said in Paris. Let me say at once about the speech that I considered it carefully. It is suggested that I was assisted by Mr. Churchill. That speech was written and handed over to be interpreted before I saw the right honorable gentleman. I never altered a comma of it, and he never knew what I was going to say until he heard me at that particular meeting.

"Publicity has been worked up into a web of intrigue. If that speech was wrong, I cannot plead any impulse and that it was something I said on the moment. I had considered it, and I did it for a deliberate purpose.

"I have seen resolutions for unity and for co-ordination. Where are they? You might as well throw them straight away into the waste paper basket. Lord Kitchener tried it on Jan. 28, 1915. I have seen other schemes by M. Briand and my right honorable friend. Somehow or other they all came to naught because naturally you get the disinclination of independent bodies to merge their individualities in a sort of common organization. It is inevitable, and I was afraid that this would end in the same way.

"We went to Rapallo with a document—a carefully prepared document. It was passed by the Cabinet before I left, but I was afraid of this. There was a beautifully drafted document prepared by the Allies at two or three conferences. Nothing happened—simply an announcement in the papers that at last we had found some means of co-ordination.

"There had been too much of that, and I made up my mind to take the risks, and I took them, to arouse public sentiment, not here merely, but in France, in Italy, and in America, to get public sentiment behind us, to see that this document became an act.

"It is not easy to rouse public opinion. I may know nothing of military strategy, but I do know something of political strategy. And to convince and to get public opinion interested in a proposal and to convince them of the desirability of it is an essential part of political strategy. That is why I did it, and it has done it. [Loud cheers.] I determined to deliver a disagreeable speech that would force everybody to talk about this scheme, and they have talked about it.

"The result is that America is in, Italy is in, France is in, Britain is in, and public opinion is in, and that is vital.

"The suggestion is made that I am blaming my own country, but I am not.

"My right honorable friend instanced the illustrations of Serbia, Rumania, Russia, and Italy. But France was just as responsible for them as we were, but no more. Italy was surely responsible. It was not a pleasant thing for Italy or for me to remind them that they had lost 2,500 guns. It was more pleasant to say that we had captured a kilometer than to say to Italy that she had lost 200,000 prisoners. It was disagreeable all around, but it was necessary in order to give force to the movement.

"The field is north, south, east, and west. Our business is to bring pressure on the enemy from every point of the compass, and inflict hurt on him where you can.

"That is our argument and that is why we want a central council—a council which will examine the whole field of operations, and not merely a part of it, with the advice of England and her Generals to be given when it is required, and the advice of others to be given to us.

"We need every brain, we need all the experience, we need all the help, and they need it, and their need is greater than ours at the present moment. We want victory, and we will get it, but I don't want the whole burden of winning to fall on Great Britain; and I want, therefore, an interallied council, so to order the whole field of battle that the whole resources of the Allies shall be thrown into the conflict, in order to bring pressure to bear on the enemy.

Could Have Saved Serbia

"With regard to Serbia, if our troops who were sent there had been sent six weeks earlier, we should not have had the Balkan tragedy. I do not withdraw a single syllable I have said. I do not say this because of what my right honorable friend has said, but because of what his friends have been saying. Really when I see it said in certain quarters, 'hands off the army,' it makes me feel as if I am crossing the Channel in a torpedoboat destroyer on a choppy sea.

"I will lay down two propositions and I defy any man to challenge them. The first is that no soldiers in any war have had their strategical dispositions less interfered with by politicians. There has not been a single battalion or gun moved this year except on the advice of the General Staff. Not a single attack has been ordered in any part of the battlefield except on the advice of the General Staff, and there has not been a single attack not ordered.

"The whole campaign of this year has been the result of the advice of soldiers. Never in the whole history of war in this country have soldiers got more consistent and more substantial backing from politicians than they have in this war. I do not mean a backing of speeches; I mean a backing of guns, ammunition, transport, shipping, railways, supplies, and men. Speeches are no substitute for shells.

"I have only twice during this war acted against the advice of soldiers. The first was in the gun program. I laid down a program in advance of the advice of soldiers and against it. I was told then that I was extravagant and that the program would not be necessary. There is no soldier today who will not say that I was right.

"The second time I acted against the advice of soldiers was in the appointment of a civilian to reorganize the railways behind the lines, and I am proud to have done it. There is not a soldier now who will not say that he is grateful that I pressed my advice in spite of the attacks in the press that I was interfering with the soldiers.

"Apart from the great and matchless valor of our troops—and in spite of everything that has been said, no man has used warmer or more deep-felt words of gratitude and admiration for them than I have—apart from that, and the skill in the disposition of our soldiers, what are the two most conspicuous features in the great attacks in Flanders? The first is the overwhelming mass of artillery and ammunition; the second is the fact that the whole supplies are running right into the firing line by arrangements made by my Right Honorable friend, the First Lord of the Admiralty.

"I am not going here to define what the function of a politician is and what the function of a soldier, but do not make any mistake. You want both policy and strategy. They are inextricably interwoven.

"These are things which belong purely to the sphere of the soldier and the politician who meddles in them is mischievous. He is meddling with something which requires years of training. There is also the sphere which is purely political, and the soldier who meddles in that is just as mischievous as the politician who meddles in strategy. Every one thinks he can edit a newspaper, and become a statesman without any training or experience.

"Every one says 'I could show these politicians how to do things.' I should just like to see some of these gentlemen here for five or ten minutes. We would show them that even politics is an art that requires experience.

Must Work Together.

"But there is a vast sphere in war which is partly political and partly military. Supplies, transport, shipping, the distribution of man power, diplomacy, and the morale of the people—all these things are political, even more than they are military, and to divide people into politicians and soldiers in war is unscientific. What you want is the co-operation of both. Let them work together. The men who would try to separate them and foster disunion among them are traitors to their country. We have got to go on, and that is why I am looking forward to co-operation between not merely civilians and soldiers, but between allies and allies.

"Here let me utter one word of warning. When I see paragraphs by people who write recklessly without knowing the mischief they are doing, I think they are doing this in order to put us and our armies on bad terms with France, fostering suspicion of France. Why, Germany is lavishing money to create suspicion, distrust, and jealousy of England in France, Italy, Russia, and America. There is one country where they have conspicuously failed to move a single peasant to anything but heartfelt gratitude for what this country has done, and that country is France.

"Are we to tolerate men in this country who, for purely political or personal reasons, are disseminating distrust and jealousy of France in the hearts of Englishmen? I say we ought to stop this business.

"Since I have been in this war I have striven to get, not merely co-operation between the Allies, but friendship, goodwill, and comradeship. I have done my best to make these people our friends. That is the secret of our success.

"It is essential that you should have this perfect good-will. The idea that poor France—trampled upon, with so many of her sons lost to her forever, with her richest provinces torn from her—should want anything except emancipation from this deadly menace that has threatened her for fifty years is false. That is all she seeks, and I hope, whatever happens to this controversy, that at any rate they will keep their hands and tongues and pens from trying to foster suspicion, jealousy, and distrust between France and ourselves.

Unity the Way to Victory.

"It is better to tell the people what is going on, and I have no anxiety that would modify for one moment my confidence.

"There were two fears, two things that could defeat us.

"There was the submarine menace. If that had wrenched from us the freedom of the seas, then, indeed, our hopes would be shattered. But of the submarine I have no longer any fear. We are on its track, and I am glad to tell the House that on Saturday we destroyed five of these pests of the seas.

"The only other thing is lack of unity. Unity is the only sure way to victory—a victory that will bring peace and healing to a world which is bleeding to death."

Speakers Criticise Premier.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Admiral Sir Hedworth Meux followed the Premier. He maintained that the scheme the Premier had explained was very different than that outlined in his Paris speech.

Commander Wedgwood characterized the Premier's speech as largely camouflage, and a lamentable descent from his Paris utterance. The council, he said, ought to possess executive powers. If anybody had come to see the Premier's funeral he had found a very wakeful corpse.

Sir Edward Carson confirmed the full approval and confidence of the Cabinet in the document the Premier took to Rapallo and declared that there would be no whittling down, but that the agreement would be rigidly adhered to as one of the most sacred documents formulated by the Allies during the war. If there were a divergency of views on the Central Council, he said, the Government would take the problem back to its own staffs, and it would be decided by those at home.

The debate closed with the withdrawal of the motion for adjournment.

CLEMENCEAU SPEAKS TODAY.

New French Premier's Declaration of Policy Will Be Very Brief.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Premier Clemenceau and his associates in the new Cabinet decided today upon the terms of the declaration with which they will go before Parliament tomorrow. It is described as a simple, straightforward, and almost laconic document of about 500 words.

The Parliamentary correspondents of the newspapers agree that the new Ministry will receive a vote of confidence by a very large majority after discussion of the interpellations.

SEE WILSON STANCH FOR UNITY IN WAR

President Regarded in Washington as Foremost Advocate of Centralized Control.

PURPOSE IN HOUSE CABLE

Believed to Have Been Sent to Clinch American Approval of Lloyd George's Proposal.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—There is no doubt that President Wilson is strong for unity of war control among the Allies. While officials declined to admit that they knew of any cable message from the President to Colonel E. M. House his representative in the war conference to be held in Paris, they did not hesitate to say that The Associated Press statement from London of the contents of the President's cabled instructions to his envoy was in accord with the attitude of the President as indicated before the departure of Colonel House for Europe.

A strong suspicions exists here that the President communicated with Colonel House directly without taking any one into his confidence as to what was in his message. His object in cabling Colonel House information as to his attitude toward the proposed interallied war council is believed to have been twofold:

First—To furnish an opportunity to Colonel House to make public a statement of the President's position—for it is accepted here that The Associated Press summary of the President's message was inspired—so that all the belligerent powers might know exactly where this Government stood on the question.

Second—To make it clear that if the other allies expected the United States to contribute heavily in men, material, and money to the common cause they must devise some consistent plan of operations against Germany which would bring unity of effort.

A story has been going the rounds that the President remarked on one occasion recently that there were never such strenuous efforts and such heavy sacrifices made, with such little accomplishment, as in this war.

In Advance of an Invitation.

Nothing has come to light to show that the United States Government has been invited to participate in an interallied war council. All the evidence points to the probability that no invitation was ever extended. This is not considered strange in view of the sudden manner in which the suggestion for an interallied permanent body was brought forward. For this reason, it is believed, the President was anxious to let the allied nations know in advance of any invitation that he was hearty in favor of the proposal which Mr. Lloyd George has made, and which has caused a strong drive to be undertaken against the Premier by his political enemies in the United Kingdom.

Officials deprecate the idea that the President had any intention of interfering in British politics. They indicated that there was abundant evidence that the President for a long time had been in favor of establishing unity of military control among the Allies. They pointed to Secretary Lansing's statement to the press on Nov. 7, announcing the appointment of Colonel House and others to represent the United States at the Paris war conference, as showing the desire of this Government for central control of military operations.

German Centralization.

One utterance of Mr. Lloyd George in his speech in the House of Commons today attracted special attention here. This was that America would have preferred a central council with even greater powers than the British Government felt that it could concede. While comment from the highest officials on this statement is withheld, it is taken to mean that President Wilson believes that the way to win the war is to adopt the German system of a complete central military authority, with power not only to prepare plans, but to give the orders for executing them. The main criticism directed at Mr. Lloyd George in the present political flurry in the British Isles is that he would have the inter-allied war council, composed of representatives of France, Italy, and other allied countries, receive the right to direct the commander of the British forces in the field to execute a program with which the British War Office might not be in accord.

Taking Mr. Lloyd George's statement at a literal valuation, it means that the United States Government favors giving the inter-allied war council plenary powers in the conduct of the war. Nobody understanding the amenities of relations between nations, particularly nations allied in a great cause, could believe that the British Prime Minister would have made this important declaration without the consent of President Wilson, which was probably communicated to him within the last few days by Colonel House.

Altogether, the evidence at hand goes to show that President Wilson is the foremost advocate of the formation of an inter-allied war council with extraordinary powers in the conduct of allied military operations. The President is known to be emphatic in his desire for pressing hostilities against the Germans with all the strength and ability that the Allies can command. It is understood that the American representatives to the Paris conference went abroad with the determination, probably with direct instructions from the President along that line, to speak frankly and with emphasis in stating the opinion of this Government as to what was needed to bring success in the shortest possible time to the allied cause. Vigorous naval offensive action, as well as the same sort of action on land, is strong in the President's mind, according to all accounts, and there is a feeling here that the Paris conference will result in the determination of a definite military and naval policy that will be put into effect with the least possible delay.

Bliss As Our Representative.

General Tasker H. Bliss, Chief of the General Staff of the United States Army, who went abroad with Colonel House, has been assigned as military adviser to Colonel House in the Paris conference. General Bliss will reach the age limit of active service on Dec. 31, his sixty-fourth birthday. A report has been going the rounds here that it was the intention of President Wilson and Secretary Baker to keep General Bliss in Europe as the military staff representative of the United States, just as Vice Admiral Sims is abroad in the capacity of the staff representative of the United States Navy to Great Britain and France, although he is also in command of the naval forces of this Government in European waters.

This story suggests that General Bliss will represent the United States on an central inter-allied war council that may be formed. The President has authority to continue him in active service, and the rank and title of General, which he holds by virtue of his temporary assignment as Chief of the General Staff, probably could be continued, so that he might have adequate rank to participate in a body in which the other allies would be represented by the highest ranking military officers.

The Italian Government will take part in the Paris war conference and be represented in any permanent war council. Plans for an allied campaign in Italy are to be considered at the conference, and there is no bar to the participation of the American representatives in these, although the United States is not at war with Austria-Hungary. The Administration is not yet ready to disclose whether President Wilson will recommend to Congress when it meets two weeks from today that a declaration be made that a State of war exists between the United States and the Austro-Hungarian Government, and there has been no authoritative statement on the subject, but everything known tends to strengthen the understanding that the President will make such a recommendation and to this end will be ready to co-operate with Great Britain, France, and Italy in preventing the Austro-German forces from further invasion of allied territory.

BRITISH COMPLIMENT THE HOUSE COMMISSION

Impressed by Americans' Common Sense and Knowledge, Says Official Statement.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The following official statement was issued this evening concerning the visit to England of the American mission headed by Colonel E. M. House:

"The House mission is doing most useful work, and its members have much impressed the different Government departments with which they have discussed common problems of the war.

"Admiral Benson has been in constant touch with Admiral Jellicoe (First Sea Lord) and General Tasker H. Bliss (the American Chief of Staff) with General Sir William R. Robertson, Chief of the Imperial Staff, at Army Headquarters. Oscar T. Crosby, Assistant Secretary of the American Treasury, discussed financial questions with Andrew Bonar Law, the British Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Bainbridge Colby has been engaged with Sir Joseph Paten Maclay, Shipping Controller, at the Ministry of Shipping.

"Thomas Nelson Perkins, member of the American Priority Board, is dealing with questions of munitions in consultation with Winston Spencer Churchill, Minister of Munitions, and with the First Lord of the Admiralty and the Admiralty Controller, while Dr. Alonzo E. Taylor of the American food administration is investigating the food policy in close consultation with Baron Rhondda, Food Controller, and his officials. Vance McCormick has had many interviews with Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of Blockade.

"The British Ministers are greatly struck with the common sense and knowledge of all these matters shown by their American colleagues."

HOUSE AND VENIZELOS CONFER IN LONDON

Greek Premier Gives President's Envoy Details of Conditions In His Country.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Eleutherios Venizelos, the Greek Premier and Minister of War, had a lengthy conference today with Colonel Edward M. House, head of the American Mission, at which the Greek patriot gave President Wilson's representative intimate details of the state of affairs in his country. It was their first meeting and was greatly welcomed by both.

Colonel House, who has always been a great admirer of M. Venizelos and a close student of Greek politics, was especially happy over the opportunity afforded to inform himself of the latest happenings in Greece, and the Premier took advantage of the occasion to explain his forthcoming visit to America. It was arranged that they should confer again in Paris, probably during the allied conference at the end of the month.

Before the close of the interview O. T. Crosby of the mission, and M. Cravaris, the Greek Minister, were called into the conference to discuss the financial relations between the United States and Greece. Then followed a conference between General Tasker H. Bliss and Colonel Phrantzes of M. Venizelos's staff.

Among Colonel House's callers today were Charles R. Crane, who has just returned from Russia, and Lord Loreburn, a noted authority on international law. In the afternoon Colonel and Mrs. House were luncheon guests of Lord and Lady Curzon.

NORTHCLIFFE TO RETURN HERE

May Concentrate on Aircraft and Foresees Huge Production Here.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Globe prints an interview with Lord Northcliffe, in which he says that he will return to the United States as head of the British War Mission after the allied conferences and a trip to the various fronts.

If the British Government desired, he would devote much of this time to the question of aircraft production in the United States, adding:

"My great fear is that the American output will exceed the possibilities of training officers and mechanics. Americans are willing to make any type of engine we ask, in addition to their own Liberty engine."

Latin-American Trade

For the purpose of assisting Americans to enter Latin-American markets on favorable terms, The Mercantile Bank of the Americas, Inc., organized in 1915, maintains its own local subsidiary banks, agencies or affiliated institutions in Peru, Ecuador, Colombia, Venezuela, Nicaragua, Salvador, Guatemala, and is represented in other countries in South and Central America.

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FRANCIS ADVISES AMERICANS TO GO

Ambassador Obtains Railroad Accommodation for Them to Leave Petrograd at Once.

THOSE IN MOSCOW SAFE

Kerensky's Secretary, Reaching Sweden, Confirms Report of His Chief's Flight.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Americans in Petrograd and Moscow are safe and foreigners are not being molested, according to official advices received at the State Department today from David R. Francis, our Ambassador to Russia, and Consul General Maddin Summers at Moscow. Their messages bore the same date—Saturday, Nov. 17.

The Ambassador said he had advised unattached American men with wives and children to leave Petrograd, and had arranged with the Superintendent of the Railroad Passenger Service to furnish sleeping cars for those who care to avail themselves of the advice. The Consul General at Moscow reports all Americans there safe and well.

Ambassador Francis, in regard to conditions in Petrograd, said that efforts had been made to form a coalition Cabinet, but that the projected plans for a compromise between the Bolsheviki and the Socialists had not been effected. The Bolsheviki were in control both at Moscow and Petrograd.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAPARANDA, Sweden, Nov. 19.—Among travelers who arrived here from Tornea last night was Kerensky's private secretary. He is said to have managed to get out of Russia on a false passport drawn out in the name of an English correspondent.

In conversation the secretary confirmed Kerensky's flight, but he could not say whither he went. He also confirmed the news that the Bolsheviki have the upper hand completely in Petrograd and have even been able to dispatch large forces to Moscow where heavy fighting still proceeds.

He denied that General Korniloff had taken any part in the fighting, for the simple reason that he was still in prison. Rumors were still prevalent in Petrograd of Kerensky's arrest, but he doubted this. He did not think it was the Bolsheviki policy to arrest Kerensky out of fear of his support.

He added that a coalition Socialist Government had, in fact, been formed, and had broken up. For some days Petrograd, he said, has been quite calm but ferment prevails below the surface, and none knows any day what surprise the morrow will bring.

Other travelers from Petrograd report that the lack of food is terrible and growing worse. General Kaledines has stopped all supplies to the capital, which cannot, consequently, hold out for more than a few days. The man of the hour is said to be Kaledines, the Cossack dictator. According to all reports that are reaching here across the frontier, sympathy is growing among the people for restoration of the monarchy. In any event, a military dictatorship is expected shortly.

RUSSIA FACES FAMINE.

Parties Realize Danger and Combine in Some Places to Meet It.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The food problem in Russia suddenly has become more pressing than the question of revolution in Petrograd and Moscow, but also at the front, according to a series of telegrams which reached London today from Petrograd, Moscow, and Odessa.

The spectre of famine appears to have done more than the force of armies to bring about quiet. At many places the Bolsheviki and bourgeoisie, the capitalists and the military cadets, and the Kerenskyites and the Leninites have joined forces against the common enemy—hunger—in a concentrated effort to stave off disaster, which seems almost inevitable in view of the disorganized state of transportation and widespread destruction of stores and supplies.

The political situation, roughly speaking, is that the Bolsheviki have been victorious everywhere. A Moscow telegram says:

"The fighting lasted in the city from the 7th to the 15th, and ended in a complete victory for the Bolsheviki. The casualties aggregated several thousand and the property damage was heavy, including a large loss to residential property in various parts of the city. All is now quiet and excellent order is being maintained."

An Odessa dispatch, dealing with the situation in Kiev, says:

"All is quiet now after a period of serious disorders."

Dispatches from Petrograd say that the Bolsheviki were entirely victorious, that Premier Kerensky has disappeared and apparently is almost forgotten. The dispatches add that there is evidence that reaction already is setting in against the Bolsheviki, but that it is developing in so many divers currents that it is impossible to forecast what course it is likely to take.

KAISER WON'T TREAT WITH THE BOLSHEVIKI

PETROGRAD, Sunday, Nov. 18.—Germany has refused to treat for peace with the new Workmen's and Soldiers' Government in response to a recent proposal, according to the newspapers here, which publish this news as coming from a well-authenticated source.

It is stated that Emperor William announced in his reply that he would treat only with the legal successor to the Imperial Government or with the Constituent Assembly.

In this connection the Volia Norda says it has information that the Workmen's and Soldiers' Government, in the event of its failure to receive replies from the belligerents by Nov. 23 reserves the right to make peace on its own account, after which, if the war continues, Russia will occupy a neutral position.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 19.—"Brotherly greetings" were recently sent by the Petrograd Bolsheviki to the German majority and minority Socialists. The communication, which was issued and forwarded by the "Foreign Representation" of the Bolsheviki, contains numerous references to capitalists and traitors to the proletariat cause, declares the Bolsheviki program to be peace without annexations or contributions, and calls on the proletariat to rise everywhere to bring to an end the long strife which is otherwise threatened. The communication declares further:

"The Bolsheviki Foreign Representation has received from the French, Austrian, and German Socialist parties assurances that the Russian proletariat can reckon on powerful support."

TELLS ALL WE HAVE DONE FOR FRANCE

All Hopes Surpassed, High Commissioner Tardieu Says in Outlining Accomplishment.

LOAN OF $1,130,000,000

Abundant Army, Supply, and Transportation Aid, as Well as Military and Naval Co-operation.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—"France found in the United States total sympathy in the minds and hearts of the people," said Captain André Tardieu, French High Commissioner to the United States, in a long statement reviewing the work his commission recently carried out in that country.

"France knew she could count on the United States," Captain Tardieu added, "but all our hopes have been surpassed."

The Commissioner gave a brief outline of what was accomplished in each effort for financial, armament, supply, and transportation aid, as well as military and naval co-operation. He paid a tribute to the methodical and successful way in which the enormous task was taken up. Captain Tardieu pointed out that, while prior to May of this year France had borrowed only $650,000,000 at from 6 to 7 per cent., leaving a considerable deficiency to be made up by England in the payment for purchases, the United States will have loaned her $1,130,000,000 between May and the end of December at 4½ per cent. These loans had sufficed for the payment of purchases made during that period in the United States, the Commissioner added.

"The Germans placed their hope in competition between France and the United States for their own requirements in munitions of material, but we have succeeded in increasing importations of powder from the United States 100 per cent. Our requirements in motor lorries and touring cars have been covered up to the end of the first quarter of 1918. We have obtained 300 locomotives, 1,250 miles of track, and 5,000 pieces of rolling stock."

Captain Tardieu expressed confidence that transportation between the United States and France would be greatly improved. He said the increase in tonnage of merchant ships of the United States during 1918 would reach 50 per cent. of the total of last July. Referring to co-operation between France and the United States, the Commissioner said that in order to gain time in the delivery of certain parts of armament the United States had placed orders in France amounting to more than a billion francs.

"Besides furnishing France with great quantities of rolling stock," said Captain Tardieu, "the United States is sending 680 locomotives to its own army in France, which will lighten just so much the burden on the French rolling stock."

The Commissioner expressed himself as pleased with the financial and easy terms on which all transactions with the United States were effected, referring particularly to the fact that the United States undertook the transportation of material ordered for France with the understanding that the financial settlement involved would be put over until after the war. One particular manner in which the United States had greatly aided France, Captain Tardieu said, was in shipping 2,000 agricultural implements for the Agricultural Department in five months.

Altogether, the Commissioner said he was highly gratified by the results of the work of the commission thus far and optimistic as to the final result of negotiations still under way.

"It remains for us in order to attain the desired result," said Captain Tardieu in conclusion, "to create in conformity with the desire of the United States, and in the common interest, real unity in the direction of military and economic affairs. That will be the work of the coming weeks."

HAGUE RULE OBEYED IN PAYING GERMANS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The allegation that while prisoners of war in Germany are being starved German army and naval officers interned in this country are receiving from the United States Government the same rates of pay as officers of corresponding rank in the United States service is confirmed at the Navy Department, where it was said today that this Government is required by the terms of The Hague Conventions to treat interned German officers on an equality as regards pay with officers of the United States.

The obligation in this connection is found in The Hague Conventions of 1899 and 1907. "Respecting the laws and customs of war on land." Article 17 of the 1899 convention provides:

"Officers taken prisoner may receive, if necessary, the full pay allowed them in this position by their country's regulations, the amount to be repaid by their Governments."

Article 17 of the 1907 convention, which supersedes the 1899 provision, is as follows:

"Officers taken prisoner shall receive the same rate of pay as officers of corresponding rank in the country where they are detained, the amount to be ultimately refunded by their own Government."

Officials of the Navy Department seemed to have little knowledge of the details of the practice, except that they knew it had been adopted in accordance with The Hague Convention of 1907, which had for its purpose, in part, to carry out the prior Geneva Convention relating to the treatment of prisoners and others in time of war. One statement made in explanation of the administration of the provision was that after the war the United States Government will render to the German Government a bill for the amounts paid to German officers interned in this country and the German Government will render to the United States Government a bill for the amounts paid to American officers held as prisoners of war by the German forces. The difference between the two totals, it was said, must be paid by the Government in behalf of whose officers the larger amount has been expended. The rates of pay of American Army and Navy officers are much higher than the rates for German officers of corresponding rank.

The explanation was made also that money was not actually paid to German officers interned in this country, but they were given a credit amounting to the corresponding pay of their rank in the United States service, and could draw against this for luxuries or clothing. This means that American officers held as prisoners of war in Germany will have to get along on the low pay of German officers, while German officers in internment camps in this country will have more than enough money to enable them to live in comfort, even in this time of high prices.

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GUN FIRE INCREASES ON FLANDERS FRONT

British Slightly Improve Positions Near Passchendaele — Wipe Out German Raiding Parties.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports tonight the improvement, in last night's fighting, of the British position northwest of Passchendaele and the killing or capture of most of the Germans who this morning attempted to approach his lines southeast of Poelcappelle. The enemy increased his artillery activity on the Flanders front last night and today.

The text of the night bulletin follows:

On the Ypres battle front we improved our position slightly during the night northwest of Passchendaele. A hostile attack on certain of our advanced posts northeast of Polygun Wood was successfully repulsed.

This morning other hostile parties who attempted to approach our lines southeast of Poelcappelle were caught under our machine gun fire, and the greater part of them were killed or made prisoners.

The hostile artillery has been active during the day east and northeast of Ypres.

Last night the enemy raided our trenches east of Gouzeaucourt. One of our men is missing. We captured a few prisoners in patrol encounters east of Armentières.

Following is the text of the afternoon report:

In the battle area during the night the enemy's artillery was more active. Warwickshire and Scottish troops carried out successful raids last night on Greenland Hill, north of Roeux and in the neighborhood of Monchy-le-Preux.

BERLIN, Nov. 19.—(British Admiralty per Wireless Press.)—Artillery fighting of great intensity is in progress along the northern end of the western front from the coast to the Ypres sector, Army Headquarters announced today. The bulletin reads:

After violent waves of fire early in the morning, the artillery activity in Flanders was small until midday. With increasing visibility the firing was revived in the afternoon. It increased to great violence in some sectors between the coast and Becelaere.

Apart from small forefield engagements, the day was uneventful with the other armies on the western front.

The supplementary statement from General Headquarters tonight says:

In Flanders there were lively artillery duels from Houthulst Forest to Zandvoorde. A French attack in the Chaume Wood was repulsed.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Heavy artillery fighting is still in progress on the Verdun front east of the Meuse, says this afternoon's official report. The bulletin reads:

On the right bank of the Meuse the artillery fighting continued actively during the night, especially on the front of Chaume Wood. An enemy raid against one of our works northeast of Hill 344 was without success. Another effort against small posts southeast of Malancourt, on the left bank of the river, also was repulsed by our fire.

The night was comparatively calm the remainder of the front.

The official communication from the War Office tonight reads:

In the Champagne, in a raid on the German lines southwest of the Butte du Mesnil, we took prisoners.

On the right bank of the Meuse we carried out a detailed operation this morning in the region of the Chaume Wood, making an appreciable advance and inflicting losses on the enemy.

Artillery fighting was maintained actively along the whole front.

CONFEREES AT BERNE THREATENED ALLIES

Desperate Efforts Made by Pro-Germans to Prevent Peace Council's Failure.

BERNE, Nov. 19.—The project for the so-called League for a Lasting Peace to hold a conference here with delegates from allied countries has utterly failed.

The conference was originally called for Oct. 15 and then was postponed to Nov. 12. Meantime, what virtually was an ultimatum to the legations and embassies of the United States, France, Great Britain, Italy, Russia, Belgium, Portugal, Rumania, and Serbia in Switzerland was issued demanding that passes be granted to delegates from these countries.

In efforts to collect more than a handful of pro-German delegates, a circular was sent to citizens of Entente countries residing in Switzerland, entreating them to attend the conference, and containing the equivalent of veiled threats if they failed to come.

The remarkable document received by all the legations began with a polite expression of the aims of the conference. It gave assurances that only questions concerning future world peace would be discussed, and that means for ending the present war would not be touched upon. Two paragraphs further on in the document read:

"We therefore beg you earnestly to arrange with your Government that such persons as wish to participate in the conference at Berne shall receive their passes and permission to pass through the countries en route to Berne. We may expect this will be done all the more because the principal war aims of the Entente Powers will be the principal subject of discussion, and it therefore would be absolutely not understandable if difficulties should be placed in the way of the conference.

"We must disclaim all responsibilities if our request should, contrary to expectations, be refused; for in that case the Entente States would be represented only by such citizens as are staying here in Switzerland."

The note was signed by J. Scherrer-Fuellemann, National Councilor from St. Gall, who is President of the league. The peremptory tone of the note in some of its paragraphs, especially the one demanding an immediate answer, is considered unfortunate. The newspapers in general strongly disapprove the note because M. Scherrer Fuellemann is a National Councilor.

GEN. MAUDE DIES IN MESOPOTAMIA

Famous British Commander Who Captured Bagdad Succumbs After Brief Illness.

PREMIER ANNOUNCES FACT

In House of Commons Lloyd George Reviews His Career and Says the Country Mourns His Loss.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—An official announcement issued today says that General Maude, commander of the British forces in Mesopotamia, died yesterday evening after a brief illness.

Premier Lloyd George, in announcing General Maude's death to the House of Commons today, characterized him as "a great leader of men and a commander of the first rank."

The Premier briefly reviewed General Maude's career and told of the difficulties he overcome, which resulted in the capture of Bagdad and other successes in Mesopotamia.

"Now in his hour of triumph," said the Premier, "he is stricken down by fell disease. The country mourns the loss of one of its valiant sons."

Major Gen. Frederick Stanley Maude had in many campaigns won successive promotions until, when the European war started in 1914, he was a Brigadier General attached to the General Staff of the Fifth Division. He took an active part in the early fighting in France, in which he was wounded.

In 1915 he was made a Major General. In this year he performed his greatest military feat next to the capture of Bagdad. He was placed in charge of the evacuation of the Suvla Bay trenches on the Gallipoli peninsula after the failure of the attempt to take that road to Constantinople. The British troops and Anzacs were so skillfully withdrawn and embarked that the work was practically complete before the Turks discovered it, and the entire operation was performed without a casualty. General Maude was one of the last to leave and his peril was described as follows, more than a year later, by his wife:

The Late Major General Frederick Stanley Maude.

"The General had orders to superintend the complete evacuation of Suvla Bay. Everything had gone well until 4 o'clock at night when, while only a hundred people, including my husband and his staff, were left, the sea became so bad that embarkation operations had to be hurried. When only General Maude and a dozen others were left the Turkish guns began to rain a hail of projectiles on the beach, which became untenable. General Maude and his companions had to abandon their baggage and to find another point from which to embark. The Turks were thus within an ace of having in their power the General who a few months later was to seize Bagdad from them."

General Maude was placed in command of the Mesopotamian Army on Aug. 28, 1916, after a series of British defeats, ending with the capture of Kut-el-Amara, with General Townshend's garrison. Under his command the strengthened British army soon more than retrieved its past defeats in this field. Advancing from the Babylonian plains he recaptured Kut-el-Amara on Feb. 26 of this year, and, driving the Turkish army rapidly ahead of him in a march in which he took many prisoners and guns, he captured Bagdad on March 11, dispelling the German dream of a Berlin-to-Bagdad Railroad. General Maude continued up the Tigris, winning repeated successes. With the capture of Samara the British seized large quantities of war supplies and rolling stock.

General Maude was 53 years old. He was the youngest son of the late General Sir E. Maude. He entered the army in 1884. He fought in the Sudan in the engagements at Hasheen and Tamai, in which he won decorations and promotion. He took part in numerous battles in the Boer war, and was repeatedly mentioned in dispatches, decorated, and promoted. Coming out of that war with the rank of Major, he became private secretary to the Secretary of War. From 1909 to 1912 he was Assistant Director of the Territorial Forces.

BELITTLE BRITISH VICTORIES.

Turks "Explain" Retirements in Palestine and Mesopotamia.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Turkish official communication, issued Sunday, says:

The great victory the British claim in Palestine arises from the fact that our Gaza-Beersheba line has been withdrawn in conformity with a prearranged plan. Except for the fighting in the neighborhood of Beersheba, there have been no serious engagements in these regions since the evacuation of Gaza and Beersheba.

Our advance posts and detachments in the latter locality showed great valor, but as they failed to retire in time, we had to report heavy losses.

News of a British success in the region of Tekrit (on the Tigris, northwest of Bagdad) is a pure invention. The facts are that our advanced troops there had no main force, and that on their side the British again have withdrawn to Samara without facing the attack of our main forces.

MAJOR DE ROTHSCHILD DEAD

Cousin of Neil Primrose Killed Also in Palestine.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Major Evelyn de Rothschild, son of the late Leopold de Rothschild, has been killed in Palestine. He was in the same regiment as his cousin, the Honorable Neil Primrose, who died recently of wounds received in the Palestine fighting, and who was the son of the Earl of Rosebery.

Receives the War Cross.

A cable received from the Paris office of the Equitable Trust Company of New York announces that Joseph H. Lyon, a volunteer in the American Ambulance unit organized by the City Club, has received the War Cross for meritorious service on the Vosges front. His mother, Mrs. Helena S. Lyon, lives at 412 Castleton Avenue, New Brighton, S. I. Lyon has been in the employ of the trust company for ten years.

ITALIANS ATTACK ON ASIAGO FRONT

Continued from Page 1.

binieri. The foregoing alludes to this incident.

No Allied Aid Near Quero.

By The Associated Press.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ITALIAN ARMY IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 18, (Delayed.)—Having felt the Italian steel along the Piave, the enemy is again massing his forces on the north. Austrian prisoners taken at Follina and Fagare say that von Below's forces that were present four days ago at Vidor, on the Piave River, have now been swung northward, probably back of Asiago, on the front between the Piave and Brenta Rivers.

Some of the heaviest blows are now being struck there, and although the enemy forces in that territory already outnumber the Italians, heavy reserves are being added to them, and the pressure has been steadily increased since Friday.

It is not possible to state where the allied reinforcements are, but it can be stated that they are not on the Piave nor in the fighting zone at the north, which now appears to be one of the enemy's chief lines of approach.

It is felt that the allied reinforcements could render incalculable service at this juncture in furnishing reserves to meet this concentration on the north, and the correspondent is authorized to state that this would be considered most timely now.

Austrian prisoners also say that fresh enemy divisions have recently been brought from the Russian front, and the prisoners include a large number of Poles thus far used on the Russian front. They give strange accounts of what is happening along the Russian front, and assert that Russian resistance is giving place to easy living and feasting.

Austrians Slaughtered Near Zenson.

way across the Piave River above Zenson have been thrown into the river, drowned, bayoneted, killed or captured, until now not an enemy remains on the west bank at that most threatened point. The fight was one of the most fearful chapters of the war, and one of the most glorious.

Details of the fight have been gathered from eyewitnesses who saw the fearful carnage through Friday night and yesterday, and who stayed until the whole west bank was cleared except for the corpses on the shore and in the foreground.

The wounded were so numerous that many have not yet received succor. The enemy had staked everything on getting to the west bank of the river, and the Italians staked everything on keeping him on the eastern bank. This nerved both to desperation. The Austrians made the first move Friday in two separate crossings a short distance above Zenson, first at the village of Fagare, and then at an old mill called the Sega Mill, near Follina.

Several circumstances enabled them to pass. They chose a place where a sandbar ran in mudstream, giving them a landing and dividing the main stream into two small shallow currents. Also there was a heavy mist screening their movements. They carried material for an improvised bridge with uprights and iron plates for flooring.

This was about 5 o'clock in the morning, and in the mist of that early hour they got across the second narrow channel to the west bank. The last ten feet the men waded across in water above their waists. In their first surprise rush they swept past four Italian machine gun batteries, capturing their guns and driving the Italians back into the village of Fagare.

Here the real fight began, as the Italians had now recovered from the surprise, and they fought like demons. It was a hand-to-hand fight through the streets of the town, with no place for artillery or machine guns, and the Italians used bayonets, hand grenades, knives and gelatine torpedoes. The Austrians held part of the town near the bank with the Italians on the land side. The Austrians tried to throw a line around the town and succeeded in part on one side, until the Italian batteries to the north got the range of the line outside the shelter of the streets.

Heaps of Austrian Dead.

This line was the first to be demolished, and then the Italians on this side of the town advanced cheering, hewing their way. The enemy held at first, then began to seek cover and finally broke as the Italians pushed into the town back to the river. Some of the Austrians plunged into the water and sought to get to the sand bar. All the machine guns were abandoned. Most of the enemy fell along the water's edge, and an observer who saw the gruesome sight says the bodies on the river bank and in the water reminded him of heaps of seaweed after the tide had gone out.

Further up the river, at the Sega Mill, the other crossing had brought on another bloody fight which lasted until late yesterday, when the whole shore was cleared of living Austrians. But it was lined with dead.

The movement here began late on Friday night and reached its culmination about 11 o'clock Saturday morning. Friday night several Austrian battalions got across under the cover of darkness. They chose narrow channels, and some of the Austrian officers rode across on horseback. They took a position near the town cemetery and opened on the Italians during the night with machine guns. The Austrians carried two searchlights which they played on the Italian position, while the Italians were without searchlights. It was only by the flashes of the Austrian machine guns that the Italians could direct their fire.

Bersaglieri Heroes of the River Battle.

At daylight yesterday the enemy still held his position at the cemetery. The situation began to look serious, and for a time it appeared as though the Italians would have to fall back. But now the famous Bersaglieri Brigade was brought up fresh from its heroic rearguard defense of the main army as it retired on the field. Some of the other troops were from nearby towns, and they were stirred to a last desperate effort to save their homes.

The Italians charged soon after dawn, their line moving straight up the hill to the cemetery. Against machine gun fire and guns on the bank the Italians moved with bayoneta, grenades and torpedoes. It was one of those charges inspired by love of home and country which will live always, and it was irresistible. The enemy wavered and broke just as the Italian artillery, on a nearby height, got the range of the cemetery.

But the main fighting was hand-to-hand, the enemy being pressed back steadily to the river, where they were cut down, drowned, bayoneted or captured. By 10 o'clock yesterday all had been swept away except a few straggling groups, and by noon not one of the enemy's force was left on the western bank.

In addition to some 1,500 killed the enemy lost 1,500 prisoners, including two Colonels and some thirty other officers. All the Austrians' machine guns were captured and are now being used by the Italians.

The fury of the fighting is shown by the fact that the old Sega Mill on the river's brink was taken and retaken six times during the ebb and flow of battle. The mill is full of bullet holes, but shows no evidence of shellfire, indicating that the fighting was entirely at close quarters.

Italian stretcher-bearers did noble service yesterday afternoon in caring for the great number of Austrian wounded who lay along the shore. Two of these stretcher-bearers waded out to the sand bar in mid-stream, where several seriously wounded Austrians had dragged themselves. They were brought back and cared for carefully by the Italian hospital corps. One of these Austrians was wounded seriously in the leg, and he was supported between two Italian soldiers on the way to the receiving station. The Italians recovered their dead, some of them at the water's edge. One gunner was found hanging lifeless over his machine gun.

This summarizes a most desperate fight to preserve the Piave line.

Navy's Defense Thrills Italy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 18, (Delayed.) — The whole Italian nation read with pleasure and satisfaction today's official reports of the Piave defense, recognizing the splendid work of the navy, to which was intrusted the covering of the extreme right wing on the Isonzo front so as to permit the withdrawal of the long line of battle. The zone allotted to the navy was that of Grado, where was accumulated a large quantity of material for the artillery, the aviation service, and the craft operating in the lagoons. These supplies were indispensable for the defense of the mouth of the Piave and the Venetian lagoons.

In the face of difficulties which can be appreciated only by one who knows the region, this material has been transported to new positions, notwithstanding the pressure of the enemy and the handicap of bad weather. Grado was defended with magnificent courage and doggedness up to the moment when all the supplies had been removed.

All along the front the battle continues fiercely and relentlessly, in the last few days to the advantage of the Italians, who have succeeded in arresting the Austro-German advance, annihilating several contingents and capturing prisoners and machine guns. Military experts, however, warn the public that the critical phase of the invasion has not yet passed, and that danger still exists, which it is better to face frankly. So far the enemy has not had time to bring up his big-calibre guns, having been obliged to reconstruct bridges and mend roads destroyed by the Italians. The Austro-German railways are working feverishly day and night to bring up fresh contingents to be rushed to the Venetian plains, and the Italians must therefore expect an attempt on their part to begin one of the most gigantic battles fought on any European front since the opening of the war. On the other hand, every day the Italians succeed in keeping the enemy in check is a great gain, allowing time for the transportation of Italian and Anglo-French big-calibre guns and allied reinforcements to the front.

Dogged struggles are in progress in the territory between Asiago Plateau and Quero. Up to the present the Italian troops have withstood the enemy unflinchingly.

The no less bloody struggles on the lower Piave are considered as preparing the way for a new enemy offensive on a larger scale. The fighting here is generally to the advantage of the Italians, since all the attempts of the enemy to establish himself strongly on the right bank have been defeated with heavy loss. However, the Italian Army may, for strategical reasons, abandon the Piave line and retire to more easily defensible positions.

HOPES FOR ITALY REVIVED.

Washington Hails Stiffened Defense, but Realizes Northern Menace

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Hopes that the Italian armies might be able to avert what has appeared to be the almost inevitable fall of Venice have been revived by the heroic and determined stand made against the invaders along the lower Piave and in the mountain sector. News that the Italians had dislodged from the western banks of the lower Piave all the Austrian detachments thrown across the stream at four points between San Dona and Salettuol was a source of genuine pride and satisfaction, since it not only disclosed the determination of the Italian forces to make the most determined resistance to the enemy in the face of enormous odds, but also a stiffening of the defense of the lower Piave line.

But this encouraging news is not allowed by the military experts to overshadow the importance of the menace which has threatened the Italians during the whole week that they have been making their stand along the Piave-Feltre-Asiago line—a menace that grows steadily with the daily disclosure that the invaders are driving their bi-wedge deeper and deeper through the mountain area in a colossal effort to turn the left flank of the Italian Army.

Careful charting of all the points gained by the Austro-German units fighting their way across the Asiago Plateau and the pivotal Monte Grappa group of mountains, between the middle Piave and the middle Brenta, shows that yesterday was no exception to the fact that the enemy made his usual daily gain in this region. A most important advance has been made by the invaders engaged in the use of great force against this mountain barrier to the plains, which the Italians have been defending with great tenacity.

It is the capture of Quero, Monte Cornelie, and Monte Tomba, all on the west bank of the Middle Piave, between Feltre and Asolo, on the edge of the plains. The capture of these points is announced in the Berlin afternoon report. No specific mention of it was contained in the afternoon report, but this announcement, when subjected to close scrutiny, bore out the German claim that these points had been taken, for it admitted that west of the Piave the Austro-Germans were attacking the Monfenera and Monte Tomba lines "in great force."

As Monte Tomba is south of Quero, and the German forces are moving along routes which indicate that it is only through Quero that the Monte Tomba region can be reached effectively, it is apparent that the admission that the Monfenera and Monte Tomba lines are under attack means nothing less than that the invaders have moved through Quero.

The safety of the Italian line along the lower Piave is dependent upon the ability of the Italian forces in the Monte Grappa and Asiago sectors to hold intact the northern front, where General Ritter von Krabotin's army is driving its way through a rough and difficult Alpine terrain toward the left wing of the forces defending the plains section of the battle front.

The Italians have been driven so far back southward through the mountains that two more days of yielding as much ground as has been given in any other two days of the last week would put the Germans on the very edge of the plains, within striking distance of the main rail line of communication across the plains from Milan to the lower Piave battlefront.

Austrian Repulse on Lower Piave.

The following summary of the military developments along the Italian front was received in Washington today in a calegram from Rome:

"Yesterday morning Austrian troops, proceeding along the railroad line from Oderzo to Treviso and protected by the numerous houses located on the left bank of the Piave, attacked our positions near Ponte di Piave (across the river, a short distance below Fagare) after a sudden and very intense artillery fire.

"The positions were defended by the 54th Infantry Division, composed of the Novara Brigade and the 3d Bersaglieri Brigade. Overcome by the effect of the asphyxiating gases, our soldiers at the beginning gave way to the advancing enemy, but later, in a dashing counter-attack, our troops succeeded in pushing the Austrians back to the river after a most furious hand-to-hand engagement.

"Units of Bersaglieri are also fighting epic battles between Fagare and San Bartolomeo, where every ravine, every hole, every obstacle is desperately contested between the enemy and the defenders and becomes the centre of the most sanguinary encounters.

"An entire division of Austrians is participating in the battle, which is still raging. The Austrians have been compelled to withdraw to the river edge, where they are stubbornly fighting, with the river behind them, and with little hope of receiving assistance in their difficult situation.

"In this sector alone our soldiers have captured more than 500 prisoners with 22 officers and considerable war material, with many machine guns which were immediately turned against the enemy."

Pleased with New French Ministry.

Another dispatch from Rome reads as follows:

"The advent of Clemenceau to the Presidency of the French Cabinet is favorably commented upon in political circles here. The Italian press attaches the greatest importance to the appointment of Clemenceau because of his energy and because he has always been a strong advocate for a closer political and strategical unity among the Allies.

"Also considered as highly significant is the appointment of M. Pichon to the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs, because of his old friendship for Italy. Several newspapers compare Clemenceau with Lloyd George, as both are men of action, and see clearly all situations and never stop before difficulties, but resolutely begin to overcome them without prejudices or personal considerations.

D'ANNUNZIO MISSING.

Italian Poet-Aviator Fails to Return from Flight Over Foe's Lines.

Dispatches received here yesterday from Rome reported that Gabriele D'Amunzio, the dramatist and poet, had failed to return from a recent flight over the enemy's lines in Northern Italy.

Gabriele d'Annunzio won fame as an author and a poet and a playwright before the war began and his native country threw her forces against Austria and Germany. He entered the Italian Army as a private soldier, and, volunteering for aviation, he was commissioned a Lieutenant in the Italian Flying Corps. He was promoted twice for bravery. In August, 1915, he made a flight over Trieste, carrying messages to the Italians of that city, which he dropped as he passed over. He participated in raids against the Austrians, and early this Fall was promoted to be a Major.

D'Annunzio was born in 1864, near Pescara, and after publishing several volumes of poetry his fame became worldwide with the publication of "The Triumph of Death." His play "Saint Sebastian" further added to his fame and he scored a triumph with his play "Francesca da Rimini."

TWO AMERICANS KILLED IN ACTION LAST WEEK

Pershing Reports Their Names, Also Those of Six Men Wounded at the Same Time.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—General Pershing today notified the War Department that two members of his expeditionary force were killed and six wounded in action last Tuesday. The victims were:

Killed.

CZAJAKA, JOHN F., (Sergeant;) emergency address, Albert Czajka, father, 1,001 Twelfth Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

JANOVICZ, STANLEY, (private;) emergency address, Sophia Giebutowicz, sister, 34 Morris Street, East Boston, Mass.

Slightly Wounded.

AURAND, EARL E., (private;) emergency address, Emma Aurand, mother, 1,625 Logan Street, Harrisburg, Penn.

BLEVINS, FRANCIS, (private;) emergency address, Mack Blevins, father, Eckman, West Va.

CAHILL, EDWARD F., (private;) emergency address, Bridget Cahill, mother, Bakerton, Penn.

LOGAN, JOHN A., (Sergeant;) emergency address, Charles Logan, father, 201 East Avenue, Mount Carmel, Penn.

JOHNSON, CHESTER, (private;) emergency address, Samuel Johnson, father, Forest Hill, La.

REDD, ROBERT L., (private;) emergency address, Mrs. Elizabeth Redd, mother, Burneyville, Okla.

Other Deaths

General Pershing also reported these deaths, not due to military activities:

PARROTT, SAMUEL, (Corporal,) Marine Corps, died Nov. 16 of myelitis transverse complete; emergency address, Mrs. L. B. Bynum, mother, 202 Pollick Street, Newbern, N. C.

NEWTON, VALENTINE H., (private,) Headquarters Company, Marine Corps, died Nov. 13, as a result of a self-inflicted gunshot wound; emergency address, Mrs. Margaret Newton, mother, Arkville, N. Y.

MERKLE, GEORGE E., (Sergeant,) Signal Corps, was accidentally killed, Nov. 17; emergency address, Mrs. George E. Merkle, wife, 8,125 North Twenty-second Street, Philadelphia, Penn.

SHEW, CARL G., (Sergeant,) Coast Artillery, died Nov. 15, struck by train; emergency address, Mrs. Nellie Shew, mother, 122 Gailing Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

COBB, MARCELLUS S., (private,) infantry, died Nov. 10 of broncho pneumonia; emergency address, Mrs. Viola Cobb, mother, Beakland, Me.

RAWLINGS, HOWARD E., (private, first class,) Headquarters Company, died Nov. 14 of broncho pneumonia; emergency address, Floyd Vader, friend, Warner, N. Y.

BLACKWOOD, REX E., (private,) infantry, died Nov. 9 of tuberculosis meningitis; emergency address, E. M. Blackwood, father, West Pembroke, Me.

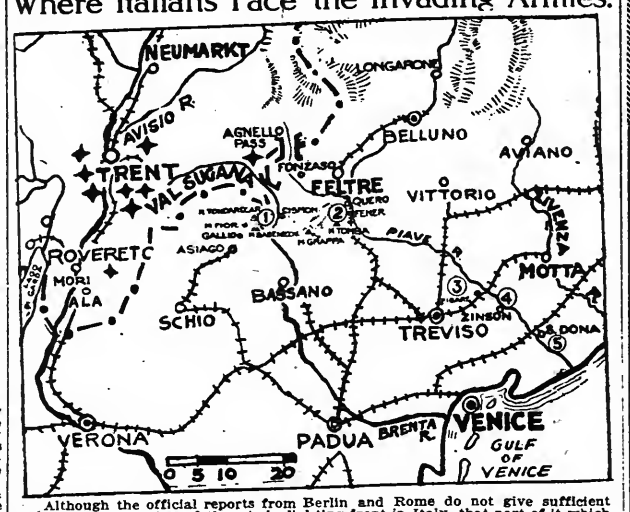
CONDEMNED IN PRIZE COURT

Consignments of New York Firms Are Kept by British.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Prize Court today condemned as lawful prizes large quantities of foodstuffs and a consignment of black walnut seized in 1915 on seven Scandinavian steamers. The consignees in every case were Crossman & Sieicken of New York.

The court also condemned Japanese imperial bonds valued at £79,000 which were found in a suitcase on a Norwegian steamship bound from Bergen for New York, which were of German origin.

Where Italians Face the Invading Armies.



Although the official reports from Berlin and Rome do not give sufficient data for the mapping of the whole fighting front in Italy, that part of it which figures most prominently in the critical operations of the last few days may be described as running in an irregular line to the east from the Asiago plateau past (1) the two mountains, Tondarecar and Badenecche, to the south of (2) Quero and Monte Tomba, (both of which Berlin reports as having been captured,) thence along the eastern bank of the Piave to points near (3) Fagare, (4) Zinson and (5) San Dona, to the mouth of the river.

Guide and Guard Your Young Employes!

DURING the character forming period of young employes, it is the paramount duty of every employer to guide their actions. Never subject young employes to too much temptation! Trust them, but check them! Audit their accounts frequently, but irregularly. This will create a wholesome moral effect and will strengthen their characters! Do not make it too easy for your employes to commit errors or breaches of trust, even in small matters.

During the last twenty years this Company has paid thousands of fidelity losses, and, in a great many instances, has found the employer negligent in not adopting a proper system of accounting, and was nearly as much to blame as the employes who were guilty of embezzlement. In our experience, many young men could have been saved if the employer had given more consideration to their environment and the temptations to which they were exposed.

REMEMBER, the employe of today is the employer of the future! Guide and guard him!

Let Us Bond Your Employes!

National Surety Company
115 Broadway
"The World's Largest Surety Company"

Wool

A good many makers of clothing and a good many weavers of cloth are suddenly finding that wool and cotton mixtures are as good as all-wool fabrics.

Maybe so.

But we prefer the certainty that comes from years of experience with "all wool," to the newly discovered virtues urged for "mixtures."

Expedience may not have found the discoveries, but it helped.

If the war goes on, we all may be forced to mixtures. But if we are, let us not fool ourselves about them.

Meantime, it isn't easy to get all-wool fabrics such as Hart Schaffner & Marx insist on, and they cost more.

Made up as Hart Schaffner & Marx make them, the prices are very little higher than clothes less well made and of compromise goods.

Measured by service, and by the satisfaction that comes with the certainty of good style, they are worth a great deal more.

Suits and Overcoats at $20 that would cost US more if we had to buy them today. Remarkable values at $25, $28, and $30. Suits to $50. Overcoats range to $85.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
248-248 West 125th } Open
3d Ave., cor. 122d } Evenings

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

"Saxon" For The Well-Poised Thirties And Forties, $20

IN his precocious teens or omniscient twenties, a man is red-hot for the ultimate ultra in style. His ardor cools when he reaches the well-poised thirties and forties.

Saxon is a style-model tailored by Stein-Bloch for men of years and affairs, who deem it a misdemeanor to dress over-young; a felony to dress old, and a capital crime to disregard appearance altogether.

It's a spruce, soft Suit of flattering fit and distinguished cosmopolitan style —$20 and upward.

JOHN DAVID
Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes
Broadway at 32nd Street

Sales Insurance

THERE are a dozen ways in which you can insure the goods you sell. There are a dozen ways in which you can insure your salesmen.

But there is only one way in which to insure the future of the sales themselves.

That way is through modern merchandising and advertising methods. Let us explain.

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THE MANHATTAN STORAGE & WAREHOUSE CO.

A place for everything and everything in its place

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ALL DEALERS
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE
FOR 36 YEARS
HIGHEST QUALITY OBTAINABLE

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DUOFOLD UNDERWEAR

$2.00 and $2.25 per garment

Constructed to give the most in comfort and service, all the warmth of wool with cotton next to the skin.

Union Suits—$3.50 and $5.00

FOWNES GLOVES
STETSON HATS
ENGLISH TOPCOATS

42ND STREET AT MADISON AVENUE

ALL GERMANS HERE UNDER NEW WATCH

President Wilson Proclaims a Sweeping Surveillance and Plan of Registration.

WATERFRONTS WAR ZONES

Troops to Guard Piers When Necessary—Enemy Aliens Required to Leave Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—President Wilson today issued a sweeping proclamation to govern the conduct of enemy aliens in the United States and protect shipping and other property from the outrages which have greatly crippled the energies of the nation at war. The proclamation, which will be followed by regulations to be framed by the Attorney General, provides for the most drastic action yet taken against enemies within this country.

Machinery is created which will prevent, by means of military guards, the approach of enemy aliens within prescribed areas of waterfronts and within three miles of navigable streams. Enemy aliens are to be sent out of the District of Columbia and the Panama Canal Zone and denied re-entrance.

All enemy aliens must be registered and cannot travel or change their occupations without obtaining Government consent. In this way the police eye of the nation will be constantly upon these persons, who must report from time to time to Federal and municipal officers. The salient features of the proclamation which are now confirmed were outlined in a Washington dispatch in THE TIMES last Sunday.

By its provisions every unnaturalized German in the United States will be under constant supervision. It is understood that within the next few months a proclamation will be issued to include nationals of Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria. Subjects of these countries are not yet considered enemy aliens, but it was said today that Congress shortly after assembling will be asked to include them in that classification. This would be an act of war.

Text of the Proclamation.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the Congress of the United States, in the exercise of the constitutional authority vested in them, have resolved, by joint resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives bearing date of April 6, 1917, "that the state of war between the United States and the Imperial German Government which has been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared";

Whereas, it is provided by Section Four Thousand and Sixty-Seven of the Revised Statutes, as follows:

Whenever there is declared a war between the United States and any foreign nation or Government, or any invasion or predatory incursion is perpetrated, attempted, or threatened against the territory of the United States by any foreign nation or Government, and the President makes public proclamation of the event, all natives, citizens, denizens, or subjects of the hostile nation or Government, being males of the age of fourteen years and upwards, who shall be within the United States, and not actually naturalized, shall be liable to be apprehended, restrained, secured, and removed as alien enemies. The President is authorized, in any such event, by his proclamation thereof, or other public act, to direct the conduct to be observed on the part of the United States toward the aliens who become so liable; the manner and degree of the restraint to which they shall be subject, and in what cases and upon what security their residence shall be permitted, and provide for the removal of those who, not being permitted to reside within the United States, refuse or neglect to depart therefrom; and to establish any other regulations which are found necessary in the premises and for the public safety.

Whereas, by Sections Four Thousand and Sixty-Eight, Four Thousand and Sixty-Nine, and Four Thousand and Seventy, of the Revised Statutes, further provision is made relative to alien enemies; and

Whereas, by a proclamation dated April 6th, 1917, I declared and established certain regulations prescribing the conduct of alien enemies;

Now, Therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, pursuant to the authority vested in me, hereby declare and establish the following regulations, additional and supplemental to those declared and established by said proclamation of April 6th, 1917, which additional and supplemental regulations I find necessary in the premises and for the public safety:

13. An alien enemy shall not approach or be found within one hundred yards of any canal; nor within one hundred yards of any wharf, pier, or dock used directly or by means of lighters by any vessel or vessels of over five hundred (500) tons gross engaged in foreign or domestic trade other than fishing; nor within one hundred yards of any warehouse, shed, elevator, railroad terminal, or other terminal, storage, or transfer facility adjacent to or operated in connection with any such wharf, pier, or dock; and wherever the distance between any two of such wharves, piers, or docks, measured along the shore line connecting them, is less than eight hundred and eighty yards, an alien enemy shall not approach or be found within one hundred yards of such shore line.

14. Whenever the Attorney General of the United States deems it to be necessary, for the public saftey and the protection of transportation, to exclude alien enemies from the vicinity of any warehouse, elevator, or railroad depot, yard, or terminal which is not located within any prohibited area designated by this proclamation or the proclamation of April 6th, 1917, then an alien enemy shall not approach or be found within such distance of any such warehouse, elevator, depot, yard, or terminal as may be specified by the Attorney General by regulation duly made and declared by him; and the Attorney General is hereby authorized to fix, by regulations to be made and declared from time to time, the area surrounding any such warehouse, elevator, depot, yard, or terminal from which he deems it necessary, for the public safety and the protection of transportation, to exclude alien enemies.

15. An alien enemy shall not, except on public ferries, be found on any ocean, bay, river, or other waters within three miles of the shore line of the United States or its territorial possessions; said shore line for the purpose of this proclamation being hereby defined as the line of seacoast and the shores of all waters of the United States and its territorial possessions connected with the high seas and navigable by oceangoing vessels; nor on any of the Great Lakes, their connecting waters or harbors, within the boundaries of the United States.

16. No alien enemy shall ascend into the air in any airplane, balloon, hirship, or flying machine.

17. An alien enemy shall not enter or be found within the District of Columbia.

18. An alien enemy shall not enter or be found within the Panama Canal Zone.

19. All alien enemies are hereby required to register at such times and places and in such manner as may be fixed by the Attorney General of the United States and the Attorney General is hereby authorized and directed to provide, as speedily as may be practicable, for registration of all alien enemies and for the issuance of registration cards to alien enemies and to make and declare such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary for effecting such registration; and all alien enemies and all other persons are hereby requested to comply with such rules and regulations; and the Attorney General in carrying out such registration is hereby authorized to utilize such agents, agencies, officers, and departments of the United States and of the several States, Territories, dependencies, and municipalities thereof and of the District of Columbia, as he may select for the purpose, and all such agents, agencies, officers, and departments are hereby granted full authority for all acts done by them in the execution of this regulation when acting by the direction of the Attorney General. After the date fixed by the Attorney General for such registration, an alien enemy shall not be found within the limits of the United States, its Territories or possessions, without having his registration card on his person.

20. An alien enemy shall not change his place of abode or occupation or otherwise travel or move from place to place without full compliance with any such regulation as the Attorney General of the United States may, from time to time, make and declare; and the Attorney General is hereby authorized to make and declare, from time to time, such regulations concerning the movements of alien enemies as he may deem necessary in the premises and for the public safety, and to provide in such regulations for monthly, weekly, or other periodical report by alien enemies to Federal, State, or local authorities; and all alien enemies shall report at the times and places and to the authorities specified in such regulations.

This proclamation and the regulations herein contained shall extend and apply to all land and water, continental or insular, in any way within the jurisdiction of the United States.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia, this Sixteenth day of November, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventeen, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Forty-second.

WOODROW WILSON.

By the President:
Frank L. Polk,
Acting Secretary of State.
(Seal.)

Bars Dr. Muck from Washington.

Dr. Carl Muck, director of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, is an unnaturalized German, and as such cannot enter the District of Columbia unless the President should exempt him from the provisions of the proclamation. The Boston Symphony Orchestra gave its opening concert in Washington ten days ago and has a number of others scheduled here. Seats have been sold for the series.

In his opening concert Dr. Muck played the "Star-Spangled Banner," after a protest had been raised, because it had not been included in the program. Dr. Muck had said that it had not been included because it was out of place. He offered his resignation after the uproar, but Colonel Higginson, the patron of the orchestra, has not accepted it.

130,000 ARE AFFECTED HERE.

Restrictions to Apply, It Is Expected, to Male Germans Above 14.

President Wilson's proclamation forbidding enemy aliens from approaching within 100 yards of piers, railroad terminals, storage houses, or near-by waterfronts, it was said last night, would affect about 130,000 male Germans above the age of 14 years in the metropolitan district, which includes Greater New York and Northern New Jersey. All these will be required to register, and it is expected that they will be compelled to report at regular intervals to the Federal authorities.

Until instructions are received from Washington Federal officials in this city will not know what plan is to be adopted for the registration. Several plans have been suggested, among them that of having the local Exemption Boards take up the work. It was pointed out that these boards had already registered Germans between the ages of 21 and 31 years, constituting about 27 per cent. of the whole number.

Another plan suggested is that the Post Office authorities conduct the registration through the branch Post Offices. Still another proposal contemplates having the police in the precincts register enemy aliens.

Federal officials would not venture predictions last night as to which plan was likely to be put into effect. It seemed to be the general opinion that only male Germans above 14 years will be required to register. But no one could say positively that the registration would be limited to them.

All branches of the Federal service will co-operate in carrying out the provisions of the proclamation.

It was reported last night that soldiers of the regular army will be used to enforce the regulations along the waterfront, and that the plans of the waterfronts both of New York City and of New Jersey will be turned over to the military authorities today.

United States Marshal Power of Brooklyn is prepared to carry out any regulations which may be communicated to him from Washington. Conditions along the Brooklyn waterfront will not be greatly changed by the proclamation, as for more than a month the section extending from Newtown Creek to Bay Ridge has been a prohibited zone.

New Telephone Books Issued.

Delivery of the Fall and Winter issue of the New York City Telephone Directory started yesterday. The book contains approximately 425,000 names of telephone subscribers, 25,000 more than were in the 1916 issue. Approximately 730,000 copies will be distributed. A new central office designation, "Whitehall," which has been assigned to a number of telephones in the Battery district of the city, is included in the book, making 87 central office designations for New York City's 700,000 telephones. As usual, the telephone company at this time is also distributing new directories in New Jersey, Long Island, and Rockland and Westchester Counties. More than 1,000,000 books will be distributed.

LABOR INDORSES GOMPERS ON WAR

Pacifists Muster Only 15 Delegates Out of 405 Recorded on Vote of Confidence.

GOMPERS HITS SOCIALISTS

Links Pacifists with Cowards, and Says He Will Do a Man's Part Toward Winning the War.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Union labor today put its stamp of approval on the attitude of Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, in working hand in hand with President Wilson and placing the needs of the nation above all other considerations in questions involving the workingman's part in a vigorous prosecution of the war against Germany.

The vote of confidence came after more than three hours of debate, in which the pacifist element at the thirty-seventh annual convention of the federation had ample opportunity to express itself. Out of a total of 450 delegates only fifteen were recorded in opposition. The garment workers of New York, under the leadership of Rose Shapiro, was the only organization refusing to go on record on the roll call.

The test of strength came upon a report from the Committee on Resolutions. The committee reported favorably a resolution indorsing the "patriotic work" of the Alliance for Labor and Democracy, which Mr. Gompers took an active part in organizing as an offset to the People's Council, a pacifist organization.

The attack on the resolution was led by Delegate Barnes of Philadelphia. He was supported, in addition to Miss Shapiro, by Delegate Burke of the Sulphite Workers, Joseph P. Cannon of the Mine Workers, and a few others. The alliance and Mr. Gompers were defended by Delegates Walker of Illinois, Brown of Washington, Matthew Wall of the Photo Engravers, George Berry of the Pressmen, Max S. Hayes of the Typographical Union, and Vice President James Duncan.

The opposition discussed the high cost of living, the Arizona miners' strike, the Pacific Coast shipbuilders' fight, the street railway strike in Springfield, Ill., and the suppression of foreign language newspapers, President Gompers giving them full rein.

Pacifists Roundly Condemned.

The supporters of the resolution did not mince words in condemning the attitude of the pacifists.

"Labor has a big duty to perform," said Mr. Berry. "We cannot afford to place ourselves in such a position that we will be misunderstood. If the resolution is rejected, it will go abroad to the world that we have turned down the Government. It is time we should stand up and be counted.

"If we have traitors in our ranks I am ready to eliminate them. We cannot take half-way measures. We must show where we stand for the democracy for which we have been fighting during the last thirty-seven years."

Delegate Walker, who was at the Minneapolis meeting of the Alliance for Labor and Democracy, said the fact that the alliance had declared against treason and sedition seemed to have been unfavorably received by a great many people.

"I have not changed my mind about that," Mr. Walker continued. "Internment should be the fate of those who preach sedition, and, if that is not sufficient to suppress their advocacy of Prussian autocracy, I am in favor of taking whatever steps are necessary to suppress them.

"Pacifists skulking under the cloak of unionism are going as far as they dare in the way of preaching seditics. This war is no child's play. It means more to us than any issue ever raised in the history of the human race."

Delegate Brown suggested that when a vote was taken there should be a roll call.

"Let us stand up and be counted," he said.

Mr. Hayes protested against what he termed the "holier-than-thou" attitude of some of the speakers. None of the members of the federation could be called traitors, he said.

"When President Wilson declared war," he said, "our duty was plain, and that was to stand up and fight this war, no matter how long it takes. We are making economic history more rapidly than we realize ourselves. When such a man as Lloyd George says that the world cannot revert to old conditions he states a great truth. It is realized now that the old individualistic idea of capitalism does not work out in war."

Mr. Hayes predicted Government control of industries, mines and the railroads as the only solution of the economic questions to be met at the close of the war.

President Gompers closed the debate in a ringing speech in defense of the alliance, and his own position.

"By those who have opposed the report and the recommendation of this committee," he said, "my name was not always mentioned, but my position was, and there is no difference between the two. For instance, I may recall that insinuations were made of my nobnobbing with the enemies of labor. Now I have always said this: 'I will go anywhere to bring the message of hope to labor—even into the camp of the enemy.'

"If there is any one who can bring one utterance of mine, made anywhere, that was not in defense of the rights of the laboring people, let him do so. I dare you. I challenge you."

Mr. Gompers went into the history of the People's Council, which he said was an outgrowth of the socialists. He took full responsibility for the calling of the Minneapolis meeting of the alliance.

"The situation demanded," he said, "that there should be a clear-cut distinction between what these people represented and what the trades unions stood for. The fact is that the Socialists, since the Detroit convention, when they failed to break in, have made war upon the American Federation of Labor. They sought to discredit it. They started the Western Labor Union, the American Labor Union, and the I. W. W., and, finally, they started the so-called People's Council. In the one instance, it was rivalry to the American Federation of Labor and, in the last, it was hostility to the Republic of the United States.

"I do not know how many of you feel toward me," said President Gompers in conclusion. "If I am to continue as President of the American Federation of Labor it will be by your votes. You may vote against me if you wish, but I must continue on good terms with myself.

Will Do a Man's Part.

"I am not neutral in this war. Pacifist as I have been all my life, when I find there is a band of murderers abroad and I fail to defend my children, I am not a pacifist, but a coward.

"President Wilson and the members of his Cabinet were peace-loving men. I know of no militarist in their number. But now they are fighting men, and I publicly declare now that I am a fighting man and will continue to fight for the country to which I owe all, the country which I love and in which my hope and aspirations are bound up.

"I propose to do a man's duty in helping to make this war the last war of this world. All my energies shall be laid at the feet of America and of our allies, to do what I can toward the establishment of democracy, even in Germany."

The first vote was taken on a motion by the opposition to table the report. It was offered by Delegate Cannon, who said the alliance was no concern of the federation. It was defeated. The roll was then called on the adoption of the committee's recommendation, resulting in total votes represented: Yes, 21,579; no, 402.

At the opening of the session today Secretary Morrison read a telegram from the Arizona Federation of Labor opposing the resolution submitted to the convention requiring that no person of foreign birth shall be eligible to membership in the Federation until he has become a citizen or has declared his intention to do so.

Garment Fight Preferred.

The long-standing dissension among the unions employed in the garment working trades had an airing when a resolution providing for the establishment of a needles trade department and intended as a move toward peace was reported. In the debate James P. Holland, President of the New York Federation of Labor, sided with the United Garment Workers, stating that the Clothing Workers of America, one of the seceding organizations, was dominated by racial feelings and came under the influence of foreign-language newspapers.

A substitute resolution offered by J. B. Lennon referring the matter to three organizations was lost, 167 to 84, the opposition contending that President Gompers and the Executive Council should direct the negotiations. The vote on the original resolution referring it to the Executive Council carried, 151 to 113.

DROP KRULEWITCH CASE.

Court Dismisses Ante-Election Indictment Against Republican Leader

The indictment against Samuel Krulewitch, Republican leader of the Seventeenth Assembly District, who went to the defense of his son Alvin at a polling place at the September primary election, was dismissed yesterday by Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions on the ground that no evidence had been presented to the Grand Jury to indicate that the elder Krulewitch had attempted to violate the election law.

Alvin Krulewitch and forty inspectors are under indictment for violation of the election law in the Seventeenth Assembly District in the primary election. Alvin Krulewitch is charged with making false returns, in that he made it appear that Mitchel had received forty-eight votes and Bennett none in one of the election districts, whereas Bennett had received eight votes and other ballots were blank. Three inspectors are to appear as witnesses for the prosecution. Assistant District Attorney Olcott said yesterday that he intended to bring the case to trial on Monday.

INDICTS THE MASSES AND 7 OF ITS STAFF

Federal Grand Jury Charges Writers and Artists of Socialist Magazine with Conspiracy.

MANAGER ALSO ACCUSED

Articles and Pictures, the Jury Says, Were Calculated to Interfere with the Draft.

Six men and one woman, comprising part of the business and editorial staff of The Masses, the Socialist magazine, together with The Masses Publishing Company, were indicted yesterday by the Federal Grand Jury for violation of the Espionage act. There were two indictments, one charging the corporation and C. Merrill Rogers, Jr., business manager of the magazine, with having "unlawfully, wilfully, knowingly and feloniously" attempted to use the mails for the transmission of matter declared to be unmailable, and the other, charging Rogers, Max Eastman, editor of the magazine, and others named with him of having conspired, while the country was at war, to cause, or to attempt to cause, "insubordination, disloyalty, mutiny and refusal of duty in the military and naval forces of the United States."

That criminal prosecution would follow the failure of The Masses in the courts to restrain the postal authorities from closing the mails to the magazine was clearly indicated during the argument in the lower courts, and in the Circuit Court of Appeals. It was said during these arguments that if the magazine contained matter that barred it from the mails those responsible for the publication of the unmailable matter were subject to indictment.

Immediately after the Circuit Court, on Nov. 9, sustained the action of the postal authorities, Earl B. Barnes, the Government prosecutor, laid the facts before the Grand Jury.

The Masses Publishing Company, which is named in both indictments, is charged with having violated the law at divers times from July 1 to Nov. 19, 1917, by distributing in this city and throughout the United States issues of the magazine for the months of August, September, and October, which contained matter which violated the law. The names of the other defendants in the conspiracy indictment, with the titles of the articles written or pictures drawn by them with the alleged intention of breeding disloyalty and of interfering with the Government in the raising of an armed force, follow:

EASTMAN, MAX, it is charged, between June 15 and Nov. 19, 1917, wrote and caused to be published in the August issue of the magazine an article entitled "A Question."

BELL, FLOYD, accused of the same offense in relation to an article entitled "Conscientious Objectors."

REED, JOHN, accused of having written and published an article called "Knit a Straitjacket for Your Soldier Boy."

BELL, JOSEPHINE, accused of having written and caused to be published in the August issue of The Masses a poem called "A Tribute."

GLINTERKAMP, HENRY J., accused of having drawn for the October issue of the magazine a picture representing a skeleton symbolizing death, taking the measurements of a drafted soldier for his coffin.

YOUNG, ARTHUR, an artist, charged with having drawn a picture entitled "Having Their Fling," which was reproduced in the September issue of The Masses.

Rogers is accused of having, as business manager, provided for the distribution of the magazine "against the peace of the United States and their dignity and contrary to the form of the statute in such case made and provided."

The conspiracy indictment declares that the defendants "conspired together, with other persons, unknown to the jury, to violate the provisions of Section 3 of Title I. of the act of Congress, approved July 15, 1917, entitled 'An Act to Punish Acts of Interference with Foreign Relations, the Neutrality of the Foreign Commerce of the United States, to Punish Espionage, and Better to Enforce the Criminal Laws of the United States.'"

The illegal acts were committed, the indictment said, "when the United States was at war with the Imperial German Government," and in order "unlawfully and willfully to obstruct the recruiting and enlistment service of the United States." It is alleged that the magazine contained articles, poems, cartoons, and pictures "calculated and intended to induce persons liable to military service to refuse to submit to registration and draft for service and to induce persons available and eligible for enlistment and recruiting to fail and refuse to enlist for service therein."

The indictment of The Masses and its staff, it was said yesterday, placed all similar publications and their editors and managers in the United States in danger of Government prosecution.

In September Mr. Eastman wrote to President Wilson congratulating him for having adopted "the entire animus of the allied war on Germany." In his letter he denied that his magazine was part of an organized propaganda to encourage resistance to the draft.

The indictments were handed to Judge Mayer, who issued bench warrants for the indicted persons. The maximum punishment for the offenses charged is a fine of $10,000 and twenty years' imprisonment.

Gilbert E. Roe, counsel for The Masses, was asked last night to express an opinion on the indictments. He replied by saying that the first he knew of the action of the Grand Jury was when he read about it in the evening papers. He said he had not seen either Mr. Eastman or Mr. Rogers during the day.

Floyd Dell was formerly the literary editor of a Chicago paper. He came to New York several years ago, and has served as managing editor and book reviewer for The Masses.

C. Merrill Rogers, Jr., is a recent graduate of Harvard, where he made no public display of sympathy with radical movements.

Arthur Young is a cartoonist, who has treated principally of political topics. His work has appeared in several prominent magazines.

O'LEARY ADOPTS NEW ROLE.

Anti-War Agitator Wants to Advise the Drafted.

Jeremiah O'Leary, President of the American Truth Society, anti-British agitator, and editor of Bull, a periodical recently barred from the mails because of its anti-American attitude, sent to the newspapers last night a copy of a letter he said he had mailed to Henry W. Taft, Chairman of the War Committee of the Bar of the City of New York, saying he would like to be an Exemption Board lawyer. In the job he seeks Mr. O'Leary would be charged with advising young men seeking exemption as to their legal rights.

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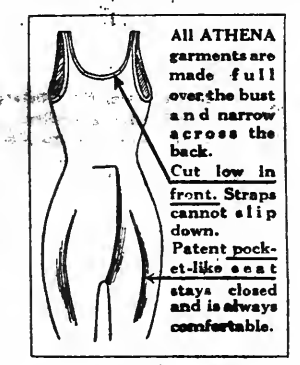

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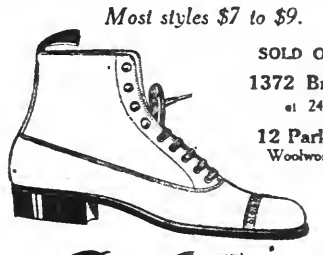

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SOLDIERS ARREST 200 GERMANS

Continued from Page 1.

they should keep half a mile away from the piers. No alien enemies, or persons who could not satisfy the authorities that they were loyal, have been employed on the piers since they were taken over for the use of the army. Those alien enemies rounded up last night were in the prohibited area through disregard of the Government's regulations, and the prompt action of the army was intended, it is supposed, to show all alien enemies that no further dallying with the Government regulations is to be permitted.

The visits of the armed soldiers to the saloons caused consternation among the patrons. Sharp orders that no one was to leave the places until permission was given increased the tension. Patrons were interviewed one by one, and those who were to be held were lined up outside and guarded until all were marched to the pier.

A number of alien enemies were found in boarding houses along the waterfront street.

Despite the warnings of the Government authorities, Germans have continued to haunt their old resorts along the Hoboken river front. Some of the Germans who have lived in the waterfront boarding houses since the days before the United States seized the German liners have stayed there in defiance of regulations from Washington.

Police Were Not Informed.

The round-up had been completed when Hoboken Police Headquarters began to be besieged with women and men who wanted to know what had happened to acquaintances who had been seized by the soldiers. The police knew nothing of it, and it was only after patrolmen had been sent along River Street and to the piers that the police were able to answer inquiries. Several of the men who were seized were released after they were able to give satisfactory evidence of their citizenship.

United States Marshals and Secret Service agents hitherto have conducted the round-ups of Germans, and several weeks ago, when about 100 Germans were seized for violation of the barred zone regulations, it was the Intelligence Department of the Navy, with the New York police, which did the work. Last night's round-up was the first to be made by soldiers, and it was presumed that it was done at the direction of the Intelligence Department of the Army.

Besides the Germans seized by soldiers in Hoboken, twenty-nine Germans who had been employed in shipyards and piers along the Jersey waterfront between Jersey City and Hoboken were arrested last night by Immigration Inspector R. H. Taylor with a squad of guards detailed from Ellis Island. The party was accompanied on its rounds by a United States Marshal. The enemy aliens were taken to Ellis Island.

Find Enemy Aliens in Crews.

Secret Service agents found two enemy aliens working as members of the crews of ocean-going vessels yesterday. One of them is Wilhelm Reyer, who was a member of the crew of the coastwise liner Jamestown of the Old Dominion Line, and the other was Paul von der Heide, who was working on an oceangoing tug plying between New York and Norfolk. Both men were ordered interned for the rest of the war. No information concerning the past activities of the two Germans was made public by the Federal authorities.

Friedrich Weiss, a German taxicab driver, was also interned yesterday. He came to the Federal Building and said he was looking for a job. United States Marshal McCarthy advised him to consult the Mayor's Committee on National Defense. Weiss did so, and when he returned to the Federal Building he was angry through and through.

"What do you mean," he said to the Marshal, "by sending me all over this town looking for a job? And now, just to show you that I don't care anything for this old enemy alien pass, I am going to tear it up right now."

Weiss tore up his pass and started to leave the Marshal's office.

"Come back here," said the Marshal.

"What for?" demanded Weiss.

"Because you are going to be interned," the Marshal answered.

Weiss in now on Ellis Island and will probably be removed to one of the prison camps in the South within the next few days.

Norwegian Sailor Accused.

Tor Lundh, 20 years old, a Norwegian, charged with violation of the Trading with the Enemy act, in that he attempted to deliver mail into a country at war with this nation, was arraigned late yesterday afternoon before Commissioner Cahoone in the Federal Building in Brooklyn and held in $5,000 bail for examination next Friday. Lacking the necessary bonds, he was taken to Raymond Street Jail. The offense with which the prisoner is charged is punishable by a term of ten years in prison, a fine of $10,000, or both.

Lundh is employed by a tourist agency in Manhattan, and according to his own story is listed as a member of the crew of the ship on board of which he was arrested Saturday evening.

In making an examination of the stateroom occupied by Lundh, the searching party found a bundle of letters. These letters were addressed to persons in Norway, with the exception of one found in the centre of the bundle which was addressed to Lundh. This contained a note from Mrs. Gertrude Koester of 138 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill., which told Lundh that the writer had received no word from her parents in Germany for more than a year and inclosed a sealed letter to her father with the request that Lundh mail the letter when he arrived at a European port.

Lundh was promptly placed under arrest, and taken to Ellis Island, where he was kept until yesterday. The inclosed letter, written by Mrs. Koester, was addressed to her father in Berlin. It told how anxious the writer was to hear from her parents, and inquired as to their health. It was written in German. From surface indications it would appear that the letter was a harmless family communication; nevertheless, the Federal authorities and Lieutenant George Busby at Police Headquarters are making a thorough investigation in order to determine whether or not it might have some secret significance.

Crooks make counterfeits—but you don't refuse real money. Don't miss

Club Cocktails

because some other bottled cocktail tasted like hair tonic

Chauffeurs' Outfits
Special at $48.50
Overcoat, Suit and Cap to Match

Smart, perfect fitting, and durable, the best value in Motor Clothes for Chauffeurs that can be bought. A Double-Breasted Overcoat. A smart Norfolk Jacket, Trousers and Cap. All made of fine gray worsted whipcord — the outfit complete $48.50, or as follows:

Suit.....$18.50
Overcoat..$28.00
Cap.....$2.00

Other Outfits of Better Grade at $64.50 and $78.00
Chauffeurs' Raincoats—Guaranteed Waterproof—$22.00
Catalogue and Chauffeurs' Apparel Chart Mailed on Request.

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY AT 49th ST.

Holiday Gifts!
What Shall They Be This Year?
Your Photograph

TAKEN AT E. BRUNEL STUDIOS,
Highly Artistic, with the FRENCH "CHIC" of a GRAVURE or an ETCHING.

Special Holiday Offer
for your FAMILY, FRIENDS—or the "ONE NEAREST YOUR HEART."
3 PHOTOGRAPHS $5.00
Boudoir Panels, size 7x14 finished in Folders.
Etching Photos, $1 each and up.
Trench Photos and Passports finished in 24 hours.
New or Old Photos Copied or Enlarged. Photos for Cuts or Reproduction Our Specialty.
With Coupon, and without it, $10.00.

THE E. Brunel
Chicago Boston Detroit Phila.

A NATIONAL PHOTOGRAPHER,
Graduate of the Art Schools of Paris, offers the latest creations in art photographs at popular prices.

MANHATTAN—1482 B'way, cor. 43d. 1269 Broadway, at 32d St. 1 W. 24th St., opp. Waldorf. 115 W. 42d St., near Broadway. 9 E. 42d St., near 5th Ave. HARLEM—221 W. 125th St. BROOKLYN—472 Fulton St., over Loft's. 516 5th Ave., cor. 43d. 262 Broadway, opp. City Hall. 245 Broadway, opp. City Hall. 50th St. and 3d Ave., in Bloomingdales'. 398 5th Ave., bet. 37th & 38th Sts. BRONX—149th St. & 3d Ave., over Riker's. NEWARK—869 Broad St.

CUT COUPON NOW IT WILL NOT APPEAR AGAIN. GOOD UNTIL DEC. 15, 1917.

A&F Co.

"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard."

Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street

On a War Footing

The Abercrombie & Fitch assortment of military and outdoor boots and shoes is the largest and the best in the world.

Here are boots, ready for immediate delivery, for every technical military need—as well as the best town-and-country shoes to keep your feet dry in a November storm.

Boots for the engineer and the infantryman, the aviator and the sapper—for the trenches and for dress parade.

Specially made boots of the sportsman, of the forester and frontiersman, and of the explorer, have furnished the inspiration for the thoroughbred character of these boots, recognized as the highest standard by officers in all the Allied armies.

Here, also, is every article of clothing, for army and sports use, for both men and women, as serviceable and sturdy as the footgear.

Abercrombie & Fitch Officer's Field Boot

Shown at top—worn and favored by many officers and men in all of the Allied Armies.

Norwegian grain leather, with reversed welt, making boot both pliable and watertight. Seventeen inches high.

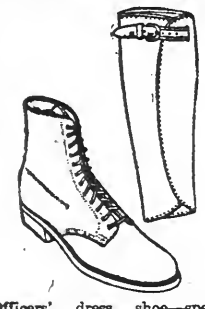
Of custom grade—will give satisfaction under severest wear.

Ready to wear, $35.
Made to measure, $40.

Officers' Dress Boots of tan Russia or cordovan, with rawhide slipsole, $35; to order, $40.

Engineers' Laced Field Boots, oiled; 17 inches high; $18 and $22.

Officers' Bluchers and Cordovan Leggins



Officers' dress shoe—specially made welt—watertight. To wear with mahogany cordovan leggins; $12.

Cordovan blucher, cut extra high, to wear with cordovan leggins or puttees; double sole; $15.

Infantryman's Shoe, $10, similar to those offered elsewhere at $11.50.

Army Shoe, box calf, blucher, $7 and $9.

Shell Cordovan, calf-lined, spring leggin—finest in the world; takes high polish, $18; to order, $20.

Grain hide puttees, $8.50.

Fox spiral puttees, camel's hair, $5.

Aviation Shoe, tan calf, 10½ inches high, moccasin style, lined with heavy lamb's wool, $14.

Women's War Boots

As furnished by this house to many women engaged in auxiliary war work.

The regulation Abercrombie & Fitch 12-inch hunting boot, brown calfskin with oak soles; will not dry hard after repeated wettings; $13.

Women's Army Shoe, 8 inches high, $10.

Write for Illustrated Booklet of Christmas Gifts for Military and Naval Men Also Booklet of Equipment for Military Men.

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.
Ezra H. Fitch, President
Madison Avenue and 45th St.
The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

HARD TO GET A JURY FOR MRS. DE SAULLES

Most of the Talesmen Examined Strongly Prejudiced in Her Favor.

FOUR ACCEPTED FIRST DAY

Defense Discloses That It Will Not Call Alienists In Her Behalf.

Only four jurors were accepted yesterday in the first day of the trial of Mrs. Bianca de Saulles before Supreme Court Justice Manning at Mineola on the charge of murder in the first degree for the killing of her divorced husband, John Longer de Saulles, on Aug. 2 of this year.

A large number of jurors disqualified themselves by admitting that they had strong prejudices in favor of the young woman. Many others were opposed to capital punishment. Several, who appeared to take a very stern and inflexible view of the duties of jurors, were objects of peremptory challenges by the defense, while others who wavered on the question of inflicting the death penalty on a woman or admitted that they might be more or less moved by sympathy, were excused by the State. A total of twenty-eight men were examined.

In the questions touched upon in their questions to jurors, counsel for Mrs. de Saulles allowed a liberal view at their plans for defense. These indicated clearly that they will attempt to establish that Mrs. de Saulles acted without premeditation in killing her husband and that she was suffering from "defective reason" when she fired the shots.

Will Not Call Alienists.

The defense of insanity will be presented in a novel fashion, according to statements by Henry A. Uterhart, chief counsel for the defense, who discussed his plans briefly yesterday. The principal innovation will be the absence of alienists. Mr. Uterhart said that he would not, according to the present program, call a single alienist. Mr. Uterhart would not go further and explain just how he expected to convince the jury that the young woman's reason was so affected that she did not know the nature of the act when she killed de Saulles.

One thing which threw light on the strategy of the defense was the question put to every prospective juror whether he would vote to acquit, if he felt any reasonable doubt as to the sanity of the woman at the moment when she killed her divorced husband. When this question was first propounded, Justice Manning said that his view of the law was that the State was not obliged to prove the defendant sane beyond a reasonable doubt, but that only a preponderance of evidence of her sanity had to be established to justify a juror in bringing in a verdict of guilty.

Mr. Uterhart argued that the State had to prove every essential fact beyond a reasonable doubt and that the sanity of the defendant was one of the essential facts. After authorities had been placed before him on the subject, Justice Manning ruled in favor of the interpretation of the law urged by Mr. Uterhart. District Attorney Charles W. Weeks did not make any argument against the plea that it was incumbent on the State to prove affirmatively the young woman's sanity beyond a reasonable doubt.

Counsel for the defense was allowed thereafter to place all jurymen on record as purposing to acquit if they had a reasonable doubt as to the defendant's sanity at the time when she killed De Saulles.

The insistence of the defense on this point, together with the decision to do without alienists, was taken as meaning that a departure from the ordinary practice of presenting the "unwritten law" side of a case would be adopted. It is expected that the defense will content itself by proving from physicians, not alienists, who examined her as to her general health that she was very sick at the time when she killed her husband, and that the temporary suspension of reason in such cases was not infrequent.

The Element of Jealousy.

The novelty which is expected to distinguish this from other similar cases of insanity defense, with the suggestion of an appeal to the "unwritten law," is that the defense may barely sketch a medical and social history for the young woman, raising doubts as to her past mental condition, and then leave the State to wrestle with the problem of establishing her sanity beyond a reasonable doubt. The other point of difference in this case is that, while jealousy played its part, it was not jealousy of another woman, but of the divorced husband's alleged attempts to win the affections of their 4-year-old child away from the mother.

While much hope is pinned on the new technique to be used in the defense in this case, the main strength of the case for Mrs. de Saulles is admitted to be the picture which she makes in court. The pathos of the appearance of the young Chilean woman can hardly be overestimated. The spectators in the courtroom were startled when she walked into the courtroom with Mrs. Phineas Seaman, wife of the Sheriff. She was emaciated, and apparently had barely the strength to stand up. Her face was deathly pale. Very large brown eyes, dark brown hair, and black brows and lashes made the porcelain hue of her complexion more striking. The effect was enhanced by the fact that she was seated beside one of her lawyers, ex-District Attorney Lewis J. Smith, who has florid coloring.

She is only twenty-four years old and looks younger. Her dress seemed to accentuate her youth. She wore a white waist of severe pattern and a black pleated dress. She sat very erect, with her arms folded and her eyes usually on the floor in such a way that the lids were almost closed. Her expression would indicate that she was wholly absorbed in thought and oblivious to what was going on about her. She did not once during the day show the least interest in the proceedings.

The only occasions when she looked up were when Prosecutor Weeks asked prospective jurors if they were personally acquainted with her. After asking if they were acquainted with counsel for the defense, Mr. Weeks would say:

"And do you know Mrs. de Saulles, the young lady here, who is charged with murder in the first degree?"

Mrs. de Saulles would rise slightly and look up, that the talesman might see if he remembered her. None had ever seen her before.

Few Spectators in Court.

For the opening day of a sensational murder trial, with characters prominent in society involved and two continents interested, the courtroom atmosphere was singularly "intimate," like that aimed at in tiny theatres. The courtroom, which is small, is situated in a wing of the Mineola Court House, surrounded by trees. There were very few spectators, the general public not having been welcomed. The attendance was confined almost entirely to court officers, lawyers, reporters, and other directly interested. Mme. Errazuriz-Vergara, the mother of the defendant, was ill and did not attend, but Amalice and William Errazuriz, sister and brother of Mrs. de Saulles, sat in the courtroom. The only relative of the late John Longer de Saulles was his brother Charles.

L. J. Smith, who is now appearing for the defense, was formerly the chief of Prosecutor Weeks. Mr. Weeks was an assistant on the staff of District Attorney Smith when the Carman case was tried, and the two are fast friends. In that trial they were opposed by Mr. Uterhart, with whom Mr. Smith is now associated. Judge Manning, urbane, but formal, contributed to make the proceeding appear more like a social function. The Judge's rulings were in every case accepted without a word and there was nothing on which prosecution and defense clashed.

Prosecutor Weeks was mainly interested in knowing whether talesmen considered that they were made of such stuff that they could do their duty as jurors and return a verdict of guilty if justified by the evidence, even providing that it might mean infliction of the death penalty on a young woman. All four of those acepted met this test satisfactorily to him. Another question which he usually put was:

"Would the fact that the husband of this young woman was divorced for infidelity prejudice you in her favor to such an extent that you could not render a fair and impartial verdict?"

Asked Juror to Be Frank.

Mr. Weeks also questioned jurors carefully as to how much they had read about the case, and jurors who had been too studious of the newspaper accounts of the case were usually dismissed. Stephen Hendricks of Bayville, L. I., one of the talesmen, said that he had read some of the newspaper accounts. He said that he was not much impressed with them, but when pressed he said he was afraid that they had resulted in his forming an opinion in his mind.

"Well, be frank with us. Tell us what it is," said Justice Manning.

"Well, all right," said Hendricks, raising his voice. "I don't think she went there to kill that man."

"Is that opinion so strong that it would require evidence to remove it?"

"Well, there isn't any such evidence. When she went there she understood that the man was away, and—"

"That's enough. That's enough. You may step down," said Justice Manning.

Samuel J. Carl of Oyster Bay appeared to be a likely choice for the jury box for a long time. After the first six jurors had confessed prejudice or disqualified themselves for some other reason, Carl raised hopes that he would do when he was the first of the jurymen to answer unhesitatingly that he would not be swayed by sympathy, and that he did not object to the enforcement of the death penalty against a woman, if she were guilty. Asked if he was sure of himself, he replied emphatically:

"Yes, Sir, I've got a good, strong mind."

After he has been passed by the prosecution to the defense, he was asked:

"Assuming that the young woman here, at the time of the shooting, carried a revolver which had been given to her by the deceased and which he had told her to carry for her protection, would the fact that she had the revolver prejudice you against the defendant?"

"No," replied Carl.

"The fact that she carried it, even though she did not have a license, would not prejudice you against her?"

Carl said that that was another question, if she did not have a license and that he might be prejudiced against her.

Two Diverse Opinions.

John Rader of Oyster Bay said that he had a firm opinion that the young woman was innocent. When Judge Manning asked him if it would require evidence to wipe out this impression, he replied:

"There's no evidence that can wipe it out."

Charles W. Smith of Great Neck, however, looked at it very differently. He was excused on his saying:

"According to what I read in the papers, there is no question about her guilt."

The main questions of the defense were framed to put the juror on record as intending to retain the presumption of innocence in favor of the young woman despite the admission that she had done the actual killing and to acquit her if there was any doubt about her sanity. In questioning jurors on these points, counsel for both the State and the defense appealed to Justice Manning frequently to find sufficiently lucid language to present these complex propositions to the talesmen's minds, and much of the questioning was done by the Justice.

The first juror to be chosen was the twelfth talesman to be examined. He is John C. Bucken, a resident of Rockville Centre and for eighteen years a bookkeeper employed by J. P. Morgan & Co. He is 61 years old, married, and has a family. He will be the foreman. The three others finally chosen were middle-aged, or past, and all three were married and had families. They were Philip H. Ohm, 53 years old, a retired business man of Bellmore, L. I.; Edward W. Pietsch, 58 years old, an electrical engineer on the Clarence H. Mackay estate at Roslyn Heights, L. I., and Louis J. Commella, 51 years old, a real estate operator at Freeport, L. I.

Justice Manning placed the four jurors under the guard of the Sheriff and sent them to the Garden City Hotel, where all the jurors will live until the trial is ended.

The trial will be resumed at 10 o'clock this morning.

MALCOLM GIFFORD KILLED.

Youth Twice Tried on Murder Charge Dies in France.

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—Malcolm Gifford, Jr., son of a manufacturer of Hudson, who was released from custody on a charge of murder after two juries had disagreed concerning his case, was killed in action in France on Nov. 8. This information was received by his parents today in a message from the Canadian War Office. The young man, who was 22, enlisted in a Canadian military unit with fellow-students of Williams College about a year ago.

Gifford was arrested in April, 1914, charged with the murder of Frank J. Clute, a chauffeur, in April of the preceding year. Gifford was then attending a preparatory school in Massachusetts. He came to Albany on the night of April 1, 1913, after attending a dinner dance in Troy. Later he engaged an automobile to take him back to Troy, where he appeared again at the dance with mud-covered clothing. The chauffeur was shot and robbed of a small amount of money that night between Albany and Troy. Although young Gifford never took the stand in his own defense, it was explained in his behalf at the trials that he became mud-bespattered while going to a fire. The mystery of Clute's death has never been cleared.

GERMANS HONOR RODIN.

Like Shakespeare, He "Belongs to Us," Says a Writer.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—German art critics, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam, devote enthusiastic articles to Auguste Rodin, the sculptor, who died in Paris Saturday. They generally consider him the greatest sculptor France has produced. One writer says:

"Rodin, like Shakespeare and Michelangelo, belongs to us Germans, for our claim upon every art creator is one we will never allow anybody to question."

The Berlin Academy of Fine Arts will discuss at its next meeting the advisability of sending through a neutral country a message of condolence to Rodin's family.

LOST AND FOUND.
Advertisements of Lost and Found articles may be found on Page 21.—Adv.

TO CLEAR BROADWAY OF SUBWAY DEBRIS

Contractors Give Assurances That Worst Will Be Over in a Few Weeks.

WORK NOW IN LAST STAGES

Trains to Times Square by Jan. 15 Predicted by Secretary of Association.

On behalf of the Broadway Association, E. W. Estes, Executive Secretary, yesterday began an inquiry among contractors engaged in the building of the Broadway subway to ascertain just how long it would take to remove the débris accumulating for months in the side streets along the route. He found that the contractors were all eager to get through with their work, but that they were delayed by the difficulty of obtaining labor and materials.

Conditions, according to the assurances received by Mr. Estes from various contractors, will improve rapidly from now on. From the engineers of the United States Improvement Company, who are in charge of the work around Greeley Square, Mr. Estes learned that this section of the route will be cleared up in about three weeks.

"Now that the decking is being removed," said Mr. Estes, "we know that the work is nearly completed, but the street in such instances looks the worst. I have also been assured that the pavement on the east side of Broadway between Thirty-second and Thirty-fourth Streets, will be restored within two weeks, and that the west side, on the same two blocks, will be finished in about three weeks.

"The engineers have practically promised me that the work in the vicinity of Greeley Square, where conditions are worse than at any part of the route, will be completed by Dec. 15. Of course, this does not mean that the smooth pavement will go down by that time, because the pavement cannot be laid until several months after the temporary pavement is laid in order to give the backfill ample time to settle.

"The section between Forty and Forty-second Streets is progressing rapidly, and the contractor at that point has more men employed by at least 100 per cent than are working upon any other contract in the subway. When those two blocks are completed and the work is finished from Forty-fifth Street north on the east side of the avenue, no further decking will be taken up until Spring. If the electric power is provided there is no reason in my opinion why trains can't be running to Times Square by Jan. 15."

Although business interests along Broadway had become extremely impatient with the unsightly spectacle of torn up streets, with no apparent move toward improvement, Mr. Estes said the Broadway Association had found it impossible to trace the blame to the contractors.

S. H. Clarke of the Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Company, which is building the section between Thirty-ninth Street and Fifty-first Street, pointed out yesterday that it was in the interest of the contractor to complete the work as soon as possible, because the constantly rising cost of labor and material was involving them in a greater loss every day. He was paying $2.40 a day for labor which cost him only $1.00 a day when his company took the subway contract. Mr. Clarke said the congestion on the railroad since the United States entered the war made it necessary for the contractor to have as much material on hand as he could get in order to avoid a sudden shortage.

2,389 STREET CASUALTIES.

Motor Vehicles Killed 30 Persons and Injured 1,022 in October.

Police Commissioner Woods made public yesterday the number of street accidents for the month ending Oct. 31. There were 2,389 persons killed or injured in street accidents during the month of October according to the table prepared by the Bureau of Statistics of the Police Department. Of these, 777 were children and 383 persons more than 50 years old. The total casualties are smaller than the corresponding figures for September, which were 2,503, and are much smaller than those for October, 1916, which were 2,633. These figures were abnormally high owing to the traction strike.

Automobiles killed 19 persons on the streets and injured 755, motor trucks killed 11 and injured 267; horse-drawn trucks killed 5 and injured 140; street cars killed 9 and injured 116. There was one person killed and 139 injured in falls from street cars—of these 51 of the injured were over 50 years of age. Stealing rides caused the injury of 33 boys and 1 girl.

The total number of persons killed and injured in collisions involving motor vehicles was 254, as against 280 for October, 1916.

Manhattan had 28 persons killed and 1,396 injured as compared with 31 killed and 1,639 injured during October, 1916. Children killed or injured totaled 407. Brooklyn had a total of 19 killed and 615 injured, of whom 254 were childen. The Bronx had a total of 5 killed and 200 injured, of whom 77 were children. Queens had a total of 7 killed and 94 injured, with 30 children. Richmond had a total of 3 killed and 24 injured, with 9 children.

RECALLS PERRY IN JAPAN.

Aged Survivor of Commodore's Expedition Visits Nippon Again.

TOKIO, Nov. 19.—A visit to Japan by an aged sailor named Hardy, who was a member of Commodore Perry's expedition to this country in 1853, is being made the occasion of many manifestations of friendship toward the United States. Yesterday the old sailor went to Kurihama to visit Perry's landing place, and planted a pine before the Perry monument.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 19.—W. H. Hardy, who is touring Japan at the request of Japanese school children, is said to be the only survivor of Perry's first landing in Japan. His home is in Portland. As a boy of sixteen he was a member from the boat's crew which rowed the Commodore to shore upon his arrival there.

B. Altman & Co.

A Choice Selection of Women's Afternoon Gowns

will be offered in a Special Sale

to be held to-day (Tuesday)

at $39.00 each

presenting remarkable value

Imported and Special Costumes Dep't
(Third Floor)

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue,
34th and 35th Streets New York

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC
Christmas Handkerchiefs
Fine Embroidered, Lace Trimmed and Plain
AT PRICES NO HIGHER THAN ELSEWHERE
FIFTH AVENUE AT 45TH ST.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST. - BROADWAY - 33rd ST

Mighty Smart Overcoats

For Young Men of All Ages

At $25

The young man at 60 wants as much New York smartness in his new coat as the young man at 20.

Both delighted with this GIMBEL selection of just about any style you want, at $25.

New form-fitting models; new double-breasted models; new trench models. Range of fabrics and patterns so numerous that a description would read like a catalog.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor, Men's Clothing Section

Men's and Young Men's Walk-Over Shoes

A record sale of this famous shoe at an extraordinary price. All sizes, but not every size in every style.

$3.45

That originally were $5 to $10. Many exceptional styles for young men from 16 to 20.

Included are Walkover dull calf shoes with famous RINEX soles and rubber heels; patent shoes, vici kids, etc. Best shoe for this money in years.

GIMBELS—Main Aisle, Rear, and Subway

Saks' Winter Overcoats

WHETHER you would pay $23 or $40 for an overcoat, or one of a dozen prices in between, Saks offer you more in point of tailoring, more in variety of woolens, and a greater selection of patterns than you will find in any other overcoat stock in this country. This is a big statement to make, but our assortments are still bigger.

¶ Each and every model we exhibit is the work of a craftsman who has made the production of clothes of the very highest type a life study. Every little wrinkle in distinctive Metropolitan fashions is to be found in our productions, so embodied as to be *different*, yet thoroughly in keeping with that which is correct and in good taste.

$23 to $40

Every kind of overcoat from the conservative single-breaster to London's most extreme double-breasted belter is now assembled at Saks

in Greys, Browns, Heathers, Tans, Khaki, Blues, Overplaids and Fancy Mixtures that are as warm as a woolen blanket and as individual in their blending as any overcoatings America has ever seen. Take a look at them—you'll see more in two minutes on our Fifth floor than you could glean from an announcement twice this size.

Saks Clothes Are Saks Made

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only

Hats That Smack of London Town

—with all the smartness and snap in style and finish of the Strand Bowler—made especially for us by a prominent English manufacturer — they cost little more than a good domestic hat.

The Marlborough Derby at $3.89

is made in three smart blocks, of fine fur felt, fast black. The workmanship is of better than average quality—the style correct.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Leather Toilet Cases Are Convenient

The traveling man and the stay-at-home also, find that they provide a convenient method of purchasing toilet articles and a compact way of keeping them. Usually fitted with brush, comb, mirror, tooth brush holder, soap dish, space for safety razor, and the like. $2.24 to $29.50.

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St.

Army Shirts $3.29 to $4.39

Of fine quality Khaki Flannel, with interlined cotton khaki fronts, reinforced where most needed, designed to give room for action and assure comfort. Elsewhere shirts like these would cost you much more.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Clocked Lisle Hose at 47c

Medium weight, full fashioned, elastic tops, reinforced toes, soles and heels. Colors include white or champagne with black clock, dark or light gray, champagne, navy, tan, white or suede with self clock. All sizes.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Ribbed Underwear for Fall Wear

Heavy weight, spring needle ribbed cotton underwear. Shirts with long sleeves. Drawers, ankle length, with suspender straps. Double gusset. Garment, $1.19.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Dress Accessories for Men

You can buy hats, shirts, shoes, ties, and such things to complete your "after - six - o'clock" outfit here for less than elsewhere.

Conveniences

At the Public Service Bureau you can purchase tickets for the theatre, tickets for rail or steamship journeys, send a telegram, buy a money order or register your mail or parcels.

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 34th St.

5%
GUARANTEED
MORTGAGES

Amount	Appraisal
$2,700	$4,500
3,250	5,500
5,500	10,000
7,500	11,500
35,000	53,000

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

Women Prefer
Courtly Silk Hosiery
—because it is better-wearing and lower-priced. Get acquainted!
In new shades and black or white—$1.10, $1.25, $1.48 and $1.75.
Black or white—embroidered or clocked—$1.29, $1.50 and $1.98.
Main Floor.
ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
BloomingdaleS
59th to 60th St.—3d to Lex. Ave.

The Censor Will Not Allow
A Picture to be Shown Here
BUT—
It is permissible to state that we are now at work on the vast new
$9,000,000
FORE RIVER
DESTROYER PLANT
Built by
ABERTHAW CONSTRUCTION CO.
BOSTON

CHARGES OUT IN CASE OF OUSTED TEACHERS

Definite Accusation Made Preliminary to Hearing, Which Opens Thursday.

PLAN $10,000 DEFENSE FUND

Union Appoints Committee to Speak at Forums and Elsewhere in Defense of Teachers.

The serving of specific charges against Thomas Mufson, A. Henry Schneer, and Samuel D. Schmalhausen, three teachers suspended from De Witt Clinton High School pending trial, was the outstanding feature of yesterday's events in the high school situation.

Mr. Mufson is charged with thinking it proper to be neutral in class while a discussion on the relative merits of anarchism and the present United States Government was going on. Mr. Schneer, among other things, is charged with saying that patriotism should not be discussed in school; that persons wearing the soldier's uniform should not be allowed to speak to the boys in the school assembly. Mr. Schmalhausen does not consider it to be his duty, the charge says, to develop in the students under his control instinctive respect for the President, the Governor, and other Federal, State, and municipal officers.

The charges against the teachers will be heard at 3 o'clock on Thursday afternoon before the High School Committee, of which John Whalen is Chairman, at the Board of Education. The charges were drawn up by Assistant Corporation Counsel Charles McIntyre on evidence furnished by Dr. John L. Tildsley, Associate Superintendent of Schools in charge of high schools.

Several hours after the charges were made public a meeting of the Executive Board of the Teachers' Union was held at the Washington Irving High School, and a committee of three presented to the board evidence which, it was said, would serve as the basis of charges to be preferred by the union against Dr. Tildsley. The charges will be presented to Dr. John H. Finley, State Commissioner of Education, after they have been examined by John E. O'Brien, counsel to the union.

It was announced at the union that an endeavor will be made to raise $10,000 as a legal fund to be used in the defense of the three accused teachers. A committee was appointed to speak at forums and before various organizations in order to present the teachers' side of the case. The Chairman of the committee is Abraham Lefkowitz. A Publicity Committee was appointed with Henry R. Linville, President of the union, as Chairman.

What has been advertised as a "monster mass meeting to protest against disloyalty and autocracy in our public schools" will be held tomorrow night at Terrace Garden, Fifty-eighth Street and Third Avenue, under the auspices of the Public Schools Neighborhood Federation and the Teachers' Interests Organization. Charles Rozelle, Jr., will be Chairman and Dr. Tildsley, Dr. Linville, and the three suspended teachers and six transferred teachers have been invited. Dr. Tildsley, it was said last night, will not attend the meeting.

At the Board of Education it was said yesterday that Mr. Rozelle was recently transferred because of "insubordination" and that some time ago he was reprimanded by the Board of Superintendents for charges he is alleged to have made at an anti-Gary school meeting.

President Willcox of the Board of Education denied yesterday the published statement which attributed him as saying that the evidence against the three suspended teachers justified their dismissal. He declared that this was incorrect, and that he had reached no decision and was awaiting with an open mind the evidence to be submitted at the hearing on Thursday.

Officials of the Board of Education are in possession of copies of a publication called The American Teacher, of which Dr. Linville, President of the Teachers Union, is editor in chief, and Mr. Schmalhausen, one of the suspended teachers, is circulation manager. The publication has a department called the "Fluoroscope," in which from time to time various principals of schools and other education officials were lampooned and ridiculed without their names being mentioned.

Isaac A. Dotey, a member of the Faculty of the De Witt Clinton High School, in speaking of conditions in the school yesterday said that the pupils had of late consulted their own individual opinion, and that this had been subversive of discipline. For the last two years, he declared, he had seen the spirit of revolt growing.

HOWE ON AIRCRAFT BOARD.

International Harvester Director to Help War Work.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Appointment of R. F. Howe of New York, a Director of the International Harvester Company, as one of the civilian members of the Aircraft Board, which will be in charge of the development of the air service in this country, was announced today after a conference of the Aircraft Production Board with President Wilson.

Howard E. Coffin, Chairman of the present Production Board, will also head the new board.

West Side Commission Here.

The commission named by the Governor to inquire into the progress made by the city officials in making a contract with the New York Central Railroad Company for the West Side improvement, made a tour of inspection yesterday along the West Side from the company's yards at St. John's Park to Seventy-second Street. Later an executive meeting was held by the commission. Public hearings will shortly be held, at which members of the Board of Estimate and officials of the Public Service Commission and of the railroad company will testify.

LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements of Lost and Found articles may be found on Page 21.—Adv.

GUARDSMEN SPEND NIGHT IN TRENCHES

Soldiers at Spartanburg Successfully Execute Order to Take Places in 'the Line.'

SUFFER SOME 'CASUALTIES'

Theoretical Enemy Discovers Their Presence When a Restless Trooper Peeps Over the Parapet.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., Nov. 19.—At 8:30 o'clock tonight Colonel Frank H. Norton ordered the 105th United States Infantry, made up of the former Twenty-third and Fourteenth Regiments of Brooklyn, to prepare to enter the trenches at 9 o'clock for a twelve-hour tour of duty. At the same time similar instructions were given to the 105th Machine Gun Battalion, formerly Troop A of Squadron A. The moment the orders were issued the Sergeants of both organizations hastened down the company streets arousing the men who had been excused from duty all afternoon. Most of them had turned in for a nap, so when the order to make ready for the severe trench test rang into the tents every man was ready for the ordeal.

There was a great scramble to see which organization would be ready first, and, though they had to march a half mile to the 106th Camp, the members of the old squadron beat their rivals into the firing line. Carrying heavy equipment without ammunition, the soldiers formed in companies and waited silently while every ninth man fell out and got a lantern. Then the Captains whispered and the men moved off.

Dropping softly into the communicating trenches, company after company disappeared along the lanes leading to the firing and reserve trenches. Several hundred went into the third-line trenches, double that number took up position in the second series of earthworks, while the remainder stole quietly into the honor-posts of the fire line. After some slight confusion, in which scraping of shoes over stones caused angry words of caution from the officers, the soldiers settled down to wait, the officers in the meantime were watching the top of a hill to the westward where two blinking lights were to announce that the inspector-umpires were aware that the trenches had been occupied and that the game of war could go on.

A half hour slipped by and the watching officers began to look at each other, almost persuaded that the lights had blinked and that they had missed it. Ten minutes more ticked off on the wrist watches, the only things that made a noise, then a private in the first line trench cautiously lifted his head over the parapet. The lights blinked at once, and the telephone connecting the trenches and the umpires' post buzzed.

The gist of the message was that the umpires had observed the tenantcy of the fortifications, and that the private who had lifted his head above the trench should be removed to the rear at once and placed on the "casualty" list. For the ground in front of the trenches was theoretically covered by German machine guns, and anybody who peeped over a top was theoretically dead.

At 10 o'clock a detail was ordered to creep forward and erect barbed wire entanglements. Though every effort was made to cover their emergence from the trench, the umpires spotted them and they were added to the "casualty list." Hoping to catch the watchers, a second detail was ordered over the top immediately, but when this was only partially successful, the trench officers intimated that no more wire men or patrols would be sent out for the time being.

CROOKS GATHERING FOOD.

Hoover Warns Against Men Posing as Government Agents.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The following warning against thieves was given tonight by Herbert C. Hoover, the Food Administrator:

"We have reports from various parts of the country of crooks, thieves, and confidence operators who are going from house to house purporting to be authorized by the Food Administration or other deparments of the Government to collect or commandeer foodstuffs for the Government or the army.

"I wish to say emphatically that no department of the Government has or will ever make such demands on householders, and that all such people are petty frauds and should be held for the police. The Government agencies are investigating various cases and information is sought of all such persons by this department."

BROKEN MAIN FLOODS MADISON AV. HOMES

Water Fills Basements of Scores of Houses Near Fifty-fourth Street.

Under the increased pressure of the new water system a section of a forty-eight-inch distributing main broke last night in front of 541 Madison Avenue. Before Inspectors from the Department of Water Supply could cut off the flow many cellars in the vicinity were flooded. The damage was all below the street level and, though at the point where the break occurred the sidewalk sagged slightly, it was not necessary to close the street to traffic.

The breaking of the main was discovered by a column of water that suddenly sprang into the air and then quickly subsided. The water continued to make its way into nearby dwellings, rising almost to the street level in some. The water was turned off as soon as the emergency force of the Department of Water Supply got to the scene.

The break is just above Fifty-fourth Street. The gate at Forty-second Street was closed, but the big pipe drained all the way to Seventy-ninth Street before the leak stopped. It was necessary to close other gates before the leak was located and some time was lost in this way.

The residence of John King is directly in front of where the break occurred. The slant of the street is toward the east side and the houses on that side of the street suffered most from the flow. The basement of the Sacred Heart Academy, which runs from 533 to 537, was flooded, as was the apartment house of Charles J. Moller, on the southeast corner of Madison Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street. The cellars at 534, occupied by Frank R. Lawrence, President of the Lotos Club, and 536, in which Edwin Lanc aster resides, contained five feet of water that had flowed through the gratings.

For a time the entire water supply in the district was cut off. Late last night men were digging up the street to find the break.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 17th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 14.46 cents per pound.—Advt.

THANKSGIVING WAR DINNER.

The committee in charge of the Patriotic Society League's Thanksgiving dinner to soldiers and sailors issued an appeal for help yesterday. To act as hostesses at the Madison Square Garden dinner and celebration 150 women are wanted; 150 girls are wanted to distribute programs. Contributions are welcomed. Offers of aid should be made to the headquarters at 2,741 Broadway, telephone Academy 1809. A statement by the committee said that no salaries or commissions are being paid to any one connected with the affair, with the exception of one stenographer.

The clubs of the city have been asked to name members for the committee. The Rotary Club committee has already been formed, and the Union League Club is forming its delegation. The committee expects to have 35,000 at its dinner parties, the chief of which will be in Madison Square Garden. In addition there will be hundreds of smaller dinners at which individuals and organizations will be Thansgiving hosts to soldiers and sailors.

Save Passengers from Mariposa.

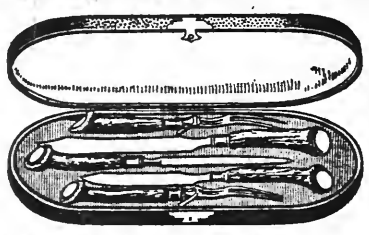
SEATTLE, Nov. 19.—The steamer Mariposa, which grounded on the rocks in the narrow passage of Sumner Strait, southeastern Alaska, slipped from its perch and sank at a late hour last night, according to word received today. The 265 passengers were picked up by steamers and landed at Wrangell.

Established 1723
FUR COATS
FUR SETS
FUR CAPES
Revillon Frères
5th Avenue at 53d Street

FINANCIAL SITUATION IN EUROPE.

The finances of belligerent countries compared in this week's Annalist. 10 cents, sold everywhere. By mail $4.00 a year. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

SAMOVARS ◆ FIRE LIGHTERS ◆ WOODEN WARE ◆ SCALES ◆ DOOR PORTERS ◆ TEA WAGONS ◆ TRAYS ◆ CHINA ◆ GLASS ◆ KNIVES ◆ FIRELESS COOKERS ◆ PERCOLATORS ◆ CANDLESTICKS ◆ FIRE SETS

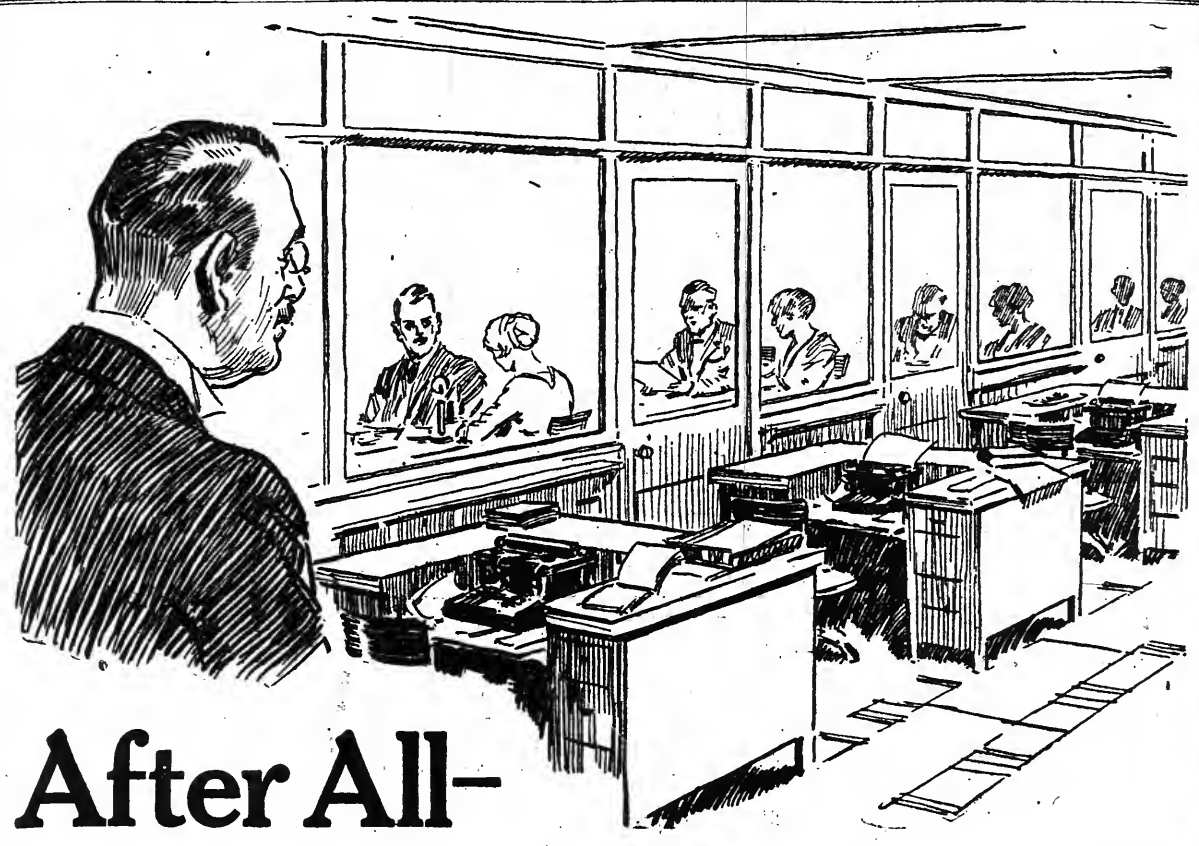


Carving Set—Carving Knife and Fork; Game Knife and Fork; one Steel. Five pieces, stag handled, $31.00.

CARVING SETS for the Thanksgiving turkey are merely a timely reminder of cutlery stocks at Lewis & Conger's. Here you will find knives for the kitchen, knives for the pantry, knives for the dining room—knives of every shape and made for every purpose—exactly as you will find every other housekeeping utility here.

LEWIS & CONGER
45th Street & 6th Ave., New York

California
resort hotels are world famed
They are prepared for a big rush of winter travel.
And the Santa Fe is prepared to take you there.
Visit Grand Canyon and Castle Hot Springs in Arizona.
Hawaii afterwards.
Fred Harvey meals.
Booklets of trains and trip upon request.
Gen. G. Dillard, G.P.A. 377 and 1328 Broadway New York City. Phone, Franklin 9200 and 9201.
Santa Fe
four daily California trains including the California Limited
Grab the Santa Fe de Luxe
as usual



After All—

It's Your Own Pocket-Book

But of course that's not your attitude. You're no more inspired than any other business man when you open your door and gaze on a row of empty typewriters waiting for their operators to come back from dictation.

For you know that if four stenographers spend two hours apiece per day in taking dictation, it is *equivalent to one stenographer losing 8 hours—or a whole day every day.* Which means that the weekly salary of one girl is lost in non-productive work.

The Dictaphone reduces letter-writing to one operation—typewriting—saves *all* the time your stenographers now spend in taking dictation. It cuts the cost of each letter one-third. Each girl produces at least 50 per cent more correspondence per day. She produces it more easily—with less brain fatigue, less eye and nerve strain.

Write for Booklet, "The Man at the Desk," Room 300-1, 55 Warren Street, New York

She writes what was said—not what she guesses was said. Thus her work is more accurate, and your correspondence makes a better impression at the other end.

Don't say now that your business is "different." It will be profitably different after you've installed The Dictaphone. Write for list of users in your line of business, or phone or write for a demonstration to

THE DICTAPHONE
REGISTERED

Phone Barclay 3043; or Call on us at 55 Warren Street, New York

The word DICTAPHONE is a TRADE MARK, registered in the United States and foreign countries

This Advertisement not Related to The Dictaphone

HANAN

We are now placing on Sale in all our stores 800 pairs of Women's Seasonable Shoes at the very attractive price of

$7.85

They are the usual Hanan high standard of quality. Made of Russia Calf, Gun Metal, Black Kid and Patent—many have harmonizing colored tops.

516 Fifth Ave., Cor. 43d St. 411 Fifth Ave., at 37th St.
1391 Broadway 1255 Broadway
1095 Broadway 297 Broadway
390 Fulton St., Brooklyn

SHOES

Officers' Uniforms and Overcoats
SPECIALLY PRICED

Uniforms at $32.50
Overcoats At $37.50
Kuppenheimer Uniforms
16 oz., $37.50
18 oz., $42.50
Overcoats
30 oz., $55.00
Store Now at 42 United States Avenue, Plattsburgh, N.Y.

Brill Brothers
1456 Broadway, 279 Broadway, Broadway at 49th St., 2 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, 44 East 14th Street 47 Cortlandt St.

Extraordinary Values
in our Thanksgiving Sales, featuring
DINNER AND GLASS SERVICES
PLATES, CUPS AND SAUCERS
TABLE DECORATIONS
DECANTERS, ALSO
UNUSUAL GIFT NOVELTIES
HIGGINS & SEITER INC
9-11 EAST 37TH ST. NEW YORK

STATEN ISLAND PUTS IN PATRONAGE CLAIM

Tired of "Taxation Without Representation," Delegation Appeals to Judge Hylan.

NINE GOOD JOBS WANTED

Women Apply to Mayor-Elect for Seats on Bench in the Children's Court.

A delegation of Staten Islanders called on Mayor-elect John P. Hylan at the headquarters of the Business Men's League yesterday and told him that the Borough of Richmond was as tired as could be of "taxation without representation." This purely introductory declaration off their minds, the Staten Islanders served on the Mayor-elect a formal demand for the apportionment of good jobs under his administration to men from Richmond. These were:

Commissioner of Docks and Ferries.
A Commissioner of Taxes and Assessment.
A Deputy Tax Commissioner in charge of a local office.
A Commissioner of Education.
A Resident Assistant Corporation Counsel with office in Richmond.
A Deputy Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity.
A Deputy Charities Commissioner.
A Deputy Police Commissioner, (with local headquarters.)
A representative in the Fire Department.

The delegation was headed by William Wirt Mills, once a Progressive, who during the campaign was chairman of the Citizens Hylan Committee of the Borough of Richmond. Mr. Mills spoke with especial eloquence when he made his plea for the jobs on the list, not as a favor but as Richmond's right. Lest the Mayor-elect should forget the Richmond delegation left with him a memorandum containing a list of the jobs wanted for the borough together with the reasons why jobs should go to Richmond.

The meeting between the Mayor-elect and the city rescuers from the Borough of Richmond occurred behind closed doors. The members of the delegation looked pretty happy when they emerged from Judge Hylan's private sanctum and Mr. Mills said the judge had told them in substance this: "You can carry back the message that your borough will not be overlooked when appointments are made. Go home now and come back after Dec. 15." Mr. Mills said the Staten Islanders surely would be back on the date set by the Mayor-elect and that in the meantime, Judge Hylan had the "tickler" they left with him to make it easier for him to remember.

There was a large sprinkling of women in the crowd of patronage hunters that confronted the Mayor-elect when he appeared at headquarters of the Business Men's League yesterday afternoon, after having been absent since Thursday. After disposing of the Staten Island delegation, Judge Hylan came out into the anteroom for handshaking and brief conversations with those who had called in quest of jobs.

Among the women in attendance was Mrs. Clarice Margolies Baright, who wants an appointment as Justice of the Court of Special Sessions, so she may preside over the sessions of the Children's Court. She was accompanied by Mrs. John Humphrey Watkins, Chairman of the New York County Suffrage Party. The Mayor-elect told her to put in her application, but gave her no encouragement beyond that. Miss Amy Wren, a Brooklyn suffrage leader, called on the Judge and placed before him a demand for an appointment to the Special Sessions Court on behalf of Miss Sarah Stevenson, a Brooklyn suffragist, who wants to sit in the Children's Court in Kings County.

Among callers who were invited into the private office of Judge Hylan was Thomas W. Churchill, former President of the Board of Education and a member of that board at present. Mr. Churchill said he had come to demonstrate to the Mayor-elect the impracticability of such a small Education Board as the one composed of seven members, provided for in the statute which will become effective on Jan. 1.

"The law should be repealed or amended so as to provide for a paid board in which all the seven members would devote all their time to the affairs of the board, or else an unpaid board of twenty-one members," said Mr. Churchill.

Judge Hylan said after his talk with Mr. Churchil that he had not had time to give any consideration to his suggestions. It was suggested, however, that this question, together with the proposed repeal of the pay-as-you-go plan and the necessary legislation to inaugurate the municipal ownership program to which the incoming administration is pledged, would be taken up at a meeting of the members of the new Board of Estimate which has been called for Thursday afternoon.

FILE ELECTION EXPENSES.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—The Business Men's League of Manhattan today filed a statement of campaign expenses with Secretary of State Hugo. The league received $42,063, all of which was expended. The report was made by George M. Adrian, Treasurer. The chief contributors were: L. J. O'Reilly, $5,000; Michael M. Schrenk, $2,570; Thomas Flynn, $1,500; John H. O'Brien, George Ehret, Sylvan Levy, Preston Lynn, George W. Loft, M. F. Loughman, and Joseph McDonald, each $1,000.

Thomas F. Garrity of Brooklyn filed the expense account of the J. F. Hylan Non-Partisan Committee. The committee received $649.50, of which amount $610 was paid to the Universal Film Company for films used in the campaign. The contributors were Mortimer Michael, $331.50; Irving Dertenhoffer, $150, and Thomas F. Garrity $100.

The Mitchel League of Colored Baptist Preachers, through its Treasurer H. Arthur Booker, filed an account showing receipts of $2,745 from the Fusion Committee, all of which was expended.

The Campaign Committee of Courtlandt Nicoll, who ran for Senator to succeed Ogden L. Mills, received and spent $1,385.30.

The John V. McAvoy Campaign Committee received $10,125 and spent $10,117. The Non-Partisan Party of the City of New York received and spent $3,300. Among the expenditures was $2,500 to Alfred E. Smith for campaign purposes.

JORN GETS HIS PAPERS.

Citizenship at First Refused, He Applies to Court.

Karl Edward Heinrich Jorn, a German tenor with the Metropolitan Opera Company, applied yesterday at the County Naturalization Bureau for his second papers. He arrived in this country in 1912, and immediately applied for his first papers. When he asked for his final papers yesterday they were refused, because his wife and five children live in Berlin and refuse to join him here. He was told that he could not become a citizen under the circumstances because the character of a man long separated from his family was always under suspicion.

Jorn displayed a letter from William Jennings Bryan, certifying to his good character, and at the suggestion of Chief Clerk Schluter he applied to Justice Donnelly of the Supreme Court, who questioned him closely about his family relations, and then signed an order directing the issuance of his second papers.

SHIP'S BELL, MANTEL, AUTOMOBILE *and* BANJO CLOCKS

REED & BARTON

ESTABLISHED 1824
JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS
FIFTH AVENUE AT 32nd STREET
4 MAIDEN LANE

Space-Making Sales

In All Departments Before Inaugurating the Holiday Season

THESE SALES FOR TODAY

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE"

"Meet me at the Fountain"

SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

SAVE!

The catch-word of financiers, big and little, today. The watchword for EVERYBODY, be the income big or little. The one clarion call which will help win the war. How to save, with increasing necessity for expenditure apparent everywhere,—that's the problem.

Thousands have solved the problem. Number yourselves among them today. Do as they do,—

Buy Everything You Need at

GREENHUT'S

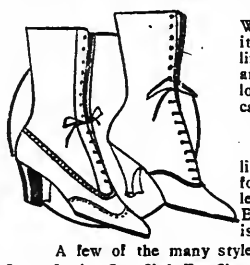
Lace Shoes

Women's $8 to $10

Reduced Today to $5.95

These are "FOOT-MOULD" SHOES—the best values in town, even at regular prices

We go even further, for repeated comparisons have proven that $8 and $10 "FOOT-MOULD" SHOES compare favorably with higher priced lines of other makes.



For this sale we make the price $5.95. Why, you ask? We answer: Because it is a rule in this store to have all regular lines in complete style and size ranges, and in this sale we dispose of all short lots and discontinued lines, which we cannot duplicate at old prices.

All Sizes Are in This Sale

In one style or another, and it makes little difference which style you choose, for they are all new and beautiful. At least a score of new styles for your choice. Every size from 2½ to 7 in A to D widths is represented

A few of the many styles and leathers are mentioned:—

Patent Leather Grey Cloth Top Shoes.
Patent Leather White Kid Top Shoes.
Gunmetal Calf Grey Cloth Top Shoes.
Gunmetal Calf Grey Buck Top Shoes.
Gunmetal Calf White Kid Top Shoes.
Tan Russia Calf Fawn Cloth Top Shoes.
Tan Russia Calf Fawn Buck Top Shoes.
Gunmetal Calf Lace Shoes.
Black Kidskin Lace Shoes.
All Tan Russia Calf Shoes.
Tan Calf White Kid Tops.
Koko Brown Calfskin Shoes.
All Grey Suede Shoes.

Some have hand-turned soles, with covered Louis heels; some have leather Cuban Louis heels and others are with new Military heels, with Goodyear welted soles.

Underwear

Women's $1.45 Combination Suits

Sale Today, At..... 98c

Fine ribbed cotton combination suits; snug and perfect-fitting garments; high or low neck; ankle length; silk taped neck, beautifully trimmed. Sizes up to 44 bust measure.

Hosiery

Women's 50c Fibre Silk Stockings

Sale Today, Pair..... 32c

Black, white and colors, with strong serviceable reinforced heels and toes; garter tops of lisle thread. All sizes. A few pairs are slightly defective.

Dress Goods

$3.50 Broadcloth

Sale Today, Yd..... $2.45

A superior, all-wool broadcloth, beautiful satin finish in black and the prevailing colors of the season. 48 to 50 inches wide.

98c Eiderdowns

Sale Today, Yd..... 48c

54 inches wide in pink and light blue, maize, helio, old rose, red and white.

12c Linings

Sale Today, Yd..... 5c

Black kid cambric lining; mill remnants.

Silverware

Quadruple Plated

Quadruple Plated Nut Bowls—Butler finish; with flowered border and squirrel on top; bowl is lined and is set on feet; at $3.95.

Quadruple Plated Baskets—For fruit or flowers; polished silver with grey flower border; pierced design with handle; $9.50

Quadruple Plated Fruit Bowls—Pierced highly polished silver; $3.95.

Quadruple Plated Coffee Sets—Burnished silver with engraved flower on side and embossed border; set consists of coffee pot, sugar bowl, creamer and tray; at $6.50.

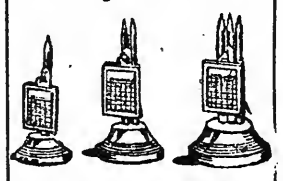
House Dresses

Sale Today, At..... $1.79

House dresses of striped percale in lavender and white and blue and white. Waist has yoke front. White collar, trimmed with bias strap of percale to match; stitched cuffs; separate belt; pocket on left side of skirt Sizes 36 to 46.

A Novelty!

Offered Today at ¼ of Regular Prices



Combined Perpetual Calendar Stands and Pencil Holders

No. 1. Regularly 75c *Sale* 19c
No. 2. Regularly $1 *Sale* 29c
No. 3. Regularly $1.25 *Sale* 39c

See illustration. Here's a welcome addition to any writing table, be it in office or boudoir. Its solidity is good enough for the first, and its daintiness suitable for the second. One of these will make an excellent Bridge or Card Game prize. One, two or three pencil size.

—(And there's a hint here for a charming and inexpensive Christmas gift.)

Annual Sale of Men's

"Kingly" Trousers

$3.95, $5, $6 & $7

Here you have a choice of absolutely guaranteed materials: NEWEST STRIPED WORSTEDS, CASSIMERES, CHEVIOTS, BLUE SERGES, BLACK THIBETS AND UNFINISHED WORSTEDS.

Every yard of this material is high-class to the very last thread, and every yard is guaranteed to be cold-water shrunk, which means that "Kingly" trousers will retain their shape until the very last day you choose to wear them.

The Tailoring and Trimmings in "Kingly" Trousers Are Every Bit as Good as You Would Expect from the Highest Priced Custom Tailor.

In a word,—the best obtainable at any price. Other points for you to bear in mind are these: EVERY PAIR OF "KINGLY" TROUSERS IS CUT SEPARATELY.

Other makes are cut by the hundreds, and consequently possess no individuality. "Kingly" trousers are made honestly in every part, and men and youths of every build can be fitted perfectly. Every pair of "Kingly" trousers is sewed throughout with Belding Bros. cable cord silk.

The pockets are hand-turned and stitched, buttons are reinforced. The fly tacks are unbreakable.

The Greenhut guarantee goes with every purchase, and a new pair of "Kingly" trousers, or your money back without question or quibble, if the pair you select does not give full satisfaction.

Neckwear

For Women and Misses

This is a special purchase; otherwise our prices, too, would be considerably higher.

25c Neckwear—at 15c.
49c Neckwear—at 25c.

Attractive assortment of new styles.

Marabout Capes

Reduced from $3.50 and $4.95

to $2.95

Some regular stock and a purchase. These exquisite capes in natural, seal and combination colors.

Laces

Sale Today, Yd., 25c, 49c, 75c, 98c and $1.49

Beautiful metal laces on black and white net grounds, Georgette and solid effects in bright gold, old gold, silver and steel. 5 to 36 inches wide; regularly 65c to $5 yard.

Towels

Napkins & Sheets

45c and 50c Turkish Towels—odd lot large size; fine yarn bleached; hemmed; each, at 35c.

Hemmed Mercerized Napkins—slight mill imperfections; sizes 17 to 19 inch; regularly up to 14c; each 9c.

Muslin Sheets—For single and full size beds; 54x90 and 81x90 size before hemming; fine bleached muslin; values to $1.25; each 94c

Women's and Misses'

$12.75 Silk and Serge Dresses Today at $6.75

Only 250 Dresses in This Sale 12 Handsome New Styles

All of the styles are pretty,—many are effectively trimmed in various clever ways. The range of materials includes: SATIN, ALL-WOOL SERGE, POPLIN, and VELVETEEN, in all the correct colorings and black.

All sizes for women and misses are included,—also a limited number of dresses in extra sizes, 41 to 51 inch bust measure.

Silks

Black and Colors

$2.50 Charmeuse—40 inches wide; in a very fine line of colors and blacks; yd., $1.65.

$2.50 Imported Black Costume Taffeta—40 inches wide; finest quality; yd., $2.

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Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department or for $2 in Cash at the 24K Office on the Fifth Floor. We Give 24K Green Trading Stamps as Usual. Ask for Them. Double 24K Stamps till 12 o'Clock. Single 24K Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

Great Western Champagne

BRUT SPECIAL
(Absolutely Dry)
SPECIAL RESERVE
(Very Dry)
EXTRA DRY
(Medium)

Only American Champagne ever awarded Gold Medals at Foreign Expositions

Produced by the old French slow method of fermentation in the bottle taking from six to seven years of time.

Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Rheims, N. Y.

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THERE is not a fashionable theme or a new Silhouette that is not represented for you in this great assemblage of this season's Original Harry Collins Creations. The values offered are truly out of the ordinary.

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MACHINE GUN COMPANY

Excellent opportunity for all men between the ages of 18 and 45. Besides military duties all the conveniences of a well organized club. Bowling alleys, billiard room, library, gym and shower baths are at the disposal of the men.

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Armory—33d St. and Park Ave. All Welcome

Glowing Claims or this Convincing Test

Marie Rappold

Metropolitan Opera Star Singing in Direct Comparison with Her Re-Created Voice.

Which Will Guide Your Choice?

MR. EDISON is a man of deeds—not words. It is characteristic of him that ever since he accomplished the Re-Creation of Music, he has avoided finely worded claims of superiority.

Instead he has offered the public *proof* of his success. In repeated tests he has played his Re-Creations in direct comparison with the music of the living artists. And it was impossible for the ear to tell which was which!

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Before 800,000 people, in the great music centers of the country, Mr. Edison has offered the undeniable proof that he has Re-Created Music.

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And the thousands who have heard these tests, have been held spellbound. They heard the living voice. Then they heard its Re-Creation. Their ears failed them.

In vain, they listened for the telltale mechanical quality which is the unmistakable stamp of a talking machine. *It was not there.*

Only by watching the singer's lips could they tell when they heard the living voice and when they heard Mr. Edison's Re-Creation of it.

None but Mr. Edison has dared to venture this rigid test — the *final* test of a phonograph.

Hear a Concert

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Program Tomorrow:

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Poet and Peasant Overture, *Edison Concert Band*
L'Ete—In French..*Betsy Lane Shepherd*
Have a Heart Waltz, *Jaudas Society Orchestra*
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ROADS GIVE NOTICE OF NEW RATE NEEDS

Will Ask 15 or 20% More, in Addition to Pending 15% Demand.

CLOSE THE PRESENT CASE

Shippers Oppose Any Increase and Suggest That Government Loan Needed Funds to Lines.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—George Stuart Patterson, counsel for the Eastern carriers, in closing the rate case before the Interstate Commerce Commission today, said that the 15 per cent. increase sought would be inadequate to maintain the railroads in a state of efficiency, and that they would shortly make application for an additional 15 or 20 per cent. increase on class and commodity rates, and an increase of 10 cents a ton on coal, coke, and ore.

"What is the intention of the railroads?" asked Commissioner McChord.

"To make the sky the limit?"

"As cost increases, rates must go up if we are to succeed on a sound basis," answered Mr. Patterson.

Mr. Patterson said that the present increase, if granted, would not permit the carriers to keep up their maintenance, and that it would be a national menace if the carriers failed to obtain relief in this emergency. He argued that the maintenance of adequate railroad facilities was vitally essential to the winning of the war, and that transportation rates must be adjusted to the higher level of operation cost to enable the roads to serve the nation. The increase granted in June, added to that now proposed, would bring to the railroads only a total of $155,000,000 annually, he said, while twice this amount would be required to cover increased wages and the higher cost of materials.

Discussing the rise in wages, which already has added more than $100,000,000 to the payrolls of the Eastern carriers, Mr. Patterson said that these advances were still going on, the Pennsylvania alone having made increases in wages in the last month amounting to more than $7,000,000 a year.

Competition for Labor.

"As our armies increase into the millions," said Mr. Patterson, "and as the carriers are called upon to meet the competition for labor of industries whose prices are regulated or unregulated, or are called upon to meet the competition for labor of the Government itself, the available supply of labor will decrease and its price will rise, and, unless the Government is prepared not only to conscript labor for the railroads but also to limit its wage, we must assume that the present cost of labor, measured by wage and efficiency, will not decrease."

Mr. Patterson said that so far as it was humanly possible to look into the future there was no immediate prospect of any reduction in the cost of conducting transportation and the cost of maintaining the railroad properties. He said taining the railroad properties. He said that the increased cost of coal for locomotives amounted to $56,000,000 a year, and that the price recently fixed by the Government was higher than that now being paid by many of the carriers. He said the recent increase in wages to the miners would automatically increase the price to the carriers under contracts entered into prior to the fixing of Government prices.

The estimate of the carriers as to the average increase in the cost of materials other than coal is 42 per cent. Mr. Patterson cited the fact that the Government price for pig iron, the products of which are largely consumed by the railroads, was 105 per cent. above the average price paid in the five years before the war, the Government price of copper 68 per cent. higher, and the Government price of coal 115 per cent. higher.

Emphasis was laid by Mr. Patterson upon the fact that the Eastern carriers were finding it increasingly difficult to provide for the upkeep of their properties. He said deferred maintenance was becoming a matter of very serious concern.

It was estimated by Mr. Patterson that for 1917 the eastern roads would show a loss of $81,000,000 in net operating income, despite an increase of $161,000,000 in total operating revenue. This would be a return on property investment of only 5.2 per cent., or less than the amount which the commission in 1914 found as being lower than demanded in the public interest. He said that the Baltimore & Ohio, without further relief in rates, would not earn its dividends; that the Pennsylvania would have a surplus for the year of only 1.6 per cent. on its capital obligations, and that the New York Central would have a surplus of only 1.3 per cent. after the payment of dividends.

"I have not said anything today as to the close and intimate relation which the question of increased rates bears to the successful prosecution of the war," Mr. Patterson said in conclusion. "That has been dealt with at length by Mr. Daniel Willard, of the National Defense, tee of the Council of National Defense, and by r. Paul Warburg, Vice Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, who are far better able than I to speak on that question. They have told you in substance that increased railroad revenues are essential in aiding the Government in the successful prosecution of the war. I may, however, say in conclusinn—I desire to say it with all the earnestness that lies in my power and to you who are so keen to do the right thing—that the inadequacy of the revenues the carriers has ceased to be a purely economic problem, and is today a vital question of the national defense."

Opposition From Shippers.

Counsel for the shippers contended that by use of the additional revenues and surplus the railroads would not be in worse condition than other businesses and that under such circumstances they should not expect to impose additiunal burdens on the shippers. Mr. Patterson replied that the railroads had no desire to make money out of the war, recognized that industry had a great burden to bear and believed that it should be divided rather than placed on one branch of business.

Clifford Thorne, leading counsel for the shippers, said that an increase in freight rates was essentially a tax and that "this is no time for an organized set of business men to ask the American people to increase their burden. Additional demands of the railroads," he continued, "were almost keeping pace with the Government in adding burdens to the people." Mr. Thorne contended that the surplus of the Eastern railroads and their operating revenues this year were ample to maintain them on a sound basis, pay a reasonable dividend and preserve their credit.

Higher rates were attacked by lumber interests through J. V. Norman, representing the Southern Hardwood Traffic Association, and L. C. Boyle, representing the National Lumber Manufacturers' Association. H. S. Cowan, for the National Livestock Shippers' Protective Association, also argued for a retention of present rates.

If the commission believed the advance essential to the country as a war measure, Mr. Boyle said, the lumbermen would accept it without hesitation, but both he and Mr. Norman contended that the plan proposed for the increases would disturb rate relationships, because it affected through rates and would make necessary rearrangements of business built largely around advantages of freight rates.

Mr. Cowan said conditions in the cattle industry were chaotic because of droughts and feed costs and that the raisers could ill afford the advance. He added that he had talked to members of the Senate regarding a possible Government loan to the railroads if necessary, so that rates might not be further disturbed.

The plea of the roads that their credit was being impaired by lack of revenue was attacked by Mr. Norman, who declared that he did not believe credit entered into the subject. Railroad witnesses had testified, he said, that they would not borrow if they could in competition with the Government, and he expressed the belief that the Government should loan money to the railroads at 4 per cent., providing for its return as soon after the war as possible.

"Certainly there should be some relief, but it cannot come from increased rates," Mr. Norman said, "but if they are granted let them come as a war measure with elimination at the close of hostilities."

H. C. Barlow, speaking for natural gas producers, said that the increase would most seriously affect the business in the large Pennsylvania fields of the Pocono Mountains. He declared that the last increase of 5 per cent. so handicapped the natural ice business that it had practically ceased in some Eastern cities, notably Philadelphia.

Benjamin C. Marsh, representing the American High Cost of Living Association, urged that in order to keep down the cost of living the only recourse the Government had in this emergency was to take over the railroads.

ROADS TURN TO WILSON; WILL AVERT STRIKE

President Authorized to Settle Dispute Arising From Brotherhoods' Wage Demands.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—All danger of a strike resulting from the demands of the four railroad brotherhoods for increased wages disappeared today, in the opinion of Judge William L. Chambers of the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation with an agreement made by the railroad managers to place their interests in the hands of President Wilson.

This position of the carriers was stated by the Railroads' War Board to Judge Chambers in a letter signed by Chairman Fairfax Harrison. President Wilson was immediately informed of the attitude of the carriers, who say that they are not only favorable to arbitration, but are prepared to go further and, in effect, allow the President to prevent strikes by any plan of settlement he may deem proper.

After his interview with the President, Judge Chambers said he was satisfied there would be no strike. He repeated the agreement of the brotherhoods, which accepts mediation, but rejects arbitration, and said, with reference to the forthcoming interview between the President and the brotherhood chiefs:

"At this meeting we will discuss with the President any plan of settlement agreeable to the President."

Mr. Harrison's letter to Judge Chambers is as follows:

Hon. William L. Chambers, United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation, Washington D. C.

Dear Sir: We confirm what we said to you this morning in reply to your inquiry as to what will be the attitude of the railroads with respect to the manner of settlement of any demands for increases in pay or changes in working conditions which during the war may be made upon them by employes.

Speaking for the railroads today, we reiterate our belief in, and general acceptance of, the principle of arbitration. In the midst of war we are, however, prepared to go further. As no interruption of continual railroad operation can be tolerated under war conditions, we are ready, should any crisis now arise, unreservedly to place our interests in the hands of the President for protection, and for disposition as he may determine is necessary in the public interest.

Faithfuly yours,

FAIRFAX HARRISON.

It is believed here that the President will offer a plan of settlement to the brotherhood chiefs next Thursday when they meet with him, and that it will be accepted. The position of the railroads, offering to place the solution of the dispute in his hands, it is declared, will force the brotherhoods to a compromise in order to prevent a strike.

It is expected in some quarters that an agreement to leave the wage question to an impartial tribunal will result from the conference, and already suggestions for means to forestall any further agitation concerning wages and conditions of work during the war, which at the same time would protect the workers in maintaining their standards of life in the midst of war prices, are under consideration. England's example of allowing the Board of Trade to regulate wages at intervals of several months and at the same time adjust rates to protect the railroads is receiving close study.

Some form of continuing arbitration, it is believed confidently, will result from the President's conference and succeeding negotiations. For their part the railroads have indicated that they may ask for some form of control of wages and rates similar to that in effect to regulate coal wages and prices.

WILLARD APPOINTED TO INDUSTRIES BOARD

Wilson Selects the Baltimore & Ohio Road President for Chairmanship.

SUCCEEDS FRANK A. SCOTT

Organization Acts as a Clearing House for the War Needs of the Nation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—President Wilson has appointed Daniel Willard, who is President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, to be Chairman of the recently created War Industries Board. Announcement of the President's action was made tonight by Secretary Baker, who is Chairman of the Council of National Defense. Mr. Willard, who is now serving as Chairman of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense, succeeds Frank A. Scott, who resigned because of ill-health.

"With the outbreak of the war," said Secretary Baker tonight, "Mr. Willard was among the patriotic men who quickly volunteered their services to the Government. Since that time he has unselfishly devoted his energies to the work of the Council of National Defense.

"In appointing Mr. Willard to the Chairmanship of the War Industries Board the President brings to its activities the services of one who already has familiarized himself, to a large extent, with the task ahead of the board, and likewise has a general knowledge of the relations between industry and the war administration. He is an executive of well-established reputation, and his selection was made in the interest of the continued efficiency and usefulness of the War Industries Board. Mr. Willard will enter upon his new duties immediately."

The War Industries Board was established July 28 by the Council of National Defense with the approval of the President. In addition to other duties the new board assumed those formerly discharged by the General Munitions Board, and consisted of seven members working under the direction and control of the Council of National Defense, its members serving as direct representatives of the Government and of the public interests. Its other members are Lieut. Col. Palmer E. Pierce, representing the army; Rear Admiral Frank F. Fletcher, representing the navy; Hugh Frayne, Bernard M. Baruch, Robert S. Brookings, and Judge Robert S. Lovett.

The War Industries Board acts as a clearing house for the war industry needs of the Government, determines the most effective means of meeting them, and the best means and methods of increasing production, including the creation or extension of industries demanded by the emergency of war, the sequence and relative urgency of the needs of the different Government services, and considers price factors, and, in the first instance, the industrial and labor aspects of problems involved and the general questions affecting the purchasing of commodities.

This board was created to expedite the work of the Government, to furnish needed aid to the departments engaged in making war purchases, to devolve clearly and definitely the important tasks indicated upon direct representatives of the Government not interested in commercial and industrial activities with which they are called upon to deal, and to make clear that there would be total dissociation of the industrial committees from the actual arrangement of purchases on behalf of the Government.

GARFIELD PREVENTS SOFT COAL STRIKES

Fuel Administrator Announces General Acceptance of the Penalty Clause.

EXPECTS GREATER OUTPUT

Question of Cars and Trackage Will Be Taken Up—Criticism of Railroads' Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The Fuel Administration announced today that the danger of serious labor disturbances in any of the bituminous coal districts which would reduce the production had been ended by ironclad agreements entered into by miners and operators. Attention will now be centred on the question of cars and operators.

Complaints have come from some quarters, including several of the coal operators, that the railroads were not obtaining the highest efficiency with the facilities at hand, and a virtual pooling of cars and trackage area has been suggested. Some railroads, it has been asserted, have largely "worked their own territory," even when the best results were not obtained for the general movement of coal and the relief of congested conditions.

These matters, it is understood, will be taken up by the Fuel Administration with the railroads and their representatives on committees here, such as the Railroads' War Board, and a thorough co-ordination of effort sought. It is believed by some that much can be accomplished in this direction.

It is possible that the problem may come before the Interstate Commerce Commission if readjustments in the situation are found necessary and do not come voluntarily. It is the intention of the Fuel Administration to see that the greatest results are obtained from the present trackage and car supply.

In regard to the labor situation, which now is more encouraging than at any other time since he took office, Dr. Garfield made this statement today:

"The Fuel Administrator, Harry A. Garfield, has today been advised of the final acceptance by both operators and mine workers of the Southwestern bituminous coal field of the Fuel Administration's penalty clause. The automatic penalty clause, which is an effective safeguard against any suspension of coal production by reason of labor disputes, was made a part of a general wage agreement between workers and operators in the Southwestern field, following a thorough discussion of its provisions by a convention of mine workers at Kansas City.

"The acceptance of the penalty clause in the Southwestern field extends its provisions to practically all of the bituminous fields. Through the efforts of the Fuel Administration all dangers of any considerable halt in the production of bituminous coal through labor difficulties has been eliminated. The Fuel Administration is satisfied that the patriotic co-operation of both mine workers and operators, so thoroughly exemplified in the general acceptance of the penalty clause agreement, can be depended upon to increase the bituminous coal output all along the line."

Orders insuring an adequate supply of coal to the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company and the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad and the lines it operates have been issued by the Fuel Administration. They will distribute equitably among the mines the burden of furnishing coal for the roads' operations. Both orders become effective Nov. 19.

Mines now under contract to supply the Chesapeake & Ohio lines with coal will be required to supply their quota at their contract prices. Other mines along the roads which have no contracts with the carriers will be required to furnish a pro rata of the requirements which are not met by the contract mines. Mines not under contract to the road will be required to supply their share at the prices fixed by the Government.

The Fuel Administration today announced the appointment of the following State Fuel Administrators: New Jersey, Richard C. Jenkinson, Newark; Florida, Arthur T. Williams, Jacksonville.

MANY WOMEN SEEKING WORK

War Conditions Force Them to Go Out as Breadwinners.

Many women, ranging in age from 30 to 55 years, have entered the employment field this Fall, and large numbers of them, it was announced yesterday, have registered for full or part time work with the State Public Employment Bureau, 510 Jay Street, Brooklyn, and the Working Women's Protective Union, 9 East Eighth Street. They are registered for employment as seamstresses, housekeepers, hospital attendants, practical nurses, governesses, teachers, companions, shoppers, cashiers, saleswomen, supervisors, investigators, inspectors, office assistants, and social welfare workers. They demand standard wages, ranging from $8 a week up.

The Working Women's Protective Union has been specializing in work for mature women, and since October has registered more than 500 of them. War conditions have led many of these women to seek employment, as in many cases, with the men of the family in the army, additional income is necessary.

To Relieve a Cold in One Day take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 30c.—Advt.

MATERNITY APPAREL designed by Lane Bryant offering the expectant mother as large an assortment of smart and becoming clothes, and at no higher prices than offered elsewhere for normal wear. Patented adjustments effectively conceal condition and adjust automatically when figure returns to normal.

Lane Bryant
21-23 W. 38th St.

RARE BOOKS
Many from the Library of the late
ALEXANDER W. DRAKE
Art Director of the Century Co.
Books on China, Pewter, Prints, Fine Arts, Japan, First Editions of O. Heary, Dickens; New England Imprints, 1662, Hall's "English Bodies" of Shakespearean Interest; Library Editions, Standard Sets.
To Be Sold by Auction
Afternoons of November 26, 27, 2:30 P. M.
WALPOLE GALLERIES
No. 10 East 49th St.
D. E. KENNEDY, Auctioneer.

ASK FOR and GET
Horlick's
The Original
Malted Milk
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

LOST AND FOUND.
Advertisements of Lost and Found articles may be found on Page 21.—Adv.

The Joy—the Dash—the Life—the Vigour—the Vivacity of Champagne

From France

Perrier
"The Champagne of Table Waters"
DRINK TODAY

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Handsome Cabinets Often Hide Loose Filing Methods

By all means have the best filing cabinets you can—we sell them, too—but first make sure your indexing is right.

Since business correspondence is one of the greatest selling forces, an unfindable letter may cause a cancelled order.

Don't you know your filing clerk is too often unjustly blamed when he says: "It ought to be there, but it isn't"? It's the plan itself that is at fault.

Amberg Individual Service makes filing so simple and fool-proof that complications have little chance to arise, no matter how fast the business grows.

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New December Numbers of
Columbia Records
Columbia Grafonola

When Lazaro sings "Laugh, laugh, Pagliaccio!"

It is more than words or song or acting. His "Vesti la Giubba" is the breaking of a heart in music. Sorrow beyond words, hidden beneath a smiling mask to face the call of duty—what one of us has not sometimes laughed with Pagliaccio? Lazaro, Metropolitan Opera tenor, in this appealing record has made his singing live. 49020—$3.00.

THE records individually mentioned are only a few of the splendid Christmas list of Columbia Records. It includes many other operatic numbers, 22 new popular song hits, 14 whirlwind dance numbers, patriotic songs, fairy stories for the children, and a number of beautiful Christmas carols and hymns.

Stracciari's song of love and hate.

Love struggling with hate in dramatic melody—that is the theme of "Eri tu?" from Verdi's "Masked Ball." A song that requires much of the artist, and in this record Stracciari, leading baritone of the Chicago Opera, has given of his art in full measure. 49221—$1.50.

Barrientos, crystal clear in Lakme's "Bell Song."

Soaring joyously through the bell-like notes of Delibes' lyric, Barrientos makes music more musical by the matchless cadence of her voice. A record in which the great soprano of the Metropolitan Opera surpasses herself. 49151—$3.00.

"Holy Night" enshrined in Gerhardt's voice.

"Silent Night, Holy Night" sings Gerhardt's reverent voice in the very spirit of the star-lit hills and wonder night of long ago. A record you will surely want for Christmas Eve. 58246—$1.00.

"I dreamt that I dwelt in marble halls" Only the wistful tenderness of Lucy Gates' voice could add to the beauty of this well-loved song. A5993—$1.50.

Poet and Peasant Overture. By the Chicago Symphony. A5991—12-inch, $1.50.

Columbia Grafonola Price $215

New Columbia Records on Sale the 20th of Each Month

Columbia Graphophone Company, New York

Skin troubles usually yield to Resinol

If your doctor said to use Resinol Ointment for that skin-trouble you'd try it without a second thought. Well, *thousands* of doctors throughout the country are prescribing Resinol Ointment to heal sick skins, and have been doing so constantly for over twenty years. So why not take the combined advice of all these wise medical men and let Resinol Ointment make *your* skin well? It usually stops irritation at once, makes sleep possible, and speedily helps the skin ailment.

Resinol Ointment is an excellent dressing, too, for burns, scalds, cuts and chilblains and sores. Sold by all druggists. Resinol Soap clears your complexion.

For Service Afield
Army Shoes by Coward

In Shrewsbury Tan . $ 6.85
In Cordovan Tan . 10.00
Cordovan Leggins . $13.85

James S. Coward
262-274 Greenwich St., N. Y.
(Near Warren St.)
Sold Nowhere Else
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As fit for hard, 'cross country campaigning as for the rigors of inspection.

Put together and finished somewhat better than requirements demand. In following the regulation last we are mindful of the important part footwear plays in active duty.

Made from seasoned, hand-chosen leather, shaped and stitched with a care befitting the work they are to do.

Coward Army Shoes will prove their military mettle in the trench and on the parade ground.

The Coward Shoe

The figures are signalling "J. T."

UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N. Y., MAKERS OF LION SHIRTS

OLD CROW RYE
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
America's Finest RYE
WHISKEY
HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE
MADE IN KENTUCKY, U. S. A.
SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS
H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.

OPEN COAL DEPOTS FOR HOBOKEN'S POOR

Small Quantities Are Sold at Ton Prices, Putting Stop to Extortion.

SOLVING FOOD PROBLEMS

New Jersey State Bureau Reports Success of Group Buying from Wholesale Dealers.

The Chamber of Commerce of Hoboken yesterday opened four of the ten coal depot which it will operate this Winter to sell coal to the poor in small lots at the same price they would pay for a ton. The undertaking was a success from the start. At times yesterday there were from 200 to 250 persons in line with all sorts of containers for coal, from tin pans to baby carriages. The coal was sold on a basis of $8.75 a ton, the current quotation in Hoboken yesterday.

The depots were established as a result of an investigation of the fuel situation in Hoboken by a committee of the Chamber of Commerce headed by C. H. C. Jagles. It was found that some small dealers in all parts of the city were selling coal in pail lots at prices ranging as high as $17, $18, and sometimes $20, a ton. The ordinance against selling coal for excessive prices was evaded through sales by the pail, a pail holding about twenty pounds being sold for 20 cents. The poor were forced to buy coal at this price or not buy it at all, unless, as in rare instances, they could afford to buy a whole ton at once.

The Chamber of Commerce decided last week to operate the ten depots this Winter after hearing Mr. Jagles's report. The coal will be sold 100 pounds to the lot, or possibly less, and the purchasers will pay the current ton price for the fuel. The other six depots will be opened in a few days.

The Hoboken Chamber of Commerce has asked neighboring New Jersey municipalities to join in a plan of co-operation by which coal depots may be opened in a half dozen cities. The Hoboken Chamber has offered to operate the depots in Union Hill and West Hoboken. It is expected that the immediate success of the Hoboken depots will lead to the adoption of the plan at once by other municipalities.

Factories in some of the North Jersey cities are buying necessaries for their employes, while the employes of one large company have formed a co-operative buying club that is proving successful, according to a statement issued yesterday afternoon by Alexis L. Clark, Chief of the Bureau of Markets of the State Department of Agriculture.

In many parts of the State groups of consumers are buying food products direct at a vary satisfactory saving. The Canyon Co-operative Society, composed of 2,500 employes of the Prudential Insurance Company of Newark, is doing a weekly business of $2,000. All sorts of staple groceries and household supplies are distributed. In Passaic and Paterson many factories are buying goods for their employes.

A list of wholesale grocery houses, creameries, flour mills, and farmers is supplied by the Bureau of Markets to any organization interested in buying in wholesale quantities. Farmers having hay and grain to sell are invited to inform the bureau, which will endeavor to find buyers. Many carloads of these crops have been sold through this medium.

According to the Bureau of Markets, there is no valid reason why retail storekeepers should charge more for cornmeal, rye flour, and whole wheat flour than for white wheat flour. These products are sold by the mills for less than white flour, yet retailers have been charging more. The Bureau of Markets, it was announced yesterday, was prepared to furnish addresses of grist mills in many parts of the State where high grade products can be bought at about the following prices:

	Per Pound.
Old-fashioned, finely ground table cornmeal	4½c.
Rye flour	5½c.
Whole-ground wheat flour	6½c.
White Winter wheat flour	5½c.
Blended wheat bread flour	5½c.

Some of the mills, it was announced, were prepared to sell quantities as low as five pounds in parcel post packages at a slight increase over the above prices.

FIND A SEVEN-FOOT BOMB.

Eight Sticks of Dynamite Placed in Factory Hallway.

A powerful dynamite bomb, the fuse of which had been lighted and had gone out, was found last night outside the door of the factory of the Queen Petticoat Company, on the tenth floor of the loft building, at 119 West Twenty-fifth Street. It had eight sticks of dynamite in it, and its explosion, according to Inspector Egan of the Bureau of Combustibles of the Police Department, would have wrecked the building. Neither the police nor any one connected with the company could give any reason last night for its being planted where it was found. On the sixth and seventh floors of the building are the shops of Abraham Bauman, who has contracts for the manufacture of uniforms for the navy.

When Simon Silver, designer for the petticoat company, opened the door on his way home about 6:15 o'clock last night, he stumbled over a package. He called Milcon A. Karian, President of the company, and they decided it was a bomb. Detective Callahan took the package to the West Twentieth Street Police Station, where it was examined by Inspector Egan. He found the package about 7 feet long, with a fuse inserted in a hole in one of eight sticks of dynamite. The fuse had been lighted.

BIG SINN FEIN PETITION.

Asks Wilson's Intervention for Ireland as Small Nation.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Nov. 19.—Addressing a meeting at Mohill, County Leitrim, today Edward De Valera said that the Irish in America knew perhaps more about the Sinn Fein movement than some Irishmen at home.

There is a huge petition asking President Wilson, if he calls on Americans to fight for small nations, to give proof of his sincerity and compel England to give proof of hers in the liberation of Ireland.

Chicago to Abolish Cabaret.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—The Council License Committee today favorably reported an ordinance designed to abolish the modern cabaret.

FOOD CO-OPERATION WAITS ON HOOVER

State and City Bureaus Ready for Conference with Federal Representative.

CONSIDER CITY FISH MARKET

Offer of Full Supply at Between 4 and 7 Cents a Pound Made by Newfoundland Man.

The National Food Administration has not yet settled upon a plan for co-operation of the State, city and Federal food forces in this city. F. C. Walcott, personal representative of Mr. Hoover, who was expected to be in New York yesterday, did not arrive, and at the City Food Administrator's office there was uncertainty as to just when he would get to this city.

At the office of John Mitchell and the State Food Commission, in the Metropolitan Tower, it was said that the State organization, though it had a definite plan of action and a $1,300,000 appropriation, had to mark time because of lack of definite action by the Washington authorities. Mr. Mitchell repeated that he expected that a basis for co-operation would soon be agreed upon.

Henry Moskowitz, City Commissioner of Markets, has under consideration a plan for bringing fish into the city and selling it at prices much below those now quoted. He was in conference with Lucius P. Brown of the Health Department and Robert Cowan of Newfoundland. The plan was submitted by the latter, who said that it would be possible to supply 12,000,000 pounds of fish annually at an average price of between 4 and 7 cents a pound. Mr. Cowan said that with an investment of $100,000 to equip two refrigerating plants in Newfoundland, together with the purchase of two refrigerator schooners with auxiliary engines, fish could be brought to New York in sufficient quantities to supply the New York market.

Interest has been aroused in the plan of the Labor Food Conference, which represents labor organizations claiming to have 500,000 wage earners in their ranks, to combine with the State farmer organizations in forming a nonpartisan league in New York. The project will be launched at a meeting to be held in Cooper Union next Monday.

"The New York farmers have got to organize," said John J. Dillon, head of the Bureau of Food and Markets. "They have too long been at the mercy of the middlemen. Such an organization as that perfected in North Dakota is a necessity, and I believe that it will be a success. The farmers have awakened to the fact that they have got to save themselves from the middlemen.

"Take the milk situation here. The farmers have agreed not to raise milk prices during December. They do not believe that this has been fair. They are now engaged in getting together feed for their milk cows and the stock that does not give so much milk will have to be neglected because feed is high. This will, of course, cut down the milk supply."

A speaking tour of the State is to be undertaken by Mr. Townley. With him it is planned to have representatives of the labor movement. These will lay the situation before the farmers in many of the counties, and will map out county league organizations. The speakers will emphasize the need of a changed condition that will bring the farmer a fair price for his products, labor a fair wage for its work, and a lowering of price to the consumer by eliminating, at least in part, the cost of the machinery of distribution and the cutting down of profits of companies that have to earn dividends on large stock holdings.

The report of F. A. Purcell, Acting Director of the Central Purchase Committee, that many retail coal dealers are practically without coal, is borne out by a statement made by Joseph A. Wall, Deputy Fuel Administrator of the Bronx. He said in that borough the coal supply was only sufficient for about twelve hours. Mr. Wall said that there are twenty firms in the Bronx who are in the wholesale trade. All of these are waterfront or rail yards. Their business has practically been at a standstill for several days.

Fuel Administrator Cyrus Miller of the Bronx has assigned investigators to ascertain the reasons for the difference between the amount of coal which is known to have been received in the borough as against the amount now on hand there.

An Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges the receipt of $5 from "A Friend," for charity. The money has been turned over to the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

PUBLISHERS PROTEST TAX.

Seek Repeal of Law Increasing Second-Class Mail Matter.

The Representative Club, composed of publishers, adopted resolutions at a luncheon at the Hotel McAlpin yesterday protesting to Congress against the act increasing second-class mailing rates and asking for a repeal of the law. The resolution said:

Whereas, As the new postal rates on periodicals to go into effect next July will be destructive of one of the greatest educational and industrial factors in the country; and,

Whereas, With the throttling of the magazines by this law the industrial benefits of the manufacturing interests through the advertising and selling opportunities will also be disastrously affected; be it

Resolved, By the Representatives Club that we urge Congress to repeal this destructive law at its next session, and we pledge our best efforts to assist in securing the repeal.

John Adams Thayer, Secretary of the Periodical Publishers' Association, said that heretofore, in supporting low postal rates for periodicals, Congress had always recognized their educational value. Magazines, he said, through their advertising had developed a huge market place for industries, and he added that the new law would restrict circulation to such an extent that the Government would suffer a loss of income instead of an increase. He said that publishers did not consider the increased postal rate a proper form of war tax, and that while for the duration of the war they would submit to any proper tax, even to confiscation of income, they saw only disaster in the new postal rates.

HEARST BUYS BOSTON PAPER

Sale of The Advertiser Is Announced by Charles Sumner Bird.

BOSTON, Nov. 19.—The sale of The Boston Advertiser to William Randolph Hearst was announced today by Charles Sumner Bird, President of the Advertiser Newspaper Company.

The sale does not include The Boston Evening Record, published by the same company. Mr. Hearst will take over The Advertiser within the present week, Mr. Bird stated.

The Advertiser was founded by Samuel Adams in 1748. It has been issued as a daily since 1813.

LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements of Lost and Found articles may be found on Page 21.—Adv.

Organization Plus Experience

is combined in the service we are giving in the management of Manhattan property.

Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street
Telephone 5700 John

CRITTALL
STEEL CASEMENTS AND WINDOWS
DETROIT

FREE FROM PREJUDICE.

James M. Beck, former Assistant Attorney General of the United States, describes Current History Magazine as containing "all accessible information without the slightest partiality or unfair discrimination." Published by The New York Times. 25 cents monthly—$3 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

"Built Like a Skyscraper"

Do a hand stand on a Shaw-Walker drawer. You can't make the drawer sag, or lose its swift, noiseless action. (From actual photograph.)

SHAW-WALKER
STEEL LETTER FILES

"BUILT like a Skyscraper" means a rigid framework of skyscraper steel.

And Shaw-Walkers go the skyscraper *one better.*

Because they're electric-welded into one solid piece. No nuts—no bolts—no rivets—no rods—no screws.

Drawers will "coast" swiftly, smoothly, silently for 100 years without repair or attention. Non-rebounding, too.

Put a Shaw-Walker into your office alongside your old equipment. You'll see why we say: "Your money back if it's not the best file you ever saw." Phone us to send you a Shaw-Walker to-day. Franklin 2261.

WOOD FILES

Shaw-Walker also manufactures a complete line of filing cabinets in wood; as well as supplies for all files.

SHAW-WALKER
60 Franklin St., New York
Chicago—Washington—Detroit—New Orleans
St. Louis—London

Complete Catalog of Wood Files, Steel Files, File Desks, File Safes and Supplies for all Files on Request.

"Built Like a Skyscraper"
SHAW WALKER
STEEL LETTER FILES

Your Headaches May Be from Anemia

Sufferers from frequent headache, especially young women, should look to their blood. A large percentage of all headaches comes from anemia—blood poverty.

Other indications of an anemic condition are: lassitude, loss of interest in things and the tendency to postpone the performance of important work.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

If you are run down, if your energy is below normal and you must whip yourself to your daily tasks, take a course in Pepto-Mangan. It will help you unless you have a serious organic disease.

For Pepto-Mangan builds up the health from a scientifically-sure foundation. It rebuilds the blood. It creates thousands of strong, red blood corpuscles which scour the body free of health-sapping poisons, and it charges the system with iron. When the blood becomes rich in iron and red cells there is usually a prompt return of good health.

Pepto-Mangan cannot disturb the most delicate stomach, and its slightly aromatic taste is attractive to everybody.

Friendly Warning: Gude's is the only true Pepto-Mangan. For your protection reject counterfeits.

Study this picture so you will know how genuine Pepto-Mangan looks. For sale at all drug stores.

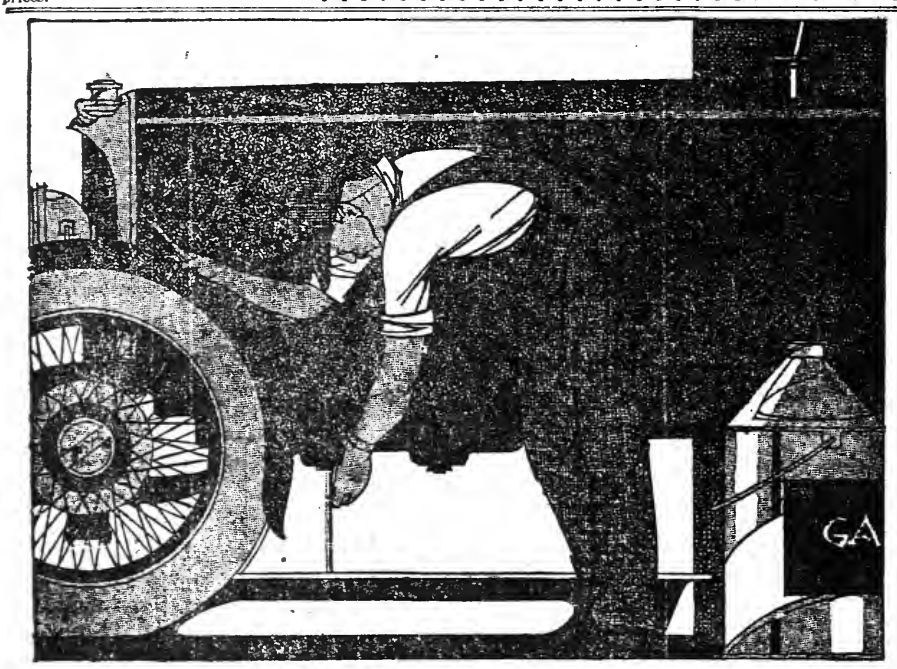
Pepto-Mangan is made by
M. J. BREITENBACH CO.,
Manufacturing Chemists New York.

The Book That Stopped the Bullet

It was in the soldier's left breast pocket: directly over his heart. A thrilling incident that actually happened. What book was it? The only book that General Pershing has approved for his "boys" in France. The Christmas Ladies' Home Journal tells about it.

Spend 15 Cents on It

Spare-time subscription representatives wanted everywhere. If you need more money, we need you. Address Box 1624, Philadelphia, Penna.



KEEP GASOLINE OUT OF YOUR CRANKCASE

IF you have been using a low-grade, sluggish gasoline, you know how it works down into the crankcase and thins out the lubricating oil.

The result is great loss of power, dirty spark plugs, excess carbon, and valves that stick.

The best way to rid yourself of these troubles is to use Tydol, the gasoline that *vaporizes fast.*

Tydol burns up clean, gives rapid flame spread and hot explosion. This means more power and less engine trouble.

The number of New York dealers who handle Tydol is increasing daily. Look for the orange and black sign they display. Once you have tried Tydol you will stick to it.

To reduce friction and wear, use Veedol, the automobile lubricant that resists heat. Reduces sediment by 80% and increases power and gasoline mileage.

LOOK FOR THIS SIGN

Manufactured by
TIDE WATER OIL COMPANY
11 Broadway, New York
Tel. Bowling Green 8000

TYDOL
THE NEW
ECONOMY GASOLINE

Distributed by
PLATT & WASHBURN REFG. CO.,
11 Broadway, New York
Tel. Bowling Green 8000

FULTZ ACCUSES ORGANIZED BASEBALL OF VIOLATING AGREEMENT WITH PLAYERS

PLEDGE TO PLAYERS MAY BE ABROGATED

Repudiation of Cincinnati Agreement in Baseball Is Expected by Dave Fultz.

NEW RULE FOR THE MINORS

Release of Athletes Without Notice First Step in Contravention of Recent Understanding.

President David L. Fultz of the Baseball Players' Fraternity, which almost caused a general baseball strike last year, stated yesterday that the recent action of the National Association of Minor Leagues in Louisville in empowering the minors to release players without five days' notice indicates that organized baseball now considers the Cincinnati agreement nothing more than "a scrap of paper." It is a repudiation of the agreement which organized baseball made with the fraternity a few seasons ago.

Minor league club owners of Class AA and Class A rating decided they may release players without the customary notice. "I regard this action by the National Association," said Mr. Fultz, "as the first step by organized baseball to repudiate the agreement with the fraternity. It wouldn't surprise me if they now repudiate many of the other promises which they made to the players in the Cincinnati compact."

This was one of the points in the relations between the minor leagues and the players which had much to do with bringing about the threat of a players' strike a year ago. It was said at the time that the strike collapsed that organized baseball was through with unionized baseball, but the action of the minor leagues is the first step toward bringing baseball conditions to where they were before the Players' Fraternity was organized. Hereafter the minors will be able to discharge the players at any time they see fit and the men will have no redress.

President Fultz said that if the officials of organized baseball regarded the agreement with the players only as "a scrap of paper" he could not predict at this time what the attitude of the players would be. If the National Commission makes a complete repudiation of its compact with the players, which was duly signed by all parties concerned, the players are completely at their mercy and can do nothing.

When the baseball strike was called off last year, President Johnson of the American and President Tener of the National League both announced that they would no longer have dealings with the fraternity, but that players as individuals would have the right of appeal to the National Commission. With the game in an unsettled condition on account of the war it is not likely that another effort will be made to bring the players' organization together again.

Many baseball men believe that before another season begins the ranks of the players will be pretty well depleted by the draft, and, with only uncertainty ahead, the baseball officials are certain that any repudiation of the agreement with the Players' Fraternity will not meet with opposition at this time.

President Johnson has sent out notices of the annual meeting of the American League, which is to be held in Chicago Dec. 12, instead of being held this month as had been previously announced. At the close of the season, when President Johnson announced that he would resign from the American League to go into Uncle Sam's service, he announced that the American League would meet in this city at the end of this month. The calling of the meeting at the regular time is taken as an indication that President Johnson will not enter the service, for a while yet, anyway.

In his announcement of the league meeting President Johnson says: "Upon more mature thought I can find no advantage in an early meeting of the American League. For that reason I have determined to hold our anual session according to the provisions of the constitution. Much may happen in the interum which may work to the advantage of the club owners, and they can legislate in a way to better serve their interests."

This statement by President Johnson would indicate that there may be some important developments in both the minor and major league circuits before the time of the annual meeting. Mr. Johnson gave out a statement in Chicago yesterday strongly advocating the shorter schedule although it is known that many of his club owners do not agree with him on this question. It is seldom in the American League that the club owners do not agree with Johnson on every question, but the 140-game schedule proposition has stirred up quite a bit of opposition.

In his statement given out yesterday, the American League President says: "Pooling of players may become imperative to preserve anything like quality in playing strength. If the forthcoming drafts for the National Army take half a dozen regulars away from one or two teams, one or two stars from others, and none at all from some clubs, the result would be a runaway pennant race which would rob the sport of all public interest early in the season."

Johnson and President Barrow of the International League have not yet given up all hope of forming a new circuit with clubs from both the International and American Association. President Barrow is still in Chicago and it is stated that efforts are being made to revise the clubs into a new combination. The new circuit, according to Barrow, was to have been called the Continental League and not the Union League. As both Barrow and Mike Sexton, President of the National Association, are pessimistic about the minor league situation next season, it is believed that they are trying to persuade President Johnson to use his influence to promote a new circuit in spite of the fact that it was turned down by the minor league convention in Louisville.

Jacob Ruppert, President, and Harry Sparrow, Secretary of the Yankees, have returned from the minor league conclave in Louisville with the announcement that Manager Miller Huggins was unable to effect any trades. The air abounded with rumors but when it came down to business none of the baseball people were offering anything inviting in the way of talent. Colonel Ruppert stated that there would probably be nothing definite done about buying or trading players until the major league meetings next month. Huggins went to his home in St. Louis but will return here shortly to make plans for the Spring training trip.

WANTS INTERBOROUGH GAME

Coach Alford of Flushing Seeks Post-Season Fray with Erasmus.

Football teams representing the Flushing and Erasmus Hall High Schools, the latter the season's champions of Brooklyn, will meet in a post-season interborough game shortly after Thanksgiving Day if the plans of Coach Alford of the Flushing team materialize. Coach Alford stated yesterday that he was ready to pit his eleven against the Brooklyn championship team in a benefit game for the Red Cross or some other war relief fund if the consent of the officials of the Public Schools Athletic League could be had to the game.

The Flushing team is one of the strongest in the metropolitan district, and has demonstrated its ability throughout the now closing scholastic season against the foremost teams of the greater city. It has been defeated only once, and has broken the local scholastic record for season's points, with a record of more than 300 points. If the game can be arranged, it will be played either at Ebbets Field or Washington Park, Brooklyn.

Football, Polo Grounds, Saturday, Nov. 24th 2 P. M. Camp Upton vs. Camp Devens. Tickets now on sale. New York Baseball Club, 200 Fifth Ave. $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, including war tax. —Advt.

BROWN POINTS FOR GREEN.

Record Monday Squad on Field as Drill for Dartmouth Starts.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 19.—Brown started out with a vengeance at Andrews Field this afternoon in preparation for the Dartmouth game. All three coaches kept the men hard at work, and practice was brought to a close only by the darkness. The squad is in the best shape since the beginning of the season, with Shaw and Gordon again getting into togs and running around the field. Both are somewhat weak, however, and the last half of the Dartmouth game may see Brown struggling along again without the services of the two backfield men. Weeks is the only regular on the hospital list. He has had a fractured ankle to nurse, but may be able to play in the grand finale next Saturday. Twenty-nine reported for today's workout, more than on any preceding Monday, a fact which shows the determination of the whole squad to do everything in their power to trim up their old rival, Dartmouth.

VIOLET ELEVEN AT WORK.

Team Has Long Signal Drill Preparing for Columbia.

Although the Stevens game Saturday was the hardest played this season by the New York University football team, Coach Wall held practice yesterday for both 'Varsity and freshman teams. It marked the beginning of the final week of intensive training for both teams. The freshman as well as the 'Varsity face a Columbia team this week. The freshmen play the Columbia first-year men on Ohio Field Friday, while the two 'Varsity teams meet Saturday.

The practice was strenuous in spite of its being only signal drill. The men came through the gruelling Stevens game in perfect condition. The regular lineup only was used, but one backfield candidate had a trial. He is Vasilyk, a back whose work for the last two weeks has attracted attention. His specialty is line smashing, and this characteristic coupled with a knowledge of Coach Wall's system, which he has learned during the last two weeks, makes him a factor to be reckoned with.

After the regulars had retired from the field Coach Wall kept the freshmen on the field and personally supervised their whole scheme of play. The freshmen are an important factor not only because of their game with the Columbia rookies, but also as they are expected to furnish the 'Varsity sufficient resistance in the scrimmages.

GLOOM IN CORNELL CAMP.

Eleven Badly Crippled as Preparations for Penn Game Begin.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 19.—No Cornell team in recent years ever faced the final drive for the Penn game under such discouraging conditions as the squad which gathered on the hill this afternoon to listen to Dr. Sharpe's comments on his observations of the Penn-Michigan battle. Were it not for the determination of the men to make one big rally for the battle with the Quakers, the situation would be one of despair, but the principal source of concern today was the physical condition of the first string men.

So many of them are below par physically that Dr. Sharpe may decide to make a pretty thorough reorganization of the team in order to have an at least physically fit eleven on Franklin Field a week from next Thursday. With so many injuries it has been impossible to get out of the team the drive that occasionally comes to the surface in mid-season. The Fordham game added to the coach's problems by placing a number of promising men on the injured list. The group includes Swanson, left guard, who sustained a broken rib; Thomas, second string quarter, broken ankle bone; Spiegelberg, right end, and S. Trowbridge, centre, turned ankle, and Nethercote, 'Varsity quarter, who was badly bruised. If Sharpe decides that it is useless to expect his regulars to return to form he may make a number of changes when active practice begins tomorrow.

FORDHAM SQUAD IS IDLE.

Maroon Shows Few Traces of Victorious Fray Against Cornell.

The Fordham football squad, following the order after the last two games, had a rest yesterday afternoon by Coach McCaffery. The players came through the Cornell game in fair shape and were somewhat jubilant over the decisive victory, which showed an improvement in the Maroon attack.

The next game on the schedule will be played Saturday with the Naval Reserves from Pelham Bay. The sailors lost to Fort Slocum by the score of 13 to 0 on Sunday. However, as they have made a later start than most of the naval teams, they should show better form when they meet the Bronxmen.

No game has thus far been secured for Thanksgiving Day, although negotiations are still being carried on by Manager Delehanty. Boston College, which has been doing well under Charlie Brickley's coaching, wired for a game in Boston, but the Fordham authorities are anxious to secure a home attraction for this date. Lehigh also offered to consider a game at South Bethlehem, but refused to play at Fordham Field.

RUTGERS SEEKS BIG GAME.

West Virginia Refuses to Play Another Contest in New York.

Special to The New York Times.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Nov. 19.—A special representative of Rutgers College came to Morgantown today seeking to induce West Virginia University to play Rutgers at the New York Polo Grounds on Thanksgiving Day. The proposition had originally been made over the long distance telephone and was considered till late today, when it was finally turned down by West Virginia. It is probable that if the mountaineers add an extra game at all, it will be to Camp Shelby, at Hattiesburg, Miss., Dec. 8.

RUTGERS PRACTICE IN GYM.

Late Classes Force Sanford to Drill His Charges Indoors.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 19.—The Rutgers team came out of the contest with the League Island Marines on Saturday in good shape in spite of the fact that the game proved to be one of the hardest of the season. This afternoon the players were kept in classes until it was too late for work on the field, so Coach Sanford held practice in the gymnasium. The time was spent mainly in correcting minor errors brought out in Saturday's game and in smoothing out the team's offensive in preparation for the big battle with Cupid Black's Naval Reserves in Brooklyn.

MALTESE WILL BE SHOWN.

National Club to Hold Its First A. K. C. Exhibit Nov. 30.

The first Maltese specialty show under the auspices of the American Kennel Club ever held in the United States will be conducted on Friday, Nov. 30, by the National Maltese Dog Show Club. The event will be held at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel and a large number of prizes have been donated by members of the organization. It is expected that the largest number of dogs of the breed ever exhibited in this country will be seen. The judges are as follows: Dr. J. E. DeMund, Theodore Offerman and G. G. Hopton, referee. The entries will close today.

OLD GLORY SALE OPENS IN GARDEN

Bargain Prices Rule on First Day—Leaders of Harness World, Gather.

True to tradition, leaders of the trotting horse world gathered in Madison Square Garden yesterday for the opening of the annual Old Glory auction that will continue until nearly 600 horses are disposed of on Friday night. The axiom that early birds catch the worms was fulfilled, for, as has been the case in all recent years, there was little disposition to bid for the opening lots, and bargain prices ruled all through the afternoon and evening.

That did not prevent a large attendance of those faithful to the American trotter. Owners and drivers assembled for their annual reunion in the big town, talked over the noteworthy performances of the past season, and made trips to the stables in the basement to look over the many choice racing and breeding prospects that will be offered before the sale ends. Among the choice stallions, fresh from racetracks, included in the consignment are Ess H. Kay, which paced in 2:00¾; Bonington, 2:04¼, and Justice Brook, 2:08¼. Trotters with fast records made during the season include Al Mack, 2:05½; Pittsburg, 2:06¾, and Suldine, 2:06¼. The pacers also are a very speedy lot, and, in addition to Ess H. Kay, there will be offered Roan Hal, 2:00¾, and The Savoy, 2:02¼, which was the season's biggest money winner.

As usual on the opening day, the leading New York owners were present. Former Lieut. Governor Horace White and W. E. D. Stokes dropped in during the afternoon. The judicial side of the sport was represented by A. J. Keating, while noted drivers could be met at every step. Walter Cox came down from Dover, N. H., to replenish his stable, and Tommy Murphy was another looking for racing prospects for next season's campaign.

Sam Cating, whose occupation of training for the Russian nobility was put out of commission by the war, looked happy to be among his old associates, while the far reaching character of the crowd was evidenced by the appearance of E. R. Dunn, an enthusiast from San Francisco.

Cleveland sent a large contingent, including Captain David Shaw, Al. C. Pennock, George H. Tipling, Ted H. Kline, A. V. Ruthven, W. S. Lougee, W. R. Dunzeviler, and Mike McDevitt. Among the Pittsburgh men noticed were Sam A. Pickering, Robert McAfee, J. D. Gallery, Henry P. Haas, and John Thubrun. Connecticut sent Billy Crozier; Hartford, Henry Bruise; Windsor Locks, R. J. Lasbury, Broad Brook, and Billy Fleming of New Haven.

Paul Kuhn of Terre Haute, Ind., who on one of his trips here purchased The Harvester for $31,000, also is on hand and ready to pay big money for a similar stallion if one is offered. Others noticed were Herman Tyson, Titusville, Penn.; Howard Devine, manager of Walnut Hall Farm; George Sherman, Port Henry; Charles Valentine, Columbus, Ohio; Doc Charles Tanner, Curles Neck, Va.; Bob Nash and James Snell, Lexington, Ky., and H. B. Clark.

Prices ruled low, some horses with fairly respectable trotting lineage bringing as low as $45. A little enthusiasm was aroused late in the afternoon when the young mare Belle of the James was offered. This three-year-old daughter of Axworthy had shown good speed in trials and is in foal to The Harvester. She was knocked down at $380 to H. L. Handy of Springfield, Mass., and was considered a rare bargain. Others for which fair prices were realized were Host Peter, by Peter the Great, $310; Badon, by Bingara, $250, and Ruth B., by Delaware Boy, $240.

GIRL SWIMMERS TO RACE.

Match Contest Between 10-Year-Old and 11-Year-Old on Saturday.

Aileen Regan, 10 years old, and Helen Wainwright, 11 years old, the youngest members of the Women's Swimming League, will compete in a match race at the aquatic carnival to be held at the Winter Pool Saturday night. The distance agreed upon is forty yards, two laps of the pool. At the weekly practice meets of the swimming league the rivalry of the two youngsters has been decidedly marked, and the two youthful mermaids begged for a special match race and insisted that officials with starting guns and stop watches be appointed so the race would go down in the records as official.

In spite of the youth of the two girls, they are duly registered members of the Amateur Athletic League, and are on the same competitive standing as girls twice their ages, and they have even wanted to enter competition in open events against girls who have been in the limelight for their records and deeds in the water. The request for a match race was granted, and Saturday night's race will result in a juvenile champion.

Another event on the program will be between Charlotte Boyle, who gave National Champion Claire Galligan such a close race ten days ago, and Elizabeth Ryan of the First Regiment Swimming Team of Philadelphia, in a 100-yard match race. Miss Ryan is one of Philly's leading girl swimmers and in meeting Miss Boyle she has picked the best girl amphibian New York has produced this year.

TEAMS FOR TRAINING UNITS.

Yale Plans Swimming for Army and Navy Men Also.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 19.—Swimming at Yale will assume a new aspect this year owing to the situation created by the war. In addition to the regular university and freshman teams there will be teams of twelve men each, representing the various training units. Alumni have donated gold medals to be awarded to the winning teams, and it is expected that other insignia will be supplied for the squads finishing second and third.

Both the university team and freshman candidates have already begun practice in Carnegie pool. Forty-five men reported for the opening work, including the aspirants for the water polo team. According to The Yale News it is regarded that the university team, which will again be coached by Mathew Mann, has more than an even chance of winning its seventh consecutive championship. As a nucleus for the team Captain Mayer, Alexander, Adams, and Badger remain from last year's team, together with Hincks, Pryibil, Meagher, and Farrington of last year's freshman team.

Ogden Reid, 1904, Captain of the water polo team for two years, will coach this sport. Veterans of last year's team include Captain Adams, Bourne, Dexter, Hallowell, Stewart, Hendrickson, Many, and Parker.

The freshman schedule will include more meets than have been held for some years.

COLLIE SHOW ON DEC. 3.

New York Club to Hold Second Annual Exhibit at Bryant Hall.

The Collie Club of New York will hold its second annual American Kennel Club specialty show at Bryant Hall, Dec. 3. The entries for this event will close on Saturday. Every effort is being made to bring the best collies in the United States to the exhibit, and the officials expect an entry of 100 dogs. George W. Murdock of Philadelphia has been chosen to act as judge. Not a few trophies have been offered for the various classes to be won outright.

Fordham Prep Seeks Opponent.

The Fordham Prep football team is anxious to secure a game for next Saturday with any local high school or Prep eleven. The Maroon youngsters clash for the Catholic Prep School title with the Brooklyn Prep on Thanksgiving Day at Washington Park.

MAY COMPETE WITH PROS.

A. A. U. Passes Amendment Affecting Amateurs at Army Camps.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 19.—The Board of Control of the Amateur Athletic Union today adopted an amendment to the by-laws providing that amateurs may compete with professionals in athletic events at army encampments during the war. The board also approved an appropriation of $5,000 to promote championship meets at army cantonments. The board also decided to waive the registration fee for athletes in army cantonments.

A committee, consisting of Justice B. S. Weeks of New York, George Turner, and W. C. Prout, was appointed to confer with Secretary of War Baker as to the spending of the fund to encourage army athletics.

The board voted also to expend any sums in addition to the $5,000 deemed necessary to encourage athletics among the men in the national service. The board rejected an amendment offered by the Southern Pacific Association, which would abrogate the rule preventing basket ball players from competing for rival clubs in their district after they have deserted another club in that district.

It also rejected an amendment proposed by the Metropolitan Association providing that athletes engaged in playground activities during the Summer months might retain their amateur standing.

The board denied reinstatement to Paul Monaco, Schenectady, N. Y., and Leo J. Zielinski and A. J. Borgelt, both of Milwaukee, who competed against professionals.

Philadelphia was named as the city for the next annual meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union and Charles A. Dean of the Illinois Athletic Club of Chicago was named President of the organization. This was virtually a compromise between the East and the West. San Francisco and other Western cities had in bids for the next year meeting, while New York stayed out in favor of Philadelphia.

WEST SIDE LOSES LEADER.

Myrick to Retire as President of Tennis Club at Next Meeting.

Julian S. Myrick, President of the West Side Tennis Club, will not be a candidate for re-election when the annual meeting of the organization is held in January. Charles Scott Landers has been named by the nominating committee, consisting of Arthur T. Friedman, Kenneth M. Murchison, Edwin M. Leask, Charles Bishop and E. D. Hubbard, to succeed to the Presidency and there is little probability of a rival entering the field.

Mr. Myrick has been President for three terms, 1915, 1916, 1917 and was Vice President in 1913 and 1914. Under his leadership the West Side Club has become of national prominence in the game of tennis. It was largely due to his efforts that the Davis cup match, Australasia vs. United States, was held at the West Side grounds and he was also instrumental in having the national championships changed from Newport to Forest Hills. Mr. Landers, who is nominated to succeed him, played a large part in obtaining the city courts of the West Side Club at Amsterdam Avenue and Ninety-third Street, which were opened in 1915.

The full list of nominations is as follows: President, Charles Scott Landers; Vice President, Marshall S. Hagar; Treasurer, Hugh P. Guiler; Secretary, William Alexander Campbell; Captain, Dr. Theodore B. Barringer, Jr. Board of Governors, Class 1920; Julian S. Myrick, Richard H. Titherington, Robert W. Gifford, G. A. L. Dionne. Nominating Committee, 1918: Percy S. Hildreth, C. W. Kress, H. C. Worth, King Smith, R. B. Gatcomb.

Mr. Myrick is now Acting President of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association. George T. Adee, President of the association, is a Major in the reserve corps and will shortly go to France. It is expected that Mr. Adee will retire from the Presidency at the close of the present term and there is already talk to the effect that Mr. Myrick will succeed him as President when the annual meeting of the United States Lawn Tennis Association is held in February.

OUIMET OBTAINS LEAVE.

Will Pair with Guilford to Play in Fourball Match Here.

Having obtained permission from the athletic committee of Camp Devens, Private Francis Ouimet of the selective army will leave Boston on the midnight train Friday night and arrive in New York in plenty of time to take part in a fourball best ball golf exhibition of 36 holes over the Englewood Golf Club course Saturday. Ouimet will pair with his fellow townsman, Jesse Guilford, against Oswald Kirkby, metropolitan amateur champion, and John G. Anderson, Westchester amateur champion.

This match was to have been played last Saturday for the benefit of the athletic equipment fund of Camp Devens, but Ouimet was unable to get away. Jerome D. Travers took the place of Ouimet with Guilford but Kirkby and Anderson won the match. The first eighteen holes will be started at 9:30 and the second at 1:30. Anderson received a letter yesterday morning from the Camp Devens Athletic Committee assuring him that Ouimet would be on hand this time for the match.

BOTSFORD VICTOR ON LINKS.

Columbia's Tennis Star Wins Medal in University Golf Play.

Willard Botsford, Columbia 1920, who is tennis champion at the university, proved his versatility by winning the medal for the lowest net score in the Fall golf tournament for the championship of Columbia University. The young tennis crack, handicapped at 24, traversed the eighteen-hole course of the Fox Hills Golf Club with a gross score of 99. Using his handicap, this gave Botsford a net score of 75 and the medal in that event. A. L. Walker, Jr., '19, played at scratch, and easily won the championship, with the lowest gross score—a card of 79.

ENTRIES CLOSE TOMORROW.

N. Y. A. C. Extends Time for Its Amateur Boxing Tourney.

The officials of the New York Athletic Club announced last night that the date for the closing of entries for the Winged Foot organization's next amateur boxing show, which will be held on Thursday and Saturday nights, had been extended to tomorrow. This move was made so as to allow the pick of the local amateur ring men to enter for the competition. Originally the entries were to have closed yesterday. The tournament will be a benefit, the proceeds to be donated to the Soldiers' Library Fund.

This will be the first of a series of boxing nights which the club intends holding throughout the Winter months for the benefit of some war fund. Since the passing of the Frawley law, which also governed amateur boxing as well as professional boxing, the club has decided to omit the usual admission fee among the members, according to Matt Halpin of the Athletic Committee of the club. Instead, the members attending the bouts will be asked to subscribe to some of the various funds now going for the benefit of the soldiers.

The competition will be held in four classes, one of them being a novice division for boxers of 118 pounds or under who have never won a first or second prize at boxing. The other weights to be contested are 108, 125, and 135 pounds.

Smith-Fulton Bout Postponed.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 19.—Announcement was made here tonight that the ten-round bout between Gunboat Smith and Fred Fulton, scheduled for tomorrow night, has been postponed until next Monday night.

TRACK MARK FALLS AT BOWIE OPENING

Startling Clips Two-fifths of a Second Off Record for Six and One-Half Furlongs.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 19.—Under perfect weather and track conditions that allowed the beating of one track record and the equaling of another the final race meet under the rules of The Jockey Club for the season of 1917 opened here this afternoon. Though the opening was delayed because of the necessity of appealing to the courts for a license the turfmen waited patiently from the closing day at Pimlico, and large fields testified to the popularity of the sport in this State.

H. C. Hallenbeck's Gold Tassel gave further evidence of the quality of this season's crop of two-year-olds by taking the Bowie Inaugural Handicap at a mile, which was the feature of the card. Gold Tassel, with Erickson in the saddle, kept close to the pace set by the Quincy Stable's Barry Shannon, and when called on in the stretch wore down the three-year-old to win by a small margin.

R. F. Carman's consistent sprinter, Startling, was responsible for the change in track record figures. In the absence of Leochares, Startling carried top weight in the race for the Hyde Park Purse at six and a half furlongs and gave away weight to a shiftly lot of sprinters. The distance just suited the son of Marta Santa, and with Butwell to guide him he was the favorite in the mutuels. Startling was well in hand all the way and at the finish had plenty to spare over J. Arthur's Water Lady. The time of 1:19 3-5 clipped two-fifths of a second from the previous record.

Orlando of Havana, which is owned by a Cuban sportsman, O. Yzquierdo, captured the Junior Purse for two-year-olds and was forced to equal the track record of 1:13 for six furlongs in order to defeat Fragonard, which with Butwell riding came fast at the finish and threatened to overhaul the leader. There were several upsets during the day, Startling and Tie Pin, which won the sixth race, being the only decided choices to score victories.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:07 1-5.

Amackassen, H. Rites's b. c., 104 pounds, by Sweep-Radiance, $27.50, $8.50, and $5.60, (G. Walls)....1
Moosehead, Calumet Stable's ch. c., 108, by Star Shoot-Miss Kearney, $390 and $3, (M. Rowan)....2
Sunny Hill, W. R. Mizell's b. g., 107, by Lemberg-Leisure, $4 third, (A. Collins)..3
Garoune, Dioscoride, Vocabulary, June Bug, Starwort, Star Right, Poor Joe, King of the Wind, Irish Kiss, Sallie Waters, and Valerian also ran. Boy Blue, Junita III., Elizabeth H., Tea Party, Celtiva, and Little Boy scratched.

SECOND RACE.—Bowie Junior Purse, for two-year-olds; purse $600; six furlongs. Time—1:13.

Orlando of Havana, O. Yzquierdo's ch. c. 111 pounds, by Dr. Leggo-Olathe, $17.10, $11.30, and $4.60, (J. Dominick)....1
Fragonard, W. A. Brown's ch. c., 114, by Hastings-Ferment, $4.70 and $3, (J. Butwell)....2
George Starr, C. Van Kuren's br. c., 118, by Jack Atkin-Africa, $2.60, third, (C. Kummer)....3
Cavan Boy, Perigourdine, Sweep Up II., Babette, Senator Broderick, Ormlos, and King of the Scarlets also ran. George W. Avery, Valerius, and Eyelid scratched.

THIRD RACE.—Hyde Park Purse; for all ages; purse $600; six and a half furlongs. Time—1:19 3-5.

Starling, R. F. Carman's b. c., 4 years, 118 pounds, by Marta Santa-Country Fraud, $5, $3.40, and $2.30, (J. Butwell)....1
Water Lady, J. Arthur's b. m., 6, 103, by Water Boy-Duchess of Towers, $4.90 and $2.90, (R. Troise)....2
Tea Caddy, M. Shea's ch. c., 4, 106, by Rock Sand-Tea's Over, $2.50 third, (A. Collins)..3
Meliora, Woodtrap, Babcock, Sasdale, and Crepuscule also ran. Leochares, Between Us, [illegible], and Gold Tassel scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Bowie Inaugural Handicap; for all ages; purse $1,000; one mile. Time—1:42 1-5.

Gold Tassel, H. C. Hallenbeck's ch. f., 2 years, 94 pounds, by Star Shoot-Rose of Gold, $8.20, $5.70, and $3.60, (H. Erickson)....1
Barry Shannon, Quincy Stable's ch. g., 3, 109, by Voter-Tower of Candles, $14.50 and $8.90, (T. Parrington)....2
Fenmouse, W. M. Jeffords's b. m., 5, 117, by Rock Sand-Flittermouse, $4.60, third, (E. Ambrose)....3
Highland Lad, Milkman, King Neptune, and Woodstone also ran. Kashmir, Shooting Star, and Firing Line scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and an eighth. Time 1:58 1-5.

Luther, W. H. Cooper's b. g., 7 years, 109 pounds, by Oddfellow-Commons, $20.20, $11.50, and $7.30, (T. Rice)....1
Greetings, F. J. Coleman's ch. f., 4, 101, by Glorifier-Glad Tidings, $9.20 and $5.70, (R. Troise)....2
Cousin Dan, J. Edwards's b. c., 3, 98, by Heno-Sanci, $7.10, third, (G. Walls)....3
Handfull, Star Gaze, Old Top, Richard Langdon, Jabot, King Hamburg, Stalwart Helen, Smithfield, Galaway, Billy Oliver, Lynn, Rose Water, and Annie Edgar also ran. Mary Warren, Baby Sister, Ed Weiss, Rakeoff, March Court, and Goodwood scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50.

Tie Pin, J. S. Ownbey's b. g., 5 years, 107 pounds, by Armeath II.-Tol San, $5.30, $4.20, and $3.30, (C. Kummer).... 1
Brooklyn, F. Houseman's b. c., 3, 106, by Von Tromp-Bonsetta, $9 and $6.40, (M. Buxton)....2
Kilts, J. M. Zimmer's br. f., 3, 106, by Broomstick-Flora Mae, $3.20 third, (A. Collins)....3
Sam Slick, Amphion, Blue Thistle, Sir William Johnson, Euterpe, Battle Abbey, Little England, Onwa, Malheur, Jacklet, Comacho, and Hastena also ran. Master Karma, Buzz Arouno, Ella Ryan, Beau of Mento, Dartworth, Maxim's Choice, and Earlymorn scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling; purse $600; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:46 4-5.

Felucca, S. Louis's ch. f., 3 years, 106 pounds, by Trap Rock-Fizzy, $27.70, $8.60, and $4.90, (A. Sterling)....1
Judge Wingfield, W. L. Oliver's br. g., 3, 108, by Sea King-Glad Tidings, $14.80 and $5, (H. Hammer)....2
Vermont, E. K. Bryson's b. g., 4, 117, by Broomstick-Yankee Girl, $2.80, third, (M. Rowan.)....3
Progressive, Right, Ellison, Starfinch, Dan, Kelmer, Firing Line, Fountain Fay, and Tarquin also ran. Air Man scratched.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; six furlongs. Soumangha, 111 pounds; Grayson, 114; Juanita 3d, 114; Starry Banner, 114; Genevieve B., 114; Phalerian, 114; Jack of Spades, 114; Will Soon, 114; Mayhue, 111; Golden Soldier, 114; Colonel Cluff, 114.

SECOND RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; six furlongs. Dairyman, 114 pounds; Boone Cause, 111; Flapper, 111; Scarf, 111; Green Grass, 114; Miss Peep, 111; Ideal, 111; Bathilde, 111; Ormlos, 114; Thamar, 111; Chocolate Soldier, 111.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; six furlongs. Top o' the Morning, 124 pounds; Sea Beach, 110; Peter Jay, 106; *Feeo Sight, 107; *Bond, 103; Woodtrap, 115; Preston Lynn, 108; Appleton Wiske, 105; *Josefina Zarate, 104; *Blue Grass Belle, 99; Between Us, 112; January, 107; *Jock Scot, 114; *Incog, 104.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward foaled in Canada; one mile and twenty yards. Garish Sun, 111 pounds; Amphion, 109; *Gay Life, 95; Akeldam, 109; Hampton Dame, 108; *Lady Betty, 95; Corn Broom, 109; *Silk Bird, 110.

FIFTH RACE.—For fillies and mares 3 years old and upward; claiming; one mile and seventy yards. The Busybody, 110 pounds; *Baby Sister, 103; *Easter Lily, 97; Hesse, 102; Miss Kruter, 110; *Margaret L., 99; Oriana, 102; Leoneldia, 102; *Buzz Around, 103; *Golden Bantam, 97; Flora Finch, 102.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; fillies and mares; claiming; one mile and seventy yards. Nannie McDee, 108 pounds; Ella Ryan, 108; Rose Finn, 102; *Miss Represent, 97; Minda, 103; Mary Warren, 108; Mother Machree, 102; Charmeuse, 108; Cuddle Up, 105; *Margery, 103.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Ed Bond, 113 pounds; Mirza, 102; *Kebo, 103; John Douglas, 110; Cachet, 99; *Edith Baumann, 102; Captain Ray, 102; *Christie, 105; *Thornbloom, 97.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Dundee Outpoints Chaney.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—Johnny Dundee, the New York lightweight, outpointed George Chaney of Baltimore, in a six-round bout here tonight. Dundee had the better of every round.

GLICK MAY LEAD HIS TEAM.

Ex-Princetonian Likely to Play Quarter Back for Camp Upton.

The New York public will have an opportunity to see a regiment of drafted men on parade next Saturday, when the football teams of Camp Upton and Camp Devens oppose each other on the Polo Grounds gridiron, following a military drill by a thousand picked men from the National Army cantonment at Yaphank, L. I. The training of the conscripted troops at this camp has progressed rapidly, and it will be a finely drilled body of men that will be on parade at the Harlem stadium for the inspection of the New Yorkers.

It is probable that the Camp Upton eleven will be run by Frank Glick, former Princeton star, who is coaching the team. Glick is experimenting with two or three players who are candidates for the position of quarterback on the soldier team, but it would not be surprising to see him at that post himself when his team lines up against the powerful team from Ayer.

Tickets for the game will be placed on sale today (Tuesday) at the offices of the New York National League Club at 200 Fifth Avenue.

COLUMBIA REGULARS BACK.

Cochran, Houlahan, and Rosen to Play Against N. Y. U.

After two days' rest the Columbia 'Varsity will start on its final week of practice for the game with New York University, in which all of the Blue and White regulars, including Cochran, Rosen, and Houlahan, will be physically able to play. These three men were out of the contest with Wesleyan on Saturday, but have recovered sufficiently from their injuries to make sure their return before this week is up.

The fact that Wesleyan defeated New York University—even if by a margin of only one point—is looked upon as a favorable omen by the supporters of Columbia, for with Cochran, Houlahan, and Rosen in the game, the Blue and White will stand a good chance to win over the Violet.

The Columbia freshmen are without the services of another of their regular backfield men. In the game with Wesleyan last Saturday Allen Mills, who has played all season at right half back, suffered a broken rib. De Fronzo, with two broken ribs, and Garrigus with a broken ankle, are the other men who will be unable to play against the New York University freshmen.

BILLIARDS TO HELP IN WAR.

Local Roomkeepers Organize to Raise $300,000 for Ambulance Fund

The first step in the effort of the billiard players of New York to raise $300,000 with which to purchase and equip ambulances for war service was taken last night at a meeting in Thum's Academy, when the New York auxiliary to the national body in charge of the movement was organized. John T. Doyle was chosen President of the New York branch, Joseph Thum Treasurer, and David Kreuter of the east side Secretary.

The meeting was attended by some thirty of the local owners from various parts of the metropolitan district, and, while the organization of the local branch was the biggest feature of the meeting, a number of suggestions were advanced by the owners as to the manner of obtaining the sum needed to make New York's quota. It was the general feeling that the objective of the national body should be $500,000 instead of the original $300,000, and there was plenty of confidence shown in the ability of those behind the movement to raise the first-named sum. The next meeting of the Fund Committee will be held at Thum's next Monday afternoon, when ways of raising the money will be formally devised and acted upon. An Executive Committee will be appointed at the next meeting.

DATES FOR STEVENS FIVE.

Ambitious Program Arranged for Engineers' Basket Ball Team.

The dates for the Stevens basket ball team, which have been issued by Manager Wiborn, include two out-of-town trips. Although the list of dates is not yet complete, the program promises to be a strenuous one.

The squad is working out every day in the Walker gymnasium at Castle Point, and the outlook for a speedy quintet is very bright. Captain Reisenburger has Horns, Hafnagle, and Daly working out with him at forward, while Oetting is at present practicing in the pivotal position. La Point and Gottlieb have been working as guards. With the close of the football season another big group of candidates will be available and the fight for positions on the 'Varsity will wax much warmer. Carlson is one of the many men who will come out for basket ball after he finishes his gridiron season. He is an excellent pivot man and will give Oetting a battle for that place.

An incomplete list of dates as announced is as follows:

Dec. 8, Drexel, at home; 14, Delaware, at home; 21, Drexel, away; 22, Temple, away; Jan. 5, Dartmouth, at home; 16, Temple, at home; 19, Rutgers, at home; 30, Conn. Aggies, away; 31, Rhode Island, away; Feb. 1, Mass. Aggies, away; 2, Worcester, away; 9, Wesleyan, away; 14, Franklin and Marshall, at home; 21, Brooklyn Poly, at home; March 1, N. Y. State, at home; 9, Worcester, at home.

To Promote Road Race for Soldiers.

The Athletic Committee of the Morningside A. C. has decided to promote a scratch five-mile road race on Dec. 2 for athletes in the service of Uncle Sam. The officials expect to distribute about twenty individual prizes to the soldiers in addition to two team prizes. The Morningside Club is the first of the amateur organizations in the metropolitan district to promote a road race entirely for soldiers and they are looking forward to the event expectant of success.

Keogh Is Assigned to Yaphank.

The appointment of J. Franklyn Keogh, formerly of Syracuse University, as an army camp athletic director, was approved yesterday by Raymond B. Fosdick, Chairman of the War Department's Committee on Training Camp Activities. Keogh will take up his duties at Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I., as one of the directors of the athletic activities.

Texan to Head Exeter Eleven.

EXETER, N. H., Nov. 19.—Louis W. Lipscomb of San Antonio, Texas, has been elected captain of the Phillips Exeter Academy eleven for next season. He plays centre and is preparing for Yale.

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FAST RUNNERS ARE SCARCE.

Cornell Harriers Below Usual Standard This Year.

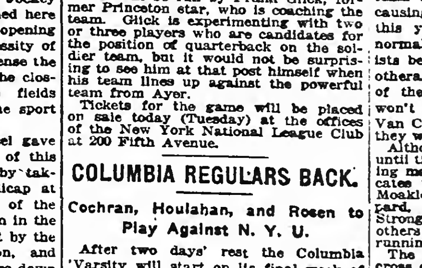
ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Cornell will enter a likely looking cross-country team in the intercollegiate meet next Saturday, although from the point of view of time made this Fall the harriers will fall below the standard set by Jack Moakley's teams in the past.

Captain I. C. Dresser is running in fine form, and his time has been equal or close to the best made by the great Cornell runners of the past. Spear is not as fast as Dresser, but he has been finishing a good distance ahead of his team mates. The only thing that is causing Jack Moakley to conclude that this year's bunch is quite below the normal standard is the big gap that exists between the first two men and the others. The usual uniform team strength of the Ithacans is lacking, and they won't send their men over the tape in Van Cortlandt Park so well bunched as they would under normal circumstances.

Although the team will not be chosen until the middle of next week, the showing made by the men in the trials indicates that, besides Dresser and Spear, Moakley will start Yost, Seelbach, Maynard, Croxton, Abbott, and Howe or Strong. Yost was a sub last year. The others are new men to 'Varsity squad running.

The Ithacans have won all but three cross country championship races since the meet was started in 1899. They are hopeful of maintaining and advancing this record.

Coach Moakley thinks that Penn will have to be reckoned with, and he is looking for some good teams from New England. There is no information on which to base any calculations, the Cornell men say, but they expect the meet to be interesting and well fought.



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'MADAME SAND' OF WASHINGTON SQUARE

Mrs. Fiske in a "Biographical Comedy" of Multitudinous First Loves.

IN PANTALETTES AND PANTS

Philip Moeller, Burlesque Artist of the Washington Square Players, Writes Three Acts.

MADAME SAND, a comedy in three acts, by Philip Moeller. At the Criterion Theatre.
Rosalie....Jean Robb
Madame De Musset....Muriel Hope
Paul De Musset....Walter Schellin
Casimir Dudevant....Ben. Lewin
Buloz....Walter Kingsford
Heinrich Heine....Ferdinand Gottschalk
Alfred De Musset....Jose Ruben
Madame Julie Aurore Lucille Amandine Dudevant (George Sand)....Mrs. Fiske
Doctor Guiseppi Pagello....John Davidson
Lucretia Violente....Olin Field
Mlle. De Fleury....Marjorie Hollis
Mlle. Rolande....Imogen Fairchild
Mlle. De Latour....Caroline Kohl
Franz Liszt....Owen Meech
Frederic Chopin....Alfred Cross
Lackey....Charles Peyton

In his critical biography of George Sand, René Doumic points out that the Venetian escapade with Alfred de Musset, which the world of 1830, and especially the two principals in it, took so romantically and so seriously, was in reality the subject for a literary comedy such as Molière wrote in "Les Femmes Savantes." Molière, it may be remarked in passing, was what is currently known as an artist in "the legitimate."

Philip Moeller, who provided the present play for Mrs. Fiske, is also a distinguished dramatist, but hitherto his genre has been one-act burlesques, delightfully rendered by the Washington Square Players. In "Helena's Husband" he gave us Homeric high life reduced to modernistic vernacular, and in "A Roadhouse in Arden" he showed Shakespeare and Bacon plagiarizing from each other's conversation, and anticipating the jealousies and recriminations that have since distracted their respective partisans. "Madame Sand" presents this theme of Molièresque comedy in a similar vein of literary burlesque, thus affording Mrs. Fiske a vehicle for her very considerable talents in caricature.

It is possible that the enterprise proceeded from a fundamental misconception. In de Musset's case, certainly, the net result of the adventure in love was first to bruise and almost crush him, and then, in the course of time, to awaken him to a world of poetic feeling, of fantastic, lyric comedy, of which French literature has no parallel. Madame Sand also was immensely stimulated and enriched as an artist. To show this genuinely human and literary phase of the episode, however, would be to deal with the so-called legitimate.

Mr. Moeller has chosen to look upon the affair in terms of the strenuously bohemian life of Washington Square, with the shallow poses, the fatuous absurdities, and the eventual futility with which its denizens credit one another. And he has treated it in the vein of his Elizabethan and Homeric burlesques.

In one way, this is perhaps justifiable. Madame Sand had a full dozen of passionate affairs, ranging from de Musset and Chopin, who figure in the play before us, to Jules Sandeau, Prosper Merimée, and other gallants down the scale to a number of ridiculous nonentities. And she loved each, to quote Mr. Moeller's rubric, "as I have never loved before." When she cried out to Heine, between drinks, so to speak, that her heart was a grave, Heine replied, "Say rather a cemetery."

Yet George Sand and De Musset are neither anonymous villagers nor subjects of literesque myth. They are not folk, that is, who lightly lend themselves to burlesque. They are personalities of power and significance whose deeds and motives are known in the most exhaustive detail. To falsify them, with whatever amiable intention, is to commit a subtle but very real offense.

Mr. Moeller's play has another disability which is not at all subtle, but which, to the casual playgoer unversed in literary biography, will be painfully real. The methods and effects which, in his one-act plays, carried him breezily through pall when they are spread out over an entire evening. At the end of the first act it seemed that he and Mrs. Fiske had achieved a real success; but the second act, in itself rather better than the first, somehow palled, and the final act went down into the slough of despond. To put the case concretely, the first time one saw the literary lovers plagiarizing their own conversations it was funny; the second time it was only amusing, and the third time it fell flat.

In a modest and frank curtain speech Mr. Moeller credited Mrs. Fiske with all that was best in the evening. That was a true word. There are many bright lines and amusing bits of comedy, but they gained their best effect by her vivid and salient comedy method. Her lovemaking with de Musset, Pagello, and Chopin successively was admirably intense, and no less admirably stereotyped. She wore her pantalettes of the first act with the effect of costume comedy, and her trousers of the second act with delightful aplomb. She even smoked a black cigar as if it were the breath of life to her.

Her line to De Musset's mother, "I am at once your son's mistress and his mother," evoked hearty laughter. That was the keynote of the character, as far as it had any such thing. There is no touch of vulgarity in the successive affairs of this polyandrous amazon, this rapid-fire amorist. But, by the same token, there is no touch of recognizable human nature.

The multitudes of George Sand's biographers have as yet failed to establish her as an intelligible human being. She is an unreduced paradox, a sphinx alike in literary genius and in human conduct. In a genuine comedy she would be interesting, intriguing, if incomprehensible. In burlesque she is ultimately baffling and insignificant. It is probably beyond the power of any actress to render her viable on the stage.

José Ruben, late of the Washington Square Players, made a striking figure as de Musset, as did John Davidson in the part of Dr. Pagello. The Chopin of Alfred Cross and the Liszt of Owen Meech were commendable lay figures of genius. As Heine, Ferdinand Gottschalk had the best part among this galaxy of celebrities and was genuinely amusing as always.

The three scenes of Rollo Peters were in admirable taste, and contributed a much needed effect of atmosphere.

TWO PIANISTS' RECITALS.

Yolanda Mero and Wynne Pyle Appear in Aeolian Hall.

Yolanda Mero, a rare pianist, since she is one of the few heard rarely, though now in her prime, opened her matinée in Aeolian Hall yesterday with an "organ" concerto of Friedemann Bach, arranged by August Stradal. The composer was as far from the glorious sun of Johann Sebastian as his adapter was from the blazing fireworks of Liszt, but the odd choice served for variety. The player added Schumann's "Davidsbundler" dances, two bits of Debussy delightfully done, a serenade of Rachmaninoff, and a rhapsody of Dohnanyi. She also gave her own version of a waltz by Merkler, very much as the late Teresa Carreno, whom the radiant Miss Mero oddly recalled yesterday, used so proudly to play her little "Teresita Waltzes" to a public that acclaimed her "Valkyr of the piano." There were concluding numbers of Liszt.

Wynne Pyle, dark, comely, statuesque, gave last evening's Aeolian piano recital, playing twelve preludes of Scriabine, of interest to musicians, and, almost equally unfamiliar, some little "German Waltzes" of Beethoven. She, too, added imposing technical arrangements, a Gluck melody done by Sgambati, a Cesar Franck prelude, fugue and variations, scored by Bauer, as well as Paderewski's "Theme Varié," Schumann's toccata, Brahms's F sharp minor caprice, some Chopin and Liszt. Miss Pyle's unusual program attracted a large audience, and her playing won applause.

MME. FARRAR SINGS TOSCA.

Puccini's Opera is Excellently Conducted by Roberto Moranzoni.

TOSCA.—An Italian Opera in three acts. Book by Victorien Sardou, Luigi Illica, and Giuseppe Giacosa. Music by Giacomo Puccini. At the Metropolitan Opera House.
Floria Tosca....Geraldine Farrar
Mario Cavaradossi....Giovanni Martinelli
Baron Scarpia....Antonio Scotti
Cesare Angelotti....Giulio Rossi
The Sacristan....Pompilio Malatesta
Spoletta....Angelo Bada
Sciarrone....Louis D'Angelo
A Jailer....Vincenzo Reschiglian
A Shepherd....Sophie Braslau
Conductor, Roberto Moranzoni.

At the first performance of Puccini's "Tosca" last evening at the Metropolitan Opera House Riccardo Martin was to make his reappearance there after to make his reappearance after his absence from the company, but on not notified to the management in time to make the change upon the house bill, not in fact till late in the afternoon, his place was taken by Mr. Martinelli. As he has to sing in Philadelphia tonight, his performances are brought pretty near together for an operatic artist.

The only new features of the performance were the conducting of Mr. Moranzoni and the new scenery for the first and second acts from Milan. Mr. Moranzoni's conducting was excellent. It showed a good knowledge of the score, an appreciation of its dramatic effects sometimes a little violent, but the dramatic effects are violent. The new settings are not important additions to the scenic art gallery of the Metropolitan.

Mme. Farrar's Tosca is now one of her familiar interpretations, one for which she is well fitted by her dramatic style, and which she presents with skill and fine vocal effect. Mr. Martinelli sang as Cavaradossi a good deal by main strength. Mr. Scotti's Scarpia was an admirable exemplification of an impersonation that has become a classic.

ELSIE JANIS'S IMITATIONS.

She Adds Ina Claire at the Palace—Hyams and McIntyre.

Elsie Janis, who remains at the Palace for a second week before departing for foreign shores, yesterday added to her gallery of stage portraits a highly successful impersonation of Ina Claire in "Polly With a Past." She also revived the Cockney of Laurette Taylor an impersonation which suffered considerably in comparison with the imitation of Miss Claire, who probably will presently find herself in Miss Janis's permanent collection.

Vlasta Maslova returns with a Russian named Kaeshinsky to offer some unusually interesting Russian dancing, and the graceful Leila McIntyre, with a note in her voice which persistently recalls Irene Franklin, comes out of the provinces to sing and dance again with Johnny Hyams. Felix Adler, offering some familiar, but amusing nonsense, is also on the program.

FRITZ KREISLER WELCOMED.

Violinist Never Played Better Than in His Brooklyn Recital.

Fritz Kreisler gave a violin recital at the Brooklyn Academy last evening, attended by an audience not so large as welcomed him from the war two years ago, but one plainly desirous to give royal greetings, which it did in prolonged applause as he walked on the stage.

Mr. Kreisler has $100,000 of concerts booked in many cities, all since America entered the European conflict, and under the President's proclamation that artists and other go on with peaceful pursuits while obeying our laws he is proceeding to fill these engagements.

He never played better than last night, when his program included a sonata of the Italian, Tartini, a concerto of the Belgian, Vieuxtemps, and pieces by the American, Edwin Grasse, with others of Bach, Beethoven, Smetana, and Kreisler.

Mr. Bonnet Plays Bach.

Joseph Bonnet, the French organist, continued his interesting series of historical organ recitals yesterday in the Hotel Astor ballroom with a program devoted entirely to Johann Sebastian Bach. There were on the program four choral preludes, the G major and D major prelude and fugue, the D minor trio sonata, and the passacaglia and fugue in C minor. It was a "stiff" program, yet it was easier to enjoy than the first one of the seires, devoted to Bach's forerunners. There was a large audience present that listened closely and applauded liberally. Mr. Bonnet's third program will be devoted to Handel, Mozart, and masters of the eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries.

A SPARKLING HIT IS 'ODDS AND ENDS'

Melody, Humor, and New Ideas in Dudley-Godfrey-Byrnes Revue of 1917.

WATSON'S ANTICS AMUSE

Jack Norworth, Lillian Lorraine, and Jack Edwards Contribute to the Merry Flow.

ODDS AND ENDS OF 1917, a revue in two parts. Book and lyrics by Bide Dudley and John Godfrey; music by James Byrnes. At the Bijou Theatre.
PRINCIPALS.—Jack Norworth, Lillian Lorraine, Harry Watson, Joseph Herbert, Jr., Georgia Manatt, Jack Edwards, Laura Hamilton, Paul Frawley, Maxine Brown, Joseph Madden, John Birch, Lolo Hilten, Upert Carlton, and Marjorie Poir.

An intimate revue fashioned after the patternless pattern of "Hitchy-Koo," and which, if anything, improves upon the model; an entertainment which possesses tunefulness, humor, sparkle, smartness, and more real ideas than it is customary to find in a dozen musical shows—this is "Odds and Ends of 1917," which had its first performance hereabouts last night at the Bijou Theatre. In addition, the new piece has a capital low comedian in the person of Harry Watson, triumphantly rescued from the movies, an entertaining and personable pair in Jack Norworth and Lillian Lorraine, and a chorus fully as attractive as any now treading the metropolitan boards. In other words, "Odds and Ends of 1917" is distinctly a hit.

The new revue passes beyond mere intimacy—the program takes refuge in the word chummy. Early in the entertainment one feared that too much reliance was to be placed on this quality of familiarity, but it speedily became evident that such was not the case. The introduction of a hilarious satire on the aquatic acts so dear to the heart of vaudeville, with Harry Watson setting the pace as the dignified announcer, marked the real beginning of the entertainment. Thereafter there followed further proofs of the pains taken by the authors to provide an entertainment with some degree of appeal to the intelligence. A first-act finale, for example, introduced the famous couples of history, from Queen Elizabeth and Christopher Columbus down to the Brothers Smith of cough-drop fame.

Throughout the evening the irrepressible Watson was much in evidence. In the opening act he contributed to the general merriment by appearing as a prize fighter, thereby reviving a characterization which served him well in the old "Follies" days—either 1907 or 1908. An impersonation of nearly famous men was another amusing satire, and he put a vast amount of life into a telephone mix-up which would have been considerably less humorous without him.

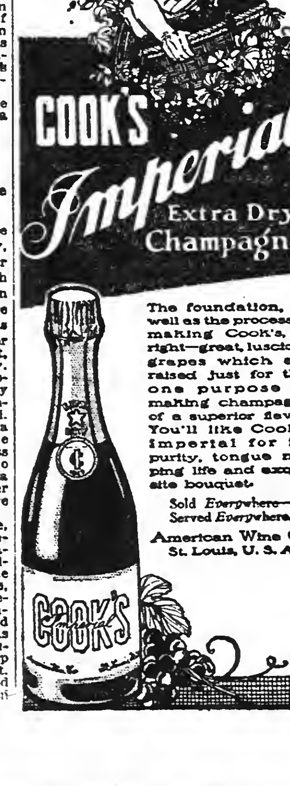
Jack Norworth, in view of the fact that he is one of the managers of the attraction, was not in evidence so much as might have been expected. His portions of the entertainment were truly odds and ends, some of them new and others carried over from the old days. The best of his numbers was a song entitled "Hector," which served to recall how matters have changed since Hector was a pup. In the rendition of this he was assisted by Lillian Lorraine, another old favorite, who returned after a considerable absence and acquitted herself gracefully.

A newcomer, named Jack Edwards, also distinguished himself, both as dancer and comedian, and various others did their respective bits capably. The entertainment as a whole, of course, is not without its weak spots here and there. A trench scene could be elided without being missed; a number which dips into the old-fashioned songs has been somewhat anticipated by the revues already on the boards, and the introduction of the chorus girls to the audience, soon after the curtain arises, also could be spared. But, for all that, "Odds and Ends of 1917" is a winner.

Need Volunteer Life Savers.

Commodore Charles E. Raynor of the United States Volunteer Life-Saving Corps issued a call for volunteers yesterday. Applications to join may be made at the headquarters of the corps in the Municipal Building. More than 600 members of the corps attached to the stations along the waterfront of New York City and vicinity have joined the military and naval forces.

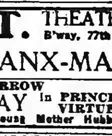
Paintings
ANCIENT and MODERN
at the
Scott & Fowles Galleries
590 FIFTH AVENUE
Between 47th and 48th Streets



The foundation, as well as the process of making Cook's, is right—great, luscious grapes which are raised just for this one purpose of making champagne of a superior flavor. You'll like Cook's Imperial for its purity, tongue nipping life and exquisite bouquet.
Sold Everywhere—Served Everywhere.
American Wine Co. St. Louis, U. S. A.

SPECIAL DUO-ART RECITAL
AT AEOLIAN HALL
Duo-Art Salon, 4th Floor (42nd St. Entrance)
TUESDAY, Nov. 20th, 3 o'Clock.
The assisting artist will be Carolyn Cone-Baldwin pianist
The program will contain Duo-Art numbers by Percy Grainger, Ernest Schelling and Carolyn Cone-Baldwin and others.
ADMISSION WITHOUT CHARGE
The Aeolian Company
29 West 42nd Street

MOTION PICTURES.

MATINEE 2.30 TO-DAY, 25c & 50c.
A Tonic for the Jaded Theatre-Goer. Makes the Weak Strong. Makes the Strong Weak.
William Fox Presents THEDA BARA in the Manifold, Magnificent Marvel
CLEOPATRA
AT THE LYRIC THEATRE West 42 St.
Every Night, 8:30 25c & $1. All Reserved.


77TH ST. THEATRE B'way, 77th St.
TO-DAY THE MANX-MAN
TO-MORROW MAY MURRAY in PRINCESS VIRTUE
MARY McAllister in Young Mother Hubbard.

BROADWAY THEATRE at 41st St. | Continuous Noon to 11:30.
Double Feature Program All Week. MONROE SALISBURY, "The Door Between" "The Silent Lady," with Little Zoe Rae.

RIALTO B'way, 42d 20-30-60 | DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS "Reaching for the Moon." Soloists, Comedy. Incomparable Rialto Orchestra.
DOORS OPEN AT 10 A. M. DAILY.

STRAND B'way & 47th St. Soloists, Comedy. STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. Concert Today, 2:15.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. 10, 15, 25c. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. EARLE WILLIAMS, "The Grill Mystery"

81st St. Theatre, at B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980. THE SUBMARINE EYE An Exceptional Pict. Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Eves. at 8. MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
Doing Our Bit
An Extravaganza of Superlative Splendors.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Sat. & Thanksgiving.
Norworth & Shannon's Musical Revue ODDS AND ENDS OF 1917
Harry Watson, Jr., Lillian Lorraine, and Jack Norworth.

PLYMOUTH 45 St., W. of B'way. PHONE 49 BRYANT
BEGIN'G THURS. EVE. 8:15 Seats Now. THE STAR GAZER Comedy With Music—With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS Beth Lydy, John T. Murray. PRICES 50c TO $2.00

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Sat., Thanksgiving.
Smartest of Musical Comedies "Oh, Boy"
PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2. POP. MAT. TOMORROW. REG. MAT. SAT.

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Eves. 8:30 sharp. Mats. Tom'w, Sat., Thanksg'g
Grace George in HENRY BERNSTEIN'S GREAT PLAY "L'ELEVATION" (The Heights)
"It is vital. It is vivid. It is tense. It is artistic. It is up-to-the-minute. It is drama." —Alan Dale.

BROADHURST
Eves. 8:20. Telephone 64 Bryant. Popular Mat. To-day 2:20.
IT LEADS THE PARADE
DONALD BRIAN "HER REGIMENT"
By Wm. Le Baron & Victor Herbert.
Because It's a Real Musical Comedy Full of Real Music.
"Forefront of the Season's Entertainments," says The Tribune.
Extra Mat. Thanksgiving.
44TH ST. W. of B'WAY POP MAT TO-DAY

44TH STREET THEATRE —ROOF— THEATRE
Beginning MON., NOV. 26 Box Office Opens Thurs.
Lee & J. J. Shubert Musical Production
OVER the TOP T. Roy Barnes Justine Johnstone Craig Campbell
50 Pretty Justine Johnstone Girls.

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44th ST. THEATRE Tonight 8:15. Matinees Wed., Sat. & Thanksgiving Day.
SECOND EDITION
New Songs, New Dances, New Specialties.
HITCHY-KOO
with RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, ROCK AND WHITE, LEON ERROL, IRENE BORDONI

39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Sat., Thanksgiving.
What's Your Husband Doing? Farce with Hale Hamilton.

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
"IN ANY CASE YOU MUSTN'T MISS THAT THIRD ACT." Round the Town—Globe.
JOHN Drew - Illington MARGARET
IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex

SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Eves. 8. Mats. Tom'w, Sat., Thanksgiv'g.
LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION
MAYTIME Tingling Music. Charming Story. 100% Talent.
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.
"A Credit To Our Country Is Maytime," says Rev. Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation."

MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20
Oliver Morosco's Laughing Sensation
LOMBARDI, Ltd. with LEO CARRILLO

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY
LEAVE IT TO JANE

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Sat., Than'g.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Sat., Thanksgiving.
The Very Idea
Ernest TRUEX. Richard BENNETT. "Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune.

BOOTH THEA., 45th, W. of Broadway. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:25
The One Smashing Dramatic Success of the Season
GUY BATES POST IN "THE MASQUERADER"
EXTRA MAT. FRI., NOV. 30 (DAY AFTER THANKSGIVING)

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mts. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
WASH'GTON SQ. PLAYERS 4 BIG ONE-ACT PLAYS.
"In the Zone." "The Avenue." "Blind Alleys" "His Widow's Husband."

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Tomor'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
—LAST 16 PERFORMANCES—
"DELUXE ANNIE" with Jane Grey and Vincent Serrano.

STANDARD B'way & 90th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Matinee Today, 25c and 50c
THE 13th CHAIR with MARGARET WYCHERLY.

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 124th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25c & 50c.
THE MAN WHO CAME BACK

"Cheer Up" Seats Now Eight Weeks Ahead, Incl. All Holidays.
MAT. TO-DAY BEST SEATS $1.00 Eves. at 8:15 At the HIPPODROME

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47TH ST. Daily Mats. 25c-$1. | ELSIE JANIS Vlasta Maslova & Co., Artie Mehlinger & Geo. Meyer, Mr. & Mrs. Jimmie Barry, oths., & Hyams & McIntyre.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'WAY & 96 ST. | SAM BERNARD, RANDALL & MYERS, KALMAR & BROWN, Clayton White & Co., oths.

Aeolian Hall, Monday Aft., Nov. 26, at 2:30. SONG RECITAL—MME. CLARA
Clemens
Mr. Ossip Gabrilowitsch at the Piano. Tickets at Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston.

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Aft., Nov. 22, at 3. SONATA RECITAL, FRENCH MUSIC
HENRY Eichheim Violinist
SAM Charles Pianist
Management Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Nov. 24, at 2:30. Tickets 75c. to $2 Now on Sale at Box Office. Direction C. A. Ellis.
Kreisler
Steinway Piano Used.

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. B'way Every Eve. at 8:15. Rawles & Von Kaufman, Alice Hanson, Minna Phillips & Co., Piccolo Midgets & 5 others. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. | Twice Daily. 2:15 & 8:15 | Popular Prices.
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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Eves. 8:15.
MATS. TOMOR'W and SAT. 2:15. | All Orch. Seats $2. incl. Saturday Nights.
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy Triumph
THE RIVIERA GIRL
Music, Kalman. Book, Bolton & Wodehouse.
EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY.
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:20.
ANN MURDOCK "A complete triumph."—Herald. "Most amusing light comedy I have seen this season."—Louis Sherwin.
"QUAINT, FANTASTIC, APPEALING HUMOR, AMUSING."—Alan Dale.
"THE THREE BEARS."

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43d St. First Mat. Tomorrow.
TONIGHT AT 8:20.
COHAN & HARRIS Will Present
MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in A New Comedy
"THE KING" By Caillavet de Flers & Arene.
"A Gorgeously Funny Farce—Most Satisfying."—Louis Sherwin, Globe.

Losing Eloise
HARRIS W. 42d St. Eves. 8:20.
FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Eves. 8:20. First Mat. Tom'w 2:20.
MRS. FISKE IN A NEW COMEDY, MADAME SAND by Philip Moeller.

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way at 38th St. Evs. 8:25
LAST MATINEES TOM'W & SAT. at 2:25.
LAST 7 TIMES
GEORGE ARLISS in his new play 'HAMILTON'

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:20.
Alexandra Carlisle in THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY.
The Country Cousin

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:20.
Laurette Taylor
In J. Hartley Manners' New Comedy "The Wooing of Eve"
Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON.

LIBERTY THEATRE, This Aft. 2:30. Also Thurs., NOV. 22 at 2:30, NOV. 24 at 10:30
The Pupils of Isadora Duncan and Barrere Little Symphony
Good Seats All Performances, $2, $1.50, $1.

HUDSON West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w and Sat. at 2:30.
THE "THRILLS NEW YORK AUDIENCES."—Eve. Journal.
PIPES of PAN
by Edward Childs Carpenter, with Norman Trevor & Janet Beecher.

"Lose No Time in seeing 'Losing Eloise,' a farce that is really funny." —Stephen Rathbun, Eve. Sun.
Losing Eloise
HARRIS W. 42d St. Evgs. 8:20.
FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW.

CENTURY 62d St. & Broadway Ziegfeld Dillingham Managers
DILLINGHAM-ZIEGFELD GREATEST ENTERTAINMENT
"MISS 1917"
Staged by NED WAYBURN
10 Shows at the Price of One
AT THE BOX OFFICE NOW
608 Dress Circle Seats @......$2.00
824 First Balcony @.......... 1.00
527 Second Bale. (No War Tax) .50
No Raise in Prices New Year's Eve. Wed. & Sat., also Thanksgiving Day Matinees Reduced Prices.
SUNDAY NIGHT POPULAR CONCERT

FULTON West 46th St. Eves. at 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:20.
"Red-blooded American play."—Journal.
"Broken Threads"

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:20
Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years.
A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

"A Comedy for Worried Husbands and Neglected Wives."—Burns Mantle, Mail.
Losing Eloise
HARRIS W. 42d St. Eves. 8:20.
FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO presents
Tiger Rose

PARK Broadway and 59th Street. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
Quinito Valverde's Fantastic Review THE Land of Joy
"The Greatest Dancing Show N. Y. Has Seen in Years."—Eve Sun.

BELASCO West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mts. Today, Thur. & Sat. 2:30
Extra Matinee Today 2:30.
Polly With a Past

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
Business Before Pleasure
With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

REPUBLIC THEATRE, W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
On With the Dance
WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.

Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN || GLOBE B'way 46 St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:20
"A Delightful Farce with a Perfect Cast."—Chas. Darnton, Eve. World.

Losing Eloise
HARRIS W. 42d St. Eves. 8:20.
FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. Evs. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2
The Most Wonderful Fascinating Lavish Colossal Gorgeous Production In the History of the American Stage
Chu Chin Chow
Now In Its 2nd Year In London. Co. of 300.
Prices: Evs. & Sat. Mt. 25c-$2. Wed. Mt. 25c-$1. Always 300 Seats in the Orchestra at $1.50. (Except Saturday Night.)
SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE

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DIRECTEUR GEN. JACQUES COPEAU.
Opening Performance Tuesday, Nov. 27th
BOX OFFICE NOW OPEN.
65 W. 35TH ST.—GREELEY 1522.

IRVING PLACE Irving Place & 15th Street.
TO-NIGHT Last Perf. "Dreimaederlhaus"
Wed. Nov. 21 & fol. nights. HEDWIG REICHER In "DOCTOR'S DILEMMA"
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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOV. 20, 1917.

LLOYD GEORGE'S SPEECH.

When Mr. LLOYD GEORGE told the House of Commons yesterday that so far as he could judge American sentiment it would prefer a War Council with executive authority, he defined American sentiment exactly. He says there are reasons why that would be undesirable until the more moderate scheme he proposes has been proved inadequate, and with that understanding we shall no doubt waive our preference for the time. But we do not waive for a moment our preference, our demand, that there shall be at least such a War Council as he proposes, a council for the purpose of coordinating information and military movements. Our position in the war gives us a right to make this demand. The President has made it, and has plainly intimated that all our power is behind it. He has gone further and directed Colonel HOUSE to begin the necessary steps for bringing it about.

Furthermore, in this we stand with France. So much Mr. LLOYD GEORGE revealed yesterday. Both nations wanted not only a War Council but one with more power than Mr. GEORGE proposes. Who stands in the way of a War Council? Not England. England, we shall find, is behind LLOYD GEORGE. What tried to stand in the way was a group of politicians who thought they saw a chance to score against the Premier by raising what they mistakenly thought was a popular cry. It is simply unthinkable that this minority should block the way to the necessary reform which Lord KITCHENER proposed in 1915, which Mr. GEORGE proposes now, and which, if it had been adopted in time, would have saved Serbia, if not Rumania and Italy.

Mr. GEORGE hints that Italy's danger was foreseen by Sir WILLIAM ROBERTSON, the head of the British General Staff, but that the lack of a War Council prevented him from being able to enforce his recommendations for warding it off. The case for a War Council was complete without that crowning revelation. The political, partisan, and personal objections to it must not be permitted to weigh for a moment against the pressing need which was so convincingly expounded by the Premier in his speech. He said that he had America, France, Italy, and England with him, and he has.

There have been only two things, he says, that he really feared. One was defeat through lack of unity and the other was defeat by the submarine. "Of the submarine I have no longer any fear," he says, and this is a thrilling message. When he couples with that flat-footed declaration the fact that five submarines were sunk on Saturday alone he hints strongly that the failure of ruthlessness in the last two weeks has not been due to German discouragement, but to the increase of allied efficiency in coping with it, and in that result we can all take unmixed pride. The other menace remains. The efficiency which has routed the submarine must be brought into play against it, too. In his earnest and sensible endeavors toward that end Mr. GEORGE has the unstinted support of the United States, whose only fear is that he does not go far enough.

JAPAN'S SHIPS AND OUR STEEL.

Washington dispatches this morning cause doubt as to the correctness of the announcement in Tokio that negotiations with our Government concerning American ship steel and Japanese ships had been broken off. Neither the State Department nor the Japanese Embassy has heard of it. Nothing had served to interrupt the negotiations, an agreement having been delayed only by differing views about prices. Since the beginning of the war, Japan has been buying in this country the steel for her shipbuilders. Her unfilled orders here before our embargo on such steel became effective were for 400,000 tons. For lack of this material, several of her shipyards have recently been idle. It is understood that in the negotiations she asked for 300,000 tons and offered in return to permit the chartering of a number of ships by our Government, which preferred to buy them. Japan consented to sell, and it is provided by the terms of the pending agreement that our Government shall take 300,000 tons of ships, while Japan shall receive 100,000 tons of plates, paying the same price, $65 a ton, that is paid by our Navy Department, although plates were sold to her at twice and even three times that rate before we entered the war. On the other hand, our Government proposed to pay about $175 a ton for the ships, or a little more than $50,000,000. Japan wanted a higher price, because there is a market at her ports for ships at $300, and sales have been made at more than $400. Here has been the cause of delay.

The Department of Communications at Tokio will find it difficult to prove that the withdrawal of 300,000 tons of ships would "virtually destroy" Japan's European trade or "infringe "upon the necessities of her national "existence." Her merchant marine has grown enormously during the war, with an accompanying very large increase of her foreign trade. Ship companies and builders have been stimulated by subsidies. The sale of 300,000 tons would leave enough for her necessities and her new trade. And new ships will be coming from her yards. Many have thought that her great merchant marine was not sufficiently engaged in war service. It has done in Eastern waters, however, some work which Great Britain was forced to neglect, and has sent ships to the Atlantic and Mediterranean. We hope the negotiations will soon end in agreement, and that this will not be prevented by a difference about ship tonnage prices, unless Japan demands a rate which is clearly unreasonable. Some weight must be given to the prices for which sales can easily be made. Work in Japan's yards should be resumed. The plates are required in part for ships ordered by Great Britain and France, and these would go into war service. There should be the most friendly co-operation of Japan with the United States in the use of ships. We are taking ships for war from our coast and lake trade. All that Japan can spare are needed on both oceans.

THE WAR AND SOME STREETS.

Since no New Yorker, however ancient, can remember a time when some of the streets of New York were not extensively torn up, obstructed, impassable, there will be a large area of incredulity, cynical, no doubt, as to the defense that the war that covers a multitude of sins of omission is responsible for the ruins and the débris, the relics, heaven knows how many years old, of the disembowelment of the town for the new subway system. Seventh Avenue, whose title to first honor for what the Gazetteers call "an undulating and diversified surface" we are prepared to maintain even against the champions of Broadway, looks like a relief map of the aftermath of the Ice Age, coupled with a stretch of the devastated district in Northern France. It is littered, cluttered up, humped up, shell-holed, cratered, trenched, pillboxed, toolboxed, sand-duned, bouldered, miscellaneously and multitudinously bestrewn with rubbish. It is not a road or a street. It is an impasse. It is such a devil's dance and phantasmagoria of an avenue as a Gargantuan welsh rabbit composed of roc's eggs, Limburger, and stingo might make a lunatic see in nightmare.

We learn from THE NEW YORK TIMES that the Public Service Commission says it keeps 1,500 men "alert to prevent needless street obstruction." Has anybody seen 1,500 men, carrying long staffs, guided by dogs, and wearing the legend "I am blind"?

LIBERTY BOND VALUES AND PRICES.

"Liberty 2d 4s" sold at 97 yesterday, and Liberty 3½s at 99.80, using the extreme quotations. Why should the bond of lower interest rate sell 2.80 points above the bond of higher interest rate? It must be doubted that anybody is capable of thinking that the "2d 4s" are second in any respect other than the order of issue. Only those capable of thinking that there are grades of Government credit will be either surprised or regretful at the comparison of quotations. Others will welcome the proof that some foolish ideas about our Government credit are suffering in the test of the market.

The notion that there is anything sacred about par for Government bonds is naively American, dating from the time when the holders of American bonds numbered about a quarter million. The fact is that no Government bonds can sell at par except temporarily and by accident. The quotations for governments will vary with the quotations for all other credits. All credits are estimated at their value in money, and vary from time to time, according to the factors of valuation of the moment. When the tax outlook is disturbed, the tax exemption factor has a disproportionate weight. That sufficiently explains the valuation of the 3½s. In that respect they have a monopoly valuation. When there is an oversupply of anything, its price suffers. That explains why the price of the 4s yielded.

Some evidently subscribed for more than they wanted to keep, and they sold out without awaiting the rise in price which may be expected if there should be a later issue at a higher rate, with the 4s exchangeable therefor. In that respect the 3½s are superior. Their rights of exchange, or conversion into later higher rate issues, are fixed by law, and are as broad as can be given. The later issues depend for their conversion rates upon the rules of the Treasury, and are already limited to the next succeeding issue. The 4s cannot jump an issue and take the highest rate which can be had before Germany is smashed. They must take the next terms the Treasury gives.

Both issues are at a discount only from a nominal par. There is no absolute par, there being as many prices for Government bonds as there are issues of all nations. If it were possible to name a par for Government credit, it would be found that both the 3½s and 4s are at a premium. They are the highest priced Government bonds in any market, and long will be so. So far as there is a standard or par, their price is it. It is the custom to issue Government bonds at a discount, for it is cheaper than to fix a rate which shall always command a premium. The limit of the discount is now so small as to show that no great harm has been done. Rather the discount is useful as tending to show what the worth of our Government credit is, and to indicate the discount at which future bonds might be issued, if it were recognized that it is better to issue in that manner than to raise the rate too much.

HOW KERENSKY FELL.

The mysterious week in Russia is rapidly losing its mystery. When the Bolsheviki deposed KERENSKY, he fled and appealed to the army. Most of it was apathetic or hostile, but he raised 1,500 men and marched on Petrograd. The report of his advance, spread and magnified, induced a handful of military cadets to try, in a moment of ecstatic enthusiasm, to overthrow the Bolsheviki before he could get there. They were surrounded, shot to pieces, and captured. The whole thing was a mere street row, which never even approached the dignity of the barricade fighting in Paris on former occasions. At the same time a similar aimless and unnecessary riot broke out in Moscow, with much more disastrous results for thousands of innocent people, since the rival mobs fired at long range and without aim, like the Mexicans in the targetless fighting that preceded the overthrow of MADERO.

Meanwhile KERENSKY marched happily toward Petrograd, where the Bolsheviki were in a panic—the panic being attested by the wild proclamations of TROTZKY and MOURAVIEFF. They hurriedly collected a miscellaneous mob of 16,000 and sent it against KERENSKY'S 1,500. In this amateur army of theirs were some soldiers, a good many sailors, but the great majority were factory hands and boys, frantically and feverishly armed by the Bolsheviki and decorated with the bloodthirsty title of "the Red Guard." This assemblage marched against KERENSKY in a condition bordering on panic—the proof of which is again to be found in the Bolsheviki proclamations after the event.

The two forces, the Bolsheviki mob and KERENSKY'S Cossacks, met at Gatchina. Most certainly MOURAVIEFF, the Bolsheviki commander, expected his men to cut and run as soon as the dreaded Cossacks charged—this is proved by the delirium of joy in which he and TROTZKY were thrown when it did not happen. The Cossacks, officers and men alike, were disgusted with their leader and their task and growing more and more disgusted every minute. They confronted the Red Guard for two days, occasionally firing aimless volleys, and finally made a sullen and apathetic charge. They did not get near enough to the Red Guard for a hand-to-hand encounter, as is demonstrated by the Bolsheviki report of the so-called "battle," in which occurs the amusing boast that the Cossacks were dismayed to see so many of their horses "toppled over."

General KRASNOFF, the Cossack leader, now decided that this nonsense had gone far enough. His men were in unanimous agreement with him that KERENSKY was nothing to fight for. He and they were making arrangements to turn the Premier over to the Red Guard and go home when KERENSKY discovered what was up, and, after demanding the truth and learning the worst from KRASNOFF, he agreed to submit to arrest. But while KRASNOFF was tranquilly preparing an "escort" to hand him over to MOURAVIEFF, KERENSKY escaped and disappeared.

MOURAVIEFF had telegraphed his "victory" to Petrograd, and TROTZKY had gone into transports of relief and gratitude and issued his proclamation describing it as a night that would live in history. MOURAVIEFF, however, was not yet aware of the state of feeling among KRASNOFF'S men, and he had followed up his "victory" by a retreat. Undoubtedly the Red Guard were still frightened at the name of the Cossacks. From his new position MOURAVIEFF grandiloquently announced that he had taken a strong "defensive" post and was able to "resist ten times KERENSKY'S force"; that is, that his victorious 16,000 could "resist" KERENSKY'S 1,500 even if multiplied to 15,000. Suddenly he, too, was thrown into ecstasies of relief by the news that KRASNOFF was about to surrender KERENSKY to him, and that the great campaign was over.

In Petrograd, meanwhile, the Bolsheviki, having taken the reins of government, did not know what to do with them. After issuing their summons to the nations of the earth to stop fighting for the Winter, they did not move a wheel. The employés in the Government offices refused to hear their orders, and after a few ineffectual attempts the Bolsheviki "Ministry" gave it up and went home, leaving the offices to run themselves, which they are now doing in some cases. In others they are closed up and the office staff is enjoying a holiday. In those offices which choose to go on running, the old officials are conducting business, but directing it themselves and treating the Bolsheviki with silent, or sometimes noisy, contempt.

Why did the Bolsheviki have to send the raw Red Guard against KERENSKY'S Cossacks? Obviously because they could not get soldiers to go. Why did KERENSKY raise only 1,500 Cossacks? Because, obviously, no more would go, and those who did immediately repented of their bargain. Evidently the soldiers will fight neither for KERENSKY nor for the Bolsheviki. The Russian tragedy, for a week, has taken on the color of farce. But only in Petrograd and the country round about; all this time something has been going on in the south of Russia which is neither tragic nor farcical, but serious and probably important. Only the most shadowy, flimsy hints of what it is have come out; but they encourage the hope that the good sense of the Russian people has at last been invoked against both Kerenskyism and Bolshevikism. The news of KALEDINES'S seizure of the coal fields is the best that has come out of Russia in many a month.

ENGLAND'S LOSS.

It is the irony of fate that death claims Sir STANLEY MAUDE, the British commander in Mesopotamia, when he seemed to be immune from the mischances of battle and safe from the stealthy assaults of one of the worst climates in the world. The British medical service at Bagdad is now most efficient and does not lack for supplies, so that the commander of the forces could count on the best of care if his health should be affected. The campaign which restored the prestige of British arms in the East was finished; at least active operations would not be necessary unless the Germans organized a great army to dispute the ascendency of the British. Temporarily, General MAUDE was ruler of Bagdad.

It seems only the other day that General MAUDE issued his proclamation in which he reminded the people of Bagdad that "for twenty-six generations" they had "suffered under "strange tyrants who have endeavored to set one Arab house against "another," and called upon them to take part in the management of their civil affairs "in collaboration with "the political representatives of Great "Britain who accompany the British "Army." And now, at the height of his fame, when the field of usefulness was opening more and more to him, this brilliant commander is lost to Great Britain. Perhaps in one of his able lieutenants, Lieut. Gen. W. R. MARSHALL or Lieut. Gen. A. S. COBBE, a worthy successor can be found, but MAUDE was regarded as indispensable. He had won the affection as well as the confidence of his troops. More popular than KITCHENER, he was as scientific in his methods, as thorough, and as uniformly successful. Sir STANLEY MAUDE promised to be a greater soldier. It is no reflection upon the merits of K. of K. to assert that the Mesopotamian campaign was a more difficult business than ever fell to him.

But in appraising the deserts of General MAUDE, it must be borne in mind that when he took over the command of the mixed British forces from Sir PERCY LAKE, they were a newly organized and admirably equipped army, with river communications down the Tigris to the Persian Gulf that left almost nothing to be desired. Furthermore, railroads had been laid in the desert up from Basra. TOWNSHEND, who waited vainly for relief at Kut, never had good tools to work with. The equipment of his small force was a reproach to the Indian Office, and in the end there was a great scandal. No matter what gallantry the rank and file displayed, TOWNSHEND was doomed to failure.

When MAUDE succeeded that accomplished organizer Sir PERCY LAKE, the British Army had been increased to 150,000 men, and it was served by an aviation corps that could detect the slightest move of the Turks and join in attacks upon them with an inexhaustible supply of bombs. At the same time, the sinuosities of the Tigris gave the Turks no mean advantage, and in their intrenchments they fought as stubbornly as OSMAN Pasha's men had done at Plevna. An incompetent or a temporizing commander would have failed in MAUDE'S place. But he was most versatile in attack and never gave the enemy any rest. With him it was one feint after another and a grand assault where one was least expected. The strategy of MAUDE in the Mesopotamian campaign will always be a delight to the student of wars. He was never at fault nor had a wasted moment. When he could bring the naval flotilla up the Tigris, after the Turks were routed out of Kut, they were always kept on the run and could never make a real stand.

In the death of Sir STANLEY MAUDE the British have lost a master strategist and there will be no sorrow in Berlin.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Seemingly No Law Was Broken.

There is difficulty, at present, anyhow, in seeing in the astonishing and deplorable balance sheet of the Army and Navy Bazaar anything to supply the District Attorney with a basis for action as a prosecuting officer. There is much in it, however, to interest him as a patriotic American, eager, like everybody else in the same class, to do what he can for the benefit of the country's defenders and to protect the general public from the ruthless exploitation of its generosity and its power to give.

But there is an obvious element of deception in holding a fair or entertainment of which the widely heralded purpose is to raise money for a cause that appeals strongly to the good citizen's heart, and then to use, of the funds thus obtained, only a minute part for carrying out that purpose. Certainly if the people who went to the Army and Navy Bazaar had known that only about 1 per cent. of what they spent there would go to the soldiers and sailors in the form of "comfort kits," their purchases and their contributions of various sorts would have been small indeed. They did not attend for the sake of paying huge commissions to agents and managers, and the fact that they were going to do so was carefully and wisely concealed from them—wisely, that is, from the standpoint of those who were to profit, and did profit, from what the assorted agents and managers presumably call "honest graft."

The District Attorney, apparently realizing that the kind of deception used was a suppression of the truth, merely, and not quite illegal as the law now stands, is quoted as intending to secure the passage of legislation to prevent or penalize similar manifestations of enterprise in the future. That he succeed in doing so is earnestly to be wished, but the chances are that for some time to come the New York public, without the aid of any new statute, will be able adequately to protect itself from wasting its money as it did at this particular bazaar.

That in consequence other and worthier efforts to raise money will be viewed with undeserved suspicion is to be regretted, but it is inevitable, and is, perhaps, the worst feature of the whole miserable episode.

Not Like a Boy's Production.

Nobody who reads with any care the letter to President WILSON that figures in the charges of disloyalty which have been brought against certain teachers in the De Witt Clinton High School will be able to avoid the suspicion that it was not written by the boy of 14 who turned it in as a "composition."

Of course, it would not be safe to say that no boy of that age could have written the letter, but its offensiveness is of a kind not characteristic of youth, and the general tenor of its sentences is of a sort that more than hints the labor of an older mind, long wonted to the use of sarcasm as a weapon in debate.

The letter somehow is a reminder of the fact that when, several years ago, THE TIMES offered a prize to pupils in the public schools for the best essay on ABRAHAM LINCOLN, there came in among the many received one that was accompanied by a note honestly confessing that the writer of it had "a little help from mother." If equally conscientious, it may be that the author of this particularly vicious product of "English" as it is taught at the De Witt Clinton High School would have confessed to having had a little help from father, or even to having had a lot of it.

If this theory be correct, the intention presumably was to bring to bear where it would be effective propaganda helpful to the Socialists, to Germany, or to the sort of pacifism that is helpful to both. The letter read strangely like the speeches delivered by excited soap-box orators when they choose to be bitterly humorous instead of fiercely indignant, and it had a good many of the peculiarities of misstatement and exaggeration to be noted in the utterances of men who are making an effort to earn the money which, if all reports be even half true, can be obtained by almost anybody here who is willing to do a little work for the Kaiser.

Saving Coal and Daylight.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Dr. Harry A. Garfield, Fuel Administrator, estimates that the coal shortage of the country will be 50,000,000 tons for the calendar year. Increase in production will be 50,000,000 over 1916, but the demand has increased 100,000,000 tons.

We are neglecting one means of conserving fuel that has been used by European countries not only without sacrifice of comfort, but by adding to it, and that is the daylight saving scheme of putting the clock forward one hour during the Summer months. We might even go further than they and set it forward all the year round. It would be a convenience and an economy to many people to have longer afternoons in Winter, and would be especially desirable for children, as it would give them more time to play out in the open air after being released from school.

Probably less than half of the population is out of bed at 6:30 Winter mornings, while afternoons everybody uses artificial light shortly after 4 o'clock. As our clocks are 23 to 24 minutes behind the time on the sun dial in midwinter we would not, if we adopted the scheme, be so very much more in advance of the sun than we now are behind it. This would seem to be a practical and easy method of conserving fuel.

ELIZABETH STORY REED.

New Haven, Nov. 19, 1917.

MRS. EVE.

Distorted minds—I mean upon the
 whole—
Make SHE folk crave and scramble for
 a goal
Which they should be content to leave
 for HES,
Content, as SHES have reached the
 plane of soul,
To cultivate that spirit part
So high above the mere man mate,
Whose brain and brawn are all—save
 heart—
That TIME has reckoned for his fate.

A gentle lady's hint as she pours tea
Becomes a law right then with any HE
Who hears. He strives to please the
 little wren
When camouflaged with domesticity.
Man wants her sweet—to idolize:
He really cannot love a picket,
Demanding what WE realize
Might hurt, not help—the voter's
 ticket!

We wiser ones beguile our silly men—
We ivy around the HE, as oak—
Wield power born of woman's intuition,
That HES delight in and it makes a
 yoke
Too fine and strong to ever irk
Or get his fretful Capricornus.
He pays our bills and hikes to work
To get more things to hang Upornus.

MABEL ROWLAND.

"THE GOOD GERMAN PEOPLE"

How It Has Come About That They Support the Evil Policy of Their Government.

By MRS. ST. CLAIRE STOBART.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In my letter to THE NEW YORK TIMES of the 14th inst. I mentioned that German rule in conquered lands means literally hell on earth. I have since been asked if this is not exaggeration, for it seems that many in this country as well as in the Old Country find it difficult to believe that German men and women of culture and refinement, such as those with whom they were in old days at school or college, could possibly acquiesce in the acts of atrocity which make German rule a hell on earth. It is absurd, they say, to hold the good German people responsible for deeds which—even if they were committed—could never have been sanctioned by the will of the people. In other words the German Government is so unrepresentative of the German people that it can do evil things while the people will them to do good things. A combination of wicked Government and weak people which in any case needs the attention of the civilized world!

But for those who know from personal experience that atrocities unheard of even in Old Testament history have been and are being committed every hour of the German day, which is more than twenty-four hours long, it is obvious that no Government could have committed the atrocities which the German Government has committed, or won the victories which it has won, unless it had the whole-hearted support of the people behind it.

But who could have believed that the good, sensible German people were taking seriously, as part of a new gospel, teachings like those of H. S. Chamberlain with regard to the German language: "No duty is more urgent than that of forcing the German language upon the world." "I have no more sacred conviction than this, that the higher Kultur of humanity depends upon the spreading of the German language." "If Montaigne were living today he would have to remain silent—or to learn German." "Men must come to realize that whoever cannot speak German is a pariah."

But when in August, 1914, I was arrested by the Germans as a spy, in Belgium, and condemned to be shot within twenty-four hours, there was with me, in addition to my husband, who was going to be treasurer to my hospital unit, a vicar of the Church of England, who was to be chaplain to the unit. He knew no German and had not understood the Major Commandant's sentence of death, but he realized that the situation was serious. We had been allowed no food for two days, his throat was parched, and he asked me to ask for a drink of water. The Devil Major, as we called him, immediately said roughly, "What's he saying?" I replied that my friend was only asking for a drink of water. "Then tell him he must ask in German." "But, mein Herr Major, he doesn't know any German." "Then he must learn German; every one must speak German now." He then went up to the chaplain, who was dressed in an army chaplain's uniform, put his face close to the vicar's and in insulting tone shouted, "Now then, say it after me: 'Was-ser trin-ken, was-ser trin-ken.'" I whispered to the vicar to comply and he spoke the first, and from what I know of him the only, German words that are ever likely to pass his lips—and he was then given a drink of water—from a horse pail.

Except from personal experience it is only possible to believe these things and to understand how it is that the good German people have run amuck in this amazing fashion, if we realize a simple truth which is often unperceived. Now, we all know that there are good people and bad people; good ideas and bad ideas, and we generally assume that good people get hold of good ideas and that bad people get hold of bad ideas. That is simple enough; we know where we are and we act accordingly. But we can't always realize that it is possible for good people to get hold of bad ideas. And when this happens the result is devilish. For the good people, feeling themselves to be good at heart, are inspired in all their acts by the fanaticism of the virtuous; and there is no fanaticism so ferocious as that of a consciously virtuous person. Then onlookers, (neutrals,) loath to believe that any evil thing can proceed from people who are virtuous at heart, condone or ignore and thus help to prolong offenses which they would long ago have recognized as evil if they had proceeded from an ostensibly evil people.

Now that, as I understand it, is what has happened in Germany. The good German people—the poets, philosophers, historians, political leaders, and, above all, the pastors and the professors—have got hold of the bad ideas of the militarists, with which they have for the last forty years been inoculated, and it is these bad ideas with which the good German people have saturated themselves which the German Government is putting into effect today.

And the sooner we recognize that the German people are behind the German Government the sooner we shall win the war. It is enfeebling to our efforts to imagine that the people are, as the pro-German propagandists urge, on the point of rebellion against the policy of their Government, and to suppose that we only have to wait for a change of Government—and that then a change of policy will follow. As long as that policy is successful the German people are not likely to want it changed. And, unfortunately for the rest of the world, that policy—a policy of force and fraud—has been terribly successful. In 1864, in 1866, in 1870, it made the German Empire. But that same policy pursued in the twentieth century will unmake that German Empire. For we have now, thank God, to deal with standards of morality—outside Germany—which are no longer those of autocrats, but of democrats, and the value of the action of the United States in joining the Allies is that it shows the good German people that their bad ideas are condemned, not only by the older, more prudish, and, as they say, effete nations of Europe, but by the largest, the most powerful, and the most up-to-date democracy in the world.

Mrs. ST. CLAIR STOBART.

New York, Nov. 17, 1917.

WANT CITY'S EYES ON CHARITY FUNDS

President Dowling Will Urge Aldermen to Order Licenses for Such Undertakings.

HOW BAZAAR MONEY WENT

District Attorney Says 50 Per Cent. Commission Was Collected on Gifts for Comfort Kits.

District Attorney Swann's investigation into the affairs of the Army and Navy Bazaar has brought a prompt response to his suggestion that hereafter the management of such charities be subjected to State or municipal supervision or both. Frank L. Dowling, President of the Aldermen, announced that he would today again introduce the proposed ordinance of Alderman Wendel to provide for municipal supervision of all forms of raising funds by public charity. This ordinance, requiring a license fee of $1, would compel an accounting to the city of all receipts and expenditures and would limit and fix the percentage to be retained as remuneration by the managers and other workers.

John Moffat, Executive Chairman of the Management Committee of "Hero Land," last night issued the following statement:

"The Management Committee of 'Hero Land' is heartily in accord with the plan as announced by President Frank L. Dowling, and I personally might add that I am in favor as well, of State regulation of undertakings gotten up ostensibly for charitable purposes, and went so far some weeks ago as to discuss with Barry Smith of the Charity Organization Society steps that might be taken to this end.

"We anticipate that the expenses of 'Hero Land' will probably total in the neighborhood of $150,000. It gives me pleasure, however, to state that virtually all the money necessary to meet the expenses has already been received, and there will be a surplus from the gate receipts and from other sources above the expenses. We have cash receipts at this time of $91,431.01, together with bills receivable of $59,262.70, a total of $150,693.71, made up in part by the advance sale of tickets and in part by cash donations definitely made toward the expenses of 'Hero Land.' Fifty-nine thousand dollars has been advanced by fifty-nine of the one thousand and eight committees which are to have exhibits, and profits from the general receipts will be divided among these fifty-nine committees.

"The expenses, roughly, and they can only be estimated roughly in such a huge undertaking, are: Rent, $1,500 per day; decorations and construction, $55,000; advertising and publicity, $35,000; salaries, including several months of preparation, $10,000; entertainment, music, &c., $10,000, a total of $149,000. Nothing is to be deducted from the receipts of 'Hero Land,' no commissions are to be paid, and no member of the Management Committee, directly or indirectly, is to receive any remuneration whatsoever. From the beginning this course was determined upon, and all expenses incidental to the getting of advertisements for the official program have been met privately, and one hundred cents of every dollar paid for such advertising will go to 'Hero Land' direct. Every committee taking part in 'Hero Land' will receive one hundred cents on every dollar taken in by it."

Evidence of the collection of huge fees from the advertising privileges of the Army and Navy Bazaar, District Attorney Swann said, had been disclosed in an investigation be started yesterday to learn why the net proceeds of the bazaar that were intended to provide comfort kits for the soldiers had amounted to only $754.96, out of the total receipts of $71,475. Mr. Swann said that George F. Sweeney, who had charge of the advertising privileges of the bazaar, had received $22,000 as his share of the receipts.

A page advertisement in the souvenir program was priced at $200, he continued. Several persons who had donated $1,000 each, insisting they did not want to advertise, but desired that the money go to the exclusive benefit of the bazaar, were listed as advertisers, and Sweeney collected $500 as his share from each donation of this form, the District Attorney asserted.

"George F. Sweeney, who operated under the name of the National Special Aid Society, 303 Fifth Avenue," said Mr. Swann, "is now engaged in a similar scheme to obtain advertisements on a 50 per cent. basis rakeoff to himself for the program for the Christmas Festival of the National League for Woman's Service, a patriotic preparedness organization, of which Miss Anne Morgan, Miss Maud Wetmore, and Miss Grace Parker are active members."

Sweeney, who was questioned by the District Attorney yesterday, said he had not yet solicited any advertisements for this organization. Edward S. Moore, Assistant Secretary of the Guaranty Trust Company, who acted as Treasurer of the bazaar, told Mr. Swann that he found Sweeney had opened a branch office at 180 Broadway to carry on the advertising work of the bazaar, and had without authorization placed the name of "Edward S. Moore, Treasurer," on the door of that office.

"From this office Sweeney sent out hundreds of telegrams in the name of Mr. Moore," said the District Attorney. "Sweeney denied that he had signed these appeals for contributions or advertisements, but he admitted that he had directed the sending of them."

It was Mr. Moore who employed the Federal Auditing Company to watch the financial affairs of the bazaar. He took this action after several persons had notified him that they had made donations or contributions which had not been acknowledged by the Treasurer, because Mr. Moore had not received the money.

Among others who were questioned yesterday by the District Attorney were Waldemar de Bille, the paid director; John J. Riordan, publicity manager, and Carlos H. De Montemar, Secretary of the bazaar. Mr. Swann said it was not his present intention to put the evidence thus far obtained in the financial affairs of the bazaar before the Grand Jury, but would continue the investigation.

"In the interest of all other patriotic funds and bazaars and honest charities," Mr. Swann added, "I would suggest that hereafter when taking subscriptions, donations, or money for any purpose that it be distinctly explained and guaranteed to the donors, in printed form or otherwise, that no part of their money is to be diverted for the profit of private persons who may have the handling of such funds."

NO MEAT FOR SENATOR REED

Missouri Landlady Shows Him That She Backs the Government.

From The Clinton (Mo.) Republican.

James Reed, who SAYS he represents the State of Missouri in the United States Senate and who spoke here Sunday night, called for meat yesterday morning at the Cozart Hotel. There are many people who believe that some one has been feeding the Senator meat oftener than is good for him now, and he didn't get it Tuesday morning, the reason being that Tuesday was the day set aside by the State Food Commissioner as meatless day, and the Cozart is observing the request.

Reed asked Mrs. Winfree if she was really going to cut out meat every Tuesday, and when she told him she was be ridiculed the idea, and said that it was a plan which would never work. "Just watch it for thirty days," said the Senator, "and you'll find that on Wednesday the people will eat more meat to make up for not having had any on the day before."

"When you get back to Washington," replied Mrs. Winfree, "look up Mr. Hoover and tell him the Cozart Hotel is supporting him and the Government in every possible way and will continue to do so."

The Senator didn't reply; he didn't even smile—but he ate fish.

Y. M. C. A. DRIVE ENDS; QUOTA IS EXCEEDED

Exact Figures for Country Not Yet Known, but $35,000,000 Is Passed.

MANY TO CONTINUE WORK

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie Give $250,000 and Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Rockefeller, Jr., $100,000.

With a heavy stream of contributions pouring in from all parts of the country, the Y. M. C. A. war fund yesterday leaped over its goal of $35,000,000. The exact figures of the grand total will not be known until late this evening, when the returns from all the States will have been compiled. The drive itself ended last night at midnight, although workers in the various sections of the country announced their intention by wire to the national headquarters of the campaign, at 124 East Twenty-eighth Street, that they would continue to solicit contributions wherever the returns happened to fall short of the designated quotas. Dr. John R. Mott, General Secretary of the National War Work Council, made the following statement last night:

"We went over the top tonight. The American people have made it clear that they want performed this large and patriotic service. But it is necessary that we sweep way beyond all goals. Since the thirty-five-million-dollar budget was adopted in the Bankers' Club a few weeks ago new and highly significant events have taken place which make it absolutely essential that we have a far larger sum of money available for serving the enlisted men of the United States and of our allies than originally contemplated.

"I refer, first, to the critical situation on the eastern and southern fronts necessitating prompt expansion of our activities in those regions; secondly, the appeals which have come within a few days from the French Prime Minister asking that we help conduct 1,300 soldiers' homes scattered throughout the entire French Army zone with its millions of men, which item alone requires an increase in our budget of over $3,000,000; thirdly, a confidential request from another allied army for large help; fourthly, the recent great increase in the number of war prisoners, (there having been added within three weeks fully 300,000,) and these must be served by us if they are to be served at all; fifthly, developing plans of our Government make it patent that we will have much more to do for American troops than any of us had in mind when our budget was adopted. Therefore if we are to render the service which the nation has a right to expect from us, we actually need a very substantial oversubscription."

Mr. Taft Sends Congratulations.

From ex-President William H. Taft, Dr. Mott received the following telegram last night:

"I congratulate you and the War Council of the Y. M. C. A. and the country on the success of the $35,000,000 drive. It shows that every one has found that the people appreciate the indispensable character of the service which the great organization of which you are at the head must render to our boys in training camps and at the front and to the armies of our allies."

The final sum of $35,000,000 included an additional gift of $2,500,000 from the Rockefeller Foundation, which made a total of $3,500,000 received from that source since the beginning of the drive. Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie made a contribution yesterday of $250,000. Other donations announced yesterday were:

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr.	$100,000
Mrs. Benjjamiin Brewster	25,000
Mrs. H. McK. Twombly	20,000
Charles Hayden	30,000
American Express Co.	10,000
Fleischmann Co.	25,000
Barrett Co.	20,000
H. L. Doherty Co.	15,000
City Service Co.	15,000
American Brass Co.	25,000
Miss Elizabeth Lamont, (in memory of mother)	12,000

The latest returns from Chicago last night indicated that it had raised $2,700,000. Detroit wired that it had raised $719,000. Newark passed its quota at noon with a total of $326,000. Atlantic City reported $60,000. In Georgia the campaign will continue for the rest of the week. It will also go on for several days more in part of Tennessee. Delaware has raised more than $580,000. The Missouri Committee, which added $200,000 to its allotted quota of $800,000, reported yesterday that the State would wind up the drive with a grand total of $1,500,000. Racine telegraphed that men and women in the factories there were making real sacrifices to contribute to the fund. Employes of one of the factories donated an average of $4 each. In another factory the women contributed an average of $2 per capita.

Contributions in Other Cities.

The totals reported by some of the cities outside of New York yesterday were as follows:

EASTERN DIVISION.

Oranges	$207,645	Camden	$61,[illegible]
Montclair	193,311	Washington	60,[illegible]
Harrisburg	53,686	Jersey City	61,[illegible]
Norfolk	17,357	Englewood	90,[illegible]
Trenton	80,000	Plainfield	42,7[illegible]
Morristown	143,713	Atlantic City	44,[illegible]

NORTHEASTERN DIVISION.

New Haven	$252,403	Pawtucket	$08,2[illegible]
Fitchburg	103,352	Waterbury	135,4[illegible]
Providence	159,000	Portland	85,0[illegible]
Bridgeport	126,440		

SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION.

Charleston	$24,04[illegible]	Louisville	$140,000
Birmingham	70,000	Tampa	21,000
Nashville	42,496		

CENTRAL DIVISION.

Youngstown	$265,000

SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION.

New Orleans	$93,800	Fort Worth	$25,000
Little Rock	30,000	Houston	86,0[illegible]
Dallas	74,000	San Antonio	30,000

It could not be determined late last night whether the $2,000,000 assumed by the women workers as their share of the $35,000,000 fund had been entirely raised. Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James, National Chairman of the Women's Committee, held a meeting of the women workers at her home yesterday. She said her committee would not abandon the campaign until it had raised every cent of $2,000,000.

Small Gifts Appreciated.

"So many women are still out of town," Mrs. James said, "and we will continue to receive donations all through November. We want none to think that small gifts are not acceptable to us. The large gifts are very gratifying because of the great need at is also to her gift will be received just as essential. If every women who has a boy in the army will send in what she is able to her wife will be received just as warmly as these larger sums given by those who have none in the army."

The women workers of Brooklyn have thus far reported a total of $49,935.

Dr. John P. Munn has received a letter from Dr. John M. T. Finney, chief surgeon of the Johns Hopkins Medical School, and head of Base Hospital 18 in France. It will be recalled that Dr. Finney declined election to the Presidency of Princeton University upon the resignation of President Wilson. Dr. Finney says:

"I know how much interested you are in the Y. M. C. A., and I want to tell you (and you tell for me those who are interested in the subject) what wonderful work they are doing here in France. Everywhere I hear most complimentary reports of the splendid work they are doing. I can bear witness to what they have done here in our hospital. Practically everything that we have in the way of interesting and amusing the patients and the men, indeed, the nurses and the staff, too, has come through the Y. M. C. A. Our little room that we have started has done effectual work, and as soon as they put up their building, which they are going to do for us in the near future, we will be very well fixed. For quiet, sane, efficient work, I will take off my hat to the Y. M. C. A., and I speak from actual observation and experience, comparing it with other organizations."

SUFFRAGISTS DENY PRO-GERMAN HELP

Say That Mrs. Wadsworth's Charge That Pacifists' Influence Carried Day Is Untrue.

POINT TO CAMPAIGN HERE

Emphasize That All Candidates for the Mayoralty Were for "the Cause."

Suffragists in New York expressed anger yesterday over charges by Mrs. James W. Wadsworth, wife of Senator Wadsworth, that pro-German and pacifist influences were back of the suffrage movement at this time. An analysis of the State suffrage vote made public in Washington by Mrs. Wadsworth after a conference with leading opponents of enfranchising women in which the Senator's wife set forth that the growth of Socialist support in New York City almost exactly accounted for the huge increase in the suffrage ballots, particularly aroused the anger of the suffragists.

A point generally made by the suffragists was that, woman suffrage having now become a fact, to herald it as an achievement of pro-Germanism, and thus by implication to accuse the great mass of women voters of being disloyal, was to furnish the German propagandists with a powerful weapon for use in their intrigues in Russia, Italy, and elsewhere. Both Mrs. Wadsworth and the newspapers which carried her story were charged with thus "insulting the women" and "furnishing the very propaganda ammunition which the suffragists themselves are accused of having profited by."

Mrs. Raymond Brown, one of the most active suffrage workers in the city examined Mrs. Wadsworth's statement with rapidly kindling indignation.

Cities Carried the Day.

"Does she think President Wilson is pro-German?" Mrs. Brown demanded. "Does she think Theodore Roosevelt and Secretary McAdoo are pro-German? Does she not realize that President Wilson asked the men of New York to vote for suffrage as part of the battle for democracy and that it was in that spirit they responded? Suffrage was defeated in those up-State rural communities, such as Livingston, Yates, and Lewis Counties, where the farmers live isolated lives and have no chance to come together and get in touch with modern waves of thought. It was carried in the cities, where the men read the newspapers, where the views of President Wilson and other such leaders of thought reached the rank and file of men voters.

"All that Mrs. Wadsworth knows," said Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, one of the vice chairmen of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party, "is what was the largest vote cast in the various districts. She can only make her own calculations as to what proportion of that vote was in favor of suffrage, and how much suffrage support in the same district came from ballots for the other candidates. It is an insult to loyal women who have done a massive war work even to intimate that the suffragists constitute a pro-German body or that the suffrage adherents do. I should consider it a pretty serious matter if I had to think that a large proportion of the vote cast for woman suffrage meant that the pro-Germans have expressed their will at the polls. The anti-suffragists are willing to stultify the good standing and loyalty of the great mass of our citizens in order to give an irresponsible and ill-directed stab at the suffrage cause.

"How does Mrs. Wadsworth think this headline," said Mrs. Laidlaw, pointing to the account of Mrs. Wadsworth's statement in THE TIMES, "will sound repeated in the Russian press by German propagandists? Does she think the reckless imputation of divided loyalty in New York State is helpful to this country in time of war? Is her patriotism so poor she is willing to befoul her own nest in this reckless and irresponsible manner?"

Mrs. Laidlaw pointed out that States in which women long have voted had furnished their quotas to the national army long before others in which man suffrage prevailed, and cited the patriotic record of Australia, a country which has figured splendidly in the war, though its women have voted for a long time.

View of a German Worker.

Miss Rita Kissin, who was the suffrage worker for the New York Woman Suffrage Party among the Germans of the city, said:

"It was the high cost of living which brought out the German vote—that, with a belief in good laws for child labor, and also I think a belief that the women would help to vote against total prohibition. The Germans do not wish whisky, but they do not wish laws prohibiting light wines and beer. Mrs. Wadsworth was quite mistaken in charging the Germans with disloyalty in voting for suffrage. The German housewife is thrifty and economical, and when I suggested the possibility of a woman at the head of public markets and of the women being able to use their influence with the Legislature against the hoarding of food and food speculation, then the women were with me as one woman."

NATIONAL SUFFRAGE AIM OF CONVENTION

"Votes for All in Two Years" Will Be Slogan of Great State Gathering.

National woman suffrage within two years will be the program put through at the forty-ninth annual convention of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party, which starts today at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel, unless some radical upset to the party leaders' plans arises on the floor of the convention.

That the convention will differ radically from past convocations of its kind follows from the fact that the hitherto surpassing question "how to win" has been eliminated, and the prime business before a body claiming to represent more than a million and a quarter of women, is how to use the political power suddenly conferred upon them.

The suffragists have declined the invitation of the antis to abandon the whole question during the war and either to amalgamate with the men's parties in support of the Administration and the prosecution of the war, or maintain for a similar purpose a united body of women. Every indication last night was that they would be firm in that refusal and would stick to the position that national suffrage itself is an important war question, and that its coming would mean that the whole nation, both men and women, could get behind the war with their maximum power.

Second in interest to the program of the party is the selection of a new leader for the coming year. Mrs. Norman De R. Whitehouse, whose term as Chairman expires, was reported last night to be firm in her intention to refuse to stand for re-election. Gossip still concerned itself with the possibility of an up-State woman being chosen to succeed her.

Mrs. Whitehouse's annual report and a great rally and victory celebration in the Metropolitan Opera House tonight, at which Colonel Roosevelt and Governor Whitman will speak, are the principal events of the first day of the convention. The full program follows:

TUESDAY, NOV. 20.

9 A. M.—State Executive Board.
10 A. M.—State Committee.
2 P. M.—Convention called to order, Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, Chairman.
Invocation—Dr. Percy Stickney Grant.
Preliminary report Credentials Committee.
Report of Chairman of Organization, Mrs. Raymond Brown.
Report of Congressional Chairman, Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw.
Report of Treasurer, Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid.
Report of State Committee, presented by the Secretary, Miss Alice Morgan Wright.
Address of State Chairman, Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse.
8 P. M.—Celebration mass meeting, Metropolitan Opera House. Chairman, Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse; Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, Governor Charles S. Whitman, Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, and Mrs. John Blair.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 21.

10 A. M.—Reading of minutes.
Reports of Campaign District Chairmen and Borough Chairmen.
Notice of proposed amendments to Constitution.
Final reports of Credentials Committee.
12 Noon—Primary for election of officers.
2 P. M.—Reports of Chairmen of sections.
Address by President National American Woman Suffrage Association and President International Woman Suffrage Association Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt.
5 P. M.—Financial conference.
8 P. M.—Woman Citizen Dinner at Hotel Biltmore in honor of Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse.

THURSDAY, NOV. 22.

10 A. M.—Reading of minutes.
Reports of standing committees.
Action on recommendations of State Committee.
Action on proposed amendments to the Constitution.
Unfinished business.
12 noon—Election of officers.
New business.

FRIDAY, NOV. 23.

At State headquarters, 303 Fifth Avenue, 10 A. M., meeting of State committees.

The dinner at the Hotel Biltmore is to be a strictly "Hooverized" affair, with the simplest of menus. Men supporters of the suffrage cause are to be admitted to the balconies in time to hear the speeches.

The Victory Meeting of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party will be held in the Metropolitan Opera House tonight. It is to be one of the principal events of the suffrage convention. Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, who urged New York voters to grant women the ballot at the last election, will be the principal speaker.

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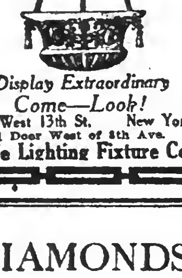

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URGES SUFFRAGE STUDY.

Lillian D. Wald Opposes Party Enrollment of Women.

Miss Lillian D. Wald of the Henry Street Settlement, who was one of the leaders in the fight for woman suffrage, is among those who believe that the newly enfranchised women should not enroll now as party members, but should rather devote themselves to gaining political knowledge and experience through study and observation, and work for purity and progress in government while remaining independent of any political organization.

"The responsibility of the women of the city is to make themselves fit for citizenship," said Miss Wald yesterday. "The position of women in New York today in a way is parallel to that of the recently enfranchised people of Russia, who have to learn how to use the powers which they have acquired. In asking for the vote women were not asking primarily for privileges, but for duties, and now they should assume those duties. In my opinion, they can do this best by remaining free for a time at least from political parties.

"It is the first business of women to learn the mechanics of politics, and to think solemnly and seriously of their civic responsibility. Women should begin their education in classes, meetings, and gatherings of all kinds and by reading. I hope they will not be satisfied politically with the cheap expedient or lure to voters because of offices given to women or patronage of any kind. We women do not want to hold offices because of our sex, or because of the power we can wield. We want men and women to be selected because of fitness, and we want every party to realize that wordy platforms are not enough. We want definite programs faithfully carried out."

WOMEN FIND A HURDLE.

Get No Naturalization Papers if Husband Is an Alien.

The number of women applying to the county Naturalization Bureau for citizenship papers has been increasing daily since the women of this State won the right to vote. The law says that a woman is the same nationality as her husband, and unless the husband is a citizen the wife cannot be one, and so she cannot vote. Some of those who called said that their husbands were born in other countries and never had been naturalized. They had tried to induce them to become citizens, but without avail.

When papers were refused to these women they were much distressed. One woman said that she had worked for suffrage for ten years, and now that the cause had won she could not vote because her husband was an alien. County Clerk Schneider suggested that the women should apply to Congress for an amendment to the law permitting women to take out their papers whether their husbands were citizens or not. He thought a woman, in view of the growth of woman suffrage in the country, should stand on an independent footing.

WOMEN DEMOCRATS' BALL.

Newly Elected City Officials to be Entertained at Terrace Garden.

Terrace Garden was engaged yesterday by the Woman's Democratic Club of New York City for the big ball which the women are to hold on January 8. Invitations are to be sent out to every member of the new City Government. The ball is to introduce the new Democratic women voters to the men of their party and the returns will go toward the erection of a big central headquarters for the Democratic women.

Mrs. John S. Crosby is the founder and Honorary President of the club and Mrs. Charles D. Hirst, President. The headquarters of the committee is at 104 West Forty-seventh Street.

Miss Faith Terry Wed in London.

The cable has brought the announcement of the wedding on last Saturday in London of Miss Faith Wadsworth Terry, a daughter of the late Dr. J. Wadsworth Terry, a well-known physician of Englewood, N. J., and Mrs. Josephine C. Wilder Terry, to William Patterson, son of the late Rev. James Patterson and Susan Patterson of Ancrum, Roxburghshire, Scotland. The wedding took place in the Church of Scotland. Mrs. Patterson and her sister went to England in June, 1914, to spend a year or so, and war breaking out shortly afterward they remained, and both finally engaged in Red Cross work.

LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements of Lost and Found articles may be found on Page 21.—Adv.

HENRY FLAGLER LEFT $75,000,000 ESTATE

Transfer Tax Report Shows He Spent $50,000,000 on Florida Enterprises.

HAD NO AUTO OR JEWELRY

Appraiser Reveals the Loss of a List of Personal Effects in Summer Home, Valued at $2,304.

Henry M. Flagler spent $50,000,000 on his Florida enterprises alone, and left an estate valued at at least $75,000,000 when he died on May 20, 1913. This, with many interesting facts regarding Mr. Flagler's early life and business career, were made known yesterday when Albert J. Berwin, transfer tax appraiser, filed his report on the value of Mr. Flagler's property subject to a tax in New York. The report reveals the fact that a list of the personal effects in Mr. Flagler's summer home at Orienta Point, Mamaroneck, appraised at $2,304, has been lost and it was accordingly impossible for Appraiser Berwin to determine whether this sum was the true valuation of property taxable here. He was compelled either to accept these figures or to refuse to sign the report.

Mr. Flagler's New York property, which includes only real estate and tangible property, was valued at $383,288. Of this amount $290,200 is the appraisal of his thirty-two acres of land at Orienta Point, where he usually spent his Summers. His stable at 21 West Fifty-fifth Street was worth $90,000, but the contents all belonged to his former coachman. He had no automobiles or jewelry, but owned three horses and several carriages worth $500. When he wanted to use a motor boat at Orienta Point he rented it. All his New York estate went to his widow, the late Mrs. Lily Flagler Bingham, as residuary legatee.

The question which caused Appraiser Berwin and Charles M. Travis, attorney for the State Controller, more or less concern was the failure of the Flagler estate representative to produce a list of furniture and other effects in the Orienta Point house appraised at $2,304 by Theodore Baellenhaussen. William H. Beardsley, President of the Florida East Coast Railway and one of the executors, said that the only reference to the value of the property appraised at $2,304 is in the list of assets filed in Florida, showing property at Orienta Point worth this sum. He said that this amount did not include paintings, silverware, glassware, bric-a-brac, books, ornaments, &c., which were not appraised.

Some Articles Excluded.

A letter from the late J. R. Parrott, one of the executors of the estate, to Baellenhaussen asking him to appraise the property, excluded the articles mentioned, but the reason was not shown. It was suggested that this property all belonged to Mrs. Flagler Bingham, and for that reason was excluded, but because of the death of Mrs. Bingham and also of Mr. Parrott the appraiser was not able to get information on this point. A new list could not be made because the house has been emptied of its contents, some of which were given to Mrs. Flagler and other articles distributed among legatees.

The appraiser was examined at length by Mr. Berwin in an effort to get some light on the question, and said that he had a list of the property but destroyed it some time ago.

"I was surprised that Mr. Flagler should have so unimportant a house for a man of his money,' the appraiser testified. "The furniture was mottled, and was superannuated and out of style. Nearly all of it was overstuffed furniture, and much of it was bought in 1882. Mr. Flagler had no antiques."

For the purpose of proving that Mr. Flagler was not a resident of New York, an affidavit was made by Mr. Beardsley containing facts concerning his life and business career, written from information given by Mr. Flagler to his pastor, the Rev. Dr. George Morgan Ward, of St. Augustine, for the purpose of an intimate personal history. The affidavit stated that Mr. Flagler's father was a Presbyterian minister at Hammondsport, N. Y., earning $300 a year at the time Mr. Flagler was born, and that the son was compelled to leave home at the age of 14, in 1844, to earn his living.

Clerk in Grocery Store.

Mr. Flagler obtained employment as a clerk in a grocery store at Republic, Ohio, and by saving his money was able to go into the grain business at Bellevue, Ohio, where he married.

John D. Rockefeller was then a commission merchant at Cleveland, and sold grain shipped to him by Mr. Flagler. The latter then went to Saginaw, Mich., to go into the salt business, but in three years left there penniless and in debt. He went to Cleveland to recoup his fortunes, and after going into the grain and produce business became interested in an oil refinery conducted by John D. and William Rockefeller and Samuel Andrews. This venture resulted in the formation of the Standard Oil Company in 1870. Mr. Flagler came to New York in 1882 and bought the house at 685 Fifth Avenue, which he sold in 1900, and in 1882 got his Orienta Point property.

The affidavit states that Mr. Flagler made his first trip to Florida in 1885, and spent most of his time there afterward. He built his residence, Kirkside, at St. Augustine in 1890, and lived there until 1901, when, after his remarriage, he built his mansion, Whitehall, at Palm Beach. He changed his residence back to St. Augustine in 1906, and it remained there.

His first enterprise in Florida was the Ponce de Leon Hotel, which he determined to build when he was compelled to stay at a small hotel on his first trip. He planned to spend $500,000, but the Ponce de Leon cost him $1,500,000. Other enterprises followed until he had invested $50,000,000. In spite of his vast properties his tax bill at St. Augustine for the last year of his life was only $3,000, based on an assessment of $75,000.

APPEAL FREES MRS. WILEY.

Mrs. Short, Also a Picket, Pays Fine and Is Released.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley, wife of the pure food expert, sentenced to the district jail last Friday for picketing the White House, was released on bond today pending appeal of her case.

Mrs. J. H. Short of Minneapolis, sent to the district workhouse at Occoquan, Va., last Wednesday for picketing, paid her fine today and was released.

A Son in Frank L. Dowling's Home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Dowling are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son on Sunday at their home, 410 West Twenty-fourth Street. Mr. Dowling is President of the Board of Aldermen and President-elect of the Borough of Manhattan.

Confer on Case of French Mothers.

A large assembly attended the conference held last night at the home of Mrs. Lyman B. Kendall, 520 Park Avenue, under the auspices of the Committee for the Care of French Mothers and Children.

Bishop Courtney presided, and the Rev. Dr. Henri Anet, a delegate of the Franco-Belgian Committee, gave an illustrated talk on conditions in the devastated regions of France and Belgium. There were also motion pictures showing the ravages of war.

Mrs. Roosevelt Knits at the Opera.

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt was a guest at the opera last night of Mr. and Mrs. Elon Huntington Hooker, in Box 25, in the parterre row. During the intermissions Mrs. Roosevelt knitted.

Preceding the opera Mr. and Mrs. Hooker entertained at dinner at their home, 907 Fifth Avenue, the guests including Colonel and Mrs. Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid, and Mr. and Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse.

MAJOR R. WEIL DIES AT CAMP WHEELER

New York Pathologist and Cancer Expert a Victim of Pneumonia at 41.

MACON, Ga., Nov. 19.—Major Richard Weil, chief of the medical staff of the base hospital at Camp Wheeler, near here, died today from pneumonia. Before the war he was Professor of Experimental Medicine in Cornell Medical College and a practicing physician in New York City. Mrs. Weil, who was a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Straus, victims of the Titanic disaster, came here when her husband was stricken eight days ago. The body was sent to New York tonight on a special car, accompanied by Mrs. Weil, her brother, Jesse Isidor Straus, and Dr. Walter Niles of New York.

Major Weil came here as chief of the medical service at the opening of Camp Wheeler, from Fort Benjamin Harrison, where he was a member of the Medical Officers' Training Corps. He was 41 years old.

Dr. Richard Weil was a prominent physician in this city before he joined the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps, in which he was commissioned a Captain at the outbreak of war. He was born here, and received his education at Columbia University, from which he was graduated in 1896, and the College of Physicians and Surgeons, where he completed his course in 1900. His interneship was made at the German Hospital here, after which he studied for two years in the Universities of Vienna and Leipsic.

Returning to this country late in 1903 he was appointed an instructor in experimental medicine at Cornell Medical College, becoming a full Professor several years later. He was the editor of The Cancer Research Journal, pathologist at the German Hospital, associate visiting physician at Mount Sinai Hospital, Assistant Director of Cancer Research at the General Memorial Hospital, and a member of the Board of Directors of the Loomis Laboratory.

Dr. Weil was a member of the County Medical Society, the Academy of Medicine, the New York Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the New York Pathological Society, the Association of American Physicians, the American Association of Pathologists and Bacteriologists, and the American Association for Cancer Research. His home in this city was at 1,000 Park Avenue.

Besides his wife, Dr. Weil is survived by two sons and a daughter.

ALFRED J. BLOOR DEAD.

Aged Architect Was a Founder of Metropolitan Art Museum.

STONINGTON, Conn., Nov. 19.—Alfred Janson Bloor, one of the founders and a life member of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York City, and an architect who designed many of New York's largest buildings a half century ago, died here today, aged 89 years.

Mr. Bloor was a member of the Willard Architectural Commission in 1886, of the American Numismatical Society, and of the one-time Royal Society of Portuguese Architects and Archaeologists. He was the author of "Woman's Work in the Civil War" and the translator of poems of many languages.

His home in New York was at 38 East Fifty-seventh Street for Winter seasons and at Cove Lawn, Stonington, in the Summer.

To Discuss Child Adoption.

The first annual meeting of the Child Adoption Committee of the Free Synagogue Social Service will be held this evening at the Synagogue House, 36 West Sixty-eighth Street. Mrs. Stephen S. Wise is Chairman of the committee. Problems of child adoption and the treatment of children in homes provided for them by philanthropic associations will be discussed by Dr. Henry Dwight Chapin, founder of the Speedwell Home; Dr. C. G. Kerley, and Mr. Brosnan. John Daniels, director of the Children's Home Bureau of the Department of Public Charities, has written to Mrs. Wise approving of the methods of her committee in caring for each individual child in the home at New Rochelle, the system of which is also approved by Dr. A. Jacobi.

Miss Mary P. Dascomb, Missionary.

WATERBURY, Conn., Nov. 19.—Word came here today of the death on Oct. 10, at Curityba, Brazil, of Miss Mary Parker Dascomb, an eminent Presbyterian missionary and teacher in Brazil for fifty years. She was a daughter of the late Professor James and Mrs. Mary Anna Dascomb of Oberlin College, the latter for eighteen years Principal of the Women's Department, and was herself a graduate of Oberlin in the class of 1860.

Obituary Notes.

HENRY C. DINGWELL, formerly a member of the firm of Dingwell Brothers, manufacturers of mineral waters in Brooklyn, died on Saturday at his home, 970 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 50 years. He was born in Millburn, Prince Edward Island.

Mrs. AMANDA C. FARRELL, wife of Lieutenant Arthur A. Farrell of Battery B, 105th United States Field Artillery, stationed at Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C., died at her home, 23 Elton Street, Brooklyn, on Saturday.

DAVID E. FLEMING, 84 years old, formerly Superintendent of the Nassau Gas Company in Brooklyn, died in the Cumberland Street Hospital on Sunday from injuries received when he was run over by an automobile three weeks ago. He was a member of Tyrian Lodge, 618, F. and A. M., and lived at 241 Ryerson Street, Brooklyn.

HENRY J. HAGEDORN, formerly for many years engineer for the Bredt Chemical Company at Union Course, L. I., died on Saturday at his home 130 Hendrix Street, Brooklyn, from pneumonia. He was 73 years old.

FREDERICK C. THOMPSON, employed in the office of the Commissioner of Jurors and formerly in the District Attorney's office in Manhattan, died on Saturday at his home, 127 Chauncey Street, Brooklyn, aged 35 years.

WILLIAM J. DEMPSEY, formerly for a quarter of a century chief engineer of the Kings County public buildings and prior to that chief engineer of the Kings County Penitentiary, died at his home, 275 Macon Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was born in Brooklyn sixty-seven years ago.

Mrs. AMY KNIGHT PARDESSUS, one of the founders of the First Church of Christ Scientist in Brooklyn and wife of Semon Pardessus, died at the home of her son, Ernest K. Dimock, 2,328 Morris Avenue, Fordham. She was born in Brooklyn sixty-four years ago and was the daughter of the late Nehemiah Knight, who was President of the South Brooklyn Savings Institution. Mrs. Pardessus was twice married, her first husband having been Joseph J. Dimock.

JOHN PICKERING, 32 years old, in the insurance business and a former resident of Brooklyn, where he was active in Democratic politics, died in St. John's Hospital, Yonkers, on Saturday.

WILLIAM HOLBURTON GEDNEY, real estate dealer of Mamaroneck, N. Y., died at his home there on Sunday, in his sixty-seventh year.

WILLIAM DAVIS, a retired cigar manufacturer of this city, died on Sunday at his home, 720 West 181st Street.

OSWALD M. ROPER, a retired restaurant proprietor, died yesterday at Bellevue Hospital, in his sixty-fourth year.

LEWIS DELMAR BEMAN, department manager of the New York office of the Pyrene Company, died suddenly on Sunday at his home, 540 West 189th Street. He was 55 years old.

Mrs. ELLEN CROWLEY, who would have reached her 101st birthday on Christmas Day, died in West Hartford, Conn., on Sunday.

JAMES C. KNOX, 71 years old, of 2,817 Bainbridge Avenue, Bronx, associated with the shoe firm of S. Waterbury of Brooklyn, died suddenly from heart disease in a barber's chair in the Hotel Manhattan yesterday.

JAMES WHITE, aged 78, a brother of Chief Justice White, died at a hospital in Washington on Saturday.

CHARLES HOLZHAUER, former President of the American Pharmacists' Association and President of the New Jersey Pharmacists' Association for many years, died suddenly yesterday at his home, Newark, N. J., in his seventieth year.

GEORGE HOLLISTER, a member of the New York Produce Exchange, and formerly in the grain and feed business at 90 Broad Street, died early yesterday at his home in Corning, N. Y., in his eighty-sixth year. Mr. Hollister was born in Windsor, Conn., in 1832.

Mrs. MARGARET MATTHEWS, wife of former Mayor William A. Matthews of Rockaway, N. J., died on Sunday at her home there. She was 71 years old.

WILLIAM SHIPMAN, a retired business man of Washington, N. J., died yesterday at his home in Washington Avenue, that place.

Mrs. ELIZABETH O'NEILL SPENCE, widow of David Spence and mother of the late Dr. Arnot Spence, and Peter C. Spence, died last night at her home, 70 West Seventy-first Street.

Mrs. AMBROSE P. SPENCER, who had been prominent in society in this city for the last sixty years, died on last Saturday in her apartment at the Brevoort Hotel, which she made her home. Mrs. Spencer, who was in her eighty-fourth year, was the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Edward N. Taller. She was born at 46 North Washington Square. She is survived by her son, J. Clinton Spencer.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

KATZMAN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Katzman, (nee Lily Garlick,) a daughter, Nov. 18, at Flower Hospital.

Engaged.

DOLINSKY—LIVINGSTON.—Miss Frances Livingston to Bernard Dolinsky.

Married.

PATTERSON—TERRY.—On Nov. 17, 1917, at the Church of Scotland, Pont St., London, England, William, son of the late Rev. James Patterson and Susan Patterson of Ancrum, Roxburghshire, Scotland, to Faith Wadsworth, daughter of the late J. Wadsworth Terry, M. D., and Josephine C. Wilder Terry of Englewood, N. J.

PEARLSTEIN—BERMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Mayer Berman announce the marriage of their daughter, May, to Mr. Charles S. Pearlstein of New York City at the Lexington on Sunday, Nov. 18, 1917, Rabbi M. Z. Finesilver and Dr. Moses Hyamson officiating.

URQUIDI—BINGHAM.—On Nov. 10, at Philadelphia, Beatrice Mary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Bingham of Nicaragua, to Juan F. Urquidi of Mexico City.

WILLIS—BARD.—On Nov. 17, at Calvary Church, Summit, N. J., by the Rev. Walker Gwynne, D. D., Miss Dorothy Bard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Bard, of Summit, N. J., to Lieutenant Edward Willis of Summit, N. J.

Died.

BEMAN.—Suddenly, Nov. 18, Lewis Delmar, age 55 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 540 West 189th St., Wednesday, 2 o'clock. Chicago papers please copy.

BIRD.—On Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, Walter Eugene Bird, in his 54th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 154 West 121st St., Wednesday evening, at 8:30.

BLOOR.—At Stonington, Conn., on Monday, Nov. 19, Alfred J. Bloor, in the 89th year of his age. Funeral private. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

BUDD.—On Nov. 19, John Frederick, in his 93d year, at his residence, 54 West 104th St. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.) Time later.

CRAWFORD.—Nov. 17, at the residence of her son, in Arlington, N. J., Sarah M., widow of the late Robert Crawford, in her 86th year. Funeral in Catskill, N. Y. Glasgow (Scotland) papers please copy.

CUMMINGS.—On Nov. 18, Annie Maude, in her 48th year. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, 66th St., Campbell Building, Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private.

CUMMINGS.—Nov. 17, 1917, Catherine C. Regan, beloved wife of James F. Cummings. Funeral Wednesday, 9:15 A. M., from her late residence, 25 Bradhurst Av., thence to St. Charles Borromeo Church, 141st St., near 7th Av., mass 10 o'clock. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery.

DOCHTERMANN.—Charles, aged 75, at Rocky Point, Nov. 18. Funeral Wednesday, 2 o'clock, at First German M. E. Church, 48 St. Mark's Place.

DONNELLY.—On Nov. 17, Patrick, beloved husband of the late Alice Donnelly, (nee McElroy,) and father of Francis, Sarah and Alice Donnelly. Funeral from his late residence, 497 East 162d, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 9:30 A. M. Mass of requiem at Church of St. Peter and St. Paul, at ten (10) A. M. Interment Calvary. Providence (R. I.) papers please copy.

FERRIS.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, 1917, Jennie M. Ferris, nee Wehrum, aged 38 years. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 1,199 Park Av., on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

FITCH.—Entered into life eternal, at New Haven, Conn., Saturday, Nov. 17, 1917, John Brewster Fitch, in the 59th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at Trinity Church, New Haven, on Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

FLOOD.—John Francis, at West Palm Beach, Fla., on Nov. 16, 1917, in his 58th year. Funeral from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Ernest Hartford, 445 Van Cortlandt Park Av., Yonkers, N. Y., Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 10 o'clock. Solemn requiem mass at St. Dennis Church, Van Cortlandt Park Av., corner Lawrence St., Yonkers. Interment St. Mary's Cemetery, Yonkers.

FREIFELD.—On Nov. 16, 1917, after a short illness, George Freifeld, beloved husband of Elise Freifeld. Funeral service in the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Temple, 23d St. and 6th Av., New York City, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 8 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

FREIFELD.—George. Platt Lodge, No. 194, F. and A. M., Brethren: You are hereby requested to attend funeral services of our late brother, Most Worshipful George Freifeld, Past Grand Master of Masons of the State of New York, and Honorary Member of Platt Lodge, to be held in the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, 46-50 West 24th St., Manhattan, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 20, 1917, at 8 o'clock.
Fraternally yours,
PHILIP WILSON, Master.
CHARLES MYERS, Secretary.

FREIFELD.—Masonic Club of the City of New York, 6th Av. and 23d St., New York City.—It is with deep regret that announcement is made to the members of the club of the death, on Nov. 17, 1917, of their late member, Most Worshipful George Freifeld, Past Grand Master of Masons in the State of New York. You are requested to attend the funeral services in the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, Tuesday evening, Nov. 20, at 8 o'clock.
WILLIAM H. MILLER, President.
WILFRED M. THOMPSON, Secretary.

FREIFELD.—George. Joseph Warren Lodge, No. 934, F. and A. M.—Brethren: You are hereby requested to attend funeral services of our late brother, Most Worshipful George Freifeld, Past Grand Master of Masons of the State of New York, and Honorary Member of Joseph Warren Lodge, to be held in the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, 46-50 West 24th St., Manhattan, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 20, 1917, at 8 o'clock. Fraternally yours,
MAX BARISH, Master.
SIMON B. ROSENFIELD, Secretary.

FREIFELD.—George. Chancellor Kent Lodge, No. 870, F. and A. M. Brethren: You are hereby requested to attend funeral services of our late brother, Most Worshipful George Freifeld, Past Grand Master of Masons of the State of New York, and Honorary Member of Chancellor Kent Lodge, to be held in the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, 46-50 West 24th St., Manhattan, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 20, 1917, at 8 o'clock. Fraternally yours,
S. J. GOLDBERG, Master.
I. M. BROWN, Secretary.

FREIFELD.—George. Paul Revere Lodge, 929, F. and A. M., Brethren: You are hereby requested to attend funeral services of our late brother, Most Worshipful George Freifeld, Past Grand Master of Masons of the State of New York, and Honorary Member of Paul Revere Lodge, to be held in the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, 46 to 50 West 24th St., Manhattan, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 20, 1917, at 8 o'clock.
Fraternally yours,
J. MOE COHEN, Master.
JOSEPH FEINBERG, Secretary.

FREIFELD.—Grand Lodge, F. and A. M., State of New York. The officers, permanent members, committee, and representatives of other Grand Lodges are requested to attend the obsequies of Most Worshipful George Freifeld, Past Grand Master, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 20, 8 o'clock, in Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, 23d St. and 6th Av., New York.
THOMAS PENNEY, Grand Master.
ROBERT JUDSON KENWORTHY, Grand Secretary.

GERRISH.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, in the 72d year of his age, William L., son of the late William L. and Virginia Russell Thornton Gerrish. Funeral services at the Church of the Incarnation, Madison Avenue and 35th St., on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

HILLMAN.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, Maurice Hillman, beloved husband of Tillie, (nee Waixel,) father of Harry and Sidney, in his 59th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 628 West 151st St., Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 10 A. M. Chicago papers please copy.

HOLLISTER.—George, suddenly, of apoplexy, in his 86th year. Funeral, Corning, New York, Tuesday, Nov. 20, 3 P. M.

HOLZHAUER.—Suddenly, at his home, 732 High St., Newark, N. J., on Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, Charles, husband of Louisa S. Holzhauer, in his 70th year. Funeral services will be held at the High St. Presbyterian Church, corner High and Court Sts., Newark, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 2:30 P. M.

HOWE.—John P., ex-Chief of Battalion, F. D., N. Y., on Saturday, Nov. 17, 1917. Funeral from his late residence, 60 East 93d St., Manhattan, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Francis de Sales's Church, 96th St. and Park Av. Interment Calvary.

JARECKI.—Hannah, daughter of the late Julius and Henrietta Jarecki, on Sunday, Nov. 18, 1917. Funeral services will be held at the home of her sister, Mrs. M. S. Pine, 131 Tuers Av., Jersey City, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 8 P. M.

JOHNSTON.—Monday, Nov. 19, Emma E. Holbrook, wife of Edward M. Johnston. Funeral services on Wednesday, Nov. 21, 2 P. M., from her late residence, 89 St. James Place, Brooklyn. Rockland Me., and Newburgh, N. Y., papers please copy.

JUNGBLUT.—Suddenly, on Nov. 17, 1917, Ella May Jungblut, (nee Williams,) Funeral services at 224 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn, Wednesday noon.

KEELER.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, 1917, Theodore, beloved husband of Minnie Yost Keeler. Funeral services from his late residence, 256 West 145th St., Tuesday, 20th inst., 8 P. M.

KNOCHE.—On Nov. 18, Godfrey Knoche, after a lingering illness, in the 66th year of his age. Funeral services Wednesday, Nov. 21, 11 A. M., at his residence, Palisade Road, Fort Lee, N. J.

KNOX.—On Nov. 19, 1917, James C. Knox, in the 70th year of his age. Services Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 8:30 P. M., at his late residence, 2,817 Bainbridge Av. Interment private.

Died.

LANGFELDER.—Brethren of Centennial Lodge 763, F. and M., are hereby requested to attend funeral of our late brother, Julius Langfelder, on Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock, at 61 East 86th St., by order Charles S. Brand, acting Master. HENRY LIPPMANN, Secy.

LEWIS.—Charles Silver, Jr., infant son of Charles F. and Ethel Evans Lewis, on Monday, Nov. 19, at 522 Monroe Av., Elizabeth, N. J.

McATAMNEY.—On Sunday, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McAtamney. Funeral private.

McGOVERN.—At her home, 7 Gulen Place, New Rochelle, N. Y., Nov. 18, 1917, Belle, daughter of Thomas and the late Ellen McGovern. Funeral at St. Gabriel's Church, New Rochelle, on Wednesday, at 10 A. M.

MEYER.—On Monday, Nov. 19, Charles F., of 1,548 Union St., Brooklyn, son of Ferdinand Meyer. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery, Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 10.30 A. M.

MUENDEL.—Suddenly, on Saturday, Nov. 17, at her residence, 210 West 107th St., New York City, Mrs. Rosa S. Muendel, widow of George Muendel and beloved mother of George F., Christina, and Mathilda Muendel. Funeral service at residence, Tuesday, 1 P. M.

PICKERING.—John, 77 Roadford St., Yonkers, Nov. 17, at St. John's Hospital, Yonkers, born 1885. Services will be held at his home Monday evening. Interment Evergreen Cemetery, Brooklyn, Tuesday, 10 A. M.

ROPER.—Oswald M. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway-66th St., (Frank Campbell's,) Wednesday, 10 o'clock.

SCANLON.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, John L., beloved son of Catherine Fox Scanlon and the late John P. Scanlon; brother of Joseph P. Scanlon and Mary Scanlon AuCoin. Funeral from his late residence, Athenia, N. J., Wednesday at 9 A. M., and from St. Paul's R. C. Church, Clifton, N. J., at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery, New York. Kindly omit flowers.

SCRYMSER.—Suddenly of heart failure, at Elizabeth, N. J., Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, Catherine Ferris, daughter of the late James and Ann Scrymser. Funeral private.

SMITH.—Elliott Robbins, at New York, on Nov. 19, 1917, son of the late Edward Henry and Elizabeth Carterer Smith of Smithtown, L. I. Funeral services at St. James's Church, St. James, L. I., on Thursday, Nov. 22, on arrival of train leaving Pennsylvania Station at 8 A. M.

SOLKY.—Edward A. Solky, beloved husband of Fannie, father of Jack E., and Harry A., Nov. 19. Funeral Wednesday, Nov. 21, 12:30 P. M., from 1,268 Grant Av., (167th St.,) Bronx.

SPENCE.—Elizabeth O'Neill, wife of the late David, mother of the late Dr. Arnot, Margaret, and Peter C. Spence, at 70 West 71st St., Nov. 19, 1917. Requiem mass Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Nov. 22, at 9:30 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

SPENCER.—On Saturday, Nov. 17, Mary Taller, widow of Ambrose P. Spencer and mother of J. Clinton Spencer. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Ascension, 5th Av. and 10th St., Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 10 o'clock.

STEIN.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, Pauline Bernhard, widow of Solomon Stein. Funeral private. Baltimore and Pittsburgh papers please copy.

TALCOTT.—The Society of Mayflower Descendants in the State of New York announces with regret the death, on Nov. 17, 1917, of Mary Kingsbury Talcott, a member by right of descent from William Bradford.
FREDERICK CHANDLER SEABURY, Governor.
ELIPHALET BRADFORD TERRY, Secretary.

WANIER.—Monday, Nov. 19, in his 74th year, Frank Wanier, beloved husband of Frances Wanier and father of Mrs. Edward A. Grenzbach and Mrs. Frederick N. Whitehorne. Services Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, at his late residence, 120 West 126th St.

WEIL.—On Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, at Camp Joseph Wheeler, Macon, Ga., Major Richard Weil, M. R. C., Chief of Medical Service of Base Hospital, beloved husband of Minnie Straus Weil, in the 41st year of his age.

WEINBERG.—In her 78th year, Dora, wife of the late Solomon Weinberg, beloved mother of Henrietta. Funeral Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock from her late residence, 53 West 114th St.

WEINSTEIN.—Abraham, 547 West 147th St., on Nov. 20. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WESLEY.—Louis. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank Campbell's,) Tuesday, 2 o'clock.

WORCESTER.—Suddenly, at New York City, Nov. 18, 1917, George Henry Worcester, son of the late Edwin D. and Mary L. Worcester, in the 61st year of his age. Funeral services at 10 o'clock, Tuesday morning, 20th instant, at 150 West 59th St. Interment at Albany.

AYLES.—Edith M., 58 West 104th St., Nov. 17. Funeral private.
BALTES.—Louis, 532 East 150th St., Nov. 17.
BANNON.—Joseph, 7 Oak St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
SINGENHEIMER.—Theodore, 478 West 159th St., Nov. 18. Funeral service today.
BRAZIL.—Amelia C., 1,548 Avenue A, Nov. 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
CAIN.—James J., Nov. 18. Funeral 223 8th Av.
CAREY.—Charles F., 1,169 Clay Av., Bronx, Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
CLEARY.—Dora, 383 East 138th St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
CONNORS.—Thomas, 165 East 54th St., Nov. 17. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
COUGHLIN.—Julia, 118 East 89th St., Nov. 18.
DEIGAN.—Joseph P., 695 East 137th St., Nov. 17. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
DEMPSEY.—William G., 338 East 19th St., Nov. 17. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
FULTON.—John E., 508 West 178th St., Nov. 18. Funeral private.
HURLOCK.—William J., 446 East 186th St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
JONES.—Anna, 465 East 139th St., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
KERTZ.—Arthur, 403 3d Av., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.
LABLOTIER.—George, Dongan Hills, S. I., Nov. 18, aged 28. Funeral tomorrow, 10:30 A. M.
LEE.—William B., 301 West 150th St., Nov. 17, aged 5.
LUBY.—Elizabeth, 69 East 93d St., Nov. 18.
McCARTHY.—William J., 345 St. Ann's Av., Bronx, Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow.
McDONALD.—Catherine, 331 East 88th St., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
MARSCHEUSER.—Mary, St. Francis Hospital, Nov. 18.
MURPHY.—Hannah, 149 West 62d St., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
NORTHERMAN.—Clara, Nov. 17. Funeral 1,906 Bathgate Av., Bronx.
QUIGLEY.—Anna, 215 West 148th St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
TIERNAN.—John J., Nov. 17, aged 53. Funeral 206 West 30th St., today, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BAHLER.—Louisa, 448 Monroe St., Nov. 18, aged 75. Funeral service today.
BEATTY.—Sarah A., 497 Prospect Place, Nov. 18, aged 60.
BERNIUS.—Catherine, 183 West 9th St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
BROWN.—Alfred H., 182 Fort Greene Place, Nov. 17.
CANAVAN.—James, 51 Butler St., Nov. 19. Funeral Nov. 22, 9 A. M.
CARLSON.—John F., St. Mary's Hospital, Nov. 18, aged 57. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
CHAMBERS.—Rachel, 776 Hoyt St., Nov. 17, aged 32. Funeral tomorrow.
CHICKLEY.—John, 307 Devoe St., Nov. 18, aged 53. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.
CONNOLLY.—Elizabeth, 311 39th St., Nov. 18, aged 45. Funeral Nov. 22.
CONNOLLY.—Mary J., 321 Park Place, Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
COUGHLIN.—William, 711 Henry St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
CREIGHTON.—Sarah A., 496 Logan St., Nov. 18.
DEMPSEY.—William J., 275 Macon St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9.30 A. M.
DRAPER.—Alice M., 345 Chauncey St., Nov. 19.
ENGLAND.—Mary S., 134 Schaeffer St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
FOY.—Elizabeth G., 203 Kosciusko St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
HEINEN.—Annie M., 440 Bainbridge St., Nov. 18. Funeral service today.
HENNESSY.—Mary E., 714 Lincoln Place, Nov. 17. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
HOPNER.—Lewis, Jr., 395 4th St., Nov. 17. Funeral service today.
JENSEN.—Gerda, 33 2d Place, Nov. 17, aged 5.
JOHNSTON.—Emma E., 89th St. James's Place, Nov. 19. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
JONES.—Mary, 1,630 8th Av., Nov. 17. Funeral today.
JOYCE.—Thomas H., 562 Carlton Av., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
KELLETT.—Annie, 189 Eagle St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
KLAVENESS.—Susanna, M. E. Hospital, Nov. 18, aged 69.
KYLE.—Howard, 882 East 37th St., Nov. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
LAVERY.—Kate, 336 Prospect Av., Nov. 18, aged 52. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
McCONNELL.—David, 1,056 Pacific St., Nov. 17. Funeral tomorrow.
McGINLEY.—Margaret, 430 Flushing Av., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
McKEOWN.—Lawrence T., 951 18th St., Nov. 18, aged 40. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
MEAD.—Mary, 505 Baltic St., Nov. 18, aged 40. Funeral today.
MOIR.—Jessie, 494 Gates Av., Nov. 18, aged 23. Funeral Nov. 22, 2 P. M.
MORTON.—William H., 2,411 Madison St., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
NUNZEGER.—Frances E., 746 Classon Av., Nov. 18, aged 75. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
O'CONNELL.—William, 245 Harmon St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
SMITH.—Lavinia H., 788 Lexington Av., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
TOWEY.—Mary E., 89 Wyckoff St., Nov. 17. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
TUOHEY.—Joseph A., 895 Lincoln Road, Nov. 17, aged 54. Funeral today.
WARREN.—John, 924 Knickerbocker Av., Nov. 17, aged 13. Funeral today.
WIGGINS.—Albert R., Sr., 416 Chauncey St., Nov. 19, aged 67. Funeral tomorrow.
WILBERT.—Hugo, 583 Evergreen Av., Nov. 17, aged 29. Funeral service today.
WILFERT.—Margaret, 336 Chauncey St., Nov. 17.
WOLF.—Adam, 731 Chauncey St., Nov. 17, aged 82. Funeral today.

Jersey City.

CORRIGAN.—John P., 177 3d St., Nov. 17. Funeral today, 8 A. M.

Died.

COX.—John, 59 Brunswick St., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
DOLAN.—Peter J., 90 Fulton Av., Nov. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 8 A. M.
HATFIELD.—George C., 203 Whiton St., Nov. 19. Funeral tomorrow.
KILMURRAY.—Lillian, 17 Henry St., Nov. 18. Funeral notice later.
NOONAN.—Garrett, 178 Pavonia Av., Nov. 18. Funeral notice later.
READY.—Mary E., 203 Harrison Av., Nov. 17. Funeral private.

Long Island.

HAGEMEYER.—Fred W., Woodhaven, Nov. 18. Funeral Nov. 22.
HALBERT.—Mary, Ozone Park, Nov. 18, aged 66. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
MARTIN.—Annie, Corona, Nov. 18. Funeral today.
PEARSALL.—Charles, Hewlett, Nov. 19. Funeral tomorrow, 3:15 P. M.

In Memoriam.

McCAMMON.—In loving, tender and constant memory, Leora, dearly beloved child of Ida Leora (McCammon) Olmstead, Nov. 20.

OAKLEY.—In memory of Sarah Oakley, who departed this life on the evening of Nov. 20, 1912.

In Memoriam.

PERLOWITZ.—In sad and loving memory of Goldie Perlowitz, who departed this life, Nov. 20, 1915.
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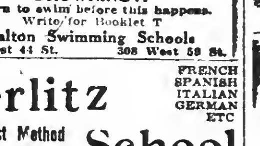

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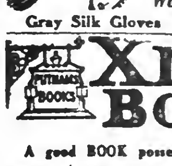

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Rails Rise Sharply Near End of Dull Session—Steel Moves Up.

While dullness was the chief feature of yesterday's session of the stock market trading at times took on a quality to attract much attention. On the whole, the result of dealings was distinctly favorable, seeming to reflect a more cheerful sentiment among holders of railway shares in respect to the pending freight rate decision, and certainly reflecting a marked scarcity of stocks in the late afternoon. Between 2:30 and 3 o'clock, the leading rails advanced from 1 to more than 2 points under active bidding, while Steel lead the industrial group with a run forward of 3⅛ points, from 92 to 95⅛.

The demand for stocks toward the close created considerable surprise in some quarters of the Street where the marked weakness of certain high-grade railroad issues earlier in the day had been a matter of concern. Pennsylvania and Delaware & Hudson in the morning hours sold down to their lowest levels in a generation. The latter crumpled up a distance of 6½ points after short covering had lifted it 2 points from the opening price. When the general movement upward gathered force, these stocks profited to a substantial degree, especially Pennsylvania, with a net gain of a half point for the day.

It was quite possible that the stock market reaped yesterday something of a benefit from the quiet which has prevailed for several market sessions. Short selling dried up notably after the Governors of the Exchange last week made more emphatic their intention to curb operations on the destructive side of market values. Being disinclined to get on record as short sellers, it may have been the case that the period of dullness and steady prices gave the traders a fresh outlook, of a sort to stimulate them in an effort to seize a profit on the long side. There was nothing in the bulge, of course, to indicate its quality, whether transient or liable to extension in the next few days.

The new Government bonds, particularly the 4s, reflected again conversion by holders into cash without any too much regard for values. The 4s sold down as low as 97, a decline of 1.24 points from the maximum quotation of the day. Selling pressure was not pronounced in the 3½s, although they suffered a recession of more than a quarter point. The 4s rebounded quickly from the minimum, and the upward bidding which occurred late in the day comprised blocks large enough to indicate some concerted buying, presumably from banking quarters. The movement did not attract any especial attention in the Street, as it had been considered inevitable when the great loan was distributed that there would be subscribers who would quickly sell out. The market has been suffering from a growing supply of bonds in excess of the demand.

Call money rose to 5 per cent., with most loans placed at 4 per cent. The stiffening process evidently indicated that the Money Committee, with the Liberty Loan well out of the way, was showing a disposition to let the money market look after itself to a greater extent than for several weeks. Italian exchange dropped to a new low record, with the lire at a discount of about 40 per cent. French exchange continued the strength displayed last week.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, NOV. 19, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	406,215	2,135,360	328,009
Year to date	167,145,596	192,655,767	157,033,509

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
40½	55	300	Ajax Rubber	50	50	50	50	...
2¾	3	300	Alaska Gold Mines	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞	...
2½	2⅝	200	Alaska Juneau	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
17¼	17⅜	400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	17⅛	17⅜	17	17¼	+ ¼
69	70	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	70	70	70	70	...
75	77	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	75	75	75	75	— ¼
91	95	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	92	92	92	92	+ ½
71¼	72	600	Am. Beet Sugar	71⅜	71⅞	71¼	71⅞	+1⅛
33⅞	34	5,500	Am. Can	33¾	34	33⅞	34	+1
92	97	100	Am. Can pf	94	94	94	94	...
63½	64	900	Am. Car & Fdry	63½	63½	63	63½	— ¾
80	85	100	Am. Express	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	+ ⅝
12¾	13¼	100	Am. H. & Leather	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	+ ⅝
53¼	56	200	Am. H. & L. pf	53	53¼	53	53¼	+1⅝
54	54¾	500	Am. International	54	54	54	54	+ ⅛
25	25¼	1,500	Am. Linseed	24¾	25¼	24½	25	+ ⅜
68½	69	900	Am. Linseed pf	69	69	68⅜	68¾	+ ¼
52½	52¾	2,250	Am. Locomotive	52½	52¾	52	52¾	+1¼
10¼	11	100	Am. Malting	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
52	54	10	Am. Malting 1st pf	52½	52½	52½	52½	...
73	73¼	4,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	72¾	73¼	72½	73¼	+1⅛
100	101	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	100½	100½	100½	100½	+1⅜
90	102	100	Am. Snuff	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	— ⅛
53	53½	1,900	Am. Steel F'dries	53⅛	53¾	52½	53¾	+ ¾
93	95	100	Am. Sugar Ref	93½	93½	93½	93½	+ ⅝
107	100	300	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	108	108	108	108	— ½
52½	53	100	Am. Sumatra Tob	52½	52½	52½	52½	...
107½	108¼	2,100	Am. Tel. & Tel	106⅞	108¾	106½	108¾	+1¼
168	171	20	Am. Tobacco	168½	170¼	168½	170¼	+1¼
41	42	100	Am. Woolen	41½	41½	41½	41½	+ ¾
87	89¾	10	Am. Woolen pf	87	87	87	87	...
11¾	12	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	— ¾
40	42	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	42	42	42	42	...
56¼	56⅜	6,000	Anaconda Copper	55¾	56⅜	55⅝	56⅜	+1⅛
85½	86	1,500	Atch., Top. & S. F	84	85⅝	84	85⅝	+1⅝
83½	85	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	84	84	84	84	— ¾
97	98	1,900	At., Gulf & West I	97½	97⅞	96½	97⅞	+ ⅛
59	61	100	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	60½	60½	60½	60½	+1½
58	58¼	10,050	Baldwin Loco	57¾	58¾	57	58¼	+1⅝
51⅝	52	2,100	Baltimore & Ohio	51	51¾	51	51¾	+1½
60	61	400	Baltimore & O. pf	60	60⅝	60	60⅝	+ ⅛
79½	79¾	20,200	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c	79½	79¾	78⅝	79¾	+1⅝
97⅞	98½	1,300	Beth. S. pf.sub.r.t.c	98	98	97⅞	98	+ ¼
43	44½	1,700	Bklyn Rapid Tran	45	45	43⅝	43⅝	+ ⅝
111	111½	2,300	Burns Brothers	111	111¼	109	111¼	+2
16½	16¾	100	Butte & Superior	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅜
63	67	100	Calumet & Arizona	65	65	65	65	+1¼
133	133¼	9,500	Canadian Pacific	132⅛	134	130⅞	133½	+2
62½	62¾	3,500	Central Leather Co	61¾	62⅝	61¾	62½	+1⅛
97	99	100	Central Leather pf	98	98	98	98	...
30½	32	600	Cerro de Pasco	32	32	32	32	+ ½
62	62½	200	Chandler Motor	62½	62½	62½	62½	+1½
47¾	48½	2,700	Chesapeake & Ohio	47	48	46½	48	+1
19⅞	20¼	200	Chi. Great West. pf	19¾	20	19¾	20	...
38	38½	2,100	Chi., Mil. & St. P	37¼	38½	37¼	38½	+1½
75	76	1,200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	75	75¼	75	75	+ ½
95	96	100	Chi. & Northwest'n	95	95	95	95	+ ½
18⅝	18¾	2,600	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c	18	18⅝	17¾	18⅝	+ ¾
50	50¾	1,100	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c	50	50	49	50	+ ½
40½	41	900	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c	40	40½	39½	40½	+ ¾
13¾	14	1,350	Chile Copper	13¾	14	13⅝	13¾	+ ¼
38¾	39½	500	Chino Copper	39	39	39	39	+ ¾
26	30	200	Clev., C., C. & St.L	26¼	26½	26¼	26½	+1½
46	50	100	Cluett, Peabody	46½	46½	46½	46½	+1½
29	30¼	1,300	Columb. Gas & El	29	30⅝	28⅞	29	+ ⅛
82	83	1,200	Consolidated Gas	82½	82½	82	82	— ½
27⅝	27⅞	11,300	Corn Products Ref	26⅞	27¾	26⅞	27¾	+1⅞
90¼	91	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	90	90⅝	90	90⅝	+ ⅝
53¾	54	2,500	Crucible Steel	53½	54	53¼	53⅞	+1
26¾	27¼	2,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	27	27½	27	27¼	+1¼
77	77⅛	1,100	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	77	77⅛	77	77⅛	+ ⅛
89¼	90	14,900	Del. & Hudson	91½	93½	87	89⅞	—1⅛
34¼	34½	1,500	Distillers' Secur	33½	34	33¼	34	+1⅜
6½	6¾	100	Dome Mines	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
5	8	100	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	5½	5½	5½	5½	...
14¾	15	15,400	Erie	14	14⅞	14	14⅞	+ ⅞
22½	23½	1,100	Erie 1st pf	21½	22½	21¼	22½	+1
17½	18¼	200	Erie 2d pf	16½	17	16½	17	+ ½
32	34	300	General Cigar	30¼	31	30¼	31	+ ⅞
129	129¼	500	General Electric	129	130	128¾	129	+ ½
89¼	89¾	9,700	General Motors	88	89¾	88	89¼	+1¾
73½	75½	200	General Motors pf	73⅝	73¾	73¾	73¾	—1¾
34⅝	35⅝	1,600	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	34	34⅝	34	34⅝	+ ⅝
95	100	100	Goodrich pf	98	98	98	98	— ½
95	100	50	Do., odd lot	97½	97½	97½	97½	...
63	66	100	Granby Consol	65½	65½	65½	65½	—1½
92	92¼	1,300	Great Northern pf	90½	92	89⅞	92	+1⅛
24⅞	25	600	G. N. ctfs. for o. p	24⅞	25	24½	25	+ ½
82	85	400	Gulf States Steel	82½	84	82½	84	+2⅜
28¼	30	300	Haskell & Barker	29	29⅞	29	29⅞	+1⅛
41⅞	42	2,200	Inspiration Copper	41	42	41	42	+1⅛
6½	7	400	Interboro Consol	6½	6½	6½	6½	+ ⅛
44½	44⅝	100	Interboro Con. pf	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	+1
29	33	100	Int. Agricultural pf	30	30	30	30	+3⅞
24¾	25	1,800	Int. Mer. Marine	25	25¼	24⅝	25	+ ⅛
93⅝	93⅞	24,700	Int. Mer. Marine pf	93¾	94	92½	93⅝	+1
26	26⅛	1,800	Int. Nickel	25½	26⅛	25⅛	26⅛	+ ⅞
20½	21	100	Int. Paper	20½	20½	20½	20½	+ ½
53½	54	100	Int. Paper pf. sta	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	— ¾
15½	16	400	Kansas City South	16	16	15¾	15¾	+ ⅜
31¾	32	3,900	Kennecott Copper	31	32	30⅞	32	+1¼
75¾	77	1,800	Lackawanna Steel	73⅞	76	73¾	76	+2¾
8½	9¾	200	Lake Erie & West	9	9	9	9	+ ¼
11	11½	100	Lee Rubber & Tire	11	11	11	11	+ ⅜
54	55	900	Lehigh Valley	51⅞	54⅞	51⅞	54⅞	+3⅜
99	100	300	Liggett & Myers pf	100	100	100	100	...
113½	115	200	Louis. & Nash	113	113⅝	113	113⅝	+1⅝
69½	70¼	200	Mackay Cos	70⅛	70⅛	70	70	—1
22½	24	200	Maxwell Motors	24⅜	24⅜	24	24	— ⅛
51⅛	52	400	Max. Motors 1st pf	50⅛	51⅛	50⅛	51⅛	+ ⅛
14¼	15	200	Max. Motors 2d pf	14	14⅞	14	14⅞	+1⅜
75½	76⅝	800	Mexican Petroleum	74¾	76	74¾	76	+1½
27¼	27½	100	Miami Copper	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	+ ¼
43⅜	43½	2,200	Midvale Steel	43⅜	43⅝	42¾	43⅜	+ ⅜
9¾	11	100	Minn. & St. L. new	10	10	10	10	+ ¼
84	84½	400	M., St. P. & S. S. M	82	84	82	84	+4
22⅝	23	2,300	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs	22	23	21¾	23	+1¼
39½	40	2,200	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs	38	40	38	40	+2
65	66	200	Montana Power	65	65⅞	65	65⅞	+ ⅞
25	26	100	Nat. Acme	25½	25½	25½	25½	...
78	82	300	Nat. Biscuit Co	80	80	79⅞	80	— ⅞
104¼	107½	100	Nat. Bis. Co. pf	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	—3
56½	60	100	Nat. Cloak & Suit	57	57	57	57	+ ¼
22	22½	800	Nat. Cond. & Cable	22	22	22	22	+ ⅛
36⅞	37	900	Nat. Enam. & St	37	37⅜	36⅞	37	+ ⅛
43	44	200	Nat. Lead	43	43	42¾	42¾	+ ¾
16⅝	16¾	400	Nevada Con. Cop	16¾	17	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅜
108	108¼	900	N. Y. Air Brake	105	108½	105	108½	+3½
70¼	70¾	4,300	N. Y. Central	68¾	70¾	68½	70½	+2⅛
12	15	100	N. Y. Dock	13½	13½	13½	13½	—1
25½	26½	3,800	N. Y., N. H. & H	25¼	25¾	24¼	25¾	+ ¾
19	19¼	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	19	19	19	19	+ ¼
103	103½	700	Norfolk & Western	102	103	102	103	+1
85½	87	1,500	Northern Pacific	84½	86¼	84	86¼	+2¼
35¾	36	1,800	Ohio Cities Gas	34½	36	34½	36	+1⅝
4	4½	100	Ontario Mining	4	4	4	4	...
67	69	1,100	Owens Bottle Mach	70	70	62½	66	—14
47½	47¾	5,900	Penn. R. R	47⅜	47¾	46½	47¾	+ ½
38¼	38½	600	People's Gas, Chi	38⅛	38½	38	38¼	+ ¼
26⅛	27	400	Philadelphia Co	26	26¾	26	26¾	+1¾
42¾	43	2,200	Pittsburgh Coal	41	42½	41	42½	+1⅝
77	78	200	Pitts. Coal pf	77	77	77	77	+ ⅛
22	23¼	700	Pitts. & West Va	21½	22	21½	22	+ ⅝
55	56	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	55	55	55	55	+1¼
90	100	45	Pressed Steel C. pf	90	90	90	90	...
128	129	800	Pullman Co	130	130	128½	129	+ ¼
21¾	22	1,700	Ray Con. Copper	21¾	22	21¾	21⅞	+ ⅛
70⅞	71	19,400	Reading	68¼	71	67	70⅞	+3⅛
72¾	73	2,900	Rep. Iron & Steel	70⅝	72¾	70⅝	72¾	+2½
90	95	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf	94½	94½	94	94	...
68	69¼	4,200	Royal Dutch t r	67½	69⅝	67½	69	+2
14¾	15	200	St. Louis-San Fran	14¼	14½	14¼	14½	+ ¼
24	29	300	St. L.-San Fran. pf	26	26	26	26	+ ¼
9	9¼	100	Seaboard Air Line	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	+ ¾
140½	142	1,300	Sears, Roeb. & Co	139⅞	140¼	139⅞	140	...
19½	19¾	300	Shattuck-Arizona	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅜
29⅝	30	1,300	Sinclair Oil & Ref	29¼	29⅞	29¼	29⅞	+ ⅞
35	37	300	Sloss-S. Steel & I	35	35	35	35	+ ¼
82¼	82½	1,500	Southern Pacific	81½	82½	81½	82½	+1½
24¾	25	4,000	Southern Railway	24	25	23¾	24¾	+ ¾
56½	57	100	Southern Ry. pf	56½	56½	56½	56½	...
39⅝	39¾	3,200	Studebaker Co	40	40⅝	39⅛	39¾	+ ¼
33	34	300	Superior Steel	33½	33½	33¼	33¼	+ ¼
139½	140	1,700	Texas Co	137	140	137	140	+2¾
13	14½	400	Texas & Pacific	12½	12½	12½	12½	+ ½
165	180	100	Tidewater Oil	170	170	170	170	—5
16	17	100	Third Avenue	16	16	16	16	— ½
44¾	45½	200	Tobacco Products	45	45¼	45	45¼	+1⅛
88	91	100	Tobacco Prod. pf	90	90	90	90	+1
71	73	100	Twin City R. T	73	73	73	73	—1⅞
112½	113	200	Underw. Typew. pf	113	113	112¾	112¾	—1¼
116¼	117	4,800	Union Pacific	113	116¼	112½	116¼	+3½
71	74¾	100	Union Pacific pf	74½	74½	74½	74½	+1
117	124	400	United Fruit	117	117¼	116½	117¼	+1¼
11⅛	11⅝	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
103	105	2,000	U. S. Indus. Alco	102	104	101½	104	+2¾
50¼	50½	1,000	U. S. Rubber	49¼	50½	49¼	50½	+1¼
95	104	500	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	95	95	95	95	...
95	95⅛	96,800	U. S. Steel	92¼	95⅛	92	95⅛	+3¼
107¾	108½	300	U. S. Steel pf	108⅛	108⅛	107⅞	108	+ ½
75½	75⅞	1,000	Utah Copper	75¼	75½	74¾	75½	+1
30¾	31	400	Va.-Car. Chemical	29⅞	30⅞	29⅞	30⅞	+2
7½	8	1,200	Wabash	8	8	7½	7½	— ⅛
40¾	41	1,100	Wabash pf. A	40¼	41	39¾	41	+1
21	21½	700	Wabash pf. B	20½	21½	20	21½	+1
75	79	100	Wells Fargo Exp	75¼	75¼	75¼	75¼	— ¾
13	13½	900	Western Maryland	12⅞	13¼	12⅞	13	+ ½
81½	82½	200	Western Union Tel	82	82	82	82	...
37⅝	37⅞	2,700	Westingh. E. & M	37½	38	37¼	37¾	+ ¼
45	46	200	Wilson & Co	46	46	46	46	+1
17¾	17⅞	3,300	Willys-Overland	17½	18	17¼	17¾	+ ¼
68	70	100	Willys-Overland pf	69½	69½	69½	69½	+ ½
108	112	200	Woolw., (F.W.) Co	110	110	110	110	+ ⅞

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	57.27	57.04	58.22	+1.12
25 industrials	69.52	68.51	69.33	+ .92
50 stocks	63.89	62.77	63.77	+1.02

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 19	63.89	62.77	63.77	+1.02
Nov. 17	62.94	62.43	62.75	+ .66
Nov. 16	62.48	61.74	62.09	— .04
Nov. 15	62.43	61.69	62.13	+ .04
Nov. 14	62.73	61.64	62.09	— .80
Nov. 13	63.47	62.47	62.89	— .36
Nov. 12	64.04	62.96	63.25	+ .47

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Nov.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
1917	66.05	Nov. 1	60.42	Nov. 8	63.77
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	97.77	Nov. 1	97.??
1915	93.51	Nov. 1	85.76	Nov. 10	90.39
1914	Exchange closed.				
1913	67.80	Nov. 1	65.50	Nov. 10	66.51
1912	84.12	Nov. 7	81.10	Nov. 12	82.37
1911	78.98	Nov. 24	74.14	Nov. 1	77.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Sept.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1917	90.46	Jan. 4	60.42	Nov. 8	63.77
†1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Sept. 22	100.76
Full Years.					
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80	Jan. 31	67.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.06
1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Nov. 19	76.73	—.17	Nov. 10	77.40	—.03
Nov. 17	76.72	—.17	Nov. 9	77.43	—.03
Nov. 16	76.89	—.16	Nov. 8	77.46	—.33
Nov. 15	77.05	—.06	Nov. 7	77.79	—.05
Nov. 14	77.11	—.20	Nov. 6	Holiday.	
Nov. 13	77.31	—.09	Nov. 5	77.84	—.37
Nov. 12	77.40	—	Nov. 3	78.21	—.15

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Sept.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1917	88.48	Jan. 26	76.72	Nov. 17	76.73
†1916	89.03	Nov. 20	86.19	Apr. 23	89.03
Full Years.					
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 23	88.64
1915	87.62	Nov. 24	81.51	Jan. 2	86.07
1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Call Money Up to 5 Per Cent.

Although the opening and renewal rate for call money yesterday was 4 per cent., some transactions were put through at 5, which was the closing quotation. The low for the day was 3¾. In view of the fact that all through the period of financing the Liberty Loan the rate had not advanced beyond 4 per cent., yesterday's rise to 5 per cent. attracted some attention. Inquiry developed the fact that the Money Committee which had organized a "pool" and had been lending money freely to aid in the flotation of the war loan was no longer disposed to put out funds in as large volume as heretofore. It is understood that the committee has taken the stand that it has completed its work for the time being now that the Liberty Loan payments have been virtually disposed of, and that the time has arrived for the money market to take care of itself, which they say it can easily do as there does not appear to be any special demand for funds. The Money Committee has not been dissolved, and will stand ready to render service should conditions arise which would require special attention, but in the absence of any unusual developments, the so-called "pool" will no longer be resorted to for the present. It has been estimated that approximately $125,000,000 of the $200,000,000 made immediately available has been used thus far.

Purchases by Norwegian Banks.

Banks with foreign connections report the receipt of orders for the purchase of United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland 5½ per cent. bonds for the account of Norwegian institutions maintaining balances here. In some quarters it was thought that these orders were significant politically as showing Norway's sentiments as far as the Allies were concerned.

Cotton Still Soars.

Thirty-cent cotton became by so much nearer reality on the New York market yesterday that the official quotation for spot cotton for the day was over the mystic figure, at 30.10, although no sales were made at this record price. Prices of futures, however, continued their climb toward the same mark, making new high records for the season all down the list. The most significant feature was the great strength of the market on the very day that sees the imposition of drastic Governmental restrictions on British consumption of American cotton, while the ocean tonnage situation is still so bad that it appears doubtful if the British consumers can get even their limited allotment for some time to come. Yet despite this the South is hanging stubbornly on to its cotton, while the local transportation situation is complicating matters for even American consumers.

Stocks Bid Up With Speed.

Comment of brokers as they left the floor of the Stock Exchange yesterday at the close of business indicated a rather general belief that the market, for the time at least, stood in an "oversold" condition. The advance scored in the final half hour of business was impressive. As far as could be learned, there was no particular item of good news to stimulate buying. The quick gains under moderate trading, however, showed that factors of considerable importance were inciting the buying. Railroad stocks which had displayed weakness earlier in the day became conspicuous for their strength. The ticker showed beyond question that when bidders went after stocks the stocks were not there at the prices the bidders had expected.

Owens Bottle Shares Drop.

An extraordinary event of the day in stocks was the precipitate decline of 17½ points gross and 14 points net in Owens Bottle Machine. A rumor in brokerage offices had it that the shares were disposed of in closing out a loan, but whatever the reason for the sale of 1,100 shares the market showed its poor quality for receiving a specialty like this. Nothing was the matter with the company's earnings, nor with the attitude of numerous investors who have held the shares for a long time. The market was unable to absorb a thousand and more shares of a stock which has a big day normally with transactions of half that amount.

The Kennecott-Utah Copper Merger.

The fact that the Kennecott Copper Company, which is already understood to own close to 40 per cent. of the capital stock of the Utah Copper Company, has been, from indications, steadily buying more at favorable points of the market, has given rise to renewed talk of the possibility of Kennecott's acquiring control. This point was raised at the annual meeting of the Kennecott company last May, the explanation then being given that the Directors considered Utah Copper "an excellent investment," but were not looking for control, being entirely satisfied with that company's existing management and prospects. A financial news agency yesterday issued a statement from a Director to the same general effect, remarking upon the "cordial co-operation" between the two companies.

The Liverpool Freight Rates.

The British and American Governments have not yet taken the enormous premiums being bid for space for cotton to Liverpool under regulation, largely for the reason that there is nothing to regulate. The bids of $8 and up for 100 pounds, so far as can be discovered, are bids and nothing more, for the simple reason that there is no tonnage to be had at any price. In the circumstances the authorities, having plenty of troubles with actual rates, and with apportioning such tonnage as they have, are letting the bidding go on.

Ocean Transport Profiteers.

The authorities are finding most of their trouble, in regulating freight rates, with the course taken not only by neutral shipowners but by American owners, whose number is happily small, who are charging "what the traffic will bear" on ships which they operate themselves. The Shipping Board has broad powers and is using them, in some cases, daringly, but while it has charter rates and rates on chartered tonnage pretty well in hand with its requisition club, it has not yet found a way to reach these gentry effectively. The British method has been to lie in wait for them with the excess-profits tax, which is much more severe on the other side of the ocean. In striking contrast to this type of owner has been the course of the British Elder-Dempster Company, which from the first has steadily refused to make one penny's profit out of the war, and is today charging only sufficient advances on its pre-war rates to cover actual increases in its own expenses.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, NOV. 19, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$4,335,500	$5,419,500	$5,768,500
Year to date	901,783,450	1,013,922,500	808,667,200

U S Liberty 3½s, int ctfs, f p
$25000 ... 99.64
2000 ... 99.70
60000 ... 99.72
23000 ... 99.76
25000 ... 99.78
54000 ... 99.76
45000 ... 99.78
210000 ... 99.80
166000 ... 99.70
50000 ... 99.66
5000 ... 99.64
3000 ... 99.02
13000 ... 99.60
17000 ... 99.56
17000 ... 99.52
62000 ... 99.48
1000 ... 99.40
25000 ... 99.20
30000 ... 99.10
15000 ... 99.20
30000 ... 99.10
2000 ... 99.18
1000 ... 99.14
5000 ... 99.18
3000 ... 99.20
1000 ... 99.24
25000 ... 99.20
4000 ... 99.16
6000 ... 99.12
3000 ... 99.18
26000 ... 99.20
19000 ... 99.12
36000 ... 99.10
10000 ... 99.06
4000 ... 99.04
5000 ... 99.02
6000 ... 99.04
3000 ... 99.08
1000 ... 99.10
6000 ... 99.12
7000 ... 99.10
15000 ... 99.12
9000 ... 99.10
4000 ... 99.12
11000 ... 99.14
81000 ... 99.16
43000 ... 99.18
14000 ... 99.20
U S Liberty 4s
24000 ... 98.24
5000 ... 98.10
189000 ... 98.00
25000 ... 97.90
36000 ... 97.70
1000 ... 97.66
74000 ... 97.70
120000 ... 97.50
50000 ... 97.40
5000 c ... 97.80
10000 c ... 97.50
910000 ... 97
8000 ... 97.10
93000 ... 97
5000 ... 97.10
5000 ... 97.12
500 ... 97.50
10000 ... 97.12
5000 ... 97.16
1000 ... 97.12
8000 ... 97.20
163000 ... 97.50
8000 ... 97.56
4000 ... 97.58
2000 ... 97.60
1000 ... 97.54
24000 ... 97.50
4000 ... 97.54
22000 ... 97.52
2000 ... 97.50
45000 c ... 97.76
17000 ... 97.50
1000 ... 97.60
2000 ... 97.62
7000 ... 97.58
60000 ... 97.50

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Am For Sec 5s
1 ... 92½
5 ... 92¼
6 ... 92⅝
13 ... 92
Anglo-Fr 5s
28 ... 89⅞
13 ... 90
23 ... 89⅞
47 ... 89¾
1 ... 89⅞
20 ... 89¾
1 ... 89⅞
CityofBord6s
1 ... 82
3 ... 82½
CityofLyons6s
3 ... 82½
CityofMars6s
8 ... 82¾
CityofParis6s
1 ... 83
5 ... 82½
2 ... 82¾
4 ... 83¼
CityofTokio5s
2 ... 70
DomofCan5s, 1931
2 ... 90
1921
2 ... 93⅞
French Govt temp 5½s
8 ... 93¼
2 ... 93⅛
4 ... 93½
1 ... 93¼
8 ... 93¼
3 ... 93½
JapGovt4½s, stl ln, 2d Ser. German stp
1 ... 75
7 ... 74¼
UnKingofGt Br & Ire 5s
5 ... 97⅝
1 ... 97¾
5½s, 1918
25 ... 99¼
1 ... 99⅝
34 ... 99¼
5½s, 1919
6 ... 94¾
13 ... 94⅞
2 ... 95
78 ... 94¾
18 ... 94⅞
17 ... 95
new
6 ... 96¼
1 ... 96⅜
15 ... 96⅜
1 ... 96⅜
1 ... 96⅜
2 ... 96½
1 ... 96⅜
5½s, 1921
4 ... 91¼
3 ... 92
1 ... 91⅝
NYCity4½s, 1963
1 ... 99

AmAgCdeb5s
1 ... 92
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
7 ... 85
AmT&Tcol 4s
1 ... 81½
col tr 5s
4 ... 93¼
18 ... 93
AmTobacco6s
2 ... 119
AmWrPap5s
6 ... 80
AnnArb1st4s
1 ... 51
Arm'r&Co4½s
1 ... 85
5 ... 84
A,T&SFgen4s
1 ... 81¼
5 ... 82
B & O gold 4s
1 ... 77
conv 4½s
1 ... 78¼
8 ... 78
1 ... 77½
ref 5s
3 ... 80
BethStlext5s
2 ... 98
1st & ref 5s
3 ... 88
purmoney5s
26 ... 79
BRT5s,1918
7 ... 90
1 ... 90¼
13 ... 90
CalGas&El5s
10 ... 93
Cent Leath 5s
4 ... 95¼
6 ... 95
CofNJgen5s
1 ... 102
Cerro de Pasco Cop cv 6s
3 ... 104½
C & O con 5s
2 ... 98⅞
conv 4½s
10 ... 69
conv 5s
11 ... 72½
5 ... 72¼
2 ... 72¼
4 ... 72⅜
1 ... 72½
1 ... 72¼
5 ... 72
6 ... 71⅞
2 ... 71⅞
5 ... 71½
15 ... 71⅝
3 ... 71⅝
10 ... 71¾
20 ... 72
C,B&Qjoint4s
13 ... 93¼
5 ... 93
C&EIllcon6s
1 ... 98
C&Erie1st5s
3 ... 95
ChiGtWestn4s
5 ... 55½
10 ... 55
C,I&Lref6s
1 ... 100
Chi,Mil&StP 4s, 1925
1 ... 76½
conv 4½s
½ ... 82
cv5s,SerB
4 ... 77
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s
1 ... 61¼
C&WIndcon4s
1 ... 61⅞
3 ... 62
Chile Cop 7s
2 ... 99
6s,rcts,ptpd
10 ... 77¼
Col&Soref&ext 4½s
4 ... 73½
ConGascv6s
15 ... 99¼
D & H cv 5s
5 ... 91½
D&RGcon4s
1 ... 62¼
Erie1stcon4s
1 ... 66⅞
1st gen 4s
6 ... 49
GenElecdeb5s
1 ... 97
Granby Con cv 6s, Ser A
1 ... 98
GreenBay&Wn debCtfsB
5 ... 6½
5 ... 6
5 ... 6⅝
Int-Met 4½s
2 ... 51⅛
5 ... 51½
IRT1st&ref5s
2 ... 78⅝
9 ... 78½
10 ... 78
17 ... 77
1s5f ... 76½
5 ... 77½
IntMerMarsf6s
21 ... 92
2 ... 91½
1 ... 92
KC,FtS&M6s
1 ... 104
KanCitySo3s
1 ... 60
Lex&Elstg5s
1 ... 95½
MetTel&Tel5s
2 ... 99¼
M,StP&SSM 1st con 4s
2 ... 84⅝
Mo,K&T1st4s
5 ... 57½
MoPacgen4s
13 ... 53
5 ... 52⅝
61 ... 53
Mont Pow 5s, Ser A
2 ... 88½
NYCentdeb6s
49 ... 94
5 ... 94½
LScol3½s
1 ... 66
NYCentref& imp4½s,SerA
2 ... 87
NY,NH&H cv deb 6s
2 ... 83
Nor Pac 4s
10 ... 82
PaRRgen4½s
9 ... 89¾
1 ... 89⅞
10 ... 90
PubServCsf5s
1 ... 82¼
Read gen 4s
6 ... 83¼
JerCentcol4s
1 ... 87¼
Roch&Pitcon6s
1 ... 104
RI,Ark&L4½s
2 ... 59
StL&SanFr priorlien4s,A
10 ... 55
1 ... 54⅞
10 ... 55
adj 6s
3 ... 59
6 ... 58½
income 6s
25 ... 43½
14 ... 42½
2 ... 42¾
SBellT&T1st5s
1 ... 92¼
1 ... 92¼
So Pac cv 4s
7 ... 76
conv 5s
1 ... 88¾
4 ... 89
1 ... 88⅝
34 ... 88½
1st ref 4s
1 ... 79
SouthnRy1st5s
2 ... 92⅜
gen 4s
14 ... 58
1 ... 57⅞
5 ... 58
16s30f. 57½
ThirdAvadj5s
1 ... 27½
2 ... 27
Un Pac 1st 4s
7 ... 87
conv 4s
2 ... 83½
1st&ref4s
5 ... 76⅞
5 ... 77½
7 ... 77
U S Rubber 1st&ref5s
21 ... 75
10 ... 74⅞
1 ... 74⅝
2 ... 75
USSteelCsf5s
11 ... 98⅝
Wabash1st5s
5 ... 94
WestnPac5s
1 ... 80
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
1 ... 95½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96¾	97
2s, c, 1930	96¾	..
3s, r, 1918	99	100
3s, c, 1918	99	..
3s, 1946, r	84	..
3s, 1946, c	85	..
4s, r, 1925	105	106
4s, c, 1925	105	106
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97¾	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97¾	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	84	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea 1st pf	80	..
Adams Ex, ex div	60	80
Ad Rumely	7	9
Do pf	20	21½
Alle & W	91½	..
Am B N	30	37
Do pf	40	46
Am B Sug pf	80	93
Am B S & Fdy	..	97
Do pf	154	186
Am C & F pf	102	106
Am C pf	..	20
Am Coal	38	..
Am Cot O	24½	26
Do pf	70	80
Am Ice	10¼	10¾
Do pf	35½	37½
Am Lo pf	94	97½
Am Sm pf A	92	95
Am Sn pf	..	95
Am Shipb	87	89
Do pf	..	93½
Am Sum T pf	72½	83
Am T & C	55	60
Am Tob pf	90	98
Am Wr Pa pf	19	20½
Assets R	1	1½
Asso D G	12	1[illegible]
Do 1st pf	47½	55½
Do 2d pf	37	54¾
Assoc Oil	50	53½
A, B & A	8¾	9½
Atl C L	92	95
Bald L pf	96	101
Barrett Co	87¾	89½
Do pf	98	101
Batop M	1	1¼
Beth Steel	79	80
B Un G	80	90
Brown Sh	63	65½
Do pf	88¼	95
Bruns Ter	6	7¼
B, R & P	70	89½
Do pf	100	..
Burns Bros pf	110	..
Bush Ter	..	100
But'k Co	10	10½
Cal Pack	34¼	35
Cal Petrol	11½	12
Do pf	32	34
Can So	..	54
C, C & O	..	22
Do pf	..	50
Case (J I) pf	..	78
Cent Fdy	23	26
Do pf	33	36
C R R of N J	200	300
C & S A T	98	104
Chi & Alt	7½	9
Do pf	10	20

	Bid.	Asked.
Chi Gt W	6⅞	7½
C & N W pf	140	145
Chi, St P, M & Om	69	80
Do pf	100	130
C, C, C & St L pf	..	76
Cl & Pitts	..	83½
Clu-P pf	89	100
Col F & I	32½	34½
Col & So	19	22
Do 1st pf	43	46
Do 2d pf	40	48
Comp T R	31	33
Con G, R	99	103
C I C M	10	10½
Cont Can	76	90
Do pf	87	110
Cont Ins	40	42
Crex Carp	38	45
Crip Cr C pf	25	33
Cruc S pf	85¾	88
C-Am Sug	137½	150
Do pf	90	100
D & Co pf	95	97
D, L & W	179	185
D & R G	6	8
Do pf	13	14
Det Ed	104	107
Det U Ry	..	95
D, S S & A	3	3½
Elec S B	47	53
Elk H Coal	22	27
Do pf	39	43
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S	11	12
Do pf	32	35
Fisher Bdy	21	34
Do pf	75	85
G, W & W	32	34
Gen Chem	150	170
Do pf	..	105
Gen Cig pf	90	100
Greene-Can	34	34½
Gulf S S 1st pf	100	102
Do 2d pf	77	100
G, M & N pf	..	43
Hartman	40¾	43
Hav Elec	99	100
Do pf	104¼	..
Homestake	92	99¾
Ill Cent	95	95½
Int Agric	8½	10
I H, N J	103	105
Do pf	107	118
Int H Cor	52½	..
Do pf	96	100
Int Pa pf	65	95
Int Salt	58½	60
Iowa Cent	2	5
Isl C Coal	..	75
Jewel Tea	27	32
Do pf	80	90
K C, Ft S & M pf	..	68

	Bid.	Asked.
Kan C So pf	44	50
Kelly S T	39	41
Do pf	77	83
Kelsey Wh	16	30
Do pf	70	85
K & D M	2¾	9
Do pf	..	50
K'gs Co El L & P	96	100
Kress (S H)	46	58
Do pf	98	105¾
Lacl Gas	80	90
L E & W pf	17	25
Ligg & M	170	190
L Isl ctfs	34	45
L-W Bisc	14	15
Do 1st pf	..	84
Do 2d pf	50	64
Lorill'd Co	170	185
Do pf	110	120
M'Kay Cos pf	58½	59¾
Mah C R	350	..
Man B'ch	¾	4
Man Elec S	..	43
Do 1st pf	..	96¾
Man Elev	97	100
M Dep Sts	46	50
Do pf	90	103
Mex P pf	81	85
Mich Cent	..	109
M, St P & S S M pf	101	117
Do l l	60	70
M, K & T	4	5
Do pf	7	8
Mon V Tr	..	18
Mon Power pf	97	100
Mor & Es	..	80
N, C & St L	110	122
N C & S pf	94	100
Nat En pf	93	100
Nat L pf	100¼	104
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	..	21
Do 2d pf	5¾	6
N O, T & Mex	21½	22
N Y, C & St L	13	15
Do 1st pf	..	79
Do 2d pf	40	49
N Y Dock pf	37	48
N Y, L & West	100	123
Norf So	21	22
Norf & Wn pf	75	85
North Am	45	47
N W Tel	..	60
Nova Sc S	69	71
Owens B M pf	108	..
Pac Coast	40	60
Do 1st pf	68	90
Do 2d pf	58	80
Pac Mail	24	25
Do pf	90	107
P T & Tel	16	19½
Do pf	..	96
Pan-Am P & T pf	86	88
Peo & E	4	6
Pere Marq	12	14
Do pr pf	47	49
Do pf	30	39½
Pett-Mull	25	..
Do 1st pf	90	97½
Pitts S pf	85	94

	Bid.	Asked.
Pierce-Ar	32	33
Do pf	88	93
P, C, C & St L	55	65
P, Ft W & C	..	150
Pond C C	16½	17½
Pr Stl Car	52	53½
P S, N J	107	110
Quicksilver	1	1¼
Do pf	1¼	1¾
Ry Stl Spr	38¾	41
Do pf	90	98
Rdg 1st pf	36	40
Do 2d pf	35¾	41
St L S W	20	26
Do pf	30	40
Savage A	57	60
Saxon Mtr	5	5¼
Seab A L pf	18¾	18⅝
Sears-R pf	116	122
S-S S & I pf	78	100
So P R S	150	155
Do pf	100	108
St'd Mill, ex div	73	85
Do pf, ex div	79½	85
Studeb Co pf	..	90
Stutz Mtr	35¾	37
Sup Stl 1st pf	96¼	101
T P L Tr	130	168
T, St L & West	..	10
Do ctfs	2	6
Do pf	5	15
Do pf, c	7	15
Tran & W	38	39
T C R T pf	100	125
Und Type	88	..
U B & P	8¼	10¼
Do new	60¾	63
U Alloy S	38	38¾
Un Cig S	84¼	85
Do pf	102¾	115
Un Drug	66	68
Do 1st pf	45	50
Do 2d pf	70	80
Un P'board	16	20
U Rys Inv	6	6½
Do pf	14	16
U S C I P pf	47¾	50
U S Exp	14	18
U S Ind A pf	90	91
U S R & I	10	12
U S Smelt	42	45
Do pf	43¾	45
Utah Sec	10	13
Va-Car Ch pf	97	104
Va I, C & Coke	52	56
W Md 2d pf	23	29
West Pac	13	14½
Do pf	37	40
W E & M 1st pf	56	63
W & L E	9⅝	9¾
Do pf	19½	20
White Mtr	35	38
W & Co pf	90	97
Wis Cent	34	36½
W'w'th (F W) pf	116	118
Wor Pump	26¼	28
Do pf A	..	84
Do pf B	50	54½

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	92	93	8.80
Argen.Gv.dis.	6	Dec.15,'17	99¾	100	6.00
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15,'20	90	93	9.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99	100	6.00
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	98	99	7.00
City of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	94½	94¾	8.50
Fr'ch Gov.con.	5½	Apr., 1919	93	93½	9.80
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	90	96	7.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100	104	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	97	..
Russian Gov.	6½	July, 1919	63	63	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	54	58	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb.14,'26	$110	$113	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1916	99¼	99⅝	6.00
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99¾	100¼	4.90

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	94	98¼	6.50
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	99⅝	99⅞	4.90
Am. Thread	4	Jan., 1919	95	97	6.65
Ark. Val. Ry. L. & P.	6	July, 1919	97	99½	6.75
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1918	99⅛	99⅜	6.90
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	96⅜	97⅜	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb.15,'19	97⅛	97⅝	6.55
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	89½	90½	..
C., B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	92½	93	6.15
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	96⅝	97¾	8.55
Canada Nor.	6	Sep. 2, '18	97	98½	7.80
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2,'24	97½	98¼	6.25
Cub.-Am.Sug.	6	Apr., 1918	99¾	100¼	5.35
Curt. A. & M.	6	Serial	90	94	..
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	97	97⅝	5.90
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1,'18	96½	99¼	5.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	89	92	10.80
Fed. Sug. R.	6	Jan., 1920	92	96	7.10
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	July, 1920	100¼	100⅝	5.85
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	95½	96½	8.35
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	96	99	6.20
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97½	98	5.85
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	98	99	7.00
Int. Harvest.		Feb.15,'18	99¾	100¼	4.15
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July, 1918	96	98	8.15
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	Nov.15,'18	97	98¾	5.30
K. C.Ter. Ry.	4½	July 15,'21	95	98	5.00
Mich. C. R.R.	5	May, 1918	99	99¾	6.06
Louis.G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99	100	8.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	86	93	11.00
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	98½	101	4.10
N. Y. C. R.R.	5	Sep.15,'17	96¼	97	6.60
N.Y.,N.H. & H.	5	Apr.15,'18	86	88¼	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	96¼	97½	5.25
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	97	99	..
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1,'19	89½	91	..
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	96¼	97	7.20
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	99¾	100	6.00
Utah Sec. Cor.		Sep.16,'22	84	88	9.05
Win. R. Arms.	5	May, 1918	96	97½	..
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	97	98½	6.75
W. S. G. & E.	6	June, 1927	87	96	6.25
Win E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15,'18	99	100	6.00

EARNINGS.

Public Utilities.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY & POWER CO.—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
October gross	$609,622	$502,261	$107,360
Net earnings	272,972	250,424	22,548
*Sur. aft. tax and charges	126,961	111,416	15,544
4 mos. gross	2,338,616	1,969,596	369,019
Net earnings	1,074,454	998,515	73,938
*Sur. aft. chgs.	483,393	442,770	40,622

*Depreciation is written off at the end of each fiscal year.

WESTERN POWER CORPORATION, earnings of all subsidiaries, inter-company items eliminated—

October gross	336,667	320,252	16,414
Net after tax	211,929	207,878	4,051
Total income	213,195	237,522	*24,326
Sur. aft. chgs.	73,980	96,817	*22,837
†Bal. aft. div.	61,480	84,317	*22,837
10 mos. gross	3,276,451	3,052,059	224,392
Net after tax	2,078,150	1,957,070	121,080
Total income	2,095,697	2,279,959	*184,262
Sur. aft. chgs.	695,889	896,693	*200,804
†Bal. aft. div.	570,889	771,693	*200,804
12 mos. gross	3,967,737	3,666,146	301,591
Net after tax	2,525,945	2,356,320	169,624
Total income	2,558,442	2,713,038	*158,595
Sur. aft. chgs.	877,225	1,097,809	*220,583
†Bal. aft. div.	724,225	947,809	*220,583

*Decrease. †Accrued dividends on California Electric Generating Co. preferred stock.

Miscellaneous.

JEWEL TEA CO. SALES—

4 weeks to Nov. 3	1,208,401	1,114,473	93,928
44 weeks to Nov. 3	12,877,525	10,122,890	2,755,129

New B. & O. Director Elected.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 19.—The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad stockholders today elected F. H. Goff of Cleveland, Ohio, to the board to succeed the late Oscar G. Murray. President Daniel Willard called attention to the unprecedented demands upon the facilities of the company and of other railroads during the year.

LONDON MARKET CONFIDENT

Demand for Shell Oil Shares a Feature of the Trading.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The stock market maintained a generally confident tone today without any increase in business, but prices were occasionally harder. The feature of the trading was the demand for Shell oil shares now that the authorities have requisitioned the shares of the Royal Dutch Oil Company under the mobilization scheme. Spanish and Scandinavian bonds were good on the exchange position, but the other sections were dull.

Money was in increased demand and discount rates were quiet.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 59f. 75c. for cash. Exchange on London, (unofficial,) 27f. 32c. Five per cent. loan, 87f. 75c.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	5	Last	5
Low	3¾	Renewals	4

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Thirty days	5	Thirty days	5¼
Sixty days	5 @5¼	Sixty days	5¼@5¾
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5½@5¾
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5¾
Five months	5¼@5¾	Five months	5¾
Six months	5½@5¾	Six months	5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ... 3¼@3½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ... 3¼@3¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ... 4¾@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.
30 to 60 days ... 5
4 to 6 months ... 5¼
Other Names.
4 to 6 months ... 5¼@5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling— Demand	$4.75 7-16	$4.75 7-16	$4.75 7-16	..
Cables	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	..
Francs— Demand	5.75¼	5.75¼	5.75¼	+ .00¼
Cables	5.73½	5.73½	5.73½	+ .00¼
Rubles— Demand	12.25	12.35	12.25	— .55
Cables	12.50	12.50	12.50	— .55

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75 7-16	$4.76 7-16
5.1826	Paris	5.75¼	5.73½
	China—Hongkong	71.00	71.25
	Peking	106.00	106.25
	Shanghai	99.00	99.25
19.295	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.19	Holland	44.25	44.75
32.41	India—Bombay	34.50	34.75
	Calcutta	34.50	34.75
5.1823	Italy	8.72	8.71
49.84	Japan—Kobe	51.50	51.75
	Yokohama	51.50	51.75
50.00	Philippine Islands—Manila	50.125	50.25
51.50	Russia	12.25	12.50
26.79	Scandinavia—Stockholm	40.50	41.00
	Copenhagen	34.00	34.50
	Christiania	34.00	34.50
19.295	Spain	23.50	23.60
	South America—Rio	25.31	25.41
32.42			
42.44	Buenos Aires	45.61	45.71
5.1826	Switzerland	4.42	4.39

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¼	$4.69¼	$4.70½	$4.68¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $538,086,276; balance, $87,391,111; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,757,020; Federal Reserve credit balance, $81,446,637.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .3125@.46875 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 43⅜d., unchanged; in New York, 85⅛c., unchanged; Mexican dollars, 65½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$7,605,573	$65,152,594
Ord. internal revenue	53,203,671	239,606,037
Income tax	4,800,886	30,542,239
Miscellaneous	5,498,167	56,107,438
Total receipts	$71,108,599	$394,418,309
Excess of ord. disburs. over ord. receipts	227,842,999	1,201,328,986
Excess of total receipts over total disburs	170,449,399	63,747,127
Expenditures	298,951,598	1,595,747,295

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Pe.	Pay.	Record.
Erie & Pitts. R. R.	1¾	Q	Dec. 10	Nov. 30
Hackensack Water com. and pf.	3	SA	Dec. 1	Nov. 26
Mobile & Birm. pf.	2	SA	Jan. 1	Dec. 1
Moline Plow 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 17
Ohio Oil	$1.25	Q	Dec. 20	Nov. 24
Do	$4.75	Ex	Dec. 20	Nov. 24
Phila. Electric	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. [illegible]
S. H. Kress pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. [illegible]
White Motor	$1	Q	[illegible]	[illegible]

QUICKSILVER CO. GIVES UP.

$10,000,000 Corporation Gets a Receiver for $98,000 Assets.

An application for the voluntary dissolution of the Quicksilver Mining Company, a New York corporation formed about fifty years ago with $10,000,000 capital, was made to Supreme Court Justice Giegerich yesterday by the officers and a majority of the directors of the corporation, on the ground that its present assets are not sufficient to insure the payment of all its obligations. The Court appointed Maurice Deiches receiver with a bond of $10,000 and named Algernon T. Norton to take testimony on the application on Jan. 10 next, when persons opposed to the application are directed to appear.

The petitioners are Joseph Kaufman, president; Edwin Reynaud, vice president; Charles F. Tracy, secretary and treasurer, and Clinton E. Whitney, Wayne L. Steinborge and William H. Lotty, directors. The corporation was formed to do business in California and all its stock has been issued. Its assets aggregate $98,000, of which $68,000 is the value of 6,800 acres of land at Almaden, Cal., $20,000 improvements on property, and $5,000 in personal property. Claims aggregating $94,000 are listed, and there are other valid obligations making the total in excess of the assets. The largest claim against the company is a judgment for $10,724, obtained by C. P. Anderson, general counsel, in San Jose County, Cal.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	....	....	72.00	....
Lead	6.37½	....	6.37½	....
Spelter	8.00	8.25	8.00	8.25
Antimony	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Quicksilver	$100.00	....	$160.00	....
Aluminium	*36.00	38.00	*36.00	38.00
Iron, No 2X f'dy	....	33.50	....	33.50

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c per pound bid.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Saturday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	276	5	0	276	10	0
Tin, futures	275	10	0	275	10	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

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Bronxville, N. Y.	4.75%	1921-47	4.50%
Lockport, N. Y	5.00%	1919-28	4.50%

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NEW LIBERTY BONDS SLUMP ON DELIVERY

Violent Decline on Stock Exchange Marks Receipt by Subscribers.

NET LOSS FOR DAY IS .84

Bankers Point Out That Many Who Subscribed Heavily Are Seeking to Reduce Investments.

Simultaneously with the beginning of the delivery of the United States Government 4 per cent. Liberty Loan bonds by the Federal Reserve Bank to subscribers who had paid for them in full, the price of the bonds declined violently yesterday on the Stock Exchange. The 4s opened at 98.24, or .10 under Saturday's closing, and sold down to 97, a new low record. More than $1,000,000 of the day's sales, amounting to $1,846,500, changed hands at this level, including a block of $910,000. Later in the session the bonds rallied to 97.50, which was the final quotation, representing a net loss of .84 for the day.

The 3½ per cent. bonds of the first Liberty Loan opened at 99.80, sold down to 99.02, and closed at 99.20, a loss of .38 for the day on sales of $1,180,000.

The sharp decline in the 4s was not a surprise, for it had been expected that the moment the bonds became available the process of distribution would set in, and that in course of it some subscribers would liquidate their holdings, the accumulated selling orders having the effect of depressing quotations. This situation obtained in the case of the first Liberty Loan, and after the redistribution had taken place the 3½ bonds gradually recovered their loss and sold close to par. It is believed that the same movement will take place in respect to the new 4s and that by the time the next loan is offered they will sell near their issuing price, especially inasmuch as they are convertible into subsequent bond issues bearing a higher rate of interest.

Decline Believed Natural.

The downward movement in the 4s appears to be sharper than was the initial decline in the 3½s for the reason that the issue is larger and because trading on a "when issued" basis had not been indulged in, all transactions on the Exchange having been restricted to dealings in actual bonds. It was natural, therefore, that the bonds should decline on the first day that subscribers had any assurance of getting their bonds.

In explaining yesterday's decline in the 4s bankers pointed out that doubtless many individuals, banks, and business concerns had subscribed to larger amounts than they could comfortably carry and that consequently they were reducing their investments. There were reports to the effect that several out-of-town selling orders represented liquidation on the part of banks and individuals who had subscribed large amounts simply for the purpose of making a showing and without any intention of retaining the bonds permanently. In some of these cases substantial subscriptions were made for advertising purposes, while in other instances banks and corporations supplied subscriptions solely with the view of having their city or town fulfill its quota. Evidence of out-of-town banks subscribing with the view of "making a showing" is in the possession of New York banks which received letters from their correspondents to sell the bonds in the same mail that brought their subscriptions. Subscribers of this class, it was pointed out, are not averse to losing several points on the sale, feeling that the loss had been offset by the advertising value of its subscription announcement.

Why First Issue Sells Higher.

The 3½ per cent. bonds are selling higher than 4s for the following reasons: (1) The process of redistribution has already taken place; (2) the complete tax exemption feature they possess is lacking in the 4s, the same making the 3½s of greater value to persons of large income; (3) the issue is smaller and is likely to become still smaller as the conversion privilege is more generally availed of; (4) if the 3½s are converted into 4s the new 4s will have a longer maturity than the bonds of the second Liberty Loan, and consequently are preferred by many investors. Both issues are convertible into subsequent issues.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York has received to date $949,239,980 in payment of the $1,163,475,200 of 4 per cent. Liberty Loan bonds allotted to subscribers in this district. The full-paid bonds total $881,919,866, or about 75 per cent., according to the latest returns. Thus far the bank has delivered $296,393,850, or one-third of the bonds fully paid by subscribers.

Following are the detailed figures given out by the bank:

PAYMENTS RECEIVED IN FULL.

By banks	$807,858,486
Individuals	15,010,080
Cash sales	59,051,300
Total	$881,919,866

TWENTY PER CENT. PAYMENTS RECEIVED.

Banks	$63,636,222	
Individuals	3,683,892	
		67,320,114
Total payments received		$949,239,980

The above payments were made in the following forms:

By book credit	$687,741,746
By Treasury certificates	153,972,000
By cash	$949,239,980
Total	$949,239,980

Details of Bonds Delivered.

Against subscriptions referred to above there have been delivered 4 per cent. bonds as follows:

Pieces.	Denominations.	Amounts.
569,635	$50	$28,481,750
337,046	100	33,704,600
25,897	500	12,948,500
117,319	1,000	117,319,000
5,254	5,000	26,270,000
7,767	10,000	77,670,000
1,062,918		$296,393,850

Between Saturday noon and noon yesterday the following deliveries were made by registered mail and over the counter:

	Amount.
Saturday—Number of shipments, 286	$20,...,700
Sunday—Number of shipments, 343	25,459,750
Monday—Over the counter, 125	191,656,100
	$237,342,550
Previously delivered against cash sales	59,051,300
Grand total	$296,393,850

To attend to the work of straightening out the accounts and arranging for the delivery of the bonds it was necessary for the officers and employes of the bond issue division of the bank, which is in charge of Cashier Sailer and Assistant Cashiers Jones and St. John, to put in practically three days of continuous service. On Thursday the accounting and receiving departments worked throughout the whole night; all other departments worked until 2:30 A. M. On Friday all departments worked until 3 A. M. On Saturday the delivery department worked all night and all other departments until 2 A. M., and on Sunday all departments labored throughout the night.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Amer Oil	23	25	Iron Blos	45	50
Bay S Gas	9	10	Jerome V.	80	85
Begole	80	75	La Rose	30	40
Bohemia	70	80	Majestic	28	29
Bingham	9½	9¾	Mex Met	26	28
Bost Ely	45	55	Moj Tung	27	29
Bost & M	50	51	New Baltic	75	1¼
Butte & L	13	15	Nev Doug	1⅛	1¼
Butte & D	25	27	N Utah B	..	50
Bost & A	1	2	Nixon	95	98
Calaveras	2	3¼	N Cornelia	14¼	14⅝
Con Cop	7	7¾	Nat Z & L	27	30
Crown Res	20	30	Ohio Cop	70	80
Con Ariz	1⅝	1⅞	Oneco	25	35
Cortes	10	20	Onondaga	15	25
Champ Cop	5	6	Pioneer C	1¼	1⅝
Chief Con	1⅝	2	Ray Herc	3	3¼
Eagle & B	2	2¼	Rilla	..	2
Earl-Eagle	13	15	S W Miami,		
Fortuna	8	7	full paid	75	1½
Gold Lake	2	4	S W Miami,		
Gila Cop S	17	17¾	part paid	75	1
Houghton	50	1	U Verde Ex	31½	32½
Homa Oil	90	95	Victoria O	1¾	2
Humboldt	60	75	Yuk'n Gold	1⅞	2
Iron Cap	13½	14½			

COTTON SOARS AGAIN

Rise Carries Entire List to New High Records for Season—Net Gain 36 to 49 Points.

Despite the fact that the new British Government restriction of 40 per cent. upon the Lancashire cotton consumption went into effect yesterday, the local cotton market again went soaring, with heavy Liverpool buying and local trade buying featuring the entire session. The rise in prices carried the entire list to a new high records for the season, more than wiping out the reaction of last Friday, while spot cotton was quoted at 30.10 for middling upland, although no sales were recorded. Futures closed at net advances of from 36 to 49 points.

The market opened firm at an advance of 25 to 38 points and sold 40 to 50 points net higher right after the call. Both Liverpool and domestic trade interests were good buyers at the start, but the demand tapered off at the advance, which encountered a good deal of realizing and considerable Southern selling. On reactions of 15 or 20 points from the best, however, the buying again appeared while the selling was by no means general or aggressive and prices recovered to practically the high point of the morning. The close was within 4 or 5 points of the best on most positions.

No change was reported in the situation as to available supplies of tonnage, but the large exports for the day and the strong tone of the afternoon stock market probably contributed to the closing advance. Reports received from Memphis early said that members of the exchange there estimated the crop at 10,732,000 bales on the average—a figure just about in line with the average talk around the ring here since the publication of the last ginning figures. Later it was rumored that returns to a prominent Southern authority indicated a yield of 11,147,000 bales, excluding linters, but there appeared to be no change in popular ideas of the yield on the midday setback. Exports for the day were 40,687 bales, making 1,526,017 so far this season. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to 35 points higher. Houston showed the maximum advance and reported sales of 6,425 bales on the basis of 28.10 for middling.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat.
November	..	..	..	28.70 bid	28.21
December	28.25	28.67	28.25	28.60@28.63	28.18
January	27.70	27.95	27.70	27.91@27.93	27.48
February	..	..	..	27.78 bid	27.30
March	27.58	27.68	27.48	27.63@27.64	27.26
April	..	..	..	27.54 bid	27.15
May	27.50	27.56	27.33	27.49@27.50	27.12
June	..	..	..	27.30 bid	26.94
July	27.25	27.30	27.11	27.25@27.26	26.89
August	27.05	27.05	27.02	27.03@27.05	26.63

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 50 points higher at 30.10c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 28.20c; New Orleans, 28c; Savannah, 28¼c; Norfolk, 28.50c; Augusta, 28.56c; Memphis, 29c; Houston, 35c; Little Rock, 28.38c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Monday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	28,273	38,250	33,873
Exports	40,687	9,034	39,944
Exports season	1,556,017	1,118,053	2,182,332
Port stocks	1,126,301	......	1,412,662
Interior receipts	47,902	52,065	45,961
Interior sh'ments	31,344	30,788	38,124
N. Y. arrivals	12,722	13,107	13,223
N. Y. stocks	103,749	138,622	116,445

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 15 points lower; good middling, new contract, 21.40d; middling, old contract, 21.05d. Sales, 3,000 bales; American, 2,000. Imports, 3,000 bales, none American. Futures closed quiet but steady at a net advance of 12 to 16 points.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The net earnings for the month of October of the Continental Refining Company of Bristow, Okla., are given as $35,961.

The stock of the Osage-Hominy Oil Company is now being exchanged, share for share, for stock of the Oklahoma Producing and Refining Company at the Bankers Trust Company.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have been advised by the Royal Dutch Company that 74,000 sub shares of the company sold in America have been admitted to the official list of the Amsterdam Stock Exchange.

Alfred J. Wertheimer has entered into partnership with Sidney H. Sonn under the firm name of Wertheimer & Sonn.

Directors of the Northern Ohio Electric Corporation have declared the regular quarterly 1½ per cent. dividend on the preferred stock, payable Dec. 1 to stock of record Nov. 20.

WAR ADDS IMPETUS TO MANUFACTURING

National City Bank Shows Big Gain Over Period Just Preceding Conflict.

EXPORTS JUMP FOURFOLD

Iron and Steel Values Multiply Six Times, and That of Cotton Treble.

The extraordinary expansion in manufacturing activities in the United States since the start of the European war, was summarized in a compilation made public yesterday by the National City Bank. The figures are all the more interesting because of the fact that no Government census of manufactures in this country has been undertaken since 1914, when the war began. They are based on the increase in exports and imports in that period.

The large gain in production is illustrated not only by the figures of increased imports of manufacturing material and increased exports of manufactures, but also by the fact that the quantity of pig iron produced in this country in the eight months ended with August, 1917, was 25,660,000 tons, against 16,355,000 tons in the same months of 1914. It also was shown that the quantity of cotton used by the factories of the United States increased approximately 25 per cent. in the three-year period, indicating that the actual quantity of manufactures turned out had increased greatly, while the advance in prices still further raised the total value of the output as compared with 1914. While the growth in war material production was most marked, the bank adduced figures to support the belief that the gains extended also to classes of articles used in peaceful trade pursuits.

Finished manufactures ready for consumption exported in the nine months ended with September last, amounted to $2,063,000,000, against $466,000,000 in the same months of 1914. Manufactures for use in manufacturing aggregated $957,000,000, compared with $262,000,000 in the corresponding months of 1914. Thus the total of manufactures exported in nine months of 1917 was $3,020,000,000, against $728,000,000 three years before.

"While this very large increase occurs," the bank's statement said, "to a considerable extent, in strictly war material, it also applies to a large proportion of the classes of goods produced by our manufacturers. Iron and steel manufactures as a whole, for example, show a total export value in the eight months ended with August, 1917, of $803,767,000, against $140,246,000 in the corresponding months of 1914, being thus six times as much in value in 1917 as in 1914. Manufactures of cotton show in the eight months of 1917 total exports amounting to $91,907,000, against $34,028,000 in the same months of 1914, having thus a little more than trebled in value of exports in the period in question. Cars and carriages, including in this term freight and passenger cars for railways, automobiles, both freight and passenger, airplanes, motor cycles, and bicycles show a total for the eight months of 1917 of $111,073,000, against $30,361,000 in 1914, having thus nearly quadrupled in value in the period under consideration.

"Copper of all sorts exported in the eight months of 1917 was valued at $249,676,000, against $89,713,000 in the same months of 1914, having practically trebled in value in the three-year period. Leather and manufactures thereof more than doubled in the period, having been in the eight months of 1917 $76,303,000, against $35,491,000 in the like period of 1914. Paper and manufactures thereof exported in the eight months of 1917 amounted to $26,841,000, against $13,337,000 in 1914. Tinplate showed a total in 1917 of $24,211,000, against $2,930,000 in the same months of 1914. Refined sugar, which has seldom formed an important factor in the export trade, showed for the eight months of 1917 exports amounting to $48,421,000, against $2,595,000 in the same months of 1914."

The bank's statement shows that the total value of raw material imported for use in manufacturing in the eight months of 1917 reached $886,683,000, against $436,234,000 in the same months of 1914, having thus practically doubled in the three-year period. Manufactures for further use in manufacturing imported in the eight months of 1917 amounted to $364,287,000, against $198,584,000 in the same months of 1914, having also nearly doubled in the war period. These two great groups of manufacturing material showed for 1917 an aggregate of $1,051,000,000, against $635,000,000 in the same months of the first war year.

Detailed figures showed that the raw cotton imports in the eight months of 1917 amounted in value to $35,182,000, against $18,025,000 in the 1914 period, while hides and skins in 1917 reached a value of $168,679,000, against $86,807,000 in 1914. Eight months' imports of india rubber and substitutes totaled $170,588,000, against $50,088,000 in 1914. Raw silk entries in the eight months of the year aggregated $111,787,000, compared with $63,407,000 in 1914; fibres, $55,402,000, against $36,291,000; wool, $134,130,000, against $50,521,000, and pig tin, $43,746,000, against $24,334,000 in 1914.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.40
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian North.	1917-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1918-'23	4½	6.50	5.80
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.25	5.75
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.50	5.00
Chi., R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.75	5.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.25	5.25
Cuba Railroad	1917-'28	5	6.75	5.75
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.85	5.35
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.75	5.75
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	5.50	5.00
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.70	5.10
Mo., Kan. & T.	1917-'23	5	6.75	5.50
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.75	5.50
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	6.25	5.50
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.75
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.40	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'25	4½@6	5.75	5.00
Penn. Gen. Fght.	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.40	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.50	5.50
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.75	5.00
Southern Ry.	1917-'24	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.50	5.75

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Jacket	.69
Alta	.03	Justice	.05
Andes	.09	Mexican	.19
Best & Belcher	.03	Occidental	.60
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.15
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.04
Challenge Con.	.04	Potosi	.05
Chollar	.04	Savage	.04
Confidence	.05	Sierra Nevada	.09
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	1.30
Con. Virginia	.15	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.64½
Hale & Norcross	.03		

TONOPAH.		Great Bend	.06
Belmont	3.50	Jumbo Ext.	.15
Jim Butler	.75	Kewanas	.05
McNamara	.19	Silver Pick	.08
Midway	.08	Spearhead	.04
Mizpah	.02	MANHATTAN.	
Monarch Pitts	.04	Consolidated	.15
North Star	.06	Morning Glory	.14
Rescue	.10	Red Top	.03
Tonopah Ext.	1.50	Sunset	.05
Tonopah Nevada	4.00	Union Amal.	.08
West End	.62	White Caps	.73
West Tonopah	.11	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.08
Atlanta	.05	Packard	.22
Booth	.03	Rochester	.34
Florence	.10	Round Mountain	.20
Goldfield Con.	.38	United Eastern	3.50
Goldfield Merger	.03		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4½	4	Granite	35	45
Dr. Jackpot	3¼	5	Isabella	8	8½
Elkton	3¼	4	McKinney	6	9½
El Paso	15	25	Portland	105	112
Fanny R.	2¾	4	U. Gold M.	15	16
Golden C.	165	175	Vindicator	35	38
Gold Sov.	2½	3			

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

Despite the small receipts of wheat last week at interior points, the visible supply in the United States increased 1,934,000 bushels, including arrivals of Canadian wheat. This brings the total up to 19,564,000, compared with 71,332,000 last year. Advices from the Pacific Coast said that Australian wheat is arriving there in increased quantities. It is understood that part of this will be used for domestic requirements and some for transshipments across the Continent for export. Advices from Europe indicated a probable improvement in the tonnage situation, which gave rise to expectations of larger shipments.

RYE.—Market easy, No 2 Western, $1.87½, cost and freight, New York.

CORN.

Trading in the corn market was quiet, with traders not disposed to take an aggressive stand either way owing to the recent disciplinary action against leading Western operators. Moreover, sentiment was divided and the trade was puzzled over the outlook. Cash corn in the West was lower. Old corn declined about 5 cents a bushel, and good new corn was in some cases 15 to 20 cents lower. Despite a rather more bearish statistical showing the total visible was only 1,344,000 bushels and many believe that there is little chance of a sustained decline of any great importance for contracts until a surplus has been accumulated and until cash corn is selling nearer a parity. In the local cash market prices were unsettled, new yellow being quoted at $2.08⅝, cost and freight, New York, ten days shipment, and Argentine corn at $2.05, free on board, cars to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.19⅜	1.19¼	1.19¼	1.20	94½
January	1.17	1.16¾	1.16⅝	1.17⅛	96⅝
May	1.15½	1.14¾	1.15⅛	1.15⅝	96⅝

OATS.

The oats market was easier early owing to the decline in corn and on predictions of larger receipts. Offers were well taken, however, and prices rallied, closing with little change from the final of Saturday. The visible supply showed a decrease of 78,000 bushels for the week, compared with an increase of 1,299,000 last week and an increase of 483,000 last year. Exporters were fair buyers and sales were reported of 300,000 bushels. The local cash market was steady: standard quoted at 73@73½c; No. 2 white, 74c; No. 3 white, 72½@73c; No. 4 white, 72@72½c; fancy clipped white, 74@75½c; ordinary clipped white, 73½@74½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	64¾	64	64⅝	64⅝	57¾
May	64⅝	64¼	64⅝	64⅝	62⅛

PROVISIONS.

There was only a quiet trade in provisions and prices were irregular but without important changes either way. The hog market was easier and receipts were somewhat in excess of expectations. Chicago reported 48,000 hogs for the day, with estimates of 22,000 for Tuesday. Kansas City received 8,000 and Omaha 5,600.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
November	27.37	27.27	27.27	27.50	16.42
January	24.40	24.27	24.40	24.37	16.40
Ribs—					
January	24.12	23.92	24.12	24.00	14.65
May	23.65	23.55	23.65	23.55	14.75
Pork—					
January	45.07	44.77	45.07	45.05	27.50

COTTONSEED OIL.

The recent weakness in the near positions in the cottonseed oil market with tenders on November contracts has given the impression that the spot position is easier and consequently the market has shown more or less weakness. Trading yesterday was again quiet, with sales of 5,300 barrels, and final quotations were 15 points lower to 10 points net higher. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	18.00@....	18.25
November	18.22	18.15	18.10@18.20	18.25
December	18.35	18.20	18.10@18.15	18.00
January	18.15	18.15	18.10@18.15	18.15
February	..	..	18.05@....	18.10
March	18.20	18.20	18.10@18.17	18.16
April	..	..	18.50@....	..
May	..	..	19.00@....	..

COFFEE.

The coffee market was easier yesterday. Recent war news appeared to have discouraged such hope as there may have been of an early reopening of Brazil's European outlet, and there has been scattering liquidation for the last two or three days. Selling of this sort became a little more active, owing to reports that Brazil was showing more disposition to press its coffee for sale, while it seemed that a more optimistic view had also gained ground regarding the outlook for ocean freight room and importations. The market opened at a decline of 7 to 10 points and closed at a net loss of 12 to 15 points. The local spot market was easier at 7½c for Rio 7s and 9¼c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.60@6.63	6.75
December	6.73	6.67	6.68@6.70	6.83
January	6.80	6.78	6.78@6.79	6.92
February	..	..	6.88@6.89	7.01
March	7.00	6.98	6.97@6.98	7.10
April	..	..	7.05@7.06	7.18
May	7.22	7.12	7.14@7.15	7.26
June	..	..	7.22@7.23	7.34
July	7.37	7.32	7.30@7.32	7.43
August	..	..	7.38@7.40	7.52
September	7.75	7.48	7.47@7.43	7.60

SUGAR.

There were no fresh developments in sugar, and, while the recent distribution of moderate lots of neutral sugar helped the situation in this district, the relief was only temporary, and in some sections it is impossible for households to obtain any sugar at all. The car shortage is keeping beets in the West, and no immediate relief can be expected from that quarter. The new crop Cubas cannot possibly arrive here before the latter part of December, although efforts are being made there to start grinding unusually early. The Porto Rico factories will start up on Dec. 4 and hurry forward as rapidly as possible. New crop Cubas are offered in this market, but until the Governments agree on a price no sales are likely to be made. The new sugars offered are for January-February-March shipments. A Havana cable says that President Menocal intends to take a stand in favor of the smaller Cuban sugar interests for a price of 4¾c, free on board, Cuban ports, instead of 4½c, as proposed by Herbert C Hoover, United States Food Administrator. In well-informed circles it is reported that the President may place an embargo on sugar exports, no matter what the destination, if the position of the small interest is not taken into consideration. Spot prices were unchanged, at 5⅞c for Cubas, cost and freight, equal to 6.90c for centrifugal and 6.02c for molasses. The following are list prices of leading grades of refined sugar: Cut loaf, 9.85c; crushed, 9.60c; Mould A, 8.85c; cubes, 9.10c; XXXX powdered, 8.55c; powdered, 8.50c.; fine granulated, 8.35c; Diamond A, 8.35c; confectioners' A, 8.25c; No. 1, 8.20c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 5,127 packages. Market very short of fresh creamery extras and high scoring, and prices were further advanced, with a very firm feeling. Fine firsts sympathized a little, but market is well supplied with the secondary grades, and sales of these are very slow. Renovated quiet. Ladles steadier. Packing stock unchanged. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 46@46½c; extras, 92 score, 45½c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 42½@45c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 40@42c; thirds, 38@39c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 47@47½c; extras, 46@46½c; firsts, 43@45½c; seconds, 41@42½c; creamery, held, higher scoring than extras, 43@43½c; extras, 42½@42¾c; firsts, 40½@42c; seconds, 39½@40½c; thirds, 38@39c; State dairy tubs, finest, 44@44½c; good to prime, 40½@43c; common to fair, 35@40c; renovated, extras, 41c; firsts, 39½@40c; lower grades, 35@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 33½@34c; seconds, 32½@33c; lower grades, 31½@32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@31½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 6,473 cases. Fancy qualities of fresh-gathered eggs continue scarce and firm. Medium and lower grades are rather quiet and values are still in a very wide range, according to the varying proportion of fresh and older eggs contained in the cases. Storage eggs are a trifle steadier, but trading is only moderate, and there is little change in the full range of values. Nearby eggs in light supply, and fancy newlaid qualities command high prices, but buyers at top quotations are critical, and the mixed lots go at very irregular prices. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 54@65c; extra firsts, 52@53c; firsts, 48@51c; seconds, 42@46c; thirds and poorer, 35@40c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 34@35c; No. 2 and poorer, 28@33c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 32@33c; undergrades, 25@31c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34@35c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 33@34c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 31@32c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 24@30c; refrigerator, nearby whites, 39@44c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 75@80c; ordinary to good, 60@72c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 58@75c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets, 52@60c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, pullets, 52@60c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 55@65c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 58@61c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 48@56c.

HOCKING COAL COMPANY

1st Mtge. 6 Per Cent. 20-Yr. S.-F. Gold Bonds issued under indenture dated July 1, 1912, between HOCKING COAL COMPANY, THE MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS R. R. CO., and EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the above-mentioned indenture and supplemental indenture dated January 28th, 1913, bonds now outstanding, bearing the following distinctive numbers, have been drawn by lot, by the undersigned, as Trustee under said indenture, for redemption on January 1st, 1918, out of the moneys in the Sinking Fund, to wit: 61, 63, 66, 78, 86, 98, 104, 132, 134, 135, 216.

Said bonds so drawn for redemption will be paid on and after January 2nd, 1918, at the 120 Broadway Office of the undersigned Trustee, N. Y. City, upon presentation and surrender of said bonds with all coupons then unmatured at 105 per cent. of their par value.

Interest on said bonds will cease on January 1st, 1918.

EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By BOYD G. CURTS, Trust Officer.
Dated N. Y. City, November 1, 1917.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 5% GOLD BONDS OF GREAT NORTHERN POWER COMPANY, DUE FEBRUARY 1, 1935:—

The undersigned, successor to Knickerbocker Trust Company, Trustee under the mortgage given to secure the above described issue of bonds, will receive for account of the Sinking Fund offers of bonds of said issue to an amount sufficient to exhaust the sum of Eighty thousand five hundred forty dollars and eleven cents ($80,540.11).

Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to Columbia Trust Company, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before November 28th, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon. Bonds accepted are payable on or before December 3rd, 1917. The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Successor-Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN,
Vice-President.
Dated, New York, November 7, 1917.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED. FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.60. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Middletown & Crawford R. R. Co.
Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Middletown & Crawford Railroad Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company at No. 50 Church Street, New York, on Tuesday, December 4th, 1917, at 1 o'clock P. M.

DAVID BOSMAN, Secretary.
Dated New York, Nov. 14, 1917.

Chartered 1799.
BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY.
New York, November 2, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their Banking House, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the fourth day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the Directors.
D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF AN ASSOCIATION for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females in the City of New York, for the election of a Board of Trustees and officers for the ensuing year, will be held at the home, One Hundred and Fourth Street and Amsterdam Avenue, on Tuesday the 4th day of December, 1917, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately existing between ALMONT M. HART and CLIFTON K. BAUMANN under the firm name of A. M. HART & CO. has been terminated and dissolved as of the close of business on Sept. 30, 1917. Mr. ALMONT M. HART has purchased and taken over all the Assets and assumed all the liabilities of the former partnership and is continuing under the name of A. M. HART the business heretofore carried on by said partnership of A. M. HART & CO.

ALMONT M. HART,
CLIFTON K. BAUMANN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership lately existing between LEO BLUMENKROHN and JULIUS VOSSEN, under the firm name and style of L. BLUMENKROHN & COMPANY, at No. 13 West 27th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, was dissolved on the 17th day of November, 1917, by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said co-partnership are to be paid to LEO BLUMENKROHN, and all demands on the said copartnership are to be presented to him for payment.

Dated, New York, November 17th, 1917.
LEO BLUMENKROHN,
JULIUS VOSSEN.

DIVIDENDS.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY COMPANY,

17 Broadway, New York, November 15, 1917.

The Board of Directors has today declared a DIVIDEND of TWO PER CENT. upon the capital stock of the Company, payable December 31, 1917, to stockholders of record December 7, 1917. Transfer books will not close.

Checks will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses recorded on the books of the Company.

CARL REMINGTON, Secretary.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

100 American Cyanamid Com.
50 Celluloid Co.
100 Consol. Coal Co. (St. Louis)
100 Carbon Steel 1st Pfd.
50 Guantanamo Sugar
30 Guaranty Trust Stock
50 Hale & Kilburn Pfd.
25 Ingersoll-Rand Com.
50 Milliken Bros. Pfd.
50 Norwegian-American S. S.
100 National Fuel Gas "Rights"
100 Pacific Coast Com.
50 Splitdorf Electric Pfd.
25 Thompson-Starrett Com.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

100 American Meter Co.
100 American Cyanamid Com.
50 Central Aguirre Sugar
100 Cinn. Gas Transportation
25 Fidelity-Phenix Insurance
100 Federal Sugar Com.
100 Great Northern Paper
50 Horn & Hardart Com. & Pfd.
100 National Fuel Gas "Rights"
50 Pocahontas Fuel Com.
50 Thompson-Starrett Pfd.
100 Weyman-Bruton Com.
50 Washington Steel & Ordnance
200 Wheeling & Lake Erie prior lien

J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Unlisted Securities Department

WANTED
New River Collieries Pfd.
Penn Seaboard Steel
Wright-Martin Pfd.

FOR SALE
Air Reduction
Curtiss Aeroplane Pfd.
Int'l Motor Truck 1st Pfd.
Kellogg-Mackay Pfd.
N. Y. State Railways Com.
Ocean Steamship 5s, 1920
Penn Seaboard Steel
Pierce, Butler & Pierce Stocks
Pierce, Butler & Pierce 6s, 1934
Santa Cecilia Sugar Corp.
Dayton Power & Light Pfd.
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Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
25 Pine St. Tel. 6064 John. New York

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

E. G. CRAWFORD, President.

NEW INCOME TAX LAW
With Explanatory Analysis

We have prepared for distribution the fourth edition of our Income Tax booklet. This booklet contains an explanatory analysis of the new Federal Income Tax law, together with the full text of that statute, and charts which show graphically the operation of the law. We shall be glad to send a copy of this booklet to investors upon request.

Ask for Income Tax Handbook No. 22

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The new INHERITANCE TAX LAWS of New Jersey do not tax non-residents for money, stocks, bonds and mortgages (except stock of New Jersey corporations) when such property is kept in New Jersey. Send for Booklet T.
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Largest Banking Institution in Jersey City

SPECIAL NOTICE

To Holders of First and Refunding Mortgage Five Per Cent. Twenty-Year Gold Bonds, Holders of Preferred Stock, Holders of Common Stock, and Holders of Dividend Certificates of Fort Wayne and Northern Indiana Traction Company:

Default having been made in the payment of the interest due September 1, 1917, under the terms of the mortgage dated September 1, 1912, to United States Mortgage and Trust Company, Trustee, executed by the Fort Wayne and Northern Indiana Traction Company, to secure an issue of its bonds, due September 1, 1932, the undersigned being and representing holders of large amounts of said bonds, and also of the preferred and common stock and dividend certificates of said Company, have formed a Committee for the protection of the holders of the said bonds, stock and dividend certificates of said Company.

The Committee invites the holders of said bonds, holders of the said preferred stock, holders of the said common stock, and holders of the said dividend certificates to deposit on or before December 31, 1917, with the Central Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, New York City, which has been appointed Depositary, their bonds, certificates of stock, and dividend certificates, for all of which Certificates of Deposit will be issued under a bondholders', stockholders', and dividend certificate holders' protective agreement now on file with the Depositary.

The Committee requests that the said bondholders, stockholders, and dividend certificate holders shall deposit their bonds, certificates of stock, and dividend certificates promptly, as the right of deposit will expire December 31, 1917, unless the time is extended as provided in the aforesaid agreement.

WILLIAM A. TUCKER,
JAY COOKE,
J. LEVERING JONES,
RANDAL MORGAN,
THOMAS E. MURRAY,
HENRY SANDERSON,
Committee.

PRESENT STATUS
OF THE
GREAT WAR

A Powerful and Analytical Presentation of the World Conflict.

The Italian situation—Why Lloyd George called for co-ordination between the Allies—Effect of the Russian and Italian defeats on the German people—The fighting power of the German army—Why the length of the war is dependent more upon Germany's man power than upon her finances or her food—The suffering of Russia—One million more men under arms in France than when she entered the conflict—Reserve power in the war held by the British Empire—The English advance on Jerusalem like a romance of the Arabian Nights—Restoration of Palestine and Babylon in sight—America to be a deciding factor in crushing the military power of Prussia.

Dow, Jones & Co.'s News Bulletins of Tuesday, November 20th, will contain a timely article on The War Situation. Publication will also be made in the evening and following morning editions of The Wall Street Journal.

It should be read by every investor.

The Dow-Jones Bulletins will be found in all well equipped financial offices

K. C. Clinton & Springfield 1st 5s, 1925
U. S. & Porto Rico Navig. 1st 5s, 1921
Lima Locomotive 1st 6s, 1932
Wheel. & Lake E. Ext. & Impr 5s, 1930
Wolff & Stanley
Tel. 2900 or 6557 Broad 27 William St.

National Fuel
Gas "Rights"
Salisbury & van der Kieft,
45 Pine St., N. Y. Phone John 1646

CONTRACT BONDS
American Surety Co.
of New York. Founded 1884.
Home Office, 100 Broadway.

Hendee Mfg.
Carbon Steel
Royal Baking Powder
Keyes, Haviland & Co.
Tel. Rector 7961 66 Broadway

We Can Use	We Offer For Sale
25 Amer. Light & Trac.	25 Ford Motor of Can.
100 Charcoal Iron	100 Jones Bros. Tea
100 Emerson-Brant. Pfd.	25 Mash. I's Elec. Sup.
200 Kelsey Wheel	50 Santa Cecelia Sugar
50 S. S. Kresge & Co.	50 South's Cal. Edison

Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
Equitable Building. Phone 5354 Rector.

National Surety
Jones Bros. Tea Com.
American Typefounders
Sullivan Machinery Co.
H. W. Johns-Manville Pfd.
United Light & Railways Com. & Pfd.
John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
115 Broadway, Tel. Rector 9376, New York

Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York
is now a member of
Federal Reserve System

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands, $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

CHELSEA EXCHANGE BANK

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$394,250.00
Private securities		11,725.00
Real estate owned		81,900.00
Mortgages owned		146,964.60
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		20,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		100,110.89
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		2,358,469.13
Overdrafts		2,894.55
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$524,143.86	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	172,836.51	
		696,980.37
Specie		28,000.00
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		564,134.61
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings		15,586.64
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture, fixtures, and vaults	$16,000.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	10,211.89	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	5,750.00	
		31,961.89
Total		$5,060,787.08

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$400,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$80,000.00	
Undivided profits	17,861.07	
		97,861.07
Deposits — Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	$6,219.37	
Deposits by the State of New York	300,000.00	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	1,891.01	
Deposits otherwise preferred, if any	24,863.51	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	3,200,284.42	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	32,500	
Demand certificates of deposit	7,020.90	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	382,046.64	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	14,452.37	
Certified checks	54,372.21	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	126,435.84	
Total deposits		4,130,638.33
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise		400,000.00
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned	$11,000.00	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	6,224.50	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	6,515.18	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	1,500.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	7,000.00	
		32,239.68
Total		$5,060,787.08

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Scandinavian Trust Company

at the close of business on the fourteenth day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$3,060,870.81
Private securities		104,066.85
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		5,055,640.00
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		5,781,918.16
Overdrafts		27.11
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$1,307,539.93	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	162,650.43	
		1,470,190.36
Specie		1,174,589.85
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		52,770.00
Cash items		747.51
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		206,800.00
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		36,706.88
Total		$16,944,327.51

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$1,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$1,500,000.00	
Undivided profits	79,862.80	
		1,579,862.80
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	$68,500.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	8,116,222.15	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	47,763.49	
Demand certificates of deposit	756,627.87	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	44,482.63	
Certified checks	172,536.29	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	4,813,642.56	
Total deposits		14,019,775.04
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		206,800.00
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	$24,738.31	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	27,930.72	
Income tax withheld	35.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	85,205.64	
		137,889.67
Total		$16,944,327.51

U. S. STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Full Information on Request

THE BOUGHTON COMPANY, INC.
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71 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

QUICK ACTION!

Live stock salesman with a few good customers can make a quick turn on an attractive common stock—established industry—growing business — large net profits — no prior liens. Liberal commission and permanent connection with well-known firm. Address S. S., P. O. Box 1936, N. Y. C.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

The firm H. Liberman & Co., 4 West 16th St., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be conducted by Aaron Levine and Ike Mines under the firm name of Levine & Mines, which firm has assumed all the indebtedness of H. Liberman & Co.

HYMAN LIBERMAN,
AARON LEVINE,
IKE MINES.

Dated New York City, Nov. 12, 1917.

OFFER BRITISH BILLS AGAIN.

J. P. Morgan & Co. to Put Out $15,000,000 at 6% This Week.

J. P. Morgan & Co. announced yesterday the resumption of weekly offerings of 90-day British Treasury bills. None were sold during the Liberty Loan campaign, and the total outstanding is approximately $100,000,000. While previous sales were made at a discount of either 5¼ or 5½ per cent., the $15,000,000 lot offered this week will be sold at 6 per cent., a rate which appears to be particularly attractive to banks as short term investments, especially in view of the fact that the British Treasury bills are available as collateral security for Government deposits.

The first lot of $15,000,000 of the bills matures tomorrow and will be paid. A similar amount of bills will mature every week until the full $100,000,000 is paid, and it was said yesterday that funds were on hand to meet payments for three successive weeks. Originally it was announced that weekly offerings of $15,000,000 would be made and that at no time would more than $150,000,000 be outstanding. The bankers have found, however, that a total of $100,000,000 is sufficient, and according to present plans it will not be raised to the higher figure.

Curtiss Aeroplane Earnings.

A report of earnings of the Curtiss Aeroplane & Motors Corporation and its subsidiaries, for the nine months ended Sept. 30 last, shows earnings of $6.90 on the common stock, but without allowing for war taxes. The total gross receipts from sales of airplanes was $6,588,806, and from all sources $9,950,207, from which was derived a manufacturing profit of $2,713,639 and a final net profit of $1,821,566.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, coupon, 1930	97	98	4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105
3s, registered, 1918	99	100	2s, coupon, '38, reg	96	98
3s, coupon, 1918	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	98
3s, registered, 1956	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg	84	88
3s, coupon, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	86
3s, conversion, 1947	85	90	2s, registered, 1930	97	98
4s, registered, 1925	104¾	105⅝			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.
4½s July, 1967	98	99	98½	4s May, 1919	98½	99¼	98¾
4½s June, 1965	98	99	98½	4s Nov., 1918	99¼	..	99¼
4½s Mar., 1963	98	99	98½	3s Nov., 1954	79	..	80
4½s Nov., 1957	98	99	98½	3½s May, 1954	80	..	81
4½s May, 1957	98	99	98½	3½s Nov., 1955	79	81	79¼
4½s Nov., 1917	97¾	..	97¾	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4¼s April, 1960	91	93	91½	4½s 1918-1923	4.65	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	91	93	91½	4½s 1924-1921	4.65	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1964	91	93	91½	4½s 1921-1923	4.65	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1962	91	93	91½	4¼s April, 1920	4.75	..	4.65
4¼s Sept., 1960	91	93	91½	4¼s 1918-1919	5.00	..	4.75
4s May, 1959	89	91	90	3½s 1940-1953	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1958	89	91	90	3½s 1930-1939	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s May, 1957	89	92	90	3½s 1922-1929	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1956	88	..	89½	3½s 1919-1921	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1955	88	..	89½				
4s Nov., 1936	91	..	92				

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Under the leadership of New York Central, Reading, Steel common, and Union Pacific prices on the Consolidated Stock Exchange moved sharply upward in the last hour. The upturn was not a reversal of form on the part of securities, but rather a sudden stimulus to a market that had been trending gradually upward all day. Certain definite and indefinite reports appeared equally effective in the activity and optimistic view taken of the market.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Allis-Chalm.	17⅝	17¼	17¼	50	Lehigh Val.	53½	53½	53½
470	Am. Can	34	33¾	34	430	Mex. Petrol.	76	74½	76
150	Am.Car & F.	64	63¾	64	20	Miami Cop.	27½	27½	27½
60	Am. Linseed.	25	25	25	430	Mo. Pacific.	22¾	21⅝	22¾
910	Am. Locomo.	52¾	52	52¾	1,810	N. Y. Cent.	70⅝	68¾	70⅝
340	Am. Sm.& R.	74	72	74	260	N. Y., N. H. & H	26	24½	26
750	Anaconda	56⅝	55½	56⅝	10	North. Pac.	85¼	85¼	85¼
40	At.,T.& S.Fe	86	85¾	85¾	530	Pennsylvania	47	46½	47
40	A., G.& W.I.	98½	96¼	96¼	90	Ray Copper	22	21¾	22
990	B'dwin Loco.	58¼	57	58¼	1,910	Reading	70¾	67½	70¾
190	Balt. & Ohio	52	50¾	52	230	Rep. I. & S.	72½	70¾	72½
50	Batopilas	1	1	1	40	Sinclair Oil	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞
2,640	Beth. Steel,B	80	78¼	79¾	160	South. Pac.	82½	81⅝	82½
20	Burns Bros.	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	120	Southern Ry.	25½	25	25¼
970	Can. Pacific	134	130⅝	134	450	Studebaker	40	39⅜	40
340	Cent.Leather	62⅝	61⅞	61⅞	630	Union Pac.	115¾	112½	115¾
50	Ches. & Ohio	47⅞	47¼	47⅞	620	U.S.Ind.Alco.	103	101½	103
500	C.,M.& St.P.	38⅝	37	38⅝	490	U. S. Rubber	50¾	49¼	50¾
40	C., R. I.& P.	18¼	18	18	32,340	U. S. Steel	95⅛	92¼	95⅛
50	Chile Copper	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	430	Utah Copper	76	74⅝	76
30	Chino Copper	39	39	39	50	W'houseElec.	37¾	37¾	37¾
380	Corn Prod	27¾	26½	27¾	90	Willys-Over.	18	17¼	17¼
990	CrucibeSteel	54⅛	52⅞	54⅛		BONDS			
130	Cuba C. Sug.	27¼	27	27¼	$2,200	U. S. Lib.4s	98.10	98.10	98.10
590	Del. & Hud.	90	87	90		MINING STOCKS.			
250	Dist. Secur.	33½	33¼	33¼	600	Atlanta	.08½	.08½	.08½
650	Erie	15	14	15	400	Goldf'dCon.	.40	.39	.40
990	Gen. Motors	89⅝	87⅞	89½	400	Iron Blos.	.50	.50	.50
10	Goodrich Co.	34¼	34¼	34¼	500	Midway	.10	.10	.10
10	Gt. Nor. Ore	24¾	24⅝	24¾	500	North Star	.07	.07	.07
360	Insp. Copper	41⅝	41	41⅝	200	Portland	1.05	1.05	1.05
3,675	Int.Mer.M.pf.	93⅞	92⅝	93¾	450	Tono. Ext.	1.62½	1.50	1.62½
10	Interb. Con.	6½	6½	6½	300	White Caps	.75	.75	.75
70	Kennecott	31	30⅝	30⅝					
40	Lack. Steel	74	74	74					

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Con. Coal	89	89	89	270	Do pf.	57	56	57
68	Con. Power	100	99	99	18	Mer. & M. T.	60	60	60
698	Cosden	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	50	Mt. Ver. pf.	64	64	64
300	Do pf.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	10	United Ry.	23	23	23
51	Davison	24	24	24	75	Wayland	3	3	3
660	Houston Oil	20	20	20					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	City & S. 5s	99	99	99	$3,000	Md. Elec. 5s	90½	90½	90½
12,000	Cosden 6s, B.	79¼	78¼	78¼	1,000	Norf. St. R. R. 5s	96½	96½	96¼
1,000	Elkhorn 5s	99½	99½	99½	2,000	S. Md. 4s, '26	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
1,000	M. & St. P. 5s	95	95	95	3,000	Un. Ry. Inc.	55	55	55

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Zinc	12	12	12	50	Mass Cons.	6¼	6¼	6¼
10	Do pf.	40⅜	40⅜	40⅜	5	May.-Old C.	1½	1½	1½
15	Ahmeek	84	84	84	81	Mohawk	60¾	60½	60⅝
100	Alaska	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	10	Nev. Cons.	17	17	17
5	Anaconda	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛	29	North Butte	12¾	12¾	12¾
240	Ariz Com'l.	9⅛	9	9	105	North Lake	40c.	40c.	40c.
1,000	Butte-Bal.	35c.	35c.	35c.	25	Osceola	60¼	60	60¼
50	Cal. & Ariz.	65	65	65	247	Pond Creek	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
50	Centennial	13¼	13	13	25	Quincy	65	65	65
5	Chino	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	50	Seneca	6	6	6
997	CopperRange	48¼	47¾	47¾	110	Shannon	5¼	5¼	5¼
250	Daly-West	2	2	2	50	St.Mary's L.	50½	50	50½
335	East Butte	10¼	10¼	10¼	212	Trinity	4⅛	3	4
100	Franklin	5	5	5	200	Tuolumne	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
50	Hancock	9	9	9	25	U. S. Smelt.	43⅛	43	43
10	Island Creek	53	53	53	26	Do pf.	44⅛	44	44⅛
30	Do pf.	82	80	80	300	Utah Apex	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
32	Isle Royale	25	25	25	115	Utah Con.	12	12	12
5	Kerr Lake	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	250	Utah Metal	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
400	Keweenaw	1½	1½	1½	15	Wolverine	34	33	33
150	Lake	6½	6½	6½					

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
64	Boston Elev.	32¼	31¾	32	5	Do pf.	12	12	12
130	Bost. & Me.	20¼	19¾	20	50	N. Y., N. H. & H.	25	24¼	24¼
5	Fitchb'g pf.	49	49	49	15	Old Colony	91	90	90
15	Maine Cent.	89	89	89	30	West End pf.	47¼	47¼	47¼
16	Mass. Elec.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
8	Am. Ag. Ch.	76¼	76¼	76¼	20	No.Sco.Steel	70¼	70	70
10	Do pf.	91½	91½	91½	1	Pullman	128	128	128
6	Am. Sug. pf.	108¼	107	108¼	25	ReeceButton	18	18	18
418	Am. T. & T.	108	106¼	107¼	190	Swift & Co.	124	123	124
74	Am.Wool.pf.	88	88	88	2	United Drug	68	68	68
20	Art Metal	9	9	9	3	Do 2d pf.	75	75	75
260	A.,G.& W.I.	98	96½	98	403	Unit. Fruit	118	115¼	117
5	Edison Elec.	150	150	150	135	Un. Sh. Ma.	40¼	39	40
30	Gen. Elec.	130	129¾	129¾	19	Do pf.	25	25	25
92	Mass. Gas.	77	76	76	210	Ventura	5	4⅞	4⅞
33	Do pf.	70	70	70	5	Warren Bros. 2d pf.	45¼	45¼	45¼
50	N. E. Tel.	101	101	101	10	West. Union	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝
1	Nipe Bay	115	115	115					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A. Ag. Ch.5s	91	91	91	$1,000	Swift 5s	93	93	93
2,000	A.G.&W.I.5s	77⅝	77	77	49,000	Liberty 3½s	99.60	98.90	99.00
1,000	U.S.Smelt.6s	98	98	98	24,500	Do 4s	98.60	97.00	97.00

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
28	Am. Radiat'r	270	270	270	4	Pub. Service	74	74	74
780	Booth Fish.	17¼	17	17¼	528	People's Gas	39	37⅞	37⅞
30	Chi. C. & C. Ry. pf.	14½	14½	14½	10	Quaker Oats	235	235	235
143	Chi. R., S. 2	10	10	10	20	Do pf.	97	97	97
131	Cudahy	112	110	112	292	Sears-Roe	141¼	139¼	140
53	Com. Edison	102	101	102	425	S. Warner	47	46	47
30	D'e & Co. pf	96	95½	95½	689	Swift & Co.	123¼	122½	123
30	H.,S. & M. pf	108	108	108	100	Un. Paperb'd	17½	17	17½
20	Midwest pf.	57½	57½	57½	12	Wilson pf.	96	95	96
					2,878	Carbide & C.	48	46½	48

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Armour 4½s	86	86	86	$3,000	Swift 1st 5s	93½	93¼	93¼
2,000	Chi. City Ry. 1st 5s	89	89	89	1,000	Wilson 1st 6s	97	97	97
6,000	C. Ed. 1st 5s	92	91¾	91¾	14,000	Lib. 3½s	99.50	99.00	99.50
3,000	Peo. G. ref.5s	80	80	80	200	Do 4s	98	98	98

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Am. Gas	97¾	97¾	97¾	1,065	Phil. R.T.t.c.	25	25	25
100	Brill	10	10	10	400	Tono. Mining	4¾	4¾	4¾
25	El. Stor.Bat.	48¾	48	48¾	2	Union Trac.	40½	40½	40½
610	L. Sup.Corp.	11	10½	11	350	Unit.GasImp.	69	69	69
366	Lehigh Nav.	55⅝	55½	55½	200	Warw'k L&S.	8½	8½	8½
646	Penn. R. R.	47½	46⅝	46⅝	25	Wm. Cramp.	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞
765	Phila. Elec.	25	24⅞	25					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Am.G.& E.5s	85	85	85	$1,000	Lib. 4s	97.40	97.40	97.40
3,000	El.& P.Tr.4s	73	73	73	2,000	Penn. con.5s	100	100	100
4,000	Int'st. Ry.4s	45	45	45	12,000	Phil. El.1st5s	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
2,000	L.V. Coal 5s	101	100⅞	100⅞	1,000	Read. gen.4s	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝
4,000	Lib. 3½s	99.26	99.26	99.26	1,000	Sp.-A.Iron 6s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	16	16½	16½	Prairie Oil & Gas	400	415	395
Atlantic Refining	790	*810	790	Prairie Pipe Line	225	230	225
Borne-Scrymser	400	425	400	Solar Refining	295	305	295
Buckeye Pipe Line	85	90	85	Southern Pipe L.	190	195	188
Chesebrough Mfg.	325	350	325	South. Penn. Oil	245	255	245
Colonial Oil	50	70	50	S. W. Penn.	100	105	100
Continental Oil	425	450	425	Stand. Oil of Cal.	220	225	213
Crescent Pipe Line	33	36	33	Stand. Oil of Ind.	585	600	590
Cumberland P. L.	135	145	135	Stand. Oil of Kan.	445	465	445
Eureka Pipe Line	190	200	190	Stand. Oil of Ky.	320	330	320
Galena Signal Oil	125	130	125	Stand. Oil of Neb.	475	500	475
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	125	130	125	Stand. Oil of N. J.	505	*510	505
Illinois Pipe Line	165	170	180	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	242	246	240
Indiana Pipe Line	80	83	80	Stand. Oil of Ohio	420	430	420
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	10	11	10	Swan & Finch	90	100	90
National Transit	12	13	12	Union Tank	80	84	80
N. Y. Transit	175	185	175	Vacuum Oil	320	325	320
Northern Pipe L.	95	98	95	Washington Oil	30	*35	34
Ohio Oil	288	292	285	*Ex dividend.			
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co	33	37	33				

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.
American Cigar	85	95	90	MacAndrews & F.	185	200	190
Do pf.	85	93	90	Do pf.	95	100	98
Conley Foil	200	250	200	P. R.-Am. Tob.	170	185	175
J. S. Young	130	150	150	Do scrip	120	130	115
Do pf.	100	110	105	R. J. Reynolds	450	500	450
				Do pf	100	104	102

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—Thirty-four new corporations, with an aggregate capital of $3,493,000, were chartered today. They include:

Delaware & Greene Creamery Co., Arkville, $10,000; A. J. Morse, W. J. Crosby, A. D. Franks, Arkville.

Tompkins & Tuthill, Brooklyn, wrapping paper, bags, twine, and wooden ware, $10,000; H. A. Merlin, N. G. and H. H. Tuthill, 15 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Elliott Rappaport, Manhattan, contracting and electrical and mechanical engineering, $10,000; A. J. Rosenthal, S. Elliott, A. Rappaport, 200 West 21st St.

Philadelphia Ideal Film Exchange, Manhattan, $80,000; C. P. Poole, A. J. Dando, A. Teitel, 206 Broadway.

Cromwell Production Co., Manhattan, produce gasoline from casing head gas, $250,000; A. Rust Oppenheim, S. C. Worthem, A. S. Mortimer, 67 West 71st St.

76 Madison Av. Realty Co., Manhattan, $325,000; W. J. Rosenstein, E. A. and O. Horwitz, 115 Broadway.

Liberty Equipment Corp., Manhattan, equipments for machine shops, $10,000; R. R. Mitchell, F. Leder, O. J. Korb, 27 Cedar St.

Washington & Eastern Timber Co., Manhattan, $10,000; H. E. Dunham, G. A. Ferguson, A. M. Hyland, 519 West 152d St.

Sergeant Realty Co., Manhattan, $55,000; W. J. Rosenstein, E. and O. Horwitz, 115 Broadway.

Bertha Realty Co., Manhattan, $80,000; O. and E. Horwitz, W. J. Rosenstein, 115 Broadway.

The Landres Co., Manhattan, department stores, $20,000; M. Leonard, R. Levy, Landres, 353 4th Av.

Sunshine Furniture Co., Manhattan, $10,000, D. Aronson, P. A. Belson, J. Shapiro, 130 Henry St.

Jay Street Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $100,000; A. P. Anderson, K. R. Norton, F. Freeman, 54 Nassau St.

Eastern Trucking Co., Manhattan, $10,000; G. H. Woods, R. Lewis, W. M. Tulloch, 460 West 141st St.

The Pathfinders Lodge, Cooperstown, maintain open-air camps for girls, $10,000; F. B. Turney, G. R. Harris, V. Veucher, Utica.

Perfection Stock Food Co., Buffalo, $25,000; L. Mitchell, G. C. Gorman, M. E. Lutier, Buffalo.

Westchester Package Delivery, White Plains, $5,000; W. L. Leeney, R. E. Potter, J. P. Sicser, White Plains.

Glen Cove Amusement Corp., Oyster Bay, $35,000; H. L. Hedger, P. F. MacMahon, C. Wheeler, Glen Cove.

Central Grocers Co., Brooklyn, $50,000; I. Schmookler, M. Cohen, S. W. Daviduff, 254 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn.

Arrow Motor Transport Co., Brooklyn, $25,000; W. H. Hocker, S. W. Davidson, A. Cammann, 8 West 16th St.

Palermo Baking Co., Rochester, $8,000; D. Liquori, E. Buonvilla, J. Cordaro, Rochester.

Seaboard Warehouse Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; F. X. Butler, B. B. Mead, J. E. Molino, 1,956 Crotona Parkway.

Adolf Gobel, Inc., Brooklyn, food and meat products, $2,900,000; L. B. Brush, A. and O. Gobel, 279 Highland Boulevard, Brooklyn.

Shrier Realty Corp., Manhattan, 390 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $39,000; S., M. L. and I. J. Shrier, 102 Madison Av.

Associated Realty Investors, Manhattan, $10,000; A. H. Wagg, C. B. Elmer, M. Morgenthau, Jr., 25 Pine St.

Martin Trading Co., merchandise and stock, $250,000; M. and I. Scott, M. Schreiber, 1,410 Fifth Av.

Costuma-Dreyfuss, Manhattan, suits and dresses, $25,000; S. H. and J. W. Costuma, D. A. Dreyfuss, 115 Broadway.

Liberty Lunch Co., Manhattan, $10,000; E. R. and E. R. Negbauer, S. Newman, 721 Broadway.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

American Wood Pulp Corp., Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

Arthur Walker & Co., Manhattan, $20,000 to $100,000.

William Moore Knitting Co., Cohoes, $50,000 to $100,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

John F. Schmadeke, Inc., Great River, $595,000 to $560,000.

REVOCATION AND WITHDRAWAL OF AUTHORITY.

Tuscarora Fertilizer Co., New Jersey.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Carson Orcutt Sales Co., Huntington, to Huntington Motor Sales Co.

Hartwell Lester and Clitter, Manhattan, to Hartwell & Lester, Inc.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Heights Decorating Co., Manhattan.

Lyman & Clark Co., Manhattan.

Buffalo Silk Fabrics Co., Manhattan.

Continental Auto Heater Co., Manhattan.

Santini Realty Co., Inc., Bronx.

Italian French Wine and Grocery Co., Manhattan.

Worth Building Co., Syracuse.

Brooklyn Process and Illustrating Co., Brooklyn.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 19.—Charters filed:

Alvin's Women's Wear, Paterson, $100,000; B. Chester, Bronx, N. Y.; M. McAffey, Elizabeth, and M. Friedman, Newark.

Franklin Silk Co., Paterson, $25,000; N. Shuger, M. Stein, and J. Lerner, all of Paterson.

Joseph Wittes, Elizabeth, $10,000; J. Wittes and A. Wittes of Elizabeth and L. Nemeoson of Newark.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 19.—Charters filed:

Kahiltna Gold and Platinum Deposits, $10,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, Clement M. Egner of Wilmington, Del.

The Matagorda Oil and Refining Co., $5,000,000; John J. Jolls, M. L. Horty, K. E. Longfield of Wilmington.

Burton Dixie Corp., to manufacture and deal in cotton, $1,500,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, Clement M. Egner of Wilmington.

Piot-Rola Mfg. Corp., to manufacture motion-picture machines and talking machines, $1,500,000; John J. Jolls, M. L. Horty, K. E. Longfield of Wilmington.

B. Edmund David, Inc., to manufacture and sell silk wool and other textile fabrics, $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, C. M. Egner of Wilmington.

Silver Fissure Silver Mining Co., $1,000,000; John J. Jolls, M. L. Horty, K. E. Longfield of Wilmington.

Allied Silk Trading Corp., $1,000,000; John J. Jolls, M. L. Horty, K. E. Longfield, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

International Products Corp., $500,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, Clement M. Egner of Wilmington.

Dayton Coal, Iron, and Railway Co., $10,000; John B. Knox, Jane F. Hory, Charles H. Stanton, all of New York.

F. F. Proctor Newark Realty Corp., $200,000.

F. F. Proctor Jersey City Realty Corp., $5,000.

F. F. Proctor Broad Street Realty Corp., $50,000.

F. F. Proctor New Jersey Theatres Co., $2,000.

The business of all above being to acquire real estate and conduct places of amusement; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, Clement M. Egner of Wilmington.

Increase in capital stock: American Briquet Co. from $200,000 to $4,000,000.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
250	Am. Light & Traction	193	184	190½	192½

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	17	20	Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	70	75	Miss. River Power	7	9
Am. Gas & Electric	85	90	Miss. River Power pf.	34	36
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	40	42	Northern Ohio Electric	27	32
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	90	93	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	68	72
Am. Power & Light	39	41	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Am. Power & Light pf.	72	75	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf.	53	56
Am. Public Utilities	30	35	Northern States Power	50	55
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	62	66	Northern States P. pf.	84	88
Am. Water W. & E.	4	5	Northern Texas Electric	50	54
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	10	13	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	68	74
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	59	63	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Carolina Power & Light	30	31	Pacific Gas & Electric	33	34
Carolina P. & L. pf.	90	93	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	79	80
Cities Service	195	198	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf.	96	98
Cities Service pf.	72	72¾	Pub. Serv. Secur. pf.	73½	78½
Colorado Power	20	23	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	13	16
Colorado Power pf.	93	98	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf.	48	53
Columbus Electric pf.	78	82	Ry. & Lt. Secur. pf.	86	90
Commonwealth P. & L.	35	37	Republic Ry. & Light	18	21
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	61	64	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	54	58
Conn. Power pf.	85	90	Sierra Pac. El. pf.	62½	67½
Consumers' Power pf.	89	92	Southern Cal. Edison	80	83
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	81	83	South. Cal. Edison pf.	93	96
Duluth Edison	75	80	Standard Gas & Elec.	4	5
Eastern Texas Electric	50	55	Std. Gas & Elec. pf.	22	25
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	79	84	Tampa Electric	100	102
El Paso Electric	100	104	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow.	2	3
El Paso Electric pf.	90	94	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	10	12
Electric B. & S. pf.	93	96	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Electric Properties	50	55	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf.	86	88
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	84	89	United Gas Improve.	80	89½
Federal Light & Trac.	..	9	United Light & Rys.	26	30
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf.	..	38	United Light & Rys. pf.	59	62
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	16	..	Wash. I. W. L. & P.pf.	81½	84
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	..	68	West. P. Ter. & W. P.	19	15
Gas & Elec. Securities	280	300	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	50	65
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf.	93	98	West. Penn. P. pf.	95	100
Idaho Power 7% pf.	98	100	Western Power	7	10
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98	Western Power pf.	40	45
Interstate Electric	36	42	Wisconsin Edison	35	40
Interstate Electric pf.	90	95	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	100

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97½	98½	Middle West U. 6s, '25	95	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	64	66	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99½	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	72	80	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	70
Carolina P. & L. 5s	89	92	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	82	88
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	95	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	79	83½
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	93	97½	Ner. States P. 6s, 1926	92	94
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	70	75	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	87	87½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	96½	100	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963	90	93	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100½	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	Omaha & C. B. 5s	89	93
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	90	98	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '34	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	90	93	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96	97
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	88	91	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s, '45	94	96
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	95	100	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39	88	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	85	90	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	88	92
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	87	92	U.S. R., P. & M. 6s, '23	111	113
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	Union L. & R. 1st 5s, '32	80	87
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	77	82	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26	94	99
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	90	95	United Util. cv. 6s, '43	93	98
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	97	100	Utah Securities 6s	86	87
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44	93	96	Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	94½	98
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	90	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
L., G. & E. Co. 1st 5s '41	85	90	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	West P. P. 1st 5s, '46	89	92
			Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	90	95

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
9,000	‡Aetna Exp.	7⅛	6⅞	7	2,500	‡Maxim Mun	¾	11-16	⅝
50	‡Can. C. & F	16	16	16	200	N. A. P. & P	2¼	2	2
1,500	‡Car L. & P	2½	2¼	2½	400	‡P.-L. C. Co.	3⅝	3⅜	3½
100	Carwen Steel	9	9	9	600	‡Prud. Pict.	7¼	7	7¼
10	‡Cities S. C. (nld)	196	196	196	7,500	Smith M. T.	1⅜	1⅛	1¼
300	Emerson P.	5¼	5⅛	5¼	2,000	Sub. Boat v. t. ctfs.	14	13	13¾
100	Ev. H., Inc.	20½	20½	20½	1,500	Tri'e Film v. t. ctfs.	1	15-16	1
800	‡Hall Signal	3¼	3	3¼	1,500	‡Un. Motors	15½	15	15¼
100	‡Do pf.	13	13	13	200	W. Film Cp. v. t. ctfs.	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,100	‡Int. Lube C.	3¼	3⅛	3¼	2,000	‡W.-M. Air.	7⅝	7½	7⅝
100	‡Int. T. Corp. pf	60	60	60					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,600	Anglo-Am	17	16½	17	20	Std. Oil, N.Y.	243	242	243
50	Std. Oil, N.J.	509	503	503					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	‡Barn'tO.&G.	1½	1⅜	1⅜	5,000	†‡Midwest	115	110	114
250	‡Beth.O.& G.	10¼	10	10⅛	600	‡Midw. Ref.	113	109	111
1,500	‡Cosden Oil	7⅝	7¼	7¼	1,000	‡N. Y.-Okla.	11-16	½	⅝
4,550	Cumb.P.& R.	*1⅛	1⅛	1⅜	2,500	†‡N. W. Oil	73	70	73
500	‡Elk Basin	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	10,000	†‡Okla Oil	6	5½	6
1,500	‡Elkl'dO.&G. (a pros.)	⅛	¼	⅛	1,500	†‡Do pf	20	20	20
1,800	‡Esmeralda	⅛	⅛	⅛	2,000	Okla. P.& R.	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝
200	‡Federal Oil	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2,500	†Omar O.&G.	28	28	28
2,500	‡Friar Oil	⅜	⅜	⅜	2,500	Osage-Hom.	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝
500	‡Glenrock Oil	14⅝	14⅜	14⅝	600	‡Penn.-Ky.	5⅝	5¼	5⅝
2,500	‡Hanover	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	1,700	‡Penn.-Ohio	12¼	12¼	12¼
2,100	‡Houston Oil	20¼	19½	19¾	1,000	†‡Red Rock	62	60	62
1,500	‡Humb.Goose Cr. O.& R.	4¼	4	4¼	10,300	‡Rice Oil	½	⅜	⅜
4,800	Kenova Oil (a pros.)	⅛	⅛	⅛	200	‡Sapulpa	8¾	8½	8¾
600	‡Lost City	⅛	⅛	⅛	1,500	‡Sequoyah	11-16	11-16	11-16
3,000	‡Merritt Oil	23½	21¾	23½	1,500	‡SomersetOil	⅛	⅛	⅛
2,500	Met. Petrol.	11-16			3,000	‡Unit. West.	⅝	⅝	⅝
					250	‡Victoria Oil. new stock	3½	3½	3½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	Acme C. H.	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜	4,400	‡Jer.-Pres.C.	3	2⅞	3
500	Al.-Brit.Col. Metals	⅛	⅛	⅛	700	†‡Jim Butler	77	75	76
3,700	†‡Atlanta	9	8½	8½	1,200	†Jumbo Ext.	16	15	16
5,000	Big L. Cop.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	2,200	‡Kirk. P. G. M., Ltd.	50	50	50
3,300	†Bos. & Mon.	52	51	52	1,500	Louisi'a Con.	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,100	‡Brad. C. M.	1⅝	1½	1⅝	2,200	‡Magma C'f.	½	7-16	½
900	Butte C.& Z. v. t. ctfs.	6⅛	5⅞	6	100	Magma Cop.	36	34	36
700	Butte Det.	⅝	..	⅝	1,500	Maj. Mines	½	½	½
3,700	†‡Caledonia	44	41	42	1,000	‡Marsh M'g.	8	8	8
2,600	‡Cal. & Jer.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	800	Mason Val.	4¼	4⅛	4¼
700	Canada Cop.	1¾	1⅝	1⅝	1,500	‡Mog. M. Co.	44	40	45
2,000	†Cashboy	4	3⅞	3⅞	10,000	‡Monster C'f.	⅛	⅛	⅛
2,200	†‡CerbatS.M. & M. (a pr.)	37	34	34	3,600	†‡Mother L.	28	27	28
200	Cerro Gordo	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	16,000	†‡Nat. Leas.	8	7	7
200	‡Coco R. M.	5¼	5	5¼	6,500	†‡N. Z. & L.	31	27	29
800	Ccn.Ariz.Sm.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	600	‡New Cor'a.	15	14½	15
280	Con. Cop. M.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	4,500	†‡Nixon Nev.	1	85	1
9,500	‡Con.-H'st'd.	17	15	17	2,800	‡Ohio Copper	⅝	11-16	⅝
1,500	Cress.Con.G.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	3,900	†Port. C. C.	24	22	24
14,500	‡Emma Con.	½	7-16	½	4,000	†Rex C. M'g.	9	8	8½
500	†‡Fort. Con.	40	40	40	4,500	S. K. of A.	⅛	⅛	⅛
3,700	‡Gibson Cp.	2¼	2	2¼	100	Stand. S.-L.	⅛	⅛	⅛
100	‡Gila Cop.	17	17	17	1,200	†Success M'g.	14	13	13
1,500	‡Globe D. C.	⅛	½	½	250	‡Ton. Bel't.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
2,000	‡Gt.Ver.Ext.	1¼	1⅛	1¼	125	Ton. Ext.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
2,500	‡Green M. M.	11-16	⅝	⅝	8,000	†‡Troy-A	20	17	18
725	Hecla Min.	4½	4⅜	4⅜	800	Un. Eastern	3¾	3⅝	3⅝
10,000	‡Int. Min.	10	10	10	500	‡U. Verde E.	32½	32	32
450	‡Iron Blos.	⅝	½	⅝	1,200	†‡Utica M.	12	12	12
12,000	‡Jer. Verde (a pros.)	11-16	11-16	11-16	1,500	W. C. M. Co.	11-16	⅝	⅝
					500	†W. C. Ext. (a pros)	11¾	11¾	11¾
					1,000	†Wilbert M.	17	16	16

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	‡Beth. S'l 1s, 2-yr. notes	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	$3,000	‡Gen. El. 6s notes	100¾	100¼	100¾
60,000	‡Can. G't 5s	94¾	94¾	94¾					

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Sat'rday Bid.	Sat'rday Ask.
Air Reduct'n	60	70	60	70
Am.-Brit.Mfg.	3	6	3	6
Am.-B. M. pf.	20	40	20	40
Am. Writ. P.	1½	2½	1½	2½
Br.-Am. Tob., registered	15	15½	15	15½
Br.-Am. Tob., coupon	15½	16¼	15½	16¼
Carbon Steel	75	80	75	80
Can. N. Gas	½	¾	½	¾
Chalmers Mot.	2	4	2	4
Do pf.	..	50	..	50
Charcoal Iron	6⅜	7¼	6⅜	7¼
Do pf.	5⅛	6	5⅛	6
Chev. Motor	53	56	53	56
Cities S. pf.	72	72¾	72	72¾
Cramp Ship.	71	74	71	74
Curtiss A. pf.	50	75	50	75
Curtiss Aero.	26	28	26	28
Fed. D. & Ch.	5	10	5	10
Free. Texas	36	39	36	39
Havana Tob.	½	1½	½	1½
Do pf.	2	5	2	5
Holly Sugar	40	50	40	50
Do pf.	98	101	98	101
Hupp M. Car	2¼	2¾	2¼	2¾
Intercont. Rub.	7	9	7	9
Int. M. 2d pf.	15	20	15	20
Kresge	65	70	65	70
Kresge pf.	92	98	92	98
Lake Tor. Bt.	3¾	4	3¾	4
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf.	6	7	6	7
L. Val. C. S.	58	63	58	63
Lukens Steel	35	44	35	44
Do 1st pf.	100	102	100	102
Man. Transit	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Marconi of A.	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Marlin Arms.	86	87	86	87
N. Y. Ship'g.	29	33	29	33
N. Y. Trans.	14	17	14	17
Peer. T. & M.	9	11	9	11
Poole E. & M.	60	80	60	80
Stand. Motors	7⅞	8½	7⅞	8½

INDUSTRIALS.—Continued.	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Sat'rday Bid.	Sat'rday Ask.
St.L.,R.M.&P.	30	35	30	35
St. J. Lead	15½	16	15½	16
Todd Sh'yards	72	76	72	76
U. S. L. & H.	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
U. S. Steam'p.	3⅜	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝
United Z. S.	1⅛	2	1⅛	2
OIL STOCKS.				
Allen Oil	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
B.-Wyo. Oil	27	28	27	28
Cosden Oil pf.	3¼	4	3¼	4
Inter. Pet.	10	10¾	10	10¾
Kan.-U. Con.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Ky. Petrol.	7⅛	7½	7⅛	7½
Midw. Oil pf.	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Pierce Oil	8⅞	9¼	8⅞	9¼
Savoy Oil	7	9	7	9
Tuxpam Star	½	⅛	½	⅛
United Petrol.	30	40	30	40
Vac. O. & G.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
West. St. Pet.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
MINING STOCKS.				
Alaska Std.	24	27	24	27
Big Jim	½	⅝	½	⅝
Bingham M.	11	12	11	12
Booth	3	5	3	5
Brant Mines	55	58	55	58
Bull. Peak	½	⅝	½	⅝
Butte & N. Y.	½	⅝	½	⅝
Butte-Ram. C.	5⅛	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝
Calaveras Cp.	1½	2	1½	2
Dundee-Ariz.	¾	1	¾	1
Gold. Con.	39	40	38	40
Gold. Merger	3	4	3	4
Howe Sound	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
Kewanas	6	8	6	7
La R. Cons.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Magmate Cop.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Milford Cop.	1⅛	1⅝	1⅛	1⅝
Silver Pick	8	9	8	9
Superior Cop.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
BOND.				
Pierce O.6s.'24	70	75	70	75

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.
Aetna pf.	39	43	38	Can. Found's F.	140	150	..
American Brass	200	205	..	Colt's Arms	56	60	50
Atlas Powder	155	158	153	Du Pont	280	285	280
Do pf.	94	98	92	Hercules	248	252	247
Babcock & Wilcox	105	111	109	Do pf.	111	114	112
Bliss	400	450	400	Niles-Bem't-Pond	110	114	105
Do pf.	75	83	78	Scovill Mfg.	410	425	400
Canadian Explo.	325	375	350	Winchester Arms	700	..	750
Do pf.	104	110	104				

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

JOHN D. MORTON.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against John D. Morton, doing business as the Continental Electric Supply Company, at 1,883 Park Avenue, by Mary M. Denhaupt, a creditor, for $816 on an assigned claim from the Scovill Mfg. Co. Liabilities are stated to be $2,000 and assets $1,500.

WILLIAM B. RICHMOND, a druggist of Peekskill, N. Y.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by these creditors: Van Cortlandt Dairy, $78; Edwin J. Lockwood, $40; John Desnord, Edmund Jordan and L. F. Crumb, $1,000; Gibson Snow Co., $642, and Peekskill Lighting and Railroad Co., $48.

FRANK ENNIST.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Frank Ennist, who has a general store at Olive Bridge, in the Catskills, by these creditors: F. B. Matthews & Co., $387; Delancy N. Matthews, $1,523, and L. S. Winne & Co., $21.

POPULAR COAT AND SUIT CO., at 14 West 17th Street.—Judge Hand has appointed G. Gray Zabriskie receiver.

LORETTA CORP. of 54 Canal Street, which took over the real estate of Meyer Jarmulowsky, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $3,114,807 and assets of $2,937,641, consisting of 47 parcels of real estate, $2,835,500; cash in bank, $3,632; notes, $91,053; office furniture, $102; rents from tenants, $7,301. Among the real estate is Seventh Avenue, corner 131st Street; 2 and 4 East 131st Street, and 2,133-2,143 Fifth Avenue. There is due from S. Jarmulowsky's bank $40,833. The company owes $17,620 for taxes.

FRANK MANDEL, a manufacturer of waists at 30 and 32 West Twenty-fourth Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $15,203, and assets of $5,073, consisting of stock $2,000, accounts $3,000, and cash in bank $73.

McMANUS & ROBERTSON, hotel proprietors at Pawling, N. Y., have filed schedules showing liabilities of $5,432 and assets of $104 cash in bank.

MOOS & MOOS, manufacturers of women's hats at 14 West Thirty-third Street.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition with creditors at 20 cents on the dollar cash.

SAMUEL GINSBURG.—Judge A. N. Hand has confirmed a composition of Samuel Ginsburg, doing business as the Ginsburg Undergarment Company of 132 West Twenty-first Street, with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar cash.

Judge Hand has granted discharges to the following bankrupts:

Joseph Ball, investment broker at 61 Broadway, formerly of Los Angeles; liabilities, $11,749.

William P. Fogarty, 101 East Fifty-fourth Street, real estate broker; liabilities, $55,456.

L. R. & W. A. Duty, dry goods, Catskill; liabilities, $33,893.

Wills & Gardner, cut glass manufacturers, Middletown.

Katherine A. Huttemeyer, Walkill, N. Y.

Samuel Hassin, women's furnishing goods, 737 Westchester Avenue.

George L. Taylor, 31 Morningside Avenue.

Jacques Pollatscheck, real estate dealer, 711 East 183d Street.

Patrick Connelly, 512 East 188th Street.

Charles Rappaport, salesman.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 19.—William Moore, E. F. Trego, Walter Trego, and Florence Trego, all of Danville, Ill., have filed a petition in bankruptcy against the Hoopeston Horse Nail Company of Hoopeston, Ill., stating the liabilities are more than $100,000. The assets are unknown.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Nov. 19.—Laughlin, Miller & Allara, wholesale liquor dealers in New Haven, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States District Court today, showing liabilities of $12,336 and assets of $10,000.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 19.—Wilfred R. Garstang, a wholesale coal dealer, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the Federal District Court, with liabilities of $22,778 and assets of $1,703.

Thomas Southworth, an Indianapolis photographer, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,768 and assets of $577.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 19.—The Coats Manufacturing Company of Wellsville filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities of $345,285 and assets of $315,643.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Anderson, Mathilda—J. A. Kingsbury..$176.41
Absey, George—J. Wise Co. ...370.16
American Diamond Blast Co.—Massachusetts Bonding & Ins. Co. ...187.90
Allaire Paint Co.—Hooker Electrochemical Co. ...176.29
Aronowitz, Charles, Harry, and Samuel—V. Schwartzstein ...1,416.88
Burland, Wolf—W. L. Condit ...19,093.70
Berger, Emil—Graff Co. ...150.01
Bigall, Wm.—Surburg Chocolate Corp...375.70
Corrigan, Emmet—E. M. P. Producing Corp., costs ...244.50
Cruger, Frederick C.—Nat. Cash Reg. Co. ...532.70
Crowther, Samuel, Jr.—"Wetzel" ...300.52
Duncan, Henry S.—Drenso Garage, Inc.293.14
Dunn, Ralph H.—W. H. Sparrow et al..741.07
Davis, Morris—Motor Car Equipment Co., costs ...108.25
Same—H. Woltman, costs ...108.94
Dress Embroidery Co.—P. Kantor et al.344.52
Engel, Johane—City of N. Y., costs ...105.55
Ehret, George—E. Kutscher ...1,584.02
Farrell, Patrick J.—W. O. H. McGraw..320.45
Fuchs, Mollie—M. Glasser ...435.41
Farrall, Frederick O.—W. J. Yennie, costs ...112.34
Glaser, Harry—Joe H. Krenrich Commission Co. ...168.35
Gold Seal Battery & Electric Co.—W. J. Cullen ...470.75
Gallo, Ernesto—A. Mandanno ...925.49
Hurwitz, Isaac, adm.—City of N. Y., costs ...107.85
Henry Romeike, Inc.—Albert Romeike & Co., Inc., costs ...350.38
Hyman, May—E. V. Harman ...203.87
Hymes, Frank P.—Hageville Realty Co. et al. ...372.38
Hutcheson, Ralph E.—R. B. Steele ...815.13
Hamilton, Francis E.—F. W. Brooks...710.20
Hann, Frank—B. Wersetz ...229.20
Hertz, Henry B.—Fifth Av. Bond and Mortgage Co. ...237.68
Jacobson, Samuel—C. Herrman ...120.20
Keiser, Robert A.—H. W. De Forest...272.78
Kanter, Samuel H.—R. Schreiber ...385.96
Landau, Moses—L. Rosenberg et al. ...168.67
Levidiotis, Constantine and Peter (Levidiotis Bros.)—G. C. Cullinan ...1,121.64
La Paglia, Andrea—Nat. Cash Reg. Co.220.15
Lurie Realty Co.—People, &c. ...500.00
Lister, Thomas—Hobart Mfg. Co. ...126.89
Larkin, Minnie—M. Lippman ...129.65
Morgan, Fred J.—Rudolph Wurlitzer Co.265.72
Margaretten, Solomon—L. A. Zerega et al. ...3,006.54
Martarest, Joseph and John—Blue Valley Butter Co. ...134.47
McCollough, J. Hadley, and Agnes K. Mulligan—Seamen's Bank for Savings in the City of N. Y., costs ...124.53
Martin, Clinton S.—P. Sugerman et al..763.91
Same—Same ...145.57
Neveloff, Meyer—Sarlton Specialty Co.111.33
Noska, Chas. A., and Samuel A. Grice—G. Pappayanis ...250.00
O'Brien, James—Hewlett & Remsen, Inc., costs ...110.19
Primm, Clarence J.—W. L. Van de Wiele ...380.14
Pfohl, Lillian—A. Nassoit ...123.20
Products Mfg. Co.—E. Bockmann...10,814.07
Reeder, Louis P.—W. W. Ferguson, costs ...107.85
Roderiquez, Alf M., (Globe Sales Co.)—O. K. Harry Steel Co. ...382.92
Rafailowich, Marion—A. P. Castriotis..779.40
R. Hoe & Co.—F. L. Bosworth ...4,980.35
Ritz Restaurant Co.—M. Israel ...5,605.35
Ritz Realty Corp. and Robert M. Catts—Harry Alexander ...1,066.20
Ringhoff, Edward, or Ed—W. Lenzing..185.23
Roth, Bertha—Gansevoort Beef and Provision Co. ...118.41
Rosenwald, Max, and Rose—M. Brand..239.65
Seymour, John S.—West Pub. Co. ...147.50
Schlesinger, Bertram—R. Brennan ...252.81
Stern, Mandel—O'Neill-Adams Co. ...307.42
Stetson, Cushing—M. A. Edwards ...545.25
Steele, Daniel W., Jr.—Title Guarantee & Trust Co. ...117.34
Shore Bathing Suit Co.—S. Pearsall et al. ...1,879.78
Schweizer, Joseph—A. De Ciccio, costs.132.60
Schlechter, Louis—G. Romayne ...250.00
Triden, Florence—James McCreery & Co. ...123.34
Tarr, Leon and Rose—H. Engeholm ...119.91
Union Ry. Co. of N. Y. City—M. B. Visona, by guardian ...9,928.84
Valinoti, Joseph—P. W. Crothers ...494.47
Zass, Benjamin—L. Werner ...122.47
Zeichner, John—A. Zwerdlinh ...138.41

In Bronx County.

Burgess, Mary—Order of Golden Seal..$10.00
Busch, August N.—Kittanning Sales Co. ...485.86
De Luca, Felix—V. Valentine Const. Co. ...217.34
Fisher, Edward—Brownson Catholic Club ...69.72
Flax, Charles—Hermitage Co. ...50.20
Gromberg, Jacob and Isadore—Monowatt Elect. Import Co. ...36.85
Gittens, Matthew—A. Heilperin ...23.22
Hughes, William S.—City of N. Y. ...68.65
Loeb, Max—D. Klicsrath ...78.56
Vettor, Ferdinand—Republic Motor Sales Co. ...52.53
Wallace, Matherine—City of N. Y. ...111.50

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Steinman, Isaac—A. I. Blumenthal et al., Oct. 8, 1917 ...$126.51
Lynn, William H.—H. L. Hardy, Nov. 12, 1917 ...122.90
Same—Same, Aug. 6, 1913 ...108.35
Southern Pacific Co. and Pullman Co.—J. S. Triest, Nov. 5, 1917 ...500.00
Manni, Frank, and Casualty Co. of America—People, &c., Aug. 30, 1916, vacated ...1,000.00
Flygare, Charles G.—E. C. Van Glahn et al., Dec. 13, 1907, released ...316.43
Emma Sloter, Inc.—L. Jobin, Nov. 12, 1917 ...216.01
Pitney, James W. and Frederick—E. Materne, Nov. 20, 1897 ...1,055.22
Manno, Vincenzo—L. Potash, Aug. 30, 1915 ...222.25
MacFarlane, Elizabeth—C. F. Kehoe, Oct. 25, 1917 ...129.50

RESORTS.

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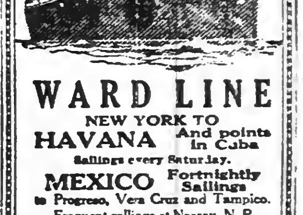
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FALLRIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $4.00
Strs. lve. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., daily at 5 P. M. Music.
NEW LONDON (NORWICH) LINE. Str. lve. Pier 40, N. R., Houston St., wk. days, 5:30 P. M. Lve. Pier 70, E. R., E. 22nd St., 6 P. M.
NEW HAVEN LINE. Str. lve. Pier 28, E. R., near Catharine St., wk. days, 2 P. M. Lv. Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22nd St., 2:15 P. M.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED
BOSTON $2.95
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.90
COLONIAL LINE
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1 TO $2.
Week days and Sundays at 5:00 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. Phone Spring 9491.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE.
Freight Steamers in Operation.
Telephone Spring 1097.
HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE.
Discontinued for the Season.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

AMOSKEAG Wanted—7614, 7301, 6301; also Whitman's 3, 9, and 104. Finkelstein & Sons, 17 West 3d.

APPAREL Wanted—Cash, surplus stock, better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—2002 Juilliard, blacks and colors; quote lowest price net cash. Wm. Cerf & Co., 317 S. Market St., Chicago.

BROADCLOTH, Poplins, Serges, and Velours Wanted—Cash for quantity at right price. A. H. & S., 41 West 25th St. Farragut 2180.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—F. & H. Botany, all shades, at price for cash. Chelsea 4676.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Botany; also poplins, for spot cash. Phone Madison Sq. 6057.

BURELLA Wanted—American 09057, in all colors; also Burgundy storm serge, for cash. David Marks & Bros., 16 East 17th St.

CHINCHILLA Wanted—Thirty inches wide. Spring 259.

CLOAKINGS Wanted—Any description, ¾ or 6-4, suitable Fall; any quantity. Shapiro & Sons, 54 West 21st.

COATS Wanted—Open for large quantities of coats, both jobs and regular quantities; quantities no object; call from 9 o'clock on; Geo. F. Levis, resident buyer, 72 Madison Av. J. E. Meisel, buyer, The Bailie Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples of suits, coats, and coat-dresses; medium and high priced. 9th floor, 29 West 30th.

COATS Wanted—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models all week, ladies', misses', juniors', and stouts. Between 9-12, 1,140 Broadway, 10th floor.

COATS Wanted—Looking at Spring styles in girls' coats and shoe-top suits, 8 to 16; good merchandise only. Phone Gramercy [illegible] for appointment.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits, also jobs in Winter suits and coats. Call rear elevator, 4th floor, 151 West 28th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at ladies' Spring suits and coats today and all week. First floor, 6 West 32d.

COATS Wanted—Prominent jobber looking at Spring samples ladies', misses', juniors', and children's coats. Address M 125 Times.

COATS Wanted—Open for large jobs of ladies' coats, cheap. Tuesday morning. Acler's, 272 6th Av.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples of the better kind. 6th floor, 158 West 29th St.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. 40 West 22d St., seventh floor.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples. Call 8th floor, 127 West 25th.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at coats and suits all week, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., 8th floor, 44 West 28th.

COATS Wanted—Big jobber open for Spring goods. Call, with samples, 9 to 11, or 3 to 5, all week, fourth floor, 18 West 25th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples. 48 West 22d St., 6th floor.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—Looking at Spring samples. 31 West 21st, 11th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring models. 14 West 24th St., 5th floor.

COATS Wanted—Spring samples; high-class jobbers. M 182 Times.

COATS Wanted—Infants' and children's coats for cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS Wanted—Pay cash for every coat you have. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

CORDUROYS Wanted—Juilliards wanted, 1000-613; Merrimack's 61, white and colors. B 147 Times.

CORDUROY Wanted—Narrow and wide wale, all colors. M. Feynman, 19 West 21st.

COTTON DRILL Wanted—250,000 yards of unbleached cotton drill, 36 inches wide; sample to be seen at Gimbel Brothers, Contract Dept., Mr. Quinn.

COTTON NETS Wanted—Waist or dress mfrs. having any 72-inch cotton "nets" to close out. Phone Oberfelder, Chelsea 839.

COTTON PIECE GOODS Wanted—Plain and fancy, of all kinds, for spot cash. Apply 4th floor, 69 Worth St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Flesh, 68 or 72 pick; quantity; cash. M 191 Times.

DRESSES Wanted—Dress jobber looking at Spring models on taffetas, crepe de chines, georgettes, and serges. Call, with samples, Tuesday and Wednesday, from 10 to 12 A. M., 49-53 East 21st St., Room 901.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on better dresses, taffetas, crepe de meteors, and crepe de chines; call with samples immediately. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted—Large dress jobber now placing orders for all kinds of silk dresses, new Spring styles; call before 10 A. M. or after 4 P. M.; bring your own samples H. A. R., 11 West 32d, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at gingham dresses; we furnish our own material; write for appointment. Address D. T., 215 Times Downtown.

DRESSES Wanted—Contractors, manufacturer, ready to place orders on serge and silk dresses; bring own samples. 36 East 31st, fifth floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber will purchase quantity serge dresses; an opportunity to realize cash; samples daily. Wiener, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—100, of cotton, gabardine, heavy weight cotton serge or cotton warp serge. Mr. O'Connor, Columbus 9660.

DRESSES.—Contractors wanted on cloth and silk dresses; bring samples with you. Hugo H. Levy & Bro., 29 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Contractors on dresses, Spring styles, submit samples. Room 416, 1,270 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Will pay cash for any quantity jobs in serge and silk dresses; must be cheap. Phone Chelsea 1897.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at dresses; will place orders on snappy Spring styles. 137 West 25th St., fifth floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring models, all materials, all week, mornings. 12 East 26th St., Room 1804.

DRESSES Wanted—Open for job of dresses. Call with samples, 20 West 27th, 6th floor.

DRESSES AND SUITS Wanted for cash; jobs only. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted—Forstman and Heffman No. 7575, all shades; will pay cash. Orchard 4278.

FUR TRIMMINGS Wanted—Will buy any quantity; spot cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

GINGHAMS Wanted—Quantity checks, plaids, for cash. Annetta, Farragut 3093.

JERSEY Wanted—American; will buy for spot cash 15020, in all colors, or will exchange navy for other shades. Chelsea 7038.

KERAMI Wanted—$8.50; also Lapinax plush, 13.30. M 193 Times.

LINENS Wanted—French, 36 or 45 inches, colors only; will pay cash. Phone Greeley 2754.

MACKINAWS Wanted—And all heavy-weight overcoatings. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 17 West 3d.

PIECE GOODS Wanted—Open for large quantities of overcoating, sibeline, and cloakings. W. Karon & Sons, 111 Bleecker St. Telephone Spring 5563.

PIECE GOODS Wanted—Gilbert's Oxford and serges, Am. D244, blue; 4192 coronet, blue. Irving. 3963 Gramercy.

PLAIDS AND CHECKS Wanted—In velours or cashmeres, suitable for caps; mail swatches, or phone, and will call. Levine Bros., 750 Broadway. Spring 3013.

POM-POMS Wanted—Open for rose taupe pom-pom. Louis Rosenheim Co., 114 West 17th.

POM POM—Reindeer wanted. Naugass Bros., 71 W. 23d.

POMPOM Wanted—All shades, 11050, K 544, serges and poplin; spot cash. Spring 2571.

POPLINS Wanted—American 90610, or similar cloth; large quantity, for cash. H. Eldenberg Co., 30 West 26th St. Farr. 9930.

POPLINS Wanted—Amoskeag No. 8158, Whitman's 767. P. P. L. Stuyvesant 3335.

POPLINS Wanted—Bedsen's and serge 1464, 4682, 104, 99; spot cash. Farr. 6379.

RAINCLOTHS Wanted—Of all descriptions. Syndicate Textile Mills, 16 West 22d St.

REPPS Wanted—Cadet blue, pink, white; spot cash; any quantity. Call Spring 2547.

SERGES Wanted—Large quantity of French serges; principally 7120, 54289, and W. F. X. Shapero Lewis & Co., 150 Madison Av.

SERGES Wanted—Will buy Whitman's 94, 208 or 723 shade, any quantity. Phone Farragut 9850.

SERGES Wanted—Quantities for cash; 7120, 54289, 54274, 7614, 7301, Whitman's 104. Mr. Lawton, phone Canal 9364.

Buyers' Wants
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

SERGE Wanted—Amoskeag 6301, 7614, 7301; also Whitman's 9, 99, 3, 104, and poplin. Mad. Sq. 4254.

SERGES Wanted—Open for quantity, No. 7614. Phone Greeley 2606.

SERGES Wanted—7301, 40-40, wool poplin; cash. Cass & Rosenthal, 153 West 27th.

SERGES Wanted—Open for quantity Whitman 9, 99. Greeley 1156.

SERGES Wanted—104, 7120, 54289, for cash. Harrison Woolen Mills, 39 West 21st.

SERGES Wanted—For cash, 106, 104, 838; poplins 09610. Farragut 9090. Phillip

SERGES Wanted—U. S. 235, 898, 820, 258; spot cash. Madison Square 3127.

SEWING Wanted—Plant, 250 sewing machines, want contract; responsible. W 206 Times Downtown.

SHANTUNGS Wanted—Will buy quantity at price. Madison Square 7296.

SILK DRESSES Wanted—Spring line; jobber. Room 507, 3 West 29th St.

SOLDIERS' ARTICLES Wanted—Useful articles for soldiers in camp. J 361 Times Downtown.

STOCKINGS Wanted—Interested in wash stockings at about $1. Adelson, 57 W. 19th.

SUITS Wanted—Jobbers placing orders on Spring suits and coats. Call all week, 1,107 Broadway, tenth floor.

SUITS Wanted—Large jobber now placing orders on smart Spring suits and coats of better kind. 32 W. 27th St., 10th floor.

SUITS Wanted—Exclusive jobber looking at Spring suits from $10 to $25. Call, with samples, 30 West 26th St., 3d floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. 1st floor, 15 West 26th St.

SUITS and COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples better grade. 14th floor, 12 West 27th St.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted for Spring—Jobber will look all week. Eleventh floor, 124 West 26th St.

SUITS Wanted—Ladies' suits; any quantity. Phone Stuyvesant 1400.

SUITS Wanted—Looking at Spring models; submit samples. Room 401, 6 West 22d.

SUITS Wanted—Better grade; will look all week. 11th Floor, 145 West 30th St.

TRUNKS Wanted—56 to 60 inch wardrobe trunks for dresses. D. Schustack, 44 East 32d.

TUSSAHS AND PAISLEYS Wanted—Farragut 677.

UNIONS Wanted—¾ and 6-4 goods of any kind; cash. Stuyvesant 2676.

VELOURS Wanted—Cash, American 544, 0359, 11050; any quantity. Farragut 9080. Phillip.

VELOURS Wanted—Will buy for cash styles 544 and 11050 American; any quantity. Fred Muller, Stuyvesant 4800.

VELOUR Wanted—11050 in all colors. Madison Square 3319.

VELOURS Wanted—11050, 544, 15020, 13009-15046. Louis Hammer, Madison Sq. 7743.

VELOURS, Silk Wanted—Reasonable. Madison Square 2967.

WOOLENS Wanted—Will buy any quantity fancy mixtures, plaids, velour checks, light and heavy weights; also black and blue serges, all makes, spot cash; call with sample or telephone 9697 Spring for our woolen buyer, who will call immediately. Elias Surut & Sons, 676-74 Broadway.

WOOLENS Wanted—We are open for spot cash quantity of Juilliards, 110, and 2002, American heavyweight and lightweight velours, Forstmann & Huffman and botany broadcloth; all shades. Joseph Durst, 1,333 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BATH ROBES for men, ladies, and children for immediate delivery. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th St.

BEAVER—Raritan 1273, green and brown. Chel. 9535.

BROADCLOTHS—Serges, worsteds, silks, white chinchilla, astrachans, plushes, velvets and velveteens, also satins, charmeuse, peau-de-cygne, crepe meteor, silk poplin and taffetas, brocade chiffons and also a large variety of linens and cotton goods; we want to close out this merchandise at the lowest reasonable prices. Orchard 4083.

BROADCLOTHS—All shades, tricotines and heavy velours, also Dunmore serges; reasonable. Farragut 2924.

BROADCLOTH, Poplins, Serges—Mannish; large quantity; must have cash. Madison Square 8305.

BURELLA—American 6310, navy, claret, taupe, mole, brown, green, to close; 09057, all colors. Phone Farragut 2731.

BURELLA—Heavy weight, all colors; will sacrifice. Farragut 9805.

CAPS—Cloth for military and otherwise; call Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

CLOAKINGS—All kinds heavy and light weight. Buckley & Cohen, quality 700, all colors, $1.65; also overcoating. Mad. Sq. 9388.

COATS—Special values; good assortment of the latest model; fur-trimmed and plain tailored; pom poms, velours, and broadcloths in all colors; on the rack for immediate delivery. J. A. Rudolph, 31 West 31st St.

COATS—Velours, broadcloths, kerseys, and plush coats, all latest shades and styles; fur-trimmed; prices very reasonable. Savoy Cloak Co., 18 West 27th St. Farragut 3687.

COATS of every description; our best sellers, including the newest chicken styles in Taupes and Burgundy, for immediate delivery. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

COATS—100 American velour coats, fur-trimmed, all shades, half lined; close out at a special price. A. Zimmerman, 55 East 11th.

COATS—Bolivias, pom poms, silvertones, velours, broadcloth, burellas, &c.; $16.50-$45; immediate delivery. Meseritzky & Stollerman, 23 West 27th St.

COATS—Wonderful assortment of 100 fur-trimmed coats to close out in a job at a very low price. A. Adler & Sons, 22 West 32d St.

COATS—Jobbers only; 300 velour coats, fur-trimmed, all shades and sizes, greatly reduced prices; exceptional value. Greenberg & Frechtman, 33 East 9th St.

COATS—Silks, mercerized, and cotton plushes, broadcloths, and velours; close out to make room. Ulin Bros., 55 East 11th St.

COATS—Special values in Pom Pom and Bolivia; self and fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

COATS—1,000 velour coats for immediate delivery, mostly fur-trimmed. M. Rosenman & Co., 40-42 West 27th St.

COATS, plush and cloth, fur-trimmed, for immediate delivery; prices reasonable. Leibman & Hurwitz, 133 West 21st St.

COATS—Specially priced for Thanksgiving sales; thousand on racks now; best assortment colors, sizes. Rubin Ulius, 50 W. 17th.

COATS, ladies'; ask for $8.75 net special; half lined; big fur collar; immediate delivery. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS—Velours and kerseys, fur-trimmed, in brown, green, taupe and Burgundy; in close out. Ghantz & Schreiber, 9 West 20th.

COATS—Special values in pom-pom and Bolivia, self and fur trimmed; immediate delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

COATS—100 coats to close out, fur trimmed, at sacrifice price. 1,123 Broadway. Farr. 5321.

COATS—Off price jobbing trade; velours, broadcloths, fur and plush trimmed. Smigel & Zipper, 56 West 22d. Gram. 205.

COATS to close out, velours, broadcloths, fur-trimmed; all shades. M. & D. Rubin, 34 West 17th. Chelsea 956.

COATS—Plush, fur trimmed; will close out extraordinarily cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS—Closing out 100 heavy wool velour fur collars and cuffs. Isadore Feldman, 54 East 13th Street.

COATS—Special prices; broadcloths, velours, fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. S. Horwitz & Co., 26 East 20th. Gramercy 5498.

COATS—Fur-trimmed Bolivia, silvertip, and velour for immediate delivery; $10 up. Hirshfield, 142 West 29th St. Send to us.

COATS—In snappy styles at reasonable prices; immediate delivery. Gordon Outer Garment Co., 28 West 25th St.

COATS—Infants' children's, and ladies' coats, trimmed; cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS—Immediate delivery, fur-trimmed pom pom, velours and plushes; excellent values. Norwalk Bros., 105 Madison Av.

COATS—Infants', children's, juniors'; close out cheap. Cass & Rosenthal, 153 West 27th.

COATS—Special values in velour, fur-trimmed coats; all shades. Schwartz & Schwartz, 39 West 19th St.

COATS—3,000 for immediate delivery; sizes 2-6 and 8-14, at a price. Rosh & Mayers, 1,178 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

COATS, Velours, Kerseys, Broadcloths, fur-trimmed, reduced prices. Deutsch, Rosenthal, 27 West 24th St.

COATS—Kerseys and velours, fur-trimmed, to close out cheap; also other good values. F. J. Gelfond, 141 West 28th St.

COATS—Plushes, $12.75 up; cloth, $6 up, for immediate delivery; jobs always on hand. Schoen & Weissman, 33 West 24th St.

COATS—Velour, broadcloth, and plushes; reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Neumann, 15 West 20th St.

COATS—Children's, juniors', and flappers, cloth and velvet, at popular prices. Neumann, 15 West 20th St.

COATS.—Wonderful values in velour and broadcloth coats, all fur-trimmed. I. Novick, 40 West 28th St.

COATS, SUITS.—Immediate delivery; new styles; low prices. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th.

COATS.—Stouts, children coats, immediate delivery. J. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed coats to close out reasonable. Stock Cloak Co., 40 W. 18th St.

COATS.—500 to close out at reduced prices. Bernstein & Co., 118 West 27th St.

COATS.—Ladies' velour, plush, fur collar, $8.75 net. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed coats for immediate delivery; jobs also. Weksler, 170 5th Av.

COATS.—Jobs infants' and children's plush coats; close out. Schwartz, 31 West 15th St.

COATS.—Close out fur-trimmed and plain. Kaplan & Weinstein, 150 West 22d.

COATS.—Big values; velours, plush, and jobs. Rineberg, 41 West 25th St.

COATS.—Job of coats; must be sold at reduced price. Farr. 3428.

COATS to close out, velours, broadcloths, fur-trimmed. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th.

COATS.—Big job in velour coats. Goldberg & Rubin, 152 East 23d.

COATS.—1,000 to close out; fur trimmed. Joe Korcstoff, 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—200 coats, fur-trimmed, to close out. Rubin & Braff, 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—50 fur trimmed to close out. Farragut 2409.

COATS.—Fur trimmed; immediate delivery at right prices. Charles Cohen, 113 West 17th.

COATS.—3,000 ladies' and children's; big values. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st. St.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed, all colors; immediate delivery. Elsman & Lifshitz, 40 West 17th.

COATS.—Silk plush, 48 in. long, guaranteed lining, $10. Metropolitan, 40 West 27th.

COATS.—Trench; correct model; right finish. Theodore Weil, 122-130 West 27th St.

COMISOLS.—White, hand made lace embroideries and hand stitched, 200 pairs in stock; low price. Sakal, 2,735 Broadway. Phone Academy 2927.

COTTON YARN, 42 ply dyed, on caps; job to close. Madison Square 7503.

CREPE-DE-CHINE, immediate delivery, 90c, all colors. M. Marks Co., formerly Marks-Senner, 354 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 9350.

DRESSES.—Unusual inducement to jobbers and catalog houses placing stock orders; snappy samples; estimates on your own styles; automatic service only. Prime, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Job of high-grade afternoon dresses, latest styles and colors, in velvet, satin, chiffons, velour broadcloth and serge; values up to $29.50. Leading Dress and Costume Co., 63 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Extraordinary offer of 500 satins and serges, staple colors and style, mostly large sizes, to close out at a price. Far. 3395.

DRESSES.—Serge, silk and velveteen dresses, close out at very low price. Jacob Lashin, 143 West 29th.

DRESSES.—2,000 all-wool French serge, up to $16.50, to close out at $7. Schlang, 151 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Serges, velveteens, satins, close out; finest assortment; reasonable. Wolfert, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—500 French serge, discarded styles, to close out, at $5.75. Standard Costume Co., 11 East 31st St.

DRESSES.—200 serge dresses, good values, to be disposed of at a sacrifice. Eastern Dress Co., 117 West 31st St.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, silks, velvet evening dresses; special values. Gleckner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serges to close out, assorted colors, at low prices. Waldorf Mfg., 15 West 31th.

DRESSES.—200 high-grade serges, silks, and velvet dresses to close out. Balsam Dress Co., 19 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Jobs silks, and serges, to close out at a price. Princess Dress House, 19 West 24th St.

DRESSES.—Serge and silk dresses to close out at a price. Fruim-Margolies, 133 West 19th St.

DRESSES.—Serge and velvet, latest styles, close out. Chauser, 45 West 27th.

DRESSES.—100 serge and satin, to close out. Annetta Dress, 111 West 27th.

DRESSES.—50 serge, to close out; good styles. Modern Costume, 136 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Contractor will sell 80 serge dresses. Slutzky, 107 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—60 serge and satin, close out; sacrifice. Clarisse, 3 West 18th St.

EMBROIDERIES.—Domestic organdie and voile fronts, edges, allovers. Goodman, 144 West 27th.

FLEECE UNDERWEAR, quantity, immediate delivery; hosiery for export. Henry Isaacs, Stuyvesant 4945.

FURS.—Selling out foxes, raccoon, coney sets, collars, and trimmings. 350 6th Av.

FURS.—Selling out children's, misses', ladies' sets and hats. 151 West 23d.

FUR COLLARS.—Will sell large size kit coney below cost. Farragut 816.

FUR TRIMMING.—Chase's 3-inch squirrel trimming at a price. Call Murray Hill 1310.

GEORGETTE.—White and flesh, to close out at price. X 303 Times Annex.

INFANTS' COATS.—3 exceptionally snappy styles, sacrifice; sizes, 2 to 6. Steinberg Bros., 35 West 21st.

JERSEY CLOTH, cotton, for gloves, 100,000 yards; immediate delivery. Worth 1791.

KERAMI.—For sale at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

KERAMI.—Mole shade, $7.50 net. Madison Square 2960.

KHAKI.—Strips about 8 inches wide, 12,000 yards. Gram. 5855.

LACES, TRIMMINGS, and BRAIDS.—Cheap; suitable for retailers. Israel, 38 Lispenard St.

LACES, embroideries, &c.; large lot to close out. B. Stern, 392 5th Av.

MOLE-STRIPS.—Chase's crushed mole in strips; three pieces to close out at $4 a yard. Tel. 2876 Elizabeth, N. J.

MUFFS.—Jobs caracul and ural lamb, suitable basement departments. Frankel, 56 West 24th.

PECO PLUSH for sale; $3.25 net. Farragut 8264.

PLANT FOR SALE.—For cloak and suit industry; thirty-eight machines, cutting tables, pressing plant, office fixture, &c. Call 102 Madison Av., 12th floor.

PLUSHES.—Peco, $3.35; Esq., $3.55; serges, broadcloths, less than market price. B. Smith & Co. Mad. Sq. 818.

PLUSHES.—Esquimetts, H. & H., Peerless, Dobson, 1164 Pearson, mercerized, also 200 pieces ¾ cheviot, cheap. Farragut 9812.

PLUSH.—Blumenthal's crushed mole plush; will sacrifice. Farragut 9805.

PLUSHES.—Esquimette and Peco plush at exceptionally low prices. Gramercy 7184.

PLUSH.—Will sell esquimette plush for $3.60 net cash. Chelsea 5617.

POM POM.—American 0816, claret, brown, green; also serges, navy, black. Farragut 2731.

POMPOM.—K 544, 11050, Stoney & Starkey Burgundy velour, 09050 serges. Spring 2571.

RAINCOATS.—Large stock to close out; can save 50 per cent. Schwartz, 31 West 15th.

SATEEN.—700 yards quilted sateen. Workman & Silver, 104 West 25th St. Far. 767.

SERGES.—Amoskeag 7614, 100 pieces navy; American 809, 25 pieces navy; Juilliard's 54221, 54249, 50 pieces botany; 809, 90 pieces navy; Jilbert's 8260, 200 pieces navy; Wallworth 2703, 40 pieces; 3817, 65 pieces navy; Stevens 3850, &c., copen, navy, tan; poplins, Saxonia, 150 pieces; Parker Wilder, 50 pieces; Stevens, all colors, 100 pieces; Whitman's 772 velours, heavy and light weight, taupe, burgundy, navy, brown, green, 70 pieces; prices right. Levensohn & Satz, 1,170 Broadway. Madison Square 1265.

SERGES.—Have 6002 navy at 92½c, also cotton serges in colors, navy, brown, wine and green, at 16½c net cash. A. Goldberg & Bros., 134 W. 26th.

SERGES.—Arlington 99, Lorraine 2673, Botany 808, Brightwood 4632, Stevens 3850, Pacific G. B. L. Madison Square 3158.

Offerings to Buyers
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

SERGES.—All colors; Juilliard's 54289, Amoskeag 7120-6120, Gera 10175, Whitman 104. H. Pantuch, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 5143.

SERGE, 0122, 6 pieces, black. M. Feynman, 19 West 21st St.

SKIRTS.—500 skirts to close out, silks, satins, stripes; latest models. G. P. G., 41 West 17th. Chelsea 6033.

SKIRTINGS.—Lightweight materials, checks, plaids, and mixtures; off price. Mr. Philip, 4th floor, 16 West 25th St.

STOLES, CAPES.—Plush and Kerami muffs to match in fur effects, headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

SUITS-COATS.—Exceptional values in desirable merchandise, to close out cheap. Fensterstock & Rosen, 35 West 31st St.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Balle Cloak & Suit Co., 159 West 25th.

SUITS.—400 better grade to close out. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

SUITS on rack for immediate delivery, $12.50; coats, $9.75. Plager, 48 West 27th.

SUITS.—Closing 100 at $7.75 net. Call Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

SUITS.—400 better grade, to close out. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

VELOURS.—Burgundy, fine heavy weight 0359, Pekin, burgundy, ¾ cheviot, kerseys. Farragut 9811.

VELOURS and PLUSH COATS.—100, fur-trimmed, for sale cheap. A. Greenhaus, 36 West 17th.

VELOURS, lightweight, taupe, brown, green; kersey 15020, all shades. Madison Square 6635.

VELOUR.—0359 American, Walworth Bros., navy, poplin, and shepherd checks. Gottlieb Bros., 225 5th Av. Mad. Sq. 4899.

VELOURS.—0359, 12052 F. & H. botany broadcloth; Salt's, velours du nord. Mad. Sq. 3121.

VELOURS—11050 brown, green, navy, 0359 burgundy, Pekin, brown, green, navy; terms, net cash. Telephone Spring 3594.

VELOURS.—Burgundy, plum, and taupe, heavy weight. Call Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

VELOURS.—Lightweight, all colors; coatings, plushes. Madison Square 2426.

VELOURS.—All colors. Oakland Textile Co., Gramercy 5218.

VELOUR.—American 0359, 1 navy, 2 green, 1 burgundy, $2 net. Mad. Sq. 1921.

VELVETEENS.—Plain and twill back, all colors, all widths; corduroy in narrow and wide wale all colors; also clothing corduroy. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 31st St. Mad. on Square 9760.

VELVETEEN.—Narrow wale corduroy, 36 inches wide, all colors; immediate delivery. B. C. Miller Bros., 95 Bleecker St. Spring 3287.

VELVETEEN.—Have 7,500 yards black velveteen, quality 800, for immediate delivery. Mat Levine, 596 Broadway.

VELVETS, silks, woolens, and cotton skirtings. Ettenson & Goldstein, 29 West 30th.

VENETIANS.—All colors, 32 to 36 inches wide. France Silk Mills, Inc., 36 West 25th St. Farragut 3464.

VENETIANS.—Dura satin, black, for cash. Phone Chelsea 9728.

VESTS.—Ladies' wool jersey vests, all shades, to close out at a price. Gramercy 2985.

WAISTS.—Georgette waists to close out cheap. Deutschman, 15 West 20th St.

WOOL POPLIN, navy, black, $1.62½ net. Syndicate Textile Mills, 16 West 22d.

WOOLEN.—Quantity of woolens and silks to close out at a price. 99 Madison Av., 16th floor.

WYANDOTTES, Velours, and Kerseys, Burellas 0310, all colors. Mad. Sq. 2426.

Situations Wanted.

MAN who possesses highest ability in buying ladies', misses', juniors', children's cloaks, suits, knows all details manufacturing, designing, has wide acquaintance in Eastern market, would like to connect with a large, reputable jobber where he can prove good results; credentials. E 12 Times.

SALESMAN.—A real salesman, 10 years' selling experience, desires to connect with reliable woolen house; unquestionable reference. P 63 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...5¼ per cent. for the best names.
Saturday....5¼ " " " " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Retail Sales Show Improvement.

The tang in the air yesterday, coupled with the sunshine and the attractive offerings advertised in the Sunday papers, brought shoppers out in crowds and the result was one of the best Mondays the dry goods stores have seen in some time. The fur departments were among the most active of all, according to store executives, while ready-to-wear garments and knit underwear were among the other lines of merchandise that sold well. Early buying of holiday goods also was a feature. One executive said that the size of the business done yesterday was more than ordinarily significant, in that it apparently marked the ending of the "psychological slump" in consumer buying that grew out of the floating of the recent Liberty Loan.

Sometimes It Is "50-50."

Not all of the returns of merchandise that might be called illegimate are the fault of the women who bring the goods back, according to the head of a local store. He cited as an instance, in which the returner was in the wrong, a case in which the article returned was a Sitz bath, which was ordered taken out for no other reason than that the woman involved wanted the money she received from the transaction. As illustrative of the other side of the question he told of a woman who, following the death of her mother, had found some silk that had been bought twenty-five or thirty years before and had never been taken from the package. When the matter came to the attention of this store's silk buyer, he offered to take the silk back and credit the account of the woman. While he approved of the transaction, the executive said that if any one was at fault it was the buyer.

Burlaps Were More Active.

There was considerably more snap to the opening of the burlap market here yesterday than was the case a week ago. Buyers have apparently become reconciled to the high prices prevailing and have assumed a kind of "grin and bear it" attitude. While some of the business put through was done on spots, the great bulk of it was on goods that are now afloat and due to arrive here in the course of the next thirty days or so. Some of the goods traded in, however, will not reach this country for a considerably longer time than that. These were the basic asking prices quoted here yesterday on standard forty-inch goods. Eight-ounce 16½ cents; 10½-ounce, 21½ cents. Reports from Calcutta and Dundee told of little that was new.

High Felt Hat Prices.

A fair illustration of the effect the war has had on the prices of felt hats for men is the figure quoted by a leading Fifth Avenue shop on a high grade beaver finished felt. It is offered in golden brown and other shades, has an attractive silk band in a novelty turban arrangement, and is alpine in shape with a medium width turned up brim. Before the war this hat sold for $6. And at this price the retailer felt that he made a fair profit. This Fall, with his percentage of profit nearly halved, the price is $10. "And from present indications," added this retailer, "the price of that same quality hat next year will be correspondingly higher."

A Case of "Sauce for the Goose."

Apropos of the item recently published in THE TIMES concerning a growing tendency on the part of certain women's ready-to-wear manufacturers to open shops of their own in other cities, and what would happen to these men if their wholesale customers found it out, a local manufacturer asserted yesterday that they were quite within their rights in selling direct. "At least one of the big stores in this city," he said, "has for some time been making quite a little of the goods it sells. The same is true of one of the leading Canadian stores, and also of a big Middle Western store. Yet no manufacturer would refuse to sell these stores solely on that ground. So when manufacturers sell direct through their own shops, it is to my mind only a case of 'sauce for the goose' being 'sauce for the gander.'"

What the Toy Buyers Face.

The lot of the toy buyers is by no means an easy one this year, in spite of the great strides the American manufacturers of these goods have taken in filling the gap left by the greatly reduced imports of German and other foreign toys. A buyer cited a specific case yesterday in which a woman came to the toy department in search of a head for a doll that was somewhat the worse for wear. The only thing that would come anywhere near filling the bill, from the standpoint of beauty, quality of hair, &c., was priced at $4. The woman could hardly contain herself when the price was told. "Why," she said, "the whole doll only cost $2.49 last year."

Men's Shoe Sales Less.

Though sales of shoes for women during the Fall season have been about on a par with the same period a year ago, it is said that the volume of men's shoes sold so far this season has fallen off quite considerably from the record of the previous year. This is thought to be due in great part to the course of prices in the two lines. They have not been the same. While men's shoes are higher than they have ever been before, shoes for women are not advanced from the high prices of a year ago, and in some cases they are lower. Then, too, it is pointed out that women are less likely to wear their shoes a second season than men are, due to the radical style changes that may take place in the course of a year, while men's footwear is more or less the same year after year.

Demand for Men's Gloves.

Buckskin, suede, and kid gloves for men are reported to be moving very rapidly over the retail counter. A number of merchants in many sections are said to have been somewhat unprepared for the demand which has developed. Coming to market to replenish some of their depleted stocks, they are said to be finding it very difficult to get merchandise for immediate delivery. Manufacturers in most instances are sold out for some little time ahead, and stocks in jobbing houses are neither as large nor as varied as usual. It seems the prediction made earlier in the season, that business would be seriously curtailed due to the operation of the draft law and to high prices generally, has not materialized, or at least not to any such extent as was feared. Consequently, those merchants who held back now find themselves facing the holiday season with lines which are to some extent incomplete, and with little chance of filling them.

Gray Goods Open Well.

Higher prices on several constructions of printcloths in this market yesterday did not keep buyers from taking them. Spot sales of 39-inch 68-72s and 38½-inch 64-60s were put through at 12¾ and 11¼ cents, respectively, and 64-56s in the latter width were sold for delivery to March next at 10¾ cents. Spot 39-inch 56-44s were held at 9¼ cents, with business done at 9 cents for shipments running to March. In the lower-count cloths 38½-inch 48 squares, 44 squares and 44-40s sold at 8½, 8, and 7½ cents, respectively. Sales of 56-60s, four-yard sheetings were made at 14 cents, while for 48-52s, four-yards 13¼ cents was paid. Four-yard, 48-square sheetings brought 13¼ to 13½ cents, according to delivery. Printcloth prices closed this way:

39-inch, 80-80s...15¼c	38½-inch, 64-60s...11¼c
39-inch, 72-76s...14¼c	38½-inch, 64-56s...10¾c
39-inch, 68-72s...12¾c	38½-inch, 60-52s...9¾c
39-inch, 56-44s...9¼c	38½-inch, 60-48s...9¼c
38½-inch, 64-64s..11½c	27-inch, 64-60s....8¼c

BUSINESS NOTES.

A meeting of the silk buyers of the Syndicate Trading Company will be held today at 230 Fifth Avenue.

A German invention is being tried in Geteborg for making paper cans to substitute for tin in the sardine and other preserving factories.

The Greatest Illuminant Science Has Devised

Americolite

"Transplanted Sunlight"

CHEERFUL—RESTFUL—ECONOMICAL

The most efficient electrical illumination for offices, stores, hotels, churches, factories, draughting rooms, etc. Particularly adapted to lighting large areas and obviating individual desk or table lights.

AMERICOLITE COMPANY
533 West 52d St., New York City
Telephone—Columbus 5580.
SEND FOR FOLDER

Silk Jobber with large selling force open to connect with mill for all or part of output. Highest credentials. X 307 Times Annex.

On account moving will sell very reasonable two Singer-Lorraine embroidery machines; six in one; best condition; separate electric motors. 342 4th Av., sixth floor.

On account moving will sell counters, tables, desks, typewriter, benches, time clock very reasonable. 342 4th Av., sixth floor.

Auctions.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE AUTOCAR SALES CO., 553 West 23d St., in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, will sell at Public Auction, at its garage, 546 West 24th St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of November, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, by Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, Auto Car Truck No. 16,607, manufactured by the Autocar Sales Company, belonging to Philip Garfinkel Express Co., Inc., 132 East B'dway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, in order to satisfy its lien for repairs and its lien under a conditional bill of sale.
AUTOCAR SALES COMPANY.

PURSUANT TO AN AGREEMENT entered into on the 23d day of October, 1916, between Steinway & Sons, New York, and Miss Annette Wallin, I will sell on the 22d day of November, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the warerooms of Steinway & Sons, one Steinway & Sons ebonized grand pianoforte No. 178764, as provided by Sections 65 and 66 of the personal property law.
S. BARNETT, Auctioneer.

Shoemaker Stick to Your Last!

You're a business man first, last and all the time. You hav plenty to do in operating and developing your business without puzzling or worrying over finances as well.

By availing yourself of my service you command the advantages and privileges of *ready cash* at so reasonable a cost that you cannot afford to be without it.

Now, more than ever, your business problems need your undivided attention. Isn't that so? Let's talk over financial matters today. Strictest confidence observed.

Universal Discount Co.

100 Fifth Avenue, New York

ADVANCES ON MERCHANDISE
WORMSER & CO.
COMMERCIAL BANKERS.
95 Fifth Av. 'Phone Stuyv. 5300.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON—Akron Dry Goods Co.; Mr. Glass, coats; 72 Madison Av.
ALBANY, N. Y.—Silas Sporberg; H. M. Sporborg, millinery; 621 B'way.
ALBANY, N. Y.—W. E. Walsh & Son; D. J. Walsh, hats; Manhattan.
ALLENTOWN—The Adams Co.; G. T. Schwane, waists, petticoats, silk bodices; Room 501, 33 W. 34th.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—The Fashion; L. M. Gamsu, jobs silk, serge dresses, coats; 1,150 Broadway.
ATLANTA—J. W. High Co.; A. Kahanow, dress goods, silks; 353 4th Av.
ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; C. E. Diehl, knit, muslin underwear; 353 4th Av.; Latham.
BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg, general mdse.; 105 Grand.
BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; B. Makover, woolens; 2 E. 23d.
BALTIMORE—Siegel, Rothschild & Co.; D. A. Weinberg, umbrella materials; 126 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; H. A. Richards, carpets; 354 4th Av.; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—Varsiety Underwear Co., L. H. Weil, piece goods; 906 Broadway.
BOSTON—"Butler's"; J. Griffith, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Mr. Durant, Mr. Markowitz, boys' clothing; Mr. Downes, silks, linings; Room 602, 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.; W. F. Maher, boys' clothing; Prince George.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Mr. Phillips, ladies' coats; Mr. Heller, men's, young men's overcoats; Miss Peck, misses' underwear; Miss Murphy, misses' dresses, costumes, basement; Mr. Ring, furs; Mr. Levy, waists, sweaters; Mr. Rafeld, children's coats, dresses; Mr. Tripp, skirts; Mr. Tobey, shoes; Mr. Koch, millinery; Mr. O'Brien, coats, suits; Mr. Koenigstahl, men's, boys' clothing; C. O. Cooper, general buyer; 118 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; E. Pendergast, silks; F. Fuller, furs; W. McLaine, jewelry; J. A. Belyea, women's neckwear, G. Hitchcock, men's clothing; J. J. O'Day, millinery, (basement;) Miss M. Casey, jewelry; D. W. Walsh, wash goods; E. Lahty, laces; C. Berry, small wares; R. Trimbis, women's underwear; Miss L. Ludwig, infants' wear; J. A. Bailey, wash goods; J. Lamb, mdse. mgr.; Mr. Ryan, Mr. Flaherty, representing; 432 4th Av.
BRIDGEPORT—Smith, Murray Co.; E. M. Lampson women's children's ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
BUFFALO—Clawson & Wilson Co.; A. Hamling, laces, fancy goods; 43 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss M. Halberg, women's costumes; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; E. Nelson, trimmings, woolens; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss Thompson, knit goods, petticoats; Miss M. J. Delaney, dresses, misses', women's wear; 1,107 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Phillipsborn; Z. Dicker, dresses, coats, suits, Spring; 132 W. 21st.
CHICAGO—H. Schwartz; clothing, furnishing goods; Continental.
CHICAGO—The Fair; B. Bell, furnishing goods, hosiery; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss E. Carney, Miss D. Worsky, suits, dresses; 13 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; Miss L. A. Griffin, waists; 470 4th Av.
CHICAGO—I. Bezark; J. Teller, dresses; 15 E. 26th; Room 1910.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; J. H. Rubel, C. J. Cornwell, furnishing goods, gloves, hats; J. P. Thomas, underwear; E. C. Hutchings, laces, notions, neckwear, embroideries; D. L. Atkinson, hosiery; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; C. W. Leffingwell, genl. mdse.; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—H. M. Marks Co.; T. E. Frazee, piece goods; 215 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; E. C. Hutchings, notions, laces, neckwear; H. M. Kelso, cotton convertings; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Gordon Cloak & Suit Co.; E. E. Gordon, cloaks, suits; Claridge.
CINCINNATI—Original Sample Cloak & Suit Co.; E. W. Wise, coats, suits; 22 W. 27th.
CINCINNATI—Auer Mfg. Co.; Mr. Auer, women's wear; Imperial.
CINCINNATI—Alms & Doepke Co.; M. Hartmann, rugs; 350 Broadway; Latham.
CLARKSBURG, W. Va.—Koblegard Co.; R. E. Thorn, dry goods, notions; 60 Worth.
CLEVELAND—Clawson & Wilson Co.; H. W. Dancer, hosiery, underwear, gloves; 43 Leonard.
CLEVELAND—The Bailey Co.; Mr. Gerber handkerchiefs; Mr. Meisel, coats; 72 Madison Av.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; E. Mills, rugs, upholstery goods, basement; H. M. Marose, silks, dress, wash goods; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Newman Dress & Skirt Co.; I. D. Newman, skirts, dresses; Wallick.
CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; L. S. Weinstein, furs; 116 West 32d.
CLEVELAND—J. P. Kohn & Co.; J. P. Kohn, cloakings; Imperial.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Bornheim & Cahn; Mr. Bornheim, ready-to-wear; 1,161 Broadway.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; J. P. Doody, men's, boys' clothing, furnishing goods; 220 5th Av.
DALLAS—Higginbotham Bailey Logan Co.; W. L. Logan, piece goods; J. B. Donovan, dress goods; 395 Broadway.
DES MOINES—Younker Brothers; D. Carten, waists; 303 5th Av.
DETROIT—Stuylecraft Store; J. D. Paterson, corsets, muslin underwear; Grand.
DETROIT—Crowley, Milner & Co.; Mrs. E. Ward, waists; 116 West 32d.
DETROIT—Newland Hat Co.; J. A. Gleeson, hats; Navarre.
DETROIT—Crowley, Milner Co.; G. A. Hansman, men's women's furn. goods; 116 W. 32.
DETROIT—Crowley Bros.; F. C. Feckensher, hosiery, shirts, underwear; 43 Leonard.
ERIE—Erie D. G. Co.; A. E. Seidel, silks, dress goods; 432 4th Av.
EVANSVILLE—J. Baker & Sons; A. F. Baker, clothing, furn. goods; Grand.
GRAND RAPIDS—P. Steketee & Sons; Mr. Watson, coats, suits, dresses; Breslin.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Dwes, Pomeroy & Stewart; O. C. Bickel, silks; 230 5th Av.; Herald Square.
HARRISBURG—Kaufman's Underselling Store; Mr. Lloyd, jobs ladies' serge dresses, children's, juniors' coats; 72 Madison Av.
HARTFORD, Conn.—M. Simon, ready-to-wear; 1,261 Broadway.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; W. M. Seery, millinery; 404 4th Av.; Murray Hill.
HARTFORD—Brown, Thomson & Co.; H. B. Strong, silks; Miss M. Williams, infants' wear; 230 5th Av.
HERKIMER, N. Y.—H. G. Munger & Co.; H. G. Munger, general mdse.; A. E. Williams, notions; 105 Grand.
HOLYOKE, Mass.—A. Steiger & Co.; E. J. Kelly, domestics; 105 Grand.
HORNELL, N. Y.—Babcock & Davidson; C. F. Babcock, dry goods; Breslin.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss A. Simon, ladies' dresses; 116 West 32d.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; J. Miller, silks, dress goods; Miss P. Burke, women's neckwear; Miss P. McKamey, millinery; 116 West 32d.
INDIANAPOLIS—Stegman Skirt Co.; M. Stegman, skirts, dresses; Longacre.
KNOXVILLE—D. Briscoe Co.; E. Briscoe, piece goods; 72 Leonard.
LIBERTY, N. Y.—H. J. Sarles Co.; H. J. Sarles, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
LINCOLN—Miller & Paine; E. H. Steckley, jobs, suits, dresses; 230 5th Av.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Pfeiffer Bros.; A. Nassek, men's, boys', ladies' wear, basement; 1,150 B'way.
LOS ANGELES—Kolner & Samuels; E. L. Woods, waists; Flanders.
LOS ANGELES—Broadway Department Store; A. K. Keller, coats, suits, waists, house dresses; 95 Madison Av.
LOS ANGELES—"Bullock's"; Mrs. H. Torrey, children's, juniors' suits, dresses; Miss M. Essington, misses' ready-to-wear; 95 Madison Av.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Stewart Co.; H. Tashgian, rugs; 2 W. 37th.
LOUISVILLE—J. Bacon & Sons; M. B. Mountjoy, ready-to-wear; 23 East 26th.
LYNCHBURG—J. W. Ould Co.; J. W. Ould, drg goods, furn. goods; 43 Leonard.
MEMPHIS—Bry Block Mercantile Co.; S. L. Solomon, furn. goods, clothing; 476 4th Av.
MEMPHIS—W. R. Moore D. G. Co.; M. Kuhn, cloaks, suits, waists; W. B. McLean, furn. goods; 256 Church.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—Wrubel's; Miss R. Wrubel, ladies' wear; Park Avenue.
MILWAUKEE—Paris Fashion Co.; G. B. Schoen, fancy Christmas waists, novelty skirts; jobs, coats, dresses. 15 E. 26th.
MINNEAPOLIS—J. Bauch; ready-to-wear; Somerset.
MINNEAPOLIS—Kitz-Pidgeon-Wilkes Co.; A. F. Clough, linens, gloves, laces, hdkfs.; Flanders.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers' Mercantile Co.; O. T. Bollhorn, notions, jewelry, laces; F. L. Fleming, clothing; 2 W. 37th.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Jones & Marshall; A. Jones, general mdse.; Wallick.
NASHVILLE—Freedman & Nicoleili; Mr. Freedman, cotton goods; 1,133 Broadway, Room 1307.
NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—G. F. Wing Co.; N. E. Ford, china; Manhattan.
NORFOLK, Va.—J. Saks & Co.; J. Saks, hosiery, furn. goods; York.
NORWICH—Reid & Hughes Co.; C. I. Smith, hosiery, underwear, toys; 404 4th Av.
OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Bawes-Hanna-Blake Co.; H. M. Hobart, ready-to-wear; 395 B'way; Albert.
OMAHA, Neb.—Burgess Nash Co.; Wm. Burgess, general mdse., 200 5th Av., Room 1212.
OMAHA—Burgess-Nash Co.; Miss F. Michaelis, bdlouses; 200 5th Av.
PADUCAH—C. H. Rieke & Sons; L. M. Rieke, Jr., dry goods, hosiery, notions, furn. goods; 60 Worth.
PARKERSBURG, W. Va.—Broida & Adams; J. S. Bro'da, dry goods; Broztell.
PHILADELPHIA—Greenebaum Bros. & Co.; S. Greenebaum, cotton piece goods; Room 322, 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; Mr. Alderfer, coats; 230 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—"Blauner's"; M. Michel, millinery; McAlpin.
PHILADELPHIA—L. Harris & Co.; L. Harris, piece goods; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; A. Levy, woolens; 1,261 Broadway.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; J. M. Winter, Miss A. Troupe, dresses 116 West 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; Miss L. D. Dion, corsets; 1,261 Broadway.
PITTSBURGH—Arbuthnot, Stephenson Co.; W. A. Hanna, Mr. Hueston, men's furn. goods, suits, waists, skirts, wrappers; 43 Leonard.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin, Neiman Co.; H. A. Koch, muslin underwear, waists, petticoats; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; S. G. Kerngood, Miss Long, millinery; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; C. Meyers, ready-to-wear; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; A. L. Jalkert, millinery, infants' wear, corsets; Miss A. B. Goodman, infants' wear; 23 E. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Home Furnishing Co.; B. M. White, carpets; Grand.
PITTSTON, Penn.—Waldman & Co.; H. Waldman, coats, fancy cloth skirts; 404 4th Av.
PROVIDENCE—Callender, McAusland & Troup Co.; W. Steel, F. E. Letch, silks; 230 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE—C. Misch; C. E. Cohen, ready-to-wear, 1,261 Broadway.
RICHMOND—Goldberg Co.; M. Goldberg, women's skirts; 63 W. 39th.
RICHMOND, Va.—Weisberger Co.; A. Kramer, dry goods; 72 Madison Av.
ROANOKE—F. B. Thomas & Co.; J. F. Lee, dry goods, carpets, upholstery goods; 256 Church.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—H. C. Cohn & Co.; B. M. Cohn, tie silks; 200 5th Av.
SALEM, Mass.—W. G. Webber Co.; R. E. Mansfield, silks; 404 4th Av; Latham.
SALT LAKE CITY—Decker, Patrick Co.; W. G. Patrick, women's furn. goods, dry goods, notions, laces, ribbons; 43 Leonard.
SALT LAKE CITY—Zion Co-op. Mercantile Institution; R. Patrick, cloaks, waists, notions, silks, laces; A. H. Woodruff, domestics, dress goods; J. K. Nicholson, men's furn. goods; 60 Worth.
SAN DIEGO—A. Blumberg & Co.; A. Blumberg, ready-to-wear; 13 E. 26th; Latham.
SAN FRANCISCO—Gould, Sullivan Co.; I. Harris, jobs, coats; 1,199 Broadway.
SAN FRANCISCO—J. Wand & Co.; J. Wand, petticoats, muslin underwear; 114 5th Av.
SAVANNAH, Ga.—Frank & Co.; C. Kuhns, Jr., dry goods; 43 Leonard, Woodward.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Rhodes Co.; G. F. Condon, dress goods, silks; 1,150 Broadway.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; Mr. Trudeau, silks; 230 5th Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A. Steiger Co.; F. M. Fenton, millinery; 404 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Rice, Stix D. G. Co.; C. J. Stanger, remnants, outings, oil cloth; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Greenberg, Rauh Co.; Mr. Greenberg, ready-to-wear; Imperial.
ST. LOUIS—Schwartz Importing Co.; L. Schwartz, women's garments; McAlpin.
ST. LOUIS—N. Friedman & Sons Cloak Co.; H. A. Friedman, Spring coats, suits; 1,1[illegible] Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; M. J. Rashbam, men's hats; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—S. A. Rider Jewelry Co.; M. Waxman, military kits; 33 Union Square.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; M. B. Joel, white goods; Miss C. Hamm, jobs ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Co.; Miss S. McKenna, laces, trimmings, neckwear; 23 East 26th.
ST. PAUL—Lindeke, Warner & Sons; A. W. Lindeke, blankets, flannels; 350 B'way.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Niswanger-Birkesser Co.; J. O. Niswanger, dry goods; Imperial.
TOLEDO—J. Nast, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 470 4th Av.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner & Co.; Miss Stark, muslin underwear, sweaters; Miss Rochte, children's, infants' wear; Mr. Johnson, men's, boys' clothing; 116 West 32d.
TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; J. N. Drummond, linens, white goods; O. A. Baker, ready-to-wear; H. E. Berry, men's clothing; 33 E. 26th.
TOLEDO, Ohio—New Ideal Shop; Miss F. Morgan, costumes, dresses, waists; Ansonia.
TORONTO—Empire Cloak & Suit Co.; H. Adelberg, Spring coats, suits; 118 W. 27th, 12th floor.
TULSA, Okla.—J. L. Seidenbach; jobs coats; 303 5th Av.
VANCOUVER, B. C.—J. J. Goldstein, woolens; Imperial.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; J. Goldenberg, jobs ladies' coats, suits, dresses; 1,140 B'way.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; C. L. Bast, boys' clothing; 334 4th Av.
WICHITA, Kan.—Hauser, Garrison Co.; G. Dabler, piece goods; Grand.
WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; A. E. Fish, Mr. Brogan, silks; 230 5th Av.
YORK, Penn.—P. Wiest Sons; H. S. Wiest, A. C. Godling, dry goods; 105 Grand.

More Men Wearing Fancy Vests.

Fancy vests for men, in the darker color combinations are said to be coming back into vogue this year. More of these have been sold during the past few months in the Eastern market, it is said, than through the entire season last year. One of the novelty garments offered is of a heavy wool jersey weave, and it seems to have proved quite popular. It is of the five-button type and is worn with a regular business suit. Though some few have the same material in both back and front, most are pieced like the ordinary vest. At the outset of the season some models were shown with the belted effect in front a few inches from the button, but they have not met with any marked success. Other materials in colors differing from the usual suit shades have also been well taken.

Fast Edge Knit Cloth for SPIRAL PUTTEES

Equal to the Imported Cloth

Carbondale Mills, Inc.
230 Fifth Avenue, New York.
Mills: Carbondale, Pa., Hawley, Pa. 'Phone 1308 Madison Square.

Home of Progress
The House Exceptional for Cotton Fabrics of Merit
Denzer & Nathan
611-21 Broadway, New York

FOR THE NEWEST IDEAS IN JERSEY CLOTH
VISIT JERSEY HEADQUARTERS
RUDOLPH SCHREIBER
Standware Jersey Cloth
1140 Broadway at 26th St. N.Y.

SPIRAL WOOL PUTTEES
$30 PER DOZEN
Also leather puttees—IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
NORMAN LEATHER PRODUCTS CO.,
3-5 Waverly Place Phone 827 Spring

Specially Priced Spiral Wool
PUTTEES
of Knitted and Worsted Fabrics.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES
G. F. UNDERHILL, JR.,
23 Warren St. 'Phone Barclay 1692.

RUBBERIZED NOVELTIES.
Military First Aid and Kumfort Kits, Laundry Bags, Tennis Racquet Covers and Presses, Athletic Supporters, Skate Scabbards, Khaki Sweaters, Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, and Military Equipment.
NATIONAL NOVELTY CO.,
79 Fifth Ave. Stuy. 2000.

Hbola Fabrics
VELVETEENS
HENRY GLASS & CO.,
44-46-48 White St.

VENETIANS
SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO., 44 East 28th St.

Cotton Fabrics Off Price
R. SERIL & CO.,
486 Broadway, New York.

ELIAS SURUT & SONS
WOOLENS OFF PRICE.

UNIVERSAL TRADING CO.
220 4th Ave., New York City

Serge Dresses, $5.50 to $13.75
Booth, Bregman & Sumberg,
129-133 WEST 27TH STREET

Our Spring Line for 1918 of
CHILDREN'S WHITE DRESSES
Is NOW READY.
Rosengarten & Kellner, 20 W. 20th St.

2,000 Serge & Silk Dresses.
Low Prices.
Pioneer Ladies' Garment Co.
6-8 West 32nd St.

SILKS SAMUEL EISEMAN & CO., Inc.
114-120 East 23d St.
Gramercy 6204.

Announcement ExtraordinarY
UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR SPECIAL SALES
COHEN BROTHERS
The Leading Sweater House.
16-18-20 WEST 32nd STREET, NEW YORK CITY
Now Offering for Immediate Delivery
SEVERAL THOUSAND DOZEN JOBS OF
HOCKEY CAPS, SPORT CAPS, AUTO HOODS, SKATING SETS
Ladies', Misses', Juvenile and Infants'
SWEATER COATS
AT ABOUT 60% OF THEIR REGULAR VALUE
Limited Quantities—We Advise Immediate Inspection
Visiting Buyers and Resident Buyers Should See These Goods at Once

Announcing that Maurice Miller

has severed all relations and connections with Jacobus Bros. & Co., 1261 Broadway, with whom he was associated during the past 4 years.

He takes this opportunity of notifying the trade that he has obtained a partnership interest in the business of the

Fashion Cloak Co.,
141 West 28th St., N. Y.

The Fashion Cloak Co. will continue manufacturing their exceptional values in coats and will also add a new line of suits for the trade.

DONATE WOOL FOR KNITTING

Mrs. Dyer's "Rainbow" Auxiliary Enlarges Its Activities.

More than 100 members of Mrs. George Dyer's "Rainbow" Division Auxiliary, which furnishes free woolen worsted to every one in New York who will knit a sweater, helmet, pair of stockings, muffler, or brace of wristlets for an American soldier, held an enthusiastic meeting yesterday morning at the home donated by Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer, 7 East Seventy-third Street.

Seven women pledged themselves to donate $75 a month for six months to buy worsted. This will buy 1,200 pounds of worsted. Three-quarters of a pound is needed to make one sweater. Three hundred knitters have already been enrolled. Among those who attended yesterday's meeting were Mrs. Winthrop Ames, Mrs. Frederic R. Coudert, Mrs. Nelson Burr, and Mrs. Mortimer Schiff. Mrs. Dyer's organization left the National League for Women's Service two weeks ago and joined the American Red Cross. It is equipping all soldiers at Mineola with woolen garments. Last week it provided 2,200 woolen helmets to a regiment of Idaho and Dakota men who had come east without warm clothing.

New Haven Registers Women for War.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 19.—Registration of women for industrial service during the war, voluntary and paid, began in New Haven today. Women will be called to take the places of men who have gone into military service or women who have volunteered for some other form of war duty. To avoid housing problems it is hoped that enough registrants will be obtained here to supply all demands for labor in New Haven.

Boston Bank Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 19.—Following is the weekly statement of the Associated Banks of Boston, with a comparison of that of last week:

	Nov. 17, '17.	Increase.
Circulation	$5,475,000	$14,000,000
Loans, dis., and invest.	501,874,000	34,698,000
Individ. depos. in U. S.	448,815,000	45,735,000
Due to banks	153,431,000	8,062,000
Time deposits	26,500,000	1,192,000
Ex. for Clearing House	24,767,000	8,735,000
Due from banks	107,317,000	8,130,000
Cash in banks and in Federal Res. Bank	68,131,000	5,810,000
Cash exc. and in. Federal Reserve Bank	20,318,000	2,153,000

German Bank Statement.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 19.—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany, issued Nov. 15, shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Coin increased	6,401,000
Gold increased	121,000
Notes increased	934,000
Bills discounted increased	173,092,000
Advances increased	700,000
Securities increased	42,893,000
Deposits increased	196,817,000
Liabilities increased	44,580,000
Treasury notes decreased	16,453,000
Investments decreased	6,564,000
Notes in circulation decreased	40,492,000
Total gold in reserve	2,403,904,000

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Forecast:
N. C.—Rain Tues.; fair Wed.
S. C.—Rain and colder Tues.; fair Wed.
Ga.—Rain and colder Tues.; fair Wed.
Ala.—Clearing and colder Tues.; fair Wed.
Fla.—Rains Tues.; fair Wed.
Miss.—Clearing and colder Tues.; Wed. fair.
Tenn.—Rain Tues.; fair Wed.
Ky.—Rain Tues.; fair Wed.
Ind.—Fair Tues. and Wed.
Mich.—Cloudy Tues.; fair Wed.
Ohio—Fair Tues.; fair Wed.
La.—Tues., and Wed. fair.
Ark. and Okla.—Fair Tues. and Wed.
Tex.—Fair Tues. and Wed.
Ill.—Fair Tues. and Wed.
Mo.—Fair Tues. and Wed.
Wis.—Fair Tues. and Wed.
Minn.—Fair Tues. and Wed.
Ia., Neb. and Kan.—Fair Tues. and Wed.
N. and S. Dak.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of the KATHODIAN BRONZE WORKS, INC., Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York the undersigned as receiver offers for sale the property, assets and effects of the above named bankrupt consisting of statuary, book racks, lamps, portables, ink stands, paper weights, electric fixtures, motors, shafting, belting, compressing machines, lathes, tanks, and a complete outfit for the manufacture of bronze and metal works, as well as safe, office furniture and fixtures.

Bids for the above described property as an entirety may be submitted to the receiver at his office, No. 43 Exchange Place, New York City, on or before the 26th day of November, 1917, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place, the bids will be opened by him. Each bid must be accompanied by certified check or cash for at least ten per cent. of the amount of the bid. The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

In the event the said bids shall not be accepted by the receiver, the said property will be sold at public auction on the premises of the bankrupt to wit: 366 Gerard Avenue, Borough of Bronx, City of New York, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, on the 30th day of November, 1917, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

Said property may be inspected at the aforesaid premises between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

The receiver reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per cent. of the appraised value. A. S. GILBERT, Receiver.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Receiver, 100 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHASANOFF, LOWENTHAL & MEISLER, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 5 West 31st St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Manufactured Furs, Muffs, Coats, Scarfs, Skins, Trimmings, Plant of Machinery used in the manufacturing of Furs, Safe, Fixtures, etc.
MICHAEL HOLLANDER, Receiver.
HENRY H. SILVER, 299 Broadway; ROSENTHAL & HEERMANCE, 2 Rector St., Attorneys for Receiver.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KELLY CONSTRUCTION CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10.30 A. M., at Dock Street, corner of Nepperhan Av., and immediately thereafter in Flag Bldg., Getty Square, Yonkers, N. Y., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Machinery, Materials, Lumber, 2 Automobiles, Office Furniture, Safe, Cabinets, etc.
FREDERICK W. STEELE, Receiver.
VINCENT S. LIPPE, 150 Nassau Street; SAMUEL C. DUBERSTEIN, 115 Broadway, Attorneys for Receiver.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NEW YORK PUBLIC STORES CORPORATION, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 32 Union Square, Room 810, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Office Furniture, Desks, Chairs, Cabinets, Safe, Fixtures, &c.
MARCUS HELFAND, Receiver.
LUDWIG M. WILSON, Attorney for Receiver, 35 Nassau St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25009.—In Bankruptcy.—NATIONAL FLOWER AND FEATHER CO., INC., Bankrupt.
National Flower and Feather Co., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on October 18, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on December 4, 1917, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25044.—In Bankruptcy.—WILLIAM LUSTGARTEN, Bankrupt.
William Lustgarten was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on October 18th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City of New York, on December 3d, 1917, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25251.—In Bankruptcy.—EDMUND L. GOODMAN, Bankrupt.
Edmund L. Goodman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on November 10th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on November 30th, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Robert A. Kutschbock and Archibald A. Gulick of New York City were admitted to practice.
41—H. Gould, plain., v. K. Gould.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
252 and 253—The Hartford Life Ins. Co., plain., v. R. Barger.—Judgments reversed, with costs, and causes remanded for further proceedings not inconsistent with the opinion of this court.

Mr. Justice McKenna announced the following orders of the court:
59—Bellows Falls Power Co., plain., v. The Commonwealth of Mass., per curiam.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.
49—F. S. Medcraf, appit., v. R. T. Hodge, as Sheriff of King Co., Wash., per curiam.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
42—Am. Radiator Co., plain., v. J. F. Rogge, adm. of the estate of J. F. Rogge, Jr., decd., per curiam.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.
69—Enterprise Ry. Equipment Co., appit., v. Norfolk & Western Ry Co., per curiam.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
47—Chicago Car Heating Co., appit., v. Gold Car Heating & Lighting Co., per curiam.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
46—The Germania Refining Co. et al., plain., v. O. B. Fuller, Auditor General, et al., per curiam.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
——, Original—Ex parte in matter of F. M. Slater, pet.—Motion for leave to file pet. for writ of mandamus granted, and rule to show cause ordered to issue returnable on Dec. 10 next.
712—N. Y. Scaffolding Co., pet., v. Liebel-Binny Const. Co.—Pet. for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Third Circuit granted.
713—N. Y. Scaffolding Co., pet., v. Chain Belt Co. et al.—Pet. for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Seventh Circuit granted.
533—Same v. E. Whitney.—Pet. for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit postponed to hearing of Nos. 712 and 713.
Order—It is ordered that the cases heretofore placed on the summary docket, viz: Nos. 504, 391, 678, 679, 202, 273, 476, and 378, be assigned for argument on Jan. 7.

Mr. Justice McKenna also announced that the Court will take a recess from the 26th inst. to Dec. 10.

75—The U. S., appit., v. St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry. Co. et al.—Passed, to be heard with Case No. 130, on motion of counsel for appit.
321—Southern Oregon Co., appit., v. the U. S.—Motion for leave to file pet. in the District Court for an order permitting sale of timber on land in controversy submitted for appit.
534—The People of Porto Rico et al., appits., v. C. Tapia—Motion to reassign for hearing on first Monday in January next submitted for appits.
647—Same, plaint. and pet. v. J. Muratti.—Motion to advance and assign for hearing with No. 534 submitted for plaint. and pet.
744—Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. Co., pet., v. the U. S.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit submitted for pet.
73—S. W. Allen et al., plains., v. J. F. Trimmer, as Treasurer &c.—Passed.
755—Hargadine-McKittrick Dry Goods Co., pet., v. C. G. Zeitinger et al.—Pet. for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit submitted for pet. and for resps.
685—E. J. McCurdy, County Treasurer of Osage Co., Okla., et al., appits., v. the U. S.—Motion to advance submitted for appits.
435—A. A. Weiland, as State Eng. &c. et al., appits., v. the Pioneer Irrigation Co.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted for appellee in support of motion and for appits. in opposition thereto.
62—C. Boldt, admrs., &c., plain., v. the Penn. R. R. Co.—Argument continued for defendant and concluded for plain.
66—J. H. Hull, as trustee, &c., plain., v. the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. et al.—Argument commenced.
67—Abercrombie & Fitch Co. et al., pet., v. F. E. Baldwin et al.—Argument commenced for petitioners.
Adjourned until tomorrow.
Call for Nov. 20: Nos. 67, 68, (and 80,) (71 and 72,) 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 81, and 82.

Southern District.

COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Before Ward, Rogers, and Hough, JJ.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M., in Room 433, Post Office Building.
Gordon<Tuco-Haivah.
Empire Trust<Improved Property Co.
[illegible]<U S Trust Co.
Equit Tr Co<Western Pac Ry.
Lehigh Valley RR<Krusczenski.
Re Armann.
Munson<Grimwood.
Re Graff.
Edmonds<Stern.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Court opens in Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Hammerschlag Mfg Co<Import & T Nat B.
Erskine<L I RR, (2.)
Fetzer<Sorg.

DISTRICT COURT—Hazel, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg, 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.
Ballau<Tug Downer.
Union Ferry<CNY.
Crew<Tug Auburn.
Indische Lloyd, &c, Co<SS Bornquen.
Gokey<Bark Mannie Swan.
Moran Tow & T Co<Tug Perth Amboy.
Potter Transp Co<Tug Baker Bros.
Townsend Iron Works<Lighter Rudolph.
Williams Line<Newtown Creek Tow Co.
Harms & Co<Tug Joshua Lovett.
Hud Riv Lighter<Tug A E Ackerman.
Am Thermo Ware<SS New Amsterdam.
Clark<SS Eretia (2.)
Timmins<same (2.)
Union Wharf<same (2.)
Nafra Co<Ocean SS.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Equity calendar at 10 A. M.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.
Karasik et al<People's Trust Co et al, (on trial.)
DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10 A. M.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.
O'Connor<Coatswise Dredging Co, (on trial.)

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Levison et al<Illinois Surety Co et al.
Scott et al<Seneca River Power Co.
Miller<North Hudson Const Co.
N Y C Car Adv Co<Morris Park Estates.
Bitolio<Bradley Const Co.
Lawless<Van Wagner Mfg Co.
Butler, assignee<C N Y.
Comrie<Kleenan et al.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Scott, Smith, Page, and Shearn, JJ.—At 2 P. M. Non-enumerated motions.
Karpeles<Heine.
Price<Sheffield Farms-S-D Co. (2.)
Weishert<Pabst Brew Co.
Etnyre<McQuade Stevedoring Co.
Hollender<Wallace.
Re Doyle, (Rechnitzer)
Moore<Garcey.
Raftery<World Film.
Slavitz<Rodgers & Hagerty.
CNY<Nat Surety Co.
Gabriel<Wells & Newton Co.
Bloom<Sutton.
Strong<Eckert.
Falletta<60 Wall St.
Re Horler.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Matter of Polstein.
Wolff<Helmes.
Rohrer<Quinn.
Hutchinson<Hutchinson.
N Y Tel Co<Cohen.
Matter of Keegan.
Donato<Cross.
N Y Tel Co<Towne.
Lippe<Lippe.
Darcy & Wolford, Inc<Bluebird Photo Plays.
Simerlein<Penn Trucking Co.
Neal<Neal.
Goldstein<Greenberg.
Dubos Mfg Co<Atkens Hotel Co.
I. Zimetbaum Co<Simon.
Palmieri<Ferber, (2.)
Brown<Cleveland Tr Co.
Fleming<Fleming.
Schwarz<Weiss.
Peon<Schuchmacher.
CNY<Wohl, South & Co.
Smyth<Hammond.
Matter of Maltbie.
Berke<Schulte.
Bassein<Shepherd.
Kanter<same.
People ex rel Sparacn<Mutual Aid Socy.
Christopher<Christopher.
Spiritusfabrick Astra<Sugar Prod Co. (2.)
Lippman<Greenhaus.
Matter of Straues, (Kohler.)
Harbatkin<Harbatkin.
Kamber<Stumpf.
Walker<J J Matchett Co.
Kaufman<Foster.
Zummo<Home Associates, Inc.
Hart<Baum.
Richardson<Richardson.
Jaretzky<Schwab.
Dimino<City and Suburban Homes Co.
Randolph<Randolph.
Bagge<American Druggist Syndicate.
Glynn<Empire Carrying Co.
Hoffman<D'Alessandro.
Joyce<Chanler.
Reid<Straus.
Peter<Peter.
Holmes<Crane.
McKeon<McKeon.
Solla<Empire Carrying Co.
[illegible]r<Zork.
Berner<Collier Co. (2.)
Jones<N Y Times Co.
Parker<Fentle.
Matter of Riello.
Independent Trading Co<E. Fourgera & Co.
Prinswalle<Prinswalle.
Goodman<Columbia Tr Co.
Laxer<Keystone Tire & Rubber Co.
Matter of Schwartz.
Matz<Matz.
Welter<Llata, Lowenberg & Schlegel, Inc.
Vafiopulo<Brody.
Burras<Burras.
Kaufman<Foster.
St'd Aniline Products<Karten, (2.)
Interocean Forwarding Co<McCormack.
Ash<United Toilet Goods Co.
Matter of Goldsmith, (Waters.)
Alpha SS Co<N Y Tr Co.
Matter of Wagner.
Rosenblatt<Nat Surety Co.
Scholtes<Bach.
Schott<King Motor Car Co. (3.)
O'Connor<Quackenbush.
Katz<Ajax Trucking.
Matter of Levy.
Burdick<Fairmount Film Co.
Shea<Kiely.
Ridley<Larner.
Matter of Fraad Cont.
Long<CNY.
Rosenzweig<Rosenzweig.
Holmes<Crane.
Hagopian<Hagopian.
Matter of Gallatin.
Young<Cedar Const Co.
N Y Title & Mtge Co<Cohen.
Barber<Woolf.
Bayard Products Co<Gross.
Commercial Trust Co<Bradley, (2.)
Soffer<Herd.
N Y Trust Co<Wellish.
Matter of Gregory.
Glassberg<Poizella.
Davidson<Kashinski. (2.)
Orlans<Schinasi.
Pomerantz<Schlesinger.
Rutherford Realty Co<Blond.
[illegible]resler<Desmonde.
[illegible]vine<Peekskill Const.
Foti<Union Ry.
[illegible]ooney<N Y Rys.
Matter of Solomon.
Matter of Duffy.
PART II.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.
Ginsberg<Bruckenfeld.
Rottenberg<Lublintz (2.)
Same<Radlauer.
Coney<Brennan.
Watney<Bope.
Halpern<Tannenbaum.
Jackson<Friedman.
Carter<Carter.
Re W 165th St.
Koppelman<Koppelman.
Undefended divorces:
Gyirassy<Gyirassy.
Crawford<Crawford.
Zelkowicz<Zelkowitz.
White<White.
Fajardo<Fajardo.
Bloodgood<Bloodgood.
Kenyon<Kenyon.
Ersel<Ersel.
Preferred causes:
Baumann<Boehm.
Re Sisson<Victor Hotel Co.
Same<Todd.
General calendar:
Bennesch<Bennesch.
Gans<Schlanger.
Pizzutiello<Raisler.
Trapani<Trapani.
Schneiderman<Schneiderman.
N Y Sample Furniture Co<[illegible] E 33d St Co.
Duncan<Delafield.
Goldblatt<Beach.
Alexander<Ryan.
Hennigsen<Hennigsen.
Rieger's Sons<Castellanos.
Cohen<Cohen.
Rosenberg<Int Ladies' Garment Work Un.
Rawl<Baker-V Co.
Friedman<Friedman.
Shorey<Brewster.
Punch & Jody Theatre<Sayre.
Edgar<Lawson.
Nagle<Nagle.
Stromberg Export & Impt Co<Stromberg.
Schwoerer<Hudson Tr.
Warheit Pub Co<Day Pub Co.
Rogers<Rogers.
Altoria Co<CNY.
Stern<Stern.
Josephowitz<Josephowitz.
Kahn<Saperstein (2.)
Loucks<Silver Motor.
Am Wet Wash Laundry Co<Richter.
Lewis<Portable.
Hano<Hano-Weinkrantz Co.
Victoria Bldg, &c, Co<O'Conner.
Zobel<same.
Levine & Posner<Davis Const Co.
Sederquist<Williston.
Case on.
PART IV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Not in session.
PART VI.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M.
Sidney Blumenthal & Co, Inc<Krieger.
Bigelow<Campbell.
Maleady<Talbott.
Greenhall<Davis.
Klein<Burrough.
Borchardt<C D Norton Co.
Power<Sprague.
Goldeweiser<Drublin.
Adams<Rockwood.
Samuels<Soolookjian.
Case on.
PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Buda<CNY.
Gatteman<5th Av Coach Co.
A Bauman<Ostriche.
E Bauman<same.
Parente<NY Rys.
Treimel<Inteman.
Dillon<Int R T.
Zimmerman<NY Rys.
Rastarella<Structural Erecting Co, Inc.
Wynne<Litchfield Const Co.
McCormack<Richard Carvel Co, Inc.
Conlon<Club Car Corp.
Greenwald<Liberty Sheet Metal Works.
McCall<Atkinson.
McDonald<NY Rys.
O'Sullivan<3d Av RR.
Scheck<NY Rys.
Weisser<M & L Hess, Inc.
Pasquale<Marino.
Santius<Cons Gas Co of NY.
J Henning<Little.
A Henning<same.
Tracy<Mertens.
Hauser<Lewy.
Goldstein<Rosenberg.
Donlan<Van Sicien.
E Holzer<Hamilton.
I Holzer<same.
Goldberg<C I & B RR.
Herman<B, Q C & S RR.
Vesey<Int R T Co.
Marotta<NY Cent RR.
Kalinsky<Falkenberg.
Campisi<NY Con RR.
Wambach<3d Av RR.
Levinson<Deitz.
Ehrlich<B'way-35th St Realty Corp.
McCarthy<Healy.
Wasserstein<B H RR.
Dorkin<NY Rys.
W Finnegan<3d Av RR.
M Finnegan<same.
McGraw<B'way & 35th St Realty Co.
P J Farmer<Kastens.
M Farmer<Kastens.
Hunter<Salzman.
C Pollchronis<Bear Lithia Springs.
H Pollchronis<same.
Moffa<NY & Q C Ry.
Polasky<NY Rys.
Cooney, Jr<NY Rys.
Castelluzzio<NY Veal & Mutton Co.
Carter<CNY.
Rozos<Fradua.
Forbes<Dunn.
Kiernan<Belt Line Ry.
Buckley<NY Rys.
Healy<Ehret.
M Weinberg<Int R T.
L Weinberg<same.
Lamport<Matchak.
Petruzzelli<Stevens Co.
Hoberg<Champlin.
Smith<Hirsch.
Gellin<Schneider.
Begley<Degnon Cont.
Lerner<Empire Carrying Corp.
Goldstein<Rosenbaum.
Paterno<NY Rys.
McLaughlin<NY Tel.
Solamanoff<United China & Decorating.
Hunter<Salzman.
Beyda<Birnbaum.
Foltner<Harte.
Davis<NY Rys.
Kavanagh<A Sils, Inc.
Linden<Wehrane.
Hagan<C I & B RR.
Faesler<Ward Baking.
Rocco<Metrini.
Riley<Dulany, T & S.
Fleischman<Raskin (2.)
Davis<Levy.
Barberich<Fraser Brace & Co.
Alvarado<Taylor.
Jacovinoas<Wright.
Bator<Hillside Coal & Iron Co.
Mitchell<Clyde SS Co.
Simmons<McLaughlin.
Bavusi<Burns Bros.
Young<Montana Rity.
Thomas<O'Hara.
Tri-Bullion Smelting & Dev<Corliss.
Rosenstein<Levy.
Cheeman<NY Rys.
Johnson<same.
Cullinan<Hesse.
Merker<Specialty Baking Co.
Pue<Parsons.
Feeney<R L Smith, Inc.
Michell<Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co.
Roberts<Cushman's Sons, Inc.
R Tinnerili<Katz.
Mirovsky<Costello.
Verunac<Silverman.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.
Greene<Public Lighting Service Corp.
Sexauer<Rodgers & H.
Voron<Voron & C, Inc.
I R T<N E Cont Co.
N E Cont Co<CNY.
Seaver<So Surety Co.
Benelari<Carpenter.
Stiles<Constable.
Featherstone<Fowler.
Lorenzo<Travelers' Ins.
Palmer<Einsettler.
Same<Scheftels.
Same<Buehler.
Soraci Con Co<CNY.
Helvitz<Balshofer.
Rochelle<Adler.
Perlman<Donohue.
People<Adelson.
Trustees Sailors Snug Harbor<Stuart.
Hechinger<Ulacia.
Brennan<Edison Portland Cement Co.
Ulfelder<Levy.
Merchants Fire Assur Corp<General Fire Extinguisher.
General Platers Supply<Mendleron.
E H Dick Chemical<Herman & Herman.
Burns<Walter.
Paul Gerli & Co, Inc<Mendelson.
Brady Oltarch Const<Univ Road Mach.
Atlas Nitrated Products<Contract Process Co.
Bassman<H J Rich Dev Co.
Bolardi<Marden, Orth & Hastings, Inc.
Denivelle<Denivelle.
Sisson<Wellbrock.
Same<Garthe.
Orlans<Schinasi.
Puegnet<Adams.
Keppler<Straus.
CNY<Matatesta.
Wirrlin<Cohen.
Thompson<Bailey.
Pahl<Gerstenhaber.
Neidlinger<Miles Tighe Cont.
La Vin<Copley Plaza Operating.
Frankenberg<Spiegel.
Well Corset<Munter.
Stutz<Diamond Silk.
Thornton<North'n Bk.
Potter<Pulsifer.
Flock<Emmer.
Same<Balsam.
Hawkes<Morrison Woolen Co.
TRIAL TERM.—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule 7, amended Trial Term rules.
PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M..
Rizzo<Bklyn, Queens Co &c RR.
PART XII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Adjourned to Nov. 21.
PART XIII.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XV.—Ordway, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Guy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on. Frend<London Feather Nov. Co.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar:
Rebecca M Mayer, Max Roth, Josephine Warthling, Angela M Lombardi, George H Huber, Cecile E Eilshemius, James W Pitney, William A Warman, Annie J Dade, Andrew Byrne, Theresa Rugulo, inft, Elizabeth Rugulo, &c, Eva Rugulo, Julia Liebholz, Max Roth, Mary F Tone, infant, Ferdinand A Sieghardt, William Marshall, Violet Van Schaick, infant, Reuben E Crowdus, Adelaide Legassi, &c, Michael Curley, Caroline A Sims, William H Deal, Richard J Norris, Gerald K Singer, infant, Bertha Singer, Franczyk Radziewek, William Josephy, Emilie de L Havemeyer, Frederick Schulemann, Joseph Loewi, Frederic A Kursheedt, Robert G D Westcote, Philipp Goldmann, Floyd Grant, Myra Martell, Katie Galvin, George O Howe, Thomas Dunn, William Miller, Ellis M Wilson, Pellegro Carferata, Mary Healy, Johanna Jordan, Mathilde Odermatt, &c, Israel Rogin, Margaret Schumacher, &c, Charles B Webster, Robert W Scott, Albert McNeilty, Margaret Moran, &c, Lillian J Sterling, Charlotte A Gilbert, Haskell Rosenbaum, Margaret Demarest, Helena Weizelbaum, Edward E Miller, Gilbert Foster, Jean W Swope, Emilio y de la Torri Belari.
Wills for probate: George E Perkins, Minnie S Seymour, Joseph Waldorfer, [illegible] S Middleton, Mary Hahn, Abbot L Seeligman, Sophie Klein,
TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—No Day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Strasbourger, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.
Dinkelspiel<Brill.
Crane & Mahoney<Litchfield (2.)
F S James & Co<Comml Nat F I Co.
Neu<Magnesite Prod Co.
F S James & Co<Comml Nat F I (2.)
Patterson<Topping.
Renna<Market St Rty Co.
Samaritana<Dayton.
Spruch<Korn.
Libin<Schulang.
Wiecinska<N Y Cons RR.
Nagler<McGlone.
Balicer<Fisher.
O'Callaghan<Nat Towel Supply Co.
Monculleri<Galvanoni.
Gershenwald<Mayer.
Pincus<Cuba.
Riegerman<Levy.
McDonald<Metzner.
Siegel<Cohen.
Judkins & McCormick Co<New Toy Mfg.
Russell<Arbuckle Bros.
Schmulowitz<Kirsch.
Leman<Smith M T Corp.
159 W 25th St Co<Postman.
Braun<Kolb.
Hertzog<Scheuer.
Sherman Bldg Corp<Bergdhoffen.
Gimbel Bros<Friedenberg.
Bogdanoff<Berry.
Feickert<Cort Film Corp.
Penn Soap Co<Marcus.
Marketable Title Co<Lash.
Steinhardt<Gray.
PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Manuta<Lazar.
Kramer<Langsdorf.
Smolinski<Dillon.
Dunham<Plimpton Press.
Kirschner<Netherland Am S N Co.
Brimel<Snow.
Kurland<Rocha.
Keppler<Jacobs.
Elias<Balik.
Hampton Suffolk Corp<Walty.
Preminger<3d Av Ry.
Coral<Int R T Co.
Brown<N Y Rys.
Cohen<Shlanowsky.
Bleyfeder<Sicilian Asphalt Paving Co.
Collora<Nassau Elec.

Gillespie<Grashof.
Weisel<Itzkowitz.
Hepner<Mediator Pub.
Haber<Peribinder.
Longo<N Y Rys.
Dosick<same.
Gottlieb<Olna.
Oppenheimer<Wolf.
Illinois Surety Co<N E Const Co.
McCaffrey<N Y & Queens Co Ry.
Becker<Packer.
Schneider<Aschley.
Gordon<Smith.
Hoffier<Consol Gas.
Epstein<71 E 105th St Co.
Schechud<N Y Rys.
Krapes<same.
McCullough<3d Av Ry.
Herman<Whitridge.
Blum<Appel.
Stein<Cifran.
Smolinski<Penn RR.
Farbwercke Hochst Co<Lust.
Eaton<G P Schinzel & Son.
Meyers<N Y Rys.
Guaschino<Zacharos.
Warshauer<Beaver.
Scharf<Hoff.
Nilberg<Adrian.
Lembach<same.
Nichols<N Y Rys.
Karsoff<Guttman.
Levy<Kallman.
Smith<Harkaway.
Burnett<N Y Rys.
Bunner<Brodux (2.)
Shonstein<Cohen.
Handel<Friend.
Condiera<N Y Rys.
Mook<Sargeant.
Lebram<same.
Kendall<Holmes.
SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Irving Nat'l Bk<L Gerwitz & Co.
Glassberg<Reiss.
Rabinowitz<Trainor.
Harris<Sachs.
Case on.
PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
Part III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Covini<Supreme Lodge Order Sons of Italy in Am, Inc.
Sherman Nat. Bank<Strauss.
Marks<Friedman.
H E Fox Const Co<Logan Const Co.
M Helfgott & Son, Inc<Spinelli.
Bokal<Roth.
Miller<NY Life Ins.
Smith<Salomon.
Melophone T M Co<Melodograph Corp.
Du Moulin<Newman.
Kazangian Studio<Cornell.
Shuttleworth<Dorr.
Salerno<Fid & Phenix F I Co.
Bruner<Fisher.
Claremont Iron Wks<Montrose Rty Co.
Leo<Stavinsky.
Frank<Cohen.
Hudson Brass Works<Minskoff.
Case on.
PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART V.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Le Boutillier<Kenielwitch—Francis W. Pollock.
SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J.—Gates<Wallach, Reisler & Co.—Cambridge Livingston.
SUPREME COURT—Delehanty, J.—Morey<Ellerton—Herman Joseph.
SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Kearney<Caggiano—Robert J. Hare Powell. Moskowitz<Muhlfeld—Charles A. Hickey. Weeks<Bel Inv. Co., Inc.—Paul T. Kammerer. Re Quicksilver Mining Co.<Algernon S. Norton.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—George J. Benziger<Golden Gate Neckwear Co.—Archibald H. Wahn. Fitch Gilbert<Harris Kahn—James F. Curran.
SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Re Quicksilver Mining Co.—Maurice Deiches.
SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Mae Goldsmith<Annie Roth, (3)—Wm. F. Clare. Mutual Trust Co.<Augusta Fesharek—Thomas J. Sheely.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.
Bent<Tubbs.
125 Bway Hldg Co<Streeter Con Co.
Re Birnbaum.
Re Cohen.
Moelter<Mayer Brew.
Mugler<Mugler.
Born<Schweitzer.
Re Flynn.
Meighan<Wurm.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J. Case on—Giffon<Carroll. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.
Sana<West Elec RR.
Kitman<Gotlieb.
Kues<Foran Fdny & Mfg Co.
Gross<Rodgers & H.
Lackowitz<Emerald Con Co.
Bonavia<Robson.
Kipust<Gordon.
Brenner<Goldstein.
Pollini<West El RR.
Schramek<Coleburn.
Cahill<West El RR.
Kanter<R Carvel Co.
Zipiady<Kohn.
Alexander<Wager.
Penfield<Haas.
Zink<Scott.
Same<same.
Fisk<Schmuck.
Korber<Union Rway.
Berkins<Naughton.
Milazzo<Plunkett.
Dow<Inter R T Co, (2.)
Dunne<Lynch.
Faulhaber<Volk.
Sanford<Kapstein.
Stretch<Purchase Hld.
Storm<So Blvd RR.
Wester<Ruppert.
Chirico<Mercurto.
Horsford<Union Rway.
Bowron<Chapman.
Whiteacre<Fananda.
Loox<Silverman.
Roth<Winnie Realty & Const Co, (2.)
Di Menna<Del Bello.
Ardone<White Coal.
Barnarinardo<same.
Oseason<Stack.
Highest number reached in regular order, 1167.
PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—...... J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. Folshner<3d Av RR. Altieri & Co<Peerless Products Co, Inc.
TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.
Marino<Armanino.
Walter<Bodebhein, (2.)
Kohen<Union Rway.
Aug<same.
Sehleyer<Burns Bros.
Skahmer<Westchester Elec RR.
Smith<Aghajam.
Durant<Union Rway.
McGuire<Stendler.
Auerbach<Rosenbaum.
Tanzillo<Union Ry.
Brennan<Slack & Co.
Scherrer<I R T.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Bronx Savings Bank<Heaton—Joseph I. Berry.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Matter of supplementary proceedings of Trent Tile Co.<Rodman Improvement Co., Inc., & ano.—William O. Hubbard.
SUPREME COURT—Gibbs, J.—Friedman<Coecher et al.—James Brownschild.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department.

DECISIONS.

G. Bagdon, respt., v. Phila. and Reading Coal and Iron Co., appit.—Motion granted and order signed.
J. Elias, respt., v. Paragon Films, Inc., appit.—Motion for reargument denied, with $10 costs.
In re application opening and extending West 24th Street, &c.—Motion denied.
L. S. Lewis et al., appits., v. D. F. Butcher et al., respts., Actions 1 and 2.—Motion denied.
E. Pederson, respt., v. Union Railway Co., appit.—Motion to resettle order granted.
People, &c., respts., v. J. Widder, appit.—Motion for reargument granted and case set down for Dec. 5, 1917.
F. W. Woolworth Co., respt., v. M. S. Ginsberg, appit.—Motion for reargument denied, without costs.
M. S. Ginsberg, appit., v. F. W. Woolworth Co., respt.—Order signed.
E. T. Gorman, by J. P. Gorman, his guardian ad litem, respt., v. Wilson & English Construction Co., appit.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.
A. J. Hagen, respt., v. J. F. Flynn, appit.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.
F. H. Hurdman, appit., v. Gedney Farms Co., Inc., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
In re Estate of C. McMahon, deceased.—Decree of the Surrogate's Court affirmed.
In re pet. of N. Y. Mun. R. R. and N. Y. Con. R. R., appits., relative to acquiring title, &c., on Fulton St., &c., v. Welz & Zerweck, c., et al., respts.—Order of the Special Term modified and as so modified affirmed.
In re petition of J. W. Ruef to prove last will of G. A. Williams, dec'd; G. C. Williams, appit.—Decree and order of Surrogate's Court of Kings County affirmed, with costs.
In re probate of last will of W. P. Shannon, dec'd.—Order of Surrogate's Court of Suffolk County denying motion for commission reversed and matter remitted to Surrogate for determination; decree of said court admitting will to probate reversed, and new trial ordered before a jury.
A. Kearney, an infant, &c.; J. T. Crane, her guardian ad litem, respt., v. Vitagraph Co. of America, appit.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event, unless within twenty days plaintiff stipulate to reduce verdict, in which event judgment as so modified and order are affirmed.
K. F. Kronenwett, respt., v. W. Kronenwett, appit.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
G. E. Lopere, respt., v. L. Nixon, appit.—Judgment affirmed on reargument, with costs.
F. Nordone, respt., v. Alpha Portland Cement Co., appit.—Order modified and as so modified affirmed, without costs.
The People, &c., respts., v. J. Brennan, appit.—Judgment of conviction of the Court of Special Sessions affirmed.
The People, &c., ex rel R. Harding, &c., appit., v. M. C. O'Brien, City Judge of City of White Plains, and C. C. Swackhamer, respts.—Order affirmed, without costs.
G. B. Sayres, as trustee in bankruptcy of E. S. Smith, a bankrupt, appit., v. W. D. Campbell and others, &c., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
H. Seelhorn, appit., v. Westcott Express Co., respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.
T. Tully, respt., v. Cranford Co., appit.—Reargument ordered and case set down for Dec. 5, 1917.
G. Weyant, appit., v. H. C. Rosenberg, respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.
Wright Flying Field, Inc., appit., v. Empire State Air Craft Corp., respt.—Order of the County Court of Nassau County affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.
Decision by Presiding Justice on application to appeal from the Appellate Term:
J. Cohen, respt., v. J. Lewis, appit.—Application denied, with $10 costs.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
MacLeod<MacLeod.
Weller<Weller.
Donigan & Nielson<The Lansden Co.
Giote<Ocean Elec Ry.
Needle<L I RR Co.
Watts<same.
Costanzo<same.
Nicholson<Nicholson;
Re Muller, (Linneman.)
Anderson<Benesch.
Balzer<Balzer.
People ex rel Murray, (Connolly and ano.)
Lutz<Lutz.
Re 79th and 80th Sts, (Queens.)
Dearborn<United Dealers' Coop Assoc'n.
Re Troy Av, (East 46th St.) (Bergsma.)
McCarthy<McCarthy.
Teleey<Am Star Line, (2.)
Helin<Holden.
Dimm<Petrizzo.
Pern<Harris H. Uris Iron Works.
Dutcher<Clark.
Re Steckel, (Wetzel.)
Pallar<Harris.

Foster<Druss.
Clarks<Kelly, (2.)
Villanyi<Bisbee, (Action No. 1.)
Villanyi<Bisbee, (Action No. 2.)
Same<Nathan.
Sams<Knabenschuh.
Same<Jacobs.
Ulirich<Empire State Dairy Co.
Scala<Wachter.
O'Neil<Laurelton Land Co, (2.)
Gerken<Robins Dry D & R Co.
Halvorsen<Grace Steamship Co.
Holland<Int R T Co.
Blohm<Blohm.
Rabinowitz<Rabinowitz.
Critty<Bloch.
Luby<Luby.
Municipal Liens Co<Dimond.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part III.—Scudder, J.—At 10 A. M.
Cedar<Cedar.
Parrish<Parrish.
Marcus<Colin.
Berwin<Solomon.
Rosenwasser<Pepper.
Abramofsky<Abramofsky.
Goldberg<Goldberg.
Bambarger<Trace.
Young<Wentz.
Zeiden<Zeiden.
Highest number reached on the regular call, 395.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Callaghan, J.; Part III., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.
Colombo<B H R R.
Stuit<B & O RR.
Barnett<Steeplechase Park Co.
Mable<Schmadeke et al.
Mahon, Coan<Carroll.
Clair<Loeser & Co.
Quigley<Bklyn Union Gas Co & ano.
Shaw<Kemorshyne & ano.
Sommer<Godfrey.
Eisenberg<Lebrfeld.
Connors<Fleer Bros.
Ely<Lord Const Co.
Cohen<Meyer & ano.
Tullman<Roulston.
Redmond<Feldman, et al.
Paglioroio<B H RR.
McCullough<Interboro Brewing Co.
Adkins<NY Cons RR.
Sisson, Comr, &c<Strubo & ano.
Schlueter<Adams & ano.
Gallagher<Esposito.
Juoperri<Nassau RR.
Kaplan<B H RR.
Valas<NY Con RR.
Guinan<Blum.
Lotwin<So Bklyn Ry.
Luria<B H RR.
Clinton<Shindler.
Morrison<Hulse.
Mitchell<Baker.
Bergman<B H RR.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:
Robertson<B H R R.
Miller<B H RR.
Sullivan<C I & G Ry.
Wynn<Melton House Wrecking Co.
Peterson<Walsh.
Theysen<Fountain & Choate.
Klevenz<Blank.
Cogliano<Weghe & ano.
Johnson<B H RR.
Lang<Odom & Lang.
Hyde<Jackson Sanatorium & ano.
Russ<NY Steam Co & ano.
Messerschmidt<Dean.
Cronin<NY Rys.
Rantschke<Nas R R.
Harmon<Cordano.
Fratcher<BH R R.
Cardoni<Monahan Exp.
Madonna<Molinelli.
Fusco<Raiber.
Mackey<Ill Surety Co.
Hilliker<Rueger & an.
Grecula<B H RR.
Gordon<Nassau RR.
Ward<C I & B RR.
Gibbons<B H RR.
Muhlgrum<B H RR & ano.
Miner<Star Co.
Meyer<Blohm.
Schweikert<Welsh.
Rogers<Tavermeier.
Decker<Lord.
Anderson<B H RR.
Lemont<Green.
Weisman<NY Con RR.
Kaufsky<Inerfield.
Wheeler<Walker.
Ennis<C I & B RR.
Rynehart<Clinton.
Pirkett<Cuendet.
Curtin<Cohn.
Rabels<B H RR.
Highest number reached on regular call, 2921.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of: Della Dessrault, George M Olcott, Grace K Machin.
Accounting of: Julius Tillinger, Mary A McDaid, Edward F McAleer, Mary M Bergen, Daniel J Runyon, Henry C Sibbert, (2.)
Estates of: Libasci infants, Giuseppe Vitale.
Guardianship of: Evangeline Reidel.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V.—Dike, J.
Zukowski<B H RR.
Noonan<NY Con RR.
Suckan<NY Con RR.
Harris<Un Painless D.
Mundy<Levy Bros Rty.
Fredericks<Murphy.
Fazio<Creem Co.
Popkies<Hoyt.
Hetzegrad<Gordon.
Card<Zimmermann.
Krahe<Nass El RR.
Tobinson<NY Con RR.
Wax<Gorschen.
Cohen<Levin.
Bernstein<Sterling Brass Bed Co.
Tucker<Newman & C.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Van Sicien, J.—At 10 A. M.
Rozan<Halpern.
Holden, admx<Pringle.
Taylor<Manning.
Rudin<Cohen.
McDonald<B H RR.
Thoma<Pharasles & ano.
Gomez<same.
Collins<Black and White Cab Co et al.
Flynn<R T Sub Con.
Frocida<NY & QCo Ry.
Gibbia<same.
Kirschbaum<Frecker.
Martin<Cody.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day; no cause will be set down for a day on this call:
Clancy<NY Rys Co.
Quinn<NY Rys Co.
Rosenbaum<Cap Sec.
Henry, as admx<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Broderick<B,QC&SRR.
Bellemare<Hurley & ano.
Reimer<Campbell & ano.
Simon<Chalmers Mot Co, Detroit, et al.
Kratchovil<Gimbel Bros.
Adikes<Skeuse.
Rowe<NY & N Sh Tr.
Johann & Sons<Linch.
Diamond<Stache.
Mackin, an inf<Remson.
Kepko<NY Rys.
Ziegler<Assoc for Imp Instruc Deaf M et al.
Ellerman<Mack & ano.
Lechner<Krayer.
Hannon<Keiser et al.
Schapiro<Hoffman.
Deringer<NY & N Sh Trac & ano.
Almetti, an inf<Lipman & ano.
Pound<Rosenwasser Bros et al.
Morris<Smith.
Raffelt<Bkl D Times.
McBride<CNY.
Johnson<Abrams.
Keller<NY Teleph Co.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2015.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Morschauser, J.—At 10 A. M.
Miele<Stuart Realty.
Winkler<Gainsborg.
Fishbaugh<Brian.
Diera<Diera.
Goldsborough<Staab.
Reynolds<Malcolm.
Carr<Baird.
Cresson<Barnes.
Highest number reached on call, 515.
PART II.—Keogh, J.
Sonberg<Sellars.
Wilkovitz<Secur Ins.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Platt, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Lurvey<Erie RR.
McKenna<NY C RR.
Wegert<West Elec RR.
Yoccolo<NY C RR.
Garrity<Varuna Invest.
Reilly<Pelham Sun Pub Co.
Farley<YonkersRR, (2)
Paolillo<Union Ry Co.
Johnson<Yonkers RR.
Uhovitch<Farmers Ins.
Jackson<McGuire.
Watson<Gulf Refining.
Schwartz<Taylor.
Barilla<Cranford.
Hunter<Mills.
Clarke<Union Ry.
Bacchus<West Elec RR.
McGuire<Ward Baking.
Conlon<Thanhouser Film Corp.
Condon<same.
Di Caprio<Di Sciulle.
Grindrod<Westchester County Brewing Co.
Gardner<Retagne Co.
The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:
Powers<West El RR.
Claggett<NYC RR.
Ahearn<NY C & H R RR.
Cuthbert<same (2.)
Reilly<same.
Cassara<Bradley Cont.
Rapocio<NY C RR.
De Lillo<Engle (2.)
Griffin<R T Sub Cons.
Mitschel<Schultz Bread Co.
O'Reilly<Union Ry.
Schafhauser<Union Ry.
Rich<Engls.
Lundy<Ames Transfer.
Dickerson B<Page.
Mulrooney<Blank.
Nickerson<Brinberg. (2.)
Kolbe<Martino.
Sadburn<Bailey.
Genoa<Funk.
Hinspeter<West Elec RR.
Williams<Ware Corp.
Highest number reached on call, 568.

Surrogate's Court.

Sawyer, S.
Wills for probate: James Ryan, Alfred Hadley, Phillip C Bellantoni, Anne R Banfield, Evelyn Strang.
Motion: James L Reynolds.
Executor's acc't'g: Constance K Snapp, Morris Lewine.
Admin'tor's acct'g: James Jamison.
Trans tax proceed'g: Emma L De Nisco, Pridget O'Keefe, Joseph F Daly, Edna S Lutkins, John F Condon.
Petition for adm'n: Ida Jacobs.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Southern District of New York.—No. 24,836.—In Bankruptcy.—PITTSTON COAL COMPANY, Bankrupt.
Pittston Coal Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on August 21, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on December 4, 1917, at 2:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25013.—Notice is given that TULLY SHAY TERRKY, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 24, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24,832.—In Bankruptcy.—W. & Z. CORD CO., INC., Bankrupt.
W. & Z. Cord Co., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on August 8, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on December 4, 1917, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 21,494.
Notice is given that WALTER T. STONE and W. OLIVER PATTON, individually and as copartners trading as STONE & PATTON, bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 24, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 25,172.—U. S. DIST. COURT, SO. DIST. N. Y.—In Bankruptcy.—SAMUEL SCHULMAN and DAVID L. SHERMAN, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said bankrupt are hereby given notice that on November 8th, 1917, they were duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 233 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on November 30th, 1917, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. Bankrupts will offer a composition to their creditors. MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

A test of the zone law, as affecting an important Madison Avenue blockfront, is being anticipated as a result of the filing of plans, yesterday, by Lord Astor of England, for a seven-story store and showroom building, on land now restricted against such use. The plans, filed by Peabody & Brown, architects, call for the erection of a $1,000,000 structure to occupy the frontage on the east side of Madison Avenue, from Thirty-fifth to Thirty-sixth Street, and to measure 197.6 feet on the avenue by 135 feet on each street.

The application of Lord Astor, last May, for the removal of the zoning law restriction which prohibits business occupancy on the Madison Avenue frontage, was denied by the Board of Estimate. Since that time the opinion has been prevalent that he would eventually seek to test the validity of the restriction, on account of the changing character of the neighborhood.

It could not be learned yesterday whether he intended to bring the matter to an early issue. The site is now occupied by sixteen dwellings.

Sells Fifty-sixth Street Residence.

Mrs. Sidney Turner Dyer of Baltimore, Md., widow of the late Elisha Dyer, Jr., has sold the five-story American basement residence at 3[illegible] West Fifty-sixth Street, on a lot 25 by 100.5.

The property, which is assessed at $125,000, was built by William Hall's Sons. It will be remodelled and occupied by the new owner. Edward J. Hogan negotiated the sale.

Bronx Apartments in $200,000 Trade.

Bronx and Manhattan properties figured yesterday in an exchange involving about $200,000. The Benenson Realty Company sold to Anna M. Jones the two five-story apartment houses at the northeast corner of Monterey Avenue and 180th Street, on plots measuring 48 by 100 and 57 by 100 each. The houses contain seven stores and have been held at $130,000.

In exchange the buyer gave the five-story store and loft building at the southwest corner of Church and Canal Streets, on a lot with a frontage of 25.7 on Canal Street, 41.6 on Church Street and a westerly line of 46.8 feet; also the vacant plot, 72 by 94, at the northeast corner of Heath Avenue and Albany Crescent. H. H. Cohen was the broker in the transaction.

Baptist Mission Increases Its Holdings

Daniel P. Moloney and others sold to the New York City Baptist Mission Society 81 West Third Street, a two-and-a-half-story building on a lot 25 by 109. The society now controls a plot fronting 50 feet on Third Street and 109 feet on Thompson Street, abutting the Judson Memorial Baptist Church.

Private Dwelling Deals.

The Hudson Mortgage Company sold to Arthur L. Trowbridge 59 East Thirty-fourth Street, a four-story and basement dwelling on a lot 25 by 95.

The four-story private dwelling 236 Central Park West, for many years the residence of Hannah Elias, was sold in foreclosure yesterday in an action against Elizabeth M. Mueller, who last year took it from Mrs. Elias for nonpayment of a mortgage. The house is on a lot 20 by 98.4 located 60.4 feet south of Eighty-fourth Street. The auction buyer was the plaintiff, the Excellent Realty Company, on a bid totaling $24,216. Joseph P. Day was the auctioneer.

Dr. Arthur H. Terry, Jr., has sold the three-story dwelling at 411 Convent Avenue, on a lot 20 by 75, through Moore, Schutte & Co.

Bronx Sales.

Frederick Brown, operator, sold the northwest corner of Mapes Avenue and 181st Street, Bronx, a five-story apartment house on a lot 46 by 94.6 to Mrs. Millie Rosenberg. Freidus & Co. and Louis Fine negotiated the sale.

Twenty-One Dwellings for Jamaica, L. I.

Land has been purchased and plans prepared for twenty-one single family dwellings to be erected by the Acanthus Realty Company, Inc., on the east side of Middletown Street, Jamaica, L. I., starting at the southeast corner of Shelton Avenue and extending south on the easterly side of Middletown Avenue for a distance of 495 feet. The Acanthus company has given a mortgage to the Berner Realty Corporation for $35,700 on the land and a building mortgage amounting to $99,750 to the Long Island City Savings Bank. The buildings will sell for about $7,000.

New Jersey.

Joseph Paterno, as president of the Hallmark Realty Corporation, resold the loft building at the southeast corner of Market and Halsey Streets, Newark, N. J., to the Prospect Realty Corporation for investment. Louis Kamm, Inc., was the broker.

Queens Borough Sales.

N. S. Jonas sold to the Omnis Corporation, of Richmond Hill, the property on the northeast corner of Myrtle and Hanson Avenues, 100 by 137 feet, 18 by 70 feet on the southwest corner of Woodbine Street and Woodward Avenue, 34 by 50 feet on the south side of Woodbine Street 110 feet west of Woodward Avenue, 40 by 90 feet on the west side of Seneca Avenue 20 feet south of Woodbine Street, 20 by 90 feet on the west side of Seneca Avenue 80 feet south of Woodbine Street, and 26 by 70 feet on the west side of Woodward Avenue 18 feet south of Woodbine Street. All of the property is in the Ridgewood section.

Westchester.

Ferdinand W. Herz sold the ten lots at the corner of Corona Avenue and Second Street, Pelham Heights, to a client of Fish & Marvin, who intends to build a residence for his own occupancy. The property was held at $16,000.

Dwelling Leased for Restaurant.

The three four-story private dwelling 122 to 126 West Forty-eighth Street have been leased to Carlo Giolito, a restaurateur. Alterations costing about $20,000 will be made.

Mr. Giolito leased Nos. 122 and 124 from Charles L. Moreau and No. 126 from A. S. Wickstrom, for a term of fifteen years from Nov. 1, at a reported yearly net rental of $9,000. The properties occupy a combined site 60 x 100, 100 feet west of the new Friars' Club.

Commercial Lease.

Charles F. Noyes Company leased the store and basement at 197 William Street to Louis Goldstein and the store and basement at 182 Washington Street to Beam Fletcher Corporation.

John Patterson & Co., tailors and importers, leased for a long term the third floor in the Frances Building, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street. The firm, which was founded in 1852, has been located for ten years at 10 East Thirty-third Street. Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., negotiated the lease.

D. Propper, haberdasher, has leased the store at the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and 116th Street, through Marston & Co., from the estate of Peter McGlan.

The Cross & Brown Company leased the store at 237 West Fifty-eighth Street, to the L. & D. Mortors, Inc.

Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd leased the entire building at 184 Water Street to Leo Hirsch; also the store and basement at 48 East Fifty-seventh Street to G. F. Saito, Chinese antiques and porcelains.

Recent Buyers.

Philemena A. Curran is the buyer of the northeast corner of Rockwell Place and Fulton Street, Brooklyn, sold at auction recently for the Public Service Commission, on a bid of $45,000, the upset price.

Anna Sherman is the buyer of the tenement 136 West 112th Street, sold last week.

Realty Notes.

A meeting of the Harlem Property Owners' Association has been called for Thursday evening at 147 East 125th Street.

The Brooklyn Board of Real Estate Brokers will hold its annual meeting this evening to re-elect the present officers: William P. Rae, President; W. J. T. Lynch, Vice President; Isaac Cortelyou, Secretary, and Isaac Horton, Treasurer. The meeting will be followed by a dinner at the Clarendon Hotel.

The Inwood Garden Association will meet this evening in Public School 52, Broadway and Academy Street.

New York Title and Mortgage Company has made a loan of $50,000 to the Emery estate on the nine-story bachelor apartment at 24 West Forty-fifth Street, adjoining the Harvard Club.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Gustav L. Birkeland vs. "John" Petersen, "James" Jensen, and "Richard" Gisiinge, (the names "John," "James," and "Richard" being fictitious, and the persons intended to be designated thereby being members of the firm of Petersen & Jensen of Svendborg, Denmark,) composing the firm of Petersen & Jensen, and against a certain cargo of cottonseed cake now on board the barges or lighters John Boyle, Cullen 15, G. F. Bayle, Mary A. Baker, and Frank T. Tague, and lately on board the bark Stifinder, and against all persons lawfully intervening for their interests therein. Notice. I have arrested a certain cargo of cottonseed cake now on board the barges or lighters abovenamed, and lately on board the bark Stifinder, upon a libel filed herein for general average contribution, special charges, and demurrage or damages for the detention of the Stifinder in the aggregate sum of $44,000. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on November 26, 1917, in U. S. Court House and Post Office Bldg., Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default, and condemnation will be ordered.
Dated New York, November 19, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, Southern Dist. New York.
HAIGHT, SANDFORD & SMITH, Proctors for Libelant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Section 347, Tariff Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold 1 carton of feathers of wild birds. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 3, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated Nov. 10, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.
Central Park West, 236, 60.4 ft s of 84th St, 20x98, four-story dwelling; Excellent Realty Co. against E. M. Mueller et al.; Wendel, E. & R., attorneys; due, $4,645.62; taxes, &c., $753.40; to the plaintiff for $24,216.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Madison Av, e s, whole front between 35th and 36th Sts, for a seven-story stores and showrooms, 197.6x135; W. W. Astor, London, England, owner; Peabody & Brown, 389 5th Av, architects; cost, $1,000,000.

Alterations.
Items under $5,000 omitted.
Broadway, s e corner of 22d St, to a five-story showrooms; Fane Estate, 400 Park Av, owner; A. B. C. Electric Elevator Co., 220 Broadway, architect; cost, $10,000.
40th St, 504 to 508 West, to a five-story warehouse; David Stevenson Brewing Co., 523 10th Av, owner; J. P. Voelker, 979 3d Av, architect; cost, $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, NOV. 19.
With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.
AVENUE C, 132 to 138, e s, 40.10 ft s of 9th St, 82.10x76.5x irregular; Hy. M. Greenberg to Hy. Greenberg, 601 West 151st St, and Fannie Greenberg, 54 West 119th St, in trust for children of party of first part, all liens, Nov. 12; address, Hy. Greenberg, 89 Nassau St....$1
BROADWAY, n w corner of 109th St, 85x100; Louise Livingston to Louise A. Livingston, Bar Harbor, Me., all liens, Nov. 17; attorney, J. R. Brown Co., 299 Madison Av....$100
BROADWAY, 2,191 to 2,201, s w corner of 78th St, 100x108.9x irregular; Louise Livingston to John C. Livingston, Bar Harbor, Me., all liens, Nov. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100
BROADWAY, n e corner of 20th St, runs n 98.1x e 45.9x n 92 to s s of 21st St, x e 50x s 92x e — to point 120.9 ft e of Broadway x s to x e 21x s 14 ft to n s 20th St, x w 113.5 to beginning; Winifred A. Fletcher to Glenbrook Company, 119 West 40th St, mtg $1,150,000, all liens, Nov. 19; attorneys, Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St....$100
EAST BROADWAY, n s, 138.11 ft w of Market St, 25.1x69; Abraham Zukrinsky to East End Construction Co., 1 East Broadway, all liens, Nov. 17; address, 1 East Broadway....$100
HENRY ST, 92, e s, 25x100; Abraham Zabrinsky to East End Construction Co., 1 East Broadway, all liens, Nov. 17; attorney, L. Zubrinsky, 1 East Broadway....$100
HESTER ST, 19, n e, 25x75; Abram Zubrinsky to East End Construction Company, 1 East Broadway, all liens, Nov. 17; address, 1 East Broadway....$100
LENOX AV, 150, e s, 75.10 ft n of 117th St, 25x100; John B. Podesta to William E. Podesta, at Scarsdale, N. Y., one-third part, mtg $30,000, all liens, Sept. 22; attorney, Wessels Ryerson, 93 Nassau St....$1
SAME PROPERTY; same to Lorenzo A. Cuneo, 21 West 8th St, one-third part, mtg $30,000; attorney, same....$1
MARKET ST, e s, 22.3x87; Abraham Zubrinsky to East End Construction Co., 1 East Broadway, being Lot 26, Section 1, Block 275, all liens, Nov. 17....$100
ROOSEVELT ST, 90-92, e s, 120 ft n of Cherry St, 40x62.6; Louis Lebewohl to Elias R. Levy, 51 East 129th St, all right, title and interest in ½ part, all liens, Jan. 25, 1915....$100
STANTON ST, 263, s s, 100 ft w of Columbus Av, 25.2x100x irregular; Dora Goldberg to Everett Jerome, 2,107 Broadway, mtg $21,000, all liens, Nov. 16; attorney, Edw. J. West, 31 Nassau St....$1
1ST AV, 1,038, e s, 56.9 ft s of 57th St, 18x71.4; Albert Miller to Hy C. Miller, 235 East 57th St, mtg. $8,500, all liens, Sept. 7; attorney, Hy Herz, 41 Park Row..$3,000
1ST AV, 1,030, s s, 40 ft n of 56th St, foreclosure Nov. 8, 1917; John J. Sullivan, referee, to Lockwood Estate, Inc., 46 Cedar St, Nov. 17; attorneys, Middlebrook & H., 46 Cedar St....$8,000
3D AV, n e corner 35th St, runs e 100 x n 74.1 x w 37.11 x s 55.7 x w 62.1 to e s av x s 18.5 to beginning; Jacob Herzberg to Fannie Kempner, 343 West 87th St, ½ part, Emanuel Arnstein, 600 West End Av, and Samuel Levy, 378 West End Av, jointly ½ part, all liens, Nov. 10; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway....$100
3D ST, 81 West, n s, 25 ft w of Thompson St, 25x109; Donald P. Molony to New York City Baptist Mission Society, 59 Washington Square South, all title, all liens, Oct. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1
SAME PROPERTY, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., as trustee, to action of Matthew S. Molony, plaintiff, against Charles E. Tilton et al., defendants, of trusts recorded May 23, 1864, to same, all title, Oct. 23; attorney, same....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Donna E. Molony, Flint, Mich., by Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, to same, one-half part, all title, b. & s., all liens, Oct. 24; attorney, same....$5,500
8TH AV, e s, 50 ft s of 122d St, 50x100; Sarah Kitt to Kitser Realty Corporation, 852 East 172d St, mtg $47,000, all liens, Nov. 15; attorneys, Dutton & K., 203 Broadway....$1
8TH AV, w s, 24.8x100; Louise Livingston to Louise A. Livingston, Bar Harbor, Me., all liens, Nov. 17; attorney, J. R. Brown Co., 299 Madison Av....$100
45TH ST, 70 West, s s, 120 ft e of 6th Av, 20x100.5; Edward A. Arnold to Alexander R. Boyd, 1,414 Spruce St, Philadelphia, Penn., mtg $38,000, Nov. 19; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$100
53D ST, 412 East, n s, 174 ft e of 1st Av, 20x100, partition sale; Charles L. Hoffman, referee, to Jacob Forster, 168 Gleane St, Elmhurst, L. I.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$4,600
55TH ST, 503 East, n s, 80 ft s of Av A, 25x100.5; Albert Miller to Hy C. Miller, 235 East 57th St, mtg. $8,500, Sept. 7; attorney, Hy Herz, 41 Park Row....$1
77TH ST, 349 East, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 25x104.4; Eugene A. Fehringer to Milton Realty Co., 370 East 149th St, Bronx, mtg. $8,000, all liens, Nov. 15; attorneys, Kurz & Uren, 370 East 149th St....$1
91ST ST, s s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 21x100.8; James Hughes to Bridget Hughes, 233 Bleecker St., q. c., Nov. 19; attorney, Sol Simmons, 233 Broadway....$1
117TH ST, 218 EAST, s s, 200 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.10; Eugene A. Fehringer to Milton Realty Co., 370 East 149th St., Bronx, mtg. $13,500, all liens, Nov. 15; attorneys, Kurz & U., 370 East 149th St....$1
124TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100x100.11; Braveman-Zeliman Realty Co., to Isidore Braveman, 510 West 123d St., all liens, Nov. 16; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway....$100
134TH ST, 132 West, s s, 205 ft e of 7th Av, 30x99.11; 132 West 134th St. Realty Co. to Metropolitan African Methodist Episcopal Church, on the premises, mtg $8,000, Nov. 15; attorney, John J. Pheelan, 261 Broadway....$200
142D ST, 546 West, s s, 138.10 ft e of Broadway, 16.8x99.11, foreclosure; Wm. O. Lockwood, referee, to Annie W. Gould, 230 West 59th St, Nov. 15; attorney, Ronald K. Brown, 320 Broadway....$10,000

Bronx.
AVENUE C, n e corner of 13th St, 216 ft to 14th St x180, Unionport; Samuel P. Howe to James H. Purdy, Jr., 14 West 122d St, March 5; attorney, Purdy Estate, Inc., 2 Rector St....$1
SAME PROPERTY; James H. Purdy, Jr., to Purdy Estate, Inc., 2 Rector St, Oct. 5; same attorney....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Florence Purdy to same, Oct. 5; same attorney....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Walter B. Raymond to same, Oct. 5; same attorney....$1
BROADWAY, n e corner of 234th St, 273.9x287.5 to Putnam Av, West x — x 212.1; also 234th St, s w corner of Albany Road, 301.3 to s s of N. Y. & Putnam R. R. x 175.1 x — to road x 137.2; also Albany Road, s w corner 234th St, 54x291.10x16.6x29.6; Evelyn C. Gagnebin to Charles L. Gagnebin at Brookline, Mass., mtg $5,000, Nov. 18; attorney, T. S. Kingwan, 15 Broad St....$100
BROOK AV, 459, w s, 25x90; Herman Brand to Joseph Brandt, 1,857 Park Pl, Brooklyn, Oct. 2; attorney, Joseph Brandt, 1,857 Park Pl, Brooklyn....$1
BROOK AV, n e corner of 150th St, 25x100; Marie F. Sceisa to Pellegro Schiaffino, 239 Washington St, Brooklyn, mtg $23,200, Sept. 15; attorney, J. N. Sceisa, 59 Wall St...$100
LAWRENCE AV, w s, 910.9 ft s of 197th St, 25x120 to Sedgwick Av; William P. Garrety to Annie Garrety, 1223 Vermont Av, N. W. Washington, D. C., Nov. 8; attorney, Continental Trust Co., Washington, D. C. $1
MATILDA AV, s e corner of 237th St, 200x100; also Matilda Av, n w corner of 237th St, 100x100; Milton Realty Co. to Eugene A. Fehringer, 315 Bleecker St, Brooklyn, mtg $8,920, Nov. 15; attorneys, Kurz & M., 370 East 149th St....$100
WILLIS AV, 280, s s, 25x74.4; Samuel P. Howe to James H. Purdy, Jr., 14 West 122d St, March 5; attorney, Purdy Estate, Inc., 2 Rector St....$1
SAME PROPERTY; James H. Purdy to Purdy Estate, Inc., 2 Rector St, Oct. 5; attorney, Same....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Florence Purdy to Same; Oct. 5; attorney, same....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Walter B. Raymond to same, Oct. 5; attorney, same....$1
164TH ST, n s, 69.3 ft e of Morris Av, 23x95; Sara Campbell to John J. Peters, 261 East 164th St., Nov. 13; attorney, New York Trust and Mortgage Company, 135 Broadway....$100
234TH ST, n s, 212.1 ft e of Broadway, runs n — x e — x s — to street x w — to beginning; Evelyn C. Gagnebin to Charles L. Gagnebin, Brookline, Mass., Nov. 13; attorney, T. S. Kingman, 15 Broad St....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.
BROAD ST, 82-84, w s, 48.8 ft n of Stone St, 52.1x98.10x irregular, Nov. 9; Helen Herbert to Samuel Untermyer, 675 5th Av, 2 years, prior mtg —; attorneys, Guggenheimer, U. & M., 120 Broadway....$50,000
ROOSEVELT ST, n e corner Madison St, runs n 30x e 30.6 to New Bowery, x s w 42.9 to beginning, gore, Nov. 19; John Mangini to Richard Scatena, 201 Neck Road, Brooklyn, due Jan. 2, 1921; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$6,000
3D AV, n e corner 86th St, runs n 78x e 100x n 22x e 25x s 100 to street, x w 125 to beginning, Nov. 19; Jacob Lauchheimer, to N. Y. Life Insurance Co., 346 Broadway, due Jan. 1, 1919; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$125,000
8TH AV, s w corner of 47th St, 25x100, Nov. 15; Benjamin C., Henry W., and William D. Faulkner and another to Charles G. Koss, 628 West End Av, 3 years; attorneys, Thompson, Koss & W., 256 Broadway....$40,000
42D ST, 226 East, e s, 206 ft w of 2d Av, 25x98.9, Nov. 16; Edw. and Thomas E. Norris to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond....$5,000
134TH ST, 132 West, s s, 205 ft e of 7th Av, 30x99.11, Nov. 15; Metropolitan African Methodist Episcopal Church to 132 West 134th Street Corporation, 408 West 42d St, 3 years; attorney, John J. Pheelan, 261 Broadway....$8,000
142D ST, s s, 415.10 ft w of 10th Av, 58.8x83.3, Nov. 19; Sybil K. W. Sellar to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, 5 years, 5½ p. c....$10,000

Bronx.
BONNER PLACE, n s, 166.8 ft e of Morris Av, 33.4x75; Matilda Muendel to Alex Lyle, executor, 1,043 Madison Av, prior mtg $10,000, Nov. 12, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$[illegible]868
CLAY AV, e s, 195.8 ft n of 168th St, 40.3x80; Sophie M. H. Wahlers to Friederika Ordemann, 169 West 85th St, Oct. 29, 3 years; attorneys, Todd & St. J., 258 Broadway....$1,500
DUNCOMBE AV, n e corner of Elizabeth St, 400x125; Joseph Norden to B. F. Keith New York Theatres Co., 1,564 Broadway, Nov. 17, due Oct. 18, 1919, given to secure any damages in satisfaction of any breach of lease; attorney, Maurice Goodman, 1,564 Broadway....$1
SEDGWICK AV, 1,819, w s, 28.9x83.11x25x79.8; Henry E. Hall to Florence C. Speranza, trustee, Bedford, N. Y., Nov. 15, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$5,000
12TH ST, n e, 330 ft e of White Plains Road, 25x114; Reuben Brooke to John A. Mulligan, 1,474 Shakespeare Av, Nov. 13, due as per bond; attorney, John A. Mulligan, 1,474 Shakespeare Av....$2,200

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.
LENOX AV, 73, store and basement; Oscar D. and John D. Thees to Charles Moser, 122 West 114th St, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1917; attorneys, Spitz & B., 50 Pine St....$2,050 and $2,725
BROADWAY, 2,698, store; Mayfield Construction Co. to Charles F. Hogan, 51 Manhattan Av, 5 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, Edward A. Powers, 160 Broadway....$2,600
6TH AV, n e corner of 9th St., store; Norlin Realty Corporation to D. A. Schulte, Inc., 384-386 Broadway, 5 years from Jan. 1, 1918....$2,500
214TH ST, 425-431 West, two buildings, all; Morris Polsky to Anna Lifson, 514 West 135th St, 4 years from Dec. 1, 1917; attorney, Louis W. Osterweis, 200 5th Av.$14,600

Bronx.
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of Barretto St, store, &c.; A. M. Realty Co., Inc., to Solomon Horwitz, 922 Barretto St, 10 years from Dec. 1, 1917; attorney, S. Honig, 280 Broadway....$600 to $780

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.
MADISON ST, 329; George J. Benzinger against Golden Gate Neckwear Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, De Witt, Lockman & De Witt.
ST. NICHOLAS AV, 167; U. S. Trust Co. of N. Y. against Amelia Samuels et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. L. Halt.
2D AV, 2,207; Fitch Gilbert et al. against Harris Kahn et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. H. Seymour.
8TH AV, 2,115; Rosa Rauner against Benjamin Rauner et al., action to declare lien; attorney, N. Cohen.
29TH ST, n s, 350 ft e of 8th Av, 18.9x98.11; James C. Drayton, executor, against Louis Spahn et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, S. P. Nash.
117TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 2d Av, 37.6x100.11; Leo Cahn against Mary Munro et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Fluegelman & Trosk.
117TH ST, 14 West; Isaac Untermyer et al. against Henry W. Schlesinger et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall.
125TH ST, n s, 180 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x99.11; Bank for Savings in the City of N. Y. against Nellie Thomson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft.
187TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 87.6x94.9; Virginia Danzinger et al. against Leona Holding Corp. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. J. Sneudaira.

Bronx.
EASTERN BOULEVARD, s s, 185 ft w of the east wall of the Unionport Pottery Works, 181.2x283.9xirregular; Robitzek Investment Co. against P. Joseph Heaney et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Robitzek.
LOTS 4 and 5, map of land at West Farms, 24th Ward, belonging to estate of William Armstrong; Shirley S. Lloyd against Sarah Berry et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. W. Kouwenhoven.
VYSE AV, e s, 200 ft s of 172d St, 25x100; William R. Willcox et al., as trustees, against Casco Building Co., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. H. Whitman.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.
2D AV, 831; Solomon Templeman against Selvin Realty Co., owner; Sigmund Levin, contractor....$13
5TH AV, 523; Isidore W. Horn against Esther Reinheimer, owner; Beaver Construction Co., contractor, (renewal)....$100
10TH ST, 238 West; Solomon Templeman against Selvin Realty Co., owner; Sigmund Levin, contractor....$32
35TH ST, 453 West; James Hallinan against Miss Murphy, owner and contractor....$22
106TH ST, 306 East; Solomon Templeman against Selvin Realty Co., owner; Sigmund Levin, contractor....$13
119TH ST, 306 East; Solomon Templeman against Selvin Realty Co., owner; Sigmund Levin, contractor....$32
122D ST, 413 East; Solomon Hurowitz against Rosa Napoli and Emma Lucchesi, owners; Otto Boden, contractor....$46

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.
BROADWAY, 1,205 to 1,213; John H. Tripler, Inc., against Altman Estates, Inc., et al., Nov. 13, 1917, by bond....$455
BROOME ST, 470; Abraham Schwarts against Julia Fitzgerald et al., Nov. 5, 1917....$185
LAIGHT ST, 69; Centre Iron Works against Marie Kelly et al., Nov. 16, 1917....$50

Bronx.
238TH ST, s s corner of Broadway; Victor Zambetti against 5,780 Broadway Building Co., Inc., et al., Nov. 22, 1916....$389

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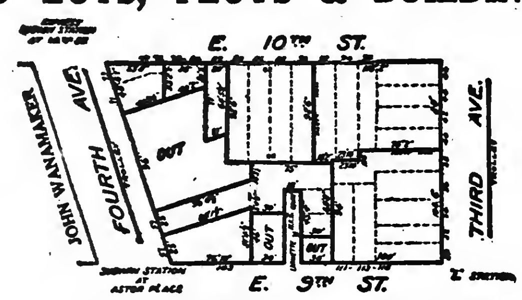

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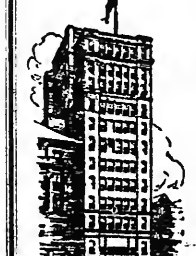

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Modern 5-room bungalow, near ocean and bay; all latest up-to-date improvements; open fireplace, beamed ceilings, panelled walls; connecting bath with bedrooms; ground has hedge, shrubs, flowers, &c.; all improvements; privilege of private beach and club; near trolley; easy to commute; owner will decorate to suit buyer; easy terms. Photos, &c., by writing to Bungalow Owner, Box 291 Times Downtown.

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Montclair.—$7,500 to close estate; new residence; large living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, sun porch, sleeping porch; excellent location. Murdoch, opp. Lackawanna, Montclair.

For sale, 9-room house, all conveniences, forty-five minutes from New York, fifteen from Newark; two railroads, ten minutes to station. Z 387 Times Annex.

For sale, 9-room house, all conveniences, forty-five minutes from New York, fifteen from Newark; two railroads, ten minutes to station. Z 387 Times Annex.

Miscellaneous.

Bungalow, 3 rooms and bath; all improvements; 42 minutes out; two blocks from fine bathing beach; can be bought for $200 cash, balance as rent. Address E 53 Times.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED
Manhattan.

73D ST., EAST.—Park Av.; beautiful house, extra large rooms. Phone Schuyler 3033.

REAL ESTATE.
Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

A three-story and basement private residence, downtown, west side, central location; private party. G. E. Storm, 2,466 Webb Av., New York City.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Brick house, seven rooms, bath, large sun parlor; southwest exposure; open fireplace; parquet throughout; strictly modern every way; garage space; asphalted street, Brooklyn; close to subway, uptown Manhattan; single fare; $1,000 below value. Owner, P. O. Box 932, New York City.

Manhattan Beach lots, swept by ocean breezes, with all improvements in and paid for, can be bought now at $850 each; this is a war-time price. Joseph P. Day, sales agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

31 BARKER AV., WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. For rent, a three-story and basement frame dwelling, containing 14 rooms and 2 baths; hot water heat; plot 75x175; rent, $100 per month. JOSEPH P. DAY, Agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

A beautiful old Colonial house in residential section of Larchmont; large plot; high ground; ten rooms, two baths, every modern improvement; convenient to station, Sound, school, &c.; $1,000 cash, balance monthly payments, like rent. Krisch, 11 East 42d St. Phone 6441 Murray Hill.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For sale or rent.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

BEST BARGAIN IN MARKET.
Must sell my beautiful home at sacrifice. Particulars from Owner, 65 Times.

Westfield.—Rebuilt house, one-half acre, only $5,500; very cheap. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York City.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FACTORY BUILDING for sale, 10,000 square feet, 40-horse water power, never failing water, steam heating plant; location, in Connecticut town; population, 20,000; railroad siding in front, station near; will sell cheap. Address WARNER, (personal,) 96 Chambers St., New York.

Real Estate Wanted.

WANTED, on Long Island, good farms and country homes; have buyers for real bargains.
DANIEL GERARD, 1,270 B'way, N. Y.

FARMS.
New York State—For Sale or to Let.

A BIG FARM.—Orange County, 278 fertile acres, on railroad and State road, near station; cheap; photos; particulars this office. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, 120 Broadway, New York. Rector 7718.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

COMMUTER'S FARM, hour out on Erie, good express service; fine modernize house excellent outbuildings; 50 acres; 10 minutes drive from station; fruit trees; stock; tools; all equipped. Brady, 15 Park Row.

For Sale.—600-acre cotton farm, well improved, desirably located; in high state of cultivation. Address Odel Plantation, Post Office Box 228, Arkansas City, Ark.

Send for details of the best farm for $9,000 I've seen offered; 70 acres; close to station, trolley, and village.
Howard Goldsmith, 110 West 34th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

ATTENTION!

ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, CONTRACTORS.
We desire to rent for a few months a drafting room, fully equipped, suitable for accommodating fifteen mechanical draftsmen, in 34th Street neighborhood. The Militor Company, Room 1104, No. 47 West 34th St., New York, P 66 Times.

Columbus Circle, (311 West 59th St.)—Store and basement, most suitable for hardware, auto accessories, electric supply; lofts 22x90; light manufacturing; also offices, salesrooms, north skylight studios. Apply on premises, or phone Rieser, 3550 Madison Square.

MARKET CORNER.
Second Av., 1,715, corner 89th St., desirable store; has 3 large show windows, butcher's icebox, and wall fixtures; good stand; reasonable rent. Inquire premises.

1 EAST 54TH STREET.
25-feet, 4-story and basement house, with 3-story extension, elevator, steam heat, electric light; in the exclusive retail section. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

Garage for sale or rent, lot 27x100; three-story brick building; location, 225 East 47th St. Permission to inspect by addressing Crimmins Operating Co., Inc., 624 Madison Av. Plaza 6782.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE.—Large and small, uptown and downtown; most prominent buildings. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 115 Broadway. Phone 5664 Rector.

A suite of two outside offices, finest corner in city; new Astor Trust Bldg., (5th Av. at 42d;) $50 per month. Apply Room 1601, 25 West 45th St. Telephone Bryant 9020.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES.—Every facility, $16.50 and $30.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway. Room 807.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE.—Extension waiting room; private house; desirable living accommodations; excellent location. 1,041 Madison Av., (near 79th.) Lenox 101.

Lofts for Rent.—Large and small; light; improved; one block from P R R ferry and Hudson tube; rents reasonable. E Gross, 315 Henderson St., Jersey City.

Lofts, 75x75 and 75x43; freight and passenger elevators; excellent location. Apply premises, 30 Park Place, or your broker.

Store, 23 East 33d St., near Madison Av.; large display window; steam heat, hot water. Wm. F. Puerst, Inc., agent, 57 Nassau St.

Fifth Av. office, with northern light, size 17x34, suitable for architect. Inquire Room 1007, 366 Fifth Av.

Space rear parlor floor; privilege of elegantly furnished showroom; large window; near 5th Av.; also desk room. M 175 Times.

For rent, two fireproof lofts; building 50x100; choice location, Brooklyn. H C Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg., New York City.

Lofts, factories; complete, efficient, courteous service. The Factory Exchange, 48 Cedar St. Tel. John 3719 and Boston.

140 WEST 34TH ST.—Showrooms and offices. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

Fifth Av. office, with northern light, size 17x34. Inquire Room 1007, 366 Fifth Av.

Loft, 75x96, light on four sides; 401-405 East 91st St. Inquire on premises.

Store, parlor floor; also skylight studios. 5 West 16th St.

Skylight studios, bachelor apartments, $30 to $60. 3 West 16th St.

Office to sublet. 25 Broad St., Room 1817.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED, LARGE STORE OR BUILDING SUITABLE FOR AUTOMOBILES, (TO HOLD 100 AUTOMOBILES,) ON OR NEAR BROADWAY, FROM 42D TO 63D STS. GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, MAIL ONLY. B. B., ROOM 301, 1,493 BROADWAY.

Small 1-story shop, 50x100, ground floor, any town within 1 hour from N. Y. City; water facilities and unskilled help; state rent. A 61 Times.

Responsible metals exporter wants small furnished office; downtown; moderate. P 85 Times.

Attract crowds with rare toy dogs; window space wanted. Address E 155 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

48TH, 20 EAST.—Two rooms and bath, nicely furnished; will rent balance of lease, $110 monthly; maid service.

90TH, 62 EAST.—High-class elevator apartment; 2 beautiful bedrooms, enormous, splendidly furnished parlor, with or without kitchen; bath, steam heat, electricity, telephone; (china, silver, linen;) one block 5th Av.; $95-$120.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED
Choice localities; long, short leases.
4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1454.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

APARTMENT, studio, 50th, 5th Av.; exquisitely furnished, $85; unfurnished, $65. Plaza 846.

ARTIST'S six-room apartment, complete. Telephone Gramercy 723.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

ATTENTION.—Established 30 years. List your apartments. Waiting lists. A1 clientele. Lelands, One West 34th. Phone 1628 Greeley, also Murray Hill 3341.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—East Side.

Attractive APARTMENTS, furnished. Murray Hill 4283. THE FALCO, 505 5th Av.

CORNER APARTMENT, six rooms, daintily furnished; elevator, telephone; $100. 135 E. 94th St.

Gramercy District.—Charming 5-room apartment, furnished, antique mahogany, wicker, and chintz; steam heat, 4 open fireplaces, fine library, 21-foot living and dining rooms, 2 master bedrooms; fine French cook remains. Phone 4426 Stuyvesant before 11 A. M.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST.
Sublet 4, 5, and 6 months, handsomely furnished, 2 and 3 rooms; corner apartments; also single rooms; bath.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV.—Shopping centre; handsomely furnished apartment; maid service; immense living room, dining room, kitchen, two bedrooms, bath, six months, $325 monthly. Phone Mad. Sq. 7894, 11—, after 4 P. M.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths; single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

49TH, 47 WEST.—One, two room suites, private bath; single rooms, electricity, elevator; newly decorated ground floor suite, with bath; suitable doctor; parlor suite, with bath; any first-class business.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; handsomely furnished.

54TH ST., 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsomely furnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath and 3 rooms with 2 baths; sunny rooms; steam heat.

55TH ST., 55 WEST.—2 rooms, bath, tiled kitchen, exquisitely furnished; $250 per month; six months or longer. Apt. 4D.

55TH, 50 WEST.—Living room, breakfast room, bedroom, bathroom, kitchenette. Telephone Plaza 6558.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Sublet, 4-room apartment, exquisitely furnished, two bedrooms, living and dining room combined kitchen, refrigeration; maid service; $250 monthly. Call afternoons, Apartment 4-I, or telephone appointment, Circle 1456.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Attractive, handsome 7 outside rooms; 3 bedrooms. Columbus 1877.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Latest idea in apartments; homelike, with club privileges; duplex studio, dining, bedroom, kitchen; southern exposure; choicely furnished; lease $225 monthly. Apt. 509.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex apartment, Hotel des Artistes, three rooms, kitchenette, refrigeration, cooking free; $200. Mrs. Wood.

69TH ST., 19 WEST, Overlooking Central Park.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath, maid service; restaurant; finest in the city. Mrs. Deane, on premises.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Two exceptionally handsome rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity, private telephone; excellent location; $23 weekly; also other rooms.

70S.—Magnificently furnished 8 rooms, 3 baths; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

55TH ST., (1,730 Broadway.)—Big, bright, fine; two rooms, bath; elevators, telephone; hall service. Hart.

79TH ST., 307 WEST.—Own home, 8 rooms, 2 baths, exceptionally well appointed, piano, beautiful view Hudson and Southern exposure; $300 monthly. Apt. 10 West.

80s.—Handsomely furnished 8-room duplex apartment, immediate possession, Winter months, longer, $175 month. Particulars telephone Vanderbilt 1153.

88TH ST., 200 WEST.
Am leaving city; will sublet my 1-room, well-appointed apartment, long or short lease, immediate possession. Apartment 61. Phone 5200 Schuyler, or superintendent.

89TH ST. AND BROADWAY.—Apartment, four rooms, furnished throughout in mahogany, $150. Phone 5243 Riverside.

91ST, 250 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Attractively furnished 8 room, 2 bath apartment; accessible to subway and elevated road; rental $325 per month. F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Co., Broadway and 80th St. Schuyler 3800.

94TH ST., 250 WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 outside rooms, southwestern exposure; express station. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

97TH.—Beautifully furnished 5-room apartment, $185 month; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 1452.

107TH, 210 WEST.—6 rooms, furnished, reduced rate; leaving city. Apt. 43.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Apartment sublet, (2H,) 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $37.50 per month.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 8 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates $80 monthly and up, $20 weekly up; breakfast and dinner, $9 weekly, (optional.)
HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST.
One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus line. C. M. Bellak, Mgr. Dir.

AN exceptional apartment, for bachelors; private house; exclusive location. Telephone Plaza 2200.

APARTMENTS Beautifully Furnished.
2 to 5 ROOMS AND BATH.
Attractive restaurant, table d'hote and a la carte; best food, reasonable prices; complete hotel service; $60 monthly up; near Riverside Drive, Central Park; 2 blocks from 96th subway express station.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS,
305 West 98th St. Near Broadway.
Telephone Riverside 6100.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished; long, short leases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 209 West 72d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT Hunting Unnecessary; consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 186 West 72d. Col. 836.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d. Col. 1072.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA.
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway. Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $60-$75-$95; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptional clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

ATTRACTIVE private home apartments, west side and Washington Heights. Crescent Co., 547 West 110th, Corner Broadway, (floor.)

ATTRACTIVE living room, bedroom, bath; electric, kitchenette; $150 monthly. Phone Circle 273.

BETWEEN 97TH AND 98TH STS.—375 Central Park West, overlooking Central Park, a very comfortably furnished, 8-room apartment to sublet, 10 months' lease, $130 monthly or $140 6 months. Phone 4834 Riverside.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Completely furnished apartment, four rooms, bath, $150. Phone Schuyler 4806.

CHARLES ST., 39.—Five-room furnished apartment; all rooms outside; walk up five flights; bath, electric light, steam heat; can be seen Nov. 20 and 21, after 7 P. M. Sullivan.

CLAREMONT AV., 29.—High-class apartment, seven rooms and two baths, completely furnished, to sublet Dec. 1; $150. J. Collins, Apartment 6B.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths, everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook, very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—Just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

DESIRABLE, well-located 7 rooms, completely furnished apartment; short lease. 3550 Riverside.

EIGHT-ROOM APARTMENT on West 85th; all light and sunny rooms, handsomely and completely furnished. Phone Owner, Schuyler 2006.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to rent, very reasonable; season or longer. Apply SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 448, (116th.)—Handsomely furnished, 10 rooms, 3 baths; superb view; grand piano, Victrola, linen, silver; immediate possession; sublet. Phone Morningside 6310. Apt. 102.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.)—Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 3 rooms facing Drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

SEE apartment house information, Page 26 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

WEST SIDE elegant suite in private residence; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; service, heat, electricity. Phone Riverside 9896.

WEST END AV., 840.—Furnished 7-room elevator apartment. Apply Superintendent.

Wonderfully furnished apartments of refinement, taste, and general appointments; most carefully planned and executed; but two apartments for rent; 4 and 5 rooms; the 5 rooms has an exquisitely furnished living room in Japanese. Inquire 517 West 113th St. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

Unfurnished—East Side.

15TH ST., 23 EAST.—Studios to rent; reasonable rent. CARSTEIN & LINNIKEN, 221 4th Av. Phone Gramercy 2283.

21ST, 148 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—3-room, bath, and kitchenette apartment, unfurnished or furnished; $60 or $65.

34TH ST., 62 and 64 East, Vanderbilt Studios, (adjoining Vanderbilt Hotel.)—Apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath, $900 to $1,800; meals and service if desired. Apply R. S. Kamin, on premises, or telephone Murray Hill 511.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

84TH, 113 EAST.—Entire floor, two very large rooms; large bathroom; kitchenette; steam heat; very desirable; rent, $75. FOLSOM, 127 East 84th St.

A two-room and bath apartment; $45; new, modern, maid service included; 459 Fourth Av., near 32d St.; central location. ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Tel. 1100 Murray Hill.

HIGH-CLASS NEW APARTMENTS. 59 East 34th St.; 2 rooms, bath; $70, $75. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

Unfurnished—West Side.

60TH, 48 WEST.—2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette, $85, including electricity, gas; also smaller apartment, similar conditions, $70.

70TH, (2,023 Broadway, The Nevada.)—Newly decorated, spacious, 7-room, high-class elevator apartment, all rooms facing Broadway; immediate possession; $250 month; family leaving city. Apt. 2B.

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2025.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive two-room suite; all improvements, maid service; references.

87TH, 308 WEST.—Five immense, light rooms; southern exposure; elevator, telephone; moderate rent.

110TH, 225 WEST—DAWSON ARMS. High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms, facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

113TH ST., 517 WEST.—One 6-room apartment, very high class elevator apartment house; reasonable rent. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Apartment sublet, (2H,) 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $37.50 per mo.

135TH, 229 WEST.—Single apartment, eight large rooms; newly decorated; one flight.

150TH, 569, (Corner Broadway.)—Six large outside rooms; modern elevator bldg.; $65.

APARTMENTS, STUDIOS. 130 W. 34th, 2 rooms, bath, kitchen, $40-$45. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or janitor.

AUDUBON AV., 215, Corner 176th, (Brighton.)—Six rooms, bath; elevator apt.; $50.

BROADWAY, S. E. COR. 160TH ST. Six, eight large, light rooms; high-class; elevator, electricity; complete service; low rentals. Superintendent on premises.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, $45-$55. 274-276 West 19th St., 5 and 6 all light rooms. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or Supt.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25, in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortland 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

STEAM HEAT GUARANTEED. 5 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, $65. 40 MORNINGSIDE AV. N. E. Cor. West 118th St., Facing Park. HENRY C. COLEMAN.

Bronx.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,049, (Corner 165th St.)—3 rooms and bath; sub-lease $32 monthly. Inquire of Superintendent.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 187.—Unfurnished, beautiful, exclusive, 2 rooms, bath, $35; 1 room, bath, $25; spacious parlors, bath, $35; basement, $25; subway, Wall St., 4 minutes. Owner, premises.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Wanted.—From Dec. 1 until May 1, well-furnished apartment, consisting of large living room with fireplace, two bedrooms, kitchen or kitchenette, and bath; elevator unnecessary; Gramercy Park or Washington Park vicinity preferred. Tel. Vanderbilt 1350, or write, E 135 Times.

Want to sublet 4-room kitchenette apartment completely furnished and buy furniture; good locality, between 72d and 96th, west side, or 43d and 65th, east side; must be elevator apartment, and a good one. S. S., Box 506, Times Downtown.

WANTED, for 3 or 4 months, reasonable rate furnished apartment, centrally located, having studio, living room, 2 chambers, kitchen, bath. Mrs. Alonzo Elliott, No. River Road, Manchester, N. H.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT, large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Apartment wanted, furnished, three rooms and bath, below 59th St.; will lease to April 1; two gentlemen. W 217 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Wanted.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; suitable for music studio. E 145 Times.

I CAN RENT your apartment furnished. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Private family; two warm, comfortably furnished rooms, single or suite; breakfast; business men preferred; references. Boyd.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished room, private bath; steam heat, electricity; park privileges; board optional; references.

22D, 41 EAST.—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished rooms; all conveniences; also basement; references.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; phone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

43D, 16 EAST.—All comforts; refined home; completely furnished; cheerful room, bath; references.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

57TH, 221 EAST.—Large front hall room, select house, private family; references. Wiggin.

61ST, 27 EAST.—Two rooms and bath, single or en suite. Plaza 2328.

64TH ST., (Madison Av., 733-735.)—Nicely furnished, large, single rooms, telephone; $3, $3.50, $4.

GRAMERCY PARK, 42.—First floor, running water, $8.50; second, $7; fourth, $5.

IDEAL SUITE, 3 rooms, bath, cozy, homelike furnishings; open fireplace; electricity; steam; private entrance; excellent location. Orchard 3824.

MADISON AV., 1,331, (between 93d and 94th.)—Excellent accommodations business women in high-class neighborhood; every convenience; references. Russell.

MADISON AV., 174.—VANDERBILT STUDIOS.—Furnished, unfurnished rooms; unusual; references exchanged. Mur. Hill 9286.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; music studios rented by day or hour.

West Side.

15TH, 105 EAST, (Apt. 94.)—Opp. Union Square Hotel; unique accommodations for 1-2 bachelors; parlor, bedroom, piano, bath, steam, electric lights, telephone; handsome fireproof building; $50 monthly; subway.

23D, 258 WEST.—Single room, $3.50; steam heat, running water; gentlemen.

37TH ST., 27-40 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, single room; telephone; $3, $3.50, $4.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

60TH, 79 WEST.—Newly furnished, large second floor room; bath connecting; electricity; references.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Neat, handsome rooms, single, en suite; private telephone, electricity; refined house.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen; business couple.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Rooms with and without running water; near all car lines.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Studio, large double and single room; southern exposure; breakfast; references.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; complete; bathroom, electric light, steam heat.

71ST, 216 WEST.—Attractive, large front room; all conveniences.

71ST, 206 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; phone; also smaller room; references.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

72D, 22 WEST.—Exceptionally beautiful, large, sunny room, private bath, electric lights.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Attractive front room; electric lights; private family; gentlemen.

72D, 302 WEST.—Two double rooms, front and southern exposure; private baths; board optional; comfortable Winter home; near subway.

112 WEST 73D ST. Desirable rooms, near subway, elevated; references.

73D, 118 WEST.—Newly decorated large and single rooms; private baths; southern exposure.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room; private bath; telephone, electric light.

74TH, 242 WEST.—ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED SUITES; ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT BATH; ALSO DOCTOR'S OFFICE; BREAKFAST IF DESIRED.

74TH, 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS. Newly furnished, two large rooms, with private bath, electric light, steam heat; valet service; references. Col. 8768.

74TH, 242 WEST.—ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED SUITES; ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT BATH; JAP SERVICE; DOCTOR'S OFFICE; BREAKFAST OPTIONAL.

74TH, 3 WEST.—Two comfortable front rooms, bath adjacent; southern exposure; private home.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Small room, well heated; southern exposure, adjoining bath; electricity; reference.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

75TH, 3 WEST, (near park.)—Large rooms, private baths; electricity; telephone; $10-$12.

75TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, private bath; also small room; electricity.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Nice sunny rooms; first-class house; select neighborhood; telephone; reasonable.

75TH, 102 WEST, (Apt. 61.)—Pleasant room, homelike surroundings, conveniences, gentleman. Col. 3384.

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, electricity, $10-$12.

75TH, 126 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; electricity; newly furnished.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Large sunny front room; electricity; private bath; kitchenette privileges; references.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Very attractive large room; hot water.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house; two large rooms; connecting baths; single or en suite.

77TH, 131 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, comfortable; other rooms; electricity; reference.

111 WEST 77TH ST. Desirable small room; references, reasonable.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large front parlor, twin beds, private bath, lavatory, steam, electricity.

78TH, 108 WEST.—Ready for guests Nov. 20; reservations now arranged; meals optional.

78TH, 160 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Large front room, twin beds, electricity, adjoining bath; gentlemen only.

78TH, 208 WEST.—Large, attractive front room; electricity; dressing room attached; near subway.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; all conveniences; $2.50 up.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Front and back parlor, 1st floor; running water; small room.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; all conveniences; suitable two; well heated.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

79TH, 169 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, with private bath; lock subway; immaculate.

80TH, 155 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Newly furnished front suite, adjoining bath; steam, phone; smaller room; subway, elevated. Rey.

80TH, 151 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room, running water; subway, elevated; all conveniences. Antoine.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny, two-room studio; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Sunny rooms, private baths, $12; single, $5; electricity, steam heat.

80TH, 225 WEST.—Beautiful room, private bath, hall, and entrance. Apt. 3W.

81ST ST., 27 WEST.—Exceptional room, private, modern, home; facing park; steam heat, electricity; service breakfast; subway "L." Schuyler 7352.

81ST, 155 WEST.—Immaculate, warm, large room; bath; electricity; $6; gentleman. Schuyler 2982.

81ST, 166 WEST.—Small and medium light room, newly furnished, adjoining bath; references.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, sunny, warm rooms; private bath, lavatory, kitchenette.

81ST, 203 WEST.—Three rooms, bath; housekeeping; attractively furnished; year's lease; can be seen after 11 A. M. Sunday, or later by appointment. Apartment 2F.

82D, 56 WEST.—Medium sized furnished room; electric light; southern exposure; references.

82D, 33 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated front rooms; bath; references.

82D, 54 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, second story front, bath, kitchenette; single rooms.

83D, 53 WEST.—Newly furnished, large rooms, connecting or separately; also hall room.

84TH ST., 33 WEST.—Large, comfortable room adjoining bath; also small room; refined surroundings.

85TH, 136 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large room; electricity; all conveniences; also small room.

85TH, 113 WEST.—Beautiful large room; private bath, parquet floor; electricity; refined house.

86TH ST., 337 WEST.—Sunny, large room; small room, running water, near Drive; references.

86TH, 341 WEST.—Large, attractive room; twin beds; northern exposure; near Drive.

88TH, 307 WEST.—Attractive rooms, modern house, exclusive block; breakfast optional; references required.

89TH, 330 WEST.—One, two rooms, suite, private bath; other rooms; steam.

95TH, 336 WEST.—Attractive front suite, adjoining bath; electricity; reasonable; subway. Apt. 3.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Exclusive bachelor quarters, suite, or large room, bath. Apt. 7.

100TH, 316 WEST.—Magnificent room and bath; $10 week; gentlemen. Apt. 19.

103D, 303 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Three rooms, with running hot and cold water, bath, telephone, and electricity, for rent single or en suite, in elegantly furnished private home; references required.

103D ST., 2 WEST.—Beautiful corner room facing park, $5; phone. Robinson.

105TH, WEST.—Sunny, comfortable rooms in a select apartment; reasonable terms. Telephone 1665 Academy.

106TH, 246 WEST.—Sunny, six-room apartment; linen, silver, Victrola, piano. R.

112TH ST., (Broadway.)—Beautiful, overlooking Hudson; also southern exposure; exclusive. 6390 Cathedral, Apt. 10C.

122D, 520 WEST.—Large, light room; telephone, elevator. Apartment 6 F. W.

123D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Single, double room, $2.50-$4.50 week; elevator. Apt. 28.

136TH ST., 492 WEST.—Private family will rent cheerful room; references. Fortune.

140TH, 600 WEST.—A bright, airy room; running water; kitchen privileges; references exchanged.

142D, 605 WEST.—Room, adjoining shower bath, elevator apartment; $5; subway. Scott.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room, scrupulously clean. Apt. 27.

144TH, 560 WEST.—Beautiful, light, large room with private family; elevator, telephone; near subway. Apt. 47.

144TH, 609 WEST.—Hudson view; running water; $6; convenient location; evenings, 6B.

151ST ST., 628 WEST.—Large, attractive room; elevator apartment; no other roomers. Apt. 6G.

174TH ST., 550 WEST.—Very attractive two-room suite in modern apartment, adjoining bath; desirable for particular person; pleasant surroundings; no other roomers. Pelmer, Audubon 7600.

178TH, (248 Audubon Av.)—Front rooms, connecting; conveniences; breakfast; American. Apt. 81.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS, 302 West 22d St. Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly; rooms for two, $3.50 weekly each.

ATTRACTIVE SUITE, bedroom and sitting room, adjoining bath; comfortably homelike; also single room, with running water; moderate. Waetjen, 205 W. 87th.

BROADWAY, 3,544, Apartment 25.—Elevator; 145th subway at door; adjoining bath; all conveniences; private family; select location; moderate.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Attractive, newly furnished rooms; suite, overlooking Park. Fryer.

CLAREMONT AV., 200.—Attractive front room; 1, 2 ladies; kitchen privileges; elevator. Apt. 37.

HOTELS' OVERFLOW accommodated; investigated rooms, board, apartments, houses. Leland's, 1 West 34th St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th.)—Desirable rooms, with or without private bath; newly furnished; gentlemen; also bedroom and sitting room for two gentlemen; telephone; references. Cardozo.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452, (116th St.)—Room of highest type; refined; references. Tel. Morningside 9080. Apt. 4A. Kelley.

SON GONE TO WAR; will rent his room, up-to-date apartment; 4 short blocks from subway; can arrange meals. Audubon 3415. Ross.

WASHINGTON SQUARE apartment, most desirable; refined family will rent to young business gentleman or student large, comfortable room; all conveniences; replying please state nationality. F. A. D., 248 Times.

WEST END AV., 433, (81st.)—Attractive room in private residence; running water; electric light; telephone; business women preferred.

WEST END AV., 611.—Elegant second-floor front room with elaborately appointed dressing room; electricity; breakfast optional; references.

WEST END AV., 611.—Handsome room; elegantly furnished; private bath; kitchenette; also medium-sized room.

WEST END AV., 936, (103d St. Subway.)—Corner room; elevator; gentleman; telephone. Apt. 5 West.

WEST END AV., 826, (100th St.)—Superior bachelor accommodations; exclusive residence; breakfast. River 3050.

WEST END AV., 864.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

WEST END AV., 911.—Rooms, private bath; electricity; telephone; board optional.

WEST END AV., 898, (103.)—Large room; private bath; $11; twin beds; private.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Japanese gentleman desires light, clean room, refined, small private family, modern apartment, selected section, home comforts. E 128 Times.

Unfurnished.

Four reasonable priced SUNNY unfurnished rooms; open fireplace, steam, hot water; housekeeping; by sister and brother; bank, business references; please state particulars. P 70 Times.

One or two unfurnished rooms by business woman, in private apartment; excellent references; state terms. P 80 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

53D, 37 EAST.—Rooms, with board; references; table board.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly, up.

West Side.

5TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity; switchboard; refined service.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath, steam; unexcelled board.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms, excellent board; all improvements.

16 WEST 49TH ST. TABLE BOARDERS; REFERENCES.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive large, small sunny rooms; 2d floor; refined; references.

54 WEST 54TH ST. Rooms, with board; private bath; references.

16 WEST 55TH ST. Table boarders; rooms; references; gentlemen.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms, private baths; parlor dining; excellent table.

71ST, 116 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny, small rooms; table guests accommodated.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 266 WEST.—Fine location; attractive, warm rooms; excellent Southern cooking; references.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; with board; table guests accommodated.

72D, 261 WEST.—Homelike, handsomely furnished double room, private bath.

73D, 302 WEST.—Two double rooms, private bath; board optional; exclusive location.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; private bath; steam, electricity, private phone; also single room; table board.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—One large, one small room; fine table; excellent location.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive rooms, double and single, private bath or adjoining; steam heat, electricity; excellent table; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

82D, 174 WEST, "The Little House."—Beautiful second floor; delicious home table; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Grayoourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

83D, 25 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, second floor; private baths; family or few adults; excellent Vienna cooking. Schuyler 8227.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Beautiful room, with board; business gentleman preferred; modern conveniences. Jay.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Newly, beautifully furnished double rooms, adjoining bath; excellent Jewish table; reasonable; table boarders accommodated. Riverside 9793.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double, and two single rooms, with adjoining bath; Jewish family; excellent table; reasonable rates; table boarders accommodated. Telephone 6926 Riverside.

91ST, 153 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, suitable two; private house; all conveniences.

93D ST., (676 West End Av.)—Large front room; running water; electricity; excellent environment; suitable two gentlemen or married couple; beautifully furnished; home cooking.

94TH, 65 WEST.—Handsomely furnished sunny second floor, front; excellent table; references.

96TH, 62 WEST.—Beautiful room, steam heat, electricity; excellent cooking; Jewish family.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double room, with bath; two people, $45 per week, (two meals) service and surroundings unusual; owner's home, near Riverside.

109TH, 308 WEST.—Double rooms; single, en suite; private bath; convenient locality; excellent table.

120TH, 110 WEST.—Nice front parlor; all conveniences; one or two gentlemen.

Elegant double room, one smaller, with bath; refined, private house. M 108 Times.

MRS. KUSSERA, Rockaway Park, opened beautiful residence, 253 West 102d St.; rooms, with board; table guests; cuisine excellent.

THE EVELYN LODGE. Ocean Traffic Passing Windows. Charming Winter House of Highest Standard. 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c. Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished. Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables. Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness. Social Parlors, Smoking Rooms, Comforts. Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV., 174 West 120th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking; convenient.

WASHINGTON SQ. NORTH, 21.—Single rooms, with board; facing park; table guests accommodated.

WEST END AV., 878, (108d.)—Magnificent private dwelling; overlooking Hudson; modern, beautiful rooms; well heated; excellent cooking; moderate.

WEST END AV., 344.—Select accommodations; elegantly furnished rooms, private baths; twin beds; steam, electricity; best home table.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Large, sunny rooms; excellent table; house thoroughly appointed; references.

BOARD WANTED.

Gentleman wishes to share family life with refined English or French family living in handsome apartment in residential quarters, no other boarders; wants large room, private bath, board; no use boarding houses answering; references to be exchanged. P 60 Times.

Board and extra large room, or two adjoining rooms with private bath wanted by couple with three-month-old baby; west side, between 70th and 100th Sts. only; give full information and rates. W 216 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

Bronxville, N. Y.—Two desirable rooms in private family; furnished or unfurnished; board if desired; no other paying guests; two minutes from station; references exchanged. Phone Bronxville 1414.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

Long Island.

LARGE and small rooms to desirable parties, in pleasant surroundings; meals as desired. Forest Hills 6770.

New York State.

ADIRONDACKS. Can accommodate people of refinement, four adults, in modern private cottage, on lake; 1,300 feet el., near station; electricity; sun parlor; family cuisine; milk, cream, eggs, from farm; Winter sports; $28 per week; references. Mountain View House, Mt. View, N. Y. (Franklin Co.)

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK 1916 SEDAN, beautiful seven-passenger, like new, with extra Summer top; full electric equipment; condition guaranteed; sacrifice for quick sale. 150 West 55th.

BUICK, 1916, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger touring car, fully equipped, excellent condition throughout. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

BUICK cabriolet, 1916 model; perfect condition; selling because of enlistment in army. T. J. Hartung, 32 Nassau St.

BUICKS, 1917-1916. Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK, 1916, little six touring, $575. DODGE, 1916, tour., perfect condition, $375. Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th Av. Morn. 9367.

BUICK little six runabout; first real cash offer takes it. 1,930 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET, Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC "8" LIMOUSINE. Very exceptional condition; beautifully painted; shoe equipment excellent; Westinghouse shock absorbers and all standard equipment, with many extras; car has all the appearance of being new; on exhibition at the Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., cor. Franklin Av., Brooklyn.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CADILLAC.—Must sacrifice immediately practically new Cadillac 7-passenger touring automobile, with extra limousine body; absolutely mechanically perfect; ready for immediate use; luxuriously equipped, including Delco electric starting system, many extras; sacrifice immediately, complete, $550. Private garage, 32 Lexington Av., near 23d St.

Cadillac 1917 Convertible Sedan; 3,900 miles. CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER. CADILLAC 1916 TOURING. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,760 Broadway.

CADILLAC, 8-cyl. car; perfect condition; can be seen by appointment. J. Star, phone 699 Far Rockaway; no dealers.

CADILLAC 8-cylinder touring, like new, $750. 1,930 Broadway.

CASE sedan; mechanically perfect; out of paint shop today; cost $1,650, will accept $675. Du Cret, 55 Liberty St.

CHALMERS 1917 7-pass. touring. Bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CHALMERS 1916, five-passenger touring car, Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

COLE semi-roadster, perfect condition; must have cash. 1,930 Broadway.

DELAUNAY Belleville brougham, 6 cylinder, 19 h. p.; beautiful, ideal town car; newly painted; perfect condition; electric lights, &c.; bargain. Bord, 114 West 50th St.

DETROITER 1917 touring "six"; Continental motor; good shoes; $450. Lexington, Circle 1872.

EDISON A 4 storage battery, second-hand, excellent condition, $150. Apply to John R. Post, 703 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

ELECTRIC BROUGHAM, 1916, Rauch and Lang, seating five; new, high-capacity battery recently installed; excellent condition; $1,950. Box O 156 Times.

FIAT limousine, handsomely appointed; good condition; new tires; cost $5,000; price $700. 31 West 94th. Riverside 3744.

FRANKLIN touring, 1916; A1 condition. FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO., 1,830 Broadway. Phone Columbus 7556.

H. A. L. 1917 TOURING. Beautiful 7-passenger, almost new, used only 3 months; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect; guaranteed. 1,666 Broadway.

HUDSON SUPER 6, WINTER TOP TOURING, $1,000; four brand-new Goodyear Cords, four extra tires, clock, bumper, original paint; mechanical condition perfect; driven careful chauffeur; no dealers. Rosemond, 25 West 45th St.

HUDSON Super-Six, 1916, cabriolet body, 3-passenger car, in best of condition, looks like new, owner will sacrifice because leaving town. Call Columbus 3636. (No dealers.)

HUDSON SUPER SIX, 1916, cabriolet body, 3-passenger car, in best of condition, looks like new, owner will sacrifice because leaving town. Call Columbus 3636. (No dealers.)

HUDSON super six sedan; like new. H. Berlinghof, 245 West 56th St.

HUPMOBILE 1914 TOURING CAR; FINE CONDITION; $350. DIUGUID BROS., 1,285 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

HUPMOBILE, 1917 Sedan; like new. Slocum & Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

KISSEL COUPE, 1917 MODEL; 4 SEATS, SPECIAL BODY, UPHOLSTERY, MECHANICALLY PERFECT. WOLFE, 1,790 BROADWAY. COLUMBUS 8715.

LEXINGTON sedan, mechanically perfect; excellent shoes, paint; $825, quick. Lexington, Circle 1872.

MARMON limousine, late 1917; cost $5,500 new; car like new; must sell immediately. Call Mrs. L. S. F., 200 West 54th St. Phone 1130 Circle.

MARMON limousine, touring car; also Chummy roadster; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger limousine; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1916, seven-passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

MARMON 1916, Club Roadster; 4 passenger, Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MAXWELL 1916 roadster; fine condition; demonstration; $400. Room 1000, 55 Liberty St.

MERCER five-passenger touring, late model; perfect condition; selling because of enlistment in army. T. J. Hartung, 32 Nassau St.

MERCER 1917 Sporting 4-Pass. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MITCHELL LIMOUSINE, 1917. Most beautiful car in city; seats six inside; five wire wheels; full electric equipment; condition guaranteed. 1,666 Broadway.

NATIONAL Chummy Roadster, 1917, 4-pass.; special inclosed body; 6 wire wheels, 6 brand-new tires; not driven 1,000 miles; owner drafted; price absolutely right for quick sale. Mr. Art, 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. 3240 Mulberry.

NATIONAL NEWPORT Sedan; mileage 10,000; excellent looks and condition; sacrifice; no dealers. M 63 Times.

OLDSMOBILE.—Last year's model; 4-cylinder, 5-passenger; wire wheels; many extras; splendid appearance; excellent mechanical condition; price $350. Address J. A. W., P. O. Box 822, New York City.

OLDSMOBILE LIMOUSINE. Beautiful 1916 model; looks like new; seats 5 inside; complete electrical equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. 150 West 55th.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917, five-passenger touring; leaving city. 1,930 Broadway.

PACKARD RUNABOUT, Series 3-38, 1915, recently overhauled and painted; special equipment, perfect condition; talk is cheap; must see car to appreciate it. E 150 Times.

PACKARD—Series 2-35 and 1-35, five-passenger touring cars, with less than 10,000 miles. The Modern Garage Company, Titusville, Penn.

PACKARD limousine, 4-30, like new; very little used; splendid condition throughout; sacrifice $550; guaranteed perfect condition. Private garage, 32 Lexington Av., near 23d.

PACKARD 1917 2-35 laudaulet, also Fleetwood brougham; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PAIGE 7-passenger touring; Cadillac 7-passenger touring; Packard Twin Six 7-passenger touring; Cadillac limousine. Haff, 350 13th St., Brooklyn.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) LIMOUSINE, 38 H. P.; PACKARD (1917) LANDAULET, 2-35. F. TURNER, 20 BROAD. PHONE 4473 RECTOR.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine, electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine; also touring car; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916. Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS BOOTH, 4-passenger roadster; Rolls Royce Blue, two wheels, many extras. Scripps Agency, 302 East Fordham Road.

SCRIPPS BOOTH 1916. For quick sale, $350. Tremont 5652.

SCRIPPS BOOTH, 1915; make offer. 1,930 Broadway.

SCRIPPS BOOTH, 1917; large type; sell reasonable. 1,920 Broadway.

SIMPLEX, 38, shaft drive, 7-passenger, Holbrook touring body; must sell this fine car at once. 1,930 Broadway.

STANDARD 1917 touring, 7 passenger, demonstrator; same as new. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STANDARD 1916 2-passenger runabout, wire wheels; perfect condition. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STANDARD 1916 2 passenger runabout, wire wheels; perfect condition. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1316 Town Car, "Light 4" model; fleetwood limousine body; imported linings; beautiful fixtures and vanity cases; interior renovated; newly painted Brewster green and black; shows no perceptible sign of usage; sold with binding mechanical guarantee. Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 "Light 4" All-Year Type; touring model, equipped with collapsible, handsome, well fitting, specially constructed A. & W. tops; overhauled, newly painted, and sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE by Stearns Company, (Driscoll, Used Car Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STUDEBAKER, 1916, "6," 7-passenger; just overhauled. Ecclesine, Columbus 4648.

STUTZ 1917 4-passenger special; also Chalmers Master Six 7-passenger touring; both cars in excellent condition. Park Plaza Garage, 920 Union St., Brooklyn.

STUTZ BULLDOG, 1916. Beautiful four-passenger; special bulldog type; like new; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

"WHITE" USED CARS. Also other well known makes touring cars and taxicabs. THE WHITE COMPANY, Park Av. and 57th St. Used Car Dept., 4th Floor. M. R. Greens, Mgr.

WILLYS KNIGHT brougham; will sacrifice this elegant car for $700. 1,930 Broadway.

WINTON limousine, very fine condition throughout. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

WINTON SIX 48 touring car, overhauled and repainted, fully equipped, fully guaranteed. The Winton Co., B'way at 70th St.

Miscellaneous.

1918 KISSEL Kar Coupe, 4-pass., new.
1915 CADILLAC, 8-cyl., Sedan, 5-pass.
1913 PIERCE-ARROW, 38 Landaulet, 5-pass.
2887 Market, 588 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

BARGAINS in used cars of all makes. 305 West 50th St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUTZ 16-VALVE SPEEDSTER.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
1917 BUICK SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 REO "6" SEDAN.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 HUDSON SUPER SIX TOURING.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1917 REO TOURING.
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "6" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES.

CLOSED CARS.

1917-6-48 Locomobile Landaulet, 7 pass.
1914-6-48 Locomobile Landaulet, 7 pass.
1913-6-48 Locomobile Landaulet, 7 pass.
1913-6-38 Locomobile Limousine, 7 pass.

Also several very attractive late model Locomobile Touring Cars.

OTHER MAKES.

Lancia Town Car, 4 pass.; new Brewster brougham body.
1914-4 cyl. Model 55 Fiat Touring, 7 pass.
1913-6-43 Chalmers Limousine, 7 pass.
1914-6-48 Packard Touring, Victoria top, 7 pass.
1-38 Packard Phaeton.

LOCOMOBILE COMPANY OF AMERICA,
Exchange Car Department,
West 61st St., near Broadway.
Columbus—7750.

AUCTION SALE OF AUTOMOBILES TODAY at 12 o'clock noon, Van Tassell & Kearney's Mart, 126-128 East 13th St.; several first-class cars, different makes and models, to be sold to the highest bidders; if you are looking to buy a good car reasonably, attend this sale; IF YOU HAVE A CAR TO SELL, THESE AUCTION SALES, HELD EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, ARE THE BEST MEDIUM FOR QUICK AND SATISFACTORY RETURNS. AUTOMOBILES TAKEN ON DEAD STORAGE AT REASONABLE RATES.

Overlands, Willys-Knight, Guaranteed.

All Models. Closed and Open. Overhauled. Price Exceptionally Low for Quick Sales. Also Some Good Bargains in Other Makes.

CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway and 50th St. Open Evenings.
WRITE FOR USED CAR BULLETIN.

BEAUTIFUL MITCHELL SEDAN. Used one person privately; just repainted and overhauled; owner will sacrifice for $700 account leaving city; cost $2,250; call 1,926 Broadway, Room 609, or phone Columbus 8599 for demonstration.

AUTOMOBILE painting, trimming; all kinds of repairing, such as body remodeling and remounting, making demountable tops; best prices and workmanship. American Auto Painting and Trimming Co., 551 West 52d. Columbus 9307.

FIRESTONE TIRES, 40% DISCOUNT. (Slightly blemished.) JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO., 1,763 B'way. Branch: 2,300 Grand Concourse, corner 183d.

SACRIFICE.—Oakland roadster, excellent mechanical condition; good tires; recent model. J 350 Times Downtown.

Motor Trucks.

USED TRUCKS.

2 1912 5-ton Mack chassis.
1913 5½-ton Hewitt chassis.
2 1912 3-ton Mack chassis.
1913 3-ton Speedwell chassis.

The Locomobile Company of America, West 61st St., west of Broadway, Columbus 7750.

Automobiles Wanted.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Automobiles for Rent.

BEAUTIFUL S. G. V., Lancia limousines, landaulets; ideal town cars; moderate rates. Kline Bros., 425 West 54th St. Columbus 398.

CADILLAC, private, limousine, for hire by month or week; reasonable price; best reference; owner drives. D. M., Times Harlem.

CADILLAC, limousine; exceptionally handsome car, month, season; owner drives. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

NEW 5-PASSENGER touring car; owner drives; $2 hourly. Mack, 2476 Fordham.

OLDSMOBILE, latest model, brougham town car, for the Winter season; first-class condition; owner driving. Mitchell, 454 West 57th St.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS, Hudsons.—Latest models; limousines, touring, shopping; $2.50 hour; special rate trips, daily, monthly. 2,758 Broadway. Academy 403.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARDS and sixes, limousine, landaulets, for monthly hire; reasonable rates. Phone Morningside 3300.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD, 1916, 1917, beautiful landaulet, limousines; trip, hour, monthly. Wilmarth, Columbus 8030.

PACKARD limousine, sixes, brougham style; $2.50 shopping; monthly, $350. Telephone 1585 Plaza.

RENAULT auto de luxe at reasonable rates, Delaney, Packard coupe, landaulet, limousine; special rates for theatre parties. Haelters, 145 West 66th. Columbus 2958.

RENAULT.—Landaulet, painted, good condition; French driver; $325 month. Eerge, Plaza 9368.

REO touring, 1914, without driver, month, season, to reliable party. F 445 Times Annex.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, (23,) high school graduate, six years' experience, possessing brains, initiative, executive ability, complete charge, controlling accounts, trial balances, $20. E 136 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager, thoroughly experienced; capable taking full charge; ten years in present position; state salary; correspondence confidential. V 400 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of stenography, typewriting; six years' experience controlling accounts, trial balances; highest credentials; salary, $16. E 151 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, cost accountant; experience corporation controlling accounts, financial statements; monthly balances rendered; good references; $22. V 315 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Eight years' experience; controlling accounts, trial balance, balance sheet, monthly reports; thoroughly efficient; $20. E 131 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge stenography, 6 years' experience, employed, wishes responsible position with reliable concern. H. F., 104 East 14th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent; double entry, controlling accounts, trial balances; initiative and executive ability; $22. E 158 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Assistant bookkeeper and typist; five years' experience; reliable; salary, $16. E 146 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Competent and capable to take care of double entry books; salary $18. F 424 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Five years' experience; capable taking entire charge; $15. P 83 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent, thoroughly experienced, familiar all office routine, stenography; $16. E 51 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, 21, desires position; four years' experience; neat. P 59 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

CLERK.—Office assistant, ledger clerk; four years' experience; accurate; references; $12. P 82 Times.

COMPANION.—Position as companion and secretary wanted by gentlewoman of education. W 136 Times.

COOK.—Young Finnish girl wants position as first-class cook; city or country; wages $60 per month; best of reference. Telephone 3420 Audubon, Apt. 23.

COOK wants a place in a small family; good references. Call 456 West 47th St., care of McCoy.

DAY'S WORK.—Swedish woman; laundress; $2; references. Janitor, 84 West 103d.

DRESSMAKER.—Coats, dresses; stylish; alterations specialty; $2.50 daily. Phone Hensley, 3345 Morning.

DRESSMAKER by day, $2.50, or work done home. Cleary, 863 Amsterdam Av.

GIRL, neat, reliable, requires half time place morning. Potter, 2,411 7th Av.

GOVERNESS, (French,) speaks French, German, and English, for one or two children; highly accomplished; five and seven years in families of high social standing; excellent references. I. S. O. Z., 2 East 46th St. Phone Murray Hill 7248.

GOVERNESS.—American lady, of 26 years, desires position with refined family; has taught in primary and elementary schools for six years; will sleep at home. X 301 Times Annex.

GOVERNESS.—Bavarian; experienced French, German, all English branches; best personal reference. Phone Paterson 369, or write M. A., 164 Fair St., Paterson, N. J.

GRADUATE NURSE.—Wide experience; excellent credentials; offers part time, preferably 10 to 3 daily; competent to superintend household management, refined family. O 342 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORK.—General houseworker, first-class cook, best references, wishes position, small family, apartment; $40. Call Elbogen, 307 East 81st.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Competent working housekeeper, first-class cook, wishes position from 10 A. M. till evening. Moll, 163 East 83d.

HOUSEKEEPER-COMPANION, visiting, French, refined, educated, thoroughly experienced, languages, desires position; six years' city references. P 64 Times.

LADY desires position refined home; companion or mother's helper or full charge motherless children. Box 323, 2 Rector St.

LADY'S MAID.—English; good seamstress and traveler. X 306 Times Annex.

LAUNDRESS.—French, fancy laundress, at home; silk finery. Mme. Jeanne, 354 West 44th St.

MAID wants position with family going South for Winter; willing, reliable, middle-aged colored woman. Address Ida Walker, 1,303 Washington Av., Asbury Park, N. J.

NURSE.—Lady wishes to place competent, experienced English nurse; takes full charge from infancy; four years present position. Call present employer today from 10 to 5 o'clock, Apartment 10C, 465 West End Av.

NURSE.—Practical; full charge small children or infant; best personal reference. Address Nurse, 301 West 53d, care Gilfrye.

NURSE.—Norwegian-American girl wishes position; care children; willing; experience; references; $35. Telephone Webster 4922—J.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typist, knowledge stenography, bookkeeping; one year's experience; start $10; advancement; reference. Toproes, 98 Osborne St., Brooklyn.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Executive ability; capable handling large amount of detail; reliable and efficient; highest references. M 192 Times.

SECRETARY, &c.—Experienced secretary and stenographer desires permanent position; salary $25 weekly; excellent references. L. B., Room 314, 30 Church St., New York.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER desires position morning or afternoon work. G 208 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—High-class executive; college training; $20. A 68 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—American, Christian, thoroughly experienced, commercial, legal, technical lines, possesses intelligence, education, refinement, good appearance; $20. V 396 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, willing, capable, earnest worker, three years' experience, excellent references; salary, $14-$16. C. Resin, 656 East 160th St.

STENOGRAPHER, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED DESIRES LOCATION REPUTABLE CONCERN; $18. V 395 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, accurate, desires position where services are required half day only. Tel. St. Nicholas 8953.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; good education, rapid, accurate; downtown position preferred; $15. Miss D., 1,605 Candler Bldg. Bryant 1319.

STENOGRAPHER.—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; POSSESSES INITIATIVE; FAMILIAR OFFICE DETAIL; $16. O 384 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience, academic education, good initiative, executive, and unusual ability; $18. V 401 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, aged 22, accurate, rapid, competent, punctual, conscientious, and industrious; 6 years' experience; $18; agencies ignored. V 292 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper, beginner, neat, accurate; moderate salary. Stenographer, 133 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian, good address; academic education; handle any work; $18. V 359 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, neat appearance; familiar with office work; $12. V 373 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, interested in her work; salary, $16. Phone Rhinelander 3718.

STENOGRAPHER, excellent experience, high school graduate, thoroughly competent, rapid; $15. E 127 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—One year's experience; bright, willing, capable, conscientious worker; $11. E 157 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' legal, engineering, commercial experience; efficient; Christian; $18. P 81 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent, intelligent, experienced, familiar office routine; salary, $16. V 399 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; 4 years' experience; accurate, quick; $18. O 315 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience, neat, accurate; $18. W 207 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, well educated, neat, rapid, accurate; $10. Miss R., 220 W. 42d St. Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER.—First-class, good education; competent; technical experience; $20. Miss L., 224 W. 42d St. Bryant 1319.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, possesses tact, initiative, and responsibility; difficult lines; $22. S 9 Mitchell Place, City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; high school education; references; $12. O 351 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Office assistance, two years' experience, competent, conscientious, references. V 393 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; 3 years' experience; neat, accurate, conscientious. O 383 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced law, commercial; highly indorsed. W 212 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Thorough mercantile experience; refined, clean-cut American. Competent, 94 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—7 years' experience; capable of responsible position. V 398 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; bright, neat; Christian girl; beginner; no agency; $10. O 344 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—American, Christian; experienced, capable, educated; law or commercial; $25. V 363 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, operates switchboard; salary $12. B. G., 132 West 112th.

TRANSLATOR-CORRESPONDENT.—Translates from English, French, German, Spanish, Portuguese, into English, French, German; $25 weekly; references. V 394 Times Downtown.

TYPIST and Clerical Assistant.—Experienced; high and business school graduate; can also operate switchboard; $12 to start. Phone Audubon 684.

TYPIST, &c.—Experienced typist, tabulator, some stenography; salary $15. 637 Greene Av., Brooklyn.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—Young French woman would take care children afternoons; has good references. Miss Eva C. Sire, 127 46th St., Corona, L. I.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Four years' experience; good clerical worker; age 20; excellent references; Christian; $10. O 308 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Handle busy board; understands filing, office duties; references. O 365 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY with selling ability would like to connect with a wholesale drug or perfumery house; good references. L. G., 120 Times.

YOUNG LADY, useful, year's experience, good references; would like occupation 9 to 5 in private home or office. E 115 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, newspaper experience; no objection some secretarial work if offers real opportunity for original writing. X 302 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat, colored girls investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, waitresses, chambermaids, nurses. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165, Domestic Agency, 329 West 59th.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

BERTA CARLSON SWEDISH AGENCY.—First-class servants. 2415 B'way, (89th.) River. 9463.

COLORED HELP.—City, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT and AUDITOR, (29,) exempt, lately in capacity manager of accounting department; knowledge systematizing organization, handling of help; good correspondent; well versed on ledger card systems; practical, original; not ordinary plugger; minimum salary, $2,500. S 400 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 164, Cortlandt 6688.

ACCOUNTANT, general and cost; 13 years' experience; manage entire factory accounting system; age 30 years; salary, $40 weekly. W 204 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT.—Opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; charges moderate; personal service. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Telephone 2141 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, university training and practical experience, desires position. E 6 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Semi-senior, experienced, now employed, seeks new affiliations. "Reliable," Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT, 23, public accounting and bookkeeping experience, desires position. P 55 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Competent, experienced, semi-senior, seeks new position; salary $25. P 79 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Wants small set of books to keep evenings; books opened or closed; experienced. E 121 Times.

ADVERTISING EXECUTIVE, 28; experienced in phonographs and hardware merchandising; good buyer and sales promotion man; new advertising manager for manufacturer; salary, $2,500. V 337 Times Downtown.

ANY REAL OPPORTUNITY. By man, age 32, married, American, Christian, experienced all lines building and real estate; also sales, secretary, bookkeeper and typewriter; best references on interview; moderate salary. E 141 Times.

ARTIST.—19 years; beginner, with ability; very interested; poster work, lettering. 187 Rochester Ave., Brooklyn. W 203 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT.—Full charge; good correspondence, collection, and credit man; four years publishing, four years machinery, three years automobiles and accessories; recommended by certified public accountant. Eufinger, 9233 Madison Square.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, thoroughly experienced in all branches of bookkeeping, office routine, correspondence, &c., seven years with present wholesale dry goods firm, desires charge; draft exempt; best references. O 377 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 29, 10 years' experience, thoroughly capable; reliable, trustworthy, correspondent, college graduate; excellent references; exempt; investigate. V 279 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; 21, draft exempt; trial balance, statements, controlling accounts, &c.; salary, $15. M. Atkin, 316 East 8th.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) New York University student; trial balances, controlling accounts; 3 years' experience; best references; $20. E 133 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert office man, 26 years; 8 years' experience; render financial statements; unquestionable reference; $25. P 84 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; general office worker; reads plans, estimates; contractor, any line; $18 start. C. A., Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, German, for clerical and statistical work, writing up books afternoons by the hour. Address Moderate, 132 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accounting experience, modern methods; full charge; Christian; married. D. B., Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, conversant all details; no likelihood being drafted. Efficient, 3,013 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, office manager; 7 years' experience; highest credentials; $25. O 391 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT or clerical, experienced, wishes position in office. V 386 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, young man, 27, exempt from draft; 11 years' experience. V 377 Times Downtown.

BOY.—I am attending high school and desire a position for afternoons and Saturdays; I can secure A1 recommendations. H. Roters, 114 Norwood Av., Brooklyn.

BOY (16) wishes position in brokerage office; experienced in general office work; $9. E 137 Times.

BOY, 14, ambitious, desires office position with A1 future. D. Silver, 112 Pearl St.

BUTLER, &c.—Japanese student, houseworker, butler, cook; small family; mornings, evenings; city reference. Call before 11:30. Morningside 6504.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, single, (33,) long private references, sober, careful, competent man, Pierce, Packard, Twin-Six and other make cars, extensive experience. Chauffeur, 643 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4036.

CHAUFFEUR.—American, 35, ten years' first-class family reference; American, foreign cars; careful; no desire for fast driving. Thomas, 34 W. 61st. Columbus 5335.

CHAUFFEUR, 31, married, no children, experienced on Pierce, Packard, foreign cars; leaves position today; best references; salary $30 weekly. Edward Dowd, 71 East 93d.

CHAUFFEUR.—A1 mechanic, five years driving, can drive any car, city or country. A. Feinberg, 10 East 103d.

CHAUFFEUR.—37, married, 16 years' experience, expert driver, mechanic; excellent reference. Man, 56 West 93. Riverside 1830J.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, American, (28,) married; 10 years' experience; 5 years with last employer. Phone Bedford 6397.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, eight years' experience, sober, careful, reliable. Havranet, 1,335 Av. A.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, wishes private position, moderate salary. John, 5123 Columbus.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman putting cars away wishes position for reliable chauffeur. Phone Audubon 8611, Apt. 5.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single; 7 years' experience; foreign, American cars; temperate, reliable. Gillis, 227 East 72d. Lenox 6245.

CHIEF CLERK.—Thoroughly competent, assume charge office; bookkeeper, correspondent, systematizer. E 15 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.—Young man, neat appearance; banking, commercial experience; use dictaphone. W 201 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, English, cook or waitress, useful chauffeur; anywhere; references. 363 West 46th.

DRAFTSMAN.—Young married man, 21 years, draft exempt; builder's office preferred; experienced; $20 weekly. P 73 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, student in evening school, desires position; salary moderate. P 74 Times.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER. Employment manager, experienced in the employment of clerical, electrical, and all classes of skilled mechanics and labor; at present empoyed in this capacity with large corporation in New York City, N. Y., 202 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE; RESPONSIBILITY. Man of broad experience, advertising, publishing, sales promotion, export, business management; engineering college graduate; under 40; 15 years' successful record in one position; free on three days' notice. X 304 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.—Thoroughly seasoned sales, credits, correspondence, accounting, office management; American; married; bondable; splendid record; available at once. V 239 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, American, Christian, (31,) married, good education, appearance and personality, managerial, accounting, and selling experience, desires connection with responsible concern. E 142 Times.

EXECUTIVE or all around position in architect's or contractor's office; university graduate; 16 years' experience in building matters New York and vicinity. E 1 Times.

FRENCH CORRESPONDENT, private secretary, graduated in Paris, not subject to draft, wishes high-class position; best references. E 143 Times.

LAWYER, 32, EXPERIENCED BUSINESS EXECUTIVE, CORRESPONDENT, SEEKS OPPORTUNITY; UNDERSTAND CREDITS. O 372 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MAN, 33, married, good appearance, excellent salesman, convincing talker, 15 years' experience in the book and stationery line, desires position as inside salesman in first-class stationery, book, novelty, or phonograph shop; personal interview desired; A1 references. Address F 443 Times Annex.

MAN with executive ability, can show results, wishes connection with reliable house with prospects. Write Hustler, 4,207 B'way.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, 32; married, capable stenographer; salary, $28. V 375 Times Downtown.

SALES ADVERTISING POSITION wanted by ambitious American, 28, draft exempt; experienced road selling, advertising follow-up letters, circular and catalog getup; invaluable knowledge paper stock and printing; excellent command of English; salary $18-$20; highest references. O 379 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN. Thoroughly familiar and well-known in territories of Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Dakotas, &c.; 16 years in last position, seek connection with reliable concern on legitimate terms. E 139 Times.

SALESMAN, (21;) pleasing personality; convincer, producer; three years' experience; will travel; open for good proposition; references. E 148 Times.

SALESMAN, 15 years' experience in building trades, selling sales manager, and executive; change because of war conditions; good records and references. P 69 Times.

SALESMAN.—17 years' experience as salesman, 6 years' institutional experience; want a position, any line. Earnest, X 305 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Young man, bank, mercantile, traveling, auditing experience, seeks opening. O 380 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Educated young man; neat appearance; conversationalist; commission or salary. W 202 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER or confidential assistant, experienced, educated, refined; can use initiative and tact and assume responsibilities. O 314 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Educated, refined, able correspondent, desires high-class position; experienced. X 285 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK, 15 years' experience; able to take charge. V 389 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretarial, 32; American; thoroughly experienced; correspondent, executive, manager; trustworthy. W 214 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, collection man, bookkeeper wishes side work; nights, Sundays. E 132 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper; refined American; four years' experience; $15. V 387 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, reliable, painstaking; good education; no clock watcher; experienced; $15. V 293 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, competent, transcribe notes accurately; references. C. L., 1,034 Hoe Av.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience, desires opportunity after long satisfactory services. V 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 20; experienced; good correspondent, possessing secretarial ability; excellent references. V 392 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Young man, 20; 6½ years' experience; has knowledge shorthand; conscientious; $16; excellent recommendations. P 77 Times.

VALET, COOK, FOR BACHELOR APARTMENT. Competent man will take entire charge of gentleman's apartment; excellent cook, care of wardrobe, pressing and repairs; also laundry; over seven years present employer, (leaving town;) personal references; disengaged Dec. 15, preferably later; my name is German, but I have lived twenty-eight years in this country. John Frank, P. O. Box 436, Far Rockaway, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, aggressive, (25,) with 5 years' business experience, seeks employment with a progressive concern; knowledge bookkeeping and stenography; selling proposition on commission basis preferred. O 385 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, 8 years' experience as salesman and buyer, open for a good proposition; energetic worker; can furnish excellent references. N. L. H., 342 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 20, five years' law, one year's mercantile experience, knowledge general office work, good reference, desires clerical position; salary, $15. V 385 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, able correspondent, with executive ability, desires position; long experience handling details in purchasing and sales department of large concern. O 382 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, Christian, American, just from preparatory school, seeks good business position with reliable house offering chance advancement. O 373 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) good education, 5 years' experience in office of Mechanical Superintendent; thoroughly familiar with shop management and material distribution; good correspondent. E 138 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, six years' general office and sales experience, two years' credit, capable handling ledgers and correspondence, seeks responsible position. W 208 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, ambitious, energetic, desires position at anything, with chance for advancement; good references. M. Saltzer, 321 East 9th St.

YOUNG MAN, 27, Jewish-American, with business experience, wishes position as taking charge of business or help. G. C., Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) aggressive, ambitious; 4 years in executive capacity; exceptional industrial and commercial experience; willing to assume full responsibility. P 78 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, wishes position as clerical or office assistant; experienced; best references; can work only from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. P 65 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) desires position; six years' office experience; knowledge stenography, bookkeeping; traffic; $18. V 397 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21; high school graduate; 5 years' business experience, bookkeeping, office work, cost accounting; references. V 391 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires connection with reputable concern; advancement essential; four years' experience English export house. O 376 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, clerical experience, selling ability, desires position; references. E 159 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) desires position; references; reasonable compensation. Millitsky, 15 East 116th.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) well educated, desires responsible position, anything. O 388 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school education, desires clerical position; $14. W 210 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, three years' experience stock and shipping. O 374 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, selling, clerical, stock experience, desires connection. E 126 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position with chance of advancement. V 384 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position with advancement; selling ability. P 67 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19; payroll, cost, office experience; moderate salary. 510 W. 152d St.

YOUNG MAN wants position 7-10 P. M. P 76 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) 3 years' office experience. Cornelius Gildisch, 298 East 163d.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BILLERS in bookkeeping section, those with department store experience preferred, wanted at Wanamaker's. Apply employment office, fourth gallery, new building.

BILL CLERK.—Must be neat and accurate; Underwood machine; state experience and salary. M 190 Times.

BOOKKEEPERS on customers' charge ledgers, those with department store experience preferred, wanted at Wanamaker's. Apply employment office, fourth gallery, new building.

BOOKKEEPERS, Female, Wanted.—Owing to war conditions, there is a demand for female bookkeepers; we have opportunities to place several in remunerative positions. Call at this office between 10 and 12 for details. Burroughs Adding Machine Co., 217 Broadway, New York.

BOOKKEEPER.—Intelligent young woman with office experience to assist bookkeeper; one having served in retail department store preferred; salary $10; state age, experience, and references. P 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced, double entry bookkeeper, manufacturing concern; state experience, salary, age, and references. B. T., 270 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, experienced; call between 11 and 1 noon Tuesday. Mr. Kepple, Room 735, 22 East 17th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—One who is thoroughly familiar with accounting and capable of commanding $25 per week. J 350 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (Assistant,)—One familiar with import and export details; state experience and salary. M 189 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, understanding stenography, trial balance. David Esterson, 49 East 21st.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, knowledge of stenography; call 7 A. M. with references. N. M., Goldberg, 859 8th Av.

CANVASSERS, (4,) to make appointments for our salesmen to demonstrate the Frantz Premier Electric Cleaner; salary or commission. Call from 10 to 3, Mr. Walsh, 2,010 Broadway.

CASHIER, in drug store, with good experience; hours one week from 7 A. M. to 2 P. M., one week 2 P. M. to 8 P. M., the other week 8 P. M. to 2 A. M.; salary $12 to start; permanent position. Write, stating references, M 188 Times.

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Telephone Bryant 1000	Per Agate Line
Agents Wanted	.50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	.40c
Automobile Exchange	.40c
Boarders and Board Wanted	.30c
Business Opportunities	.50c
Country Board	.40c
Employment Agencies	.50c
Farms	.40c
For Sale	.50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	.30c
Help Wanted	.30c
Lost and Found	.50
Mortgage Loans	.50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	.40c
Situations Wanted	5

HELP WANTED—Female.

CLERKS.

A FEW HIGH-GRADE CLERKS WANTED BY A LARGE CORPORATION; GOOD PENMANSHIP, ACCURACY AT FIGURES AND EXPERIENCE ESSENTIAL; APPLICANTS MUST STATE AGE AND FURNISH RECORD OF EMPLOYMENT; SALARY $20-$25 PER WEEK. ADDRESS BOX O 367 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CLERK to handle subscription list; salary $10. Apply Room 209, 1,493 Broadway.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS, only experienced, 2 to 5 years; excellent salaries. W 205 Times Downtown.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Good cook. Apply 120 West 70th, Apt. 7-B.

GIRLS familiar with printing wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., Garrison Av. and Tiffany St., Bronx.

GIRL—1[illegible] years and over for clerical work in office of large corporation. A., P. O. Box 1,548, New York.

GIRLS to learn bookbinding trade. H. Wolff, 526 West 26th St.

GOVERNESS.—English, French, or American; refined, well educated. Telephone Mrs. George W. Mixter, Hotel Vanderbilt, Nov. 20, between 11 and 1 o'clock.

GIRLS.

Do you want steady employment?

We can give it to you.

Packing, Filling, Labelling, and Bundling

SUNSHINE BISCUITS.

Wages $7 to Start.

Good opportunity for advancement on piece-work basis.

LOOSE-WILES BISCUIT CO.,

Long Island City.

JUNIORS

FROM 14 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE, AS STORE MESSENGERS, STOCK ASSISTANTS AND OFFICE WORK; STEADY POSITIONS, WITH EXCELLENT CHANCES OF ADVANCEMENT; WANTED AT WANAMAKER'S. APPLY AT JUNIOR OFFICE, BASEMENT, OLD BUILDING.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT for an institution; pay $22 a month. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

ORDER CLERK—Age 22-30, in old established paint house; experience in order system and filing and good handwriting necessary; salary to start $15. O 383 Times Downtown.

SALESLADY.—High-class young lady, widely acquainted; experience unnecessary; refined; permanent position; $30-$50 week, salary-commission. 1613 Candler Building, 220 West 42d.

SALESLADIES; $7 week and upward, according to sales. Weisbocker, 270 West 125th.

SALESWOMEN
WRAPPERS.

We need several bright, alert young women for the above positions.

Pleasant surroundings, liberal salaries, and rapid advancement for those showing ability and desire to learn.

APPLY TO MISS LONGENECKER, NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO., 207 W. 24TH ST.

SECRETARY.—Young woman, secretary to manager of factory, must be stenographer and typewriter, with bookkeeping experience, salary $18, with excellent opportunity for advancement. X 298 Times Annex.

SKETCHERS.—A1, experienced, to create coats and suits; steady position. Apply with samples after 5 P. M. Zolud, 17 West 45th St.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted, (3.) experienced; give age and salary and nationality, reference and salary expected; girls, for time and production clerks; competant, rapid switchboard operators. Call or address Employment Department, Terminal Building D, 15th St., Hoboken, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER.
INTELLIGENT, EDUCATED YOUNG LADY, RAPID TYPIST, FOR GENERAL CORRESPONDENCE IN HIGH-CLASS SPECIALTY SHOP; PERMANENT POSITION; GOOD SALARY.
DE PINNA,
Fifth Av., corner 50th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Unless you are experienced and can take rapid dictation and transcribe notes accurately do not answer; state fully past experience and salary desired; give phone number if possible. Tiffany Studios, 361 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER (experienced) and sales office assistant; excellent opportunity for advancement; state lowest acceptable present salary, experience, references, telephone number. J 318 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; transportation office; neat appearance; quick, accurate, young American girl preferred; salary dependent upon ability. Apply 291 Broadway, Room 1307.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER who can do some clerical work and look after a small switchboard in an institution; pay $30 a month, with board and room. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid and accurate stenographer and typist; must be thoroughly experienced; no beginner. H. Kamber & Co., 708 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.—First class, experienced; steady position; 24 years of age; good salary. Hercules Powder Co., 86 Park Place, Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, Typewriter, and Office Assistant, quick and accurate; experienced; references required. Reynolds & Co., 28 Harrison St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; must be fast, accurate; state references, experience, and salary expected. N 308 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER office assistant; knowledge bookkeeping; experienced; capable, willing worker. D 155 Times.

STENOGRAPHER experienced wanted, by large printing concern; call S. P., 421 Hudson Street.

STERN BROTHERS,

WEST 42D STREET,

require experienced saleswomen for their

Chiffon and

White Goods Depts.

Apply after 9 A. M. at Employes'

Entrance, W. 43d St., near 5th Av.

TWO GIRLS.—Cook, also chambermaid and waitress; small family. Call 251 West 89th St., Apartment 3E.

WAITRESS.—First-class waitress in a family of two; best of references required. Apply before 1 P. M., 904 Park Av., between [illegible] and [illegible] Sts.

HELP WANTED—Female.

SOCIAL AND BUSINESS SECRETARY.—Gentleman residing on 5th Av., opposite Park, desires private secretary who would be willing to accompany himself and wife, while in Florida or California during part of each Winter and to the Mountains or Seashore during the Summer.

An exceptionally liberal salary and all expenses will be paid, together with a liberal allowance for clothes and evening gowns. Applicant must be between 19 and 24 years of age, well bred, well educated, possess an attractive, refined personality, and be a good stenographer.

The average stenographer or so-called private secretary need not apply. Strictly high-class private secretaries now employed will find it to their interest to investigate this rare opportunity. Successful applicant will be treated as one of the family while away from New York. While in New York she will reside at home most of the time.

Apply in own handwriting, stating age, education, and experience. Address M 100 Times.

YOUNG LADY having knowledge of bookkeeping in office of a large insurance company; must be a legible penman and absolutely correct at figures. Reply, stating age, experience, and minimum salary expected, Bookkeeper, P. O. Box 1,425, N. Y. City.

—YOUNG WOMEN—
We are in need of two more attractive young women for our advertising sales force; must be good talkers; only live wires, accustomed to earn big money; drawing account and commission. Suite 437, 47 West 34th St.

Employment Agencies.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE AGENCY, 10 East 43d.—Dictaphone operator, $16; typists, $15; Spanish clerk, $12. Miss Budenbender, Prop.

GOOD OPPORTUNITIES, bookkeepers, $10-$25; stenographers, typists, clerks. Mighill Agency, Flatiron Building.

F. X GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway.—Register free; many superior offers, position.

STENOGRAPHER, (Spanish dictation,) $25-30. Alliance, 29 Liberty St.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., N. Y., and 211 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

$12
this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Senior accountant wanted; Anglo-Saxon preferred; by firm of C. P. A.'s; state age, experience, and other qualifications. O 375 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, senior; able to handle assignments and conduct work to a conclusion; also juniors. Hanover 5635. J 352 Times Downtown.

AD. MAN AND ASSISTANT MANAGER.
Better than usual small town opportunity. Must be good ad. man with some window dressing experience. Salary as high as good city stores. New York interviews.

A NOTION SALESMAN.

A CLIENT OF OURS WANTS IMMEDIATELY SEVERAL GOOD EXPERIENCED NOTION SALESMEN, PREFERABLY THOSE WHO KNOW THE CITY OF NEW YORK; WE WILL PAY THE RIGHT SALARIES TO THE RIGHT MEN, AND MORE WHEN THEY ARE WORTH IT; THIS IS AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY, AND ONLY ALERT, SNAPPY SALESMEN NEED APPLY.
CORRESPOND WITH OR CALL AFTER 4 O'CLOCK ON MR. BIOW, WEIL-BIOW-WEILL, ROOM 1214, FLATIRON BUILDING.

BANK CLERK.—Experienced, expert operator or Burroughs statement machine, in bank; state age, qualifications, and salary desired. X 311 Times Annex.

BANK CLERK.—Experienced bank clerk splendid opportunity; state age, schooling, and experience. J 355 Times Downtown.

BENCH HANDS;
must be first-class, accustomed to working from blueprints; should be all-around machinists.

SHEET METAL WORKERS;
experienced on auto bodies and aluminium work.

CABINET MAKERS
for the bench.

STANDARD AERO CORPORATION,
ELIZABETH, N. J.
Take South Broad St. car to Airplane Factory.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; capable man; preferably beyond draft age; Y. M. C. A. war work at Spartanburg; salary, $125 monthly. Apply Central Branch Y. M. C. A., employment department, 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must be thoroughly competent to take entire charge double entry set books, take trial balances, make up yearly statement, &c.; answer must plainly state qualifications, salary, and references. A. B., Box 191 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent to take charge full set of books of wholesale jewelry firm; state experience and salary expected; none but with highest references need apply. V 390 Times Downtown.

BOYS.
Must be 16, for mail and messenger service; $7 to start; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th.

BOYS WANTED.
Large corporation requires services of a number of boys to begin at the bottom and work up; excellent opportunities for the right kind of boys; experience not essential; high school graduates preferred. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, nationality, experience, if any, and salary desired, J 335 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Large chemical export and import house can use several American young men as office assistants; must be public school graduates; come of good family; exceptional opportunity; no experience necessary; salary $8 to start. Call A. K. & Co., 644 Greenwich St.

BOY.—An unusual opportunity for bright boy, who is willing and industrious, to advance into better position in growing concern; must be wide awake and capable of learning office details quickly. 192 Diamond St., Brooklyn.

BOY wanted, about 16 years of age, to do general office work in a downtown commercial house; experience unnecessary but must have good references. O 337 Times Downtown.

BOY, 15 or 16 years old, wanted in publishing house; permanent position, with good chances of advancement. Address or call Surgery Publishing Co., 92 William St.

BOYS 16-17 YEARS OF AGE IN SHOWROOM OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL 8 EAST 22D.

BOY.—Bright, active, by wholesale manufacturing house; permanent position; chance for advancement. Apply before 8:30, 233 East 42d.

BOY in laboratory of large Brooklyn chemical company; one possessing knowledge of chemistry preferred. Box W 211 Times Downtown.

BOY for errands to be generally useful; good references. Write Importer, 21 East 14th St., Box 12.

BOYS.—Good boys will have chance to learn cigar packing. Seidenburg & Co., 68th St. and Avenue A.

BOY.—Stock broker's office; state religion and age. O 381 Times Downtown.

BOY for office; experience unnecessary; reference. O 390 Times Downtown.

BOY for office work; $8. Apply Carl H. Schultz, 440 1st Av.

BRIGHT young man, wholesale silk house; good prospects for advancement. P 72 Times.

CARPENTER FOREMAN, building construction; state experience and salary desired. M 180 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Couple, chauffeur willing, useful; wife general housework; family of three; state salary and reference. W. 176 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CLERKS

WANTED BY LARGE CORPORATION; PREFERENCE TO THOSE WITH EXPERIENCE IN CASHIERING AND PAYROLL WORK; APPLICANTS MUST STATE AGE AND FURNISH RECORD OF EMPLOYMENT; SALARY $25 PER WEEK; OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT. ADDRESS BOX O 366 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CLERK, &c.—Wanted for high-class apartment hotel, a clerk and bookkeeper of good appearance and address; must furnish bond; reply with references. Address H. A., 621 Madison Avenue.

CLERK for office of large printing establishment, one capable of doing billing on typewriter; must be good at figures, salary $12; give full particulars as to experience, age, and references. M 183 Times.

COLLECTORS.—We have two vacancies for installment collectors. If you want a permanent position, with a good chance for advancement, call between 10 and 12 A. M., 8 West 29th, Room 801; salary $2.25 per day to start.

DOORMAN FOR LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; SALARY $15; STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS R. R., 220 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, A1 man, experienced on tools and machine parts; also auditors with mechanical experience for inventory detail work. Call or address Employment Department, Terminal Building D, 15th St., Hoboken, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN
Experienced on small high grade mechanical and electrical apparatus; steady position and excellent chance for advancement to technical men. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th St.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to productions of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. B. B., 166 Times.

DRAFTSMEN.
Internal combustion engineering draftsmen, preferable experience marine oil engine work; state full particulars. P. D., 290 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN, (12.)
Mechanical, architectural, and general experience designing machinery and factory building; good pay. Hercules Powder Co., 86 Park Place, Newark, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRAFTSMEN.—Capable and rapid designers on mill work and general machinery; please call between 10 and 11. Room 1111, 19 West 44th Street.

EXPERIENCED RETAIL MILLINERY MEN WANTED AS MANAGERS AND BUYERS FOR RETAIL MILLINERY DEPARTMENTS; MUST HAVE THOROUGH RETAIL KNOWLEDGE AND EXECUTIVE ABILITY TO HANDLE LARGE VOLUME OF BUSINESS; ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION IN THE EAST AND ELSEWHERE NOW OPEN FOR MEN OF PROVEN ABILITY AND EXCEPTIONAL REFERENCES. CALL OR PHONE FOR PERSONAL INTERVIEW WITH J. B. ANTHONY, SECY., EMPORIUM-WORLD MILLINERY CO., 621 BROADWAY. PHONE SPRING 4570.

FACTORY COST ACCOUNTANTS.
Good opportunity for men capable of conducting investigations and ascertaining costs in accordance with Government contracts; must be able to devise and install cost systems and supervise the work of others; state fully experience, age, nationality, references, &c.; all applications considered strictly confidential, and no references investigated without permission. Address W 219 Times Downtown.

FEEDER.—Experienced on Universal Press. Mergenthaler Linotype Co., 24 Ryerson St., Brooklyn.

FIRST-CLASS TOOL AND DIE MAKERS AND GRINDER OPERATORS, EXPERIENCED ON TOOL WORK; GUARANTEE STEADY EMPLOYMENT; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 1335, COLUMBUS, OHIO.

FIREMEN and ASH HANDLERS. Apply timekeeper's office, 405 East 43d St.

FRENCH TEACHER wanted to teach his language in a school; knowledge of English not required. Reply in French, stating age, birthplace, references, &c., to France, P 75 Times.

GILDER, bookbindery; steady work. H. Wolff, 526 West 26th St.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, industrious and competent, for bulb blowing and stem making; right men can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $50 a week. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

HAIRDRESSER,
MARCEL WAVER.

SALARY $30, WITH COMMISSIONS; RIGHT MAN CAN MAKE $50; MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND ARTISTIC; FOR HIGH-CLASS DEPARTMENT STORE IN BUFFALO. APPLY MORNINGS, 10 TO 12, OR BY APPOINTMENT. S. GLEMBY, 12 EAST 22D.

HOSPITAL ADMITTING CLERK.—Hospital experience required; must have first-class references, be good penman; $60 month and luncheon. Apply to Superintendent, Post Graduate Hospital, 20th St. and 2d Av.

ICE SKATING INSTRUCTORS.
ICELAND SKATING RINK,
BROADWAY AT 52D STREET.

JUNIORS

FROM 14 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE, AS STORE MESSENGERS, STOCK ASSISTANTS AND OFFICE WORK; STEADY POSITIONS, WITH EXCELLENT CHANCES OF ADVANCEMENT; WANTED AT WANAMAKER'S. APPLY AT JUNIOR OFFICE, BASEMENT, OLD BUILDING.

MAN wanted, thoroughly familiar with structural and ornamental iron work; must have good references. Apply Adam Happel Iron Works, 408 East 93d.

MANAGER for a cotton goods converting department, to be in operation about Jan. 1, by a large out-of-town manufacturing concern; must have experience in woven, printed, napped material; liberal salary or interest in department for proper applicant. Address confidential, with particulars, X 269 Times Annex.

MESSENGERS, in a national bank; must be intelligent and willing and live with parents. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired. O 378 Times Downtown.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.
Experienced multigraph operator, capable of turning out work above the average. Give full particulars in your letter to C. A., 258 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Young man wanted by large oil corporation; must be bright, energetic, of neat appearance, and able to handle large mail; permanent position, with excellent future; salary $35 per month. W 215 Times Downtown.

OPERATOR with own camera to take charge of first-class studio. Write Martha P. Langley, 34 North St., Pittsfield, Mass.

OPPORTUNITY.
YOUNG MEN TO LEARN ELECTRICAL WIRING AND TESTING; PERMANENT WORK; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; HIGH SCHOOL TRAINING PREFERRED; STATE AGE AND EDUCATION. J 351 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PAYMASTER for large clothing factory; experienced man with highest character references only will be considered salary $25, with advancement opportunities commensurate with demonstrated ability. X 297 Times Annex.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

AS MY WIFE, NETTIE SILVERSTEIN, has left my bed and board, I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts that may be incurred by her.
ISAAC J. SILVERSTEIN.

Firms handling second-hand shoes communicate with Guarantee Shoe Shop, Huntsville, Ala.

HELP WANTED—Male.

PAYROLL AUDITORS.—We need the services of several HIGH-GRADE and EXPERIENCED casualty insurance auditors; salary and opportunity depend on ability; apply by letter, giving full information as to qualifications. Address Payroll Department, W 209 Times Downtown.

PENMAN, first class, to fill in diplomas. E 153 Times.

PLUMBING FOREMAN, building construction; state experience and salary desired. M 179 Times.

PORTER AND PACKER WANTED
By wholesale dry goods house; reply, stating age, references, and salary desired. Wholesale, 276 Times Downtown.

PROGRAM SOLICITORS.—Experienced program solicitors, long job, commission, protective calls. 847 5th Av., Room 1206.

SALESMEN wanted for sales department in gas company; hustlers can earn big money; commission and bonus; excellent opportunity for permanent position at good salary; character references required. Apply Room 38, Central Union Gas Co., 148th St. and Courtlandt Av., Bronx; take Bronx Park subway express to 149th St. and 3d Av.

SALESMEN.—Energetic, forceful men of character and education wanted for New York City and Eastern territory; rapid promotion to men of proved ability; must be 25-45 years of age; references required; training, leads, and transportation furnished; commission with drawing account. A. E., 52 Times.

SALESMEN.—Experienced, on high-grade books sold physicians and professional people, for new proposition. We offer exclusive territory proposition on liberal commission basis to men capable of hiring and handling salesmen. Call mornings, 917 Woolworth Building.

SALESMAN wanted to sell the well-known Frantz Premier Electric Cleaner, backed by a national advertising campaign; good commission and rapid advancement to those who show results. If interested call from 10 to 3 at 2010 Broadway. Mr. Walsh.

SALESMEN.—The salesmen are the producers; if you are a high-grade man we can use you; only men of character and education and at least 25 years of age wanted; thorough training given; commission basis; transportation furnished. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESMAN MOTOR TRUCKS.
Fine opening for an experienced motor truck salesman with old-line company; complete line immediate deliveries; cash or time payments; give past experience in detail and compensation desired in confidence. E 123 Times.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, by highest grade filing cabinet house, two city salesmen; salary and commission; must be men who have had experience in the line; in answering please give full details in regard to past experience. T 371 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Successful specialty, subscription or book salesmen to handle new business manual in connection with System, the Magazine of Business. You can qualify for branch office on liberal salary and commission basis. Call 15 Park Row, Room 730.

SALESMEN, have you selling ability? We have the proposition which gets the money; $50 up weekly, commissions; men who have sold stocks, books, insurance preferred; personal instruction insures success. Mr. Martin, 426, 225 5th Av; 9 to 10, 2 to 4.

SALESMEN.—System, the Magazine of Business, wants three experienced salesmen who can qualify for district managers in our subscription department; liberal salary and commission. Call 15 Park Row.

SALESMAN, devote evenings only to proposition to Jewish gentlemen; large earnings in commissions; tutoring experience helpful; state in confidence experience, age, references. E 154 Times.

SALESMAN.—Opportunity with national financial institution for man with large acquaintance among substantial people; salary or commission. Manager, V 271 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted for South, to carry a side line of kimonos on a commission basis; only those who have a following of the large department stores and can furnish highest references need apply. M 59 Times.

SALESMEN.—Young men willing to start at bottom with paper house to sell printers and publishers; those with acquaintance or experience preferred; commission and salary. M 177 Times.

SALESMAN—MILLINERY,
to sell fancy feathers of the better kind to 5th Av. and department store trade; salary. Address K. O., 160 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, married, as inside salesman for wholesale establishment; able to speak Jewish; state age and salary expected. J 360 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, to carry as a side line men's belts to city jobbing trade; must have following; reputable concern; commission only. J 353 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Well-established paint house; experienced; for roofing department; salary and commission. 501 5th Av., Room 711.

SHOE BUYER.

MEN'S AND BOYS', WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S, FOR A PROGRESSIVE DEPARTMENT STORE.

X 238 TIMES ANNEX.

SPANISH CLERK, acquainted with invoicing and office work; good handwriting; good future prospects. Address, with full experience, P. O. Box 1622.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man of good appearance who is accurate and neat, preferably with some experience; $15 to $16 to start; opportunity to advance. 503 Woolworth Building.

STENOGRAPHER.—Spanish-English, capable of taking dictation in both languages; state age, salary, and experience. M 188 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
First class, experienced; steady position; 24 years of age; good salary. Hercules Powder Co., 86 Park Place, Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; an expert, for general contractor's office in Massachusetts. "G.," 315 State Mutual Building, Worcester, Mass.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; bright young man, willing to assist with office work; advancement; state age, experience, salary desired to start. M 184 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, experienced; permanent position. Aply 515 Woolworth Building.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge export, neat appearance, for temporary position. Apply Regal, 18 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, male, junior, rapid typist. Apply Room 401, 62 Broadway.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D ST.,
require experienced salesmen for their
SILK AND
VELVET DEPTS.
Apply after 9 A. M. at Employes' Entrance, West 43d St., near 5th Av.

STOCK CLERKS.—Large wholesale house requires the services of stock clerks for muslin underwear; state salary and experience; good advancement. J 357 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERKS wanted by a large wholesale house, having experience in fancy goods; state salary and experience; opportunities are exceptional. J 358 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT OF BUILDINGS.
We have a position for a man who is capable of becoming superintendent of several large office buildings in Boston. He must have had experience in making repairs, buying supplies, and handling employes in office buildings, and he must be an engineer with a first-class license and a good knowledge of all kinds of elevators. Salary at start $2,500. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, education, experience in detail, and salary now received. X 234 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Experienced man, good mechanic; permanent position for right man; for plant in Middle West; good wages; state full experience, age, and salary expected to start. M 187 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, building construction; state experience and salary desired. M 181 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.
One who knows how to operate a switchboard; hours 7.30 A. M. to 5.30 P. M.; he is to relieve present operator at certain hours during the day and fill out the time otherwise in the office to do general office work; salary $15 per week. "T. O.," 219 Times Downtown.

TIMEKEEPERS, building construction; state experience and salary desired. M 178 Times.

TOOL AND INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
High-class men for high-class work on fine apparatus; only men accustomed to using micrometer; 48 hours weekly; advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Open-face platinum watch, surrounded with diamonds, monogramed M. A. in diamonds, between Black, Starr & Frost's and Ritz Pall Mall room, or between Ritz and third floor Grand Central Palace, suitable reward. Return to Cartier, 712 5th Av.

LOST—Round skunk muff on St. Nicholas-5th Av. bus or on 58th St., between 5th and Park Avs.; reward. Marshall, 935 St. Nicholas Av. Phone 9167 Audubon.

LOST.—Saturday evening, Shubert Theatre, black silk bag containing bill folder, keys, sum of money; if returned, finder keep money for reward. Mrs. T. J. Clarkson, 115 West 72d St., city.

LOST.—Circle pin, diamonds and pearls, Pennsylvania Depot, bus to 159th and Broadway, or Melrose Av. car to 160th St.; reward. Dysinger, Hotel Seneca, East 27th [illegible] Apartment 106.

LOST—Diamond platinum barpin, Saturday, between 49th-5th Av. and Stein Bros., West 42d; reward. Return to Apartment 4K, 601 West 110th St. W. H. De Wolf.

LOST.—Gold and enamel medal, owner's name on back, between St. Luke's Hospital and owner's home, 517 West 184th. Return for reward.

LOST.—Copy of will of Elzey G. Burkham, between 60 Wall St. and Hall of Records, on Nov. 19, 1917. Finder please return to Room 1008, 60 Wall St. Reward.

LOST.—Sunday afternoon, Broadway or Riverside, between 137th-151st, silver mesh bag marked owner's name, containing small sum. Return Mygatt, 736 Riverside Drive.

LOST.—Between Stuyvesant and Washington Squares, satin panel, decorated with East Indian girl design. Reward. Ethel Wallace, 62 Washington Square. Tel. Spring 9190.

LOST—French seal muff in taxicab, Friday night or Saturday noon; reward $5. Finder return to F. S. Moseley & Co., 26 Exchange [illegible], New York.

LOST.—14-karat gold wrist watch, on Sunday morning, between West 86th and 75th Sts. Reward if returned to Mrs. D. A. E., 62 East 86th.

LOST—Amethyst and pearl hairpin, 74th St., Bay Ridge, to Fort Hamilton; liberal reward. Kempner, Mountain House, Valhalla, N. Y.

LOST.—Saturday noon, broad tail fur muff, on Broadway red car, 72d to 59th St.; reward. Address Cohen, 31 West 27th St.

LOST.—Fox scarf, Flatbush Av., between Prospect and Long Island Depot; liberal reward. Casey, 186 Prospect Pl. Prospect 5906.

LOST.—Fur neck piece, Sunday, from auto on 110th St., Lenox, to 5th Av.; liberal reward. Tel. 3021 Bryant.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch, near Columbia University. Reward. Thomas, 417 West 120th St.

LOST—Mink collar, Gramercy Park, 6:30, Saturday; reward. Return 9 Gramercy Park.

LOST.—Silk pocketbook, gold monogram; $10 reward. B. W., 140 West 58th.

LIBERAL REWARD to finder of sum of money lost between West 71st St. and 37th and 5th Av. J. S., 3 East 37th.

$50 REWARD
return gold-and-platinum-striped cigarette case lost Nov. 16, between 42d St. and 60th St.; no questions asked. Dreicer & Co., 5th Av. and 46th St., New York City.

$150 REWARD
for diamond bar pin set in platinum and gold, lost Thursday noon in Sherry's; no questions. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 48th St. and 5th Av.

$200 REWARD.
Return diamond and platinum pendant earring, lost Nov. 14 in the vicinity Liberty Theatre; no questions asked. Udall & Ballou, 571 5th Av., New York City.

$100 REWARD
for the return of a fancy bar pin, studded with diamonds, lost Nov. 18. Return to Mrs. L. Alexander, 157 West 57th St.

$25 REWARD.—Return of diamond and onyx earring, lost Nov. 16. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

WILL Mr. Van Z., who called Sunday forenoon at 165 West 80th regarding ermine scarf, kindly call again and receive reward for information?

Found.

FOUND, on 5th Av., a diamond pin; owner may have same by identifying it. R. Rose, Arlington Hotel, Binghamton, N. Y.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Sable hood collie, about 8 o'clock, around 136th St., Convent Av.; reward. Return to C. Kranz, 100 Convent Av., Apartment 206.

LOST.—Large, red Irish terrier, leather collar, with license tag; reward. Return to 146 East 38th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

TOOLMAKERS.
49-hour week, time and a half for overtime. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Princes Bay, S. I.

YOUNG MAN with bookkeeping experience; also knowledge of Italian; give references and state salary desired. C. B., P. O. Box 1320.

YOUNG MAN.—MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH AMMONIA FITTINGS AND REFRIGERATING MACHINE PARTS; TO ACT AS CLERK AND TIMEKEEPER ON OUT-OF-TOWN CONTRACTS; WILL BE REQUIRED TO FURNISH BOND; STATE SALARY, EXPERIENCE, AND REFERENCES. ADDRESS W. A. P., BOX O 286 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MEN WITH HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION; $8-$9 TO START; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES TO ADVANCE ALONG ENGINEERING LINES. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St.; 6 blocks south of 14th St.

YOUNG MAN OVER 16, AMERICAN; CLERICAL POSITION WITH LARGE CONCERN; GOOD CHANCES FOR ADVANCEMENT; $7 START; STATE AGE. REFERENCES. L. D., P. O. BOX 1395 MANHATTAN.

YOUNG MAN,
30 to 40, in factory; must be good penman and handy around machinery; address, stating age, nationality, references, and salary expected; advancement. 282 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, clean cut, about 20, ultimately for salesman, large manufacturing concern; excellent opportunity; write fully. J 359 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to assist in insurance office; must be neat penman and good at figures; state experience and salary expected. Junior, P. O. Box 1,125, N. Y. City.

YOUNG MAN wanted to assist in office; must be practical typist; oone other need apply; advancement; state age, experience, salary desired. M 185 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 17 years of age, to start in Wall St. bank. J 354 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to solicit law printing; good opportunity. W 218 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 CHURCH ST., N. Y. CITY.
CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 1.
BOOKKEEPERS, (10.)—Thoroughly competent general ledger men to handle controlling accounts and financial statements; $1,300 per annum; also several very good openings at $15 and $20 per week.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY,
C. P. HASSON,
J. J. McLAUGHLIN.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway.—Register free, electrical designers, engineers, draftsmen, tracers, accountants, bookkeepers, stenographers, clerks, boys.

ASSISTANT CHEMIST, $30 and transport; bookkeeper, $25; export shipping clerk, salary commensurate. Alliance, 29 Liberty.

STENOGRAPHER.—$125 month; A1 only; excellent opportunity. Walsh Agency, 643 6th Av.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPERS, (five,) $25-$30; several other openings. Mighill Exchange, Flatiron Building.

Instruction.

MEN—AGE IS NO BARRIER.
Here is a professional trade that will raise you to a higher level in life. Agreeable work, excellent pay. Big demand for dental mechanics. We train you in a remarkably short time at practical work, individually; day or evening; no book study. Easy payments. Investigate! Write for free Booklet 50. Dentists' Laboratories School, 25 West 45th St. (Finest and most authoritative in America.)

MEN—EARN $25 to $75 A WEEK.
3 months' course — Easy payments
MECHANICAL — START ANY TIME
DENTISTRY — DAY OR NIGHT
No book study. — Write for Booklet 19.
BODEE School of Mechanical DENTISTRY, NEW YORK: (Est. 25 yrs.) BROOKLYN: 15 W. 44th St. 15-17 Flatbush Av.

EARN $25 to $100 a week as Motion Picture, Studio, Commercial Photographer. Easy, fascinating profession. Three months' course covers all branches. Day or evening classes, easy terms. New studios. Call or write for free booklet. N. Y. Inst. of Photography, (11-T.) 141 West 36th St., N. Y.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The following army orders were issued by the War Department today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Taylor, 1st Lt. Q., to Camp Wheeler.
Turner, 1st Lt. D. A., to Camp Dodge.
Reed, 1st Lt. W. A., to Los Angeles for inst.
Griffin, 1st Lt. R. B., hon. discharged.
Stout, 1st Lt. W. M., previous orders revoked; to Ft. Riley.
McShane, 1st Lt. W. H., to N.Y. for inst.
Hinuman, Capt. S., to Camp Greenleaf for inst.
Hart, Capt. J. W., will hold daily sick call at the Army War College.
Syman, Capt. L. L., hon. discharged.
Pinneo, 1st Lt. F. W., to Army Med. School for inst.
Pellini, 1st Lt. E. J., to Camp Taylor.
Cowin, 1st Lt. C. C., to Camp Lee.
Curll, Capt. C. L., to Ft. Logan H. Roots.
Turrell, Capt. G. H., to Mineola with Av. Sec., Sig.C.
Batt, 1st Lt. G. W., to Camp Doniphan.
Burkholder, 1st Lt. C. A., to Camp Sherman.
Morden, 1st Lt. E. T., to Camp Jackson.

Following to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Chicago, for inst., then to camps mentioned, in base hosp.:
McMillan, Capt. G. D., Camp Dodge.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Barns, F. M., Camp Logan.
Elliston, L. B., Camp Pike.
Burnside, L. A., Camp Sevier.
Lester, F. W., Camp McClellan.
Cleaves, P. B., Camp Bowie.
McClary, S., Camp Sheridan.
Cox, O. C., Camp Hancock.
Frazier, C. E., Camp Doniphan.

Decker, Capt. J. W., to Roosevelt Hosp. for inst., then to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 1, N. Y. C., for temp. duty.
Field, 1st Lt. M. C., and Peterson, 1st Lt. R. A. E., to Atlanta, in Dept. Laboratory.

Following to Cleveland for inst., then to camps specified, in base hosps.:
Breed, Capt. N. P., Camp Greene.
Bettman, 1st Lt. R. B., Camp Greene.
Evans, 1st Lt. J. H., Camp Hancock.

Scott, 1st Lt. N. M.; Schnelkrant, 1st Lt. L. S., and Wiese, 1st Lt. M. A., to Bellevue Hosp. for inst., then to Camp Pike.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

King, 1st Lt. T. R., will report to Dept. Eng., Western Dept.
Baker, 1st Lt. H. L., to 23d Engs. at Camp Meade.
Wortham, 1st Lt. H. A., to 24th Engs. at Camp Dix.
Hedges, Capt. H. M., to 311th Engs.
Rhoades, Capt. T. E., to Camp Sherman.
Whitney, Capt. A. C., assigned to 310th Engs.

Following are hon. discharged:

CAPTAINS.

Frissell, F. M.	Mayberry, E. L.
Scheel, W. A.	Stroebe, G. G.
Peters, J. H.	Winkler, W. W.
Astell, L. K.	Beck, V. S.
Reed, A. L.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Callihan, W. H.	Shoeman, D. D.
Peckham, C. I.	Aultman, R. G.
Stoddard, A. D.	Barnett, M.
Yorton, A. T.	Heppart, C. L.
McCullough, R. E.	

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Ehlers, J. H.	Rowland, C. F.
Donnelly, W. C.	Kaufman, L.
Domin, L. V.	Freedman, S.
Lovington, J. A.	Dunn, A. C.
Gregory, R. L.	Barber, C. W.
Buechner, C.	De Rouville, G. E.
Powell, J. C.	Loriello, H.
Greenfield, J. C., Jr.	Welch, L. J.
Ingram, H. D. F.	Martin, L. V.
Lawton, L. A.	Schlom, C.
Beasley, T. E.	Hogan, A. F.
Waters, B. W., Jr.	

Quartermaster Corps.

Terry, 2d Lt. J. R. will report to Qm. Gen., re. standard military truck production section.
Thompkins, 2d Lt. J., to Camp Dodge, in command of motor truck No. 346.
Bragg, 2d Lt. R. W., attached to the School for Bakers and Cooks at Camp Sherman, for inst.
Broyles, 2d Lt. M. F., to Camp Travis, as asst. to Camp Qm.
Ballard, 2d Lt. J. W., to Camp Hancock, as asst. to Cmdg. Gen. of auxiliary remount depot No. 308.
Bechtel, Capt. J. A., to Ft. Sam Houston with Qm. Mechanical Repair Shop Unit No. 304.
Campbell, 2d Lt. C. G., to Camp Shelby, as asst. to Camp Qm.
Schillerstrom, Capt. M. P., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.
Stayer, Maj. E. S., will report to Qm. Gen.
Bristol, Lt. Col. M. C., to duty in office of Qm. Gen.
Parsell, Maj. H. A., Pa. N. G., will report to Camp Beauregard, as asst. Qm.
Houston, Col. J. B., expeditionary depot, Phila., will report to Qm. Gen. for temp. duty, then to his station.
Waring, 1st Lt. R. S., to Camp Shelby, with auxiliary remount depot No. 313.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Martin, Capt. W., will report to Depot Qm., Seattle, as transport Qm. of transport Crook.
Pederson, Capt. I. A., will report to Depot Qm. at Seattle as his asst.
Manly, Capt. J. M., will report without delay to chief, military intelligence sec., War College Div.
Smiley, Capt. W. C., will report to Chief Military Intelligence Section, War College Div.
Parr, Capt. R., and White, Capt. G. C., Jr., to Kansas City as assts. to off. in charge of purchase of public animals.
Allen, Capt. C., to Camp Jackson, as cmdg. off. of wagon com.
Smith, Capt. J. S., to home.

Signal Reserve Corps.

Following to Jersey City for duty with 415th tel. batt., (railroad,) 4th regt. armory:
Baird, Maj. C. G.

CAPTAINS.

Crosley, J. B.	Jones, J. D.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Hunter, R. J.	Dennis, J. G.

Carruthers, 1st Lt. L. L., and McNulty, 1st Lt. P. H., Av. Sec., to duty with station at Garden City.
Gilbert, 1st Lt. W. H., and Jones, 1st Lt. E. R. L., hon. discharged.
Cotter, 2d Lt. E., Av. Sec., to Garden City.

Corps of Engineers.

Following promoted to be temp. Colonels, with rank from Aug. 5:

LIEUTENANT COLONELS.

Keller, C.	Cosby, S.
McIndoe, J. F.	Morrow, J. J.
Howell, G. P.	Altstaetter, F. W.
Rand, L. H.	Jackson, T. H.
Lukesh, G. R.	

Following to be temp. Lieutenant Colonels, with rank from date of vacancy:

MAJORS.

Rand, L. H.	Markham, E. M.
Jackson, T. H.	Pillsbury, G. B.
Lukesh, G. R.	

Following to be temp. Lieutenant Colonels, with rank from Aug. 5:

MAJORS.

Youngberg, G. A.	Stokey, W. P.
Brooke, M.	Frazier, L. V.
Fiske, H. C.	Tyler, M. C.
Grant, U. S., 3d.	Rose, W. H.
Adams, L. M.	Anderson, W. D. A.
Earle, J. H.	Robins, T. M.
Black, R. D.	Dillon, T. H.
Jones, DeW. C.	Graves, E.
Wilby, F. B.	Ridley, C. S.
Barber, A. B.	Powell, R. G.
Hodges, J. N.	Loving, J. J.
Ardery, E. D.	Steese, J. G.
Alexander, R. G.	O'Connor, J. A.
Watkins, L. H.	Humphrey, G. E.
Park, R.	Sultan, D. I.
Edgerton, G. E.	

Following to be temp. Majors, with rank from date of vacancy:

CAPTAINS.

Goethals, G. R.	Schulz, J. W. N.
Sturdevant, C. L.	Atkisson, E. J.
Colner, R. T.	

Following to be temp. Majors, with rank from Aug. 5:

CAPTAINS.

Dougherty, R. S. A.	Godfrey, S. C.
Harrington, P. C.	Cee, C. G.
Wright, J. M.	Matheson, J. R. D.
Sage, W. H., Jr.	Taylor, C. J.
Marks, E. H.	North, E.
Acher, A. H.	Wilkes, G. V. B.
Lee, J. C. H.	Besson, F. S.
Herkness, L. C.	Lyman, A. K. B.
Strong, F. S., Jr.	Fullen, D. D.
Brown, C. H.	Solbert, O. N.
Dunn, B. C.	Connolly, D. H.
Fowler, R. F.	McCoach, D., Jr.
Lampert, J G. B.	Fleming, P. B.
Stewart, J. W.	McHaffy, J. C.
Reinecke, P. S.	Wheeler, R. A.
Chubb, W. M.	Bennion, H. S.
Sherman, W. C.	Kuldell, R. C.
Crawford, R. C.	Paules, E. G.
Chynoweth, B. G.	Fox, M. P.
Gotwals, G. W.	Newcomer, F. K.
Williams, C. F.	Young, G. R.
Nicholas, R. U.	Dorst, J. A.
Putnam, R. W.	Oliver, L. E.
Holcombe, W. H.	Cress, J. B.
Gross, C. P.	Miller, B. A.
Bullard, P. C.	Somervell, B. B.
Price, X. H.	Crawford, R. W.
Skinner, F. S.	Elliott, D. O.
Cowgill, A. P.	Lewis, G. F.
Brand, H., Jr.	Herman, F. W.
Carruth, J. H.	Kuentz, O. O.
Covell, W. E. R.	Kimble, E. R.
Arthur, J. D., Jr.	Miller, E. F.

Following to be temp. Captains, with rank from Aug. 30:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Levy, E. H.	Stamps, T. D.
Harloe, B. M.	Wardrop, S. C.
Troland, G. B.	Griffith, L. M.

They will continue on present assignment.

Ordnance Reserve Corps.

Hall, 2d Lt. H. S., and Plimpton, Capt. H. C., will report to Chief of Ord.

Sanitary Corps.

Zuckerman, 1st Lt. S. G., hon. discharged.
Walker, 1st Lt. R. C., to Camp Sherman.
Murray, Maj. M. W., duty in office of Surg. Gen.
Collins, 1st Lt. E. E., to Camp Meade, to install X-ray apparatus, then to his station.
Whitcomb, 1st Lt. W. D., to New York for temp. duty at Med. Supply Depot, then to his station in office of Surg. Gen.
Vane, Capt. P. P., N.A., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Infantry.

Kunzig, Maj. L. A., to Camp Custer, as Asst. Chief of Staff.
Hoerner, 1st Lt. F. L., 21st, prov. appointment terminated on account of physical disability.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Wallis, Capt. J. W., to Camden and assume command of mine planter Gen. William M. Graham.

Dental Reserve Corps.

Scherer, 1st Lt. J. W., and Sparks, 1st Lt. J. V., to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Chicago, for inst., then to rejoin Base Hosp. No. 32.
Leonard, 1st Lt. F. S., to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Chicago, for inst., then to Camp Lee.

Following to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Chicago, for inst., then to their stations:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Fowler, S. M.	O'Bannon, B. B.
Frazier, M. C.	Postle, M. M.
Gallie, D. M.	Voss, J.
Lee, J. H.	

Miscellaneous.

Carpenter, Maj. G. E., Ord. Dept., to Watervliet Arsenal for inst.
Strand, 2d Lt. B. B., Vet. R.C., hon. discharged.
Baker, Col. D., M. C., to Camp Sherman, in command of Base Hosp.
Previous orders relating to Hoop, Maj. O. W., Inft.; Bishop, Lt. Col. A. T., F.A., and Walthall, Maj. H. L., Inft., revoked.
Huntley, Lt. Col. H. W., F.A., to Camp Gordon.
Whyte, Capt. Surg. W. F., to Camp Custer to examine command for tuberculosis.
Walker, Lt. Col. W. H., will report to director of the gas service, this city, as his asst.
Stevens, Maj. P. C., ret., to Phila. as asst. to Depot Qm. of Expeditionary Depot.
Hawthorne, Col. H. L., retired, to Ancon, Canal Zone, as dept. inspector.

Resignations.

Dusenbery, 2d Lt. G., Battery F, N. C. N. G.
Bowman, 2d Lt. J. O., C.A.C.
Selden, 2d Lt. J. K., Qm.C.

Leaves.

Grimes, 2d Lt. W. H. C., Cav., to include Dec. 15.
Schutz, Maj. J. W. N., C. of E., 2 days.
Quinn, Capt. W. A., M.R.C., 5 days.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

INVESTMENT.

An export company now doing a large and very profitable business, with offices in many countries, is increasing its capital stock. The money received therefor is to be used to take care of its increasing business, which is growing beyond all expectations.

In offering this stock to the general public we feel that we are extending an opportunity which is seldom offered to any one not in close touch with financial circles. It is a chance to become associated in business with the highest possible class of New York financial and business men, as our stockholders comprise leading banking and commercial interests. Our present stockholders would take up all of the new issue, but we have good reasons for wishing to scatter it. There are no insiders and no ground floor. Every share of preferred stock goes at the same price, with the same bonus of common.

We will give every opportunity for the fullest investigation as to condition, standing, personnel, &c. The new issue of stock is not large, and we prefer small investors with a minimum of one thousand dollars, with one exception. We can utilize the services in an official capacity of a man who will invest, say, twenty thousand dollars. He must be an experienced, high-grade business man who can furnish, as he will receive, the highest possible references as to integrity, character, and standing.

We tender an investment with practically certain good returns, probably very large ones, and no chances taken except the ordinary, everyday ones of legitimate business. J 327 Times Downtown.

PARTNER WANTED.
Owing to the absence of an active member of our firm, an unusual and exceptional opportunity is offered a live, progressive man with a few thousand dollars to secure an active partnership in an established, profitable, and successful brokerage firm having a well-equipped suite of offices in a well-known building in the downtown financial district; a clean record and aggressive personality are essential, and a financial report will be required and given; upon receipt of reply a personal interview will be granted. Address Opportunity, P. O. Box 1,936.

WOMAN, INTELLIGENT, ENERGETIC, CAN BY USING HER OWN RESIDENCE AS HEADQUARTERS BUILD UP A DIGNIFIED AND PAYING CUSTOM CORSET BUSINESS OF HER OWN. A VERY SMALL CAPITAL NECESSARY. L 142 TIMES.

WANTED.—$10,000 FOR ONE-THIRD INTEREST IN THE MANUFACTURE OF ONE OF THE BEST AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORY PRODUCTS IN THE MARKET TODAY. TRAVIS, 212 WEST 50TH.

FOR SALE.—CLOAK AND SUIT PLANT; FIRST-CLASS EQUIPMENT; ALSO OFFICE AND SHOWROOM FIXTURES. X 295 TIMES ANNEX.

A capable young man (20) with $500 for investment or security desires connection with concern that has opening for a position of responsibility. E 130 Times.

Silversmiths dissolving partnership must sell entire plant; would consider reliable partner only; old established; excellent opportunity. E 140 Times.

Owner of patented staple household article of great sanitary value needs financial help. 518 West 143d St., Apt. 7.

FOR SALE.

Combination Rogers facsimile letter and addressing machine, with complete equipment; recommended for concern with systematic follow-up of customers or prospects; worth new $3,000. Bankers Addressing Co., 13 Water St.

Burroughs adding machine, multigraph, compotype, Underwood No. 5, dictophone, addressograph, roll-top desk, showcases. Store, 66 Church St.

Beautiful baby grand piano, perfect condition; in storage. Brown, 175 East 82d.

Platinum and diamond bracelet; cost $600; sell $350. Mrs. De Mar, 237 5th Av.

Creosoted lumber, new or second hand, wanted. Morrison, 913 Sterling Place, B'klyn.

Purchase and Exchange.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, appraised; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 Broadway.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS.

BRAND NEW, LATEST MODEL OLIVER 9, $49.
Fully guaranteed; standard keyboard; exactly the same machine used by largest industries; direct from factory; former price $100. Before getting even a second-hand, rebuilt, or rental machine investigate latest Oliver plan to save $51; easy payments if you wish. Telephone or call Oliver Typewriter. Mr. Price, 310 Broadway, Worth 1780-1-2-3-4.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Nonvisible, 3 months, $5; visible, 3 months, $7.50. Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
339 Broadway, at Worth St.
30 E. 23d St., opp Madison Av.
149 W. 42d St., at Times Sq.
TEL. 5408 FRANKLIN.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
8 months, $5; non-visibles.
8 months, $7.50; visibles.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4738.

Yachts and Vessels.

Florida cruiser, 65', 12½'x3', 37 H. P.; standard motor; 4 cyls. 6"x8"; electric lights, search lights, mahogany cabins, wheelhouse, main cabin, stateroom passage, engine room, galley; sleeps 6 guests, 2 crew; reasonable price before layup. Anderson, Tebo Basin, Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

SALESMEN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them, hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1813-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARY course.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

BIG DEMAND—RADIO OPERATORS.
Splendid profession; individual instruction; best radio course in city; write or call today for booklet. Radio School, 157 East 86th Street.

$12
this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes, send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., [illegible] West 57th.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—A moderate disturbance now over Alabama has been attended during the last twenty-four hours by rains in Oklahoma, Arkansas, and the Gulf States, while another over Lake Superior has caused light snows in that vicinity. There were also light rains or snows Sunday night in New York and New England, while elsewhere the weather was fair and with continued high pressure in the extreme West.

It is much cooler in New England, the Middle Atlantic and East Gulf States and Tennessee and warmer in the Upper Lake Region, the Plains States and the Northwest. It is also quite warm in California. There will be rain Tuesday in the South Atlantic States extending by night into the Middle Atlantic and East Gulf States, and into New England.

There will also be scattered snows or rains Tuesday in the eastern lower lake region and the upper Ohio Valley.

In the upper lake region, the lower Ohio Valley, and East Gulf States the weather will be generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday. It will be somewhat cooler Tuesday and Tuesday night in the East Gulf States, South Carolina, Northern and Central Florida.

Winds for Tuesday and Wednesday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate variable; fair Tuesday; Wednesday, rain or snow; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast and east, probably increasing by Tuesday night, cloudy; South Atlantic Coast, moderate south, except moderate to fresh east off the North Carolina Coast; fair except rain off the North Carolina Coast.

FORECAST—TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York—Cloudy Tuesday, probably snow in northern portion; Wednesday snow or rain.

Southern New England—Increasing cloudiness Tuesday; Wednesday snow or rain.

New Jersey—Increasing cloudiness Tuesday, probably rain on Wednesday.

Western New York—Cloudy Tuesday, probably snow or rain; Wednesday fair.

Northern New England—Increasing cloudiness Tuesday, snow or rain at night and on Wednesday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M. taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	35	38	4 P. M.	49	38
6 A. M.	32	36	6 P. M.	47	37
9 A. M.	34	32	9 P. M.	44	35
12 M.	44	37	11 P. M.	41	35

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 40; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 4[illegible]. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 3[illegible]; at 8 P. M. it was 36. Maximum temperature, 42 degrees at 3:15 P. M.; minimum, [illegible] degrees at 9:30 A. M. Humidity, 50 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 33 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 33 inches; at 8 P. M., it stood at 36 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:48 | Sun sets..4:36 | Moon sets 10:3[illegible]

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	11:32	12:00	5:23	6:12
Governors Island	11:35	12:00	5:48	6:43
Hell Gate	1.16	1:33	7:29	[illegible]

Official Shipping List.

Arrivals of vessels from foreign countries at [illegible] ports in the forty-eight hours ending Nov. 18:

STEAMSHIPS.

Alliance, (Am.)	Michigan, (Br.)
Aeolus, (Am.)	Mar Tirreno, (Span.)
Artesia, (Br.)	Mandeville, (Nor.)
Attec, (Nor.)	Maylene, (Br.)
Baltic, (Br.)	Nicholas Cuneo, (Nor.)
Brazos, (Am.)	Northland, (Am.)
Baron Jedburgh, (Br.)	Pastores, (Am.)
Brighton, (Nor.)	Ponce, (Am.)
Cubore, (Am.)	Panuca, (Am.)
City of Vienna, (Br.)	Philadelphian, (Br.)
C. A. Canfield, (Am.)	Rosenborg, (Dan.)
Frontera, (Mex.)	Santa Amelia, (Br.)
Fenchurch, (Br.)	Santa Cecilia, (Am.)
Havo, (Nor.)	Socony, (Am.)
H. R. Mallory, (Am.)	Tenadores, (Am.)
Jason, (Am.)	Tuscan, (Am.)
Kirkdale, (Br.)	Tolosa, (Nor.)
Lilleborg, (Dan.)	Ulrik Holm, (Dan.)
Motor No. 1, (Am.)	Vika, (Nor.)
Mae, (Am.)	W. D. Munson, (Am.)
Manta, (Am.)	Winifredian, (Br.)

SAILING VESSELS.

Alcara, (Br.)	Norma P. Coolen, (Br.)
Anakonde, (Nor.)	Thomas B., (Br.)
E. A. Sabean, (Br.)	Margaret G.
Ida M. Clark, (Br.)	Swan, (Br.)

Fire Record.

	Loss.
A. M.	
12:30—359 W. 117 St.; Margaret Downs	Slight
12:40—Pelham Bay Park, between City Island Av. & Pelham Road; not given	None
2:10—15 W. 37 St.; Mrs. T. Fellows	None
3:10—125 Roosevelt St.; Joseph Morrelle	$100
7:10—29 W. 15 St.; Model Dress Co.	Slight
10:10—345 Madison St.; Isaac Sherman	Slight
10:10—688 Cauldwell Av.; Grunstein & Mayer	Slight
11:00—66 Jane St.; William Kenny	Slight
P. M.	
12:01—303 E. 102 St.; Max Finger	Slight
12:15—Front 166 E. 60 St.; subway	None
2:50—627 Fox St.; Sadie Simon	Slight
2:50—488 10 Av.; E. McGinness	Slight
4:40—104 Charlton St.; Van Dam Co.	Slight
5:40—131 W. 128 St.; Charles Baker	Slight
9:10—196 Mott St.; Nancy Estorito	Slight
9:25—19-21 W. 24th St.; Hausman & Son	Slight
9:40—Convent Av. and 136th St., (rubbish;) City College	None
11:55—107 W. 43 St.; Dantrin Dubentern	Slight

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Temporary assignments. Acting Capt. P. V. Shea, Div. Bdg. Def., Sub-div. 5, to command Div. of Bridge Defense, for 6 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 24; Patrols. G. H. Storer, 99, and Henry J. Murphy, 276, to Training School, for 5 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 19.

Leave of absence, to take effect on date of entrance into military service: Patrol. Francis P. Neylon, 172.

Leaves of absence, without pay: Patrol. Michael J. Lane, 16, for 1 day, from 12 P. M., Nov. 28; P. Mitchell, 30, for 2 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 25; J. Ferioli, 43, for 3 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 25.

Fire Department.

The following members of the department having been tried before Deputy Commissioner Fay, the following decisions are hereby rendered: Engineer of Steamer Charles J. F. Dougherty, Eng. 82. Charge: Being under the influence of liquor, drug, or compound. Guilty, and recommended that decision be reserved and ordered transferred; fireman, 1st grade, J. J. Glaney, H. & L. Co. 78. Charge: Absence without leave. Guilty, and ordered that two regular leaves of absence be withheld.

The following-named members of the force, having been drafted for service in the United States Army, are hereby granted indefinite leaves of absence: Fireman, 3d grade, G. W. Carlen, H. & L. 122; fireman, 1st grade, Leon Faviet, Eng. 239; fireman, 4th grade, Edward N. Glicher, Eng. 220.

Special leave of absence: Capt. A. B. Sweet, Eng. 249, for 24 hours, from 8 A. M., Nov. 22.

The Civil Service.

City.

An examination has been ordered for Inspector of Elevators, Grade 2. The subjects and weights are: Experience, 4; technical, 6. Candidates must show that they have had not less than five years' experience in the handling, assembling and installation, repair and design of elevators, or the equivalent of such experience. Special consideration will be given for experience obtained as inspector of elevators for a municipal, casualty or indemnity, or large elevator company. The minimum age is 21. The salary is from $1,146 to $1,380 a year.

United States.

Examinations will be held tomorrow for laboratory aid and field and laboratory aid in plant pathology. There are vacancies in these positions in the Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture. The salary is from $720 to $1,080 a year. For the former position candidates must have reached their eighteenth but not their twenty-fifth birthday and for the latter their eighteenth but not their thirtieth birthday.

Education Notes.

The Teachers' Welfare League of Brooklyn will hold a meeting at 4:15 P. M. today at the Bedford Branch of the Public Library, Franklin Avenue and Hancock Street. Miss M. H. M. Geiss will speak on "Teachers' Organizations; How to Make Them Succeed."

The Spanish Club of the High School of Commerce has elected the following officers: President—Philip L. Green; Vice President—Irving B. Simon; Secretary—William Ehrlich.

The Teachers' Interests Organization will ask Mayor-elect Hylan to appoint its President, Charles Rozelle, Jr., a member of the new Board of Education.

The Art Alumni of Pratt Institute will hold a reception at 296 Lafayette Avenue on the evening of Nov. 24.

Miss Kate E. Turner, the first woman Principal of a New York City high school, was installed yesterday morning as head of the Bay Ridge High School by Dr. John L. Tildsley, Associate Superintendent in charge of high schools. A large number of her friends were present.

The Board of Education has selected as a site for school purposes the block bounded by East Fifty-third Street, Linden Avenue, East Fifty-fourth Street, and Lenox Road, Brooklyn.

Lands and premises on Elizabeth and Spring Streets, Manhattan, have been selected as a site for playground purposes.

The resignation of Sigmund Landsman, structural steel draftsman in the Bureau of School Buildings, has been accepted.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 8 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

Saves Sugar--Costs Less Than Coffee

Jaffee

THE RATIONAL MEAL-TIME DRINK

JAFFEE is just the drink for war-time. Because it is so manifestly *economical*—100 cups 25c.; requires only one-third the sweetening that coffee does.

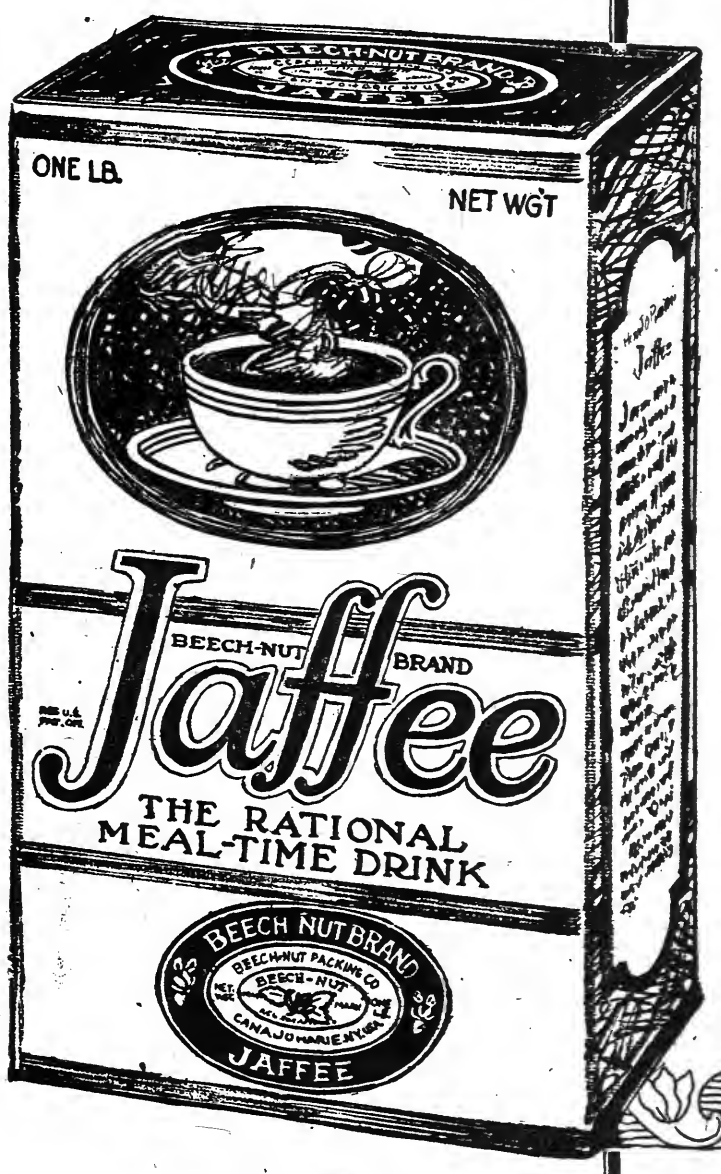
It is a drink for *all* times. *Because of its delicious popular flavor—a flavor hitherto unattained in any drink of similar nature.*

A drink composed wholly of blended fruits and grains. Contains no coffee, caffeine or other stimulant, yet fulfils every requirement of the ideal drink for breakfast, luncheon or dinner, especially for those who cannot use coffee.

Order Jaffee from your grocer to try today.

BEECH-NUT PACKING COMPANY, CANAJOHARIE, N. Y.

"Foods of Finest Flavor"



"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy today; Thursday probably fair; westerly winds.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,851. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1917.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

ITALIANS REPULSE MASSED ATTACKS AT MONFENERA

Drive Invaders Back from Four Attempts to Storm the Mountain Stronghold.

FOE CONCENTRATING THERE

Heavy Fighting Continues for the Possession of the Key to the Plains.

BERLIN REPORTS GAINS HELD

Says Strong Italian Assaults Failed to Recapture Positions on Monte Tomba.

ROME, Nov. 20.—The struggle between the Austro-Germans and the Italians on Monte Tomba and Monte Monfenera, in the mountainous region of Northern Italy, continues. It was officially announced today by the Italian War Department. The invading forces were driven back four times when they attempted to take the Italian positions on the Monfenera Spur.

The text of the statement reads:

The struggle begun on the Monte Tomba-Monte Monfenera front Saturday night is continuing fiercely. The enemy four times interrupted the bombardment of our positions on the Monte Monfenera spur to launch his masses against them. Each time our troops, with courage beyond all praise, drove them back.

In the Meletta region (east of Asiago,) our parties yesterday continued the local offensive operations, which on Sunday and Monday altogether gained us 300 prisoners, including six officers, five machine guns, and several hundred rifles.

On the Piave front, on the islet in front of Folina, three machine guns and several rifles were taken.

Our bombarding airplanes repeatedly and effectively bombed enemy columns in movement along the road in the Lower Piave Valley, in the region of Quero. During the night airships dropped several bombs on enemy bivouacs at Torre di Mosto and in the neighborhood of the Motta di Livenza Bridge, which was damaged. Two enemy machines were downed.

Italians Fall on Tombs, Berlin Says.

BERLIN, Nov. 20, (via London.)—Strong Italian counterattacks against positions captured on the northern slope of Monte Tomba, on the mountain front near the Upper Piave, were unsuccessful, the War Office announced this afternoon. Heavy firing continues in this sector.

The text of the afternoon statement follows:

Strong Italian counterattacks against the positions captured by us on the northern slope of Monte Toma led yesterday to desperate fighting. The fire of our artillery and machine guns thinned the ranks of the enemy, who stormed in close masses, and our infantry drove him back into his former positions. Strong firing continues in this fighting sector.

On the Lower Piave there was nothing new to report.

Heavy Fighting in the North.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 19, (Delayed.)—The enemy is concentrating his attack on the north, and very heavy fighting is in progress south of Quero, where large enemy masses are attacking the Italian positions on Monte Fenera and Monte Tomba.

VICTORS ON THE PIAVE CAN'T BURY AUSTRIANS

Foe Fires on Stretcher Bearers, Who Leave Hundreds Where They Fell.

By The Associated Press.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 19, (Delayed.)—The Associated Press correspondent today made a tour of thirty miles along the Piave battlefront, visiting Zerson, Fagare, and the Sega Mill, where desperate fighting has occurred, and saw the Duke of Aosta, commander of the Third Army, guarding the Piave line, whose men hurled the Austrians into the river and re-established the solidity of the Piave front. At the moment the Duke was issuing an address to his army, congratulating it on its glorious achivement.

An officer from General Staff Headquarters accompanied the correspondent, and, although the headquarters of the Third Army were reached at an early hour, the Duke was coming out to proceed along the front. He held in his hand a war map, which he consulted with his aids before giving directions for the route to be traveled.

It was a striking picture as the Duke stood there studying the map. He is tall, of athletic build, with gray hair and mustache, and face bronzed by exposure. He wore the service uniform of high command, with boots, spurs, and an overcoat edged with black fur. He acknowledged cordially the salutes of the correspondent's party, and a Colonel of his staff explained conditions along the line.

Everywhere, the Colonel said, the enemy had been thrown back except at the brink of the river at Zenson, where a few men were huddled in the bushes, unable to go forward or backward, and were being slowly cut to pieces. At

Continued on Page 3.

"DOLLARS may come and dollars may go, but here's one—" See top of Page 8.—Advt.

Burn Venice, Gabriele d'Annunzio Urges, Rather Than Yield It to the Austrians

By PERCEVAL GIBBON.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VENICE, Monday, Nov. 19, (Delayed.)—I had a conversation with Gabriele d'Annunzio, who since the beginning of the war has been in some sense the mouthpiece of his country. Never in modern times of war has a poet had such universal acclaim and recognition as he from the army of which he is a part and the people of whom he is one. He spoke of Piave first.

"It must, henceforth, be the only river in Italy," he said, "only a sweet water at which the Italian may slake his thirst. The Po, the Tiber, even—we must know nothing of them. The Mincio—never heard of it. It is the Piave which is our secret stream, where we must assemble our strength, the power and passion of our resistance, our patriotism and our fate, so that never, never, never shall the enemy cross this new and holy frontier into our holy land. I am going there myself tomorrow, into the very front line. I must plunge both my hands into those waters."

He spoke of the men. He said he had seen wounded men as debonair as the first who had been wounded in the hours of victory; and then he spoke of Venice. It was then one could comprehend the power he wields over his fellow countrymen, for his dilettantism fell from him, and burning passion sounded in his voice.

"Austrians to walk in the piazza of San Marco!" he cried. "I cannot think of it. It is agony! It is the ultimate horror, not alone for the fact of it, but for all that it signifies. It must never be! Now, if ever, we Italians must experience the resurrection of our great qualities. We must make a great and immortal gesture, one which shall thrill the world. Rather than devote those stones to the tread of Austria let us fire the city! Let that beauty, that inspiration, perish in a fire whose glow shall illuminate the pages of your history for all time! Better that than to surrender it!"

The guns are still loud in the distance, and the "All safe" signal of the current raid has not yet been given. War is creeping upon Venice; its fires are burning ever nearer. It is the waters of the Piave that must quench them, and the news that comes hither tonight is good.

SUFFRAGE LEADERS ARMY OF 100,000 CALL FOR REPRISAL TO REPRESS PLOTS

Recommend That Women Vote as Women to Punish Past Opposition.

Will Be Organized by Militia Bureau to Carry Out President's Proclamation.

DECLARE FOR AUTONOMY

CALL ON STATES FOR MEN

Will Not Join Old Parties and Will Make Federal Amendment Test of Candidates.

Pictures of Coast Fortifications Found in Papers of German Seized Here.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The most complete machinery used for the purpose by any nation will be erected by this Government to enforce the President's proclamation to put down destruction of property by enemy influences. It was learned today that President Wilson is firm in the view that one of the most important tasks of the Government at present is to destroy the malign alien influences crippling industry. A force of at least 100,000 men will be needed.

Acting under the President's direct orders, Secretary of War Baker today instructed the Bureau of Militia Affairs that it would be the central organization authorized to execute the plan for watching enemy aliens and enforcing the President's proclamation. These seasoned regular officers are instructed to create a guard to protect the prohibited area around warehouses, piers, and shipping points, and to be the eyes of the nation in the enforcement of the registration of Germans.

Regular army men will be used as guards in some instances, but as far as possible Home Guards, State Constabulary, and municipal police will be employed in guarding the prohibited districts and in enforcing the registration and other provisions of the proclamation. Under the terms of the proclamation the Attorney General is authorized to protect all industries within three miles of a river or navigable stream. In this zone are most of the war industries and shipyards.

States Are Asked for Help.

Secretary of War Baker today instructed Colonel Jesse C. Carter, Acting Chief of the Bureau of Militia Affairs, to confer with State Adjutant Generals and learn how large a force each State can furnish and is willing to contribute. Secretary Baker emphasized the point that the States are not required to furnish such protection, but it is hoped that the different home guard organizations will gladly volunteer and act under Federal direction.

In a letter to Adjutant Generals, Colonel Carter, after calling attention to the President's proclamation and the necessity for prompt and effective carrying out of the regulations, asks these questions:

"What forces are now available in your State for this duty?

"Are there any forces sufficiently strong to do the work effectively?

"What facilities are available for the transportation of State guards?

"What do you see in your State that needs more effective policing?

"What facilities seem to be menaced by an alien population?

"Will there be any objection to having State guards or troops under the direction of the Bureau of Military Affairs?

"Will State guards and State constabularies object to being employed in the enforcement of the President's proclamation?"

In the larger cities the police will be asked to aid in different ways, but it is thought that in New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, New Jersey, and West Virginia the Home Guards are strong enough and sufficiently well organized to do effective police duty in the enforcement of the proclamation.

It was learned today that one of the first moves to be made in Congress would be the introduction of an amendment to Section 4,067 of the Revised Statutes, which defines as alien enemies males above 14 years of age. Because of the inhibition of this law, the President could not compel the removal of German women from the District of Columbia and the Panama Canal Zone.

It is well recognized that the allies of Germany, not yet recognized as ene-

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American Destroyer Chauncey Goes Down In Collision in War Zone; 21 Men Missing

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The American destroyer Chauncey, which has been engaged in naval patrol duty and the U-boat hunt in foreign waters, has been sunk in collision, according to an announcement made by the Navy Department today on the basis of a brief cablegram from Vice Admiral Sims, who said that probably twenty-one lives were lost.

"The Chauncey," said the official announcement, "a small American destroyer on patrol duty in foreign waters, was sunk in a collision early Monday morning. First dispatches indicate that twenty-one lives were lost. Further information will be made public when full reports are received."

The Chauncey was one of the old type of destroyers, completed in 1902, and displaced 420 tons, less than half the displacement of the newer and speedier destroyers now being built. Her complement was ninety-one officers and men.

For several years before the war the Chauncey was used only in coast defense work, and was classified as a coast torpedo vessel. She was built in Philadelphia.

M'ADOO PROPOSED NEW WAR COUNCIL, SAYS NORTHCLIFFE

Editor Says He and M. Tardieu Worked On the Suggestion for Months Over Here.

LAUDS WILSON AS LEADER

And Contrasts Him with "Do Nothings" That Are Hampering Lloyd George.

CALLS PREMIER "LIVE WIRE"

But His "Shirt Front" and "Rubber Stamp" Aids Are "Laying Down on Him."

By CHARLES H. GRASTY

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Lord Northcliffe granted me an interview this morning, and the statement which follows herewith is the first cabled with his authority to an American newspaper since his return here.

"There is much interest in the United States in the mention of your name as a possible successor to Lloyd George," I suggested.

"That is mere Fleet Street nonsense," replied Lord Northcliffe. "We have a live wire at the helm. Unfortunately, a good many of the officers of his ship of state are shirt fronts and rubber stamps."

Lord Northcliffe was speaking in the London offices of the British War Mission—a seventeenth century building beneath the great shadow of the tower of the House of Lords, and a very marked contrast to his offices at 681 Fifth Avenue, New York City, and the Munsey Building, Washington. He was lamenting the absence of steam heating and pointing out that after the consumption of 100 pounds of coal in a mediaeval fireplace the temperature of the room had not been raised to 50 degrees.

"The situation in Great Britain," said Lord Northcliffe, "is no better understood in the United States than the American position is here in London. First, realize that not one Englishman in a hundred has any idea of the powers of the President. He is regarded by most Englishmen as the Prime Minister, and our Prime Minister is removable by a single adverse vote in the House of Commons. It is not understood here that the President has supreme authority over the army and navy. Thus, when his hurry-up call came to London yesterday morning in the shape of his message to Colonel House as to the essential needs of an interallied council, only two newspapers in London featured the message, and most of them buried it at the bottom of the column under small two-line heads.

"Do-Nothings" and "Deadheads."

"It is realized that the President is a man of great determination, clarity of vision and fair-mindedness. It has become apparent in the last six months that his character is in marked contrast to the do-nothings and obstructionists in our Cabinet whose inertia compelled me to refuse the high Cabinet position offered me by Lloyd George.

"The situation here is that a number of political back numbers are playing politics. They will not succeed. The other situation is that, with all his virility, vitality, and industry, the Prime Minister, Lloyd George, is not equal to the double task of fighting the enemy abroad and the deadheads of his own Cabinet, who are 'laying down on him.' Sooner or later he must reconstruct his Cabinet.

"The men who really run our Government are Lloyd George, Lord Milner, and General Smuts. Churchill is wiping out his Gallipoli blunder by great activity in shell production. He is proving an excellent Minister of Munitions, and if he does not start interfering with war strategy will eventually regain public confidence.

"The allegations that Lloyd George is plotting against our great Commander in Chief, Sir Douglas Haig, are untrue. The public have supreme confidence in our proved military leader, and would not tolerate interference by any politician, even our Prime Minister himself. I am in favor of a War Council that should meet continually, at which the actual heads of the various armies should be present, not merely representatives, and I believe that Haig, Pershing, Pétain, and Dias should meet at some suitable place in France at least once a week.

"The modern General has no need to be actually with his army in these days of telephones and telegraphs. Haig could just as easily conduct his opera-

Continued on Page 2.

LLOYD GEORGE ASKS US TO RUSH TROOPS AND ENORMOUS TONNAGE OF SHIPPING; RUSSIA SAID TO SEEK SEPARATE PEACE

BOLSHEVIKI TO QUIT ALLIES?

Berlin and Stockholm Have Report Which May Be German 'Feeler.'

STORY OF KERENSKY SUICIDE

And Rumor in Sweden Is That Entente Diplomats Are Leaving City.

RUSSIANS IN FRANCE REBEL

Mutiny, Fomented by Maximalists in May, Put Down by French Cannon.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 20.—The Tidningen, an important and responsible newspaper here, learns that information has reached Stockholm through diplomatic channels, though not through the Swedish Foreign Office, that Russia's official participation in the war is not far from its ending.

The report is to the effect that the people are utterly tired of war and that Russia must be regarded as standing before an immediate peace.

The foreign legations in Petrograd are said to be protected by Polish soldiers.

A rumor has wide currency in Petrograd that Kerensky shot himself at Pekoff. Another rumor is that the Entente Ambassadors are leaving Petrograd.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 20.—The Berlin correspondent of the National Tidende learns that the German Government has received information by an indirect route that the Russian Maximalist Government has declared Russia out of the war.

The correspondent ascribes his information to a competent source, and later in the dispatch indicates that it was received from a military quarter, where, he says, the belief is now held that the prospects for a "peace of conciliation" are far better than before.

He adds a long statement on the military situation, intended to indicate that the Entente might as well give up all hope of defeating Germany and come to terms with the Central Powers.

The whole dispatch gives the impression of having been carefully prepared officially for the correspondent and may be regarded as a feeler.

Nothing has been heard in usually well informed Danish quarters with regard to the report. A Dane, who, better than most of his countrymen, is in a position to judge the sentiment of both England and Germany, told The Associated Press today that he expected a long continuation of the war.

German Socialists Back Bolsheviki.

Philipp Scheidemann and Friedrich Ebert, German Socialist leaders, before large meetings in Dresden and Elberfeld yesterday, launched a campaign designed to force the German and Austrian Governments to abandon their present plans for annexations under the guise of protectorates over Poland, Lithuania, and the Baltic provinces, and accept the peace offer of the Russian Bolsheviki.

Herr Scheidemann said Germany would be endangered and the proposed general disarament and lasting peace would be placed in jeopardy if Russia should be forced by German pressure to become a military State. He expressed pleasure at the general condemnation which he said was being made manifest within the Central Empires of the plan to make the Austrian Emperor King of Poland and invest the German Emperor with the authority of Duke of Courland and Prince of Lithuania.

Ebert, like Scheidemann, proposed resolutions of solidarity with the Russian Maximalists, and said that German labor must do its duty to force the Government to make an unambiguous, affirmative answer to the proposals of the Bolsheviki.

FRENCH CANNON END RUSSIAN CAMP MUTINY

Muscovites Rebelled Against Allies in May—Were Finally Subdued in September.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—An interesting official report of a mutiny of Russian troops in France has been published by the Provisional Government in the Russian press. Details of the report are reprinted here in the Manchester Guardian.

Soon after the revolution had broken out in Russia there appeared in Paris a number of newspapers of most extreme views. These papers reached the Russian troops in France and there began a frantic Maximalist propaganda, so it was not surprising that serious agitation appeared among the troops which seemed itself in unpleasant hostility toward their officers. Finally a mutiny broke out.

On order of Kerensky, the Minister of War, Commissary Rapp proceeded to the Russian troops on May 18. He reviewed the different units and made some changes in their organization, but the ferment continued none the less. The First Brigade refused to go on manoeuvres, explaining that it was use-

Continued on Page 2.

Russia, Minus a Government, Still Goes On; Petrograd Council Proposes National Election

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Monday, Nov. 19.—Life goes on in an unintelligible way, defying bold plots and amazing negations, cheating all prophets and baffling all calculations. Trains still run, the electric light still burns, tradesmen still hand over goods in return for scraps of paper that are called money, and even the postman does his daily round.

There is no Government in Russia yet. Russia still exists by force of habit, by virtue of some common irrefutable, irrational belief. There is bitterness and wrath and futile bloodshed. There is conflict that is furious but diffuse, violent up to within an ace of a decisive point, perpetually and desperately inconclusive. If only one could point to a man or a group and say, "Here is hope of salvation, here is promise of a new day!" But there is no concentration as yet, no visible organizing centre.

I hear Socialists talking gloomily, depressed beyond all measure, contemplating the wreck of all their hopes, bewailing their own errors, loathing their own verbiage, and taking refuge in a lingering instinct of patriotism that for months they have passionately denied. I listen to them, but they proffer now no solution. They are afraid of the Bolsheviki and afraid of a dictatorship, and yet half inclined to make common cause with some of the Bolsheviki even now against the coming dictator wherever and whoever he may be.

Here in Petrograd the City Council have ceased negotiating with the Bolsheviki—who, in fact, never displayed any real willingness to negotiate—and are casting about for some democratic method of checking civil war and tiding over the period of anarchy till some central authority can be established. They proposed summoning a kind of new pre-parliament of representatives of local government bodies, and now they have decided to proceed energetically with the elections to the constituent assembly.

How elections can be held with the country in its present state it is difficult for an outside observer to understand, but the Petrograd City Council thinks if only half the constituencies elect, if only half the Deputies turn up in Petrograd, that, at any rate, will serve as a nucleus for the re-establishment of a central power. It seems a fantastic hope.

And in the meantime the ordinary administrative business of Russia is at a standstill, or rather there is no co-ordinating and directing power, and in default of instructions, local administrators are living on the resources of habit and on their wits. The process of disorganization goes on apace. The problems of food and fuel grow daily more menacing. Further anarchy and starvation loom ahead. It is a matter of continual astonishment that anything or any one works at all, that shops and banks do open, that we can send and receive telegrams, that draymen rise in the morning early and go about their daily work. The Russians are certainly at bottom a most extraordinarily law-abiding people, considering continual opportunity for and provocation to excess.

Outside Petrograd now there is a considerable force of infantry, cavalry, and artillery somewhere between Luga and Gatchina. From all accounts they are against the Bolsheviki, but demand a coalition Socialist Ministry. The Bolsheviki yesterday sent out the Red Guard and soldiers to meet them, but it seems to be doubtful whether there will be any real fighting, for the simple reason that both sides have very obscure notions of who or what to fight for.

As to Kaledines, whom Petrograd Socialists regard as the dreaded coming dictator, only faint rumors filter through as to his actions and plans. It seems tolerably certain that he secured complete control of the Donetz mining area, where he established industrial committees, consisting each of two representatives of the workers, two of employers, and one of the Cossacks. What is known of his methods does not sound excessively dictatorial, and it is said he demands a Constituent Assembly to meet in Moscow.

The problem of Russia's future is now a matter not for speculation but for liveliest imagination, and the probabilities are fantastic. Here one has the impression that the Petrograd period of Russian history has come to an end.

HAIG STARTS DRIVE ON SOMME FRONT

Reports "Satisfactory Results" of Operations Between St. Quentin and the Scarpe.

TAKES CAPTIVES AND BOOTY

Berlin Admits Ground Lost on Roads to Cambrai, but Is Taking 'Counter Measures."

LONDON, Nov. 20.—British forces on the Somme front, between St. Quentin and the Scarpe, carried out a series of attacks early this morning which are described by Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, in his report issued tonight, as having had "satisfactory results." War material in considerable quantity was captured from the Germans, and a number of prisoners were taken.

Referring to the same operations, the supplementary night report issued in Berlin says that the British "attacked with strong forces and gained ground," adding that the German countermeasures "are in full swing."

The text of the British night bulletin follows:

Soon after daybreak this morning we carried out a series of operations between St. Quentin and the Scarpe. These operations have been conducted with satisfactory results. A considerable quantity of material and a number of prisoners have been taken, but no estimate can yet be given.

The weather has become stormy and wet, rendering action by our aircraft very difficult. The hostile artillery has been active at a number of points on the Ypres battlefront, particularly in the neighborhood of Zonnebeke and Passchendaele.

In his afternoon bulletin Field Marshal Haig said:

Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire troops made a successful raid last night east of Fampoux. In the region of Wytschaete a raiding party of Germans was driven off by our fire.

BERLIN, Nov. 20, (via London.)—The supplementary report from General Headquarters tonight says:

There was lively artillery activity at Poelcappelle and Passchendaele, (Flanders.)

In the region between the roads leading from Bapaume and Peronne toward Cambrai, the British attacked with strong forces and gained ground. Our countermeasures are in full swing.

The afternoon report from Berlin laid stress upon the increasing intensity of

Continued on Page 2.

'NOTHING BUT WAR,' PLEDGE TO FRANCE

New Cabinet Is Resolved to Double Efforts, Clemenceau Tells Deputies.

SWIFT DOOM FOR PLOTTERS

"Crimes" at Home Not to Hamper Army, Says Premier—Sustained by 418 to 65.

PARIS, Nov. 20.—The Chamber of Deputies this evening gave a vote of confidence to M. Clemenceau, the new Premier, by 418 to 65.

M. Clemenceau read to the Chamber the Ministerial declaration which had been decided upon by the new Cabinet. In the Senate the document was read by Louis Nail, the Minister of Justice. The declaration was as follows:

"We have accepted places in the Government in order to conduct the war with redoubled effort, for the better application of all our energies. We come before you with the sole idea of an integral war.

"We would like that the confidence which we shall ask you to give us be your own conscientious action, and we appeal to the historic virtues that exist in us French. Never did France feel so clearly the need to live and develop in the idea of force placed at the service of the human conscience—in the resolve progressively to advance the right, both as among individuals and as between peoples capable of establishing their liberties.

"'Conquer that justice may prevail'—that is the watchword of all our Governments since the beginning of the war. That program, open as the sky, we shall maintain.

Centres All Effort on Army.

"We have great soldiers, of great traditions, under leaders tempered by trials and animated by that supreme devotion which gave their elders renown. Through them, through all of us, the

Continued on Page 2.

Your family will be safe at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C., finest resort hotel in the world. Not a cure, sick guests not admitted. —Advt.

PREMIER'S PLEA TO MISSION

Says Allies' Welfare Depends Upon Early Supply of Vessels.

ASKS ALL TROOPS POSSIBLE

Asserts Russian Collapse and Italian Reverses Make Need Still More Imperative.

SEVERE FOOD RESTRICTIONS

Will Be Imposed in Britain Soon —Counts Heavily on Aircraft.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Addressing members of the American War Mission and his followers among the leading representatives of the British Government at a historic conference held in Downing Street today on the prosecution of the war, Premier Lloyd George emphasized the importance of the American shipbuilding and military programs.

The Prime Minister told the mission that the collapse of Russia and the reverses to Italy "made it even more imperative than before that the United States send as many troops as possible across the Atlantic as early as it can."

The Premier said he wished to recognize the eager earnestness with which the people of the United States were throwing themselves into the great task. He expressed absolute confidence that the great democracies now marching shoulder to shoulder would utterly overthrow the menace which threatened the liberty of the world.

In opening his speech, the Prime Minister said:

"It is a source of great satisfaction to my colleagues and myself that this gathering of two nations, now equally dedicated to the common task of defending the liberties of the world, should take place in the very room in which the statesmen of an earlier and less enlightened period committed the blunders which had estranged them.

"This conference is a business gathering—the culmination of hard, patient, unobstrusive work done between the members of the mission and the various British departments. Its purpose is to determine how the United States can best co-operate with Great Britain and the other Allies.

"Like Britain, the United States is a pacific power and, therefore, has had to build up a war organization from the start. In doing so she can learn from many mistakes which Britain made. Two of the most urgent matters today are man power on the fronts and shipping.

Send Troops as Soon as Possible.

"The collapse of Russia and the recent reverses of Italy make it even more imperative than before that the United States should send as many troops as possible across the Atlantic as early as possible. I am anxious to know how soon the first million men can be expected in France."

The Premier explained that British shipping was now wholly employed in war work, partly for the Allies, partly on the British account, and added:

"Assuming that the submarine situation gets no worse, the easing of the position of the Allies depends entirely upon the dates on which the American program for the launching of the 6,000,000 tons of shipping, promised for 1918, comes into practical effect. I have no doubt that with the largest industrial resources of the world, a most highly trained and adaptable industrial population, and an exceptional national gift of organization, the accomplishment of America in the matter of shipbuilding will astonish everybody."

Dealing with the airplane situation, the Premier said:

"Command of the air in the battle line is almost as essential as command of the sea. The people of the United States possess to an unusual degree qualities of enterprise and daring necessary to the creation of successful airmen. The American climate also lends itself to the development of the air service, because it is clearer and more equable than the climate of the British Isles. This is of special value, because the training of pilots, the creation of flying units, and the building of airdromes are as essential to the creation of an air service as the building of airplanes themselves."

Referring to food, the Premier said that the Allies were becoming increasingly dependent upon what the North American Continent could produce, and economize in the use of food. He assured the mission that the most drastic restrictions were about to be imposed upon the people of the British Isles, partly in order to assist the Allies, partly in order to leave more room for the carriage of men and munitions to the battle fronts. The Premier said that he regarded the tightening of the blockade as of next importance.

"Close co-operation between the United States and the powers of Western Europe can bring still greater economic pressure to bear on the Central Powers during the war," he said.

The Premier then thanked the mission

for the great services rendered by the United States Navy.

Benson Speaks for America.

In reply, Admiral Benson, on behalf of the mission, said that the mission was learning many lessons from the Allies. He expressed the gratitude of its members for the manner with which all sources of information had been thrown open to them.

"The United States is heart and soul in the war," he said, "and the country absolutely indorses the statement of President Wilson that none of its resources would be spared, its men and ships, or work, in order to win the war."

Admiral Benson then gave the conference information as to what the United States had done and was doing, not only in training armies, in building fleets, and in the manufacture of munitions, but in food economy and the construction of aircraft.

Practical Results Achieved.

The Premier's speech opened the discussion, which, beginning about noon, continued for an hour and a half. The session, of course, was behind closed doors. At the close one of the conferees said that a spirit of the greatest earnestness and unity permeated the meeting and that the most important practical results were achieved.

The American representatives present included General Tasker H. Bliss, Chief of Staff; Admiral William S. Benson, Chief of Naval Operations; Thomas Nelson Perkins, member of the Priority Board; Dr. Alonzo Taylor, representing the Food Controller; Bainbridge Colby of the United States Shipping Board, Oscar T. Crosby, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and Vance McCormick, Chairman of the War Trade Board. Colonel E. M. House, head of the mission, was not present. His secretary, Gordon Auchincloss, represented him.

The British representatives were Premier Lloyd George, Foreign Minister Balfour, Viscount Milner, George Nicoll Barnes, and Earl Curzon of Kedleston, constituting the War Cabinet; Lord Reading and Lord Northcliffe; the Earl of Derby, General Sir William R. Robertson and Lieut. Gen. Jan C. Smuts, representing the army; Sir Eric Geddes and Admiral Sir John R. Jellicoe, representing the navy, and Major John L. Baird, Baron Rhondda, Lord Robert Cecil, Walter Hume Long, and Dr. Christopher Addison, representing, respectively, aviation, food, blockade, petroleum, and munitions.

None of the numerous allied war councils of the last three years occasioned so much interest as today's meeting. The scene was the dingy old residence in Downing Street which has served the Prime Ministers of many generations as both home and office, and the room was the Council Chamber, where the cabinets met and where the destinies of the empire have been shaped since the days of the American Revolution. The general work of the meeting constituted the taking of stock of the resources and needs of both countries, and, to some extent, of the continental allies.

Lord Reading was the first to arrive. He had a five-minute chat with Premier Lloyd George and then prepared to greet the distinguished men from America and the British participants. Some of these came on foot and others in motors driven by khaki-clad chauffeurs. There was no demonstration by the sightseers, only a small group to whom the time of the meeting was known being present. These, with the reporters and a battery of newspaper and War Office photographers, however, crowded together in Downing Street to catch a glimpse of the conferees.

Admiral Jellicoe, Chief of the Naval Staff, arrived with Sir Eric Campbell Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty. They were accompanied by a six-foot bricklayer carrying dispatches. Lord Robert Cecil, the Minister of Blockade, walked unaccompanied from the Foreign Office. The crowds displayed deep interest in General Tasker H. Bliss, Chief of Staff of the American Army, and Admiral William S. Benson, who arrived separately with their aids.

Cablegram to House Confirmed.

In the course of the conference the members had frequent recourse to the mass of statistics and official documents at their command. There was little formality about the proceedings. Lord Reading, the Lord Chief Justice, started them by explaining the purpose of the meeting. The discussion that followed was general.

Chancellor Bonar Law said in the House of Commons today, in response to a question, that the British Government had information quite officially that President Wilson had sent a cablegram asking Colonel House and General Bliss to attend the first meeting of the Inter-allied War Council.

The text of the question, submitted by William M. R. Pringle, Liberal, follows:

"Whether the Government has received any intimation from the Government of the United States to the effect that President Wilson asked Colonel House and General Bliss to attend the Supreme War Council which is to take place at the end of the month, and that President Wilson had cabled to Colonel House that the Government of the United States considered unity of plan and control between all the Allies essential; whether a statement to this effect in the press yesterday was issued by authority of the Government; whether Mr. Bonar Law's attention has been called to the message from Washington published this morning, in which it was stated that President Wilson denied he had sent a cable in the terms quoted, and whether in these circumstances the Government could make an authoritative statement on the matter."

To this question the Chancellor replied:

"President Wilson selected Colonel House to take part not only in the Inter-allied Conference but in the Supreme War Council, with General Bliss as his military adviser. There ought to be no misunderstanding. We have that information quite officially."

Hopes America Will Take Charge.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—William M. R. Pringle, Liberal, who, in the House of Commons today, put the question to Bonar Law concerning President Wilson's unity telegram to Colonel House, referred to the same subject in a speech in the House last night, criticising Premier Lloyd George's statement. Mr. Pringle's words, as reported in the official Parliamentary debates, were:

"I maintain that, however valuable in many ways the initiative and imagination and enterprise of Lloyd George may be to this country, nevertheless on all questions of high statesmanship he has been a false guide, and it is because he is a false guide that the sooner this Government falls the better for the country.

"There is only one ray of hope in all this. I notice with great pleasure in the press this morning that in a message President Wilson asked Colonel House to join this Allied Council, and that he has suggested that the American Chief of Staff should join it, with a view to securing unity of control.

"Lord Northcliffe said one illuminating thing in his recent notorious letter. That was that probably America would take charge later on, in view of the way in which the war had been managed in this country. I say, in God's name, let America do so! It will be a good thing for this country, a good thing for Europe, and a good thing for the world if America does take charge, because if America takes charge of the war you will see it managed on somewhat different lines from those to which we have become accustomed during the last twelve months, and we shall see what is even more important and what I believe will contribute more than anything else to the good of the world, an American peace."

MET IN HISTORIC ROOM.

Scene in Council Chamber as Americans and British Conferred.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—It was in the historic chamber where the decisions that led the American colonies into revolution were taken and at the very table at which the draft of the Stamp Act was approved that the chosen delegates of the United States met today members of the War Cabinet of Great Britain and conferred freely with them upon the share each country could contribute to the great fight for liberty.

The Americans were welcomed by the Premier in a short speech referring felicitously to the historic character of the gathering and to the memories that room called up. After a reply from Admiral Benson expressing the determination of the United States to continue the fight for the right to the end, the meeting settled down to business.

The Cabinet meeting room is behind the Premier's official residence, 10 Downing Street. It is a plain, unpretentious chamber, in size about 35 by 20 feet, looking out on the Premier's garden, now almost completely filled by a temporary office building for his secretaries. The main feature of the room is a long mahogany council table, around which every British Cabinet has sat for at least 200 years.

The Premier today took an armchair at the middle of one side of the council table, and was flanked by members of the War Cabinet—leading Ministers such as Balfour, Derby, Geddes, and Rhondda, and such important officials as Robertson, Jellicoe, Reading, and Northcliffe. On the other side the members of the American Mission were ranged. Colonel House was absent, as this was a meeting to consider business details, not the political situation, so Admiral Benson faced Lloyd George, with his colleagues on either side of him.

All around the room, except where the windows gave on the garden, were bookshelves laden with heavy calf-bound folios of "Statutes at Large," but the books were almost hidden by a multiplicity of war maps from every part of the world. Only one picture relieved the room, a fine portrait of Sir Francis Bacon, which hung over the fireplace.

After the preliminary speeches, the War Cabinet withdrew, and Lord Reading took over the Chairmanship. The meeting took the shape of informal conferences between groups composed of American and British representatives interested in the same subjects.

CALL LLOYD GEORGE VICTOR.

Even Opposing Newspapers Concede Strength of Premier's Speech.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—The reception of Premier Lloyd George's speech of yesterday in the House of Commons by the morning newspapers justifies the assumption that the storm which lately threatened a crisis has passed, not only without damaging the Premier's hold on the country, but perhaps even strengthening it. It is conceded, even by his opponents, that the speech was in the Premier's best manner and was a parliamentary triumph. Editorial encomiums flow freely from his supporters, while the comments of hostile critics lack the fierceness of previous denunciation.

The Daily News, which has been hostile to the Premier, says that his reply concerning the military council contrasted startlingly with his Paris speech, and asks, if the council is only to be a body concerning which everybody is agreed, what reason there was for the sensational talk in Paris.

The Morning Post, another critic, objects again to the Premier's proposal. It says it may not work for unity, but for division and paralysis, which result from a conflict of expert opinion. It says that it was ingenuous for Premier Lloyd George to plead that he wished in Paris to shock everybody into a sense of reality, but that the soldiers know the terrible reality too well.

The Graphic says the speech failed entirely to clear up the situation, and wonders why the tone of the Paris speech was one of utmost gloom while the speech in the House was marked by almost exaggerated optimism.

Other editorials hail the Premier as a victor. The Daily Telegraph says he won, hands down, adding:

"No movement against a Government in our time ever perhaps was so completely defeated in a single speech."

The Daily Chronicle congratulated Premier Lloyd George on the effectiveness and vigor of his defense. It says:

"Outside critics overreach themselves. They should take a lesson from Mr. Asquith in abstaining from malice and irrelevance in criticism."

"The Premier achieved a great personal triumph," says The Times, "and also completely vindicated to the satisfaction of the House of Commons the essential soundness in its broad principles of the scheme for a closer union of the Allies."

The Times, nevertheless, adheres to the opinion that parts of his Paris speech were dangerous, but thinks that the reasons the Premier gave for them are undeniably weighty.

The Daily Mail congratulates the Premier on his "brilliant success," and wishes that all upon whom he relies for co-operation and support were as resolute and energetic as Lloyd George himself.

The Daily Express says that the speech demonstrated that Premier Lloyd George is the inevitable head of the nation in this hour of trial, and urges him now "to rid the ship of state of the barnacles still clinging to it."

WARNS BRITISH ABOUT FOOD.

Must Save or Undergo Rationing, Controller Rhondda Says.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Baron Rhondda, Food Controller, in a speech in the House of Lords today, said he was still hopeful that compulsory rationing could be avoided, but that it must come unless in the approaching few weeks the public fully responded to the appeals for voluntary rationing.

"There is no fear whatever of famine," said Baron Rhondda, "but the country might have to endure a scarcity."

The Controller said that the Allies would not lose the war through submarines. He was sanguine that there would be the necessary tonnage to provide the necessary supplies.

The situation as regards food stocks, Baron Rhondda continued, was generally better than at this time last year, but the country now had to supply France and Italy. If it were only a question of supplying Great Britain, he said he thought compulsory rationing would be needless.

LET FRENCHMAN LEAD, SAYS WHITNEY WARREN

Wants the Allies to Accept a Generalissimo Who Will Wage a Vigorous Offensive.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 20.—The following article by Whitney Warren is printed this morning in Premier Clémenceau's paper, L'Homme Libre:

"There is no problem at the present hour more urgent than that of a unified command. To solve it all the statesmen in power in all the Entente countries must devote their whole energy. Everywhere public opinion now fully realizes the importance of this question, and Governments are never so sure to be right as when their policy is based on untrammeled popular instinct.

"Common sense declares that Germany's successes are due to the unity of direction that she has been able to impose on her allies. The real strength of the Central Empires lies in the dominating brain of Hindenburg, and that superiority alone has hitherto sufficed to avert every peril of the most critical hours.

"The value of the Entente trumps has always been weakened by the lack of a guiding hand to co-ordinate and lead their game. Where is this hand to be found? Obviously, from a military viewpoint, none has the right to set itself up over France. Neither England, America, nor Italy is qualified to put forward its knowledge of war's science, and more especially its experience in this war, in comparison with that of the nation that has had the habit of victory throughout the centuries.

"It is simple logic that bids the Allies intrust to France the task of leading their armies in the supreme struggle. A French leader ought to apportion to each his part and lay out the lines of a plan that will insure Germany's defeat.

"We must hesitate no longer. It would be a crime against humanity to hearken to the voice of national pride and to compromise the common success by petty considerations of national precedence. To the German generalissimo, the head of the enemy coalition, we must oppose a French generalissimo, the head of the armies of the Entente. Any less vigorous arrangement is doomed to failure.

"It is not for me to name the proposed leader. All that I may say is that he ought to be inspired by the spirit of offensive. That is the price to be paid for breaking the German line. That such a line can be broken has just been proved on the Italian front.

"Too long has the theory of economic victory prejudiced that of military victory. To save bloodshed there has been a wish to stick to a military defensive and leave to the blockade the task of forcing Germany to ask for peace. The result has been to allow Germany to strike where she pleased and to profit from the weaknesses which so wide and varied a front as that of the Allies is bound to offer.

"I still repeat what I have repeated in vain for the last six months. If unity of command had existed and if the desire to find a favorable point for a common offensive had been the guiding thought of a single generalissimo, the French, English, and Italians would today be at Trieste and Laibach.

"That would not have prevented the blockade from tightening and from weakening the enemy's resources day by day. The truth appears clearly. The formula of 'a military defense and an economic offensive' must be replaced by that of a 'military and economic offensive.' Otherwise it means that peace is more distant with all that that implies of wasted blood and accumulated ruin.

"Nor must we take a military offensive on land alone. There is the sea also—that huge front on which no decisive attack has yet been tried. There, too, we need a unified command which naturally should be intrusted to England. It will be the English task to co-ordinate the sea forces of Britain, America, France, and Italy, and to strike a decisive blow at the enemy coasts, either in the North or in the Adriatic.

"As for the economic offensive, why not intrust its direction to the United States? They possess all the elements needed to carry it through to a successful issue.

"In conclusion, what must be done is to replace the triumvirate born from the meeting at Rapello by a council formed of a single head of land, a single head of naval, and a single head of economic operations. From the working together of these three—one Frenchman, one Englishman, and one American—should come speedy victory and peace.

"If the Italian retreat could lead to some such co-ordination of effort when the world's destiny is at stake, then that retreat would prove to have been a blessing instead of a disaster."

BRITISH CASUALTIES HIGHER

32,227 for a Week, an Increase of More Than 7,000.

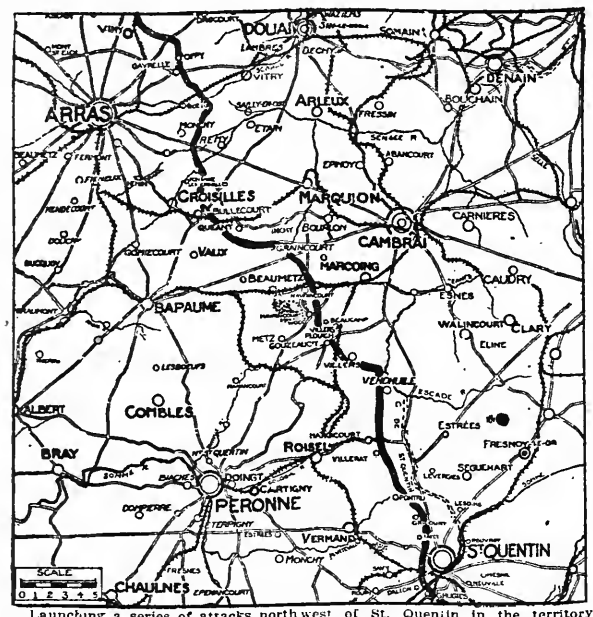
LONDON, Nov. 20.—British casualties reported in the week ending today reached a total of 32,227. They were divided as follows:

Killed or died of wounds: Officers, 296; men, 6,160.

Wounded or missing: Officers, 923; men, 24,848.

The British casualty lists have been increasing recently, probably in consequence of the bitter fighting in Flanders. Last week they were 25,065, and in the preceding week 21,891.

Scene of New British Thrust Toward Cambrai



Launching a series of attacks north west of St. Quentin in the territory between that city and the Scarpe River, Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig today obtained what he describes as "satisfactory results." The heavy black line represents the battlefront in this sector, in which for a long time there have been no major operations.

HAIG STARTS DRIVE ON SOMME FRONT

Continued from Page 1.

the artillery fighting on the Flanders front, saying:

Army Group of Prince Rupprecht—The artillery duel in Flanders increased considerably yesterday afternoon from Houthoulst Wood to Zandvoorde, continuing throughout the night with undiminished violence. A strong and destructive fire was directed in the region of Poelcappelle and Passchendaele.

Active fighting also was revived in the Artois, on both sides of the Scarpe and near Bullecourt and Quennt. Enemy reconnoitring detachments were repulsed in hand-to-hand fighting.

GERMANS RUSH MEN AND GUNS TO FLANDERS

Holland and Denmark Report Big Transfers of Troops, Presumably From Russia.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—A telegram from Maestricht, Holland, to Amsterdam, as forwarded by the Central News, reports a great movement of troops with artillery on all roads leading to the Flanders front. These troops are believed to have come from the Russian front.

A dispatch from Copenhagen says:

"Reports from several sources in Germany bear out the assumption that, taking advantage of the situation in Russia, the German Government is making heavy transfers of troops from the Russian front. Only part of them appear to be going to Italy, where the front is too narrow to permit of the use of great masses, and a blow by von Hindenburg at some other point, in the way of diversion, may perhaps be expected.

"Some troops are reported to have been moved to the western front, but this is not necessarily significant, as Field Marshal Haig's pounding tactics make necessary frequent reliefs for exhausted German divisions.

"German newspapers discuss with suspicious frankness and avidity the prospect of an offensive on the Saloniki front, but have never a word to say about the obvious chance of a smashing blow at Rumania in an effort to end the resistance of that nation. As for Italy, if the Austrians and Germans find the reinforced Italian Army too hard a nut to attempt to crack, the Central Powers can easily and quickly change to the defensive on a strong line for the purpose of seeking to force a decision on some other selected front with the bulk of their strategic reserve."

GERMAN THRUST AT VERDUN.

Small Gains Near Caurieres Mostly Lost When French Counterattack.

PARIS, Nov. 20.—The Germans made an attack last night on a front of one kilometer in the Verdun sector north of Caurières Wood. They succeeded in penetrating the French advanced positions over a small extent of this front, says this afternoon's official statement, but subsequently were expelled for the most part.

Following is the text of the afternoon report:

North of St. Quentin we easily repulsed a raid in the region of Fayet. In Champagne there was rather heavy artillery fighting in the sector of Butte du Mesnil.

On the right bank of the Meuse, (Verdun sector,) after an intense bombardment of the front between Bezonvaux and Chaume Wood, the Germans attacked our positions north of Caurières Wood over an extent of about one kilometer. The attack was broken by our fire, and the Germans were not able to approach our advanced lines except over a very small space. Enemy troops which succeeded in gaining a footing were ejected for the greater part by an immediate counterattack.

In Lorraine an enemy raid on our positions south of Norroy was without success. Elsewhere the night was calm.

The communication issued by the War Office this evening says:

The artillery fighting has been rather violent in Belgium and in some sectors to the north of the Chemin des Dames, and also on the right bank of the Meuse.

Violent German gunfire on the Yser is reported in the Belgian official communication, issued at Havre. It reads:

During the day of the 19th we silenced several German batteries. The enemy directed his artillery fire especially in the direction of Merckem and Hoekske. During the night and the day of the 20th inst. the artillery activity on both sides was less than on the previous day. To the north of the Yser the enemy's bombardment has been violent in the region of Mercka. Aschhoop and Hoekske. Our batteries replied vigorously, and shelled the enemy's defense works.

A German airplane was brought down in flames this morning in the direction of Dixmude.

BERLIN, Nov. 20, (via London.)—The War Office reports the collapse, with heavy loss, of a French attack yesterday upon German positions in Chaume Wood.

Following is the text of the afternoon statement:

Army Group of the German Crown Prince.—North of Soissons and on the eastern bank of the Meuse (Verdun front) there was a considerable increase in the firing, followed by an attack by a French battalion against Chaume Wood. It was repulsed with heavy losses, prisoners being taken. Preparations which the enemy made in his positions several times in the evening for an attack were shattered by our destructive fire. Enterprises by German detachments north and east of Verdun were successful.

MANY REPORTED SHOT IN BERLIN RIOTING

Police Volleys Dispersed Sunday Meetings of Socialists, Amsterdam Hears.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Serious rioting took place in Berlin last Sunday, according to dispatches received by the Wireless Press and the Exchange Telegraph Company from Amsterdam.

The message to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that the fighting between the mob and the police was very fierce, and that there was a heavy casualty list, as the police used their firearms.

The Wireless Press says the military and police were called upon to oppose the progress of the Independent Socialist demonstrators. In the riotous scenes which followed the police were forced to fire with their rifles and revolvers, and the organizers of the meeting responded with firearms and knives.

The German press, the dispatches say, has been forbidden to publish details of the affray. No newspapers have arrived in Amsterdam from Berlin in the last few days.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 20.—The Independent Socialists tried to hold meetings in Berlin on Sunday, despite the Government prohibition against them. Afterward a small number of the Socialists held demonstrations in the streets in Eastern Berlin, but were dispersed without difficulty by the police.

REPORTS U-BOAT SUNK.

Letter Says Attack on Maryland Battery's Transport Failed.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 20.—A letter received here from one of the members of the 117th French Mortar Battery, formerly the Coast Artillery, Maryland National Guard, says that after being followed by two submarines, one of which is believed to have been sunk in a brief engagement with United States destroyers, the transport bearing the 185 men of the battery, arrived safely at a French port.

The U-boat, it is said, was sent to the bottom soon after the transport entered the war zone, and a second submarine, after witnessing the destruction of her sister craft, disappeared. Part of the convoy gave chase, but the U-boat eluded her pursuers.

The battery arrived first at an English port, and was then whisked to a port on the English Channel, where it boarded a transport, arriving in France Oct. 31. The entire trip took thirteen days.

"Uncle Sam certainly gets his men off in a hurry," says the letter. "We were notified one morning at 1 o'clock to get up without making any noise and pack up our belongings. Twelve hours later we were en our way to France."

M'ADOO PROPOSED NEW WAR COUNCIL

Continued from Page 1.

tions from Paris as from his present place behind the Allies.

"President Wilson should have the support of the whole world in insisting upon allied co-ordination. It is now no secret that at the suggestion of Secretary McAdoo, André Tardieu and I worked on this plan for months. It ought to have been put in hand long ago. Had it been organized at the time desired by Mr. McAdoo I believe that the Italian disaster might have been averted.

"The present system of running the war would ruin even the Steel Corporation in about four weeks. The present system of running the war ignores the vital factor of war time.

"When I think of the time wasted between those hot mornings in Washington, when Mr. McAdoo was pressing for this conference, and these cold Winter days in London, I feel a good deal more than angry.

"War is, of course, not an exact science of business. It is the most difficult of all human propositions. Success in war goes to the side that makes the least mistakes, but success in this war never will come until the board of war directors meets like any other board of directors.

"I have come back to England after five months in America (five months in which I made many new friendships and renewed many old ones—five months in which my average of travel was over 100 miles a day) to find the resolute spirit of England what it always has been in every phase of its history.

"We have seized every industry in this country—the railways, the mines, the shipyards. No private building is allowed. There are no private automobiles on the roads except those which by the most ingenious arrangement are now run by coal gas. The first time I saw one of these cars coming along I thought it had a Zeppelin on top, so large is the gas reservoir.

"Food is sufficient here and bread is cheaper than in New York, because in the matter of flour our Government has subsidized it to the extent of $200,000,000 a year.

"There are no men doing women's work. The women of the country are engaged in making guns, bombs, and bullets. All the elevators are run by women. They operate the street cars and subways to an immense extent. They have increased the output of England. They and the men who are working longer hours do much more than double what it was before the war.

"Remember, at this moment we are financing the allies to a larger extent than you are—a fact very little known in the United States. Remember that not one dollar lent to England, so freely advertised in your newspapers, crosses the Atlantic. Every cent is spent in Bridgeport, Cleveland, Detroit or some other busy centre. Our loans to our allies are made without any stipulation as to where the money should be spent.

"Would you through THE NEW YORK TIMES kindly thank my friends not only in the East but also in the Middle West and Canada for a thousand acts of kindness to the British war mission and to me in particular? Would you also, whose guest I was to have been on Nov. 10, thank the Lotos Club for keeping the secret of my departure?

"I have no intention whatever of joining a Government constituted on the lines of our present administration. I have every intention at the termination of the allied conferences of returning to New York and Washington to proceed with the work which among such happy and helpful British and American colleagues I have engaged in for so many months there—that of hastening food and munitions across the Atlantic.

"When I return, I shall devote my attention particularly to aircraft. I am of those who believe that the war will be largely won in the air and that the resources of the United States should be mainly devoted at the present moment to the building of ships and the construction of bombing airplanes with which the Allies can blast their way into Germany."

MUTINY OF RUSSIAN TROOPS IN FRANCE

Continued from Page 1.

less to go through exercises when they had decided not to fight any more.

Later a dispute between the First and Second Brigades threatened to develop into a bitter conflict. The soldiers of the Second Brigade insisted on being separated from the mutineers of the First Brigade and threatened to leave the camp if their demands were not conceded. That is why General Zankevitch, arriving with Commissary Rapp, ordered the soldiers who obeyed the Provisional Government to leave La Courtine Camp, taking their equipment with them. This order was executed June 25, and only those soldiers who refused to obey the Government remained in camp.

The extremely malevolent attitude of these men to their officers obliged General Zankevitch to remove the officers from the camp, and he left there only a few men who were charged to look after its administration. On Rapp's initiative political envoys visited La Courtine camp several times in order to bring the soldiers to a better view of things, but all their efforts were in vain. Even MM. Roussanof, Goldenberg, Erlich, and Smirnof, delegates of the Soviet, were received with hostility.

Finally General Zankevitch was advised from Petrograd that it was not intended to bring back to Russia the troops stationed in France, and that it was urgent that order should be re-established among them, even if it was necessary to have recourse to armed force. He went to La Courtine and posted a notice to this effect, enjoining the troops to put down their arms and to go to Clairvaux. This order was obeyed by only 2,500 men, who left La Courtine. The others, 8,600 in number, refused to obey.

Then further measures were resorted to in order to bring the mutineers to their senses. Their rations were reduced to a suitable allowance, and their pay was suppressed. French sentries barred the roads leading to the neighboring town. Such measures dismayed the rebels, but at the same time they only increased the influence of the agitators scattered among them. They assaulted the French soldiers. They kept under arrest for six hours a French officer and two non-commissioned officers who had been ordered by the French authorities to post in the camp a telegram from the Generalissimo.

On Aug. 19 General Zankevitch made a final appeal to them to put down their arms, but in vain. On Sept. 1 their provisions were stopped, but they had taken care to prepare a big reserve for this contingency. The next day Russian artillery took up allotted positions and an ultimatum was delivered to the Camp Committee under threat to open fire on the camp if they did not lay down their arms before 10 A. M. on Sept. 2.

No notice was taken of the order, and in due course the artillery opened fire. The rebels were warned that the fire would be intensified if they continued to resist. In the night 160 men gave themselves up. On Sept. 3 after about thirty shells had been dropped on the camp, the rebels waved white flags and came out, throwing own their arms. By evening 8,300 had given in. They were taken in charge by French troops.

On Sept 5 an intense artillery fire was opened on the camp. The mutineers, of whom 140 still remained, replied with violent machine gunfire, but by Sept. 3 the whole camp was occupied.

The Russian losses were eight killed and forty-four wounded. The French casualties were one killed and one wounded. Of the Russian loyal troops one was killed and five wounded. In course of disarming the rebels eighty-one arrests were made. Then the rest were formed up in battalions, two of which, composed of the most agitated elements, were sent to Bourg and the other to the Isle of Aix. The others will remain at La Courtine until the end of the inquiry ordered by the Provisional Government.

A copy of a telegram sent to Kerensky by Russian soldiers in France, in which they expressed confidence in him and urged him to fight the extremists, was received in Washington on Nov. 13. In their message these troops pledged themselves to respond to any call Kerensky might make upon them and urged him to deal pitilessly with the Bolsheviki and secret counterrevolutionists. The telegram concluded: "You are the only guarantee for our safety; be firm and pitiless toward the enemies of Russia."

SAYS NORTHCLIFFE UTTERED CALUMNY

Carson Resents Charge of Inefficiency Made Against British Management of War.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Sir Edward Carson, in a speech in London today defending the military and naval leaders from recent attacks, and characterizing the agitation as a "sham crisis," attacked Lord Northcliffe. He said:

"In the midst of these attacks a great man—a superman, if you like—comes to tell us that, in contrast with America, we are so inefficient that America will have to take over the management of the war. I have a great admiration for this great man, but I think that it is a great calumny upon his fellow-citizens and I know it is not the view of Americans.

"I have had the honor of meeting many members of the American Mission, and they are lost in astonishment and amazement at the organization and the effort put forward by Great Britain. I have searched the official reports, and this great man, so far as I can see, has never made one single suggestion since the war began from his seat in Parliament, when he can be criticised.

"I attended a historic meeting in Downing Street today. America has shaken hands with England across the Atlantic. We are in the war together to the end, and will see it through."

REPORT KERENSKY WITH TWO ARMY CORPS

Petrograd Hears He Is at Luga—Brusiloff Wounded at Moscow —Navy Conference Called.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Petrograd advices dated yesterday say that two army corps loyal to the Committee for the Salvation of the Revolution, stationed at Luga, report that Premier Kerensky is with them. There is no confirmation.

Vladimir Furlabkevich, a former member of the Duma, who led in the attack on German influence in the Russian Army and the "dark forces" shortly before Emperor Nicholas was dethroned, has been arrested today on the charge of being at the head of a monarchist plot. With him at the hotel in which he was living under an assumed name was Prince Youssoupoff, who figured in the assassination of the monk, Rasputin.

General Alexis Brusiloff, former Commander in Chief of the Russian Armies, has been wounded in the leg by a shell which struck his house in the course of the recent fighting in Moscow. The telegram announcing the injury to the Russian officer was filed at Moscow on Saturday, and it adds that the Kremlin and other historic buildings there are practically intact.

An official Russian dispatch received by wireless here today says a congress is to be held in Petrograd to consider questions relating to the navy. The dispatch follows:

"To all Central Committees of the Navy: To bring about a timely meeting of the congress of the navy, we suggest that all measures be taken such as will enable the delegates to be present in Petrograd on Nov. 28. One delegate should be sent from each 500 electors, as indicated. Thus we must secure a solution of the essential questions which have to be introduced in legal manner into the life of the navy of the great Russian Republic.

"(Signed) Naval and Military Revolutionary Committee of all the Russian Navy."

PRESIDENT HOLDS UP SUPPLIES FOR RUSSIA

To More Shipments to be Made While Bolsheviki Remain in Control.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—No shipments of supplies will be permitted to go from the United States to Russia until the situation in that country clears. The American Government, before allowing the export of goods already on the docks, wants to know into whose hands they will fall on their arrival.

The cessation of shipments is temporary only if a stable Government is formed which the United States can recognize. If the Bolsheviki gain control and pursue their program calling for a peace with Germany, the embargo will be permanent. A protracted civil war also would work to keep the embargo tight, as the United States then would fear that supplies might go to the Bolsheviki faction.

Credits given to the Provisional Russian Government amounted in all to $325,000,000, of which $191,000,000 already has been advanced. Much of this money has been spent for supplies now awaiting shipment, and vessels have been furnished for its transport. Shipment will be held up by denial of bunker coal to the ships.

General Kaledines, the Cossack leader, is described in dispatches received at the State Department today from Swedish sources as "the man of the hour." He is said to be holding Petrograd at his mercy as regards food, and is expected to take possession of the capital shortly.

Confirmation of General Kaledines's ascendency also came to the department from Consul Smith at Tiflis, who reported his marching on Voronesh with a large force of Cossacks. Voronesh is approximately 300 miles south of Petrograd. If Kaledines gains control of the railroads rapid advance on the capital may be possible.

The only definite official information received by the State Department from Russia today was that John F. Stevens, head of the American Railway Mission, was on his way to Vladivostok in connection with his work. He had been reported in Moscow. No advices came direct from Ambassador Francis during the day.

'NOTHING BUT WAR,' PLEDGE TO FRANCE

Continued from Page 1.

immortal native land, in the noble ambitions of peace, will pursue the course of its destinies.

"Those Frenchmen whom we were constrained to throw into the battle have claims upon us. Their desire is that none of our thoughts turn away from them, that none of our acts be foreign to their interests. We owe them everything, without any reserve—everything for France, bleeding in her glory; everything for the exaltation of right triumphant.

"The single, simple duty is to stand by the soldier, live, suffer, and fight with him; renounce everything that is not of the Fatherland. The hour has come for us to be solely French, and with pride to declare that that suffices for us.

"Let everything today be blended—the claims of the front and the duty in the rear. Let every zone be the zone of war. If there must be men who find in their souls impulses of the old times, let us put them aside. All civilized nations are engaged in the same battle against the modern development of ancient barbarity. Against this, with all our good allies, we are an immovable rock, a barrier that shall not be passed.

"Let only fraternal solidarity, the surest foundation of the world to come, be shown at the forefront of the alliance, at every instant and everywhere. In the field of ideas France has suffered for everything that makes man firm. In her hope, drawn from the sources of the purest humanity, she consents to suffer still for the defense of the soil of her great ancestors, with the hope of opening ever wider, to men as to peoples, all the doors of life. The force of the French soul is in that. That is what animates our people while they work as well as while they fight.

"Those silent soldiers of the workshops, deaf to evil suggestions, those old peasants bent over their land, those robust women at their toil, those children who bring them aid—there are our 'poilus,' who, thinking later on of the great work, may say like those of the trenches, 'I was in it.'

"With those also we must remain steadfast, we must see to it that, stripping ourselves for the fatherland, we one day may be loved. To love each other, it is not sufficient to say so, we must prove it. We would like to try to give that proof and we ask you to aid us. Can there be a finer program of government?

No More "Treason Nor Semi-Treason."

"There have been mistakes. Let us think only of repairing them. Alas, there have been crimes also—crimes against France. Let them receive prompt chastisement. We take before you, before the country that demands justice, an engagement that justice shall be done according to the rigors of the law.

"Neither personal consideration nor political ardor will turn us from our duty or lead us to go beyond it. Too many criminal attempts have already resulted on our battle front in the shedding of a superabundance of French blood. Weakness would be complicity.

"We shall be without violence. All the accused before court-martials—that is our policy, the soldier in the pretorium in solidarity with the soldier in combat. No more pacifist campaigns, no more German intrigues. Neither treason nor semi-treason. War—nothing but war!

"Our armies shall not be taken between two fires. Justice is on the way. The country will know that it is defended and is a France forever free.

"We have paid too great a price for our liberties to cede any part of them beyond the need of preventing divulgations and excitations from which the enemy might profit. A censorship shall be maintained for diplomatic and military information, as well as for those susceptible of disturbing peace at home, up to the limits of respect for opinions. A press bureau will give advice, nothing but advice, to all who solicit it.

"In war time, as in time of peace, liberty is to be exercised under the personal responsibility of the writer. Outside of that rule there is only arbitrary anarchy.

New Regime of Sacrifice.

"It has not seemed to us necessary to say more under the present circumstances to indicate the character of this Government. Days will follow days, problems will follow problems, we shall march in step with you to the realizations that the necessities impose. We are under your control. The question of confidence will be continually in the balance.

"We are going to enter upon a régime of restrictions after the example of England, Italy, and America, admirable in her ardor. We shall ask of each citizen that he take his full part in the common defense, that he give more and consent to receive less. There is abnegation in the army. So let abnegation exist throughout the country.

"We shall not forge a greater France without putting our life into it. Something of our savings is asked besides. If the action that concludes this session is favorable to us, we expect of it consecration.

"In the complete success of our war loan is to be found supreme evidence of the confidence that France owes to herself when she is asked for victory. Some day, from Paris to the humblest village, shouts of acclamation will greet our victorious standards stained with blood and tears and torn by shells—magnificent apparition of our noble dead. That day, the greatest day of our race, after so many other days of grandeur, it is in our power to bring forth."

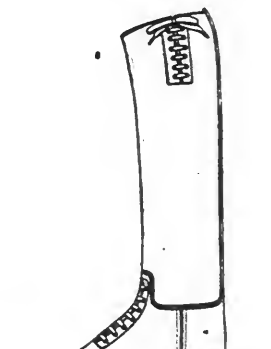
Premier Clemenceau read his declaration in a firm, clear, voice. When he spoke of France's debt to the dead, his emotion was evidenced by the trembling of the sheets in his hand. His peroration was acclaimed by the whole Chamber with the exception of certain of the unified Socialists.

Three Deputies of the Right later withdrew their interpellations on the scandals which are now being investigated.

Mexico to Seize Unused Lands.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 20.—Congress has passed a law whereby the Government has power to take over all uncultivated lands for agricultural purposes. The owners must cultivate, or the Government will lease the lands.



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a story from real life

SYSTEM, being a magazine of business, of course prints no romances. But it *creates* many in real life. Here is one:

J. F. Moore of Texas ran a store for 18 years and made only a bare living. No matter how many sales he put on, how much he advertised, nor what he sold, profits stayed down.

Then he ran across a SYSTEM article on store methods, based on data from 1,562 successful stores. One thing in the article struck him: The best of these stores did their buying of new goods strictly according to what past sales indicated as safe. *He* never did. He always bought on guess and hope. This habit, he perceived, was the gulf into which his profits went.

From that moment he began to make money. "Had I seen this analysis earlier," he writes, "I would have been thousands of dollars ahead." His letter stops there. Yet it is a romance, lacking only the tag "they all lived happy ever after" to make it complete.

Advertising in SYSTEM reaches business men, the best paying part of magazine circulations

HAIL DRY WEATHER ON AMERICAN FRONT

Alert Troops Now Devote All Their Energies to Causing Enemy Casualties.

GERMAN DOG FINDS A HOME

Goes to Pershing Trenches and Is Adopted—Brisk Exchanges of Artillery Fire.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 20, (by The Associated Press.)—The American artillery and infantry at the front are dry once more, the rain having ceased for several days.

The correspondents visiting the immediate front through the courtesy of the French staff found that the Americans had taken advantage of the rainless weather and were devoting all their energies to changing, as they put it, "Germans into casualties." They are on their toes every minute and are not letting a single opportunity slip to drop a shell or to send machine gun and rifle bullets where the enemy is seen, or where he even is suspected of being.

There is no doubt that the men like the life they are living. They are as cool and methodical as if they had been doing nothing else than fighting throughout their lives.

The fine group in the first line trenches had just sat down to their salmon sandwiches and coffee when they jumped up and cut loose with their automatic rifles at Germans who were discovered hanging out clothes on a wire in a battered village. They saw the enemy dive for cover like rabbits and then they went on with their meal as if nothing had happened.

This particular section of France's long battle front in the earth does not absorb water like a sponge, as in some other localities. There has been no rain for three days, so the ground is fairly dry. The uniforms of the men show evidences of where mud once had been, but that is all.

From the first line trenches, which are on a hill, the German first line can be seen between 500 and 1,000 yards away. There was something in the German first line once which will never go back to Germany. It is a wooly dog which deserted the enemy, crossed No Man's Land, and bounded into an American trench one dark night recently. He licked the hand of an American "doughboy," and was promptly fed with a piece of white bread and a handful of Columbia River salmon. He was thereupon adopted, and now roams all around the trenches, and even walks upon the parapet and through the barbed wire entanglements as if there were no war.

"This pup," said one of the soldiers, "is a naturalized American, and there is no hyphen about him. He has entirely forgotten all his boche connections. I hope he gets a chance to bite the Kaiser."

As the correspondents approached the trench lines over the shell-pitted ground the enemy started breaking shrapnel over the first line. This firing lasted only a brief time, stopping as suddenly as it began. Immediately afterward came detonations from the rear and the whiz of shells overhead suddenly began appearing over the German trenches. The infantrymen looked cautiously over No Man's Land while the firing was going on, but as soon as it was over they appeared to forget all about it.

In a nearby dugout the men off duty had not even heard the racket. Their principal worry seemed to be rats. One occupant of the dugout explained that there was sleeping room in it for thirty-eight men, and that twelve cats were kept in it. Cats were everywhere, some sleeping on tattered blankets and some prowling in dark corners or stalking their prey.

The men all appeared to be in the best of health, although during the wet and cold weather of previous days several men in this unit had contracted "trench feet" and colds.

While the sun was going down behind the hills and the darkness was coming on swiftly, scarcely a shot was fired. Just as the sun passed below the horizon, however, the German batteries opened up on one of the American battery positions with a hot fire, the high explosives bursting with the regularity of the clock tick—about one every second. The bombardment lasted a couple of minutes, and then ended abruptly. Immediately the American batteries retaliated, flashes of orange-colored flame stabbing the night. The detonations—some heavy and some light—continued for some time with as much speed as the Germans had shown. Then, the "strafing" and the answer being over, the artillery settled down for the night of usual quiet.

AMERICAN OFFICERS UNDER SHRAPNEL FIRE

Shell Falls in Headquarters Near the Front—Another Kills One Soldier and Wounds Three.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 20. (By The Associated Press.)—A German shell fell through the roof of the château in which an American regimental headquarters is established near the front yesterday. The shell exploded, but no one was hurt. Several officers, including the American Colonel in command of the regiment, were in the building at the time.

Two other shells exploded near by. An American Brigadier General had a narrow escape in the same town, an earlier shell exploding and scattering stones and mud on his automobile. The Germans are especially active in shelling the roads. A burst of shrapnel over a group of American soldiers eating supper at the roadside killed one and wounded three.

The German fire at points back of the American positions is most active. The shells fall very rapidly at times. The American artillery replies energetically, sending shrapnel at the enemy trenches and high explosive shells at his batteries.

Active patrolling continues. Four American patrols on a recent night remained for hours in front of the enemy line, hoping to ambush Germans, but none appeared.

FREIGHT EMBARGO IMPOSED.

Pennsylvania Order Affects Lines East of Pittsburgh.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—The Pennsylvania Railroad announced today that it had placed an embargo on freight originating on all lines east of Pittsburgh, as well as on all freight originating on connecting lines destined for points on or by way of the Western Pennsylvania Division.

The Western Pennsylvania Division embraces the main line and branches from Altoona to Pittsburgh. An unprecedented congestion existed in that part of the system, the company stated. The embargo will be lifted as soon as conditions warrant, but relief is not now in sight. Government freight and food are not embargoed. Neither are coal for by-product ovens, coke for blast furnaces and limestone, which are necessary to keep the industries of the Pittsburgh district running.

BRITAIN WARNS PACIFISTS.

Will Withdraw Passports of Those Attending Conference at Berne.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Great Britain has not only decided not to issue passports to any one desiring to attend the so-called peace conference in Switzerland but, it was stated today, the Government will also consider the withdrawal of passports from any British subject, resident in Switzerland, who may attend the conference.

SPAIN WARNS OUR AIRMEN.

Military Will Fire On Any That Fly Over Her Territory.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—A Madrid dispatch says the Spanish Government has issued a special warning that Spain would regard any flight of American airplanes over her territories as in violation of neutrality, and would instruct the military to fire on such airplanes.

ALL DISLOYAL MEN WARNED BY GREGORY

Criminal Courts Will Handle Their Cases, Says the Attorney General.

LINCOLN STATUES NEEDED

Those That Resemble President, Says Mr. Grescom, Should Be Sent to All Our Allies.

United States Attorney General Thomas W. Gregory sounded a warning to the disloyal elements in America during his speech last night at the Lincoln Memorial University dinner, Mr. Gregory, after asserting the fact that 95 per cent of the men in this country today would die as willingly for their beliefs as the men of 1776, said that he would warn the other 5 per cent. against any manifestation of disloyalty.

"Our message will be delivered to them through the criminal courts all over the land," he said. "And may God have mercy on them, for they need expect none from an outraged people and an avenging Government."

Mr. Gregory was the principal speaker at the dinner, at which were some of the foremost business and professional men of New York. After he had finished speaking, Francis Grescom, who knew Abraham Lincoln personally and who was present during several of the famous Douglas-Lincoln debates, delivered an address in which he bitterly criticised the present delusion concerning the appearance of Lincoln which would have the emancipator portrayed as "looking like an imbecile and feeling like a dyspeptic." After Mr. Grescom's speech ex-United States Senator Charles A. Towne of Minnesota offered a resolution which was adopted, calling upon the Chancellor of Lincoln University, Dr. John Wesley Hill, to undertake arrangements to have "correct statues of Lincoln, neither adding nor detracting to his real appearance," put in all the capitals of the "nations now allied together in defense of democracy."

Mr. Gregory, after discussing the character of Lincoln, and pointing out our martyred President's insistence on the maintainance of law, took up the opposite character of the Hohenzollern Emperor William of Germany, and from that proceeded to a biter arraignment of the German nation, its history, and its ideals.

"Each bit of stolen property," he said, "has been made to yield its conqueror footroom. Never has the German Empire developed colonies. It has always sprung upon people weaker in a military sense, but its equal in every conception of civilization. I challenge Germany to point to one instance where she has cultivated the waste places, one instance where she has civilized an uncivilized people.

"And now for the first time across the path of this outlaw nation falls the shadow of the giant of the west, the Republic of the United States. Before we went to war the German Government had torn down one by one every safeguard we had erected about us. It allowed the rule of war, no principle of civilization, no ideal of humanity to stay its hands. It sank our ships, broke down our factories, plotted to embroil us with our neighbors, and even tried to foment rebellion among our own citizens. Germany drowned our helpless women and babes, and then proclaimed a national holiday so that her own children could celebrate the wholesale murder. And, finally, she decreed that the only right she allowed to Americans on the sea was to die.

"What our fathers suffered, gentlemen, was child's play to what we endured before we went to war. And now I know that 95 per cent. of the men of the United States will give their lives as freely in 1917 as in 1776. I will not speak of them, but I would address the other 5 per cent. of disloyal persons and moral and physical degenerates who believe nothing is worth fighting for.

"Let me say to them," the speaker continued, his voice ringing clear in the hush that greeted his words, "let me say to them to lock that thought in their hearts, and throw the key away forever. To all the disloyal in this country a message will be sounded which they can understand through the criminal courts. May God have mercy on them for they need expect none from an outraged people and an avenging Government."

Attorney General Gregory then took up what he termed the other 95 per cent. who were loyal. Those whose fathers had died to preserve the liberties of the nation would fight for it, he knew, and also others who fathers had been allowed to find an asylum here.

"And now let me say one more thing," he continued. "There is no more insidious thought in this country than the belief that this war will soon be over. The end is not in sight. Whatever happens, the power of Germany must be broken and must be broken on the western front. And we are coming to the battle. Our President has sent his ringing message across the ocean to our gallant allies, England and France, telling them to 'Hold the fort,' for we are coming. And we are coming, 1,000,000, 3,000,000, 10,000,000, until our cause is won."

Mr. Grescom launched at once into a disgussion of the conception of Lincoln, which aroused the discussion on the statue to be placed in London.

"Lincoln, as I saw him in the last great debate with Douglas at Alton," he said, "presented a wonderful difference between assumed dignity and dignity imparted by the grace of God. Lincoln as we saw him then was simple, calm, and unaffected. His face was stamped with the serenity that implies power without fear and wisdom without folly. For this reason, it is not permissible to depict a genial giant as one restrained by meekness, hampered by humility, and rendered tractable by adversity and opposition.

"The time is at hands when a statue of Lincoln as he looked should be sent to London and to all our other allies."

Among the other speakers were Bourke Cockran, Martin Littleton, Hamilton Holt, editor of The Independent, and Dr. John Wesley Hill.

ASK WRIT AGAINST EX-CZAR.

Transportation Men in Suit Assert He Has Millions Here.

Before Supreme Court Justice Benedict in Brooklyn it was disclosed yesterday that Nicholas Romanoff, deposed Czar of Russia, has a fortune of several millions of dollars deposited or invested in New York City. The fact came to light when the Marine Transportation Service Corporation, which is suing the former Czar and the Russian Government, asked and obtained from Justice Benedict a writ of attachment for the property.

The corporation asks $2,800,000 as damages for an alleged breach of contract. According to a statement made by Bernard Naumberg, counsel for the plaintiff, the corporation had a contract in 1915 with the Russian Government to carry supplies to Russia. It is alleged that after the goods were placed aboard ship in this country the Russian Government refused to pay for them. The transportation company, seeking to make good its losses from property owned by the former Czar here, declares that he has bank deposits and personal property in this State amounting to "several millions of dollars."

MEDIE'S DESTROYER SUNK.

Another Vessel in Convoy Hit U-Boat While Steamer Was Sinking.

PARIS, Nov. 20.—A German submarine was destroyed at the time the French steamship Medie, with a cargo of munitions, was torpedoed in the Western Mediterranean on Sept. 23, with a loss of 250 lives, says a dispatch from Algiers to the Journal. The liner Biskra was proceeding with a convoy of French and British steamers, among which was the Medie, leading the line. The Medie was torpedoed without warning before she was able to bring her guns to bear on the submarine.

Apparently thinking that the ships were not armed, the submarine commander brought his boat slowly to the surface. The Biskra immediately opened fire at a distance of two miles. The second shot struck the submarine forward and low. An explosion followed. The submarine's stern shot up. The U-boat plunged to destruction before the Medie disappeared.

GERMAN DIPLOMATS GO UNDER SAFE CONDUCT

Party of 68 From Orient Leave American Port — Suspect Is Arrested at Pier.

A liner which has sailed from an American port, with passengers of all classes, most of whom were going abroad for the holidays, had among those in the first cabin sixty-eight German and Austrian diplomatic and consular officials from the Far East and the South Sea Islands, accompanied by the wives and families. They were traveling home under safe conducts granted by the Allies. Among the members of the party were Baron von Rosthern, recently Austro-Hungarian Minister to China, and Dr. S. Barthelme, who was ordered to be deported from the United States recently.

Every precaution was taken to see that no German spies got away on the ship among the passengers or crew. There were about 100 Secret Service agents, officials from the Navy and Army Intelligence Departments, immigration inspectors, customs guards, detectives, and a special squad of Department of Justice officials from Washington on hand. The liner was searched five times from the upper crow's nest to the keelson and a quantity of mail was discovered which was being smuggled through to Germany. Part of the letters and papers were apparently of no importance, the Customs officials said, but others, which have been held for examination today may have some matters of importance contained in them.

A detective who was on duty at the gangway of the steamship to examine passengers saw a man whom he suspected going on board, and stopped him to look at his papers. As the man's baggage had not been marked by the Customs Inspectors on the pier, and he looked like a German, the Lieutenant ordered the baggage to be taken to one of the cabins for inspection. The man had a cabin passage ticket and a Russian passport, and said he was Kasper Wrede, 27 years old, single, a native of Finland. He told the Government officials that he was an aviator, and had been giving exhibitions in flying at various cities in the United States for the last six years. He was now going home to see his family in Finland, and hoped to make exhibition flights there if the revolution was over when he arrived. His headquarters in this country, Wrede explained, was at a small town near Cleveland, the name of which he had forgotten for the moment.

When the Customs Inspectors searched his clothing they found a 38-calibre automatic revolver in the inner pocket of his sack coat, with a number of cartridges. In a valise they found six spare parts of airplanes and several pieces of steel tubing which Wrede said were parts of the uprights of an airplane. Several papers were found in his possession, which will be examined and translated before he is brought up for examination before the Federal authorities. In the meantime the man was locked up for the night, and his baggage was taken to the Custom House. In the arrest of Wrede the authorities believe they have a good find, and hope to discover the identity of the persons who are carrying on a secret correspondence with Germany.

Another liner has also sailed from an American port with passengers who are going to spend the Christmas and New Year holidays with their relatives abroad.

DUNKIRK CITED FOR HEROISM

"May You Ever Be a Model to the Nation," Said French Premier.

The City of Dunkirk has been cited in an order to the French Army for the heroism of its people in enduring the frequent bombardments. The order, as printed in the Echo de Paris of Oct. 19, reads:

"The City of Dunkirk, subject for the past three years to violent and frequent bombardments, has, thanks to the admirable calmness and courage of its valiant population, maintained and developed, for the national defense, its economic existence and thus rendered to the army and to the country inappreciable services.

"Heroic city! May you ever be a model to the entire nation!

"PAUL PAINLEVE."

NEW 29TH DIVISION.

New Jersey Troops Are Part of the Guard Organization.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The National Guard reorganization plans for the 29th Division of the army were announced by the War Department today. The plans for the reorganization of the 27th Division, which is composed of the New York State Guard forces, have not yet been announced. The new organization for the division covered by today's announcement follows:

29TH DIVISION.

(Troops from New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and District of Colombia.)

The first is unit of new organization and the second organizations from which formed:

Headquarters' Troop—Troop A, (part N. J. Cav.)

110th Machine Gun Battalion—Machine Gun Co., 1st Del. Inf.; Machine Gun Co., 4th N. J. Inf.; Machine Gun Co., 5th Md. Inf.; Machine Gun Co., 1st Va. Inf.

57TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Brigade Headquarters—Headquarters N. J. Brigade.

111th Machine Gun Battalion—Machine Gun Co., 2d N. J. Inf.; Machine Gun Co., 3d N. J. Inf.; Co. L, 2d N. J. Inf.

113th Infantry—1st N. J. Inf., (less Co. K;) 2d N. J. Inf., (less Machine Gun Co. and Cos. G and L;) 4th N. J. Inf., (less Machine Gun Co. and Co. L;) 5th N. J. Inf.

114th Infantry—2d N. J. Inf., (less Machine Gun Co. and Cos. I and L;) 5th N. J. Inf., (less Co. F;) 1st Del. Inf., (less Machine Gun Co.)

58TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Brigade Headquarters—Headquarters Maryland Brigade.

112th Machine Gun Battalion—Company H, 1st Maryland Inf.; Machine Gun Co., 4th Md. Inf.; Machine Gun Co. 4th Va. Inf.

115th Infantry—1st Maryland Inf., (less Machine Gun Co.;) 5th Maryland Inf., (less Machine Gun Co.)

116th Infantry—1st Virginia Inf., (less Machine Gun Co.); 2d Virginia Inf., Companies D, G, H.; 4th Virginia Inf.

54TH FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Brigade Headquarters—Company A, Virginia Signal Corps.

110th Field Artillery—1st N. J. F. A., (less Battery F.;) Troops B and D, N. J. Cav.

111th Field Artillery—1st Va. F. A.; band, 4th Va. Inf.

112th Field Artillery—Batteries A, B, C, Maryland F. A.; Batteries A and B, D. C. F. A.; band, 5th Maryland Inf.

104th French Mortar Battery—Battery F, N. J. F. A.

104th Engineers—1st Battalion, N. J. Eng.; Co. K, 1st N. J. Inf.; Co. G, 2d N. J. Inf.; Cos. I and L, 3d N. J. Inf.; Co. L, 4th N. J. Inf.; Co. F, 5th N. J. Inf.

104th Field Signal Battalion.—Co. A, N. J. Sig. Corps; Co. B, D. C. Sig. Corps; Co. C, N. J. Sig. Corps.

TRAINS.

104th Headquarters and Military Police.—Troops (a part and c. N. J. Cav.;) Troop A, 2d. Cavalry.

104th Ammunition Train, to be organized by transfers.

104th Supply Train.—Same.

104th Engineer Train.—Same.

104th Sanitary Train.—1st Md. Ambulance Co.; 1st Va. Ambulance Co.; 1st N. J. Field Hospital Co.; 1st Md. Field Hospital Co.; 1st Va. Field Hospital Co.

CLOSING IN ON JERUSALEM.

British 12 Miles Northwest and 15 Miles West of City.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—The British forces in Palestine are now twelve miles northwest and fifteen miles west of Jerusalem, the War Office announces. The communication follows:

General Allenby reports that our mounted troops occupied Beit Uret-Tahta, twelve miles northwest of Jerusalem, on Sunday. Yesterday our infantry, advancing into the highland of Judah, reached a line fifteen miles west of Jerusalem.

Officers' Uniforms That'll Take You Clear To Berlin

NOT a ramrod-stiff Uniform, that makes you look like a goose-stepping Pomeranian Grenadier, but that *lithe spruceness* which so admirably sets off the American swing and stride.

I especially pride myself upon the high quality of fabrics, the uncommonly fine tailorwork and the dominant personality of these Uniforms.

O. D. Heavy-Weight Serge Blouse and Breeches, $40 and $45. Heavy Melton Service Greatcoats, $45. *All the proper et ceteras,* from Peaked Cap to Puttees.

Representative at Witherill House, Plattsburg, N.Y.

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IN MEN'S CLOTHES

When first we introduced Hand-Tailoring the big ready-for-service shops were frankly astonished at our prices.

They naturally conceded the Superiority of hand-workmanship—not publicly, but privately, not in their advertisements, but in their hearts—but they could not understand our ability to sell Hand-Tailored Clothes at machine-made prices.

Obviously, Hand-Tailoring costs more, so it is a natural conclusion that we are doing finer work and getting less money for it.

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Men's Ready for Service
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London Overcoats . . $26 to $60

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE
Men's Clothing Shop, 8 West 38th Street
Separate Shop on Street Level

Window Shades

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We will assist you in obtaining bids.

Ordinator Co.
101 Park Avenue
(40th Street)
Telephone Vanderbilt 3250

Take Six (6) Bell-ans
in hot water, when you suffer the pain or distress of Indigestion. It's harmless and pleasant, and every druggist every where sells and recommends it.
BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION
Contains no harmful or deleterious substance.

VICTORS ON PIAVE CANNOT BURY FOE

Continued from Page 1.

Fagare, Follina, and the Sega Mill the rout of the enemy was complete, having been accomplished in fearful hand-to-hand fighting on Friday night and Saturday.

D'Aosta's Greeting to Victors.

The officer showed a copy of the Duke's address to his men. It is an inspiring document, breathing encouragement and confidence. it says, in part:

"Soldiers of the Third Army: The enemy has attempted to pass our defenses on the Piave, but his audacity has met with defeat before your heroic lines, and he is driven back, leaving in our hands a great number of prisoners and machine guns. My soldiers, your commander greets you at the moment of this glorious exploit, and conveys to you the grateful acknowledgement of the country. With you rests the victory. With all our hearts we join our efforts for the country, for liberty."

The tour along the front took the party to the very centres of the hardest fighting and along the edge of the inundated region, where the countryside was transformed suddenly into an inland sea. Approaching the battle front, the party passed the brigade mentioned by General Diaz, Commander in Chief, for its furious assault at Zenson. It was just back from the front line, and the men still wore their helmets. Many of them were not more than 20 years old. They were sturdy country boys, and marched along seemingly unconscious of their glory.

At the barracks they were counting Austrian rifles and guns gathered in the court. The line of captured machine guns looked like a collection of huge black grasshoppers. The bayonets were detachable bowie knives, with two-edged blades.

General Euherent of the famous Bersaglieri Brigade, which carried the day, came out to greet the party. He is a short, stocky man of resolute bearing.

Sand Bar Strewn with Corpses.

On the cemetery road, where the Austrians advanced and set up their line of quick firers, a fearful scene was spread before the party. The road was littered as though a tornado had passed by. Dead horses lay all about in contorted shapes. The highway was strewn with enemy helmets, blood-stained clothing, cartridge belts, and all kinds of accoutrements. The trees on either side were cut in two, and the lines of bushes were leveled like grain before a storm.

Just ahead on the road was Sega Mill, where the bloodiest fighting was centred. The mill wheel was still running, and the water was flowing peacefully, but all about were evidences of fearful carnage. The soldiers who held the mill stood unconcernedly at the door, while all over the ground were tatters left by the Austrians as they were driven on the mill and thrown into the river.

Passing on to the bank of the river, just back of the mill, a horrible sight opened just under the eyes of the visitors. Over there on the sand bar in midstream lay corpses in heaps, as far as the eye could see, the uniforms showing plainly that they were Austrians. Some lay on the bank, and some floated in the water. The Italians had just buried the bodies of 200 Austrians, but those other hundreds could not be brought back for decent burial, as the Austrian guns cut down stretcher bearers every time they went off toward the sand bar. An officer's dead horse, with saddle and rich saddle cloth, lay among the bodies.

The gruesome line of bodies extended far down the river. The Austrians had been cut down by machine-gun fire as though by a scythe. All the men in the line pitched forward on their faces and lay there, as though on dress parade, but prostrate.

Going on to Zenson, the little town could be seen to have been retaken by the Italians after the enemy had obtained a brief lodgment in it. Behind the town on the river edge are bushes. Here were huddled what remained of the first enemy storming party which crossed the river. The whole place was swept by fire, and one realized the fearful furnace these men were in.

As the party passed the inundated region the tops of cornstalks could be seen above the long stretches of water, indicating that it was about five feet deep. Similar traces of vineyards could be seen above the flood. Soldiers of the Engineer Corps were along the banks of the canal. They had opened the sluices wide, and the water was up to the sills. The harvest had been gathered, but there can be no planting or sowing there next Spring.

BATTLE ON TOMBA CRITICAL.

Holding of Piave Line Depends Upon Italians' Success at That Point.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The turning point has been reached in the battle of the Piave River.

Upon the result of the furious fighting that has been in progress along the Monte Tomba line, in the mountain section between the Piave and Brenta Rivers, will probably depend the decision as to whether the Italian stand is to be continued along the Piave or abandoned in favor of a strategic retreat toward the Adige.

For the first time since the Austro-German forces burst through the Julian Alps and turned the left flank of the Isonzo line a twenty-four hour period has passed without any yielding of the Italian defensive line. The enemy has been cleared from the west bank of the lower Piave, and that front is solidly held. The mountain front in the north also appears to be standing firm, with furious fighting around the northern slopes of Monte Tomba.

The loss of Monte Tomba by the Italians would threaten the whole Italian line along the plains section of the Piave. This mountain is in the last high ridge of the Monte Grappa Plateau, between the Piave and the Brenta, and between the higher Alps and the plains that slope southward toward Venice and the sea.

This ridge starts at Fenera, a point on the middle Piave River, several miles south of Quero, and runs southwest toward the Brenta, ending several miles north of Bassano, an important strategic point where the Brenta emerges from the mountains in the plain. The highest point in the ridge is Monte Grappa, 5,683 feet high, about half way between the Brenta and the Piave, the peaks of the mountain range east and west of Monte Grappa in this ridge becoming gradually lower until the river edges are met.

South of this is a road extending in a valley highway running the full distance between the Piava and the Brenta, and is excellent road is the present objective of the Germans, since its possession would give them good routes toward Bassano on the Brenta and the west bank of the Piava south of Fenera.

The question of the ability of the Italians on the north front to make as successful a stand there as did the army of the Duke d'Aosta along the lower Piave, by delaying the flanking forces of the enemy armies several days, is a vitally important one.

Diaz Praises Youthful Recruits.

An official dispatch from Rome received today says:

"Commander in Chief Diaz ordered the following message to be distributed to his troops:

"'The young soldiers of the class of 1899 have received the baptism of fire. On the river which today bars the enemy from the roads leading further into the motherland they have conducted themselves magnificently. Their ardent enthusiasm, coupled with the experience of older companions, triumphed over the enemy.

"'Some Austrian battalions which had dared to cross the Piave have met their fate. Twelve hundred prisoners were taken, and some guns, which had fallen into the hands of the invaders, have been recaptured and brought again by our soldiers to the positions marked by the bodies of the artillerymen, who remained at their post of duty to the very end.

"'In this supreme hour of duty and honor, in which the army, with firm faith and strong heart keeps the enemy back on the river and on the mountains, the entire army should know that our young soldiers have proved to be worthy of the glory and traditions of their regiments.'

"The enemy airplanes continue to throw to our soldiers pamphlets in which they express their benevolent disposition toward the invaded towns and the populations, also assuring the soldiers that the Austrians have a scrupulous respect for international law, and that the present occupation of our territories is only temporary in character, without aims of conquest.

"This system has the immediate purpose of weakening the fighting spirit of the Italians, trying to make them feel that there is no need for fighting longer if the invaded regions are going to be returned without further sacrifice on their part. To the enemy's snare the Italian soldiers will reply with redoubled ardor in the fight.

"After a religious ceremony which took place in the Cathedral of Milan, Cardinal Ferrari delivered a strong appeal to the congregation, exhorting them to have faith in the complete and not distant victory of the allied arms. Later the Cardinal received French soldiers and distributed personal souvenirs among them."

ITALIAN ARDITI HEROES OF THE PIAVE BATTLE

Daredevil 'Candidates for Death' Routed Hungarians Who Crossed at Zenson.

By PERCEVAL GIBBON.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE ITALIAN ARMY, Monday, Nov. 19, (Delayed.)—Only a few days ago people were talking of the Piave, as previously they had talked of the Tagliamento, as a line on which gallantry would fail, and where hopes were vain; but already on the sectors of the river the Italian resistance has hardened into a dogged and dangerous defensive, and the men who fought their way back from the Carso are holding their ground and counter-attacking.

One such sector, among others, is that which embraces the region from a point just south of San Sona di Piave, where the Austrians threw their first bridge across, to that other point just north of the Treviso-Oderzo Railway bridge, where another crossing was made and the land on the right of the river penetrated by the enemy as far west as the small hamlet of Fagare. Zenson, the scene of yet another crossing, is included in this zone, which is now garrisoned on the Italian side by that famous corps which formerly held the northern Carso line from Faiti to Castagnevizza, and that other corps which was General Diaz's command in the Third Army.

The ground on the west bank of the river here, on which the enemy established a footing, was widest at Fagare, while their most formidable thrust was at Zenson, where, it will be remembered, they had made an effort to create a regular bridgehead.

Further south still where they were in contact with the naval forces they had pressed to the line of the Sile River and occupied all that bay of marshes which extends to Porto di Cortellazzo, on the Adriatic.

There is, perhaps, nothing so disorderly as a forced retreat, unless it be an advance in pursuit, and there is reason to think that the Austrians have not recovered their organization and full fighting efficiency as quickly as the Italians have regained their capacity for active defense. I wrote at the time of the character of the retreat, of its masterly decision, and of the success of the Third and Fourth Armies in withdrawing in the face of immense difficulties.

Now that the armies have come to a standstill, the tale of that retreat begins to complete itself, and we learn in more ample detail of the means by which the Austro-German advance was hampered, and the Italian rear shepherded to safety.

Among the fighting elements which took a glorious part in it three are conspicuous—the cavalry, the armored cars, and the Bersaglieri cyclists. Of the divisions of cavalry which took part all suffered heavily. Apart from their dismounted work, they managed to charge again and again with sabre and lance. One regiment of light horse actually charged upon the Austrians, who had prepared to receive them with machine guns, and, despite their losses, charged the guns, and say that at the last minute the Austrian machine gunners left their weapons and ran as the horsemen bowled down on them.

The armored cars lived through a series of private epics at crossroads, spending hours and sometimes whole days motionless, their crews keeping a ceaseless, weary lookout through the loopholes in the turrets. Three of them thus engaged discovered that they had been cut off, and made their way at sixty miles an hour through the main streets of three villages occupied by the enemy and got well away.

The crew of another relate that, having been without food for two days, they shot a calf with their machine gun and carried it off to where they could cook it without interruption. Another, having delayed too long, neared the Tagliamento Bridge so late that it was blown up before they were actually off it, and their car was hurled along by the impact of the explosion.

Each was in contact with the enemy a hundred times, spraying him with machine-gun bullets, dodging his cavalry and slowing his advance.

The cyclists were those who fought from house to house through one village after another. There was not left a bridge or culvert unbroken. Engineers and airplanes co-operated to make the enemy's path a succession of traps.

Continuous Fighting Near Zenson.

On the sector of the Piave which I have mentioned the fighting has been continuous since the first enemy crossed near Zenson. It is like the first days of a new war here, where conditions are yet primitive, and the men have not yet acquired the art of making themselves comfortable. The resemblance holds also in the attitude of the men. They have that debonair quality, that daredevil touch which belongs rather to new troops than to these hard-bitten veterans.

In the last two days of fighting they have retaken the ground around Fagare and pinned the enemy to the very edge of the river at Zenson. Fargare, of course, is a huddle or ruins, and Zenson has suffered considerably from Austrian shelling. Musile, likewise, where the former bridge crossed to San Dona, has been partly burned; but San Dona itself, on the further bank of the river, shows at a little distance only small traces of damage. Beyond it there are still campanili to be seen, although the airplanes report that a number of other campanili have been destroyed.

"Candidates for Death."

The fighting near Zenson, which took shape on Saturday, was particularly violent. The enemy forces consisted of a number of battalions of Hungarians and Dalmatians, not previously identified, and the Italian troops included the Gredadiers, the Catania Infantry Brigade, and the Twenty-first Battalion of those special troops, volunteers for sheer fighting and specially for storming duties, who are called "Arditi." They wear a special uniform—a gray sweater and a short double-breasted jacket—and are trained in a fashion that weeds out any but the strongest and most resolute.

When last I saw them practising the storming of a hill beyond Udine, mountain guns were dropping real shells just over them, and Maxims and trench mortars were turning the affair into the most real test I had ever beheld. Every man of them is a highly schooled specialist in every weapon, from bare hands to flame-projector. Few live long, and there is never any lack of volunteers to take their places. They speak of themselves jestingly as "aspiranti cadaveri" (candidates for death.)

It was these, who have never ceased to resent and question the retreat, who led the storming column upon the enemy's lines at Zenson. There was a brief bombardment, and then the Arditi rushed the parapet. The Hungarians fought well for a while, but there was no standing against that attack. There was some active slaughtering, both in the assault and while the enemy fell back to the river.

The Austrian's losses in killed left on the field were exceedingly heavy, and their cramped position along the bend of the river now hinders their getting further forces across.

Everywhere the Italian resistance is gallant and stubborn, although everywhere the enemy pressure is increased.

FAYOLLE OFF TO ITALY.

Commander of the French Reinforcements Starts for the Front.

PARIS, Nov. 20.—General Marie Fayolle, commander of the French forces in Italy, departed last night to take up his duties. General Fayolle is an artilleryman. He was retired six weeks before the war began, but offered his services and received a command. He served under General Petain at Carency in 1915, and afterward was promoted and placed in command of the Sixth Army. He conducted the operations on the Somme which resulted in the retreat of the Germans to the Hindenburg line. He then took command of the central group of armies. It was under him that General Guillaumat finished clearing the approaches to Verdun.

General Fayolle has a reputation as a scientific soldier, earned largely while he was a professor at the War School.

GREEK FLAG OVER UDINE.

Indication That Constantine's Partisans Are Aiding the Invaders.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 18, (Delayed.)—Information is trickling across the Piave from the Italians in Eastern Venetia, now overrun by the enemy. According to these reports, Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary has visited Gorizia and Udine, and King Ferdinand of Bulgaria has passed through Gradisca and Palmanova.

The garrison at Udine, the former Italian headquarters, is said to be made up of Turkish soldiers who are using the Church of Santa Maria as one of their barracks. On the citadel of Udine the invaders have raised five flags—Austrian, German, Bulgarian, Turkish, and Greek. The last flag represents the Greek division which went over to the Bulgarians at Kavala and Fort Rupel, and which some reports put among the enemy divisions operating on the Italian front.

Early, in September, 1916, the Fourth Greek Army Corps, with headquarters at Kavala, surrendered to the Bulgarians. Its strength was reported to be 25,000 men, and these were later transported to Germany.

This is the Hell Gate Bridge Route of the New Through

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WEST	DAILY	EAST	DAILY
Lv. Boston	1.30 P. M.	Lv. St. Louis(E.T.)	11.50 P. M.
" Providence	2.36 P. M.	" Indianapolis	7.45 A. M.
" New London	4.09 P. M.	" Cincinnati	9.00 A. M.
" New Haven	5.24 P. M.	" Columbus	12.40 P. M.
" Bridgeport	5.52 P. M.	" Pittsburgh (E.T.)	7.10 P. M.
Ar. New York (Penna. Sta.)	7.35 P. M.	Ar. New York (Penna. Sta.)	5.05 A. M.
Lv. New York (Penna. Sta.)	7.45 P. M.	Lv. New York (Penna. Sta.)	5.15 A. M.
" North Phila.	c9.32 P. M.	Ar. Bridgeport	7.01 A. M.
Ar. Pittsburgh (E.T.)	*6.00 A. M.	" New Haven	7.33 A. M.
" Columbus (E.T.)	10.10 A. M.	" New London	8.44 A. M.
" Cincinnati	1.40 P. M.	" Providence	10.20 A. M.
" Indianapolis	3.15 P. M.	" Boston	11.21 A. M.
" St. Louis	9.35 P. M.		

"c" Stops only to receive passengers.
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For further particulars see City Record or apply to

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SUFFRAGE LEADERS CALL FOR REPRISAL

Continued from Page 1.

President of the Anti-Suffrage Association made that charge she forgot the support of the President, the Governor, and other men of unquestioned loyalty and of the great established political parties.

Tribute to the Pioneers.

Mrs. Whitehouse paid tribute to the pioneers of the suffrage cause as the most real contributors to the victory, and introduced Governor Whitman as "a man of little faith—a man who was a bad prophet, but a good friend."

The Governor congratulated the State on the "patriotic addition to the electorate of New York," and said there was no longer any such thing as an anti-suffrage party or a suffrage party. "That question," he declared, "has been settled once for all." Mr. Whitman declared it the duty of all women to vote, whether or not they had sought the franchise, and said he never had been concerned as much with the need of women for the vote as with the need of the State for their votes.

Woman's place always had been in the home, he said, amid much laughter, and so had man's, and the woman who did not make a success of her home was not likely to render any very great service to the world outside, and the man who was a failure at home was likely to resemble a failure elsewhere. The speaker concluded by returning to his theme that the attitude of public men on suffrage should not be made the test of their fitness for office, asserting: "I would not insult your intelligence by asking your support because we supported you."

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, the next speaker, drew tears as she recounted the devotion of forty of her seventy years to the struggle for "enfranchisement and freedom." Several times the audience gave her rising greetings, and all over the house furtive handkerchiefs appeared as her voice faltered.

"If, as they claim, the Socialists did it," said Dr. Shaw, "then they have done a splendid thing. If it was the Democrats, they are beginning to understand the principles of democracy. If it was the Republicans, the Republicans are beginning to know what a representative government is."

She pleaded for a pilgrimage to Congress, that should voice not a threat, but a plea, and went on:

"We have pledged our co-operation until all women of the nation, like ourselves, are free, and the best method by which it can be secured is by making a concerted drive on Congress this Winter to show the men there the earnestness, the sincerity, and the desire of the women of this country that they may now lay down their arms in the struggle for suffrage—that they may devote themselves, body and soul, without any restrictions whatever—without any consciousness of ingratitude on the part of the Government whatever, that they may devote themselves solely to carrying on the needs of our Government during this terrible war. We must give every power we possess of body and mind and heart."

Colonel Roosevelt, although the last speaker, received the most enthusiastic greeting of the evening and was vigorously applauded as he told of the patriotic activities of members of his own family, and received sympathetic laughter when he offered to go without milk and butter that the children—and grandchildren—might have enough. In part Colonel Roosevelt said:

"Tonight I wish in greeting you first to exchange congratulations with you, and above all with Dr. Shaw, upon the stand that New York State has at last taken. Next I wish to say that we now have a right to expect that the United States as a whole will follow New York's example, and therefore pass the Constitutional Amendment at Washington. Third, and what is most important, I wish to speak through you to the women of New York about the heavy responsibilities that now are theirs.

"What we citizens of the democracy who enjoy full political rights need to remember is that we have no moral right to their enjoyment, and that in the long run we will not be permitted to enjoy them, unless we perform the duties necessarily implied in their possession. In this world neither man nor woman has any right to the enjoyment of a privilege unless he or she accepts and fulfills the obligations accompanying it. A democracy that represents merely the enjoyment of privilege is bound in the end to go down. It is only a democracy based on service which can permanently endure.

"As a matter of fact, among the reasons because of which I welcome the extension of suffrage to women is my belief that certain duties in the way of securing social and industrial justice, about which many men are lukewarm, will enlist the support of almost all women. Of course you will have to realize that silly sentimentality may be as bad as brutality. But we must act! And we must act with reasonable rapidity. Take, for example, the milk problem in this city. I am credibly informed that the price of milk has gone so high as to result in the stinting of the amount given to the children of the very poor, with results that have been lamentably shown in their health. For grown-up people, milk and butter are luxuries. For children good milk is a necessity. To try improperly to reduce the price paid farmers for milk inevitably means a reduction in the supply. But I would refuse to permit grown-up people to have milk or butter until provision has been made for supplying every child the milk necessary for its health and welfare. I would take whatever steps are required, whether by legislation, by the establishment of Government markets, or even by still further and more drastic action, if necessary, to accomplish the desired result.

Patriotism Woman's Duty.

"But, women of New York, my fellow-citizens, my fellow-Americans, what I specially wish to call to your attention tonight is the prime duty of the moment, the duty to make patriotism part of your very life of all your actions, and not something merely to be talked about—or with abstract sentimentality. Patriotism is an entirely concrete thing. At this moment this country is at war for its own vital interests, and also for the vital interests of mankind.

"No man or woman is patriotic at this time who does not heartily back the United States Government in every action for the efficient prosecution of the war. In the world as it now is no people can exist unless they are able to defend themselves, no form of Government can permanently endure unless it works efficiently. The way to show true devotion to democracy, the way to make democracy safe, is to make it just, and to make it efficient. Let me illustrate by two examples close at hand. South of us a year ago lay the little Republics of Hayti and Santo Domingo. As far as names went they were as much democratic republics as was this nation. But their people had not developed self-control, self-restraint, the power to secure the doing of justice by and among themselves, or the power to prepare themselves so as to be able to resist foreign aggression. We invaded and conquered these countries, we then ruled over them, because in these two republics democracy worked so badly that injustice prevailed within them, while they were powerless to defend themselves from outside attack.

Must Be Prepared.

"In this country our prime failure has been to develop our strength so as to protect us from outside attack. This is the matter of first consequence to us at this moment. The woman who does not raise her son to be a soldier for the right, and the man who has not been raised to be a soldier for the right, are neither of them fit for citizenship in a free republic. We cannot make democracy safe in this country unless we make this country safe against alien aggression; this means preparedness in advance as our permanent policy; and at this time it means the stern resolution to put through this war until we win the peace of overwhelming victory.

"I believe that, even when temporarily puzzled, temporarily misled, the average of American men and the average of American women have in them the spirit which will make them in the end do what is wise and what is right, and fearlessly face any danger and any hardship rather than submit to wrong. I believe this as much of the women as I do of the men. The women and the men in this country more than in any other great country of the world now stand on a near equality of right and justice, shoulder to shoulder, side by side, mother and son, husband and wife, brother and sister, lover and sweetheart. Thus standing, you and I, friends, we must face every risk and endure every hardship, until we have won the great fight for justice, wherein we have taken our place alongside all the justly acting and liberty loving nations of mankind."

NEW VOTERS TO BACK FEDERAL AMENDMENT

New York Suffrage Party's Program Calls on Women to Maintain Autonomy.

Political reprisal upon candidates who have opposed woman suffrage in the past, a campaign against candidates for Congress and the Legislature who refuse to indorse the Federal suffrage amendment, and a complete reorganization of the party along Congressional district lines, to the end that the votes of New York's women may be made effective in the national amendment drive, were the vital features of the program proposed to the forty-ninth annual convention of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party by the Executive Board at its first open session yesterday afternoon. There was applause for the proposal that the women maintain the autonomy of their own organization and refuse to split their membership among the existing political parties, thus abandoning the suffrage tight for the present. There was much laughter when the board's report called those who are to be punished for past offenses, not only Antis, but men "opposed to the interests of women and children and to humanitarian legislation in general."

Otherwise the program was received in silence by the delegates when presented by Miss Alice Morgan Wright. The seeming indifference on the floor was interpreted by the delegates themselves as meaning that the great majority of delegates were in agreement upon the program and that it would be put through today.

The board's report, in conjunction with the declaration of Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, that the women should "take their army down to Washington and fight the battle for democracy there while the men fight it abroad, answered the question "What will the women do?" The full report of the Executive Committee read:

Suffragists' New Platform.

The Executive Board of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party recommends that:

First—In order to work more effectively for the Federal amendment the campaign district organizations should be abolished and in their place Congressional district organizations should be established. The Congressional district Chairman should be appointed by the elected officers of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party with the consent of the leaders of the Assembly districts which lie in the respective Congressional districts, and the officers of the Congressional districts should be appointed by the Chairman of the Congressional district with the consent of the Assembly district leaders of that Congressional district.

The Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Congressional Districts should be combined with one Chairman and organization, and the Forty-first and Forty-second combined with one Chairman and organization.

Second—The Assembly district organizations with leader and officers, elected by the votes of dues-paying members, should be retained.

The Assembly district organizations should bear the same relation to the organization of the Congressional district in which they lie as they now bear to the campaign district in which they lie.

The suffrage clubs should remain as well as the election district committees.

The New York City organization should retain its present form.

Third—We should remain a non-partisan group of voters. We should not at this convention indorse any principle, party or individual, or commit ourselves to parties or partisan measures before we have had ample time to study conditions and problems of Government which are new to us.

Fourth—We should inform ourselves of various problems of Government in order to use our new power of citizenship to the greatest advantage of State and nation.

We should maintain, therefore, the following committees:

Educational Committee—We recommend that the group known as the educational section reorganize to become a standing committee and undertake to hold lectures on the various forms of government of city, State, and nation; that they investigate the various administrative departments of city and State both as to their powers and duties, and as to the fulfillment of the latter. That they undertake the training of speakers on such matters who may be at the service of the organization throughout the State; that they hold monthly public meetings to report upon their investigations, and that they publish and distribute a correspondence course of civics.

Should Educate Women.

Americanization Committee—Should undertake the civic education of alien women in connection with preparations for their naturalization.

Legislative Committee—We should maintain a Legislative Committee with a representative at Albany during the sessions of the Legislature. The duties of this committee should be especially to watch legislation affecting women and children and the health conditions of the State. It should report upon its investigations at each meeting of the Executive Board. It should have power to recommend to the Central Board legislation which the Central Board may initiate or introduce into the Legislature.

Committee on Labor—The industrial section should be renamed the Committee on Labor, and should report to the Central Board upon the special interests and needs of the women and children in industry.

Intelligence Committee—There should be a committee to investigate and report upon the records of candidates for political office.

Committee on Rural Problems—The section on indorsements should be renamed and should give its attention to the problems of the rural women and undertake, with the consent of the Central Board, work in connection with the Grange.

The publicity, press, and organization departments should be retained. A War Service Committee should be formed to co-operate with the existing agencies to perform such services as we may be called upon by the Government to render.

Fifth—The Central Board should send a monthly communication containing informations and instructions to each Congressional Chairman and Assembly district leader.

Sixth—In view of the likelihood of the immediate submission of the Federal amendment to the State Legislatures for ratification we should campaign against the nomination or election of candidates for the New York State Legislature and campaign against candidates for Congress who will not agree to indorse the Federal amendment, providing the Federal amendment has not passed before the next Congressional election, which takes place in 1918.

Seventh—At the next primaries and election we should campaign against certain candidates for State and Federal offices who have consistently opposed woman suffrage, and whose records show them to have been opposed to the interests of women and children and to humanitarian legislation in general.

Eighth—The board further recommends that:

We, with the additional power of full citizenship, renew our offer of service to the Government in this time of war, and hold ourselves ready to perform any duty which it may designate.

The ballroom of the Ritz-Carlton was crowded with delegates, alternates, and visitors long before the first open session convened at 2 o'clock. The Credential Committee made its preliminary report after Mrs. Whitehouse had called the convention to order and the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant had delivered the invocation. Mrs. Raymond Brown, Chairman of the Organization Committee, reported next, and the floor was given to Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, the Congressional Chairman, who dwelt upon the work of the Congressional Campaign Committee.

Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid, the party Treasurer, told of the difficulties of raising a campaign fund in the face of unprecedented demands from war charities, patriotic and relief organizations, and said in future campaigns there should be an Assistant Treasurer and a Finance Committee. After Miss Wright had presented her report, Mrs. Whitehouse, the retiring Chairman, read her annual report, and the afternoon session adjourned.

Mrs. Whitehouse Reviews Work.

Mrs. Whitehouse told of the interruption to suffrage work when war was declared, described the confusion attendant upon women's early efforts to serve the Government, and of the resignation of twenty-five pacifist members when the organization pledged itself to war service.

"The forty-eighth convention met a year ago to plan a victory," she began. "The forty-ninth convention meets today to celebrate a victory."

When the cheering was over she reviewed the chronology of the suffrage year including the enfranchising of Russian women, the coming of suffrage in Ontario, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, and British Columbia, the promise of action by the French and Italian Parliaments, the success of the Electoral Reform bill in England, "making suffrage assured for English women," and the conferring of Presidential suffrage upon the women of seven States.

She spoke of the handicap of the disapproved pickets' campaign and said the antis adroitly increased the opposition aroused by the pickets with the result that "reproaches of pro-Germanism and disloyalty added to the general feeling of bitterness and disapproval." She said the party "also had to work against the psychological belief that suffrage could not win in New York State."

Mrs. Whitehouse again thanked President Wilson for his help, and thus expressed gratitude for Socialist aid:

"The Socialist candidate for Mayor in this city contributed generously to the cause when he publicly challenged the three other Mayoralty candidates to unite on this one non-partisan issue question and give it their support. Mr. Hillquit's challenge did not obtain the degree of support he asked from the other candidates, but it brought statements from the other candidates that each one was a believer in woman suffrage.

"The Mayoralty situation here worked to our advantage. The bitter fight between the four candidates, the personal attacks, the natural uncertainty of the result undoubtedly prevented any one of the parties from opposing our measure.

"Our greatest duty," she concluded, "is to use our new power in every way to obtain for the women of all our country the full citizenship that we have won for ourselves through such long and hard efforts. Our country sets an example we may follow. It is sending its armies abroad, our husbands, our sons, to fight not for any advantage of its own, but for democracy—for the right of those who submit to authority to have a voice in their own government. We may in the same manner take our forces to Washington and there fight pescefully for democracy, for the rights of women who submit to authority in other States to have a voice in their own government. If we make this our first object, we shall be putting promptly to the best advantage—to the service of that same human liberty for which we have worked so long unarmed—our new, our powerful weapon of votes. Let us test our new weapon in the service of our sisters."

CAREW SAYS NO TO WOMEN.

Congressman Definitely Refuses to Vote for Federal Amendment.

Congressman John F. Carew told thirty members of the National Woman's Party who called upon him yesterday at the Wyandotte Club, 232 East Fifty-eighth Street, that he would not vote for the Federal amendment. He represents the district in which Mrs. John Winters Brannan, now serving a sixty-day sentence for picketing the White House, lives, and one of the things the women asked was that he would work to ameliorate the conditions of the imprisoned pickets. To this he did not reply, and the women did not press other questions.

A large number of women who have picketed and have been imprisoned were in the delegation. Mrs. John Rogers, Jr., who headed the delegation, was one; Mrs. Helena Hill Weed of Washington, D. C., and Connecticut, was another; Miss Maude Malone, who served a sixty-day term; Mrs. Thomas Holmes, and Mrs. Ella O. Guilford, who is now out on suspended sentence after the last arrest.

"Mr. Carew," said Mrs. Rogers, who was the speaker of the afternoon, "we want you to ask the President to put his tremendous power behind Congress to get it to pass the Federal amendment, and we want him to put it into his message. The President has told Mrs. Whitehouse that suffrage is a question of national importance and not one to wait, and that no other question should be settled before it. We want you to ask your colleagues to pass this amendment, and to refer it back to the States for ratification. The question should be put out of the way. We also want to speak to you in the interest of Mrs. Brannan, who is serving an unjust sentence.

Mrs. O. H. Havemeyer told Mr. Carew what a splendid triumph it would be for democracy to get the women out of prison and pass the Federal amendment, but Mr. Carew didn't see it that way. "I have never voted for that amendment and I am not going to change my position now," said Mr. Carew.

"Do you want us to come and visit you every day?" asked Mrs. Rogers.

"No," said Mr. Carew, "and if you want me to give you a decided answer now, I will tell you I will not vote for it."

"I have a great deal of respect for you ladies. I have a wife and three daughters and two sons, and I love my wife and daughters best. If I thought proper I would do as you wish. I have voted against the amendment every time I have had the opportunity. The only reason that might make me change my mind is the stand New York State has taken."

Somewhat mollified at this, the women introduced the pickets, shook hands with Mr. Carew, and left, promising another visit.

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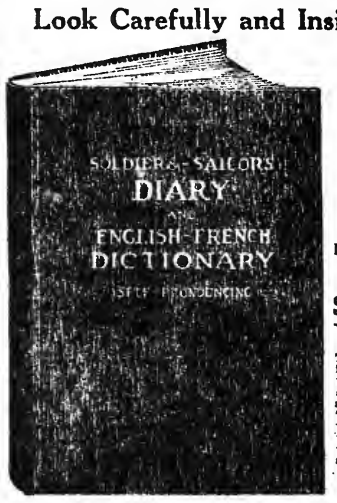

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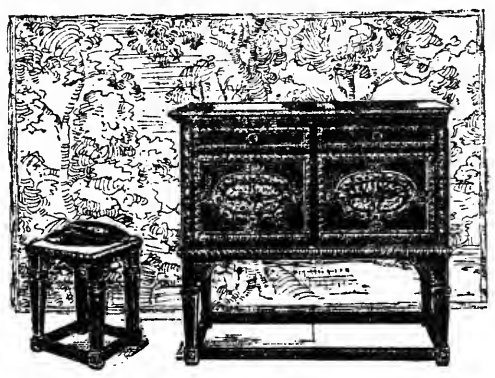

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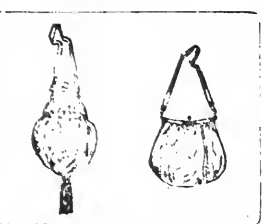

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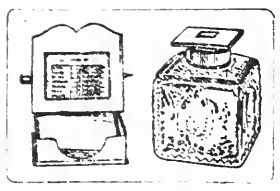

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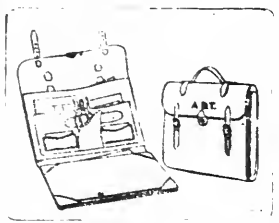

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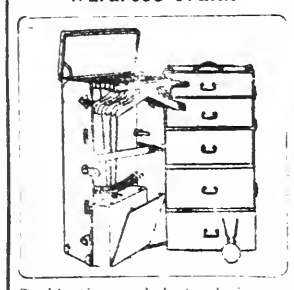

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DE SAULLES CHILD HALTS MURDER TRIAL

Mother Insists Upon Seeing Him and Justice Says She May, but Not in Court.

EIGHT JURORS SELECTED

All Are 50 or Over, and the Fathers of Daughters—Defendant's Mother Taken Ill in Courtroom.

Mrs. Blanca De Saulles, who is being tried for the murder of her divorced husband, John Longer De Saulles, came into the Nassau County courtroom at Mineola, L. I., yesterday morning with her eyes flashing and her lips trembling. She began at once to talk with animation to ex-Judge Lewis J. Smith, one of her lawyers.

The contrast between her apparent excitement yesterday morning and her stony demeanor of the day before awakened interest, and it was learned that she had been aroused again concerning her four-and-a-half-year-old son, for whose sake she had shot De Saulles, according to the defense.

The boy, it was learned, had failed to appear at the prison on Monday afternoon at the close of the trial, when she expected him. By an agreement between counsel for Mrs. De Saulles and for the family of his father, the child, John Longer De Saulles, Jr., has been making visits twice a week to his mother, on Mondays and Thursdays.

No word had been conveyed to Mrs. De Saulles that the boy was not to be permitted to visit her on Monday, and her worry over his absence was heightened, according to her lawyers, by the fact that she was conscious of the possibility that visits to her from him might in the future be few.

Proposed Habeas Corpus.

After the young woman had talked to her counsel, Henry J. Uterhart, her leading representative, started to prepare an application for a writ of habeas corpus to compel the family to have the boy visit his mother. The child is now with the family of Mrs. August Heckscher, an aunt of the late John L. De Saulles, at Huntington, L. I. Before the papers were ready, however, Almuth C. Vandiver, of the firm of O'Gorman, Battle & Vandiver, which is representing Charles A. H. De Saulles, a brother of the dead man, entered a conference with Mr. Uterhart on the subject of the boy's visits. Mr. Uterhart said that he would press the habeas corpus proceedings at once, unless an arrangement for visits from the boy was made which was satisfactory to the mother.

Justice Manning, at the request of the two lawyers, suspended the slow process of getting a jury and went into his chambers to consult regarding the boy. This ended in an agreement that the two visits a week of the boy to his mother should continue during the trial, but they shall not take place in the courtroom. The first of these will take place after the close of court this afternoon.

The boy has not so far appeared in court during the trial. It was learned yesterday that Justice Manning had been very much opposed to having the child in the courtroom. Mrs. De Saulles has also been unwilling to have him near her at the trial, where it might be interpreted that he was being exploited as a feature of the defense. After the agreement as to future visits, Mr. Uterhart said:

"I was surprised to learn that the agreement to bring the boy to visit his mother twice a week had been disregarded, as that agreement was procured previously by a threat to resort to a writ of habeas corpus to prevent the boy from being kept away from his mother. Today I find that they had decided that they were not going to allow the mother to see the boy during the course of the trial. I told Mr. Vandiver to tell Charles De Saulles that if he did not want the boy taken out of his influence by a writ of habeas corpus he had better reconsider. After a conference with the Justice they came to terms."

Didn't Want Boy in Court.

Almuth C. Vandiver said that there was no objection to letting the boy see his mother, but that the trial was not adjourned until 4 P. M., and that it meant keeping the boy out until unreasonably late in the afternoon to let him visit his mother. He said:

"Yesterday the Heckschers, with whom the boy had been staying, were moving into town and on that account could not take the boy to the jail to see the mother. The boy spent one afternoon playing with the Heckscher children. In addition to that it had not been decided whether to allow the boy to visit his mother at all during the trial. Hitherto he had been seeing his mother twice a week from 2:15 to 4 o'clock. It was felt that visits to the mother after court would keep the boy out too late.

"The idea that the boy might visit his mother in court did not meet the approval of Justice Manning, and Mr. Uterhart told me that he did not want the boy in court either. The suggestion to put the matter before Justice Manning and let him decide what should be arranged came from our side. As a matter of fact, it was originally made by ex-Senator James W. O'Gorman. No court order was made, but Justice Manning simply brought us to an agreement. The boy will make visits to his mother on Wednesdays and Fridays during the trial from about 1 o'clock to 3:30."

The fact that Charles A. H. De Saulles is actively aiding the prosecution became known yesterday when he sat in court all day with two lawyers engaged by him on the case. Mr. Vandiver, who has been employed mainly regarding the little De Saulles boy, over whom Charles A. H. De Saulles has been seeking to obtain the guardianship, has had no part in the prosecution.

But Mr. De Saulles has been represented on the staff of the prosecution by Deavon Murphy, who was attached to the Homicide Bureau in the District Attorney's office under Governor Whitman. Mr. Murphy took a large part in the prosecution of Hans Schmidt, who was executed for murder, and in other important criminal prosecutions.

Mr. Murphy Aids Prosecution.

George Gordon Battle, who was originally employed by Charles A. H. De Saulles to defend the name of the late prosecution of Mrs. De Saulles. Mr. after the murder that he was engaged solely to defend the memory of the dead man, and was not interested in the prosecution of Mrs. de Saulles. Mr. Vandiver, a partner of Mr. Battle, said yesterday that the instructions to lawyers for Mr. De Saulles were not confined to the work of excluding from the trial or of combating attacks on the name of the late John Longer De Saulles. He said:

"Mr. Murphy has been engaged to assist the prosecution in every way possible. He has offered to do everything in his power to help District Attorney Weekes. There have been many points of the case to be looked up in New York, and Mr. Murphy has worked on them. We do not anticipate any attack on the memory of Mr. De Saulles, and we know that none can be successfully made."

The association of Mr. Murphy with the prosecution was brought forward by the defense as prominently as possible in the examination of jurors. Mr. Uterhart asked this question of every one of the talesmen examined:

"Are you acquainted with Deacon Murphy, formerly of the Homicide Bureau of the District Attorney's office in New York and now representing the family of the late Mr. De Saulles in the prosecution of this case?"

Jurors came slowly again yesterday. Several men were excused because they confessed prejudice in favor of the defendant due to reading of the case, while the majority were dismissed after peremptory challenges by the defense. Only four were chosen out of thirty talesmen called, leaving eight men in the jury box at the end of the day.

Mme. Vergara-Errazuriz, mother of Mrs. Blanca De Saulles, was present in the courtroom yesterday until the excitement of trial overcame her and produced a heart attack, which caused her to leave. She spent an hour in another room in the building, and when her strength returned she visited her daughter, who was by this time in her room again in the Sheriff's quarters in the Mineola jail.

Mme. Vergara-Errazuriz came to this country from Chile on the first steamer leaving Santiago after news that her daughter had killed De Saulles was cabled to her. Because of illness she did not attend the first day's trial, but she insisted on coming yesterday in spite of her physical condition.

Mother Is Self-Possessed.

Mme. Vergara-Errazuriz came into the courtroom accompanied by a Chilean Consular officer at this port and her son, William, and her daughter, Amalice. Unlike Mrs. De Saulles, who is extremely emaciated and white, the mother is fairly plump, with a touch of color in her cheeks. A striking resemblance runs through the family. Though the sister Amalice is in good health, she looks enough like Mrs. De Saulles to be a twin sister. Sitting but a few feet in the rear of the defendant, she has occasionally been mistaken for the defendant.

All members of the family have the characteristic of a calmness, bordering on stolidity, which has been so strikingly exhibited by Mrs. De Saulles. The mother, sister, and brother sat looking straight ahead, without the movement of a muscle on any of the three faces. No change of expression ever betrayed the fact if any of the questions on the juror's attitude toward the death penalty, on his readiness to punish a woman as quickly as a man, or other subjects produced the slightest emotional reaction in either of them. When Mme. Vergara-Errazuriz was seized with a heart attack, she spoke to her escort and walked slowly out of the room with him. She moved away so quietly that it did not become known that she was ill until her absence was noticed later.

After she had learned that the boy was to visit her again, Mrs. De Saulles appeared to lose interest again and gazed on apathetically while strings of complex questions were presented to the talesmen. Because the type of defense on the grounds of insanity, which is relied on to acquit Mrs. De Saulles, several unusual problems for a juror are raised.

Near the close of the session Justice Manning made a vigorous complaint against the procedure of the defense in taking talesman after talesman through the entire labyrinth and then regularly using the peremptory challenge against them. He said:

"I don't see the use of pursuing this course at extreme length of time, and then exercising the peremptory challenge. It is a mere waste of time."

The next man was quickly chosen. He was the eighth juror. The increased speed that followed the Justice's admonition indicated that the selection of the jury might be completed in this morning's section of court.

While the defense has not revealed the principle on which it has been selecting jurors, the general plan is pretty well outlined by the statistics of the domestic life of the eight jurors who have been accepted. Every one is of middle age or past, the youngest being 49 years old. All have one or more children. Each has at least one daughter.

All talesmen were carefully examined as to the size and make-up of their families. At the morning session the defense by peremptory challenge rejected in succession three talesmen, evidently suited in all other respects for the purposes of the defense, but disqualified by the fact that they had but one child each, and that a son. The theory evidently was that a father of boys, in deliberating on the case, might think of the slain John L. De Saulles, while the father of daughters would dwell more on the thought of the young woman whose life was at stake.

William A. Seaman of Woodmere, a painting contractor, confessed at first that he had both scruples against capital punishment and an impression on the case, which the prosecution assumed to be in favor of Mrs. De Saulles. Nevertheless, the prosecution passed him. But the defense, on learning that he had been married only four months, dropped him precipitately.

The prosecution's main reason for rejecting jurors was their confession of bias due to reading of the case. John J. Dowd of Sea Cliff answered several questions satisfactorily, but when asked if he had read of the case said:

"Yes, ever since Aug. 3."

"Oh, you even know the date of the killing," said District Attorney Weeks.

"Yes," replied the witness. Mr. Weeks asked if his close attention to the case had made an impression on him which it would require evidence to remove.

"Yes, and strong evidence," said Dowd.

The first juror accepted yesterday was William P. Jones, a real estate dealer of Freeport. He is 61 years old, married, and has a family. He satisfied the defense by saying that he had no prejudice against the defense of insanity, if it was properly established, and would not draw a conclusion unfavorable to the young woman because she carried a revolver without a license on the night of the shooting.

The next juror was John A. Ellard, 50 years old, of Oyster Bay, a builder. He has one married daughter. The first two were selected at the morning session. The two additional obtained in the afternoon were Herman H. Beers of Freeport, a retired cigar manufacturer, with a family, and ex-State Commissioner of Fairs William H. Jones of Oyster Bay, who is also past 60 and has daughters.

Jurors rejected besides those mentioned were Frank E. Baldwin of Montauk, Nicholas J. King of New Hyde Park, Charles L. Cochs of Port Washington, Allen E. Moore of Central Park, David Bandler of Carle Park, John D. Gardiner of Baldwins, Thomas K. Box of Baldwins, Carl Koehler of Rockville Centre, Eugene P. Hawkins of Rockville Centre, Samuel Combs of Woodmere, John Hannan of Franklin Square, Orson C. Foster of Oceanside, Martin W. Watts of Woodmere, James M. McQueen, Jacob Post of Freeport, Royal Mollneux of Hempstead, Thomas A. Maloney of Great Neck Station, Irving Smith of Rockville Centre, Melvin S. Terry of Freeport.

The trial will be resumed at 10 o'clock this morning.

FOUNDED 1880 LONDON

DE PINNA

"Antipodal" Shoes—exclusive with De Pinna—were designed primarily to meet a demand for footwear in keeping with the character of De Pinna clothing.

Hence, the lasts are of the most approved types, the materials are of the finest quality obtainable, and in the case of the shoes for the boys and girls, careful attention has been given to the getting of extreme comfort.

The quality standard of "Antipod" Shoes as it existed before the outbreak of the war, has been maintained without interruption. Hence, we are presenting footwear shoes of exceptional quality at a time when it is generally most difficult to secure reliable footwear.

5th Avenue at 50th Street

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Will Close Out To-day

WOMEN'S DAYTIME GOWNS

High Class Models and Fabrics

29.50

Heretofore $39.50 to $59.50

GOWNS of Georgette crepe or French satin, also of Georgette crepe combined with satin in black, navy, taupe, prune, Copenhagen blue, pearl grey or brown, handsomely embroidered or beaded; also tailored models of navy blue serge, many embroidered, some combined with satin.

NO EXCHANGES—NO CREDITS

A Great Overcoat Offering at $25

ONLY by approaching close to their actual cost in marking the price—so close that there are no values in New York City today comparable with them—could we offer this selection of fine Kirschbaum overcoats at $25 .... Ulsters, ulsterettes, field coats, raglans, form fitters and Chesterfields—all approved overcoat styles included, irrespective of their making cost .... Every garment glowing with the beauty of the handiwork lavished upon it in the Kirschbaum clothesmaking shops.

Stern Brothers

WEST FORTY-SECOND AND FORTY-THIRD STREETS

Young Men's and Men's Clothes, Third Floor—Elevators Convenient.

Established 1723
REVILLON FRÈRES

FUR COATS
FUR SETS
FUR CAPES

Revillon Frères
5th Avenue at 53d Street

FOR THE BUSY MAN.

Thomas G. Erwin, a Georgia banker, writes of Current History Magazine, published by The New York Times: "As a busy man's magazine it has no superior." Monthly, 25 cents—$3 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

Gidding
PARIS — 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST — NEW YORK

November Selling Events—

A readjustment of various lines in our several salons enables us to place exceptional values before you—

Fur-trimmed Suits at $65—$75—$95.
Suits without fur—$45

Fashionable Coats at $65—$75—$95.
Coats without fur—$50

Luxurious Wraps at $95—$125—$145.

Street Frocks at $45—$65—$95—$125.

Tailored and Costume Blouses at $10.

Street and Sport Hats—$10.

B. Altman & Co.

Military Uniforms

FOR THE BOYS AT SCHOOL

With the introduction of military training as an adjunct of the curriculum at the preparatory schools, B. Altman & Co. have provided the proper uniforms, caps, Leggings, shoes, etc., that are demanded for this purpose. The assortments are comprehensive in every particular.

Boys' Uniforms of fine-quality O. D. cloth, all-wool and very well made:

Sizes 8 to 14 years . .	$22.50
Sizes 15 to 18 years . .	26.50
Sheep-lined Coats	13.50
Garrison Caps	2.50
Canvas Leggings	1.85
Shoes	5.00

Information regarding Complete Outfits for Schools will be sent on request.

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue,
34th and 35th Streets — New York

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC
ORDERS FOR INDIVIDUALLY MONOGRAMED
HOLIDAY GIFTS
SHOULD BE PLACED NOW TO INSURE PROMPT DELIVERY
FIFTH AVENUE AT 45TH ST.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Overcoats For Football Weather

Coats that will buck up against old Boreas' line and carry you through to your goal as warm as toast. With sharp, well defined lines.

Burberry's and Other London-Made Overcoats For Men $44.75 to $64.50

Your choice of a number of patterns in warm overcoatings that will serve you well—at the price you feel you can afford to pay—but every one at a price much lower than elsewhere.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway, Front.

Sleeping Suits for Men, $3.29

Well made of heavy flannelette, in three styles.
No. 1—made in one piece style with boots attached and hood detached.
No. 2—made in two piece style with boots and hood detached.
No. 3—made in one piece style with overlap coat effect, hood and boots detached.
All three models have wind protecting sleeve device. Sizes A, B, C and D.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's All Wool Worsted Trousers at $4.75

Well tailored of excellent materials, in black, white and gray striped effects. Other Trousers, $3.96 to $8.75

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 35th St., Broadway.

Men's Underwear for Fall Wear

Medium weight worsted union suits for men who discard light weight goods in early Fall for something warmer. Regular and stout, sizes 34 to 50 inches, per suit, $2.59.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Silk Hose, at $1.39

Heavy, pure silk hose, full fashioned, with reinforced toes, heels and soles. All sizes in champagne, tan, gray, black and white. They fit comfortably and wear well.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Pipes and Pouches

Just arrived—a new lot of French Briars in various shapes. Guaranteed not to burn or crack. Stems of vulcanized rubber, some trimmed with silver bands.
Special Straight or Curved Stem Pipes, 24c to $2.49
Tobacco Pouches, 24c to $1.74

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., B'way, and Fifth Floor, 35th St.

Those Who Commute

may leave their orders for merchandise at the Order Booths, Grand Central or Hudson Terminal, when they leave the trains, and they will find everything ready for them when they start on the trip back home in the late afternoon.

QUESTIONS SWEENEY ABOUT ARMY BAZAAR

Campaign Director' Appears at Prosecutor's Office in Inquiry Concerning Fete.

DOWLING URGES REFORM

Introduces Ordinance Giving the City Control of Benefit Entertainments for Charity.

District Attorney Swann's investigation into the disposal of the funds collected at the recent Army and Navy Bazaar centred closely yesterday around the activities of George F. Sweeney, the "advertising publicity and campaign director." Mr. Sweeney was called before the District Attorney to explain some of his accounts. Before his arrival, however, Mr. Swann had obtained about fifty checks, which, according to the prosecutor, showed that Sweeney, within a period of a month before the bazaar, during its progress and after it closed, had drawn upon the Union Trust Company, where he had an account, for $20,134.83.

Among the vouchers were checks which ran as high as $5,000, drawn to "Cash." The bazaar was held from Oct. 27 to Nov. 3. The checks drawn by Sweeney on the Union Trust Company to "Cash" from Oct. 17 to Nov. 17, it is asserted, aggregated a total of $12,290. Many checks of substantial amounts were drawn to some of the solicitors, according to the District Attorney's office, whom Mr. Sweeney employed to assist him in his work, which, according to a letterhead obtained by the District Attorney, was that of a "campaign director," specializing in the publicity and financial organization of "national, local, and special campaigns."

Directors of the Christmas festival which the National League for Woman's service will stage the week of Dec. 22 to 29 for the benefit of the children of United States soldiers and sailors announced yesterday that Mr. Sweeney would not handle the advertising matter for the program and had canceled his contract.

Isabelle H. Hardie, Secretary of the National Special Aid Society of 230 Fifth Avenue also said Mr. Sweeney was no longer Executive Secretary of that organization, and said he had received no salary since Oct. 21.

Detectives yesterday said they found evidence that Sweeney's name was taken from [illegible] of his office at 303 Fifth Avenue and the telephones were removed.

According to District Attorney Swann, Sweeney, when he appeared at the office, said little in connection with his affairs. It was not until he had left the office that the District Attorney decided to question him with reference to the vouchers, but Sweeney could not be found.

On the advice of District Attorney Swann, Edward S. Moore, Assistant Secretary of the Title Guarantee Trust Company and Treasurer of the bazaar, sent a letter to Sweeney yesterday calling upon him to turn over all the collections received by his solicitors, which were free contributions, and not intended as payment for advertising space in the program. According to the accounts in the possession of the District Attorney's office, these collections aggregate more than $6,000.

Some evidence obtained by Mr. Swann was presented to the Grand Jury yesterday.

Frank L. Dowling, President of the Board of Aldermen, introduced an ordinance at the meeting of the board yesterday to give the city jurisdiction over war charities and other benefit entertainments, with the exception of such affairs conducted by lodges and religious organizations. There will be a public hearing on the ordinance at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in the Aldermanic Chamber.

Introduction of the ordinance to put an end to impositions on the generosity of New Yorkers by persons making money out of charity was a direct outgrowth of the result of the inquiry into the Army and Navy Bazaar. The ordinance would place various restrictions upon profiteering from war charities. It is in effect the same ordinance introduced two years ago by Alderman Wendel, which was defeated because of the opposition of religious organizations. These will, therefore, be exempted from the operation of the ordinance.

President Dowling, in a statement last night, said:

"One of the provisions of the ordinance is that no manager of a charity entertainment not having been connected for at least three months preceding the undertaking with regularly incorporated charity or charities shall advertise any entertainment or receive money from the promotion of the same, without having a license therefor or without having given a sufficient bond or surety to be approved by the Commissioner of Licenses in the sum to be fixed by such Commissioner. Provision is also made that the manager of such charity entertainment shall file with the Bureau of Licenses a statement of the estimated expenses, with the percentage of proceeds or amounts to be retained by the managers, or other conditions of employment, and that such statement of percentages shall appear in a conspicuous place on any advertisement, poster, program, invitation, or letters of credential or appeal used in connection with such enterprise. The license fee is to be $1.

"It is also proposed that the manager or managers of such entertainment shall keep records in which lists of all receipts and expenditures shall be given and that these lists shall be open to the inspection of the Commissioner of Licenses and shall be filed with the Bureau of Licenses within ten days after such entertainment, and shall be retained in such bureau as a public record."

The Quinine That Does Not Affect Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE can be taken without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on box. 30c.—Advt.

CONFESSES HE SLEW HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW

Catalone Clears Mystery of Dismembered Body Found Scattered in Paterson Suburbs.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 20.—The murder mystery which had kept the Paterson police busy since Nov. 5, when a man's torso was found in a vacant lot on the outskirts of the city, and the head in the mud of the Passaic River two days later, was cleared today when Manuel Catalone of 477 East Twelfth Street confessed that he had killed his brother-in-law, Stephen Cassa, who lived at the same address, and had cut his body to pieces with a cleaver. Catalone was arrested when the body was identified as that of Cassa. Mrs. Catalone and Mrs. Cassa, sisters, were also held on a charge of murder.

According to the story Catalone told the police today, on Oct. 31 he and Cassa, both of whom worked at the plant of the Royal Piece Dye Works, were on their way home to luncheon when they became involved in an argument. Catalone said they went to his apartment, on the second floor of the house, and that he prepared lunch for both of them. While the men were eating the quarrel was renewed. Catalone said he grabbed up a hatchet and struck at Cassa's head. Cassa, he said, raised his arm and received a deep gash in it. A moment later he succeeded, he said, in striking Cassa on the back of the head, so that he crumpled on the floor and died almost instantly. He said he then dragged the body into the bathroom and covered it with rags and old newspapers. Both Mrs. Catalone and Mrs. Cassa were at work at the time, he said.

Catalone said that night he told his wife what had happened, cautioning her not to tell her sister. He said that the next day he did not go to work, but after his wife and her sister had gone, went to a store and bought a large suitcase. Returning to his home, he said, with a butcher's cleaver he cut off the head and legs of the body, so that it would fit the suitcase. The body remained in the bathroom over that night. The next day, he told the police, he packed the body in the suitcase, and wrapping the head in paper, went to the Passaic River and threw the head into the water. Then, Catalone said, he went to the vacant lot and threw the contents of the suitcase into a clump of weeds, leaving the suitcase near by.

Catalone told the police that Mrs. Cassa began to worry about her husband, and he told her that Cassa had gone to Luxor, Penn., where they used to live, to visit friends. This appeased her until Nov. 5, when the newspapers told of the body being found. Two days later she insisted that Catalone and his wife accompany her to the morgue. There the body was identified as that of Cassa, and Catalone, his wife and her sister were placed under arrest.

The police went to the Catalone home and found blood on the bathroom floor. Then they began to question Catalone. He persisted that he knew nothing about the case, until yesterday Mrs. Catalone confessed to the police that Catalone had told her something about the death of Cassa. Today the police obtained a suitcase which was a counterpart of the one Catalone was known to have purchased, and when they showed it to him and told him they knew he had used it to dispose of Cassa's body, he confessed.

DUTCH LINER RELEASED.

The Nieuw Amsterdam Will Carry Provisions for the Belgians.

William Van Doorn, general manager of the Holland-America Line in the United States, said yesterday that the liner Nieuw Amsterdam was coaling and he expected that she would soon sail for Rotterdam. The bunker license had been received from Washington, Mr. Van Doorn said, and all the ship had to wait for was an official inspection of the cargo. She has 10,000 tons of provisions on board for the Belgian Relief Commission, and no other freight, but will carry about 300 first and second class passengers and mails for Holland.

REGAN HID 6 MONTHS TO ESCAPE THE DRAFT

Now He Will Spend the Next Half Year in Mercer County Jail.

Daniel Regan, an American of draft age, who when the selective draft law became operative went into voluntary retirement "for the period of the war," decided last Monday that he would like to see if New York had changed during the six months he had remained indoors, and so he sallied forth on Broadway before the white lights were dimmed. Daniel's home is on Ninety-sixth Street near Columbus Avenue, and the neighbors who had known him before the war were surprised when he suddenly appeared. They had been led to believe that he had left the country.

Regan had not gone a block before he ran into Policeman John Cannon of the West 100th Street Station. Cannon looked at Regan and Regan blinked back at Cannon.

"Where have you been these six months?" asked Cannon.

"Oh, I've been gallivantin' 'round," Regan answered.

"Let me see your registration card," said Cannon.

"I do not happen to own one," replied Regan.

"You are under arrest," said Cannon.

Regan was turned over to the Federal authorities. He decided to plead guilty, and told James S. Johnson, Assistant United States District Attorney, that for six months he had remained in his room to escape service in the national army. All this was told to Judge Julius M. Mayer in the United States District Court.

"Well, I will sentence him to six months in the Mercer County jail," said the Judge, and Regan leaves for that prison today.

Over in Jersey City Commissioner James D. Carpenter had before him yesterday John Schmid, a German Swiss, who was charged with violating the draft law and who, according to the evidence, had informed his draft examining board that "I'll be —— if I will shoulder a gun for any man."

Commissioner Carpenter held Schmid without bail for a hearing at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

THE NOISELESS TYPEWRITER

Don't exile your secretary—make your office noiseless

That constant click and clatter of the secretary's typewriter in the busy Executive's room is exasperating to the Executive, embarrassing to the Secretary and a strain on the nerves of each. And it's all so unnecessary.

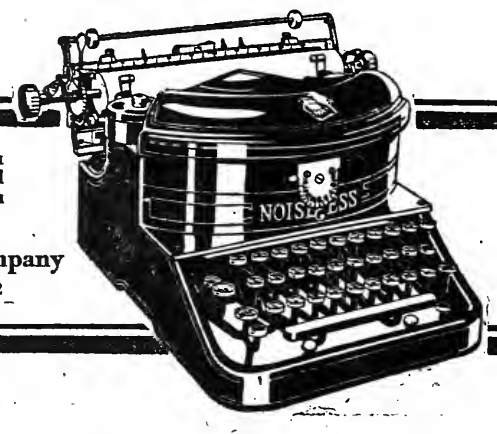
Give your secretary the Noiseless Typewriter. Your office becomes quiet, and gains in dignity. You can think; speak and listen at the 'phone without effort; confer with client or employee in quiet, natural tones.

Never again will you have to interrupt your secretary's rapid typing, and delay some urgent work. And you can keep the secretary's desk near yours—where convenience and efficiency demand that it be.

The "Noiseless" is a Standard Machine of the highest mechanical perfection—and, in addition, it is *noiseless*. It actually writes in a whisper. That's why our list of users is really impressive.

Ask for a demonstration in your own office today—and let us send you that list of users, and our illustrated catalog.

The NOISELESS



Stenographers: Let us send you "First-hand Experiences" and other literature which has been prepared specially for you.

The Noiseless Typewriter Company
253 Broadway, Tel. Barclay 7442

Greenhut's | Greenhut's | Greenhut's

Usual Complimentary Green Trading Stamps Free Today
Distribution in Premium Parlor, 5th Floor.
As many sets of the "S. & H." Green Stamps as are reasonably required for books unfilled will be given, but only one set of any date good in one book. Only 100 Complimentary Stamps good in any one book, but you may start as many books as you please.

Food Is Ammunition.
Sign the Pledge Card
Not to Waste It.

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE" Meet me at the Fountain
SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

A Big Task for "The Big Store"

We do not undertake it lightly. It is expressed in six words:

We Want to Save You Money

To this end, now as in the past 21 years, we bend every energy, put forward every resource that we possess or that ingenuity can devise, to help you in the most critical period that America has known.

In all earnestness we advise you to BUY EVERYTHING AT GREENHUT'S. This the true and tried formula for saving money, for reconciling your income with your expenditure. GREENHUT'S.

Overcoat Sale

For Men and Youths

Today, at $13.95

A limited, but exceptionally choice group of overcoats, comprising an assortment from our own superb regular stocks, and a special purchase of 84 garments.

Popular Styles, Newest Fabrics
$15 to $20 Values

Elegant overcoats for men and young men, splendidly tailored of smart, up-to-the-minute materials, in newest colors; quarter or full lined; velvet or self collars. Greys, Browns, Olives, Tans and Neat Staple Mixtures. A few fancy back overcoats.

A considerable money-saving on every selection.

Suit Sale

For Women and Misses

$16.50 and $19.50 Suits
Today, at $14.75
$27.50 and $29.50 Suits
Today, at $22.50

A money-saving opportunity that is exceptional indeed. Let no woman seeking to secure the utmost in value disregard this short advertisement, which tells a remarkable story, confirmed in every respect by the suits themselves.

Embodying the newest and smartest styles, the variety of models is wide.

Included in correct colorings and black, are suits of such desirable materials as GABARDINE, BURELLA CLOTH AND SERGE.

All sizes for women and misses. Note that in the $22.50 assortment two special models are designed for STOUT WOMEN, sizes 39 to 52 inch bust.

Dinner Ware

American Porcelain Dinner Sets—100 pieces; choice of two different decorations; at.....$14.95
American Porcelain Dinner Sets—100 pieces; blue line decoration with three medallions; at.....$16.95
American Porcelain Dinner Sets—100 pieces; gold lace border decoration; at.....$15.50

Glassware

69c Water Bottles—at.....49c
75c Water Jugs—3 pint; made of iridescent glass; at.....59c
$2.25 Plain Cocktail Glasses—doz., $1.69
CHOICE OF THESE PIECES AT 98c
An assortment of light cuttings in rose and daisy pattern:

Fruit Comports	Bread Trays
Salad Dishes	Footed Bon Bon Dishes
Jelly Dishes	Flower Baskets
Celery Trays	Sugars and Creams
Mayonnaise Dishes	8 and 10 In. Vases
Covered Butters	

24-Piece Engraved Sets—consisting of 6 water tumblers, 6 clarets, 6 seltzers and 6 whiskey glasses; at.....$2.19

Guernsey Ware

$3.25 Casseroles—6 quart; brown; $2.25
98c Brown Casseroles—2 quart; at 79c
69c Brown Casseroles—1 quart; at 49c
55c Brown Casseroles—1 pint; at 45c
$2.50 Large Stewing Pots—at.....$2.29
$2.35 Oval Stewing Pots—4 qt.; at $2.19
$1.85 Oval Stewing Pots—3 qt.; at $1.69
$1.75 Oval Stewing Pots—2 qt.; at $1.59
Mixing Bowls—regularly 15c, 19c, 29c and 38c; sale at 12c, 15c, 23c and 29c
Shirred Egg Dishes—regularly 15c, 19c, 29c, 35c and 45c; Sale at 12c, 15c, 22c, 26c and 29c
Oval Bakers—regularly 24c, 30c, 35c, 39c, 49c; at 20c, 24c, 26c, 29c and 35c
Tea Pots—regularly 34c, 39c, 55c, 89c; sale at .....26c, 29c, 45c and 75c

Housewares

In THE Annual Pre-Thanksgiving Sale at Special Prices.

Space-Making Event No. 1
Prior to opening our Holiday campaign

We'll Sell $75,000 Worth of
Rugs, Carpets, Linoleums and Upholsteries
'way Under Price

The annual pre-Christmas Space-Making Sale requires drastic action at this time, and this is our method.

In a few days holiday crowds will be flocking to "The Big Store." Every floor and section will be filled with eager holiday shoppers, and we anticipate an immense holiday business by this space-saving sale. Space we must have,—and the surest way to gain it is by sharp cuts in the prices of everything.

By way of example, in this sale you can buy:

A $22.50 Axminster Rug for $18.50
A $36.50 Velvet Rug for $29.50
A $19.50 Rag Carpet Rug for $15.75
Linoleums, reg. $1.35 yard, at $1.10
An $11.25 Bed Set for $9.75

And these are only specimen values. In fact, the items quoted here were chosen at random, and it is essential for your realization of the extraordinary bargains offered that you come here in person. Sale begins today, and will be continued for several days, until this $75,000 worth of new and desirable merchandise has been disposed of.

Now then, we ask you to please read every line of this detail.

Axminster Rugs
A choice selection of fine rugs in popular sizes, at big reductions.

Size	Regularly	Sale Price
9x12	$44.50	$37.50
9x12	39.50	29.50
9x12	29.50	24.50
8.3x10.6	42.50	34.50
8.3x10.6	36.50	29.50
8.3x10.6	27.50	22.50
7.6x9	23.50	18.50
6x9	19.50	16.75
6x9	17.50	14.75
27x12 in.	13.50	11.50
27x9 in.	10.50	8.75
27x9 in.	9.50	7.75

Velvet Rugs
Attractive collection in choice colorings.

Size	Regularly	Sale Price
9x12	$39.50	$32.50
9x12	26.50	19.50
8.3x10.6	36.50	29.50
6x9	22.50	18.50
4.6x6.6	14.50	11.75
4.6x6.6	10.75	8.75

Tapestry Brussels Rugs

Size	Regularly	Sale Price
9x12	$24.50	$21.50
9x12	22.50	18.50
9x12	17.50	14.50
9x12	12.50	9.75
8.3x10.6	19.50	16.75
7.6x9	19.50	15.75
7x9	19.50	15.75
6x9	15.75	13.75
6x9	14.50	11.75
4.6x6.6	9.50	8.25

Wool and Fibre Rugs

Size	Regularly	Sale Price
9x12	$12.75	$9.50
7.6x10.6	11.50	8.25
6x9	7.75	6.50

Granite Art Squares

Size	Regularly	Sale Price
9x12	$6.75	$5.75
6x9	3.75	2.95

Rag Carpet Rugs

Size	Regularly	Sale Price
9x12	$19.50	$15.75
9x12	12.75	11.50
9x12	8.50	7.50
7.6x10.6	17.50	14.75
7.6x10.6	10.50	9.25
7.6x10.6	7.50	6.50
6x9	11.50	8.75
6x9	5.75	3.75

Velvet Carpets
Regularly $1.39; sale at yard, $1.19

Tapestry Carpets
Regularly 69c; yard.....59c
Regularly 59c; yard.....44c

Inlaid Linoleums
Regularly $1.35; sale sq. yd....$1.10
Regularly $1.25; sale sq. yd.... 98c

Printed Linoleums
Choice selection. Excellent values at big reductions.
Regularly 89c; sale sq. yd.....69c
Regularly 59c; sale sq. yd.....44c
Regularly 44c; sale sq. yd.....39c

Remnants of Inlaid and Printed Linoleums—sq. yd. 29c.

From the Upholstery Section

$5.75 Velour Lambrequins—trimmed with fringe and designs in colors; green, blue or brown; sale....$4.75

$1.69 Silk Lambrequins—trimmed with fringe; large assortment of patterns and colors; at.....$1.48

Silk Lambrequins—trimmed with fringe; various colors and patterns:

Regularly	Sale Price
$5.25	$4.50
4.75	3.95
2.50	2.10

Table Covers—made of armure; trimmed with fringe; two-tone effects; suitable for dining room tables:

Regularly	Sale Price
$3.25	$2.95
3.95	3.45

Sunfast Madras Portieres—two-tone effects and soft combinations of colors.

Reg.	Sale Price	Reg.	Sale Price
$5.25	$4.50	$6.75	$6.25
5.50	4.75	8.50	7.50

$1.89 Shirt Waist and Utility Matting Covered Boxes—sale.....$1.65

28c Novelty Filet Lace—used for making sash and long curtains; various designs; white, ecru and cream; sale yard 25c

25c Madras—suitable for making sash and long curtains; 36 inches wide in dot effect; sale yard.....21c

$24.50 Portieres—made of fine quality velour; open front edges; French style effect in various color combinations; rose and gold, green and gold, rose and blue, red and green, brown and blue, green and green; sale at $19.75

$1.75 and $1.95 Scrim Curtains—imitation Cluny insertion and edge; Dutch effect; white and ecru; sale $1.45

$1.25, $1.35 and $1.65 Imported Cretonnes—suitable for draperies, coverings and reupholsteries; in a variety of colors; yard $1.10

Imported Lace Curtains—3 yards long. Lacet Arab, Lace, Mounted on heavy cable net.

Reg.	Sale Price	Reg.	Sale Price
$8.75	$6.25	$9.75	$8.25
9.50	7.75	12.75	10.25

Tapestries—in a variety of Verdure patterns, suitable for upholstery, wall coverings, etc.

Regularly, yd.	Sale Price, yd.
$2.25	$1.85
2.75	2.25
3.00	2.39

Bed Sets—mounted on fine quality cable net; Lacet Arab and Marie Antoinette effect; white and ecru.

Reg.	Sale Price	Reg.	Sale Price
$11.25	$8.75	$12.50	$11.25
11.50	10.25	15.50	13.50
11.75	10.50	17.50	15.75
12.00	10.75		

Bed Sets—mounted on fine quality scrim, with insertion of Cluny lace and Filet effect; in white and ecru.

Reg.	Sale Price	Reg.	Sale Price
$7.50	$6.75	$12.50	$11.25
8.25	7.50	12.75	11.50
8.75	7.75	13.25	11.75
9.75	8.25	13.75	12.25
11.50	10.50	14.00	12.75

42c Imported Cretonnes—large assortment of dainty patterns and colorings; 31 inches wide; yard.....36c

Couch Covers—Oriental stripes and designs:

Regularly	Sale Price
$4.50	$3.95
3.50	2.95
3.95	3.45

Couch Covers—Oriental stripes; plain and fringed; regularly $1.95; sale, $1.69; and reg. $2.25; sale at $1.95.

15c Scrim—for sash curtains; colored border and hemstitched; finished with edge; sale, yard.....10c

75c to $1.25 Lace Pieces and Motifs—made of imported Lacet Arab and Renaissance; sale, each.....59c to 98c

$1.95 Library Table Scarfs—art silk effects; sale.....$1.39

$5.95 Cedar Chests—made of genuine red Tennessee cedar; sale.....$3.95

Nottingham Lace Curtains—a large assortment of odd pairs in white and ecru; 3 yards long; at greatly reduced prices.

Supply Your Table in the World's Greatest Grocery.

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department, or for $2 in Cash at the S&H Office on the Fifth Floor. We give S&H Green Trading Stamps, as Usual. Ask for Them. Double S&H Stamps till 12 o'Clock. Single S&H Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

B. Altman & Co.

Distinctive Dress Clothes

FOR FASTIDIOUS MEN

are an important feature of the Department for Men's Ready-to-wear Clothing, on the Sixth Floor.

Designed with a view to securing that happy but rare combination of qualities—style with comfort; made of carefully selected materials that are in consonance with the prevailing fashion; and tailored to a degree of excellence that is comparable only with custom-made garments, these clothes are in every way calculated to appeal to the man of judgment and good taste.

In regular stock are

Full Dress Coat and Trousers, $38.00 & 45.00
Tuxedo Coat and Trousers . . 38.00
Cutaway Coat and Waistcoat, 35.00 & 40.00

(Chest measurement, 33 to 42)

ALSO MEN'S SILK HATS

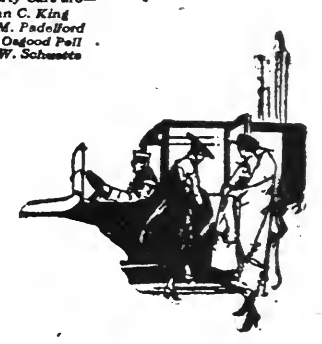
in the best foreign and American makes, reasonably priced.

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

LIBERTY SIX

In the Liberty Brougham you get the dignity of poise without dead weight. Add to that the intimate coziness of its interior and a suppleness that yields gently and quickly to every surge of town traffic. And the difference in the way it rides and drives is immediately noticeable.

Among the recent purchasers of Liberty Cars are—
Mr. John C. King
Mr. E. M. Padelford
Mrs. S. Osgood Pell
Mr. R. W. Schwartz



COLONIAL MOTORS
John F. Plummer, Pres. Incorporated Arnold Woods, Vice-Pres.
1748 Broadway, New York City

The Brougham is priced at $2700; the Landaulet $2700; the Sedan $1925

USED CAR SALE
ONE WEEK
of
Rebuilt Peerless Models
8-CYLINDER

Late model Touring Cars Taken in Trade for Closed Models. Overhauled and Repainted. Perfect Condition. Carries Same Guarantee as New Car.

Special Concessions for Quick Purchase
We Need the Room for Our New Closed Car Stock

Prices Right—Time Payments If Desired
Can Refer Purchasers to Original Owners

Prompt Action Necessary—The Supply Is Limited

All Peerless "8" Cylinder Cars Carry Our 365 Day Gold-Bond Service Policy.

Van Cortlandt Vehicle Corporation,
Metropolitan Distributors
1896 Broadway, at 63d Street
'Phone 8763—Columbus

LABOR PLEDGES AID UNTIL WAR IS WON

Federation Without Dissent Votes to Stand Unswervingly Behind Administration.

PACIFIST GROUP SILENT

Resolution Adopted by Buffalo Convention Another Triumph for Samuel Gompers.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 20.—Without a dissenting vote, the American Federation of Labor today reaffirmed its unswerving loyalty to the country and a determination to stand behind the National Administration until peace comes. The pacifist element which yesterday mustered a small minority against President Gompers's attitude in support of the war was silent.

The resolution containing the declaration was reported favorably by the Resolutions Committee. It was sweeping in scope. The course pursued by Mr. Gompers in calling a conference of the national and international officers of the federation at Washington on March 12 was approved, and all his subsequent actions and those of the Executive Council with reference to the war were concurred in.

The pacifists declared that they were unaware that the resolution was to come up today. They made no move for a reconsideration, however, and it was pointed out that while their fight yesterday was based on a vote of confidence in Mr. Gompers, today's resolution called for a declaration on a clear-cut question of loyalty to the country.

This resolution, with others from the Committee on Resolutions, occupied practically the entire day. Vice President James Duncan made a report at the afternoon session on his trip to Russia as a member of the commission appointed by President Wilson, and Gifford Pinchot, speaking for the Federated Board of Farm Organizations, asked for closer relations between the farmers' organizations and the American Federation of Labor. A committee was appointed with instructions to report to the present convention on the possibility of constructive action along the line suggested by Mr. Pinchot.

Race Question Brought In.

The only resolution that caused extended debate related to the organization of negro labor. It was submitted by Delegate Murphy of San Francisco, and embodied in its preamble a resolution adopted by the International Negro League and presented to the San Francisco Labor Council for indorsement. The Negro League's resolution specifically referred to the "Southern States" as the scenes of wrongs inflicted upon the race. The Resolutions Committee, reporting to the convention, assumed no responsibility for the statements in the preamble of the Murphy resolution, and recommended reference to the Executive Council of only that part of it referring to organization of the negroes.

O. D. Gorman of Georgia protested against the reference to the Southern States remaining in the record, and moved as an amendment to strike out the entire section.

"The slaughter at East St. Louis came as a result of thefts by starving negroes enticed away from their Southern homes," Mr. Gorman said. "I defy any delegate to point to a single instance of a negro being killed for robbery in the South. I resent this reference to the Southern States. The treatment of the negro in the South is better than it has been in the North."

Vice President Duncan explained that the committee's recommendation explicitly disclaimed responsibility for the statements made in this part of the resolution, but Gorman and other Southern delegates insisted that this was not going far enough and demanded that the section be stricken out. President Gompers ruled that no such action could be taken, as the question before the house was on the approval or disapproval of the report from the Committee on Resolutions. A motion to lay the report on the table was lost and the debate was resumed. Finally the report was amended by the Resolutions Committee to read:

"Your committee cannot be responsible for and rejects the statements contained in the preamble of the resolution," and as so amended the report was adopted.

In his address on Russia Vice President Duncan expressed confidence in the ultimate formation of a stable and lasting republican Government there.

"Give them an opportunity to develop their new democracy and there will be born in it a national spirit that will be worth fighting for," he said.

Demands Press Freedom.

The Committee on Resolutions deplored that part of the espionage law which "threatened unduly the restriction of a free press."

Taking up the report of the Executive Council on the high cost of print paper, the committee recommended that the council continue to work for measures that would bring about a reduction in prices and "to curb the greed of the paper trust."

John Burke of the Sulphine and Paper Workers gave notice that when the present wage agreement with the paper manufacturers expired in the Spring an advance in wages would be asked.

"If prices of paper are fixed by the Government," Mr. Burke said, "it must not be at the expense of labor."

On motion of Max S. Hayes of the Typographical Union, the report of the committee was amended to place the Federation on record in favor of a Government-owned paper manufacturing plant.

HINDU PLOT TRIAL BEGINS.

Government Drops Charge Against Five of Defendants.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 20.—Efforts of the Government to prove the existence in this country of a conspiracy to foment revolution against British rule in India began today, when thirty-four alleged conspirators went on trial in the United States District Court.

Two things were to be accomplished by the alleged conspiracy, the Government charges. India was to be freed and Great Britain was to have been forced to withdraw troops from the Continental battlefronts, thus weakening the allied forces. The plot had spread greatly, the Government alleges, until it flourished in many places on the Pacific Coast, in most large American cities, in India, and in Mexico.

United States District Attorney Preston moved that the charges against five of the defendants—Ernest Sukki of New York, Captain Ralph Russ, who received his commission in the United States Army in the first reserve officers' training camp here; M. Martinez, San Diego, Cal., attorney; Leopold Michaels, wealthy shipowner of San Francisco, and Ray Howard, Los Angeles, a Mexican—be dismissed on the ground that it would not be "just and fair" to prosecute them. The court granted the motion. The $10,000 bail of John F. Craig, wealthy shipbuilder of Long Beach, Cal., the only defendant who failed to appear, was declared forfeited and a bench warrant was issued for him.

District Attorney Preston then moved that the trials of three other defendants be indefinitely postponed. One of these, Surandrar Nath Karv, was dying in a Berkeley, Cal., sanitorium, he explained. The cases against Solon Leonhauser, Buddhist priest, and his wife, Marie, the only woman defendant, were also ordered postponed on the ground of advanced age and ill-health.

Five jurors had been temporarily passed when court adjourned. The trial will consume about three months, according to Mr. Preston. Eleven attorneys appeared for the various defendants.

30 DAYS' SUSPENSION FOR CAPT. SULLIVAN

Findings of the Court Resented as Too Lenient and Inadequate for the Offense.

ONLY ONE PENALTY GIVEN

Regulations Call for Dismissal of Officer Convicted on Charges Made Against Him.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., Nov. 20.—The findings of the General Court which a month ago tried Captain Howard E. Sullivan, Battery D, 105th Field Artillery, on a charge of having supervised the beating of Private Otto Gottschalk on Oct. 13, were announced today. The court found Sullivan guilty and sentenced him to suspension of command for one month, confinement to the reservation for the period of suspension, and directed that he be reprimanded.

As Captain Sullivan had been placed on trial charged with violation of the 95th Article of War, covering the conduct of an officer and a gentleman, the nature of the sentence aroused considerable comment. Regulations provide but one penalty for conviction of violation of Article 95—dishonorable discharge or cashiering.

Inquiries established that the court had exercised its power and changed the indictment against Captain Sullivan from violation of Article 95 to violation of Article 96. This latter section of military law concerns acts prejudicial to the good of the service and the leniency or severity of penalties is left entirely to the discretion of the court.

It was also ascertained that the court turned in its verdict more than two weeks ago for review by the Judge Advocate and for the approval of Brig. Gen. Phillips as commanding officer. It was said that when General Phillips learned of the sentence he promptly returned the verdict as unsatisfactory. The court was thereupon directed to reconvene apparently for the purpose of returning a more severe verdict. But at its second session the court again agreed on its original findings. This gave General Phillips no recourse but to approve the verdict, because his failure to do so would have permitted Captain Sullivan to go free.

The attitude of headquarters is set forth in the following statement, issued from the office of Major J. Leslie Kincaid, Judge Advocate: "In order that the accused (Captain Howard E. Sullivan) may not entirely escape punishment, the proceedings, findings, and sentence in the case referred to are approved and will be duly executed at the station of his command.

"This despite the fact that the reviewing authority is of the opinion that the evidence presented clearly constituted a violation of the 95th Article of War and discloses a cowardly abuse of authority on the part of the accused. Our military ssytem provides a proper method of punishment for offenses. The methods employed by Captain Sullivan practically amounted to a justification of mob rule in his command.

"However, even taking the view that the findings were warranted by the evidence presented, it is still considered that the sentence awarded is entirely inadequate.

"In sending this case back to the court for reconsideration and revision the reviewing authority stated that in his opinion the findings of the court under the specifications warranted punishment considerably greater than that awarded by the court in the case. The court, however, saw fit to adhere to its former sentence.

"The opinion of the reviewing officer as to the offense committed and Captain Sullivan's responsibility relative thereto is fully indicated in the foregoing remarks. If these remarks are carefully considered by Captain Sullivan and are allowed by him to have proper influence upon his future conduct as an officer and a gentleman, the full purposes of a reprimand are considered to have been obtained."

Comfy? You bet! He feels just as he looks in his dreams—dead to the world on the softest and fleeciest of clouds, when in reality his blissful somnolence is due to his horse hair Mattress and Box Springs—*Hall's*. Even the stars smile at the serene composure of the wise ones who know the value of a night's sleep on

HALL'S BEDDING
The Standard of Quality
At dealers or visit our salesroom.
FRANK A. HALL & SONS
Manufacturers of Beds and Bedding
25 West 45th St.

ASKS REICHSTAG CREDIT.

Vote of 15,000,000,000 Marks to Come Up Next Week.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 20.—A bill has been submitted to the German Reichstag authorizing the Chancellor to dispose of a credit of 15,000,000,000 marks for extraordinary expenses, says a Berlin dispatch today.

The bill has been placed first on the order of the day for the Reichstag session of Nov. 29.

FIVE SURVIVORS LAND IN BOAT OF ROCHESTER

Were Tossed About on Seas for 18 Days, and 7 of Their Companions Perished.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—The missing boat from the American steamship Rochester, which was sent to the bottom by a German submarine on Nov. 2, has just landed at a port in Ireland, the British Admiralty announced today. The boat contained five men, the only survivors from the original boat's crew of twelve.

The Admiralty announcement says the Rochester was torpedoed without warning by a German submarine, being struck abreast the No. 3 hatch, and that the explosion destroyed a boat, demolished the wireless room and disabled the main engine. The second assistant engineer was killed, and the ship went down in five minutes.

The boat which has now reached Ireland, and which originally contained twelve men, was commanded by the first officer. Two men died of exposure, and one became insane and jumped overboard. Just before they reached the coast four others died. Of the remaining five only the first officer was able to walk. The hands and feet of the four others were badly swollen and immediate medical treatment was necessary.

Hope had been abandoned for the twelve men in a boat from the Rochester, who had been missing for eighteen days. Vice Admiral Sims cabled the Navy Department on Saturday that these men had been given up as lost. The landing of the five men reduces the Rochester's death roll from nineteen to fourteen. Four men died of exposure in another boat. Two were killed by the explosion of the torpedo, and one was drowned.

BOMB IN FEDERAL BUILDING.

Discovered in Parcel Post Room of the Chicago Structure.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—A bomb was discovered on the floor of the parcel post room in the Federal Building today, starting Federal agents on a search for its maker and an explanation of how it came to be in the Post Office.

A fuse 18 inches long wrapped around the cover burned slowly when it was detached for inspection, and a powder with which it was packed emitted a nauseating gas.

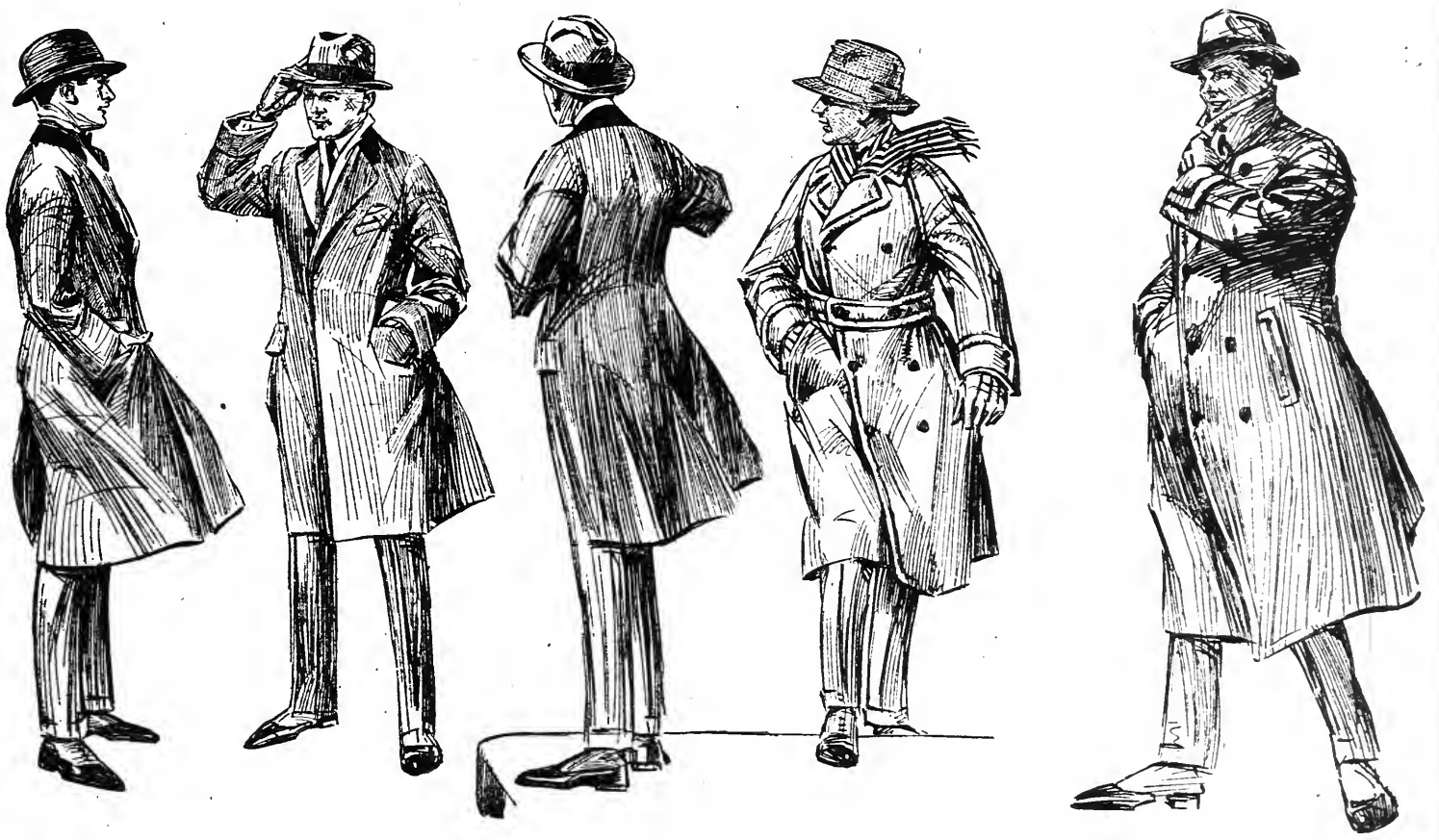
PROMISES THAT ARE KEPT

There is no nigger of disappointment in the wood-pile of Thompson-Starrett promises—we make good on all of them.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue COMMENCING TO-DAY *34th Street*



For Four Days Only

An Unprecedented Sale of FINEST WINTER OVERCOATS

For Men and Young Men

Size 36 to 46

$55.00

formerly $65.00 $75.00 $85.00

By special arrangement, within the past few days, extraordinary purchases have been made of Men's Finest Winter Overcoats, and are being offered at pronounced savings.

Fashioned of Imported Fabrics, including Ballygarvey, O'Brien and Oxford Meltons; also Overcoatings from the foremost Woolen Mills of America, comprising Worumbo Montagnacs, Elysian, Patent Beaver, Hockanum and Smooth Kersey.

Handsome Dress Overcoats in a wonderful variety, including Chesterfield model, with slightly form-tracing back which gives smartness to an otherwise conservative style; tailored of finest Worumbo Montagnac, Elysian, Patent Beaver and Imported Melton; lined throughout with finest satin.

Large roomy Ulsters made of Imported Overcoatings (warmth without weight), Ballygarveys, Gipson & Lemgairs and O'Briens, with illuminated backs; belt in back or all around; some with yoke and inverted plait in back, others plain; perfectly tailored; quarter silk lined.

MEN'S CLOTHING DEP'T—FIFTH FLOOR

AMPICO *Reproducing Piano*

Your Children and Music

WHAT do you suppose the child thinks of music?

What dreams come to her of elfin lands of child delight—of fairy princesses and bold knights—the exquisite realm of the child's imagination? Do you realize the wonderful value, the real necessity of music to your children?

If you could bring to your home the great musicians of to-day to play for your children, think how great would be the influence upon their impressionable minds. To-day this wonder is open to you through that miracle of musical genius, the Ampico Reproducing Piano.

Your children can find no musical mentor such as the Ampico, which reproduces such artists as Godowsky, Ornstein, Busoni, Volavy, Carreno and a great host of others, for through the Ampico they will unconsciously imbibe a deep appreciation and understanding of the beauties of this satisfying world of music. No words can express the profound influence of such music on the wonderful child mind.

For your children who take piano lessons, "Ampico" is a magic word which opens up a bright new world. Music will acquire a new meaning when they can hear *every day* concerts by the great masters, whose playing the Ampico reproduces with perfect fidelity.

The Ampico Reproducing Piano is, in truth, the supreme home pleasure

Mother, father, the big boys and girls, as well as the little tots, enjoy the inspiration of this perfect music. Tone for tone, touch for touch, they hear the rich chords floating on the air, exactly as they have heard them in the great concert halls. Here, indeed, is the perfecting touch to your home life.

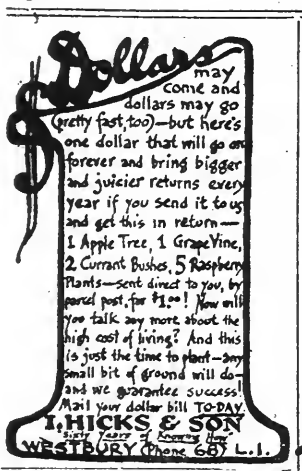
THE AMPICO IN THE KNABE
Uprights, $1,250 and $1,350
Grands, $2,050

THE AMPICO IN THE HAINES BROS., $950
THE AMPICO IN THE FRANKLIN, $800

Convenient Terms of Payment Arranged. ***Pianos and Players Taken in Exchange.***

DAILY DEMONSTRATIONS IN THE AMPICO STUDIO.

Knabe Warerooms
Fifth Avenue at Thirty-ninth St.



Neuralgia Headaches

After shopping or after a hard day are quickly relieved with Sloan's Liniment. So easy to apply, no rubbing, and so promptly effective. Cleaner and more convenient than mussy plasters and ointments. It does not stain the skin, or clog the pores. Every home should have a bottle handy for sprains, strains, lame back, rheumatic pains and stiff, sore muscles and joints.

Generous sized bottles at all druggists, 25c., 50c., $1.00.

Sloan's Liniment

Reduce the Cost of Maintaining Your Automobiles.

31st GARAGE,

142 to 156 East 31st St.

Tel. Mad. Sq. 7541-2.

A modern fireproof Garage; capacity 800 cars. Situated in an ideal section.

Our charge for dead storage of your car is only $8.00 per month. Our charge for the live storage of your car is less than that obtainable in any other Garage in this City.

Owners of cars can make special prices if clean and polish their own cars.

Unexcelled Service Day and Night

Packard Cars to Hire at All Hours.

Call or Write.

William A. Larney, President.

GOVERNOR CHECKS REVOLT IN KINGS

Whitman Also Makes Peace with State Controller Travis, Looming as Rival.

LIVINGSTON FALLS IN LINE

Governor Expects, If Renominated, to Get 300,000 Majority Up State, With Women's Aid Next Year.

Governor Whitman has spent a week in the city, during which much of his time has been devoted to the patching up of his political fences in Kings County. When he returns to Albany today it will be with the assurance that the threatening storm clouds that have loomed on the political sky over Kings have been entirely dissipated. The immediate results of the Governor's negotiations with the Republican leaders of Kings County are these:

1. Supreme Court Justice James C. Cropsey of Brooklyn will not be a candidate for the Gubernatorial nomination against Governor Whitman in the Republican primaries next Fall.

2. A reconciliation between Governor Whitman and State Controller Eugene M. Travis has been effected, which will align in the Governor's support the militant political machine built up by the State Controller and extending to every county of the State.

3. Governor Whitman through his working agreement with Controller Travis and the support of the forces behind F. J. H. Kracke, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, who is the leader of a powerful faction in the Republican organization in Kings, will have Jacob A. Livingston, the Old Guard Republican boss of Kings, at his mercy. Livingston will be compelled to come into camp or face political annihilation. Present indications point to his coming into camp.

In view of these recent developments the friends and political supporters of Governor Whitman declare with the most positive assurance that he will have a clear track for a third-term nomination for Governor, and in the event of his re-election, of which they entertain little doubt, will loom as a formidable candidate for the Presidential nomination in 1920. So optimistic are Governor Whitman's friends in their outlook that they are making election forecasts, twelve months in advance.

"We will come down to the Bronx with a 300,000 majority for Governor Whitman," said one of the Governor's friends in discussing the situation last night. In view of the fact that women will wield the ballot in the Gubernatorial election next year and are expected to run heavily to the support of Governor Whitman, this prediction is regarded by political observers as less far fetched than would appear at first blush.

The junction of the Whitman and Travis forces caused no end of surprised comment in Republican circles yesterday. The first intimation the politicians had of it, prior to the positive statement of persons in a position to speak for both the Governor and Controller Travis, was when Deputy Controller William Boardman, accompanied by Commissioner Kracke, called on Governor Whitman at the Hotel St. Regis yesterday and remained in close conference with him for more than an hour. With them came Chairman Alfred E. Varss of the Kings County Republican Committee, who, up to the present time, has been regarded as chief lieutenant of Boss Livingston.

After their visit came the positive announcement that Commissioner Kracke would be appointed a Public Service Commissioner at $15,000 a year, and that there would be no objection from Mr. Livingston.

Many reasons have been given for the sudden shift of Controller Travis from Livingston to Whitman. Here is the most likely version:

The Controller until recently has been known to nurse a Gubernatorial boomlet of his own. It is assumed that he had assurances of support from Boss Livingston and some Old Guard bosses up-State, opposed to giving Governor Whitman a third term.

Then came the Cropsey boom for Mayor, his refusal to become a candidate, the substitution of William M. Bennett, the bolt of Kracke and United States Senator Calder, and the threat that Justice Cropsey would become a candidate for the Gubernatorial nomination next year.

With this threat materializing, the chances of Controller Travis for either the Gubernatorial nomination or for a renomination to his present place would have gone glimmering, for geographical considerations would have compelled the naming of an up-State man for Controller, with Kings supplying the candidate for the Gubernatorial nomination.

Realizing this, Controller Travis, it was said last night, had decided to take his stand with Governor Whitman, receiving in return assurances of support from the Whitman forces for a third term in the Controller's office.

With Commissioner Kracke slated for the vacancy which will occur in the Public Service Commission for the First District when Colonel William Hayward files his resignation, it was learned yesterday that Governor Whitman was considering John W. F. Bennett and Justice Samuel H. Ordway for other prospective vacancies. Mr. Bennett, who at present is Consulting Engineer to the Borough President of the Bronx but is likely to lose his job with the incoming of the new administration, may be named to fill temporarily the vacancy created through the resignation of Henry W. Hodge, who is doing engineering work with General Pershing's forces in France, while Justice Ordway is said to be considered for the vacancy that will arise when the term of Oscar S. Straus, Chairman of the commission, expires on Feb. 1 next year.

NO RED CROSS "CHAINS."

Society Again Gives Warning Against Letter Writers.

The Red Cross announced last night that notwithstanding previous declarations that it does not approve the chain-letter system of raising money, and that it has never authorized any chain-letter promoters to use the name of the Red Cross, such letters are in circulation, and many of them have been forwarded to the society.

"The American Red Cross," a statement issued last night reads, "reiterates that no chain-letter project has its approval. Whilesome of these schemes may have been started in good faith, mention of the Red Cross is not warranted. Red Cross members, and the public in general, are warned that there is no assurance that donations in response to any chain-letters will reach the Red Cross treasury, and are urged to pay no attention to such appeals, whose sincerity is always open to doubt.

"Aid to the American Red Cross should always be furnished through recognized channels, if the donor wishes to be assured that his gift is to reach the object intended."

CITY TO RAISE PAY OF 15,000 LABORERS

Board of Aldermen's Action Will Affect Employes Earning Less Than $3 a Day.

CAN USE CONTINGENT FUND

Board of Estimate Made Provision for Increasing Minimum Wage Scale in 1918 Budget.

More than 15,000 city employes receiving less than $3 a day probably will get an increase in pay as a result of action taken by the Board of Aldermen yesterday in adopting a resolution introduced by Alderman Kenney asking the Bureau of Personal Service of the Board of Estimate to prepare wage schedules for all departments of the city and county government based upon a minimum rate of $3 a day for all laborers provided for in the 1918 budget at less than $3 a day.

The Board of Estimate, in preparing the 1918 budget, fixed the minimum pay for laborers employed by the city at $2.75 a day. Some had their pay fixed at a minimum of $2.85 and others at $2.90. The men had asked for a minimum of $3 a day. While not granting the $3 minimum itself, the Board of Estimate set aside $1,500,000 as a contingency fund for labor, and recommended that the Board of Aldermen, if it saw fit, fix another minimum scale.

The resolution adopted yesterday asked the Bureau of Personal Service to estimate what it would cost the city to fix a minimum of $3 a day for its laborers. No statement was made as to what would be done if the $1,500,000 proved to be insufficient. None of the Aldermen had any estimate of the number of men getting the minimum wages of from $2.75 to $2.90, and therefore no estimate could be made of the total cost of the proposed change in the pay schedule.

The resolution adopted by the Board of Aldermen was as follows:

That the Board of Aldermen hereby requests the Bureau of Personal Service to prepare schedules for all departments, boards, bureaus, and offices of the city and county governments, based upon a minimum rate of $3 a day for all laborers provided in the tax budget at $2.75 a day, and others at rates between $2.75 and $3; also, rates for annual employes in the labor class at correspondingly higher rates, the report to include a calculation of the amount required for each department to place the rates in operation for the year 1918.

All changes in the budget by the Board of Aldermen are subject to the approval or veto of the Mayor; but inasmuch as the action of the board yesterday was taken in pursuance of action by the Board of Estimate, and as the present Board of Aldermen is of the same political complexion as the next city administration, it is not believed that the change of administration will affect the chances of the laborers for the raise in pay.

CULT TO AID MAYOR.

Misha Appelbaum's Organization Suggests Cabinet Slate.

The Humanitarian Cult is preparing to keep an eye on the Hylan administration. Committees of the Cult will also keep a watchful eye on legislation and aid the Mayor-elect in putting his municipal ownership program through the Legislature. As an initial move in their program the Cult at a meeting held last night at Carnegie Hall suggested a slate to the incoming administration and also agreed on some hints to Judge Hylan as to how his administration should be conducted.

One of these hints was that Mayor-elect Hylan appoint many women in his Cabinet.

"Let him appoint as many women in his Cabinet as he can consistently and without breaking promises made before election and I am sure all the four years of his administration will be free from scandal," said Misha Appelbaum in announcing the program of the organization. "And as for you women, now that you have the ballot, don't you join the parties—stay out of them!"

Dr. Felix Adler, Ernest Thompson Seton, Dr. Luther Gulick of the Camp Fire Girls, C. J. Atkinson of the Boy Scouts, Owen R. Lovejoy of the Anti-Child Labor Committee, Theta Childe Dorr, Dr. Henry Leipziger, and Thomas W. Churchill were the suggestions for the new Board of Education. Isaac Russell was named for Park Commissioner, J. G. Phelps Stokes for Commissioner of Correction, Dr. S. S. Goldwater for Health Commissioner, George Gordon Battle for Corporation Counsel, Lillian D. Wald for Charities Commissioner, Arthur Woods or Thomas McCarthy for Police Commissioner. Leonard Wallstein, Robert Adamson, and John T. Fetherston would be retained in the present positions as Commissioner of Accounts, head of the Fire and Street Cleaning Departments, respectively, if Mr. Appelbaum had his way.

Brewery Now a Storage Plant.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 20.—Directors of the Paterson Brewing and Malting Company voted today to convert the Hinchcliffe brewery into a cold storage plant. Manufacture of beer in the brewery ceased several months ago. New Jersey is expected to have local option next year.

COLUMBIA TO TRAIN TYPISTS

Course Established Will Supply Clerks for the War Department.

Dr. James C. Egbert, Director of the School of Business of Columbia University, announced yesterday that beginning Dec. 3 there would be conducted, under the direction of the Department of Extension Teaching, a course to train typists for the War Department. This action was taken in response to an appeal from the Adjutant General's office in Washington, which said, in part:

"The Statistical Division of the Adjutant General's office is in need of ninety-two clerical assistants. The division needs forty typists at once, forty typists by Jan. 1, and twelve file clerks at once. Is it possible for Columbia to recruit forty typists to serve at the rate of $1,000 per year and to recruit and train forty intelligent persons as typists during the next six weeks? Can the university supply twelve file clerks also?

"It will be necessary for these typists and clerks to apply at the Custom House, New York City, to take the civil service examination for such positions. They should request that they be certified for duty with the Statistical Section, the Adjutant General's office. This is the section of the army which keeps the soldiers at the front in touch with their families at home. The service rendered by the clerical staff will be of tremendous importance to the nation and far beyond the pay which is alloted for such service."

The Columbia class will meet from 4 to 6 o'clock five days in the week, and a fee of $15 will be charged.

SEIZE $9,000 AND ESCAPE.

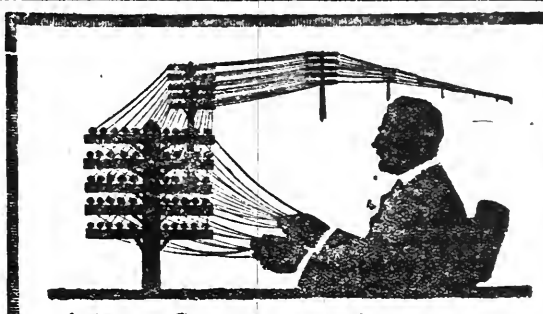
Bandits Hurl Red Pepper and Overcome Payroll Force.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 20.—Hurling red pepper into the eyes of the factory Superintendent guarding the pay roll, three armed bandits this evening held up two pay clerks at the Van Dorn Iron Works and escaped in an automobile with between $9,000 and $10,000.

The bandits are believed to be speeding east along the shore of Lake Erie.

Jersey Assemblymen Organize.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 20.—At a caucus of the Republican Assemblymen here today, Charles A. Wolverton of Camden was made choice for Speaker of the House, and Arthur N. Pierson of Union was named for floor leader. Upton S. Jeffreys of Camden will be the Clerk of the House, and Captain James Parker of Passaic Assistant Clerk. A Steering Committee to apportion the patronage was named, consisting of Kellam of Camden, Gill of Mercer, Edgar of Middlesex, Hobart of Essex, Morgan of Union, Hirschfield of Passaic, and Fooder of Gloucester.



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By Richard W. Muller, M. D.
Hair and its Preservation. 2nd edition. Illus.
Loss of Hair and the Quarts lamp treatment. Wm. R. Jenkins, 853 8th Av., Pubs.
Hygiene of the Face and Cosmetic Guide, fully illus., 250 pages. its causes, its prevention, tion and its treatment, 55 illustrations, 250 pages, now in press. E. P. DUTTON, 681 5th Av., Pubs.

Owners should not delay attempting to regain lost property. The best method is to telephone 1000 Bryant and insert an announcement in The New York Times.

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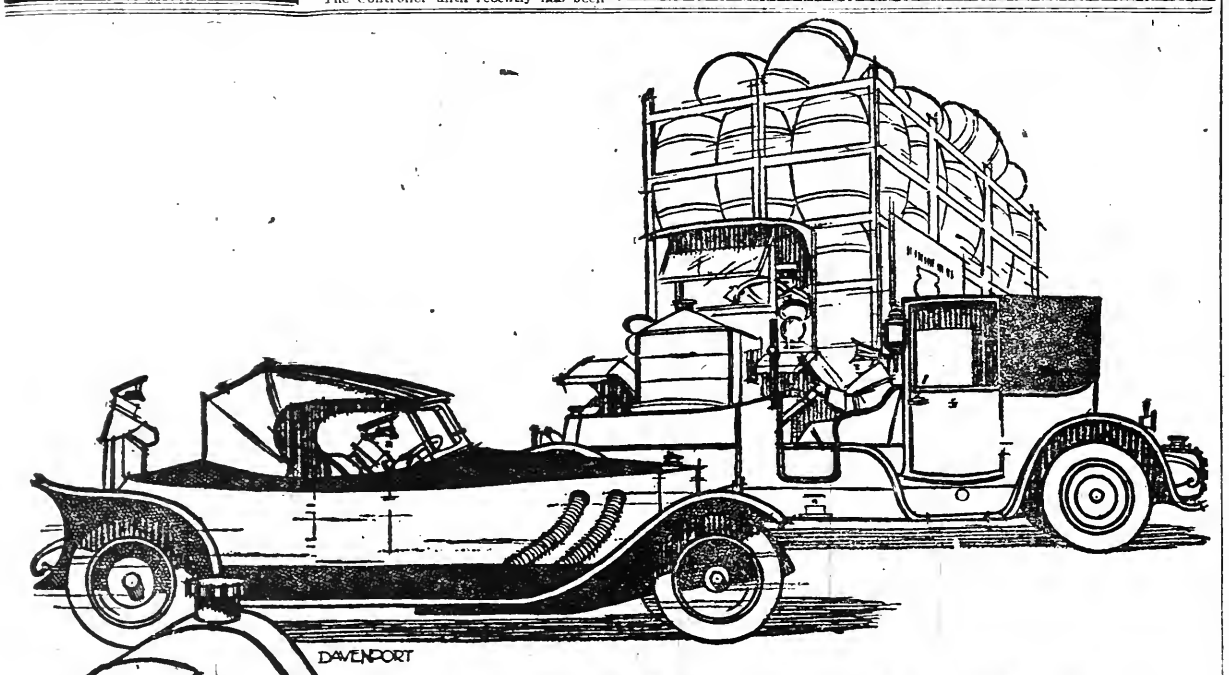

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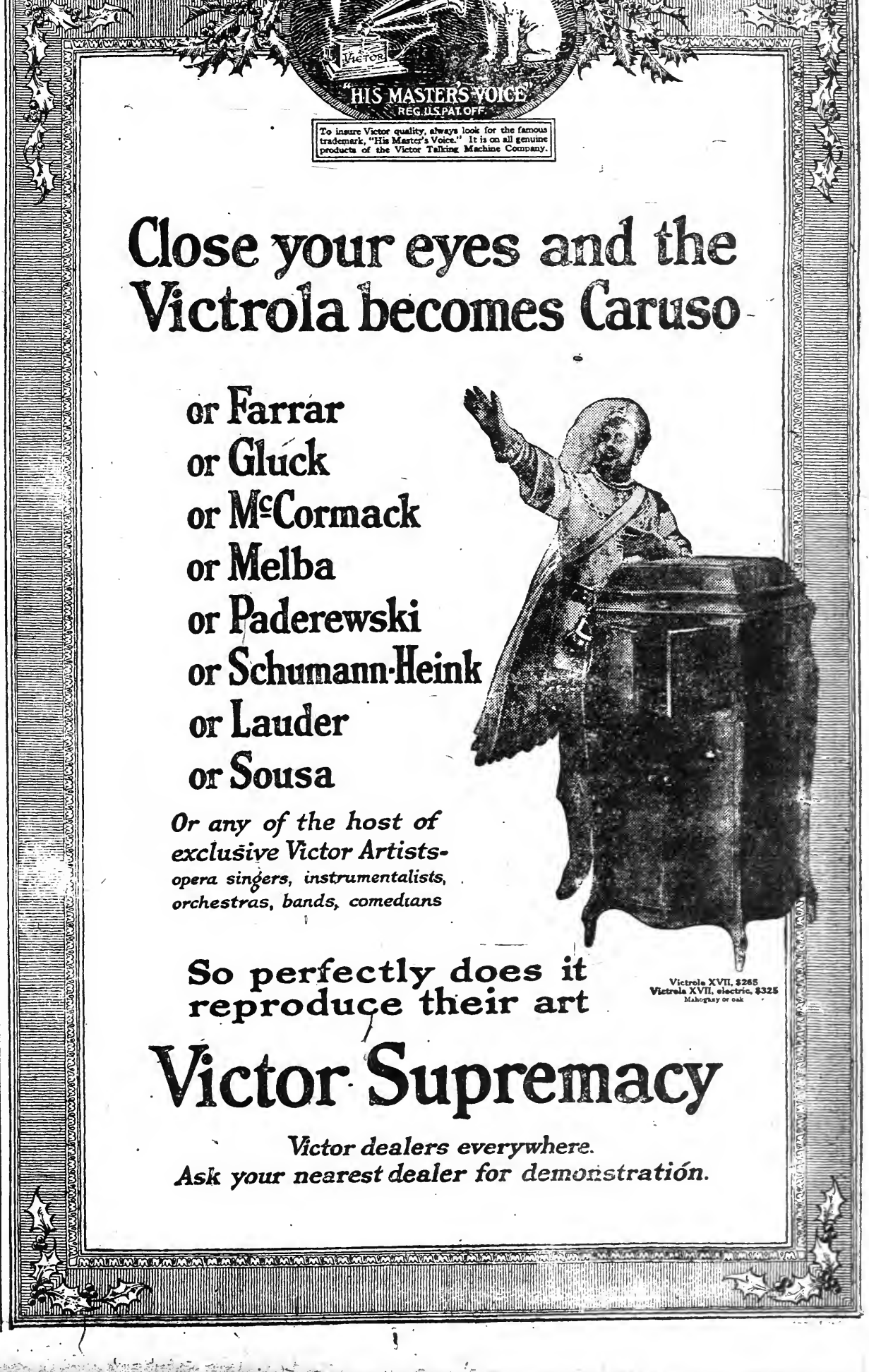

COMMITTEE FAILS ON WEST SIDE PLAN

Gives Up All Hope of Reaching Agreement with New York Central Railroad.

WOULD REVOKE PRIVILEGES

Joint Body Urges City to Re-establish the Public's Rights to Streets Before Dec. 1.

The joint committee of members of the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate, to which was referred the task of effecting an agreement between the city and the New York Central Railroad Company on the west side improvement, made a report yesterday in which it confessed failure. That the railroad company would not accept the tentative proposals of the committee which were submitted to it early in October has already been announced by Vice President Place. After reviewing its work and inserting in the report the letter of refusal from Mr. Place, the committee recommends proceedings for the repealing and rescinding of certain laws and ordinances which conferred upon the company many of its privileges to use public thoroughfares in this city.

Under the law enacted last Winter the matter passes out of the control of the Board of Estimate on Dec. 1 and into that of the Public Service Commission. Feeling certain now that the company will remain obdurate the committee has recommended that the ordinance passed by the Assistant Board of Aldermen in 1847 giving the company rights to construct tracks in certain streets be revoked, and that other resolutions and ordinances passed in various years by the Aldermen up to May, 1910, granting privileges to the company be also revoked not later than Dec. 1.

The report makes light of the rights conferred by the 1847 ordinance by saying that it was only a "mere assent, permit or license, which, like other permits granted as to public streets, may be revoked at any time by the competent city authority." Reference is made to the fact that the ordinance provided that the railroad company should lay its tracks in such manner as to cause no unnecessary impediment to the "common and ordinary use of the streets for all other purposes."

In its review of the work done and the efforts made to reach an agreement with the company the report said that Mr. Place had been invited to attend the conferences and to submit any plan which he thought might be better than the one formulated by the committee. An extract from a letter written by Mr. Place in reply to the invitation showed that he was sure that it would be impossible to reach any agreement under the terms of the law enacted last Winter. In all matters, however, Mr. Place said that he was willing to give the committee what help and information he could.

It is shown in the report that the joint committee set to work to plan and submit for public scrutiny a definite suggestion that would consider the rights of the railroad company and of the city. As a result of this determination, the tentative proposals were made and submitted to the company in October. A draft of an agreement was made along the lines of the proposal and sent to Mr. Place on Oct. 30. Then the report says:

"The statement was made to Mr. Place that this draft does not represent finality of the committee's view as to the form or detail of a desirable agreement, but it is submitted as showing the lines along which such an agreement might proceed and provisions which might well, in the public interest, be inserted. Mr. Place has not undertaken to criticise or comment adversely upon the form or substance of this draft."

A letter was sent to Mr. Place on Nov. 15 in which appeared an extract from a statement made by him that the company could not and would not under the law of 1917 make any contract. On Nov. 16 Mr. Place replied in a long letter, in which he said that as careful a study of the tentative proposal had been made as was possible without maps or profiles, and that with only a preliminary draft of an agreement. Neither the proposals nor the draft, Mr. Place said, overcame the difficulties created by the new law, and they only emphasized the impossibility of reaching an agreement. Commenting further on the law of 1917 transferring on Dec. 1 all power over the west side improvement to the Public Service Commission in case of the failure to reach an agreement with the company, Mr. Place said:

"The impossibility threatened by the bill became a fact. For whatever may be said of the validity of other provisions of this statute, there is not the slightest doubt of the effect of its destructive and obstructive provisions and purposes. Those leave no discretion with any one. They are mandatory. The necessary result is that the railroad company cannot and will not at any time or under any circumstances or conditions which can be proposed by any one under this statute make or enter into any contract. That language accurately states the position of the company."

At a meeting yesterday of the committee appointed by the Governor to inquire into the progress made toward solving the west side improvement problem, opinions were expressed by several representative citizens concerning a plan for developing the port of New York. William R. Willcox, Chairman of the New York-New Jersey Port and Harbor Development Commission, and Julius Henry Cohen, counsel for the commission, discussed plans for the development of transportation and terminal facilities.

ARMY OF 100,000 TO REPRESS PLOTS

Continued from Page 1.

mies by this Government, must be reached by Congressional action. The Administration, for reasons unexplained, is unwilling as yet to have Congress declare that a state of war exists with the allies of Germany—Austria-Hungary, Turkey, and Bulgaria. According to lawyer officials of the Government, Congress can declare the allies of Germany enemies and authorize that they be treated, as is provided in Section 4,067 of the Revised Statutes. This, they hold, can be done without a war declaration. It is believed that President Wilson will point out the necessity for additional legislation.

Ousting Germans from District.

Maurice Splain, Marshal for the District of Columbia, issued today the following regulations and instructions for the exclusion of enemy aliens from the District, pursuant to the proclamation:

"Acting under the authority conferred upon him by Regulation No. 4,067, the President has issued a supplementary proclamation in regard to alien enemies, Section 13 of which reads as follows: 'An alien enemy shall not enter or be found within the District of Columbia.'

"The enforcement of this proclamation has been delegated to the Attorney General, and the following instructions are issued under such delegation:

"The Department of Justice has permitted alien enemies who were residing in the District of Columbia prior to April 6, 1917, a period of grace, extending until midnight of Dec. 15, in which to remove from the District of Columbia. No other alien enemy shall be found within the District on or after Nov. 21, 1917. This regulation and the instructions under it will be enforced without exception, and an alien enemy violating it renders himself liable to summary arrest and detention.

"The following instructions are made regarding the removal of alien enemies from the district:

"(a) Every alien enemy residing in the district must, before he removes therefrom, fill out and swear to, induplicate, a supplemental paper furnished by the department, giving correct details as to his future movements. The Marshal will then transmit one copy of this supplemental paper to the department and the other copy to the Marshal of the district to which the alien enemy plans to remove.

"(b) Every alien enemy must report to the Marshal's office of the district to which he removes, or to that of his deputy nearest to him, immediately upon his arrival therein. Further, any failure to observe the above restrictions or requirements will render the alien enemy liable to summary arrest and internment.

"The department suggests that the Marshal for the District of Columbia inform the alien enemies excluded from the District by this regulation of the other regulations of the President, and of the necessity of their understanding and obeying the same.

"Further, the Marshal should inform these persons that if they should be arrested summarily the United States Government will not undertake in any way to care for or support their dependents.

"It must further be understood that the issuance of this proclamation automatically revokes any permits issued to alien enemies to work or reside within forbidden areas previously existing under regulation No. 4 of the President's proclamation of April 6, 1917."

WATERFRONT PATROL TAKES 4,000 MEN

Regulars Expected to Take Over Guardianship of Piers with Local Aid.

The Eastern Department of the United States Army, with headquarters on Governors Island, will probably be charged with the enforcement of those provisions of the new enemy alien regulations which have to do with the guarding of the waterfronts of New York and other cities in the department and the protection of munition plants working on Government contracts. Officers of General Hoyle's staff on Governors Island are said to have already begun the work of perfecting a scheme or patrol. It was said that at least 4,000 regulars would be needed for this duty. The military authorities will work in co-operation with the State and municipal authorities.

Following the ruling of President Wilson regarding the presence of German aliens on the waterfront, Marshal Power issued an order to all lessees of piers and waterfront property in Brooklyn and Staten Island that strict surveillance must be maintained to guard against acts of sabotage. Pier owners, according to the orders of the Marshal's office, must engage a force of inspectors to carry out the work of guarding the waterfront property.

An exodus of Germans is under way from the vicinity of the army piers at Hoboken where, on Monday night, soldiers arrested and interned nearly 200 enemy aliens. Last night, it was said, that for the first time in the history of Hoboken, a person could walk along River Street without meeting a single German and without even hearing a word of German spoken.

When the Government took over the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd piers for army use at the beginning of the war, the crews of some of the ships and also employes of the companies who worked at the piers betook themselves to houses on River Street, which runs parallel with the water. Also German sailors and workmen went to live in small flats and boarding houses on the side streets running up from the harbor front. At night they assembled in the saloons on River Street, which ran wide open.

When army officers began to have trouble with the illegal sale of liquor several weeks ago, an order was issued to close places where liquor was sold in a zone which would take in every bar near the piers. Still, bootblacks, barbers, and newsboys were able to get liquor and give it to men in uniform. Appeals on patriotic grounds were unavailing. Next all the saloons in Hoboken were closed.

Albert Strunts of 200 River Street, an aid of Mayor Griffin, was arrested and taken to the docks for embarkation to Ellis Island, despite his protest and his display of a shield of office. His wife saved him when she came down to the boat with his citizenship papers. There were two more arrests of Germans yesterday made by soldiers near the piers.

It is expected now that in a week or so the Government will declare River Street closed to all except Government business. The east side of the street is already patrolled by sentries who force all traffic to the western side, and if the order goes into effect a dead line, it is expected, will be declared at Newark Street at one end and at Fourth Street at the other.

An investigation has been ordered by army officers to determine the cause of fire on the transport Pastores, which started soon after the raid took place. The fire did only small damage, according to Hoboken firemen, who were summoned when the soldiers failed to put out the blaze.

Army officers denied yesterday the report that the Pastores had been occupied by German prisoners of the raid prior to the time the fire started. They assert that the fire was caused through carelessness on the part of some one who was assisting in the fumigation of the ship.

FIND FORT PICTURES ON SEIZED GERMAN

Capt. Tunney Says Capture Is Most Important Since War Started.

The arrest of a "very dangerous enemy alien" was announced late last night by Captain Thomas J. Tunney, head of the Police Headquarters Bomb Squad. Captain Tunney refused to divulge the identity of his prisoner further than to say that he was formerly in the employ of the Hamburg-American Line, and was a German reserve army officer.

Captain Tunney said the arrest was one of the most important captures made since the United States entered the war. The German had been under investigation for several weeks, and last night Captain Tunney sent Detectives Peter Walsh and George Gilbert to bring the suspect to Police Headquarters.

When the detectives reached Headquarters with their prisoner they brought a large bundle of papers, which Captain Tunney said were important, and a large number of photographic plates of fortifications along the Atlantic Coast and of bridges in the vicinity of New York, all seized in the man's apartment. One of the plates was said to contain a reproduction of one of the large East River bridges.

Captain Tunney said that the prisoner would be turned over this morning to agents of the Department of Justice.

Another former German army officer, an enemy alien, arrested last night on a charge of abandoning his wife and three children, will be closely questioned by the Federal authorities this morning. He is John M. A. Klein of 428 West 204th Street, who says he was once a Lieutenant in the Fifty-eighth Prussian Infantry. He was arrested on a warrant issued in Jersey City, at the request of his wife, Mrs. Carrie Klein. The arrest was made by Detective Bennett of the Jersey City Police force and by Detective Apple of the Fourth Branch. It was not known at the time of the arrest that Klein was a former officer in the German Army.

GERMAN SEIZED IN TUBE.

Petty Officer of Navy Says Denecke Sneered at Government.

Chief Boatswain's Mate Lewis A. Marsh, stationed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, was on a train in the Hudson Tunnels yesterday when he engaged in conversation with Henry Denecke, a clerk working in Manhattan, on his way to his home at 614 Traphagan Street, West Hoboken. Denecke expressed opinions about the war that didn't please Marsh. In the argument that followed Denecke made bold to state that he was a German, never expected to become an American, and just to show what he thought of the Government, boasted that he went into barred zones whenever he felt like it, although he didn't have a pass.

Marsh stuck at the enemy alien's elbow until the train reached Jersey City, when the German was very much surprised at being turned over to Police Lieutenant Hogue at the request of Marsh. He was taken to Jersey City Police Headquarters and the Federal authorities were notified.

WOMAN HELD FOR SEDITION.

Mrs. Couch, Reported Executed in Germany, in Jail in Illinois.

MOUNT VERNON, Ill., Nov. 20.—Mrs. Catherine Couch, who was reported to have been put to death in Germany last Summer for criticising that Government, is under guard in the village of West Salem, her former home, where she delivered a pro-German address on Sunday night. Sheriff Naylor of Edwards County said he expected no violence, although feeling was high in West Salem, and that Mrs. Couch would be guarded until Federal officers arrived.

Mrs. Couch is said to have criticised the United States for entering the war and for supplying the Allies with munitions.

ROUND UP I. W. W. IN KANSAS

More Than Fifty Members of Organization Arrested in Oilfields.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 20.—A roundup of members of the I. W. W. in the oilfields of Kansas is to be made immediately, Fred Robertson, District Attorney for Kansas, announced late today. More than fifty I. W. W.'s were arrested in the Butler County oilfields today.

The purpose of the raids is to rid the oilfields of undesirables, Federal officers say. Each man arrested will be examined as to whether he has registered for the draft.

ROBERT BERESFORD SUED

O. R. Brand & Co. Get an Attachment for $26,516.

Discouraging stock market experiences of the Hon. Seton Robert Beresford during the last two years, while he has been in this country in behalf of the British Government, are revealed in papers filed in the Supreme Court yesterday through which the Stock Exchange firm of O. R. Brand & Co. of 74 Broadway, obtained an attachment for $26,516 against any of Mr. Beresford's property that may be found in this State.

The complaint alleged that between June 2, 1916, and May 7 last the brokers bought and sold securities on the defendant's order, and rendered true statements of his account, "which he received and retained, and made no objection to any debt or credit therein contained." The final statement was made to him on Oct. 19, showing $26,516 due the brokers, and he also received and retained this statement without objection, it is alleged.

The defendant, who seldom uses the name Seton, and is best known as Bobby Beresford, is the brother of Lord Decies, who married Vivian Gould, and of Henry Beresford. He is Captain in the British Army, and for some years held the amateur lightweight boxing championship of Great Britain. When he came to this country in 1911 to attend the wedding of Lord Decies he engaged in a boxing match with Anthony Drexel, who later married Marjorie Gould. The match took place in the George Gould gymnasium at Georgian Court, Lakewood, and resulted in Mr. Beresford scoring a knockout in three rounds, for which he received a cup presented by Mrs. Gould.

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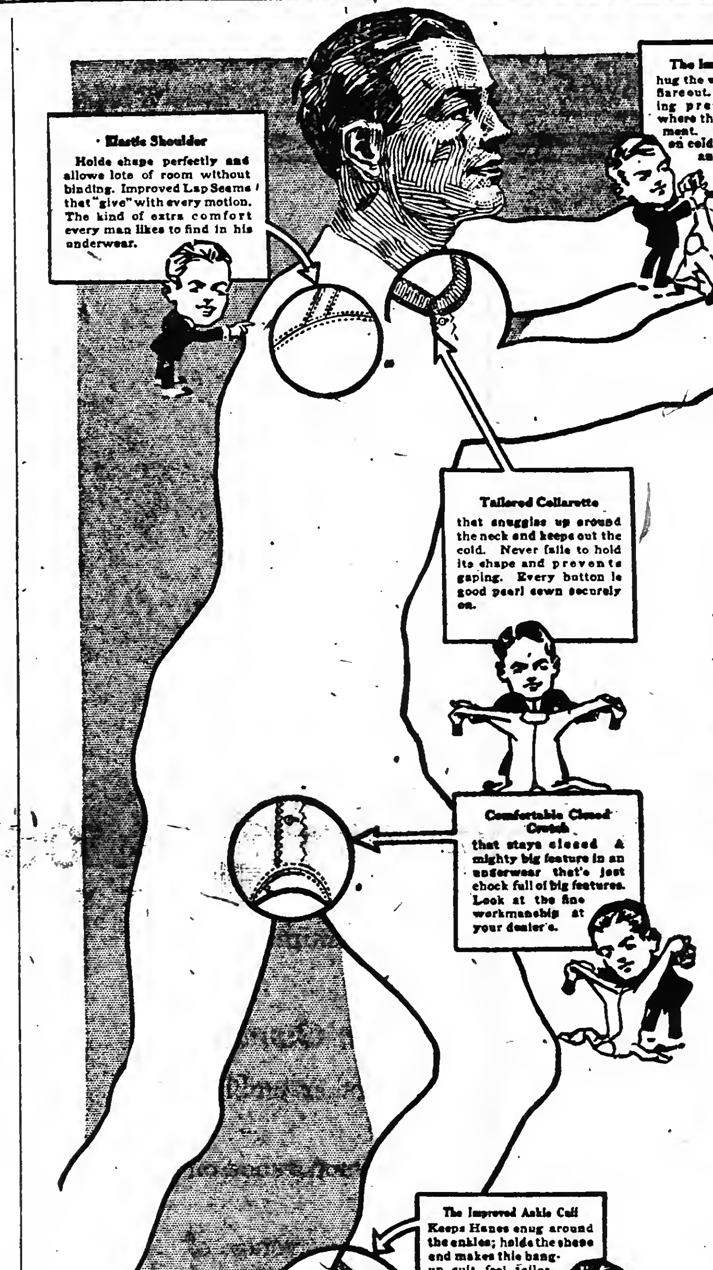

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It's really a startling eye-opener to see just what amazing value you can get when you buy Hanes. Read about the extra features over there in the illustration. Add 'em all up—then get this:

Hanes Winter Weight Underwear is made of fine, long-fibre cotton, snug-fitting, sightly and strongly made. Every seam is guaranteed unbreakable where the wear is greatest. It is springy and comfortable, warm and cozy.

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Here's the Big Specialty for 1917

A boy's union suit, superbly made with an unusual silky finish. A real high-class boys' underwear that combines the best features of the men's suits with a downy softness and cozy warmness just right for youngsters. Its value can't be duplicated.

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H. Silverman, 2,896 8th Ave.
Church of Ascension, 12 W. 11th St.
S. S. Goldman, 3d Ave. & 43d St.
H. M. Gutmon, 803 E. 180th St.
M. A. Winter, 377 W. 125th St.
Estate of A. Gilman, 121 8th Ave.
A. Richman, 46 Delancey St.
Teller & Co., 445 Amsterdam Ave.
M. D. Levy, 3,297 Broadway.
Jos. Kats, 310 St. Ann's Ave.
M. Jacobs, 1,570 Second Ave.
M. M. Clancy, 487 Columbus Ave.
J. Barbach, 1,859 Second Ave.
R. Towlis, 3,713 8th Ave.
J. Jaffe, 1,938 2d Ave.
A. Pfeferblum, 527 Lenox Ave.
B. Levine, 6,017 3d Ave.
B. Weiss, 2,003 Amsterdam Ave.
R. Cross, 2,238 Amsterdam Ave.
Ferrarie & LaGrecia, 103 Bleecker St.
Adler Bros., 3d Ave. & 14th St.
J. Cetnick, 1,215 Prospect Ave.
H. Hermanson, 554 Morris Ave.
R. Davidov, 1,392 2d Ave.
J. Markowitz, 1,381 St. Nicholas Ave.
S. M. Sterman, 540 Lenox Ave.
Damiano Bros., 48 Spring St.
M. Fuchs, 3,104 Amsterdam Ave.
Louis Heller, 1,426 3d Ave.
Louis Berman, 1,653 3d Ave.
King Bros., 102 E. 14th St.
B. Kopelowitz, 1,699 3d Ave.
A. Spero, 1,830 3d Ave.
D. Lifland, 1,112 Amsterdam Ave.
L. Wertheimer, 162 Amsterdam Ave.
Frank & Marburger, 87th St. & 3d Ave.
M. Lefkowitz, 66 Bowery.
T. J. Manyor, 1,115 Southern Blvd.
Ida Kantrowitz, 1,692 Washington Ave.
M. & M. D. O'Connor, 721 Tremont Ave.
M. & A. Katz, 831 Third Ave.
M. A. Holzman, 1,460 Amsterdam Ave.
H. Lowenheim, 318 E. Fordham Rd.
P. & W. H. Dorn, 1,855 Boston Rd.
I. Friedman, 3,918 3d Ave.
I. Nadler, 750 2d Ave.
E. Hollinger, 481 7th Ave.
A. Cohen, 22 South St.
M. Feldman, 67 South St.
M. Caplan, 27 Rutgers St.
L. Feldman, 34 Jefferson St.
Kaplan Bros., 4,023 3d Ave.
E. Greenspan, 361 E. 121st St.
S. Gold, 193 Houston St.
Feldman & Siegel, 389 West St.
Lipsky Bros., 1,602 Rathgate St.
M. Fuchs, 2,104 Amsterdam Ave.
H. Levinsky, 181 Orchard St.
M. Lipschitz, 1,374 3d Ave.
B. Grosswald, 3,474 8th Ave.
Frank & Harburger, Ave. A & 83d St.
J. Roth, 1,626 1st Ave.
Frank & Adler, 1,981 3d Ave.
Frank & Adler, 339 8th Ave.
Lebow & Cohen, Westchester Ave.
H. Pape, 112 8th Ave.
Lewis Schnitt, 566 Grand St.
Isaac Rechner, 105 Rivington Ave.
Louis Gitler, 802 8th Ave.
Bauner & Sons, 825 Columbus Ave.
B. Reinheimer, 734 E. 180th St.
A. Bauer, 2,742 8th Ave.
Nederberger, 8th Ave.
L. Freissler, 32 Avenue B.
Levinson Bros., 175 Bowery.
M. Kartagener, 7 Avenue B.
Ed. Wimpheimers, 1,317 2d Ave.
J. Solanto, 590 E. 187th St.
M. Lanahan, 752 Greenwich St.
F. Frankel, 141 St. Ann's Ave.
S. Friedman, 1,640 3d Ave.
A. Goldstone, 1,606 2d Ave.
F. Krane, 1,682 2d Ave.
K. Silverman, 1,169 2d Ave.
B. Kalpern, 1,023 1st Ave.
L. Zelvin, 694 2d Ave.
A. Nadel, 130 Hudson St.
L. Lenahan, 726 Greenwich St.
M. H. Kantor, 237 9th Ave.
S. Forster, 305 7th Ave.
B. Cohen & Son, 586 9th Ave.
M. A. Holzman, 1,460 Amsterdam Ave.
A. Fuchs, 271 1st Ave.
S. Felerstein, 421 1st Ave.
J. Shapiro, 1,718 1st Ave.
D. Strauss, 1,496 1st Ave.
Kantor & Levy, 1st Ave. & 18th St.
B. Gross, 24 Avenue B.
S. Goldklang, 73 Avenue C.
B. Reich, 61 Avenue B.
L. Silverman, 141 Avenue C.
J. Taubenblatt, 181 Avenue B.
S. Bialostosky, 57 Catherine St.
A. L. Frankel, 129 1st Ave.
B. Goldwasser, 76 1st Ave.
M. Feller, 1,363 Wilkins Ave.
I. Ehrlich, 621 Lenox Ave.
S. M. Sterman, 540 Lenox Ave.
A. Friedman, 507 Lenox Ave.
J. Corn, 1,326 Boston Rd.
G. Bandy, 1st Ave. & 64th St.
J. Abeles, 965 1st Ave.
N. M. Kolisch, 839 9th Ave.
B. Sunshine, 530 9th Ave.
P. Hochhauser, 1,715 1st Ave.
J. Fischl, 1,456 1st Ave.
I. Settle, 2,692 8th Ave.
M. Lent, 391 West St.
Silverstone Bros., 744 Westchester Ave.
M. Stark, 751 9th Ave.
H. Cracovaner, 551 10th Ave.
H. Cracovaner, 698 10th Ave.
A. Silk, 2d Ave. & 32d St.
J. Barbash, 1,951 2d Ave.
S. Rosenberg, 101 Amsterdam Ave.
J. Berkowitz, 143 Amsterdam Ave.
E. Callahan, 728 8th Ave.
Lebow & Cohen, 2d Ave.
D. Blumenfeld, 959 1st Ave.
D. Blumenfeld, 1,821 2d Ave.
D. Blumenfeld, 1,583 2d Ave.
B. Reich, 61 Avenue B.
J. Karnow, Fordham Rd.
F. Fried, 2,186 5th Ave.
Benheim & Strauss, 132 Lenox Ave.
H. Getzler, 2,262 8th Ave.
G. Loeb, 437 3d Ave.
L. Brownstein, 783 8th Ave.
Maglietta Bros., 651 E. 187th St.
Maglietta Bros., 177 Spring St.
Finegold & Spero, 3d Ave. & 42d St.
M. Aronson, 61 West St.
A. Blackin, 141 Monroe St.
A. Friedlander, 167 8th Ave.
S. Graber, 1,548 Park Ave.
Benjamin Greenberg, 544 8th Ave.
Charles Speigel, 425 6th Ave.
M. Goldberg, 47 Catherine St.
L. Hirsch, 1,488 Avenue A.
F. Hirsch, 251 1st Ave.
J. J. Klein, 1,430 1st Ave.
Glaser Bros., 1,807 2d Ave.
B. Horwitz, 278 Avenue B.
E. Rosenberger, 1,389 Avenue A.
S. Koslowsky, 328 Henry St.
M. Levine, 253 Avenue A.
L. Sherman, 1,488 3d Ave.
H. Wool, 48 Greenwich Ave.
V. Taub, 212 E. 10th St.
Ziochower Bros., 1,062 S. Blvd.
H. Greenberg, 1,252 S. Blvd.
H. Corbin, 767 Courtland Ave.
M. Samowitz, 27 Avenue D.
K. Callanan, 652 E. 183d St.
T. M. Calvert, 2,209 5th Ave.
Cohen, Chatoff & Orenthich, 931 Broadway.
Cohen & Chatoff, 2,310 3d Ave.
Peter Corn, 122 Lawrence St.
B. Durner, 885 8th Ave.
Fred Ebel & Co., 831 10th Ave.
Paul Eisnitz, 831 8th Ave.
M. & W. Ettinger, 4,539 3d Ave.
H. Feinberg, 1,454 Amsterdam Ave.
Julius Fischl, 851 10th Ave.
R. J. Bloomenhaft, 277 Avenue A.
S. Forster, 305 7th Ave.
Freund Bros., 22 Avenue E.
Fridenberg Bros., 2,760 8th Ave.
D. & S. Friedman, 532 3d Ave.
Louis Goldblatt, 484 Lenox Ave.
S. Goodman, 784 Columbus Ave.
F. Gotleib, 187 Avenue B.
Sam Gutterman, 525 9th Ave.
M. Gutterman, 1306½ 8th Ave.
B. Herskovitz, 2,212 7th Ave.
Yorkville Dept. Store, 88th St. & Ave. A.
Faffe Bros., 1,330 5th Ave.
M. Kaufman, 2,190 5th Ave.
E. M. Golisch, 619 9th Ave.
A. D. Kress, 2,184 5th Ave.
H. Hirschner, 581 Hudson St.
I. Landy, 2,948 3d Ave.
M. Lusher, 509 8th Ave.
A. Markman, 807 8th Ave.
Meyer & Glaser, 610 3d Ave.
Joe Meyer, 879 8th Ave.
M. Meisner, 288th St., Anns Ave.
M. J. Nacht, 653 10th St.
M. Newman, 501 Amsterdam Ave.
Robert & Lewis Co., 53 Whitehall St.
Victor Rosenberg, 2,198 8th Ave.
S. Rosinfeld, 1,802 3d Ave.
S. Rusoff, 6 Church St.
M. Schwartz, 949 Amsterdam Ave.
E. Schwartz, 2,092 Madison Ave.
S. Silverman, 170 Amsterdam Ave.
M. Silverman, 86 Amsterdam Ave.
H. Simon, 606 Columbus Ave.
Sam Solomon, 564 Lenox Ave.
H. Sonnenfeld, 1,850 1st Ave.
Stutz Bros., 75th St. & 3d Ave.
Isaac Theler, 464 2d Ave.
M. F. Weber, 780 7th Ave.
M. Weiss, 30th & Amsterdam Ave.
H. Weissberg, 3,613 3d Ave.

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Zuckerdel, 785 9th Ave.
D. G. Belmont Co., 652 E. 187th St.
I. Cohn, 4,249 3d Ave.
J. Jacobs, 1,340 Book Ave.
L. Kanner, 3,369 3d Ave.
M. Liss, 636 Morris Ave.
N. Shalet, 192 Norman Ave.
K. Turoff, 65 Graham Ave.
B. Cohn, 964 DeKalb Ave.
L. Silver, 595 Crescent St.
L. Dantzig, 1,787 Madison Ave.
B. Markowitz, 1,448 5th Ave.
M. E. Scott, 215 10th Ave.
R. Burechson, 1,001 2d Ave.
L. Halpers, 1,066 1st Ave.
D. G. Strauss Co., 1,494 1st Ave.
B. Siegfried, 1,332 1st Ave.
R. & W. Green, 263 Avenue A.
M. Weiselberg, 865 1st Ave.
B. Rosansky, 1,491 Book Ave.
C. Nelson, 1,476 Washington Ave.
J. Caouto, 2,395 Hoffman St.

BROOKLYN.

D. Brown, 669 De Kalb Ave.
Sam Gold, 90 Moore St.
B. Schachger, 29 Reed Ave.
Genatt & Sachs, 62 Moore St.
I. Meyers, 1,521 Pitkin Ave.
C. Woll, 399 Knickerbocker Ave.
K. Turoff, 65 Graham Ave.
S. Posner, 104 Graham Ave.
P. Berlyn, 220 Franklin St.
S. Barsky, 175 Greene St.
Genstoff & Hoffman, 893 3d Ave.
M. & H. Goldman, 175 3d Ave.
M. Kassdam, 31 Hamilton Ave.
D. & C. Meyerson, 1,033½ De Kalb Ave.
A. Rosenstein, 137 3d Ave.
D. Solomon, 207 Wyckoff Ave.
H. Swardloff, 17 Hamilton Ave.
M. Sole, 28 Flatbush Ave.
S. J. Schreiber & Son, 2,601 Atlantic Ave.
Chil Cohen, 277 Sumner Ave.
D. Benjamin, New Utrecht Ave. & 59th St.
Wesserman Bros., 375 Grand St.
J. C. Mendlowitz, 591 Grand St.
Max Nadelbach, Grand & Olive Sts.
D. Weiner, 436 Graham Ave.
M. Ponemone, 453 Graham Ave.
M. Feldner, 1,048 Manhattan Ave.
S. Nehner, 1,102 Manhattan Ave.
M. Miller, 1,065 Manhattan Ave.
Goodman & Heinrich, 919 Manhattan Ave.
J. Greenfield, 389 Knickerbocker Ave.
S. Nothe, 399 Knickerbocker Ave.
L. Kesselman, 335 Knickerbocker Ave.
J. Nurnberg, 359 Knickerbocker Ave.

Brooklyn—Continued.

I. Freiman, 2,158 Fulton St.
H. Schoem, 253 Van Brunt St.
M. Allison, 70 5th Ave.
M. Allison, 5,214 3d Ave.
J. Danto, 1,834 Fulton St.
M. Ellentuck, Gates Ave.
W. Greenwald, Sumner Ave.
M. Iseral, 264 5th Ave.
S. Kramer, 291 Knickerbocker Ave.
J. Sterns' Sons, 765 Manhattan Ave.
W. J. Nutting, Fulton St.
Moore Street Bargain House, 65 Moore St.
S. Kaminsky, 150 Sutter Ave.
J. Rosenthall, 451 Christopher Ave.
D. Friedman, 157 Havemeyer St.
J. Kaminsky, 88 Moore St.
H. Schoen, 353 Van Brunt St.
A. Cohen, 1,668 Pitkin Ave.
J. J. Marcus, 663 Classon Ave.
William Rainer, 57 4th Ave.
M. Kamengisser, 279 Grand St.
Spero & Cooper, 3,309 Fulton St.
Leon Nadel, 2,645 Fulton St.
S. Nitnick, 1,988 Fulton St.
H. Rosenbloom, 35 Tompkins Ave.
J. Hellman, 86 Siegel St.
N. K. Buchwald, 3,155 Fulton St.
J. Salsney, 597 De Kalb Ave.
W. Levy, 414 7th Ave.
Jos. Tortorici, 145 Hamburg Ave.
A. Gottlieb, 1,485 Myrtle Ave.
J. Goldburg, 35 Seigle St.
N. Kleinman, 804 Nostrand Ave.
B. F. Kane & Bros., 51 Columbia Ave.
C. A. Burns, 156 5th Ave.
Lurie & Rosnmoff, 4,909 12th Ave.
Jos. Kaiser, 185 Flatbush Ave.
William Peiser, 124 Smith St.
D. Starobin, 1,720 Bath Ave.
Joe. Stein, 1,242 Flatbush Ave.
Samuel Herrick, 163 Smith St.
M. Speishandler, 867 Flushing Ave.
Charles S. Rosenblatt, 223 9th Ave.
M. H. Ramsey, 828 Manhattan Ave.
Hines & Letzelsen, 1,603 Broadway.
Gussie Resnnleoff, 48 Manhattan Ave.
F. J. Stander, 693 Knickerbocker Ave.
F. Land, 93 Ceedar St.
Susie L. Pilliner, 1,247 Flatbush Ave.
J. Simon, 541 5th Ave.
S. Waldman, 1,005 Flushing Ave.
J. J. Marcus, 663 Glasson Ave.
M. Blumenkopf, 334 Franklin Ave.
Cooper & Rappaport, 1,981 Bath Ave.
Sam Engelke, 172 Wythe Ave.
J. Jacobs, 331 Grand St.
Kurber & Ferris, 2,025 Bath Ave.
A. Shoan, 859 3d Ave.
D. Starabin, 1,720 Bath Ave.
I. Stein, 419 Grand St.
S. Stein, 545 Grand St.

LIST OF HANES DEALERS.

Brooklyn—Continued.

M. Tauber, 192 Bedford Ave.
E. Pollock, Inc., 391 Columbia Ave.
B. Waldman, 526 Court St.
S. Firestein, 138 5th Ave.
H. Setomer, 372 3d Ave.
I. Friedman, 3,920 3d Ave.
J. Neckritz, 7,519 13th Ave.
V. Levy, 2 Sumner Ave.
S. J. Schrieber & Son, 2,503 Atlantic Ave.
D. Rosen, 1,617 Pitkin Ave.
M. Leiberman, 1,526 Pitkin Ave.
M. Gerspowitz, 1,492 Pitkin Ave.
Ress & Klein, 1,462 Pitkin Ave.
M. Derz, 683 Broadway.
A. Patt, 114 43d St.
I. Coleman, 4,403 3d Ave.
B. Baehr, 7,418 New Utrecht Ave.
R. Cooper, 76 Hamburg Ave.
J. Auerbacher, 277 Central Ave.
N. Vogel, 183 Wyckoff Ave.
H. Muhlenstedt, 2,785 Myrtle Ave.
C. Steuer, 554 Knickerbocker Ave.
N. K. Buchwald, 3,155 Fulton St.
I. Buchwald, 2,943 Fulton St.
I. Riner, 2,396 Fulton St.
A. Kesselman, 2,020 Fulton St.
F. Sliver, 1,179 Liberty St.
H. Nevin, 669 Ralph Ave.
G. Abraham, 1,503 Broadway.
John Schneider, 140 Grandview Ave.
H. Geller, 666 Woodward Ave.
I. Goodfriend, 582 Woodward Ave.
B. Seeman, 657-659 Woodward Ave.
I. Tessler, 684 Woodward Ave.
N. Gosan, 834 Covert St.
I. Goodman, 1,855 Myrtle Ave.
M. Morris & Bro., 142 Smith St.
S. Herrick, 163 Smith St.
M. Sann, 312 5th Ave.
P. A. Wakefield, 600 3d Ave.
M. K. Benimowitz, 4,004 8th Ave.
M. Cantor, 1,427 Nostrand Ave.
D. Kuntz, 531 Marcy Ave.
H. Avenius, 101 Manhattan Ave.
G. Henry, 606 5th Ave.
H. Cohen, 225 Columbia Ave.
H. Herzog, 4,624 3d Ave.
C. A. Goldstein, 248 Driggs Ave.
Wm. Goebel, 132 Nassau St.
S. Goldstoff, 187 Manhattan Ave.
Prensky & Fau, 60 Graham Ave.
J. Beg, 1,027 Flushing Ave.
H. Muhlenstedt, 2,785 Myrtle Ave.

Bath Beach, Brooklyn, N. Y.

H. Perkins, 1,803 Bath Ave.

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New Rochelle.

A. Jacobson, North Ave.
S. Baum & Son, Hugenot St.
F. Tornay, 89 Union Ave.
H. & J. Ginsburg.

NEW YORK.

Van Nest.

M. & S. Hillis, 676 Morris Park Ave.
Sahpero & Co., 659 Morris Park Ave.

Williamsbridge.

L. Hnlnick, 3,857 White Plains Ave.

Port Richmond, S. I.

J. Silk, 1,324 Richmond Terrace.

Staten Island.

S. Neisner, Tompkinsville.
Est. of I. Kutscher, Stapleton.
S. Schmolka, Stapleton.
H. J. Weisborg, Port Richmond.

W. New Brighton, S. I.

C. Gottenberg, 1,067 Castleton Ave.

Yonkers.

A. M. Goldstein, 309 Nepperhem.
J. Kaplan, 178 Riverdale Ave.

Long Island City, L. I.

Edward Laherty, 71 Jackson Ave.
H. Loeb, 163 Academy St.

Long Island.

J. G. Pineau, Woodhaven.
J. Rubin, Ozone Park.

Jamaica, L. I.

N. Lowenberg, 448 Fulton St.
J. Avenia, 101 Smith St.

Long Island.

J. A. Deakin, College Point.
A. Jaffe, Fort Washington.
J. Kransler, Farmingdale.
H. Wolf, Front St., Hempstead.
J. W. Hirschfeld, Huntington.
F. Gerber, Sayville.

Astoria, L. I.

J. F. Zevre, 447 Steinway Ave.
S. Feinman, 575 Broadway.
H. Blum, 323 Flushing Ave.

Winfield, L. I.

J. Wirth, 35 Fisk Ave.

Elmhurst, L. I.

S. & H. Wolters, Broadway.

Maspeth, L. I.

S. Shicinski, 128 Clinton Ave.

Rockville Centre, L. I.

H. Widlitz, 195 Merrick Road.

Glen Cove, L. I.

W. Bernstein.

Lindenhurst, L. I.

H. Salomon.

Winfield, L. I.

F. Krepela, 31 Woodside Ave.

Glendale, L. I.

M. Shaffran, 1,961 Myrtle Ave.
J. G. Theise, 2,518 Myrtle Ave.

Union Course, L. I.

E. Rosenbaum, 1,178 Jamaica Ave.

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L. Shaffran, 4,057 Jamaica Ave.

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M. Lichtenberg, 2,621 Jamaica Ave.
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A. Marmorstein, 129 Monticello Ave.
B. A. Hauser, 324 Old Bergen Rd.
Auerbach Bros., 332 Jackson Ave.
J. Siegler, 218 Newark Ave.
Gross & Landau, 556 Grove St.
M. Schiller, 1,167 Summit Ave.
Wm. Krug, 390 Pacific Ave.
L. Vogel, 400 Newark Ave.

Hoboken.

S. Simon, 126 River St.
Simon & Goldberg, 300 River St.
M. Berman, 125 Washington St.
L. Bitman, 926 Washington St.
L. Reiner, 152 Newark St.

West Hoboken.

Geo. Goelz & Sons, 541 Spring St.
H. Kornfeld, 431 Spring St.
A. Selman, 361 Spring St.
C. Melaroncio, 480 Summit Ave.
Zweig Bros., 176 Summit Ave.
B. B. Engel, 225 Summit Ave.
H. Weinstein, 123 Summit Ave.
V. G. Martin, 149 Summit Ave.

Passaic.

J. Dreizen, 197 Burgess Place
A. Goldberger, 161 2d St.
Max Goldstein, 303 Passaic St.
J. Leibowitz, 132 Passaic St.
S. Slavin, 326 Hope Ave.
A. Berger, 187 Parker Ave.
L. Schwartz, 32 Monroe St.
A. Samowitz, 64 Van Winkle St.
M. Cantor, 220 Dayton St.
C. M. Rose, 326 Passaic St.
Max Pasternack, 40 2d St.

Bayonne.

Max Beliman, 423 Broadway.
R. Pike, 323 Broadway.
H. Rosdeltscher, 40 E. 21st St.

Elizabethport.

M. Krevsky, 11 1st St.
L. Krevsky, 221 3d St.
S. Shapiro, 249 E. Jersey St.
N. Cohen, 203 1st St.

Elizabeth.

John C. Ilg, 281 Elizabeth Ave.
John M. Horr, 968 Elizabeth Ave.
P. C. Walls, 81 Broad St.
H. J. Coughlin, 1,043 Magnolia Ave.
H. Kessler, 206 3d St.
Sam Stamler, 359 E. Jersey St.
J. Fachet, 735 E. Jersey St.

Harrison.

S. Levin, 216 Harrison Ave.
S. Weiman & Son, 310 Harrison Ave.
N. Goldman, 218 Harrison Ave.
I. Koplowitz, 520 Harrison Ave.

Newark.

L. Finkel, 11 Ridgewood Ave.
S. Kanegiser, 118 Bowery St.
B. Levine, 282 16th Ave.
L. Weiss, 250 18th Ave.
B. Levine, 83 Prince St.
M. Hass, 303 15th Ave.
D. Hass, 66 Pacific St.
S. Spiller, 177 Spruce St.
N. Horowitz, 580 Orange St.
Chas. J. Riehl, 280 Market St.
Samuel Levine, 552 Springfield Ave.
Sig Scheppe, 572 Springfield Ave.
Otto J. Aaron, 51 Belleville Ave.
Franklin's Haberdashery, 494 Orange St.
I. D. Hertsberg, 511 Orange St.
I. Berger, 315 Springfield Ave.
Max Waxman, 170 Springfield Ave.
Henry Green, 157 Springfield Ave.
M. Geibel & Sons, 64 Belleville Ave.
Popper Bros., 276 Springfield Ave.
J. P. Nelson, 438 Warren St.
H. Lustig, 189 Ferry St.
D. Meyer, 398 Springfield Ave.
Chas. J. Rich, 286 Market St.
L. Weilberg, 104 Springfield Ave.
M. Brown, 165 S. Orange Ave.
J. Horwitz, 58 16th Ave.
L. Sherman, 432 Springfield Ave.
J. Sobel, 640 Springfield Ave.
I. Brody, 241 S. Orange St.
M. Wagner, 294 Orange St.
W. Oppenheimer, Hamburg Pl., cor. Ann St.
G. Altman, 648 Orange St.
E. Ern, 130 Elm St.
W. Wilderotter & Son, 56 Montgomery St.
J. Jackensky, 435 Orange St.
J. Greenwald, 510 Orange St.
Wm. M. Smith, 498 Broad St.
J. Lowitz, 365 Broad St.
Philip Rosenthal, 455 Broad St.
R. Epstein, 258 Market St.
Beardslee & Hildebrant, 282 Market St.
A. H. Kellner, 266 Market St.
L. J. Rosenstrauch, 112 Market St.
Krueger & Reitman, 189 Springfield Ave.
Susskind & Son, 239 Springfield Ave.
M. & D. Blum, 549 Springfield Ave.
J. H. Beger, 377 Springfield Ave.
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Fred Knoth, 1,037 S. Orange Ave.
M. Totams, 896 S. Orange Ave.
M. J. Bernstein & Son, 177 S. Orange Ave.
M. Seidler, 204 Hawthorne Ave.
C. H. Herrick, 171 Clinton Ave.
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J. Marx, 325 Bank St.
R. Strauss, Nye Ave. & Leslie St.
Geo. Kaye, 49 Pacific St.
J. Geo. Fantz, 432 Lafayette St.
S. Weinhouse, 181 Verona Ave.
G. Matonte, 107 7th Ave.
L. V. Tonero, 387 Warren St.
J. Albani, 279 Van Buren St.
A. Schorck, 169 Hamburg Place.
S. Fener, 277 15th Ave.
P. Lienau, 388 15th Ave.
H. Hardwick, 493 Summer Ave.
B. App, 237 Mulberry St.

Irvington.

S. Gray, 752 Springfield Ave.
G. Azzara, 873 Springfield Ave.
A. C. Ern, 1,406 Springfield Ave.
Otto Ern, Jr., 1,177 Springfield Ave.

New Brunswick.

M. J. Loewenstein, 89 Church St.

Milburn.

J. Rosenthal.

Cranford.

A. M. Shapiro.

Rahway.

S. P. Haliday, 123 Main St.
B. Engelman, 180 Main St.
M. Davis, 9 Cherry St.

West New York.

J. K. Fenster, 664 Bergenline Ave.
L. A. Pascale, 462 Bergenline Ave.

Kearny.

Goldstein & Samson, 12 Kearny Ave.
J. E. Higgins, 78 Johnston Ave.

Arlington.

I. Goldstein, 146 Midland Ave.
T. E. Smith, 614 Forrest St.

Belleville.

J. E. Lay, 356 Stephens St.
S. Fauer, 78 Washington Ave.

Vauxhall.

R. Blumenscheit, 5 Springfield Ave.

Lyndhurst.

M. Higgings, 109 Stuyvesant Ave.

Silver Lake.

S. Vicarisi, 11 Belmont Ave.

Orange.

Max Cohn, 296 Main St.
J. Bleck, 312 Main St.

East Orange.

A. W. Bodwell, 399 Main St.

Guttenberg.

Wm. Klein, 26 Bergenline Ave.

West New York.

M. Zwain, 683 Bergenline Ave.

Union Hill.

H. Edelstein, 934 Bergenline Ave.

Bloomfield.

Thorman & Greenstein, 43 Dodd St.

Perth Amboy.

Renolds Bros.

Plainfield.

Rosenbaum Bros.

Red Bank.

H. H. Supp.

Paterson.

J. Spitz & Son.
B. Miller, 977 Main St.

Tenafly.

I. Salbin.

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POSTUM
is a full-bodied mans drink. Its snappy flavor makes it favorite with father and mother and as it is pure and drug free children can drink it without harm

CIVIC BODIES TO AID FOOD COMMISSIONS

Nine Organizations Will Be Represented on a New Advisory Council.

AIMS TO HELP HOUSEWIVES

Committee Will Hear Consumers' Complaints and Report on Conditions by Election Districts.

A plea for a definite program and for immediate co-ordination of the State, city, and Federal Food Administrations was made yesterday at a meeting called by Arthur Williams, City Food Administrator; John Mitchell, Chairman of the State Food Commission, and Dr. Henry Moskowitz, City Commissioner of Markets, for the purpose of assembling the various civic agencies that have been dealing with the food problem. Commissioner Moskowitz presided.

A resolution was adopted providing for the appointment of a committee of nine, representing the various civic associations, to act as an advisory council, which will be a channel through which the joint food commission will know the trend of affairs in each election district in the city. This committee also will give expression to the complaints of the consumer, and will assist in working out plans under which the State, city, and Federal Commissions will deal with the various organizations working in the interest of food consumers. Dr. Moskowitz said the membership of the committee would be announced today.

Commissioner Moskowitz declared that any action decided upon must have the good-will of public opinion, and that the housewife must feel that something is being accomplished that is benefiting her as an individual, as well as the community at large. He asked that the campaign be conducted along purely democratic lines.

Discussion of the food question revealed that the three food agencies are handicapped by the lack of a definite plan of action. Mrs. Robert Bruere, representing the Women's City Club, asked just what powers the city and State administrations possessed. Mr. Williams replied that Herbert C. Hoover, National Food Administrator, had declared himself as determined to back them to the extreme. Any violators of the regulations of the National Food Administration, he said, would be prosecuted.

A pledge of financial support for an advisory organization was made by Mr. Mitchell, who pointed out the seriousness of the situation. He said he found the absence of concrete suggestions disappointing.

"I believe," he said, "that we should bring into a federation of associations the various units that will be able to carry out the policy of the Food Administration. But we should go further and organize the groups of men and women now unorganized until we have a good working body in each ward of the city."

Jerome Green of the Harvard Club offered the resolution authorizing the advisory committee. Before the vote was taken, several speakers expressed the opinion that there should be a definite working program for the food administration before there could be concerted action by any committee. This sentiment was voiced by H. T. Klein, who was active in the food pledge campaign. He said there was danger of a new organization neglecting the work already done.

Tells of Complaints.

In reply Mr. Williams said that 308 complaints had been received from women, and 60 per cent. of these were based on the practice of forcing combination sales with sugar. He recited what had been done to bring relief in this direction. He thought the card campaign organization should be kept together. Mr. Williams's idea is to do educational work that will make every woman in New York her own food administrator.

Carl Beck, Secretary of the Labor Food Conference, said he deplored the fact that no definite program of co-operation for the three food administrators had been fixed. Labor, he said, was willing to co-operate. He feared that the committee would be a failure if it tried to assume the executive responsibility that belonged to the Commissioners.

"Let us have action and no more investigation," said Mrs. Julian Heath, President of the Housewives League.

A definite working program that "will get us somewhere," was advocated by William G. Willcox.

How the State has been organized in the cause of food conservation is shown by reports received by Major Michael Friedsam, Quartermaster General of the State and President of B. Altman & Co., who is the New York State Merchants' representative of the National Food Administration. Major Friedsam has been conducting a Statewide food conservation campaign through the retail merchants of the State. He believes that there is no better medium for reaching the housewives of the country than through the retail merchant. The first step taken by Major Friedsam was to call together the merchants of the State and to enlist them in a plan for reaching the public, with the idea of food conservation through store window displays, advertising, and through personal effort over the counters of their shops. Reports received by Major Friedsam cover not only the larger cities of New York, but many villages, where the food conservation meetings are largely attended. Hearty co-operation with the National Food Administration is shown all over the State, according to these reports.

Magistrate Groehl in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday held Thomas Revino of Jersey City for Special Sessions on a charge of the larceny of fifty pounds of sugar. Policeman Kollmen of the Macdougal Street Station said he saw Revino carrying the sugar from the confectionery of Adolph Ode of 421 West Broadway early yesterday morning. Revino said he obtained the sugar from John Abbruzbests of Hoboken. Abbruzbests was also held as a witness.

An Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges the receipt of $3 from E. Connolly for the Armenian Relief Fund.

PLANS TO CONSIGN COAL TO THE EAST

Garfield May Cancel Priority Order for Lakes to Divert the Supply Here.

PRICES OF COKE ANNOUNCED

Last of State Administrators Is Chosen—Policy of Local Control Announced.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The Fuel Administration is considering immediate withdrawal of the priority order under which all Middle Western coal shipments have been going to lake ports for the northwestern territory. When this is done the coal will be diverted to the East to relieve shortages, particularly in New England.

Dr. Garfield called into conference on the subject today F. C. Baird of Cleveland, the Fuel Administration's representative in charge of the Great Lakes situation, and W. H. Gloverman of Minneapolis, Secretary of the Northwestern Coal Operators' Association.

The lake shipping season is nearly over, and it is believed that most of the coal that can be supplied before it closes already has started from the mines.

Basic prices for by-product coke, by which it is sought to stabilize the market supplying manufacturers, were announced by the Fuel Administration. The prices, it was said, were fixed so as to provide a reasonable profit to the producers and consumers alike, and to maintain a steady product for the market. The Fuel Administration's order, which became effective yesterday, was as follows:

"The price of coke shall be understood as the price per ton of 2,000 pounds, free on board cars at the plant where the coke is manufactured.

Maximum Coke Prices.

"All the maximum prices mentioned herein shall apply to car lots sold to consumers or to dealers for wagon delivery, any commissions paid to selling agencies, or margins allowed to jobbers shall be paid by the vendors, and shall not be added to the prices established hereby.

"In all cases where wagon deliveries are made, either by the coke producer or by dealers, a reasonable charge for such handling and delivery may be made; such charge shall be subject to approval of the State Fuel Administrator.

"By-product Coke—Except for by-product coke produced in New England, the maximum prices for each grade of by-product coke, free on board cars at point of production, shall be the sum of the base price for the grade, and the freight rate from the competing beehive coke district which takes the lowest freight to the point where such by-product coke is produced. The base prices are as follows: Run of ovens, $6; selected foundry, $7, and crushed over one-inch size, $8.50.

"Gas Coke—The maximum price of gas coke sold for industrial or metallurgical use shall be fixed at the price established by the United States Fuel Administrator for the corresponding grade of coke produced in by-product ovens. The maximum price of gas coke sold for household purposes shall be the price established by the United States Fuel Administration for anthracite coal in the same locality.

"This order becomes effective 7 A. M., Nov. 19, and will remain in effect until Jan. 1, 1918, or until superseded by further order."

With the appointment today of Ferdinand A. Meyers of Baltimore as Fuel Administrator for Maryland, the list of State Fuel Administrators, who will enforce coal prices and coal regulations in the individual States, was completed. The Fuel Administration said the work of completing the local organizations in the various communities would be rushed.

"The Fuel Administration," the statement said, "desires to decentralize all of its activities as far as possible, in order that all rules and regulations may be accommodated to local conditions. To this end the State Administrators will be given full authority to deal with all matters developing in their particular States, under the general policies and rules laid down by the United States Fuel Administration.

"The State Administrator in turn will delegate to each coal committee formed in the local communities throughout his State sufficient authority to handle all local problems, under the general policies and rules of the State Administrator and the Federal administration.

"The local organizations are being gradually completed in many of the States, and as rapidly as work can be done the entire country will be brought under the decentralized system."

TO ADJUST MILK PRICES.

Federally Appointed Tribunals to Work in Large Cities.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—To solve the problem of high milk prices in metropolitan areas, the Food Administration today decided to establish regional milk tribunals under Federal appointment. These will be set up in New York, Chicago, and other of the large cities, and their function will be to adjust prices as between the producer and the consumer. The Food Administration's action, it was announced, is due to discontent among consumers over increasing prices. The producers have claimed justification for the rise.

The plan of the United States Food Administration, according to G. Harold Powell, in charge of the Division of Perishable Commodities, is to set up regional Federal commissions on which producers, distributers, consumers, milk experts, and the public at large will be represented.

These commissions will be formed, so far as can be done, from citizens in the districts concerned. They will at once begin public hearings, giving all parties in interest an opportunity to assemble and present all milk data and attendant facts that may bear upon equitable prices, decide according to the facts, and make reports that will advise the public of the true status of the milk industry in each of the districts named.

As the costs of producing and distributing milk vary, it is not expected that a uniform national price will be the outcome, but the Food Administration believes that important reforms may be inaugurated both among producers and distributers. The personnel of the commissions for the New York and Chicago dairy districts will be completed within a few days.

MORTGAGE-BONDS

Netting 5½%

The mortgages deposited to secure these Bonds average less than 40% of the value of the real estate securing them.

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THE MORTGAGE-BOND CO. OF NEW YORK

GEORGE A. HURD, President

Capital and Surplus, $2,500,000

55 Liberty Street

Help Conserve Our Nation's Gasoline and Rubber with the Franklin Car

THE daily production of gasoline is 6,849,000 gallons. Of this production, the Government needs, *and must have*, nearly a million gallons every day.

This is a *new* demand on our gasoline supply—last year it did not exist.

The Government's War needs are imperative. Government officials, newspapers and magazines put it up to the motorist to help conserve our nation's gasoline supply.

A motorist may, in all sincerity, wish to cooperate with the Government in gasoline conservation—but, *unless he operates a car of thrift*, of what value are his "good intentions"?

In connection with this lively National issue, it is interesting to note the motoring public's opinion of the Franklin Car as a car of *thrift* and *utility*.

The Franklin has tripled its building schedules.

Working on this tripled production it has not, as yet, equaled the daily growing demand that has sprung up for the Franklin throughout the country *since the cost of gasoline and rubber went up.*

Gasoline and The Franklin Owner

The man who knows anything at all about automobiles knows that *the Franklin owner* is already down to *rock-bottom thrift. He gets eight to fourteen miles more per gallon than the owner of the average fine car.*

He owns a fine car that is scientifically constructed to deliver the *most miles* for the *least expense* in GASOLINE, TIRES and OIL.

His Franklin is a *Scientific Light Weight Car*—all superflous weight, ounce by ounce, is eliminated.

DIRECT AIR COOLING removes 177 unnecessary parts of plumbing in a Water Cooling System—with its freezing troubles in Winter and its overheating troubles in Summer. It *saves* the expense and uncertainty of anti-freezing mixtures, repairing radiator leaks and a hundred and one other annoyances well known to the owner of a water-cooled car.

The Franklin Owner has a comfortable car—the *easiest riding* car built. Easy to take through the thickest traffic and untiring over roads as they come.

Tires and The Franklin Owner

Rising costs in rubber is another problem to most motorists.

Here again the Franklin Owner stands on safe ground.

His Franklin *consistently* gives an average of 10,000 miles to the set of tires, as recorded from individual owner's reports.

Where the owner of the average fine car buys four sets of tires, *the Franklin Owner buys but two* and the heavy car owner's cost would be almost three times the Franklin Owner's. On tires, too, he is down to *rock-bottom thrift.*

The Franklin Sells on Performance —Not Theory

Much talk is being expounded on this question of gasoline and tire economy.

But talk will never settle the question.

The car *itself* must give the economy—*not* the owner.

A motor car *is* a car of thrift—or it *isn't.*

If it *is*, it can *perform* like the Franklin.

Touring Car	*2280 lbs.*	$2050	Runabout	*2160 lbs.*	$2000	Four pass. Roadster	*2280 lbs.*	$2050
Cabriolet	*2485 lbs.*	2850	Sedan	*2610 lbs.*	2950	Brougham	*2575 lbs.*	2900
Town Car	*2610 lbs.*	3200	Limousine	*2620 lbs.*	3200			

ALL PRICES F. O. B. SYRACUSE

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR COMPANY

GLENN A. TISDALE, President

1830 Broadway, New York — *Phone, Columbus 7556*

Brooklyn Branch: 1176 Bedford Ave. — *Phone, Decatur 4087*

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To assist in the selection of appropriate electric fixtures for the home, store, factory, or any other place, special displays have been arranged at two of our district offices, Irving Place and 42nd Street

These displays are made up of special selections from the stocks of our leading manufacturers. Globes and reflectors are also shown, all intended to secure, within their appropriate surroundings, the proper illumination at the lowest cost for the service

In addition to this special display of fixtures, a great variety of electrical appliances, utensils and general equipment will be found in our several Show Rooms, all contributing to the effort of the day toward economy, efficiency and convenience

The New York Edison Company

At Your Service

Irving Place and 15th Street—Stuyvesant 5600

Branch Office Show Rooms for the Convenience of the Public

Address	Telephone	Address	Telephone
424 Broadway	Canal 2600	151 East 86th Street	Lenox 7780
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Rosalind Wood, President

AN ORGANIZATION WITH COMPLETE FACILITIES TO SUPPLY THE BEST

WORSTED YARN IN THE MARKET, AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE COST TO WOMEN WHO WILL KNIT GARMENTS FOR MEN IN THE WAR SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES. WE PLACE NO RESTRICTIONS AS TO THE DISPOSITION OF THE FINISHED GARMENT AS LONG AS THE

Spirit and Object of This Association

IS LIVED UP TO—*I. E.*, THAT YARNS PURCHASED FROM US SHALL BE SOLELY USED FOR ABOVE PURPOSE.

IT IS OUR AIM TO HAVE KNITTED PRODUCTS OF OUR YARN REACH AMERICAN FIGHTING MEN IN THE QUICKEST POSSIBLE WAY.

BY THE HANK—

GRAY & NATURAL - - 70 CENTS
KHAKI & BLUE - - - 75 CENTS

FOUR HANKS AVERAGE ONE POUND

5 LB. LOTS AND OVER—

GRAY & NATURAL $2.75 PER POUND
KHAKI & BLUE - $2.85 " "

MAIL ORDERS Will Receive Prompt Attention.

Write for Samples and Prices.

ROOM 805 - - 225 FOURTH AVE.

CITY OF NEW YORK

LEO DITRICHSTEIN A HIT IN 'THE KING'

French Political Satire on Republican Homage to Petty Royalty.

BY CAILLAVET AND FLERS

Risky Wit and Situations Which Our Public Seems Ready to Encounter.

THE KING, a comedy in three acts by G. A. de Caillavet, Robert de Flers, and Emmanuel Arena. At the George M. Cohan Theatre.

Serge IV.....Leo Ditrichstein
Lelorain.....Ben Johnson
Lanclois.....Walter Howe
Corneau.....John Bedouin
Marquis de Chamarande.....A. G. Andrews
Vicomte de Chamarande.....Phillips Tead
Blond.....Fritz Williams
Bourdier.....Robert McWade
Rivolet.....William H. Powell
Pierre.....Harry Manners
Edouard.....Almiro Leone
Raoul.....Gaston Pollari
Francois.....Henry Richel
Rudini.....William Ricciardi
General Castel-Trepeau.....Arthur Vincent
Mme. Castel-Trepeau.....Jennie Fuld
Bishop of Evreaux.....Louis Mountjoy
Mayor of Vigny.....J. M. Handley
The Mayoress.....Josia Stella
The Prefect.....Patzi Ragone
Mme. le Prefect.....Dixie Buford
Mons. Pringat.....Gustav Bowhan
Mme. Pringat.....Marion Cako
Zdenko.....Alexis Pollanov
Therese Manix.....Betty Callish
Marthe Bourdier.....Dorothy Mortimer
Susette Bourdier.....Miriam Doyle
Angele.....Ruth Kuerth
Mlle. Georgette Delannay..Cora Witherspoon
Mlle. Francine l'Egard.....Pauline Smith

When "Le Roi" was produced in Paris, some ten years ago, American managers, one and all, were tempted to produce it here, for it was quite the freshest and most amusing piece of its kind in years. One and all decided that, with its risky wit and riskier situations, they could not chance it. Since then much water has passed under the bridges, and many old standards in the theatre have taken to cover. Mr. Ditrichstein himself has been a main factor in making us accept a certain kind of lover as great, and now it is he who has produced "The King," which is quite the limit of his achievement in amorous and theatrical adventure.

Caillavet and Flers wrote the piece at a time when Paris held fresh in mind the state visit of a certain minor monarch from Eastern Europe. A republican populace had turned itself inside out to do homage to royalty, and society had gone into estacies over a charming but quite commonplace young man. Meantime the amorous adventures of the King became so strangely mingled with affairs of State that the Ministry tottered. It was a situation and a topic spotted with targets for the shafts of satire, and the authors of "Love Watches" and "The Sacred Grove" riddled it.

We ourselves are supposedly republican, and we also disgorge ourselves like a leech in the presence of royalty. That helps us to understand one phase of this satire. Does France cast down her kings? It is because the Goddess of Liberty is a woman, and the kings presumed to master her. But a visiting king is in the happier case of the lady's lover. . . . The point is clear, even to our virtuous American intelligence. Hits at the foibles of social democrats are also familiar ground to us. As for the background of amorous intrigue, a long apprenticeship in imported drama, and perhaps a native sense of human nature, make that also familiar.

The wit of the play sparkles incessantly, and the laughable detail with which it is embroidered seems marvelously fresh and spontaneous. The character drawing is keen as an etcher's point, and the mood of the whole is inspired by the gayest and most abandoned good humor. There were times when even a first-night audience caught its breath, but it was only to burst more explosively in laughter. "Necked is always necked," says the social moralist of the piece. But, as he himself presently learns, that is not quite true. There are some who prefer the crude physical nudities of certain musical shows, and others who delight more in revelations of undraped human nature. It is to the latter that "The King" addresses itself.

As the very naughty but very human young King, Mr. Ditrichstein has a part which does not at all test his finer abilities as an artist, but which gives abundant scope to his sense of risqué humor, and especially to his mood of amiable good fellowship. It is due to his air of good comradeship more than to anything else that the things he says and does are so nearly tolerable and so very amusing. He is every inch "the King." And the performance is no less notable for being so well within his range.

In so large a cast it is not to be expected that these scenes of Parisian life shall be rendered with the last touch of subtlety and atmospheric effect. Much of the production was exceedingly crude. Yet the main points of humor and character were adequately rendered. If special credit is to be given, it is due to Robert McWade, who played the social climbing Socialist, and to Fritz Williams as a comic detective.

TRIED TO ROB MRS. KING.

Seven or Eight Men to be Prosecuted After Means's Trial.

While waiting for the trial of Gaston B. Means, who has been charged with the murder of Mrs. Maud R. King, Assistant District Attorneys John T. Dooling of New York and Marvin Barnhart of Cook County, Illinois, have been in consultation over a mass of documents which implicate some seven or eight men here and in Chicago in a conspiracy to defraud Mrs. King of her estate.

Mr. Dooling said yesterday that he has obtained certain documents which point clearly to the commission of larceny, perjury, and forgery in the manipulation of Mrs. King's affairs, among these documents being the forged will, which has figured so largely in the investigation of the woman's affairs.

According to Mr. Dooling, he and Mr. Barnhart will simultaneously take these documents before their respective Grand Juries, and proceed to the indictment of individuals who were clearly guilty of crime. For certain reasons, however, Mr. Dooling said, it was necessary to postpone such action until after Mr. Means had been tried on the murder charge.

TELL OF CAMP SCOURGES.

Army Surgeons Give Hints to Civilian Practitioners.

Majors William F. Snow and David Silver of the Surgeon General's staff, U. S. A., addressed a gathering of physicians last night in the rooms of the Kings County Medical Society, 1,313 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, and mentioned pneumonia and meningitis as among the great scourges in the army.

Major Snow said that surgeons no longer consider measles, typhoid fever, and malaria dangerous. The mortality rate of these diseases was very low, he added, because the medical department of the army had found the means to cope with them and to prevent their spread. He pointed out to the civilian practitioners how they could do their bit in reducing disease in camps.

Health Commissioner Haven Emerson said yesterday that he knew of no truth in a report that illness among the enlisted men was due to the action of Germans in spreading disease at the camps. He said he did not credit the report.

THREE NEW SINGERS FOR METROPOLITAN

Alice Gentle and Rafaelo Duaz, Americans, and Morgan Kingston, Welsh.

The Metropolitan yesterday announced three new artists soon to be heard in opera. They are Alice Gentle, an American mezzo-soprano, who has sung at Milan and who will create the Indian title rôle in Cadman's "Shewanis"; Morgan Kingston, a Welsh tenor, remembered in English "Lohengrin" at the Century, and Rafaelo Duaz, a young American tenor.

General Manager Gatti-Casazza also announced that Liszt's "St. Elizabeth," originally to have been staged in German this week, is being restudied in English for production in January. Rabaud's "Marouf," the French novelty, will have its American premiere in mid-December. Before that comes a revival of Donizetti's "Daughter of the Regiment" in Italian.

The third week of opera will bring the first repetitions, including "Faust" next Monday with Farrar, "La Traviata" on Wednesday week with Hempel, a Thursday "Bohême" with Muzio and four new Bohemians, and a Saturday matinée of "Elisir d'Amore" with Caruso.

A Thanksgiving matinée, "Carmen," when May Peterson makes her début and Whitehill sings the Toreador, will be among the next week's additions to the repertory, together with a Friday "Prince Igor," sung by last year's cast and conducted by Bodanzky, who has led Russian operas in Russia.

Finally, on Saturday night, Dec. 1, Morgan Kingston makes his appearance in "Trovatore," the fourteenth opera thus far scheduled, or a third of the year's repertory in the first three weeks. At next Sunday's concert, with Percy Grainger, pianist, the singers are Claudia Muzio and Thomas Chalmers.

THE MARGULIES TRIO.

Fourteenth Season Opened with Franck, Bossi, and Beethoven.

The Adele Margulies Trio began their fourteenth season in New York with their concert last evening in Aeolian Hall. They have deserved well of the New York lovers of chamber music, and have been conscientious and skillful interpreters of a form of that music that is not otherwise systematically represented in public concerts, though it comprises many fine works of the masters, greater and lesser. As in recent seasons, the organization is made up of Miss Margulies, piano; Mr. Lichtenberg, violin, and Mr. Schroeder, 'cello.

The program last evening comprised César Franck's trio, Op. 1, No. 1; a sonata for violin and piano, by M. Enrico Bossi, in E minor, and Beethoven's trio in B flat, Op. 97. Franck's early work is naturally not the Franck that is now best known and most influential; but it has characteristic traits that are unmistakable; as the opening theme and much of its treatment; certain harmonic progressions now and again; and, most of all, the "community of theme" that subsists through the three movements. Bossi's sonata is vigorous and sober music, erring most in the direction of lascivious pleasings, and in certain portions unmistakably dry. But there is an abundance of vitality in it, and it was interestingly played by Mr. Lichtenberg and Miss Margulies. Beethoven's great trio has before now appeared on the programs of the Margulies Trio.

Miss Garrison's Recital.

Miss Mabel Garrison, whose singing at the opera has put her among the talented American contingent there, gave a song recital yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall, where a large audience heard her. The voice is a light and fragile high soprano, delicate and clear in quality, rather slender, naturally, in its capacity for emotional color and expression, but, through the skill, grace, and vivacity of Miss Garrison's use of it, capable of producing delightful results. It can hardly be said that the aria from Bach's cantata, "My Spirit Was in Heaviness," which she put on her program after Handel's "Come Thou Goddess Fair and Free," is one adapted to Miss Garrison's voice or style. Far more so was Mahler's charming song, "Wer hat dies Liedlein erdacht"; and in general the songs of lighter sentiment and manner were those in which she was most successful.

Notable among these was the "Hymn to the Sun," from Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Coq d'Or," with its oriental melismas and high tones; or Stravinsky's "Pastoral," without words, or the Oriental "Danse Sacrée" of Georges. Miss Garrison included a group of English and American songs in her program, including one by Mr. Kurt Schindler, who played her accompaniments with exquisite skill, and two of the delightful Kentucky songs collected by Howard Brockway and Miss Loraine Wyman. One thing her admirers would like to hear from Miss Garrison is an attack upon sustained tones that is not followed incessantly by a swelling of the tone; whereby her legato style would be improved. The charm, delicacy, and frequently the brilliancy of her singing gave great pleasure.

Assume War Tax on 'Losing Eloise.'

Selwyn & Co., in view of the falling off in theatre attendance brought about by the 10 per cent. war tax, announced yesterday that they would assume the tax at all future performances of "Losing Eloise" at the Harris Theatre. This will mark the second attraction to recognize existing condiditions in this way, the first being "The Land of Joy," at the Park Theatre. At several other theatres the tax is being paid by the management on certain priced tickets.

"A Night in Spain" on Century Roof

The Cocoanut Grove, on the roof of the Century Theatre, will be reopened on the night of Monday, Dec. 3, with an entertainment called "A Night in Spain," which will be given by the Spanish company now appearing at the Park Theatre in "The Land of Joy." As previously, the Cocoanut Grove show will begin at midnight, and accordingly will not interfere with "The Land of Joy." Special music for the new entertainment will be composed by Joaquin Valverde, composer of "The Land of Joy."

PHILADELPHIA SHUNS MEAT.

Hotels, Restaurants, and Lunchrooms Observe Tuesday Rule.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—Beefless Tuesday today became meatless Tuesday in the restaurants as well as the hotels of this city.

Proprietors of chain restaurants and lunch rooms have an ironclad pact for a meatless Tuesday, which means that beginning today it is impossible for any one to get meat on Tuesday in any of the cheaper restaurants. The rule is also being observed in the higher-priced restaurants.

Buckwheat cakes were served without sausages and Boston beans were unflavored by pork.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Packing houses and the meat industry generally are co-operating fully, the Food Administration announced today, in support of a meatless Tuesday. As an illustration, attention was called to a notice just sent to its customers by a packing company of Los Angeles, informing them that it would make no deliveries of meat or meat products for consumption on Tuesday, except for the army and navy.

REVIVES NEUTRAL SCHEME.

Irigoyen Soon Will Call for a Latin-American Congress.

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 20.—President Irigoyen has revived the project for a congress of neutral Latin-American nations, although several attempts to assemble such a conference have failed. The President will shortly issue a call for the congress.

Fernando Saguier will soon be named Foreign Minister in place of Honorio Pueyrredon.

FEDERAL CARGO SHIP READY TO LAUNCH

First of Great Government-Built Fleet Will Be Floated at Seattle Saturday.

HAS BEEN NAMED ADLON

Steel Oil-Burner of 8,800 Tons—Twenty-eight Requisitioned Vessels Already Accepted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—An epochal event with the Emergency Fleet Corporation will take place next Saturday when the steel vessel Adlon, the first to be constructed by the Government since war was declared, will be launched at Seattle. The Adlon will be the forerunner of a huge fleet of merchant ships, Government built and owned, which will be put upon the ways within the next few months.

The Emergency Fleet Corporation does not announce how many vessels it expects to launch by next Summer, but the number, it was said today, will be sufficient to make an appreciable difference in the ocean-going tonnage. Steel and wooden ships will be turned out every week or so from now on.

The Adlon, an oil-burning vessels of 8,800 tons of the standardized type, was begun under order of Major Gen. George W. Goethals when he was head of the Emergency Fleet Corporation. It has taken five months to build, and cost approximately $1,340,000.

Besides this steel-built Government ship, the Emergency Fleet Corporation, it was announced today, has completed and accepted twenty-eight steel, oil-burning ships that were under construction for American and other shippers, or for foreign Governments, and which were requisitioned by the corporation. These vessels have an aggregate of 159,299 tonnage. All are constructed for transatlantic service. The aggregate cost of construction of these vessels was $175 a ton, making a total expenditure on them by the Government of $27,877,325.

Some of these requisitioned vessels will be in service within a few days. All of them will be in operation within a month. The ships have been constructed at various private shipyards along the Atlantic and Pacific coasts and on the Great Lakes. The tonnage runs from approximately 3,000 to 11,000.

Five of these steel ships were completed last week. Three were former British ships, with deadweight tonnage of 2,930, 3,100 and 4,000; one a French ship of 4,000 tons, and one an American vessel of 5,000 tons. Two weeks ago a former French ship of 5,500 tons, a Norwegian ship of 10,475 tons and a British ship of 4,000 tons were put upon the ways.

GOVERNORS IN CLASH OVER EXTRADITION

Gov. McCall's Refusal to Turn Over Negro Stirs Gov. Cornwell's Resentment.

BOSTON, Nov. 20.—Governor McCall, in a letter to Governor Cornwell of West Virginia, made public today, explained that he had declined to grant a requisition for the return to that State of John Johnson, a negro, charged with an attack on a white girl at Charleston, because of the "grave danger" that the defendant might be convicted and sentenced to death for a crime of which he might not be guilty.

Assistant Attorney General Brown, who was directed by Governor McCall to conduct a public hearing, reported that exaggerated accounts of the crime had been circulated in Charleston, and because of their nature and Johnson's color there existed a prejudice "which would be difficult, if not impossible, of control by the most upright judge." Mr. Brown recommended that the negro, who is in jail here, be not returned to West Virginia. It was announced at the Governor's office that Johnson, who has been held in default of $10,000 bail on a charge of being a fugitive from justice, would be released forthwith.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 20.—Characterizing the refusal of Governor McCall of Massachusetts to honor his requisition for the return to West Virginia for trial of John Johnson, a negro, as constituting "a reflection upon the State of West Virginia," Governor John J. Cornwell late today made public a letter which he had written to the Massachusetts Executive. Previous to receiving Governor McCall's letter declining to honor the requisition, Governor Cornwell had writer to the Massachusetts Governor, a personal letter guaranteeing that no harm should come to Johnson and declaring "there is absolutely no danger of Johnson's being lynched or otherwise mistreated."

Governor Cornwell's letter as sent to Governor McCall today, follows in part:

"With all due respects to the representative of your State who visited this city for the alleged purpose of making an investigation regarding the case, I am compelled to say that he has evidently misled you as to the facts in this matter.

"The prosecuting attorney requested the privilege of presenting West Virginia's side of the case at the coming hearing of Johnson in Massachusetts, and was assured it was not necessary to do so, but when he insisted upon making that appearance, he was told he would be advised when the matter was to be again heard, and that no such advice was received, and the prosecuting attorney had no intimation or information relative to the time of the further hearing as promised.

"Only a few days ago, I honored a requisition for the return of an alleged fugitive to your State. The crime with which he was charged was insignificant and unimportant as compared with the one which Johnson is charged, and for which two people are now serving sentences in the State penitentiary as accessories.

"Your refusal to grant this requisition for the reasons, as alleged, constitutes a reflection upon the State of West Virginia, and shows a deplorable lack of knowledge of it and its people. It also, in my opinion, tends to thwart the ends of justice, and violates the spirit of comity between the States to such an extent that I shall feel compelled to scrutinize with more than usual care any similar requisition from you."

ALLOW McCLURE TO SPEAK.

Declares His Loyalty in Address at North Carolina University.

Special to The New York Times.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 20.—After denying its platform to Colonel S. S. McClure of New York, the University of North Carolina today offered it to him, and tonight Governor Bickett introduced him before the State Literary and Historical Association.

Although placed last on the program and with only half an hour allotted to him, Colonel McClure was allowed to speak an hour, and the crowd expressed its change of heart in a resolution of regret at the earlier act of State officials and university men in cancelling the McClure lecture. Governor Bickett declared the facts on which the platform was withheld were not denied by Colonel McClure, but so explained by him as to give universal satisfaction. The speaker denied any connection with The Evening Mail or the magazine bearing his name.

"I have always been right-minded on this war," he said, "and it broke my wife's heart that my loyalty was questioned."

SHIP NEGOTIATIONS STILL ON WITH JAPAN

Disagreement Said to be the Discussion of Details—Explanation From Tokio.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—In an authoritative way it was learned today that negotiations between the Japanese and the United States Governments concerning an exchange of Japanese merchant ships for American steel had not been broken off as indicated by an official statement issued in Tokio.

A cable message received in Washington today explained that the statement of the Japanese Department of Communications on the subject was intended to convey that if the negotiations were continued on their present basis the Japanese Government would feel obliged to bring them to an end. The dispatch stated that if the exchanges were suspended the Japanese Government would feel obliged to issue a statement reviewing the discussions and stating its position. This would be done, it was said, for the benefit of Japanese public opinion.

According to information received here the Japanese Government stated its minimum terms affecting tonnage and made its maximum concessions, and fully expected that, as an agreement upon the principle of exchange had been reached, an agreement upon the exchange itself would be effected soon. Disagreement came in the discussion of details.

Japan, it was asserted today, offered to the United States an amount of tonnage that would be a very material addition to the merchant marine of the United States. The deliveries were to be of ships already constructed and those not yet built.

Two prices for the ships were under consideration. The United States, it was said, demanded new bottoms, but Japan maintained that she could not supply these without disorganizing her trade. According to the account given, the price offered by the United States was far below that prevailing for tonnage in Japan, and the Japanese Government felt that there was no one who could sustain the loss which would be represented in the difference between the quoted prices and that offered by America. The United States also desired deliveries of vessels at dates far ahead of the time in which Japan undertook to deliver them.

The price for tonnage not yet constructed was another point upon which no agreement could be reached. Japan maintained that the price which the United States would require for steel would directly affect the price of new ships which the United States Government might contract for through the Japanese Government with the Japanese shipyards.

Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE
Tonight at 8, Marta. Hempel, Perini; Caruso, De Luca, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky.
Thurs. at 8:15, Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Martin, Scotti, Reiss. Cond., Moranzoni.
Fri. at 8, Samson et Dalila. Claussen (debut); Caruso, Whitehill, Rothier. Cond., Monteux.
Sat. Mat. at 2, Francesca da Rimini. Alda, Perini, Sundelius, Braslau, Delaunois; Martinelli, Amato, Bada, Malatesta. Cond., Moranzoni.
Next Mon. at 8, Faust. Farrar, Delaunois; Martinelli, Rothier, Chalmers. Cond., Monteux.
Wed. at 8:15, La Traviata. Hempel, Mattfeld; Carpi, De Luca, Bada, Rossi. Cond., Moranzoni.
THANKSGIVING DAY MAT. at 2 ($1 to $5). CARMEN. Farrar, Peterson (debut); Martinelli, Whitehill, Segurola. Cond., Monteux. Seats Now.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Sat., Nov. 24, at 8, Nozze di Figaro. Hempel, Matzenauer, Delaunois; De Luca, Didur, Reiss, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Dec. 1, at 2:30. SECOND VIOLIN RECITAL HEIFETZ
Seats Now. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Nov. 25, at 3. SONG RECITAL EMILIO DeGOGORZA
Seats Now. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

AEOLIAN HALL, Tomor'w Eve. at 8:15 SONG RECITAL GRETA TORPADIE
Seats Now. Mgt. Music League of Am.

Aeolian Hall, Fri. Aft., Nov. 23, at 3. PAUL REIMERS
Knabe Piano. Seats Now. Mgt. Music League of America.

SECOND BILTMORE FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE
Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore, Nov. 23, at 11
FRITZ Kreisler MME. Kalna
MME. Namara RUDOLPH Ganz
Res. Seats, $3. Box Seats $5. Now at Biltmore Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
JOSEF STRANSKY......CONDUCTOR
Carnegie Hall, To-morrow (Thurs.) Evg., at 8:30, and Friday Aft., at 2:30.
Brahms-Chadwick-Sibelius-Dvorak-Wagner.
Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:15 P. M.
Strand SymphonY ORCHESTRA
Mendelssohn, Puccini, Beethoven and Auber Program.
STRAND THEA., B'way at 47 St. 20c & 30c (Incl. War Tax) & Reg. Strand Program.

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Evg., Nov. 24, at 8:15. Second Piano Recital—MOSES
Boguslawski
Tickets 75 cts. to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. (Steinway.)

AEOLIAN HALL, Friday Eve., Nov. 23.
PAULO Gruppe Cellist.
Assisted by Viola Cole, Pianiste. Seats at Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Nov. 24, at 2:30.
Tickets 75c. to $2. Now on Sale at Box Office. Kreisler
Direction C. A. Ellis. Steinway Piano Used.

AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., Nov. 24, at 3. Concert by the Unique
SOCIETE des Instruments Anciens
50c to $2. Management Loudon Charlton

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Nov. 27, at 8:15. First Subscription Concert
FLONZALEY QUARTET
50c to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.

Astor Ball Room, Mon. Aft., Nov. 26 3d Organ Recital of Historical Series by JOSEPH Bonnet
$2, $1.50, $1. Management Loudon Charlton.

Aeolian Hall, To-morrow (Thurs.) Aft. at 3. SONATA RECITAL FRENCH MUSIC
HENRY Eichheim Violinist
SAM Charles Pianist
Management Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL, Tues., Nov. 27, at 8:15. KITTY CHEATHAM Assisted by SOLLER and her Male Symphony Orch.
Tickets 50c to $2. Boxes $15-$18 at Box Office

MISS MANNHEIMER DRAMA READINGS.
5th Annual Series—THE WALDORF, Friday, Jan. 11, 18, 25, 11 A. M.
Series 5. Address 226 West 70th St.

A NEW ITALIAN OPERA, EVANDRO, by Mario Guerrieri will be presented at the Madison Garden Theatre on the evening of Nov. 23rd. Maestro Nicosia, Director.

Opera SEATS FOR TONIGHT & ALL OPERAS. Subs. bought, sold and exch. JACOBS, Thea. Ticket Office, Normandie Hotel, B'way, 38 St. Phones 4188-4189-4180-6442 Greeley.

ICELAND ICE SKATING B'way at 52d St. Morn.—Aft.—Eve.

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Grand Opera Tickets for the Season or for Single Performance.
Box for Monday nights for the season to sublet.
SUBSCRIPTIONS RE-SOLD ON 10% COMMISSION BASIS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Eves. 8:15. MATS. TODAY and SAT. 2:15. All Orch. Seats $2, incl. Saturday Nights
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy Triumph
THE RIVIERA GIRL
Music, Kalman. Book, Bolton & Wodehouse.
EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY.
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20.
ANN "A complete triumph."—Herald.
MURDOCK "Most amusing light comedy I have seen this season."—Louis Sherwin.
"THE THREE BEARS."
"QUAINT, FANTASTIC, APPEALING HUMAN, AMUSING."—Alan Dale.

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43d St. First Mat. Today 2:30.
COHAN & HARRIS Will Present
MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN
in A New Comedy
"THE KING" By Caillavet de Flers & Arene.

HARRIS First Mat. TODAY
Selwyn & Co.'s Annual Laugh Festival, "LOSING ELOISE."
Prices 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 NOW
Beginning Today We Pay War Tax.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Eves. 8:20 Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20.
FIRST MATINEE TODAY 2:20.
A GREAT TRIUMPH!
Mrs. FISKE
IN A NEW COMEDY,
Madame Sand
By PHILIP MOELLER.
"There is only one Mrs. Fiske, and to see her in 'Madame Sand' is to bow to her as the greatest actress of the times."—Eve. World.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way at 38th St. Eve. 8:25 LAST MATINEES TODAY & SAT. at 2:25.
LAST 6 TIMES
GEORGE In his new play
ARLISS 'HAMILTON'
NEXT MONDAY NIGHT, Seats Tomor'w
ELEANOR PAINTER in Harold Chapin's Comedy
"ART AND OPPORTUNITY."

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Matinees Today and Sat. 2:20.
Alexandra Carlisle in
THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY.
The Country Cousin

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20.
Laurette Taylor
in J. Hartley Manners' New Comedy
"THE WOOING OF EVE"
Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON.

HUDSON West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today and Sat. at 2:30.
THE —COMEDY HIT—
PIPES of PAN
By the Authors of "The Cinderella Man." with Norman Trevor & Janet Beecher.

CENTURY THEATRE, 62d St. & B'way.
FASHION MATINEE TO-DAY
REDUCED PRICES
"Miss 1917"
Greatest of all Successes DILLINGHAM & ZIEGFELD have produced individually or separately.
Sunday Night Popular Concert

HARRIS First Mat. TODAY
"'LOSING ELOISE' is gorgeously funny. Most satisfying."
Prices 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 NOW
Begin'g Today We Pay War Tax.

FULTON West 46th St. Eves. at 8:20. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:20.
"Red-blooded American play."—Journal.
"Broken Threads"

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20.
Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years.
A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

LYCEUM West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO presents
Tiger Rose

PARK B'way & 59th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Sat. 2:15.
Quinito Valverde's Fantastic Review
THE Land of Joy
"The Greatest Dancing Show N. Y. Has Seen in Years."—Eve. Sun.

BELASCO West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w, Sat. & Tues. 2:30
DAVID BELASCO Presents
Polly With a Past
EXTRA MATINEE TUES., NOV. 27.

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:30.
Business Before Pleasure
With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

REPUBLIC THEATRE, W. 42 St. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:30.
On With the Dance
WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.

Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN
GLOBE B'way 46 St. Popular Mat. Today at 2:20.

HARRIS First Mat. TODAY
"Lose no time in seeing 'LOSING ELOISE.' It is really funny."—Eve. Sun.
Prices 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 NOW
Begin'g Today We Pay War Tax.

Opera CHOICE SEATS FOR ALL OPERAS SUBSCRIPTIONS Bought, Sold, Exchanged.
Broadway Thea. Ticket Co., 218 W. 42d St. (Phone 6595 Bryant) Miss V. Buchanan, Mgr. Op. Dept.

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WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Eves. at 8.
MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2.
Doing Our Bit
An Extravaganza of Superlative Splendors.

PLYMOUTH 45 St., W. of B'way. PHONE 40 BRYANT
BEGIN'G TOMOR'W EVE. 8:15 Seats Now.
THE STAR GAZER
Comedy With Music—With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS
Beth Lydy, John T. Murray.
PRICES 50c TO $2.00

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today, Sat. & Thanksgiving.
Norworth & Shannon's Musical Revue
ODDS AND ENDS OF 1917
Harry Watson, Jr., Lillian Lorraine, and Jack Norworth.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today, Sat., Thanksgiving.
Smartest of Musical Comedies
"Oh, Boy"
PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2.
POP. MAT. TODAY. REG. MAT. SAT.

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Eves. 8:30 sharp. Mats. Today, Sat., Thanksg'g
GRACE GEORGE
in HENRY BERNSTEIN'S GREAT PLAY
"L'ELEVATION"
(The Heights)

BROADHURST 44th, West of B'way Phone Bryant 64. Evgs. 8:20.
MATINEES TUESDAY & SATURDAY 2:20.
DONALD BRIAN
in "Her Regimsnt"
By Wm. Le Baron & Victor Herbert.
EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING.

44TH STREET THEATRE —ROOF— THEATRE Phone Bryant 61
Beginning WED., NOV. 28 Box Office Opens Tom'w.
Lee & J. J. Shubert Musical Production
Over the Top
T. Roy Barnes Justine Johnstone Craig Campbell
50 Pretty Justine Johnstone Girls.

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44th ST. THEATRE Tonight 8:15.
Matinees Today, Sat. & Thanksgiving Day.
SECOND EDITION
New Songs, New Dances, New Specialties.
HITCHY-KOO
with RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, ROCK AND WHITE, LEON ERROL, IRENE BORDONI

39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Eves 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat., Thanksgiving.
George V. Hobart's Farce with Hale Hamilton.
WHAT'S YOUR HUSBAND DOING?

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
"BRILLIANT, RAPID AND DRAMATIC."—American.
JOHN MARGARET
Drew - Illington
IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex

SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Eves. 8. Mats. Today, Sat., Thanksgiv'g.
LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION
MAYTIME Tingling Music. Charming Story. 100% Talent.
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.
"A Credit To Our Country Is Maytime," says Rev. Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation."

MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
Oliver Morosco's Laughing Sensation
LOMBARDI, Ltd. with LEO CARRILLO

LONGACRE West 48d St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:15.
DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY
LEAVE IT TO JANE

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat., Thau'g.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat., Thanksgiving.
The Very Idea
Ernest TRUEX. Richard BENNETT.
"Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune.

BOOTH THEA., 45th, W. of Broadway. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:25
The One Smashing Dramatic Success of the Season
GUY BATES POST IN "THE MASQUERADER"
EXTRA MAT. FRI., NOV. 30 (DAY AFTER THANKSGIVING)

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mts. To'w & Sat. 2:30
WASH'GTON SQ. PLAYERS
4 BIG ONE-ACT PLAYS.
"In the Zone." "The Avenue." "Blind Alleys" "His Widow's Husband."

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
—LAST 15 PERFORMANCES—
"DELUXE ANNIE"
with Jane Grey and Vincent Serrano.

STANDARD B'way & 90th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Matinee Tom'w, 25c and 50c
THE 13th CHAIR with MARGARET WYCHERLY.

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 124th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. To-m'w, 25c & 50c.
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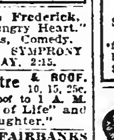
Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. B'way Every Eve. at 8:15.
Rawles & Von Kaufman, Alice Hanson, Minna Phillips & Co., Piccolo Midgets & 5 others. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

MOTION PICTURES.

MATINEE 2:30 TO-DAY, 25c & 50c.
"This Is the Life If You Don't Weaken."
—Marc Antony.
William Fox Presents THEDA BARA in the Super-Vampire Picture
Cleopatra
AT THE LYRIC THEATRE, West 42d St.
Every Night, 8:30. 25c to $1. All Reserved.



STRAND B'way & 47th St. Pauline Frederick, "The Hungry Heart." Soloists, Comedy. STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. CONCERT TODAY, 2:15.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. 10, 15, 25c.
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
BELLE BENNETT in "Fuel of Life" and "Neptune's Naughty Daughter."

RIALTO B'way, 42d 25-35-50 DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS "Reaching for the Moon" Soloists, Comedy. Incomparable Rialto Orchestra.
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Double Feature Program All Week.
MONROE SALISBURY, "The Door Between" "The Silent Lady," with Little Zoe Rae

81 st St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980
THE SUBMARINE EYE An Exceptional Pict.
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. Eve. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.
BARGAIN MATINEE TODAY, 25c to $1
The Most Wonderful Fascinating Lavish Colossal Gorgeous Production In the History of the American Stage
Chu Chin Chow
Now In Its 2nd Year In London.
Co. of 300.
Prices: Eve. & Sat. Mt. 25c-$2. Wed. Mt. 25c-$1. Always 300 Seats in the Orchestra at $1.50. (Except Saturday Night.)
SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE

NEW YORK POLYCLINIC HOSPITAL.
A theatre party will be given by the Woman's Auxiliary Board of the New York Polyclinic Hospital at the Lyceum Theatre, Tuesday evening, Dec. 4, the play being the "Tiger Rose." The proceeds will be devoted to providing beds in the hospital for Army and Navy uses, for social service work and other charities of the institution. Tickets may be had from Mrs. Ernest E. Malcolm, 2030 Broadway, and Miss Foley at the hospital.

IRVING PLACE Irving Place & 15th Street.
Tonight first perf. HEDWIG REICHER
In "DOCTOR'S DILEMMA"
Comedy in 5 acts by BERNARD SHAW

"Cheer Up" Seats Now Eight Weeks Ahead, Incl. All Holidays.
MAT. TO-DAY BEST SEATS $1.00 Eves. at 8:15
At the HIPPODROME

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47TH ST. Daily Mats. 25c-$1.
ELSIE JANIS Vlasta Maslova & Co., Artie Mehlinger & Geo. Meyer, Mr. & Mrs. Jimmie Barry, Felix Adler & Hyams & McIntyre.

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3 ONE-ACT PLAYS Prices $1.50, $1.50

YORKVILLE THEATRE, 86th St., near Lex. Ave. Tel. Lenox 8888.
Tomorrow Night 8:15. First time. Adolf Philipp Presents
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ADM. 50c. Sun. a.m. $1 ICE SKATING Beginners Taught

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily. 2:15 & 8:15 Popular Prices.
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Your Luncheon Appointment
Owing to its central situation, you will find Shanley's a very convenient place at which to keep a luncheon appointment. Why not drop in today?
You are always sure of excellent food and competent service 90c (Music) From 12 to 2:30 P. M.
A cabaret of refreshing diversity—twenty acts—evenings seven to one.
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Wonderful New Review by a Beautiful Chorus at 8:30. Continuous Performance till Close.
High Class Cabaret—Dancing—Excellent Music.
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TABLE D'HOTE DINNER DE LUXE 5:30 to 9 P. M. $1.25 Per Cover
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SPECIAL—Parlor, bedroom and bath, with meals for two, $40 week and up.
Entire building now being renovated and refurnished.
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Cosy and homelike—excellent character of guests.
American Plan; meals at fixed prices. Cooking by women, which insures wholesomeness and cleanliness.
One or two room suites; have twice the floor space and closet room, and double the sunshine found in two-room apartments elsewhere.
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Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $3.00 day, $75 mo.
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Attractive restaurant. Table d'hote and a la Carte. Finest location and best value in the city. Telephone for reservations, 6100 Riverside.

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Exclusively for Women
HOMELIKE, beautiful, accessible, modern. All rooms large outside windows, unobstructed view. Superior cuisine INCLUDED in the following rates: Cosy rooms with use of bath, $13 weekly up; with running water, $15 weekly and up; with private bath, $19 weekly and up; large parlor, bedroom and bath, $25 weekly up. Extra person, including meals, $8 weekly. European plan, very desirable rooms, $1 per day up. Immediate investigation will insure choice.
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Charles Morton Bellak, Managing Director.

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Newly and unusually furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views, three exposures to each suite. Rates, $80 monthly and up per suite of two rooms and bath; also weekly, $20 per suite and up. Restaurant a la carte. Breakfast and dinner $9 weekly (both optional). Home comforts with every city advantage.
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CHARLES MORTON BELLAK, Mgr. Dir.
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RECENTLY COMPLETED.
500 Rooms, with Private Bath
Suites of 1, 2 & 3 Rooms
Handsomely furnished, all outside, overlooking Hudson River, at very attractive rental by month, season or year.

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Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard. 20 minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c. Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished. Excellent Chef & Service; Small Tables. Abundance Sunlight. Good Air. Quietness. Social Parlors. Smoking Rooms. Comforts. Weekly $12-$20 per adult, with meals.
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Short Block from Broadway Subway. A Family Hotel of Quality and Refinement. Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, furnished. One or Two Persons, $15 weekly and upward.

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Rooms with private bath, $2 upward. Suites with private bath, $3 upward. Refined, exclusive hotel, in the heart of the shopping and theatrical district.

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400 Rooms—400 Baths

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 21, 1917.

GOVERNMENT AND LABOR AT PEACE.

Government officials formally announced on Monday their policy toward labor in its performance of the joint task in the war conditions. Organized labor declared its policy on the same point the next day by a vote of 21,579 to 402. These were independent actions, without relation of cause and effect, or promise and consideration. But taken together they are parts of a logical whole, and gain strength from their independence. This co-operation will cheer those who have doubted the wisdom of the President's reliance upon organized labor and its spokesman. It has been justified by its first fruits, and creates a presumption which can be removed only by later incidents of a different sort.

The new demands of labor upon the railways have been referred to the President by both sides. The menace of labor troubles in the coal trade has been removed in the bituminous trade, and reduced in the anthracite trade. It is difficult to say which of these incidents is the more important. There can be neither production nor distribution without coal, and the coal supply has been the chief industrial problem of the war in all countries. It gave more trouble than any other branch of industry in England, but it has yielded to considerate treatment even more encouragingly here than there. No doubt there will be more friction from time to time, but at no time has the outlook been clearer than just now. So long as the present temper continues, future troubles may be faced with hope, and even confidence.

The Government's declaration of a policy of liberality toward labor embodies nearly all that union labor has asked for, and perhaps more than it would have received but for the demands of unions. The eight-hour day, as a rule, the weekly holiday, the fair wages and humane working conditions are now on the Government "schedule" as well as on the unions', and with general approval. In return, it may be hoped that labor will give its best efforts and cease the strikes which have marred its record. Patriotic speeches at Buffalo are welcome, but more welcome would be conduct concordant therewith on the railways, in the mines, and throughout the processes of production. If the unions will support Mr. Gompers in the ideas he has spread on the record, there will be no reason why he should not support the President, and why the country should not support them both. That would be the end of the labor troubles until peace shall revive the contentions which the war buried.

THE ONE GREAT DUTY.

The exhortation to better service, swifter service, for winning the war which Representative Medill McCormick delivers after his return from the battle fronts in France and Italy is timely and deserves attention. The conditions he describes are receiving attention of the Allies with increased steadiness and concentration.

Against the German advantage of a supreme command the Allies are making provision, late, but wisely and firmly, by organizing the Interallied Council. Lloyd George's proclamation of purpose, powerfully supported by President Wilson's message of instruction and approval to Colonel House, brings into view at once such unity of plan and control on the part of the Allies that we may hope to see no further sudden moves of Germany so triumphantly carried out as that on the Isonzo line. The iron ring about Germany will not restrain her or conquer her unless it is kept strong and inviolate at all points.

Representative McCormick calls attention, also, to the wonderful industrial organization of Germany, to the entire concentration of all the resources of the German people and German industries and talent for organization upon the single purpose of efficiency in the war. We must profit by that teaching, too. German industry, German organization, German singleness of purpose, can well be commended to our emulation. There is no other interest, no other duty, for a moment to be compared with the duty of individual and collective contribution to the efficiency of this nation in the war. The American people have shown their spirit in the wonderful response to the appeal of the Government for billions of money. The same spirit must and will be shown in all the industries that contribute to victory.

For the winning of the war we give life, we give money, we can give much more work than we have yet given. The spirit of sacrifice does not prevail everywhere. It would be reassuring, in this supreme hour, reassuring to ourselves and to our allies, if we could hear less talk from labor about the eight-hour day. The nine-hour day, the ten-hour day, would help immensely in forwarding our preparations. Why should not that sacrifice be made by labor in response to the patriotic impulse that has prompted other classes of the American people to innumerable sacrifices and new efforts? The farmer, too, needs something of the quickening spirit. Already we hear that disappointment with the results of this year's crop will curtail the acreage of planting and sowing for next year. That is a false note in the general harmony of patriotic striving. In the last two years certainly the toil of the farmer has been richly rewarded. He ought to keep step with the nation now, above all now, for next year's demand for foodstuffs may be even greater than the present demand.

We all hate war, we all want the war to end, but the sure way to bring it to an end promptly is for every American to make the utmost contribution in his power to the means of ending it. It is the one great duty, nothing should stand in the way of its performance.

THE DEBATE IN THE COMMONS.

Mr. Lloyd George's victory was assured before the battle began, and that is why it was not much of a battle. The opposition which suddenly flamed up against him, all based on the vain imagining that the Paris speech had supplied it with fuel, found that this was wet weather for conflagrations. There never was a more shining example of picking the wrong issue, erecting the wrong standard, shouting the wrong shibboleth. His adversaries imagined for one day that the speech was an indiscretion and had delivered him into their hands. Hence they shouted their war cry to the diverse clans, and there was no answer, no echo.

The debate had to be, because it had been announced. But a more perfunctory debate never was. Instead of falling upon Mr. George with Excalibur, Mr. Asquith went over his policy with a tuning-fork. It was not attack, it was criticism, and criticism in its dictionary sense, which is very far from its colloquial sense. And Mr. Asquith was far less concerned in attacking Mr. George than in defending himself. The speech was much more a repelling of the Premier's insinuations against a former Ministry than an assault on either the War Council or the Paris speech.

The result being foregone, Mr. George's reply was only in form a defense. It was much more a statement of policy. As he said, "America is in, "Italy is in. France is in, Britain is "in, and public opinion is in." So why wax hot in self-defense when everything was going his way? Never was there a more easily won triumph, but it was won before the day of battle.

THE ITALIAN DEFENSIVE.

The Italian defensive is so far from being a forlorn hope that before another month passes doubt may give way to confidence. At the present time there are grounds for holding that the Austro-German invasion will be brought to a standstill and then completely foiled. Venice may fall into the enemy's hands and even Vicenza and Padua, but not before the armies of Italy, France, and Great Britain have dug themselves in along the Adige. The friends of Italy must be prepared for a retirement from the Piave, to the Brenta, to the Astico, and then to the Adige, which the genius of General Foch and the gallantry of the allied armies should make impregnable. But while it may never come to that, a calm survey of the strategic situation indicates the Adige as the final defensive line.

There are signs that the Austro-German advance in the Alpine country south of Asiago and Quero, the design of which is to overwhelm the Italian left and force a retreat of the centre and right from the Piave, has not met with the success expected by the German General Staff. There are no better mountain troops than the Bersaglieri, and they are determined that the Germans shall not pass. The Italians may have to yield to numbers and heavier guns in the highlands that overlook the plains of Venetia, but the invaders are now realizing that they have to deal with much sterner stuff than the loosely organized Russians and the unprepared Rumanians. For the first time since the Isonzo was crossed on Oct. 24 General von Below is learning that the Italians can fight back hard in their own mountains.

Rome claims the repulse of four mass attacks on the Monfenera spur, and it is significant that Berlin speaks of "strong Italian counterattacks" and of "desperate fighting" on the northern slope of Monte Tombe. Meanwhile, Winter is at hand, and in that region Winter, with its deep snows and blizzards, is the ally of the defenders. With each day the Austro-German army coming down from the Trentino is held by the Italian resistance it will become more difficult to get supplies through for the invading army. After several weeks of campaigning the advance is no longer a rapid movement to envelop the Italian left. It begins to flag, and even if the Italians should be driven back, time has been given the French and British to place strong reinforcements on any line chosen by General Foch for a first or a final defensive.

On the lower Piave the Italians have not only held the Austrians but constantly repulsed them with heavy losses. If the German offensive in the north compels a retirement, it can be made in good order and over a well-equipped railroad, with branch lines running from the northwest into Treviso, Castelfranco, and Vicenzo. This system has a strong strategic value as far back as Verona on the Adige. Unless the unexpected happens, an Italian retreat should present no serious difficulties.

Taking the worst view of the case, the Italians should find in the Adige a sure defense with the aid of their veteran allies and under the direction of a master strategist like Foch. The Adige flows from the heart of the Trentino Alps for 220 miles to the Adriatic Sea. It is navigable all the way in Italian territory. Nature made it an ideal stream for a defensive. Its width for much of its course is 200 yards and the depth is from six to ten feet. It is a rapid stream and at this season of the year sudden and angry floods often occur. Verona is well served by railways, and a line runs back of the Adige southeast to Rovigo, Adria, and to Chioggia on the Adriatic. Bringing up troops, guns, ammunition, and supplies should present no grave problem.

The defenders, with their backs to the rich and populous States of Lombardy and Piedmont, would have a great advantage over the invaders, with two long lines of communication which pass through rough Alpine regions. General Foch, it may be assumed, is planning another defensive battle, with the victory on the Marne as a model.

REWARDS OF VALOR.

We have been reading, every now and then in the last three years, of some American soldier in the French or British Army, some precursor of America's entrance into the war for democracy, some ambulance driver, aviator, doctor, nurse, getting a decoration for bravery. How many of us know that if an American aviator, for example, wins the Croix de Guerre, he cannot wear it, under our army regulations, if he joins our army? Thus valor and skill are penalized, for these little gauds and ribbons, won in the face of death, not seldom bestowed, indeed, upon those who are "deaf to the triumph that they died to gain," are more than promotion, rank. Any British private is eligible to the Victoria Cross. It is the greatest prize of war in that army. A Distinguished Service Order is another pride and honor, plucked from the edge of death. It is a symbol of courage, self-sacrifice, extraordinary merit; and by and for symbols men live and die.

To Americans in the Foreign Legion, the Escadrille Lafayette, the British armies, the matter is important. Those who have won foreign decorations hesitate to join an army where they are not permitted to wear them—few but gallant spirits whom their country needs. It is the men and women of our forces, military and civilian, who are most interested. We are fighting by the side of forces where the award of distinctions is recognized as necessary and beneficial, stimulating every brave heart to more faithful, heroic effort.

There should be a series, grades of decoration. The means that France has found so rich in inspiring heroic enterprise should be no longer neglected by us.

Mr. William T. Hornaday, Vice President of the United States Army League, has prepared a plan or first sketch of a War Honors Commission bill, and Representative Murray Hulbert of this city has introduced it into the House. It provides for an Honor Commission, consisting of the Secretaries of State, War, Navy, the President of the National Academy of Design, the Director of the Mint, and "one distinguished citizen to be appointed by the President," all to serve for four years without pay. They are to provide honor medals and so on, to be awarded by "duly designated officers of the United States Government," to prepare regulations and designs, which, when approved by the President, Speaker of the Senate, [sic in the draft,] Speaker of the House, and Chairmen of the Military and Naval Committees of the Senate and House, shall become law. Persons who have received foreign decorations for gallant or meritorious service since Aug. 1, 1914, shall be allowed to wear them.

There is much that may be amended in the terms of the bill, the composition of the commission and of the tribunal to which the regulations are to be submitted; and the appropriation of $5,000 for the commission's expenses and $5,000 "for work that may be done at the Mint," is sufficiently parsimonious; but the main thing, the main purpose of Mr. Hornaday and Mr. Hulbert, is to awaken Congress and the country to the high necessity of establishing a modern system of war honors. Here is an inexcusable gap in our war preparations. It should be filled. There is an incalculable quickening of the spirit in the hope of a V. C.

NEUTRALS AND THEIR SHIPS.

The release at Baltimore of a Swedish ship, which is permitted to carry a load of grain to a home port, indicates that our Government's terms have been accepted by at least one of the northern neutrals. It may be that Sweden has promised to send no more high-grade iron to Germany. Norway is said to have accepted all the conditions. Her leading exports to Germany have been fish and nickel. If Denmark has been asked to withhold food from the Germans, measures pending in her Parliament do not show that she yields. These provide for rations of butter, (half a pound weekly,) pork, lard, and beef that will permit about one-third of the supply to be exported. Germany needs fats and will continue to get them from Denmark, whose Government officers complain that we are dooming their people to starvation because we withhold fodder required on account of crop failure. So far as can be learned, Holland still insists upon exporting dairy products to Germany and Austria. With each of these countries she recently made new food export compacts. We do not hear that they have been canceled. The Dutch semi-official press sees in our conditions obstacles which may prevent agreement about the use of the idle ships. The release of two—one to carry corn to the Belgian Relief Commission and the other with coal for South America—does not prove that our conditions have been accepted. While the negotiations were pending, last week, two Dutch luggers were sunk by the submarines, and all on board of one were drowned. The pirates may have been living on Dutch meat and dairy products.

Germany's need of food from the neutrals will be greater this Winter than at any time in the past. Whatever may take place in Russia, she can get no supplies there, for the Russian people, owing to transportation troubles, have not enough for themselves, but in many places are in danger of famine. The neutrals really have no surplus, if fair allowances be given to their own consumers. But some of them intend to go on exporting to Germany, and ask us to help them with fodder. For some days there has been no additional report as to the condition of the ship negotiations or the terms of the pending agreements. These should at least preclude any aid from this country for food exports to Germany.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Red Cross Activities Embarrassed. As was inevitable, and therefore as might have been expected, the remarks recently ascribed to Secretaries Daniels and Baker—and not since repudiated by them—have chilled the enthusiasm and decreased the industry of the many women who have been knitting for the soldiers. The statements then made—to the effect that the sweaters and other woolen garments thus produced were not really needed as additions to the clothing supplied by the Government, and that the making of them was little better than a waste of time—these statements have had the further ill-effect of interfering with other activities of the Red Cross as well as that one.

According to reports coming in from the heads of Red Cross branches, women are asking if it may not be that to make surgical dressings is also a waste of time, resulting in a superfluous increment of abundant provision already made or making by the Government for caring for our wounded.

This question is an embarrassing one, for the Red Cross has been no more emphatic in appealing for these dressings and other hospital equipment than it has been in proclaiming an urgent demand for all the woolen garments that the women could possibly make. If the organization, as the two Secretaries more than intimated, was wrong in the one case, the natural inference is that it may have been wrong in the other.

The situation thus created is really grave, and the demand that it be cleared up, one way or the other, is entirely reasonable. Judging from what is said by great numbers of men from the training camps and by not a few of those in active service, it is the Red Cross that was right in commending the industry of the knitters and in urging them to keep their needles flying at topmost speed, while the two Secretaries founded on misinformation their assertions that everybody in the service was adequately protected from the Winter cold by the departments of which they are the heads.

The devotion and patriotism shown by many thousands of women in an effort to lighten the Government's heavy task are ill-rewarded when they are told on what ought to be high authority that for all the good their new industry accomplishes, they might as well have continued to play bridge, exchange "calls," or read little essays at the local Shakespeare or Browning club.

There Will Surely Be a Christmas. Great numbers of people are now gravely telling all and sundry—including their children—that "There will be no Christmas this year." These statements are made in the tone of seeming sincerity, and they are strongly buttressed and justified by elaborate explanations of the innumerable demands for money that simply cannot be refused to which everybody, in war times, is subjected. Away back in most minds, however, and deep down in most hearts, there lurks the conviction that, war or no war, there is going to be a Christmas this year, as well as a Dec. 25, and the children, though they are a bit disquieted by the warnings they hear, are not really or very much alarmed.

"Something tells them" that the habit of Christmas giving is too deeply implanted to be abandoned, even in days like these, and of course it will not be, under anything less than absolute compulsion. Such compulsion, indeed, what with new taxes and the high cost of living and the diminution of incomes, will be imposed upon more people than usual, but they will not be by any means a majority of the population, and the numerous others, when the holiday season approaches, will revise their present determination.

The danger is that the revision will be postponed too long, and that there will be more than the ordinary amount of hasty, and therefore injudicious, purchasing done at the last moment. That would be a great pity, for it would be a serious setback to the reform effected in no inconsiderable degree of late years by the reiterated appeals to buy Christmas presents early.

This year it is more than ever important to do that, for the earlier the presents are bought the more likely are they to be judiciously adjusted to the resources of the giver and to the needs or taste of the recipient. So would the exchange of worthless trumpery—the things that are Christmas presents alone and have no other, or any imaginable, use. And this is a year, if ever there was one, when no money should be wasted.

Our Contract Must Be Kept. Much perfectly good indignation—indignation that could be put to vastly better uses—among them that of characterizing adequately our pacifists and pro-Germans—has been wasted during the last week or so in denouncing the payment to the officers among our German prisoners of war of the same salaries that we pay to our own officers of like rank. This is, indeed, a thing calculated to cause some displeasure, especially in the minds of those who know how much better American soldiers are paid than are those of Germany, and that American prisoners get at most only the German rate. That, however, is only the chance of war.

What we do is not an absurd manifestation of generosity or magnanimity—it is only the carrying out of a contract formally agreed upon and signed by both the United States and Germany, among other nations, at The Hague in 1907, and the only possible excuse our Government could offer for not abiding by the terms of that contract would be the absolute inability to make the payments as then promised. And we have not come to that as yet. The section, as drawn, reads:

> Officers taken prisoners shall receive the same rate of pay as officers of corresponding rank in the country where they are detained, the amount to be ultimately refunded by their own Government.

That is mandatory, not permissive, and it is too late now to raise the question whether or not such an agreement should have been made. Made it was, and that settles it, and should settle it—for us.

Chastening from a Friend. In "Jean-Christophe," a book that attracted, some time ago, an amount of attention that was in considerably closer proportion to its size than to its greatness, there is a passage calculated to chill the enthusiasm which its author's recent efforts to bring about a German peace have caused in the only country where that sort of peace is desired. For in the very first of the next to innumerable volumes devoted by M. Rolland to the history of his neurotic hero's life he wrote most disrespectfully of the Germans as a musical race!

It was when he described certain amateurs as gathering three times a week at the home of one of them to indulge in the performance, after their fashion, of what is called "chamber music." Of them he writes:

> They did not play very correctly or in very good time, but they kept to the appointed path and faithfully observed the marks on the score. They had that musical facility which is contented at little cost, that perfection in mediocrity which abounds in the race credited with being the most musical in the world. They had, too, voracity of taste, not particular as to the quality of what was provided, so long as there was much of it, the robust appetite for which all music is good, and the better the more solid—seeing no difference between Brahms and Beethoven, or, in the work of any one composer, between an empty concerto and a moving sonata, simply because they came from the same origin.

This, one might imagine, would give great pain in Germany, and it's no way for a pacifist to write about Germans. It's rather worse than references to what they did in Belgium, and, as is well known, no pacifist ever speaks of what happened there if he can possibly help it. And to say that the Germans, in music, as a race, have only "the perfection of mediocrity"—that really is too much!

ART NOTES.

An Exhibition for the Bronxville Red Cross.

Through the efforts of Mrs. Bruce Crane, an exhibition of paintings, both oil and water colors, has been arranged for the benefit of the Bronxville, Westchester County, N. Y.; branch of the American Red Cross. The exhibition is to be held in the ballroom of the Hotel Gramatan beginning Sunday, Nov. 25, and to continue until Sunday, Dec. 2. The exhibition will include many celebrated canvases of eminent artists. Among the artists who will be represented are Cecilia Beaux, who will show a large decorative panel; Max Bohm, George Bellows, John Sloan, J. Alden Weir, Childe Hassam, H. Hobart Nichols, Jr., George H. Smillie, Will H. Low, William T. Smedley, Bruce Crane, William H. Howe, and Frederick C. Frieseke, the latter now being in France. Both of the Leyendeckers will exhibit original water colors in the water color section of the exhibition. There will also be shown interesting and original architectural studies by Otto Faelter, William H. Bates, Clinton M. Hill, and Harry L. Walker, who are residents of Bronxville. A private view on Sunday, Nov. 25, will be the opening function of the exhibition. The patronesses are Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip, Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Mrs. Pressley Bisland, Mrs. Richard Hayward, Mrs. Ellis W. Gladwin, Mrs. Frederick T. Ackermann, Mrs. Harry R. Burt, Mrs. William V. Lawrence, Mrs. William Rand, Jr., Mrs. Arthur Lawrence, Mrs. Bertram Sears, and Mrs. Charles A. Culver.

Mrs. Wadsworth to Suffragists.

By Telegraph to the Editor of The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—In my statement published in The Times Monday I asked the people to consider the facts in proof of which I gave election figures. The suffragists reply this morning with a column of personal attack, but do not refute the fact that the number of new Socialist votes won by the Socialist candidate on a pacifist platform was similar to the number of German-born votes and to the increased vote for woman suffrage in New York City. A camouflage of personal abuse cannot conceal the truth. Senator Wadsworth and I are profoundly disappointed but not yet defeated, and will continue to oppose woman suffrage in the interests of home and national defense, regardless of any threats of political or personal retaliation.

ALICE HAY WADSWORTH.

A PROTEST FOR VENICE.

A Formal Statement by American Art Societies Suggested.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Much as one must admire the manifold activities undertaken by this country since it entered into the war against the modern Hun and his ill-considered determination to destroy historic buildings and irreplaceable works of art, it strikes the foreigner as somewhat remarkable that no artistic body in the United States appears to have placed on public record its whole-hearted contempt for such vandalism.

It may, therefore, be of interest to recall that in October, 1914, the art lovers of Great Britain and Ireland drew up a protest against such barbarism. Copies were sent to the Comte de Lalaing, Belgian Minister in London, the American Ambassador in London, with a humble request that it be forwarded to the President of the United States, and Baron Kervyn de Lettenhove, art adviser to the Belgian Government. In due course formal acknowledgment of the receipt of the same was received.

Now that the foul destruction of Venice also is obviously contemplated, one may perhaps be permitted, although not a native of this land, to urge that some such formal protest be entered here before the blow falls.

MAURICE W. BROCKWELL.
New York, Nov. 19, 1917.

The Anglo-American Task.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

General Bell will, I am sure, permit a regular army officer of the civil war to thank him for the highly patriotic, if somewhat apologetic, suggestion which he makes in your issue of today that the singing of the "International Anthem," first sung at St. Paul's Cathedral in London on the entry of this country into the present war, should "be encouraged."

To this may I be allowed to add that the noble speech of the President's ambassador to the Court of St. James's which was delivered at Plymouth (England) on Aug. 4, 1917, ought to be read by every lover of his country both in America and in England. It is described by The London Spectator as the greatest speech in our common tongue which has been spoken since the commencement of the war, barring two by the President himself.

Speaking of the task set before "this [the English] empire and the great Republic," he said that they "must, then, be the main guardians of civilization hereafter, the conscious and leagued guardians of the world. It is this that the war has revealed to us. It is not a task of our seeking. But it is a task that we will, with the other free peoples of the world, gladly undertake. To undertake it our comradeship must become perpetual and our task is to see to it that it be not broken nor even strained—our task and our children's task after us."

I forbear to quote more from this epoch-making utterance because an authentic copy of the whole speech is about to be published, which I hope will be read by all who believe in the law, literature, origins, and freedom of the English-speaking peoples.

SAMUEL R. HONEY,
of the New York Bar.
New York, Nov. 19, 1917.

Montenegrin Aspirations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the article of Charles Henry Meltzer about "Nicholas of Montenegro," I discovered an assertion which deserves to be brought to the attention of the public.

Mr. Meltzer, mentioning occasionally "a play in Montenegrin, (which resembles Serb or Russian,)" obviously means to say that there exists a Montenegrin language. Now, all people, including Montenegrins themselves, believe that the language spoken in Montenegro is Serb, and everybody, either in Montenegro or outside of it, calls that language only Serb, (srpski,) just like the language spoken in Serbia. The Montenegrins are of the purest Serbian race; their provincial name (Montenegro, in Serbian, "Tsrna Gora," means black mountain, a denomination which comes from the mountainous character of the country) has nothing to do either with their nationality or with the language they speak.

The mistake made by Mr. Meltzer is conceivable and could be left aside if it were without consequences. But in a moment when the most prominent representatives of Montenegro, with the recent Montenegrin Prime Minister, A. Radovich, at their head, claim in the name of the principle of nationality a political union of free Montenegro and Serbia, and when hundreds of Montenegrins living in this country proclaim, in public declarations, their solidarity with this claim of Mr. Radovich and his colleagues, the wrong assertion of Mr. Meltzer could create a quite unnecessary confusion.

M. M. PAVICHEVICH,
Montenegrin, Member of the Parliament of Montenegro.
New York, Nov. 12, 1917.

Coal Saving in Office Buildings.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It seems to me that a great deal of coal can be saved if the janitors and tenants of office buildings eliminate overheating and useless lighting. Take a tour among the downtown skyscrapers any cold afternoon and observe what a large proportion of the offices are entirely too warm; then look around in the evening and see how many are brilliantly illuminated, although the tenants, or most of them, have long since gone home. Judging from my own observation, this is partly the fault of the clerks, partly of the janitors' force, cleaners having a way of turning on all lights and leaving them until the night watchmen come around.

New York, Nov. 17, 1917. F. M. T.

Disloyalty in Private Schools.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In this morning's issue I read with much satisfaction R. S Allen's letter, entitled "Disloyalty in the Schools." I hope and pray that this matter will be taken up at once. It is far more serious than most people suspect, and attention should be given to teachers in private schools. A German teacher, a clever instructor, of charming personality and wide experience, has done much harm in his very smooth way, and though parents have complained, the head of the school seems to think it is woman's fussiness.

ANXIOUS MOTHER.
New York, Nov. 19, 1917.

A MARCHING SONG.

As we march, march, march to the martial strain
With the Stars and Stripes above us,
Our songs ring out in a loyal shout
For the peace of those who love us.
For it's peace, peace, peace, and the right to reign
Like true freemen of creation!
Never shall the foe rest or pleasure know
Till he's settled with this nation!

As we march, march, march, with our measured tread,
The Stars and Stripes to lead us,
We laugh good cheer that our friends may hear
Our friends who just now need us.
For it's peace, peace, peace, and the eagle spread
Over sovereign rights forever!
To no evil foe shall our tribute go,
Our honor be sullied never!

As we march, march, march, every loyal breath
Shall cheer the sword that beckons.
He shall feel our strength in his country's length
Who with our cannon reckons.
For it's peace, peace, peace, be it life or death,
Peace for those who live and love us!
As we gladly go, let the bugles blow,
And hurrah for the Flag above us!

LURANA SHELDON.

STORIES OF ATROCITIES.

A Young American Who Tells What He Saw.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

An American college student who served in the Ambulance Corps for four months at the western front relates the following in the Yale Literary Magazine:

> The morning following this, the section went into C——, which village had been abandoned that night by the boches. As we drove through the shattered town and past the Hotel de Ville a sight greeted our eyes which was worse than anything we had yet encountered. Stretched out on a number of planks that had been torn from the wall of a nearby house were three French poilus. Two long bayonets used as spikes pierced each man through the shoulders, while the hands and feet of each had been severed, interchanged, and tied in place. Underneath the poor fellows the boches had scrawled in black charcoal on a white board, "Stare and Wonder." We made photographs of the monstrous atrocity, threw the bodies in a corner to await burial, and proceeded to our task.

How could this young man be so inconsiderate of our feelings? He might have reflected how he would shock the susceptibilities of all good pro-Germans, pacifists, and neutrals in this country. Why did he not follow the example of another student who, writing last year from Belgium, declared that he had seen there nothing but what was to be expected in time of war, and who, with more naïveté than truthfulness, added that he had questioned several women who told him they had no special complaint to make against the German soldiers?

Yes, he might have; only he preferred to state what he had actually seen with his own eyes. We have heard and read before accounts innumerable of German fiendishness in this war; but, coming as they did from Belgian, English, and French sources, many Americans refused to believe them. Will they believe them now that they come straight from their own countrymen? Perhaps so. In any case we must be prepared to hear a good many more of the same kind. For truth scorns expediency. You may suppress it for a time, but it will out some time. Veritatem aperit dies, a free translation of which, although far less epigrammatic than the Latin version, would be: When Truth gets weary of hiding her nakedness in the bottom of her well, she comes out to claim her place in the sun.

R. L. S.
New Haven, Nov. 17, 1917.

LIBERTY COUPONS FOR WAR.

Believed That Many Would Turn Interest Back to Government.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In common, I believe, with many thousands of Americans, I should like to make a direct contribution toward the more effective prosecution of the war. We whom age, sex, or physical disability prevents from rendering actual military service chafe at the sense of our uselessness and long to do something that may count as actual and tangible help on the fighting line. To me, for example, the most effective Liberty Loan poster was the one which told prospective investors that every $50 bond would buy 1,007 cartridges to fire at the Germans.

But in buying bonds we were only making the safest of investments, with assurance of fair returns. Our contributions cost us nothing more than easily borne self-denial, which was its own reward in inducing thrift, and they were indirect. The same objection of indirection applies to subscriptions to such worthy objects as the $35,000,000 Y. M. C. A. Fund.

It does not apply, however, to a plan which has been favorably discussed in my hearing, namely, that owners of Liberty bonds pledge themselves for the period of the war to forego the receipt of interest on their holdings, such interest to be devoted by the Government to essential war expenditures which would otherwise be stinted for lack of money—to speed up airplane construction, perhaps.

Of course, not every investor could afford to sacrifice his income from the bonds, but it would be no hardship for a number sufficiently large to put in the hands of the Government additional funds running into many millions a year. For the carrying out of this suggestion some special organization, official or unofficial, would doubtless be required, possibly also an act of Congress, in order to devote the funds to war purposes.

H. V. A.
New York, Nov. 19, 1917.

NEW POSTAL RATES.

J. A. Thayer Says Half of the Publications Will Be Forced to Suspend.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The adoption by the United States Government of a flat rate for magazines and newspapers of one cent a pound was one of the greatest and most far reaching moves ever promulgated. I presume that it was the idea of our Congress at that time that a low postal rate would not only promote education, consolidate opinion, and make for national unity of thought and feeling, but that it would bring the people in all parts of the country into constant touch with national affairs. The results from this low postage rate have been tremendous in many ways. The periodical press has been largely instrumental in bringing about the greatest solidarity of public opinion on matters of national importance. It has been the means of educating the people, bringing to millions of homes the best literature at a minimum cost. It is a fact that magazines, periodicals, and newspapers generally have not only multiplied in number, but have made giant strides in circulation, and the increase in advertising has been marvelous. But we must not forget the great benefits which the people enjoy on account of the tremendous circulation of national publications with their advertising income. It is this enormous revenue, as well as the flat rate of a cent a pound postage, which has enabled American publishers to make their periodicals the best in the world. But the large circulation and advertising incomes have been built up under the flat rate of postage. With the tremendous increase called for by the bill, which goes into effect next July, if not repealed, the price of the publications must be increased. This increase of subscription price will naturally decrease circulation; decreased circulation means a lower advertising rate, and hence less advertising income. Less advertising income means cheaper paper, cheaper illustrations, lower prices to authors, lower salaries to solicitors, clerks, and other workers, a reduction of employes to conform to conditions and bankruptcy for thousands. I say thousands, and believe I am right in saying thousands, for probably more than 50 per cent. of the publications existing today will be forced to suspend publication if this bill goes into effect. The printing industry, now the third industrial activity in this country, will suffer tremendously. There are some 700,000 men directly employed and dependent upon the printing industry. With this tax in effect, probably 36 to 50 per cent. of these men will be forced out of employment. If this bill is not repealed, magazines will have to increase their prices tremendously, and the public, therefore, will refuse to subscribe to a great many of them. Enough, certainly, will be forced out of business to nullify any proposed increase in postal revenue, while those which do survive will be greatly reduced in circulation.

JOHN ADAMS THAYER.
New York, Nov. 19, 1917.

BULGARIAN PLOTTERS BUSY

Kostoff, of the Germ Conspiracy, Turns Up in Switzerland.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On Sept. 26 The New York Times published a leading article, under the title of "A German Garden," of which the subject was the discovery, in the garden of the German legation at Bucharest, of boxes containing high explosive bombs with a large number of tubes of germ culture for glanders and anthrax. The latter were to be used to kill Rumanian cattle and horses in case that country should join the Allies.

In one of the boxes was a typewritten note stating that "in case of good results the presence of M. Kostoff for one day here would be desirable." The writer of your article added: "We don't know who Mr. Kostoff is." May I be allowed to furnish some information about that gentleman?

M. Kostoff is a Bulgarian agent who was then in the employ of the Germans. His services being no longer required in Rumania, he has now been transferred to Switzerland. This is proved by a confidential dispatch from the Sofia Government to the Bulgarian Legation at Berne, which has fallen into the hands of the Allies, and was, through the intermediary of the Balkan Agency at Paris, published in the Gazette de Lausanne on Oct. 15. This dispatch runs as follows:

> At the meeting of the 21st the Cabinet approved your suggestion. It would be an excellent thing if an elucidation regarding our national aspirations could—in a veiled form—be published in the French-Swiss press so that the Entente Powers may learn the true meaning of our share in the war. We have intrusted Dr. Stojanoff with an important mission in Switzerland, and with reference to your report of Aug. 12 we have deposited 200,000 francs with the branch of the Deutsche Bank, which are from now at your disposal. Request Mileff to study the question of the hostile attitude of the French-Swiss press and the possible means of transforming that attitude. Bureff and Janoff will offer you efficient help, together with Kostoff. We quite approve that the Legation should remain at Villa Sonnenberg. The affair at the Milan Consulate is not serious. Please submit supplementary report 7,769.
>
> ZLATANOFF,
> Secretary General.

The two emissaries referred to, Dr. Stojanoff and Mileff, (the latter chief editor of the Echo de Bulgarie,) are at present at Geneva. The Kostoff in question is the individual who had the trunks of bombs and microbe germs sent to the German Embassy in Bucharest.

I am unaware if M. Kostoff's luggage again contains high explosive bombs and tubes of germ culture, but if the Swiss Government should incur the displeasure of Germany and there should be an epidemic among the Swiss cattle, the authorities at Berne will know where to look for its author.

G. GORDON-SMITH.
Washington, Nov. 17, 1917.

TO STOP CHARITY WASTE.

Merchants Might Check Up Appeals for Advertising Support.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It seems to me that some measure of protection ought to be afforded the generous merchants of this town if they are to be saved from the leeches who work on their sympathies in the name of charity and then pocket, as so-called "commissions," a large share of the money secured.

I see in the audit of the late Army and Navy Bazaar, the total receipts of which were $71,457.93, that the soldiers and sailors, who were to benefit by this, got about 1 per cent., or $754.96, the 99 per cent. being divided up for "expenses."

Of the total receipts the merchants of this city contributed $45,184.60 for advertising in the souvenir program, of which, according to the auditor's statement, the so-called advertising agent was paid, as commissions, one-half. I will not here characterize this payment to him by its proper name, but it certainly must be poor satisfaction to the merchants, who supposed they were contributing to a fund to buy comfort kits for the boys in the army and navy, to feel that fifty cents out of every dollar they contributed went to the glib-tongued solicitor who persuaded them to sign the contract.

Is it not time for the Merchants' Association or the Fifth Avenue Association to take up this matter of souvenir programs and protect their members by arranging it so that no merchant shall give an advertisement to any program which has not first received the stamp of authenticity from either one of these associations? It would be easily possible for these associations to look into the contracts as between the solicitors and the affair to be benefited and protect the merchants from a recurrence of such outrages as are perpetrated on them every week in the year. This plan of official approval is in force in many of the smaller cities of the United States. No merchant thinks of giving an advertisement to a program which has not been officially approved by the Board of Trade or Chamber of Commerce, whichever it may be in the city. These organizations look into the contract as between the solicitors and the charity and, if the contract is a reasonable one, put their stamp of approval upon it. This protects the merchant and stops the high-handed work which is going on in this city all the time in connection with programs for philanthropic purposes.

MERCHANT.
New York, Nov. 19, 1917.

Barnard's Realism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"E. D. A.," commenting privately on my letter about Barnard's Lincoln, urges that the sculptor falls down at the very point where he sought to be strongest. Aiming at realism, he took a six-foot-four Kentucky rail splitter as his model. But the rail-splitting Lincoln was a youth. The Lincoln of 50 or over was a statesman of thoughtful and sedentary habits. An elderly rail splitter in a frock coat is neither fish, flesh, fowl, nor good red herring. It is false to history, false to nature, false to art. Cromwell asked to be pictured with the warts on his face, and a true artist would neither cloak nor dissemble them. But the face in the portrait would be something more than a background for these realistic excrescences. Lincoln's hands and feet were big, and the fatal gift of facial beauty was not his. But unless history and tradition have grossly misrepresented him, he was something more than a tall man with large extremities.

J. B. G.
New York, Nov. 20, 1917.

Two Anthony Georges.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Times is requested to aid in checking the rumor which associates the identity of Anthony George, former employe of the Syracuse Smelting Works, now a United States cavalryman at Fort Riley, Kan., with a man of the same name who was recently sentenced to the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta for selling drugs. The creation of this impression seems to have been due to the fact that the name is an uncommon one. In justice to a man now serving his country, however, it is only fair to state that the cavalryman and the drug seller are two distinct persons.

READER.
New York, Nov. 19, 1917.

$49,209,411 RAISED FOR Y. M. C. A. FUND

Nearly Every State Joined in Putting Goal of $35,000,000 Far Behind.

PRESIDENT SENDS MESSAGE

"I Think It Is a National Blessing." He Telegraphs to Dr. John R. Mott, Secretary.

Completed returns compiled from all parts of the country yesterday showed that the Y. M. C. A. war fund for the extension of association work among the sailors and soldiers of the United States and its allies had reached a grand total of $49,209,411. This figure was $14,209,411 in excess of the $35,000,000 which the Y. M. C. A. War Council set out to raise at the beginning of the campaign. Almost every State in the Union exceeded its quota, and many of them almost doubled their quotas. New York State subscribed a total of $10,518,592, its original goal being $9,000,000.

Many telegrams of congratulation were received by the national directors of the campaign at 124 East Twenty-eighth Street yesterday, commenting on the great success of the drive. Among them was one from President Wilson to Dr. John R. Mott, General Secretary of the National War Work Council, which read as follows:

"My heartfelt congratulations on the remarkable and gratifying results. I think it is a national blessing."

The message was received in response to the following telegram which Dr. Mott sent to the President late yesterday afternoon:

"It gives me great joy to report to you personally the remarkable success of the financial campaign of the National War Work Council of the Young Men's Christian Association which closed at midnight yesterday. You will recall that our goal was $35,000,000. From present indications nearly, if not quite $50,000,000, has been subscribed. You will rejoice to know that the hope you expressed in your letter to me of Nov. 9 that there might be such unanimity and completeness [illegible] this patriotic and practical effort has been thus fully realized, because every State and apparently every county in the country and all classes, parties, and creeds have joined with real generosity and sacrificial spirit in accomplishing the desired end."

Great [illegible] aroused at headquarters by the neck-and-neck race for leadership between the Eastern Department, with headquarters in New York, and the Central Department, with headquarters [illegible], which latter took the lead in [illegible] of the drive, but when [illegible] were compiled last night the Eastern Department led with a total of $20,091,665 as compared with a total of $18,380,733 for the Central Department. The official figures for the whole country, as given out by [illegible] Director Whitford last night, [illegible] follows:

EASTERN DEPARTMENT.

	Quota.	Amount Subscribed.
New York	$9,000,000	$10,518,592
Pennsylvania	3,500,000	5,800,641
New Jersey	1,750,000	2,161,185
Delaware	300,000	508,513
Maryland	400,000	4[illegible]
Virginia	400,000	441,372
District of Columbia	150,000	155,000
Total	$15,500,000	$20,091,665

NORTHEASTERN DEPARTMENT.

Massachusetts	$2,250,000	$3,841,793
Connecticut	1,000,000	1,358,168
Rhode Island	500,000	424,247
Maine	350,000	307,000
New Hampshire	250,000	280,207
Vermont	150,000	154,000
Total	$5,600,000	$6,368,925

CENTRAL DEPARTMENT.

Illinois	$4,[illegible]	$4,[illegible]
Ohio	2,750,000	4,300,000
Michigan	1,400,000	1,220,000
Indiana	1,090,000	1,228,000
Wisconsin	770,000	815,624
Minnesota	750,000	1,000,000
Missouri	1,000,000	1,990,293
Iowa	750,000	1,294,000
Kansas	500,000	488,600
Kentucky	400,000	423,100
Nebraska	250,000	481,378
Colorado	250,000	375,000
West Virginia	200,000	175,000
South Dakota	125,000	154,091
North Dakota	100,000	100,000
Total	$12,500,000	$18,380,733

WESTERN DEPARTMENT.

California	$750,000	$822,000
Washington	350,000	[illegible]
Oregon	225,000	[illegible]
Montana	90,000	140,000
Idaho	55,000	100,000
Utah	75,000	76,000
Nevada	50,000	12,000
Wyoming	25,000	13,000
Total	$1,250,000	$1,773,600

SOUTHWESTERN DEPARTMENT.

Texas	$400,000	$454,000
Oklahoma	250,000	425,000
Louisiana	200,000	237,000
Arkansas	125,000	100,000
Arizona	[illegible]	100,000
New Mexico	30,000	31,000
West Texas	25,000	25,000
Total	$1,000,000	$1,387,000

SOUTHEASTERN DEPARTMENT.

Tennessee	$300,000	$344,484
North Carolina	300,000	218,[illegible]
Alabama	300,000	205,000
South Carolina	200,000	118,552
Mississippi	100,000	120,000
Georgia	250,000	100,419
Florida	75,000	101,000
Total	$1,500,000	$1,207,588

Grand Total.

Eastern	$20,091,665
Central	18,380,733
Northeastern	6,368,925
Western	1,773,500
Southwestern	1,387,000
Southeastern	1,207,588
Total	$49,209,411

From a careful analysis of the returns, Mr. Whitford said he was convinced that notwithstanding the large contributions on the part of corporations and persons of great means, the money to a great extent was raised upon the contributions of men and women in all walks of life. Special campaigns to assist in raising the fund had been conducted by employes in all kinds of business and industrial activities. Large contributions were made by organized groups of factory workers, messenger boys, and even bell boys. Colleges all over the country also gave material aid to the campaign by the contributions from their student and Faculty bodies.

FINDS SUBSTITUTE FOR '606.'

Dr. Flexner Announces Discovery of "A-189" as Blood Cure.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—At the annual meeting of the National Academy of Sciences held at the University of Pennsylvania today, Dr. Simon Flexner of the Rockefeller Institute announced a new cure for blood diseases known as "A-189," which, he said, was an improvement over "606," and cost 6 cents a dose against $12 a dose for salvarsan, the German remedy.

According to Dr. Flexner, the new blood cure is less injurious to the human tissues than salvarsan. It is also more readily manufactured. The designation "A-189" indicates the number of modifications of arsenic contained in the cure.

Dr. Samuel Meltzer, also of the Rockefeller Institute, showed lantern slides portraying how scientists of the institution had cured tetanus with injections of Epsom salts. He displayed photographic plates of different stages of his experiment on an animal into which lockjaw germs had been injected. Within an hour after the animal was rigid and unable to move it was shown on its feet able to walk.

"The war, with the large number of infected wounds, which develop into lockjaw," said Dr. Meltzer, "has demanded a successful treatment for the disease."

Nansen Confers with President.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, head of the Norwegian economic mission to the United States, called at the White House today and was understood to have discussed with President Wilson conditions in Norway and the matter of exports to that country from America.

SCHIFF GIVES $200,000 TO JEWISH WAR FUND

Banker Starts Campaign to Raise $5,000,000 for Relief and for Welfare Board.

Jacob H. Schiff has given $200,000 to start the $5,000,000 New York campaign for Jewish War Relief and for the Jewish Welfare Board in the United States Army and Navy, it was announced last night by David A. Brown, who is to direct the campaign from Dec. 3 to Dec. 15. Mr. Schiff announced the gift at a meeting yesterday, to which were invited representatives of the Jewish newspapers in New York. This contribution makes a total of considerably more than half a million dollars which Mr. Schiff has personally given to Jewish War Relief in the last two years. At a dinner held at the Hotel Savoy several months ago Mr. Schiff gave $100,000, and he has on several other occasions given equally large sums.

Present at the meeting were Henry Morgenthau and Nathan Straus, who, with Mr. Schiff, made addresses outlining what is to be done during the campaign and the reasons for it. Mr. Schiff declared that unless the Jews of America worked together in the present war, both to assist the Government and to help European Jewry, American Jews would be compelled to suffer together. Word was received yesterday from Brooklyn that that Borough plans to raise half a million dollars toward the five million, in conjunction with its campaign for the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities. Simon F. Rothschild and Nathan Jonas head the Brooklyn members of the committee.

Nathan Straus and Henry Morgenthau dwelt upon the fact that in the forthcoming campaign New York Jewry is absolutely united and that for this reason, great as is the undertaking, success may be looked for with all factions pulling together. They both expressed their appreciation of Mr. Schiff's having laid aside personal considerations to lead the campaign in New York in response to the demands made upon him to do so.

SHOWERS OF CHEER ON GOLDEN WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Meyer, Wed 50 Years, Greeted by Friends Prominent in Finance.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Meyer celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary yesterday afternoon with a reception, from 4 to 6 o'clock, at their home, 135 Central Park West. About 300 persons called, and the couple were also showered with messages of congratulation from California, their former home, and from France, for Mr. Meyer is of Alsatian origin, and has been decorated with the Legion of Honor.

The guests included many prominent men in the financial and philanthropic world, as well as eminent Frenchmen who are in the city. Mr. Meyer is a member of many French societies, and two years ago he [illegible] the French Red Cross. Lieutenant Pierre Geisman, who was sent by the French Government to this country as an instructor in firearms, was among the military men attending, coming from Camp Upton.

Yellow chrysanthemums were used largely in the floral decorations, and the halls were festooned in gilded laurel leaves. Mr. and Mrs. Meyer received in the library, Mrs. Meyer wearing a gown of white embroidered chiffon and old lace.

Grouped near them were their five married daughters and their two sons. The eldest daughter, Mrs. Sigmund C. Stern, with Mr. Stern, came from their home in San Francisco. Mrs. George Blumenthal, Mrs. Alfred A. Cook, Mrs. Charles J. Liebmann, and Mrs. A. Stern are the other daughters, and Eugene Meyer, Jr., and Walter E. Meyer the sons. Mr. and Mrs. Meyer also have thirteen grandchildren and one great-grandchild.

Mr. Meyer was born in Strasburg, Alsace, in 1842, and his wife, formerly Miss Harriet Newmark, was born in this city. They were married in Los Angeles, Cal., on Nov. 20, 1867.

When Mr. Meyer arrived in Los Angeles it was a straggling town of about three hundred inhabitants, nearly half of them Mexicans, and he saw it grow into a metropolis during his twenty-three years' residence there. He also saw the golden spike driven when the Southern Pacific was completed. For some time he was Consular Agent for France in Southern California, and for ten years was the manager of the then London-Paris and American Bank in San Francisco. After returning to New York he was associated with Lazard Frères, the bankers, and retired in 1901.

Last evening a family dinner was arranged for Mr. and Mrs. Meyer by their children at their home.

MISS MAY MILLER WEDS.

The Bride of William M. Goss at Her Home—The Attendants.

The wedding of William Middlebrook Goss of Waterbury, Conn., and Miss May Miller, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Augustus Miller, was celebrated yesterday at 4:30 at the residence of the bride's parents, 37 West Seventy-second Street, the Rev. John M. Lewis of Waterbury performing the ceremony in the presence of the family and friends. A reception for about 400 guests followed.

The bride, in a pearl-embroidered satin gown and tulle veil held with bands of pearls, wore a pearl necklace, the bridegroom's gift, and walked with her brother, who gave her in marriage. She was attended by her sister, Mrs. Harold Flammer and by Miss Isabel Shuits, who wore blue chiffon frocks and turbans of antique metal cloth and carried orchids.

The bridegroom's brother, Edward Goss of Seattle, Wash., was his best man, and the ushers were Charles G. Miller, Charles M. Vail, W. S. Prankard, Harold Flammer, and Stephen W. Pratt. Mr. Goss will take his bride to Waterbury to live.

MISS GILBERT'S WEDDING.

Attendants for Her Marriage to Charles M. Post on Nov. 28.

The marriage of Miss Julia Gilbert, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cass Gilbert, to Charles Morgan Post, will take place on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 28, at 4 o'clock at the Church of the Incarnation, Thirty-fifth Street and Madison Avenue. Miss Emily Gilbert will be the maid of honor and the bridesmaids are to be the Misses Augusta Dixon, Lois Hall, Mary Haskell, Gertrude Pardee, Claire Van Lennep, and Jarvis Wyeth.

Henry Post Morgan will be his brother's best man, and the ushers are to be Morgan Post, Cass Gilbert, Jr., Kiliaen Van Rensselaer, Walter Herrick, Arthur Randall, George Brower, and Edmund Fairfax. A small reception will follow at the residence of the bride's parents, 1 East Sixty-fourth Street.

Sailed for Denmark and Norway.

Among the passengers who sailed recently for a Danish port on a Danish liner were:

Lorens Akerman, Kay Andresen, Albin G. Anderson, C. M. T. Cold, Miss Charlotte La Cour, Joen W. Christiansen, Miss Emma Hoyer, Mr. and Mrs. I. P. Jensen, M. A. Jewitt, Miss T. E. Johansen, T. M. Kleve, Karl Lachman, Mrs. Asta Njelsen, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Nordvall, Hans P. Pilsor, Captain P. Paulsen, Miss Dagmar Peterson, Richard F. Sharpe, Edmund Starke, Henry Sonne, P. Svenson, Alfred Courtin, Mrs. Amalia Horn, Miss Ellen Horn, Captain J. P. van der Herdon, John H. Lund, Fred W. Brant.

Some of the passengers who sailed recently for Norway on a Norwegian liner were:

B. Ellx, G. Blom, Lieutenant E. Dale, Captain A. and Mrs. Gloppen, E. C. B. Durlington, Gordon Franklin, Captain H. C. Hansen, T. Haynes, Mrs. Anna A. Holt, J. Harving, Ralph J. Kelly, Dr. J. G. Lanury, Frederick Lund, Carl Peters, Joseph H. Ray, T. H. Thomee, Mr. and Mrs. Christopher Smith, Mrs. R. A. Tofft, C. Woolley, C. K. Sorensen, C. M. Lang, Mr. and Mrs. C. Kamban, L. Danielson, P. Carpenter, Mrs. Odda Drex.

DISLOYAL TEACHERS MUST GO, SAYS WADE

District Superintendent Wants All Ousted from Schools of City.

WOULD END RESTLESSNESS

Board of Education to Investigate Attitude of Those Who Refused to Sign Mayor's Pledge.

Dr. Joseph H. Wade, District Superintendent of Schools, in an address made last night at Public School 9, West End Avenue and Eighty-second Street, speaking of the agitation against sedition in the public schools, declared that in Germany the slightest expression of disloyalty ended a teacher's service, and perhaps his freedom, and, if the expression bordered on sedition, it ended his life as well.

"There must not remain in our schools a single discontented teacher," he asserted. "There is a spirit of restlessness that will grow up among our children unless those above them are absolutely loyal and continue teaching obedience to authority. Absolute loyalty of the teaching staff must be expected. On proof of disloyalty the teacher should be immediately dismissed. Seditious or disloyal acts on the part of high school students above 16 years of age should result in immediate dismissal. Our State should not be taxed to educate useless or worthless children."

The nine De Witt Clinton High School teachers suspended and transferred issued a statement yesterday which they termed "The Prussianization of the Public School." The statement reviewed the incidents leading to the disciplining of the teachers. Dr. Henry R. Linville, President of the Teachers' Union, also issued a statement in behalf of the union, giving its side in the controversy.

Meeting of Protest Tonight.

A mass meeting will be held at Terrace Garden, East Fifty-eighth Street, tonight to "protest against disloyalty and autocracy" in the schools. The nine teachers, Dr. Linville, and Dr. John L. Tildsley, Associate Superintendent of Schools, have been invited to speak.

The statement of the nine teachers, after reviewing a list of questions they allege Dr. Tildsley asked them, then goes on to say the appended assertions express rather faithfully his views of things:

The teachers have no right to resort to publicity in censuring an official superior.

Every teacher who voted for the Whalen resolution (protesting against the longer school day) is disloyal to the authorities.

I believe in teaching instinctive respect and reverence for position as such, regardless of the type of man who occupies the position.

The pupils should have no right to determine school policy or school administration. It doesn't matter what they want; it is what the Principal and the Board of Education decide that counts.

The office dignifies the man; hence the need of instinctive respect for superior office.

If I were the President I should not exempt Quakers or any other persons for conscientious reasons.

I believe in freedom of thought, but not in freedom of expression.

I believe the teacher who permits complete freedom of discussion in his classroom is unfit to teach in our American school system.

In the statement the teachers assert that the controversial issue in the situation includes, "the problem of freedom of thought and of expression in war time, the compatibility of loyalty and internationalism, the place of the critic in war time, and the relation between teachers' duties and rights as citizens and duties and rights as educators."

It is asserted by the teachers that the "false" issues are: Whether teachers who "rush into print" are disloyal to the authorities. They allege that "this accusation is finally stretched to include disloyalty to the Government."

New Investigation Likely.

It was learned yesterday that the Board of Education will soon investigate the attitude of those teachers who refused last Spring to sign the Mayor's loyalty pledge. About 100 teachers refused to sign the pledge when it was circulated, but a good many signed it later.

The three suspended teachers—Thomas Mufson, A. Henry Schneer, and Samuel Schmalhausen—will have a hearing before the High School Committee at the Board of Education tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. The hearing will be open to reporters, but not to the public. The Executive Board of the Teachers' Union will meet next Monday night, and it is expected that the charges which the union will make against Dr. Tildsley will be made public.

In Dr. Linville's statement it is hinted that "it is not impossible that the present crisis in the educational system may force another investigation of the system itself more far-reaching than any that has ever been undertaken." The statement also says:

We respectfully submit to the public the question of how far any municipal department may apply the method of the infamous 'third degree' to ascertaining the personal views of employes on any public question. Let it be understood that the union will not under any circumstances condone overt acts of disloyalty. We do maintain, however, that our personal views on politics, religion, and citizenship are sacred so long as we do not offend the public conscience by exploiting them in our official relation. The world has had experience enough with bigotry. May the public join with us in preventing its expression now.

Explaining why the union is supporting the nine teachers, the statement says:

The reason is that we believe the mob spirit has been turned loose upon our fellow-teachers, with the result that the public is in danger of doing to us what the educational system has been doing for many years, end that is crushing out all manhood and womanhood in the process of making us spiritless automata, working in a machine-like educational system.

Explains Refusal to Sign Pledge.

Referring to the fact that some teachers refused to sign the Mayor's loyalty pledge, the statement gives as the reason for refusal "that we believed the Mayor was trying to make political capital out of the crisis in the nation." The statement adds:

When the Board of Education required its loyalty pledge to be signed by the teachers a very small number declined, but, as I understand it, for reasons of self-respect and objection to the unwarranted implication of disloyalty. Every one of the nine accused teachers signed the pledge, but the union is in no way responsible for any opposition to either of the two pledges.

Dr. Tildsley's questions at the Clinton inquiry show definitely that he endeavored to learn the names of those who formulated the so-called Whalen resolutions, protesting against the longer school day. Evidently he was balked in this effort, since the teachers took the stand that all of the 162 signers were jointly responsible. Thereupon the inquiry took on the character of an examination into the personal views of the teachers on the conduct of the war.

Arthur Somers, a member of the Board of Education, wrote yesterday to the Board of Examiners requesting an explanation of why Jessie W. Hughan, a teacher in the Morris High School, said to be a pacifist, received a higher license. The issuance of the higher license to Miss Hughan was held up for six months, it was said, but it was finally granted. Miss Hughan is the author of a book called "Socialism in America," and has been a contributor to the Intercollegiate Socialist Magazine.

Miss Isabel Kenedy a Debutante.

Mrs. P. J. Kenedy gave a tea yesterday afternoon at her residence, 142 West Seventy-third Street, to introduce her daughter, Miss Isabel Kenedy. Mrs. Kenedy and her daughter have just returned from Pasadena, Cal., and the tea brought together a large number of their friends. Mrs. Philip Rodriguez and Miss Kathleen Padian presided at the tea table, and the débutante, and her mother had receiving with them Mrs. Robert Culhane and Mrs. Charles O'Keefe, sisters of the débutante, and the Misses Isabel Coll, Adeline Kelly, and Little Urhlaub.

Franck-Carranza Engagement.

The engagement of Miss Dora Franck of Ridgewood, L. I., to Fernando Carranza, a Mexican, who resides at 1,854 Seventh Avenue, this city, has been announced. Mr. Carranza is an importer.

PHILIP LEWISOHN DEAD.

Realty Operator Succumbs After an Operation for Appendicitis.

Philip Lewisohn, who was the head of the Lewisohn Importing and Trading Company for many years, died early yesterday at the German Hospital, following an operation for appendicitis performed a week ago. He was in his fifty-sixth year. Mr. Lewisohn was born in Hamburg, Germany, and came to this country with his parents, Samuel and Pauline Lewisohn, forty years ago. He traveled extensively and spent much time in South Africa and England.

He first entered business in this city as an importer, but later dealt largely in realty. He built the Philip Lewisohn Building, one of the large buildings in West Forty-first Street, which he sold in June of this year to Julius Kayser & Co. for $2,500,000. He was President and Treasurer of the New York Library Realty Company and the West Fortieth and Forty-first Street Realty Company.

Mr. Lewisohn is survived by his mother, his wife, Mrs. Adele Lewisohn, daughter of the late Randolph Guggenheimer, two children, Virginia Fay and Randolph Lewisohn; a brother, John Lewisohn, and his half-brother, Adolph Lewisohn. Mr. Lewisohn lived at 923 Fifth Avenue.

Masons Mourn for Justice Freifeld.

Masonic funeral services were held last night at Masonic Temple, Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street, for Justice George Freifeld of Brooklyn, who died in St. Luke's Hospital on Sunday. His widow, son, and daughter were present, as were many friends of Justice Freifeld, who had been a Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of New York. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, Grand Chaplain of the lodge, pronounced the eulogy. The officers of the organization were headed by Grand Master Thomas Penney. Interment will be today, at the convenience of the family.

Lyman B. Jewell.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 20.—Lyman B. Jewell, last of the Jewell family of this city, and Vice President of the Jewell manufacturing concern, died today. He reached his ninetieth birthday on Aug. 29.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. JOSEPHINE NETTER, widow of John Netter and one of the organizers of the St. Ann's Society of the Roman Catholic Church of St. Nicholas, died on Monday at her home, 27 Olive Street, Brooklyn. She was 63 years old and was born in Germany.

Mrs. SARAH A. CREIGHTON, one of the oldest school teachers in Brooklyn and the widow of Colonel John Creighton, died on Sunday at the home of her son, 496 Logan Street, Brooklyn, aged 82 years. Mrs. Creighton began teaching in 1851, when she was sixteen years old, and was retired in 1902.

JOHN RENSHAW LAWTON, employed in the auditor's office of the Brooklyn Trust Company, died on Monday at his home, 104 Covert Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. EMMA E. HOLBROOK JOHNSTON, 62 years old, wife of Edward M. Johnston, died on Monday at her home, 89 St. James's Place, Brooklyn. She was the daughter of the late Captain Samuel Holbrook and was active in the work of the P. E. Church of St. Mark, of which her husband was formerly a vestryman.

Mrs. MARY E. GEER, formerly for forty years a resident of Hempstead, L. I., died on Monday at the home of her daughter, 229 Dean Street, Brooklyn, in her seventy-fourth year.

JAMES CANAVAN, 78 years old, a resident of Brooklyn for more than sixty years, died on Monday at his home, 51 Butler Street, Brooklyn, leaving four daughters and a son.

CHARLES FERDINAND MEYER, in the real estate business, with an office at 569 Fifth Avenue, and well known as an athlete, died in the Brooklyn Hospital on Monday in his thirtieth year. Mr. Meyer was a member of the Crescent Athletic Club and had received medals as a swimmer and for winning barge rowing contests. He was a member of the Manhattan Board of Real Estate Brokers and lived at 1,548 Union Street, Brooklyn.

JESSE BRYANT, a member of the tea and coffee firm of J. & A. Bryant, died on Monday at his home, 137 St. Felix Street, Brooklyn, aged 72 years.

JOHN E. McCABE, 60 years old, for many years in the trucking business in Manhattan, died at his home in Flushing, L. I., on Sunday.

LAWRENCE T. McKEOWN, for the last twenty-two years in the employ of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company, died on Monday at his home, 451 Eighteenth Street, South Brooklyn.

Dr. ABRAHAM P. FETHERHOLF, one of the oldest medical practitioners of Pennsylvania, died yesterday at Allentown, Penn.

LUTHER A. PRATT, for thirty-five years with the American News Company in Manhattan, died on Monday at his home in Brooklyn.

Dr. JOHN FREDERICK BUDD, said to have been the oldest practitioner of veterinary surgery in this country, died on Monday at his home, 54 West 104th Street, in his ninety-third year.

Dr. F. H. TORRINGTON, founder and head of the Toronto College of Music, Toronto, Canada, died at his home there yesterday, aged 81 years.

LOUIS HILB, formerly advertising manager of The Masses and Pearson's Magazine, died yesterday in St. Lawrence Hospital, in his twenty-ninth year.

NATHAN HUTKOFF, a retired plate glass importer and former President of the Board of Directors of Beth Israel Hospital, died yesterday at his home, 121 East Eightieth Street, in his eighty-second year.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

SCADRON.—Mr. and Mrs. Irwin B. Scadron announce the birth of a daughter on Nov. 19, 1917.

Died.

ADAMS.—In Hammonton, N. J., Nov. 18, Platt Adams, beloved husband of Clara Variet. Buried from his former home, Green, N. Y., on Thursday, Nov. 22.

AGRATI.—On Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, Lodovica Agrati (nee Gallone). Service at Church of the Madonna, Fort Lee, Thursday, Nov. 22, at 10:15 A. M. Please omit flowers.

BEITZ.—On Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, Margaret C. Glogger, wife of Herman Beitz. Funeral services at her residence, 666 East 175th St., Bronx, on Thursday, Nov. 22, at 8 P. M.

BENSEL.—Suddenly, at Arlington, N. J., Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, William H., husband of Lucy Goodrich Bensel, in his 67th year. Funeral service will be held at his late home, 104 Stewart Av., Arlington, N. J., on Friday, Nov. 23, at 2:30 P. M.

BERENS.—Suddenly, near Champaign, Ill., on Nov. 17, 1917, Katherine Simpson, wife of Captain Conrad Berens, Jr., M. D., of Orange, N. J. Funeral services at family residence, 55 Berkley Av., Orange, N. J., Thursday, Nov. 22, 3 P. M. Philadelphia papers please copy.

BLOOR.—At Stonington, Conn., on Monday, Nov. 19, Alfred J. Bloor, in the 89th year of his age. Funeral private. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

BOGERT.—On Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, Edward Myers Bogert, in his 83d year. Funeral services later.

BUDD.—On Nov. 19, John Frederick, in his 93d year, at his residence, 54 West 104th St. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.) 1,970 Broadway, Wednesday afternoon, 3 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

COOK.—At Paris, France, on Sunday, Nov. 18, Virginia Phare Cook, widow of the late Elijah Lewis Cook, in the 77th year of her age.

CUMMINGS.—On Nov. 18, Annie Maude, in her 48th year. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, 66th St., Campbell Building, Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private.

DOCHTERMANN.—Charles, aged 75, at Rocky Point, Nov. 18. Funeral Wednesday, 2 o'clock, at First German M. E. Church, 48 St. Mark's Place.

GORDON.—On Tuesday, Nov. 20, at his residence, 107 West 82d St., Richard H. Gordon, Commander of the Confederate Veterans' Camp of New York. Notice of funeral later.

HAGAN.—On Nov. 20, 1917, Matthew Hagan. Funeral from residence of his niece, Mrs. Robert Peterson, 402 East 79th St., on Friday, at 9:30 A. M.; to the Church of St. Monica. Interment Calvary.

HILLMAN.—On Sunday, Nov. 18, Maurice Hillman, beloved husband of Tillie, (nee Walxel,) father of Harry and Sidney, in his 59th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 628 West 151st St., Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 10 A. M. Chicago papers please copy.

HOLZHAUER.—Suddenly, at his home, 732 High St., Newark, N. J., on Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, Charles, husband of Louisa S. Holzhauer, in his 70th year. Funeral services will be held at the High St. Presbyterian Church, corner High and Court Sts., Newark, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 2:30 P. M.

HUTKOFF.—Nathan, on Nov. 20, in his 82d year, dearly beloved husband of Rachel and beloved father of Isaac, Samuel, Louis, Alfred Hutkoff, Mrs. Minnie Hirschfeld, Mrs. Jennie Henry, Mrs. Frances L. H. Hepner, and Mrs. Bessie C. H. Goodman. Funeral services from his late residence, 121 East 80th St., on Thursday, Nov. 22, at 1 P. M. Relatives and friends, also Directors and members of Beth Israel Hospital, Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, Agudath Alhessed Shel Emeth, (Hebrew Free Burial;) Uptown Talmud Torah Daughters of Jacob, Mainzikei Talmud Torah Central Jewish Institute Kehillath Jeshurun, East 85th St.; Joshua Lodge, No. 21, are requested to attend. It is earnestly requested that flowers be omitted.

HUTKOFF.—Nathan. At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of Beth Israel Hospital, held Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, to take action on the death of their fellow-Director and former President, Mr. Nathan Hutkoff, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Board of Directors, expressing the deep personal sorrow felt by every member of the Beth Israel Hospital Association, desires to record the peculiar honor and affection in which Mr. Hutkoff has been held.

We have been made richer by his animating presence. He was in harness working for the Beth Israel Hospital, till the end.

His generosity and untiring and devoted service can never be replaced.

His memory and our pride in his career will be among our most treasured traditions and an inspiration to those he leaves behind.

To his bereaved family we tender our heartfelt sympathy in the irreparable loss which they have sustained.

Resolved, That the Board of Directors attend the funeral in a body.

Resolved, That those resolutions be spread on the minutes of this board, an engrossed copy presented to the bereaved family and a copy to the press for publication.

JOSEPH H. COHEN, President.
MELVILLE J. SCHOLLE, Secretary.

JOHNSTON.—Monday, Nov. 19, Emma E. Holbrook, wife of Edward M. Johnston. Funeral services on Wednesday, Nov. 21, 2 P. M., from her late residence, 89 St. James Place, Brooklyn. Rockland, Me., and Newburgh, N. Y., papers please copy.

KEATING.—John A., beloved husband of Florence Sundstrom and son of Mary L. and the late Robert Keating. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Intercession, Broadway and 155th St., on Friday, Nov. 23, at 10 A. M.

KNOX.—On Nov. 19, 1917, James C. Knox, in the 70th year of his age. Services Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 8:30 P. M., at his late residence, 2,917 Bainbridge Av. Interment private.

KNOX.—Veterans of the 7th Regiment, N. G. N. Y.—Members are requested to attend the funeral services of James C. Knox (3d Company) at his late residence, 2,917 Bainbridge Av., New York City, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, at 8:30 P. M.

LAWTON.—John Renshaw, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. John T. Lawton. Funeral service at the home of his parents, 104 Covert St., Brooklyn, Wednesday evening, Nov. 21, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

LEWISOHN.—On Nov. 20, Philip, beloved husband of Adele G. Lewisohn. Funeral at convenience of the family.

LLANO.—Mercedes Amelia, at Allandale, N. J., Nov. 20, daughter of Antonio and Esther Llano, in her 25th year. Funeral notice later.

MARCH.—On Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, Egbert G. March, son of the late Peter S. and Laura M. March. Funeral private. Interment at Norfolk, Va. Norfolk papers please copy.

McHARG.—Entered into rest in her 92d year, at her residence, 560 Madison St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, Frances A. Hamlin, wife of the late William C. McHarg of Albany, N. Y., and mother of Mrs. Frederick L. Smith and Mrs. Hugo Reid. Funeral private. Interment at Albany, N. Y.

NEWTON.—In France, Nov. 13, Valentine H. Newton, aged 20 years, son of the late Franklin D. and Margaret H. Newton, 149 West 123d St.

OFNER.—At East Orange, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, Albert Back Ofner, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Ofner.

ROPER.—Oswald M. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway-66th St., (Frank Campbell's,) Wednesday, 10 o'clock.

SCHWERINER.—On Tuesday, Nov. 20, Theresa N. Schweriner, aged 17 years, dearly beloved daughter of Alex and Rose Schweriner and loving sister of Fannie and Ruth. Funeral from her late residence, 112 West 117th St., Thursday at 11 A. M.

SCRYMSER.—Suddenly of heart failure, at Elizabeth, N. J., Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, Catherine Ferris, daughter of the late James and Ann Scrymser. Funeral private.

SMITH.—Elliott Robbins, at New York, on Nov. 19, 1917, son of the late Edward Henry and Elizabeth Carterer Smith of Smithtown, L. I. Funeral services at St. James's Church, St. James, L. I., on Thursday, Nov. 22, on arrival of train leaving Pennsylvania Station at 9 A. M.

SMITH.—Knickerbocker Lodge, No. 642, F. & A. M. announces with deep regret the death of Brother Jarvis B. Smith. Masonic funeral services at his late residence, 4 Oakley Place, Mount Vernon, at 7:45 P. M., on Wednesday, Nov. 21. Brothers attending will take 6:41 New Haven train, Grand Central Station.

HERMAN F. JACOBS, Master.
CHARLES H. DAHMER, Secretary.

SPENCE.—Elizabeth O'Neill, wife of the late David, mother of the late Dr. Arnot, Margaret and Peter C. Spence, at 70 West 71st St., Nov. 19, 1917. Requiem mass Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Nov. 22, at 9:30 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

SUESSKIND.—Jacob suddenly, on Monday, Nov. 19, in his 67th year, beloved father of Morris Suesskind and Frieda Hanauer. Funeral from his late residence, 15 West 107th St., at 2 o'clock, Wednesday, Nov. 21. Omit flowers.

TAYLOR.—Mrs. John, mother of Elsie and Mabel. Services Thursday, noon, 326 9th Av.

WANIER.—Monday, Nov. 19, in his 74th year, Frank Wanier, beloved husband of Frances Wanier and father of Mrs. Edward A. Grenzbach and Mrs. Frederick N. Whitehorne. Services Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, at his late residence, 120 West 126th St.

WEIL.—On Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, at Camp Joseph Wheeler, Macon, Ga., Major Richard Weil, M. R. C., Chief of Medical Service of Base Hospital, beloved husband of Minnie Straus Weil, in the 41st year of his age.

WOOG.—Benjamin, brother of Herman Woog, uncle of Henry Woog, at the German Hospital, Nov. 20, in his 76th year. Interment private.

BOECKH.—Adolf, 342 Brook Av., Bronx, Nov. 17. Funeral today, 1 P. M.
BRODERICK.—Michael, 105 East 122d St., Nov. 19. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
BURGHER.—Sarah M., New Dorp, S. I., Nov. 19. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
COHN.—Lesser, 1,235 Vyse Av., Bronx, Nov. 18.
CONAWAY.—Nora, Nov. 19, aged 57. Funeral 76th St. and Lexington Av., today, 9:30 A. M.
CONNORS.—Annie, 508 West 39th St., Nov. 19. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
DAWSON.—Thomas E., 315 West 17th St., Nov. 19. Funeral today.
DWYER.—Margaret, 811 East 188th St., Nov. 19. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
GRELL.—John, 1,518 Purdy St., Bronx, Nov. 17. Funeral today, 1 P. M.
HAGG.—Irene, 3,688 Broadway, Nov. 19. Funeral today, 11 A. M.
HENERPY.—Frank C., 404 Audubon Av., Nov. 19. Funeral tomorrow.
HYLAND.—Catherine J., 510 West 151st St., Nov. 19. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
KENNY.—William H., Nov. 18. Funeral 130 Greenwich Av., today, 2:30 P. M.
LYNCH.—Patrick, 12 Clinton Av., Nov. 19, aged 87. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
MASSA.—Louise, 628 West 139th St., Nov. 19, aged 56. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
MAY.—Julius A., 236 East 62d St., Nov. 19. Funeral service today.
SCHWARZ.—Alice, 73 Wilson St., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
SMITH.—Kate M., 14 East 39th St., Nov. 19. Funeral service today.
SPILLANE.—Mary, 815 Elton Av., Bronx, Nov. 19. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BRYANT.—Jesse, 137 St. Felix St., Nov. 19, aged 72. Funeral private.
BURGES.—Frances J., 218 50th St., Nov. 18, aged 55.
CARROLL.—Lillian F., 27 North Henry St., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
CHICKLEY.—John, 367 Devoe St., Nov. 18, aged 58. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.
DAVIES.—Lorinda T., 342 Putnam Av., Nov. 18. Funeral service today.
DEVINS.—Margaret, 95 Huntington St., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 11 A. M.
DOUGHERTY.—Margaret, 165 Monroe St., Nov. 19. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
FARMER.—James, St. Anthony's Hospital, Nov. 18.
FRANSEN.—Margaret A., 87 Suydam St., Nov. 19. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
GOODISON.—Mary P., 12 Gunther Place, Nov. 20.
GUNDERSON.—Ragne, 32 Gelston Av., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
HAGEMEYER.—Frederick W., 12 Charles Place, Nov. 19.
HAYMAN.—Caroline, 548 Macon St., Nov. 19. Funeral service today.
HENZI.—Charles, 34 14th St., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
KEARNEY.—Ellen, 50 Tompkins Place, Nov. 18, aged 85.
KELLY.—Alice S., 1,174 St. John's Place, Nov. 18. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
KILLORAN.—Luke, 65 West 105th St., Nov. 19. Funeral tomorrow, 10:15 A. M.
KING.—Lawrence C., 910 Gates Av., Nov. 18.
KINGSTON.—Patrick T., 6 Willow St., Nov. 19. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
LOCKETT.—James, 245 Nostrand Av., Nov. 18.
McMAHON.—Terence J., 420 Eastern Parkway, Nov. 19. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
NETTER.—Josephine, 27 Olive St., Nov. 19, aged 63.
O'BRIEN.—James W., 994 Pacific St., Nov. 19.
ORDWAY.—Catherine, 342 East 25th St., Nov. 20, aged 59.
PRATT.—Luther A., 566 Hart St., Nov. 19, aged 73.
RADKE.—Gustave, 182 31st St., Nov. 20, aged 21. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
TOMFORD.—Catharine A. M., 455 9th St., Nov. 20. Funeral service tomorrow.
WAHLIG.—Anna H., 949 Franklin Av., Nov. 18, aged 40. Funeral today.
WHITE.—Frank P., 54 Bainbridge St., Nov. 19. Funeral service today.

Hoboken and Jersey City.

CONNELLY.—Annie, 621 Willow Av., Hoboken, Nov. 19.

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Died.

EDGEWORTH.—Samuel, Jersey City, Nov. 19. Funeral notice later.
HARTWIG.—Charlotte, 123 Thorne St., Jersey City, Nov. 18, aged 83. Funeral today.

Long Island.

ALTENDORFER.—Ludwig, 66 Frankfort St., Astoria, Nov. 17, aged 74.
BARROWS.—Emma A., Dunton, Nov. 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
CARTER.—Maria A., Woodhaven, Nov. 18, aged 40.
HALLER.—Michael J., Jr., Glendale, Nov. 18.
HEFFERMAN.—Jane M., Elmhurst, Nov. 18, aged 65.
HELLERMANN.—George, Woodhaven, Nov. 17, aged 29.
IVERSEN.—August, Woodhaven, Nov. 17, aged 48.
KELLETT.—Annie, 182 Eagle St., Long Island City, Nov. 18. Funeral today.
KLEIN.—Elizabeth, Flushing, Nov. 18, aged 76.
KOWALSKI.—Anthony, Maspeth, Nov. 17, aged 43.
KRATZKI.—Ludwig, Ridgewood, Nov. 18, aged 35.
McCABE.—John E., Flushing, Nov. 18.
O'BRIEN.—Helen R., Hillside, Nov. 19. Funeral tomorrow.
OLES.—Donald F., 497 3d Av., Astoria, Nov. 18, aged 7 months.
PEARSALL.—Charles, Hewlett, Nov. 19. Funeral today, 3:15 P. M.
SELLERS.—Sarah A., Elmhurst, Nov. 18. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
THURSTON.—Margaret M., Bayside, Nov. 17, aged 80.
WARD.—John J., Woodhaven, Nov. 17, aged 49.
WIELAND.—Annie, Woodhaven, Nov. 19. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
WURM.—Margaret, Woodhaven, Nov. 18, aged 54.

In Memoriam.

GALLAWAY.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hanover National Bank of the City of New York, held this day, the following minute and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The Directors of the Hanover National Bank, having learned with deep sorrow and regret of the death of their much-respected associate on the board, Robert Macy Gallaway, and desiring to make a record of the high esteem in which he was held by his fellow-Directors, and their sense of loss which they have sustained by his death, it is

Resolved, That in the death of Robert Macy Gallaway this bank has lost the valued services of a distinguished Director. Although his membership in this board covered but a brief period—less than one year—he was able to materially add to the business of this bank; and

Resolved, That his greatly varied and long experience as a banker and corporation officer, covering a period of fifty-eight years, coupled with his marked business and executive ability, made his service to this bank and his counsel in the deliberations of this board of very great value. He was a genial companion and a loyal friend. Engrossed in many business activities, he nevertheless devoted much time and thought to civic and charitable matters. He rendered important service to the Home for Incurables, of which he was for a long time Treasurer; to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, of which he was Chairman of the Board, and he also served for years with energy and tact on the Board of Education of this city, and as a Trustee of the College of the City of New York; therefore it is

Resolved, That with a keen sense of the loss of a valuable Director, and in sorrow for his death, this board tender their sincere sympathy to the bereaved relatives, and that as a lasting reminder of the very high regard in which Robert M. Gallaway was held by his associates on this board, it is ordered that this minute be spread upon the proceedings of the board, and that an engrossed copy thereof be forwarded to the family of our departed friend.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

MITCHELL.—In affectionate remembrance of Donald Mitchell, beloved husband and father, who passed away Nov. 21, 1913.

In Memoriam.

COOK.—Michael, mass St. John's Church, Jersey City, today, 8 A. M.
HART.—Patrick J., in memory of; died Nov. 23, 1916.
SULLIVAN.—John, Our Lady of Mercy Church, Brooklyn, today, 9 A. M.

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PRESIDENT TENER OF NATIONAL LEAGUE AGAINST POOLING OF PLAYERS AND RECEIPTS

SYNDICATE BALL IS OPPOSED BY TENER

National League Against Pooling Players and Receipts Next Season.

SHIFTING STARS FORBIDDEN

Rule in Baseball Prevents Move Suggested by President Johnson of American.

The suggestion which has been made by the American League club owners to pool the players and receipts next season will be strongly opposed by the National League, according to a statement made by President John K. Tener yesterday.

"It is not in harmony with the spirit of baseball," said President Tener. "I do not believe that the American League intends taking any such action. I am quite sure that the National League club owners would not even consider such a move. In the first place the satisfactory placing of the star players would be a difficult problem to decide, in fact it seems that it would be impossible to accomplish it in a way which would be satisfactory to all clubs."

Other baseball men who talked about the plan were surprised at such a radical suggestion from a veteran club owner like Charles A. Comiskey, the owner of the world's champion White Sox. For many years this general shifting of players has been one feature of the game which the leagues have been trying to avoid. The sale or trade of star players from weak clubs to stronger clubs has caused no end of trouble in baseball, and only a year ago the National League passed an amendment forbidding the sale of players from one club to another after a certain date in the season.

Season before last, when Manager McGraw went out to strengthen his club he got Sallee, Herzog, Zimmerman, and Lew McCarty, an aggregation which brought the pennant to New York last season. The New York club's wholesale raid caused so much commotion in the league that steps were taken to avoid a repetition of the practice. The same sort of objection was made in the American League when Tris Speaker went to Cleveland. Any move which at all savors of syndicate baseball is now frowned upon by both baseball club owners and baseball public, so it is improbable that the major leagues will venture any such radical move.

Syndicate baseball has been successfully wiped out of both leagues, the last instance of it being a few seasons ago when Charles W. Murphy of Chicago was also interested in the Philadelphia club. The same ownership of any two or more clubs has a tendency to make the public suspicious. The Federal League could not gain the confidence of the public because it was known that the league placed its players around in different clubs.

The very fact, however, that Owner Comiskey even suggested such a proposition indicates that the club owners are worrying about the coming season. The draft is sure to hit the clubs harder than it did last season and several of the clubs are in danger of losing many of their younger players.

Manager Christy Mathewson of Cincinnati has jumped into the baseball market in opposition to Manager McGraw in an effort to land Al Mamaux, the Pirate pitcher who is now under suspension by the Pittsburgh club. Matty has already made offers for the star twirler, although Manager McGraw started plans to get him just as soon as he appeared to have trouble with Manager Bezdek last season.

Mathewson has always been a great admirer of Mamaux, who has one of the easiest and most natural styles of any pitcher in the league. President Barney Dreyfuss of Pittsburgh has given McGraw and Mathewson little encouragement about Mamaux and it is believed that after the severe taste of discipline he had last year he may come back to the Pirates ready to follow the club's training rules next Spring.

The war tax on baseball admissions is going to be an important problem with the major leagues next season. It is calculated by baseball statisticians that if the game has a normal year the Government's income from the tax will be more than $400,000. There is a strong possibility, however, that the tax will have the same effect on baseball attendance as it is having on theatre patrons and will tend to keep down the patronage.

Most of the club owners who have expressed an opinion on the question maintain that the public will have to pay the tax and not the club owners. President Hempstead of the Giants said recently: "If the clubs pay the 10 per cent. it will surely mean a big deficit, and if the tax is collected from the patrons it may become very annoying and interfere with the attendance. The problem of each city on the circuit is different, and although I have plans of my own I do not care to express them at this time because it is quite essential that we act as a unit in the matter."

President Charles H. Ebbets of the Brooklyn club says: "The Government requires that the public must pay the tax of 10 per cent. on all admission tickets to the Internal Revenue Collector." President William F. Baker of the Phillies expressed himself on the subject as follows: "The question is impossible to answer at this time. It is important and I do not care to give an opinion offhand." August Herrmann of Cincinnati, Chairman of the National Commission, says: "The tax must be paid by the patrons. This is specifically provided for in the bill."

President Ebbets has received several letters from officers with the American expeditionary force in France thanking the Brooklyn club for the baseball supplies which the club has sent abroad from time to time. One comes from W. W. Bunting of the Twelfth Engineers, who says, "I am a great baseball fan and they especially please me." George A. Belters of the Fourteenth Engineers sent this word from abroad: "Just a line to thank you very kindly. It was very kind of you and the boys appreciate it very much." William A. Cross of the Twenty-eighth Infantry also writes from France: "I wish to thank you for your generosity and thoughtfulness." Lieutenant Ira I. Hodes of the 108th United States Infantry, Camp Wadsworth, acknowledges the receipt of supplies as follows: "You have done your bit as a good American citizen. It should be a matter of pride that you have assisted."

President Tener, in discussing the action of the National Association at Louisville in voting down the proposal for a new circuit made up of the so-called Continental League, said: "These are the days of democracy. For baseball officials to try to force anything upon the minor leagues which they do not want would be autocratic, and we are opposed to autocracy of any kind. The territorial rights of the minor leagues must be and will be recognized and kept inviolate. They must agree to any proposed change in their circuits, and if they do not want such changes made their wishes must be recognized."

Ball Players Seek Redress.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Nov. 20.—Manager John C. Nee of the Dayton Central League baseball team and two members of the team brought suit against the Big Four Railroad in the local courts today for damages aggregating $70,000 for personal injuries received in a wreck on the road last August. The players set out that they were permanently injured. Nee asks $10,000, Patrick A. Donahu $50,000, and Fred Derrick $10,000. Louis Schettler, pitcher, filed suit here last Saturday for $30,000.

FOOTBALL, EBBETS FIELD, Sat., Nov. 24, 2:30. Rutgers vs. Cupid Black's Naval Reserves. Tkts. at Spaldings, Baker, Murray & Imbrie, N. Y.; DeMille, Sterling Piano, Ebbets Field, Bklyn. Adm. $1; res'd & Box seats $2. Few choice Box seats $3.50.—Advt.

NAME OFFICIALS FOR GAME.

Beavers to Referee Battle Between Newport Reserves and Rutgers.

The Central Board of Officials, which has charge of making appointments for intercollegiate football games, has announced the names of the men selected for the game between Rutgers and "Cupid" Black's Naval Reserves at Ebbets Field on Saturday. The officials will be: Referee—George Beavers, Jr., West Point; Umpire—Edward B. Cochems, University of Wisconsin; linesman—E. T. Madden, Yale.

The Newport players will arrive in New York Friday morning, and they will have the use of Ebbets Field for practice in the afternoon. Arrangements are being made to quarter the Reserves at the Crescent Athletic Club clubhouse in Bay Ridge.

The Rutgers eleven will take no preliminary workout on the Flatbush field. The privilege of using it any afternoon this week was granted to the New Brunswick collegians, but Coach Sanford decided that his team could play as well without the preliminary work.

NASH COACHES AT RUTGERS.

Former Star Tackle Leads Scrubs in Spirited Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 20.—Bob Nash, former all-American tackle, responded to Coach Sanford's call for help and led the scrubs in the hardest scrimmage of the season against the Rutgers 'Varsity this afternoon. The teams were kept at work for more than an hour, the 'Varsity keeping the ball most of the time and trying out its offense. From now on Rutgers will spend the time in perfecting the plays which will be used against Cupid Black's Naval Reserves on Saturday.

FORDHAM JUNIORS VICTORS.

Recover Own Kickoff and Defeat Sophomores by 7 to 6.

The juniors defeated the sophomores in the interclass football series at Fordham yesterday by 7 to 6. The juniors recovered their own kickoff without the ball being touched by their opponents, and scored shortly afterward. The seniors will meet the winners of yesterday's fray for the interclass title next week.

The lineup:

Juniors, (7.)	Position.	Sophomores, (6.)
Higgins	L. E.	Panouch
McCoy	L. T.	Leonetti
Ryan	L. G.	Higgins
Gleason	C.	Rembach
O'Keefe	R. G.	Cunningham
Mylin	R. T.	La Chapelle
O'Shea	R. E.	Reilly
McGinn	Q. B.	Lefevre
Kelly	L. H. B.	Garvey
Barrett	R. H. B.	Weldon
McMahon	F. B.	Joyce

Touchdowns—Weldon, McMahon. Goal from touchdowns—McMahon. Referee—Mr. Crowley. Time of periods—Ten minutes.

FORDHAM SEEKS A GAME.

Villanova Unwilling to Play on Thanksgiving Day.

The Fordham football players resumed practice yesterday in preparation for Saturday's game with the Pelham Bay naval reserves. No scrimmage was held, but Coach McCaffery ordered a brisk workout at running down under punts followed by signal work. The Maroon coach aimed at polishing off the rough spots in the new plays that were used against Cornell on Saturday. All the players were in uniform and showed no ill-effects from the contest at Ithaca.

Raymond Delehanty, the Maroon football manager, has been endeavoring to secure Villanova for a Thanksgiving Day game, but the Pennsylvanians sent word last night that they were unwilling to meet the Bronxmen. As Rutgers has an open date on Thanksgiving Day, the Maroon and the Scarlet may again meet. Rutgers easily defeated Fordham several weeks ago, but Coach McCaffery's team has improved since that contest.

ARMY POINTS FOR BOSTON.

Cadets Start Preparation for Final Game of Season.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 20.—The Army eleven began active preparation today for the season's final game with Charley Brickley's Boston College team here next Saturday. The drill saw all the 'Varsity men in the lineup except Vandegraff. The big Alabama cadet was in togs kicking placement goals and punting, but he hardly will be used against the collegians, as his leg injury still bothers him. Either Dickson or Smith will face Boston College at the uncertain tackle position.

The cadets look for the "Hub" collegians to offer the stiffest opposition since the Notre Dame contest. Oliphant's kicking improves with each workout. He is doing all the Army's punting now. Walker seems a fixture in the backfield, and is without question a "find" of the local season. He is heavy and fast, and next to Oliphant is the best ground-gaining back developed at West Point in years.

COLUMBIA'S HOPES REVIVE.

Injured Players Return to the 'Varsity Fold.

The Columbia 'Varsity romped through its practice yesterday with renewed hope, inspired by the return of Captain Dal Cochran and Itosen. These men have been on the injured list for two weeks. Cochran will again play at his place at right end, where Parnes has been substituting, but Rosen will go in either as a full back or as a guard, for Sam Weinstein has usurped his old position as quarter back. Honiahan, who was on the sidelines during the Wesleyan game, will report for practice tomorrow, fully recovered from his threatened breakdown, due to overwork and overtraining.

Yesterday the Columbia 'Varsity scrimmaged with the eleven from Manual High School for thirty minutes, using mainly forward passes and end runs. Coach Metcalf evidently believes that his warriors can make a formidable weapon of the aerial attack, and also wishes to make the long end runs effective, for the Wesleyan line repeatedly broke them up on Saturday.

Today the Blue and White eleven will have its hardest and longest practice of the week, in preparation for the big game of the year, that with New York University on South Field Saturday. With all the regulars out in uniform again, the chances for a Columbia victory are looking better and better as the days go by.

N. Y. U. 'VARSITY SPEEDS UP.

Violet Puts On Finishing Touches for Columbia Game.

New York University's football warriors continued their preparation for the Columbia game on Saturday with a varied drill yesterday. At first the men were put to punting and forward passing. Then Coach Wall lined up both 'Varsity and freshman teams and put them through a signal drill. The two elevens later were brought together for a scrimmage which lasted until the practice closed in the dark.

Coach Wall occupied a place in the 1921 backfield and tested the defensive powers of his regulars. In this attack the freshman line showed itself to be uniformly strong, especially between the ends. The rookies backfield showed its ability by rendering the coach good interference. In this Bartlett, at half back, was conspicuous. Coach Wall has been trying out many men in each position for the last two days with the end in view of getting the smoothest working and most powerful combination to face the Blue and White.

CANADIAN HORSES LED BY SILK BIRD

Bowie Has Special Race for Thoroughbreds Foaled Across Border.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 20.—Canadian turfmen were favored today by the inclusion of a race in the program for horses foaled in Canada. It received eight entries, and all went to the post. A. Bulcroft's Silk Bird had been showing such good form in races against American-bred horses that the special race was looked on as a good thing for the son of Oiseau-Silk Hose. C. Kummer was intrusted with the mount, and this young jockey made no mistakes. Keeping Silk Bird well up with the pace, he drew away at the end to win rather easily from the old campaigner Amphion.

Top o' The Morning, the king of sprinters early in the Spring, slipped further back in the rating when he failed to get a place in the third race at six furlongs that attracted the best field of the day. He failed when the pinch came, while R. L. Bresler's Jock Scot showed unexpected speed and captured first money from G. F. Muller's Peter Jay. The time of 1:13 equaled the track record.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; purse, $600; six furlongs. Time—1:14 4-5.
Colonel Cluff, S. Ross's ch. c., 114 pounds, by Galloping Simon-Amitie, $3.30, $2.60, and $2.40, (M. Buxton)....1
Grayson, Kentucky Stable's b. c., 114, by Sir John Johnson-Melce, $3.90 and $2.90, (A. Collins)....2
Phalerian, H. Bowen's ch. c., 114, by Phaleron-Aunty Hilda, $2.90 third, (L. McAtee)....3
Starry Banner, Will Soon, Golden Soldier, Soumungha, Jack of Spades, and Mayhew also ran. Juanita III. and Genevieve B. scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; purse $600; six furlongs. Time—1:14.
Green Grass, G. F. Muller's br. g., 114 pounds, by Hurst Park-Marsara, $7.50, $3.90, and $2.80, (A. Sterling)....1
Dalryman, J. E. Madden's b. c., 114, by Peep o' Day-Damson, $3.70 and $2.50, (W. Collins)....2
Ideal, R. F. Carman's ch. f., 111, by The Turk-Horizon, $2.60 third, (J. Dominick)..3
Thamar, Scarf, Bonne Cause, Miss Peep, Bathilde, Armlos, and Chocolate Soda also ran. Flapper scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $600; six furlongs. Time—1:13.
Jock Scot, R. L. Bresler's br. c., 3 years, 114 pounds, by Ogden-Frankie, $11.50, $5.30, and $4.70, (C. Mergler)....1
Peter Jay, G. F. Muller's ch. g., 3, 106, by Toddington-Attelle, $16 and $6.90, (A. Stirling)....2
Josefina Zarate, G. H. Browne's ch. m., 5, 104, by Abe Frank-Minyon, $6.40 third, (C. Kummer)....3
Top o' Th' Morning, Between Us, Sea Beach, Incog, Peep Sight, Bond, Blue Grass Girl, January, and Appleton Whiske also ran. Woodtrap and Preston Lynn scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; Canadian foaled; claiming; purse, $600; one mile and twenty yards. Time—1:46.
Silk Bird, A. Bulcroft's b. g., 4 years, 110 pounds, by Oiseau-Silk Hose, $3.50, $2.90, and $2.70, (C. Kummer)....1
Amphion, W. Bennett's b. g., 6, 100, by Inferno-Court Maid II., $6 and $4.20, (E. Ambrose)....2
Akeldama, S. Mintz's b. h., 5, 109, by Stanhope II.-Athleen, $9.30 third, (R. McDermott)....3
Corn Broom, Hampton Dame, Lady Betty, Garish Sun, and Gay Life also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For fillies and mares, three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:47 3-5.
Miss Kruter, W. Cahill's b. m., 6 years, 110 pounds, by Transvaal-Lillie Kruter, $3.30, $2.80, and $2.50, (W. Obert)....1
Easter Lily, Thorncliffe Stable's b. f., 3, 97, by Glorifier-Belle Fleur, $7.60 and $4.90, (C. Kummer)....2
Golden Bantam, G. L. Goodacre's ch. f., 3, 97, by Star Shoot-Autumn Leaves, $5.80 third, (H. Erickson)....3
The Busybody, Flora Finch, Buss Around, Hesse, Margaret L., Oriana, and Leonelda also ran. Baby Sister scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For fillies and mares, three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $600; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:48 2-5.
Margery, A. Arthur's ch. f., 4 years, 103 pounds, by King James-Marjoram, $19, $9.40, and $5.60, (R. Troise)....1
Mother Machree, A. Miller's b. f., 3, 102, by McGee-Lady Quex, $6.10 and $4.80, (A. Collins)....2
Charmeuse, C. C. Griffith's b. m., 6, 108, by Mazagan-Bewitcher, $4.40, third, (T. Parrington)....3
Minda, Nannie McDee, Ella Ryan, Mary Warren, Cuddle Up and Rose Finn also ran. Miss Represent scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year olds and upward; claiming; purse, $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50 1-5.
Captain Ray, J. E. Griffith's b. c., 3 years, 102 pounds, by Sea King-Katriona, $35.30, $10.10, and $5.90, (W. Collins)....1
Christie, E. T. Zollicoffer's b. g., 5, 105, by Star Shoot-Chulita, $3.20 and $2.00, (R. Troise)....2
Thorn Bloom, Braeside Stable's br. c., 3, 97, by Flint Rock-White Thorn, $3.30 third, (G. Walls)....3
Edith Baumann, Mirza, Kebo, Cachet, and John Douglas also ran. Ed Bond scratched. Weather clear; track fast.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; claiming; five and a half furlongs. King of the Wind, 112 pounds; Poor Joe, 112; Portia, 106; Arizona, 106; *Wheat Cakes, 101; Garonne, 102; Dreyer, 102; Supermaid, 106; *Little Boy, 110; Dioscoride, 112; Dick Miller, 109; Thamar, 106; *†Boy Blue, 107; *†Low Degree, 104. Also eligible: *Kokoht, 104; Don Jose, 109; *Tolerance, 101; Sabretash, 109; Lady Small, 106; *Wichaka, 104.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-old fillies; selling; five and a half furlongs. Vocabulary, 110 pounds; Celtiva, 107; Tit for Tat, 105; Flying Dart, 102; *Tea Party, 100; Tread Lightly II., 110; Lady Gertrude, 105; Elizabeth H., 104; *Killarney, 103; *Dalrose, 99; Onico, 107; Miss Sweep, 105; Millrace, 102; *Sweet Marjorie, 100. Also eligible: Babette, 111; Clapper, 102; June Bug, 106.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six and a half furlongs. Refugee, 114 pounds; Balgee, 109; Fielder II., *Alex Gets, 109; *Resistable, 101; Onwa, 109; Short Ballot, 109; Cuddle Up, 106; *Shrapnel, 104; *Miss Gayle, 101; Early Morn, 109; Sandel, 109; Radiant Flower, 104; *Zouave, 104. Also eligible: Andes, 109; *Joe Finn, 104; Flare, 104; Ray Ennis, 99; Encore, 109; Cachet, 106. Note.—Thirty-eight excluded.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; selling; one mile and twenty yards. Dan, 111 pounds; Top o' the Wave, 107; *Merchant, 107; *Kilts, 101; Frea, 104; *Tarquin, 107; Master Karma, 110; *Felucca, 111; *Firing Line, 102.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a furlong. Luther, 115 pounds; Ella Ryan, 104; *Batwa, 103; *Muckross, 100; Goodwood, 111; Hickory Nut, 99; *Rake Off, 103; *Lady Little, 100; Ed Weiss, 108; *Hoda's Brother, 104; *Buss Around, 101; *Cousin Dan, 100.

SIXTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Booth, 111 pounds; Maxim's Choice, 100; Richard Langdon, 109; *King Hamburg, 104; *Rose Water, 101; Carlton G., 109; Dr. Charcot, 109; Harry Lauder, 109; *Lohengrin, 104; Greetings, 101; Pierrott, 109; Ed Weiss, 109; Lady Little, 106; Cuddle Up, 101.

SEVENTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Old Ben, 118 pounds; Sam Slick, 114; Dartworth, 109; *Blue Thistle, 109; *March Court, 104; Charles Francis, 118; Ed Bond, 111; Old Pop, 109; *Jabot, 104; *Galaway, 104; Little England, 114; Pharaoh, 109; Hastena, 106; *Handful, 104.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
†Brown entry.

NO RACING AT JUAREZ.

Passport Regulations Put Prohibitive Ban on Meeting.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 20.—There will be no Fall and Winter meeting at the Juarez race course. Announcement to this effect was made here tonight by Colonel Matt J. Winn, Manager of the Juarez track, who said that recently adopted passport restrictions on travel to and from Mexico had made the holding of a meeting impossible.

Jacobs Captures Clark House Run.

The first weekly invitation road run of the Clark House A. A., which was held yesterday, was won by B. Jacobs in 21:12. The race, which was over a three-and-one-half-mile course, was a nip-and-tuck struggle between B. Jacobs of Clark House and Joe Sherman of the Morningside A. C. Jacobs, by a great burst of speed in the last 100 yards, finished fifteen yards in front of his opponent. Following Sherman, after an interval of six seconds, came M. Seinfeld of the Kings County A. A.

ERASMUS FIVE TRIUMPHS.

Earns a 21 to 17 Victory After Uphill Struggle.

Erasmus Hall High School's basket-ball team scored its first victory of the season yesterday by triumphing over the Cathedral Prep five in a closely contested game on the Erasmus court by a score of 21 to 17. The Cathedral team, with superior passing and all-round team work, ended the first half with the score in its favor by 10 to 8. Up to within four minutes of the end of the game the Erasmus lads were still trailing their rivals, but a cluster of five field goals then gave them the victory.

The lineup:

Erasmus Hall.	Position.	Cathedral Prep.
Scharmann	R. F.	McGowan
Barnes	L. F.	Murphy
Linoki	C.	Graham
Gillian	R. G.	Mulladey
Goebel	L. G.	McGrath

Goals from the field—Scharmann, 3; Barnes, 1; Linoki, 5; Gillian, 1; McGowan, 5; Graham, 1; Mulladey, 1. Goals from foul—Scharmann, 1; McGowan, 3. Referee—R. Elliffe, New York University. Umpire—Mr. Crew, Erasmus Hall. Time of halves—15 minutes.

BASKET BALL WILL START.

Columbia Squad to Have Its First Practice Today.

The first practice for Columbia's 'Varsity basket ball five will take place this afternoon. C. C. Latour of last year's 'Varsity will be in charge of the Blue and White ball tossers until the coach is chosen. The prospects for the team are bright, as there are three of last year's regulars available. These are Latour, a forward, and Farer and Farrell, guards. As Farer and Farrell are playing on the 'Varsity football eleven, they will be unable to report for practice before Monday, when the local gridiron season will have ended.

Among the promising candidates are Alexander, Newman, Tomberg, Lester, Blumer, and Vollmers. Alexander and Newman were on the 'Varsity squad last season, while the other four men constituted the nucleus of the 1920 freshman five.

COLLEGIANS ON NAVY FIVE.

Granite State Basket Ball Team Will Play All-Stars on Sunday.

Members of the Naval Militia stationed on the U. S. S. Granite State, at Ninety-sixth Street and Hudson River, have organized a basket ball team to play against the various colleges and clubs of the East. The team is composed of former college stars. It has already won the navy championship, by defeating the sailors of the U. S. S. Santiago, former holders of the title. In addition the five has scored victories over two independent teams.

Among those on the team are Eberlie and Ningard, formerly of Cornell; McCaffrey of Holy Cross, Scully of Ohio Northern, and Archbald, a former High School of Commerce player. The five will make its first appearance in this city next Sunday, when it plays the Manhattan All-Stars at Manhattan Casino. A number of open dates remain on the team's schedule, and Manager Schmeelk is anxious to fill these with games against prominent club or college teams.

BROWN ATTACK IMPROVES.

Defense, However, Is Vulnerable to Second Eleven.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 20.—The Brown eleven showed a strong attack in the practice this afternoon and scored one touchdown against the second team. Gordon was once more in the scrimmage, but Shaw and Weeks are still on the side lines nursing their injuries. Massed attacks through the line won the touchdown for the regulars, with the 'Varsity line opening up big holes for the backs to plunge through.

Tables were reversed, however, when Pollard's second team was carrying the ball. An 83-yard march toward the 'Varsity goal was made by the all-American half and his protégés. On their own 10-yard line, the 'Varsity line stiffened, and the threatened touchdown was turned aside.

W. AND J. FEARS AIR ATTACK.

Metzger Coaching His Men to Stop Notre Dame's Passing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Penn., Nov. 20.—Washington and Jefferson's football team began preparation this afternoon for the Notre Dame game of Saturday. Captain McCreight, half back, Smith, left guard, and right tackle Stein were out of the lineup. They are still suffering from injuries. However, all but Smith are certain to be in the game on Saturday and even he may be able to play.

A drill in defending against forward passes comprised most of the work of Washington and Jefferson, as Notre Dame is particularly proficient in this department. Smith has been Washington and Jefferson's best defender against the pass and if he he is unable to play Washington and Jefferson's chances against the Westerners will be materially reduced.

Coach Metzger, who saw Notre Dame defeat the Army, asserts that Notre Dame has a line far superior to that of West Virginia, so that it is imperative that the weak back field attack be improved upon. The two teams are about even in weight and each has a veritable pony backfield averaging less than 160 pounds. The game will be the final one for Notre Dame and the last at home for Washington and Jefferson.

SOLDIER ELEVENS TO MEET.

Two Fast Teams to Play at Ebbets Field.

Football elevens representing Fort Hamilton and the Twenty-fourth Company of Fort Hancock, the latter post champions, will clash in a benefit game at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn, Thanksgiving Day morning. The proceeds from the game will go toward a fund to provide athletic paraphernalia for enlisted and drafted soldiers.

On the Fort Hancock team are a number of former college players. The team includes Faber, a former Princeton soccer player; Caffrey, Catholic University; Gidding, Mount Carmel; Kiernan, Virginia University, and Liebowitz, a former High School of Commerce gridiron star. A band concert by the Fort Hamilton musicians will precede the football game. Admission will be 50 cents, 75 cents, and $1.

GEORGIA-PITT GAME OFF.

Proposed Red Cross Football Battle Definitely Abandoned.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 20.—The proposed game between three-year unbeaten football teams of the Georgia School of Technology and the University of Pittsburgh, on Nov. 27, for the benefit of the Red Cross, has been definitely abandoned. Word has come from Pittsburgh that an epidemic of illness in that team, which put the Captain and two other players on the hospital list, and the team's remaining hard schedule would prevent it from meeting the Georgia team.

Road Run Set for Nov. 25.

The annual road race of the Young Men's Hebrew Association will be held over the Washington Heights branch's course of about four miles on Sunday. All members of the association's metropolitan league are eligible to compete. A number of prizes will be distributed among the leading runners, including two silver cups to the first and second enlisted athletes to cross the finish line.

PETRA CARA BRINGS BIG PRICE AT SALE

Brooklyn Amateur Reinsman Buys Six-Year-Old Mare for $2,550 at Garden.

Buyers from out of town opened their pocketbooks at the Old Glory sale in Madison Square Garden yesterday and the result was a decided improvement in prices over those obtained on the opening day. It remained, however, for a Brooklyn amateur reinsman to carry off the prize of the afternoon in the six-year-old mare, Petra Cara, a daughter of Peter the Great, which was raced on the Long Island tracks last season with much success.

Petra Cara was brought out for sale after good prices had been realized for the lots immediately preceding. The Longacre Stable, which raced the mare at the end of last season, stimulated interest in the handy looking trotter by the statement that though eligible for the 2:19 class, she is likely to trot in 2:05 next year. The bidding was lively and Petra Cara was finally knocked down for $2,550, the bid of W. H. Leese, who was acting for Herbert Hanan, a member of the Parkway Driving Club, who drives his own horses in amateur races.

Another good racing prospect over which the professional drivers indulged in lively bidding was the eight-year-old pacer Ashlook, which has been timed in a race in 2:02¾, and is rated as one of the best 2:12 pacers in the country. Ashlook has beaten many of the stars in the last three years and is equally at home on half-mile or mile tracks. He was knocked down to J. F. Kingsley of Medford, Mass., for $1,800. Paul Kuhn, noted as the man who gave $21,000 for The Harvester, bought several mares for his stud farm in Indiana, and Walter Cox also purchased some new racing stock.

The best sales follow:

Baron Wood, blk. g., by Peter Wood-Baranna; J. A. Wood, Woodville, N. Y.	$410
Brown colt, (1917,) by Justice Brooke-Gayworthy; William Gartrell, New Hyde Park, L. I.	425
Bay colt, (1917,) by Justice Brooke-Native Bell, by Moko; Charles Mayberry	500
Harveda, b. f., by The Harvester-Sweet Marie; W. R. Cox, Dover, N. H.	400
Willington, b. g., by Bonnington-Sweet Marie; W. L. Snow, Endicott, N. Y.	375
Ashlook, (2:05¾,) ch. g., by Ashland A.-Miss Look; J. F. Kingsley, Medford, Mass.	1,800
Kenneth, (2:13,) b. s., by Crystallion-Gaides; Herman Tyson, Newark, Del.	775
Robert Frisco, (2:05¾,) br. g., by San Francisco-Alice Edgar; F. D. Wilcox, Deposit, N. Y.	550
Kentucky Marque, (2:09¼,) b. s., by Sir Marque-Corrine; C. B. Jackson, Boston, Mass.	950
Mistle Thrush, ch. f., by Axworthy-Mantua Maker; Henry Horine, Lexington, Ky.	600
Petress Burton, (2:09¾,) b. m., by Peter the Great-Mary Burton; Paul Kuhn, Terre Haute, Ind.	425
Nelly North, b. f., by San Francisco-Mary North; W. H. Leese, Brooklyn, N. Y.	440
Petra Cara, (2:13¾,) ch. m., by Peter the Great-Guycara; W. H. Leese, Brooklyn, N. Y.	2,550
Marion Kirke, (2:14¼,) b. m., by San Francisco-Ethel Mae; R. L. Davis, New York	800
Don Zolock, br. c., by Peter O'Donna-Carmencita; W. L. Snow, Endicott, N. Y.	900
Water Lily, b. f., by J. Malcolm Forbes-Virginia Forrest; R. L. Davis, New York	750

WALTHOUR IN SIX-DAY RACE.

Veteran to Ride with Suter in Annual Garden Event.

Two new teams were combined last night for the six-day race at the Garden during the week of Dec. 2-8. Bobby Walthour was coupled with Paul Suter and Tom Bello paired with Vincinzo Madonna. The "Dixie Flier" has been riding against Suter all Summer in Europe, and says the Swiss motor-paced champion will surprise the local riders.

Suter is on his way from Europe with Egg and Dupuy, the winners of last year's race, the trio being expected here this week. Bello and Madonna will represent Italy in the race. Both riders are new to the six-day game.

Wellman will make a final effort today to sign up Frank Kramer, who has agreed to ride providing Goullet is coupled with him, but the latter has refused to hook up with the ex-champion. Goullet and Kramer have been riding together in distance events at Newark all Summer, but the Australian figures Kramer would not last through a six-day grind.

CAT SHOW STARTS TODAY.

Annual Exhibition to be Held at McAlpin Hotel.

The sixteenth annual show of the Atlantic Cat Club will be held today and tomorrow in the Winter garden of the McAlpin Hotel. A large attendance is expected, as the proceeds will be devoted to the Red Star Animal Relief Association for the care of American Army horses. There should be a particularly fine exhibit of Persian cats, as the fanciers in this country are now breeding better specimens than can be obtained in Persia. The show will open each day at 10 A. M. and close at 10 P. M.

PRIZE FOR HOCKEY LEADERS

Howard Again to Give Sticks for Efficient Playing.

Tom A. Howard, the hockey coach, has presented to the Long Island Interscholastic Hockey League one dozen hand-made hockey sticks as one of the prizes for the championship series that shortly is to start at the Brooklyn Ice Palace. Last year Coach Howard gave a similar prize, the sticks going to the team scoring the greatest number of goals during the season.

At a meeting of the league at the Brooklyn Ice Palace yesterday it was decided to award the sticks differently this season. From the total number of goals scored will be subtracted the total number of goals registered against a team, the prizes going to the school that has the best total at the end of the year. This method takes into consideration the defense as well as the offense of the teams.

CITY A. C. TO HAVE BOXING.

Amateur Bouts to be Held on Dec. 11 and 13.

Officials of the City Athletic Club, in West Fifty-fourth Street, yesterday applied to the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U. for sanction to hold an amateur boxing tournament on Dec. 11 and 13, and are now going ahead with arrangements to stage the exhibitions. Bouts will be held in five classes, at 108, 115, 125, 135, and 145 pounds. A representative entry from the leading local boxers is expected. To the winners and runners-up in each class will go diamond rings, while safety razors will be distributed among the losers in the semi-final bouts. Each competitor will receive a scarfpin as a souvenir of the tournament and the club with the largest entry of boxers will be awarded a trophy.

Newcome Will Train Soldiers.

The Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U. has announced that Harry Newcome of the Long Island Athletic Club, a member of the local body's Board of Managers, has received an appointment as director of physical training of the army Y. M. C. A. at Camp Greene, Charlotte, N. C. Newcome was ordered to report immediately to his new post to take up the athletic training of the soldiers at the Southern camp.

RAIN SCARES GOLFERS.

Small Field and Poor Scores in Pinehurst Autumn Tournament.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Nov. 20.—Rain interfered with the qualifying round of the fourteenth annual Autumn golf tournament at Pinehurst today, less than fifty players completing the round and most of them finishing in decidedly poor figures. R. R. Sharman of Youngstown won the medal in 41, 43—84, with R. C. Shannon 2d of Brockport second at 89. Franklin Gates, winner of the Carolina tournament, took 90 today, and Clarence Hobart, medalist in that tournament, had 94. Ninety-seven proved good enough for admission to the first sixteen. Two sixteens and an eight qualified for match play.

N.Y.A.C. TO ELECT OFFICERS

Present Incumbents Expected to be Nominated Again.

A Nominating Committee to pass on candidates for election at the annual meeting on the second Tuesday in January was chosen last night by the New York Athletic Club. The committee is composed of Judge Henry A. Gildersleeve, James W. Hyde, Fremont W. Spicer, J. Emory Douglass, Henry J. Bigham, John J. Mulcahy, and George H. B. Mitchell.

The committee will accept and pass on all candidates for the different offices in the Winged Foot organization, but it is not expected that nominations will be made in opposition to the present incumbents. This fact simplifies the work of the committee, for it remains only for its members to formally nominate those at present in office. Dr. Graeme M. Hammond is President now, and while it was rumored some time ago that he would be unable to accept another term because of the war, indications point to his re-election.

TEST FOR FAMOUS COACHES.

Systems of Haughton and Glick to be Used by Army Teams.

When the elevens of Camp Upton and Camp Devens test strength at the Polo Grounds on Saturday the contest will in a measure be an exposition of the coaching systems which are in vogue at Harvard and Princeton. The Camp Upton eleven is being coached, and may be led, by Frank Glick, the former Captain and quarter back at Princeton, while the redoubtable system of coaching which brought Harvard to the fore in recent years, as expounded by Percy D. Haughton, has been drilled into the Camp Devens team by this famous coach. It is therefore anticipated that a spirited game will result in which the standard of football will be on a high plane.

There is keen interest in the contest at both of the training camps and a big delegation of men will come from Camp Upton to give vocal support to its team. It is expected that there will be fully 1,000 soldiers who will make the trip to New York, and they will march through the city on their way to the Polo Grounds, led by the regimental band. There will also be a drill by the men when they arrive at Brush Stadium. This will be the first appearance in this city of such a large body of men from the national army.

AYER, Mass., Nov. 20.—The rule barring officers at Camp Devens from playing on the football eleven was waived today and seven former Harvard 'Varsity stars began practicing with the team for the game with Camp Upton on the Polo Grounds, New York, next Saturday. The new members of the squad are Captains Charles S. Coolidge and J. H. Harris, and Lieutenants W. F. Robinsen, Thomas C. Thatcher, Morrill Wiggin, Henry W. Minot, and Melville Weston.

Reece Leader in England.

Thomas Reece appears to be the present master of English billiard professionals. "Hazard," in Sporting Life, London, says: "Reece seems destined to become the player of the year unless something unforeseen occurs. Harry Stevenson made a hack of Champion Inman a few weeks ago. Tom Reece followed suit, and then Reece gave Stevenson a severe trouncing." Nevertheless Inman and Stevenson will not play Reece unless he accepts odds of 900 in 16,000.

NOMINATIONS MADE FOR TURF CLASSICS

Leading Thoroughbreds Among Those Named for Suburban, Metropolitan and Toboggan.

Nominations for the Suburban, Metropolitan, and Toboggan Handicaps were announced yesterday by A. McL. Earlocker, Secretary of the Westchester Racing Association, disclosed that interesting racing is in store for the visitors at the Belmont Park track next Spring. The entries are more remarkable for quality than for quantity, for although there is a slight falling off numerically, the horses engaged are the best that can be found in the country. The Metropolitan Handicap at a mile has received the largest entry of eighty-one, against eighty-six received for the 1917 running. Sixty-one noted thoroughbreds are nominated for the Suburban at a mile and quarter, and seventy-nine are named for the Toboggan sprint of six furlongs.

The stars of the turf are all engaged in the Suburban, the classic inherited by the Westchester Racing Association from the Coney Island Jockey Club. If all those entered go to the post next year's Suburban will mark the first meeting of the great three-year-olds Omar Khayyam and Hourless, with old Rosebud, the handicap king of the dying season. Also it will bring into competition with older horses the two-year-old star, Sun Briar. Papp, the great rival of Sun Briar, has not been entered in the Suburban, but has been nominated for both the Metropolitan and the Toboggan.

Canadian owners may cut a big figure in the big events next year, for Wilfrid Viau has entered both Omar Khayyam and Westy Hogan in the Suburban and Metropolitan, and the latter in the Toboggan. J. K. L. Ross, another Canadian, has the distinction of making the largest entry for the Suburban. He has named six horses, not one of which has raced on metropolitan tracks previously. Mr. Ross's entry of six includes two unnamed imported horses, one a colt by Lemberg, and the other a filly by Bridge of Allan. James Butler, John W. Corrigan, and Harry Payne Whitney have each named five for the Suburban. That R. T. Wilson, Jr. still believes Campfire, the two-year-old champion of last year, is a distance horse, is proved by the fact that he has entered him for the race over the mile and a quarter route, while another entry of interest is John W. Schorr's Cudgel, which Westerners believe is the equal of Omar Khayyam and Hourless.

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THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

AMOSKEAG Wanted—7614, 7301, 6301; also Whitman's 3, 9, and 104. Finkelstein & Sons, 17 West 3d.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash, surplus stock, better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

ASTRACHAN Wanted.—White and black, for cash. Yorke, 40 Great Jones St.

BEDFORD CORDS Wanted.—In quantities. Phone 9220 Farragut.

BROADCLOTH, Poplins, Serges, and Velours Wanted.—Cash for quantity at right price. A. H. & S., 41 West 25th St. Farragut 2180.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Botanys or F. & H.; cash at right price. Farragut 8857.

CHEVIOTS Wanted.—American 0361, brown 11070, shade 8; also broadcloths. Franklin 1775.

CHIFFON VELVETS Wanted.—Taupe and black, Stern's and Cheney's qualities. E 123 Times.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples of suits, coats, and coat-dresses; medium and high priced. 9th floor, 29 West 30th.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models all week, ladies', misses', juniors', and stouts. Between 9-12, 1,140 Broadway, 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Looking at Spring styles in girls' coats and shoe-top suits, 8 to 16, good merchandise only. Phone Gramercy 6518 for appointment.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits, also jobs in Winter suits and coats. Call rear elevator, 4th floor, 151 West 26th.

COATS Wanted.—Big jobber open for Spring goods. Call, with samples, 9 to 11, or 3 to 5, all week, fourth floor, 16 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber is placing order all week on Spring coats and suits. 129 West 22d, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Spring lines of ladies' and children's coats, suits, and skirts all week. Mr. Koster, 425 West 55th.

COATS Wanted.—Largest jobber now buying infants', intermediate, children's and junior coats for Spring. M 42 Times.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring suits and coats, morning only. Sol Lenine Co., 12-16 West 27th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. 40 West 22d St., seventh floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Spring styles. Call between 9 and 12, Room 914, 1,261 Broadway.

COATS and SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples. Call 6th floor, 127 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples. 48 West 22d St., 6th floor.

COATS and SUITS Wanted.—Looking at Spring samples. 31 West 21st, 11th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring models. 14 West 24th St., 5th floor.

COATS, Dresses, and Suits Wanted.—15 West 24th St., 4th floor.

COTTON PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Interested in closeouts from manufacturers and jobbers; submit samples. General Sales Co., 21 Park Row.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—We are open for quantity of 4-thread crepe at a price, spot cash. Shapiro Bros., 514 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractor, making popular priced taffeta, georgette and crepe de chine dresses for Spring, call with samples, between 1 and 5, 43 West 26th St., 2d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at gingham dresses; we furnish our own material; write for appointment. Address D. T., 215 Times Downtown.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber will purchase quantity serge dresses; an opportunity to realize cash; samples daily. Wieber, 63 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay cash for any quantity jobs in serge and silk dresses; must be cheap. Phone Chelsea 1897.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors with Spring samples of better kind. Call all week. Ruby Costume & Dress, 116 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring models, all materials, all week, mornings. 15 East 26th St., Room 1800.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber wants Spring dresses, silks and cotton. Call after 12 M. L. Wolf, 1,170 Broadway.

DRESSES, COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Open for jobs, spot cash. Handels, 326 6th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serges and silks, open for 500, at a price. Phone Mad. Sq. 6050.

DUSTERS Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders. Call with samples, 9 to 12, all week, 4th floor, 16 West 25th St.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—7575, navy, black, brown, taupe, and reindeer; U. S. serge 235 navy. Orchard 4278.

DUVET DELAINE Wanted.—F. and H., all colors; botany 315 black. Farragut 2616.

GABARDINE Wanted.—All wool, all colors. Jacobus Bros., 1,261 Broadway.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Plaids in stripes; any quantity; spot cash. H. L. Sacks, 101 5th Av. Telephone Stuyvesant 1118.

GINGHAMS Wanted. — Quantity checks, plaids, for cash. Annetta, Farragut 3093.

KERAMI Wanted.—Blumenthal, $6; also Lapinex plush, $3.30 net. J 7 Times.

KERSEY Wanted.—American; will buy for spot cash 15020, in all colors, or will exchange navy for other shades. Chelsea 7038.

KHAKI NAMSILK Wanted. — Quantities khaki wool for spiral puttees, rubberized cloth, and dambozine. National Novelty, 79 5th Av.

KURLTEX Wanted.—Open for any quantity of Salt's black Kurltex. Stuyvesant 4360.

MACKINAWS Wanted.—And all heavy-weight overcoatings. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 17 West 3d.

MELTON KERSEY Wanted.—Thibet black and colors, suitable for overgaiters. H. Jacobs & Son, 780 Wythe Av., Brooklyn.

PEAU-DE-CYGNE Wanted.—Large quantity, cash if necessary: 8:45-10:15. Herbert Potar Silk Mills, 1,133 Broadway, 8th floor.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Gilbert's Oxford and serges, Am., D244, blue; 4192 coronet, blue. Irving, 3965 Gramercy.

POPLINS Wanted.—American 90610, or similar cloth; large quantity, for cash. H. Zaidenberg Co., 30 West 26th St. Farr. 9930.

SATIN Wanted.—Washable; open for quantity flesh color. Vantine, 115 West 29th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Poplins and velours; open for large quantities cotton warp and all wool; also cotton plushes. Call J. Schlesinger, 132 West 21st St.

SERGES Wanted.—Cream, for cash. Stuyvesant 3695.

SERGES Wanted.—6301-7301-7614, U. S. 838-235, Whitman's 94-104-99-9, or any other serges, poplin, overcoatings. Spring 6151.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantities for cash; 7120, 54289, 54274, 7614, 7301, Whitman's 104, Mr. Lawton, phone Canal 9364.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 6301, 7301, 7614, 99, and poplins 90610; spot cash; pom pom, all shades. Spring 2571.

SERGES Wanted.—Will buy Whitman's 94, 208 or 733 shades, any quantity. Phone Farragut 9350.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, 106, 104, 838; popons 09610. Farragut 9090. Phillip.

SERGE Wanted.—All-wool storm serge, all colors. Jacobus, 1,261 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman 104, American poplin 67094½ or similar. Chelsea 5822.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, navy; cash. Mad. Sq. 8475.

SILKS Wanted.—Jobber with large selling force open to connect with mill for all or part of output; highest credentials. X 307 Times Annex.

SILKS Wanted.—Taffetas, peau de cygnes, plain and changeable; all colors at a price. A. Warshauer, 432 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 1545.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Taupe. Farr. 2262. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

SUITS Wanted.—Large jobber now placing orders on smart Spring suits and coats of better kind. 32 W. 27th St., 10th floor.

SUITS and Coats Wanted for Spring. Call with samples, after 9:30 A. M., Room 514, Marbridge Building, entrance on 35th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber looking at Spring suits from $10 to $25. Call, with samples, 30 West 26th St., 3d floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Misses' and ladies'; large jobber placing Spring orders. Write for appointment to M 41 Times.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at ladies' and misses' suits, for Spring, 11th floor, 29 W. 35th.

SUITS Wanted. — Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. 1st floor, 15 West 26th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Ladies' suits; any quantity. Phone Stuyvesant 1400.

SUITS Wanted.—Better grade; will look all week. 11th Floor, 145 West 30th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at samples of Spring suits. 38 West 32d St., 8th floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Changeable; open for any quantity; spot cash. Harry Ragovin, 109 West 26th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavyweight, all colors. Colonial Cloak and Suit Co., 34 East 12th.

Buyers' Wants
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

VELOURS Wanted.—Cash, American 644, 0359, 11050; any quantity. Farragut 9090. Phillip.

VELOUR Wanted.—U. S., Style 153, brown, taupe, and reindeer. Orchard 4278.

VELOURS Wanted.—U. S. 153, all or any colors. Farragut 2616.

WASH SATINS Wanted.—Interested in wash satins at about $1. Adelson, 57 West 19th.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Will buy any quantity fancy mixtures, plaids, velour checks, light and heavy weights; also black and blue serges, all makes, spot cash; call with sample or telephone 9697 Spring for our woolen buyer, who will call immediately. Elias Surut & Sons, 670-14 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BATH ROBES for men, ladies, and children for immediate delivery. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th St.

BROADCLOTHS.—All shades, tricotines and heavy velours, also Dunmore serges; reasonable. Farragut 2924.

BURELLA. — American 0310, navy, claret, taupe, mole, brown, green, to close; 09057, all colors. Phone Farragut 2731.

BURELLA.—Heavyweight, all colors; will sacrifice. Farragut 9805.

BURGUNDY.—5 pieces heavy coatings for sale. M. Feynman, 19 West 21st.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—To close out. J. Dunn Co., 127 West 25th St.

CLOAKINGS.—Heavy and lightweight, also overcoatings and Buckley & Cohen's quality; 700; all colors; $1.65. Mad. Sq. 9358.

COATS.—Pom poms, bolivias, silvertone, velour du Nord, broadcloth, velours, dracords, &c.; plain, fur-trimmed; $16.50 to $50, immediate delivery. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, kerseys, and plush coats, all latest shades and styles; fur-trimmed; prices very reasonable. Savoy Cloak Co., 18 West 27th St. Farragut 3687.

COATS.—100 American velour coats, fur-trimmed, all shades, half lined; close out at a special price. At Zimmerman, 55 East 11th.

COATS.—Bolivias, pom poms, silvertones, velours, broadcloth, burellas, &c.; $16.50-$45; immediate delivery. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—Wonderful assortment of 100 fur-trimmed coats to close out in a job at a very low price. A. Adler & Sons, 22 West 32d St.

COATS.—Jobbers only; 300 velour coats, fur-trimmed, all shades and sizes, greatly reduced prices; exceptional value. Greenberg & Frechtman, 33 East 9th St.

COATS.—150 high-grade wool velour, fur trimmed, lined throughout, all colors, closing out extraordinarily cheap. Lefkowitz, 38 West 18th St.

COATS.—Job of 8 to 14, fancy, well made satinette girls' coats, full length; to close out at $2 each. Rudinger & Oppenheim, 821 Broadway.

COATS — Silks, mercerized, and cotton plushes, broadcloths, and velours; close out to make room. Ullin Bros., 55 East 11th St.

COATS.—Special values in Pom Pom and Bolivia; self and fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

COATS.—1,000 velour coats for immediate delivery, mostly fur-trimmed. M. Rosenman & Co., 40-42 West 27th St.

COATS.—Cotton plush, to close out; assorted colors; 300, size 6 to 14; 200, size 2 to 6. A. & L. Rosenfeld & Co., 22 West 21st St.

COATS, plush and cloth, fur-trimmed, for immediate delivery; prices reasonable. Leibman & Hurwitz, 133 West 21st St.

COATS.—Specially priced for Thanksgiving sales; thousand on racks now; best assortment colors, sizes. Rubin Ellus, 50 W. 17th.

COATS, ladies'; ask for $8.75 net special; half lined; big fur collar; immediate delivery. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS.—Velours and kerseys, fur-trimmed, in brown, green, taupe and Burgundy; to close out. Ghantz & Schreiber, 9 West 20th.

COATS.—Off price jobbing trade; velours, broadcloths, fur and plush trimmed. Smigel & Zipper, 56 West 22d. Gram. 205.

COATS to close out, velours, broadcloths, fur-trimmed; all shades. M. & D. Rubin, 34 West 17th. Chelsea 956.

COATS.—Special prices; broadcloths, velours, fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. S. Horwitz & Co., 26 East 20th. Gramercy 5498.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed Bolivia, silvertip, and velour for immediate delivery; $10 up. Hirshfield, 142 West 29th St. Send to us.

COATS.—In snappy styles at reasonable prices; immediate delivery. Gordon Outer Garment Co., 28 West 25th St.

COATS.—3,000 for immediate delivery; sizes 2-6 and 8-14; at a price. Rosh & Mayers, 1,178 Broadway.

COATS—Kerseys and velours, fur-trimmed, to close out cheap; also other good values. F. J. Gelfond, 141 West 28th St.

COATS—Plushes, $12.75 up; cloth, $8 up, for immediate delivery; jobs always on hand. Schoen & Weissman, 53 West 24th St.

COATS—Velour, broadcloth, and plushes; reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Neumann, 15 West 20th St.

COATS—Children's, juniors', and flappers, cloth and velvet, at popular prices. Neumann, 15 West 20th St.

COATS.—Wonderful values in velour and broadcloth coats, all fur-trimmed. I. Novick, 40 West 28th St.

COATS.—Fur trimmed, pom poms, velours, and plushes; excellent values. Norwalk Bros., 105 Madison Av.

COATS.—High-grade pom pom, velour; fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. Stein, Schoncelt, 1.0 West 22d.

COATS, INFANTS'.—3 exceptionally snappy styles, sacrifice; sizes, 2 to 6. Steinberg Bros., 35 West 21st.

COATS.—Junior and misses' fur trimmed; immediate delivery. Charles Feller, 41 West 25th.

COATS.—Immediate delivery at very low prices. Samuel Abrams & Co., 31 East 28th St.

COATS.—Infants', children's, and ladies' coats, trimmed; cheap. Huther, 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—Of every description, to close out at special prices. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d St.

COATS, SUITS.—Immediate delivery; new styles; low prices. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed coats to close out reasonable. Stock Cloak Co., 40 W. 18th St.

COATS.—Ladies' velour, plush, fur collar, $8.75 net. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed coats for immediate delivery; jobs also. Weksler, 170 5th Av.

COATS to close out, velours, broadcloths, fur-trimmed. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th.

COATS.—Plush, fur trimmed; will close out extraordinarily cheap. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

COATS.—1,000 to close out; fur trimmed. Joe Korcstoff, 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—200 coats, fur-trimmed, to close out. Rubin & Braff, 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—Fur trimmed; immediate delivery at right prices. Charles Cohen, 113 West 17th.

COATS.—3,000 ladies' and children's; big values. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st. St.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed, all colors; immediate delivery. Elsman & Lifshits, 40 West 17th.

COATS.—Silk plush, 48 in. long, guaranteed lining, $10. Metropolitan, 40 West 27th.

COATS.—Close out fur-trimmed and plain. Kaplan & Weinstein, 150 West 22d St.

COATS AND SUITS, to close out. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th St.

COATS, to close out; ladies' and children's. Rabinowitz & Kaplan. Spring 7342.

COATS.—500, all materials, to close out. Harry Gelfond, 122 West 27th St.

COATS.—500 to close out at reduced prices. Bernstein & Co., 118 West 27th St.

COATS, fur trimmed to close out. T. Weinberg & Son, 144 West 27th.

COATS.—200 ladies' and misses' at a big sacrifice. Greenberg, 137 West 25th.

COATS.—Closing out, $4.50 and higher. Rineberg Co., 41 West 25th St.

CREPE-DE-CHINE, immediate delivery, 90c, all colors. M. Marks Co., formerly Marks-Senner, 354 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 9350.

DRESSES.—Extraordinary offer of 500 satins and serges, staple colors and style, mostly large sizes, to close out at a price. The Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—100 silk and serge dresses; must be sold at once, at 50 per cent. loss. Oxrow & Costume Co., 51 W. 24th.

DRESSES.—Serges, velveteens, satins, close out; finest assortments; reasonable. Wolfert, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Serge, silk, and velveteen dresses, to close out at very low price. Jacob Lashin, 143 West 29th.

DRESSES.—500 French serge, discarded styles, to close out, at $3.75. Standard Costume Co., 11 East 21st St.

DRESSES.—60 serge and satin; close out; sacrifice. Clarisa, 3 West 18th St.

Offerings to Buyers
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, silks, velvet evening dresses; special values. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serge and velvet, latest styles, close out. Chauser, 45 West 27th.

DRESSES.—100 serge and satin, to close out. Annetta Dress, 111 West 27th.

FLEECE UNDERWEAR, quantity, immediate delivery; hosiery for export. Henry Isaacs, Stuyvesant 4945.

FURS.—Selling out foxes, raccoon, coney sets, collars, and trimmings. 350 6th Av.

KERAMI.—Sidney Blumenthal's $7 per yard. Farragut 2248.

KERAMI.—For sale at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

MIXTURES.—To close out all kinds different mixtures; also some worsteds. Chelsea 6018.

PLANT FOR SALE.—For cloak and suit industry; thirty-eight machines, cutting tables, pressing plant, office fixture, &c. Call 102 Madison Av., 12th floor.

PLUSH.—Will sell esquimette plush for $3.60 net cash. Chelsea 5617.

POM POM.—All shades, K 544, 11050, 13046; Stoney & Starkey velour; American serge 09050. Spring 2571.

POM POM.—American 0816, claret, brown, green; also serges, navy, black. Farragut 2731.

POM POMS.—Black, at a price. Herman & Binder, 138 W. 25th.

POM POM.—All colors. Mandelbaum, 22 West 26th. Farr. 9813.

POM POM.—American 0816, shades 946 plum. Chelsea 2570.

POM POM.—Will sell pom pom, all colors. Greeley 5213.

SATINS, meteors, failles, imported wool jerseys, serges, French twills, laces, nets; bargains. Lennox, 10 East 34th St.

SATINS.—22-inch satin de chine, all colors, to close out. Madison Square 7707.

SERGES.—Have 6002 navy at 92½c, also cotton serges in colors, navy, brown, wine and green, at 16½c net cash. A. Goldberg & Bros., 134 W. 26th.

SERGES.—Storm and French, all wool and cotton warp, 36-inch, 50-inch, 54-inch; also chiffon Panamas. Gram. 2991-2.

SERGES.—Botany 809, Juilliard's 54221; we sold the rest. Levensohn & Satz Mad. Sq. 1265.

SERGES.—Arlington, 90, 10 moraine 2878, Botany 800, Stevens 3850. Mad. Sq. 3121.

SERGES.—U. S. 838 navy. Madison Square 1540.

SHOWCASES (thirty) for sale, 5x6x29 inches. 79 Mercer St., (store.)

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; duchess meteors, georgettes, washable satins, taffetas, &c. Harris Handman, 432 4th Av. Madison Square 6277.

SKIRTS.—500 skirts to close out, silks, satins, stripes; latest models. G. P. G., 41 West 17th. Chelsea 6033.

SKIRTS.—Job 500 poplin, serges, and mixtures, $1.50. Chauser, 19 West 21st St.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Best quality; string, curved or bulk; immediate delivery. J 367 Times Downtown.

STOLES, CAPES.—Plush and Kerami muffs to match in fur effects, headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

SUITS-COATS.—Exceptional values in desirable merchandise, to close out cheap. Fensterstock & Rosen, 35 West 31st St.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Belle Cloak & Suit Co., 159 West 25th.

SUITS.—Have 25 fine poplin suits, to close out. Potter & Schattman, 147 West 22d St.

SUITS.—400 better grade to close out. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

SUITS.—400 better grade, to close out. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

VELOURS.—0359, 13052, F. & H., Botany, broadcloths, Salts velour du Nord, genuine sol satin. Mad. Sq. 3121.

VELOURS, lightweight, taupe, brown, green; kersey 15020, all shades. Madison Square 6635.

VELOURS.—544, 15020, 0359, 11070, 15023; also tricotine and Oxfords. Gram. 2991-2.

VELOURS.—Lightweight, all colors; coatings, plushes. Madison Square 2426.

VELOUR DU NORD.—Salts; quantity for sale at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

VELOUR.—F. & H., green and navy. Madison Square 8434.

VELOURS. — Silk; reasonable. Madison Square 2967.

VELVETEENS.—Plain and twill back, all colors, all widths; corduroy in narrow and wide wale, all colors; also clothing corduroy. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 31st St. Madison Square 9760.

VELVETEEN.—Narrow wale corduroy, 36 inches wide, all colors; immediate delivery. B. C. Miller Bros., 95 Bleecker St. Spring 3287.

VELVETS, silks, woolens, and cotton skirtings. Ettenson & Goldstein, 29 West 30th.

VENETIANS.—All colors, 32 to 36 inches wide. Franco Silk Mills, Inc., 36 West 25th St. Farragut 3464.

VENETIANS.—Dura satin, black, for cash. Phone Chelsea 9728.

VESTS.—Ladies' wool jersey vests, all shades, to close out at a price. Gramercy 2985.

WAISTS.—Georgette, to close out at a low price. Sugarman, 473 Broadway.

WAISTS.—Fine Georgette waists to close out. Esco Waist, 151 West 26th St.

Help Wanted.

BOYS wanted to learn machinist's trade; only those who want to work need apply. Goodman Collar Co., 80 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN Wanted.—First-class salesman for cutting up, manufacturing trade; knowledge manufacturing of embroideries essential; apply in writing; salary or commission. Nelson Co., 114 Fifth Av.

Situations Wanted.

CLOTHING MAN open for engagement; wholesale, retail manufacturing experience. Schlanger, 532 East 149th St.

SALESMAN.—A real salesman, 10 years' selling experience, desires to connect with reliable woolen house; unquestionable reference. P 63 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...5¼ per cent. for the best names.
Monday......5¼ " " " " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Woolen Goods Not Plentiful.

"However debatable may be the question of a raw wool shortage," said an authority in the local dress goods market yesterday, "there is developing a very real shortage of woolen goods. Ordinarily at this time of the year the mills would be soliciting our business for the coming Fall season. This year we find difficulty in placing our orders at all. With a large percentage of the mills of the country devoting themselves almost exclusively to Government business, the loomage left to supply civilian requirements is totally insufficient to meet the demand."

Heavy Underwear in Demand.

In the local knit goods market, it is said, there is an unusually large demand this Fall for heavy underwear, in spite of the moderate weather which has obtained thus far. While there is no scarcity of union suits, there is reported a serious shortage in separate shirts and drawers for both men and women. Though the mills have caught up fairly well on deliveries, they are not in a position to accept duplicate orders for nearby shipment. With jobbers pretty well cleaned out of merchandise, retailers whose stocks are low are finding it hard to fill in. Possibility of relief seems to be a long way off because of the necessity of supplying Government needs before any other work may be done.

Silk Underwear Again Active.

Reports from the local department stores indicate that the dullness which has prevailed for a month or so in silk underwear for women has given place during the last few days to a fairly active demand. While in some stores it is said the trend is unmistakably toward black, others report the standard colors for these garments as still the best sellers. The envelope chemise in crêpe de chine is said to be particularly well sought. In many cases it is preferred with but slight decoration. Camisoles are also popular, and in these, as in other garments, simplicity seems to be the keynote. The princess type slip-over gown is said to be coming back to favor again.

Why He Doesn't Get Them.

A local dry goods man who has some goods that are already several weeks behind schedule due him from a certain bleachery, recently "put up a holler" for them. The bleachery wrote that the goods were ready, but that they could not get freight cars enough to make deliveries of them and the goods that were ahead of them. After a reasonable wait the merchant wrote again. This time the reply said that the bleachery could not get the necessary wooden cases in which to ship the goods. Came another wait; then the merchant wrote a third time. Yesterday he got his third reply, which was to the effect that the bleachery's freight elevator had "gone wrong", and that it would require ten days or two weeks to put in a new one. Now the merchant is expecting to hear any day that the goods cannot be shipped because the bleachery has been blown up by a German spy.

Stylish Stout Suits Selling.

Here and there in the local women's ready-to-wear trade many wailings have been heard this Fall of a falling off in demand for suits of the popular and middle-priced grades. But never a complaint has come from those manufacturers specializing in "stylish stouts." They are said to have experienced none of the dullness which has been evident from time to time in the rest of the trade. Several of these manufacturers report that they have had one of the best seasons in their history. It is also said that a better grade of merchandise has been sold this year than formerly.

Hard Coal Receipts Small.

The Coal Trade Journal will say today that, with October setting a new high record for anthracite production, the lightness of current receipts in this market is mystifying unless it is kept in mind that mining activities received a setback early this month, by reason of holidays and washouts, as well as by an unusual car shortage at collieries in the Schuylkill region served by the Pennsylvania Railroad. Output is again on a heavy basis, and a change for the better should soon be apparent at tidewater. There has been no noticeable increase in the tonnage of free bituminous available to trade buyers, but there has been a slight increase in the tonnage available to consumers as a result of the modification of a Federal rule which allows jobbers more latitude in distributing coal they have contracted to buy.

Lack of Individuality Hurts.

The Retail Millinery Association of America has received from a prominent local buyer a letter which bewails the lack of individuality on the part of the manufacturers, in part as follows: "This [the sameness complained of] results from the lack of independence or resourcefulness. At present buyers are swamped with a million samples of satin-brocaded or gold-embroidered hats. It is true that they sell well—but it is also true that by every manufacturer putting his whole mind on that one style, to the exclusion of any other style that might prove a ready seller, resourcefulness and individuality are lost. Many manufacturers are making Palm Beach hats, but only a few—not more than may be counted on one's finger tips—have created a line that has real merit."

Afternoon Frocks Liked.

In the late Fall duplicate orders which have been coming in for the last few weeks to local manufacturers of dresses for women it is said that afternoon dresses, from the simple styles to the most elaborate, are receiving frequent mention. The more dressy type of afternoon frock is particularly popular since the need for economy has developed, because it can be worn on formal evening occasions as well. Black satin is said to be one of the leading fabrics in these garments, though other silks in blue, taupe, brown, and green in various shades have sold well.

More Weakness in Crude Rubber.

With liberal shipments of crude rubber being received here and with practically no trading of any real account, prices in the local market for this commodity continue to soften. The plantation grades are still relatively stronger than the Brazilians, but both of them are now below the 60-cent mark. In the case of the Eastern rubbers, at least, the spot price is slightly lower than that which holders are asking for the forward positions. Yesterday up-river fine was held here at 56½ cents a pound, spot, with up-river coarse and upper Caucho ball quoted respectively at 38 and 35 cents. First latex crêpe was held at 58½@59 cents for spots and at 59 cents for nearby forward positions. Smoked sheets were quoted at 57 cents, spot.

Printcloths Sell the Best.

Printcloths were the most active in the local gray goods market yesterday, though buyers also took a certain amount of sheetings and drills. Bids of 10⅝ cents for March 38½-inch 64-56s were referred to the mills by some commission houses, but it is understood that sales for this delivery were made at the price given. November-December deliveries of 38½-inch 64-60s brought 11¼ cents, but when these goods were wanted for December-February shipment they could be had for an eighth less. Spot 39-inch 68-72s again sold at 12¾ cents, and bids of 7¼ cents for 27-inch 56-52s were successful. For February and March delivery, sales of 38½-inch 48 squares were made at 8½ cents. Sheetings sales included further lots of 48-square, four-yards at 13¼@13½ cents, according to delivery; and additional sales of 56-60, four-yards at 14 cents. For January-February shipments of 30-inch 3.25-yard drills 16½ cents was paid. Spot printcloths closed this way:

39-inch, 80-80s	15½c	38½-inch, 64-60s	11¼c
39-inch, 72-76s	14¼c	38½-inch, 64-56s	11c
39-inch, 68-72s	12¾c	38½-inch, 60-52s	10c
39-inch, 56-44s	9⅛c	38½-inch, 60-48s	9⅝c
38½-inch, 64-64s	11¾c	27-inch, 64-60s	8⅛c

BUSINESS NOTES.

The accounts of the Anderson-Dulin-Varnell Company, Knoxville, Tenn., and the J. R. Libby Company, Portland, Me., are now being handled in this market by James T. Leonard & Co., resident buyers, 353 Fourth Avenue.

Albert F. Robb, for many years with the Scotia Worsted Mills and the Selden Worsted Mills, has been appointed sales manager of the woolen department of the Syndicate Textile Mills, 16 and 18 West Twenty-second Street, for which the Hulse Brothers and Daniel Company is the factor.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

LA ROY SHOP, INC., manufacturers of dresses at 281 Grand St.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this corporation by these creditors: Elco Silk Mills, $500; Wurf & Bank, $110; M. Halpert, $450, and Charles Vogel, $104. The company also made an assignment to Charles Vogel.

HENRY S. PRAGER of 720 West 181st St. has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $7,313 and assets of $2,636, consisting of accounts and claims.

GOTTHILF LEHMANN, accountant, of 261 West 128th St., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,060 and no assets.

SCHULMAN & GREENBERG.—Sam Schulman and Aaron Greenberg, composing the firm of Schulman & Greenberg of — Broadway, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,710 and no assets.

ABIGAIL H. BISHOP.—The bankruptcy proceedings of Abigail H. Bishop, who filed a petition on March 7, 1913, was reopened yesterday by Referee Townsend. Mrs. Bishop divorced her husband, James C. Bishop, a banker and broker, who was formerly a partner in the firm of Redmond & Co. She asked to have the proceedings reopened, as she claimed there were assets never accounted for by Mr. Bishop. At yesterday's meeting Marcel Levy was re-elected trustee. The referee gave notice to the lawyers that he was not going to allow these proceedings as an anvil to annoy Mr. Bishop, as most of the allegations of Mrs. Bishop had been thrashed out before in other proceedings.

JOSEPH S. LESSER.—Judge Hand has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to Joseph S. Lesser of 308 West 88th St., formerly a manufacturer of laces and embroideries, with liabilities of $258,407; and to Matthew J. Harvey of 480 East 140th St., trucks, with liabilities of $80,632, claims for damages for personal injuries.

P. S. FARMER CO.—Miss Bertha Rembaugh has been appointed receiver for P. S. Farmer Co., resident buyer for out-of-town firms at 470 Fourth Av. Liabilities are $17,000 and assets $5,000.

ENDERS-KNOPF CO., electrotypers at 47 Ann St., has made an assignment to Otto Greenberger.

DORA BEABER, retail dresses and skirts, of 19 West 116th St., has made an assignment to Harry Mesard.

METROPOLITAN BY-PRODUCTS COMPANY of 147 Remsen Street, Brooklyn.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by the following creditors: Weymar Lumber Company, $5,950; Louis Kalischer, $7,256; Aubrey Nicklas, $60.

JULIA PETT of 344 Tompkins Avenue, Brooklyn.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against, by the following creditors: Henry Greenstein, $300; W. C. Snell, $34; J. Ratner, $262. She has made an assignment to Morris Schwartz, 239 Blake Avenue, Brooklyn.

PETER KALINSTORNY of 758 New Jersey Avenue, Brooklyn, has made an assignment to Alfred B. Hann of 309 Broadway, New York City.

Out of Town.
Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—The Golf Shop Company of 33 South Wabash Avenue has filed an involuntary petition in bankruptcy in behalf of Preston L. Keith Shoe Company and others, with claims aggregating $1,485.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.
Amounts of $100 and over.

Astorino, Luigi—B. J. Sporza..........$113.65
Ballance, Ethel J.—A. W. Davis.....5,432.50
Blank, Kate—Met. Life Ins. Co.......13,077.70
Bailey & Conner—W. A. Donovan et al.........3,773.78
Corrigan, Emmett—E. M. Producing Co..........126.45
Colonna, Rocco—M. Lisanti..........106.20
Condon Autostop Co.—Slocum Avram & Slocum Laboratories..........365.43
De Lucem, Felix—V. Valentine et al...217.34
Delany, Emma—N. Y. Edison Co., costs..........109.95
Drucker Co.—W. H. C. Russell..........807.62
Dillon, Charles G.—W. Lewisohn et al..142.70
David, George—B. Willing..........124.40
Elliott, Clarence P.—N. L. Sire..........102.35
Extension Mfg. Co.—Delaware Hard Fibre Co..........296.69
Finance Operating Co., Inc.—M. Blaser.254.86
Same—L. Seidman..........183.00
Fellows, John A. and John A. Fellows Realty Co.—A. T. Carlson..........707.50
Ferry, Joseph—N. Shankoff et al.....285.65
Fox, Julius B.—American Mort. Co..1,412.38
Galland, Justin S.—M. L. Cohn et al..1,876.93
Germania Eng. and Const. Co.—Pikeway Realty Corp..........3,849.60
H. B. Claflin Corp.—W. Liebowitz..20,329.25
Hoffman, Aaron V. N.—Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co..........205.39
Goldstein, Henry and Sidney Auer—B. Glaser..........1,096.17
High Speed Tools Corp.—H. J. White..352.65
Herba Laboratory—J. & P. B. Meyers..271.88
Imperial Products Co.—General Platers Supply Co..........1,386.67
Ireland, Edw. V.—Gimbel Brothers, New York..........518.68
Kammin, Benjamin—L. Goldberg et al., costs..........115.98
Karge, Elizabeth—J. L. Hayes..........364.91
Light, Herman E.—Standard Cigar Stand Co..........365.61
Lavery, Arthur—Park & Tilford..........143.03
Locke, Rosina, or Bauland—A. McNally.635.20
Levy, Charles—G. D. Clarke..........239.20
Lester, Morris, and Herman Brodt, (Lester & Brodt)—Ontario Thread Co..894.18
Mayes, Lorenzo D.—Tribune Association.115.00
McEvoy, Hugh J.—V. Landes..........3,752.74
Miller, Benita, and Mrs. Faes—People, &c..........300.00
Marrinan, John F.—F. Forman..........163.07
Manee, Elias S., and Adolf Fink—L. Percippe, costs..........122.18
McDonald, Edith—M. L. Connes......1,594.65
Mabardi, Mabelle B.—H. Chaimowitz....111.41
Moran, Mary—H. W. Glenister..........125.17
Neidhart, William A.—L. Bretey..........611.62
New York Railways Co.—J. Molitisanti.750.00
Macey, William—Sonn Brothers Co.......339.57
O'Connell, Dennis—S. Loeb..........206.39
Painter, Mary, or Taintor—Finn Holding Corporation..........186.86
Robertson, Carroll M.—H. C. Fisher, possession of chattels and $87 or....2,000.00
Richards, William E.—W. D. S. Beam.225.20
Ropeik, Meyer—W. Simon et al..........166.68
Rofrano, Giacondo—A. Laviani..........344.60
Rodman, Edward, and Daniel Richter—J. Sterman et al..........650.34
Radt, Max—D. H. Hyman..........39,342.47
Skidulsky, Alex.—J. S. Sterling..........136.00
Achweitzer, Sophie—F. Greenbaum....102.70
Slupsky, Morris F.—I. Wallach..........160.40
Shaughnessy, Alice—Stern Bros..........285.24
Sullivan, Ellen—J. J. Boyle et al....646.36
Saretsky, Victor, and Adolph Buslik (Buslik & Saretsky)—H. Mautner et al..........749.41
Stillman, Harry—Valentine Realty Corporation..........140.70
Schreiber, Moses—Chatham & Phoenix Nat. Bank of N. Y..........314.09
Sharp, Ernest, and Joseph Zoetzl—Bronx Borough Bank..........386.96
Salinger, Berthold—A. S. Asch....2,935.47
Shubert, Lee—West End Theatre Syndicate, Ltd..........3,157.70
Smith, Forrest D—S. Eichler..........613.97
Schlesinger, Frederick and Sarah—A. Derb et al..........3,141.08
Sullivan, Frank J.—Gilhuly Cannon Co.413.80
Travis, Walter W.—Mitchell Vance Co...165.98
Thompson, Burton—Jackson Steinway Co., costs..........128.83
Turner, A. Alan, or Joseph Turner—E. Booker..........171.00
Thos. E. Wilson & Co.—A. S. Cragin..........10,136.85
Tahlheim, Carl—L. Mieshner..........5,019.19
Welch, John J.—J. R. Armstrong......375.00
Witte, Herman J.—E. C. Kuhn..........126.25
Wilson, Nathan—Lenox Sand and Gravel Co..........216.78
Zucker, Samuel—A. Rubick..........229.25

In Bronx County.

Astorino, Luigi—B. J. Sforza..........$113.65
Apartment House Appliance Co.—Gerard Iron Works..........243.82
Damsey, Joseph A.—Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp..........1,028.13
Ensign Improvement Co. and Joseph A. Damsey—Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp..........221.04
Same—L. Naccarato..........203.09
Ensign Improvement Co.—Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp..........1,295.97
F. & M. Const. Co. and Joseph Slovensky—N. I. Kahen..........218.07
Jacobson, Samuel—C. Herrman..........120.20
Lewis, Louis, and Henry Pereira—S. J. Potts..........276.97
McCue, Joseph—W. R. J. Planten....2,717.54
Wicka, Milton O.—M. E. Cummings...346.72

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date that when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Fulton, Robert M.—Lawyers Title and Trust Co., Jan. 18, 1916..........$166.41
Salomon, Maurice and Samuel—J. Rossi, Jan. 20, 1917..........1,428.62
Rothwell, Thomas H.—G. Beirne, Nov. 22, 1916..........4,571.24
Salomon, Maurice and Samuel—J. Rossi, Nov. 15, 1917..........102.42
American Surety Co. of N. Y.—T. H. Nicholas, July 2, 1917..........21,061.64
Carney, Josephine M.—City Real Estate Co., March 8, 1916..........3,621.99
Sherman, Reginald P.—American Press Ass'n, Oct. 31, 1917..........104.19
Bergen & Lindeman—Elmira Water Light & R. Co., Feb. 23, 1916..........288.50
Weber, Carl F. J.—United Dressed Beef Co. of N. Y., Nov. 9, 1917..........104.88
Zeman, Victor B.—Klaber Realty Co., Dec. 17, 1913..........217.23
Garcia, Leonard—J. Delmonte, Aug. 20, 1917..........321.40
Moltz Trimming Mfg. Co.—B. Herschman, May 21, 1917, vacated..........670.41
Klivan, Abraham H.—S. Sondheim, March 23, 1917..........289.41
Logle, James, and David C. Isles—E. Routh, Nov. 7, 1917..........101.00
Logie, James, and David C. Isles—E. Routh, Jan. 29, 1917..........1,676.40

In Bronx County

Cunningham, Thomas J.—C. M. Mapes, March 30, 1915..........29.52
Ebling Co.—City of New York, Oct. 31, 1917..........101.27
Glick, Israel, and Nathan Echstein—I. Lipschitz..........427.72

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ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AMSTERDAM—Holzheimer & Shaul; N. J. Shaul, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Gavronski & Freedman; M. Gavronski, clothing, furnishing goods; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; H. Weiss, rugs; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Brothers; D. Rosenberg, silks; New Strand.
BALTIMORE—M. Stein & Co.; M. Stein, piece goods; Imperial.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—J. Pulitzer, men's clothing, women's, children's ready-to-wear; Broztell.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Parisian Co.; L. Block, millinery; 353 4th Av.
BIRMINGHAM—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; F. E. Lee, silks, cotton, dress goods; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss H. B. Cobham, women's coats, suits; 470 4th Av.; Breslin.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss A. C. Thiebault, hosiery, knit underwear; 15 E. 26th.
BOSTON — Barron-Anderson Co.; W. N. Schmidt, woolens; Breslin.
BOSTON — Hanover Clothing Mfg. Co.; E. Stone, clothing; Bristol.
BOSTON—Shepard-Norwell Co.; W. F. Collins, silks, dress, wash goods; 220 5th Av.; McAlpin.
BOSTON—Williamson & Sleeper; G. E. Sleeper, ladies' hats; Park Avenue.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Miss McHugh, dresses; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; S. Falk, boys' clothing; Mrs. M. F. Hirsch, waists; Miss A. G. Tarpy, misses' dresses; Miss A. A. Murphy, women's dresses; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Schneider, misses' underwear; Miss Griffin, ladies' cotton waists; Mrs. Milligan, children's furs; Mr. Silberman, machine-made dresses; Mrs. Best, misses' suits, coats; Miss MacNamee, trimmed millinery; Mr. Lyford, furs; Mr. Hahn, basement, jewelry, leather goods; Mr. Ring, furs; Mr. Levy, waists, sweaters; Mr. O'Brian, ladies', misses' suits; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; Miss C. Henry, cotton waists; F. H. Jury, dresses, negligees; Miss K. J. Sutton, buttons; Miss C. M. Snelling, lace goods; H. Owen, ribbons; Miss M. Blackden, small wares, hair goods; Miss H. Hammelberg, women's neckwear; Miss M. A. Turner, ribbons; Miss M. J. Kelly, trimmings; Miss E. G. O'Gorman, braids; C. J. Robinson, china, glassware; Miss C. E. Sweeney, misses' suits, dresses; 432 4th Av.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—C. Misch; H. N. Walder, coats, suits; 1,261 B'way.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; H. J. Ellsworth, wash, dress goods; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO—Clawson & Wilson Co.; H. E. Galuve, silks, dress goods; 43 Leonard.
BUFFALO—Sinclair, Rooney & Co.; J. S. Duncan, trimmed hats; 621 Broadway.
BUFFALO—T. S. Burger & Son; T. S. Burger, hosiery, knit goods; T. E. Burger, men's, women's furnishing goods; Breslin.
CHARLESTON, W. Va.—Soloff Bros.; J. W. Solof, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.—J. B. Ivey & Co.; J. B. Ivey, toys; L. A. Docksey, dress goods, silks, notions, hosiery; G. B. Cafoonis, ready-to-wear, waists, muslin underwear; Miss Burns, jewelry; Grand.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.—Hamilton Co.; W. B. Hamilton, millinery; Continental.
CHICAGO—Tobey Furniture Co.; G. O. Connell, furniture; Algonquin.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. M. White, men's, youths' clothing; 1,107 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; G. G. Elder, notions; 1,107 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Catalogue House; J. N. Rosenthal, suits, coats, dresses; 132 W. 21st.
CHICAGO — Sears, Roebuck & Co.; V. J. Bert, domestics, linens, white goods; E. H. Powell, muslin underwear, fancy knit goods; H. C. Carson, women's coats; E. Holland, shoes; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Montgomery, Ward Co.; J. H. Hawkins, men's flannel shirts; 43 W. 23d.
CINCINNATI—M. Reiser & Sons; W. Reiser, coats, suits, skirts; 1,133 B'way; Aberdeen.
CINCINNATI—Textile Shirt Co.; F. B. Guthman, shirtings; Imperial.
CLEVELAND—Keller & Kohn Co.; B. Keller, cloaks, suits; 1,150 Broadway.
CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; S. L. Hahn, coats; Miss S. Cohen, waists; Miss Campbell, underwear, petticoats; Miss S. Jacobs, dresses; Miss P. Hooper, skirts; 116 West 32d.
CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; Miss E. Cohen, jobs dresses; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—William Taylor Son & Co.; J. F. Gallagher, men's furn. goods; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; Mr. Knight, furs; Miss M. Chitek, boys' clothing, hats, caps; 230 5th Av.
CLEVELAND — Bailey Co.; J. H. Smith, men's furn. goods, hats; 72 Madison Av.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; C. E. Elkington, laces, ribbons, hdkfs.; 37 W. 26th; Imperial.
CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; C. Mashck, G. Thompson, Miss J. Hogan, Miss R. Gordon, Miss L. K. Brion, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—When Stores; J. Goldstein, ready-to-wear; 1,161 Broadway; Ansonia.
DENVER—The Neusteter Co.; Miss T. Feenberg, waists; 364 5th Av.
DETROIT—Crowley Brothers; A. E. Burkhardt, laces, neckwear, handkerchiefs; 43 Leonard.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—A. Schultz, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
FALL RIVER—R. A. McWhirr Co.; O. D. Brown, domestics, linens; 404 4th Av.
HOLYOKE, Mass.—Bunyan & Dowling; Miss H. Dowling, millinery, silks, neckwear, dress goods; Murray Hill.
HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Solof Bros.; A. Solof, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way.
INDIANAPOLIS — Effreymson & Wolf; M. Straschun, domestics; 43 Leonard.
INDIANAPOLIS—F. B. Leyl, ready-to-wear; 72 Madison Av.
ITHACA, N. Y.—Wells-Shannon Co.; H. L. Wells, men's wear; Grand.
JACKSONVILLE—Cohen Bros.; M. E. Morrow, silks, dress goods; 225 5th Av.
KANSAS CITY—Smith-McCord-Townsend D. G. Co.; S. Beam, knit goods, hosiery, underwear; 72 Leonard.
LANCASTER, Penn.—M. Lurio & Bro.; B. Lurio, hosiery, underwear, clothing, furn. goods; Herald Square.
MERIDIAN, Miss.—Marks, Rothenberg Co.; S. Marks, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; J. Calder and Miss Mollish, muslin underwear, wrappers, hosiery; 220 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; Miss E. Spillane, coats, suits; 230 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Young, Quinlan Co.; Miss C. Berry, waists; 220 5th Av.
MONTREAL, Canada — Almy's, Ltd.; Mr. Smiley, linens, white goods; Mr. Atkinson, millinery; 230 5th Av.
NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—J. Genesky, men's clothing, furnishing goods; Albert.
NEW HAVEN—Gamble-Desmond Co.; M. H. Reynolds, upholstery goods; 470 4th Av.
NEW ORLEANS—Marks Ribbon Co.; J. Marks, ribbons, silks; 15 E. 26th.
NEW ORLEANS—A. Katten Co.; A. Katten, piece goods; 87 Leonard.
NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; E. S. Malvern, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 1,239 B'way; Broztell.
NORWICH, Conn.—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; J. M. Lee, millinery, ribbons, hosiery, gloves; 432 4th Av.; Murray Hill.
OKLAHOMA CITY—The Emporium; E. L. Tobias, jobs ready-to-wear; 1,199 Broadway.
OMAHA—Burgess, Nash Co.; Miss Gale, muslin underwear; 200 5th Av.
PAWTUCKET—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; N. Schonberg, clothing; 404 4th Av.
PHILADELPHIA — "Blauner's;" Miss Schenk, Spring skirts; H. Blauner, jobs coats, suits; Miss Weiss, jobs cotton waists; I. Blauner, jobs silk waists; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—S. Rothschild & Co.; M. Gutman, infants', children's clothing; 1,182 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA — Gimbel Bros.; Miss E. Evans, waists; Miss G. Newman, dresses; B'way and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—"Blauner's"; H. Kamholz, furs; Miss L. Baker, jobs juvenile wear; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—L. W. Hirsch Co.; Mrs. Werman, coats; 470 4th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; D. J. Lit, house dresses, kimonos, jobs ostrich feather boas, (basement;) 1,261 B'way.
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PHILADELPHIA — M. Gross & Co.; M. Gross, women's suitings; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—H. Norwick & Son; H. Norwick, suits, piece goods; 1,182 Broadway; Aberdeen.
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PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss S. Walter, Miss A. M. Day, laces, handkerchiefs, white goods, ladies' neckwear; Miss E. Esterly, waists; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; L. Schwartz, knit underwear; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; M. J. Sternberg, millinery; 404 4th Av.
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PITTSTON, Penn.—Waldman & Co.; H. Waldman, ready to wear; 404 4th Av.
POTTSVILLE, Penn. — Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; J. D. Gardner, coats, suits; 230 5th Av.; Latham.
PROVIDENCE—Mfrs. Outlet Co.; M. Isaacs, coats, suits, waists, skirts; J. Samuels, men's clothing; L. Samuels, general mdse.; 116 W. 32d.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; C. Chrismer, books, stationery; 230 5th Av.
READING, Penn.—Kline, Epplhimer & Co.; D. Mould, coats, suits; 44 E. 23d; Latham.
RICHMOND—Wilkinson, Williams & Reed; J. H. Wilkinson, furn. goods, notions; 256 Church.
ROCHESTER, N. Y. — McCurdy-Robinson Co.; J. C. McCurdy, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 353 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; J. Engler, upholstery goods; 432 4th Av.; Broztell.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—McCurdy-Robinson Co.; E. E. Swarthout, dress goods, silks; 353 4th Av.; Park Avenue.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; D. J. Meagher, boys' clothing; 432 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Stein-Bloch Co.; C. T. Stott, woolens; 200 5th Av.
SALEM—Almy, Bigelow & Washburn; G. Daley, domestics, linens; 230 5th Av.
SALEM—W. G. Webber Co.; J. J. Walsh, domestics, linens; 404 4th Av.
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SAN FRANCISCO—Reich & Lievre; H. A. Levinson, jobs coats, suits; 116 W. 32d.
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SCRANTON, Penn.—Taylor, Browning Co.; Miss M. A. Barrett, coats, suits, laces, waists; Collingwood.
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TOLEDO—Cohen-Friedlander-Martin Co.; L. S. Ottenheimer, cloak, suit materials; 229 4th Av.
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WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; Mrs. M. G. Hoitt, ladies' neckwear; 432 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; F. E. Mock, domestics, linens; H. Barschkies, silks, velvets; 334 4th Av.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Continue Upward Movement—Interest in Creation of Credit Board.

The stock market displayed more cheerfulness yesterday than for some time past, and opening quotations showed a resumption of the upward movement in prices which started in the closing hour of Monday's session. Not only was there a manifestation of a lack of selling pressure, but the buying of rails, shipping, coppers, and industrials showed that the demand was of a character which suggested a strengthening of the general market position. Transactions were approximately three-quarters of a million shares, compared with about 406,000 on Monday, and in the case of the more active issues the net gains ranged from 1 to 4¼ points. The closing was strong.

The budget of news was on the whole interpreted as bullish; the report of the sinking of five German submarines in a single day attracted more attention than the sinking of the American destroyer Chauncey in a collision; the developments in the Italian situation appeared to be encouraging, and the closing of the Interstate Commerce Commission hearings on the 15 per cent. freight rate increase left the Street confident that the request of the carriers would be granted in due course. The publication of the final Liberty Loan figures by the local Federal Reserve Bank, showing that nearly $950,000,000 had been received on the second war loan in this district, was gratifying as indicating the ability of this financial centre to supply funds required by the Government. The temporary suspension of resort to the so-called "money pool," established for aiding the flotation of the Liberty Loan, has not vitally affected the money market, the rates for call loans ranging yesterday from 4½ to 5 per cent. and closing at the lower level.

In banking circles keen interest was taken in the intimations received from Washington that Government officials were engaged in working out plans for the creation of a Credit Board, the function of which will be to aid manufacturers and contractors supplying materials to the Government to finance their requirements. Thus far there has been a lack of uniformity in the Government's dealings with contractors, and, while in many cases advances have been made, in others they have been refused, with the consequent result that difficulties in financing production of goods needed for war purposes have delayed deliveries and caused some embarrassment. The need of a Credit Board is particularly important at this time by reason of investment market conditions and the inability to market the usual form of short-term notes. It has been suggested that later on it may be necessary for Congress to modify some of the provisions of the Federal Reserve act with the view of adjusting the banking machinery to the current conditions, which are extraordinary on account of the war and the continuous flotation of Government loans.

The advance in stock market prices was led by the rails, and the general list showed gains with the exception of Delaware & Hudson, Lehigh Valley, Pennsylvania, and Baltimore & Ohio preferred, which recorded fractional declines for the day. Mercantile Marine preferred advanced to 98¼, closing at 98⅛, or 4½ points above Monday's final quotation, while United States Steel moved up to 96⅞, at which price it closed, the gain being 1 point.

Trading in the 3½ and 4 per cent. Liberty Loan bonds was active, with sales totaling nearly $3,000,000; but the movement was just the opposite of that of Monday, when the 3½s advanced and the 4s declined. Yesterday the 3½s closed at 99, a loss of .20, while the 4s sold as high as 97.80, closing at 97.74, a gain of .24.

Exchange moved against Italy, 8.80 being quoted for checks, compared with 8.72 on Monday, while the cable rate for francs moved a fraction in favor of France.

LONDON MARKET IS FIRM.

Trading Reflects Confident Feeling Over Coming Allied Conferences.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—With the possible early issue of a part of the French loan, the imminence of another colonial loan and so many short-term Government issues available, the gilt-edged section of the Stock Exchange maintained surprising firmness today and reflected the confident feeling over the conferences proceeding with the allied visitors.

There were dealings in the new war bonds at par and numerous transactions in Shell oils, rubber and industrial shares at steady prices. Money and discount rates were quiet. Russian exchange was easy.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 20.—The Bourse was quiet today. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 59 francs 75 centimes for cash. Exchange on London was quoted at 27.28 and the new 5 per cent. loan at 87.75.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	5	Last	4½
Low	4½	Renewals	5

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Thirty days	5	Thirty days	5¼
Sixty days	5¼	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5½
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5¾
Five months	5¼@5¾	Five months	5¾
Six months	5¼@5¾	Six months	5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days......3¼@3½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days......3½@3¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days......4¼@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.
30 to 60 days......5
4 to 6 months......5¼
Other Names.
4 to 6 months......5½@5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75 7-16	$4.75 5-16	$4.75 7-16	..
Cables	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.74⅜	5.75⅜	5.73⅜	+.00⅛
Cables	5.73	5.73	5.73	+.00½
Rubles—				
Demand	12.35	12.35	12.35	+.40
Cables	12.60	12.60	12.60	+.40

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75 7-16	$4.76 7-16
5.1826	Paris	5.74⅜	5.73
	China—		
	Hongkong	70.00	70.25
	Peking	105.00	105.25
	Shanghai	98.00	98.25
19.295	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.19	Holland	44.25	44.75
32.44	Ind—		
	Bombay	34.50	34.75
	Calcutta	34.50	34.75
5.1823	Italy	8.80	8.79
49.84	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.50	51.75
	Yokohama	51.50	51.75
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	50.125	50.25
51.50	Russia	12.35	12.60
26.79	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	41.75	42.25
	Copenhagen	34.25	34.75
	Christiania	34.25	34.75
19.295	Spain	23.65	23.75
	South America—		
32.42	Rio	25.31	25.41
42.44	Buenos Aires	45.61	45.71
5.1826	Switzerland	4.40	4.37

TIME BILLS ON LONDON

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71¼	$4.69¼	$4.70¼	$4.68¼

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $606,239,945; balance, $57,492,119; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,317,176; Federal Reserve credit balance, $38,450,258.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .3125 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 43⅛d., off ¼d.; in New York, 85⅛c., off ⅛c.; Mexican dollars, 66¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, NOV. 20, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	744,034	1,693,958	328,009
Year to date	167,889,630	194,349,725	157,458,263

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
2½	2¾	100	Alaska Juneau	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	...
17¾	18	900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	17½	18¼	17½	18	+⅜
69	72	400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	70	70	70	70	...
76	78	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	77	77	77	77	+2
73	73¼	1,100	Am. Beet Sugar	72	73¼	72	73¼	+1¾
35	35¼	11,100	Am. Can	34⅜	35⅜	34¼	35⅛	+1⅛
64⅝	64½	1,900	Am. Car & Fdry	64	64⅝	64	64⅝	+⅞
101½	108½	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	+4⅛
13	15¼	400	Am. H. & Leather	13	13⅛	13	13	+½
53	53½	300	Am. H. & L. pf.	53	55	55	53	+1⅜
10½	10⅞	200	Am. Ice	10½	10½	10½	10½	+¼
37	37½	100	Am. Ice pf.	37⅛	37½	37½	37½	-1½
55¼	55¾	1,000	Am. International	54	55⅝	54	55⅝	+1⅝
25¼	25½	4,300	Am. Linseed	25¼	26	25¼	25½	+½
70¼	71	2,755	Am. Linseed pf.	69½	70¼	69¼	70	+1¼
54½	54¾	7,300	Am. Locomotive	54	54⅝	53⅞	54⅝	+2
10½	11⅛	200	Am. Malting	10⅝	10⅝	10½	10½	+¼
75⅝	75⅞	16,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	74	76¼	73⅞	75⅝	+2½
101	102	300	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½	+1
53⅝	54½	1,600	Am. Steel F'dries	53½	54¾	53½	53¾	+½
95⅝	96	900	Am. Sugar Ref.	94½	96	94½	95¾	+2¼
108	109	500	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	108	108½	108	108½	+½
53¼	53⅝	1,400	Am. Sumatra Tob.	53	53½	52	53½	+1
108	..	1,200	Am. Tel. & Tel.	108¼	108⅝	107½	108⅝	-⅛
170	173½	100	Am Tobacco	170	170	170	170	-¼
41½	42¾	300	Am. Woolen	41¾	41¾	41½	41½	...
20½	23	200	Am. Writing P. pf.	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	+3⅞
13	17	500	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	12⅝	13	12⅝	13	+1¼
42	45	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	42	42	42	42	...
57¾	58	19,100	Anaconda Copper	56⅞	58¼	56⅝	57¾	+1⅜
..	1⅜	100	Assets Realization	1	1	1	1	...
86	86½	1,600	Atch., Top. & S. F.	85¾	86½	85¼	86½	+⅞
83	85	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	84	84	84	84	...
95	97	300	Atlantic Coast Line	95	96	95	96	+1½
99	99¼	3,200	At., Gulf & West I.	99	99¼	98⅝	99¼	+1⅜
59¼	60½	100	At., Gulf & W. I. pf.	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛	-⅞
58⅝	58¾	10,200	Baldwin Loco.	59	59	57⅞	58⅝	+¼
52⅝	52¾	3,200	Baltimore & Ohio	52½	53	52	52½	+⅜
59½	60½	255	Baltimore & O. pf.	60	60	60	60	-⅞
90	91	120	Barrett Co.	89½	89½	89½	89½	+1¾
82½	83	900	Bethlehem Steel	79½	82½	79½	82⅝	+3⅝
82⅝	82¾	67,700	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c.	80⅛	83¼	79⅞	82⅝	+2⅞
97⅝	98½	1,900	Beth. S. pf sub.r.f.p.	98⅞	98⅞	98	98	...
44½	44½	400	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	43⅝	44	43¼	44	+⅜
6¾	7	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+⅛
111	112	1,000	Burns Brothers	112½	112½	112	112	+¾
10	10½	150	Butterick Co.	10	10	10	10	...
16⅝	17	100	Butte & Superior	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+½
12½	12⅞	500	California Petrol	12	12½	12	12½	+1½
34½	37	600	California Pet. pf.	34⅝	35	34⅝	35	+4
133⅛	133½	7,100	Canadian Pacific	133	133⅝	132½	133½	...
23	23½	100	Central Foundry	25	25	25	25	-2
64	64½	7,600	Central Leather Co.	63	64⅝	63	64¼	+1⅛
97	100	100	Central Leather pf.	99	99	99	99	+1
31⅞	32	200	Cerro da Pasco	32	32	32	32	...
62½	63	500	Chandler Motor	63	63	62	63	+½
48	48¼	4,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	48⅛	48⅞	48	48¼	+¼
20⅝	21	1,100	Chi., Great West. pf.	20⅝	21⅛	20⅝	21	+1
39	39¼	5,900	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	38½	39⅜	37⅞	39	+½
74	77	2,300	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	76	77	75	75	...
96	97	300	Chi. & Northwest'n	95½	95½	95½	95½	+½
19½	19¾	8,200	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c.	19	19¾	18⅞	19⅝	+½
51½	52	1,000	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c.	50⅝	51⅝	50⅝	51⅝	+1⅝
41½	42¼	1,600	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	41	42	41	42	+1½
14¼	14½	2,600	Chile Copper	14¼	14⅝	14¼	14½	+⅜
41¼	41½	4,700	Chino Copper	39½	41½	39¼	41½	+2½
47	50	100	Cluett, Peabody	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	-⅛
33¼	34¼	1,400	Col. Fuel & Iron	34¼	34½	33⅞	34⅝	+2⅝
30¼	30½	700	Columbia Gas & El.	30	30¼	30	30¼	+1¼
25	30	500	Comput. Tab. Rec.	31	31	28	28	-4
83	84	1,800	Consolidated Gas	83	84	82⅝	84	+2
28¼	28¾	20,800	Corn Products Ref.	28	28⅞	27⅞	28½	+⅜
90½	91	1,400	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	90	90	90	90	-⅛
56¼	56½	9,600	Crucible Steel	54⅜	56½	54⅛	56¼	+2⅜
27⅝	27⅞	900	Cuba Cane Sugar	27½	28	27½	27⅞	+½
77⅝	78	1,000	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	77½	77⅞	77½	77⅞	+¼
95	96½	300	Deere & Co. pf.	94½	95½	94½	95½	-½
89½	89¾	10,000	Del. & Hudson	90⅛	91½	88½	89¾	-½
11⅛	12	300	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	12½	12½	12	12	-2½
35	35½	5,300	Distillers' Secur.	35⅞	35⅞	34½	35	+1
6¾	7	300	Dome Mines	6⅞	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	+¼
3	3½	100	Duluth, S. S. & A.	3½	3½	3½	3½	+1
15½	15¾	10,800	Erie	14⅞	15⅞	14⅞	15½	+½
23¼	23½	1,300	Erie 1st pf.	22½	23½	22½	23¼	+¾
17½	18	300	Erie 2d pf.	17⅜	18⅛	17⅜	18	+1
11	20	100	Federal Min. & S.	12	12	12	12	...
33½	35	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	34	34	34	34	+3⅜
129⅝	130	1,200	General Electric	128½	129⅞	128½	129⅞	+⅞
89	89⅜	18,500	General Motors	90	90½	87½	89⅛	+⅛
74½	76	400	General Motors pf.	74¾	75	74⅝	75	+1¼
35¼	36	1,200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	35	36	35	35¼	+⅝
66	67	100	Granby Consol.	66	66	66	66	+½
92	92½	1,700	Great Northern pf.	92⅞	92⅞	91¾	92	...
25⅞	26	1,700	G. N. ctfs. for o. p.	25	26	25	26	+1
84	86	400	Gulf States Steel	85	85¼	85	85¼	+1¼
30	30½	400	Haskell & Barker	29½	30	29½	30	+½
..	..	14	Hav. Elec. Ry. & L.	99	99	99	99	...
43½	43¾	6,700	Inspiration Copper	42	44	42	43½	+1½
6⅞	7	100	Interboro Consol.	7	7	7	7	+1½
45	45¼	700	Interboro Con. pf.	44⅛	45¼	44⅛	45¼	+1⅝
..	..	100	Int. Agricultural	10	10	10	10	...
105	107	200	Int. Harvester, N.J.	104⅝	105	104⅝	105	+3
54	60	300	Int. Harvester Corp.	52½	55	52½	55	+3
26	26¼	11,300	Int. Mer. Marine	25½	26¼	25½	26	+1
97¾	98	53,800	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	94½	98¼	94¼	98¼	+4¼
26½	27	2,000	Int. Nickel	26	26⅞	26	26⅞	+⅞
21¼	22	700	Int. Paper	21	22	21	22	+1½
53½	54	100	Int. Paper pf. sta.	54	54	54	54	+1½
30	33	100	Jewel Tea	33	33	33	33	+2
16½	17	1,000	Kansas City South.	16¼	16⅞	16	16⅞	+1
40	42	700	Kelly Spring. Tire	40	40½	39½	40½	+2¼
33⅛	33¼	9,500	Kennecott Copper	32½	33⅛	32	33¼	+1⅛
95	100	10	Kings C.El.& P.x d.	95	95	95	95	...
77	77⅞	5,500	Lackawanna Steel	77	78	76¼	77½	+1½
8½	9	220	Lake Erie & West	9	9	9	9	...
11¼	11½	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	11¼	11¼	11¼	11½	+½
54	54½	1,900	Lehigh Valley	54½	55	53⅞	54½	-⅝
100	101½	200	Liggett & Myers pf.	100	100	100	100	...
115	116½	500	Louis. & Nash.	113⅞	116	113⅞	116	+2⅜
71¼	89	200	Mackay Cos.	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝	+⅝
100¼	101	200	Manhattan Elev.	100	100¼	100	100¼	+2¼
24¼	25	200	Maxwell Motors	23¼	24	23¼	24	...
46¾	48	100	May Dept. Stores	47½	47½	47½	47½	+¼
79	79½	6,200	Mexican Petroleum	76½	79⅞	76½	79	+3
81	88	100	Mex. Petroleum pf.	85	85	85	85	+⅛
28	28⅛	2,000	Miami Copper	27⅛	28⅛	27⅛	28⅛	+1¼
44	44¼	4,200	Midvale Steel	43⅜	44¼	43⅛	44⅛	+¾
10⅝	11	800	Minn. & St. L. new	10⅝	10⅝	10	10⅝	+⅝
83	84½	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	+¾
24⅝	24¾	14,100	Mo. Pacific tr rcts	23	24¾	22⅞	24¾	+1⅜
41	41⅛	3,200	Mo. Pac. pf. tr rcts	39⅞	41¼	39⅞	41¼	+1¼
66⅞	67	500	Montana Power	65½	66½	65½	66½	+⅝
25½	26½	100	Nat. Acme	26½	26½	26½	26½	+1
80	85	100	Nat. Biscuit	82	82	82	82	+2
22	22½	1,500	Nat. Cond. & Cable	22⅝	22⅝	22	22	...
37	37⅛	1,600	Nat. Enam. & St.	37½	37⅝	37	37	...
43½	44½	200	Nat. Lead	44	44½	44	44½	+1¾
17¼	17½	800	Nevada Con. Cop.	17⅜	17½	16⅞	17¼	+⅝
109	111	600	N. Y. Air Brake	109½	111	109½	110	+1½
71½	72½	2,900	N. Y. Central	70½	72	70⅝	72	+1½
16	18	200	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	16⅛	16¼	16¼	16¼	+2¼
26¼	27	1,500	N. Y., N. H. & H.	26¼	26⅞	26	26⅞	+1
19¼	20	400	N. Y., Ont. & West	19¼	19⅞	19¼	19⅞	+¼
103½	104⅞	300	Norfolk & Western	103⅞	103⅞	103½	103⅞	+⅝
87	87⅝	2,300	Northern Pacific	86⅞	88	86¼	87	+¾
61	63	100	Nova S. S. & C. x d.	60⅛	60½	60⅛	60½	+10½
36½	37	7,500	Ohio Cities Gas	36	36½	35½	36½	+⅛
68	70	1,000	Owens Bottle Mach.	69	69	67½	68	+2
..	..	200	Pacific Mail	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+½
16	19	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	18½	18½	18⅞	18⅞	-1½
47⅛	47¼	7,600	Penn. R. R.	48	48⅛	47¼	47¼	-⅛
39	39¼	600	People's Gas, Chi.	38½	39⅛	38½	39	+⅜
13	13½	200	Pere Marquette	13⅛	13½	13½	13½	-½
27	27½	200	Philadelphia Co.	27	27	27	27	+¼
31¼	34	100	Pierce-Arrow	33	33	33	33	+2
44	45	1,300	Pittsburgh Coal	42	44	42	44	+1½
77½	79	300	Pitts. Coal pf.	77	78	77	77½	+½
22½	23	800	Pitts. & West Va.	22	22⅞	22	22⅞	+⅞
55½	56⅝	400	Pitts. & W. Va. pf.	56	56	56	56	+1
54¼	55½	1,000	Pressed Steel Car	53⅛	56	53⅛	55	+3½
128	129	600	Pullman Co.	129	129	128½	129	...
½	1	800	Quicksilver	1	1	¾	¾	-¼
1	1¼	1,200	Quicksilver pf.	1¼	1¼	1	1	-½
40½	42	200	Railway Steel Sp.	40⅝	40⅝	40½	40½	+¾
22⅛	22⅜	2,700	Ray Con. Copper	22	22⅜	22	22⅜	+½
71¾	72	31,000	Reading	70⅞	72¼	70¼	71⅞	+1
36	39	100	Reading 2d pf.	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞	-¼
74¼	74½	9,200	Rep. Iron & Steel	73	74⅝	72⅝	74⅝	+1⅝
71½	73	5,400	Royal Dutch t r.	69⅛	73¼	69⅛	73½	+3½
14¾	15¼	800	St. Louis-San Fran.	15	15	15	15	+½
5	5¼	500	Saxon Motor	5¼	5¼	5	5	...
9	9½	200	Seaboard Air Line	9¼	9½	9¼	9½	+¼
18⅝	19	300	Seab. Air Line pf.	18½	18⅝	18½	18⅝	+1
141	142	300	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	142	142	142	142	+2
19⅞	20	1,300	Shattuck-Arizona	19⅝	20¼	19⅝	20	+⅞
30⅞	31	3,900	Sinclair Oil	30	31	29⅞	31	+1½
35	37	200	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	36	36	36	36	+1
83	83¼	3,900	Southern Pacific	83¼	83⅝	82½	83	+½
150	155	100	So. Porto Rico Sug.	152	152	152	152	+4
25	25¼	6,600	Southern Railway	25⅛	25¼	24⅞	25	+¼
57	57½	600	Southern Ry. pf.	58	58	57½	57⅛	+⅝
39	39¼	3,300	Studebaker Co. x d.	39⅝	39⅝	38⅝	39¼	+¾
33¼	34¼	800	Superior Steel	33⅞	34⅛	33⅞	34¼	-1½
12⅝	12½	1,200	Tenn. C. & C.	12⅜	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	+½
140½	141	2,900	Texas Co.	140	141¼	139½	141	+1
46½	47	2,300	Tobacco Products	45¼	46⅝	45¼	46¾	...
38	40	100	Transue & Wms.	39	39	39	39	+2
73	75	200	Twin City R. T.	73	73	73	73	...
116	117	8,800	Union Pacific	116	117⅝	115	116½	+¼
73	74¾	100	Union Pacific pf.	73	73	73	73	-1½
36⅞	37¼	400	United Alloy Steel	37	37	37	37	+1
86¼	86¾	1,300	United Cigar Stores	85	86⅝	85	86¼	+2⅝
70	79⅞	100	United Drug 2d pf.	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	+1⅞
115	118½	100	United Fruit	118	118	118	118	+3
6½	7	500	United Rys. Invest	6¼	6½	6¼	6½	+¼
106	106¼	3,600	U. S. Indus. Alco.	106	106	104	106	+2
89⅞	92	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf.	90	90	90	90	-1¼
51¼	51⅜	1,500	U. S. Rubber	50½	51⅛	50½	51¼	+⅞
43¾	45	100	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	44½	44½	44½	44½	+2½
96⅝	96⅞	155,300	U. S. Steel	95½	96⅞	94⅝	96⅞	+1⅜
108½	109	900	U. S. Steel pf.	107⅞	108⅛	107⅞	108⅛	+⅜
77⅝	78¼	9,100	Utah Copper	76⅛	78⅝	75⅞	78	+2½
30⅝	31⅞	500	Va.-Car. Chemical	31	31⅛	31	31⅛	+⅜
7¾	8	800	Wabash	8	8	8	8	+¼
41⅝	41¾	600	Wabash pf. A	41⅛	41⅝	41⅜	41⅝	+⅜
21	21½	500	Wabash pf. B	21⅛	21⅛	21	21	-½
13⅝	14¼	1,500	Western Maryland	13¼	14	13¼	14	+1
83	84	1,200	Western Union Tel	83	83⅞	83	83½	+1½
38⅜	39	4,200	Westingh. E. & M.	38¾	39	38	38⅜	+1
9½	9⅞	100	Wheeling & L. E.	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	+⅜
18½	20	100	Wheel. & L. E. pf.	19½	19½	19½	19½	+½
36	38	10	White Motors	36	36	36	36	...
45¼	46½	300	Wilson & Co.	45⅝	46¼	45⅝	46¼	+¼
17⅝	17⅞	5,700	Willys-Overland	17⅝	18	17¼	17⅞	...
70	73	800	Willys-Overland pf.	70	70	69⅞	70	+½
37¼	38	2,000	Wisconsin Central	35¼	37⅞	35½	37⅞	+1¼
110½	111	600	Woolw., (F.W.) Co.	112½	112½	111	111	+1
28	30¼	400	Worthington Pump	27⅞	29	27⅞	29	+4

Bethlehem Dividend Declared.

Directors of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation yesterday at the regular meeting declared the usual quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. on the A and B common stock and an initial 2 per cent. quarterly dividend on the new 8 per cent. preferred stock, both dividends being payable Jan. 2, 1918, to stockholders of record Dec. 15. President Grace, in a brief statement following the meeting, said that the Bethlehem, in common with other steel companies, was feeling the shortage of railway transportation facilities, particularly in securing raw materials and fuel.

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.
The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	59.21	58.10	58.81	+.69
25 industrials	71.15	69.52	70.70	+1.31
50 stocks	65.18	63.81	64.75	+.98

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 20	65.18	63.81	64.75	+.98
Nov. 19	63.89	62.77	63.77	+1.02
Nov. 17	62.94	62.43	62.75	+.66
Nov. 16	62.48	61.74	62.09	-.04
Nov. 15	62.43	61.69	62.13	+.04
Nov. 14	62.73	61.64	62.09	-.80
Nov. 13	63.47	62.47	62.89	-.36

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Nov.	High.	Low.	Last.
1917	66.05 Nov. 1	60.42 Nov. 8	64.75
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	97.17 Nov. 1	97.33
1915	93.51 Nov. 1	85.76 Nov. 10	90.39
1914	Exchange closed.		
1913	67.80 Nov. 1	65.50 Nov. 10	66.51
1912	84.12 Nov. 7	81.10 Nov. 12	82.37
1911	78.98 Nov. 24	74.14 Nov. 1	77.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Sept.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	90.46 Jan. 4	60.42 Nov. 8	64.75
†1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Sept. 22	100.[illegible]
Full Years.			
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	93.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80 Jan. 31	67.41 July 30	69.20
1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10	68.09
1912	85.82 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41 June 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Nov. 20...76.87	+.14	Nov. 12...77.40	—..
Nov. 19...76.73	—.17	Nov. 10...77.40	—.03
Nov. 17...76.72	—.17	Nov. 9...77.43	—.03
Nov. 16...76.89	—.16	Nov. 8...77.46	—.33
Nov. 15...77.05	—.06	Nov. 7...77.79	—.05
Nov. 14...77.11	—.20	Nov. 6...Holiday.	
Nov. 13...77.31	—.09	Nov. 5...77.84	—.37

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Sept.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	88.48 Jan. 26	76.72 Nov. 17	76.87
†1916	89.03 Nov. 20	86.19 Apr. 23	88.97
Full Years.			
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 23	88.64
1915	87.62 Nov. 24	81.51 Jan. 2	86.07
1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Readjusting Government Deposits.

New York banks subscribing to the last issue of United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness, which were offered in an unlimited amount, were asked yesterday by the Federal Reserve Bank to convert their book credits into cash by sending to the Federal Bank their check for the proceeds. This was done, and immediately the Reserve Bank redeposited with the banks and trust companies about two-thirds of the funds thus transferred. It is estimated that of the $685,000,000 of the certificates sold, the New York district took about $350,000,000; and it is assumed that yesterday's shifting of funds reduced the Government deposits of New York banks by about $125,000,000. These funds will no doubt be used by the Reserve Bank in making advances to the foreign Governments on behalf of the Treasury Department.

Demand for British Bills.

Announcement of the resumption of offerings of ninety-day British Treasury bills by J. P. Morgan & Co. brought yesterday a large volume of applications, both from local banks and from out-of-town institutions. It was said that the higher discount rate, 6 per cent., made the bills unusually attractive. At the close of business last night it was reported that about one-half of the $15,000,000 had already been disposed of and that the balance would probably be sold today and tomorrow. Efforts are being made to place the bills with out-of-town institutions and to relieve the New York market from the pressure as much as possible, and in line with this general policy, several large applications from local institutions were cut down yesterday, one bank receiving $250,000 instead of the $1,000,000 it had asked for. The first lot of $15,000,000 of the bills matures today and will be paid. The first lot was sold at a discount of 5¼ per cent., but subsequent lots were put out at 5½ per cent.

Costs More to Ship Currency.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York has sent out a letter to banks advising them that in view of the increased postage rates it has been necessary to revise the schedule of costs for the shipment of Federal Reserve notes. Including registry and insurance, the mailing of 1,000 $5 bills will cost $1.79, and $6.54 will be charged for the shipment of 1,000 $100 bills. The Federal Reserve Bank is still willing to pay for the transportation of gold and gold certificates, and will exchange same for Federal Reserve notes without charge to banks.

Regulating the Cotton Trade.

The recent strong rise and continued firmness in the cotton market have given rise to renewed talk of Government regulation in this staple comparable with the regulation already introduced into practically all others. One of the largest New York cotton operators, however, gave it as his opinion yesterday that the regulation of cotton would be attended by far greater difficulties than have been experienced in iron, steel, coal, or copper. "Merely putting a maximum price on raw cotton," he said, "would simply mean taking the profit out of the grower's pocket and putting it into the spinner's, and no Congress, least of all a Democratic Congress, could be persuaded to do that. But to take the whole cotton trade, from the raw cotton to the infinite variety of fabrics made from it, and eliminate the 'vicious circle' of rising prices, would be a job before which any man might quail."

Prices and Consumption.

There is an increasing feeling apparent in the cotton trade that regulation, if it is finally forced by conditions, will be the result not so much of soaring prices as of shortage of supply, and will take the form, not of price regulation, but of restrictions on consumption. Something of the sort is already foreshadowed by the action of the British Government in restricting the output of the Manchester mills. At present, however, thirty-cent, or even higher, cotton seems to hold no terrors for the trade, so long as spinners are willing to pay the price, which, of course, will ultimately be passed along to the consumers.

Freight Rates and Profiteering.

A big shipping man yesterday objected to the use of the word "profiteering" in connection with the shipping industry, pointing out that not only have the reputable American shipping companies one and all accepted strict Government regulation and turned over their ships and entire organization to the Shipping Board with a good grace, but they and the big British firms alike are now under such complete control that they cannot "profiteer" if they want to, and in any case are earning far more money for the treasuries of their respective Governments than they are for themselves. The point is, however, that it is not the big fellows who have made trouble, but the little fish who have slipped through the net, and not even all of those.

The Only Unregulated Shipping.

The owner or charterer of an American steamer of 2,500 tons or over cannot "profiteer," for his ship is already requisitioned by the Government and he is running her for Government account; moreover, at the least suspicion of anything improper in the way she was being handled, the Shipping Board would take her away from him. The owner or charterer of a neutral ship, or American ship or steamer of less than 2,500 tons, under charter, cannot "profiteer," because every charter must be approved by the Shipping Board Chartering Committee, and that committee, composed of men who know all the ins and outs of the shipping business, scrutinizes it carefully. But the owner of a neutral or a small American ship not subject to requisition, running her himself and picking up cargo where he finds it, cannot as yet be reached, because he makes no charter to be approved. If there were plenty of tonnage available, the sheer weight of competition of the great bulk of regulated tonnage would keep rates for these small fry down. But there is something like a tonnage famine—and the tonnage picaroons profit accordingly.

Tobacco Against Candy.

Smokers are frequently taunted with the unpatriotic nature of their expenditure on tobacco, observes The London Economist, which points out that the usual defense is the assertion that a very high proportion of the cost goes to the Government in the form of taxes. "The man or woman who accuses the smoker of unpatriotic conduct is always a non-smoker, and most non-smokers are devotees of sweetmeats," declares this serious financial publication, adding, "The accusation lies ill in their mouths; for, whatever may be said for or against smoking in war time, there can surely be no defense for expenditure on sweetmeats, especially in view of the deficiency in sugar supplies. That the sweet-eating public have a bad record is shown by the report of Maynards, Ltd., the well-known sweet and confectionery retailers. This company's profits increased from £36,104 in 1914-15 to £46,836 in 1915-16, and to £71,663 in 1916-17. For the last year the ordinary shareholders received a dividend of 20 per cent. and a bonus of 1 shilling per share, which is another way of describing a distribution of 40 per cent. For the year 1913-14 they received 10 per cent. These facts provide a small but a glaring illustration of our frequent contention that large sections of the public are falling very far short of their urgent duty in curtailing unnecessary expenditure and lending the proceeds to the Government to carry on the war."

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, NOV. 20, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$5,147,000	$5,470,000	$5,346,500
Year to date	906,930,450	1,019,392,500	814,013,700

U S Liberty 3½s, int ctfs, f p
$45000...99.20
20000...99.22
5000...99.16
30000...99.20
47000...99.18
25000...99.12
100000...99.10
3000...99.12
25000...99.14
7000...99.16
1000...99.18
82000...99.20
50000...99.22
83000...99.16
2000...99.18
2000...99.14
3000...99.16
2000...99.18
20000...99.12
10000...99.06
50000...99.06
10000...99.10
50000...99.12
4000...99.10
1000...99.08
8000...99.10
12000...99.12
2000...99.06
25000...99.1[illegible]
3000...99.10
5000...99.06
10000...99.06
10000...99.04
10000...99.04
16000...99.02
13000...99.02
5000...99.04
10000...99.02
10000...99.04
83000...99.02
17000...99.04
3000...99.02
2000...99.04
11000...99.02
2000...99
4000...99.02
11000...99
22000...99.02
15000...99.04
56000...99

U S Liberty 4s
284000...97.50
1000...97.52
4000...97.54
20000...97.56
50000...97.60
20000...97.60
5000...97.58
5000...97.56
6000...97.58
51000...97.58
2000...97.58
73000...97.[illegible]
2000...97.58
43000...97.56
2000...97.58
78000...97.56
11000...97.58
25000...97.56
44000...97.58
500...97.80
500...97.80
20000...97.58
5000...97.56
6000...97.60
41000...97.58
51000...97.60
1000...97.64
9000...97.62
2000...97.64
105000...97.60
2000...97.62
59000...97.61
1000...97.66
1000...97.60
10000...97.62
14000...97.64
1000...97.62
15000...97.60
500...98
12000...97.66
40000...97.62
5000...97.66
10000...97.62
1000...97.64
5000...97.66
40000...97.68
500...98
24000...97.68
20000...97.66
27000...97.64
8000...97.68
1000...97.62
11000...97.66
19000...97.68
19000...97.68
33000...97.70
112000...97.68
77000...97.70
30000...97.72
50000...97.76
10000...97.78
15000...97.80
45000...97.76
8000...97.78
10000...97.76
1000...97.72
18000...97.70
8000...97.72
8000...97.70
11000...97.74
40000...97.70
1000...97.76
33000...97.74
30000...97.74
4000...97.72
12000...97.70
6000...97.72
10000...97.70
1000...97.72
6000...97.70
2000...97.74
19000...97.72
17000...97.70
25000...97.74

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Am For Sec 5s
15...92¾
3...93
2...93¼
10...93½
Anglo-Fr 5s
46...90
3...89⅞
6...90
½...90⅛
36...90
CityofBord6s
11...82½
5...83
3...83¼
1...84
CityofLyons6s
5...83
10...83⅛
2...84
CityofMars6s
5...83
1...84
CityofParis6s
8...83½
1...83½
DomofCan5s, 1921
5...94⅛
1926
3...90⅝
1931
1...90
French Govt temp 5½s
14...93⅛
16...93⅜
10...93½
1...93⅝
JapGovt4½s, sterl loan
10...86½
English stp
5⅛...87
2d Ser
3...88
German stp
1...74⅝
4...74½
UnKingofGt Br & Ire 5s
13...97⅞
5½s, 1918
17...99¼
1...99⅜
5...99⅝
5½s, 1919
1...94⅞
30...95⅛
10...95
20...95½
80...95
15...95½
142...95¼
10...95⅜
59...95
10...95⅜
5...95¼
new
6...96⅝
7...97
2...96⅞
16...97
2...96⅞
5½s, 1921
102...92
35...91⅞
5...92
NYCity4¼s,'60
7...93
4½s, 1963
6...99
AmSmelt&Ref templst5s
1...85
2...85⅛
3...85
AmT&Tcoltr5s
3...93

¼...93⅜
1...92½
2...93
2...92¾
col 4s
6...82
10...81¼
AmThread4s
1...95¼
AmWPaper5s
5...79
AnnArbor1st4s
3...51
Arm&Co4½s
1...85¼
5...86
A,T&SFegen4s
5...82
67...83
conv4s,1960
1...86
B&Ogold4s
1...77
½...77
1...78
conv 4½s
8...78⅞
11...79
ref 5s
1...79⅞
10...79½
Beth Steel purmoney5s
1...79
BradenCops6s
5...90
BRT5s,1918
3...90⅛
1...91
2...90⅞
5...90⅛
2...90
BushTerBldgs gtd 5s
1...79
CentofGaRy con 5s
2...87½
CentLeath5s
1...95⅛
CofNJgen5s
6...102
Cerro de Pasco Cop cv 6s
13...105¼
C & O con 5s
7...98⅞
conv 4½s
1...69
conv 5s
2...72⅞
5...72⅞
10...72⅞
12...73
33...72⅞
14...72⅞
13...72⅞
6...73
C,B&Qgen4s
1...82
joint 4s
8...93
3...92⅞
10...93
1...93⅛
5...93
3...93⅛
IowaDiv5s
3...90½
Chi,Mil&StP ref 4½s
1...67½
conv 4½s
1...70⅞
6...70
conv5s,SerB
3...77
4s, 1925
1...75¼
C,RI&Pgen4s
10...74
2...74¼
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s
10...61½
5...61⅛
Chile Cop 7s
2...98⅞
5...90
1...100
5...99¼
10...99½
Col&Solst4s
7...82
ConGasconv6s
3...99⅞
2...99⅞
1...99⅞
4...99⅞
3...99¾
D&Hist&ref4s
2...85⅛
DistSecCorp5s
10...73
Erielstgen4s
2...49
1st con 4s
2...66⅞
cv4s,SerB
3...38⅝
1...39⅛
cv4s,SerD
8...43½
5...44
GenElecdeb5s
4...97
Hud & Man adj inc 5s
1...12
IllCentref4s
1...78⅛
3...78⅛
Ind Steel 5s
2...96⅛
4...96⅞
Int-Met 4½s
3...52
1...52¼
4...52⅛
IRTIst&ref5s
1...77⅛
2...77⅞
1...78⅛
1...78⅛
22...78⅛
2 3...78
9...78
2...77⅞
9...78
IntAgrCcoltr5s
1...70
IntMerMar6s
1...92
Int Paper 6s
1...100
IowaCentlst5s
2...80
LS&MSo3½s
5...75¼
L&Ngen6s
1...106¼
ManhatCon4s
8...83
Midvale Steel col tr 5s
1...84⅞
1...84⅛
Mo,K&T1st4s
106...58
6...58⅛
2d 4s
8...30
10...30⅛
Mo Pac 1st & ref 5s, 1926
3...88¼
gen 4s
3...53¼
20...53¼
26...53⅛
5...53⅛
18...53⅛
5...53¼
10...53⅞
5...53⅛
35...54
3...54⅛
NYCentdeb6s
23...94
1...94⅛
7...94
5...93⅞
deb 4s, 1934
2...78⅞
ref&imp4½s, Ser A
2...87
1...87⅛
NYRysadj5s
1...19¼
N Y Tel 4½s
1...88⅛
NY,W&B4½s
1...40

Nor Pac 4s
5...82
OregShL1st con 5s
1...95⅞
1st 6s
2...101⅛
PacGas&E5s
1...80½
1...80⅛
PRRgen4½s
8...90
Peo&Elnc5s
1...10
PereMarlst5s
4...81⅛
Pitts,C,C&StL gtd4s,SerG
2...91
StL,IrMt&So unify&ref4s
5...71
River&G4s
1...70⅛
StL&SFrprln 4s, Ser A
33...55¼
15...55⅛
4...55⅛
adjust 6s
1...59
1...59¼
10...58⅞
35...59
St L S W 1st term 5s
2...61
SeabALadj5s
8...43⅛
8...44
So Bell T & T 1st 5s
1...93
So Pac cv 4s
3...76½
conv 5s
6...89⅞
5...88⅞
1...89
1st ref 4s
2...79⅞
1...79⅞
SouthnRylst5s
2...92¼
gen 4s
3...58⅞
1...58⅛
10...58⅞
2...58⅞
1...58⅞
10...58¼
10s30f...58⅞
20...58⅞
StLDiv4s
1...68
ThirdAvadj5s
2...27
2...28
2...29
UnPaclst4s
3...87
5...87⅛
conv 4s
1...83½
1st&ref4s
2...78⅞
1...78
USRubber6s
1...99½
1st&ref5s
7...75
18...74⅞
2...75
5...74⅛
25...75
6...74⅞
19...74⅞
48...75
USSteelCs5s
22...98⅞
3...98⅞
3...98⅞
4...98½
4...98⅞
11...98⅛
Va-CarChlst5s
1...94⅛
VaRy&Pow5s
5...80
1...79⅞
4...80
Wabashlst5s
5...93½
WestnPac5s
1...79⅛
1...80
2...79½
West T 4s
3...80
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
1...96
3...95½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96¾	97
2s, c, 1930	96¾	..
3s, r, 1918	99	100
3s, c, 1918	99	..
3s, 1946, r	84	..
3s, 1946, c	85	..
4s, r, 1925	105	106
4s, c, 1925	105	106
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97¾	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97¾	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	84	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea 1st pf, ex div	80	..
Adams Ex.	70	80
Ad Rumely	7	9
Do pf.	20	21½
Ajax Rub.	49½	55
Alaska Gold	2⅝	2¾
Alls & W.	91½	..
Am Ag Ch pf.	91	95
Am B N.	30	37
Do pf.	40	46
Am B Sug pf.	80	93
Am B S & Fdy	..	97
Do pf.	155	186
Am Can pf.	92½	97
Am C pf.	..	20
Am Coal.	38	..
Am Cot Oil	25¼	26
Do pf.	70	80
Am Exp.	80	85
Am Lo pf.	94	97
Am M 1st pf.	53¼	55
Am Snuff	100	103½
Do pf.	..	95
Am Shipb.	87	89
Do pf.	..	93½
Am S Tob pf.	..	83
Am T & C.	55	60
Am T pf.	97	98
Am W pf.	87½	89⅞
Asso D G.	12	13
Do 1st pf	47½	55½
Do 2d pf.	37	54⅞
Assoc Oil.	50	54
A, B & A.	8⅞	10
Bald L pf.	96	101
Barrett Co pf.	97½	100¼
Batop M.	1	1¼
Beth S pf.	85	90
B Ua G.	80	90
Brown Sh, ex div.	61½	65½
Do pf.	88⅛	95
B, R & P.	70	89⅛
Do pf.	100	..
Burns Bros pf.	110	112
Bush Ter.	..	100
Cal Pack.	34⅞	36
Cal & Ar.	65	67
Can So.	..	54
C, C & O.	..	22
Do pf.	..	50
Case (J I) pf.	..	78
Cent F pf.	33	38
C R R of N J.	206	231
C & S A Tel	98	102
Chi Gt W.	6⅞	7½

	Bid.	Asked.
Chi & Alt.	7½	9
Do pf.	16	20
C & N W pf.	142	145
Chi, St P, M & Om.	69	80
Do pf.	100	130
C, C, C & St L.	26	34¾
Do pf.	..	76
Cl & Pitts.	..	83¾
Clu-P pf.	88	110
Col South.	20½	22
Do 1st pf	43	46
Do 2d pf.	40	48
Con G. B.	95	104
C I C M.	10	10¼
Cont Can.	82	87
Do pf.	87	110
Cont Ins.	40	42
Crex Carp.	38	45
Cruc S pf.	87	88
C-Am Sug.	140	160
Do pf.	90	109
D, L & W.	180	185
D & R G.	5	6
Det Ed.	104½	107
Det U Ry.	..	95
D, S S & A pf.	5½	7⅞
Elec S B.	47	53
Elk H C.	22	28
Do pf.	..	43
Erie & P.	..	70
Fisher Bdy.	27	31
Do pf.	75	..
G, W & W.	33	34
Gen Chem.	160	175
Do pf.	99	105
Gen Cigar.	33	35
Do pf.	90	100
G'drich pf.	93	97
Greene-Can.	34	35
Gulf S S 1st pf.	100	102
Do 2d pf.	79	160
G, M & N pf.	33	43
Hartman.	40¾	42½
Homestake, ex div.	92½	99⅞
Ill Cent.	95¼	96⅛
Int Agric.	10	15
Do pf.	32	35
I H, N J, pf.	107	118
Int H Cor pf.	96⅛	100
Int N pf.	90	99
Int Salt.	59	60
Int Pa pf.	68	75
Iowa Cent.	3	5
Isl C Coal	..	75
Jewel T pf.	80	92
K C, Ft S & M pf.	..	69
Kan C So pf.	44	47

	Bid.	Asked.
Kelly S T pf.	77	83
Kelsey Wh.	16	30
Do pf.	70	85
K & D M.	2⅞	7
Do pf.	..	50
Kress(S H)	46	52
Do pf.	98	105⅝
Lacl Gas.	80	90
L E & W pf.	17	25
Ligg & M.	170	200
L 1st ctfs.	34	45
L-W Bisc.	12⅞	15
Do 1st pf	..	84
Do 2d pf.	50	64
Lorill'd Co.	170	185
Do pf.	100	120
M'kay Cos pf.	58½	63
Mah C R.	350	..
Man B'ch.	¾	4
Man Elec S	..	43
Do 1st pf	..	96⅞
Max M 1st pf.	51	56
Do 2d pf.	13⅛	14⅞
M Dep Sts pf.	90	103
Mich Cent.	..	109
M, St P & S S M pf.	101	117
Do l l.	60	70
M, K & T.	4	4½
Do pf.	7	8
Mon V Tr.	..	15
Mon P pf.	97	100
Mor & Es.	..	80
N. C & St L	110	122
Nat B pf.	104⅞	107
Nat C & S.	56½	65
Do pf.	94	100
Nat En pf.	93	100
Nat L pf.	100¼	104
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	..	21
Do 2d pf.	5⅞	6
N O, T & Mex	20	22
N Y C & St L 1st pf.	..	79
Do 2d pf.	40	49
N Y Dock.	12	15
Do pf.	27	48
N Y, L & West	100	123
Norf South.	21	22
Norf & Wn pf.	78	85
North Am.	45	47
N W Tel.	..	60
Ohio F S.	..	48
Ont Min.	4	4½
Owens B M pf.	108	113
Pac Coast.	40	50
Do 1st pf	68	90
Do 2d pf.	58	80
Pac M pf.	90	107
P T & Tel pf.	..	98
Pan-Am P & T pf.	87	88
Peo & E.	4	6
Pere M pr pf.	45	50
Do pf.	30	39
P, Ft W & C	..	150
Pitts S pf.	85	94

	Bid.	Asked.
Pett-Mull.	25	35
Do 1st pf.	90	97½
Pierce-Ar pf.	88	93
P, C, C & St L.	55	65
Pond C C.	17	18
Pr Stl Car pf.	90	100
P S, N J.	107	110
Ry Stl Spr pf.	90	98
Rdg 1st pf.	34½	40
Rep I & S pf.	92	95
St L S F pf.	25	29
St L S W.	20	26
Do pf.	30	41
Savage A.	60	70
Sears-R pf.	116	122
S-S S & I pf.	78	100
So P R S pf.	100	108
St'd Mill.	75	85
Do pf.	79	83
Studeb Co pf, ex d.	..	90
Stutz Mtr.	35⅝	36½
Sup Stl 1st pf.	96¼	101
Tex Pac.	13	14¼
T P L Tr.	135	..
Third Av.	16	17
Tide W O.	165	175
Tob P pf.	88	90¼
T, St L & West	..	10
Do ctfs.	2	6
Do pf.	5	15
Do pf c.	7	15
T C R T pf.	100	125
Und Type.	88	..
Do pf.	112½	113¼
U B & P.	8½	10¼
Do new.	60	63
Un Cig Sts pf.	102¼	115
Un Drug.	67	70
Do 1st pf.	45	50
U Dyew'd.	58	61
Do pf.	93	96
U P'board.	15	20
U Rys Inv pf.	14	15
U S C I P.	11½	12
Do pf.	..	50
U S Exp.	14	18
U S R & I.	10	12
U S R 1st pf.	95	104
U S Sm pf.	43⅞	45
Utah Sec.	10	13
Va-Car Ch pf.	97	104
Va L C & Coke	52	55
W F Exp.	75	79
W Md 2d pf.	22	29
West Pac.	13	14½
Do pf.	37	45
W E & M 1st pf.	56	65
W & Co pf.	90	97
W'w'th (F W) pf.	117	118
Wor Pump pf. A.	..	92
Do pf. B.	50⅝	54¼

U.S. TRUST IN FEDERAL BANK

Company, Well Known for Conservatism, Heeds Wilson's Appeal.

The Board of Trustees of the United States Trust Company unanimously voted at a special meeting yesterday to apply at once for membership in the Federal Reserve Bank. The resolution authorizing this step attributes it to "the vast financial requirements of the present war and the appeal of the President of the United States."

The action of the United States Trust Company was received with much interest in the financial district, as the long history and always conservative policy of this institution had given rise to the general opinion that it would be among the last, if not the last, important State institutions in New York to come into the fold of the new order. The trustees had already voted to make the Federal Reserve Bank the depositary of its surplus funds.

"During this company's entire corporate existence," President Sheldon of the United States Trust Company says in his report to the trustees, "we have steadfastly adhered, in theory and in practice, to what we believed to be the fundamental distinction between a trust company and a bank. This distinction has heretofore rendered direct membership in the admirable Federal Reserve System neither necessary nor helpful to us. The situation is now, however, radically changed. The appeal of President Wilson and the urgent money needs of the country make it the duty of every financial institution to come forward with all the moral, as well as financial, aid which it can lawfully furnish."

A Larger Income with a Smaller Capital
The man with $1,000 today can invest conservatively and get as good, if not a better, income return than he could with $1,500 a few years ago. To help meet the increased cost of living, investors should make every endeavor to get the maximum income present-day investment conditions make possible.
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Write for our recommendations.
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We are continuing to make a ready market for Liberty Loan 3½% bonds in $50 and $100 denominations.
At the close of business yesterday we were buying $50 3½s to net the seller, including interest, $49.77, and $100 3½s to net $99.54.
We are buying also the $50 and $100 Liberty 4% bonds of 1942. At the close yesterday we were paying for the $50 bonds $48.38, and for the $100s $96.75.
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THE COTTON MARKET

Net Decline of 1 to 5 Points Indicates Stationary Character of Trading.

The local cotton market yesterday manifested some symptoms of regaining its equilibrium after the latest strong upward turn in prices, and throughout a day of fairly active trading prices moved sluggishly, within rather narrow limits, the close finding the entire list steady, at a net decline of 1 to 5 points, which indicated the stationary character of the market.

Monday's close had been so near the top that the long traders had little difficulty in scoring new high records for the season in January and March contracts, although these represented only slight actual advances. This occurred in the early trading, when for a time the market looked likely to develop continued strength on reports of a better ocean transport situation and consequent increased exports. There was considerable realizing among the cautious, however, and it was soon evident that the market had at least temporarily reached its maximum.

It is reported that the British Government has allotted 40,000 tons of shipping to the cotton trade for December, against 25,000 tons for November, and sufficient, it is believed, to take care of the present allowed consumption of the Manchester mills. News of this development, however, together with firm spot reports, no more than sufficed to steady the market. Southern spot markets were officially reported unchanged to 7 points higher. At New Orleans 10,491 bales changed hands at 28 cents.

Exports for the day were 19,513 bales, making 1,575,530 for the season to date.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Nov	....	....	....	28.65 bid	28.70
Dec	28.60	28.65	28.51	28.55@28.58	28.60
Jan	27.80	28.03	27.79	27.87@27.90	27.91
Feb	....	....	....	27.66 bid	27.78
March	27.50	27.71	27.45	27.61@27.63	27.63
April	....	....	....	27.50 bid	27.54
May	27.33	27.52	27.33	27.47@27.48	27.49
June	....	....	....	27.27 bid	27.30
July	27.21	27.26	27.13	27.22@27.25	27.25
Aug	27.00	27.05	27.00	27.02 bid	27.03

The local market for spot coton was quiet and 5 points lower at 30.05c for middling upland; sales, nil.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 28.20c; New Orleans, 28c; Savannah, 28¼c; Augusta, 28.63c; Memphis, 29c; Houston, 28.10c; Little Rock, 28.38c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Tuesday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	39,672	41,523	45,382
Exports	19,513	38,401	18,560
Exports, season	1,575,530	1,411,909	2,200,892
Port stocks	1,136,278	1,135,498	1,424,596
Interior receipts	43,848	45,993	82,949
Interior shipments	38,828	31,926	53,444
N. Y. arrivals	4,508	15,745	4,436
N. Y. stocks	87,682	115,717	117,015

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet and 10 points higher: middling old contract, 22.05d; good middling new contract, 21.50d. Sales, 3,000 bales. American, 2,000. Imports, 15,000, all American. Futures opened quiet and unchanged. Closed irregular at a net decline of 23 to 25 points.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Forecast:
N. Car.—Cloudy Wed., fair and warmer Thurs.
S. Car. and Ga.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Fla.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Ala., Miss., and Tenn.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Ky.—Fair and warmer Wed.; fair Thurs.
Ind.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Mich.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.
Ohio—Fair and warmer Wed. and Thurs.
La., Ark., Okla., and Texas—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Ill., Mo., and Kan.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Wis.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.
Minn. and S. Dak.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Iowa and Neb.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
N. Dak.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE for the year ended June 30—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oper. revs.	$40,406,203	$34,445,110	$31,536,475
Net revs.	13,615,445	11,648,102	8,632,318
Oper. inc.	11,620,483	9,838,805	7,029,114
Gross inc.	16,436,647	13,812,080	10,333,861
Net inc.	10,203,196	7,755,536	4,313,280
Pfd. divs.	9,835	9,835	9,835
Balance	10,193,361	7,746,701	4,303,445
Com. divs.	4,799,060	3,427,900	3,427,900
Sink. funds	17,962	16,102	12,344
Betterm'ts	38,563	140,541	....
Surplus	5,337,775	4,161,158	863,201

KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Oct. gross	1,177,941	1,096,041	81,900
Net aft. taxes	351,187	428,030	*76,843
10 mos. gross	11,079,264	9,211,195	1,868,068
Net aft. taxes	3,756,137	3,173,337	582,800

*Decrease.

Public Utilities.

COLUMBIA GAS & ELECTRIC CO.—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Oct. gross	$835,614	$712,715	$122,899
Net aft. taxes	369,564	345,117	24,447
Total income	534,812	398,960	135,852
Sur. aft. chgs.	182,654	51,409	131,245
10 mos. gross	8,718,356	7,219,362	1,498,994
Net aft. taxes	4,367,202	3,627,131	740,071
Total income	5,987,820	4,080,443	1,907,377
Sur. aft. chgs.	2,484,618	659,374	1,825,244

DAYTON POWER & LIGHT CO. for October—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Gross	174,387	146,084	28,303
Net aft. taxes	61,496	48,156	13,340
Sur. aft. chgs.	37,682	28,793	8,889
Bal. after pf. divs.	22,869	12,980	8,889
10 mos. gross	1,486,279	1,284,473	201,806
Net aft. taxes	482,992	537,345	*54,353
Sur. aft. chgs.	239,033	354,883	*115,850
Bal. after pf. divs.	90,908	208,569	*117,661
12 mos. gross	1,815,679	1,527,147	288,532
Net aft. taxes	559,559	657,077	*97,518
Sur. aft. chgs.	268,718	440,829	*172,111
Bal. after pf. divs.	90,968	270,999	*180,031

*Decrease.

PHILADELPHIA RAPID TRANSIT for October—

Gross	2,505,820	2,330,064	175,756
Net aft. taxes	1,087,331	1,086,502	829
Sur. aft. chgs.	276,442	272,052	4,390
4 mos. gross	9,895,799	9,007,921	887,878
Net aft. taxes	4,157,210	4,021,595	135,615
Sur. aft. chgs.	911,385	762,456	148,929

Miscellaneous.

OWENS BOTTLE-MACHINE CO. for the fiscal year ended Sept. 30—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Mfg. profits	968,254	982,946	881,658
Royalties recd.	1,647,515	1,361,791	1,664,383
Total	2,615,769	2,344,737	1,736,036
Total income	4,936,005	3,436,199	2,134,882
Net prof. aft. exp. and est. war tax	3,833,069	3,104,082	1,910,133

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$8,037,453	$68,504,174
Ord. internal revenue	55,754,533	242,156,900
Income tax	5,151,237	30,892,589
Miscellaneous	5,865,033	56,474,303
Total receipts	$74,808,257	$398,117,967
Excess of ord. disburs. over ord. receipts	244,141,923	1,217,627,910
Excess of total receipts over total disburs.	458,524,329	351,822,057
Expenditures	315,950,181	1,615,745,878

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.04	Jacket	.09
Alta	.08	Justice	.05
Andes	.10	Mexican	.18
Best & Belcher	.03	Occidental	.60
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.13
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.04
Challenge Con.	.04	Potosi	.04
Chollar	.04	Savage	.08
Confidence	.03	Sierra Nevada	.05
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	1.27½
Con. Virginia	.18	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.64
Hale & Norcross	.06		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	3.50	Goldf'd Merger	.03
Halifax	.10	Great Bend	.05
Jim Butler	.75	Jumbo Ext.	.15
McNamara	.19	Kewanas	.05
Midway	.09	Silver Pick	.08
Mizpah	.03	Spearhead	.04
Monarch Pitts	.04	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.10	Consolidated	.15
North Star	.08	Morning Glory	.14
Rescue	.09	Red Top	.03
Tonopah Ext.	1.57½	Sunset	.05
Tonopah Nevada	4.00	Union Amal.	.08
West End	.64	White Caps	.74
West Tonopah	.11	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.07
Atlanta	.08	Packard	.22
Booth	.04	Rochester	.35
Florence	.10	Round Mountain	.20
Goldfield Con.	.40	United Eastern	3.50

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4⅞	4¼	Granite	35	45
Dr. Jackpot	3¼	5	Isabella	7⅜	8¼
Elkton	3¼	4	McKinney	6¼	10
El Paso	15	25	Portland	100	115
Fanny R.	2½	..	U. Gold M.	13¾	18
Golden C.	167	175	Vindicator	34½	35¼
Gold Sov.	2½	8			

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian North.	1917-'29	4½@5	7.00	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.50	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.50	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.50	5.00
Chi., R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.75	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.75	5.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.25	5.25
Cuba Railroad	1917-'28	5	7.00	6.00
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.80	5.25
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.75	5.75
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'28	5	5.50	5.00
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.50	5.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1917-'23	5	6.50	5.50
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.50	5.50
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'28	4½@5	6.50	5.50
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.50	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Penn. Gen. F'ght	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.50	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.75	5.75
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.50	5.00
Southern Ry.	1917-'24	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.25	5.75

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	75.00	....	....	....
Lead	6.40	....	6.37½	....
Spelter	8.00	8.25	8.00	8.25
Antimony	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Quicksilver	$100.00	....	$100.00	....
Aluminium	*36.00	38.00	*36.00	38.00
Iron, No. 2X f'dy	....	34.25	....	33.50

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c per pound bid.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	116	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	279	10	0	276	5	0
Tin, futures	278	15	0	275	10	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Pe.	Pay.	Record.
American Gas	2	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 21
Am. Power & L.	1	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 24
Atl. Coast Line	3½	SA	Jan. 10	Dec. 20
Beth. Steel	2½	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Beth. Steel, new pf.	2	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Connec. Power pf.	$1.50	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 23
Galena Signal Oil	$3	Q	Dec. 31	Nov. 30
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	$2	Q	Dec. 3	Nov. 20
North. Tex. Elec.	$1	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 22

NEW HAVEN ASKS INCREASE.

Passengers Would Pay More Under Proposed Change.

In an application filed with the Public Service Commission yesterday the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company asked for permission to change its schedules so that it might increase both its passenger and freight rates without the customary thirty days' notice. The proposed new tariff makes no change in the commutation rates, but it is proposed to increase all local one-way passenger fares from 2½ cents a mile to 2¾ cents, and all mileage fares from 2¼ to 2½ cents.

The principal passenger increase affecting residents of this city is that contemplated on the Harlem Branch, extending from 133d Street to New Rochelle. This line is now divided into zones, upon each of which a five-cent fare is charged if a ticket is bought at one of the company's stations. Otherwise the company exacts the legal rate, which is in excess of 3 cents.

The company wants to increase these zone rates to 6 cents, which would make the fare between this city and New Rochelle 18 cents, instead of 15 cents, as at present.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. Oil	17	19	Iron Blos.	45	50
B. St. Gas.	7	9	Jerome V.	80	85
Begole	50	75	La Rose	30	40
Bohemia	70	80	Majestic	28	29
Bingham M.	9⅜	9⅝	Mex. Metals	26	28
Boston Ely	45	50	Moj. Tung.	32	34
Boston & M.	50	51	New Baltic	75	1¼
Butte & L.	13	15	Nev. Doug.	1⅛	1¼
Butte & D.	25	37	N. U. Bing.	..	50
Boston & A.	1	2	Nixon	1	1½
Calaveras	1½	2½	N. Cornelia	14¾	15¾
Crown Res.	20	30	Nat. Z. & L.	27	30
Con. Ariz.	1⅜	1⅞	Ohio Cop.	70	80
Cortez	10	20	Oneco	25	35
Cham. Cop.	5	6	Onondaga	15	25
Chief Con.	1⅜	2	Pion. Con.	1½	1⅞
E. & B. B.	2	2½	Ray Hero.	3	3¼
Earl-Eagle	14	15	Rilla	..	3
Fortuna	4	6	S.W. Miami,		
Gold Lake	2	4	full paid	75	1¼
Gila C. Sul.	17	17⅝	S.W. Miami,		
Houghton	50	1.00	full paid	75	1.00
Homa Oil	90	95	U. V. Ext.	31	34
Humboldt	60	75	Victoria Oi.	1⅜	2
Iron Cap	13¼	14	Yukon Gold	1⅜	2

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	93½	94¼	8.56
Argen. Gv. dls.	6	Dec. 15,'17	99¾	100	6.00
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15,'20	90	93	9.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.00
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	98	99	7.00
City of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	91½	94¾	8.50
Fr'ch Gov. con.	5½	Apr., 1919	93	93½	9.80
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	90	96	7.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100	104	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	92	96	5.80
Russian Gov.	6½	July, 1919	63	67	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	53	57	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14,'26	$110	$113	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1918	99¼	99¾	6.00
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99⅝	100¼	4.90

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	94	95½	8.50
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	99⅝	99⅞	4.90
Am. Thread	4	Jan., 1919	95	96½	7.25
Ark. Val. Ry. L. & P.	6	July, 1919	97	99½	6.23
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1918	98⅞	99⅜	5.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	96⅞	97⅜	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb. 15,'19	97⅛	97½	6.75
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	90	91	..
C., E. & Q.	4	July, 1921	92½	93	6.15
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	97	98	8.80
Canada Nor.	6	Sep. 2,'18	97	98½	7.80
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2,'24	97½	98¼	6.25
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Apr., 1918	99⅞	100¼	5.35
Curt. A. & M.	6	Serial	90	96	..
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	97	97⅝	5.90
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1,'18	98½	99⅛	5.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	89	92	10.80
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	92	96	7.10
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	July, 1920	100¼	100½	5.85
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	96	97	7.90
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	96	99	6.20
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97½	98	5.85
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	98	99	7.00
Int. Harvest.		Feb. 15,'18	99⅞	100¼	4.15
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July, 1918	95	98	8.15
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	Nov. 15,'18	97	98⅝	5.20
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	July 19,'21	95	98	5.00
Mich. C. R. R.	5	May, 1918	99	99⅝	6.05
Louis. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	88	93	11.00
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	98½	101	4.10
N. Y. C. R. R.	5	Sep. 15,'17	96	96½	6.75
N. Y., N. H. & H.	5	Apr. 15,'18	87	88½	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15,'21	96¼	97⅛	5.25
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	97	99	..
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1,'19	90	91	..
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	96	96⅝	7.20
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	99⅜	100	8.00
Utah Sec. Cor.		Sep. 15,'22	84	88	9.05
Win. R. Arms.	5	May, 1918	96	97¼	..
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	97	98¼	6.75
W. S. G. & E.	6	June, 1927	97	98	6.25
Win. E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15,'18	99	100	6.00

FINANCIAL OPERATIONS OF THE CITY.

Chamberlain's Statement, Nov. 17, 1917.

CITY TREASURY.

Balance Nov. 10			$11,952,631.18
Receipts—			
Revenues	$3,546,254.01		
Miscellaneous	44,138.95		
Loans: Revenue bills	2,000,000.00		
		5,590,392.96	
		$17,543,024.14	
Payments—			
General administration	$3,627,475.22		
Repayment of temporary loans: Revenue bonds and bills	2,502,000.00		
Redemption of city debt	349,281.56		
Interest on city debt	66,694.48		
		6,545,451.26	
Balance Nov. 17			$10,997,572.88

SINKING FUNDS.

Balance uninvested Nov. 10	$6,343,818.34	
Receipts	299,792.52	
	$6,643,610.86	
Payments	173,707.45	
Balance uninvested Nov. 17		6,469,903.41
Aggregate balances Nov. 17		$17,467,476.29

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

For one reason or another the movement of wheat at Western points is falling off and receipts yesterday were little more than half of last year's movement. It has been evident, however, throughout the entire season that wheat is moving to the mills through different channels and less is appearing at terminal points. Bradstreet's visible showed an increase east of the Rockies of 2,061,000 bushels, while west of the Rockies there was an increase of 491,000 bushels.

RYE.—Market easy; No. 2 Western, $1.87, cost and freight New York.

CORN.

The corn market was apparently oversold on Monday, and prices yesterday rallied sharply on covering, closing 1⅝c to 2⅛c net higher. At best the market is a narrow one and feverish fluctuations are anticipated until stocks are built up and the cash position adjusts itself more thoroughly to a new crop basis. In the local cash market new yellow corn was strong; new yellow quoted at $2.13¼, cost and freight New York, shipment this week; Argentine, $2.05, free on board cars New York, to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.22	1.20	1.22	1.19¾	93
January	1.18¼	1.16⅝	1.18¼	1.16⅝	95⅞
May	1.17½	1.15½	1.17	1.15¼	95¼

OATS.

The market for oats was strong, closing with net gains of 1⅜@1⅝c. There was a good demand from shorts and prices were influenced by the advance in corn, and also by firmness in the cash position. Receipts at Western points were larger, but it was said that country offers were smaller. Government agents were apparently buying in the West, and this gave the market a firm tone. The local cash market was strong. Standard quoted at 75@75½c; No. 2 white, 76c; No. 3 white, 74¼@75c; No. 4 white, 74@74½c; fancy clipped white, 76@78c; ordinary clipped white, 75@77c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	66⅝	64⅞	66¼	64⅝	57⅜
May	66⅝	64⅞	66⅝	64⅝	62

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was firmer on a better demand stimulated by reports from Liverpool to the effect that the market there was strong and that the Government has advanced maximum prices all along the line. The firmness in hogs and the advance in corn were also factors, and prices closed at about the best. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 25,000, estimated for Wednesday 38,000. Kansas City received 8,000 and Omaha 4,000 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
November	27.42	27.25	27.42	27.27	16.30
January	24.62	24.40	24.62	24.40	16.20
Ribs—					
January	24.42	24.25	24.40	24.12	14.65
May	24.03	23.90	24.00	23.85	14.75
Pork—					
January	45.65	45.25	45.65	45.07	27.47

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was easy, closing with net losses of 6 to 20 points. The November position showed the greatest decline, and was directly influenced by tenders of 5,700 barrels on November contracts. These large deliveries were believed to reflect an easier spot position, while, moreover, the market recently has been influenced by an easier tone to the crude market. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	17.85@....	18.00
November	18.07	18.00	17.90@18.10	18.10
December	....	....	18.00@18.15	18.10
January	18.10	18.00	18.00@18.05	18.10
February	....	....	18.00@18.10	18.05
March	18.18	18.17	18.04@18.10	18.10
May	....	....	19.00@....	....

COFFEE.

The coffee market was more active yesterday with the price movement rather irregular, although it seemed that the lower level was attracting a better demand and that a somewhat steadier tone had developed. European buying orders were reported around the ring, believed to be for French account, which attracted considerable interest, while there was covering by recent local sellers and perhaps a little trade buying. The market opened 2 points higher to 2 points lower, and sold about 3 to 6 points net higher during the morning. Offerings increased slightly at this level, and reactions followed with the close net 1 point lower to 3 points higher. A moderate demand was reported in the local spot market with prices unchanged at 7¼c for Rio 7s and 9¼c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.63@6.65	6.60
December	6.73	6.68	6.68@6.70	6.68
January	6.80	6.80	6.78@6.79	6.78
February	..	..	6.88@6.89	6.88
March	7.03	6.98	6.97@6.99	6.97
April	..	..	7.05@7.07	7.05
May	7.17	7.13	7.13@7.15	7.14
June	..	..	7.22@7.23	7.22
July	7.33	7.28	7.30@7.32	7.30
August	..	..	7.39@7.40	7.38
September	7.51	7.48	7.47@7.49	7.47

SUGAR.

No fresh developments occurred in the sugar market, and very little sugar is obtainable in this territory, the consumer being able to buy in a small way only, and retailers in most instances being bare of supplies. Michigan and Ohio beet factories are now in full operation, but the car shortage is delaying rapid distribution, and there has been no relief possible in the Eastern States. Raw sugar was quiet and unchanged. New crop Cubas are offered in this market for shipment January-February-March at 4⅝c free on board Cuba, with lower indications asked for, and at open price, to be that ultimately fixed by the International Sugar Committee. Spot prices are nominally unchanged as follows: Centrifugal, 6.90c; molasses, 6.02c; cost and freight, 5⅞c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—The shortage of fine fresh creamery has not been relieved and the market made a further advance of about ½c. At the higher rates there is quite a scramble for goods and a very firm feeling. Choice qualities are sympathizing a little in the improvement, but there is still quite an accumulation of what are classed as secondary grades and the values for these are much the same as of late. Storage creamery moving better. Ladies slightly firmer and packing stock steady. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 46½@47c; extras, (92 score,) 45⅝@46c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 42¼@45¼c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 40@42c; thirds, 38@39c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 47½@48c; extras, 46½@47c; firsts, 43½@46c; seconds, 41@43c; creamery, held, higher scoring than extras, 43@43½c; extras, 42½@42¾c; firsts, 40¼@42c; seconds, 39½@40½c; thirds, 38@39c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 44@45c; good to prime, 40½@42½c; common to fair, 35@40c; renovated, extras, 41c; firsts, 39½@40c; lower grades, 35@38c; ladies, current make, firsts, 33½@34c; seconds, 33c; lower grades, 31½@32½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@31½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 8,707 cases, not including 3,850 cases in transit for export. Strictly fancy qualities of fresh gathered are scarce and promptly salable at firm prices. Average prime and lower grades are fairly steady, but the demand is supplied with the moderate offerings, and values continue extremely irregular. The moderate trading reported in storage eggs is at about steady prices, but the movement is not sufficient to give a very substantial foundation to the situation, and the tone is still somewhat irregular. Nearby eggs in light supply, but the demand is limited and selective, and values continue extremely irregular. Qualities must be exceptionally fine to reach top quotations. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 54@55c; extra firsts, 52@53c; firsts, 48@51c; seconds, 42@46c; thirds, 35@40c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 34@35c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@33c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 32@33c; under grades, 29@31c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34½@35c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 33@34c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 31@32½c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 24@30c; refrigerator, nearby whites, 38@44c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 75@80c; ordinary to good, 60@72c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 58@75c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets, 53@60c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 55@65c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 55@61c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 46@53c.

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Notice is hereby given that the amount of funds now in the Sinking Fund provided under the First Mortgage of the International Paper Company, dated January 1, 1917, is $100,000, and that Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee under said Mortgage, and pursuant to Section 1 of Article V of said Mortgage, will receive at its Trust Department, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, until twelve o'clock noon, November 23, 1917, sealed proposals for the sale to it of bonds secured by said Mortgage sufficient in amount to exhaust such funds, at the lowest prices at which said bonds may be offered for sale, but at a price, if so purchased, not to exceed the par value of the principal of said bonds with accrued interest and two and one-half per cent. (2½%) premium upon the amount of said principal. Accepted bonds should be delivered on November 23, 1917, accompanied by Federal Income Tax Ownership Certificates for amount of accrued interest, on which date payment will be made.

Such proposals must state the numbers and aggregate principal amount of the bonds offered for sale and the price at which such bonds are so offered, and must be signed by the holder thereof, and state his address.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY.
By H. F. WILSON, JR., Vice-President.
Dated New York, November 13, 1917.

THE SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER COMPANY.

PURCHASE OF BONDS FOR SINKING FUND.

The Shawinigan Water & Power Company will receive tenders for the sale to the Company of a maximum of Seventy-seven Thousand Dollars ($77,000) par value of the Company's issue of FIVE PER CENT. THIRTY-YEAR CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE BONDS, due 1934.

OFFERINGS SHOULD BE MADE for delivery in Montreal on or before December 31st, 1917.

THE SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER CO.
W. S. HART, Treasurer.
Montreal, November 1st, 1917.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED. FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.60. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

10 American Sumatra Tobacco Pfd.
100 Consol. Coal Co. (St. Louis)
50 Empire Steel & Iron Pfd.
100 Freeport Texas Co.
100 Great Northern Paper
25 Guaranty Trust Stock
25 Ingersoll-Rand Com.
50 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
50 McCall Corp. 1st Pfd.
50 Milliken Bros. Pfd.
100 National Fuel Gas "Rights"
50 Pocahontas Fuel Com.
100 Pacific Coast Com.
50 Splitdorf Electric Pfd.
50 Thompson-Starrett Com.
50 Texas & Pacific Coal
100 Weyman-Bruton Com.
200 Ward Baking Com.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

50 Aluminum Co. of America
500 American Nitro. & Chemical
100 American Sumatra Tobacco Pfd.
100 American Meter
100 Cinn. Gas Transportation
50 Del., Lack. & Western Coal
50 Empire Steel & Iron Com.
50 Guaranty Trust Stock
100 Great Northern Paper
25 Title Guar. & Trust
100 National Fuel Gas "Rights"
50 Pacific Coast 1st Pfd.
50 Pocahontas Fuel Com.
25 Realty Associates
10 Singer Manufacturing
25 Victor Talking Machine
100 Weyman-Bruton Com.
50 Wash. Steel & Ordnance Com.

J.K.Rice Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Unusual Values in Low Priced Stocks of Producing Oil Companies

The present market affords conservative investors unusual opportunities to acquire Oil Stocks of Independent companies of proven value which possess excellent enhancement possibilities.

Send for List.

Wilson, Cates & Co.
60 Broadway, New York

We Will Buy

50 American Brass
5 Atchison & Eastern Bridge 4s
25 Amer. Light & Traction Com.
100 Niles-Bement-Pond.
25 Southern Cal. Edison Pfd.
25 Standard Screw
10 Todd Shipyards Corp. 6s
100 Todd Shipyards Corp. Stock

GWYNNE BROS
Private Wire to Hartford
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad

Aetna Explosives Pfd.
Cities Service
Chicago Lumber & Coal
Eastern Steamship
Federal Sugar
Hendee Manufacturing
Jones Brothers Tea
Michigan Limestone & Chemical
National Sugar
Pennsylvania Coal & Coke
Santa Cecelia Sugar Com. & Pfd.

DUNHAM & Co
Specialists
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 4501-2-3 Hanover.

West. Maryland 1st Pfd.
Utica, Chenango & Susq. Valley R. R. Stock
Spokane, Inland & Empire 5's, 1926
Lehigh Val. Coal Sales Stk.
West. States Gas & El. 5s, '41

Hanson & Doyle
30 BROAD ST. Phone 4684 Broad.

Russian Ruble 5½s
Internal Bonds
Large and Small Denominations
Bought—Sold—Quoted

Hoit & McWilliam
71 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone 3109 Rector

Unlisted Securities
FOR SALE
20 Shares
West Va. Pulp & Paper
WEBB & CO.
43 EXCHANGE PL., NEW YORK.
'Phone Hanover 1645-7

7% Preferred Stock
TAX FREE IN NEW YORK
to yield about 6¾%
George H. Burr & Co.
120 Broadway, New York

STOCKS—BONDS
for investment or carried on conservative margin.
Special Letter on the PRESENT WORLD CRISIS and the danger to civilization from the enemy's position (with map). Free upon request.
J. FRANK HOWELL
Member Consolidated Stock Ex. of N. Y.
52 Broadway New York

Cities Service
American Lt. & Tract.
Pacific Gas & Elec.
CLARENCE C. PERPALL & CO.
30 BROAD ST., N. Y. Tel. 2920 Broad

Atlas Portland Cement
Carib Syndicate
Marlin Arms Stock & Notes
N. Y. Transportation
Kiely & Horton
30 Broad St., N. Y. Phone Broad 6911

Bankers Trust
National Surety
Sullivan Machinery
Northern States Power Com.
United Light & Railways Com.
Safety Car Heating & Lighting
John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
115 Broadway. Tel. Rector 9876, New York.

INVESTIGATE SALES OF LIBERTY BONDS

Exchange Wants Facts About Transactions Below Par Before Delivery.

NEW LIBERTY 4S RECOVER

Reach 97.80 and Close at 97.74, a Net Gain of .24, While the 3 1-2s Decline.

The Committee on Business Conduct of the New York Stock Exchange began yesterday an investigation of the sale of Liberty Loan 4 per cent. bonds. George W. Ely, Secretary of the Exchange, sent out a letter requesting all members to furnish detailed information regarding their transactions in Liberty bonds on Saturday, Nov. 10; Monday, Nov. 12, and Tuesday, Nov. 13. Up to Saturday, Nov. 10, the new 4 per cents had sold at par or above, but on that day $114,000 changed hands at 100 and a similar lot at 99.98. On the following Monday there was heavy trading and the bonds declined to 99.96 and on Tuesday they dropped to 99.80.

The Board of Governors will meet today and it is expected that they will consider the reports filed with the Committee on Business Conduct. Brokers have been asked to give the names of the parties for whom and to whom they sold and bought Liberty bonds on those three days, together with the prices paid. It is understood that the purposes of the inquiry is to find out if any member traded in bonds which were not immediately available for delivery, the Exchange authorities having promised the Liberty Loan Committee that transactions would be restricted to cash dealings in actual bonds. It appears that a bulk of the selling orders executed on the Exchange were received from out-of-town, and some brokers said yesterday that Chicago received the bonds before New York did.

Trading Believed Restricted.

It was understood that bonds traded in on the Exchange were restricted to the so-called "cash bonds" sold over the counter during the loan campaign, of which the New York Reserve Bank distributed about $60,000,000 and the rest of the country approximately $40,000,000.

The fact that the Exchange's inquiry pertains only to transactions on the three days mentioned, gave rise to the assumption that the Stock Exchange saw no reason to question the more recent dealings. A member of the Board of Governors said last night that the investigation sought merely to establish whether or not all the members had lived up to the agreement to deal only in bonds for immediate delivery.

Sales of the 3½ and 4 per cent. Liberty Loan bonds on the Exchange yesterday amounted to $2,997,000. The 3½s sold up to 99.22 and closed at 99, the low for the day, representing a net loss of .20; while the 4s recovered from Monday's sharp decline, selling as high as 97.80 and closing at 97.74, a net gain of .24.

Charles E. Mitchell, President of the National City Company, said yesterday that it was necessary to call the people's attention to the fact that the Liberty Loan was still the Liberty Loan even though the campaign for subscriptions was over. "Apparently a great many people do not feel this way about it," he said. "They seem to think that, having bought Liberty bonds on the Government's offering, their obligation is fulfilled and that the matter of selling them is of no consequence whatever. The contrary is true."

Resale of Bonds Opposed.

As indicating his attitude and that of the New York bankers generally, Mr. Mitchell read the following excerpts from a letter to an out-of-town institution which had been sent by the National City Bank.

"We will gladly, if desirable, or necessary, make you a loan of $—— against the bonds mentioned in your telegram, carrying same any reasonable length of time. We will end the matter according to your convenience insofar as to make the expense light for you and to patriotically co-operate with the Government in helping to take care of the general situation, but we dislike to see you, or others similarly situated, throw into the general market just at this time the allotment of bonds which you have subscribed for, and feel it would be directly opposed to the line of public policy to lend our aid in financing transactions in the nature of an immediate turnover. Here in New York the banks are united in a patriotic undertaking to carry any bonds subscribed for in this district, to a practically unlimited extent; for as long as a year if necessary, on 10 per cent. margin, and at the rate the bonds bear, using the rediscounting facilities afforded by the Federal Reserve Bank, if necessary, to carry this out, and we feel that every other district should do the same, and all districts are morally under the strongest obligation to support the national credit in the war crisis by absorbing their own allotments, which were made proportionally to the wealth and banking resources of each section; and that the banks should use the machinery available for that purpose by carrying the bonds and making a market for them at home.

"It does not help any to subscribe for bonds and then offer them for resale in the general market, as this only enhances the difficulties of the present situation. * * *

"This frank communication is not intended to tell you how to run your business, however, or reflect in the least on your patriotism, but rather to urge you to carefully consider the necessity of all these things. The war is forcing us all constantly to think in national and international, rather than local terms, and we must all work together under the stress of present conditions to distribute the unusual burdens of the time over the country as equally as possible, not only at present, but still more so in the future, in all of which I feel sure you must fully agree with me."

According to dealers the heavy selling orders executed on the Stock Exchange on Monday and yesterday came principally from the West and South.

NEW CERTIFICATE ISSUE.

Treasury Adopts Plan to Prevent Rush at Tax-Paying Time.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—To avoid concentration of tax payments on one date the Secretary of the Treasury, through the Federal Reserve banks, will receive subscriptions at par and accrued interest for a limited amount of Treasury certificates of indebtedness payable June 25, 1918, with interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum from Nov. 30, 1917.

These certificates will be issued in denominations of $500, $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, and $100,000, and payment must be made upon allotment but not before Nov. 30. Treasury certificates now outstanding will be accepted in payment at par, with adjustment of accrued interest. Allotments will be made in the order that subscriptions are received. Federal Reserve banks will receive subscriptions, but the right is reserved to reject any subscription and to allot less than the amount of certificates applied for, and to close the subscriptions at any time without notice.

Collectors of internal revenue will receive certificates of this issue at par and accrued interest in payment of income and excess profits taxes when payable at or before maturity of certificates. These certificates will not be accepted in payment of bond subscriptions.

The certificates will be exempt both as to principal and interest from all taxation now or hereafter imposed, except as to estate or inheritance taxes and graduated additional income taxes, commonly known as surtaxes, and excess profits and war profits taxes.

After allotment and upon payment Federal Reserve banks will issue interim receipts pending delivery of certificates. Qualified depositaries will be permitted to make payment by credit for certificates alloted to them for themselves or their customers up to an amount for which each shall have qualified in excess of existing deposits when so notified by Federal Reserve banks.

CREDIT BOARD PLANNED TO AID MANUFACTURING

Federal Commission May Determine Financial Needs of War Contractors and Provide Funds.

It was learned yesterday that officials in Washington are at work formulating plans for the establishment of a Credit Board, the purpose of which will be to attend to the credit needs of manufacturers and contractors who are filling war orders for the United States Government. The details of the program are not yet available, but it is understood that among other things this board will determine the financial requirements of contractors and arrange for the financing either by having the Government make them cash advances or by other means.

Thus far some contractors have been able to obtain advances, but others have not, depending on the department with which the contractor has been dealing and the character of the goods he has been supplying.

Wall Street attaches much importance to the proposal for the creation of a Credit Board, for the reason that present market conditions are unfavorable for the flotation of short-term loans and that without governmental aid the production of various kinds of materials essential for the prosecution of the war will naturally be impeded. It is thought quite likely that when Congress meets next month efforts will be made to obtain legislation designed to amend the Federal Reserve act, with the view of permitting member banks to borrow from the Federal Reserve Banks on their own notes secured by obligations of corporations, issued for short periods, not exceeding two years, and formally approved by the Federal Reserve Board. Such an amendment, it is argued, would permit of financing that was sought by the issuance of ninety-day notes under a two years' renewal agreement, but which the Federal Reserve Board has ruled are "undesirable as investments for Federal Reserve Banks," a ruling which is tantamount to a decision that the notes are not eligible for rediscount.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The United Light and Railways Company is reported to be contemplating a new note issue to retire the outstanding $750,000 in 6 per cent. notes maturing Jan. 1, which may be made sufficient at the same time to cover some additions, extensions, and improvements.

A. A. Housman & Co. have published a circular on "Peace Stocks," dealing with twelve industrial stocks likely to prove as attractive when the war ends as now.

FAVOR HIGHER RATES ON BANK DISCOUNTS

Advisors of Reserve Board Also Would Give Preference to Paper Backed by Liberty Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—General increase of discount rates, with special preference for commercial paper secured by Liberty bonds or Treasury certificates of indebtedness, was recommended today by the Federal Reserve Board's Advisory Council at the end of its quarterly conference with the board. Action on the recommendation probably will be taken by the board within two weeks.

Most of the board members believe that under the easy money conditions indicated by the Liberty loan payments last week something should be done to discourage inflation, promote sound business conditions, and prepare for a healthy absorption of future Government issues of securities. Easy absorption of the second Liberty Loan issue was reported by the bankers. They said that even the movement of about a billion dollars into Federal Reserve banks last week from the 18 per cent. installment payment, caused almost imperceptible disturbance of business and financial conditions, inasmuch as the money was redistributed by the aid of the Reserve system.

The country was reported generally as in a healthy economic condition with especially marked improvement in the labor shortage within the past two or three weeks.

The members of the board present were Daniel C. Wing, First National Bank of Boston; J. P. Morgan, New York; L. L. Rue, Philadelphia National Bank; W. S. Rowe, First National Bank of Cincinnati; J. W. Norgood, Norwood National Bank of Greenville, S. C.; Charles A. Lyerly, First National Bank of Chattanooga, Tenn.; James B. Forgan, First National Bank of Chicago; F. O. Watts, Third National Bank of St. Louis; J. R. Mitchell, Capital National Bank of St. Paul; E. F. Swinney, First National Bank of Kansas City, and Herbert Fleishhacker, Anglo and London-Paris National Bank of San Francisco. The only member of the council absent was T. J. Record of the City National Bank of Paris, Texas.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, coupon, 1930..........	97	98	4s, coupon, 1925.........104¾		105
3s, registered, 1918......	99	100	2s, coupon, '38, reg.......	96	98
3s, coupon, 1918........	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon.	96	98
3s, registered, 1956......	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg......	84	88
3s, coupon, 1946..........	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, coupon.	84	86
3s, conversion, 1947......	85	90	2s, registered, 1930......	97	98
4s, registered, 1925......104¾		105¾			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.
4½s July, 1967....	97½	98¼	98	4s May, 1919....	98½	99¼	98¾
4½s June, 1965....	97½	98¼	98	4s Nov., 1918....	99½	..	99½
4½s Mar., 1963....	97½	98¼	98	3½s Nov., 1954....	79	..	80
4½s Nov., 1957....	97½	98½	98	3½s May, 1954....	80	..	81
4½s May, 1957....	97½	98¼	98	3½s Nov., 1955....	79	81	79¼
4½s Nov., 1917....	97½	..	97¼	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s April, 1960....	91	92¼	91	4½s 1918-1923 ....4.65	4.40	4.65	
4½s Mar., 1960-30.	91	92¼	91	4½s 1924-1931 ....4.75	4.40	4.65	
4½s Mar., 1964....	91	92¼	91	4½s 1921-1923 ....4.65	4.40	4.65	
4½s Mar., 1962....	91	92¼	91	4½s April, 1920...4.75	..	4.65	
4½s Sept., 1960....	91	92½	91	4½s 1918-1919 ....5.00	..	4.75	
4s May, 1959....	89	91	90	3½s 1940-1953 ....4.80	4.50	4.70	
4s Nov., 1958....	89	91	90	3½s 1930-1939 ....4.80	4.50	4.70	
4s May, 1957....	89	92	90	3½s 1922-1929 ....4.80	4.50	4.70	
4s Nov., 1956....	88	..	89¼	3½s 1919-1921 ....4.80	4.50	4.70	
4s Nov., 1955....	88	..	89¼				
4s Nov., 1936....	91	..	92				

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
11,000	‡Aetna Expl.	7⅝	7¼	7½	400	‡Nash Mot..	77	75	77
50	‡Air Reduc.	67	67	67	100	N. A. P. & P.	2½	2⅛	2⅛
100	‡Am.Writ.P.	2	2	2	400	N. Y. Trans.	15	14½	15
200	‡Car L. & P.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	10	A. O. Smith Cor., pf....	90	90	90
100	Carwen Steel	9	9	9					
1,300	Chev. Motor.	63	55	60	4,200	Smith M. T.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
313	‡Cit.Serv.old.	210	200	210	200	‡St. Jo. Ld.	16	16	16
435	‡ Do pf....	73	72¼	73	800	‡Std. Motors	8⅝	8¼	8⅝
1,800	Curtiss Aero.	28½	27	28½	2,000	Submar. Bt., v. t. ctfs..	14½	14	14½
1,245	Emer. Phon.	5¼	5⅝	5⅝					
100	Ev.-Hea., Inc.	20½	20½	20½	3,500	TriangleFilm, v. t. ctfs..	1½	1½	1½
1,000	‡Int.Lube Ch.	3¼	3⅛	3¼					
200	‡Int.Motors., 1st pf.....	37	35	37	1,300	‡U.S.L & H..	1¼	1¼	1¼
					300	U. S. S'ship.	3½	3⅛	3½
100	‡Int.Triad.pf.	55	55	55	1,500	‡Un. Motors.	16	15½	15⅞
120	‡S. S. Kresge	70	60	70	4,000	‡Wright-Mar. Aircraft ..	7¾	7¼	7⅝
5,000	‡Maxim Mu.	11-16	11-16	¾					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
6,400	Anglo-A. rts.	3	2⅝	2⅝	30	Std. Oil,N.J.	510	508	508
35	PrairieO.&G.	400	400	400	93	Std. Oil,N.Y.	248	244	247

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
800	††Allen Oil..	11-16	⅝	11-16	2,500	Met. Petrol..	11-16	11-16	¾
1,200	‡Barn'tO.&G.	1½	1⅜	1⅜	8,000	††Midwest ...	120	115	119
260	‡Beth.O.& G.	10½	10	10½	200	‡ Do pf	1¼	1¼	1¼
15,000	††Bos.-Wyo..	30	28	29	850	‡Midw. Ref..	115	112	114
1,500	‡Cosden Oil..	7⅝	7⅝	7½	1,500	‡N. Y.-Okla.	½	⅝	¾
4,300	Cumb.P.& R.	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	5,000	‡‡Northwest.	78	73	77
1,000	‡Elk Basin..	7	7	7	15,000	‡‡Okla. Oil..	7	5½	6¼
1,200	‡Elkl'dO.&G., (a pros.)....	3-16	⅛	3-16	5,000	‡‡ Do pf	20	19	20
					3,000	Okla. P.& R.	7	6⅜	6⅞
1,100	‡Esmeralda..	5-16	5-16	5-16	8,000	‡OmarO.& G.	36	30	36
100	‡Federal Oil.	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛	1,500	OsageHom..	7	6⅜	6⅞
1,700	‡Friar Oil.....	⅜	7-16	⅜	450	‡Penn.-Ky..	5⅜	5¼	5⅜
900	‡Glenrock Oil	15	14	15	2,700	‡Penn.-Ohio.	12½	12½	12¼
7,000	‡Hanover ...	1¾	1⅝	1½	500	‡‡Red Rock..	60	60	60
2,500	‡Houston Oil	22	20	21½	17,500	‡Rice Oil ...	3-16	⅛	⅛
1,600	‡Humb.Goose Cr. & O.R.	4¼	4	4¼	500	‡Sapulpa	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞
					5,000	‡Sequoyah...	7-16	7-16	7-16
450	‡Int. Petrol..	11	10½	11	1,500	‡Somerset...	11-16	11-16	11-16
3,500	Kenova Oil, (a pros.)....	3-16	⅛	3-16	18,000	‡TuxpamStar	½	⅜	½
850	‡Lost City..	3-16	¼	3-16	3,000	‡Unit. West.	⅝	⅝	⅝
6,000	‡Merritt Oil.	25½	23⅝	25⅝	600	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	3½	3⅜	3½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
6,000	Acme C. H..	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞		(a pros.)..	¼	3-16	¼
1,500	A.-B. Col. M.	½	½	½	1,800	‡Jumbo Ext.	16	15	16
3,700	‡‡Atlanta ...	8½	8	8¼	1,000	‡Kewanas..	6	6	6
7,000	B. L. C. Co..	1⅝	1½	1⅝	1,600	‡Kirk.Por.G. M., Ltd....	50	50	50
3,200	‡‡Booth	4	3	4					
1,400	‡Boston & M.	52	50	52	5,000	La R. Cons.	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,500	‡Brad. C. M.	1⅝	1½	1⅝	700	Louis. Cons.	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,200	Butte C. & Z. v. t. ctfs..	6⅝	6½	6⅝	4,000	‡Magma Ch.	½	½	½
					1,500	Magma Cop.	37½	35	37½
700	Butte Det't..	⅜	⅜	⅜	500	Mason Val..	4¼	4¼	4¼
500	‡Butte-R. C.	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	2,000	‡Monster Ch.	7-16	7-16	7-16
9,700	‡‡Caledonia .	45	*42	45	5,000	‡‡Moth. Lode	31	28	37
3,380	‡Cal. & Jer..	1 1-16	1¼	1⅜	23,600	‡‡Nat. Leas.	8	6	8
500	Canada Cop.	2	1 11-16	2	7,500	‡‡Nat.Z.& L.	35	28	33
4,000	‡Cashboy ...	4	3¾	4	1,300	‡New Corn.	15½	14⅝	15
1,800	‡‡C. S. M. & M., (a pros)	37	37	37	300	Nip. Mines..	8	8	8
					32,000	‡‡Nixon Nev.	1 1-16	98	1 1-16
100	Cerro G. M..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	6,200	‡Ohio Cop....	1	15-16	1
500	‡Coco R. M'g	5¼	5	5	3,000	‡Por. Con. C.	24	22	24
1,800	Con. Ariz. S.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	2,000	Prov. Mining	39	38	39
5,000	Con. Cop. M.	7⅞	7¼	7⅞	15,000	‡Rex Con. M.	11	8½	11
2,500	‡Con.-Home.	16	16	16	3,200	S.Kg.of Ariz.	⅛	1-16	⅛
1,500	Cresson C. G	4⅜	*4¼	4⅜	2,700	‡‡Silver Pick	9	8	8½
13,700	‡Emma Con.	½	⅛	½	10,000	‡St. Nich. Z.	9¼	9	9½
300	‡‡Fort. Con..	40	40	40	500	Std. Sil.-Ld.	7-16	7-16	7-16
4,600	‡Gibson Cop.	2⅜	2¼	2⅜	700	Stewart	⅛	1-16	⅛
600	‡Gila Copper	17½	17¼	17¼	1,500	‡Success M..	13	12	13
1,000	‡Goldf'd Con.	40	40	40	200	Super. Cop., (a pros.)...	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
4,200	‡C. Verde E. Copper Co.	1⅛	1	1⅛	200	‡Ton. Belm't	3½	3⅜	3⅜
					3,500	Ton. Exten..	1⅝	1½	1⅝
10,000	‡Green M. M.	1 1-16	¾	1 1-16	10,000	‡‡Troy-Ariz.	20	17	19
1,850	Herla Mining	4⅝	4⅝	4 11-16	1,300	Unity G. M.	3⅜	2⅝	3⅜
9,000	‡‡Int. Mines	10	10	10	2,000	‡‡Utica Min.	12	11	12
15,000	‡Jer. Verde, (a pros.)..	1	⅜	11-16	9,800	‡Wett. Silver	5	4	5
5,300	‡Jer.-Pres.C.	3¼	2⅞	3¼	3,700	W. Caps M.	¾	11-16	11-16
8,100	Jore.-Kenne.,								

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	‡Can.Gov.5s.	94⅞	94⅜	94⅜	$2,000	Gen.Elec.6s, notes	100½	100½	100½

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.	Monday Ask.
Am.-Brit.Mfg.	3	6	3	6
Am.-B. M. pf.	20	40	20	40
Am. Tin & T.	½	⅞	½	⅞
Br.-Am. Tob., registered...	15	15½	15	15½
Br.-Am. Tob., coupon	15¼	16⅛	15¼	16⅛
Carbon Steel..	75	80	75	80
Can. N. Gas..	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Chalmers Mot.	2	4	2	4
Do pf......	..	50	..	50
Charcoal Iron.	6⅝	7¼	6⅝	7¼
Do pf......	5½	6	5½	6
Cramp Ship..	71	74	71	74
Curtiss A. pf.	50	75	50	75
Fed. D. & Ch.	5	10	5	10
Free. Texas..	39	40	36	39
Hall Signal...	1	5	1	5
Do pf.......	10	20	10	20
Havana Tob..	½	1¼	½	1½
Do pf.......	2	5	2	5
Holly Sugar..	40	50	40	50
Do pf......	98	101	98	101
Hupp M. Car	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
Intercont. Rub.	7	9	7	9
Int. M. 2d p...	15	20	15	20
Kresge pf....	92	98	92	98
Lake Tor. Bt..	⅜	4	3⅜	4
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf......	4	7	6	7
L. Val. C. S..	58	63	58	63
Lukens Steel.	33	44	35	44
Do 1st pf..	100	102	100	102
Man. Transit.	⅛	3-16	⅛	3-16
Marconi of A.	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Marlin Arms.	86	87	86	87

INDUSTRIALS.—Continued.	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.	Monday Ask.
N. Y. Ship'g..	29	33	29	33
Peer. T. & M.	9	11	9	11
Poole E. & M.	50	80	60	80
St.L.,R.M.&P.	30	35	30	35
United Z. S..	1⅜	2	1⅜	2
World Film..	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
OIL STOCKS.				
Cosden Oil pf.	3½	4	3½	4
Kan.-U. Con.	⅞	11-16	⅞	11-16
Ky. Petrol...	7⅛	7½	7⅛	7½
Pierce Oil....	9	9½	8½	9¼
Savoy Oil....	7	9	7	9
Vac. O. & G.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
West. St. Pet.	⅜	½	⅜	½
MINING STOCKS.				
Alaska Std...	24	27	24	27
Big Jim	½	¾	..	½
Bingham M..	11	12	11	12
Brant Mines.	55	58	55	58
Butte & N. Y.	⅛	⅜	⅛	½
Calaveras Cp.	1½	2	1½	2
Duodee-Ariz...	¾	1	¾	1
Gold. Merger..	3	4	3	4
Globe D. Cop.	⅛	½	⅛	½
Howe Sound..	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
Iron Blossom.	½	⅝	½	⅝
Un. Verde E..	31	32	31	32
Magnate Cop.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Milford Cop..	1½	1½	1½	1½
White C. Ext.	11	13	11	13
Wilbert Min..	15	17	15	17
BOND.				
Pierce O.6s,'24	70	75	70	75

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil.....	16½	17	16½	Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co	33	37	33
Atlantic Refining..	790	810	790	Prairie Oil & Gas..	400	415	400
Borne-Scrymser ...	400	425	400	Prairie Pipe Line..	225	230	225
Buckeye Pipe Line.	85	90	85	Solar Refining	295	305	295
Chesebrough Mfg..	325	350	325	Southern Pipe L...	190	195	190
Colonial Oil........	50	70	50	South. Penn. Oil...	250	255	245
Continental Oil.....	430	430	425	S. W. Penn..........	100	105	100
Crescent Pipe Line.	33	36	33	Stand. Oil of Cal..	220	225	220
Cumberland P. L..	135	145	135	Stand. Oil of Ind..	585	600	585
Eureka Pipe Line..	190	200	190	Stand. Oil of Kan..	445	460	445
Galena Signal Oil..	125	130	125	Stand. Oil of Ky..	320	330	320
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	125	130	125	Stand. Oil of Neb.	475	500	475
Illinois Pipe Line..	185	190	185	Stand. Oil of N. J.	505	510	505
Indiana Pipe Line.	80	83	80	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	245	250	242
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd..	10	11	10	Stand. Oil of Ohio.	420	430	420
National Transit ..	12	13	12	Swan & Finch......	95	105	90
N. Y. Transit......	175	185	175	Union Tank........	80	84	80
Northern Pipe L....	95	98	95	Vacuum Oil	320	325	320
Ohio Oil	288	292	288	Washington Oil.....	30	35	30

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.
Aetna pf	38	42	39	Can. Found's F....	140	150	..
American Brass...	200	205	..	Colt's Arms	57	62	56
Atlas Powder	155	158	151	Du Pont	280	285	280
Do pf.	94	98	92	Hercules	248	249	247
Babcock & Wilcox.	108	110	101	Do. pf............	111	114	112
Bliss	400	450	400	Niles-Bem't-Pond..	110	115	105
Do pf............	75	83	73	Scovill Mfg	415	420	410
Canadian Explo....	235	335	350	Winchester Arms...	700	..	750
Do pf............	104	110	104				

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.
American Cigar....	85	95	90	MacAndrews & F..	185	200	190
Do pf............	85	93	90	Do pf............	95	100	98
Conley Foil........	200	250	200	P. R.-Am. Tob......	170	185	175
J. S. Young........	130	150	150	Do scrip..........	120	130	116
Do pf............	103	110	105	R. J. Reynolds.....	450	500	450
				Do pf	100	104	102

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
168	Am. Light & Traction......	201	194	198	200

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	17	20	Lincoln Gas & Electric.	47	49
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	70	75	Miss. River Power.....	7	9
Am. Gas & Electric....	85	90	Miss. River Power pf.....	34	36
Am. Gas & Elec. pf....	40	42	Northern Ohio Electric.	27	32
Am. Light & Trac. pf..	90	92	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	63	72
Am. Power & Light....	30	41	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow..	11	15
Am. Power & Light pf.	72	75	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf...	53	58
Am. Public Utilities....	30	35	Northern States Power.	52	56
Am. Pub. Utilities pf..	62	66	Northern States P. pf..	84	88
Am. Water W. & Elec..	4	6	Northern Texas Electric	50	54
Am. W. W. & E. partic	10	12	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	65	74
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	59	61	Ozark Power & Water.	35	45
Carolina Power & Light	30	31	Pacific Gas & Electric..	33¼	34¼
Carolina P. & L. pf....	90	93	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	79	80
Cities Service 209		211	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf...	96	98
Cities Service pf........	72¼	73	Pub. Serv. Secur. pr....	7¼	7⅝
Colorado Power	20	23	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	13	16
Colorado Power pf.......	93	98	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf.	48	53
Columbus Electric pf...	78	82	Ry. & Lt. Secur. pf.....	86	90
Commonwealth P. & L..	35	37	Republic Ry. & Light..	18	21
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	58	62	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf..	54	58
Conn. Power pf........	85	90	Sierra Pac. El. pf.......	62½	67½
Consumers' Power pf....	89	92	Southern Cal. Edison....	80	83
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	78	80	South. Cal. Edison pf....	93	97
Duluth Edison	75	80	Standard Gas & Elec....	4	5
Eastern Texas Electric.	50	55	Stand. Gas & Elec. pf...	21	24
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	79	84	Tampa Electric..........100		105
El Paso Electric........100		104	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow..	2	5
El Paso Electric pf......	90	94	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	10	13
Electric B. & S. pf.....	93	96	Texas Power & Lt. pf..	97	100
Electric Properties	50	55	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf.	86	88
Empire Dist. Elec. pf..	84	89	United Gas Improve....	80	89¼
Federal Light & Trac..	..	9	United Light & Rys....	27	29
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf.	..	38	United Light & Rys. pf	60	62
Galveston-Hous. Elec..	16	..	Wash. I. W. L. & P.pf.	81½	84
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	..	68	West. P. Ter. & W. P..	10	15
Gas & Elec. Securities.290		300	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	50	65
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf..	93	98	West. Penn. P. pf......	95	100
Idaho Power 7% pf....	98	100	Western Power	7	10
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98	Western Power pf.......	40	45
Interstate Electric	36	42	Wisconsin Edison	35	40
Interstate Electric pf...	90	95	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	100

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, 20..	97¼	98¼	Middle West U. 6s, '25.	95	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	63	66	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s..	99¼	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932...	72	80	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	70
Carolina P. & L. 5s....	89	92	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	82	88
Central P. & L. 1st 6s.	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51.	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s....	95	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s,'31	78	83½
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s. 1956....	93	97½	Nor. States P. 6s, 1926.	92	94
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s,'27	70	75	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941.	87	87½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944....	96½	100	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963....	90	95	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939..100½		102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937.	95	99	Omaha & C. B. 5s........	89	93
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942........	90	93	P., G. & E.(Ariz.) 6s,'34	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s..100¼		101¼	Portland Gen Elec. 5s.	99	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922...	90	93	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19.	96	97
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s.	88	91	Stand. G. of N. J. 6s,'45	94	96
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s..	95	100	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39.	88	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s..	85	90	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953........	88	92
El Paso Elec. col. 5s....	87	92	U.S. R., R. & M. 6s,'25.111		113
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s.	99	100	Union L. & R. 1st 5s,'32	80	87
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46.	77	82	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26.	94	99
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25.	90	98	United Util. cv. 6s,'43.	93	98
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	97	100	Utah Securities 6s......	86	87
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44.	93	96	Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	94½	98
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36...	85	90	Western Power 1st 5s..	96	98
L. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s'41	85	90	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91¼	93½
Mich. Light 5s, 1946...	97½	99	West P. P. 1st 5s, '46..	89	92
			Wis. Edison 6s, 1924...	90	95

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Atlantic Pet.	4	4	4	275	Houston Oil.	21	20	21
1	Con Coal ..	90	90	90	90	Do pf	58⅜	58	58
94	Con. Power..	99	98½	98½	15	Monon. V.Tr.	14½	14½	14½
1,575	Cosden	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	2	M. & M. Tr.	60	60	60
260	Do pf	3¾	3⅝	3⅝	61	United Ry ..	24¼	23	23⅜
100	Davidson Ch.	24	24	24	200	Wayland Oil.	3	3	3

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	City 4s, '58..	94¼	94¼	94¼	$10,000	Cos. 6s, A..	79⅞	79	79⅞
7,000	Con. Coal 6s.	100	100	100	9,000	Unit. Ry. 4s	76½	76½	76½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
480	Am. Zinc....	13¼	12	13¼	50	Nevada	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
10	Ahmeek	85	85	85	25	Nipissing ...	8	8	8
120	Alaska	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	280	North Butte.	13¼	13	13¼
10	Allouez	53	53	53	530	North Lake..	40	30	40
135	Anaconda ..	58¼	56⅞	58¼	25	Osceola	61	60	60
20	Ariz. Com'l..	9¼	9¼	9¼	225	Pond Creek..	17½	17½	17¼
15	Butte & Sup.	16	16	16	35	Quincy	66	66	66
18	Cal. & Ariz.	66	66	66	65	Shannon	5⅝	5½	5½
22	Cal. & Hecla.	448	440	440	400	South Utah..	15c	15c	15c
996	Cop. Range..	48¼	47½	47⅝	55	St. M. Land.	52	51	52
50	Daly-West ..	2	2	2	200	Sup. & Bos..	3¼	3⅛	3¼
450	Davis-Daly .	4	3⅞	4	75	Trinity	4	4	4
300	East Butte..	10¼	10¼	10¼	1,500	Tuolumne ..	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
10	Hancock ...	9	9	9	315	U. S. Smelt..	44½	43½	44½
190	Island Creek.	53	53	53	42	Do pf......	45	45	45
65	Isle Royale..	24½	24	24	210	Utah Apex...	2¼	2¼	2¼
105	Lake	6⅝	6¼	6¼	180	Utah Con...	12½	12	12½
10	Mass Con...	6¼	6¼	6¼	200	Utah Metal..	3½	3⅛	3⅛
510	Mohawk	61½	60¾	61¼	15	Wolverine ..	34	34	34

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2	Boston & A.	131	131	131	400	Mass. El. pf.	13½	12	13½
805	Boston Elev.	33	31⅝	33	108	New Haven.	26½	25¾	26½
62	Boston & M.	20⅝	20	20⅝	115	West End...	36	35	35
35	Fitchburg pf.	49½	49	49	12	Do pf......	47¼	47¼	47¼
5	Me. Central..	89	89	89					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Am. Agr. C..	77¼	77	77	35	N. E. Tel....	103	102	102
15	Do pf......	91	91	91	10	Nova S. S'l..	59	59	59
40	Am. P. S. pf.	10	10	10	15	Pacific Mills.	128	127½	128
20	Am. Sugar..	96	94½	96	110	Punta Sugar.	32	31	32
30	Do pf......	108½	108½	108½	124	Swift & Co..	124¾	121	124¾
893	Am. Tel.....	108¼	107⅝	108⅛	18	Torrington .	48½	45	48½
134	Am. Wool. pf	88¼	87½	88¼	10	United Drug.	68	68	68
475	A..G. & W.I.	99¼	98¼	99¼	126	United Fruit.	119	118	118
50	Do pf......	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	185	United Shoe.	41	40½	41
27	Edison	155	155	155	29	Do pf......	25¼	25¼	25¼
4	Gen. Elec....	130½	130⅛	130⅛	10	War'n B. 1st	50	50	50
10	Mathiesen ..	45	45	45	115	Ventura Oil.	5¼	5⅛	5¼
5	Mergenth'r .	135	135	135	40	West Union.	83	83	83
250	Mass. Gas...	77⅝	76	77¼					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	N. E. Tel. 5s	91	91	91	$37,000	Lib. 3½s...	99.10	98.90	98.90
1,000	Un. F't 4½s.	93	93	93	41,000	Do 4s.....	98.00	97.50	98.00

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Ship....	88	88	88	300	Nat. Conduit	22	22	22
590	Booth Fish..	17½	17½	17½	40	Pub. Service	75	74	74
40	C. C. & Con. Rys. pf....	14½	14	14	210	People's Gas	39	38½	38½
					13	Qu. Oats pf.	97	97	97
15	Chi. Pn. T..	46½	46½	46½	629	Sears, Roeb.	142	140	141⅝
15	Ch.Rys.,Ser.2	10	10	10	208	Stew. Warn.	48	46½	47⅝
50	Cudahy	112	112	112	668	Swift & Co.	125	124	125
61	Com. Edison.	102¼	101	101	60	Wilson	46	45½	46
155	Dia. Match..	108	107	107	60	Do pf......	94⅝	94	94
75	Lindsay Lt..	24	23⅝	24	5,019	CarbideCarb.	49⅝	37¾	49
30	M. Ward pf.	110	109½	110					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	Chi. Cy. Ry., 1st 5s.....	90	90	90	$1,000	Poe.G.ref.5s.	80	80	80
1,000	Chi. Tel. 5s.	95½	95½	95½	2,000	Swift 1st 5s.	93¼	93¼	93¼
7,000	Com.Ed.1st5s	92¼	92	92¼	1,000	Wils. 1st 6s	97	97	97
1,000	Com.El.1st5s	90	90	90	9,150	Liberty 3½s.	99.10	99.00	99.00
					4,350	Do 4s......	98.00	97.50	98.00

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Gas ...	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	634	Phila. Elec..	25¼	25	25
21	Alliance Ins.	19	19	19	25	Ph. R.T.st'ck	25	25	25
30	Brill	11	11	11	500	Do tr. ctfs.	25¼	25	25¼
1	Buff.& Susq.	55	55	55	5	Phila. Trac..	67¼	67¼	67¼
25	Elec. Storage	49	49	49	455	Tono. Belm't	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝
3,100	L. Sup. Corp.	11⅝	10⅞	11⅝	217	Tono. Mining	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
322	Lehigh Nav.	56⅝	55⅞	56⅝	77	Unit.GasImp.	69½	69	69½
151	Lehigh Val..	55	53½	53½	15	York Rys ..	33	33	33
812	Penn. R. R..	48	47¼	47¾					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	B'dwin Loco. 1st 5s	99	99	99	$4,000	Lib. 3½s.....	99.10	99.00	99.00
1,000	L. V.annu.6s.	125	125	125	2,000	Phila. Elec. 1st 5s	95	95	95

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Notwithstanding there was little in the way of definite news, the session on the Consolidated Exchange was broad and active with the trend almost persistently upward. There were occasional reactions, but they were due almost entirely to profit taking by traders. There were many who took small profits, but the ease with which the market absorbed these offerings checked the recession. The market was the broadest in more than a week, and the volume of trading was almost 75 per cent. greater than Monday's.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. B. Sug.	73¼	73¼	73¼	60	Miami Cop..	28¼	28¼	28⅜
1,320	Am. Can....	35⅝	34¼	35¼	50	Midvale Steel	44½	44½	44½
10	Am. C. & F.	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	650	Mo. Pacific.	24½	22⅞	24½
90	Am. Linseed	26	25⅛	25⅛	30	Nat E. & S.	37⅞	37⅝	37⅝
10	Do pf......	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	10	Nat. Lead..	45	45	45
590	Am. Loco...	54½	58⅝	54⅛	600	N. Y. Cent..	71⅝	70¼	71⅝
1,550	Am. S. & R.	76	73⅝	75⅝	900	N. Y., N. H. & H.	26⅞	26	26⅞
10	Am. Sugar..	94½	94½	94½					
4,100	Anac. Cop...	58	56⅝	57⅝	15	Ohio C. Gas.	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝
120	A.,T.& S.F..	86¼	85⅝	86¼	50	Pennsylvania	48¼	47⅝	48¼
1,320	Bald. Loco..	58⅝	57⅝	58⅝	20	Pitts. Coal..	43¼	42⅝	43¼
90	Balt. & Ohio	52⅝	52½	52½	70	Ray Copper.	22¼	22¼	22¼
7,790	Beth. St'l B.	82½	79⅝	82½	2,290	Reading	72	70	71⅝
60	B'klyn R. T.	44¼	43¼	44¼	310	Rep. I. & S.	74¼	72½	74
20	Cal. Petrol..	12½	12½	12½	90	Sinclair Oil..	30¼	30	30
350	Can. Pacific.	138	132¼	133	20	So. Pacific..	83¼	83¼	83¼
530	Cent.Leather	64⅝	63⅝	63⅝	270	So. Railway.	25⅝	24⅞	25¼
20	Ches. & Ohio	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	280	Studebaker..	39⅝	38⅝	39⅝
640	C.,M.& St.P.	39⅝	38	38⅝	130	Tob. Prod...	47	47⅝	47
50	C.,R.I.& P..	19⅝	19	19⅝	680	Union Pac..	117¼	115⅝	116¼
20	Chile Copper	14⅝	14¼	14⅝	240	U. S. Ind. A.	105⅝	104	105⅝
40	Chino Copper	40	39¼	40	350	U. S. Rubber	51	50¼	51
320	Col. F. & I.	34½	33⅝	34	49,390	U. S. Steel..	96¾	94⅝	95⅝
80	Con. Gas....	84	83⅝	83¼	1,150	Utah Copper	78¼	75⅝	77⅝
500	Corn Prod..	28⅝	27⅝	28⅝	50	Va.-Car. Ch.	31	31	31
950	Crucible St'l	56¼	54¼	56	120	Westing. El.	38⅝	38¼	38⅝
150	CubaCaneSu.	27¼	27	27¼	130	Willys-Over.	18	17¼	17⅝
250	Del. & Hud.	91¼	88	88⅝		**BONDS.**			
380	Dist. Secur.	35	34¼	35	$5,000	BR.T.5s,'18..	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
460	Erie	15⅝	14⅝	15¼	150	Liberty 3½s.	99.20	99.00	99.00
50	Do 1st pf.	23	22⅝	22⅝	2,700	Do 4s.....	97.58	97.50	97.50
998	Gen. Motors	90¼	87¼	89		**MINING STOCKS.**			
70	Gt. Nor. Ore	25⅝	24	24⅝	300	Con. Va...	.15	.15	.15
179	Inspir. Cop.	43⅝	42¼	43⅝	300	Gold. Con.	.39	.39	.39
370	Int. Mer. M.	26¼	25½	26¼	500	Morn.Glory	.13	.16	.16
6,630	Do pf......	98⅝	94	98	500	McNamara	.21	.21	.21
120	Kan. Cy. So.	16⅝	16¼	16⅝	500	Nev. Hills	.08	.08	.08
490	Kenne. Cop.	33¼	31⅝	33⅝	200	Round Mt.	.22	.22	.22
70	Lack. Steel.	77⅝	76⅝	76⅝	100	Ton. Ext..	1.60	1.60	1.60
10	Lehigh Val..	55	55	55	165	Union Con.	1.15	1.15	1.15
490	Mex. Petrol.	79	77	79					

TO THE HOLDERS OF
WESTFIELD MANUFACTURING CO.
6% SERIAL GOLD BONDS.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that the bonds hereinbelow specified have been drawn for redemption in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Agreement dated August 25, 1915, between Westfield Manufacturing Company and The Equitable Trust Company of New York as Trustee. The numbers of the bonds drawn are as follows: 341, 342, 345, 348, 349, 350, 353, 354, 355, 356, 358, 359, 360, 362, 364, 365, 367, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 391, 392, 393, 394 and 395.

Upon presentation of said bonds at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, Trustee, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, on and after December 1, 1917, all of the bonds hereinabove specified will be paid at 101% and accrued interest. Interest on said bonds will cease to accrue on December 1, 1917.

Dated: October 31, 1917.

WESTFIELD MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
By WILBUR C. WALKER, President.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York hereby certifies that bonds specified in the foregoing notice for redemption on December 1, 1917, were determined by lot in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Agreement hereinabove referred to.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By SAMUEL ARMSTRONG, Assistant Secretary.
Dated: October 31, 1917.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 5% 50-YEAR SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF BUSH TERMINAL BUILDINGS COMPANY
Due April 1st, 1960.

The undersigned, trustee under the Mortgage given to secure the above described issue of bonds, desires under authority of said mortgage to expend the sum of Ninety-Five Thousand Eight Hundred Fifty-Two Dollars Forty-Eight Cents ($95,852.48) in the purchase of bonds of said issue for the Sinking Fund, provided such purchase can, in its opinion, be now made advantageously. Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to the office of the undersigned, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before December 19th, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon.

Bonds accepted must be delivered on December 20th, or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days. The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN, Vice President.
Dated, New York, December 19th, 1917.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS TO CHANGE NAME OF CORPORATION.

To the Stockholders of The Stern and Saalberg Company:

Notice is hereby given of a meeting of the stockholders of THE STERN AND SAALBERG COMPANY, to be held at the office of the company, No. 416 West 45th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 30th day of November, 1917, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of voting upon a resolution to change the name of the company from THE STERN AND SAALBERG COMPANY, the present name of the corporation, to that of THE SWEETS COMPANY OF AMERICA, INC.

Dated November 12th, 1917.
JACOB SAALBERG, President.
NATHAN STERN, Secretary.

CENTRAL SUGAR CORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the CENTRAL SUGAR CORPORATION will be held at the office of the Corporation, 43 Exchange Place, New York City, New York, on Wednesday, December 5th, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
T. W. MOFFAT, Secretary.
New York, N. Y., November 12th, 1917.

N. Y., November, 14, 1917.

The annual meeting of stockholders of The Continental Telegraph Company of New York will be held in the Executive Office of the Company, No. 195 Broadway, in the City of New York, on Wednesday, November 28th, 1917, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
ANDREW F. BURLEIGH, Acting Secretary.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS of The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States will be held in the rooms of the Society, No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, December 5th, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon. Such other business will be transacted as may be properly brought before the meeting.
WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Secretary.
New York, November 21st, 1917.

DIVIDENDS.

TO THE HOLDERS OF PREFERRED STOCK OF THE PITTSBURGH & WEST VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO.

Pittsburgh, Pa., November 1st, 1917.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of The Pittsburgh & West Virginia Railway Company held at the office of the Company, No. 120 Broadway, New York City, on the first day of November, 1917, a dividend of one and one-half (1½%) per cent. was declared on the Preferred Stock of the Company for the quarter ended September 30th, 1917, payable December 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record November 5th, 1917.
F. J. BRUNNER, Secretary.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 22.
October 10, 1917.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two ($2) Dollars per share on the Common Capital Stock, payable December 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 10th, 1917. Stock books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed.
C. F. VALENTINE, Secretary.

AMERICAN POWER & LIGHT CO.,
71 Broadway, New York.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 20.

The regular quarterly dividend of one per cent. (1%) on the Common Stock of the American Power & Light Company has been declared, payable December 1, 1917, to common stockholders of record at the close of business November 24, 1917.
M. H. ARNING, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
THE AMERICAN GAS COMPANY,
104 Market Street,
Camden, N. J., Nov. 20, 1917.

A quarterly dividend of 2%, or $2 per share, has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable Dec. 1st, 1917, to the stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. Nov. 21st, 1917. Checks will be mailed.
J. B. TOWNSEND, 3d, Treasurer.

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY.
New York, November 20, 1917.

A quarterly dividend of three per cent. upon the capital stock of this company, payable January 2, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 20, 1917, was this day duly declared. The transfer books of the company will not be closed.
HUBERT J. HEWITT, Secretary.

Southwestern Power & Light Company
Preferred Stock Dividend.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of Southwestern Power & Light Company has been declared, payable December 1, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 23, 1917.
M. H. ARNING, Treasurer.

Cleveland First Again!

First Liberty Loan
Red Cross
Hospital Unit
Recruiting
Second Liberty Loan
Y. M. C. A. War Work

CLEVELAND was the first big city to reach its quota in the Y. M. C. A. campaign, and again assumed the leadership of the Nation in its patriotic endeavors. Its first day's record was $718,059.

Outside of New York City, of the national banks of the Nation having deposits of $50,000,000 or more in 1916, THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of CLEVELAND was first in the percentage of gain in deposits during the year ending September 11, 1917.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
TRUST & SAVINGS CO.
247 Euclid—near the Square
CLEVELAND

Combined resources over $100,000,000

To the Holders of

Certificates of Deposit of Metropolitan Trust Company for Five Per Cent. Purchase Money First Lien Coal Bonds of

Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Company

Pursuant to the provisions of a decree of foreclosure and sale dated October 10, 1917, entered in an action caused to be instituted by the undersigned Committee in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, to foreclose the Purchase Money Mortgage securing the issue of bonds above described, and in compliance with an order entered in said action, dated November 10, 1917, there has been paid to the Committee by the Central Trust Company of New York, the Trustee of said Purchase Money Mortgage, the sum of $200 on account of the principal and interest of each bond deposited with the Committee.

The properties covered by the decree are advertised to be sold on December 17 and December 18 next and at such sales the Committee will take such action as in its discretion best meets the interests of the holders of the bonds it represents.

The Committee has concluded therefore under the circumstances to make a partial distribution at this time of the moneys received by it and will accordingly pay to the holders of the above described Certificates of Deposit the sum of $170 on account of each bond represented by said Certificates, retaining the balance for the purposes of and subject to the provisions of the Deposit Agreement of January 15, 1915.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that

(a) Holders of Certificates of Deposit who have not had advanced thereon the amount of the February 1, 1915 coupon, upon presentation of their Certificates of Deposit for appropriate notation thereon at the office of the Metropolitan Trust Company, 60 Wall Street, New York, will receive the sum of $170 on account of each bond represented by such Certificates;

(b) Holders of Certificates of Deposit on which there has been advanced the amount of the February 1, 1915 coupon, upon presentation of their Certificates of Deposit for appropriate notation thereon at said office of the Metropolitan Trust Company, will receive the sum of $170 on account of each bond represented thereby, less the amount of the February 1, 1915 coupon, and interest on advances at the rate of 6% per annum from the dates thereof to November 21, 1917. Cancellation of the obligation of the holders of such Certificates of Deposit in respect of such advances will be stamped on the Certificates.

After the foreclosure sales the Committee will in due course advise the Depositors of the situation and of the plans of the Committee.

Dated: New York, November 21, 1917.

Alfred A. Cook, Counsel.
James F. McNamara, Secretary, 60 Wall Street, New York.

George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., Chairman
Frederick H. Ecker
Jerome J. Hanauer
Arthur B. Leach
William H. Williams
Maurice Hely-Hutchinson,
Committee.

United States Steel

How U. S. Steel has reduced its capitalization per ton of steel capacity.

How capacity and assets have been increased without adding to preferred dividend and interest obligations.

What would be the cost of duplicating present plants of U. S. Steel?

This is another timely and instructive article on U. S. Steel that will appear on DOW, JONES & CO.'S NEWS BULLETINS AND TICKER SERVICE WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 21ST. Publication will also be made in the evening and following morning editions of

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

BUY STOCKS?

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National Fuel Gas
"Rights"
J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

To the Holders of Five Per Cent. Purchase Money First Lien Coal Bonds of **Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Company:**

Pursuant to the provisions of a decree of foreclosure and sale dated October 10, 1917, entered in an action brought in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, to foreclose the Purchase Money Mortgage of The Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad Company dated February 1, 1912, which action is entitled "Central Trust Company of New York against The Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad Company et al.," in Equity No. 442, and of an order entered in said cause dated November 10, 1917, the sum of One million and twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars ($1,022,500), heretofore received by the undersigned from Theodore C. Keller, as Receiver of the Coal Properties of The Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad Company, has been applied in reduction of the amount found due by said decree.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned will pay the sum of Two hundred dollars ($200) to the holder of each One thousand dollar ($1,000) face amount Purchase Money Coal Bond on account of the amount due thereon for principal and interest on presentation of the same to it with coupon of February 1, 1915, and all subsequent coupons attached, at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, for proper stamping.

DATED New York, November 19th, 1917.
CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
as Trustee of the Purchase Money Coal Mortgage of The Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad Company.
By E. F. HYDE, Vice-President.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COLUMBIA BANK

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz:
Public securities $2,420.00
Private securities 768,737.62
Real estate owned 42,797.86
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral.... 10,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral 964,610.91
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral 8,381,619.21
Overdrafts 841.93
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets $1,347,724.53
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item .... 19,426.12 — 1,367,150.65
Specie 1,029,553.92
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States.. 354,700.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings ...$526,783.76
Other cash items ... 73,449.89 — 600,233.65
Other assets, viz.:
Furniture and fixtures $17,995.40
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date.... 14,145.19 — 32,140.59
Total........$13,554,406.34

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock $300,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund $600,000.00
Undivided profits... 148,915.38 — 748,915.38
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks $122,513.00
Deposits by the State of New York 125,000.00
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check 11,112,223.40
Demand certificates of deposit 17,441.67
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers 52,570.94
Certified checks 155,282.50
Unpaid dividends 24.00
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers 61,099.33
Total deposits 11,636,104.80
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit, or otherwise.. 700,000.00
Other liabilities, viz.:
Mortgages on real estate owned $35,000.00
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc. .. 5,000.00
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date, (estimated). 27,000.00
Estimated unearned discounts .... 52,386.16 — 119,386.16
Total........$13,554,406.34

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE FIFTH AVENUE BANK

of New York, at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities........ $3,476,750.67
Private securities........ 5,600.00
Real estate owned........ 552,066.60
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral.... 159,450.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral........ 8,589,592.11
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral 5,163,910.50
Overdrafts 11,809.20
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item........ 902,553.68
Specie 2,023,563.61
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States.... 801,550.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings. $547,060.60
Other cash items. 218,968.96 — 766,029.56
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets 2,610,219.68
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date, (estimated).. 33,726.18
Total........$24,496,821.79

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock........ $100,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund..... $100,000.00
Undivided profits. 2,200,169.88 — 2,300,169.88
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks $31,965.06
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions. 10,728.16
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check...... 21,329,548.05
Demand certificates of deposit 11,199.31
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers. 23,474.39
Certified checks 100,436.85
Unpaid divid'nds 101.13
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers.. 133,617.16
Extend total deposits........ 21,641,084.96
Other liabilities, viz.:
Reserves for taxes and contingencies 390,233.35
Estimated unearned discounts 65,333.00 — 455,566.95
Total........$24,496,821.79

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE GERMANIA BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities........ $929,844.75
Private securities........ 1,668,841.99
Real estate owned........ 473,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral 945,649.80
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral 2,495,231.37
Overdrafts 178.38
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets $835,396.18
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item .... 121,521.53 — 958,917.71
Specie 1,015,158.35
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States...... 60,500.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings... $286,555.02
Other cash items... 144,531.42 — 431,086.44
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date........ 30,697.76
Total $9,007,106.55

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock $400,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund...... $600,000.00
Undivided profits.. 216,440.98 — 816,440.98
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks $942,534.03
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets........ 50,000.00
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check........ 6,109,556.61
Demand certificates of deposit. 243,026.27
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers 257,720.83
Certified checks.. 164,563.65
Unpaid dividends. 705.00
Due trust companies, banks and bankers.... 2,581.73
Total deposits........ 7,770,735.17
Other liabilities, viz.:
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date $7,844.40
Estimated unearned discounts ...... 12,083.00 — 19,927.40
Total $9,007,106.55

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

MANHATTAN COMPANY

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities........ $2,490,022.98
Private securities........ 5,099,715.95
Real estate owned 900,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral........ 12,642,747.24
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral 15,725,715.80
Overdrafts 961.10
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item...... 6,224,231.27
Specie 1,364,536.72
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States. 870,100.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings.$21,137,907.82
Other cash items. 1,503,823.79 — 22,641,731.62
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets 5,828,043.63
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra) 1,987,048.35
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date........ 77,261.04
Total........$77,352,106.80

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock........ $2,050,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund..... $4,500,000.00
Undivided profits. 721,208.02 — 5,221,208.02
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks $3,427,819.27
Deposits by the State of New York 1,000,015.60
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York 29,306.57
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets 231,350.00
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check...... 24,566,754.25
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days 2,000,000.00
Demand certificates of deposit 116,070.23
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers. 234,309.52
Certified checks 16,389,969.60
Unpaid dividends 7,827.77
Due trust companies, banks and bankers.. 20,442,871.73
Total deposits........ 68,446,292.94
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit.... $1,987,048.35
Less our acceptances owned..... 636,786.95 — 1,350,261.40
Other liabilities, viz.:
Reserves for taxes $94,919.19
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date 54,511.78
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date........ 38,659.00
Estimated unearned discounts 96,254.47 — 284,344.44
Total........$77,352,106.80

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

MUTUAL BANK

New York, N. Y., at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities $787,129.39
Private securities 539,606.10
Real estate owned 485,631.17
Mortgages owned 50,325.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral..... 71,673.36
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral 2,924,396.73
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral. 4,071,826.53
Overdrafts 6,251.87
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets $985,208.66
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item. 87,072.43 — 1,072,281.09
Specie 334,217.50
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States...... 263,986.50
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings $341,925.40
Other cash items.... 67,349.25 — 409,274.65
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date (estimated)........ 19,000.00
Total........$11,540,599.94

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock........ $200,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund........$200,000.00
Undivided profits.... 291,468.28 — 491,468.28
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks $228,349.31
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions 747.01
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York 1,046.30
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check 9,552,135.49
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days 215,143.05
Demand certificates of deposit 16,000.00
Other certificates of deposit 26,000.00
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers 11,773.94
Certified checks.. 59,160.51
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers 232,087.38
Total deposits 19,342,292.99
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise........ 400,000.00
Income tax withheld 303.29
Other liabilities, viz.:
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c...... $45,339.25
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date..... 997.13
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date (estimated) 17,568.00
Estimated unearned discounts .... 42,481.00 — 106,435.38
Total........$11,540,599.94

HUDSON TRUST CO.

39TH STREET AND BROADWAY, NEW YORK, N. Y.
Condensed Statement
As of the Beginning of Business NOVEMBER 15TH, 1917.

RESOURCES

U. S. Government bonds (Liberty Loan) $245,600.00
Bonds of the City and State of New York 780,406.25
Sundry stocks and bonds........ 1,179,679.75
Loans and bills purchased...... 2,696,928.64
Furniture and fixtures........ 4,000.00
Bonds and mortgages (first).... 93,000.00
Accrued interest receivable...... 36,061.25
Cash on hand and in banks...... 2,189,525.13
Total $7,219,221.02

LIABILITIES

Capital $500,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits.... 660,535.49
Reserved for taxes, etc 1,703.47
Accrued interest payable........ 10,821.04
Dividends unpaid 276.00
Deposits 6,045,885.02
Total $7,219,221.02

OFFICERS:

Frank V. Baldwin........President
Henry C. Strahmann........Vice-President
John Gerken ....Vice-President
Richard A. Purdy..Vice-Pres. & Secretary
John J. Broderick, Jr........Treasurer

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY

New York City, at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities $7,408,902.02
Private securities 1,894,858.76
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank of New York........ 67,500.00
Real estate owned 117,640.77
Mortgages owned 1,084,575.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral.... 249,328.26
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral 6,784,866.61
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral 12,601,847.12
Overdrafts 634.36
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets $883,503.85
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item .... 1,962,503.54 — 2,846,007.39
Specie 513,307.67
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States..... 1,184,360.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings..$1,317,892.64
Other cash items. 199,441.36 — 1,517,334.00
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets 3,241,400.11
Customers' liability on acceptances, (see liabilities, per contra) 591,860.95
Other assets, viz.:
Vaults $30,000.00
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date 69,307.32
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date .... 20,812.51 — 120,120.83
Total........$39,724,638.23

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock........ $1,500,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund..... $750,000.00
Undivided profits.. 332,151.09 — 1,082,151.09
Deposits—Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks $1,611,755.48
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions 85,332.60
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary 1,589,610.86
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets 6,889,482.65
Deposits otherwise preferred, if any 2,168.61
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check 28,065,458.62
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days...... 474,708.21
Demand certificates of deposit.. 539,850.41
Other certificates of deposit 98,255.15
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks 820,425.87
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers 363,670.59
Certified checks.... 151,134.81
Unpaid dividends.. 4,187.02
Due trust companies, banks and bankers 1,221,932.40
Total deposits 36,327,937.70
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit 644,065.29
Other liabilities, viz.:
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c..... $12,649.33
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date 114,172.23
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date 23,662.59
Estimated unearned discounts 20,000.00 — 170,484.15
Total........$39,724,638.23

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE STATE BANK

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities $2,743,520.00
Private securities 4,763,316.88
Real estate owned........ 1,497,968.81
Mortgages owned 1,893,086.54
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral..... 165,230.61
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral........ 2,454,708.96
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral 10,741,814.80
Overdrafts 3,492.59
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets........$1,197,216.50
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item........ 1,443,676.62 — 2,640,893.82
Specie 2,834,000.00
Other currency authorized by the Laws of the United States. 1,074,338.90
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings..$1,358,870.95
Other cash items.. 161,339.22 — 1,520,210.17
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra.) 130,115.07
Other assets, viz.:
Furniture and fixtures $25,367.14
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date 170,000.00
U. S. documentary stamps .... 310.00 — 195,677.14
Total $32,658,375.49

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock $1,500,000.00
Surplus—
Surplus fund $300,000.00
Undivided profits.. 354,113.02 — 654,113.02
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Deposits by the State of New York $500,000.00
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York 101.03
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets 467,673.08
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check........12,417,727.49
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits the payment of which cannot legally be required within 30 days 27,580.00
Demand certificates of deposit 86,735.00
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of pass-books..15,582,022.21
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers 377,303.35
Certified checks. 194,800.62
Unpaid dividends 15.00
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers... 264,849.62
Total deposits 29,918,127.40
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit.. 130,115.07
Other liabilities, viz.:
Mortgages on real estate owned.... $331,979.00
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.... 28,000.00
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date 9,341.00
Estimated unearned discounts. 86,700.00 — 456,020.00
Total $32,658,375.49

PROPOSALS.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, Room 710, Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y.—Sealed proposals for dredging and rock removal in East River, N. Y., will be received here until 12 M., November 30, 1917, and then opened. Further information on application.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

PACIFIC BANK

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities $267,871.00
Private securities........ 4,600.00
Real estate owned........ 75,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by collateral 1,221,296.24
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral 7,718,291.07
Overdrafts 410.93
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets $916,130.20
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item .... 1,229,977.59 — 2,146,107.79
Specie 83,168.83
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States.... 1,454,872.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings..$1,034,297.31
Other cash items. 96,245.16 — 1,130,542.47
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets 1,104,514.50
Customers' liability on acceptances, (see liabilities, per contra) 1,662,140.62
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date........ 2,942.28
Total $16,866,754.73

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock........ $500,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund...... $500,000.00
Undivided profits. 502,899.23 — 1,002,899.23
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks $332,556.71
Not preferred as follows:
Deposits subject to check ...12,749,799.27
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days.... 219,250.00
Demand certificates of deposit 1,742.74
Other certificates of deposit...... 21,800.00
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers 61,814.72
Certified checks. 83,099.11
Unpaid dividends 61.00
Due trust companies, banks and bankers... 519,915.41
Total deposits........ 13,990,038.96
Rediscounts 145,000.00
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit......$1,662,140.42
Less our acceptances purchased or discounted .... 468,494.72 — 1,193,645.90
Other liabilities, viz.:
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.... $28,370.24
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date 1,855.30
Estimated unearned discounts ...... 6,945.10 — 35,170.64
Total $16,866,754.73

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

METROPOLITAN BANK

N. Y. City, N. Y., at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities........ $3,922,442.69
Private securities........ 1,467,073.22
Real estate owned........ 916,111.60
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral.... 424,012.13
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral........ 2,905,248.62
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral 14,185,227.81
Overdrafts 47.92
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets........$6,317,589.38
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item .... 4,149,754.40 — 10,467,343.78
Specie 715,073.26
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States. 1,708,462.50
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings.$1,723,424.47
Other cash items. 306,190.25 — 2,029,614.72
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets 2,834,840.22
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date $37,743.15
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date .... 13,000.00 — 50,743.15
Total $41,620,741.62

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock $2,000,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund....$1,000,000.00
Undivided profits.. 1,128,638.06 — 2,128,638.06
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State Savings Banks $164,250.00
Due New York State Savings and Loan Associations and Credit Unions. 83,553.40
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets 2,000,657.53
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check........33,907,459.07
Demand certificates of deposit 63,365.53
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers 47,129.27
Certified checks. 400,943.74
Unpaid dividends 232.00
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers.. 712,270.88
Total deposits........ 37,379,860.92
Other liabilities, viz.:
Suspense account. $2,103.85
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c..... 42,414.54
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date...... 8,000.00
Estimated unearned discounts 109,724.25 — 162,242.64
Total $41,620,741.62

LEGAL NOTICES.

RESOLUTION OF MEMBERS AUTHORIZING change of name:

The Members of the National Child Welfare Exhibit Association, Inc., at a meeting duly convened this 14th day of November, 1917, desire to change the corporate name of said Company from that of the "National Child Welfare Exhibit Association, Inc.," to that of the "National Child Welfare Association, Inc.," for the reason that the new name will more correctly describe the proposed work of the Association.

And a Certificate in duplicate of the Secretary of State having been presented to the Meeting to the effect that the name which said corporation proposes to assume is not the name of any other corporation appearing on his index of corporations as authorised to do business under the Laws of the State of New York, or a name which be deemed so nearly resembling it as to be calculated to deceive; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the said members of said Association that the name of said Association be changed from the "National Child Welfare Exhibit Association, Inc.," to that of the "National Child Welfare Association, Inc.," and that a Certificate containing this resolution duly signed, verified and acknowledged, together with the other necessary papers, as set forth in Section 66 of Article 2 of Chapter 177 of the Laws of 1917, be filed in the Offices of the Secretary of State and of the County Clerk of the County in which the Association has its principal place of business.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Section 347, Tariff Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold 1 carton of feathers of wild birds. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 3, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted. Dated Nov. 10, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BANK OF THE METROPOLIS

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities........ $8,185.00
Private securities........ 320,311.32
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral.... 580.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral 3,054,154.03
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral 16,832,879.43
Overdrafts 1,125.18
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets........$3,634,581.34
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item........ 948,160.51 — 4,582,741.85
Specie 1,048,176.18
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States. 794,908.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings.. $831,656.89
Other cash items.. 353,822.94 — 1,185,479.83
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra) 80,812.65
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date $1.29
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date .... 17,000.00 — 17,001.29
Total........$22,525,774.75

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock........ $1,000,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund......$1,000,000.00
Undivided profits.. 1,353,615.00 — 2,353,615.00
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks $1,131,365.51
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check........17,428,068.30
Demand certificates of deposit 29,876.78
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers 144,444.30
Certified checks. 99,667.12
Unpaid dividends 156.00
Due trust companies, banks and bankers... 131,882.09
Total deposits........ 18,965,458.08
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit... 80,812.65
Other liabilities, viz.:
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.... $29,846.71
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date 22,042.31
Estimated unearned discounts. 74,000.00 — 125,889.02
Total........$22,525,774.75

BIG CURRENCY INCREASE.

Two-thirds of Outstanding Amount Was Issued in Past Year.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Rapid rise in the amount of currency in circulation is shown in a report issued tonight by Controller of the Currency Williams. He says that two-thirds of the outstanding currency consists of national bank and Federal Reserve notes issued during the year ended Oct. 31.

Of the $1,949,000,000 currency in the United States on that date $1,301,000,000 consisted of those two classes of notes issued within the year by the Controller. The larger proportion, or $976,000,000, was Federal Reserve notes, and $325,000,000 was in national bank notes. The total of both kinds of notes outstanding was $1,644,000,000.

Mr. Williams explains that "the large increase, $689,746,000, during the year in the amount of Federal Reserve notes outstanding is due mainly to the issuance of Federal Reserve notes against the deposit of gold or gold certificates with the Federal Reserve agents, the amount of gold and silver certificates so held Oct. 31, 1917, being approximately $600,000,000."

During the year the Controller's office redeemed and destroyed $464,000,000 of currency.

Reports that the shortage of one-cent pieces had caused Clearing Houses in several Eastern and Middle Western cities to determine to issue paper scrip, to be circulated locally instead of pennies, reached the Treasury today, and were met by an immediate effort to ship more small coins eastward from the Denver and San Francisco Mints. Five million one-cent pieces were on their way to Chicago, to relieve the shortage in the Middle West, and the movement of small coins will continue through December, to accommodate holiday shopping demands in Eastern cities.

ELECTRICAL MEN MEET.

Discuss Plans for More Efficient Trade Co-operation.

Representatives of all branches of the electrical manufacturing, contracting, and jobbing industry last night at the Garden Theatre discussed plans for more efficient co-operation between electrical interests in the metropolitan district. Louis K. Comstock, President of the Conference Club, presided. The meeting was called for the purpose of giving an impetus in New York to the movement inaugurated at the annual convention of the National Electrical Contractors' Association held at New Orleans last month, for the better merchandising of electrical supplies and appliances through the retailer.

W. L. Goodwin, one of the originators of the co-operative plan among all branches of the industry, explained what has come to be known as the "Goodwin plan," which is to have the various interests in the trade understand their functions better and to work more in harmony with each other. Mr. Goodwin laid emphasis on the establishment of retail distribution of electrical materials at fair prices to the consumer. The speaker said that the retail end of the electrical business should be popularized. Other speakers told of the advantages to be derived from closer co-operation in the different branches of the trade, not only from a trade point of view, but as making for greater efficiency in meeting any demands from the Government for electrical equipment for war purposes.

OCTOBER IMPORTS DROP.

But Russia Shows Big Spurt, Chiefly Raw Material.

Withdrawals of American shipping for the transportation of troops and supplies for the army in France, coupled with the inability of the Entente countries to maintain shipments in October, were responsible for establishing a new low level for monthly imports at the Port of New York. A compilation made public last night by Byron R. Newton, Collector of the Port, covering entries of foreign merchandise here in October showed them to have been materially lower than in February, the first month of unrestricted German submarine activity, and, in fact, the lowest in any single month since the start of the European war, in August, 1914, not even excepting August and September of that year, when shipping circles were in a panicky condition.

According to Collector Newton, total entries of merchandise of all kinds here last month aggregated only $91,319,486, or $6,515,402 less than in February. In June imports here reached $154,901,984, thus making a record for any single month of the present calendar year. Since June, entries have steadily declined. Although last month's total entries exceeded those of the corresponding month one year ago by approximately $2,000,000, the gain was in imports of raw commodities, such as rubber, hides, copper, and nitrates. Last month's imports from Europe were below those of October, 1916.

English imports last month were returned as having a value of $8,335,805, or $5,000,000 less than in February, while France, which in February laid down merchandise at New York worth $8,073,724, dropped in October to $4,734,879. Italian imports here last month were only $1,683,796, against $2,149,215 in February. Strangely enough, Russia made a big spurt in October, and landed merchandise, mostly in the form of raw materials, valued at $3,061,954. This compared with $34,571 in February and $763,067 in September. Russian entries here in October of last year were set down at $20,925. Nothing came from Germany or Belgium last month, but Austria-Hungary was credited with imports valued at $456.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 20.—Twenty-two new corporations, with an aggregate capital of $2,417,500, were chartered today. They include:

Rochester Feldspar Mills, Rochester, $200,000; J. McLean, M. B. Dickens, W. P. Healy, Rochester.

Empire State Transportation Corp., Albany, $10,000; W. R. Rose, G. E. and J. W. Ryder, 427 West 13th St.

New York Rotary Motor Co., Manhattan, $1,700,000; A. M. Sullivan, H. and S. S. Meyers, 60 Wall St.

White Sulphur Springs Corp., Manhattan, hotels, apartment houses, and restaurants, $50,000; D. P. Snagg, A. E. Brewer, J. G. Lazarus, 663 East 165th St.

Small, Courmettes & Schneider, Manhattan, realty, $10,000; P. J. Schneider, M. A. H. Courmettes, P. L. Small, 38 Ft. Washington Av.

Jacques Meyer & Co., Manhattan, commission merchants, $100,000; G. A. Copeland, J. Newman, J. Tramutolo, 35 Oak St.

G. F. Film Co., Manhattan, $10,000; H. S. Perrigo, G. F. Jebbett, A. E. Moore, 37 Wall St.

New Jersey Finishing Works, Manhattan, $50,000; M. M. Mandel, F. H. Mandel, M. B. Reilly, 31 Nassau St.

Lorient-Cartier, Manhattan, bakery, confectionery, and soda beverages, $20,000; L. O. and P. V. Shields, O. K. Mitchell, 630 West 122d St.

Fraser-Brace-Clarke & Allaire, Manhattan, contracting engineers, $145,000; G. C. Clarke, C. E. Fraser, J. H. Brace, 1,328 Broadway.

Hudgins Riverdale Co., Manhattan, realty, $20,000; C. S. Noyes, R. W. Hudgins, W. S. Bennet, 60 Wall St.

5,800 Broadway, Inc., Manhattan, realty, $65,000; B. S. Wright, W. H. Mandel, F. Eisele, Mount Vernon.

L. H. Butcher, Inc., Manhattan, paints and supplies, $25,000; V. G. Thomas, E. J. Donegan, G. W. Durrenberger, 360 West 45th St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Liberty Steel Products Co., Bronx, $2,000 to $12,000.

Posner-Marinac, Manhattan, $15,000 to $30,000.

Moore & Tierney, Cohoes, $30,000 to $130,000.

Beacon Tire Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $500,000.

Craemer Nail and Supply Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

The Kurtmann Piano Co., Inc., Buffalo, $50,000 to $100,000.

AUTHORIZATION.

General Film Contracting Co., Maine, $1,000,000. Representative, H. S. Gould, 37 Wall St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Pennsylvania Rubber Co., Manhattan.
Rhoda Waist Co., Inc., Manhattan.
Genesee Securities of Leroy, N. Y., Buffalo.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 20.—Charters filed:

Metropolitan Five to Fifty Cent Stores, Jersey City, $2,000,000; S. J. Tucker, S. M. Arnold, and R. W. Morris, all of Buffalo, N. Y.

Newark and New York Tanning Co., Newark, $15,000; D. John Thow and A. M. Thow of Brooklyn and James Mitchell of the Town of Union.

Serena Silk Co., Prospect Park, $25,000; M. L. Rosenkrans, C. M. Ulrich, and C. Hamilton, all of Paterson.

Empress Silk Co., Paterson, $25,000; H. Morris, Abram Shafran, and Harry Schwelb, all of Paterson.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 20.—Charters filed:

The Paraffine Cos., paints, $15,800,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, C. M. Egner of Wilmington.

Santa Susanna Corp., to bore for oil, gas, &c., $3,000,000; incorporators same as above.

Dixie Gas Co., $2,500,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, H. W. Davis of Wilmington.

Stewart Refining Co., $2,500,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, C. M. Egner of Wilmington.

Belgian Coal Briquette Co., $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, C. M. Egner of Wilmington.

Philadelphia Subway Const. Co., $1,000,000; incorporators same as above.

American Fuel Machine Corp., $500,000; A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, G. V. Reilly, all of New York.

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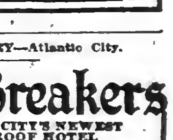

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Reservations may now be arranged.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy, 24890.—Notice is given that HARRY U. HUBBS, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan New York, on Monday, December 24th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25274. —In Bankruptcy.—AUGUSTUS C. SMITH, Bankrupt.

Augustus C. Smith was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 16th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City of New York, on December 3d, 1917, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 25,270.—U. S. DIST. COURT, SO. DIST. N. Y.—In Bankruptcy.—DAVID BODKER, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said bankrupt are hereby given notice that on Nov. 15th, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 233 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on Dec. 5th, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 25,094.—U. S. DIST. COURT, SO. DIST. N. Y.—In Bankruptcy.—AUTO TRUNK AND ACME SUIT CASE MFG. CO., INC., Bankrupt.

Creditors of said bankrupt are hereby given notice that on Oct. 26th, 1917, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 233 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on Dec. 5th, 1917, at 2 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 25,076.—U. S. DIST. COURT, SO. DIST. N. Y.—In Bankruptcy.—SAMUEL EISENBERG, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said bankrupt are hereby given notice that on Nov. 7th, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 233 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on Dec. 5th, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 25,273.—U. S. DIST. COURT, SO. DIST. N. Y.—In Bankruptcy.—WILLIAM H. JACKSON, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said bankrupt are hereby given notice that on Nov. 16th, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 233 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on Dec. 5th, 1917, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX MINTZ, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 589 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Pants, Coats, Trimmings, Buttons, Piece Goods, etc.
MAX E. SANDERS, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HUDFORD COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1,700 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of automobiles, commercial bodies and trucks, automobile frames, parts, office furniture and fixtures, &c.
HARRY ZALKIN, Receiver.
NATHAN FRIEDMAN, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—79—J. Johnstone, plain., v. A. Schmidt et al.—Dismissed, with costs, pursuant to the 10th rule.

82—The Mo. Pac. Ry. Co., plain., v. the State of Kansas.—Continued, per stipulation.

67—Abercrombie & Fitch Co. et al., pet., v. F. E. Baldwin et al.—Argument continued for respondents, and concluded for pet.

58—The U. S., applt., v. Reading Co. et al., and 60—Reading Co. et al., applts. v. the U. S.—Reargument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Nov. 21: Nos. 63, (and 80,) 71, (and 72,) 71, 76, 77, 78, 81, 83, 84, and 85.

Southern District.

COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Before Ward, Rogers, and Hough, JJ.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M., in Room 433, Post Office Building.

Kentley<US Trust Co.
Equit Tr Co<Western Pac Ry.
Lehigh Valley RR<Kruszewski.
Re Armann.
Munson<Grimwood.
Re Graff.
Edmonds<Stern.

DISTRICT COURT—Hazel, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg, 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Union Ferry<CNY.
Indische Lloyd, &c, Co<SS Bornquen.
NY & Cuba Mail SS Co<Akerlund.
Ingall<Tug Ganoga.
Erie RR<SS Tuscan Prince.
Central Stock Yards Co<SS Coamo.
Penn RR<Tug Joshua Lovett.
Mulligan<Ferryboat Cincinnati.
Owners Yacht Oneida, Limitation.
Berwin W Coal Co<Lighter New York.
Willis<Barnes AmesCo
Kuhchold<Comp Gen'l Transp.
Gans SS Co<Am S & R
Overseas Shipping Co<Lees Lighters.
Dunbar<By-Products Chem Co.
Burns<SS Pannonia.
Lee<Tug Industry.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Court opens in Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Pidcock<L V RR.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT — Veeder, J. — At 10:30 A. M.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.

Karasik<Peoples Trust Co. (on trial.)

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 2 P. M.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.

Corrugated Fibre Co<Pap Wk Mach et al.
Fuller<SS Ellerdale.
Same<SS Beneleugh.
US ex rel Baralini<Bell.
US ex rel Hymanson<Local Board No 103.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

People, respt., v. Grout, applt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted and appeal dismissed on the ground that it is not authorised by Section 519 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Adder Machine Co., respt., v. German Fire Ins. Co. of Peoria, Ill., applt.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbts.

Rodsborski, applt., v. American Sugar Refining Co., respt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with costs and $10 costs of motion.

Koenig and ano., applts., v. Lawlor, respt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted and appeal dismissed, with costs and 10 costs of motion.

Re Mathot, an attorney.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, without costs.

Re Brandmarker, an attorney; matter Carpel, an attorney; re Carter, an attorney.—Motions to dismiss appeals granted, without costs, on authority of matter of Mathot decided herewith.

Hawthorn and ano., admrxs., &c., respt., v. Natural Carbonic Gas Co., applt.—Motion for leave to appeal denied and motion to dismiss appeal granted, with costs and $10 costs of motion.

Smith, applt., v. Browning, respt.—Motion to add to calendar and for a preference thereon denied.

Mulroney, respt., v. Metal Shelter Co., applt.; re motion for subsitution granted.

Thadeus Davids Co., respt., v. the Hoffman-Laroche Chemical Works, applt.; Ashcroft, respt., v. Natl. Meter Co., applt.; claim Gerecht for co... v. Wells Fargo & Co.; Davis, respt., v. N. W. Mutual Life Ins. Co., applt.; Thomas, respt., v. N. W. Mutual Life Ins. Co., applt.; De Normandie, respt., v. Bayview Heights Land Co., applt.; Watson, applt., v. Ross, respt.; re account Catlin and ano., exrs., Catlin, dec'd., re account Elliott et al., trustees, &c., Elliott, dec'd.—Motions for leave to appeal denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Fifth Av. Bldg. Co., applt., v. Kernochan, as exr., &c., respt.—Motion for reargument denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements. Re Haire, an attorney.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted.

Re Rouss, an attorney, applt.—Motion to amend order of this court made Oct. 23, 1917, denied.

Peo. ex rel East River Gas Co., applt. v. Purdy et al., re respts.; Bradley et al., applts., v. Degnon Cont. Co. et al., respts.; City N.Y., West 181st St.; Donovan, applt., v. City of N.Y., respt.—Motions for leave to appeal granted.

Peo. ex rel N.Y. C. R. Co., applt., v. Block, assessor, respt.; U. & D. R. Co., respt.; motion to amend remittitur denied; $10 costs; Burrell, applt., v. City N.Y., et al., respts.; Winne, as admrx., &c., respt., v. Erie R. Co., applt.; Wilson, applt., v. Ager and ano., respts.; Forman, respt., v. Young, impld. with ors., applts.; Orth v. Anderson et al., respts.; Bellman et al., respts., v. United Security Co., applt.—Judgments affirmed, with costs. Re estate of Heinz, Empire Kaolin Co., applt., Fullerton, respt.—Appeal dismissed, with costs, on the argument.

Rafferty, applt., v. Olsen, respt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with costs and $10 costs of motion.

Rose, applt., v. Bristol, respt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with costs, and $10 costs of motion.

Williams Eng. Co. applt. v. City N. Y., respt.—Judgment App. Div. modified so as to provide and read: "Judgment reversed and new trial granted," and as so modified judgment affirmed, with costs in this court and in App. Div. to abide event.

Reclaim Gifford v. Patterson, Inc., and ano., applts.—Order of App. Div reversed and determination of the State Industrial Commission annulled, with costs in this court and in the App. Div. against the industrial commission.

DAY CALENDAR.

Lawless<Van Wagner Mfg Co.
Butler, as assignee<CNY.
Comrie<Kleman et al.
Ward et al<Ward.
Remington<Shults Bread Co.
Armstrong<Minetto-Meriden.
Vaughan<Transit Dev.
First Nat Bank of Waterloo<Storey et al

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Scott, Smith, Page, and Shearn, JJ.—At 2 P. M. Non-enumerated motions.

Slavitz<Rodgers & Hagerty.
CNY<Nat Surety Co.
Bloom<Sutton.
Falletta<30 Wall St.
Zatulone<L I RR.
Rosenkranz<Eagle Sav, &c, Co.
Casten<Robison.
People<T Delles.
Eagle Paper Box Co<Gatti-McQuade Co.
Holmes<Camp.
People<J Deliss.
Coleman<Stein.
Re Jones.
Phillips<CNY, (2.)
Ongley<Marcin.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Starobin<Homo Con.
Collins<Gubelman.
Hollinger<Palmer.
Reich<Reich.
Schapiro<Schapiro.
Nat Bank of Ogdensburg<Finlayson.
Jennings<Foley.
Re Hawkins, (Creston Av.)
Mulligan<Etzel Co.
Kanya<Fenn RR.
Met Sav Bank<Ellnore Realty Co.
Norris<Page.
Farro<Wanamaker.
Katz<Goldstein.
Same<same.
CNY<Muir.
Saslofsky<Saslofsky.
People, &c<Callahan.
Welsh<I R T.
Steinberg<Stein.
Hasbrouck Floor Co<United Cork Cos.
Pegsah<Schwartz.
Silberman<Henig.
Shapiro<Mangin Wet Wash Laundry Co.
Warren<Fay Rlty Co.
Bart<Fodor.
Planten<Nat Nass Bk.
Shultz<Fodor.
Westerman<Westerman.
Boyd<Becker.
Markham<Rubin.
Shaffer<Ryan, (3.)
Steinfeld<New Toy Co.
Gallano<McQuade Stevedoring Co.
Emigrant Ind Sav Bk<Hutchinson.
Higgins<Applebaum.
Knapp<Knapp & F.
Muniz<Weil.
Katz<Untarberg.
Re Contractors' Sup.
Guaranty Trust<2d Av RR, (Frel.)
Wagner<Peyser.
Ellis<Fletcher. (2.)
Tucker<Charter Con.
Seidlitz<Auerbach.
Wade<Wade.
Samarelli<Samarelli.
Ludwig<Hermann.
Re Grob's Sons.
Craft<Holman.
Colford<Hyland, (2.)
Re Debevoise, (Parson.)
Weisser<M & L Hess.
Mayher<Rumble.
Kilborn<Ursuline Rty.
Wechsler<Sawyer.
US Trust Co<Daniel.
Daniel<Kelly.
Paune<Soler.
Ludwig<Herman, (2.)
Lang<Delling.
Kostroosky<Thimm.
Re Aldrich.
Nolan<Green.
Fallon<Stern Bros.
Albino<De Mayo C Co
Johnson<Behan.
Wodsinski<Schreiber.
Williamson<Ferguson.
Cartwright<Gen B Co.
Calron<Fradus.
Wattler<Bird.
Callahan<Kemp.
Jayek<Firuski.
Gordon<Gordon.
Krieger<Fearing.
Bennjamino<Egan & Co.
Ferguson<Buchanan.
Greenberg<Kammerman.
Hart<Baum.
Shea<Kiely.
Jezek<Firuski.
Sonn Bros<Nacey.
Von Moltzahn<Burden
Wyckoff<Guenther Pub Co.
Kozloff<Ansorge.
Stromberg Export & Impt Co<Stromberg.

PART II.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Linkins<Ochs.
Hinkle Iron Works<Kohn.
Antolini & Co<Berner.
Bay<Bray.
Barrett<McNeece.
Goldblatt<Beach.
Monell<Monell.
Undefended divorces:
Welland<Welland.
Karstadt<Karstadt.
Trerotola<Trerotola.
Wichert<Wichert.
Ruffino<Ruffino.
Dell<Dell.
Justis<Justis.
Kenyon<Kenyon.
Preferred cause:
Somberg<45th St Rlty.
General calendar:
Gans<Schlanger.
N Y Sample Furniture Co<23 E 23d St Co.
Pizzutiello<Raisler.
Trapani<Trapani.
Schneiderman<Schneiderman.
Duncan<Delafield.
Goldblatt<Beach.
Alexander<Ryan.
Hennigsen<Hennigsen.
Rieger's Sons<Castellanos.
Cohen<Cohen.
Rosenberg<Int Ladies' Garment Work Un.
Rawl<Baker-V Co.
Friedman<Friedman.
Shorey<Brewster.
Punch & Judy Theatre<Sayre.
Nagle<Nagle.
Stromberg Export & Impt Co<Stromberg.
Schwoerer<Hudson Tr.
Warbelt Pub Co<Day Pub Co.
Rogers<Rogers.
Altoria Co<CNY.
Stern<Stern.
Josephowitz<Josephowitz.
Kahn<Saperstein (2.)
Loucka<Silver Motor.
Am Wet Wash Laundry Co<Richter.
Lewis<Portable.

Victoria Bldg, &c, Co<O'Conner.
Zobel<same.
Levine & Pesner<Davis Const Co.
Sederquist<Williston.
Tucker<Fid Title & T.
Axler<Axler.
Kobre Assets<Baker.
K & B Film<Carson. Case on.

PART IV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Not in session.
PART VI.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Klein<Burrough.
Power<Sprague.
Samuels<Soolookjian.
Prior<Amer Un Line.
Cumberland Glass Mfg<Krumenacker.
Pfeffer<Wechsler. Case on.

PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M.

Ing—Matewetsky<Fischer.
Roth<Hella Co., Inc.
Schulsinger<Abeles.
Kahn<same.
Buda<CNY.
Gattesman<5th Av Coach Co.
A Bauman<Ostriche.
E Bauman<same.
Zimmerman<NY Rys.
Rastarella<Structural Erecting Co, Inc.
Wynne<Litchfield Const Co.
Conlon<Club Car Corp.
McDonald<NY Rys.
O'Sullivan<3d Av RR.
Pasquale<Martho.
Shields<Cons Gas Co of NY.
J Henning<Little.
A Henning<same.
Tracy<Mertens.
E Holzer<Hamilton.
I Holzer<same.
Goldberg<C I & B RR
Herman<B, Q C & S RR.
Marotta<NY Cent RR.
Kalinsky<Falkenberg.
Campisi<NY Con RR.
Wambach<3d Av RR.
Wasserstein<B H RR.
W Finnegan<3d Av RR.
M Finnegan<same.
McGraw<B'way & 35th St Realty Co.
Hunter<Salzman.
Moffa<NY & Q C Ry.
Castelluzzio<NY Veal & Mutton Co.
Carter<CNY.
Rozos<Fradus.
Kiernan<Belt Line Ry
Buckley<NY Rys.
M Weinberg<Int R T.
L Weinberg<same.
Petruzzelli<Stevens Co
Smith<Hirsch.
Bagley<Degnon Cont.
Lerner<Empire Carrying Corp.
Goldstein<Rosenbaum.
Paterno<NY Rys.
McLaughlin<NY Tel.
Hunter<Salzman.
Beyda<Birnbaum.
Cavanagh<A Silas, Inc.
Conden<Wehrane.
Rocco<Metrini.
Riley<Dulany, T & S.
Davis<Levy.
Barberich<Fraser Brace & Co.
Jacovinoas<Wright.
Bator<Hillside Coal & Iron Co.
Mitchell<Clyde SS Co.
Simmons<McLaughlin.
Chesman<NY Rys.
Johnson<same.
Cullinan<Hesse.
Merker<Specialty Baking Co.
Pue<Parsons.
Feeney<R L Smith,Inc
Michell<Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co.
R Tinnerill<Katz.
Mirovsky<Costello.
Vrrunac<Silverman.
Pomerantz<Schleesinger.
Paagonis<Leh V Coal.
Cermino<Thurnauer.
Clary<Ungrich.
A Bauer<NY Rys.
G Bauer<same.
Deasy<Herts.
Carroll<Surut.
Moore<Hogan & Sons, Inc.
F Tinnerill<Katz.
Hoff<Robertson.
Thorn<E J Markey Co
O'Neill<Rogers Peet.
Clines<NY Rys.
Hoffman<same.
Roade<same.
Connaughton<NYC RR
Schurr<3d Av RR.
Dorf<Votter.
Bubony<NY Rys.
Anzell<Schofield.
B Pascucci<Clausen-Flanagan Brewery.
A Pascucci<same.
Englert<NY Rys.
Seelenfreund<Beck.
Walters<Siegelman.
Gartner<Gerber.
Castelli<A Hupfels Sons.
Huewel<Int R T.
Kiernan<same.
Smith<Moersfelder.
Casey<J & J G Wallach, Inc.
Bucco<John L Schoenfeld Co.
Moskowitz<Feinberg.

PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.

Ing—Trustees Sailors Snug Harbor<Stuart.
Seaauer<Rodgers & H.
Voron<Voron & C, Inc
N E Cont Co<CNY.
Seaver<So Surety Co.
Stiles<Constable.
Featherstone<Fowler.
Palmer<Einsettler
Same<Scheftels.
Same<Buehler.
Soraci Con Co<CNY.
Helvitz<Baisbofer.
Rochelle<Adler.
Perlman<Donohue.
Hechinger<Ulacia.
Brennan<Edison Portland Cement Co.
Merchants Fire Assur Corp<General Fire Extinguisher.
General Platers Supply<Mendle; on.
E H Dick Chemical<Herman & Herman.
Burns<Walter.
Paul Gerli & Co, Inc<Mendelson.
Brady Oltarch Const<Univ Road Mach.
Atlas Nitrated Products<Contract Process Co.
Bassman<H J Rich Dev Co.
Bolardi<Marden, Orth & Hastings, Inc.
Denivelle<Denivelle.
Sisson<Wellbrock.
Same<Garthe.
Orlans<Schinasi.
Puegnet<Adams.
Keppler<Straus.
CNY<Matatesta.
Weinrib<Cohen.
Thompson<Bailey.
Pahl<Gerstenhaber.
Neidlinger<Milca Tighe Cont.
La Vin<Copley Plaza Operating.
Frankenberg<Spiegel.
Well Corset<Munter.
Stutz<Diamond Silk.
Thornton<North'n Bk.
Potter<Pulsifer.
Block<Emmer.
Same<Balsam.
Jordan, Inc<Sackendorf.
Cavinato<Picciriili.
Newmark<Goldwater.
Burnofsky<Virginia Fire Ins.
Same<State Assur.
Same<Law Union & Rock Ins.
Frost<Swift.
Brunswick Realty<Frankfort Gen Ins.

TRIAL TERM.—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule 7, amended Trial Term rules.

PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IX.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Freimel<Interman.
PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Ordway, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Guy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Frend<London Feather Nov Co.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Estates: Thomas McCombs, Annie Woods. Wills for probate: James McDonough, Alber L Morse, Frank W Richardson, Theresa Seufarling, Le R Satterlee, Marks Lissberger.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—No Day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Strasbourger, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.

Leonard<Huhn.
Stone<Schwartz, Loeb & Co.
Levine<Hauben.
Mershon<Stratton, (2.)
Am Gas Gov Works<Hoelscher.
Kohn<Mass B & I Co.
Joffe<Auslander.
Edelstein<Mut L I Co.
Smolinsky<Lorberbaum.
Keystone Type Foundry<Orszag.
Aste Press<De Jorion.
Morris<Reinhardt.
Gimbel Bros<Levy.
Barnett & Barse Corp<Kern.
Davis<Quigley.
Lion Hat Co<Segall.
Baer<Halbren.
Bilinsky<NY Rys.
Lamerman<King.
Ascher<Cummings.
Huhn<same.
Meltzer<Rosenberg.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Kirschner<Netherland Am S N Co.
Kurland<Roche.
Brown<N Y Rys.
Cohen<Shisoowsky.
Bleyfeder<Sicilian Asphalt Paving Co.
Collora<Nassau Elec.
Gillespie<Grashof.
Hepner<Madiator Pub.
Haber<Perlbinder.
Longo<N Y Rys.
Dosick<same.
Gottlieb<Gins.
Illinois Surety Co<N E Const Co.
McCullough<3d Av Ry
Herman<Whitridge.
Smith<Harkaway.
Hoffler<Consol Gas.
Epstein<71 E 105th St Co.
Farbwercke Hochst Co<Lust.
Nichols<N Y Rys.
Burnett<same.
Bunner<Brodux (2.)
Shoenstein<Cohen.
Handel<Friend.
Kendall<Holmes.
Schmertzler<Haarlsetta H Co.
Mason<Jones.
Noble<Haff.
Rosenthal<Ginsburg.
Reichenthal<Moyses.
Miles<Rickard.
Marshall<Burgin.
Hersch<Lossett.
Smith<Koedding.
Galotti<Klusk Cont Co, (2.)
De Christofio<same.
Schulman<Rothschild.
Steibert<Int R T.
Lamotto<Klingenstein.
Sciorappa<Int R T.
Mastiliberti<Schramm, (2.)
Weingart<NY Edison.
Ruffino<Campeas, (2.)
Frem<NY Rys.
Esposito<Harting.
Lappano<Harris.
Pugliese<Valone, (2.)
Ronzino<Reliable Cleaning, &c, (2.)
Kohn<B H RR.
Nauss<Ridley.
Curran<Gauzza.
Barmonde<Guy.
Davis<Frank.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Glassberg<Reiss. | Clear.

PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Part III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Sherman Nat. Bank<Strauss.
H E Fox Const Co<Logan Const Co.
Smith<Salomon.
Du Moulin<Newman.
Salerno<Fid & Phenix F I Co.
Frank<Cohen.
Fine<Miller.
Davidow<Perlman (4.)
Shongut<Larkin.
Frank Gens & Co<Tomberg.
Ogrudek<Lishinsky.
Dilltown Smokeless Coal Co<Nat Surety. Case on.

PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART V.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Bank for Saving<Schefers—Phoenix Ingraham.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—U. S. Trust Co.<Amelia Samuels—Patrick A. Gaynor.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.

Edgar<Barron.
Staiger<Staiger.
Goretsky<Doll (2.)
Bernstein<Hartogensis
Horn<De Blasi.
Dettner<Abraham (2.)
Stuhlmiller<Enwill Hld Co.
Re Flynn.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J.

Hoppe<Hoppe.
Beyel<Beyel.
Dempsey<Dempsey.
Bishop<Bishop.
Kessler<Kessler.
Mechlewitz<Mechlewitz.
Rosenfeld<Rosenfeld.
Minniti<Minniti.
Leader<Leader.
Whiteman<Whiteman.
Van Huyse<Van Huysse.
Kelly<Kelly.
Schmidt<Schmidt.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.

Kitman<Gotlieb.
Kues<Foran Fdny & Mfg Co.
Gross<Rodgers & M.
Lackowitz<Emerald Con Co.
Ronavia<Robson.
Kipust<Gordon.
Brenner<Goldstein.
Pollini<West El RR.
Schramek<Coleburn.
Cahill<West El RR.
Kanter<R Carvel Co.
Tiplady<Kohn.
Alexander<Wager.
Penfield<Haas.
Zink<Scott.
Same<same.
Fisk<Schmuck.
Kerber<Union Rway.
Berkins<Naughton.
Milazzo<Plunkett.
Dow<Inter R T Co.(2.)
Dunne<Lynch.
Faulhaber<Volk.
Sanford<Kapstein.
Stretch<Purchase Hld.
Storm<So Blvd RR.
Wester<Ruppert.
Chirico<Mercurio.
Horsford<Union Rway.
Bowron<Chapman.
Whiteacre<Fananda.
Loox<Silverman.
Roth<Winnie Realty & Const Co, (2.)
Di Menna<Del Bello.
Ardone<White Coal.
Barnarinardo<same.

Highest number reached in regular order, 1167.

PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—...... J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business. Motions: Estate of John Burger. Wills for probate: Mary Judge, David Wolf Rosenfeld, Barbara Berg, George Ladewich, Stephen Broderick, Edward F Haulton, Robert Koch, Samuel McCarthy. Accountings: Margaret D Hall, William J McGough(2), Otto Werber.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.

Locorriert<Milano.

TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.

Walter<Bodehhein, (2.)
Sebleyer<Burns Bros.
McGuire<Stendler.
Auerbach<Rosenbaum.
Tansillo<Union Ry.
Scherrer<I R T.
Murray<Schlitt.
Englehart<Rodgers & Hagerty.
Lenoff<Int R T Co.
Pines<Stratmore Rlty.
Levine<Borden's Cond Milk Co.
Sullivan<Int. R T Co.
Laskin<same.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Dolan<Martin.
US Trust Co<same.
NY Mortg & S Co<Georgia Bldg Co.
Bklyn Trust Co<same.
Mace<same.
Wallach<same.
Goldstein<Cropsey.
T M Morrissey<Heterich.
H M Morrissey<same.
G Morrissey<same.
C Morrissey<same.
Muller<same.
Suydam<L I RR.
Votypka<Smith.
Rankin<Colliseum Realty Co.
Re North 12th St.
Lesser<NY Munic Ry.
Leccidito<Agro.
Radack<Grossman.
Zaslowsky<Hochstadt.
Ehrlich<de Hierapolis.
Fearon<So Bklyn Ry.
Weinberger<B H RR.
Solomon<same.
Litwin<same.
Sand<Title.
Steer<Belowsky.
Durning<Automatic Machine Products.
Telsey<Hatner.
Cassin<Stillman-Delehanty-Ferris Co.
Man Beach Co<Seeley.
Fandry<Luhrs.
Matras<Matras.
Mansfield<Cook.
Fleming<CNY.
Sand<Title.
Carroll<Dime Sav Bk.
Doyle<Doyle.
Re Malbone St (Bloch)
Greenberg<Bellin.
Campbell<Taylor.
Scott<Scott.
Moran<Anderson.
Sweetser<Sweetser.
Diedrichs<The Press Pub Co.
Re Newkirk Av.
Spall<Spall.
Lankenan<Hanabel Const Co, (2.)

PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M. Undefended divorces:

Zelt, Palumbo, Kleaert, Levenson, Lo Presti, Kelly, Blake, Jaones, MacDermott, German, Batavia, Asher, Smith, Rankin, Mancuso, Vengoeschea, Fowler, Fox, Glemby, Rabinowitz, Hamer, Castellano, Hollander, Kramph, Schatzel, Christman.

SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Scudder, J.—At 10 A. M.

Rosenwasser<Pepper.
Tulp<Plunkett.
Woodbury<Botzong.
Shaw<same.
Squizzi<Volppa.
French<French.
Smith<Eagle Sav & L.
Ross<CNY.
Rahinowitz<Rabinowitz.
Carrano<Carrano.
Schiff<Silverman.

Highest number reached on the regular call, 398.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Callaghan, J.; Part III., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.

Colombo<B H R R.
Stuft<B & O RR.
Mable<Schmadeke
Shaw<Kemorshyne & ano.
Connors<Fleer Bros.
Ely<Lord Const Co.
Tullman<Roulston.
Redmond<Feldman, et al.
Pagliorolo<B H RR.
McCullough<Interboro Brewing Co.
Adkins<NY Cons RR.
Wisch<Stavin.
Schlueter<Adams & ano.
Gallagher<Esposito.
Regan<Atl Steve Co.
Kaplan<B H RR.
Valas<NY Con RR.
Guinan<Blum.
Lotwin<So Bklyn Ry.
Luria<B H RR.
Clinton<Shindler.
Morrison<Hulse.
Mitchell<Baker.
Bergman<B H RR.
Robertson<B H R R.
Wynn<Melton House Wrecking Co.
Theyken<Fountain & Choate.
Klevenz<Blank.
Cogliano<Weghe & ano.
Johnson<B H RR.
Lang<Odom & Lang.
Russ<NY Steam Co & ano.
Miller<B H RR.
Sullivan<C I & G Ry.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day; no cause will be set down for a day upon this call:

Messerschmidt<Dean.
Cronin<NY Rys.
Harmon<Cordano.
Fratcher<BH R R.
Cardoni<Monahan Exp
Madonna<Molinelli.
Sheran<Bklyn Un Gas.
Fusco<Relber.
Mackey<Ill Surety Co.
Hilliker<Rueger & an.
Grecula<B H RR.
Gordon<Nassau RR.
Ward<C I & B RR.
Gibbons<B H RR.
Muhlgrum<B H RR & ano.
Meyer<Blohm.
Schweikert<Welsh.
Rogers<Tavermeier.
Decker<Lord.
Anderson<B H RR.
Lemont<Green.
Weisman<NY Con RR
Kaufsky<Inerfield.
Wheeler<Walker.
Ennis<C I & B RR.
Rynehart<Clinton.
Birkett<Cuendet.
Curtin<Cohn.
Rabels<B H RR.
Deere<NY Rys.
Jacob<same.
Bresselmann<same.
Ward<Horton's Ice Cream Co.
Morris<McKee et al.
Tasca<Coffee.
Wright<C I & B RR.
Blakeberg<Nassau RR.
Senter<Eldlitz & Ross
Schein<Int R T.
Nielson<Nassau RR.
Linekin<Cramblitt.
Amolitsky<Barrett.
Witt<B H RR.
Maiolo<same.

Highest number reached on regular call, 2954.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—At 10 A. M. Wills of: Josephine Mertz, William A Martin, James Rodwell, Morris Michaeloff. Accounting of: John J Bunte, John McMahon, Margaret Farrell, Solomon Levy, Bernhard W Isaacson, Daniel J Runyon, Dennis L Reagan, J Frank Dunham, Louisa M Ruff, Philip Ochenruth. Estates of: Ketcham infants, Eugene Bissell, Thomas Mackey, Elisabeth Eyseneck, Margaret P Fransioll, Kate C Wentwirth, Margaret Clemency, Josephine Prentice, Anna S Rosenblath, Karl Ruppert.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V.—Dike, J.

Zukowski<B H RR.
Geraghty<Liggett Co.
Noonan<NY Con RR.
Suckan<NY Con RR.
Mundy<Levy Bros Rty
Fazio<Creem Co.
Hetzegrad<Gordon.
Cohen<Levin.
Leonard<Sievers.
Leary<D D, E Bdway & Bat RR.
Barrea<Longo.
Young<B H RR.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.

Taylor<Manning.
Rudin<Cohen.
McDonald<B H RR.
Thoma<Pharasles & ano.
Gomez<same.
Colline<Black and White Cab Co et al.
Kirschbaum<Frecker.
Martin<Cody.
Clancy<NY Rys Co.
Quinn<NY Rys Co.
Rosenbaum<Cap Sec.
Bellemare<Hurley & ano.
Kratchovil<Cimbel Bros.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day; no cause will be set down for a day on this call:

Henry, as admx<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Adikes<Skeuse.
Johann & Sons<Linch.
Diamond<Stache.
Mackin, an inf<Remson.
Kepko<NY Rys.
Ziegler<Assoc for Imp Instruc Deaf M et al
Ellerman<Mack & ano
Lechner<Krayer.
Hannon<Keiser et al.
Schapiro<Hoffman.
Aimetti, an inf<Lipman & ano.
Pound<Rosenwasser Bros et al.
Morris<Smith.
Raffelt<Bklyn Daily Times.
McBride<CNY.
Johnson<Abrams.
Keller<NY Tel Co.
Leavy, an inf<Greilich.
Surbeck<Waller.
Dombrosky<Freeman.
Klaiber<Nat Casket.
Hessler<Brener.
Guman<Carr.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2015.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Platt, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

McKenna<NY C RR.
Wegert<West Elec RR
Yocolo<NY C RR.
Garrity<Varuna Invest
Reilly<Pelham Sun Pub Co.
Farley<YonkersRR,(2)
Petitta<NY C RR.
Ugovitch<Ohio Farmers Ins Co.
Barilla<Cranford.
McGuire<Ward Baking
Saxon<Polsky.
Paolillo<Union Ry Co.
Johnson<Yonkers RR.
Gardner<Retagne Co.
Conlon<Thanhouser Film Corp.
Condon<same.
Di Caprio<Di Sciullo.
Jackson<McGuire.
Hunter<Mills.
Bacchus<West Elec RR.
Grindrod<Westchester County Brewing Co.
Cassara<Bradley Cont
Lundy<The Ames Transfer Co.
Kolb<Martino.
Sadburn<Bailey.
Rinspeter<West Elec RR.
Williams<Ware Corporation.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:

Titz<City of Yonkers.
Mallon<Sternan.
Rich<Barlow & Co.
Brickman<West St RR
Woolff<N Y C RR.
Mayer<Wilson.
Ross<Levine.
Sullivan<Yonkers RR.
Bell<N Y C RR.
Clarke<Union Ry.
Powers<West Elec RR.
Claggett<N Y C RR.
Ahearn<same.
Cuthbert<N Y C & H R RR, (2.)
Reilly<same.
O'Reilly<Union Ry.
McGovern<Muller.
Murphy<Yonkers RR.
Pelantz<Kelly.
Niedzwiecka<West St RR.
Parkyn<Leavitt.
Abrahame<N Y C RR.
Nickerson<Brinberg.
Niedzwiecka<West St RR.
Wonder<Herzberger.
Pilger<Rodgers & Hagerty.
Whalen<Jones.
Kozelka<Bendheim.
Storer<NY, NH & H RR.

Highest number reached on call, 590.

SPECIAL TERM—Morschauser, J.—At 10 A. M.

West Co Nat Bank<Ladd.
Bornhoeft<Bornhoeft.
Kennard<Brandreth.
O'Neill<Penn RR.

Highest number reached on call, 515. Also for the hearing of motions.

THE TEACHING STAFF.

Eligible Lists for Positions in Elementary and Evening Schools.

A temporary license as Principal of a high school has been granted to Kate E. Turner.

The names of the following have been placed, as of Aug. 30, 1917, upon the eligible list of men holding License No. 1:

Raphael, Arthur..81.3	Lefkowitz, Max..73.75
Himber, Isadore..76.741	Fischer, H. S....73.729
Wisan, Harold..75.675	Dreyer, Samuel..72.
Halpern, R. A...75.808	Shafer, William..72.

There have been placed, as of the dates respectively indicated, on the eligible lists of women holding License No. 1 the names of the following:

PLACEMENT AS OF JULY 1, 1917.

Smith, M. A.....86.616	Frank Lillian B..73.25
Smith, Sophia S..80.2	Foster, Maude L. ....
Fullerton, E. A..77.366	Moriarty, T. S.... ....
Sain, Emma H..78.2	

PLACEMENT AS OF AUG. 30, 1917.

Cross, Margaret..83.066	Dillon, M.......72.833
Wissel, Anna....82.65	McCusker, H. M..72.866
Knudsen, N. A...82.366	Corcoran, A. A..72.8
Herzog, S. G....80.516	Parkhurst, A....72.65
McInerny, M. C..79.733	Flynn, K.........72.6
Smith, Ida M....79.233	Crandall, Ethel..72.566
Parry, Renee M..78.333	Johnson, C. G...72.5
Lessem, S. A....78.166	Sarkison, H. M..72.5
Fox, Louise M...77.816	Apsel, Elsie....72.45
Graham, Bessie..76.983	Perkins, M. C...72.316
Richards, V. G..76.216	Kasten, Ruth....72.2
Grenelle, F.....76.166	Karlin, Ida.....72.166
Clement, A. K...75.416	Block, Ruth.....72.
Krizek, Olga....75.3	Coffey, C. T....72.
Gonsior, Angelle..75.233	Conlan, C. A....72.
Martin, A. M....75.166	Cremin, M.......72.
Schumann, H.....75.15	Ericson, E. M...72.
Earle, M. R.....74.666	Feldman, J. A...72.
Vanse, N. J.....74.333	Flanagan, M. M..72.
Bagnasco, S.....74.3	Gelles, Eva.....72.
McNeely, M. V...74.183	Geoghan, Mary...72.
Glynn, M. N.....74.083	Herowitz, B.....72.
Sandowsky, R....74.016	Lawlor, D.......72.
Schroeder, B....73.966	Lohmeyer, H.....72.
Wilckens, A. L..73.866	McGarry, E. B...72.
Clarke, M. J....73.833	McMahon, G. K...72.
Herckenrath, L..73.616	Montellone, F...72.
Robinson, S. J..73.583	Myers, Jennie I..72.
Hoar, Lucy A....73.466	O'Boyle, A. M...72.
Foley, Helen U..73.433	O'Brien, H. R...72.
Stadtman, M.....73.433	O'Rourke, R. E..72.
Slutsky, Bessie..73.4	Power, Mary C...72.
Byers, A. C.....73.35	Ratizan, A. G...72.
Fitzgerald, M.L.73.3	Welch, E. H.....72.
Hausmann, M.E.73.116	Zagat, H........72.
Morris, J. M....72.983	

PLACEMENT AS OF NOV. 16, 1917.

Opin, L. A......81.25	Hunold, A. M...72.033
Plaster, Rose....79.45	Gordon, Helen..72.4
O'Raw, Loretta..79.083	O'Onofrio Lucy.72.333
Heginbotham, F..77.533	Jupnick, Lillian.72.3
Kartiganer, M...77.3	Bricker, Jessie..72.233
Richman, B. D...76.1	Goldsmith, G. A.72.
Sporn, Rose.....75.783	Guinee, M. L....72.
Ferrante, Marie.75.733	Janes, Ida E....72.
Maresca, Ia.....75.3	O'Brien, K. R...72.
Lamb, E. M......73.266	Shallcross, H. H.72.

Substitute licenses to teach in vocational classes in elementary schools the subjects respectively indicated have been granted to the following:

Electrical installation and practice—Bernhart F. Cordts.
Industrial design—Annie F. Gormly.
Machine shop practice—George A. Sivlter.
Trade drawing—George W. Kibitz.
Woodworking—Robert J. Petermann.

Licenses for 1917-1918 as substitute teacher to teach in the evening high schools the subjects respectively indicated have been granted to the following:

Stained glass design—Gustave Recke.
Superintendence of apartment houses—Henry A. Lockwood.

A license for 1917-1918 as a substitute toolboy in the Evening High School has been granted to Bernard Schwartz.

Licenses for 1917-1918 as substitute teacher to teach in the evening elementary schools the subjects respectively indicated have been granted to the following:

Auto repair—Thomas F. Brennan.
Bookkeeping—Louis Glickman.
Mechanical drawing—Emil Bie.
Stenography and typewriting—Frances Cohen, Edith Pearlman, Virginia A. Small, Lillian R. Ulman.

There have been placed, as of July 18, 1917, upon the eligible list of women holding licenses as teacher of cooking in elementary schools the names of the following: Flore P. Friedlander, 81.35; Nettie A. Fitch, 80.45; Ethel Jones, 71.25.

There has been placed, as of April 27, 1917, upon the eligible lists of persons holding licenses for promotion in elementary schools the name of the following:

Physical training—Amis G. Hotchkiss, P. S. 103, Brooklyn, 75.475.

There have been placed as of Nov. 9, 1917, upon the eligible lists of persons holding licenses to teach in evening elementary schools during 1917-1918 the names of the following:

ENGLISH TO FOREIGNERS—MEN.

Cardoza, Louis..91.87	Grossman, Max..76.79
Lansdowne, J....91.77	Perretti, R. J....76.73
Holstein, Samuel.91.76	Gramet, C. A....75.81
Patton, C. J....91.	Plotkin, Benj....75.79
Kessler, Harry..89.82	Reilly, A. C.....75.79
Perlman, Jesse..86.91	Carroll, M. J....75.76
Alter, Louis....85.84	Lightcap, J. L...75.75
Tenrosen, Daniel.81.76	Friedrich, S. E..75.74
Day, Howard....77.	Mannheimer, A..75.73
Harap, Henry....76.8	Solomon, J. E....75.72

WOMEN.

Ferguson, L.....91.88	Kottmann, A. L.85.81
Vandewater,M.E..91.85	Haubenstock,S.S.85.8
Von Bauer, A....91.85	Bluhm, Eva.......85.79
Cumisky, M. T...91.83	McQuiston, M. L.85.79
Fisher, Grace J..91.83	Meany, J. H......85.78
Hayes, Agnes E..91.82	Smith, Mrs. M. C.85.78
Hendrickson,A.G.91.82	Gilligan, Rita....85.75
McGrath, A. F...91.81	Lubin, Lena......85.75
Rand, Lillian....91.81	Millar, C. A......85.74
Waldron, H. C...91.81	Casey, Helen J...85.74
Kane, Anna M...91.8	Horwitz, Lillian.85.73
Kranzel, Sadell..91.8	Wallace, Clara J.85.72
Marx, Elisabetha.91.8	Weitzman,Jennie.85.72
Purgold, E. L....91.8	Byrne, Loretta A.85.71
Reiss, O. M......91.8	Hatton, Esther C.85.71
Spor, J. M.......91.8	Klapper, Fanny..85.71
Leve, Amelia.....91.79	Rubinstein, D. R.85.71
Phelan, M. A.....91.79	Abramson, A. R..85.7
Sweeney, A. W...91.79	Devanny, Eliz...85.7
West, Rose L.....91.79	Donoghue, S. M..85.7
Burns, M. A......91.78	Dunn, Agnes G...85.7
Daly, Emily F....91.78	Fahey, Mary.....85.7
Scharg, A. M.....91.78	Girod, Louise M.85.7
De Witt, M. T....91.77	Goldberg, S. A...85.7
Green, K. E......91.77	Grady, Alice T...85.7
Morgan, H. M....91.77	Hart, Abina M....85.7
Purdy, Ida M.....91.77	Kenny, Sadie A...85.7
Stewart, L. C....91.77	Le Van Bertha E.85.7
Polou, Mrs. R. T.91.76	Moffith, Loretta.85.7
Wisniewski, W....91.76	Owens, E. E......85.7
Wochian, L. A...91.76	Rice, Jane V......85.7
Buckley, L. C....91.75	Shields, Rebecca.85.7
Flynn, Eliz. J....91.75	Trainkle, E. G...85.7
McKeever,Cecilia.91.75	Welden, Elsie....85.7
Reutemann, E....91.75	Beecher, M. E...84.78
Sheppard, A. B..91.75	Drucker, M. R...84.74
Moore, Marie M..91.74	Quinn, Helen A...84.7
Rauch, Celia.....91.74	O'Malley, M. A..83.84
Kaiser, Mrs. H...91.73	Frachtenberg, S..83.78
McDonald, E. C..91.73	Altman, Bertha..83.77
Birmingham.A.V.91.72	Feldman, Bertha.83.77
McKenna, G......91.72	Hull, Anna M.....83.77
O'Neill, Mary.....91.71	Kadushin, Sarah.83.77
Dunne, Anna......91.71	Connolly, Lillian.83.75
Edwards, Ada K...91.71	Kupfer, E.........83.75
Hitchinson, F. I..91.71	Stecker, Elise L..83.75
McKeever, I. L...91.71	Elskamp, M. A...83.74
O'Brien, A. L....91.71	Wolff, Rerata....83.74
Walker, F. L.....91.71	Mulvey, E. L.....83.73
Esposito, A. F...91.7	Heaphy, Mary R.83.72
Klynn, K. A......91.7	Kavanagh, S. C..83.72
Holler, Lucca E..91.7	Lembeck, Lillian.83.72
Jones, Maude K..91.7	Meighan, L. A....83.72
Karkheck, L......91.7	Treacy, Anna....83.72
McCarthy, A. R..91.7	Reinschmidt, A..83.72
Marcus, Rebecca.91.7	Rubinstein, M....83.72
Merritt, E. M.....91.7	Cedarholm, G. H.83.7
Mintz, Blanche..91.7	Galla, Rose V....83.7
Mulholland,Anna.91.7	Bernhard, Sarah..82.82
Munger, F. E......91.7	MacDonald, J.....82.81
Murphy, G. T.....91.7	Hughes, M. L.....82.8
Ott, Marie A.....91.7	McCabe, Alice G.82.8
Passholz, M. M...91.7	Felter, E. T.......82.77
Reed, Mary........91.7	McBrien, B. V....82.76
Sullivan, K. G....91.7	Dubin, Rosa.......82.75
Wagner, E. B......91.7	Herbet, E. L......82.74
Phillips, G. W....91.69	Levi, Selma H...82.73
Marx, Olga.......91.67	Rosenson, Eva....82.73
Rishop, M. G.....91.	Wall, Lucy A.....82.73
Couhey, S. A.....91.	Clark, Avis......82.72
Greene, E. A.....91.	Gavin, Lillian M.82.72
Kinsey, L. A.....91.	Smyth, Agnes V.82.72
Lockwood, E. W..91.	Green, Miriam....81.81
McDermott, A.....91.	McConbin, Mary.81.8
Shaughnessy,H.A.91.	Sichel, Gabrielle.81.8
Smith, K. A......91.	Allen, Anna M....81.79
Williams, M. H..91.	Bluestone, R. J..81.79
Keegan, Marie L..90.7	Finnegan, M. M..81.79
Little, May.......89.82	Horowitz, Sarah..81.79
Murray, Mary E..89.81	McCarthy, D. C..81.79
Smale, Ida M.....89.81	Israel, Frances...81.77
Cullen, M. D.....89.78	Platt, Sara E......81.77
Rawlins, Elaine..89.78	McGowan, M. L..81.77
Forrest, M. L....89.76	Stern, Yetta.......81.77
McDowell, A. M..89.76	Bielstein, Marie..81.76
Frost, Genevieve.89.75	Schubert, M. E..81.76
Heyman, Elsie...89.75	Wagner, M. A....81.76
Jennie, Ida M....89.75	Blackman, G. E..81.75
Gellowitz, A.....89.74	Eagen, M. A.....81.75
Zdankiewicz,M.S.88.76	Kaufman,Rachel.81.75
De Forest, M.....88.74	Neustadter,Lillie.81.75
Brunnemer, A. I.88.73	O'Connor, J. C..81.75
Caplan, Celia....87.78	Reinschmidt, E..81.75
Carlos, Agnes G..87.78	Goldman, J. C....81.74
Gluck, Sadie.....87.75	Molloy, C. A.....81.74
Stein, Sarah L...87.75	Roberts, M. E....81.74
Meffle, May A...87.73	Wassilefsky, H...81.74
Perczel, Gisella..87.73	Cassidy, Anna....81.73
Peyser, F. K.....87.73	Levy, Charlotte..81.73
Reddy, Anna......87.73	Saperstein, E....81.73
Stern, Esther....87.73	Ungerleider, M...81.73
Frank, Edith F..87.73	Volters, L. G.....81.73
Moloney, E. K...87.72	Ahern, Alice M..81.72
Plummer, E.......87.72	Ball,Josephine M.81.72
Radford, V. D...87.72	Duffy, Marie G..81.72
Dutton, J. R.....87.71	Flechman, E......81.72
Samuels,Mrs.F.L.87.71	Gross, Sadie......81.72
Dunn, F. G.......86.84	Haas, Helen M..81.72
Roohsner, E. A..86.8	Kilduff, Angela..81.72
Millett, Mary E..86.76	Maloney, M. A...81.72
Groisser, F. W...86.72	Moore, Z. H......81.72
Senner, Mihel....86.72	Navin, Jennie....81.72
Hanley, Mary V..86.7	Seckler, Lillian..81.72
Flattery, L. G...85.84	Sedlier, Mary T..81.72

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: MAX ZAHN and LOUIS WEINSTOCK do hereby certify that they will continue to conduct and transact business under the name of INTERNATIONAL DRESS & SKIRT CO., to which name Isidor Rabinowitz, a former copartner, has released and relinquished all right, title, and interest, and further certify that the real and true full names of the persons conducting and transacting such business are as follows:

MAX ZAHN, 1,018 East 163rd Street, New York City.
LOUIS WEINSTOCK, 1,417 Grand Concourse, New York City.

MAX ZAHN,
LOUIS WEINSTOCK.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: On this 30th day of October, 1917, before me personally appeared MAX ZAHN and LOUIS WEINSTOCK, to me known and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing certificate, and they thereupon duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

MARTON M. MANDEL,
Com. of Deeds, City of New York.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Another Times Square hotel project was reported yesterday to be under consideration by a syndicate of Western hotel men, who propose to erect a twenty-four-story structure on a fourteen-lot site, now held under an option. Mr. Fisher of Fisher, Henderson & Giller, general contractors, understood to be identified with the project, could not be reached yesterday, and no details regarding the deal could be obtained.

The Hotel Commonwealth Corporation has a similar project under way, for which no site has been selected. This operation is being financed on a cooperative basis, through the sale of bonds.

Times Square Space Leased for $25 a Square Foot.

At a rental of $25 a quare foot Lakin & Dinkelspiel leased for the Gray Drug Company a part of the Forty-third Street side of its store at Forty-third Street and Broadway to A. Halukeas, florist.

Enlarge Warehouse Site.

The Corporation of Trinity Church has sold 609 Greenwich Street, on a lot 25 by 110, to Baker & Williams, warehousemen, who last week acquired the adjoining plot 100 by 100. The combined plottage, measuring 125 feet on Greenwich Street and 100 feet on Leroy Street, will be improved with a nine-story warehouse. William A. White & Sons negotiated the deal.

Church Buys Fire-Damaged Building.

The five-story building at 132 West 134th Street, recently damaged by fire, has been sold by Joseph F. Feist to the Metropolitan African Church. The structure, which occupies a plot 30 by 99.11, will be rebuilt as a church.

Tenement Buyers.

Ennis & Sinnott, operators, bought from Lorenzo M. Picabia 76 East 115th Street, a five-story flat, on a lot 25 by 100, between Park and Madison Avenues. O'Reilly & Dahn were the brokers.

Nehring Brothers sold for the estate of John Ahrens 150 and 152 East 123d Street, a five-story twenty-family tenement. The buyer is an investor.

Private Dwelling Deals.

An investor purchased from the Dowd Construction Company 764 St. Nicholas Avenue, a four-story and basement dwelling, on a lot 20 by 125 feet, located near 148th Street.

Edward A. Arnold sold to Alexander R. Boyd of Philadelphia 70 West Forty-fifth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100. The buyer holds title to a similar structure at 66 West Forty-fifth Street. The property was taken over subject to a mortgage of $38,000.

Bronx Sales.

Kurz & Uren, Inc. sold for Sanford S. Bettman 4,431 Third Avenue, near 181st Street, a five-story tenement, on a plot 50 by 127.

Joseph A. Blackner sold for the Kingsley Construction Company 960 Sherman Avenue, a five-story twenty-family apartment, on a plot 43 by 104. The same broker also sold for Gottfried Keilerhals 645 St. Ann's Avenue, a five-story flat, on a lot 25 by 84. The buyers of both properties are investors.

The Union Trust Company sold through the Cruikshank Company the property at 339 East 134th Street, on a lot 18.10 by 100.

Brooklyn.

The John Pullman Real Estate Company sold for Mrs. Anna Filthian 765 Union Street, a three-story brick dwelling on a lot 20 by 100, to a client for investment.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Bay View Heights Land Company sold to P. Quinn of Manhattan the property 55 by 100 feet on the east side of Lefferts Avenue, 45 feet north of Old South Road, and a plot 40 by 100 feet on the east side of Lefferts Avenue, 40 feet north of Arthur Avenue, Woodhaven.

J. Plaut sold to M. Kohn a plot of ten acres on the south side of Johnson Avenue, adjoining the Woodruff estate, at Newtown. The property will be developed for building purposes.

Charles Witte sold to J. Joost, Brooklyn, the property 75 by 115 feet on the west side of Beach Street, 187 feet north of Chichester Avenue, Jamaica.

G. Flecker sold to J. S. Lawson a plot 80 by 100 feet on the south side of Amherst Avenue 180 feet east of Alsop Street, Jamaica.

Staten Island.

William J. Ruggles sold his house on Manor Road, West New Brighton, S. I., through the office of W. S. E. Hall, to William H. Munns. Through the same office Mrs. Jennie Boffa has purchased the house at 52 Montgomery Avenue, with a plot on Monroe Avenue, Tompkinsville, S. I.

Moffatt & Schwab sold for the Staten Island Savings Bank the Smith property on the corner of St. Paul's Avenue and Swan Street, Tompkinsville. The property has a frontage of eighty-three feet.

Frank C. Henderson Buys Long Island Estate.

Frank C. Henderson of New York, President of the Oklahoma Oil Company, has purchased the George W. Eastman estate at Roslyn, L. I. The property is one of the show places of that section, and is in the immediate vicinity of the estates of Clarence H. Mackay, Judge F. K. Pendleton, Payne Whitney, and Joseph P. Grace. Mr. Henderson contemplates making extensive improvements, and will lay out a private nine-hole golf course on the property. Cocks & Willets negotiated the sale.

Long Island.

The Hatch-Gazan Company has sold at Rockaway Park, L. I., the residence located on the corner of Lincoln Avenue and Rockaway Beach Boulevard, for Theresa Colton to Anna Kutsukian. The property was held at $18,500.

The property of Dr. Stephen Hannon on Bayside Road, adjoining the Newman farm, at Bayside, L. I., and consisting of eleven and one-half acres, with a house and barn, has been sold to Charles W. Bergen and Charles H. Conant of Bayside. The consideration was $23,000.

Kehoe & Gilliar sold to D. O. Everhard, President of the Ohio Match Company, ten lots on Highland Avenue, Great Neck Villa. The property adjoins the estate recently purchased by Mr. Everhard, and which is improved with a large dwelling. The buyer has engaged landscape architects to beautify the entire property.

Westchester County.

Thomas S. Burke leased to William J. Ormerod for the Bryn Mawr Construction Company a dwelling on Kenilworth Road, Bryn Mawr Park section of Yonkers, with an option to purchase.

Hat Manufacturers to Move.

Interesting leases closed yesterday will result in the removal of men's hat manufacturers from Washington Place to Madison Square. There has been a recent tendency for concerns of this kind to locate at Astor Place, but the taking of space as far north as Twenty-seventh Street marks a departure from this trend.

Thom & Bayley have taken large space in the Victoria Building, at Fifth Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street, and the Hatters' Fur Exchange, the Napier Manufacturing Company, and Logie & Magee have leased space in the Fifth Avenue Building, on Madison Square. These firms are now located on Washington Place. The Rowantree-Schley Company negotiated the leases.

Cadillac Company Leases on Upper Broadway.

Negotiations have been completed for the lease by the Riverside Drive Realty Company (A. C. and M. H. Hall) of the large automobile salesroom and service building now in course of construction on the east side of Broadway, from 133d to 134th Street.

The property has been taken for a long term of years by the Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Company for use in connection with its coach and service departments. The building has a frontage of 200 feet on Broadway and 90 feet on each street. It was designed by J. C. Watson, who estimated the cost at $100,000 when the plans were filed.

Commercial Leases.

J. Arthur Fischer leased to Maurice Combes, artist, the upper part of the buildings at 107 and 109 West Thirty-eighth Street, comprising twenty-five rooms. After alterations are made the lessee will utilize this space as a studio.

The M. Rosenthal Company leased for the Cruikshank Company the corner store and basement in the Townsend Building, 1,123 Broadway, to J. M. Harris.

Henry Hof has leased for Burton J. Berry the store and basement at 353 West Thirty-ninth Street to the United Electric Construction Company; also, the store and basement at 465 Fourth Avenue to Louis and Samuel Grossman.

The real estate holdings of the Fish family in the downtown Third and Fourth Avenue sections of Manhattan will be offered at auction today in the Vesey Street Exchange Salesroom at the stand of Bryan L. Kennelly.

Sixty-five parcels of property have been ordered sold by the Hamilton Fish Corporation. The holdings have been held in the same ownership since the days of Peter Stuyvesant.

Realty Notes.

A hearing will be held today at 11 A. M. in the office of Borough President Marks, Municipal Building, at which the Fifth Avenue Association will urge before the Zoning Committee that existing building restrictions in the upper Fifth Avenue section be made more stringent.

Samuel Untermyer transferred title yesterday to the business building at 82 and 84 Broad Street, on a plot 52.1 by 98.10, to Helen Herbert.

Charles Fogarty has presented as a gift to his daughter, Katherine C. Fogarty, the property at 110 East 123d Street, on a lot 20 by 100.11.

William A. White & Sons were the brokers representing the New York City Baptist Mission Society in the purchase of 81 West Third Street.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

25th St, 45-51 West, n s, 125 ft e of 6th Av, 100x98.9; eleven-story loft building; R. F. Coleman against Building and Engineering Co. et al.; Alexander & G., attorneys; due, $566,921.55; taxes, &c., $4,418; to the plaintiff for $100,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

Ludlow St, 19, w s, 157.11 ft s of Hester St, 19x87, six-story building, with store; New York Trust Co., trustee, against Marie Kahrs et al.; Merrill, R. & T., attorneys; due, $17,225.95; taxes, &c., $680.99; to Jose Saberski for $17,700.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

Avenue A, 1,408 and 1,410, s e corner of 75th St, 50x88, two five-story lofts and stores; Manhattan Savings Institution against Turpod Realty Co, et al.; Rapallo & K., attorneys; due, $52,144.95; taxes, &c., $1,000; to the plaintiff for $40,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Jerome Av, w s, 275 ft n of Featherbed Lane, 50x100, vacant; Empire City-Gerard Co. against J. L. S. Building Co. et al.; Pressinger & N., attorneys; due, $1,256.52; taxes, &c., $166.80; prior mortgage, $2,800; to the plaintiff for $3,200.

Cauldwell Av, 800, n e corner of 158th St, 74.9x55, three three-story dwellings; New York Title and Mortgage Co. against Lyttle Construction Co. et al.; M. A. Hulett, attorney; due, $17,056.95; taxes, &c., $463.84; to be re-advertised.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Rhinelander Av, n s, 53.14 ft e of Amethyst Av, three two-story frame dwellings, 19.68x51; the Garvey Bros. Co., 1,911 White Plains Av, owner; Henry Nordheim, 1,087 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $1,500.

3d Av, 3,817, one-story brick stores, 29.6x99.6; Ferdinand Hecht, 1,301 Boston Road, owner; George W. Spitzer, 27 Union Square, architect; cost, $5,000.

Westchester Av, 2,525, a two-story brick factory, 30x65; I. Butler, on premises, owner; Euorard, Sambach & Euorard, 29 Cleveland Place, architects; cost, $500.

239th St, n s, e of White Plains Av, two and one-half story brick dwelling, 24x48; Minnie Watsky, 620 Cranford Av, owner; George H. Olphert, Jr., 720 East 222d St, architect; cost, $1,800.

Franklin Av, 1,261, three-story frame clubhouse, 50x100; Young Men's Hebrew Association of the Bronx, M. Maldwin, President, owner; Irving Margon, 370 East 149th St, architect; cost, $10,000.

2d Av, s e corner of 63d St, for a two-story garage, 159x150x100.5; J. L. Schnurmacher, 402 East 108th St, owner; O. L. Spannhake, 13 Park Row, architect; cost, $50,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

47th St, 306 to 310 East, to a four-story shop, garage, &c.; J. J. Ascher, 1,440 Broadway, owner; J. P. Whiskeman, 30 East 42d St, architect; cost, $15,000.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

FORT WASHINGTON AV, n w corner of 171st St, 100.4x87.6x100x95, Nov. 20; Itasco Corporation to Van Dyck Estate, 331 Madison Av; demand, 6 p. c., prior mtg $95,000; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St......$52,000

ROOSEVELT ST, 36, e s, 24.11 and 55 ft on n s to New Bowery, 85.3x30.6, s s, Nov. 19; Dora and Tony Campbell to Louis Babino, 256 Wilbers St., Brooklyn, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$4,000

75TH ST, 4 to 6 East, s s, 150 ft e of 5th Av, 56.8x102.2x irreg., Nov. 14; Papese Realty Corporation to U. S. Trust Co. of N. Y., due Dec. 1, 1920; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St......$125,000

117TH ST, s s, 84.10 ft e of 2d Av, 20.2x100.11, Nov. 20; Merit Realty Corporation to Stephen P. Sturges, Shelter Island, L. I., 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, J. J. Speth, 85 Liberty St......$3,500

146TH ST, 424 West, s s, 25 ft e of Convent Av, 37.8x99.11, Nov. 19; D. H. Jackson Co. to John and Hy Reehl, 331 East 80th St., 2 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg. $83,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$4,000

165TH ST, 554 West, s s, 118.6 ft e of Broadway, 16x107.11, Nov. 20; William J. Magee to Hyman Tonn, 40 West 86th St., et al. trustees, due Jan. 1, 1923; attorneys, Kurzman, F. & G., 25 Broad St......$6,000

Bronx.

CROTONA AV, n s, 85.10 ft e of Franklin Av, 25x100.11; also plot, begins at s e corner of Lot 6, map of Fairmount, runs n 19x w 20.5x s 19x e 20.4 to beginning; Mary T. Crowe to Annie Kelly, 711 Crotona Park North, Nov. 10, due as per bond; attorney, F. C. Muldoon, 595 Tremont Av......$100

PROSPECT AV, w s, 165 ft n of 181st St, 33x150; Rachel Avignone to Henry Becker, Richfield Park, N. J., prior mtg $6,500, Nov. 17, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, John A. Steinmetz 1,005 East 180th St.$2,000

SIMPSON ST, e s, 200 ft n of Barretto St, 75x105; Hunts Point Talmud Torah to Hy. Morgenthau Co., 30 East 42d St, Sept. 4, 3 years; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 30 East 42d St......$17,500

TINTON AV, 775, w e, 26.4x135; Sam Vucker to Frederick Haas, 729 Anderson Av, Nov. 15, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$3,500

15TH ST, n s, 271.8 ft w of 4th Av, 33.4x114, Wakefield; Mary Bracht to Mary A. Ferris, 159 West 87th St Nov. 20, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$2,500

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

CHRYSTIE ST, 157 and 159; Herman D. Most against Walter S. Smith et al., foreclosure of two mortgages; attorney, S. J. Mahon.

EAST HOUSTON ST, 111 to 117; Jacob H. Schiff against Minsker Realty Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Stroock & Stroock.

MONROE ST, 153 and 155; Mary Deutsch against George G. Segal et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage on leasehold; attorney, G. D. Zahm.

RIDGE ST, 115; Lillie A. Cohn against Anel Realty Co., Inc., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, L. Werner.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 59.9 ft n of 120th St, 29.4x103.7x irregular; Mary Keckeisen against Genco Realty Co., Inc., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Cracauer.

2D ST, n s, 341.7 ft e of 1st Av, 24.8x121.11; George Haupt against Louis Aronson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, C. L. Hoffman and H. A. Friedman.

11TH ST, s s, 158.2 ft e of Washington St, 21.1x85; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against George Solomon et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

20TH ST, s s, 158.4 ft e of 7th Av, 17.8x93.10; Lorenzo Semple, adm., against Cornelius J. Farley et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

Bronx.

EASTBURN AV, e s, 263.3 ft n of 174th St, 25x95; Anne L. Demorest against Frank J. Clark et al., action to foreclose transfer of tax lien; attorney, C. H. Schwartzman.

LOT 69, Block 2,889, Section 11, on tax map; City of New York against Mary Donnelly et al., action to foreclose tax lien; attorney, L. Hardy.

LOT 30, Block 3,312, Section 12, on tax map; same against Charles Hoffmann, action same; attorney, same.

LOT 73, Block 3,154, Section 11, on tax map; same against Ella S. Poor, action same; attorney, same.

LOT 61, Block 3,355, Section 12, on tax map; same against Archibald H. Murdock et al., action same; attorney, same.

LOTS 104 and 105, map of 150 lots, being portion of Crane estate; New York Title and Mortgage Co. against Joseph Goodman et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. M. Bellinger, Jr.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

DUTCH ST, e s, between Fulton and John Sts, 25x75; Gustav Flinck against Minister, Elders, &c., of Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of the City of New York, owner; Estate of Franz Zahn, lessee, renewal..$515

EDGECOMBE AV, 409 and 411; A. C. Horn Co. against Chandler Holding Corporation and S. W. Strauss & Co., owners; Rudolf Thum, contractor......$608.80

WASHINGTON PLACE, 77; M. R. Flooring Co. against Pequabuck Realty Corporation, owner; Frank Barba, contractor......$243.18

72D ST, 58 West; Fuhr Wall Paper Co., Inc., against Daniel Buckley, owner; Model Painting and Decorating Co. and Brams & Platt, contractors......$35

75TH ST, 317 East; Adolph Mahler against John W. Whitten, owner and contractor.$75

84TH ST, 86 West; Fuhr Wall Paper Co., Inc., against Daniel Buckley, owner; Model Painting and Decorating Co. and Brams & Platt, contractors......$45

106TH ST, 314 East; Solomon Tempelman against Selvin Realty Co., Inc., owner; Sigmund Levin, contractor......$13.50

107TH ST, 201 West; Fuhr Wall Paper Co., Inc., against Arthur Simons, owner; Model Painting and Decorating Co. and Brams & Platt, contractors......$67

116TH ST, 404 West; Fuhr Wall Paper Co., Inc., against Chemical Realty Co., owner; Model Painting and Decorating Co. and Brame & Platt, contractors......$41

119TH ST, 102 West; Fuhr Wall Paper Co., Inc., against Chemical Realty Co., owner; Model Painting and Decorating Co. and Brams & Platt, contractors......$88

146TH ST, 211 West, and 147th St, 210 West; Handy Bros. against Open Stairs Dwelling Co., Inc., owner; Brescia & Grimaldi, contractors......$1,836.00

OPTIMISTIC OVER RAILROADS

Washington Officials Hope All Danger of Strikes Is Past.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Concessions made by both the railroads and the heads of the four brotherhoods as a result of the present wage issue are taken by officials as complete assurance that America's warfare will go forward to the end unhampered by the possibilities of transportation tie-ups over wage difficulties.

The offer of the roads to place their interests in the hands of the President for decision and of the brotherhoods to mediate any questions of wages. It was pointed out today at the office of the Board of Mediation and Conciliation, had not been limited as to time. They will be effective until peace is won.

Officials believe that such unqualified adhesion to the principle of settling disputes through discussion eliminates whatever chance there might be of a traffic strike due to misunderstandings, and the negotiations commencing Thursday at the White House, when President Wilson will confer with the brotherhood representatives, are looked upon as likely to make this still more certain.

Word that two strikes had been averted by the attitude of railroads and employes toward the war reached the Board of Mediation today. Wage differences which threatened a walkout of engineers and firemen on the New York, New Haven & Hartford will be arbitrated through an agreement reached by the two sides. The management of the St. Louis and San Francisco cleared away misapprehensions of their men by notifying the railroads' war board here that they were willing to meet their employes for a discussion of grievances over working conditions and mediation is expected to forestall a rupture.

REPORT ON CITY GARDENS.

Committee Finds New York Raised $675,000 Worth of Vegetables.

The Mayor's Committee on Food Gardens, which was organized in April, submitted its report yesterday. It says, in part:

"What has been accomplished by the committee may be summarized thus:

"An acreage of 1,035 in large plots was brought under cultivation through apportionment by the committee.

"Small gardens to the known number of 11,881 were worked under direction of the Park Commissioners.

"Not less than 1,000 acres of city land were brought under professional tillage as a result of the committee's activities.

"Estimates of the yield of land under such cultivation as was the rule this year range from $300 to $800 an acre.

"The small gardens, it is estimated, each returned $25 worth of vegetables, an aggregate of not less than $275,000. New York City, in other words, this year raised $675,000 worth of its own vegetables."

STRICT CURB ON GRAIN PIT.

Operations in Chicago Market Limited Until War Is Over.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—The days of the big "bulls" and "bears" on the Chicago Board of Trade are ended until the war is over. Directors of the board have agreed with the Attorney General's office to adopt the following drastic rules the moment a big operator starts a drive either "up or down" in the grain market:

(1.) Placing a limit upon the amount of grain a trader may trade in during a single day;

(2.) Placing a limit upon the breadth of fluctuation which grain prices may take, either up or down, in a single day.

Both rules may be passed by the Directors under the broad authority given to them some time ago by the Board of Trade membership, which authorized any action which might appear necessary as a wartime expedient.

Mr. Morris Welcomed in Tokio.

TOKIO, Nov. 20.—The American Association of Tokio last night welcomed Roland S. Morris, the new American Ambassador to Japan, at a dinner in the Imperial Hotel. Mr. Morris in a speech told of America's war work for international liberty. Representatives of the American Associations at Kobe, Seoul, and Manila were present.

Our First 6 Months

What we have done since we went to war

Complete consecutive narrative with official facts showing what the United States has done in all directions since we declared war against Germany.

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REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, NOV. 20.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ALLEN ST, s s, 168.6 ft n of Stanton St, 22x87.8; Aaron Glauberman to Katie Rosen, 192 Allen St, mtg $7,000, all liens, Oct. 18; attorney Abr. J. Halprin, 41 Park Row.$100

BROAD ST, 117, e s, 63.3 ft s of Front St, 22.6x76, foreclosed Nov. 7, 1917; Joseph P. Morrisey, referee, to Emigrant Indust. Sav. Bank, Nov. 19; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St....$23,000

BROAD ST, 82-84, w s, 43.3 ft n of Stone St, 52.1x98.10x irregular; Samuel Untermeyer and Helen Herbert, 110 West 71st St, mtg $150,000, all liens, Nov. 9; attorneys, Sullivan & Cromwell, 49 Wall St....$100

BROADWAY, 756, s e s, 117.3 ft s of Astor Place, runs s w 24.11x s e 115.11x n e 10x n 6.6x n w 126.2 to beginning; J. K. Estate Realty Corporation to Harry B. Raffel, 2 West 88th St, ½ part, all liens, Nov. 13; address H. B. Raffel, 74 Broadway..$5,000

CROSBY ST, e s, 23.3x66; 2d St, 21-23 East, s s, 235 ft e of 2d Av, 60x82.8x61.3x70.2; all property in Bronx, Kings, Queens, Nassau, and Westchester Counties, N. Y., and in New Jersey, and all other real property wheresoever situated, bonds, mortgages, &c., trust deed; George F. Johnson to Frederick Johnson and Central Trust Co. of N. Y., in trust for party 1st part for life, and then for Elizabeth J. Hamilton et al., children of party 1st part, all liens, b. and s., Nov. 1; attorneys, Ferris & Storck, 165 Broadway....$1

FORT WASHINGTON AV, 267 North, n w corner of 171st St, 100.4x87.6x100x95, foreclosure, Nov. 12, 1917; Arthur N. Giegerich, referee, to Itasca Corporation, 331 Madison Av., Nov. 20; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St....$45,000

MADISON AV, 2,044, w s, 99.11 ft s of 130th St, 16.4x75; Madison Av, 2,052, w s, 34.5 ft s of 130th St, 16.5x75; Albert Herter to Adele, his wife, 130 East 67th St, b. and s., Nov. 17; attorneys, Rounds, H. D. & D., 62 Cedar St....$1

MANHATTAN AV, 443, w s, 50.11 ft s of 119th St, 25x100; Wenaro Holding Co. to Tawas Co., 299 Broadway, Oct. 26, 1914; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 299 Broadway.$1

PLEASANT AV, 346, e s, 75.11 ft n of 118th St, 25x76, foreclosed Nov. 7, 1917; James A. Farrell, referee, to William R. Wilder, 4 East 28th St, and John S. Baird, 137 West 85th St, trustees, Nov. 16; attorney, William M. Patterson, 43 Cedar St....$12,500

ROOSEVELT ST, n e corner of Madison St, runs n 30x e 30.6 to New Bowery x s w 42.9 to beginning, gore, partition sale, Oct. 18, 1917; same to John Mauginl, 2,064 East 17th St, Brooklyn, Nov. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$8,300

ROOSEVELT ST, 36, s s, 30 ft n e of New Bowery, 24.11x55 to New Bowery, (32,) 35.3x 30.6, partition sale, Oct. 18; Charles L. Hoffman, referee, to Dora Campbell, 150 Madison Nov. No. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$6,800

SULLIVAN ST, s s, 135.4 ft n of Broome St, 25.8x100; Louis Rovegno to John Dondero, 466 Manor Road, Borough of Queens, mtg. $18,000, all liens, Nov. 20; attorney, Charles Zerbarini, 346 Broadway....$1

WEST ST, n e corner of Murray St, 26.6x 87.2x26.6x87; West St, e s, 26.6 ft n of Murray St, 26.7x87.5; William Kornahrens to Ada M. Kornahrens, 1,030 Bedford Av, Brooklyn; attorney, E. R. Vollmer, 293 Broadway....$1,700

SAME PROPERTY; Ada M. and William Kornahrens to Annie Voege and Marie Kornahrens, 307 Jamaica Av, Brooklyn; Marie M. Kornahrens, 704 Bloomfield St, Hoboken, N. J., and Emma E. Kornahrens, 1,009 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, 1-5 part, mtg $60,000, all title, Nov. 20; same attorney....$1

WEST END AV, n w corner of 82d St, 102.2x100; Asinari Holding Co. to Helen L. G. Asinari, 463 West End Av., mtg. $483,000, Nov. 19; attorneys, Sproull, H. & S., 1 Madison Avenue....$100

WILLETT ST, 26, e s, 112.6 ft s of Broome St, 25x100, foreclosure July 26, 1917; Maurice Marks, referee, to Jacob Wilson, 1,335 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, Nov. 16; attorney, John T. Booth, 271 Broadway..$10,000

SAME PROPERTY; Jacob and Bessie Wilson to Mary A. Wilson, 365 Union St., Brooklyn, ½ part, Nov. 19; attorney, same....$100

8TH AV, 2,862 and 2,864, e s, 37.5 ft s of 153d St, 37.5x100; Benjamin J. Weil to Bertha Kohn, 421 East 82d St, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Nov. 19; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Bertha Kahn to Benjamin J. Weil, 21 East 82d St, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Nov. 16; same attorneys.$100

14TH ST, 224 East, s s, 324.6 ft w of 2d Av, 16x103.3, partition sale, Oct. 18; Charles L. Hoffman, referee, to Sam Williams, 71 West 115th St; Max Cohen, 790 Riverside Drive; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$9,050

20TH ST, 242 West, s s, runs s 93 x w 5 x n 20 x w 17 x n 73 to st x e 22 to beginning, except part conveyed Dec. 6, 1912; Charles S. Furst to H. Posner, 204 West 104th St, all liens, Nov. 16; attorney, Thomas Adam, 5 Beekman St....$100

32D ST, 9 East, n s, 220 ft w of Madison Av, 25x98.9; Albert Herter to Adele, his wife, 130 East 67th St. b. and s., all liens, Nov. 17, mtg $50,000; attorneys, Rounds, H. D. & D., 62 Cedar St....$1

38TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of 8th Av, 25x98.9; J. K. Estate Realty Corporation to Harry B. Raffel, 2 West 88th St, all liens, Nov. 19; address H. B. Raffel, 74 Broadway.$100

57TH ST, 526 West, s s, 325 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5, mtg $4,000; 57th St, 521-523 West, n s, 225 ft w of 10th Av, runs n 200.10 to s s of 58th St x w 100x s 100.5x w 25x n 100.5 to s s of 58th St x w 25x s 200.10 to n s of 57th St x e 150 to beginning; The Overland Stores Co., Toledo, Ohio, to Willys-Overland, Incorporated, Toledo, Ohio, Nov. 13; attorney, C. L. Lattin, 531 West 57th St....$1

58TH ST, s s, 20 ft e of Madison Av, 40x 50.4; Royton Realty Co. to 34 East 58th St. Corporation, 71 Broadway, mtg $65,000, all liens, Nov. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

65TH ST, 218 East, s s, 280 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.5; Nellie Steerman to Empire State Holding Corporation, 37 Liberty St, mtg $19,675, June 2; attorney, Edward R. Apfel, 37 Liberty St....$1

67TH ST, 130 West, s s, 250 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 26x100.5; May Hogan to Mary J. Atwell and Florence O'Brien, 130 West 67th St., mtg. $15,000, Jan. 8; address, James P. Ward, 130 West 67th St....$1

88TH ST, 320 West, s s, 261 ft w of West End Av, 21x100.8; Armin and Helen G. Degener to Marie L. Degener, 316 West 88th St, all title, quit claim, mtg $23,000, Oct. 20....$1

92D ST, 54 East, s s, 148.2 ft e of Madison Av, 20x100.8; Carrie Steinhardt to Amy Steinhart, 54 East 92d St; Bertha S. Rosenthal, 1,135 Park Av., and Henrietta S. Croil, 16 East 96th St, b. and s., Nov. 14; attorney, Edw. Jacobs, 25 Broad St....$1

119TH ST, 30 West, s s, 567.6 ft e of Lenox Av, 17.6x100.11; William Cohen to Henry Cohen, 134 East 17th St, mtg $9,000, Nov. 15; attorneys, William A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St....$1

119TH ST, n s, 473 ft e of Pleasant Av, runs n 100.4xe 239.6 to exterior bulkhead line xs 104.1 to stxw 268 to beginning; Emilie J. Murray to the Standard Oil Co., 26 Broadway, all liens, Oct. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

123D ST, 110 East, s s, 100.2 ft e of Park Av, 20x100.11; Charles Fogarty to Katherine C. Fogarty, his daughter, 110 East 123d St, Nov. 14; attorney, A. H. Baneker, 768 9th Av....Gift

139TH ST, 132 West, s s, 230 ft e of 7th Av, 26x99.11; Equality Construction Co. to Alice Schimmer, 20 West 162d St., mtg. $19,000, all liens, Nov. 17....$500

165TH ST, 554 West, s s, 116.6 ft e of Broadway, 16x106.5x16x107.11, foreclosure, Oct. 11, 1917; John J. O'Connell, referee, to W. J. Magee, 608 10th St., Brooklyn, Nov. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$6,500

Bronx.

CLAY AV, s w corner of 173d St, 106.6x75.x 107.5x65.8; also Crotona Park North, n w corner of Crotona Av, 35x98.2x34.10x101.1; also Chestnut St, n s, 56 ft w of line between Lots 91 and 92, runs n 96x w 26x s 96 to street x e 26, part Lots 89 and 90, amended map Bronxwood Park; Solomon Gettenberg to Lea L. Goldstein, 251 East 119th St; attorney, J. M. Leibner, 63 Park Row....$100

COLUMBINE ST, s s, 198.9 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 25x125; Sarah J. Koenig to Charles E. Koenig, 2,167 Gleason Av, March 18, 1908; attorney, C. E. Koenig, 2,167 Gleason Av....$1

CROTONA PARK North, n w corner of Crotona Av, 35x98.2x34.10x101.1; Benenson Realty Co. to Barnett Brodsky and another, 801 North Chestnut Drive, mtg $30,000, May 15, 1914; attorney, J. M. Liebner, 63 Park Row....$100

ELTON AV, n w s at s s of 162d St, 31.8x 25x109.6; May L. Johnston to Martha E. Witthaus, 725 Elton Av, mtg $31,000, Nov. 15; attorney, C. A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St....$1

GILBERT PL, n s, 150 ft w of Faile St, 25x100; John H. Emmerich to Gustave Frey, 898 Irvine St, mtg $7,750, Nov. 12; attorney, Gustave Frey, 3,429 3d Av....$1

HULL AV, w s, 250 ft s of 209th St, 25x100; Joseph F. Meade to Joseph A. Hickman, 1,996 Clinton Av, mtg $4,500, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

INTERVALE AV, 1,384, e s, 100x50; Charles M. O'Keefe, referee, to Franklin Realty Co., Inc., 1,743 Wallace Av, mtg $36,000, Nov. 17; attorney, Henry Harz, 41 Park Row....$1,500

KELLY ST, 1,088, e s, 19.8x100; Frans or Frano Gerger to Albert Pfost, 2,020 Bleecker St, Ridgewood, N. Y., mtg $8,500, Nov. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

LOTS 24 to 26, parcel 26, Map William B. Ogden Echo Bldg. Co. to Isabella Ellinore, 67 Elmwood St, Woodhaven, L. I., mtg $3,600, Oct. 20; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

PART of Lot 4, map of J. O. Fordham, City Island, 70x115; Louis F. Price to William F. Harnett, Jr., 332 East 51st St. Nov. 19; attorney, same....$100

PELHAM ROAD, e s, 100 ft n of Lee Av, 75x 100; Otto R. Burger to Charles Rieger, 1,115 Forest Av, mtg $1,500, Nov. 16; attorney, Charles Rieger, 1,115 Forest Av....$100

PLOT beginning at w s of land of J. O. Fordham and n s of land of A. Banta, 30x 115, City Island; Charles P. Hallock to same, Nov. 19; attorney, same....$100

PROSPECT AV, w s, 165 ft n of 181st St, 33x150; Minnie Berger to Rachel Avignone, 307 East 91st St, mtg $6,500, Nov. 17; attorney, Pasquale Veneata, 2,117 Daly Av..$1

PROSPECT AV, s s corner of Fox St, 61.5x 114.8x50x78.11; Hunts Point Realty Co. to Utility Realty Co., 30 East 42d St, mtg $40,500, Nov. 19; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 30 East 42d St....$1

ROAD from Fordham Av to land of A. Banta at n e corner of land of F. Price, 50 x 98.6, also all title to plot 16.6x 50 adjoining above on e George E. Reynolds to William F. Harnett, Jr., 332 East 51st St, Nov. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY, also plot beginning at w s of land of J O. Fordham and n s of land of A. Banta, 30x115, also part Lot 4 on map of J. O. Fordham, City Island, 70x115; William F. Harnett, Jr., to Kyle & Purdy, Inc., Fordham St., City Island, Nov. 19; attorney same....$1

SHERMAN AV, e s, 184 ft n of 163d St, 43x164.9; Kingsley Contracting Co. to Gottfried Kellerhals, 645 St. Ann's Av, mtg $35,250, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SIMPSON ST, e s, 200 ft n of Barretto St, 75x100; Hy. Morgenthau Co. to Hunts Point Talmud Torah, 1,019 Garrison Av, Sept. 4; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

ST. ANN'S AV, w s, 123.11 ft s of Rae St, 25.1x84.6x25x86.11; Gottfried Kellerhals to Kingsley Contracting Co., 1,962 University Av, mtg $11,000, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

TINTON AV, 775, w s, 28.4x135x25.2x135; Frederick Haas to Sam Vucker, 3,716 3d Av, mtg $5,500, Nov. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

VALENTINE AV, s w corner of 202d St, 100x50; Hadda S. Halvordson to Carrie C. Catt, 2 West 86th St, Nov. 19; attorneys, Sullivan & C., 49 Wall St....$100

VILLA AV, e s, 175 ft n of Potter Place, 20x 100; Antonio Carbucci to Denis J. Murphy, 212 8th St, West New York, N. J., July 2; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

VYSE AV, w s, 150 ft n of Jennings St, 50x 100; William Gullery to Gustave Halpern, 218 West 48th St, Nov. 20; attorney, S. W. Tuckman, 320 Broadway....$100

12TH ST, n s, 105 ft w of Avenue C, 50x 103 Unionport; Sarah J. Koenig to Charles C. Koenig, 2,167 Gleason Av, mtg $3,200; attorney, C. C. Koenig, 2,167 Gleason Av....$1

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 2,524; north store and part of cellar, 19x78; Broadway-94th Street Realty Co. to C. & L. Lunch Co., 205 West 76th St, 10 years from Oct. 1, 1917; attorney, Abraham P. Wilkes, 61 Park Row....$8,000

BROOME ST, 415, corner store and basement; Julius Loewenthal to Susie Kohl, 314 East 52d St, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1917; attorneys, Fitch & Grant, 32 Nassau St....$2,000

OLD BROADWAY, 12 and 18, all; Alfred P. Coburn and another to Morris Slachter, 794 Home St, Bronx, 5 years from July 1, 1917; attorney, Morris Wolf, 302 Broadway....$8,250

8TH ST, 337 East; all; Blanche G. Erdman et al., executors of Paul Gumbinner, to Abraham Berkowitz, 88 Ludlow St, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1916; address, A. Berkowitz, 337 East 8th St....$1,000

Bronx.

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 260 ft s of 172d St, 50x109.7; Thomas J. McGrath to Louis Kaufman, 1,469 Fulton Av, 5 years from Aug. 15, 1917; attorney, J. M. Leibnor, 63 Park Row....$1,500

SATISFIED MECHANIC'S LIEN.

Manhattan.

82D ST, 146 West; Patrick H. Kennedy against Minnie A. Perveac et al, March 2, 1917....$295

TO-DAY

At 12 o'clock noon at Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St.

DISSOLUTION SALE

OF THE

HAMILTON FISH CORPORATION

65 LOTS, PLOTS & BUILDINGS

SITUATED ON

BROADWAY, FOURTH AVE.

Third Ave., First Ave., Suffolk St., 9th St., 10th St., 12th St., 13th St., 15th St., 16th St., 17th St., 20th St.

60% on Mortgage 1 or 3 yrs. at 5%

TITLES GUARANTEED FREE OF COST BY TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO.

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Illustrated Bookmaps at Auctioneer's Office, 156 B'way.

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(5 were sunk Saturday)

Every dollar in Liberty Loans
Brings peace so much nearer.

Every man "Over There"
Helps to shorten the fight.

And when peace comes
And everything is back to normal

Those who buy lots at present sacrifice prices are bound to make money.

Examine the 234 Lots

To be sold at auction

by a decree of the Supreme Court

(Moller v. Godwin et al.)

belonging to the Estate of Jos. Godwin
on BROADWAY, 230th St., 231st St. & Kingsbridge Ave.

For whatever they will bring
without reservation or protection,

Tuesday, November 27th, 1917, at 12 o'clock
At 14 Vesey Street

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Agents and Auctioneers, appointed by the Court.

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Supreme Court Foreclosure Sale

HERMAN B. GOODSTEIN, Esq., Ref.

Next Tuesday, Nov. 27th

at 12 o'clock noon, at Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St., N. Y. City.

N. W. Cor. 2d Av. & 105th Street

(Known as 253 East 105th St. and 2,049 Second Av.)

A 5 story and basement brick tenement, with stores on street and in basement. Size of lot 94x24.5.

66 2-3% may remain on mortgage for 3 years at 5%

PHELPS, EAST & WEBB, Esqs., Attys. for Plaintiff, 149 Broadway, N. Y.

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Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer.

Supreme Court Partition Sale

Estate of WILLIAM P. KIRK, Dec'd. CHARLES L. HOFFMAN, Esq., Referee.

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564 Acres at RONKONKOMA, L. I.,

together with a 2½ story residence, containing 11 rooms and bath; also a 2 story frame farm house, containing 6 rooms. Stable and carriage house on property.

TO BE SOLD IN THREE PARCELS.
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To close an estate, handsome modern dwelling, spacious grounds, trees, and shrubbery in choicest residential section; ocean view, at Far Rockaway; must be sold. Particulars, address Executor, P. O. Box P, Far Rockaway, N. Y.

Long Island.

NEW BUNGALOW at Laurelton, L. I., 5 rooms and bath, charmingly arranged; plenty of land; easy commuting distance; close to stores, schools, &c.; $4,900; very easy terms. Laurelton Development Co., Suite 509, No. 1 West 34th St., New York. Phones, Greeley 2741; on property, Springfield 1984R.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

CRAFTSMAN year round, 6-room cottage home; 18 min. by train, elegant service; house is fully screened, including porch; awnings throughout 1st floor; newly and tastily decorated inside and out; select locality, high ground, fine lawn; a few hundred cash buys it; total sacrifice price, $4,500; very easy terms. Mortgage, Post Office Box 529, New York City.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

53D ST., NEAR 5TH AV.
5 Stories and Basement.
Sunny and cheerful; completely furnished, splendid condition; 4 master's bed chambers, 2 baths, 4 servants' rooms; 14 rooms, 2 baths in all; electric light; possession at once; asking $4,000 per annum. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

14-ROOM, RICHLY FURNISHED, MODERN PRIVATE HOUSE.
Facing park, west side; electricity, heat, latest improvements; refined surroundings; home of substantial business man leaving town; $250 monthly. For further particulars write X 317 Times Annex.

Brooklyn.

Colonial House, 8 rooms, 3 baths, on Ocean Av.; large grounds, garage; leaving town; will sublet for Winter, or longer, furnished or unfurnished; $75 month. Phone Midwood 1311W.

New Jersey.

Exceptional value, new six-room house, on acre plot; all improvements; excellent neighborhood; $5,200. Write for particulars to Smith-Singer Co., Glen Rock, N. J., (adjoining Ridgewood.)

Miscellaneous.

Ready to live in; 19 rooms, steam, coal, electricity, open plumbing, telephone; 46 miles Erie; near station. Columbus 6314, Apt. 2, 145 West 69th St.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

Manhattan.

93D, 257 WEST.—FIVE-STORY AMERICAN BASEMENT, 3 BATHS. CARETAKER.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

HUDSON VALLEY FARMS.
1,000 acres at $15 per acre....$15,000
1,000 acres at $50 per acre....50,000
Also small farms of all kinds.
Rural Life Co., Kinderhook, N. Y.

A BIG FARM.—Orange County, 278 fertile acres, on railroad and State road, near station; cheap; photos; particulars this office. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, 120 Broadway, New York. Rector 6718.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—800-acre cotton farm, well improved; desirably located; in high state of cultivation. Address Odel Plantation, Post Office Box 228, Arkansas City, Ark.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

$6,000 CASH will buy LEXINGTON AVENUE CORNER above 23d St.; chance for storekeeper to own his own building. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Phone 5700 John.

FREE AND CLEAR.
3 five-story cold-water avenue tenements, with stores, 25x100 each; rent $2,136 each; price $18,000 each; will trade for good income property. Durose, 156 Broadway.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

31 BARKER AV., WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. For rent, a three-story and basement frame dwelling, containing 14 rooms and 3 baths; hot water heat; plot 75x175; rent, $100 per month. JOSEPH P. DAY, Agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

A beautiful old Colonial house in residential section of Larchmont; large plot; high ground; ten rooms, two baths, every modern improvement; convenient to station; Sound, school, &c.; $1,000 cash, balance monthly payments, like rent. Kriech, 11 East 42d St. Phone 6441 Murray Hill.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For sale or rent.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Westfield.—Rebuilt house, one-half acre, only $5,500; very cheap. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York City.

Short Hills.—Lackawanna express trains; the Farley estate; choice restricted building sites; prices and terms reasonable; all improvements. Fred'k A. Farley, Milburn P. O.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

MARKET CORNER.
Second Av., 1,715, corner 89th St., desirable store; has 3 large show windows, butcher's icebox, and wall fixtures; good stand; reasonable rent. Inquire premises.

Garage for sale or rent, lot 27x100; three-story brick building; location, 225 East 67th St. Permission to inspect by addressing Crimmins Operating Co., Inc., 624 Madison Av. Plaza 6782.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES.—Every facility, $16.50 and $30.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway. Room 807.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE.—Extension waiting room; private house; desirable living accommodations; excellent location, 1,041 Madison Av., (near 79th.) Lenox 101.

Lofts, 75x75 and 75x43; freight and passenger elevators; excellent location. Apply premises, 80 Park Place, or your broker.

Store, 28 East 33d St., near Madison Av.; large display window; steam heat, hot water. Wm. F. Fuerst, Inc., agent, 87 Nassau St.

Space rear parlor floor; privilege of elegantly furnished showroom; large window; near 5th Av.; also desk room. M 175 Times.

For rent, two fireproof lofts; building 50x 100; choice location, Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg., New York City.

Lofts, factories; complete, efficient, courteous service. The Factory Exchange, 43 Cedar St. Tel. John 3719 and Boston.

625 East 18th.—Two upper lofts, each 50x50, with well-finished office, in three-story building. Apply premises.

Suite of offices with complete mahogany furnishings to let until May; whole or part optional. 1210 Times Building.

Hairdresser or bleacher wanted to rent part of beauty parlor, $15 a month; good opportunity. Dr. Karpen, 16 West 36th St.

140 WEST 34TH ST.—Showrooms and offices. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

Sublet, private office, stenographer, all conveniences, reasonable. Call Room 513, 132 Nassau St.

To Rent—Part office space or deskroom to high-class tenant. Tenth floor, 212 5th Av. A. V. Kline.

Store, parlor floor; also skylight studios. 5 West 16th St.

Skylight studios, bachelor apartments, $30 to $60. 5 West 16th St.

Bachelor apartments, skylight studios, $30-$60. 5 West 16th St.

Office to sublet. 25 Broad St., Room 1817.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED, LARGE STORE OR BUILDING SUITABLE FOR AUTOMOBILES, (TO HOLD 100 AUTOMOBILES,) ON OR NEAR BROADWAY, FROM 42D TO 63D STS. GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, MAIL ONLY. B. B., ROOM 301, 1,493 BROADWAY.

Three-story and basement or loft, approximately 6,000 sq. feet, near 41st and 6th Av. Address W. M. Gray, 131 West 41st St. Bryant 4928.

Furnished office, with stenographer service, wanted; centrally located. E 187 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

48TH, 20 EAST.—Two rooms and bath, nicely furnished; will rent balance of lease, $110 monthly; maid service.

60TH ST., 16 EAST, (Apt. 16.)—Exclusive 2-room bachelor apartment; service.

81ST ST., 75, Corner Park Av.—Seven sunny rooms, elegantly furnished; service unexcelled.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED. Choice localities; long, short leases. 4 to 12 rooms. East, West Side. CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1456.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY. EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO., 4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

ARTIST'S six-room apartment, complete. Telephone Gramercy 723.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

ATTENTION.—Established 30 years. List your apartments. Waiting lists. A1 clientele. Lelands, One West 34th. Phone 1423 Greeley, also Murray Hill 3241.

CORNER APARTMENT, six rooms, daintily furnished; elevator, telephone; $100. 138 E. 94th St.

IRVING PLACE, 77, (Gramercy Park Section.)—Two rooms and bath, furnished in good taste; nonhousekeeping, with service; meals served in rooms if desided. Apply on premises, or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 CEDAR ST. TEL JOHN 5700.

LENOX AV., 54, (adjacent to 112th St.)—Seven large rooms; hot water, phone, &c.; near subway and all surface lines; $50.

PLAZA SECTION.—Seven rooms, 3 baths, very beautifully furnished. Details Columbus 3974.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST.
Sublet 4, 5, and 6 months, handsomely furnished, 2 and 3 rooms; corner apartments; also single rooms; bath.

SMARTLY FURNISHED APARTMENTS IN ALL MOST DESIRABLE LOCALITIES. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., AGENTS, 402 MADISON AV., AT 47TH ST.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV., NEAR 50TH ST.
Strictly bachelor apartment, beautifully furnished, large studio, with open fireplace; bedroom and bath; maid and valet service included; rent $200 monthly; seen by appointment. Telephone 1670 Circle before noon.

23D ST., 222 WEST, CHELSEA HOTEL.—Stockholder's apartment, No. 86, exquisitely furnished, for rent by the year: four rooms, bath, closets, and small kitchen. Apply for terms to Marsh & Wever, 42 Broadway; present tenant will show.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths; single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

39TH, 54 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchen; sunny. Apply superitnendent. Telephone Murray Hill 5278.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Completely furnished bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80-$100; service. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.

49TH, 47 WEST.—One, two room suites, private bath; single rooms; electricity, elevator; newly decorated ground floor suite, with bath; suitable doctor; parlor suite, with bath; any first-class business.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; handsomely furnished.

51ST, Near 5th Av.—2 beautiful rooms; bath, electricity; references. Circle 2583.

53D, 46 WEST.—Suites, with private baths; steam heat, electricity, elevator; $75 per month upward.

55TH ST., (1,730 Broadway.)—Big, bright, fine; two rooms, bath; elevators; telephone; hall service. Hart.

55TH, 50 WEST.—Living room, breakfast room, bedroom, bathroom, kitchenette. Telephone Plaza 6958.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Attractive, handsome 7 outside rooms; 3 bedrooms. Columbus 1377.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Latest idea in apartments; homelike, with club privileges; duplex studio, dining, bedroom, kitchen; southern exposure; choicely furnished; lease $225 monthly. Apt. 308.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex apartment, Hotel des Artistes, three rooms, kitchenette, refrigeration, cooking free; $200. Mrs. Wood.

68TH, 243-245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $55 to $90, completely furnished; satisfactory references necessary; open evenings.

69TH ST., 19 WEST, Overlooking Central Park.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath; maid service; restaurant; finest in the city. Mrs. Deane, on premises.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Apartments, furnished; entire floor, 2 and 3 connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity; $125 and $185.

70S.—Magnificently furnished 8 rooms, 3 baths; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 1456.

72D, 42 WEST.—Two of the most delightfully furnished small apartments in New York; two rooms, with tiled baths; new building; 7 windows in each suite; moderate priced restaurant, with service in apartments; overlooking Central Park; convenient to subway express, elevated, and surface; $95-$100 monthly; leases only.

74TH, 108 WEST.—Suite, one, two rooms, also studio; private baths; $85, $150.

79TH ST., 307 WEST.—Own home, 3 rooms, 2 baths, exceptionally well appointed, piano, beautiful view Hudson and Southern exposure; $300 monthly. Apt. 16 West.

80S.—Handsomely furnished 8-room duplex apartment; immediate possession; Winter months, longer; $179 month. Particulars telephone Vanderbilt 1458.

80TH, 225 WEST, (Cor. Broadway.)—High-class, one room, bath, hall, kitchenette. Fanning.

81ST, 203 WEST, (Barrington.)—Three rooms; handsome; short lease. Morningside 1069.

81TH, 307 WEST.—Private house, large back parlor, bath, kitchenette, electricity, service. $50.

90TH ST., 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms, with kitchenette and bath.

94TH ST., 250 WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 outside rooms; southwestern exposure; express station. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

96TH, 35 WEST, 5E.—Completely furnished seven rooms, bath. December-March.

97TH ST., 316 WEST.
Attractive, sunny, comfortably furnished 8 rooms, 3 baths, apartment; view of Riverside; very desirable. Apt. 3W.

102D ST., 330 WEST, (Rockledge Hall.)—Princely home, luxuriously and magnificently furnished; near 103d St. subway express station; 10 unusually large rooms, occupying entire front twelfth floor modern and exclusive apartment building, commanding unsurpassed view of the beautiful Hudson from every window; three large baths; piano, Victrola, silver, linen, glassware; moderate rent responsible party. Apply Superintendent.

110TH Subway.—Seven rooms, 2 baths, very beautifully furnished. Details Columbus 3974.

116TH SUBWAY.—5 rooms, 2 bedrooms, very handsomely furnished. Particulars, Columbus 3974.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates $80 monthly and up, $20 weekly up; breakfast and dinner, $9 weekly, (optional.)
HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST.
One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus line. C. M. Bellak, Mgr. Dir.

AN exceptional apartment, for bachelors; private house; exclusive location. Telephone Plaza 2200.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished; long, short leases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT 4 rooms, complete in every detail, furnished throughout in mahogany; rent, $150; 89th and Broadway. Phone 5243 Riverside.

APARTMENT Hunting Unnecessary; consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d. Col. 1077.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments.
$35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease or unfurnished; near Subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA.
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $65-$75-$85; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

CENTRAL PARK SOUTH, 36.—Owner leaving for London will sublet apartment from four to six months; three rooms, two baths, also kitchen and out-of-doors sleeping porch facing Central Park; most artistically furnished. Inquire Geo. K. Rose, on premises.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Finely appointed, most comfortable 8-room apartment; 4 months or longer. Telephone 430 Riverside, Apt. 23.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Completely furnished apartment, four rooms, bath, $150. Phone Schuyler 4806.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

DESIRABLE, well-located 7 rooms, completely furnished apartment; short lease. 5830 Riverside.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS A SPECIALTY. Town-Country Renting Agency, 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5565.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to rent, very reasonable; season or longer. Apply SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 448, (116th.)—Handsomely furnished, 10 rooms, 3 baths; superb view; grand piano, Victrola, linen, silver; immediate possession; sublet. Phone Morningside 6570. Apt. 102.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.)—Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 3 rooms facing Drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, No. 125, (84th St.)—10 and 11 light, well-furnished rooms. Call or address W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

WEST SIDE elegant suite in private residence; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; service, heat, electricity. Phone Riverside 9376.

WEST END AV., 740.—Handsomely furnished 5-room apartment; highest class; desirable, spacious.

WEST END AV., 740.—Four-room apartment to sublet for three months, $125.

440 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Handsomely furnished; six rooms, overlooking Hudson; $175 monthly; immediate possession. Apartment 108.

Unfurnished—East Side.

15TH ST., 23 EAST.—Studios to rent; reasonable rent. CARSTEIN & LINNIKEN, 221 4th Av. Phone Gramercy 2293.

18TH ST., 140-142 EAST, Gramercy Park Section; housekeeping apartments, 7 rooms and bath, $840; 9 rooms and bath, $1,020. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Telephone 5700 John.

34TH, 113 EAST.—Entire floor, two very large rooms; large bathroom; kitchenette; steam heat; very desirable; rent, $75. FOLSOM, 127 East 34th St.

A two-room and bath apartment; $45; new, modern, maid service included; 469 Fourth Av., near 32d St.; central location. ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Tel. 1100 Murray Hill.

IRVING PLACE, 77, S. W. Corner 19th St., (Gramercy Park Section.)—Two room and bath non-housekeeping apartment, $840, with service; open fireplace, electric light, steam heat; meals served in rooms if desired; also studio, $300. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

PARK AV., 446, (just off 57th.)—Small apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; can be leased for one year or longer at $1,000 per year. Apply premises or Plaza 6143.

Unfurnished—West Side.

50TH, 48 WEST.—2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette, $85, including electricity, gas; also smaller apartment, similar conditions, $70.

55TH, 52 WEST.—New house, large rooms, complete, private floors.

70TH, (2,023 Broadway, The Nevada.)—Newly decorated, spacious, 7-room, high-class elevator apartment, all rooms facing Broadway; immediate possession; $250 month; family leaving city. Apt. 2B.

70TH ST., 239 WEST.—Unfurnished parlor and basement floors, extension, bath; permanent tenant, quiet tastes desired.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive two-room suite; all improvements; maid service; references.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2825.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive two-room suite; all improvements, maid service; references.

79TH, 204 WEST.—Seven light rooms, bath, steam, hot water; single apartment; $70. Superintendent, or Wood, 41 West 125th.

84TH, 17 WEST.—Seven large, light rooms, bath; one flight up; with electric light, $65.

90TH, 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms with kitchenette and bath.

97TH, 306 WEST.—Five immense, light rooms; southern exposure; elevator, telephone; moderate rent.

110TH, 225 WEST—DAWSON ARMS. High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms, facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

113TH ST., 517 WEST.—One 6-room apartment, very high class elevator apartment house; reasonable rent. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Apartment sublet, (2H,) 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $37.50 per mo.

135TH, 229 WEST.—Single apartment, eight large rooms; newly decorated; one flight.

150TH, 569, (Corner Broadway.)—Six large outside rooms; modern elevator bldg.; $65.

158D ST., 550 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—One extremely attractive studio apartment of two rooms, bath and kitchenette; all outside rooms; rent, $57.50.

160TH, 400 WEST, (corner Edgecombe Av.)—Sublet 4 rooms in Roger Morris elevator apartment; near subway and elevated.

APARTMENT to sublet to October; $85. The Dearborn, 350 West 55th. Muckenfuss.

AUDUBON AV., 215, Corner 176th, (Brighton.)—Six rooms, bath; elevator apt.; $50.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25, in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortland 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

3 AND 5 WEST 104TH ST.
Beautiful elevator apartment, white enamel, 4 and 6 large rooms and bath, $40 and $60.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 187.—Unfurnished, beautiful, exclusive, 2 rooms, bath, $35; 1 room, bath, $25; spacious parlors, bath, $35; basement, $25; subway, Wall St., 4 minutes. Owner, premises.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Couple want small furnished apartment, between 69th and 106th Sts., well heated; reasonable; good neighborhood; references exchanged. P 87 Times.

WANTED—FURNISHED.
Two rooms and bath, from Dec. 1, by well connected couple; rent about $60. Address W. S. S., P. O. Box 1886, N. Y. C.

WANTED IDEAL HOME
Dec. to April; $125 to $150 monthly; below 96th St.; best references. Address Home, F 440 Times Annex.

Four or five rooms, west side, between 73d and 110th Sts., for three adults; must be good location. W 231 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED apartment for 3 months, 3 rooms, kitchenette, near subway. P 213 Times Downtown.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT, large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Unfurnished.

THREE to five modern, sunny rooms, below 59th; state floor; no consideration without full particulars; not over $50. Answer 70 West 11th, Apartment 2 West.

TWO or three rooms and bath, about $30, for business women, with best reference, between 42d-80th Sts. Address Box 66, 157 East 47th.

Seven or eight rooms on Riverside Drive, below 120th; light, airy. F. McCarthy, 68 William. Phone 5245 John.

Wanted, two or three room front apartment, private bath, unfurnished, not over $30, below 145th St. M 199 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Private family; two warm, comfortably furnished rooms, single or suite; breakfast; business men preferred; references. Boyd.

15TH, 105 EAST, (Apt. 94.)—Opp. Union Square Hotel. Unique accommodations for 1-2 bachelors; parlor, bedroom, piano, bath, steam, electric lights, telephone; handsome fireproof building; $50 monthly; subway.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished room, private bath; steam heat, electricity; park privileges; board optional; references.

22D, 41 EAST.—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished rooms; all conveniences; also basement; references.

23D, 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suites two rooms and bath.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; phone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

30TH, 122 EAST—Large, small rooms, furnished, unfurnished; newly decorated; private house; refined.

36TH, 138 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Exclusive house; large and medium sunny room, adjoining bath; breakfast if desired.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

57TH, 221 EAST.—Large front hall room, select house, private family; references. Wiggin.

64TH ST., (Madison Av., 733-735.)—Nicely furnished, large, single rooms, telephone; $3, $3.50, $4.

MADISON AV., 1,231, (between 93d and 94th.)—Excellent accommodations business women in high-class neighborhood; every convenience; references. Russell.

MADISON AV., 174.—VANDERBILT STUDIOS.—Furnished, unfurnished rooms; unusual; references exchanged. Mur. Hill 9286.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; music studios rented by day or hour.

MADISON AV., 529—Handsomely furnished rooms, with and without private bath; phone, electricity.

West Side.

37TH ST., 27-40 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, single room; telephone; $3, $3.50, $4.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

57TH.—Light, medium-size room, near Carnegie, $6; business people. Circle 419.

61ST, 106 WEST.—Front, back parlor; running water; together or separate; beautifully furnished; elevator, telephone. Davis.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Just opened; everything brand new; furnished rooms, single or en suite; electricity; refined surroundings; investigate.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Neat, handsome rooms, single, en suite; private telephone, electricity; refined house.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen; business couple.

70TH, 218 WEST.—Cozy room in private French house, $10.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Attractively furnished single room, bath adjacent, steam heat, electricity, telephone.

71ST, 122 WEST.—Large and small comfortable rooms; all conveniences; restaurant in building.

71ST, 110 WEST.—Large room, with bath; quiet, refined house; subway, "L," conveniences.

71ST, 206 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; phone; also smaller room; references.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

72D, 218 WEST.—Unusually fine furnished second floor, bath; suite, single; gentlemen.

72D, 302 WEST.—Attractive front room; electric lights; private family; gentlemen.

73D, 302 WEST.—Two double rooms, front and southern exposure; private baths; board optional; comfortable Winter home; near subway.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms, near subway, elevated; references.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room; private bath; telephone, electric light.

74TH, 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS. Newly furnished, two large rooms, with private bath, electric light, steam heat, valet service; references. Col. 8768.

74TH, 242 WEST.—ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED SUITES; ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT BATH; JAP SERVICE; DOCTOR'S OFFICE; BREAKFAST OPTIONAL.

74TH, 25 WEST.—Luxurious, completely furnished rooms; private baths; steam, electricity; unexcelled service.

74TH, 8 WEST.—Two comfortable front rooms, bath adjacent; southern exposure; private home.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Small room, well heated; southern exposure, adjoining bath; electricity; reference.

75TH ST., WEST.—Large double front or back rooms and bath, suitable for two gentlemen; breakfast if desired; select and refined neighborhood; references necessary. Telephone Columbus 719.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable large room; twin beds; electricity; parquetry; very exclusive residence.

75TH, 3 WEST, (near park.)—Large rooms, private baths; electricity; telephone; $10-$12.

75TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, private bath; also small room; electricity.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Nice sunny rooms; first-class house; select neighborhood; telephone; reasonable.

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, electricity, $10-$12.

75TH, 126 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; electricity; newly furnished.

76TH, 104 WEST.—Attractive, large front room, bathroom floor; electricity; heat guaranteed.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Large sunny front room; electricity; private bath; kitchenette privileges; references.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Very attractive large room; hot water.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house; two large rooms; connecting baths; single or en suite.

111 WEST 77TH ST.
Desirable small room; references, reasonable.

77TH, 64 WEST.—Elegant, furnished outside room in modern elevator apartment. Giese.

78TH, 212 WEST.—Comfortable, clean room, lavatory, electricity; subway; gentlemen. Schuyler 9110.

78TH, 326 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Beautiful rooms, overlooking Hudson; private house.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large front parlor, twin beds, private bath, lavatory, steam, electricity.

78TH, 108 WEST.—Ready for guests Nov. 20; reservations now arranged; meals optional.

78TH, 169 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Large front room, twin beds, electricity, adjoining bath; gentlemen only.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms, all conveniences; well heated; $7.50.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Front and back parlor, 1st floor; running water; small room.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

79TH, 160 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, with private bath; lock subway; immaculate.

80TH, 151 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room, running water; subway, elevated; all conveniences. Antoine.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, also single; steam heat, electricity; $4.50-$10.

80TH, 225 WEST.—Beautiful room, private bath, hall, and entrance. Apt. 3W.

81ST ST., 27 WEST.—Exceptional room, private, modern, home; facing park; steam heat, electricity; service breakfast; subway "L." Schuyler 7352.

81ST, 155 WEST.—Immaculate, warm, large room, bath; electricity; $6; gentleman. Schuyler 2982.

82D, 54 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, second story front, bath, kitchenette; single rooms.

83D, 127 WEST.—Sunny, front, single and medium rooms; telephone in each; electricity, running water; owner's residence; reasonable.

83D, 53 WEST.—Newly furnished, large rooms, connecting or separately; also hall room.

84TH, 47 WEST.—Magnificent warm rooms; private bath; twin beds; electricity; attractive house.

85TH, 136 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front room; electricity, telephone; all conveniences.

85TH, 200 WEST.—Comfortable room, conveniences, private family, $4. Higgins, Apt. 17.

86TH, 113 WEST.—Beautiful large room; private bath, parquet floor; electricity; refined house.

88TH, 307 WEST.—Attractive rooms, modern house, exclusive block; breakfast optional; references required.

88TH ST., 48 WEST.—Exceptionally large, small front room; running water; telephone; private; references.

89TH, 53 WEST.—Private house, apartment 2 large, nicely furnished rooms, with private bath; also 2 smaller rooms; $2 and $3.50.

90TH, 50 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; every comfort; moderate price; private home; see and appreciate.

92D, 30 WEST.—One or two rooms, lavatory; private family.

92D ST., 62 WEST.—Large front room; private family; steam heated; references. Campbell.

94TH, 80 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, all conveniences; private family; $3.50. E. Hahn.

100TH 316 WEST.—Magnificent room and bath; $10 week; gentlemen. Apt. 19.

100D, 303 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Three rooms, with running hot and cold water, bath, telephone, and electricity, for rent single or en suite, in elegantly furnished private home; references required.

100D ST., 2 WEST.—Beautiful corner room facing park, $5; phone. Robinson.

106TH, WEST.—Sunny comfortable rooms in a select apartment, reasonable terms. Telephone 1665 Academy.

115TH, (cor. Manhattan Av.)—Near 8th Av. and Park; "Columbia"; pleasant rooms, steam; $5 up; references. Cathedral 6279.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Light, attractive rooms; elevator; telephone; shower. Apt. 41.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Large room; elevator, electricity; business gentleman. Apt. 23.

120TH, 371 WEST.—Attractive, homelike room; reasonable; no other roomers. Haya.

121ST, 537 WEST, (Broadway.)—Sunny bedroom and sitting room, attractively furnished. Apt. 51.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Unusual room; well furnished; private apartment. Apt. 21.

123D, 439 WEST, Apt. 18.—2 rooms suite; elevator, electricity, telephone, conveniences.

122D, 540 WEST, Cor. Broadway.—Attractive outside; kitchen privileges; near Columbia. Gray.

123D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Single, double room, $2.50-$4.50 week; elevator. Apt. 28.

123D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—2 rooms, private kitchen, $7.50 week; elevator. Rose.

137TH, 602 WEST, (Apartment 34.)—Sunny outside room, twin beds, home comforts; elevator.

140TH, 477 WEST.—Large room; elevator, electricity, telephone; Southern family. Apartment 71.

141ST, 600 WEST.—Two immaculate connecting rooms, lavatory, bath; private family; no other roomers; reasonable to refined, permanent party; references essential. J 4 Times.

142D, 605 WEST.—Room, adjoining shower bath, elevator apartment; $5; subway. Scott.

143D, 527 WEST, (Phone.)—Single and double room; hot, cold water; kitchen privileges. Mendosa.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room, scrupulously clean. Apt. 27.

144TH, 560 WEST.—Beautiful, light, large room with private family; elevator, telephone; near subway. Apt. 47.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Hudson view; running water; $6; convenient location; evenings. 6B.

153D, 553 WEST.—For rent, two beautifully furnished bedrooms, with private bath, telephone; all conveniences; reasonable; 151st St. subway.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS,
302 West 22d St.
Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly, rooms for two, $3.50 weekly each.

ATTRACTIVE SUITE, sitting room and bedroom, adjoining bath; all conveniences; private family; modern, homelike. Waitjen, 265 West 87th St.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (112th.)—Desirable room; homelike; references. Telephone Morningside 7505. Apartment 8.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Attractive, newly furnished rooms; suite, overlooking Park. Fryer.

CLAREMONT AV., 200.—Attractive front room; 1, 2 ladies; kitchen privileges; elevator. Apt. 37.

DESIRABLE gentlemen can secure one large room with private bath, also two large single rooms in high-class private apartment in exclusive neighborhood; breakfast optional; references required. Address C. A. H., Box 219 Times Downtown.

HOTELS' OVERFLOW accommodated; investigated rooms, board, apartments, houses. Leland's, 1 West 34th St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th.)—Desirable rooms, with or without private bath; newly furnished; gentlemen; also bedroom and sitting room for two gentlemen; telephone; references. Cardozo.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (corner 80th.)—Magnificently furnished suite of 2 large rooms with bath, steam heat; private house service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452, (116th St.)—Room of highest type; refined; references. Tel. Morningside 9080. Apt. 4A. Kelley.

SON GONE TO WAR; will rent his room, up-to-date apartment; 4 short blocks from subway; can arrange meals. Audubon 3415. Ross.

WEST END AV., 611.—Handsome room; elegantly furnished; private bath; kitchenette; also medium-sized room.

WEST END AV., 826, (100th St.)—Superior bachelor accommodations; exclusive residence; breakfast. River 3050.

WEST END AV., 936, (Subway, 103d.)—Spacious corner room; conveniences; refined home; gentlemen. Apartment 5 west.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

WEST END AV., 674.—Large front room; all improvements; private residence; gentleman.

WEST END AV., 886, (103.)—Large room; private bath; $11; twin beds; private.

YOUNG MAN to share large room, kitchen, bath, near university, Broadway station, 116th; references exchanged; electric light, steam; reply confidential; $5 week. P 26 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Brooklyn.

ATTRACTIVE ROOM, near bath, in cozy apartment; breakfast; 10 minutes Atlantic Av. subway. Phone Prospect 6420.

VANDERBILT AV., 426.—Large front room; parquet; 15 minutes Wall St.; gentleman.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

BUSINESS MAN, in city three nights week; $30 month; outside room, adjoining bath, and breakfast. F 2 Times.

Unfurnished.

Three rooms, all improvements, Harlem section. M. C. F., 198 Broadway, Room 800.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

53D, 37 EAST.—Rooms, with board; references; table board.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly, up.

West Side.

5TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity; switchboard; refined service.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath, steam; unexcelled board.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms, excellent board; all improvements.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Rooms, with board; private bath; references.

16 WEST 55TH ST.
Table boarders; rooms; references; gentlemen.

58TH, 48 WEST.—Large, small, single rooms, private bath; excellent home table; references.

58TH ST., 41, 43, 45 WEST—Elevator. MADISON ARMS.

72D, 318 WEST, (Riverside.)—Exclusive Pension; two large connecting rooms with private baths, singly or en suite; also small room; excellent table and service.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 266 WEST.—Fine location; attractive, warm rooms; excellent Southern cooking; references.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; with board; table guests accommodated.

72D, 159 WEST.—Desirable, sunny rooms; two hall rooms; board; references.

72D, 261 WEST.—Homelike, handsomely furnished double room, private bath.

73D, 302 WEST.—Two double rooms, private bath; board optional; exclusive location.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; private bath; steam, electricity, private phone; also single room; table board.

75TH, 234 WEST, (The Hurlburt.)—Sunny back parlor, private bath; steam heat.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—One large, one small room; fine table; excellent location.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive rooms, double and single, private bath or adjoining; steam heat, electricity; excellent table; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

83D, 25 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, second floor; private baths; family or few adults; excellent Vienna cooking. Schuyler 8227.

84TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms; all conveniences; electricity; excellent table; refined Jewish family.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Excellent accommodation with board for refined business man; conveniences. Jay.

86TH, 139 WEST.—Large, attractive room, private bath, electricity; also single room; excellent table; references required; Southern family.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive, large room, private bath; excellent table; private boarding house.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Lady owning handsome home, 4 baths, desires few paying guests.

90TH, 15 WEST.—Newly, beautifully furnished double rooms, adjoining bath; excellent Jewish table; reasonable; table boarders accommodated. Riverside 9793.

91ST, 50 WEST.—Beautiful suite in refined American home; medium rooms; parlor dining; convenient to all transportation.

93D ST., (676 West End Av.)—Large front room; running water; electricity; excellent environment; suitable two gentlemen or married couple; beautifully furnished; home cooking.

102D, 305 WEST, (Between West End-Riverside.)—One, two rooms, private bath, second floor; southern exposure; owner's home; references.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double room, with bath; two people, $45 per week, (two meals) service and surroundings unusual; owner's home, near Riverside.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-B'way.)—Luxurious; private residence offers large suite; 2 rooms, bath; really exceptional table; every convenience; beautifully furnished; moderate terms.

108TH, 329 WEST.—This is no boarding house, nor hotel, but a palatial residence converted into a high-class Pensionat; rooms with or without private bath; also electric elevator, cuisine and service unexcelled; only permanent guests considered.

120TH, 162 WEST.—Suite, single, private baths, steam heat, telephone; excellent cuisine.

MRS. KUSSERA, Rockaway Park, opened beautiful residence, 253 West 102d St.; rooms, with board; table guests; cuisine excellent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740—Room and bath, suitable for gentleman. Apt. 6B.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard. 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c. Fifty Lovely Rooms. Exquisitely Furnished. Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables. Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness. Social Parlors. Smoking Rooms. Comforts. Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV.,
174 West 126th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking; convenient.

WASHINGTON SQ. NORTH, 21. — Single rooms, with board; facing park; table guests accommodated.

WEST END AV., 878, (103d.)—Magnificent private dwelling; overlooking Hudson; modern, beautiful rooms; well heated; excellent cooking; moderate.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Large, sunny rooms; excellent table; house thoroughly appointed; references.

WEST END AV., 693, (94TH.)—Large front, back rooms, private bath; also suite; automatic elevator; references; table guests.

BOARD WANTED.

AT ONCE, in garden on Hudson, not more than 15 minutes' ride from city, 3 rooms and board wanted for 5 people, not exceeding $250 per month. X 320 Times Annex.

With refined family; East Fiftieth to Sixtieth; references; particulars, including price; business. Bachelor, care Abbot, 154 East 91st.

Spanish gentleman wishes room and board with a private and refined American family; best references. E 173 Times.

Home for two-year-old child, with refined Jewish family. O 396 Times Downtown.

YOUNG couple desire two rooms with bath; first-class only. J 10 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

ARTHUR HOUSE,
PELHAM MANOR, N. Y.
Rooms with and without private baths and sleeping porches; 29 minutes from 42d St.; N. Y., N. H. & H., Pelham the station; trolley near house; fine Winter home. Mrs. J. Arthur, 211 Secor Lane.

Bronxville, N. Y.—Two desirable rooms in private family; furnished or unfurnished; board if desired; no other paying guests; two minutes from station; references exchanged. Phone Bronxville 1414.

Delightful Fall, Winter home, near White Plains; 45 min. 42d St.; private park; low rates. Booklet. Mt. House, Valhalla, N. Y.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2181.

New York State.

At Highland, N. Y., a widowed lady, owner of high and beautifully located new home with all modern comforts, will take one or two semi-invalids in board at reasonable rate. Address Mrs. Mae Van Wagner, Highland, N. Y.

New Jersey.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.—Refined home; fine location; sunny room and board; permanent couple; references. Phone 591.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK 1916 SEDAN,
beautiful seven-passenger, like new, with extra Summer top; full electric equipment; condition guaranteed; sacrifice for quick sale. 150 West 55th.

BUICK 1917.—Will sell my Buick 1917 touring car with detachable sedan top already mounted, also Summer touring top. George J. [illegible], Hotel Majestic.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK, 1916, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger touring car, fully equipped, excellent condition throughout. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

BUICK cabriolet, 1916 model; perfect condition; selling becaus of enlistment in army. T. J. Hartung, 32 Nassau St.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK TOURING, LIKE NEW 1917.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

BUICK little six runabout; first real cash offer takes it. 1,930 Broadway.

BUICK Little Six Runabout; first real cash offer takes it. 1,930 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET.
Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC.—Must sacrifice immediately practically new Cadillac 7 pass. touring automobile with extra limousine body; absolutely mechanically perfect; ready for immediate use; luxuriously equipped, including Delco electric starting system, many extras; sacrifice immediately, complete, $350. Private Garage, 32 Lexington Av., near 23d.

Cadillac 1917 Convertible Sedan; 3,900 miles.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 limousine; excellent condition; sacrifice; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC, eight-cylinder touring; like new; $750. 1,930 Broadway.

CADILLAC LIMOUSINE, PERFECT CONDITION. 305 WEST 59TH ST.

CADILLAC SEDAN,
$700 IF SOLD TODAY. 306 W. 59TH.

CHALMERS 1917 7-pass. touring. Bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CHALMERS 1916, five-passenger touring car, Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

CHANDLER 16 touring; fully equipped; extras; fine condition; bargain. Schwartz, Fordham 2588.

CHANDLER limousine; runs and looks like a new car; bargain to immediate buyer. 305 West 59th St.

CHANDLER with Winter and Summer top; bargain. 306 West 59th St.

COLE semi-roadster, perfect condition; must have cash. 1,930 Broadway.

COLE semi-roadster; perfect condition; must have cash. 1,930 Broadway.

DETROITER 1917 touring "six"; Continental motor; good shoes; $450. Lexington, Circle 1872.

ELECTRIC BROUGHAM, 1916, Rauch and Lang, seating five; new, high-capacity battery recently installed; excellent condition; $1,950. Box O 156 Times.

FIAT limousine, handsomely appointed; good condition; new tires; cost $5,000; price $700. 31 West 94th. Riverside 3744.

FIAT limousine, thoroughly overhauled and repainted; make offer. 305 West 59th St.

HUDSON SUPER 6, WINTER TOP TOURING, $1,000; four brand-new Goodyear Cords, four extra tires, clock, bumper, original paint; mechanical condition perfect; driven careful chauffeur; no dealers. Rosemond. 25 West 45th St.

HUDSON Super-Six, 1916, cabriolet body, 3-pasenger car, in best of condition, looks like new, owner will sacrifice because leaving town. Call Columbus 3636. (No dealers.)

HUDSON SUPER SIX, 1916, cabriolet body, 3-passenger car, in best of condition, looks like new, owner will sacrifice because leaving town. Call Columbus 3636. (No dealers.)

HUDSON super six sedan; like new. H. Berlinghof, 215 West 55th St.

HUPMOBILE 1911 TOURING CAR; FINE CONDITION; $350. DIUGUID BROS., 1,285 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

HUPMOBILE Sedan; 5,000 miles; 1917 late. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE, 1917 Sedan; like new. Slocum & Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

KISSEL Sedan 6-12, Springfield metal body, wire wheels, Westinghouse shock absorbers; thoroughly equipped, mechanically perfect; used very little. W 227 Times Downtown.

LANCIA 1917 LIMOUSINE
35 H. P. SPORTING MODEL.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5TH AV. PLAZA 4837.

LEXINGTON sedan, mechanically perfect; excellent shoes, paint; $825, quick. Lexington, Circle 1872.

MARMON limousine, late 1917; cost $5,500 new; car like new; must sell immediately. Call Mrs. L. S. F., 200 West 54th St. Phone 1150 Circle.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger limousine; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1916, seven-passenger touring car, Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MAXWELL 1916 roadster; fine condition; demonstration; $400. Room 1009, 55 Liberty St.

MERCER five-passenger touring, late model; perfect condition; selling because of enlistment in army. T. J. Hartung, 32 Nassau St.

MERCER raceabout, 1914; self-starter; wonderful condition. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

MERCER 1914, touring, excellent condition; electric lights, starter, new shoes. Bedford 8906.

MERCER 1917 Sporting 4-Pass.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

NATIONAL NEWPORT Sedan; mileage 10,000; excellent looks and condition; sacrifice; no dealers. M 63 Times.

NATIONAL twin six Clover Leaf, practically new; half price. 20th Century, 1,700 B'way.

OLDSMOBILE 1915 touring, driven by owner only; two extra shoes; excellent condition; $400; Stewart vacuum system. Phone Mr. Harold, Lenox 8100.

OLDSMOBILE LIMOUSINE.
Beautiful 1916 model; looks like new; seats 5 inside; complete electrical equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. 150 West 55th.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917, five-passenger touring; leaving city. 1,930 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1916, COUPE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

PACKARD 1917, seven-passenger; run 8,000 miles; absolutely perfect conditon; owner going to France; bargain. Captain Frederick Pope, 366 Fifth Av., Tel. Greeley 4400.

PACKARD limousine, 4-30, like new; very little used; splendid condition throughout; sacrifice $550; guaranteed perfect condition. Private Garage, 32 Lexington Av., near 23d.

PACKARD RUNABOUT, Series 3-38, 1915, recently overhauled and painted; special equipment, perfect condition; talk is cheap; must see car to appreciate it. E 150 Times.

PEERLESS TOURING, $875.
Luxurious seven-passenger, like new; modern equipment, self-starter; cost $5,000. Johnes, 305 West 79th St., near Broadway.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine, electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine; also touring car; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

RENAULT.—Beautiful Renault limousine town car, Demarest body; very smart; fine condition; bargain; principals only. Box 324 Times, 2 Rector St.

RENAULT 1916 LIMOUSINE, 30 H. P.
ELECTRIC STARTING AND LIGHTING.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4837.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916.
Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS BOOTH, 4-passenger roadster; Rolls Royce Blue, two wheels, many extras. Scripps Agency, 302 East Fordham Road.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe, driven 500 miles, as good as new, cost $1,485, will sell on best offer; no dealers. Phone 672 Rector.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1917; large type; sell reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1916 ROADSTER.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1915; make offer. 1,930 Broadway.

SIMPLEX, 38, shaft drive, seven-passenger, Holbrook touring body; must sell this fine car at once. 1,930 Broadway.

STANDARD 1916 2-passenger runabout, wire wheels; perfect condition. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STANDARD 1916 2 passenger runabout, wire wheels; perfect condition. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 Town Car, "Light 4" model; fleetwood limousine body; imported linings; beautiful fixtures and vanity cases; interior renovated; newly painted Brewster green and black; shows no perceptible sign of usage; sold with binding mechanical guarantee. Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 "Light 4" All-Year Type; touring model, equipped with collapsible, handsome, well fitting, specially constructed A. & W. tops; overhauled, newly painted, and sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE by Stearns Company, (Driscoll, Used Car Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS 1916 8-cylinder limousine, landaulet; newly painted; reasonable. J 8 Times.

STUDEBAKER, 3-passenger, 1917, first-class condition; extra tire; complete; no reasonable offer refused. 1,140 Pacific St., Brooklyn. Telephone 2900 Prospect, between 9-12, 6-8.

STUDEBAKER, 1916, "6," 7-passenger; just overhauled. Ecceseine, Columbus 4648.

STUTZ 1917, 16 valve speedster; also bulldog; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 B'way.

STUTZ 1916 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

STUTZ 1918 ROADSTER. NEW CAR.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING. NEW CAR.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1915 H. C. S. SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ BULLDOG, 1916.
Beautiful four-passenger; special bulldog type; like new; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

"WHITE" USED CARS.
Also other well known makes touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., 4th Floor. M. R. Greene, Mgr.

WILLYS KNIGHT brougham; will sacrifice this elegant car for $700. 1,930 Broadway.

WILLYS KNIGHT Brougham; will sacrifice this elegant car for $700. 1,930 Broadway.

WILLYS-KNIGHT 1916.—Account of draft must sell at once. 691M Melrose.

WINTON limousine, very fine condition throughout. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

WINTON SIX 48 touring car, overhauled and repainted, fully equipped, fully guaranteed. The Winton Co., B'way at 70th St.

Miscellaneous.

IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES.
CLOSED CARS.
1917-6-48 Locomobile Landaulet, 7 pass.
1914-6-48 Locomobile Landaulet, 7 pass.
1913-6-48 Locomobile Landaulet, 7 pass.
1913-6-38 Locomobile Limousine, 7 pass.
Also several very attractive late model Locomobile Touring Cars.
OTHER MAKES.
Lancia Town Car, 4 pass.; new Brewster brougham body.
1914-4 cyl. Model 55 Fiat Touring, 7 pass.
1913-6-48 Chalmers Limousine, 7 pass.
1914-6-48 Packard Touring, Victoria top, 7 pass.
1-38 Packard Phaeton.
LOCOMOBILE COMPANY OF AMERICA,
Exchange Car Department,
West 61st St., near Broadway.
Columbus—7750.

"RIGHT PRICES."
1917 CADILLAC "8" Seven-Passenger.
1917 HUDSON Super-Six Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Runabout.
1916 LEXINGTON Seven-Passenger Touring.
1916 CHANDLER Touring, Model 17.
1916 CADILLAC Touring; very extra.
1916 OVERLAND 83B Touring.
1916 REO Seven-Passenger.
1916 REO Three-Passenger Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Touring; exceptional.
1910 NATIONAL Seven-Passenger.
1915 CADILLAC Four-Passenger Roadster.
1915 CADILLAC Brougham Town Car.
1915 WINTON Seven-Pass.; electric starter.
1914 PACKARD 3-48 Seven-Passenger.
DAILY ARRIVALS. TRADES CONSIDERED. TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
Open evenings and Sundays till 1 P. M.
All cars open to mechanical inspection and demonstration at any time.
THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
Appraisers to the Trade.
1,077 Atlantic Av., Cor. Franklin Av., BROOKLYN.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUTZ 16-VALVE SPEEDSTER.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 REO "6" SEDAN.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 HUDSON SUPER SIX TOURING.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1917 ELKART CLOVERLEAF ROADSTER.
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH BOADSTER, Model G.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "6" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

CLOSED AUTO BODIES.
Any body now in stock at $35, $75, $150, $350, &c.
PLENTY OF GOOD ONES LEFT.
WORTH 3 TIMES PRICES ASKED!
Come and pick out a Bargain.
Fitting: Cadillacs, Packards, Oldsmobiles, Stearns, Overlands, Fiats, Simplexes, Pierces, Singers and others.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1,763 Broadway, near 57th St.

Overlands, Willys-Knight, Guaranteed.
All Models. Closed and Open. Overhauled. Price Exceptionally Low for Quick Sales. Also Some Good Bargains in Other Makes.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway and 50th St. Open Evenings.
WRITE FOR USED CAR BULLETIN.

1916 7-pass. Touring, 8-cyl., model 53; this car has been overhauled and repainted; 1917 Cadillac, blue with red wheels; will give excellent service; the price will surprise you.
DETROIT-CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO., 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

NEW SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
We have a large consignment with open and closed bodies now ready for inspection and demonstration at our warerooms. Great reductions in price.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4837.

AUTOMOBILE painting, trimming; all kinds of repairing, such as body remodeling and remounting, making demountable tops; best prices and workmanship. American Auto Painting and Trimming Co., 551 West 52d. Columbus 9307.

BEAUTIFUL MITCHELL DE LUXE Sedan. Owner will sacrifice for $700; cost $2,250 last season; new paint and mechanically perfect. Call 1,926 Broadway or phone Columbus 8599 for demonstration; bargain.

FIRESTONE TIRES, 40% DISCOUNT.
(Slightly blemished.)
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO., 1,763 B'way.
Branch: 2,300 Grand Concourse, corner 183d.

1918 KISSEL Kar Coupe, 4-pass., new.
1915 CADILLAC, 8-cyl., Sedan, 5-pass.
1913 PIERCE-ARROW, 38 Landaulet, 5-pass.
2887 Market, 588 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars. Limousine bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

SACRIFICE.—Oakland roadster, excellent mechanical condition; good tires; recent model. J 350 Times Downtown.

FORD TIRES, $6, $7.50, $9, $12.50.
Some fine "buys." Jandorf, 1,763 B'way.

Automobiles Wanted.

WHITE 30 touring, 1916; give mileage and full particulars with lowest cash price in first letter. Charles D. Sherman, 50 Windsor Av., Hartford, Conn.

DODGE or Buick 1917, 5-passenger car wanted by private party; must be in good condition and price right; car with removable Winter top preferred. Address J. L., 29 Times.

THE best car $1,500 will buy wanted; foreign car preferred. X 319 Times Annex.

Motor Trucks.

USED TRUCKS.
2 1912 5-ton Mack chassis.
1913 5½-ton Hewitt chassis.
2 1912 3-ton Mack chassis.
1912 3-ton Speedwell chassis.
The Locomobile Company of America,
West 61st St., west of Broadway,
Columbus 7750.

Automobiles for Rent.

Beautiful Cadillac limousine, 8-cylinder; owner; $350 monthly. Telephone 5174 Riverside. Morrison.

CADILLAC Limousine for hire; bargain rates; excellent service; anywhere. Telephone 6301 Morningside.

CADILLAC, private, limousine, for hire by month or week; reasonable price; best reference; owner drives. D. M., Times Harlem.

CADILLAC limousine, very stylish, hourly; monthly preferred; very reasonable. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

FOR RENT, week or month, limousine town car; excellent condition. R. F. L. Garage, 127 West 49th St. Circle 1038.

NEW 5-PASSENGER touring car; owner drives; $2 hourly. Mack, 2476 Fordham.

OLDSMOBILE, latest model, brougham town car, for the Winter season; first-class condition; owner driving. Mitchell, 454 West 57th St.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARDS, Hudsons.—Latest models; limousines, touring, shopping; $2.50 hour; special rate trips, daily, monthly. 2,758 Broadway. Academy 403.

PACKARDS. — Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD or CHALMERS Limousine Landaulet, 1916, hour, trip, monthly; reasonable; owner drives; best reference. Bradley, phone Riverside 5617.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD limousine; month or week; reasonable; owner drives. Murphy, 2,286 Broadway. Schuyler 4660.

PACKARDS and sixes, limousine, landaulets, for monthly hire; reasonable rates. Phone Morningside [illegible].

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD, 1916, 1917, beautiful landaulet, limousines; trip, hour, monthly. Wilmarth. Columbus 8030.

PACKARD limousine, sixes, brougham style; $2.50 shopping; monthly, $350. Telephone 1585 Plaza.

PACKARD, 18, laundelet town car, upholstery, paint like new; monthly. Circle 449.

PIERCE-ARROW, Packard limousine, newly lined, $2.50 hourly, $75 weekly. Circle 4215.

RENAULT auto de luxe at reasonable rates. Delaney, Packard coupe, landaulet, limousine; special rates for theatre parties. Haelters, 145 West 66th. Columbus 2958.

REO touring, 1914, without driver, month, season, to reliable party. F 445 Times Annex.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7520. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; 8 years' experience, thoroughly familiar with trial balance and controlling accounts. E 199 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; 3 years' experience; references. Rosenfeld, 468 New Jersey Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, desires position reputable concern; $18. W 248 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, thoroughly experienced, capable taking charge; references; stenography; $18. W 226 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, correspondent, (20,) 4 years; adaptable, reliable; best references. P 206 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—6 years' law, engineering, commercial experience; Christian; $15. F 6 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—DOUBLE ENTRY; EXPERIENCED.
KADISCH, 557 WEST 35TH.

CASHIER, competent, 11 years' experience, desires position; good hours; best references. M. Hayes, 1,995 Morris Av., Bronx.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Irish girl wishes position chambermaid, sewing, help with children, or assist waitress; best references. Apply letters only, Conoly, 136 East 60th St.

CLERK, office assistant, ledger work; four years' experience; reference; $12. A 70 Times.

COMPANION.—Refined, tactful woman as auto companion to ladies by hour or longer; references exchanged. E 190 Times.

COOK and WAITRESS wishes position in family; reference. E 191 Times.

COOK in private family; best city references. Gaughan, 229 East 80th St.

DAY'S WORK.—Irish Protestant wants day's work, cleaning, private family, every week. Telephone 694 Academy.

ENGLISHWOMAN, capable, refined, assist light household duties; nominal salary; desirable home; highest references. Phone Audubon 1047, Apt. 8.

EXECUTIVE.
SECRETARY or EXECUTIVE position desired by college woman with knowledge of stenography and typewriting; speaking fluent French and German; possessing tact, initiative, and organizing powers; connection with publishing house preferred; capable conducting entire correspondence and assuming absolute charge; has reported for New York newspaper and had magazine experience. T 336 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.
Young lady, lawyer, college education, stenographer, understands bookkeeping, has 9 years' thorough general business training, desires position of responsibility requiring ability, personality, tact, use of sound business judgment and common sense. Room 517, Hotel Martha Washington. Tel. Madison Square 6500.

GRADUATE NURSE.—Wide experience; excellent credentials; offers part time, preferably 10 to 3 daily; competent to superintend household management, refined family. O 342 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORKER.—Wish to place my maid for part time in small apartment. Mrs. Miller. Phone Schuyler 9616.

LADY desires one child, share French governess and advantages in own home, Morningside Heights; Summer, seashore. X 300 Times Annex.

MAID.—Refined colored girl wants position maid for lady or bachelor apartment. 265 West 47th St. Florence, care of Pullman.

MASSEUSE; expert; $1 hour, ladies' residences; physicians' references. Box 46, 2,019 Broadway.

MOTHER'S HELPER, likes children, assist housework; obliging woman. E 186 Times.

NURSE, American, trained, refined, wishes position as nurse-companion; gives massage and electricity; city, country, or traveling; physicians' references. Miss Lobeday, 58 East 102d St. Telephone Lenox 3644.

NURSE.—Lady wishes to place competent, experienced English nurse; takes full charge from infancy; four years present position; call present employer today, from 10 to 5 o'clock. Apartment 10C, 465 West End Av.

NURSE, experienced, or companion and seamstress wishes position; excellent references. 491 Lexington Av. Telephone Murray Hill 2957.

NURSE, companion, to invalid; take full charge; excellent masseuse; cheerful; free to travel. 612 West 140th, Apt. 37.

ORDER CLERK.—Young lady, 23, wishes position as order clerk; six years' experience; can furnish first-class references. W 243 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, EXECUTIVE,
8 YEARS' EXPERIENCE SECRETARY, ASSISTANT MANAGER, EFFICIENCY, EXECUTIVE ABILITY; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OFFICE ROUTINE, PERSONALITY, TACT; KNOWLEDGE SPANISH; SALARY $2,000 YEARLY. F 382 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SECRETARY, &c. — Experienced secretary and stenographer desires permanent position; salary $25 weekly; excellent references. L. B., Room 314, 30 Church St., New York.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER desires position morning or afternoon work. G 208 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience, thoroughly competent, academic education, executive and unusual ability, initiative, common sense, $18. O 399 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, correspondent; 7 years' experience, accustomed handling responsible details, tactful executive, highly recommended; salary, $25. E 160 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; high school education; references; $12. O 351 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—5 years' commercial experience; excellent references; $15. K., 507 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced law, commercial; highly indorsed. W 212 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; bright, neat; Christian girl; beginner; no agency; $10. O 344 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—American, Christian; experienced, capable, educated; law or commercial; $25. V 363 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; conscientious, reliable; references; $15. P 216 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 4 years' experience; neat personality, efficient, wideawake; $15. W 241 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Now working, desires better position; competent, experienced; salary $15. W 236 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper; refined American; four years' experience; $15. V 387 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; possesses initiative; familiar office detail; salary $15. W 249 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school girl, wishes position downtown; willing; little experience. P 209 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, desires location, reputable concern; $16-$18. W 228 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST. — Experienced, initiative and capable, desires position. W 224 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Experienced, competent, conscientious worker; salary $16. Phone Rhinelander 3718.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' practical experience; reference former employer; $15. W 235 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English, competent, good education; $18. Miss O., 1,605 Candler Bldg. Bryant 1319.

STENOGRAPHER-CLERK, experienced in export and other lines; knowledge bookkeeping. D 155 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, transcribe notes accurately; references. C. L., 1,034 Hoe Av.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; five years' experience; references; rapid, neat; $15. F 4 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, operates switchboard; salary $12. B. G., 132 West 112th.

STENOGRAPHER; competent; three years' experience; salary $12. E 195 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; rapid, accurate; references; $12. A 69 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, three years' experience typewriting, stenography, general office work, downtown; $17. P 202 Times Downtown.

SWISS GIRL wishes position to care for doctor's apartment, answer phone and door. King, 143 East 89th St. Lenox 8371.

TEACHER.—College graduate; public school methods; all branches; coaching. Expert, Times Harlem.

TYPIST, &c.—Experienced typist, tabulator, some stenography; salary $15. 637 Greene Av., Brooklyn.

TYPIST and office assistant, three years' experience, neat worker. W 231 Times Downtown.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—French young lady desires position as visiting governess, afternoons preferred; $12 to $18 weekly. E 171 Times.

VISITING MAID.—French girl, dressmaker, speaks English, wants position as visiting maid, afternoon or day. Write or call Mlle. Marthe Morel, 342 West 23d. Tel. Chel. 5097.

YOUNG LADY, university graduate, taught four years in high school, traveled, knows French, German, Russian, some Spanish and Italian, excellent correspondent, can operate typewriter, desires suitable position, clerical or literary; moderate salary. A. P., 2,960 3d Av.

YOUNG LADY with selling ability would like to connect with a wholesale drug or perfumery house; good references. L. G., 120 Times.

YOUNG LADY will give French lessons mornings to children, 5 to 10 years; reasonable. E 174 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat, colored girls; investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, waitresses, chambermaids, nurses. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165, Domestic Agency, 329 West 59th.

COOK, Swedish, $85; Ladies' maids, waitresses, chambermaids. Miss FitzGerald's Bureau, 548 5th Av.

BERTA CARLSON SWEDISH AGENCY.—First-class servants. 2415 B'way, (89th.) River. 9463.

COOKS, chambermaids, couples, cooks and waitress together; city, country. Excelsior Agency, 321 Madison Av. Murray Hill 3971.

COLORED help, city, country, references. Hope's Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ABLE, active, Christian, American, past 40, strictly temperate, capable filling any position requiring industry, commonsense, reliability, trustworthiness, desires position; can you offer one? E 163 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—OFFICE MANGER.
Mechanical, manufucturing experience; accounting, cost, auditing, time study, shop routine, financial and statistical statements; thorough executive; highest credentials; age 37; salary, $2,250. M 119 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 104. Cortlandt 6688.

ACCOUNTANT. — Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT. — Semi-senior, experienced, now employed, seeks new affiliations. "Reliable," Times Harlem.

ADVERTISING, mail order manager, hustler, age 26; ten years' experience, copywriter; knowledge printing, booklets; successful record; draft exempt; moderate salary; immediate engagement. P 214 Times Downtown.

AN AGGRESSIVE AMERICAN, (25,) desires employment; has good education and will prove thoroughly capable if given opportunity; exempted from service; references. V 383 Times Downtown.

BANK CLERK, age 24, experienced bookkeeping; moderate salary. Apt. 10B, 620 West 150th St.

BOOKKEEPER, 29, 10 years' experience, thoroughly capable; reliable, trustworthy, correspondent, college graduate; excellent references; exempt; investigate. V 279 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Credit and Office Man, (25;) exempt; 8 years' experience; financial statements, controlling accounts, &c. F 388 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant, 22, experienced, accurate, responsible, well recommended, wishes position with reliable firm. L 240 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, cost clerk, experienced double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance, etc., desires position. J. Rindt, 950 Trinity Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; 21, draft exempt; trial balance, statements, controlling accounts, &c.; salary, $15. M. Atkin, 316 East 8th.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, office manager; five years' experience; best references, $22. P 215 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, 36, accurate figures or clerical; knowledge typewriting. W 242 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Salesman desires position, evenings, Sundays, any line; excellent credentials. E 185 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (28,) married, thoroughly experienced ledger man, controlling accounts; $20. E 162 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accounting experience; able correspondent; office manager; university training; $25. E 179 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, wide experience, good training, desires change; best references. E 177 Times.

BOY, (17,) year high school, speaks Spanish, wishes position; advancement. E 164 Times.

BUTLER, &c.—COOK.—Couple, English; excellent cook; useful butler or chauffeur; country. 363 West 46th.

BUTLER.—Couple, man, butler-valet; wife, good cook. Kohler, 227 East 49th St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 8 years' experience, thoroughly competent, absolutly reliable, wishes position with private family who require a skillful driver of good character, excellent references. F 448 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, (33,) long, private references, sober, careful, competent man; Pierce, Packard Twin Six and other make cars. Circle 2322. Chauffeur, 643 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, Swede, 33, education, appearance; private; extensive touring, city driving experience; Pierce, Packard. Lundborg, 200 West 83d.

CHAUFFEUR.—Japanese; eight years' experience on high-grade cars; best reference; reliable; moderate salary. Chauffeur, 23 West 60th.

CHAUFFEUR, single, (32,) expert driver, mechanic, will put in order any old car; excellent references; private. Tel. 7062 Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, (28;) 10 years' experience; expert driver, mechanic; excellent references. H. Gross, 572 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR, (37;) married; 16 years' experience; expert driver, mechanic; excellent references. Man, 56 West 93d. River. 1830J.

CHAUFFEUR; 5 years in my employ; can recommend him highly; am laying up car. Scholl, 212 West 89th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single; 7 years' experience; foreign, American cars; temperate, reliable. Gillis, 227 East 72d. Lenox 6245.

CHAUFFEUR.—Good, careful driver; 3 years' experience in shop; Oldsmobile or Studebaker preferred. Puff, 419 West 128th.

CHAUFFEUR, 33, seven years' experience, like to change; Cadillac preferred. F 5 Times.

CHIEF CLERK.—Thoroughly competent, assume charge office; bookkeeper, correspondent, systematizer. E 15 Times.

CLERK.—Knowledge of bookkeeping; office experience; good penman; well recommended. O 398 Times Downtown.

CLOTHING MAN open for engagement; wholesale, retail manufacturing experience. Schlanger, 532 East 149th St.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, (25,) married, desires responsible position reliable business organization. W 229 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE MAN, EXEMPT, 1½ YEARS' BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, DESIRES EMPLOYMENT, PREFERABLY WITH EXPORT HOUSE. P 88 TIMES.

CONTRACTOR on dolls' dresses, toys, wants work. Goldstein, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

CORRESPONDENT, Russian, English, age 27, wishes position with export house. W 220 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Japanese, well educated, absolutely first-class cook with a help, desires position in city or country; good references. Eddie Ishi, 330 East 57th St.

DETECTIVE, (private,) licensed, wishes position with corporation; confidential investigations; references. E 169 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, student in evening school, desires position; salary moderate. P 74 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, junior, 20; experienced; technical education. W 225 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE. — High-grade man, aged 37, experienced on broad lines, desires to make a change; would like executive position, manager or confidential secretary with large corporation or individual of large affairs; salary, $6,000. E 178 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Virile, capable, executive; experienced public utility and general commercial lines; organization, advertising, sales and general management, desires immediate contact proposition commensurate with abilities. Telephone Hanover 5950. Mr. Sweany.

EXECUTIVE.—COLLEGE MAN, 27, DRAFT EXEMPT, EXPERIENCED EXECUTIVE; PREPOSSESSING AND AGGRESSIVE. E 196 TIMES.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

EXECUTIVE.
Experienced in employment, welfare, cost, and general office supervision. P 90 Times.

FOUR SALESMEN AND TWO AUTOS. SELLING ORGANIZATION DESIROUS OF REPRESENTING ANY MANUFACTURERS' LINE SELLING TO THE RETAIL CIGAR, DRUG, HARDWARE, OR GROCERY TRADE IN NEW YORK, BROOKLYN, LONG ISLAND, AND JERSEY ON COMMISSION BASIS ONLY; WE HAVE AN ESTABLISHED LIST OF 1,000 CUSTOMERS. E 168 TIMES.

LAWYER, college man, young, energetic, with technical training, desires to work for good law firm; patent or real estate law preferred; salary secondary. F 1 Times.

MAN, (35,) desires clerical position. G. Fallon, 55 Farrington St., Flushing, N. Y.

MIDDLE-AGED man with wide experience as executive, salesman, office manager, bookkeeper, responsible, desires position. V 388 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, Credit Man; age 26, seeks connection with progressive concern; seven years' experience in bookkeeping, credits, collections, accounting, correspondence, and general office management; highly educated; salary secondary. W 252 Times Downtown.

PORTER.—Man wishes position as porter in bank or store; 9 years' reference from last employment. Address R. B., 212-214 West 143d St., Apartment 21.

REAL ESTATE or insurance man, (38,) with banking experience, thoroughly competent, desires position. Box 213, Boonton, N. J.

SALESMAN, 32, EXPERIENCED BUSINESS EXECUTIVE, LAWYER, CORRESPONDENT, SEEKS MERCANTILE CONNECTION. O 371 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—A real salesman, ten years' selling experience, desires to connect with reliable woolen house; unquestionable reference. P 63 Times.

SALESMAN.—A real salesman, 10 years' selling experience, desires to connect with reliable woolen house; unquestionable reference. P 63 Times.

SALESMAN, 20, four years' experience; understands advertising, bookkeeping; highly recommended. P 210 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—City or road; business producer; five years' experience in West, calling on the best trade. E 165 Times.

SALESMAN.—Coat and suit salesman, 25 years' experience in New England, is open for good line. E 161 Times.

SECRETARIAL STENOGRAPHER, 32, American; thoroughly experienced; correspondent, executive, manager; trustworthy. W 214 Times Downtown.

SHOE SALESMAN, junior, experienced, desires position with reliable firm; advancement. E 170 Times.

SILKS.—Man experienced silks and ribbons open for position inside or selling; commission basis preferred. O 28 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; four years' experience; A1 reference; clean cut; $18. W 244 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Well educated, efficient, willing worker; $12. Mr. W., 224 West 42d St. Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER. — Beginner, (18;) Christian; 2 years' business experience; references. B. G., 3,525 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping, theatrical office; write, state salary. P 86 Times.

STENOGRAPHER seeks evening work, any capacity. P 201 Times Downtown.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE, (25,) desires evening and Saturday afternoon employment. P 203 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR DESIRES POSITION. E 166 TIMES.

YOUNG AMERICAN, (22,) draft exempt entirely, 5 years' thorough experience, desires to connect where executive ability can be shown; import, export. F 446 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) aggressive, ambitious; 4 years in executive capacity; exceptional industrial and commercial experience; willing to assume full responsibility. P 78 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) 5 years' experience in stock and shipping, seeks connection with a reliable concern, to take full charge. Sam Kohn, 484 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) ambitious, present employed, desires office position with established firm. Box 45, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) draft exempt, 4 years' selling experience, wishes connection with progressive concern; best references. O 392 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, at present representing Japanese importing house, desires make change; outdoor position preferred. P 207 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, good character and first-class references, wishes position as valet with gentleman. F. M., 216 West 24th St.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, experienced correspondent, thorough office man, proven ability, seeks opening with progressive firm. O 400 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position with export or mercantile house; 3½ years' experience; knowledge of typewriting; references. W 240 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Hebrew, exempt, university education, desires connection with reliable bonding credit firm; A1 references. P 227 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position at anything; four years' office experience; has ability for salesman. P 217 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires position with advancement; stock, shipping, selling experience. P 208 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN has spare time from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.; can you use his services? W 223 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) excellent penman, high school education, wishes position with advancement. S. Miller, 47 Forsyth St., City.

YOUNG MAN, aggressive, exempt, 8 years present employer, office, selling, seeks good future; reasonable salary. F 3 Times.

YOUNG MAN, French-speaking, 20, business experience, best references, wishes first-class position. E 194 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) Christian, willing worker, wishes position, anything; $15. W 232 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, energetic, desires position with advancement; excellent references. W 222 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, exempt, desirous learning well-paying trade; salary $15. O 397 Times Downtown.

YOUNG business man with executive ability desires position; moderate salary. E 180 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) knowledge accounting, capable assistant to busy executive. E 176 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) attending college evenings, desires position at anything. E 167 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires evening work; anything; accounting experience. 838 East 24th St., Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER—FIRST CLASS.
Must be experienced on double-entry ledger, in large Brooklyn factory. Reply at once, G. R., 280 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ledger clerk, with experience as bookkeeper; state age, education, experience and salary expected. X 316 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, also typewriting; salary, $15 to $18; prefer one who lives in vicinity. Eureka Rubber Co., College Point, L. I.

CANVASSERS, (4,) to make appointments for our salesmen to demonstrate the Frantz Premier Electric Cleaner; salary or commission. Call from 10 to 3, Mr. Walsh, 2,010 Broadway.

CASHIER, in drug store, with good experience; hours one week from 7 A. M. to 2 P. M., one week 2 P. M. to 8 P. M., the other week 8 P. M. to 2 A. M.; salary $12 to start; permanent position. Write, stating references, M 188 Times.

CASHIER, restaurant and cigar stand; experienced; references required. Apply Mr. Johnson, Hotel Gregorian, 42 West 35th.

CLERKS,
high school graduates, those having knowledge mechanical drawing, $12 to start. Write, stating age and experience, A. H. C., 463 West St., city.

CLERKS.
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES, $12 TO START. WRITE, STATING AGE AND EXPERIENCE, A. H. C., 463 WEST ST., CITY.

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER, (no stenography necessary,) for comfortable office; write, DON'T CALL. Albion Trading Co., 132 Nassau St., N. Y.

FILING CLERK, experienced, one who is familiar with stenography. Call Davis Durkin Corp., 60 Wall St.

FOLDERS AND INSERTERS on circular work. Apply 9th floor, 222 West 39th St.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF EXPERIENCED SALESPEOPLE FOR THEIR RIBBON DEPARTMENTS.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

GIRLS.
14 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE, TO LEARN PARCEL WRAPPING; SALARY $5.50 A WEEK; CONGENIAL SURROUNDINGS; NO SATURDAY NIGHT WORK.
Barnett Bros., Columbus Av. and 74th St.

GIRL wanted in high-class law office to file papers, answer telephone, &c.; permanent position and opportunity for advancement; state age, qualifications, and salary wanted. Box P 221 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS IN STOCK DEPARTMENT OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; GOOD, STEADY POSITION. CAMPBELL, METZGER & JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D ST.

GIRLS familiar with printing wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., Garrison Av. and Tiffany St., Bronx.

GIRL—16 years and over for clerical work in office of large corporation. A., P. O. Box 1,548, New York.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Working housekeeper; small family, apartment. Power, Morningside 4206.

JUNIORS
FROM 14 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE, AS STORE MESSENGERS, STOCK ASSISTANTS AND OFFICE WORK; STEADY POSITIONS, WITH EXCELLENT CHANCES OF ADVANCEMENT; WANTED AT WANAMAKER'S. APPLY AT JUNIOR OFFICE, BASEMENT, OLD BUILDING.

NURSERY GOVERNESS for six-year-old girl; must be experienced, capable, able to sew. Call, with references, between 9 and 10 Wednesday, at 106 Central Park West, Apt. 5A.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT for an institution; pay $22 a month. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

OFFICE ASSISTANT in mailing department of large wholesale house; young lady, 16-18 years of age; experience not necessary; neat in work and obliging; excellent opportunity to advance; position permanent; hours, 8:30 to 5:30; salary, $8. Apply in own handwriting, P 218 Times Downtown.

OPERATOR dictating machine, living in the Bronx; salary $15. 114 Liberty St., Room 703.

SALESLADY.—High-class young lady, widely acquainted; experience unnecessary; refined; permanent position; $30-$50 week, salary-commission. 1613 Candler Building, 220 West 42d.

SALESLADIES; $7 week and upward, according to sales. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th.

SALESLADIES, good appearing, $20 to $50 week. 303 5th Av., Room 1906.

SALESWOMEN.
EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN FOR OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT, EXPERIENCED IN HANDLING HIGH-CLASS TRADE. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT.
THE BEDELL CO.,
19 WEST 34TH ST.

SALESWOMEN.
We require thoroughly experienced saleswomen in our glove and veiling departments; permanent positions, good salary, congenial surroundings. Apply Supt.
Barnett Bros., Columbus Av. and 74th St.

SALESWOMAN, EXPERIENCED,
to call on city stores wanted by manufacturer of better grade dresses; only one having had successful connections with similar lines will be considered; salary or commission. M 201 Times.

SALESWOMAN, in children's book department of large book store; salary and commission; position permanent. Apply Box P 222 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Young woman of intelligence as secretary and aid to busy executive; excellent opportunity. Apply Box P 223 Times Downtown.

SKETCHERS, A1, experienced, to create coats and suits; steady position. Apply, with samples, Zolud, 17 West 45th St.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted, (3,) experienced; give age and salary and nationality, reference and salary expected; girls, for time and production clerks; competent, rapid switchboard operators. Call or address Employment Department, Terminal Building D, 15th St., Hoboken, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, required by a prominent real estate concern specializing in the management and leasing of business properties; applicant must be familiar with the preparation of leases, contracts, and understand the general routine of a busy office; good opportunity to the right party; in replying, state age, creed, detail of experience, and salary desired. X. Y. Z., Box 22 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER who can do some clerical work and look after a small switchboard in an institution; pay $30 a month, with board and room. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady who has had some experience and is capable of assisting in office work; a high school graduate preferred; answers must state experience, age, and salary desired. P 220 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER; one with switchboard experience preferred; applicant please state experience and references; salary to start, $12. Address W 251 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and accurate, with good schooling, aged 20, wanted by large corporation; good surroundings, hours, and advancement. G. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

STENOGRAPHER. — Intelligent girl, high school graduate preferred, as stenographer and aid to busy executive; excellent opportunity. Apply Box P 224 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant in real estate office; must have references. Call between 9 and 9:30, 251 West 86th St., Room 4.

STENOGRAPHER and typist in lithographic establishment; references; $12; advancement. S. R., 109 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER, beginner, state age and salary expected. M 198 Times.

TYPIST and CASHIER for hotel; $40 a month and meals. Phone Columbus 4500.

YOUNG GIRL, with some experience preferred, for filing, keeping records, and general office work; good opportunity for smart girl. Wilson-Maenlen Co.; 781 East 142d St.

YOUNG GIRL to index and file papers in office of wholesale woolen house; state age, references, and salary expected. O 393 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK CITY.
CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 1, ROOM 725.
STENOGRAPHER AND TELEGRAPHER — Import and export house; $20 per week.
STENOGRAPHERS—(6) at $12 and (12) at $15, and (10) at $18 per week.
We also have a position for a stenographer in Washington, D. C., at $1,400 per annum.
BOOKKEEPERS — Several good openings, $15 to $20 per week.
COMPTOMETER OPERATOR — good at figures, $15 per week.

CARIDA COMMERCIAL AGENCY, 1,457 Broadway, (42d St.)—Competent stenographers, typists, office assistants.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous desirable positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, telephone operators. Miss Lynch's Agency, 303 5th Av., (31st St.)

YOUNG WOMEN, high class; excellent positions, law, export, commercial. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway.—Register free; many superior office positions.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway.—Register free; many superior office positions.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Number good positions, many uptown; typists, clerks. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau.

Instruction.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION.
Secretarial, shorthand, typewriter, bookkeeping, &c. This kind of instruction means you can save time and money. Don't waste time in large classes and inferior methods. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858.) Broadway at 72d St.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and preeminently the most successful; prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRIVATE SECRETARY COURSE.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance: references required.

$12
this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES.
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES. — Three months' course; students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. Wheat.

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Telephone Bryant 1000	Per Agate Line
Agents Wanted	50c
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Automobile Exchange	40c
Boarders and Board Wanted	30c
Business Opportunities	50c
Country Board	40c
Employment Agencies	50c
Farms	40c
For Sale	50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	30c
Help Wanted	30c
Lost and Found	50c
Mortgage Loans	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	40c
Situations Wanted	25c

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS for permanent staff C. P. A. firm of high standing; several juniors, semi-seniors, and seniors; unusually desirable opportunities; manufacturing experience preferred; public accounting experience not essential. W 221 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Require several cost accountants, capable of devising and installing systems; must have good record; salary commensurate with ability; give full particulars in letter. Wechsler & Mills, 42 Broadway, New York.

ACCOUNTANT.—Senior accountant wanted; Anglo-Saxon preferred; by firm of C. P. A.'s; state age, experience, and other qualifications. O 375 Times Downtown.

AD. MAN AND ASSISTANT MANAGER. Better than usual small town opportunity. Must be good ad. man with some window dressing experience. Salary as high as good city stores. New York interviews. X 309 Times Annex.

A TEXTILE EXPERT.

A man who can test silks, woolens and cotton fabrics, analyze the various constructions and estimate values; this is a permanent position with one of the largest mail order houses in the United States; the future of the man will depend upon his efforts and knowledge. Address E 197 Times.

AUTHORIZERS.

LORD & TAYLOR REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL EXPERIENCED AUTHORIZERS.

APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, 7TH FLOOR, BEFORE 11 A. M.

BANK BOOKKEEPERS.—Wanted, individual bookkeepers for bank offering big opportunity and chance for advancement, paying from $1,000 to $1,200 to start. F 450 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, experienced bookkeeper and office man, preferably one who can operate typewriter; salary to commence $20. Call Wednesday, between 4 and 6 P. M., Harry Goodman, 258 Wallabout St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Only those having thorough experience in commercial banking, discounting and financing open accounts need apply; splendid opportunities for right man; state age, salary, previous experience. J 364 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted to grow up with progressive advertising agency; must understand that to reach the top you must start at the bottom, and must be willing to do the work ordinarily required of an office boy, such as running errands, &c.; advancement assured; give age, education, reference, and salary expected. Opportunity, F 8 Times.

BOYS.—Large chemical export and import house can use several American young men as office assistants; must be public school graduates; come of good family; exceptional opportunity; no experience necessary; salary $8 to start. Call A. K. & Co., 644 Greenwich St.

BOY.—An unusual opportunity for bright boy, who is willing and industrious, to advance into better position in growing concern; must be wide awake and capable of learning office details quickly. 192 Diamond St., Brooklyn.

BOY wanted in publisher's office for shipping and mailing department; salary to begin, $7 a week; state previous business experience, if any. Address "Permanent," Box 654, P. O., New York City.

BOY over 16 for machine manufacturer's office; good prospects for advancement. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, (if any,) and wages expected. F 7 Times.

BOY, 15-16 years of age, in the office of a large manufacturing and importing house offering excellent chance for a bright future. Apply T. L. W., Post Office Box 780, New York.

BOYS IN STOCK DEPARTMENT OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL 8 EAST 22D ST.

BOY.—A strong, energetic boy, full of "pep," 16 or 17 years old, to work in stockroom; fair salary to start. Apply Q. R. S. Co., 511 West 42d St.

BOY to start in office of large mercantile concern; opportunity for one who is willing; good future and rapid advancement assured; salary to start $8. R. S., 136 Times.

BOYS wanted to learn machinist's trade; only those who want to work need apply. Goodman Collar Co., 80 Broadway, Brooklyn.

BOY by a large commission house; no experience necessary; good chance for advancement. E 175 Times.

BOY wanted in marine insurance office; state age, experience, and salary required. W 247 Times Downtown.

BOY in wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. O 394 Times Downtown.

BOY, in office of wholesale dry goods concern; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary start $6. B. A., 154 Times.

BOY for errands to be generally useful; good references. Write Importer, 21 East 14th St., Box 12.

BOY wanted in a downtown law office; bright, ambitious. W 253 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright; work in office. A. Sherwin & Bro., 715 Broadway.

CITY SALESMAN on commission for biggest trade bedspreads and tapestry goods; write experience and references. X 318 Times Annex.

CLERK.—Young man as junior clerk in automobile concern; must be thoroughly familiar with double entry bookkeeping and have a fair education; salary to start, small, but wonderful chance for advancement. Call 8 A. M., Bronx County Auto Co., 607 Bergen Av., (152d.)

CLERK.—Wanted by a trust company in New York, an experienced and capable clerk familiar with transfers of securities; state particulars and salary. W 237 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Japanese firm wants clerk experienced in shipping, marine insurance invoices. Apply, stating age, salary, J 365 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR.—Young man for large furniture house; salary $12 week; steady position. Address, giving age and references, D., 3,013 3d Av.

DEMONSTRATORS WANTED AT ONCE TO SELL NATIONALLY ADVERTISED LINE IN BIG STORES; GOOD MONEY; SALARY AND COMMISSION. X 314 TIMES ANNEX.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Young man of good family, intelligent and ambitious, rapid and accurate typist, as dictaphone operator; advancement and eventually responsible position assured; state age, experience, and salary desired. G 210 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, A1 man, experienced on tools and machine parts; also auditors with mechanical experience for inventory detail work. Call or address Employment Department, Terminal Building D, 15th St., Hoboken, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to production of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. B. B., 166 Times.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, capable in concrete and steel work; location Charlotte, N. C.; salary $100 to $150 monthly; references required; state experience with application. X 321 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRAFTSMAN wanted; first-class only; experience in tool design preferred. Apply Room 1116, 110 Nassau St. P 225 Times Downtown.

DRIVER-MECHANIC wanted, specially for Ford cars; state experience. F 11 Times.

FRENCH professor wanted; well dressed Frenchman, not over 40 years old, who speaks English fluently and who is qualified to address large audiences of adults from platform; good salary, permanent. Mr. Thompson, 2009 Tribune Building.

FURNITURE DESIGNER

with knowledge of English period; must be able to make good, quick sketches. Apply J 5 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

HAIRDRESSER, MARCEL WAVER.

SALARY $30, WITH COMMISSIONS; RIGHT MAN CAN MAKE $50; MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND ARTISTIC; FOR HIGH-CLASS DEPARTMENT STORE IN BUFFALO. APPLY MORNINGS, 10 TO 12, OR BY APPOINTMENT. S. GLEMBY, 12 EAST 22D ST.

JANITOR.—Man and wife for 50-family; must do small repairs; nothing to do with steam heat; rent free and $60 per month. Apply Wednesday, 8:30 A. M., Areco, 1,029 East 163d, corner Southern Boulevard.

JUNIORS

FROM 14 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE, AS STORE MESSENGERS, STOCK ASSISTANTS AND OFFICE WORK; STEADY POSITIONS, WITH EXCELLENT CHANCES OF ADVANCEMENT; WANTED AT WANAMAKER'S. APPLY AT JUNIOR OFFICE, BASEMENT, OLD BUILDING.

METALLURGIST WANTED.—Young man, chemist, with some experience as metallurgist, as an assistant in laboratory of a large Baltimore manufacturing plant; salary about $1,500 yearly; some shop experience desirable, but not essential; a splendid chance to develop with a growing concern; give age and full details as to experience in first letter. Address B. L., Box 1072, Baltimore, Md.

METAL WORKER for airplanes, experienced in bending and cutting sheet metal in various shapes, also able to do all necessary acetylene welding. Call with references between 10 and 12, Room 1212, 220 W. 42d St.

MONOTYPE CASTER OPERATOR wanted to handle two machines on high-grade work; steady position; best of conditions. Du Bois Press, Rochester, N. Y.

OFFICE BOY.—Young man wanted by large oil corporation; must be bright, energetic, of neat appearance, and able to handle large mail; permanent position, with excellent future; salary $35 per month. W 215 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS.—Wanted, two smart boys by large corporation; must be over 16 years of age and willing to learn; wages to start, $8 per week. Permanent, Box J 6 Times.

OFFICE BOY in export and import commission house. Address in own handwriting, stating age and schooling. W 238 Times Downtown.

PENMAN, first class, to fill in diplomas. G. Glendimic, 102 West 14th.

SALES CORRESPONDENT, preferably with experience in merchandising technical lines, with a sense of proportion, an education without frills, and the ability to think, reason and work hard, can find an opening with a future with a large corporation doing a national business; address for appointment, with brief resume of experience, ambitions, and salary that will satisfy while proving ability and value to us. Vice President, Room 1300, 220 West 42d St.

SALESMEN FOR $250,000.

That is the amount that we have estimated to pay for the sale of our product in the year 1918. In order to earn some of this sum you must qualify as a clean business getter and be able to sell an honest, specialized article to the retail DRY GOODS and CLOTHING trade. The goods will have a patriotic appeal and be nationally advertised. Selling is 75% QUALITY GOODS and 25% SALESMANSHIP. We have the 75%; have you the 25%? State your qualifications in confidential letter; if they fill our requirements we will arrange an interview; salary and commission. Address QUALITY GOODS, F 9 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED.

Traveling representative to place agencies in cities throughout the country for advertised specialty; only men with first-class credentials and who are top-notchers need apply; commission and drawing account to right party; must have experience in placing agencies for specialties. Apply in person only, Wellathone, Inc., 380 Lafayette St.

SALESMEN.—Energetic, forceful men of character and education wanted for New York City and Eastern territory; rapid promotion to men of proved ability; must be 25-45 years of age; references required; training, leads, and transportation furnished; commission with drawing account. A. E., 52 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to sell the well-known Frantz Premier Electric Cleaner, backed by a national advertising campaign; good commission and rapid advancement to those who show results. If interested call from 10 to 3 at 2010 Broadway. Mr. Walsh.

SALESMEN.—The salesmen are the producers; if you are a high-grade man we can use you; only men of character and education and at least 25 years of age wanted; thorough training given; commission basis; transportation furnished. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESMAN.

Live, up-to-date, and progressive photo engraving house has opening for salesman; salary or commission; if you control business, this is a splendid opportunity to connect with the fastest growing shop in town. P 92 Times.

SALESMAN MOTOR TRUCKS.

Fine opening for an experienced motor truck salesman with old-line company; complete line immediate deliveries; cash or time payments; give past experience in detail and compensation desired in confidence. E 123 Times.

SALESMEN, three, of highest grade, with knowledge of automobiles preferred, to sell on commission basis gasoline saving device guaranteeing 65 per cent. to 100 per cent. increase in mileage; a lifetime's opportunity. W 233 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted by a firm of importers to handle a full line of Japanese brushes, buttons, and fibre and paper hats; must have experience in at least one of the lines mentioned; salary or commission. J 363 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, now traveling, calling on camp, military, and department stores, sell our canvas leggings, leather puttees, and supplies as side line, prompt deliveries; big commission. Strong Manufacturing Co., 156 Lafayette St.

SALESMAN, energetic, successful and substantial experience selling factories, power plant and similar equipment; present sales expansion affords opportunity; salary or commission. Apply Room 312, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

SALESMAN.—Young man as assistant salesman in metropolitan district; salary and commission; exceptional earnings for experienced solicitor. Apply between 3 and 5 P. M., Direct Line Telephone Co., 450 Broome St.

SALESMEN.—System, the Magazine of Business, wants three experienced salesmen who can qualify for district managers in our subscription department; liberal salary and commission. Call 15 Park Row.

SALESMEN.—Pleasure cars and commercial trucks, Brooklyn or New York City; exceptional line; liberal commission; leads furnished; drawing account when ability is shown. 232 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN Wanted.—First-class salesman for cutting up, manufacturing trade; knowledge manufacturing of embroideries essential; apply in writing; salary or commission. Nelson Co., 114 Fifth Av.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, several experienced specialty salesmen to call on retail grocery trade; permanent positions for hustlers, salary. Apply between 9 and 12, Room 2562, 120 Broadway.

SALESMAN, devote evenings only to proposition to Jewish gentlemen; large earnings in commissions; tutoring experience helpful; state in confidence experience, age, references. E 154 Times.

SALESMAN wanted for South, to carry a side line of kimonos on a commission basis; only those who have a following of the large department stores and can furnish highest references need apply. M 59 Times.

SALESMAN wanted; live, aggressive man; $4 to $7 per day; commission basis to start, but if you show ability will give drawing account and permanent position. W 250 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN capable of placing good low-priced dividend-paying oil stock; liberal commission and every assistance extended to one able to qualify. Day & Pollock, 7 Wall St., N. Y.

SALESMAN, grocery, with established trade, can secure exclusive sale for repeat specialty; large commission. Call Leswerk Mfg. Co., 1,228 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN EXPERIENCED IN SALE OF FLAKE GRAPHITE; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN; SALARY AND COMMISSION. J 3 TIMES.

SALESMAN, to carry as a side line men's belts to city jobbing trade; must have following; reputable concern; commission only. J 353 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted for motor trucks; no experience necessary; liberal commissions; good opportunity for hustler. 237 West 58th.

SALESMEN.—Experienced book salesmen in New York book store; salary and commission. Apply J 382 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, (OUTSIDE,) STATIONERY AND PRINTING, YOUNG MAN WANTED; GOOD PROSPECTS. P 226 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN for millinery supplies; salary or commission. New York Jobbing House, 23 Bond St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CONVALESCENT AND LONELY SOLDIER would appreciate correspondence from sympathizers. Address Sergeant Leon Graham, Nova Scotia Sanatorium, Kentville, Nova Scotia, Canada.

AS MY WIFE, NETTIE SILVERSTEIN, has left my bed and board, I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts that may be incurred by her. ISAAC J. SILVERSTEIN.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN, (25-30,) OF PRONOUNCED ABILITY, TO SELL MANUFACTURING TRADE IN LOCAL TERRITORY FOR ESTABLISHED VARNISH MANUFACTURER; ATTRACTIVE PERSONALITY, GOOD ADDRESS, KEEN SELLING SENSE, AND EARNEST PURPOSE; SALARY AND UNUSUAL COMMISSION ARRANGEMENT TO MAN WHO MEASURES UP TO OUR STANDARD; GIVE DETAILS OF EXPERIENCE IN FULL CONFIDENCE. METROPOLITAN, M 65 TIMES.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER desired by a prominent real estate office specializing in management and leasing of business properties; applicant must be clean cut, neat appearing, of pleasing personality, possess initiative, and have executive ability; in replying, state age, creed, experience, and salary expected; all replies will be treated in strict confidence. A. B. C., Box 17 Times.

SILK SALESMAN wanted by commission merchants for cutting up and allied trades; salary against commission; good opportunity. J 2 Times.

SOLICITOR

to sell wood office partition; must be experienced; good opportunity; salary and commission. Call or write G. S. & D. Co., 808 East 5th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Excellent opportunity with large uptown trust company for capable young man, not over 19 years old and living with parents; direct contact with officers. Reply fully to E 184 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, familiar with legal work and able to take testimony; state age, experience, and salary desired. J 368 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Desirable secretarial opening for American citizen; state age, salary, and reference. Apply Remington Arms Co., Boston Av., Bridgeport, Conn.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Two, 19-23 years, for export dept., large concern; knowledge languages and export desirable; $60-$75 monthly. Beers Agency, Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; an expert, for general contractor's office in Massachusetts. "G.," 315 State Mutual Building, Worcester, Mass.

STENOGRAPHER, male, junior, rapid typist. Apply Room 401, 62 Broadway.

SUPERINTENDENT OF BUILDINGS.

We have a position for a man who is capable of becoming superintendent of several large office buildings in Boston. He must have had experience in making repairs, buying supplies, and handling employes in office buildings, and he must be an engineer with a first-class license and a good knowledge of all kinds of elevators. Salary at start $2,500. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, education, experience in detail, and salary now received. X 234 Times Annex.

TOOLMAKERS.

49-hour week, time and a half for overtime. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Princes Bay, S. I.

TRAFFIC MAN wanted by exporters; must be familiar with overland and overseas transportation; state experience, nationality, and salary expected. Address W 245 Times Downtown.

WINDOW DRESSER AND FLOORMAN.

The National Outlet Store has a good position for a young man who has had retail store experience as a window dresser and floorman.

This store is operated by the National Cloak and Suit Co., and affords a splendid opportunity for an ambitious young man.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT DEPT., NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT CO., 207 WEST 24TH ST.

YOUNG JAPANESE STUDENT desires private French tutor. Hirashila, Hartley Hall, Columbia University.

YOUNG MAN, capable of developing into executive, accurate at figures; knowledge of factory costs and inventory desirable; tact and diplomacy and ability to supervise factory help; conscientious man, willing to apply himself, will be given wonderful opportunity to make something of himself; salary, to start, commensurate with ability of applicant; hours are long, but work is pleasant. Reply, in full detail, in not less than two pages, E 189 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Cloak and suit jobbing house has an opening for a bright, energetic young man to distribute merchandise; splendid opportunity for advancement for one who has proper ability; state full particulars, including salary expected. J 9 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18-20, statistical work, wholesale house; lower Bronx; experience not absolutely required, but preferred; accuracy, neatness, and thorough, sincere application to work will mean good future; state salary. C. S. B., 235 Times.

YOUNG MAN with bookkeeping experience; also knowledge of Italian; give references and state salary desired. C. B., P. O. Box 1320.

YOUNG MAN.—MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH AMMONIA FITTINGS AND REFRIGERATING MACHINE PARTS; TO ACT AS CLERK AND TIMEKEEPER ON OUT-OF-TOWN CONTRACTS; WILL BE REQUIRED TO FURNISH BOND; STATE SALARY, EXPERIENCE, AND REFERENCES. ADDRESS W. A. P., BOX O 286 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, 18-21, to call on dry goods stores in New York and vicinity with a line of infants' coats and dresses; small salary advanced and commission. Koch & Jacobs, 100 Grand St.

YOUNG MAN wanted with office experience to be assistant to factory superintendent; must be expert at figures; state experience, age, and reference. X 313 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, about 18, as assistant to cashier's department, large corporation; good opportunity; salary $8 to start. P 205 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in wholesale dry goods house for clerical work; state age, references, and salary expected. O 395 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to operate switchboard; experienced, and act as mail clerk. Address W 246 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, exempt, as office assistant; experienced and accurate at figures. Apply Prudens, 864 8th Av.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y. CITY.

CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 1.

IMPORT SALES CLERK.—Young man preferred, some selling and import knowledge; exceptional opportunity; $1,300 per annum.

5 ACCOUNTANTS, (C. P. A.'s,) $2,500-$3,000
3 TALLY CLERKS, (experienced checking lumber,) $960.
JUNIOR BANK CLERKS, $50-$60.
BANK MESSENGERS, $40.
SEVERAL STENOGRAPHERS, $900.
SPANISH-ENGLISH STENOGRAPHERS, $1,300-$1,500.
SPANISH-ENGLISH TYPISTS, $12-$14.
SPANISH TRANSLATOR, (Young College Graduate—good at figures,) $1,000.
25 OFFICE BOYS, $7-$8.
AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE, 37 Liberty St.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway.—Register free; electrical designers, engineers, draftsmen, tracers, accountants, bookkeepers, stenographers, clerks, boys.

BOOKKEEPERS, $10-$25; stenographers, typists, clerks, comptometer operators; investigate. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

2 ACCOUNTANTS, $30; 3 bookkeepers, $25; 4 clerks, $15-$18; 5 junior clerks, $10-$14. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHER, $20, beginner; clerks, office boys; American firms. Jupp Agency, 37 Nassau.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Temporary assignments: Surg. E. V. Hubbard, 11 Surg. Dist., in charge of 10 Surg. Dist., in addition to his own, for 9 days from 12 P. M. Nov. 23. Lieut. Theodore Thompson, 65, to command boiler squad for 3 days from 8 A. M. Nov. 26. Sergts. P. F. Crane and G. F. Darrow, Traf. Div., Sub-Div. C, to office of the Traf. Div., for 20 days from 9 A. M. Nov. 23. Patrol. L. J. Bennett, 14, to 3 Insp. Dist., for 10 days from 8 A. M. Nov. 22; Arthur Primont, Traf. Div., Sub-Div. C, and John O'Byrne, Traf. Div., Sub-Div. D, to office of the Traf. Div., for 20 days from 9 A. M. Nov. 23.

Leaves of absence with full pay: Surg. D. D. Jennings, 10 Surg. Dist., for 9 days from 12 P. M. Nov. 23. Without pay: Patrol. C. W. Kleine, 38, for 1 day from 8 A. M. Nov. 21; Joseph Bremmer, 39, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M. Nov. 29; A. W. Warnock, 145, for 1 day, from 8 A. M. Nov. 21.

Application for full pay while sick, approved: Patrol. J. F. Packingham, C. O. Squad, from 8:40 P. M. Sept. 18 during disability.

Fire Department.

Transfer, to take effect at 8 A. M. Nov. 21: Engineer of Steamer C. J. F. Dougherty, Eng. 82, to Eng. 65.

Resignation Fireman, 1st grade, Charles Fenster, Eng. 53, to take effect 8 A. M. Nov. 23.

Fireman, 1st grade, J. F. Boland, Eng. 289, fined $2 for loss of fire box keys.

Fireman, 4th grade, H. A. Meincke, Eng. 16, directed to report at the School of Instruction at 1 P. M. Nov. 21, to complete test as prescribed by rules.

Education Notes.

Beginning Nov. 22, at 4 P. M., and continuing every Thursday till June, a series of lectures on "Wild Life" will be given under the auspices of the National Educators Conservation Society by Catherine C. Kelley. High school students and those of the departmental grades are invited to attend. Lectures are to be illustrated and to be given in the auditorium of the Educational Alliance at 33 Stuyvesant Street.

Among the interesting trade classes in the Industrial Art and Craft course in the New York Evening High School for Women is design and relation to embroidery, which meets on Monday and Wednesday evenings from 7:30 to 9:30. The class was formed to satisfy the needs of professional embroiderers, whose ambition it is to better themselves by obtaining higher salaried positions and those less skilled workers who wish to learn to make their own designs and carry them out in the trade embroidery classes on other evenings.

A very interesting course of four lectures by Dr. Trigant Burrow on "Educational Aims in a Changing Society" will be given on Wednesday afternoon at 3.45 under the auspices of the Federation for Child Study at the Meeting House, 2 West Sixty-fourth Street. His topic today will be the "Permanency of Change."

On Nov. 20, at 8 P. M., District Superintendent Joseph H. Wade will address the Parents' Association of P. S. 9, Manhattan, West End Avenue and Eighty-second Street, on the patriotic work of the New York public schools during the present war.

The Board of Examiners will receive until Dec. 15 applications from women candidates for licenses as Inspector of Public School Activities. The salary is $2,000 a year.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 115 BROADWAY.

C. P. HASSON, PROP. J. J. McLAUGHLIN, MGR.

BOOKKEEPERS, (13,) $1,300-$1,500; CHECKERS, (7,) wholesale grocery experience, $17; many others splendid opportunities in accounting, stenographic, and clerical work.

MANAGER Japanese office, knowing Japan; machinery sales experience; immediate; $5,000.

Chemist; thorough knowledge pharmaceutics; $3,000.

Grocery buyer for export, knowing American wholesale houses; experienced; $2,400.

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SALESMEN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them; hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1803-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

$12

this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

Three months' course. Students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. WHEAT.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes, send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AGENTS WANTED.

ONE man in each county, supervising sales of prosperous Southern factory; product well established in Middle West; never introduced in East; commission. Address I. Shongut, 8 Travers Av., Mamaroneck, N. Y.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Capable, experienced, and successful business men have new, large, modern factory close to New York and $100,000 cash; will entertain any legitimate proposition offering suitable returns; mail fullest particulars, and interview will be arranged if interested. Address Factory, E 144 Times.

FURS.—Beautiful caracul coat with skunk collar and cuffs, $55; genuine minx coat, $125; few bargains in good fur sets, $8, $10, $15, and up; men's fur-lined coats in all grades, $25 and up; remodeling and repairing; money refunded if not satisfactory. A. Mursten, 23 East 8th St., cor. University Place.

Owner of long-established New York wholesale store (5th Av. zone) desires enlarging profitable business; wants partner, male or female, active or inactive, with $10,000; best references. P 91 Times.

Silversmiths dissolving partnership must sell entire plant; would consider reliable partner only; old established; excellent opportunity. E 140 Times.

Three or four parties with $1,000 or $2,000 each wanted to join me in oil industry in Kentucky; ground floor; no stock. E 183 Times.

HOG RANCH, 240 acres, Selden, L. I.; absolutely safe investment that will more than double in value. Fisk, 140 Nassau, New York.

Patents bought, sold, promoted. Manhattan R. Co., Room 806, 309 Broadway.

Business Notices.

Manufacturing plant, 40 machines, desires Red Cross or Government work. E 200 Times.

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The modern, twin screw, steel, steam bucket hopper type dredger "QUEEN MARY." Length overall, 170 feet; breadth, 34 feet; depth, 13 feet 3 inches; 400 tons. Triple expansion engines. Speed, about nine knots. For further particulars apply to E. F. DARRELL & CO., Agents for the Bermuda Government, 11 Broadway, New York City.

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BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES. New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments. THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near B'way.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

The handsomest and most perfect polar bear rug in the city, size 18x9, head and claws beautifully mounted, easily worth $800, sacrifice $300. Parker, 200 West 54th St.

Beautiful baby grand piano, perfect condition; in storage. Brown, 175 East 82d.

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DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, appraised; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 Broadway.

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TYPEWRITERS RENTED. 3 months, $5; non-visibles. 3 months, $7.50; visibles. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4798.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The War Department issued the following army orders today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Harris, Capt. A. W., to Ft. McPherson, with Hosp. Unit 8.
Sleyster, 1st Lt. R., will report to Surg. Gen. for temp. duty, then to Madison, Wis., and report to Gov. of the State.
Candler, 1st Lt. C. Z., to home.
Hayden, Capt. J. G., and Teachenor, 1st Lt. F. R., previous orders amended to direct them to continue at Neurological School, Univ. of Penn., until completion of present course.
Clarke, 1st Lt. R., to Camp Taylor, to examine command for tuberculosis.
Caffee, 1st Lt. W. M., previous orders revoked.
Radin, 1st Lt. M. J., previous orders amended to read Radin, 1st Lt. M. J.
Coffee, 1st Lt. W. M., previous orders amended to read Caffee, 1st Lt. W. M.
Clark, 1st Lt. C. W., to Army Med. School for study.
Alexander, 1st Lt. L., to Camp Kearny.
Teachenor, 1st Lt. F. R., previous orders revoked.
Greaney, 1st Lt. W. F., to Army Med. School.
Hansen, 1st Lt. J. W., to Ft. Leavenworth with 7th Engs.
Lipsell, 1st Lt. P. J., previous orders amended to read Lipsett, 1st Lt. P. J.
Baldwin, 1st Lt. R. E., to Camp Hancock.
Duckwall, Capt. B. F., appointment as Capt. in M.C. announced.
Marshall, 1st Lt. G. L., to Camp Travis.
Cellar, Capt. H. L., previous orders revoked, to Ft. Riley, temp. duty re outbreak of meningitis, then to Camp Greenleaf as instructor.
Hill, Capt. C. A., previous orders revoked.
Carroll, 1st Lt. P. M., previous orders amended; to Med. College of Va. for inst.
Brown, 1st Lt. T. H., and Eck, 1st Lt. G. E., to Cleveland for inst.
Lindner, 1st Lt. E. R., to San Francisco and sail for Honolulu.
Meyer, 1st Lt. M. A., will accompany the 507th Engs. Ser. Bat. to Camp Travis.
Grayson, 1st Lt. T. W., to Camp Shelby.
Long, 1st Lt. W. H., to Camp Funston to examine command for tuberculosis.
McKenzie, 1st Lt. G., will report to Surg. Gen. for temp duty, then to Carson City, Nev., and report to the Gov. of State.
Stickney, 1st Lt. V. H., to Surg. Gen., then will report to Gov. of N. Dak.
Marvel, 1st Lt. P., to Surg. Gen., then will report to Gov. of New Jersey.
Snodgrass, 1st Lt. T. J., previous orders amended to Rochester, Minn., for inst.
Fiske, Maj. G. V., and Vaux, Capt. C. J., to Ft. Clarke with San. Train, 3d Div.
Davis, 1st Lt. U. G., to Morriston, Va., with Av. Sec., Sig.C.
Roberg, 1st Lt. F. E., and Webster, 1st Lt. J. P., to Camp Am. Univ.
Todd, F. C., appointment as Major announced.
Brundage, 1st Lt. P. E., to Ft. McPherson.
Pratt, 1st Lt. A. C., to Bellevue Hosp., N. Y., for inst., then to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 1.
Lippman, Capt. C. W., to Camp Doniphan.
Newcomet, 1st Lt. W. S., previous orders revoked.
Fagone, 1st Lt. P. G., to Ft. Porter with Hosp. Unit A.
Brown, 1st Lt. H. P., previous orders revoked.
Adams, Capt. L., to Canal Zone.
Foster, 1st Lt. H. E., will report to Cmdg. Officer Letterman Gen. Hosp.
Goodman, 1st Lt. J. A., to Ft. Sheridan.
Metcalf, 1st Lt. D. D., and Newcomb, 1st Lt. C. A., to Camp Grant to examine command for tuberculosis.
Parker, 1st Lt. E. S., to Boston for inst.
Keith, 1st Lt. E. R., to home.
Ames, 1st Lt. A. M., to Ft. Barrancas.
Grimm, 1st Lt. H. W., to Cornell Med. College for inst.
Johnson, Capt. E. E., to Camp Cody.
Clapper, 1st Lt. M. M., to Camp Travis.
Hoyt, Capt. D. M., to Camp Devens to examine command for tuberculosis.
Montgomery, 1st Lt. E. W., and McCarthy, 1st Lt. A. E., to Camp Taylor to examine command for tuberculosis.
Ely, 1st Lt. L., to Camp Dix.
Hawkins, Capt. J. A., to Camp Upton.

Following to Mineola, with Av.Sec., Sig.C.:
Lee, Capt. J. W.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Eaton, E. H.	Lochner, G. M.
Feiner, L. G.	Zeley, W. F.
Genge, V. P.	

May, Capt. J. V., previous orders amended to read May, Maj. J. V.
Clayton, 1st Lt. C. F., to Southern Dept.
Critchlow, Capt. C. A., and Wishard, 1st Lt. R. S., to Ft. Riley for inst.

Following to Ft. Sam Houston:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Blesse, F. A.	Murphy, E. S.
Boyle, W. A.	Palmer, B. H.
Brigman, W. B.	Pavy, A. V.
Brown, H. O.	Pence, B. F.
Carden, J. J.	Petit, W. D.
Curti, R. E.	Pinger, F. W.
Davison, R. A.	Quinnell, E. D.
Duffy, F. T.	Robinson, J. E.
Evers, J. R.	Rowley, R. B.
Felger, L.	Rudolph, M. P.
Fitts, F. M.	Sale, C. W.
Fletcher, G. B.	Schwartz, S. C.
Fraser, H. L.	Simpson, R. K.
Gentzkow, C. J.	Smith, W. A.
Golding, H. H.	Snyder, C. R.
Hankey, D. C.	St. Peter, M. A.
Hildrup, D. G.	Stratton, E. K.
McCaw, W. W.	Streit, P. H.
McClaram, J. W.	Telford, P. K.
Madigan, J. P.	Tomassene, R. A.
Madigan, P. S.	Tonolla, E. H.
Magee, R. S.	Trask, L. S.
Makel, H. P.	Weaver, M. S.
Mebane, D. H.	Wells, W. S.
Moose, F. H.	Whisenant, J. R.

The Commandant at Ft. Benj. Harrison will assign 25 officers of M.R.C. to the Av. Sec., Sig.C., and direct them to proceed to Portland, Ore., for inst. and assignment to squadrons now being organized.
Hutchings, Maj. R. H., to following places to consult with the Surgs. re matters pertaining to nervous and mental diseases, then to his station, Camp Jackson: Camps Shelby, Beauregard, Logan, Travis, MacArthur, Bowie, Doniphan, and Pike, and Ft. Sam Houston.
Test, Capt. F. C., to Camp Dodge for orthopedic service.
Brenner, 1st Lt. I. E., to Camp Shelby.

Following to Ft. Logan H. Roots, in hosp. to be organized there:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Cauble, W. C.	Ill, E. W.
Donnelly, J. G.	Madden, J. J.
Flynn, L. H.	

Clair, 1st Lt. J. B., to Ft. Logan H. Roots, in hosp. to be organized there.
Meyer, 1st Lt. J. E., and Meylackson, 1st Lt. S. L., to Army Med. School.
Hrabik, 1st Lt. J., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst.
Dowd, 1st Lt. A. F., to Columbus Barracks.
Blackmore, Maj. R., to Portland, Ore., for inst.
Sedwick, 1st Lt. W. A., to Camp Grant.
Hill, 1st Lt. R. B., to Army Med. School.
Hill, 1st Lt. R. B., previous orders amended to direct him on completion of itinerary specified therein to return to his station at Army Med. School.
Avata, 1st Lt. A.; Stinson, 1st Lt. H. K., and West, 1st Lt. A. D., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Ft. McPherson.

Following will report to Surg. Gen. for temp. duty, then to their respective States and report to Governor:
Carithers, Capt. W. H.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Wetherill, H. G.	Witherspoon, T. C.
Phifer, F. W.	Elder, J. W.
Ewing, W. B.	

Following to Camp Funston to examine command for tuberculosis:

CAPTAINS.

Johnson, E. H.	Powell, C. H.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Calvelli, E.	Stein, M. I.
Chapin, C. W.	Whitacre, M.
Englander, E.	

Following to Camp Dodge to examine command for tuberculosis:
Williams, Capt. P. C.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Essenson, O. S.	Sprague, W. T.
Griffith, W. A.	Ulrich, J. M.
Meyst, C. H.	Weber, T. C.
Schofield, R. W.	

Baehr, Maj. G., to inactive list about Dec. 1.
Steele, 1st Lt. K. B., to Phila. for inst.

Following to Charity Hosp., New Orleans, for inst., then to Camp Beauregard:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Flood, E. P.	Ward, T. P.
Steel, F. M.	Wyman, B. F.
Stockton, F. E.	

Cameron, 1st Lt. A. C., to Camp Gordon.
Clark, 1st Lt. W. A., to Chicago for inst. then to Ft. Sheridan.
Phillips, Maj. B. G.; Carroll, Capt. P. J.; Jackson, Capt. H. C., and Belknap, 1st Lt. C. N., to Fort Riley.
Connally, Capt. E. F., to Camp Custer.
Philips, Capt. C., to Camp Taylor.
Sharpe, Capt. W. S., to Camp Dodge.
Bain, 1st Lt. P. E., and Spruce, 1st Lt. C. J., to Camp Custer.
Conlon, 1st Lt. W. A., and Evans, 1st Lt. F. E., to Camp Taylor.
Browne, 1st Lt. L. E. J., to Camp Dodge.
Nafis, 1st Lt. W. H., to Camp Taylor.
Richardson, 1st Lt. H. K., to Camp Dodge.
Blackburne, 1st Lt. G.; Morris, 1st Lt. R. T.; Sturm, 1st Lt. M. A., and Sullivan, 1st Lt. T. J., to Camp Sevier.
Kelly, 1st Lt. F. J., and Lloyd, 1st Lt. R. S., to Camp Grant.
Levy, 1st Lt. M. A., Lovett, 1st Lt. I. K., and McGuire, 1st Lt. P. F., to Camp Hancock.
Mitchell, 1st Lt. R. A., and Mytinger, 1st Lt. W. H., to Camp Greene.
DeSomoskeoy, 1st Lt. V. H., to Camp Devens.
Zinner, 1st Lt. N. L., to Camp Greene.
Krall, 1st Lt. P. M., to Ft. Riley.
Lutz, 1st Lt. J. F., Army Gen. Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Hall, 1st Lt. J. B., and McGovern, 1st Lt. F. X., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Walter Reed Hosp.

Following to Portland, Ore., for inst. and assignment to squadrons now being organized:
Staley, Capt. J. C.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Ramsey, G. H.	Seng, M. L.
Rosalie, C. O.	Teetbaker, J. R.

Connor, 1st Lt. A. B., to Camp Logan.
Cooper, 1st Lt. E. H., to Camp Devens.
Nobles, 1st Lt. W. C. E., to Camp McClellan.
Pettit, 1st Lt. R. W., to Camp Jackson.
Postle, 1st Lt. C. D., to Camp Dodge.
Sherk, 1st Lt. H. H., and McKenzie, 1st Lt. K. A. J., will report to Surg. Gen., then to their respective States and report to Governor for duty.
Phillips, Maj. B. G., to Ft. Roots.
Aneleta, 1st Lt. F. A., hon. discharged.
Keene, Major T. B. V., to Boston.
Macklin, 1st Lt. W. F., to Camp Kearny.
McKee, 1st Lt. J. S., to Camp Am. Univ.
Margulies, 1st Lt. A. C., to Ft. Jay.
Alexander, 1st Lt. R. M.; Johnson, 1st Lt. J. H.; Schurtz, 1st Lt. E. K., to San Francisco and sail for Honolulu.

Following to camps specified with organizations of the 92d Div.:

CAPTAINS.

Scanlon, T. F., Camp Dix, 349th F.A.
Vosburg, W. H., Camp Upton, 367th Inf.
Williams, H. B., Camp Dodge, 366th Inf.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Duke, H. H., Camp Sherman, 317th Engs.
Orr, L. E., Camp Grant, 365th Inf.
Rhea, J. O., Camp Meade, 368th Inf.
Southworth, H. M., Camp Dix, 350th F.A.

Reeder, 1st Lt. M. E., to home.
Grant, Maj. W. W., previous orders revoked, to active duty at Ft. Logan.
Mollison, 1st Lt. R. C., to home.
Gardner, Capt. W. H.; Kneeshaw, 1st Lt. R. S.; Molseed, 1st Lt. C., and Painter, 1st Lt. J. C., to Camp Funston with 92d Div.
Doane, Maj. P. P. S., to Washington, report to Chairman of the Shipping Board.
Foster, 1st Lt. W. B., Jr., to army med. school for inst.
West, 1st Lt. W. K., previous orders revoked, to Phila. for inst.
Lund, Maj. F. B., to duty at Council of National Defense, this city.
Yocom, Capt. J. R., will report to Surg. Gen. for duty at Council of National Defense.
Schultz, 1st Lt. W. M., to Camp Kearny.
Gillick, 1st Lt. E. E., to Ft. Niagara as gas instructor.
Robbins, 1st Lt. D. F., to Cornell Med. College for inst.
Maurer, 1st Lt. L. L., to Newport News.
Bullock, Maj. E. S., to Camp Cody with 34th Div.; relieved as member of tuberculosis board there.
Judkowitz, 1st Lt. H., to Camp Devens with 76th Div. as member of tuberculosis board.
Ludwig, Capt. F., to Camp Bowie with 36th Div.
Forbes, 1st Lt. R. P., to Camp Hancock with 28th Div.
Hassman, 1st Lt. D. M., to Camp Travis with 90th Div.
Rand, 1st Lt. P. K., to Camp Upton with 77th Div.
Ruh, 1st Lt. H. O., to Camp Dix with 78th Div.
Simpson, 1st Lt. J. C., to Camp Logan with 33d Div.
Miller, 1st Lt. J. E., previous orders revoked.
Culkin, Capt. J. B.; Cole, 1st Lt. N. B., and Davis, 1st Lt. T. N., to Camp Upton to examine command for tuberculosis.
Mahady, Capt. S. A., to Camp Lee as member of tuberculosis board.

Following appointed as Majors in the M.R.C.:

Amesse, J. W.	Hibbs, R. A.
Butler, W. E.	Hinkle, S. B.
Dean, E. F.	Smart, R.
Flood, T. A.	Sale, L.
Fulton, J. S.	Snodgrass, W. A.
Gillette, C.	Yenney, R. C.
Given, D. E. W.	McGinnis, C. S.
Harris, H. L.	Newell, G. W.
Hillsman, B.	Alden, B. F.
Kanavel, A. B.	Smith, D. O.
Kuhn, H. P.	Southworth, H. T.
Lans, J. W.	Rogers, L. B.
Morgan, N. D.	Bissell, J. B.
Ravold, A. N.	Browne, R. W.
Webb, G. B.	Bullock, E. S.
Williams, P. H.	Clark, H. C.
Wood, G. B.	Coumbe, A. G.
Levison, C. G.	Davies, R. H.
Binney, H.	Drury, D. W.
Ludy, J. B.	Farmer, A. G.
Townsend, W. W.	Kershner, W. E.
Bising, A. G.	Ream, W. R.
Failing, B. E.	Smith, H. H.
Freeland, F.	Wall, F. M.
Reynolds, C. B.	Woolley, H. C.
Thornton, J. W.	Butler, A.
Colnwell, H. C. De V.	Clark, W. R. P.
Driver, W. E.	Greene, H. M.
Griffin, J. B.	Hunt, R.
Griffith, L. T.	Pierce, F. J.
Gwathmey, L.	Walsh, W. N.
Hawkins, J. A.	

Hall, Capt. M. W., to Ft. Leavenworth.
Adams, 1st Lt. A. F., to Western Dept.
Belding, 1st Lt. D. L., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst.

Following to Army Balloon School for duty with Balloon Squadrons for overseas, with Av. Sec. Sig. C.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Beardsley, W. R.	Eastham, G.
Darrow, F. L.	Elfer, C. R.
Davidson, P. F.	

Following to report to Surg. Gen. for temp. duty in his office, then to the cap. of his State and report to Gov. for duty:
Spafford, 1st Lt. F. A., will report to Surg. Gen., then to Gov. of S. Dak.
Rogers, 1st Lt. C. P., will report to Surg. Gen., then to Gov. of Florida.
Hill, Capt. C. A., previous orders amended; to Ft. Porter, with Hosp. Unit K.
David, Capt. V. C., previous orders amended; to Roosevelt Hosp. for inst., then to Ft. Logan.
Traylor, Capt. G. A., previous orders amended: to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Bellevue Hosp. for inst., then to Ft. Oglethorpe.

Field Artillery.

Fisher, Maj. A. G., Cav., previous orders amended to read Fisher, Maj. A. G., F.A.
Fitzhugh, 1st Lt. A. C., promotion to Captain announced. He will report to Camp Sevier for duty with 55th.
Hawley, 2d Lt. E. R., to Camp Kearny.

Signal Reserve Corps.

Blumenthal, 1st Lt. M., to Garden City.
Kerens, 1st Lt. V., to Kelly Field.
Coffey, Capt. F. T., announced as on duty requiring frequent aerial flights from Oct. 2.
Heald, 1st Lt. D., to this city, reporting to Chief Sig. Officer for duty.
Rosaler, 1st Lt. B., and Greenfield, 1st Lt. J., hon. discharged.
Lentz, 1st Lt. J. E., and Deacon, 1st Lt. R. A., to Army Balloon School, Ft. Omaha.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

Clarke, Capt. W. D., will make not to exceed two trips a week during November from Seattle, Wash., to Tacoma in connection with organization of the 23d Engs., thence to his proper station.
Keeny, 1st Lt. C. S., previous orders amended to read Kenny, 1st Lt. C. S.
Foster, 2d Lt. W. A., to Am. Univ. for assignment to 20th Engs.

Following assigned to 504th Service Battalion:
McCalla, Maj. W. A.

CAPTAINS.

Risley, W. L.	Shuddemagan, E. M.
Graham, M. J.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Hughes, L. E.	Hubbard, F. A.
Durfey, G. J.	Reynolds, J. F.
Stanton, G. A.	

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Pugh, E. V.	Mahood, H. S.
Hill, W. O.	Mottram, T. A.
Bade, C. H.	

Stelle, 2d Lt. E. H., to Charleston, S. C., in connection with military mapping.
Smith, 2d Lt. F. E., to Ridgeland, S. C., in connection with military mapping.
Look, 2d Lt. F. W., to Omaha, in connection with military mapping.
Wood, 2d Lt. W. K., to Charleston, in connection with military mapping.
Bell, 1st Lt. T. L., Jr., and Jones, 1st Lt. T. J., to Camp Pike with 312th Engs.
Kinne, Capt. G. W., will report to Chief of Eng.
Lampert, Capt. B. H., and Thomas, Capt. C. D., to Camp Travis.

Following to Hachita, N. M., in connection with military mapping:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Ashbury, E. P.	Davidson, G. B.
Cook, G. D.	Geary, J. W., Jr.

Madden, 2d Lt. C. M., to Marathon, Texas, in connection with military mapping.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Laird, Capt. J. H., to Washington as asst. to depot Qm.
Brimmer, Capt. A. L., to San Francisco on first available transport, reporting by wire to Qm.Gen. for further instructions.
Harper, Capt. R. R., and Cooper, Capt. M. S., to Norfolk, thence to their station.
Wainwright, Capt. R. B., to Camp Wadsworth as cmdg. off. of Auxiliary Remount Depot No. 307.
Farrell, Capt. J. J., and Willcox, Capt. J. T., will report to Acting Chief of Staff for duty in office of Chief of Embarkation Service.
Jones, Capt. J. P., to Augusta, reporting to cmdg. Gen., Camp Hancock, as asst. to camp Qm.
Wuttke, Capt. P., to Camp Custer, as cmdg. off. of Wagon Co.
Peed, Capt. J. W., to Camp Dodge, as asst. to constructing Qm.
Kimball, Capt. H. P., previous orders revoked.
Quay, Maj. A. G. C., discharged.
Thompson, Capt. G., to Madison Barracks with supply companies.
Kurtz, Capt. L., and Byrne, Capt. J. T., to Ft. Riley as assts. to Qm. of 92d Div.
Douglas, Capt. J. N., to Ft. Riley, in command of motor supply train.

Medical Corps.

McKinney, Maj. G. L., to Governors Island.
Owen, Maj. L. J., assigned to station in this city.
Pyles, Lt. Col. W. L., to following places for the purpose of inspecting sites and buildings for hospitals, thence to his proper station: Rochester, N. Y.; Dansville, N. Y.; Avon, N. Y.
McCornack, Maj. C. C., previous orders amended to direct him to report to this city, reporting to Surg. Gen.
Bell, Maj. C. R.; Callender, Maj. G. R., and Kerns, Maj. H. N., to San Francisco, reporting by telegraph to Adjt. Gen. for further orders.
Beeler, 1st Lt. G. W., to Seattle, Wash., as med. member of Examining Board of Physical Examining Unit, Av.Sec.
Creighton, Maj. S. S., previous orders amended to direct him to report to Surg. Gen.

Signal Corps.

Harris, 1st Lt. N. H., to Kelly Field.
Comey, 1st Lt. G. M., to Garden City.
Ocker, Maj. W. G., rated as junior mil. aviator from Nov. 2.

Ordnance Reserve Corps.

Converse, Maj. B. T., to Watervliet Arsenal.
Dubose, Maj. G. P., and Annan, 2d Lt. R. H., to Wash.
Comstock, 1st Lt. G. F., will proceed to Rock Island Arsenal for 30 days, thence to Washington, reporting to Chief of Ord.
Andrews, Capt. A. W.; Davenport, 1st Lt. D., and Dietch, 1st Lt. R. W., to Washington.
Veerhusen, 1st Lt., and Leathers, 1st Lt. W. H., will report to Chief of Ord.
Green, 1st Lt. E. A., to Rock Island Arsenal for thirty days; thence to Wash., reporting to Chief of Ord.
Sauter, 1st Lt. W. R., to Wash.
Keller, 2d Lt. W. D., and Black, 2d Lt. W. M., will report to Chief of Ord.
Turnbull, Capt. L. M., to Buffalo, reporting by letter to the Chief of Ord.
Boyd, 1st Lt. F. T., to Camp Mills with 116th Ord. automobile repair shop.
Vandeventer, Maj. G. H., to Wash.
White, Capt. R. D., to Camp Mills with 116th Ammunition Train.
Lefevre, 1st Lt. C. D., will report to Chief, Insp. Sec., Gun Div., New York.
Sink, Capt. R. E., to Wash., reporting to Chief of Ord.
Carson, 1st Lt. J., to Wash.
Greiner, 2d Lt. H. L., will report to Chief of Ord.
Primley, 1st Lt. W. S., previous orders revoked.
Whitney, 1st Lt. C. E., and Woerwag, 1st Lt. C. A., will report to Chief of Ord.

Following will report to Chief of Ord.:

CAPTAINS.

Brock, W. I.	Philbrick, F. H.
Killeffer, D. A.	Seiffert, O. H.

Russo, 1st Lt. P.

Quartermaster Corps.

French, 2d Lt. F. R., to Camp Sherman, as asst. to C. O., Remount Depot 318.
Englar, 2d Lt. A. C., to El Paso, reporting to C. O., Mechanical Repair Shop Unit 305.
Gilmore, 2d Lt. L. N., to Camp Beauregard, as asst., to camp Qm.
McCary, Capt. P. H., will report to Qm.Gen.
Cavanagh, 1st Lt. E., and Wright, 2d Lt. E. B., to Washington, for assignment with Mechanical Repair Shop Units 303 and 301, respectively.

Following to this city reporting to officer in charge of cantonment construction:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Daniel, L. W.	McKinney, R. H.
Lindsay, R. W.	

Parkhurst, 2d Lt. G. G., to Ft. Sam Houston as asst. to C. O. Mechanical Repair Shop Unit 304.
Johnson, 2d Lt. G. R., to Key West barracks as asst. to Qm.
Musgrave, Maj. J. R., to Camp Devens as camp Qm.
Meyers, 2d Lt. I. G., to Ft. Jay for assignment with Graves Registration Unit 303.
Fields, 2d Lt. B. W., to Camp Travis as Qm. of Base Hospital, that place.
Dorr, 1st Lt. R. K.; Kinney, 1st Lt. C. H., and Stevens, 1st Lt. F. D., to Camp Custer, with 85th Div.
Lord, 1st Lt. J. W., to Detroit, for temp. duty in connection with production of the standard military truck.

Following to Camp Custer as asst. to camp Qm.:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Heasley, R. M.	Johnson, L. A.
Houseman, E. B.	Spence, H. P.

Glasgow, Lt. Col. E. L., to Camp Funston as Qm. of 92d Div.
Sampson, Maj. O. H., to Camp Funston as asst. to Div. Qm.
Cape, 2d Lt. H., Jr., to this city for duty in office Qm.Gen. in connection with warehousing div.

Following to Washington, reporting to Qm. Gen. for assignment with Mechanical Repair Shop Units indicated:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Steendt, F. M., Unit No. 303.	Havens, F. B., Unit 303.
Beale, C. L., Unit 301.	Sellman, R. J., Unit No. 302.
Baumeister, P., Unit 303.	Killip, F. B., Unit 302.
	Dillinger, D., Unit 303.

Following to Philadelphia, reporting to Depot Qm.Gen. as his assts.:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Cooper, A. R.	Casey, W. F.
Demarest, J.	Beaudry, A. A.
Clarkson, O. J.	

Following to El Paso, Texas, reporting to Depot Qm. as his assts.:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Baird, R. E.	Hobit, A.
Hopkins, T. B.	Hallam, M. S.

Following to this city, reporting to Qm. Gen. in connection with the standard military truck production section:
Hall, 1st Lt. R. H., Jr.; Riggs, 2d Lt. A. P., and Battey, 2d Lt. K. E., will report to Qm.Gen. in connection with the standard mil. truck production section.

Infantry.

Barbour, Capt. L. B., will report to Provost Marshal Gen. for duty.
Gordon, Capt. C. C., will report to Chief of Ord.
Davis, Capt. F. B., will report to Col. Guy L. Edie, Med.C., President of an Army Retiring Board, San Francisco, for examination.
Maddox, Maj. G. W., to Camp Funston as Asst. Chief of Staff.
Maghee, Maj. T. B., to Camp Dodge with 88th Div. as Asst. Chief of Staff.
Simons, Capt. J. W., Jr., and James, Capt. S. L., will fill vacancies in Sig.C.
Vetter, 2d Lt. M. A., will report to Cmdg. Gen., 41st Div.
Heavy, Col. J. W., will report to Adjt.Gen. of Army.

Cavalry.

Everitt, 1st Lt. E. A., to Camp Sevier, reporting to Brig.Gen. George G. Gatley, as Aide de Camp on his staff.
Symmonds, 1st Lt. R. E., to Governors Island.

Ordnance Department.

Brett, Maj. M. L., detailed as member of the Joint Army and Navy Board for the purpose of considering specifications for the manufacture and testing of gun forgings.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Perego, Capt. F. L., to the coast defenses of San Francisco, reporting to C. O. for assignment.
Patterson, Capt. C. H., previous orders revoked.

Dental Reserve Corps.

Steffens, 1st Lt. L. C., to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Northwestern Univ., for inst.
Barnhall, 1st Lt. D. C.; Donnell, 1st Lt. C. E., and Fumkhouser, 1st Lt. I. D., to Petersburg with 80th Div.

Miscellaneous.

Following to duty with Av. Sec., Sig. C., at Plattsburg, then to their homes:

CONTRACT SURGEONS.

Wurtz, W. J.	Glosser, H. H.
Edson, R. A.	Snow, I. M.

Biscoe, Maj. E., Inf., previous orders amended to read F.A.
Love, Chaplain E. A., previous orders amended to Camp Meade with 368th Inft.
Spinks, Lt. Col. M. G., Insp. Gen., to Charlotte, N. C., then to report to Cmdg.Gen., Southeastern Dept., for duty as Insp. at Camp Greene.
McKell, Maj. D. McC., F.A., and Edgerly, Maj. G. W., Inf., previous orders amended to assign Maj. McKell to the 85th Div., Camp Custer, and Maj. Edgerly to 83d Div., Camp Sherman.
A board, to consist of Majs. Butts, J. W., Av.Sec., Sig.C.; Coumbe, A. G., M.R.C., and Willetts, Capt. W. P., Av.Sec., Sig.R.C., is appointed to meet at Mineola to examine officers for rating as Junior Military Aviators.
Lemons, 2d Lt. W. U., Vet.R.C., to Camp Greene.
Mitchell, Lt.Col. J. B., Insp. Gen., from Panama Canal Dept., upon arrival of Col. H. L. Hawthorne, ret., then to report to Insp. Gen.
Miller, Lt.Col. C. H., Insp. Gen. to Ft. Oglethorpe as Insp. of the posts and camps.
Southard, Cont.Surg. E. E., to Boston Psychopathic Hosp. as instructor in mental and nervous diseases.
Jean, Capt. G. W., ret., to Camp Sheridan.
Goodman, 1st Lt. J. A., previous orders revoked.
Bell, Cont. Surg. F. G., and Loveland, Cont. Surg. F. L., homes.
Krohn, Cont. Surg. S. R., to Walter Reed Hosp. for inst.

Following to Geneva, Ill., Av. Sec., Sig. R.C., for inst. in code and cipher work, then comply with their previous orders:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Childs, J. R., Inf.O.R.C., and Gilmore, R. W., Adjt.Gen.'s Dept., N.A.
Graham, J. A., Inf.O.R.C.
Sellers, L. W., Inf.O.R.C.
Chalker, 1st Lt. C. W., assigned to 52d Inft.
Baker, 1st Lt. F. R., transferred from 52d Inft. to 19th F.A.
Gibson, Cont. Surg. C. P.; Helm, Cont. Surg. T. O., and Orders, Cont. Surg. C. E., to homes.
Fossler, Cont. Surg. A. H., to home.
McIntyre, Cont. Surg. C. J.; Pierce, Cont. Surg. E. R., and Shepard, Cont. Surg. C. A., to homes.
Previous orders relating to 2d Lts. Frothingham, F. A., and Estabrook, N. S., Inf. R. C., amended to read 2d Lts. Frothingham, N. S., and Estabrook, B. W.
MacClaire, 1st Lt. D. M., San. C., to Camp Fremont as med. supply officer of the div. and property officer of Base Hosp.

Resignations.

Perrigo, Capt. W. H., Inf., N. G. (Kan.)
Willings, 1st Lt. H., 138th Machine Gun Battalion, N. G. (Ky.)

Leaves.

Passmore, 2d Lt. G. H., Inf., 10 days.
Eickenlooper, 1st Lt. G., Eng.O.R.C., 15 days.
Armstrong, Capt. A. W., M. R. C., 7 days.
Everett, Capt. G. T., 58th Inf., 10 days.
Hawley, 2d Lt. B. L., Qm. C., 10 days.
Sands, Capt. H. H., Sig. R. C., two months on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Jennings, 1st Lt. C. G., C. A. C., 10 days.
Brown, 1st Lt. G., Jr., Av. Sec., 8 days.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Lower pressure prevails generally east of the Plains States and in the Canadian Northwest, while in the extreme West it remains high.

The weather has been generally unsettled in the Lake region, the Atlantic, and East Gulf States, with quite general rains over Southern districts and light, scattered snows and rains over the Northern.

In the West and Southwest the weather remains fair, except in Western Washington.

Temperatures are somewhat lower in the Southeast, but they have generally risen elsewhere, and are generally much above the seasonal average, except over the Eastern coast districts.

Generally fair weather will prevail Wednesday and Thursday east of the Mississippi River, although with considerable cloudiness Wednesday over Northern districts.

Temperatures will be somewhat higher by Thursday over interior districts.

Winds for Wednesday and Thursday along the North Atlantic coast will be moderate west and northwest, with cloudy weather and probably rain Wednesday night with increasing winds.

Middle Atlantic Coast.—Variable, becoming north and increasing, with rain.

South Atlantic Coast.—Moderate west; generally fair.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York and New England.—Cloudy Wednesday; Thursday probably fair.

New Jersey and Western New York.—Cloudy Wednesday; Thursday fair.

Eastern Pennsylvania. — Partly cloudy Wednesday; Thursday fair and warmer.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	40	35	4 P. M.	49	[illegible]
6 A. M.	38	36	6 P. M.	45	[illegible]
9 A. M.	42	38	9 P. M.	41	[illegible]
12 M.	50	44	11 P. M.	38	[illegible]

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 40, for the corresponding date last year it was 44; average on the corresponding date for the last 33 years, 42.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 34; at 8 P. M. it was 45. Maximum temperature, 46 degrees at 3:30 P. M.; minimum, 33 degrees at 8:20 A. M. Humidity, 76 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 51 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.08 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.82 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:49 | Sun sets..4:35 | Moon sets..11:[illegible]

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:21	12:34	6:29	7:10
Governors Island	12:33	12:41	6:50	7:46
Hell Gate	2:14	2:34	8:36	9:10

Official Shipping List.

Arrivals of vessels from foreign countries at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports in the twenty-four hours ended Nov. 19:

STEAMSHIPS.

Almenia, (Am.)	Inpore, (Br.)
Amoloo, (Am.)	Junio, (Span.)
Bayamo, (Am.)	Joaquin Mumbru, (Span.)
Bayhowel, (Br.)	
Brescia, (Ital.)	Jomsborg, (Dan.)
Brighton, (Nor.)	Lilleena, (Nor.)
Belita, (Nor.)	Kamenetz Podolsk, (Rus.)
Buccaneer, (Am.)	
Brittania, (Am.)	Lanuvium, (Br.)
Chalmette, (Am.)	Lady Sybil, (Br.)
Cruiser, (Br.)	Larne, (Br.)
Carasa, (Span.)	Lille, (Nor.)
Clan Colquhon, (Br.)	Marte, (Ital.)
Clarissa Radcliffe, (Br.)	Median, (Br.)
Dipton, (Br.)	Mongola, (Am.)
Drammensfjord, (Nor.)	Missouri, (Br.)
Dell, (Dutch.)	Maple Leaf, (Br.)
Ellis, (Nor.)	Munorway, (Nor.)
Eslington, (Br.)	Mandeville, (Nor.)
Evelyn, (Am.)	Maxton, (Br.)
Edward L. Doheny, (Am.)	Norwegia, (Nor.)
	Nevisian, (Br.)
Esperanza, (Am.)	New York, (Am.)
Eurymachus, (Br.)	Olaf, (Dan.)
Flint, (Nor.)	Oswaco, (Am.)
Falkland, (Dan.)	Orkild, (Dan.)
Freshwater, (Br.)	Pythias Noige, (Nor.)
F. Q. Barstow, (Am.)	Runa, (Nor.)
Florence Luckenbach, (Am.)	Rappahannock, (Am.)
	Sidimabrouk, (Am.)
Freeport Sulphur No. 2, (Am.)	Silverlip, (Br.)
	Sydland, (Swed.)
Freeport Sulphur No. 3, (Am.)	Sioux, (Am.)
	Strathearn, (Br.)
Freeport Sulphur No. 4, (Am.)	Shawmut, (Am.)
	San Mateo, (Am.)
Glitonia, (Br.)	Stavangeren, (Nor.)
Hornet, (Am.)	Torres, (Am.)
Holden Evans, (Am.)	Tsuruga Maru, (Jap.)
Harry Farnum, (Am.)	Tabasco, (Mex.)
Harriet, (Nor.)	Vinovia, (Br.)
Herbert G. Wylie, (Am.)	W. Hardcastle, (Am.)
H. Pontoppidan, (Dan.)	Wascana, (Nor.)
Inverneill, (Br.)	Zacapa, (Am.)

SAILING VESSELS.

Gwendolin Warren, (Am.)	Lillian, (Am.)
	Maggie Todd, (Am.)
Jeremiah Smith, (Am.)	Tacoma, (Br.)
Inverneill, (Br.)	William Keene, (Am.)

Fire Record.

A.M. Loss.
12:05—1,075 Tiffany Av.; Abraham Goldenberger ....Slight
1:10—971 Av. St. John; Samuel Schuckler ....Slight
2:00—511 E. 135 St.; Julian Tratner....Slight
3:30—40 Pitt St.; not given....Slight
7:00—1,736 Taylor Av.; Joseph Pates....Slight
7:00—204 W. 79 St.; Arthur E. Woods, Not given
7:45—202 W. 80 St.; Mary Walters....Slight
8:40—72-74 Broome St.; Henry Ratye, Not given
9:47—519-521 W. 152 St.; Simon Lowenberger ....Slight
11:35—504 Lenox Av.; Joseph Banks..Slight
P.M.
1:10—Sou. B'vard & 134 St.; Cutler-Hammer Mfg. Co. ....Slight
1:30—69 E. 103 St.; Percy Sieger....Slight
2:20—218 E. 122 St.; Isador Davidson..Slight
2:45—746 Jennings St.; Josephine Attobino ....Slight
3:05—56 Ludlow St.; Paul Abelsky....Slight
4:15—142 Barrow St.; Samuel Berman..Slight
4:50—33 Leonard St.; Degnon Contracting Co. ....Slight
5:10—Ely Av. and 231 St., (vacant lot;) not given ....None
5:15—Ely Av. & 231 St.; not given....None
5:50—Riverside Drive & 135 St.; not given ....None
6:30—131 Henry St.; David Marmin..Slight
8:05—113 W. 27 St.; S. Scherir....Not given
8:40—1,931 Amsterdam Av.; Samuel Sirnardi ....Slight
9:15—130 W. 136 St.; C. Vonnal....Slight
11:10—431 E. 14 St.; Francis di Della....$100

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for Captain, municipal ferries, will be received until 4 P. M., Dec. 7. Subjects and weights of the examination are: Experience, 4; written, 3; practical, 3. A qualifying physical examination will be given. Candidates must be at least 25 years of age and not more than 45 on or before the closing date for the receipt of applications. The compensation rate proposed by the Board of Estimate for this position is $1,980 a year. There are two vacancies in the Department of Docks and Ferries.

United States.

The Commission announces for Nov. 27 an examination for crop physiologist, for men. A vacancy in the Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture, for duty in Washington, at $3,000 a year, will be filled from this examination. The duties will be to take immediate charge of the field tests of citrus hybrids and the wild relatives of citrus and to handle administrative details in the Office of Crop Physiology and Breeding Investigations. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education and experience in laboratory work on scientific agricultural problems, practical experience in commercial culture of citrus fruits, practical experience in office administration and orchard management, supervision of labor, account keeping, including the outlining of a plan for rendering full commercial and scientific reports on the citrus fruit orchard, and thesis. The applicant must have had at least five years' experience in laboratory work on scientific agricultural problems and at least three years' practical experience in the commercial culture of citrus fruits, including administrative details, supervision of labor, and the like. Applicants must have reached their thirtieth but not their forty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination.

Wills for Probate.

SATTERLEE, Dr. FRANCIS LEROY, (Nov. 12.) Value of estate more than $100,000. Income from insurance policies goes to Madeline, daughter, until her marriage, when the principal is to be divided among all the children. The residuary estate goes to Mary Philipse Satterlee, widow.

SHRADY, MINNIE M., (March 3, 1917,) widow of George Shrady. Value of estate, $107,990 in real estate and $72,000 in personal property. Two daughters, Anna Amelia and Martha Louise, are made the executrices in the will and each receives a legacy of $32,000. A son, Archibald M., of 160 West 244th Street, Bronx, also receives a bequest of $23,000. A fund of $80,002 is deposited with the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, the income from which goes to George Shrady, aged 11, and Maria Shrady, aged 9, daughters of George Shrady, deceased, another son of the testatrix. The daughters, Anna Amelia and Martha Louise, are named as the beneficiaries of the residuary estate. The will also states that George Shrady was at one time united to Lilian E. Shrady by a ceremonial marriage and that she may be his widow.

Estates Appraised.

LOUIS BIJUR, (July 17, 1917.) Total assets, $24,216. The estate goes to sister, Caroline Bijur, 1 West Seventieth Street. Assets: Cash, $1,315; stocks and bonds, $6,014; due on loan from E. Rosenwald and Bro., $16,461.

BYCK BERTHOLD, (May 7, 1917.) Total assets, $23,530. The estate goes to his wife, Augusta Byck, of 470 West 150th Street. Assets: Cash, $3,401; personal, $4,239; stocks and bonds, $15,788.

HYLAN ATTACKS RESEARCH BUREAU

Charges Its Financial Backers Received Favors from the Mitchel Administration.

ASSAILS E. P. GOODRICH ALSO

Asserts a City Report Shows Director Drew Two Salaries from the City at the Same Time.

Aroused by a statement by R. Fulton Cutting, which appeared in Sunday's issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES, Mayor-elect John F. Hylan yesterday made a bitter attack on the Bureau of Municipal Research, which, he said, was receiving financial support from a number of wealthy men, of whom Mr. Cutting was one. Last night Judge Hylan followed up this attack with another on E. P. Goodrich, Director of the Municipal Research Bureau.

Judge Hylan declared that the Bureau of Municipal Research had failed in its vigilance when the Mitchel administration was putting through alleged "land grabs." John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Frank A. Vanderlip, Francis Lynde Stetson, and George W. Perkins were named among those who contributed to the maintenance of the Bureau of Municipal Research.

In his supplementary attack on Director E. P. Goodrich, Judge Hylan declared that despite declarations made by him that by following his suggestions the city might save from nine to ten million dollars in its annual budget, no saving had been effected either in this or last year's budgets, in the preparation of which, according to the Mayor-elect, agents of the Bureau of Municipal Research had assisted. Judge Hylan also quoted from reports of an investigation of the Municipal Civil Service Board, conducted by the State Civil Service Commission, to show that at one time Mr. Goodrich was drawing several salaries from the city at the same time.

At the offices of the Bureau of Municipal Research, 261 Broadway, it was stated yesterday that Director Goodrich had been summoned to Washington, and that no answer to Judge Hylan's attack would be made until his return, probably today. Mr. Cutting, it was said, was out of town.

In attacking the bureaus Judge Hylan said in part:

Tells of Land Deals.

"One of the Sunday papers gave considerable space to a statement by R. Fulton Cutting imputing that the newly elected administration desired to do things which have been prohibited in the past ten years as a result of the activities of the Bureau of Municipl Research and reformers of the type of Mr. Cutting and the present Fusion reform administration.

"The Bureau of Municipal Research, which Mr. Cutting says for ten years has been helping the City Government, is practically maintained by the Rockefellers and those in sympathy with them. Why did not this bureau stop the Rockaway Park grab, the Dreamland Park deal, the Erie Basin land scandal, the acquisition of East River 'park,' which is no park at all; the Court House extravagances in Manhattan and Brooklyn; and why did it not condemn the attempt to purchase seven piers from Mr. Bush for $10,100,000, which is more than twice their value; and why did it not condemn the desperate effort of the Mayor to put over a perpetual franchise for the New York Central along the west side?

"Why did not the bureau prevent the gouging of the city by the Morgan, Kuhn-Loeb banking syndicate in the $100,000,000 loan, and why has not this Bureau of Municipal Research done a single thing to prevent the Mitchel administration from raiding the civil service?

"The Morgan firm and Kuhn-Loeb firm are large contributors to the Bureau of Municipal Research. Did the bureau fail to check the land grabs because Clarence H. Kelsey, President of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, and other title companies and Realty Associate directors are contributors to the bureau?

"Among the contributors to the Bureau of Municipal Research are John D. Rockefeller, Jr., who, according to the list of contributions submitted to the Walsh Industrial Commission two years ago, contributed $125,000; Frank A. Vanderlip, head of the Rockefeller National City Bank; Francis Lynde Stetson, counsel for J. P. Morgan, who obtained a $50,000 fee under the dual subway contracts out of the city treasury after O. K.'ing the Interborough mortgage; the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, which is a large stockholder in the Realty Associates, whose officers are officers and Directors of the Realty Associates; George W. Perkins, who is a business associate of Rockefeller, Morgan, and Baker in the Steel Trust, Harvester Trust, and other large properties; Albert G. Milbank, director and counsel for the Borden Milk Company; George F. Baker, George B. Cortelyou, President of the Consolidated Gas Company."

Attacks E. P. Goodrich.

In his supplementary statement assailing Mr. Goodrich the Mayor-elect said:

"This is the same E. P. Goodrich who in the report of the State investigation of the Local Civil Service Commission is charged with being responsible for 'closed' specifications for wood block paving in the Borough of Manhattan, by which the Barrett Company obtained a virtual monopoly, and also the same E. P. Goodrich who, according to the report (p. 25) drew several salaries from the City of New York at the same time that he was drawing fees or salaries from other cities. I quote from page 25 of the Civil Service Report:

> The consulting engineer, E. P. Goodrich, appointed without examination under Section 356 of the charter, does not act as consulting engineer in the true sense of the term, but is the practical directing and executive engineering head of the department. There also is an assistant consulting engineer, Mr. Schaefter, though the charter allows only one consulting engineer. Mr. Goodrich is also consulting engineer of the Court House Board. He receives $7,200 a year from the Borough of Manhattan, and $7,500 a year from the Court House Board. Until recently he has been consulting engineer of other cities, some of them being on the Pacific Coast, and he conducts a private engineering business, does the work for the Inebriety Board, and is the practical head of the Sewer Plan Commission, which is planning new sewers in Manhattan estimated to cost from fifty to one hundred million dollars. Charles E. Gregory, chief engineer of sewers, and very closely associated with Mr. Goodrich, is Secretary of said Sewer Plan Commission, which place and others he holds at Mr. Goodrich's suggestion.

"It is a significant fact that since the domination of the city administration by the Bureau of Municipal Research the budget of the city has grown by leaps and bounds, and the tax rate has increased accordingly."

BAN ON WOMAN'S PARTY.

Memphis Mayor, Expecting Defense of Pickets, Forbids Meeting

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 20.—Mayor H. H. Litty today refused to grant permission for the holding of a mass meeting here tomorrow night under the auspices of the Woman's Party, and announced that if such a gathering was attempted it would be dispersed by the police.

The Mayor said he understood speakers proposed to attempt to justify the action of the party's militants in picketing the White House at Washington. Women arranging for the meeting denied this.

HYLAN THREATENS SERVICE BOARD

Asserts He Will Lead Movement to Oust Commission Unless B. R. T. Heats Cars.

CHAIRMAN STRAUS EXPLAINS

Tells Mayor-Elect Effort to Save Fuel Will Not Lower Heat Requirements.

Mayor-elect John F. Hylan threatened yesterday to lead a delegation of citizens to Albany to demand the removal, or ousting through Legislative act, of the Public Service Commission for the First District, unless that body took steps to see that every provision of the law regarding the heating of cars was rigidly enforced in the case of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

"If the Public Service Commission does not compel the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company to heat its cars during the coming Winter as required by law, I shall ask all civic bodies of New York City to accompany me to Albany to ask for the removal of the commissaion," said the Mayor-elect.

Judge Hylan's statement was made before he went on the bench in the Kings County Court yesterday forenoon. He declined to amplify his statement last night so as to make clear whether he would merely demand a change of the personnel of the Public Service Commission or urge its abolition by the Legislature. Judge Hylan had been aroused by reports in the morning newspapers which represented officials of the company as demanding from the Public Service Commission the right to reduce the heat in its cars below the forty degrees required under the present law, in order to save coal.

Chairman Oscar S. Straus of the Public Service Commission sent a letter yesterday to Judge Hylan in which he made it clear that there had been a misunderstanding and that there was no intention to reduce the heat below the required standard, but merely to adopt during the rush hours a different method of heating which, it was alleged, would result in the saving of fuel. Here is Chairman Straus's letter:

Nov. 19, 1917.

Dear Judge Hylan:

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your favor of today and regret that the notice to you on account of the delay in my letter reaching you was too short to enable you to be present at today's hearing.

It was made clear in today's hearing by the company that there is no intent to lessen the required standard of heat in the cars, as prescribed in the order of the commission, but to adopt during the rush hours a different method of heating than heretofore with a view of saving coal. I returned from Washington on Saturday night last, and while there I learned that the Fuel Administrator had under consideration the issuing of a request or order to the Public Service Commissions throughout the country to reduce heat so as to save coal. The commission has the patriotic desire to co-operate in every way possible, within the limitation of its powers, with the National Government without sacrificing the comfort and health of the traveling public under its jurisdiction.

The commission has adjourned the hearing until two weeks from tomorrow, at 2:30 o'clock, with the suggestion that the counsel for the commission and the company should confer with a view of presenting to the commission on Wednesday next the proposed plan by which such saving of coal may be made without discomforting the public; and should such plan be acceptable the commission would permit the company to put such plan in experimental practice pending the resumption of the hearing. I think you will agree with me that if a provision can be made by which a large amount of coal can be saved by any practical plan, without detriment to the traveling public, this should be done.

I shall be glad at all times to receive your suggestion and co-operation. Very truly yours,

OSCAR S. STRAUS, Chairman.

Hon. John F. Hylan, County Judge, County Court House, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Judge Hylan said last night that he had not yet had time to answer the letter. He would not say whether he would appear in person before the Public Service Commission when hearings on the B. R. T. car heating case were resumed.

OLD CHURCH RAZED BY FIRE.

First Congregational Destroyed and Another Damaged in Norwalk.

NORWALK, Conn., Nov. 20.—The First Congregational Church here was destroyed by fire today, the chapel attached to it partly burned, and the St. Paul's Episcopal Church set afire four times, and saved only after hard work by the firemen. The loss to the Congregational buildings is set at between $70,000 and $75,000, with nominal damages to the Episcopal Church and to two dwelling houses nearby.

Ann Waters of Rowayton, who jumped a considerable distance from the church spire, and Oscar Waler, who was hurt by flying timbers when the bell fell, are in the Norwalk Hospital suffering with painful injuries.

The blaze was started by sparks from a plumber's charcoal firepot in the spire where men were making repairs.

The First Congregational Church was one of the earliest of all Congregational Churches in America, being organized in 1652, and the building burned today was a fine example of the church architecture of a century ago.

RAILROADS IN WAR TIME.
Leading bankers discuss the railroad situation in the United States as one of the great war problems, in The Annalist this week. On all news stands, 10 cents; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Nov. 13, on Broadway car reaching Fort Lee Ferry 10 A. M., or between car and ferry, black silk bag, containing old-fashioned gold hunting case watch, inscribed inside; gold chain, silver medal, small change, and other articles. Suitable reward on return to Miss MacIntyre, 320 West 107th St., New York City.

LOST.—Special Account Pass Book No. K-1340, of Annie T. Allen, issued by the 104th St. Branch of The Chatham and Phenix National Bank of the City of New York. All persons are warned against receiving said book for value.
THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK.

LOST—A sable collar, Tuesday afternoon, between 4 and 4:30 o'clock, either in Madison Av. car from 43d to 32d St. and 4th Av., or walking from 32d St., on 4th Av., to 30th St., to Lexington Av.; liberal reward. Return to L. L., 43 5th Av.

LOST.—Ring, large pearl, platinum filigree, with diamonds, in subway entrance to Wanamaker's basement, Tuesday morning. Finder will be rewarded, no questions asked. George Walther, 484 6th Av. Mad. Sq. 1353.

LOST.—Black Mark Cross purse, containing roll of bills and alligator change purse, on Riverside Drive, between 119th and 116th Sts., or on 116th St., between Riverside and Broadway; reward. X 315 Times Annex.

LOST.—In or near Grand Central Terminal Tuesday morning, black leather handbag, containing a billfold, coin purse, and ticket from Toronto to Barrie; liberal reward. Room 1308, 27 Cedar St., New York City.

LOST.—Circle pin, diamonds and pearls, Pennsylvania Depot, bus to 159th and Broadway, or Monroe Av. car to 198th St.; reward. Dyninger, Hotel Senton, East 27th St., Apartment 108.

LOST.—On West End Subway train Monday morning, Goertz Tenax camera, 10x15 centimeters; liberal reward. Thomas F. Clark, Manager, Photo News Dept., Western Newspaper Union.

LOST.—On the 19th of November in a 5th Av. bus, getting out at 37th St. and 5th Av., at 5 o'clock, a brown fisher fur neckpiece; reward. Telephone Plaza 7596, Mrs. Pierson.

LOST—Bunch keys, chain attached, probably 9th Av. elevated, between 72d and Wall St.; reward. Return 128 Broadway, Room 802. Cortlandt 3391.

LOST.—Leather wallet, initials "F. L. S.," containing sum of money, either Ritz-Carlton or Biltmore Hotel. Reward paid if returned to 239 Madison Av., New York.

LOST.—Diamond platinum barpin, Saturday, between 49th-5th Av. and 7th Bros., West 42d; reward. Return to Apartment 4K, 601 West 110th St. W. H. De Wolf.

LOST.—Diamond rings, night, Oct. 16, entrance Morningside Park, 122d St., Amsterdam Av.; liberal reward, no questions asked, return of same. Sulzer, 301 St. Nicholas Av.

LOST.—Reward for return of mink muff lost on Putnam Av. car Saturday, 2 P. M.; no questions. Mrs. E. Dickman, 942 East 9th St., Brooklyn.

LOST.—POCKETBOOK, containing enameled watch and pin, "A. L. M."; Boston, Westchester, 180th; reward. I. K. LUSTER, 208 West 143d.

LOST.—In New York City, shopping district, bow-knot lavalliere; reward. J. E. Caldwell & Co., Juniper and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

LOST.—Saturday noon, broad tail fur muff, on Broadway red car, 72d to 59th St.; reward. Address Cohen, 31 West 27th St.

LOST. — Fox scarf, Flatbush Av., between Prospect and Long Island Depot; liberal reward. Casey, 186 Prospect Pl. Prospect 5900.

LOST.—Billbook, initials "W. E. M.," containing checks and cash. Finder please return to Room 410, 43 Leonard St. Reward.

LOST—Black knitted beadbag at Macy's; valued keepsake; reward. Hyman, 606 West 113th St.

LOST—Wallet containing money, passport, registration card, other papers; big reward. Papendrecht, 410 West 145th St.

LOST.—Diamond cuff link; initials E. H. M.; exceptional reward. Mendel, 423 West 120th St.

LOST.—Silk pocketbook, gold monogram; $10 reward. B. W., 140 West 58th.

REWARD.—Brown sable muff, 80th to 85th, Amsterdam Av. Shipley, 212 West 85th.

REWARD for stereoscopic camera, lost Thursday. Return to Reid, 35 West 50th St.

$25 REWARD.—Return of diamond and onyx earring, lost Nov. 16. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

Found.

FOUND, on 5th Av., a diamond pin; owner may have same by identifying it. R. Rose, Arlington Hotel, Binghamton, N. Y.

FOUND on Riverside Drive, a barpin. X 322, Times Annex.

FOUND.—A sum of money. Apply E 182 Times.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Red chow dog, answers to the name of "Chin." Liberal reward. Mrs. Richard Jaeckel, 5 West 58th.

LOST.—White, pink-nosed French poodle, named Romeo; reward. Malbrun, 321 West 78th St.

LOST.—Large, red Irish terrier, leather collar, with license tag; reward. Hansen, 10 East 39th St.

Tea Rooms.

NOW OPEN
SEVEN CANDLES,
13 West 46th Street
In the ART GALLERY,
formerly occupied by BRAUN & CO.
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Dinner.
HOME COOKING.
Service a la carte and table d'hote.
Luncheon, 90c; Dinner, $1.00.

BRITTANY TEA ROOM, 694 Madison Av., or 62d St.
Luncheon, 90c; Afternoon Tea, 35c; Dinner, $1.00. Orders taken for cakes, rolls, muffins, salad dressing, etc. Telephone 7034 Plaza.
OPEN SUNDAYS FROM 12 TO 2 P. M.

Green Parrot Tea Shop 13 E. 35th St., Opp. Altman's.
Specially Attractive Luncheon a la Carte And Afternoon Tea.
LEMON MERINGUE PIE A SPECIALTY.

At the sign of **THE GREEN TEA POT** Thirteen East Thirty-sixth Street.
Luncheon, 60c.; Dinner, $1.00; Afternoon Tea and Waffles, 45c.; Roast Chicken and Waffles Wed.

DOWNTOWN'S MOST DELIGHTFUL MID-DAY TEA ROOMS
THE **BROWN BETTY** 147 FULTON ST. 72 WALL ST.
Delicious Home Cooking.

Old Chelsea 51 West 16th St. Open Sundays.
Vegetable luncheons and dinners a specialty. Old-fashioned cooking.
Table d'hote dinner, 50c, 90c. Lunch a la carte.

MARY LOUISE 175 Madison Ave., near 34th. Breakfast or Luncheon, 35c.
Special chicken lunch, Tues., Thurs. & Sat., 9 to 1:30 Lunch, 90c. Chicken every night.

Dorothy-Louise, 1 WEST 39TH ST. (Opp. Lord & Taylor.)
Luncheon, Fifty Cents. Dinner, Sixty Cents.
CHICKEN DINNER EVERY TUES. & SAT.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET.
3 to 8, Except Sundays.
The Oldest Tea Room in New York.
"Club" or a la carte. Luncheon 40 cents.
Luncheon, Dinner and always a hearty welcome at

SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St. Sunday dinner.
Home-made candies, pastries and scones.

THE ROSE GARDEN 36 West 59th St. Near Plaza Hotel.
Luncheon or Dinner, 75c. Afternoon Tea a specialty.
Sunday Dinner a specialty, $1.25.

THE GROTTO 165 MADISON AVENUE Between 32d and 33d
Luncheon, 45c; Course Dinner With Chicken, 65c. Sunday Dinner, 75c; Home-made Bread and Pies.

SAVORY PIE SHOP 45 E. 30th St. Mad. Sq. 4978.
"Wonderful Apple Pie" to order, 50c, 75c and $1.00. Luncheon and Afternoon Tea.

THE MARGUERITE 49 West 39th St., Near 6th Ave.
Will OPEN NOVEMBER 27TH.
Club Breakfast, Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Dinner.
Dine at OLD GRAMERCY PARK, No. 20.
Breakfast, 35c; Luncheon, 50c; Dinner, 75c.
New England Thanksgiving Dinner, 6-8, 75c.
Entrance on Irving Place. Open Fire.

WRIGHT-LOGAN 6 East 37th Street, Adjoining Tiffany's.
LUNCHEON: AFTERNOON TEA: DINNER

THE ELM TREE 52-54 John Street. (Financial District.)
Homelike Tea Room for LADIES and GENTLEMEN.

STUDENTS INN, 326 West 58th St., West of 8th Ave.
Luncheon, 35c.; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 60-75c.

THE TALLY HO 20 East 34th St. Opposite Altman's
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Southern Chicken Dinner.

THE MARYLAND 112 West 73d St. Just off Columbus Av.
Breakfast, 35c. Luncheon, 50c. Dinner, $1.00.

THE MAYFLOWER, 23 West 55th St. Dinner, table d'hote
A la carte Breakfast, Lunch, Tea. Open Sundays.

THE PIROUETTE, 22 East 45th Street, bet. Madison & 5th Av.
Luncheon, 35-40c.; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 85c.

TO-NIGHT AT 17 WEST 58TH ST. (Plaza 1110.) Luncheon 75c.
Roast L. I. duck and apple sauce dinner, $1.

Heatherdell Tea Shop 15 E. 43d St. Open Sundays
Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner.

THE RUSSIAN INN 57 West 37th Street. (Off Greeley.)
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Dinner, Russian Cuisine.

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Buy what you need

Clothing, Hats Shoes and Furnishings

Milton Weber, Inc.
7 WALL ST., COR. NEW ST.

Florsheim Shoes $6.85-7.85

WILL your Officer's Uniform go to rags in transport or trench? Lots of turncoats, unworthy of a soldier's back, are slinking into Military Outfits. Mine are all wool; full weight; firm weave.

My Officers' Uniforms will resist the harshest rough-and-tumble use, because—pardon the word for the thought—they have "guts," a mighty important thing, either in a uniform or an army. On top of that, my slashing soldierly swank and splendid soldierly set-up.

Heavy-Weight O. D. Serge Uniform to measure, **$36.00**
Melton Overcoat (cloth-faced buttonholes) to measure, **$45.00**
Deliveries on 2 days' notice, if required.

Civilian Clothes $20 to $45 to individual measure

Clemons Civilian and Military Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
19 Years On This Corner

"Turner for Concrete"

TAPS *Relieves Auto-Intoxication*
Try a Box—10c—All Drug Stores.

THE MAN OR THE FIRM

IN NEED OF A HEAVY DUTY TRUCK MAY NOT HAVE ANOTHER CHANCE LIKE THIS FOR MONTHS—PERHAPS FOR YEARS

FORTY-FIVE six-ton Packard trucks are to-day offered in the New York market for immediate delivery. We have been short of motor trucks for months. When these are sold we shall probably be short again. This shortage is general. Motor trucks are so indispensable for war purposes that business will have to wait.

By a stroke of particularly good fortune we have managed to corral these few six-ton chassis in the midst of this nearly universal drought.

With transportation conditions growing more acute every day and a hard winter just ahead, with horses few and high in price and with feed prices way up in the starry ether now and going higher, this is the time for every forward-looking man to act.

The money, time and inconvenience you will personally save by adequate haulage facilities subject to your own orders every minute of the day and night is only half the gain. By acquiring such facilities you are rendering national service of the first importance.

This is no subject for ponderous deliberation. There is no time for a directors' meeting. Whoever wants any of these trucks must *act*—now.

Quick—are you going to get your share?

PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY OF NEW YORK
BROADWAY AT SIXTY-FIRST STREET
TELEPHONE: COLUMBUS 8900
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Wallace Lamp

ADJUSTABLE

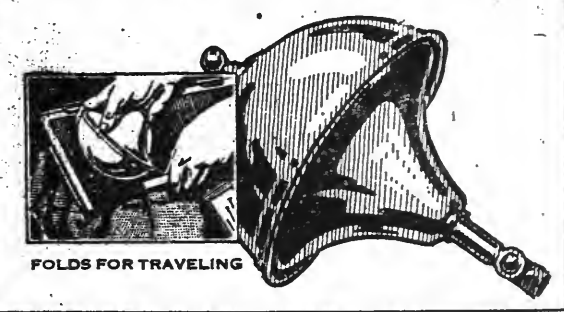
GETTING more light for your sewing machine is only *one* of the hundred things you can do with the Wallace Lamp.

It's adjustable—it's portable—it's attachable anywhere.

You'll want it on your toilet table, when you're dressing; you'll clamp it to your bed when you want to read at night; you'll fasten it to the arm of your easy chair. You'll put it into your bag when you travel, for it takes apart and folds up into a few inches of space.

The Wallace Lamp means smaller bills for electric current. Because it saves light by vividly illuminating a small area instead of giving a weak, diffused light throughout a large room.

Examine the Wallace at your favorite store. Sold everywhere, by most of the good Hardware, Electrical, Sporting Goods, Drug and Department Stores.



HANDSOME BOOKLET: If unable to inspect the Wallace Lamp itself, write for free booklet showing its uses in colored pictures.

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A. C. PENN, INCORPORATED 100 Lafayette Street, New York

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain, northwest gale by tonight; Friday colder, probably fair.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,852. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1917.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

HAIG HURLS HIS ARMY AT CAMBRAI, GAINING FIVE MILES; HUNDREDS OF TANKS LEAD DRIVE, CAVALRY CAPTURES GUNS; 8,000 PRISONERS TAKEN, FOE'S LAST DEFENSES REACHED

U-BOAT SINKINGS MAKE BIG REBOUND; TOLL OF WEEK 17

Ten Vessels of 1,600 Tons or Over, and Seven of Less, British Admiralty Announces.

SIX SUNK PREVIOUS WEEK

Included Only One Vessel of Larger Tonnage, and Was the Low Record.

LONDON ADVISES CAUTION

Experts Say Submarine Danger Will Persist Unless Fight on It Is Pushed.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Seventeen British merchantmen were sunk by mines or submarines last week, according to the weekly statement issued by the Admiralty. Of these ten were vessels of 1,600 tons or over and seven of less than 1,600 tons.

The Admiralty statement says that the arrivals during the week were 2,531 and the sailings 2,403. Two British vessels were unsuccessfully attacked.

Last week's record of British merchantmen sunk greatly exceeds that of the previous week, when only one vessel of 1,600 tons or over and five craft of less tonnage were sent to the bottom. In fact, it represents in the aggregate the greatest number of vessels destroyed since the week of Oct. 28, when eighteen were lost. Since then there has been a gradual falling off in shipping losses until the minimum since Germany's intensified submarine campaign began was reached in the week of Nov. 11 with a total of six.

So far as the losses of large vessels are concerned, however, the present Admiralty report apparently bears out the optimistic statement made recently by Premier Lloyd George that he had no further fear of submarines, and of the First Lord of the Admiralty that enemy submarines were being sunk to an increasing extent, for the sinkings in the 1,600-and-over category last week were the lowest since March, except for the weeks of Sept. 16, Nov. 4, and Nov. 11, when in the two former weeks the total in each instance was eight and in the latter one.

Premier Lloyd George in his address to the House of Commons early in the present week said that five submarines were destroyed last Saturday, but he gave no further information on the subject. Sir Eric Geddes, the new First Lord of the Admiralty, in his maiden speech before Parliament, asserted that between 40 and 50 per cent. of German submarines operating in the North Sea and the Arctic and Atlantic oceans since the beginning of the war had been sunk. He added that enemy submarines were being sunk to an increasing extent, but that the Germans were building them faster than they previously had done.

ROME, Nov. 21.—Italian marine losses from submarine attacks during the week ended Nov. 18 were one large steamer sunk and another steamer damaged by a torpedo and afterward towed into port, today's official announcement says.

CRITICISE PREMIER FOR U-BOAT STATEMENT

Danger Will Be Overcome, Experts Say, Only as the Fight on Submarines Is Pushed.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Nov. 21.—This is Lloyd George day in England. He is apparently safe in the saddle for the term of the war. His triumph in Parliament yesterday demonstrates several things.

First, he had a sound case. The ground of the Papallo agreement and the Paris speech was firm under his feet.

Second, he presented it well.

Third, there was weak leadership against him.

Fourth, the popular demand at present is for audacity to the point of ruthlessness. The public will stand indiscretion, but no inertia.

Lloyd George will be safe in Downing Street until English public life has produced an equally bold rival. He is now supreme in his field as Northcliffe is in his and for a like reason. Both go after what they want, smashing English tradition on the mat.

England is tried of pussyfooting. Witness Churchill rejuvenus. The public wants vision and action. Northcliffe's demand for Cabinet reconstruction, as stated in his interview with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, will be pressed home and materialize in action. Scholarly figureheads will be turned out and the Government rebuilt of live wires.

France is reaching out in the same direction. She lays hands on a near octogenarian with courage and imagination.

Those who know the sea situation regret the Premier's allusion to the submarine. Lloyd George had Commons in hand and was toying with it, superimposing the submarine rainbow was painting the lily with a vengeance. The Premier has had a weakness for speculation on the optimistic side about the submarine situation. To quote, "We have no fear of the submarine now; we are on its track."

The Premier, it is felt, might wisely have confined himself to his own specialty and of naval matters to Sir Eric Geddes, who sat by his side and who only left when he presented the submarine matter in perspective.

In stating this view strongly I am only giving the consensus of the best

Continued on Page 4.

Commons to Disfranchise All "Conscientious Objectors"

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The House of Commons today, by a vote of 209 to 171, adopted an amendment to the Electoral bill disfranchising conscientious objectors to war.

In the debate, which lasted throughout the afternoon, Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced that the Government did not desire to influence the House in any way on the question, but that it would leave the members free to vote as their consciences dictated.

ITALIANS HALT FOE'S BIG DRIVE

German Attacks Cease for the Moment at Crucial Key Position in North.

ASSAULTS ELSEWHERE FAIL

Austrian Ruse in Fighting on the Piave River Front Ends in Disaster.

ROME, Nov. 21.—The infantry actions in Monte Tomba and Monte Monfenera, the vital points on the northern mountain front, were not renewed yesterday, the War Office announced. Three violent Austro-German attacks were repulsed at Monte Pertica, northwest of Monte Grappa. The announcement follows:

Yesterday there was intense artillery activity on the whole front of the coastal zone. The national navy and British monitors lent effective co-operation.

In the afternoon the enemy three times made violent attacks on Monte Pertica, northwest of Monte Grappa. He was repulsed each time with severe losses. On Monte Tomba and Monte Monfenera the infantry actions were not renewed.

Our aircraft carried out effective bombarding operations and engaged in several duels with hostile airplanes, as a result of which two enemy machines were downed.

BERLIN, Nov. 21, (via London.)—The situation on the Italian front is unchanged, the War Office announced today.

A supplementary report issued this evening reads:

"There is no news from Italy."

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 21.—The war correspondent of the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger says the Teutonic allied movement for turning the Italian left flank is now being executed in the face of great Italian superiority.

The Frankfurter Zeitung says that the Italians, reinforced with guns and infantry, have prepared strong defenses on the lower Piave River.

Battle on Three Main Fronts.

By The Associated Press.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Tuesday, Nov. 20.—The heavy fighting which began on Sunday in the north continues with great violence, centring on the slope of Monfenera. Enemy masses alternate fierce artillery attacks with infantry assaults, which have been repulsed by the heroic bravery of the Italian troops.

The battle is taking a wide range and gradually concentrating on three main fronts. It is not a question of gaining or losing kilometers, but it is a gigantic battle in which Italy's part in the war, with its resultant effect on the Allies, is largely at stake.

The Austro-German offensive, which began three weeks ago, has not diminished, but is steadily intensifying. Frontal attacks thus far have failed on the Piave and the northern Asiago Plain. This compels the enemy to attempt to make a breach by one of the Italian flanks, as the only resort after the checking of the frontal attacks. This explains the gradual shifting of the front to three main divisions: First, along the Piave; second, from the Piave to the Brenta; third, from the Brenta across the Asiago Plateau.

The enemy's advance on the Piave and the menace to Venice is fairly well checked after the bloody repulses of the last few days, but the Austrians and Germans are still on the east bank of the river, with formidable forces pressing against this narrow stream.

At the other end of the line, behind Asiago, the Italians have made a splendid resistance and the enemy attack has been worn down after he had suffered losses estimated at a good part of three divisions. But in the central section between the Piave and the Brenta Rivers, his attacks since Sunday are being steadily augmented, and it is in this portion of the line that the conditions continue grave.

The Italian positions which General Diaz announced as abandoned are northwest of Quero, on the upper Piave, and the front now runs south of Quero. It is along this line, where the mountains meet the plains and the river valleys, that the greatest effort is now being made, near Monte Monfenera and Monte Tomba. This northern sector is very vital to the eastern front along the Piave, as a breach at the north would bring the enemy in the rear of the Piave line, which thus far has resisted all frontal attacks. For this reason attention is being anxiously directed toward the north, not only as regards the immediate result there, but in connection with its effect on the Piave line.

The Count of Turin, Commander in Chief of the Italian cavalry, has issued an address highly commending the part taken by the cavalry in protecting the retreat to the Piave, particular mention being made of the groups under Generals Airoldi and Piella.

Austrian Ruse a Boomerang.

Going to points along the Piave River, where the heaviest fighting has occurred, The Associated Press correspondent was told by officers of unusual circumstances connected with the engagements. The Colonel commanding the Bersaglieri who carried the day said the

Continued on Page 3.

HINDENBURG LINE BROKEN

Gen. Byng's Men at Cantaing, Not Three Miles from Cambrai.

ADVANCE ON 32-MILE FRONT

Sweep Against Germans Extends from St. Quentin to the Scarpe River.

RESISTANCE OF FOE WEAK

Many Villages Are Taken and First Two Defense Lines Are Captured.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Field Marshal Haig has broken the Hindenburg line in one of the greatest operations of the war. In a smashing attack which began yesterday morning and still continues along a thirty-two-mile front between St. Quentin and the Scarpe River he has penetrated the German defenses for a distance of more than five miles at the deepest point, reaching the village of Cantaing, less than three miles southwest of Cambrai, and attacking the third and last German line in at least one point along this front.

The number of German prisoners so far counted is more than 8,000, and is likely to exceed that number considerably. Field Marshal Haig states in his report tonight that the number of guns captured has not been ascertained, but one dispatch from the front mentions the taking of nearly a score in the early part of the battle.

The Germans were caught completely by surprise. There was no artillery preparations, and as a substitute for this a large number of "tanks" had been assembled secretly, which were sent forward, screened by smoke, at the first assault Tuesday morning to cut the German wire entanglements. They accomplished this task with great success, opening the way for daring infantry rushes that threw the Germans into the utmost confusion.

The Earl of Derby, in a speech this afternoon, said that Field Marshal Haig's victory was "a great triumph, the full extent of which is not yet known."

A dispatch from British Headquarters in France this afternoon says:

"The advance of the British Army against the Germans was continuing this afternoon. The towns of Masnières, Marcoing, Ribecourt, Havrincourt, Graincourt, and Flesquieres all were behind the British advancing line, and the cavalry, which is co-operating with the tanks and rendering invaluable service, was drawing in toward the Bourlon Wood, west of Cambrai."

Haig Summarizes the Gains.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The report from Field Marshal Haig's headquarters tonight gives this account of the British attack:

Important progress was again made today west and southwest of Cambrai, though rain has fallen continuously.

Reinforcements, which the enemy hurried up to the battlefield to oppose our advance, have been driven out of a further series of villages and other fortified positions, and many additional prisoners have been taken. The tanks have again given great assistance to the advance.

On our right we made progress in the direction of Noyelles-sur-l'Escaut. Northeast of Masnières we captured the enemy's double line of trenches on the east bank of the Scheldt Canal. Sharp fighting occurred in this neighborhood and hostile counterattacks were driven off.

North of Marcoing the village of Noyelles-sur-l'Escaut was captured early in the morning. Here also heavy fighting occurred, and the hostile counterattacks were successfully repulsed.

During the morning Scottish troops moving northeast from Flesquieres captured the German defensive lines southwest of Cantaing and the village itself, together with 500 prisoners. Later in the day they continued their advance and established themselves in positions more than five miles behind the former German front line.

North of Anneux West Riding Battalions have been engaged with the enemy south and southwest of Bourlon Wood. Further west Ulster Regiments crossed the Bapaume-Cambrai road and entered Moeuvres.

During the day strong hostile counterattacks against our new positions in the neighborhood of Bullecourt have been defeated.

The number of prisoners who have passed through our collecting stations have exceeded 8,000, including 180 officers. The number of guns captured has not yet been ascertained.

The Early Official Report.

The official announcement follows:

Yesterday morning the Third Army, under command of General the Honorable Sir Julian Byng, delivered a number of attacks between St. Quentin and the River Scarpe. These attacks were carried out without previous artillery preparation, and in each one the enemy was completely surprised.

Our troops have broken into the enemy's positions to a depth of between four and five miles on a wide front, and have captured several thousand prisoners, with a number of guns. Our operations are continuing.

At the hour of assault on the principal front of attack a large number of tanks moved forward in advance of the infantry and broke through successive belts of German wire, which were of great depth and strength.

Following through the gaps made by the tanks English, Scottish and Irish regiments swept over the enemy's outposts and stormed the first defensive system of the Hindenburg line on the whole front.

Our infantry and tanks then swept on in accordance with the program and captured the German second system of defense more than a mile beyond. This latter is known as the Hindenburg support line.

In the course of this advance East County troops took the hamlet of Benavis and Lateau Wood after stiff fighting.

English rifle regimenta and light infantry captured La Vacquerie and the formidable defenses on the spur known as Welsh Ridge. Other English County troops stormed the village of Ribecourt and fought their way through Couillet Wood.

Highland Territorial battalions crossed the grand ravine and entered Flesquieres, where fierce fighting took place. The West Riding Territorials captured Havrincourt and the German trench systems north of the village, while Ulster battalions covering the latter's left flank, moved northward up the west bank of the Canal du Nord.

Later in the morning our advance was continued, and rapid progress was made at all points. English, Scottish, Irish and Welsh battalions secured the crossings on the canal at Masnieres and captured Marcoing and Neuf Wood.

The West Riding troops who had taken Havrincourt made remarkable progress east of the Canal du Nord, storming the villages of Graincourt and Anneux, and, with the Ulster troops operating to the west of the canal, carried the whole German line northward to the Bapaume-Cambrai Road.

West Lancashire Territorials broke into the enemy's positions east of Epehy, and Irish troops have captured important sections of the Hindenburg line between Bullecourt and Fontaine les Croisilles.

The number of prisoners, guns and material captured cannot yet be estimated.

The spell of fine, dull weather which favored our preparations for our attacks broke early yesterday, a heavy rain fell during the night and the weather is now stormy.

Berlin Admits Yielding Ground.

BERLIN, Nov. 21, (via London.)—German reserves checked the British in the rear positions after ground had been gained by the attackers, says today's official communication. The loss is announced of Marcoing, Graincourt and portions of the permanently established works.

Between Arras and St. Quentin, the German statement says, a strong artillery battle heralded the English attack. The villages in the fighting zone remained in the possession of the British.

The War Office says the British main attacks strove to break through in the direction of Cambrai. Secondary attacks north and south of the main battlefield had local and limited objects.

Between Fontaine les Croisilles and Riencourt, it is added, the attackers were unable to advance beyond the German foremost line.

The Army Headquarters statement reads:

Western Front—Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht: In Flanders the firing revived from midday onward near Dixmude and from Houthoist Wood to Becelaere. Between Poelcappelle and Passchendaele it reached great intensity again yesterday.

Increased artillery fire at several places in Artois was followed by enemy reconnoitring thrusts which were repulsed.

Between Arras and St. Quentin a strong artillery battle heralded English attacks, the main force of which was directed between the roads leading from Bapaume and Peronne to Cambrai. While the main attacks were striving to break through our positions in the direction of Cambrai, secondary attacks were launched north and south of the main battlefield, near Riencourt and Vendhuille, having limited local objects. Between Fontaine les Croisilles and Riencourt the enemy was not able to advance beyond our foremost line.

On the main field of attack the enemy succeeded, under protection of numerous armored cars, in gaining ground. Our reserves arrested the thrust in the rear positions. Villages situated in the fighting zone, among them Graincourt and Marcoing, remained in possession of the enemy. Portions of the permanently established materials in the positions were lost. South of Vendhuille the attack of a British brigade collapsed with heavy losses.

The night statement from Army Headquarters added:

On the battlefield southwest of Cambrai the British since noon have attacked again with strong forces. The fighting is proceeding.

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TANKS INSURE THE VICTORY

Masses of Them Open Way for British Infantry's Charges.

DESTROY WIRE DEFENSES

Giant Machines Screened by Smoke to Baffle the German Gunners.

HAIG HID HIS PREPARATIONS

Moved Tanks and Guns at Night and Few Officers Knew His Real Plans.

First Stage of the Battle.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Nov. 21.—The enemy yesterday had, I am sure, the surprise of his life on the western front, where, without any warning by ordinary preparations that are made before a battle, without any sign of strength in men and guns behind the British front, without a single shot fired before the attack, and with his great belts of hideously strong wire still intact, the British troops suddenly assaulted him at dawn, led forward by great numbers of tanks, smashed through his wire, passed beyond to his trenches, and penetrated in many places the main Hindenburg line and the Hindenburg support line beyond.

It was not only a surprise to the enemy, but, to be frank, it will be a surprise to all the British officers and men in other parts of the line. To my mind it is the most sensational and dramatic episode of this year's fighting, brilliantly imagined and carried through with the greatest secrecy. Not a whisper of it had reached men like myself, who are always up and down the lines, and since the secret of the tanks themselves, which suddenly made their appearance on the Somme last year, this is, I believe, the best kept secret of the war.

During the last twenty-four hours or so certain uneasy suspicions seem to have been aroused among the German troops immediately in the front of the attack, but their higher command did not dream of such a blow. How could the enemy guess, in his wildest nightmare, that a blow would be struck quite suddenly at that Hindenburg line of his—enormously strong in redoubts, tunnels, and trenches—and without any artillery preparation or any sign of gun power behind the British front?

Tanks Secretly Moved at Night.

It is true he had withdrawn many of his guns from this "quiet" part of the front, but unless that wire of his was cut in the usual way by days of bombardment and unless there was artillery action which gives away all secrets, he had every right to believe himself safe—every right though he was wrong. He did not know that during recent nights great numbers of tanks had been crawling along the roads toward Havrincourt and the British lines below Flesquieres Ridge, hiding by day in the copses of this wooded and rolling country beyond Peronne and Bapaume. Indeed he knew little of all that was going on before him under the cover of darkness.

For the Generals and staff officers directing this operation there were hours of anxiety and suspense as the time drew near for the surprise attack. It was a most audacious adventure and depended absolutely on surprise.

Had the secret been kept? It looked as if the enemy suspected something a night or two ago when he raided the British trenches and captured two or three prisoners. Had those men told anything or had they kept the secret like brave men? All was on the hazard of that.

Relied on Wire Defenses.

It was probable that the night sentries had heard the movement of traffic on those quiet, silent nights, the clatter of gun wheels over the rough roads, the rumble of transport behind the lines, but his wire was still uncut and no new batteries revealed themselves, and that was the thing which might lull all his suspicions.

To attack against uncut wire has always been death to the infantry, and every time until this it has been the gun's job to smash the barrier. We know now that whatever suspicions were aroused, a real surprise was scored this morning. The British caught the enemy "on the hop," as men say, and in spite of uneasy moments on Monday night they had no evidence of what was coming to them and no time to prepare against the blow.

Most of the prisoners say that the first thing they knew of the attack was when, out of the mist, they saw the tanks advancing upon them, smashing down their wire, crawling over their trenches and nosing forward with gunfire and machine gun fire slashing from their sides.

The Germans were aghast and dazed. Many hid down in their dugouts and tunnels, and then surrendered. Only the steadiest and bravest of them rushed to the machine guns and got them into action and used their rifles to snipe the British.

British Rushed on Cheering.

Out of the silence which had prevailed behind the British lines a great fire of guns came upon the Germans. They knew they had been caught by an amazing strategem, and they were full of terror. Behind the tanks, coming forward in platoons, the infantry swarmed, cheering and shouting, trudging through the thistles, while the tanks made a scythe of machine gun fire in front of them, and thousands of shells went screaming over the Hindenburg lines.

The German artillery made but a feeble answer. Their gun positions were being smothered by the fire of all the British batteries. There were not many German batteries, and the enemy's infantry could get no great help from them. They were caught, German officers knew they had been caught, like rats in a trap. It was their black day.

I think all the British felt the drama of this adventure and had the thrill of it, a thrill which I had believed had departed out of war because of the ferocity of shellfire and the staleness of war's mechanism and formula of attack.

To me it seemed the queerest thing to be on the road again down south, where we had followed the Germans in their retreat in March of this year, and to pass over the Somme once more, to reach the first villages of the old fighting two years ago and then see the great track of that desolate, destroyed country, where the enemy in his retreat blew up every village, cut down trees and laid waste all the countryside.

A few days ago I was looking at Passchendaele in the mist. Could it be real that this morning at dawn I was passing through Peronne with the first pale light of the sky upon its ruins, across wooden bridges and into that square where we came first to look upon the German destruction of a fair little city? Houses were burning when I went in the first time, but only their ashes remained today. It was stranger now after Passchendaele to come back for this other battle, which had come so swiftly and so stealthily.

Shell Craters Were Lacking.

The battle had begun and the British had already gone away to the Hindenburg line when I went forward through the thistles. It was queer to see the absence of mud and shell craters. I walked over to the village of Beaucamp and the front line trenches, from which our men were attacking. Just to the left of me was the brown earth of newly dug assembly trenches. I think they must have been dug in the night.

A little beyond were the white parapets of the Hindenburg line, and beyond that again a few hundred yards the villages of Ribecourt and Flesquieres, toward which our men were fighting.

Behind me were our field batteries and the "heavies" through which I had passed. They were not in hiding but were in full view of the astonished enemy and were making an intense bombardment, so that the air was filled with the scream of shells and with the frightful thumping of fire, so that one's ears were deadened, while the mists of early morning were thrust through with gunflashes.

Having left the salient where it seemed to me we had most of our guns, it was astounding to see so many batteries here. From the ruins of Beaucamp I walked across to Flesquieres Ridge. To the left of me was the wood of Trescault, and higher up Havrincourt Wood and the Château of Havrincourt, which is still standing, though in ruins. Outside the village, where there are roofless houses and standing walls, unlike villages in the Flanders fighting, which have only a stone or two and a stick or two to mark their site, the battle picture was the most wonderful thing I have seen in this war, wonderful because very strange.

The war in South Africa was fought before intense bombardments, as we know them, had been invented, and the fighting must have been like this. The country in our lines and the enemy's is rolling, unpitted by those great cavities which mark the Flemish battlefields for miles. It was dotted about with camps, horses, guns, gun-limbers, transport, and all the movement of an army in action.

Tanks Rest for New Advance.

A number of tanks were on the battlefield "resting" awhile for another advance. The strange gray masses in the pale light of morning were scarcely visible at any distance. I spoke to one of the pilots. "How are you doing?" I asked. "We are giving them merry hell," he said. "It is our day out."

He was thoroughly pleased with himself, and only sorry that his tank was temporarily indisposed. As I stood looking down on the battle, seeing only gunfire and nothing of the infantry in the thistles, though I was very close, I heard the awful sweep of machine-gun fire from the flanks of the tanks. It was answered by machine guns from the enemy redoubts in Lateau Wood, where there was heavy fighting going on, and in Flesquieres Village, on the height of the crest in front of where I stood.

Few Shells From the Enemy.

It was a very dreadful sound in one steady blast of fire from many of those weapons, from hundreds of them, and broken into by a sharp staccato hammering, like a coffin maker with his tacks, from single machine guns closer to the captured ground. Hardly a shell-burst came from the enemy's side, I think. I saw only a dozen big shells burst anywhere near the British batteries, though the fire of shrapnel was greater over the lines of advance—greater, but with nothing like the intensity of the battle up north. It was clear at a glance that the enemy was weak in artillery.

One of the battalions, Royal Fusiliers, gained their objectives without a single casualty. Other battalions of English county regiments had very light losses, and they were mostly from machine gun bullets. At the field dressing station on the southern part of the attack they had only received 200 walking wounded by 11 o'clock in the morning, five hours or so after the battle began. They were very few as battles go now, but I hated to see those poor fellows coming out of the fighting and making their way down in long, long trails to the dressing station. Some of them could hardly hobble, and every few hundred yards had to sit down and rest against a bank of sunken road.

Some of them were helped down by German prisoners, and it was queer to see a Tommy with his arms around the necks of two Germans, German wounded helped down by British men less hurt than they walked in the same way, with their arms around the necks of their enemies, and sometimes English and German soldiers came along together very slowly, arm in arm, like old cronies.

Most of the prisoners on my side of the battlefield were from the 20th Landwehr Division, which had relieved the 54th overnight. They were Brunswick men, and oldish fellows. Through fields of thistles came single figures and little groups of wounded, and on the sides of some of the tracks were groups of prisoners with their guards, and on the ground badly wounded men on stretchers waiting for relays of stretcher bearers or ambulances. Some of the ambulance drivers were wonderful, and drove within a few hundred yards of the battle to pick up fallen men.

In spite of their pain and weariness, the wounded always had a cheery word to say. "How is it going?" I asked, and man after man said: "Oh, it's splendid. We're doing grand! The boys are going straight on." One man, a Cockney fellow, wounded in the leg, kept a group of comrades halted for a rest on their way back in roars of laughter as he described his adventures of the morning and how he was hit by a German sniper who suddenly appeared out of a trench. He used lurid language, but was so comical and honest a fellow that a padre standing near joined in the shouts of laughter that followed his monologue. This padre and others this morning went very close to the lines with hot coffee and brandy in their flasks to meet the wounded and help them.

One of the wonders of the day was the work of the British airmen. Just after dawn they came flying overhead so low that they seemed to make a breeze over my steel hat, so low that they waved hands to the infantry and shouted cheery words to them as they went through the enemy's lines. In the air the enemy was stone dead this morning. He had been caught napping in the sky as well as on the earth.

In strategy, it seems to me, the battle may prove the best adventure we have had. The enemy was utterly deceived.

Berlin Announces Wide French Drive on the Aisne; Troops Attacked on Less Than a Mile Front, Says Paris

BERLIN, Nov. 21, (via London.)—The French opened a strong attack on the Germans on a six-mile front north of the Aisne this afternoon, according to the official report from General Headquarters tonight. The report says:

This afternoon streng French advances commenced on the front from Craonne to Berry-au-Bac.

The earlier statement issued at Army Headquarters on the fighting along the French front says:

Near and south of St. Quentin the battle of artillery and mine-throwers was increased at times. An attack by the French in the evening north of Allancourt was repulsed. Heavy firing in the fighting areas continued until midnight and then diminished. This morning it was again begun with great intensity near Riencourt.

There was increased fighting activity northeast of Pinon and east of Craonne. On the eastern bank of the Meuse, after the repulse of a French advance at Chaume Wood in the morning hours, the firing was not again revived throughout the day.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—French troops today attacked in the Juvincourt region north of Craonnne and Berry-au-Bac on a front of about five-eighths of a mile and penetrated the German positions to an average depth of about 400 yards, capturing strong defenses and taking 175 German prisoners, according to the official communication issued tonight. The bulletin reads:

West of the Miette River we attacked today at about 3 o'clock on the salient of the German line to the south of Juvincourt. On a front of about one kilometer and to an average depth of 400 meters our troops reached all their objectives and captured strong enemy defenses. In the course of the operation we took 175 prisoners.

Between the Miette and the Aisne Rivers our patrols brought back about forty prisoners. The artillery activity has been spirited in all this region.

On both banks of the Meuse several attempts against our small posts were stopped by our fire.

In Upper Alsace a surprise attack by the enemy to the north of Largitzen failed.

HOW THE CAVALRY WENT IN

Dashed After Tanks and Infantry and Charged Enemy Batteries.

TANKS NUMBERED HUNDREDS

Squadrons of Land Battleships Had a General to Command Them.

HIS TERSE ORDER OBEYED

It Was: "We Expect Every Tank to Do Its Damnedest," and They Did.

Take 10 Big Guns that Fired on the Tanks at Close Range

By The Associated Press.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Nov. 21.—In severe hand-to-hand fighting at Flesquieres today British troops, preceded by tanks, stormed the town.

The Germans fired on the tanks with seven big guns at short range. The British infantry charged the guns, captured them, and killed the crews.

Three other big guns were captured in a similar manner at Premy Chappelle.

British cavalry captured a battery at Rumilly, sabring the crews.

Second Stage of the Battle.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Wednesday Night, Nov. 21.—In my earlier messages, which were held back for military reasons of the soundest kind, I was able to give only an outline and a beginning of the most striking strategical blow the British have inflicted on the enemy. Now, after hours spent in the area of fighting at Ribecourt and Flesquieres Ridge, with the battle in progress to the left, where the great Bois de Bourlon dominates the ground, I am able to give more details about this dramatic adventure of our troops. There is no longer any need of secrecy.

I have already told how we surprised the enemy by the stealthiness of our preparation, by the absence of all shell fire from batteries moved up to new positions in darkness, and by the skilful distribution of bodies of troops in well chosen positions. What I was not able to tell earlier was that a mass of cavalry was also brought up and hidden very close to the enemy's lines, ready to make a sweeping drive should the Hindenburg line be pierced and broken by the advance of the tanks over the great belts of barbed wire and the deep, wide trenches of the strongest lines on the western front.

Yesterday I saw the cavalry in all this country waiting for their orders to saddle up and get their first great chance. I was astounded to see them there and was stirred by a great thrill of excitement, not without some tragic foreboding, because after seeing much of the war on this front and coming straight from Flanders with its terrifying artillery and frightful barrages it seemed to me incredible that after all cavalry should ride out into the open and round up the enemy. I had seen the Hindenburg lineup by Bullecourt and Queant and knew the strength of it and the depth of the barbed wire belts that surround it.

Horsemen in Gay Spirits.

The cavalry were in the highest spirits and full of tense expectation. Young cavalry officers galloped past smiling, and called out a cheery "Good morning," like men who have good sport ahead. In the folds of land toward the German lines there were thousands of cavalry horses, massed in parks, with their horse artillery limbered up, and ready for their ride.

All through yesterday morning the infantry officers and men taking part in the advance were asked the question, "When are the cavalry going through?" and then I heard the news: "The cavalry are through." With all my heart and soul I wished them luck on the ride.

This morning very early, in the steady rain and wet mist, I saw squadrons of them going into action, and it was the most stirring sight I had seen for many a long day in this war, one which I sometimes thought I should never live to see. They rode past me as I walked along the road through our newly captured ground and across the Hindenburg line. They streamed by at a quick trot and the noise of the horses' hoofs was a strange, rushing sound.

Rain slashed down upon their steel hats, their capes were glistening, and mud was flung up to the horses' flanks, as in long columns they went up and down the rolling country and cantered

up the steep track, making a wide curve around two great mine craters in roads which the enemy had blown up in his retreat. It was a wonderful picture to see and remember.

Other squadrons of cavalry had already gone ahead and had been fighting in the open country since midday yesterday after crossing the bridges at Masnières and Marcoing, which the enemy did not have time to destroy. They had done well. One squadron rode down a battery of German guns, and a patrol had ridden into Flesquieres Village, when the Germans were still there. Still other bodies of cavalry had swept around German machine-gun emplacements and German villages and drawn many prisoners into their net.

The drama was far beyond the most fantastic imagination. This attack on the Hindenburg lines before Cambrai has never been approached on the western front, and the first act began when the tanks moved forward before dawn toward the long, wide belts of wire, which they had to destroy before the rest could follow.

Order Tanks to Do Their "Damnedest."

These squadrons of tanks were led into action by the General commanding their corps, who carried his flag on his own tank—a most gallant man, full of enthusiasm for his monsters and their brave crews, and determined that this day should be theirs. To every officer and man of the tanks he sent this order of the day before the battle:

"The Tank Corps expects that every tank this day will do its damnedest."

They did. As the pilot of one of them told me, they "played merry hell." They moved forward in small groups, several hundreds of them, rolled down the German wire, trampled down its lines, and then crossed the deep gulf of the Hindenburg main line, pitching their noses downward as they drew their long bodies over the parapets, rearing up again with their long forward reach of body, and heaving themselves on to the ground beyond.

The German troops knew nothing of the fate that awaited them until out of the gloom of dawn they saw these great numbers of gray inhuman creatures bearing down upon them, crushing down their wire, crossing their impregnable lines, firing fiercely from their flanks, and sweeping the trenches with machine gun bullets.

Seemed A Nightmare to Germans.

A German officer whom I saw today, one out of thousands of prisoners who have been taken, described his own sensations. At first he could not believe his eyes. He seemed in some horrible nightmare and thought he had gone mad. After that from his dugout he watched all the tanks trampling about, crunching down the wire, heaving themselves across his trenches and searching about for machine-gun emplacements, while his men ran about in terror, trying to avoid the bursts of fire and crying out in surrender.

"What could we do!" said this officer and others. "We could do nothing. We were amazed by the mobility of the tanks, by their dreadful power, and our men would not stand against them."

All the German officers expressed their admiration of the attack, both by the tanks and infantry, and of the strategical idea of it. "A brilliant attack," they say, and, after all, they know best as the victims of it.

Cavalry Active in Open Fighting.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Nov. 21.—Thousands of British cavalry were co-operating today with the great army of tanks and infantry in continuing the successful assault begun yesterday by the British troops against the Hindenburg defenses over a wide front in the Cambrai section.

Open fighting has been going on at many places since yesterday, and the horse troopers, who had waited long for a chance to vindicate their existence in this war, have been rendering invaluable services in 'mopping up' the enemy territory.

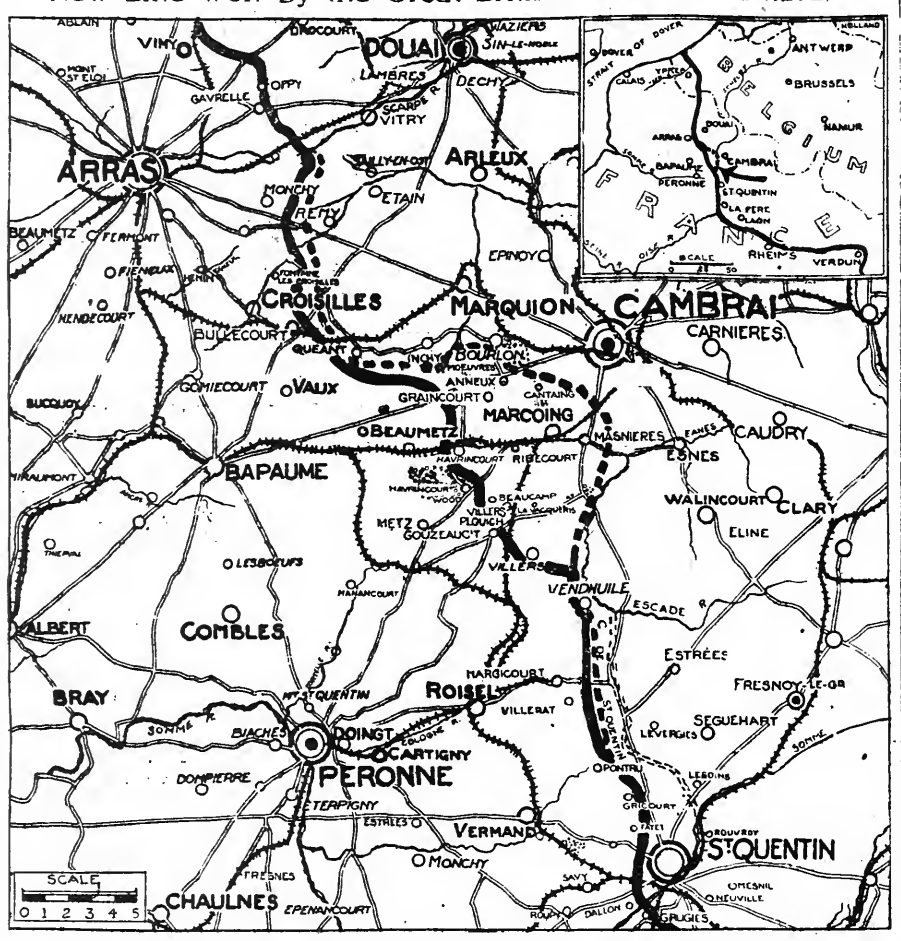
Bitter fighting occurred at many places, but the British forces, which up to this morning had penetrated strong German positions for a distance of some five miles, were still pushing onward this afternoon. Masnieres, Marcoing, Ribecourt, Havrincourt, Graincourt, and Flesquieres all lay behind the advancing troops, and by noon the cavalry was to be seen drawing in on the Bourlon Wood, which lies west of Cambrai and dominates that town.

The Masnieres - Beaurivior line of trenches was penetrated today. Many guns have been gathered in by the British. Thousands of Germans were in the British cages this morning for any one who cared to visit them. The German losses have been heavy. At least four divisions of German infantry have been badly smashed since the fighting began.

Large numbers of civilians have already been released from captured towns. About 500 were brought back from Masnieres, and other places furnished their quotas of noncombatants, who received their deliveries with rejoicing.

To General Byng, who fought on the Gallipoli Peninsula, and who won fame as the commander of the Canadians who took the Vimy Ridge on the western front, falls the honor of having planned and successfully carried out the present drive, in which tanks and the cavalry have played such a leading part. General Byng staked his chances on the tanks, and the tanks made good beyond the wildest expectations.

New Line Won by the Great British Drive on Cambrai



The broken line indicates approximately the position reached by Field Marshal Haig's advance, which began early Tuesday morning and has penetrated at one point (Cantaing) to within less than three miles of Cambria. The drive at Cambria imperils the entire Hindenburg line from St. Quentin to the sea.

The inserted map shows the general configuration of the western front.

FIRST BRITISH RUSH OVERWHELMED THE FOE

Taken by Surprise, Many Germans Were Captured in Their Dugouts.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Tuesday, Nov. 20, (via London, Nov. 21.)—The redoubtable Hindenburg line in the Cambrai sector was broken in many places today by the great force of the British tanks, and this afternoon the infantry which followed through the gaps was still battling its way forward.

The surprise attack was launched at dawn over a wide front. In the first few hours its progress was marked with evident success, and up to the latest reports received at this time, (4 P. M.,) it had been moving along regularly according to schedule.

The resistance offered by the dazed Germans this morning was negligible, and by noon British pioneers already were at work laying roads across the old front line trenches, while prisoners in considerable numbers had begun to come back from various directions.

The casualties of the attacking forces thus far have been light. Great numbers of German dead lie before the main Hindenburg trench where the bewildered enemy, taken unawares, made a half-hearted attempt to stem the onrushing Britons.

The battle was an innovation for the western front, for it was begun without any preliminary artillery work. Upon the army tanks rested the responsibility for victory or defeat, and they fulfilled all expectations. The iron giants went through the tremendous line of barbed wire entaglements in front of the main Hindenburg positions and on over the trenches as if they were on parade.

The tanks started forward at 6:20 o'clock, and by 11:30 o'clock the British infantry, which had swarmed into the holes made by the mighty engines, was engaging the enemy in open fighting along the Hindenburg support line back of the main defenses at many points. Up to noon there had been no hard fighting, and the German artillery fire had been very weak. The Germans surrendered freely in numerous places.

Two attempted counterattacks were smashed by the British infantry in the early hours, one in a tunnel trench near Bullecourt, the other at Havrincourt Park, where one company of Germans essayed an advance.

The tanks this afternoon, followed by infantry, were continuing their journey into German territory.

Germans Admitted Surprise.

Prisoners admit ruefully that the attack was a surprise to them and caught many of them in their dugouts. The secrecy with which the British made their preparations was one of the most striking features of the offensive. Guns, tanks, and troops were moved into the Cambrai sector at night and carefully hidden during the day.

Up to the actual hour of the British attack there were moments when great stillness reigned over the battle front, and it seemed impossible that within a short time the line would be seething. At 6:20 o'clock a long line of tanks, distributed over a wide front, started forward. At the same time the British infantry on each side of the land monitors made threats at the German line.

Within a few seconds the entire enemy front for a distance of many miles was flaming with variegated signals which called frantically for help from the German gunners in the rear. Red, green, white, and blue lights shot up in every direction, and the rockets showered a myriad of stars down through the gloom, like a mammoth display of fireworks.

The dismay of the Germans was blazed across the sky as clearly in this unforgettable whirlwind of pyrotechnics as if their higher command had announced it officially. Their guns came into action, first one, then half a dozen, then scores, but their fire was weak. They were not prepared for such an eventuality or they would have shown it in their artillery work.

The British big guns soon began to break the silence on their side, not in the form of a barrage fire, but in counter-battery work. Meanwhile the tanks rolled on over what was virtually a virgin battlefield.

Few Officers Knew Full Plan.

For weeks the process of concentrating men and guns for this great attack had been going on, and so carefully had it been done that comparatively few officers in the British army knew what was transpiring. It was a startling move on the part of Field Marshal Haig to open battle so quickly on a quiet part of the line, far removed from the "cockpit of Europe" around Ypres. For many months there had been nothing more than occasional raids, with now and then a flurry of artillery fire in the Cambrai sector.

This morning before daybreak things were moving along at much the same pace. The Germans had evinced some nervousness during the night, and for a few minutes, about 5:30 o'clock in the morning, dropped a barage along a section where it probably appeared as if the British might be planning a raid. The enemy estimate had been looking for something of this nature, but that they did not expect a battle was clearly evident.

The correspondent reached a point near the British line a little after 6 o'clock. At that hour there was very little artillery work on either side. Machine guns occasionally broke out as sentries on one side or the other thought they saw a head over a trench top.

Then came a period of almost absolute stillness. Suddenly the long line of British tanks moved forward, and in a moment the signal lights of the Germans shot high in the air. The British troops came out of their shelters and with fixed bayonets and grenades followed the tanks swiftly toward the enemy barriers.

The ground was firm and covered with long grass. There were few big shell holes, such as are to be seen in Flanders, for comparatively little artillery work had been done against this sector. It was ideal going for the big land monitors, and they made the most of it. As they started forward, the British put up a heavy screen of smoke all about them, so that it was impossible for the enemy to see them many yards away.

The tanks reached the German outpost line in front of the main line, and without stopping surged through it toward the barbed wire entanglements, their guns working steadily all the while. Here was a point where it had been feared they might encounter difficulties, but they did not. They crashed through the barbed wire, and at 7:20 o'clock the British infantrymen were going through the gaps thus made.

At 7:47 o'clock the infantry, operating just west of Havrincourt, had swarmed up the elevation known as Mount Vesuvius. A few minutes later this knoll was blown up, having been mined by the Germans. At 8:34 seven tanks and infantry were seen in the Havrincourt station. In evacuating Havrincourt the Germans did comparatively little damage and the place had not suffered severely from shell fire. It is in much better condition than many of the towns which saw the bitter fighting of the Somme battle last year.

Few, if any, German airplanes ventured over the British lines this morning. There was considerable fog, and this, added to the smoke barrage, made observation practically impossible for them. British airplanes were operating in large numbers, flying in most cases within a few yards of the ground.

The fighting was still continuing this (Tuesday) afternoon.

ONLY 5 GERMAN AIRMEN IN THE CAMBRAI BATTLE

British Are Active, Despite Rain and Mist—Eleven of them Are Missing.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—An official statement on aviation operations issued tonight said that only five German machines were seen on the Cambrai battlefront yesterday. The British machines worked against the difficulties of mist and rain and eleven of them are missing. The statement reads:

"On Tuesday our airplanes attempted to work throughout the day in conjunction with our operations between St. Quentin and the River Scarpe. Low clouds of mist and a strong westerly wind, with an occasional drizzle of rain throughout the day, made it necessary for our patrols to fly fifty feet from the ground. Even at that height they were at times quickly lost in the mist.

"Continued attempts were made to maintain contact with our advancing troops, but this was rendered almost impossible by the weather conditions. Many bombs were dropped on enemy batteries, lorries, airdromes, transports, and railways. Batteries and small groups of infantry were attacked with machine gun fire. Very valuable information was gained despite the very difficult weather conditions.

"Only five hostile machines were seen all day on the battlefront. Eleven of our machines are missing, their loss being due to the mist and exceptionally low height at which they were compelled to fly."

"WHAT NEXT?" LONDON ASKS.

Victory Heralded as Forerunner of Still Bigger Things.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig thrilled the British nation with his announcement of perhaps the most striking victory yet achieved on the western front, and certainly, owing to the novel phases of the British attack, a victory reviving hope at a gloomy period of the war.

"The Hindenburg line smashed" was the giant heading in the evening papers and it aptly focused the point, engaging public interest and attention. Although there was no bell ringing or other marked sign of public jubilation, wherever men gathered there was acclamation of the brilliant achievement of Field Marshal Haig and General Byng and discussion of the surprising features of the attack.

These were, first, its secrecy and surprise to the enemy; second, astonishment at the number and the novel employment of tanks, and third, the absence of artillery preparation and the customary barrage fire to assist the infantry advance. There were many guesses why the tremendous German offensive organizations in the attacked area, in the words of one commentator, "melted away" before the British onset.

Everywhere the victory was heralded as the forerunner of still bigger things, and the question, "What next?" was on everybody's lips. General Byng is the hero of the hour—the honor of planning and carrying out the stroke is credited to him—and his picture and a sketch of his career appear in all the papers.

The Hindenburg, or Siegfried, line, which was thus breached, was believed by the Germans to be strong enough to hold back the world armies. Its triple cordon of separate trench systems had a central line with a great tunnel, with openings at frequent intervals, making it unnecessary for the troops to move above ground, thus keeping the garrison safe under the heaviest gunfire. It is believed that much of this tunnel is now in the possession of the British.

BIGGEST ALLIED DRIVE, WASHINGTON BELIEVES

Object Is Relief of Pressure on Italy and Perhaps Saloniki, Officers Think.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21. — Official Washington was deeply stirred today as press bulletins began to unfold the scope of the smashing British victory on the western front.

While army officers were cautious in commenting on the significance of the drive in the absence of official reports, it was plainly evident in all quarters that, on the face of press reports, officials generally regarded this as the greatest blow dealt the Germans since the war started. They were especially inspired by the dash and power displayed by Field Marshal Haig's great war machine as the brief bulletins from the front pictured events from hour to hour.

There were hints in some quarters of previous information indicating that a shortage of ammunition contributed to the German defeat. According to this view, the German western line has been stripped of ammunition reserve and men from the strategic reserves to build up the machine which rolled back the Italian line.

The German High Command, it was said in this connection, had counted absolutely upon Winter and the transfer of French and British forces to support the shaken Italian lines as making impossible any major offensive on the Western front at this time.

The daring displayed by the British in launching their greatest assault of the war without artillery preparation was freely commented on by officers. It is the first time assaults upon thoroughly organised trench lines have ever been made except after the guns had blasted a way through for the infantry. The use of the tanks to clear away barbed wire entanglements and presumably to batter down "pill boxes," and other strong points also was a novel procedure. The success of the movement probably depended wholly upon the complete surprise, which was possible only by moving forward without the usual accompaniment of artillery fire.

Officers here have discussed frequently, in the last few months, the possibility of restoring the element of surprise attack in trench operations in just this way. Some have thought it could be done, while others held that without destruction of the barbed wire entanglement with high explosive shells, the infantry would be halted on its first rush. The use of the tanks solved this problem for the British.

There was much speculation tonight as to the immediate purpose of the attack. Officers were in agreement that it was designed to relieve pressure on the Italian front and probably also to prevent the carrying out of any plans the Germans might have had for an attack against the army holding the Saloniki front. On the press reports of the scope of the British victory, they were inclined to believe that these results had been accomplished.

Some officers here were hopeful that the drive would have the immediate effect of compelling the German High Command to abandon the Italian campaign or so reduce its forces there that the combined Italian, British, and French armies could drive the Teutons back into the mountains.

GERMANS LOSE HEAVILY IN VERDUN ATTACKS

Numerous Fruitless Assaults and Raids by Crown Prince Forces Cost Them Many Men.

By G. H. PERRIS.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Tuesday, Nov. 20, (via London, Nov. 21.)—There is no peace for Verdun. The great advance of Aug. 20, which brought the French very near to their old positions occupied before the enterprise of the Crown Prince in February, 1916, left the enemy at a serious disadvantage as regards observatories and defensive lines. Unable now to attempt a grand operation, he has made many efforts in detail to recover some of the strong points lost.

While these constant actions keep the French forces engaged, they are very costly to the Germans and have brought no other result. Between Sept. 9 and Oct. 21 last fighting of importance took place on twenty-one days and included five powerful German attacks.

On the first day named the enemy, with four battalions and a body of specially assault troops in the front line, tried to capture Hill 344. On Sept. 24 a division was thrown forward between Fosses and Chaume Woods, which now form a northeastern bastion of the French positions on the right bank of the Meuse, a double plateau lying between the villages of Beaumont and Ornes. On Oct. 1, with three battalions and two bodies of special assault troops in the front line, a determined advance was made between Hill 344 and Samogneux, and the French then lost a short piece of trench. On Oct. 21 a strong but fruitless attack was made on the east flank of the Chaume plateau.

The proportions of the world war being what they are, it is impossible to publish descriptions of battles such as these. It is, however, a fact that the French have engaged on the right bank of the Meuse during the last Summer, including only one grand offensive, more divisions than during the latter half of last year, when they carried out the large operations by which Douaumont and Vaux, Louvemont and Bezonvaux were reconquered.

The usury of enemy strength has certainly been higher. We know that, while seventy-six divisions were used up on the Verdun front last year—that is, eight per month for the active period—twenty-four divisions have been exhausted in two months of this Autumn.

There is a significant difference between the tactics of the opposing armies which largely accounts for this difference of results. The major operations of the French have not been frequent, but have been so minutely and powerfully organized as to yield considerable victories at the smallest cost.

The Germans have long been unable to spare means for a large offensive at Verdun, and their smaller attacks have given no results worth mentioning. Even in local actions and raids, such as the one successfully carried out in the Chaume sector yesterday, there is in the French method a combination of deliberation beforehand and dash in execution that appears to show clear superiority.

ARDENNE SCORNED TANKS.

German Critic Only Recently Wrote Disparagingly of Them.

By G. H. PERRIS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Nov. 21.—I notice that in his last military article in the Berliner Tageblatt, General von Ardenne writes scornfully of the British tanks' rôle, which he imagined was probably finished. This is not the opinion of the higher German Generals, who were experimenting not long ago with a tank of their own.

The tank is passing out of the first experimental stage. Its necessary limitations are known, its unnecessary weaknesses are being remedied. It may now be admitted that the French tanks, which are smaller than and differ otherwise from the British, did not give entire satisfaction on their first trial, in April. Since that time they have done very good service. Many material improvements have been made in their mechanism and armament.

Above all a tactical system is being gradually evolved, as understanding of the methods of using this weapon and of its relation to infantry and other arms develops.

During the late French offensive there were hardly any losses in this service, and some notable feats were accomplished, particularly in breaking up machine gun pests and in attacking German batteries, of which the crews were unable to remove their pieces in time. A number of guns were captured in this way.

The tanks proved particularly useful also in exploring pieces of unknown ground and revealing their hidden dangers and during short pauses between the stages of the French advance, in going forward and preventing a rally by the enemy. On the shell-shattered plateau around Fort Malmaison I was surprised to find how rapidly they had traversed ground so irregular and so deep in mud.

BYNG "COLONEL RENDEZVOUS."

Said to be the Original of One of H. G. Wells's Characters.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Great things have been expected from General Sir Julian Byng, and the boldness of the present operations on the western front reflects the greatest credit on his initiative. One of the British Army's chief cavalry officers, Sir Julian was a member of a group of brilliant soldiers known as "Kitchener's men."

At the start of the war he was called from an Egyptian command and put at the head of the 3d Cavalry Division under Sir Henry Rawlinson. He took a leading part in protecting the withdrawal of the Belgian Army. From France General Byng went to the Dardanelles and succeeded General Stopford in charge of operations at Suva Bay.

Sir Julian is said to be the original of Colonel Rendezvous in Wells's "Mr. Britling Sees It Through." Colonel Rendezvous, it may be remembered, is an apostle of efficiency and national service.

GERMANS WIDENED TRENCHES

Object Mainly Sought by Them Was to Frustrate the Tanks.

OTTAWA, Nov. 21.—The following dispatch from British Headquarters in France was received tonight at the office here of the Reuter Telegram Company:

"Rarely has there been a more dramatic stroke in war than that dealt to the Germans in the latest offensive. The great 'impregnable' Hindenburg line has been penetrated at a number of points, and it was primarily the tanks that did it.

"Along a large part of the central portion of this line is a great tunnel system with openings at frequent intervals. Each of three tunnels is protected by a belt of specially stout wire with intricate patterns all co-ordinated with machine-gun posts and strong redoubts, so that apparently the infantry could not approach any point without being swept by machine guns. The tanks 'walked' up to the tiers of wire, trampling it down and raking the trenches with their machine guns until resistance ceased and the enemy fled to his dugouts.

"The main Hindenburg trenches had been made especially wide for the express purpose of frustrating the tanks, but they were still not wide enough. The tanks rolled through over every obstacle, and the losses of infantry behind were almost unprecedentedly light."

PERSHING SEES THE BATTLE.

American Commander Guest at British Chief's Headquarters.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Nov. 21, (by The Associated Press.)—General Pershing, commander of the American forces in France, was present at the British Headquarters as the guest of Field Marshal Haig, the British commander, to witness the British offensive.

The American commander followed the novel battle with the deepest interest.

General Pershing left the Cambrai front last night, having spent the day with Field Marshal Haig. The American commander was close to the front during the early part of the operations.

Strongest German Defense Proved Vulnerable By the Use of Tanks in Haig's Surprise Attack

By A MILITARY EXPERT.

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The British operations which began on Tuesday morning have served to revolutionise all previously existing theories as to the possibilities that may be developed from trench warfare. It has always been considered that only by the weight of artillery could any impression be made on the German trench system in the west. Particularly was this true of the so-called Hindenburg line, a line selected with the utmost care, with particular reference to the adaptability of the terrain for defensive work.

This line, already strong by virtue of its topographical features, was greatly strengthened by artificial means, its entire front being covered by dense wire entanglements and abris.

There has been but one recognized way of breaking such a line, and that was by heavy artillery preparation, which would destroy the wire entanglements and so give the infantry a chance. The process was slow, expensive in men and material, and the individual gain in any one attack insignificant. It moreover had the disadvantage of serving notice upon the German commanders of the pending attack, and permitted them to mass troops to meet it.

The British, therefore, tried an experiment—for it was nothing more than an experiment—having for its object the breaking of the line solely through the element of surprise, reliance being placed on the tanks to open gaps in the wire entanglements through which the infantry could pass.

Accordingly, there was massed behind the line from the Village of Le Catelet to the Scarpe Valley a number of tanks, which were mostly moved in at night and skillfully camouflaged. Artillery was similarly moved up at night and placed so that it was completely missed by the German airmen. As a matter of fact, this particular section of the front had been quiet so long that it was probably free from observation.

Early Tuesday morning the tanks moved out across No Man's Land, and before the Germans in the supposedly impregnable trenches knew that an attack was pending these machines were straddling their trenches and the entanglements were gone. Through the huge gaps in the wire the British infantry poured. The wire which had been left in the spaces between the tanks was useless, the general effect being that of a sieve, a great many of the tanks being used, and the line being pierced by them in a great number of places.

Thus the British were able to cut in behind the wire which remained in what can best be described as a number of small flanking operations. The German defense was broken almost immediately, and a considerable stretch of the line thrown into a complete panic. The complete absence of artillery preparation gave the Germans no clue to what was happening. They had no idea what forces were opposed to them or what the object of the attack was. Their own artillery was silent since it had no target, and, as was the case of the infantry, knew nothing of the attack until it was too late.

The greatest British effort was directed along the railroad from Bapaume to Cambrai, which road passes through the village of Marcoing, along which line the German positions were penetrated to a depth of more than five miles. The British completed the occupation of Marcoing, at which point they came up to the Scheldt Canal, and pushed on. South of Marcoing the great bend of the canal was almost entirely occupied, while to the north and the eastern outskirts of Anneux were passed.

It is a significant fact that the British cavalry has been again thrown into action, which fact of itself shows the extent to which the Germans have been shattered. In the meantime, the offensive is still going on and the advance appears to be still unchecked.

While it is true that war on the western front is still to a considerable extent a war of attrition, and as such the results of any blow are largely determined by the relative casualties, this does not apply to this last operation. Other considerations far outweigh the number of prisoners taken or men killed.

The first consideration is the overwhelming success of a great experiment. Given a period of fair weather so that the ground offers good footing, the British, if they can conceal by natural cover or artificial means a concentration of tanks, have proved that they can ride roughshod over any defensive system the Germans can create, provided it is not held too heavily.

The Germans cannot hold their entire line in full strength. Even the divisions which are being withdrawn from the Russian front will not give them sufficient numbers for that. Consequently certain portions of the line must be held with a minimum number of troops while sectors showing greater activity are held in strength. The British intelligence system is sufficiently perfected to furnish information as to the approximate number of troops holding each section of the line.

It is, therefore, but a question of finding the weak spots, concentrating the tanks under cover of darkness, and sending them on. It is not too much to hope that the solution of the British defensive trench system has been found. Certainly nothing that has previously occurred on the western front has given ground for such great expectations.

Aside from this the territory gained is of vital importance in that it shakes the entire Hindenburg line from St. Quentin to the sea. This line demands great bases with good lines paralleling the front. Of the chain Cambrai is a necessary link, and the German possession of Cambrai is seriously threatened. Indeed, its use as a base is already seriously impaired by being brought under the close fire of guns of even moderate calibre.

AMERICAN LIEUTENANT RESCUES A SOLDIER

Dashes Across Open Space Under German Fire and Brings Back Marooned Private.

By The Associated Press.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 21. — The American army was thrilled today by the heroic action of a young Lieutenant in saving the life of a soldier. A private, a member of a patrol, lost his way and went to sleep in a shell crater in No Man's Land last night. The patrol returned, and it was found he was missing.

At daylight the Germans saws the American soldier near the line and opened fire with rifles and grenades. The soldiers remained in the crater.

A Lieutenant, whose home is in ——, Wyoming, saw that the man was in danger of immediate death. He went out over No Man's Land through a hail of enemy machine gun bullets several hundred yards, got the soldiers, and led him back.

The soldier said that when he looked over the top of the shell crater the enemy saw him immediately, and the first bullets and grenades nearly got him.

The attention of the Lieutenant was attracted by the firing, and through field glasses he saw the shrapnel helmet of the man in the crater. He gave orders for no rifle or machine-gun fire on the enemy lines, and then started out, making part of the way through a depression in the ground. The Germans turned their attention to him, and for some minutes bullets whizzed on all sides, but none hit him. The soldier said that he did not know in what direction him own lines were. Otherwise he would have tried to get to them himself.

Many American patrols recently have displayed considerable daring. One got so close to the enemy lines that the men could hear a German singing and also heard an officer swearing at the driver of a supply wagon.

Another relief has taken place on the American sector. It was accomplished successfully and without the knowledge of the enemy. The troops to be relieved left their positions in small groups over a certain period of time. After all were out they were taken on trucks to their billets, which were reached at night during a rain.

The relieved units were in good health and good spirits. The only complaint heard was that they had not had enough action.

AMERICANS TRAIN FOR AMBUSH FIGHTS

By The Associated Press.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Tuesday, Nov. 20.—Only the fact that the Germans failed to venture into No Man's Land on a recent night saved them from an American surprise. One hundred and sixty men of the first battalions to enter the trenches for a week were given special training and, after being transported to the front, crawled across No Man's Land and took positions in front of and in the German wire entanglements at a point where it had been discovered the enemy came out every night.

Each man had been trained in a special task, and the entire unit had rehearsed the part it intended to play under conditions similar to those in front of the German lines. The Americans reached the position soon after dark and remained in waiting all night, but not one German appeared either there or, as far as is known, at any place in No Man's Land.

The plan was to allow several groups of ten to fifteen Germans each to emerge and meet as a rendezvous. Then the Americans would fall upon the enemy and repay them fully for recent trench raids.

A cold which a soldier had caught in the trenches brought him a wound in the hand and gave way to a cough. A patrol of an ambuscade on another night. An American patrol had arranged an ambush near a shell-ruined farm house in No Man's Land. Several of the Americans had colds and coughs, but managed to control them. Finally, when the shadowy forms of an enemy patrol were seen approaching, one of the Americans coughed. The enemy patrol promptly disappeared toward its own lines, from which there soon afterward came a hail of machine-gun bullets, one hitting the man who had coughed.

The first American regimental colors to be carried on the battlefront in France has been returned to regimental headquarters. Written on it in ink over the signature of the French commander is a certification that this was the first American flag to reach the front lines. The flag did not fly at the front, as no flags are exhibited there. It actually was carried, however, to a dugout in the rear of the second line, remaining there several days.

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FORBIDS GERMANY SOCIETY OF NATIONS

Clemenceau Points to Belgium to Show Her Word Could Not Be Trusted.

ANNOUNCES HIS WAR AIM

It Is Not to Establish a World League, but to be Victor, Premier Tells Deputies.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—Premier Clemenceau, replying in the Chamber of Deputies to Deputy Pierre Forgeot, who asked what he thought of a "Society of Nations," said:

"Ah, yes. I know we live in a time when the word is a great power. There are many, including even men of great mind, who believe that words have the power to liberate.

"No! The same words have been discussed by humanity since the beginning of its existence. The word 'right,' the word 'justice,' the word 'liberty' are words as old as man. You can say nothing that has not already been said. You may at the utmost ask me for action. That is what I am here for.

"You believe that the formula of a society of nations can solve everything. But it is necessary to understand what it means. There is at the Quay d'Orsay a commission named by M. Ribot to prepare the organisation of the society of nations, composed of most competent men, masters of international law, MM. Bourgeois, Renault, Lavisse, and other eminent minds, whose worth no one will contest.

"Well! They are preparing the society of nations. The truth is, many thinkers, philosophers, Deputies, Senators, politicians, and Frenchmen are convinced that some miracle will suddenly produce the society of nations. I do not believe that the society of nations is the necessary conclusion of the present war. One of my reasons is that if you propose to me tomorrow to bring Germany into this society of nations I would not consent to do so.

"What guarantee would you offer me? You would offer me the guarantee of a signature. Go and ask the Belgians what they think of Germany's signature.

"To found the society of nations, we must have peoples capable of liberating themselves. That is why you are always obliged in all of your hypotheses to begin by saying, 'Germany herself will break up Prussian militarism.' The terrible thing about it is that she does not break it up and that she makes an instrument of it. Then, because you see imperfectly ahead of you the realization of a hypothesis, that is always at the hypothetical stage, you pretend that we undertake engagements when we cannot do so without detriment to the spirit that enables us to continue the war."

PARIS, Tuesday, Nov. 20, (Delayed.)—The war aim of Premier Clemenceau is to be a victor, he told the Chamber of Deputies today.

"If Germany tomorrow expressed a wish to enter into the society of nations, I would not agree," M. Clemenceau said, "for Germany's signature cannot be trusted. You ask what my war aims are? My aim is to be a victor."

During interpellations after the Ministerial declaration Deputy Pierre Forgeot demanded the firm handling of the political scandals. He declared that Louis J. Malvy, ex-Minister of the Interior, was a traitor or else Leon Daudet, Malvy's accuser, was a scoundrel. He demanded that the connection with the scandals of Joseph Caillaux, the ex-Premier, should be made clear.

Premier Clemenceau made an approving gesture and M. Caillaux applauded, but the Premier in reply refused to enter into details. He assured the Chamber that justice would be dealt rapidly and relentlessly for crimes against the country. The Premier expressed sympathy with the Socialists and Idealists, but declared that experimenta were impossible in war time. He turned the laugh on some of his Interrupters by saying that the only advantage of old age was that one became deaf.

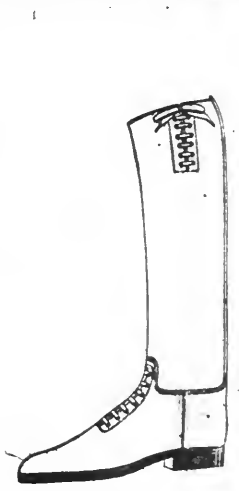
BRITISH ARMY NOW BEFORE JERUSALEM

Infantry In Action Six Miles To West and Five Miles to Northwest of Holy City.

BERLIN, Nov. 21, (via London.)—In Palestine have advanced five miles northwest of Jerusalem, the War Office announces. The statement follows:

There is no change in the situation north of Jafia. On Monday Kuryet-el-Enad, six miles west of Jerusalem, was carried at the point of the bayonet by territorial infantry, and Beit Likia, some five miles to the northwest, was occupied by Scottish troops.

Yesterday our mounted troops were in contact with the enemy four miles west of Bireh, on the Jerusalem-Shechem Road.



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U. S. Navy Surgeon Dies in Ireland.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The Navy Department was notified today of the death of Assistant Surgeon Dudley W. Queen, which occurred in Ireland Nov. 20, 1917. Surgeon Queen was born at Granger, Texas, on March 5, 1886, and was serving on the U. S. S. Cassin at the time of his death.

A Client Called Up

last week to tell us that a small fire in her home had destroyed her receipt for payment on some Liberty Bonds. Fortunately the receipt could be replaced but she might easily have lost the actual securities.

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UKRAINE RECALLS TROOPS

360,000 Men, It Is Said, Will Leave, Seriously Crippling the Army.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—A Petrograd message, received by the British Admiralty by wireless press, says:

"A political communiqué states that by order of the All-Russian Workmen's and Soldiers' Congress, the Council of 'The People's Commissaries' had assumed power, with obligation to offer all the peoples and their respective governments an immediate armistice on all fronts, with the purpose of opening pourparlers immediately for the conclusion of a 'democratic peace.'

"When the power of the council is firmly established throughout the country, the council will, without delay, make a formal offer of an armistice to all the belligerents, enemy and ally. A draft message to this effect has been sent to all the Peoples' Commissaries for foreign affairs and to all the plenipotentiaries and representatives of allied nations in Petrograd.

"The council also has sent orders to 'the citizen Commander in Chief' that after receiving the present message he shall approach the commanding authorities of the enemy armies with an offer of a cessation of all hostile activities for the purpose of opening peace pourparlers, and that he shall, first, keep the council constantly informed by direct wire of pourparlers with the enemy armies, and second, that he shall sign the preliminary act only after approval by the Commissaries Council.

"The communiqué is signed by Oulianoff-Lenine, President of the Commissaries' Council; Trotzky, Commissary of Foreign Affairs; Krylenko, Commissary of War; Boutch-Brueyiten, Chairman of the Council, and Gorgounoff, Secretary."

The Military Chief of the district of Kiev and the temporary Governor, with their staffs, are reported to have left their posts. Ukrainian commissaries have been appointed to succeed them and they have confirmed the independence of the Ukraine.

Three hundred and sixty thousand Ukrainian troops are said to have been recalled from the front. This is commented upon here as meaning a serious crippling of the army and the possible opening of the front to the enemy.

The Foreign Office has been taken over by Leon Trotzky, Sub-Secretary Neratoff, who has had charge since the arrest of M. Terestchenko, formally surrendering control and departing along with the other employes. Military staff headquarters' work is reported to be at a standstill, except the business of army supply.

The Volna Narodna says that within a few days Lenine and Trotzky will announce the successful establishment of a Workmen's and a Peasants' government, after which it is hoped that foreign Governments will enter into official negotiations through the new Foreign Minister.

Wealthy Classes Warned.

The Bolsheviki have issued a warning to the "wealthy classes and their servitors," whom the Extremists accuse of inciting strikes in the State and municipal service. The warning says:

"You are playing with fire. You will be the first to suffer from the famine that is threatening the country and the army. You will be deprived of the right of receiving products. All your stores will be requisitioned and your property confiscated."

The Bolesheviki leaders are holding out to their supporters the hope that the proletariat of other countries will start sympathetic revolutions on the Russian model. Thus their decree says:

"The German and Austrian Socialists hail the Boleshevik revolution. The French Socialists greet the Bolesheviki in their newspapers."

A number of anarchist newspapers in Petrograd are now openly urging the abolition of all authority of any kind.

A Bolshevik Commissioner visited the State Bank today with the object of opening the Treasury safes, but withdrew after the workmen and soldiers on guard had oeclined to permit this violation of State property.

The archives in the storeroom of the national police department have been turned over officially to the new authorities, including money aggregating 160,000 rubles.

The wife of Premier Kerensky is reported to have been arrested by members of the Red Guard while tearing down Bolsheviki posters in which Kerensky was referred to in uncomplimentary terms.

A breach in the Workmen's and Soldiers' organizations throughout the country is threatened through the existence of two central committees, each claiming authority as the duly constituted body and denying the rights of the other. The new Central Committee appointed by the recent Congress of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, and which gave birth to the present governmental régime, assumes to supersede another similar organization which dates back to the months immediately following the March revolution. These bodies are currently referred to as the first and second Central Committees.

The second Central Committee, it is announced today, purposes to assemble all the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates who took no part in the last congress and to attempt to weld them into an organization which will fight the domination of the Bolsheviki. The leaders of the committee claim that out of 900 organized Workmen's and Soldiers' Councils only approximately 100 participated in the last congress, among the abstainers being a very laige majority of the army councils.

The town Duma of Moscow has been dissolved by the Revolutionary War Committee. Mayor Roudeneff of Moscow is reported to be in hiding to escape threatened arrest. An armored train bound for Petrograd has been captured by detachments of sailors and returned to Moscow.

After the arrest yesterday of Vladimir Purishkevich, a former member of the Duma, who is charged with being at the head of a monarchist plot, a letter found in his possession, addressed to General Kaledines, the Cossack leader, was published. After describing political conditions in Petrograd, the letter asserts that officers and military cadets are organized and are only awaiting the arrival of the General, details of whose movements are asked.

The Nova Zhizn today publishes a dispatch from Yalta describing the formation in the Crimea of a monarchical union whose slogan is "Onward for the Czar and holy Russia." The dispatch says the union purposes to take an active part in the Constituent Assembly and has suggested as its representatives Vladimir Purishkevich, General Brusiloff, and M. Dragomiroff. It is the intention of the organization to work openly in rallying adherents.

Turning Against Bolsheviki.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 21. — Reports brought by the latest travelers to reach Tornea from Petrograd indicate that a revulsion of feeling is setting in against the Bolsheviki. Regiments of soldiers have paraded the streets of the Russian capital bearing banners with inscriptions such as "We Want No Separate Peace," "Down with Petrograd's Domination by a Minority Party Tyranny," and "Nicholas's Régime Was Never so Tyrannic as the Bolsheviki Régime."

The Central Committee of the Anti-Bolsheviki Socialist coalition has passed a resolution demanding liberty of the press, the dismissal of the Red Guard, and the immediate cessation of fratricidal war. Maxim Gorky's paper and the Volna Narodna also demand that the Red Guard be disarmed.

Lenine Tells Peasants Government Is Theirs; Petrograd, Without Rulers, Goes Aimlessly On

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 19, (via London, Nov. 21.)—I have come to the conclusion that Blondin was not a remarkable man. Here we are all Blondins, now balancing on a tightrope over an abyss. The sensation is peculiar at first, but human beings are adaptable creatures, and we are growing habituated.

In the abyss below we see glimmering forms and dim outlines, and are learning that even the abyss is not a void. Children are at school today, crossing sweepers are cleaning streets, and business offices are open. The Government departments are empty. Officials remain grimly on strike. The much maligned Russian official is displaying heroic qualities.

The councils of the People's Commissaries are distinctly embarrassed. Lenine tries to ignore the boycott and issues tonight a proclamation to peasants and workers saying the Government is in their own hands. He orders the local peasant councils immediately to take over estates and to guard them from all injury until the details of partition have been arranged. The revolution, he says, has conquered in Petrograd and Moscow and "the great majority of the Russian people is on the side of the peasants' and workers' Government."

But decrees are one thing and government is another. The Council of Commissaries is confronted with the problem of finance. It seems simple, since they have possession of the State Bank, but no one will hand over money. On Saturday the Military Revolutionary Committee arrested the Director of the bank, Shipoff, and the Assistant Ministers of Finance, who refused to sign orders on the State Bank for 15,000,000 rubles. The Assistant Ministers have been released, but Shipoff is detained.

Yesterday the committee threatened to break open the State Bank and changed the guard. The City Council protested, giving warning that disaster to credit and exchange must follow such a step. The Bolsheviki delayed action, and today made another attempt to induce Shipoff to open a current account for the Council of Commissaries. The council of the State Bank, however, unanimously refused, on the ground that the Council of Commissaries was not a body with which they could legally treat.

Whether the military revolutionaries will carry out their threat to break open the vaults is doubtful, since there are no means of breaking open vaults, apart from dynamite, and the money will be worthless when they get it.

The Government officials on strike are apparently able to hold out indefinitely, owing to their possession of a 'strike fund. The position of Government employes throughout the country is more difficult, and complaints are already coming in of large arrears of payment.

The Bolsheviks have no success at the front. At Minsk they seized the post and telegraphs, and released and armed convicts, but were soon expelled by an army committee, and the convicts were disarmed.

In Moscow the Military Revolutionary Committee has dissolved the City Council. The Church of St. Basil, on the testimony of eyewitnesses, is only slightly harmed. In the Cathedral of the Assumption there are three shell holes. What other damage was done in the Kremlin is not known, as the citadel is in the possession of the Bolsheviks.

The Bolsheviks discussed the question of dissolving the Petrograd City Council, but decided that it was wiser to refrain. Orders to officials of the Foreign Office to return to their posts were ignored. Only directors of departments appeared, and after handing over the keys of cupboards to Trotzky's representative the Bolsheviks retired.

POLISH COUNCIL YEARNS FOR GERMAN KULTUR

Reichstag to Force Debate on Proposed Annexation of Poland to Austria.

BERLIN, Nov. 21, (via London.)—The Polish Regency Council upon entering office, says an official statement issued today, sent a letter to Emperor William declaring it was its intention to conduct the regency on lines laid down in the Emperor's manifestoes of Nov. 5 and Dec. 12. The letter added:

"We expect the Polish people in the further development of historical events and relying on their own defensive force and pursuing their own interests founded on common western kulture will strive with both Central Powers for common political and economic aims."

Emperor William, in reply, said he shared the regency's conviction that on the basis of union with the Central Powers vital conditions are provided for guaranteeing prosperity to the Polish State, and "blessings of peace, kultur, and welfare to its citizens."

The Emperor added that he was confident Poland had been called to enter a new period of national greatness "and thereby has become an important factor in Europe's development in accordance with the Western ideals of kultur."

The Emperor concluded with the words: "May the Almighty bless your work."

BOLSHEVIKI GREET GERMAN SOCIALISTS

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 21.—Communications have now been established between the Russian Bolsheviki and the German Moderate Socialists. The telegram from the Bolsheviki Committee at Stockholm, which was to have been one of the features of the great Socialist mass meeting addressed by Philipp Scheidemann, the German Socialist leader, at Dresden on Sunday, arrived at the capital of Saxony too late to be read.

The Bolsheviki greeting, however, was scarcely all that the Scheidemann Socialists desired. It declared that a long, hard fight was ahead before the great forces of capital created inside and outside of Russia could be forced to accept the desired basis of peace, and it called upon the German Socialists to follow the Russian example and to join in a mass action of the international proletariat.

The Bolsheviki Committee spoke of receiving assurances of energetic support from the Socialist parties and organizations in France, as well as in Austria-Hungary and Germany, but the Vorwaerts says it feels compelled to doubt the statement regarding the French Socialists.

A majority of the German Socialists have over and over again shown that they have no intention of departing from their attitude of support in the Government, and of doing their duty as loyal Germans in the war.

The demonstrations of the Socialist Radicals in Germany, who far from assuming the Bolsheviki program are in active and violent opposition, were broken up by the police on Sunday. It is impossible to tell how important the demonstrations were, as the Berlin newspapers were forbidden to refer in any way to the incident, the Monday morning and Monday afternoon editions being restricted to a brief official paragraph.

VENICE HOPEFUL AMID WAR'S ALARMS

Considerable Part of Population Still Remains and Gondolas Still Dot Grand Canal.

COAST REFUGEES POUR IN

Austrian Empress Tells Swiss Petitioners City's Fate Depends on Action of Italian Government.

By PERCEVAL GIBBON.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VENICE, Sunday, Nov. 18, (delayed.)—There is sunshine over Venice, and the city lies dreaming radiant in its bath of light and color. It is a stiller city than it was, for of late days a large part of its population has left, but there are still gondolas moving between the palace-walled shores of the Grand Canal and the Merceria has yet a traffic of black-shawled, neat-shod women, and the pigeons on the piazza are scarcely less numerous than in the days of the tourists.

It is not deserted or despairing so much as breathlessly expectant of the future, lending an ear to the dull boom of the far guns north of the lagoon, which every few seconds shake the windows, and paying less attention than one would expect to the oft-repeated long wail of the steam siren at the signal station which announces the approach of a Hun in an airplane.

The general tone of those who yet remain, military, official, and civilian alike, is one of hope, tenacious hope and stubborn confidence, that the Piave line will hold and that Venice at least is to be denied to the invader.

In as far as this lies with the navy and the forces employed at the Piave mouth, assuredly all is being done which courage and ingenuity can compass. Between the Piave and the Sile there is a stretch of low ground almost at sea level, a tangle of little drainage canals and tidewater pools, and it is across this that the southernmost forces of the Austrians endeavored to make their way in order to gain a footing on the long spot of land between the lagoon and the Adriatic, which leads down to Porto di Libo, the front door of Venice.

It was only when Cavazuccherina was menaced that the marines fighting always, fell back to the present line just beyond the village and there stood off attempt after attempt by the Hungarians to advance to the edge of the lagoon. The retirement was full of strange and heroic incidents as one after another "infiltration" parties of the enemy were met with. It is from among these, trapped among the canals and hunted down by the marines, that most of the prisoners come.

The line of the lower Piave, that line which particularly concerns Venice, is now as follows: From immediately below San Dona di Piave it follows the course of the canalized Sile to where the Taglio del Sile joins it. Thence south it corresponds almost exactly to the course of the Sile as far as Cavazuccherina on the northwestern edge of the Venetian lagoon and so along the canal to Cortellazzo at the Piave mouth, so that measured as the crow flies the Austrians at one point actually lie within 25,000 yards of the city, say, as near (or as far) as the Italian infantry were from Trieste upon those great days in May when they stormed the lower slopes of Hermada and lay at Medeazza.

For over a week past the authorities have busily taken the precautions which the situation suggested. Insane asylums and prisons were evacuated first and later the commander of the city, Admiral Cito, took steps for the removal of the families of officers and officials. Consuls were notified of the possibility of the evacuation of the city and the British Vice Consul informed the British colony that he could not be responsible for finding them means of leaving after Nov. 10. Practically all the British and Americans are already gone, though it is stated that a few are remaining, whatever the fate of Venice.

From the outlying villages on the lagoons and coast, refugees come pouring in, mostly in fishing boats, and those local craft whose sails are a feature of these waters. They brought with them marvelous diversity of property, ranging from church furniture to unfinished miracles of lace, which are the wealth of Durano, and even a certain amount of livestock. They had accommodation found for them in the hotels, whence the hospitals had been evacuated and had departed thence for Chioggia in their own craft.

In Venice itself fully half the population has left and others are eager to go. A group of about 2,000 lace makers are being transported to Genoa where they will continue the industry for their self-support.

Ministers Inspect Defenses.

By The Associated Press.

VENICE, Tuesday, Nov. 20.—The Ministers of War and Marine arrived here today and held a conference with the Mayor, Count Grinami, on the defenses of the city. They visited all parts of the city and carefully inspected the arsenal and the coast batteries.

The Minister of Marine went aboard the flagship of the fleet and was received with honors amid the broadsides which were being directed against enemy positions at the mouth of the Piave River. Both Ministers expressed gratification and surprise at the splendid behavior of the population in the face of the Teutonic menace.

Airplane raids continue to be carried out, but the dropping of bombs is infrequent. Sirens sound the alarm on the approach of each flotilla of raiders and the populace seeks cover. But the people gradually are becoming used to the visitations.

The roar of the bombardment echoes through the city, but no shells yet have fallen within its limits. Confidence is growing that the heroic stand the Italian troops are making along the Piave River will save the city.

Florian's famous café on the Piazza San Marco was closed today because of the difficulties and the dangers of the situation. Thus passes out of existence one of the historic establishments well known to American and European tourists.

The fortitude of the people is being shown in a movement that is on foot to send Christmas presents to the army defending the Piave line, upon which the city feels that its fate rests.

Austrian Empress Answers Swiss.

GENEVA, Nov. 21.—The Austrian Empress, in reply to a telegram sent to her by the Geneva Press Association, asking her to take Venice and its treasures under her protection, says:

"It is understood that an open town which makes no attempt to defend itself has certainly the right to every indulgence. Nevertheless, the fate of Venice depends entirely upon the action of the Italian Government."

NEW YORKERS DECORATED.

France Honors S. G. Matthews and Frank C. Warren.

News has reached this country of the decoration of two more New Yorkers for service with ambulances in France. Stormont G. Matthews, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Matthews of 25 East Thirtieth Street and brother of Sergeant George Matthews, Jr., of the 106th Machine Gun Battalion, at Spartanburg, S. C., received the Croix de Guerre on Oct. 15 for what the official citation described as "his courage and coolness in evacuating at a critical moment several badly wounded men during the heaviest part of the bombardment."

Matthews is 19 years old, and was educated at Lilancourt. He joined the Harjes-Norton Ambulance a year ago and worked with Section 5 of that organization all last Winter at Verdun. During the great German offensive of the early Summer on the Chemin des Dames, he worked with the Chasseurs Alpine through much of the heaviest fighting. Since receiving the citation he has joined the United States Army ambulance service.

Frank Chickering Warren, an American artist, who lived in Venice and Florence before the war and entered the American Ambulance when it began, has received the Medaille d'Honneur "for distinguished service in attending the wounded at the front." He is a son of the late Dr. George William Warren and brother of Major Charles Elliot Warren, President of the Lincoln National Bank, who is now in Washington on the staff of Major Gen. William Crozier, Chief of Ordnance.

Head of Swiss Army Dead.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Colonel A. Audout, head of the Swiss Army, is dead as a result of a brief illness contracted on an inspection trip. Cable advices received here today say his loss is mourned by the whole country. While observing neutrality officially, Colonel Audout made no disguise of his sympathies with the Entente Allies.

ITALIANS HALT FOE'S GREAT DRIVE

Continued from Page 1.

strategy which the Austrians attempted turned the tide against them.

In the fight on the cemetery road it was suddenly observed early Saturday morning that a number of Austrians were coming toward the Italian lines with both hands held up as though ready to surrender. For a moment it was believed the fight was over and that the enemy had capitulated. But it was then noticed that all the Austrian machine guns had been removed, and closer observation showed that behind this front line of men with their hands up followed lines with bayonets and machine guns.

The Italians let them come until the range was short and they were between two enfilading lines. Then a deadly fire was opened on both sides and the Austrians were mowed down in heaps.

It was then that the rout began. The Austrian resistance was broken. At Sega Mill, where the enemy had a brief lodgment, he was forced back until he was driven to the brink of the river and then into the water. The Austrians were bayoneted and killed or captured.

A Colonel eighteen miles further down the river told of a similar fight when the Austrians attempted to cross in boats from their positions near Calvecchia.

"Our men are absolutely determined," he said. "Their determination to hold the river line is based on experience. You should have seen them yesterday when the Austrians tried to cross in boats, right there," he added pointing to the stretch where the river widens. "Our men remained silent while they saw the boats loading and going to midstream. Then they opened with machine guns and rifles. The boats and men were torn to pieces before they got another twenty feet. Not a man was left alive, and all the boats sank. No, you may depend upon it, they will never pass."

The appearance of the men confirmed the Colonel's estimate of their determination. They looked to be perfect specimens, with that fine calm and confidence which comes from high morale and sureness.

The officer gave the correspondent an opportunity to go along the defenses at this point, which are highly important as a part of the works encircling Venice. It was not a pleasant experience, as shells were tearing the air and there was a steady rattle from the sharpshooters. Immediately along the west bank of the river ran an earthen breastwork. It was a terrific tangle for the enemy to face if he ever got across.

From a loophole the Piave could be seen spreading out below, with the Austrian lines on the eastern bank. The flash of the enemy's rifles came from windows of farm houses and from the low bushes along the shore, and the sound of their bullets showed that they were striking very near.

Passing through Mestre, three miles from Venice, a heavy rumble of bombardment was heard from the fleet and the Venice coast batteries. Deep detonations could be distinguished about every five seconds, and then the salvo of many guns, sounding like a broadside.

Further on the correspondent passed one of the royal palaces overlooking the Brenta Canal, which here is as wide as the Thames, with a stately high bank. The King was not there, being at headquarters, whence he makes daily visits to the front, moving about quietly and modestly.

The roads were no longer blocked with refugees. The civilians have recovered from their first panic. Many women and children just back of the Piave have been under a rain of shells. Officers said the Austrians were not shelling the houses of peasants, hoping to make use of them, but that if the Piave line held definitely the enemy would end the present security of the peasants by destroying all houses and crops and laying the region waste.

The Prince of Wales met and shook hands with Signor Bissolati, leader of the Reform Socialists and Minister of Military Aid in the new Italian Cabinet, at headquarters today. They showed mutual pleasure and interest in the meeting.

NEARING WAR WITH AUSTRIA.

United States Expected to Declare Against All Germany's Allies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—It is expected that when Congress meets two weeks hence President Wilson, in the annual address, when he will review the first eight months of the war with Germany, will deal with the results of Colonel House's mission to Europe, and review our relations with Austria-Hungary, with a recommendation that Congress declare the existence of a state of war between the United States and the Dual Monarchy.

Relations with Austria were severed before the adjournment of Congress. But the situation has changed radically in the interim, and the leading members of the Entente Alliance upon whom the burden of the real conduct of the war to a successful conclusion now rests, together with the United States, which is financing and in every possible way endeavoring to strengthen its own and the Entente cause, now perceive the necessity for complete unity of action. How this can be fully achieved without a declaration by the United States Government that it considers itself at war, not only with Austria-Hungary and Bulgaria, but also with Turkey is not understood.

The attempt to be made during the next session of Congress to have the Allen Enemy act amended so as to apply also to Austrians and Hungarians is in itself an evidence of the rapid trend of the situation toward a formal declaration by Congress that we consider ourselves at war with Austria-Hungary and the other allies of Germany. Turkey and Bulgaria are mere instruments in the hands of the Berlin War Office, and are co-operating with Austria-Hungary against American interests, while American lives and ships are being jeopardized by submarine operations in the Mediterranean.

The illusion is no longer entertained here that it would be possible to detach either Austria-Hungary or Bulgaria from Germany, and it is now believed that only by crushing Turkey can that power be separated from her allies.

A semi-official cablegram received in Washington from Rome today credits the Idea Nazionale, a prominent Italian journal, with the statement that it will be necessary for the United States to consider Austria-Hungary our enemy if this country expects President Wilson's advocacy of an inter-allied council and unified control to be carried out successfully.

"Speaking of the new plan of common action to be discussed at the Paris conference," said the message from Rome, "the Idea Nazionale observes that the unity of effort which is necessary in the interest of all the Allies must proceed from the employment of all the resources of all the allied nations in conformity with the plans agreed upon by the representatives of the Allies.

"Any effort or activity in a particular sector, which would not bear upon the immediate general interest of all the Allies in their common goal, would amount to the individualism which Wilson and Lloyd George have declared must be elliminated."

GERMANS PIN HOPE TO NORTHERN FRONT

Observer Says Italy Is Safe if It Depends Upon Holding the Piave Line.

By PERCEVAL GIBBON.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE ITALIAN ARMY, Tuesday, Nov. 20.—There is a hill which I know, crowned by a castle dating back to Rome's glories, whence one has a view of all that great mountain rampart which bridges the space between the valleys of the Piave and the Brenta. It allows one to see a map enlarged to the scale of reality with the German hope in the north to link their advance, [illegible] by means of that great valley road, which runs from Feltre on the Piave down to Brenta clearly delineated.

It is in the Trentino that the enemy seeks the key to the daily stronger and more resolute line of the Piave, that river of which D'Annunzio spoke to me as the only sweet water in Italy, the one river at which the Italian should slake his thirst. Whether the enemy will ultimately be able to develop such forces against the Piave as he placed upon the Isonzo front three weeks ago remains to be seen. It is certain that his line is not equipped with guns as yet to the extent which was expected, and it is equally sure that in the Trentino his forces are weak.

A review of the front as it now stands shows three main directions of attack. The first, upon the right wing of the army, involves the Piave line from the sea to the mountains, with numerous attempts at bridging the river under fire and crossing, and here and there a show of forcing it in force.

I telegraphed yesterday a summary of the latest operations in this direction and an account of their failure before the fiery Italian resistance, led by the Grenadiers Infantry of the Catania Brigade and Ardit.

At Zeoson there was also an operation, carried out chiefly by the Bersaglieri of the 54th Division at Fagare, which cleared the occupied ground of every living enemy and cumbered it with a very large number of dead ones. These episodes multiplying themselves daily reassure the army and the civilian looker regarding the Piave line and its soundness and its prospects of resistance. If there were no other line than the Piave, Italy might now sleep in peace.

From the Piave to the Brenta line of the centre is as near as may be parallel to that mountain saddle composed of Monte Tomba, Monte Pallone and the great massif of Monte Grappa, and north of there runs southwest of the Brenta Valley, that valley road of which I have spoken.

The village of Quero on the Piave is on the right of this line, and Bassano, that most beautiful and quaint little city on the Brenta where Browning's person of quality compared the advantages of life to be in the villa and down in the city, is just south of the left of the sector. The mountain saddle is of the front and centre of it. For many days past there has been no moment of quiet upon this sector.

There is already a considerable depth of snow in the mountains, and Italy has now cause to bless the foresight and industry which garlanded her mountains with wonderfully built and graded roads. The Alpini, who normally garrison these heights, and the infantry of such brigades as Como have been in action without interval for nearly two weeks.

The enemy's first objective in this region was Monte Tomba, which to a southward along the right bank of the Piave, and to the northward along the ridge, commands the whole of the plain. Its capture would be a great step toward the capture of Montello, which is the key to the whole position. Montello is the hill which I know, crowned by a castle dating back to Rome's glories, whence one has a view of all that great mountain rampart which bridges the space between the valleys of the Piave and the Brenta. It allows one to see a map enlarged to the scale of reality with the German hope in the north to link their advance, [illegible] by means of that great valley road, which runs from Feltre on the Piave down to Brenta clearly delineated.

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The enemy's first objective in this region was Monte Tomba, which to a certain extent dominates the roads Piave. It is such mountain warfare as one sees only here. Shelling, which precludes the infantry advance, is maintained by guns housed in mountain caverns quarried from solid rock.

Shells burst against the faces of sheer precipices, and the infantry, when it moves, faces machine guns hammering from posts where eagles might nest and makes its final charge against a parapet whence there is a thousand-foot fall to the crags below. And over all, dwarfing the battle and its actors, there is the august quiet of snows, the impenetrable reserve of majestic peaks.

North of Quero the Italians relinquished certain systems of positions which they held and fell back toward the Tomba-Pallone-Grappa main line, upon which their defensive works are established and complete.

It is here that the Bavarian and Austrian mountain troops, reinforced by infantry and artillery of both empires, have been bruising their foreheads for a week past, and, though they have gained nothing essential against the Alpini, it is noticeable, and possibly significant, that their artillery seems daily more intense and numerous and that there are all the usual indications of an increase in the sum of their forces in general.

The attack upon the left of the new defensive line is that which is still continuing west of Brenta upon and north of the high plateau of Asiago. Here early in the operation the Italians relinquished advanced positions on Monte Meletta, which are now in the enemy's hands, and concentrated the weight of their active defense upon the line which embraces the twin mountains of Torparo and Basdenecche, northeast of what was the village of Asiago.

Here there has been, and still continues, a truly infernal cannonade, shelling of the kind which it seemed could only indicate imminent action by infantry. A dozen times the Italians have been ready for the enemy, but up till now they have not come and the interval of waiting has been improved by counter-attacking, as it were, before instead of after the attack and reoccupying certain elements of an advanced trench system which had previously been abandoned.

It is noticeable, that on the Asiago Plateau the enemy's bombardment is directed not only against the Italian front line position but is enhanced by searching fire along the defending rear carried out by long-range and large-calibre guns. Already the broken Campanile of Asiago has been broken again, and is now but a stump and a heap of stones. Thus it will be seen that the salent directions of attack are aimed to converge upon the plain from the Asiago Plateau. It aims southeast from Tombs. It aims south and upon the Piave. It aims southwest and west.

It is safe now to say that the period of disorganization of an important part of the army is over and the firm hand of the new command has closed upon the situation. There have been some necessary and exemplary executions of men caught pillaging, or violently resisting authority, but they have been few in actual number and those which have taken place have been published by placards posted up throughout the war zone.

The reconstruction of the wrecked second army is proceeding apace, and what is most striking is that from all parts of the country men who made their way to their homes during the interval of disorder and thereby made themselves liable to be shot in the back as deserters, are voluntarily and spontaneously taking the risk of punishment and returning to their duty. There has been announcement that the case of such men will be specially considered and amnesty for them seems to be a foregone conclusion.

The effect of the arrival of the British and French troops is as excellent as I predicted. Italy needs nothing but time to be her old heroic and conquering self, even as at the beginning of the war.

The Prince of Wales is a guest of the King of Italy at the front. His presence serves to convince the Italians that Britain is taking her responsibility to Italy very seriously, and the results are excellent. The King of Italy has left Venice.

It is their common-sense comfort that makes Fatimas such a sensible cigarette.

FATIMA
A Sensible Cigarette

Men's Cotton Collars have been raised to 20c

These English Linen Collars

FOR MEN ARE ONLY

25c

Though the same quality sells for 35c and 50c in many shops

Cotton may be King, but Linen leads in collars. You will understand why when you see these Linen collars from England. Cotton can't compare with them.

OUR CARMOOR LONDON BRAND

4 Wings—7 Turnovers and special models for evening.

SUPPLY LIMITED!

Men's Furnishings Shops—4 West 38th Street
Separate Shop on Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE

245

Suppose this happens:

YOU are away from New York and cannot get back. Your securities are locked in a Safe Deposit box. You wish to sell, or reinvest, but cannot get at them.

We suggest leaving your securities, for safe-keeping with us, in negotiable form—so that we can act on your cabled or written instructions.

Our fee for this service is extremely moderate.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT:
60 BROADWAY
IN SHOPPING CENTER:
FIFTH AVENUE AND 34TH STREET
IN HARLEM:
125TH STREET AND LENOX AVENUE
IN BRONX:
148TH STREET AND THIRD AVENUE

Adler, The Glove That Knuckles Down To No Other

THERE'S one thing they *don't* "do so much better abroad," and that's make Gloves. *Adler's Gloves*, produced in the Lil' Ole United States, fling down the gauntlet to any other glove.

There's comfortable roominess and clean-fisted sleekness; mellow richness and silky smoothness to *Adler's Gloves*. They wear out, of course, but they're in no hurry about it.

Adler's Cape Tan Gloves with silk embroidered backs, $2 and $2.50 pair.

Adler's Mocha Gloves, plain or silk embroidered, $2.25 and $3 pair.

Adler's Chamois Gloves, with silk embroidery, $2.50

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

100 Per Cent Facts About $25 Suits

WE have always been modest in making claims regarding values.

* * *

We have avoided bombast in figures.

* * *

We have not found it necessary to frequently protest our honesty.

* * *

Our standard of tailoring and materials, in a regular way, has offered obviously great values at all times.

* * *

We have not made a practice of offering exceptional values on exceptional occasions only.

* * *

But at the present moment—seeing what is offered the public—we feel we are a little too modest about our $25 range of suits.

* * *

You will best appreciate them by making comparisons with others.

* * *

The quality of materials and tailoring—their whole make-up and appearance, are so superior to anything we have seen blusteringly offered as "very special" at the price as to be absolutely convincing.

* * *

There is a very wide selection of patterns and models.

Officers' Uniforms and Overcoats, at our 44th Street and Broadway Store. Haberdashery, Caps and Trappings for the Military Man.

Weber and Heilbroner

Clothiers, Haberdashers and Hatters—Eleven Stores.

241 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 20 Cortlandt; 345 Broadway, 1363 Broadway, 30 Broad; 775 Broadway, 58 Nassau, 42nd and Fifth Ave.; 1185 Broadway, 150 Nassau

Clothes at: 30 Broad, 241 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway 42d and Fifth Ave.

HURLEY SHOES
"NONE SO GOOD"

"THE TRENCHER"

Especially built for military use—ideal not only for the soldier, but for all rough outdoor wear.

Has a bellows tongue, preventing water from leaking through eyelets. A cork filling between outer and inner sole and viscolized bottom, a double prevention against dampness.

Made over a special last—Has C forepart, B instep, and A heel. Prevents foot from slipping at heel, corset fitting at instep, comfortable forepart.

HURLEY SHOES
1434 Broadway 1357 Broadway
1177 Broadway 215 Broadway
183 Broadway 39-41 Cortlandt St.
Factory—Rockland, Mass.

DESCRIBE YOUR LOSS.

Description of lost property is an appeal to the honesty of the finder. It seldom fails in its effect. Telephone Bryant 1000 of your loss and next morning a brief advertisement will appear in THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Benjamin Franklin says:
"Fools need advice most, but wise men only are the better for it."

Advice

Any depositor of the *Franklin Trust Company* is privileged to consult with its officers on business or financial matters.

Years of experience and close association with banking and business affairs fit these men to be of practical, helpful assistance. The young man starting in business, or the person who maintains a small personal account, may obtain the individual and collective counsel of this institution's officials at any time.

We believe that the small depositor will one day become a large one and invite accounts of $200. or more.

Send for our booklet "*Small Accounts.*"

Franklin TRUST CO.
Established 1888

46 Wall Street, New York
165 Montague Street, Brooklyn
560 Fulton Street, Brooklyn

"Pointed Shoes a National Menace"

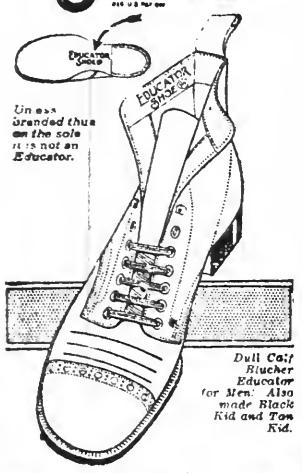
So say the officers who have been passing upon recruits. They have found that pointed shoes inevitably cause flat feet, corns, bunions, ingrowing nails, bent bones.

As a patriotic American it is your duty to give up this deforming, crippling footwear. Get into Educators—shoes built by scientists to "let the feet grow as they should." Get your *whole family* to wear them. Educators are

Made for
MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN

LOOK for EDUCATOR branded on the sole. It is not an Educator shoe unless stamped thus. There can be no protection stronger than this trade-mark, for it means that behind every part of the shoe stands a responsible manufacturer—Rice & Hutchins, Inc., 15 High Street, Boston, Mass.

RICE & HUTCHINS
EDUCATOR SHOE



JACK TAR
MADE WITH ROLLING POINTS AND THE OVAL BUTTONHOLE
20c EACH 3 FOR 50c
Lion Collars
LARGEST BRAND IN AMERICA
WORCESTER COLLAR CO., TROY, N. Y.

BARRED ZONE SHUT TO RICH GERMANS

Must Vacate Luxurious Downtown Offices and Quit Trade Near the Waterfront.

'INFLUENCE' FOUND USELESS

More Enemy Aliens Arrested—Enlightening Letter Found on Spy Suspect.

NATURALIZATION INQUIRY

Circumstances Under Which Austrians Were Admitted to Citizenship to be Looked Into.

Within the next few days a considerable number of wealthy German business men who have offices in West Street or other streets near the waterfront must move out, following the latest restrictions on the movement of enemy aliens. United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy yesterday made an inspection of the districts affected, preparatory to issuing orders to enemy aliens living or doing business near the waterfront to get out. The regulations governing the enforcement of the order are expected to arrive within the next few days, and the orders will be issued immediately afterward.

So far Germans of the prosperous classes who have kept themselves in the background so far as words and overt acts are concerned, have very largely escaped Government restrictions, and most of the weight has fallen upon sailors, dock laborers and others of less affluent station. Of this sort were most of the thirty men arrested yesterday in Hoboken, following the big roundups during the last few days, and a dozen or so taken into custody by the Secret Service in New York.

Nearly all of these men were sent to Ellis Island.

The long immunity of more prosperous Germans seems to have made it difficult for a good many of them to believe that they could ever be affected, and a considerable number called on Marshal McCarthy yesterday, often accompanied by American lawyers, to find out if there was any way by which they could escape the new regulations. All of them were told bluntly that the Federal authorities would play no favorites and that everybody would have to get out.

One enemy alien, it was said yesterday, owns five saloons in West Street south of Christopher. He will have to turn over his business to an American manager or sell out.

Puts His Views Into a Letter.

Wilhelm Hochstaff, said to be a German army reservist, was turned over to the Federal authorities by the police yesterday morning. He was arrested late Tuesday night by members of the Bomb Squad and in his possession were found several photographic negatives of forts and other places of military importance in and near New York and also a letter which he had written, but had failed to mail, to an acquaintance in this city. The letter, which was bitterly anti-American, was made public by Assistant United States District Attorney John C. Knox. It read:

> Let us hope for the best. Hope is, after all, the only thing we poor Germans still have left. That is something that cannot be withheld from us poor, outlawed people. But for the rest, we must hold our tongue. We must bite our teeth together full of grim rage until the day comes when we with joyous cry and out of a thousand throats, "Deutschland uber Alles." Then to witness the helpless rage of this pack of vagabonds; we will take pleasure and rejoice in it. That, my dear art. ... is one of the best birthday wishes I have for you, and I hope that it will be fulfilled very soon.

Hochstaff was questioned at length regarding the photographs and negatives, but whatever he had to say in explanation was withheld by the authorities. In his room the police found a picture of "Germania," under which was the inscription: "The German will never bend, you cannot intimidate him."

Hochstaff leave his occupation as a tailor, but the authorities are doubtful as to the accuracy of this statement. He is well educated and reticent.

The roundup of the enemy aliens in Hoboken which began on Monday night, when about 200 were taken into custody by regular soldiers on guard duty, is continuing, and about 800 are now under arrest. River Street, the waterfront street which parallels the great army piers, which for years has been more like a German than an American street, was deserted last night. The appearance of a German in River Street results in his instant arrest.

Barber Finds He's "Next."

One of the Germans arrested in Hoboken yesterday was Heinrich Henniger, a barber who was employed in a River Street shop. He was busy with a bearded customer when a Government agent entered the shop. When he finished with his customer Henniger turned to the Secret Service man and said:

"You're next."

"No, I guess you are wrong about that. You're next," the agent replied as he took Henniger into custody.

Government agents are investigating reports that of the thousands of Austrians in this city who have taken out naturalization papers since the war with Germany began many swore falsely as to their age for the purpose of avoiding the draft. In some cases those guilty of false swearing can be caught by comparing the first and second papers, showing the dates of birth. Whenever these dates differ so as to make the applicants too old in the second paper to be drafted, and young enough in the first paper to make him eligible for a soldier, it will be accepted as proof that perjury was wilfully committed, and the applicant will be proceeded against.

At the request of C. O'C. Cowley, Chief Federal Examiner of Naturalization, County Clerk Schleuter, yesterday directed Charles Schleuter, chief of the county bureau, to make a list of all Austrians who took out papers between April 6 and Nov. 6. Mr. Schleuter has reported that citizenship papers had been delivered to 1,119 Austrians between these dates.

Each county in the city has its own naturalization bureau, besides the Federal bureaus. It was said that a complete round-up of all of the applicants under suspicion, would be made soon.

Charles Telton of 88 River Street, Hoboken, took out citizenship papers in 1888, but on Tuesday night Joseph Brady of 809 Willow Avenue, Hoboken, caused Felton's arrest, charging him with saying, in conversation with several persons in River Street, that he hoped the Kaiser would get them, meaning some soldiers of the United States Army, who were in sight. Remonstrated with for this Brady said that Felton exclaimed: "To hell with the United States." Acting Recorder William Kavanaugh of Hoboken yesterday morning imposed a fine of $100 on Felton with the alternative of ninety days in the county jail. He went to jail.

NEW ENEMY MIGRATION.

All Germans Ordered Out of Hoboken Area 100 Yards from River.

At 12 o'clock last night a new order of the War Department went into effect barring all enemy aliens from working, stopping, or residing within 100 yards of the waterfront in Hoboken. This order affects all hotels, boarding houses, and residences in the defined zone. About 1,000 families whose heads are German subjects were ordered to move from River Street in the four blocks from Newark to Court Street, which contains the sixty-two saloons that were previously ordered to be closed.

John Mojoi, proprietor of Meyers Hotel, went to Newark to ask United States District Attorney Lynch whether the order referred to his guests and his employes, and was informed that it did, and that they would have to leave at once. On his return Mr. Mojoi told his four or five German guests what had happened, and they packed their baggage and departed. Three waiters and two bartenders also had to go. Guests left the Grand Hotel and three other Hoboken hotels in the prohibited zone and several employes.

It was said that the order also affected the residence part of Hudson Street, which is occupied mostly by Germans who own their own houses. The Fletcher machine shop at Hudson and Fourteenth Streets will have to discharge a number of its employes. The order will make no difference, it was said, to the Pennsylvania Iron Works in River Street, because the management took the precaution several weeks ago to get rid of all German, Austrian, and Hungarian help and employ only Americans or natives of the allied nations.

MANY ALIENS FORCED TO LEAVE THEIR JOBS

Federal Employment Agencies Aid Germans Ousted From the Barred Zones.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Thousands of unnaturalized Germans were forced to move today from their homes near docks, piers, warehouses, railway terminals and other establishments declared barred zones by President Wilson's enemy alien proclamation. For many the new regulation meant not only the actual moving of the place of residence, but the loss of jobs in the forbidden areas.

To those without work, including many with dependents, the Federal employment agencies were open, and officials were emphatic in explanation that the help of these agencies in finding new employment for these enemy aliens would not be withheld. This was only one evidence of the Government's anxiety to treat law abiding Germans with courtesy and consideration, while applying the drastic rules to detect the few with harmful intent.

The Department of Justice sent requests by telegraph to Governors of all the States and Mayors of cities asking that the fullest co-operation be accorded the Federal Government in the enforcement of the regulations. It was urged that the police of all the large cities be employed promptly to carry out the registration of aliens and the strict application of the regulations set forth in the President's proclamation.

At the Department of Justice it was said that the new regulations were being enforced without any friction. The President's action was generally accepted as a matter of military necessity, although the great mass of people affected protested their innocence of any wrongful act or any intention of committing an unlawful act.

Many persons required to move had anticipated the situation and made arrangements for quiet compliance with the law. In Washington alone, more than 1,000 enemy aliens, it was stated, had been required to absent themselves from the District of Columbia, and the great majority of them had proceeded promptly to go elsewhere. Enemy aliens are forbidden to live in the District of Columbia. In many cases, it was admitted, there was an obvious hardship in the order, but no exception could be made.

ARRESTS IN MANY CITIES.

I. W. W. Papers and Prisoners Seized by Kansas Authorities.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 21.—Two trunks full of papers, some of which are said to contain plans of the I. W. W., have been seized in Butler County, Kan. Fred Robertson, United States District Attorney for Kansas, said today they were important. The total number of arrests in Butler County reached fifty today, but some prisoners were released. Word was received from El Dorado, Kan., that eighteen men had been arrested there and charged with conspiring to foment riots in the oil fields.

Dr. Albert Barr, Secretary of the Tulsa (Okla.) local of the I. W. W., and Paul Haiack, who is said to have served four years in the German Navy, were among the men arrested at Augusta. Three more men have been arrested at Augusta, bringing the total to twenty-six.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.—Five men were hurt today when a train carrying 2,000 workmen to the plant of the International Shipbuilding Corporation at Hog Island ran into an open switch. Charles H. Urban, engineman of the wrecked train, said the accident was caused by a German spy or sympathizer.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 21.—Max Taschenberger, editor and publisher of The Waterbury Boobacher, was arrested in Waterbury today, charged with mailing copies of the paper printed in a foreign language without filing an English translation of the articles with the Postmaster. He was brought here for a hearing.

A wedding in a local hall last night was attended by three Government agents who had heard that the bridegroom and two attendants were enemy aliens and had no permit to be there. After Henry Breitigens and Elsie Schleicher were married, Fernand G. Schmiegel, a groomsman, was taken to the Marshal's office. Breitigens and Karl Otto Beck remained to enjoy the festivities, but today they joined Schmiegel in temporary custody. Breitigens had a permit to go to and from his work, but he forgot to obtain permission to go to the hall for his own wedding. In the afternoon all three men were released.

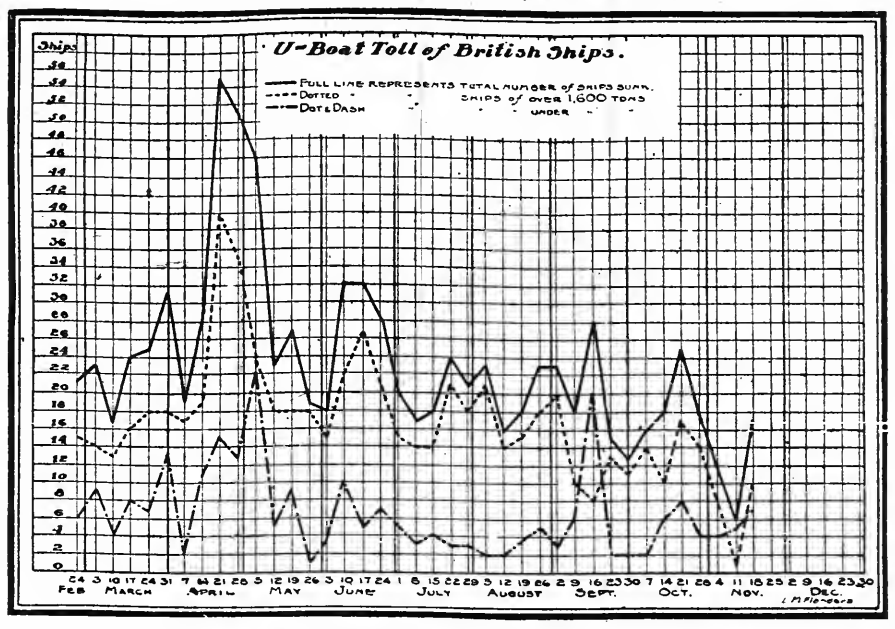
IRONWOOD, Mich., Nov. 21.—Eli Hihnala was arrested yesterday at Bessemer on a Federal warrant charging that he was "found advocating anarchy." Hihnalu was a leader in the I. W. W. troubles at Bessemer in July and was arrested. He was later released. He was then arrested as a slacker and again released.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 21.—An explosion in the thawing room of the powder magazine of the American Zinc Company at Mascot, ten miles east of here, today caused the injury of twenty employes, none seriously. The company is mining zinc, which is used for war supplies. The origin of the explosion is being investigated.

WACO, Texas, Nov. 21.—William F. Wehe, cotton expert in the State Department of Agriculture at Austin, was taken into custody here today by Federal officials under the Alien Enemy act. It was said he would be interned.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 21.—Carl Gustave Lindeman, a German tenor, formerly on the operatic stage of Berlin, has been arrested by the Federal authorities in this city as an alien enemy. Lindeman had failed to obtain an alien permit, and he is to be interned for the duration of the war, according to United States Marshal Bradley. Rumors that he was arrested in connection with the recent finding of a bomb at a grand opera performance here could not be confirmed.

Ups and Downs of U-Boat Sinkings.



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The chart published above shows the fluctuations of the German intensified submarine campaign against British merchant vessels, begun last February. This year's campaign, conducted with submarines of wider radius than those used previously, recently reached its low ebb after about eight months of unrestricted warfare.

CRITICISE PREMIER'S U-BOAT STATEMENT

Continued from Page 1.

naval opinion, American and English, as heard today.

Lloyd George's statement ought not to stand in America without qualification. The Allies are safe from the submarine. Yes, but there are several big "ifs," among them the following:

If America, in conjunction with England, maintains and tightens the convoy system which now protects the Atlantic lane.

If America resists the soporific effect of the Premier's oratory and pushes her enormous destroyer program, and new destroyers begin soon to take their places in the convoy at the rate of five to ten a month.

And if America and England carry out vigorously the construction of mercantile tonnage to replace the sunken ships.

And if seaplane construction is pushed as planned.

And if Germany develops nothing to offset these efforts.

And if there are no unforeseen demands on shipping, and the Allies can pass successfully the low point between the cumulative destruction by U-boats on the one hand and the high point of production of tonnage by the Allies on the other—points which should be reached next Spring or Summer.

If all the foregoing conditions are fulfilled, then the Premier's claim will be fact, to stand in present tense. Until then such statements are pure speculation, according to expert authority, and mischievous in slowing down effort in America and encouraging food waste here.

Every day, every hour that passes without a decisive action in Italy increases the chance of stopping Germany. If sufficient time is gained to send Anglo-French troops and material and establish an allied equilibrium on a favorable line and there halt the German advance, opinion here holds that it will be tantamount to a big German defeat. The Italian drive is being used in Germany to buoy public opinion, and a successful resistance would cause an intense reaction. Holding the line against the Germans would throw the weight of the war back on the submarine, in which the field of outlook is most promising, based on General Haig's Flanders operations, a vigorous campaign to sink the U-boats, the prospective increase in destroyers and other craft to protect shipping in transit, and a vast and steady increase of new tonnage in America and England.

BRITISH SHIP MATUNGA TURNED INTO A RAIDER

Seeadler's Crew Believed to Have Captured the Vessel and Now Haunting South Seas.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—That the British steamer Matunga may have been captured by members of the crew of the German raider Secadler and may now be searching for prey in the South Pacific is indicated in a cablegram received here today from Sydney, N. S. W. The Matunga, Brisbane to Rabaul District, reported to the latter place by wireless on Aug. 5 that she would arrive there Aug. 7, the Sydney message said. She has not been heard from since.

A report from Rabaul said a steamer closely resembling the missing Matunga, but painted slate color, had been sighted in different places by vessels in September. When the strange craft was asked by wireless to make known her identity she put out her lights and altered her course.

BRITISH PATROL CRAFT SUNK BY SUBMARINE

Torpedoed in Mediterranean and Four Officers and Five Men of the Crew Killed.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—A British patrol vessel was torpedoed by a submarine in the Mediterranean on Nov. 18, according to an Admiralty statement issued tonight.

Four officers and five men of the crew were killed.

Danish Steamer Sunk by U-Boat.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The sinking by a German submarine of the Danish steamship Adolph Andersen, 981 tons gross, is reported in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen. One man is said to have been killed.

CHARGES GERMANS RULED LEGISLATORS

Suffrage Leader Presents Evidence That Some Pennsylvanians Were Controlled.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 21.—Charges that the German-American Alliance controlled a number of the members of the 1917 Pennsylvania Legislature and that enough votes in that Legislature had been pledged to pass a suffrage referendum bill, but activity of the anti-prohibition lobby caused many members to repudiate their pledges, were brought by Mrs. J. O. Miller of Pittsburgh, acting President of the Pennsylvania Woman Suffrage Association, in an address opening the forty-ninth annual convention of the organization here today. Mrs. Miller declared the association had proofs in a safety deposit vault in Philadelphia of the control of certain members of the last Legislature by the German-American Alliance.

Two days before the suffrage referendum bill came to a vote in the House of the last Legislature, Mrs. Miller asserted, the suffrage cause had 121 favorable votes registered. A liquor lobby, before the vote was taken, approached every member of the House, she declared, and on the vote the referendum was defeated by three votes. Many who had given oral pledges repudiated them, she said, and two members repudiated a written pledge to vote for the bill.

REED, AGITATOR, IN RUSSIA.

Other Writers for The Masses Plead Not Guilty.

John Reed, one of the contributors to the magazine known as "The Masses," the owners and editors of which were indicted Monday by the Federal Grand Jury, is reported to be in Russia. Reed, who was a character witness for Emma Goldman when she was convicted of conspiracy to obstruct the military laws, has long been identified with the activities of so-called "radical groups" in this country. Whether he is numbered among the supporters of the Bolsheviki movement in Russia is a question that Federal officials are not at present able to answer.

Max Eastman, the editor; Floyd Dell, managing editor; Arthur Young, a cartoonist, and Merrill Rogers, business manager of The Masses, were arraigned before Judge Mayer in the Federal District Court yesterday to plead to the indictment which charges a conspiracy to interfere with the war-time laws of the United States. They were represented by Morris Hillquit, and all entered pleas of not guilty.

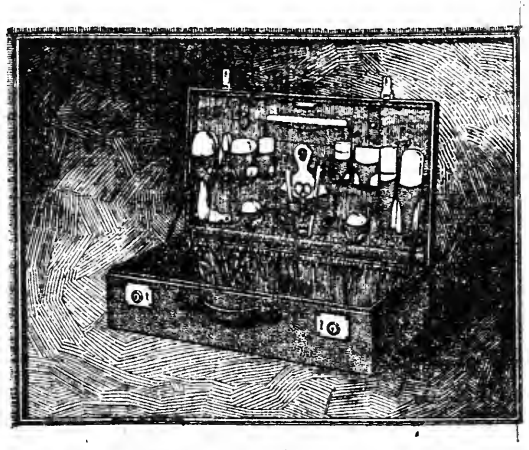
Judge Mayer held Eastman in $5,000, Rogers in $3,000, Young in $1,000, and Dell in $500 bail for trial. Mrs. Josephine Bell was released in $1,000 bail. Miss Crystal Eastman, a sister of Max; Harry Glinterkamp and John Reed are the only defendants who are still to plead. Miss Eastman and Glinterkamp are expected to appear today.

Colds Cause Headache and Grip.
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE helps remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on box. 30c.—Advt.

Your car minus gasoline is like your home supper party minus

Club Cocktails

They make every party a self-starter and keep it on high throughout the trip.



THIS Fitted Suit Case is of 24 inch size. The leather is heavy grained goat skin, of fine quality. The lining is of extra strong moire.

The case is built on frames of seasoned bass wood, firmly reinforced at the angles. The leather is finely hand-stitched with the strongest of waxed linen thread.

The handle is of leather, padded with leather. The hinges are of solid brass, and are brass-riveted. The two heavy locks are of solid brass, gold plated.

The toilet articles are of artificial ivory—and the pockets which hold them are of grained goat skin—firmly sewed to the removable moire-covered easel.

This case is worthy of bearing the two marks we have placed upon it—our trademark and our name.

Crouch & Fitzgerald
Makers of Fine Trunks and Hand Luggage Since 1839
TWO SHOPS—177 Broadway—14 W. 40th Street

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Business Opportunity

An established, reputable advertising agency requires, from one or more parties, $25,000 for extension purposes and working capital, for which liberal stock interest will be given. Business from present clients yields substantial revenue. Prospective business for 1918 shows handsome profit. Although not necessary for the conduct of the business, investor may become actively connected if he so desires and is qualified. Full details will be given at time of interview. All negotiations strictly confidential. Address F 452 Times Annex.

SWANN TO REVEAL ALL IN INQUIRY ON BAZAAR

Prosecutor Tells of Determination to Uncover Every Possible Evidence of Wrong Doing.

After another day spent in investigating the Army and Navy Bazaar and following the ramifications of his investigation into the whole field of war relief enterprises, District Attorney Swann said last night that he would uncover every possible evidence of crime, and pointed out that Sections 934 and 889 of the Penal Code defined as criminals persons who made false representations in obtaining money for alleged charitable purposes. Mr. Swann did not say that he had found evidence of crime in connection with the management of the Army and Navy Bazaar.

Mr. Swann received yesterday a letter written some three weeks before the bazaar opened to Alan R. Hawley, President of the Aero Club of America, by Waldemar H. F. N. De Bille, the managing director of the bazaar, in which Mr. De Bille, who received one-half the net proceeds of the bazaar, or $764, according to the terms of a contract by which he was to split the profits and take half for himself up to $7,500, wrote:

"Of course, as you doubtless understand, all of the money taken in at the bazaar is for charity. There are no 'splits' or commissions of any sort. Therefore, it would have to be understood that anything sold or any moneys taken in would have to be donated outright to the bazaar fund."

In his letter to Mr. Hawley, Mr. De Bille, after explaining that the purpose of the bazaar was to provide comfort kits for soldiers and sailors, said:

"These comfort packages would retail at between $1.35 and $2, but the Army and Navy Field Comforts Committee purchases them at wholesale for 96 cents, so that every dollar donated buys a substantial package, the 4 cents difference going to the account of postage, transportation and administration expenses."

Mr. Hawley took the letter to the District Attorney's office because he had heard of the investigation of the bazaar. When the letter was shown Mr. De Bille he admitted that he had written it, according to Mr. Swann, and said that he had not previously mentioned it because he had forgotten it. Mr. Swann, after the interview, expressed the hope that any one who had received letters or information that would aid in the investigation would turn them over to him.

C. Donald Fox, one of the original promoters of the bazaar, appeared at the District Attorney's Office yesterday, accompanied by his lawyer, Benjamin F. Spellman, and said that he had not been out of the city and had not attempted to elude the representatives of Mr. Swann's office who had been looking for him. He went to the District Attorney, he said, when he saw in the newspapers that his presence was desired. Mr. Fox insisted that his connection with the bazaar had been entirely free from wrongdoing, and Mr. Spellman said that he had assured himself of this before accepting Mr. Fox as his client, because he did not want to aid any man who had intentionally done anything to deprive American soldiers and sailors of comforts and necessities. Mr. Spellman admitted that the management of the bazaar had been bungled and he was sharp in his criticism of prominent men who had permitted their names to be used in the promotion of the bazaar.

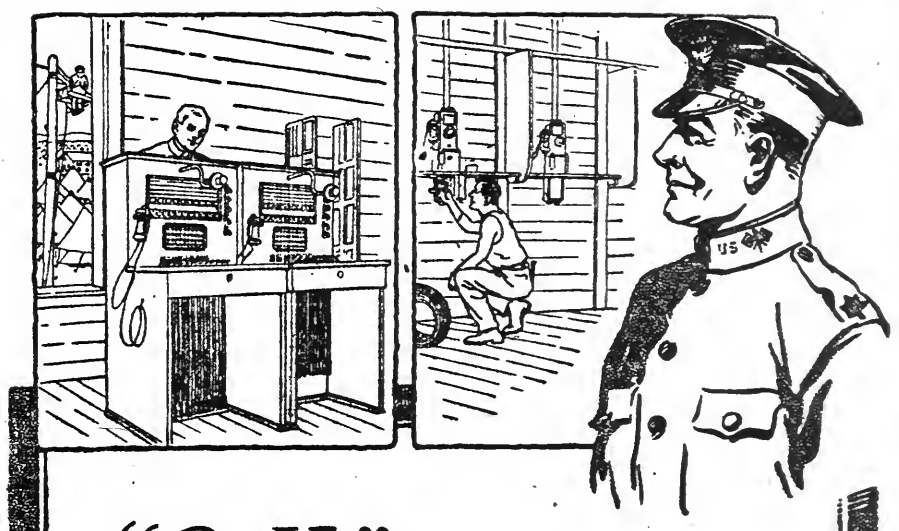
When the District Attorney wanted to question Mr. Fox, Mr. Spellman asked that absolute immunity be granted his client. Mr. Swann refused the request, and Mr. Fox went away without giving the District Attorney any information, but he promised to return today after a conference with his lawyer.

A new enterprise with which Mr. Fox was connected ended yesterday. It was the head of the Louise Blaum War Luxury Fund, the purpose of which was to provide soldiers with tobacco, and he had made arrangements to obtain money for the fund from the regular performance to be held in the Eighty-first Street Theatre next Monday evening.

Everything was ready for the benefit performance yesterday morning, but by last night all of those concerned in it had withdrawn from the enterprise. Miss Louise Glaum, who is a motion picture actress, telegraphed THE TIMES from Los Angeles, Cal., yesterday that she had permitted the use of her name for patriotic reasons, without investigation of or supervision of the fund, but she had notified Mr. Fox that she no longer wished to have anything to do with the fund. Mr. Spellman said that he had instructed Mr. Fox to withdraw from the affair, and that his client would return all of the money received by him for the fund to the sources from which it came.

Frederick J. Remsen was indicted yesterday by the Grand Jury on a charge of forgery in the first degree. Remsen was one of the non-Army members of the committee purchases them at wholesale for 96 cents, so that every dollar donated buys a substantial package, the 4 cents difference going to the account of postage, transportation and administration expenses.

Mr. Hawley took the letter to the District Attorney's office because he had heard of the investigation of the bazaar. When the letter was shown Mr. De Bille he admitted that he had written it, according to Mr. Swann, and said that he had not previously mentioned it because he had forgotten it. Mr. Swann, after the interview, expressed



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There was no hesitation, no "red tape," no delay. In spite of the serious conditions in the market for raw materials needed in the telephone business, this company went ahead promptly and supplied whatever service the Government required.

Such installations typify the attitude of this company to spare neither effort nor expense to provide any necessary telephone service.

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Books for Young and Old

List of two hundred recently published books of fiction, biography, travel, poetry, art—books for readers of all ages, briefly described and classified to facilitate choice, in the Holiday Number of The New York Times Review of Books, Sunday, December 2.

Reviews of new publications, essays on topics of literary interest, gossip of authors and publishers.

The net paid sale of The Sunday Times exceeds 400,000.

CHAUNCEY'S DEAD REPORTED BY SIMS

Include Lieut. Commander W. E. Reno, Lieut. Wedderburn, and Ensign Skinner.

18 ENLISTED MEN ON LIST

Details of Collision and Rescue of Seventy Others of the Crew Are Still Lacking.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The Navy Department today made public a list of twenty-one men who were lost in the sinking of the American destroyer Chauncey in a collision in the war zone Monday morning.

Admiral Sims, who cabled the names today, added no details to his message of yesterday, and the department is still without news regarding the manner in which seventy enlisted men were rescued and how the accident occurred. The name of the vessel with which the destroyer collided is not known here.

The Chauncey carried ninety-one men, of whom three officers and eighteen of the enlisted personnel perished. The officers who died were Lieutenant Commander Walter E. Reno, the commanding officer, and his two junior officers, Lieutenant Charles F. Wedderburn and Ensign Harry G. Skinner, Jr.

Lieutenant Commander Reno's next of kin was his wife, Beatrice Reno of 2,319 South Twenty-first Street, Philadelphia; that of Lieutenant Wedderburn was his mother, Gertrude F. Wedderburn, of Chevy Chase, Md., and that of Ensign Skinner was his mother, Mrs. Harry G. Skinner, of Mount Washington, Md.

Following is a list of enlisted men lost in the disaster:

ANTHONY, STANLEY T., electrician, first class, radio; mother, Florence Johnson, Bedford, Mass.

CLAGGETT, HONORE M., Jr., electrician, first class; father, Honore M. Claggett, Laurel, Md.

CRANE, DANIEL B., machinist mate, second class; mother, Mary H. Crane, 2,710 Augustine Court, Los Angeles, Cal.

EWART, JOSEPH S., machinist mate, first class; father, William L. Ewart, 54 Second Street, Newport, R. I.

GOODRICH, CHARLES A., chief machinist mate; brother, George J. Goodrich, Oakwood, Ill.

TERKILDSEN, OSWALD J., yeoman, second class; uncle, Conrad Terkildsen, 396 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

WAGNER, NICHOLAS H., ship fitter, first class; father, Jacob Wagner, Fullerton, Md.

WORNELL, GEORGE, boilermaker; friend, Harry C. Smith, San Francisco.

GUTTRIDGE, ALGEN H., machinist mate, second class; father, William H. Guttridge, Cullison, Kan.

HAMAN, HENRY G., seaman; father, Burt W. Haman, 135 Sidway Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

HEROUX, JOSEPH A., fireman, third class; mother, Emma J. Bachelier, 220 South Soto Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

HAMPEL, WILLIAM H., oiler; father, Charles Hampel, Randville, Mich.

KOPP, IRA F., gunner's mate, first class; father, Jesse F. Kopp, 1,527 Harrison Street, Davenport, Iowa.

O'CONNOR, CHARLES A., chief yeoman; sister, Margaret Tessier, 105 West Broadway, South Boston, Mass.

PAGTAKHAN, FRANCISCO, mess attendant, third class; mother, Marta Dunicio, Olongapo, P. I.

RHINEHART, JOHN, chief water tender; friend, Mary Sprague, Block Island, R. I.

SMITH, JOHN A., gunner's mate, first class; father, William Smith, 105 West Ninety-fifth Street, New York.

STRIBLIN, JOHN WILLIAMS, oiler; father, John Striblin, Waring, Texas.

Lieut. Commander Reno was 36 years old, and was appointed to the Naval Academy from Missouri in 1901. He was made a Lieutenant in 1910, and was appointed Lieutenant Commander last May.

Lieutenant Wedderburn, who was 25 years old, was born in Chicago, and was appointed to Annapolis from Maryland in 1911. He was made an Ensign in the navy in 1915, and was temporarily appointed a Lieutenant of the junior grade on July 1, 1917.

Ensign Skinner was a member of the Naval Reserve, and was born in Baltimore in 1889. He received his appointment as Ensign last May.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 21.—Ensign Harry G. Skinner, Jr., was the son of Harry G. Skinner, formerly President of the Skinner Dry Dock Company, now the Baltimore Dry Docks and Shipbuilding Company. The father is now Marine Superintendent of that company. Ensign Skinner was unmarried. He was graduated from the Naval Academy with the class of 1913, retired, and entered the Naval Reserve.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.—Lieut. Commander Reno and his wife have not lived in this city for three years, having been residents only during the brief time the Commander was stationed at the navy yard here. His wife was formerly Miss Beatrice Tracy of Binghamton, N. Y., a niece of State Senator B. F. Tracy of Owego, N. Y.

LLOYD GEORGE HOST OF AMERICAN MISSION

Colonel House Absent But Later Confers With Premier—British Press Discusses Parley.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Premier Lloyd George entertained the American War Mission at luncheon this afternoon at his official residence, 10 Downing Street, Colenel E. M. House, head of the mission, did not attend. Instead, Colonel House had Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of Blockade, and Sir Eric Drummond, Private Secretary to Foreign Secretary Balfour, at luncheon with him at Chesterfield House. The Colonel then called upon the Premier and conferred with him for an hour.

Colonel House's callers today included Admiral William S. Benson, U. S. N., and the Italian Ambassador. The latter informed Colonel House of the latest development in Italy, which were said to be more hopeful, leading to an optimistic view.

The Anglo-American War Conference yesterday in Downing Street is featured by the morning papers and is commented upon as an event of the highest importance. Much is said of the picturesque historical side of the meeting, which occurred in the same room where the errors were made that drove the American Colonies to separate from the Motherland, but the practical aspects elicit equal emphasis.

While Premier Lloyd George's statement on the needs of the Allies receives attention, the point also is made that it is necessary for the Allies to remember that the United States is not in the war solely or mainly for their benefit. Thus, the Post says:

"Americans know as well as we that they are in the war to protect themselves from a danger which seriously menaced them. They are business men over here strictly on business."

"The United States did not join the belligerents to save France or help Great Britain," says the Daily Express. "She is fighting the Germany of Kaiser William for exactly the same reason that she fought the England of Lord North. Her individual and national freedom is at stake."

The Daily News, on the other hand, dwells on the advent of the United States as a "bulwark of confidence" for the Allies and says it has changed the character of the war and placed the issue beyond doubt. Following out this view, it says that "if in the closing phases of the war she is the commanding figure we shall have no envy and no regrets," and conte nds that this is so chiefly because America's entry is a spiritual fact looking to the eventual establishment of "a new sort of peace—a peace founded upon the Commonwealth of the World."

Hope is expressed that "Americans will not become sentimental or allow themselves to be influenced by humanitarian considerations in waging war, as war is most cruel when most prolonged, and the only policy is that of firmness. Hitherto on our side there has been too much parrying and too little striking."

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 21.—Commenting on President Wilson's dispatch to Colonel Horse regarding unity of plan and control among the nations at war with Germany, the Socialist organ Vorwärts of Berlin says it is odd that "America, which supposedly is crusading against autocracy, should put the thumbscrew on the democratic States of Western Europe by insisting on a joint war council."

The Vorwärts, like other German newspapers, gloats over what it calls England's growing political dependence on America.

BEND ALL EFFORTS ON MEN AND SHIPS

Washington Recognizes Urgency of Lloyd George's Call for Full Efforts of America.

FAST WORK ON NEW VESSELS

Much Doubt, However, About Our Having 1,000,000 Men In France by Summer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Premier Lloyd George's utterances before the American War Mission and the British War Cabinet, impressing the urgent need for rushing American troops to France and hurrying the 6,000,000 tons of shipping promised by America, did not create any surprise in official quarters here. The necessity for getting men to France has been realized by the Administration ever since the day that America went to war. Equally has officialdom recognized the urgency of getting the tonnage for the transportation, not only of the soldiers, but of food for them and for the Allies.

The Administration has been exerting every energy for the last six months upon getting an army of at least 1,000,000 men to France in the quickest possible time, and also of putting upon the ways the 6,000,000 tons of shipping that America has promised as her part in the ship program for 1918.

It is difficult to give an accurate idea of the precise number of men that will be put upon the fields of France within the next twelve months. Administration officials are not inclined to reveal their military plans, and will enter into no discussion of the actual preparations under way. In some quarters the opinion is expressed that the War Department will be able to take enough men over to France by the middle of next Summer to make up the quota of 1,000,000. But this opinion is not generally shared by army officials, most of whom believe it will be well into next Winter before the 1,000,000 will be on French soil.

An Army Already There.

Not alone is there the problem of turning out the necessaray tonnage to take the men over, but there has to be considered the training and equipment of the soldiers. The War Department has already sent an appreciable number of men to France. Others will go as soon as they are trained and equipped. It is not going too far to say that America's contingent upon the battlefields of France is already a substantial army.

When the French mission visited America last Summer no hesitancy was felt by them in impressing the necessity for getting as many fighting Americans to France as quickly as they could be made ready. The French mission spoke of the moral effect of sending a big army over, as well as the actual military aid they would give upon the firing line. Not long afterward the Pershing expedition sailed for France. Several other contingents have gone since that time.

As to tonnage, the Administration has exerted its full energy in the last six months, and tangible results are already at hand. Aside from the work going on in the various American shipyards, the Government has entered into negotiations with Japan for as much tonnage as can be spared. More than 150,000 tons of American shipping is being moved from the Pacific to the Atlantic, and other tonnage leaving the ways at Atlantic and Great Lake yards will swell the aggregate of tonnage appreciably within the next few weeks. With ample tonnage available, the War Department will send over more men as fast as possible. With them will go food for their own sustenance while on the battlefields.

Rushing New Ships.

The most determined efforts are now being made by Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board and other officials of that organization and the Emergency Fleet Corporation to srpass, if possible, the 6,000,000 mark set for the end of 1918. It is believed that at least 1,000,000 tons of new shipping will be on the seas by March 1 ready to carry soldiers, munitions, and foodstuffs.

The reorganization of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, which brought into the service Charles A. Piez, the new Vice President; Henry Ford, and other organizers and efficiency experts, was accomplished because the need of rushing ships was realized more keenly as a result of developments in Russia and Italy.

A number of the ships contracted for by foreign Governments and which were commandeered on the ways by the United States will be ready for launching soon, and after another sixty days it is believed that the great fleet will begin to come off the stocks with a rapidity that will make itself felt.

Plans for the extension of shipbuilding yards, for increased shipments of steel, lumber, and other supplies, and for putting on two and three shifts of workmen are part of the program as it is now being put into effect.

The program, it has been stated recently, was gaining momentum day by day, with the promise of the most gratifying results.

A recent summary published held out hope that a total of more than 1,640 ships were contemplated with an aggregate of 10,900,000 tons. At present it would appear that the total tonnage which will be put on the seas by the end of 1918 will be closer to the original 6,000,000 promised by Shipping Board experts and that the 10,000,000-ton mark will not be reached before the Spring of 1919.

20 YEARS IN PRISON FOR DODGING DRAFT

Military Court Sentences Norwich, Conn., Man Who Failed to Report with His Contingent.

AYER, Mass., Nov. 21.—Military authorities at Camp Devens announced today that a sentence of twenty years in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta had been imposed on Tony Petroshki of Norwich, Conn., convicted before a court-martial of failure to report here with other drafted men from his district.

The district quota was assigned to the 304th Infantry Regiment, and when the men arrived Petroshki was not among them. He was arrested by Federal officers.

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VERDURE TAPESTRIES in charming effects
SILK and COTTON VELVETS, Striped, Plain and Figured.
IMPORTED PRINTS in Linen, Cretonne and Chintz of particularly interesting patterns and color combinations—Very Moderate Prices.

Also worthy of mention is a choice collection of Odd Pieces of Furniture, Lamps, Mirrors, etc., now on display in the Decorative Department.

37th St. West, Near Fifth Ave.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th St.

Offer today, a Fine Assortment of

Men's Soft Hats & Derbies at Reduced Prices

¶ November 29 will be moving day for our men's hat department to a temporary Christmas location on the Fifth Floor. To effect immediate clearance we have reduced many of our soft hats and derbies to the following extraordinary low prices:

Men's Derbies Reduced to $1.85.

¶ Regular stock hats, and "seconds" of the best known hats in America. Black and Brown.

Men's Soft Hats Reduced to $1.95

¶ These rough finish hats so much in demand and a splendid selection in regular finish. Smart, and to be had in a number of good colors.

¶ Also—Soft hats reduced to $1.45. A good assortment, but not all sizes and colors in each style.

Velour Hats Reduced to $3.95

¶ Rich looking hats, in the wanted colors and styles. All sizes in the lot. *Main Floor.*

None sent C. O. D., exchanged, or on approval.

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Hair and its Preservation. By Richard W. Miller, M. D. 2nd edition. Illus.

Loss of Hair and the Quarts lamp treatment. Wm. R. Jenkins, 853 6th Av., Pubs.

Hygiene of the Face and Cosmetic Guide, fully illus., 256 pages. Baldness, its causes, its prevention and its treatment 125 illustrations, 250 pages, now in press E. P. DUTTON, 681 5th Av., Pubs.

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Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

Announce for To-day, Thursday, a Most

Extraordinary Reduction Sale of

350 Women's Modish Winter Suits

Formerly $39.50 to $50

Now $29.50

Plain tailleur, dressy, and sport models, developed in the most fashionable Cloths and Velvets, many lavishly trimmed with furs. Each suit lined with silk and warmly interlined.

Fourth Floor.

On the Fourth Floor, for Today Only

Women's Fashionable Winter Coats Special at $28

None sent C. O. D., exchanged or on approval

These are all coats tailored and finished to sell at much higher cost. The models feature many stunning style treatments which accentuate the newest Paris creations. They are by far the best coat values presented for some time and should command your immediate attention. The materials:

Wool Velour, Burvelour, Broadcloth, Burella

with collars of Nutria, Natural Raccoon, Coney, Muskrat, Skunk-Opossum or self fabric. Lined with Peau de Cygne.

Sizes from 34 to the extra large sizes for large women. All wanted colors.

Smart Winter Blouses Reduced

Formerly $8.50 to $12

Thursday Special, $5.90

A clearance sale of blouses of the better kind from our regular stock, combined with a special purchase of blouses added to complete the size range. Included are Blouses of Novelty Silks and Georgette Crepe in light colors and street shades, and many dainty Lingerie Blouses trimmed with embroidery and lace. The values must be seen to be fully appreciated.

Beginning To-day, on the Second Floor,

Remarkable Sale of Women's New Boots

Eleven and a quarter inch model

Special at $7.95

Only the best of boots, made and finished according to the highest standards of custom bootmaking, have been accorded a place in this event.

They are to be had in:

Gun Metal Vamp with Slate Gray Kid Top | Gun Metal Vamp with Mode Kidskin Top
Brown Patent with Kid Top to Match | Tan Russian Vamp with Mode Kidskin Top
Gun Metal or Patent Leather with White Kid Top to Match
And all Seal Brown Kidskin

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Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

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Sharp, biting, snappy, cold days call for a fur-lined coat. On raw, chilly, snowy nights when you go forth to the play or the opera a fur-lined coat is a sartorial as well as a physical necessity.

Fur-Lined Coats, For Men, $61.50 to $396.00

A good assortment of well tailored garments, in a conservative model, with shells of dark Oxford or black kersey, and lined with carefully selected and well matched skins, with shawl collars of various furs—too numerous to mention here.

Macy's—Second Floor, 34th St.

Woven Names on Tape

Every man's clothes and undergarments should be marked with his full name. These tapes furnish a good method. We require from 10 days to 2 weeks to complete orders. Gross, $1.84; half gross, $1.19.

Macy's—Notion Department, Main Floor, 34th St.

Blanket Robes For Men, $5.89

A number of new designs, cut in coat or robe styles. Gray, wine, navy, brown, green and other colors in Jacquard effects.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Imported Wool Golf Hose at $1.69

Medium weight, fancy roll tops. Colors: Oxford, heather and brown mixture. Sizes 10, 10½, 11 and 11½.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Worsted Underwear for Men

These garments are of medium weight worsted, in natural color. Shirts have long sleeves. The drawers are ankle length, $1.49 a garment.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Velour Hats, $3.89 to $5.89

Well made in several smart shapes, of good quality, in various shades of brown, gray and green, also in black.

For Your Protection we offer the Sanitcap—to be worn when trying on a hat—so you may be sure you are first to wear the hat you buy.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

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That's the efficient way—the time saving way. Ask any sales person for a blue transfer. Then go from section to section. After your last purchase call at the superintendent's desk, Main Floor, pay for all your purchases at one time and receive them all in one package. Try it the next time you shop here.

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Mirrors, Antique Bronzes, Clocks, Old Decorative Paintings, nearly One Hundred Antique Chinese and Oriental Rugs, Embroideries, Laces, Draperies and Flemish Tapestries, Silver, China, Sheffield Plate, Glassware.
Steinway Upright Piano and Valuable Jewelry
The Property of
Mr. Conde Raguet Thorn
Mr. Amos R. E. Pinchot
The Estate of the Late
Mr. Harris B. Dick
The Estate of the Late
Mr. Van Brunt Bergen
The Sales Will Be Conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY and Mr. Otto Bernet, his assistant.
American Art Association, Managers
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Professional men and women of many grades find it necessary almost every day to refer to matters with which it is inadvisable to burden the memory. The New York Times Index is the friend of all workers in lines of research. It provides them with the outline of every event and leads to the supply house of information.
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ASKS RAILWAY HEADS TO POOL COAL HAULS

Interchange of Cars and Trackage to Avert Shortage Proposed by Garfield.

PROMISE TO CO-OPERATE

Executives Suggest Priority for Coal Shipments — Fuel Administration Watching Coal Prices.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The problem of bringing about complete co-operation of the railroads to facilitate the movement of coal and avoid the danger of an acute shortage has been placed before the heads of four of the great railroad systems of the country by Dr. H. A. Garfield, the Fuel Administrator.

It was learned tonight that Dr. Garfield called to Washington within the last few days Alfred H. Smith, President of the New York Central lines; Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania; Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio, and Howard Elliott of the New York, New Haven & Hartford, brought them together at a dinner, and laid the coal situation before them. The Fuel Administrator received assurances that there would be no lack of effort to bring about required results.

Dr. Garfield told the railroad officials that the labor situation was well in hand in both the bituminous and anthracite coal fields and that operators and miners were preparing to produce coal on a scale never before approached. He said there was no end to the potential coal supply, and the railroads must do their part to distribute it before the severe Winter weather sets in.

The railroad executives made several suggestions. One was that an order be issued giving priority of shipment on railroads for thirty days to coal, ammunition and food, up to a point where it would not interfere with the shipbuilding industry's needs. By such a move it was felt that congestion could be cleared away and the coal supply increased and distributed in ample time. Whether such a plan will be adopted is to be decided within a few days.

Progress Had Been Too Slow.

It is understood that Dr. Garfield summoned the railroad executives because hoped-for results had not been obtained by consultation with the Railroads' War Board and other organizations representing the railroads. The Fuel Administrator wanted to put the great problem directly before the responsible heads of the systems in the East.

Since the dinner conference Dr. Garfield has been in communication again with members of the Railroads' War Board, the Car Service Commission, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and ex-Judge Robert S. Lovett, head of the Government's Priority Board, with encouraging progress.

One thing which Dr. Garfield placed before the executives was the interchange of cars and trackage, so as to eliminate every mile of unnecessary haul. He regretted conditions which would hold a single car idle for an hour because of lack of co-operation of the railroads. Empty cars, he held, should never be found.

Dr. Garfield is confident that with proper co-operation the situation can be handled so that there will be no great lack of materials at the factories, and no suffering in the homes. In the meantime every effort will be directed to turning out more cars, but this is a work of time.

Drastic curtailment of coal to nonessential industries will not be attempted, pending a voluntary reduction in the output in that direction. The situation as it regards these industries, however, is kept under close scrutiny, and the Administration is prepared to use the powers of the Priority law if necessary. It is believed that the lack of materials other than coal, as well as the lack of transportation facilities, will hold nonessentials in check.

Watch On All Coal Dealers.

Vigorous action is to be taken by the Fuel Administration in cases of violation of the Government's orders regarding coal. To State Fuel Administrators the following order was issued today:

"Please report immediately to Legal Department, Fuel Administration, Washington, any sales of coal or coke by operators or jobbers at prices in violation of those fixed by the President and all violations of the rules and regulations of the Fuel Administrator which come to your attention or are reported to you by local committees. Give such names and specific facts as will enable the legal department to make investigation.

"Also report to Legal Department, Fuel Administration, Washington, any investigations made and results obtained by you or any of your local committees in connection with violations by retailers."

SALT FAMINE SCARE ONLY A GERMAN YARN

Food Administration Finds Same False Rumor About Matches and Laundry Blue.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Evidence that German propagandists are spreading reports that there is a famine of salt, laundry blue, and matches is in the possession of the Food Administration.

In each case, it is said, the German agents have started "buying drives" in an effort to interrupt the ordinary channels of business, spread alarm among the consumers, and cause discontent with the Government program. In some cases households have stored up sufficient quantities of the commodities for a year's use.

The Food Administration announces that there is no actual shortage in either salt, matches, or laundry blue; that the national stock is as large as ever, with no possibility of a shortage with a normal demand on the part of the consumer, and that rumors of any such shortage can be attributed only to German agents.

The drive on salt in the present instance seems to have begun in New York City something over a week ago, and spread as far as Boston and Washington, where many storekeepers absolutely sold out of the commodity in a couple of days. Reports have reached Washington of similar conditions as far west as Ohio.

Housekeepers purchased as high as twenty-five bags of salt, and there is one instance of a man who bought enough to last his family a lifetime. Immediately following the excessive purchases of salt came the case of laundry blue, based on a report that this article, since it contained prussian blue, soon would be unobtainable. People seemed to have the false impression that prussian blue must come from Germany. The third wave of big buying has been centred on matches, and its origin has been traced to Jersey City.

The fact that the buying drives have come in successive waves points to organized effort, and it is the belief of the Food Administration that false rumors concerning other commodities may be expected. It, therefore, warns the housewife to disregard any such reports and not to overstock, since such procedure works actual harm and may cause real shortages for a time in particular localities.

1,600 Give Up Dinner to Aid Hoover

In order to co-operate with the United States Food Administration, the Guaranty Club of New York, composed of 1,600 employes of the Guaranty Trust Company, has voted to forego its annual dinner this year. The sum of about $8,000, which the dinner would have cost, will be given to the Red Cross and to other war relief work.

SECRETARY OF WAR HERE.

Comes with Shipping Board Officials and Inspects Harbor.

Secretary of War Newton D. Baker arrived yesterday morning from Washington accompanied by Edward N. Hurley, President, and Edward T. Carry, Director of Shipping, of the United States Shipping Board to make a tour of inspection of New York harbor.

At Jersey City a patrol launch carrying Major Gen. David C. Shanks, Chief of Embarkation at this port; William R. Willcox, Chairman of the New York and New Jersey Commission for Port and Harbor Development; E. H. Outerbridge, President of the Chamber of Commerce, and Irving T. Bush, Chief Executive Officer of the Port War Board of New York, met the Washington party.

An inspection of the terminal facilities of the Lower Bay was made, with a stop for an hour and a half at the Bush Docks in South Brooklyn, followed by a trip up the Hudson as far as Sixtieth Street. The launch went up along the New Jersey shore and came down on the Manhattan side, where the Secretary of War's attention was called to the new piers that are in course of construction.

A short run was made up the East River and a trip was made by automobile to Newark to inspect the terminal facilities at that port. In the afternoon the Secretary, with Mr. Hurley and Mr. Carry, returned to Washington.

Mr. Bush had no statement to give out regarding the visit. There were certain matters, he said, that the Secretary of War and Mr. Hurley wished to consult him about and they came to the city with that object in view and took the opportunity to inspect the facilities of the harbor for handling freight and dispatching ships.

THINKS CHINA WILL ASSENT.

Balfour Discusses Her Attitude on American-Japanese Compact.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons today, Arthur J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, said he did not understand that China's declaration to the United States and Japan meant that China did not recognize the American-Japanese agreement.

Mr. Balfour added that he had no reason to anticipate that it would give rise to any difficulties between China and allied States.

TWO GREAT WORLD GRAINS are combined in the perfected ready-cooked cereal—
Grape-Nuts
This appetizing blend of Wheat and Barley is over 98% Food.
ECONOMICAL
HEALTHFUL
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POLICEMEN INDICTED IN MOTOR CAR GRAFT

Alleged to Have Freed Captured Traffic Law Violators in Return for Presents.

MORE MEN TO BE ACCUSED

New Presentments Against Detectives Concerned in the Ruth Cruger Case.

Six policemen and a business man were indicted by the Extraordinary Grand Jury yesterday in Justice Goff's part of the special term of the criminal branch of the Supreme Court.

Three of the policemen, Lieutenant Alonzo Cooper, who was acting head of the Fourth Branch Bureau, and Detectives John Lagarenne and Frank McGee, who were engaged in the search for Ruth Cruger and are held responsible for the successful flight of Alfredo Cecchi to Italy, were indicted for neglect of duty. Cooper was not in court when the indictments were returned. His attorney, Frank Aranow, said the Police Department had lent the services of Cooper to the Federal Secret Service three months ago, and he did not know his present whereabouts. The other two detectives were released under bail of $1,000 each. The indictments against Cooper and Lagarenne supersede former similar indictments.

Willard Helm and Thomas Kerrigan, motorcycle policemen, were indicted for accepting an unlawful fee. Helm and James F. Haggerty, also a motorcycle policeman, were indicted individually for alleged attempted extortion and acceptance of an unlawful fee. Charles Backer, an employe of an automobile company at Broadway and Fifty-ninth Street, was indicted for perjury. It is alleged that he falsely made a sworn statement to the effect that he had not accepted certain moneys and had not given those moneys to certain policemen.

Each of the policemen was released under $2,500 bail, but at the request of Assistant District Attorney A. J. Talley the bail for Backer was fixed at $10,000. Mr. Talley, who, with James W. Osborne, acting as a special Assistant District Attorney in this investigation, said the Grand Jury had requested a recess, and would later reconvene and continue the graft inquiry.

"The motor cycle graft that has infested this city has been cracked," said Mr. Talley. "The indictments today are only the forerunners of others that are to follow, probably a dozen or more. The Grand Jury will resume its work on Dec. 3. Backer has made some important statements here today."

A number of chauffeurs and many automobile owners have offered to help the District Attorney to end motorcycle graft. The specific charge against Haggerty is that he accepted $10 from Miss Diana C. Lemee, and is alleged to have gone to her home for the money after he had stopped her car, but had withheld a summons for speeding. It is charged that Kerrigan and Helm obtained gold cuff links from John Schustek, a chauffeur for the jewelry firm of Black, Starr & Frost, for withholding a summons to court for speeding. Schustek rebelled when one of the policemen tried to induce him to make him a present of a bar pin, it is said.

According to Mr. Talley the petty graft in the aggregate has amounted to thousands of dollars, but only a small number of the cycle policemen were concerned in the graft. When a policeman did not want to accept a bribe personally he managed to send the automobilist to Backer, it is said. It has been found also that several wealthy men have made it a practice to give presents or money to motorcycle policemen. One automobile owner is said to have given more than $1,000 in this way as Christmas presents.

BOY BOUND BY BURGLARS.

Two Men Held for Trial After Story of Maltreatment.

After Arthur Davis, 13 years old, had told a thrilling story of being maltreated by burglars while he was in the apartment of his uncle, Joseph F. Noolan, of 451 West Forty-eighth Street, two men were held by Magistrate McQuade in West Side Court yesterday in $5,000 bail each for General Sessions on charges of burglary.

Mr. and Mrs. Noolan left home early Saturday night, leaving the boy to look after their seven-month-old baby. The boy said that about 9:30 o'clock he heard a knock at the door, but investigation revealed there was no one in the hallway. A few minutes later, he said, a window of the dining room was opened and two men crawled in. One of them, he said, tied his legs with a washline, and when he screamed put part of a sheet saturated with kerosene oil into his mouth. They put a blanket over the baby, he said. The men, he declared, then took silverware valued at $75 and left the house.

Detectives Lees and Cooper arrested two men describing themselves as John Higgins, a driver, of 501 West Forty-eighth Street, and George White, a longshoreman, of 542 West Fifty-first Street. The boy identified them.

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On Friday and Saturday representatives of De Pinna will be at the Hotel Witherill, Plattsburg, to furnish officers' uniforms for immediate delivery, or to take measurements for uniforms to be made in our custom tailoring department.

This visit is made at the suggestion of a great number of the prospective young officers whose habit it has been to buy their civilian clothing from us.

Correctness to the minutest detail, together with a high standard of quality in these uniforms, is assured since they will measure up in every way to the standards which have made De Pinna clothing the choice of the graduate bodies of our best known colleges and universities.

Officers' uniforms, ready for immediate wear, range in price from $48 upward.

Officers' overcoats, $55.

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The Specialist Shoe
For Children 1 to 10 Years of Age

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Ages 1 to 2 years
$2.25

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Children's Shoes
Ages 4 to 10 years
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An Entirely New Shoe Designed to Protect—not Correct Healthy, Normal Little Feet.

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An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Many shoes have been designed to correct deformed feet. Why not a shoe to protect normal feet? The need is to protect, not to correct.

You can't improve on nature, but you can protect its normal growth. This is just what the *Specialist Shoe* does.

Designed by a doctor who is a specialist and the recognized head of the Orthopedic profession. It is ascientific modern shoe. Made of the highest quality tan leather. It distributes the weight of the foot evenly, allowing plenty of room for development. Why have other than the best Specialist design your children's shoes?

It is—
Scientific without being freakish.
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Designed by a man of science, not a cobbler.
Comfortable and good looking.

An Insurance against foot ailments.
A firm understanding for the future.

Children's Shoe Shop—Third Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue—37th and 38th Streets

The Unusual in Overcoats at Saks—$43 to $70

THE greatest overcoat assortments in the country—and "great" in this case applies equally well to the tailoring as it does to the models, to the coloring as well as to the trimmings. No other house shows nearly as many overcoats at these prices—no tailor ever made better overcoats at *any* price. In fact Saks' overcoats at $43 to $70 exhibit a degree of quality in tailoring which we feel justified in announcing as the greatest achievement to date in the sartorial world.

This is not an attempt on our part to be boastful, but a genuine statement of fact, which is amply backed by Saks' overcoats assembled on our Fifth Floor in these two important groups:

Exhibit "A"

The man of quiet, refined taste who has never been satisfied with anything but the most costly of merchant tailored productions will be right at home in this magnificent assembly. The very overcoat he has in mind is here, with more skilful tailoring in its every line than was ever embodied in any other overcoat he has delighted in wearing. A description of these wonderful coats would be useless, for no one could transfer to print the exclusiveness of fabric, the finesse in tailoring, of these *models of perfection* in overcoats for particular men.

Exhibit "B"

Is for him who wants something in a novelty overcoating. From the ever-popular Raglan to the most extreme military models, the selection is nothing short of phenomenal. Belters, Half-Belters, Semi-Fitted, Loose Boxy Coats, Town Ulsters with more snap to the square inch than was ever packed into an overcoat before; Yoke-back Raglans—in fact, every kind of a coat the well-groomed man is looking for, in woolens that are the very "cream" of the most superb overcoatings from the foremost looms of Europe and America.

For variety, individuality, exclusiveness — Saks' overcoats at $43 to $70 are in a class by themselves.

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32nd ST. - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

Military Equipment
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Able to Equip Entire Regiments, Officers as Well as Enlisted Men

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Everything "Ready-to-Put-On" and Walk Out Which Applies to Both Officers and the Enlisted Men

PRICES TYPICAL OF THE AMERICAN SOLDIER. — FAIR AND SQUARE.
POLITE, COURTEOUS SALESMEN WHO KNOW MILITARY NEEDS.

For the Soldier on Foot

Olive Drab Wool Overcoats	*Army Sweaters*	*Rubber Coats*	*Army Sacks*
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Olive Drab Khaki Suits	*Canteens*	*Army Footwear*	*Army Shoes*

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Olive Drab Wool Overcoats	*Hat Cords*
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Our Made-to-Order Department
Suits and Overcoats on 5 Days' Notice.
Your order will be handled with military precision. Cut and tailored by experts, of fabrics that have been O. K.'d by the Government—and which you see before you order.
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of the British, French and Allied Armies and Navies were well acquainted with the superior durability of Fownes Cape gloves, before the War. Since then they have used "Capes" in even larger quantities.

In America Fownes Capes are of the same high Service standard—and are also washable.

Civilians, Army and Navy Officers,—*if* its a

FOWNES

that's all you need to know about a GLOVE.

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STEEL CASEMENTS AND WINDOWS
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PROTECTING BABIES FROM THE GERMANS.

Pathetic picture of women guarding a group of babies in a big cellar from the German air raiders, reproduced by rotogravure in the Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday. Order today.—Advt.

FISKE PUTS HOPE IN TORPEDOPLANE

Suggests That His Invention May Meet the Situation as the Monitor Did in the Sixties.

AIMS AT GERMAN FLEET

Declares No Defeat Could Injure Her So Much as the Destruction of Her Sea Force.

BOSTON, Nov. 21.—Hope that the torpedoplane may prove to be the effective answer to the German submarine menace was expressed by its inventor, Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, before the members of the Aero Club of New England here tonight.

"Much hope is felt by the Allies now," he said, "because of the apparent loss of effectiveness of the submarine attacks. Whether or not the submarine has been beaten, let us realize that the submarine is only one of many naval weapons, and that naval strategy recognizes the fact that so long as an enemy's fleet exists as a fighting force, it constitutes a continuing menace, from which an attack of some kind may be expected at any time. For this reason, no mere subsidence of submarine activities should blind us to a desirability of sinking or disabling the German Fleet.

"The strategical desirability of creating new and unexpected weapons in advance of war, was not thoroughly realized until recently by any Government, except the German. It is unfortunate for the Allies that the German Government realized it before they did so, because this priority has been a potent fighter on the German side.

"Perhaps it is not too late to bring against the Germans a still newer weapon, the torpedoplane; perhaps it may be permitted us to hope that, as the Monitor was the effective answer to the Merrimac, so the torpedoplane may be the effective answer to the submarine."

Admiral Fiske sketched the development of the airplane as an instrument of warfare, and declared that its use as a naval agency occurred to him years ago.

"In endeavoring to take advantage of airplanes for naval purposes, the first idea of a practical kind that occurred to me came in 1910," he said, "and it was to utilize airplanes of the bomb-dropping type for preventing invasion of our coasts, especially in the Philippines. The idea was that, preliminary to invasion, an enemy would have to bring his vessels near the coast, and stop them there; then he would have to get out a large number of boats; then he would have to fill the boats with men, ammunition, food, and equipment, then he would have to tow the boats slowly to the shore; then he would have to get out on the beach all that the boats contained; and then he would have to form the invading party. During all this long process the boats and the people in them would be almost perfectly helpless against a determined attack by, say 500, bomb-dropping airplanes. I did not succeed in getting serious consideration of this plan.

"My next idea was to utilize airplanes for carrying out an invention for which I had secured the basic patent in October, 1900, for wirelessly directing 'moving vessels or vehicles,' carrying charges of high explosive, an invention usually attributed to another man. The principal difficulty in directing the vessel was not electrical or mechanical, but optical; that is, one could not see them far enough. It is obvious, of course, that a man cannot tell which way to direct a moving vessel if he cannot see where it is. To overcome this difficulty, I worked out a scheme on paper whereby an airplane would accompany each vessel on its course, and either signal back to the transmitting station to steer it to the right or the left, or else to steer it directly by a transmitting apparatus on the airplane itself. A great deal of complexity of various kinds was encountered when an attempt was made to work out the plan in detail, especially when it was realized that the problem was not to steer one vessel, but to steer a great many, and that not only would all the vessels be moving, and all the targets be moving, but that all the airplanes also would be moving. In the midst of these perplexities, it suddenly occurred to me that it would be much better to devise an apparatus whereby regular submarine torpedoes, which are thoroughly accurate and reliable weapons, should be launched directly from the airplanes, and that not only would it be simpler electrically and mechanically, but that also it would be simpler tactically, for the reason that a scheme we had already worked out the problem of launching torpedoes from a fleet of destroyers according to the same principles.

"I did not apply for a patent on this scheme for a year or more, supposing that so obvious a scheme must already have been patented. Finally, I applied in April, 1912. I had no difficulty with the Patent Office, because no one had anticipated my idea, and I was able to secure the basic patent in July, 1912, to my intense amazement.

"The invention attracted a good deal of attention from the papers and magazines here and in Europe. The British began experimenting with it in the Autumn of 1913, and they have been progressing with it ever since. In August, 1915, a British Navy Lieutenant made several flights from the Mediterranean into the Sea of Marmora, carrying torpedoes weighing about 730 pounds each, and he sank four Turkish ships. Many reports have been received that the British have been using torpedoplanes in considerable numbers ever since, but exactly how much is not stated. The Italians, under the leadership of Captain Alesandro Guidonis of the Italian Navy, made many successful experiments with torpedoplanes in 1914, but how much they have used them in the present war is not definitely known. The Germans sank the British steamer Gena near the English coast on May 1, 1917, but we do not know of any further use they have made of torpedoplanes, except that on one occasion a German torpedoplane discharged a torpedo into the mouth of an English harbor. The torpedo did no harm, however, because it ran into a sandbank. This sandbank had recently been formed there through the foresight and prompt action of the inhabitants by the simple expedient of dumping several barge loads of sand.

"It is my hope that the United States Government will also develop the torpedoplane. It seems to have two fields of usefulness—one for operations from the water and the other for operations from the land.

"When our country entered into the present war, the question of the possible usefulness of the torpedoplane in defending our own coast was at once supplanted by the question of its possible usefulness for offensive operations in Europe. This matter a naval officer must discuss with considerable reserve, for reasons that are obvious. No harm is apparent, however, in calling attention to facts that have frequently been mentioned in the newspapers, and that are well known to all intelligent people, including our devilishly intelligent enemies. It may be mentioned, therefore, that the distance from England to Kiel is only 375 land miles, and the distance from the northeastern part of France to the same place is only 400 miles; while the distances from these points to Wilhelmshaven are only 270 and 300 miles respectively; and it is a matter of record that a squadron of Caproni airplanes recently made a trip of 575 miles without stopping.

"It may be that at the present moment there are no airplanes that are able to carry fully sized torpedoes from England to Kiel, discharge the torpedoes and return to England, but there are airplanes in existence that fall short of such ability by only a small percentage. Certainly, therefore, if no such airplanes do exist, they can be made to exist, and I am informed that they can, by one of the most competent aeronautical engineers in the world.

"It may be pointed out here that some of the greatest successes in war have been gained by the joint efforts of strategists and mechanicians, in bringing new weapons into being, and that the Monitor and the U-boat did not exist, until a perception of their strategical possibilities by certain strategists, and the devising of appropriate mechanism by certain mechanicians, caused them to exist.

"It is interesting also to recall the fact that, of all the many factors that decided the result of the Russian-Japanese War, the most important single factor was a new invention, the naval telescope sight—because it was the decisive Japanese victory at the naval battle of Taushima that decided the outcome of the war, by ruining every chance the Russians had of conquering Japan; because it was the enormous superiority in gunnery of the Japanese that gave the Japanese the victory; and because the enormous superiority in gunnery of the Japanese was due entirely to the fact that the Japanese guns were perfectly equipped with telescope sights, while the Russian guns were

"No military defeat now possible could injure Germany as much as would the destruction of her fleet, because that fleet could not possibly be replaced; and without it Germany could not even pretend to hope to achieve the ambition for world dominion with which she started the war, or have a single plausible reason to give her people for continuing to wage it."

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¶ Elaborate gowns from regular stock together with a special purchase of high cost dresses from a leading dressmaker. The materials include: Metallic and Velvet Brocades, Chiffon Velvet and Georgette Crepe beautifully hand beaded or embroidered. Only two or three of a kind, but the materials in each are worth from $5 to $15 a yard. *Four models illustrated.*

Reducing Our Stocks of Staple Merchandise Prior To Opening the Holiday Campaign

Space-making sales in Every Section of Every Department throughout This Mammoth Establishment.
Sharply Reduced Prices on Most Wanted Winter Goods,—the Very Items Now in the Height of Demand.
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We use the term not in the sense that it is usually accepted.

In these times, when income has a hard time keeping up with expenditure, it IS the "fortune of war" that there exists ONE store in New York which stands between YOU and the increasing cost of all necessities.

THAT STORE IS GREENHUT'S.

By concentrating all your purchases HERE, you will find that you are in a much more enviable position than those who fail to heed the wholesome advice which we give.

Try it,—see, and judge for yourself. GREENHUT'S.

Today Is Double Profit Sharing Day.

Two "Sperry" Gold Stamps with Each 10c Purchase All Day Today.

Thanksgiving Silver

A handful of bargains, selected from many, which should induce you to come to this very interesting department of "The Big Store" today.

Quadruple Plated Bread Trays—burnished silver; choice of three designs, plain, ribbon or flower center; at $1.50.

Sterling Silver Handle Serving Pieces—with plated bowls; included are Pie Servers, Gravy Ladles, Berry Spoons, Cake Servers, Salad Forks; ea., $1.50.

Teaette Spoons—with Sterling handles and plated bowls; each $1.

Chests of Rogers A1 Plated Tableware—pretty floral design; bright or grey finish; put up in leatherette chests, with drawer; 26 pieces; comprising 6 teaspoons, 6 table spoons, 6 medium forks, 6 knives, 1 sugar shell, 1 butter knife; complete for $6.20.

Simeon L. and G. H. Rogers A1 Plate Table Ware at these Low Prices

Pretty floral designs, bright or grey finish.

Dessert or Medium Spoons—set of 6, for $1.38.

Dessert or Medium Forks—set of 6, for $1.38.

Dessert or Medium Knives—set of 6, for $1.75.

Orange Spoons or Oyster Forks—set of 6, for $1.25.

Tea or Coffee Spoons—set of 6, for 69c.

Individual Butter Spreaders—set of 6, for $1.50.

Sugar Shells or Butter Knives—each 25c.

Berry Spoons, Gravy Ladles or Cold Meat Forks—each 65c.

Carving Set of Three Pieces—with stag handles; German silver ferrules; put up in lined boxes, $1.95.

Thanksgiving Linens

Don't fail to avail yourself of these bargains. They are rare, indeed, in these difficult times.

Cluny Lace Edge Doilies—each at 19c to 79c—an importer's clean-up; small lots of all size doilies. You save at least 25% on everything you buy from this collection.

Madeira Bread Tray Cloths—regularly up to 49c; ea. at 24c. These are all pure linen; hand scalloped.

$1 Cluny Lace Centerpieces—20 inch, with linen centers; each 79c.

50c and 75c Embroidered Scarfs, Shams and Centerpieces—no less than 60 different styles for choice; white and colored; each 39c.

69c Table Damask—yd., 49c. Only 1200 yards of 64 inch, fine quality mercerized cotton table damask. All choice patterns.

$1.29 and $1.39 Mercerized Damask Napkins—dozen $1. Hemmed, ready for use. There are 17 and 18 inch sizes among the lot.

$1.50 to $1.95 Trimmed Lace Edge Sideboard and Dresser Scarfs—each $1. These are trimmed with imitation Filet and Cluny lace; 18 inches wide, 50 and 54 inches long; cotton and linen centers.

25c to 35c Towels—each 19c. 1000 dozen; manufacturer's seconds of union linen huck towels.

45c Bath Towels—each 35c. Large size, corded edge; hemmed bleached Turkish towels.

Bed Sheets—each 89c. For full and single size beds. Slight mill imperfections. Made of soft finished bleached muslin.

Bath Towel Sets—regularly $1; sale 74c. A neat Christmas gift. Set consists of 1 bath towel, 1 guest towel, 1 wash cloth; in pink and blue.

$2 and $2.50 Bed Spreads—each $1.79. Hemmed white crochet spread for full size beds. An odd lot.

1,000 Pairs of Women's $3 to $5 Shoes

In Today's Sale at $1.98

The one drawback to this sale is the quantity,—ONLY 1000 PAIRS,—and those of our patrons who come late in the day, may be disappointed.

(These shoes were made up for a prominent out-of-town retailer, who owns a chain of shoe stores, and the order was cancelled because delivery was not made according to specifications).

WE BOUGHT THE SHOES, and you have our word for it, that they cannot be duplicated at wholesale at the price we name for today.

EVERY PAIR OF SHOES IS PERFECT,—made up for this season's selling. Patent Leather only, in button and lace styles; plain or tipped toes. All style heels. Every pair Goodyear welted.

Not every size in each style, but all sizes from 2½ to 6, and B to E widths in the lot.

Women's Bath Robes

At Bargain Prices

Bath Robes that are beautiful, serviceable, and splendidly made of most wanted blanket materials.

Selections from our own stocks and a special purchase have been merged for this event.

Women's Bath Robes Today, at $1.98

Elegant robes of blanket material in Copenhagen, rose, and grey; large round collar, trimmed with satin piping; stitched cuffs and pockets, trimmed with piping; girdle at waist.

Women's $4 Bath Robes Today, at $2.95

Made of blanket cloths in floral designs and assorted colors. Neck, sleeves and pocket are trimmed with satin ribbon, wide, self-material belt.

Women's $5 Bath Robes Today at $3.69

Made of blanket cloth in fancy designs; large square collar; trimmed with soft messaline ribbon; sleeve and pocket trimmed to match.

Women's $6 Bath Robes Today, at $4.49

Blanket cloths in a variety of patterns; large shawl collars; turnback cuffs and pocket trimmed with stitched satin. Large silk frog and button. Light and medium shades.

Dresses

$14.75, $16.50 & $18 Dresses for Women & Misses at $11.75

To realize the importance of this sale, your presence in person is necessary. You will not be disappointed.

Most of these handsome dresses are of Serge,—the material that is most in demand and the scarcest, right now; others are made of Velveteen, Satin or Wool crepe.

The styles are distinctive—the majority of the garments shown are faithful reproductions of originals, which sell at a very high price.

For occasional wear, they are quite the thing. Serviceable they are,—smart they are; and among the many new and clever fashion features you will find side-drapes, bolero, surplice and pleated tunic effects. Some of the dresses are handsomely trimmed with embroidery, fur cloth, buttons, etc. Some have novelty collars and pockets; still others are effectively trimmed with Georgette Crepe or contrasting colored satin.

The season's most favored colors are represented, and there are plenty of dresses in navy and black.

All sizes for women and misses.

LIMITED
A Small, but Choice Lot of

Women's Envelope Chemises at $1.93

Exquisite envelope chemise of washable satin and Jap silk, pink or white, prettily trimmed with laces and ribbon. Extremely dainty styles.

Winter Caps

75c and $1 Grades at 50c

Popular Styles for Men, Youths and Boys

Another space-making sale in which we will dispose of several hundred caps at a price which is less than today's regular wholesale quotations.

All of these caps have inside fur bands to cover ears.

Hundreds of patterns for your choice, in Mackinaws, Serges, Chinchillas and Heavy Suitings.

Fur Cap Sale

Prices you would expect to pay at the end of the Winter season.

$3 Fur Caps—at $2. Fine Coney Fur Caps in the Detroit shape; satin lined. All sizes.

$5 Fur Caps—at $3.50. Fine near-seal caps in Detroit shape; satin lined; all sizes for men and youths.

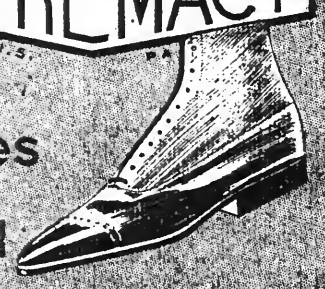
$7.50 Fur Caps—at $5. Natural and Blended Rat, also fine selected skins of near seal in driving and Detroit shapes.

$15 Fur Caps—at $10. Fine Hudson Seal Caps.

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department, or for $2 in Cash at the 2¢ Office on the Fifth Floor. We give 2¢ Green Trading Stamps, as Usual. Ask for Them. Double 2¢ Stamps till 12 o'Clock. Single 2¢ Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

R. H. Macy & Co.

SUPRE-MACY
REG. U.S. PAT.



Shoes For MEN

Novel Effects at $8.89

Shoes that stand apart from the conventional—yet within the limits of good taste. Made over a smart last—with gun metal or dark tan vamps and light tan tops.

Made exclusively for us, with blind eyelets, Goodyear welted soles and long, pointed toes—of the sort that would cost you considerably more elsewhere.

Main Floor Balcony, 35th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co.
Herald Square New York

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Fifth Floor, B'way, Front

Macy's

Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

Fifth Floor, B'way, Front

Smart Clothes for Evening Wear

For the opera-goer, the after dinner speaker, the attentive listeners, the gentleman at the dance or club—evening clothes that look custom made. They are priced much less than ready-to-put-on garments would cost you elsewhere.

Evening Dress Coats and Trousers At $27.25

Well tailored of unfinished worsted, silk lined throughout, coat and collar bound with silk galloon.

Dinner Jacket to match, $20.75

Men's Chesterfield Overcoats

Winter-Weight $21.50 *Silk Lined Throughout*

A dignified overcoat that meets the requirements of correct dress for evening and business wear. Well tailored of all wool, dark Oxford and Cambridge overcoatings, with velvet collar and lining of good quality silk. A single breasted model that reaches the knees. The price, of course, is much less than elsewhere. All sizes.

George Bernard Co.

CLEARANCE SALE

Gowns	Evening Creations of Regal Loveliness. Reg. $125 to $275.	$65 to $175
Wraps	Velvets, Brocades. Were $125 to $250.	$85 to $175
Frocks	Afternoon, Street, Dancing. Reg. $95 to $150.	$25 to $85
Coats	Street and Motor, very finest cloths. Were $110 to $275.	$55 to $150
Suits	Chiffon Velvets, Velours. Were $125 to $275.	$55 to $175
Hats	French Models and Originations.	$10

673 FIFTH AVENUE at 53rd St

BENNETT OPPOSES NAMING OF KRACKE

Protests to Whitman Against His Appointment to the Service Board Here.

WANTS A WOMAN SELECTED

Assails the Present Board for Dignity and Aloofness and Criticises Chairman's Letter to Hylan.

Governor Whitman received a visit at the St. Regis yesterday from Colonel William Hayward, member of the Public Service Commission, a successor to whom the Governor intends to name as soon as the Colonel goes to France. Some comment was caused by a visit paid to the Governor by Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough, shortly after Colonel Hayward left the hotel. The Governor said Mr. Shonts's visit was of a personal nature.

While the Governor was at the hotel he received a letter from ex-Senator William M. Bennett, late Republican candidate for Mayor, protesting against the reported intention of the Governor to name P. J. H. Kracke, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, to the vacancy on the Public Service Commission which will be caused by the absence of Colonel Hayward. Mr. Bennett's opinion was that no more politicians should be appointed to the commission. In concluding his letter Mr. Bennett said:

"I would suggest that the time has come for the appointment of a woman to this position. Women now have the vote, and new duties and interests have been given to them. A woman member of the Public Service Commission would bring to it new views and new life and tend to restore it to the original idea that it was appointed a defender of the public and to protect the public against the rapacity and indifference of public utility corporations."

"I notice in the newspapers," began Mr. Bennett's letter, "a statement that you intend to appoint as a member of the Public Service Commission in the First District Frederick J. H. Kracke, a politician of this city in the present serious condition of affairs it is of the utmost importance that public office should be kept in a state of highest efficiency and no appointments should be made to any office in the present world crisis on a mere basis of politics. Especially is this true as to the Public Service Commission, upon which is imposed the duty of regulating the public service corporations. Nevertheless, there has been a most deplorable deterioration in the efficiency of the Public Service Commission. This commission was originally created for the purpose of protecting the public and seeing that the public utility corporations performed their full duty toward the public. The law creating the commission directs it to take action on its own motion, without waiting for a complaint from any citizen.

"We now find it made a football of politics. Its members have been appointed not because of their experience in regulating public service corporations, but for political purposes.

Assails Straus's Letter.

"To show the utter inability of the present members to realize their proper functions one has but to read the letter of the Chairman to the Mayor-elect of this city a few days ago in relation to the protest of the Mayor-elect against the proposition to permit the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company to run its cars this Winter without heat. In this letter, the Chairman actually takes the position that the Public Service Commission has now become a court whose sole function is to decide complaints as between a particular complainant and a particular public service corporation."

Mr. Bennett then quoted Chairman Straus's letter to Judge Hylan, in which he said: "Upon all the facts brought out at the hearings the commission acts, and must act, as a judicial body."

Then Mr. Bennett continues:

"Sections 45, 48 and 50 of the Public Service Commission law expressly place upon the Public Service Commission the duty of investigating and regulating the public utility corporations and seeing that these corporations perform their duty to the public without waiting for any complaint from a citizen, yet the commission has become so imbued with the idea that they are a court that apparently they have ceased to investigate and supervise the corporations, as a few weeks ago they permitted the coal bunkers of the Interborough to become empty, with the result that the Interborough suspended running for several hours. A short while ago the New York Central Railroad Company was running trains down Eleventh Avenue during prohibited hours, without any protest from the commission.

"The commission has become so dignified and aloof from the public interest and imbued with the idea that they are a court that I presume they will soon be wearing robes like other judicial officers.

Urges a Subway Journey.

"I do not know whether you ever ride in the subway at the crowded hours or not. Most of the citizens of this city, however, have to patronize the subway at those hours, and if you would only take one trip on the subway during the busy hours I think you would see the necessity of appointing to this commission a man who knows something about the regulation of public utility corporations, and who will be wide awake alive to the idea that the object of the commission is to regulate these corporations for the benefit of the public, and not to act as a court to decide controversies between a particular complainant and a particular corporation.

"A Public Service Commission composed of plumbers and grocers who are alive with human interest would do better work for the public than a commission which regards itself merely as a court of law. The foregoing quotation from the letter of the Chairman ought to prove the death knell of the present commission.

"The appointment at this time of a man who is merely a politician would be an outrage, and would make the Public Service Commission for the First District a disgrace, instead of the joke that it now is.

"I therefore write this letter to protest against the appointment of Frederick J. H. Kracke as Public Service Commissioner, on the ground that he is a mere politician, and this is no time for the appointment to office of men solely on the ground that they are politicians."

Governor Whitman had a conference yesterday afternoon with Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the Republican County Committee.

"I believe that all disagreements within the Republican organizations in this neighborhood have been ironed out," the Governor said, after the conference. "On the whole I am satisfied with the situation. I cannot state when I will be in a position to announce my appointments for the Public Service Commissions, but I have decided on the men to appoint and will make the announcement as soon as Colonel Hayward has sailed with his regiment."

Aside from the prospective Hayward vacancy Governor Whitman is to appoint a successor to Henry W. Hodge, who is now on active service in France. Governor Whitman returned to Albany early last evening.

HYLAN IS WAITING FOR MURPHY'S SLATE

Nothing in Sight for Office Seekers Until the "Chief" Gets Back.

MAY BE SOME CRUMBS LEFT

Meanwhile the Place Hunters Are Wondering Just How Much Patronage Brooklyn Is Going to Get.

While Mayor-elect John P. Hylan is giving daily a very lifelike imitation of a man seriously engaged in the preliminaries of patronage distribution, the long-suffering office hunters who gather day after day at his headquarters, 50 East Forty-second Street, shake their heads sadly and declare that there is a general lack of real action which they cannot get through their heads.

"Why isn't he handing out something besides talk?" is a plaint frequently heard among men who have been ushered into the private sanctum of the smiling Mayor-elect and then ushered out again. The explanation came yesterday when friends of Judge Hylan broke the news gently to some of the men and women who had hoped to get their desire to serve the city gratified by merely letting Judge Hylan know that they were prepared to sacrifice their private business and accept public office under his administration. What they learned was that all appointments will await the return of Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy.

Mr. Murphy is expected back within a few days, according to persons who profess to be familiar with the plans of the Tammany chieftain. In well informed circles it is generally believed that, in accordance with past practice, he will bring back with him a complete slate of prospective appointees for every position of importance in the gift of the incoming Mayor which has not been allotted to Brooklyn or any of the other boroughs. That Mr. Murphy did not go to French Lick Springs merely for his health was indicated the other day by a hurried summons to Congressman Thomas F. Smith, Secretary of Tammany Hall and political factotum to the "Chief," to join him forthwith at the Indiana health resort.

That there will be little but crumbs left for the general run of patronage hunters who now haunt the Hylan headquarters is taken for granted by the initiated few. There has been a notable absence of sizeable Tammany men who in the past have always been very much in evidence during the season when jobs are handed out. Tammany's faithful do not come to the Mayor-elect for their patronage. They go to "Chief" Murphy at Tammany Hall, and now that Mr. Murphy is away and there is no breadline at Tammany Hall they are keeping out of sight, satisfied that their interests will be taken care of by the "chief," and that what the "Chief" says will "go" with the incoming administration.

One of the problems that are puzzling the patronage hunters is how the jobs are to be divided between Manhattan, Tammany's political demesne, and Brooklyn, which is the political hallwick of the John H. McCooey organization and the home of Mayor-elect Hylan. Brooklyn, according to a leader of Judge Hylan's own political persuasion from that borough, is looking for "something better than a fifty-fifty split, seeing that Brooklyn did so well for Hylan." If the Brooklyn leaders should attempt to act on this theory and get ugly about it a lively scrap between Tammany Hall and what up to the present time has been regarded as little more than its Brooklyn annex will precede the distribution of Judge Hylan's patronage. The Democratic organization in Brooklyn from time immemorial—even when Gaynor was Mayor, though, like Hylan, he was a Brooklynite—has received only the crumbs from the Manhattan's table. This year, however, there is every indication that the Brooklyn Democrats will demand something more substantial.

The Hylan headquarters these days is crowded with place hunters, but the visitor looking on the busy scene there is seeing only part of the show. The McCooey headquarters in Brooklyn is equally crowded, and so was Tammany Hall until Tammany leader Murphy departed. In Bronx, Queens, and Richmond the Democratic leaders are just as busy as is McCooey in Brooklyn and as was Murphy in Tammany Hall in their attempts to make a little patronage go a long way. At that, it is certain that for every man who lands a job, ten will go away disappointed.

While there is all the usual hectic gossip incidental to the doling out of patronage, there is little authenticated talk regarding prospective appointees. Among persons who are looked upon as certain of appointment by Mayor-elect Hylan is John D. Delaney of Brooklyn, who was Commissioner of Efficiency and Economy at Albany during the Sulzer and Glynn regimes. Mr. Delaney, it was said last night, was reasonably sure of being appointed either Supervisor of The City Record or Commissioner of Accounts. He is regarded as well equipped for either position. He is a practical printer, and at one time was President of Typographical Union No. 6.

Congressman Murray Hurlbut, who was campaign manager for Controller-elect Charles L. Craig, is being mentioned for the place at the head of the Department of Docks and Ferries, with the likelihood that if the necessary legislation can be obtained, the administration of bridges, now under the Department of Plant and Structures, will be transferred to the Dock Department. If the Legislature can be induced to act, the Department of Plant and Structures will be abolished, and the old office of Superintendent of Public Buildings—a borough job—restored to control of the city and borough structures.

A new candidate for the position of Health Commissioner turned up yesterday in the person of Dr. Richard Kevin of Brooklyn, who is said to be "seriously considered" for that position. Dr. Kevin, with the backing of the Kings County Medical Society, some time ago conducted a vigorous crusade for a separate health office for the Borough of Brooklyn. The only other candidate for the position who is credited with the necessary political backing is former Health Commissioner Dr. Thomas Darlington, who has been active in the affairs of Tammany Hall for a number of years.

It was learned yesterday that there would be a vacancy at the head of the Parole Board, owing to the prospective resignation of Dr. Katharine B. Davis to become General Secretary of the Rockefeller Foundation Bureau of Social Hygiene. This position pays a salary of $7,500 and undoubtedly will be eagerly sought by applicants from the ranks of the newly enfranchised women.

It was said yesterday that Mrs. Leon Boyd of 561 Fifty-third Street, Brooklyn, was a candidate for the position. Mrs. Boyd has a husband and three children, but it was reported that she regards herself fully capable of giving them the necessary attention without serious interference with any public responsibilities that may be lodged with her. Mrs. Boyd was head of the Women's Hylan League of Brooklyn and at present is engaged in the organization of the women voters in the Seventh Assembly District of Kings for the Young Women's Democratic League of Kings County.

CAN'T FORCE ELECTION.

Mandamus in Senatorial Fight Futile, Attorney General Holds.

Special to The New York Times.

MADISON, Wis., Nov. 21.—Attorney General W. C. Owen has ruled that no mandamus proceeding can force the Governor to call a special election for the election of a United States Senator.

The sentiment for a special election has been growing in the State. A petition was sent by G. M. Sheldon, a lawyer of Tomahawk, to Attorney General Owen, asking him to begin mandamus proceedings. The Attorney General cites the decision of the Supreme Court that "the Governor, within the scope of his authority, is independent of the Judicial Department of the State. He can neither be compelled to act or not to act, nor his act called in question."

The question now arises, Should the Legislature, in special session, refuse to give the Governor power to appoint a successor to the late Senator Husting, could the Governor be compelled to call an election? The opinion of the Attorney General today would seem to question such proceedings.

Kracke Names Childs as Deputy.

F. J. H. Kracke, Commissioner of Plant and Structure, announced yesterday the appointment of F. Carter Childs as Deputy Commissioner of the department. Mr. Childs resigned from the department last June to work for Mayor Mitchel's re-election. Commissioner Kracke also announced the appointment of Edward C. Beecherer to be his secretary. Mr. Beecherer has been connected with the Bureau of Licenses.

GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES

We offer the Following Mortgages on New York City Real Estate

Amount of Loan	Guaranteed Rate of Interest to Investor	Stories	Material	Type	Rental	Value of Security
$2,250	5%	2 & Cellar	Brick	Dwelling	$300	$3,750
3,250	5%	2 & Cellar	Brick	Dwelling	420	5,500
8,500	5%	4 & Bas't	Brick	Apts.	1,872	15,000
18,000	5½%	Two 5 & Bas't	Brick	Stores & Apts.	5,208	45,000

Details of other offerings in various amounts, with photographs of properties, furnished upon request.
Also Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates $100 & up, paying 5%.
Free from Personal Taxation.
Write for booklet "The Ideal Investment," and December Investment List.

New York Title and Mortgage Company
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER $3,000,000
135 Broadway, New York. 'Phone 6880 Cortland
203 Montague St., Brooklyn 'Phone 7100 Main

NEW WARNING TO SPITTERS.

Magistrates Urged to Impose Heavy Penalties on Offenders.

Health Commissioner Emerson has issued a public warning that the police will arrest all who spit in public places. In a letter sent to Chief Magistrate McAdoo he asks that the Magistrate "act with determination in imposing suitable sentences on all such offenders." Last year more than 1,500 persons were arrested and in many instances fines of $5 were imposed.

Commenting on Commissioner Emerson's action, Dr. Guilfoy, Register of Records, pointed out that pneumonia and tuberculosis caused more deaths than all other infectious and communicable diseases combined. "Both of these," said Dr. Guilfoy, "are spread in large measure through the carelessness of infected individuals."

Safe Milk for Infants and Invalids
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking.
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

THE famous instrument which won highest score for tone quality at the Panama-Pacific Exposition was
Sonora
THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY
CLEAR AS A BELL
THE HIGHEST CLASS TALKING MACHINE IN THE WORLD
Sonora Phonograph Sales Company, Inc.
GEORGE E. BRIGHTSON, President
Fifth Ave. at 53rd Street 50 Broadway (Standard Arcade)
1270 Broadway at Reade St. *Brooklyn: 1285 Fulton St.
(*Evening Demonstrations)

Copr. Life Pub. Co.

A Message From The Front
is only the title of one among 40 other original pictures in America's leading humorous and satirical weekly. Whether you speak French or not you will be interested in the "Polley voos Fransay" little girl on the colored cover of this week's
Life
$5.00 a year
$5.52 Canadian
$6.04 Foreign
24 West 31st Street, New York
Number dated Nov. 22, Price 10 cents, for sale to-day at all news-stands.

His Chance To Come Back
What Really Is It?
Every soldier in camp and drafted man wonders. Every wife and mother anxiously asks. One of the highest authorities in Washington now tells: gives actual facts and figures: how many go "over the top": how many come back. The surprising story is in the Christmas Ladies' Home Journal.
Spend 15 Cents on It
Spare-time subscription representatives wanted everywhere. If you need more money, we need you. Address Box 1624, Philadelphia, Penna.

Copyright, 1917 The House of Kuppenheimer
Officers' Uniforms
By The House Of Kuppenheimer
Made with that thoroughness which is characteristic of Kuppenheimer Clothes—Tailored with the precision of an Infantry advance supported by an Artillery barrage and as much superior to ordinary uniforms as a "French 75" is to a pop-gun.
American Standards and Tailoring lead the World—Kuppenheimer Standards make them leaders in America—Kuppenheimer Uniforms are sold in New York by Brill Brothers exclusively.
16 oz. O. D. Uniforms, Special at $37.50
18 oz. O. D. Uniforms, Special at $42.50
30 oz. O. D. Overcoats, Special at $55.00
And Everything Else in Equipment from Puttees to Caps.
Brill Brothers
The Exclusive Kuppenheimer Dealers in the Metropolitan Districts
44 East 14th St. 279 Broadway
Broadway at 49th St. 1456 B'way at 42d St.
47 Cortlandt St. 125th St. at 3d Ave.
2 Flatbush Avenue Brooklyn
And at 42 United States Avenue, Plattsburg, N. Y.

CUTTING SAYS HYLAN MISUNDERSTOOD HIM

Tells Mayor-Elect Research Bureau Once Got on Well with Tammany Officials.

HIS WARNING IMPERSONAL

Disavows Intent to Impute Unworthy Motives to Judge and His Associates.

R. Fulton Cutting, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Bureau of Municipal Research, replied yesterday to an attack made on him and the bureau by Mayor-elect John F. Hylan because of an article in THE NEW YORK TIMES of last Sunday. In a statement, published yesterday morning, Judge Hylan said that the bureau was controlled by the "big interests," asked why it had not stopped acts of the present Fusion administration, which he had attacked in the campaign, and made a supplemental attack on E. P. Goodrich, Director of the Bureau.

In his reply, Mr. Cutting said that Judge Hylan had misinterpreted his statement, that he had not meant to impute unworthy motives to him and his associates, and that the Bureau once got on very well with a Tammany administration. Mr. Cutting's statement follows:

"I am sorry that Judge Hylan has so wholly misapprehended the meaning of my statement in Sunday morning's TIMES. I certainly did not intend to impute unworthy motives to him and his associates, but if the language that I used may be understood to convey such an impression I am sorry for it. The caption of the statement, 'What Tammany Cannot Do,' I am not responsible for. I spoke of future administrations altogether generally and impersonally. As a matter of fact, the experience of the Bureau of Municipal Research with Tammany officials has not been such as to create the apprehension that seems to exist in the minds of many excellent citizens with reference to the incoming administration, and it was to allay that apprehension that I responded to the request for an interview.

Career Began Under McClellan.

"As I stated, the bureau thrived under former Tammany administrations. It commenced its career in the Mayoralty of Mr. McClellan. With him and with Controller Metz it enjoyed cordial co-operation. It was at that time that the segregated budget was introduced and a complete reorganization of the Finance Department effected—a reorganization that met with the unqualified approval of the Chamber of Commerce. When he took office Judge Gaynor was bitterly prejudiced against the bureau. This prejudice was really personal. In his campaign he abused me outrageously, and charged me with defrauding the city, a charge which I understood is now revived. The Judge however, had not been Mayor very long before he commenced to see a new light. He appointed me on citizens' honorary committees, and ended by inviting me to dinner.

"The Judge certainly did not lack intelligence, and when he came to apprehend the bureau's motives and objectives he not only permitted his subordinates to accept its co-operation, but at his special request, Henry Bruère, then one of the bureau's Directors, undertook a study of the Police Department. The bureau's work went steadily forward under this administration. This certainly does not constitute an indictment of Tammany administrations, but perhaps Judge Hylan thinks that the bureau contaminated Messrs. McClellan, Gaynor, Betz, and many of their department heads.

Denies Reference to Checks.

"But now a word or two with reference to the nature of the statement which I gave out. If anybody will read it thoughtfully he will note that in describing the new methods and principles that have been adopted in our municipal government, very little, if any, reference is made to checks and balances, or to supervisors over supervisors, intended to prevent dishonesty. The theory upon which the bureau was founded and has operated is that the operations of government need to be illuminated and made intelligible to both the public and the chief executives. The old scheme led by laws of an honest and competent administrator and in no way prevented the hidden hand from moving the pieces at will upon the chessboard of municipal government.

"The object, then, of the new methods has been to bring to the officials the carefully ascertained facts that they need to assist them to conduct the city's business with their eyes open and to discern the consequences of incapacity. I attempted briefly to describe the segregated budget which has contributed so usefully to enable the Board of Estimate to measure the relative social and economic value of specific expenditures and to discover leakages.

"In a word the bureau's single object has been to supply officials with expert co-operation to enable them to attain the greatest efficiency and at the same time to keep the public informed by the intelligibility of administrative operation as to the merits of official conduct. Judge Hylan has arraigned the bureau for permitting many acts of the present administration that he has criticized. He misapprehends the scope of the bureau's activities. It confines itself to matters of administrative conduct and carefully avoids meddling with affairs for the study of which it is not equipped. This limitation has enabled it to keep clear of many policies which have had political significance."

Mr. Goodrich said last night that he would make no reply to Judge Hylan's attack upon him. He said he was not worried about it.

WILL REDUCE TAXICAB FARE.

Westcott Company Accepts Authority of Public Service Board.

The investigation by the Public Service Commission into complaints of overcharging made against the taxicab service of the Westcott Express Company operating from the Pennsylvania Station resulted yesterday in an order by the commission reducing the rates to conform to those fixed by the city ordinance.

Because the company had special privileges within railroad stations its taxicabs were not licensed and were not subject, it was contended, to the ordinance. The company announced its intention to recognize the jurisdiction of the commission and to charge in future only the same rates as those permitted outside of private zones.

A similar order was recently made by the Board of Aldermen, and the significance of the commission's action is that its proceeding has established its authority over taxicabs operating for the accommodation of passengers on trains entering or leaving any of the city stations.

Banker Sentenced to Serve 3 Years.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—Harry A. Dubia, head of the Industrial Savings Bank, which failed for $700,000 last Summer, was convicted today of receiving deposits after he knew the bank to be insolvent, and was sentenced to three years' imprisonment. He was fined in addition $805, double the amount of the last deposit accepted.

Willed $40,000 to Masonic Order.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 21.—The will of George M. Rice of Worcester, a thirty-third degree Mason, filed in the Probate Court today, makes bequests aggregating about $40,000 to Masonic bodies of Massachusetts. The will makes the Masonic Home of Massachusetts his residuary legatee.

SEE PEACE A PRICE BREAKER

Business Leaders Expect Psychological Drop When War Ends.

"When Will the Price Break Come?" was discussed last night before 100 members of the Advertising Club, 47 East Twenty-fifth Street, by Saunders Novell, General Manager of McKesson & Robbins; Professor Edwin R. A. Seligman of Columbia, and President Theodore E. Burton of the Merchants National Bank.

Prices will continue strong, Mr. Novell told the advertising men, until peace is definitely in sight. Then speculators, and even perhaps investors, will lose their nerve, and we may expect a serious drop. This drop, however, will be based merely on "psychology" and not on "real facts," Mr. Novell declared. He said the United States should have good business after the war, but that there would probably be labor troubles, since organized labor would not accept an inevitable reduction of high wages without a fight.

"When the break in prices comes with the sight of peace, the big manufacturers must hold up the market," Mr. Novell declared. "The big business men of the country must help to save the little men."

Professor Seligman pointed out that prices and prosperity in this country went up and down in cycles, and that we were now in what would have been, even with out the war, a period of rising prices, but that we must expect a decline, and even perhaps a periodic panic, in a few years. The great financial danger of the war for all the nations, he declared, comes from much flat paper money. The United States has not come to this yet, but may be forced to, he said.

"The Government can only get another billion out of the excess profits tax and only another billion from the income tax," Professor Seligman declared. "Then accumulated wealth will have to be taxed. This will reduce the power of inherited wealth, and will increase the influence of ingenuity, forcefulness, and intelligence.

Cyclical depressions will never be so great in the future as in the past, ex-Senator Burton told the advertising men, because better business methods, greater knowledge, and far-sighted laws enable us to cope with such situations. Every twenty-three or twenty-four years, however, prices in the United States seem to change for better or worse. From 1825 prices went down until 1850. They went up until 1875. They went down again until 1896, and will likely now continue to go up until 1919 or 1920, when they will turn to the downward path again.

FREE DENTISTRY FOR POOR.

Children Will Be Treated at New York College Clinic.

Through the efforts of the Faculty of the New York College of Dentistry the children of the poor of this city will receive dental work entirely free of charge. Dr. A. R. Starr, dean, has arranged for a clinic at the college building every Saturday afternoon between 1 and 4 o'clock.

At these clinics the children between the ages of 7 and 14 years will be attended for fillings, extractions, gum diseases, &c., by competent dentists. Dr. Starr believes that if poor parents of children will take advantage of this work a great deal of of the disorders of the stomach and digestive organs will be eliminated.

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AUDITED FIGURES

of New York, Boston and Chicago Bazaars of 1916 show net profit paid to approved War Relief Societies of

$1,479,459.33

NEW YORK	BOSTON	CHICAGO
$484,826.27	$459,339.29	$535,293.77
AUDITORS: DELOITTE, PLENDER, GRIFFITHS & CO.	AUDITORS: LYBRAND, ROSS BROS. & MONTGOMERY.	ARTHUR YOUNG & CO.

It is confidently expected that the profits of the participating committees in Hero Land will exceed

$1,000,000

Hero Land's revenue to date amounts to over $157,140.36, which should more than cover expenses, so that receipts while open go directly to approved participating war relief societies.

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None of whom receive any compensation from Hero Land for their services.

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American Women's War Relief Fund
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Appel Belge and Appel au Foyer
Artists' League Fund
Belgian Children's Milk Fund
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British American War Relief Fund
British Patriotic Fund
British Recruiting Mission
British War Relief Association
Blue Cross Fund
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(Alice Duchesse de Vendome Hospital)
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Commission for Relief in Belgium
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Committee France-American for the Protection of the Children of the Frontier
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Duryea War Relief
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National Special Aid
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Needlework Guild of America
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Refugees in Russia
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Serbian Relief Committee
Shamrock Fund
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The Hospital Under Three Flags (Johnstone Reckitt Foundation)
The Women's Musical Alliance, Inc.
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U. S. Army Recruiting Service Station
Vacation War Relief Committee
Venetian Fund
Vestiaire des Blesses
Volunteer Hospital Social Service
War Babies Cradle
Women's Advisory Committee on Navy Auxiliaries in the Red Cross Council
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These organizations have raised for War Relief over

$100,000,000

NO FEES ARE PAID TO PROMOTERS

ONE HUNDRED CENTS in every dollar raised at each of the participating booths goes to that participating committee.

ALL SURPLUS PROFITS, after the payment of expenses and payments to participating committees, are divided between sixty of the committees who have underwritten the expenses of HERO LAND.

ALL EXPENSES in connection with obtaining advertisements in the program have been privately donated, and consequently the entire amount received for advertisements in the program, which exceeds $11,000, goes to HERO LAND.

The relief organizations with headquarters at 360 Madison Avenue have always advocated, and will welcome, State licensing of war charities. Such a system already exists in the State of Illinois, and all the war charities with headquarters at 360 Madison Avenue are already licensed in the State of Illinois by the Illinois State Council of Defense.

All the committees with headquarters at 360 Madison Avenue have been approved by the Charity Organization Society, to whom they submit audited statements of their accounts.

PLEASE DO NOT CONFUSE HERO LAND

With other Bazaars or Entertainments

FIRST SHOT FIRED BY 6TH ARTILLERY

Brig. Gen. Hoyle Proudly Announces Honor Won by His Old Command.

GOT WORD FROM THE FRONT

Dr. Iyenaga Points Out Menace to Japan if Germany and Russia Should Combine.

The identity of the artillery regiment which fired the shot that heralded America's entrance into the war was revealed in this country for the first time last night by Brig. Gen. Eli D. Hoyle, Commander in Chief of the Department of the East, at a dinner of the Fifth Avenue Association at the Waldorf. The General said he learned the details of the action from an army officer recently from France.

"It was Battery C of my old regiment, the 6th Field Artillery, the finest drilled outfit in the country at the beginning of the war," said General Hoyle," which had the honor of beginning America's part in the war." The General had not expected to be asked to speak when he came over from Governors Island to the dinner last night. Nevertheless, when Willard V. King, the toastmaster, called on him, he said he was glad of the opportunity to say something about the spirit of our army in France

"I'd give ten years of my life," he said, "to be ordered to France. You can't imagine if you haven't seen it the magnificent spirit in which our men are going into this war. I know that some persons have said that we have been blundering a lot, but if those same persons will take into consideration that last April when the war started we had only about 100,000 men in the ranks of the army, counting the non-fighting units, the Hospital and Quartermaster Corps, and when they realize that today we have about a million under arms, they will hesitate to cast slurs at the organization and administration of our troops.

"Let me tell the story of the regiment that fired the first shot in this war—the shot from the shell which was later sent to President Wilson. It has not been known in this country, and I myself just learned of it a few days ago when an officer from France called on me on Governors Island. This officer, a Captain of artillery, started from France on the Antilles, and was one of those saved when one went down. He said he came to see me expressly to tell me the news that the old regiment had fired the first shot. You know I was Colonel of the Sixth Field Artillery before the war, and this officer was one of the men of my command. He said that it was Battery C of our old regiment, his battery, which had the honor of beginning the actual fighting for America.

"The 6th Field was the finest drilled body of men, I think, I ever saw before the war, and it nearly broke my heart to see the regiment split up into new commands when the war started. I asked this Captain if he didn't think that the regiment suffered in morale by having so many new men take the places of our veterans. He said that such was not the case, but that the old men had inspired the recruits with the old spirit of the regiment, and it was doing grand work on the firing line. He told me that the spirit of our soldiers in France was splendid all the way through."

Before General Hoyle spoke, Gaston Liebert, the French Consul General here, made a short address, in which he said that his position in this country had been rendered extremely pleasant by the sincere love for France he found everywhere among all Americans. Following Mr. Liebert, Dr. T. Iyenaga, from Japan, Director of the East and West News Bureau, spoke of the relations of Japan to the Allies. Dr. Iyenaga declared that Japan had fulfilled the mission intrusted her by the Allies when she entered the war by keeping peace throughout the Far East and watching over the interests of her allies in that part of the world. The speaker said that insurmountable difficulties had kept Japan from the trenches in Europe so far, but that if the need arose she would be ready to risk all for the common cause. He then mentioned the menace to Japan of a possible combination of Russia and Germany, saying:

"Perchance—and you will note I say perchance—Russia might come under the domination of Germany and the combined forces of the two greatest military powers in Europe cross the Ural. Japan will have to re-enact again the tragic drama of 1904-5 on the fields of Manchuria."

Charles C. Kurzman proposed a plan where the quota of persons now working on Red Cross supplies might be augmented by from 75,000 to 100,000 people. He proposed that men and women who were working in the daytime should give two hours in the evening to Red Cross work. Employes of different firms could take an evening a week, he said. Workrooms could be equipped and men and women of every industry could give of their skill and energy to the Red Cross. Mr. Kurzman said he had been in France recently and had seen the need for unimagined quantities of Red Cross supplies. This fact, he declared, had prompted him to suggest his plan.

The association announced that this year its medals for the best building erected during the year as follows: Gold medal for the Postal Life Building, at Forty-third Street and Fifth Avenue, and silver medal to the Guaranty Trust for its new building at Sixtieth Street and Madison Avenue. For the best altered building the gold medal was awarded to Cartier Brothers for their building at 653 Fifth Avenue. The silver medal was given to the Union Trust Company for their building at Fifth Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street.

TELL NEED FOR MEN IN MERCHANT MARINE

Speakers at Luncheon Discuss Problems of the Nation in Operating the Fleet.

W. L. Saunders, Chairman of the Naval Consulting Board; Congressman John J. Fitzgerald, and Felix M. Warburg, at a luncheon at the Bankers' Club yesterday, discussed the problems confronting the United States in obtaining sufficient men to man the merchant fleet which is now being built. Immediate steps toward upbuilding the merchant marine were urged.

In speaking of the need of a merchant marine, Congressman Fitzgerald said:

"We never can make the position of the United States what it should be in the world's trade unless we rehabilitate our merchant marine and have American commodities carried in American ships, operated by American citizens."

Felix M. Warburg spoke of the necessity of awakening in the American youth a feeling for the "poetry of the sea." "There are thousands of workmen in various industries with mechanical skill who could be used in the merchant marine if the opportunities were made attractive to them," he said. "A board should be established to rate such men as to experience and fitness for such positions. Many of them, I am sure, would willingly turn their activities to the sea if their experience and skill would count toward lucrative employment."

Freed of Letter Writing Charge.

Frank Haunga, a young engraver, who was arrested in October on a charge of having mailed an improper letter to Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, was acquitted yesterday by a jury in the Federal District Court. Judge Mayer ordered the dismissal of the case because the Government's evidence was not conclusive.

WAR SERVICE COUNTS ON CARNEGIE PENSION

Foundation Votes That Professors Who Enlist Will Retain Full Privileges.

LAUDS COLLEGES' SACRIFICE

President Pritchett Reports Payment of $547,000 in Nine Months to Teachers and Widows.

Teachers in the seventy-three colleges and universities affiliated with the Carnegie Foundation for the advancement of teaching, who are in line for retirement pensions after twenty-five years of teaching service, will be allowed to count in that twenty-five years any time that they may spend in the army, navy, or other national service during the war. This decision was reached at the annual meeting of the trustees of the foundation, held yesterday at the offices at 576 Fifth Avenue. It is said that a very large number of the members of the faculties of these affiliated institutions, which include several of the largest universities in the country, are already in military service. The following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the colleges of the United States and Canada are felicitated over the offerings which they are making of their teachers, their sons, and their students to the great war in securing the freedom of the mind of man, enlarging human vision, the deeper appreciation of human rights—purposes which are the undying aims and endeavors of the higher education.

Considerable progress was reported toward the gradual transformation of the present pension system into a plan of insurance and annuities, to be supported, except for the overhead charges, which will be defrayed by the Foundation, by contributions from teachers and from the colleges or universities. This will extend the benefits, which will then be on a contractual basis, to a large number of teachers, and will do away with the economic unsoundness which was discovered in the pension system two or three years ago.

The reports of Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, President of the Foundation, and Robert A. Franks, its Treasurer, showed that during the nine months ended June 30 last $547,000 had been paid out in pensions to 357 professors and 148 widows of professors. Seventeen allowances have been terminated by death, and 64 new recipients were added to the list. In the twelve years of the Foundation's existence 571 professors and 178 widows, representing the seventy-three affiliated institutions and eighty-seven others, have received a total of $5,450,000. The general endowment of the Foundation is now $13,150,000, the surplus accumulated from income $1,335,000, and the income for the nine months ended June 30 was $625,000.

Charge Your Blood With Iron

Is your work chasing you, instead of you chasing it? Are you getting nervous and irritable? Have you lost courage and energy? Do you have many "off days?" Are you run down?

Then you are probably suffering from blood poverty—your blood is poor in iron and red cells.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

Thin Blood gets thinner, poor blood gets poorer. An anemic tendency is very dangerous,—check it promptly. Take a course of Pepto-Mangan; it will soon help you unless you have a serious organic disease.

For, Pepto-Mangan makes new, strong, healthy blood by charging it with iron and by creating millions of new, sturdy red blood cells. Blood that is strong in iron and rich in red cells scours out the poisons which cause the run down condition. And, the reinforced blood invites the easy return of good health.

Pepto-Mangan cannot disorder the stomach. Its taste and appearance are pleasant. For sale at all drug stores.

Friendly Warning:—There are many counterfeits—reject them all. *Gude's* is the only genuine Pepto-Mangan. It is sold only as pictured here—never in bulk.

Study this picture so you will know how genuine Pepto-Mangan looks.

Pepto-Mangan is made by
M. J. BREITENBACH CO.,
Manufacturing Chemists New York.

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$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 $5.00 $6.00 $7.00 $8.00

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of every pair of shoes before they leave the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. You can save money by wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. The best known shoes in the world.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

Sold by over 9000 shoe dealers and 105 W. L. Douglas stores. If not convenient to call at W. L. Douglas store, ask your local dealer for them. Take no other make. Write for booklet, showing how to order shoes by mail, postage free.

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BOYS SHOES
Best in the World
$3.00 & $2.50

BEWARE OF FRAUD
None genuine unless W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

The early boyhood days of W. L. Douglas were spent in hard work with long hours. Besides pegging shoes all day he was obliged to gather and cut up wood for the fires, milk the cow and take care of the horse, working early mornings and until after dark at night by the light of a smoky whale oil lamp.

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*2779 Third Av., bet. 146th & 147th Sts
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703-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton.
*1366 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
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*859 Manhattan Avenue.
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*Stores marked with a * carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas Shoes for Women.*

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

The Brewers to the Public

Our Federal Laws, now for the first time in our history, absolutely prohibit the distillation of ardent spirits—such as whiskey, brandy, gin and the like. In so doing they make a clear distinction between distilled spirituous liquors and mild beverages—such as beer and light wines.

This distinction sets a precedent in our national treatment of the question of Intemperance. It is in line with the teachings of history and of science. It is in harmony with the experience of other countries now at war. It is through such a distinction that the real solution of this vital problem will be found.

Inasmuch as the brewers have reduced the alcoholic content of beer until it is today only fractionally in excess of 3 per cent. they have earned the right to call their product a ***True Temperance Drink.*** Yet, in general popular opinion, it is still associated with ardent spirits.

The true relationship of beer is with light wines and soft drinks—***not with hard liquors.***

For this false mental association the brewers are largely responsible. Keen competition in the early days of the brewing industry, before the perfection of modern bottling methods, led the brewers as individuals to encourage the establishment of saloons, which were at that time the only agencies through which their product could be lawfully sold. This unwise individual action on the part of many led to an undue multiplication of the saloon—a form of retail distribution which dealt not only in malt beverages but also in intoxicating liquors, and established a business affiliation that has since created the false mental association.

Thus our product has been unjustly and improperly linked with those influences—over which we have had no control—that have actually promoted Intemperance.

For years we have hoped, with the wine growers, that some factor might intervene which would enable us to sever, once and for all, the shackles that bound our wholesome products—light wines and beer, the handmaidens to ***True Temperance***—to ardent spirits in popular mental association and actual business practise. The Federal enactment prohibiting the distillation of spirituous liquors has broken those chains at last.

Freed now to speak for the great moral truth of temperance that we have long realized was ours—heartened by the action of Congress and the President—we welcome the opportunity that is thus afforded us to promote ***True Temperance.*** Further, we pledge ourselves to co-operate with the spirit of the law by adding our utmost efforts to ***dissociate beer from distilled liquors*** in every way, in popular thought and in the saloon.

Thus will the Federal laws and our practise operate to eliminate the evils of Intemperance and to place our country upon a basis of Temperance—***REAL Temperance,*** which means sobriety and moderation; ***not*** Prohibition, which has proved a fallacy and a failure.

The United States Brewers' Association.

GERMAN OPERA BAN IS LIFTED IN 'MARTA'

Von Flotow's Work Sung in Italian, by Italians, with Exception of Frieda Hempel.

SHE DELIGHTS AS HEROINE

A Vivacious and Brilliant Performance, with Caruso in Excellent Form as Lionel.

MARTA—Opera in four acts and six scenes. Book by W. Friedrich, (in Italian.) Music by Friedrich von Flotow, at the Metropolitan Opera House.
Lady Harriet..........Frieda Hempel
Nancy..........Flora Perini
Lionel..........Enrico Caruso
Plunkett..........Giuseppe De Luca
Sir Tristan..........Pompilio Malatesta
The Sheriff..........Mario Laurenti
A Servant..........Vincenzo Reschiglian
Three Maids.....Lavinia Puglioli, Nazzarena Malaspina, Emma Borniggia.
Conductor, Arturo Bodanzky.

Although the management of the Metropolitan Opera House has formally banned German opera from its stage for the season, German opera crept into the repertory there surreptitiously last night in the shape of "Marta." It was given, to be sure, in an Italian translation, but the house program did not attempt to palliate or to conceal the fact that the composer was Friedrich von Flotow, and might have called him Baron, or that the librettist was one W. Friedrich.

The audience was cheerfully disposed toward the performance, which was an unusually vivacious one, under the direction of Mr. Bodanzky, in former times the conductor of the German performances, and, we believe, himself an Austrian. The performance was given by Italians—with the very important exception of the heroine's part, taken by Miss Frieda Hempel, whose nationality need not again be dwelt upon.

Considerably more important in the minds of those who heard the performance, apparently, than these questions of nationality, was its excellence. If the music, overflowing as it was with tunes, sounds old-fashioned oftener than not, it is given a new lease of life by the elasticity and brilliancy with which it was carried off last evening.

Miss Hempel's singing was of delightful quality in the fine finish, the fluency and freedom of her coloratura. Its tonal beauty, if not quite of her best in her higher tones at the beginning of the first act, increased as the performance went on. There are few artists of established repute who realize as she has realised that even a prima donna may learn something more and make a further step toward perfection. Miss Hempel's art has gained uninterruptedly since her first coming to the Metropolitan.

Mr. Caruso's Lionel has become one of his familiar parts in late years; and he sang last evening in excellent form with prodigal voice, with warmth and power of expression, though with some of the unfortunate mannerisms in style that have grown on him in recent years. Mme. Perini as Nancy, Mr. de Luca as Plunkett, Mr. Pompilio Malatesta as Sir Tristan were other members of the cast who shone with considerably less effulgence, in varying degrees.

LECTURES ON THE WAR.

An Interesting Series of Free Talks Planned for Hero Land.

A series of free war lectures will be given by distinguished military experts and other prominent speakers, under the auspices of the British War Relic Committee, at Hero Land, when that opens at the Grand Central Palace, next Monday, so that Americans may get a first hand knowledge of the present situation. George Haven Putnam will speak on "The Spirit of the Republic," at 4:30 o'clock Monday afternoon. In the evening, at 8:30, Arthur Pollen is to speak on "Naval Strategy in the Baltic."

The lectures are to be delivered in the midst of scores of war relics that have been sent here by the British Government. There will be gas masks, the motor of the first German airplane ever downed in England, Bibles with bullet holes, enemy helmets, swords, guns, bullets, &c. The Savage Arms Company is sending a model of its latest machine gun.

Mrs. William Astor Chanler is Chairman of the British War Relic Committee and associated with her are John B. W. Gardiner, Harrison Rhodes, and Geoffrey Butler.

Relief Work for the Blue Cross.

Froment Meurice, Commandant of the Blue Cross in France, located at Moret-sur-Seine, has sent a cablegram to Mrs. Lucy Maitland of 55 East Ninety-third Street, who is to have a booth at Hero Land, in aid of the Blue Cross work for horses wounded in war, expressing interest in the relief work under way.

"We all follow with deep interest and gratitude," the message states, "the important efforts you are making to give us the help that we so much need. The number of wounded and sick horses given to our care is increasing daily."

Commandant Meurice, in speaking for the Minister of War, also states that the Blue Cross is accepted and recognized as a society for the aid of wounded horses, and has been given the exclusive use of the military hospital for dogs.

Great Western Champagne

BRUT SPECIAL (Absolutely Brut)
SPECIAL RESERVE (Very Dry)
EXTRA DRY (Medium)
Only American Champagne ever awarded Gold Medals at Foreign Expositions

Produced by the old French slow method of fermentation in the bottle taking from six to seven years of time.

Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Rheims, N. Y.

AMERICA'S OLDEST & LARGEST PRODUCERS

Paintings
ANCIENT *and* MODERN
at the
Scott & Fowles Galleries
590 FIFTH AVENUE
Between 47th and 48th Streets

LETTER OF ROOSEVELT SOLD

Original Communication Pertaining to David B. Hill Brings $26.

At a sale yesterday, by Scott & O'Shaughnessy, 116 Nassau Street, of autographs, manuscripts, broadsides, and pamphlets, left by Dr. John W. Francis, author of "Old New York," and other works, James F. Drake paid $26 for Catalogue No. 334, a letter by Theodore Roosevelt, dated July 1, 1911, addressed to State Senator Thomas F. Grady, relative to David B. Hill. It reads in part:

"As Governor and afterward as Senator, Mr. Hill showed himself to be a born leader of men and one of the ablest and most forceful of the long line of distinguished public servants who have served the State of New York in similar capacities."

The letter is a holograph. Such letters of Colonel Roosevelt are rare. Other items, with catalogue numbers, prices paid and the names of the successful bidders, were as follows:

No. 1—A letter by John Adams, dated London, Feb. 21, 1787, referring to the United States Constitution, Shay's rebellion, and other subjects; Mr. Wall...$56
No. 5—A letter by John Quincy Adams, dated London, Jan. 26, 1796, to his brother about friends at home and abroad; Mr. Wall...35
No. 175—A letter by Nathaniel Hawthorne, dated Lenox, Dec. 31, 1852, relating to Peabody's "Life of Cotton Mather" and to the extremely cold weather at Lenox; Charles Scribner's Sons...23
No. 191—Series of letters written by Dr. David Hosack, referring to the New York University and to his contemporaries; Robert H. Dodd...2
No. 301—A letter by Franklin Pierce, dated Washington, Feb. 9, 1842, addressed to General McNeil and referring to conditions in Washington; James F. Drake...25
No. 323—A historical letter by James Madison, dated Montpelier, Nov. 7, 1837, referring to the transfer of Louisiana from France to the United States; James F. Drake...16
No. 393—A letter signed but not written by George Washington, dated Nov. 12, 1778, and addressed to Major Gen. John Sullivan; P. F. Madigan...78

The total of the sale amounted to $1,221.

SANTA CLAUS PRACTICAL.

War Conditions to Change Character of Gifts Made by Police.

Santa Claus, in the blue uniform of a policeman, is going to be a little more utilitarian in his gifts this year. No candy, because sugar is scarce; preferably no toys, for clothing and food are necessities and toys must, rather regretfully, be described as luxuries. These are the recommendations made by Police Commissioner Woods to those who would contribute to the second Christmas given by and through the police to thousands of poor children who would not otherwise be reached. This year, as last year, trees will be set up in every police station, and part of the duties of the men on the beats will be to find out the children who have been forgotten by Santa Claus in his other incarnations.

Meanwhile, Commissioner Woods has written a letter for the guidance of persons who want to contribute to help this Christmas celebration, in which he says:

"Last year we arranged to give each child, as nearly as possible, an article of clothing, a toy, some fruit, and candy. This year, while we plan to make the occasion as festive in spirit as before, I feel that the character of the gifts should be somewhat changed. We have all been asked to save sugar, and many of us have given up having candy in our homes. Probably toys had better not be given this year, either, for we should try to make every dollar contributed go to supply a necessity. Clothes and food are necessities, and we plan to include these in the gifts, so far as possible. The Christmas party will thus mean just as much to the small people and will be a material help to their parents.

"Please send all contributions to me at Police Headquarters, 240 Centre Street, and not later than Dec. 10. On this date the fund will have to be closed, as it will then be too late to adapt our arrangements any further."

GERMANS IN SHAW COMEDY.

"The Doctor's Dilemma," with Hedwig Reicher, at the Irving Place.

The German Players at the Irving Place Theatre, augmented by Miss Hedwig Reicher as a visiting star, last night offered an interesting production of Shaw's comedy, "The Doctor's Dilemma."—in German, "Der Arzt am Scheidewege." The production was the first presentation of the piece here in German, and only its second production in America, the first having been made by Granville Barker some two and one-half years ago.

Under the capable direction of Richard Feist the German company extracts full value from the play, and the unusually large audience which attended last night's performance was interested even during the most discursive passages, and found much at which to laugh during the rest of the piece. Miss Reicher gave a thoroughly satisfactory performance in the rôle of Hennifer, and Director Christians supplied an unusually good characterization of Louis Dubedat. Among others who gave good performances were Richard Feist, Heinrich Marlow, and Ernst Holznagel.

"The Doctor's Dilemma" will be performed at the Irving Place for the remainder of the week and on Monday and Tuesday of next week.

Laurette Taylor Next in 'Happiness'

Laurette Taylor's New York season will be interrupted at the end of next week, when "The Wooing of Eve" will be withdrawn from the Liberty Theatre. Miss Taylor will then be absent from New York for a month, and on New Year's Eve will be seen here for the first time in "Happiness," a four-act comedy by J. Hartley Manners. The theatre for this appearance has not yet been selected. The succeeding attraction at the Liberty will be "The Grass Widow," a musical comedy, which will have its first performance on Dec. 3.

Miss Katharine Drayton, "Diseuse."

Miss Katharine Drayton, who has essayed here before the rôle of "Diseuse," appeared as such again yesterday afternoon in the Punch and Judy Theatre. Her program was varied, including "American minstrel songs," folk songs of various nations, and some other songs. The art is a difficult one, and demands not only much skill but a peculiar natural endowment, a rich humor, a certain suppleness of mind as well as of body, of feature, and of voice. Miss Drayton does not possess them all yet.

The Century to Give Summer Revue.

The management of the Century Theatre, in conformity with a plan announced some time ago, decided yesterday to follow the production of "Miss 1917" at the Century with a Summer revue, and to keep both the theatre proper and the roof theatre open the year around hereafter. The Summer revue will be entitled "The Summer Girl," and will be continued until "Miss 1918" is produced the following Fall.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The current program of the Washington Square Players will be continued at the Comedy for only one more week, and a new bill of one-act plays will be offered on Monday, Dec. 3.

C. F. Coghlan, son of the late Charles Coghlan, has been added to the company which will be seen with Ethel Barrymore in "Camille."

Lady Duff-Gordon will make her vaudeville debut in a fashion display which will be a part of the program at the Palace next week. The profits of the production will be devoted to the Secours Franco-American Pour La France Devastee.

George Alexander has succeeded Vincent Serrano in the cast of "De Luxe Annie," at the Cort Theatre.

American Red Cross night will be celebrated at the Hippodrome on Sunday, Dec. 16. William H. Taft will preside.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Eves. at 8. MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
Doing Our Bit
An Extravaganza of Superlative Splendors.
Sunday Night Concert
Another Monster Bill of Knockouts.

PLYMOUTH 45 St., W. of B'way. PHONE 48 BRYANT
BEGIN'G TO-NIGHT AT 8:15. THE STAR GAZER Comedy With Music—With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS Beth Lydy, John T. Murray. PRICES 50c TO $2.00

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thanksgiving. Smartest of Musical Comedies **"Oh, Boy"** PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2. POP. MAT. WED. REG. MAT. SAT.

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Eves. 8:30 sharp. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thanks'g
GRACE GEORGE in HENRY BERNSTEIN'S GREAT PLAY "L'ELEVATION" *(The Heights)*

BROADHURST 44th, West of B'way. Phone Bryant 64. Evgs. 8:20. MATINEES TUESDAY & SATURDAY 2:20.
DONALD BRIAN in **"Her Regiment"**
By Wm. Le Baron & Victor Herbert. EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING.

44TH STREET THEATRE —ROOF— THEATRE Phone Bryant 61
Beginning WED., NOV. 28 Box Office Open Today
Lee & J. J. Shubert Musical Production
Over the Top T. Roy Barnes Justine Johnstone Craig Campbell
50 Pretty Justine Johnstone Girls. Prices $1.00 to $2.50. Only Mat. Sat.
REGULAR THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE. NO RESTAURANT. NO SMOKING.

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44th ST. THEATRE Tonight 8:15. Matinees Wed., Sat. & Thanksgiving Day.
SECOND EDITION
New Songs, New Dances, New Specialties.
HITCHY-KOO
with RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, ROCK AND WHITE, LEON ERROL, IRENE BORDONI

39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thanksgiving.
George V. Hobart's Farce with Hale Hamilton. WHAT'S YOUR HUSBAND DOING?

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee To-day & Sat. 2:15.
"QUITE ADEQUATELY, EVEN NOTABLY CAST."—Times.
JOHN Drew MARGARET Illington
IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex

SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Eves. 8. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thanksgiving.
LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION
MAYTIME Tingling Music. Charming Story. 100% Talent.
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.
"A Credit To Our Country Is Maytime," says Rev. Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation."

MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Saturday & Wed., 2:20.
Oliver Morosco's Laughing Sensation
LOMBARDI, Ltd. with LEO CARRILLO

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:15.
DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY
LEAVE IT TO JANE

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thank's.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thanksgiving.
The Very Idea
Ernest TRUEX, Richard BENNETT. "Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune.

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:35. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:35.
EXTRA MAT. FRIDAY, NOV. 30th. (Day After Thanksgiving.)
GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mts. Today & Sat. 2:30
WASH'GTON SQ. PLAYERS
4 BIG ONE-ACT PLAYS. "In the Zone." "The Avenue." "Blind Alleys" "His Widow's Husband."

CORT 48th St. E. of B'way. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Saturday & Wed. 2:20.
—LAST 13 PERFORMANCES—
"De Luxe Annie" —with— JANE GREY

STANDARD B'way & 90th St. Evgs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today 25c & 50c. THE 13TH CHAIR Next Week—"EVERYWOMAN."

LOEW'S 7th Ave at 124 St. Evs. 25c to $1. "THE MAN WHO CAME BACK." Mat. To-day 25c & 50c. Next Week—"DAYBREAK."

"Cheer Up" Seats Now Eight Weeks Ahead, Incl. All Holidays.
MAT. TO-DAY BEST SEATS $1.00 Eves. at 8:15 At the HIPPODROME

IRVING PLACE IRVING PLACE & 15TH STREET
Every Evening and Sat. Mat. HEDWIG REICHER in "Doctor's Dilemma," by Bernard Shaw

YORKVILLE THEATRE, 86th St. nr. Lex. Ave. Tel. Lenox 8888.
TONIGHT 8:15. First Time Adolf Philipp Presents JEAN GILBERT'S OPERETTA AUTOLOVE With Mizi Gizi & Ex. Cast

CARNEGIE HALL, NEXT TUES. at 8:15.
KITTY CHEATHAM Assisted by SOLLER and her Male Symphony Orch.
Tickets 50c to $2. Boxes $15-$18 at Box Office

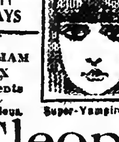
Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15.
Raskin's Orchestra, with Mykoff & Vanity, John & Mae Burke, Maud Tiffany, 6 others. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

A NEW ITALIAN OPERA, EVANDRO, by Maestro Guerrieri will be presented at the Madison Garden Theatre on the evening of Nov. 23rd. Maestro Nicosia, Director.

OPERA TICKETS Tel. 7263, Bryant 7520. Opera tickets for to-night. CARUSO, SAMSON DELILA; FARRAR in Faust. 41 St. Opera & Thea. Tkt. Off., 1449 B'way (Schultz Cgr. Sre.)

ICELAND ICE SKATING B'way at 52d St. Morn.—Aft.—Eve.

MOTION PICTURES.
LAST 11 DAYS MAT. TODAY, 25c, 50c.
WILLIAM FOX Presents THEDA BARA



Stupendous Super-Vampire Photo-Spectacle
Cleopatra
LYRIC Theatre, W. 42nd St. Twice Daily 2:20 & 8:30. Nights 25c to $1. All reserved.
Beginning Dec. 3. Wm. Farnum in "Les Miserables."

R I A L T O B'way, 42d 25-50-60 DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS "Reaching for the Moon." Soloists, Comedy. Incomparable Rialto Orchestra. DOORS OPEN AT 10 A. M. DAILY.

BROADWAY THEATRE at 41st St. Continuous Noon to 11:30.
Double Feature Program All Week. MONROE SALISBURY, "The Door Between" "The Silent Lady," with Little Zoe Rae.

STRAND Pauline Frederick, "The Hungry Heart." Soloists. Strand Symphony Orchestra. B'way & 47th St.

81 st St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3900. DOROTHY DALTON in "The Price Mark" Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. 10, 15, 25c. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. BETTY BRICE, "Loyalty"; Gray Ghost.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Eves. 8:15. MATS. SAT. and WED., 2:15. All Orch. Seats $2, incl. Saturday Nights.
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy Triumph
THE RIVIERA GIRL
EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY.
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:20
ANN MURDOCK "A complete triumph."—Herald. "Most amusing light comedy I have seen this season."—Louis Sherwin.
"THE THREE BEARS."
"QUAINT, FANTASTIC, APPEALING HUMAN, AMUSING."—Alan Dale.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE B'way & 43d St. Evngs. 8:30—Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
The Critics unite in saying:
"GREATEST TRIUMPH IN YEARS"
COHAN & HARRIS present MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN IN A NEW COMEDY, "THE KING"
By Caillavet de Flers and Arene. SEATS SELLING 8 WEEKS AHEAD

HARRIS West 42d Street. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Sat. and Wed., 2:30
THE THEATRE THAT PAYS THE WAR-TAX.
LOSING ELOISE
"GORGEOUSLY FUNNY."—Louis Sherwin, The Globe.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
MRS. FISKE IN A NEW COMEDY, MADAME SAND by Philip Moeller.
"AN EVENING OF PURE DELIGHT."—Eve. Mail.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way at 38th St. Evs. 8:25 LAST MAT. SAT. 2:25. LAST 4 TIMES.
GEORGE ARLISS 'HAMILTON' in his new play
NEXT MONDAY NIGHT. Seats Today. ELEANOR PAINTER In Harold Chapin's Comedy "ART AND OPPORTUNITY."

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Matinees Sat. & Wed. 2:20.
Alexandra Carlisle in THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY. The Country Cousin

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:30.
Laurette Taylor in J. Hartley Manners' New Comedy "THE WOOING OF EVE"
Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON. Liberty Mats. Nov. 22 & 24—$2, $1.50, $1. THE PUPILS OF ISADORA DUNCAN THE BARRERE LITTLE SYMPHONY.

HUDSON West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
THE —Renews Your Youth—
PIPES of PAN
By the Author of "The Cinderella Man," with Norman Trevor & Janet Beecher.

CENTURY THEATRE, 62d St. & B'way.
10 SHOWS AT THE PRICE OF ONE
603 Dress Circle Seats at..........$2.00
824 First Balcony at..........$1.00
527 2d Balcony (No War Tax)..........50c
"Miss 1917"
Greatest of all Successes DILLINGHAM & ZIEGFELD have produced individually or together.
Next Mat. Saturday—Reduced Prices.
Sunday Night Popular Concert

HARRIS West 42d Street. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Sat. and Wed., 2:30
THE THEATRE THAT PAYS THE WAR-TAX
LOSING ELOISE
SELWYN & CO.'S ANNUAL LAUGH-FESTIVAL.

FULTON West 46th St. Eves. at 8:20. Matinees Sat. & Wed. 2:20.
"Red-blooded American play."—Journal.
"Broken Threads"

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:20.
Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years.
A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
MATINEE TO-DAY at 2:30
DAVID BELASCO presents
Tiger Rose

PARK B'way & 59th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:15.
Quinito Valverde's Fantastic Review THE Land of Joy
"The Greatest Dancing Show N. Y. Has Seen in Years."—Eve. Sun.
Next Sunday 3d Valverde Concert 50c to $1.50

BELASCO West 44th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mts. Today, Sat. & Tues. 2:30
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents
Polly With a Past
EXTRA MATINEE TUES., NOV. 27.

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Sat. & Wed. 2:30
Business Before Pleasure
With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

REPUBLIC THEATRE, W. 42 St. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Sat. & Wed. 2:30
On With the Dance
WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.

Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN GLOBE B'way 46 St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:20.

HARRIS West 42d Street. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Sat. and Wed., 2:30
THE THEATRE THAT PAYS THE WAR-TAX.
LOSING ELOISE
with CHARLES CHERRY VIOLET HEMING LUCILE WATSON

SECOND BILTMORE FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE
Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore, Tomorrow (Friday) Morning at 11.
FRITZ Kreisler MME. Namara | MME. Kalna RUDOLPH Ganz
Res. Seats, $3. Box Seats $5. Now at Biltmore Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

"Sparkling Hit of the Season" —*Times.*
Read What the Critics Say of
NORWORTH AND SHANNON'S CHUMMY MUSICAL REVUE
ODDS AND ENDS OF 1917
WITH
Harry Watson, Jr., Lillian Lorraine and Jack Norworth

TIMES: Possesses tunefulness, humor, sparkle, smartness and more real ideas than it is customary to find in a dozen musical shows. "Odds and Ends of 1917" is distinctly a hit.
TRIBUNE: Seemed to get hold of the stomach muscles of the most dignified spectators and keep them twitching until the last punch. A big money's worth to the lover of reviews.
WORLD: And there are moments that make the house roar with unrestrained laughter.
EVENING POST: An excellent evening's entertainment: Contains not a line or an act that one can imagine as objectionable even to the most squeamish.
HERALD: Delightful series of up-to-date and novel episodes which were all stylishly accoutred and had bright and varied tinges of originality. The entire revue is clever.
N. Y. AMERICAN: Boasts every essential quality that makes for success in a girl and musical show.
EVENING SUN: It's immense—and if you don't laugh at Harry Watson you're hopeless.
THE GLOBE: Scored a knockout hit; bound to take the town by the ears.

Now Playing at the BIJOU 45th St. W. of B'way
EXTRA MATINEES THANKSGIVING AND RED CROSS DAY, FRI., DEC. 7.
SEATS NOW SELLING FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S.

HIPPODROME—SUNDAY NIGHT
SEE THE SEASON'S MOST REMARKABLE BILL &
Help ESTABLISH A CLUB FOR SAILORS AND SOLDIERS
Entire proceeds for the NATIONAL EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND for ARMY and NAVY
Mrs. William Cumming Story, President; Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, U. S. N. (retired), Honorary President.
AN ARRAY OF STARS MONEY COULD NOT BUY:
MME. EVA GAUTHIER * ELSIE JANIS * LOUIS MANN * JOAN SAWYER * LEO CARILLO * LINA ABARBANELL * NAT M. WILLS * ETHEL HOPKINS * HARRY FOX * SAVOY & BRENNAN * FAY FOSTER * JOHN O'MALLEY * VAN and SCHENCK * EDYTH JEANNE * LONEY HASKELL * DAVE MULLEN * LITTLE BILLY * MARY BRUCE BROWN * KURYLO * HELEN GREENLEAF PATTERSON * LAURA HAMILTON & JACK EDWARDS * WILLIAM FULLERTON * CARRIE REYNOLDS * DOROTHY ARTHUR & JACK SQUIRES * HARRY C. BROWNE * FRANK FINNEY * ARCHIE SMITH & LILLIAN MARK * MOULIN ROUGE DUO * FREDERIC MARTIN * HESS & BENNETT * DIXIE O'NEILL * LEOLA LUCEY & ADA FOREMAN * CAPT. BOYCE'S ARMY TIGERS * AND * JACK NORWORTH.
Master of Ceremonies.
THE NIGHT OF THE YEAR
Popular Prices. Seats on Sale.

SPECIAL DUO-ART RECITAL
AT AEOLIAN HALL
Duo-Art Salon, 4th Floor (42nd St. Entrance)
THURSDAY, Nov. 22d, 3 o'Clock.
The assisting artist will be FRANK BANTA *pianist*
The program will contain Duo-Art numbers by Percy Grainger, Ernest Schelling and Carolyn Cone-Baldwin and others.
ADMISSION WITHOUT CHARGE
The Aeolian Company
29 West 42nd Street

Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE
Tonight at 8:15, Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Althouse, Scotti, Reiss. Cond., Moranzoni.
Fri. at 8, Samson et Dalila. Claussen (debut); Caruso, Whitehill, Rothier. Cond., Monteux.
Sat. Mat. at 2, Francesca da Rimini. Alda, Perini, Sundelius, Braslau, Sparkes; Martinelli, Amato, Bada, Malatesta. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sun. Eve. Concert. (50c to $1.50.) Percy Grainger, pianist; Muzio, Sopr.; Chalmers, Bar. Orch. Cond., Hageman.
Next Mon. at 8, Faust. Farrar, Delaunois; Martinelli, Rothier, Chalmers. Cond., Monteux.
Wed. at 8:15, La Traviata. Hempel; Carpi, De Luca, Bada, Rossi. Cond., Moranzoni.
THANKSGIVING DAY MAT. at 2 ($1 to $5). CARMEN. Farrar, Peterson (debut); Martinelli, Whitehill, Segurola. Cond., Monteux.
Eve. at 8:15, La Bohema. Muzio, Miller; Martin, Scotti, Chalmers, Mardones. Cond., Papi.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Sat., Nov. 24, at 8, Nozze di Figaro. Hempel, Matzenauer, Delaunois, Howard, De Luca, Didur, Reiss, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
JOSEF STRANSKY......CONDUCTOR
Carnegie Hall, To-night at 8:30 & To-morrow (Fri.) Aft. at 2:30.
Brahms-Chadwick-Sibelius-Dvorak-Wagner.
Next Sunday Aft. at 3. Composition of Tchaikovsky and Wagner, including
TCHAIKOVSKY'S SYMPHONY NO. 4
Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:15 P. M.
Strand SymphonY ORCHESTRA
Mendelssohn, Puccini, Beethoven and Auber Program.
STRAND THEA., B'way at 47 St. 20c & 30c (Incl. War Tax) & Reg. Strand Program.

AEOLIAN HALL, This Afternoon at 3, SONATA RECITAL, FRENCH MUSIC
HENRY Eichheim Violinist
SAM Charles Pianist
Management Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Evg., Nov. 24, at 8:15. Second Piano Recital—MOSES
Boguslawski
Tickets 75 cts. to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. (Steinway.)

Aeolian Hall, Monday Aft., Nov. 26, at 2:30. SONG RECITAL—MME. CLARA
Clemens
Mr. Ossip Gabrilowitsch at the Piano. Tickets at Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Nov. 24, at 2:30. Tickets 75c. to $2. Now on Sale at Box Office. Kreisler
Direction C. A. Ellis. Steinway Piano Used.

AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., Nov. 24, at 3. Concert by the Unique
SOCIETE des Instruments Anciens
50c to $2. Management Loudon Charlton

Astor Ball Room, Mon. Aft., Nov. 26 3d Organ Recital of Historical Series by JOSEPH Bonnet
$2, $1.50, $1. Management Loudon Charlton.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Nov. 27, at 8:15. First Subscription Concert
FLONZALEY QUARTET
50c to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.

Opera CHOICE SEATS FOR ALL OPERAS SUBSCRIPTIONS Bought, Sold, Exchanged.
Broadway Thea. Ticket Co., 218 W. 42d St. (Phone 6505 Bryant) Miss V. Buchanan, Mgr. Op. Dept.

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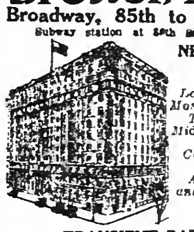

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOV. 22, 1917.

HAIG'S NEW OFFENSIVE.

The battle of the Somme, which began on July 1, 1916, and did not end until Nov. 18, was planned, according to General HAIG's report, to relieve the German pressure on Verdun and to counteract the vigorous offensive launched by the Austrians from the Trentino into Northern Venetia. In the latter area it is the Germans who are now pressing the Italians hard, and it may be assumed that General HAIG's smashing assault upon the German lines between the Scarpe and St. Quentin on the western front is the strategic reply to the Austro-German invasion of Italy. Doubtless the British operations were hastened by the intelligence that many German divisions were on the way from the Russian front to Flanders.

The success already won by General HAIG is without precedent in any offensive undertaken by him, considering not only the ground gained, but the new tactics he employed. In four and a half months' fighting in the Summer and Fall of last year the British advanced, by swift and very short rushes, from a line running through La Boisselle and Montauban to a line extending from above Thiepval to Le Transloy and Morval. Nowhere were these lines more than six miles apart. In the battle of Arras, (January-April, 1917,) of which the present offensive may be regarded as a continuation, the British front was pushed up to a point about half way between Bapaume and Cambrai, or nine miles beyond Le Transloy. When Sir DOUGLAS HAIG gave the word to go "over the top" on Tuesday morning he was nine miles from Cambrai. In twenty-four hours he gained five miles by the capture of Marcoing, and prisoners by the thousand were going back to the rear. It is to be noted that General Sir JULIAN BYNG, who has broken the HINDENBURG line, is the commander who distinguished himself on a glorious day in the battle of the Somme (Sept. 15, 1916,) by making, with the Canadian Corps, one more drive as light was waning and wresting Courcelette from the grip of the Germans.

Another thing: it was on the same day that the new British engine of war, the Tank, made its first appearance upon a battlefield.

General HAIG's new offensive, so remarkable in the speed and objectives already attained, has been a stunning surprise to the enemy, because no long-drawn-out big gun fire to break down his defenses preceded it. Hitherto we have heard of the destructive effect of the artillery spraying high explosives all over the German lines, leveling barbed wire entanglements and dismantling trenches until the defenders were so dazed and shaken that they could offer but little resistance to the charging infantry. In the battle of the Somme twenty-four tanks were used. In the latest British offensive "a large number of tanks," it is said, "moved forward in advance "of the infantry when the attack was "opened." After the battle of the Somme the Staff of the Third Group of German Armies reported:

> The enemy in the latest fighting has employed new engines of war as cruel as they are effective. No doubt he will adopt on an extensive scale these monstrous engines, and it is urgent to take whatever measures are possible to counteract them.

Evidently the British are using "tanks" on the "extensive scale" predicted, but the Germans have never devised a means of dealing with the monster. Armor-plated, it bristles with machine guns and field pieces, caterpillars its way over trenches, bursts asunder barbed wire, enfilades craters filled with rapid-fire guns and riflemen, and takes all the heart out of the enemy. He has testified that "our machine-gun fire and hand grenades rattle ineffectively on their "iron hide."

In the battle of Cambrai the tanks, it may be judged, are usurping or performing the function of the heavy artillery preparation, with a demoralizing effect upon the Germans, who were taken completely by surprise. The British army that was organized and trained on the ruins of the "Old Contemptibles," overwhelmed and well-nigh exterminated in the retreat from Mons, introduces one novelty after another to the attention of the Kaiser's army, and by this time it must be convinced that there is something about war to be learned from the British. In the battle of the Somme HAIG's infantrymen proved their superiority in hand-to-hand combat to the Germans. Demoralization crept into their ranks. The deterioration has gone on cumulatively, until at the sight of the devilish "tanks," his Majesty's Landships, spouting shot and shell as they come rumbling on with the swarming and shouting infantry behind them, the Germans often surrender at discretion.

RUSSIA'S POSITION.

A treaty of peace between the German Government and the Bolsheviki who are temporary tenants of some of the Government buildings in Petrograd, a treaty professing to take Russia out of the war, would have about as much value to Germany as King CONSTANTINE's agreement to enter the war against the Allies with all the military power of Greece would have had on the eve of his dethronement and forced departure from Athens. This story is evidently of Teutonic origin, like the Vienna report that the Grand Duke NICHOLAS was placing himself at the head of the forces opposed to the Bolsheviki with the purpose of restoring the Empire with himself as ruler. That invention had the perfectly obvious purpose of making the soldiers of the Russian army believe that in supporting any movement against the Petrograd gang they were really fighting to put down the revolution. The report of a separate peace made by Russia is but the repetition of a story often heard.

We may suppose that the report about a separate peace does not misrepresent the disposition of LENINE and TROTZKY. It has been repeatedly charged and it is generally believed that they are German agents in German pay and there is much supporting evidence. The important point is that they are quite without power to commit the Russian nation. As the remarkable dispatch from our Petrograd correspondent printed yesterday makes clear, Russia is in a condition comparable to that of the human body in suspended animation. The vital processes go on, there is nothing to stop them; but the power of thought and voluntary action is no longer capable of being exerted. At the moment Russia is without a Government, it is incapable of making peace. It is unlikely that the majority of the people will heed a declaration that the war is ended coming from the Bolsheviki. Russia's allies would pay no attention to it, they would decline to consider Russia a neutral nation. Our Government has very wisely decided to withhold supplies of all kinds from Russia until some responsible government has been established with which we can do business. Potsdam might, for effect on the German people, declare that Russia has made peace, but in view of the great danger that Russia might again soon be at war it is extremely probable that large numbers of German divisions would remain upon the eastern front.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE AS THE HIGHEST DUTY.

Wisdom was not justified of her children on the "Victory Night" of the State Woman Suffrage Party. Rejoicing and pitiless, the suffragists are to make a campaign in every Congress district and Legislative district against candidates who refuse to swallow the Federal amendment, although they publicly renounce their first intention to make reprisals and oppose all candidates who have opposed woman suffrage in the past. Colonel ROOSEVELT pleaded for a "concrete" patriotism. He reminded the jubilant sisterhood that "the country is at "war for its own vital interests, and "also for the vital interests of man-"kind."

The patriotism of the suffrage ladies is to take the concrete form of "a "concerted drive on Congress this "Winter," as Dr. SHAW put it, "to "show the men there the earnestness, "the sincerity, and the desire of the "women of this country that they "may now lay down their arms in "the struggle for suffrage, that they "may devote themselves, body and "soul, without any restrictions what-"ever, without any consciousness of "ingratitude on the part of the Gov-"ernment whatever, that they may "devote themselves solely to carry-"ing on the needs of our Government "during this terrible war. We must "give every power we possess of body "and mind and heart." Which is to say, put the Federal amendment through Congress, and we will be patriotic.

Mrs. WHITEHOUSE was even franker in her avowal of conditional and secondary patriotism. "Our greatest duty is"—not to help win the war, nothing so insignificant as that—"to "use our new power in every way "to obtain suffrage for the women "of the country." "If we make this" —moving on Washington—"our first "object, we shall be putting promptly "to the best advantage, to the service "of that same human liberty for "which we have worked so long un-"armed, our new, our powerful "weapon of votes."

While the fate of liberty hangs in the balance, the noblest duty of women that can vote is to force the ballot upon unwilling States.

Turn to England, for more than three years a land of proud mourning, of unshakable resolution, of heroic effort and energy. What is woman's highest duty there? Lord NORTHCLIFFE tells us:

> There are no men doing women's work. The women of the country are engaged in making guns, bombs, and bullets. All the elevators are run by women. They operate the street cars and subways to an immense extent. They have increased the output of England. They and the men who are working longer hours do much more than double what it was before the war.

For such invaluable services, such "concrete," fruitful patriotism, such strong, loyal work, great numbers of English women are to be enfranchised. They deserve everything that their country can do for them. Our woman suffrage leaders are trying to strike a bargain with their country. They will devote themselves to patriotism, with the necessary amount of suffrage politics, if the Federal amendment is thrown at them. Meanwhile, zeal for suffrage outweighs zeal for the United States. In any Congress or Legislative district where there is a Socialist candidate, there let us give him our support against even a patriotic American if he be not pledged to the Cause!

Starvation, suffering, misery, sickness, absolute want prevail over great regions of Europe. A thousand just needs call on every generous, every humane, heart. It was a hard time in which to raise funds for suffrage. It is the more gratifying to know that the New York Woman Suffrage Party was able to collect a campaign fund of more than $400,000. Armenia and Syria, Serbia, Rumania, Poland, Belgium, are not sufficiently interested, at present, in this all-momentous business of woman suffrage.

It is unfortunate that the leaders of the New York Woman Suffrage Party should make a decision so indefensible. The loyal women of this State are bound to do their full duty. The Suffrage Party is but a wing, a division, a minority of the woman voters of New York; and it can hardly be as unwise as its leaders.

UNITY FOR VICTORY.

While England is on the way to acceptance of President WILSON's counsel for co-operation by the Allies we might profitably put ourselves in the frame of mind to act upon Premier GEORGE's like counsel that in our domestic activities unity is necessary for victory. Only a day or two ago the Chairman of the New York State Food Commission declared his intention to resign unless there was an end to the clashing between the Federal, State, and city food authorities. A like intention was imputed yesterday to the local Federal official. This is only a triangular affair, and no particular harm has resulted from it. At Washington it is different.

It has taken the Fuel Administrator's best efforts to repair the damage done by the annulment of action regarding coal, after it had been agreed upon, and, after all, the settlement reached daily assumes greater likeness to the original settlement. The lack of unity in the shipbuilding program has ceased to be as conspicuous as it was too long. In time, perhaps the Industries Board, and the Trade Board, and the Priorities Committee, and the rest of them may also get together in the manner recommended to us by England and to the Allies by the President. Perhaps it was his experience at home that gave him his idea, just as it was certainly domestic trials that brought LLOYD GEORGE into the same frame of mind.

In either case, and as usual, it is easier to advise than to act. There is a beam in the eyes of all nations, but it does not prevent them all from seeing something in German efficiency worth imitation. It can be attained only in the same way. Rivalries and jealousies which lead to antagonisms are not to be extenuated because springing from a desire to lead in a good cause. Subordination is as necessary as authority, for neither can be had without the other. The effort should be to get things done, not to get them done in a particular way or by a particular body. It requires a higher patriotism to efface individualism than it does to swagger and usurp authority.

FACILITATING FEDERAL TAX PAYMENTS.

An indefinite amount of income and excess profits taxes, which may be estimated at perhaps half of the four billions of taxes for the fiscal year, will fall due next June. It would be inconvenient alike for the Government to receive so much at one time and for the taxpayers to make so great payments on the due date. Accordingly, the Treasury offers a method by which it can have the use of the money for the intervening seven months. In consideration of what amounts to tax payment in anticipation, the Treasury offers an issue of certificates receivable for taxes to an amount which remains indefinite and unstated until it appears what amount will be useful for that purpose. The certificates will be better than money in bank, accumulated for the same purpose, in two respects.

They will pay 4 per cent., more than is allowed upon deposits, and they will be exempt from taxes, except estate or inheritance taxes, and excess profits and income surtaxes. The limitation of the exemption is an indication that the broader exemption of the first Liberty bonds is not likely to be repeated hereafter. It was reconsidered in the issue of the second Liberty bonds, and now in this later issue the same policy is followed. There is a likeness between this issue and the English Treasury bills, but also a difference. The British Exchequer bills were placed largely with the banks, and clogged them to an extent which impeded commercial loans. Our Treasury certificates are not intended for the banks. In fact, the tendency will be to reduce banking funds. Ordinarily that would be objectionable, but not under conditions when money is so abundant for approved borrowers and for approved objects that the payment of a billion dollars on account of the Liberty bonds last week caused an "almost imperceptible dis-"turbance of business and financial "conditions," to use the phrase of the Advisory Council of the Federal Reserve bank.

The money which might have been withdrawn for taxes from current earnings and profits, and might have swelled bank deposits meanwhile, would have had a tendency to make money too plentiful. The offer of these certificates will have the tendency to reinforce the Advisory Council's recommendation for a general increase of discount rates, if it shall be thought desirable when it comes up for consideration in a fortnight. When the Government and the war need funds so greatly, it is undesirable to allow them to be absorbed in speculation from which they can be recovered only by reactions open to misunderstanding, or to disquieting interpretations.

DISLOYALISTS AND ALIENS.

> To all the disloyal in this country a message will be sounded which they can understand through the criminal courts. May God have mercy on them, for they need expect none from an outraged people and an avenging Government.

So Attorney General GREGORY utters the last warning to the disloyalists. The patience of the Government and the country has snapped. Prosecution and stern punishment await the guilty. The task of enforcing the President's proclamation to prevent the injury of our industries and property by enemy aliens is military primarily, and a great force, as many as 100,000 men, will be required to do it. We know from long experience the cunning and persistence of German plotters in the United States. They may be trusted to continue their labors, but henceforth the country will defend itself more effectually.

In some cases regulars may be used, and regular officers be in command, but the imperative need for as many of these as can be spared for other purposes, and the absence of the militia, will impose upon each State, city, and community vigilant defense by its own forces. The city and town police, the State Constabulary, whereof Pennsylvania and New York have excellent, if too small, troops such as every other State should organize and try to surpass, will help; and the mobility of a mounted State Police makes it especially effective in hunting down plotters and in guarding public works.

In this State the Home Guard, to which Adjt. Gen. SHERRILL has given his genius for organization, will have to be depended upon largely; and Massachusetts, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia have excellent forces of this kind. In all States Home Guards should be raised and set to work, and there is a goodly number of local Home Guards that have taken the trouble to drill, have acquired a good state of discipline, and will be locally useful. Registration of enemy aliens and the enforcement of all the provisions of the President's proclamation will have to be looked after by the new 100,000. The Attorney General, whose vigorous purpose appears in the words we have quoted, is charged with the protection of all industries within three miles of rivers or navigable streams, a limit that includes most of our shipbuilding and other war industries. The protection of our own waterfront is one of the most important duties to be attended to.

Each State, though not technically bound to give the protection required, will gladly co-operate with the Federal Government to do it, both for self-defense and for national defense. The various Adjutant Generals should be able to furnish guards enough. Former members of the National Guard, and active men beyond the military age, can be found in considerable numbers, and now is the opportunity of the organized Home Guards.

Of course the Austrians, Bulgarians, and Turks ought to be dealt with as alien enemies as soon as Congress gets to work again.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Situation Beyond Comprehension. It was not exactly, or quite, despair that was expressed by HAROLD WILLIAMS, the special correspondent of THE TIMES, in the dispatch printed yesterday, describing the present state of affairs in Russia. That dispatch was a remarkable one—remarkable even among the many of no common quality that have already come from the same hand, for it illustrated with a special clearness the literary ability as well as the journalistic competence of its author.

Mr. WILLIAMS has watched the strange progress of the Russian revolution from its beginning, and he was qualified by previous experience and study for understanding what he saw as well, probably, as could any observer whose study of the Sclavonic mind must be objective and not subjective. But evidently he wrote with deep discouragement, and he saw nothing of light or hope except in one curious fact—the situation in Petrograd was not as bad as it would be anywhere else where like conditions prevailed.

"Life," he said, "goes on in an unintelligible way," meaning, of course, unintelligible to an Occidental like himself, "in an unintelligible way, defying bold plots and amazing negations, cheating all prophets and baffling all calculations." But it does go on, and with far less disturbance of customary activities than would naturally be expected where government had for months practically ceased to exist, and none, so far as can be seen, is developing. "Trains still run," said Mr. WILLIAMS, "the electric light still burns, tradesmen still hand over goods in return for scraps of paper that are called money, and even the postman does his daily round."

In other words, habit and momentum combine, as yet with an astonishing measure of success, to save Russia from the consequences of the madness that marks most of the men in the constantly changing groups who aspire to guide her new destinies, of the ignorance that binds the majority of her people, and of the treachery that moves not a few of her self-chosen leaders to earn the German money they have taken by betraying their country. There is disorder, but not as much as anarchy is supposed necessarily to produce, an equal futility marks the efforts to ruin and the efforts to save, and of the problem of Russia's future Mr. WILLIAMS could only say that it was "now a matter not for speculation, but for liveliest imagination, and the probabilities are fantastic."

Such Tales Must Be Run Down. A valuable suggestion is made by an officer in the Intelligence Office at one of the Long Island camps. Like everybody in the army, and all good citizens out of it, he has been disquieted by the mysterious circulation of stories about the troops and the Government's activities—stories the great majority of which are without the slightest foundation in fact and evidently originated for the purpose of producing exactly the public alarm and distrust that they do produce.

One day it is a grisly tale about the loss of a heavily loaded transport, with the drowning of all on board. Next there is a report of imaginary sufferings from hunger or maltreatment at this or that camp. Again there is a report of a hospital, in one of our ports, filled with men wounded in an encounter that never occurred, or of some highly placed and much trusted official who has been shot or imprisoned for treason, or the morals and discipline of the recruits are impugned by accusations lacking nothing in horrifying details and everything in the way of evidence.

To stop this miserable form of giving aid and comfort to the enemy, it is suggested that, whenever one of us hears a yarn of the sort described, we instantly take out a notebook and pencil, and ask the narrator of it his own name and address and those of the person from whom he obtained his alleged information. That these inquiries would often elicit enlightening replies is not expected, but they would certainly have the effect of convincing those to whom they were addressed, first, that the recipient of the tale had an honest and patriotic determination to do his duty in the way of hunting down the distributers of enemy lies, and, second, that the circulation of those lies may have serious consequences.

In case the requested data are supplied, the thing to do is to forward them at once to the Intelligence Office of the camp or bureau or department that is affected. There action will be promptly taken, and it will be energetic action. Especially open to suspicion are strangers who proffer gratuitous revelations of misfortune or crime as coming from the army or navy. They, in all probability, are spies and plotters, and for such jail looms near, if all of us do our duty, and a firing squad at sunrise at some not distant day may be prepared for them.

West Virginia Really Has a Grievance. As it is a constitutional requirement that every State shall give faith and credit to the acts of every other State, it is easy to understand the resentment felt in West Virginia at the refusal of the Governor of Massachusetts to honor her request for the extradition of a man charged with grave crime. For the refusal is based on the assertion that the accused man, if handed over to the West Virginian authorities, would not get a fair trial.

The involved reflection on a sister State is of the most serious sort. It is, in effect, a charge that the courts of that State are not willing or not able to administer law by due process. That such should be the fact, at times and in places, is conceivable, but certainly it should not be proclaimed on less than undeniable evidence.

There have been instances before now when one State has declined to honor the requisitions of another. Indiana long refused to give up TAYLOR to Kentucky, and New Hampshire kept HARRY THAW out of what were described as "the clutches" of New York and of a prosecutor who was called a persecutor. But Indiana had real excuse in the notorious bitterness of Kentucky politics at that time, and as for New Hampshire—well, her action was almost as amusing in its silliness as it was irritating, and nobody really minded it much.

The position of West Virginia is different. That State is not given to lynching men accused of crime, either black or white men, and the indignation of her Governor at the affront to which he and his fellow-citizens have been subjected seems to be justified.

The International Anthem.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was glad to read Major General Bell's fine little suggestion, the singing of the British anthem, or, better still, the international stanzas, to the tune of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," at public gatherings where the French and Russian anthems are used. It is high time the people recognized the service of Great Britain to this country during the more than three years of the world-war. We have been too long under the spell of the South of Ireland agitators and their allies, the pro-Germans. H. A. S.

New York, Nov. 20, 1917.

Correction by Lieut. Col. Collins.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The story printed in your issue of Nov. 14 relative to the acts of vandalism of German troops in Peking in 1900 is incorrect in so far as it pertains to me personally. I never served on General Chaffee's staff, nor was I in China in 1900. The incident was, I believe, quite generally known throughout the service, and your correspondent in writing of it evidently confused me with some one else.

EDGAR T. COLLINS,
Lieutenant Colonel, Infantry.

Camp Dix, N. J., Nov. 20, 1917.

ART NOTES.

Exhibition of the American Society of Miniature Painters.

The American Society of Miniature Painters is showing the work of its members at the Babcock Art Galleries until Dec. 1 inclusive. The exhibition is more than usually agreeable, the number of exhibits having been restricted to meet the requirements of dignified and effective hanging, and their character having been the determining influence in selecting a representative group.

Of technical felicity there is quite extraordinary amount. The student of miniature should find his particular pleasure in the painting of the fabrics in the two portraits by Laura Coombs Hills, in Maria J. Strean's "Miss Bunnet," with its films of thin drapery over a flowered silk; in the fleshlike quality of Mrs. Pattee's "Portrait of Mrs. M. S.," in the glowing reds of Margaret Foote Hawley's "By Lamplight," in Helen Winslow Durkee's fish study, with its attention to ichthyoid physiognomy, and in other examples of punctilious and dainty craftsmanship. If there were something more of breadth and soundness of structure upon which to throw this charming cloak of cleverly indicated detail there would be only satisfaction to express; and as it is there is a clear tendency on the part of the stronger workers in the field of miniature to appreciate the fact that bigness and force are not matters of scale, that the most miniature surface embroidery is not incompatible with anatomical accuracy and artistically significant construction. Occasionally a miniaturist seeks to affirm this view by the use of a free technique. "Aunt Liza," by Lucy M. Stanton, is a case in point, and very well combines breadth of touch with a small scale, combining breadth and rightness of construction with refinement of execution.

A delicate appreciation of character is seen in Alice Beckington's "Frederika Knitting"; an entertaining experiment in background is undertaken by Clara F. Howard, who calls her portrait of a woman seen against a group of city roofs "The Roofs of Florence"; Lydia Longacre achieves a salient likeness in her portrait of Jules Turcas; there is character in Sa E. Cowan's "Miss Verplanck," and the "Mrs. Warner Taylor," by W. Sherman Potts, has much charm of composition. The other contributors to the exhibition, all of whom send work marked by conscience and personality, are William J. Baer, Sally Cross, Annie Hurlbert Jackson, Anna Lynch, Katharine S. Myrick, Jean Arnot Reid, Carlotta Saint Gaudens, Mabel R. Welch and William J. Whittemore.

The Van Horne Collection.

Word comes from a Canadian source that the collection of the late Sir William Van Horne, valued at $6,000,000, is to be sold in New York, following the sale of the Drummond collection. Montreal has been a Mecca for American art students and it will be a distinct advantage to the United States to absorb into its collections the finer examples acquired by the ardent Canadian collectors.

A Contemporary Group.

At the Scott and Fowles Gallery is an exhibition by a group of artists who manage to live together in harmony in spite of the most fundamental and obtrusive differences. Here, for example, is Nadelman, suave and firm and energetic, in the same room with Everett Shinn's "Harlequin," gleaming and daintily theatric. Maurice Sterne's "Lilies" are not to be compared with the less schematic cluster that hung a year ago in another gallery. Robert Chanler's "The Azure Screen" is a triumph in its kind, a rippling mass of unfathomable blue across which dart fishes on sudden eager errands of the sea, arrows of blithe mysterious color. Henry Golden Dearth has felt the influence of the ancient lacquers also in his "The Offering to Buddha"; Hunt Diederich's "The Start" is Constantin Guys in bronze; Salvatore Lascari's portrait of Hilda Kristina is like an early Italian picture beautifully painted within outlines that were left to the hand of a copyist and failed to record the reactions of the sensitive artist to living contour. The realization of surface and texture could not go much farther, but undeniably the contour fails to respond to the breath of life. It has a scissors quality unworthy of the distinguished talent responsible for it. Maxfield Parrish has a panel in black and red and gray that echoes old Japan; Gertrude V. Whitney's graceful and lovely Chinoise is descended from the Kwannon type clothed in lotus petals. The whole room murmurs of antique civilizations sending their messages to our contemporary world, and the modern mind has its moment of dissociation until from a not too conspicuous corner a canvas by J. Alden Weir speaks to it of the pleasant outdoor world frankly seen and modestly interpreted, in a voice that has an indescribable American note of freshness and sturdy quiet conviction.

Other Exhibitions.

At the Folsom Galleries until Dec. 1 seven American painters are showing their work—Howard Giles, William Ritschel, Frederick Hutchinson, Ann Bremer, Harry F. Waltman, Everett Warner, and Charles Bittinger. Mr. Hutchinson's "Provincial Quebec" is the most individual of the canvases, a sturdy, well composed, and not too picturesque view of a region that has its personal accent and a kind of worn yet enduring beauty.

At the Knoedler Galleries until Nov. 24 is a group of portraits in black and white by Mary Tobey which have the qualities of vivacity and saliency. The device of inclosing the features within the geometric constructional line as in the portrait of Mr. Tosti Russell savors of affectation, and the quieter interpretations of character seem to promise longer satisfactions. Among the sitters are Mary Garden, R. Richard Alexander, Gordon Knox Bell, Anthony J. Drexel Biddle, Jr., and Miss Angela Morgan.

At the Milch Gallery is an exhibition by the "Painter Friends," Robert H. Nisbet, Edward C. Volkert, George M. Bruestle, Guy C. Wiggins, Wilson Irvine, and Carl J. Nordell. All the pictures shown are landscapes except Mr. Nordell's "The Summer Girl," a remarkably tranquil beauty whose charm may be trusted to last through more than the impressionable season. The tonic quality of Mr. Bruestle's Summer greens is inspiriting. It says that Summer has its vigorous and crisp moods, when the northern sunshine is hot but the winds are bracing, and the blood courses as briskly in the veins of humans as the sap through the hardy verdure of New England pastures. Mr. Wiggins insists upon his snow, and there is a shivering prophecy in his Fifth Avenue scene, with the red, white, and blue of the flags bombarded by snowflakes of extraordinary size and energy. Mr. Nisbet's Winter is a milder affair, with charming robin's egg skies and snow at rest. Mr. Irvine gets the peculiar quality given to gray by the salt air in his "Sea Mists," and Mr. Volkert paints sunshine caressing the appreciative hides of meditative cattle that browse and rest from browsing. It is a pleasant little show that lasts to Dec. 1.

VICTORY IN PATRIOTISM.

Americans Coming to See the War Means Individual Effort.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The idea seems to be gaining ground that the way the war will be won will be by hard fighting and by decisive military victories.

During the months I was in London, I was in constant touch with military men, many directly from the allied fronts, and the various opinions which I heard expressed, associated one with the other, gave me the final conviction that the above statement was true.

In all the addresses I have made since my return to this country, I have iterated and reiterated this statement. In the beginning I found no belief in that fact here, but now there appears to be a growing conviction that the only way we shall win the war will be by hard fighting and decisive military victories. This is not a time for any man or men to say or think that their particular efforts shall win the war. It is, to quote President Wilson, "A moment when it is every man's duty to forget himself, forget his own interests, and fill himself with the nobility of a great national and world conception and act upon a new platform elevated above the ordinary affairs of life."

It is not statistics, but effort and fighting that is needed; when all should work together for one object—our country. All our force and energy should be exerted to form a strong and powerful organization which will accomplish results. There should be a great determination to fight and win regardless of self. We have a strong and unscrupulous antagonist arrayed against us, and we need all of our own forces, our determination, energy, self-sacrifice and devotion to win. As Mr. Rathom says "this is not a war of beautiful speeches and poetic declarations, not a war of fighting by proxy or of vicarious suffering."

There is one thing we should always keep before our eyes and in our minds, and which should be brought constantly to the attention of the nation, that is, patriotism will win the war.

T. B. DAWSON.

Providence, Nov. 20, 1917.

Cadging by Telephone.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The scandalous revelations of foolishly wasted funds in the recent Army and Navy Bazaar prompts me to say a word against charity cadging by telephone.

Two or three weeks since my secretary informed me that "General ——" of the Army and Navy Bazaar was on the phone requesting a contribution for the charity. As I did not know the important person, and had no personal interest in the affair, I asked my secretary to say that I would be glad to send $30. The answer was that the "General" expected a more substantial contribution from me. The idea that the fixing of the amount of my gift by anybody but myself not being pleasing, I had word telephoned to the "General" that I would make no contribution, and that ended the incident.

From the revelations now running in the newspapers I am more than glad that I stood by my dignity and repelled the importunate demand, for from my suggested gift I learn that $29.70 would have been wasted by the "administration" of the bazaar, leaving but 30 cents for the needed kits of the soldiers and sailors, for which the fair pretended to be held.

The touting for charity by the telephone is to me extremely obnoxious, and henceforth I mean to listen to no appeals, and I wish that all New Yorkers might take the same stand. Telephone subscribers can surely give this form of annoyance its death-blow, and there can be no better time to inaugurate the reform than the present.

A REASONABLY GENEROUS GIVER.

New York, Nov. 20, 1917.

A Welcome for Knitted Garments.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Just after reading your editorial article regarding the bad effect upon the knitting activities of the Red Cross of the statements made in a previous article, that much of the knitting was superfluous and that Uncle Sam's soldiers were well provided with all that was necessary, I happened to receive a letter from a nephew of mine who is stationed at Camp Quantico, to whom I was sending knitted articles, both for himself, and, where needed, for his neighbors. He writes:

> If any one says the Red Cross sweaters, neckpieces, &c., which the women knit are purely useless articles, let him visit any one of our camps. I think I can safely say that two-thirds of the men here have the sleeveless sweaters, and they are worn underneath the O. D. shirt constantly, because it is contrary to rules to wear any non-regulation clothing in view. From my personal experience they are splendid on cold mornings, and will be more so in Winter, helmet included.

I thought this from a boy in the ranks might help to allay the rumor that this work is superfluous and spur us on to do still more.

ELIZABETH JARRETT, M. D.

New York, Nov. 20, 1917.

Bayonne Does Well.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In an editorial article in your paper some two or three months ago you severely criticised the decision of the Bayonne voters in not accepting the Bush Terminal project.

That your readers may form a more favorable impression of the intelligence with which Bayonne residents act upon matters of importance it will interest them to know that both the Liberty bond issues were considerably oversubscribed, and the Y. M. C. A. War-Work Fund allotment of $30,000 oversubscribed to the amount of nearly $85,000. For a city of about 70,000 residents I doubt if there is a parallel instance.

JAMES L. ROBERTSON.

New York, Nov. 20, 1917.

A CERTAIN WAR MAP.

To Any Unconcerned.

This is a map you have not seen before.
Look how a Black Beam from the North Sea shore
Drops to the South, then, Eastward far extends—
One might well say to where our "known world" ends!

You like it not. It darkens as it goes,
On many, many lands its shadow throws;
On smoking towns, waste coasts, and foundering ships.
You say, with dread, "It looks like an eclipse!"

It is eclipse—of all we knew as Light.
It settles down on Freedom, Mercy, Right.
'Tis partial now, but onward creeping still,
It should all gazing eyes with terror fill—

Lest total it become—lest, strengthening thus,
The horror—Time's most hideous incubus—
Should carry down, and, crouching close above,
Crush all that man has based on Human Love.

It reaches you, at last! Almost you feel
Across your path the chill penumbra steal.
This Black Beam from a Black Star doth proceed;
Until the Star shall fall—no help, indeed!

EDITH M. THOMAS.

WHITE BOOK REFUTES GERMAN CHARGES

No Munitions or Troops Ever Carried on Hospital Ships, British Assert.

FLIMSY RUMORS ACCEPTED

And Innocent Hospital Ships Ruthlessly Attacked by U-Boats in Violation of Hague Treaty.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Copies of the British White Book, containing the correspondence of that Government with the German Government regarding the alleged misuse of British hospital ships, were received in Washington today. The document contains evidence furnished by the German authorities and the British Government's comments on it. A memorandum by the London Foreign Office accompanies the correspondence, and, as received at an Entente Embassy today, follows:

"In replying to the accusations brought forward by the German Government, his Majesty's Government desire, before all, to call attention to the remarkable fact that German submarines and other warships have never once exercised the right of inspecting British hospital ships, which is given to them by Article 4 of The Hague Convention for the application of the principles of the Geneva Convention to maritime warfare. So far as can be ascertained, they have only once stopped a British hospital ship long enough to examine her papers. This occurred on the 23d of February, 1917, when the hospital ship Dunluce Castle was stopped by a German submarine in the Eastern Mediterranean; her papers were found to be in order, and the vessel was allowed to proceed.

"It might have been expected that the German Government, seeing that they had reports in their possession, which they profess to regard as reliable, pointing to the misuse of British hospital ships, would not have completely neglected the obvious and well recognized method of inspection for the purpose of verifying their suspicions. Instead, they have preferred to appeal for support of their charges to conjectural statements of persons who never had an opportunity of ascertaining whether there was any real foundation for their assumptions, and, on this flimsy basis, without making any attempt to discover the value of the hearsay evidence which they had collected or giving his Majesty's Government any opportunity of rebutting their allegations, they proceeded to the extreme step of ruthlessly attacking innocent hospital ships engaged in their humane task of serving the sick and wounded.

Germany's Charges Grouped.

"His Majesty's Government have now made inquiry into the allegations contained in the German memoranda so far as they concern British hospital ships and so far as the charges made are not in such vague terms as to preclude any possibility of investigating their foundation. Generally, the charges group themselves under four heads, viz:

(1) Alleged excessive number of hospital ships in relation to the Gallipoli campaign.
(2) Changes in the list of hospital ships, with supposed intention to deceive.
(3) Alleged transport of munitions.
(4) Alleged transport of troops.

"As to (1,) the number of hospital ships employed was not excessive, having regard to the number of invalids to be evacuated from Gallipoli. On the contrary, the accommodations on hospital ships proved to be inadequate to meet requirements, and it was necessary to employ ordinary transports in addition for the conveyance of sick and wounded. These transports were, of course, not protected by The Hague Convention, did not fly the Red Cross flag, and were not fitted out as hospital ships.

"As to (2,) no rule exists under which a hospital ship, once notified, must remain in hospital service for the duration of the war. It is perfectly true that certain ships were notified as hospital ships and later on were removed from the list. This was due to alterations in the requirements for the various classes of tonnage caused by the sinkings of ships by submarines and to changes in the military situation.

"There is no ground for the somewhat nebulous suggestion of the German Government that the aim of the changes was to produce uncertainty and confusion in regard to the character of the ships, and no evidence is adduced to show what military advantages could be gained by such confusion, which, in fact, would probably be disadvantageous rather than otherwise, since it would be injurious to the safety of the hospital ships themselves.

Carried No Munitions or Troops.

"As to (3) and (4), alleged conveyance of munitions and troops, to which nearly all the evidence relates, a detailed examination of the particular instances alleged is given below. It may, however, be stated at once that British hospital ships have never been used for the carriage of munitions of war or of combatant troops. Red Cross stores and personnel of the Royal Army Medical Corps, (who are protected by the Geneva Convention,) have been embarked, and it appears probable that the German Government have been misled by fallacious deductions of their witnesses, who apparently were unable to verify their assumption that cases of Red Cross stores were really munitions of war and bodies of the Royal Army Medical Corps in khaki uniform were detachments of combatant troops.

"The statement in the second German memorandum to the effect that, while His Majesty's Government had denied that British hospital ships had carried either troops or munitions, the British Admiralty had merely declared that no troops had been conveyed in such ships, without denying the carriage of munitions, is curiously devoid of point. Both in the statement issued by His Majesty's Government on the 1st February, 1917, and in a note addressed to the United States Ambassador in London on the 31st January, the allegations of the German Government were contradicted in respect both of troops and of munitions.

"The discrepancy which the German Government pretends to have discovered between the declarations of His Majesty's Government, as a whole, and those of the Admiralty in particular, appears to rest on a statement issued by the Admiralty and published on the 2d February, in which particular notice is given to the allegation of Albert Messany, circulated in a German Wireless Press message, to the effect that 2,000 soldiers, who were not invalids, had been carried by the hospital ship Britannia.

"With reference to this allegation, the Admiralty stated that no British hospital ship had ever embarked any persons but invalids and hospital staff. There was no occasion in that particular connection to refer to munitions. The play which the German Government make with this imaginary discrepancy is an illustration of their practice of trying to make capital out of infinitesimal points, a practice which has the appearance of being adopted in order to cover up the weakness of their main position."

TO TEST B. R. T. CAR HEATING

Service Board Will Seek to Discover How Company's Plan Works.

William L. Ransom, counsel of the Public Service Commission, prepared yesterday a set of rules for testing the car heating regulations on the surface and elevated lines in Brooklyn which the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company wishes to establish during rush hours. The tests are to be confined to three surface cars and to two complete elevated trains, selected by the commission's electrical engineer and the chief of its transit bureau.

The tests are to be made between 7 and 9 A. M. and 3 and 7 P. M. on weekdays, and shall be continued for two weeks. During the tests complete records are to be kept of the number of passengers, the temperature outside and inside the cars, and the variations of temperature according to the crowded condition of the cars. The application of the company for permission to reduce the amount of heat furnished was based on the need for conserving the coal supply.

No person connected with the commission would say anything concerning the threat of Mayor-elect Hylan to ask for the ousting of the commission in case it permitted the B. R. T. to run cars that were not adequately heated.

RESOLUTION BLOCKED BY WOMAN TEACHER

Principal Protests Action Demanding Fair Trial for Suspended Instructors.

WITHDRAWN BY CHAIRMAN

Objection Made Because Members of the Board of Education Were Not at Protest Meeting.

What was intended to be the climax of a meeting held last night at Terrace Garden, under the auspices of the Public Schools Neighborhood Federation and the Teachers' Interests Organization, to "protest against disloyalty and autocracy in our schools," became an anti-climax when a resolution, put to the 500 persons present placing them on record as "demanding the immediate replacement of the six teachers transferred and a fair trial to the three teachers suspended" was blocked by one woman. She was Miss Clara C. Cortland, principal of the Nathan Hale Junior High School in Brooklyn, and as a "firm believer in fair play" she protested against a vote being taken on the resolution because no representative of the Board of Education had appeared to present the side of the education authorities before the meeting.

Charles Rozelle, the Chairman, declared that under the conditions he thought it best not to put the resolution to a vote and withdrew it. He said, however, that the fact that the meeting had been held would be sufficient notice to the Board of Education that the public would demand fair play in the trial of the accused teachers.

The three suspended teachers, Thomas Mufson, A. Henry Schneer, and Samuel D. Schmalhausen, are scheduled to appear before the High School Committee at the Board of Education this afternoon to answer the charges made against them by Dr. John L. Tildsley, Associate Superintendent of Schools.

There was disorder precipitated at the meeting when a man who said he was Edward A. Nyland, a court attendant, demanded that he be permitted to speak. When he refused to give his name a cry of protest went up, but he described himself and then denounced as unfit to be a teacher a man who permitted a student to write a letter attacking the President.

There were hisses and cries of "That's not so! What do you know about it?" Later Abraham Lefkowitz said that the accusation made against Schmalhausen, was "the foulest and blackest lie." Lefkowitz explained that the teacher never saw the letter in question until two weeks after it had been written, because his superior officer had taken it, along with others, from the class room and given it to the Principal. When Schmalhausen was asked to correct the letter, Lefkowitz added, he wrote caustic criticism of it.

Appeal for Fair Play.

Mr. Schmalhausen, who was one of the speakers, declared that the suspended men are going to face "a packed jury" today and asserted that their counsel had been unable to obtain a postponement of the case from the officials. He made an appeal to the public for a "fair jury" of impartial educators.

Chairman Rozelle asserted that many persons feel that the teachers in the high schools have not been treated in a democratic way by certain persons in the educational system. He said he felt that both organizations under whose auspices the meeting was held were determined to do all they could to root out disloyalty in the schools.

Other speakers were Henry R. Linville, President of the Teachers' Union; Cornelia Cleaveland, Morris Barasch, and Joseph Jablowoner, the latter three of the suspended teachers; Mrs. Sophia M. Loebinger, President of the Greater New York Civic League; John Rosenbrock of the Allied Civic Association; Estelle M. Johnson, and Mrs. J. J. Wolf.

Miss Cleaveland said that since being transferred she has received threatening letters. Speaking of the transferred teachers she said:

"We have been subjected to the mob spirit. The newspapers have been allowed to say what they liked of us, and we have been besmirched."

Barasch said that before he reached the Commercial High School, to which he had been transferred, a petition had been circulated asking that he be barred from the school. He asserted that the most radical statement he had uttered in his interview with Dr. Tildsley was that poverty was not a blessing. This he added, he told the principal, who was present.

"Patriotism is used as a camouflage for a sinister purpose," Mrs. Loebinger declared. It was a question in her mind, she said, which was more loyal, the accused teachers or the education officials.

Statement by Tildsley.

Dr. Tildsley said yesterday that the assertions given out by the nine teachers as representing his views did not represent accurately his position. He declared he never said that teachers had no right to resort to publicity to censure an official superior. What he objected to was that the teachers who censured John Whalen, Chairman of the High School Committee, represented themselves as the Faculty of the DeWitt Clinton High School when they were not acting as the faculty.

"I never said that any teacher who voted for the Whalen resolution was disloyal to the authorities," he added. "Neither did I say that the pupils should have no right to determine school policy or school administration. I said that the Board of Education as representatives of the citizens determines the school policy. I did say that the President should not exempt Quakers, and I stand by that.

"As for my believing in freedom of thought and not in freedom of expression, what I said was that I do not believe in complete freedom of expression in the classroom. I do not believe that a teacher who sets no limits to discussion in the class is fit to be a teacher. The question of socialism did not come up."

A committee composed of the Vigilance Corps of the American Defense Society and of seventy members of the Board of Education, Board of Superintendents, and District Superintendents, and Board of Examiners of Greater New York yesterday issued an invitation to all the teachers of the city to attend a mass meeting and patriotic rally on next Tuesday evening at the De Witt Clinton High School, where President William G. Willcox and Thomas W. Churchill of the Board of Education, Cleveland Moffett, Dr. William T. Hornaday, and Rabbi Stephen S. Wise will speak.

The Faculty of the Flushing High School has adopted a resolution providing that only persons of undoubted loyalty to the Government be permitted to teach in the New York schools. Other loyalty resolutions were adopted yesterday by the Brooklyn Teachers' Association and the Commercial High School of Brooklyn.

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MISS LOUISE FLINT WEDS.

The Bride of James Lanman Hubbard of U. S. Naval Reserve.

The marriage has been announced of Miss Louise Elliot Flint, daughter of George E. Flint and a granddaughter of the late Dr. Austin Flint of this city, and James Lanman Hubbard, U. S. N. R., of Norwich, Conn., which took place quietly on Tuesday at noon at the home of the bride's aunt, Miss Annie Flint, 118 East Nineteenth Street.

Mr. Hubbard, who is stationed at New London, Conn., as an officer in the Ordnance Department, only received forty-eight hours' leave of absence for his marriage. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Henry Darlington, a son of Bishop Darlington, and was witnessed by the immediate families and a few intimate friends.

The bride wore a gown of ivory satin and old rose point lace, and a veil of Spanish point lace, an heirloom in the family. Mrs. Huntington Lee, a sister of the bridegroom, was her matron of honor.

The couple's engagement was announced early this month. The bride has lived with her aunt since girlhood. Mr. Hubbard is the son of Charles L. Hubbard, President of the Thames National Bank of Norwich, and was graduated from Yale, class of 1907.

MISS FABBRI BETROTHED.

Her Fiance, James C. Clark, Is an Aviator in Signal Corps.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernesto G. Fabbri of 7 East Ninety-fifth Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Teresa Fabbri, to James Cameron Clark, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. William Clark, of this city and Bernardsville, N. J.

Miss Fabbri was introduced to society last season. She is a great-granddaughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William H. Vanderbilt, a niece of Mrs. William J. Schieffelin and Mrs. Dave H. Morris, and a grandniece of William K. Vanderbilt, Mrs. H. McK. Twombly, and Mrs. William D. Sloane. On the paternal side she is a granddaughter of the late Ernesto G. Fabbri.

Mr. Clark is a graduate of Harvard, and is now at San Antonio, Texas, with the aviation section of the Signal Corps. His brother, William Clark, married Miss Marjory B. Blair.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Dove-Pilson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Washington had another war wedding today when Edward Stelwagen Dove, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Maurey Dove, and Miss Marguerite Pilson, daughter of the late Benjamin F. Pilson, were married at noon in the rectory of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church, with Mgr. Mackin officiating. Mr. Dove, who was one of the Washington young men to enter the army as privates, has recently received a commission, and is under orders to take a course of instruction at the United States Cavalry School at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

Only the immediate relatives of the two young people witnessed the ceremony, at which there were no attendants.

Bridegrooms-to-Be Are 60 and 69.

Two weddings are to be celebrated on Long Island, the bridegrooms being 60 and 69 years.

The Rev. William G. Jones of Woodhaven, L. I., who has been connected with the New York Bible Society, and Mrs. Marian H. Knies are to be married this evening at the bride's home, 520 Eads Avenue, Woodhaven. Mr. Jones is 60 and his bride is 42.

Edgar A. Martin, who is 69, is to marry Miss Martha A. Voss, aged 42, of Bayside, L. I., on Dec. 5. Mr. Martin is a widower and resides in Flushing, being a retired expert accountant. Miss Voss is a sister of Charles J. Voss of Bayside.

Miss Praeger Weds A. L. Bobbe.

Miss Minna Praeger, daughter of Mrs. Fannie Praeger, was married to Arthur L. Bobbe, son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bobbe of 562 West 148th Street, yesterday at her home, 235 Fort Washington Avenue, by the Rev. Dr. Maurice Thorner.

Lieutenant Leon Praeger, who came from Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C., for the wedding, gave his sister in marriage. Master Louis Heyman, a nephew of the bride, acted as page, and George L. Bobbe was best man.

After the reception the couple left for the South on their honeymoon, and will reside in this city city on their return.

Comings-Lewis Wedding Saturday.

Miss Marjorie Lewis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George L. Lewis of Shore Drive, Douglas Manor, L. I., and Henry Emerson Comings, an explorer, of 531 West Twenty-first Street, this city, will be married at Zion Episcopal Church, Douglas Manor, at 4:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Miss Lewis will be attended by her sister, Miss Jennica Lewis. Henry E. Tuttle of New Haven, a cousin of Mr. Comings, will be best man. Mr. and Mrs. Comings will reside at Douglas Manor.

Miss Hostler to Wed Capt. Dowling.

Mrs. Frank Towle Swain of Evergreen Place, East Orange, N. J., announces the engagement of her niece, Miss Lillian Marguerite Hostler, to Captain Herbert Montrose Evans Darling of Montreal, late of the Royal Canadian Field Artillery. Captain Darling has received honorable discharge, after three years in the trenches, where he was wounded. Miss Hostler makes her home with her aunt.

To be Lieut. Walker's Bride Dec. 4.

Hastened by the expectant call of the bridegroom for service across the sea, invitations have been issued by Mr. and Mrs. William C. Overman of Orange, N. J., for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Baldwin Overman, to Second Lieutenant Frederick E. Walker, Jr., of Short Hills, now stationed at Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va. The ceremony will be performed on Saturday evening, Dec. 4, at the home of the bride's parents.

Block-Martin Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley S. Block of Brooklyn have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Allene Allen Block, to E. Cornell Martin, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar W. Martin of Providence, R. I. Miss Block has taken an active part in social affairs in Brooklyn. No date has been set for the wedding.

Mayor Mitchel Gives Theatre Party.

Mayor Mitchel, with Mrs. Mitchel and a party of friends, occupied two boxes last night at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre and saw George V. Hobart's comedy, "What Is Your Husband Doing?" In the party were Mr. and Mrs. Lamar Hardy, Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Chapman, and Lieut. Commander Bristol of the United States Navy.

Women Will Knit While Skating.

A knitting-skating party is one of the newest forms of entertainment for wartimes. The Delta Gamma Alpha Sorority of Teachers College, Columbia University, is to inaugurate the knitting-skating party tomorrow night at the St. Nicholas Ice Rink. The guests will bring their knitting as well as their skates and will manipulate the needles while resting, although some of the young women have become so proficient in the art of knitting that they can knit while skating.

FEDERAL MILK BODY NAMED FOR CITY

Commission Will Hold Public Hearings in New York and Fix Prices.

NO RISE PENDING ACTION

Reasonable Profits to be Guaranteed to Producers and Distributers—Food Conference Held.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The Federal Commission which will handle the milk situation in the territory supplying New York City was named today by Herbert C. Hoover, Food Administrator, and it is planned to hold public hearings in New York within a short time. On the testimony thus obtained and other information a report as to the cost at which milk can be sold at a reasonable profit will be made not later than Jan. 1.

The producers and distributers have agreed voluntarily that there shall be no increase in the price of milk to consumers in New York City while the commission is conducting its inquiry. When the report is made it is expected by the Food Administration that it will be accepted subject to any readjustment which the commission might later direct. The Food Administration, it is said, will not hesitate to enforce the edict of the commission or recommend further legislation if necessary where producer or distributer balks.

The following composed the new commission:

John Mitchell, New York State Food Commission; Dr. L. P. Brown, New York City Board of Health; Dr. W. H. Jordan, Director New York Agricultural Experiment Station; John T. Galvin, New York City Board of Water Commissioners; Jacob H. Schiff, New York City; Miss Mabel Kittredge, New York City; Eugene Schoen, New York City; Charles M. Dow, Jamestown, N. Y.; Bradley Fuller, Utica, N. Y.; C. S. Shedrick, Buffalo, N. Y., and Arthur Williams, Federal Food Administrator for New York City.

The Food Administration made the following statement:

This commission is empowered to determine, after hearing, the reasonable prices of milk to be paid by purchasers to producers and by consumers to distributers, such prices to be based upon the cost of production and distribution, with a reasonable profit added.

The Food Administration believes that the controversy regarding the price of milk in the milk-producing territories and large consuming centres cannot be settled until all facts bearing on the subject are presented to a competent and impartial tribunal for consideration and decision. This commission will consider the evidence presented by all parties having an interest in the question, whether producers, distributers, manufacturers of milk products, representatives of consumers or representatives of State and municipal governments, and base its findings upon that evidence.

After recent conferences of representatives of the interests named, it was their opinion that the plan suggested by the Food Administration was the only one that could properly solve the problem, and the commission was appointed with their full approval and upon agreement by them to abide by its decision. The producers and distributers have voluntarily agreed that no increase in the price of milk to consumers in New York City will be made while the commission is conducting the inquiry.

Since adherence will be required to the future prices that may be fixed, no one desires that this commission shall set such prices at less than the cost of production or of distribution, with a fair profit added. If it is found that present prices, which are being maintained during negotiations, do not equal the cost of production or of distribution and a reasonable profit, common fairness suggests that the commission should make provision whereby the loss can be recouped in future periods during which producing and distributing costs are generally less.

Conferences held here today in an effort to bring about co-ordination in the work of the officials, Federal and State, who will control the food situation in New York State, ended without definite result. It was intimated, however, that after Governor Whitman had again been consulted, an agreement might be expected. John Mitchell, head of the State Commission, who attended the conference here, left tonight for New York to see the Governor.

At the conference were Arthur Williams, Federal agent for New York City; Mr. Mitchell, Henry Moskowitz, Commissioner of Foods and Markets for New York City, and F. C. Walcott, representing the United States Food Administration. Herbert C. Hoover talked with the conferees for a few minutes and then left them to find a settlement of their differences.

NEW FOOD COUNCIL FOR CITY PLANNED

State Commission Names Committee on Organization—Russian Sugar Seized.

The State Food Commission announced yesterday the following members of a committee to develop plans to organize a "Food Council of Greater New York": Mrs. V. G. Simkhovitch of Greenwich House; Mrs. Frederick L. Cranford, 479 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn; Mrs. Daniel A. Palmer, 631 East 168th Street; Mrs. John K. Robinson, 97 North Thirteenth Street, Flushing, L. I.; William G. Willcox, 115 Davis Avenue, West New Brighton, S. I.; Dr. Jonathan Day of the Labor Temple; John H. Love of the Merchants' Association; William Collins of the American Federation of Labor; Mrs. Louis Slade of the Woman's Suffrage Party; E. K. Baird of the Men's City Club, and Algernon Lee of People's House.

The sugar shortage throughout New York State will be greatly relieved within a few days, according to local Food Administration officials, through the seizure yesterday by these officials of 16,000 tons of sugar which has lain unclaimed and unused for the last two months in four warehouses in or near New York City.

The warehouses holding the sugar are conducted by Grace & Co., and the owner of the sugar was recently reported to by Nicholas Romanoff as head of the former Imperial Russian Government. According to Food Administration officials, however, there is nothing on the warehouse receipts or records to show the sugar's ownership. The attorney who performed the technical act of seizure for the local Food Administration said that the owner would either be reimbursed or the sugar would later be replaced.

The seizure was made under the direction of George M. Rolph, head of the Sugar Committee of the local Food Administration, who issued this statement:

Russian sugar, which has been stored here for some time, was seized today by the United States Government, and will be distributed to the trade through the American Refiners' Committee the same as the neutral sugar was distributed last week. The distribution of the sugar will relieve the situation temporarily. Twenty-five cars of beet sugar, amounting to 25,000 sacks, each containing 100 pounds, are also on the way from the West to Boston and New England points. In addition, 100 carloads of beet sugar, amounting to 100,000 sacks of 100 pounds each, are now being loaded into cars in California, and will be shipped to the port of New York via Galveston, being due to arrive here within the next twenty days. This sugar will also be distributed through the American Refiners' Committee in this section of the Atlantic Coast States, where it is most needed. These deliveries, it is hoped, will afford considerable relief to the consuming public in this section shortly.

The actual act of seizing the 35,000,000 pounds of so-called Russian sugar in the name of the United States Government was performed by Edward P. Shattuck, a lawyer, of 26 Exchange Place. Two warehouses in which it was found were in New York, a third was in Yonkers, and a fourth in New Jersey.

Benjamin Naumberg, a lawer, of 30 Broad Street, representing the Marine Transportation Service Company, which has made a large claim for damages against the former Imperial Russian Government for alleged breach of contract, conferred with Mr. Rolph yesterday over the seized ownership of the sugar.

Trade experts said yesterday that there were fewer big turkeys in the local markets than last year, but that many thousands of pounds of turkeys would arrive tomorrow and Saturday. United States Quartermaster's Department officials are paying 30 and 31 cents a pound for turkeys for camps in New York and New Jersey.

DUFFIELD OSBORNE DEAD.

Author and Lawyer a Victim of Pneumonia in His 60th Year.

Samuel Duffield Osborne, an author and lawyer of this city, died of pneumonia late Tuesday night after two days' illness at the home of Dr. B. H. Richardson, 576 Madison Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Osborne, who was in his sixtieth year, was born in Brooklyn and was the son of Samuel S. Osborne and Rosalie Duffield Osborne, who was a direct descendant of Surgeon General Duffield, a member of George Washington's staff.

Mr. Osborne was a graduate of Columbia College and took his degree of law at the Columbia Law School in 1883. He practiced law in Brooklyn for thirteen years, during which he was acting Secretary of the Department of Public Works in that city for two years. Eventually, however, he moved to New York, where he devoted himself to literature and became a member and Secretary of the Authors' Club. Among his writings were "Engraved Jewels," a work on the history and engraving of gems, and several novels, "The Spell of Ashtaroth," "The Lion's Brood," and "The Angels of Messer Ercole."

Mr. Osborne was unmarried and left no relations with the exception of a cousin, the Rev. Richard B. Pope of Westbury, L. I. The funeral will be held on Friday, at 10:30 A. M., at St. Bartholomew's Church, Brooklyn.

CAPTAIN R. H. GORDON DIES.

Commander of Confederate Veterans' Camp of New York Was 73.

Captain Richard H. Gordon, a veteran of the Confederate Army, who had been Commander of the Confederate Veterans' Camp of New York for the last three years, died on Tuesday at his home, 107 West Eighty-second Street, in his seventy-fourth year.

He was born in Williamsport, Tenn., and joined the Confederate Army at Columbia in April, 1861, and later was Captain of a company in Colonel W. S. Hawkins's Tennessee Cavalry. He took part in several battles until he was captured by General Joe Wheeler's Scouts and imprisoned on Johnson Island, where he remained until released under parole on June 10, 1865.

Captain Gordon had lived in New York for the last twenty years and is survived by four children. His funeral will be attended by members of the Confederate Veterans' Camp of New York, Daughters of the Confederacy, and members of the Southland Club.

Theodore Moore, Financial Editor.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Nov. 21.—Theodore Moore, financial editor of The New York Sun, died here today at the home of his brother, L. B. Moore. Mr. Moore was a native of Red Hook, Dutchess County, N. Y., where he was born Feb. 12, 1870. He was a son of the Rev. John Wells Moore, an Episcopal clergyman. He studied at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y., and upon leaving college took up newspaper work in New York City. He was a reporter on a number of New York papers, and later he was at different periods financial editor of The Tribune, The Press, and The Sun. Three brothers and a sister survive Mr. Moore.

Ex-Police Inspector Flood Buried.

The funeral of the former Police Inspector John F. Flood, who died on last Friday at Palm Beach, Fla., was held yesterday at St. Denis's Roman Catholic Church, Yonkers. A solemn requiem mass was said by the Rev. Richard O. Hughes, rector of the church. Many police officers from New York were present, including Inspectors Thomas Ryan and James Kelly. The interment was in St. Mary's Cemetery.

President at W. S. Young's Funeral.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—President Wilson and other high Government officials attended the funeral today of Warren S. Young, for thirty-six years social secretary at the White House. Mr. Young died Sunday at the age of 73.

Obituary Notes.

ERNEST MATTHEOS, a hotel man who was recently employed as manager of the Grand Hotel, Yokohama, died last night at his home, 243 East Sixty-first Street. He was born in Hungary forty-five years ago and came here as a boy and learned hotel work at the Waldorf-Astoria and the Knickerbocker.

Mrs. MARY A. HALLIDAY, wife of Mitchell Halliday, and one of the oldest residents of Bayonne, N. J., died on Monday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George McKever, in that city. She celebrated the sixty-second anniversary of her wedding last April.

FRANK WANIER, head of the drug firm of Wanier & Imgard of New York, died on Monday at his home, 120 West 126th Street, in his seventy-fourth year. He was born in Germany.

The Rev. FREDERICK D. BUCKLEY, rector of Trinity Episcopal Church, Waterbury, Conn., for the last twenty-five years, died in Waterbury yesterday. He was a graduate of Trinity College and Berkeley Divinity School. In church circles and the Masonic fraternity Dr. Buckley had wide acquaintance.

The Rev. EDWARD F. SMELL of Winnetka, Ill., a prominent settlement worker in Chicago, died in Somerville, Mass., last night. He was born in Lawrence, Mass., June 3, 1869.

Dr. GEORGE A. BACHMAN, Chairman of the local Examining Board of Rochester, (N. Y.,) City Division No. 8, was found dead in bed yesterday from heart disease. Dr. Bachman was born at Carthage, N. Y., in 1868, and was educated there and at Cortland Normal School. He was graduated from New York Homoeopathic Medical College.

Mrs. ELIZA EDDY WATSON, wife of Henry Watson and mother of Harry S. Watson, artist, died yesterday at her home in Bordentown, N. J., in her seventy-sixth year.

CLARENCE WALTON VAIL, a teacher of dramatic art at the Manual Training High School for the last twenty-one years, died on Tuesday at his home, 238 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, in his forty-eighth year. Mr. Vail received his education at Columbia University, where he won a fellowship in languages. He was a member of the Brooklyn University Club, Anglo-Saxon Lodge, F. and A. M., and the Knickerbocker Whist Club.

WILLIAM HISE HARDING, a trustee of the Brevoort Savings Bank, died on Tuesday at his home, 1,233 Dean Street, Brooklyn, in his sixty-second year. Mr. Harding was formerly a resident of St. Louis, Mo., and had been retired from active business for the last ten years, owing to his ill health.

ADOLPH SCHMIDT, 77 years old, founder of a chain of dry goods stores in Brooklyn, died at his home, 538 Grand Street, Brooklyn, on Monday. Mr. Schmidt was a native of Hanover, Germany, but had lived in Brooklyn for half a century. He left a son and a daughter.

JOHN CANTY, a retired brush manufacturer, died at his home, 107 Clymer Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, aged 78 years.

SAMUEL SHARP, one of the oldest residents of Sayville, L. I., died at his home there on Tuesday at the age of 90 years.

Mrs. REBECCA F. EASTBURN, widow of William Eastburn, and one of the oldest members of the Hanson Place Baptist Church, is dead at the home of her grandson, Dr. Frank H. Knight, 59 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn. She was 88 years old.

Mrs. CATHARINE A. M. TOMFORD, wife of William H. Tomford, a real estate dealer in Brooklyn, died in her fifty-ninth year on Tuesday at her home, 456 Ninth Street, Brooklyn.

FRANK P. WHITE, 59 years old, a hatter for thirty-five years in the employ of Dunlap & Co., died from pneumonia on Monday at his home, 54 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn.

CHARLES S. BARKMAN, a photo engraver, formerly for many years in the employ of The New York Herald, died on Tuesday at his home in Woodhaven, L. I., aged 70 years.

TERENCE J. McMAHON, Secretary and Treasurer of the Moody Manufacturing Company, in Manhattan, died in the Central Sanitarium, Brooklyn, on Monday from pneumonia. He was 54 years old and lived at 85 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn.

The Rev. CHARLES S. GATELY, S. S. J., a native of Brooklyn, died on Tuesday in Galveston, Texas, where he was rector of the Holy Rosary R. C. Negro Mission. Father Gately received his education at Epiphany College, Baltimore, and St. Mary's Seminary, La Porte, Texas, and was ordained by Cardinal Gibbons, at Baltimore, on June 21, 1911. He was a member of the Josephite Order, which carries on work among the negroes of the South.

GEORGE P. LAWRENCE JUMPS TO HIS DEATH

Ex-Congressman Leaps from a Window on the Eighth Floor of the Hotel Belmont.

ILL WITH NERVOUS TROUBLE

Former Representative from Massachusetts Left a Note Asking That Senator Crane Be Notified.

Ex-Congressman George P. Lawrence of North Adams, Mass., committed suicide early yesterday morning by jumping from a window on the eighth floor of the Hotel Belmont at Forty-second Street and Park Avenue. In a note he stated that he could no longer resist the impulses to end his life and thus relieve himself of the constant worry caused by failing health. He was sorry to annoy his friends and the management of the hotel by his act, he wrote, but the pressure had become too great.

With his brother-in-law, Myles Bracewell, and the latter's wife, Mr. Lawrence had engaged a suite at the Belmont last Monday. They came to New York from Atlantic City so Mr. Lawrence might consult Dr. F. S. Mera, a specialist for neurasthenic diseases. Mr. Lawrence was in a highly nervous state, and had been ailing for some time. Apparently giving up all hope of recovery, Mr. Lawrence, on awakening yesterday morning, went to the window and without disturbing his relatives threw himself from it to the pavement of the rear court, where he was picked up by a house detective. The hotel physicianss declared death was instantaneous.

After his identity was established it was found that his note concluded with a request that Mr. and Mrs. Bracewell be notified, as well as Senator W. Murray Crane of Massachusetts, and Mr. Lawrence's Secretary, Hugh P. Drysdale. Senator Crane, for many years a personal friend of the dead man, was stopping at the Biltmore. As soon as he had been informed of what had happened, the Senator hurried to the Belmont.

Mr. Lawrence was 58 years old. He was born in North Adams, and entered the practice of law soon after his graduation from Amherst College in 1886. Prior to his election to Congress from the First Massachusetts District, he served as a Judge of the Federal District Court for Northern Berkshire. In 1896 he was President of the Massachusetts State Senate. He held his seat in Congress from 1899 until 1913. In 1910 he received from Amherst College the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. Mr. Lawrence left no family, for his wife died a year ago. Following her death, Mr. Lawrence continued to live in North Adams, but divided his time largely between that city and Washington.

Recently Mr. Lawrence had been serving on a local exemption board in North Adams, but was compelled to resign because of the condition of his health. His friends stated yesterday his nervousness and failing health were to be attributed to overwork.

William Eugene Partridge.

William Eugene Partridge, a writer for many scientific publications, died yesterday at his home, 42 Ascension Street, Passaic, N. J., in his seventy-fifth year. He was born in Monroe, Me., and after graduating from Wesleyan was associated as editor with The Iron Age, Mechanics and Metal magazines, The Anthony Photographic Bulletin, and the J. G. Brill Company of Philadelphia. He was a charter member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers and member of the American Institute of New York. Mr. Partridge left a widow, the daughter of the late B. F. Fell, known as Passaic's oldest citizen, who died last year at the age of 101.

Dr. John Clark Murray.

Dr. John Clark Murray, for thirty-one years Professor of Mental and Moral Philosophy at McGill University, Montreal, and for ten years at Queen's University, Kingston, Ont., died on Tuesday at his home in Quebec. He was born in Paisley, Scotland, and had lived in Canada since 1862. Dr. Murray was an authority on Scotch ballads and folklore and was a Fellow of the Royal Society of Canada.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

BOCK—BAGGSTROM.—Grace Baggstrom to Arthur W. Bock.

Married.

HUBBARD—FLINT.—On Nov. 20, by the Rev. Henry Darlington, Louise Elliot, daughter of George Elliot Flint, to James Lanman Hubbard, U. S. N. R. F.

MATHEWS—LONGHURST.—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Longhurst announce the marriage of their daughter, Germaine M., to Dr. William F. Mathews.

Newark.

BUCKLEY—CARTER.—Nov. 18, Mary Carter to Charles Buckley.

Died.

ANDERSON.—In Brookline, Nov. 21, Caroline Faile, the beloved wife of Dr. James H. Anderson and daughter of the late Edward G. and Ann D. Faile of New York City. Services at her late residence, 1,085 Beacon St., Brookline, Saturday, Nov. 24, at 2 o'clock. Burial private.

BECKWITH.—Suddenly, at East Orange, N. J., Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, Carrie M. Wallace, wife of Charles L. Beckwith, aged 55 years. Funeral services at her late home, 34 North Maple Av., Saturday, Nov. 24, 3 P. M.

BEEBE.—Wednesday, Nov. 21, William Worthington Beebe, husband of Lillie S. Beebe. Funeral private.

BEITZ.—On Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, Margaret U. Glogger, wife of Herman Beitz. Funeral services at her residence, 666 East 175th St., Bronx, on Thursday, Nov. 22, at 8 P. M.

BENSEL.—Suddenly, at Arlington, N. J., Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, William H., husband of Lucy Goodrich Bensel, in his 67th year. Funeral service will be held at his late home, 104 Stewart Av., Arlington, N. J., on Friday, Nov. 23, at 2:30 P. M.

BERENS.—Suddenly, near Champaign, Ill., on Nov. 17, 1917, Katherine Simpson, wife of Captain Conrad Berens, Jr., M. D., of Orange, N. J. Funeral services at family residence, 55 Berkley Av., Orange, N. J., Thursday, Nov. 22, 3 P. M. Philadelphia papers please copy.

BJORNSTAD.—Nov. 20, at Long Branch, wife of Ivar Bjornstad. Services at 159 Main St., Asbury Park, Nov. 22, 7 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery, Friday, Nov. 23.

BOGERT.—On Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, Edward Meyers Bogert, in his thirty-fifth year. Services at his late residence, 521 Summit Av., Hackensack, N. J., Thursday evening, Nov. 22, at 8 o'clock.

BUND.—Charles. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., on Thursday, Nov. 22, at 9:30 A. M. Interment St. Raymond's.

CAMP.—On Wednesday, Nov. 21, Theodore Henry Camp, son of the late Samuel Kellogg and Mary Welles Camp. Funeral services in Newington, Conn., on Friday, Nov. 23, at 12 o'clock.

CLARKE.—Suddenly, Monday, Nov. 19, George Lemist Clarke. Funeral was held at Arlington Street Church, Boston, Wednesday, Nov. 21.

COOK.—At Paris, France, on Sunday, Nov. 18, Virginia Pharo Cook, widow of the late Elijah Lewis Cook, in the 77th year of her age.

ELLIOTT.—Miss Lydia Caroline Elliott of 13 Grant Av., Fort Wadsworth, Staten Island, on Nov. 12, 1917; interment was in Evergreen Cemetery Nov. 14. Miss Elliott was born in Boston, Mass., and was formerly a resident of the East New York section of Brooklyn, where she was an active member of the New Lots Dutch Reformed Church. She was the daughter of the late Captain Samuel and Mary Jane Collins Elliott. She is survived by a sister, Mrs. Bessie Halley, with whom she resided.

Xmas Books

There is no message of love or friendship that cannot be conveyed by a well-chosen BOOK.

Putnams 2 West 45th St.

Died.

FREEBORN.—Entered into rest, Nov. 21, 1917, Adelaide Yates, widow of Dr. George C. Freeborn and daughter of the late Charles and Cordelia Roe Yates. Funeral services at her late residence, 161 East 79th St., Friday afternoon, Nov. 23, at 2:30.

GALE.—On Nov. 21, Pheoe, daughter of the late Nathaniel H. Gale, in her 79th year. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Friday, Nov. 23, at 11 A. M.

GORDON.—On Tuesday, Nov. 20, at his residence, 107 West 82d St., Richard H. Gordon, Commander of the Confederate Veterans Camp of New York. Funeral service at St. Matthew's Church, 28 West 84th St., on Thursday, Nov. 22, at 3 P. M.

GORDON.—The members of the Daughters of the Confederacy are requested to attend the funeral service of Major R. H. Gordon, which will be held at St. Matthew's Church, 28 West 84th St., at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

GORDON.—Confederate Veteran Camp of New York, Attention. You are hereby summoned to attend the funeral services of our late Commander Richard H. Gordon at St. Matthew's Church, 28 West 84th St., on Nov. 22, at 3 P. M.
CLARENCE R. HATTON, Adjutant.

GORDON.—The members of the Southland Club are requested to attend the funeral service of Major R. H. Gordon, which will be held at St. Matthew's Church, 28 West 84th St., at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon, at the request of the President, Mrs. Simon Baruch.
Mrs. ADOLPHUS REAGAN, Sec.

HAGAN.—On Nov. 20, 1917, Matthew Hagan. Funeral from residence of his niece, Mrs. Robert Peterson, 402 East 79th St., on Friday, at 9:30 A. M.; to the Church of St. Monica. Interment Calvary.

HARDING.—On Nov. 22, 1917, at his residence, 1,233 Dean St., Brooklyn, N. Y., William Hise, beloved husband of Sallie P. Harding, in his 62d year. Services at his late residence Thursday, Nov. 22, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers. St. Louis, Cincinnati, and Boston papers please copy.

HUTKOFF.—Nathan, on Nov. 20, in his 82d year, dearly beloved husband of Rachel and beloved father of Isaac, Samuel, Louis, Alfred Hutkoff, Mrs. Minnie Hirschfeld, Mrs. Jennie Henry, Mrs. Frances L. H. Hepner, and Mrs. Bessie C. H. Goodman. Funeral services from his late residence, 121 East 80th St., on Thursday, Nov. 22, at 1 P. M. Relatives and friends, also Directors and members of Beth Israel Hospital, Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, Agudath Achessed Shel Emeth, (Hebrew Free Burial,) Uptown Talmud Torah Daughters of Jacob, Machzikei Talmud Torah Central Jewish Institute Kehilath Jeshurun, East 85th St.; Joshua Lodge, No. 21, are invited to attend. It is earnestly requested that flowers be omitted.

HUTKOFF.—Nathan. At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of Beth Israel Hospital, held Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, to take action on the death of their fellow-Director and former President, Mr. Nathan Hutkoff, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Board of Directors, expressing the deep personal sorrow felt by every member of the Beth Israel Hospital Association, desires to record the peculiar honor and affection in which Mr. Hutkoff has been held.

We have been made richer by his animating presence. He was in harness working for the Beth Israel Hospital, till the end.

His generosity and untiring and devoted service can never be replaced.

His memory and our pride in his career will be among our most treasured traditions and an inspiration to those he leaves behind.

To his bereaved family we tender our heartfelt sympathy in the irreparable loss which they have sustained.

Resolved, That the Board of Directors attend the funeral in a body.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread on the minutes of this board, an engrossed copy presented to the bereaved family and a copy to the press for publication.
JOSEPH H. COHEN, President.
MELVILLE J. SCHOLLE, Secretary.

HUTKOFF.—The Montefiore Hebrew Free School, 40 Gouverneur St.

With the deepest of sorrow and regret we mourn the loss of beloved and esteemed Director, Mr. Nathan Hutkoff, who departed from us to eternal life on Tuesday of the instant week at his residence, 121 East 80th St.

The distinguished deceased was the starter and organiser of our institution, and has always devoted a great part of his time and funds in maintenance of our institution, and as well a great many others.

May the God Almighty console his widow and children and all who mourn his loss. B. MELTSNER, President.

HYMES.—Jacob, suddenly, at his residence, 888 Southern Boulevard, Nov. 21. Funeral services Thursday, 2 P. M.

ILSLEY.—William C., on Wednesday morning, Nov. 21, 1917. Funeral service at his late residence, Allendale, N. J., Friday, Nov. 23, at 3 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Allendale Station on arrival of train leaving Jersey City at 1:44 P. M. Interment at Trinity Cemetery at convenience of family.

KEATING.—John A., beloved husband of Florence Sundstrom and son of Mary L. and the late Robert Keating. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Intercession, Broadway and 155th St., on Friday, Nov. 23, at 10 A. M.

KLEIN.—On Wednesday, Nov. 21, Samuel and Betty (nee Hauser,) beloved parents of Charles, Jacob, Michael, Arthur, Leo, Morris, and Mrs. Sidney A. Harris. Funeral services at their late residence, 172 East 94th St., Friday, Nov. 23, at 10 A. M. Members of Aryeh Lodge, No. 6, I. O. F. S. of I., are requested to attend.

LEVERETT.—On Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Peter Hayden, Yonkers, N. Y., Esther Russell Leverett, daughter of John and Esther Leverett, in the 93d year of her age. Funeral private.

LEWISOHN.—On Nov. 20, Philip, beloved husband of Adele G. Lewisohn. Funeral at convenience of the family.

LIBBY.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, Edward H. Libby, husband of Clara Eggleston, in his sixty-fourth year, at his residence, 601 West 151st St., New York. Funeral services at Calvary M. E. Church, 7th Av. and 129th St., New York, Friday, Nov. 23, at 8:30 P. M.

LLANO.—Mercedes Amelia, at Allendale, N. J., Nov. 20, daughter of Antonio and Esther Llano, in her 25th year. Funeral services Friday morning, 9:30, at residence.

McGREGORY.—Entered into rest at her home, Hamilton, N. Y., Tuesday, Nov. 20, Emma Modgkins, wife of Prof. J. F. McGregory of Colgate University.

McHARG.—Entered into rest in her 92d year, at her residence, 560 Madison St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, Frances A. Hamlin, wife of the late William C. McHarg of Albany, N. Y., and mother of Mrs. Frederick L. Smith and Mrs. Hugo Reid. Funeral private. Interment at Albany, N. Y.

MANNING.—James V., on Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, beloved husband of Bertha Manning, (nee Heid.) Funeral from his late residence, 4,387 Ridgewood Av., Richmond Hill, Saturday, Nov. 24, at 9:30 A. M., and thence to the Church of the Holy Child Jesus. Interment St. John's Cemetery.

MATTOES.—Ernest. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., (Frank Campbell's.) Time later.

MEISTER.—On Nov. 21, 1917, Annie Meister. Funeral Saturday, from her residence, Highbrook Av., Pelhamwood Park; thence to St. Catherine's Church, Pelham, N. Y., mass 10 o'clock. Train leaves Grand Central Station 9:18 A. M. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

MERRITT.—At Greenwich, Conn., Nov. 20, 1917, Julia Wright, widow of Matthew Merritt, in her 95th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 35 Church St., Friday, Nov. 23, at 2 P. M. Interment convenience of family.

MITTELDORFER.—Hannah, on Nov. 21, in her 71st year, widow of the late Marx Mitteldorfer of Richmond, Va., beloved mother of Leroy, Joseph, Moe, and Mrs. Rose Schulum and Mrs. Minnie M. Benedict. Interment and services at Richmond, Va.

MOORE.—At Stamford, Conn., Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, of apoplexy, Theodore Moore. Funeral services will be held at St. Andrew's Church on Friday, Nov. 23, at 3 P. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Grand Central Terminal at 2 P. M. Interment at Woodland Cemetery.

NEUENDORFFER.—On Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, Carl Neuendorffer, aged 66, in sanitarium, Los Angeles, Cal.

OSBORNE.—Samuel Duffield, suddenly, on Oct. 20, 1917, at 576 Madison St., Brooklyn, in his 60th year, son of the late Samuel S. Osborne and Rosalie Willoughby Duffield. Funeral services at St. Bartholomew's P. E. Church, Pacific St. near Bedford Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, Nov. 23, at 10:30 A. M.

PAYNE.—On Nov. 21, 1917, Arthur Dexter Payne, formerly of Providence, R. I., in his sixty-sixth year. Funeral at Holy Trinity Church, Lenox Av. and 122d St., Friday, at 11 A. M.

RESNICK.—Samuel, suddenly, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917. Funeral from 99 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., on Thursday, Nov. 22, at 10 A. M.

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Died.

SMITH.—Elliott Robbins, at New York, on Nov. 19, 1917, son of the late Edward Henry and Elizabeth Carterer Smith of Smithtown, L. I. Funeral services at St. James's Church, St. James, L. I., on Thursday, Nov. 22, on arrival of train leaving Pennsylvania Station at 9 A. M.

TUNSTALL.—On Nov. 21, at Port Deposit, Md., Robert Williamson, husband of Isabel McRoberts Tunstall. Interment at Norfolk, Va., on Thursday, Nov. 22.

VAIL.—Nov. 20, at his home, 238 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, Clarence Walton, beloved husband of Hettie Hock Vail. Interment Goshen, N. Y., at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

WEIL.—On Monday, Nov. 19, 1917, at Camp Joseph Wheeler, Macon, Ga., Major Richard Weil, M. R. C., Chief of Medical Service of Base Hospital, beloved husband of Minnie Straus Weil, in the forty-second year of his age. Funeral services on Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock at Temple Emanu-El, 5th Av. and 43d St.

BARRETT.—Matthew F., St. Joseph's Hospital, Nov. 19. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

BAUM.—Charles, 1,584 1st Av., Nov. 20, aged 50. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

CAMPTON.—Catharine, 11 Lawrence St., Nov. 20. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

CARROLL.—Frances, 460 West 51st St., Nov. 19. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DOYLE.—Thomas J., 355 Pleasant Av., Nov. 20, aged 44. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

EISENBERG.—Isadore, Lebanon Hospital, Nov. 20.

FREEBORN.—Adelaide Y., 161 East 79th St., Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

GRAFFE.—Felix, Nov. 20. Funeral 911 2d Av., today, 2 P. M.

HARBECK.—Henry, 350 Broome St., Nov. 19.

HILB.—Louis, Nov. 20, aged 28. Funeral 2,003 7th Av. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

KILLORAN.—Luke, Nov. 19. Funeral 65 West 106th St., today, 10:30 A. M.

McDONALD.—Joseph H., 291 East 201st St., Nov. 20. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

MARTIN.—Mary A., 144 West 17th St., Nov. 20.

MILLADY.—Margaret, 211 East 84th St., Nov. 20. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

PATTERSON.—Margaret M., Nov. 18. Funeral 422 East 82d St., today, 2 P. M.

PERRY.—Mrs. Alexander, 300 St. Ann's Av., Bronx, Nov. 20. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

PYNE.—Mary, 319 West 13th St., Nov. 20. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

SIMONS.—Joseph H., 1,004 Fox St., Bronx, Nov. 20, aged 51. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

STEWART.—Emma, 76 Irving Place, Nov. 20. Funeral notice later.

TAYLOR.—Sophia, 2,444 7th Av., Nov. 20. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

ATKINSON.—Elbridge C., 86 Lefferts Place, Nov. 20, aged 46. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

BALDWIN.—Mary E., Skene Sanitarium, Nov. 21. Funeral today.

BRADY.—Annie A., 18 Chester Court, Nov. 20, aged 61.

BREEN.—Catherine, Nov. 19. Funeral 214 Jay St., today, 9 A. M.

BRYANT.—Jesse, 137 St. Felix St., Nov. 19, aged 72.

CANTY.—John, 107 Clymer St., Nov. 20. Funeral tomorrow, 9.30 A. M.

COWARD.—Jonathan J., Kings County Hospital, Nov. 19, aged 76. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

DOERNER.—Christina, 17 Morgan Av., Nov. 19, aged 50. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

EASTBURN.—Rebecca F., 59 7th Av., Nov. 19. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FARRELL.—Margaret, 543 7th Av., Nov. 19.

GEER.—Mary E., 229 Dean St., Nov. 18, aged 73.

HANNEMANN.—Alwine, 451 60th St., Nov. 20. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

JACKSON.—Anna A., 498 Lexington Av., Nov. 20, aged 76. Funeral service today.

LAHIFF.—Dolly, 433 Lincoln Place, Nov. 20. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

LEE.—Charles E., Nov. 20, aged 68. Funeral 86 Lefferts Place.

McMANUS.—Mary G., 153 Vanderbilt Av., Nov. 20. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

MURPHY.—Agnes H., 8,418 17th Av., Nov. 20. Funeral today.

RODEN.—John, 13th Av. and 61st St., Nov. 19, aged 68. Funeral Nov. 25.

SCHMIDT.—Adolf, 538 Grand St., Nov. 19.

SHEA.—Dennis, 138 10th St., Nov. 20, aged 38. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

THOMAS.—Emil H., 669 East 31st St., Nov. 20.

VAIL.—Clarence W., 238 Garfield Place, Nov. 20, aged 48.

VOLZ.—Adam, 823 Classon Av., Nov. 19, aged 62. Funeral tomorrow, 10:30 A. M.

WEISSMANN.—Peter, Kings County Hospital, Nov. 19.

WIGGINS.—Albert R., Sr., 416 Chauncey St., Nov. 19, aged 64.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

EMMANN.—Sophia, 703 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, Nov. 20, aged 78. Funeral today.

BLAND.—Frederick F., 105 Arch St., Newark, Nov. 19.

BOSCHE.—John H., 373 Webster Av., Jersey City, Nov. 19. Funeral private.

BRENNAN.—Thomas, 4 Schalk St., Newark, Nov. 20.

BRICKWEDEL.—Anna A., 115 Madison St., Hoboken, Nov. 19, aged 81. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BRIDGE.—Esther, 7 Clinton Av., Jersey City, Nov. 20. Funeral service today.

COGAN.—Peter, 112 Fleming Av., Newark, Nov. 20.

DICKINSON.—Caleb, 622 Sumner Av., Newark, Nov. 19, aged 61.

FISHER.—George, 424 Spring St., West Hoboken, Nov. 19. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

FREDERICK.—Jemima E., 379 Forrest St., Jersey City, Nov. 20. Funeral private.

GIBBS.—Catherine U., 218 Ogden St., Newark, Nov. 20, aged 58. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

GILBERT.—Harris, 193 Hunterdon St., Newark, Nov. 19, aged 54.

GROSS.—Elizabeth, 199 Zabriskie St., Jersey City, Nov. 19, aged 71.

HOEHN.—William F., 246 Webster Av., Jersey City, Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 11 A. M.

JOHNSON.—Patrick H., 898 South 18th St., Newark, Nov. 20, aged 51. Funeral tomorrow, 8 A. M.

RESNICK.—Samuel, 99 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Nov. 20. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

SUTER.—Frank, 147 Springfield Av., Newark, Nov. 18. Funeral today, 9:15 A. M.

VAN NAME.—Clarence E., 295 Avon Av., Newark, Nov. 19.

WILSON.—Lucinda, 361 14th Av., Newark, Nov. 19, aged 77. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

WOODRUFF.—Lena, Newark, Nov. 19, aged 40.

Long Island.

BUEHL.—Jolia, Winfield, Nov. 19, aged 34.

COTTER.—Mary, 35 Powers St., Long Island City, Nov. 18.

FITZPATRICK.—Peter, 104 3d St., Long Island City, Nov. 20. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

GRIFFIN.—Susan, Ozone Park, Nov. 20, aged 88.

HEMLEIN.—Valentine, 487 Grand Av., Astoria, Nov. 18.

KAISER.—Emilia, Flushing, Nov. 18, aged 47.

KERR.—William P., 28 Hunters Point Av., Long Island City, Nov. 18, aged 4.

KREWATT.—August, Glendale, Nov. 18, aged 41.

LEDNER.—Mary, Ridgewood, Nov. 18, aged 59.

LOWENSTEIN.—Louise, Rockaway Park, Nov. 21, aged 77.

LYNCH.—Rose, Corona, Nov. 19, aged 53.

OSTROBSKI.—Nostasia, Maspeth, Nov. 18, aged 4 months.

POLANDRO.—Charles, Corona, Nov. 19, aged 9 months.

PROCH.—Julius, 211 2d Av., Astoria, Nov. 19, aged 68.

STUHLMULLER.—Helen, 79 Jamaica Av., Astoria, Nov. 18, aged 1.

ZINN.—Anna M., Ridgewood, Nov. 18, aged 71.

ZOLLNER.—Helen, Richmond Hill, Nov. 20. Funeral Nov. 24.

In Memoriam.

ADELSON.—In loving memory of Marian Adelson, beloved mother of Louis S. Adelson, Cherrie A. Myers, and Jennie B. Rinaldo. We commemorate this day as the eighth anniversary of her departure to eternal rest.

MANN.—In loving memory of the mother we loved, Emma C. Mann, Nov. 14, 1865–Nov. 22, 1916.
OLAF, ELLERY, and RICHARD.

COMAN.—Thomas J., mass St. Andrew's Church, today, 8 A. M.

GURSKA.—Matalia, in memory of, died Nov. 23, 1916.

HART.—Patrick J., in memory of, died Nov. 23, 1910.

McKEON.—Ann, mass St. John's Church, Jersey City, today, 9 A. M.

SMITH.—Catherine A., mass St. Bridget's Church, Jersey City, today, 8 A. M.

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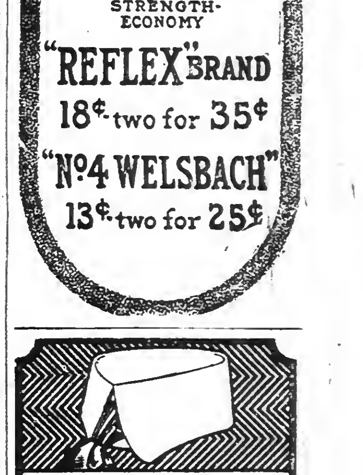

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THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY

Times Square, New York.

BAN JOHNSON PLANS AN EFFORT TO PROCURE EXEMPTION FOR BIG LEAGUE PLAYERS

TO ASK EXEMPTION FOR BALL PLAYERS

Johnson Says Freedom from Military Duty Will Be Sought for 18 on Each Team.

TENER'S STAND IN DOUBT

140-Game Schedule for American League—Griffith Declines to Sell Walter Johnson.

President Ban Johnson of the American League sent out the surprising statement from Chicago last night that both major leagues would ask the Government to exempt 288 players from the draft, so that baseball could be continued next Summer. The American League President can speak for his league only, and as President Tener of the National League was in Washington last night, no information could be obtained from him on the attitude of the older organization. Johnson says that the high standard of the game would be destroyed if the players were indiscriminately drafted for military service.

Whether the Government will make an exception in the draft regulations for ball players is a moot question. On account of their unusual physical fitness, baseball players are better suited for military service than men in other walks of life. While the Government officials are in favor of the continuance of baseball as a diversion for the public in the present crisis, special discrimination for players is improbable. A few of the major leaguers have already enlisted.

It is known that some of the club owners in both leagues would rather go along next season with the players who were exempt for regular reasons than to invite public disapproval of special exemption. Thousands of men have been refused exemption from the draft who submitted far more legitimate excuses than ball playing.

President Johnson said the American League would willingly sacrifice the remaining players on its roster if the clubs were permitted to retain eighteen selected men. As the player limit was twenty-five last season, seven men from each club would be available for military duty.

The American League executive stated positively that the league would play a 140-game schedule next season, instead of 154 games, as has been the rule for years. The season probably will open about May 1—three weeks later than usual.

Manager Clarke Griffith of Washington absolutely refused to sell his star pitcher, Walter Johnson, and, according to the Old Fox's latest decision, it will be useless for the Yankees and others to try to persuade him to part with the speedball king. The St. Louis Browns had a nicely laid plot to nab Johnson before the Yankees got him if Griffith had been susceptible to a big money offer.

Phil Ball, owner of the Browns, sent his business manager, Bobby Quinn, to Louisville last week to the minor league meeting to tempt Griffith with a flattering offer for Johnson. He was offered money and players in a deal which, if it had gone through, would have caused the baseball surprise of the year. It is understood that Quinn had authority to name a sum greater than any previous offer for Johnson.

Griffith told Quinn plainly that there wasn't a chance of Phil Ball, Jacob Ruppert or any one else getting Johnson, and he informed Quinn that this decision was final. This statement by Griffith disposes of all rumors to the effect that the Yankees might get the great pitcher next season.

Johnson, as far as a drawing attraction goes, is the greatest asset the Washington club has, and if Griffith parted with him he might just as well dispose of his ball park also. Johnson is also a great attraction on the road, and without him in the Washington lineup Griffith's club would not be the drawing card that it has been in the past. Realizing this, the Washington manager has turned down all offers for Johnson and says that he will keep him as long as the big fellow is able to pitch.

The minor leagues have invited no end of trouble from the ballplayers by passing a vote at their recent meeting in Louisville to insert a new reserve clause in the players' contracts, which gives them the right to hold the services of a player until the end of the 1918 season, even if the minor leagues do not finish the season. This is taken as a precautionary measure to insure the minors against losing the services of their star players in case they are unable to weather the financial stress of another season. The new clause is to be void only in case less than half the schedule is played.

This clause has already set the minor league world agog, and the players are prepared to make a loud and long protest. If the minor leagues with which they are signed are not able to pay them for the full amount of their contracts they want to be declared free agents and play where they choose, as they have done in the past. The additional string which the minor leagues have placed on them is also sure to bring a protest from the National Commission.

The highest court of the national game has always endeavored to protect the player. Many of the minor leagues, which disbanded before their schedules were completed last season, endeavored to hold their players, but the commission, after having ruled time and again that the only way to hold players to their reserve clause was to pay them the full salary of their contracts, denied the request. All the minor league cases which have been appealed to the National Commission in the past have been settled in this way.

Now the minors have passed this new legislation of their own, which gives them the right to hold a player whether or not they are able to pay him his full season's salary. As this is contrary to the policy of the commission, it is not likely that an exception will be allowed now.

As the unity of the Players Fraternity has been broken little aid can be expected by the players from this source, and they will be thrown entirely on the decision of the commission in the matter. This additional reserve clause is far more sweeping in its effect than the reserve clause which is now included in all players' contracts, and which has already been the basis of prolonged legal litigation and dispute. The new contract which the minor leagues will attempt to impose on the minor league players is regarded as highly prejudicial to the rights, interest, and privileges of the players. In fact, the players maintain that such a clause in a contract infringes upon the constitutional rights of a man to earn a livelihood at his chosen profession.

If the National Commission should sustain this latest action of the minor leagues, a minor league could disband at any time after the schedule was half completed, pay the player up to the time of disbanding, and while prohibiting him from obtaining employment elsewhere still be able to reserve his services for the following season. The gross injustice of the latest move of the minors is just dawning upon the minor league players, and they are sure to rebel against it.

It has occasioned no little surprise that so many baseball players have been turned down in the draft because of physical defects. One of the reasons some of them have not been accepted is because of the deformity of their fingers. There is hardly a player in the game who at some time or another has not had his fingers and thumbs broken or dislocated. Most of them resumed their duties on the diamond before the injured digits had a chance to get back to normal, and as a result they have fingers which are badly twisted and knotted.

Benny Kauff of the Giants was not accepted in the draft because his fingers are so badly twisted that the army physicians maintain he would be under a handicap in using a rifle. Tragressor, the catcher of the Boston Braves was turned down by the examining board for the same reason. The latest player to be exempted for damaged fingers is Heinie Groh of Matty's Cincinnati Reds. Catchers get their fingers smashed up more often than other players and there is not a catcher in the major or minor leagues who has perfect hands. Catchers like Jimmy Archer, George Gibson, Chief Meyers, and other veterans have hands which closely resemble corkscrews.

President Charles H. Weeghman of the Chicago National League club announces that he has practically completed an important deal for the exchange or purchase of a number of players, but the names of the clubs and players involved will not be made public until after the National League meeting here in December.

"It isn't one deal, but three deals," says Mr. Weeghman. "We are working on them now, and for that reason I can't give out any facts, but I am sure the trades will materialize. When they do the announcement will rock the baseball world. At present I am not at liberty to tell the clubs involved or the players to be shifted."

TO CLARIFY GRIDIRON PLAY.

Coach Williams Thinks Football Rules Committee Will Act.

Dr. Harry L. Williams, the former Yale athlete who is now football coach at Minnesota, predicts that the Football Rules Committee at its next meeting will suggest some new device by which the spectators will be better able to understand the plays as they are made on the football field. Dr. Williams, who is one of the strongest opponents of numbering players, admits that the spectators are completely at a loss most of the time to grasp the methods of advancement of the ball, the penalties and identity of the players.

The inventor of the famous Minnesota shift hints that the Rules Committee should suggest some scheme of making the plays clear to the spectators after they are made. He deplores the use of numbers because it places the identity of one player above the team. Dr. Williams says that football is essentially a team sport. The individual should sacrifice his prowess for the good of the eleven. The object of the game is unity of action of twelve men.

The Minnesota coach says that the only ones now benefited by the use of numbers are the scouts. He claims that the numbers make it easy for the scout to diagnose plays when the players have numbers on their backs. In the present-day game with its shifts and intricate formations, Dr. Williams says that the individual should be masked as much as possible. He believes that numbers completely spoil a play like the Minnesota shift which was widely used a few seasons ago and variations of which are still widely used.

Dr. Williams says that the newspapers make a mistake in making heroes of football players. He says it is an injustice to the other players to praise the work of one individual player to the skies for making a great play, because is is usually owing to the concerted action of the other ten players that one man is able to make a spectacular play. Football, he says, is a game in which eleven players should share equally in the honors of victory.

When the Rules Committee meets in this city after the first of the year, Dr. Williams says that some system will be devised by which the spectators will get all the information possible about the different plays. While it isn't within the province of the committee according to their own verdict to pass a rule compelling the elevens to number players or anything of that sort, they can recommend a plan to give the crowds the necessary information about what is going on in the game.

President Wilson is one of the strongest advocates of football at the army camps and he is so deeply interested in the elevens at the various cantonments that he will attend the game at Washington Saturday between Eddie Mahan's League Island eleven of Philadelphia and the team representing the 319th Regiment, of Camp Lee, Virginia. Secretary of War Baker will also attend the game. The Camp Lee eleven is captained by Ray Sanock a former Carlisle Indian player. Ralph Johnson a former Minnesota player and Highley who played end on Princeton are members of the team.

SOLDIERS HOLD BIG MEET.

About 200 Men Compete on Fort Hancock Field and Track.

About 200 soldiers stationed at Fort Hancock competed on the improvised athletic field and track at the camp yesterday, and in a program of fourteen events recorded some interesting performances. The soldier athletes of the 13th Company showed to the best advantage, and carried off the point honors of the day with a tally of 21 points. Second place went to the 24th Company with 15 points, and third to the 21st Company with 12. To the 13th Company also went the individual laurels, Sergeant Barer of this company accounting for victories in the obstacle race and 220-yard dash, and carrying off second place in the 100-yard dash.

In the 440-yard run in heavy marching order, the equipment race, and the rescue race the closest competition was furnished. The meet was run off under the supervision of Lieutenant Al Journey, the former Pennsylvania athlete, who is athletic director at the camp; Colonel John J. Byrne as referee, and Colonel Theyer and Captain Walsh.

TO SHOW SHEPHERD DOGS.

Record Number of German Breed Entered for Saturday's Exhibit.

The net proceeds of the German Shepherd Dog Club Show, in the Madison Square Garden club room, on Saturday, will be sent direct to the Chairman of the War Council of the American Red Cross in Washington, D. C., to be forwarded promptly to the American Field Ambulance Corps. The show promises to present the greatest assembly of the war, police and scout breed ever seen in America.

There are 119 dogs nominated, fifty-one more than were benched at the Westminster Kennel Club show last February, which held the record for a big entry of the breed. Duplications make the entries total 245. There are seven entries for the brace class and five in the team class.

CYCLE TEAMS ARE FORMED.

Madden and Corry and Grenda and Piercey Pair for Race.

Eddie Madden and Frank Corry, winners of the recent six-day race in Boston, were signed last night for the coming cycle grind in Madison Square Garden the week of Dec. 2 to 8. Alfred Grenda also entered the field yesterday and was teamed with Charles Piercey, while Victor Linart and Mike Debaets form the tenth pair to enter the race.

Madden and Corry are among the best of the younger crop of endurance riders and are expected to give a good account of themselves in next month's race. Corry showed the best form of any of the participants in the Boston race. He was sought as a partner by Eddie Root and Bobby Walthour, but refused to break up a winning combination. Madden was the surprise of last year's Garden race, in which he and Root grabbed second prize.

Grenda, who has accounted for numerous races, is a two-time winner of the New York race, having won with Alfred Goullet in 1914 and with Freddie Hill in 1915. He and Hill hold the world's six-day record of 2,770.8 miles.

Harvard Athletes Follow Flag.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 21.—A census of Harvard athletes, made public tonight, disclosed that of the seventy-three men who won "H's" last year only six are now at the university. All others are in war service.

FOOTBALL. EBBETS FIELD, Sat., Nov. 24, 2:30. Rutgers vs. Cupid Black's Naval Reserves. Tkts. at Spaldings, Baker, Murray & Imbrie, N. Y.; DeMilt, Sterling Piano, Ebbets Field, Bklyn. Adm. $1; res'd & Box [illegible]

ROAN HAL BRINGS $4,000 ON BLOCK

Eckert Pays Top Price for Pacer at Old Glory Sale in Madison Square Garden.

The high-water mark of the Old Glory sale in Madison Square Garden was reached yesterday afternoon when Roan Hal, one of the most brilliant pacers of the last two seasons, was knocked down to the bid of W. B. Eckert of Reading, Penn., for $4,000. Roan Hal has won more than $9,000 on the half-mile tracks this season and has captured fourteen of the big free-for-all events. He has a record of 2:00¾, and on a half-mile track paced a mile at Kutztown, Penn., in 2:03¼, which is a record for a gelding.

There was spirited bidding for what is considered the prize of the sale and one that is likely to become a competitor of the great Directum I. S. S. Shurter, who owns Directum I, was the chief contender of Mr. Eckert in the interesting session for the possession of the speedy pacer. Bids jumped quickly until Mr. Eckert finally made all others quit with the figure that exceeds by $1,500 the price paid for any other horse at the sale. The new owner of Roan Hal is no novice at the racing game, as he already owns the pacer Peter Stevens, 2:01¼, one of the very few horses that has shown the way in a race to Directum I.

Prices ruled much higher than on any other day of the sale. Pacers appeared to be in demand, for Homer D., 2:06½, which has a good winning record, brought $2,400. He was bought by James Clark of Buffalo for a sportsman in Columbus, Ohio, and will join the string campaigned by Speck Erskine.

The best sales follow:

Peter Hall, b. g., by Peter the Great-Miss Hall; George Hornao, Middle Granville, N. Y.	$400
Mary Lewis, 2:14½, b. f., by Rhythmic-Lady Pauline; W. G. Lyraugh, Corning, N. Y.	675
King Neb, 2:11½, ch. c., by Peter the Great-Valentine Dillard; W. R. Cox, Dover, N. H.	560
Poorman, 2:07¾, br. c., by The Northern Man-Mary Lloyd; Speck Erskine, Columbus, Ga	575
Coldstream, 2:11¼, blk. c., by J. Malcolm Forbes-Valentine Dillard; A. L. Derby, Wichita, Kan.	1,000
Todd Work, b. g., by Mr. Work-Todd Bird; W. H. Leese, Brooklyn	750
Zombro Clay, 2:09¼, br. s., by Zombro-Queen Hoover; James Clark, Buffalo	1,950
Homer D., 2:06½, b. g., by Starlight-Dolly; James Clark, Buffalo	2,400
Glenwood B., 2:06¾, b. g., by Ben Burns-Daughter of Glenwood M.; Fred Jannison, Ardeo, Penn.	650
Betsey Hamlin, br. m., by Lorenzo Hamlin-Kate Spencer; Sunshine Stable, Boston	450
Wedgewood Burns, 2:14¼, ch. g., by Fred S. Wedgewood-Daughter of Bobby Burns; Sunshine Stable, Boston	600
Roan Hal, 2:00¾, ro. g., by Hal de Facto-Maud C.; W. B. Eckert, Reading, Penn	4,000
Marcella, b. f., by Moko-Binetta; W. L. Snow, Endicott, N. Y.	500
Don Aristocrat, br. g., by Peter O'Donna-Katherine S.; C. S. Saxton, Pittsburgh	500
Ella Watts, b. f., by General Watts-Ella; W. H. Leese, Brooklyn	400
Amelia B., b. f., by Peter Giltner-Moon Maiden; William B. Hoffman, New York City	525
Phillipa, b. f., by Siliko-Axalea; John H. Dillon, New Haven	750
Betina, br. m., by The Clansman-Bet; J. H. Dillon, New Haven	1,000
Sunny Smiles, b. f., by Peter Giltner-Bell G.; F. N. Weeks, Jr., Akron, Ohio	1,000
John Spencer, blk. g., by Early Riser-Bessie Posy; F. N. Weeks, Jr., Akron Ohio	1,000

TROISE RIDES WINNERS.

Pilots Wheat Cakes and Felucca to Victory at Bowie.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 21.—Lightweight jockeys rode the winners of most of the races on today's card, which brought out large fields in which class was lacking. R. Troise started the day by riding R. H. Shaffer's Wheat Cakes to victory in a five-and-a-half furlong dash for two-year-olds. The result was a surprise, as Wheat Cakes was making her second appearance under colors and had to meet several fillies that had won races. Later in the afternoon Troise piloted E. T. Zollicoffer's Felucca, the favorite for the fourth race, at a mile and twenty yards, and had little difficulty in scoring his second victory.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:08 1-5.
Wheat Cakes, R. H. Shaffer's blk. f., 101 pounds, by Hapsburg-Ethel Wheat, $15.80, $7.30, and $3.90, (R. Troise)....1
Little Boy, R. Newman's b. c., 110, by Sweep Donna Mamona, $77.50 and $21.90, (J. Mooney)....2
Discoride, E. B. Ackerman's br. g., 112, by Queride-Dogmatic, $3.20 third, (R. Trosler)....3
Low Degree, Boy Blue, Garonne, Poor Joe, Pertia, Supermaid, Dick Miller, Thamar, Arizona, Dryer, and Kokohi also ran. King of the Wind, Don Jose, Tolerance, Sabretash, Lady Small, and Wichaka scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-old fillies; selling; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:07 4-5.
Tea Party, J. F. Flanagan, Jr.'s b. f., 100 pounds, by Watervale-Toggery, $13.90, $7.30, and $5.40, (C. Kummer)....1
Lady Gertrude, F. Housman's br. f., 105, by Meddler or Fitz Herbert-Lady Winifred, $8.50 and $3, (W. Collins)....2
Babette, F. R. Doctor's b. f., 111, by Hano-La Primera, $12.90 third, (J. Butwell)....3
Tread Lightly II., Killarney, Vocabulary, Oneco, Celtira, Tit-for-Tat, Elizabeth H., Dalrose, Flying Dart, and Sister Marjorie also ran. Miss Sweep, Millrace, Flapper, and June Bug scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six and a half furlongs. Time—1:20.
Zouave, Quincy Stable's blk. g., 3 years, 104 pounds, by Sain-Black Tail, $5.10, $4.10, and $3.30, (G. Walls)....1
Refugee, W. Fenwick's b. g., 4, 114, by Hamburg-First Flight, $9 and $5.20, (W. O'Brien)....2
Onwa, J. J. Fitzgerald's ch. c., 3, 109, by Dalhousie-Thistledown, $2.90 third, (W. Collins)....3
Sandel, Balgee, Alex Gitez, Short Ballot, Miss Gayle, Earlymorn, Fielder II., Resistible, Shrapnel, Radiant Flower, and Andes also ran. Cuddle Up, Joe Finn, Flare, Rey Ennis, Encore, and Cachet scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; selling; purse $600; one mile and twenty yards. Time—1:43 4-5.
Felucca, E. T. Zollicoffer's ch. f., 3 years, 111 pounds, by Trap Rock-Frizgig, $4.40, $3, and $2.50, (R. Troise)....1
Merchant, R. L. Bresler's ch. c., 3, 107, by Star Shoot-Danceress, $5 and $3.40, (G. Walls)....2
Firing Line, J. J. Farrell, Jr.'s blk. g., 3, 102, by Star Shoot-Royal Gun, $3.50 third, (C. Mergler)....3
Kilts, Dan, Tarquin, and Frea also ran. Top O' Th' Wave and Master Karma scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600; one mile and an eighth. Time—1:58.
Luther, W. H. Cooper's b. g., 6 years, 115 pounds, by Oddfellow-Commena, $3.80, $3, and $2.40, (T. Rice)....1
Rakeoff, F. C. Frisbie's ch. g., 4, 103, by Roehampton-Zodler, $8.30 and $3.90, (R. Troise)....2
Cousin Dan, J. Edwards's b. c., 3, 100, by Heno-Sarel, $3.20 third, (G. Walls)....3
Ella Ryan, Huda's Brother, Batwa, Goodwood, Ed Weiss, Muckross, and Hickory Nut also ran. Lady Little and Buzz Around scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:49 4-5.
Greetings, F. J. Coleman's ch. f., 4 years, 101 pounds, by Glorifier-Glad Tidings, $12.30, $5.50, and $3.60, (J. Mooney)....1
Richard Langdon, W. Murray's blk. g., 7, 109, by Dick Welles-Lass of Langdon, $8.00 and $4.20, (T. Rice)....2
Lady Little, W. T. Anderson's ch. f., 4, 108, by Trap Rock-Gold Lady, $3.60 third, (E. Campbell)....3
Maxim's Choice, King Hambourg, Carlton G., Harry Lauder, and Cuddle Up also ran. Pierrot, Lohengrin, Booth, Doctor Charcot, Ed Weiss, and Rose Water scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50 3-5.
Ed Bond, W. L. Oliver's br. g., 4 years, 111 pounds, by Mint-La Dotta, $22.50, $5.70, and $3.80, (H. Hanmer)....1
Blue Thistle, W. Cahill's b. g., 8, 109, by Blues-Wild Thistle, $3.40 and $2.60, (C. Kummer)....2
Handful, Olympus Stable's ch. g., 4, 104, by Royal Flush III.-Modreda, $4.10 third, (C. Mergler)....3
Jabot, Dartworth, Old Ben, Old Pop, Hasteoa, Charles Francis, Little England, and March Court also ran. Sam Slick, Galaway, and Pharaoh scratched.
Weather cloudy; track fast.

HUDSON PUTS OUT SHARMAN

Medalist Beaten in Autumn Golf Tourney at Pinehurst.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Nov. 21.—The surprise in today's first match play round of the Autumn tournament at Pinehurst was the defeat of R. R. Sharman, the medalist, by C. B. Hudson of New Suffolk, at the nineteenth hole of a well-fought match. Franklin H. Gates, who won the recent Carolina tournament, was 2 down to John R. Goodall of St. Louis at the turn, but finally won by 2 and 1. Clarence Hobart, the well-known tennis player, who took the medal in the Carolina tournament, defeated Gordon F. Wood of Richmond by 3 and 2 today.

Weather conditions were perfect today and all the first sixteen finished within the eighties, a decided improvement on yesterday's qualifying round. Only two of the sixteen broke 90 yesterday.

The second division match between Daniel Good of Buffalo and W. H. Foster of Youngstown, went to extra holes, Good finally winning at the twentieth.

The summary:

First Sixteen.—S. A. Hennessey, Cooperstown, beat R. C. Shannon, 2d, Brockport, 5 and 3; C. L. Decker, Ekwanok, beat Howard Wrenn, Exmoor, 3 and 2; C. M. Howard, Halifax, beat J. D. Armstrong, Shennecossett, 4 and 3; Clarence Hobart, Bellaire, beat Gordon F. Wood, C. C. of Virginia, 3 and 2; Franklin H. Gates, Moore County, beat John R. Goodall, Belle River, 2 and 1; F. J. D. Mackay, C. C. of Virginia, beat W. M. Crooks, Mount Everett, 3 and 2; C. B. Hudson, North Fork, beat R. R. Sharman, Youngstown, 1 up, (19 holes;) H. G. Phillips, Moore County, beat T. F. Kelley, Southern Pines, 1 up.

BOXING BEFORE MAGISTRATE

Decision on Club Membership Plan Is Expected Today.

The report of Inspector T. F. McDonall of the Ninth Inspection District, Brooklyn, on the boxing exhibitions held last Saturday night at the Broadway Sporting Club of Brooklyn, ushering in the club membership plan, is now under the consideration of a Brooklyn Magistrate, and an opinion or decision on the legality of that plan is expected to be handed down today. This was stated yesterday by Inspector McDonald in discussing the developments of the case.

Upon this decision of the Magistrate the future of the boxing sport in this State depends. The officials of the Broadway S. C., indifferent to the action which will be taken by the Magistrate who has Inspector McDonald's report under consideration, have gone ahead and arranged a show to be held next Saturday night, but if the judicial action is adverse to the sport it is not likely this show will be permitted.

STAR WRESTLERS TO MEET.

Leaders in Country to Engage in Tourney Here Beginning Dec. 3.

A catch-as-catch-can wrestling tourney, which will bring together many of the great exponents of the sport, will start Monday, Dec. 3, at the Lexington Theatre, Lexington Avenue and Fifty-first Street. These monster contests will continue for three weeks, and at the end of that time the public will have been able to judge who is the leader among the mat men. The event will be conducted on the progressive system.

In the entry list is the name of Earl Caddock, who created a stir when he easily conquered Joe Stecher, who was considered next to invincible. Caddock is a product of Iowa, and just now is at Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa. Caddock has never appeared in the East. Wladek Zbyszko is also entered. Wladek appeared in the two Greco-Roman tournaments and made an enviable reputation. His long battle to a draw with Alex Alberg was one of the most thrilling matches ever seen in this city. Strangler Lewis will also be in the struggle. Lewis several times challenged Zbyszko, but the latter declined, waiting to make sure that Frank Gotch would never again defend his emblems. Now that Gotch has retired, Zybszko will grapple Lewis.

In addition to these well-known wrestlers there will be Americus of Baltimore, Demetrus Tofalos and William Demetral, both of whom claim the Greek championship; Dr. Benjamin F. Roller; Jess Westergard, the Swede; Yussiff Hussane, and Cyclone Burns. Then there will be found striving for the crown the majority of those who appeared at the recent tournaments. The entry list is open to all anxious to take a test, but will close next Monday, Nov. 27.

YALE HARRIERS WITHDRAW.

No 'Varsity Team Will Compete in Intercollegiate Run.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 21.—It was announced tonight by Coach Queal of the Yale cross-country team that no Yale 'Varsity runners would compete in the intercollegiate cross-country run in New York on Saturday. The freshman team, however, will be allowed to start. It was found that there was a lack of material among the reserve officers' training corps here to form a 'Varsity cross-country squad, and only such runners as have taken up military work are eligible under the rules in force at Yale.

DIVING EXHIBITION ADDED.

Misses Pennypacker and Bartlett to Appear at Winter Pool Saturday.

Followers of swimming will have an opportunity Saturday night to see two of the best girl amateurs of the East in an exhibition of diving at the Winter pool, Brighton Beach. Helen Pennypacker of Philadelphia, who holds the Middle Atlantic championship, will give an exhibition from a medium height board, and Josephine Bartlett, the Metropolitan diving champion, will perform from a high board. Later in the season these two girls will be brought together in a special match contest.

These exhibitions are part of the program which includes a match race at 100 yards between Charlotte Boyle of Sea Gate, and Elizabeth Ryan of the First Regiment swimming team of Philadelphia, and a forty yards race between the two juveniles, Aileen Regan, 10 years old, and Helen Wainwright, 11 years old.

No Post-Season Game for Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 21.—All hopes of a post-season for the midshipmen was abandoned here this afternoon when Georgia Tech finally declined to accept the date offered by the midshipmen. Arrangements were at once made to close the season in an informal way, with a game between the 'Varsity and the scrub teams of the Middy squad.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; five and a half furlongs. Corydon, 114 pounds; Nominee, 107; Sunny Hill, 105; *Vocabulary, 104; *Juanita 3d, 100; Green Brass, 109; Umatilla, 106; *African Arrow, 100; *Starwort, 104; *Ruthie M., 97; Phalerian, 109; June Bug, 105; *Moosehead, 10.; *Amackassin, 101.

SECOND RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a furlong. Malheur, 114 pounds; Amphion, 111; *March Court, 106; †Goodwood, 111; Billy Oliver, 111; *Lady Edwina, 103; †Maxim's Choice, 111; Star Gaze, 111; *Buzz Around, 103.
†Watts entry.

THIRD RACE.—The Flight Handicap; for all ages; six and a half furlongs. Startling, 124 pounds; Water Lady, 110; Meliora, 102; Hauberk, 120; Between Us, 104; Sandalc, 100; Feamouse, 114; Babcock, 102.

FOURTH RACE.—The Capitol Handicap; for all ages; one mile. Gex, 118 pounds; Shooting Star, 107; Barry Shannon, 110; Airman, 107; Woodstone, 108; Right, 108.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and twenty yards. Sky Pilot, 114 pounds; *Christie, 100; *Bond, 109; Master Karma, 101; *Peep Sight, 103; *Kingling I., 101; Lady Bob, 91; *Tie Pin, 105.

SIXTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a furlong. Sam Slick, 114 pounds; Batwa, 111; *Rose Water, 103; Little England, 114; Baby Sister, 108; Stalwart Helen, 103; King Hamburg, 111; Nannie McDee, 108.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Captain Ray, 110 pounds; *Comacho, 102; *Enterpe, 102; Lucky R., 110; *Tie Pin, 108; Early Mora, 110; *Progressive, 105.
*Apprentice allowance claimed.

PRINCETON CHOSEN FOR AQUATIC MEET

The Intercollegiate Swimming Championship Will Be Held There, but Date Is Undecided.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 21.—It has been definitely decided to hold the intercollegiate swimming championships at Princeton this year. No date has yet been set for them. There had been some discussion of holding them at the New York Athletic Club and donating the proceeds to some organization, such as the Red Cross, but the league authorities have decided that it is more desirable that they be held at Princeton.

Bedros Kazanjian, Jr., of New Rochelle has been elected Captain of the Princeton team. He has represented the Tigers in the fancy dive since he entered college. The Captain of the water polo team, as well as the Captains of the freshman swimming and water polo teams, have not yet been chosen.

Princeton's schedule, which has only recently been officially ratified, contains ten dual meets and several intramural meets. Besides the meets which are included in the regular schedule of the league Princeton is to meet the Navy at Annapolis.

The schedule follows:

Dec. 7, 'Varsity vs. Freshmen; Dec. 14, interclass swimming championship; Jan. 4, C. C. N. Y. at Princeton; Jan. 11, Pennsylvania at Philadelphia; Jan. 23, Navy at Annapolis; Jan. 14, 15, 16, all-around swimming championship; Feb. 15, C. C. N. Y. at Princeton; Feb. 22, Columbia at Princeton; Feb. 26, Columbia at New York; March 1, Yale at New Haven; March 8, Pennsylvania at Princeton; March 16, Yale at Princeton.

CLINTON SWIMMERS LEAD.

High School Boys Defeat C. C. N. Y. Freshies by 25 to 19.

The Clinton swimmers defeated the freshmen of City College yesterday in the lower classmen's first meet of the season by the score of 25-19, in the City College pool. Rudolph Sacke of Clinton was the star, capturing two events in good time. Every event except the relay was won by the high school boys.

The summaries:

Fifty-Yard Swim.—Won by Rudolph Sacke, Clinton; Philip Heller, C. C. N. Y., second; Leo Langer, C. C. N. Y., third. Time—0:28.

220-Yard Swim.—Won by Daniel Loewy, *Clinton; Leo Lehrman, C. C. N. Y., second; Harold Hartman, Clinton, third. Time—3:04.

Plunge for Distance.—Won by Samuel Fried, Clinton, 60 feet; Joseph Jacobs, Clinton, second, 47 feet 6 inches; Louis Hochman, C. C. N. Y., third.

100-Yard Swim.—Won by Rudolph Sacke, Clinton; Fred Lubell, C. C. N. Y., second; Daniel Loewy, Clinton, third. Time—1:06.

Relay, 800 Feet.—Won by C. C. N. Y. freshmen, (Fred Lubell, Irwin Rottenberg, Leo Langer, and Leo Lehrman); second, Clinton, (Harold Hartman, Samuel Koenig, Bertram Fitzgibbons, and Peter Pressman.) Time—2:52 2-5.

CORNELL WORKS IN SECRET.

Coach Sharpe Prepares for Penn Game Behind Closed Gates.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 21.—Unusual precautions to guard from public view the new plays that Cornell is to use against Pennsylvania on Thanksgiving Day were taken by the Cornell football coaches today. Not only did they give the team a secret signal drill in the baseball cage, but as soon as the squad came out on Schoelkopf Field the gates were closed and only persons connected with the team were admitted to the practice. Reports were in circulation that most of the plays Cornell has used this year, including a number that have been Dr. Sharpe's pets ever since he came to Cornell, had been discarded, and that a new system in which speed and strategy replace straight football is being taught to the players. A good deal of time was spent again today in working up a defense against the Penn system, and the forward pass is going to figure prominently in the Cornell scheme.

Encouraging developments as to the physical condition of the squad were forthcoming today. Two more men who have been out of the lineup for some time, Ackerknecht, left tackle, and Reuther, centre, were in togs, thereby bringing the football squad up to its maximum strength. Spiegelberg, right end, limped about the field, and Carey was in the game for a short time.

Reports of a shift in the team proved unfounded, the only changes being at right end where Eisenbrandt continues to replace Spiegelberg, and at left tackle, where Harris and Wipperman are being used because of Ackerknecht's condition. Dr. Sharpe is not quite certain as to his backfield selections, but the only possible change there is that Carry may alternate with Cross at left half back.

FORDHAM TEAM KEPT BUSY.

Members of Eleven Work Hard on Gridiron Attack.

The Fordham players went through a long offensive drill yesterday afternoon, although no other contest except Saturday's game with the Pelham Bay naval reserves is scheduled. The team has taken heart as a result of the Cornell game, and there was a gingery aggressiveness in evidence yesterday that augurs well for a successful windup of the season's activities.

There was little scrimmaging done yesterday, but Coach McCaffery had the two teams rehearse the forward pass from a number of formations for nearly an hour. Galligan, Brennan, and Mullan figured in the punting duel. O'Connor, the substitute end, did good work at receiving the passes. Matty Golden is continuing his good work at centre. The Brooklyn boy has played at end, guard, and in the backfield this season, but Coach McCaffery thinks he has finally secured a fixture for him in the pivot position.

If Fordham fails to secure Rutgers for Thanksgiving Day a game will probably be played with the Fort Slocum team.

Maranville in Football Togs.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 21.—Rabbit Maranville, shortstop of the Boston National League Baseball Club, and now a yeoman in the United States Navy, came out for football practice with the Boston Navy Yard's eleven on Soldiers' Field today. He will try quarter back, a position he played before devoting his energies to baseball.

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FORT SLOCUM ELEVEN WINS.

Defeats Fort Jay Team—Pelham Bay Naval Reserves Victors, Too.

The soldier football players of the Pelham Bay Naval Reserve Station and Fort Slocum pulled out victories yesterday in two games held in the New York Athletic Club's Soldiers' Football League.

The Fort Slocum team triumphed over Fort Jay in a nip-and-tuck battle at Governors Island by a score of 7 to 0. This contest was the better of the two, and, with the issue in doubt almost up to the last minute of play, furnished an interesting spectacle. The lads from Fort Jay, many of them just back from France, put forth stiff opposition to the efforts of the stronger Fort Slocum team, but the latter aggregation, led by Pete Maxfield, who gained gridiron fame through his work at Mercersburg Academy and subsequently at Lafayette, managed to ward off threatened danger, and held the lead gained in the second quarter.

Maxfield was the chief figure in the Fort Slocum score, cross-bucking effectively in the second quarter until the opposing eleven was forced back to its own one-yard line, when Smith went over for a touchdown. Maxfield then kicked the goal. In the third quarter Fort Jay threatened to score, but an intercepted forward pass ended their hopes.

The Naval Reserves of Pelham Bay triumphed in convincing fashion over the Fort Totten eleven on the Pelham gridiron by the score of 21 to 6. The most spectacular feature of this game was a run of ninety yards from the kick-off by O'Boyle, the Naval Reserves' right half back. O'Boyle's run came in the third quarter, and gave his team a touchdown. Subsequently, in the fourth quarter, he caught a forward pass and ran forty yards for another touchdown.

The lineups:

Fort Slocum, (7.)	Position.	Fort Jay, (0.)
Smith	L. E.	Vaughn
Lightbody	L. T.	Woodrow
Ritter	L. G.	McGuire
McDonald	C.	Greene
Krahnert	R. G.	Scott
Burrows	R. T.	Asler
Pastoria	R. E.	Joyce
McGuinness	Q. B.	Hampton
Charles	L. H. B.	Sawser
Hackbash	R. H. B.	Miller
Maxfield	F. B.	Quick

Touchdown—Smith. Goal from touchdown—Maxfield. Substitutions—Jones for Smith, Gilhooley for Burrows, Smith for McGuinness, Medzes for Maxfield. Referee—Lieutenant Erdofy, Columbia. Umpire—Herbert Williams, New York A. C. Linesman—Mr. Miller, Fort Slocum. Time of quarters—Ten minutes.

Naval Res., (21.)	Position.	Fort Totten, (6.)
Godie	L. E.	Cunningham
Griffen	L. T.	Royall
Peterson	L. G.	Dean
[illegible]	C.	Caldwell
Jacques	R. G.	Kiehofer
Dickinson	R. T.	MacKenzie
Tabor	R. E.	Lamar
Hull	Q. B.	Draper
Peacock	L. H. B.	Thompson
O'Boyle	R. H. B.	Wilson
Donnelley	F. B.	McCullen

Touchdowns—Miller, O'Boyle, (2.) Goals from touchdown—Peacock, 3. Substitutions—Hogarty for Griffen, Lewis for Tabor, Miller for Hull. Referee—Ed. Thorp, De La Salle. Umpire—Paul Pilgrim, New York A. C. Linesman—Matt Halpin, New York A. C. Time of quarters—Ten minutes.

OFFICERS BOLSTER TEAM.

Permission to Play Saturday Strengthens Devens Eleven.

The removal of the ban which prohibited officers from playing football at Camp Devens makes it possible for the cantonment to be represented by a remarkably strong team in the game with Camp Upton at the Polo Grounds on Saturday, for among the officers stationed at the Ayer Camp are many former college gridiron men. Under the tutelage of Percy D. Haughton they are rapidly getting into the best of shape for the game with the Yaphank team, and are confident of winning.

In the squad now working out under Haughton's direction are Captain C. A. Coolidge, Harvard; Captain David Henry, Brown; Lieutenant Melville Weston, Harvard; Captain Hosea Harris, Harvard; Lieutenant Hugh Harbison, Yale; Captain Thomas Graydon, Captain Richard Wigglesworth, Captain Harry Gardner, and Lieutenant William Robinson, all of Harvard; Lieutenant Cy Tolan, Williams; Lieutenant George Hohan, Dartmouth; Lieutenant Thomas Thacher, and Lieutenant Henry Minot, both of Harvard.

Meanwhile, excellent progress is being made by Frank Glick in the coaching of his team at Upton, and the enthusiasm of the troops at that cantonment over the meeting with the Devens team is at high pitch. Every man in the camp is anxious to be among the thousand who will parade through the New York streets to the Polo Grounds on Saturday, and there give a drill before the big game starts.

N. Y. U. PRACTICE LIFELESS.

'Varsity Lacks Dash as Columbia Contest Approaches.

The New York University football team had a bad day yesterday. The practice was anything but animated, and the scrimmage, as well as the signal drill preceding it, was listless. In the scrimmage the 'Varsity was most at fault, and bad it not been for Egan the freshmen would have recorded a complete triumph over the regulars. As it was, Egan, the only back who was effective against the cub line, ran the ball around the ends for several touchdowns.

On the freshman line Friedman proved himself a tower of strength, while Bartlett, in the back field, was effective in running the ball and also on the defensive. Brin, who has not been at practice all week because of swollen glands, has not improved, and the little centre may be lost to the team for a longer period than was expected.

Yesterday a former Princeton player, Dillon, helped Coach Wall with the linemen. Dillon played regular guard for three years on the Orange and Black and is at present a student in the university's law school. Coach Wall has made several minor changes in some of the plays and began changing the signals, which will receive a complete revision for the Columbia game Saturday.

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Chandler Model '17 Sedan, slip covers, new tires; guaranteed.

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Chandler Model '17, 4-pass. Runabout. Overhauled, painted and guaranteed.

Cadillac 1915, 8-cyl. 7-pass. Touring; slip covers, extra shoe; $675.00.

Hudson 1914, Model 54, 7-pass. Touring; fine condition; will consider offer.

Pullman 1916 Runabout; extra shoe; fine shape; $300.

Renault 1909 Limousine in good shape; five tires; $200.

Chandler Model '17 Limousine, overhauled and guaranteed.

Chandler Model '16 Landaulet, overhauled and guaranteed.

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These extra qualities make unusual shoe value. Most styles $7 to $9.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES

For Men Made by P. SMITH SHOE CO. For Women Made by JOHN EBBERTS SHOE CO.

FINE BLUE CAT IS SHOW'S SENSATION

The Turks Chancellor Gets Chief Honors in Two Classes at the McAlpin.

Cats of distinguished lineage held court yesterday in the Sun Parlor of the Hotel McAlpin, where the sixteenth annual show of the Atlantic Cat Club opened for the benefit of the American Red Star, which provides relief for wounded army horses. There were classes for all varieties, from the plain tabby to the rare Siamese. The species were divided into long-haired and short-haired and, in some instances, the colors of the eyes were used for classification.

Many old favorites of the pussy world were benched in the artistic cages befitting the aristocratic station of the champions, but the sensation of the exhibition was The Turks Chancellor, a beautiful blue, which was shown for the first time as a full-grown cat and after taking novice honors carried off the first prize in the open from two other competitors. The Turks Chancellor is owned by Mr. and Mrs. Edward Clarkson and is the son of the noted champion Turks Cap. He was judged the best blue in the show and is believed to have a great chance to carry off the honor of best in the show when the judging for that special takes place today. He has all the distinguishing marks of a great cat as outlined by experts. Sound in body, Turks Chancellor has a round face, deep orange eyes, very small ears and a remarkable flow of coat.

Another young cat of the blue variety which attracted attention was Mrs. W. Paul Dunn's Sweet Lavender, a yearling that took the novice prize in the female division and then was placed second to the Greenwich Kennels' Greenwich Madame in the open.

Another in the solid color division which was surrounded by many admirers was M. Johnson's ch. white Magic, which was shown for specials only and carried off the prize for the best white cat in the show. Miss Dolly Schwahn's well-named Imp was the best black and is conceded to have a chance against The Turks Chancellor and White Magic when the entries for best in the show are judged.

Mrs. Olive Gilbert's Ganymede, a brilliant Chinchilla, was one of the older cats to retain his honors in competition against younger entries. He is 6 years old, but according to Miss Champion, whose Argent Mercury was placed second, Ganymede never showed better, and his full coat was in the finest condition. The show will close today, when many of the specials will be judged.

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REPRISAL PLANK DROPPED BY WOMEN

Suffrage Leaders Say Revenge on Old Foes Was "Unfortunate Mistake."

RETAIN AMENDMENT TEST

Convention May See Fight Today Over Plan to Find Where Men Stand.

MRS. CATT'S 'CIVIL SERVICE'

She Prophesies Movement to Educate Women Politically Will Spread All Over Country.

The plank demanding political revenge upon Federal and State officeholders who have opposed woman suffrage disappeared from the proposed platform of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party yesterday. The fact that the reprisal program ever saw the light of day was characterized by the leaders as "an unfortunate mistake." At the same time a prospect that there may develop on the floor of the forty-ninth annual convention today a fight on the companion plank which makes support of the Federal suffrage amendment the only prescribed qualification upon which women voters are to judge candidates for the State Legislature and for Congress absorbed much of the interest of the delegates.

Just secondary in importance was the address of Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, who declared that the suffragists' efforts to school women voters for the proper performance of their new duties will develop into a great national program of "civil service suffrage," which is to "make democracy safe for the world" by teaching voters to cast their ballots and to allow only those who qualify to vote.

Another feature that attracted attention was the introduction of a series of constitutional amendments designed to effect the proposed reorganization of the party along Congressional district lines so as to preserve its million or more members in an integral body with the national suffrage amendment as its chief reason for existence.

Primaries for the party offices yesterday showed the delegates determined to keep in office most of the last year's leaders who are credited with a major share in the victory of Nov. 6. Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse is to be the State Chairman for another year, despite her efforts to dodge that onerous office, and most of her associates are to remain with her.

In lighter mood, following their serious deliberations of the day, the women celebrated again last night—this time with a "women citizen dinner at the Hotel Biltmore, at which women only were permitted to sit at the tables. With complete reversal of the long habit of New York dinners, the men were allowed only in the balconies, and then not until informal two-minute speaking had begun in the dining room.

The women were fairly buzzing with excitement over the attention their announced program of revenge had aroused when they began gathering for the open session yesterday afternoon. Chairs had the proceedings opened, and Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Chairman of the Woman Suffrage Party of New York City, which, though affiliated with the State body, is said not always to have had harmonious relations with it, claimed the floor on a question of privilege.

"I would like to know," said Miss Hay, "how the Executive Board in its report could have included in its program of recommendations this: 'At the next primaries and election we should campaign against certain candidates for State and Federal offices who have consistently opposed woman suffrage and whose records show them to have been opposed to the interests of women and children and to humanitarian legislation in general.'"

The speaker declared that at the board meeting she had herself moved to strike out the words, "who have consistently opposed woman suffrage," and asserted that the recommendation had been thus amended. Miss Alice Morgan Wright, Secretary of the board, at once rose and admitted that she had been in error in reading the obliterated words and Mrs. Whitehouse added: "The resolution, as passed, did not contain any such clause, although as presented it did. The error was one of our press department and the party does not wish to go on record before the public as determined to carry on any such campaign."

An amended copy of the recommendation then was furnished the press and the incident so far as the floor of the convention was concerned, was closed. Lobby gossip, however, had it that a bitter fight would have developed over the question if Miss Hay, who was openly belligerent in her demand that correction be made, had been opposed. Miss Hay herself explained afterward that she would have regarded such a plan as "narrow, vindictive, and vengeful." She said she did not know who was responsible for endeavoring to get the convention to indorse it. Several of the leaders explained that "a smiling policy" really is what the women contemplate and that it will be with "an air of sweet reasonableness" that they will endeavor to convert legislators and Congressmen to the national amendment project. Their attitude is that as long as there was a suffrage-anti-suffrage question, men had a right to take either side, but now that this State has taken a definite position the men must fall into line gracefully.

If a fight develops over the companion plank which would use the voting power of women as a club to force legislative and Congressional candidates to indorse the Federal amendment, its aim will be merely to soften and to define more specifically that purpose and not to alter the party's purpose of devoting the organization to the national fight. Miss Hay declared last evening that it was possible there would be a fight today after she had been asked if failure of the plank to define any other qualification for candidates who are to receive the support of women meant that that was the sole test of a man's fitness for office in the judgment of the State party. Asked categorically if one of two candidates for Congress was suspected of being disloyal and had indorsed the Federal amendment and the other was known to be patriotically supporting the Government but opposed the amendment, which she herself would vote for, Miss Hay answered:

"I would cast my vote every time for the Government of the United States if it needed me."

An attempt to get Mrs. Catt to answer a similar question brought from her a declaration that no such situation had arisen, that it was improbable any party would propose a disloyal candidate, and that "that bridge had not been reached yet." However Mrs. Catt left no doubt of her own patriotic disposition to support the Government.

Social Questions in Alms.

Mrs. Catt's program for the future part of women in the nation's development was received with an enthusiasm indicative of the disposition of many of the delegates to devote themselves to social rather than purely political questions. Her prophesy of "civil service suffrage" under which only the fit should vote, met with a warm response. She declared the women at last had "gone over the top," paid tribute to the suffrage leaders of the past, and convulsed her audience when she told how the Colorado suffragists, overjoyed with their pioneer victory, decided to "illuminate" to celebrate. They got candles, stuck them in potatoes, and displayed them in all the windows of headquarters. Then they sang "Praise God, from Whom All Blessings Flow."

Her audience laughed again when she said it had been shown "men are the emotional demonstrative, sentimental sex." She wished the suffragists might have been allowed a few days of quiet peace in which to be reverential and to be joyful when they liked, and she declared—though she didn't stick to it—that she would refrain from advice because men were furnishing plenty of it. She took a humorous fling at Colonel Roosevelt's speech of the night before by asserting women were expected to do everything, from providing more milk by forcing every cow to lay two quarts for each one of its past habit, to providing immediate national prohibition, and continued:

"I suppose each and every one of us have had thoughts as to what we would like to see accomplished when women have the vote. We have always said that women would turn their attention to making conditions better for women and children. That will be looked after, I have felt, as long as I can remember, a certain humiliation because I realized that its standards of degeneracy were so exceedingly crude and low. We enfranchise the new-coming foreigners after a residence of five years. The vote goes to the boys of 21, and nowhere in this land, from the Atlantic to the Pacific has State or nation ever done one thing to qualify either the boy or the naturalized citizen for the vote.

Schools of Citizenship.

"I hope I may live to see in every State established schools of citizenship, through which men and women must pass and obtain a certificate before they get their votes, the kind of education which we apply in everything else. It is a sort of civil service for citizenship, and so I hope and believe that in the effort of the Woman Suffrage Party to start schools all over the State for women I believe you are going to start a movement which will spread all over the country and will finally include men in the training. It is, to my mind, really the greatest thing that we can possibly do in this State of New York, and I hope that most of you will be able to give to that movement the same consecration and devotion that we have given to our cause now that is nearly won."

The "fight" over party offices, which occupied some time, proved to be so entirely a contest to get women to take office that Mrs. Whitehouse from the platform exclaimed: "Yet they say women want political office!" Wherever the delegates by their primary votes put two women on the ticket for one office, those two outdid each other in insisting upon withdrawing, and in the end a slightly augmented up-State representation was the principal altoration. The ticket will be voted upon today. The most important individual change is the replacement of Mrs. Raymond Brown of the metropolitan district by Mrs. William Belknap of Westchester as Second Vice Chairman. Mrs. Brown tried hard to escape a position on the executive board as well, but her great popularity with the mass of the delegates forced her to allow her name to be used. The only real contest will be between Mrs. Henry White Cannon and Mrs. Frank J. Tone of Niagara Falls for Third Vice President, the efforts of those two women to withdraw in each other's favor having proved futile. This is the full slate:

Chairman—Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse.
First Vice Chairman—Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw.
Second Vice Chairman—Mrs. William Belknap, Westchester.
Third Vice Chairman—Mrs. Frank J. Tone, Niagara Falls; Mrs. Henry White Cannon.
Recording Secretary—Miss Alice Morgan Wright.
Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Charles Noel Edge.
Treasurer—Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid.
Directors—Mrs. Raymond Brown, Long Island; Miss Mary Dreier, New York; Miss Lillian Hufford, Binghamton, and Mrs. Arthur Livermore, Yonkers.

Mrs. Nordstrom of Warren County proposed the amendments, which are to bring about the district reorganizations. None of the amendments have been voted upon as yet, but all are expected to pass. Her proposal was to amend Article IV., Section 2, and Paragraph A of Section 3 to read:

The Executive Committee shall consist of the officers elected at the annual convention, the Chairmen of Congressional districts outside of Greater New York, the Chairman of the City of New York, the Chairman of the Borough of New York City, and the Chairmen of working committees. The Executive Committee shall constitute the working board in the interim of State meetings.

(a) The Chairmen of Congressional districts shall be appointed by the officers of the organization, subject to the approval of their respective Assembly district leaders.

(b) Sections of committees may be created and their Chairmen appointed by the elected officers.

Section 3. (a) The State Committee which shall meet annually in conjunction with the State Convention or in the interim at the call of the elected officers, shall consist of the Executive Committee, the elected leaders of the Assembly district organizations, the officers of the boroughs of New York City, and the officers of the New York City Committee.

Mrs. Thew Wright of Buffalo proposed amending Article 2 to read: "The objects of this organization shall be to secure equal franchise rights to the women of the United States; to collect and disseminate information upon political and social problems, and to undertake such activities as will further humanitarian legislation, benefit moral conditions, and especially protect the interests of women and children."

Mrs. Dexter P. Rumsey proposed the amendment of Article 3, Section 1, to read: "Every citizen of New York State over 21 years of age may enroll in the Assembly district in which he or she lives and shall be recognized as a member thereof.

Another amendment, introduced by Miss Harriet May Mills, provides for a change in the name of the organization from the New York State Woman Suffrage Party to the New York State League of Women Citizens.

Mrs. Whitehouse replied from the platform yesterday to criticisms directed at the convention for hearing only "Republican speakers"—Colonel Roosevelt and Governor Whitman—at its mass meeting in the Metropolitan Opera House Tuesday night.

"The speakers addressed us as nonpartisans," she declared. "Governor Whitman himself told us he was the only man in the State who officially could welcome us as a great body of new voting citizens. And Colonel Roosevelt spoke neither as a Republican nor as a Progressive—he spoke merely as a patriotic citizen who has supported our cause." She explained further that every effort had been made to get Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, "not exactly a Republican," to speak, and a telegram of regret and congratulation from him was read. The Press Bureau also gave out yesterday a list of other telegrams and letters of congratulation from men, women, and organizations of all kinds all over the country. The list covered several typewritten pages. This statement was issued at convention headquarters in the afternoon:

"The report which has appeared in some of the papers that the fund of $401,000 raised by Mrs. Ogden M. Reid for the suffrage campaign was spent in New York State outside of New York City is incorrect. This fund was spent impartially in both city and State. The largest items were for circularization, for distribution of free literature, for mass meetings, for billboard, street car, and newspaper advertising, of which the city had as large a share as the rural or up-State districts. The Central Committee also financed the entire parade except the City Committee's organization division, and maintained a parade headquarters. It put money into the city for the great net banners seen throughout the metropolitan districts."

REFUSED WOMEN'S REQUEST

The National Woman Suffrage Party in an announcement last night declared that Congressman Fitzgerald refused to promise a delegation of women that he would support the Federal suffrage amendment. The announcement read:

"'You do not understand, and I am not going to start a kindergarten about our theory of government,' was Congressman Fitzgerald's response to questions put to him. 'I do not question the power of the people of the United States to adopt such an amendment, but I do question its propriety. I have no influence with the President and never have had. I have voted against the submission of this amendment to the States because I believe it is hostile to our whole theory of government. It should be decided by each State for itself. I have advocated the State method, and was elected on that platform.'

"Mrs. Robert Adamson pointed out to Mr. Fitzgerald that with 132 other members of Congress he had signed a cable message to Lloyd George urging freedom and self-government for Ireland as a necessary war measure, 'and yet you have refused to use your power and influence to obtain freedom and self-government for the women of your own country.' Mr. Fitzgerald received the statement in silence and maintained his composure when Mrs. Henry O. Havemeyer pleaded with him to carry to Washington 'that price-less jewel, consistency.' The National Woman's Party has invited women voters to join them in a deputation to Congressman Isaac Siegel at his law office, 395 Broadway, today at 4:30."

SUFFRAGISTS DINE, PUT MEN IN GALLERY

Reverse Usual Conditions at Joyful Celebration of Victory at the Polls.

MRS. WHITEHOUSE CROWNED

Gathering Pays Standing Tribute to Susan B. Anthony—Women Have Hooverized Menu.

A young woman carrying on a satin cushion a crown whose laurel leaves were fashioned of gold walked slowly down the aisle between the tables in the ballroom of the Hotel Biltmore last night. Another woman, her cheeks flushed and her eyes sparkling with happiness till she covered them with her hand, bent her head at the speakers' table. The crown found a resting place and gleamed in her dark hair. And from women's throats came a chorus of cheers for "Mrs. Whitehouse! Mrs. Whitehouse! Mrs. Whitehouse!"

Thus ended a very "different sort of dinner"—the Woman Citizens' dinner of the forty-ninth annual convention of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party, at which the solemnity of the more formal celebration in the opera house and the seriousness of daytime deliberations were forgotten in a great wave of jollification.

It was Mrs. Whitehouse's night. The dinner was to have been a farewell to her, but in the afternoon the convention had said no to her desire to retire from the State Chairmanship. So the crown was not only a thank offering, but a token of another year's reign as well.

The celebration dinner lasted from 7:30 o'clock until nearly midnight. There was no wine drunk, and not a single wreath of smoke arose from the tables. There were men there—some seventy-five of them—but they were relegated to the gallery, and they were not admitted there until the speaking began. There were many two-minute speeches, but the formal oratory of other occasions was absent. Instead there was a bubbling spirit of rejoicing that made even the occasional fling at the lonesome men looking down at the scene lose its sting.

The men didn't seem to mind. Occasionally one slipped outside to steal a puff or two, but he always came back, perhaps to be laughed at when some witty speaker flung a gibe at man in general and then to join, as good-naturedly as he might, in the laugh.

History will never tell who those men were. There were elaborately compiled lists of the women diners and of the women guests who disputed even the balconies with the men, but in all the lists given to the reporters there was no mention of a man.

With the women the men arose to their feet at the only solemn moment of the night, when the whole gathering paid tribute to the memory of Susan B. Anthony, and with the women they cheered when Mrs. Whitehouse was crowned and applauded with the delegates when a lesser crown of real laurel leaves was placed on the brow of each district Chairman who had carried her district.

Dinner Was "Hooverized."

The dinner itself was "Hooverized," costing $3 a plate and bearing all the marks of war-time simplicity, except that some one forgot it was wheatless Wednesday, and served bread and cakes.

It was 9:30 o'clock when the galleries were thrown open and the speaking began. Mrs. Whitehouse in her opening address said the dinner was held under false pretenses since she wasn't retiring after all, and that it was shattering a precedent right at the start, because the guest of honor was presiding at her own feast. That she explained was so she could stop persons from saying things about her she didn't like.

"There are no regular speakers," she said, "and that breaks a precedent, but there has never been a dinner of women citizens of the State of New York before, so precedents are broken anyway.

"Mrs. Raymond Brown," she went on, "says we've broken another precedent because many of us have left our husbands at home to take care of the children and we don't have to conceal that fact any more."

Rose Young, the first of the two-minute speakers said that as it was a "different dinner" she would pay no attention to the Chairman's orders. So she proceeded to pay the first of a long series of graceful compliments to Mrs. Whitehouse.

"It's not really so hard to make a woman citizen as you think," she added, "but I don't pretend the woman citizen will be a model—you see she hasn't any model to pattern after."

Marie Jennie Howe, the next speaker, pointed to the handsomely gowned women at the Executive Board table, described them as the "hardest working working girls in the world," and said that now that they had won suffrage for the women of New York they had undertaken a lifelong job of making the women fit to use the ballot.

Stand on Chairs to Speak.

It was then that things began to get livelier, and the Chairman laughingly suggested that the speakers climb on their chairs. Many of them did, making a queer picture in their evening gowns as they balanced on the little gilded platforms.

Mrs. James W. Wadsworth, Jr., Miss Alice Hill Chittenden, and E. P. Wheeler, all leading antis, came in for a good-natured fling or two from Mrs. Frederick Nathan, who said whenever a man asked her, "What are you going to do with the ballot?" she replied:

"What have you done with your vote? Have you stopped the I. W. W. outrages, or the trust scandals, or any of those things?" She declared that the question was a poser. Then she paid her respects to President Wilson for his aid, though asserting "our own Whitehouse did more than the White House in Washington."

Mrs. Nathan said she felt certain the women would prove so loyal and patriotic they would "satisfy even the editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES."

Miss Mary Garrett Hay, another of the speakers, said she "agreed with the Chairman on one thing," a remark that brought much laughter because City Party and State Party, although allied, have not always been perfectly friendly.

"Yes," she went on as the laughter died away for a moment, "there were some things we didn't agree on, but I do agree with her on this—I kept on saying we would win, and so did she. But I can't agree with her when she says we all left our husbands at home to mind our children. I only wish I had—I only wish I could say that. And then she said now that we had the vote we all could say what we pleased about the men in future. I can't. I think too much of them. I have always liked the men very much; yes, I have always liked them very much—collectively."

One of the few serious speeches of the evening was that of Miss Lillian Wald of the Henry Street Settlement, who said the women whom she knew the best, the women of the east side tenements, would never be boss-ridden, and that they were showing themselves eager to learn how to vote.

There were a score or more of speakers—all women, and most of them well-known workers in the suffrage cause. Those at the Executive Board table were Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, Mrs. Henry White Cannon, Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid, Miss Alice Morgan Wright, Mrs. Charles Noel Edge, Mrs. A. L. Livermore, Miss Harriet May Mills, Mrs. Dexter P. Rumsey, Miss Adella Potter, Mrs. Charles Knoblauch, Mrs. Howard Mansfield, Mrs. Willis C. Mitchell, Mrs. Alice Duer Miller, Miss Mary E. Dreier, Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Mrs. William H. Hayes, Mrs. John Blair, Mrs. Henry Rull, Mrs. Victor Morawetz, Miss K. D. Blake, and Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip.

King of Belgians Thanks Americans

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Herbert C. Hoover received an autographed photograph from King Albert of Belgium today, accompanied by a message requesting him to extend to the people of the United States the gratitude of his country for the work that had been done in aid of Belgium.

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Y. M. C. A. FUND NOW TOTALS $50,153,054

George W. Perkins Estimates 2,000,000 Persons Made Success Possible.

THE EAST LEADS IN GIFTS

Headquarters Here Reports $20,104,024, Against $18,380,733 for Central Department.

Late returns received yesterday at the national headquarters of the Young Men's Christian Association War Fund, at 124 East Twenty-eighth Street, put the final total of contributions at $50,153,054. This increase caused a revision of the authorized figures of the previous day and showed that the drive had overleaped its original mark of $35,000,000 by $15,153,054. The Eastern Department, with headquarters at New York, led the country with a total of $20,104,024, and the Central Department came next with $18,380,733.

At the formal closing of campaign headquarters yesterday George W. Perkins, Chairman of the Finance Committee, expressed the gratitude of the committee to all those who had assisted in achieving the "splendid result." He estimated that at least 2,000,000 individuals made contributions to the fund in the course of the drive, and stated that a surprising amount of assistance had come from the soldiers in the various camps, who made contributions of their own accord in an effort to do what they could toward the success of the fund.

"The men themselves, from their camps," said Mr. Perkins, "have been a very potential factor in the raising of this money. It is almost impossible for the average person to realize what $50,000,000 means. It is a large sum, but more can be used in the necessities of this work.

"What the people have done to back up this work can be appreciated, perhaps, a little more when it is compared with what has been done for the Young Men's Christian Association in this country heretofore. There have been many Young Men's Christian Association campaigns for money to erect buildings; but in this campaign in many of the cities and States there has been raised in seven days a sum of money far larger than all the money invested up to date in the same cities in Young Men's Christian Association and Young Women's Christian Association buildings."

As an indication of the feeling for the Y. M. C. A. among soldiers of all creeds, Mr. Perkins cited the following letter received from a Jewish soldier in one of the camps:

Inclosed please find check for $10 toward the fund. I pray that the Y. M. C. A. fund will be a success, as God only knows what wonderful work you people are doing for the soldiers who have sacrificed their all to do their bit for their country. If I wasn't serving my country I would tour from New York to San Francisco to help you all in your undertakings. Will close, wishing that the fund will be oversubscribed and that with the help of God the Y. M. C. A. will go down in history as the most comfortable place for the soldiers to cheer themselves up. Yours truly,

MYERS A. LEVINDORN.

The revised totals for the country announced yesterday were as follows:

Eastern Department	$20,104,024
Central Department	18,380,733
Northwestern Department	6,706,922
Western Department	2,115,060
Southwestern Department	1,592,060
Southeastern Department	1,602,372
Grand total	$50,153,054

Dr. John R. Mott, General Secretary of the National War Work Council, sent the following telegram to General Pershing, who had expressed a hearty interest in the campaign:

In a most remarkably popular campaign closed today, the American people subscribed more than $50,000,000 for the work of the Young Men's Christian Association for American Army and Navy and Allies. Let me renew my expression of deepest gratitude to you for your own messages, which exerted wide and profound influence. We are now in a position to afford you the full cooperation desired, and assure you that it will be forthcoming.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Nov. 21.—In speaking of the work of the Y. M. C. A. in raising the fund which was completed yesterday, Colonel Roosevelt said today:

"The feat accomplished by the Y. M. C. A. is really extraordinary. Aside from its significance as backing the Y. M. C. A. it has at this time an even greater significance as showing how completely our people are back of the war, and therefore back of the soldiers who are to fight the war through. This is the people's war, and it is the people who have backed up the Y. M. C. A. in this movement."

BUSES QUIT IN BERLIN.

Only Five of the 34 Lines Operating and These Soon to Stop.

Berlin's bus lines are gradually passing into oblivion. German newspapers received in London report that during October three more of the horse bus services were discontinued, leaving only five lines in operation, and say that the omnibus company held out little hope that these would be continued in service during the Winter because of the shortage of fodder and labor.

When the war began there were twenty-two horse omnibus and twelve motor omnibus lines in service in Berlin. The motor buses suspended operations many months ago.

ADOPTS BLAKE'S HOSPITAL.

American Red Cross Will Finance His Institution in Paris.

The American Red Cross announced yesterday that its financial support would hereafter be accorded to the hospital which has been operated in Paris since last May under the direction of Dr. Joseph A. Blake. This result has been achieved after an agreement entered into by Dr. Blake, the War Council of the Red Cross, the Committee of the Hospital, the Service de Santé, and the United States Army.

Under the new arrangement the hospital is to be used primarily for American soldiers and Red Cross personnel, though 100 of the 400 beds are to be retained for the use of French soldiers, as long as they are not needed by Americans. The institution, heretofore known as "the American Red Cross Hospital of France," will be called from now on American Red Cross Military Hospital No. —.

Dr. Blake was staying in Paris when the war broke out, and at once volunteered for service on the staff of the American Ambulance Hospital at Neuilly, which was an outgrowth of the old American Hospital in Paris. He resigned in September, 1915, after some trouble with Dr. Charles Winchester Duboucher, formerly of Philadelphia, but a resident of Paris for many years, who was head of the staff. Dr. Blake also criticised the social atmosphere imparted to the hospital, as he alleged, by certain wealthy amateurs who were anxious to do something.

Several of the younger surgeons intended to leave with him, but were dissuaded. He went at once to take charge of the British Hospital, organized chiefly by Lady Alan Johnstone, at Ris Orangis, with which he remained until the organization of the new institution last Spring. About two weeks after Dr. Blake's hospital was opened President Poincaré visited it and pinned the Cross of the Legion of Honor on the surgeon.

REAL ESTATE. REAL ESTATE. REAL ESTATE. REAL ESTATE.

I, Wilhelm II.,
German Emperor, King of Prussia,

Realizing.

That man is entitled to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness

That a Government should be with the consent of the governed

A Government should be of the people, by the people, for the people

I, Wilhelm II

Realize the fact that if the War continues
The flower of the youth not alone of Germany
But of the entire World will be destroyed
I do not desire to stand in the way of the peace of the World,
Nor to be responsible for any further destruction of human life
Nor of liberty nor civilization.

I, therefore, on behalf of myself, my successor and my family, hereby abdicate as German Emperor, King of Prussia.

Should the German Emperor make this announcement

Peace would follow in a day.

Then would follow good times.
A resumption of business,
the growth of the City,
and real estate would rise in value

which it is sure to do anyhow along the line of Broadway.

Examine the 234 Lots to be sold at auction

by a decree of the Supreme Court (Moller v. Codwin et al.)

belonging to the Estate of Jos. Godwin

on Broadway, 230th St., 231st St. & Kingsbridge Ave.

For whatever they will bring without reservation or protection,

Tuesday, November 27th, 1917, at 12 o'clock

At 14 Vesey Street

70% can Remain on Mortgage.

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Agents and Auctioneers, Appointed by the Referee.

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issued by public utility companies with established records of earnings and service.

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Incorporated
Securities for Investment
14 Wall Street, New York

Tax Examples

Showing how law is applied

Our Federal Tax Department, under the supervision of experts, has prepared a pamphlet of examples showing how the provisions of the Income Tax Law are specifically applied.

These examples will furnish *individuals, partnerships* and *corporations* with a practical working knowledge of the application of the Law.

A copy of this pamphlet, AG-148 will be furnished upon request.

The National City Company
National City Bank Building
New York

Free from Federal Income Taxes and Surtaxes

Columbia, S. C.
(State Capital)

5% Bonds

Due 1941
$1,000 denomination
Coupon Bonds

Price on Application

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston San Francisco Chicago

Canadian
Government & Municipal Bonds

Yield 5⅜% to 6½%

Principal and interest payable in New York

Send for Circular A-63

Wood, Gundy & Co.
14 Wall St., New York
Toronto Montreal London

Free from Federal Income Tax

$50,000
Cambridge, Mass.,
Regd. 3½s
Due Jan., 1944,
to yield 4½%

$25,000
Kansas City, Mo.,
Coupon 4½s
Due July, 1933,
to yield 4½%

$35,000
San Francisco, Cal.,
Coupon 5s
Due 1921-1924
to yield 5%

Blodget & Co.
34 PINE ST., New York. 60 STATE ST., Boston.

Wm. A. Read & Co.
New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston London

FINANCIAL MARKETS

British Drive in France Turns Stocks from Weakness to Strength.

The smashing stroke by the British troops on the Arras front found immediate reflection yesterday in the security markets, and lent further emphasis to the influence which developments in the war have had on quotations of late. Looking upon the news from France as the most important allied military effort in a long time, investors celebrated the success attained by buying Anglo-French 5s, French Republic 5½s, and the various United Kingdom issues in a fashion to impart considerable strength to the group. The two first named rose more than a point each. At the same time, a downward movement in the stock market was halted and turned into a renewal of the upward tendency of Monday and Tuesday.

The Street was made decidedly cheerful by the overturn of a strong part of the Hindenburg line, supplementing as the news did the British Premier's announcement earlier in the week that the German submarines were being overcome. A collateral factor in supporting optimism was the stiffening of the Italian defense, giving rise to hopes that the German advance would be halted sooner than the public had steeled itself to expect. With the belief rather general that the war will be won on the western front, the English "push" was naturally looked upon as an important step toward the defeat of Germany, and, presumably, the new United States Government bonds, as well as the foreign issues, profited by this feeling. The Liberty 4s gained the better part of a half point from the lowest to the day's highest, closing at 98, with a net rise of about a quarter point. The 3½s were steady, although, like the 4s, a reaction from the maximum price of the session was recorded in the final price of 99.

The stock market gave a rather unusual answer to the good news from France, in that it took some time for prices to move forward. Possibly the reaction which occurred in Pennsylvania Railroad shares to a new low price of 46 early in the day, together with the sagging tendency in evidence nearly everywhere else, caused speculators to move with caution. Whatever the reason, quotations remained almost unchanged for a half hour after the first dispatches reached the Street, and it was not until a full hour had passed that buying became emphatic.

Pennsylvania was able to regain a point of its 1¼ point recession, while short covering imparted strength to Delaware & Hudson and some of the other rails which were the centres of bearish attention prior to the current week. The railroad issues did not, however, give as generous a response to the news as the industrials, certain members of the latter group moving forward from 2 to nearly 4 points. Steel stood out as a marked exception to its contemporaries in late dealings, an increase of offerings edging the price downward in closing operations. A comprehensive view of the day's dealings in the market may be obtained more fully by recourse to the range covered rather than by the tale of net gains. From low to high, stocks displayed much strength, made all the more impressive because free of spectacular movements.

Outside of the war news, the financial and stock markets had little to affect them one way or the other. From steel trade centres came reports of fuel shortage, which has already seriously affected the activity of blast furnace and mill, and promises more trouble unless relieved. Call money loaned as high as 5½ per cent., representing a stiffening of rates over other days of the week, but most of the loans were put through at 5 per cent. The foreign exchange markets supplied no feature outside of the continued decline in Italian rates.

STEADY TONE IN LONDON.

No Special Features and Price Movements Confined to Narrow Limits.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The stock market maintained a steady tone today, but apart from a rally in Argentine rails on better labor news, and a hardening in shipping munition, iron and steel shares under a good demand, there were no special features to the dealings, and price movements were confined to narrow limits.

Money was in increased demand and discount rates were steady. Italian and Scandinavian exchanges were again higher.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 30 francs 75 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 27 francs 22 centimes. Five per cent. loan 87 francs 75 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	5	Last	5
Low	4½	Renewals	5

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Thirty days	5	Thirty days	5½
Sixty days	5½	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5½@5¾	Ninety days	5¾
Four months	5½@5¾	Four months	5¾
Five months	5½@5¾	Five months	5¾
Six months	5½@5¾	Six months	5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ....3¼@3½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ....3¾@3⅞
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ....4½@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.
30 to 90 days 5
4 to 6 months ....5½@5¾
Other Names.
4 to 6 months 5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—Demand	$4.75 7/16	$4.75 7/16	$4.75 7/16	..
Cables	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	..
Francs—Demand	5.74	5.74	5.74	+.00½
Cables	5.72	5.72	5.72	+.01
Rubles—Demand	12.35	12.35	12.35	..
Cables	12.60	12.60	12.60	..

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		—Yesterday's Close.— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.73½	$4.76 7/16
5.1826	Paris	5.74	5.72
	China— Hongkong	70.00	70.25
	Peking	105.00	105.25
	Shanghai	98.00	98.25
19.295	Greece	19.10	19.15
40.19	Holland	44.00	44.50
32.44	India— Bombay	34.50	34.75
	Calcutta	34.50	34.75
5.1826	Italy	8.91½	8.90½
49.84	Japan— Kobe	51.50	51.75
	Yokohama	51.50	51.75
50.00	Philippine Islands— Manila	50.12½	50.25
51.50	Russia	12.35	12.90
26.79	Scandinavia— Stockholm	41.00	41.25
	Copenhagen	34.25	34.75
	Christiania	34.25	34.75
19.295	Spain	23.70	23.75
	South America—		
32.43	Rio	25.31	25.41
42.44	Buenos Aires	45.61	45.71
5.1826	Switzerland	3.9½	4.37

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¼	$4.69¼	$4.70½	$4.68¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $672,130,563; balance, $143,091,143; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,841,623; Federal Reserve credit balance, $134,595,633.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, [illegible] premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 43¼d., unchanged; in New York, 85⅝c., unchanged; Mexican dollars, [illegible].

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 21, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Days sales	797,903	1,700,005	480,602
Year to date	168,687,563	196,049,730	157,933,865

Closing Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
8	10	100	Advance Rumely	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	+⅜
2¾	2⅞	1,500	Alaska Gold Mines	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	−¼
2½	3	600	Alaska Juneau	2⅝	3	2½	3	+⅜
18¼	18½	2,400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	18	19	18	18½	+½
70	73	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg pf	72	72	72	72	+2
74	80	100	Amer. Agri. Chem	77	77	77	77	..
74	75	1,700	Am. Beet Sugar	73¾	75½	73⅝	74½	+1½
34⅞	35	11,400	American Can	34⅝	36⅛	34½	35⅛	..
64½	64¾	2,000	Amer. Car & Fdry	64⅛	65⅝	64	64½	+⅛
23	27	300	Amer. Cotton Oil	25	25⅞	25	25⅞	+⅜
80	86	80	American Express	80	80	80	80	..
13¼	13⅝	900	Amer. Hide & L.	13¼	13½	13¼	13¼	+¼
56	57	3,800	Amer. Hide & L. pf	55¼	57½	55¼	57	+2
55½	56¼	2,500	Amer. International	56	56½	55	56⅛	+1
25	25¾	2,100	Amer. Linseed	25⅞	25⅞	25	25	−½
71¼	72½	1,300	Amer. Linseed pf	71½	72½	71⅛	71½	+2½
54¾	55¼	5,100	Amer. Locomotive	54⅛	55⅝	54	55	+¼
12	13	400	Amer. Malting	11⅞	12	11⅞	12	+1½
54	56½	300	Amer. Malt. 1st pf	54	56	54	56	+3¾
76	76¼	8,200	Amer. Smelt. & Ref	75⅝	77⅝	75	76¼	+⅜
102	104¼	100	Amer. S. & R. pf	101½	101½	101½	101½	..
91	94	100	Am. Sm. Sec. pf A	93	93	93	93	+⅞
54⅜	55½	1,700	Amer. Steel Fdries	54⅞	55	54	55	+1⅛
97	98½	1,300	Amer. Sugar Refin	96	99	96	99	+3¼
54½	55	2,000	Amer. Sumatra Tob	53⅝	55	53½	55	+1½
108⅞	108¾	1,000	Amer. Tel. & Tel	108⅞	109	108⅞	109	+⅛
94	98	100	Amer. Tob. pf new	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	+2⅝
42½	43½	500	Amer. Woolen	42½	43	42½	43	+1½
22	25	200	Amer. Writ. P. pf	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	+⅛
13	15¼	500	Amer. Zinc L. & S	13	15¼	14½	14½	+1½
45	47	100	Am. Zinc L. & S pf	42½	42½	42½	42½	+½
58⅝	58¼	16,000	Anaconda Copper	57⅞	59⅝	57½	58½	+⅝
1	1⅜	300	Assets Realization	1	1	1	1	..
55½	55⅞	100	Associated Oil	55⅞	55⅞	55⅞	55⅞	+1¼
86½	87	1,300	A., T. & Santa Fe	85⅞	86½	85½	86½	..
83¼	85	100	A., T. & S. F. pf	84	84	84	84	..
8⅞	10	100	Atlanta Birm. & At	9	9	9	9	..
96	97⅛	300	Atlantic Coast Line	96	97	96	97	+1
100¼	100⅝	4,100	At. Gulf & W. Ind	98¼	101	98	100¼	+1½
60	61	100	At. G. & W. I. pf	60½	60½	60½	60½	+⅜
57⅞	58	10,000	Baldwin Locomotive	58	58⅝	57	57½	−1⅛
52½	52⅞	1,700	Baltimore & Ohio	52½	53	52¼	52⅞	+⅞
60	60½	200	Balt. & Ohio pf	60	60	60	60	..
90	90½	300	Barrett Co	90½	91	90	90	+½
..	100½	280	Barrett Co. pf	100½	100½	100½	100½	+1
..	..	1,600	Bethlehem Steel	82	83¾	82	83⅝	+⅝
82¼	82⅞	58,500	Beth. Stl. cl. B t. c	82	83⅞	81⅝	82½	−⅛
97¼	97¾	4,378	Beth. Stl. s. r. f. p	98	98	97½	97½	−½
45	45½	1,800	Bklyn Rap. Tran	44⅝	45	44⅝	45	+1
110½	112½	3,500	Burns Brothers	111½	112¼	108	110¾	−1¼
17	18	2,000	Butte & Superior	16½	18⅜	16½	18	+1⅜
10	10½	100	Butterick Co	10	10	10	10	..
12½	13	700	Cal. Petroleum	12⅝	13¼	12⅝	12⅞	+⅜
36¼	36½	100	Cal. Petroleum pf	37	37	37	37	+2
135⅛	135⅝	12,300	Canadian Pacific	133¼	136¼	132⅝	135⅝	+2¼
..	80	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	78	78	78	78	−2
24	24¾	300	Central Foundry	25	25	24¾	24¾	−¼
67¼	67¾	23,400	Central Leather Co	64	67½	63¾	67½	+3⅜
31¾	32	300	Cerro de Pasco	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31¾	−¼
62½	63½	100	Chandler Motor	63¼	63¼	63¼	63¼	+¼
48	48½	1,400	Ches. & Ohio	48	48½	48	48½	+¼
7½	10	200	Chicago & Alton	8	8	8	8	..
39	39½	1,900	Chi., Mil. & St. P	39	40	39	39¼	+¼
75½	76¾	300	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	75½	76	75¼	76	+1
96	97	100	Chi. & Northwest'n	96	96	96	96	+½
19	19⅜	4,900	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c	19⅛	19½	18⅞	19¼	−⅛
51¼	52	1,600	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7% pf t. c	51⅞	51⅞	51½	51⅞	+⅛
42	42½	700	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6% pf t. c	42⅜	42½	42	42	..
14½	14⅝	1,800	Chile Copper	14¼	14⅝	14⅜	14⅝	+⅛
41¼	41½	2,500	Chino Copper	41⅞	41⅞	41	41½	..
34⅞	34⅞	2,200	Col. Fuel Iron	34½	35	33½	35	+⅝
45	48	100	Col. South. 1st pf	46	46	46	46	+1
30½	31	1,800	Columbia G. & E	30¼	31¼	30½	31	+¾
87	88	1,600	Consolidated Gas	84	87¾	84	87⅝	+3⅝
87	95	100	Continental Can	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	+8⅞
29⅞	29⅞	19,600	Corn. Prod. Refin	29	30	28⅝	29½	+1
90½	91	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	91	91	91	91	+1
57	57¼	8,300	Crucible Steel	55⅞	58½	55⅞	57¼	+1
28⅝	29	6,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	28	29⅜	27⅞	28⅝	+1
78⅝	79	100	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	79	79	79	79	+1½
92⅞	93¼	13,300	Delaware & Hudson	90	94¼	88⅝	93	+3⅛
183	185	200	Del., Lack. & W	183	183	183	183	+3
12	13½	100	Denver & Rio G. pf	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+⅛
36	36¼	17,400	Distil. Securities	35⅜	37⅜	35	36	+1
6⅜	6¾	600	Dome Mines	6½	6¾	6½	6⅝	−⅛
15¼	15⅜	5,300	Erie	15	15½	15	15⅜	+⅛
24¼	24	2,600	Erie 1st pf	23¼	24¼	23	24¼	+1
18¼	18⅞	200	Erie 2d pf	18	18⅝	18	18⅝	+⅝
35	40	200	Fed. Min. & Sm. pf	34⅝	35	34⅝	35	+1
35½	35¾	200	Gaston Wms. & W	35	35	35	35	+2
131½	132	3,400	General Electric	129⅞	134¼	129⅞	131	+1¼
89½	90	7,200	General Motors	87½	90	87½	90	+⅜
75	75⅝	100	Gen. Motors pf	75⅝	75⅝	75⅝	75⅝	+⅜
35⅞	36	100	Goodrich, (B. F.)	36	36	36	36	+⅜
66	67	100	Granby Consol	65⅜	65⅜	65⅜	65⅜	+⅛
92	92½	300	Gt. Northern pf	92	92½	92	92½	+¾
26⅜	26⅜	2,700	Gt. Nor. Cfs. for O. P	25⅝	26⅞	25½	26⅜	+1⅛
36	37	500	Greene-Cananea	35	36½	35	36	+1⅛
85	86¼	100	Gulf States Steel	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼	+1
29	30	200	Haskell & Barker	30	30	30	30	..
44½	44½	3,900	Inspiration Copper	43⅞	44⅞	43½	44½	+⅝
7⅜	7¾	3,100	Interboro Cons	7	7⅜	7	7½	+⅛
45½	46	1,200	Interboro Con. pf	45¼	46	45¼	46	+⅜
10	13	600	Inter. Agricultural	10	10	10	10	..
32	38	100	Inter. Agricul. pf	33	33	33	33	+3
106	108	400	Inter. Harv., N. J	105½	107½	105½	107½	+2⅝
25⅝	26¼	10,800	Inter. Mer. Marine	25⅝	26⅝	25⅝	25⅞	+⅜
98⅜	98½	57,000	Inter. Mer. Ma. pf	97	99⅝	97	98⅛	+⅝
27	27⅝	2,500	Internat. Nickel	26⅞	27½	26⅞	27⅜	+⅜
23	24	1,300	International Paper	21⅞	24	21½	23⅞	+1⅞
55⅝	58	400	Inter. Paper pf	55	56¼	55	55⅞	+2⅞
60	61	100	International Salt	60	60	60	60	+1½
90	95	100	Jewel Tea pf	90	90	90	90	−4
16⅞	17⅛	1,000	Kan. City South	16⅝	17⅛	16½	16⅞	+⅛
41½	42	100	Kelly Springf. Tire	41½	41½	41½	41½	+1
33⅝	33⅝	10,000	Kennecott Copper	33⅝	34⅛	32¼	33⅛	+⅛
95	100	16	Kings Co. E. L. P.	95	95	95	95	..
78⅞	79⅛	10,700	Lackawanna Steel	76⅞	80	76⅞	79	+1⅛
80	90	100	Laclede Gas	80½	80½	80½	80½	..
9	9½	200	Lake Erie & West	9	9	9	9	..
11½	12	100	Lee Rub. & Tire	12	12	12	12	+⅛
54½	55	1,700	Lehigh Valley	54¼	54⅞	53½	54⅞	+⅜
116	119	300	Louisville & Nash	116⅝	119½	116⅝	119½	+3½
100	102	100	Manhattan Elev	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	+⅝
24	24½	500	Maxwell Motors	23⅞	24½	23¾	24½	+⅛
54	55	700	Max. Mot. 1st pf	53½	54⅝	52⅝	54⅝	+3½
14½	15½	600	Max. Mot. 2d pf	14½	15½	14½	15½	+⅜
79½	80¼	6,400	Mex. Petroleum	79	80⅜	78⅝	79⅜	+¼
28½	28⅝	400	Miami Copper	28	28⅝	28	28⅝	+⅛
44⅜	45	7,300	Midvale Steel	44⅛	45⅛	43⅜	44⅞	+⅜
9⅛	10	300	Minn. & St. Louis	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	−⅜
83	84	70	M., St. P. & S. S. M	84	84	84	84	..
24½	24⅝	6,100	Mo. Pacific tr. cfs	24¼	25	23⅞	24⅝	−¼
41	41½	1,400	Mo. Pac. pf. tr. cfs	41	41⅝	40½	41¼	..
106½	107½	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	107	107	107	107	+1¾
22½	22¾	1,100	Nat. Conduit & C	22¼	23	22¼	22½	+¼
37	37½	1,500	Nat. Enam. & Stp	37½	38⅛	37	37	..
43½	44½	100	National Lead	44½	44½	44¼	44½	..
17⅜	17¾	1,000	Nev. Consol. Cop	17¼	17½	17¼	17½	+¼
113	115	300	N. Y. Air Brake	111	114	111	114	+4
71¾	72	3,300	New York Central	71½	72¼	70½	72	..
10⅜	18¼	3	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	13	13	13	13	..
27⅝	27¾	1,900	N. Y., N. H. & H	26	28⅛	26	27⅝	+⅞
20	20½	200	N. Y., Ont. & West	20¼	20½	20¼	20½	+⅝
102½	105	700	Norfolk & Western	104	105	104	105	+1½
87½	88½	1,000	Northern Pacific	86½	88⅝	86½	88⅝	+1⅞
36⅝	36⅞	8,000	Ohio Cities Gas	36¼	37	35¾	36½	..
4½	4⅞	200	Ontario Mining	4⅜	4½	4⅜	4½	+⅛
68	70	400	Owens Bottle Mach	69⅜	69¾	68	69½	+1½
24⅞	25¼	100	Pacific Mail	24⅜	24¾	24⅜	24⅞	+¼
16	19½	2	Pac. Tel. & Teleg	16	16	16	16	..
46⅞	47⅛	11,400	Penn. Railroad	47	47⅝	46	47	−¼
39¾	40¼	900	People's Gas, Chi	39¼	40⅛	39¼	40½	+1½
4	6	100	Peoria & Eastern	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	+⅜
14	16¼	1,000	Pere Marquette	13	14	13	14	+⅛
27¼	29¼	100	Philadelphia Co	28	28	28	28	+1
88¼	93	4	Pierce Arrow pf	88	88	88	88	..
45½	46	2,900	Pittsburgh Coal	45	46¼	45	46	+2
79	80	100	Pitts. Coal pf	80	80	80	80	+2½
23	23¾	1,200	Pitts. & West Va	22½	23⅜	22½	23	+¼
57	59¾	300	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	56	57	56	57	+1
55	56½	200	Pressed Steel Car	56	56	56	56	+1
129	130	900	Pullman Company	129	129½	129	129½	+½
¼	⅜	1,000	Quicksilver	⅜	⅜	½	½	−⅛
¾	1	1,000	Quicksilver pf	1	1	¾	1	..
41	42	1,000	R'way Steel Spring	40½	40½	40½	40½	..
22¼	22⅜	2,600	Ray Consol. Copper	22½	22⅝	22¼	22⅜	+¼
71¾	72	22,500	Reading	71½	72⅝	70⅞	71⅞	−⅛
36	38¼	50	Reading 2d pf	36	36	36	36	..
74¼	74⅜	11,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	73	75½	72⅝	74⅜	..
91	95	100	Rep. Iron & St. pf	94	94	94	94	..
71	72	1,300	Royal Dutch t. r.	72¼	72¼	70¾	71	−1¼
15⅛	15½	1,100	St. L. & San Fran	15⅛	15¼	15	15⅛	+⅛
5	5½	100	Saxon Motor	5	5	5	5	..
9	9½	100	Seaboard Air Line	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	..
18¾	19	100	Seaboard A. L. pf	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+⅛
140	142	300	Sears-Roebuck Co	143	143	142	142	..
20	20¼	500	Shattuck-Arizona	20	20⅜	20	20⅜	+⅜
32	32¼	4,800	Sinclair Oil & Ref	31¼	32¼	31	32	+1
36	37	100	Sloss-Sheff. S. & I	36½	36½	36½	36½	+½
83¼	84	2,600	Southern Pacific	83⅝	84	83	84	+1
155	170	100	So. Porto Rico Sug	155	155	155	155	+3
25	25¼	4,700	Southern Railway	25¼	25¼	24½	25¼	+¼
57	58	400	Southern R'way pf	57	58	57	58	+⅛
39	39¼	1,200	Studebaker Co	38⅞	39½	38¼	38⅞	−⅜
35⅜	46	100	Stutz Motor	37	37	37	37	+2⅜
34⅛	35	1,800	Superior Steel	33⅝	35	33⅝	34⅛	+1¼
12⅝	12⅞	300	Tenn. Cop. & Chem	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+⅛
143	144	3,800	Texas Co	140	144	139¾	143¾	+2⅜
47½	47⅞	2,400	Tobacco Products	46⅞	47⅞	46⅞	47⅞	+⅜
38⅜	40	300	Transue & Wms	39	39	39	39	..
61½	70	200	Un. Bag & P. new	63	63	63	63	+2
116	116¼	6,500	Union Pacific	115½	117	115½	116¼	−⅜
73	74¼	300	Union Pacific pf	73¼	74¼	73¼	74¼	+1¼
36½	37¼	100	United Alloy Steel	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜	+⅜
87	87¾	1,700	United Cigar Stores	86⅝	87½	86¾	87	+¾
50	51½	100	United Drug 1st pf	50	50	50	50	..
118	120	200	United Fruit	117¼	117¾	117¼	117¾	−¼
15	16	160	Un. R'ways Inv. pf	15	15	15	15	+1⅛
111½	112	10,900	U. S. Indus. Alco	106½	112¼	106½	112	+6
90	94	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	91	91	91	91	+1
51	52	800	U. S. Rubber	50⅜	52	50⅜	51½	+⅜
45⅝	46	700	U. S. Sm., Ref. & M	43½	46⅛	43½	46	+1¼
44	44¼	100	U. S. S., R. & M. pf	44⅜	44⅜	44⅜	44⅜	+⅜
96⅞	97	186,300	United States Steel	96	98¼	95⅞	97	+⅛
110⅝	110¾	1,400	U. S. Steel pf	108⅞	111	108⅞	111	+2¼
79	79½	8,800	Utah Copper	77¼	79½	76⅞	79¼	+1¼
32	33	100	Va.-Caro. Chemical	31	31	31	31	−¼
8¼	9	2,000	Wabash	8	8¼	8	8¼	+⅜
41½	41⅝	1,200	Wabash pf. A	41	41½	40⅝	41⅛	+½
21¾	22	3,400	Wabash pf. B	21½	22	21	22	+1
75	80	20	Wells-Fargo Exp	75	75	75	75	..
14¼	14½	1,000	Western Maryland	13⅝	14¼	13⅝	14¼	+¼
25¼	28	1,200	Western Md. 2d pf	28	28¼	28	28¼	−2⅜
81	84	700	West. Union Teleg	83	83½	82	82	−1⅛
39⅝	39¾	5,800	West'house E. & M	39	39⅝	38½	39⅝	+⅞
10¾	11¼	3,300	Wheeling & L. E	9⅞	11⅛	9⅞	11	+1¼
21½	23	1,200	Wheel. & L. E. pf	20	22	20	22	+2¼
47¼	47¾	300	Wilson & Co	47⅜	47⅞	47⅜	47⅞	+1⅛
17⅝	17¾	8,000	Willys-Overland	17¾	18	17⅝	17⅝	−¼
78	80	200	Willys-Overland pf	79	79	79	79	..
37¼	37¾	500	Wisconsin Central	37¼	37½	37	37¼	−⅝
110¼	112	600	Woolworth (F. W.)	110⅝	111⅝	110¼	111¼	+⅜
30¼	31¾	900	Worthington Pump	30	30¼	30	30¼	+1½
52¼	58	100	Worth. Pump. pf. B	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼	+1¼

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	69.57	68.54	69.31	+.50
25 industrials	72.22	70.24	71.50	+.80
50 stocks	65.89	64.39	65.40	+.65

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 21	65.89	64.39	65.40	+.65
Nov. 20	65.18	63.81	64.75	+.98
Nov. 19	63.89	62.77	63.77	+1.02
Nov. 17	62.94	62.45	62.75	+.66
Nov. 16	62.48	61.74	62.09	−.04
Nov. 15	62.43	61.69	62.13	+.04
Nov. 14	62.73	61.04	62.09	−.50

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Nov.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
1917	66.05 Nov. 1	60.42 Nov. 8	65.40
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	97.77 Nov. 1	97.33
1915	93.51 Nov. 1	85.76 Nov. 10	90.39
1914	Exchange closed.		
1913	67.80 Nov. 1	65.50 Nov. 10	66.51
1912	84.12 Nov. 7	81.10 Nov. 12	82.37
1911	78.98 Nov. 24	74.14 Nov. 1	77.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Sept.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1917	90.46 Jan. 4	60.42 Nov. 8	65.40
†1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Sep. 22	98.95
Full Years.			
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80 Jan. 31	67.41 July 30	69.20
1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10	68.06
1912	85.82 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41 June 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Nov. 21	77.06 +.19	Nov. 13	77.31 −.00
Nov. 20	76.87 +.14	Nov. 12	77.40 −..
Nov. 19	76.73 +.01	Nov. 10	77.40 −.03
Nov. 17	76.72 −.17	Nov. 9	77.43 −.03
Nov. 16	76.89 −.16	Nov. 8	77.46 −.33
Nov. 15	77.05 −.06	Nov. 7	77.79 −.06
Nov. 14	77.11 −.20	Nov. 6	Holiday.

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Sept.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1917	88.48 Jan. 26	76.72 Nov. 17	77.06
†1916	89.03 Nov. 20	86.19 Apr. 23	88.97
Full Years.			
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 23	88.64
1915	87.62 Nov. 24	81.51 Jan. 2	86.07
1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

News of British Gains Foils Shorts.

Before news of the important British victory reached the Street yesterday the market bore signs of considerable short selling. From the opening many active stocks, especially those which had scored substantial advances from Monday morning, were subjected to pressure. Doubtless much of the selling represented profit taking, for the more wary speculators had not been impressed with the permanency of the upward swing, but reports from the floor and commission houses told of the creation of fresh short commitments. It was possible that some of the short sellers of the first hour turned about later, not only covering up, but taking a position on the long side. While advances were not in all cases as vigorous as on Tuesday, they emphasized the better feeling engendered by the developments on the western front.

Delaware & Hudson Runs Up.

The short interest in Delaware & Hudson had a hard time of it, being moved to get under cover in a market with little stock offering. From 90 to 94¼ the advance was checked scarcely at all, and the bidding was urgent all the way along. The premium which the stock has commanded in the loan market every day for some time gave a true picture of the situation—a supply of shares for borrowers insufficient to meet the demand. There were blocks of 1,200 and 1,900 shares which changed hands, unusually large transactions for Delaware & Hudson.

Market Psychology.

The behavior of the cotton market yesterday on receipt of the news of the latest British victory should be an interesting study for the psychologist. On the face of it, the British success—unless interpreted as a symptom of failing German morale and consequently a sign of better prospects of peace—could have only the remotest connection with the price of cotton in New York. After the victory, as before, the factors which had made the market remained unchanged; Haig's victory did not mean a single ship added to the number carrying American cotton to hungry British mills, nor did it mean the picking or saving of a single additional boll in the South. The Government census report on ginning, much more nearly affecting the trade, was practically ignored. Did shrewd, cool-headed traders become so enthusiastic over the victory that they went out and bought cotton to celebrate? Perhaps, however, market conditions were such that prices were due to rise further, anyway, and the victory merely came along to provide an excuse.

Improvement in Liberty Bonds.

There was an improvement in the Liberty Loan bonds yesterday, the 3½s closing at 99 and the 4s at 98, the former showing no change from the final figure of Tuesday, while the latter quotation indicated a net gain of .26 for the day. Sales of the 3½s amounted to $888,000, while transactions in the 4s totaled $1,884,500, with sales of several five-hundred-dollar bonds at 98.50. There were no developments in the investigation that the Committee on Business Conduct of the New York Stock Exchange has undertaken in respect to sales of the 4 per cent. Liberty bonds on Nov. 10, 12, and 13.

Certificates Mature Today.

There will mature today $300,000,000 of 4 per cent. Treasury certificates of indebtedness which the Secretary of the Treasury offered on Oct. 18. Some of these have already been liquidated by their acceptance in lieu of cash in payments for Liberty Loan bonds made last Thursday, but the balance will be paid today. The certificates are redeemable either at Washington or at the Federal Reserve Banks. Although the Treasury in offering the certificates announced the total as $300,000,000, the Federal Reserve Bulletin for November places the total at $385,197,000. On Nov. 30 $250,000,000 of 3½ per cent. certificates sold Aug. 28 will mature, and on Dec. 15 there will fall due $300,000,000 of 3½ per cents. and about $683,000,000 of the 4 per cents.

Clearing House Makes New Records.

The New York Clearing House established two new high records yesterday. The day's balances amounted to $143,091,143, which compares with $133,761,391, the previous record, established on Aug. 29, and the credit balance of the Federal Reserve Bank was $134,595,633, larger by far than any previous total. Inasmuch as practically all of the Clearing Houses now settle their balances through the Federal Reserve Bank, the adjustment did not call for any transfer of cash, but was effected by book entries. The unusually large credit balance in favor of the Reserve Bank was due to the payments for certificates of indebtedness made to the bank on Tuesday and to the withdrawal of Government funds from the various bank and trust company depositaries.

New York City Bonds Weak.

New York City 4 and 4½ per cent. bonds were weak yesterday, the former selling down to 90 and the latter to 97. Since last week the 4s of 1958 have declined 3⅝ points, while the 4s of 1959 have lost 1¾ points and the 4½s of 1965 have moved down 3 points. Bond dealers ascribe the decline in New York City bonds to the change in the administration and to the reports that the "pay-as-you-go" plan may be discontinued after Jan. 1.

General Electric Financing.

Bankers are considering plans for new financing for the General Electric Company, and, while no definite program has yet been decided on, it is understood that new stock and probably some notes will be offered. Reports current in financial circles yesterday had it that $10,000,000 of new stock would be offered to present shareholders at par, and that $15,000,000 of two-year notes would be put out at 6 per cent. In advance of perfecting the details bankers were not inclined to discuss the prospective arrangements. About three months ago the General Electric Company sold $15,000,000 of three-year 6 per cent. notes to J. P. Morgan & Co. and Lee, Higginson & Co., which were offered to the public at 99¾ and interest, to yield about 6.10 per cent.

The Strategy of Ocean Rates.

The Chartering Committee of the United States Shipping Board has again amply demonstrated that it is not afraid to adhere to its announced policy of making drastic and prompt changes in ocean freight rates, whenever in its judgment such changes become advisable to promote the movement of tonnage in the directions where it is most needed. Moreover, the results of its policy are being plainly felt in the shipping trade, and will be felt more and more in the general course of industry. By cutting deeply into the rate for coal to South America, and compensating with an allowed increase in the rate for coffee from South America, the committee has extended a helping hand to Brazil on both sides of the market and has taken a step that will have its effect on both the coal and coffee trades here. At the same time it is a safe guess that the Chartering Committee and its superior, the Shipping Board, have a shrewd idea of the effect upon the tonnage problem.

Fifth Av. Coach Company Expands.

The report of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company for the year ended June 30 last shows an increase in the assets of $642,161.71 and an increase in the corporate surplus of $568,729.15. The payroll of the company contains 1,087, including 694 drivers and conductors. The increase in the payroll over 1916 is $246,018.17.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 21, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$5,194,000	$4,839,500	$5,283,000
Year to date	912,124,450	1,024,232,000	819,296,700

U S Liberty 3½s, int ctfs, f p: $11000 99.12; 1000 99.0; 85000 99.10; 10000 99.0; 15000 99.04; 19000 99.06; 6000 99.08; 55000 99.10; 42000 99.08; 70000 99.01; 68000 99.02; 16000 99; 2000 99.02; 1000 99.06; 5000 99.02; 50000 99; 24000 99.02; 33000 99; 22000 99.02; 2000 99; 28000 99.02; 25000 99.04; 23000 99; 5000 99.04; 76000 99; 32000 99.02; 5000 99.04; 18000 99; 3000 99.04; 26000 99; 10000 98.98; 19000 98.98; 180000 99.

U S Liberty 4s: 15000 97.80; 22000 97.88; 73000 97.90; 9000 97.94; 18000 97.92; 111000 97.94; 2000 97.90; 10000 97.91; 10000 97.98; 400000 98; 15000 98.02; 17000 98.04; 20000 98.08; 23000 98.10; 15000 98.06; 500 98.50; 700 98.50; 700 98.50; 17000 98.06; 5000 98.04; 100000 98; 7000 98.02; 25000 98; 10000 97.98; 110000 98.02; 1000 98; 132000 98.02; 38000 98.0; 163000 98.10; 2000 98.0; 18000 98.10; 10000 98.12; 165000 98.18; 22000 98.10; 18000 98.08; 6000 98.06; 79000 98.10; 111000 98.14; 1000 98.18; 1000 98.20; 26000 98.10; 17000 98.14; 56000 98.10; 30000 98.02; 1000 98.04; 25000 98.

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Am For Sec 5s: 3.... 91¾; 5.... 95⅜; 7.... 91; 18.... 95⅜; 5.... 91⅛; 10.... 94¼; 1.... 91. Anglo-Fr 5s: 2.... 90¼; 5.... 90; 2.... 90⅜; 15.... 90¼; 23.... 90⅜; ½.... 90½; 45.... 90; 45.... 90¼; 13.... 90¼; 25.... 90⅜; 11.... 90¼; 15.... 90⅜; 1.... 90½; 5.... 90⅜; 10.... 90⅜; 52.... 91; ¼.... 91; 2.... 91¼. CityofBordeaux: 22.... 83; 5.... 83½; 5.... 83⅝; 3.... 83¼; 4.... 83¼; 10.... 83. CityofLyons 6s: 2.... 83; 5.... 83½; 36.... 83; 15.... 83½; 5.... 83¼.

10.... 83. CityofMarseilles: 1.... 83; 1.... 83½; 24.... 83; 15.... 83; 10.... 83. CityofParis 6s: 13.... 83½; ½.... 84½; 2½.... 84; 10.... 83⅝; 35.... 84; 12.... 84¼; 10.... 84; 15.... 84½. DomofCan5s, 1921: 1.... 93⅞; 1926: 4.... 90; 2.... 94¼; 1931: 2.... 96½. French Govt temp 5½s: 4.... 94⅞; 20.... 93½; 2.... 93⅞; 25.... 94; 5.... 94½; 25.... 94½; 1.... 94¼; 10.... 94½; 2.... 94⅞; 20.... 95; 3.... 94⅞. JapGovt4½s stl ln, 2d Ser, German stp: 1.... 74. UnKingofGt Br & Ire 5s: 4.... 97⅜; 25.... 97⅝; 25.... 98; 5½s, 1918: 4.... 99⅝; 10.... 99⅞; 5.... 99½; 50.... 99⅞; 5½s, 1919: 1.... 95⅝; 7.... 95⅞; 14.... 95⅞; 5.... 95⅜; 1.... 95⅞; 46.... 95½; 1.... 95⅞; 10.... 95⅞; new 9.... 98⅞; 16.... 97; 17.... 97½; 1.... 97½; 8.... 97¾; 17.... 97½; 8.... 97⅝; 5.... 97⅝; 5½s, 1921: 27.... 92; 3.... 92½. NYCity4s, 1958: 2.... 90; 4s, 1959: 6.... 90; 4½s, 1965: 3.... 97. AmAgCdeb5s: 1.... 93. Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s: 9.... 85¾; 10.... 85¾. AmT&Tcoltr5s: 6.... 92⅜; 2.... 92⅞; 4.... 92⅞; 6.... 92⅞; 2.... 92⅞; 5.... 92⅞; 3.... 92⅝; cal 4s 1.... 82. Arm&Co4½s: 2.... 82⅞; 17.... 83; 2.... 83¼; adj 4s 3.... 72½; conv4s, 1960: 5.... 87. Atl&ChAL.

1st5s SerB: 2.... 92. B&Oprlien3½s: 10.... 85½; gold 4s 10.... 77½; conv 4½s 5.... 79; ref 5s 5.... 79⅝; 6.... 79⅝. Beth Steel 1st&ref5s: 1.... 89; pur money 5s 6.... 79. BRT5s, 1918: 10.... 90½; 2.... 90⅜; 4.... 90½; 5.... 90⅝. BushTermB gtd 5s: 1.... 79. CofGaRycon5s: 5.... 88⅝. CofNJgen5s: 1....101. Cerro de Pasco Cop conv 6s: 3....105; 8....105¼. C&Ogen4½s: 2.... 74; conv 5s 10.... 72⅞; 17.... 73; 26.... 73½; conv 4½s 2.... 70. C,B&Qgen4s: 5.... 82; joint 4s 15.... 93¼; 4.... 93⅛; 11.... 93½; 1.... 93⅛; 1.... 93¼; registered 4.... 92⅝. ChiGtWestn4s: 5.... 55½. Chi,Mil&StP gen 4½s: 6.... 85; ref 4½s 2.... 67; 5.... 69; 10.... 68½; conv5s, SerB 2.... 77½. C&NWgen4s: 3.... 79½; deb5s, 1933 1.... 94½. C,RI&Pgen4s: 1.... 75. Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s: 12.... 62½; 1.... 62½; 1.... 62½. Chile Cop 7s: 1....100½. C,C,C&StL gen 4s: 1.... 59. ColoIndust5s: 5.... 74½. ConGascv6s: 25....100; ½....100. D&RGcon4s: 2.... 63¼. DistSecCorp5s: 1.... 74. Erie1stgen4s: 12.... 49; 7.... 49½; 17.... 50; cv4s, SerB 4.... 39⅝; cv4s, SerD 10.... 44½; ½.... 47; 1.... 45. GenElecdeb5s: 8.... 97. Hud&Mist&ref5s, SerA: 5.... 51; adj inc 5s 2.... 12½; 6.... 12½.

IllCent4s, 1953: 5.... 74; ref 4s 1.... 79. Ill Steel 4½s: 1.... 84½. Int-Met 4½s: 5.... 53⅝; 1.... 53⅛. IRT1st&ref5s: 7.... 78; 3.... 78⅛; 21.... 78; 6.... 78⅛; 2.... 78¼; 2.... 78½; 1.... 78⅛; 1.... 79. IntMerMar6s: 13.... 92. Int Paper 6s: 4....100; conv 5s 5.... 98. KC,FtS&M4s: 3.... 66. LackStl, 1923: 2.... 96; 1950 22.... 87; 1.... 87½; 10.... 89. LS&MSo3½s: 4.... 75; 4s, 1928 5.... 85; 1931 1.... 83½. LehValofNY gtd 4½s: 6.... 95. Ligg&Myers5s: 1.... 91¾. LorillardCo7s: 1....111½. Midvale Steel col tr 5s: 1.... 84¼; 1.... 84; 11.... 84½. Mo,K&O1st5s: 5.... 58. Mo,K&T1st4s: 25.... 58¼; 21.... 58. MoPacgen4s: 43.... 54; 5.... 54⅛; 20.... 54; 2.... 54¼. MontPow5s,A: 1.... 87½; 1.... 89. NYCentdeb6s: 2.... 94; 1.... 93¾; 6.... 93⅝; 50.... 93½; 8.... 93¾; ½.... 97; 1.... 93⅛; 1.... 93⅛; deb4s, 1934 3.... 78⅛; LScol3½s 5.... 67. NYRysadj5s: 1.... 19½; 1.... 21. NYTel4½s: 2.... 88⅝. NY,W&B4½s: 1.... 40. Norf&Wcon4s: 17 t c. 85½. Nor Pac 4s: 10.... 82½; 5.... 83. Nor Pac 3s: 4.... 59; 3.... 60. OregShortLine 1st con 5s: 1.... 95¾. PacGas&El5s: 1.... 80¾. PacTel&Tel5s: 1.... 91⅜. Pagtd4½s, reg: 1.... 94⅜. PaRRcon4½s: 1.... 97½; gen 4½s 3.... 90.

16.... 90½. PereMar1st5s: 1.... 81½; 3.... 81½. PubServCal5s: 1.... 80. Read gen 4s: 1.... 85¼; 9.... 85¼. RepIron&S s f 5s, 1940: 1.... 94; 5.... 94½; 5.... 94½; 1.... 94. StL,IM&So unify&ref4s: 3.... 72½. StL,RM&P5s: 5.... 78. StL&SFprior lien4s, SerA: 1.... 55⅜; 3.... 56¼; 2.... 55½; 25.... 55½; 24.... 55; prior lien5s, B 1.... 72; adj 6s 1.... 59¼; 17.... 59⅛; 1.... 59¼; 15.... 58⅞; income 6s 5.... 44. SeabAirLref4s: 4.... 54½; adj 5s 15.... 44. So Pac cv 4s: 3.... 76⅞; 2.... 76⅞; 1.... 76⅛; 8.... 76⅞; 40.... 76⅞; conv 5s 1.... 89; 2.... 89¼; 5.... 89⅝; 8.... 89½; 4.... 89; 25.... 88½; 2.... 88⅝; 1stref4s 3.... 79⅛. SouthnRy1st5s: 5.... 92⅛; 1.... 92⅛; 4.... 92¼; gen 4s 7.... 59; 1.... 59¼. ThirdAvadj5s: 12.... 20. UnionPac1st4s: 2.... 87⅛; 2.... 88; 1.... 87½; 2.... 88; 1st&ref4s 1.... 78⅝. USRubber6s: 1....100; 1st&ref5s 30.... 75; 12.... 75⅛; 22.... 75; 6.... 75⅛; 5.... 75⅝; 3.... 75½; 1.... 75⅝; 5.... 75½; 15.... 75⅛; 10.... 75⅝; 8.... 75½; 1.... 75⅝; 1.... 75½. USSteelCo5s: 25.... 98⅛; 2.... 98⅛; 3.... 98; 4.... 98⅛; 6.... 98⅛; 4.... 99. Va-CChl5s: 1.... 94⅛. ValrenC&C5s: 5.... 81. VirgnRy1st5s: 5.... 91; 3.... 92. WestnPacle: 2.... 80.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96½	..	Pan 2s, r, 1936	96	..
2s, c, 1930	96½	..	Pan 2s, r, 1938	96	..
3s, r, 1918	99	..	Pan 3s, r, 1961	86	..
3s, c, 1918	99	..	Pan 3s, c, 1961	86	..
3s, 1946, r	84	..			
3s, 1946, c	85	..			
4s, r, 1925	104	..			
4s, c, 1925	104	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea 1st pf	88	92
Adams Ex	70	80
Ad Rumely pf	20	21½
Ajax Rub	50	58
Alls & W	91½	..
Am Ag Ch pf	91½	95
Am B N	33	37
Do pf	40	46
Am B Sug pf	85	93
Am B S & Fdy	..	97
Do pf	154	158
Am Can pf	93	97
Am C & F pf	104	108¼
Am Cit pf	..	26
Am Coal	38	..
Am Cot Oil pf	79	80
Am Ice	10½	10¾
Do pf	37½	40
Am Lo pf	96	100
Am Snuff	101	103¼
Do pf	..	95
Am Shipb	87	90
Do pf	..	93½
Am Sug R pf	108	109
Am S Tob pf	70	83
Am T & C	54	60
Am Tob	172	174¼
Am W pf	88	89⅞
Assc D G	13	15
Do 1st pf	..	53⅜
Do 2d pf	36	38¼
Bald L pf	98	101
B Un G	80	90
Brown Sh	81¼	86¼
Do pf	88½	95
Bruns Ter	6	7
B, R & P	76	89½
Do pf	100	..
Burns Bros pf	110	119
Bush Ter	..	100
Cal Pack	35	..
Cal & Ar	65	67
Can Se	..	54
C, C & O	..	23
Do pf	..	30
Cent F pf	35	38
Cent L pf	93	103
C R R of N J	206	231
C & S A T	96	102
C & A pf	10	20
Chi Gt W	7	7½
Do pf	20¾	23
C & N W pf	142	145
Chi, St P, M & Om	80	89
Do pf	100	130
C, C, C & St L	26	34
Do pf	..	76
Cl & Pitts	..	83¾
Clu-Peab	47	50
Do pf	99¾	100
Col & So	20½	22
Do 2d pf	40	48
Comp T R	28	31
Con G B	96	106
C I C M	11¼	12¼
Cont C pf	87	110
Cont Ins	42	45
Crex Carp	38	43
Crip C C	..	32
Do pf	..	33
Cruc S pf	87½	88
C-Am Sug	140	160
Do pf	90	100
D & Co pf	93¼	97
D & R G	5	9
Det Ed	104¼	107
Det U Ry	..	95
D, S S & A	2¼	3½
Do pf	5¼	7
Elec S B	48	53
Elk H Coal	20	24
Do pf	..	45
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S	13	18
Fisher Bdy	29	34
Do pf	75	80
Gen Ch, ex div	135	165
Do pf	..	105
Gen Cigar	32	36
Do pf	98	100
G'drich pf	93	97
Gulf S S 1st pf	100	108
Do 2d pf	80	100
G, M & N	..	14
Do pf	36	43
Hartman	42	43
Homestake	88	90¾
Ill Cent	96	96¼
I H, N J, pf	109	118
Int H C	55	60
Do pf	96¼	100
Int N pf	99	99
Int Pa pf	65	75
Iowa Cent	2	4
Jr C Coal	..	75
Jewel Tea	32	38
K C Ft S & M pf	..	68
Kan C So pf	46	50
Kelly S T pf	77	83
Kelsey Wh	16	30
Do pf	70	85
K & D M	2¾	7
Do pf	..	50
Kress (S H)	46	55
Do pf	98	105¾
L E & W pf	17	25
Ligg & M	170	200
Do pf	100	101½
L 1st ctfs	34	45
L-W Bisc	13½	15
Do 1st pf	..	84
Do 2d pf	56	64
Lorill'd Co	170	185
Do pf	108	120
M'kay Cos	71	89
Do pf	58¼	63
Mah C R	350	..
Man B'ch	¾	4
Man El S	..	43
Do 1st pf	..	86
M Dep Sta	46¾	47½
Do pf	96	103
Max P pf	86	92
Mich Cent	..	109
M, St P & S S M pf	101	117
Do l l	60	70
M, K & T	4	4¾
Do pf	7	8
Mon V Tr	..	18
Mon-Pow	66¾	67
Do pf	97	100
Mor & Es	..	80
N C & St L	110	120
Nat Acme	26¼	27
Nat Bisc	80½	85
Nat C & S	57½	65
Do pf	94	100
Nat En pf	93	100
Nat L pf	100¾	104
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	..	21
Do 2d pf	5⅜	6
N O, T & Mex	20	22
N Y, C & St L 1st pf	..	79
Do 2d pf	40	49
N Y Dock	12	13
Do pf	37	48
N Y, L & West	100	120
Norf So	21	22
Norf & Wn pf	75	79
North Am	46	48
N W Tel	..	60
Nova Sc S	65	70
Ohio F S	..	45
Owens B M pf	108	113
Pac Coast	40	50
Do 1st pf	68	90
Do 2d pf	53	80
Pac M pf	96	107
P T & Tel pf	..	90
Pan-Am P & T pf	87	88
Pere M pr pf	45	60
Do pf	30	39
Pett-Mull	25	..
Do 1st pf	90	98
Pierce-Ar	31¼	36
P, C, C & St L	55	65
P, Ft W & C	..	150
Pitts S pf	88	94
Pond C C	17¾	19
Pr Stl Car pf	94	95
P S, N J	107	110
Ry Stl Spr pf	90	95
Rdg 1st pf	34½	39½
St L S F pf	25	29
St L S W	20	26
Do pf	30	41
Savage A	58	70
Sears-R pf	116	122
S-S S & I pf	78	100
So P R S	100	108
St'd Mill	75	85
Do pf	79	83
Studeb Co pf	..	99
Sup Stl 1st pf	96¼	101
Tex Pac	12¼	14¼
T P L Tr	130	..
Third Av	17¼	18
Tide W O	165	175
Tob P pf	87	90½
T, St L & West	..	10
Do ctfs	2	6
Do pf	5	15
T C R T	73	73¾
Do pf	100	123
Und Type	91¼	100
Do pf	112½	113½
U B & P	8½	10½
Un Cig Sts pf	102¼	115
Un Drug	68	70
Do 2d pf	75	79¾
U Dyew'd	58	61
Do pf	93	94
U P'board	17	20
U Rys In	6¾	7
U S C I P	11¾	12
Do pf	47⅞	48
U S Exp	14	18
U S R & I	10	12
U S R 1st pf	98	102
Utah Sec	12	13
Va-Car Ch pf	97	104
Va I C & Coke	52	55
West Pac	13	14
Do pf	37	45
W B & M 1st pf	56	65
White Mtr	36½	38
W & Co pf	96	98
W'w'th (F W) pf	116	118
Wor Pump pf A	85	92

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	93⅝	94¼	8.83
Argen. Gv. dis.	6	Dec. 15, '17	99¼	100	6.00
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15, '20	90	93	9.23
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.00
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	98	99	7.00
City of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.73
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	94⅛	94⅞	7.90
Fr'ch Gov. cdn.	5½	Apr., 1919	94⅛	95	9.00
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	90	96	7.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100	104	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	92	96	5.80
Russian Gov.	6½	July, 1919	63	68	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	53	56	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14, '26	$110	$113	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1918	99¼	99¾	6.00
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99⅜	100⅝	4.90

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. F. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	94	95½	8.50
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	99¾	99⅞	4.90
Am. Thread	4	Jan., 1919	95	96½	7.25
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	87	89½	6.25
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1918	98	98⅝	5.65
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	96⅝	97⅞	6.53
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb. 15, '19	97¼	97½	6.75
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	90	91	..
C., B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	92⅜	93¼	6.15
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	97	98	8.80
Canada Nor.	5	Sep. 2, '18	97	98½	7.80
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2, '24	97½	98¼	6.27
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Apr., 1918	99⅜	100¼	5.23
Curt. A. & M.	6	Serial	90	96	..
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	97	98	5.83
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1, '18	99⅛	99½	5.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	89	92	10.80
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	92	96	7.10
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	July, 1920	100¼	100¾	5.85
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	96	97	7.96
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	96	98	6.20
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97⅛	97⅝	5.85
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	98	99	7.00
Int. Harvest.		Feb. 15, '18	99⅞	100¼	4.15
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July, 1918	98	98	8.15
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	Nov. 15, '18	97	98¼	5.30
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	July 15, '21	95	96	6.00
Mich. C. R. R.	5	May, 1918	99	99⅞	6.05
Louis. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	88	93	11.30
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	98¼	101	4.10
N. Y. C. R. R.	5	Sep. 15, '19	96⅞	96⅞	6.75
N. Y., N. H. & H.	5	Apr. 15, '18	87	88½	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15, '21	96¼	97⅛	5.28
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	97	99	..
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1, '19	90	91	..
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2, '19	96	96¾	7.10
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	99¼	100	6.00
Utah Sec. Cor.		Sep. 15, '22	84	88	9.05
Win. R. Arms.	5	May, 1918	96	97¼	..
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	97	98⅛	6.78
W. S. G. & E.	6	June, 1927	97	98	6.25
Win E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15, '18	99	100	6.06

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ORE SHIPMENTS IMPROVE

Movement from Lake Superior Region Reported Considerably Larger Than Usual.

Steel trade reports indicate that the handicaps under which operations at mill and furnace are being carried out have increased this week, especially in regard to fuel shortages. The burden put upon the industry is felt all the more because domestic buying in some lines has improved substantially. An encouraging feature of the situation lies in the expansion of ore shipments from the Lake Superior region this month, the movement being considerably larger than usual.

"The steel industry is making harder work than ever of its effort to meet war conditions," says the Iron Age, "with an increasing handicap from fuel scarcity and transportation failures, and the limitation of output due to the conflicting purposes of those in authority from whom steel makers now take their orders. Bankings of blast furnaces from coke shortages keep up and at Youngstown steel output at some plants has been cut nearly 50 per cent.

"It is two months since price-fixing began, and the market results are scarcely appreciable apart from some progress in the pig iron trade, which has shown itself more amenable to control than the finished material lines.

"Labor supply has improved in spots, but the problem will be made more serious by the second draft. It is plain that dilution of skilled labor must begin soon, particularly under the urgent call of the Government for thousands of mechanics for service in France. At Pittsburgh as high as $3.85 is offered for common labor on a ten-hour day.

"The flow of structural steel orders related to the war program is swelling so fast that a meeting of fabricators is to be held in Pittsburgh on Tuesday. A very large part of the 111,000 tons of bridge and building work put under contract in October, representing 61.5 per cent. of capacity, was directly and indirectly for the Government. A later item is the placing with a Canadian fabricator, because it has a good working staff, of 50,000 tons of ship work as part of a total of 45,000 tons monthly for ten months to be delivered at Philadelphia.

"There was fear in October that enough Lake Superior ore would not be brought down to carry the industry through to the arrival of new ore in the season of 1918. But the November movement has been greater than usual and it is now believed the season's total will come close to 62,000,000 tons, as against 64,734,000 tons moved by water last year."

The Iron Trade Review says:

"A week or two more of present conditions and it is predicted freely that many merchant and independent steel works blast furnaces now on the ragged edge will join the growing number of idle stacks. Unless relief comes quickly some of the largest plants in the Youngstown district now on part schedule must shut down entirely. The situation in the Connellsville region offers small encouragement for immediate improvement. The car supply of the last week averaged about 57 per cent. and has dropped this week. The Pennsylvania Railroad has imposed drastic freight embargoes in an effort to clear the congestion. It is becoming increasingly difficult to satisfy pig iron inquiries. Virtually famine conditions have appeared at Pittsburgh, where large producers are willing to yield every point of delivery or tonnage to get metal."

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Hale & Norcross	.03
Alta	.02	Jacket	.09
Andes	.09	Mexican	.16
Best & Belcher	.09	Occidental	.60
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.11
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.04
Challenge Con.	.04	Potosi	.03
Chollar	.03	Savage	.04
Confidence	.01	Sierra Nevada	.06
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	1.17½
Con. Virginia	.11	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.64

TONOPAH.		Goldfield Cons.	.40
Belmont	3.50	Goldfield Merger	.03
Halifax	.10	Great Bend	.05
Jim Butler	.75	Jumbo Exten.	.15
McNamara	.10	Kewanas	.06
Midway	.08	Silver Pick	.08
Mizpah	.05	Spearhead	.04
Monarch Pitts	.04	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.10	Consolidated	.15
North Star	.06	Morning Glory	.14
Rescue	.09	Red Top	.03
Tonopah Exten.	1.57½	Union Amalg.	.07
Tonopah Nevada	3.00	White Caps	.75
West End	.64	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West Tonopah	.10	Nevada Hills	.07
GOLDFIELD.		Packard	.22
Atlanta	.05	Rochester	.37
Booth	.04	Round Mountain	.20
Florence	.10	United Eastern	3.62½

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4⅝	4¾	Granite	35	50
Dr. J'pot.	3¼	6	Isabella	7½	8½
Elkton	3⅝	4	McKinney	6	10
El Paso	15	25	Portland	100	120
Fanny R.	3½	4	U. Gold M.	15	16
Golden C.	165	168	Vindicator	35	37
Gold Sov.	2½	3			

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.10	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian North.	1917-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.75	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.50	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.50	5.00
Chi., R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.75	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.75	5.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.40	5.40
Cuba Railroad	1917-'28	5	7.00	6.00
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.80	5.25
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.75	5.75
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	5.60	5.00
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.50	5.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1917-'25	5	7.00	5.50
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	7.00	5.50
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.50
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.50	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@5	8.50	5.00
Penn. Gen. Fr'ght	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.50	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.75	5.75
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.50	5.00
Southern Ry.	1917-'24	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.50	5.75

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	76.00	....	75.00	....
Lead	6.37½	....	6.40	....
Spelter	8.00	8.25	8.00	8.25
Antimony	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Quicksilver	$100.00	....	$100.00	....
Aluminum	36.00	38.00	36.00	38.00
Iron, No. 2 X F'dry	....	33.50	....	34.25

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c. per pound bid. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Tuesday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	110 0 0	110 0 0
Copper, futures	110 0 0	110 0 0
Tin, spot	284 15 0	279 10 0
Tin, futures	283 10 0	278 15 0
Spelter	54 0 0	54 0 0
Lead	30 10 0	30 10 0

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$8,289,281	$63,846,002
Ord. internal revenue	59,022,210	245,424,576
Income tax	5,330,450	31,071,863
Miscellaneous	6,185,306	56,794,376
Total receipts	78,827,249	402,136,950
Excess of ord. disburs. over ord. receipts	268,686,027	1,242,182,014
Excess of total receipts over total disburs.	30,475,244	543,772,971
Expenditures	347,822,296	1,644,318,974

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC for fiscal year ended June 30—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Op. revs.	$12,466,859	$11,030,439	$9,422,251
Net rev.	4,445,614	3,468,060	2,614,803
Op. income	3,923,678	3,087,015	2,241,689
Gross income	5,204,701	3,611,146	2,008,091
Net income	3,828,506	2,251,623	1,265,051
Pf. divs.	122,670	122,670	122,670
Balance	3,705,836	2,131,953	1,142,981
Common divs.	388,709	328,900	328,900
Betterments	660,000	1,004,291	799,941
Surplus	2,655,136	798,762	14,115

Public Utilities.

CITIES SERVICE CO. for October—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Gross	1,659,665	1,122,910	536,755
Net aft. taxes	1,630,019	1,102,869	527,150
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,629,794	1,102,477	527,317
Bal. after pf. div.	1,302,858	829,298	473,560
12 mos. gross	18,706,604	8,233,952	10,472,652
Net aft. taxes	18,369,353	8,001,568	10,367,785
Sur. aft. chgs.	18,366,069	7,661,499	10,704,570
Bal. after pf. div.	14,761,535	5,542,151	9,219,384

THE DAYTON POWER & LIGHT CO. for October—

	1917.	1916.
Gross earn.	174,387	146,081
Total op. exp.	112,891	97,928
Net earnings	61,496	48,156
Total income	62,752	48,543
Net income	37,681	28,793
Div. on pf. stock	14,812	14,812
Surplus	22,869	13,980

DETROIT EDISON CO.—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Oct. gross	1,120,437	905,016	224,421
Net aft. taxes	300,190	333,536	*33,346
Sur. aft. chgs.	213,435	245,420	*31,985
10 mos. gross	9,827,671	7,961,205	1,866,466
Net aft. taxes	2,912,518	2,914,571	*2,053
Sur. aft. chgs.	2,059,826	2,019,547	40,279

*Decrease.

NORTHERN STATES POWER CO., a subsidiary of Standard Gas & Electric Co.—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Sept. gross	540,322	485,175	407,179
Net aft. taxes	226,672	255,767	223,107
12 mos. gross	6,857,192	5,822,702	4,903,337
Net aft. taxes	3,545,946	3,283,956	2,714,075

During the twelve months ended Sept. 30, 1917, fixed charges amounted to $1,655,857, leaving a balance of $1,890,089. Surplus after preferred dividends, available for depreciation, amortization, &c., amounted to $1,003,097.

Miscellaneous.

BUTTE & SUPERIOR MINING CO.

Quart. ended:	Sept. 30, 1917.	June 30, 1917.	Mar. 31, 1917.
Net value of zinc ore	$655,601	$1,567,392	$1,906,089
Value zinc tailings	24,163	8,207	......
Net value lead	116,039	219,049	333,223
Metal inv. &c.	......	200,000	......
Misc income	8,840	45,582	42,302
Total	804,643	2,040,930	2,275,619
Exp., taxes, &c.	709,323	1,037,693	1,214,599
Net profits	95,320	1,003,237	1,061,020

OWENS BOTTLE MACHINE CO. and controlled companies for the fiscal year ended Sept. 30—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Net prof. O. B. M. Co.	3,833,068	3,104,081	728,987
Less divs. fr. control. cos.	*988,259	*861,919	126,340
Balance	2,844,829	2,242,162	602,667
Cont. cos. prof.	1,165,872	1,098,809	67,063
Total	4,010,701	3,340,971	669,730
Deduction	4,403	3,281	1,122
Total profits	4,006,298	3,337,690	668,608

*Included in net profits of Owens Bottle Machine Co. of $3,833,068.

ST. LOUIS, ROCKY MOUNTAIN & PACIFIC—

Sept. gross	331,069	240,131	91,829
Net aft. taxes	91,731	68,358	23,373
Sur. aft. chgs.	58,765	35,941	22,824
3 mos. gross	1,036,702	660,226	367,476
Net aft. taxes	270,252	189,575	80,677
Sur. aft. chgs.	171,131	92,681	78,450

UNION BAG & PAPER CO.—

Quart. ended:	Oct. 31, 1917.	July 31, 1917.	Apr. 30, 1917.
Net earn.	887,286	844,447	863,722
Depreciation	59,848	58,393	53,061
Bond interest	53,157	53,175	57,972
Res. for taxes	200,000	125,000	90,000
Surplus	524,280	607,969	622,689

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. Oil	17	19	Iron Blos.	45	50
At. St. Gas	7	8	Iron Boss.	45	50
Begole	60	75	Jerome V.	80	85
Bohemia	70	80	La Rose	30	40
Bing. Min.	9⅞	9⅞	Majestic	27	29
Bost. Ely	45	55	Mex. Metals	25	28
Bost. & M.	50	51	Moj. Tung.	32	34
Butte & L.	13	16	New Baltic	75	1¼
Butte & D.	25	30	Ne. Doug.	1½	1¾
Bost. & Ar.	1	2	N. U. Bing.	..	50
Calaveras	1	1½	Nixon	1	1½
Crown Res.	25	30	N. Cornelia	13¾	15¾
Con. Ariz.	1½	1⅝	Nat. L. & Z.	27	30
Cortez	10	20	Oneco	25	35
Chain. Cop.	4	6	Onondaga	15	25
Chief Con.	1⅝	2	Pion. Con.	1½	1⅝
E. & B. B.	2	2⅛	Ray Here.	1	1¼
Earl-Eagle	15	17	Rilla	1½	2
Fortuna	4	6	S.W. Miami, full paid	75	1½
Gold Lake	2	4			
Glla. C. Sul.	17	17⅝	S.W. Miami, part paid	75	1.00
Houghton	50	1.00	U. V. Ext.	32⅝	33
Homa Oil	58	1½	Victoria M.	1½	1¾
Humboldt	60	70	Yukon Gold	1⅝	2
Iron Cap.	13½	14			

NEW COTTON RECORD

Prices Highest for Season on News of British Gain—Up 27-51 Points.

The cotton market yesterday had apparently settled itself for a quiet day, with the opening trading several points off and considerable liquidation in evidence, when the news arrived that the British had broken through the Hindenburg line on a thirty-mile front and were advancing in the general direction of the Rhine. Subsequent official bulletins somewhat toned the exuberance of the first word-of-mouth reports, but the exhilarating effect of the victory sent the bulls "over the top" of the shorts' defenses, and when the smoke had cleared away prices had been shoved up from 27 to 51 points all down the list, with new high records for the season scored in all months, and the close near the top.

The advance gave every indication of being purely psychological and due to little beside the wave of enthusiasm of the British victory and the corresponding boom in the stock market. The Government report of ginning up to Nov. 14, giving a total of 8,559,390 bales, was just about up to expectations, if anything a little more, so that its influence on the market was not great. The tonnage situation was unchanged, although the break in Liverpool prices was attributed to expectations of improvement.

The soft market at the opening carried prices down from 17 to 22 points from Tuesday's close, and prices looked to go lower when the tonic war news came. This revealed at once that the short side of the market had developed more than had been supposed, and active covering played its part in the advance. There was a brief reaction in the afternoon, but prices moved forward again to even higher levels, and the close was only a little below the best figures of the day and season.

Exports for the day were 8,342 bales, making 1,583,872 for the season. Southern spot markets were reported unchanged to 55 points higher, with a general strong upward tendency.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues.
November	..	..	..	28.92 Bid	28.65
December	28.40	28.96	28.28	28.92@28.96	28.55
January	27.75	28.46	27.70	28.43@28.46	27.87
February	28.15	28.15	28.15	28.17 Bid	27.66
March	27.50	28.16	27.42	28.12@28.15	27.61
April	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00 Bid	27.50
May	27.38	27.97	27.25	27.95@27.97	27.47
June	27.56	27.56	27.56	27.72 Bid	27.27
July	27.18	27.75	27.00	27.69@27.70	27.22
August	27.27	27.40	27.27	27.43 Bid	27.02

The local market for spot cotton was steady and 35 points higher at 30.40c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 28.50c; New Orleans, 28.25c; Savannah, 28¼c; Augusta, 28.81c; Memphis, 29c; Houston, 28.65c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Wednesday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	32,070	37,411	47,177
Exports	8,342	2,316	13,530
Exports, season	1,583,872	1,414,225	2,214,422
Port stocks	1,149,011	1,161,283	1,458,201
Interior receipts	28,946	32,300	36,405
Interior shipm'ts	27,284	29,373	32,180
N. Y. arrivals	3,127	4,215	5,618
N. Y. stocks	89,900	118,317	119,731

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet and unchanged; good middling new contract, 21.50d; middling, old contract, 22.05d. Sales, 4,000; American, 2,000. Imports, 5,000; American, 2,000. Futures opened irregular at 21 to 27 points lower and closed irregular and unsettled at a net decline of 53 to 55 points, for new contracts.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C. and Ga.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.
Fla.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.
Ind. and Ky.—Fair and colder Thurs., fair Fri.
Tenn.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.
Ohio—Rain Thurs.; fair Fri.
Mich.—Cloudy and colder Thurs.; fair Fri.
Ill., Mo., Minn. and Ia.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.
Wis.—Cloudy Thurs. and Fri.
N. and S. Dak., Neb. and Kan.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.
La., Ark. and Tex.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.
Okla.—Fair and colder Thurs. and Fri.

JAPANESE COMMISSION TO BE GREETED HERE

Mayor and Distinguished Body of Citizens Will Receive Financial Leaders of Eastern Empire.

The Japanese Finance Commission, now in Washington, will come to New York tomorrow and be received by Mayor Mitchel at the City Hall at noon. There are nine members of the commission, all financial and industrial experts, headed by Baron Tanetaro Megata. They will remain in New York about a month in their task of conferring with American financial and industrial leaders.

Chonosuke Yada, Japanese Consul General in New York, said in a statement: "This mission was created and sent to this country especially to study the recent financial and industrial activities here, which are attracting the attention and admiration of the whole world by their titanic scale and unyielding spirit. The commission has also in view strengthening the ties of commercial relations between Japan and America."

Several of the members of the mission are known in America. Baron Megata was the first Japanese to be graduated from an American University, his class at Harvard being that of 1874. He is a member of the House of Peers and has long been an official in the educational and financial departments of the Japanese Government. Osamu Matsumoto of the mission is Secretary of the Department of Finance.

Takenosuke Sakaguchi is technical expert in the Extraordinary Investigation Bureau of the Department of Finance. Baron Bunkichi Ito, Secretary of the Department of Agriculture and Commerce, is a son of the late Prince Ito. Chozo Koike, Director of the Kuhara Head Office, was once Consul General at New York. Kenjiro Matsumoto, representative of the Yasukawa and Matsumoto corporation, was a student at the University of Pennsylvania. Dr. Seiji Hishida, Secretary Interpreter to the Government of Korea, is a doctor of philosophy of Columbia University. Umekichi Yoneyama, Managing Director of the Mitsui Bank, was also educated in America. Yoshitaro Yamashita, General Manager of the Sumimoto firm, has had a distinguished career as soldier and diplomat.

The Mayor's Committee on National Defense has named a committee of prominent bankers and industrial leaders to welcome the Japanese Commission. George F. Baker, Jr., is Chairman of the Reception Committee.

Changes in Metropolitan Trust Co.

George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., President of the Metropolitan Trust Company, announced yesterday that Roger P. Kavanagh, Manager of the Fifth Avenue branch, had been elected a Vice President, and that the Board of Directors had appointed Jacob C. Klinck of Brooklyn as Trust Officer. Clarence Klinck, formerly Paying Teller, has been made an Assistant Treasurer, and Linus P. Hosmer and Irwin G. Jennings have been named Assistant Secretaries.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Directors of the Atlas Powder Company have declared an extra dividend of 8 per cent. on the common stock, together with the usual quarterly dividend of 2 per cent., both payable Dec. 10 to stock of record Nov. 30.

The Guaranty Trust Company is prepared, in its capacity of trustee, to exchange outstanding interim receipts of the Metropolitan Edison Company first and refunding mortgage for definitive bonds.

Stockholders of the Middletown & Unionville Railroad Company at the annual meeting yesterday elected Newman Erb, Chairman of the Executive Committee; Charles I. Henry, President; John A. Smith, Vice President; Frank H. Finn, Secretary, and Garrett Townsend, Treasurer.

Directors of the Consolidated Interstate-Callahan Mining Company have declared a quarterly dividend of 50 cents a share, payable Jan. 2 to stockholders of record Dec. 20.

The Public Utility Commissioners of New Jersey have authorized the Erie Railroad Company to issue $15,000,000 of 6 per cent. twenty-year funding improvement bonds, to be sold at not less than 90 and accrued interest.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction by Adrian H. Muller & Sons at the Auction Salesroom:

59 shares Modern Pen Company, $100 each, 12.

$250 Chamber of Commerce, New York, building fund subscription non-cumulative income bond, 18.

500 shares Bullfrog Jumper Mining Company, $1 each; 60 shares Yates & Porterfield Trading Company preferred, $100 each; 200 shares Gibraltar Mines Syndicate, $1 each, $13 lot.

$206,000 National Railways of Mexico 6 per cent. notes, $200,000 two-year 6 per cent. secured gold notes, due June 1, 1915, and subsequent coupons attached; $6,000 6 per cent. secured gold notes, Series C, due Jan. 1, 1917, $25,100 lot.

10 shares Hanover National Bank, $100 each, 650.

$98,400 certificate of deposit of the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company, covering deposit of Denver & Salt Lake Railroad first mortgage thirty-year 5 per cent. gold bonds, due May 1, 1943, with coupons maturing May 1, 1916, and also subsequent coupons attached, $5,300 lot.

$85,421.87 Moffat Estate Company 6 per cent. note, due June 1, 1916, $200 lot.

5 shares New York County National Bank, $100 each, 100.

$100,000 certificate of deposit of the Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company for Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Company first mortgage 4 per cent. gold bonds, due 1951, with Feb. 1, 1912, and all subsequent coupons attached; $25,000 certificate of deposit of the Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company for Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Company first mortgage 4 per cent. gold bonds, due 1951, with Aug. 1, 1912, and all subsequent coupons attached, $150 lot.

$50,000 Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Company two-year 6 per cent. gold notes, due April 30, 1910, 14.

$36,000 New Orleans, Texas & Mexico Railway Company 5 per cent. non-cumulative income bonds, Series A, due Oct. 1, 1935, 36.

3 shares 65 West Houston Street Corporation, $10 lot.

1,910 shares North American Investment Company, $5 each, $100 lot.

$25,000 International & Great Northern Railway Company three-year 5 per cent. notes, due Aug. 1, 1914, August, 1914, coupons attached, Guaranty Trust Company certificates of deposit, 31.

$28,000 bond and first mortgage made by Hilel Schurin to Louis Jarmulowsky, dated Feb. 19, 1913, covering premises No. 37 Henry Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, interest 5 per cent. and assigned, $18,000.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Pe.	Pay.	Record.
Atlas Powder	2	Q	Dec. 10	Nov. 30
Do	8	Ex	Dec. 10	Nov. 30
Borden's C. M. pf.	1½	Q	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
General Ordnance	60c	-	Nov. 24	....
J. I. Case T.M. pt.	$1.75	Q	June 1	Dec. 17
Linde Air Products	2	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Do pt.	1½	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Mergenthaler Lin.	$2.50	Ex	Dec. 31	Dec. 5
Do.	$2.50	Ex	Dec. 31	Dec. 5
Montana Power	1¼	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
National Surety	3	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Roch. Ry. & Lt.	1¼	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 28
South Penn. Oil	$5	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 12
Southw. P. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 23
Union B. & P.	1½	Q	Dec. 15	Dec. 5
Union Carbide	2	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 20
Union Carb & C.	$1	—	Jan. 2	Dec. 8

DIVIDENDS.

Union Bag & Paper Corporation.

A quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. upon the stock of this corporation has been declared, payable on December 15th, 1917, to the holders of record of the stock of this corporation at the close of business on December 5th, 1917.

This quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) this day declared will be paid also to the persons to whom stock of this corporation shall be issued of record on and after December 5th, 1917, and prior to January 1st, 1918, in exchange for the Preferred and Common Stocks of The Union Bag and Paper Company; such payment to be made on December 15th, 1917, in respect of stock theretofore issued, and upon issuance in respect of stock issued thereafter, and on or before December 31st, 1917.

Dividends declared hereafter will be paid only to the holders of record of the stock of this corporation, and not to the holders of the Preferred and Common Stocks of The Union Bag and Paper Company, (the old company.)

The books for the transfer of the Preferred and Common Stocks of The Union Bag and Paper Company (the old company) have been ordered to be closed at the close of business on December 31st, 1917. From that date no transfers of such stocks will be made except upon the books of Union Bag & Paper Corporation (the consolidated corporation) and after conversion into the stock of said last-named corporation.

Certificates for the stocks of the old company may be presented for conversion to the Empire Trust Company, No. 120 Broadway, New York City.

The books for the transfer of the stock of Union Bag & Paper Corporation (the consolidated corporation) will remain open as usual. CHAS. E. SANDERS, Secretary.
New York, Nov. 21st, 1917.

FINANCIAL OPERATIONS OF THE CITY.

Controller's Report, Nov. 17, 1917.

	Corporate Stock and Tax Notes.	Revenue Bonds and Bills.	Special Revenue Bonds.
Cash action. Outstanding Nov. 10	$16,325,000.00	$69,841,000.00	$7,804,400.00
Outstanding Nov. 17	$16,825,000.00	$69,841,000.00	$7,804,400.00
Cash balance	10,064,684.65		
Net obligation	$6,760,315.35		

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

Receipts of wheat at interior points were slightly larger, but the movement as a whole is still running far behind last year. According to The Price Current, the new Winter wheat crop is in good condition except in parts of Kansas and Oklahoma, where drought still continues, and it is feared that unless rain comes at once the plant will go into the Winter in a condition to be badly damaged by unfavorable weather. Reports from Australia say that there is a reduction of fully 20 per cent. in the wheat acreage, but that there is a visible supply there of 114,000,000 bushels, and this year's crop indicates a surplus of 80,000,000.

RYE.—Market firm. No. 2 Western, $1.88, cost and freight, New York.

CORN.

Prices in the corn market were easier early under liquidating sales due to further evidences that traders will be forced to comply with the attitude of the Government. The market, however, was narrow, and when shorts attempted to cover prices rallied very quickly and advanced 2c to 3c from the lowest, closing with net gains of ⅝c to 1½c. The local cash market was very unsettled, with quotations largely nominal for American corn, while Argentine corn sold at $2.05, free on board cars New York, to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.24	1.21¼	1.23⅜	1.22	94⅜
January	1.20⅜	1.17¼	1.19⅜	1.18⅛	97⅛
May	1.18⅜	1.16⅛	1.17⅜	1.17	97

OATS.

Continued strength in the cash position gave the oats market a very firm undertone and, after an early decline prices rallied, closing with net gains of ⅝c. Export buyers were not in evidence, but apparently Government orders, as well as the domestic demand, continued to absorb the offers, while country selling was small. The local cash market was firmer; standard quoted at 75¾@76c; No. 2 white, 76½c; No. 3 white, 75¼@75½c; No. 4 white, 74¾@75c; fancy clipped white, 76@78c; ordinary clipped white, 75@77c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	68	65½	67¼	66⅝	57⅝
May	67⅝	65½	67	66⅜	62⅛

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was only moderately active, but was stronger. Further reports of a very strong situation in Europe, an advance in the price of hogs, as well as the advance in corn, and the war news, all combined to stimulate confidence. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 34,000, estimated for Thursday, 27,000; Kansas City received 11,000, and Omaha 5,800 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard— November	$27.50	$27.40	$27.50	$27.42	$16.35
January	24.90	24.70	24.85	24.62	16.20
Ribs— January	24.72	24.52	24.72	24.40	14.65
May	24.30	24.15	24.30	24.00	14.77
Pork— January	46.35	45.80	46.25	45.65	27.80

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was quiet, total sales amounting to 2,400 barrels. Tenders of 1,300 barrels on November contract caused some little uneasiness, but subsequently prices became firmer in sympathy with lard and other provisions, as well as on the more favorable war news, and final prices were 15@30 points net higher. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	18.10@19.00	17.85
November	18.00	18.00	18.20	17.90
December	18.15	18.15	18.15@18.30	18.00
January	18.25	18.20	18.20@18.30	18.00
February	..	..	18.15@18.30	18.00
March	18.30	18.20	18.23@18.25	18.04
May	..	..	19.00	..

COFFEE.

The coffee market made a generally steady showing yesterday. The foreign buying which has been one of the features of the last few days was less in evidence, but there was a renewal of scattered covering, and the more optimistic view of the war news was probably reflected in a moderate demand from Wall Street or investment sources. December contracts sold up to 6.85c and May to 7.26@7.28c, with active months generally showing net advance of about 14 to 17 points during the middle of the day. Realizing caused slight reaction later, but closing prices showed net gains of 10 to 12 points. The local spot market was steady, with a fair demand reported. Closing quotations were on the basis of 7½c for Rio 7s and 9¼c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.75@6.76	6.63
December	6.85	6.70	6.80@6.81	6.68
January	..	..	6.90@6.91	6.78
February	..	..	7.00@7.01	6.88
March	7.05	6.98	7.09@7.11	6.97
April	..	..	7.17@7.18	7.05
May	7.28	7.15	7.25@7.26	7.13
June	..	..	7.33@7.34	7.22
July	7.46	7.31	7.42@7.43	7.30
August	..	..	7.50@7.51	7.39
September	7.61	7.51	7.59@7.60	7.41

SUGAR.

Developments in the sugar market point to immediate relief to the acute situation in the Eastern territory. The sugar department of the Food Administration announces the release of sugars held here for export to Russia, believed to be about 10,000 tons. They also announce that twenty-five cars of beet sugar, 25,000 100-pound sacks, have already been shipped from the West for Boston and other New England points. It was also reported that 100,000 sacks are now loading on the Coast to go by rail to Galveston, and from Galveston to New York by steamer. There has been a limited amount of prompt raw sugar sold to the International Sugar Committee at an equivalent of 6.90c, 96 test, delivered. Spot quotations remain nominally unchanged, as follows: Centrifugal, 6.90c; molasses, 6.02c; cost and freight, 5⅜c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 6,252 packages. While the available supply of fine fresh butter is a little more liberal, there is apparently trade enough to absorb the stock quite closely, and a firm feeling prevails in consequence. The medium and secondary grades are fairly plentiful and showing no quotable change. A good deal more business in storage creamery. Ladies are slow, but unchanged. Packing stock steadier. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 46½@47c; extras, (92 score,) 46c; firsts, (88 to 91 score.) 42½@45½c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 40@42c; thirds, 38@39c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 47½@48c; extras, 46½@47c; firsts, 43½@46c; seconds, 41@43c; creamery, held, higher scoring than extras, 43@43½c; extras, 42½@42¾c; firsts, 40½@42c; seconds, 39½@40½c; thirds, 38@39c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 44½@45c; good to prime, 41@44c; common to fair, 35@40c; renovated, extras, 41c; firsts, 39½@40c; lower grades, 35@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 33½@34c; seconds, 33c; lower grades, 31@32½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33@33½c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@31½c.

EGGS.—Receipts, 5,272 cases, not including 250 cases in transit for export. Fancy qualities of fresh-gathered are scarce and firm, with the tendency slightly in sellers' favor. Good medium grades in moderate demand and steady. Undergrades quiet, and values show an extremely wide range. Storage eggs irregular, with trading reported generally in range of unchanged prices. Some receivers report a little better movement and feeling firmer, while others are anxious to sell and the tone is very irregular. Nearby white eggs are a little more plentiful and prices continue in buyers' favor. Fresh-gathered extras, per dozen, 54@55c; extra firsts, 52@53c; firsts, 48@51c; seconds, 42@46c; thirds and poorer, 35@40c; fresh-gathered dirties, No. 1, 34@35c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@33c; fresh-gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 32@33c; undergrades, 25@31c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34½@35c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 33@34c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 31½@32½c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 24@31c; refrigerator, nearby whites, 38@44c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, 72@78c; ordinary to good, 60@70c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 58@72c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets', 55@60c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 55@65c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 55@62c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 46@54c.

In response to the appeal of President Wilson, we are pleased to notify our depositors, stockholders and friends that this bank applied for membership in and has been admitted to the Federal Reserve System.

The Germania Bank
of the City of New York

EDWARD C. SCHAEFER, President,
Charles A. King, Vice-Pres. Bernhart Beinecke, Vice-Pres.
Loftin Love, Cashier. John Burckhardt, Asst.-Cashier.

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Ask us more about this stock and why we recommend its purchase.
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Our War Tax Program
How Production and Values are Decreased
Penalties Instead of Premiums Upon Production
DOW, JONES & CO.'S NEWS BULLETINS of November 22nd will contain a timely article on WAR FINANCE by C. W. BARRON. Publication will also be made in the evening and following morning editions of THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.
It should be read by every investor.
The Dow-Jones Bulletins will be found in all well equipped financial offices

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SHORT TIME INVESTMENTS
Bankers and other investors should familiarize themselves with the facts about the Collateral Trust Securities issued by this Corporation. $30,214,000 issued. $25,195,000 matured and paid. New booklet, "Collateral Trust Securities," giving full data will be sent promptly on mail or telephone request. GUARANTY SECURITIES CORPORATION, 120 Broadway, New York City.

E. F. Combs & Co.
Incorporated
The Hundred Dollar Bond House.
120 Broadway New York

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
E. G. CRAWFORD, President.

WANTED
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Gude, Winmill & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
20 Broad St., N.Y. Rector 8880

DIVIDENDS.

INTERSTATE ELECTRIC CORPORATION
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 8.
A dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Interstate Electric Corporation has been declared, payable Dec. 1st, 1917, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business Nov. 27th, 1917.
ROBERT W. DAVIDSON, Secretary.

Consolidated Interstate-Callahan Mining Co.
61 Broadway,
New York City.
The Board of Directors of the Consolidated Interstate-Callahan Mining Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of fifty cents (50c.) per share, payable Jan. 2, 1918, to stockholders of record on Dec. 20, 1917.
JULIAN B. BEATY, Secretary.
New York, Nov. 19, 1917.

MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.
New York, November 20, 1917.
Dividend 88.
A regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. and an extra dividend of 2½ per cent. on the capital stock of the Mergenthaler Linotype Company will be paid on December 31, 1917, to the stockholders of record as they appear at the close of business on December 5, 1917. The Transfer Books will not be closed.
JOS. T. MACKEY, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

The Cuban-American Sugar Company.
A quarterly dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%,) was declared this day on the outstanding Common Capital Stock payable January 2, 1918 to stockholders of record December 12, 1917.
Checks for the payment of the dividend will be mailed. Transfer books will not be closed.
WALTER J. VREELAND,
Assistant Secretary.
New York, November 21, 1917.

The Cuban-American Sugar Company.
A quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%,) was declared this day on the outstanding Preferred Capital Stock payable January 2, 1918, to stockholders of record December 12, 1917.
Checks for the payment of the dividend will be mailed. Transfer books will not be closed.
WALTER J. VREELAND,
Assistant Secretary.
New York, November 21, 1917.

DIVIDENDS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY
DIVIDEND No. 45.
A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable at the Treasurer's Office, No. 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on January 2, 1918, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., on Friday, November 30, 1917. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend. Cheques will be mailed only to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders.
A. K. VAN DEVENTER, Treasurer.
November 5, 1917.

On Monday, November 26th
The Annalist
will contain a most interesting and comprehensive article on the life insurance policies of three of the leading men of the United States.
If you are contemplating insuring your life, obtain The Annalist of that date and read what other big men think of life insurance.

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FITZGERALD FAVORS A WAR TAX BOARD

Appropriations Chairman Indorses Proposal for an Advisory Committee.

PLANNED TO AID CONGRESS

Move to Avoid Inequalities in Levies—"Would Be of Great Assistance," Fitzgerald Declares.

Congressman John J. Fitzgerald, Chairman of the Appropriations Committee of the House of Representatives, expressed himself yesterday as being strongly in favor of the appointment of a board, as has recently been suggested from various influential quarters, which would have the power to inform and guide Congress toward a more equitable distribution of war taxes than is said to have been accomplished up to the present time.

According to some of the proposals made in Washington, such a board should be appointed by the President or Congress and should consist of financial and business men, who would be competent to collect and present information for the legislators, regarding any business upon which it is proposed to levy. In other words, it would be a "War Tax Board," without any executive authority to impose or readjust levies, but would be constituted entirely for the purpose of keeping Congress informed.

The object of such information and advice would be to avoid the inequalities that are likely to result and have resulted, according to many business interests, from the distribution of war taxes, without a proper acquaintance on the part of the legislators, with the exact manner in which those levies would work out.

Congressman Fitzgerald, when seen at the Bankers' Club yesterday, admitted that his attention had been called to apparent inequities in the present distribution of war taxes. He said that he personally would welcome the establishment of an advisory board or committee that would be in a position to advise Congress.

"A committee or board of that character," Mr. Fitzgerald said, "would be an excellent thing, in that it would prepare and present the information upon which tax levies could be considered. Under conditions that have prevailed in the past Congress has done everything in its power to achieve as fair and as equitable a distribution of war taxes as was possible.

"Owing to the absence of a sufficient amount of information on the subject, however, it is perfectly possible that the ultimate effect of a tax might be entirely different from what was anticipated when that particular levy was originally established. The appointment of a committee or board, competent to judge and advise Congress of these matters beforehand, would of course be of great assistance both to the legislators and to the people."

FROWN ON WAR CREDIT BOARD

No Need of Such Auxiliary Now, Washington Authorities Say.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The necessity of establishing a War Credit Board, such as some of the foreign Governments are understood to have created as an auxiliary in extending war finance, has been urged on the Federal Reserve Board. The idea, it was stated today by a high official, originated outside of Washington and the Reserve Board has not given it serious consideration.

The Reserve Board, it was said, has not been unmindful of the financial situation that has arisen in consequence of the activities of the Government in obtaining money to prosecute the war. In effect, there has been in operation a practice similar to the work of a Credit Board, by which contractors have had the assurance that the United States would see that their claims for munitions furnished to our allies were satisfied. This practice has applied especially to Russia, Serbia, Italy, and Belgium.

But the purpose understood to lie behind the demand for the creation of the Credit Board, it was stated, was to augment Government credit and increase the volume of Government obligations on account of war necessities. Members of the Reserve Board regard the large sales of Government bonds within a comparatively short time as having exhausted the investment surplus of the country for the present, and they are not convinced, it was asserted, that there would be any advantage in the expedient of a Credit Board.

Such a board, it was said, would necessarily be created by Congress under the constitutional limitation as to the expenditure of Government funds or the authorization of Government obligations. It was stated at the office of Secretary McAdoo that he had not given the matter any consideration whatever.

SELLING WAR CERTIFICATES.

Two Classes of Agents to Handle Them—One Class Limited to $1,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Secretary McAdoo announced today that there are to be two classes of agents for the sales of war savings certificates. One class may hold only $1,000 worth of certificates and the second will hold in excess of that amount. Appointments of agents will be made under the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, and any money-order Post Office will furnish blank applications for candidates for agencies, as will also the various State representatives acting under authority from Frank A. Vanderlip, Chairman of the War Savings Committee.

Agents of the first class may obtain supplies, such as stamps, certificates, and thrift crads, from the various agencies only upon payment of the current value of the stamps. In other words, during December, 1917, and January, 1918, these agents must pay $4.12 for each war savings stamp and an additional cent for stamp during each succeeding month of 1918. Thrift stamps always will be sold to agents at their face value of twenty-five cents each.

Agents of the second class, who will be permitted to handle stamps with a maturity value in excess of $1,000, will be required to deposit Liberty bonds or certificates of indebtedness to the aggregate amount of war savings stamps obtained for sale, plus the aggregate face value of all thrift stamps obtained.

A statement issued today by the Secretary of the Treasury shows the cash surrender value of each war savings certificate stamp, prior to Jan. 1, 1923, the date of maturity, to be as follows:

Month.	1918.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.
January	$4.12	$4.24	$4.36	$4.48	$4.60
February	4.13	4.25	4.37	4.49	4.61
March	4.14	4.26	4.38	4.50	4.62
April	4.15	4.27	4.39	4.51	4.63
May	4.16	4.28	4.40	4.52	4.64
June	4.17	4.29	4.41	4.53	4.65
July	4.18	4.30	4.42	4.54	4.66
August	4.19	4.31	4.43	4.55	4.67
September	4.20	4.32	4.44	4.56	4.68
October	4.21	4.33	4.45	4.57	4.69
November	4.22	4.34	4.46	4.58	4.70
December	4.23	4.35	4.47	4.59	4.71

Thrift stamps will not be redeemable in cash, except as they may be exchanged for war savings stamps and then converted into money.

German Cities Bar Concerts and Lectures.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 21.—All concerts, lectures and public meetings in Munich, Bavaria, have been prohibited between Dec. 1 and mid-February. This action is taken because of the fuel shortage, which is steadily becoming worse.

TO AID TRADE ACCEPTANCES.

Campaign Will Be Furthered at Meetings to be Held Here.

The campaign being made by the friends of the national trade acceptance plan for the general adoption of this liquid form of credit, in place of the prevailing "open-book" method will be emphasized at meetings to be held today and tomorrow. The first of these meetings will take place tonight at the Hotel Astor under the auspices of the New York Credit Men's Association, while the American Trade Acceptance Council announces two sessions at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. tomorrow at the rooms of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building.

The meetings will be entirely open, and will be devoted exclusively to treatment of the trade acceptance, including consideration of its practice and procedure. Not only commercial credit and acceptance experts, but representatives of business, great and small, coming from all parts of the country, will take part in the discussions. The results of the experience of more than 1,500 manufacturers, wholesalers, and others who have adopted the trade acceptance in their business will be outlined.

Queen & Crescent Earns $12,466,859

The annual report of the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific Railway Company for the year ended June 30 shows total operating revenues of $12,466,859, an increase over the previous year of $1,406,419, while operating expenses increased $428,866. The total net income was $3,826,506, an increase for the year of $1,571,883, and as only $660,000 was put in permanent improvements, additions, and betterments, the surplus for the year after dividend payment increased by $1,916,174.

REVENUES FALL $7,714,000.

Final September Net Showings of Railroads of United States.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Final compilations of railway earnings for September, completed today by the Interstate Commerce Commission, showed the net revenue from operations was $114,121,000, as compared with $121,835,000 in September last year. Eastern roads, whose application for a 15 per cent. rate increase is pending before the commission, recorded net revenue of $45,735,000, as compared with $49,589,000 last year, and Western roads, whose similar application will be heard next month, earned $71,963,000, as compared with $57,193,000 last year.

Southern roads showed an increase of $16,422,000 this year, compared with $15,052,000 last year.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, coupon, 1930	91	98	4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105
3s, registered, 1918	99	100	2s, coupon, '38, reg	96	98
3s, coupon, 1918	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	98
3s, registered, 1956	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg	84	88
3s, coupon, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	86
3s, conversion, 1947	85	90	2s, registered, 1930	97	98
4s, registered, 1925	104¾	105¾			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
4½s July, 1967	98	98⅝	97¼	4s May, 1919	98½	99½	98⅝
4½s June, 1965	97⅝	98	97½	4s Nov., 1918	98¼	..	99¼
4½s Mar., 1963	97½	98½	98	3½s Nov., 1954	79	..	80
4½s Nov., 1957	97½	98½	98	3½s May, 1954	80	..	81
4½s May, 1957	97½	98½	98	3½s Nov., 1955	79	81	79¼
4½s Nov., 1917	97⅝	..	97⅞				
4¼s April, 1960	91½	92½	91				
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	91	93	91				
4¼s Mar., 1964	91½	92½	91				
4¼s Mar., 1962	91¼	92¾	91				
4¼s Sept., 1960	91½	92½	91				
4s May, 1959	89⅝	91	89				
4s Nov., 1958	89⅝	91	89				
4s May, 1957	89⅝	..	89				
4s Nov., 1956	88	..	89½				
4s Nov., 1955	88	..	89½				
4s Nov., 1936	91	..	92				

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1918-1923	4.65	4.40	4.65
4½s 1924-1931	4.75	4.40	4.65
4¼s 1921-1923	4.75	4.40	4.65
4¼s April, 1920	4.75	..	4.65
4¼s 1918-1919	5.00	..	4.75
3½s 1940-1953	4.80	4.50	4.70
3½s 1930-1939	4.80	4.50	4.70
3½s 1922-1929	4.80	4.50	4.70
3½s 1919-1921	4.80	4.50	4.70

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10,000	‡AetnaExplo.	7¾	7⅝	7½	100	‡S. S.Kresge	67	66	66
500	‡Air Reduc...	73	70	73	11,000	‡MaximMuni.	⅞	⅝	⅞
2,500	‡Car Lt.& P.	2⅝	2⅜	2½	1,000	N.Am.P.& P.	2½	2⅛	2½
100	Carwen Steel	9	9	9	1,500	P'riesaT.&M.	13	11	13
2,600	Chev. Motor.	66	60	64	800	Smith Mot.T.	1¼	1¼	1¼
515	‡Cit. Ser.,old.	211	205	209	1,500	‡Std. Motors.	10½	9½	10
600	‡ Do pf	73	72½	72½	700	Submar.Boat v. t. ctfs...	14¾	14	14¾
700	Curtiss Aero.	28¾	27⅜	28¾	6,000	TriangleFilm v. t. ctfs...	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
210	Em'sonPhon.	5¾	5½	5½	500	‡U.S.Lt.& H.	1¼	1⅛	1¼
600	Int'cont.Rub.	8	8	8	900	U. S. SS. Co.	3¾	3½	3¾
1,500	‡Int.LubeCh.	3⅝	3¼	3¼	1,000	‡United Mot.	16½	15⅝	16⅛
50	‡Int. Motors	10	10	10	3,000	‡Wr.-M. Air.	8	7½	7¾
20	‡ Do 1st pf.	40	40	40					
100	‡ Do 2d pf..	20	20	20					
100	K'yst'eT.&R.	13	13	13					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Ang.-Am. Oil	17	17	17	65	St.O.of N.J..	510	506	510
4,800	Do rights.	3¼	3	3	90	St.O.of N.Y..	254	248	254

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	††Allen Oil..	⅝	[illegible]	⅝	5,000	Met. Petrol..	[illegible]	⅞	[illegible]
7,000	‡Barn.O.& G.	1⅝	1⅜	1⅝	15,000	‡Midw. Oil.	125	118	122
200	‡Beth.O.& G.	10½	10	10½	850	‡Midw. Ref..	117	113	115
12,000	‡†Bos.-Wyo.	30	28	30	2,000	‡N. Y.-Okla.	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,700	‡Cosden Oil.	7⅝	7½	7⅝	6,000	‡†N. W. Oil.	78	75	78
500	‡ Do pf...	4	4	4	8,000	‡†Okla. Oil..	6	5	5¼
3,900	Cumb.P.& R.	1⅝	1⅛	1¼	25,000	‡† Do pf....	19	15	15
1,500	‡Elk B. Pet.	7¼	7	7¼	4,200	Okla.P.& R..	7⅛	6¾	7⅛
1,300	‡Elk.O.& G., (a. pros.)..	½	[illegible]	½	5,000	‡Omar O.&G.	35	32	33
12,000	‡Esmer. Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,200	Osage-H. O..	7¼	6⅝	7¼
400	‡Federal Oil.	3½	2⅝	3	600	‡Pa.-Ky. Oil	5½	5⅜	5½
2,200	‡Friar Oil....	⅝	¼	⅝	3,000	‡Pa.-O.O.&G.	12½	12⅛	12¼
600	‡Glenrock Oil	15½	15	15½	3,000	‡R.R.O.&G.	65	60	65
1,500	‡Han.O.& R.	2	1⅞	2	12,600	‡Rice Oil....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
850	†‡Houston Oil	23	21½	23	500	‡Sap.O.& R..	9	8½	9
2,200	‡Hum.G.C.O. & R.	4¾	4½	4⅝	4,000	‡Seq.O.& R..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2,500	‡Inter. Pet..	11⅛	10¾	11⅛	12,000	‡TuxpamStar	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5,800	Kenova Oil. (a pros.)..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8,000	‡Un.West.Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
640	‡Lost C. Oil	[illegible]	¼	[illegible]	2,000	Vac.G.& O....	[illegible]	⅛	[illegible]
6,000	‡Merritt Oil.	25⅝	24½	25½	1,200	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	3¾	3⅝	3¾
					500	‡Wyo.Un.Oil, new	4¼	3¾	4

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
3,800	Acme C. H..	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞	1,000	‡†Kewanas..	6	6	6
2,100	Al.-Br. C. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	3,200	‡Kirk.Por.G. M., Ltd....	50	50	50
1,000	‡†Atlanta ..	8½	8½	8½	1,000	La R. Cons.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3,000	Big L. Cop.	1⅝	1½	1⅝	3,500	Louis. Cons.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,000	‡†Booth	4	4	4	2,000	Magma Cop.	39½	37¼	38½
1,800	†Bos. & Mon.	54	51	54	1,200	Mason Val..	4¾	4½	4¾
3,500	‡Brad. C. M.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	500	‡Mogul Min.	45	45	45
400	Butte C. & Z. v.t. ctfs.	6½	6⅛	6¼	800	‡Monster Ch.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
600	Butte Det....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	4,000	‡†Moth. Lode	31	29	31
6,500	‡†Caledonia..	50	47	49	13,750	‡†Nat. Leas.	8	6	8
9,650	‡Cal. & Jer..	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	5,000	‡†Nat.Z.& L.	35	30	35
2,500	Canada Cop.	2⅛	2	2⅛	980	‡New Corn..	15	14⅛	15
10,500	‡Cashboy ..	4	3¼	4	100	Nip. Mines..	8	8	8
5,100	‡†Cerb. S. M. & M.(a p.)	42	40	42	44,000	‡†Nixon Nev.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
300	C. Gordo M.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	5,300	‡Ohio Copper	1	[illegible]	[illegible]
300	‡Coco R. M.	5¼	5	5¼	3,500	Prov. Min....	39	38	39
2,600	C. Ariz. Sm.	1¾	1¼	1¾	10,000	‡Rex Con.M.	11½	10½	11
3,000	C. Cop. M....	8	7⅝	7⅝	2,100	S.Kg.of Ariz.	½	½	½
2,100	‡Con.-Home.	18	17	17	3,700	‡†Silver Pick	8½	8	8¼
500	Cresson C.G.	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	8,000	‡†St. Nich. Z.	9¼	8¼	9
6,200	‡Emma Con.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	600	Std. Sil.-Ld.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
800	First N. C...	2¼	2⅛	2¼	3,000	Stewart	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4,000	‡†Fortuna C.	40	36	40	1,500	‡Success M..	13	12	13
4,900	‡Gibson Cop.	2¼	2⅛	2¼	300	Super. Cop., (a pros.)..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
6,200	‡Gila Copper	1¾	1⅝	1¾	500	‡Ton. Belm..	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
2,200	‡Gt. V.Ext.C.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	300	Ton. Exten..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
15,000	‡Gr. M. M..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	12,000	‡†Troy-Ariz.	20	15	19
1,250	Hecla Min...	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝	1,000	Un. Eastern.	3¾	3¾	3¾
5,000	‡†Int. Mines.	10	10	10	1,000	‡Un.Ver.Ext.	33	32½	33
3,000	‡Jer. Verde, (a prosp.)..	1	⅞	[illegible]	700	Unity G. M.	3½	3⅜	3½
4,000	‡J.-Pres.Cop.	3⅞	3¼	3⅞	2,000	‡†Utica Min.	12	12	12
1,300	Josè.-Kenne.. (a pros.)..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	500	W. Caps M.	75	75	75
1,700	†Jumbo Ext.	16	14	16	1,000	‡Wilbert M..	15	15	15

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$25,000	‡Can.Gov.5s	95	94¾	95	$1,000	‡Russ. Gov. new 5½s..	54	54	54
2,000	‡Gen.El.6s, notes	100½	100½	100½	2,000	‡ Do 6½s..	65	65	65

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.	Tuesday Ask.
Am.-Brit.Mfg.	3	6	3	6
Am.-B. M. pf.	20	40	20	40
Br.-Am. Tob., registered...	15	15½	16	15½
Br.-Am. Tob., coupon	15½	16¼	15¼	16¼
Carbon Steel..	75	89	75	89
Can. N. Gas..	⅛	⅝	⅛	⅝
Chalmers Mot.	2	4	2	4
Do pf....	..	50	..	50
Charcoal Iron.	6¾	7¼	6¾	7¼
Do pf......	5½	6	5½	6
Cramp Ship..	71	74	71	74
Curtiss A. pf.	50	75	50	75
Ev. Heaney...	20	20½	20	20½
Free. Texas..	39	40	39	40
Hall Signal...	1	5	1	5
Do pf......	10	20	10	20
Havana Tob...	½	1¼	½	1½
Do pf......	2	5	2	5
Holly Sugar..	40	50	40	50
Do pf......	98	101	98	101
Hupp M. Car	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
Int. Tr. Cp.pf.	55	75	55	75
Kresge pf....	92	98	92	98
Lake Tor. Bt..	3⅝	4	3⅝	4
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf..	6	7	6	7
L. Val. C. S..	58	63	58	63
Lukens Steel.	35	44	35	44
Do 1st pf...	100	102	100	102
Man. Transit.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Marconi of A.	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2¾
Marlin Arms..	85	87	86	87
N. Y. Ship'g..	28	33	29	33

INDUSTRIALS.—Continued.	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.	Tuesday Ask.
Poole E. & M.	60	80	60	80
St. Jos. Lead.	16	16¼	15½	16
A.O.Smith.Cp.	..	30	..	30
Do pf.	88	93	88	93
St.L.,R.M.&P.	28	35	30	35
United Z. S..	1⅜	2	1⅜	2
World Film..	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
OIL STOCKS.				
Kan.-U. Con.	⅞	[illegible]	⅞	[illegible]
Ky. Petrol...	7¼	7½	7¼	7½
Midw. Oil pf.	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
Pierce Oil ...	9	9½	9	9½
Savoy Oil ...	7	9	7	9
Somerset Oil..	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞
MINING STOCKS.				
Alaska Std...	24	27	24	27
Big Jim	½	¾	½	¾
Bingham M....	11	12	11	12
Brant Mines.	55	58	55	58
Butte & N. Y.	½	¾	½	¾
Butte-R. Cp.	5¾	6	5¾	6
Calaveras Cp.	1½	2	1½	2
Dundee-Ariz...	¾	1	¾	1
Gold Con....	40	42	39	41
Gold. Merger..	3	4	3	4
Globe D. Cop.	[illegible]	½	[illegible]	½
Howe Sound..	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
Iron Blossom.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Magnate Cop.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Milford Cop..	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
White C. Ext.	11	13	11	13
BOND.				
Pierce O.6s.'24	70	75	70	75

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil....	16⅝	17¼	16⅝	Pierce Oil	9	9½	9
Atlantic Refining.	800	820	790	Pierce Oil cv.6s.'24	70	75	70
Borne-Scrymser ...	400	425	400	Prairie Oil & Gas.	400	410	400
Buckeye Pipe Line.	88	92	85	Prairie Pipe Line..	227	232	225
Chesebrough Mfg..	320	340	325	Solar Refining	300	310	295
Colonial Oil......	50	70	50	Southern Pipe L...	190	195	190
Continental Oil...	430	460	430	South. Penn. Oil...	250	260	250
Crescent Pipe Line.	33	35	33	S. W. Penn.......	100	105	100
Cumberland P. L..	135	145	135	Stand. Oil of Cal..	218	223	220
Eureka Pipe Line..	190	200	190	Stand. Oil of Ind..	595	605	585
Galena Signal Oil..	123	130	125	Stand. Oil of Kan..	445	455	445
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	125	135	125	Stand. Oil of Ky..	320	330	320
Illinois Pipe Line.	185	195	185	Stand. Oil of Neb..	475	500	475
Indiana Pipe Line..	80	83	80	Stand. Oil of N. J.	508	513	505
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd..	11¼	11¾	10	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	252	257	245
National Transit...	12	13	12	Stand. Oil of Ohio.	420	430	420
N. Y. Transit.....	175	185	175	Swan & Finch.....	95	105	95
Northern Pipe L...	96	100	95	Union Tank.......	80	84	80
Ohio Oil	293	298	288	Vacuum Oil	320	325	320
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co.	33	36	31	Washington Oil....	30	35	30

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
Aetna pf.........	38	42	36	Can. Found's F....	140	150	..
American Brass...	208	212	200	Colt's Arms	57	62	56
Atlas Powder	156	158	158	Du Pont	280	285	280
Do pf........	94	98	92	Hercules	245	249	248
Babcock & Wilcox.	108	110	109	Do pf..........	111	114	112
Bliss	400	450	400	Niles-Bem't-Pond..	115	129	110
Do pf..........	75	83	73	Scovill Mfg	415	420	410
Canadian Explo....	235	335	350	Winchester Arms...	700	..	750
Do pf..........	104	110	104				

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
American Cigar....	85	95	90	MacAndrews & F..	185	200	190
Do pf........	85	93	90	Do pf..........	95	100	98
Conley Foil.......	200	250	200	P. R.-Am. Tob.....	170	185	175
J. S. Young......	130	150	150	Do scrip........	120	130	115
Do pf.........	105	110	105	R. J. Reynolds....	450	500	450
				Do pf	100	[illegible]	[illegible]

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
130	Am. Light & Traction	220	200	215	220
300	Pacific Gas & Electric	36¼	34½	36	37

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	17	20	Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	70	75	Miss. River Power	7	9
Am. Gas & Electric	90	95	Miss. River Power pf	34	38
Am. Gas & Elec. pf	43	45	Northern Ohio Electric	27	32
Am. Light & Trac. pf	90	92	Northern Ohio Elec. pf	68	72
Am. Power & Light	40	45	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow	11	15
Am. Power & Light pf	77	80	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf	53	56
Am. Public Utilities	30	35	Northern States Power	53	57
Am. Pub. Utilities pf	62	66	Northern States P. pf	84	88
Am. Water W. & Elec	4	5	Northern Texas Electric	60	54
Am. W. W. & E. partic	10	12	Northern Tex. Elec. pf	68	74
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf	59	61	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Carolina Power & Light	30	31	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf	79	80
Carolina P. & L. pf	93	95	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pt	96	98
Cities Service	208	210	Pub. Serv. Secur. pt	73½	76½
Cities Service pf	72¼	73	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	13	16
Colorado Power	20	23	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf	48	53
Colorado Power pf	93	98	Ry. & Lt. Secur. pf	86	90
Columbus Electric pf	78	82	Republic Ry. & Light	18	21
Commonwealth P. & L.	35	37	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf	59	62
Com'wealth P. & L. pf	58	62	Sierra Pac. El. pf	62½	67½
Conn. Power pf	85	90	Southern Cal. Edison	80	83
Consumers' Power pf	89	92	South. Cal. Edison pf	93	97
Dayton Power & Lt. pf	79	81	Standard Gas & Elec	4	6
Duluth Edison	75	80	Stand. Gas & Elec. pf	21	24
Eastern Texas Electric	50	55	Tampa Electric	102	..
Eastern Texas Elec. pf	79	84	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow	2	4
El Paso Electric	100	104	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf	10	13
El Paso Electric pf	89	93	Texas Power & Lt. pf	97	100
Electric B. & S. pf	93	96	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf	86	88
Electric Properties	50	55	United Gas Improve	80	89¼
Empire Dist. Elec. pf	84	89	United Light & Rys	26	29
Federal Light & Trac	..	9	United Light & Rys. pf	60	62
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf	..	38	Wash. I. W. L. & P. pf	81½	84
Galveston-Hous. Elec	16	..	West. P. Ter. & W. P.	10	15
Galveston-Hous. El. pf	..	68	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf	50	65
Gas & Elec. Securities	250	300	West. Penn. P. pf	85	100
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf	93	98	Western Power	7	10
Idaho Power 7% pf	98	100	Western Power pf	40	45
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf	96	98	Wisconsin Edison	35	40
Interstate Electric	36	42	Yadkin River P. 7% pf	98	100
Interstate Electric pf	90	95			

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, 20	97¼	98¼	Middle West U. 6s, '25	95	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	63	66	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	98½	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	70	75	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	70
Carolina P. & L. 5s	89	92	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	82	88
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	95	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s,'31	78	83½
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	93	97½	Nor. States P. 6s, 1926	92	94
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s,'27	70	75	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	87	87½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	96½	100	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963	90	95	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100½	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	Omaha & C. B. 5s	89	93
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	90	98	P., G. & E.(Ariz.) 6s,'34	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	90	93	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96	97
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	88	91	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s,'43	94	96
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	95	100	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39	88	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	85	90	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	88	92
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	87	92	U.S. R., R. & M. 6s,'25	111	113
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	Union L. & R. 1st 5s,'32	80	87
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	75	80	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26	94	98
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	90	95	United Util. cv. 6s, '43	93	98
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	97	100	Utah Securities 6s	86	87
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44	93	96	Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	94½	98
Kooz. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	90	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
L., G. & E. Co. 1st 5s'41	85	90	West. S. G. & E. 1st 6s	91½	93½
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	West P. P. 1st 5s, '46	89	92
			Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	90	95

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

With confirmation of the British victory in France trading on the Consolidated Stock Exchange swelled rapidly in volume, and prices, which had been hesitant, moved upward. Gains ranging from fractions to 6 points were registered, and, while there was some profit-taking at the close, the final figures were only a shade under the best.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60	Allis-Chalm.	19¼	18¼	19¼	540	Kennec'tCop.	34	32½	33⅝
490	Am.BeetSug.	75¼	73¾	74⅞	910	Lack. Steel..	80	76½	79⅛
920	Am. Can....	36¾	34⅝	35⅞	10	Lehigh Val..	54	54	54
190	Am.Car & F.	64⅝	64⅛	64⅝	660	Mex. Petrol..	80⅞	78⅛	79⅞
20	Am. H. & L.	13½	13½	13½	190	Midvale Steel	45	43⅞	44⅞
10	Am. Linseed	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	50	Miami Cop..	28⅛	27⅞	27⅞
550	Am. Locomo.	55½	54⅛	55	580	Mo. Pacific..	25	23⅝	24⅝
1,460	Am. Sm.& R.	77⅝	75¼	76⅛	610	N. Y. Cent...	72	70⅝	71⅞
80	Am.Sum.Tob.	54¼	54⅜	54⅜	170	N. Y., N. H. & H	27½	26	27½
90	Am. Sugar...	96	95⅝	96	10	North. Pac..	88	88	88
130	Am.Tel.&Tel.	108½	108¼	108¼	110	Ohio Cit.Gas	36⅞	36⅛	36⅞
50	Am. Wool...	42¼	42¼	42¼	180	Pennsylvania	47⅝	46⅞	47⅝
2,540	Anaconda ...	59¼	57⅞	58¼	50	Ray Copper..	22½	22½	22½
130	A., T.& S.Fe	86¼	85⅜	86¼	1,920	Reading	72⅝	70⅝	71⅞
680	Bald. Loco..	59	57¼	58	520	Rep. I. & S..	75¼	74	75¼
70	Balt. & Ohio.	52¼	52¼	52¼	50	Sinclair Oil..	32½	31½	32½
4,960	Beth. Steel.B	84¼	81⅝	82⅜	200	SouthernPac.	83⅝	82⅝	82⅞
240	B'klyn R. T.	44¾	44⅛	44⅜	160	Southern Ry.	25⅛	24½	25⅛
20	Cal. Petrol..	13½	13½	13½	330	Studebaker...	39⅝	39	39⅞
580	Can. Pacific.	136⅜	132¾	135⅛	200	Tob. Prod ..	47⅛	46⅞	47⅛
2,330	Cent. Leath.	67¼	64	67	560	Union Pac...	117	115⅜	116⅝
20	Ches. & Ohio	48¼	48¼	48¼	740	U.S.Ind.Alco.	111⅝	105⅝	111⅝
520	C.,M.& St.P.	40	38⅝	39⅜	200	U. S. Rub...	52	51⅝	51⅝
50	C., R. I.& P.	19½	19½	19½	73,090	U. S. Steel..	98¼	95⅞	97
60	Chino Copper	41½	41	41½	960	Utah Copper.	79¼	77⅛	78⅝
180	Col.Fuel & I.	35	33⅞	35	50	W'houseElec.	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛
20	Con. Gas ...	84⅝	84¼	84⅝	150	Willys-Over.	18	17⅛	18
670	Corn Prod...	30	28¾	29⅞		BONDS.			
1,990	Cruc. Steel..	58⅜	55¼	57	$1,500	Lib. 4s	97.86	97.86	97.86
970	Cuba C. Sug.	29½	28	28¾	1,000	Do 3½s ...	99.00	98.50	98.50
190	Del. & Hud..	89⅝	88⅜	88½	12,000	B'klyn R. T. 5s, 1918	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
930	Dist. Secur...	37	35	36		MINING STOCKS.			
970	Erie	15⅛	14⅞	15¼	1,000	Atlanta ...	.08½	.08½	.08½
10	Erie 1st pf...	24	24	24	500	G'ldf'dCon.	.40	.40	.40
750	Gen. Motors.	90	87¼	90	200	Iron Blos..	.50	.50	.50
10	Goodrich Co.	35¾	35¾	35¾	400	Jumbo Ext..	.16	.16	.16
110	Gt. Nor. Ore	26¾	26¼	26⅜	400	Montana...	.13	.13	.13
150	Insp. Copper.	44½	43¾	44½	500	Rochester..	.38	.36	.36
450	Int.Mer.Mar.	26½	25⅝	26¼	400	Tono. Ext..	1.60	1.60	1.60
6,720	Do pf	99⅜	97¼	98⅝	300	Union Con..	1.15	1.15	1.15
100	Int. Nickel..	27⅛	26⅝	27⅛					
50	Int. Paper...	23	23	23					
10	Kan.City So.	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜					

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Atlantic Pet.	34	34	34	55	Houston Oil.	23	21½	23
60	Con. Coal...	89	89	89	225	Do pf. ...	59	58	59
118	Con. Power.	98¾	97½	97½	35	M. & M. Bk.	27½	27	27½
226	Cosden	7⅝	7⅜	7⅝	70	North. Cent.	77	77	77
20	Do pf.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	10	United Ry..	24	24	24
160	Davidson ...	24	24	24					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Balt. Tr. 5s, N. B.	98½	98½	98½	5,000	Cos. 6s, B..	79½	79½	79½
1,000	C. Gas 4½s..	85½	85½	85½	1,000	M. & St. P. jt. 5s	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
1,000	Con. Gas 5s.	100	100	100	6,000	U. Ry.inc.4s.	55	55	55

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
515	Am. Zinc....	15¼	13¼	15	10	Mass Con....	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
60	Ahmeek	87	85	87	136	Mohawk	63⅝	61½	63⅝
140	Alaska Gold.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	25	NewArcadian	2	2	2
35	Allouez	55½	54	55½	610	New Idria..	12⅛	11⅛	12⅛
420	Anaconda ...	59	58	58⅝	50	North Butte.	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛
460	Ariz. Com'l..	10¼	9⅞	10	800	North Lake.	50	50	50
650	Butte & Bal.	55c.	35c.	55c.	405	Old Domin...	38½	38	38½
208	Cal. & Ariz.	67	66	67	298	Osceola	61	60	60⅝
6	Cal. & Hecla.	450	450	450	230	Pond Creek..	18	17⅛	18
15	Centennial...	14	14	14	132	Quincy	69½	66½	68½
190	CopperRange	46	45	46	100	Shannon	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
740	Davis-Daly..	4⅜	4	4⅜	25	St. Mary's..	52	52	52
400	East Butte..	10½	10¼	10½	150	Sup. & Bost.	3¼	3¼	3¼
10	Franklin	5	5	5	240	Trinity	4½	4	4½
210	Hancock	9⅝	8⅝	9⅝	700	Tuolumne ..	1¼	1¼	1¼
50	Island Creek	54	54	54	510	U. S. Smelt..	46	44	45⅜
237	Isle Royale..	25	24	24⅝	70	Do pf......	45	45	45
150	Kerr Lake...	5	5	5	105	Utah Con....	12½	12¼	12½
25	Lake	6½	6½	6½	25	Utah Copper	79	79	79
100	Mason Val..	5	4⅞	5	430	Utah Metal.	3¼	3¼	3¼

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
6	Bost. & Alb.	131	130	130	85	Mass. Elec..	3½	3	3⅜
55	Boston Elev.	34	33	33	75	Do pf......	14	14	14
50	Bos. & Low.	80	80	80	121	New Haven..	28	26	28
61	Bos. & Me..	21½	20¼	21¼	228	West End...	36⅜	34¾	36⅜
2	Fitchb'g pf..	50	48½	48½	63	Do pf......	48	46½	48
105	Maine Cent..	89	89	89					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1	Am.-Ag. Ch.	76½	76½	76½	17	N. E. Tel...	103	102	103
15	Do pf......	92	92	92	35	Punta Sugar	32	32	32
100	Am. Pn. Ser., 2d pf....	10	10	10	145	Swift	124½	123⅝	124½
16	Am. Sugar..	98¼	98¼	98¼	6	Torrington...	47	47	47
15	Do pf......	109	109	109	25	Do pf......	28	28	28
340	Am. T. & T.	109	108	109	50	Union Land.	75c.	75c.	75c.
15	Am.Wool.pf.	88⅝	88	88¼	250	United Drug, 1st pf....	50	50	50
335	A.,G.& W.I..	101	98	100½	307	Unit. Fruit..	118¼	117	118¼
50	Art Metal...	9	9	9	337	United Shoe.	41	40½	40⅝
1	Edison	159	159	159	60	Do pf......	25¼	25¼	25¼
130	Mass. Gas...	78⅜	77⅞	78	250	Ventura Oil.	5¼	5¼	5¼
18	Nova Scotia.	62	61	62					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	A.G.&W.I.5s	77⅝	77¼	77⅝	$66,000	Lib'ty 3½s..	99.00	98.80	98.80
1,000	Mas.Gas4½s	88	88	88	7,600	Do 4s....	98.50	97.80	98.50

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Shipb'g.	88	88	88	200	Pub. Service.	73	72¼	72½
24	Do pf....	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	238	People's Gas.	40	38⅛	40
230	Booth Fish..	17½	17¼	17½	5	Quaker Oats.	235	235	235
240	Chi. City & Conn.Rys.pf.	13½	13½	13½	5	Do pf	97	97	97
275	Chi. Pn. Tool	48½	47	48	270	Sears-Roe ..	142	140	142
50	Chi.Rys.,Ser.2	10½	10¼	10½	70	Stewart-W...	47⅛	47	47⅝
4	Chi.Title&Tr.	180	180	180	674	Swift & Co..	125	124	124⅝
4	Com. Edison.	103	102	102½	3,579	Carbon	49⅞	48¼	49¼
25	Deere&Co.pf.	95	95	95	75	U. Paperb'd.	18	18	18
3	Hartman ...	43	43	43	76	Wilson	46	46	46
					5	Do pf	95	95	95

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Chi. City & Conn.Ry.5s	58	58	58	$1,000	Peo. G.ref.5s	80	80	80
3,000	Chi.Rys.1st5s	82¼	82	82	5,000	S.Side El.4½s	80	80	80
5,000	Com. Edison 1st 5s	92⅞	92½	92¼	8,100	Lib. 3½s	98.90	98.90	98.90
					3,000	Do 4s	97.98	97.94	97.98

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60	Brill	15	14	15	375	Phil.R.T.t.c..	25¼	25	25⅛
160	Elec Stor. B.	49½	49¼	49½	82	Phila. Trac..	68	68	68
50	Gen.Asph.pf.	52	52	52	100	Ton. Belm't.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
2,205	L. Sup. Cor.	11¾	11¼	11⅝	200	Ton. Mining.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
159	Lehigh Nav.	57⅛	56⅛	57	40	Union Trac..	41	40½	40⅞
1	L. V. R. R.	54	54	54	202	Un. Gas Im.	69¼	69	69¼
1,414	Pennsylvania	47⅝	46¾	47	3	W. J. & S. S.	44⅛	41	44¼
238	Phila. Elec..	25⅝	25¼	25⅝					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A. G. & E. 5s	85	85	85	$1,000	Pa. gen. 4½s	90	90	90
1,000	Liberty 3½s..	98.20	98.20	98.20	5,000	Phil.El.1st 5s	95	95	95
550	Do 4s	97.86	97.80	97.86	2,000	Rdg. gen. 4s	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝

INTERBOROUGH CALL WOMEN TO WORK

Company Will Employ Ticket Sellers and Choppers on Subway and Elevated Lines.

SOME WILL BE CONDUCTORS

Women Employes Will Get Same Pay as Men Received Who Have Been Called to War.

Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and of the New York Railways Company, announced yesterday that, as a war measure, those organizations would receive applications from women for places as station employes on the subway and elevated lines and as conductors on the surface cars. Preference will be given to dependent women relatives of employes now in the army and navy. The pay will be the same as that for men.

Frank Hedley, General Manager of the Interborough, said last night that women would be used as ticket sellers on the new subways to be opened within a few weeks. This will require several thousand women. He said that if labor conditions became such as to make it necessary, women would also be used as ticket choppers on the subways and elevated. He said that while it would not be the policy of the Interborough to replace men now employed with women, that the vacancies in station employes, as they occurred, would be filled with women. Applicants must be between 21 and 45 years old.

As for the surface lines, Mr. Hedley said that at this time be could use 150 women conductors, and that there would be room for more as time want on. The women conductors will be placed on the pay-as-you-enter type of cars. Thus they will not have the work of squeezing among the passengers of crowded cars to collect fares.

Mr. Hedley said that the pay of women conductors would be 27 cents an hour. The usual day on the New York Railways is ten hours, but Mr. Hedley stated that there were a number of runs which were eight hours long, for which the conducstors were paid for ten hours. These runs will be given to women at first. The ticket sellers will be paid 24 cents an hour. The women will work six days a week.

In a statement Mr. Shont says:

The vigorous prosecution of the war by our soldiers and sailors at the front is largely dependent upon the successful carrying on of the nation's industries. The maintenance of an adequate service on the elevated and subway lines of this company is indispensable to the welfare of the City of New York, and to a large degree the effective co-operation of this city with the Government at Washington is dependent upon the city's transportation service.

You who in such large numbers have joined the army or the navy will realize that the work which you formerly performed here, until your return, must be undertaken by others. You probably know that in many of the other countries engaged in this war it has been found necessary to afford to women the opportunity during the war of taking up those duties in civil life which they can perform and which were formerly intrusted to men. This country soon must follow a similar plan if its full strength in the war is to be exerted.

A review of the industrial situation in New York, made public by the Merchants' Association last week, said that there had been no widespread employment of women for men's work in New York as a war measure. The action of the Interborough and the New York Railways represents what is perhaps the largest departure in this direction that has been made in this city since the United States entered the war.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 21.—Twenty-five new corporations, with an aggregate capital of $852,000, were chartered today. They include:

Universal Motor Sales Co., Amsterdam, $15,000; E. Reamer, F. B. Benjamin, F. S. Mosher, Amsterdam.

The Threadless Pipe and Coupling Co., Cohoes, $5,000; T. H. Burke, W. and W. J. Beattie, Cohoes.

Dinkel & Rapps, Queens, meat products, 100 shares common stock no par value, active capital $15,000; J. Rapps, F. and C. Dinkel, 576 Woodward Av., Brooklyn.

Spring Valley Distillers' Distributers Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Vernickoff, G. and N. Roemer, 1,990 7th Av.

The Staib-Fink Co., Manhattan, goods, wares, and merchandise, $15,000; W. G. Staib, E. H. and W. H. Fink, 41 Convent Av.

Premier Printing Co., Manhattan, $6,000; C. Pitchmann, S. Notes, M. M. Greenwald, 2,121 Belmont Av.

Cross Metal Products Corp., Manhattan, snap fasteners and buttons, 1,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $155,000; G. Goldsmith, R. Hartmann, S. Schwartz, 165 Broadway.

G. F. Co., Manhattan, motion pictures, $10,000; H. S. Perrigo, G. F. Jebbett, A. E. Moore, 37 Wall St.

Allied Americas Corp., Manhattan, food products, dry goods, cutlery, and notions, $125,000; J. J. Shea, C. W. McChesney, A. L. Carter, 85 Warren St.

The Delpheon Sales Co., Manhattan, pianos, phonograph and mechanical musical instruments, $5,000; R. V. Olsen, J. D. Manton, A. E. Smith, 2,178 Broadway.

Elise Stauffer Co., Manhattan, millinery, and dressmaking, $25,000; S. C. McEntee, E. S. and J. R. Chalmers, 8 West 47th St.

S. & G. Gross Co., Manhattan, pawn brokerage, $30,000; A. Rodgers, G. and S. S. Gross, 2,041 Fifth Av.

Atwood Photo Taker Co., Albany, $300,000; H. G. Atwood, J. A. O'Connor, J. L. Mallett, Albany.

Robert Roy Co., Manhattan, stationery, $40,000; C. F. Hitzelberger, R. R. and R. R. Tietenberg, Jr., 54 Franklin St.

Wilson & Greene Motor Co., Syracuse, $50,000; L. Will, G. M. Wilson, Q. H. Greene, Syracuse.

Knit Products Corp., Buffalo, 200 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $20,000; E. C. Schlenker, V. E. O'Grady, E. L. Marshall, Buffalo.

Rosellio Cement Block and Const. Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; G. Roseillo, J. A. Mauer, C. G. Mitchell, 1,969 East 17th St., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES:

Roy Realty Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $50,000.

Youmans, Inc., Manhattan, $125,000 to $150,000.

Port Aux Quilles Lumber Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

I. Seidler, Inc., Manhattan, $2,000 to $20,000.

Isleboro Amusement Corp., Manhattan, $7,000 to $15,000.

All Americas Association, Inc., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Robert Reis & Co., Manhattan, $15,000 to $1,110,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

The National Crafts Mfg. Co., Inc., Brooklyn, $12,000 to $1,000.

MERGER.

The Holzapfels American Compositions Co., with the International Compositions Co., Manhattan.

DISSOLUTIONS.

G. F. Film Co., Inc., Manhattan.
The Lucille Waist Co., Manhattan.
J. and H. Truck Co., Jamaica.
District Realty Co., Manhattan.
Homer-Lebolt Co., Manhattan.
J. M. Taylor & Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 21.—Charters filed:

Way Cleanse Corp., machines for cleaning streets, car tracks, &c., $5,000,000; Samuel B. Howard, Arthur W. Britton, and George V. Reilly of New York City.

Arden Building and Loan Assn., $300,000; Perry Russell, Edwin Spotter, and William E. Sweeting, local Arden, Del., parties.

Increase in capital stock: Winthrop Ives Co., Chicago, Ill., from $250,000 to $1,500,000; Albion Oil Corp., New York City, from $750,000 to $1,000,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 21.—Browne Ferrer, Inc., Plainfield, chemicals, $50,000; John S. Johnston of North Plainfield and Gustave Clement and Louis A. Clement, both of Plainfield.

Delphia Silk Co., Paterson, $25,000; Joseph Habib, Elias Habib, and Abdo Azrak, all of Paterson.

Union Tire Co., West New York, $6,000; Emma Tilfenbronner, Catherine E. Weber, and Henry B. Fischer, all of Guttenberg.

Otto Snap Fastener Co., Newark, $2,000; Geo. B. Brandt, John Kovats, and Henry M. Salyer, all of Newark.

PLAN TO CONSOLIDATE PENNSYLVANIA LINES

President Rea Confirms Reported Movement to Acquire Roads in Northwest System.

Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, yesterday in a formal statement confirmed reports that the Pennsylvania was considering a plan for the consolidation of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and the Pennsylvania Company, which now form the two operating wings of the Pennsylvania System, the first east and the other west of Pittsburgh.

"The Board of Directors," Mr. Rea says, "is considering the acquisition by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company of the lines comprised in the Northwest System, chiefly the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway, the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, the Erie & Pittsburgh Railroad, and other roads now entirely owned and operated by the Pennsylvania Company.

"All the capital stock of the Pennsylvania Company is owned by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Final conclusions have not been reached by the Board of Directors, but when they are a public announcement will be made. The acquisition of the Pennsylvania Company is in line with our policy of eliminating unnecessary corporation and duplicate accounting and financing. Whether it is finally consummated or not, it will not disturb the experienced and efficient organization of the Pennsylvania System now at Pittsburgh, which has charge of the administration and operation of the Western lines. Under the present pressure of traffic, and in order to assist most effectively in the prosecution of the war, we need more experienced officers instead of decreasing the number.

"The rumored creation of a Chairman of the board, and other radical changes in our organization, have no foundation in fact."

BUTTE & SUPERIOR PROFITS.

Profit for Last Quarter Cut from $1,003,237 to $95,320.

The report of earnings of the Butte and Superior Mining Company for the quarter ended Sept. 30 shows a heavy falling off, the total gross income being $804,643, against $2,040,930 for the previous quarter. The loss was marked in all departments save in the recoveries from tailings at the mills. On the other hand, operating costs, &c., were reduced from $1,037,693 to $709,323. None the less, the profit for the quarter was reduced from $1,003,237 to $95,320.

The Butte and Superior recently lost a suit brought in the United States District Court at Butte by the Minerals Separation Company, which alleged that Butte and Superior was infringing its patents in a mining process. The Butte and Superior Company has appealed, but in the interim an accounting has been ordered, and the company's net earnings are ordered deposited pending final adjudication.

TOBACCO CENSUS ON JAN. 1.

Government Directs Manufacturers to Make an Inventory Then.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue today issued an order that manufacturers of tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes will be required to make inventories on Jan. 1 next, in accordance with the law. Manufacturers are notified to observe the following instructions:

All tobacco material in the factory should be segregated according to classification.

Each class of tobacco should be weighed separately. The inventory must include unstemmed tobacco to be stored off the bonded factory premises.

All stamped as well as unstamped manufactured plug, twist, fine cut, and smoking tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes of the several classes must be separately weighed or counted.

SOON TO REGULATE PACKERS

Hoover's Agent in Chicago Prepares Plan to Cut Their Profits.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—Joseph P. Cotton, meat and packing house controller for Mr. Hoover, is satisfied that packers' profits can be cut possibly 50 per cent. without material damage to the packers, and is expected to issue an important statement of his plans tomorrow.

For more than a month experts have been going over the books of the packing houses.

The packers made no protest at having their records analyzed and are ready to accept whatever prices he fixes, it is said.

HALLE LEFT $2,278,461.

Stock Exchange Member Makes Many Charitable Bequests.

Jacques Halle, member of the Stock Exchange firm of Halle & Stieglitz, who died Nov. 30 last, had an estate appraised yesterday at $2,638,806 gross and $2,278,461 net. He left the income from the residuary estate of $1,183,322 to his wife, Hattie S. Halle, and gave $300,000 to his son, Stanley J. Halle. Upon the death of Mrs. Halle $100,000 each is to be paid from the principal of her trust fund to Beth Israel Hospital, Montefiore Home, the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, Hebrew Technical School for Girls and Hebrew Technical Institute to establish a memorial for the decedent at each institution. The institutions named also get $2,500 each outright, while an equal sum goes to the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, and the Educational Alliance, and $5,000 each to Mount Sinai Hospital and the Hebrew Orphan Asylum. The United Hebrew Charities gets $2,000, and $1,000 goes to the Crippled Children's East Side Free School.

Mr. Halle had a capital acount of $1,976,346 with Halle & Stieglitz, and his interest in the firm was $293,482. His Stock Exchange seat was appraised at $75,000. He had securities worth $156,464.

THORNE SHAW'S WILL FILED.

Directs Inquiry Should He or Wife Die in Accident.

The will of Thorne Shaw, who died Oct. 24 last at 24 East Sixty-eighth Street, directed that "in case of accident to myself and wife resulting in our deaths I wish the circumstances investigated, for if I should survive my wife I am entitled, under the will of my wife's father, Henry Weil, to $150,000. I wish this sum equally divided between my sisters and nieces."

The testator gave only his personal effects to his wife, because her father had provided for her amply. He left the remainder of his estate to his sisters, nieces, and other relatives, the largest bequent, of $10,000, going to Edith Shaw of Rochester.

Herbert Pulitzer Becomes Executor.

Under the provision of the will of Joseph Pulitzer, making his sons executors and trustees as soon as they became of age, Herbert Pulitzer, the youngest son, was appointed yesterday by Surrogate Fowler, having just attained his majority. He was appointed on the recommendation of his brothers, Ralph and Joseph, and the Union Trust Company, and will succeed J. Angus Shaw. He is now stationed at the Naval Aviation Detachment Institute, Boston.

Clinton W. Bird Left $3,080,428.

The estate of Clinton W. Bird, lawyer, who died Dec. 23 last, was appraised yesterday at $3,080,428, of which $2,820,084 was in eighty-two holdings of stocks and bonds. He gave $508,705 to his wife, Mrs. Lena Bird, and $1,476,458 to his son, Wallis C. Bird. He left $5,000 to the Peekskill Hospital, and from $250 to $1,000 each to ten employes.

WATER CO. SUSPENDS IN M'KINLEY PARK

Private Concern Headed by Ex-Senator Reynolds Shuts Off Supply Without Notice.

A complicated situation has arisen over the action of the Blythebourne Water Company, which served the McKinley Park district of Brooklyn, in closing down without notice last Friday and leaving thousands of families without any water supply. W. H. Reynolds, former Senator, is head of the company. The city has now connected up the mains of the Blythebourne company with its supply, and the former patrons of the company are being supplied. The complication arose over the question of who is to pay for the water now used. The McKinley Park residents are said to have paid the Blythebourne company for water supply up to May 1, 1918. The city has installed a meter to measure the amount of water flowing into the mains of the company.

Patrons of the company noticed last Friday that their supply was running to almost nothing, and appealed to the office of the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity. A deputy was sent to the plant of the Blythebourne company in Brooklyn and was told that the plant had shut down that day because the price of coal and labor had advanced so that the company could not make any money. According to city officials, no notice had been given. Commissioner Williams at once set a force of men to connect the city supply with the mains of the company, and on Tuesday residents of McKinley Park had an ample supply of water.

Commissioner Williams said last night that the company would have to pay for all water supplied to its patrons by the city for the time their contracts had to run. As to whether the city would take over the mains of the Blythebourne company, he said that was a matter of bargaining, and it depended on how much the company wanted for its mains.

It is said that the Public Service Commission will make an investigation to fix responsibility for the shutting down of the plant without notice.

The Blythebourne Water Company has been in business for about twenty-five years, and is one of the eight private companies remaining in business in New York City.

WANTED

We have an opening for one good, live advertising agency representative with $100,000 to $500,000 business.

A strong, experienced agency man who wishes a better connection can secure an exceptional chance to furnish his clients with the highest of service, and open the way to new business for himself.

The connection may be made with either our New York or Chicago Office.

Address for personal appointment with one of the Directors of our company,

AGENCY SERVICE,
F 451 Times Annex.

Investing Money

Successful investing of one's funds does not merely consist in selecting good issues. There are times to buy as well as times not to buy. Six months ago was a poor time to buy any securities.

What about the present time? Subscribers to this Service are being given definite answers to all such questions as this. Let us tell you about our Service.

Ask for Booklet No. 250.

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Singer Manufacturing
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Phone Broad 5140. 30 Broad St., New York
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

DIVIDENDS.

REPUBLIC IRON & STEEL COMPANY.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 57.
At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, held November 16th, 1917, the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred stock was declared, payable January 2nd, 1918, to stockholders of record December 15th, 1917. Books remain open.
COMMON DIVIDEND NO. 5.
At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, held November 16th, 1917, a dividend of 1½% on the Common stock was declared, payable February 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record January 15th, 1918. Books remain open.
R. JONES, JR., Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Chartered 1799.
BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY.
New York, November 2, 1917.
Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their Banking House, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the fourth day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
By order of the Directors.
D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

CORN EXCHANGE BANK

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities $28,111,302.71
Private securities 16,031,244.75
Real estate owned 3,845,734.69
Mortgages owned 806,816.25
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral 384,153.60
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral 29,015,946.79
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral 27,340,864.26
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured 5,987.23
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets $2,500,000.00
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item .... 1,864,705.15 — 4,364,705.15
Specie 6,836,360.72
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States 571,495.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings $13,436,401.17
Other cash items 2,527,647.90 — 15,963,889.07
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets 16,849,837.00
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra) 1,961,148.62
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date ... $365,778.10
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date ... 72,180.44 — 438,958.54
Total $161,838,224.38

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock $3,500,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund ... $6,500,000.00
Undivided profits 1,010,311.66 — 7,510,311.66
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks $6,756,321.06
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions. 58,238.39
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York .. 22,899.50
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check 119,972,227.14
Demand certificates of deposit 1,388,714.38
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of pass-books 810,872.95
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers 5,235,863.14
Certified checks 5,988,413.80
Unpaid dividends 3,309.00
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers.. 8,708,439.25
Extend total deposits...... 143,491,158.13
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future rate or authorized by commercial letters of credit 1,961,148.62
Other liabilities, viz:
Mortgages on real estate owned.. $6,000.00
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date ... 148,379.97
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date ... 52,237.00
Unearned discounts .... 171,108.00 — 375,725.97
Total $161,838,224.38

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities $2,354,978.72
Private securities 7,067,697.81
Real estate owned 5,421,814.35
Mortgages owned 3,227,009.99
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral... 913,490.64
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral 40,396,077.56
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral 27,243,619.12
Overdrafts 4,350.81
Foreign exchange 6,155,245.09
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets $7,289,838.22
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item 1,535,551.70 — 8,825,389.92
Specie 6,276,056.76
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States 1,000,595.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings 3,233,320.26
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra) and commercial letters of credit 4,603,656.71
Other assets, viz.:
Trust department advances $17,796.63
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date 72,585.97
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date ..... 165,776.80 — 256,158.50
Total $116,989,761.33

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock $5,000,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund $5,000,000.00
Undivided profits. 1,210,672.81 — 6,210,672.81
Deposits—Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks $367,083.15
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions 40,006.68
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary 1,144,829.77
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York........ 738.40
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets 5,814,914.25
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check 65,464,431.73
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days 11,839,568.22
Demand certificates of deposit. 2,787,228.82
Trust deposits—not preferred 7,790,104.20
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers 2,187,867.82
Certified checks ... 312,927.29
Due trust companies, banks and bankers 3,114,604.84
Total deposits 100,364,532.47
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit... 4,603,656.71
Other liabilities, viz.:
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc., and dividend $250,968.60
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date 264,733.79
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date .... 90,581.96 — [illegible]
Total $116,989,761.33

To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BRYANT PARK BANK

at the close of business on the 17th day of November 1917.

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities $191,000.00
Private securities 81,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral.... 16,300.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral 531,800.00
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral 939,457.15
Overdrafts 358.48
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets $355,812.35
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item... 4,916.27 — 360,728.62
Specie 136,477.93
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States...... 146,400.00
Cash items 19,876.50
Other assets, viz.:
Furniture and fixtures $15,500.00
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date.... 29.70
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date, estimated .... 4,717.49 — 20,247.19
Total $2,444,944.97

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock $200,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund $100,000.00
Undivided profits... 48,989.07 — 148,989.07
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Deposits by the State of New York..... $35,000.00
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets 2,745.17
Not preferred as follows:
Deposits subject to check 1,877,800.79
Demand certificates of deposit 7,650.00
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers...... 3,760.73
Certified checks 20,510.29
Unpaid dividends... 77.00
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers 8,207.09 — 1,955,251.07
Other liabilities, viz.:
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c. $3,323.79
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date..... 324.03
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date, estimated 1,811.88
Estimated unearned discounts .... 6,693.12 — 12,167.83
Liberty Loan No. 2........ 128,537.00
Total $2,444,944.97

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE BANK OF AMERICA

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities, market value $2,348,113.00
Private securities, market value 3,035,145.00
Real estate owned 900,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral.... 7,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral 14,703,243.65
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral 7,831,667.55
Overdrafts 138.85
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers........ 1,196,751.41
Specie 846,836.98
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States. 567,360.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings $15,685,359.53
Other cash items.. 193,791.06 — 15,879,150.59
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York........ 5,682,933.97
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra) 150,000.00
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date 45,600.00
Total $53,142,538.95

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock $1,500,000.00
Surplus on market values:
Surplus fund $6,000,000.00
Undivided profits. 572,540.16 — 6,572,540.16
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks $4,108,599.68
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets........ 250,000.00
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check 19,087,642.79
Demand certificates of deposit 28.58
Cashiers' checks outstanding 23,455.02
Certified checks..10,930,929.44
Unpaid dividends. 625.00
Due trust companies, banks and bankers 10,465,148.52
Total deposits........ 44,870,428.29
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit... 150,000.00
Other liabilities, viz.:
Reserves for taxes $25,918.50
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date 23,650.00 — 49,568.50
Total $53,142,536.95

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

GERMAN EXCHANGE BANK, N. Y.,

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities $538,675.00
Private securities 1,090,123.87
Real estate owned 180,000.00
Mortgages owned 61,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral.... 76,569.18
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral 258,555.63
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral 2,617,547.79
Overdrafts 264.92
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets........ $983,257.96
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item........ 44,168.71 — 1,027,426.67
Specie 560,637.84
Other currency authorised by the laws of the United States..... 329,285.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings.. $306,532.50
Other cash items.. 56,498.41 — 363,030.91
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date........ 28,972.16
Total $7,047,650.47

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock $300,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund...... $700,000.00
Undivided profits.. 168,275.65 — 868,275.65
Deposits, preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions $538.95
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check 6,409,173.28
Demand certificates of deposit........ 4,584.29
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers 3,655.74
Certified checks........ 48,163.55
Unpaid dividends.. 20.00
Total deposits........ 6,466,210.81
Other liabilities, viz.:
Mortgages on real estate owned $78,000.00
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c. 10,284.00
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date 1,879.81
Estimated unearned discounts .... 28,000.00 — 118,163.81
Total $7,047,650.47

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

ROSEFF & BUSCH, manufacturers of suits and coats, 460 6th Av., have dissolved partnership. Hereafter the business will be conducted solely by Leon L. Roseff, at the same address.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE BANK

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities........ $3,476,822.00
Private securities........ 2,023,584.00
Real estate owned, banking house and lot, 10 and 12 Broadway, New York City........ 625,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral.... 88,120.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral........ 10,283,900.01
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral 4,761,431.44
Overdrafts 3,792.13
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets.........$1,759,508.82
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item .... 956,426.36 — 2,715,935.18
Specie 1,955,869.29
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States. 978,878.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings..$2,499,445.48
Other cash items.. 354,234.44 — 2,853,689.92
Customers' liability on acceptances, (see liabilities, per contra) 112,879.61
Other assets, viz.:
Furniture and fixtures, safe deposit vaults, home office and branches $120,000.00
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date... 84,145.22
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date .... 10,419.47 — 214,564.69
Total........ $30,094,744.27

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock $1,000,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund...... $500,000.00
Undivided profits.. 514,144.97 — 1,014,144.97
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks $166,468.66
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions.. 83,873.68
Deposits by the State of New York 112,600.00
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets 871,827.00
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check.......24,335,993.40
Demand certificates of deposit 153,289.52
Cashiers' checks, outstanding, including similar checks of other officers 912,873.63
Certified checks. 829,516.53
Unpaid dividends 1,319.10
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers... 358,384.34
Total deposits........ 27,830,707.76
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit 112,879.61
Other liabilities, viz.:
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.... $57,978.67
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date... 24,464.23
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date 12,332.59
Estimated unearned discounts ...... 42,236.39 — 137,011.93
Total........ $30,094,744.27

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
First Mortgage Bonds of
THE UTAH FUEL COMPANY
SINKING FUND

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN as provided in Article XII of the Mortgage of the Utah Fuel Company and Pleasant Valley Coal Company, dated March 1, 1901, that written proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, 140 Broadway, New York, until 10 o'clock A. M. Wednesday, November 28, 1917, for the sale to it as Trustee at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered, not exceeding 110% and accrued interest, to that date, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of Twenty-nine Thousand Forty-six Dollars and Ninety-five cents ($29,046.95). The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all proposals in whole or in part. All proposals must designate the bonds offered by their serial numbers and state postoffice address of the party making the proposals, should be enclosed in sealed envelopes, and endorsed "Proposals for sale of Utah Fuel Company Bonds to Sinking Fund," and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT. Persons desiring to make offers of bonds to the Sinking Fund whose responsibility is not known to the Trustee, should accompany their offer by a sufficient letter of introduction, or guarantee of good faith by a bank, banker or others whose responsibility is established.

THE GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated November 8, 1917.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY 40-YEAR GUARANTEED 3½ PER CENT. GOLD TRUST CERTIFICATES, SERIES "D," DUE 1944.

Pursuant to terms of agreement dated December 1st, 1904, the undersigned invites tenders of above certificates for sale and delivery as of December 1st, 1917, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $100,000, the sum now payable to Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders, stating specific numbers of certificates offered, addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund Pennsylvania Company 40-year Guaranteed 3½ per cent. Gold Trust Certificates, Series "D," will be received until 3 p. m. November 30, 1917. Accepted certificates must be delivered on December 1st, or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
GEORGE H. STUART 3d, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., November 15, 1917.

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN IRON COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT. BONDS, DUE JULY 1ST, 1927.

Pursuant to terms of mortgage dated August 7, 1907, the undersigned invites tenders of above bonds for sale and delivery as of January 1st, 1918, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $137,827.67, the sum now available in the Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders, stating numbers of bonds offered, addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund Spanish-American Iron Company First Mortgage 6 per cent. Bonds, will be received until 12 m., November 24, 1917.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
GEORGE H. STUART 3d, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., November 15, 1917.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED. FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.60. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals for construction, heating, sanitary and electric work for addition to the State Normal School, New Paltz, N. Y., will be received by Dr. Thomas E. Finegan, Deputy Commissioner of Education, at the Education Building, Albany, N. Y., until 2:30 o'clock P. M., on Monday, Dec. 17, 1917, when they will be publicly opened and read. Proposals shall be enclosed in an envelope furnished by the State Architect, sealed and addressed, and shall be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of five per cent. (5%) of the amount of the proposal. The contractors to whom the awards are made will be required to furnish surety company bond in the sum of fifty per cent. (50%) of the amount of the contract within thirty (30) days after the official notice of award of contract, and in accordance with the terms of Specifications Nos. 2759, 2893, 2894, and 2895. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Drawings and specifications may be consulted at the State Normal School, New Paltz, N. Y.; at the New York office of the Department of Architecture, Room 1224 Woolworth Building, and at the Department of Architecture, Capitol, Albany, N. Y. Drawings and specifications and blank forms of proposals may be obtained at the Department of Architecture, Capitol, Albany, N. Y., upon reasonable notice to and in the discretion of the State Architect. Lewis F. Pilcher, Capitol, Albany, N. Y.
Dated Nov. 20, 1917.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Walter Nelles of New York was admitted to practice.

68—The U.S., appit., v. Reading Co. et al., and 50—Reading Co. et al., applts., v. the U.S.—Reargument continued for the Central Railroad Co. of New Jersey and concluded for the U.S.

71—L. Burton, plain., v. the New York Central & Hudson River Rd. Co., and 72—C. B. Heeren, plain., v. the same.—Argued.

74—W. H. Petersen, et al., plains., v. the State of Iowa, ex rel the State Treasurer et al.—Argued.

76—The Houston Oil Co. of Tex. et al., pet., v. C. G. Goodrich et al.—Argument commenced for petitioners.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Nov. 23—Nos. 76, 77, 73, 81, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, and 88.

Southern District.

COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Ward, Rogers, and Hough, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 433, Post Office Building.
Equit Tr Co<Western Pac Ry.

DISTRICT COURT—Hazel, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg, 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.
Townsend Iron Works<Lighter Rudolph.
Harms<Tug Joshua Lovett.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar. Case on—Williamson<Universal Film Mfg Co. No day calendar.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 312 P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.
Ramberg Iron Works<Maryanns.
Mulvaney et al<King Palut Mfg Co.
Benham<Steamtug Mahoney.
Leh Val Transp Co<Baron Jedburgh.
Stanwood Tow Co<J K Cowen et al.
Commercial Coal Co<Geo F Randolph.
Chiarello & Bros<E S Briggs et al.
Doty<Margaret M.
Welton<SS Chepstow Castle et al.
Wright & Cobb<Aurora.
McWilliams<Leonard J Bushey et al.
C J Fuller<Capri.
Evans<same.
Daly's Towing Line<Fred A Baker.
Same<E K Taylor.
Eintracht et al<Ranger.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 9:30 A. M., in Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Naturalizations.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Armstrong<Minetto-Meriden Co.
First National Bank of Waterlock<Story.
Re will of Hermann.
Davis et al<Int. Ry. Co.
Marx & Rawolle<American Druggists Syndicate.
Brown<Associated Operating Co.
Shepard<Penna. R. R. Co.
Green et al<Horn.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Scott, Smith, Page, and Shearn, JJ.—At 2 P. M. Enumerated motions.
Casten<Robinson.
People<T. Delisa.
Eagle Paper Box Co<Gatti-McQuade Co.
Holmes<Camp.
People<J Delisa.
Re Jones.
Ongley<Marcin.
Phillips<CNY, (2.)
Feuer<Bechman.
Welsheit<Pabst Brew.
Jones<Bergheimer.
Jacobson<Int R T.
McNamara<Leipzig.
Meyer<Hudson Trust.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Re Calman.
Re Thomas.
Shalata<Rodgers.
People ex rel Rosenthal<Auto Wear Mfg
Sullivan<J S Realty.
Libman Const Co<Bd of Education.
Re McShane.
Progressive Smelt & Metal Co<Hanshaft.
Horstmann<Barber, (2.)
Steinberg<Dalley.
Grossman<NY Cons RR, (2.)
Poppe<same.
German Savs Bk<Cozy Home Realty Co.
James<Gorham Mfg.
Ziesse<Ward Baking.
Ames<Newburger.
Katzman<Katzman.
Everett<Everett.
Fort Dearborn Nat Bk<MacArthur Bros.
Re Perch.
Nealis<Nealis.
Young<Corning, (2.)
Vanderwood<Tansky.
Openhym<Tana.
Schneider<Wyotsh Chemical Co.
Epstein<Rosenthal.
Bloodgood & Co<Coffin.
Indelli<Hudson Realty
Flaumenbaum<Fidanzo.
Guglielmi<Town Topic Pub Co.
Lipnick<Int R T, (2.)
Hudson<same.
O'Keeffe<same.
Slincsak<Carnegie Tr.
Weene<Levine.
Ray<Reichard.
Gordon<NY Mineral Flooring Co.
Newburg Silk Co<D Cohen Sales Co, Inc.
Keller<Keller.
Nat Socy of Music, Inc<Bailey.
Rosenberg<Amer Burlesque Assn.
Osborne<Learnard.
Re Webber, (Haviland Av.)
D'Antonio<NY Cons Co.
Buchler<Buehler.
Alwin Film Co<Mutual Film Co.
Walberg<Ward.
Brody<Selden.
Jaffe<Ridley.
MacBride<Roberts.
Spence<Volpi.
Moore<Erie RR.
Burras<Burras.
Stein<Giesel & Co, Ltd
Keasler<Wilner.
Hall<Wall & Hanover Sts Realty Co.
Richardson<Richardson.
CNY<Durst Mfg.
Bucco<J L Schoenfeld
Latham Automatic Regis Co<J L Little & Ives Co.
Field<Gayley.
CNY<Martin Hermann Co.
Shrady<Appley.
Murphy<Wm Beckers.
Cullen<Randall.
Walker<J J Mitchell.
Re Rielio.
Alpha S S Co<N Y Tr.
Soffer<Herd.
Pomerantz<Schlesinger.
Re Gregory.
City R E Co<Lynch.
Re Voron & Chait, Inc
Van Alen<Walkoff.
Cathedrial Ch<Steuer.
Siegel<Montgomery Ward & Co.
Excelsior Savs Bank<Cohen.
Johnson<Byrd.
Schwartz<Harris.
Re Calman.
Pessah<Schwarts.
Steinfeld<New Toy.
Munis<Weil.
Greenberg<Kammerman.
Goldsmith<Roth.
De Angeli<Dixey.
Weisensee<Whitridge.
Re Thomas.
Cohen<Aronson.

PART II.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.
Wilson<NY Telephone.
Cromarty Law Book Co<Phemister.
Jezek<Firuski.
Levisohn<Wompatuck Realty Co.
Clements<Clements.
Undefended divorces:
Strauss<Strauss.
Treuter<Treuter.
Kovacs<Kovacs.
Remy<Remy.
Thompson<Thompson.
Skinner<Skinner.
Silberman<Silberman.
Preferred causes:
Baum<Mayer.
Liberman<Same, (2.)
Messing<Loretta Corp.
General calendar:
N Y Sample Furniture Co<33 E 33d St Co.
Schneiderman<Schneiderman.
Duncan<Delafield.
Alexander<Ryan.
Hennigsen<Hennigsen.
Rieger's Sons<Castellanos.
Cohen<Coben.
Rosenberg<Int Ladies' Garment Work Un.
Rawl<Baker-V Co.
Friedman<Friedman.
Shorey<Brewster.
Punch & Judy Theatre<Sayre.
Nagle<Nagle.
Stromberg Export & Impt Co<Stromberg.
Schwoerer<Hudson Tr.
Warbeit Pub Co<Day Pub Co.
Rogers<Rogers.
Stern<Stern.
Josephowitz<Josephowitz.
Kahn<Saperstein (2.)
Leucks<Silver Motor.
Am Wet Wash Laundry Co<Richter.
Lewis<Portable.
Victoria Bldg, &c, Co<O'Conner.
Zobel<same.
Levine & Posner<Davis Const Co.
Sederquist<Williston.
Axler<Axler.
K & R Film<Carson.
Clark<Hoes.
Rokrenberg<Rokrenberg.
Tua<Tua.
Man L I Co<Hammerstein Opera Co.
Baum<Stockwell.
Wetter<Russell.
Keppler<Keppler.
Forelle<Forelle.
Lajotte<Lajotte.
Case on.

PART IV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Not in session.

PART VI.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
London<Bernsesser.
Foley<Klein.
Trampheur Whitehead C & B<Rosenwasser Bros, Inc.
Case on.

PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M.
Zimmerman<NY Rys.
Rastarella<Structural Erecting Co, Inc.
Wynne<Litchfield Const Co.
Conlon<Club Car Corp.
O'Sullivan<3d Av RR.
Shields<Cons Gas Co of NY.
Tracy<Mortens.
E Holzer<Hamilton.
I Holzer<same.
Campisi<NY Con RR.
Wambach<3d Av RR.
Wasserstein<B H RR.
McGraw<B'way & 35th St Realty Co.
Moffa<NY & Q C Ry.
Rosco<Fradua.
Kiernan<Belt Line Ry
Petruzzelli<Stevens Co
Smith<Hirsch.
Begley<Degnon Cont.
Lerner<Empire Carrying Corp.
Paterno<NY Rys.
McLaughlin<NY Tel.
Beyda<Birnbaum.
Cavanagh<A Sils, Inc.
Rocco<Motrini.
Riley<Dulany, T & S.
Barberich<Fraser Brace & Co.
Simmons<McLaughlin.
Johnson<same.
Cullinan<Hesse.
Feeney<R L Smith, Inc
Michell<Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co.
R Tinnerill<Katz.
Verunae<Silverman.
Clary<Ungrich.
A Bauer<NY Rys.
G Bauer<same.
Carroll<Surut.
F Tinnerill<Katz.
Clines<NY Rys.
Hoffman<same.
Hoade<same.
Bubony<NY Rys.
B Pascucci<Clausen-Flanagan Brewery.
A Pascucci<same.
Castelli<A Hupfels Sons.
Huewel<Int R T.
Kiernan<same.
Smith<Moersfelder.
Casey<J & J G Wallach, Inc.
Moskowitz<Feinberg.
Guest<NY Rys.
I Cohen<Wagner.
A Cohen<same.
Hoffman<H S Realty.
Weisser<M & L Hess.
P J Farmer<Kastens.
M Farmer<same.
Conney, Jr<NY Rys.
Shear<Liebmann's Sons Brewing Co.
Crosby<42d St, &c, Ry
Camisa<Lowerre.
Sailor<Cooper & McN.
Giordana<Rosenthal.
Liotti<Appelson.
D Gertler<Lucas.
A Gertler<same.
McMahon<NY Rys.
Mattina<Empire City Subway Co.
McCarthy<Powers Co.
Di Gioverni<Rosebach
Chiavaro<NY Rys.
Cliemcevecz<L V RR.
Youngs<42d St, &c, Ry
White<Lassette & M.
Hauptner<NY Rys.
Jeffers<same.
Healy<Kane.
Lang<I R T.
Carlsen<Schneider, Inc
B Stern<Stark.
P Stern<same.
Robbins<Weinrib.
McFarland<42 St, &c, Ry.
Kennelly<same.
White<Cent Un Gas.
Post<Sinclair & V.
McQuade<3d Av RR.
Medaglia<Aztec Asph.
Farranto<Canopa.
Disalvo<Luckes.
Foster<Floretti, (2.)
Rogoff<Belt Line Ry.
Adler<Feinberg.
Coburn<Snyder.
Cassamassa<Pinkeah.
Michel<Wanamaker Co
Herman<I R T.

PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.
Stiles<Constable.
Palmer<Kinsettler.
Same<Scheftels.
Same<Boehler.
Seraci Con Co<CNY.
[illegible]
Perlman<Donohue.
Hechinger<Utacia.
Brennan<Edison
Portland Cement Co.
Merchants Fire Assur Corp<General Fire Extinguisher.
[illegible]

General Platers Supply<Mendleson.
E H Dick Chemical<Herman & Herman.
Burns<Walter.
Paul Gerli & Co, Inc<Mendelson.
Brady Oltarch Const<Univ Road Mach.
Atlas Nitrated Products<Contract Press Co.
Bassman<H J Rich Dev Co.
Boiardi<Marden, Orth & Hastings, Inc.
Denivelle<Denivelle.
Sisson<Wellbrock.
Same<Garthe.
Orlans<Schinasi.
Puegnet<Adams.
Keppler<Straus.
CNY<Matatesta.
Weinrib<Cohen.
Thompson<Bailey.
Pahl<Gerstenhaber.
Neidlinger<Miles Tighe Cont.
La Vin<Copley Plaza Operating.
Frankenberg<Spiegel.
Well Corset<Munter.
Stutz<Diamond Silk.
Thornton<North'n Bk.
Potter<Pulsifer.
Flock<Emmer.
Same<Balsam.
Cavinato<Piccirilli.
Newmark<Goldwater.
Howlett<Buck.
Langyon & Morant, Inc<De Koven.
Davis<Morris.
Guggenheimer<Bussman.
CNY<Blythebourne Water Co.

TRIAL TERM.—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule 7, amended Trial Term rules.
PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A.M. Case on.
PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A.M. Case on.
PART IX.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Ordway, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Guy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
Frend<London Feather Nov Co.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Wills for probate:
Louis Bustanoby,
Kate Glassbrook,
Mary Seigle,
Mary E Stoddard.
Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Estate of Amos F Eno.
TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—No Day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Strasbourger, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.
Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg Co<131 St Bldg Corp.
Goldstein<Kamerman.
Leslie<Wennecker.
Latner<Rosenkrentz.
Federal Adv Co<Rub & Celluloid H T Co.
Jackson<Mohrmann.
Morimura<Allter.
Copland<Schoenberg.
Tavin<Morgenstern.
Kalman<Munford.
Sherman Bldg Corp<Berghoffen.
Brandt<Singer.
Keefe<Walton.
Mancuso<Stern.
Dyer<J Y J Corp.
Rao<Krohnberg.
Lippmann<Frankel.
PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Kirschner<Netherland Am S N Co.
Cohen<Shlanowsky.
Bunner<Brodux (2.)
Handel<Friend.
Noble<Haff.
Rosenthal<Ginsburg.
Reichenthal<Moyses.
Galotti<Klusk Cont Co, (2.)
De Christofio<same.
Lamotto<Klingenstein.
Weingart<NY Edison.
Ruffino<Campeas, (2.)
Frem<NY Rys.
Pugliese<Valone, (2.)
Kohn<B H RR.
Naues<Ridley.
Earmonde<Guy.
Davis<Frank.
Duboff<Weinstein.
Schneider<Goldman.
Markowsky<Goldfarb.
Krautwald<Pugh.
Moore<German Artistic Weaving Co.
White<Bradley Cont.
Meyers<NY Rys.
66th St Bldg Corp<Eltema Rlty Co.
Dore<Carragher.
Triangle Waist Co<Rothschild Rlty Co.
Edelstein<Margarella.
Weber<Taylor.
Essner<Same.
Shottenfeld<Zucker.
Klein<Greenberg.
Brownstein<Lucymer Rlty Corp.
Fuchs<Newman.
Siegel<Jonas Rlty. Co.
Cohen<Ehret.
Manheim<Friedman.
Kronick<Cohen.
Feldberg<Hirsch.
Oberstein<Morewood Realty Holding Co.
McNally<Waterman.
Kegel<L I RR.
Perlowitz<Katz.
Goodstein<NY Rys.
Dolan<Holpin.
Edelman<Greenwald.
Riley<Beaver.
Cohn<5th Av Coach.
Hartmett<Arcade Stables Co.
Leo<Mutual-McDermott Dairy Corp.
SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Boyd<Lanzin's Aircraft Co.
Klein<Knick Ice Co.(2) Case on.
PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
Part III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Du Moulin<Newman.
Salerno<Fid & Phenix F I Co.
Frank<Cohen.
Dilltown Smokeless Coal Co<Nat Surety.
Claremont Iron Wks<Montrose Rty Co.
Wittlin<Silverstein.
Gens & Co<Tomberg.
Case on.
PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART V.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Emigrant Ind. Sav. Bank<Hutchinson—Francis W. Pollock. Re Kohler (Strauss)—Richard J. D. Keating.
SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Salomen<Zimmerman—Edward F. Maloney.
SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Frank<Donnelly—Herman Joseph.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Benjamin J. Weil<Annie Roth—Jacob Klein.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.
Eisenberg<Ocean Elec RR, (2.)
Levein<Barber.
Grimm<Presby Hosp.
Re Tacoma St.
Barbarinardo<White Coal Co.
Ardone<same.
Mansfield<Messinger.
Crasmuk<Fearns.
Huberth<Green.
Burne Bros<Abrahamson.
Aronson<Brownshield.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J.
Stern<Bruce.
Rodman Imp Co<Krabo.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.
Koes<Foran Fdny & Mfg Co.
Gross<Rodgers & H.
Lackowitz<Emerald Con Co.
Bonavia<Robson.
Kipust<Gorden.
Brenner<Goldstein.
Pollini<West El RR.
Schramek<Colebrun.
Cahill<West El RR.
Kanter<R Carvel Co.
Tiplady<Kohn.
Alexander<Wager.
Penfield<Haas.
Zink<Scott, (2.)
Fisk<Schmuck.
Korber<Union Rway.
Berkins<Naughton.
Milazzo<Plunkett.
Dow<Inter R T Co,(2.)
Dunne<Lynch.
Faulhaber<Volz.
Sanford<Kapstein.
Stretch<Purchase Hld.
Storm<So Blvd RR.
Wester<Ruppert.
Chirico<Mereurio.
Horsford<Union Rway.
Bowron<Chapman.
Whiteacre<Fananda.
Loex<Silverman.
Roth<Winnie Realty & Const Co, (2.)
Ardone<White Coal.
Barnarinardo<same.
Highest number reached in regular order, 1167.
PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—...... J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.
Ing—Eisenberg<Greenthal.
Walter<Bodebbein,(2.)
Sehleyer<Burns Bros.
Auerbach<Rosenbaum.
Tanzillo<Union Ry.
Scherrer<I R T.
Murray<Schlitt.
Kiernan<Mager & Athorne.
Englehart<Rodgers & Hagerty.
Lenoff<Int R T Co.
Pines<Stratmore Rlty.
Sullivan<Int R T Co.
Laskin<same, (2.)
Morreale<Schneider.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
Christoffers<Waters.
Siegel<Berlin.
Fucco<Fucco.
Rinke<Stern.
Asmus<Asmus.
Re Baer Bros, (Gill Soap Co.)
Taylor<Taylor.
Shiebler<Tiffany.
People ex rel Bissert, (Kingsbury.)
Silverman<Penn RR.
Scharman<Storch.
Wright<Pleasant Sprg Distillery Co.
Re School Sites, (Keap St, &c.)
Goldberg<Goldberg.
Stiles Co<Percy.
Hart<Gordon.
Hewlett<same.
Sapolsky<Rooney.
Richmond<Sullivan.
US Trust Co NY<Philipbar.
Telsey<Am Star L, (2)
Campbell<Fleet.
Wood<Morris.
Lankeman<Hanabel. Con Co, (2.)
Maxwell<Hoge.
Feldman<Cohen.
Freeth<Freeth.
Shaw<Botzong.
PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Scudder, J.—At 10 A. M.
Rosenwasser<Pepper.
Squizzi<Volppa.
French<French.
Smith<Eagle Sav & L.
Ross<CNY.
Schiff<Silverman.
Rubenstein<Neumann.
Benjamin<Kelhn.
Abramofsky<Abramofsky.
Kleinberg<Kleinberg.
Vogel<Vogel.
Highest number reached on the regular call, 398.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Callaghan, J.; Part III., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.
Mable<Schmadeke et al.
Tullman<Roulston.
Redmond<Feldman, et al.
Guinan<Blum.
Clinton<Shindler.
Bergman<B H RR.
Robertson<same.
Wynn<Melton House Wrecking Co.
Klevens<Blank.
Cogliano<Weghs & ano.
Johnson<B H RR.
Lang<Odom & Lang.
Russ<NY Steam Co & ano.
Miller<B H RR.
Sullivan<C I & G Ry.
Messerschmidt<Dean.
Cronin<NY Rys.
Harmon<Cordano.
Cardoni<Monahan Exp
Madonna<Molinelli.
Fusco<Reiber.
Mackey<Ill Surety Co.
Hilliker<Rueger & an.
Grecula<B H RR.
Gordon<Nassau RR.
Ward<C I & B RR.
Gibbons<B H RR.
Muhlgrum<B H RR & ano.
Meyer<Blehm.
Schweikert<Welsh.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:
Rogers<Tavermeier.
[illegible]
[illegible]

Weisman<NY Con RR.
Kaufsky<Inerfield.
Wheeler<Walker.
Ennis<C I & B RR.
Rynehart<Clinton.
Birkett<Cuendet.
Curtin<Gohn.
Deere<NY Rys.
Jacob<same.
Bresselmann<same.
Ward<Horton's Ice Cream Co.
Morris<McKee et al.
Blaksberg<Nassau RR.
Schein<Int R. T.
Nielson<Nassau RR.
Linekin<Cramblitt.
Amolitsky<Barrett.
Maiolo<B H RR.
Ullman<Kantor.
Orlick<NY Rys.
Landsman<same.
Ahrens<Edison E Ill.
Carlsen<Greenman.
Collins<Nassau RR.
Brock<same.
Grace<B H RR.
Quinn<same.
Henninger<Brussell.
Rosenzweig<Hollander
Cascio<CNY.
Grossman<Sidman.
Holwell<Burden & Co.
Barrett<Piercy et al.
McCurn<Peake.
Highest number reached on regular call, 2957.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS.—Ketcham, S.—At 10 A. M.
Wills of:
L M Heidenheim,
James F Moore,
Garrit K Williamson,
Maria E Hollwig,
Elizabeth B Wood,
Frank L Deering,
Bridget Delmar,
Mary Pierro.
Annie Curtis,
Mary E Burke,
Charles C Wise,
Rachel P Smith,
Aaron Mendlovitz,
James McNulty,
Daniel Runyon.
Administration of:
Fred Berg.
Accounting of:
Emma R Nye,
Catherine Dubos,
Estates of:
Adelia J Winter,
William Blitman,
John J Vause,
Giuseppi Vitale,
Robert Reid.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V.—Dike, J.
Noonan<NY Con RR.
Levison<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Suckan<NY Con RR.
Mundy<Levy Bros Rty
Fasio<Green Co.
Hetzerad<Gordon.
Leonard<Sievers.
Barrea<Longo.
Young<B H RR.
Radinsky<Israel.
Harris<Union Painless Dentists.
Fredericks<Murphy.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.
Rudin<Cohen.
McDonald<B H RR.
Thoma<Pharasles & ano.
Gomez<Same.
Collins<Black and White Cab Co et al.
Quinn<NY Rys Co.
Rosenbaum<Cap Sec.
Bellemare<Hurley & ano.
Kratchovil<Gimbel Bros.
Henry, as admx<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Adikes<Skeuse.
Johann & Sons<Linch.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day; no cause will be set down for a day on this call:
Diamond<Stache.
Mackin, an inf<Remson.
Kepko<NY Rys.
Ziegler<Assoc for Imp Instruc Deaf M et al
Ellerman<Mack & ano
Lechner<Krayer.
Hannon<Kelser et al.
Schapiro<Hoffman.
Aimetti, an inf<Lipman & ano.
Pound<Rosenwasser Bros et al.
Morris<Smith.
Raffelt<Bklyn Daily Times.
McBride<CNY.
Johnson<Abrams.
Keller<NY Tel Co.
Leavy, an inf<Gretlich.
Hessler<Brener.
Guman<Carr.
Smith<Premier Construc Co, Inc. et al.
West Canada Amusement Assn, Ltd<Hellig & ano.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2015.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Platt, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Garrity<Varuna Invest
Ugovitch<Ohio Farmers Ins Co.
Barilla<Cranford.
Di Caprio<Di Sciulla.
Sadburn<Bailey.
Williams<Ware Corporation.
Johnson<Yonkers RR.
Jackson<McGuire.
Hunter<Mills.
Hinspeter<West Elec RR.
Saxon<Polsky.
Mallon<Sternan.
Clarke<Union Ry.
Claggett<N Y C RR.
Ahearn<same.
Powers<West Elec RR
Cuthbert<NY C RR,(2)
Reilly<same.
O'Reilly<Union Ry.
Parkyn<Leavitt.
Abrahams<N Y C RR.
Murphy<Yonkers RR.
Wunder<Herzberger.
Whalen<Jones.
Storer<NY, NH & H RR.
The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:
Nickerson<Brinberg.
Roesch<Keily.
Cunningham<City of Yonkers.
Welle<Niehaus.
Brown<Wilson.
Sheridan<Engel.
Witz<David Stevenson Brewing Co.
White<Rea.
David<Capehart, (2.)
Henne<Welsh.
Gibbons<NY & Stamford Ry, (2.)
Palmieri<West Ltg Co
Rood<Union Ry.
Johnson<Fischer, (2.)
Singer<Fischer.
Scott<Rothschild, (2.)
Delfino<Gross.
Witt<Purcell & Gilfether.
Ferguson<Genett.
Crocker<Ayles.
Grindred<West Co Brew Co.
Titz<City of Yonkers.
Brickman<West St RR
Woolf<N Y C RR.
Bell<same.
Niedzwelcka<West St RR.
Highest number reached on call, 616.
SPECIAL TERM—Morschauser, J.—At 10 A. M.
Bornhoeft<Bornhoeft.
Worthington<Worthington.
Farrel<Brady.
People ex rel Goldowsky<Cong Knese Israel.
Kennard<Brandreth.
Dickie<Horton.
Goldovsky<Minchelli.
Paessler<Corry.
Lawrence Park Rty Co<City of Yonkers.
Highest number reached on call, 615. Also for hearing of motions.
PART II.—Keogh, J.
Wilkewitz<Sec Ins Co.
Blue Bird Motor Co<Starkman.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24945.—In Bankruptcy.—LYRIC CAFE CO., INC., Bankrupt.

Lyric Cafe Co., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on October 3d, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City of New York, on December 3d, 1917, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25081. Notice is given that CHARLES D. LITEWSKI, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 24, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, November 21, 1917.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALBERT MUNDORFF, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Dec. 4, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 226 West 125th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Contents of a Restaurant known as the "West End Restaurant," such as Wines, Liquors, Canned Goods, Meats, Provisions, Linen Ware, Kitchen Ware, Crockery, Glass Ware, Silver Ware, Cash Registers, Electric Fan, Tables, Chairs, Pianos, Organ, etc., also the Trustee's right, title, and interest in and to the lease and good will of the business and name of the "West End Restaurant."
MARTIN CHARLES ANSORGE, Trustee.
CLIFFORD G. LUDVIGH, Attorney for Trustee, 277 Broadway, New York.
McGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy, 233 Broadway.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PEARL WINTER CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Nov. 22, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Fur Skins, Desks, Safe, Chairs, Machines, Spool Cotton, Electric Fan, Clocks, Partitions, Fixtures, &c.
BERTHA REMBAUGH, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY MERKLE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 629 Park Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Butchers' Fixtures, Marble Counters, Ice Box, Office Fixtures, Salt, 1 Ford Auto Delivery Wagon.
IRVING L. ERNST, Receiver.
VINCENT LIPPE, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Nassau St., New York.

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BRIDGEPORT LINE. Str. lvs. Pier 27, E. R., wk. days, 3 P. M. Lv. Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 3:15 P. M.

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THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash, surplus stock, better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

ASTRACHANS Wanted.—To buy quantity; black, all qualities. F 42 Times.

BROADCLOTH, Poplins, Serges, and Veloure Wanted.—Cash for quantity at right price. A. H. & S., 41 West 25th St. Farragut 2180.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Botanys or F. & H.; cash at right price. Farragut 8857.

CHIFFON VELVET wanted.—Stirns, 38-inch, black; cheap. J 29 Times.

CHINCHILLA Wanted.—Open for navy and grey. Gramercy 6518.

CLOAKINGS Wanted.—Any description; ¾ or 6-4, suitable Fall; any quantity. Shapiro & Sons, 54 West 21st.

CLOTHING Corduroys wanted in dark drab. Phone best price and quantity. Gludstien, Madison Square 307d.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples of suits, coats, and coat-dresses; medium and high priced. 9th floor, 29 West 30th.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models all week, ladies', misses', juniors', and stouts. Between 9-12, 1,140 Broadway, 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Big jobber open for Spring goods. Call, with samples, 9 to 11, or 3 to 5, all week, fourth floor, 16 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats for ladies and misses. Call before 10 A. M. Frank Leto, 27 East 32d St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring suits and coats, morning only. Sol Lenine Co., 12-16 West 27th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. 40 West 22d St., seventh floor.

COATS Wanted.—Spring lines of ladies' and children's coats, suits, and skirts all week. Mr. Coster, 425 West 55th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples; call all week. 4th floor, 45 West 27th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber open to buy for cash jobs in Fall coats; also looking at Spring coats and suits. 129 West 22d St., 7th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples. 48 West 22d St., 6th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring models. 14 West 24th St., 5th floor.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Three and four threads, at a price; spot cash. Pansy Waist Co., 145 West 30th St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—We are open for quantity of 4-thread crepe at a price, spot cash. Shapiro Bros., 514 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractor making popular priced taffeta, georgette and crepe de chine dresses for Spring, call with samples between 1 and 5. 43 West 26th St., 2d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at gingham dresses; we furnish our own material; write for appointment. Address D. T., 215 Times Downtown.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber will purchase quantity serge dresses, an opportunity to realize cash; samples daily. Wiener, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractor with own styles fur, better-grade silk dresses. Call all week, between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. 1 West 1st St., 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Looking at better grade tailor-made dresses. Call between 9 and 12. 37 West 28th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay cash for any quantity jobs in serge and silk dresses; must be cheap. Phone Chelsea 1897.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractor wanted on cloth and silk dresses; bring samples with you. Hugo H. Leary, 29 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber wants Spring dresses, silks and cotton. Call after 12 M. L. Wolf, 1,170 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Am open for jobs in good cloth and afternoon dresses. Schuyler 4216.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serge and satins; can use 500 at a price. Madison Square 6070.

DUSTERS Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders. Call with samples, 9 to 12, all week, 4th floor, 16 West 25th St.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Plaids in stripes; any quantity; spot cash. H. L. Sacks, 101 5th Av. Telephone Stuyvesant 1118.

KERAMI Wanted.—Bloomenthal's, $6.25; also Lapinax plush, $3.50. J 21 Times.

KERSEYS Wanted.—2002 Juilliards; also 110 broadcloth 7575, Duvet De Laine, all colors, American 0359, reindeer; taupe. Standard Woolen, Madison Sq. 4620.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Gilbert's Oxford and serges, Am., D244, blue; 4152 coronet, blue. Irving, 3065 Gramercy.

PLUSH Wanted.—Open to buy a quantity of Peco plush. Farragut 9239.

POPLINS Wanted.—American 90610, or similar cloth; large quantity, for cash. H. Zaidenberg Co., 50 West 26th St. Farr. 9930.

BURELLAS Wanted.—American woolen 09057 navy, at a price. Farr. 5142.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay cash for the following serges: Botany 11433, 809, 780, U. S. 838, 235, Whitman's 104, 99, 79, 10. D. & S., Woolen Exch., 1,269 Broadway. Phone 1872.

SERGES Wanted.—Poplins and velours; open for large quantities cotton warp and all wool; also cotton plushes. Call J. Schlesinger, 132 West 21st St.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantities for cash; 7120, 54289, 54274, 7614, 7301, Whitman's 104, Mr. Lawton, phone Canal 9364.

SERGES Wanted.—Will buy Whitman's 94, 208 or 733 shades, any quantity. Phone Farragut 9350.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for better-grade French serge, in tan and light gray. National Dress Co., 130 West 29th.

SERGES Wanted.—7301, 6301, 7614, 7120, 838, 235, 104, 99, 90610 poplin and Brightwood poplins; spot cash. Spring 2571.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity Amoskeag 7301, 7614, and Pacific M. F. L. Chel. 9867.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag 7120-104-99-9-54289, for cash. Gram. 3611.

SERGES Wanted.—Men's wear. Telephone Gramercy 5213.

SERGE Wanted.—Will buy Garfield 528 and similar makes. Madison Square 2339.

SERGES Wanted.—6301, 87, 1853; large quantity navy. Farragut 259L.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, 106, 104, 839; popline 09610. Farragut 9090. Phillip.

SERGE Wanted.—Whitman's No. 224 black. Imperial Skirt Co., 27 West 27th.

SUITS Wanted for Spring, better grade. Call with samples, tenth floor, 63 West 36th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Large jobber now placing orders on smart Spring suits and coats of better kind. 32 W. 27th St., 10th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Open for job; 1,000 Fall suits at a price. Joseph Heilbron, 1,199 Broadway.

SUITS Wanted.—Looking at snappy misses' suits for Spring. 31 East 32d St., seventh floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. 1st floor, 15 West 26th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring suits. 22 West 27th St., first flight.

SUITS Wanted.—Ladies' suits; any quantity. Phone Stuyvesant 1400.

SUITS Wanted.—Broadcloth, serge, poplin, for cash; any quantity. Mad. Sq. 1921.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at samples of Spring suits. 38 West 32d St., 8th floor.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS Wanted.—11050, 13009, 13020, 544, and any other heavyweight velours, kerseys, or cheviots; also Blumenthal's kerami; quantities no object; for cash. Greeley 5290.

VELOURS Wanted.—All shades, K 544, 11050, 13046, 13009, U. S. 153 and other heavy ¾ and 6-4 coatings; spot cash. Spring 2571.

VELOURS Wanted.—Quantity 11050, 13,020, K544, 13046, or similar; also white and colored chinchilla. Hammer, Madison Sq. 7745.

VELOURS Wanted.—Cash, American 544, 0359, 11050; any quantity. Farragut 9090. Phillip.

VELOUR DU NORD Wanted. Jacob Masur, 131 West 35th St. Greeley 1876.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavyweight, all colors. Colonial Cloak & Suit Co., 54 East 12th St.

VELOUR Wanted.—11050 in all colors. Madison Square 5319.

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BROADCLOTH and VELOURS.—All shades, heavy, light, at a price. Chelsea 1979.

CHIFFON VELVETS.—Cheney, all colors, $4; Duvet de Laine, all colors, $2.50. Phone Mad. Sq. 8272.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—To close out. J. Dunn Co., 127 West 25th St.

CLOAKINGS.—Heavy and lightweight; also overcoatings and Buckley & Cohen's quality, 700; all colors, $1.65. Mad. Sq. 9388.

COATS.—Pom poms, bolivias, silvertone, velour du Nord, broadcloth, velours, dracords, &c.; plain, fur-trimmed; $16.50 to $50; immediate delivery. Mezeritsky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS.—100 American velour coats, fur-trimmed, all shades, half lined; close out at a special price. A. Zimmerman, 55 East 11th.

COATS.—Bolivias, pom poms, silvertones, velours, broadcloth, burellas, &c.; $16.50-$45; immediate delivery. Mezeritsky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—150 high-grade wool velour, fur trimmed, lined throughout, all colors, closing out extraordinarily cheap. Lefkowitz, 38 West 18th St.

COATS — Silks, mercerized, and cotton plushes, broadcloths, and velours; close out to make room. Ulin Bros., 35 East 11th St.

COATS.—Special values in Pom Pom and Bolivia; self and fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

COATS.—1,000 velour coats for immediate delivery, mostly fur-trimmed. M. Rosenman & Co., 40-42 West 27th St.

COATS.—950 kersey and velour fine coats; fur trimmed, unusual bargain. Copeland, 38 West 26th St.

COATS.—Cotton plush, to close out; assorted colors; 300, size 6 to 14; 200, size 2 to 6. A. & L. Rosenfeld & Co., 22 West 21st St.

COATS, plush and cloth, fur-trimmed, for immediate delivery; prices reasonable. Leibman & Hurwitz, 133 West 21st St.

COATS.—Specially priced for Thanksgiving sales; thousand on racks now; best assortment colors, sizes. Rubin Ullus, 50 W. 17th.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed velours, pom poms, and plush; excellent value. Norwalk Bros., 105 Madison Av.

COATS.—Off price jobbing trade; velours, broadcloths, fur and plush trimmed. Smigel & Zipper, 56 West 22d. Gram. 205.

COATS.—Infants' white goods coats, dresses, capes; big job cheap. J. C. Levin, 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—Special prices; broadcloths, velours, fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. S. Herwitz & Co., 26 East 20th. Gramercy 5498.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed Bolivia, silvertip, and velour for immediate delivery; $10 up. Hirshfield, 142 West 29th St. Send to us.

COATS.—In snappy styles at reasonable prices; immediate delivery. Gordon Outer Garment Co., 28 West 25th St.

COATS.—3,000 for immediate delivery; sizes 2-6 and 8-14, at a price. Rosh & Mayers, 1,178 Broadway.

COATS.—Junior's, misses' fur trimmed reduced; immediate delivery. Charles Feller, 41 West 25th.

COATS—Velour, broadcloth, and plushes; reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Neumann, 15 West 20th St.

COATS—Children's, juniors', and flappers, cloth and velvet, at popular prices. Neumann, 15 West 20th St.

COATS—Samples on heavy velour coats to close out at a price. 32 East 31st St., tenth floor.

COATS.—Wonderful values in velour and broadcloth coats, all fur-trimmed. I. Novick, 40 West 28th St.

COATS.—High-grade pom pom, velour; fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. Stein, Schonceit, 1[illegible]0 West 22d.

COATS.—Junior and misses' fur trimmed; immediate delivery. Charles Feller, 41 West 25th.

COATS.—Of every description, to close out at special prices. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d St.

COATS, SUITS.—Immediate delivery; new styles; low prices. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed coats to close out reasonable. Stock Cloak Co., 40 W. 18th St.

COATS, children's, 6 to 14, at sacrificing prices. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Job children's cloth and plush; selling below cost. Schwartz, 31 West 15th.

COATS.—Plush, fur-trimmed, special for sale purposes; cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—A job to close out cheap. Maldoff & Siegel, 78 5th Av.

COATS AND SUITS, to close out. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th St.

COATS to close out, velours, broadcloths, fur-trimmed. Klar Bros., 33 West 20th.

COATS. — Children's juniors, to close out. Cass & Rosenthal, 153 West 27th.

COATS.—1,000 to close out; fur trimmed. Joe Korcstoff, 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—Silk plush, 48 in. long, guaranteed lining, $10. Metropolitan, 40 West 27th.

COATS.—Close out fur-trimmed and plain. Kaplan & Weinstein, 150 West 22d St.

COATS, to close out; ladies' and children's. Rabinowitz & Kaplan. Spring 7342.

COATS.—500, all materials, to close out. Harry Gelfond, 122 West 27th St.

COATS.—200 ladies' and misses' at a big sacrifice. Greenberg, 137 West 25th.

COTTON GABARDINE Poplin, Etc., Wanted; fawn; send samples. X 338 Times Annex.

CREPE METEOR, immediate delivery, $1.25, all colors. M. Marks Co., formerly Marks-Senner, 354 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 9380.

DRESSES.—Unusual inducement to jobbers and catalog houses placing stock orders; snappy samples; estimates on your own styles; automatic service only. Primo, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, silks, velvet evening dresses; special values. Glookner, 10 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Job of silk and satin dresses to close out at a sacrifice. Regent Dress Co., 13 West 17th.

DRESSES.—Sixty serge and satin; close out; sacrifice. Clarisse, 3 West 19th St.

DRESSES.—Serges, velveteens, satins, close out; finest assortments; reasonable. Wolfert, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—500 French serge, discarded styles, to close out, at $5.75. Standard Costume Co., 11 East 31st St.

FLEECE UNDERWEAR, quantity, immediate delivery; hosiery for export. Henry Isaacs, Stuyvesant 4945.

FOXES' SCARFS, Muffs. — Red, taupe, poiret; sacrifice. Barnett Fur Co., 401 6th Av.

FURS.—Last-year styles; must be sold at reasonable prices; call at once. Wear-Well Hat Company, 213 Greene St.

KERAMI.—Sidney Blumenthal's, $7 per yard. Farragut 2248.

KERAMI.—For sale at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

LINING.—Peau de Cygne lining, to close out cheap. J. C. Levin, 127 West 25th St.

PIECE GOODS, odd pieces, various cotton, linens. Chauser, 45 West 27th.

PLANT FOR SALE.—For cloak and suit industry; thirty-eight machines, cutting tables, pressing plant, office fixture, &c. Call 102 Madison Av., 12th floor.

PLUSHES.—Peerless, $3.30; Peco, $3.30; Esq. $3.50; 3-in., seven strips, Salt's beaver, $1.95; broadcloths, serges, all kinds at low prices. R. Smith & Co., Mad. Sq. 818.

PLUSHES.—Esquimette, H. & H., Peerless, Dobson, 1164 Pearson, mercerized, also 200 pieces ¾ cheviot, cheap. Farragut 9812.

PLUSHES.—Esquimette and Peco plush at exceptionally low prices. Gramercy 7184.

PLUSH LAPINEX, $3.40 net cash. Farragut 4868.

PLUSH.—Will sell esquimette plush for $3.60 net cash. Chelsea 5617.

PLUSHES.—Peerless T 10, very cheap. L. Finkelstein, 17 West 3d St.

POM POM.—All shades, 09050 American serge, K 544 Stoney and Starkey and U. S. Burgundy velour. Spring 2571.

POM POM.—All colors, $2.85 net cash. Greeley 5213.

POM POM.—American 0816, shades 948 plum. Chelsea 2570.

POM POM.—Two pieces 818 plum, $3.15. Levensohn & Satz, Mad. Sq. 1265.

POM POM.—American 0816; navy, brown, green. Madison Square 8475.

POPLINS.—Amoskeag 8158, black, navy and gray, $1.75 net. Phone 1872 Mad. Sq.

RAINCOATS.—All kinds; entire stock; selling out below coat. Schwartz, 31 West 15th.

SERGES.—Botany 809, 110 pieces; Juilliard's 54249, 20 pieces; 54292, 100 pieces; 54221, 50 pieces; [illegible], 15 pieces; American 231, 100 pieces; 0856, 40 pieces; Gilbert's 8200, 300 pieces; Garfield 528, 200 pieces; Lorraine 5076, 125 pieces; Amoskeag 6512, 20 pieces; 6301, 100 pieces. Levensohn & Satz, 1,170 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 1265.

SERGES.—Have 6062 navy at 92½c, also cotton serges in colors, navy, brown, wine and green, at 16½c net cash. A. Goldberg & Bros., 134 W. 26th.

SERGES.—Arlington 99, 10 Loraine, 2678 Stevens 3850, Botany 809, U. S. H. 20, 235 Pacific. G. V. L., Madison Sq. 3121.

SERGES.—Cotton warp, Whitman 1210, 1209. L. Finkelstein & Son, 17 West 3d St. Spring 6311.

SERGES.—Whitman 104, Amoskeag's 7614, 7261, 7120, 7012. L. Finkelstein & Son, 17 West 3d St. Spring 6311.

SERGES.—Amoskeag 7120, Whitman's 104 and 9, for cash. Stuyvesant 3240.

SILKS.—Wash satins, 75c. to $1.30; also Georgettes, charmeuse, babutals. Henry J. Jackson, 17 Madison Av. Tel. 7598 Mad. Sq.

SKIRTS.—300 skirts to close out, silks, satins, stripes; latest models. G. P. G., 41 West 17th. Chelsea 6033.

SNAP FASTENERS, highest quality, lowest prices, white or black, carded or bulk, for exporters or dealers only; special inducements for large quantity orders. Bethlehem Snap Fastener Mfg. Co., 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1207 Williamsburg.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Best quality spring; carded or bulk; immediate delivery. J 367 Times Downtown.

STOLES, CAPES.—Plush and Kerami muffs to match in fur effects, headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

SUITS-COATS.—Exceptional values in desirable merchandise, to close out cheap. Fensterstock & Rosen, 35 West 31st St.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Belle Cloak & Suit Co., 159 West 25th.

SUITS, Spring, for jobbing; poplin, serges; $8.75 up. Excello, 127 West 17th St.

SUITS on rack for immediate delivery, $12.50; coats, $9.75. Plager, 48 West 27th.

SUITS.—75 broadcloth, better grade, to close out. Jacob Bernstein, 63 West 36th St.

SUITS.—400 better grade, to close out. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

VELOURS. — Burgundy heavyweight, 200 pieces, ¾ cheviot 0359; Kerami, $6.35; mercerized wool plushes, Esquimette peco. Farragut 9811.

VELOURS, lightweight, taupe, brown, green; kersey 15020, all shades. Madison Square 6635.

VELOURS.—Burgundy, plum, and taupe, heavy weight. Call Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

VELOURS.—Garfield style 136, brown, green, reindeer, navy, black; $2.05 net. Madison Square 5259.

VELOURS.—Burgundy, brown and green, heavy weight; will sell cheap. Mr. Bobrick, Farragut 2369.

VELOURS.—0359, 13052 Salt's velours, du nord, Botany, F. & H. broadcloth. Madison Square 3121.

VELOURS.—0350 American and Bahnsen's, all colors, for cash. Greeley 1182.

VELOUR DU NORD.—Salts; quantity for sale at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

VELVETEENS.—Plain and twill back, all colors, all widths; corduroy in narrow and wide wale, all colors; also clothing corduroy. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 31st St. Madison Square 9760.

VELVETEEN.—Narrow wale corduroy, 36 inches wide, all colors; immediate delivery. B. C. Miller Bros., 95 Bleecker St. Spring 3287.

VENETIANS.—Dura satin, black, for cash. Phone Chelsea 9728.

WAISTS.—Georgette waists to close out cheap. Deutschman, 15 West 20th St.

WAISTS.—Georgette, to close out at a low price. Sugarman, 473 Broadway.

WHITE SERGE.—Juilliards 54251; also white broadcloth, 50 inch, Eagles 851, crepe meteor. If interested, call Leo Finkenberg, 135 West 29th.

Situations Wanted.

YOUNG MAN with 12 years' actual business experience, wholesale furnishings and notions, both as buyer and salesman, capable of assisting in any direction, hard worker, highly recommended, desires position with a future. P 113 Times.

SALESMAN.—A real salesman, 10 years' selling experience, desires to connect with reliable woolen house; unquestionable reference. P 63 Times.

DESIGNER will design exclusive models in dresses in spare time. F 30 Times.

Auctions.

Sale Today
Also Friday and Saturday
AT
Clarke's Art Rooms
5 West 44th Street
The LEON RICCI Collection
Italian Antiques
IN FURNITURE AND WORKS OF ART (XV. to XVIII. Century.)

In consequence of existing conditions in Italy, which prohibit Mr. Ricci from returning here to continue business at the present time, this fine collection will be sold by auction within the above Galleries.

By Order of the Trustee,
(To-day) THURSDAY,
FRIDAY and SATURDAY,
Each Day at 2:30 P. M.
The sale will be conducted by
MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE.

UNDERWRITERS' SALE.
329 FINE ORIENTAL RUGS AND CARPETS
Ex. S/S. "Strinda," "Captio" and others.
60 Fine Large Persian and Chinese Carpets. Sarouks, Dozar, Kermanshah and other desirable weaves.
1 Ex. fine Historical Silk Carpet, 16.7x12.3.
269 Fine Small Rugs and Hall Strips, Sarouks, Irans, Afghans, Persian, etc., etc., nearly every known weave—fine colors and sizes. All sold piece by piece without allowance and WITHOUT RESERVE.
Goods on exhibition, with catalogue, morning of sale.
FRIDAY, NOV. 23rd, at 11:30 o'clock.
BURLING & DOLE, Auctioneers,
590-601 Broadway, New York City.

Auctioneers.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc.,
338-341 Fourth Avenue, at 25th St.

LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures. Van Praag & Co., 537 Broadway. Spring 2243.

Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries,
546 5th Av. Auctioneers and Appraisers

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.........5¼@5½ per cent. for the best names.
Tuesday.........5¼ per cent. for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Some New Price Records Made.

Yesterday's active trading in the local gray goods market brought with it the establishment of new high records in the prices paid for two standard constructions of printcloths. These were 38½-inch 64-60s, which brought 11⅜ cents for spots, and spot 39-inch 68-72s, which sold for 13 cents. January-March deliveries of the 64-60s sold at 11¼ cents, which was the spot price up until yesterday, and similar shipments of 38½-inch 64-56s sold at 11 cents. Among the sheeting sales for the day were five-yard goods at 11¼ cents, for November-December delivery, and 5.50s for the same positions, at 10¼ cents. All widths of sateens and twills sold in a large way to the clothing converters at steadily advancing prices. Spot printcloth prices closed this way:

39-inch, 80-80s	13¼c	38½-inch, 64-60s	11⅜c
39-inch, 72-76s	14¼c	38½-inch, 64-56s	11c
39-inch, 68-72s	13c	38½-inch, 60-52s	10c
39-inch, 58-44s	9¼c	38½-inch, 60-48s	9⅝c
38½-inch, 64-64s	11⅝c	27-inch, 64-60s	5⅛c

They Do Not Agree.

In spite of what has been published in certain trade papers concerning the increased need for resident buyers now that taxes on railroad tickets, Pullman seats and such are going to make store buyers' trips to this market fewer, manufacturers and wholesalers here say they cannot "see" it. "The only way that I can see in which the resident buyer might be made more valuable as a result of Government taxes on travelers," said a jobber yesterday, "is that some traveling men may feel inclined to cover their territories less regularly. This is doubtful, for while the new taxes put quite a strain on the commissions of these men, if they didn't keep their eyes on the trade there wouldn't be any commissions. As for buyers not coming here in order to save the tax money, if any of them who make regular trips did so, they would soon find it to be a penny wise and pound foolish move. They could lose money enough on one blindly-placed order to pay their traveling taxes for many years."

Silk-Wool Underwear Sought.

The combination of silk and wool in underwear fabrics is said to be attracting particular attention in the trade this Fall. Though it was pretty well token last year, it seems to be in greater demand this season, due probably in part to the campaign which is being waged in Washington for the conservation of wool and the use of manipulated fabrics whenever possible. Authorities in the trade feel that, once the use of this mixture of silk and wool becomes general and people find that it gives the warmth of all-wool without the scratching, they will not readily go back to the all-wool garment.

Forms a Yarn Association.

An organization known as the Patriotic Yarn Association, of which Rosalind Wood, daughter of President William M. Wood of the American Woolen Company, is the founder and head, has opened an office in Room 805, 225 Fourth Avenue, and will supply worsted yarn of the best quality to persons who will use it in making articles for men in the service of the United States. The only restriction on the sale of this yarn, which is being offered to consumers at the lowest prices, is that the yarns purchased shall be used solely for the purpose mentioned. The yarn being sold was purchased from the American Woolen Company by Miss Wood at wholesale quotations, and is being retailed at these prices: By the hank, gray and natural, 70 cents; khaki and blue, 75 cents; in lots of five pounds or over, gray and natural, $2.75 a pound; khaki and blue, $2.85 a pound. These prices are said to insure the public a saving of about $1 a pound.

Good Fall for Dresses.

Jersey cloth, velvets, and duvetyns are said to be the leading fabrics this season for street or house dresses, as well as for some of the simpler afternoon frocks. Sales are reported to be unusually large in most sections, and all varieties of garments, from cheap to the most expensive, have been well taken. In general style tendencies, the fitted or semi-fitted garment has been very popular in this city, though in some of the other markets the straight loose lines have been preferred. Among the leaders have been the various shades of yellow, from the lightest orange down to dark tan. Black and navy blue have been popular in fitted velvet frocks. There seems, however, to be no general tendency as yet toward the darker shades.

Corset Market Fairly Active.

Reports from corset manufacturers with agents in this city indicate that rising prices, which in some cases have been very pronounced, have not curtailed their volume of business to any marked extent. Though in some sections of the country there has been a falling off from the record of a year ago, this shrinkage is said to have been more than offset in other sections, particularly manufacturing centres where sales have increased tremendously. One manufacturer mentions an instance of a merchant in the Middle West who increased his orders this year by nearly 200 per cent.

Drug Suits Are Numerous.

Drug and Chemical Markets will say today that embargoes by railroads and attempts of buyers to cancel orders because deliveries have not been made on time, owing to transportation delays, have led to numerous suits. Manufacturers announced advances during the week in iodine preparations, sugar of milk, bromides, salol, wood alcohol and chloroform. Reductions in prices were few and unimportant. The scarcity of tin and its high price has led to considerable apprehension among manufacturers who use tin containers in quantities. The Government is short of supplies and will commandeer stocks wherever found.

Fur Manufacturers Are Happy.

A canvass of the manufacturing furriers this season would find many smiles of the variety that won't come off. After several seasons in which their dog, from a business point of view, was kicked around more or less by an unsympathetic weather man, they are now able to give him the laugh in the face of the comparatively balmy weather he has been supplying of late. There are three reasons given for this. The first is that fashion regards furs even more favorably this year than last. The second is that the really cool weather which marked early September brought buyers of furs into the market earlier than usual in many cases and also started consumers buying earlier. The third is that, after a season or two of wearing furs through the hot weather, no woman is going to leave them aside in November because the temperature is a little higher than scheduled. In any event, manufacturers are still busy filling the orders they have taken.

Improvement in Broad Silks.

There is said to have been better buying activity in broad silks so far this week than has prevailed for some time past. It is admitted, however, that most of it is for filling in requirements. There are indications that during the last few weeks silks have been moving over the retail counter more rapidly, and that merchants found themselves approaching the holiday season without the wide assortment of stocks which they needed. Crêpe de chine, georgette crêpe, taffeta and satin have been the leaders of the season, and apparently they are to continue in this position for a while. Inquiries for Spring merchandise also are said to be more plentiful this week than last, with foulards leading. The coal situation and the Government's attitude toward the silk industry seem to be causing less apprehension than formerly, and feeling throughout the trade seems much improved.

It Will Not Happen Right Away.

In reply to a question, dealing with the possibilities of some of the city's more exclusive stores putting in grocery and provisions departments to offset a rumored drop in sales of luxuries because of the war, as was suggested recently in a certain quarter, an executive of a Fifth Avenue store remarked that it would not happen right away. In fact, he regarded the suggestion as a great joke, in spite of the evident seriousness of mind of the sponsor of it. "Don't let anybody talk to you that way," he said, and then added with a broad smile, "with foodstuffs as high as they are now, what exclusive shop could finance a department of that kind?"

BUYING GOODS MADE EASY.

The trouble of making a round of wholesale houses and factories to discover goods needed by owners of stores and buyers obviated by dispatching lettergram to The New York Times, giving description of articles needed. Next day a short advertisement will appear on the Business Page of The Times and this will be read by those who will at once respond. Cost of service, 50 cents an agate line of 6 words.

Replies may be sent direct to advertiser, or to box number provided by The Times.—Advt.

WOOL MARKET IS FIRM.

Most of the Buying is Done by Government Contractors.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 21.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"Buying in the Boston wool market has been largely on low and medium grade wools for use by the Government. Some of the low foreign wools are much more active, because the Government has altered its specifications for cloth. The market is firm. The wool situation in England seems to be distinctly unsatisfactory. There is supposed to be any quantity of wool in Great Britain but the supply is really short and the trade there is becoming very anxious.

"The cotton fluctuates less than it did some time ago, but it still appears to be speculative. The figures in regard to domestic consumption were a surprise to many. It is contended that the transference of fancy cloth machinery to the production of heavier staple fabrics will at least keep the consumption of cotton as large as it has been.

"Buying in the cotton goods market has been somewhat larger, and the indications are that present quotations will hold or increase somewhat. Altogether, the cotton goods market is strong, and the demand for staple goods is not fully supplied. The high prices are the direct result of the high cost of raw material, and the high cost of production together with rather excessive profit margins."

COTTON GINNING REPORT.

8,559,390 Bales Manufactured Prior to Nov. 14.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21. — Cotton ginner prior to Nov. 14 amounted to 8,559,390 running bales, including 152,527 round bales, counted as half bales, and 68,161 bales of Sea Island, the Census Bureau announced today.

Last years to Nov. 14 ginnings amounted to 9,615,003 bales, including 168,575 round bales and 92,909 bales of Sea Island, and two years ago 8,771,275 bales, including 82,312 round bales and 65,641 bales of Sea Island.

Ginnings by States this year were: Alabama, 378,078 bales; Arizona, 5,868; Arkansas, 663,244; California, 17,294; Florida, 39,837; Georgia, 1,480,182; Louisiana, 497,962; Mississippi, 619,338; Missouri, 30,185; North Carolina, 378,541; Oklahoma, 693,936; South Carolina, 923,217; Tennessee, 121,191; Texas, 2,693,690; Virginia, 8,923; all other States, 2,844.

Ginnings of Sea Island cotton by States: Florida, 30,553 bales; Georgia, 34,647; South Carolina, 2,961.

POTTERY COSTS RISE.

Transportation and Shortage of Materials Embarass Manufacturers.

It developed yesterday at the thirty-ninth annual convention of the United States Potters' Association, at the Hotel Astor, that makers of pottery and chinaware products are now paying as much as 300 per cent. more for crude materials entering into the makeup of finished goods than was the case before the war. Labor costs, it was brought out, were also mounting. Charles C. Astburgh of East Liverpool, Ohio, presided at the convention, which was attended by the leading potters of East Liverpool, Newark, N. J., and other centres of the industry.

Reports by standing and special committees emphasized the degree to which the pottery business is hampered at this time, due to lack of transportation facilities, while the shortage in raw materials, coal and labor charges it was said placed heavy burdens on the business as a whole, notwithstanding the elimination of competition from abroad as a result of the war. A recommendation was made to the Interstate Commerce Commission favoring the granting of the 15 per cent. rate increase asked by the railroads. It also was decided to send a delegate to the Waterways Convention to be held shortly in Wheeling, W. Va. While no formal discussion of the subject was had on the floor of the convention, the members discussed informally the proposed transportation embargo on so-called nonessentials. Members gave it as their belief that an embargo of this kind would put the pottery industry of this country completely out of business, besides spelling ruin to such leading pottery manufacturing centres as East Liverpool, Ohio.

Officers elected for the ensuing year were: President, Marcus Aaron; first Vice President, William Burgess; Second Vice President, Chas. L. Seoring; Third Vice President, W. L. Smith, Jr., and Secretary Treasurer, Charles F. Goodwin.

Ask Park for Automobiles.

Borough President Pounds yesterday received a petition, signed by the heads of most of the banking, real estate, and insurance institutions in downtown Brooklyn, asking that the vacant land in the rear of the Borough Hall and known as Municipal Park be opened for the parking of automobiles. Residents and business houses in the streets adjacent to the Borough Hall have complained about the practice of automobile owners of leaving their machines in these streets for hours while they are transacting business in the neighborhood.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

SIMONET COMPANY, confectioner, of 401 East 124th Street, with retail stores at 2,449 and 2,847 Broadway, has made an assignment to Julius J. Klein. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against the company by Archibald Palmer for these creditors: Hooton Chocolate Company, $434; Edward H. Rogers, Inc., $236, and Wood & Selick, $170. The company has been under an extension of one year and the failure was precipitated by the scarcity of sugar. Liabilities $10,000 and assets $7,000.

JOSEPH LEWIS, a dealer in men's furnishing goods at 201 West 125th Street. A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by these creditors: Samuel Friedman, $277; John M. Nelson, $177, and Rae Flock, $61. He also made an assignment to Morris Israel. Liabilities are $8,000 and assets $2,000.

MAISON HENRI.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Henri Leschziner, doing business as Maison Henri, dealer in women's apparel at 2,089 Broadway, by these creditors: George H. Montrose & Co., $1,846; Spero & Pincus, Inc., $59, and Eugene Taschner & Co., Inc., $75. He also made an assignment to Morris B. Arnold. Liabilities are reported to be $6,000.

CHARLES F. LIGHTHOUSE of 258 West Fifty-fifth Street, formerly of the Lighthouse Tire Company of Dover, Del., has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $768, of which $729 is a judgment for rent, and assets consisting of 4,775 shares of the Lighthouse Tire Company of no value, $100 in a debt due him, and a claim for a patent held by the company.

LOUIS SCHONFELD, a laborer, of 114 Second Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,055 and no assets.

PETER HAUGE, a saloon keeper at Port Chester, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities or $1,160 and no assets.

ALBERT MUNDORFF. At a meeting of creditors of Albert Mundorff, doing business at the West End Restaurant, at 226-228 West 125th St., held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, in the Woolworth Building, Martin Charles Ansorge, the receiver, was elected trustee, with authority to continue business. Mr. Ansorge reported that he is continuing business at a profit.

HENRY SALINSKY & SON, manufacturer of children's dresses, at 137 Fifth Avenue, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $9,690, and assets of $2,022, consisting of stock, $1,000; fixtures, $500, and accounts, $522. Henry Salinsky has individual liabilities of $5,699 and assets of $8,000, consisting of real estate at 101 Hamilton Place.

MORRIS OLARSKY, doing business as the Queen Skirt Co., at 132 West Twenty-second St., has filed schedules showing liabilities of $22,256 and assets of $10,873, consisting of stock, $1,000; plant, $500; accounts, $7,973, and cash in bank, $900.

S. JARMULOWSKY'S BANK.—Judge Hand has adjudicated Louis and Harry Jarmulowsky, doing business as S. Jarmulowsky's Bank, at 54 Canal St., bankrupt. A petition was filed against them on May 11, 1917, and it has been contested ever since. The Judge named referee W. H. Willis to have charge of the further proceedings.

SOLOMON SASH, manufacturing furrier, at 489 Sixth Av., has made an assignment to William S. Hutt.

EDITH L. ROSENTHAL, of 797 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn. A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against her by Joseph C. Jonas, for $500.

PETER KALISTORNY of 196 Sheffield Av., Brooklyn. A petition in bankruptcy has been field against him by the following creditors: Jefferson Distilling & Denaturing Co., $247; William H. Zinsser & Co., Inc., $166; Berry Bros., Inc., $195.

BENJAMIN HERSCHENSON, a salesman, 406 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, has field a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $70,861 and assets of $2,150.

M. & E. SHELUBOR, Meyer and Ethel Shelubor, 179 Hart Street, Brooklyn, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,000 and no assets.

HOFFMAN BROS., of 96 Thatford Avenue, Brooklyn, has made an assignment to Edward W. Engel, 369 Saratoga Avenue, Brooklyn.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 21.—John F. Lewis, a contractor of Saratoga Springs, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $57,688, and assets of $18,160.

William H. Donlan and Maurice D. Moore, plumbers of Amsterdam, have filed a petition with liabilities of $37,374 and assets of $35,632.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 21.—E. W. Wood & Co. of Brookston have filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $15,450.04 and assets of $13,485.47.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts of $100 and over.)

Ambrose Braid Co.—F. Gordon........$116.65
Archularius, Robert S.—F. H. Justin....286.99
Berg, Amalia F.—G. Rinkwitz........354.41
Bendelari, Francis—N. L. Carpenter & Co., costs........110.20
Barrett, W. M., Pres.—J. De Palma....200.00
Brooklyn, Queens County & Suburban Railroad Co.—J. Rizzo........491.33
Campbell, J. C.—W. R. Bigelow........3,031.73
Cummings, Frederick W.—William Connors Paint Mfg. Co........387.93
Canessa, John—R. Marks........208.30
Cooper, Gustave A.—Travelers Ins. Co....141.31
Commonwealth [illegible] Imp. Corp.—Brown-Green Co........490.67
City of New York—S. Newberg........393.92
Same—L. Newberg........100.00
Cohen, Meyer—M. Salmowitz et al....510.67
Conners, A. Raymond—E. D. Hobson..426.57
Dunner, Elias W.—Klauber Bros. & Co.119.86
Dunkirk Glass Co. and James K. Kelly—Corn Exchange Bank........5,080.98
Ewell, James L.—E. F. Caulfeld........218.71
Ellis, Rudolph P.—Inman Mfg. Co........151.93
Eveetit, C. P.—G. H. Doran Co........356.29
Finkelstein, Nathan B.—Thomas W. Woods Sons........1,264.65
Formoso, Ashley A.—Stewart Distilling Co........179.38
Fischer, Lizzie, and Sadie Berkowitz—People, &c........300.00
Gatti, Joseph—E. M. Parker et al........525.78
Greenblatt, Morris—Burns Bros. Ice Corp........449.52
Greenberg, Nathan, and David B. Levy—People, &c........500.00
Griffin, William J.—W. S. Hull....1,554.06
Gunn, John—M. H. Marks........708.15
Govers, Francis X.—W. N. Compton..788.20
Gruber, Samuel—B. Wache........445.80
Greenberg, Morris—Burns Bros. Ice Corp........449.28
Garber, Max—M. Mittenthal et al........255.65
Hennings, Rudolph, and National Surety Co.—People, &c........500.00
Isaac, Joseph—B. Silverman........400.00
J. K. Estate Realty Corp.—People, &c..100.00
Krebs, Henry W.—Harlen Supply Co..241.74
Kelly, Michael F., and Joseph R. McGuire—John Simmons Co........141.37
Kochinsky, Gussie, or Kolchinsky, and Jennie Kohl—George S. Mares........186.74
Kaufman, Henry H.—I. Efrus........177.63
Katz, William, Jacob Kimmel, and Isidure Nadelman, (Katz & Kimmel)—L. Rosenblatt........383.00
Liberty Sheet Metal Works—E. Greenwald........500.00
McGreevy, Martin—White, Hentz & Co.342.96
Mathison, Alice—E. S. Auchinty et al..179.45
Madden, William—C. Schaefer et al....159.15
Merrill School, Inc.—Charles L. Willard Co........162.69
Nat'l Surety Co.—L. Ettlinger........120.58
Namrah Building Co. and Olsen O. Herman—W. Hauptman........322.91
N. Y. Financial Examiner—Conor Fendler & Co........100.90
Ofenloch, John H.—Delion Tire and Rubber Co........338.81
Orchard, Iron and Steel Corp.—J. B. Carse et al........385.06
P. F. Kenny Co.—Gorham Co........678.13
Placke, William—Kellion Rubber Co....153.33
Pelser, Hugo, and Mildred Pelser—U. S. Mortgage and Trust Co........600.76
Pandur, Gussie—M. Schuessler........287.81
Philips, Joseph—N. Gordon........327.41
Tockville Centre Imp. Co.—J. Mociiar.2,678.03
Reid, John C.—Eaton, Crane & Pike Co........139.71
Simon, Irene W.—C. H. Frederick........534.94
Silverman, Isidor and Max H. (L. Silverman & Son)—A. Fine........959.67
Smith, Robert L.—C. C. Sacco........215.80
Stuberg, Gedalia—Union Smoked Fish Co........276.80
Straub, Frank—A. Hayman........171.65
Schreier, Antal—P. Lobl, costs........108.45
Schulse, Max—B. Zinn, costs........115.66
Teabout, Amelia D.—City of N. Y., costs........106.85
Van Hoosen, Barnet J.—L. K. Neff....224.21
Witkin Trucking Co.—I. Schneider...1,088.43
Ward, Joseph C.—Swift & Co........153.35
Wittman, Charles—A. M. Maclay, costs.108.85
Wells, H. Stanley, Ethel M., and Ernest W.—R. C. Turnbull........321.10
Youmans, Ralph—J. Silverberg........218.90
Zimet, Victor—E. A. Mayhew........153.67

In Bronx County.

Daniel, Warren C.—A. Apple........590.68
Grening, Paul C.—McLaury Marble and Tile Co........256.00
Kratenstein, Bessie—C. Holstien........108.38
Mulligan, William—L. Ehrlich........171.66
Marshall, Charles H.—T. J. Yore........1,368.12
Matarese, Joseph and John—Blue Valley Butter Co........134.47
Marmor Construction Co., Inc., and Morris Herman—J. Sanders........747.12
Silberman, Max—M. Shichtman........120.72
Schmitz, William—A. Stoecklein & Co.175.50
Schrade, John—Hanscome Bakeries........108.38
Tag, Louis—B. Pollvy........114.81
Zircher, Louis—C. Webber........108.38
Zimmer, Jacob—H. Meschenberg........330.72

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Brown, Isidore—D. Klauber et al., Oct. 26, 1905........$2,148.76
Ottman, Philipp—B. Dunn, Jan. 29, 1916........174.75
Dygela Distilled Water Co.—R. Guszardt, June 28, 1917........9,417.15
Anderson, Myrtle E.—H. Inderlied, May 15, 1916........776.49
Bergen & Lindeman, Inc. — Duffney Brick Co. of Mechanicsville, N. Y., May 2, 1917........334.26
Ottman, Philip—L. Strauss, Feb. 29, 1916........176.76
Milroy, James W.—M. H. Arkenburgh, Oct. 29, 1917........1,044.27
Phillips, Edward, and Samuel Worthington—H. L. Meader, Nov. 14, 1917..116.07
Ands-Koch, Inc.—Schwartz & Co., Nov. 13, 1917........852.63
Central Cuba Sugar Co.—Roberston & Co., Nov. 14, 1917........48,390.59
Greenberg, Jacob—J. Lumitz et al., Jan. 26, 1917........406.01
Schlang, Guidie—Colonial Bank, May 1, 1911........1,326.05

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

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ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—W. M. Whitney & Co.; P. J. McManus, coats, suits; 41 Union Square; Park Avenue.
ALBANY, N. Y.—Stanley & MacGibbon Co.; P. Wolf, jobs suits; 55 W. 17th.
ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Adam Co.; G. T. Schivane, waists, petticoats; Breslin.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—Wood Bros. Co.; C. P. Wood, knit goods; Hermitage.
ASHLAND, Ohio—Alvo Co.; W. F. Voight, underwear; R. W. Smalley, raincoat fabrics; Prince George.
ATLANTA, Ga.—W. M. Middlebrook Co.; C. Middlebrook, general mdse.; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Blumberg Bros.; Alex Blumberg, Fall, Winter underwear, women's, misses' sweaters, silk hosiery; 43 Leonard.
BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; Mr. Clark, silks, dress goods; 105 Grand.
BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; J. Cunningham, furn. goods; 404 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—The Hub; Mrs. H. Sloman, misses, infants' wear, corsets, muslin underwear; 33 W. 14th.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co., C. M. Langfeld, jewelry, leather goods; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—M. Kahn, woolens; Gerard.
BALTIMORE—H. Dalsemer, shoes, hosiery; Bretton Hall.
BALTIMORE — Blumberg Brothers; Alex Blumberg, underwear, sweaters, hosiery; 43 Leonard.
BALTIMORE—Keystone Skirt Mfg. Co.; S. Caplan, skirts; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Daniel Miller Co.; H. L. McLanahan, hats, millinery; 598 B'way; Aberdeen.
BALTIMORE—H. Shapiro, women's suitings; Aberdeen.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; C. Mulliken, drug sundries; 354 4th Av.; Imperial.
BINGHAMTON—J. Pulitzer, men's, women's, children's clothing; Breslin.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Temerson's; L. Temerson, women's furn. goods; Albert.
BOSTON—American D. G. Co.; W. Frank, blankets, knit goods; Broadway Central.
BOSTON—J. Grauman; coats, suits; Broadway Central.
BOSTON—Rubin Raincoat Co.; J. J. Rubin, raincoats; Albert.
BOSTON—William Filenes Sons Co.; Miss Griffin, ladies' cotton waists; Miss Peck, misses' underwear; Miss Silverman, machine made dresses; Mrs. Milliken, infants' children's furs; Mrs. Best, misses' coats, suits; 116 West 32d St.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Mr. McHugh, dresses; Miss Sweeney, misses' suits; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—C. F. Hovey & Co.; Miss E. Boas, women's, misses' gowns; 243 Church.
BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss K. Padieu, gloves; 230 5th Av.
BOSTON—R. White Co.; L. F. Hill, girls' coats, dresses; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; A. H. Shannon, silks, dress goods; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; C. Berry, small wares, patterns; J. T. Hagan, aprons, white goods; A. G. Sanborn, silk waists, sweaters; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Mr. Michaels, leather goods; 116 W. 32d.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; G. W. Barker, dry goods; 404 4th Av.
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; J. J. Connolly, men's furn. goods; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; L. J. Wagner, toys, sporting goods, baby carriages; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; F. Smith, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO—Kipp & Waite; G. Waite, neckwear; Holland House.
CHICAGO—Baumann Co.; H. Baumann, jobs suits, coats, Spring coats, suits; 12 E. 32d.
CHICAGO — George Bernard; G. B. Friend, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.
CHICAGO—Oxford Hand Tailoring Co.; L. A. Weinberg, woolens; McAlpin.
CHICAGO—Leiser Co.; Mr. Leiser, women's ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.
CINCINNATI—Perfection Cloak and Suit Co.; S. Roth, cloaks, suits; Aberdeen.
CINCINNATI—Alms & Doepke Co.; Miss Sandmaker, millinery; 350 B'way.
CLARKSBURG, W. Va.—Brown's Department Store; B. Brown, ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway; Grand.
CLARKESDALE, Miss.—Powers & Co.; Mr. Powers, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; Miss E. Cohen, silk, jersey dresses; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; S. Stein, silks, basement; 37 W. 26th.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—The Fashion; W. L. Payne, cloaks, suits; Collingwood.
DALLAS—Lorsch Mfg. Co.; J. B. Folz, jobs ladies', juniors' coats; 1,150 B'way, Room 1015.
DALLAS—Brin Brothers; S. T. Brin, laces, embroideries; Wallick.
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; N. B. Johnston, clothing; 116 West 32d.
ELMIRA—Sheehan, Dean & Co.; M. Strauss, wash goods, flannels, blankets; E. Dean, gen. buyer; 105 Grand.
ELMIRA, N. Y.—Sheehan, Dean & Co.; M. G. Strauss, wash goods; Bristol.
HAMILTON, Ohio—Mathes-Sohngen Co.; C. Sohngen, ready-to-wear; 60 W. 23d.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann's Underselling Store; F. Zug, dry goods; 72 Madison Av.
HORNELL, N. Y.—Babcock & Davidson; A. L. Davidson, general dry goods; Breslin.
HARTFORD, Conn.—S. Hart, furs; Wallick.
INDIANAPOLIS—Hibben, Hollweg & Co.; C. Koss, linens; 320 B'way.
JACKSON, Mich.—Dach & Hershey; I. Dach, muslin underwear; 1,182 B'way.
JACKSONVILLE—Cohen Bros.; W. K. Warren, military goods; 225 5th Av.
KNOXVILLE — Cowan-McClung Co.; J. Thomas, underwear, sweaters; 60 Worth.
LANCASTER, Penn.—M. T. Garvin & Co.; J. H. Ross, women's clothing, millinery, infants' wear; 72 Madison Av.; York.
LOUISVILLE—I. B. Ades & Sons; I. B. Ades, boys' clothing; Breslin.
MILWAUKEE—S. Fein Bros. Co.; J. S. Fein, men's furn. goods, clothing, woolens; Woodstock.
MINNEAPOLIS—Young-Quinlan Co.; Miss E. C. Quinlan, coats, suits, millinery, underwear; Miss M. McGinnis, neckwear; 220 5th Av.
MONTREAL, Can.—"Almy's," Ltd.; G. Day, hosiery; Mr. Monroe, gen'l mdse.; 230 5th Av.
NEW BEDFORD, Mass. — Steiger-Dudgeon Co.; G. H. Powers, notions; 105 Grand; Breslin.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; J. C. Miser, notions, ribbons, jewelry, toilet goods; 404 4th Av.; Park Avenue.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; T. F. O'Neill, linens, white goods, domestics; 404 4th Av.; Prince George.
NEW HAVEN.—Shartenberg & Robinson; A. A. Breton, housefurn. goods, toys; M. S. Mumma, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Russian Fur and Cloak Co.; B. Cohen, cloaks; Wallick.
NORFOLK, Va. — Norfolk Pants Co.; M. Stern, overalls; York.
NORRISTOWN, Penn.—H. C. Warner, dry goods; York.
OMAHA—Burgess, Nash Co.; H. Jones, silks, dress, wash goods; J. W. Little, shoes; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—"Blauner's;" Miss Cohen, jobs coats, suits; Miss Lustig, jobs silk, serge dresses; 15 East 26th St.
PHILADELPHIA—Ackerman Cloak Co.; H. Cohen, ready-to-wear; Herald Square.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Mrs. M. Garretson, trimmed millinery; B'way and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—L. W. Hirsch Co.; L. W. Hirsch, coats; 470 4th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—B. Hark, waists; Herald Square.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; G. R. Dunn, art embroideries; Broadway and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA — N. Snellenberg & Co.; Mrs. C. Arnold, infants' wear; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—A. L. Klopfer Co.; H. Davis, clothing, furn. goods, Wallick.
PITTSBURGH—Bennett, Hollander & Lewis; A. Lewis, piece goods; Claridge.
PORTLAND, Me. — Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; H. B. Eastman, general mdse.; Miss Berry, fancy, leather goods, women's neckwear; 1,270 B'way.
PORTLAND, Me.—Coronet Mfg. Co.; M. Maiman, cotton piece goods; Aberdeen.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; H. L. Werts, domestics, upholstery goods; Miss M. Finzer, coats, dresses; Miss M. Kenney, waists, sweaters, corsets, underwear, infants' wear; 23 E. 26th.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Meyer, Nusbaum & Co.; M. Nusbaum, linens, cottons, silks; Continental.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—R. Goldstein & Co.; L. Goldstein, woolens; Breslin.
SAN FRANCISCO—H. Lindner & Co.; M. Cohen, lace curtains; Churchill.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—Wallace Co.; P. B. Stearns, general mdse.; Marseille.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Western D. G. Co.; E. G. Anderson, dry goods; 60 Worth.
SHIPPINSBURG, Penn.—L. P. Tell, millinery, cloaks; Grand.
ST. LOUIS—Neustetter Co.; M. Neustetter, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; W. E. Doody, dress goods, flannels; 395 B'way.
ST. PAUL — Golden Rule; R. J. Williams, linens; 1,261 B'way.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Emporium Mercantile Co.; Miss F. Horne, waists, muslin underwear; G. H. McLeod, dry goods; 1,239 Broadway.
SYRACUSE, N. Y. — Wigwam Co.; O. H. Green, children's play suits; Collingwood.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Hunter-Tupper Co.; G. R. Taylor, dress goods, silks; Brozell.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Stanley & MacGibbon Co.; Miss E. Barnett, jobs afternoon dresses; 55 W. 17th.
TOLEDO — Hugo Stein Cloak Co.; Miss S. Goldberg, waists; 404 4th Av.
TROY, Ala.—H. Sacks, jobs ready-to-wear; 1,199 Broadway.
TULSA, Okla.—Hunt Co.; D. Hunt, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
UNION CITY, S. C.—Union Clothing Co., D. W. Mullinax, clothing; Marlborough.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; G. B. White, shoes; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; Miss I. Stragall, waists, furs; Miss L. McGill, laces, embroideries, ribbons, veilings; 334 4th Av.
WHEELING, W. Va.—Graham & Co.; A. W. Graham, notions, children's wear; Grand.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; D. Fowler, domestics; 212 5th Av.
WILMINGTON, Del.—W. P. Jorde & Co.; W. P. Jorde, women's muslin, knit underwear, hosiery, waists, skirts; Breslin.
WORCESTER, Mass.—W. P. Rowell & Sons; W. P. Rowell, furn. goods; York.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Strouss-Hirshberg Co.; R. J. Beacom, cloaks, suits, knit underwear; 333 4th Av.; Park Av.

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486 Broadway, New York.

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Dependable Garments—Clever Designs.
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CHILDREN'S WHITE DRESSES
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Pioneer Ladies' Garment Co.
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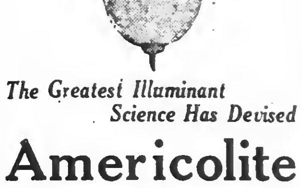
PHONE 9296. 9297 SPRING.

A large, well-known ribbon manufacturing concern, covering United States with six men, is open for some kindred side line. H. H., 214 Times Downtown.

Complete cloak shop in New Jersey town, 30 minutes from city; cheap rent; plenty help. F 46 Times.



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POLANSKY.—Financing Accounts, Brokerage, Insurance, Real Estate. 2,019 Bergen St., Brooklyn. Government work wanted for plant 85 machines.

VALUABLE WAR RECORD.

Albert Bushnell Hart, Professor of Government, Harvard University, says of Current History Magazine, published by The New York Times: "It is the most valuable single repository that has yet been issued." Every month, 25 cents; $3 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

A total of $1,298,950 was realized yesterday for the holdings of the Hamilton Fish Corporation at the auction sale conducted by Bryan L. Kennelly in the Vesey Street Exchange Salesroom. The properties brought considerably less than the assessed valuation placed upon them by the city, which aggregated $1,714,000, indicating a difference of $416,050.

About 400 persons were present when the sale began, including a number of operators, local property owners and business men seeking bargains. It was soon apparent that low prices would prevail and that many of the old holdings, forced on the market through the dissolution order, would pass into new ownership at comparatively cheap figures.

The first parcel offered was the vacant lot at 171 Suffolk Street, assessed at $15,500. It was sold after lively bidding to Louise Fox, said to represent Joseph L. Buttenwieser, the operator, for $8,500. The same purchaser later in the sale acquired 229 to 235 East Twentieth Street, for $40,000.

The second offering was the five-story loft building at 650 Broadway, on a plot 29 by 130, which went, after twenty bids had been recorded, to H. W. Berg, for $53,500, or $19,500 below the assessed valuation.

The most valuable parcel in the sale, the eight-story Fish Building, at the northeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Twelfth Street, together with the adjoining four-story house at 109 East Twelfth Street, brought $349,500, as compared with an assessed valuation of $390,000. It carries an annual rent roll of $39,100. John W. Herbert, a lawyer, was the buyer.

The property at 118 to 120 East Thirteenth Street was sold to Mrs. Susan Stein, an adjoining owner, for $22,000. She refused a $1,000 profit a few minutes after the property was knocked down.

Other buyers included the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company, representing a client; also C. E. Gremels, Eugene Ashley, John J. Menges, Herbert L. Stone, M. D. Littlefield, and George Dromeshauer.

Three parcels were withdrawn from the sale by the heirs; the southeast corner of Third Avenue and Sixteenth Street, known as 165 Third Avenue, and 202 and 204 East Sixteenth Street, valued at about $50,000, and 365 and 367 First Avenue, valued at $20,000.

Stuyvesant Fish stated after the sale that he was not interested in the purchase of any of the parcels sold, and that while the result represented a sacrifice of values, the estate received all it could reasonably expect under existing conditions.

Hearing to Change Zone Law.

Considerable discussion developed yesterday at the hearing held before the Zoning Committee, in the office of Borough President Marcus M. Marks, relative to the application of the Fifth Avenue Association for more stringent height restrictions on Fifth Avenue from Fifty-ninth Street to Ninety-ninth Street. It is sought to limit the building height to 100 feet, instead of 150 feet now permitted under the zoning law. If the amendment to the law were adopted, it is believed that it would check the movement for the erection of apartment houses on Fifth Avenue.

Robert Grier Cooke and Bruce M. Falconer appeared for the Fifth Avenue Association. Thomas Hastings, the architect; Edmund L. Baylies, Argyll L. Parsons of Douglas L. Elliman & Co., and Walter Jennings also spoke in favor of the proposed change.

Representatives of Oliver Gould Jennings, Edward H. Van Ingen, George D. Gregory, and Joseph F. Cullman opposed any change to the present law. Mrs. Frank Dodd and W. Albert Pease, Jr., of Pease & Elliman also appeared in opposition to the amendment.

Borough President Marks announced at the close of the hearing that he would report back to the City Plan Committee on the matter and urge that a public hearing be held at an early date before the Board of Estimate.

Private Dwelling Buyers.

Shaw & Co. sold for the Ideal Mortgage Corporation to Martha J. Jordan 258 West 127th Street, a three-story and basement brownstone private dwelling, on a lot 16.8 by 100.

Brooklyn.

E. T. Newman sold the four-story double modern apartment, 481 Sixth Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, on lot 31 by 100, for Jons K. Anderson to an investor; also the modern three-story and basement dwelling 270 Sterling Place, between Vanderbilt and Underhill Avenues, on a lot 20 by 100, for Fred Schumm to a client for occupancy.

The Realty Association sold 1,146 Fifty-fourth Street, between Eleventh and Twelfth Avenues, to Mrs. Mary Giegengack. It is a two-story and cellar, one-family dwelling, 20 by 100.2; also 287 Sterling Place, between Nostrand and Rogers Avenues, to Joseph Hoffman, a two-story dwelling, on a lot 17.11 by 100.

Tutino & Cerny sold for the Brooklyn Investors Corporation to a client for investment the three-story double brick flat 728 Fifty-ninth Street.

Queens Industrial Activity.

Plans for three industrial plants to cost $120,000 were filed yesterday with the Queens Building Bureau. Two of the structures will be ice plants, located in newly developed districts in the Long Island City section. The Astoria Consumers Ice Company will erect a plant, 90 by 200, on the west side of Seventeenth Avenue, south of Flushing Avenue, Astoria, at a cost of $60,000.

The Ice Manufacturing Company will erect a plant consisting of four one-story brick buildings at the northwest corner of Dryer Avenue and Packard Street, Long Island City, at a cost of $35,000. The Astoria Heat, Light and Power Company will increase its plant on the shores of the East River at Casina Beach by the erection of a grinding mill at a cost of $25,000.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Leyser Green Company sold to the Brass Goods Manufacturing Company, of Brooklyn, the property 100 by 236 feet on the west corner of Irving Avenue and Eldert Street, Woodhaven.

Court General Lawton No. 387, F. of A., sold to the Kamark Realty Company the property 18 by 90 feet on the north side of Brenton Court, 144 feet west of Brenton Avenue, Jamaica.

K. Cole sold to B. Holland, of Brooklyn, the property 100 by 100 feet on the west side of Washington Street, 109 feet south of South Street, Jamaica.

Walt Whitman Home Sold Again.

John Watson of Manhattan has purchased the little farmhouse where Walt Whitman, the poet, was born. The property fronts on the Amityville and Huntington Road, in the West Hills district of Long Island. This is the third transfer of the property this year.

Westchester.

Lawlor G. Peck, editor of the Katonah Record, sold, through George B. Cranston, his dwelling, in Mt. Kisco, to William W. Brown.

Realty Notes.

The matter of better transit for the Astoria section of Long Island City will be gone over at a hearing arranged for this afternoon, at 2.30 o'clock, by the Public Service Commission with the United Transit Association of Astoria. Borough President Connolly and the heads of civic organizations will be present.

John J. Kavanagh leased to the Osceola Club, the Democratic organization of the Fifteenth, formerly the Twenty-ninth Assembly district, 1,036 Park Avenue, adjoining southwest corner Eighty-sixth Street, a five-story dwelling.

Big Newark Meadows Project.

Another large industrial plant will be built on the Newark Meadows as the result of a deal closed yesterday and will work an important addition to the thriving manufacturing centre established in that section.

The Niles-Bement-Pond Company closed title, through Joseph P. Day, to a tract of about fifty acres in Kearny, N. J., fronting on the Lincoln Highway and Hackensack River and lying midway between Newark and Jersey City, directly opposite the United States Steel Company's Federal Shipbuilding plant. Mr. Day has been negotiating with this concern for more than a year and although this particular site was selected six months ago, the title was closed only yesterday.

The Niles-Bement-Pond Company's plant will be used for the manufacturing of cranes and dummy engines. In order to have a proper track layout, the Pennsylvania Railroad is making extensive improvements by running a siding from their downtown line, which crosses the meadows about one mile north of the Niles property.

Fred Steers, formerly of the contracting firm of Bradley, Gaffney & Steers, has obtained the contract for the filling in of the remainder of the land necessary to take care of these tracks. Plans for a large building have been made, and it is understood that the Niles-Bement-Pond Company will start construction in the near future.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—SUSQUEHANNA COAL COMPANY, Complainant, against INTERSTATE COAL COMPANY, INC., Defendant.—In Equity.—E 13-325.

Pursuant to an order of the United States District Court made in the above entitled action on the 6th day of June, 1917, notice is hereby given requiring all the creditors of said Interstate Coal Company, Inc., and all persons having claims of any kind against said company to exhibit their claims to said Receiver at his office, Room 1,119, No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, and become parties to the above entitled suit within six months from the first publication of this order, and that in default thereof they will be precluded from all benefit of the order or judgment which may be made in such suit, and from any distributions which shall be made in such suit, and from any distribution which shall be made under such order or judgment.

Dated, New York, June 6th, 1917.

WALTER PETERSON, Receiver.

KELLOGG & ROSE, Attorneys for Receiver, No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Dissolution sale of the holdings of the Hamilton Fish Corporation.

Broadway, 650, e s, 83.8 ft n of Bleecker St, extending through to Shinbone Alley, 29x130, five-story loft building, with store; to H. W. Berg for $53,500.

4th Av, 115-119, n e corner of 12th St, eight-story office and loft building, with stores, and 109 East 12th St, adjoining, four-story building, with stores, the entire site 71.2x151.5x irregular; to John W. Herbert for $349,500.

13th St, 118 and 120 East, s s, 242.2 ft e of 4th Av, 45.3x103.3x irregular, three and one story buildings and vacant; to Mrs. Susen Stein, owner of 122, adjoining, for $22,000.

Suffolk St, 171, w s, 102 ft s of Houston St, 24x100, vacant; to Louise Fox for $8,500.

3d Av, 165, s e corner of 16th St, 27.6x60, three-story building, with stores; also 16th St, 202 and 204 East, s s, 60 ft e of 3d Av, 40x103.3, two three-story houses; withdrawn.

17th St, 143 East, n s, 100 ft w of 3d Av, 25x100, land only; to the estate of Louisa Allaire for $19,750.

3d Av, 166-174, and 145-147 East 16th St, n w corner, 92x100, seven three-story houses and stores; to George Dromeshauser for $74,750.

16th St, 143 East, n s, 100 ft w of 3d Av, 8.8x96.3x37.6x92, two-story stable; to Henry Heokel, owner of 141, adjoining, for $8,800.

4th Av, 57, and 103 East 9th St, n e corner, 25x75.10x irregular; land only; to M. D. Littlefield for $59,750.

4th Av, 59, e s, 25 ft n of 9th St, 25x96.4x75x irregular, eight-story loft building with two two-story stables on Lafayette Court; to M. D. Littlefield for $111,000.

3d Av, 30-38, and 111-113 East 9th St, n w corner, 104.6x100, seven three-story buildings; to the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co. for $84,750.

3d Av, 40-46, and 92-96 East 10th St, s w corner, 80x118.2, seven three-story buildings; to Charles Von Kamp for $74,750.

10th St, 82 East, s s, 91.3 ft e of 4th Av, 20x71x irregular, three-story dwelling; to M. D. Littlefield for $8,750.

10th St, 84-94 East, s s, 118.2 ft e of 4th Av, 82x92.6; land only; to John J. Menges for $54,750.

4th Av, 71-73, s e corner of 10th St, 48.4x53.8x irregular; land only; and

10th St, 78-80 East, 53.8 ft e of 4th Av, 38x33.2x irregular; land only; to M. D. Littlefield for $43,750.

3d Av, 135, e s, 92 ft s of 15th St, 17x100; land only; to Herbert L. Stone for $12,750.

3d Av, 137, e s, 73 ft s of 15th St, 17x100, three-story building, with store; and

3d Av, 139-145, and 202-204 East 15th St, s e corner, 75x100, six three-story buildings; to Herbert L. Stone for $69,500.

20th St, 205-209 East, n s, 75 ft e of 3d Av, 55x92, three four-story tenements; to George Dromeshauer for $29,750.

20th St, 223-227 East, n s, 290 ft w of 2d Av, 70x92, vacant; to Eugene Ashley for $31,750.

20th St, 229-235 East, n s, 200 ft w of 2d Av, 90x92, two-story studio and five two-story stables; to Louise Fox for $40,000.

1st Av, 365-367, w s, 49.9 ft n of 21st St, 50x100; land only; withdrawn.

1st Av, 369, w s, 72.9 ft s of 22d St, 25x100; land only; to C. E. Gremels for $9,800.

1st Av, 371-373, w s, 24.9 ft s of 22d St, 48x100, two five and three story tenements and stores; to C. E. Gremels for $19,600.

By Henry Brady.

Dyckman St, 295-301, n s, 350 ft w of Prescott Av, 140x150x irregular, two-story building and vacant; T. J. Goodwin and another, executors, against E. F. Fettretch, executrix, et al.; J. A. Lynch, attorney; due, $34,636.88; taxes, &c., $2,188.91; to the plaintiff for $20,000.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

Moore St, 16, w s, 49.7 ft n of Front St, 29x30, four-story building and store; taxes, &c., $800; also 120th St, 138 West, s s, 386 ft w of Lenox Av, 18x100.11, three-story dwelling, taxes, &c., $850; also 127th St, 276 West, s s, 225 ft w of 7th Av, 18.8x99.11, three-story dwelling, taxes, &c., $700, prior mortgage $5,000; also 123d St, 237 and and 239 West, n s, 333.4 ft e of 8th Av, 33.4x100.11, two three-story dwellings; taxes, &c., $650; prior mortgages $12,500; M. L. Dayton against W. P. Muiry et al., of undivided right, title, and interest; due, $1,219.37; adjourned to Nov. 28.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Samuel Marx.

Olinville Av, e s, 100 ft s of 216th St, 63x100; Harlem Savings Bank against Therese Busse and another; E. S. Clinch, attorney; due, $4,189.68; taxes, &c., $354.84; to the plaintiff for $3,800.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Teller Av, s w corner of 164th St, one-story brick garage, 29x26.1; Solomon Jackson, 89 Goerck St, owner; Horenburger & Bardes, 122 Bowery, architects; cost, $1,000.

232D ST, n s, 235 ft e of Paulding Av, two-story-and-attic frame dwelling, 24x26; Myles Dolan, 998 Avenue A, owner; Robert Glen, 551 Courtlandt Av, architect; cost, $2,800.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

4th Av, 22 to 34, and Lafayette St, 443 to 447, to a four-story warehouse; estate of M. and E. Wilkes and C. De Nottbeck, 21 Liberty St, owners; Buchman & Fox, 30 East 42d St, architects; $30,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 21.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ALLEN ST, 170, e s, 101.7 ft s of Stanton St, 26.6x87.6; foreclosure Nov. 16, 1917; Edw. H. Kelly, referee, to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Nov. 20; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St..........$22,000

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 236, w s, 60.4 ft s of 84th St, 20x98, foreclosure Nov. 19, 1917; Felix Muldoon, referee, to Excellent Realty Co., 277 Broadway, mtg $20,000, Nov. 21; attorneys, Wendel, E. & R., 277 Broadway ....Above mtg, $4,000

GRAND ST, s e corner of Essex St, 50x50.7; Rachel Cohn to Grandess Realty Corp., 350 Broadway, Nov. 21; attorney, Mark E. Goldberg, 350 Broadway..........$100

JANE ST, 75, n s, 182.2 ft w of Greenwich St, 20.5x87.5; Fredk H. Doermer to Jno. H. Doermer, 786 Washington St, mtg $6,000, Dec. 14, 1914; attorney, J. H. Pheelan, 261 Broadway..........$1

LEXINGTON AV, 1,936, w s, 80.11 ft s of 120th St, 20x64.10; Sarah K. Brown, individually and administratrix, to Rose A., wife of Matthew W. Ryan, Freeport, L. I., Nov. 15; address, M. W. Ryan, 65 Long Beach Avenue, Freeport, L. I..........$1

WASHINGTON ST, 800, s w corner Horatio St, 19.9x69.10x15.8x70; Fredk. H. Doermer to Jno. H. Doermer, 786 Washington St, all liens, Dec. 14, 1914; attorney, J. H. Pheelan, 261 Broadway..........$1

6TH AV, s w corner of Waverly Place, 80x47.2xirreg.; 6th Av., w s, 47.2 ft s of Waverly Place, 20x80; Waverly Place, 186, s s, 80 ft w of 6th Av., runs w 22.6xs 97xe 8.9xn 63.3xw 2.2xn 34, to beginning, except part conveyed to Church of St. Joseph; New York Bank Note Co. to George H. Kendall, 800 Riverside Drive, Nov. 8; attorneys, Lyon & Smith, 46 Cedar Street..........$1

6TH AV, n w corner of 43d St, 25.5x75; Minerva L. Macy to Theo. M. Macy, 139 Pelham Road, New Rochelle, N. Y., one-tenth part mtg., Dec. 9, 1909..........$100

8TH AV, w s, 25.2 ft n of 112th St, 25.6x100; Frederick Till to Augustina Till, 1,880 Prospect Av., Bronx, all liens, Nov. 20; attorneys, Frueauff, R. & S., 60 Wall St...$1

29TH ST, 44 East, s e, 120.10 ft w of 4th Av, 20.10x98.9; Nathaniel L. Carpenter to Rawson Underhill, Spring Lake, N. J., and Gerard B. Underhill, Bayshore, L. I., executors, &c., Edw. B. Underhill, mtg $36,000, Nov. 19; attorney, A. H. Komstedt, 29 Broadway..........$1

109TH ST, 330 East, s s, 382 ft e of 2d Av., 25x100.11; Maria Streppone to Katherina Ellies, 403 East 54th St., mtg. $18,100, Nov. 19; attorney, Louis W. Osterweis, 200 Fifth Avenue..........$100

117TH ST, 228-30 and 34 East, s s, 300 ft e of 3d Av, 75x½ blk.; Rutherford Holding Co. to Nautilos Realty Co., 100 Broadway half part, b. and s., c. a. g., all title, all liens, Oct. 26; attorneys, Felner & M., 100 Broadway..........$1

119TH ST, s s, 208 ft e of Avenue A, 20x100.10; Maria Cerullo to Maria de Grazia, 514 East 119th St, one-half part, all liens, Nov. 19..........$100

121ST ST, 72 East, s s, 100 ft w of Park Row, 25x100.11; Edwin H. Burger to Marry Raphael, 1,355 Broadway, mtg $24,000, Nov. 5; attorneys, Burger & B., 233 Broadway.$1

134TH ST, 514 West, s s, 310 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 40x99.11; Henry Selig to Jeannette Chandler, at Rye, N. Y., mtg $32,500, all liens, Nov. 17; attorney, Jno. P. Leo, Jr., 2,050 Amsterdam Av..........$1

146TH ST, 306 West, n s, 125 ft w of 8th Av, 25x74.11; Edith A. Jackson to Samuel J. Ashley, 747 St. Nicholas Av, mtg. $15,000, all liens, Nov. 8; attorney, F. A. Southworth, 46 Cedar Street..........$100

Bronx.

EDWARDS AV, 1,423 to 1,431, w s, 106.2x79.10x100x44.3; William W. Niles, referee, to Carrie Toells, 2,871 Concourse, Nov. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$4,000

ELTON AV, w s, 20 ft n of 159th St, 15x70; Louis Lahr to Cecilia Geigerman, 827 Elton Av, Nov. 19; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$100

HONE AV, s w side, 150 ft n e of Van Nest Av, 25x100; also Paulding Av, s w side, 325 ft n e of Rhinelander Av, 25x100; Julius Coleman to Esther Coleman, 1,820 7th Av, Jan. 2; attorney, I. Cohen, 141 Broadway..........$1

LOTS 289 to 291, 307 to 310, 424 to 428, 431 to 434, 520, 521, 558, 565, 591, 619, 623 to 626, 652, and 653, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Mary O'Neill to V. C. P. Co., Inc., 309 Broadway, Jan. 31; attorney, Samuel Hellinger, 309 Broadway..........$1

ST. PETERS AV, n e side, 148.4 ft s e of West Farms Road, 50x96.7x50x96; Victoria D'Andrea to John Buckley and another, Ferris St, Ferry Point, N. Y., mtg $2,000, Nov. 21; attorney, E. A. Acker, 776 Forest Av..........$1

STILLWELL AV, n e corner of McDonald St, 53.4x100x49.6x100; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Felice A. Nigro, 171 East 107th St, Nov. 19; attorney, Felice A. Nigro, 171 East 107th St..........$1

134TH ST, 339 East, n s, 18.10x100; Morris Frank, referee, to Union Trust Co., executor, 80 Broadway, Nov. 20; attorney, J. B. Stewart, 346 Broadway..........$4,000

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

11TH ST, 630 East, s s, 283 ft w of Av C, 25x94.9, Nov. 19; Harry Aronson, Inc., to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, trustee, due Nov. 15, 1920; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 23 Exchange Place..$18,000

27TH ST, s s, 110.11 ft e of 8th Av, 39.1x98.9x irregular x12.10, Nov. 20; Benjamin F. Bloomfield, individually, executor, &c., to Adaline Bloomfield, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 5 years; attorney, E. J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St..........$10,000

114TH ST, 10 West, e s, 120 ft w of 5th Av, 18.2x100.11; 114th St, 12-14 West, s s, 138.4 ft w of 5th Av, 35.3x100.11, Nov. 19; Newman & Wischer Construction Co. to Ray Gruber, 86 West 113th St, due May 1, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, Samuel Gruber, 86 West 113th St..........$5,000

133D ST, n s, 100 ft e of 7th Av, 25x99.11; 56th St, 145 East, n s, 139 ft e of Lexington Av, 19x100.5, Nov. 16; Lillian S. Lustig to Saul Bernstein, 112 Cathedral Parkway, 2 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $9,000 on whole and $2,000 on int. of party of first part; attorney, S. Bernstein, 149 Broadway.$1,500

158TH ST, s s, 75 ft e of Broadway, 50x99.11, Nov. 20; Gross & Herbener Realty Operating Co. to Dry Dock Savings Institution, 341 Bowery, due as per bond; attorney, Frank M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row....$4,000

Bronx.

EAGLE AV, w s, 494.6 ft e of 166th St, 19.9x99.5; Emma Busch to Frances Renz, 1,678 Anthony Av, trustee, Nov. 20, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, G. H. Lamm, 160 Broadway..........$4,000

ELTON AV, w s, 20 ft n of 159th St, 15x70; Cecilia Geigerman to Louis Lahr, 2,493 Valentine Av, Nov. 19, due Jan. 1, 1925, without interest; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$3,000

HOFFMAN ST, 2,457, w s, 16.8x97.5; Philip A. Johann to William D. Reilly, Cedarhurst, L. I., and another, admrs., Nov. 16, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$2,800

STILLWELL AV, n e corner of McDonald, 53.4x100x49.6x100; Felice A. Nigro to Hudson P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St, Nov. 19, 5 years; attorney, Hudson P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St..........$600

170TH ST, 594 East, s s, 18.11x117.2; Marie F. Leonhardt to Bertha A. F. Bingel, 915 Jackson Av, Nov. 20, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$2,000

175TH ST, s s, 191.7 ft e of Prospect Av, 45x141.10; Pershing Realty Co., Inc., to Alexander Mauroeordato, 30 West 58th St, Nov. 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, George B. Hayes, 42 Broadway..........$3,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

2D AV, 722, all; Charles Meyer to Lewis Siskind, 722 2d Av, 6 years from Sept. 26, 1916; attorney, Hy. H. Frieder, 90 Nassau St..........$1,100

2D AV, 724, all; S. & L. Construction Co. to Lewis Siskind, 722 2d Av, 4 years, 10 months and 25 days from Oct. 1, 1917; attorney, Hy. H. Frieder, 90 Nassau St.$1,200

NORTH MOORE ST, 56-62, s s, 100.4 ft w of Hudson St, 100.7x88.1, all; Rector, &c., of the P. E. Church of St. Mark's, to Max Schlesinger, 1,962 7th Av, 21 years from July 1, 1914, 2 renewals of 21 years each; attorney, William Weiss, 61 Park Row..........$10,490

24TH ST, 430 West, s s, 433.4 ft e of 10th Av, 14.8x80, the land; Mary M. Sherman to Amelia B. Miller, 433 West 23d St, 6 years and 5 months from Dec. 1, 1901, option of renewal, (error, expires May 1, 1929;) attorneys, Shepard, S. & H., 128 Broadway..........$140

4TH AV, 465, all; Herman Buchtenkirch to Samuel Grossman and another, 245 East 30th St, 21 years from Oct. 1, 1918; attorney, Samuel Simon, 277 Broadway....$3,000

LENOX AV, 115, s w corner of 116th St, s store; Morris H. Westin and another to Solovey Brothers Corporation, 115 Lenox Av, 3 years and 5 months from Dec. 1, 1917; attorney, Joseph G. Abramson, 30 Church St..........$3,680

1ST AV, 274; 16th St, 401 East, corner store; Morris Singer, owner, and Morris Bloom, lessee, to Lazarus Shapiro, 69 Avenue C, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1917; L. Kreisler, 49 Avenue D..........$840

RECTOR ST, 2, parts of first floor on Greenwich St side; U. S. Express Realty Co. to William M. Barrett, as President of Adams Express Co., 5 years from Sept. 1, 1917; attorney, E. V. Conwell, 53 Broadway.$3,000

CLINTON ST, 188-190, second and third stores from n building line and basements; Jatison Construction Co. to Sam Nabotschek, 13 Attorney St, 10 years and 4 months from June 1, 1918; attorney, H. G. Rabinowitz, 115 Broadway..........$2,280

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

MANHATTAN AV, 58 and 60; Bernard Robinson against Nellie Downey Estate, owner; Uptown Leasing Co., Inc., contractor..$6,771

12TH ST, 119 to 125 West; Isidor Berger against Lustgarten Co., Inc., owner and contractor..........$185

16TH ST, 115 to 137 West; Isidor Berger against Lustgarten Co., Inc., owner and contractor..........$149

65TH ST, 15 East; Frederick H. Schaefer against Belle Hazen Realty Co., Inc., and Margaret I. Hoyt, owners; Hoytrels Construction Co., Inc., contractor, renewal..$165

106TH ST, 220 East; Joseph Cooper against Estate of Annie Flanagan, owner; Philip Smith, contractor..........$57

Bronx.

FULTON AV, 1,278-80-82-84; Benjamin Weiss against J. Ronner, owner; John J. Benty, contractor..........$31

GRAND AV, 2,405; Fuhr Wall Paper Co., Inc., against John Doe, owner; Model Painting and Decorating Co. and Brams & Platt, contractors..........$18

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

106TH ST., 156 East; Max Winograd et al. against Margaret Calhoun et al; Aug. 31, 1917..........$132

31ST ST, 111 West; Otto L. Spanhake against Jane E. Duffy et al; Sept 7, 1917...$153.75

Bronx.

GRAND CONCOURSE, n w corner of 165th St., 74x96.11; Noskowitz & Linder, against Conwalt Corp. et al; Nov. 5, 1917.....$1,050

LAND abutting on both sides of Davidson Av, between Fordham Road and East 190th St., whole block front, 500x215, and 245x200; Uvalde Asphalt Paving Co. against George A. Meyer, as trustee, et al; June 29, 1917..........$2,991.38

238TH ST, s e corner of Broadway, 100x175; Gillies Cont. Co., Inc., against 5,780 Broadway Co. et al; Sept. 13, 1916..........$2,954

SAME PROPERTY; Muglers Iron Works, Inc., against Same; Feb. 21, 1917....$4,381

SAME PROPERTY; Charles Cohen et al. against Same; Jan. 16, 1917..........$70

SAME PROPERTY; Church E. Gates & Co., Inc., against Same; Dec. 26, 1916...$1,616.56

SAME PROPERTY; Title Guarantee & Trust Co. against Same; Feb. 8, 1917..........$85

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

117TH ST, 16 West; Esther Rieser against Henry W. Schlesinger et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall.

BLEECKER ST, s e cor Bank St, 45.3x50; Frederick P. Garrettson, trustee, against Morris Weinstein et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Curtis, Mallet-Prevost & Colt.

32D ST, 142 West; Union Dime Savings Bank against Marjorie D. Cleland et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Butcher, Tanner & Foster.

71ST ST, s s, 316 ft e of West End Av, 20x100.6; Frances H. Abrahall, against James S. Herrman et al., admeasurement of dower, &c.; attorney, T. J. Evers.

ESSEX ST, 45; Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co. against Ella M. Goebel et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

2D AV, s e cor 65th St, 47x100; N. Y. Trust Co. against Arpad Weilish et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, w s, 75.8 ft s of 93d St, 50x125; Jennie G. Buckley et al., against Anna Baar et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, B. J. Tinney.

Bronx.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 30 ft n of 167th St, 25x100; Municipal Liens Co. against John Koch et al., action to foreclose transfer of tax lien; attorney, R. C. Smith.

MANY DIE AT CROSSINGS.

Reports Show 3,000 of Draft Age Were Killed in a Year.

Before automobiles were so frequent upon the public highways complaints were raised about the many deaths due to accidents at grade crossings, but since that time the loss of life has been accentuated by loss of property. The result of this has been that many persons of wealth and influence have bestirred themselves to remove this danger of grade crossings in the various States, and the agitation is growing greater every year. In order to strengthen the work of these persons and of public officials, tables of percentages of deaths, accidents, great and small, and the value of property destroyed in the different States have been compiled.

Following these figures are pleas of various kinds. The misery following each accident and the despair and mental anguish are set forth. One statement is to the effect that out of 10,785 trespass accidents of 1914, 3,437 happened to those between the ages of 21 and 30 years.

"In other words," ran the statement, "in these 3,437 accidents some 3,000 men within the draft age were killed and injured. The country has an economic interest in the life and health of every individual of the 10,000 who are killed and injured, regardless of whether they are or are not of military age, but, after all, humanitarian rather than economic reasons make the stronger appeal to us."

A report by the Committee on Grade Crossings and Trespassing on Railroads of the National Association of Railway Commissioners says that 2,000 persons are killed each year at these crossings, and that there are about 200,000 grade crossings in the United States. This statement is made concerning twenty-two States:

"Of the twenty-two States, only nine reported the amount of money expended for elimination work. These figures are so eloquent that we cannot forbear quoting them. For instance, in Illinois the cost of elimination work done is reported as $55,570,205; in Massachusetts, $11,962,030; New York, about $44,000,000; New Jersey, $6,000,000; Vermont, $1,003,625; Maine, $216,804; Missouri, $330,000, with $967,000 unexpended for work already ordered; Oregon, $136,042, with an additional $633,375 to be spent, and Virginia, $66,317."

It is the opinion of this committee and of others who have made a study of the matter that the more attention paid to the dangers of grade crossings the better it will be for all who journey upon the highways either for business or for pleasure.

TOOK MANY LIBERTY BONDS.

Indiana County Second to New York in Subscriptions.

Dearborn County, Indiana, claims to have the highest per capita subscriptions to the Second Liberty Loan outside the County of New York. It was admittedly the leading county in the Chicago district, and surpassed the record made in the first loan, when it was the second county in Indiana in percentage of oversubscriptions. And the most surprising features of this is that it is a poor county, in the hilly district along the Ohio River, which has been much less prosperous of recent years than the corn belt flat lands to the north, and that nearly half of the population is of German blood.

With a population of 21,396, the county subscribed $1,069,300 to the second loan, a per capita record of something over $50. There were 1,764 separate subscriptions, or nearly double the average for the entire country.

The quota for the first loan was set at $275,000, and the county turned in $443,000, with 1,047 separate subscriptions. With this to go on, the quota for the second loan was set at $640,000, but again there was a heavy oversubscription, and 340 farmers in the county subscribed $150,000 to the second loan. Every Catholic school in the country and nearly every Protestant Sunday school was numbered among the subscribers. Every agency possible was utilized, under the direction of a committee of nine, four of whose members were of German blood. An added disadvantage under which the county labored during the campaign was the fact that the distilleries, which formed its most important industry, were closed by the war order against distillation, and not till a week or two ago did they reopen for the manufacture of denatured alcohol. The county also was one of the leaders in the per capita contributions to the Red Cross fund.

We Want
A Real Estate Man
with experience in renting high-class business buildings. The position will appeal to anyone looking for a connection with a future. Address Box O 389 Times Downtown.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

REINFORCED PLASTERING

A STRONG bond is made with "PENCO" Metal Lath due to the special slanting strand, of truss formation, that imbeds into the plaster. "PENCO" Metal Lath insures reinforced plastering—more than a mere background.

Penco METAL LATH

makes for permanent, durable construction. The plastering holds tight; entirely surrounds the metal and prevents rust. All U. S. Standard gauges. Ask for "PENCO" always when you want the best Metal Lath, Metal Corner Bead, Metal Stud, Metal Ceiling, and all forms of stamped Steel No. 10 gauge or lighter, acetylene or spot welded. Prompt deliveries. Wire or phone for prices, etc. Sole distributors of HAMPTON METAL

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MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GRAND CONCOURSE.
Corner, five-story, choicest property on this great thoroughfare; solid investment; price very low; great bargain; get particulars.
BYRNE & BAUMANN,
30 EAST 42ND ST.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BEAUTIFUL NEW HOME
9 rooms, overlooking the Sound, magnificent in every detail, in restricted park; handy to depot, 27 minutes out; am very anxious to sell. For a bargain, apply M. Hines, 47 West 34th St., Room 424.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CALIF. SEMI BUNGALOW
built for all-year home; 7 rooms, bath, steam heat; garage; 4,000 square feet; refined neighborhood; sidewalks, electricity, gas, sewer; privilege of restricted bathing beach, yacht club; free mooring for your motor boat; about 8 minutes' walk from pier and station; 30 minutes to Herald Square; will sell to responsible party for $500 cash, balance very easy terms. R. B. S., 243 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

Forest Hills Gardens
"A Forward Movement in Suburban Development."
15 minutes from Penn. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots for Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 West 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.
Send for Booklet T.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Tarrytown-on-Hudson, N. Y.
For rent, furnished or unfurnished, 10-room house; hot water heat, electricity, parquet floors, garage, five acres of ground, fruit trees, beautiful shade trees, chicken run, garden and a beautiful river view.

Do you wish to buy a beautiful home in Tarrytown? A modern house of 14 rooms, 3 baths, 7 open fireplaces, large garage and beautiful grounds. BIG BARGAIN.

Cottage for rent or sale, furnished or unfurnished. If you are thinking of locating in Tarrytown consult
CARL C. LOH, 9 Orchard St.

HOUSE WANTED
Will lease for term of years or might purchase modern House, with four or five master bedrooms and two or three baths, with garage for or three cars; must be strictly high class house and neighborhood; NEW ROCHELLE OR PELHAM PREFERRED. Address RESPONSIBLE, P 98 Times.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES.
INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave.

A COZY HOME
For rent or sale; all-year-around resident; steam heat, open grates, electricity and gas; heated garage; large grounds; 30 minutes from Grand Central; near transportations; restricted colony; special rental for Winter months. Apply to owner, H. E. Wilson, Hotel St. George, Brooklyn.

FARM BARGAIN
Within commuting distance on Harlem Railroad, 200 acres, fine soil, 10-room house with fireplaces; dairy barn; outbuildings; with lake. $75 per acre. No Exchange.
CLARK, LEE, TIBBITS CO., Inc.
PHONE 1516 WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SEMI BUNGALOW
just completed; owner cannot occupy; 6 rooms, tile bathroom; extra large living and dining room full width of house; open fireplace; up-to-date kitchen; large china dressers, new model gas range with improved hot water heat; spacious porches front and side opening into living room; can be closed as sun parlor for the Winter; large grounds; 6,000 square feet; 3 minutes' walk to beautiful sandy bathing beach; 40 minutes from city; owner's loss—your profit; will sell for $4,500, worth $5,000; $350 cash, balance very easy terms. B BARGAIN, 243 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

HUNTINGTON LOTS
$30 Best location, home or investment; high and dry; near harbor, trolley and town; school, stores, churches.
$2 DOWN. $1 MONTHLY.
Call or write for free R. R. Tickets.
B. SEYMAN, 105 Flatbush Ave., B'klyn.

NEW BUNGALOW at Laurelton, L. I., 5 rooms and bath, charmingly arranged, plenty of land; easy commuting distance; close to stores, school, etc. $4900, very easy terms. Laurelton Development Co., Suite 509, No. 1 West 34th Street, N. Y. C. Phones, Greeley 2741; on property, Springfield 1984-R.

MOVE RIGHT IN
and own your own home; 30 minutes via electric trains New York or Brooklyn; house has all modern improvements, heat, &c.; ground enough for poultry and vegetables; near stores, schools; can be bought for less than city rent. $150 cash, balance $18 per month. LANE, Box 275 Times Downtown.

Waterfront Farm Bargain.
Fine 145-acre farm, 1,200 feet frontage Long Island Sound, beach, bluff, views, mostly cultivated, orchard; double highway frontage; fertile soil; $175 acre; terms.
HARVEY B. NEWINS,
WOOLWORTH BUILDING, NEW YORK.

FINE CHICKEN FARM
Owner must sell dandy farm, consisting of good 6-room house and large grounds; also chicken coops, incubator, chicken-run fenced in; beautiful large shade trees. Located in Huntington, near station and town; short distance to harbor. Will dispose of to a reliable family on easy terms. Further particulars to ABERG, Box 286 Times Downtown.

Handsome 7-Room Cottage
Every room large, light and airy; heat, water, gas, electric light and other modern improvements; near school and trolley; owner needs some ready cash and will dispose of cheap to party looking for a comfortable home within commuting distance; photo, &c. Write or call, JOHNSON, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AN ATTRACTIVE HOME
with garage. Located on a large corner plot in New York's best suburb, 35 minutes out, with every convenience and improvement. The house is almost new, has 4 master bedrooms, 2 baths, 2 sleeping porches, servants' quarters, handsomely finished living room and dining room, sanitary gas kitchen. Outside fireplace on piazza. A most complete home. Will be sold at the very low price of $13,000 owing to the owner's removal to California. This will stand investigation. Only a small cash payment is required. Full particulars and photos. H. E. White, Room 516, 47 West 34th St., New York City.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TO LEASE.
Will consider erecting a new building for a responsible tenant.
330-332 Fourth Avenue and 29-31 East 24th Street.
About
7,000 SQUARE FEET.
FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS.
JOHN W. AHERN,
59 Liberty Street.

Store & Basement, Rental $3600
Lofts 50x100, Rental $2000
N. W. Cor. Bleecker St. & Wooster St.
Modern fireproof building; freight-passenger elevator, sprinkler system, all improvements, high ceilings, unusual light; to lease from Feb. 1st. Apply Supt. on prem., or your own broker.

STORE & BASEMENT
Rental $3,600.
LOFTS 50x100
Rental $2,000.
N. W. Cor. Bleecker St. AND WOOSTER ST.
Modern fireproof building; freight-passenger elevator, sprinkler system, all improvements, high ceilings, unusual light, to lease from Feb. 1. Apply Supt., on premises, or your own broker.

LOFT TO SUBLET.
2000 SQUARE FEET. SPRINKLERS.
Light three sides; skylight.
115 EAST 24TH ST.
Goodale, Perry & Dwight, Agts.
Tel. Gramercy 4410. 5 East 23rd St.

TO SUB-LET
Desirable Connecting Offices
SEPARATELY OR TOGETHER.
Brunswick Building, 5th Av., 26th St.
Sacrifice to party taking possession immediately; Room 1015. Phone Mad. Sq. 784.

NEAR TIMES SQUARE.
46th St., east of Broadway, a four-story building altered; will rent floors for business. Apply to
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co.,
30 East 42d Street.

To Exporters and Shipping Houses
Plot near Custom House. Frontages on two streets. Good light. Ideal site on which to build for your own needs.
Wm. A. White & Sons
46 Cedar Street
Phone 5700 John

Adjoining Black, Starr & Frost

Moderate Rentals.
6 AND 8 WEST 48TH ST.
LOFTS
For HIGH GRADE MANUFACTURING
You will find in this building a concrete example of how lofts, carefully planned and ideally located, can help your business grow.
For further particulars apply
BRETT & GOODE COMPANY
Telephone Greeley 5750

1 West 67th St.
At the Hotel Des Artistes. The first building to combine privacy of home with conveniences of hotel.
STUDIO Duplex Apartments, 2 to 6 rooms and bath, with large north lights for artists, and similar apartments facing south for non-professionals. Unfurnished only. Rents from $1,600 to $3,000.
Ball Room, Exhibition Room, Swimming Pool, Squash Courts and Roof Playground for children.
MEALS served from restaurant in apartments without charge for service. Raw materials converted into food by best chefs obtainable and brought to apartments by specially constructed electric dumbwaiters without charge for cooking. Refrigeration free.
The famous Gustave Becker, chief chef Hotel Blackstone, Chicago, conducts restaurants.
Apply on premises. Telephone * Columbus 4204.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LOFTS TO LET
From Feb. 1st
72-74 MADISON AVE.,
near 28th St.
50x100; 8 Elevators; Sprinkler.
Apply on Premises or Your Broker.

STUDIOS
Large Dancing Studios, suitable for gatherings of all descriptions; capacity 150 people; available for part time use; Steinway Grand; also two 1st floor studios, suitable tea room or business in keeping with high class house. Vanderbilt Studios, 174 Madison Av., (33d.) Murray Hill 9286.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.

NEWARK, N. J.

REINFORCED CONCRETE BUILDING, NEWARK, N. J.
40,000 sq. ft. Railroad siding. Excellent for warehouse or heavy manufacturing. Good light. Immediate possession.
PRICE RIGHT.
Louis Schlesinger,
31 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. Market 6500.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

JUST COMPLETED
370 Central Park West
The Apartment House Unique.
S. W. Corner of 97th Street.
An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness. Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.
Suites of 3 to 7 Rooms,
Rentals $700 to $1,800.
Special 5 Room Suites, With Huge Living Room and Open Fireplace.
For booklet, floor plan, etc.
See Renting Agent on premises, or
FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORP.
198 Madison Ave., corner 41st St.
'Phone Vanderbilt 3237.

OWING TO WAR CONDITIONS
preventing the fulfillment of orders placed several months ago for Furniture and Room Furnishings
WE WILL RENT UNFURNISHED
Apartments of one and two rooms with bath and three rooms with 2 baths
FOR TEN MONTHS AT
A GREAT CONCESSION
from regular rates for these particular suites.
HOTEL ALEXANDRIA
JUST OPENED
250 WEST 103D STREET,
Between Broadway and West End Ave.
Subway Express Station at Corner.

562 WEST END AV.,
At 87th St.
Elegant Apartments
of
8 & 9 Rooms, 3 Baths,
All Large, Light Rooms.
Exceptional Closet Space.
Extra Maids' Rooms.
Attractive Rents.
Immediate Possession.

CHOICE APARTMENT
OF
9 ROOMS & BATH
LOW RENTAL
265 WEST 81ST ST.
NEAR WEST END AV.

61 and 118 West 48th St.
ALSO 429 4TH AVENUE.
BACHELOR apartments, two rooms and bath; meals and service if desired. $50 up. Apply to housekeeper on premises, or
PAUL A. McGOLRICK,
1,476 Broadway. Tel. Bryant 7835.

150 WEST 79 ST.
9 Rooms—3 Baths $2,800
EDGAR A. LEVY LEASING CO.
505 Fifth Avenue
Phone Murray Hill 6960

HIGHLAND COURT
800 WEST 192ND STREET
at St. Nicholas Ave. Subway station.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS—5 ROOMS.
REDUCED RENTS.

6 ROOMS
565 West 148th Street.
Corner Broadway.
All outside rooms, facing south.
View of river.
W. D. Morgan, Agent, 3573 B'way (147th).

4 LARGE LIGHT ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE, and MAID SERVICE. Restaurant in building. Rent reasonable.
The Evelyn, 101 W. 78th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

55TH ST., N. E. COR.
1,730 BROADWAY.
4-5 & 8 ROOMS
All Large, Light. Rental $1,200 to $1,800.
11 story Fireproof Apartments.
N. A. BERWIN & CO., 56 W. 45th St.
TEL. 4452—VANDERBILT.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

815 PARK AVE.
S. E. CORNER 75TH ST.
New Magnificent 14-Story Structure
EXQUISITE APARTMENT DWELLINGS OF
6-7-8 ROOMS
3 BATHS. RENTS $2500 TO $3800
1 3 & 4 Rooms On Main Floor. $750-$1,350-$1,800.
Agent on premises. Phone Rhinelander 490.

47 EAST 57TH STREET.
Unfurnished.
6 Room Housekeeping Apartm't, $2400
3 Room Physician's or Bachelor's Apartments, $1000-$1400.
Apply on Premises, or
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Ave.
Phone 6200 Murray Hill

39th Street at 5th Av.
Bachelor apartments, 2 and 3 rooms and bath; large and light; elevator service; steam heat, electric light; moderate rents.
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co.,
30 East 42d Street.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

NOW OPEN—THE NEW
Parkside Hotel
31 West 71st Street
New York's
Finest Residential Section
Just off Central Park West. Near all transit lines. Building absolutely fireproof, with every modern feature. Appointments and service of the highest character.
1, 2, 3, and 4 Rooms,
With Baths and Showers
Very attractive suites, furnished or unfurnished. Unexcelled light and air. Unobstructed view.
$40 up a month per room, unfurnished
$45 up a month per room, furnished
Superior Restaurant.
Tel. Columbus 3777. Wm. R. Fletcher, Mgr.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

FURNISHED HOUSE,
12 West 53d St.
Attractive rent.
For the season or year.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar St. Phone 5700 John.

14-ROOM, RICHLY FURNISHED, MODERN PRIVATE HOUSE.
Facing park, west side; electricity, heat, latest improvements; refined surroundings; home of substantial business man leaving town; $250 monthly. For further particulars write X 317 Times Annex.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Manhattan.

80TH, 111 EAST.—17 rooms, 3 baths; renovated throughout; $2,000. Caretaker.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

REAL FARM FOR SALE CHEAP.
Near Huntington, 58 acres land, good soil, suitable potatoes, cabbage, pickles, hogs, chickens; lots fruit; good set buildings; price $12,000; terms; cheapest farm Huntington township; fine opportunity for farm. Daniel Gerard, 1,270 Broadway, (33d.) N. Y.

Send for details of the best farm for $9,000 I've seen offered; 70 acres; close to station, trolley, and village.
Howard Goldsmith, 110 West 34th St.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

A BIG FARM.—Orange County, 278 fertile acres, on railroad and State road, near station; cheap; photos; particulars this office. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, 120 Broadway, New York. Rector 7718.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—800-acre cotton farm, well improved; desirably located; in high state of cultivation. Address Odel Plantation, Post Office Box 228, Arkansas City, Ark.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

If you are looking for a small country home, with two full acres of fine farm land, located not far from railroad town and beautiful lake, complete for $1,325, on easy terms, call or write at once to B. Store, 168 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Old house, with plenty of ground for vegetables, chickens, &c.; good section; near station and bay; only $1,400 to quick buyer; on easy terms. Estate, Box 210 Times Downtown.

Brooklyn.

Colonial house, 8 rooms, 3 baths, on Ocean Av., large grounds, garage; leaving town; will sublet for Winter or longer, furnished or unfurnished, $75 a month. Phone Midwood 1311 W.

Westchester.

For Rent—A California bungalow, with garage, one of the finest in the East, at PARK HILL, Yonkers, 8 rooms, &c., (4 bedrooms;) every modern improvement; steam plant, Ruud hot-water heater; screens, glass inclosed porch, &c.; furnished or unfurnished; can be seen any day. GEO. HOWE, opposite Park Hill Station, office at foot of elevator; or 527 Fifth Av. Telephone Vanderbilt 5228.

Long Island.

Modern 5-room bungalow, near ocean and bay; all latest up-to-date improvements; open fireplace, beamed ceilings, panelled walls; connecting bath with bedrooms; ground has hedge, shrubs, flowers, &c.; all improvements; privilege of private beach and club; near trolley; easy to commute; owner will decorate to suit buyer; easy terms. Photos, &c., by writing to Bungalow Owner, Box 201 Times Downtown.

NEW BUNGALOW at Laurelton, L. I., 5 rooms and bath, charmingly arranged; plenty of land; easy commuting distance; close to stores, schools, &c.; $4,900; very easy terms. Laurelton Development Co., Suite 500, No. 1 West 34th St., New York. Phones, Greeley 2741; on property, Springfield 1984R.

ARISTOCRATIC HOUSES IN JAMAICA.
Democratic prices and terms; 6 to 9 rooms; oak floors and trim; all modern improvements; best neighborhood; sold 900 lots, built and sold 200 houses in Jamaica last 10 years. F. L. Ferguson, 66 Orange St., Brooklyn.

17 Chestnut St., Flushing.—Stucco country home; 10 rooms and bathrooms; near the new high school building; Flushing is 8 miles from City Hall, New York; rent $840; for sale, $500 down. F. Zittel & Sons, 79th St. and Broadway. Phone Schuyler 9700.

New Jersey.

An Ideal Home.—Ready to occupy; plot 7,500 sq. feet, wonderful shade trees; six rooms, bath, large living room, parquet floors, open fireplace, veranda on two sides; dining and sleeping porch; model kitchen, with instantaneous automatic water heater, butler's pantry; restricted; improved street, sewer, water, gas, electricity, stores, school, church, golf, tennis; 3 min. to station; 30 min. to N. Y.; 40 trains daily; price $5,500, small amount of cash, balance to suit. Call, write, or telephone owner, M. D. Ayers, 144 W. 36th St. Phone Greeley 4535.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 11-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

BEAUTIFUL ELBERON.
New cottage 7 rooms; all modern improvements; 3 lots; large shade trees; near depot, on wealthiest avenue on north shore, New Jersey. F. L. Ferguson, 66 Orange St., Brooklyn.

Montclair.—$7,500 to close estate; new residence; large living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, 6 bedrooms, 3 baths, sun porch, sleeping porch; excellent location. Murdoch, opp. Lackawanna, Montclair.

Miscellaneous.

Bungalow, 5 rooms and bath; all improvements; 42 minutes out; two blocks from fine bathing beach; can be bought for $200 cash, balance as rent. Address E 58 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Brick house, seven rooms, bath, large sun parlor; southwest exposure; open fireplaces; parquet throughout; strictly modern every way; garage space; asphalted street, Brooklyn; close to subway, uptown Manhattan; single fare; $1,000 below value. Owner, P. O. Box 932, New York City.

Manhattan Beach lots, swept by ocean breezes, with all improvements in and paid for, can be bought now at $850 each; this is a war-time price. Joseph P. Day, sales agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

31 BARKER AV., WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. For rent, a three-story and basement frame dwelling, containing 14 rooms and 2 baths; hot water heat; plot 75x175; rent, $100 per month. JOSEPH P. DAY, Agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

A beautiful old Colonial house in residential section of Larchmont; large plot; high ground; ten rooms, two baths, every modern improvement; convenient to station; Sound, school, &c.; $1,000 cash, balance monthly payments, like rent. Krisch, 11 East 42d St. Phone 6441 Murray Hill.

Two brick buildings, about 24,000 square feet, ½ acre of ground, suitable for storage or manufacturing purposes; about 17 miles from Columbus Circle. Inquire Kuhnast, 975 6th Av., (store.)

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Columbus Circle, (311 West 59th St.)—Store and basement, most suitable for hardware, auto accessories, electric supply; lofts 22x90; light manufacturing; also offices, salesrooms, north skylight studios. Apply on premises, or phone Rieser, 5350 Madison Square.

Five light floors in loft building, (will rent one or all,) size 25x90; elevator; suitable for woodworking, brass finishers, metal-workers, &c.; rent reasonable; Fulton St., near Church. Apply Wolins & Bull, Inc., 45 John St.

MARKET CORNER.
Second Av., 1,716, corner 89th St., desirable store; has 3 large show windows, butcher's icebox, and wall fixtures; good stand; reasonable rent. Inquire premises.

Garage for sale or rent, lot 27x100; three-story brick building; location, 225 East 67th St. Permission to inspect by addressing Crimmins Operating Co., Inc., 624 Madison Av. Plaza 6782.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES.—Every facility, $16.50 and $30.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway. Room 807.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE.—Extension waiting room; private house; desirable living accommodations; excellent location; 1,041 Madison Av., (near 79th.) Lenox 101.

To sublet.—Large, light office on tenth floor Marbridge Bldg, facing Broadway; rate at $700 per year. Apply Geo. Woods, Room 1022, Marbridge Bldg.

Light, pleasant offices, in whole or in parts; about 2,400 sq. ft.; facing river. Apply Room 1017, 90 West St.

Lofts, 75x75 and 75x43; freight and passenger elevators; excellent location. Apply premises, 30 Park Place, or your broker.

Space rear parlor floor; privilege of elegantly furnished showroom; large window; near 5th Av.; also desk room. M 175 Times.

For rent, two fireproof lofts; building 50x100; choice location, Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg., New York City.

Will sublet large room, with or without furniture; rent reasonable. Inquire Room 212, Havemeyer Building, 26 Church St.

625 East 18th.—Two upper lofts, each 50x80, with well-finished office, in three-story building. Apply premises.

Suite of offices with complete mahogany furnishings to let until May; whole or part optional. 1216 Times Building.

Store, parlor floor; also skylight studios. 5 West 16th St.

Furnished office to sublet, whole or in part. Room 1407, 299 Broadway.

Skylight studios, bachelor apartments, $30 to $60. 5 West 16th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

49TH, 47 EAST.—Furnished or unfurnished; two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Meredith.

50TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

50TH, 5 EAST.—Sunny two, four room apartment, entire floor, newly decorated.

53D ST., 45 EAST.—Beautifully furnished apartment for rent.

81ST ST., 75, Corner Park Av.—Seven sunny rooms, elegantly furnished; service unexcelled.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED.
Choice localities; long, short leases.
4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1400.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

Attractive APARTMENTS, furnished. Murray Hill 4483. THE FALCO, 505 5th Av.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Santon, 35 East 27th, Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

ATTENTION.—Established 30 years. List your apartments. Waiting lists. A1 clientele. Lelands, One West 34th. Phone 1428 Greeley, also Murray Hill 3241.

CORNER APARTMENT, six rooms, daintily furnished; elevator, telephone; $100. 138 E. 94th St.

Gramercy District.—Charming 8-room apartment, furnished, antique mahogany, wicker, and chintz; steam heat, 4 open fireplaces, fine library, 21-foot living and dining rooms, 3 master bedrooms; fine French cook remains. Phone 4426 Stuyvesant for appointment.

PLAZA SECTION.—Seven rooms, 3 baths, very beautifully furnished. Details Columbus 3974.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST. Sublet 4, 5, and 6 months, handsomely furnished, 2 and 3 rooms; corner apartments; also single rooms; bath.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV., NEAR 50TH ST.
Strictly bachelor apartment, beautifully furnished, large studio, with open fireplace; bedroom and bath; maid and valet service included; rent $200 monthly; seen by appointment. Telephone 1670 Circle before noon.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths; single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

46TH, 341 WEST, (Just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Completely furnished bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80-$100; service. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.

49TH, 47 WEST.—One, two room suites, private bath; single rooms; electricity, elevator; newly decorated ground floor suite, with bath; suitable doctor; parlor suite, with bath; any first-class business.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; handsomely furnished. Dwyer.

53D, 46 WEST.—Suites, with private baths; steam heat, electricity, elevator; $75 per month upward.

54TH ST., 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsomely furnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath and 3 rooms with 2 baths; sunny rooms; steam heat.

55TH ST., (1,730 Broadway.)—Big, bright, fine; two rooms, bath; elevators; telephone; hall service. Hart.

55TH, 50 WEST.—Living room, breakfast room, bedroom, bathroom, kitchenette. Telephone Plaza 6958.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Attractive, handsome 7 outside rooms; 3 bedrooms. Columbus 1377.

60TH, 243-245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $55 to $90, completely furnished; satisfactory references necessary; open evenings.

69TH ST., 19 WEST, Overlooking Central Park.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath; maid service; restaurant; finest in the city. Mrs. Deane, on premises.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Apartments, furnished; entire floor, 2 and 3 connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity; $125 and $135.

70s.—Magnificently furnished 8 rooms, 3 baths; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

72D, 42 WEST.—Two of the most delightfully furnished small apartments in New York; two rooms, with tiled baths; new building; 7 windows in each suite; moderate priced restaurant, with service in apartments; overlooking Central Park; convenient to subway express, elevated, and surface; $95-$100 monthly; leases only.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Suite, one, two rooms, also studio; private baths; $55, $150.

79TH, 367 WEST.—Own home, eight rooms, two baths, exceptionally well appointed; piano; beautiful view Hudson; library; southern exposure; $300 monthly. Apt. 10 west.

80s.—Handsomely furnished 8-room duplex apartment, immediate possession. Winter months, longer, $175 month. Particulars telephone Vanderbilt 1453.

80TH, 225 WEST, (Cor. Broadway.)—High-class, one room, bath, hall, kitchenette. Fanning.

87TH, 307 WEST.—Private house, large back parlor, bath, kitchenette, electricity, service. $50.

90TH ST., 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms, with kitchenette and bath.

94TH ST., 250 WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 outside rooms; southwestern exposure; express station. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

97TH, (759 West End Av.)—High-class three outside rooms; immediate possession; $85.

99TH, 244 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Elegantly furnished eight-room apt.; must be seen to be appreciated; $175-$190. Strouse.

105TH, WEST.—Sunny, comfortable rooms, select apartment; reasonable terms. Telephone 1665 Academy.

106TH, 246 WEST.—Sunny six-room apartment, piano, victrola, silver, linen. R.

86TH ST., 200 WEST.

107TH, 210 WEST.—Attractive, clean six rooms; immediate possession; reasonable. Apt. 48.

110TH Subway.—Seven rooms, 2 baths, very beautifully furnished. Details Columbus 3974.

111TH.—Five-room nicely furnished apartment, 2 bedrooms, $100 monthly. Vanderbilt 1450.

116TH SUBWAY.—5 rooms, 2 bedrooms, very handsomely furnished. Particulars, Columbus 3974.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Apartment sublet, (2H,) 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $37.50 per mo.

Am leaving city; will sublet my 7-room, well-appointed apartment, long or short lease, immediate possession. Apartment 61. Phone 8200 Schuyler, or Superintendent.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 8 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates $80 monthly and up, $20 weekly up; breakfast and dinner, $9 weekly, (optional.)
HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST.
One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus line. C. M. Bellak, Mgr. Dir.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished; long, short leases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT Hunting Unnecessary; consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d. Col. 1077.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA.
226, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway. Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $65-$75-$85; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

A RARE CHANCE.
Will share my handsomely furnished apartment; entire use kitchen, bedroom, private lavatory; beautiful location, West 116th; one, two adults only; $65. F 447 Times Annex.

CENTRAL PARK SOUTH, 36.—Owner leaving for London will sublet apartment from four to six months; three rooms, two baths, also kitchen and out-of-doors sleeping porch facing Central Park; most artistically furnished. Inquire Geo. K. Rose, on premises.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Completely furnished apartment, four rooms, bath, $150. Phone Schuyler 4306.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

DESIRABLE, well-located 7 rooms, completely furnished apartment; short lease. 5800 Riverside.

For Rent, located in New Bern, N. C., furnished apartment, furnace heated, every up-to-date convenience. Address F. B. Smallwood, New Bern, N. C.

EIGHT-ROOM APARTMENT on West 85th; all light and sunny rooms, handsomely and completely furnished. Phone Owner, Schuyler 2006.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS A SPECIALTY. Town-Country Renting Agency, 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5565.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to rent, very reasonable; season or longer. Apply SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440.
HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SIX ROOMS, OVERLOOKING HUDSON; $175 MONTHLY; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. APT. 103.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 380, Hendrick Hudson.—Seven rooms, two baths; furnished completely; all Riverside exposure; $300 per month. Finn.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.)—Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 3 rooms facing Drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

SEE apartment house information, Page 23 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

WEST END AV.—Two attractive connecting rooms; every convenience; or single; business people; breakfast. Phone River 5040.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

TWO ATTRACTIVE 6 ROOM HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS WITH HOTEL CONVENIENCES. Completely furnished. Hotel and maid service if desired. $150 PER MONTH FOR WINTER SEASON. Southern exposure. References required.
204 WEST 55TH STREET,
(Hotel Woodward Annex.)
Telephone 2000 Circle.

Wonderfully furnished apartments of refinement, taste, and general appointments; most carefully planned and executed; but two apartments for rent; 4 and 5 rooms; the 5 rooms has an exquisitely furnished living room in Japanese. Inquire 517 West 113th St. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

Unfurnished—East Side.

34TH ST., 62 and 64 East, Vanderbilt Studios, (adjoining Vanderbilt Hotel.)—Apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath, $900 to $1,880; meals and service if desired. Apply R. S. Kamin, on premises, or telephone Murray Hill 913.

34TH, 113 EAST.—Entire floor, two very large rooms; large bathroom; kitchenette; steam heat; very desirable; rent, $75.
FOLSOM, 127 East 34th St.

91TH, 138 EAST.—Corner apartment; six rooms and bath; elevator; telephone; $65.

APARTMENT, STUDIO,
137 East 34th, 2 rooms, bath, electricity, $40.
AMES & CO., 26 West 31st St.

A two-room and bath apartment; $45; new, modern, maid service included; 469 Fourth Av., near 32d St.; central location. ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Tel. 1100 Murray Hill.

HIGH-CLASS NEW APARTMENTS,
59 East 34th St.; 2 rooms, bath; $70, $75.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

MADISON AV., 173, (Between 33d and 34th Sts.)—Three rooms and bath, non-housekeeping apartments, $1,200; elevator, telephone, resident maid and valet; meals served in rooms if desired. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

PARK AV., 446, (just off 57th.)—Small apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; can be leased for one year or longer at $1,000 per year. Apply premises or Plaza 6143.

Unfurnished—West Side.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 8106.

50TH, 48 WEST.—2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette, $85, including electricity, gas; also smaller apartment, similar conditions, $70.

50TH ST., 56 WEST.—Three large rooms, kitchen, bath; new; heat, electricity, gas, fireplace; $75. Telephone Circle 3744.

55TH, 52 WEST.—New house, large rooms, complete, private floors.

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2028.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive two-room suite; all improvements, maid service; references.

90TH, 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms with kitchenette and bath.

97TH, 308 WEST.—Five immense, light rooms; southern exposure; elevator, telephone; moderate rent.

113TH ST., 517 WEST.—One 6-room apartment, very high class elevator apartment house; reasonable rent. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Apartment sublet, (2H,) 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $37.50 per mo.

150TH, 569, (Corner Broadway.)—Six large outside rooms; modern elevator bldg.; $65.

APARTMENTS, STUDIOS,
130 W. 34th, 2 rooms, bath, kitchen, $40-$45.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or Janitor.

APARTMENT to sublet to October; $85. The Dearborn, 350 West 55th. Muckenfuss.

AUDUBON AV., 215, Corner 176th, (Brighton.)—Six rooms, bath; elevator apt.; $50.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, $45-$55.
274-276 West 19th St., 5 and 6 all light rooms.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or Supt.

SEE apartment house information, Page 23, in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortland 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

126 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NEAR 85TH ST.—Only 1 nine-room apartment left; light; choice location.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Wanted Dec. 1 for six months two or three good-sized rooms; well and completely furnished; kitchen or kitchenette; bath; good location; about $50. F 47 Times.

Furnished 3-room housekeeping apartment wanted, with large room suitable for singer; studio apartment preferred; $100-$125; prefer top floor. A. H., Box 275 Times.

Couple want high-class furnished 4-6 rooms, apartment, studio, six months, longer, west side, 72d-92d St.; owner's home only. Address 2,275 Broadway.

Exclusive Renting Company; furnished apartments; personally inspected. 1,482 Broadway, corner 42d Street, Room 803. Phone 7773 Bryant.

Four or five rooms, west side, between 72d and 110th Sts., for three adults; must be good location. W 234 Times Downtown.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT, large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Independent bachelor, large room, bath, centrally located; about $35 monthly. F 43 Times.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

I CAN RENT your apartment furnished.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

Responsible couple want 6 rooms, 2 baths, apartment, $250 month. Vanderbilt 1453.

Unfurnished.

Apartment wanted, two rooms and bath, unfurnished, from 48th to 110th St., between Broadway and Madison Av. X 333 Times Annex.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Private family; two warm, comfortably furnished rooms, single or suite; breakfast; business men preferred; references. Boyd.

15TH, 105 EAST, (Apt. 94.)—Opp. Union Square Hotel. Unique accommodations for 1-2 bachelors; parlor, bedroom, piano, bath, steam, electric lights, telephone; handsome fireproof building; $50 monthly; subway.

22D, 41 EAST.—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished rooms; all conveniences; also basement; references.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; phone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

30TH, 122 EAST.—Large, small rooms, furnished, unfurnished; newly decorated; private house; refined.

50TH, 133 EAST.—Large front room adjoining bedroom; steam; all conveniences; suitable for two; private family. McGovern.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

57TH, 221 EAST.—Large front hall room, select house, private family; references. Wiggin.

GRAMERCY PARK, 42.—First floor, running water, $8.50; second, $7; fourth, $5.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 1,331, (between 93d and 94th.)—Excellent accommodations business women in high-class neighborhood; every convenience; references. Russell.

MADISON AV., 174.—VANDERBILT STUDIOS.—Furnished, unfurnished rooms; unusual; references exchanged. Mur. Hill 9286.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; music studios rented by day or hour.

MADISON AV., 529.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with and without private bath; phone, electricity.

West Side.

16TH ST., 51 WEST.—Rooms; suite with bath. Tea room. Chelsea 2234.

49TH, 121 WEST.—Large, sunny room; hot water, electricity, shower, telephone; central location.

50TH, 79 WEST.—Newly furnished, large second floor room; bath connecting; electricity; references.

56TH, 83 EAST.—Beautiful, large room for gentlemen only; respectable French family.

57TH.—Light, medium-size room, near Carnegie, $6; business people. Circle 419.

57TH ST., WEST.—Handsome front parlor to let, furnished, unfurnished. P 101 Times.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Two comfortable single rooms; gentlemen; all conveniences; references; private home.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Just opened; everything brand new; furnished rooms, single or en suite; electricity; refined surroundings; investigate.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Neat, handsome rooms, single, en suite; private telephone, electricity; refined house.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen; business couple.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive suite, private bath, or will divided for gentlemen.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable two, three bachelors; private bath; select residence.

71ST, 122 WEST.—Large and small comfortable rooms; all conveniences; restaurant in building.

71ST, 110 WEST.—Large room, with bath; quiet, refined house; subway, "L," conveniences.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; southern exposure; private; bath, steam, electricity, telephone.

71ST, 118 WEST.—Attractively furnished, newly decorated, large, front room; electricity, steam heat.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

73D, 302 WEST.—Two double rooms, front and southern exposure; private baths; board optional; comfortable Winter home; near subway.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms, near subway, elevated; references.

74TH, 242 WEST.—BACHELOR'S ATTRACTIVE BEDROOM; PRIVATE BATH; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; JAP SERVICE; BREAKFAST.

74TH, 3 WEST.—Two comfortable front rooms, bath adjacent; southern exposure; private home.

74TH, 111 WEST.—Large, beautiful room, private bath; electricity; every convenience.

75TH ST., WEST.—Large double front or back rooms and bath, suitable for two gentlemen; breakfast if desired; select and refined neighborhood; references necessary. Telephone Columbus 719.

75TH, 159 WEST.—Rooms attractively furnished; southern exposure; electricity; adjoining baths.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable large room; twin beds; electricity; parquetry; very exclusive residence.

75TH, 3 WEST, (near park.)—Large rooms, private baths; electricity; telephone; $10-$12.

75TH, 102 WEST, (Apt. 61.)—Pleasant room, homelike surroundings, conveniences, gentleman. Col. 3384.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Nice sunny rooms; first-class house; select neighborhood; telephone; reasonable.

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, electricity, $10-$12.

75TH, 126 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; electricity; newly furnished.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Large sunny front room; electricity; private bath; kitchenette privileges; references.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Very attractive large room; hot water.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house; two large rooms; connecting baths; single or en suite.

111 WEST 77TH ST.
Desirable small room; references, reasonable.

78TH, 212 WEST.—Comfortable, clean room, lavatory, electricity; subway; gentlemen. Schuyler 9110.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large front parlor, twin beds, private bath, lavatory, steam, electricity.

78TH, 208 WEST.—Attractive, large front room, dressing room attached; electricity; near subway.

78TH, 108 WEST.—Ready for guests Nov. 20; reservations now arranged; meals optional.

78TH, 326 WEST, (corner Riverside Drive.)—Large and single rooms; handsomely furnished.

78TH, 169 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Front and back parlor, 1st floor; running water; small room.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

79TH, 169 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, with private bath; lock subway; immaculate.

79TH, 218 WEST.—Rooms, private bath; also small rooms, bath; top floor.

80TH, 151 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room, running water; subway, elevated; all conveniences. Antoine.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, also single; steam heat, electricity; $4.50-$10.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; private baths, steam heat, electricity; $4.50, $12.

80TH, 225 WEST.—Beautiful room, private bath, hall, and entrance. Apt. 3W.

81ST ST., 27 WEST.—Exceptional room, private, modern, home; facing park; steam heat, electricity; service breakfast; subway "L." Schuyler 7352.

81ST, 155 WEST.—Immaculate, warm, large room, bath; electricity; $6; gentleman. Schuyler 2982.

81ST, 265 WEST.—Front suite, two, three rooms. Apartment 5E.

82D, 33 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated bedrooms, bath; references.

82D, 24 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, suites; private bath; electricity; refined house; references.

82D, 54 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, second story front, bath, kitchenette; single rooms.

83D, 53 WEST.—Newly furnished, large rooms, connecting or separately; also hall room.

84TH ST., 33 WEST.—Large, comfortable room adjoining bath; also small room; refined surroundings.

84TH, 41 WEST.—Well-kept large and small rooms; electricity; $4-$8.

85TH, 136 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front room; electricity, telephone; all conveniences.

86TH ST., 337 WEST.—Sunny, large room; small room, running water, near Drive; references.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Exclusive house; exceptionally beautiful room; twin beds; southern exposure.

86TH, 174 WEST.—Few desirable rooms; electricity; also parlor floor; meals if desired.

88TH, 307 WEST.—Attractive rooms, modern house, exclusive block; breakfast optional; references required.

89TH, 330 WEST.—Elegantly appointed large front room; rear room; twin beds; references.

90TH, 255 WEST.—Large single rooms; high-class elevator apartment; references. Penny.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive, light, well-heated rooms; running water; board optional; conveniences.

103D, 303 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Three rooms, with running hot and cold water, bath, telephone, and electricity, for rent single or en suite, in elegantly furnished private home; references required.

103D ST., 2 WEST.—Beautiful corner room facing park, $5; phone. Robinson.

103D, 205 WEST.—Sunny room; no other roomers; all improvements. Apt. 61.

112TH ST., (Broadway.)—Beautiful, overlooking Hudson; also southern exposure; exclusive. 6390 Cathedral, Apt. 10C.

114TH, 520 WEST.—Room, lavatory, board; private French teacher's family; references. Clement.

116TH, 404 WEST.—Homelike furnished rooms; ideal locality.

118TH, 400 WEST, (Morningside Drive.)—Adjoining, sunny rooms; comfortable, corner. Apartment 42.

118TH, 421 WEST.—Single room, electricity, steam, telephone Morningside 6800; references. O'Brien.

123D, 439 WEST, Apt. 16.—2 rooms suite; elevator, electricity, telephone, conveniences.

121ST, 523 WEST.—Double room, nicely furnished; exclusive use, well-equipped kitchen. Apt. 41.

123D, 524 WEST.—Well furnished bedroom; piano; connecting lavatory; electricity; phone. Jedel.

123D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Single, double room, $2.50-$4.50 week; elevator. Apt. 28.

140TH, 477 WEST.—Large room; elevator, electricity, telephone; southern family. Apt. 71.

141ST, 600 WEST.—Two immaculate connecting rooms, lavatory, bath; private family; no other roomers; reasonable to refined, permanent parties; references essential. J 4 Times.

143D, 561 WEST (Corner Broadway.)—Newly decorated room; business gentleman; references. Apartment 55.

143D, 527 WEST.—Elegant room, newly furnished; reasonable; modern apartment; telephone; references. Mendoza.

143D, 527 WEST, (Phone.)—Single and double room; hot, cold water; kitchen privileges. Mendoza.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room, scrupulously clean. Apt. 27.

144TH, 560 WEST.—Beautiful, light, large room with private family; elevator, telephone; near subway. Apt. 47.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Hudson view; running water; $6; convenient location; evenings. 6E.

168TH, 601 WEST.—Large corner room, overlooking river; exceptionally well appointed. Ellsworth.

168TH, 601 WEST.—Light room; near subway; elevator apartment; No. 66; phone; convenient location.

172D, 720 WEST.—Modern apartment, room, southern exposure; gentleman; reference; private family.

183D, 553 WEST.—For rent, two beautifully furnished bedrooms, with private bath, telephone; all conveniences; reasonable. 181st St. subway.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS,
302 West 22d St.
Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly; rooms for two, $3.50 weekly each.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

ATTRACTIVE SUITE, sitting room and bedroom, adjoining bath; all conveniences; private family; modern, homelike. Waitjen, 205 West 87th St.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Attractive, newly furnished rooms; suite, overlooking Park. Fryer.

CLAREMONT AV., 200.—Attractive front room; 1, 2 ladies; kitchen privileges; elevator. Apt. 37.

CLAREMONT AV., 130.—Beautiful front rooms; reasonable prices. Apply superintendent.

DESIRABLE gentlemen can secure one large room with private bath, also two large single rooms in high-class private apartment in exclusive neighborhood; breakfast optional; references required. Address C. A. H., Box 219 Times Downtown.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th.)—Desirable rooms, with or without private bath; newly furnished; gentlemen; also bedroom and sitting room for two gentlemen; telephone; references. Cardozo.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (corner 80th.)—Magnificently furnished suite of 2 large rooms with bath, steam heat; private house service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910.—Apt. 7-F; beautiful room overlooking Hudson; new elevator apartment; private family; gentlemen.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452, (116th St.)—Room of highest type; refined; references. Tel. Morningside 9080. Apt. 4A. Kelley.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668, (cor. 144th.)—Fine room, adjoining bath; outside. Apt. 8.

SON GONE TO WAR; will rent his room, up-to-date apartment; 4 short blocks from subway; can arrange meals. Audubon 3415. Ross.

WEST END AV., 758, (Cor. 97th.)—Desirable large corner room, comfortably furnished; suitable for two gentlemen or couple; references. Butters.

WEST END AV., 611.—Handsome room; elegantly furnished; private bath; kitchenette; also medium-sized room.

WEST END AV., 826, (100th St.)—Superior bachelor accommodations; exclusive residence; breakfast. River 3050.

WEST END AV., 936, (Subway, 103d.)—Spacious corner room; conveniences; refined home; gentlemen. Apartment 5 west.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

WEST END AV., 487, (84th.)—Large room, private bath; small house; conveniences; breakfast.

WEST END AV., 674.—Large front room; all improvements; private residence; gentleman.

WEST END AV., 896, (105.)—Large room; private bath; $11; twin beds; private.

WEST END AV., 911.—Room, private bath; electricity, telephone.

Brooklyn.

A NICE ROOM, electricity, suitable for nurses; private family, exclusive neighborhood, walking distance of subway. Telephone 333 Prospect.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Bachelor desires cheerful room with or near bath, where he can be independent; 85th to 116th, West; no other roomers preferred. E 181 Times.

Japanese gentleman desires to have furnished room in private family; no other roomer; between 100th and 120th Streets, near Broadway; state particulars. F 57 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references

A COUPLE WITH ELEGANT HOME, exclusive neighborhood, will accommodate gentleman or lady with large, sunny room, handsomely furnished; bath; electricity; first-class, choicest table. 783 Madison Av., (66th St.)

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly, up.

West Side.

5TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity; switchboard; refined service.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath, steam; unexcelled board.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms, excellent board; all improvements.

16 WEST 55TH ST.
Table boarders; rooms; references; gentlemen.

55TH ST., 41, 43, 45 WEST—Elevator.
MADISON ARMS.

72D, 318 WEST, (Riverside.)—Exclusive Pension; two large connecting roms with private baths, singly or en suite; also small room; excellent table and service.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 122 WEST.—Well heated double, single rooms, private bath; fine people.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; with board; table guests accommodated.

73D, 302 WEST.—Two large rooms, private baths; board optional; exclusive location.

75TH, 234 WEST, (The Hurlburt.)—Sunny back parlor, private bath; steam heat.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select accommodation, steam, electricity, modern furnished double, single rooms; private bath; cleanliness; best home table.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive rooms, double and single, private bath or adjoining; steam heat, electricity; excellent table; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 174 WEST, "The Little House."—Beautiful second floor; delicious home table; references.

83D, 25 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, second floor; private baths; family or few adults; excellent Vienna cooking. Schuyler 8227.

84TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms; all conveniences; electricity; excellent table; refined Jewish family.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Excellent accommodation with board for refined business man; conveniences. Jay.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive, large room, private bath; excellent table; private boarding house.

88TH, 316 WEST.—Attractive, homelike single room; excellent home cooking; convenient; refined surroundings.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Newly, beautifully furnished double rooms, adjoining bath; excellent Jewish table; reasonable; table boarders accommodated. Riverside 9793.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Very desirable double and single rooms, with adjoining bath, for 2, 3, or 4 people; newly furnished; refined Jewish family; excellent table; reasonable rates. Tel. Riverside 6926.

93D ST., (676 West End Av.)—Large front room; running water; electricity; excellent environment; suitable two gentlemen or married couple; beautifully furnished; home cooking.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Unusually large room, private bath, suitable for 2 or 3 people; service and surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-B'way.)—Luxurious; private residence offers large suite; 2 rooms, bath; really exceptional table; every convenience; beautifully furnished; moderate terms.

109TH, 308 WEST.—Double rooms; single, en suite; private bath; convenient locality; excellent table.

120TH, 110 WEST.—Nice front parlor; all conveniences; one or two gentlemen.

126TH, 182 WEST.—Suite, single, private baths, steam heat, telephone; excellent cuisine.

ELEGANT DOUBLE ROOM, ONE SMALLER BATH; REFINED, PRIVATE HOUSE. PHONE SCHUYLER 2622.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished. Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables. Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness. Social Parlors. Smoking Rooms. Comforts. Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV.,
174 West 126th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking; convenient.

WASHINGTON SQ. NORTH, 21.—Single rooms, with board; facing park; table guests accommodated.

WEST END AV., 578, (108d.)—Magnificent private dwelling; overlooking Hudson; modern, beautiful rooms; well heated; excellent cooking; moderate.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Large, sunny rooms; excellent table; house thoroughly appointed; references.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG business gentleman, Christian, with strictly private family, where congenial atmosphere is as desirable as first-class accommodations, give full and complete particulars; uptown, below 103d. G 212 Times Downtown.

TWO ROOMS, three adults; west side, above 60th St.; sunny, elevator apartment preferred; $25 weekly; permanent. P 234 Times Downtown.

Young Jewish business woman desires room, with or without board, where there are young folks. L. [illegible], 110 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

Bronxville, N. Y.—Two desirable rooms in private family; furnished or unfurnished; board if desired; no other paying guests; two minutes from station; references exchanged. Phone Bronxville 1414.

New York State.

ADIRONDACKS.
Can accommodate people of refinement, four adults, in modern private cottage, on lake; 1,500 feet el., near station; electricity; sun parlor; family cuisine; milk, cream, eggs, from farm; Winter sports; $28 per week; references. Mountain View House, Mt. View, N. Y. (Franklin Co.)

At Highland, N. Y., a widowed lady, owner of high and beautifully located new home with all modern comforts, will take one or two semi-invalids in board at reasonable rate. Address Mrs. Mae Van Wagner, Highland, N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

ABBOTT Taxicab, ready for work; Pittsburgh meter paid; electric light; elegant rubber; very cheap. Smith, 110 West 107th.

BUICK 1916 SEDAN,
beautiful seven-passenger, like new, with extra Summer top; full electric equipment; condition guaranteed; sacrifice for quick sale. 150 West 55th.

BUICK 1917 Light Six.—Will sell my Buick 1917 touring car with detachable sedan top already mounted; also Summer touring top. George J. Donahue, Hotel Majestic.

BUICK 1917.—Will sell my Buick 1917 touring car with detachable sedan top already mounted, also Summer touring top. George J. Donahue, Hotel Majestic.

BUICK, 1916, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger touring car, fully equipped, excellent condition throughout. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

BUICK, 1916, little six touring, $575.
DODGE, 1916, tour., perfect condition, $375.
Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th Av. Morn. 9367.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK little six runabout; first real cash offer takes it. 1,930 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET.
Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK TOURING, LIKE NEW 1917.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

Cadillac 1917 Convertible Sedan; 3,900 miles.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 limousine; excellent condition; sacrifice; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC 1916 Limousine.—Custom-built body; $1,500. 57 Sheffield Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC LIMOUSINE, PERFECT CONDITION. 305 WEST 59TH ST.

CADILLAC, eight-cylinder touring; like new; $750. 1,930 Broadway.

CHALMERS 1917 7-pass. touring. Bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CHALMERS 1916, five-passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

CHANDLER 16 touring; fully equipped; extras; fine condition; bargain. Schwartz, Fordham 2588.

CHANDLER limousine; runs and looks like a new car; bargain to immediate buyer. 305 West 59th St.

CHANDLER with Winter and Summer top; bargain. 305 West 59th St.

COLE, semi-roadster; perfect condition; must have cash. 1,930 Broadway.

DELAUNAY Belleville brougham, 6 cylinder, 19 h. p.; beautiful, ideal town car; newly painted; perfect condition; electric lights, &c.; bargain. Bord, 114 West 50th St.

EDISON A 4 storage battery, second-hand, excellent condition, $150. Apply to John R. Post, 703 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

ELECTRIC BROUGHAM, 1916, Rauch and Lang, seating five; new, high-capacity battery recently installed; excellent condition; $1,950. Box O 156 Times.

FIAT 55-H. P. 1915 model; Summer and Winter tops; bargain; no dealers; private. 1,909 Foster Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FIAT Baby Limousine Town Car.—Nice condition; make offer. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

FIAT limousine, thoroughly overhauled and repainted; make offer. 305 West 59th St.

FORD touring car, fully equipped, plenty extras, $200; a five-passenger Maxwell touring, $225; also Overland touring, self-starter, price $275; a Hudson 6-cylinder touring, self-starter, big bargain, $325; a 5-passenger Pope Hartford touring, self-starter, $300. Can be seen. Eastern Brewery, 205 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 3484 Stagg.

FRANKLIN touring, 1915; very good condition; extra shoe; spotlight and bumper. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,960 Broadway.

FRANKLIN 1917 four-passenger; 2,300 miles; sell $1,800; many extras. Telephone 3413 Audubon, Apartment 2A, from 8 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

HUDSON super six sedan; like new. H. Berlinghof, 245 West 55th St.

HUPMOBILE Sedan; 5,000 miles; 1917 late. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

LANCIA Raceabout.—Late model; very snappy; $650. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

LEXINGTON sedan, mechanically perfect; excellent shoes, paint; $825, quick. Lexington, Circle 1872.

LIMOUSINE BODY.—Latest model; almost new; fits any standard car; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

LOCOMOBILE limousine; original cost, $5,700; $1,000 to quick buyer; all new tires. 305 West 59th, near Columbus Circle.

MARMON limousine, late 1917; cost $5,500 new; car like new; must sell immediately. Call Mrs. L. S. F., 200 West 54th St. Phone 1130 Circle.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger limousine; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1916, seven-passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MERCER raceabout, 1914; self-starter; wonderful condition. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

MERCER 1917 Sporting 4-Pass.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

NATIONAL NEWPORT Sedan; mileage 10,000; excellent looks and condition; sacrifice; no dealers. M 63 Times.

NATIONAL twin six Clover Leaf, practically new; half price. 20th Century, 1,700 B'way.

OLDSMOBILE 1915 touring, driven by owner only; two extra shoes; excellent condition; $400; Stewart vacuum system. Phone Mr. Harold, Lenox 8100.

OLDSMOBILE 1918 Four-Cylinder Model 45 Landaulet Town Car.—Like new; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

OLDSMOBILE LIMOUSINE.
Beautiful 1916 model; looks like new; seats 5 inside; complete electrical equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. 150 West 55th.

OLDSMOBILE 1913 touring, six cylinder, $250; excellent condition. Westcott Car Sales Corp., 1,960 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917, five-passenger touring; leaving city. 1,930 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 COUPE,
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

OVERLAND 1915, Model 80; all-year car; cost new, equipped, $1,600; wire wheels, Timken shock absorbers; good tires; excellent mechanical condition; sacrifice $460; no dealers. Phone Farragut 9632 for demonstration.

PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Limousine.—Also landaulet car, 2-38; very good condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Runabout, 5-48.—Finest condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

PACKARD 1917, seven-passenger; run 3,000 miles; absolutely perfect conditon; owner going to France; bargain. Captain Frederick Pope, 366 Fifth Av., Tel. Greeley 4400.

PACKARD, 1917 twin six, 7-passenger touring; bought in May; run 3,000 miles; like new; can be bought reasonable. A Rogers, 133 York Av., Saratoga, N. Y.

PACKARD 1915 "3-38" limousine; newly painted, excellent condition. George Lamberty, 1926 Broadway.

PACKARD 1916 Twin Six limousine; fine condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 B'way.

PIERCE-ARROW.—Beautiful limousine; Westinghouse air springs; condition perfect; reasonable. 4849 Morningside.

PIERCE-ARROW "38" Limousine.—Electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

RENAULT.—Beautiful Renault limousine town car, Demarest body; very smart; fine condition; bargain; principals only. Box 324 Times, 2 Rector St.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916.
Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

REO, 1916, 6-dylinder touring car, size 75. Phone Owner, 1,391 Main.

REO, late 1916; perfect mechanically. Garage, 246 West 124th; ask for Christenson.

ROLLS-ROYCE touring car for sale; condition excellent. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS BOOTH, 4-passenger roadster; Rolls Royce Blue, two wheels, many extras. Scripps Agency, 302 East Fordham Road.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, four-passenger roadster, $750. Brenner, 1,776 Broadway. 351 Columbus.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1916 ROADSTER.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1915; make offer. 1,930 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1917; large type; sell reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

S. G. V. COUPE AND BROUGHAM.
Alexander K. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

SIMPLEX, 38, shaft drive, seven-passenger, Holbrook touring body; must sell this fine car at once. 1,930 Broadway.

STANDARD 1917 touring, 7-passenger, demonstrator; same as new. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STEARNS-KNIGHT brougham landaulet; "8 cylinder"; 1916 model, with all 1917 improvements installed; imported linings, bronze fixtures and vanity cases, Circassian walnut paneling; interior renovated; newly painted royal blue and black; has the appearance of a new car; sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE. Stearns Used Car Department, (J. H. Driscoll, Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 Town Car, "Light 4" model; fleetwood limousine body; imported linings; beautiful fixtures and vanity cases; interior renovated; newly painted Brewster green and black; shows no perceptible sign of usage; sold with binding mechanical guarantee. Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS 1916 8-cylinder limousine, landaulet; newly painted; reasonable. J 8 Times.

STUTZ BULLDOG, 1916.
Beautiful four-passenger; special bulldog type; like new; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

STUTZ 1918 TOURING. NEW CAR.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1915 H. C. S. SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ BULLDOG, 1916.
Beautiful four-passenger; special bulldog type; like new; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

STUTZ 1916 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

WESTCOTT 1916 touring, seven passenger; run less than 10,000 miles; good as new. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,960 B'way.

WESTCOTT 4-passenger, 1917 roadster; excellent condition; bargain price. Westcott Motor Car Corp., 1,960 Broadway.

"WHITE" USED CARS.
Also other well known makes touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., 4th Floor. M. R. Greene, Mgr.

WILLYS-KNIGHT 1916.—Account of draft must sell at once. 691M Melrose.

WILLYS-KNIGHT Brougham; will sacrifice this elegant car for $700. 1,930 Broadway.

WINTON limousine, very fine condition throughout. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

WINTON SIX 48 touring car, overhauled and repainted, fully equipped, fully guaranteed. The Winton Co., B'way at 70th St.

Motor Trucks.

MACK, 5-ton, dump body, 1915, good condition. Call Columbus 8931.

Miscellaneous.

"RIGHT PRICES."
1917 CADILLAC "8" Seven-Passenger.
1917 HUDSON Super-Six Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Runabout.
1916 LEXINGTON Seven-Passenger Touring.
1916 CHANDLER Touring, Model 17.
1916 CADILLAC Touring; very extra.
1916 OVERLAND 83B Touring.
1916 REO Seven-Passenger.
1916 REO Three-Passenger Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Touring; exceptional.
1916 NATIONAL Seven-Passenger.
1915 CADILLAC Brougham Town Car.
1914 PACKARD 3-48 Seven Passenger.
DAILY ARRIVALS. TRADES CONSIDERED. TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
Open evenings and Sundays till 1 P. M.
All cars open to mechanical inspection and demonstration at any time.
THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
Appraisers to the Trade.
1,077 Atlantic Av., Cor. Franklin Av.,
BROOKLYN.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUTZ 16-VALVE SPEEDSTER.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 REO "6" SEDAN.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 HUDSON SUPER SIX TOURING.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1917 BUICK ROADSTER.
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "6" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.,
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

CLOSED AUTO BODIES.
Any body now in stock at
$35, $75, $150, $350, &c.
PLENTY OF GOOD ONES LEFT.
WORTH 3 TIMES PRICES ASKED!
Come and pick out a Bargain.
Fitting: Cadillacs, Packards, Oldsmobiles, Stearns, Overlands, Fiats, Simplexes, Pierces, Singers and others.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1,763 Broadway, near 57th St.

1916 7-pass. Touring, 8-cyl., model 53; this car has been overhauled and repainted; 1917 Cadillac, blue with red wheels; will give excellent service; the price will surprise you.
DETROIT-CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO.,
536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

NEW SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
We have a large consignment with open and closed bodies now ready for inspection and demonstration at our warerooms. Great reductions in price.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4837.

AUTOMOBILES AT PUBLIC AUCTION
at Fiss, Doerr & Carroll's,
East 24th St., near 3d Av.,
to-day at 12 o'clock noon sharp.
Chalmers Limousine Taxicab,
Winton Six Limousine,
Cadillac 7-Pass. Touring.

"WHITE" USED CARS,
Also other well-known makes touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., M. R. Greene, Mgr.

FIRESTONE TIRES, 40% DISCOUNT.
(Slightly blemished.)
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO., 1,763 B'way.
Branch: 2,300 Grand Concourse, corner 183d.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) Limousine, 38 H. P.
PACKARD (1917) Landaulet, 2-35.
LOCOMOBILE (1917) Touring, 38 H. P.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

1918 KISSEL Kar Coupe, 4-pass., new.
1915 CADILLAC, 8-cyl., Sedan, 5-pass.
1913 PIERCE-ARROW, 38 Landaulet, 5-pass.
2887 Market, 588 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars, Limousine bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

SACRIFICE.—Oakland roadster, excellent mechanical condition; good tires; recent model. J 350 Times Downtown.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC Limousine for hire; bargain rates; excellent service; anywhere. Telephone 6301 Morningside.

CADILLAC, private, limousine, for hire by month or week; reasonable price; best reference; owner drives. D. M., Times Harlem.

CADILLAC limousine, very stylish, hourly; monthly preferred; very reasonable. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

MOTOR TRUCKS, heavy capacities, for rent by day or contract. P 247 Times Downtown.

NEW 5-PASSENGER touring car; owner drives; $2 hourly. Mack, 2476 Fordham.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping; $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43 St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS, Hudsons.—Latest models; limousines, touring, shopping; $2.50 hour; special rate trips, daily, monthly. 2,758 Broadway. Academy 403.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD or CHALMERS Limousine Landaulet, 1916, hour, trip, monthly; reasonable; owner drives; best reference. Bradley, phone Riverside 3617.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD Landaulette for rent, anywhere you desire. Phone "Micker," Columbus 2239.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD, 1916, 1917, beautiful landaulet, limousines; trip, hour, monthly. Wilmarth, Columbus 8030.

PACKARD limousine, sixes, brougham style; $2.50 shopping; monthly, $350. Telephone 1585 Plaza.

PACKARD, 18, laundelet town car, upholstery, paint like new; monthly. Circle 449.

PIERCE-ARROW, Packard limousine, newly lined, $2.50 hourly, $75 weekly. Circle 4215.

RENAULT auto de luxe at reasonable rates. Delaney, Packard coupe, landaulet, limousine; special rates for theatre parties. Haelters, 145 West 66th. Columbus 2958.

RENAULT.—Landaulet, painted, good condition; French driver; $325 month. Berge, Plaza 9868.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Automobiles Wanted.

WHITE 30 touring, 1916; give mileage and full particulars with lowest cash price in first letter. Charles D. Sherman, 50 Windsor Av., Hartford, Conn.

SEDAN.—Wanted, 1917 seven-seat sedan, with or without Summer top; state price and make; proof of ownership will be required. F 22 Times.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

DEAD STORAGE.—AUTOMOBILES. 310-312 WEST 143D ST. AUDUBON 3575.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 223 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent, accurate; ten years' experience in trust and savings bank; trial balance and financial statements; $20-$25; Christian. P 235 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, cost accountant; experience corporation controlling accounts, financial statements; monthly balances rendered; good references; $22. V 315 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; American, five years' experience; reliable; salary, $16. F 32 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced; able credit woman; correspondent; university training; $20. F 25 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of stenography; 8 years' experience; willing, conscientious; $15. W 267 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, double entry, control system; thoroughly experienced; $16. W 263 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; 4 years' experience; capable taking charge; references; $15. F 53 Times.

CASHIER, competent, 11 years' experience, desires position; good hours; best references. M. Hayes, 1,995 Morris Av., Bronx.

CHAMBERMAID.—Assist waiting; first-class personal references; wages, $35. Call 322 West 72d.

COMPANION.—Refined lady desires position as useful companion to elderly lady. X 323 Times Annex.

COMPETENT, experienced colored girl wishes position, small family, general housework; excellent cook, good manager; first-class city references; salary, $10 week. P 105 Times.

CONFIDENTIAL SECRETARY, stenographer, correspondent, office manager; best reference; salary, $18. W 255 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Good, English; first-class references; apartment preferred. Call 1,118 3d Av., one flight up.

DRESSMAKER, experienced all work; first-class references; $2.50 day. Phone Academy 2768.

DRESSMAKER would like to go out by day or home; formerly with Lucille's. F 12 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Dresses, coats, alterations specialty; $2.50 daily; stylish. Phone Hensley, Morningside 3345.

ENTIRE HOME CARE AND RESPONSIBILITY OF CHILDREN SOUGHT.
with opportunity to direct and strengthen development of body, mind, and character, in environment where understanding, whole-hearted effort will strongly count; applicant is American, Christian, with university education, and practical and theoretical knowledge of hygiene, dietetics, and child culture. Promater, Apartment 31, 430 West 118th St.

HIGH school graduate, (19,) experienced, efficient, energetic worker, desires position with reliable concern. Salzberg, 1,255 Brook Av., City.

HOUSEKEEPER or COMPANION.—Refined and capable Scotch woman. Address 5,605 4th Avenue, Brooklyn.

LADY of excellent birth, bright, cheerful disposition and executive ability, as social adviser and companion to wealthy woman; references exchanged. M. L. B., 1,364 Broadway.

LADY desires one child, share French governess and advantages in own home, Morningside Heights; Summer, seashore. X 800 Times Annex.

LITERARY young woman, newspaper experience, secretarial training, wants position, evening paper or magazine, offering opportunities for writing. X 335 Times Annex.

MAID.—Lady wishes to place her maid; can highly recommend her as waitress, parlor maid, or chambermaid. Phone Chelsea 5158 between 2 and 4, or write Mrs. E. H. Jewett, 37 West 10th St.

MOTHER'S HELPER, likes children, assist housework; obliging woman. E 186 Times.

OFFICE WORK.—A neat, clean, intelligent girl, 27 years old, who catches on quickly, is prompt, reliable and loyal, and is experienced at filing, general office work, and telephone switchboard, wants permanent position. Address P 112 Times.

OPERATOR.—Telephone, 3 years' experience busy board; salary, $10. Smith, Morningside 5463.

SECRETARY, stenographer, Christian; thoroughly experienced commercial, legal, technical lines; possesses intelligence, education, refinement, good appearance; $20. P 239 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER, competent, intelligent, desires position; salary, $18. Phone Rhinelander 3718.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, efficient, desires work evenings; typing acceptable. Competent, F 23 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—High-class executive; college training; $20. A68 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Barnard College graduate, unusual training, experienced, desires position where executive ability features; best references. H. L., 22 Morningside Av. Phone Morningside 214.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Aged 23, 6 years' technical experience, quick comprehension, high school education, possessing initiative, uses discretion, excellent mathematician; $20. W., 129 Edgecomb Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—An expert lady stenographer wants a position as secretary or stenographer to an executive; salary required, $40 a week. P 104 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience, thoroughly competent, academic education, executive and unusual ability, initiative, common sense, $18. O 399 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Expert, conscientious worker, possessing initiative, good business training; familiar with diversified dictation; no agencies. P 99 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, aged 22, accurate, rapid, competent, punctual, conscientious, and industrious; 6 years' experience; $18; agencies ignored. V 292 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Executive ability; thoroughly experienced, competent; conscientious worker; $16. P 246 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; neat; some experience; moderate salary. F., 2,452 7th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—General office work; good references; $15. Lindquist, 2,597 Bainbridge Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; 3 years' practical business experience. P 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 2½ years' experience, rapid worker; references; $11. P 266 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 7 years' experience, conscientious, executive ability; $22. 535 West 148th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; possesses initiative; familiar office detail; $16. W 256 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 21, thoroughly experienced; rapid, accurate, desires position; $18. W 206 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Capable, energetic, 8 years' engineering experience; $20. Box 28 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge of switchboard, office work; best references; salary $12. P 252 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY.—Seven years, dictaphone, educated, initiative; $20. N. H., 104 East 14th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner, business experience, high school graduate; knowledge office work. P 253 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, experienced, competent; salary $12. Write F. C., 450 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; 3½ years' experience; accurate, rapid; $14-$15. F 52 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; bright, neat; Christian girl; beginner; no agency; $10. O 344 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—American, Christian; experienced, capable, educated; law or commercial; $25. V 363 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 4 years' experience; neat personality, efficient, widewake; $15. W 241 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, desires location, reputable concern; $16-$18. W 228 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' practical experience; reference former employer; $15. W 235 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, four years' experience; full charge. F 30 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Refined American girl desires position; three years' experience. W 260 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Four years' experience; good clerical worker; age 20; excellent references; Christian; $10. O 308 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, office assistant, knowledge of stenography; experienced; competent, conscientious; references. P 237 Times Downtown.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—French young lady desires position as visiting governess, afternoons preferred; $12 to $15 weekly. E 171 Times.

YOUNG LADY, (Christian,) experienced in manufacturing line, five years with one concern, wishes to connect with first-class house; competent to take charge of entire office, including bookkeeping and stenography, and control general help; also act in buying capacity; highest references as to all qualifications. P 106 Times.

YOUNG LADY with selling ability would like to connect with a wholesale drug or perfumery house; good references. L. G., 120 Times.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165, Domestic Agency, 329 West 59th.

HOUSEWORKERS, select; colored cook; references; for Augusta Agency, 333 West 53d. Columbus 3129.

COLORED HELP.—City, country; references. Hope's Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ABLE, active, Christian, American, past 40, strictly temperate, capable filling any position requiring industry, commonsense, reliability, trustworthiness, desires position; can you offer one? E 163 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 35 years old, with 15 years' foreign and domestic executive experience covering every branch of clerical work, competent take entire charge of the management of office staff as cashier or auditor; furnish best references, bond; munitions work preferred. L., W 261 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 25, N. Y. U. graduate; efficient, capable take charge office; best references. Harry B. Falk, 159 Hopkins St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ACCOUNTANT, Spanish, years' of experience in this city in export and banking business, 34 years of age, wants position only in an important concern. P 95 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 104, Cortlandt 6088.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT with spare time desires to keep set of books. F 29 Times.

ADMINISTRATIVE or executive appointment desired with business or charitable organization, preferably as director or organizer, by educated American, 30, of strong personality, wide experience, not subject to draft. X 329 Times Annex.

AM capable business young man; ex-druggist; well appearing; have $1,000; desire mercantile connection; anything, anywhere. Collegiate, P 212 Times Downtown.

ANY REAL OPPORTUNITY.
By man, age 32, married, American, Christian, experienced all lines building and real estate; also sales, secretary, bookkeeper and typewriter; best references on interview; moderate salary. E 141 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 29, 10 years' experience, thoroughly capable; reliable, trustworthy, correspondent, college graduate; excellent references; exempt; investigate. V 279 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, cost clerk, experienced double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance, etc., desires position. J. Rindt, 950 Trinity Av.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, (19,) conversant with modern methods, highest credentials. P 243 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, desires position evenings and Sundays. P 236 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, young man, 27, exempt from draft; 11 years' experience. P 259 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER; experienced in department store purchase ledger; age 30; married. F 39 Times.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, 36, accurate figures or clerical; knowledge typewriting. W 242 Times Downtown.

BOY, 17, wants to learn automobile trade; ambitious, trustworthy. F 40 Times.

BUYER, &c.—College graduate, 32, married, legal training, long practical business experience as buyer and credit man, seeks executive position, bank or large corporation. E. M. Gladstone, care of Landy, 50 Church St.

CHAUFFEUR.—On account of laying up my car I am trying to find a position for my very excellent chauffeur, James Matteson, 12 Horton St., Stamford, Conn. He has had 12 years' experience in New York City. I can recommend him in the very highest terms. Room 1002, 70 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; 12 years' experience; private; excellent driver; good mechanic; strictly temperate; highest references; Packard, Cadillac, others; $25. Columbus 2020. Tyler, 453 West 53d St.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4036.

CHAUFFEUR, 27, long experience on high-grade cars; best references, reliable; moderate salary. Chauffeur, 2 West 86th St., care of Mrs. Gant, Apartment 12A. Schuyler 2136.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Swede, 33; education, appearance; private; extensive touring, city driving experience. Pierce, Packard. Lundborg, 200 West 83d St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 32, desires private position where ability, sobriety, punctuality is required and recognized; excellent references. 14 East 126th St. Tel. Harlem 7062.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Chinese, thoroughly experienced, desires position; private family, references. Chauffeur, care Vail, 20 Morningside Av. Morningside 8593.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, experienced, competent, reliable driver; wages reasonable; reference. F 26 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, (29,) married, eight years' experience; best of references; Christian. P 97 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—Competent and reliable. Holz, 134 West 77th. Tel. 7735 Columbus.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, desires position private family; $25 weekly; permanent only. F 36 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 28; married; mechanic; competent and reliable; excellent references. Tel. 2745 Lenox.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private; reference. Nemec, 336 East 71st. Phone Rhinelander 2795.

CHAUFFEUR, (37,) married; 16 years' experience; expert driver, mechanic; excellent references. Man, 56 West 93d. River. 1830J.

CHAUFFEUR; careful driver; no habits; married; anywhere; American; excellent references. F 45 Times.

CLERK.—Young man, (19,) American; three years' training in commercial high school and one year's experience as bookkeeper; knowledge of bookkeeping, stenography, typewriting, and Spanish; desires position in export or import concern offering opportunity to use and improve knowledge of Spanish, and possibility of developing ultimately into responsible position. Louis Sack, 1,061 Morris Av., New York.

CLERK.—Knowledge of bookkeeping; office experience; good penman; well recommended. O 398 Times Downtown.

CLERK, with dry goods experience, desires change; capable meeting requirements. P 245 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE MAN, executive ability, excellent stenographer and typist; pleasing personality. P 231 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT.
Practical experience, initiative, strong character, capable, produce results, assume responsibilities. P 261 Times Downtown.

DEPARTMENT store general superintendent or manager of a very important department, with New York City experience, desires a position from Jan. 1 where efficient management will be appreciated. W 257 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER will design exclusive models in dresses in spare time. F 50 Times.

EVENING WORK DESIRED.
Stenographer-Accountant desires work one or more evenings a week. P 103 Times.

EXECUTIVE and systematizer; two years on advertising staff of metropolitan newspaper, one year with oil company, and one year with railroad in Mexico; one year manager food products store; two years superintendent mining company; thorough knowledge of administration, office routine, and shop practice; 26 years old; draft exempt; $3,500 or more. F 44 Times.

EXECUTIVE, Accountant, Secretary, Statistician open for engagement; six years' experience commerce, insurance banking; two years corporation assistant executive; highest references. F 15 Times.

JANITOR, &c.—Position wanted as janitor or general housework, or cook by trustworthy young man with excellent references. Address P. L. P., 161 Water Street.

LAWYER, EXECUTIVE ABILITY AND INITIATIVE, CORRESPONDENT, NOW PRACTICING UP STATE, WHO WISHES TO BECOME PRODUCER, SEEKS CONNECTION WITH RELIABLE COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL CONCERN; HIGHEST REFERENCES; WILL BEGIN WITH MODERATE SALARY. X 332 TIMES ANNEX.

LEDGER CLERK.—Savings bank experience; also foreign exchange; speak four languages. M. A., care Dr. Blum, 90 Columbia St.

MAN, married, (24,) capable, ambitious, industrious, salesman six years, traveling two years, desires position. J. E., 227 Broadway, Brooklyn.

MANAGER, 20 years' experience as executive, 14 with one manufacturing concern, desires connection with growing concern. F 16 Times.

Classified Advertising Rates
The New York Times

Telephone Bryant 1000	Per Agate Line
Agents Wanted	50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	40c
Automobile Exchange	40c
Boarders and Board Wanted	30c
Business Opportunities	50c
Country Board	40c
Employment Agencies	50c
Farms	40c
For Sale	50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	30c
Help Wanted	30c
Lost and Found	50c
Mortgage Loans	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	40c
Situations Wanted	25c

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

MANAGER, competent, experienced real estate, desires connections, apartment houses, &c.; trustworthy. F 24 Times.

MAN, ten years' experience banking, loan, foreign exchange, five years' manufacturing, desires good position. P 94 Times.

MAN, able, 26, office, cost, payrolls, sales production; references. F 11 Times.

PHYSICAL INSTRUCTOR, 4 years' experience, medical student, wishes position evenings. P 13 Times.

REALTY MANAGEMENT.
Young man, 24, technical education, eight years' realty experience, managing, collecting, repairs, bookkeeping, statistics, &c., would like connections with concern where ability, sincerity, and plugging will merit future. J 378 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER,
with exceptional record in selling high-grade
SECURITIES,
open for connection. P 35 Times.

SALESMAN, &c.—Young man, (26,) exempted, experienced, general merchandise business, desires position wholesale as inside salesman or clerical work; initial salary no object. W 258 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN or office manager, executive ability, thoroughly conversant labor-saving devices; bookkeeper, correspondent; represent branch office. W 198 Times.

SALESMAN.—A real salesman, ten years' selling experience, desires to connect with reliable woolen house, unquestionable reference. P 63 Times.

SALESMAN, Christian, 31, married, clean cut, well educated, desires connection with responsible concern for local territory. P 231 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—Young man, 20, 3 years' road experience knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting, desires connection with reliable house. P 18 Times.

SALESMAN.—A real salesman, 10 years' selling experience, desires to connect with reliable woolen house; unquestionable reference. P 61 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, mercantile, bank, traveling, auditing experience, seeks opening. P 241 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN in established trade desires good line, on commission basis, best references. Box 9, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—City or road, business producer; five years' experience in West, calling on the best trade. E 165 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Competent young man, 24, excellent business education, seven years' varied experience, seeks connection, preferably with busy executive; salary $20. P 233 Times Downtown.

SECRETARIAL STENOGRAPHER (32,) American; thoroughly experienced; correspondent, executive, manager, trustworthy. G 213 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced, educated, refined, can use initiative, assume responsibilities, and retain confidential matters; interviews solicited. P 249 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Young man, 5 years' experience, exempt, desires position with good prospects; salary $25. P 248 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (24,) experienced and accurate, desires connection with EXPORT or MANUFACTURING house, exempt. P 96 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Visiting, (Male.)—Able to take testimony; folio rate. P 228 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, 22, exempt, well educated, capable, experienced, references, $18. P 230 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, efficient, energetic, desires good connection, not subject to draft. P 220 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, reliable, painstaking, good education; no clock watcher, experienced; $15. V 293 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, (21,) exempt, 4 years' experience, references, $18, employed. F 21 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Over 13 years' varied experience, $20-$25. Steno, 343 West 107th St.

SUPERINTENDENT, high-class apartment houses, wishes make change Jan. 1, thorough mechanical experience, first-class manager. J 11 Times.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE, (25,) married, desires opening in motor truck sales department where initial training is given. W 230 Times Downtown.

VALET, Japanese, best cook, take entire charge bachelor's place. 127 West 97th St.

YOUNG MAN with 12 years' actual business experience, wholesale furnishings and notions, both as buyer and salesman, capable of assisting in any direction, hard worker, highly recommended, desires position with a future. P 113 Times.

YOUNG MAN, able correspondent, with executive ability, desires position, long experience handling details in purchasing and sales department of large concern. O 352 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, four years' business experience, willing ability, desires position high-class reference. Advertiser, 1,016 East 148th St.

YOUNG MAN, 22, SELLING AND BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, LAWYER, DESIRES CONNECTION. O 370 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, desires position salesman reputable house; acquainted grocery, delicatessen trade metropolitan district. F 31 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) desires position traffic department experienced investigator, claim and invoice clerk. Desmond, 302 West 148th St.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) ambitious, wishes position with silk, lace, or woolen house. Al references. P 244 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) experienced salesman, bookkeeper and correspondent, highly recommended. P 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) high school education, desires clerical position, $14. Max Rosenman, 346 South 4th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN has spare time from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.; can you use his services? W 229 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wishes position banking experience, knowledge bookkeeping. Mergel, 443 East 81st.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position with reliable firm. Morgenstern, 214 East 77th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, ledger clerk, with some experience in women's wear line in a busy office of a large manufacturing plant; must be able to take dictation and transcribe accurately. M. R. Silverman, 131 West 28th St.

ASSISTANT MANAGER.—Daily except Sunday; first-class references required. Ferncroft Tea Room, 22 East 33d. Apply 10:30 A. M.

BILL CLERK. Must be neat and accurate; Underwood machine; state experience and salary. M 190 Times.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of stenography, must be keen, well educated, and able to take entire charge of small office; salary $18. P 260 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Ledger clerk, with experience as bookkeeper; state age, education, experience and salary expected. N 316 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, also typewriting; salary, $15 to $18; prefer one who lives in vicinity. Eureka Rubber Co., College Point, L. I.

BOOKKEEPER. Experienced, double-entry bookkeeper and stenographer, salary, $15-$18. X 337 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER (Assistant.) — One familiar with import and export details; state experience and salary. M 189 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. Excellent opportunity. Apply Thomas Fleming Walsh, 99 Nassau St.

CASHIER.
LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF AN ASSISTANT CASHIER EXPERIENCED IN HANDLING DEPOSITS AND MAKING OUT CHECKS. STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, NATIONALITY, AND SALARY EXPECTED. J 21 TIMES.

CASHIER in drug store, with good experience; hours one week from 7 A. M. to 2 P. M., one week 2 P. M. to 8 P. M., the other week 8 P. M. to 2 A. M.; salary $12 to start; permanent position. Write, stating references. M 186 Times.

CLERK.
SALARY, $360 to $540.
Bright, ambitious girls, from 14 to 16 years of age, needed for city service; opportunity for promotion. Subjects and weights: Arithmetic, 3; Letter, 3; Handwriting, 3; Spelling, 1. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Nov. 22, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission, New York City.

COLLEGE WOMAN will be given secretarial training and small salary for service; fine opportunity; state qualifications. P 257 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

DESIGNER wanted by ladies' neckwear concern starting in business; good salary to right party. R. P., 85 Times.

DICTATING MACHINE OPERATOR, living in the Bronx; $15. Room 703, 114 Liberty St.

GIRLS.—Two bright girls wanted, one on switchboard and one on filing work, in office near West 42d St. ferry, where only men have been employed. P 110 Times.

GIRLS IN STOCK DEPARTMENT OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN. GOOD STEADY POSITION. CAMPBELL, METZGER & JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D.

GIRLS familiar with printing wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., Garrison Av. and Tiffany St., Bronx.

GIRL—16 years and over for clerical work in office of large corporation. A. P. O. Box 1,548, New York.

HELP WIN THE WAR.
MULTIGRAPH and COMPTOMETER operators, well trained and experienced, wanted for Government service in Washington. Write or call, Special Representative, Ordnance Department, Room 800, 79 Wall St.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Working housekeeper; small family, apartment. Power, Morningside 4208.

NURSE. — Southern colored; two children; nice suburban home. Apply Thursday morning, 1 Broadway, Room 132.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT for an institution; pay $22 a month. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

NURSE, experienced, for care of baby, afternoons and evenings. Telephone in the morning, Schuyler 2506.

OFFICE ASSISTANT in small office to do general clerical work; one who can typewrite preferred; in answering, give particulars as to age, education, experience, and salary expected. X 339 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, $7 start; make self generally useful. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th.

SALESLADY.—Young, energetic; novelty and gift shop. Frances, 655 West 181st.

SALESLADIES, good appearing, $20 to $50 week. 303 5th Av., Room 1106.

SALESLADIES.—$2 day as extra, Saturdays. Call today, 270 West 125th.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted, (3,) experienced; give age and salary and nationality, reference and salary expected; girls, for time and production clerks; competent, rapid switchboard operators. Call or address Employment Department, Terminal Building D, 15th St., Hoboken, N. J.

STENOGRAPHERS.
LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL STENOGRAPHERS; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, NATIONALITY, AND SALARY EXPECTED. J 22 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST for Labor Relief Organization; applicant must know German, be thoroughly acquainted with all office routine, take orders and answer inquiries by phone; must be absolutely reliable; call Saturday 3 to 5 P. M. 1,123 Broadway, Suite 607.

STENOGRAPHER. — Young lady; educated; live wire; good personality; much experience unnecessary; important position; rapid advancement; state age, salary expected, particulars; Christian firm. P 160 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and accurate, with good schooling, age 20, wanted by large corporation, good surroundings, hours, and advancement. C. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

STENOGRAPHER having knowledge of bookkeeping wanted in busy law office, one with patent law experience preferred; give full particulars in replying. W 271 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, one familiar with billing work preferred; state experience. M. M., P. O. Box 1247, New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent and reliable; must be good at figures. Address in own handwriting, giving experience and salary desired, 62 West 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER, capable young lady, by Wall St. bank, one who is familiar with the Underwood automatic typewriter. Box 36, Wall St. Post Office.

STENOGRAPHER, for tea and coffee house, young lady with experience; salary $10. Apply in own handwriting, A. J. Sheldon Co., 100 Front St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; good opportunity. Wall-Roth Drug Co., 1,133 Broadway, Room 1308.

STENOGRAPHER for work in an insurance office, salary $12. P 248 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS, in large publishing house, surroundings most congenial; hours 9 to 5, until noon Saturday; state age, experience, education, and salary expected. F 41 Times.

YOUNG GIRL, with some experience preferred, for filing, keeping records, and general office work; good opportunity for smart girl. Wilson-Maenlen Co., 781 East 142d St.

YOUNG GIRL to index and file papers in office of wholesale woolen house, state age, references, and salary expected. O 336 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY experienced in handling mill and converting records; excellent opportunity, state experience and salary desired. Address Cotton Converter, J 28 Times.

YOUNG LADY, 18-20, residing in Brooklyn, to assist bookkeeper; salary $8 to begin; apply by letter only. Singer, 682 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADIES to take Christmas orders. 1,270 Broadway, Room 401, 4-5 P. M.

YOUNG LADY to assist in dental office, call between 8 & 9 A. M. Room 119, 147 4th Av.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 CHURCH STREET,
NEW YORK CITY.
CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 1.
ROOM 723.

BOOKKEEPERS. — Several good positions with banking, real estate, rubber, and printing companies, $16-$25 per week.

CLERKS.—One to figure costs, $12 per week; another to do ledger work, $12 per week. We also have a position for a clerk who is good at figures, $14 per week. ELLIOT FISHER OPERATOR, $15 per week, clerk to do billing work on Underwood, $15 per week.

TYPISTS.—Positions with publishers, also steel, insurance, and advertising companies, $10-$14 per week.

STENOGRAPHERS.—We can place immediately a number of girls with experience in positions ranging from $12 to $18 per week, very good opportunities.

FIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 17 West 42d St.—High-class stenographers and clerks, file clerks, etc., switchboard operator $12-$18 week, $12. Positions vacant 424 St. Hours 10 to 2. Register free.

GIRLS for clerical work, (beginners taken;) good salaries and advancement. Business Service Bureau, 309 Broadway.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS.—Good opportunities, stenographers, (French, English,) $20-$30. Terminal Exchange, 24 Nassau.

RELIABLE office positions. Atlas Employment Agency, 32 Nassau St., Room 313.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute in Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 157 West 181st St., N. Y., and 621 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES.
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING.
Singer Building, New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 14 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Senior accountant wanted; Anglo-Saxon preferred, by firm of C. P. A.'s; state age, experience, and other qualifications. O 373 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT wanted, senior and junior assistant, by firm of certified public accountants; state age, experience, and salary expected. F 33 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior, on staff of C. P. A. State experience, age, and salary. P 290 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS; experienced; programs; splendid opportunity; commission, references necessary. Apply 10 to 12 A. M. Mr. Pitel, 44 East 23d St., fourth floor.

A GOOD JOB FOR THE RIGHT BOY.
Office work in a large book publishing house, with valuable training for something higher; must be 15 years of age and alert, willing and dependable; $8 to start; answer in own handwriting. Address J 14 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN, preferably with estimating experience; permanent traveling position; reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary expected. Suite 1816, 120 Broadway.

ASSISTANT to owner of medium-sized department store; must be capable of managing help and have a general knowledge of dry goods business. Apply by mail or in person any morning. Room 316, 1,133 Broadway.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER on sales ledger with large manufacturing concern; permanent position for right party; must be good penman, accurate, and intelligent; applications not giving experience, references, salary expected in own handwriting will be disregarded. N. T., 79 Times, Bronx, 2,960 3d Av.

BANK BOOKKEEPERS.—Wanted, individual bookkeepers for bank offering big opportunity and chance for advancement, paying from $1,000 to $1,200 to start. F 450 Times Annex.

BILL CLERK, with wholesale grocery experience; moderate salary. W 264 Times Downtown.

BILL OF LADING CLERK.—Young man; shipping department; one familiar Elliott-Fisher billing machine preferred. Sprague Electric Works, 527 West 34th.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer for public accountant's office; must be smart and intelligent; prospect of advancing to position of office manager; state salary expected. J 309 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, one thoroughly familiar with double entry system and trial balancing; splendid opportunity for right man. Aerial Age, 280 Madison Av., New York City, room 1004.

BOOKKEEPER.—American, capable, accurate; costs; give full particulars in reply. J 12 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ONE EXPERIENCED IN TAKING OFF TRIAL BALANCES. J 376 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY WANTED
in office as typist; must be rapid and accurate and of good education; previous experience unnecessary; $10 to start. Address in own handwriting. Desirable, F 54 Times.

BOY. — LARGE CORPORATION WANTS BRIGHT OFFICE BOY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO GET THOROUGH COMMERCIAL TRAINING; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. SALARY $6 TO START. P 114 TIMES.

BOY wanted in publisher's office for shipping and mailing department; salary to begin, $7 a week; state previous business experience, if any. Address "Permanent," Box 654, P. O., New York City.

BOY over 16 for machine manufacturer's office; good prospects for advancement. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, (if any,) and wages expected. F 7 Times.

BOY, 15-16 years of age, in the offices of a large manufacturing and importing house offering excellent chance for a bright future. Apply T. L. W., Post Office Box 780, New York.

BOY. PERMANENT POSITION; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE, EDUCATION. ADDRESS B. B., 213 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOYS IN STOCK DEPARTMENT OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL 8 EAST 22D.

BOY in laboratory of large Brooklyn chemical company; one possessing knowledge of chemistry preferred. Box W 211 Times Downtown.

BOY to start in office of large mercantile concern. Opportunity for one who is willing; good future and rapid advancement assured; salary to start $8. R. S., 136 Times.

BOY, bright, active, by retail sporting goods house; permanent position; chance for advancement. Apply after 9 o'clock, J. B. Creek & Co., 549 5th Av.

BOY who wants a chance to learn business of growing importance; write, stating age, education, salary expected. Box P 249 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, active, by wholesale manufacturing house; permanent position; chance to advance. Apply before 8:30, 233 East 42d.

BOY in laboratory of large Brooklyn chemical company; one possessing knowledge of chemistry preferred. W 211 Times Downtown.

BOY in salesroom of coffee house; salary $8 and commissions. Gillies Coffee Co., 245 Washington St.

BOY, 15-16 years old, wanted for office work, manufacturing concern. Address W 269 Times Downtown.

BOY. — Wanted, strong, active boy, 16-18 years; apply own handwriting. Box 1381, New York Post Office.

BOY WANTED FOR OFFICE WORK AND RUN ERRANDS. CALL 10 A. M., ROOM 216, 16 BRIDGE ST., CITY.

BOY for errands and mailing; must live with parents and have references. J 371 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in marine insurance office, state age, experience, and salary required. W 247 Times Downtown.

BOY in wholesale dry goods house, state age, references, and salary expected. O 394 Times Downtown.

BOY, in office of wholesale dry goods concern; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary start $6. B. A., 134 Times.

BOY wanted in a downtown law office; bright, ambitious. W 233 Times Downtown.

CITY SALESMAN on commission for biggest trade bedspreads and tapestry goods, write experience and references. X 315 Times Annex.

CLERK.
SALARY, $360 TO $540.
Bright, ambitious boys, from 14 to 15 years of age, needed for city service; opportunity for promotion. Subjects and weights: Arithmetic, 3; letter, 3; handwriting, 3; spelling, 1. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Nov. 22, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission, New York City.

CLERK.—A New York financial institution desires the services of a married man, between 24 and 30, with banking experience, who has had training in accurate record making, education, neat handwriting, and good personal appearance are essential; good salary offered. Address in own handwriting, stating salary expected, P 108 Times.

COLLECTOR.—Young man for large furniture house, salary $12 week; steady position. Address, giving age and references, D., 3,013 3d Av.

CREDIT MAN, by large converting house; must be up to date, possess executive ability, and thoroughly familiar with wholesale and retail dry goods and cutting-up trade throughout U. S. Moderate salary to start; excellent opening for right man. State age, previous experience, salary expected, etc. Address P 262 Times Downtown.

DEMONSTRATORS WANTED AT ONCE TO SELL NATIONALLY ADVERTISED LINE IN BIG STORES. GOOD MONEY. SALARY AND COMMISSION. N 314 TIMES ANNEX.

DRAFTSMEN.
HIGH-CLASS MEN EXPERIENCED IN THE DESIGNING AND DRAFTING OF SMALL MACHINES AND APPARATUS. STEADY POSITION AND EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT ALONG ENGINEERING LINES. CALL OR WRITE WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., NEAR WEST ST., SIX BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH ST.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, A1 man, experienced on tools and machine parts; also auditors with mechanical experience for inventory detail work. Call or address Employment Department, Terminal Building D, 15th St., Hoboken, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to production of medium weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. R. E. 186 Times.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & M'f'g Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRAFTSMAN with experience in layout and details on small mechanisms. P 265 Times Downtown.

EDITORIAL ASSISTANT, interested in construction work; contracting experience desired; ambitious young man of good address; must write well; state age, experience, all particulars. X 386 Times Annex.

ENTRY CLERK, insurance office; state full qualifications and salary expected. P 264 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.
Large export company has an opening for experienced executive to take charge of the private brand business; he must be competent to build up this department and put it upon a profitable basis; salary commensurate with responsibility. Write J 378 Times Downtown.

FEEDER.—Golding and Universal; high-class work. Swetzer & Salley, 461 8th Av.

FIRST CLASS TOOL DESIGNERS AND DETAILERS, EXPERIENCED ON JIG AND FIXTURE WORK; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 333 COLUMBUS, OHIO.

HELP WANTED—Male.

FRENCH professor wanted; well dressed Frenchman, not over 40 years old, who speaks English fluently and who is qualified to address large audiences of adults from platform; good salary, permanent. Mr. Thompson, 2009 Tribune Building.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF EXPERIENCED SALESMEN FOR THEIR
SOLID GOLD JEWELRY, WATCH AND DIAMOND DEPARTMENT.
PERMANENT POSITIONS.
HIGH SALARIES.
Apply Superintendent's Office, fifth floor.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, industrious and competent, for bulb blowing and stem making; right man can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $50 a week. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

HARDWARE SALESMAN to solicit regular outside customers; state experience and salary. J 19 Times.

HELP WIN THE WAR.
MULTIGRAPH and COMPTOMETER operators, well trained and experienced, wanted for Government service in Washington. Write or call, Special Representative, Ordnance Department, Room 800, 79 Wall St.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
HIGH-CLASS MEN ON SMALL ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL APPARATUS; MUST BE ACCUSTOMED TO USING BLUE PRINTS AND MICROMETER; STEADY POSITION AND ADVANCEMENT. CALL WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., NEAR WEST ST., SIX BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH ST.

MACHINE WOOD WORKERS' ATTENTION!
Wood working machine foreman; experienced machine man accustomed to producing wood parts in large numbers.
One Dowel Boring Machine hand; one tool setter on wood working machinery.
Apply personally to Mr. Sullivan.
STANDARD AERO CORPORATION,
Elizabeth, N. J.
Take South Broad St. Car to Brunswick Av.

MANAGER for a cotton goods converting department, to be in operation about Jan. 1, by a large out-of-town manufacturing concern; must have experience in woven, printed, napped material; liberal salary or interest in department for proper applicant. Address confidential, with particulars, X 280 Times Annex.

MANAGER.—Clothing salesman qualified to fill position as manager for credit clothing store; good opportunity; must not be subject to draft; experience not essential; salary and commission. X 331 Times Annex.

MANAGER, stock room; one who can supervise shipping department. Address, stating age, nationality, experience, and salary. Experience. Box J 373 Times Downtown.

MAN wanted to take charge of purchasing department of large manufacturing concern; must be experienced in technical buying and well recommended; state qualifications, experience, references, and salary expected. X 324 Times Annex.

MAN, who has had experience figuring wholesale grocery profits; state salary. W 265 Times Downtown.

METALLURGIST WANTED.—Young man, chemist, with some experience as metallurgist, as an assistant in laboratory of a large Baltimore manufacturing plant; salary about $1,500 yearly; some shop experience desirable, but not essential; a splendid chance to develop with a growing concern; give age and full details as to experience in first letter. Address B. L., Box 1072, Baltimore, Md.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR. — Experienced, immediately; excellent salary; permanent position. Brenon Studios, Hudson Heights, N. J.

OFFICE BOY.—Young man wanted by large oil corporation; must be bright, energetic, of neat appearance, and able to handle large mail; permanent position, with excellent future; salary $35 per month. W 215 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS wanted, to work in composing room of the Federal Printing Co., 239 West 39th St.; $7 a week to start and good chance for advancement; ask for foreman, 4th floor.

OFFICE BOY, with high school education, in large publishing house; salary $8; state age and education. F 434 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY.—Bright, clean boy; must be able to use phone. Call Room 1111, 19 West 44th St.

OFFICE MAN, young, reliable, of good character, wanted, with some knowledge typewriting, stenography; accurate at figures; permanent position with chance for advancement in large manufacturing concern. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, salary expected, reference, experience. H. W., 76 Times Bronx, 2,960 3d Av.

One cabinet maker wanted, accustomed to automobile body work; apply immediately Time Office, Chevrolet Motor Co., 57th St. and 11th Av.

PACKER and wrapper in shipping room of printing department; salary, $50 monthly. Apply 9 A. M., 315 East 17th St.

PAYROLL AUDITORS.—We need the services of several HIGH-GRADE and EXPERIENCED casualty insurance auditors; salary and opportunity depend on ability; apply by letter, giving full information as to qualifications. Address Payroll Department, W 269 Times Downtown.

PENMAN; diploma; extra good. 103 West 14th St.

POLISHER and buffer; steady employment; first-class conditions; call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Prince Bay, S. I.

SALESMEN.—A high-grade proposition takes a high-grade man; we need several such to complete our sales force for local and territorial work; must be forceful and energetic, of good character, and furnish references, only men over 25 wanted; training, leads, and transportation furnished; commission basis with drawing account. S. A., 66 Times.

SALESMEN.—The steady sale of the Encyclopaedia Britannica is caused by its intrinsic merit. Think it over. We can use a few forceful men of character and education for our Eastern territory. Must be at least 25 years of age and come well recommended. Leads and transportation furnished. All possible co-operation given. Drawing account against commission. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESMAN capable of placing good low-priced dividend-paying oil stock; liberal commission and every assistance extended to one able to qualify. Day & Pollack, 7 Wall St., N. Y.

SALESMAN, accustomed to meet big men, devote evenings interviewing Jewish gentlemen, large earnings in commissions; some tutoring experience required; state experience, age. F 36 Times.

SALESMAN, (OUTSIDE,) STATIONERY AND PRINTING. YOUNG MAN WANTED; GOOD PROSPECTS. P 226 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN, experienced in selling corrugated boxes; salary and commission. Apply in person, between 12 and 1, Elliott Novelty Co., 133 Greene St.

SALESMEN.—Experienced handling medical or law books; new proposition; liberal commission. 913 Woolworth Building, mornings only.

SALESMAN for military supplies, salary or commission. New York Jobbing House, 22 Bond St.

SALESMAN, outside, for theatrical performer for gowns, suits, and wraps; commission. 127 West 47th. Leopistat.

SALESMEN.—All territories, to carry a side line of fancy linens on commission basis. J 20 Times.

SALESMAN with inside hardware experience; state experience and salary. J 18 Times.

SALES MANAGER'S ASSISTANT; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN. ILLUSTRATED POST CARD CO., 141 EAST 25TH ST.

SILK SALESMAN wanted by commission merchants for cutting up and allied trades; salary against commission; good opportunity. J 2 Times.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN wanted, hotel, restaurant trade; successful new invention; no competition. New York market established; ready to open entire country; commission basis, references. F 18 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST. — Prominent clothing firm has a vacancy in their New York sales office for a man of good appearance, capable of waiting on house trade; must be experienced stenographer, some knowledge of piece goods, and acquainted among woolen houses; desirable opportunity. T. R. Wallace Agency, 1 Union Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man able to handle a tickler file; knowledge of printing or advertising would help; write full experience and salary required; live chance for live wire. Lock Box 35, Station F, New York.

STENOGRAPHER. — Ship brokerage firm wants first-class male or female stenographer with experience in steamship or ship brokerage business. Address in confidence, Ship Brokers, X 340 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, able to take dictation and handle office work for large corporation; age 18 to 22. G. A. & P. T. Co., P. O. Box 5, Bush Terminal, Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER. — Desirable secretarial opening for American citizen; state age, salary, and reference. Apply Remington Arms Co., Boston Av., Bridgeport, Conn.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ANY ONE knowing the address of Herman Zimmerman, chauffeur, formerly of Chicago, please communicate with X 327 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable of quickly developing into sales correspondent, handling electrical specialties; state age, experience, salary expected. F 20 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted, first class; steady work. Curtis Engineering Co., Garden City, Long Island.

STENOGRAPHER, male, junior, rapid typist. Apply Room 401, 62 Broadway.

SUPERINTENDENT OF BUILDINGS.
We have a position for a man who is capable of becoming superintendent of several large office buildings in Boston. He must have had experience in making repairs, buying supplies, and handling employes in office buildings, and he must be an engineer with a first-class license and a good knowledge of all kinds of elevators. Salary at start $2,500. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, education, experience in detail, and salary now received. X 234 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Shipbuilding corporation requires a superintendent of construction for steel ships; give full particulars. W 210 Times Downtown.

TOOLMAKERS.
40-hour week, time and a half for overtime. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Princes Bay, S. I.

TRACERS for mechanical and structural drawings; must have had several years' experience, and must be good letterers; state experience in full, age, and salary. Location New York City. Address P 262 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH AMMONIA FITTINGS AND REFRIGERATING MACHINE PARTS; TO ACT AS CLERK AND TIMEKEEPER ON OUT-OF-TOWN CONTRACTS; WILL BE REQUIRED TO FURNISH BOND; STATE SALARY, EXPERIENCE, AND REFERENCES. ADDRESS W. A. P., BOX O 286 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN AS ENTRY CLERK, WITH SOME KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING, IN PHOTOENGRAVING CO.; MUST BE ENERGETIC AND AMBITIOUS; SALARY TO START, $12, WITH FINE CHANCE OF ADVANCEMENT. WRITE BOX 140, 1,364 BROADWAY.

YOUNG MEN WITH HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION; $8-$9 TO START; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES TO ADVANCE ALONG ENGINEERING LINES. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St.; 6 blocks south of 14th St.

YOUNG MAN.
30 to 40, in factory; must be good penman and handy around machinery; address, stating age, nationality, references, and salary expected; advancement. 282 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted with office experience to be assistant to factory superintendent; must be expert at figures; state experience, age, and reference. X 313 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, bright, ambitious, as office assistant; steady position; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary, $9. J 16 Times.

YOUNG MAN for office of trade journal, with experience in wrapping and mailing; give full particulars and salary expected. "Steady," Box 654, Post Office, New York City.

YOUNG MEN, (14 to 17.)—Light work; surroundings and opportunities exceptional; permanent; short hours, enabling evening schooling. P 251 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for entry desk and general office work; good chance for advancement; salary, $10 to start. Address Wholesale Shoes, Box J 374 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN of good family, 16-19, by Wall St. bank; state full particulars. Box 36, Wall St. Post Office.

YOUNG MAN in wholesale dry goods house for clerical work; state age, references, and salary expected. O 395 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19-23, assistant in office and on catalogue work; state age, experience. Opportunity. 274 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, general office work, jewelry jobbing house; state salary and experience. W 258 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for shipping department of wholesale hardware house; good pay. Peck & Mack Co., 356 Broadway.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.
C. P. HASSON, J. J. McLAUGHLIN.
Bookkeepers, (8,) $1,300-$1,500. Stenographers, (15,) $65-$90 month; Clerks, (75,) various duties, some not requiring previous experience, $70 to $100 month.

FIRST EXCHANGE, 35 Liberty St.—Bank credit man, $2,000-$5,000; foreign exchange, $2,000; marine draftsmen, accountants, srs. and jrs., $2,000-$4,000; clerk, familiar with chemical terms, $75; messengers, $10. Register free.

THE STANDARD COMMERCIAL BUREAU, an agency for worthwhile business girls seeking positions with worthwhile uptown and downtown firms. 185 Madison Av., at 34th St. Miss Shelley, Prop. No registration fee—just a standard.

ACCOUNTANTS, $150 per month, traveling expenses; others, $1,500-$4,000; stenographers and secretaries, $65 a month and up; office boys, $7.50 per week and up. Business Service Bureau, 309 Broadway.

FINE, immediate opportunities, accountants, bookkeepers, clerks, stenographers, miscellaneous, others. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

BOOKKEEPERS, $10-$25; stenographers, typists, clerks, comptometer operators; investigate. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

B.-L. CLERK, $14; typist, $12; stenographers. MacDermott Agency, 39 Pearl St.

Instruction.

MEN—AGE IS NO BARRIER.
Here is a professional trade that will raise you to a higher level in life. Agreeable work, excellent pay. Big demand for dental mechanics. We train you in a remarkably short time at practical work, individually; day or evening; no book study. Easy payments. Investigate! Write for free Booklet 30. Dentists' Laboratories School, 23 West 45th St. (Finest and most authoritative in America.)

MEN—EARN $25 to $75 A WEEK.
8 months' course — Easy payments
MECHANICAL — START ANY TIME
DENTISTRY — DAY OR NIGHT
No book study. — Write for Booklet 19.
BODEE School of Mechanical DENTISTRY.
NEW YORK: (Est. 25 yrs.) BROOKLYN
15 W. 44th St. — 15-17 Flatbush Av.

EARN $35 to $100 a week as Motion Picture, Studio, Commercial Photographer. Easy, fascinating profession. Three months' course covers all branches. Day or evening classes; easy terms. New studios. Call or write for free booklet. N. Y. Inst. of Photography, (11-Y.) 141 West 36th St., N. Y.

SALESMEN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them; hundreds of positions open, thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1803-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

HOG RANCH, 240 acres, Selden, L. I.; absolutely safe investment that will more than double in value. Fish, 140 Nassau, New York.

Exceptional opportunity to take over active custom shirt business; owner is obliged to make quick disposition. F 34 Times.

Thorough business man, capitalist, wants retail or manufacturing interest; references. F 38 Times.

$2,000 buys half interest established cash business; investment secured. Cross, Times Building.

Modern sewing plant at your service ready to make up any military article requiring sewing. J 26 Times.

Factory with 35 sewing machines, equipped to do any kind of work, including khaki; is open for proposition. J 25 Times.

Catholic with $10,000, who can devote his time to propaganda; proposition indorsed by prominent Catholic clergymen. F 27 Times.

Man willing to invest manufacture ladies' apparel; young established business. P 102 Times.

Hemstitching button plant for sale, catering finest trade; leaving town. F 56 Times.

Machinery and equipment established shirt plant for sale or lease. F 33 Times.

$2,500, part services, produces $50 weekly; one-third profits. Telephone 2560 Cortlandt.

Have you mail order article of merit? Will finance same. F 37 Times.

FOR SALE.

FURS.—Beautiful caracul coat with skunk collar and cuffs, $75; genuine mink coat, $125; few bargains in good fur sets, $8, $10, $15, and up; men's fur-lined coats in all grades, $25 and up; remodeling and repairing; money refunded if not satisfactory. A. Muraro, 28 East 8th St., cor. University Place.

We have complete office and showroom fixtures suitable for ready-to-wear manufacturers, also a number of 44-15 machines; will dispose at a very low price. Address K 1., 2 4 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.—Metropolitan Opera tickets; two orchestra seats 75 and 77 Wednesday nights and four orchestra seats, 71, 3, 5, and 7, Thursday nights, throughout season. Telephone 5100 Hanover.

For Sale—Electric fixtures and electrical supplies. Room 8, 2,075 Broadway.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The War Department issued the following army orders today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Johnston, 1st Lt. E. H., to Camp Dodge.
Burke, Capt. F. R., to Camp Gordon, examine command for tuberculosis.
Chumley, 1st Lt. C. P., to Camp Sherman.
Miller, Capt. H. T., to Cleveland for inst., then to Camp Greene.
Burdrant, 1st Lt. W. C., hon. discharged.
Batts, 1st Lt. W. H., to Camp Custer.
Furst, 1st Lt. N., to Camp Sherman.
Blackburne, 1st Lt. G., to Camp Greenleaf with Evacuation Hosp. No. 6.
Newman, 1st Lt. H. P., to home.
Kellogg, 1st Lt. O. A., to Ft. Roots, in Army Gen. Hosp.

Following to Camp Greene:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Ellen, C. J.	Potter, R. E.
Hempler, H. G.	Riddell, H. E.
Patterson, F. L.	

Coppernall, Capt. G. P., to Camp Sheridan.
Cott, Capt. G. F., to Plattsburg for temp. duty, then to his station with Av.Sec., Sig.C., Buffalo.
Rawlings, 1st Lt. F. B., to Camp Gordon, for temp. duty.
McGoldrick, 1st Lt. J. L., to Boston City Hosp. for inst., then to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 1, Williamsbridge, N. Y.

Following will report to Surg. Gen. for temp. duty in his office, then to the Governor of the State specified:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Davis, E. P., Penn.
Eastman, J. R., Indiana.
White, R. Virginia.

Pearson, 1st Lt. W. W., will report to Provost Marshal Gen.
Topkins, 1st Lt. S., to Camp Dodge.
Zobrist, 1st Lt. B. F., to Camp Grant.
Reed, 1st Lt. T., to Boston for inst.
Burnett, 1st Lt. F. F., hon. discharged.
Parcher, Capt. G. C., to Boston City Hosp. for inst., then to Camp Meade.
Bunce, 1st Lt. A. H., to Atlanta.
Hundrant, 1st Lt. W. C., to home.
Moynan, 1st Lt. R. S., to Camp Jackson.
Miller, 1st Lt. R. B., to Camp Pike.
Wyckoff, 1st Lt. H. J., to Camp Lee.
Fife, 1st Lt. C. A., previous orders amended to assign him to active duty and direct him to proceed to Ft. Porter for duty with Hosp. Unit A.
Donovan, 1st Lt. J. D., to Ft. Worth with Av.Sec., Sig.C.
De Hoster, 1st Lt. J. L., to Camp Alfred Vail with Av.Sec., Sig.C.
Harkey, 1st Lt. C. E., to St. Mary's Hosp., Rochester, Minn., for inst., then to Ft. Oglethorpe.
Smith, 1st Lt. H. L., to Camp Lee.
Johnson, Capt. P. P., to Ft. Oglethorpe.
Rhines, 1st Lt. J., to Ft. Sheridan.
Knappenberger, 1st Lt. G. E., to Cornell Med. College for inst.
Hamilton, Capt. A., to Camp Sheridan.
De Haan, 1st Lt. A. J., hon. discharged.
Fetheridge, 1st Lt. J. A., to home.
Shira, 1st Lt. D. De C., to St. Mary's Hosp., Rochester, Minn., for inst., then to Camp Wadsworth.

Following to Camp Sherman to examine command for tuberculosis.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Bennett, E. S.	Murray, H. C.
Foster, F. B.	Pattee, S. C.
Grantham, O. A.	Shults, B. G.
Hon, A. W.	Worden, R. D.

Myers, 1st Lt. I. A., to Camp Custer, to examine command for tuberculosis.

Following will report to Surg. Gen. for duty at the Council of National Defense, for purpose of inst. in reference to duties as medical advisers to the Governors of their States:
MAJORS.
Baker, J. N., Alabama; Dowd, C. N., New York; Haggard, W. D., Tennessee; Keefe, J. W., Rhode Island; Cannaday, J. E., West Virginia; Lyle, W. C., Georgia; Long, J. W., North Carolina; McArthur, L. L., Illinois; Mayo, W., Minnesota; Peterson, R., Michigan; Shine, F. E., Arizona; Welch, W. H., Maryland; Brown, D. C., Connecticut; Miller, C. J., Louisiana.

Benedict, Capt. A. L., to Camp Sheridan.
Hayes, 1st Lt. H., to Camp Jackson.
Josselyn, 1st Lt. R. B., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Williamsbridge, N. Y., in Army Gen. Hosp. No. 1.
Cringle, 1st Lt. E. J., to Boston City Hosp. for inst., then to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 1.
Slonimsky, 1st Lt. J. T., hon. discharged.

Ordnance Reserve Corps.

Following will report to Chief of Ord.:
MAJORS.

Backus, C. P.	De Witt, C. I.
Blake, H. N.	Sandford, W. E.

CAPTAINS.

Lovell, F. A.	Walbridge, G. B.
McCall, L. H.	Woods, W. O.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Curtis, P. A.	Pack, A. N.
Shattuck, C. H.	Shepherd, L. V.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Keyes, W. J.	McPhail, M. K.
Levin, A. N.	Shaeffer, C. E.

Simonds, Capt. A. T., to home.

Signal Reserve Corps.

Wardwell, 1st Lt. D. P., to Garden City.
Henderson, 1st Lt. A. M., to Camp Vail.
Johnson, Capt. L. H., will report to Chief Sig. Off.
Cudworth, 2d Lt. R. L., Av. Sec., will report to Chief Sig. Off.
Kurz, 1st Lt. F. E., Av. Sec., to Morrison.
Webster, 1st Lt. D. L., Av. Sec.; Lowry, Capt. E. G., Av. Sec.; Sage, Capt. A. G. C., Av. Sec., and Thomas, 2d Lt. D. W., Av. Sec., will report to Chief Sig. Off.

Field Artillery.

Thompson, Lt. Col. A. C., to Camp Dodge, with Hvy. Fld. Regt.
Michel, Lt. Col. W. N., 20th, from Ft. Sill to Ft. Sam Houston.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Warrick, Capt. F. R., Jr., to home.
Sailee, Capt. J. T., relieved as asst. to Qm. at Camp Pike.
Sallee, Capt. J. T., previous orders amended to assign him to duty as Comdg. Off. of Auxiliary Remount Depot No. 317, Camp Pike.
Taylor, Capt. J. C., to Pittsburgh storage and supply depot relessuance of bills of lading covering shipments of Sig. C. supplies from points in that vicinity.
Pelham, 1st Lt. T. W., Jr., to Camp Greene, with motor supply train of Third Div.
DuBois, Capt. B.; Bach, Capt. J. S., and Hyams, Capt. W., to Camp Greene, as asst. to Qm. of Third Div.

Veterinary Reserve Corps.

Following to Camp Wheeler with Auxiliary Remount Depot:
SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Lacey, L. I.	Rabin, N. W.
Montgomery, R. S.	Riegel, R. C.

Bell, 2d Lt. R. M., and O'Sullivan, 2d Lt. F. T., to Camp Sherman.

Quartermaster Corps.

Dempster, 2d Lt. W. T., to Camp McClellan as Asst.Qm.
Clark, 2d Lt. H. M.; Davis, 2d Lt. C. E., and Hancock, 2d Lt. W. R., to Ft. Benj. Harrison with Motor Supply Train.
O'Brien, 2d Lt. W. N., to N. Y. as asst. to Depot Qm.
Nerwin, Capt. M. A., will report to Qm.Gen.
Colman, 2d Lt. J. B., will report to Qm.Gen. for assignment.
Smith, 1st Lt. J. T., to Wilkes-Barre for temp. duty.
Hewitt, Maj. R. B., and Stone, Lt. Col. D. L., to Camp Greene with Third Div.
Colby, 2d Lt. A. C.; Kennedy, 2d Lt. R. C., and Hill, 2d Lt. J. M., to Camp Taylor with 84th Div.
Larned, Capt. P. A., to Charleston, S. C., as Asst. Dept. Qm., relieving Maj. A. M. Graham, who will proceed to Chickamauga Park.

Infantry.

Bradley, Col. J. J., 48th, detailed a member Gen. Staff Corps.
Thurston, Capt. E. S., assigned to active duty as Major, Judge Adv. R.C., and will report to Provost Marshal Gen.
Kenyon, 1st Lt. T. S., 30th, to his proper station.
Fitzgerald, 2d Lt. E. J. M., 41st, previous orders revoked; he will report to Army Service School, Ft. Leavenworth, for temp. duty.

Sanitary Corps.

Matta, 1st Lt. L., to Camp Beauregard, with 39th Div.
Detmers, 1st Lt. A. C., to Cleveland, to inspect mattress covers at Ames Bag Mach. Co., then to proper station.
Follin, 1st Lt. J. W., to Ft. Sill, with 35th Div.
Silver, 1st Lt. J. R., to Cleveland, at National Elec. Lamp Co.

Medical Corps.

Allgoyer, 1st Lt. E. E., to Camp Beauregard with 39th Div.
Gay, Capt. R. J., promoted to grade of Maj. and will report to Com. Gen. 3d Div. for assignment.
Fenno, 1st Lt. F. L., N. G., to Camp Beauregard, with 39th Div.
Parker, Capt. D. W., hon. discharged.
Branon, 1st Lt. A. W., N. G., hon discharged.

Cavalry.

Haverfield, 1st Lt. W. A., appointed Capt., Inf., N. G. He will report to Camp Mills, with 41st Div.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Dyer, Capt. E. L., to Sandy Hook for assignment.
McCauley, Maj. H. W., detailed to fill vacancy in Qm.C., vice Maj. J. O. Steger, who will report to C. A. School, Ft. Monroe.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

Johnson, Maj. R. A., assigned to 20th Engs. He will take temp. station at Klamath Falls, Ore., and on completion thereof proceed to Am. Univ., D. C.
Hamilton, 1st Lt. E. B., to active duty with 20th Engs. He will take temp. station Monmouth, Ore., and on completion thereof proceed to Am. Univ., D. C.
Morris, 1st Lt. A. P., assigned to 410th Depot Detachment Engs. at Camp Devens.
May, Capt. O. J., to Chief Sig. Officer for assignment.
Hiltz, 1st Lt. H. B., to Am. Univ., D. C.
Hollmann, Capt. J. G., to Washington, for consultation with Chief of Engs., then to New Orleans.
Thompson, 2d Lt. F. L., to active duty with 20th Engs.; he will take temp. station at Pacific Beach, Wash., and on completion thereof proceed to Am. Univ., D. C.
Bump, 2d Lt. S. M., to active duty with 20th Engs.; he will take temp. station at San Francisco, and on completion thereof proceed to Am. Univ., D. C.
Starbird, Capt. W. D., to active duty with 20 Engs.; he will take temp. station at Portland, Ore., and upon completion thereof proceed to Am. Univ., D. C.

Signal Corps.

Robinson, Capt. B. C., to Chief Sig. Off. for assignment.
Howry, Capt. J., to Chief Sig. Off. for assignment.

Ordnance Department.

Following temporarily promoted to be Colonels, with rank from Aug. 5, 1917:
LIEUTENANT COLONELS.
Morton, K. | Hof, S.

Miscellaneous.

Law, Temp. 2d Lt. L. J., C. of E., appointed Temp. 1st Lt. and assigned to 5th Engs.
Henry, 1st Lt. J. S., Inf. R.C., to Camp Funston with 92d Div.
Weitzel, Maj. G. T., Judge Advocate Gens. R.C., will report to Provost Marshal Gen.
McClean, 1st Lt. A. W., Dent. R.C., to Camp Bowie with 36th Div.
Morris, Capt. Surg. R. E., previous orders revoked; to Camp Cody.
Little, Chaplain P., N.A., previous orders revoked.
Krakow, 1st Lt. G., Dent.C., to Camp Grant with 35th Engs.
McNeal, Capt. A. H., Sig.C., Ill. N.G., promoted to be a Maj.
McAdams, 1st Lt. F. A., Sig.C., Ill. N.G., promoted to be a Capt.
Foster, R. J., Sig.C., Ill. N.G., promoted to be a Capt.
Campbell, Capt. R., F.A.R.C., to 86th Div. at Camp Grant.
Gross, C. R., appointed from 2d Lt. Cav. O.R.C., as a Prov. 2d Lt., Cav., Regular Army, and assigned to 12th Cav.
Grove, Chaplain L. R., 14th Inft., will report to Col. G. L. Edie, M.C., President of a retiring board at San Fran., for examination, then to his station.
Quinlan, Maj. D. P., and Pocker, Maj. G. V., temporarily promoted to be Lt.Cols. in Adjt.Gen.'s Dept.
Craft, Maj. E. D., previous orders revoked; to Letterman Gen. Hosp.
Trent, Maj. G. T., Judge Adv. Gen.'s R.C., will report to Provost Marshal Gen.
Hendricks, Maj. S.; Blair, Maj. G., and Huidekoper, Maj. R., Judge Adv. Gen.'s R.C., will report to Provost Marshal Gen.
Smith, Maj. M., Judge Adv. Gen.'s R.C., will report to Provost Marshal Gen.
Parkhill, Maj. C. B., Judge Adv. Gen.'s R.C., will report to Provost Marshal Gen.
Brookhart, Capt. Surg. J. C., to Camp Sherman to examine command for tuberculosis.

Resignations.

Hafer, 2d Lt. W. L., Qm.C.
Hayes, 2d Lt. C., F.A.R.C.
Yates, Capt. J. R., Qm R.C.
Moore, 2d Lt. W., 54th Inft.
Fuller, 1st Lt. S. J., M.R.C.
Litten, 2d Lt. H., 32d Inft.

Leave.

Hall, 1st Lt. E., M.R.C., 5 days.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Temporary assignments: Inspectors T. McDonald, 9th Insp. Dist., as Acting Borough Inspector, Brooklyn and Queens, in addition to his other duties, for 5 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 25, Samuel A. McElroy, 11th Insp. Dist., to command 9th Insp. Dist., in addition to his own, for 5 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 25; Patrol. V. Standing, 16, and W. J. Silver, 22, to 5th Insp. Dist., from 8 A. M., Nov. 25.

Leave of absence, to take effect on date of entrance into military service: Patrol. W. H. Shields, 172.

Leaves of absence with full pay: Borough Inspector T. H. Murphy, Brooklyn and Queens, for 5 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 25, to be deducted from vacation; Inspector F. A. Tierney, 8th Insp. Dist., for 2 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 25, to be deducted from vacation. Without pay: Patrol. J. Ruoff, 26, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 22; E. P. Byrne, 63, for 2 days, from Dec. 24; E. V. Koch, 152, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; W. E. Arsell, 135, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; J. Schaumloeffel, 152, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; H. Wittel, 276, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 22.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Capt. J. Ivers, 66, from 7:45 A. M., Nov. 12, during disability; Patrol. E. Lynch, 10, from 5:40 P. M., Nov. 14, during disability; M. McNamara, 28, from 11:25 P. M., Nov. 12, to 12:01 A. M., Nov. 16; A. M. Lewis, 40, from 11:40 A. M., Nov. 12, during disability; H. Schiefer, 156, from 2:10 P. M., Nov. 10, during disability; P. D. Reiss, 172, from noon, Oct. 31, during disability; E. Whalen, Traffic Div., Subdiv. C, from 11:40 A. M., Nov. 12, during disability; G. E. Schreiber, Traffic Div., Subdiv. E, from 3 P. M., Nov. 15, during disability; P. J. Timmons, B. E. H. Squad, from 6:25 P. M., Nov. 5, during disability; S. P. Ambrus, C. O. Squad, from 3:25 P. M., Oct. 31, to 12 P. M., Nov. 7.

Fire Department.

The following companies will report at Company School, 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Manhattan, at time and date specified:

Nov. 26, Engine 10, 10 A. M.; Engine 213, 1 P. M. Nov. 27, Engine 4, 10 A. M.; Engine 263, 1 P. M. Nov. 28, Engine 91, 10 A. M.; Engine 236, 1 P. M. Nov. 29, H. & L. 36, 10 A. M.; H. & L. 104, 1 P. M. Dec. 1, H. & L. 20, 10 A. M.; H. & L. 112, 1 P. M.

The following members of the department band will report to Engineer of Steamer Thomas S. Richards, at the 12th Regiment Armory, Columbus Avenue and Sixty-second Street, Manhattan, at 8:30 A. M., Nov. 24, for practice:

	Engine.		Engine.
J. T. Foote	15	A. T. Cole	230
A. Hechersall	31	P. G. Hettrick	295
R. Bornholz	36		H. & L.
J. J. D'Acevedo	36	W. V. Werner	1
C. W. Roe, Jr.	60	T. H. Malkin	9
C. A. Widmer, Jr.	68	J. J. Schoppmeyer	20
H. G. Stein	71	J. A. Unrath	25
W. Klein, No. 1	72	H. Ottmann	28
W. Clancy	74	A. J. Mutr	34
E. J. Donovan	76	T. T. McGrath	45
W. Holland	76	R. C. Fraser	70
E. A. Dammeyer	96	G. J. Lachat, Jr.	104
W. C. Klein	220	W. H. Breuer	112
F. Ergenzinger	237	C. Charous	117
W. F. Hickey	248	G. Olsen	124
F. M. Munn	250	N. J. Bruno	128
C. A. Sungenberg	254	C. G. Brown	137
E. Knapp	256	H. Brenner	140
H. B. Escher	262	J. Miller, No. 3	144
A. G. Klein	265	W. F. Gallagher	146
P. J. Metzger, Jr.	277	J. J. O'Keefe	147
T. S. Richards	282		Hdqrs.
E. A. Woolley, (2d Sec.)	287	J. Schafferdecker	8

Leave of absence, with pay: Fireman 1st grade J. J. Garrett, H. & L. Co. 43, for 48 hours, from 8 A. M., Nov. 22.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for tabulating machine operator, (Powers machine,) will be received until 4 P. M. on Dec. 4. The subjects and weights of the examination are: Practical test, 5; experience, 3; arithmetic, 2. A qualifying physical test will be given. Candidates must be at least 16 years of age on or before the closing date for the receipt of applications. There are several vacancies in the Finance Department for a temporary period at $2 a day.

United States.

The commission announces for Dec. 5 at the New York Custom House an examination for assistant biologist qualified in systematic botany, for men. A vacancy in the Bureau of Biological Survey, Department of Agriculture, with headquarters in Washington, at $1,400 a year will be filled from this examination. The duties will be to make field surveys and investigation of wild-fowl resorts throughout the United States, to identify specimens collected, (ornithological and botanical,) and to prepare reports for publication. Competitors will be examined in systematic botany, general ornithology, and education and experience. Graduation from a college or university of recognized standing in a course embracing the subject of systematic botany is a prerequisite. Applicants must not have reached their forty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

FOR SALE.

The handsomest and most perfect polar bear rug in the city, size 12x8, head and claws beautifully mounted, easily worth $800, sacrifice $300. Parker, 200 West 54th St.

French bull, pedigreed, thoroughbred; sacrifice $50 to good home; no dealers. Bainbridge, 5614 Franklin, 200 Church St.

FOR SALE—FINE PANEL PARTITIONS. MADISON SQUARE 2543.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Noiseless, 3 months, $5; visible, 3 months, $7.50. Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.
339 Broadway, at Worth St. | TEL.
30 E. 23d St., opp Madison Av. | 1440
145 W. 42d St., at Times Sq. | FRANKLIN

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

HORSES FOR SALE.
For Sale.—Any reasonable offer will be entertained for well matched team of short-tailed roans; doctor's brougham and harness included. Can be seen any day before 1 P. M. at Mutual Stables, 165 West 53d St.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The Canadian disturbance of Tuesday night was central Wednesday night over lower Michigan, with greatly increased intensity, and general rains have fallen in the lake region. There has been little precipitation of consequence.

Temperatures are above the seasonal average throughout the country, much so in the central valleys, the West Gulf States, and the West generally.

Rain or snow will fall Thursday in the upper lake region, and rain in the lower lake section, the Middle Atlantic States, and New England, followed by generally fair weather Friday. In the Ohio Valley and the South the weather will be fair Thursday and Friday.

It will be somewhat colder Thursday in the Ohio Valley and the upper lake region, and on Friday in the Middle Atlantic States and New England.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be increasing southeast to south, becoming strong and shifting to southwest and west during Thursday night, rain; Middle Atlantic Coast, southeast to south, becoming strong, shifting to west and northwest during Thursday night, rain; South Atlantic Coast, moderate to fresh south and southwest, generally fair.

FORECAST TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Rain Thursday. Friday probably fair; somewhat colder.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain Thursday. Friday fair and colder.

Western New York—Rain Thursday. Friday fair.

Northern New England—Rain or snow Thursday. Friday probably fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	32	39	4 P. M.	41	46
6 A. M.	29	42	6 P. M.	42	46
9 A. M.	26	42	9 P. M.	38	46
12 M.	33	44	11 P. M.	33	42

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 42; for the corresponding date last year it was 34; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 42.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 42; at 8 P. M. it was 48. Maximum temperature, 46 degrees at 6:30 P. M.; minimum, 39 degrees at 3:30 A. M. Humidity, 82 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 79 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.70 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.61 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.
[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]
Sun rises 6:50 Sun sets 4:36 Moon sets 12:00

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	1:24	1:28	7:37	8:05
Governors Island	1:44	1:53	8:11	8:42
Hell Gate	3:18	3:41	10:02	10:26

Official Shipping List.

Arrivals of vessels from foreign countries at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports in the twenty-four hours ended Nov. 20:

STEAMSHIPS.

Admiral Dewey, (Br.)	Morro Castle, (Am.)
Aberdeen, (Br.)	Minerick, (Br.)
Badger, (Am.)	Maria Stathatus, (Gr.)
Cibao, (Nor.)	Montpellier, (Am.)
Elisabeth Van Belgie, (Belg.)	Nils, (Nor.)
Elisabeth Maersk, (Dan.)	Norman Bridge, (Am.)
	Otsego, (Am.)
	Port Antonio, (Nor.)
Eleni Stathatus, (Gr.)	Standard, (Am.)
Eagle, (Am.)	Silverlip, (Br.)
Felix Taussig, (Am.)	Standard Arrow, (Am.)
F. R. Kellogg, (Am.)	Storaker, (Nor.)
Frontera, (Nor.)	Tordenskjold, (Nor.)
Fortgaine, (Nor.)	Tegucigalpa, (Hond.)
Gulfaxe, (Dan.)	Tormentor, (Am.)
Gulfoil, (Am.)	Victoria de Larrinaga, (Br.)
Gymeric, (Br.)	
Heina, (Nor.)	Wm. Murphy, (Am.)
Harold Walker, (Am.)	Yuna, (Am.)
Ilsa de Panay, (Span.)	Yumuri, (Am.)
L. O. Stensland, (Nor.)	
Lilleborg, (Dan.)	

SAILING VESSELS.

Beechland, (Br.)	J. A. Beckerman, (Am.)
Centennial, (Am.)	Mary E. Snyder, (Br.)
Imperator Alexandria II., (Russ.)	Silver Queen, (Br.)
	Sedgwick, (Am.)

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
12:05—121 W. 137 St., Lester Newton	Slight
12:20—1,706 Lexington Av., J. Healy	Slight
12:20—147 W. 58 St.; Evans & Thomas	Slight
12:30—162 E. 97 St.; Dr. Bredin	Slight
3:10—542 Greenwich St., Henry Grand & Co.	Slight
3:45—N. e. cor. Gerard Av. & 161 St.; not given	Slight
3:45—S. w. cor. River Av. & 162 St.; not given	Slight
4:00—423 W. 45 St., John Reardon	Slight
4:40—12 E. 4 St., not given	Slight
5:30—Front 465 Central Park West, (auto,) not given	Slight
7:25—342 W. 14 St., Louis Hefter	Slight
8:10—46 Rutgers St., not given	None
9:30—21 E. 115 St., William White	Slight
P. M.	
12:30—649 E. 9 St.; Morris Friedman	Slight
2:00—B'way & 215 St., not given	None
3:00—1,024 Simpson St., A. Buskin	Slight
4:00—Pier 71 N. R., (SS. Delft,) Rotterdam-Holland Co.	$15,000
4:25—1,611 Charlotte St., A. Frieden	Slight
4:50—38 Catherine St., Louis Riga	Slight
6:30—177 E. 87 St., Samuel Ginsberg	Slight
6:30—97 Reade St., Keystone Tool Co.	Slight
11:05—B'way & Bleecker St., (car,) N. Y. Railways Co.	$30
11:20—123 W. 10 St., H. B. Bussman	Slight

Education Notes.

An examination of men and women applicants for license as substitute teacher of common branches in elementary schools will be held at the Board of Education Hall on Nov. 30, at 3 P. M. The pay is $3 a day for actual service. When assigned as clerical assistant or additional teacher the pay is $3.50 a day for actual service.

The Julia Richmond annex, on Seventy-seventh Street, west of Third Avenue, has been opened as an annex to the Harlem Evening High School, located at 114th Street, near Seventh Avenue. This high school is registered under the State Board of Regents and gives the same courses and diplomas as the day high school.

On Nov. 26 a recreation centre for women and girls will be opened at Public School 26, St. Paul's Place and Washington Avenue, the Bronx. The centre will be in session on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings, from 7:30 to 10. Club groups—social, literary, and musical—are now forming. Elementary, intermediate, and advanced lessons will be given in both modern and aesthetic dancing. The schools have received a questionnaire as to their success in putting into operation the Welsh law. At a recent meeting of the Board of Regents, attended by Mr. Willcox and Mr. Straubenmuller, the status of the New York City schools was discussed. As a result it is found that a large number of elementary schools that are not on the duplicate plan, in fact, the majority of them, had already put the law into full operation, while others were prepared to do so, but were waiting for some final word.

Acting City Superintendent Straubenmuller has directed that Thanksgiving Day be observed in the public schools by appropriate exercises at which the proclamations of President Wilson and Governor Whitman will be read by teachers and pupils. These exercises may be held on the day preceding Thanksgiving Day.

Requests of Principals for changes, alterations, and repairs in their schools should be addressed to Superintendent of School Buildings Snyder or to his Deputy Superintendent of the borough in which the schools are located and in no instance to chief of division or inspectors of the bureau. Principals have been instructed that the amendment to the bylaws adopted June 13 with regard to required hours of service means seven hours of service exclusive of luncheon hour.

Wills for Probate.

CORNWALLIS, KINAHAN, 41 East 30 St. (Aug. 15.) His estate is bequeathed to his daughter, Frances, residing at the Hotel Splendide, in Paris, France, and to his son, Kinahan, of Ghezira, Cairo, Egypt. The will leaves to each of the two legatees $1,000 in cash and a one-half interest in the residuary estate.

LIGHTE, HENRIETTA, 41 West 91st St. (Oct. 31.) A legacy of $100 is left to five relatives. The charitable bequests are Christ's German Lutheran Church, $2,000; Wartburg Orphans' Farm School, $2,000; Lutheran Hospital, Convent Av. and 144th St., $1,000, and the Inner Mission Society of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, $1,000. Her husband is made the residuary legatee, and his share of the estate is placed at about $12,000.

BEALL, MARY LILLY GRUBB. (Oct. 14, 1916.) Total assets, $36,000. The estate is equally divided between her daughters, Mary L. Beall, Florence B. Thornton of Wilmington, Del., and grandson, George Turner Smith, Jr., of Forest School, Orange, Va. Assets, cash, $17,461; personal, $18,746; stocks and bonds, $4,750.

DONOHUE, CATHERINE F. (May 18, 1916.) Assets, $43,228. The entire estate goes to her husband, Patrick Donohue of 132 East 71st St. Assets, real estate, 132 East 71st St., $42,300; personal, $1,000.

McCREERY, ROBERT. (March 26, 1916.) Total assets, $43,237. The whole estate goes to his wife, Emma McCreery of 253 West 93d St. Assets, cash, $4,162. The lighterage and towing business of John McCreery's Son, Produce Exchange Building, of which decedent was sole owner, is appraised at $32,500.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Section 317, Tariff Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold 1 carton of feathers of wild birds. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 3, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted. Dated Nov. 16, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

BISHOP CALLS CAMPS GREAT UNIVERSITIES

Dr. Perry of Episcopal War Council Tells How the Army Aids Southern Mountaineers.

Bishop James DeW. Perry, head of the Episcopal War Council, returned yesterday from visits to cantonments in the South, enthusiastic over what he said amounts to a big university that has been set up.

"According to army plans," he said, "schools are held each day, especially for the enlisted men. I discovered some schools not exactly provided for in the Government regulations, but so splendid that officers and Government deserve the gratitude of all citizens. Thousands of men and women among the mountaineers of Tennessee and the Carolinas can hardly speak the English language, and know little of Americanism. Army officers have opened classes to these people, as well as to soldiers, and the outcome is a popular university in effect. It is a product that I never dreamed of finding as an outcome of preparation for war.

"I found in these cantonments such splendid relations between officers and men as I did not imagine to be possible. The officers in these schools are taking the enlisted men in hand and while improving the morale are making personal friends of them. As teachers they are putting patriotic fervor into the minds of men. I heard of some men of Austrian and German stock who, while not disloyal to America, have been troubled in their consciences about their duty. Poor fellows, we ought to sympathize with and help them. That is precisely what army officers are doing.

"In this splendid work such cementing process is going on as one cannot understand unless one goes and witnesses it. Men are instructed that no matter what their ancestors may have thought, or where they came from, young men born in America are Americans, and that here duty lies."

Bishop Perry praised yesterday the work done by all religious bodies in camps he visited. These were Camp Wadsworth at Spartanburg, Camp Sevier at Greenville, Camp Oglethorpe at Chattanooga and Camp Gordon at Atlanta.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—A sable collar, Tuesday afternoon, between 4 and 4:30 o'clock, either in Madison Av. car from 43d to 32d St. and 4th Av., or walking from 32d St., on 4th Av., to 30th St., to Lexington Av.; liberal reward. Return to I. L., 45 5th Av.

LOST.—Ring, large pearl, platinum filigree, with diamonds, in subway entrance to Wanamaker's basement, Tuesday morning. Finder will be rewarded, no questions asked. George Walther, 484 6th Av. Mad. Sq. 1353.

LOST.—Black Mark Cross purse, containing roll of bills and alligator change purse, on Riverside Drive, between 119th and 116th Sts., or on 116th St., between Riverside and Broadway; reward. X 315 Times Annex.

LOST.—Small gold filigree pin, set with pearls and sapphires, in taxi, between Pennsylvania and Grand Central Stations, Nov. 21; suitable reward if returned to X 340 Times Annex.

LOST.—Monday noon, on West End Av., between 72d and 57th Sts., large brown leather bag, containing letters, of value to owner only. Reward if returned to L. G. Schroeder, 308 West 72d.

LOST.—On West End Subway train Monday morning, Goerz Tenax camera, 10x15 centimeters; liberal reward. Thomas F. Clark, Manager, Photo News Dept., Western Newspaper Union.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch, (Waltham,) in leather case, circular monogram "E. W." on back; liberal reward. Communicate Wurzburger, 342 West 88th St. Telephone Schuyler 6104.

LOST—Diamond platinum barpin, Saturday, between 49th-5th Av. and Stern Bros., West 42d; reward. Return to Apartment 4K, 601 West 110th St. W. H. De Wolf.

LOST—A kolinsky stole, in the vicinity of 20th St., on Tuesday morning; reward. Mrs. Emott Buel, Interior Decorator, 20 East 49th St., City.

LOST.—Lady's black handbag, Sunday afternoon, 5th Av., and 59th St. entrance to Park; liberal reward for contents; no questions. M. G. Foster, 200 West 58th St.

LOST.—Between Ritz-Carlton, Plaza Hotel, Sherry's, and Hotel St. Regis, ladies black baby lamb muff, white satin lining; reward. Cashier, Hotel St. Regis.

LOST.—Coral necklace, between Grove St. tube station and Wanamaker's, 2 P. M., Wednesday; reward if returned to cashier Marlborough Hotel, East Orange, N. J.

LOST—Bunch keys, chain attached, probably 9th Av. elevated, between 72d and Wall St.; reward. Return 128 Broadway, Room 802. Cortlandt 3391.

LOST.—Roll of bills in front of New York Theatre, at 11:30 A. M., Wednesday, 21st. Liberal reward if returned to Mabel Baillin, 18 West 47th St.

LOST.—In 35th St., Lexington to Park Av., or in Ritz-Carlton, large oval diamond pin; $50 reward. Return to Mrs. E. R. Adee, 129 East 35th St.

LOST.—Diamond pendant lorgnette inclosed early Saturday night, between Montana Apartments and Hotel Chatham; liberal reward; return to cashier, Hotel Chatham.

LOST.—Monday evening, Grand Central Palace, 5th floor, gold watch and chain, monogramed "K. A. H.," closed face; liberal reward.

LOST.—Downtown, umbrella frame, foreign make; no handle, in paper wrap; reward. Address P 258 Times Downtown.

LOST.—Diamond cuff link, initials "E. H. M."; exceptional reward. Mendel, 423 West 120th St.

LOST. — Fox scarf, Flatbush Av., between Prospect and Long Island Depot; liberal reward. Casey, 186 Prospect Pl. Prospect 5900.

LOST.—Wednesday, small gold wrist watch on chain bracelet; 8th Av., 34th St.; suitable reward. Columbus 2273.

LOST. — A CAMEO BROOCH. Return to Room 502, 60 Wall St. Reward; no questions asked.

LOST.—Silver mesh bag, inscribed with name of Maude A. Blow; liberal reward. 215 4th Av., Room 1709.

LOST.—Eyeglasses, between West 121st and 120th. Return to superintendent, 507 West 121st St.

LOST.—Liberty Bond 597226; finder suitably rewarded. Address A 71 Times.

LOST.—Diamond sunburst pin; 30th, 44th, 6th Av.; keepsake; reward. J 13 Times.

LOST.—Pearl bar pin, 97th-101st Sts.; liberal reward. Friedman, 215 West 100th St.

REWARD.—Brown sable muff, 80th to 85th, Amsterdam Av. Shipley, 212 West 85th.

REWARD for stereoscopic camera, lost Thursday. Return to Reid, 35 West 56th St.

SUITABLE REWARD, no questions asked, for two grips filled with button samples, missing from automobile, corner 25th St., Broadway. Rothschild Bros. & Co., 1,116 Broadway.

$100 REWARD.

Return gold mesh bag, sapphire clasp; lost in vicinity of Elizabeth, N. J., on or about Nov. 8, 1917; no questions asked. Notify A. R. Lee & Co., 15 William St., N. Y. City.

$25 REWARD.—Return of diamond and onyx earring, lost Nov. 16. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

Found.

FOUND.—Lady's gold watch and chain; monogram. Inquire Lord & Taylor, Lost and Found Dept.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—MALE FRENCH BULL. Owner's name in the collar; LIBERAL REWARD. J 27 Times.

FOUND—White poodle, in New Rochelle. Owner can have same upon proper identification. Phone 2271 New Rochelle.

USE UP FIRST PANEL IN DE SAULLES CASE

Only Two Men Found Yesterday Sufficiently Unbiased to Sit on the Jury.

PRISONER GAINS CONFIDENCE

Boy Visits Mother in Prison and Is Sorry When He Must Leave Her.

The trial of Mrs. Blanca De Saulles for the murder of her divorced husband, John Longer De Saulles, was interrupted yesterday at 2 o'clock in the courtroom of Justice Manning at Mineola, when, with only ten jurors seated in the jury box, the panel of 150 veniremen was exhausted.

The trial was postponed until 10 o'clock today to allow time to bring in fifty more residents of Nassau County. The two jurors selected yesterday were the only ones acceptable to both sides out of a total of forty-five veniremen examined. On two occasions six successive veniremen stated that they had formed strong opinions on the case from reading the newspapers, and that they could not be fair jurors. By asking if the State would have to produce testimony to overcome that impression, District Attorney Weeks admitted that he always assumed that these opinions were favorable to Mrs. De Saulles.

This exhibition of local public sentiment on the case all took place in the presence of the accepted jurors, who numbered eight at the beginning of the day and ten at the end. Some of the jurors commented among themselves as venireman after venireman declared that he had strong sentiments regarding the case and that it would require very strong evidence to change his mind. The jurymen, apparently not pleased by the time required to complete their number, brightened up very much when an occasional isolated venireman would say that he had not made up his mind about the guilt or innocence of the defendant. The jurors looked very much dispirited when a man of professed neutrality was sent away by a peremptory challenge.

Several of the veniremen admitted that though they knew they were on the list of those who might try the case, that it had been reading and discussing the case right up to the moment when they were called. Justice Manning and District Attorney Weeks both cast expressive glances at those who made such admissions, but made no comment.

None Had Read Women's Stories.

District Attorney Weeks asked each prospective juryman what papers he read, and counsel for the defense usually repeated th equestion later, in order to establish definitely the sources of the venireman's information about the case. Mr. Weeks asked each one particularly if he had read certain accounts by special women writers, in which the beauty and forlornness of the defendant were pictured somewhat vividly. None of the jurors admitted perusing any of the impressionistic views of the case, but most of them said they had studied the accompanying photographs and sketches.

After a long series of veniremen had professed to have formed opinions from reading the newspapers, Justice Manning interested himself and began to interrogate William H. Seaman, who felt that he had become too biased to serve.

"Now do you really mean that?" asked Justice Manning.

"I think I do."

"Yes," said Seaman.

"Are you accustomed to forming your opinions by what you read in the newspapers?"

"No."

"Well, then, why is it so in this case? The newspapers have only been printing news, haven't they? No newspaper that you have read has expressed an opinion as to the guilt or innocence of this defendant, has it?"

"No."

"They have been printing information for the public. That is what newspapers are for. They haven't been suggesting what opinion you should form. Now are you sure that you have formed an opinion from what you have read?"

"Well, I've got an opinion anyhow?"

"All right, then, you're excused."

Several men were excused because they had conscientious scruples against capital punishment or thought it ought to apply only to a certain group of criminals. William S. Flouress of Hempstead, a retired baker, who reads German newspapers and one English evening paper, said he had his own ideas about capital punishment.

"When do you think it ought to be applied?" said District Attorney Weeks.

"Well, for instance, if robbery is included with murder, I favor it. If a man breaks into a house to steal and then kills a man, I would send him to the electric chair."

"You would enforce the law only where murder accompanied burglary?"

"Well, in some other cases, too."

"But not in this case?"

"No, not in this case."

Lawyers' Friends Excused.

James A. Sutphin of Freeport was also against capital punishment, except in certain murder cases. Asked when he would apply it, he said:

"Only in cases where a person with a bad character who has shown criminality in the past is on trial."

Other men were excused because they were either close personal friends of one or another of the lawyers or had once been a client of one of the lawyers.

The questioning showed that both the defense and prosecution had made minute inquiries into the past and the business connections of the entire panel of 150. The new list of fifty will come into court without having undergone the previous scrutiny, and this may lead to questioning at even greater length than heretofore.

While fewer jurors were obtained yesterday than on preceding days, veniremen were examined far more rapidly Following the example of Justice Manning, counsel for both side formed their questions in language closer to the plow than the inkhorn and used a series of simple questions in place of one complicated verbal structure. The speed thus attained enabled them to examine nearly as many jurors as they had on the two preceding days.

The relatives and friends of Mrs. De Saulles became greatly reassured when jurors by the dozen testified that they had formed an opinion on the case which they could not change, as it was believed that this manifestation of the sentiment of the outside world could not be lost on the already chosen. William Errazuris, the brother, who had sat in expressionless as Mrs. De Saulles herself during the two preceding days, listened very intently and occasionally smiled and talked, after a juror had asserted the unalterableness of his opinion.

Mrs. De Saulles More Cheerful.

Mrs. De Saulles looked more cheerful and more interested yesterday than she had before. When she entered the courtroom with a train composed of her own and Sheriff Seaman's family she greeted her lawyers with a smile. Several times during the day she held brief conversations with her lawyers and with Mrs. Seaman. When one juror, who was decorated with long and pointed mustaches, which gave an air of great ferocity to an otherwise benevolent countenance, was on the stand, general attention was attracted to his unusual adornment. Mrs. De Saulles leaned over and said something to Mrs. Seaman which caused them both to smile.

The ninth juror selected yesterday was Harry Livingstone, of Seaford, a traveling inspector for the Long Island Railroad. He was 55 years old. He is the first juror to lack a family, but to the question on that subject he had answered: "I did have."

The tenth juror and the youngest was Nicholas Schueider, a blacksmith of Hicksville. He was 37 years old and had three children. One of the questions put to him was:

"Have you ever shod any horses for members of the Meadow Brook Hunt Club?"

This was a club to which "Jack" De Saulles and many of his friends belonged. Schneider did not remember doing any work for any of them, and the defense accepted him.

Visits Mother in Jail.

In accordance with the agreement reached yesterday between lawyers for Mrs. De Saulles, for her brother-in-law, Charles A. H. De Saulles, and Justice Manning, 4-year-old John Longer De Saulles was allowed yesterday afternoon to visit his mother in her room at the prison. This was the first time she had seen the boy since last Thursday. Since the first week of her imprisonment she had been seeing the child regularly on Mondays and Thursdays.

The boy arrived for the visit with his mother in the company of Harry S. Dougherty, of the Dougherty Detective Agency, who has been employed to guard him ever since his father was killed against the possibility of an attempt to kidnap and carry him away to Chile.

It was almost dark, and two flashlights were exploded as the boy, dressed in a brown coat and white duck trousers and socks that left his legs bare, alighted from the automobile. Evidently warned against having his picture taken, the boy threw his arm up to his face and ran toward the door of the Mineola Jail, calling out to Dougherty: "They didn't get my picture because I turned my face away."

When he went upstairs to the room in the Sheriff's suite, which the prisoner has been occupying, the boy found his mother in bed, in compliance with the orders of her physician. They greeted each other joyfully.

After they had spent a few minutes telling each other what they had been doing since they had seen each other last, the mother got out a box of colored crayons, according to her lawyer, who was present, and began to help the child with sketches of animals and airplanes.

After they had had enough of that Mrs. De Saulles began to tell the boy stories. She used to entertain him thus by the hour, according to neighbors, in the intervals when the divorce court allowed her possession of him. Mr. Uterbart said that she told about "Jack and the Beanstalk" and "Little Red Riding Hood" yesterday.

The boy arrived at the jail at 4:15 and left at 5:45. Mrs. Phineas Seaman, wife of the Sheriff, who called to tell them it was time for the boy to go, said the boy wanted to stay and that the last thing he said was: "I wish I didn't have to go away."

In addition to those already named, the following veniremen were rejected yesterday:

Gustave Peter Zadek of Rockville Centre, William M. Simonson of Hicksville, Henry Stark of Wantagh, John E. Combs of Lynbrook, William Ashdown of Freeport, Otto H. Schmitz of Seacliffe, John S. Burke of Syosset, Carman Southard of Baldwin, Aloys Angler of Central Park, Henry Huits of Glen Cove, Thomas P. Cornelius, Warren Abrams of Lynbrook, Peter W. Rouss of Bayville, Henry T. Howard of Roosevelt, Smith S. Bedell of Baldwin, John J. Bedell of Bellmore, Charles C. Wade of Lynbrook, Samuel C. E. Carpenter of Lynbrook, Jeremiah Van Sise of Oyster Bay, James V. Gerard of Merritt, Lewis J. Gregory of Great Neck Station, Philip Snyder of Glen Cove, John T. Post of Freeport, Gilbert H. Jackson of Lynbrook, Edward Youngbein of Wantagh, Joseph Harter of Hempstead, John T. Lamb of Rockville Centre, Joseph A. Kennedy of Manhasset, Henry Ashdown of Freeport, Lewis A. Cohn of Freeport, S. Diamond Smith of Freeport, Henry A. Tilly of Oceanside, Lewis C. Allen of Locust Valley, Charles M. Stoll of Hicksville, Thomas T. Ward of Woodmere, Thomas J. McGunigle, George S. Smith of Woodmere, Francis J. Gately of Baldwin, James A. Sutphin of Freeport, Charles O. Smith of Cold Spring Harbor, Alphonso P. Koehler of Lynbrook, George H. Kopp, and Leon W. Bishop.

The trial will continue this morning at 10 o'clock.

SOLDIER INSURANCE OPEN UNTIL FEB. 12

McAdoo Urges All in the Army and Navy to Take Out Policies Before That Date.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—All officers and enlisted men and nurses in the army and navy were urged in an address issued today by Secretary McAdoo to apply for Government life insurance before Feb. 12. Failure to apply by that date, he explained, would bar them. Dependents of any man killed before that time, however, will receive insurance payments, regardless of whether applications were made, inasmuch as the Government considers all of them insured automatically until then.

"To care for the wife and children of the enlisted man during his service," said Secretary McAdoo, "the war insurance law compels him to contribute up to one-half of his pay for their support. The Government, on application, will add to this an allowance of from $5 to $50 a month, according to the size of the family. Moreover, if the enlisted man will make some further provision himself for a dependent parent, brother, sister, or grandchild, they may be included in the Government allowance.

"If, as a result of injuries incurred or disease contracted in the line of duty, an officer or enlisted man or an army or navy nurse should be disabled, provision is made for compensation of from $30 to $100 a month to him, and, should he die, compensation of from $20 to $75 a month will be paid to his wife, his child, or his widowed mother.

"Every soldier and sailor and nurse, commissioned and enlisted, and of any age, has the right, between now and Feb. 12, 1918, to take out life and total disability insurance up to $10,000 at very low cost with the Government without medical examination. This right is purely optional. The soldiers and sailors are not compelled to take insurance, but if they desire to exercise the right, they must do so before Feb. 12. The cost ranges from 65 cents monthly, at the age of 21, to $1.20 monthly at the age of 51, for each $1,000 of insurance. This is a small charge on a man's pay—small in proportion to the benefits it may bring. The premiums will be deducted from his pay, if he desires, thus eliminating trouble on his part.

"To provide adequate protection until Feb. 12, during the period when the soldiers and sailors are learning the details of this law, the Government automatically insures each man and woman commissioned or enlisted in the military service of the United States. It pays the man $25 a month during total permanent disability; if he dies within twenty years, it pays the rest of 240 monthly installments of $25 each to his wife, child, or widowed mother."

BANDITS GET $45,000 GEMS.

Three Robbers Hold Up Minneapolis Store Force in Daylight.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 21.—Three automobile bandits stepped into a jeweler's store on the principal down town street here today, drove three clerks into a back room, forced another to open the safe and escaped with diamonds and other gems valued at between $45,000 and $50,000, according to the estimate of the proprietor, H. H. Green.

GOLD SEAL Champagne
Urbana Wine Company
Urbana, N. Y.
Edward S. McGrath, Local Representative,
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BACARDI Makes the Perfect COCKTAIL, RICKEY or HIGHBALL
Try It and Be Convinced.

LABOR FEDERATION ATTACKS BURLESON

Postmaster General's Policy Toward Postal Employes Condemned as Autocratic.

WILL APPEAL TO WILSON

Buffalo Convention After a Fight Goes on Record in Favor of Conscripting Aliens.

BUFFALO, Nov. 21.—The convention of the American Federation of Labor adopted a resolution today condemning Postmaster General Burleson for his "autocratic policy toward postal employes," and instructed the Executive Council of the federation to obtain an audience with President Wilson and place before him facts "concerning the oppressive labor policy of the Postmaster General."

In adopting the resolution the convention overturned a report from the Resolutions Committee which had reported in favor of referring the complaint to the Executive Council for investigation. Two other resolutions aimed at the Postmaster General for suppression of pro-German newspapers had been sidetracked in this way.

The resolution condemning the Postmaster General for his attitude toward Federal employes was introduced by Thomas E. Flaherty of the National Federation of Postal Employes, and Edward J. Gainer, of the National Association of Letter Carriers. Approximately a quarter of a million workers in the postal service, the resolution said, are forced to accept without protest the "unsatisfactory working conditions imposed by an autocrat."

In opposition to the motion to refer the resolution to the Executive Council, Flaherty said the council already had considered the question for some time without visible results. The whole tendency of the day, he said, was toward Government control in many branches of industry and public utilities, and that "we should begin now to democratize Government service."

Resigned to Attend Convention.

"Some delegates think that Government control solves all their problems," Flaherty added. "As a matter of fact, the Government can be as harsh and unreasonable as any employer. Postmaster General Burleson has invaded every right that we have fought for in the last quarter of a century."

Vice President Duncan protested against the adoption of a condemnatory resolution without hearing the other side.

"We are asked to condemn the Postmaster General and then proceed to try him," he said. "The committee proposes to proceed in the way that will bring the best results."

Gainer was against further delay. Government ownership, he said, may bring the most tyrannical system yet devised, so far as labor is concerned. Men had been dismissed from the Postal Service for organization activities, he declared, and he was compelled to resign from the Federal Service to attend the convention.

The motion to adopt the committee's report referring the resolution was lost by a close vote. An amendment providing for the adoption of the Flaherty-Gainer resolution was then carried.

There was another long debate on a resolution favoring the conscription of citizens of allied nations now living in the United States. Thomas Black, a Canadian Delegate, brought a storm upon his head by referring to all conscription laws as "dastardly," a remark which resulted in a demand for retraction from several Delegates.

Gompers Strikes Back.

President Gompers temporarily relinquished the chair to reply to Black, and Delegate Cary of Toronto declared that Black's remarks did not reflect the sentiment of union labor in Canada. The demand for a retraction from Black was not put in the form of a resolution and nothing further was said about it after the adoption of the conscription resolution. The vote was 244 to 20.

An opportunity to open the guns of oratory against the United States Steel Corporation, the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, the National Erectors' Association, and the Lackawanna Bridge Company came when the Resolutions Committee recommended the adoption of a resolution submitted by the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers. A large amount of material furnished for war purposes was coming from these corporations, the resolution stated, and it was suggested as an act of co-operation in the prosecution of the war, that the workman in their employ receive the same consideration accorded other men employed on Government work.

Favorable action on the resolution and its unanimous adoption by the convention was taken to mean that the Federation would make a vigorous fight to unionize all branches of the steel industry still unorganized.

PATENT MONOPOLY ON SERVICE FLAG

Cleveland Man Got Grant and Is Collecting Ten Cents Royalty from the Public.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—A patent granted by the United States on a design for a service flag is being cited as giving one concern exclusive control of service flags of that design. This was brought out by a letter to THE NEW YORK TIMES from a firm in Brattleboro, Vt., which had been notified that the sale of service flags carried with it the payment of a royalty of 10 per cent. to the holder of the patent on the design.

Inquiry at the Patent Office today showed that a design patent on a service flag had been granted to L. Queisser of Cleveland, Ohio, and notice of it printed in the Patent Office Gazette of Nov. 6. To the same patentee was granted a patent on a watch fob service flag design. It was said at the Patent Office that no other patent for a service flag design had been granted.

In its letter to THE TIMES the Brattleboro firm said:

"Our firm has been selling service flags for some time. Today our manufacturers write us that they have just been advised that there is a patent on the United States service flag, and that they will be obliged to pay a royalty of 10 per cent. on all such flags sold, therefore prices would necessarily be advanced 10 per cent.

"We are astonished to learn that this flag, adopted by the Government, recommended by the President, and sold mostly to mothers whose sons are in the service, should be the private monopoly of some individual."

The explanation was made at the Patent Office that a precedent for granting the design patent on a service flag was found in the case of special flags for yachts or other ships, which were protected from infringement by design patents. The statement was made that the Patent Office would not grant a design patent on any flag based on the design of the American standard, but the service flag to show war service of individuals was not regarded as following the design of the Stars and Stripes.

The Patent Office is unwilling to pass upon the question whether any service flag similar in design to that patented is protected by the patent design. That is a matter, it was said, which must be passed upon by the courts.

1,252 MORE ARMY RECRUITS.

255,423 Men Have Enlisted in the Service Since April 1.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Another good day was experienced in regular army recruiting yesterday when a total of 1,252 recruits were obtained throughout the country. This made a total of 255,423 recruits obtained since April 1, or 71,525 in excess of the number then needed to raise the army to war strength. New York was first in yesterday's recruiting. The daily statement on recruiting in the Eastern States follows:

	Obtained Since Nov. 20.	Apr. 1.		Obtained Since Nov. 20.	Apr. 1.
*Conn.	23	8,113	*New Jer.	24	7,441
*Delaware	2	653	*New York	149	28,282
Maine	17	1,399	*Penn.	142	30,379
*Mass.	43	12,445	*Rhode Isl.	8	1,359
N. Hamp.		791	Vermont	3	187

*Quota obtained.

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No man can afford to be poorly dressed when even in spite of war time advances he can secure as good a suit as we are now offering for $25.

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Arnheim
TWO STORES
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30 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

P. S.—A man's apparel frequently makes a more enduring mark than his fountain pen. Arnheim Axiom.

The Child's Allowance Chart

IF you have trouble getting your boy or girl up in the morning or to bed at night, the Child's Allowance Chart will help you.

IF they are constantly asking you for money, the Child's Allowance Chart will give them a definite amount which they must earn themselves.

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And see how appetizing it is, with its good taste of hops.

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ARMY OFFICERS

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FOR INSTANCE

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Caps, $3.50
Shoes, 6.50
Sleeping Socks, 1.50
Folding Buckets, 2.50
Folding Basins, 2.50
Shirts, 3.00 up
Blankets, 9.00
Trunks, 10.00

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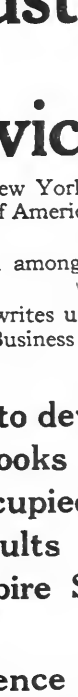

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The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Snow or rain, colder, high northwest winds today; tomorrow fair.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,853. ... NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1917.—TWENTY PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

BROTHERHOODS TO MODIFY DEMANDS; WILL NOT STRIKE

If Wage Deadlock with Roads Results They Will Ask Wilson to Intervene.

CONFER WITH PRESIDENT

Issue Statement Later, as Does White House, Guaranteeing a Peaceful Solution.

WANT TO HELP WIN THE WAR

Will Not Interrupt Railway Transportation, Whatever Happens, Union Heads Agree.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—That there will be no strike on the railroads as the result of the demands of the brotherhoods for an increase in wages, and that President Wilson will be the final arbiter between the railroads and their men in case of a critical situation developing, are the only concrete things standing out tonight after the conference of two hours President Wilson had with the officials of the brotherhoods today.

The situation in many of its aspects is none too clear, as statements issued by the President and the officials who visited him fail definitely to throw any light upon the conclusions reached as to the wage issue, but that the trainmen will persist in their demands for an increase, and, failing to obtain satisfactory concessions, will consider a proposition for a settlement made by the President, rather than resort to a strike, is reflected by the statements given out.

After the conference, in which all phases of the labor dispute were discussed and proposed means of settlement were advanced by the trainmen officials, Judge Chambers, Chairman of the Board of Mediation and Conciliation, said that the situation was satisfactory. He, with Vice Chairman Knapp of this board, was present at the conference. While Judge Chambers and the others declined to interpret the statements issued, it was announced semi-officially at the White House that there would be no strike.

In the conference as representing the trainmen were W. G. Stone, Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; W. S. Carter, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen; W. G. Lee, President of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, and A. B. Garretson, President of the Order of Railway Conductors. The conference was sought by these officials for the purpose of acquainting the President with their position as to the necessity for an increased wage. It is understood that figures as to the cost of living and the wage scale were fully presented to the President and suggestions offered for a settlement of the dispute.

The Brotherhoods' Statement.

After leaving the President these officials returned to their hotel and deliberated a long while before issuing their statement, which follows:

Washington, D. C., Nov. 22.

The men who comprise the railway brotherhoods are thorough Americans, therefore they believe in American standards of living, and in consequence of this realize that standards of pay that were established in 1912 and 1913 are inadequate to meet present-day prices for commodities, and for that reason are demanding an increase in present rates that will meet half at least of the increase in cost of those things which they are compelled to purchase.

They want to co-operate in every way that is at all possible in the successful prosecution of the war, and they fully realize that the most serious thing that could occur during the conduct of war would be any interruption of railway transportation, and they, in common with the great body of the people, are determined to do everything within the bounds of reason to avoid such interruption.

Being fully conversant with their attitude and desire in this matter, we are in a position to give the assurance that if a situation should arise which would threaten the interruption of transportation, the men whom we represent would be more than willing to discuss and consider any solution of the difficulty which presented itself, doing so in the spirit of patriotic co-operation, and would undoubtedly co-operate with the Government to the utmost extent in arriving at a just, equitable, as well as patriotic conclusion.

W. S. STONE,
Grand Chief Engineer of B. of L. E.
W. S. CARTER,
President B. L. F. & E.
W. G. LEE,
President of B. of R. T.
A. B. GARRETSON,
President O. R. C.

The President's Statement.

Shortly after the brotherhood officials left the White House it was announced that President Wilson would make public a statement following the issuance of one by the trainmen's officials. The President's statement follows:

In addition to the statement given out by the heads of the railway brotherhoods, the President authorized the representatives of the press to say that he had got from the interview exactly the impression conveyed by the state-

Continued on Page 4.

"ONLY 5 DAYS—but Hicks can do the trick——" See top of Page 7.—Advt.

American Transports Collide, Then Escape Attack by U-Boat

A FRENCH PORT, Nov. 22.—The latest American transports to reach here had an exciting trip through the submarine zone. The first night in the zone two transports collided. One was slightly damaged, while the other had a small hole torn in her bow and a few projecting guns damaged. Temporary repairs were made and the ships proceeded.

The following night a submarine attacked the transports. The wake of a torpedo was seen off the bow of one of the vessels, but no conning tower or periscope was visible. The transports raced ahead and succeeded in reaching port safely, where the damage caused by the collision was repaired.

WOMEN, AFTER TIFF, PUT LOYALTY FIRST

Suffrage Support Not to be the Only Qualification Demanded of Candidates.

PROHIBITION PLEA SHELVED

Education to Fit New Voters for Their Duties Gets a Big Place in State Program.

The New York State Woman Suffrage Party will fight candidates for Congress and the Legislature who refuse to indorse the Federal suffrage amendment, but in so doing the women will place loyalty to the country above loyalty to the cause. The forty-ninth annual convention adjourned yesterday committed to that policy after Mary Garrett Hay, leader of the city party, had triumphed in a brisk battle with those who pushed the unqualified program of ballot warfare proposed by the State leaders.

No other qualifications for the indorsement and support of the million and more women enrolled in the party were demanded of future candidates by the platform in its final shape. Should the war end before the next election and the loyalty issue disappear, the party stands pledged to ignore future intentions and past performances of candidates in so far as they may conflict with the would-be office holders' position with regard to Federal suffrage.

The almost invariable support of the Federal plank by Socialists and other radicals, while many Democrats and Republicans refuse to indorse it, was cited last night by politicians, who tried to forecast the effect of the decision upon the woman vote next November. There were those who took a gloomy view of the outlook, fearing that devotion to the suffrage cause might lead many new voters to join the radical forces. In other quarters it was believed that in any such test the women could be relied upon for wholesale desertions from the ranks of their own party to the existing organizations of men.

Miss Hay Leads Fight.

It was Miss Hay who, on the second day of the convention, successfully used the axe on the reprisal plank, which sought to commit the party to a program of revenge on officeholders who had opposed suffrage in the past, when she insisted that that plank had been carpentered away at the Executive Board meeting and should not have gone before the convention. And it was Miss Hay who led the fight on the Federal Amendment plank which, as originally introduced, read:

"In view of the likelihood of the immediate submission of the Federal amendment to the State Legislatures for ratification, we should campaign against the nomination or election of candidates for the New York State Legislature and campaign against candidates for Congress who will not agree to indorse the Federal amendment, providing the Federal amendment has not passed before the next Congressional election, which takes place in 1918."

In a voice that arrested attention from all the several hundred present, Miss Hay, springing to her feet as soon as the proposal was read, said:

"I move we amend that by adding: 'but we wish it understood that we do not put loyalty to the Federal amendment before loyalty to our country.'"

There was a volley of applause and a confused murmur of dissent and approval, and several women tried to get the floor at once. Miss Hay held her place while the State Chairman, Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, recognized Mrs. George W. Topliff, who demanded: "Why put ourselves on the defensive before we are accused of disloyalty."

Mrs. Whitehouse rose from the chair to reply:

"The varous members of the press have been putting all sorts of curious interpretations on this section, they have been asking all about it, that's why—"

Before she could finish Miss Hay flung back: "Don't impugn my motive. I don't want to be told why I offered that amendment. I'm not on the defensive. I'm standing in the position where I have always stood and for what the New York City Woman Suffrage Party always has stood for. In offering this amendment I feel that I am voicing the sentiment of the great body of New York City women that has stood for this first, last, and all the time."

Mrs. Brown Brings Peace.

Miss Hay was applauded still more warmly, but there were many sympathetic expressions from the opposition as Mrs. Topliff countered with:

"It will be impossible, as Miss Hay herself has said, to control the votes of a million women. If one woman, or ten women, wants to work against a man she is going to do it. If we remain nonpartisan in fact, we must do so in spirit. Miss Hay's amendment would suggest that we weren't one in spirit. That is the only suggestion that I want to make."

"Of course, we are only speaking for the organization," Mrs. Whitehouse interjected.

The delegates were taking sides and for the first time during the convention there was a suggestion of lively political strife when Mrs. Raymond Brown quieted things.

"I know I speak for our State as well as for the city," she said. "There is

Continued on Page 5.

HYLAN TO ABANDON PROJECT TO BUILD NEW COURT HOUSE

New Administration May Erect Model Tenements on the Site.

MOVE FOR CITY OWNERSHIP

Mayor-Elect Will Ask Albany to Pave Way for Taking Over the Traction Lines.

WILL DROP PAROLE BOARD

Tammany Also Plans to Do Away with the Board of Additional Water Supply.

The incoming City Administration will take immediate steps looking to the abandonment of the project for the erection of a new County Court House on property near the present Criminal Court Building acquired by the Gaynor and Mitchel Administrations at an aggregate cost to the city of $11,396,480. Some plan for the development of the property which now lies idle, with an annual loss to the city of upward of $700,000 in interest and lost taxes, will be formulated by Mayor-elect Hylan and the members of the new Board of Estimate. One suggestion which has been made contemplates the erection of rows of municipal model tenements which will bring the city some revenue on the site.

The matter has been a topic for informal discussion among the newly elected members of the incoming administration at meetings of the new Board of Estimate, at which the Mayor-elect himself has been presiding. The conclusion reached with practical unanimity as a result of these discussions is that even if the site was suitable for the purpose to which it had been dedicated, the condition of the city's finances would not permit for a generation the carrying out of the project on the lines originally determined, for this would involve an outlay of approximately $25,000,000 in addition to the cost of the land.

Would Abolish Board.

Soon after the Legislature meets at Albany the new city authorities will propose as part of the city's legislative program the enactment of legislation for the abolition of the Court House Board. The work of this board virtually terminated with the acquisition of the site and the acceptance of the plans for the proposed Court House structure. The members at present are not drawing any salaries and the existence of the board does not now involve any outlay worth mentioning to the city. But Judge Hylan and his colleagues have decided that this and other useless boards must go, and if any legislation should be necessary to definitely put an end to the Court House project itself, such legislation will be asked for, too.

Senator Robert F. Wagner, leader of the Democratic minority in the upper house, had a talk with Mayor-elect Hylan yesterday afternoon at the headquarters of the Business Men's League. Senator Wagner said afterward that they had discussed legislation that the city will need, some of which is already being formulated. This legislation will include bills to put into operation the municipal ownership program to which the Hylan administration will stand pledged through its platform and public utterances of the Mayor-elect during the campaign. That these prospective measures will occasion one of the most lively and spectacular fights in the legislative annals of this State is generally predicted.

Two other boards destined to go if the Legislature can be induced to act on the suggestion of the incoming New York City officials are the Board of Additional Water Supply and the Parole Board. The place at the head of the Parole Board, which pays $7,500 in annual salary, will soon become vacant through the retirement of Dr. Katharine B. Davis, who will resign to become General Secretary of the Rockefeller Foundation Bureau of Social Hygiene. It was said last night that Judge Hylan would not fill the vacancy, though there are a number of candidates, all women, for the position. The Mayor-elect believes that the Judges of the Court of General Sessions, would willingly perform all the duties now devolving on the Parole Board.

The Board of Additional Water Supply was the topic of discussion at a meeting of the new Board of Estimate, held yesterday afternoon at the headquarters of the Business Men's League. All the men who were elected to places on the incoming board, with the exception of Controller-elect Charles L. Craig, who has gone to Florida, attended the meeting.

Talk of a Lawsuit.

The activities of the Board of Additional Water Supply in connection with a $12,000,000 contract for the construction of a tunnel to connect the Schoharie watershed with the Ashokan Dam has already been up for discussion before the new Board of Estimate, with the result that a formal demand was made on the Board of Water Supply to defer work under the contract for ninety days while the new city administration could thoroughly investigate the necessity for the new undertaking at a time when the additional supply from Ashokan has already filled all present needs and when war prices would make the construction of the proposed tunnel a very costly undertaking. At the meeting yesterday the new Board of Estimate had before it a letter from the Board of Water

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Report U-Boat Off Brazil; Lights on Coasts Ordered Out

RIO GRANDE DO SUL, Brazil, (via Montevideo,) Nov. 22.—Fishermen and passengers on coastwise vessels report having seen a submarine near this port, and Brazilian warships have been seeking it. The crew and passengers of a vessel which arrived here recently reported having sighted a Spanish sailing vessel off the island of Arvoredo. The belief was held that this vessel was one of several convoying submarines.

RIO JANEIRO, Nov. 22.—A resident of Rio Janeiro, well known in Brazilian society, has been arrested for photographing sections of the coast. A search of his house revealed extensive plans for the operation and subsistence of submarines in Brazilian waters. All navigation lights along the Brazilian coast have been shut off, and vessels are navigating without lights of any kind.

ARREST A SOLDIER AS A SPY SUSPECT

Regular Army Man Is Taken Into Custody with Two Enemy Aliens.

MAY FACE COURT-MARTIAL

Federal Authorities Move Fast —Captives Reported to be in Governors Island Prison.

A soldier of the regular army, in full uniform, on duty at the Government piers in Hoboken, was arrested yesterday on the suspicion that he is a German spy. The soldier was found in a room with two enemy aliens who have long been under surveillance by the Secret Service. The name of the soldier is withheld by the army authorities. The men in whose company he was when arrested, and who also were taken into custody, are Herman Glaube of 420 Grand Street and Edward Pranz of 350 Third Street, Hoboken. The two Germans were formerly sailors in the employ of the Hamburg-American Line, and the soldier is said to have been in daily communication with them for several weeks.

The two Germans and the soldier were arrested by a Secret Service agent and Policeman William Christie of Hoboken. Christie traced Glaube and Pranz to a rooming house. He knew the men were sought by the Government and notified the Department of Justice. When Christie and the agent broke into the room they found the soldier with the Germans. The three men were taken to the office of Captain W. A. Craig, U. S. A., and after being questioned were brought to New York by a guard of soldiers. It was reported that the men were taken to Governors Island and locked up in Castle Williams, the military prison of the Eastern Department. None of the army officers or Federal officials conversant with the facts in the case would talk about it last night.

The Germans, it was said, were in the employ of the Consolidated Iron Company of Hoboken, a concern engaged in filling several large war contracts for the Government. Glaube, Pranz, and the soldier, it was said last night, might be tried by court-martial on Governors Island. If this should be the course followed, and the men were convicted of being spies, the court would have the power to impose the death penalty.

Other Arrests in Hoboken.

Government agents arrested seventy-six other men in Hoboken yesterday. Two of these men said they were American citizens, but this fact had not been established late last night. The other seventy-four admitted that they were German subjects. All were arrested for violating the President's barred-zone regulations, and with the exception of the two who said they were Americans were removed to Ellis Island last night.

It was said yesterday in Hoboken that the plants of the Remington Arms Company and of the Kuessel & Esser Company, the last named manufacturing periscopes for the Government, probably would be declared to be centres of barred zones. If this action is taken nearly all of Hoboken will pass under control of the Federal Government.

Sergeant Herbert Estey of the Signal Corps, U. S. A., at present under instruction in an airplane plant, last night arrested a man of the name of Harry Martin, and put him in charge of the Jersey City Police. Sergeant Estey, with twenty other soldiers of the Signal Corps, is quartered in the Court House Hotel in Jersey City. He told the police that he had heard Martin, who also lives in the Court House Hotel, say that if he, Martin, were not living in the same hotel where the soldiers were staying it would have been blown up long ago. The soldier said that he would present other evidence in court this morning tending to show that Martin had made seditious statements.

Charles Sullivan, a fireman on the steamship Delaware, had two men, Satien Bockleau and K. Pappos, arrested last night because, he said, they were acting in a suspicious manner about the Erie piers in Jersey City.

Thomas Welsh, the Sinn Fein overseas messenger, arrested two weeks ago by the Secret Service, in whose possession were found several messages from Sinn Fein agitators in Ireland to Sinn Fein leaders in this country, was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury yesterday on charges involving violations of the Espionage act. When arraigned before Judge Mayer in the Federal Court Welsh assumed a defiant air, and when asked if he had anything to say, replied:

"I would like to know if I am to be tried in the courts or in the newspapers."

"You will be tried in the courts of the United States," replied Judge Mayer, "and I wish to say to you that while

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VICTORY RESTS WITH SOLDIERS, SAYS CROWDER

Provost Marshal Challenges Those Who Regard Industry as Our Chief Weapon.

NOT A NATION OF SUTLERS

Declares We Shall Not Confine Our Efforts to Baking Bread and Sharpening Swords.

THANKS THE DRAFT BOARDS

Tells Them New Regulations Provide a Balance Between Economics and Recruiting.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Provost Marshal General Crowder sent to the 15,000 members of the local and district draft boards today an address dealing with the aims, accomplishments and the future of the selective service system. General Crowder reviewed the work of placing 687,000 recruits in the training camps under the first call, and emphasized the importance of the work to be done under the second call. Explaining what is expected of the boards under the new plan of examining the 7,500,000 registered men, General Crowder says the selective service system is as essential to the organization of the nation for unified service as to the army which it produces, and that this system must serve as the balance between the military and industrial needs of the nation and stand as a source of supply to the one and a shield of protection to the other.

"What is offered here," said the General, "is the basis for a nice balance between our two necessities." The raising of the army General Crowder holds to be paramount, and he declares that the industrial situation must be adjusted other than by shutting off recruitment. General Crowder challenges the contention of those who say we must win the war in the economic field, with the inference that the raising of an army is a side issue.

"A vast production on our farms and in our factories is necessary," says General Crowder, "in order to support military operations on the field of battle. But certainly no man can urge in this day of trial and sacrifice that this nation should deliberately neglect to make itself effective in the field of military operation on the plea that our greatest contribution to the cause of humanity is in attaining an economic supremacy.

"To do so would be to relegate the United States to the rôle of sutler of the fighting nations. We shall not confine our participation in this conflict to the baking of bread and the sharpening of swords of other men. This war will be won militarily on the devoted field of France. The blow that shatters the German line and extinguishes autocracy from the face of the earth will be the blow of man's right arm and not the insidious stroke of a shrewd trader."

Text of the Address.

General Crowder's address is in part as follows:

"Last July we were confronted with the necessity of placing 687,000 recruits in mobilization camps just as fast as the factories of the country could furnish uniforms and arms and the building enterprises of the nation could erect the sixteen great cantonments to receive them. The time limit was clearly defined. The necessity was pressing. We were committed to the principle of selection. The field of selection comprised nearly 10,000,000 men. Unquestionably, of these 10,000,000 there were some particular 687,000 of them whose taking would least interfere with the industrial and economic life of the nation. But in the very nature of things they could only have been searched out by examining the whole 10,000,000.

"There were two ways to do this. One was to make a graduated classification of men, placing in the first class those who of the whole 10,000,000 could best be spared; in the second class those who could next be spared, and so forth through all the classes. Another way was to make only two classes, but to so liberalize exemptions from the first class as to make it comprise only about 687,000 men. Both methods required more time than we had at our disposal, for we were warned that at about this time of the year the camps would be ready to receive, arm, and equip the first draft. It was very apparent that under no new and untried system could 10,000,000 men be examined in such a short time. In this state of affairs there was but one thing to do, and that thing we did. We established rules for exemption restrictive enough to permit us to produce 687,000 selectives in ten weeks' time and yet liberal enough to protect industries, farms, governmental organizations, and families from any very great hardship.

"Moving breathlessly, supported by the Governors of the States and by the members of our selection boards with a patriotism, devotion, and unselfish zeal that remains an inspiration to the nation, we have accomplished our purpose within the time limits at our disposal.

"We are in this war to attain victory. We have taken one great step, but it is only one step. As our military need for men grows, so will our industrial need for labor grow. We have backed the first increment of our armies out with a broadax because there was no time for greater refinement. We must pare future increments away with greater discrimination. The selective

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Imitations But Advertise the Genuine. When he says some other sausage is "as good" he makes Deerfoot the standard. Buy the standard, not the imitation.—Advt.

HEAVY FIGHTING CLOSE TO CAMBRAI; GERMANS RETAKE FONTAINE VILLAGE; BRITISH CLINCH THEIR OTHER BIG GAINS

Gain Greater Than in Three Months at Ypres; Byng Pierced German Lines 6½ Miles

LONDON, Nov. 22.—British troops, driving at Cambrai, have advanced to a depth of six and a half miles at the farthest point on a front of ten miles, said General F. B. Maurice, Chief Director of Military Operations, at the War Office today. This is a record advance in twenty-four hours on the western front, and is further than the progress made during three months' fighting at Ypres.

"We were able to give the Germans a surprise blow at Cambrai," said General Maurice, "because they had skimmed this sector like they did along the remainder of the line in order to prevent us from taking Passchendaele. After we took Passchendaele they brought up a division from the Russian front in an effort to retake it.

"The fighting in the Cambrai operation is all in the open, enabling the cavalry to assist the tanks and infantry. There are no German defenses prepared in this sector, and their next line evidently is beyond Cambrai.

"The Ypres-Cambrai battles must be linked together, because the former made posible the latter, and the men who fought at Ypres deserve as much credit for the success at Cambrai. Our operations are continuing satisfactorily."

General Maurice indicated that the British casualties were very considerably less than the number of prisoners taken (more than 9,000.)

LENINE DEPOSES NEW ARMY CHIEF

Gen. Dukhonin Refuses When Ordered to Offer Armistice to All Warring Nations.

ARMY MENACES KALEDINES

Ukrainian Government Said to Have Sent 150,000 Men to Suppress Cossack Leader.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 22, (British Admiralty, per Wireless Press.)—Nikolai Lenine and Ensign N. Kyrlenko, Commander in Chief of the new People's Commissaries of War, have issued a proclamation to the army and navy. The proclamation says:

"On Tuesday General Dukhonin was ordered to offer an armistice to all nations, allied and hostile. The message was received at headquarters Wednesday and General Dukhonin was instructed to keep the People's Commissaries continually informed as to the progress of the pourparlers and only to sign an agreement for an armistice after sanction by the commissaries had been received.

"Having received no answer from Dukhonin by Wednesday evening Dukhonin was asked the reason for his delay. He attempted many times to evade giving an explanation and a clear answer to orders. When a categorical order was sent, instructing him to offer, immediately and formally, an armistice for the purpose of commencing peace pourparlers, he refused to obey.

"General Dukhonin has been informed that he has been deposed from his functions for disobeying the Government and for conduct which is bringing unheard of sufferings to all the working masses and to all the country, especially to the armies. He has been ordered to continue his duties until the new Commander in Chief or any other person authorized by him, arrives to take command. Ensign Krylenko has been appointed the new Commander in Chief."

Soldiers Urged to Curb Generals.

The proclamation urges the soldiers not to allow revolutionary Generals to destroy the great work of peace. It says they must guard them well, so that lynch law cannot be used against them and so that the Generals cannot evade imminent justice.

The proclamation adds that the soldiers must observe the strongest revolutionary and military discipline. Regiments on frontal positions must elect immediately plenipotentiaries to begin formally peace pourparlers and on the progress of these they must inform the commissaries by all possible means. Only the Council of Commissaries has the right to sign a final agreement for an armistice.

It is asserted that the formal offer of an armistice to all the belligerents, which the Council of People's Commissaries of the All-Russian Workmen's and Soldiers' Congress plans to make, is not intended to forecast any effort toward a separate peace. It is declared that not only is a separate peace not desired, but that the rejection of the armistice proposal by Germany, even should it be acceptable to the Allies, would mean a continuation of the war by the new revolutionary army with vigor against German imperialism, until the German people, "inspired by Russian democratic ideas," overthrow their rulers and demand peace.

Confidence is expressed that Russia's initiative will bring the desired results, if not with the allied Governments, then through the insistence of the people of the allied countries, who, it is predicted, will bring pressure to bear on their Governments.

According to the Maximalist Government's plan, an armistice would be entered upon first, and, if it were successful for three months, a peace conference would be proposed, at which an attempt would be made to negotiate Russia's policy of a peace without annexations or indemnities and the self-determination of nations.

The electoral lists for the Constituent Assembly are being distributed today by the Town Council. There are nineteen shades of Socialist and Constitutional Democrats, the "Council of Cossack Troops," headed by General Kaledines; "The Party of the Union of Christian Democrats," "The Russian League of Equal Rights for Women," "The Wo-

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BRITISH CHEERED CONQUERING TANKS

Laughed as They Followed Their Ponderous Course and Saw Them Do Wonders.

FEW MACHINES DISABLED

Fierce Fighting Began When the Germans Recovered from Surprise.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Wednesday Night, Nov. 22.—English, Irish, and Scottish troops went behind the tanks in their massed drive toward Cambrai Tuesday and today, cheering them on, laughing and cheering when they saw them get at the German wire and eat it up and then head for the Hindenburg line and cross it as if it were but a narrow ditch.

Some of the German troops kept their nerve and served their machine guns, firing between the tanks at British infantry, but the tanks dealt with them and silenced them. Some of the German snipers fired at the British at a few yards and the infantry dealt with them masterfully. But, for the most part, the enemy broke as soon as the tanks were on them and fled or surrendered.

A few of the tanks had bad luck, and I saw these cripples this morning where they were overturned by shellfire or had become bogged. Elsewhere I saw one or two which had buried their noses deep into the soft earth and lay overturned or lay head downward over deep banks down which they had tried to crawl. But the tank casualties were light, and large numbers of them went ahead and fought all day up Flesquières Ridge and round the château of Havrincourt, where the enemy held out for some time, and across the bridges of Marcoing and Masnières and up to the neighborhood of Noyelles and Graincourt and beyond Ribecourt.

Isolated battalions of German infantry, belonging to the 20th Landwehr and the 54th and 9th Reserve Division, attempted counterattacks and fought bravely at Havrincourt château and in the Lateau Wood, on the right, and in Flesquières village, where the Highland Territorials were held up by fierce machine-gun fire.

Yesterday afternoon this defense of the village on the ridge was a serious impediment to the general advance, and a special attack was organized early this morning, which was carried out in a model way by the tanks and cavalry, and skirmishers of English and Scottish troops, and infantry following in open order.

The village seems to have been stormed this morning, and the ridge was cleared, as I found when I went up to Ribecourt, where German spiners still were concealed, firing at the British passing along the road.

Exploits of the Infantry.

All about Flesquière the fighting was fierce, and many gallant things were done by the Byng men, and especially by the Durham Light Infantry, which charged seven German guns in action which had been firing at point blank range on the advance tanks. The Durhams captured the guns and killed the gunners.

At Enrimy Chapel the West Yorks did a similar exploit, and with great heroism charged and captured three 77s.

Before 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon the crossings at Marcoing and Masnières had been secured, and British troops were moving forward, steadily gathering in parties of prisoners and occupying villages. In at least three of these villages they found numbers of French civilians, who came out rejoicing to meet their liberators. About 450 of these people were found in Masnières, and I am told that in another village there were more than a thousand. Many of them are now on their way back to safety behind the lines.

By 5:30 o'clock English troops, who

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FOE BEGINS COUNTERATTACKS

Most German Efforts to Regain Lost Ground Prove Vain.

BYNG GAINS AT BULLECOURT

And Early Reports Suggested His Troops Were Edging Forward Elsewhere.

PRISONERS EXCEED 9,000

Cavalry, Infantry, and Tanks Are Still Actively Engaged in Action.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—Following their imposing success in the thrust at Cambrain on Tuesday and Wednesday, General Byng's troops spent today largely in consolidating the positions on their new front.

But at the apex of the broad wedge, driven with such force into the German lines, hard fighting was in progress around Fontaine Notre Dame, a little village about two and three-quarter miles west of Cambrai, on the road to Bapaume.

This place was carried by the British troops last night, thus putting them a trifle nearer to Cambrai than they were at Cantaing, a mile or so to the southward. The German troops, however, having recovered finally from the shock of the British blow, and received fresh reinforcements, came back and by a strong counterassault drove the British from the village.

There have been violent encounters at many other points, notably at Noyelles and Rumilly, across the Scheldt Canal. Here the persistent German attacks failed.

Outside of this fighting, which at some points was hand-to-hand, the British were able to make some slight gains. In the Bullecourt region on the left, however, they were able to make a considerable advance between Bullecourt and Fontaine-les-Crossille. The prisoners already counted numbered more than 9,000, according to the Reuter correspondent at British Headquarters.

Report Cripples Fight Under Whips.

A dispatch to The Associated Press from British Army headquarters today says:

"The Germans have been drawing troops from other sectors and rushing them to the Cambrai region.

"Among them were two companies of cripples and convalescents, some of whom were captured exhausted and helpless from valiant attempts to fight under the whips of their officers."

"The British this morning were battling their way forward less than three miles west of Cambrai after breaking into the enemy's last defense line at Anneux and Cantaing yesterday. They were drawing in on Bourlon Wood, which dominates the entire section, including Cambrai. British cavalry, tanks, and infantry were today operating along a line running from west of Cambrai to the south of that town.

"Meanwhile the offensive had been successfully prosecuted on the left, and in the region of Bullecourt the German line had been pushed back considerably, thereby widening the salient which the British drove into the enemy territory to the south and southwest of Cambrai. The attack around Bullecourt was a complete success and something like 700 prisoners were captured here.

"Sanguinary hand-to-hand fighting has taken place at many points. During the night three German counterattacks in Noyelles and Rumilly were beaten off, and another thrust by the enemy near Bullecourt was smashed.

"The number of prisoners is increasing steadily. Large contingents have been coming back during the early morning hours.

"This morning the cavalry, tanks, and infantry were at work at many points west and south of Cambrai, less than three miles from the outskirts of the town."

Another correspondent indicates that as a result of the British gains the retreat of the Germans intrenched between the Bapaume-Cambrai Road and the Scarpe River may be seriously threatened.

The night report from British headquarters reads:

On the southern battlefront the day has been spent in consolidating the large area over which our troops advanced during the last two days. This has been successfully carried out (except at Fontaine Notre Dame, which the enemy has retaken by a counterattack.

Much credit is due to the transportation service for the rapidity with which the concentration for the operations of the last few days was effected. Roads and railways, both broad gauge and light, have been developed and, since the advance extended in a manner which has contributed largely to the success of our preparations and subsequent operations.

On the northern battle front the artillery activity was intense in the neighborhood of Passchendaele, but no infantry action was developed by either side.

The day report says:

Moving forward north of Cantaing yesterday evening, our troops attacked and captured the village of Fontaine Notre Dame. They took a number of prisoners.

Foe Gained a Little, Says Berlin.

BERLIN, Nov. 22, (via London.)—The battle southwest of Cambrai is continuing, Army Headquarters announced to-

day. The enemy, the statement asserts, did not succeed in breaking through, although he gained a little ground beyond the German front lines.

It is stated that on the west bank of the Scheldt the Germans drove back the British to Anneux and Fontaine, and that on the east bank of the river the British were forced back into their former positions south of Rumilly.

The bulletin reads:

In Flanders the artillery duel was restricted to a disturbing fire, which only increased in violence in the evening between Poelcappelle and Passchendaele. Thrusts by British detachments north of Lens and south of the Scarpe were repulsed.

There was a strong increase in the firing yesterday morning near Bienvourt. It was followed by minor British attacks, which collapsed under our fire.

The battle southwest of Cambrai continues. By the massed use of tanks and infantry and by launching his cavalry the enemy sought to effect a break through, which was denied him on the first day's attack. He did not succeed in his objective. Although he was able to gain a little ground beyond our front lines he was not able to attain greater successes.

The enemy troops, which were effectively caught by the fire of our artillery and machine guns and greatly thinned, encountered the counter-thrust of our brave infantry.

On the western bank of the Scheldt our troops drove back the enemy to Anneux and Fontaine, and on the eastern bank to his positions of departure south of Rumilly.

Before and behind our line, distributed over the whole battlefield, lies the wreckage of tanks which have been shot to pieces. Our aviators and motor guns took a prominent part in their destruction.

At nightfall fighting activity on the battlefield diminished. South of Vendhuille the enemy did not repeat his attacks.

The supplementary report from General Headquarters this evening says:

Southwest of Cambrai fresh British attacks, delivered after strong artillery preparation, failed.

Say British Used 150 to 200 Tanks.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 22.—A Berlin dispatch quotes the Lokal Anzeiger as saying that the British used 150 to 200 tanks in their advance on Cambrai.

GERMANS SLOW TO RECOVER.

Counterattacks on Wednesday Weak and Gunfire Futile.

By The Associated Press.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Wednesday, Nov. 21.—Field Marshal Haig's blow against the Cambrai front represents true strategy. He had hammered at the enemy in Flanders until they were worn out completely. He had driven them back as far as the mud would permit and had compelled them to call on every ounce of strength they had to maintain themselves. Then he suddenly sprang a surprise attack in an unexpected quarter.

The Hindenburg lines on the Cambrai front were the strongest the Germans had laid out in the west. Not only were they strongly fortified, but they were protected by a deep belt of barbed wire which it was thought that only a protracted bombardment by great concentration of guns would cut sufficiently to allow infantry to go through.

British tanks did in a few hours what the artillery would have required days to accomplish. The Hindenburg line was pierced on a wide front and to a greater depth than ever before.

The correspondent today inspected the main Hindenburg line near Havrincourt and saw the amazing work done by the iron monsters. In most places they had no trouble in tearing through the wire or crossing trenches. There were gaps in the wire entanglements a rod wide, where not one vestige of wire was left standing. By following the tracks of the tanks one could see where they had trundled across the trenches as if they were scratches in the ground instead of wide and deep ditches.

The tanks went through No Man's Land under full observation of the German artillery. It was interesting to follow their trail and see where shells had struck all about, apparently without doing any damage. In this whole section the correspondent did not see one tank that had been knocked out.

The condition of the German trenches showed plainly that the occupants had abandoned them in a hurry. All sorts of equipment and personal belongings strewed the ground.

Since the beginning of the attack the German gunfire has been extremely weak. No Man's Land showed comparatively few shell craters today and this morning the British guns were doing virtually all the firing along most of the front involved. This is a striking contrast to the Flanders region, which has been an inferno of artillery fire for weeks.

The Germans have attempted few counterattacks thus far and all of them have been smashed. A counterthrust, made last night near Demicourt, was dealt with promptly.

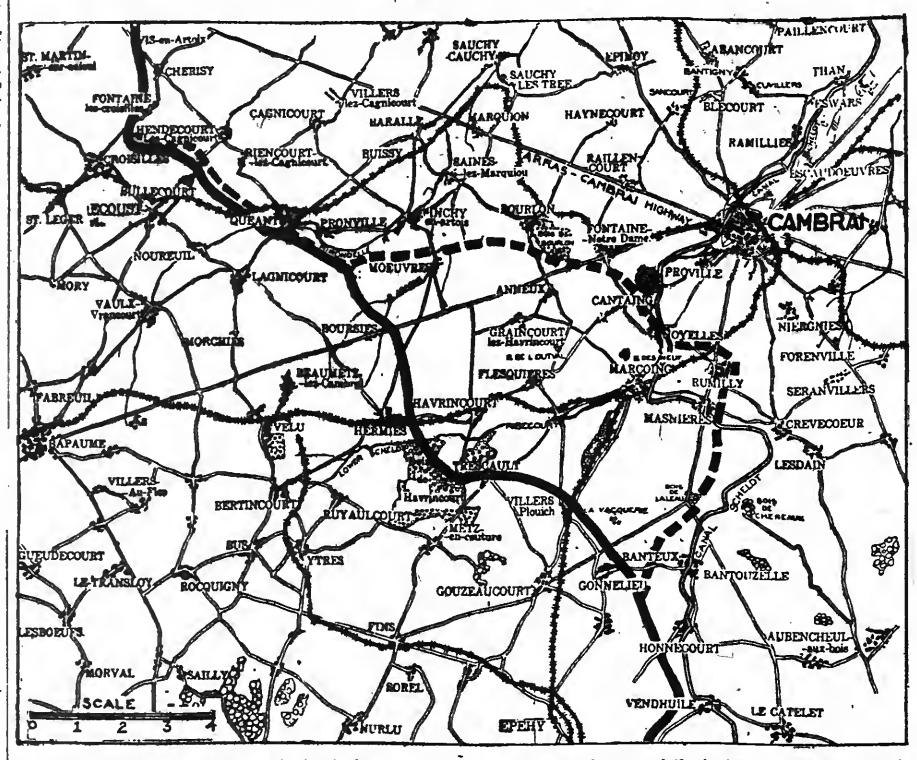
A particularly hard hand-to-hand engagement took place this morning at Plesquières, when the infantry, accompanied by tanks, stormed the place. The fighting began last night, but it was not until about 8 o'clock today that the British made an organized assault on the town.

The cavalry got into Marcoing and Masnières last night, and in the latter town engaged in sanguinary battle with German infantry. An enemy battery there was giving trouble, and a squad of horsemen charged the position, shooting or sabring the entire gun crew. Another battery at Rumilly was taken in similar fashion. Graincourt was carried by storm, cavalry, tanks, and infantry working together.

The Germans ran from Ribecourt with the British close at their heels. This town is a mass of ruins, partly on account of shellfire and partly from lack of repairs. The German dugouts were left intact.

The occupation of Marcoing and Masnières gave the British needed crossings on the Scheldt River and Canal, which formed a natural barrier to the advance from this direction. Cavalry, infantry, and tanks poured immediately across these passages and proceeded northward.

Where the British Struck Their Greatest Blow in War.



The solid black line indicates the battle front before Tuesday's advance began and the broken line the approximate position of the contesting forces at present. Chief activity yesterday centred in the area west and southwest of Cambrai, where the Germans managed to regain Fontaine Notre Dame, which the British won on Wednesday night.

BERLIN CALLS BATTLE A GERMAN VICTORY

Newspaper Accounts Say British Attacks Were Repulsed with Heavy Losses.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 22.—None of the German papers available here makes any comment on the typical Ludendorff statement in which the story of the big German defeat on the west front is watered down for home consumption. This statement is accompanied merely by an official description which throws even Ludendorff's caution to the winds.

This description speaks of the repulse of the British attacks, with very heavy losses and slight initial gains of ground, which, despite all efforts, could not be increased. The whole account is that of a big German victory.

The German censor and newspapers are indeed very busy these days suppressing things. Not a single Berlin newspaper, for instance, includes in the otherwise very full report of Lloyd George's speech his reference to five submarines being destroyed in one day. Most newspapers, too, suppressed the news of the capture of Jaffa.

LONDON BELLS PEAL TODAY.

Cambrai Victory Will Be Celebrated by the City.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—London will celebrate Field Marshal Haig's Cambrai victory at noon tomorrow when the bells in all the city churches will be rung, flags will be flown, and buildings dressed with bunting. This will be the first time since the war began that bells have rung for any rejoicing.

England has taken the victory quietly. This morning, despite the big headlines and eulogistic articles in the newspapers and the feelings of quiet exultation evidenced in private, people went about their business as usual.

Unlike the Englishmen of South African war days, when the capture of a town, the release of a garrison, or the defeat of a handful of Boers was made the occasion of street demonstrations, those of today take the victories soberly and content themselves with the expectation of bigger things to come.

It is generally known that all has not been told of the extent of the victory in France. Popular feeling was stirred by the news that the cavalry had been in action, not only in clearing the battlefield as it had done on several occasions the last year, but in charging artillery and infantry and widening the breach in the German line, long acclaimed as "impregnable."

SILENCES THE PESSIMISTS.

London Expects Byng's Success to Lead to Bigger Things.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—London is taking the victory of Cambrai with a species of grim satisfaction.

Byng's brilliant operations are at once a great encouragement and a timely rebuke to the pessimists and doubters who regarded the great western campaign as a vain hammering at a locked door.

"The impenetrable barrier in the west" has been broken through at what was held to be its strongest point.

General F. B. Maurice today refrained from the discussion of the possibilities which Byng's coup opened up, but in other quarters speculation on this score is keen. The Germans unquestionably are massing reserves to dispute the British advance, and the severest fighting is likely; but for the moment, at least, it is open warfare, and the Germans have no further system of fixed defenses on the westward side of Cambrai.

A continued advance on Cambrai would place that important railway junction in British hands, and the present positions, if held, will make it possible to cause considerable embarrassment to German communications by gunfire.

PREPARED IN QUICK TIME.

Not a Sign of Great Movement of Troops Three Days Before Drive.

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Nov. 21, Via London, (By the Canadian Press, Limited.)—The great British advance toward Cambrai has electrified the allied forces on the western front. Nowhere has the striking success of General Byng and his army been greeted with greater enthusiasm than by the Canadian corps. None of the congratulations pouring in upon him are more sincere than those from the Canadian forces, whom he commanded so ably.

So well was the secret of the advance kept that it was not until the afternoon of the attack that a whisper ran from division to division, that the army of their old leader was striking on the south. By evening, when the success of the attack was known, Canadians in Flanders were jubilant.

Within a month, France, to the north, had shown her mettle and repudiated the slander of those who said her strength was broken. Canada and Britain, at Passchendaele, had stormed positions of great value to the enemy and completed their hold on the ridges that threatened his command of the Belgian Coast and Flanders. Now in the south, the troops of the United Kingdom have broken their way through the enemy's defenses for gains, never before equalled on the western front in the same length of time. Neither the confusion of Russia, nor the ordeal of Italy, it is felt, can offset the importance of these thirty days' developments on the western front.

Three days ago the Canadian Press correspondent visited Arras, Bapaume and Albert to see the old Canadian battlefields of the Somme. No movement of troops, equipment or supplies marked the road. Outward indications signified the stagnation of Winter. Only the numerous airplanes and an occasional shell suggested war.

There was nothing to tell that, night after night, men had been moved up, guns advanced and supplies rushed forward. Germany's Secret Service spies were outwitted.

FRENCH ATTACKING, BERLIN REASSERTS

But Paris Chronicles Only Heavy Gunfire and an Aisne Check to the Foe.

BERLIN, Nov. 22, (via London.—A renewed report that French troops on the Aisne are making a serious drive in connection with the British thrust at Cambrai is contained in today's headquarters statement. The bulletin reads:

Front of the German Crown Prince: In connection with the British attack, the French also began strong thrusts against our positions between Craonne and Berry-au-Bac. There was violent firing later, which continued throughout the day with only a short interruption.

Northeast of the Ville-au-Bois a French nest remained. In other sectors the enemy was repulsed by our fire, and at points where he had penetrated was driven back in hand-to-hand fighting.

A strong French detachment, which penetrated our line on the southern front of St. Quentin, was thrown out in a counterthrust.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—The Germans last night made a counterattack on the Aisne front in an endeavor to recapture the ground won by the French in yesterday's offensive. The War Office announces that the enemy was repulsed with serious losses. The bulletin reads:

West of the Miette River heavy artillery fighting continued through the night. The Germans delivered a counterattack against our new positions south of Juvincourt. It was repulsed by our fire and cost the enemy serious losses. The number of prisoners taken in yesterday's operation has reached 400, of whom 9 are officers.

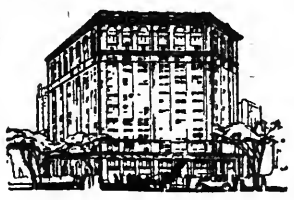
Several raids on our small posts, near Bethey, north of Hill 344, and in the region of Epargee, were without success. We carried out yesterday and last night several expeditions into the German lines, south of St. Quentin, north of Vauxaillon, north of Ailles, and in the region of Tahure and Maisons de Champagne. We destroyed shelters and brought back prisoners and several machine guns.

Everywhere else the night was calm.

The War Office announcement tonight reads:

During the course of the day the artillery fighting took on the character of quite marked intensity in the region north of the Chemin des Dames, between the Aisne and the Miette, and at various points on our Champagne front. An enemy attack on our posts in the sector of Maisons de Champagne failed.

On the right bank of the Meuse the artillery action was violent about midafternoon in the sector north of Chambrettes.



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BRITISH CHEERED CONQUERING TANKS

Continued from Page 1.

had been fighting heavily in Lateau Wood, had cleared this position and snipers had been mopped up in Ribecourt. It was reported that cavalry had reached Nine Wood and Noyelles, where the enemy fled at the approach of the tanks.

At 8:30 in the evening a counterattack was reported upon the English troops on the left, and then came an account of a charge of cavalry near Noyelles, when they took forty prisoners and brought in guns. Fighting ceased for the most part of the night, which closed in upon the British infantry and cavalry and tanks, but after this morning dawned they were all on the move again, going forward still further into this strange open country, where grass grows and the woods are living and French civilians are in villages which until yesterday were well behind the German lines and almost untouched by shellfire.

On the left of this advance today there was heavy fighting, and when I was in that neighborhood soon after earth had lightened for day, there was an incessant sweep of machine-gun fire, never ceasing for hours, as the tanks engaged the enemy's machine guns and redoubts and the cavalry and infantry swept toward those positions.

Behind the lines the army was on move and every man was working with new spirit and energy because of the movement and was filled with enthusiasm because of the wonderful surprise to the enemy in his strongest lines.

Surprise Pleased the Troops.

It was the effect of surprise in this battle that pleased the British troops most. "This is the sort of war we like," they said. "We have caught old Fritz bending down for once."

That surprise and the absence of high explosives from hostile artillery seemed to bring back for once the old style of war, when it was great, though always bloody, adventure.

It was a great adventure to me, one ant among these thousands of soldier ants, to cross the Hindenburg main line and the Hindenburg support line, to jump down into those deep, wide, strong trenches which the Germans believed to be an impregnable barrier against their foe; to walk through gaps in the barbed wire, rolled down by tanks, and to go with the cavalry up to Ribecourt.

"It seemed difficult to believe that until yesterday all this country was the enemy's, that until this morning he was still in the village below which I passed, and that he was still fighting very close with his snipers about. The British guns were not firing very much and not a shot came from hostile batteries—not a single shot—and there was only the unceasing noise of that machine-gun fire with its wicked hammering, its sudden spasms, its long blasts like the rushing of flames.

"It was dead quiet in Ribecourt Village, though snipers were found about it, I was told. When I drew near to it, I wondered to see such a place in the battlefields. It was not like the 'villages' of the Somme and Flanders. It had real houses standing, real walls, real roofs, little red brick houses and villas, old gray barns and whitewashed farmsteads, gardens, and garden gates. It seemed quite untouched by war at a thousand yards, but when I went closer and then north I saw that this was partly an illusion and that there were shellholes in the walls and in the roofs, and that some of the houses were gutted, and that it had been unhealthy enough under the British guns to drive the enemy's garrison underground into deep dugouts and concreted tunnels.

"I went down into these places and saw how the enemy had left all his goods behind him in his flight—his machine guns and ammunition, his revolvers and field glasses, now the property of English and Scottish soldiers; his picture postcards, and even his love letters.

"One dugout I went into had been a machine gun redoubt, very strong and well built, and arranged perfectly for comfort and defense. Nine prisoners were dragged out of this place, but somehow they had managed to destroy or hide their machine guns, though not the accessories and ammunition of their weapons.

"Everywhere in the village were German notices and signboards and orders. Everywhere was the spirit of that German discipline and system, which was suddenly broken in Ribecourt after the triumphant progress of the tanks.

"I have no time to talk more of what I saw today and yesterday, strange, unforgettable pictures of war in the open, but I would like to finish my message with a tribute to General Sir Julian Byng and all the officers under his command who devised and organized this bold adventure, a strategy, real strategy of a most brilliant character, and kept it secret until the attack was launched by most skillful plans.

"To General Sir Julian Byng, who commanded the Canadians before and after the capture of Vimy Ridge, before he succeeded General Allenby to the command of the Third Army and to his staffs of the army and the corps, a great share in the honor of these days is due as well as to those officers and the men who are now going through the rain and mists in this new phase of open warfare."

ALLIES' WAR TIES ONLY TEMPORARY

Those Made Since Conflict Began End When Peace Comes, Says Cecil.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—Replying in the House of Commons today to a comprehensive question concerning alliances between the Allies and the advisability of a league of nations to establish a covenant of peace between the Allies and other nations and secure disarmament, Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of Blockade, denied the existence of any alliance between the United States and Great Britain for co-operation in the present war, or that any alliances would be operative after the termination of the war except those with Japan and Portugal, which existed before the war.

"As to the questions with regard to a league of nations," he continued, "I may say that his Majesty's Government are in complete accord with President Wilson in his desire for the formation of a league of nations to prevent war in the future. But they are of the opinion that the present moment is inopportune for discussions of the kind suggested. It is rather the duty of the Allies to concentrate all their energies on bringing the war to a successful conclusion and to leave such questions for settlement later."

Kaiser Approves Suffrage Bill.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 22.—A dispatch from Berlin says Emperor William has approved bills for Prussian suffrage reform and for changes in the composition of the upper house of the Prussian Parliament. The dispatch adds that the bills will be introduced in the Diet soon.

Record Production

American production is continuing at record speed.

Dividends of 37 Fall River cotton mills for 1917 have reached the new high record of $4,197,109, an increase of $1,847,117 over the year 1916.

Anthracite shipments for the first ten months of 1917 were 64,889,047 tons, an increase of 9,088,427 tons over 1916.

The latest corn crop estimate is 3,191,083,000 bushels, the largest in the nation's history.

Banking facilities must keep pace with general business progress and its increased requirements. The Citizens National Bank is strictly a commercial bank and has ample equipment to meet the unusual mercantile demands now existing.

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The Company has been designated as Depositary of Public Moneys both in New York and Paris by the United States Treasury Department.

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Relief !!!

IMPORTANT ENTERPRISE.

Professor Franklin H. Giddings of Columbia University says of Current History Magazine, published monthly by The New York Times: "I have followed the successive issues of the magazine with keen interest, and I regard it as an enterprise of first rate importance. It is preserving for the future material which would otherwise certainly disappear from knowledge." 25 cents a copy—$3 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

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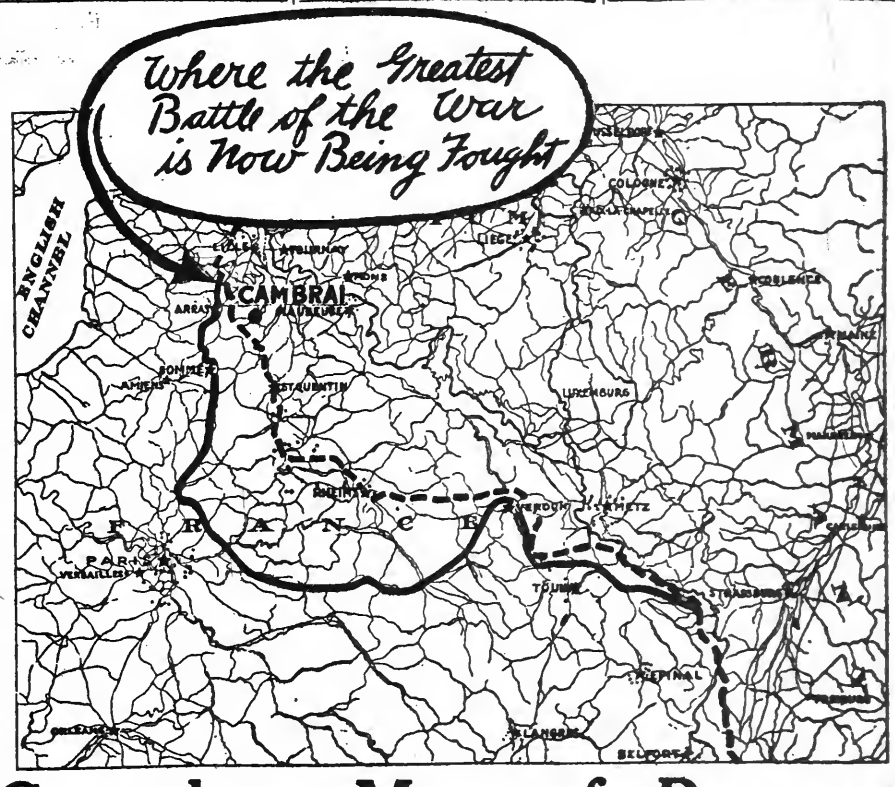

Complete Map of Present Fighting Zones

The greatest battle of the war is now being fought. The outcome of the present fighting may prove a greater blow to the Germans than the recent Italian disaster was for the Allies. The capture of Cambrai—which the Allies are shelling—will force the evacuation of hundreds of square miles—and may end in a rout that will stun the Central Powers. But in order to understand why this battle is so important you must have a complete map of the present Western Front fighting zones—a map that shows every town and hamlet now being fought for.

The illustration above is a reproduction of the most complete single map of the Western Front ever published. It is 28 x 36 inches in size, but folds into a convenient cover, 6¼ x 7½ inches, just right to be carried conveniently in the pocket for frequent consultation. It is printed on excellent paper, and can be had mounted on cloth, if desired, at slight extra cost.

Most existing maps of the Western Front are valueless because they are not indexed, or because they do not contain the smaller places.

Over 7,000 Villages, Towns and Hamlets.

On this new map there are shown more than 7,000 places. The State of Illinois contains about the same number of square miles as shown on this map, and in Illinois there are less than 1700 places of 100 or more inhabitants.

In addition to over 7000 towns, villages and hamlets, this new map gives all woods, fortresses, fortified towns, naval arsenals, forts, redoubts, batteries, aircraft depots, wireless stations and railways. The forests and woods are indicated in green, giving the map an attractive appearance, and adding a strategical feature of importance.

The scale of the map is 10 miles to the inch. It extends west to Ashford, England; north to Antwerp, Belgium; east to Frankfort, Germany; and south to Orleans, France.

It shows for comparison the battle line of 1914, when the Germans were almost at the gates of Paris. The ground gained by the Allies, therefore, may be plainly seen.

It is without exception the most satisfactory map of the Western Front which has been engraved. It has been prepared especially to throw light on movements as they occur. It may be examined with ease, for the type is bold and clean cut.

A Complete Index Makes Locating Easy.

An index of towns and villages accompanying a map of this kind has been proven an absolute necessity. The smaller towns are the ones usually mentioned in the news dispatches. They are not to be found *on ordinary maps*, and the locations of most of them were, and still are, utterly unknown to the general public, but *unless their locations are known* their strategical importance cannot be grasped.

Nothing is more unsatisfactory than searching all over the map for a small place that may and may not appear upon it. However, the loss of time and patience is now at an end, for the index which accompanies this map makes it vastly more useful and valuable. The index contains over 7,000 names. An idea of the importance of this statement may be gained from the fact that 80 per cent. of the war maps available today contain less than 500 names. This index is bound in with the map, and enables one to locate instantly any one of the 7,000 places mentioned.

Send No Money.

The great value of this map is so apparent that a copy will be sent on approval, without a penny in advance. If, after examining this map, you decide that it is worth only $1.00 for the plain, or $2.00 for the cloth-backed map. If not delighted with the map and index simply return it and you will owe nothing. With America actively engaged in the war—with American troops already in France and thousands more going, interest in the Great War is more vital than ever, and Americans will want to follow every change in the situation from day to day.

To intelligently read your newspaper, you must know the location of the various towns, vantage points and other places mentioned. This map will return to you many times its cost in your clearer understanding of conditions. *Every real American will have constant use of this map during the coming months.*

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LENINE DEPOSES NEW ARMY CHIEF

Continued from Page 1.

men's Union of Aid for the Country," and "The United Orthodox Parishes of Petrograd."

PARIS, Nov. 22.—"The proclamation of the commissaries of the people to open up negotiations for an armistice can in no way be considered as coming from the Government of the country," said M. Makiakoff, the new Russian Ambassador, to the Temps. "The present régime lacks both legal title and recognition by the country. It can commit acts of violence, treason, and cowardice, but it cannot govern. Its object is to increase anarchy in the army, rather than to conclude an armistice."

M. Makiakoff expressed the hope that the rebirth of Russia would come from the ever-increasing disintegration in the north and the concentration of the forces in the south.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAPARANDA, Nov. 22.—It is reported on good authority that the Ukrainian Rada has dispatched an army against Kaledines, consisting of Ukrainian infantry and soldiers of the Red Guard and numbering 150,000 men. Forces have been sent out to take Kaledines in the rear and secure the victory of the new revolution.

General Krasnov, who surrendered with Kerensky's troops outside Petrograd, has been sent to negotiate with the Cossack leader.

CHAOS IN RUSSIA IS GETTING WORSE

Monopoly in Advertisements—How Attempt to Get Bank's 10,000,000 Rubles Failed.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 21.—This combination of the sixteenth and twentieth centuries grows disconcerting. One has to develop new mental kinks to secure a grip on the situation. Russia is now made up of incoherent, complex, diverse political units, which are neither at war nor at peace with each other, which are connected by the old administrative and economic mechanism, but which recognize no central Government and have temporarily lost the secret of combination.

The habit of thinking in terms of Russia continues and is not easily eradicated, even by the whirlwind that has dissipated the central authority. Transcaucasia is governed by a local committee of moderate Socialists, and the Caucasian Army has just won a considerable victory over the Turks on the River Diala, on the borders of Mesopotamia, taking 1,600 prisoners. Kaledines's Government is master of the southeastern Cossack territories. In Kiev after a few days' fighting the staff escaped from the town, and the Ukrainian Rada took entire political and military charge of Ukraine, their Minister promising to see to supplies for the southwestern front. In Helsingfors during a general strike the Socialists seized all Government institutions, and have established what they call the Red Government, and here in Petrograd we are living in wonderland.

That elusive and variable quantity, the Bolshevik Government, daily issues proclamation and decrees. Its latest effort is a decree establishing Government monopoly of advertisements; that is to say, advertisements are only to be published in Soviet papers, and the penalty for disobedience is entire confiscation of the property and three years' imprisonment. Yet, in spite of all these stern prohibitions, the papers are creeping out one by one. All the Socialist papers are published daily. A Black paper has reappeared. The popular non-party sheets, Listok and Gazeta, are now immune, and it is only the big non-Socialist organs, the Reeh, Bourse Gazette, and Novoe Vremya that are still under the ban; but the printers' union is threatening a general strike if the ban is no lifted.

The State Bank continues to be the scene of bloodless warfare. At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the Bolshevik Minister of Finance came to the bank with four soldiers and an order from Milrevcom for 100,000 rubles. One of the soldiers of the guard told him, "This is brigandage," to which the Minister replied, "That is a strong expression." Soon a detachment of soldiers, sailors, and Red Guard appeared with band playing and tried to enter the bank, but the Bolshevik Commander in Chief, Colonel Muravieff, was summoned and agreed that the guard be not removed.

Delegates from the regimental committees met in the bank, where two documents were read, one an order from Muravieff appointing Captain Mironoff commander of the detachment sent to open up the bank, and the other a proclamation from Milrevcom to the bank employes. The assistant director of the bank pointed out that this proclamation was unsigned, whereupon the Bolshevik Minister of Finance took a pen and signed it. Then a representative of the Peasants' Council read a resolution protesting against the criminal campaign of the Bolsheviki, and a representative of the Government department where paper money is manufactured declared that if an attempt were made to rob the bank all the workmen of the department would strike.

Eventually Muravieff went to the Smolny Institute, explained the circumstances, and returned with a resolution from the Bolshevik Government to the effect that in view of the fact that the demand for the money was not legally formulated the question would be left open and the demand would not be repeated until it could be made in legal form. The soldiers on guard declared that they would only admit to the bank persons legally authorized.

The minds of the Bolshevik followers are exercised by the question of the promised immediate peace. To calm them a long confused report on the peace situation was issued in the Pravda today by a new arrival, one Radek, representative of the Stockholm Bolsheviki and an intimate associate of Parvus. The report includes a proclamation from the German independent Socialists urging a mass demonstration in favor of immediate peace, and a leading article from the Leipziger Volkszeitung to a similar sense.

More important than the assertion, for the entire accuracy of which it is unwise to vouch, that the Scheidemann group sent a delegate to Stockholm to confer with the Russian Socialists there, and that as a result of the negotiations the delegate declared that the German majority Socialists wished the Russian workers to know that the majority party was prepared to support the demand for an armistice and peace negotiations on the lines laid down in the Bolsheviki decree. Scheidemann and Ebert were to begin a campaign on these lines last Sunday.

What all this means only experts in Stockholm diplomacy and in the psychology of Parvus and his associates can approximately determine.

LOOKS FOR CIVIL WAR.

Kerensky's Secretary Sure Bolsheviki Cannot Keep Power.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 22.—Dr. David Soskice, the well-known journalist, who was Kerensky's private secretary and managed to leave Russia with his passport as an English newspaper correspondent, has left Stockholm for London. Before his departure I had an opportunity of talking with him.

He told me that when he left Petrograd last Friday the situation was very bad. The Bolsheviki had the power in their hands and consequently civil war was inevitable. He thought, however, the situation would soon change for the better, because the Bolsheviki were supported only by the ignorant masses whom they had won over not merely, and by promising to make an effort for peace, but by a definite pledge that a Bolsheviki victory meant immediate peace. They also promised to the workers full control over industry and to the peasants immediate possession of the land.

The more intelligent, however, among the workers, peasants, and soldiers would have nothing to do with the Bolsheviki, who maintained the power only by use of the most brutal methods of terrorism. Dr. Soskice told how they had stifled speech by prohibiting the whole non-Bolshevik press and allowing only Bolshevik speakers. From the outset the Bolsheviki, he said, had been thoroughly detested by every section save the ignorant masses, who implicitly believed their new masters were about to lead them into paradise. On the whole, Soskice was inclined to give the Bolsheviki a month's run before their collapse.

Already a pernicious effect had been wrought upon the fighting front. Before the Bolshevik coup a scheme was being put into operation for the organization of a volunteer army to replace the war-weary troops at the front and carry on defense of the country. Dr. Soskice asserted that a voluntary army could easily be raised that would be adequate at least for the purpose of defense. It would probably be unfitted for an offensive war on a full scale, but would certainly be good enough to tie the enemy down to the eastern front.

In Russia he said there still existed a deep and sincere sense of the urgency of national defense. A Socialist Ministry would, in his opinion, be formed probably without any Bolshevik in it. He could not say for certain that Kerensky would be a member of this Socialist Government, but he thought it would be a very good thing if Kerensky were made Foreign Minister. The first duty of such a Government would be to restore order. It would then be its next duty to persuade the Allies to make a clear and precise statement of war aims, if only to defeat the double game of the German propaganda.

"Where is Kerensky?" I asked.

"I do not know. I saw him last the night before the Winter Palace was captured by the Bolsheviki. Probably he is on his way to Petrograd at the head of an army. The reason for Kerensky's defeat at Tsarskoe and Gatchina was an ultimatum by the railway men. They threatened to proclaim a general strike unless fighting immediately stopped. Kerensky thereupon declared his willingness to negotiate, and sent representatives to Petrograd.

"The railroad men's refusal to transport troops was directed formally against both sides, but in fact only Kerensky, who had to obtain his reinforcements from the front, was hit. The Bolsheviki had breathing space to organize their forces in Petrograd, and when the fighting re-started they had in this fashion obtained the upper hand."

As for Kaledines, Soskice pointed out that the Cossack leader was organizing the south. It was probable, however, that the Cossacks would be unwilling to go further.

In answer to a question as to whether German officers had been in the Bolsheviki General Staff, Soskice said he had heard rumors to that effect, but had been unable to ascertain whether they were true.

KEEP RUSSIA IN TURMOIL.

German Agents Busy Among Working Classes and Peasants.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—German agents in Russia are busy sowing seeds of discontent among the working classes in Petrograd, Moscow, and other centres and also are seeking to incite ignorant peasants to revolution.

Word to this effect reached the State Department through unofficial sources. The purpose of the Germans, who are becoming extremely active and are working almost in the open, it was said, is to prevent the re-establishment of a stable Government.

The department has no evidence of a convincing nature, however, it was declared, that Nikolai Lenine, the self-styled leader and self-appointed head of the Bolsheviki Administration, is in Germany's pay or is in direct contact with German agents. The view is held at the Russian Embassy here that Lenine, while incapable of organizing a Government that will command respect, is not a tool of Germany, at least not consciously so. He is said to be moved by his own misconception and peculiar principles.

A cablegram received from Ambassador Francis today announced that all Americans were safe and uninjured. The message, dated the 20th, said eighteen Americans had left Petrograd on a special car over the Siberian Railway, but that the American colony at Moscow had decided to remain there.

ITALIANS LOSE TWO MOUNTAINS

Austro-Germans Capture Fontana Secca and Spinoncia, on the Northern Front.

INVADERS HELD ELSEWHERE

Repeated Attacks with Massed Picked Troops Repulsed in the Hill Country.

FOE'S SUPERIORITY 3 TO 2

This Proportion Obtains on All Fronts—Only 700 Austrians Left Alive at Zenson.

ROME, Nov. 22.—The Austro-Germans invading Northern Italy yesterday reached a few of the Italian outstanding positions on the Italian advanced lines on Monte Fontana Secca, but elsewhere the Teutons were repulsed, the War Office announced today.

The text of the Italian statement reads:

Yesterday the enemy launched several attacks between the Brenta and the Piave Rivers. He was sanguinarily repulsed with the bayonet at the barrier lines of San Marino, where he left prisoners and machine guns in our hands, and at Monte Pertica, where he fruitlessly renewed the attack three times. He was arrested completely by artillery fire at Monte Monfenera. A few outstanding elements of our advanced lines on Monte Fontana Secca were reached.

In the early hours of last night enemy masses on the Asiago plateau attacked our positions at Casera and Meletta d'Avanti, but our troops, offering heroic resistance and counter-attacking promptly, drove them back to the positions whence they started.

BERLIN, Nov. 22, (via London.)—The summits of Monte Fontana Secca and Monte Spinoncia, on the Northern Italian front, between the Brenta and Piave Rivers, have been captured, it is announced officially. The afternoon report of the War Office, containing this intelligence, says:

Tyrolese Imperial riflemen and Württemberger troops have taken by storm the summits of Monte Fontana Secca and Monte Spinoncia, between the Brenta and the Piave Rivers.

Italians Outnumbered 3 to 2.

By The Associated Press.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ITALIAN ARMY IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 22.—The Fourth Army, under General Romilant, is meeting the full force of the tremendous shock of the enemy concentration between the Piave and Brenta Rivers. In authoritative quarters the correspondent was told that the enemy forces delivering this blow are in the proportion of three to two as compared with the Italian forces, and this is practically the relative strength on the two wings west of the Brenta, where General Pecori commands the First Italian Army, and the right wing along the Piave, where the Duke of Aosta holds the enemy as in a vise.

It is in this position that the Fourth Army is experiencing the most intense action, with attacks following in rapid succession. Reports early in the day were satisfactory, as the main fighting ground was further north on the enemy's positions, though at one point the enemy succedeed in breaking through the Italian lines on the foothills of Monte Fontana Secca, compelling the reformation of the defensive lines a little further back.

These fluctuations are marked by the bloodiest fighting, with the enemy reserves coming forward for three successive attacks, which were met at the point of the bayonet and driven back, except for one push down the coveted valley.

Just west of this main field of action the Italian First Army rushed the enemy positions near the Brenta River and in two attacks and counterattacks held the occupied ground, which was strewn with enemy corpses.

On the Lower Piave the enemy forces in the bushes on the west bank back of Zenson are now placed at 700 men, who are being raked by the artillery, as they have tried to set up a line of machine guns across the small area they occupy.

Reports are coming in from the invaded Venetian district of fearful acts committed by the enemy's troops, but this is stated under reserve, as it is impossible at present to give confirmation.

Northern Terrain Favors Italians.

In their capture of Monte Fontana Secca and Monte Spinoncia the invaders were able to bring to bear more troops than could be assembled by the defenders. But with this achieved, the Austro-Germans find themselves confronted by the mighty range of Monte Grappa, nearly 6,000 feet high, which extends almost in an unbroken line between the Piave, on the east, and the Brenta, on the west. Indeed, Fontana Secca and Spinoncia, only a little lower and not quite two miles to the southeast, may be considered the slopes to the Grappa. These highlands are inclosed on the south, where the rise from the plain begins by a highway running from Pederobba, on the Piave, southwest to Fove, on the Brenta.

The German approaches to the heights from the north have been three in number: down the Cismone Torrent, which joins the Brenta at Cismon, captured on Friday; up the Suzzone Torrent, and down the Piave to Quero, captured Saturday. All these roads lead south from the great highway spanning the ground between Belluno, on the Piave, to Primolano, at the end of the Val Sugana, (the Trentino valley of the Brenta,) on the frontier, a distance of thirty miles. From Belluno to Feltre a railway accompanies the highway. A railway also runs down the Sugana.

These were the invaders' tactical advantages in taking Monte Fontana Secca and Monte Spinoncia. And a similar terrain characterizes the operations on the other side of the Brenta, on the Sette Comuni plateau, where the Austro-Germans, having taken Asiago on Nov. 10, were unable to proceed much farther.

Beyond Monte Grappa and the Sette Comuni to the south the invaders must go some distance before they can deploy sufficiently to attack the Italian Pederobba-Pove line in the east and the Bassano-Thiene line in the west, the latter of which is a continuation of the former; for there are few lateral roads on the southern slopes.

MASS PICKED TEUTON TROOPS.

Invaders Rush Prussian Guards and Hungarians to Monte Grappa.

By The Associated Press.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Nov. 21, (Delayed.)—The greatest mass attack which the enemy has made is in progress along the Upper Piave River at the point where it bends to the northeast into the Belluno Alps. As the action proceeds the enemy is bringing forward fresh masses of his reserves, including picked troops of the Prussian Guard, besides some of the best German troops drawn from the western and Russian fronts. He also has 20,000 mountaineers from Lower Hungary, troops that are noted for their brutal vandalism.

The action through the day has shifted westward from Monte Tomba and Monte Monfenera to the slopes of Monte Pertica, where the enemy rushes have been checked. The Italian positions remain substantially unchanged in the region of Monte Grappa, which dominates the whole range of lower hills.

The battle ebbs and flows around the slopes of three low mountains just west of the river—Monte Tomba, Monte Monfenera, and Monte Cornella. Monte Monfenera is just on the edge of the river, and it is here that some of the most desperate fighting has occurred. It is the key to the situation, as at that point the river turns into the Venetian plains, and the whole battle hinges on control of the river passage leading to the plains.

The first assaults began five days ago, when von Below's Germans on the Lower Piave were swung northward for this supreme blow. The attacks have intensified steadily each day until yesterday and today, when they reached the maximum.

Beginning with artillery preparation, the Austro-German infantry advances came in successive waves, first at the northernmost mountain, Cornella, where the Como Brigade of Italians held the line until crowded back by greatly superior numbers. The enemy then took positions back of the town of Quero, and violent artillery and infantry attacks were centred on Monfenera and Tomba.

Much of the fighting in the mountains was at close quarters, with bayonet charges and desperate hand-to-hand struggles along an extended front. Through Monday, Tuesday, and today charge followed charge, and counter-attack followed attack. In some of the bloodiest fighting ground has changed hands three or four times.

Italians Lose Monfenera Summit.

At the little village of Naranzine, on the slopes of Monte Monfenera, the enemy first gained lodgment and sought to surround the large Italian force, but was thrown back by a splendid rally of the Italian lines, which swept forward with cheers until the position was clear. It was the bloodiest kind of fighting, with bayonets first, and then with bayonets wrenched from their sockets and used as double-edged knives.

Again the enemy massed forces higher up on Monte Monfenera, backed by batteries concentrated from all points. Before this intense shellfire the Italian infantry gave ground slowly until the upper slopes were abandoned. But the fighting goes on with unabated desperation, and it is still too soon to say what the outcome may be of this heaviest blow to break through to the Western Venetian plains.

But at this point the enemy calculations proved wide of their mark, as the Italians not only held the valley passes to the plains, but drove the enemy back at the point of the bayonet, first from the trenches and then from the improvised breastworks, until his retreat was marked by a great swath of dead and wounded.

It seemed as though the Italians were suddenly imbued with tenfold courage to save their country, and individual cases of bravery stand out amid the general heroism. At one point a contingent of thirty Italians left a shelter and hewed their way through the lines, bringing back twenty-seven prisoners. Such instances were not isolated, but general, until the main lines of the enemy were driven back to the woods on the upper slopes of Monte Melleta.

The whole range of this fighting ground presented a scene of frigid desolation, showing the rigors of the Winter campaign now in full operation. Snow lay six inches deep along the slope and drifted in places to a depth of five feet.

Austrian Dead Lie Unburied.

An officer and a civilian observer have just arrived here from the northern fighting front, where they have been watching the operations just to the west of the point where the enemy's mass attacks were reaching their maximum intensity today. The centre of this section is along the Brenta River, leading to the large city of Bassano, and thence widening, fan-shaped, into the Venetian plains. The two were so close to the fighting line that their army automobile narrowly escaped falling into the hands of the enemy.

The fighting ground gave dreadful evidence of the intensity of the struggle during the last few days. The positions and trenches lately occupied by the Austrians were strewn with bodies, which lay half covered with snow, as it was impossible to bury the slain because of the rapid shifting of both lines.

The most desperate fighting was around Monte Melleta, where the Italians held one side of the eminence and the Austro-German forces the other. The enemy's object was to advance through the two valleys of Frenzela and Valstagna, which open directly into Bassano and the plains. The statement of this design is not based on conjecture, but is disclosed in its full details in the Austrian plan of attack, taken from the bodies of Austrian officers left on the field. These plans give precise directions of the hour and minute at which the advance along these two valleys to Bassano shall be carried out, as though the enemy believed no doubt existed of his successful advance.

Hardships Borne with Fortitude.

The Italians are suffering great hardships with fortitude in their battle to keep back the invaders. The observer found men huddled in caverns and caves, from which hung huge icicles. Many were absolutely worn out by their superhuman efforts and slept on the ground in blankets, with ice all about them, and drifted snow without. Rations are served once daily, but with extreme difficulty in the midst of such a whirlwind of action. The skies are gray, but stars show at night.

But, with all these rigors and bloody work, the morale and confidence of the men is at the top notch. A brigade of Alpini were seen passing to the front. They did not wear those jaunty Alpine hats with cock's feathers, as one sees them in Rome, but were figures in gray, topped with steel. They swung forward rapidly, as though eager to arrive, and to every inquiry they replied with confidence, lacking all trace of vainglory.

It is this confidence which is Italy's greatest asset at this critical moment, for the heroic defenders really believe that they will hold the enemy back.

The conduct of the Italian troops is above all praise. They are contesting every foot of the way, fighting like tigers and with spirit and confidence, even in the face of greatly superior numbers.

It is now clear that, notwithstanding the great numbers of troops employed by the enemy and his advantages of terrain, he is able to advance only very slowly now that he is not being assisted by the element of surprise, by treason, and other circumstances which favored him at first. Even if the Italians should be obliged to abandon the Piave River line they may be expected to fall back more slowly and offer still more tenacious opposition.

The monitor fleet, which is co-operating with the Italian fleet off the mouth of the Piave, is shelling heavily the enemy positions menacing Venice.

A number of American Red Cross ambulances passed through headquarters today toward the Piave front. The men and cars appear to be in good condition.

Italian aviators who have flown o'er the invaded districts of Venetia say they saw lines of the civilian population, under guard, headed for Austria.

William Marconi, inventor of the wireless, has arrived at headquarters and taken a place on the staff of General Diaz, the Commander in Chief.

'ONE VICTORY, ONE COMMAND!'

Italian Military Expert Demands Full Power for Allied War Council.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 21, (Delayed.)—In an article in the Tribuna, General Corsi, the military critic of that journal, demands executive functions for the Inter-Allied War Committee.

After explaining how the Italian supreme command has been able to take the most advantage of each line of defense on the Tagliamento, Livenza, and Piave Rivers, he says it would be a crime to persist in defending lines which for military reasons cannot assure success. In its defense of the Piave, he says, the Italian left wing has been faced by all the available forces of the Central Empires and has been overcoming enormous difficulties, checking the enemy's advance, wearing him out, and preparing for the decisive battle which will be fought by all the reserves of the Allies against all the troops the Central Empires can bring into action.

"The defense of the Piave," he says, "is an episode in our epic struggle which many unforeseen incidents have rendered greater. But besides resistance there are required for victory great decisions on the part of the Entente Powers which must emanate from unity of plan and command. It is necessary to utilize time, as the enemy has known how to utilize it. To attain this end, the allied councils and committees will be useless if they do not possess executive powers. Committees which are only consultative merely serve to involve affairs, using time and arriving always too late with their decisions. This will be made even worse if the committees are two, viz., one military and consultive, referring its plans to a political committee which makes the ultimate decisions. There is one war and one danger; therefore there must be one victory, no more. There must be effective unity regarding military affairs.

"The Inter-Allied Military Committee must have executive powers and effective command. If it is not possible to name a generalissimo, at least we can have a single organization that is efficient and capable of instant action."

EXPECT US TO FIGHT AUSTRIA.

Italians Enthusiastic Over Rumors of a Declaration of War.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 21, (Delayed.)—The rumors that America is about to declare war on Austria, to which the newspapers give circulation, are the subject of much excited and enthusiastic comment here.

"It is impossible," said a well-known politician today, "for the United States to abstain from open war with the Hapsburg monarchy since President Wilson's declaration that one of the essentials to victory is perfect unity of aims among the Allies. This is not attainable until America also joins in the struggle against Austria."

The Idea Nazionale says:

"The United States has been the first to deplore the lack of cohesion between the Allies, so it must be the first to desire to give practical effect to the program discussed at the Paris Conference, considering Austria-Hungary, equally with Germany, its declared enemy. If America desires to adhere to her program of contributing to the common cause, she will not be able to avoid sending help where both German and Austrian forces are operating."

ITALIANS FACING FOES ALONE.

Allied Reinforcements Held Behind Battle Line, Washington Hears.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Italian troops alone are combatting the Austro-German forces along the Piave River line, according to authentic information obtained here today.

The Anglo-French reinforcements which have arrived in Italy have been assigned to positions which have not yet been attacked by the invaders. The exact locality of the allied forces, however, is still a military secret, as the disposition made of these forces is along a line which the allied commanders have agreed upon as being the one best adapted to the plans for defeating the enemy on the Italian front.

A semi-official dispatch from Italy today said:

"The greatest admiration is expressed for the 1st, 3d, and 4th Army Corps for having made it possible for the allied troops to arrive, organize, and prepare themselves behind the line held by our soldiers.

"The magnificent resistance of the army on the entire line from the Trentino to the Adriatic, the return of Clémenceau to the Premiership of the French Cabinet, and the victory of Lloyd George over his political enemies have produced a feeling of great optimism in Italy, which is unanimously expressed by the press.

"These favorable political and military elements are interpreted in Italy as proof of the energy and determination of the entire Entente and as the seal on the complete unity which will lead the Allies to victory.

"The statement made by Premier Clémenceau in an interview accorded to Paris newspapermen, that the Winter campaign of the Entente will be carried on in Italy, was received in Italy with general enthusiasm. Italian newspapers observe that Clémenceau's remarks with regard to the French citizens' determination to nullify the enemies' propaganda and the war sabotage may be applied to Italy as well, since this is also part of our program in the war.

"It is hardly possible even now to reconstruct the general development of the stupendous battle which has been raging for the last five days from the mouth of the Piave to Monte Tomba. On the evening of the 15th the Austro-Germans attacked with overwhelming forces the northern slope of Monte Cornella, which stands between the Piave River and the Ornige Torrent, dominating the villages of Quero and Alano and the lateral accesses to Monte Tomba.

"The attack was preceded by intense artillery fire. Large concentrations of enemy troops had been observed in the vicinity of Monte Quero. Evidently the enemy intended to launch an assault en masse, operating from the adjacent hills toward the slopes leading to Fenera. The passage was intrusted to some units of the famous Como Brigade, who stood magnificently the shock of the assault and in a vigorous counterattack repelled the enemy, capturing prisoners and machine guns.

"At 7 o'clock the battle seemed to be over, but an hour later the enemy repeated his attacks with redoubled fury and attempted to cross the Piave with barges. The fighting continued for several hours in darkness. Finally, at midnight, the enemy was obliged to desist from any further attempt, and retired, having suffered staggering losses.

"The following day the enemy delivered attacks in three different directions between 6 and 8 o'clock in the evening. It was the manifest intention of the Austro-Germans to divert the attention of our troops, feel the strength of the various sectors, and take some position by surprise.

"The dense obscurity, the difficulty of the ground, and the numerical superiority of the enemy were extremely favorable to the operations of the invaders. The defenders, after heroic resistance, were compelled to retire at midnight, leaving in the hands of the enemy the much-contested heights around Monte Cornella."

DEBATE RUTHLESS SINKINGS

Beresford Charges and Lytton Denies More Losses 'Without Trace.'

LONDON, Nov. 22.—In the House of Lords today Admiral Lord Beresford, retired, called attention to the increasing number of ships that are "missing without trace" and to the disclosure in the communications of Count von Luxburg, former German Minister to Argentina, of German plans for the sinking of vessels in this manner.

Lord Lytton, Civil Lord of the Admiralty, replying to Lord Beresford, said that in the three years ended with October last twelve vessels had been lost "without trace." The normal average in peace times, he added, was fifteen vessels yearly.

As the result of careful inquiry, Lord Lytton added, he had no reason to believe that such disasters were increasing.

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42ND STREET AT MADISON AVENUE

COL. HOUSE IN PARIS; COMMENDS BRITISH

"Glorious Somme Victory" Shows Their War Efficiency, Head of Mission Asserts.

STATEMENT MADE IN LONDON

America Building Up a Similar Power, He Points Out—Visit to England a Great Success.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—Dispatches from Paris tonight announced the arrival there of Colonel E. M. House and the other members of the American Mission.

Prior to the departure of the Mission today, Colonel House authorized the following statement, which he asked should not be published until after the Mission reached France:

"I have been impressed by the wonderful machinery you have created here at the heart of your empire to control your part of the war. You have given the world an example of the efficiency of democracy which will be of lasting value. The glorious victory of the Somme is the beginning of the realization of this efficiency, and will hearten every lover of democracy throughout the world.

"We also are creating in Washington a vast new machinery of government to bring our resources to bear, and we shall profit by what we have seen here. We all realize that no human organization is perfect, and I am sure you will not be content with yours, any more than we will be content with ours, until the tools that we are making have accomplished the great work for which they are being forged.

"It is inspiring to feel that our two organizations will work closely and frankly together in the cause of liberty. We appreciate beyond measure the kindly reception your officials, your press, and your citizens have given us, and we will take back to America a delightful sense of your warm hospitality. Our visit has been memorable, and I hope profitable to the cause in which we are both enlisted."

The departure of the mission was made as quietly as its arrival, a fortnight ago. There was no ceremony, as comparatively few knew the time and place. Those who said farewell to the Americans included Foreign Secretary Balfour, Chief Justice Lord Reading, and the American Ambassador, Walter H. Page, who walked the station platform with Colonel House and the other members of the mission for ten minutes before traintime. As the special train pulled out, Colonel House stood on the platform and waved farewell until out of sight.

One of the British party declared to The Associated Press, as the train disappeared, that the mission's visit to London had unquestionably been a great success, and had done perhaps more than any other single event to impress British officialdom with the actual significance and importance of the American entry into the war. The members of the mission, especially Colonel House, scored a personal triumph with all their British colleagues.

Both Sides Highly Pleased.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 21.—Ambassador Page, speaking today regarding the work of the American Mission, said that every one of its members was entirely satisfied with the help and co-operation they had received from the British officials. On the other side, he said, he knew the British were most favorably impressed with the zeal and ability of the American delegates.

The editor of the Westminster Gazette, whose personal relations with leading men give special value to his statements, has an article tonight in which, after speaking of the American Commission's work, he says: "Let me add that I have utterly failed to find any trace of the alleged American discontent with our methods or our conduct of the war. I have, on the contrary, during the last few days heard tributes paid by prominent Americans to British energy and efficiency and to the total British effort since 1914, which warmed the heart and flattered the pride of an Englishman. What is more, I am sure they were sincere, and prominent Englishmen who have recently returned from important work in America tell me all the stories alleging friction between Washington and London, or grave disquietude at our methods in the war, may safely be dismissed as of no account.

"Even at the risk of returning compliments, I must put in that the American Mission has impressed every one who has been brought into contact with its members with their energy and capacity and the determination of their countrymen to weigh in to the last ounce of their power. They are fully alive to the needs of the situation, and their partnership is to the end, and after it for the durability and stability of the settlement.

All talk of their knowing better than other people or desiring to teach other people their business is foolish nonsense. They are as modest as they are competent, and they realize to the full that this war is a new thing in which we have bought our experience, but in learning from us they will bring new ideas and original points of view which will be of the highest value, and no one can watch their approach to the problems in front of them without having his faith strengthened and his courage renewed."

Paris Welcomes House Mission.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—Colonel E. H. House and the members of the American mission which he heads arrived in Paris from England tonight. Members of the French Cabinet met the members of the mission at the station in Paris, among them MM. Pichon, Klotz, and Clemenctel. The American Ambassador, William G. Sharp, and other members of the embassy, as well as General Pershing, attended by a large staff, were also there.

The members of the mission have come here for work and not "for a frolic," as Colonel House said. "We can come back after the war has been won," he added, "and rejoice together."

The individual members of the mission will begin immediately conferences with the various French departmental heads. When the inter-allied council begins, Colonel House, with General Bliss and Admiral Benson as his technical advisers, will participate. The other members of the mission will be in consultation in the conferences on the questions of shipping, food, blockade, munitions, and finance.

Paris will see gathered together one hundred or more men in public life, representing the allied countries—the Premiers, Foreign and War Ministers, Commanders in Chief and Chiefs of Staff of the Armies and Navies.

DISGRUNTLED CLERK SET BOMBS IN CHICAGO

Dismissed Post Office Employe Responsible for Scare at Opera Performance.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 22.—Reinholdt A. Faust, a postal clerk, was arrested today for placing a bomb in the Auditorium Theatre at a performance last Friday night, and has made a confession to the police. He said that dissatisfaction over his pay and the treatment he received was responsible for his act. Threatening letters which he had written to James B. Forgan and Frank O. Wetmore of the First National Bank furnished the clues which revealed his identity to the police.

A second bomb, an exact duplicate of the one which caused the scare among the opera patrons Friday night, was found in his room. A large can of phosphorus, quantities of powder, a revolver, two paper sacks containing steel ball bearings, and other material, which he planned to use in further bomb making, also were found in his room.

Faust said that he set off two bombs at the Auditorium. One was a flare bomb made principally of phosphorus and which caused the flash of light when he spilled it upon the carpet. He said the second bomb was not intended to explode, but was left merely to scare the audience.

"I had worked for twenty years putting in long hours and getting low wages in the Post Office service of the United States Government," said Faust. "I had come to the state of mind where I wanted to make the rich man, who enjoys luxury with little effort on his part, to pay me something. I wrote to Mr. Forgan and to Mr. Wetmore, not because I wanted to bother them any more than any one else, but because they were known and because they were rich."

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VALUE is a word that some merchants seem to have re-discovered this season. Here, Value needs no dusting off and furbishing up, for it has been kept bright, through daily practice, since this business was founded.

Men are prone to scoff at the woman "shopper," but don't forget, you of the self-thought Superior Sex, that through *comparison calls* she gets the pennymost measure of what her money owes her.

Before you buy an Overcoat at $25 to $65 *make comparisons!* You who come here last, will wish you had come first.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

ARREST A SOLDIER AS A SPY SUSPECT

Continued from Page 1.

you may find it possible to show such impudence in other lands, it will not be permitted in the courts of the United States. You are now ordered to apologize to this Court for the remarks you have just uttered."

Welsh immediately apologized. He was held in $2,500 bail for trial, and as no bondsman appeared was sent to the Tombs.

The Gaelic-American, of which John Devoy is the editor, in this week's issue devotes most of its space to attacks on American newspapers and all Americans who do not favor the Sinn Fein cause. Devoy and his paper are now the subject of a Federal investigation.

The Gaelic American also in this week's issue takes up the defense of the Sinn Fein rioters who several weeks ago assaulted American bluejackets in the streets of Cork. As a result of the attack on his men, Vice Admiral William S. Sims, U. S. N., Commander in Chief of the destroyer force in European waters, issued an order forbidding American bluejackets to visit Cork. Subsequently hotelkeepers and merchants of Cork protested when they found they were losing American trade worth thousands of dollars. Admiral Sims, however, so far as is known has not seen fit to countermand his order.

"Fraternizing with the English soldiers and sailors," says the Gaelic American, "has not improved the morals of the Americans, and that is the reason why a few of Uncle Sam's boys threw moderation and discretion to the winds. It was against this small number who disregarded every canon of decency that the Cork Vigilance Committee was organized. There were no indiscriminate attacks on American marines, the efforts of the committee being directed to prevention rather than punishment."

The article then proceeds to accuse the "marines," of "flaunting immorality" on the streets of Cork. Throughout the article the Gaelic American refers to the Americans as "marines" despite the fact that the dispatch said that the men attacked were bluejackets, who were set upon and beaten because they were Americans fighting with the Allies and not "for Germany on behalf of the Sinn Fein." There has been no indication in dispatches that any marines are on duty in Ireland.

German "rumor mongers" are at work, and reports are being spread of disasters to American transports. A report which was repeated by many people yesterday was that one of the largest of the vessels in the transport service had been blown up at sea. Investigation showed that there was no ground whatever for the spreading of such information. The Secret Service is now trying to trace the source of these reports.

SOLDIER HELD AS A SPY.

Fort Logan Authorities to Intern a German Who Enlisted in Kansas.

DENVER, Nov. 22.—Max Linder, a soldier in the Quartermaster's Department at Fort Logan, near here, was arrested today as a German spy. Linder, according to the United States District Attorney's office here, entered the army at Ellis, Kan., and was transferred to the local post, where he was assigned to work in the bakery. His accent attracted attention.

Although a stranger in Denver, Federal officers said, he had no difficulty in meeting persons at several remote places, and the officers said they had no doubt he had enlisted in the army with the intention of serving the German Emperor.

Authority to intern him has been asked of the Attorney General.

Death in Pershing's Forces.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The War Department today received a report from General Pershing that Private Harry M. Moreland, Engineers, died Nov. 12 of double pneumonia. His wife, Mrs. Anna M. Moreland, lives at 841 North Luzerne Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

Have You Tried the Juiciest Grapefruit in the World?

There's a flavor in TROPIKO Grapefruit which you will never find in any other—a tart, sweet flavor that delights. It's a vivacious sort of flavor that brings the blue of tropic skies and the tang of tropic seas home to your table. There's just enough sugar—just enough acid.

TROPIKO Grapefruit has been developed with this idea—to give the greatest amount of juice having the finest flavor. Then, to make sure that every piece of fruit bearing the name TROPIKO lives up to this ideal, every piece is *selected*. When you buy TROPIKO Grapefruit you are getting not only the finest flavor but 25 per cent more juice than in any other.

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"Juiciest Fruit in the World"

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Your dealer has TROPIKO Grapefruit or can get it for you easily.

ASK YOUR DEALER

To get you some of this Grapefruit. Tell him you want to try it.

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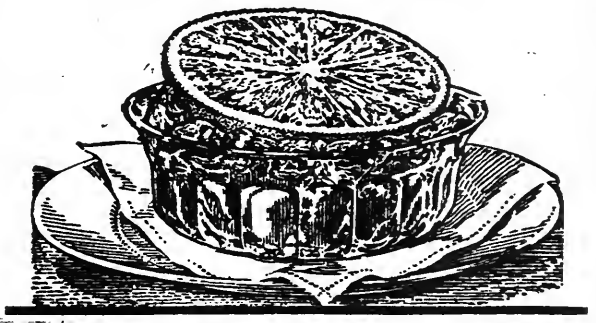

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The Franklin Simon Policy of Selling *Men's Shoes*

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THE Franklin Simon Shoe Shop for Men is a shop, not a bargain counter. To be brutally frank, we are not giving anything away—and we are not giving anything away by telling you that nobody else is!!!

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What is a value, as some shops use it? It is like a man's estimate of himself—purely a matter of personal opinion!

All Franklin Simon Shoes for Men are made for the Franklin Simon Shoe Shop and they are never by any chance "clean-ups," "bought-ups" or "left-overs."

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Georges are showing in all three Greater New York stores a remarkable assortment of belted overcoats in plain blue, brown, green and khaki shades and every conceivable smart fancy mixture—both straight shoulders and raglans, single and double breasted.

Plenty of modified styles—for more conservative dressers

$18
$20
$25
$30

Up to the finest Ulsters and Ulsterettes at $60 & $75.

Among the assortments are a number of English Mandelberg weather-proofed coats.

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No payment accepted unless smoke ceases.

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FIGHTING BLOOD UP IN PERSHING'S MEN

So Keen for the Fray They Sometimes Battle Among Themselves, Says Chas. D. Norton.

FURNISH FUN FOR FRENCH

Loaded in Freight Cars, the Americans Convulse Onlookers by Bleating and Mooing Like Sheep and Cattle.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Charles D. Norton of the Red Cross War Council, who has just returned from a visit to the British, French, and Italian fronts, related his experiences at a meeting today of Red Cross workers at headquarters here. He said:

"Our troops in France are in high spirits. They are keen to fight. A group of Santa Fé Railway engineers got into a hot quarrel with a group of Union Pacific men, and the Red Cross nurses who took them off to the hospital in the ambulance said, 'Why do you fight each other? Why don't you wait and fight the Germans?' 'That's just the trouble, Miss: there ain't any Germans here,' was the reply.

"Our men complain somewhat of the cold and speak particularly of the comfort given by the Red Cross sweaters. The French enjoy humor, but they have had little occasion to laugh during the last three years. All along the line I heard French officers laughing at the antics of the men of one of our regiments.

"On leaving their ship, instead of Pullman cars or comfortable American day coaches, they found on the dock freight cars bearing the mark: 'For twenty men or eight beasts.' Instantly each carload of troops adopted the character of an animal, and as they passed through the stations crowded with welcoming Frenchmen one carload would burst into bleating like sheep, another would whinny like horses, or moo like cattle.

"French officers praised without reserve the Red Cross canteen work at a railroad centre near the front, where Miss Margery Nott and her assistants are doing a wonderful work. A freight shed beside the station has been converted by the soldiers themselves, many of them Beaux Arts men, into an attractive hotel, where a shower bath, a clean bed, and a good supper can be had for 20 cents or less. Formerly those troops on their way home for a six-day leave would arrive at and leave this important junction tired, dirty, and hungary. If they bought anything it was at highwayman's prices. Now they go home clean, fed, rested. That helps morale.

"The Y. M. C. A. and the Knights of Columbus are doing fine work in this respect, everywhere working hand-in-glove with our Red Cross. In the London that I always found a large number of sailors making the most of the home comforts and the friendly hospitality of the place."

Mr. Norton predicted that, given needed war requirements, the Italians would make a great fight to recapture lost ground.

"Americans do not realize what a gallant fight the Italians have made," said Mr. Norton. "I visited the entire Italian front one week before the disaster, at the moment of their greatest success. Every Italian General at the front commented on the fact that the Austrian pressure was daily growing more intense, that they were up against more Germans and more big guns every day that passed.

"The Italian has played a glorious part in this war, and if the new spirit of team play among the Allies results in his securing certain definite war requirements he will make a great fight to recapture the lost ground. Fortunately, in this emergency our Red Cross was prepared, as we were not when the Germans pushed the French to the Marne.

"When thousands of refugees from the Venetian Plains poured toward Milan they were met by our Red Cross men and Red Cross supplies, rushed in special trains from France. It was the one hundred million dollar fund that made this possible. We cannot overestimate the value of such help in such a crisis. It heartens them to realize that the American fairy godmother is on their side. Every American who has given a dollar or has done one bit of work for the Red Cross has helped to win this war, for in so desperate a struggle morale is all-important."

WILL NOTIFY BERLIN OF ALIEN RESTRICTIONS

United States Doing No More to Germans Than Germany Did to Americans Long Ago.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The German Government will be informed of the steps taken under President Wilson's latest alien enemy proclamation to impose restrictions on unnaturalized Germans in this country, it was stated today, in order to assure the Berlin authorities that no abuse of their countrymen here is contemplated. Through the neutral embassies now representing the hostile Governments at the two capitals, the information will be conveyed that the United States is doing no more to German subjects here than Germany did to Americans there long ago.

Along with this report, it is understood, will be sent a memorandum of the German sailors in this country held as prisoners of war, civilians interned as dangerous aliens, and crews of the former German merchantmen detained under guard by the immigration authorities. The number of unnaturalized Germans already interned does not exceed 600, and officials do not expect an increase of more than two or three hundred at the most as a result of failure to obey the new regulations establishing prohibited zones about wharves, piers and warehouses, and compelling registration. The men interned are comfortably housed in barracks at military prisons, receive their food, clothing and lodging, and many are allowed to work and receive pay.

The prisoners of war, sailors from the German war vessels, are maintained in simple comfort, but without luxury, at several forts where there are military prisons. The men receive food, clothing and lodging, tobacco, and a few other incidental subsistence supplies, and the officers receive the pay and privileges of their corresponding ranks in the United States Navy.

The Department of Justice had nearly completed today the regulations for registration of unnaturalized Germans, and it was thought they might be promulgated by next Monday. It was stated authoritatively that there would be no provision for exemptions to the rules established in the President's proclamation, although hundreds of pleas for exemption have been received from Germans living or having business places within one hundred yards of docks and wharves, and from Germans who must leave the District of Columbia. Among those who must leave Washington before Dec. 15 are a few employes of neutral embassies.

Malvy Demands a Trial.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—With a view to an inquiry on the charges of treason made against him, Louis J. Malvy, ex-Minister of the Interior, introduced in the Chamber of Deputies today a bill proposing that the Chamber name a committee of thirty-three members with a view to sending M. Malvy before the high court on the treason charge.

GENERAL CHANGE IN TIME TABLES. Important changes will be made Nov. 25 in time tables Pennsylvania R. R.—Advt.

MAY ARREST HILKEN IN ALIENATION SUIT

Court Order Issued Against German Steamship Agent in Action for $50,000 Damages.

An application for an order of arrest for Paul G. Hilken, former agent for the North German Lloyd Steamship Company at Baltimore and representative of the German corporation which sent the undersea merchant vessel, the Deutschland, to this country, was made to Supreme Court Justice Goff yesterday by counsel for Guy A. Reynolds, who has sued Hilken for $50,000 damages, charging that he alienated the affections of Mrs. Frances Billings Reynolds, daughter of William Perry Billings. She eloped and married Reynolds in 1911 when he was her father's chauffeur. The case is involved in the recent divorce suit against William Perry Billings by Mrs. Mary M. Billings.

The application for Hilken's arrest was made on the ground that he may not be in this State when the case is tried and that the plaintiff may not be able to collect any judgments that may be obtained against him in the suit.

Justice Goff granted the application and announced that when Hilken is apprehended he may be released in $2,000 bail. Edward A. Brown, attorney for Hilken, told the court that his client was now in Milwaukee on business, but will return for the trial.

Reynolds's attorney attached to his application for Hilken's arrest letters alleged to have been written to Mrs. Reynolds, and also charged Hilken of disloyalty to this Government and with accusing President Wilson of being unneutral toward Germany prior to this country's declaration of war. A letter on which Reynolds based this charge in part is as follows:

"Heaven only knows what will come next. Of course I am not complaining at the action now taken by the President. Wilson could not do otherwise now. The pity of it is that his action and inaction during the past two years have brought the country to the point where the present step is unavoidable. Personally I believe it means war with Germany, and not only I, but ten million or more citizens of the United States, will be in the position of seeing the land of their birth at war with the land of their fathers.

"So often it has been said, 'My country, right or wrong.' I've tried to feel this, but honestly I cannot. I feel so absolutely and completely that President Wilson and his advisers have, by their unneutral and unfair attitude toward Germany, brought Germany to the point where she could do nothing else. In other words, that the United States is so entirely in the wrong that I simply could not support a war against Germany. It takes more courage, I believe, to stand out against the mob than to drift with it; but I'm not afraid, and am willing to accept all the consequences of being avoided and shunned, &c., just so you love me, dearest."

AMERICAN IDLERS ROUNDED UP IN PARIS

200 Former Ambulance Drivers Have Choice of Enlisting in Army or Coming Home.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—The Paris Hefald reports that more than 200 young Americans wearing the uniforms of ambulance drivers have been rounded up recently by the American military authorities. The numbers of their passports were taken, and they were told to call at headquarters, where all but five appeared. There they were informed again that they must enlist in some branch of the active service overseas or they would be sent back to America, where they would be dealt with as the circumstances warranted.

As for the five who did not appear at headquarters, The Herald adds, it is reported that when they are found harsh measures against them will be taken.

The American Provost Marshal General here, explaining the round-up of the ambulance men, said that about 300 young men whose enlistment as ambulance drivers in the French army had expired, had refused to enlist in the American army and were loitering about Paris. They have been informed that within a fortnight they must enlist or return to America. The French authorities will be asked to cancel their residence permits, and the American army authorities will take up their passports unless they enlist or return voluntarily to the United States.

The Provost Marshal General asserted that many of these men had not registered under the selective draft law, having left the United States before registration day, and that their presence in Paris, where they are idle, would not be tolerated. He added that many of these men were receiving money from home, where it was believed they were still in active service. The entire personnel still remaining in the ambulance and transport sections of the American Field Service and similar organizations has been enlisted in the American army, and no volunteers remain.

WHITE RATS VICTORIOUS.

Labor Convention Votes to Support Their Union Organization.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 22.—The troubles that have beset actors in trying to unionize their ranks claimed the attention of the American Federation of Labor for three hours this afternoon. A motion by the committee on adjustment for a complete reorganization of union actors was voted down by the convention after the delegates had listened to pleas against such a course made by representatives of the White Rats, the existence of which as an organization was threatened by the resolution.

Harry Montford and James W. Fitzpatrick, White Rats officers, led the fight against the resolution. They admitted that the membership of the White Rats had fallen off by the thousand, but said this was due to repressive policies of the vaudeville managers that had made it impossible for an actor to be a White Rat and keep his position on a vaudeville circuit. Mr. Fitzpatrick declared that the actors' organizations knocking at the door of the federation were too closely identified with the managers and booking agencies.

"This is the annual drive on the White Rats," he said, "and it is inspired by the same sinister motive that prompted previous attacks, and that motive is to destroy the only militant organization of actors in the country."

Mr. Fitzpatrick moved that the Executive Council "urge all actors to join the White Rats actors' union and that all organizers of the American Federation of Labor be instructed to offer the White Rats every possible assistance." This motion was adopted with only a few dissenting votes.

A subscription of $10,000 to the Canadian Victory Bond issue was announced by President Gompers. To the fraternal delegates from Canada and Great Britain gold watches and rings were presented as momentos of their visit.

NEGRO ASKS TO SEE BALLOTS

Candidate for Alderman Hopes to Overcome Small Plurality.

James C. Thomas, Jr., the Harlem negro lawyer who ran for Alderman on the Republican ticket and was defeated by Frank Mullen, Tammany candidate, by 2,832 to 2,431 on the face of the returns, applied to Supreme Court Justice Giegerich yesterday for an inspection of all the ballots cast. His attorney was Abraham Brekstone, who was defeated narrowly for Municipal Court Justice by his Tammany rival, Samson Friedlander, although the other Republican judicial candidates in that district won.

Counsel for Mullen contended that Lawyer Brekstone was interested as much in seeing the ballots in his own behalf as for his client. It was also contended that the Republican Legislature gerrymandered the district in an effort to make it a safely Republican negro district, and that the Assembly candidate, Johnson, a negro, won. The court will hear the case on Nov. 26.

SHIP PROJECT MEETS LLOYD GEORGE MARK

6,703,300 Tons by 1919 Are Considered Assured by Washington Plans.

MAY SOON ADD 1,000,000

Pacific Coast Men Offer Bonus to Workers—Committee to Start National "Drive."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—If, as stated by Premier Lloyd George, the construction of 6,000,000 tons of shipping by Jan. 1, 1919, will defeat the best efforts of the German submarines, the United States Shipping Board is satisfied that the feat can be accomplished with the co-operation of the shipbuilders and organized labor. The drive is now on in earnest.

An official of the Shipping Board stated today that, exclusive of about 2,500,000 tons of shipping under foreign contract which was commandeered on the stocks by the Shipping Board, and which will begin to come from the ways in ever-increasing numbers within the next sixty days, the contracts actually let, with the proviso that the vessels shall be completed by the date named by Lloyd George, are as follows:

58 composite ships, 207,000 tons.
345 steel ships, 2,665,400 tons.
778 wooden ships, 1,330,900 tons.
Total of new ships contracted for to be delivered by Jan. 1, 1919, 4,203,300 tons.

Contracts which may be let within the next few weeks are not taken into consideration in the compilation. They may represent another 1,000,000 tons.

The 4,203,300 tons of new shipping actually contracted for and the 2,500,000 tons which were commandeered by the Government and which are now being rushed to completion give a grand total of 6,703,300 tons which will be assured by Jan. 1, 1919, if all interests cooperate in a patriotic endeavor to defeat Germany's dangerous weapon.

The call has gone out from the Shipping Board to working men in every part of the country to do their duty in the time of stress and it is confidently expected that both labor and the builders will respond.

Within a short time a committee will start on a swing through the country with the approval of the Shipping Board to urge working men to get into the shipbuilding task and help their country. It is the hope of Chairman Hurley and other officials of the Shipping Board and the Emergency Fleet Corporation that it may be possible to put two or three shifts a day at work in the most important yards.

The Shipping Board is building up a program for the construction of not less than 11,000,000 tons of shipping to extend over into the year 1919. When the movement for the rapid construction of ships gets under way, it was stated, that amount of tonnage should be turned out by July, 1919.

EXPLAINS ADMISSIONS TAX.

Revenue Collector Warns Hall Proprietors Against Evasions.

Mark Eisner, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District, with headquarters at 1,150 Broadway, said last night that there appeared to be wide misunderstanding of the question of what was a charitable organization under the Federal admissions tax law.

"A number of large halls, casinos, and other places," Collector Eisner said, "which are rented to societies, clubs, and organizations, have been permitting entertainments to be held without any collection of admissions tax, because those responsible for the entertainment have informed the proprietors of the places in question that in each case the object of the affair was 'charitable.'

"It has come to my notice that societies with titles like 'the Jolly Rounders,' the 'Happy Ramblers,' the 'Minnehahas,' and other euphonious and attractive names have not charged a tax. The charity to which the proceeds of these entertainments have been devoted, in some instances, consists in raising a fund to aid in the defense of some member who may be charged with a transgression of the penal law, or to swell the fund for future entertainments.

"Similarly, there are a number of societies with sick and death benefits, that are giving entertainments, the proceeds of which are devoted to the sick and death benefit fund. The admission to such entertainment will be taxable, because the only nontaxable admissions are those which inure exclusively to the benefit of religious, educational or charitable institutions, societies or organizations. The fact that one feature of the organization may be in the nature of charity is not sufficient."

The Collector said that proprietors of these halls who might be in doubt as to any question should communicate with the Internal Revenue office, where they would receive correct information. Mr. Eisner added that when an entertainment had been given and no tax collected, and those responsible for the entertainment could not be traced by his office, the proprietor of the hall would be held responsible.

ROUND-UP GERMAN AGENTS.

Men in Boston Made Frequent Trips and Had Plenty of Money.

BOSTON, Nov. 22.—Three Germans whose travels and plentiful money supplies had aroused the suspicion of Federal officials were arrested today and their internment for the period of the war was recommended to Washington by United States Marshal Mitchell. The men are Hans Miller, Heinrich Kox, and Alfred Wittig.

Wittig conducts a massage parlor, but has kept Department of Justice agents busy tracing the last few weeks following his trips in the Middle West. He told the Federal authorities that he went west to get married. The other men in custody are cooks. Federal agents say they believe all have been connected with German propaganda.

Tar and Feathers for Accused Minnesotan.

OSAKIS, Minn., Nov. 22.—Because of alleged disloyal remarks, E. H. Stratemeyer, a naturalized American of German extraction, received a coat of tar and feather last night. Stratemeyer told the authorities he did not recognize any of his assailants.

BROTHERHOODS TO MODIFY DEMANDS

Continued from Page 1.

ment of the heads of the brotherhoods, namely, that the men whom they represented were not inclined to contend for anything which they did not deem necessary to their own maintenance and the maintenance of their families, and that they would be willing in case any critical situation of controversy should arise to consider any proposed solution in a spirit of accommodation and of patriotic purpose.

The officials of the brotherhoods declined to interpret their statement. Others familiar with the situation interpreted the position of the brotherhoods to mean that they would insist upon a wage increase sufficient to meet somewhat the increased cost of living and that these demands would be placed before the railroad managers shortly. It is believed that the President argued with the officials that the railroads could not meet their original demands with the net revenues reduced as a result of the increases in fuel, labor, and taxes.

That the brotherhoods intend to modify their wage demands and are hopeful of obtaining some concessions from the carriers, if the 15 per cent. increase case is decided favorably to the railroads, is apparent here tonight. In other words, the brotherhoods informed the President that some increase in wages was necessary and that they would present their position to the carriers, but would not go to the length of a strike if the railroads rejected the proposition.

That the brotherhoods would insist upon a wage increase and, failing to receive satisfactory treatment from the railroad managers, leave the issue entirely to the President, was explained to have been one of the offers made by the brotherhoods.

Situation in a Nutshell.

Summarized, the situation, as explained by officials and others, is:

The brotherhoods will modify their demands for an increase in wages sufficient to meet the increased cost of living.

Failing to obtain satisfactory results from the railroad managers they will not force a strike.

President Wilson is expected to suggest a means of settlement of the dispute if the controversy cannot be adjusted by the men and the railroads.

Inasmuch as the railroad Presidents have informed President Wilson that they will leave the matter entirely in his hands and abide by the results, it would seem that the President would be compelled to bring about a settlement of the issue. The position of both sides seems to be virtually the same, and Administration advisers predict a peaceful adjustment.

Some of the brotherhood officials expressed a lack of confidence in the commission now existing for the settlement of railroad disputes. These men said that the existing plan of settling wage disputes did not meet with their approval. The idea was advanced that labor would be better satisfied if a commission modeled after the British commission were created.

President Wilson listened to the position of the trainmen, as presented by their officials, and offered no suggestion as to the proposed commission. He made it plain, as in previous utterances, that the Administration would permit no strike at this time.

A definite issue in the wage negotiations, it was assured, could not be reached before the first of the year, as the demands will not be presented until Dec. 1. Future developments will depend, first, upon the carriers' disposition of the new demands, and second, in event of a deadlock, upon further negotiations agreed to at today's meeting at the White House.

Echo of Adamson Act.

An echo of the railroad crisis of a year ago was heard today in the Supreme Court, when the Government filed a brief supporting the decision of the Arkansas Federal Court that the Adamson act applied to all railroads, regardless of whether they had a wage dispute pending at the time the law was enacted. The Fort Smith & Western Railway Company appealed from the decision.

"Congress did not undertake to investigate the conditions surrounding different roads," said the Government's brief. "It merely faced the fact that the commerce of the country was about to be tied up and endeavored to adopt a general measure to give relief. If it had known, as it probably did not, that there were some roads whose men would not join in the strike, it doubtless would still have passed an act applying to all alike. But slight knowledge of human nature is necessary to make it apparent that if relief had been granted to some and withheld from others, the result would have been new dissatisfaction which would speedily have brought about another emergency of the same kind to be dealt with."

Snappy cold weather food—says Bobby
POST TOASTIES
MADE OF CORN
An all Year Food

OPEN BIG DRIVE TO AID TRADE ACCEPTANCES

Nation-Wide Movement Launched Under Auspices of Credit Men's Association.

A country-wide movement for the adoption of the trade acceptance in place of the open book method of credit, as an effective means of meeting the largely increasing demands of the Government on the credit facilities of the nation, was launched last night by the American Trade Acceptance Council at a meeting held at the Hotel Astor under the auspices of the New York Credit Men's Association. More than 700 representatives of banking and mercantile concerns were present.

W. F. H. Koelsch, in introducing the speakers, said that the necessity of converting open accounts into self-liquidating commercial paper must be universally recognized and prompt steps taken to bring about this important change in commercial practice.

Robert H. Treman, Deputy Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, told the meeting that the Federal Reserve Board stood ready to uphold the campaign in behalf of the general adoption of the trade acceptance, as "the attainment of this end will be a constructive contribution toward banking progress."

Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Board of the Irving National Bank, and Chairman of the American Trade Acceptance Council, said that it was fortunate for the trade acceptance that its possibilities of merit were not confined to the purposes of small business, or big business, or indeed of any particular class of business.

"The acceptance cause is a worthy one," Mr. Pierson declared. "In the present national emergency this method is destined to play a most important part—its national use will go far toward converting into active and usable form the immense value now unavailable because of the general existence of improper methods. The obligation of the council is to present the trade acceptance cause in such a manner as to do fullest justice to its most substantial merit—that of business and financial assistance to extend complete co-operation to the end that there may be developed financial machinery which may properly supplement national effort in the all-important task of winning the war."

George Woodruff, President of the First National Bank, Joliet, Ill., whose subject was, "The Retail Merchant and the Trade Acceptance," said the time had come for merchants in each community in the United States to get together and agree to adopt the trade acceptance as the universal business custom for all.

The campaign in behalf of the trade acceptance will be continued today under the auspices of the American Trade Acceptance Council, which will hold meetings at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., in the assembly room of the Merchants Association in the Woolworth Building for the discussion of the subject.

WANTS ALL TRANSIT UNDER CITY CONTROL

Whitney Would Synchronize Surface Lines with Subways and Elevated Roads.

In an address made last night before the Queens Chamber of Commerce at Flushing, Public Service Commissioner Travis H. Whitney warily discussed the question of municipal ownership. He led up to the subject with statements concerning the progress made in supplying the city with rapid transit, and then said that the war was rapidly convincing the public of the necessity for direct governmental control and even operation of activities necessary to the national interest. He declared that two decades ago this city determined upon the municipalization of transportation, and that the application of the principle had proceeded until the city had now more than $200,000,000 invested in transit properties and had, "in municipal ownership, the great trunk transit lines of the city."

Mr. Whitney said the fact that the public was not completely served by either a rapid transit or a surface system became more apparent, and that a striking illustration was shown in Brooklyn, where Subways and elevated roads built by the city were being operated as a unit with privately owned elevated lines, and at the same time a great network of surface lines, controlled by the same holding company, were operated as an independent system. After discussing the possible methods of cordinating the various systems so that the public would be better served, Mr. Whitney said the commission could not hope to use the surface lines properly until there was a more complete method of public control of them.

HELD AS GERMAN SPIES.

Men at Rockford Camp Charged with Having Fraudulent Passports.

CHICAGO, Nov. 22.—Arpad Egon von Dillmont and Leo Nicholas Hochman, alleged spies, were ordered held without bail after a hearing today before Immigration Inspector Charles H. Paul. They are charged with having entered the country on fraudulent passports, coming from Buenos Aires.

Von Dillmont was arrested after his appearance at the army cantonment at Rockford armed with a pass giving him the right to take pictures.

PEKING GAZETTE SILENCED.

Japanese Legation Protested Against Hostile Articles.

PEKING, Wednesday, Nov. 21, (Delayed.)—The Peking Gazette, which recently published a number of anti-Japanese articles, has been suspended by the authorities.

The suppression of the newspaper, which has denounced the policy of Japan toward China, came after a protest had been made by the Japaness Legation.

WATER

Imported ginger ales owed much of their superior quality to the water used.

Clysmic Ginger Ale has the superior quality now—because it is made from Clysmic sparkling table water.

And what's more, every bottle of this beverage is actually aged before it is offered for sale.

MADE WITH CLYSMIC SPARKLING TABLE WATER
Clysmic Ginger Ale
MADE AND BOTTLED BY CLYSMIC SPRING CO. WAUKESHA, WIS.

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By the pound and hank.
ARMY AND NAVY COLORS
503 Fifth Ave.
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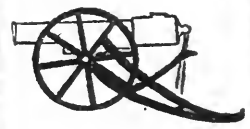
The Army and Navy in Toys

What a gay place is the Lilliputian Bazaar Toy Shop! The flags of every Entente nation are unfurled. There, too, are soldiers, guns, sailors, aeroplanes, ambulances, boats and all the necessary paraphernalia to wage either land or sea battles.

No young soldier or sailor should miss this sight!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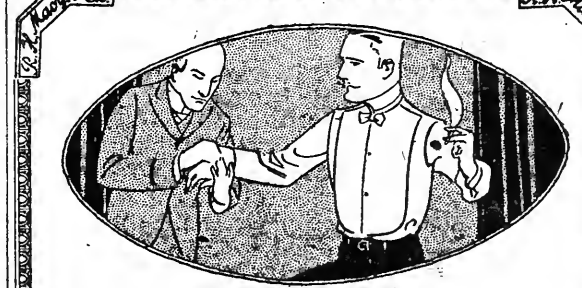
Fifth Ave. at Thirty-fifth St.
You never pay more at Best's.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Men's Evening Shirts
Made to Measure $3.24

So that more men may know about our facilities for tailoring to your measure and taste garments of unusual quality, fit and refinement, we make this timely, special offer at the very beginning of the social season.

These shirts may be ordered with either pique or imported linen bosoms and cuffs. They will be cut and tailored with care in our own custom shirt workrooms.

We take just pride in our custom shirt making. Ask about the fabrics and prices of custom-made shirts for daytime wear.

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Can be made to play all makes of Records.
Special Offer on The NEW EDISON

PAY *nothing down on the instrument.* Pay only for a selection of records. We will deliver the instrument of your choice to your home at once. *No further payments for thirty days.* Then small monthly payments as arranged.

This is an ideal opportunity for you to own Mr. Edison's great musical instrument, which Re-Creates music, on a plan by which you scarcely feel the expense. You make no large payments at any time.

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Come in Today

Hear the New Edison recital in our concert hall. Compare this Re-Created music with the reproductions you have heard on talking machines. Then ask, if you wish, about our special easy payment offer.

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473 Fifth Ave. Opposite the Public Library

Charming Gifts of Hand-Made SLOANE FURNITURE

IN our Division of Furniture there is a profusion of small pieces which will prove most acceptable Holiday remembrances.

The selection includes Nests of Tables and decorative little Stands in lacquer, mahogany and satin-wood; graceful occasional Chairs and Stools; finely made Desks for the living room or library; dainty Writing Tables for the boudoir; handsome Screens; beautiful Lamps and Mirrors; Book Ends and other table and desk accessories of unique character—each article distinguished by exquisite design and workmanship.

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The Masterpiece of Underwear Making
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"DROP SEAT" Union Suit FOR MEN

The most comfortable Union Suits that men can wear—they won't slip, sag or bind, but will give with every move of the body—the "drop seat" prevents gaping and spreading of the crotch.

In Cotton, Worsted or Wool and in every weight and size.

$1.75, $2.25 *and up to* $4.50

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WOMEN CONDEMN SUFFRAGE PACIFISM

Draft a Platform Charging Pro-German Effort for the Federal Amendment.

FEAR A WAR REFERENDUM

Mrs. Wadsworth Presides at Meeting in Washington Which Takes Aggressive Stand.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—An aggressive attitude against woman suffrage, feminism, and socialism was taken today by the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage here in adopting a new national platform. The association put itself on record as stoutly opposed to what it characterized as pro-German-pacifist effort to put through the proposed suffrage amendment to the Constitution.

The opponents of woman suffrage declared themselves for man-power in Government control. They affirmed that "the oath of members of Congress to uphold and defend the Constitution of the United States against all foreign and domestic enemies morally and truly applies to the present Constitution and to the proposed Federal Suffrage Amendment."

Mrs. James W. Wadsworth, wife of United States Senator Wadsworth, presided at the conference, at which twenty-five States were represented.

The new platform adopted by the association, a copy of which is to be sent to President Wilson, sets forth:

That in the recent election in New York State woman suffrage was carried by the increased pro-German, pacifist, and Socialist vote cast in New York City.

That the suffrage victory in New York has caused suffragists, Socialists, and pacifists to demand the immediate passage of the Federal Suffrage amendment.

That the present Constitution of the United States and the Constitutions of the several States and the national platforms of both great parties "recognize the right of each State to settle this question for itself."

That the passage of the proposed Federal amendment would encourage all pro-Germans, pacifists, and Socialists of both sexes in their demands for a national referendum on the war.

That such a referendum could lead only to a division of public opinion and become an instrument for the encouragement of resistance to the selective draft and to army discipline.

That the Federal suffrage amendment is undemocratic and unjust, a destruction of the right of self-Government and would tremendously increase racial problems and all other problems of American democracy; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the oath administered to all members of Congress and officers of the United States Government "to uphold and defend the Constitution of the United States against all foreign and domestic enemies," morally and truly applies to the present Constitution and to the proposed Federal Suffrage amendment, and

That the association, in harmony with its past principles and present ideals adopt and take appropriate action to defend the following national platform:

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OPPOSED TO WOMAN SUFFRAGE STANDS:

For home and national defense against woman suffrage, feminism, and socialism.

For man-power in government, believing that democracy must be strong to be safe.

For the preservation of the established foundations of the American Republic as a model for the world.

For the enforcement of the constitutional right of each State to settle the question of woman suffrage for itself.

For efficiency and progress, without waste and duplication in Government.

For the conservation of the best womanhood of all conditions and stations of life.

For the ultimate union of women of all classes and creeds along nonpartisan lines, so that the interests of womanhood, childhood, and civilization may be advanced free from the strife and division of politics, factions, and parties.

For the retention of the best ideals of the past, adapted to the advantages and opportunities given to women under modern conditions, so that the fundamental principles of morality, of patriotism, and of world progress may be more firmly established in the present and future generations.

WOMEN, AFTER TIFF, PUT LOYALTY FIRST

Continued from Page 1.

no question of that being the sentiment of the entire State, and since this does put the matter a little more emphatically and more clearly before our opponents who are ready and eager to criticise, I think we should make it just as clear as we can that this is what we stand for. It seems unnecessary to us, because we know our own loyalty, but it might be a very good thing in the face of the criticisms."

The amendment then was put and carried overwhelmingly, though there was a loud minority of nays. That ended the incident.

Less acrimonious, but even more prolonged and earnest, was the discussion during which the future policy of the organization was determined. It arose over an amendment to the constitution proposed by Miss Harriet May Mills, which sought to change the name to the New York State League of Women Citizens. The debate over the proposal was the most extended of the session, and it resulted finally in rejection of the amendment. The chief interest which attached to it was that it disclosed a strong undercurrent of sentiment among the delegates for turning all the energies of the organization to the task of educating women voters, now that suffrage has been won in New York State.

Work of Education.

Next the women devoted themselves to a long, informal conference as to just what was to be the program of the up-State local organizations. Several women had told during the previous debate how their local bodies had wished to disband on election night, feeling that the suffrage fight was over. A score or more short speeches all pointed to the deep interest the women were taking in their new problem of citizenship.

In the end it was decided informally that the Executive Board should formulate an educational program before the county conventions are held early in the Spring, and that meantime local bodies should do what they could toward extending their enrollment and starting the task of teaching women voters how best to use the ballot.

Miss Hay, called upon to explain for the guidance of up-State delegates the educational program of the city party, so far as it has been formulated, said:

"We expect to train the women, not only in the ideals of citizenship, but in handling the practical things they have to vote for. We expect to carry out our program in the city. It will cost a good many thousand dollars, but New York City can raise it, and we are going to reach every nook and corner of the five boroughs."

The deliberations were interrupted while the result of the balloting for officers was announced. The slate as printed yesterday was elected, Mrs. Frank J. Tone becoming third Vice Chairman and Mrs. Henry White Cannon, who had been expected to dispute the office with her, being elected fourth Vice Chairman.

A moment later the convention found itself suddenly and unexpectedly confronted with the unwelcome liquor question. A delegate from Rochester pointed out that there was to be a local option fight there in the Spring and that the local party already had been approached by the anti-saloon league for support. There was an awkward silence, no one seeming to know what to say. Miss Hay came to the rescue with a suggestion that the matter be referred to the Executive Board. Mrs. Brown declared her advice to go slow applied here particularly, and Mrs. Whitehouse asserted it was the convention's plan to make no decision at the present time, that it had agreed not to commit itself on partisan issues.

A series of reports brought out many interesting facts about the party's successful fight for the ballot. Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid, Treasurer, made known that the campaign had cost approximately $700,000. Contributions were received from Kentucky, Virginia, Pennsylvania, and Massachusetts. A legacy from Mrs. Imogene Thomas of Utica was compromised, in face of a threatened will contest, for $5,000. The report of campaign expenditures and receipts required by law is to be made on Monday next.

Declaration of Principles.

When the body finally reached new business on its program these declarations, offered by Mrs. Alice Duer Miller, were adopted:

That with the increase in power that comes to us with the ballot, we render our pledges of loyalty and service to our country.

The decision of the voters on Nov. 6, having settled the question of woman suffrage in New York State, all women are now enfranchised citizens and must meet those new duties and obligations, and though the suffrage party is throwing the force of its organization behind the Federal amendment, its purpose otherwise is to develop a plan of education in order to assist in fitting all women for citizenship.

That to all those women who desire to serve their Government effectively, who wish to know and then to act, so that the injustices and difficulties under which many of the citizens of the State live and labor may be abolished, we, the Woman Suffrage Party, extend a hearty welcome.

That we express our gratitude to the voters of New York State for having recorded their belief in complete democracy.

That we express our especial gratitude to the President of the United States for his generous and effective assistance; to the Governor of the State for his long continued support, and to all organizations and individuals who have helped us to win the privileges of full citizenship.

That the women propose to claim their fair share of State offices was manifest in the cordiality with which they adopted a proposal of Mrs. Mary Hyde Andrews that the Legislative Committee investigate and report to the Executive Board upon such opportunities. Mrs. Andrews's resolution pointed out that members of boards and commissions charged with welfare work for women and children and the dependent wards of the State usually were made by the Governor and that there is at the present time "very inadequate representation of women on such boards."

Mrs. Frank Vanderlip urged that the organization in its new district form devote itself, as no other body could, to selling the investment stamps which the Government shortly is to offer to investors who cannot afford to buy Liberty bonds. She said they offered a splendid investment and an unusual opportunity to cultivate the saving habit.

This statement by Mrs. Whitehouse was issued by the Press Committee:

"It has been pointed out that Senator Wadsworth, who has campaigned against woman suffrage in Livingston County on the ground of Jeannette Rankin's vote against war, resigned his military commission when war seemed imminent because in his judgment his political service as Senator was of greater importance to the State."

At the morning session Mrs. Whitehouse said that "a certain newspaper which is hostile to us, has criticised us for spending a large amount of money in our campaign, but nowhere in the columns of this newspaper have I seen any criticism of the $1,300,000 campaign fund of the recent Fusion campaign, which this newspaper warmly supported."

Defense of Socialists.

Mrs. Blanche Gilman Wentworth Watson has written an open letter to Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt protesting against the omission from the program of the suffrage 'celebration mass meeting of speakers from the Socialist and Democratic Parties. She agrees with THE NEW YORK TIMES that the Socialist vote "carried the day for suffrage." In her letter she said:

"I have just read in today's paper the announcement of a mass meeting to be held this evening to celebrate the New York State suffrage victory. To my surprise I note that there are on the program speakers representing only two of the four political parties who helped to gain that victory.

"I should have hesitated to mention here, perhaps, what I and others know to be a fact—had not THE NEW YORK TIMES recently come out with it so unreservedly—the fact that the Socialist vote carried the day for suffrage. THE TIMES is known to be anti-Socialist, and has been anti-suffrage; and, furthermore, THE TIMES prints 'only the news that is fit to print.' It seems to me that it is quite right and proper for me to quote THE TIMES here, in my criticism of what seems to be an autocratic—not to say ungrateful—action on the part of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party. Lest there be a misunderstanding, let me say that THE TIMES merely voiced the opinion of many men and women in this city and State as to the vital importance of the Socialist vote.

"As one who has been privileged to aid in a small way the honestly interested, hard-working band of Socialist suffrage women of this city, who knows furthermore their sacrifices and all they have had to contend against in their unremitting endeavors to bring about a reform that has always been advocated in the American Socialist party platform, I feel justified in asking space in the New York papers for my protest against a discrimination so ill-advised, so shortsighted and so fundamentally undemocratic."

The convention adjourned late in the afternoon. The Executive Committee met in closed session immediately afterward. The Executive Board meets at 303 Fifth Avenue for a similar session this morning.

DR. SHAW SEVERE IN BLAMING PICKETS

Endangered the President and Carried Treasonable Banners, Says Suffrage Leader.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 22.—Praising President Wilson for his aid to the suffrage cause, intimating that the White House pickets of the Congressional Union, now known as the National Woman's Party, had endangered the life of President Wilson by their actions, and asserting that the pickets at the time of the visit of the Russian mission to Washington had carried treasonable banners, Dr. Anna Howard Shaw today repudiated picketing and all forms of militancy by workers for equal suffrage.

The address of Dr. Shaw, who is Honorary President of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, was made at the closing session here of the annual convention of the Pennsylvania Woman Suffrage Association. She spoke in a discussion of a resolution condemning "the mistaken methods of the pickets," which was adopted by an almost unanimous vote.

The arrest of the pickets and their charges of brutality and insufficient food while confined in jail were arousing sentiment throughout the country which would prove harmful at this critical time, said Dr. Shaw. She contiued:

"I am fearful of the harm which may be done at this time because there are people in this country who are opposed to the Administration and are opposed to war and are ready to seize any excuse for antagonism against the Government. We are a sentimental people, and sentiment will appeal when common sense will not. So today there is sweeping over this country a great wave of sentimentality because it is said these women are receiving brutal treatment at the hands of the Government."

To stop the progress of this wave of sentimentality, Dr. Shaw said she had made two proposals to the Washington Police Department. The first was that a committee of respected and trusted citizens investigate the charges made by the pickets, and the second was to have those now serving sentences pardoned and allow them to picket under police protection, a police office escorting each picket. This latter proposal, Dr. Shaw said, would soon stop the picketing.

Resolutions adopted by the association pledged the membership of the organization to food conservation, pledged the support of all government loans and the aid of woman power toward the winning of the war, indorsed wartime prohibition and urged the passage of the Federal suffrage amendment.

Only One "BROMO QUININE."
To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Helps relieve a cold in one day. 30c—Advt.

Majorities, in matters of opinion, are not always right;
But—a majority of men, who have sound reasons for their preference, prefer
JEAN VALJEAN CIGARS
"Truly a Cigar"
3 for 25c and Upward
DAVE BAGUE
Various Sizes and Shapes
Where Good Cigars Are Sold

Football, Polo Grounds, Saturday, Nov. 24th, 2 P. M., Camp Upton vs. Camp Devens. Tickets now on sale. New York Baseball Club, 200 Fifth Ave., $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, including war tax. —Advt.

FLAGLER HEIRS FIGHT BEQUEST TO BINGHAM

Relatives of Widow Join in Action to Keep $5,000,000 Given in Codicil.

The heirs at law of Mrs. Lily Flagler Bingham, other than her husband, Judge Robert W. Bingham, of Louisville, have joined to fight the bequest of $5,000,000 made to Judge Bingham by his wife a few days before her sudden death in Kentucky last July. This became known yesterday when Judge William A. Brown of Pensacola, Fla., and William R. Kenan, brother of Mrs. Bingham, who have been appointed executors by the Probate Court in Florida of the will and first codicil, but not of the second codicil carrying Judge Bingham's bequest, filed a petition in the Surrogate's Court here asking the New York court to join with the Florida court in probating the will and first codicil, which gives $125,000 to the Flagler Hospital at St. Augustine. The petitioners also ask to be appointed ancillary executors in this State and for an order giving them control of Mrs. Bingham's property in New York, including $1,500,000 in cash and securities deposited with the Guaranty Trust Company

MINERS MUST PAY DAMAGES

$200,000 Verdict Against Them in Bache-Denman Suit.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Nov. 22.—The jury in the suit of the Bache-Denman syndicate against the United Mine Workers and others this afternoon returned a verdict in the Federal Court awarding the plaintiffs damages in the sum of $200,000.

Under the Sherman act the plaintiffs are entitled to three times this amount, or $600,000.

The plaintiffs sued for $2,250,000, alleging their properties had been damaged to that amount by the acts of violence of the union miners at their Prairie Creek Mines in Sebastian Country in July, 1914, following the attempt of the mine operators to work their mines with non-union men. Several lives were sacrificed in the shooting that occurred.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 22.—The United Mine Workers of America will begin immediate preparations for taking to the higher courts the case decided at Fort Smith, Ark., in the Federal Court there awarding $200,000 damages to the Bache-Denman syndicate, it was said at the mine workers' headquarters here today.

CLOTHES PRICED CLOSE TO COST

TO keep clothing prices near the old-time moderate level, there are just two alternatives—either a sacrifice in standards or a sacrifice in price ....That these Kirschbaum suits and overcoats fulfill the Stern Brothers standards is sufficient answer on the score of quality .... Accepting the other alternative, we have approached closer to the actual making cost than anyone else, to our knowledge, has yet ventured - - - - - $20, $25, $30, $35

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MEN'S CLOTHING—THIRD FLOOR

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST NEW YORK

ANNOUNCE
FIRST REDUCTIONS
in
SUITS—GOWNS
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FRANKLIN SIMON

Boys' Norfolk Suits, Mackinaws, Overcoats

THE most important feature of these cold weather clothes for Boys is the reasonable figures at which they are marked. In spite of the wave of higher prices for woolens, these garments show no depreciation in price and no depreciation in quality from our regular standards. And the variety is immense.

Boys' Norfolk Suits, $12.50
(Including Two Pairs of Knickers)

Four smart Norfolk models, featuring a variety of pleats and pockets. Handsomely tailored in colorful cheviots and tweeds. 8 to 18 years.

Boys' All-Wool Overcoats, $12.75

Of tweeds and cheviot overcoatings, belted or plain-slip-on models, of all colors, worsted lined. 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Mackinaws, $6.75 to $12.75

A Norfolk model and a skating model, with big pockets for skates, all with convertible shawl collar. Made of genuine Western all-wool mackinaw cloth, in greens, browns, reds, heathers, and any other color you can think of—and then some! 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Shop—Fifth Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue—37th and 38th Street

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DE PINNA

For girls of from 4 to 16 years there are two types of top coats which alone may be accepted as correct.

For school wear and wear in rough weather, the girl should have a loosely fitted mannish type of coat made of a shaggy Scotch or English fabric, while for wear when a note of formality is expected in her dress, the coat should be of a velvet, wool velour, broadcloth or suede velour.

As only tailored coats are worn by the girls of our best known families, we specialize exclusively in this type, drawing largely on the best designers abroad for our models and using in the making of these coats our own exclusive importations of European fabrics.

Girls' Coats—for more formal wear. In velvet, wool velours, broadcloth, suede velours and heather homespuns. Sizes, 4 to 16 years. $35 to $110. Some of these coats have fur collars.

Specially designed hats made of materials to match these coats.

Tailored Dresses—for immediate wear, to be worn with these coats, in velvets, navy blue or white serge, imported wool plaids and other selected fabrics. $15 to $55.

Girls' First Suits—made-to-measure and for immediate wear. This is a very important De Pinna specialty

5th Avenue at 50th Street

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Dinner Clothes for the Speaker and His Audience

All eyes are centered on the man who rises to the toastmaster's introduction. His clothes, as well as those of his listeners, should be faultless in style and workmanship. They will be if purchased here and they will cost less than elsewhere.

Evening Clothes for Men $27.25

Full Dress Coat or Dinner Jacket, as you prefer, and trousers, well tailored of unfinished worsted, silk lined throughout, coat and collar bound with silk galloon. Others up to $49.50

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway, Front.

Silk Gloves for Men

Double Silk Gloves with Paris Point Backs, one clasp fasteners. Street shades of gray, at $1.19

Heavy Silk Gloves of unusual quality with Paris Point Backs and heavy black embroidery. Serviceable shades of gray, at $1.44

Macy's—Main Floor, B'way, 35th St.

Men's Imported Motor Coats at $49.75

These coats are made of heavy wool fleece and are lined with camel's hair and wool lining—offering ample protection against the cold and wind. Cut with full skirts, have roll storm collars, bellows patch pockets and three-button belts. Colors are Cambridge and Oxford gray and brown.

Macy's—Second Floor, 34th St.

Domet Flannel Sleeping Garments for Men, $1.89

Heavy, strong and warm pajamas, cut full and roomy. Tan, blue or pink stripes on white grounds.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

"Lansdowne" Hats at $3.24

Your choice of gray, brown and olive green hats in the new shapes. The "Lansdowne" is made exclusively for us and measures up to the standards we set for our own merchandise.

Macy's Own Hardened Hat

For Your Protection we offer the Sanitcap—to be worn when trying on a hat—so you may be sure you are the first to wear the hat you buy.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Food Will Win The War Don't Waste It

The United States Food Administration asks that you use all food products carefully and economically. There must be enough for our soldiers, our allies and ourselves. Whenever you dine bear this fact in mind.

DEFENSE WINS POINT IN DE SAULLES CASE

Contends Testimony of Slain Man's Valet Shows Murder Was Not Premeditated.

DEATH PENALTY DEMANDED

Prosecutor Tells Jury Mrs. De Saulles Deliberately Planned to Kill Her Husband.

One of the first witnesses called by the prosecution against Mrs. Blanca De Saulles, after the selection of the jury had been completed yesterday, struck heavily at the theory of the State that the young Chilean woman had killed her divorced husband, John Longer De Saulles, after careful deliberation.

This was Julius Hadamek, formerly the valet of John L. De Saulles, who was the first important witness in the trial at Mineola, L. I., of Mrs. De Saulles for murder in the first degree. His testimony in several particulars was directly the contrary of what the District Attorney had promised in his opening statement to the jury.

It was asserted in the opening statement that it would be proved that on the night of Aug. 3 Mrs. De Saulles went from her home, The Crossways, at Roslyn, L. I., to her divorced husband's home, The Box, near the Meadow Brook Hunt Club, at Westbury, not for the purpose of getting her son in the father's absence, but in the expectation of finding De Saulles at home and settling accounts with him.

District Attorney Weeks said that when the young woman called up on the telephone at 8 o'clock in the evening on Aug. 3 she had first asked for her divorced husband. He admitted that, though De Saulles was present, she was told that he was away at the Meadow Brook Hunt Club. Mr. Weeks put together a skillful argument, however, to prove that, though she had been told her husband was away, she "sensed" the fact that he was present, and that she made the trip intending to find him and shoot him, not intending to take her four-and-a-half-year-old son and make away with him before the father should return.

Asked First for Her Son.

Hadamek said on direct examination that Mrs. De Saulles had asked to speak to her husband, and that he at the instigation of De Saulles had untruthfully replied that his employer was away. On cross-examination Hadamek was asked by Henry A. Uterhart, chief counsel for Mrs. De Saulles, if the defendant had not said anything else before asking for her divorced husband. Hadamek thought a while and then said:

"She asked first, 'Where is Jack?'"

"Whom did you understand her to mean by 'Jack'?"

"She meant little 'Jack.'"

"Yes, she meant little 'Jack.' And what did you say?"

"I said he was upstairs being put to bed."

"Did she say anything after that?"

"She said, 'What is the meaning of this—keeping him so late?'"

Hadamek said that he did not answer this question and that Mrs. De Saulles next said:

"Can't you bring him over to me?"

"I can't do it, madam," was Hadamek's reply.

Hadamek was then asked if all of this conversation had not passed before Mrs. De Saulles had first mentioned her husband. He said it had. De Saulles was standing beside the telephone within one or two feet of the valet during this conversation, the valet said. When the question came regarding De Saulles the valet turned and told De Saulles that she was asking for him.

"What did you say?" asked Mr. Uterhart.

"I asked Mr. De Saulles what I should say. He said to say that he was out."

When she asked where he was and how long he would be gone, De Saulles told him to say that he was at the Meadowbrook Hunt Club and would be gone an hour, the valet said.

"And you told Mrs. De Saulles this?"

"Yes."

"It was a lie, wasn't it?"

"Yes, Sir."

"And you told it because he was your master and told you to tell it, isn't that right?"

"Yes, Sir."

Hamadek was then asked if Mrs. De Saulles had said anything more. He replied:

"She said: 'Don't say anything about my calling up. I'll be right over and get Jack.'"

Surprise to Prosecution.

This last statement of the De Saulles valet was an unexpected support to the contention of the defense that the crime was not premeditated; that she had intended to avoid seeing De Saulles, and on finding that she had been deceived, shot him on an impromptu and insane impulse. Mr. Uterhart and ex-Judge Lewis J. Smith, the two lawyers for the defense, smiled and the group of relatives and friends sitting behind Mrs. De Saulles grew animated and exultant. Mrs. De Saulles, who had her face partly resting on the knuckles of her left hand and one polished fingernail on her temple, continued to look down at the floor in the position which she had held ever since the District Attorney in his opening statement began to denounce her as a cold-blooded murderess. After a short consultation with his colleague over this point scored, Mr Uterhart began to question the witness about the visit of Mrs. De Saulles during which the killing took place.

Hadamek said that he had seen Mrs. De Saulles walk up the stairs about an hour after she had telephoned and that he had spoken to her at the door. The first thing she said, according to him, was that she wanted to see De Saulles. Hadamek said that he stood in the hall, as he spoke to her, and that De Saulles was in the room within a few feet of him. This laid the foundation for the contention by the defense that on her arrival Mrs. De Saulles asked for her husband, not for her son, because she saw her husband in the living room as she entered the front door. After she had spoken to him, Hadamek said that he turned and said to De Saulles:

"Mrs. De Saulles is here."

"What did De Saulles say?" asked Uterhart.

"He said nothing, but came out."

The first statement by Mrs. De Saulles, as reported by the valet, was: "What is the meaning of it—your keeping Jack here?"

"It's my time to have him," De Saulles replied, according to the servant. Hadamek said that at this moment the telephone rang and he went to answer it. While he did not hear all of the rest of the conversation, he said that he remembered hearing Mrs. De Saulles exclaim "I want him," following which De Saulles said in a positive and rather loud tone, "No, no." Then came five shots.

Saw De Saulles Fall.

Hadamek, who was at the other end of the hall, about twenty feet away, ran toward the couple and saw De Saulles, who was just inside the door of the living room, stagger, clutch at the wall, and fall forward through an open door out upon the screen porch.

Mrs. De Saulles stood there, very pale—much whiter, according to Hadamek, than she was in the courtroom, where she appeared absolutely colorless. According to Hadamek, this conversation took place between them:

Hadamek—Madame, what have you done?

Mrs. De Saulles—Julo, I had to do it. Jule, can't you get me my boy?

Hadamek—No, Madame, I can't do it.

Mrs. De Saulles—Jule, what shall I do?

Hadamek—It is no use to run away, Madame. You had better stay here till the police come.

Mrs. De Saulles—All right.

Hadamek said that he then went to the side of the wounded man and lifted him upon a sofa. He said that he had done this alone.

"Did Marshall Ward help you?"

"No."

Hadamek said in answer to another question that Marshall Ward was not present when he had the conversation above narrated with Mrs. De Saulles. Mrs. Caroline Degener, a sister of the slain man, was the only other present, he said. Mr. Uterhart asked a number of questions regarding the whereabouts of Marshall Ward, a friend of the family, who was in the house at the time of the shooting, for the purpose of seeking to discredit in advance the testimony of Mr. Ward, who has stated that he witnessed the killing, and in a public statement declared it to be the most cold-blooded murder he had ever heard of. Mr. Ward was also credited with the statement that Mrs. De Saulles had attended every session of the Carman trial, and that he believed she had conceived the theory from that celebrated case that a woman is not subject to punishment in New York State. Mrs. De Saulles has denied that she ever attended the Carman trial.

Marshall Ward was called to the stand immediately after Hadamek had concluded his testimony, but Justice Manning decided to adjourn court until today in order that his testimony, which will occupy some time, should not be broken up.

At the adjournment of court the lawyers for the defense were enthusiastic over the first day's testimony, believing that Hadamek had done much to break down the theory that Mrs. De Saulles had "sensed" the fact that her husband was at home and had therefore committed the act with premeditation.

Opening Address to Jury.

Mr. Weeks began his opening address, in which he built up the argument that Mrs. De Saulles had "sensed" the presence of her divorced husband at The Box, with several dates—that of the De Saulles marriage, which occurred at Paris in 1911; the birth of the boy, John Longer De Saulles, Jr., on Christmas Day in 1912; the commencement of divorce proceedings in the Summer of 1916, and the granting of the decree in December, 1916, by which John L. De Saulles was found guilty of infidelity, Joan Sawyer being the co-respondent, and by which the possession of the boy was given for seven months of the year to Mrs. De Saulles and for five months of the year to the father.

Mr. Weeks said that he would prove that out of the 378 days preceding the day of the shooting the father had had the boy for only sixty-six. He went on to argue that on Aug. 3, the day the shooting occurred, the boy was properly in the keeping of his father under the agreement. He did not touch on the statements made before the trial by counsel for the defense that the father had kept the boy in the preceding month until July 7, and that he had made a "gentleman's agreement" with her that she might have the boy until Aug. 7. Describing the events of Aug. 3, Mr. Weeks continued:

"Mr. De Saulles on this day went to business as usual. He had lunch, I think, at Sherry's with Mrs. Degener, Marshall Ward, and his father, Major De Saulles, and in the evening came out to The Box, where they had dinner. There was another present at dinner, a Major Drouillard, I think, but he does not appear as a witness or come into the case at all."

Mr. Weeks here stopped to inform the jury that he was giving a general outline of the case from memory, and that he did not pretend to give exact dates. He proceeded to name those at The Box in the evening, which comprised the boy and several servants in addition to the persons mentioned. When he came to Hadamek, Mr. Weeks laid stress on the fact that Hadamek was employed as a valet by Charles De Saulles, the brother, not by John Longer De Saulles, and that he was taken out to The Box in order to take care of the father. Major De Saulles. On the witness stand, however, Hadamek said that he had been employed at different times as valet to Charles and to John Longer De Saulles.

Mr. Weeks then outlined the scene in the living room just before the killing. Major Arthur De Saulles, the father, was lying on a large couch and his son was seated across the foot of the couch. Marshall Ward was seated on a stool. Mrs. Degener had just taken the boy upstairs to put him to bed.

"Now we will leave them for the present," he continued, "and take up Mrs. De Saulles. We will show that shortly before 8 o'clock she called up The Box on the telephone, talked to Julius Hadamek, and asked if Mr. De Saulles was in. There was a delay in the telephone conversation, while Hadamek spoke to De Saulles, and he told him what Mrs. De Saulles had asked. He said to Hadamek, 'Tell her I'm out. Tell her I have gone to the club and will be back in an hour.'

"Hadamek repeated this over the telephone. Now the prosecution will contend that Mrs. De Saulles knew that he was not out; that during the pause when Hadamek turned and spoke to John Longer De Saulles she, knowing the circumstances at The Box, sensed the situation."

Mr. Weeks elaborated the argument that, knowing that it was customary for the valet to give this answer if De Saulles did not want to be seen, she became thoroughly aware that he was there and that she then began her preparations for the visit which ended in his death.

Tells of Trip in Taxi.

When the machine finally arrived, the District Attorney said, Mrs. De Saulles got into the taxicab with her maid, Susanne Monteau, and her dog, and ordered the driver to get to the Ladenburg property as fast as he could. Before he started she asked him if he knew the short cut. He said he did not. She said, according to Mr. Weeks, that she would direct him.

After going minutely into the plans of the house and relocating the characters, Mr. Weeks continued:

"John Longer De Saulles got up and walked toward her with extended hand. He said:

"'How are you, Blanquita?' Blanquita being a familiar name for Blanca. She replied:

"'I came for little Jack.'

"Mr. De Saulles said that she couldn't have him, that the court had awarded the boy to him for the time, and that he would not let her have him. She said something else, and he replied:

"'You can't have him. I don't want to discuss the situation any further.'

"She then said, 'There's only one thing for me to do.' She took the revolver and fired five shots at her husband's back. She fired them so quickly that, although Marshall Ward was in the same room and Jules Hadamek near at hand, all five shots had been fired before they could reach her to stop. One of these shots, which struck in the back near the spine, was the cause of death."

After telling how she was found by Constable Thorn and Sheriff Seaman standing with her maid by a privet hedge a short distance from the house, the District Attorney quoted this conversation:

"Are you Mrs. De Saulles?"

"Yes, are you the police?"

"Yes."

"Very well, I will go with you."

Pat Revolver on Hatrack.

At their request she told where she had put down the empty revolver on a hatrack in the hall. The two officers took her to their automobile, but on the way she stopped, the District Attorney said, to see her chauffeur, James J. Donner. She said to him:

"Take good care of the dog. Drive to Roslyn and see my maid Louise and she will pay you for the trip."

He went into these details, the District Attorney said, to show the clearness of her mind and the practical character of her thought, which would, he contended, exclude the idea that her mind was unbalanced. Taken before Justice of the Peace Walter R. Jones, she was asked:

"Why did you shoot him?"

"I shot him because he would not give me back my boy," she is said to have replied. "I hope he dies."

A few minutes later word came from the hospital that De Saulles was dead. Mr. Weeks continued:

"Justice of the Peace Jones then said: 'Madam, your wish has been gratified. Your husband is dead.'

"She replied, 'I'm sorry.'"

In conclusion Mr. Weeks said:

"I have gone into these details to show that she had in mind exactly what was to be done. Her acts show that she understood clearly everything that was to be done, that she thought of herself and of others. She thought of lawyers, of her maids, of money, of the chauffeur, and of everything in connection with her act.

"The Grand Jury has called this deliberate and premeditated murder and the State will contend that it was deliberate and premeditated murder."

Without pausing a second after his address, which had been in a conversational tone, with little emphasis, the District Attorney said:

"Call George Fairfield."

This was the County Surveyor who had made drawings of The Box and its environments, which he explained to the jury, in order to give them a grasp on the geography of the case, which is considered important, as having a bearing on the issue of premeditation, which is second in importance only to the question of the sanity of the defendant at the time of the shooting.

The next witness was W. H. Pickering, a photographer of Roslyn, L. I., who identified photographs which he had taken of the interior and exterior of The Box—a square wooden building of two and a half stories, with the roof broken by gable windows.

The next witness was Dr. H. W. Warner of Hempstead, one of the physicians who performed the autopsy. He told of finding four bullet wounds and possibly a fifth. The doubtful case was a nick on the skin covering the knuckle of the index finger of the left hand.

One went through the little finger of the left hand and hit the ring finger; another entered the left arm below the elbow; another hit the upper arm, and the other, which inflicted the fatal wound, entered the back an inch and a half to the left of the spine, tearing an artery in the kidneys, and causing other fatal internal injuries.

The nature of these wounds began at once to assume an importance, the prosecution contending that the young woman shot De Saulles in the back, while the defense insists that he was half turned to her, and that the bullets in the hands and arm indicate that he threw up his arm to ward off bullets shot from in front, and that the mortal wound was inflicted when he started to run.

Prosecutor Grants Nothing.

That the prosecution is not to be perfunctory was indicated at the very beginning of the questioning of this witness. Mr. Uterhart wanted to ask Dr. Warner about a change in the transcript of the Coroner's inquest, and asked the District Attorney for his copy. Mr. Weeks reached for it, and handed it to the defendant's lawyer.

"You will concede that this is a correct copy?" asked Mr. Uterhart.

"We will concede nothing," said District Attorney Weeks.

Justice Manning then sent a court attendant for the original. This showed that the stenographer had left the transcript stating that a bullet struck the middle finger and went through to the ring finger. This had been crossed out, and it had been written in with pen and ink that the bullet had struck the little finger and passed on to the ring finger.

Dr. Warner insisted that the stenographer had made a mistake and that he had corrected it. When Dr. Smith A. Combes, who assisted at the inquest, followed on the stand Mr. Uterhart said, in cross-examination: "Isn't it true that you and Dr. Warner first agreed that the bullet struck the middle finger and then passed to the ring finger, and that you afterward changed it to make it that the bullet passed through the little finger and then struck the ring finger?"

"No, Sir."

"Doctor, aren't you in the habit of changing your diagnoses?"

"No, Sir."

The lawyer asked if he had not originally diagnosed the condition of one Michael Killalee as concussion of the brain, and later, when Killalee sued J. P. Morgan for damages in connection with his injuries, testified that the man had not been injured at all. The witness said he did not remember this. Mr. Uterhart asked for a court order to bring the record in this case into court, and it was issued. Dr. Combes was excused, to have his cross-examination finished later.

Raymond B. Hamilton of Roslyn, L. I., the garage keeper who furnished the automobile to Mrs. De Saulles, testified to the three telephone calls from Mrs. De Saulles for the automobile, each more insistent than the preceding one. James J. Donner, the chauffeur, said that he had not noticed Mrs. De Saulles as she entered the taxicab, but that when she alighted she had her hand on her right hip.

The whole morning session was consumed yesterday in drawing the two jurors required to fill the box. The men finally selected were George Siles and Alexander F. Norton. The entire jury is made up as follows: Foreman, John C. Bucken of Rockville Centre, bookkeeper for J. P. Morgan & Co., 61 years old, married, two children; Philip H. Ohm of Bellmore, retired grocer, 53 years old, married, two children; Edward K. Pietsch of Roslyn Heights, electrical engineer, 58 years old, married, one daughter; Louis J. Cornelius of Freeport, real estate dealer, 61 years old, married, two children; John Ellard of Oyster Bay, building constructor, married, one child; Herman H. Beers of Freeport, retired cigar manufacturer, 52 years old, one daughter; William H. Jones of Woodbury, retired farmer, 60 years old, married, three children; Harry Livingston of Seaford, traveling inspector, 55 years old, married, no children living; Nicholas Schneider of Manhasset, 37 years old, blacksmith, married, three children; George Siles, 60 years old, carriage trimmer of Smithville South, married, no children; Alexander F. Norton, 54 years old, of Mineola, married, five children.

The following talesmen were called yesterday and excused: George Bruere, Henry Singstacken, William S. Cornwell, John Druke, Joseph J. Koebel, G. W. Alger, M. P. Sautel, William G. Ketcham, Adolph Kaufman, N. Clement, M. F. Newman, G. Ox Pierce, E. V. Dibble, G. O. Baldwin, G. W. Davis, John Thompson, Dallas Brown, F. McLean, and Dan C. Henderson.

The trial will continue at 10 o'clock today.

SOLDIERS MUST WIN WAR, SAYS CROWDER

Continued from Page 1.

principle must be carried to its logical conclusion, and we must meet Prussian efficiency with a greater American effectiveness. We must consider the circumstances of all registrants. We must arrange them in the order in which they can be taken with the least disturbance, and thus place behind our battle lines sources of recruitment that will furnish men as they are needed. This means a segregation of registrants in classes arranged in the order of their availability for military service.

Divided Into Five Classes.

"Scientifically the greater the number of classes the less would be the disturbance to our economic life. Practically and after an exhaustive study of our experience we find that the circumstances of registrants cause them to fall quite naturally into five classes.

"By the great drawing in Washington the order of availability for all men whose circumstances were equal was determined. We shall not disturb this order unless some great need of the nation requires it. We shall make four classes of temporary and contingent discharges, but within each class (including the class of those immediately available) men shall stand in the order determined by the drawing.

"The unit for classification is the jurisdiction of a local board. The first class in any jurisdiction will meet all calls until it is exhausted, whereupon the second class becomes available.

"You have before you a sheet showing the classification that must be accomplished. Without permitting yourselves, for the moment, to be appalled by the magnitude of the task, I ask you to suppose that the 10,000,000 registrants in the United States have been segregated into these five classes.

"In Class I. we shall then have, in every community, immediately available for military service, single men and a few married men whose removal will not disturb the reasonably adequate support of their dependents. In the industrial and agricultural aspect we shall have segregated into this class men who have not especially fitted themselves for industrial or agricultural pursuits, so that our only incursion into the labor supply will affect but a small percentage of unskilled labor.

"In Class II. we find men who can be taken without disturbing the support of any dependent, and, as I shall presently show you, if the necessity of drawing on Class II. arrives, we must demand even from agriculture and industry an adjustment to replace a small percentage of skilled labor affected by the draft—men who, while occupying no pivotal or important position, can serve industry or agriculture better than unskilled men.

"Should the pinch of military necessity increase beyond Class II., it would mean that the nation would have to begin to commit itself to hardship and to an adjustment in agriculture and industry to meet the paramount necessity. We take in Class III. a very small class of persons upon whom others are dependent for support, but we do not break up the closest and most sacred of the family relationships. We also invade the field of agriculture and industry to the extent of taking, in the small percentage affected, men who have specialized themselves or who occupy rather pivotal positions.

"In Class IV. we find the men whom we shall take as a last resort. Before that class is reached, it is perfectly safe to say that by the addition of other classes as to age, say, those who have attained 21 since registration day, and perhaps adding the classes of 18 and 19 and 20 years old men, we shall have included two or three million men in our available list, and thus have saved Class IV.

"Class V. comprises the field of absolute exempts.

The Labor Problem.

"There is one thought that I must impress to eradicate an erroneous view that may be taken of this classification:

"We are dealing in the field of labor supply. Presuming that the labor supply of industry and agriculture comprises men between the ages of 18 and 50, and assuming, for the purpose of this exposition, that there are 1,000,000 men of each of these ages, we are dealing with thirty-two classes appurtenant to agriculture and to the various industries. The draft affects ten thirty-seconds of this supply, or only about 31 per cent. Therefore, turning to Class II., when we find skilled farm labor listed there, it does not mean that when Class II. is exhausted all skilled farm laborers will have been taken. From these figures it would seem to mean that 31 per cent. of all skilled farm labor will have been taken. But even this figure is misleading. Without the definite statistics that the present draft will eventually afford, I can say, I think, that within this class of skilled laborers at least 62 per cent. of those liable to draft will be found in classes more deferred than Class II. by reason of dependents, alienage, and the like. The result is that when we have exhausted Class II. we shall have taken only 12 per cent. of the skilled labor apparently extant to agriculture. The same figures apply to other industries.

"To insure an army comprising hundreds of thousands of men necessitates an inroad into the man power of the ration. We are committed to this war and we ought to fight it in the most effective fashion possible to us. The necessity of raising an army is paramount. The decrease in labor supply must be adjusted in some way other than by shutting off recruitment. That it can be adjusted there is no question. We see what England has done, what France has done, and most of all what Germany has done. The problem is not to maintain the labor supply of agriculture and of every industry intact. It is to make the withdrawal of men in the most scientific manner possible. I think we have done that, and that what is offered here is the basis for a nice balance between our two necessities. I feel that we can go no further. There are those who say that we must win this war in the economic field, with an inference that the raising of an army is a side issue. I say to you that with any greater inroads into the field of recruitment of our army we shall be sending inferior men to the field. That, if this nation is not competent to make the slight adjustment necessary to compensate for this scientific selection, then it is not competent to enter this war. A vast production on our farms and in our factories is necessary. It is necessary in order to support military operations on the field of battle. But certainly no man can urge in this day of trial and sacrifice that this nation should deliberately neglect to make itself effective in the field of military operation on the plea that our greatest contribution to the cause of humanity is in attaining an economic supremacy."

Praise for the Draft Boards.

General Crowder then compliments the draft boards on their work, saying:

"Our selection boards have done a great thing for this nation, but they must do a greater thing. The task accomplished is scarcely one-tenth the importance of the task which remains before you. For this great work there stands here a national system, called into being three months ago, and erected almost like Aladdin's Palace in a night.

"It would be as inexcusable to dismiss, disrupt, or replace this organization as to attempt to replace or dismiss a division on the field of France. Most of you are without the military age, yet you may canvass the field of all that you could have done to serve your country outside of the fighting forces and you will find no more valuable thing than what you are doing."

General Crowder then goes on to explain in detail the new system under which the boards will operate, and estimates that it will reduce their work by about 70 per cent.

COUNTY JUDGES AID DRAFT.

Will Act as Chairmen of Legal Staffs Attached to the Local Boards.

ALBANY, Nov. 22.—In response to telegrams from Governor Whitman to each County Judge in New York State, organization of legal advisory boards to aid the Federal draft is now under way in every county. This step is being taken at the urgent request of Provost Marshal General Crowder.

The boards whose members are now being designated will co-operate with local exemption boards in their respective counties in aiding registrants under the selective conscription act to fill in the sixteen-page questionnaire to be sent out by the Adjutant General before Dec. 15.

The County Judge is named Chairman of the board, and will designate two members of the County Bar for appointment by the President upon the nomination of the Governor. Other attorneys and laymen will be named as associate members as may be necessary to fit local conditions.

KHAKI BIBLES FOR SOLDIERS

Society Sends Copies to Roosevelt, Pershing, and Bell.

The New York Bible Society yesterday sent to Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, General Pershing, and Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell copies of a khaki-bound Bible, 100,000 of which have already been distributed to men in the United States Army and Navy. Each book contains copies of messages to the soldiers and sailors from Colonel Roosevelt and General Pershing. Roosevelt's message, which has already been published, urges the men to fight valiantly against the armies of Germany and Turkey, "because these nations in this crisis stand for the reign of Moloch and Beelzebub on earth."

General Pershing's message, received more recently, is as follows:

To the American soldier: Aroused against a nation waging war in violation of all Christian principles, our people are fighting in the cause of liberty. Hardships will be your lot, but trust in God to give you comfort; temptation will befall you, but the teachings of our Savior will give you strength. Let your valor as a soldier and your conduct as a man be an inspiration to your comrades and an honor to your country. PERSHING, Commander.

The American Bible Society, through its President, James R. Wood, announced yesterday that it was planning to raise $400,000 to provide Bibles for all American soldiers and sailors.

THE NOISELESS TYPEWRITER

A noiseless office is the efficient office

When you have an important letter to write, do you go to a machine shop to concentrate? And yet the typewriter-clatter of many offices is little better than the machine-shop clatter.

Noise distracts; it annoys; it becomes exasperating and finally unbearable. Wherever office work requires thought and careful application, noise impairs the efficiency of the workers. The man who says that he can work amidst "any kind of an uproar" lives up to his boast at the expense of his nerves.

The "Noiseless" raises the efficiency of your office by lifting noise-tension from every worker (not only you and the operator).

The "Noiseless" is profitable. It eliminates the nervous strain of machine-clatter—enables you and every member of your staff to do better work, and more work, and to do it more easily.

Get a demonstration in your own office today. Or let us send you our illustrated catalog and impressive list of users.

The NOISELESS

Stenographers:—Let us send you "First-hand Experiences" and other literature which has been prepared specially for you.

The Noiseless Typewriter Company
253 Broadway = Tel. Barclay 7442

Facts About the Sugar Situation

Our Government has asked you to use sugar sparingly. We believe that the people of this country will be glad to do their part to conserve the sugar supply when they know the facts.

These facts are as follows:

More than two-thirds of the source of Europe's sugar supply is within the present battle lines. This has resulted in greatly reducing the production of sugar in Europe.

England and France and other countries have been forced to go for sugar to Cuba.

Ordinarily, nearly all of the Cuban raw sugar comes to the United States and is refined here, chiefly for home use. This is not the case now.

In view of the exceptional world-demand for sugar there is no surplus, and barely enough to tide us over until the new crop comes in. The people of the New England and Atlantic Coast States should use sugar sparingly. No one should hoard or waste it.

This Company has no surplus sugar to sell. It is working with the Government to conserve the supply, and to take care of the Allies so far as possible.

Do not pay an increased retail price.

American Sugar Refining Company
"Sweeten it with Domino"
Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown

"MODERATION SERIES"—NO. 3

Too much rain is ruinous —and so is too little

YET rain is necessary for all vegetable and animal life. Moderate rainfall at regular intervals is the ideal condition. Extremes of every kind always go wrong. Justice and Right are in the balancing of forces. Thus it is with Prohibition; being an extreme, it is unjust, dictatorial and un-American.

For 60 years we have honestly brewed BUDWEISER—the drink of moderation. It is a mild brew of the finest Barley-Malt grown in America, and the rarest Saazer Hops grown in old Bohemia. When used within reason, it awakens kindly fellowship, and is as wholesome and healthful as its flavor is distinctive and delicious—ever-and-always-the-same good old BUDWEISER.

Visitors to St. Louis are courteously invited to inspect our plant—covers 142 acres

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Budweiser
Means Moderation

GERMANY BARS ZONE AROUND THE AZORES

Calls the Islands "Important Hostile Bases of Atlantic Navigation."

"CLOSES" GREEK CHANNEL

German Newspapers Assert That the New Order Is an Answer to Lloyd George.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 22.—A new German barred zone, a dispatch from Berlin announces, has been established around the Azores, "which have become in economic and military respects important hostile bases of Atlantic navigation."

The extension of the German zone is announced from Berlin in a official memorandum, which says:

"The hostile Governments are endeavoring by the intensification of the hunger blockade against neutral countries to force out to sea neutral cargo space, which is keeping in port, and to press it into their service. As hostile shipping and shipping sailing in hostile interest are being supplemented by violent measures, the German Government in its struggle against Great Britain's domination of violence, which tramples under foot all rights, especially those of smaller nations, finds itself obliged to extend the field of operation of its submarines."

The memorandum adds that the extension principally consists of the establishment of a barred zone around the Azores, and "in closing a channel to Greece hitherto left open in the Mediterranean, as it has been utilized by the Venizelos Government, not so much for the supply of the Greek population with foodstuffs as for the transport of arms and ammunition."

The memorandum then details at length and specifically the extended zone around Western Europe, the extreme points touched being a point three miles south of the Faroe Islands in the north 43 north latitude in the south, and 30 west longitude in the west.

The new barred zone around the "enemy base in the Azores," is outlined thus:

"From 39 degrees north latitude and 17 west longitude to 44 north latitude and 27 degrees 45 minutes west longitude, to 44 north latitude and 34 west longitude, to 42 degrees 30 minutes north latitude and 37 west longitude, to 37 degrees north latitude and 37 west longitude, to 30 north latitude and 30 west longitude, to 34 north latitude and 20 west longitude, and thence back to the starting point."

It is stated also that neutral and Belgian relief ships now within the Azores and the Greek barred zone may safely leave by the shortest route before Nov. 29, and they are granted "an adequate period of grace" if they entered the barred areas without foreknowledge of the extension.

Called Answer to Lloyd George.

The German newspapers express satisfaction at this prompt reply to what they say was the boast of David Lloyd George, the British Prime Minister, that he no longer feared the submarine. The Lokal-Anzieger anticipates that the allied conference in Paris will, at the suggestion of the United States, decide on a complete blockade of Germany. It says the German Government is rightly taking its "superior naval warfare," and has taken measures against such ruthlessness.

According to information from The Hague, the new German regulations mean that the free zone along the Dutch coast from the Scheldt to Ymuiden has been narrowed by about thirteen sea miles, whereas in the north large sections of the so-called free channel to Udaire Island are widened by about the same distance. Thus communication with Great Britain is rendered more difficult, but Dutch fishing boats obtain a greater scope for their operations.

The Handelsblad angrily commeats on what it terms the apathy of the Dutch Government in the face of Germany's action.

Called Azores American Base.

The Azoree Islands are in the North Atlantic, about two-thirds of the way between the United States and Europe, and belong to Portugal.

An Amsterdam dispatch last Monday said that German Vice Admiral Kirchhosef, writing in the Neueste Nachrichten, said that the United States had "established herself on the Azores and constructed fortifications at Funtd Delgado." He attempted to point out that such possession would threaten important German world ship routes and interfere with connections with Germany's colonial possessions.

GOV. NEVILLE RESIGNS.

Will Quit as Nebraska Executive When His Regiment Is Federalized.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 22.—The resignation of Governor Keith Neville as Chief Executive of Nebraska was in the hands of the Secretary of State today. It was offered to take effect upon the acceptance of the 7th Regiment, Nebraska National Guard, into the Federal service.

Governor Neville already has been appointed Colonel of the regiment.

HYLAN TO ABANDON NEW COURT HOUSE

Continued from Page 1.

Supply embodying a refusal to comply with the request for delay.

In a formal statement, made public after the meeting, Mayor-elect Hylan and his associates pointed out that, as city officials, they would be powerless to prevent the Board of Water Supply from going ahead with the work, because under the statute creating the board it was virtually a power unto itself. Action through the courts, it was learned last night, had been considered, but the members of the incoming administration felt that to begin injunction proceedings might create a precedent that might come back to plague future city administrations in other projects.

In the statement it was pointed out that in taking their stand the incoming city officials had merely adopted the attitude of Mayor Mitchel, who in a letter to all the Borough Presidents on March 28 urged that all public work for which no absolutely urgent reasons existed should be deferred until the war was over, both on account of the higher prices for work and material and because any new enterprise of magnitude would divert labor from the work in connection with the completion of the city's new subways and Government work essential to the successful prosecution of the war. The letter was written at the time when Mayor Mitchel created his Public Works Mobilization Board.

Here is the statement made public after the meeting of the new Board of Estimate in part:

"The members of the new Board of Estimate and Apportionment at a meeting held in the Business Men's League had before them the reply of the Board of Water Supply to their communication requesting that the work on the Shandaken tunnel and Schoharie watershed be suspended under a provision of the contract until such time as the new board and the public generally may have an opportunity to acquaint themselves with the necessity, if there be any, for the immediate prosecution of this work.

"It is a matter of record that the Board of Water Supply by its communication declares itself to be unwilling to co-operate with the new Board of Estimate and Apportionment. Aside from the reasons given, the subject matter of their letter may be summed up in a few words when they said that the prosecution of this work was within their exclusive province by statute. This should constitute a timely warning to the people of the city to withhold for all time their approval of the creation by the Legislature of independent bodies for the performance of municipal public works.

"Without discussing at this time all the merits of our suggestions, it is entirely within reason that we ask a suspension of the contract for the period indicated in our original letter, to wit, ninety days.

"We appreciate that there is no way by which the new Board of Estimate and Apportionment can exercise any control over the final disposition of this matter, in asking for delay, we had in mind, as stated in our original letter, the conditions resulting from the prosecution of the war and their effect upon the price of labor and material, and the derangement of industry generally, coupled with the serious strain upon the finances of the whole country for the expenditures of the war, and coupled with the further fact that the Public Works Mobilization Board, an institution brought into existence by the present Mayor, whose statement is hereto attached, made the request, as will be seen, that during the progress of the war public works be taken up only in the order of their importance.

"In making this request we at least feel that the contention of starting an unnecessary activity at this particular time simply means calling upon the supply of labor and material along channels which will compete with the city's necessity in completing its transit system and the necessities of the United States Government for war purposes.

"We further believe our request to be reasonable in view of the fact that this project will ultimately cost the city close to $30,000,000. It might be well at this point to sal that the board itself delayed the awarding of the contract for four months after the date of opening bids."

WHICH IS IT TO BE?

A good building contractor will solve your problems—an inefficient contractor will complicate them—the choice rests with you.

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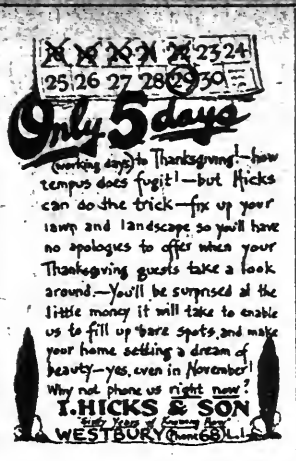
Building Construction



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A Special Offering
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Women's Tailored Suits
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will take place to-day (Friday) in the Department for Women's Suits, on the Third Floor.

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Officers' Uniforms and Overcoats

SPECIALLY PRICED

Uniforms at $32.50

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Kuppenheimer Uniforms
16 oz., $37.50
18 oz., $42.50
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Overcoats
30 oz., $55.00

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MEN LIKE VARIETY!

Which Explains Why So Many Come Back to GIMBELS

Most men do not know just what they want—in style, in material, in effect.

They like to see everything that is new, like to try on many different styles.

These men "from Missouri" like choosing at GIMBELS chiefly because of the immensity of selection. For instance:

Overcoats & Suits by the Thousands

at $18.50

Dark colors, fancy mixtures, smart styles, most wanted materials—too big a variety for description.

Overcoats, $18.50

Chesterfield models; double breasted models; belt around models; semi-ulster models; quarter silk lined; full serge lined; velvet collars and self collars.

Foreign Coats

Splendid showing of coats from abroad at $35, $37.50, $40, $45, $50, $55, $60, $65, and $75. Belted models, Raglans, ulsters, etc.; newest fabrics.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

"Old Fashioned Bargain Friday" Sales Are Scheduled in All Departments for Today

Specials everywhere have a distinct Thanksgiving flavor

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE" Meet me at the Fountain
SIXTH AVE., 18th TO 19th STREET

All Charge Purchases Made During the Remainder of This Month Will Be Entered On Bills Rendered January 1st.

Sporting Goods Store Announces Reductions

Sale Today and Tomorrow

Men's and Boys' Sweaters

Ice Skates and Skating Outfits

Foot Balls, Basket Balls, and

Other Requisites for Winter Sports

We are crowded for space,—a score or more of departments must be condensed immediately,—and if low prices on standard high quality merchandise will accomplish the desired result, our Sporting Goods Store will be ready for condensation after this sale.

Look at These Prices on Fine Sweaters for Men and Boys

Most popular styles, weaves and colors, in a complete range of sizes.

Men's Sweaters

Men's $1.50 Coat Sweaters—large shawl collar; two pockets; light or dark Oxfords; sale.. 89c

Men's $2.95 Coat Sweaters—shawl collar neck; fit nicely under a coat; at..... $1.95

Men's $4.50 & $6 Sweaters—choice of V neck or shawl collars; heavy Jumbo stitch and Cardigan stitch; sale..... $3.95

Men's $8.75 Sweaters—only two colors, Oxford and crimson; heavy Shaker knit; large shawl collars and two pockets, special $6

Regulation ARMY SWEATERS—at..... $6

ARMY SLIP-OVER SWEATERS—no sleeves.. $4.50

Boys' Sweaters

Made of good yarn; have large shawl collar, 2 pockets; at.. 95c

Boys' $2.95 Sweaters—good, serviceable sweaters; two pockets and large shawl collar; suitable for school wear; special... $2.25

Boys' $4.50 Sweaters—of pure worsted; coat style (some sweaters in the lot are worth $5 and $6); shawl collars; well-fitting and good wearing; special at... $3.95

Ice Skating Outfits

At These Sharply Reduced Prices Today and Tomorrow

Special—A $7.25 Skating Outfit for $5.50

A handsome, substantial outfit, consisting of:—

A Pair of Men's or Women's "Elco" Calf Skating Shoes. (The women's shoes have 7-inch uppers.)

A Pair of Union Hardware Co. Tempered Steel Runner Hockey Skates (attached to shoes).

We could not buy this outfit at wholesale today for the price we name.

A complete stock of Ice Skates—from..... $1.25 to $14.25

A Special Skating Outfit for $10.50

That would ordinarily cost you $12.50 to $13.95.

Your choice of:—

Tan or Black Hockey Shoes for Men or Women. (Women's shoes with 7- and 10-inch uppers.)

The Skates—Union Hardware Co. make highest quality; hockey or club flanged runners, all parts nickel-plated.

Skating Shoes—from..... $4.50 to $15.00

Skating Outfit, Special at $8.50

The regular prices of this outfit are $10.75 and $11.75. Choice of tan or black shoes. (The Women's shoes have 7-inch uppers.) The Men's shoes are the regular height and in black only.

The $4.75 hockey or club skates with flange runners are attached to the shoes,—making it an ideal outfit.

Miscellaneous Items in This Sporting Goods Store Clearance

Scores of other items not mentioned will be displayed at equally attractive savings.

For Girls—Skating Knitted Scarfs—with cap to match; $1.75 value..... 95c

Wear a Paper Vest—for any outdoor sport it's less bulkier than flannel or wool and just as warm; the 95c kind tomorrow here..... 39c

Mackinaw Coats for Men—an ideal garment for the Sportsman or Athlete:—

Regular $7.95—Special Tomorrow..... $5.95

Regular $9.95—Special Tomorrow..... $7.95

Regular $11.95—Special Tomorrow..... $9.95

$13.50 Sheep Lined Corduroy Coats—with fur collar..... $11.50

Soldiers' Moleskin, Sheepskin Lined, Coats—also have fur collar..... $13.50

Army Puttee Spiral Leggings..... $3.45

Army Campaign Hats..... $1.65

$5.00 Army Comfort Kits..... $3.95

Army Trench Mirrors..... 35c and 75c

Army Comfort Rubber Pneumatic Cushion..... $1.65

Army Money Belts..... 50c to $1.95

Army Folding Wash Basins..... 65c

"Rugby" Balls

Today and Tomorrow at $2.50

These are made of excellent leather, well and strongly sewn. Complete with pure gum bladder.

Basket Balls—value $5.45; at..... $3.75

And, if your boy likes association football, we have a fine line of balls $2.00 to $7.25

THERMOS THE BOTTLE

$3.00 Pint Size Special Today and Tomorrow $1.95

Keeps contents hot 24 hours; keeps contents cold 72 hours. Full nickel, heavily corrugated seamless case, No. 15, pint size, regular sale..... $1.95

Vacuum Bottle (of another make), Enamel Cases. They will do the same work as the better grades as far as keeping hot liquids hot and cold liquids cold.

Pint size..... 95c

Quart size..... $1.75

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in any Department, or for $2 in Cash at the 2¢ Office on the Fifth Floor. We give 2¢ Green Trading Stamps as Usual. Ask for them. Double 2¢ Stamps Till 12 o'Clock. Single 2¢ Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

HEARN

Fourteenth Street West of Fifth Avenue

More Price-Cuts Remarkable For Friday and Saturday

Mid-Winter Wearables Specially Priced This Week End

Silk Frocks

The Model (Illustrated) of crepe meteor shows graceful side drapery and braid embroidered vestee, collar and cuffs. Colors—navy, black, new blue, taupe and white—our reg. $27.75.

Special.....19.75

Dresses of Crepe Meteor for the smart stout, in navy blue, burgundy, brown, black and amethyst. A pleasingly pleated model, embroidered in self, having white Georgette vestee, with collar and cuffs of white satin—our reg. $29.75 to $37.50.

Special.... 24.50

And Wool Frocks

A special group of six different styles, including a smartly braid-bound coat model of oxford cloth, as well as box-pleated and draped serge frocks—one in charming basque effect. All these dresses—representing values from $22.75 to $24.50—

Special..... 15.00

Our "Verismart Dress"—a charming coat model, as well as double-breasted and other equally simple styles, many showing slightly draped skirts—

Special.....12.85

Jersey Cloth Dresses in altogether delightful shades of old blue, gray, taupe, navy and olive drab. One a surplice model ending in sash, which is combined with pleated skirt—Another, a graceful coat model of jersey combined with satin. Also sport models, self-embroidered or trimmed with black broadtail cloth—our reg. $26.75—

Special.....19.75

Coats Interestingly Priced at 25.00

Pleasing coat models of velour, cheviot and lupine. Large collars of self or fur, for the most part convertible, and all sorts of interesting pockets make this an altogether pleasing group of coats that are every bit practical. Various shades, including brown, green, taupe and black—our reg. $29.74 and $32.74 coats, both semi-lined and lined throughout.

Suits for Women and Misses

A special group including broadcloths, serges, burellas, mannish mixtures and oxford cloths. Youthful models in sport and dress styles, featuring many interesting differences. Colors—navy, brown, green and black—our reg. $27.75 to $34.50 suits—

Special..... 19.50

Broadcloth and velour suits for women—showing the semi-high waistline and graceful ripple back—many with convertible collars, side banded. Other suits, having the longer knee-length coats, have shawl collars of seal or water mink. A number of smart velveteens included at this price. Colors—black, navy, brown, beetroot, green, taupe and reindeer—our reg. $39.50 to $44.75.

Special..... 28.00

Blanket Robes for Cozy Moments

Warm, snug robes in two-tone floral and Indian designs, including navy and red, gray and pink, blue and rose. Satin-trimmed cuffs, pockets and sailor collar—

Special..... 3.48

Other robes in floral and Indian designs—colors, lavender, tan, gray, cadet and red—our reg. $2.74—

Special..... 2.10

OF INTEREST TO MEN

WEEK-END PRICES IN OVERCOATS

Chesterfield or Semi-Form-Fitting Styles

Of all wool cheviots and worsteds in brown, oxford and black. Silk-lined—these coats reveal careful workmanship in every detail. The unusual sale of this price coat proves a statement we made originally of this coat. We say that these overcoats represent one of the best values in town—elsewhere this same coat would be marked $40.00.

Overcoats..... 32.50

Difficult to keep assortment of sizes so fast do these particular coats sell

Topcoats

Medium weight topcoats—regular models—Oxford and black. All sizes—also stouts.

12.95

Overcoats

Winter weight—gray mixtures—Oxford and black—box models—single and double breasted. All sizes.

12.95

A Special in Raincoats.....4.95

The very useful slicker or poncho in many styles at this price. Many folks keep these emergency coats (two or three of them) in their cars, for the inevitable storms that come along in all motoring trips.

The "complacent atmosphere" of this Overcoat Department has an explanation. Our coats have met the tests of customers' inspection—although our statements did seem very strong. Our sales have proved this. Men who never before have bought their overcoats in a department store—following the wise expenditure spirit of the day—have investigated our low prices, then bought—because they found the quality that made these overcoat values extraordinary. We are satisfied—because our customers are pleased.

STORMY WINDS BUFFET BAN JOHNSON'S BROW, WHENCE EXEMPTION PLAN ISSUED

EXEMPTION SCHEME ASSAILED BY TENER

National League Head Scorns Ban Johnson's Proposal as Unpatriotic and Selfish.

RUPPERT ALSO PROTESTS

Storm of Disfavor Greets Project to Ask Freedom from Military Service for Ball Players.

President Ban Johnson has brought down a heap of criticism on his own head by suggesting that the major league baseball players be exempt from military duty so that baseball could be continued next season. The severest protest comes from President John K. Tener of the National League, who stated emphatically yesterday that Johnson has no authority whatever to imply that the National League would also ask for the exemption of its players.

"If the National League were to ask the Government to exempt its ball players from the draft," said President Tener, "I would walk out of this office. The suggestion of such a thing at a time like this is so preposterous that it strikes one squarely in the face. The National League will ask no special favor."

President Tener said that he would not go one inch toward Washington to ask President Wilson or the Secretary of War for special favors for baseball.

"I think," continued President Tener, "it most unpatriotic to suggest that baseball should even appear to shirk its duty at this time, when so many parents are giving their sons and when other business interests are giving their best men to the services of our armed forces and are making other sacrifices for the benefit of our country."

Wants to Help Government.

President Tener stated just after war was declared that baseball would do its share and that the national game would have to be a secondary consideration. He is even more emphatic on this point now. "It seems to me that nothing could be further from the purpose of baseball than this proposal. We cannot ask the Government to grant us the slightest favor," he said.

"Baseball," continued the National League head, "is a trifling thing compared to the gaining of liberty for the nations of the world. I cannot state too strongly that the National League has no sympathy with any selfish plan of discrimination in favor of its business or its players. It will not ask special exemption for any of its ball players. The National League will continue to help the Government in every way possible."

Johnson's untimely suggestion has met with much disfavor, even in his own league, and one of the first to protest against the suggestion was President Jacob Ruppert of the Yankees, whose partner in the ownership of the New York Club is Captain T. L. Huston, who is now in France. Colonel Ruppert was highly incensed over Johnson's weird suggestion. "Captain Huston is now in France helping his country win the war," he said. "I certainly am not in favor of asking exemption for a ball player while my partner and their employer is risking his life in the service."

Secretary John B. Foster of the Giants said yesterday that the New York Club would never lend the slightest approval to such a suggestion as Johnson's. "President Hempstead and the New York Club," he said, "would be glad to see any of its players in the service. In case any of them are called in the draft the club stands ready to aid them in their patriotic efforts in every way possible."

Ban Johnson Hedges.

After President Johnson saw what a hornet's nest had been stirred up among baseball men, he hastened to modify his statement as much as possible. He said last night in Chicago that he made the statement merely as a suggestion to open discussion on the subject, as the existence of certain clubs was menaced by the draft. If President Johnson made the suggestion merely to start discussion, he surely succeeded.

"We were ready last Spring," said President Johnson, "to close every ball park, but no need for this was seen by the Government. It is clearly understood that the draft law is not designed to wreck any business. The President doesn't want that to happen. Hence the time seems ripe for a discussion of just how the law would be administered to give baseball precisely the same safeguards that are afforded to other businesses, no more or no less. The problem is to equalize among the clubs sacrifices which must be made and which the American League is ready to make."

The most surprising thing about the suggestion of the American League President is that he should be the first to look for special favors for the ball players in his league, when he was so enthusiastic about getting all the American League players under military training in the South last Spring and even continued the daily drilling at many of the parks during the season.

Johnson offered a prize of $500 for the best drilled club, and this was won by the St. Louis Browns. Baseball men cannot understand why Johnson, after starting the ball players on the proper path to become good soldiers, should suddenly shift his point of view and want to have them exempt.

Johnson's suggestion has been frowned upon by the draft officials in Washington, and one of them said yesterday: "I suppose tennis players and leaders in other sports should be exempt with the ball players. Baseball players are exactly the sort of men the country needs as fighters; they make the best bomb throwers."

DIVERSE OPINIONS ARE HEARD.

Telegrams of Approval and Criticisms Reach Ban Johnson.

CHICAGO, Nov. 22.—Officers of the American League were deluged here today with messages, some of them approval and many of them criticisms over the announcement by B. B. Johnson, President of the league, that exemptions for 144 players in the league would be asked from the National Government.

Baseball men were divided in their opinions of the advisability of the applications. President Tener of the National League denounced it as unpatriotic. August Herrmann, Chairman of the National Commission and President of the Cincinnati National League Club, favored the move, if necessary to maintain baseball at its present standard.

Those who had expressed themselves tonight were:

For exemption—August Herrmann, James Dunn, owner of the Cleveland club; A. R. Tearney, President of the Three I League; Harry H. Frazee, President of the Boston Red Sox; Thomas J. Hickey, President of the American Association; Edward G. Barrow, President of the International League; James Price, President of the Newark Club, and A. C. Anson, former manager of the Chicago National League Club.

Against—John K. Tener, Charles A. Comiskey, President of the world champion Chicago Club of the American League; Jacob Ruppert, President of the New York Americans, and Benjamin S. Minor, President of the Washington Club.

President Johnson today insisted that the ball players and club owners might just as well have the test now and know whether they were going to be able to keep the men. "If players are drafted indiscriminately, baseball cannot go on," he said. "If the Government should take nine or ten men from one club and none from another the game would be a farce. If we pooled players there would be a cry of syndicate baseball, so that is out of the question. We must face the situation. If the clubs are to continue, they must have players. In many cases the drafting of one player would ruin a team."

FOOTBALL, EBBETS FIELD, Sat., Nov. 24, 2:30. Rutgers vs. Cupid Black's Naval Reserves. Tickets at J. B. Crook & Co., Sporting Goods, 549 Fifth Av., at 45th St. Admission $1.00; reserved and box seats, $2.00.—Advt.

W. AND J. LINEUP IN DOUBT.

Metzger Is Trying to Brace Attack for Notre Dame Game.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Penn., Nov. 22.—The Washington and Jefferson eleven practiced in the rain this afternoon in final preparation for the Notre Dame game Saturday. Coach Metzger has turned College Field over to the Notre Dame team for tomorrow afternoon and will give his men a light signal drill earlier in the day. Word from South Bend is that Captain Degree will play here Saturday against W. & J. The Notre Dame captain was rated last year as one of the best kickers in the West, and in practice this week has been showing his 1916 form. Coach Metzger continued today to shift his players about trying desperately to get a scoring combination, and said he would not be able to name his lineup definitely until Saturday morning.

Notre Dame supporters hereabouts are offering even money on the Westerners. The Indiana manager has secured hotel accommodations here for twenty-two players, the team having left South Bend tonight and being scheduled to get here late tomorrow morning.

N. Y. U. PRACTICES IN GYM.

'Varsity Shows Dash During Drill for Columbia Game.

The New York University football team yesterday displayed a revival of spirit, and in spite of weather conditions, which necessitated indoor work, showed good form. The freshmen practiced outdoors, in preparation for the game with Columbia freshmen, at University Heights. Although working indoors, the 'Varsity used a wet ball.

A long blackboard talk by Coach Wall took up the question of meeting the plays Columbia is expected to use tomorrow. The interference for end runs received especial attention, too. Another phase that received most attention yesterday was the protection of the ends, who go down under kicks.

FORDHAM IS CONFIDENT.

Anticipates No Difficulty in Defeating Naval Reserves Tomorrow.

Rain, and a soggy field, did not prevent the Fordham football players from holding an outdoor drill yesterday afternoon. The treacherous gridiron, however, did not allow of a stiff scrimmage, and the team simply tried out signals. The Bronxmen have not had an extended scrimmage since the Cornell game, but the team is in good shape and confident of easily defeating the Naval Reserves from the Pelham Bay station tomorrow afternoon on Fordham Field.

The same lineup as faced Cornell will be used tomorrow with the possible exception that Crovat will be able to start at quarter. Frank Frisch will not play and it is probable that he will be out of the game for the rest of the season.

The chances of another Rutgers-Fordham clash are considered slim. McDonald, the New Brunswick manager, threw a damper on the proposed game yesterday when he stated that as Rutgers had already decisively defeated Fordham, there would be little interest in the contest. He also added that the game must be played at the Polo Grounds.

LIGHT WORK FOR CADETS.

Field a Quagmire and Coaches Bar Scrimmage Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 22.—The Army went through another football practice this afternoon in preparation for the final game of the season with Boston College, on Saturday. The regular playing field is covered with a thick layer of straw, and the workout was held on the Cullum Hall gridiron. The men floundered in mud. The coaches, fearing to take chances under such conditions, allowed only the lightest kind of work.

Olyphant and Monroe practiced drop kicking and goals from placement. The Army Captain sent several sailing true from difficult angles. The linemen came in for special attention today. Luce, Smith, Adams, Stokes, and Knight were all in the lineup. Yeager was missing again, his leg injury keeping him on the side lines. He will probably be back by Saturday. Walker, Wickes, and Olyphant made up the back field. Murrill and Barrick alternated at quarter. The Cadets will have only signal drill tomorrow.

BOXING ON TRIAL TODAY.

Magistrate Nash to Hear Case Involving Membership Plan.

A hearing of the charges against the Broadway Sporting Club of Brooklyn for conducting a boxing show under the club membership plan last Saturday night, after the expiration of the Frawley law, will be held this morning at 9 o'clock in the Gates Avenue Court, Brooklyn. Magistrate Howard Nash will preside.

John Weismantel, proprietor of the club, was arrested last night. Others taken into custody at the same time were Andy Neiderreiter, Secretary of the club; Harry Ferris, Edward A. Flay, and J. Sell, ticket sellers; Johnny Dunn, announcer; Jack Russo, Augie Ratner, and Shamus O'Brien. The warrants were issued by Magistrate Nash. Warrants are also out for Dummy Jordon, Tommy Elm, and Red McDonald.

The arrests were made by Inspector McDonald, aided by Sergeant Seeney, Sergeant Smyth, and Patrolmen Wogard and Gandolsi. The men were taken to the Ralph Avenue Police Station and were released under $500 bail, which was furnished by Thomas A. Clark, a builder of 178 Seeley Street.

If the ruling of Magistrate Nash is against the club management, it will practically mean a cessation of club membership boxing in the metropolitan district in that it will set a precedent, although there may be some among the more venturesome of the local promoters who will attempt to stage a show. If, on the other hand, judicial approval is received, the metropolitan promoters will most probably hold club membership exhibitions on an extended scale.

AMATEURS APPEAR IN RING.

Eight Bouts at New York A. C. Tourney End in Knockouts.

Of the eighteen bouts decided last night in the preliminary session of the New York Athletic Club's amateur tournament, eight ended in decisive victories for the successful boxers. The majority of these bouts ended in the first round, but, despite this feature, it was well on to midnight when the last bout was completed.

Last night's bouts marked the initial show of the Winged Foot Club since the expiration of the Frawley law, and it was the most successful tourney of the season to date. The officials of the club, instead of charging the members admission, solicited voluntary subscriptions from the spectators for the War Library Fund for Soldiers and Sailors. Soldiers from Fort Jay and sailors from the Pelham Bay naval stations made the collection by means of subscription cards and the sum of $319 was realized.

Among the victorious boxers was Anton Ens, Paulist A. C., who won from T. Hughes, Ozanam A. A., in one round of their bout in the 125-pound class. Ens's body blows forced Hughes to quit. The Paulist A. C. lad recently won the Crescent A. C.'s intercity tournament in this class.

FOOTBALL, POLO GROUNDS, Sat., Nov. 24, 2:30. Camp Devens vs. Camp Upton. Tickets at J. B. Crook & Co., Sporting Goods, 549 Fifth Av., at 45th St. Admission $1.00; reserved and box seats, $2.00.—Advt.

FACULTY BAN HITS PRINCETON CUBS

Sweet and Scheerer Barred from Freshman Team for Game with Yale.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 22.—With Sweet and Scheerer, quarter back and full back respectively of the Princeton freshman eleven, ineligible because of failure to maintain proper standing in their studies, there is very little optimism in Princeton concerning the outcome of the contest with the Yale freshmen on Saturday at New Haven. Sweet and Scheerer as well as Chapman and Hawke, two substitutes, were declared ineligible following the freshman tests. Their loss upsets entirely the work of the Tiger back field, and leaves the team without a punter.

The tests did not bring calamities alone to the youngsters, however, for Keck Jacobs and Opie, who were ineligible to play football on entering college, were given permission to play by the Faculty. They will probably play part of the game against Yale.

It has been necessary for Coach Dawson to make a new back field combination as a result of the loss of Sweet and Scheerer. Hopkins has been moved to quarter back from the second team. Raymond and Herzog have been playing at the halves, while Penny and Bell have been alternating at full back.

In an effort to discover a punter to take the place of Sweet, all the members of the eleven have been given an opportunity to try their luck at kicking. McCaull, Davis and Herzog have been receiving instruction under Trainer Fitzpatrick, and one of these will probably do the kicking against Yale.

OFFICIALS MAY SEE GAME.

Cupid Black Will Face Rutgers with Galaxy of College Stars.

Rear Admiral N. R. Usher, commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, is to be a guest of honor at Ebbets Field tomorrow afternoon, when the Newport Naval Reserves meet the strong Rutgers eleven. Captain H. F. Bryan, commandant of the Second Naval District at Newport, has sent an invitation to Rear Admiral Usher and other officials at the navy yard. Special boxes are to be reserved for them on the navy side of the field. It was said at the navy yard yesterday that Admiral Usher would surely attend unless official business prevented.

Captain Cupid Black of the Newport team yesterday gave out the full list of players in his squad. It is undoubtedly the greatest collection of college stars ever brought together for a football team. Besides having plenty of high-class material for his regular lineup, Black has capable substitutes for every position.

The complete list of players is:

Ends—Green, Dartmouth; Elwood, Notre Dame; Higginbotham, Yale; Williams, Fordham; Burns, Dartmouth; Murphy, Wesleyan; Quigley, Holy Cross.

Tackles—R. H. Dunn, Michigan; Paisley, Michigan; R. G. Dunn, Michigan; Trier, Dartmouth; Grotemat, Colgate; O'Keefe, Holy Cross; Bigelow, Harvard.

Guards—Black, (Captain,) Yale; Schlacter, Syracuse; Strong, Rutgers; French, Holy Cross; Head, Cascadilla.

Centres—Callahan, Yale; Hutchinson, Yale.

Quarter Backs—Hite, Kentucky; Miller, Columbia; Musk, Stevens; A. Purdy, Brown.

Half Backs—Barrett, Cornell; Gerrish, Dartmouth; Eberstadt, Princeton; Pennock, Amherst; Schlichter, Cornell; Haas, Worcester Academy.

Full Backs—Gardner, Nebraska; Sweetland, Washington and Lee; Heath, Princeton.

The gates at Ebbets Field will be opened tomorrow at 12 o'clock and the game will begin promptly at 2:30 o'clock. All Brighton line trains will stop at Consumers Park. The early demand for tickets indicates that a crowd of from 15,000 to 20,000 will see the game.

QUIET DAY AT RUTGERS.

Long Signal Drill the Only Practice for Football Eleven.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 22.—George Foster Sanford gave his Rutgers team a work out on Neilson Field this afternoon in spite of the rain. There was no scrimmage, but Sanford and Nash put the men through a long signal drill, perfecting the plays which will be used against Cupid Black's Naval Reserves on Saturday.

DEVENS TEAM HERE TODAY.

Haughton's Eleven Will Arrive Tonight for Tomorrow's Game.

The Camp Devens football team, in charge of Percy D. Haughton, will arrive here tonight from Ayer, Mass., and will go at once to the Hotel Astor, where the players will abide until the time comes for them to start for the Polo Grounds, where they will meet the eleven from Camp Upton tomorrow. The Camp Upton team, led by Frank Glick, will come in from Yaphank tomorrow morning, accompanied by a large delegation of troops. At the Harlem stadium on Saturday, the Upton rooters will hold forth in the stands on the south side of the field, while those on the north side have been reserved for those who will cheer for Devens.

The exhibition drill, which will be given by the soldiers from Camp Upton, will start at 1:15 and the game will start at 2 o'clock.

COLUMBIA IS HOPEFUL.

Houlahan Returns to Lineup and List of Regulars Is Complete.

With all its regulars in the lineup again, Columbia's hopes are soaring high as the New York University game approaches. Houlahan, who has been incapacitated since the Hobart game, nearly two weeks ago, put on his uniform yesterday and reported for the signal drill in the gymnasium. He is the last of the injured 'Varsity men to return to the field. During the signal and forward passing drills Houlahan alternated at full back with Rosen, who for the first time since his injury took active part in the practice.

LAME START FOR SQUASH.

Only Three Matches Played in Annual Fall Tournament.

Squash tennis emerged from its many months of solitude yesterday afternoon, when the first tournament of the season, the annual scratch event, began at the Squash Club. The opening, however, was rather inauspicious, the incursions made by the war into the ranks of players being manifest by the small entry in what is usually an enthusiastic event. There are only twenty-one players entered in the tournament, but many of them are contestants of note, as F. S. Hyde of the Harvard Club, A. W. Riley of the Princeton and Squash Clubs, J. W. Appel of the Harvard Club, J. Ontavia of the Harvard Club, and F. S. Keeler of the Columbia Club.

There was a lame start to the tournament, however, for the sum total of matches actually contested for the first day was two, and one other went by the default route, which may be frequently in evidence as later rounds are played. R. Goepel was one of the victors. In a first-round contest he defeated R. L. Strebeigh of the Columbia Club in straight games at 18—15, 15—12. The other victor was R. C. Coburn of the Harvard Club. He defeated E. S. Avery of the Metropolitan Club at 15—10, 15—3. G. E. Ells of the Harvard Club came through the first round by the default of E. W. Putnam of the Columbia Club.

FOOTBALL, EBBETS FIELD, Sat., Nov. 24, 2:30. Rutgers vs. Cupid Black's Naval Reserves. Tkts. at Spaldings, Baker, Murray & Imbrie, N. Y.; DeMilt, Sterling Piano, Ebbets Field, Bklyn. Adm. $1; res'd & Box seats $2. Few choice Box seats $3.50.—Advt.

AIRMAN FINISHES IN VAN.

Troise Brings Viau Colors Home First in Capitol Handicap.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 22.—Wilfrid Viau's Airman captured the Capitol Handicap, at a mile, which was the feature of the racing card this afternoon. Smaller fields than usual went to the post in most of the races, and there were only five engaged in the handicap. Troise had the mount on Airman, and cleverly brought him through in the stretch to defeat Shooting Star and Right, both well played in the mutuels.

The Viau-Carman combination met with a setback in the Flight Handicap, at six and a half furlongs, which attracted some speedy sprinters. Carman's usually dependable Startling met with more than his match in J. F. Sweeney's Hauberk, which showed his best form, and won by a small margin in the good time of 1:20 2-5. Little G. Walls had a successful day in the saddle, riding three winners, while Troise again was astride of two victors.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:07 2-5.

Amackassin, J. E. Griffith's b. c., 104 pounds, by Sweep-Radiance, $4.10, $3.20, and $2.90, (G. Walls)....1

African Arrow, G. H. Browne's b. c., 109, by Javelin-African Slave, $7 and $4.90, (C. Kummer.)....2

Moosehead, Calumet Stable's ch. c., 104, by Star Shoot-Miss Kearney, $3.50, third, (R. Troise.)....3

Green Grass, Corydon, June Bug, Sunny Hill, Ruthie M., Juanita III., Umatilla, and Starvort also ran. Vocabulary, Phalerian, and Nominee scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600; one mile and an eighth. Time—1:59 3-5.

Buza Around, J. Arthur's ch. m., 6 years, 103 pounds, by Cunard-Wayward Lass, $5.30, $2.90, and $2.60, (R. Troise)....1

Amphion, W. Bennett's b. g., by Inferno-Court Maid II., $2.90 and $2.40, (E. Ambrose)....2

Billy Oliver, W. L. Oliver's br. g., 4, 111, by Out of Reach-My Eleanor, $7.30 third, (H. Hanmer)....3

Star Gaze, Maxim's Choice, Malheur, Lady Edwina, and March Court also ran. Goodwood scratched.

THIRD RACE.—Flight Handicap, for all ages; purse $600; six and a half furlongs. Time—1:20 2-5.

Hauberk, J. F. Sweeney's b. g., 5 years, 120 pounds, by Martinet-Druid, $6.50, $3.60, and $2.40, (C. Peak)....1

Startling, R. F. Carman's b. c., 4, 124, by Marta Santa-Country Fraud, $3.70 and $2.60, (J. Butwell)....2

Water Lady, J. Arthur's b. m., 6, 110, by Waterbury-Duchess of Towers, $2.30, third, (R. Troise)....3

Fenmouse and Babcock also ran. Meliora and Between Us scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Capitol Handicap; for all ages; purse $700; one mile. Time—1:42 4-5.

Air Man, W. Viau's br. c., 4 years, 107 pounds, by Waterboy-Colonial, $10.20, $3.80, and $2.70, (R. Troise)....1

Shooting Star, A. Lezama's ch. g., 4, 107, by Star Shoot-Bonnie Blue II., $2.80 and $2.30, (T. Parrington)....2

Right, W. H. Congdon's b. f., 3, 106, by Fair Play-Mirth, $2.90, third, (M. Burton)....3

Woodstone and Barry Shannon also ran. Gex scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse, $600; one mile and twenty yards. Time—1:44 4-5.

Bond, Nassau Stable's ch. c., 3 years, 103 pounds, by Ethelbert-Boudoir, $7.40, $4.30, and $2.80, (G. Walls)....1

Master Karma, R. Hedley's br. g., 3, 104, by Burgomaster-Lady Kanna, $6.70 and $2.80, (E. Taplin)....2

Christie, E. T. Zollicoffer's b. g., 5, 109, by Star Shoot-Chullia, $2.20 third, (R. Troise)....3

Sky Pilot, Peep Sight, Ringling II., and Lady Bob also ran. The Pin scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming; purse $600; one mile and an eighth. Time—1:57 3-5.

Rose Water, W. B. Mitchell's ch. f., 4 years, 103 pounds, by The Picket-Rosecrest, $21.30, $5.90, and $4, (G. Walls)....1

Sam Slick, J. F. Sweeney's ch. g., 5, 114, by Rock Sand-Artful, $3.70 and $2.80, (J. Butwell)....2

King Hamburg, S. Louis's b. g., 5, 111, by Waterboy-Hamburg Belle, $3.40, third, (A. Sterling)....3

Stalwart Helen, Bawa, Baby Sister, Little England, and Nannie McDee also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50 2-5.

Tie Pin, J. S. Ownbey's b. g., 5 years, 108 pounds, by Armeath II.-Toi San, $4, $2.80, and $2.40, (C. Kummer)....1

Euterpe, R. Hanley's b. m., 7, 102, by Ort Wells-Halcyon, $4 and $3, (C. Mergler)....2

Captain Ray, J. E. Griffith's b. c., 3, 110, by Sea King-Katriona, $3.20, third, (W. Collins)....3

Lucky R., Progressive, Comacho, and Early Morn also ran.

Weather clear, track good.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; claiming; six furlongs. Ideal, 115 pounds; Will Soon, 110; *Happy Smile, 105; *Miss Peep, 102; King of the Scarlets, 110; Flapper, 107; Lady Small, 107; *Millrace, 102; Partizan, 110; *Phalaris, 109; *Sabretash, 105; *Mayhew, 102. Also eligible: Elder Berry, 107; Sun Kiss, 109; *Sallie Waters, 102; Elysian, 118; Ormolpo, 110; *Cave Man, 103. Ten excluded.

SECOND RACE.—For maidens; all ages; claiming; one mile. Golden Hours, 118 pounds; Frea, 105; Wicbaka, 92; Matoaka, 87; *Polyanna, 100; Bean of Menlo, 113; Hickory Nut, 105; Frank Keogh, 92; *Royal York, 108; *Lady Gertrude, 94; Tarquin, 108; Onunda, 105; Bonne Cause, 89; *Plucky Hen, 100; *Coumangha, 84. Also eligible: John Douglas, 113; Happy Smile, 92; *Jessie D., 100; Rose Finn, 105; Melogene, 105. Eight excluded.

THIRD RACE.—Selling, handicap; for all ages; seven furlongs. Reprobate, 118 pounds; Lohengrin, 113; Zouave, 107; Silk Bird, 104; Between Us, 116; Mme. Herrmann, 112; Dan, 107; Firing Line, 100; Kilmer, 114; Nigel, 110; Onwa, 102; Peter Jay, 101. Also eligible: Tarquin, 100; Wild Thyme, 103.

FOURTH RACE.—For all ages; one mile. †Celto, 112 pounds; †Sweep Up II., 87; Lynette, 94; Jock Scot, 99; Crepuscule, 94; Valerius, 87; Woodtrap, 99; Incog, 94; Perigourdine, 84.

†Tyree entry.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and twenty yards. Reprobate, 116 pounds; Wild Thyme, 109; *Miss Represent, 104; Captain Ray, 116; Hasse, 106; *Thornbloom, 104; Brooklyn, 112; Flora Finch, 106; *Golden Bantam, 101.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; claiming; one mile and twenty yards. Flare, 109 pounds; Oriena, 96; Margaret L., 104; Brother Jonathan, 100; *Swift Fox, 111; *Battle Abbey, 104; Cacher, 109; *Burbank, 104; *Easter Lily, 101.

SEVENTH RACE.—For fillies and mares, three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and twenty yards. Souvenir, 107 pounds; *Kilts, 100; *Widow Bedotte, 97; *Miss Kruter, 106; *Crepuscule, 100; *May W., 101; *Margery, 99.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

TOP PRICE IS PAID FOR BROTHER DAVID

Walter Cox Buys Three-Year-Old for $3,025 as Old Glory Sale Closes.

Interest in the Old Glory sale in Madison Square Garden was well maintained until the last of the fast steppers was disposed of last night. Since the opening on Monday the sale has been a meeting place for men of the harness horse world, and there were many notables present on the closing day. Former Senator J. W. Bailey of Texas dropped in, and though he sold out his whole stud several years ago, showed a disposition to keep in touch with the sport.

He still is President of the American Association of Trotting Horse Breeders, and while at the Garden purchased Baroness Bell, a mare that he bred himself, for $380. Other well-known enthusiasts noticed were: Nathan Straus, David Bonner, Samuel McMillan, Andrew W. Smith, Dave McClary, De Witt C. Flanagan, and W. H. Gocher, Secretary of the National Trotting Association.

Walter R. Cox of Dover, N. H., one of the shrewdest owners and trainers, who has been picking up moderate priced horses all the week, saw a big racing prospect in Brother David, a 3-year-old son of Axworthy that has trotted a mile in a race in 2:08. Other owners also were anxious to obtain possession of Brother David, which bids fair to be near championship class, but once Cox had set his mind on the colt he made the others dizzy with his bids, and Brother David was knocked down to him for $3,025, the biggest price of the day and the second highest figure of the sale.

Another speedy performer went to New England in Al Mack, by McLintock, which has been raced by the Brook Farm for the past three years and has taken a mark of 2:05½, besides setting a record at Goshen for three heats over a half-mile track. W. D. Hunt of Brookline, Mass., captured this prize for $2,500.

F. S. Schurter of Ellenville, N. Y., who owns Directum I., bought The Savoy, the largest money winner of the year, for $2,350, last night.

The best sales follow:

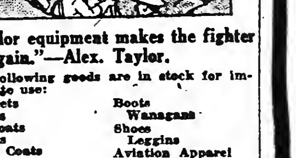
Princelyne, 2:11¼, blk. s., by Prince McKinney-Kinglyne; F. D. Wilcox, Deposit, N. Y.	$1,010
Gay Moko, 2:15¾, b. s., by Moko-Gaiety Lee; Harry Clark, New York.	450
Don Maze, 2:18, ch. s., by Peter O'donna-Mazie W.; Edward Muller, Jamaica, L. I.	425
Brother David, 2:08, b. c., by Axworthy-Lottie Hall; W. R. Cox, Dover, N. H.	3,025
Al Mack, 2:05½, b. s., by McLintock-Mignon; W. D. Hunt, Brookline, Mass.	2,500
Suldine, 2:06¼, b. s., by Gorchy McKinney-Carrietta; R. E. Moreland, Lexington, Ky.	1,650
The American Girl, 2:08½, ch. m., by McLintock-Margaret J.; Anatole Issaeff, New York	400
Coleman Watts, br. g., by General Watts-Empress Josephine, C. O'D. Iselin, New York	400
Pittsburgh, 2:07¾, ch. g., by General Athol-Lily of the Valley; Fatherland Farm	675
Allerta, 2:14¼, ch. m., by Directum Kelly-Anne Allerton; A. L. Thomas, Benson, Neb.	500
Labe Riddell, 2:13¼; b. c., by J. Malcolm Forbes-Ann Tregantle, Fred E. Hyde, Hartford	1,700
The Savoy, 2:02¼, br. g., by Charley Hayt-Lady Coastman; F. S. Schurter.	2,350

JAFFE IS CHESS VICTOR.

Defeats French Champion, Janowski, After Eighty Moves.

For the first time in six games Charles Jaffe was able yesterday to wrest victory from David Janowski of Paris, chess champion of France, in their match of ten games up.

Honors were even at the time of adjournment, when forty-nine moves had been recorded, but Jaffe was left with a knight against a bishop for the ending. After resumption, Jaffe played so well that he forced the Frenchman to give up his bishop for a pawn, and finally won the game after eighty moves had been made. Of the six games played, Janowski has won three, Jaffe one, and two have been drawn.



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READY FOR TITLE CHASE.

College Harriers Will Compete for Championship at Van Cortlandt.

The team which will represent Cornell in the annual intercollegiate cross-country championship at Van Cortlandt Park tomorrow will arrive in this city early this morning and stop at the Waldorf-Astoria. Some time during the day the athletes will be taken on a walk over the course they are to traverse on their run tomorrow. The team this year, while lacking the services of the athletes who made up last year's championship aggregation, is nevertheless expected to prove a formidable contestant for the title. Harvard will not be represented with a 'Varsity team, making the first time in many years that the Cambridge collegians have not contested for the title. The officials of Yale have also declined to send a 'Varsity team for the tenth running of the championship. Both of these colleges, however, will be represented in the freshman chase which will precede the 'Varsity event.

Pennsylvania will send a strong team of harriers for the championship, as will Massachusetts Institute of Technology, which won the New England cross-country title last Saturday. Dartmouth, Columbia, and C. C. N. Y. will be the other colleges represented. In the freshman race teams from the following colleges will start: Yale, Harvard, Pennsylvania, Syracuse, Columbia, and C. C. N. Y. These institutions nominated their harriers some time ago, but entries are open up to the start of the race

Each college is allowed to enter twenty athletes for the 'Varsity run, and in this respect Cornell and Massachusetts Institute of Technology lead. Each has entered the full quota, while Dartmouth has fifteen men and Columbia, Pennsylvania, and C. C. N. Y. have thirteen, twelve, and seven respectively.

MACKAY PUTS OUT GATES.

Richmond Golfer to Meet Phillips in Semi-Final at Pinehurst.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Nov. 22.—The Autumn golf tournament at Pinehurst was brought down to the semi-finals today. All divisions played over the No. 2 course. In the feature match of the day Franklin H. Gates, winner of the Carolina tournament, was defeated by F. J. D. MacKay of Richmond, 4 and 3.

Gates started out by winning the first two holes and then knocked MacKay's ball into the cup at the third for a winning 4 in an attempt to get round a stymie. MacKay squared the match at the fourth, where he holed a run-up shot of over sixty feet and had things practically all his own way from that time on, winning five of the remaining eleven holes of the match, while Gates took only one.

MacKay will meet H. G. Phillips of Pinehurst in tomorrow's semi-finals. The other semi-finalists will be C. L. Becker of the Ekwanok Club and Gordon F. Wood of Richmond.

OUIMET PLAYS TOMORROW.

To Pair with Guilford in Year's Final Appearance on Local Links.

Francis Ouimet and Jesse Guilford will meet Oswald Kirkby and John G. Anderson over the links of the Englewood Country Club tomorrow. The match will begin at 9:30 in the morning and 1:30 in the afternoon. This event will be Ouimet's last appearance this year on the golf links, and, if he is sent abroad before the Spring, it may be the last time for many months before golfers of New York will have the opportunity of seeing him perform. The proceeds from the match will be devoted to purchasing military supplies for soldiers.

TURKS CHANCELLOR BEST CAT IN SHOW

Highest Honors at Atlantic C. C. Exhibit Go to Mrs. Clarkson's Blue Feline.

Mrs. Edward Clarkson's beautiful blue cat The Turks Chancellor carried off the honors of the best in the show at the sixteenth annual exhibition of the Atlantic Cat Club, which ended yesterday in the sun parlor of the Hotel McAlpin. The victory is considered a remarkable one, as the son of Turks Cap was shown for the first time, and previous to his entry in the competition in which he gathered twenty specials and the additional honor of being the best novice he had been the household pet of Mrs. Clarkson at Tivoli-on-the-Hudson, where she maintains one of the best kennels of chows in the country.

The Turks Chancellor had carried all before him on Wednesday, and was the general favorite when the best in the show special came up for decision, and in which he had to meet the winners of all other classes. Miss E. G. Hydon, who judged the event, said that there was no question of his superiority, and that, in her opinion, the young cat is better than his noted father, Turks Cap, which was imported by Mrs. C. W. Chapin, and never was defeated.

The honor of the best of the opposite sex to the winner fell to Mrs. Herbert Shipman's Lalita, a chinchilla of fine color and pretty face, which had defeated the Misses Champion's Argent Lady Brilliant in the open class. Another distinguished cat that was entered for specials only, and did not compete for best in the show, was M. Johnson's champion White Magic. In addition to taking ribbons for the best white and best of any solid color, champion White Magic had the distinction of defeating The Turks Chancellor in the special for the best coated cat. There was a special for short-headed cats, and this was captured by the Greenwich Kennels' champion Greenwich Burnham Chang, one of the two of Siamese breed entered.

Cricket Club Celebrates Victory.

Members of the Manhattan Cricket Club, at their sixtieth annual dinner held at the Ritz Restaurant in Brooklyn, celebrated their success in recapturing the championship of the Metropolitan District Cricket League, which they had previously won in 1915, but surrendered to the Brooklyns the following year.

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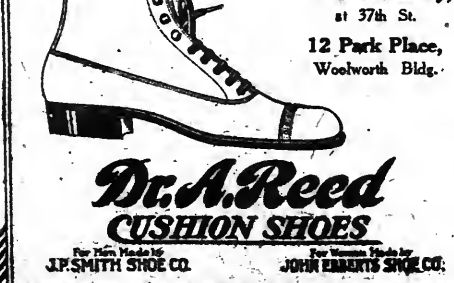

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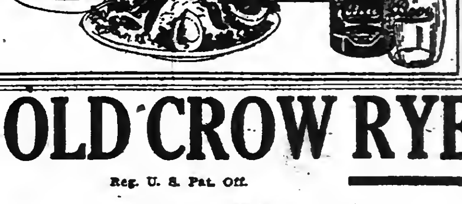

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SEE MILLIONS LOST IN WAR CHARITIES

Experts Blame Lack of Supervision of Relief Organizations for Losses.

STATE CONTROL FAVORED

Charles F. Johnson of Board of Charities Wants Legislature to Extend Its Powers.

Irresponsible war relief organizations mismanaging their affairs in the absence of official supervision have deprived soldiers and civilians in the allied countries of millions of dollars contributed for relief work since the beginning of the war by persons in New York State, in the opinion of men qualified to make an estimate of the money diverted from the purpose for which it was intended. Mushroom organizations whose affairs have been mismanaged have been responsible for the loss of much money, and unscrupulous promoters and agents, often employing the names of prominent persons who have carelessly allowed the use of their names, have pocketed, in the aggregate, hundreds of thousands of dollars, it is maintained.

Among those who said yesterday that the estimate putting the total loss to relief work at millions of dollars was not too large was Charles H. Johnson, Secretary of the State Board of Charities, whose office has enabled him to keep in close touch with the situation. Mr. Johnson expressed emphatically the belief that all charitable organizations, including war relief bodies, should be brought under State control through special legislation or by some other effective means.

"No one knows just how much has been lost through inefficient and dishonest relief organizations," Mr. Johnson said. "My observations throughout the State have convinced me, however, that the sum has been very large, and I am strongly of the opinion that the collection and disbursement of money by individuals and societies should be carefully regulated by the State. At present there is no system of regulation. The State Board of Charities is one of the nearest approaches to a supervising body and we can investigate and act only in the case of organizations which receive money from the State or any city in it. As asylums, hospitals and homes are about the only charitable institutions which receive public money, we are unable to touch the war relief organizations. The powers of this board should be extended by legislative action or some other provision should be made to protect the people against the dishonest and the incompetent.

Rich Harvest for Promoters.

"As conditions are today any man or group of men may organize a war relief organization, say a Society for the Relief of Patagonian Orphans, and collect money from any one willing to give. The chances are they could obtain the use of the names of prominent persons who would not investigate their undertaking, and they could distribute coin collection boxes, open bazaars and fairs, send out begging letters, and engage in personal solicitation to their hearts' content. They might collect, say, $5,000, send 50 cents to Patagonia, and appropriate the remainder as 'expenses.' This is the kind of thing that has been going on for a long time, and the tragic recklessness with which the public has responded to every appeal for money has given dishonest promoters opportunity for a rich harvest.

"And, in addition to the dishonest organizations, there are numbers of mushroom societies managed by amateurs which have wasted precious money by their incompetence. If every war relief and charity organization could be officially supervised, and every fair or bazaar compelled to operate under a license that would necessitate supervision, most of the misappropriation of funds would cease."

Officials of responsible relief organizations have long desired regulation, so that those abusing the confidence of patriotic and sympathetic persons may be driven from the field.

A step in the direction of regulation was taken yesterday afternoon, when the General Welfare Committee of the Board of Aldermen held a public hearing on the proposed Dowling-Wendel ordinance which would put all charity entertainments and bazaars, except those promoted by religious and fraternal bodies, under the control of the Department of Licenses. There was no objection to the proposed ordinance, and it is probable that the committee will recommend its passage at the meeting of the Board of Aldermen next Tuesday. This measure, however, would regulate only entertainments and bazaars. The more serious danger from organizations obtaining money through solicitation would not be affected.

Evidence of Money Misapplied.

Barry C. Smith, Secretary of the Bureau of Advice and Information of the Charity Organization Society, who has done all in his power to thwart dishonesty and incompetence, has obtained evidence that a large total of money contributed for relief work has been misapplied, and he, too, believes that the State and city authorities should regulate the activities of those who collect funds for supposedly philanthropic purposes.

Many persons, Mr. Smith said, had an erroneous opinion of what the Charity Organization Society could do, and he explained that the society had no authority to investigate any organization, but was limited to expressing or denying its approval to such bodies as chose to submit their affairs to examination by the Bureau of Advice and Information. In order to clear up misunderstanding as to the bureau's past and present activity, and to show the need for official supervision of war relief organizations, Mr. Smith made a statement, which follows in part:

The Bureau of Advice and Information issued on Aug. 1 a bulletin of war relief charities which had submitted evidence of responsible management, including satisfactory financial statements. This bulletin has been revived from time to time. It has included only those organizations engaged in actual relief work connected with the war. It does not cover propagandist, educational, or purely patriotic societies. Many of the war relief charities participating in Hero Land are listed in this bulletin. In addition there are certain participating organizations which are not engaged in relief work so far as known to the society, and which are favorably known to the bureau. Such are the American Defense Society and the National League for Women's Service.

We assume that the management of Hero Land has ample evidence of the legitimate character and responsible management of every organization which it has admitted to the bazaar.

The Bureau of Advice and Information of the Charity Organization Society is in no sense an indorsing agency. The bureau has long foreseen the possibility of there arising serious question concerning some of the many war relief charities. It was for this reason that it undertook some months ago to make as comprehensive an investigation as possible, and to issue this bulletin on war relief. Its purpose in this action has been primarily for the protection of the members of the Charity Organization Society and of the Merchants' Association. We feel most strongly that proper legal supervision of all war charities is a thing to be desired.

Mr. Smith added that the bureau had bulletined Hero Land, the allied bazaar which opens at the Grand Central Palace next Saturday, because John Moffat, the Executive Chairman of the Management Committee of the bazaar, had assured him that proper financial accounts would be demanded from all organizations participating in the fair. Mr. Moffat confirmed this statement, saying that the bazaar's management committee would not only insist on the financial statements, but would exercise close supervision over every cent received at any booth in the Palace, and would permit no society to take any money from the bazaar until it had submitted a satisfactory statement of its proposed disbursement of the money.

Speaking yesterday at the hearing before the General Welfare Committee of the Board of Aldermen, President Dowling of the board said:

"During these times when every one is trying to do something for the soldiers an interesting class of money-makers has sprung into existence. A great part of the fault for this very deplorable condition can be laid at the door of prominent men of charitable inclination who permit their names to be used by war charity experts who go in for 75 per cent. profit for themselves."

Aroused by reports of conditions, District Attorney Denis O'Leary of Queens has started an investigation of all relief organizations operating in the county. The investigation started yesterday with an examination of the books of the Ladies' Relief Association of Corona, Inc., which was incorporated on March 12, 1912, and recently disbanded. Isaac Weichselbaum, who made the complaint, told the District Attorney that he learned from his wife, a member of the organization, that at the time the organization was disbanded seven members divided between $650 and $700 between them as a means of disposing of the funds left in the treasury.

ASKS GRAND JURY'S AID IN INQUIRY ON BAZAAR

Swann Also Demands Return of Fees Collected by Solicitor, and Stops New Scheme.

In addition to asking assistance of the Grand Jury in the investigation of a certain phase of the financial affairs of the Army and Navy Bazaar, which, it was said, would probably result in the return of an indictment today against one of the active promoters of the bazaar, which was intended to provide comfort kits for thousands of soldiers but netted only $754 of the total receipts of $71,000, District Attorney Swann ordered one of the solicitors for donations to return funds which he had received in fees. Another solicitor refunded his fees, $100, which he delivered at the District Attorney's office in the form of a Liberty bond.

Mr. Swann widened his inquiry concerning similar enterprises for raising "patriotic funds" by starting a half dozen or more investigations of societies and individuals connected with the promotion of money raising schemes, one of which he put out of business within an hour. Among the complaints that reached him regarding another benefit fair was one from officers of the 71st Regiment, who asserted that $20,000 in certified checks, the proceeds of a benefit for dependents of the members of the command, had been withheld from them.

This benefit for the regiment took place at the Hippodrome on Sept. 23. Lynn W. Thompson, a former officer of the regiment, and now acting as its attorney, asked Mr. Swann to bring about the payment of the rest of the proceeds. He will inquire into this today, and has ordered R. K. Forsyth and Walter E. Fisk of 200 Fifth Avenue, who had charge of the regimental souvenir program and advertising, to produce their books and tell their side of the transactions.

It is expected, however, that the claim of the 71st Regiment may be one for the civil courts [illegible] the Committee of Arrangements [illegible] regiment, headed by Captain W. R. Fearn, with Forsyth & Fisk, allowed the advertising agents 70 per cent. of the receipts for their share.

George F. Sweeney, who was employed by the Army and Navy Bazaar on a basis of 50 per cent. commission of receipts obtained by his efforts, was ordered by the District Attorney to refund by noon today all moneys he had accepted as fees on donations made outright to the bazaar.

In his defense Mr. Sweeney issued a statement in which he declared his contract with the committee of the Army and Navy Bazaar called for 50 per cent. as his share of all moneys received, whether in the form of advertising, subscriptions, or contributions. When he left the office of the District Attorney he had not announced whether he would oppose the request of Mr. Swann. The returned Liberty bond of $100 was made by one of the solicitors employed by Sweeney.

The League of Loyal Americans, Inc., with Milo T. Bogard as Executive Director, 170 Broadway, who had letterheads bearing the names of Major Gen. Leonard Wood, U. S. A.; Lieut. Commander J. F. Wright, U. S. N., R. L.; Captain John A. Anderson, N. G. N. Y., R. L.; John Winthrop Herbert, as members of the advisory board, and Elihu Root and a score of other well-known men as charter members, none of whom had given permission for the use of his name, was put out of business by Mr. Swann. After Bogard had admitted that he had not received permission to use the names he had on his stationery he was instructed to call at the District Attorney's office.

Assistant District Attorney Kilroe then read some of the other names Bogard had listed, which included Robert T. Lincoln, United States Senators J. W. Wadsworth, Jr., and William M. Calder, Robert Bacon, Coleman T. du Pont, ex-Senator John C. Spooner, John B. Stanchfield, Alton B. Parker, Justice Alfred R. Page, Ogden Mills, Adrian Iselin, Judge Norman S. Dike, John H. Flagler, and Cornelius Vanderbilt, and when he asked Bogard if he had been permitted to use the names he answered in the negative. Bogard said he was not now using these letterheads.

A photograph which had been sent from Police Headquarters to the District Attorney's office was then laid before Bogard. "Is that a photograph of yourself?" Kilroe asked. "It is," replied Bogard. Mr. Kilroe then told Bogard that the photograph had been taken from the Rogues' Gallery. After Bogard had heard some incidents of his career recounted he announced his willingness to "shut up shop." It appears he had incorporated the "League" on May 29, 1917. Letters from three prominent men indorsing the objects of the organization, which Bogard said was to "spread patriotism," were found among his effects.

Another organization which Mr. Swann took under consideration because of the report to him that large fees had been paid to solicitors was the Emergency League Relief Fund. No charge of any kind has been made against this organization except that it had paid 60 per cent. to solicitors during the benefit held at the Waldorf on Nov. 16. The league had arranged to hold another benefit on Sunday, at the Hippodrome. Mrs. William Cumming Story, President of the Daughters of the American Revolution, who had a booth at this bazaar, told Mr. Swann she would call at his office today to tell what she knew about the league's operations.

Chief Magistrate William McAdoo wrote to Mr. Swann yesterday complaining that while the City Magistrates always held fraudulent solicitors for funds when proper evidence was presented, the defendants usually managed to free themselves ultimately by appeals to higher courts.

Charles H. Sabin, President of the Guaranty Trust Company, said yesterday that the company had had nothing whatever to do with the Army and Navy Bazaar. Because Edward S. Moore, Assistant Secretary of the company, was Treasurer of the bazaar, some persons received the impression that the company was backing the promoters of the affair. Mr. Sabin said that Mr. Moore had accepted the position of Treasurer entirely in his capacity as an individual. Mr. Moore himself admitted this, adding that he had taken the postion after receiving what he had been justified in considering reasonable assurance that the bazaar would be properly managed. He attempted to prevent the alleged misappropriation of the bazaar's funds, he said, and made public the financial statement which told of the finances of the bazaar.

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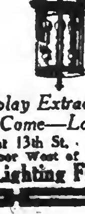

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THE PHILHARMONIC IN 'TAM O' SHANTER'

George W. Chadwick's Ballad Sympathetically Played by Mr. Stransky's Orchestra.

BRAHMS'S FIRST SYMPHONY

Sibelius's "The Swan of Tuonela" and Prelude from "Tristan and Isolde" Also Given.

Mr. Stransky, who is now devoting more of his attention to Brahms than he has done in former years, tried another symphony of that master in the Philharmonic concert in Carnegie Hall last evening. It was his first in C minor. More success attended this performance than that of the D major symphony recently, although it could not in all respects be called a fine interpretation of a masterpiece.

The first movement and the last were the most effectively played; and indeed it is difficult to miss the vehement power of the first movement, the Olympian grandeur of its introduction, or the splendid and passionate virility of the last, with its magnificent coda. The first was played with a considerable dramatic accent, with a due freedom of tempo, with a careful balancing of the instrumental choirs whereby the true orchestral color of Brahms is to be achieved. There was effectiveness in the last movement also.

Mr. Stransky was less successful with the andante and allegretto movements, which were played without much regard to their subtle expressiveness, or to finish of phrase and the true melodic significance. These are things that do not play themselves.

Mr. Stransky is paying also much attention this season to the work of American composers, and put another one on the program last evening, George W. Chadwick's symphonic ballad, "Tam O'Shanter." This, like Mr. Hadley's symphony recently heard here, was written for and first played at the Norfolk Festival. It is a musical delineation of Burns's poem, and follows closely the lines of that gruesome tale.

This gives, of course, ample scope for the composer's talent for musical description and delineation, especially in the violent and macabre vein, which he has employed not only with much skill and variety of resource, but also without forgetting that he is, first of all, writing music and that musical values are not to be sacrificed. Even so, the finest portion of the work is the reflective close, in which the themes that have served for delineation now fulfill a higher and more purely musical function. The piece is written with great skill in the treatment of the orchestra. It was sympathetically and intelligently played by Mr. Stransky, and there was much applause. Mr. Chadwick was in a box, and was called upon to rise and acknowledge the applause several times.

The program contained also Sibelius's atmospheric piece, "The Swan of Tuonela"; Dvorak's Scherzo Capriccioso, and the prelude and final scene from Wagner's "Tristan und Isolde."

'MADAMA BUTTERFLY' SUNG.

Mme. Farrar Again the Cio-Cio-San of Puccini's Popular Opera.

MADAMA BUTTERFLY, opera in three acts, (in Italian;) book by L. Illica and G. Giacosa; after the work of John Luther Long and David Belasco; music by Giacomo Puccini. At the Metropolitan Opera House.

Cio-Cio-San	Geraldine Farrar
Suzuki	Rita Fornia
Kate Pinkerton	Minnie Egener
B. F. Pinkerton	Paul Althouse
U. S. Consul Sharpless	Antonio Scotti
Goro	Albert Reiss
Yamadori	Pietro Audisio
The Uncle-Priest	Louis D'Angelo
Yakuside	Francesco Cerri
The Imperial Commissary	V. Reschiglian

Conductor, Roberto Moranzoni.

The patriotic moment that is nightly a feature of the Metropolitan Opera House season now, when "The Star Spangled Banner" is played by the standing orchestra to a rising audience in the first intermission of each performance, found more than one echo last night in the opera itself, which was the popular and, in origin, partly American "Madama Butterfly." Mme. Farrar, who reappeared in her rôle of Cio-Cio-San, and who had snatches of the anthem in the Japanese wedding music and later scenes, should be naturally no less devoted to her country's air than was Signor Puccini, the Italian composer. Mr. Althouse had the tenor part of Lieutenant B. F. Pinkerton, and Mr. Scotti, acting an American rôle as Sharpless, gave to the Yankee Consul gentlemanly bearing and distinction.

In and out of the Nagasaki house, there were new touches and details of staging from the hands of Ordynski and Armando Agnini, who reinforced Siedle and Setti with the company behind the scenes. Moranzoni conducted this opera for the first time, and with discretion that avoided emphasizing some hackneyed phrases. Louis d'Angelo, as the Buddhist priest, was also new in a cast that included Rita Fornia as the faithful Suzuki, Minnie Egener, as the American wife, Reiss and Audisio, Cerri and Reschiglian, among a motley of quaint Oriental figures. The audience was again a large one.

"AUTOLOVE" IS MELODIOUS.

Jean Gilbert's Operetta Produced at the Yorkville, with Mizi Gizi.

One of the most melodious scores to be brought across the Atlantic in several seasons, the work of the French composer Jean Gilbert, reached New York last night via the stage of the Yorkville Theatre, the home of Adolf Philipp's German productions. Gilbert is already known in this country as the composer of the music for "The Queen of the Movies," produced here four or five seasons ago. The score of the new production, "Autoliebchen," which is understood to antedate the composition of the other work, is replete with lilting numbers and in every way superior.

In its original form the piece was known as "Dix Minutes d'Auto," and was produced with success in Paris and Berlin five or six years ago. Its story, dealing with such recognized operetta material as the complications growing out of a masked ball, is slight and unimportant, and in no way fitted to be a setting for Gilbert's tripping score. At the Yorkville the piece is used as a starring vehicle for Mizi Gizi, long a German favorite here.

HALTS 'STARGAZER' OPENING

Beth Lydy, Prima Donna, Suddenly Withdraws from Cast.

The sudden defection late yesterday afternoon of Beth Lydy, prima donna in "The Star Gazer," prevented last night the scheduled premiere of that piece at the Plymouth Theatre. Miss Lydy, according to report, had several disagreements with John Charles Thomas during rehearsals and out-of-town performances. It was announced at the offices of the Shuberts, producers of "The Star Gazer," that a postponement of the premiere was made necessary by the illness of Mr. Thomas, but it was later admitted that Miss Lydy had withdrawn from the cast. No reason for her withdrawal was assigned by the management.

An understudy was obtained for the part last night and the piece is now announced for presentation on Monday.

Greta Torpadie Sings.

Greta Torpadie, soprano, a young singer of delicate and charming style, gave her recital in Aeolian Hall last evening to an audience that wanted most of her program twice over. Loeffler's "The Peacocks," despite ornithological absurdities in the printed book of words, proved rather a duet of voice and piano, Richard Epstein playing an accompaniment of harp-like swirls that swept the keyboard. This was encored, as also were four songs by composers present in the house, Schindler's "Wondrous May," Kramer's "Green," Rubner's "Pierrot," and Buzzi-Peccia's "Sweet Suffolk Owl."

Miss Torpadie sang a very beautiful "Sommeil de l'Enfant Jesus," by Gevaert, and among her Scandinavian airs, Sigurd Lie's "Snow," with Langemuller's "The Swan" on recall, and for final encore, "Carry Me Back to Ole Virginny."

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An Extravaganza of Superlative Splendors.
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THE STAR GAZER
Comedy With Music—With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS
John T. Murray, Carolyn Thomson. Last Night's Tickets Good Mon. Tonight's Tickets Good Tues.

BIJOU 45th. W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Thanksgiving.
Odds and Ends OF 1917
HARRY WATSON, JR. LILLIAN LORRAINE AND JACK NORWORTH

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15. Mts. Tom'w, Wed., & Thanksgiv'g.
Smartest of Musical Comedies "Oh, Boy"
PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2. POP. MAT. WED. REG. MAT. TOM'W.

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Eves. 8:30 sharp. Mts. To'w, Sat., Thanks'g
Grace George
in HENRY BERNSTEIN'S GREAT PLAY
"L'ELEVATION" (The Heights)

BROADHURST 44th, West of B'way. Phone Bryant 64. Evgs. 8:20.
MATINEE TOMORROW 2:20.
DONALD BRIAN in "Her Regiment"
By Wm. Le Baron & Victor Herbert.
EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING.

44TH STREET THEATRE —ROOF— THEATRE Phone Bryant 51
Beginning WED., NOV. 28 Box Office Now Open
Lee & J. J. Shubert Musical Production
Over the Top
T. Roy Barnes, Justine Johnstone, Craig Campbell
50 Pretty Justine Johnstone Girls. Prices $1.00 to $3.50. Only Mat. Sat.
REGULAR THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE. NO RESTAURANT. NO SMOKING.

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Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Thanksgiving Day.
SECOND EDITION
New Songs, New Dances, New Specialties.
HITCHY-KOO
with RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, ROCK AND WHITE, LEON ERROL, IRENE BORDONI

39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. To'w, Wed., Thanksgiving
George V. Hobart's Farce with Hale Hamilton.
WHAT'S YOUR HUSBAND DOING?

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee Tom'w & Thanksg'g 2:15.
"RARE, HISTRIONIC FEAT."—World.
JOHN Drew - MARGARET Illington
IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex

SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Eves. 8. Mts. To'w, Wed. & Thanksgiv'g
LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION
MAYTIME Tingling Music. Charming Story. 100% Talent.
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.
"A Credit To Our Country Is Maytime," says Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation."

MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Eve. 8:20. Mts. Tomorrow & Wed., 2:20.
Oliver Morosco's Laughing Sensation
LOMBARDI, Ltd. with LEO CARRILLO

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DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY
LEAVE IT TO JANE

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mts. To'w, Wed., Thanks'g
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:20. Mts. Tom'w, Wed., Thanksg'g
The Very Idea
Ernest TRUEX. Richard BENNETT.
"Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune.

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:25. Matinees Tom'w and Wed. 2:25.
EXTRA MAT. FRIDAY, NOV. 30th. (Day After Thanksgiving.)
GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:45. Mts. To'w & Thanks'g
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4 BIG ONE-ACT PLAYS.
"In the Zone." "The Avenue." "Blind Alleys." "His Widow's Husband."

CORT 48th St. E. of B'way. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20.
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The Most Wonderful Fascinating Lavish Colossal Gorgeous Production in the History of the American Stage
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"A complete triumph."—Herald. "Most amusing light comedy I have seen this season."—Louis Sherwin.
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In a new Comedy THE KING By Caillavet, de Flers & Arene.

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"AN EVENING OF PURE DELIGHT."—Eve. Mail.

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Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON.
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"Red-blooded American play."—Journal.
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Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years.
A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

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DAVID BELASCO presents
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Polly With a Past
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Business Before Pleasure
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On With the Dance
WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.

Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN
GLOBE B'way 46 St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:20

HARRIS West 42d Street. Eves. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:30
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The Laugh Hit of the Year
LOSING ELOISE
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WITH A GREAT CAST
"Gorgeously funny, most satisfying."—Louis Sherwin, Globe.

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Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore.
THIS MORNING AT 11.
FRITZ Kreisler — MME. Kalna
MME. Namara — RUDOLPH Ganz
Res. Seats $3. Box Seats $5. At Biltmore Box Office. Mgt. R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

Aeolian Hall, To-m'w (Sat.) Evg. at 8:15. Second Piano Recital—MOSES
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Sat. Mat. at 2, Francesca da Rimini. Alda, Perini, Sundelius, Braslau, Sparkes; Martinelli, Amato, Bada, Malatesta. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sun. Eve. Concert. (50c to $1.50.) Percy Grainger, pianist; Muzio, Soprano; Chalmers, Baritone. Orch. Cond., Hageman.
Next Mon. at 8, Faust. Farrar, Lelaunois; Martinelli, Rothier, Chalmers. Cond., Monteux.
Wed. at 8:15, La Traviata. Hempel; Carpi, De Luca, Bada, Rossi. Cond., Moranzoni.
THANKSGIVING DAY MAT. at 2 ($1 to $5). CARMEN. Farrar, Peterson (debut); Martinelli, Whitehill, Segurola. Cond., Monteux.
Eve. at 8:15, La Boheme. Muzio, Miller; Martin, Scotti, Chalmers, Mardones. Cond., Papi.
Fri. at 8, Prince Igor. Alda, Delaunois, Perini; Amato, Althouse, Didur, Segurola, Bada. Cond., Bodanzky.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tom'w Evg. at 8, Nozze di Figaro. Hempel, Matzenauer, Delaunois, Howard, De Luca, Didur, Reiss, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Dec. 1, at 2:30.
SECOND VIOLIN RECITAL HEIFETZ
Seats Now. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOV. 23, 1917.

A LENINE-GERMAN PEACE.

LENINE and his Bolshevist accomplices continue to furnish evidence that they intend nothing less than the absolute ruin of Russia in subjection to Germany. They protest that they do not desire a separate peace with Germany, that they have planned a general armistice, entered into upon the initiative of the Russian "Government" in the hope that at the end of three months the peoples of the various belligerent countries, if not their Governments, will insist upon peace. What is the value of their assurance that no separate peace for Russia is sought? At the same time that they notified the Ambassadors of the allied nations at Petrograd of their intention, or even before that notice was sent, they ordered General DUKHONIN, the Russian Commander in Chief, "to negotiate for an armistice" with Germans. The General refused and was promptly deposed for his disobedience. The order to General DUKHONIN is conclusive proof of the dishonesty and bad faith of the persons who call themselves the Government of Russia, and should serve as a warning to the allied nations of the impossibility of having anything to do with them.

If they had intended a general armistice they would have waited for replies from other Governments, in order that action might be taken in concert. That did not suit their purpose. They instructed their own commander to negotiate for an armistice, which is the same thing as beginning negotiations for a separate peace between Russia and Germany. This is but another confirmation of the firm belief entertained in Petrograd that LENINE and TROTZKY are agents of the German Government. Members of the Provisional Government are convinced that this is true, the actual proof has thus far escaped them, as it would naturally be difficult to secure it. A Paris dispatch published yesterday declares that the French Government has in its hand "absolute "proof that NICHOLAI LENINE, the "Bolsheviki Dictator at Petrograd, "was sent to Russia by the German "spy system and is a creature of the "Prussian propaganda service." If the French Government has that proof, it must, of course, make it public, and without delay. The mere assertion that proof is in hand will not convince the Russian dupes of LENINE, and it is in that quarter that the conviction must be pressed home.

Loyal Russians of intelligence, of course, foresee where the Bolsheviki are leading the country. Separate peace, for which LENINE and TROTZKY instructed the Russian Commander in Chief to open negotiations with Germans, would open the way to the establishment of German control over the destiny of Russia. It would put an end to the hopes born of the revolution that Russia might be built up as a great, independent commercial power, for Germany would speedily attach the vast Muscovite dominions to her projected economic group extending from the Baltic through the Balkans to the Persian Gulf, so that not merely the resources of Russia but her commercial development would be controlled in the German interest. The breaking up of what was once the Empire would be the natural result. Ukraine, where the German and Austrian propaganda has been active, long ago made known its desire for independence. Finland has done the same, and the whole of Poland, it is already planned, is to become a Teutonic dependency. Russia as a great power will be split up and disappear if the German plan is carried out by her Bolshevist agents. They are hurrying her on the road to ruin, and their traitorous work can be arrested only by the establishment of a strong central Government. For that a man is necessary, a man of greater firmness and stability of purpose than any the revolution has yet brought to the fore.

THE TWO WONDERLANDS.

Miss MARY GARRETT HAY, Chairman of the Woman Suffrage Party of New York City, has made the clearest and most impressive declarations of unconditional feminist patriotism, taking precedence of even the Greatest Issue of All Time:

> If the whole fate of my country hung on one man, and that man could save the country, but was opposed to the Federal amendment, I should vote for him.

What sublimity of calm courage, what a great choice and great refusal! The force of feminist devotion could no further go.

It would be wrong, however, to regard seriously the first artless proceedings and pronouncements of the woman suffrage leaders, exulting in, yet visibly embarrassed by, their new boon. The just commentary comes from a parallel world:

> The chief difficulty Alice found at first was in managing her flamingo; she succeeded in getting its body tucked away, comfortably enough, under her arm, with its legs hanging down, but generally, just as she had got its neck nicely straightened out, and was going to give the hedgehog a blow with its head, it would twist itself round and look up in her face with such a puzzled expression.

One more excursion into that parallel country:

> "Really, now you ask me," said Alice, very much confused, "I don't think." "Then you shouldn't talk," said the Hatter.

"This piece of rudeness was more than Alice could bear." It is more than anybody can bear; but it has its value for students of the two Wonderlands.

THE IMPOSSIBLE BATTLE.

Far off in Flanders the fighting was going on, but along this quiet sector things had been for many months almost as peaceful as home. A raid now and then, just to remove the impression any one might have gained that it was an armistice. There was a perfect galaxy of reasons why nothing was to be expected. For one thing, this was the strongest part of the Hindenburg line; it was impregnable. If the British were ever to attack it, they would need all their strength; they could not be slamming away in Flanders at the same time. They would need so much preparation that all Hindenburgia would be on notice weeks ahead, and have time to get armies there, if necessary. For another, this war had demonstrated the fact that no attack could be made without extensive notice by artillery, and very little notice would be enough to brace up the Hindenburg line at Cambrai.

Upon a line impregnable in itself, impossible to attack without the most formal sort of notice, and long acknowledged to be invincible both by British repose in front of it and British activity elsewhere, fell the eye of a German General considering from what point it would be safest to remove artillery. He wanted to send guns to Italy. Of course he decided that this was the point above all others from which it would be safest to take them. He took them. That, doubtless, explains why the German artillery fire was so weak when the storm burst.

The Hindenburg line was protected by infinite barbed wire, which cannot be removed except by artillery. The whole situation bristled with impossibilities. The impregnable line was broken, the barbed wire was removed without artillery, the British did not give the inevitable notice, the absolutely essential barrage was not made, cavalry attacked artillery and beat it, there was no air reconnoissance, infantry rescued tanks from cannon—in short, if there was a single impossibility that did not become fact within the first forenoon of the British advance, it will take a conjurer to produce it. General BYNG did not equip a fleet of submarines with stilts and make them walk at the head of his army, but lovers of the impossible will have to be satisfied with that; nearly every other impossibility ceased to be.

The part the airplanes usually play was omitted entirely. In place of a barrage there was a charge, but a charge of massed tanks. With all the tanks have done, this massing of them into an army to take the place of artillery and almost of infantry is something new under the sun. "The "Tank Corps expects every tank to "do its damnedest" was the watchword of its commander at the outset of what must be called the first tank battle ever fought. They came surging out of the mist at 6:20 A. M., and although the Germans are used to the sight of tanks, they never saw a tank army before. The correspondents record that in their bewilderment the Germans stood still and let the tanks waddle over them and crush them into the ground.

"Who ever saw a dead cavalryman?" The jeer of our infantrymen in the great American war was never answered until SHERIDAN rose to answer it. There has been the same feeling in this war, but some British Sheridan has spoiled the joke for all time. "Sabering the gunners at their pieces"—there is something incredibly ancient and far off in the sound of that phrase, and to find it in today's dispatches makes us rub our eyes; it seems to belong back somewhere in the Crimea, or in the War of 1812. Finding their mission at last, and liking it, the cavalrymen exceed their instructions, like the infantry at Missionary Ridge, and go dashing ahead with the work laid out for the infantry; they conduct the charge proper, and their greater speed leaves the infantry in the rear while the cavalry take villages all by themselves.

Impossibility of impossibilities, the Hindenburg line is smashed, smashed at its strongest point, smashed at the one place where friend and foe called it not merely strong but impregnable. All the other impossibilities, the tank army, the vanished barbed wire that no shell had struck, the cavalry at infantry work, all shrivel in size beside that. Not only is the line itself smashed, but its supporting line is smashed, and the British army riots on in the rear of both, redeeming French territory that France never expected to see except after the sickening devastation of another "strategic retreat." In one day Sir JULIAN BYNG made nonsense of all the military lessons of the war, proved the continued existence of the old-fashioned warrior, and established himself as the artisan of all that can't be done.

NO DEFENSE OR EXCUSE.

In a statement about supplies for the Belgian Relief Commission Mr. HOOVER said a few days ago that many thousand tons of foodstuffs sent from our ports had been lost by the sinking of relief ships. This leads the German Government to defend the destruction of these ships by its submarines. It authorizes a news agency to say that by existing arrangements "the carriers of food to the "suffering Belgians have been re-"quired to avoid the danger zone." Some "disregarded the warning and were sunk."

> Therefore, if Belgian civilians starve, it is because British selfishness drives the Captains of relief vessels to seek only to disregard rules made for their safety.

Germany knows that there could be no reasonable excuse for the sinking of these ships. After three had been destroyed, the Commission sent an urgent protest to Berlin. Whereupon the German Government promised that other relief ships should not be attacked. Written and officially signed guarantees of immunity were given to commanders of the vessels, with maps and directions showing the route which should be followed. But the guarantees were worthless. To the submarines they were mere "scraps of paper." Relief ships carrying them and going in the prescribed "safe route" were sunk. In addition, their sailors were killed in lifeboats by gunfire.

Even if these vessels had been in the danger zone, attack upon them could not be excused, for their character and mission were shown by great banners and posters on their sides, on deck, and aloft. And there is no warrant for the allusion now to the selfishness of "British" Captains, for a majority of the torpedoed ships were Norwegian. In a recent report Norway's Government speaks of their fate. The Commission and all who were interested in its work soon realized that the German Government's guarantees of safety had no value. Germany now unwisely reminds the world of this dark chapter in the record of its submarine piracy. It should wish that the sinking of relief ships might be forgotten.

THE IDEA!

Santa Claus could not have been looking over Commissioner WOODS's shoulder when he wrote that very practical letter on the subject of the presents to make glad the hearts of children, waifs, strays, and the neglected ones, in the police stations at Christmas this year. The best Commissioner did not consult the Saint. President WILSON and Mr. HOOVER will never confess that he consulted them. War is war, and this is the worst of all wars, but Santa Claus must not be numbered among the casualties. Certainly he will not come round if he is to unload at police station Christmas trees nothing but clothes and food and other uninteresting things like them.

Necessaries are all very well in their way, (let them be included;) but the child's mind can't conceive of a Christmas without toys, candies, and other accustomed indulgences. Commissioner WOODS, ethically far out in his reckoning, however patriotic his intentions, intimates that candy will not be welcome, because the nation is skimping in sugar; and that toys had better be withheld, because the measure of value should be adjusted to something more practical; for instance, to "clothes and food." Yet he plans "to make the occasion as festive in spirit as before." It can't be done with such unseasonable limitations. The children will rebel. Santa Claus will strike. And those who want to make the children happy as usual will rebel and strike, too.

Shall the small boy and girl who press their cold noses to the shop windows be denied the joys that they are even now dreaming about, with Christmas only a month off? The toys of yesterday, today, and forever: immortal Little Boy Blue, the flaxen-haired doll with heavenly blue eyes, the painted top that makes music as it spins, the harlequin ball, the Noah's Ark and its animals issuing two by two, the red express wagon, and the many endearing beasts to be drawn around with heads a-sway? And all those toothsome and tinseled things that there would be no Christmas without?

Really, Commissioner WOODS cannot expect to be heeded. What possessed him to utter his ukase? A festive occasion, indeed, with all the rapture left out! People can do as they like, but we know what they will do. So far as the children are concerned, it is Santa Claus's annual proclamation that they will give heed to.

JUDGE HYLAN.

Judge HYLAN's strategical silence during the campaign was followed, after his election, by a reasonable dose of speech. The public is glad to hear from him; and it is possible that his communications to it may be looked for as eagerly as was Mayor GAYNOR's series of piquant letters on Things in General, his famous essay on Cats, for example. Not that anything frivolous has come from Judge HYLAN so far. On the contrary, his habitual mood is one of becoming gravity and earnestness. If the cynical see only a Knight Errant's chivalrous scorn of possibilities in his proposed excursion to Albany to move the Republican hard-hearts of the Legislature to repeal legislation to which he objects, the mass of the community, always disposed to be fair to an official entering on his novitiate, will judge him ultimately by his deeds.

His words so far since election, leaving out of consideration those that relate to the Tammany Fairyland, which was the scene of his campaign, have indicated a full appreciation of the responsibilities of the post to which he has been called by so impressive a vote. He has said that he is as loyal to the country and the flag as any man, "as firm and determined in support of every act of the Government." He has spoken of his "tremendous task." He regards it as his "main duty" to "see that for every dollar "the people are called upon to contribute full value will be returned in "the upkeep and development of our "institutions." He has said that he is and will be no man's man, but his own boss.

All officials-elect talk in that strain, but it is the right strain, all the same. Especially to be welcomed and applauded is Judge HYLAN's insistence upon economy. While he sees economy in a partisan light only or mainly at present, and views with alarm the scattering of the people's money "with an utter disregard of value" by the present city administration, any check that he suggests on that scattering, if it be not a purely Tammany figment, will be dear to the business and pocket of the taxpayers. When he essays to lop off or wipe out items in the budget of 1918, he is on the right track; he has the right spirit, even if his specific proposals appear less plausible than the easier generalities of saving.

He has fallen on a time when saving is a duty and necessity, but in this world of mere human and highly political creatures "extravagance" is usually confined to the ins. The outs are Poor Richards so long as they are in the cold. When they have once toasted their toes at the public hearth they are apt to turn into soft Campanians, into Coal Oil Johnnies of the public moneys.

The Tammany economists have spoken their high resolve to watch the city administration with the eye of a famished fishhawk until 12 P. M., Dec. 31. Will they be as virtuous when the plant is theirs?

We would not darken with the faintest penumbra of disbelief the white austerity of Judge HYLAN's determination for a rigidly economical administration. Tammany's passion for economy is history. So is the Tammany abhorrence of making money inside and "on the side" out of the city. Some sort of municipal Utopia is to be created, if Tammany believes what it said in the campaign. Tammany has promised impossibilities. Does Judge HYLAN sincerely promise them and others still? The hungry wolves look up and are not fed; such a tableau of perfection Judge HYLAN seems to be announcing. The wolves appear as happy as the affable archangel, entirely unmoved by Judge HYLAN's rigor. There is no quiver, unless it be a suppressed grin, on Mr. MURPHY's Roman lineaments. Mr. MCCOOEY looks at peace with the world.

Still, Judge HYLAN is to be judged by his work. Meanwhile, why insist on discounting his fair words? He has opportunity to make a signal career, albeit at the expense of Tammany mutiny and rage. He has said that "the wide-open town," once a concomitant of Tammany victory, is no more. Will the wide-open treasury hospitable to Tammany hands reappear? Judge HYLAN means well. Doubtless he will gradually recover from Rockefellermania, a campaign disease into which he has relapses. He will succeed an administration which has made the highest mark of intelligent, honest, and fruitful municipal achievement. Ambition and self-respect should keep him from fatal concessions to "the boys."

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

An Expert Criticises the Experts.

Wartime food problems are by no means as simple as is thought by a good many of the people now giving more or less of consideration to them, and especially are they not as simple as is thought by not a few of the people who assume the rôle of experts and present solutions of the problems that are accepted with pathetic confidence by large sections of the general public.

One of these experts reduces everything connected with foods to a question of heat units—the so-called calories—and a food that contains, or produces, more calories than another is pronounced better than that other. A rival expert is interested only in protein, which is building material, not fuel, and he makes that the whole basis of his computations. One who studies both of these qualities poses as notably comprehensive in his views, but even he does not see everything or everything that is important in relation to foods.

This was well brought out in an address, much praised by The New York Medical Journal, that was recently delivered by Dr. CARL ALSBERG before the Harvey Society. Dr. ALSBERG said that it was not enough in wartime to decide the composition and relative values of foods, but into the account must also be taken such questions as, How much of each of the several foods can be raised on an acre of land? and, How much labor is required to raise each of them? The answers to those inquiries may be such as to make it judicious, when labor is scarce, to grow one food rather than others, even though it is intrinsically inferior to those others from the standpoint of the analytic chemist.

No food, unfortunately, combines all good qualities, and there is none which, if eaten exclusively, would not lead to starvation, or at least to serious injury of the body. Dr. ALSBERG admits, however, that wheat comes nearer than anything else to being a perfect food, but MACAULAY noted that bricklayers did not wait for NEWTON to teach them that if they jumped from high scaffolds they would break their legs, and humanity did not delay its appreciation of wheat until its merits were announced by scientists.

Dr. ALSBERG further declared that, in times of scarcity, it did not pay to feed to animals food that human beings could eat—that the waste was greater in the case of swine than in that of steers, and that, in general, the waste was greatest in the case of any animals past the growing stage.

Demanding a Sorry Privilege.

It is difficult to write in terms of moderation of the proposal, made in apparent seriousness by the head of one of the major leagues, that a certain number of professional ball players—eighteen for each club he thought would be enough—should be exempted from military service. That adds to the now much discredited, and highly discreditable, plea of "business as usual," the worse one of "pleasure as usual."

In behalf of this amazing proposal to keep at home a large body of young athletes whose training is of direct applicability to the tasks of modern war, the only argument presented is that baseball, as played by professionals, amuses and interests a considerable fraction of the public and so tends to promote the general cheerfulness by distracting the minds of the civilian population from their sorrows and losses. There is something of superficial plausibility in this argument, but it rests on several false assumptions and will not bear analysis.

Judging from the amount of pacifistical talking and writing now to be heard and seen, there is great need that we should think of the war, its effects and its possibilities, not less than we do now, but more. What many of us need is fixation, as the psychologists call it, not distraction, and gravity, not cheerfulness, is the mood that best becomes us. It is a notable fact, too, that it is from the business end of baseball, and not from the playing end of it, that the demand for exemption comes. In the colleges, the players of baseball and of other athletic games have volunteered almost to a man, not at all anxious, seemingly, about the gloom they will leave behind. All of their anxiety, if they have any, concerns the gloom that would be in store for the whole nation if its men of military age and capacity manifested their tender consideration for the non-fighting civilians—and for themselves—by devoting their strength and their skill to keeping us from thinking about the war.

Some of the professional ball players have volunteered, others have submitted gracefully when drafted. The majority of them, however, have manifested no obvious eagerness to join the colors, and their inaction almost justifies the suspicion that they will not be as indignant as they should be when they hear of the ignoble privilege which has been asked for them.

Proceedings Quaintly Antiquated.

At another time than this the trial of Mrs. DE SAULLES for the shooting of her divorced husband would attract much attention. It would deserve it, too, for the case brings into action many of humanity's primordial emotions and motives and raises questions of deep social interest in every civilized community. Some of those questions, and especially the question whether the admitted homicide was on any grounds justifiable or not, are at present forbidden subjects of discussion out of court. No such immunity, however, belongs to the methods of criminal procedure illustrated at the trial, particularly as comment on those methods, even though adverse, is not criticism of the Judge or the other officials whose only duty is to carry out the law as it is.

That is the justification—and the only excuse—for selecting a jury by a process of which the least fault, though a great one, is the amount of time it consumes and the amount of energy it worse than wastes. Its far severer condemnation lies in the fact that the result of this process is not to get a jury either notably intelligent or from whom notable ability to consider evidence and nothing else can be expected. What between the efforts of the prosecution to get a jury that will convict a woman, and those of the defense to get one that will not, the chances, and almost the certainties, are that the jury finally secured will be—well, to characterize it gently, not notable for anything at all except an amazing indifference to, and ignorance of, current happenings held important and interesting by everybody with a mind ordinarily active.

This method of selecting jurors is a survival of days when every one of its peculiarities was admirably adapted to existing conditions. As all of the conditions have changed, the method is now absurdly wrong, but we go on using the method for no other reason than that it once was all right. And that is no reason at all!

More Ways to Save Coal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Would that letters from the people in your columns might crowd each other out in backing daylight saving as a safe, sane and simple method of conserving coal. In addition, if there is a real shortage of coal the owners of private greenhouses should be requested to close them for the period of the war. This would save many tons of coal burned that one family may be furnished with cut flowers or a delightful place in which to entertain a friend. Let rich and poor alike enjoy the beauty and perfume of the exquisite plants in the public greenhouses.

New York, Nov. 20, 1917. B. W.

TEACHERS OF PACIFISM.

Much Harm to the Youth Can Be Done in Early Training.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am glad to see that public sentiment is being aroused against those teachers in public and private schools whose sympathies are pro-German or whose views are so impregnated with pacifism as to make them unfit to teach American boys. I have taught for nearly fifteen years, and I know how dangerous the influence of pacifism upon immature minds can be. When President Wilson issued his first call for volunteers the discussion of the doctrine of non-resistance, even as an academic question, should have entirely ceased. The idea of free speech, however, was grossly abused by many pacifist teachers, who have kept alive this discussion, to the utter demoralization of many a youth. Free speech was never meant to apply except among those of equal maturity, and a teacher who takes advantage of the immaturity of youth, which is so generous in its enthusiasms, to promote views dangerous to the welfare of the State should be placed where he can do no actual or potential harm.

There is a certain type of young man who seeks notoriety by adopting extreme views because he views life from the side lines. He is generally unwilling to get into the game of life, which he dimly sees from lofty and secluded heights, and, consequently, he develops a state of mind which is destructively rather than constructively critical. Such a mind finally gets to see so much of the sham or the counterfeit that it is blind to any good in the world. The best cure for many pacifists would be hard work, physical as well as mental, so that they would have less time for flirting with radical views. Pacifism does offer a clever argument, from an academic standpoint, and it is the cleverness of this argument that often infatuates the listener. It is like the young man who believes himself in love, until the rapidity with which he transfers his affections proves conclusively that he is in love only with the idea of being in love. In the one case the national welfare suffers and in the other the young lady's happiness, if she is apt to be serious-minded, but in both cases the objectives suffer. One can understand the appeal of pacifism to this type of mind, which, it must be assumed, is possessed of indications of maturity, if no more; but how a red-blooded youth of fifteen years or over can accept such views is unintelligible. The law of youth is the law of absolute right or absolute wrong. Between the ages of 16 and 20 the rational processes are not sufficiently developed to take a middle course between these two extremes. The holding of ultra-radical views is likely to be more of an affectation than a reality, and a boy pacifist is just as much an anomaly as a boy who claims that his religion is spiritual rather than moral. In the language of Jeremiah Rood, "it can't be done."

I offer these thoughts to you as one who believes that at present he can do more in a munitions factory than in a classroom, although by this I do not mean to disparage the efforts of any real red-blooded teacher who has stuck to his job—they need all the help and encouragement they can get.

MORRIS W. WARE.
Morristown, N. J., Nov. 21, 1917.

Suffragists Defy the Constitution.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article this morning commenting upon the action of the State Woman Suffrage party is admirable, but, in your interest in the patriotic issue, you seem to overlook, as do the women themselves, the constitution of the State of New York.

The report of the Committee on Resolutions, as published this morning, contains the following recommendation:

> In view of the likelihood of the immediate submission of the Federal amendment to the State Legislatures for ratification, we should campaign against the nomination or election of candidates for the New York Legislature and campaign against candidates for Congress who will not agree to indorse the Federal amendment, providing the Federal amendment has not passed before the next Congressional election, which takes place in 1918.

Section 1 of Article 13 of the constitution of the State of New York provides that members of the Legislature shall, before they enter upon the duties of their office, take and subscribe an oath which contains the statement that such member of the Legislature has

> not directly, or indirectly, paid, offered or promised to pay, contributed, or offered or promised to contribute any money or other valuable thing as a consideration or reward for the giving or withholding a vote at the election at which I was elected to such office, and have not made any promise to influence the giving or withholding any such vote.

This last requirement would seem to be a serious bar to the proposed program outlined by the report of the Committee on Resolutions. SUFFRAGIST.
New York, Nov. 22, 1917.

Rewards of Valor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Whatever reasons, based on the natural fear and hatred felt by the Republic for everything savoring of monarchy and aristocracy, may have once existed for prohibiting our officers and enlisted men from wearing foreign decorations won by distinguished valor and extraordinary achievement, these reasons have long since ceased to exist for us, and it seems both an injustice and an absurdity to retain a prohibition which puts our brave soldiers and sailors at a disadvantage as compared with those of our allies in this great war for the freedom and security of all nations. HENRY PREBLE.
New York, Nov. 21, 1917.

A FREE WOMAN, NOT A PACIFIST

I'm glad I am no Pacifist—
That banners floating free
From every flagstaff, every tower,
Mean everything to me—
Honor and sacrifice and truth,
A Nation's loyalty!

I'm glad I am no sheltered thing,
Too safe to understand
The hunger pangs, the ghastly need,
Of that invaded Land!
I'm glad they called us, glad we gave
An eager helping hand!

I'm glad the Hun has taught us this—
To fear the Egoist,
To fight the brute who'd hold the race
Beneath a mailed fist,
To hate those ghouls who bayonet
"The women who resist!"

Today we ask no coward's peace!
We'll pour forth all we own—
Money and life and love and youth—
That we may now atone
For those unseeing, leisured years
Before the Truth was known!

Dear God, I'm glad that Truth is writ
Across your flaming sky:
This is a war to liberate
All Brave Ones who defy
The maddest War-lord of all time,
The blackest tyranny!

I'm glad I am no Pacifist!
Old Glory floating free
Beside those friendly foreign flags
Means Home and Hope to me,
And more—in time, through all the World,
It means Man's Liberty!

ELIZABETH NEWPORT HEPBURN.

PRAISES NEW YORK HOTELS.

Washington Reports Meat Consumption Cut 116 Tons a Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Hotels in New York City, by the observance of meatless Tuesdays and wheatless Wednesdays and by other self-imposed restrictions, saved more than 116 tons of meat and 60 tons, or about 620 barrels, of flour last week, according to an announcement made by the United States Food Administration tonight. When the movement is under full headway it is believed that the hotels and restaurants of New York City will conserve at least 300 tons of meat and 1,200 barrels of flour weekly.

The statement of the Food Administration follows:

"From figures received by the Food Administration, showing immense savings in meat and wheat through the scrupulous observance of meatless Tuesday and wheatless Wednesday and other conservation measures they have adopted, it is clear that the New York hotels and restaurants are doing far more in proportion than the homes of the nation to save the foods America must ship to the European nations who are fighting its battles against Prussian autocracy. If hotels and eating places in other cities were doing as well as those in New York, and if private homes were saving with equal care, the amounts of wheat, meat, fats, and sugar that would be gained for shipment to our allies would be enormous.

"The savings of wheat in the larger hotels and restaurants in New York City are already yielding well toward a thousand barrels of flour a week and more than a thousand tons of meat, and this in spite of the fact that the movement has hardly more than fairly started, and new establishments are joining every day.

"Actual figures received show that in the hotels and restaurants of New York City on Tuesday, Nov. 13, the saving in meats amounted to 193,545 pounds, or 96.75 tons.

"The saving of wheat flour on Wednesday, Nov. 14, was 101,295 pounds, or 50.6 tons, or 517 barrels.

"Through taking certain meats from their daily menus and refusing to serve meats at banquets a further conservation was effected by hotels and restaurants, swelling the total quantity of meats saved by them in New York during the whole week of Nov. 12 to 232,254 pounds, or 116.12 tons.

"By the use of whole or partial substitutes for wheat flour, particularly in bread and pastries, the saving in wheat flour for the week is increased to 121,354 pounds, or 60.8 tons, or about 620 barrels.

"Provision dealers who supply New York hotels report a considerable decrease in sales since the adoption of meatless Tuesdays. One firm, which supplies only hotels of the better class with choice meats, reports a decrease of 50 per cent. in orders for Tuesday. A wholesaler selling to both butchers and hotels reports a decrease of 10 to 15 per cent. in weekly sales. A firm selling in several States to a great variety of trade reports the following decrease in Tuesday orders since the adoption of meatless days:

"In hotels, 30 per cent.; in restaurants, hospitals, and institutions, 25 per cent.; in schools, 25 per cent.; to retail trade and homes, 12½ per cent.

"Meatless Tuesday and wheatless Wednesday were not actually suggested to hotel and restaurant proprietors until early in October, when the propaganda for a beefless Tuesday was just beginning to take effect. Many hotels began the meatless day only the first Tuesday in November, and in many others Tuesday of this week is the first meatless day to be observed.

"The saving of meats in New York will show enormous increase this week. It is estimated that hotels and restaurants in that city alone within a fortnight will be saving a minimum of 300 tons of meats and 1,200 barrels of wheat flour per week. If the hotels and restaurants of the whole country save in the same proportion that those of New York are saving, John McE. Bowman, Chief of the Hotels Division of the United State Food Administration, believes that in this one industry alone the savings will be sufficient to furnish several shiploads of meats and wheat each week for our armies and allies."

On the recommendation of the Food Administration, ex-Judge Robert S. Lovett today issued a priority order directing that cattle feed consigned to Texas and New Mexico should receive preference in rail shipments over all commodities with the exception of coal, foods for human consumption, and a few other wartime essentials.

TO FORCE MEATLESS DAY.

James B. Regan Favors National Edict to Compel Food Saving.

James B. Regan of the Hotel Knickerbocker said yesterday that he believed that there should be a national edict setting aside Tuesday as meatless day throughout the country, and that this edict should not only be enforced by the Federal authorities but that the offenders against it should be punished by fine or imprisonment. Mr. Regan declared that there were between 50 and 100 restaurants in the vicinity of Times Square that were conducted by Germans, Austrians, and Hungarians whose natural inclinations were pro-German. A Federal commission to control the kitchens of all hotels and restaurants was also advocated by the proprietor of the Knickerbocker.

"The hotels of this city," Mr. Regan asserted, "are doing their best to try and conserve the food of the country, but are handicapped to a large degree by restaurants of this type. The conserving of meat on meatless Tuesday would be helped to an immense extent if a national edict were issued throughout the country that no meat should be served on Tuesday, and this order enforced by the Federal Government, so that any one breaking this law would be punished, either by a heavy fine or a term of imprisonment. It is useless in these times to ask the hotels and restaurants which, to a very large extent, consume the meat supply of the country, to abstain from serving meat on Tuesday, unless they have co-operation.

"A large number of owners of hotels and restaurants are loyal American citizens, and are desirous of doing their best to help the nation, but unfortunately there is always an element in human nature which has a tendency to sell their merchandise to their best advantage, regardless of any condition. If an order such as I speak of is issued by the Federal Government, enforcing this measure, there is no question at all in my mind that it would eliminate to a large extent the delay of gathering statistics which only scrape the surface, and does not effect any material benefit. In my opinion, the amount of saving in beef, veal, mutton, lamb, and pork, if handled in the way I have mentioned, by the Federal Government, would be an enormous saving in tonnage of meat.

"In addition, there is a waste of foodstuffs in the kitchens and pantries of hotels and restaurants. Men of well-known experience and ability, who understand the operation of kitchens and food commodities, such as J. P. Martin, Oscar of the Waldorf-Astoria, Mr. Hurley of the Belmont, and men of that type, of which there are any number throughout the country, should be appointed in the form of a Federal commission, and have full authority to control the kitchens of hotels and restaurants, and evolve a remedy for the waste of foods at the present time."

Mr. Regan praised the work of John McBowan of the Biltmore in giving his time and ability to the Government to help food conservation.

ACT ON EX-QUEEN'S ESTATE.

Speaker Holstein Appointed Administrator of What Liliuokalani Left.

HONOLULU, Nov. 22.—H. L. Holstein, Speaker of the Hawaiian Legislature, has been appointed temporary administrator of the estate of the late ex-Queen Liliuokalani.

A suit started two years ago by Prince Kalanianaole to have himself declared heir to the estate, valued at $200,000, is still pending. The Prince, a cousin of the late ex-Queen, and Congressional Delegate from Hawaii, was left $5,000 by the terms of the last will filed. The bulk of the estate was left in this will, which Kalanianaole charges is a forgery, to Theresa Wilcox Belliveau, who says she is a cousin of the ex-Queen.

HOOVER BOARD PLANS MILK INQUIRY HERE

New Commission Organizes and Decides to Open Investigation on Monday.

HOPES FOR LOWER PRICES

Moskowitz Seeks Co-operation in Opening Yards to Sell Coal Directly to the Poor.

The Milk Commission appointed by Herbert C. Hoover, National Food Administrator, on Wednesday met yesterday in the office of the local Food Administration, 124 East Fifteenth Street, perfected its organization, selected counsel, and decided to open on Monday in the City Hall an investigation into the milk situation here and in the State at large. The commission intends to make its inquiry thorough, and it will take up the distribution of milk here to see what can be done to decrease the cost of getting milk to the consumers. It will also inquire into the cost of production. The Dairymen's League agreed not to raise December prices, at the request of Administrator Hoover, and in spite of the opinion of many farmers that this meant a loss. The farmers have the assurance that, if the inquiry about to be held shows that the raising of December prices was justified, they will later be allowed to cover losses sustained in December.

Dr. W. H. Jordan, Chairman of the commission, announced after the meeting that the commission will follow the lead of the Mayor's Committee and hear the producers first. The public hearing will begin at 10 A. M. Monday in the City Hall. Dr. Jordan in the interval will serve notice of appearance on those whose testimony is wanted. He announced also that Frank W. Stevens, former Chairman of the Public Service Commission for the Second District, had consented to act as counsel for the commission.

Hoover Representative Presides.

G. Harold Powell, representative of Mr. Hoover, presided at the meeting here yesterday. The commission consists of Dr. W. H. Jordan of Geneva, N. Y., Chairman; John Mitchell of New York, L. P. Brown of New York, John T. Galvin of New York, Jacob H. Schiff of New York, Miss Mabel Kittredge of New York, Eugene Schoen of New York, Charles M. Dow of Jamestown, Bradley Fuller of Utica, C. S. Shedrick of Buffalo, and Arthur Williams, ex-officio, of New York.

If the suggestion contained in a letter written to the Mayor by Commissioner of Markets Henry Moskowitz is carried out the city will establish yards in certain parts of the city where coal will be sold in small quantities. Mr. Moskowitz said that he had asked Alfred Wiggin, State Fuel Administrator, to co-operate with him and the Association of Coal Dealers in mapping out the territory for the distribution of coal, and that the Administration assist the city in inducing dealers to sell at their yards in small quantities at yard prices.

"In many such quarters of the city," Commissioner Moskowitz wrote, "the situation may be relieved by the successful accomplishment of this purpose, but in many districts the territory served by each yard is so extensive that only a part of its residents would find themselves able to take advantage of this opportunity. In such districts and wherever coal yard dealers refuse to sell in this manner, it will be necessary for the city to establish stations where coal may be sold in small quantities. The larger coal dealers have so far given evidence of their willingness to co-operate with the Fuel Administration and no difficulty is anticipated so far as they are concerned."

Wants to Establish Coal Stations.

The Commissioner also has asked the approval of the Board of Estimate to grant sufficient funds to begin the establishment of coal stations. The estimates of cost are now being prepared. In making this request Commissioner Moskowitz has been guided by a report just made by Commissioner of Accounts Wallstein, who found that several hundred coal dealers had been unable to obtain a sufficient supply to meet present needs. The situation, he says, is grave, especially if a sudden cold snap should occur.

In the week which ended Nov. 17 Mr. Wallstein's investigators visited 182 dealers and 190 consumers. The average sales were 8,327 pounds. The coal cost them on an average $8.777 a ton or $.4438 a hundredweight, and was sold at an average price of $12.49 a ton or $.6247 a hundredweight. His report continues:

> Customers claimed to pay an average rate of $12.805 per ton or .64 per cwt., which by the cwt. is $1.53 cents more than the dealers claim. According to dealers their gross profit on a ton is $3.61 or $.181 per cwt. The average dealer's receipts amount to $56.83 per week and his payments for coal to $40.16, leaving a gross profit of $16.67, out of which must be paid rent, light, and other expenses. Dealers average 70.5 customers to each. The average customer burns during the season 207 pounds of coal per week at an average cost of $1.34. Last year the average customer paid for his coal at the rate of $11.74 per ton or $.587 per cwt. This year he is paying at the rate of $1.065 more per ton or $.053 per cwt., according to his own statement. Many dealers complain of difficulty in getting an adequate supply of coal. This is particularly noticeable on the west side of Manhattan where a strike against the wholesalers was in effect ten days ago.

Commissioner Moskowitz announced that Dr. Stephen S. Wise had been named as one of the members at large on the Committee on Organization of the Food Council.

City Food Administrator Williams has received word that many of the small restaurants are making no attempt to observe meatless or wheatless days. While the matter is to be investigated, Mr. Williams requests the patrons of such places to reason with the proprietors and if they fail to do as requested to refuse to patronize the offenders. The Administration intends also to investigate complaints that stores are forcing combination sales with sugar.

Hospitals "Doing Their Bit."

What the hospitals of the State are doing to conserve food is told in a letter to Mr. Williams from Everett S. Elwood, Secretary of the State Hospital Commission. He said the conference of Hospital Superintendents had voted to increase the allowance for fresh fruits, and that it was determined to try out in one or more hospitals the substitution of eggs for meat at least once a week and the substitution of oysters and poultry for meat at least two or three meals a week. It had been further decided, Mr. Elwood said, to make as extensive a use as possible of substitutes for white flour.

There is to be a conference at the State Food Commission's office tomorrow on the proposed combination for co-ordination of work between city, State, and National Food Administrations. John Mitchell, the Chairman, will probably go to Washington on Monday to confer with Mr. Hoover on the matter.

Christopher Murray, who has just been appointed Commissioner of the Department of Weights and Measures by Mayor Mitchel, assumed the duties of his office yesterday afternoon in the Municipal Building. Frederick H. Tighe, who has been Acting Commissioner since Joseph Hartigan resigned as Commissioner to take charge of a department with the Liberty Loan Committee, will remain in the department as Deputy Commissioner.

The coal shortage in Newark has become so serious that Mayor Gillen, head of the Health Department, has evolved a plan whereby wholesale coal dealers will honor tickets issued by the department to persons urgently in need of fuel. These tickets will entitle the bearer to buy 1,000 pounds of coal at once, thereby giving him preference over others who are not in serious need. The health officials told the Mayor that great hardship was found among the poor and sick because of the lack of coal. A number of wholesale coal dealers have agreed to the plan.

WANTS A WOMAN ON SERVICE BOARD

Bennett Finds Fault with the Governor for Selecting Kracke.

CALLS IT POLITICAL MOVE

Charles B. Hubbell Will Also Be Appointed to Succeed Major Hodge.

Announcement made in Albany yesterday by Governor Whitman that he would appoint F. J. H. Kracke, now a Commissioner of Plant and Structures under Mayor Mitchel, a member of the Public Service Commission for the First District, to succeed Colonel William Hayward, who has entered the United States military service, brought a spirited protest from former Senator William M. Bennett. Mr. Bennett accused the Governor of using the Public Service Commission for political purposes, and took him to task for not appointing a woman, as had been suggested by him.

The Governor also announced the appointment in the near future of Charles B. Hubbell, a New York lawyer who at present is a member of Governor Whitman's Prison Commission. He will succeed Major Henry W. Hodge, who has turned from the Public Service Commission to take up engineering work with General Pershing's forces in Northern France.

"I observe," said Mr. Bennett, "that shortly after the receipt of my letter of protest against the appointment of Frederick J. H. Kracke, Governor Whitman reiterated his intention to appoint that gentleman as a member of the Public Service Commission. It is about time that members were appointed who are friends of the public. The appointment of Mr. Kracke is an insult to the women, because they are entitled to representation in a matter so vital to the welfare of all citizens.

"I would recommend to the Governor that he pay a visit to the Fourteenth Street and Forty-second Street express stations in the rush hours and personally witness the discomforts and insults to which the women are exposed during those hours. The voters are getting tired of having their public officials riding about in automobiles paid for by the city or State, as the case may be. The strap hangers are in the majority, and I would suggest to Governor Whitman that he take a lesson from the recent Mayoralty election and fill the other vacancy in the commission by appointing a straphanger. (The other vacancy referred to by Mr. Bennett is the one to which Governor Whitman announced that he would appoint Mr. Hubbell.)

"I would suggest to the Governor that the present moribund condition of the Public Service Commission of the First District calls for the appointment of a woman member who will bring some life and energy and new views and human interest and some sympathy for the public to the commission.

"Mr. Mitchel tried to use Mr. Kracke as an instrument to play politics when he had the Legislature create the Department of Plant and Structures. Instead of having the Bridge Department and the Dock Department consolidate, Mr. Mitchel had the Department of Bridges enlarged into the Department of Plant and Structures with the idea of having placed under Mr. Kracke the supervision, maintenance, and repair of the buildings in all city departments, except Bellevue and allied Hospitals, including such control buildings now under the control of the five borough Presidents. This attempt to create a great political machine under Mr. Kracke failed to help the Mayor, and in my opinion a similar attempt of Governor Whitman will not help him. The whole city would be grateful to Governor Whitman if he would stop playing politics with the Public Service Commission and appoint an active, energetic, and intelligent woman to fill the other vacancy.

"Apparently Governor Whitman, who with Charles E. Hughes and United States Senator William M. Calder turned the city over to Tammany Hall, has failed to learn his lesson from their overwhelming repudiation by the people."

Governor Whitman at Albany declined to comment on the suggestion of Mr. Bennett. It is not likely that either of the appointments will be formally announced until after the departure of Colonel Hayward, who is in command of the Fifteenth New York (negro) Regiment, for Europe. The new appointments will be made, according to Governor Whitman, with the understanding that the incumbent resign upon the relinquishment by Colonel Hayward and Major Hodge of their army commissions.

The appointment of Commissioner Kracke will give Brooklyn three places on the Public Service Commission to Manhattan's two, while the three other boroughs will have no representation. The Governor's action in making the appointment in some quarters was ascribed to political reasons. Commissioner Kracke has been closely affiliated with the Governor politically, and last year was manager of his primary and general campaign. The appointment is regarded by some as part of a political move to combine the Republican forces in Kings County under the joint leadership of Commissioner Kracke and State Controller Eugene M. Travis, who has pooled his political interests with those of Governor Whitman, thus freezing out Jacob A. Livingston, the Old Guard Republican leaders of Kings, and put a quietus on the Gubernatorial boom of Supreme Court Justice James C. Cropsey of Brooklyn. Governor Whitman is to address a meeting of the Kings County Republican Committee on Dec. 11.

It was learned last night that the Queens Chamber of Commerce had sent a letter to Governor Whitman on Tuesday urging a Queens man for one of the vacancies on the Public Service Commission. The Borough of Queens has never had a representative on the commission.

"We believe," read the letter, "that if the Borough of Queens had been represented on the Public Service Commission this large territory would not be in the position today of paying taxes for the construction of rapid-transit lines in Manhattan and the Bronx which extend to the Westchester County line and give greater benefits to such cities as Mount Vernon, Yonkers, and White Plains, which pay no taxes to New York City."

Mr. Hubbell is a New York lawyer, who was President of the Board of Education before consolidation. He was also President of the first Board of Education after consolidation. He has been a member of three subway commissions by appointment from the Appellate Division. He has been active in politics for a number of years. He lives at the Hotel Gotham, in this city, and has a country home, Brookside Farm, near Williamstown, Mass., where he was born.

Coad-Hyatt.

The marriage of Joseph Allan Coad, a member of the old Coad family of Maryland, and Mrs. Clara Carter Hyatt of Proto Bellow, Md., took place at the home of Mrs. Hyatt in that town yesterday, the Rev. Father John Scully, assisted by the Rev. Father Matthews, officiating. The bride has been a widow for several years and has made her home when in New York with her mother-in-law, Mrs. Alpheus Hyatt, at 158 East Sixty-second Street. She has one daughter, Miss Clara Hyatt.

WAR TANK FOR 'HERO LAND.'

Will Be One of the Features at Grand Central Palace.

Decorations for "Hero Land," the Allied Bazaar which is to open tomorrow evening at the Grand Central Palace, are practically completed. Many of the large war relief organizations in the country will be represented, and it is hoped that more than $1,000,000 will be realized from the bazaar which will continue nineteen days. The national war relief organizations which are taking part in "Hero Land" are carrying out their own plans and a variety of entertainments is promised.

Four floors of Grand Central Palace have been engaged for the bazaar. The recent events of history are to have particular prominence in the displays. One of the war features will be a German airplane brought down by Guynemer and a British "tank." The official French war motion pictures will be shown. The Stage Women's War Relief is arranging a number of attractions and actors and actresses will be present at these booths daily. For the first time the "Smileage Book," which was devised by the Military Entertainment Service to enable friends at home to send theatre tickets to the soldiers in camp, will be placed on sale. Mrs. T. D. M. Cardeza of Philadelphia has charge of the children's entertainment, which will be for the benefit of Le Paquet du Soldat booth.

Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin and Mrs. John Magee will have charge of the Café de Paris. Luncheons and dinners will be served daily. Among those who have reserved tables for the first two nights are Mrs. John Magee, Mrs. William Delano, Mrs. Frank Griswold, Mrs. Edmund L. Bayliss, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.; Mrs. George Moore, Mrs. Charles Alexander, Mrs. William Crocker, Mrs. James W. Gerard, Mrs. William G. Low, Mrs. Spencer Eddy, and Charles Hayden.

MISS KRECH'S BRIDAL PARTY

Her Wedding to O. B. James to be Held in St. Bartholomew's Nov. 28.

Only the immediate families and a few intimate friends will attend the wedding of Miss Angeline J. Krech, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin W. Krech, to Oliver Burr James, son of Dr. and Mrs Walter B. James, which will be celebrated at 4 o'clock next Wednesday afternoon in St. Bartholomew's Church. The Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks, rector of the church, will officiate, assisted by the Rev. Endicott Peabody of Groton School.

Miss Krech will be attended by her sister, Miss Helen Krech, who will act as her maid of honor, and her other attendants will be Mrs. Shepard Krech, whose husband is serving in France; Miss Margaret Krech, and the Misses Helen and Eunice James, sisters of the bridegroom. Mr. James will have as best man William Rockefeller, and among his ushers will be Franklin Lawrence and Hamilton Hadley.

A small reception will follow the ceremony at the home of the bride's parents, 17 East Seventieth Street.

MISS ENO TO WED DEC. 12.

Her Nieces Attendants for Her Marriage to H. Bjornstrom-Steffanson.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Mary Pinchot Eno, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. John C. Eno, and H. Bjornstrom-Steffanson of Sweden, which is to take place on Wednesday, Dec. 12, at the home of the bride, 56 East Fifty-seventh Street.

Miss Eno has chosen for her attendants, her nieces, the Misses Antoinette and Marie Graves. Stephan Bjornstrom-Steffanson, a brother of the bridegroom, is to act as best man.

Their engagement was announced last June. Miss Eno is a niece of W. Phelps Eno and of Mrs. Charles Boughton Wood. Her fiancé first came to this country as expert stipendiary for the Swedish Government. The family estate is at Ruda, Sweden.

FOUR SISTERS TO ATTEND HER.

Miss Louise Dickinson to Wed E. F. Swenson in St. Thomas's Dec. 8.

Miss Louise Dickinson, whose marriage to Edward F. Swenson of Albany will be celebrated on Dec. 8 in St. Thomas's Church, will have her four sisters and the bridegroom's sister, Miss Louise Swenson of Albany, as her attendants.

Her sisters are Mrs. Thomas R. Shepard, Mrs. Frederick H. McCoun, and the Misses Claire and Ruth Dickinson.

Mr. Swenson will have Clarence E. Swenson as his best man, and the ushers are to be Henry L. Bogert, Jr., of Cedarhurst, L. I.; Donald B. Abbot of Oyster Bay, Wendell W. Faunce of Rochester, Captain Henry P. Warren, Jr., United States Reserves, and Herbert Swenson and De Witt J. Payne, both Lieutenants in the United States Reserves. The Rev. Charles K. Gilbert will officiate at the ceremony.

The reception will be held at the Gotham, as the home of the bride's parents, Dr. Gordon J. and Mrs. Dickinson, is in Jersey City.

Will Wed French Artilleryman.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Lane of 61 West Eighty-seventh Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marjory Browne Lane, to Paul Ruppinger, Maréchal des Logis, Fifty-ninth Artillerie, France. Miss Lane, who was educated in Paris, has for some time been associated with the work of the American Girls' Aid in Paris. She sailed last June to join the Misses Hollingsworth at the headquarters of their society, and has remained there ever since. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

Osborn-La Farge Wedding Nov. 26.

The wedding of Miss Margaret G. La Farge, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Grant La Farge of 324 East Twenty-second Street, and Lieutenant William Henry Osborn, O. R. C., of Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C., son of Mr. and Mrs. William Church Osborn, will take place on Monday afternoon, Nov. 26, in the chantry of Grace Church.

Miss La Farge is to be unattended. Mr. Osborn will have his brother, Earl D. Osborn, recently invalided home from service in France, as his best man.

$1,000 for Y. M. C. A. War Work.

Mrs. Henry Seligman was the hostess yesterday at her home, 30 West Fifty-sixth Street, at auction bridge, and about $1,000 was raised for Y. M. C. A. war work. Instead of presenting a prize to the one making the best score Mrs. Seligman gave $100 to the fund. Mrs. Charles Farrelly and Mrs. Frederick Sanford made the best scores. There were about 100 present, and the players included Mrs. McLane Van Ingen, Mrs. Prentice Kellogg, Mrs. Sherwood Aldrich, Mrs. Henry Alexander, Miss Adele Colgate, Mrs. George Holt, Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, Mrs. Phillips Allen Clark, Mrs. Irving Brokaw, Mrs. Frederic Lewisohn, Mrs. Arthur Murray Dodge, Mrs. Fairfax Landstreet, Mrs. M. M. Van Beuren, and Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer.

BAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE TO GERMAN TENANTS

Order Expected to Put Enemy Aliens Out of Buildings That Give Views of Harbor.

MAY SEIZE ALL BINOCULARS

Finger Printing and Registering Germans Under Consideration —Secret Service Arrests.

Wealthy subjects of the Kaiser now living in apartments or private residences in Riverside Drive, or occupying apartments in streets further from the river, from the windows of which the river and harbor are visible, will probably be ordered to vacate their homes within the next week. Whether or not the order will make all of Riverside Drive a barred zone has not been decided. There is every reason for saying, however, that practically all of the Drive south of Grant's Tomb will be a barred zone. The principal naval anchorages in the North River are off Seventy-ninth, Ninety-sixth, and 110th Streets, and Germans whose apartments look out upon those stretches of water will probably be the first to move.

Another matter intended to make more effective the regulation of enemy movements which is under consideration calls for the finger-printing of every male German subject in New York of and above the age of fourteen. If this proposal is approved the work of taking the finger prints of more than 130,000 Germans will be intrusted to the Police Bureau of Identification. It is expected that the Police Department will have charge of registering enemy aliens, and that every German will be called upon to give a complete history of himself from the time he arrived in this country until the present time, as well as certain data regarding his business and other activities in Germany or elsewhere before coming to New York. After the registration is completed the man will receive a registration card bearing his photograph, which will serve as a passport to zones other than those along the waterfront or in the vicinity of military and naval posts, and munition plants.

Put Germans Out of High Buildings.

It can also be stated that the Federal authorities have under consideration an order which will move enemy aliens who have business offices in high buildings overlooking the harbor or rivers to buildings from which such views are not available. There are hundreds of Germans occupying such offices at present. Some of these buildings border the waterfront, while others are many blocks inland. It was pointed out yesterday that a German occupying an office on any of the upper floors of the Woolworth, the Singer, the Metropolitan Tower, or other high office buildings could keep track of everything that goes on in the busiest parts of the river and the upper harbor, provided he supplied himself with a pair of good binoculars. It was rumored yesterday that enemy aliens would be forbidden to have distance glasses in their possession.

The police began yesterday the work of notifying Germans doing business along the waterfront south of Twenty-third Street to arrange for immediately vacating their offices, stores, saloons, warehouses, or homes. Every German doing business on the riverfront between Twenty-third Street and the Battery received his orders yesterday, and was informed that he had about seventy-two hours in which to comply with the Government's instructions.

The office of United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy, in the Federal Building, was visited yesterday, as it has been every day since the President promulgated the new regulations, by scores of German subjects anxious to learn whether or not they could not be excepted from the rule. A German-American who has an office in the Whitehall Building wanted to know, for instance, if he could keep in his employ two German subjects. The office of this man offers one of the best views of the harbor to be had in the city.

"You can keep them in your employ if you wish," replied Marshal McCarthy, "but you will have to employ them in some other part of the city. They will not be permitted to remain at work in the Whitehall Building or in any other of the barred zones."

Another who called represented a private detective agency. He said the agency had a German among its employes who is helping guard a manufacturing plant in the Newtown section of Brooklyn. This plant has Government contracts. He was told to replace the German with a bona-fide, loyal American and to do it immediately.

Secret Service Kept Busy.

While the Federal and city officials were busy completing their plans for the enforcement of the Presidential regulations, Secret Service agents were busy in all parts of the city and in New Jersey rounding up Germans who continue to defy those regulations. Several arrests are said to have been made in Hoboken, all of them in the vicinity of the Government piers. It was reported that two men were taken into custody on the piers and that one of them was a member of the crew of an overseas transport. Federal officials would not discuss this report. Another report, which was not verified, was that a German was arrested on the East River front with a bomb in his possession.

Every merchant ship arriving in New York is immediately boarded by Government agents and every member of the crew subjected to an examination. Four Germans have been found among the crews of vessels plying between New York and coastwise ports, and West Indian ports, this week. Every German found in these crews is immediately arrested and taken to Ellis Island.

A sugar-laden ship arrived from Matanzas, Cuba, yesterday, and Government agents found in the crew a German who gave his name as Georg Plexnies. At first the man refused to admit he was German, but finally made the admission that he was a German subject. He is now in the internment prison.

Another man arrested yesterday was Max Juetner, a member of the crew of one of the seized German ships. He was found on an East River pier and was taken to Ellis Island.

Franz Johann Dorl, former editor of the pro-German publication known as Issues and Events, who is a friend of von Bernstorff and who during the first two years of the European war was one of the most bitter of the pro-German writers working for the German propagandists in the United States, was arrested on Wednesday night and ordered interned for the period of the war. Dorl is a native of Berlin and a graduate of the University of Berlin. He has lived in the United States for more than fifteen years, but has not become a citizen. As a Government agent put it yesterday, "He has made his living here for all these years, has enjoyed the protection of our laws, but remains to this day a loyal subject of the King of Prussia."

Dorl was arrested by Inspector Tunney of the Police Headquarters Bomb Squad. He appeared greatly surprised when told he was to be interned, and when asked why he had been so active in the United States in behalf of Germany replied that he had worked to "keep the United States out of the war." He protested that his activities ceased when Congress declared war on Germany. Dorl had an office at 271 Broadway. In that office the police found four cabinets of letters and other documents, all of which were seized. They also found some chemicals, which Dorl explained were used in a process for hardening concrete. Dorl is also a chemist.

Paper Still Pro-German.

When Dorl edited the paper now known as Issues and Events it was called The Vital Issue. The Vital Issue was a weekly, and during the months it was published it had a large circulation among Germans and German sympathizers in the United States. In its columns Dorl and other German propagandists defended the German way of making war and defended the activities of Bernstorff, Dernburg, and other heads of the German propaganda.

At the office of Issues and Events, which is now published at 25 West Broadway, it was said yesterday that Dorl severed his connection with the paper several months ago. The present editor of the paper is F. F. Schrader, a former associate of George Sylvester Viereck, and for many months prior to the entrance of the United States into the war one of the principal contributors to Viereck's paper, The Fatherland, which, like Issues and Events, was one of the stanchest defenders of Bernstorff and the German propaganda in this country.

In its edition dated tomorrow Issues and Events will appear with a front cover which shows a salaried worker trying to escape from a pack of hungry dogs. A woman, presumably the man's wife, is crouching beside him on the brink of a precipice which is labeled "Cost of Living." One dog is labeled "Hunger" and another "Debt." The paper prints a long article which is captioned "Lord Northcliffe's Candor."

"It has been hinted," the article states, "that a widespread secret campaign is on to reconcile the American people to annexations in Palestine and Mesopotamia on the ground that they have become necessary to defend the Armenians from the ferocity of the Turks—in other words, to ween them from their faith in the President's declarations against annexations and territorial dismemberments."

There are other articles, and practically all of them have a distinctly "pro-German" twang.

HERMANN SIELCKEN REPORTED TO BE DEAD

Broker Who Cornered Coffee Market in 1907 Had Been Living in Germany During War.

The death in Baden Baden, Germany, of Hermann Sielcken, who was a member of the firm of Crossman & Sielcken, is reported in a censored letter which reached this city several days ago. Though the name was blotted out by the censor, references to the death led his friends to believe that Mr. Sielcken was meant. He sailed for Germany on Feb. 2, 1914, and was last heard from in last February, when he was reported to be in failing health at Baden Baden. He was about 77 years old. The firm of which he was a member was reorganized on Sept. 22 of this year by direction of the State Department, since Mr. Sielcken was a German living in Germany.

Mr. Sielcken was a native of Hamburg, Germany, and, coming penniless to this country about fifty years ago, he engaged in the coffee trading business, in which he later made a fortune estimated at several millions. When George W. Crossman, his business partner, died in January, 1913, he bequeathed $1,000,000 to Sielcken "as a token of friendship." The venture in which Sielcken was reported to have made the most money was in the coffee corner of 1907, when he raised $10,000,000 to finance the American end of the deal, the Brazilian Government floating $75,000,000 in bonds. Mr. Sielcken piled up coffee in New York warehouses until the price more than doubled. The Government charged a violation of the Sherman law, but an adjustment was effected with Brazil and the coffee was ordered sold.

PLEA FOR JEWISH CHARITIES

Federation Tells of Great Increase in Maintenance Costs.

Felix M. Warburg, President of the Federation of Jewish Charities, issued an appeal yesterday to carry on the work of eighty-four societies, for which it collected during the last year $2,300,000. This is a greater sum than was ever raised previously for these institutions, but was short of $200,000. In his circular, Mr. Warburg says:

"For 1918, the outlook is serious. The cost of living is still increasing, stocks of food and of coal bought at lower prices are exhausted and must be replaced now at far higher prices. To carry on the same work in the past, to meet only the most urgent needs, our institutions must have at least $2,900,000 for 1918. The federation must provide funds for the care of thousands of orphans, aged and infirm, widows, the sick in our hospitals, besides the tens of thousands that apply to our dispensaries.

"We cannot allow the charitable, educational, and philanthropic agencies built up by Jewish endeavor through fifty years of effort to be crippled or disrupted."

Among the eighty-four institutions benefited by the funds of the federation are all the important Jewish charities of New York, including Mount Sinai Hospital, Lebanon Hospital, the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Hebrew Technical Institute, Jewish Big Brothers, Montefiore Home, the Educational Alliance, and many sisterhoods associated with the synagogues and temples.

A MODERN FRENCH RECITAL.

Henry Eichheim and Sam Charles Play Faure, Debussy, and Ravel.

Henry Eichheim, violinist, formerly a member of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, and Sam Charles, pianist, both of Boston, journeyed to New York to give a recital yesterday in Aeolian Hall of modern French music, in which they claim a position as specialists. They began with Fauré's sonata for violin and piano, now no longer in the modern vanguard, and played also Debussy's sonata for the same instruments, one of the composer's latest productions, which had been first revealed to New York a few days ago by Mr. Eddy Brown. Mr. Charles played four of Debussy's solo pieces for piano and two of Ravel's.

Mr. Eichheim has many good qualities as a violinist, which he brought to bear upon Fauré's and Debussy's music; intelligence, a sense of proportion, repose, a good technical equipment in bowing and finger work. But a warm and beautiful tone was not among them yesterday, nor was there evident all the grace and finesse that this music needs to have its best effect. And Fauré's sonata needs a good deal from the player. Mr. Charles's performance was fluent and pleasing; it caught not a little of the charm of Debussy's pieces.

'Six Months' Option' Begins Nov. 29.

"Six Months' Option," a comedy by Ancella Anslee, will begin an engagement at the Princess Theatre on Thanksgiving Night, Nov. 29. The new piece is being produced by Dorothy Donnelly, and the cast includes Stanley C. Ridges, W. T. Clarke, Mrs. Jacques Martin, and Jane Marbury.

To Help Negro Soldiers in War.

An entertainment to call attention to the needs of thousands of negro soldiers now serving will be given at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre on Sunday afternoon under the auspices of the Circle for Negro War Relief, of which Mrs. Emilie B. Hapgood is the head. Among those who will appear will be Bert Williams, John Barrymore, Grace La Rue, Norman Trevor, Harrison Rhodes, and Burr McIntosh. There will be no charge for admission.

GRANT B. SCHLEY, FINANCIER, DEAD

Head of Firm of Moore & Schley and Member of Stock Exchange for 36 Years.

IN MANY BIG OPERATIONS

Figured in Inquiry When Senators Were Charged with Speculating During Making of Tariff Bill.

Grant Barney Schley, head of the brokerage firm of Moore & Schley, and a member of the New York Stock Exchange since 1881, died yesterday at his home in Far Hills, N. J., in his seventy-third year. He had been in failing health for several years and had not taken an active part in the direction of the affairs of his firm for the last ten years.

He was born at Chapinsville, N. Y., Feb. 25, 1845. He attended the Canandaigua Academy, and in 1861, at the age of sixteen, he became a clerk in the express office of Wells, Butterfield & Co. at Syracuse, and five years later, when the Adams Express Company was formed by the consolidation of various companies, young Schley was sent to New York to take charge of the money order department of this company. In 1874 he was a clerk in the First National Bank, where he remained for six years, resigning his position as head of the foreign exchange department to enter the brokerage business with Ernest Groesbeck, under the firm name of Groesbeck & Schley.

In 1885 the late John G. Moore, at the suggestion of a number of capitalists who were associated with him in the Mutual Telegraph Company, entered the brokerage business, and Mr. Schley became one of his partners. He was active on the floor of the Stock Exchange for many years, and played a part in many extensive financial operations, numbering among his clientele many of the wealthiest men in the United States, among them H. H. Rogers, William C. Whitney, Thomas F. Ryan, William Rockefeller, Oliver H. Payne, and John W. Gates.

In 1894, when certain Senators were accused of speculating in sugar stocks while a tariff bill was in the making, Elverton R. Chapman, who was then a member of the firm of Moore & Schley, braved a jail sentence for contempt when he refused to reveal to the investigating committee the names and accounts of customers of the firm. The firm of Moore & Schley played a part in many extensive market operations.

Mr. Schley was a Director of the American Smelting and Refining Company, the Chihuahua Mining Company, the Coal Creek Mining and Manufacturing Company, the Electric Storage Battery Company, the Elliott-Fisher Company, the Northern Pacific Railway, the Pittsburgh Coal Company, and the Republic Iron and Steel Company. His clubs were the Union League, Metropolitan, New York Yacht, Jekyl Island, Bankers', Automobile Club of America, the France-America Society, Essex Fox Hounds, Somerset Hills Country Club, and he was also a member of the Agricultural Association, the Academy of Political Science, the Economic Club, and the Archaeological Society.

In 1879 Mr. Schley married Miss Elizabeth Baker, sister of George F. Baker. His wife died several years ago. He is survived by two sons, Grant B. Schley, Jr., and Kenneth Baker Schley, and a daughter, Mrs. Max Howell Behr.

DINNERS FOR SERVICE MEN.

Hotels Plan Thanksgiving Treat for Soldiers and Sailors.

Some New York hotels are preparing to entertain as guests of the management soldiers and sailors who may be in New York on Thanksgiving Day. Five hundred sailors from the Brooklyn Navy Yard will be guests of James B. Regan at the Knickerbocker. George M. Cohan will sing "Over There" and other entertainers will appear.

Governor Whitman will select 200 soldiers to be guests at dinner on Thanksgiving Day of R. M. Haan, owner of the Hotel St. Regis, where the Governor stays when in New York. Other hotels are making similar arrangements.

Religious Papers Consolidate.

BOSTON, Nov. 22.—Announcement was made today of the consolidation of two well-known religious papers, The Congregationalist and The Advance. The journal will henceforth be known by the combined names. The Congregationalist, said to be the oldest religious paper in the country, always has been published in Boston, and The Advance in Chicago.

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD H. LIBBY, for twenty-five years city salesman for Kern, Loewi & Mendel, in the dress trimmings trade in Manhattan, and an active worker in the Calvary Methodist Episcopal Church, died on Wednesday at his home, 601 West 151st Street, in his sixty-fourth year.

EMIL H. THOMAS, for many years with the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, and a member of Nassau Lodge, 536, F. and A. M., and Longi Grotto, 44, M. O. V. P. E. R., died in the Methodist Episcopal Hospital on Tuesday. His home was at 669 East Thirty-first Street, Flatbush.

JAMES McENERY, a furniture dealer, for forty years in business in Brooklyn, died in Riverside, Cal., on Wednesday at the age of 65 years. Mr. McEnery was a member of the Rotary Club of Brooklyn and is survived by his wife, four daughters, and three sons.

Mrs. FRANCES HAMLIN McHARG, widow of William C. McHarg, who was a Justice of the Peace of Albany, died at the home of her daughter, 560 Madison Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, in her ninety-second year. Mrs. McHarg came of Revolutionary ancestry.

HENRY STAUFENBERG, for twenty years connected with the Flatbush Gas Company as a service inspector, died at his home, 414 Midwood Street, Flatbush, on Wednesday. He was 70 years old.

CHARLES EDWIN LEE, 68 years old, for many years in the real estate business in Brooklyn, died on Tuesday.

Mrs. ANNA A. GARDNER JACKSON, widow of George Jackson, and a resident of Brooklyn for sixty years, died on Tuesday at her home, 350 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, in her seventy-sixth year. Her husband, who was a civil war veteran, and a son were killed in the Brooklyn Theatre fire on Dec. 5, 1876.

Lieutenant CHARLES HENRY DAVENPORT, of Hose Company 6, stationed at Jamaica, died from pneumonia on Wednesday at his home, 517 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn, in his fifty-first year. He was born in this city and had been a member of the Fire Department for twenty years. He was a member of Commonwealth Lodge, 409, F. and A. M.

CLARENCE C. DOUD, 46 years old, a lifelong resident of Farmingdale, L. I., and Chairman of the Board of Assessors of the Town of Oyster Bay, died at his home in Farmingdale on Wednesday. He was formerly for four years President of the Village of Farmingdale.

Mrs. JULIA WRIGHT MERRITT, the oldest woman of Greenwich, Conn., died at her home there on Wednesday, aged 94 years.

JOHN H. GOLDFRAP, for many years a member of the staff of The Evening World, died at the Seaside Hospital, Staten Island, on Wednesday. He was born in England forty years ago.

WILLIAM H. HARDING, a trustee of the Brevoort Savings Bank, died on Tuesday at his home, 1,233 Dean Street, Brooklyn.

ROBERT WILLIAMSON TUNSTALL, head of the Latin and Greek departments in the Tome School, Port Deposit, Md., died at Port Deposit on Tuesday from pneumonia.

ARTHUR DEXTER PAYNE, in the real estate business in this city, died on Wednesday at his home, 54 Morningside Avenue, in his sixty-sixth year.

JOHN J. BOYD, engineer and contractor, died yesterday at his home in South Orange, N. J., in his forty-seventh year.

AMOS S. CRANE, for eight years Freight Traffic Manager of the Boston & Maine Railroad, died at his home in Weston, Mass., yesterday.

WILLIAM H. HUFF, 78 years old, retired employe of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, died yesterday at his home in Phillipsburgh, N. J.

JOHN S. MAINS, formerly an officer of the Stillwater Presbyterian Church of Blairstown, N. J., was found dead in bed at his home in Blairstown yesterday. He was 86 years old.

Mrs. CAROLINE WALLACE BECKWITH, wife of Charles L. Beckwith, Secretary of Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency, died yesterday at her home in Orange, N. J.

Mrs. JEANETTE F. ARNE, wife of Edward H. Arne, a steamship agent of this city, died yesterday at her home, 128 West Seventy-third Street, in her forty-third year. She was formerly a vaudeville actress, and had played in several Broadway musical comedy productions.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

MODELL.—To Mr. and Mrs. Samuel S. Modell, 1,416 59th St., Brooklyn, a son, Nov. 20, 1917.

Married.

COAD—HYATT.—At Portobello, Md., Clara Carter Hyatt to Joseph Allan Coad, by the Rev. Father John Scully, assisted by Father Mathews.

Brooklyn.

REB—THOMPSON.—Nov. 21, Willa G. Thompson to John H. Reb.

Died.

ALEXANDER.—On Nov. 22, Cora C., suddenly, beloved sister of Mrs. Rose Wolfe, Sylvia, Beulah, and Elsie, in her 28th year. Funeral services at 10 o'clock, Nov. 23, at late residence, 135 West 129th St. Interment at Denver, Col. Please omit flowers. Denver papers please copy.

ANDERSON.—On Nov. 21, James, beloved husband of Bridget McGuire and father of Joseph, James, and brother of Philip Anderson. Funeral from his late residence, 47 Reeves Place, Brooklyn, to Church of Immaculate Heart of Mary, Fort Hamilton Av., Saturday, Nov. 24, at 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

ANES.—John R., Nov. 22, 870 Columbus Av., brother of William, Mary G., Mrs. James Quick, Mrs. Joseph Downey.

ARNE.—Jeanette F. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway-66th St., (Frank Campbell's,) Saturday, 8 P. M.

BAKER.—Beatrice, on Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1917, at 620 West 182d St., beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Baker, devoted sister and cherished sweetheart. Funeral private. Interment Mount Lebanon.

BECKWITH.—Suddenly, at East Orange, N. J., Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, Carrie M. Wallace, wife of Charles L. Beckwith, aged 55 years. Funeral services at her late home, 34 North Maple Av., Saturday, Nov. 24, 3 P. M.

BOYD.—At South Orange, N. J., Thursday, Nov. 22, in his 47th year, John Jaclin, beloved husband of Lillie Campbell Boyd, and son of the late James R. and Emily B. Boyd. Notice of the funeral hereafter.

DOUD.—On Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, Clarence Colyer Doud, in his 46th year, beloved husband of Mary Maria Doud and son of Joseph H. Doud. Funeral services at St. Thomas P. E. Church, Farmingdale, on Saturday, Nov. 24, 2 P. M.

EARL.—At Dr. Cooley's sanitarium, Plainfield, N. J., on Wednesday evening, Nov. 21, 1917, in her 81st year, Miss Elizabeth H. Earl. Funeral private. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery, Elizabeth, N. J., on Friday afternoon, Nov. 23, at 4 o'clock.

FREEBORN.—Entered into rest, Nov. 21, 1917, Adelaide Yates, widow of Dr. George C. Freeborn and daughter of the late Charles and Cordelia Roe Yates. Funeral services at her late residence, 161 East 79th St., Friday afternoon, Nov. 23, at 2:30.

FREEBORN.—The Colonial Dames of the State of New York announce with regret the death, on Nov. 21, 1917, of Mrs. George Cornell Freeborn, a member of the society.
ELEANOR VAN RENSSELAER FAIRFAX, President.
KATHRYN R. PIERREPONT, Recording Secretary.

GALE.—On Nov. 21, Pheoe, daughter of the late Nathaniel H. Gale, in her 79th year. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Friday, Nov. 23, at 11 A. M.

GOULD.—On Nov. 21, 1917, Augusta A., widow of Marquis D. Gould, aged 72 years. Funeral services at her late residence, 139 Madison Av., Flushing, L. I., on Friday, Nov. 23, 3:30 P. M.

GRIFFIN.—Julia, beloved wife of the late Maurice Griffin, at her residence, 344 West 14th St. Notice of funeral later.

HABIG.—On Nov. 21, 1917, Mary Therese Habig, beloved wife of Louis C. Habig, beloved daughter of Mary and the late John Power of Hartford, Conn. Funeral from late residence, 134 Linden Av., Flatbush, on Friday, at 1 P. M. Services at Chapel, Calvary Cemetery.

ILSLEY.—William C., on Wednesday morning, Nov. 21, 1917. Funeral service at his late residence, Allendale, N. J., Friday, Nov. 23, at 3 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Allendale Station on arrival of train leaving Jersey City at 1:44 P. M. Interment at Trinity Cemetery at convenience of family.

KEEGAN.—Nov. 21, Madeline J., beloved daughter of Michael Keegan and Ellen Keegan, (nee Newman.) Funeral from her residence, 2,405 Walton Av., Saturday, Nov. 24, 9:30 A. M., thence to Church of St. Nicholas of Tolentine, Andrews Av. and Fordham Road.

KLEIN.—On Wednesday, Nov. 21, Samuel and Betty (nee Hauser,) beloved parents of Charles, Jacob, Michael, Arthur, Leo, Morris, and Mrs. Sidney A. Harris. Funeral services at their late residence, 172 East 94th St., Friday, Nov. 23, at 10 A. M. Members of Aryeh Lodge, No. 6, I. O. F. S. of I. are requested to attend.

LEVERETT.—On Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Peter Hayden, Yonkers, N. Y., Esther Russell Leverett, daughter of John and Esther Leverett, in the 93d year of her age. Funeral private.

LEVI.—Belle, on Nov. 22, dearly beloved wife of Emil S. Levi and beloved mother of Mrs. Charles S. Untermeyer. Funeral at convenience of the family. Please omit flowers.

LIBBY.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, Edward H. Libby, Husband of Clara Eggleston, in his sixty-fourth year, residence, 601 West 151st St., New York. Funeral services at Calvary M. E. Church, 7th Av. and 129th St., New York, Friday, Nov. 23, at 8:30 P. M.

McCORMICK.—Nov. 21, Eleanor A., widow of Rev. John McCormick. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Friday, 8 P. M.

McENERY.—Suddenly, at Riverside, Cal., on Nov. 21, 1917, James McEnery of Great Barrington, Mass. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MAGIE.—At Orange, New Jersey, November twenty-first, nineteen hundred Seventeen, Emeline, wife of the late Minard F. Magie, in her eighty-second year. Funeral on Saturday, November twenty-fourth, at 2:30 P. M., from the residence of her nephew, Norman M. Ward, one hundred and seventy-six Bereley Ave., Orange, New Jersey.

MANNING.—James V., on Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, beloved husband of Bertha Manning, (nee Held.) Funeral from his late residence, 4,383 Ridgewood Av., Richmond Hill, Saturday, Nov. 24, at 9:30 A. M., and thence to the Church of the Holy Child Jesus. Interment St. John's Cemetery.

MATTOES.—Ernest. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway-66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's,) Friday, 2 o'clock.

MEEHAN.—Nov. 22, Catharine, widow of James Meehan and daughter of the late Robert and Margaret McGinnis, at her residence, 860 West End Av. Funeral Monday, Nov. 26, at 10 A. M., to Church of the Ascension, 107th St., between Broadway and Amsterdam Avs. Mass of requiem at 10:30. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

MEISTER.—On Nov. 21, 1917, Mrs. Annie Meister. Funeral Saturday, from her residence, Highbrook Av., Pelhamwood Park; thence to St. Catherine's Church, Pelham, N. Y., mass 10 o'clock. Train leaves Grand Central Station 9:18 A. M. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

MOORE.—At Stamford, Conn., on Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, of apoplexy, Theodore, son of Frances H. and the late Rev. John Wells Moore. Funeral services will be held at the residence of his brother, Louis B. Moore, 335 Summer St., on Friday, at 3 P. M.

O'FLYN.—On Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1917, Sarah Ann, sister of George S. and Charles and the late Edward J. O'Flyn, daughter of the late James and Maria T. O'Flyn. Solemn mass of requiem at Queen of All Saints Church, Vanderbilt and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

OERTER.—Entered into rest in her 83d year, Frances T. Oerter, widow of the late Rev. John H. Oerter. Funeral services at Fourth German Reformed Church, 412 West 45th St., Friday, at 8 P. M. Friends and members of church are invited. Funeral Saturday morning, private.

OSBORNE.—Samuel Duffield, suddenly, on Oct. 20, 1917, at 576 Madison St., Brooklyn, in his 60th year, son of the late Samuel S. Osborne and Rosalie Willoughby Duffield. Funeral services at St. Bartholomew's P. E. Church, Pacific St. near Bedford Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, Nov. 23, at 10:30 A. M.

PAAR.—At Chicago, Ill., on Nov. 18, 1917, Peter C. Paar, aged 44 years. Funeral private.

PACK.—On Nov. 21, 1917, at 2 East 45th St., New York, Frances Farman Pack, widow of George Willis Pack, late of Asheville, N. C. Funeral at Cleveland, Ohio, on Saturday, Nov. 24. It is earnestly requested that flowers be omitted.

PAYNE.—On Nov. 21, 1917, Arthur Dexter Payne, formerly of Providence, R. I., in his sixty-sixth year. Funeral at Holy Trinity Church, Lenox Av. and 122d St., Friday, at 11 A. M.

PICKARD.—Thursday, Nov. 22, 1917, at his residence, 251 West 81st St., Jesse Pickard, beloved son of the late Frederic William and Emily A. Pickard. Funeral private. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

RICHARDS.—At New Haven, Nov. 21, 1917, Julia Bacon, widow of Professor Eugene Lamb Richards. Services at her late residence, 255 Lawrence St., on Nov. 23, at 12 o'clock.

SCHLEY.—At Far Hills, N. J., on Thursday, Nov. 22, Grant Barney Schley, in the 73d year of his age. Funeral services, Froh Hein, Far Hills, N. J., Saturday, Nov. 24, 11 A. M. Interment private.

SCHULTE.—Bessie Louise Schulte, beloved daughter of Rose G. Schulte and the late Anthony Schulte, beloved sister of Hulda Steever, Lucille and Antoinnette Schulte, passed away suddenly in Boston. Funeral private.

SCHWARZ.—Doris, the beloved wife of Maurice Schwarz and beloved mother of Emil J. Schwarz and Cecelia H. Wiesenberg, on Nov. 21, in her 61st year. Funeral from her late residence, 271 West 118th St., Friday, Nov. 23, at 1 o'clock P. M.

Died.

SMITH.—Suddenly, on Nov. 22, Erwin Hulme Smith, in his 65th year. Services at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th St., near 5th Av., Saturday, at 12 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

TUPPER.—Nov. 21, 1917, Lorenzo B. Tupper, aged 78 years. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Saturday afternoon, 2 o'clock.

VOGT.—Marie, age 45, at Rocky Point, 2 P. M., Nov. 22. Funeral from St. Paul's M. E. Church, Mineola, L. I., Sunday, at 2 P. M.

WARD.—On Nov. 21, Margaret A. Ward, daughter of the late Thomas and Mary Ward. Funeral from her late residence, Beach 129th St., Belle Harbor, on Saturday, Nov. 24, at 10 A. M.

WEIL.—Richard. The association of the junior medical staff of the Mount Sinai Hospital is grieved by the death of its member, Dr. Richard Weil, associate attending physician to Mount Sinai Hospital, Professor of Experimental Therapeutics at Cornell University; Major, Medical Officers' Reserve Corps, U. S. Army; Chief of Medical Service, Base Hospital, Camp Wheeler. His scientific work has made him known throughout the medical world. He has added to this the glory of sacrificing his life in the service of his country. May this comfort his bereaved family to whom the association extends its sincere and respectful sympathy.

WHEELER.—At Weld, Me., Nov. 21, Martha Wheeler, beloved wife of Charles E. Wheeler, formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral services private, except to old Brooklyn and intimate friends, and to be held Saturday evening, Nov. 24, at 8 o'clock, at her late residence, 145 South Broadway, White Plains, N. Y.

BOERI.—Joseph, 374 7th Av., Nov. 20. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
BRENNAN.—Peter P., 139 East 43d St., Nov. 21. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
DELANEY.—Annie, 159 East 55th St., Nov. 21. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
DREW.—Mary, 305 East 88th St., Nov. 20. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
DUMPHY.—Edward, Nov. 20. Funeral 337 Columbus Av.
FAULKNER.—Bridget, 336 East 156th St., Nov. 21. Funeral notice later.
FLAUM.—Solomon, 526 East 85th St., Nov. 21. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.
FROATZ.—Charles E., Sr., 212 West 142d St., Nov. 20. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
GABRIEL.—Bertha, Nov. 21, aged 64. Funeral 272 Lenox Av., today, 2 P. M.
GARTLAND.—Thomas, 236 East 42d St., Nov. 20. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.
GUNTHER.—Louis, 1,078 1st Av., Nov. 21, aged 48. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.
McINERNEY.—James, 34 Barrow St., Nov. 21. Funeral service today.
MARTIN.—Warren H., 506 West 21st St., Nov. 20.
ROSENSTIEL.—Benjamin, 31 West 124th St., Nov. 20, aged 62. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
STEWART.—Emma, 76 Irving Place, Nov. 20. Funeral service today.

Brooklyn.

ABEL.—Christina, 552 11th St., Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.
BECKER.—Robert G., 146 Utica Av., Nov. 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
BRICKEL.—Mary C., 746 39th St., Nov. 21, aged 64. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
BURNS.—Grace, 4,406 New Utrecht Av., Nov. 21. Funeral today.
DALTON.—Anastasia, 749 Union St., Nov. 21. Funeral notice later.
DAVENPORT.—Charles H., 517 Bainbridge St., Nov. 21. Funeral Nov. 25, 2 P. M.
DOUGHERTY.—Margaret, 499 St. John's Place, Nov. 20. Funeral today.
FARRELL.—Joseph, 196 West 9th St., Nov. 21.
FEASEL.—Joseph, 281 Glenmore Av., Nov. 21, aged 82.
FICKE.—Margaret, 197 Court St., Nov. 20, aged 47. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
FREAN.—Harry, 96 Pine St., Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
HAYDEN.—Elizabeth, 63 15th St., Nov. 20. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.
JACKSON.—Anna A., 406 Lexington Av., Nov. 20, aged 76.
KELEHER.—Florence H., 183 Schaefer St., Nov. 21, aged 23.
KRUMPETER.—Henry J., 28 Adelphi St., Nov. 22. Funeral Nov. 25, 2 P. M.
MERKEL.—Karl, 253 Bleecker St., Nov. 21, aged 71. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
MURPHY.—Ann, 559 Dean St., Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
O'BRIEN.—Mary A., 455 12th St., Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
OWEN.—Samuel H., 941 55th St., Nov. 21, aged 85, aged 63.
RILEY.—Mary S., 204 Richards St., Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.
SHIEL.—Mary, 450 Franklin Av., Nov. 20. Funeral today.
SMITH.—Rose, 96 Wyckoff St., Nov. 21, aged 68. Funeral today.
STAUFENBERG.—Henry, 414 Midwood St., Nov. 21. Funeral Nov. 25, 2 P. M.
TRAVIS.—Martin, 1,320 St. John's Place, Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
WEINMANN.—Magdalena C., 518 Crescent St., Nov. 20, aged 70. Funeral today, 8:30 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BAILEY.—William T., 70 Parrow St., Newark, Nov. 20.
BIRDSALL.—Edwin W., Jersey City, Nov. 21. Funeral service today.
BOVENIZAR.—Alice, 558 Newark Av., Jersey City, Nov. 22.
CORBALLY.—James, Newark, Nov. 20.
HARMS.—Rebecca L., 132 Sterms Av., Jersey City, Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
HOWELL.—Sarah J., 225 Mount Pleasant Av., Newark, Nov. 20, aged 90.
HUBER.—Adolph, 122 Garrison St., Newark, Nov. 20, aged 61.
KERN.—John C., 26 Lincoln Av., Newark, Nov. 21, aged 81.
LEICHT.—Charles, Hoboken, Nov. 20.
McDOUGALL.—Harry, 141 Mount Prospect Av., Newark, Nov. 21, aged 37.
MORESOA.—Francesco, 1,701 Boulevard, Jersey City, Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.
SQUIER.—Myra, Newark, Nov. 20, aged 80. Funeral private.
TERRY.—Moses, Newark, Nov. 20.

Long Island.

BARKMAN.—Charles S., Woodhaven, Nov. 20.
CAIRIELLO.—Milly, 79 8th St., Long Island City, Nov. 20, aged 1.
CURRY.—Gertrude, Elmhurst, Nov. 20, aged 8.
DALY.—Josephine L., Rockaway Park, Nov. 20, aged 40.
DIERBEIGER.—Anna, Ridgewood, Nov. 20, aged 71.
FARMER.—James, Woodhaven, Nov. 20, aged 32.
FORBES.—Alice, 13 Borden Av., Long Island City, Nov. 20, aged 8.
GILLIGAN.—Edward, Long Island City, Nov. 20, aged 34.
KASTEN.—Lena, Rockaway Beach, Nov. 20, aged 42.
KELLY.—Patrick, Richmond Hill, Nov. 20, aged 74.
KOHN.—Jacob, Rockaway Park, Nov. 21. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
LAVEY.—James, College Point, Nov. 20.
MERO.—Christina, Rockaway Beach, Nov. 20, aged 29.
MORASKY.—Stanley, Woodhaven, Nov. 20, aged 29.
MORTON.—William H., Ridgewood, Nov. 20, aged 54.
O'REGAN.—Cornelius, Woodhaven, Nov. 20, aged 44.
OLINICK.—Philmon, 238 Potter Av., Astoria, Nov. 20, aged 1 month.
PEPE.—Marianna, Flushing, Nov. 20, aged 3 months.
PROCH.—Julius, 211 7th Av., Astoria, Nov. 20, aged 68.
SCHAEFER.—John, Long Island City, Nov. 20, aged 61.
SOEDER.—Carrie, Ridgewood, Nov. 20, aged 39.
WRIGHT.—Josephine, Richmond Hill, Nov. 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

In Memoriam.

ENNIS.—In loving memory of Catherine E. Ennis. Anniversary mass Saturday, Nov. 24, 8 A. M., Church of St. Catherine of Genoa.

RAFTER.—In loving memory of our father, Edward Rafter, who died Nov. 23, 1912.

SCHMIDT.—In loving memory of my beloved husband, Louis Schmidt, father of George, who departed this life Nov. 23, 1913.
SUSAN SCHMIDT.

SIMON.—Members of Congregation Ansche Chesed and sisterhood are invited to be present at the dedication of the mausoleum erected to the memory of our benefactor, the late Max Simon, at Mount Carmel Cemetery, Cypress Hills, (Israelitischer Brueder Verein Blumenthal, No. 1,) Sunday, Nov. 25, 1917, at 3 P. M. In case of rain, ceremony will be postponed until the following Sunday, same hour and place.
MEYER GOODFRIEND, President.

COX.—Catherine M., mass Sacred Heart Church, tomorrow, 9 A. M.
DUNN.—Dr. T. Joseph, mass Our Lady of Mercy Church, Fordham, today, 8:15 A. M.
IMMACULATE CONCEPTION DAY NURSERY.—Deceased members, mass Assumption Church, Brooklyn, tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

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Lenox Av. at 120th St.—Dr. M. H. Harris. Fri., 8:15, "Thanksgiving and the War." Sat., 11 A. M., "Sermons in Stones." Tues., Nov. 27th, 8:15, "Russia Past and Present."

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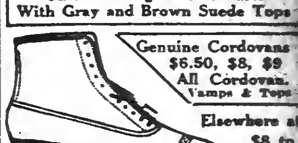

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FT. MYER TURNS OUT 900 NEW OFFICERS

Many Candidates from New York and New Jersey Receive Army Commissions.

RANK IN THREE CLASSES

All to be Placed on Active Duty at Once—Robert L. Gray of Brooklyn a Major.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Colonel Charles W. Fenton, commandant of the Fort Myer training camp for reserve officers, on authority from the War Department, announced tonight the names and grade of approximately 900 men who are to go into active service immediately following three months' of intensive training. Instructions also were telegraphed by the Adjutant General tonight to all other training camp commandants directing them to make public the names of the men to be commissioned at their camps.

The highest rank given at Fort Myer was that of Major. One Major was commissioned out of the eight companies of infantry. This went to Stuart S. Janney, a Baltimore clubman, who saw fighting in 1898 with General Funston. The board which recommended these to be commissioned consisted of Colonel Charles W. Fenton, Colonel W. J. Glasgow, Lieut. Col. E. S. Wheeler, and Major H. Clay Supplee. Two Majors of field artillery were also commissioned. They were Robert L. Gray of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Robert B. Johnson of Washington, D. C.

The commissions were issued in three classes, known as A, B, and C, based on the order of standing of the candidates. This is important as it will indicate the man's seniority in the service.

Men in Class A are recommended to be commissioned and called to active duty at the close of the camp, Nov. 27, to fill existing vacancies in the national army or to be attached to regular army organizations for duty. They will be on leave of absence until Dec. 15 to enable them to buy uniforms. On that date they will proceed to the various stations of the national army and regular army to which they are assigned.

Men in Class B are recommended to be commissioned eventually as provisional Second Lieutenants in the regular army. It is recommended that at the close of the camp they be commissioned Second Lieutenants in the Officers' Reserve Corps and attached to regular army regiments for duty and subsequently commissioned in the regular army as vacancies occur.

Class C includes all other men from the camp who are recommended for commissions. Men commissioned from this list will be commissioned in the Officers' Reserve Corps or national army, called to active duty and assigned as additional officers to various units. For men on this list no vacancies exist at the present time, but they will be assigned to fill vacancies as they occur, in the meantime serving on active duty as indicated above.

These commissioned from New York and New Jersey are as follows:

CLASS A.

CAPTAINS.

Kelley, Edward Thomas, 611 Penn St., Hamden, N. J.
Lynch, John Joseph, 14 1st St., Newark, N. J.
Curry, Theodore, Sgt. U. S. Inft., U. S. Army Recruiting Station, 266 Market St., Newark, N. J.
Frasee, William Henry, 3 E. Cedar Av., Merchantville, N. J.
Hawes, Harry Plumley, 157 Maple Av., Red Bank, N. J.
Ebighaus, Benjamin Frank, 30 Pithian Av., Merchantville, N. J.
Hopkins, Ralph Sherman, [illegible] Mountain Av., Upper Montclair, N. J.
Crockett, David Bowie, 23 E. [illegible] St., New York City.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Wilkins, Edward Courtois, 175 N. 9th St., Newark, N. J.
Brown, Clarence Duvall, 64 Orient Way, Rutherford, N. J.
Taggart, Benjamin Laurie, Windsor Hotel, Trenton, N. J.
Casey, Thomas Joseph, Jr., 230 S. Connecticut Av., Atlantic City, N. J.
Hardin, Charles Roe, 40 Mount Prospect Place, Newark, N. J.
Gildersleeve, Charles Russel, 228 Lawrence Av., New Brunswick, N. J.
Templeton, Lester James, 135 Washington St., Newark, N. J.
Farr, Edward Lincoln, Jr., Wenonah, N. J.
Barker, Ernest Stratton, 23 Hill St., Morristown, N. J.
Hougardy, John Lewis, 181 Carteret Av., Jersey City, N. J.
Mussy, Franklin Goodspeed, 414 Broadway, Paterson, N. J.
Seiler, Ralph George, 473 Morris Av., Elizabeth, N. J.
Halenbeck, Arthur Elmore, 1,211 Garden St., Hoboken, N. J.
Julian, Harold Edward, 130 Beech St., East Orange, N. J.
Bennet, Lester Avery, 10 Morsemere Place, Yonkers, N. Y.
Heydenreich, George Henry, 76 Roosevelt Av., East Orange, N. J.
Snevily, Robert St. Clair, 619 Maye St., Westfield, N. J.
Thevenet, Edward Herman, 142 Seymour Av., Newark, N. J.
Durand, James Blanchard, 34 Maple Av., Rahway, N. J.
Harman, Archie, Short Hills, N. J.
Fleischer, Maximilian, Training School, Vineland, N. J.
Gale, Frank Alonso, 167 Valley Road, Montclair, N. J.
Cox, Carlton Wheeler, 87 Mountain Av., Upper Montclair.
Mackie, Paul Thurston, 44 Walnut St., Newark, N. J.
Hubbard, George Michener, Glassboro, Gloucester County, N. J.
Clarke, Edward Martindale, 306 Lincoln Av., Cranford, N. J.
Austin, James Auld, 190 Summit Av., Upper Montclair, N. J.
Campbell, Horace Sydney, 183 Donaldson Av., Rutherford, N. J.
Swatland, Donald Clinton, 15 Milford Av., Newark, N. J.
McKim, Anthony Lispenard, Short Hills, N. J.
Preston, Joseph Aloysius, 295 Lafayette Av., Grantwood, N. J.
Meaney, Thomas Francis, 301 Academy St., Jersey City, N. J.
McGuinness, Joseph Henry, Jr., 664 West Side Av., Jersey City.
Thebaud, Joseph Vincent, 76 Gould Av., Caldwell, N. J.
Stultz, Frederick Obert, North Adelaide Av., Highland Park, N. J.
Langford, Archibald Morrison, 21 Shownard Place, Yonkers, N. Y.
McGraw, Harold Whittlesey, 82 Prospect St., Madison, N. J.
Bradlee, Thomas Goddard, 163 Union St., Montclair, N. J.
Hart, Arthur Denham, 188 Woodside Av., Newark, N. J.
Holden, John, 359 Highland Av., Newark, N. J.
Mills, Charles Morris, 11 Plymouth St., Montclair, N. J.
Kiley, Matthew Joseph, 120 York Av., Saratoga Springs, N. Y.
Maloney, Denis Wren, 14th St.-on-the-Bay, Bayonne, N. J.
Oakes, Theodore, 700 Hudson St., Hoboken, N. J.
Barrett, Myron Knox, 2,162 University Av., University Heights, N. Y.
Irion, Edwin Clair, 234 Union St., Hackensack, N. J.
Riker, Irving, 169 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J.
Moriarty, John Henry, 241 2d St., Jersey City, N. J.
Mickle, John Clifford, 143 Crescent Av., Plainfield, N. J.
Le Beau, William Adolphus, 1,024 Willow Av., Hoboken, N. J.
Boer, Henry Lambert, 175 Diamond Bridge Av., Hawthorne, N. J.
Armour, Allison, 2d., Princeton, N. J.
Turner, Clifton, 571 Ridge St., Newark, N. J.
McCabe, Roger Donegan, 7 Sutton Place, New York City.
Carroll, William Matthew, Jr., 47 Orient Way, Rutherford, N. J.
Miller, Paul Richardson, 152 Park St., Montclair, N. J.
Grace, George Andrew, Oradell, N. J.
Hauptman, Jacob, 565 High St., Newark, N. J.
Taylor, Edward Conover, Middletown, N. J.
Card, Hubert Van Wagenen, 46 Highland Av., Montclair, N. J.
O'Kane, John Joseph, Jr., 23 Linden Lane, Princeton, N. J.
Kinney, Warren, Butler, N. J.
Winters, Augustus, Jr., 892 Boulevard, Bayonne, N. J.
Nagle, George, 723 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Garwood, Justice Pitman, 226 E. 15th St., New York City.
Smith, Willis Boardman, Pinckney Road, Red Bank.
Reilly, John Insley Blair, Jr., 168 Delavan Av., Newark, N. J.
Stewart, John Lander, 104 South Main St., Phillipsburg, N. J.
Smith, Dudley Cooke, 81 Alexander St., Princeton, N. J.
Strong, Richard Udall, 770 Belvidere Av., Plainfield, N. J.
Wiegand, Adam John, 2,431 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Dugan, Daniel Aloysius, 11 Ridge St., Orange, N. J.
Harris, Dwight James, 935 Central Av., Plainfield, N. J.
Woodin, Walter Vincent, 1,791 Marmion Av., New York City.
Oliver, Charles, 111 East State St., Trenton, N. J.
Morrell, Franklin Wallace, 335 S. Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.
Winner, Benjamin Day, 17 Franklin St., Newark, N. J.
Redamar, Christian, 112 Broad St., Clayton, N. J.
Simmons, Howard Arthur, 34 Sip Av., Jersey City, N. J.
Snevily, Henry Mansfield, 625 Maple St., Westfield, N. J.

For Field Artillery.

MAJOR.

Gray, Robert L., 770 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CAPTAINS.

Day, Clive Cameron, 109 Woodland Av., Summit, N. J.
Ridgeway, Jacob Elwood, Columbus, N. J.
Conrad, William Davis, 88 Mercer St., Plainfield, N. J.
Lightfoot, Clarence Wilson, 418 Central Av., Westfield, N. J.
Rush, Harris Dumont, private, Tr. D, 1st N. J. Cav.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Hall, Perry Edward, Springfield, N. J.
Webb, Leonard Sherrill, 17 Liberty St., New Brunswick, N. J.
Halsey, Ralph Wetmore, 239 Turrell Av., South Orange, N. J.
Kinney, Orsen Alonso, 771 Boulevard East, Weehawken, N. J.
Tyree, Lamar, 68 Eppirt St., East Orange, N. J.
Towers, Edward James, Sgt. Bat. C, 1st N. J. Art.
Mount, George Andrew, Atlantic Highlands, N. J.
Van Deventer, Joseph Neff, Sgt. Tr. D, 1st N. J. Cav.
Smith, Lewis Michael, Jr., Sgt. Sup. Co., 1st N. J. Art.
Hurd, Ernest Merrill, Basking Ridge, N. J.
Mellick, Roger Drew, Sgt. Tr. D, 1st N. J. Cav.
Tatnall, Edward Comfort, 327 Warwick Av., South Orange, N. J.
Stockton, David Hunter, Cranbury, N. J.
Parlee, Ralph Nevius, 179 New St., New Brunswick, N. J.
Whinery, Andrew Joseph, 208 Glenwood Av., East Orange, N. J.
Debevoise, Randolph Foster, 407 Vose Av., South Orange, N. J.
Ogden, Robert Moore, Jr., 22 Ivanhoe Terrace, East Orange, N. J.
Alling, Kenneth Slade, 24 Clinton Av., Montclair, N. J.
Cross, James Frederick, Jr., 32 Elmwood Av., East Orange, N. J.
White, Thomas Riddick, 647 Newark Av., Elizabeth, N. J.
Halsey, Frank Davis, 27 Prince St., Elizabeth, N. J.
Hildebrecht, Albert Brandt, 19 West State St., Trenton, N. J.
Adams, Stuart Corlies, West Orange, N. J.
Strong, John Sultram, Hackettstown, N. J.
Symington, Clark William, 2 Park Place, Newark, N. J.
Taylor, Thomas Rogers, 820 Grape St., Vineland, N. J.
Shryock, Sergt. Thomas Jacob, Essex Tr.; 1st N. J. Cav.
Hillyer, Henry Stanley, 153 Williams St., Orange, N. J.

Signal Corps.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Ham, Frank Mapes, 403 Prospect St., Westfield, N. J.
Cuttin, Charles Weed, 73 Berwin St., Orange, N. J.
Spear, Holden, Metuchen, N. J.
Demarest, Robert Kirtland, 237 Mont Cross Av., Rutherford, N. J.
Smith, Sanford Edward, 106 North Park St., East Orange, N. J.
Olson, Oscar Alexander, Queens Blvd., Bellaire, L. I.
Neubauer, Charles Martin, 632 Hudson St., Hoboken, N. J.
Smith, Junius Augustus, 445 Mount Prospect Av., Newark, N. J.
Standinger, Orme Tiers, Corp. Tr. C, 1st N. J. Cav.
Duane, Richard Bache, Sergt. M. G. Tr., Sq. A, N. Y. Cav.
Woolsey, William Walton, Englewood, N. J.
Barthen, Theodore, 66 Park St., Ridgefield Park, N. J.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Hafeman, Lloyd August, Freehold, N. J.
Rankin, Herbert Bell, 439 Johnstone St., Perth Amboy, N. J.
Jordan, William Joseph, 340 South 19th St., Newark, N. J.
Robertson, Stuart, 64 Eaton Place, East Orange, N. J.
Hulsizer, Allan Lynne, Flemington, N. J.
Savage, Samuel Phillips, Jr., 1,039 N. Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.
Cutler, Earl N., 71 Maple Av., Morristown, N. J.
Casey, Albert Francis, 230 S. Conn. Av., Atlantic City, N. J.
Monell, Harold Theodore, 184 S. Tenn. Av., Atlantic City, N. J.
Alling, Charles Booth, 24 Clinton Av., Montclair, N. J.
Von Thaden, Harold, 25 Sayre St., Elizabeth, N. J.
Smith, James Edwin Hornsbury, 17 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J.
Griffin, Archibald William, 1,7[illegible] [illegible] St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
O'Connor, John Raymond Morris, pvt. N. J. Sig. Corps.
Finlay, George Dick, Jr., M. G. Tr. Sq. A, N.Y. Cav.
Truscott, Dale, 627 Cooper St., Camden, N. J.
Smith, Charles Francis, 755 E. 25th St., Paterson, N. J.

Ordnance.

CAPTAINS.

Kelly, William Francis, 423 Market St., Camden, N. J.
Porter, Walter Burns, 129 Maple Av., Bound Brook, N. J.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Armstrong, Wynn, 119 Cedar St., Merchantville, N. J.
Hess, Arleigh Porter, 174 N. Broadway, Pitman, N. J.
New, Frank Allen, 556 West Front St., Plainfield, N. J.
Sealey, William Arthur, 120 N. 17th St., East Orange, N. J.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Fyfe, Neilson Edwin, 53 17th Av., Paterson, N. J.
Heldingsfeld, Ralph, New Brunswick, N. J.
Johnson, Woodruff, 103 Bryant St., Rahway, N. J.
Hough, William Mintzer, 50 Lindsley Av., West Orange, N. J.
Kent, Edward Ralor, 123 Highland Av., Newark, N. J.
Mehrhof, Floyd Edward, Ridgefield Park, N. J.
Theband, Lewis Beaupland, Brookside, N. J.
Warburton, Frederick Robert, Browns Mills, N. J.

CLASS B.

Recommended for Infantry, Cavalry, and Field Artillery:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Harris, Jerome Grigg, Sergt. Co. E, 3d N. J. Inf.
Stevenson, Edward Ford, 506 W. 7th St., Plainfield, N. J.
Van Wyck, Allen, Ridgefield Park, N. J.
Fetterolf, Carlos de la Mesa, 135 Bellevue Av., Upper Montclair, N. J.
See, Albert Bentley, 34 Springfield Av., Cranford, N. J.
Davidson, Hartley Crawford, 657 N. Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.
Lawrence, John Thorpe, Short Hills, N. J.
Potter, James Barry, 275 Main St., Woodbridge, N. J.
Riley, Lowell Hobart, 36 William St., Orange, N. J.
Tasney, Leslie Dodd, 363 12th Av., Paterson, N. J.
Fake, Charles W., private, G. S. L, Fort Slocum, N. Y.
Jensen, Andrew Rudolph, 546 Sayre Av., Perth Amboy, N. J.
Winans, David Ross, Boudinot St., Princeton, N. J.
Abt, David Milton, 126 Franklin Av., Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.
Sellers, Barrington West, 77 Grove St., Montclair, N. J.

Infantry.

SECOND LIEUTENANT.

O'Neill, Clifford Richards, 449 Scotland Av., Orange, N. J.

Cavalry.

SECOND LIEUTENANT.

McPherson, Chauncey Ryder, 665 Salem Road, Elizabeth, N. J.

CLASS C.

Infantry.

CAPTAINS.

Heermance, Radcliffe, 114 Broadmead, Princeton, N. J.
McManus, Earl, 7 Watchung Av., West Orange, N. J.
Drewson, Pierre, 1,078 Park Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Stoll, Ernest Wilbur, 5th Av. and Morgan Road, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Killimett, Joseph, 732 Spring St., Elizabeth, N. J.
Towner, Clifford, 166 Newark Av., Bloomfield, N. J.
Vandergrift, Amos, 25th Recruit Co., Fort Slocum, N. Y.
Atwood, Will Gillespie, Netcong, N. J.
Corbiere, James Dallas, Caldwell, N. J.
Stillman, Albert Leeds, 930 Hudson St., Hoboken, N. J.
Goodwin, Samuel Rivington, 770 St. Nicholas Av., New York City.
Matthews, Charles Goodwin, Pennsville, N. J.
Gracy, Leonard Rider, 63 Broodfield Road, Upper Montclair, N. J.
Perkins, James Arnold, 416 Meeker St., South Orange, N. J.
Bussing, George Clarence, 41 Livingston Av., Lyndhurst, N. J.
Wykoff, Percy Hurlbut, 22 Yard Av., Trenton, N. J.
Hagen, Arthur, Gladstone, N. J.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Cavalleri, Frederick Harry, 101 Benjamin St., Cranford, N. J.
Breen, Edward Leo, pvt. 112th U. S. Inft., (Co. H, 2d N. J.)
Hutchinson, Charles Percy, 489 West State St., Trenton, N. J.
Salisbury, William Lloyd, 78 Euclid Av., Ridgefield Park, N. J.
Cooper, Paul Hamilton, 90 Troup St., Rochester, N. Y.
Wescott, George Dobbins, Atlantic City, N. J.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Monteith, John, Jr., Chatham, N. J.
Simpson, Clinton Fisk, Whitings, N. J.
Myers, Charles Mercer, Sgt. Co. D, 7th N.Y. Inft.
Martin, Horace Fenimore, 153 Franklin Av., Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.
Jagy, John Paul, Palisades Park, N. J.
Jones, Henry Aloysius, 29 Monticello Av., Jersey City, N. J.
Laurier, Ludwig, Corp. Co. G, 5th N.J. Inft.
Wight, Allyn Richmond, 75 Gates Av., Montclair, N. J.
Beattys, Frank Lawrence, 5 Stoneleigh Park, Westfield, N. J.
Boyle, John Richard, 84 South Munn, East Orange, N. J.
Coldewey, George, 44 Fulton St., Weehawken, N. J.
Le Roy, Clinton Love, Greenwich St., Belvidere, N. J.
Smith, Craig Ritchie, 81 Alexander St., Princeton, N. J.
Kroesen, Frederick James, Corp. Sup. Co., 2d N. J. Inft.
Smith, William Andrew, 104 Centre St., Perth Amboy, N. J.
O'Shea, Horace William, 104 Pennington Av., Trenton, N. J.
Buchanan, Percy Hellner, 955 East Jersey St., Elizabeth, N. J.
Rooney, Charles Augustine, 193 Claremont Av., Jersey City, N. J.
Murphy, Joseph Donald, Friendship, N. Y.
Viracola, Michael Angelo, 346 Chelsea Av., Long Branch, N. J.
Bradley, Richard Edwin, Sergt. 165th Inft. (Co. L, 69th, N. Y.)
Phillips, Lionel F., 719 De Graw Av., Newark, N. J.
Elsey, Ellsworth Vondy, 984 Avenue C, Bayonne, N. J.
Curran, David, Sergt. Co. G, 2d N. J. Inft.
Prylinski, Ignatius, Sergt. U. S. Army Rct., Newark, N. J.
Hendricks, Perce Vooght, Bound Brook, N. J.
Walker, Robert, 605 Cookman St., Asbury Park, N. J.
Van Winkle, Theodore, Rutherford, N. J.
Titus, Edward Hatch, pvt., 107th Inft. (Co. L, 7th N. Y.)
Knipe, Oscar Linden, 60 Church St., Bridgeton, N. J.
Dorsch, Arthur, 29 White Terrace, Newark, N. J.
Honeywell, George Howard, pvt. 113th Inft., (Co. H, 1st N. J. Inft.)
Waters, Paul Albion, 11 Mercer St., Newark, N. J.
O'Keefe, Bertram John, 736 E. 26th St., Paterson, N. J.
Gall, John Howard, 155 20th Av., Paterson, N. J.
Thompson, Kenneth Willard, Penns Grove, N. J.
Greene, Edward Barrows, 125 Bellevue Av., Upper Montclair, N. J.
Monteverde, Abraham, 63 Columbia Av., Jersey City, N. J.
Charlton, William, Atlantic City, N. J.
Carty, Edward Aloysius, 437 Orchard Place, Plainfield, N. J.
Brown, Harold Livingston, pvt. Co. G, 7th N. Y. Inft.
Cook, George Irving, 343 Dodd St., East Orange, N. J.
Roegner, John Joseph, 183 Jefferson St., Passaic, N. J.
Platts, Frank Sears, 19 St. Paul Av., Newark, N. J.
Weed, Frederic Barker, 487 Stuyvesant Av., Irvington, N. J.
Chapman, John Will, 835 Bergen St., Newark, N. J.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Kohler, David Ambrose, 56 West Main St., Penns Grove, N. J.
Hoe, Edward Sanderson, Jr., private, Co. H, 2d N. J. Inft.
Cooper, Ralph Emerson, 239 Parker St., Newark, N. J.
Kelly, John Linus, 118 So. Carolina Av., Atlantic City, N. J.
Logan, Charles Ritchie, 79 Columbia St., Newark, N. J.
Conlin, Allan Bruce, 527 Highland Av., Westfield, N. J.
Bacon, Henry Graham, Morristown, N. J.
Bell, Charles, 2d, 80 Edgemont Road, Upper Montclair, N. J.
Richards, William, 116 No. 4th St., Newark, N. J.

Field Artillery.

CAPTAIN.

Williams, Harold Elbert, 387 Heights Road, Ridgewood, N. J.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Shipman, Jehial Gardner, 668 N. Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.
Halsey, Warren Webb, Park Av., Cliffside, N. J.
Hoxsey, Thomas Franklin, 285 Summer Av., Paterson, N. J.
Marsden, Albert Wynne, 48 Grove St., Passaic, N. J.
White, Edward Hurley, Jr., 319 W. 76th St., New York City.
Harrison, George Willets, pvt., Battery C, 1st N. J. Art.
Moore, Frederick Lee, 83 Sussex Av., East Orange, N. J.
Hopkins, Harold Benjamin, 223 Broad Av., Leonia, N. J.
Gerhard, Francis Johnston, 165 Harrison St., East Orange, N. J.
Wheelock, Charles Denslow, Corpl. Battery E, 1st N. J. Art.
Winants, Garet Ellis, 140 W. 8th St., Bayonne, N. J.
Lippman, Frank Edward, 60 Sussex Av., Morristown, N. J.
Schreiber, Pierrepont Davis, Short Hills, N.J.
Hawley, William Pratt, 25 Broad St., New York City.
Waterman, Albert Perry, Jr., 14 Mt. Vernon Av., Orange, N. J.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

[illegible], Joseph Henry C., Sgt. [illegible], West Point, N. Y.
[illegible], Robert Rathbun, 48 South Willow St., Montclair, N. J.
[illegible], Robert [illegible], 289 Springdale Av., East Orange, N. J.
[illegible], John, Jr., 671 8th Av., New York City.
Mussy, Henry Earle, 414 Broadway, Paterson, N. J.
Adams, James MacLeod, East Clinton Av., Tenafly, N. J.
Munsick, Donald Bert, 596 South Prospect St., Maplewood, N. J.
Warren, Carl Baldwin, Ridgewood, N. J.
Tattersall, Samuel Leslie, Sergt., Qm.C., N.J. N.G.
Smith, Harold Peck, 187 Leonia Av., Leonia, N. J.
Van Deventer, Philip, 623 Woodland Av., Plainfield, N. J.
Stewart, Thomas James, Jr., private, Sig.C., N.J.
Joralemon, John Leddell, private, Troop A, 1st N. J. Cav.
Day, Thomas Mills, 3d, private, M. G. Tr., Sq. A., N. Y. Cav.
Nolan, William Wills, 286 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Bonnell, William Kenworthy, 545 Morris Av., Elizabeth, N. J.
Dowe, Malcolm Branson, Tenafly, N. J.
Van Valen, Maurice, 299 Summer Av., Newark, N. J.
Vandervoort, Vincent, 20 Church St., Paterson, N. J.
Pollard, Robert Sabin, Fairmount Av., Chatham, N. J.
Lyon, William Seward, 939 Madison Av., Plainfield, N. J.
Waterbury, Stephen White, 536 North Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.
Smith, Edward Tiel, Magnolia, N. J.
Tupper, Wilbur Drake, 79 Chestnut St., East Orange, N. J.
Lee, John Burnett, 3d, Sgt. Batt. F, 1st N. J. F. A.
Wilson, Arthur Watson, 26 State St., East Orange, N. J.
Stanton, Francis Albert, 831 Castle Point Terrace, Hoboken, N. J.
Dvin, Bernard, 201 S. 3d St., Harrison, N. J.
Brundage, Norman Lamont, 54 Gaston St., West Orange, N. J.
Van Wart, Athelstand Cedric, pvt., 1st N. J. F. A.
Holland, Albert Harold, Morris Plains, N. J.
Coningsby, Alfred Robert, Sgt. 1st N. J. F.A.
Talmage, Edward Taylor Hunt, Jr., Bernardsville, N. J.
Freeman, Stewart Fox, 100B South Av., Plainfield, N. J.
King, Charles Daley, 59 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J.
Kreh, Henry, Jr., 843 Jersey Av., Elizabeth, N. J.
Hart, Martin Whittlesey, 65 Douglas Road, Glen Ridge, N. J.
Holran, Robert Dunlop, Franklin St., Englewood, N. J.
Walace, Harry Nicholson, 202 East Hanover St., Trenton, N. J.
McCoy, Percy Beach, 2d, pvt. Tr. A, 1st N.J.Cav.
Taylor, Harrison Le Roy, Westfield, N. J.
Mason, Howard Fitz-Randolph, 229 Mountain Av., Bound Brook, N. J.
Fenner, Frank Morison, private, Tr. A, 1st N. J. Cav.
Terkuile, Curtis Verberg, Montvale, N. J.
Stewart, Thomas James, Jr., private, Co. A, Sig.C., N. J.
Muchmore, Charles Edward, 28 Brittin St., Madison, N. J.
Southwick, William Frelinghuysen, Raritan, N. J.
Hanson, William Aloysius, private, Co. A, N. J. Sig.C.
Donnelly, James Joseph, Jr., 746 East 23d St., Paterson, N. J.

Adjutant General's Department.

CAPTAIN.

Hagen, Arthur, Gladstone, N. J.

SUBWAY TRAFFIC GROWS.

September Interborough Figures Show Fewer Riding on Elevated.

According to figures filed by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company with the Public Service Commission, 31,996,857 passengers traveled on the subway division of the company in September and 26,804,968 on the company's elevated lines. This was an increase over the same month in 1916 of 2,626,431 on the subway system and a decrease of 1,855,368 on the elevated lines.

At the Grand Central subway station 2,161,543 tickets were sold, as against 1,881,157 in 1916; at the Fourteenth Street station, 1,210,669, as against 1,085,432 last year, and at the Brooklyn Bridge station, 1,785,553 in 1917, as against 1,825,889 in 1916. The falling off on the elevated lines is reflected in the sale of 362,872 tickets at the City Hall station, where 1,117,896 tickets were sold in September, 1917, and 1,126,539 in 1916.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24,334. Notice is given that GUSTAV HAGENAH, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 24th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—34—Stonebraker-Zea Cattle Co., applt., v. the U.S.—Passed, to be restored to the call pursuant to Section 9 of Rule 26 on motion of counsel for appellee.
88—G. W. Egan, plain., v. O. S. McDonald.—Motion to continue submitted for plain. in support of motion and for defendant in opposition thereto.
36—J. McDowall et al., plain., v. E. I. Donovan et al.—Dismissed with costs pursuant to tenth rule.
37—G. H. Munroe et al., plain., v. E. I. Donovan et al.—Dismissed, with costs pursuant to tenth rule.
76—The Houston Oil Co. of Tex. et al., pet., v. O. G. Goodrich et al.—Argument continued.
77—H. M. Jones et al., plain., v. the City of Portland.—Argued for plain. and for deft.
78—H. S. McGowan et al., appts., v. Columbia River Packers' Assn. et al.—Argument commenced for appits.
Adjourned until tomorrow.
Call for Nov. 23: Nos. 73, 81, 83, 85, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, and 94.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Case on—Pidcock<Lehigh Val RR.
No day calendar.
DISTRICT COURT—Hazel, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg, 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.
Harms<Tug J Lovett.
Lutz<Douglas & Ladd
Williams Line<Newtown Creek Tow Co.
Willis<Barnes Ames.
Gans SS Line<Amer Smelt & Ref Co.
DISTRICT COURT—A. N. Hand, J.—In Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.
Noticed motions:
NY & C M L Co<Marquardt.
Regal<Baird.
Kintner<Vreeland.
Gallagher<Erie.
Simons<Cromwell.
Gerard<Standard Oil.
Herman<SS Owedo.
Baschkopf<All Package Grocery Stores.
Nestle<Federics.
Kingsberger<Haluy.
Larence<Bethlehem Steel Co.
McGuirl<Penn RR.
US<Ling Yee.
Wilcox & White<Leiser.
Barnum<Societa, &c.
Shepherd<Donahue.
Auto Piano<Higel.
Anderson<Patten.
Am Hay Co<D D E B & B P RR.
Sternan<Borgfeldt.
Stein<SS Pleiades.
Fougera<Lewis.
US<Tug Anna W.
Same<SS Hannington Court.
Same<Tug L Richards
Same<O Halenbeck & Scow O 22.
Same<same, O 21.
Same<Beloochistan R W Co. (2.)
Am Tobacco<SS Rosalia.
NY P E Co<Mallory SS.
Barnes<Martin.
Chapin<Film Exch.
Kennerley<Simonds.
Read<Martin.
Patten<Sherman.
Blaimer<Reisler.
Re Schaffer.
Cook<Flagg.
Com Transp Co<Steamer Seaboard.
Re Loretta.
Adjourned motions:
Foreman<Benas.
Goodwin<Weehawken D D Co.
DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—At 2 P. M., in Room 237.—Equity calendar.
Rogers<Rogers Silverware Red Bureau, Inc.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 312 P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Admiralty.
Ramberg Iron Works<Maryanne.
Leh Val Transp Co<Baron Jedburgh.
Stanwood Tow Co<J K Cowen et al.
Commercial Coal Co<Geo F Randolph.
Chiarello & Bros<E S Briggs et al.
Doty<Margaret M.
Welton<SS Chepstow Castle et al.
Wright & Cobb<Aurora.
McWilliams<Leonard J Bushey et al.
Fuller<Capri.
Evans<same.
Daly's Towing Line<Fred A Baker.
Same<E K Taylor.
Eintracht et al<Ranger.
Derby<Stat Isl Trans RR Co et al.
Goodwin-Gallagher S & G<Commonwealth.
Raissis et al<Patria.
DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 2 P. M. in Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.
Bank'cy discharges:
Edward Ludwig,
Frank H Traphagen,
Adolph M Moss,
Morris Silver,
Frank C Baxter,
John Kovacs (2,)
E B Jordan & Co (2,)
Joseph I Pearlman,
Ernest Martens,
Charles Dinkle, Inc,
James K Cole Co,
Henry J Tiedeman,
Joseph R Marquette, Jr, Inc,
Pauline Hornstein,
Morris J Kopp,
Benjamin Robinson,
Compositions:
Henry Kraus,
George E Kroener,
Joseph Simmons.
Motions:
Gussie Nankin,

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Morrison<Schmeman et al.
Trustees of Brookhaven<Hawkins.
Bayles<Wagner et al.
Colt<Colt.
Hoffman et al<Columbia-Knick Trust Co.
Tuomey<Walsh et al.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Scott, Smith, Page, and Shearn, JJ.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
Guffanti<Nat Surety.
[illegible]<B'klyn Daily Times.
Morton<[illegible].
[illegible]<Weill.
Muller<Klias.
Wagner<Schumacker.
Fraser<Fraser.
Del Mar<Tallmadge.
Feldman<Feldman.
Asche<Asche.
Church<Comm Trust.
Darrow<Humiston.
Martindale<De Kay.
Elkhorn Val Coal & L Co<Empire C & C.
Ertischek<New Hamp F Ins Co of Man.
[illegible] Trust Co<[illegible].
Johnson<Wm Fox Vaudeville Co.
Stern<[illegible].
Whitmark & Sons<Hall-Berwin Corp.
Fitzgerald<Comstock.
Gospel<Kurtz Action.
Buckley<Beaver.
Titus<Du Bois.
Bubeck<Farmers Loan & Trust.
Rosenfeld<Smith & Sons.
Bertolino<Lehigh Val Coal.
Non-enumerated motions at 10:30 A. M.:
Tunis<Brecher.
Hutchison<Hutchison, (2.)
Reed<Lincoln Hosp.
Hewitt<Cere.
Mason<Bristol.
Landau<Kugelman.
Steibel<Steibel.
Formanski<Lehigh Val Coal Co.
Re Wm R Denham.
Vitagraph Co of Am<Anita Stewart & ano.
Re Thomas S Doyle.
Criscuolo<NYC Int RR & Phillipi.
Re George H Huber.
Northwestern Terra Cotta Co<J F Starkey & Co, Inc.
Watney et al<Bope et al.
Sofianopoulo<Standard Com Tob Co, Inc.
Muller<Klias.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Bigham<Bigham.
Rice<Rice.
La Grave<Turner.
Koenig<Paulison.
Joy<Anderson Galleries, Inc.
Lane<Schmidt.
Sherman<Unger.
Unger<Sherman.
Mueller<Mueller.
Wyckoff<Guenther Pub Co.
Golden<Sullivan.
Hoffman<Goelet.
American Wet Wash Laundry<Richter.
Re Henkel (Simons.)
Re Sutton.
Currier<Stern (2.)
German<Benesch.
Newman<same.
Schene<same.
Witherby<same.
Gotthelf<Greenbaum.
La Bohm<La Bohm.
Sternick<Dermer.
Wilson<Wilson (2.)
Bruno<Sumner.
Yokel<Yokel.
Gabel<Gabel.
Humphrey<Int Transfer.
Goldwasser<Bernstein.
City R E Co<Dollard.
Loss<Elk Cheese Co.
Scott<Peck.
Rose<Rose.
Smith<Lehigh Valley RR.
Re Flanagan.
Bankers Trust Co<Orcutt.
Berezin<Gerson.
Tirschwald<Sklamberg
Ruskin<Leven.
Nelson, Lee & Green<Witkowsky.
Steinbach<Kanowitz.
Rosenzweig<Rosenzweig.
Ash<United Toilet Goods Co (2.)
Re Newberger.
Feinstein<Feinstein.
Levett Co<Franco-American Chem.
CNY<Pena & Co.
Berger<Berger.
Cahen<Terami.
Gevirtz<Villeneuve Imp & Exporting.
Kamber<Stumpf.
Peter<Peter.
Randolph<Randolph.
Laxer<Keystone Tire & Rubber Co.
Matz<Matz.
Rosenzweig<Rosenzweig.
Re Birn (Friedman.)
Interocean Forwarding Co<McCormack.
Ellis<Fletcher (2.)
Re Palace Hotel Co<Lewis.
Shultz<Shultz.
O'Brien<CNY.
Re Hurry.
Re Henrich.
Hesse<Gude Bros.
Stamm<Geyer.
Westerman<Westerman.
Tucker, Speyer & Co<Charter Const Co.
Seidlitz<Auerbach.
Wechsler<Sawyer.
Gordon<Gordon.
Ferguson<Buchanan.
Von Maltzahn<Burden
Stromberg Export & Import Co<Stromberg.
Healey<Healey.
Horstmann<Barber.
Greenberg<Kammerman.
Horstman<Barber.
Rosenberg<American Burlesque Assn.
MacBride<Roberts.
Moore<Erie RR.
Burras<Burras.
Field<Gayley.
Pomerantz<Schlesinger.
Cathederial Club<Steuer.
Johnson<Byrd.
Re Gregory.
Re Carnegie Trust Co (Supt of Banks.)
Cooper Union<Johes.
Rosenstein<Levy.
Bolardi<Marden, Orth & Hastings Co.
Fanara<Fortuna.
Orleans<Schinasi.
Rubes Elec Devices, Inc<Dixie Device Co.
Gottlieb<N E Panama Hat Co.
PART II.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.
Hamer<NY Rys.
Comm'l Tr Co<Bradley
NY Title & Mtge Co<Title G & T Co.
Eggleston<Seamans.
Weis<Weis.
Gnus<Gnus.
Clemente<Clemente.
Rosenberg<Evarts Holdings.
Shorey<Brewster.
Punch & Judy Theatre<Sayre.
Nagle<Nagle.
Stromberg Export & Impt Co<Stromberg.
Schwoerer<Hudson Tr.
Warheit Pub Co<Day Pub Co.
Rogers<Rogers.
Stern<Stern.
Josephowitz<Josephowitz.
Undefended divorces:
Dreier<Dreier.
Rice<Rice.
Dean<Dean.
Germain<Germain.
Hare<Hare.
Remy<Remy.
Kahn<Saperstein (2.)
Loucks<Silver Motor.
Am Wet Wash Laundry Co<Richter.
Lewis<Portable.
Victoria Bldg, &c, Co<O'Conner.
Zobel<same.
Preferred causes:
Baum<Mayer.
Liberman<same, (2.)
Messing<Loretta Corp.
Re Sisson, (Victor Hotel Co.)
Re Sisson, (Todd.)
Somberg<55th St Rty.
Levine & Posner<Davis Const Co.
Sederquist<Williston.
Axler<Axler.
K & R Film<Carson.
Man L I Co<Hammerstein Opera Co.
General calendar:
Case on—Duncan<Delafield.
Hennigsen<Hennigsen.
Rieger's Sons<Castellanos.
Cohen<Cohen.
Rosenberg<Int Ladies' Garment Work Un.
Rawl<Baker-V Co.
Friedman<Friedman.
Watter<Russell.
Forelle<Forelle.
Rieger<Rieger.
Ives Mfg Co<Smith & Hemenway Co, (2.)
Capes<Capes.
Turner<Turner.
Case on.
PART IV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.
PART V.—Not in session.
PART VI.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Michaelis<Ayers.
Foley<Klein.
Lahn<Wolf.
Arliss<Brenon Film Mfg.
N E Equit Ins Co<Kennedy.
Weaver-Ebling Brew<Miller.
Case on.
PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M.
Inq—Panoli<Brandfenbriner.
Austin<J Goldberg's Sons Co.
Becker<Linch.
Rastarella<Structural Erecting Co, Inc.
Wynne<Litchfield Const Co.
Conlon<Club Car Corp.
O'Sullivan<3d Av RR.
Shields<Cons Gas Co of NY.
Wambach<3d Av RR.
Wasserstein<B H RR.
Kiernan<Belt Line Ry
Smith<Hirsch.
Lerner<Empire Carrying Corp.
McLaughlin<NY Tel.
Beyda<Birnbaum.
Cavanagh<A Sils, Inc.
Rocco<Metrinh.
Riley<Dulany, T & S.
Barberich<Fraser Brace & Co.
Simmons<McLaughlin.
Johnson<same.
Michell<Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co.
A Bauer<NY Rys.
G Bauer<same.
Carroll<Surut.
Clines<NY Rys.
Hoffman<same.
Hoade<same.
Bubony<NY Rys.
B Pascucci<Clausen-Flanagan Brewery.
A Pascucci<same.
Castelli<A Hupfels Sons.
Huewel<Int R T.
Kiernan<same.
Smith<Moersfelder.
Casey<J & J G Wallach, Inc.
Guest<NY Rys.
Hoffman<H S Realty.
Weisser<M & L Hess.
Conney, Jr<NY Rys.
Crosby<42d St, &c, Ry
Camisa<Lowerre.
Sailor<Cooper & McN.
Giordana<Rosenthal.
D Gertler<Lucas.
A Gertler<same.
McMahon<NY Rys.
Mattina<Empire City Subway Co.
McCarthy<Powers Co.
Di Glovenni<Rossbach
Chiavaro<NY Rys.
Youngs<42d St, &c, Ry
Hauptner<NY Rys.
Jeffers<same.
Carlsan<Schneider, Inc
Robbins<Weinrib.
McFarland<42 St, &c, Ry.
White<Cent Un Gas.
Post<Sinclair & V.
Farranto<Canopa.
Herman<I R T.
Herman<CNY.
Dundee<Union Ry.
Doyle<Empire Carrying Corp.
Glassberg<Polzella.
Flaumenbaum<Marone
Speck<Roth.
Levine<same, (2.)
Weinrib<Hauser.
Young<Monota Rty.
Newman<Spero.
Scharff<Peterson.
Reilly<Commercial Tr Co of NY.
Reddy<Cone.
Larkin<Penn RR.
Murphy<CNY.
Shemeruk<3d Av RR.
Zack<Powers.
Hoffman<Obberbach.
Lozinski<Penn RR.
Feinstein<Cohen.
Loracomo<Barrett.
Oppenheimer<Taylor.
Mansfield<McBreen.
Frankel<Flammer.
Miller<Zucker.
Meyers<Penn RR.
Barbato<Bersalo.
Gaffney<Kelly.
Dulka<Con Gas, NY.
Zuckerman<Shapiro.
Darcy<Wiener.
Koch<Bradley Con Co.
Piotrawska<Levy.
Kearns<Beaver.
Wagner<Leh Val RR.
Donovan<Potthoff.
Todres<Weintraub.
Ward<Ward.
Kenny<NY Homeopat Med Col and Flower Hospital.
Versi<Tywacana Farms Poultry Co.
Vescueo<Travers.
Frank<CNY.
Bellinger<Storms.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.
Lorenzo<Trav Ins Co.
Palmer<Einsettler.
Helvitz<Balshofer.
Rochelle<Adler.
Hechinger<Ulacia.
Brennan<Edison Portland Cement Co.
Merchants Fire Assur Corp<General Fire Extinguisher.
General Platers Supply<Mendleson.
E H Dick Chemical<Herman & Herman.
Burns<Walter.
Paul Gerli & Co, Inc<Mendelson.
Brady Oltarch Const<Univ Road Mach.
Atlas Nitrated Products<Contract Process Co.
Bassman<H J Rich Dev Co.
Bolardi<Marden, Orth & Hastings, Inc.
Denivelle<Denivelle.
Slsson<Wellbrock.
Same<Garthe.
Orlans<Schinasi.
Puegnet<Adams.
Keppler<Straus.
CNY<Matatesta.
Weinrib<Cohen.
Thompson<Bailey.
Pahl<Gerstenhaber.
Neidlinger<Miles Tighe Cont.
La Vin<Copley Plaza Operating.
Frankenberg<Spiegel.
Well Corset<Munter.
Stuts<Diamond Silk.
Thornton<North'n Bk.
Potter<Pulsifer.
Plock<Emmer.
Same<Balsam.
Cavinato<Piccirilli.
Newmark<Goldwater.
Howlett<Buck.
Lanygon & Morant, Inc<De Koven.
Davie<Morris.
CNY<Blythebourne Water Co.
Rochelle<Stand Mail Order Co.
TRIAL TERM.—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule 7, amended Trial Term rules.
PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A.M. Case on.
PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IX.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIII.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Ordway, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Guy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Frend<London Feather Nov Co.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar:
Catherine M Reed,
Rachel A Fox,
Giuseppe Di Pietro,
Meyer Borut,
Gladys Loeb,
Stella Hirsch,
Brown, infants,
Bertha Rothman,
Twiggs, infants,
Mildred Adler,
Gordon, infants,
Gladys V Glover,
Isaac Bates,
Barbara Holt,
Adaline E Harris,
Madeline C Philbrick, infant,
Luigi Chiavaro,
Helen Clark,
Elsa Bauer,
Charles Gallagher,
Gertrude C Gillies, infant,
James Eichen,
Stranoush Mouradian,
Bartolo Del Favere,
Spadero, infants,
Anderson, infants,
Ahee, infants,
Mariano Cristino,
Carl Schaezler,
John H McGurk,
Salome Weis, &c,
Mary F Tone, infant,
William Marshall,
Edward H Graham,
James H Ackerman,
Elizabeth R Mullaney, &c,
Michael Sullivan,
John J Bullivan,
Peter J Mathers,
Bertha Singer,
Meyer Coleman,
John F Murray,
Marion H Smith,
John J Sullivan,
Michael Sullivan,
Sarah C Miller,
Rebecca Elsner, &c,
William Kushe,
Nicola Conte,
Eleanor M Wetzler,
John Goodwin,
Thomas F Duffy,
Minnie Waxelbaum,
Angelo Fumeo,
Henrietta Dinkelspiel,
Mary Lynch,
Aaron S Baldwin,
Thomas H Hubbard,
Robert K Downey,
Albert Wrede,
Solomon M Mandel,
John Conaty,
Max Kalinsky, &c,
Mary A Benjamin,
John T Vannack,
Thomas H Hubbard,
Eliza F W Clapp,
Samuel H Valentine,
John J Dore,
Max Roth, (3.)
Wills for probate:
Matthew Farris,
Emley Zuschlag,
Mary C Hossack,
Cortland Butler Smith,
Robert D Peutland,
George H Worcester,
Robert M Galleway,
Fanny Simon,
Isidor Metsger.
TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—No Day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Strasbourger, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.
Internatl Fixture Corp<Freeman.
Diamond<Kaufman.
Trop<Gramercy Choc Co.
Wynkoop<Roskam-Scott Co.
F S James & Co<Comml Nat F I; (2.)
Abenroth & Root Mfg Co<Majestic Coal Co.
Markel Hotel Co<Hynes.
Mendelson<Gilmore.
Fink<Garfunkel.
Bergdorf & Goodman Co<Payne.
Koehler<Pfister.
Wohl, South & Co<J Hyman Co.
Gold<H Goldstein & Bro.
Slendel<Maryland Mtge Co.
Kanner<Hayes.
Grotta<Rosenberg.
Weingarten<Schaumburger.
Clark<Ward Baking.
Atlantic Restaurant<Berg.
David<Salz.
Wolf's Sons<Grand & Co.
Mayer<Faldi.
Josephowitz<Altman.
Wilkening<Cummings.
Blum<Rosenberg.
Leo<Mutual-McDermott Dairy Co.
Berkowitz<Schlesinger-Redburn Corp.
Du Pont de Nemours & Co<Star M M Co.
Hapf & Dixon<Shenfield.
Newman Bros<Litchfield Const Co.
Bacon<Driggs Ordnance Co.
PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Rosenthal<Ginsburg.
Galotti<Klusk Cont Co, (2.)
De Christofio<same.
Weingart<NY Edison.
Freman<NY Rys.
Pugliese<Valone, (2.)
Kohn<B H RR.
Nauss<Ridley.
Barmonde<Guy.
Davis<Frank.
Markowsky<Goldfarb.
Meyers<NY Rys.
61st St Bldg Corp<Eltoma Rlty Co.
Weber<Taylor.
Essner<Same.
Shottenfeld<Zucker.
Klein<Greenberg.
Brownstein<Lucymor Rlty Corp.
Fuchs<Newman.
Siegel<Jonas Rlty. Co.
Cohen<Ehret.
Manheim<Friedman.
Feldberg<Hirsch.
Dolan<Holpin.
Edelman<Greenwald.
Hartmett<Arcade Stables Co.
Leo<Mutual-McDermott Dairy Corp.
Hechtkopf<Marell Chem Co (2.)
Silverberg<Silverblatt.
Folkowich<Cohn.
Davis<NY Rys.
Sullivan<Van Beuren.
Winograd<Friend.
Stolz<Levien.
Rovetto<NY Rys.
SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Boyd<Lanzin's Aircraft Co.
Hechtkopf<Marell Chem Co. Case on.
PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
Part III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Wittlin<Silverstein.
Quinn<Sup Council, R A.
Butler<Martin.
Golomb<Klosty.
Ogrucek<Lishinsky.
Warshow<Nussman.
Schlesinger<Cellabello.
Lemkin<Albert.
Levine<Lilly.
Clear.
PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART V.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Re Fraad Cont Co—Isidor Wasservogel. Vanderpoel<Tausky—Carl Ehlermann, Jr. Openhym<Tanz—Joseph O'Morrissey.
SUPREME COURT — Goff, J.—Lockwood<Maycrink—John J. Rooney. N Y Title & Mtg Co<Harris — Louis W. Stotesbury. Meney<Stephens—Joseph J. Ryan.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—N Y Inv Corp<Julius Friedman—Arthur N. Giegerich.
SUPREME COURT — Donnelly, J.—Mutual Trust Co<Augusta Fesharek—Eugene A. Donahue. Pilgrim<Geo G. Van Schaick—James A Farrell.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.
Smyth<Smyth.
Maselli<Cramer-M Co.
NY Title & Mtg Co<Hipkiss.
Parmlee<Cantlin.
Safran<Meyer.
Stinard<Gatti.
Fineman<Arbus.
Horowitz<McDonald.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.
Kues<Foran Fdry & Mfg Co.
Gross<Rodgers & H.
Kipust<Gordon.
Brenner<Goldstein.
Pollini<West El RR.
Cahill<West El RR.
Kanter<R Carvel Co.
Tiplady<Kohn.
Alexander<Wager.
Penfield<Haas.
Zink<Scott, (2.)
Fisk<Schmuck.
Korber<Union Rway.
Berkins<Naughton.
Milazzo<Plunkett.
Dow<Inter R T Co, (2.)
Dunne<Lynch.
Faulhaber<Volk.
Senford<Kapstein.
Stretch<Purchase Hld.
Storm<So Blvd RR.
Wester<Ruppert.
Chirico<Mercurio.
Horsford<Union Rway.
Bowron<Chapman.
Whiteacre<Fananda.
Loox<Silverman.
Roth<Winnie Realty & Const Co. (2.)
Ardone<White Coal.
Barnarinardo<same.
Highest number reached in regular order, 1167.
PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—...... J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. Thomas<Ottis.
TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.
Inq—Kiernan<Mager & Athorne.
Sehleyer<Burns Bros.
Auerbach<Rosenbaum.
Englehart<Rodgers & Hagerty.
Lenoff<Int R T Co.
Sullivan<Int R T Co.
Laskin<same, (2.)
Smith<Union Ry.
Mackler<Blvd Rent Co
Kitman<Howala Con.
Hildebrand<I R T.
Piro<Cross, A & I Co.
Hermann<Scheele.
Kaber<Weber Sup Co.
Barone<I R T.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—City of New York<Bach—Hugh F. McLoughlin. Same<Moran—Hugh F. McLoughlin. Re Cohen (Petiuck)—Charles V. Halley, Jr. Re Birnbaum (Petiuck)—Charles V. Halley, Jr. Aronson<Brownsfield—Joseph P. Morrissey. Bumsted<Capoano—J. Fairfax McLaughlin. Churchill<Young—William Allen.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
Rudolph<Kelly.
Postal<NY Con RR.
Lundquist<Lundquist.
Silverman<Althouse.
C Moore<B H RR.
J Moore<same.
Makowsky<Koch & Droge Piano Co, (2.)
Berkowitz<Sperling.
Brooks<Brooks.
Belknap<Macy.
Van Tuyl, Supt Banks<Sullivan.
Re Con Material & C Co, (Palmer.)
Coml Mort Co<Thrall Con Co.
D Rubeloff<Nass RR.
H Rubeloff<same.
E Bklyn Sav Bank<Weisman.
Lawyers Mort Co<Evarts, (Acts 1 & 2.)
Masulli<Imp Dress Co.
Anthony<B H RR.
Corrado<Corado.
Spellman<Neukert.
Ullrich<Empire State Dairy Co.
Re Rosowsky, (Cal Pet Corp.)
Abrahams<Abrahams.
Horton<Horton.
Winter<Locke.
J Moore<B H RR.
C Moore<same.
People of State<Sutton
Mishekoff<Wright.
Re Belden.
Cassileth<Am O & S.
Dolan<Martin.
US Trust Co<same.
NY Mtg & S Co<Georgia Bldg Co.
Bklyn Trust Co<same.
Mace<same.
Wallach<same.
Greenberg<Bellin.
Steer<Belowsky.
Kraemer<Kraemer.
Rogers<Smith.
Lawyers Mtge Co<Mortan Con Co.
Re Garlweles Con Co.
Yarmolowsky<Chester.
People State (Maloney)<Maynahan.
Bamberger<Trace.
Re Linden.
Lawrence<Savarese Mfg Co.
Barrett<Piercy, (2.)
Hoffman<Engel.
PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Scudder, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Callaghan, J.; Part III., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.
Guinan<Blum.
Robertson<B H RR.
Cogliano<Weghe & ano.
Lang<Odom & Lang.
Messerschmidt<Deah.
Madonna<Molinelli.
Fusco<Reiber.
Grecula<B H RR.
Ward<C I & B RR.
Gibbons<B H RR.
Schwelkert<Welsh.
Rogers<Tavermeier.
Decker<Lord.
Lemont<Green.
Kaufsky<Inerfield.
Wheeler<Walker.
Rynehart<Clinton.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:
Weisman<NY Con RR
Ennis<C I & B RR.
Birkett<Cuendet.
Curtin<Cohn.
Deere<NY Rys.
Jacob<same.
Bresselmann<same.
Ward<Horton's Ice Cream Co.
Morris<McKee et al.
Blakeberg<Nassau RR.
Schein<Int R T.
Nielson<Nassau RR.
Linekin<Cramblitt.
Amolitsky<Barrett
Maiolo<B H RR.
Ullman<Kantor.
Carlsen<Greenman.
Grace<B H RR.
Quinn<same.
Henninger<Brussell.
Rosenzweig<Hollander
Auerbahn, Greenspan, Werblow<Broker.
Cascio<CNY.
Holwell<Burden & Co.
Barrett<Piercy et al.
McCurn<Peake.
De Stefano<NY Cons RR.
Gumpert<Ward.
Larty<Mangin.
Davidson<Klapper.
Ballantine<Huemrich.
Goldstein<Myer.
Zias<Ruppert & ano.
Emmel<Jones.
Fagan<B H RR.
Hart<NY Cons RR.
Paaltnovits<Pomerantz.
Dahlin<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Goldberg<Borden's Cond Milk Co.
Robinson<Jobson Gifford Co.
Palmeri<NY, NH & H RR.
Close<Gussinklo.
Highest number reached on regular call, 2973.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V.—Dike, J.
Dime Savings Bank of Brooklyn<Hoytries Construction Co.
Eyl<Jacobs.
Hopkins Security Co<190th Street Holding Co.
S Bklyn Savings Inst<Levine.
Carfagna<Beneditto.
Simonelli Co<Di Domenico.
Naughton<Kirby.
Berger<Wexler.
Coogan<Kinter.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on—Quinn<NY Rys Co.
Case on—Adikes<Skeuse.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2015.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Platt, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Garrity<Varuna Invest
Di Caprio<Di Sciullo.
Williams<Ware Corporation.
Johnson<Yonkers RR.
Mallon<Steinan.
Jackson<McGuire.
Claggett<N Y C RR.
Hunter<Mills.
Abrahams<N Y C RR.
Hinspeter<W El RR.
Wells<Niehaus.
Saxon<Polsky.
White<Rea.
Clarke<Union Ry.
Powers<West Elec RR
Jammo<Frankenberg.
David<Capehart, (2.)
O'Reilly<Union Ry.
Parkyn<Leavitt.
Murphy<Yonkers RR.
The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:
Ugevitch<Ohio Farmers' Ins Co.
Henne<Welsh.
Gibbons<NY & Stamford RR.
Schaffhauser<Un Ry.
Delfino<Gross.
Ferguson<Genett.
Crocker<Ayles.
Grindrod<West Co Brew Co.
Brickman<West St RR
Woolf<N Y C RR.
Bell<same.
Niedzwelcka<West St RR.
Highest number reached on call, 616.
SPECIAL TERM—Morschauser, J.—At 10 A. M.
Dickie<Horton.
Paessler<Corty.
Also for hearing of motions and naturalization of aliens.
PART II.—Special calendar—Keogh, J.—For Monday, Nov. 26.
Short causes:
Halstead<Washington Place Bldg Co.
Mazzucca<same.
Wylie<same.
Sinatra<Lanza & Armino.
Ballin<Politzer & Witsonhauser.
Tier<Utz.
Wilkevitz<Security Ins Co.
Gately<Adams.
Dyckman<Co Putnam.
Surns<Furthman.
Dow & Smith<City Mt Vernon.
Peck<Woodward.
Wuestenhoefer<Martens.
Blue Bird Motor Co<Starkman.

Surrogate's Court.

At White Plains—Sawyer, S.
Wills for probate:
Theo Smith Beecher.
Elizabeth G Smeaton,
John de Yongh,
Evelyn Strang,
Annie E Wooley.
Bridget Cummings, Guardian's acc't'g:
William R Bare.
Petition for admn:
Kate Reilly.
Order to show cause:
Theodore A Lord.
Transf tax proceed:
Thomas Weir.
Adm'r's acc't'g:
B C Tompkins,
Settlement of decree:
Henry C Nelson.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

NOTICE OF SALE.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court, District of New Jersey.—In the Matter of FLEMISH PHONOGRAPH COMPANY, Bankrupt.—By order of the Honorable George R. Beach, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Take notice that on November 23rd at 2 o'clock in the afternoon the assets of the above named bankrupt will be offered for sale, either as a whole or otherwise, in the United States District Court Room, Post Office Building, Jersey City, N. J., and such matters in reference to the administration of this estate as may be deemed proper will then or thereafter be made. For particulars as to the property to be offered for sale and the terms and conditions of sale, inquiry may be made of the receivers or their attorney, and inspection may be had at the factory, Bush Terminal, Brooklyn, N. Y. The property consists of machinery, parts, cabinets, fixtures and office furniture, office fixtures and partitions. The office furniture, etc., may be inspected at the former office of the company, No. 220 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

HENRY SILLCOCKS, 165 Broadway, New York City;
WENDELL J. WRIGHT, 80 Church Street, New York City, Receivers.
JAMES N. ROSENBERG, 74 Broadway, New York City, Solicitor for Receivers.

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Information of General Office, Pinehurst, N. C.

SURROGATE CITATION.

CHOATE, JOSEPH HODGES.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Joseph Hodges Choate, late of the County of New York, deceased, to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Evarts, Choate & Sherman, 60 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 24th day of December next.
Dated New York, the 12th day of June, 1917.
JOSEPH H. CHOATE, JR.,
MABEL CHOATE,
CARL A. de GERSDORFF,
Executors.
EVARTS, CHOATE & SHERMAN,
Attorneys for Executors,
60 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ASKS CITY TO REVOKE PERMITS TO CENTRAL

Joint Committee Says Agreement of 1916 Gives Railroad Exclusive Right to Streets.

NO SETTLEMENT IN SIGHT

Points Out—That Company Might Stop Operation of Trains and Defy Public Authority.

The report of the joint committee of the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate announcing that no agreement could be reached with the New York Central Railroad Company for the west side improvement will be submitted to the Board of Estimate at its meeting today. For the purpose of clarifying the situation, and in explanation of the committee's request that permits given the company for the occupation of the city's streets be revoked, Public Service Commissioner Hervey, Chairman of the Committee, gave out a statement yesterday.

He explains that any acquiescence in the agreement of 1916 would confirm the company's claim as to exclusive ownership to its right of way, and would relieve it from all control by public officials; that the company's right of way north of the city was purchased from private owners, and that an effort has been made by the company to hold as absolute privileges granted by the city authorities.

If these alleged exclusive rights were admitted by the city, Mr. Hervey said, the company could suspend the operation of its trains, defy all public authority, and even though it lost its charter, could still continue in business as a public carrier. He is of the opinion that the public rights can be preserved only by the most drastic action. His statement reads:

"The action of the Joint Conference Committee became a logical next step in the solution of the west side problem following the flat refusal of the New York Central Railroad Company to discuss or consider any proposal of the committee for the settlement of the west side problem which departed from the so-called 1916 agreement. To the 1916 agreement the committee could not give approval for many reasons; but paramount to all others was the result which such an agreement would have had in placing the New York Central practically beyond the control of the State as well as the city.

"For more than sixty years the railroad company has sought to put its rights in the streets of New York, although received gratuitously and under a mere 'assent,' on the same basis as its right of way north of the city, which was purchased in fee from the private owners and paid for by the railroad company. Its object in so doing has very apparently been to have a complete right of way owned by it privately, and not as a part of its franchise. If the railroad's rights in the city streets are treated as a part of the franchise granted in 1846 the Legislature has full power to alter the franchise or repeal it, and were it finally and conclusively settled that these street rights are a franchise, the solution of the west side problem is simple and lies with the Legislature under its unquestioned power, expressly reserved in the original act, to repeal or amend the charter.

"But the railroad company takes no such position and refuses to admit that its rights in the streets are a part of its franchise. In the 1916 agreement it claimed an easement in the streets as a distinct property right separate from its franchise. If this claim of the railroad company were good it would mean that the company might refuse to run trains and defy all the statutes of the State, the ordinances of the city, and the orders of the Public Service Commission, for the simple reason that even though it lost its charter, it would still own as a proprietary right, in the streets of New York City, the only direct means of getting food and freight into the city. Holding such a right as its private property, no other railroad could use it, and it could be taken from the New York Central only by means of special legislation, condemnation proceedings, and the payment of an award for damages which the city could not meet in its present or any reasonably anticipated future financial situation. Indeed, if the New York Central has what it claims to have, the city and State are now at its mercy. The 1916 agreement would have absolutely solidified this claim and placed it beyond dispute. The city's neck would have been in the railroad's noose forever.

"Obviously the Joint Conference Committee could approve no such agreement and, therefore, in good faith it prepared and offered to the railroad company a new proposal which gave to the company all that it needed, but refused the perpetual and independent right sought by the railroad company. The important new feature of the committee's proposal was to confine the railroad's operation to city streets and places, under contractual licenses and leases good for twenty-five years with the privilege of renewal.

"The new proposed agreement was submitted to the railroad company with the express statement that it did not present finality of views and was submitted as a basis of negotiation and discussion. The railroad company has absolutely refused to consider or discuss the proposal and appears squarely to take the ground that neither the State nor the city can put it out of the streets. It must be remembered that the authority of the Joint Conference Committee came from the Legislature under Charter 719 of the Laws of 1917.

"This situation can be met only by drastic action. The railroad must be forced to take a position either that it is in the streets under a franchise from the State or a grant from the city.

"The repeal of the Ordinance of 1846 will eliminate the claim of rights from the city. It will then remain for the Legislature to deal with the original charter if the railroad company claims, or is held to have, a franchise.

"No effective means can be found to end the railroad's domination until the nature of its claim is settled, for it may be expected to shift its position to suit its needs, until both avenues of escape are closed. The earlier litigation decided in 1911 settled nothing except that the railroad's rights, whatever they were, had not expired in 1896; in other words, that no limitation of time could be read into the ordinance as long as the ordinance remained in force.

"Judge Herrick, whose decision as referee was affirmed, expressly refused to find, although requested to do so by the railroad company, that 'the grant by the State of New York to the Hudson River Railroad Company to locate, construct, and maintain its railroad in the streets and avenues named in the ordinance hereinbefore specified, when accepted and acted upon by the said company, became a contract and is irrevocable, and constituted property which could not be taken from said corporation, and cannot be taken from the plaintiff, except by due process of law.' This refusal of the referee to find in favor of the railroad company is in accord with all the decisions of the courts of this State, and of the Supreme Court of the United States, that a municipality, as such, cannot grant perpetual rights in city streets, and can make no contract which would have the effect of creating any such perpetual rights.

"As stated in the committee's communication to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, its recommendation does not contemplate any action which will physically interfere with the operation of the railroad during the continuance of the world war. The early passage of the proposed resolution is urged in order that public rights may be clarified and determined, and the basis laid for future action."

New Superintendent of City Farm.

The appointment of Dr. Theron J. Vosburgh as Superintendent of the City Farm at Warwick, N. Y., to succeed Dr. Charles S. Stokes, who resigned in June, was announced last night by Charles Samson, Executive Secretary of the Board of Inebriety. Dr. Vosburgh was formerly a surgeon in the United States Navy. He will receive a salary of $5,000 a year.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash, surplus stock, better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

BROADCLOTH, Poplins, Serges, and Velours Wanted.—Cash for quantity at right price. A. H. & S., 41 West 25th St. Farragut 2180.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany, 315; velour, 5816; American, 0359; all colors. Madison Square 6375.

BROADCLOTH and SERGES Wanted.—Large or small quantities, for cash. Orchard 4482.

CLOTHING Corduroys wanted in dark drab. Phone best price and quantity. Gludstien, Madison Square 3076.

CLOTHS Wanted.—Any description suitable for Spring season; will pay cash. Jacobson & Rittmaster, 31 East 32d St.

CLOTH Wanted.—H. & L. 602-398, best C. W. serge, 42-inch, 7301 tweed. Farr. 2980.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples of suits, coats, and coat-dresses; medium and high priced. 9th floor, 29 West 30th.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models all week, ladies', misses', and juniors'. Call between 9 and 12, 6 West 18th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Big jobber open for Spring goods. Call, with samples, 9 to 11, or 3 to 5, all week, fourth floor, 16 West 25th.

COATS, SUITS, DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at samples all week. Milady Garment Co., 1,133 Broadway, Suite 930.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats for ladies and misses. Call before 10 A. M. Frank Leto, 27 East 32d St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. 40 West 22d St., seventh floor.

COATS Wanted.—Spring lines of ladies' and children's coats, suits, and skirts all week. Mr. Coster, 425 West 55th.

COATS-SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples. 148 West 25th, 6th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at samples of Spring coats. 5th floor, 153 W. 27th St.

CONEY COLLARS Wanted.—Open for several thousands; cheap for cash. 153 West 27th St., 8th floor.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Juilliard's 9000 to close; all colors. Farragut 9980.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—We are open to buy 1,000 pieces, each 3 thread and 4 thread, crepe de chine cheap for spot delivery and for spot cash. Only those with large quantities need call. Kayanee Waist Co., 536 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—We are open for quantity of 4-thread crepe at a price, spot cash. Shapiro Bros., 514 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large dress jobber now placing large orders on all kinds of silk dresses, new Spring styles; bring your own samples. Call from 8 to 12 Friday and Saturday. H. A. R., 11 West 32d, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at gingham dresses; we furnish our own material; write for appointment. Address D. T., 215 Times Downtown.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractor with own styles fur, better-grade silk dresses. Call all week, between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. 12 West 31st St., 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractor wanted on cloth and silk dresses; bring samples with you. Hugo H. Levey, 29 West 38th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay cash for any quantity jobs in serge and silk dresses; must be cheap. Phone Chelsea 1897.

DRESSES Wanted.—Looking at better grade tailor-made dresses. Call between 9 and 12, 37 West 28th, 6th floor.

DUSTERS Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders. Call with samples, 9 to 12, all week, 4th floor, 16 West 25th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors on silk and serge dresses. Call between 12 and 1, Room 1128, 366 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity satin and serges for cash. Phone Madison Square 6050.

DRESSES AND WAISTS Wanted.—Will look at samples. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—F. & H., all colors; botany 315, black. Farragut 2616.

FOULARDS Wanted.—Also polka dots satin. S. Soloff, 244 5th Av.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Plaids in stripes; any quantity; spot cash. H. L. Sacks, 101 5th Av. Telephone Stuyvesant 1118.

KERAMI Wanted.—Salts; Lafines; plush, $3.35; black chiffon velvet. J 43 Times.

KERSEYS Wanted.—Juilliard's 110, 2002; spot cash. Mad. Sq. 3121.

MACKINAWS Wanted.—1,500 olive drab, gray, forest green, or dark green color. Canal 3770.

PACIFIC GOODS Wanted.—V. S. L., M. S. L., W. S. X., P. P. L., D. P. N. L.; also some of their other numbers. Phone Gramercy 1283.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Gilbert Oxfords and others, also Gilbert serge, A. M. B. 244, 106 Whitman. Ceasor Mills, 239 4th Av. Irving.

PLAIDS, American, Wanted.—15005, color 42 and other shades. L. Finkelstein & Son, 17 West 3d St. Spring 6311.

POPLINS Wanted.—All wool poplins and other woolens wanted. Bring swatches, Friday morning. 1,182 Broadway, Room 1204. Myrtle Mfg.

POPLINS Wanted.—90610, 6709½ or similar; also men's wear serges. N. Zipkin, 1,133 Broadway.

POPLIN Wanted.—Wool; will pay cash, below $1.70. Rineberg, 41 West 25th.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay cash for serges: Botany 11433, 809, 780, U. S. 838, 235, Whitman's 104, 99, 9, 10. D. & S., Woolen Exch., 1,269 Broadway. Phone 1872 Madison Square.

SERGE Wanted.—U. S. navy 235; will pay $2.10 net cash; Duvet Delaine, F. & H. 7575 style, navy, black, brown, taupe, and reindeer. Orchard 4278.

SERGE Wanted.—Open to buy 6301 or 7301 tan; price must be reasonable, or will give navy in exchange. Barash, 36 West 20th. Chelsea 7903.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag 6301, 7301, 7614, 7120, Whitman's 104, 9, 2205, navy; quantity for cash. Phone Stuy. 1457.

SERGES Wanted.—7301, 6301, 7614, 7120, 838, 235, 104, 99, 90610 poplin and Brightwood poplins; spot cash. Spring 2571.

SERGES Wanted.—Botany 11433 and Whitman's 104, and similar numbers; will pay cash. Alter Bros., 153 West 27th.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 99, 9, 54289 or other serges, spot cash. H. H. & S., 39 West 21st. Gramercy 440.

SERGES Wanted.—Will buy Whitman's 94, 208 or 733 shades, any quantity. Phone Farragut 9350.

SERGES Wanted.—1855, black and navy Wellington Sears, 36 inches. Chauser, 881 Gramercy.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for styles 9, 87, 104; give assortment and lowest price. J 40 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 104, 54289 desired. Schlang & Co., 151 West 26th. Farragut 3814.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, American 90610, poplin; black, navy. Farragut 2616.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, 106, 104, 838; poplins 09610. Farragut 9090. Phillip.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 104, 4632, 838, 7120, 1464 or other similar fabrics. Gram. 5213.

SERGE Wanted.—(Amoskeag) 7120 for cash. Apply M. Breslow, 30 West 15th St.

SERGE Wanted.—Quantity of botany serge for spot cash. Farr. 24.

SILKS Wanted.—Taffetas, peau de cygnes, plain and changeable; all colors at a price. A. Warshauer, 432 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 1545.

SILKS Wanted.—Crepe de chine 312, 100 pieces, white and flesh, 85c a yard. Arlington Waist Co., 21 East 22d St.

SILK Wanted.—Open for silks of any description up to 80c per yard. Madison Square 3867.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Placing orders on Spring numbers. Call Saturday, 9 and 1, 5th floor, 32 West 31st St.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring styles. 467 Broadway, Room 211.

SUITS Wanted.—Large jobber now placing orders on smart Spring suits and coats of better kind. 32 W. 27th St., 10th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Looking at snappy misses' suits for Spring. 31 East 32d St., seventh floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. 1st floor, 15 West 26th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring suits. 22 West 27th St., first flight.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at samples of Spring suits. 38 West 32d St., 8th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Broadcloth, serge, poplin, for cash; any quantity. Mad. Sq. 1921.

SUITS Wanted.—Ladies' suits; any quantity. Phone Stuyvesant 1400.

THIBET Wanted.—Open for Stoney Starkey 815 Thibet. Harry Burken, 37 West 3d.

TWEEDS Wanted.—36-inch cotton and wool tweeds, suitable for rubberizing. Wear-Best Raincoat Co., 17 West 17th St.

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS Wanted.—11050, 13009, 15020, 544, and any other heavyweight velours, kerseys, or cheviots; also Blumenthal's kerami; quantities no object; for cash. Greeley 5390.

VELOURS Wanted.—All shades, K 544, 11050, 13046, 13009, U. S. 162, and other heavy ¾ and 6-4 coatings; spot cash. Spring 2571.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS Wanted.—11060, 644, 13046, 15020. Madison Square 7745.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavyweight, all colors. Colonial Cloak & Suit Co., 34 East 12th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Cash, American 644, 0359, 11050; any quantity. Farragut 9090. Philip.

VELOUR Wanted.—11050 in all colors. Madison Square 3319.

WOOLEN Wanted.—16 ounce O. D. cloth, mackinaw ends. Spring 8572.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APRONS.—For immediate delivery; full assortment on hand. E. B. Kursheedt Apron Co., 1,182 Broadway.

BATH ROBES for men, ladies, and children for immediate delivery. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th St.

BROADCLOTH.—Piece of Deering Milligan's navy broadcloth to exchange for brown, green, Burgundy or taupe, or to sell at $2 a yard. Specialty, 225 2d St., Elizabeth, N. J.

BROADCLOTHS.—F. and H. Botany, Trico, Garfields 4718, Dunmore serges, and U. S. 153 velours, to close out. Farr. 2924.

BURELLA.—09057, navy 4, black 2; also several pieces of heavy and light weight velours. Murray Hill 4374.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—To close out. J. Dunn Co., 127 West 25th St.

CLOAKINGS.—Am. W. Co. 033-21, navy, brown, and green; opening price. Tel. Mad. Sq. 9348.

COATS.—Pom poms, bolivias, silvertone, velour du Nord, broadcloth, velours, dracords, &c.; plain, fur-trimmed; $16.50 to $50; immediate delivery. Mezeritsky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS.—Jobbers only; 300 velour coats, fur trimmed, all shades and sizes, greatly reduced prices; exceptional value. Greenberg & Frechtman, 33 East 9th St.

COATS.—Jobbers only; 500 velour coats, fur trimmed, all shades and sizes; greatly reduced prices; exceptional value. Greenberg & Frechtman, 33 East 9th St.

COATS.—On hand for immediate delivery a beautiful lot of infants' and children's coats; specially priced for holidays. Consolidated, 1,265 Broadway.

COATS — Silks, mercerized, and cotton plushes, broadcloths, and velours; close out to make room. Ulin Bros., 55 East 11th St.

COATS.—Cotton plush, to close out; assorted colors; 300, size 6 to 14; 200, size 2 to 6. A. & L. Rosenfeld & Co., 22 West 21st St.

COATS.—Specially priced for Thanksgiving sales; thousand on racks now; best assortment colors, sizes. Rubin Ulius, 50 W. 17th.

COATS.—Plushes, $12.75 up; cloth, $6 up; for immediate delivery; jobs always on hand. Schoen & Weissman, 53 West 24th St.

COATS.—Children's cloth mixture, 3 to 14; immediate delivery. Klein & Zimmerman, 20 East 12th.

COATS.—Junior's, misses' fur trimmed reduced; immediate delivery. Charles Feller, 41 West 25th.

COATS.—Wonderful values in velour and broadcloth coats, all fur-trimmed. I. Novick, 40 West 28th St.

COATS.—High-grade pom pom, velour; fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. Stein, Schoncelt, 140 West 22d.

COATS, SUITS.—Immediate delivery; new styles; low prices. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th.

COATS.—A job to close out cheap. Maidoff & Siegel, 78 5th Av.

COATS, children's, 6 to 14, at sacrificing prices. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Plush, fur-trimmed, special for sale purposes; cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS to close out, velours, broadcloths, fur-trimmed. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th.

COATS.—Children's, juniors', to close out. Cass & Rosenthal, 153 West 27th.

COATS.—1,000 to close out; fur trimmed. Joe Korostoff, 38 West 20th St.

COATS.—Close out fur-trimmed and plain. Kaplan & Weinstein, 150 West 22d St.

COATS.—500, all materials, to close out. Harry Gelfond, 122 West 27th St.

COATS.—200 ladies' and misses' at a big sacrifice. Greenberg, 137 West 25th.

COATS AND SUITS to close out. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th St.

CREPE METEOR, immediate delivery, $1.25, all colors. M. Marks Co., formerly Marks-Senner, 854 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 9380.

DRESSES.—Extraordinary offer of 500 satins and serges, staple colors and style, mostly large sizes, to close out at a price. The Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, silks, velvet evening dresses; special values. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Job of silk and satin dresses to close out at a sacrifice. Regent Dress Co., 43 West 17th.

DRESSES.—Manufacturer has an accumulation of fine serge and satin dresses, to close out. Engel, 143 W. 20th.

DRESSES.—Serges, velveteens, satins, close out; finest assortments; reasonable. Wolfert, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Party dresses; sell as job; fine selection of styles; also serges. Cohen & Polowan, 19 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Sixty serge and satin, close out; sacrifice. Clarisse, 3 West 18th St.

FOXES' SCARFS, Muffs. — Red, taupe, poiret; sacrifice. Barnett Fur Co., 401 6th Av.

FUR.—Kitt, Nutria, and Monflon, colors; to close out; cheap. J. Kaplan, 58 West 28th. Farr. 2918.

FUR effects, suitable for auto robes and trimmings. Telephone Farragut 3139.

GINGHAMS.—Bates dress plaids, 32-inch, January, 21½c; Renfrews, 23c. X 345 Times Annex.

GINGHAM.—Newest pattern, 2 cases on hand. Orchard 4482.

KERAMI.—For sale at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

LACES, Embroideries, &c. — Large lot to close out. B. Stern, 392 5th Av.

MEN'S CLOTHING.—Job 50 suits and overcoats. 2,292 8th Av., near 123d.

PIECE GOODS, odd pieces, various cotton, linens. Chauser, 45 West 27th.

PLUSHES. — Peerless, $3.30; Peco, $3.30; Esq., $3.50; 3-in., seven strips, Salt's beaver, $1.95; broadcloths, serges, all kinds at low prices. R. Smith & Co., Mad. Sq. 818.

PLUSH.—Peco plush, $3.25; broadcloth, Burrella, tweed, for sale cheap. Farragut 2648.

PLUSH.—Will sell esquimette plush for $3.60 net cash. Chelsea 5617.

PLUSHES.—Peerless T 10, very cheap. L. Finkelstein, 17 West 3d St.

PLUSH.—Lapines, 20 pieces; what is your best offer? J 41 Times.

POMPOM.—All shades, 09050 American serge, K 644 Stoney and Starkey and U. S. Burgundy velour. Spring 2571.

POMPOM.—Mataland and Chase's mole. 8678 Farr.

SATINS, meteors, failles, imported wool jerseys, serges, French twills, laces, nets; bargains. Lennox, 10 East 34th St.

SERGES.—Gilberts 8200, 150 pieces, navy, $2.32½; Wallworth 3817, 60 pieces, navy; Botany 809, 780, 75 pieces, navy; American 0936; Garfield 519, 528, 135 pieces; Juilliards 54221, 54292, 54262, 54289, 400 pieces; Cleveland 9058, 50 pieces, navy; Lorraine 3676, 125 pieces; Amoskeag 6301, 200 pieces. Levensohn & Sats, 1,170 Broadway. Madison Square 1265.

SERGES.—200 pieces fine cotton warp, 36 inches; also Blumenthal's crushed plush, ¾ cheviots, Burgundy velours. Farragut 9811.

SERGES.—Arlington 99, 10; Lorain, 2878; Botany, 809; U. S. 320, 235; Pacific G. B. L., Dunmore, 0420. Mad. Sq. 3121.

SERGE.—Middy suits in Amoskeag serge; pleated skirts, same quantity; to close out. G. & L. Middy Blouse Co.

SERGES.—Cotton warp, Whitman 1210, 1209. L. Finkelstein & Son, 17 West 3d St. Spring 6311.

SERGES.—Whitman 104, Amoskeag's 7614, 7201, 7120, 7002. L. Finkelstein & Son, 17 West 3d St. Spring 6311.

SERGE.—French, fine quality; brown, green, black, and navy. Madison Square 4864.

SERGES.—54221, S. B. G. L. 7301, will sell below market price. Madison Square 7974.

SERGES.—Whitman 9, 94, gers, 10712, Aetna 451. Madison Square 7743.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

SNAP FASTENERS, highest quality, lowest prices, white or black, carded or bulk, for exporters or dealers only; special inducements for large quantity orders. Bethlehem Snap Fastener Mfg. Co., 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1807 Williamsburg.

STOLES, CAPES.—Plush and Kerami muffs to match in fur effects, headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

SUITS-COATS.—Exceptional values in desirable merchandise, to close out cheap. Fensterstock & Rosen, 35 West 31st St.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Belle Cloak & Suit Co., 150 West 25th.

SUITS, Spring, for jobbing; poplin, serges; $8.75 up. Excello, 127 West 17th St.

VELOURS. — Burgundy heavyweight, 200 pieces, ¾ cheviot 0359; Kerami, $6.35; mercerized wool plushes, Esquimette peco. Farragut 9811.

VELOURS.—Garfield style 136, brown, green, reindeer, navy, black; $2.95 net. Madison Square 9259.

VELOURS.—0859, 13052, Salt's velours du nord, F. & H., Botany broadcloths. Mad. Sq. 3121.

VELOURS, lightweight, taupe, brown, green; kersey 15020, all shades. Madison Square 6635.

VELOUR DU NORD.—Salts; quantity for sale at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

VELVETEENS.—Plain and twill back, all colors, all widths; corduroy in narrow and wide wale, all colors; also clothing corduroy. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 31st St. Madison Square 9760.

VELVETEEN.—Narrow wale corduroy, 36 inches wide, all colors; immediate delivery. B. C. Miller Bros., 95 Bleecker St. Spring 3287.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN with established trade among manufacturers and jobbers for excellent line of laces will be given exclusive territory; unusual opportunity is offered for a successful future to the right man; state volume of business, with full particulars, giving extent of experience and section covered; commission. Address Manufacturing Importers, T. S., J 38 Times.

Situations Wanted.

CLOTHING MAN open for engagement; wholesale, retail manufacturing experience. Schlanger, 532 East 149th St.

SALESMAN.—A real salesman, 10 years' selling experience, desires to connect with reliable woolen house; unquestionable reference. P 63 Times.

SILKS.—Man experienced silks and ribbons open for position inside or selling; commission basis preferred. O 28 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday......5¼@5½ per cent. for the best names.
Wednesday.....5¼@5½ per cent. for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Washable Skirts for Spring.

Separate skirt manufacturers in this city apparently are devoting special attention this year to various washable fabrics for the Spring trade. It is felt that, with the women of the country more or less impressed with the need for economy, these practical and serviceable garments will be very generally sought. Those manufacturers who are already showing their Spring samples are said to have booked a very good volume of business in these lines. So far, according to reports, washable cotton satin is the most favored.

Children's Dresses in Demand.

There is reported to be a very good market for children's dresses. Little party frocks in georgette have been unusually well taken. Dimity also has been popular, and most frequently it is preferred in white. Georgette dresses have sold in various light shades, including flesh color, which is said to be the most popular, orange, pink, and light blue. Linen bloomers and rompers for both boys and girls have sold well for this time of the year. Elaborate preparations for the holiday trade in these lines have been made in the local department stores, and the most optimistic predictions for its volume are made.

Spring Styles Sparing of Wool.

It is evident, from the early offerings for Spring in the local women's ready-to-wear trade, that woolens are not to be very generally favored in the styles for 1918. This is true of suits as well as dresses. A large variety of silk weaves are used to a greater extent this year than ever before. Where wool is used at all, it is usually only for purposes of trimming as, for instance, in an attractive afternoon dress by a local designer which was made of silk with wool in a contrasting color used for the dual purpose of decoration and trim. Cotton substitutes, it is said, will be used a great deal in suits, not so much for price saving as for wool saving.

Better Waists Are Bought.

While there are waist manufacturers here and there in the local trade who have been complaining of dull business during the last month or so, there are others who report that they have felt no marked falling off in business. "Smarter waists and better materials," said one manufacturer, "are being bought all the time. Though perhaps the volume of sales has diminished somewhat, there is more actual money being spent than a year ago. The earnings of women are much greater than they ever have been before, and the number of women in business has greatly increased. They have more money to spend on clothes, and from all indications I get they are spending it."

Coarse Cottons Are Active.

Coarse cottons in the gray are sharing the activity of the finer-yarn goods in this market, and buyers are looking well into 1918 on some construction. Bids of 13¼ cents were made yesterday, for instance, for 40-inch 4.25-yard sheetings for deliveries running to July next. Nearby business was put through on four-yard, 56-60 sheetings at 14¼ cents, and in certain quarters the prediction is made that these goods will sell at 15 cents within the next few months. For 1918 deliveries of 36-inch 5.50 sheetings 10¼ cents is bid, with mills not over anxious to accept it. The best that can be done for any kind of nearby delivery of 30-inch 3.25 yard drills is 16¼ to 16¾ cents, depending on the actual shipment wanted and the size of the order.

New Things in Millinery.

Among the new millinery lines that are now being displayed here are Chu Chin Chow sets, which consist of a hat and scarf made of Oriental embroidered satin. The hats are of the turban order, flexible, and are faced with bright-colored satin. They are trimmed with wool stitching, tassels and Japanese ornaments. It is said that they can easily be adapted to out-door sports wear. For young misses is shown a Scotch cap of duvetyn or velvet, in khaki and black. A military effect in the same kind of a cap also is seen. This is made of Scotch plaid velvet and has a scarf to match. Despite the earliness of the season, several lines of hats for Winter resort wear are also on display here.

Look Askance at Hemmed Tops.

Retailers of men's hosiery have heard more cheerful news than that several of the manufacturers are contemplating pushing the sale of socks with hemmed tops, instead of ribbed, because of the shortage of workers known as "loopers." According to a well-posted hosiery man, it is an open question as to how these socks will take with the average man. Not only will a hemmed top lack the elasticity of a ribbed one, it is said, but in order to get them to fit as snugly around the legs as the well-made ribbed top sock does the chances are that the hemmed tops will have to be made smaller. This opens the way to a slight binding, and may also shorten the "life" of the sock by lessening the amount of "stretch" required to let the foot pass in and out easily.

Silk Sweater Sales Are Big.

Reports from manufacturers of both real and fibre silk sweaters for women indicate that buyers are still placing good-sized advance Spring orders for them. In some cases the real silk sweater men also are reporting duplicate business, for prompt delivery, from stores that cater to women who spend at least a part of the Winter at Palm Beach and other Winter resorts. A paradoxical kind of situation appears to exist in that, while the fibre sweater men say they are getting big business because real silk sweaters are now so expensive, makers of the latter goods say that it is this very thing that is helping their business. In other words, the higher silk sweaters come for the clientele their customers cater to, the better, providing, of course, the prices of the garments show up in the material, design and workmanship.

Are Buying Up Parts of Dolls.

The gap that has been left in the supply of dolls by the cessation, for the great part, of imports of foreign ones, is making it very difficult for repair departments and the so-called dolls' hospitals to do their work this year. In many cases the "hospitals" are buying up all the intact parts of broken dolls they can get hold of, whether they be bodies, heads, arms, legs, or eyes. In fact, some of them are charged with deliberately "laying down" in the case of half-way difficult repairs, where all parts are supplied by the person owning the doll, in the hope of discouraging the owner into selling the separate parts at about a quarter of the price the doll cost when new. If successful, they use the parts in fixing some other doll, and charge five or six times as much for them as they paid.

More Printcloth Prices Go Up.

More advances in printcloth prices took place yesterday in the local gray goods market, and buyers were again active. Many of them showed a disposition to cover their needs as far into 1918 as the mills would go. In some cases buyers were said to be bidding higher prices for 1918 deliveries than the mills were asking only a short time ago, and many sales are being held up until the mills have had time to pass on them. For January delivery 9¾ cents was bid for 38½-inch 60-48s, while bids of 11 cents were in the market for 64-56s for shipment as far ahead as April and May next. For similar deliveries of 39-inch 68-72s 12¾ cents was bid, while 7½ cents was offered for 38½-inch 44-40s. Several mills are asking 11½ cents for spot 38½-inch 64-60s. This is the way spot printcloth prices closed:

39-inch, 80-80s..*15⅝c	38½-inch, 64-60s.*11¼c
39-inch, 72-76s...14½c	38½-inch, 64-56s..11⅛c
39-inch, 68-72s...13c	38½-inch, 60-52s..10¼c
39-inch, 56-44s... 9⅝c	38½-inch, 60-48s.. 9⅞c
38½-inch, 64-64s..12c	27-inch, 64-60s... 8⅜c

*Asked.

OUTLINE JEWISH AID PLANS.

Jacob H. Schiff Will Launch Campaign for $5,000,000 at a Dinner.

At a dinner given last night at the Harmony Club plans were outlined for the campaign to raise $5,000,000 for Jewish war relief and for the Jewish Relief Board in the United States Army and Navy. Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, Charles S. Ward of the International Y. M. C. A., who was active in conducting the recent $35,000,000 campaign of that organization; Jacob Billikopf, executive director of the Jewish War Relief Campaign; David A. Brown of Detroit, who is to manage the campaign, and Sam C. Lamport were the principal speakers.

Announcement was made that the campaign, which is to last two weeks, beginning on Sunday, Dec. 30, will be launched by a dinner to be given to more than 500 workers by Jacob H. Schiff at the Hotel Astor. There will be nightly gatherings at the Hotel Savoy of the workers at 5 o'clock on every day except Fridays, Saturdays, and Sundays, up to and including Dec. 15.

Judge Rosalsky organized a team to work for the fund composed of Arthur Lewis, A. L. Rothstein, William Fischman, H. B. Rubin, Jacob Lubell, Albert Herskovitz, Edward Rubin, I. L. Phillips, Louis Cashman, B. K. Marcus, I. Bernstein, Sol Singer, R. Sadowsky, N. Sadowsky, J. Sperber, Leon D. Greenfeld, Sam C. Lamport, Henry Witter, Morris Asinoff, N. H. Borenstein.

Rochester's Loan Sales $31,721,950.

Albert B. Eastwood, Chairman of the Rochester Liberty Loan Committee, announces that revised figures, prepared by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, indicate that Rochester's subscription to the Second Liberty Loan totaled $31,721,950. This figure is $976,450 in excess of its allotment.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

TOBIAS MEISLER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Tobias Meisler, trading as T. Meisler, dealer in laces and embroideries at 114 Ridge Street, by these creditors: H. L. Sanders, $136; L. Spies, $112; Fred Rubin, $119, and David A. Jack, $160. Liabilities are reported to be $2,600.

FREDERICK BOCKELMAN of 162 East End Avenue, formerly President of the Whiteside-Bockelman Company, manufacturers of metal ware, now a mechanic, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,700 and assets of $8 cash in bank and 25 shares of stock of the Whiteside-Bockelman Company of no value. His only creditor is Israel E. Ikelheimer, $2,700.

KATHERYN M. ROSENZWEIG, a saleslady at 1,204 Broadway, formerly a dealer in cloaks and suits, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $8,501 and no assets.

REA L. LENOWITZ, manufacturer of auto coats at 20 West Twenty-second Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $7,976 and assets of $2,696, consisting of stock $1,200, machinery and fixtures $900, and accounts, $596.

ROSENBLATT & BENDER.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Oct. 31 against Rosenblatt & Bender, manufacturers of cloaks and suits at 11 West Thirty-second Street, on a settlement with creditors at 35 cents on the dollar cash. Liabilities were $55,997.

LEVI M. ROSENTHAL.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Aug. 21, 1916, against Levi M. Rosenthal, doing business as Rosenthal & Katz, manufacturers of raincoats at 73 Fifth Avenue, on consent of creditors.

RACHEL MEROVITZ of 16 Beaver Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $15,841 and no assets.

WILLIAM A. DEGOODE of 8,704 Fifteenth Avenue, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $14,807 and assets of $800.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, Nov. 22.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed here today by Charles Roberts, Secretary of the Roberts-Brown Co., manufacturers of plumbing supplies. His liabilities were given as $74,822 and assets $41,469. The petitioner took the pauper's oath—the first time in the history of El Paso that a petitioner in bankruptcy has taken this oath.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Appelbaum, Lena and Samuel, exrs.—German Savings Bank in the City of New York....$1,503.60
Amanna, Fiore—R. Gravel, costs....103.43
Albert, Lewis—M. A. Shayne....224.86
Allen, Franklin W.—L. Kohn....175.52
Arnold, Heinrich—Irving National Bank of New York....319.76
Brandies, William O.—E. T. Brandies....235.42
Brian, Florence M.—M. S. Marden et al....574.83
Bauer, Ignatz and Agnes—J. Broehmer....239.65
Bryan, Olin, and National Surety Co.—People, &c....300.00
City of New York—Murphy Bros....126.00
Cooke, Leslie H.—L. & M. Holding Co....423.20
Chaimowitz, Hyman—Electrotone Auto Music Co....769.01
Daniel, Warren C.—A. Apple....500.68
Ebbetts, Chauncey—Firestone Tire and Rubber Co....248.68
Enge, Charles G.—Samuel Cabot....250.10
Ernest Mayer Corp.—Austin, Nichols & Co....194.58
Fernando, Frank, and New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—People, &c....500.00
Gordon, Edward—Samuel J. Aronsohn....124.47
Gar, Leong—M. Nydick....126.91
Gerber, Samuel—R. Gerber....125.49
Greenberg, Solomon—A. Levin....610.73
Garibaldi Realty and Const. Co.—S. Gantangelo et al., costs....139.90
Gaba, Joseph—S. Frank et al....270.41
Goldberg, Louis—Raymond Const. Co....112.96
Goodman, Hyman—W. Friedman, costs....139.90
Goldman, Joseph—R. Siegel....143.91
Gudis, Moses & Jacob Goldstein—Chatham & Phenix National Bank, City of New York....115.93
Horwitz, Sidney A., Jane Horwitz, Harry Domroe, and David Hirshkind—H. Frankel....868.25
Hertz, Emanuel—U. S. Realty and Imp. Co....471.90
Hamburg, Frederick W.—F. Wechsler....125.45
Same—same....125.96
Hurwitz, David—Chatham and Phenix Nat. Bank, City of New York....321.30
Isles, David C.—Collins-Plass-Thayer Co....$14,020.46
Johnson, Arthur H.—Paine, Webber & Co....12,805.29
Johnson & Dickson—Keystone Type Foundry....350.75
King, Lillian L.—W. L. Titus et al....841.22
Kremer, Lionel—L. H. Gura et al....179.10
Karthauser, Adam—S. Gordon....188.71
Kean, Frank—G. Colon, costs....114.95
Knight & Struck Co.—Louis Bossert & Sons....198.18
K. E. Garment Co.—E. V. Harman....130.48
Louis N. Levinsohn—C. Lieberman et al....277.11
L. G. House & I. Fink Co.—Bushwick House Wrecking Co....443.35
Larsen, Ben—S. Henry & Son....119.70
Meehan, James F., and 1,930 University Av. Corp.—M. Rosen....372.60
Moran, Bernard T.—M. Moran....125.70
Manolos, Nella—G. Vlachos....264.08
Martin, Clinton S.—A. B. Neff....1,120.95
Magnes, Isaac D.—P. Rabinowitz....177.86
Mellwin Realty & Const. Co. and Robert A. Winter, Jr.—M. Malbin....510.15
Ornstein, Jacob—Alexander Hamilton Institute....111.41
Pillitteri, Antonio—A. E. Kalback, costs....108.92
Pillitteri, Frances, by gdn.—Same....108.92
Prince, Charles—Assets Liquidation Co....113.20
Pierce, Edward B.—J. M. & V. Scanlan....469.33
Phillips, David E.—J. S. Nelkin....203.89
Picard, Samuel and Bertha—W. Yuskowski....607.90
Potaschink, David—I. Hochman....120.65
Rowan French Pastry Co.—L. Klein....104.76
Sivochulis, Charles—Lehigh Valley Coal Co., costs....110.01
Sternau Realty Co.—E. Klein, costs....162.50
Schacher, Irving—L. W. Sweet & Co....251.58
Sabner, Mark—O. Wiesinger....217.65
Sweet, Samuel—R. Lyons, costs....109.13
Sweet, Bessie—R. Lyons, costs....109.13
Strauss, David L.—Hartman, Goldsmith & Co....320.62
Sneeden, Arthur D.—V. Roberts....290.40
Speerber, Celia, and Jacob Falk—People, &c....100.00
Ten Sixty Seven Fifth Avenue Co.—Collins-Wagner Mfg. Co....927.05
Truan, J. Howard—Fred Adee Co....219.54
Terwilliger, William B.—A. Lorcher....119.93
Warthley, Kate—L. L. Kellogg....116.70
Wolters, Theodore—E. S. Chalmers....502.20
Walton, Lester—A. Busch....477.21
Woerheide, William H.—F. Bittner....271.37

In Bronx County.

Breen, Matthew P., Jr.—L. Bowsky....$87.76
Bender, Morris—D. Harrison....95.65
Caruthers, Dave H.—F. Weber....26.17
Elo Bldg. Co.—R. Procario....344.41
Hudson Woodworking Co.—G. Shapiro....280.47
Hoffman, Aaron V. N.—D. Robinson et al....205.39
Langer, Jennie, and Rose L. Schwobel—T. Wolk....74.83
Mellwin Realty & Const. Co. and Robert A. Winter, Jr.—M. Malbin....510.15
Pucci Cont. Co. and Antonio Pucci—G. Colon & Co....948.75
Ruppert, Frank, and Charles McKay—Bronx Gas & Electric Co....5,496.44
Slovak, Sonya—R. C. Volihan....109.18
Stillman, Harry—Valentine Realty Corp....140.70
Schur, Elizabeth and August—M. Donn....1,940.88
Simberg, Gedalia—Union Smoked Fish Co....276.80
Whitman, Stewart C., and Bernard C.—C. C. Hansen....81.07
Zeichner, John—A. Zwerdling....138.41

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Hocking Valley Railway Co.—A. Warriner, March 29, 1916, vacated....$2,144.82
Brook Features Film Corp. and Wm. A. Kane—T. H. Mulch et al., Jan. 20, 1917....955.67
Kanrich, Samuel and Bernard L.—I. Chechanowitz, Nov. 4, 1916....1,385.42
Bronxwood Realty Co.—Northern Bank of New York, Feb. 25, 1913....717.82
Fitzhenry, Joseph J.—F. Harina, Nov. 8, 1917....2,150.30
Glanzrok, Harry—L. Feitelson, Dec. 6, 1916....1,018.78
Jackson, Jacob W. and Benjamin A.—M. Terracchia, Nov. 10, 1917....100.00
Same—Same, Nov. 10, 1917....300.00
Kane, Wm. A., and Brook Theatre Film Corp.—E. Goldberg, Jan. 26, 1917....427.38
Oriental Dye Works—P. Kuznitsky, Oct. 22, 1917....200.00
Solomon, Benjamin; Rebecca Rosenthal, and David Klein—J. Sugerman, Nov. 19, 1917....811.65
Parkhurst, Charles H., and Arthur J. Westeramgr—Hudson Trust Co., Oct. 24, 1917....639.10
New Toy Mfg. Co.—Judkins & McCormick Co., Nov. 10, 1917, vacated....877.56
Zerillo, Manuel and Frank—G. De Luca et al., Jan. 30, 1912....1,782.84
Bowery Bank of New York—T. Clark, March 15, 1917, reversed....1,135.36
Beck, David—O. Newstate, Nov. 9, 1917....452.20
Seal, Joseph C.—J. Sommerman, May 29, 1916, reversed....1,207.03
De Ridder, John H.—Wm. H. Rouse, Jr., Dec. 21, 1906....5,705.00
Silverstein, Joshua—Standard Accident Insurance Co. of Detroit, Oct. 18, 1917....101.53

In Bronx County.

Adelmann, Elizabeth W.—23d Ward Bank, June 17, 1914....$1,028.10
Felsher, Jacob—L. Kalmanoff et al., June 17, 1914....224.72
Mitchell, William—A. L. Guidone, Oct. 17, 1917....112.70
173d Street Realty Co., Inc.—M. E. Cummings, Nov. 15, 1917, vacated....130.26

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of TONY BARBERA and BERNARD TRIPO, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the firm name and style of BARBERA & TRIPO, Bankrupts.

Pursuant to an order herein, assets of the above named bankrupts, consisting of shoes, footwear, &c., also fixtures, now contained in the store of said bankrupts, located at No. 593 East 184th Street, Borough of Bronx, New York City, will be sold as follows:

Sealed bids for the same may be submitted to Bertha Rembaugh, receiver herein, at her office, 165 Broadway, Room 8109, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before Wednesday, November 28th, 1917, at 10 A. M., at which time and place they will be opened by said receiver.

Each bid must be accompanied by cash or certified check for at least ten (10%) per cent. of the amount thereof. The right is reserved to reject any bids submitted, unless the same equal at least the appraised value of said property. Said property may be inspected on the premises aforesaid on November 23d and 26th, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Should no satisfactory bid be received, said property will be sold at public auction thereafter, under the rules and regulations of this court, on a day to be fixed, of which due notice will be given.

BERTHA REMBAUGH, Receiver, 165 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.
LESSER BROTHERS, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL EISENBERG, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 115 West 27th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Coats, Suits, Woolens, Plushes, Linings, Trimmings, Machinery, Cutting Machine, Safe, Typewriter, Fixtures, etc.

MARCUS HELFAND, Receiver.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Attorney for Receiver, 42 Broadway, New York.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Plaintiff, v. SAM WEXLER, Defendant.

The President of the United States of America to Sam Wexler, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded that you personally appear before the Judge of the District Court of the United States of America, for the Southern District of New York, in the Second Circuit in Equity, within sixty days after service hereof, wheresoever the said Court shall then be, to answer a bill of complaint exhibited against you in the said Court by the United States of America, and to do further and receive what the said Court shall have considered in that behalf. And this you are not to omit under the penalty on you of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars.

Witness, Honorable Learned Hand, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, at the City of New York, on the 17th day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-second.

(Seal.) ALEX GILCHRIST, JR., Clerk.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, United States Attorney, Solicitor for United States of America.

The defendant is required to enter appearance in the above cause in the Clerk's office of this Court, within sixty days after service hereof, or the bill will be taken pro confesso against you.

ALEX GILCHRIST, Jr., Clerk.

To Sam Wexler, the defendant above named:

The foregoing writ of subpoena is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Julius M. Mayer, Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated October 15, 1917, and of that day filed, with the writ of subpoena, and bill in equity herein, in the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court, Southern District of New York, at the United States Courts and Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

Dated New York, October 22, 1917.

FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address, U. S. Courts & P. O. Bldg., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Nusbaum & Livingston; J. Nusbaum, millinery; Endicott.
ALBANY, N. Y.—John G. Myers Co.; W. A. Findlay, coats, suits, waists; 220 5th Av.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—F. J. Shutts, hosiery, underwear; Longacre.
BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; A. F. Clark, white goods; 105 Grand.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; G. E. Eytinge, ribbons, dress trimmings, braids, novelties; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; I. L. Welfe, dry goods; A. Delivie, carpets, trunks; 470 4th Av.; Gregorian.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Sisson Bros. & Welden Co.; B. F. Welden, china, glassware; Imperial.
BOSTON—Hewes & Potter; J. A. Hewes, suspenders; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—M. J. Collins, duck, sheep lined coats; Bristol.
BRIDGEPORT—Howland D. G. Co.; J. E. Kelly, notions, laces, jewelry; H. D. Johnson, boys' clothing; 404 4th Av.
BUFFALO—Givens; W. J. Shearn, ready-to-wear; 72 Madison Av.
BUFFALO—Weisinger & Co.; T. Weisinger, millinery; Bristol.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss Dooley, waists, muslin underwear, corsets, negligees; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO—L. Stein, coats, suits, waists; 110 W. 34th.
CHICAGO—L. Miller & Co.; L. Miller, dry goods; Grand.
CHICAGO—R. W. K. Co.; H. Reinberg, dolls, leather, knit goods; 33 Union Square.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; H. S. Manchester, cloaks, suits; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—H. Schumann Bros.; H. Schumann, cloaks, suits; 1,133 B'way. Latham.
CHICAGO—S. Phillipson & Co.; L. Morris, hosiery, underwear; Breslin.
CHICAGO—Eiseman Mfg. Co.; R. Eiseman, children's, infants' wear; 18 W. 33d.
CHICAGO—F. Siegel & Bro.; J. P. Havland, Spring coats, suits; 302 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Samuel Phillipson & Co.; M. Segal, clothing, overalls, shirts, gloves; Grand.
CHICAGO—The Fair; W. R. Anderson, smoker goods, hats, caps; 229 4th Av.; Great Northern.
CHICAGO—Morris, Mann & Reilly; D. M. Fitzgerald, woolens; H. Morris, imports; 134 W. 37th.
CINCINNATI—H. Unger, coats, suits, skirts; Aberdeen.
CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; Miss K. Loveman, stationery; 220 5th Av.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—The Fashion; W. Payne, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
DALLAS—Lorch Mfg. Co.; A. Lerch, jobs women's, juniors' coats; Room 1015, 1,150 Broadway.
DETROIT—Burnham-Stoepel Co.; A. H. W. McMillan, domestics, blankets; 43 Leonard.
FINDLAY, Ohio—C. D. Levy, jobs, silk waists; 72 Madison Av.
HAMILTON, Ontario—T. C. Watkins, Ltd.; A. W. Day, mdse. mgr.; 23 East 26th.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; Mrs. M. Dunlap, cloaks, suits; 1,270 B'way.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Brown, Thompson & Co.; T. R. Mullins, notions, gloves; 230 5th Av.; Wallick.
INDIANAPOLIS—F. B. Levi, jobs silk waists; 72 Madison Av.
KANSAS CITY—Kline Cloak & Suit Co.; Mrs. Schultz, dresses; 404 4th Av.
LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; R. F. Gough, shoes; 225 5th Av.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—Brown-Merryman Co.; W. W. Brown, ready-to-wear; Imperial.
MERIDEN, Conn.—A. S. Thomas; J. J. Killeen, notions, furn. goods, hosiery; 220 5th Av.; Somerset.
MILWAUKEE—Goll & Frank Co.; C. H. Schroeder, hosiery, gloves, underwear; Cumberland.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; T. F. O'Neill, linens, domestics; 404 4th Av.; Prince George.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
PHILADELPHIA—Eagle Suspender and Belt Co.; W. R. Oppenheimer, suspenders; Hermitage.
PHILADELPHIA—Karp & London; H. Karp, hats, caps; Broadway Central.
PHILADELPHIA—Little French Shop; B. Gross, ready-to-wear; 220 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—"Blauner's"; Mr. Kamholz, jobs cotton house dresses; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Bernstein & Co.; M. Segal, Spring dresses; Room 615, 33 W. 34th.
PHILADELPHIA—C. S. Tanguay & Co.; C. S. Tanguay, cloaks, suits; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; J. D. Lit, Japanese, cotton, crepe, kimonas; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss C. Ludden, millinery; 1,140 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—J. Winn, clothing; Herald Square.
PITTSBURGH—Kolb Bros. & Hulsman Co.; C. A. Kolb, flowers, feathers; Claridge.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Shepard Co.; L. Engel, flowers; 220 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; R. A. Sibley, dry goods; 432 4th Av.
SACRAMENTO—Weinstock-Lubin Co.; J. Barnes, cloaks, suits; 220 5th Av.
SAN ANTONIO—Frost's; W. C. Frost, women's, misses' ready-to-wear; 3 West 29th.
SAN ANTONIO—Frost Co.; W. Frost, ready-to-wear; 3 W. 29th.
SHREVEPORT, La.—Florsheim Bros. Co.; S. L. Florsheim, carpets; 43 Leonard.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Spokane D. G. Co.; S. G. Nash, furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; 225 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Mednik Skirt Co.; M. Mednik, skirts; Aberdeen.
ST. LOUIS—H. Siegfried & Son.; H. Siegfried, woolens; Woodstock.
ST. LOUIS—Hub Dept. Store.; C. Goldberg, pony fur, marmot coats; 1,161 B'way. Room 505.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—T. F. & P. H. Fitzpatrick; P. H. Fitzpatrick, general mdse.; New Strand.
TOLEDO—La Salle & Koch Co.; C. Green, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.
TROY, Ala.—H. Sacks, general mdse.; 1,150 B'way; Wallick.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—J. Liebster, furs; Imperial.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann Sons & Co.; S. G. Spitzer, shoes; 432 4th Av.

Auctions.

Sale To-day, 2 P. M., Also To-morrow, Same Hour, at the Galleries of the FIFTH AVENUE AUCTION ROOMS 333-341 Fourth Ave Cor. 25th Street

A Collection of Antique and Modern FURNITURE including specimens of Renaissance, Chippendale, Hepplewhite, Sheraton and Colonial Periods, Chinese Painted Cabinets, Empire and Tiffany Clocks, Carved Marble Groups. An extensive assortment of Solid Silver Including several Antique Pieces of English, French and Early American workmanship, and numerous other articles of household adornment and utility.

Also property received from A Prominent Southern Family, consisting of a very important Collection of Historical BLUE AND WHITE CHINA and including rare and fine specimens of Pictures of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Baltimore and other locations on Staffordshire Pottery. Also other Rare and Interesting Objects in Staffordshire, Copper and Silver Lustre, Wedgwood, Stoneware and Capo di Monte; Marble Figure, Venus de Milo, Onyx Pedestals, Elaborately Carved Ivory Tankard, Oil Paintings, Miniatures on Ivory; Sevres Tea Sets and Vases, Sheffield Ware, Silk Rugs, Halsey's work on Pottery, Wheelock Pianola Piano and several choice specimens of Antique Furniture. Including an Original Sheraton Buffet and two elaborately carved Chippendale Arm Chairs.

ON VIEW TILL HOUR OF SALE.
HENRY A. HARTMAN, Auct'r.

Sale To-Day and To-Morrow AT 2:30 P. M. AT Clarke's Art Rooms 5 West 44th Street

The LEON RICCI Collection Italian Antiques IN FURNITURE AND WORKS OF ART (XV. to XVIII. Century.)

In consequence of existing conditions in Italy, which prohibit Mr. Ricci from returning here to continue business at the present time, this fine collection will be sold by auction within the above Galleries.

By Order of the Trustee.

The sale will be conducted by MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE.

EXPLAINS PATENT ON FLAG.

Designer Says Half of Royalty Goes to Red Cross.

Captain R. L. Queisser of Cleveland, designer of the United States service flag, which is today displayed from thousands of American business houses and homes in all parts of the country, arrived in New York last night and explained why he had patented the design on which he receives a royalty. Captain Queisser, who is at the Hotel Astor is to open negotiations with flag manufacturers for the use of the design.

"During the early part of last March," said Captain Queisser, "I was confined in bed following an automobile accident near Fort Wayne, Indiana, where I was stationed with the Fifth Ohio Infantry. It was during my illness that I was mustered out of service, due to the disability caused by injuries received. I thought of some visible sign for a mother to show that her son was serving the country rather than have her feel an emptiness about the house which would depress her. A service flag then came to me and after several days I evolved the design.

"It was not long after that letters came to me approving the design and its value to a family symbolical of their sacrifice."

Captain Queisser said he received a small royalty from the flag manufacturers and half of it was being contributed to the American Red Cross.

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PUTTEES Piggrain or Cordovan Below Cost of Manufacture. McGregor & Co., Newark, N. J.

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SILKS SAMUEL EISEMAN & CO., Inc. 114-120 East 23d St. Gramercy 6204.

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SEE THE $10 WONDER PLUSH COATS AT ROTHSTEIN & NELSON'S, 129 W. 29th St.

Women's Bath Robes, $24.00 dozen up. AB. & A. FRANKLIN, 151 West 26th Street.

Serge Dresses Popular Prices | ROSEBUD MFG. CO. 37-43 W. 26th St.

Modern Designs—Rock Bottom Prices SHOW Room PARTITIONS Factories Fitted up Spring 8280. H. Katz & Sons, Cabinet Makers, 182 Prince St.

Jewish Morning Journal Best Help Wanted Medium in N. Y.

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Leo L. Doblin, Jackson & Co. FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS 404 Fourth Ave. Tel. Mad. Sq. 7707.

ASSIGNEE SALES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the general assignment for the benefit of creditors of MAX SOLOMON.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned assignee will sell at public auction through Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, on this day, Friday, the 23d day of November, 1917, at 11 A. M., at 583 West 207th St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, property and assets of the above estate, consisting of Men's Furnishings, such as Shirts, Collars, Ties, Fixtures, etc.

NATHAN M. ABRAMSON, Assignee.
JULIUS FISCHER, Attorney for Assignee, 55 Nassau St., New York.

Tax Examples

Showing how law is applied

Our Federal Tax Department, under the supervision of experts, has prepared a pamphlet of examples showing how the provisions of the Income Tax Law are specifically applied.

These examples will furnish *individuals, partnerships* and *corporations* with a practical working knowledge of the application of the Law.

A copy of this pamphlet, AG-146 will be furnished upon request.

The National City Company

National City Bank Building
New York

New Income Tax Law

With Explanatory Analysis

We have prepared for distribution the fourth edition of our Income Tax booklet. This booklet contains an explanatory analysis of the new Federal Income Tax law, together with the full text of that statute, and charts which show graphically the operation of the law. We shall be glad to send a copy of this booklet to investors upon request.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Less Activity and Irregular Price Changes—War Finance Problem.

Although there was enough good news to carry stocks forward to new levels yesterday, the movement of prices was highly irregular and the tone at the closing dull and dispirited. The day's turnover was considerably less than that on Wednesday. The gratifying success of the British attack along an unusually wide front was not without its influence in creating a more hopeful view on the course of the war, but its bearing on stock prices was not as marked as might have been expected. Traders realize that even a victory like this, great as it may be, does not bring peace appreciably nearer. Announcement of the rise in the number of British vessels sunk by submarines last week found reflection in a decline in the shipping shares about as marked as the advance which took place last week when the showing was so much better.

The stock market is looking too far ahead to be violently affected by day to day changes in the situation. It is known that the Federal Government's powers over business will be increased much further at the forthcoming session of Congress, if the President's friends have their way, through the enactment of laws designed to put into his hands the right to commandeer industry wherever it seems advisable for the successful conduct of the war. At the same time it is entirely possible that a bill will be introduced to provide for the creation of a sort of war credit board to which will be referred applications for Federal moneys to assist in the production of war materials. The question has so many ramifications that Federal officials hesitate to take steps which would commit the country to direct Federal control of a large part of the industrial capacity. So far the Government has made advances to manufacturers unable to borrow for working capital in the usual markets only in the way of anticipating payments. The question of the nation's obligation toward other concerns likewise doing their part to co-ordinate the country's resources but not receiving direct returns is not so simple. For instance, half a hundred executives of public utility companies have laid before the Treasury officials their inability to finance construction of new car lines and power plants to take care of the various army camps. Here is a case where the service must be supplied, but where it is impossible to advance funds to be retained out of the contract price.

Money was easier yesterday, the rate dropping to 2½ per cent. for call loans after most of the day's needs had been supplied at 4¾ per cent. The Federal Reserve Bank paid $130,000,000 to the banks for redemption of Treasury certificates. Bonds were generally firmer, with evidence of a slightly better investment demand.

LONDON MARKET CHEERFUL.

British Victory Adds New Impetus to the Trading.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—Cheerfulness was apparent on all sides of the stock market today on the British victory. Allied bonds and home rails hardened whenever buyers appeared, despite the announcement of a New South Wales 5¾ per cent. loan of £3,000,000 at 99½. Armament and shipping shares were strong and rubber and oil stocks in better request, but Scandinavian bonds were flat.

Money was tighter and discount rates were firm. Petrograd exchange was easier, while Scandinavian rates advanced.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 59f 75c for cash. Exchange on London, 27f 22c. Five per cent. loan, 87f 80c.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	5	Last	2½
Low	2½	Renewals	4¾

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Thirty days	5	Sixty days	5¾
Sixty days	5¼	Ninety days	5¾
Ninety days	5½	Four months	5¾@6
Four months	5½	Five months	5¾@6
Five months	5½@5¾	Six months	5¾@6
Six months	5½@5¾		

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	3¼@3½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	3½@3¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	4¾@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days	5
4 to 6 months	5¼@5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months	5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75 7-16	$4.75 7-16	$4.75 7-16	..
Cables	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.73	5.73⅜	5.73⅜	+.00⅝
Cables	5.71½	5.72⅝	5.72	..
Rubles—				
Demand	12.45	12.35	12.45	+.10
Cables	12.70	12.60	12.70	+.10

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75 7-16	$4.76 7-16
5.1826	Paris	5.73⅜	5.72
	China—		
	Hongkong	70.00	70.25
	Peking	105.00	105.25
	Shanghai	98.00	98.25
19.295	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.19	Holland	44.00	44.50
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	34.60	34.75
	Calcutta	34.50	34.75
5.1823	Italy	8.91½	8.90½
49.84	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.50	51.75
	Yokohama	51.50	51.75
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	50.125	50.25
51.50	Russia	12.45	12.70
26.79	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	34.00	34.50
	Copenhagen	39.50	40.00
	Christiania	34.50	35.00
19.295	Spain	23.70	23.75
	South America—		
32.42	Rio	25.31	25.41
42.44	Buenos Aires	45.66	45.75
5.1826	Switzerland	4.38	4.35½

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71¼	$4.69½	$4.70½	$4.68½

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $564,774,839; balance, $57,751,444; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $5,431,274; Federal Reserve credit balance, $29,472,294.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .3125 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 42 11-16d, off 1-16d; in New York, 84⅝c; off ⅝c; Mexican dollars, 64⅝c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs receipts	$8,614,925	$69,171,646
Ord. int. revenue	61,043,572	247,445,059
Income tax	5,455,137	31,196,490
Miscellaneous	6,776,856	57,398,125
Total receipts	$81,890,490	$405,209,303
Excess of ord. disbursements over ord. receipts	284,266,921	1,257,782,908
Excess of total disbursements over total receipts	301,[illegible]	784,[illegible]
Expenditures	366,157,414	1,662,[illegible],111

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, NOV. 22, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	574,680	1,552,630	Holiday
Year to date	169,262,243	197,602,360	157,933,865

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
8¼	9	100	Advance Rumely	9	9	9	9	+⅝
2⅝	2¾	1,100	Alaska Gold Mines	2¾	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	...
18	18¼	900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	18	18½	18	18¼	+¼
73½	74	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar	75	75½	74	74	−½
34¾	35	3,900	Am. Can	35¼	35⅝	34¼	34¾	−⅜
64	64½	800	Am. Car & Fdry	64¼	65½	64¼	64¼	−¼
26	26½	400	Am. Cotton Oil	26½	26½	26	26	+¼
13	13⅛	4,600	Am. H. & Leather	13½	14	13	13	−¼
57	58	3,000	Am. H. & L. pf	57½	60	57	57	...
10½	11	100	Am. Ice	11	11	11	11	+½
53½	54	500	Am. International	55¼	55¼	54	54	−2⅜
25	25¼	5,200	Am. Linseed	25	26	25	25⅛	+⅛
72½	73½	2,200	Am. Linseed pf	72½	75	72½	73	+½
53½	54½	1,400	Am. Locomotive	54⅝	55¼	54⅝	54⅞	−⅜
55	56½	200	Am. Malting 1st pf	55	55	55	55	−1
75¼	75⅝	8,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	76⅝	76⅝	75⅝	75⅝	−1⅛
54½	55	600	Am. Steel F'dries	55½	56	55	55	...
96	97	1,400	Am. Sugar Ref	97⅞	98	96⅞	97	−2
54	55½	300	Am. Sumatra Tob	54	55¼	54	54	−1
108⅝	109¼	500	Am. Tel. & Tel	108¾	108⅞	108¼	108⅞	−⅛
42½	43	300	Am. Woolen	42⅝	43	42⅝	43	...
87½	88¾	100	Am. Woolen pf	88¼	88¼	88¼	88¼	+1¼
23½	23¾	600	Am. Writing P. pf	23½	23½	23½	23½	+1¾
14	15	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S	14	14	14	14	−½
58	58¼	9,700	Anaconda Copper	58½	59	57⅝	58	−½
12	15	100	Asso. Dry Goods	13	13	13	13	+3
38	54⅞	200	Asso. Dry Gds. 2d pf	37	38⅛	37	38⅛	+3⅛
86	87	200	Atch., Top. & S. F	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼	−¼
83	84	200	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	84	84	83½	83½	−½
94	97½	1,000	Atlantic Coast Line	97⅛	97⅛	97	97	...
99	100	7,100	At., Gulf & West I	99½	102	98⅝	98⅝	−1⅞
56⅝	57	6,000	Baldwin Loco	57¼	58	56⅝	57	−½
52⅜	52⅞	1,600	Baltimore & Ohio	52⅝	53	52⅜	52⅜	−¼
59½	60⅝	300	Baltimore & O. pf	60	60¼	60	60	...
90½	91	300	Barrett Co	90¼	90⅞	90¼	90½	+½
100	100⅝	100	Barrett Co. pf	100½	100½	100½	100½	...
81	81½	45,900	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c	82½	83¾	81	81	−1½
97⅞	98¾	1,100	Beth. S. pf.sub.r.f.p	97⅞	98	97⅞	98	+½
44½	45	500	Bklyn Rapid Tran	44½	45	44½	45	...
85	95	300	Bklyn Union Gas	90	90	90	90	−½
110½	111	300	Burns Brothers	111	111	110	110	−⅜
17½	17¾	1,100	Butte & Superior	17¾	17¾	17¼	17¼	−¾
12	12⅞	700	California Petrol	12⅞	12⅞	12¼	12¼	−⅝
36	38	400	California Pet. pf	37⅛	37⅛	36⅞	37⅛	+¼
..	54	20	Canada Southern	51	51	51	51	...
134⅝	135	3,100	Canadian Pacific	135	136	134¼	134⅞	−⅞
24	24½	500	Central Foundry	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	...
36	40	50	Central Foundry pf	36	36	36	36	...
67	67¼	12,600	Central Leather Co	67½	69¼	67⅛	67⅛	−⅜
30⅞	31	500	Cerro de Pasco	31½	31½	31	31	−¾
64	64½	800	Chandler Motor	63⅝	64½	63⅝	64½	+1¼
47½	48	700	Chesapeake & Ohio	48¼	48⅝	48	48	−½
20½	21	100	Chi. Great West. pf	20½	20½	20½	20½	−½
37⅞	38	8,900	Chi., Mil. & St. P	39⅜	39⅜	37⅞	38	−1¼
74½	75¼	800	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	75½	76	74⅝	74¾	−1¼
95	96	900	Chi. & Northwest	96	96	95	95	−1
19	19½	2,000	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c	19¼	19⅞	19	19	−¼
51½	52	900	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c	52	52½	52	52	+⅛
42	42½	400	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c	42¼	42½	42¼	42¼	+½
14⅝	15	2,400	Chile Copper	14⅝	15¼	14⅝	14⅞	+¼
41	41½	1,700	Chino Copper	41⅞	42¼	41½	41½	...
34	35	1,300	Col. Fuel & Iron	34	34⅞	34	34⅜	−⅛
30⅝	30⅞	300	Columbia Gas & El	31	31¼	30⅞	30⅞	−⅛
85½	86⅝	700	Consolidated Gas	87	87½	87	87¼	−½
11	11½	100	Con. Int. Cal. Min	11½	11¾	11¾	11¾	+1½
28½	28⅝	8,400	Corn Products Ref	29½	29⅝	28¼	28⅝	−⅞
90	91	10	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	91	91	91	91	...
55⅝	56⅛	5,300	Crucible Steel	57	57¾	55½	56¼	−1
87	94	100	Crucible Steel pf	88	88	88	88	+2
28⅝	29	13,500	Cuba Cane Sugar	28¾	30½	28¾	28¾	...
77½	79	800	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	78⅞	79	78¼	78⅞	−⅛
95	97	400	Deere & Co. pf	95	95¾	95	95	−½
92¼	93	3,900	Del. & Hudson	93	94	92	92⅝	−⅜
183	190	400	Del., Lack & West	185	185	185	185	+2
..	95	100	Detroit United Ry	93	93	93	93	...
36	36⅞	11,800	Distillers' Secur	36½	37¾	36	36	...
6⅞	7	2,100	Dome Mines	6⅞	7	6⅞	7	+¼
2⅝	3½	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	...
14¼	14⅛	4,300	Erie	15	15¼	14⅜	14⅜	−⅝
23¼	23½	400	Erie 1st pf	24	24	23⅝	23⅝	−⅞
16½	18	300	Erie 2d pf	18½	18½	18	18	−⅝
35½	36	600	Gaston, W. & W	35	36	35	36	+1
160	175	100	General Chemical	175	175	175	175	+15
95	105	100	Gene. Chemical pf	100	100	100	100	+1
128⅝	130	3,500	General Electric	128	130⅝	128	128⅝	−2⅜
92⅞	93	13,700	General Motors	89	94⅛	89	92⅞	+2⅞
35¼	36¼	900	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	36½	36½	35½	35½	−½
91	93	200	Goodrich pf	93½	93½	93	93	−5
66	70	100	Granby Consol	66⅛	66⅛	66⅛	66⅛	+⅝
91½	92	1,100	Great Northern pf	92	92⅝	92	92	−½
26½	26⅝	5,000	G. N. ctfs. for o. p	25½	27⅝	25½	26½	+½
36	38	600	Greene-Cananea	37	37⅛	36½	37⅛	+1⅛
87½	89	800	Gulf States Steel	86¼	88⅞	86¼	88	+1⅜
94	95½	100	Illinois Central	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	+2¾
43¼	44	1,500	Inspiration Copper	44	44⅛	43⅝	43⅝	−⅝
7¼	7¾	700	Interboro Consol	7½	7½	7½	7½	...
33	38	100	Int., Agricultural pf	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	+⅜
25¼	25⅝	6,100	Int. Mer. Marine	25⅝	26⅝	25½	25½	−½
96⅝	96¾	49,900	Int. Mer. Marine pf	97½	99⅝	96½	96½	−2¼
26½	27	1,700	Int. Nickel	27½	27½	27	27	−⅝
22	23	300	Int. Paper	23½	23⅝	23½	23½	...
55½	56	200	Int. Paper pf. sta	57	57	56	56	−1¼
62	65	200	Int. Salt	61	61	61	61	+1
16⅞	17¼	700	Kansas City South	17⅜	17⅜	17	17⅛	+¼
44	50	100	Kan. City South. pf	47	47	47	47	+¼
41	42½	300	Kelly Spring. Tire	42	42	41	41	−½
32⅝	32⅞	4,000	Kennecott Copper	33	34	32⅞	32⅞	−⅝
78	78¼	3,800	Lackawanna Steel	79½	80	78	78	−1
54⅝	55¼	900	Lehigh Valley	54⅞	55⅝	54⅝	55¼	+⅝
100	101½	100	Liggett & Myers pf	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	+⅝
116	117½	200	Louis. & Nash	119⅝	119⅝	119⅝	119⅝	−⅜
100	102½	100	Manhattan Elev	100	100	100	100	−¾
23	24½	1,100	Maxwell Motors	24	25¼	23⅛	23⅛	−1⅞
53	56	200	Max. Motors 1st pf	55	56	55	56	+1⅝
14	15½	800	Max. Motors 2d pf	15⅛	16⅛	15⅛	16	+½
78	78½	6,500	Mexican Petroleum	79	79½	77⅞	78	−1½
28½	29	600	Miami Copper	29	29	28⅝	28⅝	+⅜
44	44½	3,800	Midvale Steel	45	45⅛	44	44⅛	−⅝
82	84	50	M., St. P. & S. S. M	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	...
24¼	24½	3,600	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs	24¼	24⅝	24¼	24¼	−⅝
41	41¼	1,100	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs	41¼	41⅝	41	41⅝	+⅜
66	66⅞	100	Montana Power	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝	+¼
25¼	27	100	Nat. Acme	26½	26½	26½	26½	...
23¼	23⅝	4,200	Nat. Cond. & Cable	22½	24¼	22¼	23¼	+1
36½	37⅛	1,900	Nat. Enam. & St	37½	37¾	36⅝	36⅝	−¼
43	43¼	300	Nat. Lead	43¼	43½	43¼	43¼	−1
5⅜	6⅜	100	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	...
17¼	17½	1,800	Nevada Con. Cop	17⅞	17⅞	17½	17½	...
112	113½	300	N. Y. Air Brake	113	113	112	112	−2
70⅞	71	900	N. Y. Central	71⅜	71⅜	71	71	−1
27½	27⅞	2,100	N. Y., N. H. & H	27⅛	27⅞	27⅛	27⅝	...
20	21	500	N. Y., Ont. & West	20½	20⅝	20½	20⅝	+¼
105	106	1,300	Norfolk & Western	105	105½	105	105¼	+¼
87	87¼	300	Northern Pacific	87⅜	87⅜	87⅛	87⅛	−⅜
62⅞	..	200	Nova Scotia S. & C	64	64	64	64	+3½
36	36⅛	3,900	Ohio Cities Gas	36⅛	36⅜	36⅛	36¼	−¼
67	72	300	Owens Bottle Mach	69½	69½	69	69	−½
47	47¼	1,700	Penn. R. R	47¼	47⅜	47	47	...
39⅜	40	100	People's Gas, Chi	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜	−⅜
27½	28	510	Philadelphia Co	28⅜	28⅜	27⅞	27⅞	−⅛
55	65	100	P., C., C. & St. L	60	60	60	60	...
44½	44½	400	Pittsburgh Coal	45¼	45¼	45	45	−1
78	80	300	Pitts. Coal pf	80	80	80	80	...
22¼	22⅜	900	Pitts. & West Va	22½	22¾	22⅜	22⅝	−⅜
22¼	22¾	40	Do., odd lot	23	23	23	23	...
55½	56	500	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	57	57	55½	55½	−1½
18	19	100	Pond Cr. Coal t. c	17	17	17	17	−1
55	56	200	Pressed Steel Car	56⅝	56⅝	56	56	...
126½	129	600	Pullman Co	129⅝	129⅝	128	128	−1½
⅜	⅞	100	Quicksilver pf	¾	¾	¾	¾	−¼
42⅝	43⅜	1,300	Railway Steel Sp	41½	43½	41½	43½	+8
22¼	22⅜	2,200	Ray Con. Copper	22½	22⅝	22½	22½	−⅛
72⅝	72½	32,300	Reading	72	73⅜	71⅝	72⅝	+⅝
73⅜	73½	6,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	74⅛	75	73¼	73½	−⅞
90	95	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf	94	94	94	94	...
70	71⅞	1,200	Royal Dutch t r	70⅝	71⅜	69¼	71⅜	+⅜
15	15¼	200	St. Louis-San Fran	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	+¼
59	60	100	Savage Arms	59½	59½	59½	59½	+3½
5	5¼	100	Saxon Motor	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	−⅛
8⅜	9¼	200	Seaboard Air Line	9	9	9	9	−½
18⅜	19	400	Seab. Air Line pf	19	19¼	19	19	+½
140½	140⅞	400	Sears, Roeb. & Co	142	142	141	141	−1
20	20¼	600	Shattuck-Arizona	20	20⅜	19⅞	19⅞	−⅛
31½	31⅞	700	Sinclair Oil & Ref	32	32	31⅞	32	...
35	39	100	Sloss-S. Steel & I	37	37	37	37	+½
83¼	83⅝	1,400	Southern Pacific	84	84	83¼	83½	−½
24⅞	25	1,200	Southern Railway	25	25¼	25	25	−¼
57	57½	200	Southern Ry. pf	58	58	57⅞	57⅞	−⅜
39½	40	7,300	Studebaker Co	39	41¼	38⅜	39½	+⅜
..	95	100	Studebaker Co. pf	85	85	85	85	−5
36¼	36⅝	5,400	Superior Steel	34⅞	37⅛	34½	36⅜	+2¼
12¼	12⅜	200	Tenn. C. & C	12⅝	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝	−⅛
142⅝	143½	4,200	Texas Co	143	145	142⅝	143	−¾
47⅝	48⅜	5,100	Tobacco Products	47⅞	49⅜	47⅝	47⅝	+⅛
110¼	113⅝	100	Underw. Typew. pf	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	+½
116	116½	1,900	Union Pacific	116¼	117	116	116	−⅛
86½	87½	2,300	United Cigar Stores	87⅝	89	86½	86⅝	−⅜
6⅛	6⅝	100	United Rys. Invest	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	+⅜
14½	16	300	United Rys. Inv. pf	15	15	14½	14½	−½
11½	12	800	U. S. C. I. P. & F	11⅝	12½	11⅝	11⅝	+¼
111	112½	3,300	U. S. Indus. Alco	112	113	110½	111¼	−¾
90	93	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	92½	92½	92½	92½	+1½
51½	52	1,600	U. S. Rubber	51½	52⅜	51½	51¼	...
45¼	46¼	400	U. S. Sm., R. & M	46	46	45½	45½	−½
96⅝	96¾	134,600	U. S. Steel	97⅛	98	96⅜	96½	−½
108½	110⅜	100	U. S. Steel pf	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	−1¼
77⅝	78⅛	3,200	Utah Copper	78⅞	79¼	77⅞	78⅛	−1
12	12⅝	100	Utah Securities	12	12	12	12	...
30	31	200	Va.-Car. Chemical	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	−⅜
52½	55	200	Va. Iron, Coal & C	52	52½	52	52½	+½
8⅜	9	600	Wabash	9	9	8⅜	8⅜	...
41⅝	42	1,200	Wabash pf. A	41⅞	41⅞	41⅛	41⅝	+⅜
14⅛	14½	700	Western Maryland	14⅛	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝	+⅛
25½	26	200	West. Md. 2d pf	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	...
82⅝	84	200	Western Union Tel	83	83	82½	82½	−½
38⅝	39	3,800	Westingh. E. & M	39⅜	39⅝	39	39	−⅝
56	64	100	Westingh. 1st pf	57	57	57	57	+1
10⅛	11	100	Wheeling & L. E	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	−⅜
46	48	400	Wilson & Co	48⅛	49⅛	47	47	−⅜
17⅝	18⅛	5,900	Willys-Overland	17⅞	18½	17⅝	18	+⅜
69	71	500	Willys-Overland pf	70	70	70	70	...
109	110½	300	Woolw., (F.W.) Co	110¼	110½	110¼	110¼	−1½
30¼	32¼	300	Worthington Pump	30⅝	31	30⅝	31	+⅜

ASKS FAIR PLAY FOR ROADS.

F. H. Sisson Says Only Alternative Is Government Ownership.

Speaking yesterday at a luncheon of the National Association of Chair Manufacturers at the Hotel Astor, Vice President Francis H. Sisson of the Guaranty Trust Company told his hearers that unless the railroads received a fair return on their operations the only refuge from widespreading commercial disaster would be Government ownership.

"Pay the railroads a living wage," Mr. Sisson said. "See to it that recriminations end, and let us get together on some constructive program. Unless we do, the railroads of this country will either break under the strain, causing widespread commercial disaster, or be taken over by the Government."

Pending development of a constructive program, Mr. Sisson proposed increased rates, Federal regulation, not only of rates, but also of wages and security issues, and the repeal of anti-trust acts as applied to the roads. "After a taste of the efficiency demonstrated by the Railroad's War Board from centralized and co-ordinated operation, made possible by governmental sanction," he said, "the public will never be satisfied to go back to the archaic state of competition that is still compelled by the statute books."

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	59.59	59.07	59.17	−.14
25 industrials	72.14	70.64	71.02	−.48
50 stocks	65.86	64.85	65.09	−.31

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 22	65.86	64.85	65.09	−.31
Nov. 21	65.89	64.39	65.40	+.65
Nov. 20	65.18	63.81	64.75	+.98
Nov. 19	63.89	62.77	63.77	+1.02
Nov. 17	62.94	62.43	62.75	+.66
Nov. 16	62.48	61.74	62.09	−.04
Nov. 15	62.43	61.89	62.13	+.04

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Nov.	High.	Low.	Last.
1917	66.05 Nov. 1	60.42 Nov. 5	65.09
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	97.77 Nov. 1	97.55
1915	93.51 Nov. 1	85.76 Nov. 10	90.39
1914	Exchange closed.		
1913	67.80 Nov. 1	65.60 Nov. 10	66.51
1912	84.12 Nov. 7	81.10 Nov. 12	82.37
1911	78.98 Nov. 24	74.14 Nov. 1	77.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Sept.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	90.46 Jan. 4	60.42 Nov. 5	65.09
†1916	101.51 Nov. 20	90.91 Sep. 22	95.49
Full Years.			
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80 Jan. 31	67.41 July 30	60.20
1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10	68.08
1912	85.82 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41 June 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Nov. 22...77.13 +.07	Nov. 14...77.11 −.20
Nov. 21...77.06 +.19	Nov. 13...77.31 −.00
Nov. 20...76.87 +.14	Nov. 12...77.40 −..
Nov. 19...76.73 +.01	Nov. 10...77.40 −.03
Nov. 17...76.72 −.17	Nov. 9...77.43 −.03
Nov. 16...76.89 −.16	Nov. 8...77.46 −.33
Nov. 15...77.05 −.06	Nov. 7...77.79 −.05

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Sept.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	88.48 Jan. 26	76.72 Nov. 17	77.13
†1916	89.03 Nov. 20	86.19 Apr. 23	89.00
Full Years.			
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 23	88.84
1915	87.62 Nov. 24	81.51 Jan. 2	86.07
1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18	86.84

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Interlocking Income Taxes.

There is considerable complaint in British financial circles over the manner in which the United States Treasury Department under our tax law levies the corporation and income taxes on the earnings here of British corporations whose domicile and principal business is within the British Empire. It is pointed out that the United States law is so much more inclusive in this respect than the British that British firms doing an international business are frequently handicapped in competition with American firms by having to pay two sets of taxes where the American pays only one.

Treasury Certificates Redeemed.

Of the $385,000,000 of Treasury certificates of indebtedness which fell due yesterday, $130,400,000 were redeemed at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Subscriptions for that issue in this district totaled between $150,000,000 and $200,000,000, and a large amount was turned in Thursday of last week in payment of Liberty Loan subscriptions.

Erie Not to Sell Bonds.

Although the New Jersey Public Service Commission has granted the Erie Railroad authority to issue $15,000,000 of twenty-year 6 per cent. refunding and improvement bonds, it was said yesterday by bankers that the road did not contemplate any new financing at present, but that, with the formalities settled, it would be in a position to offer securities, should such a step be deemed desirable in the future. Other railroad and industrial concerns are considering plans for new financing, but no definite action is likely to be taken until investment market conditions become more favorable.

New Low Record for Lire.

Italian exchange, which has been declining for some time, reached a new low record yesterday, when 8.94 lire to the dollar was quoted. The parity of exchange is 5.18, and the depreciation at the low figure is about 42 per cent. The closing rate for checks was 8.91½, the same as on Wednesday, with cables at 8.90½.

Shipping or Shipbuilding?

The big British financial interest that is primarily centred in the shipping industry, from indications reaching this country, continues to be much agitated over the question of the employment of British shipyards after the war. The argument was precipitated by the placing of a series of big orders for tonnage in British yards, for delivery after the war, by Norwegian interests. The Norwegian capitalists, it is explained, are quite willing to let their money lie idle, or, rather, to let the British builders have the use of it for the present, in order to make sure of getting their ships, because in this way it is exempted from the heavy Norwegian taxes, which are not levied on "reconstruction" work, in which classification shipbuilding is listed.

Who Gets First Chance?

The first outcry was raised on behalf of the British shipping companies, which have no mind to see British yards filled with tonnage to fly a foreign flag while their own needs in the way of replacement of shipping lost in the war are neglected. They admit that Norwegian shipping interests have been very "friendly" during the war, but they want to see the British merchant marine restored first. But since then the builders have been heard from. They are getting, admittedly, much higher prices for these Norwegian contracts than British shipowners, under their burden of war taxes, can afford to pay, besides having the use of so much free capital until the war ends, and they argue that it is just as much to the benefit of Britain to have a prosperous shipbuilding industry as to have a quickly restored merchant marine. Over here this particular controversy has not arisen, for the simple reason that the United States Government is running the whole business.

Shortage of Pennies.

Despite the fact that the Government mints are turning out one-cent pieces as fast as they can, the shortage of these coins has not been abated. Every day the Sub-Treasury in Wall Street receives large orders for pennies which it cannot fill. The practice followed is to distribute all available coins of that denomination among the many applicants. An official suggested yesterday that if the shortage continued much longer department stores might find it necessary to sell $2.49 articles at $2.50. With the view of conserving the gold supply, banks are advising their customers not to distribute gold coins as Christmas gifts this year, but instead to use War Savings Certificates or Liberty bonds.

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£137,000
Circulation increased	114,000
Bullion increased	250,879
Other securities increased	1,855,000
Other deposits increased	2,065,000
Public deposits decreased	49,000
Notes reserve increased	207,000
Government securities increased	14,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 19.32 per cent.; last week it was 19.48 per cent. Rate of discount, 5 per cent.

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	1,162,000
Silver in hand decreased	1,484,000
Notes in circulation increased	68,610,000
Treasury deposits increased	19,507,000
General deposits increased	89,275,000
Bills discounted decreased	16,478,000
Advances increased	2,345,000

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, NOV. 22, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$4,725,500	$6,882,000	Holiday
Year to date	916,849,950	1,031,114,000	819,296,700

U S Liberty 3½s, int ctfs, f p
$12000...99
9000...98.98
20000...99
102000...98.98
6000...99
5000...98.98
40000...98.96
8000...98.94
3000...98.96
7000...98.94
3000...98.98
164000...99
2000...98.96
5000...98.92
5000...98.94
16000...98.92
4000...98.90
11000...98.92
72000...98.96
10000...98.94
5000...98.92
500...99
4000...98.92
40000...98.96
3000...98.92
10000...98.94
5000...98.96
12000...98.98
35000...98.92
1000...98.90

U S Liberty 4s
212000...98.06
22000...98.06
5000...98.04
10000 c...98.20
10000...98.04
50000...98
42000...98.02
13000...98.04
23000...98.02
13000...98.04
313000...98.02
22000...98
17000...98.02
500...99
500...99
65000...98
3000...98.02
500...99
40000...98
6000...98.02
1000...98
2000...98.02
10000...98.04
14000...98.02
211000...98
101000...98.04
47000...98
7000...98.02
28000...98
2000...98.06
1000...98.02
24000...98
5000...98.02
25000...98
10000...98.02
38000...98
5000...98.02
2000...98.04
3000...98.02
96000...98
42000...97.98
23000...98
1000...98.02
500...98.60
500...98.60
42000...98
2000...98.04
10000...98.02
23000...98
18000...98.02
88000...98
2000...98.02
41000...98
6000...98.02
18000...98.04

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:
Am For Sec 5s
40.....93¾
2.....93¾
Anglo-Fr 5s
1.....90⅞
4.....90⅞
40.....90⅞
48.....90⅝
½.....91
6.....90½
1.....90⅝
11.....90½
12.....90⅝
50.....90½
5.....90⅜

CityofBord6s
4.....83¼
1.....83⅜
31.....83⅜
8.....83
CityofLyons6s
1.....83¼
28.....83⅜
10.....83
4.....83⅜
CityofMars6s
1.....83¼
13.....83⅜
3.....83½
15.....83¼
10.....83
CityofParis6s
3.....84⅛
2.....84
1.....84⅛
1.....84⅛
4.....84⅛
1.....84⅛
2.....84⅛
1.....84⅛
7.....84⅛
17.....84
11.....83⅞
DomofCan5s, 1921
1.....93⅞
1926
12.....90⅛
5.....90
1931
2.....90⅛
French Govt temp 5½s
4.....95¼
15.....95
5.....94⅝
5.....95
5.....94⅝
17.....94½
10.....94⅞
88.....94
10.....94¼
10.....94¼
5.....94⅜
4.....94¼
JapGovt4½s, sterl loan
2.....88⅜
UnKingofGt Br & Ire 5s
15.....97⅝
21.....97⅞
5½s, 1918
174.....99⅞
90.....99⅞
75.....99⅞
5½s, 1919
25.....96
5.....95⅞
1.....95⅞
1.....95½
new
5.....97½
4.....97⅜
26.....98
3.....97⅞
85.....98
29.....98¼
2.....98
5½s, 1921
6.....92¼
10.....92⅞
13.....93
10.....92⅞
21.....93
1.....92⅞
10.....92⅞
20.....92⅞
20.....92½
NYCity4s,1957
3.....90
4s, 1958
1.....89⅞
4¼s, 1960
3.....93
4½s,May,1957
2.....98
Nov, 1957
1.....98
4½s, 1963
10.....98

AmSm&Ref temp1st5s
2.....87
AmT&Tcol4s
1.....81⅞
col tr 5s
3.....92⅝
1.....92⅞
10.....92⅞
3.....92⅞
½.....93
½.....93
2.....93
AmThread4s
20.....96¼
Arm&Co4½s
1.....84⅝
2.....85
At,Top&SFe adj 4s
1.....72⅝
B&Oprlien3½s
10.....85½
Beth Steel 1st&ref5s
4.....88⅛
purmoney5s
1.....80
10.....79
BRT5s,1918
2.....90⅝
2.....90⅝
4.....91
Cent Leath 5s
6.....95
CerrodePasco Cop cv 6s
3.....103
C&Ogen4½s
1.....74
conv 5s
28.....74
5.....73⅝
10.....73½
1.....73⅝
1.....73⅝
5.....73½
½.....76
4.....74
1.....73¼
15.....73¾
10.....73
C,B&Qgen4s
2.....82
joint 4s
4.....93¼
3.....93⅜
7.....93⅛
49.....93⅛
1.....93
28.....93⅛
Neb ext 4s
1.....92
Chi,Mil&StP conv 4½s
1.....72
4.....72½
ref 4½s
2.....68
C&PW5s
8.....98
C&NWgen4s
9.....79½
C,RI&PRy ref 4s
11.....62⅞
Chile Cop 7s
5.....100⅞
10.....101
2.....100
6s,rcts,partpd
10.....78⅛
1.....78⅞
C,C,C&StL gen 4s
1.....59¼
ConGascv6s
2.....100⅜
CornProdRef sf5s, 1931
1.....97⅝
Cumb Tel 5s
3.....90
D&H1st&ref4s
10.....85⅝
DistSecCorp5s
18.....73

Erie1stcon4s
3.....68
1st gen 4s
1.....49⅞
cv4s,SerB
19.....39⅞
cv4s,SerD
½.....47
2.....45
GenElecdeb5s
3.....97
Hud&M1st& ref5s,SerA
2.....31½
1.....51⅛
Int-Met 4½s
18.....53⅜
IRT1st&ref5s
4.....78⅛
1.....79
1.....78⅞
12.....79
3.....79⅛
1.....80
9.....79⅞
KanCitySo5s
2.....75½
LackS5s,1950
1.....89
LS&MSo3½s
1.....75½
4s, 1928
2.....85⅞
4s, 1931
2.....84⅞
Ligg & M 7s
3.....111
LorillardCo7s
3.....111½
Midvale Steel col tr 5s
3.....84⅝
5.....85
2.....84⅝
M&StL1st7s
1.....108
con 5s
1.....74
Mo,K&O1st5s
1.....68
Mo,K&T1st4s
11.....58⅛
1.....58
MoPacgen4s
27.....54¼
1.....54⅛
34.....54⅛
19.....54⅛
1st&ref5s, '26
1.....88⅛
1965
1.....85
NOTerm1st4s
2.....58
NO,T&MInc5s
2.....35
NYCentdeb6s
5.....95⅜
5.....93⅛
2.....93⅝
12.....93½
2.....93⅝
deb4s,1934
1.....79
NY,Chi&StL 1st 4s, reg
2.....84⅛
NYTel4½s
5.....89
4.....89½
1.....90
Nor Pac 4s
2.....82⅞
Nor Pac 3s
6.....59⅞
PRRcon4½s
1.....97¼
gen 4½s
6.....90⅞
11.....90¼
5.....90⅛
Peo&EInc4s, ctfs of dep
1.....10
PereMar1st5s
2.....81⅛

PubServCorp sink fund 5s
1.....80
Rdg gen 4s
8.....85⅛
2.....85⅛
StL,IrMt&So gen 5s
2.....91⅛
unify&ref4s
1.....72½
StL&SFrprin 4s, Ser A
10.....55
5.....55⅛
10.....55⅛
2.....55⅛
5.....55⅛
prin5s,SerB
1.....72
2.....71⅞
adjust 6s
22.....59⅜
15.....59⅜
St L S W 1st term 5s
1.....59
StP&NPac6s
1.....103½
SeabALad5s
10.....44
SinclairO&R 1stsf7s,w war
2.....92
1.....93⅛
So Pac cv 4s
4.....76⅝
12.....76⅝
conv 5s
3.....89
6.....89⅛
6.....89
1st ref 4s
3.....79½
So Ry 1st 5s
15.....92
gen 4s
12.....63
Un Pac 1st 4s
1.....88⅛
3.....88⅛
1st & ref 4s
1.....79⅛
1.....79⅛
USRubber1st & ref 5s
6.....75⅝
5.....75⅝
1.....75⅝
1.....75⅝
8.....75⅝
2.....75⅝
43.....75⅝
14.....75⅝
18.....75⅝
4.....75⅝
8.....75⅝
10.....75⅝
10.....75⅝
23.....75⅝
USSmRef&M conv6%notes
2.....100
USSteelCorp s f 5s
14.....99
Va-CarC1st5s
2.....94¼
VirgnRy1st5s
1.....92
Wabash1st5s
1.....94⅛
2d 5s
1.....88
West Md 4s
5.....58
WestShore4s registered
3.....80⅝
1.....75
WUTelcoltr5s
2.....93
Wilson&Co 1st 6s
5.....96
1.....96⅝

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96¾	97
2s, c, 1930	96½	97
3s, r, 1918	99	..
3s, c, 1918	99	..
3s, r, 1946	84	..
3s, 1946, c	85	..
4s, r, 1925	104	..
4s, c, 1925	104	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	96	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	80	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea 1st pf	90	92
Adams Ex.	70	80
Ad Rumely pf	20	22
Alaska J	2¾	3
Alls & W.	91½	..
Allis-Ch M pf	71	72¼
Am Ag Ch	75	77
Do pf	91⅛	95
Am B N	33	37
Do pf	40	46
Am B Sug pf	90	93
Am B S & Fdy	..	97
Do pf	155	166
Am Can pf	92½	97
Am C & F pf	104	108½
Am Cit pf	..	20
Am Coal	38	..
Am Cot Oil pf	78	80
Am Exp	80	90
Am Ice pf	38	39½
Am Lo pf	96	100
Am Malt	12½	13½
Am Sm pf A	92	94½
Am S & R pf	102	104
Am Snuff	100½	103½
Do pf	..	96
Am Shipb	89	91
Do pf	..	93½
Am Sug R pf	108	109
Am S Tob pf	80	83
Am T & C	54	60
Am Tob	172	174½
Do pf	94	98
Am Z pf	42½	45
Assets R	1	1⅛
Asso D G 1st pf	47½	53⅛
Assoc Oil	53⅝	65
A B & A	8⅝	10
A G & W I pf	59¼	60½
Bald Lo pf	96	101
Batop M	1	1⅛
Beth Steel	80	85
Do pf	86½	90
Brown Sh	61½	65½
Do pf	88⅛	95
Bruns Ter	6¼	6⅞
B R & P	70	89⅞
Do pf	100	..
Burns Bros pf	110	120
Bush Ter	..	100
Butt'k Co	10	10½
Calif Pkg	35	..
Cal & Ariz	65	68
C C & O	..	22
Do pf	..	50

	Bid.	Asked.
Case (J I) pf	..	78
C R R of N J	207	231
C & S A Tel	98	102
Chi & Alt	7	10
Do pf	10	20
Chi Gt W	7	7½
C & N W pf	143	145
Chi, St P, M & Om	60	80
Do pf	100	130
C, C, C & St L	28	33
Do pf	60	75
Cl & Pitts	..	83½
Clu-Peab	48	50
Do pf	88½	100
Col & So	20	22
Do 1st pf	45	48
Do 2d pf	40	50
Comp T R	28½	31½
Con G, E	96½	106
Cont Can	90	94
Do pf	95	102
Cont Ins	42	45
Crex Carp	38	45
Crip C C	..	82
Do pf	..	82
C-Am Sug	137½	160
Do pf	90	100
D & R G	5	7
Do pf	12	13
Det Ed	105¼	107
D, S S & A pf	5	7
Elec S B	48	53
Elk H Coal	20	28⅝
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S	13¼	18
Do pf	85	87
Fisher Bdy	20	34
Do pf	75	80
Gen Cigar	30	35
Do pf	90	100
Gen M pf	75	76
Gulf S S 1st pf	100	102
Do 2d pf	82½	160
G, M & N	11	14
Do pf	30	43
Hartman	42	42½
Hask & B	28⅝	30¼
Homestake	95	99¾
Int-Cons pf	45	45¼
Int Agric	10	13
I H, N J	105⅝	107½
Do pf	107	118
Int H Cor	55	60
Do pf	97	100
Int N pf	90	99
Int Pa pf	65	75
Iowa Cent	2	4
Isl C Coal	..	75
Jewel Tea	32	35
Do pf	90	95

	Bid.	Asked.
K C, Ft S & M pf	..	68
Kelly S T pf	77	83
Kelsey Wh	16	30
Do pf	70	85
K & D M	2⅝	7
Do pf	..	50
K'gs Co El L & P	95	100
Kress (S H)	46	55
Do pf	98	105⅝
Lacl Gas	81	90
L E & W	8⅝	9⅝
Do pf	17	25
L R & T	11¼	12
Ligg & M	170	200
L Isl ctfs	34	45
L-W Bisc	13⅝	15½
Do 1st pf	..	84
Do 2d pf	80	84
Lorill'd Co	179	183
Do pf	100	120
M'kay Cos	72	80
Do pf	58	63
Mah C R	350	..
Man B'ch	⅜	4
Man El S	..	43
Do 1st pf	..	96⅝
M Dep Sts	46⅞	52½
Do pf	90	103
Mex Pet pf	85	86
Mich Cent	..	109
M & St L	9⅞	10
M, St P & S S M pf	101	117
Do l l	60	70
M, K & T	4¼	4⅝
Do pf	7½	8
Mon V Tr	..	18
Mon P pf	97	..
Mor & Es	..	80
N, C & St L	110	122
Nat Bisc	82	87
Do pf	104⅞	107
Nat C & S	56½	62
Do pf	94	100
Nat En pf	93	100
Nat L pf	100⅝	103
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	..	21
N O, T & Mex	20	22
N Y, C & St L	15½	17½
Do 1st pf	..	79
Do 2d pf	40	49
N Y Dock	12	15
Do pf	37	48
N Y, L & West	100	123
Norf So	21	22
N & W pf	75	80
North Am	46	48
N W Tel	..	60
Ohio F S	..	43
Ont Mining	4½	4⅝
Owens B M pf	108	..
Pac Coast	40	50
Do 1st pf	68	90
Do 2d pf	58	80
Pac Mail	24⅝	25
Do pf	90	107
P, T & T	16	19½
Do pf	..	96
Pan-Am P & T pf	86	89
Peo & E	4	6

	Bid.	Asked.
Pere Marq	14	14½
Do pr pf	45	60
Do pf	30	39
Pett-Mull	25	..
Do 1st pf	90	96
Pierce-Ar	31¼	32
Do pf	89	95
P, Ft W & C	..	150
Pitts S pf	85	94
Pr Stl Car pf	94	95
P S, N J	107	110
Quicksilver	⅝	¾
Ry Stl Spr pf	90	94
Rdg 1st pf	34½	40
Do 2d pf	36	39
St L S F pf	25	29
St L S W	20	23
Do pf	30	40
Sears-R pf	116	118
S-S S & I pf	78	100
So P R S	153	160
Do pf	100	106
St'd Mill	75	85
Do pf	79	88
Stuts Mtr	35⅜	38
Sup Stl 1st pf	96⅛	100
Tex Pac	12	14¼
T P L Tr	130	..
Third Av	17	18
Tide W O	165	175
Tob P pf	88	90
T, St L & West	..	10
Do ctfs	2	6
Do pf	5	15
Do pf c	7	15
Tran & W	36½	40
T C R T	73	74
Do pf	100	125
Und Type	88	98
U B & P	8⅛	10⅛
Do new	63	70
Un Pac pf	71	74⅝
U Alloy S	36⅛	37⅛
Un Cig Sts pf	102⅛	115
Un Drug	68	70
Do 1st pf	50	51½
Do 2d pf	75	80
Un Fruit	117⅛	120
Un P'board	17⅛	18¼
U S C I P pf	47⅞	51¼
U S Exp	14	18
U S R & I	10	12
U S R 1st pf	96	98
U S Sm pf	44	50
Va-Car Ch pf	98	104
Wab pf B	21⅛	22
W F Exp	73	79
West Pac	13	14
Do pf	38	..
West A B	92	97
W & L E pf	20	22
White Mtr	36¼	38
W & Co pf	94	98
Wis Cent	37	38
W'w'th (F W) pf	116	118
Wor Pump pf A	86	92
Do pf B	53	54½

INSURANCE HEADS TO MEET.

Convention of Life Presidents Will Open Here on Dec. 6.

"Life Insurance and the Nation's Problems—Now and After the War" will be the general topic of discussion at the eleventh annual convention of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents, to be held at the Hotel Astor on Dec. 6 and 7. Representatives of the Federal Government and of State and municipal governments, as well as transportation, agricultural, and medical experts, will join the insurance men in the conferences on the various problems involved.

Consideration will be given to the ways in which trust funds of American policy holders have contributed to national preparedness in the past through investments in railroad securities, farm mortgages, city real estate mortgages, public utilities, State and municipal bonds; how those funds—now totaling about $6,000,000,000—are at present supporting the nation in the conduct of the war, with a forward look into the manner of their use in meeting after-war conditions.

The following are among the addresses that will be delivered: "War Savings," by Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank and Chairman of the War Savings Committee; "Financial and Physical Needs of American Railroads in the World's Reconstruction Period," by Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; "Safeguarding the Owners of the Securities of the Railroads of the Country," by S. Davies Warfield of Baltimore, Md.; "Requirements of American Agriculture After the War," by Herbert Quick of the Federal Farm Loan Board; "Life Insurance and the War," by William A. Hutcheson, Second Vice President of the Mutual Life Insurance Company; "Governmental War Insurance and War Taxation," by George E. Ide, President of the Home Life Insurance Company; "Reclamation of Men Rejected by the Draft and Its Relation to Life Insurance," by Dr. John H. Quayle of Cleveland, Ohio.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.12	5.38
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian North.	1917-'26	4½@5	7.00	5.00
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.70	5.70
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.40	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.60	5.00
Chi., R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.75	5.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.75	5.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.50	5.50
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	7.00	5.50
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.75	5.25
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.25
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.75	5.00
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.00	5.00
Louis. & Nash	1917-'23	5	5.60	5.00
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.00	5.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1917-'23	5	6.75	5.75
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.75	5.75
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.50
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.65
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.50	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	6.75	5.75
Penn. Gen. F'ght	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.50	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	5.75	5.75
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.75	5.75
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.60	5.00
Southern Ry.	1917-'24	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.50	5.50

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Indian Refining Company has declared a dividend of 3 per cent. on the common stock, the first dividend on the common stock since October, 1911.

At a special meeting of the Detroit Edison Company, held yesterday, stockholders authorized the issuance of $9,000,000 of debenture bonds to provide from time to time for the financial needs of the company.

The Commonwealth-Light and Power Company has acquired the property of the Liberal Light, Ice and Power Company of Kansas.

Application has been made to the Stock Exchange to list Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgh Railway Company $2,435,000 additional consolidated 4½ per cent. bonds, due May 1, 1957.

William A. Read & Co. have sold $750,000 Toronto Railway Company one-year 6 per cent. sinking fund notes, offered Wednesday.

Ex-Governor Foss of Massachusetts has resigned as Director and President of the Mead Morrison Manufacturing Company and Frank P. Carpenter of Manchester, N. H., has been elected to succeed him.

The Calumet and Arizona Mining Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of $2. For the last year an extra dividend of $1 quarterly had been declared.

William J. Butler has been admitted to general partnership in the firm of C. E. Welles & Co.

The All Americas Association has increased its capital from $50,000 to $1,000,000, instead of from $50,000 to $100,000, as stated in yesterday's TIMES.

A Larger Income with a Smaller Capital

The man with $1,000 today can invest conservatively and get as good, if not a better, income return than he could with $1,500 a few years ago. To help meet the increased cost of living, investors should make every endeavor to get the maximum income present-day investment conditions make possible.

Write for our latest list of securities No. G-23.

A. B. Leach & Company
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Investment Securities
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investors with funds available can purchase some of the strongest bonds, notes, and preferred stocks at prices, compared with a year or so ago, that are most attractive. The difference between present and former prices in the great majority of cases more than discounts the new taxes to be paid.

Write for our recommendations.

Hemphill, White & Chamberlain
Members New York Exchange.
37 Wall Street, New York

Income Tax at a Glance

We have devised a simple chart showing the amount of your Income Tax. Copy to investors on request.

W. C. Langley & Co.
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115 Broadway, New York

Bonds

whose soundness is

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The value of nearly every investment depends upon present or potential earning power. This is not true of MUNICIPAL BONDS.

The safety of Municipal Bonds and the prompt payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the taxing power of the cities issuing them. They are exempt from Federal Income Tax. Write for latest list "G-82" of issues yielding from 4½% to 6% and our booklet, "Bonds as Safe as Our Cities."

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THE COTTON MARKET

Trading Comparatively Inactive, with Decline of from 11 to 15 Points.

The cotton market acted yesterday as though its nerves felt the need of a rest after the period of strenuous advances through which it has recently passed. Trading was comparatively inactive during the whole day, with intervals of downright dullness, and the fluctuations in prices meant much less than usual because they were made on a small volume of business. The market held up fairly well during the morning, but sagged off listlessly during the afternoon, closing barely steady, from 11 to 15 points off. November alone was quoted at 8 points advance, but this represented little actual business.

The market opened at a decline of 1 to 23 points, with the more active months selling 17 to 22 points under Wednesday's closing prices as a result of overnight selling from local and Southern sources. These offerings were readily absorbed at the decline by buying through brokers with Liverpool and domestic trade connections. The presence of this demand encouraged scattered buying for long account, and such buying was also stimulated by the reports of continued British successes in France. The market rallied in consequence, with December selling 2 points and later months about 10 to 12 points net higher. The market then eased off under realizing, accompanied by reports of an easier spot basis in the South, and was unsettled later in the day, when the disposition to take profits was increased by the political news from Russia. Closing prices showed reactions of about 20 to 26 points from the best.

The talk of an easier spot basis in the South was more or less in evidence during the entire day. It was asserted that if the basis broke another 25 points in the Eastern belt, it might mean the shipping of some cotton here for delivery on contracts. In this connection, however, the difficulty of obtaining warehouse room for cotton here was pointed out around the ring as an obstacle to bringing supplies from the South for tender, and while December was slow to follow the early advance, it held its own in the later trading. No change was reported in the ocean freight situation. There were no exports reported for the day.

Exports so far this season are 1,583,872 bales, against 2,214,922 last year. Southern spot markets as officially reported were 20 points lower to 50 points higher, most of them being unchanged.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Wednes.
Nov.	29.33	29.33	29.33	29.00@....	28.92
Dec.	28.92	29.94	28.75	28.80@28.82	28.92
Jan.	28.85	28.55	28.26	28.32@28.35	28.43
Feb.	....	....	....	28.06@....	28.17
Mar.	27.90	28.23	27.87	28.01@28.02	28.12
April	27.97	27.97	27.97	27.85@....	28.00
May	27.73	28.06	27.73	27.80@27.81	27.95
June	....	....	....	27.58@....	27.72
July	27.61	27.80	27.54	27.54@27.60	27.69
Aug.	....	....	....	27.28@....	27.43

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 30 points lower at 30.10c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 28.50c; New Orleans, 28.50c; Savannah, 28¾c; Augusta, 29c; Memphis, 29c; Houston, 28.45c; Little Rock, 28.63c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Thursday.	Last W'k.	Last Y'r.
Port receipts	29,879	25,144	35,020
Exports	......	41,547	500
Exports, season	1,583,872	1,425,772	2,214,922
Port stocks	1,173,660	1,181,584	1,486,075
Interior receipts	54,688	30,387	33,695
Interior shipments	43,881	34,838	30,218
N. Y. arrivals	5,431	11,647	9,220
N. Y. stocks	93,371	126,909	123,924

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton in moderate demand; good middling, new contracts, 10 points higher at 21.60d; middling, old contracts, 11 points higher at 22.16d. Sales, 4,000; American, 2,000; Imports, 26,000, all American. Futures opened quiet, 12 to 16 points higher and closed firm at a net advance of 31 points.

American International Dividend.

Directors of the American International Corporation have declared a quarterly dividend of 80 cents a share on the common stock of the company, payable on Dec. 31 to stockholders of record Dec. 15. This is at the rate of 6 per cent. a year on the paid-in capital. The dividend the previous quarter was 75 cents, because at that time only $50 a share had been paid in. Since then $10 a share has been paid in, and the dividend is increased accordingly.

Oil Company Increases Stock.

It is announced that at an extraordinary general meeting of the stockholders, held in London on Nov. 21, an increase in the stock issue of the Anglo-American Oil Company, Ltd., of 1,000,000 shares of a par value of £1, or $4.86½ at parity of exchange, was authorized by resolution. These shares will be offered to American stockholders up to 50 per cent. of their present holdings at $7.50 a share.

Extra Lackawanna Steel Dividend.

The Lackawanna Steel Company declared yesterday an extra dividend of 3½ per cent. on its common stock, in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent., payable Dec. 31 to shareholders of record on Dec. 14. A year ago the Lackawanna Steel Company declared an extra dividend of 3 per cent., and in June there was another extra of 2½ per cent.

Exchange Seat Brings $50,000.

The New York Stock Exchange seat of William Lemmon, admitted to membership in 1872, has been sold to Julian Stevens Ulman for $50,000. This is an increase of $5,000 over the price paid for the last seat sold.

Express Rate Hearing Dec. 7.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The Interstate Commerce Commission announced today that it would hold a hearing Dec. 7 on the application of express companies for a 10 per cent. increase in rates.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Am. International	1¼	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
B'klyn Union Gas	1½	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 13
Calumet & Arizona	$2	Q	Dec. 24	Dec. 7
Cin., N. O. & T. P.	3	SA	Dec. 12	Dec. 1
Cin., N. O. & T. P.	3	Ex	Dec. 12	Dec. 1
C., N. O. & T. P. pf.	1¼	Q	Dec. 12	Dec. 1
Cuban-Am. Sugar	2½	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 12
Cuban-Am. Sug. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 12
East. Wis. Elec. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 20
Indiana Refining	3	..	Dec. 20	Dec. 10
Indiana Refining pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
Interstate Elec. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 27
Lackawanna Steel	1½	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 14
Lackawanna Steel	3½	Ex	Dec. 31	Dec. 14
Laclede Gas Light	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
Laclede Gas L. pf.	2½	SA	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
Magma Copper	50c	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 7
National Lead	1	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 7
South. Pac. P. L.	$3	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 15

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	76.00	....	76.00	....
Lead	6.37½	....	6.37½	....
Spelter	8.00	8.25	8.00	8.25
Antimony	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Quicksilver	$105.00	....	$100.00	....
Aluminium	*36.00	38.00	*36.00	38.00
Iron, No. 2 X f'dry	....	34.25	....	33.50

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c. per pound bid. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	282	0	0	284	15	0
Tin, futures	281	10	0	283	10	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

Boston Curb.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	20	21	Iron Cap	13½	14½
B S Gas	8	10	Iron Blos	45	52
Begole	50	75	Jer Verde	90	1
Bing Min	9¾	9⅞	La Rose	30	40
Bohemia	70	80	Majestic	26	29
Bost Ely	70	80	Max Met	26	28
Bost & Ar	1	2	Moj Tun	23	30
Bost & M.	50	51	New Baltic	75	1¼
Butte & D.	25	37	Nev Doug	1⅟₁₆	1¼
Butte & L.	25	40	New Ut B.	..	50
Calaveras	1¼	2⅛	Nixon	1⅟₁₆	1⅛
Crown Res	20	30	New Corn.	15	15½
Con Ariz	1⅜	1½	Nat Z & L	27	30
Cortes	10	20	Oneco	25	35
Champ Cop	4	6	Onondaga	15	25
Chief Cons.	1¾	2	Pio Con	1⅛	1⅜
Eagle & B.	2	2⅛	Ray Hero	1	1¼
Earl-Eagle	13	17	Rilla	1	2⅛
Fortuna	4	6	S W M f p	75	1⅟₁₆
Gold Lake	2	4	S W M p p	75	1
Gila Cop S	17	17½	Un V Ext.	33	33½
Houghton	60	60	Victoria M	1½	1⅟₁₆
Hema Oil	1	1⅟₁₆	Yuk Gold	1⅜	2
Humboldt	60	75			

COMPENSATION LAWS GROW.

Only Eleven States Now Without Them, Report Shows.

The annual meeting of representatives of insurance companies composing the Workmen's Compensation Publicity Bureau was held yesterday at the offices at 80 Maiden Lane. The United States Casualty Company, represented by its President, Edson S. Lott, was elected Chairman of the Executive Committee for the coming year; the Hartford Accident and Indemnity Company, represented by its Vice President and General Manager, Norman R. Moray, was chosen Vice Chairman, and the Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York, through Robert J. Hillas, President, was appointed to the third position on the committee.

The report of the Secretary-Treasurer, F. Robertson Jones, covered the last year's legislative record on matters touching casualty and surety interests, and showed that only eleven States—all of them except North Dakota in the South—were now without any sort of workmen's compensation. Mr. Jones reported that he had spent much time in "opposing the elimination of stock companies from the compensation business in Massachusetts, in trying to prevent the insertion in the Federal Revenue act of obnoxious provisions, and in opposing obnoxious compensation legislation in New York."

The legislative policy of the bureau is described as follows: "Not merely to assume the hands-off attitude toward proposed reasonable and practicable workmen's compensation legislation, but to be of every possible assistance to all organizations and associations in formulating, initiating, promoting and effecting such legislation."

WANTS CITY EXPENSES CUT.

Real Estate Association Head Advises Reduction in Budget.

Stewart Browne, President of the United Real Estate Owners' Association, filed a brief yesterday with the Aldermen advising certain reductions in the 1918 budget, but declared that he did not believe that social welfare should be curtailed as a war measure.

"The war shows," he said, "that it is necessary to put man above the dollar, and if that be good for a nation at war it must equally be good in peace. I think that realty has in the past opposed many municipal activities solely from the cost standpoint which in themselves were necessary and beneficial."

As regards reductions, Mr. Browne said that all the city departments had too many employes and advised a reduction. He said that no increases in salary should be granted to city employes in the army or navy; that no increase should be given for efficiency in work, or for extra work, but only to enable the employes to meet the high cost of living. He said that no increases should be granted to any one receiving $2,500 or more a year, and that no increase in excess of $200 a year should be granted to any employe. He advised that no additional employes be provided, this applying especially to school teachers. He said also that no new public improvements should be undertaken in 1918.

EARNINGS.

Railroad.

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oct. gross	$1,219,238	$913,509	$862,814
Net after tax.	349,037	315,654	367,966
10 mos.' gross	9,244,956	8,045,050	......
Net after tax.	2,581,757	2,918,894	......

Public Utilities.

AMERICAN POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY subsidiaries—

Kansas Gas and Electric Company:

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Oct. gross	$128,494	$112,858	$15,636
Net after tax.	38,861	39,492	*631
Sur. aft. chgs.	11,613	21,695	*10,082
12 mos.' gross.	1,731,244	1,534,042	197,202
Net after tax.	495,583	584,024	*88,491
Sur. aft. chgs.	234,015	369,556	*135,541
Bal.aft.pf.div.	101,015	236,556	*135,341
Pacific Power and Light Company:			
Oct. gross	151,810	130,428	20,882
Net after tax.	78,192	59,251	18,941
Sur. aft. chgs.	40,576	26,301	14,275
12 mos.' gross.	1,608,309	1,442,687	165,622
Net after tax.	832,589	720,537	112,052
Sur. aft. chgs.	401,473	323,849	77,624
Bal.aft.pf.divs.	226,478	148,640	77,624
Portland Gas and Coke:			
Oct. gross	124,346	115,808	8,538
Net after tax.	54,902	57,915	*3,013
Sur. aft. chgs.	26,308	30,483	*4,175
12 mos.' gross.	1,336,975	1,269,091	66,981
Net after tax.	613,555	617,640	*4,085
Sur. aft. chgs.	281,604	295,322	*13,718
Bal.aft.pf.divs.	141,604	155,322	*13,718

*Decrease.

INTERSTATE ELECTRIC CORPORATION—

Sept. gross	63,977	57,607	6,370
Net after tax.	28,114	25,378	2,737
12 mos.' gross.	657,451	593,208	64,243
Net after tax.	278,868	248,853	30,014

Surplus after charges amounted to $153,989 for the year to Sept. 30, 1917.

URGES LIBERAL USE OF WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

Director Frederic W. Allen Says They Will Help Redeem a Spendthrift Nation.

Frederic W. Allen of Lee, Higginson & Co., who has been appointed Director of War Savings for New York City, returned yesterday from Washington to begin the task of perfecting an organization and planning the campaign to promote the work of selling stamps and certificates. War savings stamps will be placed on sale on Dec. 3, and Mr. Allen expects to have the machinery of distribution and publicity organized by that time.

"The War Savings thrift stamps and war savings certificates," Mr. Allen said, "will not only enable every one to do his bit in helping the Government win the war, but through their other phases will redeem a spendthrift nation from spendthrift ways. Every person who buys will not only help his country, but greatly benefit himself. When the plan is fully understood by the people they will be quick to respond to its patriotic and its investment importance. There is no question of its being a great success. Everything is in its favor, and no one can raise a single objection to it.

"If Benjamin Franklin, who secured no small part of his reputation as an advocate of thrift, were alive today he would be the flag bearer of this great undertaking. What he had to say about thrift over a century ago is as true today as it was then, and the war is bringing home to us the truth of it. War Savings certificates are intended for everybody. They are within the reach of all. The owner of a Liberty bond is in no way exempt from the duty of joining in this movement. It is the duty of every man, woman, and child of 100,000,000 people to practice economy and thrift to the end that America may help bring the war to a successful conclusion and to safeguard our national stability and integrity after the war. The patriotic response of Greater New York to the War Savings campaign will be additional evidence to Germany that every citizen of this great city is solidly back of the Government in this as in other of its war undertakings. I know that those who are called to participate actively in the campaign will respond promptly, glad of this additional opportunity to be of service. I am proud to be identified with the work."

TROLLEYS TO HAUL FREIGHT

Chicago Interurban Lines Plan to Compete with Steam Roads.

CHICAGO, Nov. 22.—Representatives of a score of electric interurban lines decided, at a meeting here today, to form through lines to relieve the freight congestion in the Chicago district and to enter into competition with the steam roads. For the first time there are to be through cars on electric roads and they will begin by establishing fast freight service, both carload and less than carload, between Chicago and Rockford, Milwaukee, South Bend, and Indianapolis.

The meeting was called by F. W. Shappert, Traffic Agent of the Chicago, North Shore & Milwaukee. A committee was appointed to establish through lines and work out plans of co-operation between the electric lines and shippers.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Forecast:
N. C. and S. C.—Cloudy and colder Fri.; rain Sat.
Ga.—Cloudy and colder Fri.; fair Sat.
Fla.—Fair and colder Fri.; fair Sat.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Ind.—Cloudy Fri.; fair and warmer Sat.
Mich.—Cloudy Fri.; fair and warmer Sat.
Ohio—Cloudy Fri.; fair and warmer Sat.
La.—Fair and cooler Fri.; fair Sat.
Ark.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Okla. and Texas—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Ill. and Wis.—Cloudy Fri. and Sat.
Mo.—Cloudy and warmer Fri.; cloudy and colder Sat.
Minn.—Cloudy and warmer Fri.; fair Sat.
Iowa—Unsettled and warmer Fri.; cloudy and colder Sat.
N. Dak.—Cloudy and colder Fri.; fair and colder Sat.
S. Dak.—Unsettled and warmer Fri.; fair and colder Sat.
Kan.—Cloudy and warmer Fri.; fair and colder Sat.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

Latest advices from Argentina say that the harvesting of the new wheat crop there is now general in the north and preliminary yields are excellent. Harvesting has also commenced in the central districts, while in the South the weather is wet and cool and unfavorable. Exports from that country for the week were estimated at 740,000 bushels, compared with 323,000 the previous week, and it was said that clearances are increasing as a result of more satisfactory labor conditions. The movement of domestic wheat showed a slight increase over Wednesday, but the total is still comparatively small.

RYE.—Market steady; No. 2 Western, $1.88, cost and freight, New York.

CORN.

The corn market was easier early under liquidation on the part of timid longs owing in part to further reports that the Government will facilitate the movement. On the decline, however, there was renewed buying, which caused a good rally, and final figures were ¼c to ⅝c net higher. Advices from Chicago stated that the local representative of the Food Administration there has requested the Chicago Board of Trade to curtail speculation in futures and, if possible, separate the operations regarded as purely speculative from those considered legitimate hedging. The Chicago Board expressed a willingness to co-operate with the Administration's wishes if the proposition can be worked out. The average trader, however, considers such a plan entirely unfeasible, as speculative operations are considered absolutely necessary if hedging trades are to be indulged in. The local cash market was entirely nominal with offerings withdrawn.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.24½	1.23	1.24	1.23½	93⅜
January	1.20½	1.18⅞	1.20¼	1.19⅝	96⅞
May	1.18¼	1.16⅞	1.17¼	1.17⅝	95⅞

OATS.

Exporters again entered the market for oats, and, as offers from the country were very small, the market, after a slight early decline, gained strength and closed with net gains of ⅝c to 1c. The full extent of the export business was not disclosed in detail, but it was estimated that the sales would probably amount to about 1,000,000 bushels. The local cash market was firmer; standard quoted at 76½@77c; No. 2 white, 77¼c; No. 3 white, 76@76½c; No. 4 white, 75¼@76c; fancy clipped white, 76½@78¼c; ordinary clipped white, 75¼@77½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	68⅛	67	68⅛	67¼	57½
May	68	66⅝	67⅝	67	61⅝

PROVISIONS.

A decline of 5 to 10 points in the hog market, as well as nervousness over the question of Government supervision and an early decline in grain, caused considerable selling of provisions early and prices were lower. When corn rallied, however, a better demand developed, and final quotations were firm, with only moderate net changes. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 30,000; estimated for Friday, 22,000; Kansas City received 7,000, and Omaha 4,200 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
November	27.50	27.60	27.50	27.60	....
January	24.92	24.60	24.62	24.85	16.45
Ribs—					
January	24.80	24.50	24.72	24.72	14.67
May	24.45	24.15	24.37	24.30	14.77
Pork—					
January	46.40	45.87	46.40	46.25	27.70

SUGAR.

There were no changes in raw sugar prices, nor was there any fresh business reported. New crop Cubas were said to be offering, but no prices were mentioned, and buyers here were inclined to hold off and wait the announcement from the Food Administration as to what prices would be fixed for the Cuban crop. Prices were unchanged at 5⅝c for Cubas, cost and freight, equal to 6.90c for centrifugal and 6.02c for molasses. In refined the situation will be relieved partially by the distribution of the recently acquired sugars, which will be distributed shortly through the Refiners' Committee, but no change was reported in prices, which remained at 8.35c for fine granulated.

COTTONSEED OIL.

While operations in the cottonseed oil market are of extremely small proportions, total sales amounting to only 500 barrels, prices were steadier, closing with net gains of 10 to 30 points. Offers were small, and the November position showed the greatest gain, despite the fact that there were further tenders of 1,000 barrels on contract, bringing the total so far delivered up to 16,400 barrels.

Range of Prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	18.25@19.00	18.10
November	19.00	19.00	18.50@19.00	18.20
December	18.30	18.30	18.30@18.50	18.13
January	18.30	18.30	18.30@18.40	18.20
February	..	..	18.25@18.45	18.15
March	..	..	18.25@18.45	18.23
April	..	..	18.35@18.65	..
May	..	..	19.00	..

COFFEE.

There was a further advance in the coffee market yesterday. The buying seemed to be of very much the same character as that recently noted, including a demand from foreign sources, as well as covering and a little buying for local trade account. After selling up to 7.25 for March and 7.55 for July, or about 8 to 16 points net higher on the general list, the market met scattered realizing, and reacted a few points, closing at a net gain of 4 to 8 points. The local spot market was unchanged at 7⅛ for Rio 7s, and 8¼ for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.83@6.85	6.75
December	6.95	6.80	6.86@6.87	6.80
January	..	..	6.95@6.96	6.90
February	..	..	7.05@7.06	7.00
March	7.25	7.09	7.14@7.16	7.09
April	..	..	7.22@7.24	7.17
May	7.33	7.25	7.30@7.31	7.25
June	..	..	7.38@7.39	7.33
July	7.55	7.40	7.46@7.48	7.42
August	..	..	7.55@7.57	7.50
September	6.68	7.59	7.64@7.65	7.59

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 6,074 packages. The demand for fine and fancy grades of fresh creamery is absorbing the supply closely, and the market is ruling firmer, but without further change. Fine firsts are sharing in the firmness, and there is a steady market for other useful grades. Where the quality is very poor trade drags. More doing in storaging creamery and prices about ¼c higher. Renovated slow. Ladles quiet and barely steady. Packing stock unchanged. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 46½@47c; extras, (92 score,) 46c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 42¼@45½c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 40@42c; thirds, 38@39c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 47½@48c; extras, 46½@47c; firsts, 43½@46c; seconds, 41@43c; creamery, held, higher scoring than extras, 43¼@43¾c; extras, 42½@43c; firsts, 41@42c; seconds, 39½@40½c; thirds, 38@39c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 44½@45c; good to prime, 41@44c; common to fair, 35@40c; renovated, extras, 41c; firsts, 39½@40c; lower grades, 35@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 33½@34c; seconds, 32½@33c; lower grades, 31@32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33@33½c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@31½c.

EGGS.—6,004 cases. Fancy high-grade eggs very scarce and hardly enough to supply present current trade requirements, and market firm and slightly higher. No improvement in lower grades of fresh. Refrigerators irregular. Advices of lower market in Chicago yesterday unsettled the position somewhat and little buying support on 'Change. There was fair trade from store, however, and still some sales up to Wednesday's top quotations. Fresh-gathered extras, per dozen, 55@56c; extra firsts, 53@54c; firsts, 48@52c; seconds, 42@46c; thirds and poorer, 35@40c; fresh-gathered dirties, No. 1, 34@35c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@33c; fresh-gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 32@33c; under grades, 25@31c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34@35c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 32½@34c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 31½@32½c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 24@31c; refrigerator, nearby whites, 39@44c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 72@78c; ordinary to good, 60@70c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 58@72c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets, 55@60c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 55@65c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 55@62c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 46@54c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	93¾	94¼	8.65
Argen. Gv. dis.	6	Dec. 15,'17	99¼	100	6.00
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15,'20	90	93	9.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.00
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	98	99	7.00
City of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	94¾	94⅞	7.80
Fr'chGov. con.	5½	Apr., 1919	94¼	95	9.00
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	90	96	7.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100	104	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	92	96	5.80
Russian Gov.	6½	July, 1919	63	66	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	53	56	..
Do rubles.	5½	Feb. 14,'26	108	111	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1918	99¼	99⅝	6.00
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99⅝	100¼	4.90
Company Issues.					
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	94	95¼	6.50
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	99⅝	99¾	4.00
Am. Thread	4	Jan., 1919	96	96½	7.25
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	97	99½	6.25
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1918	99½	99⅝	5.65
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	96⅞	97⅜	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb. 15,'18	97¼	97½	6.75
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	91	92	..
C., B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	92¾	93¼	6.15
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	97	97⅝	9.15
Canada Nor.	6	Sep. 2,'18	97	98½	7.80
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2,'24	97½	98¼	6.25
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Apr., 1918	99⅝	100¼	5.35
Curt. A. & M.	6	Serial	90	96	..
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	97	97⅝	5.95
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1,'18	96½	99½	5.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	89	91	11.40
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	93	96	7.10
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	July, 1920	100¼	100⅝	5.85
Gen. Rubber.	5	Dec., 1918	96	97	7.90
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	96	99	6.20
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97¼	97⅝	5.90
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	98	99	7.00
Int. Harvest.	..	Feb. 15,'18	99¾	100¼	4.15
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July, 1918	95	98	8.15
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	Nov. 15,'18	97	98¾	5.30
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	July 19,'21	95	98	5.00
Mich. C. R. R.	5	May, 1918	99	99⅝	6.05
Louis. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.08
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	88	93	11.00
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	98½	101	4.10
N. Y. C. R. R.	5	Sep. 15,'17	96¾	96⅞	6.75
N. Y., N. H. & H.	5	Apr. 15,'18	87	88½	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15,'21	96½	97¼	5.25
P. S. C., N. J.	5	May, 1919	97	99	..
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1,'19	90	91	..
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	96	96½	7.15
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	99⅝	100	6.00
Utah Sec. Cor.		Sep. 15,'22	84	88	9.05
Win. R. Arms.	5	May, 1918	96	97½	..
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	97	98½	6.75
W. S. G. & E.	6	June, 1927	97	98	6.25
Win. E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15,'18	99	100	6.00

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Hale & Norcross	.02
Alta	.03	Jacket	.08
Andes	.08	Mexican	.11
Best & Belcher	.03	Occidental	.60
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.10
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.04
Challenge Con.	.04	Potosi	.03
Chollar	.04	Savage	.03
Confidence	.04	Sierra Nevada	.05
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.99
Con. Virginia	.10	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.63¾

TONOPAH.		Goldfield Con.	.42
Belmont	3.53	Goldfield Merger	.03
Halifax	.10	Great Bend	.05
Jim Butler	.75	Jumbo Exten.	.15
McNamara	.18	Kewanas	.06
Midway	.08	Silver Pick	.08
Mizpah	.02	Spearhead	.04
Monarch Pitts.	.04	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.10	Consolidated	.16
North Star	.06	Morning Glory	.14
Rescue	.10	Red Top	.03
Tonopah Exten.	1.55	Union Amalg.	.08
Tonopah Nevada	4.00	White Caps	.77
West End	.64	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West Tonopah	.10	Nevada Hills	.07
GOLDFIELD.		Packard	.22
Atlanta	.05	Rochester	.37
Booth	.04	Round Mountain	.20
Florence	.12	United Eastern	3.62½

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4½	5	Granite	35¼	40
Dr. J'pot	3½	4	Isabella	7⅝	8¼
Elkton	3¼	4	McKinney	6⅛	..
El Paso	15	16	Portland	100	125
Fanny R.	3¼	..	U. Gold M.	15	16
Golden C.	169½	172	Vindicator.	34½	35
Gold Sov.	2½	8			

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 22.—Forty new corporations, with an aggregate capital of $961,600, were chartered today. They include:

Bull's-Eye Rubber Co., Queens, $250,000; A. C. Squires, E. C. Tengzelius, J. Futoransky, 149 Broadway.

North County Drilling Corp., Canton, $25,000; M. E. and C. A. and H. M. Nash, Canton.

Corning Foundry, $100,000; W. M. Gurnsey, S. E. Flitner, B. W. Wellington, Corning.

Elnathan Thern Estate, Corp., Manhattan, realty, $28,600; J. H. Banton, J. G. Davis, W. B. Cardoso, 22 William St.

Rex Laboratory, Manhattan, amusement resort, $20,000; W. K. Hedwig, A. Hammer, H. Plotkin, 859 East 172d St.

New York National Community Club House, Manhattan, $25,000; E. F. Jones, V. B. Campbell, H. Lubetkin, 780 Riverside Drive.

Trident Traders, Manhattan, commission merchants, $20,000; R. A. Gamble, W. H. Davidson, E. Phillips, 323 East 32d St., Brooklyn.

L. Italiana, Manhattan, grocery business, $5,000; G. Badalamenti, G. Restivo, A. Bozzo, 481 East 72d St.

Mercury Tire Co., Manhattan, $5,000; E. Salisbury, M. M. Burnet, P. J. Osborn, 181 Pearl St.

Britannia Shipping Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; S. Bloch, I. M. Schwartz, J. A. Kohn, 1,400 5th Av.

The Warren Hardware and Supply Co., Manhattan, $10,000; L. Albrecht, Jr., H. Mahler, Jr., R. C. Juhl, 27 Cedar St.

Lockton Realty Corp., Manhattan, $24,000; L. W. Woodbury, F. H. and E. Whitlock, 2 Rector St.

Edward Kahn & Co., Manhattan, jewelry, shoe ornaments, and novelties, $5,000; M. Rosenfeld, E. E. Kahn, N. Ehrlich, 41 Union Square.

New Aquarium Restaurant, Manhattan, $25,000; E. C. Bailly, T. Mase, W. H. Kellogg, 24 Broad St.

Sylvia Silk Co., Manhattan, $25,000; M. Hirsch, S. David, M. B. McMonagle, 97 Hamilton Place.

Bryn Mawr Realty Corp., Manhattan, $60,000; A. Emmerich, E. H. Schonher, M. B. McMonagle, 97 Hamilton Place.

Oneida Motor Truck Co. of New York, Manhattan, $10,000; C. D. W. Rogers, W. L. Fuhrer, J. H. Boyle, 502 West 180th St.

The Niblick, Inc., Bronx, restaurant, caterers, and tobacconists, $25,000; L. Treboul, A. H. Karr, T. A. Hardy, 550 West 158th St.

Berry Street Garage, Brooklyn, $7,000; R. Lipkowitz, J. S. and J. Gross, 265 7th St.

Nicholas T. Brown, Manhattan, undertaking business, $25,000; N. T. Brown, D. J. Hannon, A. Lockwood, 1,275 1st Av.

Paul Const. Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; S. Herman, P. and A. Hurdus, 824 Grand St.

Madison Piano Co., Bronx, $10,000; H. W. Eschenbrenner, I. E. and A. L. Bretsfelder, 885 Fort Washington Av.

Mutual Cleaners and Dyers Corp., Bronx, $25,000; C. Mazur, S. Wasserman, L. Schwartz, 136 East 117th St.

National Mailing Bag Corp., Brooklyn, $5,000; A. and D. Lusher, B. Grossman, 505 Jerome St., Brooklyn.

State Lunch Co., Manhattan, $20,000; M. Chafkin, I. and P. Mankowsky, 240 East 9th St.

Kinetto Co. of America, Manhattan, motion pictures, $100,000; H. C. Siegrist, J. D. Mason, W. Laier, 22 William St.

The H. K. H. Silk Co. of New York, Manhattan, $50,000; C. A. Hammond-Knowlton, F. W. Shaw, C. C. Knowlton, 120 East 16th St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Arden Studios, Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

Haber Brothers, Manhattan, $15,000 to $75,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

National Child Welfare Exhibit Assn., Manhattan, to National Child Welfare Assn.

Meyer Stoller Co., Manhattan, to Fairfax Textile Mills.

New York Magdalen Home, Manhattan, to Inwood House.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Edmund Walst Co., Manhattan.
Ten Dollar Garment Co., Manhattan.
Economy Devices Corp., Manhattan.
Ridgecroft Corp., Manhattan.
The Puritan Co., Manhattan.
Martinique Garage, Manhattan.
Lowenthal, Polasky & Co., Syracuse.
Popular Plays and Players, Manhattan.
Harrinton, Green & Co., Manhattan.
Carolina Central Electrical Corp. of New York, Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 22.—Charters filed:

Perth Amboy Printing Co., Elizabeth, $25,000; A. E. Warner, L. S. Colby, and W. W. Bender, all of Elizabeth.

R. S. Christie Co., Elizabeth, anvils, &c., $50,000; R. S. Christie, C. Christie, and J. S. Ramsay, all of Elizabeth.

Jandous Electric Equipment Co., Bayonne, $10,000; B. Freed, L. Freed, and G. Silverman, all of New York.

Delaware Charters.

DOVER, Nov. 22.—Charters filed:

American Agricultural Assn., $15,000,000; Allen T. Russell, Baltimore, Md.; M. L. Kispert, Philadelphia; John J. Jolls of Wilmington.

Traders Oil Corp., $8,500,000; S. S. Adams, J. G. Gray, M. B. F. Hawkins of Wilmington.

Utah Revenue Mines Corp., $4,000,000; William F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, E. E. Wright of Wilmington.

Frank H. Brice Co., to deal in and with investments of all kinds, $1,500,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, Clement M. Egner of Wilmington, Del.

Edward Hines Yellow Pine Co., $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy Clement M. Egner of Wilmington.

Gulf, St. Louis & Vancouver Railroad Co., $1,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, Harry W. Davis of Wilmington.

Ohla Oil Co., $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, Clement M. Egner of Wilmington.

ANNOUNCEMENT
THE NAME OF
BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY
WILL BE CHANGED TO
IRVING TRUST COMPANY
NOVEMBER 30th. 1917

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Empire Trust Company
Announces that it has on sale
Federal War Tax Stamps
at its Tax Stamp Department
120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
This Company is the Fiscal Agent of the State of New York for the sale of Stock Transfer Tax Stamps

To the Holders of
Certificates of Deposit of Metropolitan Trust Company for Five Per Cent. Purchase Money First Lien Coal Bonds of

Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Company

Pursuant to the provisions of a decree of foreclosure and sale dated October 10, 1917, entered in an action caused to be instituted by the undersigned Committee in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, to foreclose the Purchase Money Mortgage securing the issue of bonds above described, and in compliance with an order entered in said action, dated November 10, 1917, there has been paid to the Committee by the Central Trust Company of New York, the Trustee of said Purchase Money Mortgage, the sum of $200 on account of the principal and interest of each bond deposited with the Committee.

The properties covered by the decree are advertised to be sold on December 18 and December 19 next and at such sales the Committee will take such action as in its discretion best meets the interests of the holders of the bonds it represents.

The Committee has concluded therefore under the circumstances to make a partial distribution at this time of the moneys received by it and will accordingly pay to the holders of the above described Certificates of Deposit the sum of $170 on account of each bond represented by said Certificates, retaining the balance for the purposes of and subject to the provisions of the Deposit Agreement of January 15, 1915.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that

(a) Holders of Certificates of Deposit who have not had advanced thereon the amount of the February 1, 1915 coupon, upon presentation of their Certificates of Deposit for appropriate notation thereon at the office of the Metropolitan Trust Company, 60 Wall Street, New York, will receive the sum of $170 on account of each bond represented by such Certificates;

(b) Holders of Certificates of Deposit on which there has been advanced the amount of the February 1, 1915 coupon, upon presentation of their Certificates of Deposit for appropriate notation thereon at said office of the Metropolitan Trust Company, will receive the sum of $170 on account of each bond represented thereby, less the amount of the February 1, 1915 coupon, and interest on advances at the rate of 6% per annum from the dates thereof to November 21, 1917. Cancellation of the obligation of the holders of such Certificates of Deposit in respect of such advances will be stamped on the Certificates.

After the foreclosure sales the Committee will in due course advise the Depositors of the situation and of the plans of the Committee.

Dated: New York, November 21, 1917.

George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., Chairman
Frederick H. Ecker
Jerome J. Hanauer
Arthur B. Leach
William H. Williams
Maurice Hely-Hutchinson,
Committee.

Alfred A. Cook, Counsel.
James F. McNamara, Secretary.
60 Wall Street, New York.

Anglo American Oil Company Limited

PRELIMINARY AGREEMENT.

At an extraordinary general meeting of the Company held in London on the 21st of November, 1917, a resolution was passed increasing the Capital of the Company by £1,000,000, by the creation of 1,000,000 new shares of £1 each. The new shares will be offered to the holders of the Company's share warrants and registered members resident in the United States of America and other allied and neutral countries outside the United Kingdom, in the proportion of one new share for every two shares held by them in the present issued capital, at the price of $7.50. The subscription list will open on the 16th of January and close on the 28th of February next.

Scrip certificates will be issued to holders of the Company's share warrants if they so desire, to enable them to sell their rights instead of taking up their proportion of the new capital. Applications will be received in New York for these scrip certificates between January 16th and February 14th next. Further particulars with the conditions of the new issue will be announced shortly.

Inasmuch as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury object to the issue of new capital in the United Kingdom during the war, a scheme has been adopted whereby the ratable proportion of the new capital is reserved for subscription to the holders of share warrants resident in the United Kingdom at the price of £1-11-6 and the issue to them in the meantime of scrip certificates.

A. H. HEWETT, Secretary,
36 Queen Anne's Gate, London, England.
November 22, 1917.

To the Holders of Five Per Cent. Purchase Money First Lien Coal Bonds of Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Company:

Pursuant to the provisions of a decree of foreclosure and sale dated October 10, 1917, entered in an action brought in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, to foreclose the Purchase Money Mortgage of The Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad Company dated February 1, 1912, which action is entitled "Central Trust Company of New York against The Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad Company et al.," in Equity No. 442, and of an order entered in said cause dated November 10, 1917, the sum of One million and twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars ($1,022,500), heretofore received by the undersigned from Theodore C. Keller, as Receiver of the Coal Properties of The Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad Company, has been applied in reduction of the amount found due by said decree.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned will pay the sum of Two hundred dollars ($200) to the holder of each One thousand dollar ($1,000) face amount Purchase Money Coal Bond on account of the amount due thereon for principal and interest on presentation of the same to it with coupon of February 1, 1915, and all subsequent coupons attached, at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, for proper stamping.

DATED New York, November 19th, 1917.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
as Trustee of the Purchase Money Coal Mortgage of The Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad Company,
By E. F. HYDE, Vice-President.

TO HOLDERS OF
THE METROPOLITAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY
FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Bankers Trust Company, successor by merger to The Mercantile Trust Company, Trustee under a certain mortgage dated May 24, 1888, and an agreement supplemental thereto, dated November 1, 1888, both executed by the Metropolitan Telephone and Telegraph Company, the obligations of which have been assumed by the New York Telephone Company, hereby invites proposals up to 12 o'clock noon on December 27, 1917, for the sale to it on January 2, 1918, of bonds secured by said mortgage, at a price satisfactory to said New York Telephone Company, at a rate not exceeding par and ten per centum premium, to such an amount as shall not exceed the sum of $12,876.18.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Successor Trustee.
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.
New York, November 1, 1917.

THE SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER COMPANY.

PURCHASE OF BONDS FOR SINKING FUND.

The Shawinigan Water & Power Company will receive tenders for the sale to the Company of a maximum of Seventy-seven Thousand Dollars ($77,000) par value of the Company's issue of FIVE PER CENT. THIRTY-YEAR CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE BONDS, due 1934.

OFFERINGS SHOULD BE MADE for delivery in Montreal on or before December 31st, 1917.

THE SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER CO.
W. S. HART, Treasurer.
Montreal, November 1st, 1917.

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50 S. S. Kresge & Co.	10 Peer. Tr'k & Mot. 6s

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SUES FOR B. R. T. BONUS.

Corporation Counsel Contends That Service Board Exceeded Powers.

Corporation Counsel Lamar Hardy filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday to have set aside a determination made in 1913 by Alfred Craven, then Chief Engineer of the Public Service Commission, that the New York Municipal Railway Company, a subsidiary of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, was entitled to a credit of $1,990,800 under a contract made March 19 of that year between the city and the New York Municipal Railways for the operation and construction of new subways.

The contract in question recognized that the defendant corporation would require funds for its contribution of $13,500,000 on the cost of building the subways, and that there should be deducted from the contribution debt a sum for discount and expenses, not exceeding 3 per cent., and that the railroad company should be allowed the actual interest paid on the money borrowed. The railroad company issued $40,000,000 of 5 per cent. notes on a 6 per cent. basis, and received from the underwriters $37,409,200. The company asked an allowance not only for the interest carried by the notes, but the actual interest paid for the use of the money. Chief Engineer Carven's determination was that the railroad company should have for its share of construction and equipment not only the 3 per cent. which the city contends is the limit to be awarded for debt discount and expenses, but $1,900,800 additional, which the city insists in the suit just filed was really a bonus paid to the bankers for underwriting the notes.

The complaint contends that the Public Service Commission had no right to make this allowance, because it was a mere subterfuge which permitted the company to pay almost $2,000,000 less than it had agreed to pay toward the construction of the subway. Corporation Counsel Hardy stated that the suit would not only require a judicial interpretation of Contract 4, but was likely to have an effect on other contracts in which alleged bonuses are involved.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, coupon, 1930	97	98	4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105
3s, registered, 1918	99	100	2s, coupon, '38, reg.	96	98
3s, coupon, 1918	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	98
3s, registered, 1956	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg.	84	88
3s, coupon, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	86
3s, conversion, 1947	85	90	2s, registered, 1930	97	98
4s, registered, 1925	104¾	105¾			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Wednesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Wednesday Bid.
4½s July, 1967	97¾	98¾	98	3½s Nov., 1954	78	..	80
4½s June, 1965	97¾	98	97½	3½s May, 1954	80	..	81
4½s Mar., 1963	97½	98¼	98	3½s Nov., 1955	79	81	79¾
4½s Nov., 1957	97½	98¼	98	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s May, 1957	97½	98¼	98				
4½s Nov., 1917	97¾	..	97¾				
4¼s April, 1900	91½	93¾	91½	4½s 1918-1923	4.65	4.50	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	92	94	91	4½s 1924-1931	4.75	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1964	91¾	93¾	91½	4½s 1921-1923	4.75	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1962	91¾	93¾	91½	4¼s April, 1920	4.75	..	4.65
4¼s Sept., 1960	91¾	93¾	91½	4½s 1918-1919	5.00	..	4.75
4s May, 1959	89¾	91	89	3½s 1940-1953	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1958	89¾	91	89	3½s 1930-1939	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s May, 1957	89¾	..	89	3½s 1922-1929	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1956	88	..	89½	3½s 1919-1921	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1955	88	..	89¼	3s 1940-1953	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s Nov., 1936	91	..	92	3s 1926-1930	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s May, 1919	98½	99½	98¾	3s 1918-1925	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s Nov., 1918	99½	..	99½				

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
7,000	‡AetnaExplo.	7½	7	7¼	50	‡S. S. Kresge	65	65	65
700	‡Air Reduc.	73	69	71	2,500	‡MaximMuni.	⅛	⅝	11-16
200	‡Am.W.Paper	2	2	2	1,600	N. Y. Transp.	20½	17½	20
900	*Car Lt.& P.	2⅝	2½	2½	1,700	P'rlessT.&M.	14	12	14
100	Carwen Steel	9	9	9	900	‡Pocahontas-Logan Coal	3⅝	3½	3⅝
300	CharcoalIron	7½	6⅝	7	3,700	Smith M. Tr.	1¼	1	1 1-16
150	Do pf	*6	5¾	*6	800	‡Std. Motors.	10½	10	10¼
800	Chev. Motor.	66	63	64	1,500	Submar.Boat v. t. ctfs.	14¼	13½	14
250	‡Cit.Ser.,old	209	206	206	6,000	TriangleFilm v. t. ctfs.	1¼	1 1-16	1⅛
1,000	‡ Do pf	72½	72	72½	200	‡U.S.Lt.& H.	1¼	1¼	1¼
400	Curtiss Aero.	28⅝	28	28	1,000	‡United Mot.	16½	15½	16
400	Em'sonPhon.	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	4,300	‡Wr.-M. Air.	7⅝	7⅜	7½
800	‡Int.LubeCh.	3½	3½	3½					
250	‡Int. Motors.	12	10	12					
300	K'yst'eT.&R.	11½	11	11					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Anglo-Am	17½	17½	17½	15	Prairie P. L.	237	237	237
100	Do rights	3¼	3¼	3¼	10	Std. Oil, N.J.	512	512	512
40	Ohio Oil	294	292	294	130	Std. Oil, N.Y.	258	252	255
20	PrairieO.&G.	410	405	410					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	†‡Allen Oil.	11-16	⅝	11-16	2,000	†‡Midw. Oil	122	118	120
3,000	‡Barn'tO.&G.	1½	1⅜	1½	1,000	‡ Do pf.	1⅜	1 1-16	1 1-16
200	‡Beth.O.& G.	10½	10	10¼	2,000	‡Midw. Ref.	121	115	119
12,000	†‡Bos.-Wyo.	29	28	28	1,700	‡N. Y.-Okla.	⅝	9-16	⅝
4,000	‡Cosden Oil.	7¾	7½	7⅝	12,000	†‡N. W. Oil.	78	75	75
3,600	Cumb.P.& R.	1 1-16	1¼	1¼	10,000	†‡Okla. Oil.	5	5	5
600	‡Elk B. Pet.	7¼	7	7	20,000	†‡Do pf.	17	11	16
700	‡Elk.O.& G., (a. pros.)	3-16	3-16	3-16	3,800	Okla.P.& R.	7⅝	6⅞	7¼
100	‡Federal Oil	3	3	3	1,500	†Omar O.&G.	33	30	32
4,600	‡Friar Oil.	⅜	¼	⅜	1,000	Osage-H. Oil	7½	6⅞	7
500	‡Glenrock Oil	15	15	15	700	‡Pa.-Ky. Oil	5½	5⅜	5½
1,400	‡Han.O.& R.	1 11-16	1⅝	1 11-16	1,600	‡Pa.-O.O.&G.	12¼	12¼	12¼
5,000	‡Houston Oil	25	23½	24¾	10,000	†‡R.R.O.&O.	75	62	73
1,750	‡Hum.G.C.O. & R.	4½	4½	4⅝	5,200	‡Rice Oil.	7-16	½	7-16
1,500	‡Inter. Pet.	11½	11½	11½	500	‡Sap.O.& R.	9	8⅝	8⅞
1,500	‡Is'dl O.& T.	2	1⅞	2	3,900	‡Seq.O.& R.	11-16	⅝	11-16
3,400	Kenova Oil, (a pros.)	3-32	⅛	3-32	3,000	‡TuxpamStar	3-16	3-16	7-16
800	‡Lost C. Oil.	1-16	¼	1-16	3,000	‡Un.West.Oil	1-16	⅝	⅝
3,000	‡Merritt Oil.	25¼	24¼	24¼	3,800	‡Vent. C. O.	5¾	5½	5⅝
3,000	Met. Petrol.	1	11-16	11-16	400	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
					700	‡Wyo.Un.Oil, new	4⅝	4¼	4½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	Acme C. H.	1⅞	1¾	1⅞	1,500	‡Jer. Verde,			
2,200	Al.-Brit.Col. Metals	3-16	3-16	3-16	9,200	‡Jer.-Presc't	4¼	3¾	4¼
300	Ariz. B. C.	3½	3	3½	500	†‡Jim Butler.	76	76	76
3,200	†‡Atlanta	9	8½	9	1,800	Kerr Lake.	5⅝	5½	5⅝
6,000	Big. L. Cop.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1,000	†‡Kewanas.	7	7	7
1,000	†‡Booth	4	4	4	2,400	‡Kirk.Porph. GoldM.,Ltd.	50	50	50
2,200	†Bos. & Mon.	53	51	53	2,000	La. Con	⅝	½	⅝
3,175	‡Brad. C. M.	*1⅞	1½	1⅞	1,500	Magma Cop.	39½	38	39
1,800	†‡Brant Min.	59	58	59	200	‡Monst.Chief	1-16	1-16	1-16
800	Butte C.& Z., v. t. ctfs.	6½	6½	6¼	6,000	†‡Moth. Lode	31	30	31
1,700	Butte Dot.	3-16	3-16	3-16	4,900	†‡Nat. Leas.	8	6	8
6,500	†‡Caledonia.	50	49	50	7,500	†‡Nat.Z.& L.	35	30	34
4,300	‡Cal. & Jer.	1 1-16	1½	1½	1,200	‡New Cornel.	15½	14⅞	15½
100	Canada Cop.	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16	500	Nipissing	8	7⅞	8
1,300	†Cashboy	4½	3½	4	65,000	†‡Nixon Nev.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1⅛
2,900	†‡Cer.S.M.& M., (a pr.)	43	43	43	100	‡Ohio Cop.	11-16	11-16	11-16
200	Cerro Gordo.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	3,600	†Portl'd Con.	24	22	24
100	‡Coco R. M.	5	5	5	2,800	Provincial	39	38	38
10,000	Con.Ariz.Sm.	2	1⅞	2	400	‡Red Warrior	½	½	½
4,000	Con. Copper.	8⅝	7⅝	8¼	30,000	†Rex Con.	12⅞	11½	12⅞
1,800	‡Con.-H'st'd.	19	16	18	2,000	†Roch. Mines	39	37	37
1,000	Cres.Con.G'ld	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	2,500	Sil.Kg.ofAriz.	½	7-16	½
6,770	‡Emma Con.	½	7-16	½	500	Sil. Kg. Con. of Utah	3½	3½	3½
500	FirstNat.Cop.	2 1-16	2⅛	2 1-16	9,000	†St.Nich.Zinc	9½	8½	9
500	†‡Fortu.Con.	40	40	40	300	Std.Sil.-Lead	7-16	7-16	7-16
5,200	‡Gibson Cop.	2¼	2⅛	2¼	500	Stewart	¼	¼	¼
800	‡Gila Cop	17⅝	17	17⅝	2,500	†SuccessMin.	13	13	13
10,000	‡Globe-Dom.	¾	½	¾	100	Sup.Cop.,(a p)	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
2,700	†Goldf'd Con.	42	41	42	6,000	†‡Troy-Ariz.	17	16	17
1,200	‡Gt.VerdeExt.	1 5-16	1 1-16	1 3-16	500	Unit. East'n.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
3,000	‡GreenMonst.	1	⅞	15-16	200	‡U.VerdeExt.	33	33	33
1,250	Hecla Mining	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞	200	Unity Gold.	3½	3½	3½
4,000	†‡Int. Mines. (a pros.)	10 11-16	10 ⅝	10 11-16	3,500	†W.End Con.	64	61	63
					700	White Caps.	11-16	⅝	11-16
					2,300	†WilbertMin.	15	14	15

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$30,000	‡AetnaEx.6s	78	78	78	$5,000	‡Rus. Govt. new 5½s	53	53	53
12,000	‡Can.Gov.5s	93	94½	94½	1,000	‡Rus. Govt. 6½s	64	64	64
9,000	‡Gen. Elec. 6s notes	100¼	100¼	100¼					

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Wednesday Bid.	Ask.	INDUSTRIALS.—Continued.	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Wednesday Bid.	Ask.
Am.-Brit.Mfg.	3	6	3	6	N. Y. Ship'g.	28	33	28	33
Am.-B. M. pf.	20	40	20	40	N. Am.P.& P.	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
Br.-Am. Tob., registered	15	15½	15	15½	Poole E. & M.	60	80	60	80
Br.-Am. Tob., coupon	15½	16½	15½	16½	St. Jos. Lead.	16	16½	16	16½
Carbon Steel	75	80	75	80	A.O.Smith.Cp.	..	30	..	30
Can. N. Gas.	¼	⅜	¼	⅜	Do pf.	88	93	88	93
Chalmers Mot.	2	4	2	4	St.L.,R.M.&P.	28	35	28	35
Do pf.	..	50	..	50	United Z. S.	1⅜	2	1⅜	2
Cramp Ship.	71	74	71	74	World Film.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Curtiss A. pf.	50	75	50	75	OIL STOCKS.				
Ev. Heaney	20	20½	20	20½	Cosden Oil pf.	3½	4	3½	4
Free. Texas.	39	40	39	40	EsmeraldaOil	½	9-16	½	9-16
Hall Signal	1	5	1	5	Kan.-U. Con.	..	⅜	..	11-16
Do pf.	10	20	10	20	Pierce Oil	9	9½	9	9½
Havana Tob.	½	1½	½	1½	Savoy Oil	7	9	7	9
Do pf.	2	5	2	5	Somerset Oil.	⅜	7-16	⅜	7-16
Holly Sugar.	40	50	40	50	Vac. G. & O.	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
Do pf.	98	101	98	101	West S. Pet.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Hupp M. Car	2¼	2½	2¼	2½	MINING STOCKS.				
Inter. Rubber.	8	9	8	9	Alaska Std.	24	27	24	27
Int. Mo. 2d pf	15	20	15	20	Big Jim	½	¾	½	¾
Int. Tr. Cp.pf.	55	73	55	75	Bingham M.	11	12	11	12
Kresge pf.	92	98	92	98	Butte & N. Y.	½	⅝	½	⅝
Lake Tor. Bt.	3¾	4	3¾	4	Butte-R. Cp.	5¾	6	5¾	6
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf.	5	7	6	7	Calaveras Cp.	1½	2	1½	2
L. Val. C. S.	58	63	58	63	Dundee-Ariz.	⅞	1	⅞	1
Lukens Steel.	35	44	35	44	Gold. Merger.	3	4	3	4
Do 1st pf.	100	102	100	102	Howe Sound.	3¾	4	3¾	4
Man. Transit.	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16	Iron Blossom.	½	9-16	½	9-16
Marconi of A.	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞	White C. Ext.	11	13	11	13
Marlin Arms.	85	87	85	87	BOND.				
					Pierce O. 6s,'24	70	75	70	75

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Prices on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, after an irregular opening followed by two series of general advances, turned reactionary. The final quotations were general at net declines or about unchanged. The international situation was not the dominating factor it was on the preceding day.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
30	Allis-Chalm.	18½	18½	18½	160	Miami Cop.	29¼	28¾	28¾
130	Am. B. Sug.	75	73¾	74¾	310	Midvale Steel	45¼	44	44
580	Am. Can	35¾	34¾	34¾	200	Mo. Pacific.	24½	24¼	24¼
50	Am. C. & F.	64¼	64¼	64¼	10	Nat. E. & S.	37¼	37¼	37¼
80	Am. Cot. Oil	26¾	26½	26½	210	N. Y. Cent.	71¾	71¾	71¾
20	Am. H. & L.	14	13½	13½	150	N. Y., N. H. & H.	27¾	27¼	27¾
20	Do pf.	57¾	57¾	57¾	20	Nor. Pacific.	87½	87½	87½
50	Am. Linseed	25¾	25¾	25¾	20	Ohio C. Gas.	36¾	36¼	36¾
240	Am. Loco.	55	54¼	54¼	70	Pennsylvania	47¾	47	47¾
700	Am. S. & R.	76¾	75½	75½	40	Pitts. Coal	45¾	45¼	45¼
1,710	Anac. Cop.	59	58½	58¾	60	Ray Copper	23	22¾	23
720	Bald. Loco.	58	56½	57¼	2,360	Reading	73¾	71½	72¾
60	Balt. & Ohio	53	52½	52½	430	Rep. I. & S.	74¾	74	74¾
3,730	Beth. St'l B.	83¾	81	81¼	20	Sinclair Oil.	32¼	32¼	32¼
10	Butte & Sup.	17½	17½	17½	70	So. Pacific.	84	84	84
50	Cal. Petrol.	13	13	13	1,010	Studebaker.	41¼	38¾	39¾
240	Can. Pacific	135¾	134¾	135	80	Tenn. Cop.	12¾	12¾	12¾
1,730	Cent.Leather	69¼	67¼	67¼	480	Tob. Prod.	50	47¾	47¾
490	C., M. & St. P.	39½	37¾	37¾	350	Union Pac.	117	115¾	115¾
100	C., R. I. & P.	19¾	19¼	19¾	70	Un. Cig. St.	88	87	87
10	Chile Copper	14¾	14¾	14¾	470	U. S. Ind. A.	113	110¾	110¾
50	Chino Copper	42	42	42	80	U. S. Rubber	52¾	51¾	52¾
40	Col. F. & I.	34¾	34¾	34¾	42,600	U. S. Steel.	98	96½	96¾
10	Columb. Gas	31½	31½	31½	760	Utah Copper.	79	77¾	78
500	Corn Prod.	29¾	28¾	28¾	230	Westing. El.	39¼	38¾	39
1,400	Crucible St'l	57¾	55¾	56	590	Willys-Over.	18¼	17¾	18
480	CubaCaneSu.	30¼	28¾	30¼		BONDS.			
820	Dist. Secur.	37½	36¾	36¾	$1,850	Liberty 3½s	98.98	98.98	98.98
540	Erie	15¼	14¾	14¾	2,450	Do 4s	98.04	98.04	98.04
620	Gen. Motors.	93¾	88¾	92		MINING STOCKS.			
70	Gt. Nor. Ore	27½	25¾	27½	650	Atlanta	.08¼	.08¼	.08¼
190	Inspir. Cop.	44¾	44	44	850	Gold. Con.	.42	.40	.42
140	Int. Mer. M.	26¼	25¾	25¾	300	Iron Blos.	.50	.50	.50
6,480	Do pf.	90¾	86½	86¾	100	Portland	1.10	1.10	1.10
50	Int. Paper	24	24	24	500	Rochester	.38	.38	.38
30	Kan. Cy. So.	16¼	16¼	16¼	300	Ton. Ext.	1.60	1.57½	1.60
20	Do pf.	47¼	47¼	47¼	150	Union Con.	1.05	1.00	1.05
240	Kenne. Cop.	33¾	33½	33½	300	White Caps	.75	.76	.76
50	Lack. Steel.	79	79	79					
510	Mex. Petrol.	79¼	77¼	77¼					

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Wednesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Wednesday Bid.
American Cigar	85	95	90	MacAndrews & F.	180	200	185
Do pf.	85	93	90	Do pf.	96	100	98
Conley Foil	200	250	200	P. R.-Am. Tob.	170	185	175
J. S. Young	130	150	150	Do scrip	120	180	115
Do pf.	100	105	105	R. J. Reynolds	440	480	430
				Do pf.	100	104	102

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
40	Am. Light & Traction	222	217	218	222
650	Pacific Gas & Electric	38½	34½	33½	35

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	16	17	Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	70	75	Miss. River Power	7	9
Am. Gas & Electric	90	92	Miss. River Power pf.	34	36
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	43	44	Northern Ohio Electric	27	32
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	91	95	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	68	72
Am. Power & Light	40	42	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Am. Power & Light pf.	77	80	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf.	52	56
Am. Public Utilities	30	35	Northern States Power	54	57
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	62	66	Northern States P. pf.	84	88
Am. Water W. & Elec.	4	8	Northern Texas Electric	50	54
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	9	13	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	68	74
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	57	62	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Carolina Power & Light	30	31	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	80½	81
Carolina P. & L. pf.	93	94	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf.	96	98
Cities Service	205	208	Pub. Serv. Secur. pr.	73½	78½
Cities Service pf.	72	73	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	13	16
Colorado Power	20	23	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf.	48	53
Colorado Power pf.	95	98	Ry. & Lt. Secur. pf.	86	90
Columbus Electric pf.	78	82	Republic Ry. & Light	18	21
Commonwealth P. & L.	35	37	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	59	62
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	60	63	Sierra Pac. El. pf.	62½	67½
Conn. Power pf.	85	90	Southern Cal. Edison	80	83
Consumers' Power pf.	89	92	South. Cal. Edison pf.	93	97
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	79	81	Standard Gas & Elec.	4½	6
Duluth Edison	75	80	Stand. Gas & Elec. pf.	20	21
Eastern Texas Electric	50	56	Tampa Electric	102	..
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	79	84	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Power	2	4
El Paso Electric	100	104	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	10	13
El Paso Electric pf.	89	93	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Electric B. & S. pf.	93	96	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf.	88	88
Electric Properties	50	55	United Gas Improve	80	89½
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	84	89	United Light & Rys.	27	29
Federal Light & Trac.	..	3	United Lt. & Rys. pf.	63	64
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf.	..	38	Wash. I. W. L. & P. pf.	82	84
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	16	..	West. P. Ter. & W. P.	10	15
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	..	68	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	50	65
Gas & Elec. Securities	280	300	West. Penn. P. pf.	95	100
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf.	93	96	Western Power	7	10
Idaho Power 7% pf.	98	100	Western Power pf.	40	45
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98	Wisconsin Edison	35	40
Interstate Electric	39	42	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	100
Interstate Electric pf.	90	95			

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, 20	97¼	98¼	Middle West U. 6s, '25	95	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	63	66	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99½	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	70	75	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	70
Carolina P. & L. 5s	89	92	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	82	88
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	96	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s,'31	78	83½
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	93	97½	Nor. States P. 6s, 1926	92	94
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s,'27	70	75	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	87	87½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	96½	100	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963	90	95	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100¼	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	Omaha & C. B. 5s	89	93
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	90	98	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s,'34	95	100
Cum. Gas & Et. 1st 5s	100½	101½	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	90	93	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96	97
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	88	91	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s,'45	94	96
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	96	100	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39	88	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	85	90	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	88	92
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	87	92	U.S. R., R. & M. 6s,'25	111	113
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	Union L. & R. 1st 5s,'32	80	87
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	75	80	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26	94	99
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	90	98	United Util. cv. 6s, '43	93	98
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	97	100	Utah Securities 6s	86	87
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44	93	96	Wash. L. W. L. & P. 6s	95	98
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '38	85	90	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
L. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s'41	85	90	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	95½
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	West P. P. 1st 5s, '46	89	92
			Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	90	95

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Alabama Co.	50	50	50	6	Mt. Vernon.	14½	14½	14½
10	Con. Coal	90	90	90	14	Do pf.	64½	64½	64½
55	Con. Power.	99	97½	99	15	Merc. Trust.	195½	195½	195½
940	Cosden	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	30	Md. Trust.	100	100	100
350	Do pf.	4	3⅝	4	45	North. Cent.	77	77	77
215	Davison	24	24	24	50	Nat. B. Bal.	150	150	150
1,645	Houston Oil	25	23½	24¾	5	United Ry.	24	24	24
405	Do pf.	61	61	61					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,500	Bal.Cy.4s,'58	94	94	94	$1,000	Ga.,C.&N.5s.	97	97	97
100	Cy.& Sub.5s of Balt.	99	99	99	29,000	Houston Oil, div. ctfs.	85	84	85
8,000	Con. Gas 5s.	100	100	100	1,000	Petersb'g 5s, Class A.	99	99	99
16,000	Cos. 6s, B.	80	79½	79½	1,000	Un.Ry.inc.5s	54½	54½	54½
2,000	Con. Pow. 6s, notes	96½	96½	96½	1,000	W.,B.& A.5s.	80	80	80
2,000	Ga.& Ala.5s.	93	93	93					

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
278	Am. Zinc	15	14	14	62	Mohawk	64	62	62
10	Ahmeek	86	86	86	100	New Arc.	2	2	2
220	Alaska	2½	2⅜	2⅜	400	New Idria.	12⅝	12½	12⅝
15	Allouez	57	55	57	460	North Butte.	14	13½	13½
154	Anaconda	59¼	58½	58½	100	Ojibway	1¼	1¼	1¼
150	Ariz. Com.	10¼	10	10¼	90	Old Dom.	39½	39	39½
150	Butte & B.	55	55	55	11	Osceola	61	60½	61
175	Cal. & Ariz.	67	66½	67½	300	Pond Creek.	18½	18	18½
17	Cal. & Hec.	470	460	460	81	Quincy	69	67½	67½
10	Centennial	14¼	14¼	14¼	100	Ray Con.	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
10	Chino	41¾	41¾	41¾	150	Shannon	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
397	Cop. Range.	46	45½	45½	100	St. Mary's.	54½	53	54½
275	Davis-Daly.	4⅝	4½	4½	2,610	Sup. & Bost.	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
180	East Butte.	10½	10½	10½	10	Superior	5	4¾	5
20	Hancock	10	10	10	210	Trinity	4¼	4¼	4¼
100	Inspiration.	44¼	44¼	44¼	760	U. S. Smel.	46¼	45¼	45¼
140	Isl. Creek.	56½	54	55	40	U. S. S. pf.	45¼	45	45
46	Isl. C. pf.	82	81	81	235	Utah Apex.	2¼	2¼	2¼
105	Isle Roy.	25	24½	24½	155	Utah Con.	12½	12½	12½
280	Kerr Lake.	5	5	5	25	Utah, Metal.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
350	Keweenaw	1¼	1¼	1¼	10	Wolverine	33½	33½	33½
40	Mass Con.	6¾	6½	6¾					

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
12	Boston & A.	130	130	130	344	New Haven.	28	27½	27½
267	Boston El.	35	33½	33½	5	Old Col.R.R.	95	95	95
10	Bost. & Low.	80	80	80	10	Rutland pf.	20	20	20
183	Bost. & Me.	22	21½	21½	200	Wab. pf. B.	22	22	22
20	Maine Cent.	90	89	89	390	West End.	37½	36½	37
30	Mass. Elec.	3¼	3¼	3¼	56	Do pf.	49	47	47½
100	Do pf.	14	14	14					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Am. A. C.	78	78	78	41	Mass. Gas.	79	78½	79½
21	Am. Sug. pf.	110	109	110	5	Do pf.	70	70	70
97	Amoskeag	62½	62	62	5	N. E. Tel.	102	102	102
50	Do pf.	82	81	82	341	Swift	126	124	126
308	Am. T. & T.	109⅝	108½	108½	2	Pac. Mills.	128	128	128
136	Am. Wool pf	89	88	89	240	Un. Fruit.	119½	117¾	118½
50	Art Metal.	9	9	9	328	Un. Shoe.	42	41	42
355	A.G.& W. I.	101⅝	98⅝	98⅝	515	Un. Shoe pf.	25½	25¼	25¼
5	Do pf.	60¼	60¼	60¼	1,990	Vent. Oil.	5⅜	5¼	5¼
27	Edison	158	155	158	25	West. Union.	83	83	83
4	Int. P. C.	6	6	6					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. T. 4½s.	90½	90½	90½	$10,000	U. S. Lib. 3½s.	99.00	98.72	98.80
1,000	C., B. &Q.4s.	93¼	93¼	93¼	18,000	Do 4s.	98.20	98.00	98.20
2,000	U. S. S. 5s.	99¼	99¼	99¼					

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1	Am. Radiat.	133	133	133	25	M. Ward pf.	110	110	110
330	Booth Fish.	17½	17½	17½	10	Midwest pf.	58	58	58
300	C.C.& C.pf.	13½	13½	13½	24	Pub. Service	73	73	73
150	Chi. Pn. T.	48¾	48	48¾	30	People's Gas	40	39¾	40
30	C.Rys.,Ser.2.	10	10	10	685	Sears, Roeb.	141½	140½	141
2	Chi. T. & T.	180	180	180	354	Stew. Warn.	51	47¾	49
161	Com. Edison.	103	102	103	1,415	Swift & Co.	126¾	124¾	126¾
30	Deere&Co.pf.	95	95	95	5,906	Carbide	52½	49½	51½
160	Dia. Match.	108	108	108	90	Un. Paperbd	18½	18½	18½
18	H. S. & M.	59	59	59	53	Wilson	49	48	49
100	Hartman	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	53	Do pf.	95	95	95

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Chi. Cy. Ry., 1st 5s	89	89	89	$3,000	Swift 1st 5s.	93½	93½	93½
2,000	Ch.Rys.1st 5s	82	82	82	2,000	Wils. 1st 6s.	96	96	96
3,000	Chi. Tel. 5s.	96	96	96	1,750	Liberty 3½s.	98.76	98.76	98.76
9,000	C.Edis.1st 5s	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	950	Do 4s.	98.00	98.00	98.00

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Brill	16	16	16	496	Phila. Elec.	25½	25⅜	25½
35	Elec. Stor.	50	49⅝	50	1,390	Phil.R.T.t.c.	26¼	25½	26¼
50	Gen. Asphalt	15	15	15	20	Ph.Co.cum.pf	31	31	31
50	Do pf.	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	2	Phila. Trac.	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝
600	Key. Tel.	9½	9¼	9½	2	Pa.Salt Mfg.	88	88	88
385	L. Sup. Cor.	11½	11⅛	11⅜	100	Union Trac.	42	40½	42
388	Lehigh Nav.	57½	56¾	57	446	Un. Gas Im.	69	68½	69
128	Lehigh Val.	55¾	54⅝	55⅝	10	War. I. & S.	8½	8½	8½
265	Pennsylvania	47½	47¼	47⅝	17	Westm. Coal	76	76	76

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Beth. St'l 6s.	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝	$6,000	Pa. gen. 4½s	90	90	90
5,000	I'state.Ry.4s	45½	45½	45½	1,000	Ph.W.&B.4s.	97	97	97
2,000	Leh. V. 4½s	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	8,000	Phila. Elec. 1st 5s	95	95	95
1,000	L.V.Coal 5s.	101	101	101	6,000	Spanish-Am. Iron 6s.	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,500	Liberty 3½s.	98.50	98.20	98.50					
1,000	Do 4s.	98.10	98.00	98.10					

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	16¾	17½	16¾	Prairie Oil & Gas	400	410	400
Atlantic Refining	800	820	800	Prairie Pipe Line	235	240	227
Borne-Scrymser	400	425	400	Solar Refining	305	320	300
Buckeye Pipe Line	88	92	88	Southern Pipe L.	190	195	190
Chesebrough Mfg.	320	340	320	South. Penn. Oil	255	265	250
Colonial Oil	50	70	50	S. W. Penn.	100	105	100
Continental Oil	445	465	430	Stand. Oil of Cal.	218	223	218
Crescent Pipe Line	33	35	33	Stand. Oil of Ind.	595	605	595
Cumberland P. L.	135	145	135	Stand. Oil of Kan.	445	455	445
Eureka Pipe Line	190	200	190	Stand. Oil of Ky.	320	330	320
Galena Signal Oil	130	135	125	Stand. Oil of Neb.	475	500	475
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	125	135	125	Stand. Oil of N. J.	508	513	508
Illinois Pipe Line	185	195	185	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	255	260	252
Indiana Pipe Line	80	83	80	Stand. Oil of Ohio	420	430	420
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	11½	12	11¼	Swan & Finch	95	105	95
National Transit	12½	13½	12	Union Tank	82	85	80
N. Y. Transit	175	185	175	Vacuum Oil	320	325	320
Northern Pipe L.	96	100	96	Washington Oil	30	35	30
Ohio Oil	290	295*	293	*Ex dividend.			
Penn.-Mex. Fuel	34	37	33				

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.
Aetna pf.	38	42	39	Can. Found's P.	140	150	..
American Brass	208	212	200	Colt's Arms	57	62	58
Atlas Powder	156	158	155	Du Pont	275	279	280
Do pf.	94	98	92	Hercules	245	248	245
Babcock & Wilcox	108	110	109	Do pf.	111	114	112
Bliss	375	425	400	Niles-Bem't-Pond	115	129	110
Do pf.	75	83	73	Scovill Mfg.	415	420	410
Canadian Explo.	235	335	350	Winchester Arms	700	..	700
Do pf.	104	110	104				

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

E. C. BENEDICT & CO.

Certificate to Continue Use of Partnership Name of E. C. Benedict & Co.

Whereas, The partnership heretofore existing between Elias C. Benedict, Martin J. Quinn, and Harry E. Robinson, under the firm name of E. C. Benedict & Co., has been dissolved and terminated prior to the date hereof; and,

Whereas, The said co-partnership has transacted business in this State for more than three years under the said firm name; and,

Whereas, The business of said co-partnership has been and is to be continued and carried on by the subscribers, who are desirous of continuing the use of the firm name of E. C. Benedict & Co.,

Now, therefore, we, Martin J. Quinn, residing at Greenwich, Connecticut, and Harry E. Robinson, residing at Setauket, Suffolk County, New York, do hereby certify that, pursuant to the provisions of the partnership law, we are the only persons dealing or intending to deal under said firm name of E. C. Benedict & Co., and that the principal place of business of said E. C. Benedict & Co. is located at No. 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

Dated, October 31, 1917.

MARTIN J. QUINN.
HARRY E. ROBINSON.

State of New York, County of New York, ss:

On this 31st day of October, 1917, before me personally came MARTIN J. QUINN and HARRY E. ROBINSON, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing certificate, and they severally duly acknowledged that they executed the same.

[Seal] GUSTAVUS MAYER,
Notary Public, New York County, No. 77, Reg. No. 9051. My commission expires March 30, 1919.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE limited partnership lately subsisting between J. WILLET HALL and CHARLES E. CURTIS, doing business in the City of New York under the firm name of J. WILLET HALL & COMPANY, expired by limitation on the 16th day of November, 1917. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said J. Willet Hall, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment at his office, 34 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

J. WILLET HALL,
CHARLES E. CURTIS.

Dated, New York, November 16th, 1917.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NEW YORK RAILWAYS COMPANY. To the Stockholders and Holders of Registered Adjustment Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Income Bonds and Adjustment Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Income Coupon Bonds, Registered for Voting Purposes Only.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the New York Railways Company will be held at the office of the Company, Room 1209, No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, December 3d, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, the election of Inspectors of Election, the approval and ratification of all acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors since the last Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

H. M. FISHER, Secretary.

November 14, 1917.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS AND ALL PERSONS INTERESTED IN JONAS WOLFF CO., INC.:

SIR: PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a Special Meeting of the stockholders of JONAS WOLFF CO., INC., will be held on the 10th day of November, 1917, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the office of Samuel Blumberg, attorney for said company, No. 27 Cedar Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon resolutions that this corporation be forthwith dissolved, and for such other business as may lawfully come before said meeting.

DATED, New York, November 5, 1917.

By order of the President. Yours, &c.,
JONAS WOLFF CO., INC.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Pursuant to Section 66 of the General Corporations Law a Special Meeting of the stockholders of G. ROBISON & SON, INC., will be held on the 30th day of November, 1917, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon, at its office at No. 20 West 22nd Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to change its name from the present name of G. ROBISON & SON, INC., to the name of LOUIS ROBISON & BRO., INC., which it proposes to assume.

New York, November 12th, 1917.

LOUIS ROBISON, President.
SEINE ROBISON, Secretary.

SUGAR FACTORIES CONSTRUCTION & EQUIPMENT CORPORATION.

A Special Meeting of the stockholders will be held at the office of H. C. Lakin, No. 49 Wall Street, New York City, on Friday, November 30th, 1917, at 11 A. M., for the purpose of taking action upon a proposition to dissolve Sugar Factories Construction and Equipment Corporation forthwith in the manner prescribed by Section 221 of the General Corporation Law of the State of New York.

Dated, New York, October 30th, 1917.

H. C. FOX, Secretary.

EDWIN P. GLEASON'S SON, INC.

New York, November 22nd, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that an election of officers and directors will be held at the office of the company, No. 75 & No. 77 Worth Street, New York City, on Monday the third day of December next at 11 A. M.

A. Howard Troth, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MONTANA POWER COMPANY.
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 21.

A regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock has been declared, payable January 2d, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 15th, 1917.

Common Stock Dividend No 21.

A dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. (1¼%) on the Common Stock has been declared, payable January 2d, 1918, to stockholders of record entitled to share in such dividend at the close of business December 15th, 1917. Checks will be mailed.

WALTER DUTTON, Treasurer.
42 Broadway, New York.

MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.
New York, November 20, 1917.
Dividend 88.

A regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. and an extra dividend of 2½ per cent. on the capital stock of the Mergenthaler Linotype Company will be paid on December 31, 1917, to the stockholders of record as they appear at the close of business on December 5, 1917. The Transfer Books will not be closed.

JOS. T. MACKEY, Treasurer.

PENNSYLVANIA WATER & POWER CO.
DIVIDEND NO. 16.

A dividend of one and one-quarter (1¼%) per cent. for the quarter ending December 31, 1917, has been declared upon the capital stock of this Company, payable January 2, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 19, 1917.

F. J. ALLEN, Secretary.

November 21, 1917.

THE EAST BUTTE COPPER MINING CO.

A dividend of one dollar per share will be paid out of the earnings of the current year on December 24th, 1917, to stockholders of record at close of business December 8, 1917.

FRANK P. SON, Treasurer.

Nov. 16, 1917.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
THE AMERICAN GAS COMPANY.
104 Market Street,
Camden, N. J., Nov. 20, 1917.

A quarterly dividend of 2%, or $2 per share, has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable Dec. 1st, 1917, to the stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. Nov. 21st, 1917. Checks will be mailed.

J. B. TOWNSEND, 3d, Treasurer.

THE TEXAS COMPANY
Houston, Texas.

A dividend of $2.50 per share on the outstanding capital stock of this company has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable December 31st to stockholders of record December 18, 1917.

GUY CARROLL, Assistant Treasurer.

November 13, 1917.

MAGMA COPPER COMPANY.

A quarterly dividend of Fifty Cents per share has been declared on the stock of this Company, payable December 31, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 7, 1917.

HENRY E. DODGE, Treasurer.

November 22, 1917.

MAHONING INVESTMENT CO.

A dividend of Three Dollars per share has been declared on the stock of this company, payable Dec. 1, 1917, to stockholders of record November 24th.

LEWIS ISELIN, Secretary.

The American Sugar Refining Company

PREFERRED DIVIDEND 104
COMMON DIVIDEND 105

The Board of Directors have declared the following dividends:—

On the Preferred Stock one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent., being the 104th consecutive dividend thereon, payable on January 2nd, 1918, to the Stockholders of record on December 1st, 1917.

On the Common Stock one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent., being the 105th consecutive dividend thereon, payable on January 2nd, 1918, to the Stockholders of record on December 1st, 1917.

The Transfer Books will not be closed.

JOSEPH E. FREEMAN, Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Boston, Mass., November 13, 1917.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 6% BONDS SECURED BY MORTGAGE ON THE STEAMER "SUFFOLK," ISSUED BY COASTWISE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions contained in Article 5 of the mortgage given by the Coastwise Steamship Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey, to The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Trustee, to secure an issue of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars ($200,000) par value first mortgage 6% bonds on the steamer "Suffolk", dated August 1, 1911, the following bonds will be redeemed and retired on February 1, 1918, to wit:

Bonds numbered 81 to 200 inclusive, maturing from February 1, 1918, to August 1, 1922.

The holders of the above numbered bonds are hereby notified to present said bonds to The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, 337 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., on February 1, 1918, to receive in cash the face amount of said bonds and accrued interest to February 1, 1918.

Bonds must carry the coupons due February 1, 1918, and the subsequent maturing coupons thereto belonging, and must be accompanied by the usual income tax certificate.

Interest on said bonds will cease on February 1, 1918.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
BY COASTWISE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, ASSIGNEE OF AND SUCCESSOR IN TITLE TO COASTWISE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
COASTWISE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
By John G. Crowley, Treas.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
THE VICTOR-AMERICAN FUEL CO. First and Refunding Mortgage 6% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, as provided in Article VII of the Mortgage of The Victor-American Fuel Company to Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee, dated February 1, 1910, that written proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, 140 Broadway, New York, N. Y., until ten (10) o'clock A. M., Wednesday, November 28, 1917, for the sale to it as Trustee, at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered not exceeding one hundred and ten per cent. of par (110%) and accrued interest to December 1, 1917, the date on which the bonds shall be delivered, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of Sixty-one Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-nine Dollars and Twenty-eight Cents ($61,379.28). The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all proposals in whole or in part. Proposals should be enclosed in sealed envelopes and indorsed "Proposals for Sale of First and Refunding Mortgage 6% Bonds of The Victor-American Fuel Company to the Sinking Fund," and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated, New York, N. Y., November 16, 1917.

TODD SHIPYARDS CORPORATION
5 Year 6% Convertible Gold Notes
SINKING FUND NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the provisions of Section 4, Article 4, of the Indenture of Trust under which the above Notes were issued, that the sum now in hand, together with the sum to be paid into the Sinking Fund on December 15th, 1917, amounts to Three hundred and five thousand two hundred and forty-three 74-100 Dollars ($305,243.74.)

Sealed offers for the sale of Notes at a price not exceeding 104% of the face amount thereof, with accrued interest, will be received by the undersigned at any time up to twelve (12) o'clock noon, December 10th, 1917, at No. 2 Wall Street, New York City, or No. 177 Montague Street, Brooklyn, New York. Offers should be marked "Tender of Todd Shipyards Corporation Notes." Payment for accepted offers will be made December 15, 1917, at our office, 2 Wall Street, New York.

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY.
Trustee under Indenture of Trust.
Dated, New York, November 9, 1917.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED.
FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.00. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

25 Broad Street, New York City.
November 22, 1917.

We beg to announce that Mr. Lyman T. Dyer has this day retired as a partner from our firm. The remaining members, Messrs. Harden L. Crawford and James W. Decker, will continue the business of the firm under the same firm name.

H. L. Crawford & Company.

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

E. G. CRAWFORD, President.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE

To General Unsecured Creditors of Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company:

On November 17, 1917, the Hon. William C. Hook, United States Circuit Judge for the Eastern Division, Eastern District of Missouri, entered an order in the Receivership Proceedings now pending in said Court against Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company in that certain cause entitled:

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, WITHIN AND FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI, EASTERN DIVISION.

The Central Trust Company of New York, Plaintiff, vs. Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company, Defendant.—In Equity Consolidated Cause No. 4564,

fixing a time for filing general and unsecured claims of creditors and referring same to the undersigned Special Master for hearing, determination and classification, as prescribed by said order, viz.:

1. The holder or holders of unsecured claims or demands against said defendant, Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company, and all persons (other than the holders of bonds or other obligations payable by said Railway Company and secured by mortgage or pledge of collateral, the respective trustees of mortgages or trust indentures given to secure payment of the same, and the holders of such claims as may have been approved for payment by orders herein) who claim any interest in, or lien upon any of the funds or property of said Railway Company in possession of the Receiver, are required to file statements of the nature, dates of accrual and amounts of their respective claims and demands, duly verified by the oath of the person or by some officer of the corporation making such claims, with the undersigned James A. Seddon, heretofore appointed Special Master in said cause, at his office, Room 902, Central National Bank Building, Seventh and Olive Streets, in the City of Saint Louis, State of Missouri, ON OR BEFORE THE SECOND DAY OF JANUARY, 1918.

2. Claims shall be proved on the basis of allowance of interest to September 27, 1915, the date of the appointment of the Receiver, without prejudice to the right of the claimants to claim interest accruing thereafter upon the amounts found to be due to said claimants, respectively, on said 27th day of September, 1915.

3. Any party to said cause, said Receiver, and any party who files his claim or demand in accordance with said order may file with the undersigned Special Master within Thirty days after January 2, 1918, an answer to any claim or demand filed with him and may contest the same.

4. All claims and demands so filed were referred to the undersigned Special Master to investigate, hear proof and report thereon both as to the amounts justly owing thereon, as to any liens by which they are secured and as to the order in which they are lawfully entitled to payment, it being provided the undersigned Special Master may in his discretion hear proofs in respect of claims contested or uncontested, in the City of Saint Louis or elsewhere, and shall notify all solicitors of record of the times and places of all hearings and may adjourn such hearings from time to time and from place to place.

5. The undersigned as such Special Master is directed to proceed under said order with all reasonable diligence and make and file in writing his report or reports on all claims, or demands, which have been filed and presented to him, and all solicitors of record in said cause, as well as the solicitors of record for the parties presenting said claims or demands, will be notified by the Special Master, in writing, of the filing of said report or reports, and any party to said cause or holding any such claim or demand filed as aforesaid, or said Receiver, may, within twenty days from the time of the filing of any such report of the undersigned Special Master, file specific exceptions thereto. Exceptions not so filed will not be considered by the Court, and if no exceptions are filed within such twenty-day period, the report or reports will stand confirmed.

6. The Special Master shall cause that portion of this order relating to the presentation and allowance of claims to be published forthwith, once each week, for four successive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation published in the City of Saint Louis, State of Missouri; in a newspaper of general circulation published in the City of Kansas City, State of Missouri; in a newspaper of general circulation published in the City of Topeka, State of Kansas; in a newspaper of general circulation published in the City of Oklahoma City, State of Oklahoma; and in a newspaper of general circulation published in the City of New York, State of New York.

JAMES A. SEDDON,
Special Master, Room 902, Central National Bank Building, Seventh and Olive Streets, St. Louis, Mo.
Dated November 17, 1917.

TAKE NOTICE THAT I HAVE RESIGNED as an officer and member of the Board of Directors of the Globe Waist and Undergarment Company, Inc., 1965 Prospect Av., Bronx, and after this date I have no further connections with said firm.

ALEXANDER STEIN.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
BRYANT PARK BANK
at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$191,000.00
Private securities		81,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		16,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		531,900.00
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		989,457.15
Overdrafts		858.48
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$355,812.35	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	4,916.27	
		360,728.62
Specie		136,477.03
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		146,400.00
Cash items		19,876.50
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$15,500.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	29.70	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date, estimated	4,717.49	
		20,247.19
Total		$2,444,944.97

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$100,000.00	
Undivided profits	48,989.07	
		148,989.07
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Deposits by the State of New York	$35,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	2,745.17	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	1,877,300.79	
Demand certificates of deposit	7,650.00	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	3,760.73	
Certified checks	20,510.29	
Unpaid dividends	77.00	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	8,207.09	
		1,955,251.07
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	$3,328.70	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	334.03	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date, estimated	1,811.98	
Estimated unearned discounts	6,693.12	
		12,167.83
Customers' acct. Liberty Loan No. 2		128,537.00
Total		$2,444,944.97

Report of the condition of the
GERMAN AMERICAN BANK.
at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$412,294.72
Private securities		930,086.38
Real estate owned		28,647.05
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		3,821,740.42
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		1,512,620.87
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$299,259.01	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	310,037.35	
		609,296.36
Specie		392,042.61
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		90,126.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$3,696,187.02	
Other cash items	18,891.21	
		3,715,078.23
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		716,468.04
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	$15,000.00	
		15,000.00
Total		$11,743,400.68

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$750,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$250,000.00	
Undivided profits	635,893.24	
		885,893.24
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$891,035.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	84,783.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	5,473,670.77	
Demand certificates of deposit	11,000.00	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	98,478.80	
Certified checks	3,696,069.99	
Unpaid dividends	2.25	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	96,807.33	
		9,790,847.14
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Liberty Loan subscriptions	$228,332.00	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	64,328.30	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	3,000.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	12,000.00	
		307,660.30
Total		$11,743,400.68

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
BANK OF CUBA IN NEW YORK
at the close of business on the fourteenth day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$52,640.41
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		428,387.50
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		367,490.44
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets		88,714.99
Specie		80,000.00
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		22,373.58
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		31,438.00
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		2,190.30
Total		$1,071,237.22

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$100,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$50,000.00	
Undivided profits	29,336.23	
		79,336.23
Deposits not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	$828,302.77	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	1,159.91	
Demand certificates of deposit	5,114.38	
Other certificates of deposit	425.00	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	11,923.42	
Certified checks	12,360.63	
Extend total deposits		859,286.31
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		31,438.00
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		1,176.68
Total		$1,071,237.22

W. A. MERCHANT, President.
J. T. MONAHAN, Vice President.
CHARLES F. PLARRE, Cashier.
L. G. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

PROPOSALS.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, Room 710, Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y.—Sealed proposals for dredging and rock removal in East River, N. Y., will be received here until 12 M., November 30, 1917, and then opened. Further information on application.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 8 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 25,222.—In Bankruptcy.—FRANK MANCHEL, Alleged Bankrupt.

Take notice that on November 19, 1917, the above proceeding was referred to me as Referee to pass upon the proposed offer of composition prior to adjudication.

A special meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on December 4, 1917, at 2 P. M., at which time the said creditors may attend, act upon the proposed offer of composition, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25128.—In Bankruptcy.—MARTIN M. BLUMENFELD and MAYER BLUMENFELD, individually and as co-partners trading as MARTIN M. BLUMENFELD & BRO., Bankrupt.

Martin M. Blumenfeld and Mayer Blumenfeld, individually and as co-partners trading as Martin M. Blumenfeld & Bro., were duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 2, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, City of New York, on December 4, 1917, at 11:00 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25109.

Notice is given that JOSEPH HANDEL, individually, and as a member of the firm of RIGHTMADE WAIST COMPANY, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 31st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25160.

Notice is given that HENRY MARQUET, Alleged Bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition of all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 3rd, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why such application should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,236.—In Bankruptcy.—HENRY S. PRAGER, Bankrupt.

Henry S. Prager was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on November 20, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, City of New York, on December 4, 1917, at 10:00 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25046.—In Bankruptcy.—REA L. LENOWITZ, Bankrupt.

Rea L. Lenowitz was duly adjudicated bankrupt on October 6, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, City of New York, on December 4, 1917, at 10:15 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25058.—In Bankruptcy.—ISRAEL POSCHIN, Bankrupt.

Israel Poschin was duly adjudicated bankrupt on October 16, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, City of New York, on December 4, 1917, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25050.

Notice is hereby given that ARNOLD STAHL, individually and as a member of the firm of STAHL BROS., has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 24th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24,806.

Notice is given that SARAH GANS, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all her debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 24th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24,922.

Notice is given that FLORENCE C. DEGELMAN, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all her debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 24th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24701.

Notice is hereby given that FREDERICK O. ROBINSON has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 24th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 24,808.

Notice is given that MORRIS J. KALLENBERG, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 24, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24426.

Notice is given that SOLOMON WOLFSON, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 31st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. [illegible]06.

Notice is hereby given that OTTO LORENCE has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday December 24th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25224.—In Bankruptcy.—PETER G. KEMP, Bankrupt.

Peter G. Kemp was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 16, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on December 5, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25285.—In Bankruptcy.—GOTTHILF LEHMANN, Bankrupt.

Gotthilf Lehmann was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 20, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on December 6, 1917, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York—Bankruptcy No. 23797.

Notice is hereby given that HULDA BLOCH has applied for a discharge from all her debts. Creditors and Parties Interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 24th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25,029.

Notice is given that PASQUALE VENEZIA, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 31st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24,699.

Notice is given that LEON KANTOR, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 24th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Bronx Borough property was the feature of what little speculative activity there was in the realty market yesterday. In the West Farms section Frederick Brown resold the five-story modern apartment house, at 966 Hoe Avenue, on a plot 37 by 107, at the southeast corner of Aldus Street, to the Phillips Estate, for investment. The property is fully tenanted and has been held at $60,000. In exchange, the estate gave the residence at 70 Eighth Avenue, northwest corner of Union Street, Brooklyn, valued at $50,000. The transaction was negotiated by the Cross & Brown Company.

Another deal in the same section concerned the four-story apartment house at 1182 West Farms Road, on a triangular plot fronting 125 feet on West Farms Road and 146 feet on Longfellow Avenue, with a southerly line of 110 feet. This property was sold by Henry A. Luber to Louis E. Kleban, who, according to report, has resold it to David Zipkin. This is the fourth time that the ownership has changed since last March.

Clausen-Flanagan Estate Sells East Side Loft.

The Clausen-Flanagan Estate sold to a client of Henry Brady and William H. Archibald, 306 to 310 East Forty-seventh Street, a six-story loft building on a plot 75 by 100, located near Second Avenue. The new owner will make extensive alterations and occupy the structure about March, 1918.

Private Dwelling Deals.

Pease & Elliman sold 28 East Fifty-second Street, southeast corner of Madison Avenue, a five-story modern American basement house, for Henry G. Trevor to an investor. The property was held at $200,000, and was sold for a figure very close to this sum.

Ennis & Sinnot are the purchasers of the private dwelling at 411 Convent Avenue, reported sold by Moore, Schutte & Co.

William J. Farrell purchased from Louisa Bardousch 142 West Eleventh Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 22.6 by 108, located between Sixth and Seventh Avenues. Foley & Co. negotiated the sale.

Brooklyn.

Newmann Leavy sold for Charles Smith the house at 1,350 Fifty-fourth Street, on a plot 75 by 100.

I. Salsberg sold for the Realty Associates to D. Horn the one-family brick house 1,140 Fifty-fourth Street, on a lot 20 by 100.

Queens Borough Sales.

Bishop Charles E. McDonnell has transferred to the Roman Catholic Church of St. Pius, at Jamaica, the church holdings on the south corner of Humboldt Boulevard and Wyckoff Avenue. The plot is 150 by 125, including the church and rectory.

The First Hebrew School of Astoria has purchased the property on the south corner of Flushing Avenue and Eighth Avenue, Long Island City, from the Joseph Geiser Association.

A. Thorpe of Troy, N. Y., has purchased the property, 100 by 114, on the southeast corner of Jasmine Street and Burling Avenue, Flushing, from E. M. Miles.

Long Island.

A syndicate, headed by Joseph L. Paul, has purchased the building and grounds of Castles by the Sea, located at Long Beach. The deal involves an amount close to a half million dollars. The new owners have plans under way for the erection of a hotel to cost about $1,000,000.

Jesse J. Ricks recently purchased the estate of Cushing Adams, located at Plandome, Long Island, together with a considerable tract of land immediately adjoining. The total purchase consists of more than five acres, improved with a colonial house. The brokers were L'Eluse, Washburn & Co., in conjunction with Baker-Crowell, Inc., and the price reported was $75,000.

Commercial Leases.

The Rutland & Whiting Company has closed a five-year lease on the George W. Bond property, located at 172 Cherry Street, to the Murphy Trucking Company. This property is a six-story and basement building of heavy construction, and was erected by Mr. Bond about ten years ago for stable purposes. It will be converted into a warehouse by the lessee.

Porter & Co. leased for Emma A. Searle to the Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company the store at 1,072 Third Avenue.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased the store at 1,800 Broadway to the Stanley A. Martin Motors Company.

Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd leased the store and basement 83 Spring Street to Samuel Seid.

White-Goodman leased the store at 36 West Twenty-second Street to Henry J. Abrahams.

Harris & Co. leased to the Joffe Drug Company the store 1,406 Third Avenue, on the southwest corner of Eightieth Street, for a term of years.

Rice & Hill leased for the Forty-nine Broad Street Realty Corporation (L. Napoleon Levey) to Lessing's, Inc., for a long term of years, the entire first floor at 49 Broad Street.

Realty Notes.

The Greater New York Taxpayers' Association has elected the following officers for 1918: Meyer Goldberg, President; S. S. Isaacs, First Vice President; L. Rosen, Second Vice President; Julius Feinberg, Treasurer; Simon Greenfield, Recorder; Harold M. Philipps, Counsel; M. Kahn, Secretary.

A meeting was held last evening under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce of the Borough of Queens, in cooperation with the civic and business men's associations of the Third Ward, at the Good Citizenship League Building, Sanford Avenue and Union Street, Flushing, to urge immediate action by the officials of the city on the proposed lease of the Long Island Railroad tracks; also to give the benefits of rapid transit facilities of the dual subway system to all sections of the Third Ward, including such communities as Flushing, College Point, Whitestone, Bayside, Douglaston, and Little Neck.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Samuel Goldsticker.

Concourse, n w corner Echo Place, 78.2x 59.1x irregular, two-story dwelling; Julius Diehl against Albert von den Driesch et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $16,545.80; taxes, &c., $1,410.20; to John Rutherfurd for $16,000.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

166th St, 434 and 436 East, s s, 147.9 ft e of Park Av, 50x118, frame buildings; Rachel Woolf, executrix, against Goldie Cowen et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $6,600; taxes, &c., $225; to the City Real Estate Co. for $8,500.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Heath Av, 3,053, w s, 237 ft n of Boston Av, 25x92.2, two-story dwelling; City Real Estate Co. against M. A. Mahoney et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $6,599.63; taxes, &c., $322.54; to the plaintiff for $7,000.

152d St, 377 East, n s, 225 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 25x100, five-story flat; Michael Ecks against E. A. Worm et al.; Arthur Bell, attorney; due, $15,983.19; taxes, &c., $1,251.44; to the plaintiff for $17,500.

By Joseph & Co.

Prospect Av, 1,429, at junction of Boston Road and 170th St, 54.9x58.8x43.2x irregular, six-story apartment; East River Savings Institution against Rhenane Realty Co. et al.; E. R. Vollmer, attorney; due, $49,634.40; taxes, &c., $2,163; to the plaintiff for $50,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Ferris Place, w s, 355.90 ft s of Westchester Av, one-story brick garage, 25x135; the Tiebout Avenue Co., F. Fonda, 1,009 East 180th St, President, owner; H. O. Steinmets, 1,007 East 180th St, architect; cost, $8,000.

Bathgate Av, e s, 90 ft n of 172d St, one-story galvanised iron garage, 35x24; Rosie Puerin, 1,625 Bathgate Av, owner; Goldner & Goldberg, 391 East 149th St, architects; cost, $600.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

14th St, 36 East, to six-story stores and offices; L. Kamonies, 225 Broadway, owner; A. L. Libman, 112 West 46th St, architect; cost, $15,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, NOV. 22.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 176th St, 190.10 to s s, 177th St x100; Gertrude H. Herzberg to Lombardy Realty Co., 30 East 42d St, quit claim, all liens, Nov. 21; attorney, E. R. Landauer, 30 East 42d St...$1

BOWERY, 12, w s, 96.4 ft n of Doyers St, 22x101.7x100, foreclosure Nov. 5, 1917; James A. Donegan, referee, to Emma H. Ellsworth, Rahway, N. J., Nov. 21; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St.$12,000

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, n s, 100 ft e of 7th Av, 100x70; J. Sergeant Cram to Edith C. B., his wife, at Old Westbury, L. I., one-quarter part, b. and s., Nov. 21; attorney, George E. Weller, 505 5th Av........$100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 258-264, n e corner of 123d St, runs n 88.9x e 110.8x n 25.3x s 25x s 100.11 to street x w 89.5 to beginning; Charles J. O'Reilly to Katherine H. O'Reilly, at Pelhamdale Av, Pelham Manor, all title, quitclaim; attorney, John F. Harrington, 30 East 42d St...............$100

8D AV, 1,763, e s, 25.9 ft e of 98th St, 25x 83.9; Stephen H. Jackson to Julius Friedman, 13 Eldridge St, mtg $24,000, Sept. 13; attorney, Oscar Meetsner, 134 West 26th St...............$100

11TH ST, 630 East, s s, 283 ft w of Avenue C, 25x94.9; Farmers Loan and Trust Co., trustee will Mary E. B. Field, to Harry Aronson, Inc., 200 5th Av, all liens, Nov. 10; attorney, H. L Lurie, 200 5th Av.$20,000

17TH ST, 524-528 East, s s, 309.4 ft e of Avenue A, 71.11x92; Charles J. O'Reilly to Kathryn H. O'Reilly, Pelhamdale Av, Pelham Manor, N. Y., all title, quit claim, Nov. 7; attorney, John F. Harrington, 30 East 42d St...............$100

40TH ST, 113 East, n s, 198.9 ft e of Park Av, 18.9x98.8; Frank E. Whitman and another, executors, to Mme. Braganca d'Avellar, (Fern Krehbiel,) 140 East 37th St, Nov. 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...............$50,500

41ST ST, 554 West, s s, 80 ft e of 11th Av, 20x74.1, foreclosure Nov. 11, 1917; Milton M. Sittenfield to Isabella Boger, Rockville Centre, L. I., mtg $5,000, Nov. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...............$4,500

47TH ST, 540 West, s s, 475 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Joseph Helm to Rosa, his wife, 202 West 82d St, mtg $22,000, Nov. 21; attorneys, Davis & D., 51 Chambers St, over and above mtg...............$5,000

71ST ST, 322 East, s s, 325 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.4; Joseph Huml to Francis, his wife, 1,328 1st Av, 60-161 parts; attorney, A. Hlavac, Jr., 427 East 79th St...............$1

71ST ST, 318-320 East, e s, 275 ft e of 2d Av, 50x100.5, 40-112 parts; same to same, all title, all liens, Nov. 21; attorney, Albert Hlavac Jr. 427 East 79th St........$1

73TH ST, 240 East, s s, 125 ft w of 2d Av, 25x102.2; Benjamin G. Cannariato to Pietro Cannariato, 240 East 75th St. b. and s., March 20; attorneys, Marks & M., 61 Park Row...............$100

79TH ST, 172 West, s s, 50 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 50x102; Avonel Co. to Ida F. Haffner, 305 West 97th St, ½ part, mtg $68,000, all liens, Nov. 20; address William Haffner, 52 Broadway...............$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Charlotte M. Haffner, 645 West End Av, ½ part, mtg $68,000, all liens, Nov. 20...............$1

91ST ST, 122 West, s s, 275 ft w of Columbus Av, 33.4x100.8; Jacob H. Haffner to Avonel Co., 44 Whitehall St., mtg $30,000, quitclaim and correction deed, Nov. 19...$1

91ST ST, 126 West, s s, 341.8 ft w of Columbus Av, 33.4x100.8; Altoona Co. to Eliz., Kate, Minnie, and Matilda Haffner, 625 West 135th St, as joint tenants, ½ part, mtg $28,000; attorney, W. Haffner, 52 Broadway...............$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Lucy Haffner, 621 West 135th St, ½ part, mtg $28,000, all liens; attorney, same...............$1

91ST ST, 122 West, s s, 275 ft w of Columbus Av, 33.4x100.8; Avonel Co. to Ida F. Haffner, 305 West 97th St, ½ part, mtg $30,000, Nov. 20; address, William Haffner, 52 Broadway...............$100

SAME PROPERTY; same to Charlotte M. Haffner, 645 West End Av, ½ part, mtg $30,000, Nov. 20...............$1

97TH ST, 305 West, n s, 100 ft w of West End Av, 50x100.11; Avonel Co. to Charlotte M. Haffner, 645 West End Av, mtg $73,000, ½ part; address W. Haffner, 52 Broadway.$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Ida F. Haffner, 305 West 97th St, ½ part, $75,000, Nov. 20; address, same...............$1

103D ST, 85 West, n s, 181 ft e of Columbus Av, 27x100.11; Jacob H. Haffner to Avonel Co., 44 Whitehall St., mtg $19,000, quitclaim, Nov. 19...............$1

103D ST, 85 West, n s, 181 ft e of Columbus Av, 27x100.11; Avonel Co. to Ida F. Haffner, 305 West 97th St, mtg $18,000, ½ part; William Haffner, 52 Broadway...............$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Charlotte M. Haffner, 645 West End Av, ½ part, mtg $18,000, Nov. 20...............$1

115TH ST, 73 West, n s, 175 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100.11; Wenare Holding Co. to Tawas Co., 299 Broadway, all liens, Nov. 1; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 299 B'way..$1

123D ST, 125 East, n e, 260 ft e of Park Av, 15x100.11; William Lubeck to Martha, his wife, 2,085 Lexington Av, all liens, Nov. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...............$100

123D ST, 303 West, n s, 49.5 ft w of 8th Av, 17.2x50.2; Charles J. O'Reilly to Katherine H. O'Reilly, at Pelhamdale Av, Pelham Manor, N. Y., all title, quitclaim, Nov. 7; attorney, John F. Harrington, 30 East 42d St...............$100

135TH ST, 621 West, n s, 325 ft w of Broadway, 52.7x99.11; Altoona Co. to Eliz., Kate, Minnie, and Matilda Haffner, 625 West 135th St, joint tenants, mtg $55,000, ½ part; attorney, W. Haffner, 52 Broadway.$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Lucy Haffner, 621 West 135th St, ½ part, mtg $55,000, Nov. 20; attorney, same...............$1

Bronx.

BAKER AV, n e corner Penfield Av, 50x 116.10; John E. Sheehan to Margaret Sheehan, New Britain, Conn., Nov. 13; attorney, C. W. Gaylor, 30 Pine St...............$100

BOSTON ROAD, 1,065, w s, 37.6x120x37x 140.5; Lawrence Davis to Lina Kuntze, 399 Willis Av, mtg $28,500, Nov. 15; attorney, A. D. Lyons, 261 Broadway...............$100

BRYANT AV, 1,909, n w s, 36x110x39x114.6; Paul J. Schmitz to Christine Schmitz, 1,999 Bryant Av, Nov. 22; attorney, Paul J. Schmitz, 1,999 Bryant Av...............$100

CLASON POINT ROAD, e s, 236.5 ft n of Davis St, runs n 25x e 83x s 81.11 to Harrison St x s 25x w 61.7x w 64; Martin L. L. Henry to Sarah A. Sutter, 456 East 136th St, Nov. 7; attorney, Arthur Bell, 391 East 149th St...............$100

DALY AV, 2,075, w s, 44.1x102.7x44x105.5; Rebecca Elson to Herman Forman, 2,147 Honeywell Av, mtg $33,500, Nov. 21; attorney, Herman Forman, 2,147 Honeywell Av...............$100

EDEN AV, n e corner 173d St, 43.3x95; John E. Sheehan to Margaret Sheehan, New Britain, Conn., ½ part, Nov. 13; attorney, C. W. Gaylor, 30 Pine St...............$100

GRANT AV, w s, 205 ft w of Unionport Road, 25x100, lot 512, map Van Nest Park; Joseph Fiore to Paul Di Napoli, 1,611 Park Av, Aug. 28, ½ part; attorney, S. A. Hyman, 167 East 121st St...............$1

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 2,902, e s, 50x103.4x50x103.6; Samuel W. Phillips, referee, to Jennie Brown, 2,967 Perry Av, Nov. 20; attorney, I. Hyman, 119 Nassau St...............$54,500

KELLY ST, e s, 70.6 ft n of 165th St, runs n 60.9x e x s 24z s 36.10x w 102.7; William Goldstone et al. to Dormond Realty Co., Inc., 299 Broadway, mtg $43,000, Nov. 20; attorney, Myers & S., 299 Broadway.....$1

LAFONTAINE AV, e s, 264.11 ft s of 180th St, 85x100; Emma L. O'Connell, individual and as executrix, to Russo-Iodice Realty Co., Inc., 2,364 Lorillard Place, Nov. 15, 1900; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...............$2,800

LAFONTAINE AV, e s, 249.11 ft n of 179th St, strip 0.4x100; Kathryn E. Verity et al. to Russo-Iodice Realty Co., Inc., 2,364 Lorillard Place, Sept. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.......$1

LOTS 112 and 113, map of Daily Estate; Charles Krueger to Augusta K. Diehl and another, 1,074 Nelson Av, Nov. 21; attorneys, Clocke, K. & R., 391 East 149th St.$1

LOT 238, map of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum; Paul J. Schmitz to Christine Schmitz, 1,999 Bryant Av, Nov. 22; attorney, Paul J. Schmitz, 1,999 Bryant Av...............$100

LOT 325, map of Van Nest Park; Paul J. Schmitz to Christine Schmitz, 1,999 Bryant Av, Nov. 22; attorney, Paul J. Schmitz, 1,999 Bryant Av...............$100

MORRIS AV, n w corner of 150th St, 59.2x 100; Caritina Spallone to Teresina Spallone, 310 East 152d St, 1-3 part, mtg $75,000, August, 1916; attorney, Arthur Bell, 391 East 149th St...............$1

OLINVILLE AV, w s, 175 ft s of 213th St, runs w —x—x s 25 x w 96 to avenue x n —; Ellen F. Mildrum to Elizabeth Williams, 763 North Oak Drive, Oct. 26; attorney, Elizabeth Williams, 763 North Oak Drive...$100

PAULDING AV, n e corner 226th St, 84.7x 111.2x34.6x113; also Bronxwood Av, n e corner 225th St, 59x121.8; John E. Sheehan to Margaret Sheehan, New Britain, Conn., Nov. 13; attorney, C. W. Gaylor, 30 Pine St..$100

PROSPECT AV, w s, 223 ft n of 156th St, 20x100; Frederick W. Whitehouse to Jennie E. Brolles, 834 East 156th St, mtg $7,000, Nov. 20; attorney, Jennie E. Brolles, 834 East 156th St...............$1

ST. LAWRENCE AV, w s, 175 ft n of Mansion St, 25x100; Charles Wilckens to Frederick Buehler and another, 1,519 St. Lawrence Av, mtg $4,000, July 9, 1916; attorneys, Van K. & K., 370 East 149th St..$100

TAYLOR AV, 1,728, e s, 25x96; Samuel W. Levine, referee, to Mary Dunn, 328 West 58th St, Nov. 21; attorneys, Harris, C., M. & S., 165 Broadway...............$5,000

TINTON AV, e s, 75 ft n of 158th St, 25x75; Paula Nasty et al. to Morley Realty Co., Inc., 99 Nassau St, mtg $6,500, Oct. 26; attorney, A. & H. Block, 99 Nassau St...............$100

TREMONT AV, s e corner of Division St, runs s 169.2 to Boston Road x n e 194.7 to Tremont Av x w 86.10; Alfred Miblein to William B. Miblein, 340 Lake Drive, Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 19; attorney, E. F. Byron, 215 Galena St, Milwaukee, Wis....$1

WASHINGTON AV, 1,449, w s, 21x140.6; Hy G. Schackno, referee, to James F. Donnelly, 457 St. Paul's Place, Nov. 21; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...............$8,750

148TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 25x106.6; Carmine Spallone to Joseph F. Piccolino, 333 East 148th St, mtg $5,500, Nov. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...............$1

226TH ST, s s, 400 ft w of Paulding Av, 50x109; John E. Sheehan to Margaret Sheehan, New Britain, Conn., Nov. 13; attorney, C. W. Gaylor, 30 Pine St...............$100

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sections 3,082 U. S. R. S. & 347, Tariff Act of Oct. 3, 1913, I have seized and hold One bag containing seven packages of Paradise and Goura Feathers; One package containing 150 feathers of the Bird of Paradise and 150 Quills; and forty-three boxes containing heads and feathers of Birds of Paradise and Goura Heads.

Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on 10th day of December, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated November 17th, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BOWERY, 12, w s, 96.11 ft n of Doyers St, 22x101x7x100, P. M., Nov. 21; Emma H. Ellsworth to the Rector, &c., of Grace Church, 71 Broadway, due Dec. 1, 1917; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St...............$18,000

WOOSTER ST, 211 and 213, w s, 165.5 ft e of 3d St, 55.10x74.4x36x71, Nov. 21; Samuel Baitelman to Isaac Karlson, 1,882 Fulton St, Brooklyn, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Henry J. Block, 277 Broadway...........$4,000

11TH ST, 630 East, s s, 283 ft w of Avenue C, 25x94.9, Nov. 20; Harry Aronson, Inc., to Herman I. Lurie, 974 St. Nicholas Av, 4 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $18,000; address, H. I. Lurie, 200 5th Av...............$2,000

43D ST, 437 West, n s, 381 ft e of 10th Av, 19x100.5, Nov. 22; Barbara Werner to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond...........$5,000

29TH ST, 114 East, s s, 209.4 ft w of Lexington Av, 21.10x98.9, Nov. 18; Thomas Snell to the Society for the Prevention of Crime, 50 Union Square, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Moss, M. & W., 233 Broadway...............$20,000

Bronx.

DALY AV, 2,075, w s, 44x105.5; Herman Forman to Rebecca Elson, 2,924 Briggs Av, prior mtg $31,000, Nov. 21, due Dec. 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; attorney, Rebecca Elson, 2,924 Briggs Av...............$2,500

HOE AV, s e corner of Freeman St, 50x 100; James C. Gaffney to Isaac Blumberg, 4,602 14th Av, Brooklyn, prior mtg $56,000, Nov. 20, due as per bond; attorneys, Horwitz & F., 41 Park Row...............$3,000

INTERVALE AV, s w s, at n w s of Kelly St, runs s w 73x n w 100x n e x 60.4x n e 60.5x s e 80.8; Winnie Realty and Construction Co. to Jacob Fischl, 2,528 Creston Av, and another, prior mtg $80,000, July 9, due as per bond; attorney, S. H. Sternberg, 233 Broadway...............$15,000

LAFONTAINE AV, e s, 214.6 ft s of 180th St, 85.5x100; Russo-Iodice Realty Co., Inc., to James G. Wentz, 335 West End Av, Nov. 15, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$20,000

LONGWOOD AV, 1,168, s s, 24x115.2; Theresa Ulrich to Susanne Armbruster, 1,025 Faile St, Nov. 21, due May 22, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. J. Coleman, 985 Whitlock Av...............$350

136TH ST, 289 East, n s, 25x100; Perfect Home Co. to Edward Krebaum, administrator, 480 East 140th St, Nov. 19, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Leach & W., Queens Plaza Court, Long Island City...........$2,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

CHERRY ST, 83 and 85, all; May Farrell to George Vanwaketes, on the premises, 3½ years, from Nov. 1, 1917; attorneys, Guarini & Candela, 23 New Bowery...........$960

99TH ST, 168 West, all; Mary J. Gaynor to Jacob Levitt, 168 West 99th St, 9 10-12 years, from Dec. 1, 1917; Thomas F. Cretty, 901 Columbus Av...............$1,020

Bronx.

EAST TREMONT AV, 415, all; Lucy W. Jordan et al., executrix, to Leopold Oppenheimer, 509 West 110th St, 5 5-12 years, from Dec. 1, 1917; attorney, Joseph J. Baker, 34 Nassau St, taxes, &c, and..$2,400

OGDEN AV, 1,011-1,013, stores, &c; Frank W. Kinsman to Peter Hume, 1,013 Ogden Av, 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1917; attorney, Peter Hume, 1,013 Ogden Av.......$900 to $960

WALKER AV, n e s, 36.8 ft n w of St. Raymonds Av, runs n e 107.2x n e 14.7 x n w 74.11x s w 116.8 to Walker Av x s e 74.11 to beginning, all; Walker Av. Garage Corporation to Robert Bentley, 1,548 St. Peters Av, 5 years, from April 17, 1916; attorneys, Kodel Van K. & K., 370 East 149th St. $2,100 to $2,400

WESTCHESTER, 1,050, double store; Henry Acker Co. to Catherine A. Helms, 1,050 Westchester Av, 5 years, from Nov. 1, 1917; attorney, C. A. Helms, 1,050 Westchester Av...........$1,800 & $1,890

WILKINS AV, s e corner of Jennings St, corner store; Elizabeth P. Richter and another to William A. Kaiser, 1,369 Intervale Av, 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1917; attorney, Abraham Ablowitz, 261 Broadway.......... $2,100 to $2,400

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

GRAND ST, 285 to 287; Benjamin J. Weil et al. against Annie Roth et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, I. S. Heller.

LEXINGTON AV, 77; Johanna McManus against Granby Corp. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. S. Cook.

18TH ST, n e s, 180 ft n w of 4th Av, 29x92; Jonathan Thompson et al. against John C. Helterman et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer.

Bronx.

BOWNE ST, s a corner of King Av, 75.1x 101.1; City Island Homes, Inc., against John W. Noble et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney not stated.

LOT 390, Block 8,426, Section 13, on land map; Marion Dell Carrere against Thomas N. Cuthbert et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, A. Fex.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

MANHATTAN AV, 58 and 60; J. A. Manneck against Nellie Downey estate, owner; Bernard Robinson, contractor...........$106

20TH ST, 13 and 15 West; John Simmons Co. against Robert B. Stearns and 15 West 20th St. Co., owners; Julius Braunstein, contractor...............$691

55TH ST, 105 West; Solar Metal Products Co., Inc., against One Hundred Five West Fifty-fifth St., Inc., owner and contractor...............$1,934

57TH ST, 36 West; James T. Turnbull against Elizabeth L. Goodnow and Isabellah L. Bigelow, owners; Maxim Construction Co., contractor, renewal...........$100

105TH ST, 70 East; Philip Saslavsky against Philip H. Samuelson, owner and contractor...............$25

5TH AV, 471; William Buoss, Inc., against Guardian Holding Co., owner; Queens Borough Cabinet Co. and Harry Cohen, contractors...............$97

Bronx.

COURTLANDT AV, n e corner of 149th St, 55x100; American Hardware Corporation against People's Big Market, Inc., owners and contractors...............$498

169TH ST, 80 West; also, 1,277 Shakespeare Av; Samuel Resnick against Peerless American Products Co., owners; Donato Picuelo, contractor...............$212

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

82D ST, 41 to 49 West; Knut O. Petterson against Greycourt Realty Co., Inc., et al., Jan. 26, 1917...............$748.63

Bronx.

163D ST., 918 East; also 900 Rogers Place; Abraham Nierenberg against Rogers Place Realty Corp. et al., April 3, 1917......$87.35

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACT.

Bronx.

LAFONTAINE AV, e s, 214.5 ft e of 180th St, 85x100; James G. Wentz loans Russo-Iodice Realty Co., Inc., to erect a one-story brick and stone garage, three payments...............$20,000

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted—Along the Hudson

between Ossining and Poughkeepsie, a gentleman's farm of 50 to 75 acres, with a modern house and equipment; rent two years, with option of buying; house must have 5 master's bedrooms and 3 baths, with running water and electricity; everything must be in first-class condition and price attractive; am ready to talk immediate business with right man. Carl C. Loh, 9 Orchard St., Tarrytown, N. Y.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Fifth Avenue Corner.
Above 43d Street, an unusual investment yielding 15% net income.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 148 West 72d St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Pretty Brick Houses
$35—For Rent—$35
Seven rooms. Beautifully Decorated, all ready to occupy; New Subway, Brooklyn. B. Silsby, 217 B'way, New York; Barclay 4585.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOUSE WANTED
Will lease for term of years or might purchase modern House, with four or five master bedrooms and two or three baths, with garage for or three cars; must be strictly high class house and neighborhood; NEW ROCHELLE OR PELHAM PREFERRED. Address RESPONSIBLE, P 98 Times.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES.
INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave.

HOT AIR

"Camouflage"

Don't go in Business,
Facts are what tell.

The fact is—The Supreme Court
Has decreed the sale of 234 lots
Located on BROADWAY, at a great future business center
With a subway station in front of them
And one of the largest automobile traffic centers to-day.

And they are going to be sold next Tuesday
Without restriction or protection
If we have to give them away.

These are the facts!
"Know-it-alls" may sneer,
But those not quite so smart
Who have faith in the truth and future
Will come down to the sale
And pick up a few lots
At a small percentage of their value.
Then with the rise in real estate,
Which after the depression is bound to come,
They can sneer at the people
Who "knew-it-all."

One thing is certain—
It is the optimists who have "made-good"
In New York Real Estate

And not the people who "knew-it-all."

Examine the 234 Lots
To be sold at auction
by a decree of the Supreme Court (Moller v. Godwin et al.)
belonging to the Estate of Jos. Godwin

on BROADWAY, 230th St., 231st St. and Kingsbridge Ave.

For whatever they will bring
without reservation or protection,

Tuesday, November 27, 1917, at 12 o'clock
At 14 Vesey Street.

70% can Remain on Mortgage. **Titles Insured Free by N. Y. Title & Mortgage Co.**

SAVINGS BANK BOOKS & LIBERTY BONDS taken as deposits on the Purchase of Lots

To Reach the Property—Take Broadway Subway to 231st Street.

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Agents and Auctioneers Appointed by the Referee.

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WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Conserve Part of Your War Profits
in a nice home or in a family apartment house to pay over 12% net. We offer you both in New York City's nearest and best suburb. Liberty bonds accepted for equities. Particulars furnished without obligations.
J. Romain Brown & Co.
498 South Broadway, Yonkers, New York

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TO LEASE.
Will consider erecting a new building for a responsible tenant.
330-332 Fourth Avenue and 29-31 East 24th Street.
About
7,000 SQUARE FEET.
FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS.
JOHN W. AHERN,
59 Liberty Street.

Broadway, Northeast Cor. 39th St.
ENTIRE FLOOR FOR RENT
ALSO SMALLER OFFICES
Rent Low; Commissions Paid.
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
Potter & Bro., 30 E. 42d St.

STORE & BASEMENT Rental $3,600. **LOFTS 50x100** Rental $2,000.
N. W. Cor. Bleecker St. AND WOOSTER ST. Modern fireproof building; freight-passenger elevator, sprinkler system, all improvements, high ceilings, unusual light, to lease from Feb. 1. Apply Supt., on premises, or your own broker.

LOFT TO SUBLET.
2000 SQUARE FEET. SPRINKLERS. Light three sides; skylight.
115 EAST 24TH ST.
Goodale, Perry & Dwight, Agts.
Tel. Gramercy 4410. 5 East 23rd St.

LOFTS
Modern, Light, Low Rent.
12-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING.
106 EAST 19TH ST.,
Adjoining Fourth Ave.

9 & 11 E. 16TH ST.
Store, Basement and several Lofts, 50 x 100, between Union Square & Fifth Ave. No manufacturing in Building. Inquire Superintendent on premises, or 'phone Chelsea 4480.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

HIGHLAND COURT
600 WEST 192ND STREET
at St. Nicholas Ave. Subway station.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS—5 ROOMS.
REDUCED RENTS.

340 WEST 86TH ST.
KITCHENETTE APARTMENT
2 Rooms and Bath,
$900 to $1,000.
M. H. GAILLARD & CO.
2299 Broadway. 'Phone Schuyler 8979.

WILBRAHAM, N. W. Corner 5th Ave., at 30th St.—Choice Apartments, two rooms and bath each; rent $65.00 and $70.00 per month, including maid's services. Superintendent on premises or FRED'K FOX & CO., 14 West 40th St., Vanderbilt 542.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

JUST COMPLETED
370 Central Park West
The Apartment House Unique.
S. W. Corner of 97th Street.
An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness.
Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.
Suites of 3 to 7 Rooms,
Rentals $700 to $1,800.
Special 5 Room Suites, With Huge Living Room and Open Fireplace.
For booklet, floor plan, etc.
See Renting Agent on premises, or
FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORP.
299 Madison Ave., corner 41st St.
'Phone Vanderbilt 3257.

OWING TO WAR CONDITIONS
preventing the fulfillment of orders placed several months ago for Furniture and Room Furnishings
WE WILL RENT UNFURNISHED
Apartments of one and two rooms with bath and three rooms with 2 baths
FOR TEN MONTHS AT
A GREAT CONCESSION
from regular rates for these particular suites.
HOTEL ALEXANDRIA
JUST OPENED
250 WEST 103D STREET,
Between Broadway and West End Ave. Subway Express Station at Corner.

14th St., 335 West
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4-5-6 ROOMS
Extra large, especially well arranged; abundant closet space; beautifully decorated; conveniently located.
RENTS $33 UP.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

47 EAST 57TH STREET.
Unfurnished.
6 Room Housekeeping Apartm't, $2400
3 Room Physician's or Bachelor's Apartments, $1000-$1400.
Apply on Premises, or
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Ave.
Phone 6200 Murray Hill

NEW JERSEY.

South Orange, N. J. New steam heated apar'ts. Most beautifully, conveniently located. Living room 12½x23; dining room 13x15; large bedrooms; appointments such as found only in high grade homes. Rent $72.50 to $83.33; immediate possession. Raymond Connelly Co., So. Orange, or any agent in the Oranges.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

166 West 72nd St.
An Apartment of FOUR ROOMS,
all outside, consisting of large living room, 24x15.6; bedroom, 18.6x13.6; also dining room; tiled kitchen, with ice refrigeration, and particularly fine bathroom, with alcove shower and needle bath; if two bedrooms are required, the living room can be utilized as a combination dining and living room; this apartment is sumptuously furnished, and will be leased at $225 per month.
Maid service will be supplied if desired.
APPLY TO MANAGER ON PREMISES.
Telephone 7840—Columbus.

THE WOOLSEY
141 East 44th Street
East of Lexington Avenue.
2 Rooms, Bath Kitchenette
Furnished, $77.50 to $82.50.
Satisfactory reference indispensable.
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

$6,000 CASH will buy LEXINGTON AVENUE CORNER above 23d St.; chance for storekeeper to own his own building. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Phone 5700 John.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

81 BARKER AV., WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. For rent, a three-story and basement frame dwelling, containing 14 rooms and 2 baths; hot water heat; plot 75x175; rent, $100 per month. JOSEPH P. DAY, Agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

Two brick buildings, about 24,000 square feet, ½ acre of ground, suitable for storage or manufacturing purposes; about 17 miles from Columbus Circle. Inquire Kuhnast, 978 6th Av., (store.)

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For sale or rent.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Westfield.—Rebuilt house, one-half acre, only $5,500; very cheap. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York City.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

INDUSTRIAL SITES WITH RAILROAD FACILITIES in best part of Philadelphia; good labor market and easy hauling to all parts of the city. MAURAN, DOLMAN & CO., northeast corner Broad and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Stock control large industrial corporation owning two fine plants, also some cash; will trade for realty. J 287 Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Five light floors in loft building, (will rent one or all,) size 25x90; elevator; suitable for woodworking, brass finishers, metal-workers, &c.; rent reasonable; Fulton St., near Church. Apply Wollns & Bull, Inc., 45 John St.

Store, 28 East 33d St., near Madison Av.; large display window; steam heat, hot water.
WILLIAM F. FUERST, INC., Agent, 87 Nassau St.

MARKET CORNER.
Second Av., 1,715, corner 89th St., desirable store; has 3 large show windows, butcher's icebox, and wall fixtures; good stand; reasonable rent. Inquire premises.

Garage for sale or rent, lot 27x100; three-story brick building; location, 225 East 67th St. Permission to inspect by addressing Crimmins Operating Co., Inc., 624 Madison Av. Plaza 6782.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES. —Every facility, $16.50 and $30.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway. Room 807.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE.—Large and small, uptown and downtown; most prominent buildings. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 115 Broadway. Phone 5864 Rector.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE.—Extension waiting room; private house; desirable living accommodations; excellent location. 1,041 Madison Av., (near 79th.) Lenox 101.

To sublet.—Large, light office on tenth floor Marbridge Bldg, facing Broadway; rate at $500 per year. Apply Geo. Woods, Room 1022, Marbridge Bldg.

To Sublet—Desirable office close to Grand Central; 575 sq. ft. floor space; rental low. Inquire 627 Lexington Av. Phone Plaza 544.

Light, pleasant offices, in whole or in parts; about 2,400 sq. ft.; facing river. Apply Room 1017, 90 West St.

Lofts, 75x75 and 75x43; freight and passenger elevators; excellent location. Apply premises, 30 Park Place, or your broker.

For rent, two fireproof lofts; building 50x 100; choice location, Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg., New York City.

Will sublet large room, with or without furniture; rent reasonable. Inquire Room 212, Havemeyer Building, 25 Church St.

625 East 18th.—Two upper lofts, each 50x30, with well-finished office, in three-story building. Apply premises.

Suite of offices with complete mahogany furnishings to let until May; whole or part optional. 1210 Times Building.

Private office or deskroom; excellent suite; facilities; reasonable. 721-4, 15 Park Row.

Private office, deskroom, service; newly furnished. Room 308, 51 East 42d.

Store, parlor floor: also skylight studios. 5 West 16th St.

Skylight studios, bachelor apartments, $20 to $60. 5 West 16th St.

Private room, suite, or desk room. 507 Fifth Av., Room 906.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Second mortgage of $15,000, on which there is still due $9,000, 5 per cent., payable $3,000 March, 1918, $3,000 September, 1918, $3,000 March, 1919; bond rated $100,000; first mortgage held by insurance company, due in 2½ years; for sale at discount. A. L. C., W 283 Times Downtown.

Second mortgage money. Call between 1 and 2. De Leeuw, 15 Broad St.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

FURNISHED HOUSE,
12 West 53d St.
Attractive rent.
For the season or year.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar St. Phone 5700 John.

14-ROOM, RICHLY FURNISHED, MODERN PRIVATE HOUSE.
Facing park, west side; electricity, heat, latest improvements; refined surroundings; home of substantial business man leaving town; $250 monthly. For further particulars write X 317 Times Annex.

71ST ST., WEST.—Small house, completely furnished; coal; bargain; immediate occupancy. Schuyler 2989.

Long Island.

FURNISHED apartment, 6 rooms, 3 baths, $150 monthly; living room 18x20; open fireplace; all outside rooms, Sanford Av., Flushing, L. I. For details, Fred'k Zittel & Sons, B'way and 79th St. Schuyler 9700.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

Manhattan.

Hot-water heated 8-room cottage, sleeping porch and garage, one block from double-track trolley, subway connection, in best residential section of the city; rent $50 per month, or offer. Apply M. A. Broderick, 34 Warburton Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

73D ST., EAST.—Park Av.; beautiful house, extra large rooms. Phone Schuyler 2989.

93D, 257 WEST.—FIVE-STORY AMERICAN BASEMENT, 8 BATHS. CARETAKER.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

If you are looking for a small country home, with two full acres of fine farm land, located not far from railroad town and beautiful lake, complete for $1,325, on easy terms, call or write at once to B. Store, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Old house, with plenty of ground for vegetables, chickens, &c.; good section; near station and bay; only $1,400 to quick buyer; on easy terms. Estate, Box 210 Times Downtown.

Brooklyn.

Colonial house, 8 rooms, 3 baths, on Ocean Av., large grounds, garage; leaving town; will sublet for Winter or longer, furnished or unfurnished, $75 a month. Phone Midwood 1311 W.

Brick house 2½ stories and basement; all improvements; will sacrifice for cash. Linchits, 286 Penn St., Brooklyn.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 11-8c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

New York State.

To close an estate, handsome modern dwelling, spacious grounds, trees, and shubbery in choicest residential section; ocean view, at Far Rockaway; must be sold. Particulars, address Executor, P. O. Box P, Far Rockaway, N. Y.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

A BIG FARM.—Orange County, 275 fertile acres, on railroad and State road, near station; cheap; photos; particulars this office. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, 120 Broadway, New York. Rector 7718.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

NORTH CAROLINA ESTATE—FOR SALE.

Fine estate, "Lakewood," 8 miles from Fayetteville, N. C., containing 100 acre lake well stocked with bass. On good road leading to Over Hills resort. Good buildings. Railroad flag station on property. 1,275 acres at $20 if taken within 30 days. Good soil and will grow cotton, tobacco, &c. A bargain at this price. L. J. Duffy, Greensboro, N. C.

For Sale.—800-acre cotton farm, well improved; desirably located; in high state of cultivation. Address Odel Plantation, Post Office Box 223, Arkansas City, Ark.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

56TH, (near Madison Av.)—Gentleman called to army wishes to rent richly furnished studio apartment, two extra large rooms and bath; modern roof garden with fountain; valet, maid, and breakfast if desired. F. T. Barry Co., 646 Madison Av.

62D ST., 45 EAST.—Beautifully furnished apartment for rent.

81ST ST., 75, Corner Park Av.—Seven sunny rooms, elegantly furnished; service unexcelled.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED
Choice localities; long, short leases.
4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1458.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

ATTENTION.—Established 30 years. List your apartments. Waiting lists. A1 clientele. Lelands, One West 34th. Phone 1428 Greeley, also Murray Hill 3241.

HANDSOME 6-room apartment, Murray Hill district; moderate. Apply 144 East 40th St.

MADISON AV., 780, (near 66th St.)—Two rooms and bath; non-housekeeping; maid, catering, and elevator service; $1,000 to $2,000. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 414 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 5600.

PLAZA SECTION.—Seven rooms, 3 baths, very beautifully furnished. Details Columbus 3974.

SMARTLY FURNISHED APARTMENTS IN ALL MOST DESIRABLE LOCALITIES. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., AGENTS, 402 MADISON AV., AT 47TH ST.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV., NEAR 50TH ST.
Strictly bachelor apartment, beautifully furnished, large studio, with open fireplace; bedroom and bath; maid and valet service included; rent $200 monthly; seen by appointment. Telephone 1670 Circle before noon.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths; single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just off Broadway.)—New elevator building. 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6256.

47TH, 132 WEST, (Felix Portland.)—Desirable suites, 2 rooms and bath; extremely reasonable; special monthly rates; American, European plan.

47TH, 112 WEST. — Completely furnished bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80-$100; service. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; handsomely furnished. Dwyer.

51ST, Near 5th Av.—2 beautiful rooms; bath, electricity; references. Circle 2868.

54TH ST., 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsomely furnished apartments, 1 and 3 rooms and bath and 3 rooms with 2 baths; sunny rooms; steam heat.

55TH, 50 WEST.—Living room, breakfast room, bedroom, bathroom, kitchenette. Telephone Plaza 6958.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Going South immediately, sublet 8 months, year, handsomely furnished 4-room housekeeping apartment, 2 bedrooms; call afternoons. Apt. 4-1. Telephone Circle 1456.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Attractive, handsome outside rooms; 3 bedrooms. Columbus 1377.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex apartment. Hotel des Artists, 8 rooms, bath, kitchenette, refrigerator; cooking free; $200. Mrs. Wood.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $55 to $90, completely furnished; satisfactory references necessary; open evenings.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

[illegible]TH ST., 19 WEST, Overlooking Central Park.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath; maid service; restaurant; finest in the city. Mrs. Deane, on premises.

[illegible]TH, 22 WEST.—Apartments, furnished; entire floor, 2 and 3 connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity; $125 and $135.

7[illegible].—Magnificently furnished 8 rooms, 3 baths; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

72D, 42 WEST.—Two of the most delightfully furnished small apartments in New York; two rooms, with tiled baths; new building; 7 windows in each suite; moderate priced restaurant, with service in apartments; overlooking Central Park; convenient to subway express, elevated, and surface; $85-$100 monthly: leases only.

72D, 124 WEST.—Four bright, sunny rooms, bath; new building; apartment never occupied before; many of furnishings new; owner's home; immediate possession; $175. Apartment 1203.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Suite, one, two rooms, also studio; private baths; $55, $150.

79TH, (Near Broadway.)—8 rooms, completely furnished; 6 months or longer; 7th floor; southern exposure; all outside rooms; $200. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

80TH, 225 WEST, (Cor. Broadway.)—High-class, one room, bath, hall, kitchenette. Fanning.

85TH, 101 WEST.—Attractive, high-class elevator apartment, 8 exceptionally large rooms; piano; completely furnished; $150. Schuyler 4774. Lisner.

87TH, 307 WEST.—Private house, large back parlor, bath, kitchenette, electricity, service. $50.

90TH ST., 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms, with kitchenette and bath.

91ST, 250 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Attractively furnished 8 room, 2 bath apartment; accessible to subway and elevated road; rental $325 per month. F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Co., Broadway and 80th St. Schuyler 3800.

92D, 1 WEST.—Attractive high class furnished apartment, 9 rooms, 2 baths; reasonable; corner Central Park West, "The Cherbourg." Call or phone 942 Riverside. Allen.

97TH, (759 West End Av.)—Select front rooms; open fireplace; $85.

97TH, (759 West End Av.)—Select outside rooms; open fireplace; $85.

101ST, 309 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Sunny front suite or three connecting; every convenience; very desirable; business people; a home, not a furnished room. Apartment 3.

110TH Subway.—Seven rooms, 2 baths, very beautifully furnished. Details Columbus 8974.

111TH.—Four rooms, bath, facing park. Inquire Leland, 1 West 34th.

112TH, 535 WEST, (Hotel Royal.)—Suites and single rooms, with private baths; moderate.

115TH, (Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.)—Living room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bath; rent $90 per month, including gas, electricity. Telephone Morningside 6740.

116TH SUBWAY.—5 rooms, 2 bedrooms, very handsomely furnished. Particulars, Columbus 3974.

A BEAUTIFUL artist's studio, bedroom and bath; northern light; size studio 25 feet by 23 feet. Hotel Chelsea, 2700 Chelsea.

86TH ST., 200 WEST.
Am leaving city; will sublet my 7-room, well-appointed apartment, long or short lease, immediate possession. Apartment 61. Phone 5200 Schuyler, or Superintendent.

AN elegant 3 room corner apartment to sublet; delft blue and cream; cane panels and birdseye maple furniture; open fireplaces; most modern lighting fixtures; southern and northern exposure; maid service and linen. Hotel Chelsea, 2700 Chelsea.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished; long, short leases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT Hunting Unnecessary; consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d. Col. 1077.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45, $55 $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease or unfurnished; near Subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA.
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $65-$75-$85; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

ATTRACTIVE corner 7-room apartment, modern fireproof building on Riverside Drive. Rent, $275. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d St. Col. 1077.

ATTRACTIVE private home apartments, west side and Washington Heights. Crescent Co., 547 West 110th, corner Broadway, (2d floor.)

ATTRACTIVE 2-room suite, every convenience; southern exposure; new apartment. Circle 273.

CENTRAL PARK SOUTH, 36.—Owner leaving for London will sublet apartment from four to six months; three rooms, two baths, also kitchen and out-of-doors sleeping porch facing Central Park; most artistically furnished. Inquire Geo. K. Rose, on premises.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Completely furnished apartment, four rooms, bath, $150. Phone Schuyler 4306.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

EXCLUSIVE RENTING CO.
Apartments from $100 to $1,000. Personally inspected. Bryant 7773. 1,482 Broadway, near 42d St.

For Rent, located in New Bern, N. C., furnished apartment, furnace heated, every up-to-date convenience. Address F. B. Smallwood, New Bern, N. C.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS A SPECIALTY. Town-Country Renting Agency, 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5565.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to rent, very reasonable; season or longer. Apply SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

HIGH-CLASS apartments. Consult Katharine Martin, 249 West 76th St. Schuyler 8522.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440.
HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SIX ROOMS, OVERLOOKING HUDSON; $175 MONTHLY; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. APT. 103.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 380, Hendrick Hudson.—Seven rooms, two baths; furnished completely; all Riverside exposure; $300 per month. Finn.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.)—Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 3 rooms facing Drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, No. 125, (84th St.)—10 and 11 light, well-furnished rooms. Call or address W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

RIVERSIDE, (341 West 77th.)—Room, adjoining bath; also teacher's or doctor's studio.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

WEST END AV., 745.—High-class, large room and kitchenette; open fireplace; overlooking Hudson; $65.

Unfurnished—East Side.

1[illegible]TH ST., 23 EAST.—Studios to rent; reasonable rent. CARSTEIN & LINNIKEN, 221 4th Av. Phone Gramercy 2293.

28 EAST 28TH ST.
Two rooms, bath, with maid service.

[illegible]TH, 138 EAST.—To sublet, unfurnished, ground floor, seven rooms, two baths; $150 a month. Inquire of Superintendent.

A two-room and bath apartment; $45; new, modern, maid service included; 469 Fourth Av., near 32d St.; central location. ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Tel. 1100 Murray Hill.

CORNER apartment; six rooms and bath; elevator; telephone; $65. 138 East 94th St.

MADISON AV., 780, (Near 66th St.)—2 rooms and bath, nonhousekeeping; maid, catering and elevator service; $750 to $1,400. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 414 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 5600.

Unfurnished—West Side.

[illegible]TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 3106.

[illegible]TH, 48 WEST.—2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette, $85, including electricity, gas, also smaller apartment, similar conditions, $70.

[illegible]TH, 52 WEST.—New house, large rooms, complete, private floors.

[illegible]TH ST., 239 WEST.—Unfurnished parlor and basement floors, extension, bath; permanent tenant, quiet tastes desired.

[illegible]TH ST., 237 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,500. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 58 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2028.

[illegible]TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive two-room suite; all improvements; maid service; ref-

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

84TH, 17 WEST.—7 large, light rooms, bath; one flight up; with electric light. $65.

88TH, 105 WEST.—7 large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; convenient to elevated and subway; rent, $55.

90TH, 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms with kitchenette and bath.

97TH, 308 WEST.—Five immense, light rooms; southern exposure; elevator, telephone; moderate rent.

153D ST., 550 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—One extremely attractive studio apartment of two rooms, bath and kitchenette; all outside rooms; rent, $57.50.

160TH, 400 WEST, (corner Edgecombe Av.)—Sublet 4 rooms in Roger Morris elevator apartment; near subway and elevated.

APARTMENT to sublet to October; $85. The Dearborn, 350 West 55th. Muckenfuss.

BROADWAY, S. E. COR. 160TH ST.
Six, eight large, light rooms, high-class, elevator, electricity; complete service; low rentals. Superintendent on premises.

LENOX AV., 14, (adjacent to 112th St.)—Seven large rooms; hot water, phone, &c.; near subway and all surface lines; $50.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 736, (151st St.)—Charming, sunny, modern apartment, six rooms, two baths; three rooms facing river; 4-C, $83.33, concession. Agent on premises. Audubon 4160.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25, in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortland 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 71.—One-room apartment in a unique and exclusive house; rental $60. Apply on premises or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

126 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NEAR 85TH ST.—Only 1 nine-room apartment left; light; choice location.

3 AND 5 WEST 104TH ST.
Beautiful elevator apartment, white enamel, 4 and 6 large rooms and bath, $40 and $60.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

FURNISHED apartment, 6 or 7 rooms, 2 baths, location 72d to 145th St., west of Broadway; 4 adults, refined family; highest references; will take possession at once or by Jan. 1; no agents; state rental. F 62 Times.

Wanted Dec. 1 for six months two or three good-sized rooms; well and completely furnished; kitchen or kitchenette; bath; good location; about $50. F 47 Times.

Couple want high-class furnished 4-6 rooms, apartment, studio, six months, longer, west side, 72d-92d St.; owner's home only. Address 2,275 Broadway.

Furnished apartment, 2 or 3 rooms and bathroom, between 60th and 100th Sts. west, Dec. 1 or Jan. 1. Reply Room 228, Hotel Majestic.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT, large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Wanted, small furnished apartment for family of three; west side; state full particulars. terms. G., 4,207 Broadway.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

I CAN RENT your apartment furnished. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

Unfurnished.

IN old modernized house, between Washington Square and Columbus Circle, convenient to subway or elevated; two bed rooms, modern bath, and kitchenette, with one or two large rooms, suitable for studio, with fireplace; rent around $65; year's lease, continued if satisfactory. F. W. King, 12 Maiden Lane.

5 TO 6 ROOMS, modern, elevator; name lowest price. Burns, J 46 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Private family; two warm, comfortably furnished rooms, single or suite; breakfast; business men preferred; references. Boyd.

15TH, 105 EAST, (Apt. 94.)—Opp. Union Square Hotel. Unique accommodations for 1-2 bachelors; parlor, bedroom, piano, bath, steam, electric lights, telephone; handsome fireproof building; $50 monthly; subway.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished rooms; private bath, steam heat, electric light; board optional; references.

29TH ST., 35 EAST.—Beautiful light room, adjoining bath; electricity; private family. Herring.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; phone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

30TH, 122 EAST.—Large, small rooms, furnished, unfurnished; newly decorated; private house; refined.

31ST, 116 EAST.—Elegant large room, running water; one, two gentlemen; telephone; electricity.

34TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant room, electricity, bath, $6.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

61ST, 166 EAST.—Exceptionally fine front parlor, private bath, electricity, high-grade piano; select surroundings.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 1,331, (between 93d and 94th.)—Excellent accommodations business women in high-class neighborhood; every convenience; references. Russell.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; music studios rented by day or hour.

MADISON AV., 529—Handsomely furnished rooms, with and without private bath; phone, electricity.

MADISON AV., 174, (33D.)—Vanderbilt Studios; furnished and unfurnished; $25 up. Murray Hill 9286.

West Side.

9TH ST., 30 WEST.—Large, small rooms, newly furnished and decorated; quiet neighborhood.

16TH ST., 51 WEST.—Rooms; suite with bath. Tea room. Chelsea 2234.

49TH, 121 WEST.—Large, sunny room; hot water, electricity, shower, telephone; central location.

56TH, 338 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, double and single; all conveniences; elevator. Bingham.

56TH, 83 EAST.—Beautiful, large room for gentlemen only; respectable French family.

57TH, 102 WEST.—Elaborately furnished 2-room apartment; bath and every convenience; reasonable.

57TH, 260 WEST.—Large, sunny room, suitable for 2 persons or for studio; all conveniences, elevator. 5th floor.

57TH.—Light, medium-size room, near Carnegie, $6; business people. Circle 419.

58TH, 123 WEST.—Two comfortable single rooms; gentlemen; all conveniences; references; private home.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Single and double rooms, front parlor; running water; references.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Just opened; everything brand new; furnished rooms, single or en suite; electricity; refined surroundings; investigate.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Neat, handsome rooms, single, en suite; private telephone, electricity; refined house.

70TH, 145 WEST.—Cheerful large room, running water, private bath, electricity; exclusive home; gentlemen; references; phone apartment 6778 Columbus.

70TH, 273 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen; business couple.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive suite, private bath, or will divided for gentlemen.

70TH, 218 WEST.—Cozy room in private French house, $10.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable two, three bachelors; private bath; select residence.

71ST, 122 WEST.—Large and small comfortable rooms; all conveniences; restaurant in building.

71ST, 110 WEST.—Large room, with bath; quiet, refined house; subway, "L," conveniences.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; southern exposure; private; bath, steam, electricity, telephone.

71ST, 118 WEST.—Attractively furnished, newly decorated, large, front room; electricity, steam heat.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

302 WEST 72D ST.
Attractive front room; electricity; private family.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms, near subway, elevated; references.

73D, 163 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished room; southern exposure; private house; references.

74TH, 242 WEST.—BACHELOR'S ATTRACTIVE BEDROOM; PRIVATE BATH; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; JAP SERVICE; BREAKFAST.

74TH, 3 WEST.—Two comfortable front rooms, bath adjacent; southern exposure; private home.

74TH, 25 WEST.—Luxurious, completely furnished rooms; private baths; steam, electricity; unexcelled service.

74TH, 104 WEST.—Delightful rooms; well furnished; all conveniences; private house; references.

75TH ST., WEST.—Large double front back rooms and bath, suitable two gentlemen; breakfast if desired; select and refined neighborhood; references necessary. Columbus 719.

75TH, 226 WEST.—Refined gentleman, desiring homelike environments, family apartment. 7248 Columbus. Salvia.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

75TH, (322 West End Av.)—Large, comfortably furnished connecting rooms; modern conveniences; reasonable.

75TH, 159 WEST.—Rooms attractively furnished; southern exposure; electricity; adjoining baths.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable large room; twin beds; electricity; parquetry; very exclusive residence.

75TH, 8 WEST, (near park.)—Large rooms, private baths; electricity; telephone; $10-$12.

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, electricity, $10-$12.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Large sunny front room; electricity; private bath; kitchenette privileges; references.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive medium-sized room; running water; every convenience.

77TH, 113 WEST.—Elegant parlor suite; also large and small rooms; adjoining and private baths; electricity; phone; subway, "L"; reasonable; private house.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Well-furnished single room; southern exposure; gentleman; references.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house; two large rooms; connecting baths; single or en suite.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house; large front room, adjoining bath; suitable couple.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.
Desirable small room; reference; reasonable.

78TH, 212 WEST.—Comfortable, clean room, lavatory, electricity; subway; gentlemen. Schuyler 9110.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large front parlor, twin beds, private bath, lavatory, steam, electricity.

78TH, 208 WEST.—Attractive, large front room, dressing room attached; electricity; near subway.

78TH, 108 WEST.—Ready for guests Nov. 20; reservations now arranged; meals optional.

78TH, 169 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

78TH, 326 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Beautiful large and single rooms; well furnished.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, also single; steam heat, electricity; $4.50-$10.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; private baths, steam heat, electricity; $4.50, $12.

81ST, 265 WEST.—Front suite, two, three rooms. Apartment 5E.

82D, 116 WEST.—Beautiful furnished room, connecting bath; modern conveniences; table board.

82D, 33 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated bedrooms, bath; references.

82D, 24 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, suites; private bath; electricity; refined house; references.

82D, 54 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, second story front, bath, kitchenette; single rooms.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large and small well-furnished rooms; private bath; electricity; references.

84TH, 47 WEST.—Magnificent warm rooms; private bath; twin beds; electricity; attractive house.

84TH, 17 WEST.—Parlor piano, connecting rooms; also single; one flight. Baldwin.

85TH, 136 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front room; electricity, telephone; all conveniences.

86TH ST., 337 WEST.—Sunny, large room; small room, running water, near Drive; references.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Exclusive house; exceptionally beautiful room; twin beds; southern exposure.

86TH, 174 WEST.—Few desirable rooms; electricity; also parlor floor; meals if desired.

88TH, 307 WEST.—Attractive rooms, modern house, exclusive block; breakfast optional; references required.

88TH ST., 48 WEST.—Exceptionally large, small front room; running water; telephone; private; references.

88TH, 335 WEST, (Droccam Hall, near Riverside.)—Southern exposure, front rooms; $5 to $15; 86th St. subway.

90TH, 53 WEST.—Private house, apartment 2 large, nicely furnished rooms, with private bath; also 2 smaller rooms; $2 and $3.50.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive, light, well-heated rooms; running water; board optional; conveniences.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Elegantly furnished suite, private bath; exclusive home; gentlemen.

103D, 303 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Three rooms, with running hot and cold water, bath, telephone, and electricity, for rent single or en suite, in elegantly furnished private home; references required.

103D, 122 WEST.—Cozy, light room; steam, telephone; private family; $3.50. Jallade.

103D ST., 2 WEST.—Beautiful corner room facing park, $5; phone. Robinson.

104TH, 83 WEST.—Well-heated rooms, all improvements; for gentlemen; private house.

105TH, WEST.—Sunny comfortable rooms in a select apartment; reasonable terms. Telephone 1665 Academy.

107TH, 202 WEST, (Apt. 1B.)—Room for one or two business people; elevator apartment; hot and cold water in room; all conveniences; private home.

109TH, 301 WEST.—Two handsome rooms, bath, in high-class elevator apartment; strictly private family. Call 5 to 7.

109TH, 229 WEST.—Refined young couple, rent one or two rooms, high-class elevator apartment; kitchen privileges; maid; telephone service. Call afternoon or evening, Apartment 82.

112TH, 605 WEST.—Elegantly appointed room in select neighborhood for gentleman; 1 minute from subway; bath and shower; $8 per week. C. M., Apartment 2.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Well-furnished outside room; large closet; southern exposure. Periam.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Light, attractive rooms; elevator; telephone; shower. Apt. 41.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Large room; elevator, electricity; business gentleman. Apt. 23.

121ST, 523 WEST.—Double room, nicely furnished; exclusive use, well-equipped kitchen. Apt. 41.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Unusually attractive room, private family. Apt. 21.

123D, 439 WEST, Apt. 16.—2 rooms suite; elevator, electricity, telephone, conveniences.

139TH, 520 WEST.—Well-furnished, light, warm room; high-class apartment; improvements; near Broadway, subway and bus. Apartment 56.

143D, 561 WEST (Corner Broadway.)—Newly decorated room; business gentleman; references. Apartment 55.

143D ST., 617 WEST, (Broadway.)—Subway; shower bath; $5. Audubon 4286, evenings. De Mora.

143D, 527 WEST.—Bedroom and sitting room, or will divide modern apartment. Mendoza.

144TH, 560 WEST.—Beautiful, light, large room with private family, elevator, telephone; near subway. Apt. 47.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Hudson view; running water; $6; convenient location; evenings. 6B.

160TH, 655 WEST, (Near Riverside.)—Refined gentleman can have comfortable room with private family of two; $5.

183D, 553 WEST.—For rent, two beautifully furnished bedrooms, with private bath, telephone; all conveniences; reasonable, 181st St. subway.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS,
302 West 22d St.
Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly, rooms for two, $3.50 weekly each.

CLAREMONT AV., 200.—Attractive front room; 1, 2 ladies; kitchen privileges; elevator. Apt. 37.

CLAREMONT AV., 130.—Beautiful front rooms; reasonable prices. Apply superintendent.

DESIRABLE gentlemen can secure one large room with private bath, also two large single rooms in high-class private apartment in exclusive neighborhood; breakfast optional; references required. Address C. A. H., Box 219 Times Downtown.

HOTELS' OVERFLOW accommodated; investigated rooms, board, apartments, houses. Leland's, 1 West 34th St.

151ST ST., 628 WEST.—Large, attractive room; elevator apartment; no other roomers. Apartment 6G.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th.)—Desirable rooms, with or without private bath; newly furnished; gentlemen; also bedroom and sitting room for two gentlemen; telephone; references. Cardozo.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (corner 80th.)—Magnificently furnished suite of 2 large rooms with bath, steam heat; private house service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 202, (93d.)—Two attractive rooms; newly furnished; reasonable to permanent party; board optional. Stanhope.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 310.—Apt. 7-F; beautiful room overlooking Hudson; new elevator apartment; private family; gentlemen.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452, (116th St.)—Room of highest type; refined; references. Apt. 41. Kelley.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668, (cor. 144th.)—Fine room, adjoining bath; outside. Apt. 3.

SON GONE TO WAR; will rent his room, up-to-date apartment; 4 short blocks from subway; can arrange meals. Audubon 2415. Ross.

WEST END AV., 758, (Cor. 97th.)—Desirable large corner rooms, comfortably furnished, kitchenette; suitable for two gentlemen or couple. Butters.

WEST END AV., 896, (103.)—Large room; private bath; $11; twin beds; private.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

WEST END AV., 826, (100th St.)—Superior bachelor accommodations; exclusive residence; breakfast. River 3050.

WEST END AV., 936, (Subway, 103d.)—Spacious corner room; conveniences; refined home; gentlemen. Apartment 5 west.

Brooklyn.

A NICE ROOM, electricity, suitable for nurses; private family, exclusive neighborhood, walking distance of subway. Telephone 333 Prospect.

PARK PLACE, 223, (Subway.)—Large square room, hot water, large closet; all conveniences; back parlor; parquet floors. Prospect 9513.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

A lady wants a comfortable room, kitchen privileges, with refined lady, between 100th and 122d Sts., west. J 45 Times.

Jewish young man desires room private family; walking distance Columbia. F 83 Times.

Gentleman wishes room and bath; $6 weekly; references exchanged. P 124 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly, up.

West Side.

5TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity; switchboard; refined service.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath, steam; unexcelled board.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms, excellent board; all improvements.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Large and small rooms; table guests.

16 WEST 55TH ST.
Table boarders; rooms; references; gentlemen.

55TH, 46 WEST.—Large, small, single rooms, private bath; excellent home table; references.

58TH ST., 41, 43, 45 WEST—Elevator.
MADISON ARMS.

70TH, 127 WEST.—Exceptionally well furnished, sunny front room; excellent table; fine service.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 266 WEST.—Fine location; attractive, warm rooms; excellent Southern cooking; references.

72D, 122 WEST.—Well heated double, single rooms, private bath; fine people.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; with board; table guests accommodated.

72D, 302 WEST.—Attractive front room; electric lights; private family; gentlemen.

73D, 302 WEST.—Two large rooms, private baths; board optional; exclusive location.

75TH, 234 WEST, (The Hurlburt.)—Sunny back parlor, private bath; steam heat.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select accommodation, steam, electricity, modern furnished double, single rooms; private bath; cleanliness; best home table.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive rooms, double and single, private bath or adjoining; steam heat, electricity; excellent table; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

83D, 25 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, second floor; private baths; family or few adults; excellent Vienna cooking. Schuyler 8227.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms, southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive, large room, private bath, excellent table. Schuyler 5441.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Newly, beautifully furnished double rooms, adjoining bath; excellent Jewish table; reasonable; table boarders accommodated. Riverside 9793.

91ST, 39 WEST.—Very desirable double and single rooms, with adjoining bath, for 2, 3, or 4 people; newly furnished; refined Jewish family; excellent table; reasonable rates. Tel. Riverside 6926.

93D ST., (676 West End Av.)—Large front room; running water; electricity; excellent environment; suitable two gentlemen or married couple; beautifully furnished; home cooking.

102D, 305 WEST, (Between West End-Riverside.)—One, two rooms, private bath, second floor; southern exposure; owner's home; references.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Unusually large room, private bath, suitable for 2 or 3 people; service and surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-B'way.)—Luxurious; private residence offers large suite; 2 rooms, bath; really exceptional table; every convenience; beautifully furnished; moderate terms.

108TH, 329 WEST.—This is no boarding house, nor hotel, but a palatial residence converted into a high-class Pensionat; rooms with or without private bath; also electric elevator, cuisine and service unexcelled; only permanent guests considered.

126TH, 162 WEST.—Suite, single, private baths, steam heat, telephone; excellent cuisine.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, North Corner 104th St., (Palatial Mansion.)—Attractive room; 6 windows, Riverside Drive; bath; telephone, electric service; table highest standard. Mrs. Ida Marks.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables.
Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness.
Social Parlors, Smoking Rooms. Comforts.
Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV.,
174 West 126th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking; convenient.

WEST END AV., 878, (103d.)—Magnificent private dwelling; overlooking Hudson; modern, beautiful rooms; well heated; excellent cooking; moderate.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Large, sunny rooms; excellent table; house thoroughly appointed; references.

BOARD WANTED.

TWO LADIES in town frequently over night want accommodations in small hotel or boarding house taking transients; not above 50th St. Address D. S. F., The Library, Norwalk, Conn.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

New York State.

At Highland, N. Y., a widowed lady, owner of high and beautifully located new home with all modern comforts, will take one or two semi-invalids in board at reasonable rate. Address Mrs. Mae Van Wagner, Highland, N. Y.

New Jersey.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.—Refined home; fine location; sunny room and board; permanent couple; references. Phone 591.

Connecticut.

For rent, with board, three cheery rooms and private bath; fine location; first-class accommodation. Call, between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M., 43 East Putnam Av., Greenwich, Conn.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CADILLACS.
TOURING AND LIMOUSINES.
1917—1916—1915.

"17" Touring, used very little. Mechanical condition, paint and shoes very exceptional. Price $1,600. An exceptional bargain.

"16" Touring. Mileage 3,500. Refinished and looks like new. Best "BUY" in Greater N. Y. See it and be convinced. Price absolutely right.

"15" Touring. Beyond the shadow of a doubt the best Model 51 on the streets today. Original paint without a scratch; mechanical condition perfect, shoe equipment exceptional; bumper, slip covers, everything complete. Cheap if sold at once.

"15" Limousine town car. Very handsome body; beautifully painted; seats five inside; entire job looks like new. Mechanical condition excellent; shoe equipment almost new. On exhibition now.

Inspection and demonstration day, evening, or Sunday.

BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.
Appraisers to the trade.
1,077 ATLANTIC AV. COR. FRANKLIN AV.
BROOKLYN.

BUICK 1916 SEDAN,
beautiful seven-passenger, like new, with extra Summer top; full electric equipment; condition guaranteed; sacrifice for quick sale. 150 West 55th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK 1917 Light Six.—Will sell my Buick 1917 touring car with detachable sedan top already mounted; also Summer touring top. George J. Donahue, Hotel Majestic.

BUICK, 1916, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger touring car, fully equipped, excellent condition throughout. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

BUICK, 1916, little six touring, $575.
DODGE, 1916, tour., perfect condition, $375. Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th Av. Morn. 9367.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET.
Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK TOURING, LIKE NEW 1917.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

BUICK little six runabout; first real cash offer takes it. 1,930 Broadway.

Cadillac 1917 Convertible Sedan; 3,900 miles.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC, 1917, laudaulet, limousine, sedan, also touring; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 limousine; excellent condition; sacrifice; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC 1916 Limousine.—Custom-built body; $1,500. 57 Sheffield Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC, eight-cylinder touring; like new; $750. 1,930 Broadway.

CHALMERS 1917 7-pass. touring. Bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CHALMERS 1916, five-passenger touring car, Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

CHANDLER limousine; runs and looks like a new car; bargain to immediate buyer. 305 West 59th St.

CHANDLER with Winter and Summer top; bargain. 305 West 59th St.

COLE, semi-roadster; perfect condition; must have cash. 1,930 Broadway.

DELAUNAY Belleville brougham, 6 cylinder, 19 h. p.; beautiful, ideal town car; newly painted; perfect condition; electric lights, &c.; bargain. Bord, 114 West 50th St.

ELECTRIC BROUGHAM, 1916, Rauch and Lang, seating five; new, high-capacity battery recently installed; excellent condition; $1,950. Box O 156 Times.

FIAT 55-H. P. 1915 model; Summer and Winter tops; bargain; no dealers; private. 1,909 Foster Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FIAT limousine, handsomely appointed; good condition; new tires; cost $5,000; price $700. 31 West 94th. Riverside 3744.

FIAT Baby Limousine Town Car.—Nice condition; make offer. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

FIAT limousine, thoroughly overhauled and repainted; make offer. 305 West 59th St.

FORD CARS—GREAT BARGAINS.
PLEASURE AND COMMERCIAL.
FORD DEALERS, 559 WEST 23D ST.

FRANKLIN touring, 1915; very good condition; extra shoe; spotlight and bumper. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp. 1,860 Broadway.

FRANKLIN 1916 Touring; repainted; exceptional bargain, $1,000. Gage, 1,834 Broadway. Columbus 6832.

FRANKLIN 1917 Touring; recently overhauled, $1,450; (enlistment compels sale.) Gage, 1,834 Broadway.

FRANKLIN 1916 Sedan; excellent condition, recently overhauled, repainted; $1,600. Gage, 1,834 Broadway.

FRANKLINS, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, touring cars; special values. Gage, 1,834 B'way.

HUDSON Super-Six, 1916, cabriolet body, 3-passenger car, in best of condition, looks like new; owner will sacrifice because leaving town. Call Mr. St. Clair, St. Nicholas 9300. (No dealers.)

HUDSON super-six 1917, 7-passenger touring car, must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Co., Broadway, at 70th St.

HUDSON, latest model, super six, limousine; condition like new. Phone Columbus 8963.

HUPMOBILE Sedan; 5,000 miles; 1917 late. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

LANCIA Raceabout.—Late model; very snappy; $650. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

LIMOUSINE BODY.—Latest model; almost new; fits any standard car; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

LOCOMOBILE, practically new, 1917 limousine, perfect condition in every particular; will sell for $4,300. Write or call Room 704, 511 5th Av., New York.

LOCOMOBILE limousine; original cost, $5,700; $1,000 to quick buyer; all new tires. 305 West 59th, near Columbus Circle.

MARMON limousine, late 1917; cost $5,300 new; car like new; must sell immediately. Call Mrs. L. S. F., 200 West 54th St. Phone 1130 Circle.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger limousine; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON limousine, touring car, also chummy roadster; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MAXWELL 1916 touring, like new; extras; excellent condition; $375. Lexington, Circle 1872.

MAXWELL 1918 touring; 600 miles; brand new; quick, $550. Lexington, Circle 1872.

MERCEDES, 1914 MODEL.
Beautiful touring car, in perfect condition; cost $8,500; cheap for cash. Phone owner for demonstration, Columbus 8599, or call 1,920 Broadway, Room 660; real bargain.

MERCER raceabout, 1914; self-starter; wonderful condition. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

MERCER 1917 Sporting 4-Pass.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

NATIONAL twin six Clover Leaf, practically new; half price. 20th Century, 1,700 B'way.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 Four-Cylinder Model 43 Landaulet Town Car.—Like new; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

OLDSMOBILE LIMOUSINE.
Beautiful 1916 model; looks like new; seats 5 inside; complete electrical equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. 150 West 55th.

OLDSMOBILE 1913 touring, six-cylinder, $250; excellent condition. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,860 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917, five-passenger touring; leaving city. 1,930 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1916, COUPE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

OVERLANDS, WILLYS-KNIGHTS.
All Models. Closed and Open. Overhauled.
Price Exceptionally Low for Quick Sales.
Also Some Good Bargains in Other Makes.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway and 50th St. Open Evenings.
WRITE FOR USED CAR BULLETIN.

OVERLAND 1915, model 80, coupe, excellent condition. L. Rousselot, 2,968 Valentine Av.

OWEN Magnetic 1917 brougham-landaulet; like new. H. H., 80 Times.

PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Limousine.—Also landaulet car, 2-38; very good condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 8574 Columbus.

PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Runabout, 5-48.—Finest condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

PACKARD 1917, seven-passenger; run 3,000 miles; absolutely perfect conditon; owner going to France; bargain. Captain Frederick Pope, 866 Fifth Av., Tel. Greeley 4400.

PACKARD 1915 "3-38" limousine; newly painted, excellent condition. George Lamberty, 1926 Broadway.

PACKARD Landaulette for rent, any way you desire. Phone "Micker," Columbus 2239.

PACKARD 1916 Twin Six limousine; fine condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 B'way.

PEERLESS—New seven passenger model 56, eight cylinder; good reason for sacrifice. Exclusive Film Corp. Bryant 6436.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) Limousine, 38 H. P.
PACKARD (1917) Landaulet, 2-35.
LOCOMOBILE (1917) Touring, 38 H. P.
F. Turner, 20 Broad St. Phone 4473 Rector.

PIERCE-ARROW "38" Limousine.—Electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916.
Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

REO, 1916, 6-cylinder touring car, price $575. Phone Owner, 1,391 Main.

ROYAL MAIL ROADSTER, $325.
Late model, electric self-starter, extras; ready instant service. 305 West 79th.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS BOOTH, 4-passenger roadster; Rolls Royce Blue, two wheels, many extras. Scripps Agency, 302 East Fordham Road.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, four-passenger roadster, $750. Brenner, 1,776 Broadway. 351 Columbus.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1915; make offer.
1,930 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1916 ROADSTER.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1917; large type; sell reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

S. G. V. COUPE AND BROUGHAM.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

SIMPLEX, 38, shaft drive, seven-passenger, Holbrook touring body; must sell this fine car at once. 1,930 Broadway.

STEARNS-KNIGHT brougham landaulet; "8 cylinder"; 1916 model, with all 1917 improvements installed; imported linings, bronze fixtures and vanity cases, Circassian walnut paneling; interior renovated; newly painted royal blue and black; has the appearance of a new car; sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE. Stearns Used Car Department, (J. H. Driscoll, Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7800.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

STEARNS 1916 8-cylinder limousine, landaulet; newly painted; reasonable. J 8 Times.

STUTZ BULLDOG, 1916.
Beautiful four-passenger; special bulldog type; like new; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

STUTZ 1918 TOURING. NEW CAR.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1915 H. C. S. SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ BULLDOG, 1916.
Beautiful four-passenger; special bulldog type; like new; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

STUTZ, 1917, 16-valve speedster, also bulldog; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

STUTZ 1916 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

WESTCOTT 4-passenger, 1917 roadster; excellent condition; bargain price. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,860 Broadway.

WESTCOTT 1916 touring, seven-passenger; run less than 10,000 miles; good as new. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,860 B'way.

WILLYS-KNIGHT Brougham; will sacrifice this elegant car for $700. 1,930 Broadway.

WINTER inclosure, excellent condition, beveled glass, $150, has been used on Packard "6," can be seen at Palmer's, State and Clinton St., Brooklyn.

WINTON limousine, very fine condition throughout. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

WINTON SIX 48 touring car, overhauled and repainted, fully equipped, fully guaranteed. The Winton Co., B'way at 70th St.

Motor Trucks.

MACK, 5-ton, dump body, 1915, good condition. Call Columbus 8931.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Brougham Sedan.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUTZ 16-VALVE SPEEDSTER.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 REO "6" SEDAN.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 HUDSON SUPER SIX TOURING.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1917 BUICK ROADSTER.
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "6" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

AUCTION SALE OF AUTOMOBILES TODAY at 12 o'clock noon, Van Tassell & Kearney's Mart, 126-128 East 13th St.; several first-class cars, different makes and models, to be sold to the highest bidders; if you are looking to buy a good car reasonably, attend this sale; IF YOU HAVE A CAR TO SELL, THESE AUCTION SALES, HELD EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, ARE THE BEST MEDIUM FOR QUICK AND SATISFACTORY RETURNS. AUTOMOBILES TAKEN ON DEAD STORAGE AT REASONABLE RATES.

CLOSED AUTO BODIES.
Any body now in stock at
$35, $75, $150, $350, &c.
PLENTY OF GOOD ONES LEFT.
WORTH 3 TIMES PRICES ASKED!
Come and pick out a Bargain.
Fitting: Cadillacs, Packards, Oldsmobiles, Stearns, Overlands, Fiats, Simplexes, Pierces, Singers and others.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1,763 Broadway, near 57th St.

1916 7-pass. Touring, 8-cyl., model 53; this car has been overhauled and repainted; 1917 Cadillac, blue with red wheels; will give excellent service; the price will surprise you.
DETROIT-CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO.,
536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

NEW SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
We have a large consignment with open and closed bodies now ready for inspection and demonstration at our warerooms. Great reductions in price.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4887.

FORD AUTHORIZED DEALERS.
All models, new or used; immediate delivery; double tariff taxis, $165 up; tractors, haul three tons, any style; time payments, trades; always open. Yorkville Motor Co., Repairs, 415 East 91st St.; Sales, Lexington Av., corner 88th St. Phone Lenox 4918-4983.

"WHITE" USED CARS,
Also other well-known makes
touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept. M. R. Greene, Mgr.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars. Limousine bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

FORD TIRES, $6, $7.50, $9, $12.50.
Some fine "buys." Jandorf, 1,763 B'way.

Automobiles Wanted.

WHITE 30 touring, 1916; give mileage and full particulars with lowest cash price in first letter. Charles D. Sherman, 50 Windsor Av., Hartford, Conn.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Automobiles for Rent.

Beautiful Cadillac limousine, 8-cylinder; owner; $350 monthly. Telephone 5174 Riverside. Morrison.

CADILLAC, private limousine, for hire; month or week; reasonable price; best reference; owner drives. D. M., Times Harlem.

CADILLAC Limousine for hire; bargain rates; excellent service; anywhere. Telephone 6301 Morningside.

CADILLAC limousine, very stylish, hourly; monthly preferred; very reasonable. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

NEW 5-PASSENGER touring car; owner drives; $2 hourly. Mack, 2476 Fordham.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping. $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43 St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS, Hudsons.—Latest models; limousines, touring, shopping; $2.50 hour; special rate trips, daily, monthly. 2,758 Broadway. Academy 403.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD or CHALMERS Limousine Landaulet, 1916, hour, trip, monthly; reasonable; owner drives; best reference. Bradley, phone Riverside 3617.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD, 1916, 1917, beautiful landaulet, limousines; trip, hour, monthly. Wilmarth. Columbus 8030.

PACKARD limousine, beautiful; monthly; owner drives. Dubois, 187 Manhattan Av. 1380 Academy.

PACKARD limousine, sixes, brougham style; $2.50 shopping; monthly, $350. Telephone 1585 Plaza.

PIERCE-ARROW trucks to rent, two 5-ton, during Winter months; stand, platform, bodies. Address F 78 Times.

PIERCE-ARROW, Packard limousine, newly lined, $2.50 hourly, $75 weekly. Circle 4215.

THOMAS FLYER limousine, up to date, for hire, hour, day, week, or month. Ochko, Telephone Madison Square 2993.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

DEAD STORAGE.—AUTOMOBILES. $10-$12 WEST 143D ST. AUDUBON 3575.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ATTENDANT.—Refined young lady wishes position as trained attendant to lady, by day or hour; have five years' experience with very best family; can furnish best of references. Telephone Audubon 6380.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Eight years' experience; controlling accounts, trial balance; take entire charge office; reliable, efficient; $22. P 125 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and typist; experienced, neat, reliable; salary, $15. F 69 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert; thoroughly competent taking complete charge; secretary. Belle, 1,065 Prospect Av.

COMPANION.—Refined lady desires position as useful companion to elderly lady. X 323 Times Annex.

COMPETENT, experienced colored girl wishes position, small family, general housework; excellent cook, good manager; first-class city references; salary, $10 week. P 105 Times.

COOK wishes position private family; reference. 200 West 84th, care of Quinn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

HOUSEKEEPER or COMPANION.—Refined and capable Scotch woman. Address 5,605 4th Avenue, Brooklyn.

HOUSEWORKER.—Young girl wishes position, general housework. Call Wicker, 409 West 39th St.

NURSE, who is also a seamstress, excellent manager, good companion and fond of children, cheerful and optimistic, seeks position with family in city or out of town; no objection to travel; best credentials. X 343 Times Annex.

NURSE.—Japanese girl will give her service as nurse in refined American family where she can learn English; neighborhood of 110th, Broadway. Phone 5860 Cathedral, Apt. 42.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER, 10 years' experience; exceptional secretarial qualities; valuable assistant endeavoring to relieve employer of the many irksome duties of office; thoroughly dependable; best references. L 49 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—American, 22 years of age, college education, graduate secretary; no business experience, desires to connect with office having possibilities of advancement. L. T., 25 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; conscientious, reliable; references; $15. W 280 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 2½ years' experience, rapid worker; references; $11. P 266 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—College graduate; eight years' experience; $18. Telephone 2890 Morningside, Apt. 22.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; 3½ years' experience; competent; Christian; $14. A 72 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—American, Christian; experienced, capable, educated; law or commercial; $25. V 863 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; five years' experience; accurate, competent; good reference; salary, $15. M. Paul, 1,436 1st Av.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; experienced, competent, accurate; excellent references; salary $18. Phone Rhinelander 3718.

STENOGRAPHER, reliable, painstaking; good education; no clock watcher; experienced; $15. V 293 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, rapid, accurate; familiar office detail; salary, $18. P 270 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT, high school education, seven years' experience; salary, $20. F 80 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; 5 years' commercial experience; references; $15. K 507 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER; some experience and high school training; good references; $10. F 71 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, four years' experience; full charge; $18. F 30 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, educated, wants work from 9 to 3. Midwood 6951-J.

TEACHER.—College graduate; public school methods; all branches; coaching. Expert, Times Harlem.

Employment Agencies.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916.

COOK, excellent; best references; wages, $45 or $50. Call 15 West 52d.

COLORED help, city, country; references. Hope's Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ABLE, active, Christian, American, past 40, strictly temperate, capable filling any position requiring industry, commonsense, reliability, trustworthiness, desires position; can you offer one? E 163 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 104. Cortlandt 6688.

ACCOUNTANT with spare time desires to keep set of books. F 29 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, 21, experienced, desires position as bookkeeper or on accounting staff; reliable, competent; accounting student. W 274 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and Cashier.—Married; ten years' experience; excellent references; bond furnished. W 290 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent take full charge double entry set; knowledge stenography. W 273 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, &c.—Japanese, young, wants position as butler, useful man, houseman; object go school mornings, evenings; recommendations. S., 77 West 37th St.

CARETAKER.—Swiss family wishes place as caretaker in city, or country about 1 hour out. F 64 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 10 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR, 27, long experience on high-grade cars; best references, reliable; moderate salary. Chauffeur, 3 West 99th St., care of Mrs. Gant, Apartment 12A. Schuyler 2186.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 32, desires private position where ability, sobriety, punctuality is required and recognized; excellent references. 14 East 128th St. Tel. Harlem 7062.

CHAUFFEUR, 37; mechanic; 14 years' experience; any make car; references. Address Chauffeur, 408 East 79th St. Telephone Lenox 8210.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Spanish, 28 years, speaks English, wishes position, private family. Travaillot, 151 West 98th St. Phone Riverside 5505.

CHAUFFEUR.—As I am disposing of my cars I would like to place my chauffeur with a good family. Wm. Hirsch, 9368 Plaza.

CHAUFFEUR, 37, married; 10 years' experience; expert driver, mechanic; excellent references. Man, 56 West 93d St. Riverside 1830-J.

CHAUFFEUR.—Willing, capable, and reliable man; references; married; go anywhere. F 73 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 24, wishes position, private; three years' experience; good reference. F 68 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, married, desires position; private references. Reliable, 1,418 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, (28,) married; competent, reliable; excellent references. Tel. 2745 Lenox.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; experienced all cars; own repairs; references. Morris, Phone Rhinelander 353.

CHAUFFEUR, private; reliable, sober, careful; 8½ years' experience. Durkin, 142 West 62d St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, desires position; private family; $25 weekly; permanent only. P 122 Times.

CLERK, with dry goods experience, desires change; capable meeting requirements. P 245 Times Downtown.

COOK, Japanese; general houseworker; experienced, educated; best references. Bin, 1,076 2d Av.

COMMERCIAL STATIONERY MAN, experienced, 21, desires position as salesman or general assistant; I request an interview. G., 1,775 Broadway.

COMPOSITOR, layout, stone hand; good executive; non-union. McGuire, 1,551 East 17th St., Brooklyn. Midwood 3389.

CORRESPONDENT.
Practical experience, initiative, strong character, capable, produce results, assume responsibilities. P 281 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, electrical, graduate, seven years' experience; neat and accurate. Jap, 575 West 183d St.

EXECUTIVE.
HIGH-GRADE MAN AVAILABLE.
Own business ten years; practically stopped by war; assume fullest responsibility; wide financial and business connections; rugged health; keen, active brain; educated, intuitive; thoroughly alive; 38 years old. P 279 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.
Experienced in employment, welfare, cost, and general office supervision. P 117 Times.

SALESMAN—Young man, exempt, intelligent, courteous, able, experienced, possesses good personality and ability to sell merchandise through honest, hard work; excellent recommendation. F 82 Times.

SALESMAN or office manager, executive ability, thoroughly conversant labor-saving devices; bookkeeper, correspondent; represent branch office. W 198 Times.

SALESMAN.—A real salesman, ten years' selling experience, desires to connect with reliable woolen house; unquestionable reference. P 63 Times.

SALESMAN, (20,) 4 years' experience; understands advertising, bookkeeping; highly recommended. P 267 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, speedy, accurate, long experience, seeks permanent connection with corporation executive; six years with members of Congress; excellent references; salary, $2,000 per annum. F. S. C., 916 East Capitol St., Washington, D. C.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—University Senior seeks secretarial position to executive; accounting, correspondence experience; American, married; conscientious; $25. F 77 Times.

SILK SALESMAN calling cut up trade, jobbers, having 3 years contract expiring with one of the large houses, is open similar connection. F 61 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced and efficient, wishes permanent or temporary position evenings; moderate salary; executive ability; can assume responsibility; knowledge bookkeeping; highest references. F 65 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY.—Young man, 5 years' experience, exempt, desires position with good prospects; salary $25. P 242 Times Downtown

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, general office work and translator into Spanish of English and French; good references. Criads, 471 West 23d St., city.

STENOGRAPHER.—22; reliable and competent; four years' experience; references; $18. P 277 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, CLERICAL.—High school graduate; experience. H. S., 1,335 3d Av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, capable, can handle general office work; desired opportunity. W 279 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Visiting, (Male.)—Able to take testimony; folio rate. P 228 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT high-class apartment houses wishes make change Jan. 1; thorough mechanical experience; first-class manager. J 11 Times.

VALET.—Japanese; best cook; take entire charge bachelor's place. 177 West 87th St.

VALET.—Scotch, 30; first-class references; speaks French. F 74 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, neat, pleasing personality, expert penman, accurate figurer, knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting, correspondent; capable managing small office; salesman two years; references. F 79 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) thoroughly experienced bookkeeping, corresponding, selling, attending New York University evenings, wishes position; excellent references. F 76 Times.

YOUNG MAN, recently returned from France, college education, selling and executive ability, desires connections; interviews solicited. G 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, high school graduate, 3½ years' business experience, also advertising, in need of position. W 291 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, reliable, desires position with advancement; best reference. W 281 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
Fulton St., Brooklyn.
SALESWOMEN.
We require saleswomen for our art embroidery, camera, candy, glove, lining, notion, shoe, stationery, and umbrella departments; and can also place saleswomen in all departments throughout the store, presenting an opportunity to women without experience to learn salesmanship and be paid while learning and when proficient to become part of our regular staff. Apply to superintendent.
ALSO
DEPARTMENT OF WRAPPING.
Require several young girls to wrap parcels; experience not necessary. Apply to superintendent department of wrapping, subway floor, central building.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, in office of a Brooklyn manufacturing concern; knowledge of double entry system essential; state age, experience and salary desired. J 285 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER with executive ability; one familiar with furniture installment business preferred and capable of taking full charge of office force. Barney Scher, 81 Avenue A.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER, cloak house experience preferred, double entry, trial balance. Wilson Manufacturing Co., 127 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced trial balance; some knowledge stenography, typewriting. Brand Bros., 21 Washington Place.

CANVASSERS Wanted.—Two women canvassers to arrange demonstrations for salesmen selling the well-known Frantz-Premier electric cleaner; salary and commission. Mr. Walsh, 2,010 Broadway.

FOREWOMAN to take charge of high-grade underwear factory; good salary; permanent employment guaranteed. Apply at once, Invader Textile Corporation, 2,157 Prospect Av., near 182d St., Bronx.

FOREWOMAN to assist in high-grade underwear factory; good opportunity. Apply at once, Invader Textile Corporation, 2,157 Prospect Av., near 182d St., Bronx.

GIRLS, 15-20 years of age, for stock work and order filling; large mail order house; experience unnecessary. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

GIRL for clerical work; good at figures; permanent position with advancement; salary to start, $7. Address own handwriting, F 271 Times Downtown.

GIRLS IN STOCK DEPARTMENT OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; GOOD STEADY POSITION. CALL CAMPBELL, METZGER & JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D ST.

GIRLS familiar with printing wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., Garrison Av. and Tiffany St., Bronx.

GIRL.—For addressing and office work in publishing house; excellent opportunity; $7 to start. F 455 Times Annex.

GIRL—16 years and over for clerical work in office of large corporation. A., P. O. Box 1,548, New York.

MAIDS; two; one nurse and one general housework. Tel. Flushing 2408.

NURSERY GOVERNESS or Mother's Helper.—Refined, competent, and kindly, to care for a little girl of 3 years and to assist with a baby of 10 months. Call from 10 A. M. to 12 M. Bruere, 925 Park Av.

OFFICE and CLERICAL WORK.—Large mail order house requires a number of young ladies, 15-20 years of age, for office; steady position; excellent opportunity for advancement; public, parochial or high school graduate preferred. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

OFFICE GIRL in very pleasant office; hours 9 to 5, noon on Saturday. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, education and salary desired. F 81 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST for Labor Relief Organization; applicant must know German, be thoroughly acquainted with all office routine, take orders and answer inquiries by phone; must be absolutely reliable; call Saturday 3 to 5 P. M. 1,123 Broadway, Suite 607.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist.—Must be experienced, rapid, accurate; excellent opportunity; state age, salary, telephone, and nationality. Address P 111 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS, over 18, experienced and capable; good opportunity; moderate starting salary. McCall Co., 236 West 37th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted by large printing concern. Call S. P., 421 Hudson St., N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHER for work in an insurance office; salary $12. P 248 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced Smith Premier; state salary. J 34 Times.

TEACHER.—Orphanage near city needs teacher elementary grade who can also do social work with small group of newly received children; not permitted for first three weeks to mingle with other children; day and half off weekly; board, lodging and $40 monthly. Address G. E. Halpern, Pleasantville, N. Y.

TWO bright girls wanted, one on switchboard and one on filing work, in office near West 42d St. ferry, where only men have been employed. P 110 Times.

TYPISTS.—Large mail order house requires a number of typists; steady position; good opportunity for advancement; excellent chance for beginners. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

TYPIST WANTED, temporary position two weeks. Apply Miss Eakland, Knox Hat Co., 601 Grand Av., Brooklyn.

WOMEN of education and experience in managing household for Jewish orphanage near city for combination positions of social worker and supervision of cottage where children perform all household duties; board, lodging and $40 monthly; state age, education, experience. Dr. L. B. Bernstein, Pleasantville, N. Y.

WOMAN Wanted.—Educated, refined woman to interview prospective customers for high-class laundry, experience not necessary, but personality essential; good salary. J 30 Times.

YOUNG GIRL, with some experience preferred, for filing, keeping records, and general office work; good opportunity for smart girl. Wilson-Maenlen Co., 781 East 142d St.

YOUNG GIRL to index and file papers in office of wholesale woolen house; state age, references, and salary expected. O 393 Times Downtown.

YOUNG French girl, assist care children; intelligent, willing; experience unnecessary; nonresident preferred. Chambers, 39 Claremont Av.

YOUNG GIRL, French or English, willing to go to Scandinavia, wanted as help in family with ten-year-old boy. F 66 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN.—Wanted, by a large downtown bank, refined young woman, proficient in typing; Remington machine used; apply in long hand. Address W 288 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, good at figuring, for statistical work; state age, salary, and experience, nationality. J 389 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 1, ROOM 725.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, experienced and capable, to take entire charge; Bronx position; salary $25 per week.
STENOGRAPHER AND TELEGRAPHER, able to take care of single wire; $20 per week.
BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, able to take charge of small real estate office uptown; $18 per week.
STENOGRAPHER.—Position in Washington; must be thoroughly experienced in handling analytical chemical terms; salary $1,400 per annum.

STENOGRAPHERS, $15, $10, $8; typists, $16, $8; permanent. Acme Agency, 14 Nassau St.

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Agents Wanted ....[illegible]
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Automobile Exchange ....[illegible]
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Business Opportunities ....[illegible]
Country Board ....[illegible]
Employment Agencies ....[illegible]
Farms 40c
For Sale 50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted.30c
Help Wanted 30c
Lost and Found........50c
Mortgage Loans 50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let........[illegible]
Situations Wanted ....[illegible]

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent, uptown, $20. Bookkeeper-stenographer, (downtown,) excellent opening, $18-$20. Dictaphone operators, (Washington;) $18-$20; others, $15-$18. MISS GRIFFIN, Terminal Employment Exchange, 154 Nassau St. Beekman 2063.

STENOGRAPHERS desiring connections large commercial firms, $25-$30. Federal Employment Agency, 300 Broadway.

Instruction.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION. Secretarial, shorthand, typewriter, bookkeeping, &c. This kind of instruction means you can save time and money. Don't waste time in large classes and inferior methods. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRIVATE SECRETARY COURSE, PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES. Instruction in day and evening classes. NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, Singer Building, New York.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.—Three months' course; students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. Wheat.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted; certified or chartered seniors; also semi-seniors; permanent position assured; state education, experience, and salary expected. J 42 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS; experienced programs; splendid opportunity; commission; references necessary. Apply Friday, Saturday, 10 to 12 A. M. Mr. Pitel, 44 East 23d St., fourth floor.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER on sales ledger with large manufacturing concern; permanent position for right party; must be good penman, accurate, and intelligent; applications not giving experience, references, salary expected in own handwriting will be disregarded. N. T., 79 Times, Bronx, 2,960 3d Av.

AUTHORIZER FOR CREDIT OFFICE.

Man having department store desk experience preferred; good starting salary and permanent position. Write, giving full details as to experience and salary expected, or call at Department of Accounts, between 9 and 10 A. M. Applications treated confidentially.

BLOOMINGDALE BROS., Lexington to 3d Av.; 59th to 60th St.

BILL OF LADING CLERK.—Young man; shipping department; one familiar Elliott-Fisher billing machine preferred. Sprague Electric Works, 527 West 34th.

BOOKKEEPER FOR CUSTOMERS' LEDGER, LARGE WHOLESALE COTTON GOODS HOUSE; STEADY POSITION; ADVANCEMENT; REFERENCES REQUIRED. [illegible] TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer for public accountant's office; must be smart and intelligent; prospect of advancing to position of office manager; state salary expected. [illegible] 389 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT for large retail furniture house; must be quick and accurate; give age, reference, and salary expected. Box B, 3,013 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, with executive ability, eventually to manage office. Address, stating references, salary, [illegible] A., Station G., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—American, capable, accurate; costs; give full particulars in reply. [illegible] 12 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ONE EXPERIENCED IN TAKING OFF TRIAL BALANCES. J 376 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER wanted in stationer's office. J. P. Patel & Co., 71 Broad St.

BOYS

[illegible] (must be 16) for mail and messenger service; $7 to start; excellent opportunities for advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOYS WANTED.

Large corporation requires services of a number of boys to begin at the bottom and work up; excellent opportunities for the right kind of boys; experience not essential; high school graduates preferred. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, nationality, experience, if any, and salary desired, J 383 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Ambitious and painstaking; work exacting but not difficult; good wages, with prospect of advancement; state age, references, and experience, if any, in own handwriting. Address Post Office Box 389, Madison Square Branch.

BOYS IN STOCK DEPARTMENT OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; ALSO BOYS TO MAKE THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL IN SHIPPING DEPARTMENT. GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL 8 EAST 22D ST.

BOY to start as general office assistant; good opportunity to advance for a willing and ambitious boy, between the ages of 16 and 17; salary $9 to start. Call Robert A. Keasley Co., 445 West St.

BOY wanted in publisher's office for shipping and mailing department; salary to begin, $7 a week; state previous business experience, if any. Address "Permanent," Box 654, P. O., New York City.

BOY over 16 for machine manufacturer's office; good prospects for advancement. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, (if any,) and wages expected. F 7 Times.

BOY, 16 YEARS, IN THE OFFICE OF A LARGE CORPORATION; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. BOX J 44 TIMES.

BOY, 15-18 years of age, in the office of a large manufacturing and importing house offering excellent chance for a bright future. Apply T. L. W., Post Office Box 780, New York.

BOY to start in office of large mercantile concern; opportunity for one who is willing; good future and rapid advancement assured; salary to start $8. R. S., 136 Times.

BOY, age 17 to 20, with some Wall St. experience preferred, for investment banking house; must be intelligent and ambitious. W 277 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted by bank, bright lad of good address, not under 16; neat penman; experience not necessary. Address P. O. Box 46, city.

BOY for errands and make himself generally useful; references. Sternfeld, 20 West 37th St.

BOY, bright, active, by wholesale manufacturing house; permanent position; chance to advance. Apply before 8:30, 233 East 42d.

BOY in wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. G 394 Times Downtown.

BOY.—For office in wholesale house; good salary; excellent opportunity. P 278 Times Downtown.

BOY in manufacturer's office; one living in Brooklyn; good opportunity. W 276 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in a downtown law office; bright, ambitious. W 293 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright, intelligent boy in advertising office; salary $7, $8. W. R., 138 Times.

BURROUGHS ADDING MACHINE REPAIRMAN WANTED. CALL AT ONCE. JOHN E. RANSON, 30 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

BUYER, seller, and correspondent wanted by chemical works in their office; must have many years' experience in technical chemicals; give particulars, including salary and commission expected. John C. Wiarda & Co., 273 Green St., Brooklyn. Residence, 878 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Familiar with city streets and all shipping facilities; state age, experience. Reliable, 288 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—A New York financial institution desires the services of a married man between 24 and 35, with banking experience, who has had training in accurate record making; education, neat handwriting, and good personal appearance are essential; good salary offered. Address in own handwriting, stating salary expected, P 108 Times.

CLERKS.—Several assistant ledger and junior clerks wanted in old-established business; chances were never better for advancement for capable clerks. W 283 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—[illegible] young man for work [illegible]

HELP WANTED—Male.

CLOTHING SALESMEN

wanted at Wanamaker's; must be thoroughly experienced.

Apply Employment Office, 4th Gallery, New Building.

COST ACCOUNTANT.—Wanted, for large machine product manufacturing company, cost accountant, one who can efficiently develop cost from machine operation; must have real manufacturing cost knowledge.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE WANTED; man about 35 years of age who has executive accounting ability, coupled with big personality.

ASSISTANT COST ACCOUNTANT wanted.

P. O. Box 11, Elizabeth, N. J.

CREDIT MAN wanted as actuary for a credit association; state terms, experience, and references. Write Box J 39 Times.

DEMONSTRATORS WANTED AT ONCE TO SELL NATIONALLY ADVERTISED LINE IN BIG STORES; GOOD MONEY; SALARY AND COMMISSION. X 314 TIMES ANNEX.

DRAFTSMEN.

HIGH-CLASS MEN EXPERIENCED IN THE DESIGNING AND DRAFTING OF SMALL MACHINES AND APPARATUS; STEADY POSITION AND EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT ALONG ENGINEERING LINES. CALL OR WRITE, WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., NEAR WEST ST., SIX BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH ST.

DRAFTSMAN wanted in automobile truck factory in Ohio; give experience and salary. P 274 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN wanted; young man as mechanical draftsman with experience in detailing and tracing; some knowledge of tool designing desirable, but not essential; steady employment with an excellent chance to develop with a growing concern; give full details as to age, experience, and salary desired in first letter, or it will be ignored. Address B. L., P. O. Box 1072, Baltimore, Md.

DRAFTSMAN, with extensive experience in machine drafting and designing, wanted for position of assistant instructor in these subjects in a large endowed technical school in Brooklyn; state age, nationality, training, practical experience, teaching experience, if any, reference, and salary expected. Address Draftsman, Box 116, Flatiron Building.

DRAFTSMEN, electrical; familiar with power plant and sub-station work; applicants should state full personal and technical qualifications, including education, experience, character of past and present positions, and salary desired. Address Mr. E. B. Severs, 315 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to production of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. B. B., 186 Times.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRAFTSMEN, mechanical; state age, education, experience, and salary expected. J 381 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN.—Toolroom foreman wanted by a large Baltimore manufacturing concern operating a toolroom containing about 20 toolmakers; steady employment with an excellent chance to develop with a growing concern; give full particulars as to age, experience, and salary desired in first letter, or it will be ignored. Address B. L., P. O. Box 1072, Baltimore, Md.

FRENCH professor wanted; well dressed Frenchman, not over 40 years old, who speaks English fluently and who is qualified to address large audiences of adults from platform; good salary, permanent. Mr. Thompson, 909 Tribune Building.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, industrious and competent, for bulb blowing and stem making; right men can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $50 a week. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS.

HIGH-CLASS MEN ON SMALL ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL APPARATUS; MUST BE ACCUSTOMED TO USING BLUE PRINTS AND MICROMETER; STEADY POSITION AND ADVANCEMENT. CALL WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., NEAR WEST ST., SIX BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH ST.

MANAGER.—Clothing salesman qualified to fill position as manager for credit clothing store; good opportunity; must not be subject to draft; experience not essential; salary and commission. X 331 Times Annex.

MAN wanted to take charge of purchasing department of large manufacturing concern; must be experienced in technical buying and well recommended; state qualifications, experience, references, and salary expected. X 324 Times Annex.

METALLURGIST WANTED.—Young man, chemist, with some experience as metallurgist, as an assistant in laboratory of a large Baltimore manufacturing plant; salary about $1,500 yearly; some shop experience desirable, but not essential; a splendid chance to develop with a growing concern; give age and full details as to experience in first letter. Address B. L., Box 1072, Baltimore, Md.

OFFICE ASSISTANT with large, well-established company; advancement; state salary. W 282 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS wanted, (2;) bright young boys capable of advancement; state age, education, and experience. J 382 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, insurance office; state salary expected. P 269 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN, young, reliable, of good character, wanted, with some knowledge typewriting; stenography; accurate at figures; permanent position with chance for advancement in large manufacturing concern. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, salary expected, reference, experience, H. W., 76 Times Bronx, 2,960 3d Av.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Capable man, 35, experienced in supervising the detail of sales office. Apply Friday. Rhodes, 162 William St.

One cabinet maker wanted, accustomed to automobile body work; apply immediately Time Office, Chevrolet Motor Co., 57th St. and 11th Av.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO., 34TH ST., WEST, REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERIENCED ASSISTANT BUYER AND HEAD OF STOCK FOR THEIR UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT.

SALESMAN, experienced lubricating oils and leather belting, for Greater New York, with following in wearing apparel manufacturers' trade; references required; salary or commission. J 384 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to sell the well-known Frantz Premier Electric Cleaner; good commission and record advancement to those showing results; do not call unless interested. Mr. Walsh, 2,010 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Pleasure cars and commercial trucks, Brooklyn or New York City; exceptional line; liberal commission; leads furnished; drawing account when ability is shown. 232 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—Experienced in selling suits and coats to resident buyers; must have entree to best New York offices. Apply after 4 P. M. Friday. Myrtle Mfg. Co., 1,182 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Young man well acquainted with millinery trade to sell embroideries and trimmings on commission basis; drawing account. J 85 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in selling corrugated boxes; salary and commission. Apply in person, between 12 and 1, Elliott Novelty Co., 158 Greene St.

SALESMEN wanted with large acquaintance to sell paper and twine; salary and commission. J 317 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN on cotton goods, waistings, and skirtings; big future for good man; will give drawing account. F 15 Times.

SALESMAN for millinery supplies; salary or commission. New York Jobbing House, 22 Bond St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ACCIDENT.—MIDDLE-AGED MAN, clean-shaven, dark suit, entering Bronx train 14th Street subway station Saturday, August 25th, 1917, 11 A. M., struck by side door; hat broken. Witnesses communicate with E. H. Daly, Attorney, 52 Wall Street.

HAVING RECENTLY acquired the Popular Lunch Room, 2,834 8th Av., I hereby give notice that any creditors must present their bills for payment before last day of this month. PETER POTIREES.

ANY ONE knowing the address of Herman Zimmerman, chauffeur, formerly of Chicago, please communicate with X 327 Times Annex.

JACOB L. STERN IS NO LONGER CONNECTED with the Atlas Window Shade Co., Inc.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN.—Felt & Tarrant Mfg. Co. have several openings in their sales organization for men of 25 to 40 years of age who can qualify to sell comptometers; previous selling experience not essential, but may be desirable; knowledge of office routine and accounting or bookkeeping and ability to work hard and intelligently are the principal essentials. A real opportunity for men of ambition with forceful personality. We thoroughly train our salesmen in comptometer operation and salesmanship and pay a salary during training period. Answer by letter only, giving education and past experience. M. E. O'Brien, 850 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMAN to handle established line of gingham and sateen petticoats and bungalow aprons to retail stores of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Michigan; salary and commission will be paid to man with experience and reputation; applications in confidence. Room 720, 1,133 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—The steady sale of the Encyclopaedia Britannica is caused by its intrinsic merit. Think it over. We can use a few forceful men of character and education for our Eastern territory. Must be at least 25 years of age and come well recommended. Leads and transportation furnished. All possible co-operation given. Drawing account against commission. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESMEN.—A high-grade proposition takes a high-grade man; we need several such to complete our sales force for local and territorial work; must be forceful and energetic, of good character, and furnish references; only men over 25 wanted; training, leads, and transportation furnished; commission basis, with drawing account. S. A., 66 Times.

SALESMAN with established trade among manufacturers and jobbers for excellent line of laces will be given exclusive territory; unusual opportunity is offered for a successful future to the right man; state volume of business; with full particulars, giving extent of experience and section covered; commission. Address Manufacturing Importers, T. S., J 38 Times.

SALESMEN FOR THE CUTTING-UP TRADE, LARGE WHOLESALE COTTON GOODS HOUSE; ONE WHO HAS A FOLLOWING; SALARY AND COMMISSION; BIG CHANCE FOR RIGHT PARTY. J 33 TIMES.

SALESMAN Wanted.—Manufacturing popular-priced ladies' handbags and pocketbooks, we are looking for a man acquainted with department stores, Middle West; salary and commission. Address G. B., 219 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer, wanted in the office of a large hardware concern, a young man eventually to fit himself to become an active correspondent; salary, $16 to $18 a week to start. Write, stating age, nationality, and experience, to L. E. B., Post Office Box 6, Station S, New York City.

SPECIAL EDITION.—Experienced man to plan and execute anniversary number for large weekly, seventy-five miles from New York. Call at 33 West 51st St., Friday, between 4 and 5.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN wanted, hotel, restaurant trade; successful new invention; no competition; New York market established; ready to open entire country; commission basis; references. F 19 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Desirable secretarial opening for American citizen; state age, salary, and reference. Apply Remington Arms Co., Boston Av., Bridgeport, Conn.

STERN BROTHERS, WEST 42D STREET, require experienced Elevator Operators of neat appearance. Wages $16. Apply after 9 A. M., Employes' Entrance, 6th Av. and 43d St.

STOCK SALESMEN, brokers, to place limited amount of stock for producing oil and refining company showing very large earnings; headed by prominent Philadelphia bankers; commission basis. Durell Gregory & Co., 10 Wall St., New York.

STOCK SALESMAN to sell $50,000 stock on commission basis for an excellent speculative proposition to own clientele or list which will be furnished. Address, giving full particulars and references, E. J. Guensel, Hotel Bristol, New York.

TOOLMAKERS.

49-hour week, time and a half for overtime. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Princes Bay, S. I.

TRACERS for mechanical and structural drawings; must have had several years' experience, and must be good letterers; state experience in full, age, and salary. Location New York City. Address P 282 Times Downtown.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT ASSISTANT in large corporation wanted to work on books and make up checks; salary $15 per week; must be competent and furnish best of references. P 280 Times Downtown.

WINDOW DRESSER WANTED.

Better Class Women's Apparel Shop
In Live Town
East of New York
Desires to Engage
A Window Dresser.
One who can make himself useful
In other Capacities.
Must have Experience and A1 Credentials.

YOUNG MAN.—MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH AMMONIA FITTINGS AND REFRIGERATING MACHINE PARTS; TO ACT AS CLERK AND TIMEKEEPER ON OUT-OF-TOWN CONTRACTS; WILL BE REQUIRED TO FURNISH BOND; STATE SALARY, EXPERIENCE, AND REFERENCES. ADDRESS W. A. P., BOX O 280 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, wanted by domestic embroidery house with some experience in the line who is capable of taking charge of shipping department and make himself generally useful; good opportunity for the right party. Friedman & Rabinowitz, 172 5th Av.

YOUNG MEN WITH HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, $8-$9 TO START; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES TO ADVANCE ALONG ENGINEERING LINES. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St.; 6 blocks south of 14th St.

YOUNG MAN, used to figures, for accounting department of fire insurance company; must write neat hand and have good education; give full particulars, stating age, experience, and salary desired. W 292 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN of good education wanted, (high school preferred,) living with parents, for importer's office; previous business experience not necessary; $9 per week to start; early encouragement. "Coffee," W 278 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, bright, ambitious, as office assistant; steady position; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary, $9. J 16 Times.

YOUNG MAN for office of trade journal, with experience in wrapping and mailing; give full particulars and salary expected. "Steady," Box 654, Post Office, New York City.

YOUNG MAN wanted for general office duties in a wholesale coffee and tea house. Address, giving age, experience, and compensation expected, W 286 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for office work; knowledge of bookkeeping; permanent position offering good future; state salary desired. W 280 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN wanted, as messengers and junior clerks, in Bronx bank; good opportunity for advancement; state salary expected. J 31 Times.

YOUNG MEN, (14 to 17.)—Light work; surroundings and opportunities exceptional; permanent; short hours, enabling evening schooling. P 254 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in wholesale dry goods house for clerical work; state age, references, and salary expected. O 395 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

SALESMEN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them; hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1803-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARY course, PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

BIG DEMAND—RADIO OPERATORS. Splendid profession; individual instruction; best radio course in city; write or call today for booklet. Radio School, 157 East 86th Street.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES. Three months' course. Students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. WHEAT.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's [illegible]

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for medical superintendent of the Sea View Hospital will be received until 4 P. M. on Dec. 3. The subjects and weights of the examination are: Duties, 3; experience, 4; oral, 3. A qualifying physical examination will be given. Candidates must be not less than 25 years of age on or before the closing date for the receipt of applications. The pay is $2,100 a year, with maintenance.

United States.

The commission announces for Dec. 5 at the New York Custom House an examination for assistant herdsman, for men. A vacancy in the Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, for duty at Dubois, Ohio, will be filled from this examination. The entrance salary ranges from $720 to $1,200 a year. The duties will be to keep a record of the flock of sheep and to assist the superintendent of the station in looking after the feeding, lambing, shearing, &c., of the flock. Competitors will be examined in practical questions, education, training, and experience. Applicants must not have reached their forty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 30 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 1.

MANAGER EXPORT DEPARTMENT—YOUNG MAN, MARRIED, EXPERIENCED; MUST HAVE EXECUTIVE ABILITY; SALARY, $1,500 PER ANNUM.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—HIGH-GRADE MAN, AMERICAN, ABLE TO READ AND WRITE ITALIAN AND FRENCH; WILLING TO TRAVEL; SALARY, $3,000 PER ANNUM.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 115 BROADWAY.

C. P. HASSON, J. J. McLAUGHLIN.

ACCOUNTANT, $3,000; Shipping Manager, $2,000; Assistant Purchasing Agent, $1,500; Assistant Executive, Bookkeeping Experience, $1,800; Junior Accountants, (3,) $1,200-$1,300; Bookkeepers, (3,) $1,800-$1,800.

Many good opportunities for Stenographers and Assistant Bookkeepers; also 11 Clerks, with or without experience.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY. LARGE MACHINE MANUFACTURING PLANT FOR SALE. Located in New England; water and rail facilities near by; good labor conditions; equipped with approximately 250 MODERN MACHINE TOOLS, consisting of large PLANERS, LATHES, MILLERS, RADIAL DRILLS, BORING MILLS, (horizontal and vertical,) making it a well-balanced plant, suitable for the manufacturing of STEAM ENGINES, OIL ENGINES, MOTOR TRUCK and AEROPLANE ENGINES, MACHINE TOOLS, GUN MOUNTS, &c. Can be bought as a going concern, FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY. Principals only will be considered. Address W 287 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

We are about to market a practical business specially protected by Patent Rights, and for which we have already received a volume of business. We seek a minimum capital of $25,000 to be invested in this business, which will buy a half interest. The investor need not give his entire time to this work unless he so desires. Box No. J 386 Times Downtown.

Mail order list for sale; firm selling high-class silks by mail will sell to non-competing houses its mailing list of 11,000 women's names obtained from high-class magazine advertising; $20. Address K, Box 86, Station F, New York.

Opportunity, young man, business experience, knowledge hardware, and some capital, as assistant manager and buyer; give full particulars. "Business," 188 State St., Binghamton, N. Y.

A large, well-known ribbon manufacturing concern, covering United States with six men, is open for some kindred side line. H. H., 214 Times Downtown.

Exceptional opportunity to take over active custom shirt business; owner is obliged to make quick disposition. F 34 Times.

Stock control large industrial corporation owning two fine plants; also some cash; will trade. J 388 Times Downtown.

Thorough business man, capitalist, wants retail or manufacturing interest; references. F 38 Times.

Modern sewing plant at your service; ready to make up any military article requiring sewing. J 26 Times.

Machinery and equipment established shirt plant for sale or lease. F 33 Times.

Business Notices.

PITTSBURGH DISTRICT MANUFACTURER'S AGENT WANTS OTHER LINES; CAN CARRY ACCOUNTS IN A PROTECTED TERRITORY; DO NOT ANSWER UNLESS YOU HAVE ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION. WRITE JOHN I. O'BRIEN, 339 2D AV., PITTSBURGH, PENN.

MANUFACTURER, WITH 30 MACHINES, IS OPEN FOR ANY KIND OF GOVERNMENT CONTRACTING WORK. P 121 TIMES.

FOR SALE.

WE MAKE AND SELL ONLY NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS AND CREDIT FILES. LOWEST PRICES. SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS. NO INTEREST CHARGES. WRITTEN GUARANTEE. OLD REGISTERS REPAIRED, REBUILT, BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXCHANGED. THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CO., N. Y. OFFICE, 1,170 BROADWAY, N. Y. C. TEL. MAD. SQ. 6410. BROOKLYN OFFICE, 75 COURT ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y. TEL. MAIN 2517. JERSEY CITY OFFICE, 24 NEWARK AV., JERSEY CITY, N. J. TEL. MONTGOMERY 3814.

FURS.—Beautiful caracul coat with skunk collar and cuffs, $55; genuine mink coat, $125; few bargains in good fur sets, $8, $10, $15, and up; men's fur-lined coats in all grades, $25 and up; remodeling and repairing; money refunded if not satisfactory. A. Mursten, 28 East 8th St., cor. University Place.

We have complete office and showroom fixtures suitable for ready-to-wear manufacturers, also a number of 44-13 machines; will dispose at a very low price. Address K. L., 274 Times Downtown.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES. New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments. THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near B'way.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 462 Broadway.

Addressing machine; Belknap Model 3; operated electrically; perfect; low price; cabinet and trays included. The Simon Costume and Dress Company, 44 East 32d St.

Royal Bokhara rug, 7½x6¼, perfect condition, $300; big bargain. Murray Hill 4394.

Purchase and Exchange.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, for cash; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 Broadway.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. 3 months, $[illegible]; non-visibles. 3 months, $7.50; visibles. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4798.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

HORSES FOR SALE.

For Sale.—Any reasonable offer will be entertained for well matched team of short-tailed roans; doctor's brougham and harness included. Can be seen any day before 1 P. M. at Mutual Stables, 103 West 53d St.

STABLE, COMPLETE; SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN PARTIES HAVING SADDLE HORSES KEPT ON FIRST FLOOR; LIGHT, AIRY STABLE; OPEN INSPECTION; CONVENIENT PARK, RIVER, DRIVE. CUSHMAN STABLES, [illegible]

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The following army orders were issued by the War Department today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Valby, 1st Lt. J. P., to home.
Cone, 1st Lt. E. E., and Henderson, 1st Lt. R. C., to Rock Island Arsenal.
Lamson, Capt. C. A., to Camp Mills.
Taggart, 1st Lt. J. A., to home.
Thompson, 1st Lt. J. B., hon. discharged.
Kanavel, Capt. A. B., will report to Surg. Gen.
Lawrence, 1st Lt. W. A., to Boston City Hosp. for inst., then to army General Hosp. No. 1.
House, Capt. M. E., to home.
Ashley, 1st Lt. O. W., to Tenafly Ice Plant Co. No. 301.
Adkin, 1st Lt. G. R., to home.
McBride, Capt. A. F., to Camp Dix.
Tucker, 1st Lt. O., to Cleveland for inst., then to Camp Pike.
Marshall, 1st Lt. R. J., to Ft. Riley.
McDonald, 1st Lt. C. D., to Ft. McPherson.
Hohman, 1st Lt. L. B., to Camp Sheridan.
Holt, 1st Lt. R. R., to Camp Gordon.
Clark, Capt. W. R. P.; Parks, Capt. J. A.; Whitney, Capt. J. L., and Holt, 1st Lt. H. A., to West. Dept., San Francisco, to examine troops for tuberculosis.
Weeks, 1st Lt. W. W., to Camp Doniphan.
Stoll, Capt. H. F., to Walter Reed Hosp. as tuberculosis inst.
Poynor, 1st Lt. E. E., and Rosenthal, 1st Lt. N., to Camp Johnston.
Soash, 1st Lt. M. D., to Camp Kearny.
Young, 1st Lt. E. Y., to Camp MacArthur.
Sokol, 1st Lt. L. J., to Ft. Sam Houston.
Braden, 1st Lt. A. V., to Ft. Riley, with Evacuation Hosp. No. 7.
Groover, 1st Lt. G. L., to Camp Greenleaf with Evacuation Hosp. No. 6.
Adkin, 1st Lt. G. R., hon. discharged.
Antopolsky, 1st Lt. L., name changed to Antell, 1st Lt. L., by decree of City Court of New York City.

Following to St. Mary's Hosp. for inst., then to places specified:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Kelly, T. B., Camp Beauregard.
Parker, P. M., Camp Hancock.
Meng, W. L., Camp McClellan.
Smith, H. G., Camp Sheridan.
Shafer, M. F., Camp Lee.
Bentley, N. Ft. Snelling.
Simmons, B. H., Camp Sevier.
Highsmith, L. B., Ft. Sheridan.
Soper, L. D., Camp Shelby.
Rees, N. B., Camp Greene.
Vega, J. J., Camp Gordon.
Shapiro, N. M., Camp Wheeler.
Walder, F. A., Camp Logan.
Gorden, P., Camp Taylor.
Guthrie, G. C., Camp Grant.
Fits, E. O., Camp Dodge.
Kelly, R. M., Camp Sherman.

Cogswell, Maj. W., will report to Cmdg. Gen., Northeastern Dept.
Boker, 1st Lt. H., to Springfield Armory.
Needham, 1st Lt. W. S., and Mayberry, 1st Lt. I. W., to Camp Taylor, as members of tuberculosis board.
Kohlman, 1st Lt. S. H., hon. discharged.
Hahn, Capt. M.; Cotten, 1st Lt. L. D., and McLean, 1st Lt. C. C., to Army Gen. Hosp. at Ft. Roots.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Watson, Capt. A. B., to Camp Johnston, as instructor in motor cycle work.
Herrmann, Capt. M. C., to Chicago, St. Louis, Jeffersonville, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, re Qm.C., then to his station.
Davis, Maj. E., Athens, Ga., on official business, then to his station.
Hartwell, Capt. G. E., to Camp Taylor.

Signal Reserve Corps.

Frakes, 1st Lt. J., Av.Sec., to school of military aeronautics, Champaign, Ill.
De Lorraine, 1st Lt. C. H., Av.Sec., will report to Chief Sig. Off.
Deems, Capt. I., to Camp Sherman, to organize the 317th Field Sig. Bat.
Smith, Capt. F. E., Av.Sec., and Vincent, 1st Lt. C. R., Av.Sec., will report to Chief Sig. Off.

Field Artillery.

Johnson, Capt. A. W., to Camp Travis.
Johnson, 2d Lt. J. M., 19th, to Camp Funston, as aid on staff of Brig.Gen. F. L. Winn.
Rumbough, Maj. J., previous orders amended to read Rumbough, Maj. J. W.
Devers, Maj. J. L., 9th, and Thorp, Maj. F., Jr., 11th, to school of fire at Ft. Sill as instructors.

Ordnance Reserve Corps.

Following will report to Chief of Ord.:
Guise, Maj. H. B.

CAPTAINS.
Knecht, C. J.
Thornwell, E. A.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Byers, J. J.
Bubb, J. B.
Olson, G.
Jones, J. P.
Barron, H.
Telseaux, C. E.
Kearney, G.
Williams, H. J.
Gould, S. S., Jr.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Chapin, H. S.
Howard, G. A.
Knowles, J. J.
Leech, C. E.

Armes, 1st Lt. R. J., to Watervliet Arsenal.
Hobart, 1st Lt. H. P., will report to Chief, insp. sec. gun div., at N. Y. C.
Crocker, 1st Lt. A. L., to Dover for duty at Picatinny Arsenal.

Cavalry.

Following temporarily promoted to be Colonels:

LIEUTENANT COLONELS.
Caldwell, F. M.
Clark, W. F.
Rowell, M. W.
Meyer, O. B.
Fenton, C. W.
White, O. P.
Fleming, R. J.
Johnston, W. T.
Lindsley, E.
Armstrong, F. S.
Hornbrook, J. L.
Jones, S. G.
Fleming, L. J.
Symmonds, C. J.
Anderson, E. D.
Scherer, L. C.
Winans, E. B.
Howard, H. P.
Glasgow, W. J.

Following temporarily promoted to be Lieutenant Colonels:

MAJORS.
Miller, A. M.
Willard, H. O.
Bell, O. W.
Dallam, S. F.
Kennington, A. E.
Powers, R. B.
Evert, H. A.
Drake, C. B.
Wade, J. P.
Lott, A. G.
Kelley, W., Jr.
Orton, E. H.
Pope, F. H.
Murphy, P. A.
Munro, J. N.
Harper, R. B.
Sirmyer, E. A.
Henry, G. V.
Farmer, C. C., Jr.
McClure, A. N.
Winters, W. H.
Pearson, S. B.
King, A. A.
Gaujot, J. E.
McAndrews, J. R.
Case, F. L.
Cootes, H. N.
Davis, E.
Cullen, D.
Glenty, D. H.
Bowman, G. T.
Reaney, R. J.
Herringshaw, W. F.
Martin, C. F.
Grant, W. S.
Mumma, M. C.
Benjamin, J. A.
Arnold, F. T.
Valentine, W. S.
Roberts, T. A.
McCoy, F. R.
Scales, W. B.
Heidt, G. V.
Parker, H. W.
McCaskey, D.
Holcomb, F. P.
Van Voorhis, D.
Casteel, D. T. E.
Lowell, G. E.
Lewis, J. H.
Heaton, W. G.
Burroughs, J. M.
Boice, C. H.
Kendrick, W. J.
Fair, J. S.
Coleman, S.
Baer, J. A.
Morris, W. V.
Wesson, C. M.
Amos, F. P.
Gleaves, S. R.

Following temporarily promoted to be Majors:

CAPTAINS.
Baer, J. A.
Morris, W. V.
Wesson, C. M.
Amos, F. P.
Goethe, J.
Comly, G. B.
Thomas, R. M.
Davidson, A. H.
Biddle, D. H.
Winterburn, G. W.
Moffet, W. P.
Cornell, W. A.
Shelley, J. E.
Sayer, E. S.
Wagner, J. A.
Wells, W. S.
Reed, W. O.
Thomas, C. O., Jr.
Pollion, A.
Biegler, G. W.
Carson, L. S.
Coughlan, T. M.
Deitrick, L. L.
Bowie, H.
Lear, B., Jr.
Martin, C. F.
Grant, W. S.
Mumma, M. C.
Benjamin, J. A.
Dixon, V. D.
Harvey, C. G.
Rodney, G. B.
Bach, C. A.
Godson, W. F. H.
Foerster, L.
Commiskey, A. F.
Oden, G. J.
Calvert, E.
Corbusier, P. W.
Miller, A.
Clopton, W. H., Jr.
Gibbins, H.
Tompkins, E. R.
Purington, G. A.
Glover, F. W.
Coxe, A. B.
Huston, J.
Going, R. B.
Herman, F. J.
Tyner, G. P.
Hazzard, O. P. M.
Stedje, J. E.
Swift, E., Jr.
Degan, J. A.
Davis, B. O.
Jordan, H. B.
Riggs, K. T.
Mears, F.
Ely, H. J.
Fisher, A. G.
Roscoe, B. L.
Ruggles, F. A.
Pegram, J. C.
Cowles, W. B.
Barry, J. A.
Castleman, J. P.
McLean, A. F.
Kobes, F. B.
Davis, N. H.
Aleshire, O. C.
Shnyder, F. E.
Mars, J. A.
Rodney, D. R.
Johnson, H. S.
Winfree, S. W.
Austin, W. A.
West, E. S.
Philips, A. E.
Culver, C. C.
Wells, E. C.
Lahn, F. P.
Pearson, J. A.
Graham, A. M.
Hathaway, C. E.
Cook, S. W.
Mann, H. E.
Davis, F. E.
Mitchell, H. E.
Sheridan, P. H.
Johnson, H. B.
Mueller, A. H.
Dilworth, H. S.
Spring, J. H., Jr.
Telford, C.
Laurson, E. P.
Van Natta, T. F., Jr.
Montgomery, J. C.
Milton, A. M.
Boyd, C.
Engel, E.
King, H. L.
Goodwin, W., Jr.
Richardson, R. C.
Koch, S.
Carter, W. V.
Edmunds, K. B.
O'Hara, J. J.
Greene, J. S.
Lawrason, G. C.
Nicholson, W. C. F.
Kiehl, P. J.
Dickey, J. H.
Merchant, B. T.
Holderness, A. W.
West, W. W., Jr.
Migdalski, R. F.
Hixson, A. G.
Scott, D. H.
Campbell, R. M.
Reynolds, S. C.
Amory, C. B., Jr.
Hoslt, C. S.
Holderness, R. W.
Brant, G. C.
Wilson, A. H.
Dillman, G.
Scott, C. L.
Talbot, R., Jr.
Broadhurst, H. H.
O'Donnell, L. A.
Munro, H. N.
Smalley, H. R.

Following temporarily promoted to be Captains:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Tulley, J. M.
Mitchell, H.
Maulsby, C. S.
Townsend, S. A.
Peyton, T. G.
Page, D. J.
Smith, C. C.
Dempsey, W. W.
Grant, C.
Hemphill, P. H.
Walsh, R. Le G.
Andrew, G. S.
Jones, A. M.
Haughton, J. H.
Caperton, J. N.
[illegible]
McCullough, R. R. D.
Richardt, D. G.
Connor, D. A.
Clifford, C. L.
Werseb, G. W.
Jadwin, J. S.
Scheitlin, E. R.
Lattin, J. D. B.
Harmer, J. B.
Holman, O. I.
Flounders, H. B.
Carl, G. R.
Monihan, J. G.
Simmons, W. G.
Austin, J. D.
Mayhugh, C. D.
Mullenix, J. C.
Tobin, H. C.
Buchly, W. E.
Sprinkle, L. A.
Price, T. E.
Rollmann, E. X.
Creed, R. L.
Putnam, H. L.
Rolfe, A. W.
Holm, I. C.
Phillips, J. D.
Geer, J. W.
Dagley, H. C.
Holmes, G. L.
Fisher, M. R.
Thayer, A. P.
Martin, E. A.
Ringland, F. G.
Rason, W. I.
Bohn, J. J.
Garrett, J. C.
Blanchard, H. D.
Kirst, A. J.
Willoughby, R. E.
Kays, J. P.
Barnett, J. W.
McCoy, R.
Weeks, J. A.
Mandell, H. C.
Grow, R. W.
Kasten, W. H.
Ryder, L. E.
Husson, W. M.
Allen, R. R.
Havlicek, H. K.
Candee, R. C.
McCatty, K.
Morgan, E. D., Jr.
Jones, L. B. C.
Finley, J. R.
Cook, H. S.
Colner, B. H.
Truxes, A. H.
Krueger, C. C.
Palmer, O. A.
Constant, H. V.
Fiske, N. E.
Glie, R. D.
Wilder, C. J.
Pierce, J. T., Jr.
Herringshaw, G. M.
Daly, C. M.
Harrington, A. S.
Sherwood, P. H.
Gillett, G. M., Jr.
Dewhurst, J. F.
Poole, T. S.
Lafferty, F. R.
Beall, R. L.
Lacey, A. T.
Barnum, E. M.
Minton, J. T.
Thomas, K.
Wadelton, W. S.
Jenkins, J. M., Jr.
Chipman, A. D.
Heron, G. J. F.
Gregory, H. M.
Bacon, S.
Chase, W. C.
Miller, D. O.
Bals, W. T.
Fellows, H. C.
Anderson, H. H.
Limbocker, T. F.
Trimble, R. B.
Whittaker, F. L.
Lamotte, R. S.
Pickard, A. E.
Perry, D. S.
Rosenberg, F. G.
Strong, C. H.
Frierson, M., Jr.
Craig, D. W.
Dobyns, T. A.
Haldeman, W. T.
Bassel, E. S.
Peabody, G. M., Jr.
Dalbey, H. K.
Kerney, V.
Coe, R. L.
Colwell, J. K.
Porter, O.
Edson, A. B.
Dunn, H. H.
Lawrence, R.
Rice, J. L.
Dickins, R.
Dwyer, E. M.
Moale, E. S.
Holsbauer, F. J.
Carswell, R. M.
Hurt, J. M., Jr.
Duncan, C. B.
Cunningham, J. W.
Pierce, C. A.
Wood, D. S.
Trigg, O. B.
Turner, T. M.
Frizzell, L. C.
White, R. E.
Shafer, M. F.
Ellis, A. B.
McDonald, J. W.
Blakelock, D. H.
Duffey, H. J.
Colchett, A. C.
Anderson, A. C. D.
Mace, E. M.
Morrison, G. L.
Covington, J. A.
Imboden, N. M.
Steele, J. N.
Ingram, W. G.
Stjohn, A.
Carruth, O. H.
Merkel, W. C.
Sheer, G. L.
Angevine, F. M.
Fuller, S. G.
Cockrill, T. M.
Vollmer, A.
Prettyman, G. W. L.
Hudson, H. L.
Sabin, J. F.
Jay, H. D.
Holmes, H. D.
Seals, D. L.
Barnhart, F. H.
Harrison, G. E.
Howard, A. W.
Carter, R. W.
King, G. A.
Meyer, L. L.
Apgar, T. B.
Christian, M. H.
Shipper, F. B.
Moore, G. A.
Kuschke, A. R.
Bacon, F.
Parker, R. S.
Lambert, K. C.
Lloyd, R. B.
Seaby, G. E.
Houghton, C. A.
Mitcham, C. S.
Gibson, H. B.
Lawrence, C. S.
Ople, E. W.
Hurlburt, P.
Wilson, B. B.
Ellis, C. A.
Mattox, B. E., Jr.
Moschner, J. A.
White, W. J.
Ferguson, N.
Rountree, K.
Lockwood, J. B.
Ryder, F. H. L.
Osborn, J. B.
Monsarratt, M. R.
Cecil, J. J.
Shelton, J. M.
Gay, G. W.
Joyner, R. L.
Dodd, H. S.
Huthsteiner, G. E.
Morgan, M.
Burnet, E.
Slack, J. E.
Johnson, W. O.
Hood, J. D.
Williamson, M. S.
Stretton, F. H.
Hardy, A. Y.
Engel, E. J.
Burnell, R. L.
Berry, J. W.
Sawtelle, G.
Daugherty, W. F.
Sherrill, S. H.
Schulze, W. H.
Smith, A. C.
Black, P. G.
Meacham, L. B.
Harrison, W. K., Jr.
Harmon, E. N.
Harrer, A. M.
Schwarzkopfe, H. N.
Kilbourn, C. S.
Morrow, B.
Parker, F. B.
Neal, C. R.
Symington, W. H.
Hawley, D. C.
Mackolvie, J. W.
Barott, W. E.
Nelson, F.
Crump, E. M.
Keane, D. J.
Davis, Le R.
Hartman, A. W.
Marx, J. N.
Harrison, R.
Cole, J. T.
Gerhardt, C. H.
Holdridge, H. C.
Lisle, N. W.
Stanford, A. C.
Martin, L. Le R.
Morford, J. F.
Tate, J. S.
Confer, J. W., Jr.
Kunz, R. N.
Johnson, C. R., Jr.
Compton, C. B.
Dosher, G. H.
Sliveh, M. S.
Fryer, P. B.
Padgett, V. L.
Bonsteel, F. T.
Hamilton, W. F.
McMinn, W. E.
Rathjen, H. F.
Warner, M. J.
Littinger, A. J.
Grant, J. E.
Mesherry, L.
Cheney, F. E.
Victor, L. T.
Powell, C. A.
McLennan, C. R.
Galwey, G.
Adkins, W. D.
Jones, H. C.
Bates, A. T., Jr.
Hamilton, W. T.
Shaw, H. P.
Flatt, M. J.
Waters, F. H.
Cox, C. B.
McComas, D. R.
Reardon, J. M.
Weiss, L. A.
Mortimer, R. P.
Cafon, H. C.
De Langton, F. C.
Gearing, F.
Gibney, L. G.
Hartman, J. B.
Simpson, J. E.
Booth, C. J.
Boyan, R. C.
Duggan, F. F.
Baird, H. H.
Bauskett, W. T., Jr.
Bishop, W. L.

Sanitary Corps.

Browne, Capt. A. B., will make three trips a month from Pontiac, Mich., to following places to inspect motor ambulance parts: Muskegon, Saginaw, Flint, and St. Johns, Mich.; Akron and Bowling Green, Ohio, and Muncie, Ind.; he will also make five visits a month to Detroit for same purpose.

Infantry.

Jones, Col. E. N., Jr., is assigned to 44th, at Camp Lewis.
Day, 2d Lt. J. T., to Camp Devens.
Chadwick, Prov. 2d Lt. J. B., assigned with headquarters and military police trains, 2d Div., vice Prov. 2d Lt. D. H. Hoge, C.A.C.

Quartermaster Corps.

Peuffier, 1st Lt. B. C., to Camp Meade, in command of fire, truck, and hose co.

Following temporarily promoted to be Colonels:

LIEUTENANT COLONELS.
Davis, A. M.
Schofield, R. McA.
Smith, R. S.
Yates, A. W.

Following temporarily promoted to be Lieutenant Colonels:

MAJORS.
Dutton, S. F.
Elliott, W.
Henry, M. J.
Logan, J. A., Jr.

Bagnall, 2d Lt. W. E., to Philadelphia, as asst. to Depot Qm.
Parramore, Maj. T. H., will report to Qm.G., re organization of mechanical repair shop units.
Burnett, 1st Lt. McC. H., and Welborn, 2d Lt. R. T., to Motor Cycle Co. No. 302, at Tenafly.
Edwards, 2d Lt. W. F., to Camp Devens, as supply off. of san. train.
Clark, 2d Lt. E. C., Jr., to Camp Devens, as asst. to Camp Qm.
Clark, 2d Lt. D. N., to Camp Devens as asst. to Camp Qm.

Following to Camp Dix, as asst. to Qm.:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Fredericks, P. G.
Hallinan, J. V.
Keeler, D. P.
Mallery, P. H.
Termini, J. A.

Medical Corps.

Craig, Lt. Col. C. F., to following camps in order specified to make inspection of health laboratory work, then to his station: Camps Dodge, Grant, Custer, Sheridan, Taylor, and Funston.

Corps of Engineers.

Earle, Lt. Col. J. H., to Washington Barracks, re organization and training of replacement troops.
Young, Temp. 2d Lt. G. F., assigned to duty with Provisional Anti-aircraft Searchlight Detachment.
Shunk, Col. F. R., detailed for consultation or to superintend construction or repair of any aid to navigation in the 1st and 2d Lighthouse Districts, to relieve Col. C. L. Potter.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

Houston, Capt. W. W., to Bay City, Mich.
Wall, 1st Lt. J. J., Jr., attached to 6th Engs., at Washington Barracks.
Donner, 1st Lt. J. L., to Cleveland.
Cole, Capt. W. C., to 35th Engs., at Camp Grant.
Fox, Maj. S. W., will report to Chief of Engs.

Signal Corps.

Allison, Col. J. B., to Camp Vail.
Sanger, Capt. D. B., to Ft. Leavenworth.
Frank, Maj. W. H., to Ellington Field.

Miscellaneous.

Following National Guard officers appointed 1st Lts. of Inft.:
Campbell, R. F.
Callihan, H. P.
Lind, R. W.
Orr, S. K.
Moore, G. A.
Lothrop, D. B.
Booth, E. F.
Wilson, LeR. W.
Stamper, W. H.
Parker, W. H.
Wiggington, T. J. M.
Riordan, E. G.
Bass, J. M.
Seagle, W. A.
Dunn, H. S.
Cagle, W. T.
Crumbley, A. S.
McDonald, A. L.
Bracewell, J. F.
Anderson, C. V.
Short, H.
Foote, W. W.
Neligan, H. F.
Burns, M. M.

Following of N. G. appointed 2d Lts. of Inft.:
Venable, H. S.
Crouch, A. C.
Dillard, F.
Dillard, M. H.
Anderson, H. C.
Orr, S.
Dabney, W. R.
Loring, S. G.
Morrison, R. E.
Patten, J. G., Jr.
Williams, J. H.
Stothart, J. L.
Smith, H. D.
Hutchinson, A. R.
Stovall, B. F.
Burnett, P.
Grimes, J. J.
Whitman, M. L.
Brooks, M. B.
Mitchell, M. L.
Miles, G. S.
McCullers, F. S.
Maddox, H. A.
Morris, L. J.
Cox, B. C.
Bradfield, L.
Huggins, P. G.

They are assigned to 122d Inf. and will report to Camp Gen. 31st Div., Camp Wheeler.

Hooker, Maj. H. S., Adj.Gen.'s R.C., will report to the Adjt.Gen.
Falls, Cont. Surg. S. C., to Camp Dix as member of Tuberculosis Board.
Pletz, Cont. Surg. F., to Camp Taylor as member of Tuberculosis Board.
Gilbert, Cont. Surg. O. M., to home.
Jones, Cont. Surg. N. W., to home.
Drtina, Cont. Surg. A. L., to Camp Lewis as member of Tuberculosis Board.
Evans, Cont. Surg. J. H., to Walter Reed Hosp. for inst. in tuberculosis examinations.
Gilden, 1st Lt. C. T., Dent. R.C., to Phila. for one month, then to station.
Peck, Maj. R. G., Insp.Gen., to Central Dept. as asst. to Dept. Insp.
Borton, 2d Lt. C. W., Inf. R.C., previous orders amended to assign him to 40th Inf.
Geddes, Capt. T. A., Qm. R.C., assigned to Auxiliary Remount Dep. No. 161, at Camp Beauregard.
Hunt, Capt. J. S., Qm. R.C., assigned to Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 328, at Camp Bowie.
Brewer, Capt. F. G., and Merts, Capt. F. A., Qm. R.C., assigned to Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 326, at Camp Cody.
McShane, Capt. M.; Mayer, Capt. C.; Wuttke, Capt. P.; Sandford, 2d Lt. B. R., and Lemon, 2d Lt. W. D., all of Qm. C., assigned to Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 330, at Camp Custer.
Littauer, Capt. W., and Carter, W. O., of Qm. R.C., and Shaw, 2d Lt. H. B., of Qm. C., assigned to Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 301, at Camp Devens.
Sparks, Capt. B. P., Qm. R.C.; Weinberg, Capt. J., Qm.C., and Skeags, Capt. P. G., Qm. R.C., to Camp Devens with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 322.
Swenson, Capt. A. C., M.R.C.; Neu, 2d Lt. J. P., and Dana, 2d Lt. D. T., Qm.C., to Camp Dix with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 308.
Buchwald, Capt. M. D.; Comstock, Capt. E., Qm.R.C., and Luce, 2d Lt. O., Qm.M.C., to Camp Doniphan with Rem. Dep. No. 327.
McWilliams, Capt. W. H., Qm.R.C.; Huston, 2d Lt. W. B.; Fisher, 2d Lt. C. H., and Reed, 2d Lt. H. E., Qm.C., to Camp Funston with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 323.
Thomson, Capt. C. G., and Woerner, Capt. L. N., of Qm.R.C., and Shannon, 2d Lt. L. L.; Leman, 2d Lt. D. A., and Brooksher, 2d Lt. P. F., of Qm.C., to Camp Gordon with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 316.
Kalb, Capt. A., Qm.R.C., and Lillie, 2d Lt. F. J., Qm.C., to Camp Grant with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 321.
Bremerman, Capt. C. F., Qm.R.C., and Gurley, 2d Lt. W. S., and Briggs, 2d Lt. B. R., of Qm.C., to Camp Greene with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 306.
Wells, Capt. R. C., Qm.R.C., and Sheldon, 2d Lt. G. B., Qm.C., to Camp Hancock with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 308.
Allen, Capt. C., Qm.R.C.; Duncan, 1st Lt. A. E., Qm.C.; Wing, 2d Lt. S. B., Qm.C., and Swift, Maj. E., Jr., Qm.C., to Camp Jackson with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 315.
Valentine, Capt. J. R., Qm.R.C., to Camp Kearney with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 330.
Richardson, Capt. M. G., Qm.R.C.; Patrick, Capt. M. L., Qm.C.; Archbold, 2d Lt. G., and Longbrake, 2d Lt. A. L., Qm.C., to Camp Lee with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 305.
Jackson, Capt. J. W.; Raeder, Capt. E., and Key-Smith, Capt. F. S., Qm.R.C., to Camp Travis with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 331.
Smith, Maj. C. C., Qm.C., and Kerstetter, Capt. K. C., Qm.R.C., to Camp Logan with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 325.
Bell, Capt. H. L., and Nash, Capt. G., Qm. R.C., to Camp McArthur with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 324.
Blue, Capt. O., Qm.R.C., and Lucas, 2d Lt. J. H., Qm.C., to Camp McClellan with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 309.
Meade, Capt. P. F., Qm.R.C.; Hall, 2d Lt. D., and Watkins, 2d Lt. W. B., Qm.C., to Camp Meade with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 304.
Pryor, Capt. G. H., Qm.R.C., to Camp Pike with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 317.
Binns, Capt. C. L., Qm.R.C.; Witt, Capt. H., Qm.C.; McDonald, 2d Lt. M., and Tuck, 2d Lt. H. W., Qm.C., to Camp Sevier with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 310.
Primm, Capt. A. T., Qm.R.C., and Burdett, Capt. P. S., Qm.C., to Camp Shelby with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 318.
Schumann, Capt. K. J., Qm.C., and Morrell, Capt. J. M., Qm.R.C., to Camp Sheridan with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 312.
Pierson, Capt. F., Qm.C.; Palmer, Capt. W. B., Qm.R.C.; Judik, 2d Lt. J. O., and Conway, 2d Lt. E. M., Qm.C., to Camp Sherman with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 318.
Harris, Capt. H. L., Qm.R.C., and Montgomery, 2d Lt. P., Qm.C., to Camp Taylor with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 319.
Geise, Capt. J. J., Qm.C.; Migdalski, Capt. R. F.; Merrick, Capt. J. R.; Scully, Capt. G. C., and Washburn, Capt. R. H., Qm.R.C., to Camp Travis with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 329.
Marrow, Capt. W. C.; Smith, 2d Lt. F. A., and Walds, 2d Lt. M., Qm.C., to Camp Upton with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 302.
Guertin, Capt. J. G., Qm.R.C., to Camp Wadsworth with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 307.
Worth, Capt. J. G., Qm.R.C., and Whitehead, Capt. A. W., Qm.C., to Camp Wheeler with Aux. Rem. Dep. No. 311.

Resignations.

Stanford, Maj. R. B., Eng.R.C.
Garvey, Capt. W. H., Qm.R.C.

Leave.

Young, Capt. M. J., C. of E., 10 days.

Coast Guard Gazette.

Crisp, Capt. R. O., placed waiting orders.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Brereton, P. H., ret., to resume retired status.
Ker, L. J., of Engs., another shore assignment.
Davis, E. W., of Engs., from ship to shore.
O'Malley, W. A., ret., another shore assignment.
Alger, J. A., to another vessel.
Covell, L. C., to another vessel.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Finlay, G. T.; Abel, G. T.; Maglathlin, W. C., to other vessels.
Bennet, L. L., assigned to command vessel to which attached.
Yeager, T. H., of Engs., from ship to shore.
Reed-Hill, E., of Engs., assigned to duty as engr. officer on vessel to which attached.

THIRD LIEUTENANTS.
Trebes, J., Jr.; McKean, G. W., and Birkett, L. J., from ship to shore.
Smith, P. R., of Engs., assigned to duty as engineer officer on vessel to which attached.

Education Notes.

The following names have been placed, as of Oct. 26, upon the eligible list of men holding licenses as teacher of shopwork in elementary schools: Leon A. Chagnon, John Bryan, Harry L. Olmstead.

At the last meeting of the New York City Teachers' Association a plan was broached and discussed with much interest to have schools individually subscribe to the next Liberty Loan by means of small subscriptions from teachers, pupils, and their friends and to devote the interest of the bonds secured by each school to school charity funds and other outlays unavoidably incident to the administration of a school with hundreds or thousands of children, which are not and cannot be included in the school budget and which are becoming an increasingly heavy drain on the dwindling purses of the teachers.

The Professional Elementary Teachers' Association is working against the proposed plan for a longer day in the elementary schools. It says that the reply from the Regents was exactly what every one with a knowledge of the question expected. It points out how one Principal has met the requirements of the new law. He has added recreation time to his school day from 8:40 to 9 A. M., 12:50 to 1 P. M., and ten minutes lengthened recess period, which gives forty minutes additional time each day, thus carrying out the new law without making the children or teachers stay in school longer than before. It says that in one school the Principal allowed the distribution of slips to be signed, and out of 2,500 pupils 2,200 signed against the longer day. It urges Principals to act in the matter before the next meeting of the Board of Education.

A conference of national service work in community and recreation centres under the Board of Education will be held in the board room at the Board of Education Hall on Nov. 27 at 4:30 P. M.

Wills for Probate.

BACON, WILLIAM RATHBONE, (Nov. 14,) in London. Value of estate more than $100,000. Virginia Purdy Bacon, 247 Fifth Avenue, sole legatee.

MARKS, PINCKNEY, 310 West Ninety-third Street. Died in Turks Island, British West Indies, (Oct. 30.) By the provisions of his will the two sons of the deceased—David Marks of Montclair, N. J., and Elkan B. Marks of 310 West Ninety-third Street—were made the sole legatees. After the will had been prepared a line was drawn through the names of the legatees, with a note to read further down the page. The names of the legatees had been changed and the bequests were made to Constance S. Marks, wife of Elkan B., and to Sadie Marks, wife of David Marks.

Estates Appraised.

ANTHONY, JAMES STOWELL, (Dec. 18, 1915,) in Cannes, France; total assets, $77,226; the entire estate goes to his wife, Alys Scott Anthony of Champfleuri, Cannes, France; assets, cash, $8,393; stocks and bonds, $68,568. The decedent also had personal property in Cannes, Paris, and Geneva worth $5,865.

BALLIN, OSCAR E., (April 8, 1917;) total assets, $68,103; the estate is equally divided between his nieces, Louise K. Beckendorfer of 29 East 62d St. and Beatrice E. Loeb of 841 Madison Av.; assets, cash, $851; personal, $3,977; stocks and bonds, $28,001; balance of income due from estate to Adelaide Ballin King, $2,296.

GERMOND, HERBERT, (Jan. 20, 1916;) total assets, $123,662; his sister, Jennie G. Biddulph of Montclair, receives $110,067; nephew, Wellington W. Germond, $5,000, and his brother, Wellington Germond, $1,000; assets, real estate, $17,049; cash, $7,180; personal, $50,173; stocks and bonds, $39,251.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The lake storm is central tonight in irregular formation over Pennsylvania and New Jersey, and the general depression extends in marked form throughout the Atlantic States. Since Wednesday night there have been general snows in the upper lake region, with severe north gales and rains in the lower lake region, the Middle Atlantic States and New England, with some snow in Northern New England.

Light, scattered snows and rain also fell in the Ohio Valley and Tennessee. It is much colder in the lake region, the Central Valleys, Tennessee, and the Plains States, but elsewhere temperature changes are not of consequence.

Snow will fall Friday in the lower lake region and Northern New England; rain or snow in the Middle Atlantic States, and rain in North Carolina, followed by fair weather Saturday.

Elsewhere east of the Mississippi River the weather will be fair Friday and Saturday. It will be colder Friday in the Atlantic States, the upper Ohio Valley, and the lower lake region, and warmer Saturday in the lake region, the Ohio Valley and Tennessee.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Eastport to Jacksonville and on the Great Lakes except Western Superior.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh to strong northeast to north, rain or snow; Middle Atlantic Coast, increasing shifting winds, becoming north and northwest, rain; South Atlantic Coast, fresh to strong west and northwest, fair and cooler.

FORECAST TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York—Snow north, rain or snow south portion Friday, colder. Saturday, fair.

Southern New England—Rain or snow and colder Friday. Saturday, fair.

New Jersey—Rain, colder Friday. Saturday, fair.

Western New York—Snow Friday, colder east portion. Saturday, fair, warmer west portion.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain in southeast, rain or snow in north and west portions Friday, colder. Saturday, fair.

Northern New England—Snow in interior, rain or snow near the coast Friday, colder. Saturday, fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	31	44	4 P. M.	46	51
6 A. M.	28	46	6 P. M.	42	[illegible]
9 A. M.	30	46	9 P. M.	41	[illegible]
12 M.	39	48	11 P. M.	40	49

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 48; for the corresponding date last year it was 36; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 42.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 45; at 8 P. M. it was 51. Maximum temperature, 53 degrees at 8 P. M.; minimum, [illegible] degrees at 12:01 A. M. Humidity, 96 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 90 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.50 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.40 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:51 | Sun sets..4:34 | Moon sets..12:[illegible]

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:25	2:42	8:45	9:[illegible]
Governors Island	2:51	3:05	9:19	9:[illegible]
Hell Gate	4:28	4:58	11:29	11:[illegible]

Official Shipping List.

Arrivals of vessels from foreign countries at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports in the twenty-four hours ended Nov. 21:

STEAMSHIPS.
August, (Nor.)
Alstad, (Nor.)
Alabama, (Am.)
Belvernon, (Nor.)
Coahuila, (Mex.)
Cascapedia, (Br.)
Copenhagen, (Br.)
Elka III., (Nor.)
Gypsum King, (Am.)
Hammershus, (Dan.)
Ingeborg, (Dan.)
Imperator, (Nor.)
Larimer, (Am.)
Liv, (Nor.)
Lancastrian, (Br.)
Munamar, (Am.)
Maraval, (Br.)
Manzanillo, (Cuban.)
Martirreno, (Span.)
Natal, (Dan.)
Quimistan, (Hond.)
Satsuma, (Am.)
San Mateo, (Nor.)
Sirrah, (Nor.)
Swainby, (Br.)
Sirius, (Dan.)
Serrana, (Br.)
Santa Rosalia, (Am.)
Tajima Maru, (Jap.)
Viator, (Nor.)
Virginian, (Am.)
Wayfarer, (Am.)

SAILING VESSELS.
Admiral, (Br.)
Arthur D. Story, (Br.)
Beatrice, (Br.)
David C. Richey, (Br.)
Francis Goodnow, (Am.)
Jubilee, (Am.)
P. J. McLaughlin, (Br.)
Thomas B. Garland, (Am.)
Talus, (Br.)
William Taylor, (Am.)

Fire Record.

A. M. — Loss.
3:30—258 3 St.; S. Popowitz........Not given
10:25—220 E. 46 St.; Josephine Meade..Slight
10:30—326 E. 63 St.; not given..........Slight
11:50—415 Greenwich St.; Dietz & Co..Slight
P. M.
8:10—22 E. 21 St.; William Nelson....Slight
8:10—206 W. 140 St.; Mary Wilson.....Slight
8:30—155 W. 121 St.; Robert Smith....Slight
11:15—127-133 W. 17 St...............Not given
11:15—127-133 W. 17 St.; Up-to-Date Cloak and Suit Co. and others......$100,000

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, to take effect 4 P. M., Nov. 23: Patrol. W. F. Bloch, from 28 to Traffic Div., Sub-div. D; Patrick O'Brien, from 167 to 173; Leo Colton, from 275 to 278; A. P. Albrecht, from Traffic Div., Sub-div. D., to 153. From precincts indicated to 277, assigned to Bicycle duty: J. H. Van Etten, 10; Francis Murtha, 18; D. T. Merkle, 23; Lewis Walters, Jr., 26; Benjamin Cheesman, 35; J. J. Duffy, 65; A. N. McGrath, 66; Henry Wegman, 276; August Cook, 277. Mutual: W. F. Kenny, from 152 to 172; T. J. O'Donnell, from 172 to 152.

Temporary assignments: Capt. J. A. Brady, 39th Precinct, to command 6th Insp. Dist. in addition to his other duties, for 7 days, from 8 A. M., Dec. 2; Patrol. John Feeley, 37, to 6th Insp. Dist. for 30 days, from noon, Nov. 27; Conrad Jones, 167, to 8th Insp. Dist. for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 24.

Leave of absence to take effect on date of entrance into military service: Probationary Patrol. James Brennan, Training School.

Leaves of absence, (with full pay:) Inspector F. J Morris, 5th Insp. Dist., for 7 days, from 8 A. M., Dec. 2, balance of vacation. (Without pay:) Sergeant M. F. Walsh, 2, for 3 days, from 8 A. M., Dec. 24; Patrol. T. P. J. Tulley, 43, for 4 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 28; J. J. Hayden, 63, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 28; T. L. La Roosa, 63, for 1 day, from 8 P. M., Nov. 29; M. O'Brien, 65, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 24; P. J. Haran, 148th, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 24; F. J. Minnick, 275, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Dec. 1; J. A. Waag, 285, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 29.

Sick leave: Patrol. J. J. Hartwig, Traffic Div., Sub.-div. E, for 14 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 24.

Applications for full pay approved: While under suspension, Patrol. S. H. Johnson, from 1:30 A. M., July 30, to 10:55 A. M., Aug. 3; while on sick report, Patrol. J. E. O'Brien, 69, from 9:15 P. M., Oct. 1, to 12 P. M., Oct. 6; J. J. McLernan, 81, from 10:40 A. M., Nov. 13, during disability; W. A. Jacobs, 168, from 12:30 P. M., Sept. 4, to 12 P. M., Sept. 10; F. P. Neylon, 172 from 11:45 P. M., Nov. 6 to noon Nov. 14; W. W. O'Brien, 172, from 3:30 P. M., Nov. 11, during disability.

Fire Department.

Following will attend funeral of Lieut. Charles H. Davenport, Hose Co. 6, from his late residence, 517 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn, at 2 P. M. Nov. 25: Capt. Francis X. Byrne, Hose Co. 3; Lieuts. W. J. Willmott, Eng. 218; B. F. Rasmussen, Eng. 226; E. J. Fallon, Eng. 231; P. Blush, Eng. 270; J. W. Muchow, Eng. 219; M. J. Tierney, Eng. [illegible]

The Chiefs of the 31st, 32d, 33d, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 39th, 44th, and 48th Battalions will detail two men as funeral escort, who, with the above detail, will report at 1:30 P. M., in full uniform, at the quarters of Engine Co. 227, 979 Herkimer Street, Borough of Brooklyn, proceed to residence, and, after services, will accompany the remains a reasonable distance, when detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. Members of Hose Co. 6 will follow the hearse as mourners.

The Chief of the 50th Battalion will detail an officer and two men, and the Chiefs of the 38th, 44th, and 51st Battalions two men each, to report at the quarters of Hose Co. 6, at 12:30 P. M., for duty during the absence of that company.

Following members of the department having been tried before Commissioner Adamson the following decisions are hereby rendered: Fireman, 1st grade, E. A. Witte, Eng. 27—Charge 1, disobedience of orders: Guilty, and ordered that three regular leaves of absence be withheld. Charge 2, disrespect to superior officer: Guilty, and ordered that four regular leaves of absence be withheld.

Leaves of absence: Fireman, 1st grade, G. A. Martin, H. & L. 24, for 24 hours from 8 A. M. Nov. 23; Fireman, 1st grade, Vincenzo Maggio, Eng. 260, for 48 hours, from 8 A. M. Nov. 24.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Section 247, Tariff Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold 1 carton of feathers of wild birds. Notice is hereby given that the same is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 8, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted. Dated Nov. 10, 1917.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

ASKS VOICE FOR BELGIUM.

La Fontaine Says Country Should Have Part in Allied Conference.

Henri La Fontaine, a Belgian Senator, recipient of the Nobel Prize and Professor of International Law at the University of Brussels, made a plea yesterday for the representation and consideration of small nations in the allied conference in Paris next week.

"Only the big powers, such as Russia, Great Britain, France, and the United States will be represented," he said. "No one of the smaller States which have vital interests at stake will have a part. Despite the fact that Belgium is the fifth nation in economic importance and commercially the biggest nation per capita, it will not be represented. This is a dangerous condition to have smaller nations so discriminated against, and I have asked my Government to protest against its no-representation.

"Equality of States is a doctrine of great importance. You here in America should defend that principle of equality, because it lies at the basis of your Government, for instance, in State representation of Senators."

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Will party who took box of furs from auto at 34th St. and Madison Av., Thursday, Nov. 22, between 4 and 5 P. M., get in communication with chauffeur? Will pay liberal reward for return of same and positively no questions asked. Chauffeur, care of 84th St. Garage, 157 East 84th St.

LOST.—Southern Pacific Company stock certificate No. A2994 for 50 shares, in the name "Virginia K. Wearne." Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate should not be issued. Mrs. Virginia K. Wearne, 120 East 31st St., New York.

LOST.—A sable collar, Tuesday afternoon, between 4 and 4:30 o'clock, either in Madison Av. car from 43d to 32d St. and 4th Av., or walking from 32d St., on 4th Av., to 30th St., to Lexington Av.; liberal reward. Return to I. L., 45 5th Av.

LOST.—Ring, large pearl, platinum filigree, with diamonds, in subway entrance to Wanamaker's basement, Tuesday morning. Finder will be rewarded, no questions asked. George Walther, 484 6th Av. Mad. Sq. 1353.

LOST.—Black Mark Cross purse, containing roll of bills and alligator change purse, on Riverside Drive, between 119th and 116th Sts., or on 116th St., between Riverside and Broadway; reward. X 315 Times Annex.

LOST.—A gold circle pin, with crown in centre, Tuesday, Nov. 20, between 6:30 and 7, at Grand Central or subway to 72d St.; valued association; reward. P 115 Times.

LOST.—Tuesday night, suitcase, stencilled R. B. Y., containing clothing, &c., probably fell off taxi on Amsterdam Av., between 75th and 115th Sts. Reward if notified. Rector 9289. Extension 55.

LOST.—Small gold filigree pin, set with pearls and sapphires, in taxi, between Pennsylvania and Grand Central Stations, Nov. 21; suitable reward if returned to X 310 Times Annex.

LOST.—Monday noon, on West End Av., between 72d and 57th Sts., large brown leather bag, containing letters, of value to owner only. Reward if returned to L. G. Schroeder, 308 West 72d.

LOST.—On West End Subway train Monday morning, Goertz Tenax camera, 10x15 centimeters; liberal reward. Thomas F. Clark, Manager, Photo News Dept., Western Newspaper Union.

LOST.—Morning of Nov. 22, Lexington or 84th crosstown car, black handbag containing money, keys, letters, amethyst rosary beads; suitable reward. Gladstone, 975 Lexington Av.

LOST.—A sum of money, nearly $200, in a roll with rubber band around it, on last Saturday, either in Ritz Restaurant or in taxi; reward. Room 910, Hotel Netherland.

LOST—Passbook 2,333, Hudson Trust Co., (Provident Dept.,) Broadway and 39th St., New York City; payment has been stopped on same. Please return to bank.

LOST—Bunch keys, chain attached, probably 9th Av. elevated, between 72d and Wall St.; reward. Return 128 Broadway, Room 802. Cortlandt 3391.

LOST.—Reward for return of mink muff lost on Putnam Av. car Saturday, 3 P. M.; no questions. Mrs. E. Dickman, 942 East 9th St., Brooklyn.

LOST.—POCKETBOOK, containing enameled watch and pin, "A. L. M."; Boston, Westchester 150th; reward. I. K. LUSTER, 200 West 143d.

LOST.—Large envelope bearing name R. T. Badgley, containing papers, no value to any one else. Reward if returned to Room 1408, 110 West 40th St.

LOST.—A kolinsky stole, in the vicinity of 20th St., on Tuesday morning; reward. Mrs. Emott Buel, Interior Decorator, 20 East 40th St., City.

LOST.—Brown fox neckpiece, in New Rochelle, last Monday evening. Liberal reward if returned to C. H. Tate, 8 West 40th St., 19th floor.

LOST.—Nose glasses in black case, near or on Broadway car, Monday night, Gaiety Theatre; reward offered. Phone Schuyler 7603.

LOST.—In New York City, shopping district, bow-knot lavalliere; reward. J. E. Caldwell & Co., Juniper and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

LOST.—Monday evening, Grand Central Palace, 5th floor, gold watch and chain, monogramed "K. A. H.," closed face; liberal reward.

LOST—Muff, squirrel fur, dyed brown, in taxi, Grand Central, Tuesday. Return R. F. Cutting, 32 Nassau St.; reward $15.

LOST—Wednesday, Fifth Avenue National Bank-23d St. subway, nurse's pin; reward. H. B. Butcher, 257 West 100th.

LOST.—Diamond link bracelet, Justine Johnstone's Club or Joan Sawyer's. Communicate Columbus 5788 for reward.

LOST.—Lady's gold Waltham bracelet watch, open face, monogram back; reward to finder. Sixth floor, 9 East 37th St.

LOST.—Diamond cuff link, initials "E. H. M."; exceptional reward. Mendel, 423 West 120th St.

LOST.—A sealskin collar, Booth Theatre, Nov. 21. Liberal reward. Watson, H. O., Plaza Hotel.

LOST.—Beaver muff, Tuesday evening, at about 10 o'clock, in taxi, taken from Cafe Lafayette. Phone Circle 923. Reward.

LOST.—Shoe, green wrapping, near Hippodrome. Return to Masrays, 184 East 57th.

LOST—Diamond ring, 59th-62d, Central Park West, Thursday; reward. E. B., Col. 1952.

LOST.—Nov. 11, $176, in envelope, name Sarah on envelope; reward. P 123 Times.

LOST.—Diamond sunburst pin; 30th, 44th, 6th Av.; keepsake; reward. J 13 Times.

LOST.—Pearl bar pin, 97th-101st Sts; liberal reward. Friedman, 215 West 100th St.

REWARD of $100 for return of Hudson seal coat or kolinsky scarf; $25 for clue leading to recovery of above; these articles were taken from 179 Madison Av. Oct. 22; owner no desire to arrest; merely requests return of furs. Phone Cortlandt 5346 or Murray Hill 5938.

REWARD.—Blue enamel box set with seed, Wednesday night, 64th St., Metropolitan, Warrington Apts., 161 Madison Av.

REWARD.—Ladies' Waltham watch, leather case; initials "E. W." Wurzburger, telephone Schuyler 6104.

REWARD for stereoscopic camera, lost Thursday. Return to Reid, 35 West 50th St.

REWARD.—Brown sable muff, 80th to 85th, Amsterdam Av. Shipley, 212 West 85th.

SUITABLE REWARD, no questions asked, for two grips filled with button samples, missing from automobile, corner 25th St., Broadway. Rothschild Bros. & Co., 1,115 Broadway.

$100 REWARD.

Return gold mesh bag, sapphire clasp; lost in vicinity of Elizabeth, N. J., on or about Nov. 8, 1917; no questions asked. Notify A. R. Lee & Co., 15 William St., N. Y. City.

Found.

FOUND.—Lady's wedding ring, on 5th Av., near 34th St.; owner may have same by properly identifying. E. C., 1,364 Broadway.

FOUND.—Small purse containing money on Putnam Av. car, Brooklyn. 300 Blake Av.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Female Pekingese, answers to name of Wiggle, Nov. 21, evening, about 6:30. Liberal reward, no questions asked, if returned to D. G. Reid, 907 5th Av., corner 72d St.

LOST.—Saturday, Central Park, a fox terrier, answers to name of Peter; reward. Young, Riverside 9249, 12 to 5.

LOST.—MALE FRENCH BULL. Owner's name in the collar; LIBERAL REWARD. J 27 Times.

LOST.—Small green parrot; reward to finder. E. Birth, 3,067 Broadway.

MORE THAN 10,000 IN NEW STATE GUARD

Sherrill Announces Completion of Organization to Take Place of Units Now Federalized.

PLANS FOR MOBILIZATION

Will Be Quickly Gathered at Rail and Water Routes in Emergency —5,000 of Home Defense League.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 22.—Announcement was made tonight by Adjt. Gen. Sherrill of the completion of the organization of the New York Guard, which succeeds the State National Guard now in the Federal service. The total strength of the organization is more than the required 10,000. The Home Defense units of the State contributed more than 5,000 men. These are highly praised by the Adjutant General for their patriotism and co-operation.

The Adjutant General also announced a number of appointments, including Colonel F. De Forest Kemp of Troy, formerly in command of the Second Regiment, to be Brigadier General of the Third Brigade; Brig. Gen. George R. Dyer of New York to continue in command of the First Brigade, with headquarters in the Seventy-first Armory, New York City, and Brig. Gen. Louis L. Babcock of Buffalo, to continue in command of the Second Brigade, with headquarters in Buffalo.

The plan outlined by Adjt. Gen. Sherrill in his official orders is most comprehensive, and makes ample provision for the safeguarding of the State for any emergency that may arise out of the war. The reorganization was consummated with the idea of grouping units and commanders, so that all can be mobilized quickly along rail and water routes, and at the same time adequately guard the State, said a statement by the Adjutant General.

The units making up the 1st, or Greater New York, Brigade are: 1st Battalion, Signal Corps, Major James C. Fox, commanding; 22d Regiment Engineers, Colonel Harry N. Treadwell; Squadron A, Cavalry, Major L. G. Reed; Squadron C, Cavalry, Major Cornelius S. De Bevoise; 1st Field Artillery, Major Prentice Strong; 2d Field Artillery, Major Henry H. Royce; 8th Coast Artillery Corps, Major Sylvanus G. Teets; 9th Coast Artillery Corps, Colonel John R. Delafield; 13th Coast Artillery Corps, Major Clarence W. Smith; 7th Regiment Infantry, Colonel De Witt C. Falls; 12th Regiment Infantry, Colonel Thomas Denny; 14th Regiment Infantry, Colonel Frederick W. Baldwin; 15th Battalion Infantry, Major Vertner W. Tand; 23d Regiment Infantry, Colonel James Robb; 46th Regiment Infantry, Colonel Henry C. Barthman; 69th Regiment Infantry, Colonel John J. Phelan; 71st Regiment Infantry, Colonel James H. Wells.

The 2d Brigade units are: 3d Regiment Infantry, Colonel Howard K. Brown, headquarters Syracuse; 4th Regiment Infantry, Colonel E. E. Powell, headquarters Binghamton; 74th Regiment Infantry, Colonel Newton F. Turgeon, headquarters Buffalo; 3d Field Artillery, Major Henry W. Brendel, headquarters Buffalo; Squadron B, Cavalry, Major William C. Barry, headquarters Rochester.

The composition of the 3d Brigade is: 1st Regiment Infantry, Colonel John Rose, headquarters Newburg; 2d Regiment Infantry, Colonel William P. Dauchy, headquarters Troy; 5th Battalion Infantry, Major Walter H. Cluett, headquarters Saranac Lake; 10th Regiment Infantry, Colonel Charles E. Walsh, headquarters Albany; Squadron D, Cavalry, Major Maurice S. Damon, headquarters Albany.

In addition to the foregoing, the 1st, 3d, and 4th Field Hospitals and 3d Ambulance Company will be attached to the 1st Brigade; the 1st, 2d, and 4th Ambulance Companies, located respectively at Binghamton, Rochester, and Syracuse, will be attached to the 2d Brigade, and the 2d Field Hospital of Albany will be part of the 3d Brigade.

DRAWS UP STAMP TAX RULES

Untermyer Aiding Roper in Administering Tariffs on Exchange Sales.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Regulations to govern the administration of war stamp taxes on bonds, notes, exchange sales, and other documents by the Internal Revenue Bureau, were drawn today under the supervision of Samuel Untermyer, acting as adviser to Commissioner Roper, and will be announced about the middle of next week. The stamp taxes go into effect one week from Saturday, Dec. 1.

Mr. Untermyer conferred today with the Committee of Representatives of Stock, Grain, Produce and Cotton Exchanges which was called to Washington by Commissioner Roper to cooperate in framing the regulations, and a number of modifications suggested by the Exchange men to simplify the administration and reduce the number of transactions subject to tax will be considered by the Commissioner before the rules are finally approved.

One of the most difficult questions under consideration is the taxation on future dealings. Exchange men insist that transactions made to carry out terms of previous agreements in future dealings should not be taxed, while the Internal Revenue Bureau is said to hold that both transactions are taxable. Similar questions have arisen for produce exchanges, commission men urging that only sales resulting in actual deliveries of goods be taxed.

GUN COURSE AT PRINCETON.

Naval Officer Will Give Instruction in Ordnance Work.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 22.—A course in naval ordnance and gunnery is to be offered at Princeton for those students who are planning to take examinations for commissions in the navy. President Hibben has just been informed that a naval officer will be detailed here to conduct the course. It will probably be open to those men who have been studying navigation all Fall.

During the Christmas vacation the students in navigation will take a trip to Key West during which they will get practical instruction. It is said that a man who passes the Princeton course in navigation can easily pass an examination for a pilot's license.

A report made public at the university today shows that 2,103 of the graduates and undergraduates are now in some branch of the nation's service. Of this number 970 men, or over 45 per cent., are in the army, while 364 are enrolled in the medical ambulance corps. The navy has 250 Princeton men in it, while 146 are in the aviation corps.

BOGUS CANVASSER AT WORK.

Solicits Subscriptions for Mid-Week Pictorial—Police Looking for Him.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has received complaints from many parts of the country saying that persons had subscribed to The Mid-Week Pictorial at the solicitation of one C. Bibbs and had not received the publication. They said that they had paid 48 cents for a year's subscription to the magazine. THE TIMES has no such agent as C. Bibbs and there is no such subscription price as 48 cents for The Mid-Week Pictorial. The subscription price is $5 a year.

There have come to THE TIMES a number of receipts signed by "C. Bibbs," acknowledging receipt of 48 cents for a "full" subscription to The Mid-Week Pictorial. At the bottom of the receipt the "subscriber" is advised to wait forty days before making complaint if the magazine is not received. Some of the receipts bear the heading "The New York Publishing Company" and others "The Chicago Promotion Company." In neither case is a street address given. There is no such concern in this city as "The New York Publishing Company."

The complaints show that Bibbs has operated in the last four months in Minnesota, Wisconsin, and other Western States, and in the last few weeks in Albany, Troy, Buffalo, and other New York cities.

The police of several cities, including New York, have been asked by THE TIMES to arrest C. Bibbs.

EXPLOSION BLOCKS TRAFFIC

Steinway Tunnel and 42d St. Surface Lines Damaged by Wreck.

An explosion of gas in a sewer under Forty-second Street near the East River yesterday afternoon tore up several yards of street, smashed the windows in houses for blocks around, stopped traffic on the surface car lines from Second Avenue to the East River and also in the Steinway tunnel to Long Island City, and injured one woman so badly that she was taken to a hospital.

The explosion occurred just as the homeward-bound crowds were thronging the streets. Two cars were in the tunnel in Forty-second Street between First and Second Avenues when there was a thunderous roar. The cars rocked on their tracks as paving stones and débris flew through the air. Windows were broken in both cars, and in one Rose Snittow of 254 West Twenty-fifth Street was thrown to the floor and her knee-cap broken. She was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

The paving was torn up between the car tracks at Forty-second Street and Second Avenue, and for several hours the Forty-second Street crosstown line was diverted to another route. The explosion also broke the roof of the Steinway tunnel so that traffic was suspended till a wrecking crew cleared away the débris.

DENIES IMPUGNING LORD.

Magistrate Did Not Call Police Official a "Traffic Ignoramus."

Magistrate Frederick B. House, who presides in the Traffic Court, denied yesterday that he either directly or indirectly referred to Second Deputy Police Commissioner Frank A. Lord, head of the Traffic Squad, as a "traffic ignoramus" at the Motor Truck Club of America dinner last Wednesday night.

"In a speech about the city's traffic situation I said that we ought to have specialists in all our public departments, and that in some cases we had not had specialists in the traffic department," said Magistrate House. "But I didn't mention Mr. Lord's name. Indeed, Mr. Lord has co-operated with me admirably in the work of the Traffic Court."

Mr. Lord said yesterday that he had tried to enforce the motor vehicle law against owners and drivers of motor trucks as well as he could.

"In attempting to enforce the motor vehicle act, I would like to have the approval of all classes, but the person to be most considered is the pedestrian, and, with that in view, I have issued my instructions. Magistrate House told me on the telephone that he was incorrectly quoted, and that he would write a disclaimer of the article."

FLIES 2,000 MILES, RAIDS CONSTANTINOPLE

British Airplane Makes a Successful Attack After a Record Flight.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—The Admiralty announces that a successful air attack in the vicinity of Constantinople has been carried out by a large British bombing airplane, which flew from England to a British base in the Mediterranean in a series of eight flights. The stopping places include Lyons and Rome, and the total distance covered was nearly 2,000 miles.

The machine was actually in the air thirty-one hours. This is believed to be a world's record for a cross-country journey and for the weight carried. During some parts of the flight strong winds and heavy rain storms were experienced, and there was one stretch of 200 miles over a mountainous country where it would be impossible for any machine to land.

CLOSING ON JERUSALEM.

Fighting in Judea Hills Continues Successfully, Gen. Maurice Says.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—General Maurice announced today that the operations in Palestine, near Jerusalem, were continuing with complete success.

The British troops were still six miles distant from Jerusalem, fighting in the hills of Judea, he said, and it would be unwise to make any anticipatory statement regarding the fall of the city.

ESTABLISHED 1847. PARIS: 15 Rue de la Paix LONDON: 153 New Bond St.

ORIENTAL PEARLS

Selected from large importations and grouped to meet individual requirements.

Cartier
653 Fifth Ave.
at 52nd St.

Rector's
Broadway at 48th Street
"Known the World Over"
Sets the Standard of excellence in Food, Service and Entertainment.

SIX months hence, the mushroom maker of Officers' Uniforms will have been brevetted General Nuisance and chased out of the Army. His fabrics are rubbish; his tailoring is "a lick and a promise" and his fit is a cartoon.

Right from the start, I have stood pat for Quality Materials and Quality Benchwork, which is what every Army Officer is going to come around to, once he's burned his fingers and his money on the other stuff.

Heavy-Weight O. D. Serge Uniform to measure, $36.00
Melton Overcoat (cloth-faced buttonholes) to measure, $45.00
Deliveries on 2 days' notice, if required.

Civilian Clothes $20 to $45 to individual measure

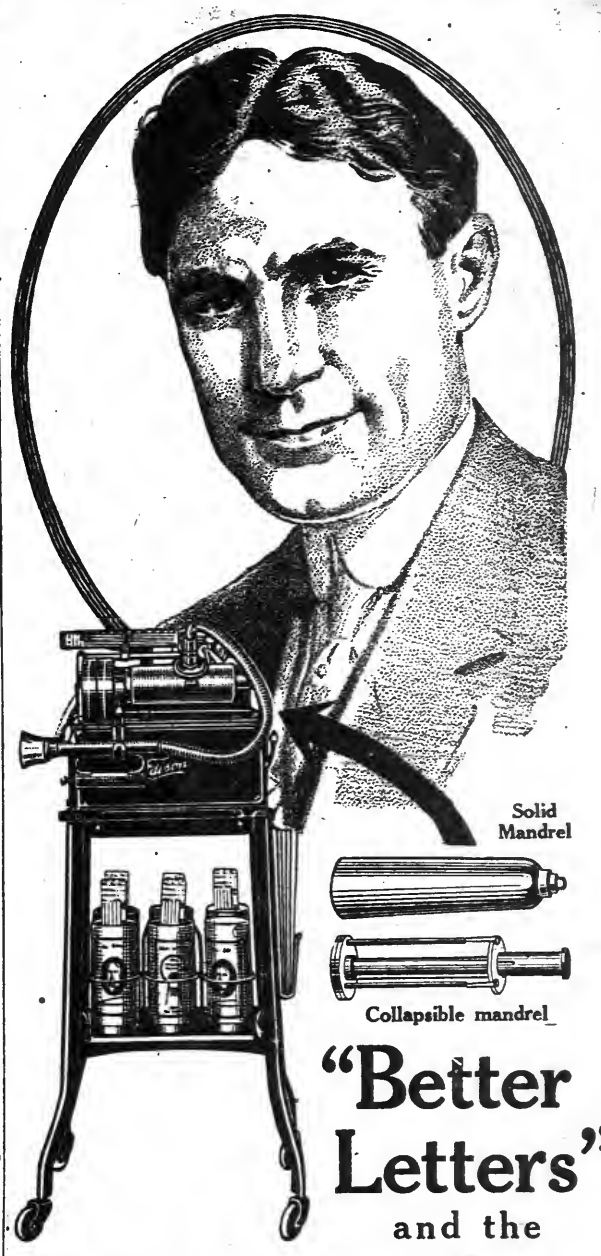
Clemons
Civilian and Military Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
19 Years On This Corner

Special--
Satin Stripe Handkerchiefs
69c
Box of ½ dozen
Friday and Saturday Only
Fine white Handkerchiefs with white satin stripe borders and corded effects.
These Handkerchiefs are a big war-time economy at this price. Remember Friday and Saturday only—Box of ½ dozen, 69c.

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th } Open
3d Ave., cor. 122d } Evenings
Hart Schaffner & Marx
Army Officers' Uniforms

"To the Man of To-Day"
We Cash Liberty Bonds
Buy what you need
Clothing, Hats Shoes and Furnishings
Milton Weber, Inc.
7 WALL ST., COR. NEW ST.
Florsheim Shoes $6.85-7.85

Chicago Limited
Lackawanna Railroad
Lv. New York 1 P. M. (D., L. & W. R. R.) Ar. Chicago 4:55 P. M. (Nickel Plate)
TICKET OFFICES: Cor. Broadway Wall St., Park Pl., 23d St., 42d St., Brooklyn, 895 Fulton St.


Solid Mandrel
Collapsible mandrel

"Better Letters" and the Collapsible Mandrel

A dictating machine without a cylinder is like a gun that is not loaded. There must be a cylinder on the machine all the time so that you may dictate without waiting. Before the invention of the Edison Collapsible Mandrel, it was dangerous to leave a cylinder on the machine. Cylinders stick on a hard mandrel and sometimes break. The Collapsible Mandrel—an exclusive Edison feature—overcomes this danger and adds to the convenience of the

EDISON Dictating Machine
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You must learn more about the Edison. Learn how it will double the productiveness of your office force. Learn how it will enable you to write more letters and "Better Letters." Learn how it will save your time and your stenographer's time and how it will reduce your correspondence cost one-half.

Phone Rector 3598
For a Demonstration

Try it out in your own office—on your own work. Let us show you the value of the Collapsible Mandrel and other exclusive Edison Features. Phone today sure.

EDWIN C. BARNES & BROS.
114 Liberty Street
New York.

Cranberries and Good Clothes

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx.

Cranberries suggest late Autumn days—pleasant, frosty days—especially Thanksgiving.

Their ruby sparkle is hint of holly berries and other holidays to come.

Cranberries for the inner man, good clothes for the outer man—both induce the feeling of well-being that should come with Thanksgiving.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats

Thousands of Suits—thousands of Overcoats. Four great Stores full.

Clothes that give you that "right for the day" feeling—"right for the evening," too.

Outdoor garments that are right for the weather, afoot or motoring—right for style,

There are Suits and Overcoats at $20—less than which Hart Schaffner & Marx all-wool quality is impossible.

No end of remarkable values at $25, $28 and $30; Suits range to $50—Overcoats hit the top at $85.

Hats
Just about now you're likely to be thinking of a new Hat. It's nice to change off from day to day from the one you have been wearing. No matter what your preference, there's a Stetson or Wallach Hat to meet your taste. Stetson Hats $4.50 and up; Wallach Hats $2 and $3.

Evening Clothes
Now is not too early to think about evening clothes for the "good times" you've promised yourself this Winter. For instance: Full Dress Coats begin at $32; Tuxedos to match, $30; Dress Trousers begin at $8; Cutaway Coats and Vests, $30 up.

Haberdashery
It's time, also, to think of such things as Shirts, Gloves, Hosiery, Underwear and Neckties—Neckties particularly. We have just received in time for Thanksgiving a beautiful assortment of new neckwear, including many smart Regimental Stripes and handsome Oriental effects—at 65c.

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th } Open
3d Ave., cor. 122nd } Evenings
Hart Schaffner & Marx Army Officers' Uniforms

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, colder, fresh north winds today; Sunday fair.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,854. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1917.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

RAILROADS PROPOSE DRASTIC MEASURES; RESTRICT SOME TO FREIGHT OR COAL ONLY; LITTLE BUT FREIGHT ON PENNSYLVANIA

PRESIDENT PREPARES TO ACT

Transportation to be Revolutionized to Meet Exigencies.

TERMINALS IN COMMON

War Supplies for Europe to be Divided Among Roads to Relieve Congestion.

ALL FOOD VIA GULF PORTS

Laws Governing Commerce May Be Ignored Until Congress Can Act.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Owing to war conditions the railroad situation in the United States has assumed a phase that, in the opinion of those who are handling it both for the Government and the railroads, requires drastic treatment. The matter has become so serious that the railroad executives who have come to Washington in the hope of being able to help the Government in this time of need have placed the facts before the proper authorities and urged that remedies be applied at once. It is expected that within a few days President Wilson will take a personal hand with the object of gaining information that will enable him to put these remedies into operation.

What the remedial steps should be have been suggested by the railroad executives. They report a condition of railroad congestion that is likely to grow worse instead of better. Owing to the concentration in the eastern part of the country of most of the great plants engaged in making war material the railroads in eastern territory have more business than they can carry. As a result private enterprise has suffered, for the railroads are giving preference to everything that will be of use in helping the United States and its allies to win the war.

There has been a suggestion that the Government take over the operation of the railroads, and to this the carriers have replied with the statement that, if the Government will tell the railroads what to do, that the Government contemplates doing itself, the railroads will gladly take the same measures. The railroad executives have expressed a willingness to conform to the wishes of the Government in every way possible consistent with practicable management of the situation, and have advanced a number of proposals that will bring good results.

Would Abandon Passenger Traffic.

One of the most interesting suggestions comes from the Pennsylvania Railroad. This great company proposes that it abandon much of its through fast passenger traffic to the West and devote itself almost entirely to handling freight. The Pennsylvania is one of the big lines operating in the East that has been overwhelmed with business since the United States entered the war, and it feels that it cannot do justice to the demands of the Government unless it abandons a great part of its passenger business, especially such as duplicates the services of other roads.

The railroad executives are anxious also to have certain other railroads in the country curtail or practically abandon all except non-competitive passenger service, and devote themselves to the exclusive carrying of freight. One suggestion is that the Norfolk & Western Railroad be designated for coal-carrying only, which means that except on local branches where it has no competition in passenger and freight traffic, it would not carry any passengers and would decline to carry any freight except coal.

Another suggestion from the railroads which the Government is asked to consider is the designation of certain ports for the shipment of particular classes of war supplies so as to relieve congestion at other ports, such as New York, whose shipping capacity is greatly overtaxed. The railroads recommend that all foodstuffs intended for our allies and for our troops in France be routed to ports on the Gulf of Mexico and shipped thence. This would enormously relieve not merely the terminal conditions at New York and other Eastern ports, but would ease the freight congestion on railroads running to the Atlantic seaboard.

Suggests Common Use of Terminals.

The common use of terminals by all railroads is another suggestion. This and proposals that would permit pooling among the railroads may be contrary to interstate commerce laws. It is asserted, however, that the President has authority under the war priority statute to issue the necessary orders to enable the railroads to take such steps as are necessary to stop the present detriment to the successful prosecution of the war through the almost hopeless tangle of freight congestion.

This condition will continue, it is asserted, unless the Government steps in

Continued on Page 10.

Proposals of the Railways to Meet Congestion in Moving War Freight

Here are the proposals made by leading railway executives to the Government for the relief of the increasingly serious transportation situation:

Abandonment of competing passenger service.

Use of some railroads entirely for freight; of some entirely for coal.

Shipment of food to Europe from Gulf ports to relieve congestion at Atlantic ports.

More manufacturing of munitions away from congested Eastern territory.

Permission by Government for common use of terminals, and for general pooling of rolling stock and equipment.

Force of Government mandate back of regulations of Railroads' War Board.

Prompt extension of Government priority orders to relieve growing congestion at terminals.

CONSIDER EMBARGO ON NON-ESSENTIALS

Fuel for the Manufacture of Eleven Commodities Likely to be Curtailed.

PLAN TO HELP RAILROADS

Pleasure Vehicles, Brewery Products, Candy, and Glassware on the List.

As a measure to conserve the available fuel supply and to help the railroads in the solution of the problem of handling a business greater than they can carry, the Fuel Administrator in Washington and the Priority Board are considering a proposal to curtail the use of coal and coke in the manufacture of eleven important commodities. They are: Pleasure vehicles, brewery products, candy, toys, table glassware, pottery, athletic goods, jewelry, silverware, window glass, and electric signs and electric sign lighting. A week ago it was announced that the Railroads' War Board had recommended to the Government authorities a list of 525 "non-essential" commodities which might be subjected to more or less strict embargoes to aid in the transportation problem. It may be stated that the eleven commodities mentioned are high up in the list of 525 prepared by the War Board.

The proposals of the Railroads' War Board for the embargoes on "non-essential" commodities, the enforcement of which would be upon the Priority Board, and the proposals to curtail the supply of fuel for certain "non-essential" businesses work hand in hand. In other words, if the manufactured products of these businesses may not be shipped, there will not be the same use for fuel, and conversely, if the fuel cannot be obtained, there will not be the same need for transportation of the finished product.

The proposal to force the curtailment of the manufacture and shipment of pleasure vehicles came as no surprise to railroad men. It is pointed out that such a step was long ago taken in England and France. Indeed, in England now one may not use a gallon of gasoline for propulsion of pleasure vehicles, a condition which has led to the growing use of coal gas. While the curtailment of coal and coke for the manufacture of automobiles, of course, means conservation of fuel supply and less work for the railroads, both in hauling fuel and finished product, there is another factor which is considered of prime importance, and that is that reduction in the business of automobile factories would mean the release of thousands of skilled mechanics, men who are badly needed in war industries. In fact, the railroads would not be at all averse to having a greater available supply of machinists who could be employed. Some railroad managers go so far as to say that, no matter how high the Government authorities might make rates, or no matter how many millions the Government might be ready to lend the railroads, their problems will not be solved until they can get more cars and more locomotives because there are not men available to build them. The release of tens of thousands of machinists now making pleasure automobiles would mean that a large number of them would be available for railroad rolling stock construction work, for the lack of which the roads are sadly hampered. In addition, there is the growing task of supplying railroad materials and rolling stock for France and other allies.

The proposal to curtail fuel for breweries brings to the surface the situation in England at the beginning of the war, when the supply of beer was curtailed and the quality lessened by the use of smaller amounts of grain. This brought forth many protests from the English workingman, who claimed as an inalienable right his pints of good beer. The use of beer among American workmen is not so widespread as it is in England. However, the protest against the prohibition of the manufacture of beer and light wines brought on the memorable fight in Washington last Spring, which resulted in the prohibition of the manufacture of spirits, but not of beer.

The business of electric signs and electric sign lighting has, of course, already been materially curtailed by the orders of the Fuel Administrator inforcing a smaller use of such signs. Silverware and jewelry fall first among

Continued on Page 10.

TROOPS GO ABROAD ON SCHEDULE TIME

Secretary Baker Says Overseas Force Is Up to Quota Called For by Army Program.

DECLINES TO TELL NUMBER

More Liberal Policy in Designating Units Possible—Two Men Die from Illness.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Arrival of American troops in France has kept pace with the expectation of the War Department, Secretary Baker said tonight in the first statement he ever authorized in connection with the progress being made in increasing General Pershing's forces.

Mr. Baker declined, however, to state the number of troops forwarded or to indicate whether he anticipated delay from this time. Movement of the forces, he said, depended on two elements, the training and equipment of the men and the availability of ships.

"As fast as they are ready, ships and men will be combined," the Secretary said. "As many American troops are now overseas as we expected in the beginning to have overseas at this time."

Mr. Baker indicated that an official statement of the number of American troops in France was not to be expected at any time during the war. He caused an inquiry to be made of the military censor, Major Gen. McIntyre, however, which may result in more liberal regulations as to publication of the designations of regiments, brigades, or companies which are engaged in action on the front from time to time. If there was no sound military reason for suppressing that information, Mr. Baker said, he desired to give it out.

The Secretary's attention was called to the fact that the British official statements recently have named at least by geographical designation the troops used in various offensives. Apparently a new policy in this regard has been adopted in London, and the War Department may do likewise.

Two more men of the American force in France have died from natural causes, General Pershing today notified the War Department. They were:

Private James H. Hinchey, Medical Department, attached infantry, died Nov. 18 of spinal meningitis; emergency address, W. J. Maddeu, Bristol, Conn.

Sergeant Humphrey L. Evatt, Medical Emnsted Reserve Corps, died Nov. 20 of pneumonia; father, R. S. Evatt, New Kensington, Penn.

RAIN CHECKS OUR GUNFIRE.

But Pershing's Men Had a Brisk Time retaliating On Foe.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 23, (Associated Press.)—Drizzling rains have again turned the American sector into a sea of sticky mud. Low visibility has caused the artillery activity to subside to normal.

Previous to today the German artillery firing had been most active along the American sector. Shells in more than normal number fell in the rear areas.

In reprisal for the shelling of the town in which the American headquarters is situated, during which a shell fell on an American regimental headquarters, American guns sent an unusual number of shells into the corresponding town behind the German lines the next day.

Patrolling operations continue, with nightly excursions to the vicinity of the German wire defences, but the Americans have failed to encounter any Germans, and no further casualties have been reported.

The officers who have served their turn in the trenches with the battalions already relieved have held a meeting with the commander of the first contingent and discussed their experiences. All agreed that actual training in the trenches under fire was the ideal method of acquainting officers and soldiers with fighting methods.

ADVOCATES POLISH ARMY.

Premier Kucharzevski Also Opposed to Outside Government.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 23.—Professor Jan Kucharzevski, the Polish Premier, according to an interview in the Frankfurter Zeitung, favors the speedy formation of a Polish national army, and declares that an attempt to create a government or army outside of Poland would be rejected absolutely by him and the Regency Council. He is quoted as saying:

"I can state that the Polish Constitution will be based on true democracy, namely, general, equal, direct, and secret franchise."

Your family will be safe at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C., finest resort hotel in the world. Not a case, but guests for months.—Adv.

Britain Seeks to Reward With Decorations U-Boat Work of Our Officers and Sailors

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—"Through the British Ambassador to the United States and the Department of State," said Secretary Daniels, "the British Admiralty has advised the Navy Department of its desire to recommend British decorations for certain officers and men of two United States destroyers on duty in European waters for their services in encounters with enemy submarines.

"The Secretary of the Navy has replied through the Secretary of State that under the laws of this country persons belonging to the military forces of the United States are not permitted to receive crosses, medals, decorations or other gifts which might be tendered by foreign Governments.

"The British commander in chief proposed to make the following recommendations:

"Distinguished Service Order:

"Lieut. Commander Charles A. Blakely, U. S. N.

"Lieut. Commander George F. Neal, U. S. N.

"Distinguished Service Cross:

"Lieutenant Frank Loftin, U. S. N.

"Ensign Henry N. Fallon, U. S. N.

"Distinguished Service Medal:

"Quartermaster, first class, W. H. Justice, U. S. N.

"Chief Machinist's Mate R. G. McNaughton, U. S. N.

"In the case of one destroyer the Admiralty advises that the vessel was convoying a merchantman when the periscope of a submarine was sighted at a distance of about 500 yards. The destroyer immediately increased speed and headed toward the submarine, which submerged, but reappeared shortly afterward, traveling in the opposite direction. The U-boat next passed close on the starboard side of the destroyer, which released a depth charge, probably causing serious damage, if not destruction, to the submarine.

"Praising the excellent organization, preparedness and discipline on board the destroyer, as well as the quick decision of the officer of the watch, the British Commander in Chief proposed to recommend Lieut. Commander Blakely, the commanding officer, for appointment to the Distinguished Service Order, and Ensign Henry N. Fallon for award of the Distinguished Service Cross.

"The other destroyer was one of a number escorting troopships and was cruising in station in formation when the wave of a periscope was sighted about 1,800 yards off the port bow by the Quartermaster of the watch on duty. He reported to the officer of the watch, who immediately sounded general quarters. The executive officer of the destroyer was the first officer to reach the bridge, being closely followed by the commanding officer.

"The executive officer rang for full speed ahead on reaching the bridge and altered the destroyer's course to head for the periscope. The commanding officer then took command of the ship and manoeuvred her so as to gain a favorable position for dropping a depth charge, directing the executive officer to drop the charge when he deemed it proper to do so. The charge was dropped, it is estimated, when the destroyer was about twenty-five yards directly ahead of the periscope and in the direction of the submarine's advance. After the explosion of the charge débris was seen to rise to the surface, accompanied by large bubbles and discoloration of the water.

"For their services in this engagement the British Commander in Chief made the following recommendations:

"Lieut. Commander Neal, for the Distinguished Service Order, because it was considered that the efficient way the attack was launched was due to his prompt and decisive action and the vigilant lookout maintained on the destroyer.

"Lieutenant Loftin, for the Distinguished Service Cross, for the way he handled the situation in a prompt and decisive manner after arriving on the bridge.

"Quartermaster First Class Justice and Chief Machinist's Mate McNaughton for the Distinguished Service Medal."

RECALL MURPHY TO TAME HYLAN

Leader Cuts Short Vacation on Hearing the New Mayor Is Feeling Independent.

COLER ALARMS THE BRAVES

Brooklyn Man Said to be Leading Candidate for Police Head, with D. I. McKay Second.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, returned from French Lick Springs last night, a week earlier than he was expected. He came unheralded. It was admitted by Mr. Murphy's friends that he had cut his vacation short, but no reason was given for this departure from established custom. Hours before his train arrived, however, a report was current in Tammany circles to the effect that the "Chief" had been sent for.

According to this report, and to put it in the phrase of an organization man who took an active part in the campaign of Mayor-elect John F. Hylan, "the Judge has been talking mighty queer of late." From the character of his talk it would appear that the Mayor-elect has developed an alarming streak of independence, and that the Tammany faithful, who, in these days, are keeping a watchful eye on prospective jobs, do not quite know what to make of it.

Mayor-elect Hylan's "queer talk" has not been in conversation with Tammany men. They have been very little in evidence at Hylan headquarters except at one of the recurring meetings of the new Board of Estimate, at which Judge Hylan presides, and then the only spokesmen for Tammany in attendance have been Sheriff "Al" Smith and President Frank L. Dowling of the Aldermen. Talks of the Mayor-elect with men not closely affiliated with the Manhattan or Brooklyn organization who have sought him out on patriotic errands, it is said, have drifted back to the Tammany camp and caused the alarm.

According to reports that have reached the Tammany men, Mayor-elect Hylan in the introductory stage of his talks with office seekers invariably pays his respects to Mayor Mitchel and his administration in even stronger language than he used in his speeches to the voters in the campaign. There is no objection to this in Tammany circles, nor has this part of the Hylan conversations given rise to any panicky feeling among Mr. Murphy's faithful followers.

But after the visitors have reached the real business that occasioned their call on Judge Hylan, and intimated in some instances that they probably could have the indorsement of Leader Murphy or of John H. McCooey, the Democratic boss of Kings, as the case might be, the Mayor-elect, according to the alarming reports that have reached Tammany ears, in many instances has told them brusquely that, gilt edged as such indorsements may be regarded by persons who did not know his real frame of mind, applicants for places under his administration might get along as well without as with them.

"Get it out of your head that I am Murphy's man or McCooey's man," the Judge is said to have told not one, but several of his recent callers. "I was elected by the people, and recognize no responsibility except to the people and my own conscience."

Tammany men who heard of this came to the conclusion that it was about time for the "Chief" to return. Mayor-elect Hylan, when told at his headquarters, 50 East Fifty-second Street, about an

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HOUSE SPEEDS UP ALLIED TEAM WORK

Red Tape Not Allowed to Impede American Mission's Task in London.

EAGER WELCOME IN PARIS

Conference with Clemenceau, and Will Meet Poincare Today —Moved by War Spirit.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—The members of the American mission have left London regretfully, but with a sense of satisfaction at the progress made and with deep appreciation of the spirit in which their English collaborators had received them. Hospitality had been expected, but the Americans were pleasantly disappointed at the way in which the British "took hold" with them, for rumors had reached America of official London's insistence on red tape.

Everybody, from the King and the Premier to the office boys, appeared to have speeded up for the occasion, and from talking with members of the mission I have gained the impression that the needs and resources as between England and America were now understood by both sides with a thoroughness impossible without close, sympathetic personal touch. Nowhere was self-satisfaction and superiority met with, but everywhere a disposition was shown to play the game fairly.

Colonel House's knowledge of English conditions and characteristics and his skill as an organizer and harmonizer contributed greatly to the success. When I saw the members of the mission at work separately and as a team I recalled McGraw and his three-time Baltimore pennant winners twenty years ago. All the members are full of ginger, while Captain House sits on the bench smiling.

The importance of this get-together work on details must not be underestimated. It is the underpinning for a large policy of co-operation and will make the unity of control toward which the Allies are working a practical possibility.

Record-Breaking Run to Paris.

The trip from London to Paris was pleasant and a record breaker for speed in war times. From station to station was little more than nine hours, and the run over the French railroad was made at high speed and with smoothness to show the Americans how well the line was maintained in wartime, despite the tremendous traffic carried for the British Army.

The Channel was smooth and the crossing was greatly enjoyed, Colonel House going to the bridge and the rest of the party staying on deck.

The British Navy people were much in evidence at Dover, and all spoke enthusiastically of America's service in protecting shipping against the submarines. They expressed amazement at the quickness with which our forces had jumped into the game and the eagerness with which they are keeping it up.

While none of the members of the mission would think of talking for publication, I know that their visit has deeply impressed them with England's spirit of sacrifice. They are surprised and gratified at the earnestness and will go home with many texts for sermons to America.

Wealthy Women Work as Hostlers.

One striking case, showing the lengths to which England is carrying war service, is a certain remount station, where ladies of wealth and position are doing the work of hostlers. Each lady takes

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BYNG RENEWS HEAVY ATTACK ON FONTAINE; TAKES HILL DOMINATING MOEUVRES; LUDENDORFF PEACE ENVOY TO RUSSIANS

Ludendorff Reported at Russian Front to Discuss Terms of Offered Armistice

LONDON, Nov. 23.—According to advices received in Amsterdam, General von Ludendorff, First Quartermaster General of the German Armies, has started for the eastern front in connection with the Russian offer of a truce. He is said to be accompanied by a numerous staff.

Ludendorff is the lieutenant, strategist, and Fidus Achates of Field Marshal von Hindenburg, and is regarded as the brains of the German military organization. With Hindenburg and the Crown Prince he hurried to Berlin in July and labored in vain with the Reichstag leaders to repudiate the "peace without annexations" resolution which had been adopted by the Chief Committee on the 7th.

The Tideningen of Stockholm says that a Russian diplomat left that capital yesterday for Petrograd with orders to hand to the Russian Revolutionary Government proposals for peace by the Central Powers.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 23.—Replying to a question regarding the peace offer of the Russian Bolsheviki, Dr. Alexander Wekerle, the Hungarian Premier, in the Unterhaus, said:

"The press report of the offer has not yet been confirmed. We must, in any case, ascertain definitely whether those with whom we should have to negotiate represent power of a permanent character. Apart from this consideration, our action will naturally be guided by our own readiness for peace."

Bolsheviki's Hand Forced by Masses Who Demand Execution of Promises

Trotzky Tells Soviet the Allies Are Hostile to Peace Proposals and Central Powers Interested Only in Weakening of Russia's Power —All Governments Compelled to Heed New Petrograd Cabinet.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 22, (Delayed.)—The orders of Vladimir Lenine, head of the Bolsheviki Government, to General Dukhonin, Commander in Chief, to conclude an immediate armistice with the enemy and open peace negotiations and the note sent by Foreign Secretary Trotzky to the Allied Ambassadors informing them of the establishment of a new government and describing the peace decree as an official proposal for an armistice on all fronts were dictated by the impatience of the masses who demand the immediate execution of the Bolsheviki promises.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Soviet yesterday Trotzky made a statement on the international situation. He said that only gradually had the ruling classes of Europe begun to realize that the peace decree was not a mere party proclamation, but a business document issued by the new official government of Russia.

The allied Governments regarded the step with the greatest hostility. The enemy powers were only interested in the change in Russia from the point of view of the enfeeblement of Rusala as a military power.

So long as the state of civil war continued, he went on, both the workers and bourgeoisie of western Europe were skeptical as to the vitality of the new Government, but now that the power of the Soviets was established in both capitals and in the greater part of Russia even "the most hardened diplomats" were compelled to enter into business relations with the new Government.

The greatest hostility was displayed by England, which had most to gain in the war and least to lose. The reply of France was the formation of the bellicose Clémenceau Government. Italy might adopt a milder attitude. She was in the war, not for ideal objects, but to promote in her own financial interest the complete exhaustion of Europe. She now saw that her end was nearly attained, and might be expected to prove more willing than the other powers to consider the Russian proposals seriously.

"The war will be crushed," Trotzky continued, "and the European Governments are now concerned not to carry out their original plans, but to get out of their adventure with the least possible loss to themselves."

Trotzky declared he now had in his possession the secret treaties, and he was impartial enough to state that the German workers would find that their rulers had been no less cynical than the Allies. He went on: "All these treaties we shall throw onto the rubbish heap.

If the pressure on the Governments of Western Europe is insufficient our policy increases the pressure, and this is the only guarantee that a peace concluded by us will be not a shameful peace, but a peace securing fraternal relations between Russia and all the peoples of Europe."

Meantime the political situation of the Bolsheviki is growing daily more difficult. Even the Maximalist Social Revolutionaries who have co-operated with them hitherto refuse to join their Government unless the régime of terror be abandoned.

At a conference held yesterday at army headquarters between the Army Committee and representatives of the Social Revolutionary Party and other Socialists, the latter insisted on the formation of a coalition Socialist government, with Tchernoff as Premier. Today marks a distinct development in the political situation as compared with the impasse of the last few days.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Daily Mail, in its issue this morning, prints a dispatch from Petrograd which says the "violent, demagogical speech" by Leon Trotsky, to the Workmen's Council, was made possible only by the level of intelligence of the Foreign Minister's audience.

Trotzky gave indications of how the Allies and the enemies had received the peace proposal note. He dealt blows all around, his only bright hope being Italy, whom he considered out of action, owing to her loss of artillery.

England, who was the ringleader of the whole movement, merely continued the war for what she could get, according to the speaker. France's reply was in the form of Clemenceau's middle class, imperialistic Cabinet, but the French people were looking for only a reasonable excuse to emerge from the war with some claim of victory, in order to justify their entrance into the war.

The United States only entered the war because she was forced into it by her capitalists, Trotzky declared, and as she did not desire territory, she probably would regard with favor a Russian Government composed of workmen and soldiers.

Germany rejoiced in the further weakening of the Russian Army's strength, but Philipp Scheidemann, President of the Social Democratic Party, had resolved to declare open opposition to the German Government and to force it to declare peace.

The correspondent refers to the possibility of an attempt to establish a rival Government in Russia, but he is convinced that it is almost impossible for any Government to hold the country together.

TROTZKY TELLS ALLIES OF ARMISTICE OFFER

In Formal Notification He Pleads for the End of "This Unexampled Slaughter."

PETROGRAD, Thursday, Nov. 22.—The note of Leon Trotzky, the Bolsheviki Foreign Minister, to the Allied Embassies conveying the announcement of the proposal for an armistice reached the embassies last night. The text follows:

I herewith have the honor to inform you, Mr. Ambassador, that the All-Russian Congress of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates organized on Oct. 26 a new government in the form of a Council of National Commissioners. The head of this Government is Vladimir Ilich Lenine. The direction of the foreign policy has been intrusted to me, in the capacity of National Commissioner for Foreign Affairs.

Drawing attention to the text of the offer of an armistice and a democratic peace on the basis of no annexations or indemnities and the self-determination of nations, approved by the All-Russian Congress of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates, I have the honor to beg you to regard the above document as a formal offer of an immediate armistice on all fronts and the immediate opening of peace negotiations—an offer with which the authoritative Government of the Russian republic has addressed itself simultaneously to all the belligerent peoples and their Governments.

Accept my assurance, Mr. Ambassador, of the profound respect of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Government for the people of France, which cannot help aiming at peace, as well as all the rest of the nations exhausted and made bloodless by this unexampled slaughter. L. TROTZKY, National Commissioner for Foreign Affairs.

The American Ambassador, David R. Francis, is transmitting the communication to Washington for the information of his Government. He made no acknowledgment of its receipt, acting, it is understood, in concert with the representatives of the Allied Governments.

A reduction of the Russian armies, beginning with the class conscripted in 1899, has been proclaimed by Lenine, an official announcement today states. The order is to take effect immediately. The announcement follows:

The Workmen's and Peasants' Government of the People's Commissaries has decided to undertake without delay reduction of the armies, and orders, to begin with, release from their military duties of all citizen soldiers of the class conscripted in 1899. Instructions concerning the liberation of other classes from military service will be issued at a later date. Upon demobilization, all arms

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BRITISH AGAIN AGGRESSIVE

Resume Assaults in the Cambrai Area and Also in Flanders.

GAIN MADE ON BOTH FRONTS

Operations Are "Proceeding Satisfactorily," Is Haig's Laconic Announcement.

MOEUVRES FIGHTING SEVERE

Intense Gunfire at Crevecoeur —Byng Promoted by King to Full General.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Nov. 23, (Associated Press.)—The British and the German forces last night rested on their arms along most of the new battlefront after three days of determined conflict. Hard local fighting continued at some points, notably in the vicinity of Crevecoeur, Moeuvres, and Bourlon Wood, but for the most part the British were engaged in consolidation work and the Germans gave little trouble in the way of counter-attacks.

The British have renewed their attack on Fontaine Notre Dame, just west of Cambrai. Here the Germans yesterday delivered a heavy counterattack and compelled the British to withdraw from the village to a position a little south of it. The fighting at Fontaine yesterday was at close quarters and particularly bitter.

The Germans in their counterthrust succeeded in pushing the British slightly back from the place after a desperate conflict, but this morning the British still held the ground between Fontaine and south of Fontaine, and were near the fringes of the Bourlon Wood.

The German attacks today was delivered against not only the British positions at Fontains, but also both sides of the southern part of the Bourlon Wood, which dominates Gamgral and much of the surrounding territory.

The enemy last night began the concentration of troops and artillery between Cambrai and the Bourlon Wood, and gave every indication that they purposed to battle desperately for the recovery of their lost territory.

There was little artillery firing this morning in the Bourlon Wood sector, but the Germans on the elevation in the copse were maintaining a stiff machine gun barrage against the assaulting troops, and fighting at close quarters was reported to be proceeding.

The British early today drove back the enemy at an elevation just west of Moeuvres, known as Tadpole Copse. This hill dominates a large section of the Canal du Nord, running east of Moeuvres, and to a large extent the village itself, which is still in German hands.

Irish infantry along with tanks took part in this assault in a region where sanguinary fighting already had occurred during the last three days. They stormed the ground in the vicinity of Tadpole Copse early in the morning and forced the Germans to withdraw after a sharp engagement.

The Irish troops have been active in this whole region. Ulster men were engaged desperately in the advance in the neighborhood of Havrincourt Tuesday, the tanks not operating there.

The Ulsterites charged the entanglements and bombed their way through them under concentrated rifle and machine gun fire. Having driven a wedge in the entanglements, the Ulsterites charged the machine gun positions up the slopes and gained the crest. Routed with bayonets after fierce fights, the Germans abandoned the machine guns, and many wer eshot down as they fled.

The Irishmen fought on until evening, when they were south of Moeuvres. They renewed the advance Wednesday morning and stormed half way through Moeuvres, driving out the Germans. Thursday morning they were holding fast to Moeuvres. In the afternoon the Germans counterattacked suddenly, and after fierce fights in the street the Irish were obliged to withdraw to the southern outskirts. This morning the Irish advanced again, and were working their way around to the north of Moeuvres.

This morning the Germans in the eastern part of Crevecoeur village were maintaining an intense machine gunfire against the British in its western environs.

Rain fell last night and the dense, low-hanging clouds were today letting down a steady drizzle, which made aerial observations difficult. Notwithstanding this handicap both British and German airmen were operating at exceedingly low altitudes along the battle line. The enemy's airplanes were especially active in the region of Bourlon Wood.

No announcement has been made of the amount of material captured by the British, but great quantities of war stores are strewn over the battle area, and among the booty are many guns.

The total of prisoners so far counted still remains between 8,000 and 9,000. It is unofficially estimated that several score of guns have been captured. A great number of machine guns are also in British hands.

The cavalry dash by which Anneux was taken Tuesday is said to be a record for one day, having been an ad-

vance of 7,000 yards. The Germans counterattacked at Anneux Tuesday night with troops just arrived from Russia, and the British withdrew after a hard engagement. On Wednesday morning the British recaptured Anneux.

Operations "Proceeding Satisfactorily"

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Renewed British operations west of Cambrai are "proceeding satisfactorily," according to the War Office statement tonight, which gives no details.

Slight advances of the British line southeast of Ypres are reported.

The night bulletin reads:

Operations continued today against the enemy's positions west of Cambrai. The latest reports show they are developing satisfactorily.

The hostile artillery has shown great activity today in the neighborhood of Passchendaele.

The day report says:

Southeast of Ypres we advanced our lines slightly during the night.

Hostile raids attempted in the night south of Neuve-Chapelle, northwest of St. Quentin, and northwest of Pontruet were repulsed, leaving prisoners in our hands.

There is no change on our front southwest of Cambrai.

King George has promoted Lieut. Gen. Byng to the rank of General in recognition of his distinguished service in the field in the Cambrai operations.

Tells of Repulses to British.

BERLIN, Nov. 23, (via London.)—A new battle started in the direction of Moeuvres, in the Cambrai area, said the army headquarters' bulletin today. In yesterday's fighting, it is stated, the Germans forced the British from the village of Fontaine and from La Folie Wood, while British attacks against Rumilly, Banteaux, and Vendhuile collapsed with heavy losses. The bulletin reads:

Army group of Crown Prince Rupprecht: In Flanders the artillery duel became more intense in the afternoon.

On the battlefield southwest of Cambrai, Moeuvres, and Fontaine were the foci of yesterday's fighting. The enemy many times made fruitless attacks on Moeuvres and positions adjoining to the west. Slight initial successes were retrieved by our counterthrusts.

On both sides of Fontaine and out of Fontaine the British launched strong forces against our lines. Desperate hand-to-hand fighting developed, in which the enemy was defeated. Our infantry, eager to attack, threw back the enemy and took by storm the village of Fontaine. La Folie Wood was cleared of the enemy.

British attacks directed against Ramilly, Banteaux, and Vendhuile collapsed with heavy losses. Lower Silesian and Posen troops took a prominent part in the successful result of yesterday's fighting.

During the night the artillery duel was intense only in some sectors.

Since early morning fresh fighting as been in progress on the southern edge of Moeuvres.

The supplementary report issued this evening says:

It is reported from the battlefront that a renewed attempt of the English to break through southwest of Cambrai was shattered with most severe losses for the enemy.

ALL ENGLAND CELEBRATES.

Bells Ring and Flags Fly in First Sunshine of Many Days.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Bells rang in London and the Provinces today, for the first time since the war began, in commemoration of British victories. The sun broke through the heavy mist which enveloped London and its environs early in the day, almost at the same time that the chimes of St. Paul's and the bells of other churches began to peal forth a chorus in celebration of the achievements of the British forces in France and Palestine.

It was the first sunshine of many days, and seemed to reflect in the faces of thousands of civilians and the soldiers and sailors in the streets their confidence that the clouds which have been overhanging Europe for more than three years were breaking for brighter days.

One of the features of the occasion was the ringing of the bells of Peterborough Cathedral, which had been silent for years.

In London, Liverpool, and other cities the flags of the Allies contributed impressively to the picture. The scenes in the streets and around the great Cathedrals were not demonstrative, but appeared more like those usual at Christmas. In front of St. Paul's, in whose eaves thousands of pigeons have found a home for many generations, great numbers of them were flying overhead, and, in many instances, alighting on the broad pavement, eating from the hands of persons in the crowd, and even perching on the shoulders of children.

NO CHANGE IN GERMAN PLANS.

British Gains Not to Influence Drive at Italy, Says Lokal-Anzeiger.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 23.—The British drive on the Cambrai front will have no influence on the situation in Flanders or Italy, according to the Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger of Berlin, which says:

"The British attempt to break through collapsed entirely in the face of the extraordinary bravery of our troops. It went no further than the initial success, an eruption into our position which must be without effect on the neighboring positions and which the enemy tried to extend in vain owing to the powerful thrusts of our reserves.

"The enemy will not succeed by this abortive attack in diverting our attention from Flanders, where he is certain to renew his efforts which now have become a necessity in order to rid himself of the U-boat bases, which are so dangerous to him. Moreover, the attacks near Cambrai and Craonne certainly will not exercise the slightest influence on the situation in Italy."

KILLED WITH THE CANADIANS.

Five Americans on the Lists Issued at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Nov. 23.—The following American names appear in today's casualty list:

Killed in action—P. B. Olds, Rochelle Park, N. J.; J. Shoemaker, River Rouge, Mich.; R. R. Lloyd, Forest Grove, Ore.; Richard Cox, Los Angeles, Cal.; W. L. Haynes, Boston, Mass.

Died of wounds—Charles Thompson, St. Louis, Mo.; J. R. Love, Detroit.

Missing—J. E. Fisk, Oak Park, Ill.; Fred Lablanche, Presno, Cal.

Wounded—G. W. Howden, Detriot, Mich.; James McDavitt, East Boston, Mass.; J. H. Elliott, Two Rivers, Wis.; L. J. Boufford, Detroit, Mich.; Alexander Myers, Boston, Mass.

OLD-STYLE BATTLE IS NOW RESUMED

Germans Try to Hold British with Local Units While Rushing Up Reinforcements.

WERE SHORT OF RESERVES

Had to Throw Cripples and Convalescents Into the Breach After First Surprise.

MASNIERES HAILS VICTORS

Captive Civilians Made Joyous as Their Masters Fled Before British Guns.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Nov. 23.—The first great surprise of the British attack across the Hindenburg lines is over and the free and open fighting when cavalry, tanks, and infantry rounded up the enemy in the French villages has now been followed by closer fighting of the old style, with attacks and counterattacks.

Ground is gained and ground is lost on both sides, while the enemy is making a strong stand with local forces and units hurriedly brought up in order to gani time for the arrival of stronger einforcements. He is massing men and guns in Cambrai and preparing to hold the lines of defense around that city if he is forced still furhter back from his present positions.

The battle has continued today and the troops and tanks have been engaged in heavy fighting around Bourlon Wood and at Fontaine Notre Dame, to the east, which was lost yesterday after sharp counterattacks upon the Seaforth Highlanders, who entered it on Wednesday night with the tanks.

Today the troops are attacking the village of Moeuvres, southwest of Fontaine Notre Dame, which was also taken and lost after a great advance of the Ulstermen on Wednesday morning. That attack of the Ulster battalions on the first two days of the battle was a hard and grim episode of the general action, and ground was gained only by the most persistent endeavors and courage.

These men, newly down from the battles of Flanders, where they had terrible and tragic fighting, were determined to go far in this new field, and their spirit was high.

They had no tanks to cut the wire in front of them as those machines were concentrated in large numbers on the right wing of the attack. The Ulstermen had the Hindenburg trenches before them, wide belts of wire, and on the other side the trenches the deep ditch of the Canal du Nord, a most formidable series of defences. They had to break down the wire in front of them by bomb explosions and under heavy machine-gun fire from the trenches and the farther side of the canal bank, where the Germans were concrete blockhouses and strong emplacements.

At first they broke their way through all obstacles in spite of being hung up by wire here and there and the harrassing fire of snipers, and they cleared the trenches of the men who were demoralized by the surprise and suddenness of the attack.

Later some of the Ulstermen came up against a high "spoil" bank or waste heap, sixty feet high from the canal bank, and defended from tunneled dugouts underneath it. About 8:30 in the morning they captured the spoil heap and a crowd of prisoners in the dugouts and then tried to get astride the Cambrai Road and to cross the canal.

A gallant little body of Belfast men, all from shipbuilding works on Queens Island, worked for hours under fire to build a bridge across and repair the destroyed causeway so that the infantry could pass. It was done before dusk, and the Ulstermen seized the way across the Cambrai Road, but could not cross the canal or get forward very far owing to the fierce machine-gun fire that swept down upon them from the east side of the canal, where the enemy was holding Moeuvres and Graincourt.

It was on Wednesday morning that the Inniskillins bombed their way into Moeuvres and fought their way into the centre of the village, where a barricade had been put up against them.

In the afternoon the enemy organized a counterattack from one of the locks on the Canal du Nord, but did not drive back the Ulstermen, and it was not until yesterday morning when the Irishmen were almost exhausted and the ammunition nearly spent after long hours of fighting that the enemy was able to drive a small wedge into the line.

By this time most of Moeuvres was in the Ulstermen's hands, but the enemy was able to get up strong bodies of grenadiers and riflemen, and before darkness came the Ulstermen withdrew to the southern edge of the village.

All this time the West Riding troops had been advancing and fighting steadily up to the Cambrai Road and over a depth of 7,000 yards of ground (a record advance in one day up to Graincourt.

Germans Rushed Up Cripples.

Thursday, Nov. 22.—After the British smash through the Hindenburg lines Tuesday morning and as soon as the German command could get news as to what had happened reinforcements were hurried up by omnibuses from the camps near Cambrai, but the Germans were so hard pressed that they cleared out a camp of cripples and convalescents at Beausevoir and hurled them into the fighting lines.

The men were too ill to fight, and now are too ill to stand. This morning one of them, who lay among the prisoners, was found to be in the last stages of consumption and had to be taken to an isolation hospital.

Among the other troops hurried up to stop the gap was at least one battalion of the First Guards' reserve, sent down from Lens.

There is no doubt that the enemy is now rushing up all available men to make a stand around Cambrai. The troops holding the woods and villages behind the Hindenburg line have fought hard and well, and have tried to beat the British back and hold them off by many counterattacks. They defended themselves stubbornly in Lateau Wood and at a place called Les Rues Vertes in the neighborhood of Masnières.

Marcoing was entered by English troops without great opposition, but there was severe fighting beyond that village and in the Nine Wood on the left, which was attacked at bayonet point and taken after heavy "scrapping," as the British call it, by some infantry which was in action for the first time.

A heavy counterattack developed from northeast of Masnières at about 11 o'clock of the first morning of the battle. The Germany infantry advanced in massed formation, shoulder to shoulder, as in the old days of 1914, and as I saw them at Falfemont Farm on the Somme, and they were mowed down by the British gunfire. An attack of the same kind was attempted after midday from the Marcoing side, but the men dropped into trenches on their way and never came out again.

Another attack, repeated yesterday, was made upon the village of Noyelles after its capture by English battalions, and one post held by the Lancashire Fusileers, changed hands seven times. The village itself changed hands three times, and there was fierce street fighting.

The place had to be gained and regained from house to house and from cellar to cellar, the enemy defending every wall by machine-gun and rifle fire and sniping the British from roofs and trees. The enemy was driven across the canal by the men of the Middlesex regiment and the Royal Fusileers.

There was very lively skirmishing about Crevecourt, and here a little body of Northumberland yeomanry came up against some German guns in action. They were about to charge when they saw that there was a belt of uncut wire between them and the enemy's battery. It was impossible to lead horses against that, so they dismounted, worked around the wire and captured the guns.

It was cavalry also, with the aid of tanks, which captured the village of Cantaing at 6 o'clock last evening with another bag of prisoners, whom I saw marching down the roads today.

Fury Among German Officers.

I wrote yesterday of the German officers who spoke with admiration of the British attack and praised the courage of the men and the strategy which had led to the victory. They are not all like that. Some of the younger officers are filled with fury, and show it by their words and gestures when they see such swarms of their own men marching by under the escort of a few mounted guards, and when they see the British cavalry riding through villages which until two days ago were behind their lines.

The most deeply angered man is a regimental commander who, with two of his battalion commanders, was taken prisoner in his headquarters and led back to one of the prisoners' camps. He looked very haughty and sullen on the road as he marched in his fur-lined overcoat. His language was sultry and loud, and his scowl so ferocious that our Tommies roared with laughter at the sight of him, and enjoyed his rage.

After all, it is an incredible blow to these men behind the Hindenburg line, who believed themselves impregnable and had no warning of their fate.

Civilians with whom I talked told me that the German officers had been much elated lately over the retreat of the Italians, and boasted of marching to Paris in the same way. Their men are not so buoyed up. All they want is to get the war over and done with. After each of their successes, said the Mayor of Masnierès, they show brief enthusiasm, and then relapse into despondency, which is their usual mood. They believed in the Summer that the war would be over by Christmas. "We shall all be home for Christmas," they said, but they cannot give any reason for this faith, and the most intelligent are the most hopeless.

The troops in the Bullecourt sector have taken the "great tunnel" of the Hindenburg line near Queant, and the movement of the British advance extends steadily northward.

There was heavy fighting today around Bourlon Wood, with steady artillery fire from the British guns. The cavalry and tanks and infantry are rounding up more of the enemy in his villages and rearguard posts.

Meanwhile, the enemy is bringing up his guns and new men, but whatever happens now a great blow has been struck, thousands of prisoners have been taken, and the heroic adventure of the tanks has shown that an attack can be made secretly and suddenly, so that strategy comes back to the western front.

BYNG'S GUNS GAVE JOY TO MASNIERES

Civilian Remnant in Little Town Had Been Held by Germans Like Captives.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Thureday, Nov. 22.—In the break made in the Hindenburg line the British infantry, cavalry, and tanks are still active and there was heavy fighting this morning up near Bourlon Wood and the village of Fontaine Wood and the village of Fontaine Notre Dame to the east of it and not much more than two miles away from Cambrai.

This village was entered yesterday afternoon by British troops, who captured a number of prisoners and released over 100 civilians. These people were overjoyed when delivered from the enemy and to show their gratitude they set about making coffee for the officers and the crews of the tanks, surrounding the tanks and showing astonishment at these machines, of which they had heard only fantastic tales from the German soldiers.

This morning when I went up to the front I met the first crowd of liberated people, and felt, as all of us do, the emotion that came in March of this year when, after the German retreat east of Bapaume and Peronne, we met civilians who since the beginning of the war had been in the hands of the enemy and under his rule.

The people I saw today (gathered together in a ruined village, in the heart of all these new scenes of war, with the tide of cavalry streaming up the roads, with tanks crawling on the hillsides and guns firing across the open fields, and new batches of German prisoners tramping down under escort, haggard and dazed by the swift turn of fortune's wheel, which had flung them into British hands when they seemed so safe behind their great lines) were all from Masnières near Marcoing, where 450 of them had awaited the coming of the English in feverish excitement since they heard the approach of the advance guards.

They were pitiful groups of men, women, and children—pitiful because of their helplessness in this corner of war among the guns. Some of the women had babies with them in perambulators and wooden boxes on wheels, into which also they had tucked a few things from their abandoned homes. Some of them were young women neatly dressed but all plastered with mud after the tramp across the battlefields and woefully bedraggled. Some of the little girls had brought their dogs with them, and one child had a bird in a cage.

There were sturdy peasants among them and old folk with wrinkled faces and frightened eyes because of this strange adventure in their old age, and young men of military age who had not been taken away like most of their comrades for forced labor because their work was useful to the enemy in their own district. This was the case of a good looking young barber to whom I talked, who had shaved the German officers and men for three years in Masnières.

These people looked woebegone as they waited in the ruins for the English lorries to take them away to safety, but in their hearts there was great joy, as I found when I talked to them, because they were on the British side of the lines and out of reach of the enemy, whom they hate bitterly because of the discipline put upon them and their servitude, and most of all and all in all because he is the enemy of their country and the destroyer of their land and blood.

They told me that after the coming of the Germans in the early days of the war, when the Uhlans entered Masnières and fought with French and English cavalry at Crevecourt, where our cavalry was again fighting yesterday, they had no liberty and no property. The Germans requisitioned everything. They took their pigs and their poultry and their grain and their wine. If a peasant hid a hen he was heavily fined or put in prison; if he was discovered with a bottle of wine he was fined ten francs or put in prison.

Kept Alive by American Food.

In Masnières there were some fine houses like that of M. Millais, a manufacturer, full of good furniture and pictures. They were all stripped and left bare. The very floors were taken up. In all of the little houses there was search made for any bit of lead piping, for any bit of brass or metal.

The civil population were fed almost entirely by the American Relief Committee, and after the entry of America into the war, by the Spanish-Dutch Committee, which carried on the work. "Without that," they told me, "we should have starved."

The men were all put to work for the enemy in fields or in workshops and the women made to sweep roads, wash the dirty linen of the German soldiers and to clean out the rooms, which were filled and refilled with the vermin of the trenches. The commandants of the village were generally young lieutenants, very supercilious and very strict, but on the other hand not brutal or unjust. They were hard with the French people, as they were hard with their men.

The Mayor of Masnières, with whom I spoke today, said that there was no shadow of doubt that the German people are suffering severe privations from real hunger—so much that the officers often address the men on parade and in their lecture rooms and tell them that the soldiers must stand firm because they are suffering less than the people at home. Other men told me the same thing today.

Among the civilians was a German soldier in a field gray tunic under his civilian clothes, though a Frenchman of Lorraine, like another German soldier with him, who was an Alsatian. According to the story of the Lorrainer, he served in his own province during the greater part of the war and saw the extreme hunger of the people there. When he was sent to the western front he determined to escape, and saw his chance when the British broke the Hindenburg line and advanced upon Masnières. He hid himself among the civilians and disguised himself in civil clothes and stayed in a barn until the British entered the village.

Tanks Made Germans Flee.

The first news that came to these people of the change that was upon them was when they heard the firing of the British guns on Tuesday morning and later the sound of rifle shots and machine gun fire.

The German soldiers, about 340 of them, in Masnières, were thrown into a panic. Many of them lost their heads utterly and ran about like doomed men. But others went down to the bridgehead under orders of their officers and defended the machine-gun emplacements on the canal bank.

The civilians could see English soldiers on the other side of the canal firing with rifles and machine-guns, and then at about 11 o'clock in the morning they saw what seemed to them strange beasts crawling forward to the bridge. They were tanks, and they came forward very steadily, and the leading tank advanced on to the bridge.

As they did so the German soldiers broke and many of them fled, but it was not until five minutes before the English entered the village that the last two German machine-gunners left the bridgehead and retreated. For some time the German riflemen sniped from houses and barns, and some English field guns were still firing into Masnières.

The French civilians were very much frightened, and took refuge in their cellars, but they were buoyed up with a great hope that their liberation was at hand. Then they rushed out to greet their liberators, weeping with joy.

"Three years we lived in a nightmare," said the Mayor of Masnières this morning, "and now we seem to be in a dream too good to be true."

Hid in Own Cellar Three Years.

One man who has now come to the British side of the line is a man of thirty-eight or so, but with the look of one of sixty, and with a strange, waxen color like that of death. He has a strange history. For all these three years and more since the beginning of the war he lived in hiding in the cellar of his own house, where German officers were billeted. He was fed by his wife out of extra rations given to the baby born during the war. The house was searched once a week, according to rule, and both husband and wife would have been punished by death if the man had been discovered, but he was never found. By queer chance, the morning that the English came to Masnières was the day on which the house was to be searched again. The man, who is now free, has wept ever since his liberation from that dark cellar in the town.

FRENCH CHECK AISNE ATTACK.

Another Attempt by Germans on Juvincourt Front Fails.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—Another German attempt to recapture ground taken by the French in their recent attack on the Aisne front was checked by the French fire, the War Office reports.

The statement reads:

Active artillery fighting continues in the sectors of Cerny and Juvincourt. In this region our fire checked an enemy attack against the position on our left, which we captured on Nov. 21.

Our patrols in operations near the Ailette brought back prisoners and inflicted losses on the enemy.

Northwest of Rheims and in the Champagne raids on our small posts were without result.

On the right bank of the Meuse the artillery fighting continued in a spirited manner during the night.

There is nothing to report from the remainder of the front.

The evening communication of the War Office reads:

Both artilleries were active in the region of Juvincourt and in upper Alsace in the sectors of Seppios and Largitzen.

Some attempts against our small posts toward Bemmericourt, to the northwest of Rheims and to the east of Maisons de Champagne, and also at the foot of the Côtes de Meuse, failed.

Two German airplanes were brought down on the 22d inst.

ONE TANK STORMED AND TOOK CANTAING

A Dozen Occupied Marcoing and Completely Organized the Place Against the Foe.

GREAT DEEDS ELSEWHERE

Extensive Use of the Machines Saved Countless Lives and Much Ammunition.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Thursday, Nov. 22, (by The Associated Press.)—The impression that existed in the minds of many soldiers that the tanks were freaks of little value as instruments of war is being wiped out on account of the achievements of the army of these mighty engines which on Tuesday morning broke through the main Hindenburg line and carried the war miles into enemy territory.

The work which the tanks did on that first day and have been doing since is one of the most striking features of the war. It cannot be said they are alone responsible for the victory won by the British, for infantry, artillery, and cavalry all played their part. Nevertheless, the tanks drove the entering wedge without which this triumph probably would have been impossible.

In a few hours they tore to shreds lines of barbed wire, the demolition of which by a concentration of artillery would have required many days. Furthermore, their employment made possible the arrangement of the secret attack, which would have been out of the question had the artillery been brought into play.

The tanks have demonstrated fully their power in saving the lives of men and conserving ammunition. The casualties among the infantry that followed the tanks into action were exceedingly light. The correspondent has heard that two battalions had only one casualty each and that another suffered the loss of but three men. This is almost unprecedented in an attack of such magnitude.

The casualties among the crews of the tanks also were light on the opening day, which is the only one for which reports have been received. It is impossible to state how many tanks were in action, but there were several hundred, and out of all the men who went forward in them it appears that less than twenty were killed and less than one hundred wounded. Many of the casualties were due to the fact that men left the tanks to perform some work in the open, where they came under the fire of snipers.

The performance of the tanks was the more remarkable because there was only a short time to prepare for their use. Some of the tanks were veterans, but many had never been in an engagement before, and the crews lacked actual fighting experience. Moreover, it was necessary to train the infantry to co-operate with them. All this was accomplished in a very few weeks.

In addition, a great amount of work was done to get the tanks into position and bring forward their fuel. Many hundred tons of petrol were brought up secretly and stored pending the attack. It was done so quietly that few soldiers in the territory involved knew what was proceeding.

Tanks have been engaged in bitter fighting since they entered enemy territory. They crushed their way through barbed wire easily, tearing gaps for the infantry, and it was not until they had made a considerable advance that strong resistance was encountered. The stiffest fighting was at Lateau Wood, south of Masnières. There the tanks engaged several German field and heavy guns and won the day against them. One tank deliberately charged a 5.9-inch gun and cleaned out its crew with its machine guns.

Cantaing fell before one tank which never had seen action until that time. It charged into the village, making it untenable by the vigorous action of its guns.

Twelve tanks led the way into Marcoing. Their crews previously had studied maps and taken assigned posts, and the tanks went about the business methodically, each one taking the position designated. These twelve movable forts completely organized the place.

At Ribécourt the tanks arrived just as the Germans were sitting down to breakfast. The crews of the tanks got their morning meal from food prepared for the enemy.

These are not the only places that tanks assisted in taking. They have been swarming over the whole area annexed by the British, and when the full story of their exploits is told it will make remarkable history.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—No statemnet has been made officially or unofficially, concerning the number of machines constituting the "Grand Fleet" of tanks employed in Tuesday's advance, but the number was apparently greater than in any previous action. Casualties were inevitable in an operation of such a scale, but the dispatches agree that they are not large.

One writer says that "a number" were knocked out by direct hits from German big guns. Another says that some were overturned by shellfire and others were bogged. One or two buried their noses in the soft earth or turned over in trying to climb steep banks. One fell into a canal, but it is evident that the great majority plunged ahead unhindered.

HOUSE SPEEDS UP ALLIED TEAM WORK

Continued from Page 1.

care of three horses, washing and currying them and cleaning the stalls.

The other night, at a tea given by Ambassador Page, the Americans were struck by the fact that women like Mrs. Astor and Lady Randolph Churchill walked home in the darkness because they were unable to get taxis and, of course, were not allowed and did not wish to keep private cars.

"We have got to quit using or making pleasure cars," said a member of the mission. "There are a lot of things we are still doing in America that are not permissible if we are to keep step with the Allies in prosecuting the war. Every form of non-war activity should be ruthlessly suppressed; candy and jewelry manufacture, for instance.

"When we talk of more shipbuilding, we meet the cry that we can't get men. They could be gotten if all unnecessary work were stopped and every drop of energy were centralized in the direction of the war. It is absolutely fatuous to think about other things until the war is won.

"Measured by the English and French, Americans are still leading normal and even luxurious lives, still thinking about private success, giving only part of their attention to the war. We have got to put everything into the pot to win, and the sooner we reach the point of full self-abnegation the better for our success and the less we will suffer in giving ourselves and all we have that humanity may be saved, or, from a narrower viewpoint, that America may survive and Americans live, do business and hold property."

The members of the mission leave England with the conviction that the submarine can only be curbed and finally overcome by continuing and intensifying America's effort in that direction. They seem to gauge the Premier's opinion on this subject by his announcement of the proposed tightening of rationing rather than by his House of Commons perorations.

This morning business plans are being arranged, at the Hotel Crillon, where the members are stopping and the sessions of the mission will be held. Colonel House is consulting Ambassador Sharp, who has the arrangements in hand.

House Begins Paris Conferences.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—The American mission, headed by Colonel E. M. House, which arrived here last night, has been welcomed by the French public men and the newspapers as visible evidence of the earnestness of President Wilson and the American people with regard to the war and the urgent need for co-ordination and unity. The feeling among the French Ministers is that American counsel, initiative, and aid are especially needed now by the Allies, when they are more than usually receptive to fresh ideas and impulses.

Colonel House, for himself and in behalf of his associates, said, concerning the purpose of his mission:

"We bring to the French Republic a message of encouragement from the American millions who are mobilizing in factories, farms, and upon military fields.

"There is a grim determination among us to wage war until the world is free from the shadow and spectre of the sword. We had in mind no material gain. What we want is an assurance of permanent peace, and the tramp of our soldiers upon the soil of France will be heard ever increasingly until it is achieved.

"It is here that our brave men are come to mingle our blood with yours. It is here that all come to gather inspiration from your heroic deeds.

"Our President and our country see the issue clearly and France may confidently count on every resource which may be at our command."

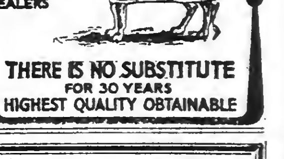
Colonel House spent an hour today with Premier Clemenceau and another hour with General Pershing and General Bliss.

All the members of the mission attended the meeting with the American Ambassador, William G. Sharp, and arranged a program for their work before the Inter-Allied Conference meets next Thursday. Consultations with French officials will be in progress daily until that time, following the same lines as those held with representatives of various departments of the British Government in London.

J. E. Willard, United States Ambassador to Spain, and Brand Whitlock, American Minister to Belgium, also conferred with Colonel House.

President Poincaré will give a luncheon tomorrow in honor of Colonel House and the other members of the mission, Ambassador Sharp and the members of the embassy staff, will attend.

Colonel House brought the busy first day's program to an end with a short conference with Henry Franklin-Bouillon and Henri Bergson, member of the French Cabinet. French and American newspaper men have been invited to meet Colonel House and other members of the mission tomorrow.



ALL DEALERS
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE
FOR 30 YEARS
HIGHEST QUALITY OBTAINABLE

TROTZKY TO ALLIES ON ARMISTICE OFFER

Continued from Page 1.

must be handed over to regimental committees, which will be responsible for their safety. The highest Commander in Chief is obliged to bring this decree directly to the knowledge of the rank and file.

(Signed) LENINE, President;
OVSEYENKO,
ANTONOFF,
KRYLENKO,
People's Commissaries for War.

A decree has been issued providing for the requisitioning from the wealthier classes of warm apparel for the army. Tenants of residences, the rental of which is 2,400 rubles or more yearly, are required to furnish one blanket and one article of clothing in good condition.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 23.—A dispatch to the Frankfurter Zeitung from Vienna says reports received from Tarnopol are to the effect that Russian troops are preparing to evacuate the east Galician towns of Gmaymadoff and Skalat, near the Russian border. The dispatch adds that the advanced positions already have been voluntarily evacuated.

The German newspapers, as a rule, discuss the Bolsheviki peace proposal non-committally. The Berlin Post says that if a tangible movement for an armistice has materialized, the army command will be confronted with the necessity of making the most far-reaching decisions. The Lokal-Anzeiger remarks that if it proves true that the Russian army, in the name of an authorized government, has made an offer, it will be examined seriously by the German authorities, although an armistice could be agreed to only if acceptable as regards the entire military situation.

Satisfaction at the proposal is expressed by the Vossische Zeitung. It says, however, that the Russians must clearly realize that Germany's military position is not such as to compel her to concur in the armistice proposal, the acceptance of which depends entirely on technical conditions.

The Russians' proposal, however, doubtless will receive an examination in a benevolent spirit, it adds.

The Tageblatt says that Germany can merely submit the offer to conscientious and conciliatory examination, in which the entire military situation must be taken into consideration.

NO SEPARATE PEACE, TROTZKY DECLARES

Is Convinced Proletariat of All Belligerent Nations Will Support Bolsheviki Move.

PETROGRAD, Wednesday, Nov. 21.—In connection with the order to General Dukhonin, Commander in Chief of the Russian Army, to open negotiations for an armistice with the enemy commanders, The Associated Press today interviewed Leon Trotzky, the Bolsheviki Foreign Minister. Trotzky emphatically declared that the Workmen's and Soldiers' Government was against a separate peace with Germany. He voiced his conviction that Russia's initiative in offering peace would be supported by the proletariat of all countries, allied or belligerent, which would make impossible a continuation of the war even if the Governments did not accept the offer.

"What are the plans and intentions of your Government?" the correspondent inquired.

"The plans and intentions of the Government are outlined in the program of the Bolsheviki Party, to which the All-Russia Congress of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates intrusted the formation of a workmen's and soldiers' government," the Foreign Minister answered.

"First, there will be the immediate publication of all secret treaties and the abolition of secret diplomacy.

"Second, an offer of an immediate armistice on all fronts for the conclusion of a democratic peace.

"Third, the transfer of all lands to the peasants.

"Fourth, the establishment of State control of industries through the medium of organized workmen and employes and the nationalization of the most important branches of industry.

"Fifth, the delivery of all authority to local Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates.

"Sixth, the convocation of a constituent assembly which will introduce its reforms through the medium of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates and not through the old bureaucracy on an appointed date.

"The offer of an immediate peace already has been made. The decree transferring the land to the peasants has been issued. Power has been assumed by the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates in most of the important places.

"What will the Government do if Russia's allies refuse to enter into negotiations for peace?" the correspondent asked.

"If the allied Governments do not support the policy of a democratic peace," Trotzky replied, "the allied peoples will support us against their Governments. Our international policy is calculated, not for capitalistic diplomacy, but for the support of the working masses."

"Does the Government think a separate peace with Germany is possible in the existing circumstances?"

"We are against a separate peace with Germany—we are for a universal peace with the European nations."

"What will the Government do if Germany refuses to negotiate for peace—will it continue the war?" was the next question.

"We rely on the German Army and the working classes to make a continuation of the war impossible," Trotzky replied. "If, however, our frank and honest offers of peace should meet no response, we would declare a revolutionary war against German imperialism; we would mobilize all our forces, confiscate large food supplies, and prosecute the war as energetically as we did the revolution. But we have every ground to think that our offer of peace will make impossible a continuation of the war on all fronts."

"What is the country's attitude toward the governmental change?"

"All the bourgeoisie is against us. The greater part of the intellectuals is against us or hesitating, awaiting a final outcome. The working class is wholly with us. The army is with us. The peasants, with the exception of exploiters, are with us. The Workmen's and Soldiers' Government is a government of working men, soldiers and peasants against the capitalists and land owners."

"Is it true that the Government will publish the secret treaties?" was the final question.

"Yes," the Foreign Minister answered.

The correspondent was received in a room devoid of all ornament and containing only desks and chairs. Leon Trotzky was cheerful, but preoccupied in demeanor. When leaving the room, the correspondent was escorted to the outer door by a private secretary. An armed guard distrustfully followed the visitor out of the room.

ARMISTICE, SAYS CECIL, WOULD BE DISGRACE

If Ratified by Russian People Would Put Them Outside Civilized Pale.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of Blockade, in his weekly talk today with The Associated Press, spoke of the proclamation issued by Nikolai Lenine and his followers in Russia, urging an immediate armistice, saying:

"If it represents the real opinion of the Russian people, which I do not believe it does, it would be a direct breach of treaty obligations and Russia's alliance. Such an action, if approved and ratified by the Russian nation, would put them virtually outside the pale of civilized Europe.

"But I do not believe for a moment that the Russian people will approve or confirm this action. I do not want to indulge in any personal abuse, but if you will examine the Leninite proclamation carefully you will find it is a direct incitement by men who profess to be the Government to the soldiers to arrest their Generals and open all along the line peace negotiations across the trenches. If the object of the Leninites primarily had been to destroy the Russian army as a fighting force, it is difficult to see what other steps could have been taken by these gentlemen in Petrograd."

Asked whether the Allies were likely to recognize the present Russian Government, Lord Robert said he could not imagine such a step possible.

To the question whether Great Britain had undertaken any embargo on merchandise going to Russia, Lord Robert said he did not know that any formal embargo had been undertaken, but as far as he knew nothing was going to Russia at present.

Regarding the effect of the Russian situation on Rumania, Lord Robert said that a wholesale disorganization on the Russian front was bound to affect Rumania. He added a tribute to the splendid loyalty to the Allied cause which was being shown by the Rumanian Government and people.

ANOTHER BOLSHEVIK UKASE.

Defines Policy Decided on in Regard to Nationalities in Russia.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 23.—The Bolshevik delegation at Tornea announces that the Petrograd Government has issued the following declaration:

"The October revolution of the workers and soldiers was started under the sign of universal freedom. The peasants have been liberated from the power of the landlords, while the right of the landlords to land has been suspended. Soldiers and sailors are liberated from subordination to autocrat Generals because now a General has to be elected. Workers are liberated from capitalistic arbitrariness because workers will control the workshops.

"Under the Czaristic régime the Russian nationalities were stirred up against each other. When after the February revolution the bourgeoisie won power this policy was followed by cowardly suspicion toward the Russian people—a policy of annoyance and provocation. This policy now will be succeeded by an open policy leading to full confidence between the Russian peoples.

"From these points of view the first Congress of Councils of Workers and Soldiers in June proclaimed the right to free self-determination of the Russian peoples. The second Congress of Councils in October confirmed this right yet more definitely. Carrying out the determination of the Congress of the Councils of the peoples the Commissaries [that is, the new Ministry] have decided to lay down the following principles as the foundation of its measures regarding nationalities in Russia:

"1. Freedom and self-determination for the peoples of Russia.

"2. This right of the Russian peoples to their free self-determination to be extended even as far as separation and the forming of independent States.

"3. Suspension of all nationalist and religious privileges and limitations.

"4. Free development to all national minorities and ethnographic groups inhabiting Russian territory.

"Concrete terms are to be drawn up immediately after the forming of a commission for national questions."

The declaration is signed by Josef Jugnas Jvili Slatin, Commissary of National Affairs, and by Lenine, President of the Council of Commissaries.

MARINE MINISTER RESIGNS.

Capt. Ivanoff Appointed as Admiral Verderevski's Successor.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Admiral Verderevski has resigned as Russian Minister of Marine, a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd says. According to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from the Russian capital, Captain Ivanoff, lately commander of the Baltic Cruiser Squadron, has been named as his successor.

Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevik Foreign Minister, says another Reuter dispatch, announces that the Russian secret diplomatic correspondence is in his possession and will be published immediately. It is reported that the Revolutionary Committee at Moscow has seized the branch State Bank there. It is said that 100,000,000 rubles recently was transferred there from Petrograd.

The All-Russian Congress of Peasants' Delegates is transferring its headquarters from Petrograd to Mohilev. The congress is reported to fear Maximalist intervention, and the transfer is for the purpose of enabling the soldiers at the front to participate in its meetings.

Another general strike has been declared in Finland, according to a Reuter dispatch dated at Helsingsfors Wednesday and sent by way of Uleaberg. It is blocking all civil functions, and was called for the object of compelling the substitution of the Diet dissolved in July, which had a Socialist majority, for the existing Diet, where the Socialists are in the minority. Minor fighting is reported in various parts of the country.

GERMANY CONSIDERS JERUSALEM LOST

Newspapers Preparing the Public for News of Holy City's Capture by British.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 23.—The German newspapers are preparing the public for the loss of Jerusalem. The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung says that to cling to places "which would bring us no military advantage would be tantamount to the useless sacrifice of numerous Turkish forces and our own troops, and would likewise involve serious losses."

After discussing the difficulty of reinforcing the defenders it says:

"Anyway, the abandonment of Jerusalem, which is within the bounds of possibility, certainly would be an extremely painful loss, in view of the city's great historical past, but no military change would be caused by such a course."

Lieut. Gen. von Ardenne, in the Tageblatt, attributes the Turkish retreat from Jaffa to the great range of the guns of the British fleet, and adds:

"Jerusalem is not equipped for defense. Therefore, it is not improbable that this advanced position will be abandoned by the Turks."

He insists that this will in nowise alter the military situation.

Turkish Post in Arabia Captured.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The British War Office tonight issued the following statement on military operations in Southern Arabia:

We attacked and captured a Turkish post at Jabir, fifteen miles north of Aden. Losses were inflicted on the enemy and his defenses were destroyed.

Banking Facilities for Americans Serving Abroad

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
16-22 William Street, New York
Branch Office: 475 Fifth Avenue

LONDON
16 Pall Mall East, S. W. 1
26 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2

PARIS
41 Boulevard Haussmann

and

Two Special Agencies in the War Zone
Convenient to the United States Army Camps

This Company offers its services for all banking transactions to American officers and enlisted men serving here or in France.

The Company has been designated as Depositary of Public Moneys both in New York and Paris by the United States Treasury Department.

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ITALIANS THWART ENCIRCLING MOVE

Hold All Positions Against the Austro-German Attacks on Asiago Plateau

UNDER RAIN OF TEAR-SHELLS

Foe Advances Against Monte Meletta, Supported by Intense Artillery Fire.

GRAPPA ASSAULTS CHECKED

Fourth Army Retakes Lost Defenses, Although Berlin Reports Invaders Progressing.

ROME, Nov. 23.—A great encircling attack was attempted yesterday by the Austro-German forces against Monte Meletta, on the Asiago Plateau, but the Italians held all the positions, it was announced today by the War Office.

Throughout yesterday the enemy attacked the Italian positions between the Brenta and Piave Rivers. Several positions were lost more than once, the statement adds, but all were retaken.

Toward evening the last Italian counterattack definitely stopped the Austro-Germans.

The text of the statement follows:

On the Asiago Plateau the enemy, directing his forces from the north on to the Monte Tonderecar - Monte Badenecche front and from the west toward the front of Monte Castelgemberto-Caserta-Meletta d'Avanti, yesterday attempted an encircling movement against the point of vantage, the Meletta.

The action, which was preceded by a heavy bombardment of tear-producing shells, was made with extreme violence by large enemy forces which were continually renowed and were supported by intense artillery fire. Our forces of the First Army, offering the most effective resistance and making continuous counterattacks, succeeded in holding all positions firmly and repulsing the enemy with very severe losses, capturing eight officers and 101 men.

Between the Brenta and the Piave the enemy at dawn renewed his attacks with the most violent artillery fire, followed by an advance of dense waves of infantry. The struggle was most fierce and lasted throughout the day. Several positions were lost more than once and promptly retaken by our troops of the Fourth Army, who distinguished themselves by their aggressive spirit and bravery. Toward evening the last counterattack definitely stopped the enemy, for whom, in this sector also, the day's fighting resulted in heavy losses.

Invaders Gaining, Berlin Says.

BERLIN, Nov. 23, (via London.)—The troops of the Central Allies are making progress in the fighting in the Italian mountains, according to this afternoon's statement from the War Office, which says:

In the mountains between the Brenta and the Piave there has been fighting which is proceeding favorably for us.

On the Lower Piave there is nothing new.

The official announcement issued by the War Office tonight says:

Nothing new is reported from Italy.

Furious Battle Between the Rivers.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 23, (Associated Press.)—The battle between the Piave and Brenta Rivers, in the hills leading to the Venetian plain, is reaching a climax with a fury of action exceeding anything that has thus far taken place on that front. Some positions, alternately won and lost in furious attacks, are again in the hands of the Italians, who made a magnificent charge up the slopes.

Up and down the slopes this fearful carnage is proceeding, and four attacks have been swept back over the Italian lines over heaps of enemy dead. Only at one point has the enemy succeeded in making headway with his overwhelming numbers, and here the Italians have given ground with the final issue still in doubt.

A description of this most decisive engagement has been given the correspondent by an eye-witness just returned from the battlefield. He is hardened to these scenes from recent experiences, but says that the bloodiness of the struggle now going on is beyond all precedent.

Against enemy reserves hurled in mass formation the Italians have interposed such heroic resistance that some regiments are reduced to 300 and 400 men. The position at one point was almost encircled, so that the enemy artillery fire enfiladed the Italian trench lines and batteries. It was this which required a falling back of about 500 yards until the decimated ranks could be reformed for the final charge.

The Basilicata Calabria and Alpine brigades suffered most in this conflict. Three battalions of Alpini were almost wiped out of existence.

But the enemy paid dearly for his first advance, and did not enjoy it long. German and Austrian dead were piled up in heaps. Trenches disappeared in the fury of the artillery action. The Italian lines over great stretches of ground were strewn thick with bodies of Germans and Austrians.

ALL HINGES ON GRAPPA STAND

Italian Defense Gives Allies Time to Bring Up Reinforcements.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Failure of the Austro-German attacking forces to make any real gain of territory during the last four days in the Italian campaign has afforded the British and French Governments time to send forward the guns and ammunition needed by the Italian Army.

The maintenance of the line along the lower Piave is dependent upon the ability of the defending forces to protect the mountain region along the Monte Grappa-Monte Tomba line against the desperate assaults that have been made there during the last four days without further penetration of the German flanking wedge. Should the Austro-German forces succeed in their effort to break through the mountain front it is conceded in Italian circles here that the Piave line will have to be abandoned, together with Venice, in favor of a new line along the Adige.

Semi-official advices reaching Washington today assert that Italy is pleased with the result of the conference just concluded at London between representatives of the British Government and members of the American mission headed by Colonel E. M. House.

"The results of the conference between the British Government officials and the members of the United States mission acting under instruction from President Wilson," said one of these dispatches, "have created a very favorable impression in Italy, since they leave no doubt as to the attitude of the United States with regard to the prosecution of the war in complete unity with all the Allies. Hope is expressed in Italy that the representatives of all the Entente nations will devise an effective system of employing all the resources of the Allies on the entire front stretching from the North Sea to the Adriatic.

"The Cardinal Vicar, who exercises the functions of Bishop of Rome, has appealed to the Catholics in his jurisdiction to work, at whatever sacrifice, for the safety and redemption of the motherland. 'In the danger which is now impending,' the Cardinal said, 'woe unto them who entertain selfish thoughts or are dominated by cowardice! We must open our eyes to the reality of the situation. We must deal with the facts with the most suitable means. We must remove every dissension, in order that Italy may rise from today's trial morally and materially greater and stronger.'

"An Italian officer relates in the Giornale d'Italia that during the enemy advance an enormous motor car bearing the German imperial eagle arrived near Galo, where an Italian automobile with a machine gun was stationed. A voice from the German car ordered the Italians to surrender. The Italians replied with their machine gun, killing the German driver and all the officers, among them a Colonel of the German Staff. Inside the automobile was found a large quantity of precious booty taken from the shops of Udine. Among the articles were three ladies' dresses.

"During the recent operations in Valle di Ledro there was captured, seriously wounded, the Sergeant Major who had captured Cesare Battisti. The prisoner, who had received a special decoration for this deed, is in a critical condition in one of the camp hospitals."

One of the first natives of "Italia Irredenta" to offer his services to the Italian Government at the beginning of the war was Cesare Battisti, who, born in Trent in 1866, was a member of the Austrian Parliament. He is known throughout Italy as the martyr-patriot of unredeemed Italy.

It was his information in regard to the transfer of between 200,000 and 300,000 Austrian troops from the Italian front to Galicia which caused Cadorna and Porro to change the entire strategy of the front between May 5 and 23, 1915—between the diplomatic break and the declaration of war.

Battisti was a great orator, and before starting for the front to take command of a detachment of Alpine scouts he delivered on May 17 an address from the Capitol in Rome. Austria set a price of 20,000 crowns on his head. In the battle of Monte Corno on July 20, 1916, he was badly wounded and made prisoner. Still in bandages and scarcely able to stand, he was brought to Trent, tried in an hour, and hanged in the courtyard of the Castello del Buon Consiglio. His only respite was waiting for the imperial hangman, Lang, to arrive from Vienna.

EXTOLS THE BRAVERY OF ITALIAN CAVALRY

Count of Turin, Their Commander, Recounts Heroic Services in the Retreat.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 22, (Delayed,) (Associated Press.)—The Count of Turin, Commander in Chief of the Italian Cavalry, which has so distinguished itself in the recent operations, was seen at cavalry headquarters today just before starting for the front, and through one of his staff officers The Associated Press correspondent obtained a written recital of the stirring exploits the cavalry performed during the recent eventful days. The document, which was issued by the authority of the Count of Turin, reads like an old-time chronicle of chivalry, yet it is only a plain statement of fact.

The Count is tall and slim and as straight as an arrow. He is alert in movement, as though a bundle of nerves. His sharply cut features are accentuated by a smooth-shaven face that suggests King Alfonso of Spain. Today he wore the uniform of a General of Cavalry, with a crown between the two stars on his sleeve.

The count was with his cavalry division throughout the six days and nights on the retreat westward from the Isonzo front when the third army was protected until it was reformed along the present Piave line, and the recital of events authorized by the Count gives some of the extraordinary experiences of the cavalry.

"The Italian cavalry," says the statement, "proved worthy of the high confidence the country reposed in it. No man hesitated, although in the saddle for long hours under the exhausting rain and exposed to the cold of the nights without shelter. Conscious of its mission as a corps of sacrifice, it pressed through the army moving to the rear and awaited the advance of the enemy masses.

"Two cavalry regiments awaited in the open the approach of the invaders. Both Colonels had their horses killed under them. Then the enemy army attempted an enveloping movement. Against this menace two squadrons of the Montferrato Cavalry were thrown and were steadily pressing the enemy back when an explosion of one of our ammunition dépôts that had been abandoned by us nearly destroyed the squadrons in their entirety. Men, horses, swords, bombs, and grenades flew skyward under the force of the explosion. It was only then that the remnant of this heroic band fell back."

Another cavalry brigade, the statement continues, received orders to hold a village at any cost. The first rush of the enemy was mowed down by machine gun fire, "but their losses were made up by fresh and increasing numbers of troops and an infinite supply of machine guns."

"The air," the statement goes on "resounded as with the sound of kettledrums, while the flying bullets sounded like swarms of hornets. Dismounting from his horse, one of our Generals led a regiment afoot in an assault with the bayonet. For a moment the enemy was turned back, but more enemy masses, thick as ants, returned. Their certainty of their prey made them as insistent as wolves on the prairie against an isolated horse.

"Officers, men, and horses were falling. The ammunition was spent, and no reinforcements were behind. Having held for many hours, this brigade felt its task accomplished, but it would not fall back and leave one man a prisoner. A Major, wounded and therefore not able to be transferred when the order came to abandon the village, shot himself dead before his troops after having saluted them."

A charge by the famous White Lancers, who were trained in the Count of Turin's Cavalry School, and of whom he is a former Colonel, receive special attention in the statement.

"A large patrol of the Novara Lancers," says the statement, "was enveloped and under a crossfire. The White Lancers wheeled and charged in the face of the machine guns. Charge followed charge, until the Colonel and all the commanders but one had fallen and the last horse was down. Thus fell the Lancers, wounded, dead, or inevitably prisoners, but all of them were conscious of having accomplished their entire duty with the proud dignity of true cavaliers."

D'ANNUNZIO TO THE ARMIES.

Poet Summons Them to Resistance at the Piave and a Glorious Advance

Special to The New York Times.

ROME, Nov. 22. (Delayed.)—Gabriele d'Annunzio has delivered a patriotic appeal to the army fighting on the Piave. He praises the troops for the great exploits which they have accomplished in conquering almost inaccessible mountains, mending old Roman roads and dislodging the enemy from the caverns where they were hidden, but exhorts them to forget all this, remembering only their dead who remain on the field and the living who are behind them.

"Have you heard," he says, "that the River Piave is the chief artery of our lives? It is deep in the heart of the country, and if it is cut, that heart will cease to beat. Each drop polluted by the enemy each of us is ready to redeem with the last drop of his blood. The light of a thousand victorious days isn't worth that of a single day of resistance.

"We are sure that suddenly, like budding leaves in Spring, new wings will appear from wounds not yet healed, and that Victory will fly swiftly down to greet our dead, who await her standing. She will lead us further than before, to conquests for future centuries. Long live Italy!"

ITALIANS SWAMPED FOES' BOATS IN PIAVE

Not One of Below's Men, Except Prisoners, Landed at Fener in First Attack.

SECOND EFFORT A SUCCESS

Austro-Germans Forced a Crossing, but Were Driven Back Toward the River.

By PERCEVAL GIBBON.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE ITALIAN ARMY ON THE PIAVE, Nov. 22, (Delayed.)—In that great amphitheatre of hills whence the Piave flows to the plain, there is developing a drama whose issue is the success or failure of the present battle. It is here, where the spurs of Monte Tomba on the east overhang the river that the enemy's effort has concentrated itself upon the clear purpose to cross the Piave between the villages of Fener and Vidor, occupy Monte Tomba and so blast a road to the very heart of the plain of Venice.

It is here, too, that von Below's battering ram of mixed Prussian and Austrian divisions has been put into action. Three of the Prussian divisions have been identified, and he seems also to dispose of a portion of those special troops which broke the Italian line at Caporetto in the early morning of Oct. 24. The Prussians are apparently equal to the best troops which the enemy possesses, and the Italians who have been and still are fighting them bear witness to their extraordinary dash and efficiency. The enemy's artillery consist of large numbers of six-inch guns mounted on motor trucks, with which he has kept up an incessant bombardment ever since they arrived at their positions.

When Quero fell into the hands of the enemy who had descended the river from Feltre, the Italian line rested upon the mountain saddle between the Piave and the Brenta, whose salient heights are those of Tomba Pallone and Grappa, and reached the Piave at the village of Fener, under that spur of Tomba which is called Monte Fenera. An advance directly south would have involved the storming of Tomba frontally, which, supposing it to be possible, would require a long period for organization and preparation.

The speed and momentum of the enemy's advance were one of his strongest assets, and therefore on Saturday last he made his first attempt at crossing the river in this sector. For three days previously the Italians on the west bank at Cornuda, at Vidor Bridge, and along the banks had seen the distant roads on the other side crowded with the enemy—a whole army moving in plain sight against the background of Autumn hills and flowing down to threaten the river.

Such gunfire as only a month ago the Italians could have developed on the Isonzo would have shut the roads in a hundred places, but that is not possible now, and the great machine of death and destruction came down to its place. Ahead of it the big motor guns flung their fire curtain among the villages that so recently were new to war, and at about 8 o'clock in the evening of Saturday, as soon as it was definitely dark, came the first attempt to cross.

Von Below wasted no time in attempts to bridge the river. He had a flotilla of those large, high-nosed boats which are used on the rivers of the plain, and several companies occupying about forty of these craft came suddenly poling and rowing into the glare of the searchlights in an attempt to get across and gain a footing by mere swiftness and suddenness of manoeuvre.

The Piave at Fener has two channels separated by a long island of shingle, and the boats came shooting around the head of this island into a strange blaze of illumination—searchlights converging, rockets ascending and descending in showers of blinding white magnesium flame, and gun flashes flickering afar like wildfire. The Italian machine guns and those deadly Fiat machine pistols, which fire faster than any known weapon, started to life with a single rending roar. The boats, which had been rowed with desperate energy, and were crammed to the gunwales with men, stopped as though they had run aground, flogged to a standstill by the frenzy of fire. Some went drifting downstream, full of dead and dying Germans. Two were overturned, and from yet others there were seen men leaping overboard to take the chance of saving themselves by swimming. Others got back around the nose of the island, and reached the eastern bank again; but, save for the swimmers who surrendered and the wounded who came ashore lower down, not a man of them reached the Italian side.

Second Attempt Successful.

But another attack was already in preparation opposite the village of Fener itself, and already the German guns were shelling the ruins of the little place and the positions around it, and at 1 o'clock Sunday morning a large body of them managed to pass the water in the darkness and to secure a footing on the western bank. Supported by intense shellfire from their guns across the river they pushed on and occupied the village, while the Italians fell back with their machine guns.

The enemy's organization was as good as always. Hardly were his first men in the village when his pontoons were swinging down the river into position, and from above, on Monte Fenera, searchlights showed the methodical bustle of activity as the Germans and Austrians brought their forces forward for the next prompt step in the unending battle.

There was no rest. Before noon on Tuesday the big Prussians were thrusting at the slopes at Monte Fenera, and by night they were aloft on the steep sides of the river. Their fire was truly infernal at this time. They moved behind a walking wall of shells converging from the eastern roads, where their motor guns were massed in huge numbers.

Bayonets Forced the Enemy Back.

Yesterday morning an Italian counterattack was launched. It is the Italian Fourth Army which fights on this sector, and its chosen brigades, such as the Brigata and the Como, are as sound as every they were. They charged with the bayonet again and again, turning the fight into a hand-to-hand struggle at a dozen points. From the very start the enemy began to yield ground, and when night fell he had been thrown back for more than half the distance to the river. He tried more than once to return to the attack, but failed to achieve anything.

His pressure throughout the whole sector never relaxes, and his artillery forces seem to be increasing. Roads far behind the front are kept under a continual searching fire, and the line along the Piave is bombarded day and night. From the plain below one sees the slopes of Monte Fenera spouting with shell explosions, as once one used to see San Gabriele. It is obvious that the Germans attach serious hopes to their offensive upon this point, and a great and crucial battle seems to be growing into shape in the triangle of land inclosed between Cornelia, Tomba, and the river.

The best feature of it is the really wonderful spirit and endurance of the Italians. A sample of them is to be found in that division which includes General Peppino Garibaldi's famous brigade of Alpini and the Reggio Brigade, whose retirement from the positions they had held for nearly two years on Marmolada and in the Val Cordevole is one of the best episodes of the retreat. They brought away the whole of their material except three guns, one of which fell into a crevasse on a glacier, and the other two of which were too heavy to be removed by man power, which was the only means of transport. The rest, together with the engines of cable railroads, rock drills, and searchlights, were all saved, being hauled away by men who harnessed themselves with ropes and made more than twenty-five miles in one day.

One battalion of Alpini and one of the Reggio Brigade formed the rear guard and ambushed the advancing enemy at Tagliata di San Martino, throwing him back and causing him heavy losses. They found the Vidor bridge intact, and blew it up eight hours before a column of Austrians attempted to cross, apparently quite ignorant of the fact that the river was defended at this point. The Alpini let the head of the column come within 100 yards before they turned loose with their machine guns and simply mowed them down.

The Enemy Army Commands.

The enemy army commands are as follows: Field Marshal Conrad von Hoetzendorff commands on the west; next toward the east comes the Austrian General Krobatin; then von Below at the head of the Piave, and next General Borovich, who formerly commanded the army of the Isonzo. Von Below's German divisions are jägers, with an admixture of the Prussian Guard gathered hither from all the various fronts. One of his Austrian divisions consists of a large proportion of Bosnian-Herzegovinians, who have made themselves infamous during the advance by pillaging.

The fighting on the lower Piave has crystallized into a defense on the line of the Sile, with the Venetian lagoon beyond it. It is an extraordinary tract of country between the Piave and the Sile, which actually lies below sea level and is now flooded, the only dry ground being the high backs of the two canalized rivers. Lonely amphibious guns live on rafts among the fringes of the lagoons, some of them great naval cannon whose recoils send the whole huge raft spinning back, while the water foams across its deck.

One of these hit an Austrian bridge at Grisolera with its second shot at 16,000 yards. When the enemy rebuilt the bridge a monitor which had worked its way through the mud banks of the lagoon searched it out with its great 22-inch guns and hit it again.

The Austrians of Borovich's command are now alongside with the lagoon ahead of them. Marines of the Italian Navy hold the canal from Cavazuccherina to the sea and the dry land behind it, and there is a second bridgehead where the Taglio di Sile joins the Sile.

Prisoners taken report that conditions in swamps are most miserable. The enemy was unprepared for the floods, and many of his men have been drowned.

NEW PEACE SLOGAN TO ASSAIL CONGRESS

"People's Council" Getting Ready for Persistent Assault Upon Representatives.

Unless some action is taken to prevent it, Congress, when it meets early in December to face a multitude of war problems, will have to contend with the importunities of pacifists organized under a "Peace by Negotiation—Now!" slogan. The program of the pacifists, which has already started, points to the action of the people of Russia as something to be emulated by the people of America. The purpose of the pacifists to pester Congress was made plain in a statement issued yesterday from the headquarters of the so-called People's Council, 138 West Fifteenth Street.

"'Peace by Negotiation—Now!' is the slogan of a new peace and democracy drive launched by the People's Council of America," the statement said. "By means of letters, communications to its organizations and officers of nearly 200 local councils, the national headquarters force is bending its efforts toward bringing about negotiations. Members of Congress now at home will be the object of concerted propaganda before they return to Washington. It will be pointed out to the Congressmen that the democratic tide is rising in all parts of the world and that the insistence that the war be ended by a 'people's peace' is growing stronger every day."

A statement by Scott Nearing, Chairman of the National Executive Committee of the council, said:

"Grant that the war was begun as a war for democracy. Go further and admit that it was a people's war. What is more obvious than that a war democratically begun should be ended democratically? If this is a war for democracy, it should stop when the people say so. The people of Russia have spoken. The people of France, Italy, England, and Germany are speaking at every opportunity in favor of peace. The American people said what they could on Nov. 6. If the voice of the people is heeded, negotiations will be begun at once. The peace conference will be convened, the world will be war free by Christmas. Wherever they have had a chance to express themselves, the people have spoken against the continuance of the war."

In spite of Mr. Nearing's argument about the war being "democratically begun," he added:

"A few irresponsible rulers, mad with the lust for economic power, have plunged the Western world into a struggle that has crumpled up civilization and brought men jaw to jaw with disease, agony, and death."

"Russia," he continued, "has cast out her political and economic tyrants. The Russian people rule, and Russia has done more than any other nation to repudiate the war and to demand an immediate, permanent, and democratic peace." Mr. Nearing stated that the purpose of his recent trip cross-continent, during which he was arrested at Detroit, was to prepare for a pacifist convention to be held in the near future at Washington.

Louis P. Lochner, Executive Secretary of the organization, in a statement quoted President Wilson's statement to the American Federation of Labor at Buffalo: "A settlement is always hard to avoid when the parties are brought face to face," as an argument for immediate peace negotiations with Germany. He urged "peace by negotiations" as "a substitute for killing." He suggested appointing commissioners for Germany and for the Allies and locking them up in some secluded place until they reached an agreement to settle the war.

HORSEWHIP I. W. W. LEADER.

Two Others Strung Up by Loyalists in Billings, Mont.

BILLINGS, Mont., Nov. 23.—The Secretary of the Finnish I. W. W. Propaganda League at Red Lodge, a coal mining camp southwest of Billings, was horsewhipped last night by a "Liberty Committee" of citizens for alleged offensive anti-war activity, according to information received here today.

It is also reported that two Finnish Industrial Workers were strung up by the neck until they lost consciousness.

O'LEARY INDICTED ON SEDITION CHARGE

Accused of Conspiring to Cause Insubordination in Army and Navy.

STILL PROTESTS LOYALTY

Adolf Stern and L. S. Bedford Colleagues on "Bull" Also Face Imprisonment and Heavy Fines.

Jeremiah A. O'Leary, President of the so-called American Truth Society, which before this country entered the war on the side of the Allies, was one of the most ardent pro-German organizations in the United States and who was also the editor of the pro-German and anti-British publication called "Bull," which was recently barred from the mails by Postmaster General Burleson, was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury yesterday for having entered into a conspiracy with Adolf Stern and Luther S. Bedford, who were also indicted, to bring about "insubordination, disloyalty, mutiny, and refusal of duty" in the military and naval forces of the United States. In the event of conviction O'Leary and his co-defendants may be sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment, in addition to fines of $10,000 each.

It had been rumored for more than a week that the activities of O'Leary, since the United States declared war on Germany, were the subject of the investigation by the Grand Jury, and for this reason there was little surprise when the indictment was handed down yesterday charging an offense punishable under the provisions of the recently enacted Espionage act. After his indictment O'Leary issued a statement, in which he protested his loyalty to the United States and asserted that the Government had acted because of his "public utterances on questions of public policy" etc.

That part of the indictment which concerns O'Leary is based on various articles which appeared in issues of Bull following the entrance of the United States into the world war. These articles were all signed, and in none of them did O'Leary give evidence of any enthusiasm for the cause of his country. The letter which Mr. O'Leary wrote in August last to Bernard H. Ridder, publisher of the New Yorker Staats-Zeitung, in which he urged Mr. Ridder to take "heart" and "fight" for what he (O'Leary) said he knew to be Mr. Ridder's real views regarding the present war, also forms part of the Government's case against the former editor of "Bull." In that letter O'Leary urged Ridder to follow the example of the New Yorker German Herold, which he said was "fighting cleverly." He also had a laudatory word to say for The Masses, the editors and staff of which are also under indictment, and urged a campaign to keep German in the curriculum of the public schools. He wrote that Mr. Ridder "certainly cannot approve of sending men of German blood to finish the work," his reference being to the winning of the war.

Details of the Indictment.

The indictment returned yesterday charges that O'Leary, Bedford, and Stern, and others whose names are unknown to the Grand Jury, conspired together to bring about disloyalty, &c., in the army and navy "by means of the publication in New York City of a certain magazine called Bull and the circulation of the publication in the city, State, and nation among persons who may be, and are, described by the Grand Jurors as persons, in part, belonging to the military and naval forces of the United States, and in other part liable to service therein."

The magazine Bull is described in the indictment as a magazine "containing articles, poems, cartoons, and pictures calculated and intended to create and promote insurbordination, disloyalty, mutiny, and refusal of duty among the persons belonging to military and naval forces of the United States," after which are cited certain signed articles written by O'Leary, which appeared in the June, July, and August issues of this year, and the letter already referred to, written on Aug. 9 to Bernard H. Ridder.

Further it is charged that O'Leary, Bedford, and Stern conspired through the publication of articles, cartoons, &c., in Bull to obstruct recruiting and enlistment in the armed forces of the United States, and "to induce persons available and eligible for enlistment to fail and to refuse to enlist."

The indictment refers to Bedford, who is a more or less well-known "soapbox" agitator, as the managing editor, and Stern as the business manager of the pro-German monthly the publication of which ceased with this month's issue.

A second indictment which charges violation of the postal laws by the publishers and editors of Bull, the charge being based on the circulation of the publication through the mails, was also handed down against Stern and The Bull Publishing Company. This indictment does not name O'Leary or Bedford.

Enter Pleas of Not Guilty.

Immediately after the indictment was handed down, O'Leary and Stern appeared before Judge Martin T. Manton in the Federal District Court. Both entered pleas of not guilty, and Judge Manton held O'Leary in $2,500 and Stern in $5,000 bail for trial. A bench warrant was issued for the arrest of Bedford, who had not been found up to the time court adjourned yesterday afternoon. Ex-United States District Attorney Henry A. Wise was present as counsel for the accused men. Bail was promptly furnished, Mrs. O'Leary providing the security for her husband. She told the Federal officials that she owned property worth $50,000.

When he faced Judge Manton, O'Leary was not the fiery agitator of other days. He appeared to realize the seriousness of his position. It is reported that he has known for some days that his activities were the subject of Federal investigation, and that while he hoped that an indictment would not be returned, was not surprised when it was handed down.

"I am now and have been at all times a loyal and patriotic citizen of the United States," O'Leary said while his bail was being arranged.

Subsequently he issued a more complete statement in which he said:

This accusation comes as a great shock to me, and, while I deeply regret that it has been made, I welcome the opportunity to prove to my fellow citizens that I am and at all times have been a loyal and patriotic citizen of the United States. I have been indicted because of my public utterances on questions of public policy, as to which I believed and now believe I was and am free to express myself, whether my country is at peace or at war. If on matters of public policy there exists a difference of opinion between citizens and those temporarily charged with the administration of the affairs of our Government, and the citizens entertaining such opinions may be indicted and prosecuted for exercising the inalienable right of free speech, then, indeed, have we returned to the tyranny that prevailed under the infamous alien and sedition laws of John Adams's Administration, and while we profess to be fighting for democracy abroad we are destroying democracy at home.

I am a native-born citizen of the United States, as were my parents. Men of my family served in the Continental Army in the Revolutionary War. Men of my family died for the Union in the civil war. My wife's brother gave his life for this country on the Mexican border last year. I am ready to give my life for my country in the struggle in which we are now engaged. I am proud of my Americanism, and because of my country and its ideals I shall continue to fight for the liberty of its citizens and for those ideals and principles of liberty for which Washington and Jefferson stood.

Believing, as I do, that in what I have said—for which I have been indicted—I was exercising the right of free speech, and knowing, as I do, that in what I said I was actuated by but one motive, and that pure patriotism, I shall defend myself against this charge now made against me, and expect vindication at the hands of my fellow-citizens.

May Ask for Early Trial.

Assistant United States District Attorney Earl B. Barnes, who is directing the Grand Jury investigation of the editors and publishers of various pro-German and anti-American publications in this city, appeared for the Government at the arraignment of O'Leary and Stern. It is understood that Mr. Barnes will ask for an early trial of the case, which may or may not precede the trial of Max Eastman and the other persons indicted a few days ago in The Masses case. The charge is the same in both cases.

Jeremiah A. O'Leary, who now faces a trial which may mean years of incarceration, has been, with John Devoy, Supreme Court Justice Cohalan, and other American citizens of Irish birth or descent, among the most pronounced and vigorous partisans of the Sinn Fein cause in this country. No Irishman in the country has been admittedly so pro-German in his views and utterances as has O'Leary. During the Presidential campaign of 1916 O'Leary received what was perhaps the most stinging rebuke ever given to an American citizen by a President of the United States.

On Sept. 29 of that year, as President of the American Truth Society, he sent a telegram to President Wilson which began: "Again we greet you with a popular disapproval of your pro-British policies," and then referred to what in O'Leary's opinion was the President's leniency with Great Britain, his refusal to stop the shipment of munitions to the Allies, and other acts which did not meet the approval of the Germans. In reply to that message the President sent the now famous telegram which read:

"I would feel deeply mortified to have you, or anybody like you vote for me. Since you have access to many disloyal Americans and I have not, I will ask you to convey this message to them."

O'Leary was also mentioned by Secretary Lansing in the recent exposure of the activities of Count von Bernstorff, the dismissed German Ambassador.

Bedford, one of O'Leary's fellow-defendants, was prominent in the recent "soap-box" campaign. Very little is known of Stern, the other defendant in the case.

FIGHTS SENTENCE OF A WAR COURT

Civilian Transport Officer Refused to Obey Orders to Watch for U-boats.

The granting of a writ of habeas corpus by Judge Augustus N. Hand, in the United States District Court yesterday, disclosed for the first time the facts in an important court-martial which was recently concluded on Governors Island. The writ was sought on behalf of Charles E. Gerlach, a resident of Brooklyn, who, while en route to the United States on board an American military transport, refused to serve on "lookout" duty while the transport was passing through the submarine zone. The court-martial, the President of which was Colonel William S. Patten, U. S. A., found Gerlach guilty and sentenced him to a term of five years in Castle Williams, the military prison of the Eastern Department of the army.

Gerlach, who was a civilian officer in the transport service, asserts that he was returning to the United States merely as a passenger. The Government, on the other hand, holds that he was still amenable to orders, although he was not on the ship to which he was regularly detailed.

In seeking the writ Gerlach made the claim that the Governors Island court acted without its jurisdiction in bringing him, a civilian, to trial; that the sentence of the court not only was void but also was excessive, and that his imprisonment on Governors Island was in violation of the Constitution of the United States.

The papers in the case show that Gerlach was arraigned before the Governors Island court-martial on Oct. 11 last charged with violating the Ninety-sixth Article of War, the specification under this article being that he, while "accompanying the army of the United States in the field, and being in the employ of the United States Government in a time of war," was ordered by the commanding officer of the Transport —— "to take a lookout station, to assist in safeguarding the ship while passing through the danger zone."

The specifications continuing assert that Gerlach, "in the presence of the master of the ship, the chief engineer, and the chief naval officer, refused to obey such order, and did persist in his refusal to the detriment of the welfare and safety of the ship and all persons on board."

On the arrival of the transport at New York Gerlach was transferred to the custody of the army on Governors Island and within less than a week was placed on trial. Twenty-three days after his refusal to do duty in the submarine zone he commenced to serve his sentence in Castle Williams.

The papers submitted to Judge Hand allege on behalf of Gerlach that he was illegally on board the transport at the time he refused to serve as a lookout and that he was not subject to the orders of any officers on board the transport. He also denies the charge that he was accompanying an "army in the field"; asserts that he was not in the service of the army, and that "the manner, time, and circumstances" of his being on board the transport were not his own choosing.

The members of the court-martial before which Gerlach was tried and convicted were, in addition to Colonel Patten, Colonels George H. G. Gale, Edwin P. Brewer, Treadwell W. Moore, Edward E. Hardin, Edward R. Morris, and James A. Goodwin, Major Charles G. Dwyer, and Captains William H. Wheeler and O. A. Nesmith. Major H. W. Ogden and Lieutenant John G. Livingston were the Judge Advocates who prosecuted the case.

The writ on which Gerlach will be brought before Judge Hand is directed to Major Henry Stahl, in charge of the Atlantic Branch of the Disciplinary Branch on Governors Island. It was said yesterday that Gerlach probably would be brought before the Federal Court on Monday. The Government will ask that the writ be vacated.

USE BOGUS LETTERS TO CAUSE ALARM HERE

German Agents Drop Them in Public Resorts to Worry Relatives of Soldiers.

The German rumor-mongers have started a campaign the purpose of which is to frighten the near relatives of the soldiers of General Pershing's army and also to stir up feeling against the British. The latest scheme, which was brought to the attention of the Federal authorities yesterday, is for German agents to go into hotels, theatres, restaurants, saloons, and other public places and carelessly drop on the floor what appear to be genuine letters from American soldiers in France. Every letter paints conditions on the west front in black colors, and each is to the effect that the Government in Washington is withholding news of severe losses among Pershing's men.

Here is a copy of a letter which was picked up in a Broadway café on Thursday night and turned over yesterday to the Federal authorities:

Soissons, France, Oct. 22, 1917.

Dear Sister Lillie: I hardly know if this will ever reach you, but as Joe B——'s ship will leave soon for U. S. A. he promised to sneak a few lines to you. I am allright Sis and tell Mother too, but this War is H—— and we had one tough battle last Friday, about 183 soldiers U. S. Killed and nearly five hundred in hospital and don't doubt if a hundred aint killed every day, we put up a game fight, but those English chaps are d—— old cowards, the French are dandy fellows so kind too. Must not get caught writing this so don't expect a long letter.

Hope you and dear Mother are both well and pray for me night that I may soon return to you again, I close with kisses.

Your brother Jim.

Am in Chemin des Dames hospital left arm shot off to shoulder don't tell mother tare off this part.

Another persistent report, which is the work of the German rumor-mongers, is to the effect that one of the American military transports has been blown up at sea and all on board lost. From all parts of the city news that such a report is in circulation has reached the authorities. It can be officially stated that the report is false and agents of the Secret Service are now at work trying to find those who are responsible for the circulation of the story.

The Federal authorities announce that any person who can give information that will lead to the detection of these rumor-mongers should communicate with the United States Marshal in the Federal Building, the Department of Justice in the Park Row Building, or the United States Secret Service, at the Custom House.

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IN The World.

SUNDAY NOVEMBER 25TH

GERMANS LEAVING BARRED WAR ZONES

Government Notifies Employers That No Exceptions Will Be Allowed.

The rules and regulations which will govern the enforcement in New York city of the enemy alien regulations, promulgated last Monday by President Wilson, will probably be made public on Monday, and will immediately become effective. The police continued yesterday the work of notifying Germans resident or doing business in water front and other barred zones to immediately make preparations to move. The Germans, many of whom protested against the stringency of the new regulations, were told that no exceptions would be made, and that all would have to move or be interned for the period of the war. Many enemy aliens who have apartments on Riverside Drive called on Marshal McCarthy yesterday to find out if they would be required to move to other parts of the city.

Several women were among the Marshal's callers. In nearly every instance they were the employers of German servants, and wanted to know if they could retain them. They were informed they could, provided their homes were not within the area of one of the prohibited zones. If they are in such zones they will either have to discharge the servants or else move to some unrestricted section.

About twenty Germans, all in the employ of a single concern, called to find out what they would have to do. The offices in which they work is in a barred zone, and they were told that they would have to move. A prominent man who has a German engineer in his employ wrote to the Marshal that the engineer was essential to the continuance of his business and that if the German moved the business would have to move too. It was officially stated that the business would have to be carried on in some other part of the city if the services of the engineer were continued.

The roundup of enemy aliens along the waterfront, both on the New York and New Jersey sides, is continuing, but details as to the number of men arrested yesterday, or as to their identity, were not made public by the Federal authorities.

A man who gave his name as C. Mundin of Newburg was arrested at Broadway and Forty-second Street last night on the charge of fraudulently wearing the uniform of an officer of the army. The arrest was made by agents of the Department of Justice.

CHARGES THE VATICAN WITH AIDING AUSTRIA

London Morning Post Demands That Government Take Note of Alleged Intrigues.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The Morning Post in an editorial says:

"The time has come when it is necessary that the Allies should consider with some care what is their position in relation to the Vatican. That the recent Italian reverse has been largely due to the influences of treacherous representations disseminated among the Italian armies is known; that the Vatican was implicated in that propaganda is also known, and the result was a disaster so grave that its effects cannot yet be measured. * * *

"If we are to come to the plain truth, the Vatican has leaned from the beginning to the side of Austria, in which country, out of all Europe, the Holy See retains its strongest remnant of political subservience, and late events have shown that the Vatican has gone further and has furtively, but actively, espoused the Austrian cause.

"We cannot afford at this point of the war to preserve the attitude of profound innocence of foreign affairs which is the foible of the British Foreign Office. * * * The British public, the French public and the Italian public are under no illusions on the subject of the Vatican. Either these political intrigues and machinations are a danger to the cause of the Allies or they are not; and if the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs assures us that there is no reason for misgiving we regret to say that misgiving will not thereby be removed.

"The country is entitled to demand of the Government what in their view is the attitude of the Vatican, and if any protest has been addressed by them to the Holy See. As the matter stands, we cannot but conclude that there is in Italy a centre of disaffection in secret league with Italy's mortal enemy."

150 Pro-Germans Arrested in Greece

ATHENS, Tuesday, Nov. 20, (Delayed.)—About 150 pro-German Greeks have been arrested charged with espionage, propaganda, and diffusion of false news. They will be expelled.

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HOLDS DE SAULLES DROVE WIFE MAD

Defense Says Repeated Cruelties Made Her Mind a Blank on Day of Murder.

NO "UNWRITTEN LAW" PLEA

Mrs. De Saulles Convinced Her Son Was to be Taken Away from Her.

SHE WILL TAKE THE STAND

Father and Sister of Slain Man Tell of the Tragedy—Prosecution Rests.

Henry A. Uterhart, chief counsel for Mrs. Blanca De Saulles, on trial for the murder of her husband, in his opening statement at Mineola yesterday, after the prosecution had rested, reviewed the life of Mrs. De Saulles since she, at the age of 16 years, married John Longer De Saulles, the Yale athlete, in Paris in 1911.

While Mr. Uterhart's narrative occasionally caused a juror to wipe his eyes and many of the women in the courtroom to use their handkerchiefs, he insisted vigorously that he was not appealing in the slightest degree to the unwritten law. In conclusion, he laid before the jury an elaborate series of allegations as to the defendant's medical history to prove that, at the time of the shooting, she was suffering from a defect of reason caused by illness and physical injuries.

The cause of her temporary loss of reason, in addition to the chronicle of affronts and wrongs endured from her husband, were, as outlined by Mr. Uterhart, two sunstrokes, a disease of the thyroid glands affecting the brain and nerve centres, and a double fracture of the skull, never completely closed, which would be proved by X-ray photographs and medical testimony, the lawyer said, to have caused a piece of the bone of the skull to press against her brain.

Tells of Alleged Humiliation.

The lawyer's story was filled with incidents illustrating the humiliations which the young woman was alleged to have suffered. A typical one occurred, the lawyer said, on Easter Day in 1916, a short time after Mrs. De Saulles had returned from Chile and become reconciled to her husband after a separation caused, it was alleged, by De Saulles's "addiction to all-night cabarets, to stage beauties, and to drinking bouts with boon companions." Mr. Uterhart said:

"On Easter morning De Saulles came over to the apartment occupied by Mrs. De Saulles, at 10 East Sixtieth Street, and said he would like to take little Jack for a walk. Mrs. De Saulles readily allowed the boy to go. A few minutes later she received a beautiful bouquet of flowers, with a note attached, saying: 'To our one and only sweetheart, from Big and Little Jack.'

"This was very pleasing to Mrs. De Saulles, and she was more than happy when De Saulles and the little boy returned. He told what great fun they had had. He said that he stirred up the lions with his cane and made them roar, sometimes frightening the little boy and sometimes sending him into peals of laughter.

"After De Saulles had gone, the boy told more about it. He said: 'Oh, how daddy and Miss Jo did laugh at the lions.'

"'Who is Miss Jo?' the mother asked.

"The boy replied: 'Oh, Miss Jo is a lady who was with us. Daddy called her Jo and told me to call her Miss Jo and not to tell you anything about her.'"

This was Joan Sawyer, the co-respondent in the divorce suit which Mrs. De Saulles later won against her husband. Other stage favorites and many characters, some notorious and some of considerable social standing, figured in Mr. Uterhart's unsparing arraignment of the late John L. De Saulles. One of these was the Duke of Manchester incident. It was told as follows:

"This was in 1914, the Summer when the Duke of Manchester was furnishing sensation after sensation. He and De Saulles became inseparable companions—so much so that De Saulles's mother wrote to Blanca and asked if she could not do something to end their companionship. She wrote that Town Topics had had a very scandalous article regarding Jack, and that something had to be done.

"Blanca got Town Topics and read it, and you will hear the article read, gentlemen, and I think you will agree with me that it was not pleasant reading for any wife, let alone a girl only 20 years old, who had given up everything she had in the world to follow her husband to a strange country.

"Shortly after she had read this article, Jack was on one of his infrequent visits to their home on Long Island. While he was there on this short trip he received a message from the Duke of Manchester, who said that he wanted to see him at once. He promptly left her on receiving this message.

"The next time Mrs. De Saulles saw her husband was some time later, when she was on a trip on the yacht of her husband's relatives, the Heckschers, in the Sound they passed the yacht which the Duke had hired. There standing on the quarterdeck were the noble Lord and John De Saulles, surrounded by a bevy of Broadway's choicest beauties. This was not a very pleasant spectacle for a young wife. De Saulles went away after that and she saw nothing more of him that Summer."

After telling of the various alleged adventures of De Saulles, which had led to the divorce, Mr. Uterhart said that the young woman had been led to consent to give her husband partial custody of the child, though he was convicted of infidelity, because her lawyers, Prince & Nathan of 19 Cedar Street, had advised her that the husband had many rights which the courts would consider; that being Chilean born made it unlikely that the courts would give her sole custody, and urged her to make the stipulation which gave De Saulles control of the boy for five months of the year and complete control of his education.

Defense on the Written Law.

Mr. Uterhart's address began when the State, after putting the father and sister of De Saulles, Marshall E. Ward, and others on the stand to tell of the manner of the killing, had rested its case. After beginning by asserting that his defense would be founded wholly on the written law and sketching the legal basis for it, he began his narrative with the life history of his client. He said:

"She was born twenty-three years and seven months ago at Santiago, Chile—on April 9, 1894. She is descended from one of the most respectable and honorable houses in Chile, from a family which had given no less than two Presidents to the Republic. Her father died when she was two years old, and she was brought up at a small town known as Vinar del Mar until the age of eleven years. Then she was sent to a Sacred Heart Convent in England for three years, and at fourteen years of age returned to Chile. At sixteen years—two years later—she met John Longer De Saulles—I think it was at the races at Vinar del Mar. I do not know what business had brought De Saulles to Chile at this time, but I think he was introduced to this young woman by some of the members of her family.

"There is no doubt that he was a man with a superficially attractive manner. He told her what he first met her that he had heard that she thought of taking a trip to the United States and that he might be of some service to her.

"He was brought to her house by friends or relatives, and for a time saw her frequently. In the Summer—that is, in the Summer here; February is the Summer at that end of the world—he told her mother, Mme. Errazuriz, that Blanca was a trump; that he wanted to marry her; that he intended to make his future home in Chile, and that he would never leave there, and that understanding Mrs. Errazuris accepted him. It was arranged that they should have one of the houses owned by Mrs. Errazuris, a house very near that in which the mother herself lived."

Mme. Errazuris planned to make a trip to the United States and to make a stay in New York City, according to Mr. Uterhart, before going to Paris, where the marriage was to take place, but De Saulles dissuaded her. He told her, Mr. Uterhart said, that the United States was a rough and uncouth place; that a woman traveling alone was in great danger of insult, and that she had better go straight to Paris.

Married in Paris.

The mother did go straight to Paris. On Dec. 13 the civil marriage took place before the Maire and the following day a religious ceremony was performed at an English Catholic chapel in Paris. After that the couple went to New York, visiting relatives of De Saulles, and then to Chile.

"Immediately after their arrival at Santiago," said the lawyer, "De Saulles applied to the administrator of the estate of his wife's father for all securities and title deeds belonging to Mrs. De Saulles. After he had looked them over he said to his wife:

"'Why, that's hardly anything at all. It is practically nothing. It is absurd to call you an heiress.'

"He then got Blanca, a girl of sixteen, to write to her mother in Paris, begging her to send a large sum of money to them, because Jack wanted to buy an estate in Chile. She said that her husband had threatened that, if he did not get the money, he would return to the United States to live.

"She cabled back that she did not have money enough to do this, but that she would give them one of her properties. This did not satisfy Jack, and he dragged this poor little girl to Paris, where he confronted the mother and insisted that she should give him the money that he wanted. She said that she did not have it, and he told her in words, or in substance, that she was a liar.

"He was so disappointed and angry over this that he left his wife; quit her and went to London. He remained there a week, and then came back and rejoined her. He took her back to America with him, but he never saw the mother again.

"I had forgot to say that, in spite of his disappointment over the smallness of the fortune Blanca brought to him, De Saulles had sold $6,000 worth of her stock in Santiago and provided himself with funds for his trip to Paris. On his return to this country they took a place in Larchmont.

"During the campaign of 1912," the lawyer continued, "Mr. De Saulles took an active part, and left his wife alone a great deal of the time. She was rather proud of his work in the campaign, however, and did not at this time feel neglected. In November of 1912 he took her to the home of his father, Major Arthur De Saulles, at South Bethlehem, Penn. There, on Christmas Day, little Jack, De Saulles was born."

From that time forth, the lawyer said, the treatment she received from De Saulles was complete indifference. He simply put her aside and paid no attention to her, the lawyer said. He continued:

"The old people did not want her there and they did not hesitate to say so. Old Mrs. De Saulles would ask her why she did not go and when she would go, and that it was a 'shame for Longer (pronounced Longe, the name applied to De Saulles by his family) to burden them with the care of the infant.

"De Saulles was never there except on Sunday afternoons for a few hours. He would often call up on the telephone and say that he could not come, and he would often telephone that he was coming and then fail to appear. We will show that this little girl frequently waited for him at the railroad station and was disappointed after his promises to come.

"We will show you by a nurse, Mrs. O'Neill, who was with them at the time, that this little child of seventeen years, alone in a strange country, in unhappy surroundings in a smoky little factory town, had on one occasion, when she had suffered such a disappointment, crept back to her house and upstairs to her rooms. There Mrs. O'Neill saw her put her arms about her infant and say to it: 'O Toodles, daddy doesn't love us any more.'

"I will show, beyond peradventure, the condition of her mind at this time. Through a freak of fortune a few letters which she wrote at this time to Mrs. O'Neill have been preserved. Practically every letter she wrote to her husband was destroyed at the time of the divorce, and her letters to her nurse and confidante are the only instances we have been able to find where she expressed a single complaint to any one. If you ever heard letters that poured from a breaking heart, you will hear them when you hear these."

Later on De Saulles took a cottage for his wife at Deal Beach, N. J., the lawyer said. Though this was within commuting distance of New York, he was never there, the lawyer said, except when he came from Friday to Sunday in company with Marshall Ward, and they spent practically all their time there "sleeping and resting up." At this time the young woman got $25,000 from the sale of properties in Chile. De Saulles got $15,000 of it from her in one check and $5,000 in another, he said.

Turned Down Uruguay Post.

"In the Spring of 1914 she took a trip to Uruguay with a friend, Miss Munos, a Chilean. Her husband had said that he was going to receive the post of Minister to Uruguay from President Wilson. Before she went, however, De Saulles carefully and thoughtfully had her sign two blank checks. She had hardly arrived at Uruguay when she got a cable to come back, that he had resigned his appointment."

She came back, when she had found that he had taken a house at Huntingdon, L. I., expecting that at last they might live together happily. It was at this time that the Duke of Manchester incident occurred. This house in Huntington, Uterhart said, De Saulles purchased with money raised by filling in blank checks his wife had left with him. He got $12,000 from the checks, and told his wife that he had spent that much for the house. Uterhart said, but in reality he had paid only $7,500 for it.

"He pocketed the difference," the lawyer said. "That is, whether he pocketed it, or whether it went into some one else's pocket, I cannot say. But I mention it here because it has an important bearing on the stipulations as to the custody of the child, which the District Attorney has read with so much gusto."

"No," said District Attorney Weeks; "not with gusto."

"With whatever you did read it with, then," continued Uterhart.

"Immediately after this De Saulles went to Europe, telling his wife that he was going to be gone for two weeks, and going there on her money.

"Now, I am going to tell you something frightfully sordid, but it was only one of the sordid things that this young woman had to face continually during her life with this man. Before he left he told his wife that he was going to furnish their house with furniture that he had got from George Young; that George Young owed him a lot of money, and that he was taking the furniture in payment. A little after he had gone George Young came for the money. He said he knew nothing about the debt. He showed a cablegram from De Saulles telling him to collect the money from his wife. She paid it without a word.

"He stayed in Europe much longer than two weeks and finally cabled her to join him in London. Her money was by this time running low, but she went across the ocean to him, nevertheless. When he met her in London she told him that all the rooms at the Hotel Berkeley where he was stopping were taken and that she would have to stay elsewhere. She said that she would stay with him, and then suggested that they should go to another hotel, but he said that the hotel was his business headquarters and that he could not leave it. He asked her to stay with her friend Miss Munos, and she did.

"This caused a great scandal among her Chilean friends in London, who looked upon it as quite unusual. She saw little of De Saulles. One time when she went to speak to him she went to the Berkeley and asked for him.

"'Who are you?' said the clerk.

"'I am his wife,' she replied.

"'Which one?' said the clerk."

There was a slight ripple among the spectators at this. Uterhart turned toward them and said:

"That may sound funny to some people, but it wasn't funny for a little girl only 19 years old."

He went to Paris shortly after that and would not take her, saying that Paris was no place for her, according to Uterhart. She then returned to the United States. She had only been in New York a short time when she got a cable to come to Paris at once, he said. She was packing up, when she got another cable not to come.

"She hired new servants and started to keep house again," said Mr. Uterhart, when another cable came saying:

"'Have taken apartments at Paris. Come at once.'

"She had hardly got ready again when she got another cablegram to stay at home. A little later she got a third summons to Paris. This time she had her trunks on board the steamer and a taxicab outside, when she got a telegram saying that he was returning to America without delay.

"It was not until May 16, however, that he did arrive home. When he got back he was drinking very heavily. If he was home to dinner, he would fall asleep after it, if he did not go out with friends of his own type to all-night cabarets."

Finally his escapades became so notorious and intolerable, the lawyer said, that Mrs. De Saulles made up her mind to give him up. One night she had a heart-to-heart talk with him and told her state of mind. His reply, according to the lawyer, was:

"'I guess you are right. I could never live a married life and settle down. You get a divorce and take the boy.'

"But this was not so easy," Uterhart said, "for this young woman, who came from a country and a religion where marriage is regarded as a sacrament which is indissoluble by any human agency. Instead of getting a divorce she separated from her husband and went to live in Chile.

"She was there from late in 1915 to February, 1916, and was planning to take a trip to China when she got a letter from De Saulles, asking her to come back to him for the sake of the boy. This was an appeal that she could not resist. She returned, and arrived shortly before Easter. When her steamer came in and she saw De Saulles at the pier her heart sank, because he looked so dissipated."

Uterhart then told of the episode of "Jo" and the lions. He went on to say that De Saulles was then living with his brother, Charles A. H. De Saulles, in bachelor quarters at 4 West Fifty-seventh Street. She found that De Saulles had provided that she should live at 10 East Sixtieth Street, while he and his brother remained together. She suggested that, his brother Charles being away, she should live with him, but De Saulles, according to the lawyer, objected. Some time later, after a party which De Saulles had given in his bachelor quarters to the Hecksehers and other friends, he urged his wife to stay with him, Uterhart said. He continued:

"Mrs. De Saulles asked him if he would swear on his honor that no other woman had been there with him. He swore on his honor, and by all that he held sacred that no other woman had been there. And it was in this very apartment, as it was later proved in the divorce trial, that he had been entertaining Miss Jo all Winter."

During the divorce proceedings Mrs. De Saulles remembered, the lawyer said, that the house where they had lived in East Seventy-eighth Street had been bought with her money and thought that she ought to have the money.

"But her lawyers advised her not to press the claim," said Mr. Uterhart. "They said that they were in the midst of delicate negotiations with De Saulles, and that this claim, if put forward, would disturb those negotiations. This was enough for her. After this advice she had nothing to say."

Says De Saulles Withheld Money.

Later, he said, the question was raised again. De Saulles told her, according to the lawyer, that he had sold the property for $5,500.

"As a matter of fact," said Uterhart, "he had sold it for $14,500, as I will prove by his secretary, in whose name he carried on the transactions. It was her surrender of this sum, I will show also, which brought about this second stipulation, which enabled Mrs. De Saulles to have the boy on alternate months and in certain limited circumstances to take the boy with her either on a trip abroad or on a trip to Chile.

"That letter was a typical De Saulles letter. He was great at such letters. It was framed to put the other fellow in bad, in it he stated that Mrs. De Saulles disliikes America and Americans. This was untrue, for she had married an American and she loved this country. It was inserted in the letter artfully, with the idea of future court proceedings regarding the boy in view."

Uterhart said that, during the period when De Saulles had the boy, he hired a waiter from Mrs. De Saulles a maid of whom the boy was very fond and used her in an effort to detach the child's affections from his mother.

"The name of this maid was Mrs. Mooney," he said. "The boy had given her the nickname of 'Booby.' After the period when he had been in his father's possession he returned to his mother, who was then at the Hotel Gotham. He said to her:

"'"Booby" said that she loved me more than you did.'

"Later the boy told her that 'Booby' had told her not to love 'Bumbee,' which was the name the child gave to his mother.

"He appeared to be very much changed. He behaved badly at first. His love for his mother soon changed his attitude, but one morning a day or two later he appeared suddenly to fly into a passion, and threw himself on the floor, kicking and screaming. When she had calmed him, the boy said that 'Booby' had told him that he must be a bad boy when with his mother."

"One time, when he came back to his mother," said Uterhart, "he said that his father had told him that he was going to have two mothers, the second one being a Miss Shepley. He added: 'Daddy says that she will love me as much as you do.'

"This was a Miss Ruth Shepley, who appeared in 'The Boomerang.' She was reported engaged to De Saulles before he was shot, and stated that this was so in an interview in San Francisco after De Saulles was killed.

"In his true De Saulles style of putting her in the wrong, he wrote her a letter in the latter part of June, 1917, calling her attention to the fact that The Box was well provided with pets and pleasures for the boy, saying that it would be a shame for him to keep her in town when she got the boy in July, and urging that she should take The Box for the month, when she had the boy.

"After all her experiences the young woman saw very clearly what this meant. At The Box the boy had toys, dogs and ponies, and all kinds of devices for his amusement had been built for him. When he returned from The Box he would say that his father had told him that his father had given The Box to him, and that he had charge of everything there.

"The boy had told her of jolly parties at The Box. He told her about how funny the 'Million-Dollar Kid' (a moving picture actress) had been, and how much Jeff, the negro valet of De Saulles, had laughed at her. She saw the influences that were drawing around the boy, and she left this De Saulles letter unanswered."

The next day, the lawyer said, De Saulles telephoned to her, and, when he could not persuade her to take The Box, asked her to let the boy stay with him for the end of the month until she could move into The Crossways, her country home at Westbury. She agreed to this, and he promised in return to allow her to have the boy for the same number of extra days in August that he would have him in July, she said:

"'You had better put that in writing.'

"He replied, 'No, I give you my word of honor. That is enough.'

"She said, 'All right, but be sure to remember it.'

Uterhart said the young woman had become very excited when the boy was not returned on Aug. 3 and that she telephoned to D. Stewart Iglehart of W. R. Grace & Co., who had married a Chilean friend of hers, and asked him if he would accompany her because of the loneliness of the road to get the boy. He refused, Uterhart said, because he felt that he should take no part in a delicate matter between husband and wife. It was only then, Uterhart said, that she determined to take the revolver which she carried with her to The Box.

After the valet, lying at his master's dictation, had told her that De Saulles was out and would be out for an hour, Uterhart said that she used the utmost haste in getting started and took the short cut to The Box, in the hope of getting the child and getting away before De Saulles should appear.

Uterhart said that the young woman had not "sensed" that De Saulles was home from the first, as the defense contended, but she suspected that he was there when she saw an automobile in front of the house, and consequently asked first for him. Just before this, Uterhart said, she exclaimed to the maid, Suzanne Monteau:

"I hope he hasn't got home."

When De Saulles came forward to the door of the living room, she said, according to Uterhart:

"I don't think it's very nice of you to keep Jack this way. I have come to get him."

"As she spoke," continued Mr. Uterhart, "a look came over his face that she had often seen before. She had long known that look and knew that it always came just when he was about to do something particularly mean and vicious. It was just as she expected. He said to her:

"'You are never going to have him again.'"

The lawyer then discussed her unusual calm and presence of mind after the shooting, holding this, which the prosecution put forward as proof of rationality, to be really proof of the opposite.

"The following day," he continued, "she was attended by Dr. J. Sherman Wight of the Long Island College Hospital and his colleague, Dr. Louis C. Johnson of Johns Hopkins. Dr. Cleghorn, the County Physician, was also present at their invitation. They found Blanca lying on her bed. She was not the woman that you see before you now after months of care, attention and treatment. She was dazed, listless, taking little note of her surroundings."

After describing several symptoms of dangerous weakness, he continued:

"Gentlemen, they found that for some time she had been suffering from a disease which affects the nervous centres, and the brain, and which rendered her irresponsible and brought on the mental confusion the night of the shooting. Hypothyreosis, the doctors call it."

He went on to explain that the disease meant the withering and loss of function of the thyroid gland, which he said stimulated the activity of various cells of the body. In far advanced cases, he said that it caused hopeless mental infirmity and death.

"The doctors also found," he continued, "a tender area on the head which was depressed below the level of the skull. In order to find out the cause, if possible, of this depression, of this constant and agonizing pain in her head, they brought an X-ray apparatus out to the jail and took an actual photograph of her skull, and when the plate was developed, the doctors found a depressed fracture of the skull, an inch and one-half in diameter and three-eighths of an inch deep, and the crack or break is still ununited. It is just about four inches above the root of the nose, and is located over the frontal lobes of the brain, the place where all the higher faculties of the brain reside—the judgment, the reason, the control.

"And I went further to say that the testimony in regard to this other condition that I have spoken about, this disease of the thyroid gland, depends on evidence of exactly the same character. It is not a question of somebody's opinion, somebody's judgment, somebody's guess.

The first witness yesterday was Marshall Ward. He told the story of the shooting, saying that he had moved to a far corner of the room when the quarrel began to avoid mixing in trouble between a man and his former wife and had not been able to get to the side of De Saulles before the fifth shot was fired. His account agreed substantially with that of other eyewitnesses. A few questions brought out the intimacy between Ward and De Saulles. Mr. Uterhart said:

"Have you ever been convicted?"

"What of, a crime?"

"Yes, of a crime?"

"No."

"Do you swear that?"

"Yes."

Mr. Uterhart then introduced a certified copy of the conviction of Ward before Magistrate Appleton about a year ago for fighting while intoxicated and using indecent language in a Broadway cafe. He was fined $10. Ward admitted it and said that he had been arrested for a fight with a man who annoyed a party he was with.

"Have you ever been accused of defrauding a dressmaker named Miss Mary Reilly?"

"This is the first I ever heard of it."

Mr. Uterhart produced a decision of the Appellate Court holding that a suit brought by Ward against the Paul J. Rainey Pier Company for commission on bonds sold to Miss Reilly was without merit, because the woman alleged that she had been swindled and because it appeared that Ward and De Saulles had divided between them a stock bonus of 50 per cent. of the value of the bonds which they should have delivered to the woman. Ward said that Dudley Field Malone had been at the luncheon of the De Saulles party at Sherry's earlier in the day.

Major Arthur De Saulles, father of the dead man, took the stand. He is a Confederate veteran, slightly stooped, but still fairly vigorous. He spoke in a deep voice and with much feeling. Asked if he knew Mrs. De Saulles, he said:

"I should think I ought to."

He said that on the entrance of Mrs. De Saulles at The Box on Aug. 3, De Saulles had walked toward her with his hand extended courteously. The word 'courteously' was stricken out. After telling of the shooting, he said:

"I saw him stagger and ran to his side as he fell. I began to search for the wounds, but I could not find any, though I saw that the arm was broken. Then the valet came, and he and I carried the poor boy to a couch."

Mrs. Caroline Degener, a sister of the dead man, was a witness. She said that she came downstairs with "little Jack" and greeted Mrs. De Saulles, as she came up the stairs. She said that "little Jack" had run into the living room and was there, an eyewitness, when Mrs. De Saulles shot her husband. She said she seized Mrs. De Saulles by the wrist and said "Blanquita," and that Mrs. De Saulles replied:

"Sorry, it had to be done."

Sheriff Seaman and Constable Thorn told of the woman's conduct after her arrest. The Sheriff admitted that she had given little hysterical laughs and that he was afraid she might make an attempt on her own life. He said that he removed a clothes line from the end of the prison where she was and transferred her from her cell to a room when the County Physician the day after the shooting recommended this on account of her "extreme nervousness and her mental condition." Justice of the Peace Jones described her actions while before him and on cross-examination said:

"Her calmness was surprising to me."

He said that after telling Major Philip M. Lydig over the telephone what she had done, she said:

"I could almost see him throw up his hands and say, 'My God, my God! This makes me tired.'"

The trial will be resumed on Monday morning at 10 o'clock, with Mrs. De Saulles probably as the first witness.

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1. Copy for advertisements for the daily edition must be received in The Times Building before 6 P. M. of the day preceding publication.
2. Copy for advertisements for which it is necessary to make cuts or for which matrices must be obtained must be in The Times Building before noon of the day preceding publication in the daily edition.
3. Advertising copy for the main news section of the Sunday edition must be released in The Times Building before noon on Saturday.
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The New York Times

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Representatives of 120 Vote to Get Service Flags to Prove It.

ADVICE TO OTHER GERMANS

"Keep Your Mouths Shut and See It Through," Is the Suggestion of Dr. Hirschland.

Vigorous expressions of loyalty to the United States and various practical steps to demonstrate it were features of the monthly meeting of the United German Societies of New York County, held last night in Maennerchor Hall. It was brought out by the President, Fred E. Haas, that eight or nine hundred of the 14,000 members of the organization were at present in the army or navy of the United States, and it was voted that the various component organizations, 120 in number; should as soon as possible ascertain the exact number of their members in the service and get service flags.

In this connection Theodore Sutro read statistics compiled by the German-American National Alliance asserting that 25 per cent. of the national army and from 25 to 30 per cent. of the men who had enlisted in the regulars since the war began were of German ancestry. The estimate concluded that at present about 10 per cent. of the commissioned officers and 33 per cent. of the enlisted men had German blood in them. Dr. F. H. Hirschland urged all citizens of German blood to use every effort to persuade German subjects in this country to behave themselves and keep out of trouble.

"Figures given out by the Government," he said, "show that so far only about 600 German nationals have been interned and that the number is not likely to go beyond 1,000. At the same time it is stated that there are 120,000 German subjects in New York alone. Surely this shows that the great body of Germans in this country have been orderly and law-abiding, and we Americans of German blood should use our acquaintance with them to see that they remain so. It will be very unfortunate if the great mass of Germans who have been wise enough to keep out of trouble by obeying the law should suffer for the misdeeds of a few. They are in the position of guests in this country and should behave themselves as such. German-Americans should not only refuse to listen to them when they start talking about controversial subjects connected with the war, but should give them some plain advice—'Keep your mouths shut, be patient, and see it through.' (Maul halten, aushalten, durchalten)."

Mr. Sutro, as President of the General Nicholas Herkimer Homestead Association, reported on the efforts made by certain persons up-State, headed, he said, by John W. Vrooman and ex-Senator Warner Miller, to get the Legislature to amend the charter of the association to provide that no foreign-born citizen could hold office and that active membership should be open to members of any patriotic society. Under the present charter, procured largely by the activities of German-Americans in Governor Sulzer's time, any one is eligible for associate membership, but active membership is limited to members of the German-American Alliance and the Daughters of the American Revolution, which organizations manage the Herkimer Homestead and the collection of relics through a joint committee. Mr. Sutro declared that the Daughters of the American Revolution supported the German-American Alliance in defending the present plan and said that while the attack took the form of Germanophobe persecution he thought it was born principally of personal jealousy. "At any rate," he said, "it should be a point of honor for Americans of German descent to support this association, which is caring for the memory of a German-American hero. We ought to belong to it purely as a matter of American patriotism." A considerable number of new members were enrolled at the close of the meeting.

The Committee on German Langauge and Culture reported that the movement to exclude the German language from the schools had failed to make headway in most places, and expressed the hope that in the new school board of seven members to be appointed by Mayor Hylan there will be found sentiment in favor of keeping the study of German.

The committee which has been arranging a Christmas bazaar reported that this had been abandoned because, although its benefits were not to be limited by considerations of race or nationality, charges had been made that there was German propaganda behind the matter. The predicted fight between Christ Rebhan, President of the Deutscher Kriegerbund, and Henry Weismann, President of the German-American Alliance of the State, over some remarks in which Weismann was supposed to have cast aspersions on the loyalty of that organization, did not take place, though the Americanism of the Kriegerbund was defended in a vigorous speech from the floor.

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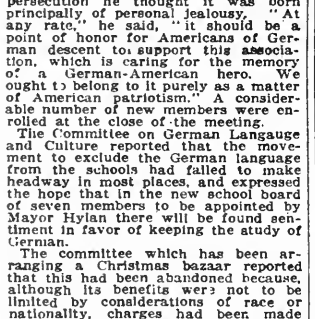

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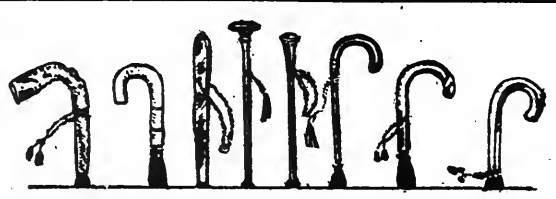

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Macy's—Main Floor, B'way, 34th St.

A Guide for Shopping Soldiers

This booklet is full of money-saving suggestions. It tells of sweaters, leather coats, raincoats, hosiery, underwear, service watches, camp kits, cameras, books and other things at prices less than elsewhere. There's a copy here for you for the asking.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Centre.

NEWS PRINT PRICE NEAR A SETTLEMENT

Authorities Believe End of the Controversy Is Now in Sight.

TRIAL MAY BE AVOIDED

But Unless Agreement with Government Is Reached Compulsory Action by Congress Is Expected.

It was predicted yesterday by men in close touch with the newsprint paper situation that the present uncertainty in the situation would soon be dispelled and that a reasonable price for paper would be established either by agreement between the manufacturers and the Government or by compulsory Government action. It is expected that the means by which the paper controversy will be settled will be indicated when the banker and six paper manufacturers under indictment for conspiracy to raise the price of paper are arraigned for trial on Monday in the Federal District Court here.

The settlement of the present controversy, according to these authorities, will take one of two directions. Either the indicted men will escape prosecution by entering into an agreement under which the price of paper will be fixed, or the trial will proceed as scheduled, and Senator Smith's resolution authorizing the Federal Trade Commission to fix the price of paper will be adopted by Congress soon after it begins its session in December.

None of the lawyers or principals in the suit of the Government against the paper men would discuss the probable developments yesterday, but men familiar with the paper situation and not personally concerned in the suit expressed the hope, and, in some cases, the confident belief, that the conferences which are known to have been held by representatives of the Government and the indicted manufacturers for some time past would result in a settlement of all of the issues involved in the controversy.

A man whose position enables him to observe the paper situation with special knowledge and understanding, but who asked that his name be withheld, yesterday gave the following outline of past and probable developments.

"The Federal Trade Commission," he said, "after an investigation of the paper industry last Spring, sought to bind the manufacturers to an agreement to sell newsprint paper at a price which, for most publishers, would be 2½ cents a pound at the mill. Many manufacturers signed this agreement, but others refused. As a result of such refusal and because some who signed did not live up to the agreement the whole plan failed, and the Federal Trade Commission, which had made a report, that paper manufacturers were demanding excess profits, turned over to the Department of Justice evidence which it had discovered during its investigation and which it believed indicated a violation of the Sherman anti-trust law on the part of the executive members of the Newsprint Manufacturers' Association.

"On the basis of this evidence, supplemented by information obtained in a Grand Jury investigation, the Government succeeded in having six manufacturers—namely, George H. Mead, Philip T. Dodge, Edward W. Backus, George Chahoon, Jr., C. H. P. Gould, and Frank J. Jaroslawbrenner—and Alexander Smith, a Chicago banker, indicted last April. The indicted manufacturers directly and indirectly control 75 per cent. of the news print paper output of Canada and the United States, and it was charged that they were able to and did control the market, conspiring to limit the supply and raise the price of paper. The banker, Smith, was charged with being a party to the conspiracy through his financial aid.

"The trial was first set for Oct. 8, then adjourned to Nov. 5, and finally fixed for Nov. 26. These postponements indicated, and those observing developments learned, that conferences between the manufacturers and the Government were being held with a view to the amicable settlement of all of the issues at stake, it being generally believed that the indicted men would escape prosecution if they came to an agreement concerning the price of paper. At the psychological moment just before Congress adjourned last October, Senator Smith of the Committee on Printing, presented a report from the committee strongly condemning the manufacturers in the paper industry for seeking excessive profits, and recommending the passage of a resolution empowering the Federal Trade Commission to fix the price of paper. Since the adjournment of Congress, I have received information which has convinced me that the Smith resolution will be passed as soon as the next Congress meets unless the price of paper is established by voluntary agreement before that time.

"As the situation now stands, therefore, the leading manufacturers are facing trial in what the Government believes is a strong case against them, and the Smith resolutions are hanging over their heads. They may fear with reason that the price fixed by the Federal Trade Commission, if such power is given to it, will be 2½ cents a pound, the commission's original figure; so, if they can obtain a slightly better price by agreement and escape prosecution at the same time, they may be willing to settle everything out of court.

"My personal opinion is that the manufacturers will follow this course. I have no authoritative information, but, in my opinion, there is an almost overwhelming probability that the price of paper will be settled by agreement and that the indicted men will not be prosecuted. If this is not done I believe that the trial will proceed, with the Government determined to convict, and that the Smith resolutions will have the force of law soon after Congress opens."

This interview seemed to express the general opinion of men interested in the paper industry.

NAVY NEEDS MORE "EYES."

Government Will Tag and Attempt to Return All Borrowed Glasses.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The patriotic response to the call for binoculars, telescopes, and spyglasses issued by the navy has been most gratifying, but from letters received at the Navy Department it is evident many more glasses would be placed at the disposal of the navy for the duration of the war if assurances could be given that they would be returned to their owners at the termination of the war. To provide for this contingency a general order has been issued to commanders of all vessels of the navy and all supply officers afloat, as follows:

"To each glass will be securely fastened a tag bearing the name and address of the donor. Particular care is to be taken by the person in whose custody this glass is placed to see that this tag is not removed under any circumstances, as it is the purpose of the navy to return the glasses to their proper owners after the war, if possible.

"The supply officer will also see that the custody receipt taken for the glasses bears the name and address of the donor. Permanent records will likewise be kept at the Navy Department to assure the return of the glasses at the termination of the war."

There is no question that a great deal of historic interest would attach to a glass that had served on a vessel of the United States Navy during this great war," said Assistant Secretary Roosevelt today. "Although the Government cannot guarantee the return of all glasses purchased at $1, every effort will be made to do so through the preservation of proper records, to assure the return of glasses in existence when the war is over. At all times it will be known exactly where these glasses are doing service.

"It is not possible to impress too forcibly upon the American people the urgent need for glasses. The Naval Observatory, which has cognizance of optical equipment, is swamped with requisitions from every ship of the navy for additional glasses. They are difficult to obtain in this country owing to the fact that in the past glasses and lenses used in naval operations have always been secured from France, Switzerland, and Germany."

Binoculars, spyglasses, and telescopes are to be sent to Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, care of the Naval Observatory, Washington, D. C., who will make acknowledgment of all glasses received, whether accepted or rejected. The navy disbursing office will forward $1 for all glasses accepted.

MANN'S TENURE IN DOUBT.

Leader's Illness May Revive Republican Contest in House.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Difficulties over Republican leadership in the House during the approaching session promise to be revived because of Minority Leader Mann's ill-health.

Representative Mann has returned to Washington somewhat improved in physical condition since Congress adjourned, but he said today he did not expect to be able to remain here much of the time this Winter.

SALOONS IN CHICAGO FEWER

1,100 Quit Business, War and Sunday Closing Being Factors.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Compulsory Sunday closing and conditions brought about by the war have driven 1,100 Chicago saloons out of business with a resultant loss to the city of $1,100,000 a year in revenue. The number of saloons on Nov. 1, 1915, was 7,152. On May 1 of this year it was 6,653. The number of licenses in effect last night was 5,916, but probably 50 or 100 more licenses will be granted.

The five principal causes given by saloon keepers for quitting are: The new Federal tax, the drive of the drys, the failure of the wets to clean up the business, the extensive sale of beers from wagons, the mobilization of the national army. Of these the one most frequently given is the last. The taking of 25,000 young men out of Chicago for the national army has decreased the trade of the small saloon keepers, especially in the outlying districts, according to the views expressed by those who visit the license counter in the County Collector's office.

Some of the liquor men said that the dry sentiment was growing, but they were inclined to put the blame on the leaders of the wet organizations. They asserted that the heads of the liquor associations would not allow enough regulation, and that lack of it was injuring the business and aiding the drys.

Exemption Denied J. G. Scripps.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 23.—To James G. Scripps, directing head of newspapers owned by his father, E. W. Scripps of San Diego, and Chairman of the Board of the United Press Associations and the Newspaper Enterprise Association, was denied exemption from military service today by the district exemption board. The appeal from a San Diego board was filed by his father and supported by his business associates, who contended he would be valuable to the United States as the chief executive of the several newspapers and press service.

TEA ROOM ADVERTISEMENTS will be found on Page 9.—Advt.

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New and remarkable evidence on Survival After Death obtained independently of any professional mediums, supplementing in a most striking manner that adduced by Sir Oliver Lodge in his recent work.

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Military Trench Coats for Officers

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They are lined with lambs' wool and interlined with oil silk, providing the utmost protection against cold and wet.

Trench Coats . . at $48.50

Five different models.

Trench Raincoats at $32.50

Four distinct models.

These Coats also enjoy great vogue among civilians abroad

WHAT AMERICA MUST DO

In the Face of Russian Anarchy and Italian Reverses

Germany will be defeated by France, Great Britain, and the United States, and at the last, the lion's share of the task will belong to the United States. This opinion, advanced by many competent observers since Russia's lapse into anarchy and Italy's staggering reverses, is accepted by our press in all parts of the land in a spirit of quiet and unfaltering resolution. "We have drawn the sword and we might as well throw away the scabbard," exclaims the Chicago *Herald*, "for it is to be a fight to a finish and German successes in Russia and Italy indicate that the struggle may be prolonged."

The only German drive that the Allies have reason really to fear, many of our papers declare, is the coming drive for peace terms that will leave Germany secure in the possession of her present absolute control over middle Europe, and which will doubtless find expression through various pacifist outlets in America. "What I am opposed to is not the feeling of the pacifists," says President Wilson, "but their stupidity. My heart is with them but my mind has a contempt for them. I want peace, but I know how to get it and they do not."

The leading article in THE LITERARY DIGEST for November 24th, deals with the present war crisis and it throws a flood of light upon the subject that is stirring the soul of America.

Other important topics covered in this number of "The Digest" are:

America's Vast Labor Army to Cooperate and Win the War

Union Heads in Many Branches of Industry Declare Their Adherence to President Wilson's Program for a "Stand-Together" Policy Until the War is Won

China Objects to Our Japan Pact
The Dawn of Order in Russia
The Jews to Rule in Zion
Volcanic Ireland Near Eruption
Wine for the French Soldiers
The Microphone in the Trenches
Shakespeare Has a Chance in London
Varieties of Anti-Germanism
The "Poilu's" Protest Against Unclean Plays
Negro Segregation Unlawful
The Causes of High-Food Prices
(Prepared by the U. S. Food Administration)
Ingenuity of the Camera-Man
Sanitary Soda
Voting by Electrical Signal
A War Call for the Schools
Shall We Despair of Civilization?
News of Finance, Industry and Commerce

Many Striking Illustrations, Including Full Page Reproductions, and Cartoons

"Digest" Readers Acclaim Its Worth from All Quarters of the Globe

From the steaming jungles of Senegal, the fertile plains of the Argentine, the temple shades of Japan, the teak forests of Burma, the coco-palms of Hawaii, the blue-gum groves of Australia, and the far-flung acres of Saskatchewan, a single mail recently brought to the editors of THE LITERARY DIGEST a sheaf of letters telling of the writers' gratitude for the opportunity afforded by this most comprehensive of news-recorders of keeping posted on all the great events of the day. Other letters tell how it keeps the prospectors in a far-western mining-camp in touch with the world's affairs and how it is passed eagerly from hand to hand by the "Tommies" and "Sammies" in the trenches on the Somme. Wherever men gather together it is read from cover to cover for its crisp, condensed, and wholly impartial summaries of current happenings. It is cosmopolitan in its scope and universal in its sympathies. To read it is to become a citizen of the world.

November 24th Number on Sale To-day—All News-dealers—10 Cents

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In England more than a hundred thousand copies have been sold. In this country the first series, published last spring, is in its 13th printing. The second series, published last summer, is in its 6th printing.

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MINES IN SIX STATES POOL COAL OUTPUT

Ohio and Pennsylvania Operators Join in Distribution Plan as a War Measure.

GARFIELD SANCTIONS IT

Also Notifies Oklahomans He Will Take Over Their Properties If They Close Down.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—A comprehensive plan for pooling the output of coal from mine fields in a district including parts of Ohio, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Michigan and Tennessee has been worked out and adopted by the big operators, who have formed the Coal Shippers' Terminal Pool Association, with the approval of the United States Fuel Administration.

The step, which was taken voluntarily in an effort to facilitate deliveries to essential industries and bring about a proper distribution, is considered one of the most important developments in solving the problem presented by car shortage and insufficient trackage.

There have been predictions that the Government eventually would take over the entire coal output as it comes from the mines, pool and resell it, but the present effort is not being taken under orders from the Fuel Administration. It is considered probable that the voluntary pooling plan will be adopted in other fields. The question of a Government pool will be permitted to hold over at least for a time.

The fact that by far the greater part of the coal output of the country was under contract when the Government prices went into effect has hampered the developments of a pooling scheme on a large scale. Most of the contracts involved were for the delivery of coal at considerably above the Government range, and where these were bonafide they were permitted to stand. It is expected, however, that the majority of the contracts will expire by Jan. 1, and that by March or April at the latest practically all of the contracts for coal at other than Government prices will have been fulfilled, thus opening the way for a general pooling of the nation's output if conditions at that time warrant it.

Pool Formed at Cleveland.

The plan for the first big pool was worked out at a meeting of operators in Cleveland, and resolutions adopted included a statement that "the coal operators here present agree to form and maintain pools at the main distributing points in the Central territory for the purpose of enabling the railroad companies to relieve congestion at the different railroad terminals and facilitate the movement of coal to the consumer."

Local pools or divisions probably will be established by the operators in the Central District at Cleveland, Cincinnati, Columbus, Toledo, Canton, Akron, Ohio; Pittsburgh, Penn.; Detroit, Mich., and other congested terminals.

Detailed plans were prepared to govern the pooling arrangement and a complete report soon will be rendered. One resolution adopted gives an excellent idea of the scheme. It follows:

"Both the executive and advisory and local committees must associate themselves in an advisory way with such railroad officials as will bring about a complete harmony in the carrying out of the orders of the local pool and result in the accomplishment of the purposes of the association. It shall further be the duty of the executive and advisory committee to secure the approval of the executive heads of the interested railroad companies to the plans and purposes of the association, and likewise the assurance in such manner as the executive and advisory committee may deem essential to co-operation and execution of the orders of local committees, compatible at all times to traffic conditions and to the distribution of fuel both to and at terminals and to way points, in such manner as will cause the elimination so far as possible of cross-hauls, interchange, and switching service, and shall thereby insure the prompt unloading and return of empty cars to mines.

"The object of the association is distinctly a war measure and therefore a patriotic duty. If each will do his full share there is nothing greatly complicated in the conduct of this association, and with patience on the part of all members and with the great constructive good that can be thus accomplished, together with the Federal Fuel Administration, the Railroad Priority Board, and the Council of National Defense, a service to our country second to none in importance can be thus attained."

It is believed by many experts that a pooling system along the lines suggested will accomplish untold good in the distribution of coal, and the experiment will be watched closely. The present Government prices are effective until Jan. 1, and the policy to be adopted in the future will then be determined. It is probable that with a few adjustments the price schedule will be renewed even though the Government should decide on a nation-wide pooling system under Federal control. The plan to substitute a cost plus profit basis is not looked for at present, it is said, as more effective.

Decision was reached by the Fuel Administration today to revoke the priority order for shipments of coal to the northwest by the lake route on Nov. 30. By that time it is felt that the needs of the territory will have been supplied and the ruling will have the effect of releasing large quantities of coal, especially from the West Virginia fields, for the New England States, where there is great need of additional supplies.

May Commandeer Mines.

H. A. Garfield, the Fuel Administrator, continued conferences today in regard to the railroad situation with Halo Holden, President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, and with Howard Elliott, of the New Haven lines. He also took up consideration of threats from bituminous operators in Oklahoma that they would be unable to carry out their wage agreements with the mine workers unless they received additional increased mine prices over and above the general increase of 45 cents a ton allowed. The increase and agreement were to have been made effective Nov. 1.

Mr. Garfield's reply was that the mines must be kept operating and that the Government would do the job if the present owners attempted to shut down on production. He sent a message to the operators, stating that he was prepared to commandeer the mines if the test came. It was the first official statement by Mr. Garfield in a specific case that the Government was ready to take such drastic action. The message follows:

"Replying to your telegram, will not consent to change forty-five-cent increase to cover increases of wages. If, as total result, you are unable to operate at a profit, the way to proceed is to file statements here showing your 1916 total costs and costs for 1917 month by month, and meanwhile keep the mines in operation. Alternative will be to turn over mines to me for operation pending determination of costs. In other words, the only way in which the relation of increases of wages to increase allowed by President's orders in prices of coal can now be adjusted is by showing actual labor costs in conjunction with total costs, as compared with earlier period above indicated. Under no circumstances must mines be closed down."

Steps were also taken to continue the operation of new mines opened before Sept. 1, 1916, at heavy expense, in order to take advantage of the high prices obtainable before the Government schedule went into effect. It has been stated that the Government prices made it impossible for the mines to continue.

Mines in this class will be operated under the direct supervision and control of the United States Fuel Administration. Such mines will be allowed to charge prices which will cover their producing cost and a profit of fifteen cents per ton. This profit will be allowed only after each mining operation in this class has been developed to a point where its daily shipments are 250 tons.

COAL FAMINE ACUTE IN OHIO.

Cleveland Lights May Go Out—Steel Plant Out of Fuel.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 23.—With thousands of Cleveland families shivering in their homes today owing to lack of coal, and municipal and privately owned light plants threatened with the necessity of closing down, this city's coal situation is the most acute in the history of the fuel trade, according to city officials.

H. H. Johnson, State Fuel Administrator, was in Washington today conferring with H. A. Garfield in the hope of finding relief for the crisis in Cleveland.

With the Weather Bureau predicting a temperature for tonight of eight degrees below freezing thousands of families face actual suffering.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Nov. 23.—The coal shortage in the Mahoning Valley has become so acute that one of the principal iron and steel companies has notified the Fuel Administration unless relief is afforded within twenty-four hours it will have to close its plant. The company is said to be working upon Government and Allied orders for steel.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 23.—With the temperature below the freezing mark 1,972 families here are practically without coal today, according to reports compiled by police officials. Cordwood and soft coal are being obtained by the police for emergency, as very little hard coal is on sale in the city.

NEW WAR STYLE LUNCHEON.

Mt. Holyoke Alumnae Will Bring Food from Their Homes.

Because of the food situation the alumnae of Mount Holyoke College, at their annual luncheon to be held at the Young Women's Christian Association, Lexington Avenue and Fifty-second Street, this afternoon, will bring their own food from their homes, "attractively done up in boxes," according to the announcement which was sent to the members. Moreover, these boxes are to be auctioned off and the receipts turned over to the Mount Holyoke War Relief Fund. The auction is to be held at 1 o'clock and the luncheon will follow at 1:30.

Among the speakers at the luncheon will be Dr. Edmund Otis Hovey of the Museum of Natural History, who was in the arctic for two years, where he went with the Crocker Land Relief Expedition. Mrs. Rogers H. Bacon, another of the speakers, will tell of the activities of the National League for Women's Service.

OPPOSE SIX-CENT FARES.

Representatives of Mayors' Conference Condemn the Proposal.

ALBANY, Nov. 23.—In a letter to the Public Service Commission the cities of the State contend that it would be dangerous as a matter of public policy to allow any increase in trolley fares from 5 to 6 cents to relieve a financial condition for which they trace overcapitalization as largely responsible. They urge the commission to "let the water be squeezed out of the stocks and bonds before authority of the State shall approve, or be asked to approve, rate increases."

The letter, which is signed by the committee of city attorneys appointed by the Mayors' Conference and of which R. S. C. Drummond, City Attorney of Auburn, is Chairman, urges the commission to consider several questions of fact which the cities regard as vital in the 6-cent fare controversy. Regarding overcapitalization the committee says:

"For years it has been a matter of common understanding that such difficulties as the electric street railroads may have been laboring under were largely attributable to overcapitalization in the good old days' as the jocular phrase has it: not merely imprudent overissues of stocks and bonds, but deliberate loading down of capitalization by insiders for their own profit. And it has been charged and has been fairly apparent, that surplus, reserves, replacements, efficiency of management—all or many of them, have been sacrificed for, or at least subordinated unto, interest and dividends on what is nothing more or less than water in the capitalization. Banking circles are aware of it, receivers prove it and proclaim it, managers admit it. We regard this matter as of primary importance. In all the cases in which we appear we shall contend accordingly."

HYLAN AT GREENE CO. DINNER

Again Advocates Municipal Ownership of Transit Lines.

Mayor-elect John F. Hylan was the principal speaker at a dinner of the Board of Directors of the Greene County Society in New York City, held at Churchill's, Fiftieth Street and Broadway, last night. Judge Hylan spoke briefly on municipal ownership, declaring the city should own the transit lines.

Andrew Galvan was elected President; Edward T. Dalzell, Vice President; D. J. Cronin, Second Vice President; Allen R. Hicks, Third Vice President; Dorville Coe, Fourth Vice President, and Charles E. Rickerson, Secretary-Treasurer. The new Board of Directors includes Edward Reynolds, E. B. Van Dusen, Raymond Fiero, Edwin T. Dalzell, Henry W. Showers, Charles E. Russell, Dr. William Stevens, and Alexander Reed. Judge Hylan was President of the organization in 1912.

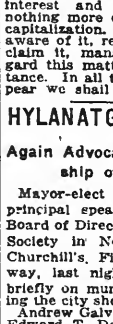
Spent $30,328 for Mitchel.

ALBANY, Nov. 23.—The campaign statement of the New York County Committee on Public Education, which was one of the organizations supporting Mayor John Purroy Mitchel in the recent election, was filed today with the Secretary of State by Henry MacDonald, Treasurer. The report showed that receipts were $30,875 and disbursements $30,328.54. The largest contributors were A. Carnegie and George R. Sheldon, $5,000 each; M. Friedsam, $5,100; S. A. Lewisohn, $3,500, and the Mitchel Campaign Committee, $500.

School Loyalty Inquiry Goes On.

Investigation into the personal views and classroom methods of many other public school teachers besides the three already suspended is being conducted, according to Board of Education officials yesterday. No teachers have yet been found, however, it was said, who actually hold positively treasonable views. The hearing of Thomas Mufson, A. Henry Schneer and Samuel Schmalhausen, the three suspended teachers, will take place on Monday, Dec. 3, it was announced.

Great Western Champagne



BRUT SPECIAL (Absolutely Brut)
SPECIAL RESERVE (Very Dry)
EXTRA DRY (Medium)

Only American Champagne ever awarded Gold Medals at Foreign Expositions

Produced by the old French slow method of fermentation in the bottle, taking from six to seven years of time.

Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Rheims, N. Y.

AMERICA'S OLDEST & LARGEST PRODUCERS

BRYAN MAY TESTIFY IN LA FOLLETTE CASE

U-Boat Issue and Lusitania Tragedy to Figure When Inquiry Opens Next Monday.

HOT EXCHANGE EXPECTED

Ex-Secretary Willing to Deny That He Told the Senator of Having Warned the President.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Issues involved in the early controversy between Germany and the United States over the submarine outrages will be brought to the fore at the reopening of the Senate inquiry next Monday into charges against Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin, accused of making a disloyal speech at St. Paul. The subject will be injected into the hearing because of an alleged remark made by Senator La Follette that William J. Bryan, while Secretary of State, had informed him that he had personally told President Wilson that the sailing of passengers upon a ship carrying munitions was contrary to law.

Soon after the Senator's St. Paul speech, Mr. Bryan denied that he had made any such statement and the hearing, therefore, will impugn the veracity of Senator La Follette if Mr. Bryan, under oath, repeats his previous denial. Mr. Bryan has expressed a willingness to appear and deny the assertion, which constitutes one of the crucial points in the La Follette speech.

Senator La Follette will cross-examine the witnesses, and the testimony of the ex-Secretary may produce a hot exchange. Since the United States entered the war Mr. Bryan has changed front, and has declared in favor of a vigorous war as the only means to peace. Senator La Follette is expected to demand that the State Department produce all the documents bearing on the Lusitania case. Whether the department will comply is doubtful, as it probably will be held that such action will be "incompatible with the public interest."

The particular portion of Senator La Follette's speech that Mr. Bryan will appear to deny, as quoted in the Senate document purporting to contain a report of the St. Paul speech is this:

"Ah! But somebody will tell you American rights are involved. What American rights? The right of some venturesome person to ride upon a munition-laden vessel in violation of an American statute that no vessel which carries explosives shall carry passengers. Four days before the Lusitania sailed President Wilson was warned in person by Secretary Bryan that the Lusitania had 5,000,000 rounds of ammunition on board, besides explosives, and that the passengers who proposed to sail on that vessel were sailing in violation of a statute of this country, that no passengers shall travel on a railroad train or sail upon a vessel which carries dangerous explosives. And Mr. Bryan appealed to President Wilson to stop passengers from sailing upon the Lusitania.

"I am giving you some history that maybe has not come to you heretofore—the grievances that carried this country into the war, into a war the results of which, as to the loss of life and burdens, financial burdens, that will be put upon us cannot be calculated by any mind. I say that the conditions which carried us into the war needed to be weighed carefully, for I annunciate no new doctrine, but the doctrine of Daniel Webster, who said that when the Mexican war was on that it was the right of the people of this country to determine for themselves whether there had been a sufficient grievance of the people to incur all the burdens and risks that go with a war of this kind."

Before the last Congress adjourned there was a disposition to permit the charges against Senator La Follette to drop after a few perfunctory hearings. Since then the temper of the country has been found to favor a thorough sifting of the charges, and developments in Wisconsin, where a Senator is to be elected to succeed Senator Husting, killed in a shooting accident, has placed a new aspect on the situation. If carried to their logical conclusion the hearings, it is argued, will make for good in their deterrent effect upon pro-Germans. Also, it is contended, they may have a decided effect upon the Wisconsin Senatorial election by aiding in the choice of an out-and-out American to the vacant seat.

Keeping the Quality Up.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, the World-Famous Remedy for Colds and Grip, is now 30c. per box. On account of the advance in the price of the six different Medicinal Concentrated Extracts and Chemicals contained in LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, it was necessary to increase the price to the Druggist. It has stood the test for a Quarter of a Century. It is used by every Civilized Nation.—Advt.

WATER BOARD DEFENDS SHANDAKEN TUNNEL

Gives Out Text of Letter to Hylan Refusing to Abandon $12,000,000 Extension.

The Board of Water Supply yesterday made public a letter to Mayor-elect Hylan, replying to his suggestion that the $12,000,000 contract for the Shandaken tunnel be held up, by saying that the board would not do so. The tunnel will connect the Schoharie watershed with the Catskill Aqueduct. In giving its reasons for not acceding to the request of the members of the next Board of Estimate, the Board of Water Supply stated that the tunnel was a last connecting link in the city's new water system, and that not to build it would mean that the system, with a capacity of 500,000,000 gallons a day, would have without the tunnel an available supply of only 250,000,000 gallons. A statement by the board said that it had hoped that Judge Hylan would make the letter public, but, inasmuch as he had not done it, the board would do so, in the belief that the people of the city should know the facts.

The letter began by repeating that part of the Hylan request which said that in view of the high prices no new undertaking should be started unless absolutely necessary. The contract was let on Nov. 6, and the request of Judge Hylan was that the board should not give the contractors word to go ahead. The reply then stated that the Shandaken tunnel was no new project, but a part of the original plan adopted in 1905.

The board made it plain that it was a State-constituted body and that the city administration had no authority over it, "as the Corporation Counsel has frequently had occasion to inform previous administrations." It stated that it had made up its mind about the water supply plans and saw no reason now to change them.

In reply to the Hylan statement that the work should not be done unless there was an "overwhelming necessity," the board said "that an 'overwhelming necessity' exists for the prosecution of this work can readily be established. First, to safeguard the health and comfort of the people of the City of New York—for drinking, sanitation, industrial, and fire prevention purposes; second, for financial reasons."

"The Catskill Aqueduct, the 'completion' of which has recently been celebrated," the board said, "has been built to the full capacity of the 500,000,000 gallons daily as originally contemplated, but the Esopus watershed furnished enough water to make use of half of its capacity only. For the $140,000,000 so far expended for a system capable of carrying to the city 500,000,000 gallons daily, only 250,000,000 gallons daily have been supplied, and for a relatively small additional expense this supply will be doubled and the whole Catskill water system completed."

The board then stated that if the work did not go on, the overhead charges, interest, and amortization, together with maintenance and operation charges would exceed the cost of the Schoharie development, and that the postponement of construction for five years would cost the city more than the whole cost of building the tunnel now. It called attention to the fact that the cost of the work was paid out of 50-year bonds, "redeemable long years after the present war."

The board stated that the immediate construction of the tunnel in the present water needs of the city was of paramount importance. While the Esopus watershed was supplying 250,000,000 gallons daily, the city was using from 250,000,000 to 450,000,000 gallons daily, drawing upon the reserve reservoirs, until the water in the Ashokan reservoir was now twelve feet below full level. It also called attention to the growing needs of Queens, and of Westchester towns, which must be supplied by the City of New York.

The board states that it is not reasonable to expect that within a few years after the war that labor will again be as cheap as it was before the war. And it added:

"In the doing of this work extending over a period of seven years, the estimate of expenditure for the first two years involves very little money and small man power, and for this reason will not appreciably enter into the economic side of war conditions."

The letter concludes by saying:

"Water is the most fundamental necessity for any community, and is especially so for a great commercial and manufacturing centre like New York. It must be provided in unfailing abundance. Due to the magnitude of the works, requiring many years for construction, the board charged with providing additional supplies of water cannot wait until the capacities of existing systems are seriously exceeded before beginning new construction. If foresight had not been exercised twelve years ago and the works now being completed had not been actively undertaken and energetically pushed to completion the city would now be in dire straits. Therefore, it is our judgment that the interests of the city will be best served by the continuous and speedy prosecution of this work to its final completion."

The letter was signed by Charles Strauss, President, and Charles N. Chadwick and John F. Galvin, Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.

Seatag Oysters

You can't mistake the real ocean flavor —It's fine!

Look for the Blue Tag

Pat'd 8, 12, 16

N. Y. Office: 22-25 Beaver Street
Phone: Broad 5004
Armstrong Seatag Corp., Oyster, Va.

B. Altman & Co.

An Important Sale of Men's Winter Overcoats

is now being held in the Department on the Sixth Floor.

Exceptional Values are offered in

Men's Street Overcoats at $55.00

Made of fashionable fabrics in gray and heather mixtures, with yoke and sleeve linings of silk, and a collar of fine-quality beaver, these coats are easily worth much more than the price quoted, the cut, fit and tailoring being equal to custom work.

Men's Dress Overcoats at $28.50

present an extraordinary opportunity for obtaining a really smart, well-made, well-appearing outergarment at a nominal figure. They may be had in black melton or dark Oxford, both styles being lined throughout with silk and finished with a velvet collar.

B. Altman & Co.

REMARKABLE VALUES

are now being offered, in the Men's Clothing Department (Sixth Floor), in

Young Men's Sack Suits

at $23.50

These Suits are made of carefully selected woolen materials and are particularly well tailored.

(Sizes: 33 to 42 chest measurement)

MEN'S DERBY AND SOFT HATS

are shown on the First Floor at moderate prices.

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE"

Meet me at the Fountain

SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

Your Pocket

ITS "INS" and "OUTS"

Face the fact as boldly as you can: Its "INS" are diminishing; its "OUTS" increasing. An inevitable condition of things in existing circumstances.

Would you stem the tide of your increasing expenditure? Would you mitigate the hardships, little and big, which follow in the train of these troublous times? Of course you would!

CONCENTRATE ALL YOUR BUYING AT GREENHUT'S—that store which has been the friend of those of moderate means for 21 years.

All Charge Purchases made during the remainder of this month will be entered on bills rendered January 1st.

FOR BOYS

We take as much care in the selection of the clothing which we sell to young chaps as we do with that of their elders.

Boys' Mackinaw Coats at $5, $6.75 and $7.75

Button-to-neck, shawl collar and Norfolk styles in heavy mackinaw cloths; maroons, grays, browns, olive, etc. Sizes 3 to 17 years.

Boys' Overcoats at $5, $6.75 and $7.75

Long coverttible collar and trench models in heavyweight tweeds, homespuns, etc.; winter weights in fancy gray and brown mixtures with serviceable linings. Sizes 3 to 17 years.

Boys' Junior Overcoats at $5, $6.75 and $7.75

Trench models and button-to-neck styles in fancy gray and brown mixtures and Tan Cloth and Chinchillas. Sizes 2½ to 9 years.

Boys' Suits at $5, $6.75 and $7.75

Norfolk, Slash Pocket and Trench Models, with one and two pairs of trousers; in fancy gray and brown mixtures, tweeds, homespuns, cheviots, etc. Sizes 7 to 18 years.

"COAT DAY"

For Women, Misses, Juniors and Girls.

Ready for today with the biggest list of specials offered this season, in stylish and serviceable coats.

WOMEN'S AND MISSES' $24.50 to $29.50 COATS
At $18.75

Most fashionable materials included,—Wool Velour, Heavy Cheviot, Kersey, and Double-faced Cloth. For misses, sizes 16 to 20 years,—for women, sizes 36 to 46 bust measure.

GIRLS' $6.75 COATS
At $5.50

GIRLS' $12.75 COATS
At $10.95

JUNIORS' $17.50 FUR-TRIMMED COATS
At $15.75

A Splendid Lot of Men's Suits Overcoats and Raincoats

On Sale This Morning from 9 to 11 o'Clock Only, At **$10**

Men, if ever there was a bargain offered to you in our men's clothing store, this is it.

Every one knows that what can be had in a man's suit, overcoat or raincoat for $10 these days is little indeed.

The one exception that can be instituted is what you will find today at Greenhut's.

Please be on hand early, because this is only a two-hour sale.

The Suits at $10
Sale 9 to 11 A. M. only.

Popular styles in a choice of a big variety of patterns. We can fit any man up to 40 chest measure. The selection of fabrics is large.

The Overcoats at $10
Sale 9 to 11 A. M. only.

Up-to-the-minute styles in neat patterns. The size range is excellent, but the quantities are very limited.

The Raincoats at $10 Sale 9 to 11 A. M. only.

The real values of these run up to $20, and when we tell you that this is the surplus stock of C. Kenyon & Co. nothing more need be added touching the matter of quality.

Men's and Youths' Overcoats and Suits, Full Dress and Tuxedo Coat and Trousers Suits All Day Today at $15

We are close observers, and we don't know any other store in town where this offering can be matched. The bargain offering here is little short of marvelous. There are men's and youths' overcoats and suits in every conceivable style and fabric. The fashions are the newest, but please note that there is not every size in every style. Many are high-class sample garments, the best of their kind.

VERY SPECIAL NOTICE:—

This is the time of all times to buy Full Dress or Tuxedo Coat and Trousers Suit, if you need one for the social season. $15 is surely a remarkably low price to pay for the one or the other. Another offering which challenges comparison.

Men's & Youths' Suits and Overcoats, at $20, $25, $30, $35 & $40
At these very moderate prices you will find an unexcelled selection. This you can ascertain for yourself by comparison.

Men's $3 and $3.50 Shoes On Sale Today $1.98

500 pairs of shoes—all that remain from our last big sale at a higher price—are offered in this whirlwind clearaway. SIZES 5 TO 7½ IN C TO E WIDTHS ONLY.

If you can be fitted in the sizes mentioned above don't miss this sale, for you have an opportunity to buy excellent footwear at less than today's wholesale quotation.

MAKE IT YOUR BUSINESS TO GET HERE EARLY, for the unheard-of low price will surely attract a large attendance.

These shoes are termed "Factory Rejects," but the imperfections are hardly noticeable.

Popular Button and Lace style in most wanted leathers. Every pair Goodyear welted.

FOR TOTS

$6 Grey Chinchilla Coats—$4.95
A smart style, nicely made of good quality grey Chinchilla,—box-back; double-breasted; trimmed with bone buttons. Two pockets; velvet or self collar; with or without belt. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

Full Line of Higher Priced Coats
Splendid values at $7.95, $9.95 and up to $15.95.

Cute Little Hats of Felt Corduroy, Plush, Velour or Cloth—priced at 59c, 98c, $1.49, $1.95 and up to $9.95.

Babies' Silk Caps—lined and interlined; at 29c, 49c, 98c and up to $3.95.

Corduroy Caps—at 59c, 98c and $1.49.

Knitted Hoods or Toques—at 59c, 79c and up to $2.25.

Knitted Booties—at 18c, 29c, 49c, 59c and up to 98c.

DOLLS—DOLLS!

The Most Joyous Family of Dollies in All New York

Most of them live in beautiful glass houses, but some dolls who have "grown up" must now be satisfied with making our big display tables their abode, until you come and claim them.

THE BIG VARIETIES INCLUDE:

Cute Baby Dolls with smiling faces, dressed in long slips. Other babies dressed in rompers.

Saucy Dolls in worsted caps and jackets. Celluloid dolls; neatly dressed. Red Cross nurses, saucy dolls, dressed in blue outfits.

"Schoenhut" All Wood Dolls

A beautiful collection of undressed character dolls, dressed dolls, art dolls, Kewpie dolls, and celluloid dolls.

Doll sets—consisting of doll and outfit; neatly boxed.

Composition character babies—some with wigs; some without.

Skater Dolls—plush costume and cap.

Other Styles Arriving Daily for "Toy Town"

OTHER SALES TODAY INCLUDE:

Men's, Youths' & Boys' Hats and Caps — Ready-to-Wear Millinery
Thanksgiving Furniture, China, Glassware & Supplies of All Kinds.

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department, or for $2 in Cash at the S&H Office on the Fifth Floor. We Give S&H Green Trading Stamps, as Usual. Ask for Them. Double S&H Stamps till 12 o'Clock. Single S&H Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

ESTABLISHED 1847
PARIS - 23 Rue de la Paix
LONDON 175 New Bond St.

ORIENTAL PEARLS

Selected from large importations and grouped to meet individual requirements.

Cartier
653 Fifth Ave.
at 52nd St.

The Suit For Your Boy

— if he's 10 to 19! — that will wear and keep dapper to the end.

With extra pair Knickerbocker Trousers of all-wool cheviot — gray and brown—and heather colors.

$12.95 to $19.95
Main Floor

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
BloomingdaleS
59th to 60th St.—3d to Lex. Ave.

"EVERLASTING HEDGE"
WITHSTANDS ELEMENTS
PLANTS · WINDOW BOXES
DECORATIVE FLOWERS
FONTAINE Inc.
273 FIFTH AV., Near 29th St.

All the new and popular books rented for a small fee. Start and stop when you please.
WOMRATH'S LIBRARY
Books are fresh, clean, inviting.
21 WEST 45TH STREET.
See telephone book, other addresses.

STRIKE TO BE UNIONS' LAST RESORT IN WAR

Federation of Labor Agrees That Work Shall Not Cease Where It Can Be Avoided.

RESENT PICKET INJUNCTION

Court Order Against Strikers in West Draws Fire of Buffalo Convention.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 23.—The American Federation of Labor tonight, by a unanimous vote, adopted a statement of the conditions and principles that must be applied to industrial problems arising from the war so far as union labor is concerned. The declaration is regarded as in line with the general understanding that has existed between President Wilson and Samuel Gompers, but there are some points that have been in doubt which the statement clarifies. The declaration does not say there shall be no strikes.

"It is advisable," the final paragraph says, "that production should not cease because of an apparent injustice or oversight contained in an award, for it is necessary to the nation's production as well as the welfare of the trade union movement that there should be no cessation of work except as a last resort."

The right to organize is claimed as essential to the solution of all problems arising between employer and labor, and equal representation will be asked with the employer on all wage boards and commissions.

Wage conditions, the statement says, will be governed by several vital factors to be considered apart from the increased cost of living, some of these factors mentioned being the comparative wage scale in other establishments in the same district and whether it was reached by collective bargaining between employer and employe.

The federation reaffirmed its position against Government by injunction, and declared that any injunction dealing with the relationship of employer and employe, based on the dictum that labor is property, "be held as usurpation and disregarded, let the consequences be what they may.

The declaration was adopted in connection with a resolution relating to a recent decision of the Supreme Court of the State of Washington, enjoining strikers from picketing. The resolution asked the convention to condemn the "reactionary attitude" of the court and to give its best counsel and effort to the affected workers. A committee favorably reporting the resolution to the convention added:

"This committee holds that decisions and practices of this kind are more harmful to our Government than any other influence in our land. The time is here when the legislative agencies of our State governments must be the exclusive means for the making of laws and rules of conduct. The courts must be denied the powers never intended to be exercised by courts. Government by injunction must end. Your committee holds that government by our courts by injunction for the benefit of the employing interest is in conflict with and contrary to the rights, liberties, and freedom of our people."

A resolution charging the United Hebrew Trades with attempting to undermine the American Federation of Labor so far as the control of the clothing trade is concerned brought on an extended debate. The resolution also charged that the United Hebrew Trades was instrumental in the formation of the People's Council and the Workmen's Council, pacifist organizations.

The convention approved a suggestion by the Adjustment Committee that a committee of five from the Central Federated Union of New York, five from the United Hebrew Trades, and members of the Executive Council meet to adjust differences and to review the charges. Failing to secure unity of action, the Executive Council was authorized to proceed with a reorganization movement.

The Committee on Education is prepared to submit to the convention recommendations on several important resolutions, including one protesting against the change in rates on second-class postage included in the war revenue law.

The resolution was submitted by delegates representing the photographers, the printing and pressmen, stereotypers, bookbinders, the Typographical Union, and the International Allied Printing Trades Association.

"It is the opinion of this convention," the resolution reads, "that Congress should not have altered the system of rates on second-class postage; that the system of taxes provided for are not a legitimate tax in that they are merely a destructive charge against a fundamental operation of a great and invaluable industry; that it will not raise revenue, but actually destroy business from which the Government seeks revenue."

SHOW MOVIES IN COURT.

Exhibited in Action Over Photographs of Iliodor the Monk.

A moving picture exhibition conducted in court by a blind attorney was the feature of the trial of a suit involving the use of the photograph of Sergius Michael Trufanoff, better known as "Iliodor the Monk," in the film "The Tyranny of the Romanoffs." Maurice E. Blumenthal, counsel for the film company, produced the film in court in support of his contention that Trufanoff had posed for the inserts in the film. They showed him garbed in a black tuxedo coat.

After Justice Gavegan had witnessed the film for a few minutes he asked if it was all like what he had seen, and when counsel replied affirmatively Justice Gavegan had the exhibition stopped. It was alleged that Trufanoff received $900 for posing. The case was not finished.

SNOWSTORM UP THE STATE.

Northern and Western New York Get First Taste of Winter.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Northern New York was covered today with a blanket of snow, the first heavy fall of the season. The weather is cold and sleighs are in use.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Western New York awoke this morning in the grip of a heavy snow storm, the first of the season, that came out of the north in the night. Six inches had fallen at 8 o'clock and the storm showed no signs of abating. Traffic on steam and electric roads was delayed.

Installed at Connecticut College.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Nov. 23.—Dr. Benjamin Tinkham Marshall was installed as President of the Connecticut College for Women today. The exercises drew here many representatives of sister colleges and universities and educators, with other guests. The Right Rev. Chauncey B. Brewster, Episcopal Bishop of Connecticut, gave the invocation; the charter of the institution was presented by ex-Governor Simon E. Baldwin, and the keys were handed to President Marshall by F. Valentine Chappell, President of the Board of Trustees. President Marshall made responses.

TEA ROOM ADVERTISEMENTS will be found on Page 9.—Advt.

COURT REJECTS A BARGAIN.

Factory Smoker Offers to Serve Time on Idle Saturday and Sunday.

Magistrate Edward Clarke, who was sitting in the Long Island City Police Court yesterday, was compelled to turn down a perfectly straight business proposition that was suggested to him by Samuel Gelbert, a finisher in the Rosenwasser shoe factory in Long Island City. Gelbert had been found guilty of smoking in the factory, and a fine of $20 or two days in jail had been fixed as the punishment. He indicated that he was unwilling to pay the fine, and then as he was about to be taken back to the pen to be sent to jail he said to the Magistrate:

"If it makes no difference to you, Judge, your Honor, I will come back here on Saturday and Sunday and stay in jail. I have work today, but I don't work on Saturdays, and the shop is closed down on Sundays. You see, I be nothing out and you be nothing out."

Magistrate Clarke said he could enter into no agreement with Gelbert about the way he should pay his fine, and the prisoner was taken to the jail, insisting that the Magistrate did not know a good bargain when he heard it.

RAILROAD SEIZES WIRES.

Great Northern Takes Over Western Union Lines on Its Right of Way.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 23.—The Great Northern Railroad has taken over all of the property of the Western Union Telegraph Company along the road's right of way between St. Paul and Seattle, it was announced here today.

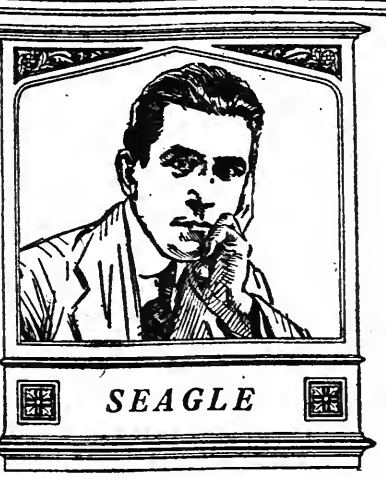
The property is valued at more than $2,000,000. It is said, and the transfer eliminates the old operating contract between the companies.

EXHIBITORS LOSE FILM SUIT.

Injunction in First Test of War Tax on Pictures Dismissed.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 23.—Common Pleas Judge Phillips today dismissed the injunction suit brought by thirteen Cleveland film exhibitors against eleven New York film producers seeking to restrain the latter from adding what they alleged was an exorbitant sum for war tax purposes to the rental price of films. It was the first film war tax test suit in the country and brought an array of film producers here.

Judge Phillips said the court was powerless to act in the case of producers raising the rental price of films, no matter whether it was called war tax or not. He said the case might come under the Anti-Trust law. The exhibitors will meet later to decide future action.



Oscar Seagle

Appearing at Aeolian Hall, November 26th

Columbia Grafonola

Oscar Seagle, baritone, is one of the few American artists who are classed with the great masters in the field of song. His interpretative ability, his glorious voice, his faultless diction, his thorough musicianship, combine in making him a singer of whom his country may well be proud.

Seagle makes records exclusively for Columbia—and what a variety of entertainment is afforded by his diversity of gifts! For here is an artist equally at home in grand opera, oratorio, old English ballads, Irish songs, French chansons, hymns, or negro melodies.

Ask any Columbia dealer to let you hear Oscar Seagle sing for you. Just say what kind of song you would like to hear, for, whatever your taste in vocal music, this singer can gratify it.

You will realize, too, as you listen to any of his records, the superb quality of Columbia reproduction and the matchless tone of the Columbia Grafonola.

Columbia Grafonola
Price $215

New Columbia Records on Sale the 20th of Every Month

Columbia Records

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Books

Standard Sets for Christmas Gifts

Jules Verne, in his stories, so brilliant, so prophetic, pointed the way for H. G. Wells and all his other imitators. GIMBELS offer *the new definitive Edition of Jules Verne's Complete Works* for $12.50 in 15 volumes; buckram; illustrations.

Cook Books at Negligible Prices

When compared to the service they render are here in great variety to help you with your Thanksgiving and Christmas dinners, and to assist in your Hoover food conservation plan.

At 65c—"Good Living," by Sara Van Buren. Bound in white oilcloth.

At $1.50—"A Thousand Ways to Please a Husband." Told in a story form, but just as practical as more pretentious volumes. A mere man can't resist these "goodies."

Standard Sets

Burton's Arabian Nights, 17 vols., cloth. $37.50
Arabian Nights, 4 vols., ¾ leather. $8.00
Balzac, 13 vols., cloth. $9.00
De Kock, 4 vols., cloth. $2.75
Dumas, 15 vols., buck. $15.00
Memoirs of Napoleon Bonaparte, 3 Volumes. $1 set
The court of the First Empire. What histories omit, these memoirs furnish. In green cloth binding, with gold stamping. Half-tone illustrations. Large, clear type desired for comfortable reading.
Balzac—7 Volumes. $2.95
25 illustrations. A collection of what is considered the most popular volumes.
Kipling, 9 Volumes, only $2.95
Everybody wants a set of Kipling's works.
Dickens, 15 vols., cloth $3.50
Balzac, 7 vols., cloth $2.95
Eliot, 12 vols., cloth. $6.75
Emerson, 5 vols., leather. $6.50
Moliere, 6 vols., cloth. $6.00
Poe, 5 vols., ¾ leather. $6.50
Sets of Dickens—15 Volumes, $12.95
Fine library edition, superbly printed and bound in ¾ leather.
The Works of Guy de Maupassant, 8 Volumes. $3.75 set
Bound in ¾ leather.
Fielding—6 Volumes. $4.50
Complete works. In red flexible leather, gold tops.
Smollett—6 Volumes. $4.50
The complete novels. Red flexible leather, gold tops.
The Life of Abraham Lincoln, 2 Volumes. $1.10 Set
By Ida M. Tarbell.
Stevenson, 9 vols., full leather. $6.75
Scott, 5 vols., ¾ leather. $3.50
Shakespeare, 10 vols., full leather. $12.50
Shakespeare (Aldus Ed.), 40 vols., ½ leather. $12.50
Tennyson, 6 vols., ¾ leather, $5.00
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For Boys and Girls

There's every sort of a Gift Book obtainable. Here's a wee memo:

At 55c Each
Chatterbox Book of Soldiers.
Chatterbox of Natural History.
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Now in Progress at Saks—A Most Remarkable

Sale of Men's Silk Cravats

Which began with 30,000 Scarves

on Saturday last, and in which are represented the most Beautiful silks from European and American mills. We have added considerably to the assortments, making the present selections at each of the following prices most remarkable:

39c 55c 75c $1 $1.35 $1.65

¶ English Squares, Large Open-end styles, Reversible Four-in-hands, and Military Cravats for the boys at camp, all made over our standard measurements, each and every one at least 47 inches long. The colorings and patterns are blended as only the artist-weaver knows how. Nothing will prove a more economical or acceptable gift than one of these splendid cravats.

A few of the weaves:

Baratheas
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Oriental Weaves
Gros de Londres
Spitalfields Silks
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West 42nd Street Between 5th and 6th Avenues West 43rd Street

Have in stock, for immediate delivery, the popular

Wideloom Chenille Carpet

Wool back, in taupe, grey, tete de negre, rose and blue; quality and dyes guaranteed.

Widths up to 15 feet

at $9.75 square yd.

Inspection and comparison of prices invited.

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if it is held in or near Philadelphia can be most comfortably reached by the fast hourly service of the

New Jersey Central

You will travel in the open, through beautiful country, with equipment of the highest grade; and will be cared for by attendants whose courtesy has caused this railroad to be known as

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No Tunnels

"Your Watch Is Your Time Table"

Fast trains leave "Every Hour On the Hour" Liberty Street week days from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M., also 10 P. M. On Sundays 8.15, 9.00, 10.30, 11.00 A. M. and hourly to 10.00 P. M. Midnight train daily, sleeper ready 10 P. M. Leave West 23rd Street 10 minutes earlier for all trains.

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The Nation—The greatest of the books that voice the new soul of France. The strongest and grimmest book yet written about the war.

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The outstanding figure of the Russian revolt is Catherine Breshkovsky, whom Kerenski, then Minister of Justice, ordered liberated as one of the first acts of the provisional government. Seldom has so dramatic a story been unfolded; this is one of those rare human documents that cannot fail to make a profound impression on every reader.

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WITH A FOREWORD by Edmund Gosse.

In this fascinating volume the reader will find those genial characteristics which contributed to the wide success of his earlier book. Here are memories blended with his wide knowledge of people and other lands, especially the East.

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REFORM 1918 STYLES AS A WAR ECONOMY

French Ambassador Aids Board to Plan Saving of 25% in Dress Materials.

40% LESS IN MEN'S SUITS

Makers, Not Consumers, Will Be Consulted, and All Unnecessary Trimmings Barred.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—With the aid of the French Ambassador, M. Jusserand, reformation in women's dress styles for 1918 with a saving of 25 per cent. in the amount of material used has been effected by the Commercial Economy Board of the Council of National Defense. Men's clothing styles also have been simplified and to a great extent standardized with a saving of about 40 per cent. in material.

The story of how changes were wrought in the proposed creations of Parisian modistes for the American market next year was told today by W. S. Gifford, Director of the council, in announcing that the Economy Board was studying the problem of so-called essential and non-essential industries with a view to effecting readjustments as gradually as possible.

Faced with a shortage of wool the Economy Board called on the French Ambassador and explained that conservation of cloth was necessary to enable the nation to provide uniforms for its armies. M. Jusserand communicated with his Government with the result that the co-operation of the designers was procured. Whether dresses will be shorter or tighter, or merely less elaborate, has not been announced.

In all cases where it is necessary to curtail use of raw materials, the War Industries Board and the Commercial Economy Board would work with the manufacturers rather than with the consumers, Mr. Gifford said. This was decided after close study of all phases of industries likely to be affected by the war, in which it was found that injustice and waste would result from efforts to classify certain products as nonessential to the prosecution of the war, or as a frivolous use of material needed elsewhere.

While the Economy Board frowns on the use of unnecessary belts and trimmings, the public will not be urged to forego such luxuries, but the makers will be asked to stop their manufacture. Clothing already made with these adjuncts might be a total waste, it was pointed out, if a "slacker" charge were laid against them.

When shortage of raw material or coal threatens an industry with curtailment or suspension, the Economy Board will inform all such manufacturers. Advice will be given as to how the factories may be turned to war work or their output reduced gradually, and every effort will be made to avoid a sudden stoppage of work which might have a disastrous economic effect.

HOME DINNERS FOR TROOPS.

Spartanburg Women Organize to Entertain Wadsworth Men.

Special to The New York Times.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., Nov. 23.—In order that every enlisted man of the Twenty-seventh Division shall get at least one home cooked meal in his period of training at Camp Wadsworth, the "take a soldier home to dinner army" was organized today among the housewives of Spartenburg. The organization's officers have not been named, but will include a Commander in Chief, several Generals, four Colonels, and so on down the military scale of rank. It is likely that Mrs. John F. O'Ryan, wife of the Major General, will be asked to act as Commander in Chief, with army officers' wives and local women evenly dividing the rest of the "commissions."

It is planned by a system of card indexing to have the households of the city entertain different enlisted men each Sunday.

Approximately 500 additional men and officers were shifted today from first line units to second line regiments. About half that number were advanced from the reserve to the picked organizations. The transfers were made so that none but men absolutely physically fit and without dependents would remain in the first line.

Sergeant Harold G. Richardson, Field Hospital Company 108, left tonight for Indianapolis, Ind., where on Monday he will marry Miss Ethel M. Jansen, daughter of Colonel E. J. Jansen, U. S.A., retired.

CORONER HAD NO WITNESSES

Vogel Says District Attorney Kept Them from His Inquest.

Coroner Vogel and District Attorney O'Leary, both of Queens County, have had a clash over witnesses which the former says the latter virtually "stole" from him to prevent him holding an inquest yesterday afternoon. The Coroner said he adjourned the inquest six times at the request of the District Attorney, but had set it positively for yesterday afternoon. He says the District Attorney on Thursday issued subpoenas for the witnesses to be at his office at the hour for which the Coroner had scheduled the inquest. The Coroner had no witnesses, and adjourned the case until Monday.

Coroner Vogel said: "Unless the District Attorney apologizes for this day's work I shall not allow him or any of his representatives to appear in this court while I am holding office." The case was that of the death of Harry Alexander, 28, of 35 Third Street, Long Island City, who was shot and killed in a saloon brawl on Aug. 3 last. Joe Martin and Thomas Comiskey, brothers, are under indictment for the murder, and will go to trial on Monday.

NO LETUP IN RECRUITING.

Over a Thousand Men Enlisted in the Army on Thursday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—More than a thousand recruits were added to the regular army yesterday. The daily statement on recruiting in the Eastern States follows:

State.	Obtained Nov.22	Total Since Apr.1.	State.	Obtained Nov.22	Total Since Apr.1.
Conn.	16	3,158	*New Jer..	24	7,496
*Delaware	2	350	*New York	108	25,547
Maine	2	1,413	*Penn.	129	30,078
*Mass.	48	12,543	*Rhode Isl.	11	1,574
New Hamp.	..	791	Vermont	..	187

*Quota obtained.

RUTH LAW AT WHITE HOUSE.

Sees President and Thinks She Will Get an Army Commission.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Ruth Law, who has applied to the War Department for a commission in the aviation section of the Signal Corps, called today at the White House. She declined to discuss the purpose of her visit, but said she believed the prospect of her getting a commission was very favorable.

Miss Law holds the American nonstop flight record, and has participated in Liberty Loan drives by dropping "bombs" in various cities. When she called on President Wilson today Miss Law wore a regulation officers' uniform under special permission said to have been granted by the War Department.

Harris B. Dick Sale Brings $13,610.

At the sale to close the estate of the late Harris B. Dick at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon an emerald and diamond ring went to Henry Blank for $940, a crescent diamond brooch for $900 to S. Wyler and an Oriental pearl and diamond brooch to the same buyer for $400. Henry Symonds paid $940 for two high-back armchairs, late Jacobean, and Baumgarten, 1910 for a settee of the same period. The returns for the sale were $13,610.

REVOLUTIONARY FLAG FOUND AT DOBBS FERRY

Wrapped in Buff Waistcoat and Hidden, Probably During Battle of White Plains.

Special to The New York Times.

DOBBS FERRY, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Workmen excavating today alongside the foundation wall of the most ancient building in this town, in Main Street near Chestnut, dislodged a loose stone in the wall exposing a crevice in which was a buff-colored waistcoat of the sort worn by General Washington's Continental troops, rolled about a faded flag, both of which were later pronounced to be genuine and rare relics of the War for Independence.

The coat was motheaten and almost in shreds, but the flag, made of linen, was well preserved. It is 24 by 36 inches and painted across the top are the words: "Give us Liberty or Give us Death." At the left are pictures of two daggers with a red hat resting on the tip of one.

Michel Lavista, owner of the building, which he is remodeling for a garage, carried the flag and coat to Benjamin M. Shepard, Principal of the Dobbs Ferry Public School.

"I believe this is a genuine war flag that was carried by Continental troops in the battle of White Plains," said Mr. Shepard. "The coat, too, is undoubtedly a part of the uniform of that period." The Principal then compared the relics with engravings in the school library and found them to correspond in every detail.

"The battle of White Plains covered a much wider area than the district from which the battle took its name," said Mr. Shepard, "and the fighting extended west to the Hudson and far north of White Plains. This would account for the relics reaching Dobbs Ferry. Some soldier probably placed the flag where it was found for temporary safety, and the coat was merely wrapped around it for protection." The flag and coat are to be placed on exhibition in the school.

TO SUCCEED MISS DAVIS.

Captain Now at Upton to be Head of the Parole Board.

Mayor Mitchel announced yesterday that on Dec. 27, at the expiration of the term of Dr. Katharine B. Davis, Chairman of the Board of Parole, he would appoint to that place Captain Bertram De N. Cruger. The term is for ten years and the salary is $7,500 a year.

Captain Cruger is now a member of the board. He is on leave of absence as a Captain in charge of a depot brigade at Camp Upton. He was formerly executive secretary to the Mayor. It was not known at the Mayor's office yesterday whether Captain Cruger could obtain his release from the army to accept the appointment.

DWIGGINS INDICTED AGAIN.

County Grand Jury Charges Larceny Against Bond Swindler.

Elmer Dwiggins, the Bankers' Life Insurance Company agent, recently indicted by the Federal Grand Jury for misuse of the mails in connection with his Liberty loan frauds, was indicted yesterday by the County Grand Jury for grand larceny.

The latest indictment charges, among other counts, that Mrs. Clarence Lea of 256 West Seventieth Street bought $500 worth of bonds on Dwiggins's partial-payment plan, her butcher acting as Dwiggins's innocent agent. Mrs. Lea alleges that she paid the money to Dwiggins herself, but never received her bonds. According to District Attorney Swann, Dwiggins will probably be arraigned Monday.

Mt. Holyoke Gift to War Y. M. C. A.

SOUTH HADLEY, Mass., Nov. 23.—Students at Mount Holyoke College have raised $10,150, to which the Faculty and staff have added $2,800, for the Students' Friendship Fund, to be turned over to the War Work Fund of the Young Men's Christian Association. The young women have postponed the purchase of new dresses and other things, and many of them have obtained work to enable them to meet their pledges without writing home for increased allowances.

Tea Rooms.

NOW OPEN
SEVEN CANDLES,
13 West 40th Street,
In the ART GALLERY,
formerly occupied by BRAUN & CO.
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Dinner.
HOME COOKING.
Service a la carte and table d'hote.
Luncheon, 60c; Dinner, $1.00.

Green Parrot Tea Shop 13 E. 35th St. Opp. Altman's
Specially Attractive Luncheon a la Carte And Afternoon Tea.
LEMON MERINGUE PIE A SPECIALTY.

DOWNTOWN'S MOST DELIGHTFUL MID-DAY TEA ROOMS
THE BROWN BETTY 147 FULTON ST. 72 WALL ST.
Delicious Home Cooking.

At the Sign of THE GREEN TEAPOT
Closed Sundays
Thirteen East Thirty-sixth Street.
Luncheon, 60c. Dinner, $1.00.
Saturday Night, Roast Turkey and Waffles.

THE MARGUERITE 49 West 39th St.
Open Sundays 1-4 P.M.
WILL OPEN NOVEMBER 26TH.
Luncheon, 40-50c. Afternoon Tea, Dinner, 60-75c.
Dinner, Thanksgiving Day, 1-7 P. M.

MARY LOUISE 175 Madison Ave., near 34th.
Breakfast or Luncheon, 35c.
Special chicken lunch, Tues., Thurs. & Sat., 3 to 1:30 Dinner, 60c. Chicken every night.

Dorothy-Louise, 1 WEST 39TH ST. (Opp. Lord & Taylor.)
Luncheon, Fifty Cents. Dinner, Sixty Cents.
CHICKEN DINNER EVERY TUES. & SAT.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET.
3 to 8. Except Sundays.
The Oldest Tea Room in New York.
"Club" or a la carte. Smoking in garden.

The OAK ROOM 36 East 57th St. near Madison Av.
Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner.
Special Beefsteak Dinner Today.

Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at
SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 31 E. 47th St.
Sunday dinner.
Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

THE ROSE GARDEN 34 West 58th St., Near Plaza Hotel.
Luncheon or Dinner, Sixty cents, a la carte.
Sunday Dinner a specialty, $1.25.

THE GROTTO 166 MADISON AVENUE Between 32d and 33d
Luncheon, 45c; Course Dinner With Chicken, 65c.
Sunday Dinners, 75c; Home-made Bread and Pies.

SAVORY PIE SHOP 45 E. 30th St. Mad. Sq. 4976.
"Wonderful Apple Pie" to order, 50c, 75c and $1.00. Luncheon and Afternoon Tea.

OLD CHELSEA 51 West 16th St. Open Sundays.
Known for delicious home cooking.
Breakfast, 35c; Lunch, 40c; Dinner, 75c.
Dine at OLD GRAMERCY PARK, No. 20.
Breakfast, 35c; Luncheon, 50c; Dinner, 75c.
New England Thanksgiving Dinner, 6-8, 75c.
Entrance on Irving Place. Open Fire.

WRIGHT-LOGAN 6 East 37th Street.
Adjoining Tiffany's
LUNCHEON: AFTERNOON TEA: DINNER

THE ELM TREE 52-54 John Street. (Financial District.)
Homelike Tea Room for LADIES and GENTLEMEN.

STUDENTS INN, 320 West 58th St., West of 8th Ave.
Luncheon, 35c.; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 60-75c.

THE TALLY HO 30 East 34th St. Opposite Altman's
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Southern Chicken Dinner.

THE MARYLAND 218 West 72d St. Just off Columbus Av.
Breakfast, 40c; Luncheon, 55c; Dinner, 75c.

THE BRITTANY 694 Madison Av., near 62d
Open Sundays, 12-3 P. M.
LUNCHEON, 60c; TEA, 35c; DINNER, $1.00.

THE MAYFLOWER, 25 West 59th St.
Dinner, table d'hote
A la carte Breakfast, Lunch, Tea. Open Sundays.

TO-NIGHT AT 17 WEST 56TH ST. (Plaza 1118.) Lunch 75c.
Virginia ham, smothered chicken dinner, $1

THE PIROUETTE, 22 East 45th Street, bet. Madison & 5th Av.
Luncheon, 35-60c.; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, $1.

Heatherdell Tea Shop 16 E. 49th St. Open Sundays.
Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner.

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Hero Land is the Greatest Spectacle the World has ever seen, for the Greatest Need the World has ever known.

HERO LAND

Gala Opening, to-night, at 7 P. M. at the Grand Central Palace
And Every Week Day, From 11 A. M. to Midnight

Hero Land is a 16-Day Military Pageant, Theatrical Entertainment, Oriental Wonderland and Charity Mart; Devised, Created, Managed and Financed by One Hundred Approved National War Relief Organizations for the Benefit of American and Allied Relief.

MARVELS AT HERO LAND

Every Afternoon and Evening.

AN ARMORED TANK IN BATTLE; manned by Captain Haigh, who has commanded five tanks on the French front, and a crew of eight soldiers. The tank will be in action, firing its machine guns, and crawling over enemy positions. A special building, 150 feet long, has been erected for this great tank battle.

THE STREETS OF BAGDAD; an entire floor of the Grand Central Palace, decorated and constructed like the city of Bagdad. Persian gardens, market places, Oriental wells, booths, bazaars. All of this floor is modelled after designs by Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney.

THE HINDENBURG UNDERGROUND TRENCHES. An exact reproduction of trenches captured from the Germans, near Arras; dugouts, bomb-shelters, British soldiers on duty.

AN ICE SKATING RINK; a two-a-day skating rink, for the public at large, and for special exhibitions of skating by Fred Stone, by the skaters from Healy's, by artists from Iceland, and from the St. Nicholas Rink.

THREE MOVING PICTURE THEATRES; displaying new Government war films taken at the front and shown at Hero Land for the first time. Many other screen attractions and novelties. The battle scenes will be accompanied by lectures.

THE CAFE DE PARIS; a fully equipped French restaurant equipped and managed by Delmonico's.

AN ARMY CANTEEN; where excellent and moderate priced food and drink will be served, much as it is served to our boys at the front. Also an Italian restaurant, at moderate prices, and popular priced hot dog counter.

OLD BOWLING GREEN; just as it was when New York was called New Amsterdam; peopled with fur traders, early settlers. The Dutch houses are very accurately reproduced. The Jewish War Relief societies are managing this striking division of Hero Land.

THE OLD CHESHIRE CHEESE; the most famous chop house in the world, which Dr. Samuel Johnson made his eating headquarters in London. The chairs, tables, signs, waiters, cooks and cooking recipes all sent to Hero Land by the British authorities. Under the direction of the Cheshire Cheese in London and Keen's Chop House in New York.

No Soliciting or Hold-ups

Visitors to Hero Land will not be molested by sellers of badges, flowers, flags, programs, etc., etc., in the aisles, corridors and foyers. No selling or soliciting will be permitted, except within the restricted limits of the booths and concessions

A LITTLE SKIRMISH AT HERO LAND

Why not dine to-night at HERO LAND? Try the Cafe de Paris (Direction of Delmonico's); the Cheshire Cheese (Direction of Keen's Chop House); the Golden West Cabaret (Direction of James B. Regan); or the Italian Restaurant.

Will the 200,000 attractive women in the neighborhood of New York kindly regard Hero Land, for the next sixteen days, as their permanent lunching, afternoon tea and dining headquarters?

The Honorary Patrons

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson,
General Pershing,
The Right Hon. Arthur James Balfour,
The Hon. Henri Franklin-Bouillon, French Minister of State,
M. Andre Tardieu, High Commissioner of the French Republic,
The Right Hon. The Viscount Reading of Erleigh,
Lord Northcliffe,
His Excellency Count v. Macchi di Cellere, the Italian Ambassador,
His Excellency Boris A. Bakmeteff, the Russian Ambassador,
Viscount Ishii,
His Excellency A. Sato, the Japanese Ambassador,
His Excellency E. de Cartier, the Belgian Minister,
Commodore Gaunt, R. N., C. M. G.,
Brigadier-General James D. McLachlan,
Brigadier-General W. A. White,
Governor Charles S. Whitman,
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The management committee receives no sort of salary, profit or compensation

OFFICES OF HERO LAND: 360 MADISON AVENUE.

MORE MARVELS AT HERO LAND

Every Afternoon and Evening.

THE RED CROSS TEA GARDEN; will be the most popular tea room at Hero Land. It will be managed by the members of the Junior League.

THE ALLIES CLUB; a fully equipped social club, for soldiers and officers visiting Hero Land. Managed by members of the Knickerbocker, Union, Brook and Racquet Clubs; war lectures every day by the leading military authorities now in America.

THE SODA WATER FOUNTAIN; one of the largest fountains in New York, will be managed and manned by ladies of society, who will wait on the thirsty.

THE GREAT HALL AND BALLROOM; a vast Louis XVI. dancing pavilion and drill ground, designed by Paul Chalfin, with 7,500 feet of floor space, where dances, fancy dress balls and military parades and pageants will be held throughout the run of Hero Land.

THE GOLDEN WEST CABARET; will boast of a dancing hall, a band, cowboys and Spanish dancers.

THE GOVERNMENT WAR EXHIBITS. The British, French, Italian and Belgian Governments are active and generous participants in Hero Land and have all sent official war exhibits of great interest.

THEATRICAL ENTERTAINMENTS; a galaxy of stage, opera and vaudeville stars, dancers and moving picture artists will do their part to make Hero Land the most memorable entertainment festival ever held in this country.

ATHLETIC CONTESTS; the sporting editors of New York have arranged a great athletic carnival for Hero Land; sparring, wrestling by Army and Navy teams, and a great variety of other sports.

SUBMARINE DIVERS. Every day, and several times a day, divers will enter a tank and attach bombs to a miniature warship; the bombs will then explode and show to the public how submarine warfare is carried on in the war zone.

SPECIAL DAYS: Some of the days at Hero Land will be dedicated as follows: American day, French and Alsace day, U. S. Navy day, Carnival day, Jewish day, Italian day, President Wilson day, Red Cross day, Belgian day, etc., etc.

Admission 50 Cents

Half a dollar is the only admission price to Hero Land—any day, any hour, any age. All New York is expected. Come and do your bit for the boys who are doing their bit for you.

The Treasurer is Mr. CHARLES H. SABIN.

New York's greatest actresses, singers, dancers and screen stars will, for sixteen days, make Hero Land the entertainment center of America.

INDICT A PROMOTER OF ARMY BAZAAR

Grand Jury Accuses C. Donald Fox of Larceny and Forgery.

SWANN WIDENS INQUIRY

Takes Up New Charges Involving High Commissions on Collections for War Charities.

C. Donald Fox, one of the chief promoters of the Army and Navy Bazaar, which was held in the Grand Central Palace from Oct. 27 to Nov. 3 last, was indicted yesterday afternoon by the Grand Jury on a charge of larceny and forgery. The indictment was handed up to Judge Nott in the Court of General Sessions, and a bench warrant for Fox's arrest was issued immediately. Shortly afterward Fox surrendered to Detectives Brown and Mayer in the office of his counsel, Benjamin F. Spellman, at 115 Broadway. He was arraigned before Judge Nott and held in $2,000 bail, in default of which he was sent to the Tombs.

The indictments against Fox allege that he induced Fred J. Halloran of 140 West Forty-sixth Street to give him two checks, one for $15.45 dated Aug. 31 and the other for $25.25 dated Sept. 5, and omit the payee's name, although the money was intended for the bazaar. Fox cashed these checks for his own benefit, according to the charge against him.

The indictment of Fox for alleged appropriation of these two small checks is considered by Mr. Swann as only the beginning of the Grand Jury investigation into the Army and Navy Bazaar. Waldemar De Bille, the general director of the bazaar, who has agreed to waive immunity; E. P. V. Ritter of the Grand Central Palace Company, and others will probably appear before the Grand Jury on Monday as the next witnesses in the inquiry.

While deading with the Army and Navy Bazaar, the District Attorney is investigating other war charities, among them a performance at the Hippodrome on Sept. 23 for the benefit of the 71st Regiment, for the promotion of which, according to information in Mr. Swann's possession, the firm of Forsyth & Fish received a commission of 70 per cent. Alexander Mayper, attorney for the firm, called with his clients at the District Attorney's office yesterday and said that Forsyth & Fish had assumed all of the risks incidental to the performance, and had taken in payment only what their contract had stipulated. He promised to give the District Attorney any information desired.

Mr. Swann is also looking into the matter of another benefit performance to be given at the Hippodrome, for which, he has been informed, solicitors are receiving a commission of 40 per cent. for collecting contributions and advertisements.

Another matter under investigation is the complaint of a business man of German descent that a solicitor formerly employed by a charitable organization in connection with its preparations for a booth in Hero Land, has been attempting to extort money from him. The complainant, whose name Mr. Swann withheld, said that the solicitor came to him well recommended, and that he lent the man $500. The solicitor sought more money after that, according to the story told to Mr. Swann, and threatened to tell the Federal authorities that the original $500 had been given to further German propaganda here if his demands were refused. Mr. Swann ascertained that the organization had discharged the solicitor in question some time ago, and could not be held responsible for his alleged attempts at extortion. The solicitor in question called at the District Attorney's office yesterday, but did not wait to see Mr. Swann, leaving word instead that he was going to Washington, and advising the District Attorney how to reach him there.

The District Attorney received yesterday an anonymous letter in which it was charged that a man, whose name was given, was collecting money in the interest of the Federalized National Guard regiments on the basis of 50 per cent. commission for himself. The District Attorney also has the name of a bookmaker who has been accused of cashing checks for bazaar and fund solicitors, retaining 10 and 15 per cent. of the amounts of the checks for himself.

Counsel for George F. Sweeney notified Mr. Swann yesterday that they had advised their client not to turn over to the District Attorney's office the estimated $6,000 which Sweeney is said to have taken for himself as 50 per cent. of contributions collected for the Army and Navy Bazaar. Mr. Swann recently demanded that Sweeney give him the money, as it had been paid by outright contributors, not by advertisers in the bazaar program, but Sweeney's contention is that his contract allowed him half of all money collected, whether as contributions or for advertisements.

THEFTS OF AUTOS PUT INSURANCE RATES UP

Underwriters Adopt Action to Make Owners Guard Against the Loss of Their Machines.

Automobile insurance rates and the methods of writing policies will be radically changed in the United States within a short time as a result of the action taken yesterday at the annual meeting of the National Automobile Underwriters' Conference at 80 Maiden Lane. Owing to the large number of thefts, especially in Detroit, Chicago, and other Western cities, propositions were presented by the leading insurance companies that the payment of full value insurance should be superseded by one whereby the insuring company would be liable for only half of the insured value. The principle was to throw a greater responsibility upon the owner for the safety of his car. Such a radical change met with some opposition and a compromise was effected by recommending the continuance of the present theft rates for the country as a whole, but to adopt increased rates for certain classes in cities of 200,000 population and over, and to authorize as an alternative method for covering this hazard a reduced value liability at much lower rates. It was voted, however, that this action must obtain the approval of a majority of the companies before going into effect.

As the recommendations of the national body are virtually assured of acceptance by the majority of the insurance companies, the changes as proposed will go into effect by Feb. 1. General Manager Hodgkins said that the theft evil was not nearly so bad in New York as in many Western cities, where many companies have reported that it was impossible to adopt rates sufficient to keep ahead of the losses. While the reduced value policy will be effective here, the insurance companies may use their discretion in insuring for full value.

Douglas F. Cox was selected President of the National Automobile Underwriters' Conference, and J. B. Levison was elected Vice President and W. A. Hamilton Treasurer. The meeting was attended by delegates from the Pacific Coast, Western, Southern, Eastern, and New England conferences.

Women on Home Defense Committee

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Appointment of a woman on each county Home Defense Committee has been recommended by Governor Whitman. Adjt. Gen. Charles H. Sherrill today sent the following letter to all committees: "The Governor desires me to say to you that he believes it would further the patriotic purpose for which your committee is organized if you would add to its number the Chairman of the local women's committee in your county, and that if such a local women's committee does not exist that then you select such woman for that appointment as, in your opinion, would be the most useful."

RAILROADS SEEK TO CUT SERVICE FOR WAR

Continued from Page 1.

with drastic orders that will shift the burden of the enormous increase in freight carrying from the large Eastern roads, which are putting forth every energy to move supplies that are urgently needed by our allies, or the railroads will take matters into their own hands and proceed to ignore the deterrent laws, trusting to the Government to ignore the violation in the knowledge that it is born of a patriotic desire to help win the war.

The railroad executives believe that much in the way of relieving the freight congestion would be accomplished if war material were manufactured at Far Western places. The hauling of enormous quantities of raw material from the West to Eastern manufacturing plants is one of the chief causes of the congestion. If the finished product were shipped from points west of the localities where most of the great war product factories are, the railroads would not be so heavily taxed. Furthermore, some of the finished products from the West could be shipped from other ports than those now overwhelmed with export trade.

A pooling arrangement that would allow equipment to be transferred from one railroad to another as exigency demanded is also suggested. Whether this could be accomplished under present laws without amendatory legislation by Congress is not clear, but it is felt by men who are working to make the war a success that the situation justifies immediate radical action. The question of whether the law has been violated could be taken up in due course, but doubt is expressed here that the Interstate Commerce Commission would put itself in opposition to directions that President Wilson might give under his general war powers in order to see that war supplies reached Europe with the least possible delay.

SITUATION LONG FORESEEN.

Railway Men Sought Law Changes to Make a National System.

Months ago, railway officials in this city declared last night, railroad executives foresaw that the Winter of 1917-1918 would bring the supreme test of the ability of transportation managers to operate the railroads as one continental system during the war. At the recent hearing of the latest application of the roads for increased rates it was time and again stated that added rates would not alone solve the railroad problem of the United States.

The Railroads' War Board has received plenary power so far as the roads themselves are concerned, but in the carrying out of their plans they have been hampered by laws, both State and Federal. As for the State interference, it may be recalled that last Summer, when curtailments of passenger schedules were put into effect, it was necessary in all cases for the railroads to appear before State Commissions in all States to show cause why the curtailments should be permitted. In some instances this caused a material delay. In other instances the railroads have been hampered by State regulations.

There are interstate commerce laws against the pooling of the railroads' interests and equipment. For six months the Railroads' War Board has been ordering cars from district to district, regardless of ownership, and this pooling of freight cars has materially helped stringent situations. The opinion has been advanced that this might be illegal, but no one has tested it.

The leading railroad executives want further pooling; they want carte blanche to go ahead with the shifting of locomotives from road to road without regard to ownership; they want the legal right to pool the use of terminals, bridges, and so forth. What they also will require to make the best use of passenger adjustment will be guarantees that local and State authorities will not interfere with curtailments.

Under the present law the railroads have not the power, from a legal standpoint, to route shipments as the best efficiency policy might direct. A shipper picks the road, although that route might not be the most efficient for the good of the whole country. There are leading railroad executives who would like the Railroads' War Board to have the summary power to route all shipments.

This situation may be illustrated by the fact that in the transportation of the troops to the Mexican border there were some instances that brought criticism because the troops were sent by roundabout ways, the supposition being that this was done to give as many railroads as possible a part of the receipts. This was later remedied and there has been no criticism since the War Board has been in power that soldiers and supplies have not been routed over the most efficient routes. If this plan could be extended to all business, it is believed that some of the recent cases of port congestion would have been relieved.

There is one barrier before such a plan, and that is that there is not now an arangement for splitting up the revenues among the roads. This is one feature in which the American plan of war road operation differs from that of the English. In England the Government has guaranteed all the roads an average return for each year of war service, and there is no incentive on the part of managers to look for profit.

If they need money they get it from the Government, and if they have a surplus it is turned over to the Government. It is the hope of many managers that some plan may be worked out for the United States that will make a financial adjustment of receipts possible, and thus aid the operation of the roads strictly on a service-first basis.

In announcing a week ago that the railroads would be forced to curtail service Fairfax Harrison, Chairman of the Railroads' War Board, said: "The transportation situation is becoming the subject of growing public uneasiness and agitation. Those responsible for the operation of the railways realize that transportation conditions, unless more vigorously dealt with by all concerned, will grow more acute."

Frank H. Fayant assistant to the Chairman of the Railway Executives Advisory Committee, said last night that the suggestions made in Washington yesterday had been under consideration for some time, and were no more radical than had been generally expected by railroad men.

"No railroad man any longer disputes the fact that the transportation problem is seriously acute," he said. "The roads have asked the public to aid them in the job of handling more freight than they can carry, and they have set themselves to the task of greater efficiency.

"The pooling of freight cars has helped much. It will be necessary, in the belief of many executives, to extend this pooling arrangement to include locomotives and other rolling stock. The roads have got to operate as one big system to give the country all the transportation they can, and to do that the interests of individual roads will not, I believe be allowed to hamper the general program."

Unfilled Freight Car Orders Grow.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The excess of unfilled freight car orders on Nov. 1 was 140,012, an increase of 25,104 over the same date last year, according to reports to the American Railway Association as announced tonight by Fairfax Harrison, Chairman of the Railroads' War Board. Of this number 97,000 were called for in sections other than the congested district east of Chicago and north of the Potomac. Mr. Harrison stated that the board was applying extraordinary remedies in an effort to relieve congestion in the East so that cars may be released for traffic in other parts of the country.

CONSIDER EMBARGO ON NON-ESSENTIALS

Continued from Page 1.

the lists of "non-essentials," as seen by railroad men and economists, and it is not expected that there would be a strong fight against the curtailment of the manufacture of athletic goods, as it would be of material assistance to the Government's prosecution of the war.

The proposal to curtail the manufacture of toys need bring no fear to Santa Claus, so far as his approaching job is concerned, because the toys for this Christmas have all been made.

The eleven commodities here enumerated are only a few of those for which the curtailment of the fuel and transportation service is under consideration at Washington. The authorities are gathering data as to the amount of fuel, as well as the number of cars, used in "non-essential" businesses, and the men employed. The unfilled requests for cars by manufacturers is growing every day, and the month just past set the record for the amount of freight handled by the American railroads. While the proposal to limit fuel is not directly connected with the railroads' problem of too much work, it has a very important relation. The railroads have a triple interest in the problem, because of the coal situation, because of the shipping problem, and lastly, because of the labor and material problem.

As Fairfax Harrison, Chairman of the Railroads' War Board, said last week, it is for the Priority Board and the Fuel Administrator to determine what are the commodities with which the public must first dispense. Then he added:

"We have no doubt that if non-essential commodities are eliminated, the railroads can transport all the commodities required by the Government in carrying on the war and by the people for subsistence and comfort."

It is pointed out by railroad men that the railroads themselves have not undertaken to lay any embargoes, either for the transport of fuel or for the transport of finished products. They have given to the Government, at the request of the Government, lists of things their experience tells them may be most readily dispensed with by the public.

U-BOAT POWER WANES; INSURANCE RATE CUT

Federal War Risks Reduced to 4 Per Cent., a Third Less Than Two Months Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Further evidence of improvement in the campaign against the U-boat was furnished late this afternoon when Secretary McAdoo announced a further reduction in the rates of war risk insurance on merchant steamers and their cargoes.

"The Bureau of War Risk Insurance," said the announcement, "has reduced its rates on all American steamers and cargoes traversing the war zone from 5 per cent. to 4 per cent. On Oct. 6 the rate was reduced from 6½ per cent. to 5 per cent. The new reduction is made because of the corresponding decreases in the risks."

There has been a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent. in the rates of war risk insurance in less than two months, and the interpretation placed on today's announcement is that all the confidential information in the possession of the Government indicates that since October the risk is at least one-third smaller than it was during the Summer months.

Reports to the Navy Department indicate that the American, British, and French war vessels engaged in the hunt for the submarine have been accomplishing steady results, and that they have succeeded materially in curtailing the menace.

The British statement of shipping losses last week showed ten ships of more than 1,600 tons sunk, compared with one the week before. Even the total of ten, however, is lower than the records of some weeks ago.

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SERGEANT ARTHUR GUY EMPEY, the famous author of the equally famous book "Over the Top," has written a series of twelve smashing new stories of his own adventurous life and recent thrilling experiences on the firing line "Somewhere in France."

The TRIBUNE has secured these red-blooded articles, and will publish the first of them tomorrow, Sunday, November 25th.

Empey is the American boy who, when the Lusitania went down, promptly enlisted in the British Army. He spent 17 months in active service, has been "over the top," twice severely wounded and knows from actual experience what the desperate game is that our boys are now up against in their death grapple with the Boche.

Empey as a storyteller is fascinating. If you have read "Over the Top" you know just how interesting he can be. His free and easy characteristic style in these new episodes emanates the virility and personal magnetism of the man. After you have read the first one in THE SUNDAY TRIBUNE tomorrow, you are going to exclaim, "Great Stuff! I'm keen for more." But—

Order your SUNDAY TRIBUNE for tomorrow early today. Empey is going to clear newsstands of SUNDAY TRIBUNES even earlier than usual.

Read Empey's First Article in TOMORROW'S SUNDAY

Tribune

CARUSO AT HIS BEST IN ROLE OF SAMSON

Greeted by Large Audience on His Return as the Hero of Saint-Saens's Opera.

JULIA CLAUSSEN NEW DALILA

Former Chicago Singer Makes Her Debut at the Metropolitan—Whitehill Excels as High Priest.

SAMSON ET DALILA, an opera in three acts and four tableaux, (in French.) Book by Ferdinand Lemaire. Music by C. Saint-Saens. At the Metropolitan Opera House.

Dalila....................Julia Claussen
Samson....................Enrico Caruso
The High Priest..........Clarence Whitehill
Abimelech....................Carl Schlegel
An Old Hebrew..................Leon Rothier
A Philistine Messenger..............Max Bloch
First Philistine................Pietro Audisio
Second Philistine.......Vincenzo Reschiglian
Conductor—Pierre Monteux.

Saint-Saëns opera of "Samson et Dalila" has become one of the standing features of the repertory at the Metropolitan Opera House, because Mr. Caruso has made of the hero one of his best parts. It was given there last night for the first time this season; and as Mr. Caruso took his part of Samson there was the assurance of a large audience amply fulfilled.

The opera is carefully balanced at times on the line between oratorio and opera, as in the first act, where the fugued overture and the chorus behind the curtain, as well as the first scenes of the chorus and Samson's long solos have little dramatic quality, however substantial they are as music. And there is little in opera that is less plausible than Dalila's love-making to Samson in the public square, coram populo, with his aged Hebrew friend pouring good advice into his other ear. But then the balance is turned the other way in the second act, when Dalila exercises her final and supreme allurement upon Samson and sings the air for which the opera has chiefly become famous. And there is the moment of final catastrophe at the end, when Samson pulls down the temple of Dagon. With Mr. Caruso in the part of Samson there is enough here to make "Samson et Dalila" satisfactory to the taste of the lovers of opera at the Metropolitan.

The performance last evening in many ways reached the high level that performances of this opera have had here. The music is admirably adapted for Mr. Caruso, and he sang last evening at his best. There was a new Dalila in Mme. Julia Claussen, who has been a leading singer in the Chicago opera, and who made her first appearance at the Metropolitan Opera House. She has a powerful voice of dark color that at times takes on a singularly hollow quality. Nor is her method of singing always without fault. Last evening she frequently felt for her higher tones in what is known as a "scoop." She showed her art at its best in the second act. The part has been sung here with greater vocal beauty, and though Mme. Claussen showed ample skill as an actress and abundant resources to realize the essentials of the character, it has also been impersonated with greater charm.

One of the notable figures in the performance was Mr. Clarence Whitehill as the High Priest, whose violent incursion into the first act he represented with immense dramatic power and with superbly vigorous singing.

Mr. Monteux conducted the performance with great skill and with a realization of the opera's best effects. The chorus sang with solidity and precision.

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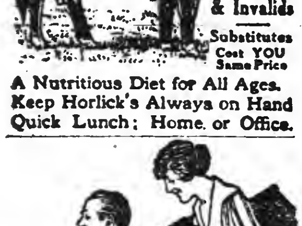

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NORTHCLIFFE NOW IS A VISCOUNT

Viscount Reading, Lord Chief Justice, Raised in Peerage to Rank of Earl.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Viscount Reading, Lord Chief Justice, has been created an Earl, and Lord Northcliffe a Viscount, according to an official statement issued this evening.

The Right Hon. Rufus Daniel Isaacs was created Viscount Reading of Erleigh in 1916; he had already been raised to the Peerage in 1914 with the title of Baron Reading, and made a Knight in 1910. He was born in 1860, second son of the late Joseph M. Isaacs, a merchant in the City of London. Because of his eminence as a jurist and financier he was appointed Chairman of the Allies' Financial Commission from Great Britain and France which negotiated a $500,000,000 loan in the United States in the Fall of 1916. In September, 1917, he returned to the United States on a special mission from the British War Cabinet to convey information, particularly regarding financial affairs, to the Washington Government.

Alfred Charles William Harmsworth, son of the late Alfred Harmsworth of the Middle Temple, who as is well known is the owner of The London Times and Daily Mail among other publications, was born in 1865; he was made a Baronet in 1904, and raised to the Peerage in 1905 with the title of Baron Northcliffe of the Isle of Thanet.

A few days ago on returning to England from this country, where he was head of the British Mission for coordinating war work, he declined the portfolio of Air Minister, and expressed his dissatisfaction with the policies of Premier Lloyd George's Government. Northcliffe's letter resulted in the resignation of Viscount Cowdray from the Chairmanship of the Air Ministry because it contained the first intimation to the incumbent that a change was contemplated by the Premier.

SHIFTS PARIS POLICE CHIEF.

Cabinet Prepares to Use Him as a Witness Against Bolo.

PARIS, Thursday, Nov. 22, (Delayed.)—The decision of the Cabinet to transfer M. Hudelo, chief of the Prefecture of Police, and M. Bouju, head of the Secret Service attached to the Ministry of the Interior, is in no way a reflection on them. As they will be called upon to testify in cases under investigation, the Government believed they should be freed of the reserve they naturally would feel if they continued to occupy their present offices.

M. Hudelo was instrumental in starting the whole investigation of Boloism by giving evidence to the Ribot Government. It is understood that he will be appointed Prefect of the Loire Inférieure, and M. Rouju, Prefect of the Oise in place of M. Raux, who will come to Paris as Prefect of Police.

SINGERS CLASH OVER SINGING OUR ANTHEM

Mme. Kalna and Mme. Namara, Americans, Noisily Dispute Prior Right at Biltmore Musicale.

While Fritz Kreisler was waiting to play at the Biltmore's second morning musicale yesterday two young American singers in the same bill had a difference of opinion as to which prima donna should sing "The Star-Spangled Banner," the noise of their dispute even reaching an audience in the ballroom on the nineteenth floor. The women shared one dressing room, as hotels are crowded now, and when Mme. Mai Kalna appeared with a rosette of national colors at her waist, a trophy presented by friends in Boston, Mme. Marguerite Namara asked the reason for the other's decoration, saying that she herself was to sing the anthem.

"I have it in black and white," said Mme. Namara, showing a letter from the manager, R. E. Johnston.

"Well, I have it in red, white, and blue," retorted Mme. Kalna, "and I shall sing it. I go on first, and this is my first appearance in my own country."

After Rudolph Ganz opened the program, Mme. Kalna sang the air, and Mme. Namara did not. The two rivals later discovered that they were both Californians, old neighbors, in fact, and there were mutual explanations that ended in the ruffled feelings of both being pacified.

CUDAHY FIRM ACCUSED.

Cited to Answer for Fixing Retail Prices on Cleansing Powder.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The Federal Trade Commission has cited the Cudahy Packing Company of Chicago to reply to the charge of violating the law by compelling customers to adhere to retail prices or suffer from severe discriminations in wholesale prices. The article involved is a cleansing powder.

The practice of the Cudahy Company, it is alleged, is to sell to its customers with the understanding that a certain schedule of resale prices must be maintained by the dealer. In case a retailer or jobber sells at a different and lower price the Cudahy Company, it is charged, raises the wholesale price to the offending customer which does not permit a fair profit. Those who obey the demands of the company get the goods at a lower price than do those who refuse to comply with the requirements, it is charged.

A complaint was also issued against the Mishawaka Woolen Company of Indiana to explain why it refuses to sell to customers who decline to co-operate in maintaining a fixed schedule of prices, the object being to eliminate competition in prices among jobbers. The Mishawaka Company is also charged with obligating its customers to report any price cutting done by patrons of the company, and that when firms are thus reported the woolen company strikes them off its list of customers, refusing to sell to them at all.

Mr. Reimer's Recital.

Mr. Paul Reimers, who gave a song recital yesterday in Aeolian Hall, has been well known for some years as a tenor singer here. It is a small voice, devoid of much quality or vigor. Mr. Reimers has attempted to substitute for them a high finish in style and in the minutiae of expression; but he has added to these things certain affectations and mannerisms that seem to have grown upon him not at all to the advantage of his interpretations, which are apt to be finicking in their finish. Mr. Reimers sang an aria of Handel's, German song, by Schubert and Grieg, a group of French songs, another of American, (some of which were heard for the first time,) and a group of "international folk songs."

Paulo Gruppe, Cellist, Plays.

Paulo Gruppe, an artist well known here and a Hollander by descent, as he chose to mention in a wartime program, was assisted by Viola Cole, a newcomer from Chicago, at his recital in Aeolian Hall last evening, when he presented "for the first time in America" a sonata for 'cello and pianoforte, Op. 64, by Emanuel Moor, some of whose larger works have been played by orchestras of New York and Boston. Mr. Gruppe, whose style is familiar, added solo numbers of Bach, Pergolesi, Klengel, Popper and Faure, and Miss Cole had pieces by Franck, Schumann, Chopin, and Debussy.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Carolyn Thomson has replaced Beth Lydy in the cast of "The Star Gazer." The piece will have its premiere at the Plymouth Theatre on Monday.

Helen Lowell has been engaged for a role in "The Grass Widow," coming to the Liberty Theatre on Dec. 3.

The Intermedio de Goyescas, by Granados, will be played in addition to the Valverde music at tomorrow night's concert at the Park Theatre.

Harry Fox will have the leading role in "Girl o' Mine," a musical comedy by Philip Bartholomae and Frank Tours, which will be brought into New York in January.

One hundred and seventy-seven employes of the First National Bank will attend today's matinee at the Century Theatre as the guests of President George F. Baker.

RELIEF IN ITALY NOW SYSTEMATIZED

Our Red Cross Establishes Administration, Military, and Civil Bureaus.

SUPPLIES ARE POURING IN

Forty-six Carloads Come from France—Soup Kitchens Opened and Funds Distributed.

ROME, Nov. 22, (Delayed.)—Since the headquarters of the American Red Cross were established here a fortnight ago under Major Grayson M. P. Murphy, the organization has created three bureaus—administration, military affairs, and civil affairs, respectively. The Administrative Department has organized subsidiary departmental divisions of accounting, purchasing, and transportation of stores and supplies.

Forty-six carloads of assorted materials have arrived from France, and other supplies have been purchased elsewhere in Europe. A warehouse has been established, in which have been stored hospital supplies and clothing for men, women, and children. Consignments of condensed milk have been distributed from Genoa and Milan. Representatives of the Red Cross are establishing branch warehouses in Genoa, Florence, Bologna, Naples, Palermo, Milan, and Turin.

Additional hospital supplies are expected from America. The supply department already has dispatched carloads of relief materials to the principal Italian centres from the central warehouses.

In the Department of Military Affairs, twenty-three ambulances with experienced drivers from the French front have arrived at Milan from Paris, on their way to the Italian front. Contracts have been concluded for fifty additional ambulances to be delivered during the first fortnight of December. One hundred experienced drivers have been recruited in France to operate these ambulances, the number of which will soon be increased to 200. H. Nelson Gay, in the name of the American Poets' Ambulance Service, has turned over the Red Cross twenty-five ambulances.

After a preliminary examination of the various hospitals in Rome, Florence, and Bologna, a general list of the needs of all the Italian military hospitals was drawn up. Bedding, underwear, and anaesthetics have been brought from France, and contracts have been concluded in Europe for sterilizing and disinfecting apparatus, surgical instruments, rubber goods, drugs, and other hospital supplies.

The distribution of supplies to the hospitals has already been begun. A warehouse has been established for the hospital supplies, which will be distributed according to the ascertained local needs.

In the Department of Civil Relief one or more soup kitchens have been organized, respectively, in Rome, Ancona, Ravenna, Genoa, and Milan. Clothing and bedding have been furnished the refugees in the principal Italian towns, and funds for food and clothing also have been supplied. The equipment and maintenance for one year of 150 refugees in Milan have been authorized. A shelter has been constructed at the Genoa station for refugees. The Committee of Civil Aid in Rome has been supplied with 1,000,000 lire ($200,000) for work among the soldiers and the families of refugees. Representatives investigating local conditions throughout Italy carried with them 300,000 lire for general refugee work.

A committee of three experienced relief workers, consisting of Ernest P. Bicknell, Director General of Civilian Relief; Edward T. Devine, and Paul U. Kellogg, is engaged in preparing a general survey of the relief needs of Italy on which the future relief program will be based. Resident delegates of the Department of Civil Relief are in the principal Italian towns, while efficient local committees have been formed in Rome, Genoa, and Milan. Other such committees are in process of organization.

GERMANS HEAR JAPAN REFUSES PEACE OFFER

Bond with Allies Closer, Frankfurter Zeitung Says—May Build Ships with Chinese Iron.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 23.—The Frankfurter Zeitung comments on the increasing frequency of reports from the Far East concerning Japan's closer bond with the Allies in the fight against Germany.

Although Japan refused to send troops to Europe, says the paper, the fact that she is to be represented at the Paris conference shows her good will toward the Allies. In order that she may appear still more loyal, it asserts, news comes from Tokio that Japan has refused offers of peace from Germany.

The paper holds that Japan has the greatest interest in attending the Paris conference, "for, as Russia's neighbor, Russia's interior collapse is of the greatest interest to her. As long as anarchy reigns in Russia, even the menace of Japan would amount to nothing, as the Maximalists would be indifferent to invasion by a Japanese army."

Japan's decision to be represented at the Paris conference, says the Zeitung, is in pursuance of her general policy, and that policy revolves around the questions of the Far East.

"Japan has just proclaimed her Monroe Doctrine," it continues, "and will hardly be inclined to render that doctrine invalid by interfering in other sections of the world, such as America."

The paper says that Japan's breaking off of negotiations with America over the question of tonnage is not her last word; that the Entente needs Japan's help, and if Japan withdrew her merchant fleets from the transatlantic and the Asiatic service, it would be inconvenient for the Entente.

"Negotiations will recommence," it says. "Anyway, Japan would not have made her menacing declaration if she was not sure of other sources of iron, namely Chinese."

The paper asserts that Japan has enough steel to continue her shipbuilding program until Spring, and that she hopes to have the Chinese iron mines organized by that time and be independent of America.

HINTS FOR CHRISTMAS MAIL.

Postmaster Patten Urges Public to Co-operate with Postal Service.

Postmaster Patten announces that commencing Nov. 25 important railroad time-table changes will be made which will cause an earlier closing of domestic, Canadian, and transpacific mails. Persons interested in the changes are advised to consult the bulletins displayed in the various Post Offices throughout New York City.

The Postmaster also urges the public to co-operate with the postal service in the coming holidays by prepaying the postage on their Christmas parcels, packing them securely, and putting the name and address in writing that can be easily read, also the name and address of the sender. Parcels should be mailed early and can be marked "Do Not Open Until Christmas." Written inscriptions such as "Merry Christmas" and "Happy New Year" are permissible on parcels.

Parcels for persons serving in the United States Navy or with the United States Expeditionary Forces are subject to domestic rates and conditions. Information regarding their dispatch can be obtained at any Post Office.

BRITAIN UNIFIES SHIP PLAN.

Council Will Co-ordinate Naval and Commercial Building.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The British Admiralty announces that the formation of a shipbuilding council has been approved and that it will be operated under the Chairmanship of the Admiralty Controller.

On this council representatives of the shipbuilding and engineering trades will be joined by officers of the Admiralty, and the problems of naval and commercial shipbuilding and of repairs will be considered.

RECALL MURPHY TO TAME HYLAN

Continued from Page 1.

hour before Mr. Murphy's train rolled into the Pennsylvania Station that the Tammany leader was coming back, evinced no surprise.

"He has a perfect right to come back, hasn't he?" said the Mayor-elect.

"Have you any appointment with Mr. Murphy?" the Mayor-elect was asked.

"I have no appointment with Mr. Murphy or anybody else," he replied. "But I am here every afternoon and the door is always open. Mr. Murphy, Mr. McCooey, the Republican leaders, and everybody else is welcome to call. I want help and suggestions from everybody who backed me in my campaign. I want the aid and suggestions of those who honestly opposed me, too. The others are excluded."

Then Judge Hylan, who had been speaking with some warmth, withdrew to his inner room.

Murphy Returns in State.

Leader Murphy came back in state. With Mrs. Murphy, his niece, "Phil" Donohue, playmate of his boyhood and constant companion of his mature years, and Congressman Thomas F. Smith, he traveled in the private car "New York" which had been attached to an express train from St. Louis, which arrived at the Pennsylvania Station at 6:50 o'clock last night. The Tammany chieftain looked ruddy with health and did not seem at all perturbed.

"You arrived a little earlier than expected, but we are glad to see you back," Mr. Murphy was told by newspaper men who greeted him.

"I had two weeks of it," said the Tammany leader, referring to his abbreviated vacation.

"Have you anything to say regarding appointments and candidates for places?" Mr. Murphy was asked.

"Not a word," was his reply. "I haven't seen a soul out there."

"Your Mayor looks very fit," said one of the reporters.

"I am glad to hear that," said Mr. Murphy.

There was a report yesterday that the keen rivalry for patronage between Tammany and the McCooey organization in Brooklyn may have been a factor which hastened Mr. Murphy's return. It is no secret that the followers of Mr. McCooey, realizing that Brooklyn is the home of Mayor-elect Hylan and that they did well for him in the election, expect what one McCooey man described as "something better than a fifty-fifty split," and that in any event they are determined to make hay while the Hylan sun shines.

Some of this rivalry was reflected in a visit to the Mayor-elect last night by a delegation from the Brooklyn Business Men's League. This is an organization formed on the lines of the organization of similar name in Manhattan, with which Judge Hylan makes his personal headquarters. A plan has been proposed for the consolidation of the two leagues.

The proposal has not made a hit with many members of the Brooklyn organization. It was for this reason the delegation called on Mr. Hylan and urged him to assert himself in behalf of the independent existence of the Business Men's League in his home borough. Henry A. Meyer, former President of the Retail Grocers' Association, is Chairman of the league, which has affiliated with it some eighty taxpayers' associations and local boards of trades in the Borough of Brooklyn.

"We have too many interests of our own to guard, and we are strong for the idea of borough autonomy, even as applied to the Business Men's League," said ex-Senator John H. Duhamel, who was a member of the delegation. "While there is a difference of opinion even among the Brooklyn men in the league over the proposal for a merger, I think a majority feel that we can do better by remaining in the field as an independent body, looking after the interests of Brooklyn."

The Mayor-elect did not give the delegation, in which were included some men who fought hard for his election, any immediate satisfaction, but promised to give due consideration to their plea for independence.

Coler Frightens Tammany.

An alarming rumor reached the Tammany faithful yesterday when they heard that ex-Controller Bird S. Coler was a candidate for appointment as Police Commissioner. Mr. Coler has been very much in evidence at the Hylan headquarters, and a report that he has strong influence with the Mayor-elect, and really heads the list of applicants for the place at the head of the Police Department is generally credited. It was said last night that Douglas I. McKay, who was First Deputy Police Commissioner in the Gaynor administration, and actually in charge of the department for some months prior to the appointment of Arthur Woods as Police Commissioner, is second on the list of men being considered for the office.

It was said by Tammany men last night that all the influence of the responsible elements in the Tammany organization would be thrown solidly against the appointment of Mr. Coler.

Another report that shocked the faithful had it that Philip J. Britt, a corporation lawyer, was being seriously considered for appointment as Corporation Counsel, with the backing of an element in Wall Street that wielded strong influence with Tammany in the "good old days," but which the younger element in the Tammany organization is determined must be disregarded at a time when Tammany is anxious to make a strong appeal to the "common people" through its program of municipal ownership and freedom from corporation influences.

Help the Colored Soldiers

CIRCLE FOR NEGRO WAR RELIEF announces

Rally Concert at 39th St. Theatre on SUNDAY, NOV. 25, 3 P. M.

GRACE LA RUE, BERT WILLIAMS, JOHN BARRYMORE, BURR McINTOSH, DEAN WILLIAM PICKENS, ABBY MITCHELL, HENRY BURLEIGH, NORMAN TREVOR, BRICE AND KING.

United Colored Choir of 150 voices under direction of Rosamond Johnson.

Southern Melody Quartette from Music School Settlement.

ADMISSION FREE.

A Few Seats Reserved At $2.00 Each.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. Evs. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.

The Most Wonderful Fascinating Lavish Colossal Gorgeous Production in the History of the American Stage — Chu Chin Chow — Now In Its 2nd Year In London. Co. of 300.

Prices: Evs. & Sat. Mt. 25c-$2. Wed. Mt. 25c-$1. EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING Always 300 Seats in the Orchestra at $1.50. (Except Saturday Night & Thanksgiving.) SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE

THE GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE 4th St. and 7th Av. Tel. Spring 6409. Evgs. 8:45. Mat. Today, 2:30. 3 ONE-ACT PLAYS Prices $1.50, $1.50c

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47TH ST. Daily Mats. 25c-$1. ELSIE JANIS Vlasta Maslova & Co., Artie Mehlinger & Geo. Meyer, Mr. & Mrs. Jimmie Barry, Felix Adler & Hyams & McIntyre.

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. B'way Every Eve. at 8:15. Haskin's Orchestra, with My-koff & Vanity, John & Mae Burke, Maud Tiffany, 6 others. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Eves. 8:15. MATS. TODAY, Wed. & Thurs. 2:15 | All Orch. Seats $2 incl. Saturday Nights. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy Triumph THE RIVIERA GIRL. EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY. AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thurs. 2:20. "A COMPLETE TRIUMPH." Herald. "QUAINT, FANTASTIC, APPEALING, HUMAN, AMUSING."—Alan Dale. ANN MURDOCK | THE 3 BEARS "The most amusing light comedy I have seen this season."—Louis Sherwin.

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way 43 St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. "GREATEST TRIUMPH IN YEARS." MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in a new Comedy THE KING By Caillavet, de Flers & Arene.

HUDSON W. 44 St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thurs. 2:30. THE PIPES of PAN A SPRING TONIC. By the author of "The Cinderella Man," with Norman Trevor & Janet Beecher.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Eve. 8:30. Mts. Today, Wed. & Thurs. 2:20. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2. MRS. FISKE in Philip Moeller's New Comedy, MADAME SAND "An Evening of Pure Delight."—Mail.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way at 38th St. Eve. 8:25. LAST MAT. TODAY, 2:25. LAST 2 TIMES. GEORGE ARLISS in his new play 'HAMILTON' NEXT MONDAY NIGHT. Seats Now. ELEANOR PAINTER In Harold Chapin's Comedy "ART AND OPPORTUNITY."

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thurs. 2:20. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2. Alexandra Carlisle in THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY. The Country Cousin

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mts. Today, Wed. & Thurs. 2:30. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2.00. Laurette Taylor in J. Hartley Manners' New Comedy "THE WOOING OF EVE" Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON. Liberty Tomorrow 10:30 A. M.—$2, $1.50, $1. THE PUPILS OF ISADORA DUNCAN THE BARRERE LITTLE SYMPHONY.

HARRIS W. 42 St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thurs. 2:30. WE PAY THE WAR TAX SEE LOSING ELOISE (THE NAUGHTY WIFE) AND FORGET YOUR TROUBLES. "GORGEOUSLY FUNNY." Louis Sherwin, Globe.

Century BROADWAY & 62d St. Nights 8:20. Dillingham-Ziegfeld Greatest Hit! MISS 1917 Matinee Today—Reduced Prices. SUNDAY NIGHT POPULAR CONCERT.

FULTON West 46th St. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thurs., 2:20. "Red-blooded American play."—Journal. "Broken Threads"

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20. Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years. A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

LYCEUM West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO presents Tiger Rose

PARK B'way & 59th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15. THE THEATRE THAT HAS NEVER CHARGED THE WAR TAX. Quinito Valverde's Fantastic Review THE Land of Joy "The Greatest Dancing Show N. Y. Has Seen in Years."—Eve. Sun. TOMOR'W NIGHT 3d Valverde Concert 50c to $1.50

BELASCO West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mts. Today, Tues. & Thurs. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents Polly With a Past EXTRA MATINEE TUES., NOV. 27.

ELTINGE W. 42d St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thurs. 2:30. Business Before Pleasure With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

REPUBLIC THEATRE, W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thurs. 2:30 On With the Dance WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.

Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN | GLOBE B'way 46 St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20

SPECIAL DUO-ART RECITAL AT AEOLIAN HALL *Duo-Art Salon, 4th Floor (42nd St. Entrance)* SATURDAY, Nov. 24th. 3 o'Clock. The assisting artist will be RICHARD EPSTEIN *pianist* The program will contain Duo-Art numbers by Percy Grainger, Ernest Schelling and Carolyn Cone-Baldwin and others. *ADMISSION WITHOUT CHARGE* The Aeolian Company 29 West 42nd Street

MONSTER BENEFIT AND RALLY MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE TOM'W EVE. AMELIA BINGHAM, Chairman. RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, Master of Ceremonies. WITH THE GREATEST ARRAY OF STARS EVER ASSEMBLED Auspices MINUTE MEN OF AMERICA. Tickets at Box Office prices at 217 Broadway, McBride's, Tyson's, Leading Hotels, Stage Women's War Relief, 366 Fifth Ave.; Women's Auxiliary for Naval Recruiting, Hotel Biltmore; Theatre Assembly of New York, Hotel Ritz-Carlton.

CARNEGIE HALL, 57th ST. NEWMAN Traveltalks Color Views Motion Pictures SUNDAY EVE. AT 8:30. MONDAY MAT. 3. "OUR PACIFIC COAST" PRICES 50c to $1.50

YORKVILLE THEATRE, 86 St. nr. Lex. Ave. Tel. Lenox 8885. Eve. 8:15. Today Mat. 2:15 Adolf Philipp PRESENTS Jean Gilbert's Operetta Autolove With Mizzi Gizi & excellent cast & chorus

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Eves. at 8. MATINEE TODAY AT 2. Doing Our Bit An Extravaganza of Superlative Splendors. Sunday Night Concert Another Monster Bill of "Knockouts."

PLYMOUTH 45 St., W. of B'way PHONE 40 BRYANT. OPENING POSTPONED TILL MONDAY NOV. 26. THE STAR GAZER Comedy With Music—With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS John T. Murray, Carolyn Thomson. Thurs. Night's Tickets Good Mon. Fri. Night's Tickets Good Tues.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thanksgiving. Odds and Ends OF 1917 HARRY WATSON, JR. LILLIAN LORRAINE AND JACK NORWORTH

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thanksgiv'g. Smartest of Musical Comedies "Oh, Boy" PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2. POP. MAT. WED. REG. MAT. TODAY.

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Eves. 8:30 sharp. Mts. Today, Wed., Thank'g. Grace George in HENRY BERNSTEIN'S GREAT PLAY "L'ELEVATION" (The Heights)

BROADHURST 44th, West of B'way. Phone Bryant 64. Evgs. 8:20. MATINEE TODAY, 2:20. DONALD BRIAN in "Her Regiment" By Wm. Le Baron & Victor Herbert. EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING.

44TH STREET THEATRE —ROOF— THEATRE Phone Bryant 61. Beginning WED., NOV. 28 Box Office Now Open. Lee & J. J. Shubert Musical Production Over the Top T. Roy Barnes, Justine Johnstone, Craig Campbell. 60 Pretty Justine Johnstone Girls. Prices $1.00 to $2.50. Only Mat. Sat. REGULAR THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE. NO RESTAURANT. NO SMOKING.

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44th ST. THEATRE Tonight 8:15. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thanksgiving Day. SECOND EDITION New Songs, New Dances, New Specialties. HITCHY-KOO with RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, ROCK AND WHITE, LEON ERROL, IRENE BORDONI

39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed., Thanksgiv'g. What's Your Husband Doing? Farce with Hale Hamilton

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Thanksgiv'g 2:15. JOHN Drew - MARGARET Illington in PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex

SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Eves. 8. Mts. Today, Wed. & Thanksgiv'g. LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION MAYTIME Tingling Music. Charming Story. 100% Talent. Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.

MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Eve. 8:20. Mts. Today & Wed., 2:20. OLIVER MOROSCO'S LAUGHING SENSATION LOMBARDI, Ltd. with LEO CARRILLO

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. Mts. Today & Wed. 2:15. DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY LEAVE IT TO JANE

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mts. Today, Wed., Thank's. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed., Thanksgiving. The Very Idea Ernest TRUEX. Richard BENNETT. "Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune.

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:25. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:25. EXTRA MAT. FRIDAY, NOV. 30th. (Day After Thanksgiving.) GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:45. Mts. Today & Thank'g. WASH'GTON SQ. PLAYERS 4 BIG ONE-ACT PLAYS. "In the Zone." "The Avenue." "Blind Alleys" "His Widow's Husband."

CORT 48th St. E. of B'way. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20. —LAST 11 PERFORMANCES— "DE LUXE ANNIE" WITH JANE GREY

STANDARD B'way & 90th St. Eves. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25c to 75c. THE 13TH CHAIR Next Week—"EVERYWOMAN."

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 124 St. Eve. 25c to $1 Mat. Today 25c to 75c. "THE MAN WHO CAME BACK." Next Week—"DAYBREAK."

THE LECTURE SENSATION OF A GENERATION Sergt. Arthur Guy EMPEY LECTURE and DEMONSTRATION OF TRENCH WARFARE. THIRD AND FOURTH LECTURES AT CARNEGIE HALL Wednesday, Nov. 28, 8:30 P. M., and Thursday, Nov. 29, 8:30 P. M. Tickets, 50c to $2.00 at Box Office. Management, Lee Keedick, 427 5th Av.

THEATRE DU VIEUX COLOMBIER FIRST SEASON IN AMERICA DIRECTEUR GEN. JACQUES COPEAU. Opening Performance Tuesday, Nov. 27th BOX OFFICE NOW OPEN. 65 W. 35TH ST.—GREELEY 1522.

"Cheer Up" BRING THE KIDDIES—HEAR 'EM LAUGH!" MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2:15 Eves. at 8:15 At the HIPPODROME

ST. NICHOLAS RINK, 3 SESSIONS DAILY Largest Rink in Greater N. Y. 69 W. 66th St. ADM. 50c. Sun. a.m. $1 ICE SKATING Beginners Taught

MOTION PICTURES.

LAST 9 DAYS Matinee Today 25c to $1 William Fox Presents THEDA BARA in Cleopatra The Super-Vampire PHOTO-SPECTACLE LYRIC Theatre, W. 42nd St. Twice Daily 2:30 & 8:30. Nights 25c to $1. All reserved.

B'way, 42d RIALTO 20-30-60 DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS "Reaching for the Moon." Soloists, Comedy. Incomparable Rialto Orchestra. Regular Musicale Today, 10:30 A. M. Adm. 10c.

STRAND B'way & 47th St. Pauline Frederick, "The Hungry Heart." Soloists. Strand Symphony Orchestra.

81st St. Theatre, at B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3080 DOROTHY DALTON in "The Price Mark" Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. 10, 15, 25c. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. KITTY GORDON, in "HER HOUR."

Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE Today Mat. at 2, Francesca da Rimini. Alda, Perini, Sundelius, Braslau, Sparkes; Martinelli, Amato, Bada, Malatesta. Cond., Moranzoni. Sun. Eve. Concert. (50c to $1.50.) Percy Grainger, pianist; Muzio, Soprano; Chalmers, Baritone. Orch. Cond., Hageman. Next Mon. at 8, Faust. Farrar, Delaunois, Martinelli, Rothier, Chalmers. Cond., Monteux. Wed. at 8:15, La Traviata. Hempel; Carpi, De Luca, Bada, Bossi. Cond., Moranzoni. THANKSGIVING DAY MAT. at 2 ($1 to $5). CARMEN. Farrar, Peterson (debut); Martinelli, Whitehill, Segurola. Cond., Monteux. Eve. at 8:15, La Boheme. Muzio, Miller; Martin, Scotti, Chalmers, Mardones. Cond., Papi. Fri. at 8, Prince Igor. Alda, Delaunois, Perini; Amato, Althouse, Didur, Segurola, Bada. Cond., Bodanzky. Sat. Mat. at 2, L'Elisir d'Amore. Hempel, Sparkes; Caruso, Scotti, Didur. Cond., Papi. Sat. Eve., 8, (75c to $3.) Il Trovatore. Muzio, Matzenauer, Mattfeld; Kingston (debut,) De Luca, Rothier. Cond., Papi. BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Tonight at 8, Nozze di Figaro. Hempel, Matzenauer, Delaunois, Howard, De Luca, Didur, Reiss, Malatesta. Cond. Bodanzky. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AMY GRANT'S OPERA RECITALS. Tuesdays, 3:30, Hotel Plaza. Recitation, English Text with Piano. Nov. 27—Parsifal. Phone 457 Circle.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY......CONDUCTOR Carnegie Hall, To-m'w (Sun.) Aft., at 3. Compositions of TCHAIKOVSKY and WAGNER including TCHAIKOVSKY'S SYMPHONY NO. 4 Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

AEOLIAN HALL, This Afternoon at 3. A Unique Concert by the Famous SOCIETE DES INSTRUMENTS ANCIENS 50c to $2. Management Loudon Charlton

CARNEGIE HALL, NEXT TUES. at 8:15. KITTY CHEATHAM Assisted by SOLLER and her Male Symphony Orch. Tickets 50c to $2. Boxes $15-$18 at Box Office

Princess Thea., Tomorrow Afternoon, 3:15. PIANO RECITAL BY ARTHUR FRIEDHEIM $2 to 50 cts. Mgt. Paul Sydow, 61 E. 53d St.

Opera CHOICE SEATS FOR ALL OPERAS SUBSCRIPTIONS Bought, Sold, Exchanged. Broadway Thea. Ticket Co., 218 W. 42d St. (Phone 6505 Bryant) Miss V. Buchanan, Mgr. Op. Dept.

OPERA TICKETS. Tel. Bryant 7877 7878 Center Seats Only for the Opera, all parts of the house. Geraldine Farrar in FAUST and CARMEN. Caruso, all Operas. Subs. bought, sold, exch. Cossell, 1438 B'way (40-41St.)

Opera SEATS FOR ALL OPERAS. Subscriptions bought, sold and exchanged JACOBS, Theatre Ticket Office, Normandie Hotel, B'way, 38 St. Phones 4188-4189-4190-6442 Greeley.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Dec. 1, at 2:30. SECOND VIOLIN RECITAL HEIFETZ Seats Now. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

AEOLIAN HALL, Tomorrow Aft. at 3. SONG RECITAL. EMILIO DeGOGORZA Seats Now. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

Carnegie Hall, Tues., Dec. 4, at 8:15. SONG RECITAL. SOPHIE BRASLAU Knabe Piano. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Nov. 27, at 8:15. First Subscription Concert FLONZALEY QUARTET 50c to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.

Astor Ball Room, Mon. Aft., Nov. 26 3d Organ Recital of Historical Series by JOSEPH Bonnet $2, $1.50, $1. Management Loudon Charlton.

AEOLIAN HALL, To-Night at 8:15. SECOND PIANO RECITAL—MOSES Boguslawski Tickets 75 cts. to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. (Steinway.)

Aeolian Hall, Monday Aft., Nov. 26, at 2:30. SONG RECITAL—MME. CLARA Clemens Mr. Ossip Gabrilowitsch at the Piano. Tickets at Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston.

Carnegie Hall, This Afternoon at 2:30. Tickets 75c. to $2 On Sale at Box Office. Kreisler Direction C. A. Ellis. Steinway Piano Used.

Outdoor SHOOTING Indoors 47th St. off Broadway Broadway at 103rd St. 136 East 42nd St. 216 West 34th St. NEWARK, 828 Broad St. NOON TILL MIDNIGHT We take you into the Woods, Mountains and Jungles—within rifle shot of aeroplanes, submarines. Sport and Preparedness for men and women. SIGN OF THE BOUNDING BUCK.

IRVING PLACE IRVING PLACE & 15TH STREET. Mat. 2:15 Eve. 8:15 HEDWIG REICHER in "DOCTOR'S DILEMMA" by Bernard Shaw

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily. 2:15 & 8:15. Popular Prices. HIP HIP HOORAY GIRLS.

ICELAND ICE SKATING B'way at 52d St. Morn.—Aft.—Eve.

SPECIAL TABLE D'HOTE DINNER 1.25 Served Daily, 6 to 9 in the Main Restaurant with the Jim-Jam Revue. Served 6 to 9 P. M. on Saturdays and Sundays in the "Jazz" Room.

JIM-JAM REVUE with MARION WEEKS. Staged by Edward P. Bower. A Gorgeously Costumed Entertainment. TWICE NIGHTLY, AT 7:30 AND 11:00

GENUINE OLD FASHIONED Beefsteak Dinner $1.50 Afternoon Tea Dance 4-6 DIRECTION BETTY SCOTT (Mrs. Earle Foxe) with Original Dixieland "Jazz" Band

Atop of Reisenweber's JOAN SAWYER Nightly, beginning at 9 Joan Sawyer in Special Dances MISS ALICE KING, HOSTESS.

THANKSGIVING DAY DINNER Served from Noon to 9 P. M. $1.25 REISENWEBER'S COLUMBUS CIRCLE AND 58TH ST. 'Phone 9640 Columbus.

MURRAY'S 42D STREET JUST WEST OF BROADWAY. TEL. 4535 Bryant. Revolving Dance Floor BEAUTIFUL ROMAN GARDEN Delightful Music THIS IS THE AGE OF SPECIALIZATION Just one of the reasons why Murray's is popular. We specialize in the choicest food products, and as we have no expensive revue our prices are moderate; you are paying for the best the market affords, domestic and foreign, at reasonable prices, amidst harmonious surroundings. SURPASSING DINNER $1.50 Served from 5 to 9 P. M. Old Dominion Beefsteak Dinner $1.50 (Every Evening from 5 to 9 on Balcony) LUNCHEON UNEXCELLED 70c. Delightful luncheon specialties. A choice of dishes to satisfy the most exacting. SERVICE A LA CARTE. *Cuisine and Service ALMOST PERFECT* PATRICK V. KYNE, Manager.

Wonderful New Review by a Beautiful Chorus at 8:30. Continuous Performance till Close. High Class Cabaret—Dancing—Excellent Music. Janssen wants to see you 30th STREET & BROADWAY Table d'Hote De Luxe 5 to 9 P. M. Sundays All Day Delicious Southern Chicken Dinner *The Famous Hofbrau.*

Pelham Heath Inn - Blossom Heath Inn Pelham Parkway at Eastchester Ave. Merrick Road, Lynbrook, L. I. Open All Year New York's Smartest Motor Resorts. Foremost in Cuisine—Appointment—Decoration. DANCING Under direction of H. & J. SUSSKIND. SPECIAL MUSIC.

HOTEL Schuyler Arms 305 to 311 West 98th Street Half Block from Riverside Drive. 2 Min. from 96th St. Subway Station. Parlor, Bedroom and Bath, $3.00 day, $75 mo. Parlor, 2 Bedrooms, Bath, $4.50 day, $105 mo. Parlor, 3 Bedrooms, Bath, $6 day, $150 mo. With or Without Kitchens. Attractive restaurant. Table d'hote and a la Carte. Finest location and best value in the city. Telephone for reservations 6100 Riverside.

Hotel Bretton Hall Broadway, 85th to 86th St. Subway station at 86th St. corner. NEW YORK *Largest and Most Attractive Transient Midtown Hotel* *Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.* TRANSIENT RATES For Either One or Two Persons. Room & Private Bath, $3 to $4 Per Day Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $4 to $7.50 Per Day. Special Rates, Week, Season or Year. RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOV. 24, 1917.

THE DIMINISHING SUBMARINE.

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE did not say that the submarine menace had been conquered or controlled. He said he had been afraid that the Allies might ultimately be defeated by the submarine, but that he had "no longer any fear" of that. By way of hinting at his reasons, he mentioned that on one day alone five submarines had been sunk. In other words, war upon the submarines is being made so mercilessly and successfully that, though they continue to inflict great losses on us, they no longer endanger us.

The best proof of this is not that for the week ended Nov. 11 the ships sunk numbered only six, of which only one was over 1,600 tons. The following week the list climbed to seventeen, of which ten were over 1,600 tons. The first week was an ebb-tide week, the second was at the beginning of a flood tide. The submarine campaign ebbs and flows, conjecturally because the boats have to put back for supplies and rest. The right way to form a conclusion about whether the menace is diminishing or not is to note whether in its flood-tide weeks it is as destructive as it used to be in such weeks, and whether in its ebb-tide weeks it falls to a lower ebb than it formerly did.

The fact that it killed off seventeen boats in its flood-tide week of Nov. 18, as contrasted with only six in its ebb-tide week of Nov. 11, is of no consequence. The important point is that in its flood-tide weeks it has killed off as many as fifty-five, and that seventeen used to be the number that marked not its flood but its ebb. Formerly we did not say, as we do now, "Submarine sinkings rose last week to seventeen," but "Submarine sinkings fell last week to seventeen."

The greatest period of submarine activity and destructiveness was from April 7 to May 5. For the week ended April 7 the sinkings were only nineteen. It was an ebb-tide week, in which most of the submarines were probably back in port, but it will be noticed that for that week of little activity the sinkings were two more than they were last week, which according to present standards is a flood-tide week. After April 7 the submarines went forth in large numbers, and by April 14 their sinkings had climbed to twenty-eight. The highest point they touched in this period of devastation was fifty-five, which they sank in the week ended April 21. In the following week they sank fifty, then forty-four, and the week ended May 12 was an ebb-tide week, when they presumably returned to port. But in that ebb-tide week they sank twenty-three ships. Nowadays, when they sink as many as seventeen, it is a flood-tide week, a week when the submarines are out at sea in force.

Further, the period of activity does not last as long as formerly. Last Spring the submarines, after a week in port, took the high seas and stayed at their work three and four weeks at a time. The length of time has been decreasing until now a single week of activity is all that comes after a week of inactivity. Like Dr. Jekyll's potion, the effect of which kept wearing off faster the longer he used it until he could not keep himself Jekyllized for more than a few minutes at a time, the submarine has to refit oftener and can play its part only for constantly lessening periods.

In the time of its greatest destructiveness, the submarine fleet took the sea in the week ended April 14 and did not return to port until the week ended May 12. Look now at the later periods. For four weeks, the last two of September and the first two of October, the submarines were comparatively inactive and sank from thirteen to eighteen ships a week. The week ended Oct. 21 they were apparently out in force, and rose to twenty-five, but they were unable to keep up the effort, and in the week ended Oct. 28 they had sunk back to seventeen again. In the week ended Nov. 4 they sank to twelve, and were down to six, which is the lowest ebb, by Nov. 11. Now they have risen, in the week ended Nov. 18, but risen only to seventeen. In all this period there was only one week of actual activity, and even in that week the sinkings were only twenty-five.

THE ZIONISTS.

The occasions and the opportunities for making and remaking history which the worldwide war presents are everywhere objects of absorbing interest, but perhaps they have nowhere been more attentively studied than by those of the Jewish race who look upon the impending fall of Jerusalem and the establishment of a British protectorate in Palestine as offering the promise of a restoration of the Jewish nationality. This aspiration, to which the name of Zionism has usually been given, is by no means universal among the Jewish people, many of whose leaders see dangers lurking in the attempt to realize the dream of a political establishment. Multitudes of orthodox Jews still cherish the belief that the return to Zion is to be preceded by the coming of ELIJAH, and among these there is either indifference to the proposed establishment of the Jewish State or doubt as to the wisdom of the movement.

Jews have wept as they remembered Zion, but those of modern ways of thinking understand that the course of history is not easily retraced. Giving due weight to the influence of national feeling, locally acquired, upon their co-religionists in the countries where they have lived during "disapora," or dispersion, they fear that the Zionist project might involve the possibility of a recurrence of anti-Semitism. It is a question of the greatest importance to the future of those of the Jewish faith and manifestly one to be decided by cool judgment rather than by the impulses of enthusiasm. A study of the practical working of attempts at repatriation wherever they have been made would serve as a safeguard against errors which might be committed under the guidance of yearning and idealism. The proposal has been made that the problem might be solved by the establishment of colonies in Palestine under the protection of Great Britain and France and the United States, and this suggestion has met with a good deal of favor among Jews who have given consideration to the practical side of the Zionist movement.

HAIG NEARING BELGIUM.

The advance of the British Army almost to the gates of Cambrai puts General HAIG well in the lead in the push for the Belgian frontier, and it suggests an inquiry into the progress the Allies are making in their joint operations to expel the Germans from French territory. Something like a deadlock still exists on the line Ypres-Dixmude-Nieuport to the north, although there are signs of a breakup east of shell-scarred Ypres, and the British are still outside Lens; but from Arras to St. Quentin trench warfare, as a problem for the British offensive, is practically nonexistent; or, to put it in another way, when the British decide to push on the enemy fails to hold them back. The operations are in such a fluid state that to speak of trench warfare in connection with them conveys no suggestion of a deadlock.

With Cambrai in front of him, Sir DOUGLAS HAIG's memories of the retreat from Mons must be less bitter when he reflects that the British are now headed for the Belgian frontier, which is not very far away. Sir JOHN FRENCH's expeditionary army was driven back in ten days 140 miles, from Mons to Lagny and Courtagnon, the latter south of the Marne and thirty miles southeast of Meaux. Most of the remnants of his army lay, before the great battle, near Meaux and the river. The retreat from Mons brought one division, the Second, past Cambrai, which was five miles to the right, or to the northwest. The other divisions, also fighting rear-guard actions, fell back in almost parallel lines. One passed through Le Catelet and another through St. Quentin. When the British take Cambrai they will be well on their way to the Belgian frontier, reversing their course, but not with the celerity that marked the terrible but gallant retreat from Mons. That city is eighteen miles in a direct line on the other side of the Belgian frontier, and from Cambrai to the frontier is thirty miles, but, measured by the roads over which armies must march, the distance is considerably longer.

It is now three years and almost three months since the allied armies turned upon the foe on the banks of the Marne and the Ourcq. VON KLUCK's retreat, when he failed to break through FOCH's Ninth Army, was rapid and masterly. The skill of it cannot be denied to the German commander. In the last two days of the battle he fell back in good order, and stubbornly fighting, from thirty to fifty miles, according to the conformation of his line. The next battle to be fought was known as the Aisne, for behind that river the German Army dug in before the race for the sea, with its many sanguinary conflicts.

It was to be nearly two years before the British could make any considerable progress by the measured mile from their intrenched positions. The battle of the Somme, five months of fighting, carried them forward a run from this idle territory, such a few miles; in the Spring of this year Bapaume and Péronne were captured, another gain on the road back to the Belgian frontier, but still only a few miles. Then came the battle of Arras, which placed Cambrai within striking distance; but it was not until the Battle of the Tanks, which has set all the world wondering, that several miles in one day, in this case six, could be marked up to the credit of the patient and resourceful HAIG. Today a British airman at a high altitude should be able to see in a clear medium the plains of Belgium through his binoculars. Another blow such as the British have struck in the neighborhood of Cambrai and it will not be a long way to the frontier.

THE RAILWAY SETTLEMENT.

The conference between the President and the railway trainmen puts everything in the way of settlement without, in fact, settling anything except that there shall be no strike. With that settled, the greatest obstacle to granting the trainmen all that they ought to have disappears. So long as they negotiated under threat of a strike they prejudiced their own cause by the appearance of asking for what they wanted with a threat of action contrary to the public interest. On the other hand, the unreserved submission of the railways to the President's award created a presumption in their favor which it was necessary that the trainmen should remove, if they wished to appeal to public opinion on terms of equality. Under such conditions, the trainmen could not hope to obtain treatment so considerate as that which will be accorded them now that the antagonism created by their menace has been removed.

It does not follow that the trainmen will or should receive all that they asked. It is conceded that they ought to have generous treatment. The railways must be kept running, and the wages necessary for that purpose must be paid. It is idle to argue about it. There is no alternative. But that is different from conceding that the trainmen's demands must be satisfied. Nobody is asking the trainmen to man the railways at a sacrifice to themselves. But the trainmen have no standing to ask that the railways shall be operated at greater cost than is necessary. No blame attaches to them for asking more than the railways can pay, or, perhaps, more than the trainmen expected to get. That is the customary manner of procedure. As unionists they are not guardians of public interest. As unionists it is their right, even their duty, to make the best collective bargain they can. Only in their capacity as citizens is there ground for suggesting to them that there are economic limits to humanity.

This brings out the difference between the situation of the President and either the railways or the trainmen, alone or together. The President is charged only with the public interests. Wages and profits are nothing to him as President. He must keep the railways running with prime regard to the public interests. The antagonisms between labor and capital, the equal necessity that both shall have a living wage, can be considered only secondarily. It might be necessary that the public should contribute to the cost of keeping either party to the wage contract in working condition. That would be better than to have the railways inefficient because either side of the contract had been starved into incapacity for work. But before giving assistance from public funds there ought to be a demonstration of its necessity. If the joint product of the railways and the trainmen can earn the upkeep for both of them, it would be better than that outdoor relief at the common cost should be given either or both of them. That solution would be both economic and humane.

Both capital and labor are deserting the railway industry by millions of money and thousands of workers. The condition which confronts the country is the necessity of finding capital and labor for the railways at a cost which the railways can pay. If it cannot be done, then tax money must make good the deficit. The President cannot give less than justice to either the railways or the trainmen at the expense of the other. That has been done, and with the result of raising larger questions instead of solving the original question.

TAMMANY AND THE NEW COURT HOUSE.

Tammany is continuing its campaign wherein old inventions about the new Court House project were sedulously revamped. The voters were told that the project was the Fusion administration's; that it was a branch of a more grandiose and costly Civic Centre; that the site chosen was over the old Collect Pond and could not be used; that, when $12,000,000 had been squandered on it, the plan had been given up, and so on. Having planted these falsehoods among the uninformed, the proleptic Tammany administration, beginning early, seeks to use the new Court House plan not merely as a discredited Fusion scheme, but as a means of persuading the Tammany voters of the sincerity of Tammany's promise of municipal ownership. Here is a lot of property which costs the city a round sum a year in interest and taxes lost. Let us make it fruitful, develop it. Some ingenious economist even proposes to build model tenement houses on the site, so as to give the city some revenue from this idle territory, such an eyesore to the vigilant Tammany watchdogs of the treasury.

Tammany talks of going to Albany next year to ask the Republican Legislature to abolish the Court House Board, whose members are getting no pay, and to ask for legislation, "if any legislation should be necessary," to kill the new Court House for all time. Thus Tammany is to show its passion for "economy," and if the Legislature, as is certain, finds a city too poor to build a Court House too poor to indulge the Monte Cristian dream of municipal ownership, why, Tammany can point to the defeat of its efforts therefor by wicked Republican partisanship.

It is hard to believe that the intelligent leaders of Tammany are making anything more than a political manoeuvre. The Judges and the lawyers who complained so bitterly about conditions in the ramshackle Tweed Court House will have something to say about the "abandonment" of a project which the Board of Estimate postponed more than a year and a half ago on account of the risen and rising cost of construction and the shrinking of the city's borrowing limit caused by the subway appropriations. The site cannot be given up unless the Legislature changes its mind, a contingency not to be apprehended. The State had the power, and by statute exerted it, to provide for the erection of a Court House where courts are to sit which are a part of the State judiciary system. The act is mandatory. The Board of Estimate had no choice in the matter. In 1915 the Corporation Counsel held that "the State has "imposed a mandatory duty to erect "a Court House under this act, and "that the project cannot be abandoned."

So much for the Tammany pretense of doubt if legislation is needed to end the new Court House project. It is needed, and it cannot be had, and Tammany knows it. The State will see that its courts are adequately housed, when a more propitious time for building comes.

Since Tammany is now proposing to act in accordance with the legends which it has spread about the new Court House, it may interest the public to hear the true story. In 1902 the movement for a worthy successor to Mr. TWEED's monument began. In 1903 the Legislature required the appointment of a Court House Commission and the provision by the city of funds for site and structure. In October, 1911, when Judge GAYNOR was Mayor, these requirements were made severely mandatory, and the time to choose the site was limited to six months. From that time to this, the city has done what the Legislature prescribed. The Corporate Stock Committee of the Fusion Board of Estimate at the time was against the project and wished to remodel the Tweed Court House. The Judges, various civic bodies, most of the newspapers, insisted on the other plan. It was the Legislature, by them persuaded, that approved that plan and the work on it.

Site after site had been selected and rejected, for cause. The present site, the least expensive and most convenient suitable site, was chosen on the advice of expert engineers and architects. Collect Pond as a hidden enemy of sound and cheap foundation of the proposed Court House is mere cock-and-bullism against categorical engineering authority. More land than was needed was bought, by taking advantage of the principle of "excess condemnation." Thus the land not needed will ultimately be sold at the increased valuation which a great improvement is sure to produce. This is a financial consideration which Tammany will do well to bear in mind. The cost of the previous sites studied by the Court House Board ranged from $12,000,000 to $18,000,000. The cost of the actual site, when the "excess" land has been sold, is estimated by real property experts at between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000. A city-built "Civic Centre" is an idea or dream which the Board of Estimate never had, a landless dream.

Mayor GAYNOR's Court House Board and the Judges of the Supreme Court chose the plans for the Court House, as the law ordained. The Board of Estimate had only the power to cut the estimates. It reduced those estimates on Mr. GUY LOWELL's plans from $15,000,000 to $7,500,000. In 1916 it decided, as has been said, that the building should be delayed. There has been nothing but economy, too severe economy, perhaps, so far as the structure itself is concerned, in the course of the Board of Estimate. The land has been providently and skillfully acquired. To carry it vacant for a year or two is far cheaper than to build. The value is there. It will grow.

Tammany would be wiser to accept the facts. It will have to accept the fact that the city needs, and the State has ordered, the new Court House.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Deception as Practiced in Germany. Nothing could better illustrate the methods used by the German Government to perpetuate in the minds of its subjects the belief that the war is going well for them and it than do the official reports which contain all the information regarding this week's events near Cambrai that has been allowed to reach the German public. Other Governments, it is true, are not at all eager to give out minute details of their reverses, but in no case can it be charged that any of the Entente peoples have been deliberately deceived, as have the Germans this week, by the turning of an important defeat into a glorious victory.

Perhaps this should be called a method of delaying news—of letting the facts come out slowly in order that their force may be weakened—rather than an attempt permanently to misinform. Certainly not all Germans will refrain from looking up on their maps the names of the villages mentioned in the official outgivings, and these are enough to reveal just how large was the area described as "a little ground," and they can discover, by measuring the distance between Cambrai and Fontaine Notre Dame, how far beyond the Hindenburg line the British had penetrated before they reached a place they could not hold.

Investigation of this sort takes time, however, and a majority of the German population have neither the inclination nor the facilities for making it. They prefer to accept the news as provided by their masters, and, as the truth slowly filters down to them, they can postpone its acceptance by the ever-convenient exclamations about "British lies." In these battles along extensive fronts, too, there are always points where the attack is a complete or comparative failure—where the losses of the assailants have been heavy. These points are always mentioned in the German reports, and mentioned as if they were the whole battle.

The German press of necessity permits itself to be used for the concealment and distortion of facts, and there was evidence yesterday to show that the papers went even further than did the military publicity officers in minimizing the severest reverse yet suffered on the western front. But, after all, such expedients are nothing less than desperate, and terrible will be the penalty for them except in one contingency—ultimate victory for those who resort to them.

Householders Should Do the Same. Cynics who observe that recent changes in the bills of fare offered by many New York hotels have not been accompanied by a congruous lowering of prices may say—and in fact do—that the smaller portions and the absence of certain foods are not wholly unrelated to a yearning on the part of the hotel keepers for larger profits. How much of basis there may be for this suspicion in some cases is a matter of small consequence—of none at all, indeed, in comparison with the unquestionable fact that these changes have resulted in the saving of meat by the hundreds of tons and of wheat by the hundreds of bushels every week since they began.

The exact figures showing the amounts of various foods that thus have been left available for export to our allies, and for diminishing scarcity and therefore prices in the domestic market, have come from the Federal Commissioner in Washington, and the totals as printed yesterday were impressive. No patrons of the hotels and restaurants that have established wheatless and meatless days have suffered at all from hunger in consequence, nor would there be any painful deprivations if this excellent example were followed by all other establishments of the same kind.

The number doing it is steadily increasing, but in this field, as in so many others, it seems that the presence and activity of the alien enemy have been revealed. For while some of the providers of public tables have merely been slow in joining the movement, others have refused to do so because they are out of sympathy with its object, which is, of course, to increase the military efficiency of Germany's foes. That there are places where that feeling of antagonism prevails is definitely charged by those who ought to know, and presumably do know, of what they speak. In those places not only is it asserted that no efforts to save are made, but that there is carried out a deliberate purpose to consume more than the ordinary quantity of just the foods in regard to which economy should be practiced.

The accusation probably cannot be proved definitely. It is too plausible, however, to be dismissed as incredible by anybody who reads the daily revelations of what a minute, but industrious and not negligible, fraction of our population is doing.

Successfully Started Discussion. While protests against the exemption of baseball players from military service lack the unanimity in baseball circles they would have if all of the league officials, club managers, and players were as wise and as patriotic as they should be, it is yet encouraging to observe that the true quality of President JOHNSON's astounding proposal is appreciated in those circles as well as out of it. And of its originator it can at least be said that it has not taken him long to realize his mistake. For already he is saying that his purpose in formulating his demand was merely to start a discussion of the subject.

This assertion, however, would be a better palliation of his very grave mistake if he did not weaken his new position by revealing that in his opinion baseball is a business as deserving of freedom from interference in wartime as are any of the other businesses upon the continuance of which, in war as in peace, the welfare and safety of the country are largely dependent.

As a matter of fact, professional baseball is not a business at all, except in the eyes of the few who make money out of it, and that their private profits should go on is of consequence only to themselves. To the public at large baseball is a sport or game, innocent enough as such, but only innocent, or even tolerable, on condition that it involves no minutest diminution of the nation's military efficiency and does not rob our armies of a single man who ought to be in them.

We could get along quite well for no short period without a single game of baseball played by anybody within the draft age limits.

A Sailor Made Welcome.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It gives me pleasure to call the following note to your attention, and through your columns to the attention of the public, as it is just one example of the appreciation of one of our stranger sailor boys for just the simple act of making him welcome in our home for a single evening:

Dear Mrs. ——.

Only a note must suffice as I attempt to tell you how much I enjoyed last evening. Such a welcome may seem the more gladdening to those who are further away from their old friends than I, but if so, it is only because they are more lonely, and not because they can appreciate any better such complete and cordial friendship.

I feel sure that I speak from the hearts of most of the fellows when I say that nothing can instill in our hearts the spirit of the Homeland or the feeling that the fight is worth it all than the knowledge that somebody cares whether or not our contentment is as complete as it can be.

Hoping to be able to see you all again some time, I must close.

Faithfully,

I trust that the publication of the above may help to further the spirit of good-will in our country. E. E. L.

Brooklyn, Nov. 22, 1917.

ART NOTES.

First Exhibition of the Taos Society of Artists.

The Taos Society of Artists is holding its first exhibition at the Hotel Majestic. The art colony of Taos is very well known throughout the United States, and this society, formed two years ago, comprises nine members, E. Irving Couse, Bert G. Phillips, Ernest L. Blumenschein, J. H. Sharp, W. Herbert Dunton, O. E. Berninghaus, Victor Higgins, Walter Ufer, and Julius Rolshoven. The Taos Indian is shown in their paintings engaged in his various activities, remarkably mild in aspect for a type that has resisted invasion and change through many centuries. Walter Ufer paints a Laguna Indian interior which testifies also to a high degree of cleanliness, the clothes of the inhabitants and the walls of the primitive shelter wearing a shining morning face, innocent of either dirt of untidiness. Mr. Rolshoven's portraits of "Summer Deer," "Eagle," and "Rain Cloud" are as dashing as Mr. Henri's, but have a certain surface polish and finish which the painter of sophisticated types is more apt to avoid, one may infer, than the painter of the so-called "savage." The pure blues and blond yellows in the street scenes by Victor Higgins interpet the color of New Mexico with a charming radiant delicacy. Mr. Berninghaus strikes a pleasant narrative note in "His Favorite Pony," and the bluish pallor of his color is echoed in Mr. Dunton's "The Range Rider." Mr. Couse and Mr. Blumenschein are well known to gallery visitors. The exhibition as a whole has the interest of new subject matter, but the painting is done in the spirit of illustration, perhaps the right spirit, when it is an affair of making records of a race certain to vanish. The exhibition closes Dec. 22.

Paintings by Violet Mège.

A young Algerian painter and sculptor, Violet Mège, is exhibiting her work at the Touchstone Gallery. When very young her talent was recognized as unusual, and she was sent to Paris as a protegée of the French Government, working there for several years. Her pictures in the present exhibition are divided into the Algerian group, the French group, and the American group, but the division brings with it no special evidence that the artist is sensitive to the spirit of place. She carries her Algerian atmosphere with her when she is painting an American "Red House" as when she is painting the Seine and the Luxemburg. One feels her, indeed, rather more racially different in these paintings than in those made in her native country, which have no surprises, but are vivid sketches of the picturesque places dear to the Occidental. Her portraits are her strongest achievements, "The Student Girl" showing a very serious effort toward characterization. The exhibition is well worth visiting and lasts until Dec. 1.

PAY FOR PRISONERS.

The Law of Nations as Explained by the Adjutant General.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A letter recently appeared in your editorial page from a gentleman much disgruntled over what fat salaries he had heard were paid the interned Germans, salaries far in excess of what our boys are receiving while fighting for our country and its Government, which these insolent Germans have been doing their utmost to hamper and destroy.

I was seriously concerned myself at such seeming injustice and wrote to the War Department to make inquiry, receiving the inclosed letter.

E. H. B. LATHROP.

Hillsdale, N. J., Nov. 22, 1917.

[Inclosure.]

War Department,
The Adjutant General's Office,
Washington, Nov. 19, 1917.

Mr. E. H. B. Lathrop, Grey House, Hillsdale, N. J.

Dear Sir: Referring to your letter of the 15th instant, in which you make inquiry concerning the treatment by this Government of German prisoners of war, I am directed by the Secretary of War to advise you as follows:

International law provides that a captor nation pay commissioned prisoners of war a certain amount which is used to defray the cost of their food and clothing, and for the purchase of any other articles permitted them by prison regulations. Upon the conclusion of war the amounts so expended shall be refunded to the captor Government by the prisoners' own Government. International law further provides that enlisted prisoners of war shall be clothed and fed by a captor nation and shall be paid for certain labor performed by them. This money is not given to the prisoners, but is used to better their condition, and reimbursement by their own Government is not an indemnity.

The rules of international law just given are being complied with by all of the belligerents, including Germany, of the present war, and what the United States is doing is only what is required of them by the laws of war.

Very respectfully,
J. S. JONES,
Adjutant General.

Denies Felix Diaz Is Pro-German.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Friends of General Felix Diaz are scandalized by a news item in a New York paper alleging that the Diaz movement in Mexico has German support. As spokesman, I emphatically declare that General Diaz himself and all who are in harmony with his reconstructive plans for Mexico are, and from the beginning have been, unfailing in their sympathy for the allied cause. Witness the uninterrupted shipment to France, England, and the United States of oil from the Tampico oil fields, which for two years have been in full control of the Diaz forces. The prosperity and the right economical development of Mexico depend absolutely on the friendship and the success of the United States and its allies in the war.

CECILIO L. OCON.

Philadelphia, Nov. 22, 1917.

ITALY.

Thou art bleeding, Italy!
Rubies burn thy boiling sea,
Dripping rubies from thy heart;
And afar we pale, and start
As we first had felt a blow,
Though a thousand scars we bear.
Little of our world we know,
Little of her ways can read;
Lies her head we know not where;
Or her shifting hands and feet;
But her heart we know is set
(Like a song within a deed,
Like a jewel all may see,
Like a glory all may wear)
Golden warm in Italy;
And, there wounded, we must bleed.

Thou art bleeding, Italy!
Hot the tears that blind us; we
See no sin of all thy sins.
All we know is in our veins,—
Veins that burn with hurt to thee.
All we know is, thou dost call;
That thou in the darkness strove,
And the spear is in thy side.
All we know is that we love,
And the blows that on thee fall
Fall as blows upon a bride,
Italy!

OLIVE TILFORD DARGAN.

THIS BAZAAR FOR CHARITY.

Mrs. Atherton's Assurances for the Patrons of Hero Land.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I hear some apprehension expressed that the disgraceful fiasco of the Army and Navy Bazaar will injure the prospects of Hero Land; that people, reading the revelations in the newspapers, will assume that all charity bazaars are in the same class and that they would far better give their money to their favorite war relief organization.

But nothing could be further from the truth. If the raison d'être of the Army and Navy Bazaar were given the ghost would be laid at once, but as it is a principle of our law that the greater the truth the greater the libel, I refrain. Suffice it to say that the poor Army and Navy are as innocent as lambs, and that there is a certain class of men (the vulgar word "bunch" best describes them) who make their living out of entertainments for charity. These men charge high for their services, and although they may have altruistic spasms (who am I that I should judge?) they hate, like the American race in general, to show their feelings.

With the National Allied Relief and the Committee of Mercy, organized and run by John Moffat, it is quite another story. Mr. Moffat has worked for three years with no salary whatever, and spending something like five thousand a year out of his own pocket. Meanwhile he has sent, or helped the sixty war relief organizations co-operating with these parent trunks to send, sums amounting to almost twenty millions of dollars. The personnel of these sixty organizations, numbering the most prominent people in New York, each organization with one of the great banks as Treasurer, have the utmost confidence in Mr. Moffat's integrity, management, and executive ability. That portion of the New York public in a position to know the inside history of such matters has equal faith in him.

Now Mr. Moffat is running the Hero Land Bazaar. The idea was his, and he has given thought and attention to every detail. All the prominent people associated with him are donating their services. Large donations enabled him to have it decorated as no bazaar has ever been decorated before; it will be like an escape into the Arabian Nights from the dull horrors that are coming closer every day.

He has stated in THE TIMES the insignificant sum which must be deducted from the gross receipts. Only one or two of the decorators are paid, and the clerical staff.

To show how determined he is that not a cent shall be wasted, it is only necessary to state that no one will receive a pass, no matter what his services, to or in the bazaar. For instance, I, as President of Le Bien-Etre du Blessé, have a large booth on the third floor—where all the allied charities are—but I must buy my own season ticket and that of my three associates in the general management of the two sections of the booth, Miss Elsa Maxwell, Mrs. Laird, and Mrs. Russell. I must also buy one hundred and forty entrance tickets for my twenty-four volunteer assistants, who will distribute themselves over the sixteen days of the fair. There is no appeal from this rule, and thousands of dollars will be saved, besides much dishonesty averted—people sometimes pass their passes on.

Each of us running a booth gets for our charity every cent we make, the only charge being our share of the electric lighting. We furnish our own booths, although counters are supplied without extra charge. I went down to the Grand Central Palace the other day to see my booth, ask questions about carpenters, and get a good deal of other general information. I expected to hang around for an hour and then learn little, if anything. I found no confusion whatever, but a most business-like official in charge, who showed me my beautiful booth and gave me all the information I wanted in five minutes. It is the same thing at the offices of the National Allied Relief. Questions are answered promptly and satisfactorily, with none of the maddening vagueness and procrastination I have always associated with these affairs, and not one of us but is confident that the bazaar will be run with as few jars as is humanly possible, and that it will be as successful as it will be unique and beautiful.

If THE TIMES will give me space I will embrace this opportunity to inform the public interested in Le Bien-Etre du Blessé that our booth is divided into two parts—a fortune-telling "tent," (very mysterious, with black velvet curtains and dim lights, and incense—unless the fortune tellers choke and object,) and a beauty shop where Mrs. Laird's creams, skin foods, hair tonics, and powders alone can be bought. Mrs. Laird has given us a large donation, besides her personal services every night, and furthermore has gathered in the few remaining bottles of J. Giraud Fils' perfumes and cakes of soap in this country. Young men, buy them for your best girls. They are very expensive, but they are the pure essence, and it will be many a long day before France sends us any more.

De Wolfe and Wachner are dressing twelve large dolls, donated by Wanamaker, to represent the Broadway stars of the moment. Miss Florence Nash will auction them off. In the fortune-telling booth the three eminent professionals who have so generously donated their services are Dr. de Kerlor, Mrs. Cochlaine, and Mrs. Piper. I should like to give the long list of the accomplished dilettantes who are also giving me many afternoons and evenings, as well as the list of pretty and attractive women who will serve in the beauty shop, but I dare not consume more space.

GERTRUDE ATHERTON.

New York, Nov. 21, 1917.

Sinn Fein as Suffrage Model.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial of today on woman suffrage you say:

Turn to England. . . . For such invaluable services, such "concrete" fruitful patriotism, great numbers of English women are to be enfranchised.

Are they? So far as I am aware the question is by no means settled: the proposal to enfranchise a very limited number of women is merely one of many points under consideration in the measure now before the British House of Commons and there is yet no guarantee that even this limited woman suffrage will become law. Such as it is, the proposal is to extend the franchise merely to women over thirty years of age, and, as most of the women who make bombs and run elevators are under thirty, it is not quite clear how their "fruitful and concrete" patriotism is to be rewarded. Moreover, the women of Ireland (even those over 30) are to be excluded entirely from the proposed new franchise clause.

I notice that the same illusion—that Great Britain has pledged herself to enfranchise women as a reward for being "patriotic," seems to prevail in the minds of New York suffrage leaders, being used by them as an argument for woman suffrage and by you as an argument against American women getting the vote. As a matter of fact, none of the European allies have given their women the vote, except Russia; they and the Central Powers alike exclude women from citizenship. The Sinn Feiners in their proclamation of an Irish republic, on the other hand, granted the franchise to all men and women over 21, an ideal that both Allies and Central Powers would do well to emulate.

HANNA SHEEHY SKEFFINGTON.

New York, Nov. 23, 1917.

HYLAN FACES FIGHT ON COURT HOUSE SITE

Board Ready to Oppose Any Plan to Abandon Project for Model Tenements.

MUST GO TO LEGISLATURE

Lawyers and Judges Counted Upon to Unite in Opposition—No Work Likely Till After War.

It was made plain yesterday that Mayor-elect John F. Hylan will abandon the Court House project only over the strongest opposition of the Court House Board. In reply to the Hylan suggestion that the Court House project be given up and model tenements built on the site owned by the city, L. Laflin Kellogg, Chairman of the Court House Board, pointed out that the new administration could not abandon the project unless the Legislature said so, and that as long as the present law stands he cannot build model tenements or anything else on the site without the consent of the Court House Board. It is very evident that the Judge will not get such consent.

Of course, as Mayor, Judge Hylan expects to get rid of the Court House Board, and the law making mandatory the building of a new Court House in New York City. It is the belief of those opposed to giving up the Court House project that the coming administration will have difficulty in persuading the Legislature that it should reverse itself, pointing to the fact that the 1918 Legislature will be Republican. It is believed that a majority of the lawyers of the city will fight a repealer of the Court House bill. The Justices of the Supreme Court have already approved the plans prepared by the Court House Board.

It was pointed out by members of the board yesterday that the Hylan argument that the Court House should not be built at present high prices of labor and materials did not amount to anything, inasmuch as at the beginning of the war the Court House Board had adopted a resolution stating that more favorable conditions should prevail before construction work was started, and offering the site to the city for whatever use it could make of it during the war.

"The Court House Board," said Chairman Kellogg, "has had the plans approved by the Judges, by the Art Commission, and by the Board of Estimate, and would have asked for bids before this, but for the high prices prevailing. That was the only reason for not going ahead with the work.

"Now I have no wish to antagonize Mayor-elect Hylan, but it should be pointed out that we are a State board, and appointed without term of office being stated. Judge Hylan cannot carry out his reported plan unless he has the Legislature repeal the act making mandatory the building of a Court House and creating the board.

"Whether or not Judge Hylan can do that remains to be seen. I doubt it. The Court House Board will fight such a repeal bill, as I believe most of the lawyers of the city will. We need a new Court House, and I want to see it built. That is the only object I have in the matter. I want to see the thing go through."

Mr. Kellogg admitted that the board could not construct the Court House unless the Board of Estimate supplied the money. On the other hand, he pointed out that it would have to furnish the money unless the Legislature permitted it not to.

Other members of the board were not pleased with the attitude taken by the Mayor-elect. They did not wish to express an opinion for publication, referring all inquiries to Chairman Kellogg.

It is known that Charles Steckler, a member of the board, intends to resign in the near future. However, he stated his intention prior to the statement of the attitude of the Mayor-elect toward the Court House project.

The members of the board have been serving without pay since the passage of the resolution at the beginning of the war not to go ahead immediately with the construction of the Court House.

HYLAN ATTACKS BUDGET.

Urges Board of Aldermen to Cut Salaries and End Useless Jobs.

Sheriff Alfred E. Smith, President-elect of the Aldermen, conferred for two hours with Frank L. Dowling, President of the Board of Aldermen, over proposals to reduce the 1918 budget, now before the Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen. It is understood that they discussed proposals emanating from Mayor-elect Hylan as to certain salary curtailments and the abolition of several hundred minor jobs. After the conference the Sheriff gave to newspaper men a letter from Judge Hylan to President Dowling suggesting that the Aldermen reduce salaries and abolish useless positions. This is Judge Hylan's letter:

Nov. 23, 1917.

The Hon. Frank L. Dowling, President, Board of Aldermen, City Hall, New York City:

Dear Mr. President: Upon an examination of the budget I am prompted to the suggestion that the Board of Aldermen exercise its authority under the charter and reduce what in their judgment would be inordinate salary increases and strike from the budget the places not necessary to the conduct of the city's business.

The financial stringency the country is facing at this time and the already heavy burden placed upon the taxpayers and rent payers of the city suggests that you do your utmost along fair, just, and equitable lines to give what relief can possibly come from Aldermanic action. Very truly yours,

JOHN F. HYLAN.

The Sheriff said he had nothing to add to the letter. When asked what concrete steps the Aldermen had been advised to take he said, "Wait and see."

AGAINST PARTY FOR WOMEN.

Mrs. Lillian S. Griffin Says All Voters Have Common Interest.

"If you ever hear any one say anything about such a thing as a 'Woman's Party,' sit upon it," said Mrs. Lillian S. Griffin, President of the Woman's Law Club, indignantly, at a meeting of the club at the Hotel McAlpin yesterday afternoon. "When the women live upon the east side of the city and the men upon the west then will be the time for a Woman's Party and a Man's Party. Until then, while all our interests are in common, we will work together. Parties do not mean as much as they did. The party now is more for the service of man, and man not so much for service of the party."

A member had asked about voting, and Mrs. Griffin said that it was not possible, as the laws were at present for women to vote at the primaries without being affiliated with a political party, and woman asked about the possibility of a party for women.

"When we started this club," said Mrs. Griffin, "it did not matter so much what we did, for we did not have influence. Now we must have less talking and more deeds, not only to elevate ourselves, but for the principles for which suffrage stands. Our constitution gives a good idea of the work for which we stand, to 'take an interest in the law and discuss the same' and to 'uphold the law when justice is impugned.' We may want to educate voters for next October."

Big Growth in Revenue Receipts.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Nearly $100,000,000 will be received this month from ordinary internal revenue collections, mainly taxes on liquor, tobacco, and automobiles, according to estimates made today, based on receipts of $71,000,000 since Nov. 1. This record is almost three times as high as that of November, 1916. Since July 1, total internal revenue receipts have been $284,000,000, as compared with $176,000,000 in the same period last year.

NO PEACE PROSPECT IN SUFFRAGE VICTORY

State Party's Program Stirs Anew Opposition of the Antis to Federal Amendment.

FORESEE SEX ANTAGONISM

Alice Hill Chittenden Reviews Convention and Points to Dangers of Platform Adopted.

The platform adopted by the New York State Woman Suffrage Party at its convention, just adjourned, has ended all probability of the antis joining them in a united woman's movement. Both the reprisal plank, which narrowly escaped incorporation in the platform and the Federal amendment indorsement test for all candidates for Congress and the State Legislature have further antagonized the anti sentiment. Those who supported Miss Harriet May Mills's proposal to change the name of the organization to the New York State Women's Political League on the ground that up-State women still found the name suffrage "a red rag" and that the party could do its work of educating the woman voter far better under a less contentious title, were shown to have gauged rightly a phase of sentiment in the city as well, according to expressions of opposition feelings yesterday.

Though the State anti party will adhere to its intention of turning its organization into a patriotic league to wage war on pacifism and all forms of disloyalty, a platform on which it appealed to the suffragists to unite with it, the determination of the suffragists to make the Federal amendment propaganda their chief aim will result in a sturdily organized fight in New York State against the Federal amendment.

It was learned yesterday that the antis are earnest in their intention not to let apathy on the part of those who think the States alone should deal with suffrage to enable the State body to win easy victories. A State Committee of the national anti-association will be appointed, and it will try to unify every phase of opposition to the State party's program.

Miss Chittenden's Review.

An analysis of the convention proceedings from the standpoint of the opposition was made yesterday by Miss Alice Hill Chittenden, who said:

"The prophecy made by one up-State paper editorially that the extension of suffrage to women 'would revolutionize present political conditions,' is already in process of being fulfilled.

"The political leaders of all parties in the Empire State must have received a pretty severe jolt when they read in the papers a few days after election that many members of the Woman Suffrage Party favored holding their organization together as a militant or nonpartisan agency, which would have as its chief plank the immediate passage of the Woman Suffrage Federal amendment, and which could, and would, throw its vote for or against men who favored or opposed measures indorsed by the Woman's Party.

"The suffrage convention came within an ace of going a step further. It took the sagacity of one of its leaders, Mary Garrett Hay, to amend the reprisal plank, which, as originally framed, provided that the suffragists should throw their voting strength as a unit against men in public life who had opposed them in the past and in favor of such men only as have given their previous support or who agree in the future to uphold any measures advocated by the Woman's Party. If any such plan should be adhered to and carried out it would lead inevitably to an ever-menacing antagonism between the sexes. This is one of the possible evil effects of woman suffrage which anti-suffragists apprehended and deprecated.

Predicts Sex Warfare.

"The suffrage part of the female population of the State have clamored for equality as citizens, but if they are going to use the ballot as a club with which to attempt to coerce the male voters, lawmakers, or candidates for office to do their bidding, then the male politicians in turn will have to appease the women's organizations by bargaining, or they will use them as mere pawns in the political game, and instead of men and women meeting on equal grounds and equal terms as voters we shall have a continuous sex warfare.

"The suffrage movement is, as one eminent feminist has said, 'An essential branch of the tree of feminism,' and the driving power or force of the feminist movement is engendered by a desire to overturn the relations and therefore the relative power of the sexes.

"The New York suffragists are not the first ones to threaten to throw their voting power against men who opposed them. 'This is in reality a resumption of the "black list" of Congressmen and Senators issued by the suffragists as far back as 1914, when they announced they would defeat all those men who had refused to consent to vote for the Federal amendment.'

"A similar threat was made by the women voters of the Western States to defeat President Wilson, because they could not force him to a declaration in favor of the Federal Amendment. The utter disaster which may result from the continuous employment of such reprisal methods in politics was pointed out in an editorial in The New York World on Aug. 5, 1916, which said: 'There can be no stability in Government, no security in Government, if 4,000,000 votes can be used as an instrument of blackmail in compelling amendments to the Constitution of the United States whenever a few bosses of either sex so determine.'

Coercion Suggested.

"A woman voter of one of the Western States recently advised New York suffragists to adopt this coercive method of obtaining legislation by means of the Woman's Party, declaring that method had proved very successful in her State, inasmuch as the women banded together had forced the passage of such legislation as they demanded. It may be enlightening to the voters of New York State to know that the State had the reputation a few years ago of having passed the most extravagant legislation of any State in the country.

"The French Revolution may seem to many to be a far cry from the present tense days in New York State, where the war overshadows even the activities of the suffragists, but to the men of New York who really have the best interest of government at heart I commend a book, 'The Rights of Women,' written a few years ago by Ostrogorski, who received the prize in an international competition for the best essay on this subject, offered by the Paris Faculté de Droit. History repeats itself, and the women of the French Revolution were indeed the forerunners of some of the suffrage leaders of the present day. Ostrogorski states in one paragraph that, 'having flung themselves into the Revolution with an ardor and an enthusiasm not devoid of grandeur at the outset, they soon lost all balance, intellectual and moral. The Terrorists themselves,' he continued, 'were disgusted in the end by the habit into which the women fell, of exciting the people, of remonstrating with the men in office, and of promoting disorder in the cities.' These words read like paragraphs in the daily papers regarding the action of the pickets in Washington, as well as the suffrage attacks made upon all men in public life who do not agree with their point of view.

"Things came to such a pass in Paris that the Committee on Public Safety in 1793 asked the Convention to take measure against female politicians, and the Convention thereupon decreed the suppression of female clubs and societies, and subsequently prohibited any public assemblage of women. The female politicians then completely disappeared and did not reappear until nearly a half century later.

Other Periods of Feminism.

"There have been other periods in the world's history when the women attained political power, but they have not been periods of advanced civilization. The semi-barbarians of ancient Lycia gave much power to their women, but the Athenians, the most civilized of the ancient races, would not follow this example of their barbarian neighbors. In Sparta, Athens's great rival, women had much power. They were even soldiers; one Princess marched at the head of her female troop to rebuke the Senators for the decree that the women and children should be removed from the city before an anticipated attack by an enemy. But the birth rate declined in Sparta while women sought to direct and control public affairs, and the Spartan Nation ceased to exist.

"The dropping of the reprisal plank by the Woman Suffrage Party will not satisfy the male voters of the State, for just as long as the suffragists keep their organization together to work as a unit in the body politic there is sure to be friction, bitterness, and sex antagonism. In these critical days, when our country is in peril, men and women voters should all join together with only one plank in their platform—the plank of unqualified loyalty to the Government in the prosecution of the war."

SOLDIERS' SPOKEN FRENCH

By Helene Cross

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NATION'S SUFFRAGISTS WILL HONOR NEW YORK

State's Delegates to be Honor Guests at the Washington Convention Next Month.

As a finale to its forty-ninth annual convention, the Executive Board of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party met at headquarters, 303 Fifth Avenue, yesterday to plan for the convention of the National American Woman Suffrage Association in Washington on Dec. 11. New York State, because its women are the most newly enfranchised, are to be guests of honor at the convention.

Among those who will attend as New York's representatives are Mrs. Norman De R. Whitehouse, Mrs. Raymond Brown, Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, Miss Mary Garret Hay, Mrs. Arthur Livermore, Mrs. Frank J. Tone, Miss Mary Dreier, Mrs. William Belknap, Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid, Miss Alice Morgan Wright, Mrs. Noel Edge, Miss Adella Potter, Mrs. Howard Mansfield, Mrs. Willis Mitchell, Miss Alice Duer Miller, Mrs. Henry Bull, Mrs. Victor Morawetz, Miss Katherine Devereux Blake, Mrs. John Blair, and Mrs. William Hays. The city party, affiliated with the State body, has not yet appointed its delegates.

The city party yesterday planned to rush its plans for the political education of women voters, Miss Mary Garret Hay, its Chairman, announced. A committee for the purpose is made up of Mrs. Adolphe Borie, President of the Bryn Mawr Club; Miss Lillian D. Wald, Miss Virginia Gildersleeve, Dean of Barnard College; Miss Edith Morgan, Mrs. Herbert Croly, Miss Lina Gano, Mrs. Thomas B. Wells, Mrs. V. Simkovitch, Miss L. Davis, Miss M. Harvey, and Mrs. John Blair. Classes will begin the first week in December.

Under the auspices of the city party a series of jubilees over the victory of Nov. 6 are to be held in the various Assembly districts. Suffrage Captains are to give dinners to the leaders and leaders are to entertain workers. Simple, wartime menus are to prevail. The Ninth Assembly District will celebrate at the Café Boulevard tonight, Miss Belle C. Howard, its leader, presiding. Tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock there is to be a suffrage thanksgiving service in St. Mark's in the Bouwerie, at which many members of the Protestant Episcopal Suffrage Association of New York will attend.

At the State party headquarters yesterday it was said that in seeking fair representation for women among State officeholders a natural preference would be shown for such activities as public health, education, social problems generally, and welfare work among industries in which women and young girls are employed.

WOMEN IN NEW SOCIETY.

Auxiliary of Democratic Fusion Committee Takes Another Form.

The Woman's Auxiliary of the Democratic Fusion Committee of 170 at the Hotel Martinique yesterday went out of existence, and in its place was formed the woman's regular Democratic organization of New York. These officers of the old organization were chosen for the new: Miss Isabella M. Pettus, President; Mrs. C. McCall, Secretary; Mrs. Charles Hirst, Recording Secretary; Mrs. James P. Nieman, Treasurer; Mrs. Murray Hulbert, Financial Secretary, and Mrs. F. O. Leary, auditor.

The Executive Committee is composed of Mrs. Ella Hastings, Chairman; Mrs. John D. Haney, formerly President of the Women's College Clubs; Mrs. Julia Sanders, Mrs. J. I. Berry, Mrs. Robins A. Lau, and Mrs. Edward M. Dresser. Some objection was made to the formation of a new organization, the suggestion being that the auxiliary ally itself with either the Woman's Democratic Club or the State Democratic Forum, but it was decided to form a new organization to work along political lines.

Dance in Aid of Babies' Ward.

An invitation dance for the benefit of the babies' ward of the Post Graduate Hospital was held last night at 44 East Fifty-eighth Street under the auspices of a committee made up of Mrs. R. T. Wilson, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Mrs. J. Stewart Barney, Mrs. E. Lounsbery Perry, Mrs. A. D. B. Pratt, and Mrs. J. Philip Benkard. A supper was served and there was a vaudeville performance during it, the performers including Grace La Rue and Paul Frawley and the dancing team of Hyson and Dickson. There were about 200 present. Among those who had guests were Mrs. Charles Greenough, Mrs. James Lowell Putnam, Mrs. James B. Haggin, Mrs. Edward Breitung, and Lawrence S. Butler.

Miss Rodgers to Wed Lieut. Norton.

Mrs. Margaret T. Rodgers of Dallas, Texas, has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Katherine Byrd Rodgers, to Lieutenant Kenneth Berkley Norton, son of Dr. and Mrs. A. B. Norton of 30 East Fifty-fifth Street. Lieutenant Norton is a graduate of Columbia University and of the Columbia School of Architecture, class of '14, and is attached to the Coast Artillery Corps of New York. No date has been set for the wedding.

Dr. and Mrs. Baruch to Celebrate.

Dr. and Mrs. Simon Baruch, 51 West Seventieth Street, will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage at Sherry's, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, on next Tuesday evening.

Xmas Books

Gifts for Young People.

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WEST SIDE REPEAL HELD UP BY BOARD

Estimate Members Refer New York Central's Rights to Corporation Counsel.

RANSOM'S PROTEST IN VAIN

The Service Board, He Urges, Wants Its Way Clear So It Can Act After Dec. 1.

The proposal of the Public Service Commission that the city repeal the ordinance of 1847 granting the New York Central the use of certain streets was warmly, though not altogether favorably, received by the Board of Estimate yesterday. Discussion of the proposal was marked by clashes between members of the board and between Controller Prendergast and W. L. Ransom, counsel for the commission.

The upshot was that the request was referred to the Corporation Counsel for an opinion as to the power of the Board of Estimate. This was not altogether pleasing to Judge Ransom, who said that on Dec. 1 the Public Service Commission achieved full power in the west side controversy and it wanted the ordinance of 1847 repealed before that time.

At the opening of its session, the board received and filed a report of the Joint Committee of the Board of Estimate and the Public Service Commission, saying that it could reach no agreement with the New York Central as to the west side improvement plans. Then there was read a separate communication from the commission asking that the board give consideration to a resolution repealing the ordinance of 1847 together with other ordinances and resolutions and permits approved at various times since 1847.

"What is this matter?" asked Mayor Mitchel when the communication had been read.

"This is a requiem, your Honor," replied the Controller.

"Whose requiem?" asked President Connolly of Queens.

"The requiem of the committee," replied the Controller.

"It seems to me," said Mayor Mitchel, "that I introduced a resolution to rescind the 1847 ordinance in 1910 or 1911, and I also have a recollection that I was sat upon very hard."

Then Judge Ransom said the commission would like to have the ordinance repealed at once, so that by Dec. 1 the commission could clear the way for a definite ascertainment of just what rights the railroad held.

"Do you ask that seriously?" asked the Controller.

"I ask it very seriously," replied Judge Ransom. Then he assured the board that he would stake his professional reputation that the board had full power to rescind the ordinance.

"That may be true in your opinion," remarked the Controller, "but you are not our counsel and we must take the word of the Corporation Counsel."

Then Judge Ransom said he hoped that the Board of Estimate had not for several years been considering reports on the west side problem without an opinion from the Corporation Counsel as to the railroad's rights under the ordinance.

"I am sorry, Judge, to shatter your hopes," said the Controller, "but we have had no such opinion." Despite the insistence of Judge Ransom that Corporation Counsels had passed on the matter, a motion was carried to ask Corporation Counsel Hardy to give an opinion on the subject by next Friday, if possible.

The specifications and estimate of cost of $61,500 for the restoration of the cupola and the reconstruction of the third floor and roof over the central portion of the City Hall, which was damaged by fire last May, were accepted. The plans provide for the restoration of the cupola in sheet copper, backed with fireproof material. The cupola will be made to resemble the original cupola on the City Hall.

TRINITY GIVES RECTOR FOR WORK AT UPTON

Rev. Dr. Manning Gets Leave of Absence to Serve Enlisted Men at That Camp.

Trinity Parish yesterday granted, by action of its Vestry, a leave of absence to its rector, the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, to enable him to enter upon war work. The leave is not absolutely fixed, but it is expected to be for three months, or perhaps to the beginning of Lent. The work to be taken up will be that of an Episcopal rector at Camp Upton, in common with ministers of other bodies, which are selecting men of their prominent churches to serve enlisted men in this way. There was signed in this city yesterday two important war contracts. One was for the erection of a church and community building, to be located upon the Government reservation at Camp Upton and to cost $30,000. The building is to be owned jointly by Episcopal, Presbyterian, Methodist, Congregational, and Lutheran War Commissions, and is to be used by these bodies at hours to be arranged. Offices are provided for the various preachers, who are also to be pastors and always to keep in close touch with enlisted men of their respective bodies.

The other contract, signed under Presbyterian management, is for a community building at Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., to cost $20,000, and seven bodies join in the expense. It is to be located on leased land of fifty acres held by Bishop Matthews of the Episcopal Church. The feature will be a great common room, 24 by 40 feet, and there will be seven offices provided for the present seven bodies entering into the plan, with some additional rooms in case other bodies wish to come in. There will also be a big dining room and dormitories. Work is to be pushed with all speed upon both the Camp Upton and Camp Dix buildings.

Churches in many cities are taking action similar to that of the Vestry of Trinity and are granting leave with full salary and also paying for supplies for periods of three to six months. In some cases famous preachers go and stay at cantonments, and in others they go from one to another for Sunday sermons. The Rev. Dr. W. T. Wilcox of Westminster Presbyterian Church at Bloomfield, N. J., has been granted leave to go to Camp Dix, and the Rev. Dr. James Ramsay Swain of the Woodland Avenue Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, will go to Camp Upton for the period covered by the Rev. Dr. Manning there. At Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, women of Ohio are to provide a building costing $25,000 for the entertainment of parents of enlisted men, and a fund of fully $250,000 is already guaranteed for the entire Ohio work for soldiers done through Protestant bodies.

Hears Stiassny Estate is Insolvent.

A statement that the estate of Mrs. Sarah Stiassny, whose death from a bullet wound is still under investigation by the District Attorney, may be insolvent, was made before the Surrogate yesterday, when an application for the appointment of a temporary administrator was heard. Counsel for Mrs. Mollie Goldsrein, who says she is an aunt of Mrs. Stiassny, said that the estate probably amounts to $250,000, but Isador Hershfield, who was named as an executor in the last will, said that Mrs. Stiassny's personal property was not sufficient to pay her debts, and that her realty is nearly all mortgaged to the full extent, and in several cases foreclosure proceedings are threatened. The Surrogate adjourned the case to Dec. 28.

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HERO LAND OPENS GATE TO THE PUBLIC TONIGHT

All Is in Readiness for Great War Bazaar at the Grand Central Palace.

"Hero Land," the Allied War Relief bazaar, which is expected to eclipse any spectacle ever produced, will be opened at 7 o'clock this evening at the Grand Central Palace. Artists and decorators, who have been interested in the pictorial success of the affair, have been hard at work for the last few days putting on the finishing touches, and practically everything was in readiness last night for the opening.

Never has the palace undergone such a complete overhauling. Tons of bricks, mortar, and lumber were brought in to build the trenches, dugouts, and booths, until the building has largely been transformed. Many interesting events of history are depicted on one of the four floors, which are to be used for the bazaar. The dugouts and trenches are an exact copy of a portion of the Hindenburg line and are realistic even to the weapons used in battle. As it was considered unwise and impossible because of the limited space to find room for the British "tank," a building was erected especially for it on the Park Avenue side and with it will be shown other interesting relics sent over by the British Government.

"Bagdad," in charge of Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, will occupy the entire third floor, and most of the second floor has been taken by the Joint Distribution Committee of the American Funds for Jewish War Sufferers, where Bowling Green will be reproduced as it was in 1680. Mrs. Eli Du Bose Hoyle, wife of Brig. Gen. Hoyle, U. S. A., commander of the Department of the East, will preside over the booth of the American-British-French-Belgian Permanent Blind Relief War Fund booth. A feature of this exhibition will be a number of blind men engaged in manufacturing electrical goods, having been taught by the Double Duty Finger Guild, established by Dr. Schuyler S. Wheeler. The fund has founded two institutions at Neuilly, near Paris, where totally blinded soldiers are educated to earn their living. Some paintings donated for the blind soldiers will be exhibited and disposed of at the booth.

American night will be celebrated at the opening, and in addition to the attractions at the different booths a musical program has been arranged. A chorus of 1,000 voices will sing the national songs of the allied countries, under the direction of Harriet Ware, and the soloists will include Mary Jordan, who will sing the "Star-Spangled Banner"; Florence Perini, Mary Lawton, and Mme. Christine Eymael. They will appear in the costumes of the large countries now at war. There will also be a program of dancing by Mme. Thamara Swirskaya, assisted by M. Patopovich and the Balalaika Orchestra. Artists from the St. Nicholas Rink will appear on the skating rink in the course of the evening. Under the direction of the Stage Women's War Relief, moving pictures of Pauline Frederick, Constance Talmage, Carlisle Blackwell, Thomas Meigham, and Earle Ford will be taken under the direction of Hugh Ford, and later exhibited.

Society women will preside over the Red Cross Tea Room and will also act as hostesses at the various booths. Luncheon and dinner will be served in the Café de Paris, where reservations have already been made for the entire period of the bazaar by persons of social prominence. The bazaar will be closed tomorrow. Monday will be French and Alsace-Lorraine Day, with French and Alsatian plays and spectacles, and exclusive French official motion pictures of the war will be shown.

ALFRED POCHON MARRIES.

Second Violin of Flonzaley Quartet Weds Mrs. Susan Ruthardt.

Alfred Pochon, formerly of Lausanne, Switzerland, second violin of the Flonzaley Quartet, and Mrs. Susan Millar Ruthardt of Front Royal, Va., and a daughter of Colonel S. R. Millar, now in camp in Alabama, were married yesterday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Price, 47 Fifth Avenue, the Rev. Edward M. Deems of Sailors' Snug Harbor performing the ceremony in the presence of a few relatives and friends. Mr. Price, an old friend of Mr. Pochon, was his best man, and the bride's sister, Miss Millar, was her maid of honor.

Mrs. Pochon's first husband was the late Max Ruthardt. Mr. Pochon is one of the four original members of the now famous quartet, which was started in Lausanne, Switzerland, his home town, a number of years ago. The late Edward J. De Coppet, a New York millionaire who spent part of his time in Switzerland, heard the quartet play and brought its members to New York, where he was their financial backer. Flonzaley was the name of Mr. De Coppet's château on Lake Geneva, and the quartet took its name in compliment to him. The members spent their Summers in the Swiss city and their Winters touring the United States. Mr. Pochon now makes his home in this city.

MISS DAY'S BRIDAL PLANS.

Her Marriage to Carl Adolph Holstein to be Held on Dec. 4.

The wedding of Miss Erminie Day, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Allen of this city and Ridgefield, Conn., and a niece of Viola Allen, the actress, and Carl Adolph Holstein, Vice President of the John McGregor Grant Company, Inc., will take place quietly on Dec. 4 at 3 o'clock in the Church of the Heavenly Rest, and a small reception will be held at Delmonico's.

Miss Day will have her cousin, Miss Constance Day, as her maid of honor, and the Misses Katharine Baldwin and Vera Van Traath will be the bridesmaids. John McGregor Grant will be the best man, and the ushers are to be Fenell McCarthy, Albert A. Hall, Randolph Day, and Browning Day. Miss Day is a granddaughter of the late A. F. Randolph, President of the People's Bank, Fredericton, New Brunswick, Canada.

Ives-Burrows Wedding Tuesday.

The marriage of Miss Helen Hampton Burrows, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Webster Burrows of 360 Riverside Drive, and Alver Homer Ives is to be celebrated on next Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock in St. Agnes's Chapel. A large reception will follow the church ceremony at the Hotel Gotham. Mr. Ives is a son of Mrs. Rubamak Sargent and the late Alver E. Ives of Boston, and is a Harvard man.

Lowe-Werner Wedding on Dec. 1.

Miss Charlotte F. Werner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Werner of 124 West Fifty-fifth Street, and Donald V. Lowe, son of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert G. Lowe of Tenafly, N. J., are to be married on Saturday, Dec. 1, at 3:30 o'clock, in St. Thomas's Church. It is to be a large wedding, but the reception afterward at the Ritz-Carlton will be small.

Miss Werner will have as her attendants her cousin, Miss Elizabeth Gifford, and Mrs. Emerson Bigelow. Malcolm Lowe is to act as best man.

McEvitt-Hedenberg.

The marriage has been announced of Miss Olive Hedenberg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John E. Hedenberg, and Dr. Joseph L. McEvitt of this city, which took place on Wednesday last at Akron, Ohio.

The bride and her parents formerly lived in Montclair, N. J. She is a graduate of the New Haven Normal School. Dr. McEvitt is a graduate of Yale, class of '12, and was resident surgeon at the Manhattan Maternity Hospital for a year. Until he leaves for France, the couple will reside in this city.

TEA ROOM ADVERTISEMENTS will be found on Page 3.—Advt.

NEW YORK FLIER KILLED.

Machine Falls at Pensacola, Fla., with Herman Bose, Jr.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Herman Bose, an aviator attached to the naval station at Pensacola, Fla., was drowned there today when his machine became unmanageable and plunged into the bay. The Navy Department announced the accident tonight. Bose, who ranked as a first-class Quartermaster, was giving an exhibition flight before a test board. The department was unable to furnish further details.

Herman Bose of 872 Lexington Avenue said last night that his son, Herman Bose, Jr., entered the navy as a first-class mechanic on May 6 of this year, and had been detailed to the aviation section at Pensacola, Fla., several months ago. Mr. Bose had received no official confirmation of the report of his son's death, and was grief stricken when told of the accident by a TIMES reporter. His son had been on leave here during the last week, he said, and though his leave was not up until tomorrow he had received a telegram ordering him to report at Atlanta, Ga., on Wednesday.

Herman Bose, Jr., was 32 years old, and was in the automobile business in this city before he enlisted. He was unmarried, and is survived by his father, who is connected with the Franklin Simon Company, and three sisters.

WM. A. CAMPBELL DEAD.

District Superintendent of Brooklyn Schools for 19 Years.

William Alvin Campbell, who had been connected with the Brooklyn schools for thirty-two years and since 1898 District Superintendent, died from heart disease yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles Manning, 428 Hancock Street, Brooklyn. He was sixty-five years old.

Mr. Campbell was born in McConnellstown, Penn., and was graduated from the Millersville Normal College. He had been educated for the ministry and was selected to take charge of the Methodist College at Fu-Chow, China, but decided to continue his work in the schools in this country. Mr. Campbell had been Principal of the Hoboken High School and of Public School 44, Brooklyn, which he joined in 1885. As District Superintendent of Brooklyn schools his territory took in parts of Bay Ridge, Coney Island, and Flatbush, with more than 53,000 pupils in the schools.

In 1892 and 1893 Mr. Campbell served as President of the Brooklyn Teachers' Association. He was the author of several educational textbooks and belonged to Acanthus Lodge, No. 19, F. and A. M.; the Bushwick Club, and the Pennsylvania Society of New York. He is survived by a son and three daughters.

MAJ. RICHARD WEIL BURIED.

National Anthem Sung at Military Service in Temple Emanu-El.

The funeral of Major Richard Weil, Chief of Medical Staff of the base hospital at Camp Wheeler, and for many years Professor of Experimental Medicine in Cornell Medical College, took place yesterday morning at Temple Emanu-El.

After a brief private service at the Weil home, 1,000 Park Avenue, a military ceremony was held at the temple, beginning with the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner" and followed by a reading of the Ninetieth Psalm, an address and a prayer by the Rev. Dr. H. G. Enelow. Six sergeants in uniform represented the United States Army.

The burial took place in the Beth El Cemetery in Brooklyn. Half a mile from the cemetery the cortège was met by a company of soldiers and escorted to the burial plot. After Dr. Enelow had read the burial service, three volleys were fired over the grave and a bugle call sounded.

The honorary pall bearers included many of the physicians who were associated with Dr. Weil in the General Memorial Hospital of the Cornell Medical College. Among them were Drs. William M. Polk, Rufus Cole, William B. Coley, C. Eggleston, Torrey, Benedict, Hatcher, Bayley, Stockard, and Coca; and Leo Arnstein, Manfred Ehrich, Sidney Borg, Leonard Hockstader, Albert Stern, Dr. Edwin Beer, and Dr. Edwin Sternberger.

Ex-Mayor Smith of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 23.—William Burns Smith, Mayor of Philadelphia from 1884 to 1887, died today at his home in Laurel Springs, N. J. He was born in Scotland and was brought to this country when 7 years of age. The death of his son, State Senator William Wallace Smith, in August is believed to have hastened his death.

Mr. Smith was known as the "Dandy Mayor" and before his election on a reform ticket he had been a prosperous manufacturer. After his political downfall in 1887 he managed a saloon in South Penn Square, opposite the City Hall.

Ex-Governor Peabody Dead.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 23.—James Hamilton Peabody, Governor of Colorado during the Cripple Creek strike in 1903, when there were a number of clashes between the State troops and the strikers and their sympathizers, died here today. Mr. Peabody was 65 years old.

He was born in Topsham, Vt., Aug. 21, 1852. He settled in Colorado in early manhood and became successively a bookkeeper, machinist, and, in 1885, a banker, which he remained until his death. He was elected Governor of Colorado for a two-year term in 1902. His re-election was disputed in 1905, and while the Legislature of Colorado declared him elected Mr. Peabody served only one day of his second term, resigning in favor of the Lieutenant Governor.

Obituary Notes.

THOMAS J. GARVEY, for many years in the shoe business in Brooklyn and Treasurer of the South Brooklyn Board of Trade, died in the Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Brooklyn, on Thursday from pneumonia. Mr. Garvey was 71 years old and was a member of the Society of Old Brooklynites, the Twelfth Assembly District Democratic Club, and the Knights of Columbus. He lived at 279 Thirteenth Street, Brooklyn.

Miss SARAH ANN O'FLYN, 68 years old, for thirty years a teacher in Public School 3, Brooklyn, died on Wednesday, and the funeral will be held today with a requiem mass in the Queen of All Saints Church, Vanderbilt and Lafayette Avenues, Brooklyn.

SAMUEL HEWITT OWEN, a retired carpenter and builder of Brooklyn, died at his home, 941 Fifty-fifth Street, South Brooklyn, in his sixty-fourth year. Mr. Owen was born in Salford, near Manchester, England, and had lived in Brooklyn for forty years.

JACOB KOHN, founder of Kohn's Department Store at Rockaway Beach, died at his home there on Thursday at the age of 63 years. Mr. Kohn settled in Rockaway Beach nearly thirty-three years ago and was active in all civic matters pertaining to the upbuilding of the Rockaways. He was a member of the Rockaway Board of Trade, Olympia Lodge, No. 808, F. and A. M., and Pioneers of Rockaway Beach.

Mrs. MARIE L. LOEWENSTEIN, widow of Dr. Charles Henry Loewenstein, who was head of the staff of St. Catharine's Hospital, Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at the home of her daughter in Rockaway Park. She was 77 years old and was born in Nancy, Lorraine, France.

FREDERICK H. HATZEL, a retired wall-paper dealer, formerly head of the S. B. James Paper Company, died from pneumonia on Thursday at his home, 796 President Street, Brooklyn, aged 77 years.

THOMAS J. MEAGHER, a contractor who erected many large buildings in the vicinity of the Queensboro Bridge Plaza and played a prominent part in the development of Astoria, died yesterday at his home, 27 Stevens Street, Astoria, in his forty-fourth year.

HENRY G. SALSMAN, Superintendent of the Singer Sewing Machine Company's plant at Elizabethport, N. J., and formerly with The Bayonne Times and The Bayonne Herald, died on Thursday at his home, 116 Springfield Road, Elizabeth, N. J.

WILLIAM R. EMERSCH, an architect who designed many large country residences at Newport, R. I., and Bar Harbor, Me., died yesterday at his home in Milton, Mass.

ERWIN HULME SMITH, a dry goods merchant, died on Thursday at the Robert Fulton Hotel, West Seventy-first Street. He was 65 years old.

WILLIAM C. ILSLEY, founder and President of Ilsley, Doubleday & Co. and of Ilsley & Heid Company, oils and paints, died at his home in Allendale, N. J., on Wednesday.

FREDERICK FELGER, who came to this country during the revolution in Germany in 1848, died on Thursday at his home, 158 Orange Avenue, Irvington, N. J. He was 87 years old.

Captain EDWIN F. STUDWELL of Port Chester, N. Y., who had been a transportation official, Supervisor, and Fire Chief, died at his home there yesterday in his seventy-fifth year.

Mrs. HATTIE SINGLEY ELSROAD, wife of Harry O. Elsroad, a rubber manufacturer, died yesterday at her home, 66 Post Avenue, in her forty-seventh year.

ALLAN NIVEN KILLED IN WAR.

Son of Steamship Man Was in University Battalion of Canada.

Thomas Niven, the representative of the Ellerman Steamship Company in this city and brother of Sir William Niven, lately Director of Studies in the Royal Naval College of Great Britain, received an official message from the British Government yesterday to the effect that his son, Allan Thomas Niven, 19 years old, had been killed in the fighting at Passchendaele, Flanders, on Oct. 30.

Mr. Niven said that his son joined the University Battalion of the "Princess Pat" Regiment of Canada in last February, and in a letter received on Tuesday he told his father that he expected "soon to get into the record." Mr. Niven came here from England as the representative of the steamship company six years ago, and his son, before enlisting, was a student at Stevens Institute.

Born.

SIEGEL.—Mr. and Mrs. Maurice S. Siegel (nee Eleanor Steinholtz) of 285 Haven Av. announce the birth of a daughter Nov. 21 at Lloyds Sanitarium.

GREINER.—Nov. 20, 1,310 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, to Mr. and Mrs. G. Greiner, a son.

Engaged.

MANDLE—BAUER.—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bauer of 17 East 97th St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Florence, to Mr. Henry H. Mandle, son of Mr. and Mrs. Max Mandle of 601 West 110th St. Mr. Mandle is a chemical engineer and a graduate of Columbia, 1914.

LANKERING—BROEKER.—Amy Broeker to Fred I. Lankering.

Married.

McEVITT—HEDENBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. John E. Hedenberg, formerly of Montclair, N. J., announce the marriage of their daughter, Olive, to Dr. Joseph L. McEvitt of New York City, Yale 1912, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, at Akron, Ohio. Dr. McEvitt will soon leave for France. Until that time he and Mrs. McEvitt will live in New York City.

POCHON—RUTHARDT.—At the residence of Walter W. Price, 247 5th Av., New York, Susan Millar Ruthardt of Front Royal, Va., to Alfred Pochon of Lausanne, Switzerland.

Died.

ARNE.—Jeanette F. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway-66th St., (Frank Campbell's,) Saturday, 8 P. M.

AUDUBON.—At New Haven, Conn., Eliza Audubon. Funeral service at Intercession Chapel, Trinity Parish, Broadway and 155th St., Sunday, Nov. 25, at 3 P. M.

BALSAMO.—On Nov. 23, 1917, Filomena Balsamo, aged 70 years. Funeral from her late residence, 416 East 161st St., Sunday, at 2 P. M. Interment Calvary. Survived by son and daughter.

BAMBURY.—On Friday, Nov. 23, John H., beloved husband of Mary Bambury, (nee Bouchelle.) Funeral from his late residence, 54 Van Sicklen St., Brooklyn, Monday, Nov. 26, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass Church of St. Simon and St. Jude, 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary. Kindly omit flowers.

BLUMENTHAL.—On Friday, Nov. 23, at his residence, 230 West 79th St., Ben Blumenthal, beloved husband of Hannah Blumenthal, in the 49th year of his age. Funeral at convenience of family.

BOYD.—At South Orange, N. J., on Thursday, Nov. 22, in his 47th year, John Jacklin, beloved husband of Lillie Campbell Boyd and son of the late James R. and Emily B. Boyd. Funeral service will be held at the Church of the Holy Communion, South Orange, at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon, on arrival of train leaving Hoboken at 2:15.

BOYD.—Veteran Association, First Battalion, N. M. N. Y.—It is with great sorrow that I announce the death of John J. Boyd, a member of this organization, and one of the original members of the First Battalion. All former members of the battalion are requested to attend the funeral services which will be held on Sunday afternoon, Nov. 25, at the Church of the Holy Communion, South Orange, N. J., on the arrival of the train leaving Hoboken at 2:15.
WALTER S. NEWHOUSE, Secretary.

CARNEY.—Nov. 23, John Carney, native of Castlebar, County Mayo, Ireland. Funeral Monday at 9 o'clock from funeral parlors of James E. McLarney & Son, Lexington Av. and 65th St. Requiem mass at Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, East 61st St., 9:30.

CONTENCIN.—On Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, Ellen M. Contencin, widow of Chevalier Louis Contencin, at her residence, 161 East 80th St. Funeral services on Monday, Nov. 26, at 10 A. M., at the Church of St. Jean Baptiste, Lexington Av. and 76th St. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

DE LAMATER.—Suddenly, on Nov. 22, widow of the late Washington Irving De Lamater. Services at Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, 131 West 104th, Saturday, 8 P. M.

DREYFUS.—Marie, Friday, Nov. 23, in her 83d year, beloved mother of Gustave C., Theophile G., and Rosine, and widow of the late Benjamin Dreyfus, grandmother of Nathalie Lewis. Funeral services at 2 P. M., Sunday, the 25th, at 100 St. Nicholas Av. Please omit flowers. New Orleans and Kansas City papers please copy.

ENAHO.—Takisot. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's,) Monday, 2 o'clock.

FLACK.—At Philadelphia, on Nov. 22, Hanna Adams, wife of the late William M. Flack. Her friends are invited to the services Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, 829 South Cecil St., Philadelphia. Interment private.

FLEET.—Marguerite Brumaghim, beloved wife of Wm. H. T. Fleet, after a short illness, at Hahnemann Hospital. Funeral notice later. Albany papers please copy.

GOLDSTEIN.—Suddenly, Nov. 22, at his residence, 293 Wyckoff Av., Brooklyn, Julius, beloved husband of Anna and father of Joseph, Arthur, Victor, and Rose Fuerth.

GRIFFIN.—Jolia, beloved wife of the late Maurice Griffin. Funeral from her late residence, 344 West 14th St., Monday, Nov. 26, at 10 A. M. Solemn requiem mass Church of St. Bernard, (West 14th St.) Interment Springdale Cemetery, Stamford, Conn. Automobile cortege.

HOWE.—On Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, Mary I. Howe, beloved wife of Charles T. Howe. Services Grace Church, Hicks St. and Grace Court, Brooklyn, at 2:30 Sunday afternoon, Nov. 25, 1917. Interment private.

HUNT.—Dominic, at his residence, 176 Winthrop St., Brooklyn, on Friday, Nov. 23. Funeral Sunday afternoon.

KRAEMER.—At Ridgewood, N. J., on Nov. 22, after a short illness, Cresenzia Kraemer, in her 86th year, beloved mother of Cresenzia Cavagnaro and Laura Kraemer. Funeral from her late residence, 31 Philips Road, Ridgewood, N. J., on Sunday, Nov. 25, at 8:30 A. M.; thence to St. Anthony's Church, Sullivan St., New York City, at 10:30 A. M., where a requiem high mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

LAZARUS.—Myron Eugene, age 7 months, beloved son of Paul N. and Hattie W. Lazarus, on Friday, Nov. 23, at 29 Hampton Place, Brooklyn. Funeral private.

LEVI.—Belle, on Nov. 22, dearly beloved wife of Emil S. Levi and beloved mother of Mrs. Charles S. Untermeyer. Funeral at convenience of the family. Please omit flowers.

LYDON.—Nov. 22, Margaret Lydon. Funeral Saturday morning from funeral parlors of James E. McLarney & Son, Lexington Av. and 65th St. Requiem mass at St. Vincent Ferrer's Church at 11 o'clock.

MacPHERSON.—On Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, Grant, beloved husband of Estella MacPherson. Funeral service from his late residence, 193 St. Nicholas Av., on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Members of Copestone Lodge, F. and A. M., also members of Garfield Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., invited. Please omit flowers.

MEEHAN.—Nov. 22, Catharine, widow of James Meehan and daughter of the late Robert and Margaret McGinnis, at her residence, 860 West End Av. Funeral Monday, Nov. 26, at 10 A. M., to Church of the Ascension, 107th St., between Broadway and Amsterdam Avs. Mass of requiem at 10:30. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

MILLER.—At Newark, N. J., on Friday, Nov. 23, Harvey Cooper Miller, beloved husband of Mae Dooley of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral service at 1,730 Voorhies Av., Sheepshead Bay, on Monday, Nov. 26, at 2 P. M. Jacksonville, Fla., papers please copy.

MOON.—William Y. Moon, beloved husband of Hattie Jones Moon and father of Helen E. Moon, Friday morning, Nov. 23, 1917. Funeral services Sunday, Nov. 25, 1917, at 2 o'clock at his late residence, 37 Hamilton Av., New Rochelle, N. Y. Trains leave Grand Central 1:08.

NEIDLINGER.—On Nov. 23, at his residence, 2,225 Emmons Av., Sheepshead Bay, after a brief illness, Philip Neidlinger, in the 85th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence at 4 P. M. on Sunday, Nov. 25. Interment private.

NORTON.—On Nov. 22, 1917, Mae A. Norton, (nee Sullivan,) in her 29th year, the beloved wife of James A. Norton and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel J. Sullivan. Funeral from her father's residence, 352 West 259th St., on Monday, Nov. 26, 1917, at 9:30; thence to St. Denis Church, Yonkers, where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery.

PACK.—On Nov. 21, 1917, at 2 East 45th St., New York, Frances Farman Pack, widow of George Willis Pack, late of Asheville, N. C. Funeral at Cleveland, Ohio, on Saturday, Nov. 24. It is earnestly requested that flowers be omitted.

PICKARD.—Thursday, Nov. 22, 1917, at his residence, 251 West 81st St., Jesse Pickard, beloved son of the late Frederic William and of Emily A. Pickard. Funeral private. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

Died.

RATHBONE.—Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Theodore C. Wood, 322 West 139th St., New York City, John Rathbone of East Orange, N. J. Funeral private.

REMSEN.—Entered into rest on Nov. 22, Emma S., second daughter of Olive Otis and the late John T. Remsen of Cazenovia, N. Y. Burial at Cazenovia, Saturday, 24th.

SCHLEY.—At Far Hills, N. J., on Thursday, Nov. 22, Grant Barney Schley, in the seventy-third year of his age. Funeral services Froh Hein, Far Hills, N. J., Saturday, Nov. 24, 11 A. M. Interment private. Train leaves Hoboken, 9 A. M.

SCHULTE.—Bessie Louise Schulte, beloved daughter of Rose G. Schulte and the late Anthony Schulte, beloved sister of Hulda Steever, Lucille and Antoinnette Scholte, passed away suddenly in Boston. Funeral private.

SMITH.—Suddenly, on Nov. 22, Erwin Hulme Smith, in his 65th year. Services at Oliver Bair's Chapel, 1820 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Penn., Saturday, Nov. 24, at 2:30 P. M.

STUDWELL.—At Port Chester, N. Y., Nov. 23, 1917, Captain Edwin F. Studwell, in his 75th year. Funeral service at his late residence, 40 Leicester St., on Sunday, 25th inst., at 4:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

THOMPSON.—Entered into rest on Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, at 5 A. M., Anna M. Thompson, dearly beloved mother of John J., Anna, Cecilia, Mrs. J. W. Carr, (nee Lottie Thompson,) darling grandmother of Ruth Carr, and our dear mother-in-law. Funeral from residence, 935 St. Nicholas Av., Monday, Nov. 26, to Saint Catherine's Church. Requiem mass at 10 A. M. Thence to Calvary by motor.

TUPPER.—Nov. 21, 1917, Lorenzo B. Tupper, aged 78 years. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Saturday afternoon, 2 o'clock.

TYLER.—On Friday, Nov. 23, Corydon E. Tyler, in his eighty-fourth year, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Clifford Kelsey, 455 Washington Av., Brooklyn. Funeral private.

WALLACE.—At Nutley, N. J., on Friday, Nov. 22, 1917, Amelia Simpson, widow of John Wallace, and youngest daughter of the late Robert and Sarah Simpson, in the 84th year of her age. Funeral private.

WILDE.—At Hastings-on-the-Hudson, N. Y., Nov. 23, 1917, Robert Livingston, son of the late James Wilde, Jr., and Harriet Richards Wilde. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BENGOUGH.—Annie R., Nov. 22, aged 66. Funeral 161 8th Av.

BLAKENEY.—Benjamin, Nov. 21, aged 83. Funeral 1,060 Amsterdam Av., today, 11 A. M.

BUSSE.—Sarah J., 232 West 120th St., Nov. 21.

CARROLL.—Frances, 343 East 19th St., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

CLARKE.—Stella E., 143 East 58th St., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DAHL.—Henry, 372 Ford St., Bronx, Nov. 21, aged 75. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

DODD.—Henry M., Nov. 22, aged 51. Funeral 223 8th Av.

DORAN.—Thomas, 980 2d Av., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

FLYNN.—Thomas, 1,662 Park Av., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HARTNETT.—Patrick J., 1,831 1st Av., Nov. 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HERBER.—Minnie, 301 West 144th St., Nov. 21, aged 75. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

HOSKINS.—Martha, Nov. 20, aged 70. Funeral 161 8th Av.

KALISKI.—Leopold, 215 West 147th St., Nov. 22. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

KELLY.—Thomas, 360 East 137th St., Nov. 22, aged 61. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KLEBBE.—Frederick, Nov. 21, aged 42. Funeral 161 8th Av.

LAZARD.—Isidor, 1,580 3d Av., Nov. 22, aged 85. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

LAWLOR.—John, 1,808 Belmont Av., Bronx, Nov. 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

MAHONEY.—Mary, 309 East 38th St., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

MEDLEY.—James H., 1,775 3d Av., Nov. 22, aged 37. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

MULGANNON.—John, 215 East 47th St., Nov. 22, aged 78. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

RANIS.—Katherina, 504 East 80th St., Nov. 21. Funeral today, 12:30 P. M.

ROBINSON.—Elizabeth, 523 West 133d St., Nov. 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCHAAF.—George, 438 East 83d St., Nov. 21. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

SCHLUETER.—Katharina, 57 Grove St., Nov. 21, aged 80. Funeral tomorrow, 10:30 A. M.

SULLIVAN.—Patrick, 657 Greenwich St., Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

TOMASSEK.—Romeo P., Nov. 21. Funeral 161 8th Av., tomorrow, 10 A. M.

WOOD.—Frank, 323 East 27th St., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

ABBOTT.—Eleanor, 203 Bridge St., Nov. 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BRIODY.—Frances T., 432 Union St., Nov. 21, aged 49. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

BRYANT.—Emma F., 331 Park Av., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

CAMPBELL.—Catherine, 144 North 10th St., Nov. 22. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

CUMMINGS.—Marie A., 1,070 East 5th St., Nov. 22. Funeral today.

DAVIS.—Elijah, 311 Sackett St., Nov. 22, aged 48.

DIEMER.—Peter, 86 Menahan St., Nov. 22. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

DONOHUE.—John M., Jr., 317 Webster Av., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

GANNON.—Mary A., 25 Maujer St., Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

GARVEY.—Thomas J., 279 13th St., Nov. 22. Funeral Nov. 26, 9:30 A. M.

GODFREY.—Mary, 504 Court St., Nov. 21. Funeral today.

GORDES.—Charles F., 1,132 Bedford Av., Nov. 23.

HATZEL.—Frederick H., 796 President St., Nov. 22, aged 70. Funeral tomorrow.

KEATING.—Anna, 215 Skillman St., Nov. 22. Funeral Nov. 26, 9 A. M.

KOFOD.—Victor, 1,770 Broadway, Nov. 22, aged 46. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LEVY.—Clara, 44 Ormond Place, Nov. 22, aged 67. Funeral tomorrow.

MARCELLA.—Jennie, 147 Sullivan St., Nov. 21.

MINIS.—William, 12 Garnet St., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

MORITZ.—Charles G., 22 Pilling St., Nov. 22. Funeral private.

MURRAY.—James, 223 Lexington Av., Nov. 22. Funeral Nov. 26, 10 A. M.

O'CONNELL.—Mary E., 3,321 Snyder Av., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

OHLMEYER.—Hermann, 503 Atlantic Av., Nov. 22. Funeral private.

O'ROURKE.—John J., 402 Chauncey St., Nov. 22. Funeral Nov. 26, 9 A. M.

RODRIGUEZ.—Frank M., 311 Lexington Av., Nov. 21, aged 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCHEURENBRAND.—William, 304 Ralph St., Nov. 22, aged 72. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

SCRIVEN.—William H., 360 East 26th St., Nov. 23, aged 81. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

SIELKEN.—Doretta K., 411 Humboldt St., Nov. 22, aged 58.

SMITH.—Thomas, 247 Ralph Av., Nov. 22. Funeral service today.

STEUERWALD.—Valentine, 1,175 East 96th St., Nov. 22, aged 62. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

WEBER.—Jacob, 621 Carroll St., Nov. 22, aged 64. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

WILSON.—Annie B., 873 Bergen St., Nov. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BEHRENS.—Henry, 14 Romaine Av., Jersey City, Nov. 22. Funeral tomorrow.

BOCH.—Ferdinand, 1,024 Willow Av., Hoboken, Nov. 22, aged 43. Funeral Nov. 26.

BOLTON.—Robert, 141 Garside St., Newark, Nov. 22.

DILL.—Helen, 406½ South Orange Av., Newark, Nov. 22.

ERICH.—Amelia H., 812 Willow Av., Hoboken, Nov. 21, aged 44. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HALL.—Annie, 86 Lincoln Av., Newark, Nov. 22.

HARMS.—Rebecca L., 132 Storms Av., Jersey City, Nov. 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

KENZLIN.—Albert, 132 Lincoln St., Jersey City, Nov. 21, aged 76.

MARTENS.—Edward C., 112 Hutton St., Jersey City, Nov. 22, aged 58.

ROBINSON.—Richard T., 31 South 16th St., Newark, Nov. 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCHAEFFER.—Emma, 97 Mercer St., Newark, Nov. 22, aged 24. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

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Died.

SMITH.—Mary E., 25 Vanderpool St., Newark, Nov. 22, aged 79. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

STOCKMAN.—Frederick O., 30 2d St., Newark, Nov. 21.

TANEY.—James, 174 Hancock Av., Jersey City Nov. 21. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

WALLACE.—Virginia M., 302 Garden St., Hoboken, Nov. 21, aged 47. Funeral today.

WOOD.—Mary E., 63 Littleton Av., Newark, Nov. 21. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

Long Island.

MALCHOW.—Chris, Jr., 130 12th St., Long Island City, Nov. 21, aged 19 months.

MERZ.—Conrad H., Elmhurst, Nov. 21, aged 32. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

SCHAEFFLER.—Christian, 349 Bragaw St., Long Island City, Nov. 20, aged 9 months.

VAN BRUNT.—Josephine H., Far Rockaway, Nov. 22, aged 42. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

VOGT.—Marie, Rocky Point, Nov. 22, aged 45. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

ZAMMINER.—Elizabeth, Glendale, Nov. 21, aged 46.

In Memoriam.

HAUSLING.—In loving memory of my father, Ferdinand M. Hausling, who died Nov. 24, 1916.

HAYES.—Mary E. R.; mass St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

HODNETT.—Agnes R., in memory of; died Nov. 24, 1913.

MURPHY.—The Rev. William H.; mass Resurrection Church today, 9 A. M.

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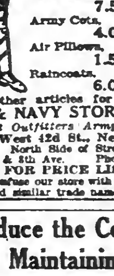

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TRAINING CAMP ELEVENS IN GRIDIRON FRAY AT POLO GROUNDS AND EBBETS FIELD TODAY

CAMP TEAMS TAKE PLACE OF COLLEGES

No Yale and Harvard Battle Today, but Service Elevens Will Furnish Excitement.

TWO GAMES FOR NEW YORK

Upton and Devens National Army Representatives to Mingle in Football Treat.

The disorganizing effect of the war on the football season is more noticeable on today's schedule than at any other period of the year. The games would, under normal conditions, have marked the climax of the college season. Yale and Harvard were to have played their annual classic in Cambridge today, while West Point and Annapolis were to have clashed at the Polo Grounds.

Not only have the majority of the young men, who would have made up the Harvard and Yale teams, enlisted, but those who go to make up the great part of the crowds which attend the big football spectacles are now in the army and navy training camps.

Instead of seeing West Point and Annapolis in action this season New Yorkers will have a chance to see teams made up of former college stars play at both the Polo Grounds and Ebbets Field. Instead of the waving college banners, red, white and blue will be the predominating colors. At the Polo Grounds thousands of soldiers from Camp Upton will drill before the game. It will be New York's first chance to see these boys since they started training at Yaphank, and a big surprise is in store for their relatives and friends when they see the erect, square-shouldered youths, who a few months ago were stooping over desks in offices in New York skyscrapers. The soldiers will drill at 1:15 this afternoon, and the game will start at 2 o'clock.

The Camp Devens players arrived in New York late yesterday afternoon and are at the Hotel Astor. The Camp Upton team practiced at the Polo Grounds yesterday afternoon. The Devens team is made up almost entirely of old Harvard players who have been coached by Percy Haughton. The Camp Upton eleven has been coached by Frank Glick, the former Princeton quarter back, who has been assisted by Crawford Blagden and Bob Storer, both former Harvard players. The Upton eleven has not had the experience that Camp Devens has had, although the team from Long Island is a strong one. Bill Langford will referee the contest and Big Bill Edwards will umpire.

Stars on Newport Team.

The Newport Naval Reserve eleven, which will play Rutgers at Ebbets Field at 2:30, is perhaps the greatest collection of former college stars which has ever been collected. Cupid Black, who led the Yale eleven last season, is Captain, and he is surrounded by such players as Charley Barrett of Cornell, Elwood of Notre Dame, Schlacter, Syracuse; Howard Miller, Columbia; Gerrish, Dartmouth; Callaran, Yale, and numerous others.

This Newport Naval team has swept everything before it this season and Rutgers has a hard task on its hands. The game will show what a well-drilled eleven can do against individual playing. Rutgers, coached by George Foster Sanford, knows a lot of football and has made an excellent showing this season.

The admission tickets sold at the ticket offices include the war tax. The lineup of the elevens will be as follows:

Rutgers.	Position.	Reserves.
Robeson	L.E.	Elwood, N. D.
Feitner	L.T.	R. H. Dunn, Mich.
Neuschaefer	L.G.	(Capt.) Black, Y.
Rollins	C.	Callahan, Y.
Francke	R.G.	Schlachter, Sy.
Rendall, (Capt.)	R.T.	Paisley, Mich.
Breckley	R.E.	Green, Dart.
Baker	Q.B.	Hite, Ky.
Gardner	L.H.B.	Barrett, Cor.
Kelley	R.H.B.	Gerrish, Dart.
Whitehill	F.B.	Gardiner, Neb.

Brown and Dartmouth will resume gridiron relations after a lapse of years when they meet at Braves Field in Boston. It will be the thirteenth time the rivals have clashed, the first game having been played in 1894. In the twelve games played, Dartmouth has won 5, Brown 6, the other resulting in a tie. The elevens last met in 1906, when Brown won 23 to 0. Early in the season Dartmouth and Brown looked like two of the most promising elevens in the East, but both have encountered severe reverses and it is difficult to choose between them. The game has aroused a great deal of interest among the followers of the two colleges in New England.

Another local game which commands no little attention is the Columbia-New York University game, which will be played at South Field. Columbia is favorite in the contest and expects to win by a comfortable margin.

One of the best games of the season should result in the Army-Boston College game at West Point. Charley Brickley, the Boston coach, has done much with the material he had this year, while the Army squad has never shown the football it is capable of playing. The game will mark the end of the West Point season.

Yale to Meet Tigers.

Followers of Yale and Princeton football will journey to New Haven to see the Eli and Tiger Cubs in battle. This is the only game of any importance which has been played at the Yale Bowl this season and a good-sized crowd is expected. All indications point to a Yale victory, for Dr. Brides has developed an eleven of unusual strength. Harvard beat the Princeton freshmen and Yale defeated the Harvard youngsters, so it doesn't appear as if the chances of the Tiger youngsters against the Blues were any too bright.

Washington and Jefferson and Notre Dame should furnish an interesting game at Washington, Penn. Fordham will entertain an eleven of former college players at Fordham Field, when they play the Pelham Bay Naval Reserves. Pennsylvania should have no trouble with the Carlisle Indians, which should be nothing more than a practice game for the Quakers in preparation for Cornell next Thursday.

No eleven in the season has come along with such leaps and bounds during the last few weeks like Syracuse. Buck Whittemore, one of the Brown coaches, says that Syracuse ranks with Pittsburgh and Georgia Tech, and the defeat the Salt City team suffered at the hands of Pitt came early in the season before Syracuse had hit its stride and when Pittsburgh was in mid-season form. Syracuse has taken a trip West and today will play the Michigan Aggies, and next Thursday will tackle Nebraska.

Several important games will be played in the West. Michigan will meet Northwestern, which is coached by Fred Murphy, the former Yale player. Minnesota will clash with Illinois, and Chicago plays Wisconsin. In the South the important elevens will take a rest in anticipation of important games on Thanksgiving Day.

RUTGERS READY FOR FRAY.

Team Has Final Practice for Game with Newport Reserves.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 23.—George Foster Sanford put his Rutgers team through a final workout this afternoon in preparation for the game with Cupid Black's Naval Reserves at Ebbets Field tomorrow. The practice was devoted chiefly to running through the repertoire of plays devised for this contest. Baker ran the team from quarter back, Whitehill was at full back, and Kelly and Gardner at halves. Bill Gray was at his old position at centre, with Rollins and Neischafer guards, and Captain Rendall and Feltner at tackle. Robeson was on one end and Beckley at the other. This is the team which will start for Rutgers tomorrow.

FOOTBALL GAMES TODAY.

EAST AND SOUTH.

Army vs. Boston College, at West Point.
Camp Devens vs. Camp Upton, at Polo Grounds.
Newport Naval Reserves vs. Rutgers College, at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn.
Columbia vs. New York University, at South Field.
Dartmouth vs. Brown, at Boston.
Washington and Jefferson vs. Notre Dame, at Washington.
Fordham vs. Pelham Bay Naval Reserves, at Fordham Field.
Pennsylvania vs. Carlisle, at Philadelphia.
Yale Freshmen vs. Princeton Freshmen, at New Haven.
Bucknell vs. Dickinson, at Carlisle.
Georgetown vs. Susquehanna, at Washington.
Gallaudet vs. George Washington University, at Washington.
Eastern vs. Mount St. Mary's, at Manassas.
Johns Hopkins vs. St. John's, at Baltimore.
Lebanon Valley vs. Temple, at Annville.
Swarthmore vs. Haverford, at Swarthmore.
Lehigh vs. Lafayette, at South Bethlehem.
Middlebury vs. University of Vermont, at Middlebury.
Virginia Poly Institute vs. Roanoke, at Blacksburg.
West Virginia University vs. West Virginia Wesleyan, at Clarksburg.
U. S. Ambulance Corps vs. Camp Meade, at Reading.

WEST.

University of Illinois vs. University of Minnesota, at Urbana.
University of Chicago vs. Wisconsin, at Chicago.
Michigan vs. Northwestern, at Evanston.
University of Iowa vs. Iowa State, at Iowa City.
University of Louisville vs. University of Cincinnati, at Cincinnati.
University of Detroit vs. University of Buffalo, at Detroit.
Indiana vs. Purdue, at Bloomington.
Michigan Aggies vs. Syracuse University, at East Lansing.

SCHOOL GAMES.

Boys' H. S. vs. Adelphi, at Adelphi Field.
Commercial H. S. vs. Long Island Aggies, at Commercial Field.
St. John's Prep vs. Marquand School, at Old Poly Field.
Erasmus Second Team vs. Poly Prep Second Team, at New Poly Field.
Flushing H. S. vs. Alumni, at Flushing.
East Orange H. S. vs. H. S. of Commerce, at Olympic Field.
Fordham Prep vs. Brooklyn Prep, at Fordham Field.

YALE VS. PRINCETON TODAY.

Freshmen Elevens to Meet in Annual Game at Bowl.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 23.—Yale's most extensive efforts at football will be focused on the freshman game with Princeton here tomorrow. In addition to local enthusiasts, military companies from Yale and Princeton and the New Haven soldiers from Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., will take part in a military review and inspection before the game.

Word has just been received at Yale that Keck, Opie, and Jacobs have been declared eligible by the Princeton Faculty, although Sweet, the best Tiger punter and quarterback, will be unable to play. Davis, right end, will go behind the line for the punting. The following lineup has been selected for the game:

Yale, 1921.	Position.	Princeton, 1921.
Scully	L.E.	Harvey
Munger	L.T.	Lynch
Trippe	L.G.	Skinner
Acosta	C.	Cooper
Welsh	R.G.	McCall
Walker	R.T.	Keck
Dilworth	R.E.	Davis
Neville	Q.B.	Hopkins
French	L.H.B.	Jacobs
Lay	R.H.B.	Opie
Dines	F.B.	Raymond

CORNELL GRIND GOES ON.

Absence of Game Today Permits Hard Work for Eleven.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 23.—The surprising announcement was made by Dr. Al Sharpe, head Cornell football coach, today that the Cornell squad would not leave Ithaca for the annual Thanksgiving Day contest with Pennsylvania until the night before the game. Ordinarily it is the custom of the Ithacans to depart Monday night and to spend the two days before Thursday at Atlantic City, and this trip has been a great help to putting a finely conditioned team on the field.

The decision not to leave before Wednesday night is in harmony with the policy to reduce to the minimum the time away from university work on athletic trips, and is also in the interests of war-time economy. The coaches refuse to say if the all-night ride the day before the game will harm the team, but outside opinion is unfavorable. It is felt on the campus that this is going too far.

The 'Varsity having no game tomorrow, hard practice continued, though there was no scrimmage. The Cornell and Pennsylvania cubs will ring down the curtain on the local season in their annual battle tomorrow afternoon. Both teams have made a good record and a lively battle is anticipated. The Cornell youngsters are proportionately much stronger than the 'Varsity, and their backers are looking for a victory. Neither team has been beaten this year.

N. Y. U. TEAM CONFIDENT.

Expects to Gain Victory Over Columbia's Eleven Today.

The New York University football team finished its preparation for today's Columbia game with a signal practice and blackboard talk yesterday. As Ohio Field was used for the New York University-Columbia Freshman game yesterday afternoon the 'Varsity squad went to Berkeley Oval and there went through signals until dark. The team showed lots of dash and life. The whole lineup was intact yesterday, including Brin, who reported for the first time this week. The Violet team is in good condition for today and while a hard battle is expected at Morningside the N. Y. U. students are confident of success. Last night the entire 'Varsity squad listened to a blackboard talk by Coach Wail.

The line-up today will be: Finley, left end; Fernandes, left tackle; Goff, left guard; Brin, centre; Goldberg, right guard; Sokolower, right tackle; Gardiner, right end; Egan, quarter back; Christopher, left half back; Buckley, right half back; Ebenfeld, full back.

CARLISLE TO MEET PENN.

Indians Close Season Today in Battle with Quakers.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 23.—The Carlisle football team closes its season tomorrow with a game against the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia. This afternoon's practice was relatively light, including dummy signal practice and forward passing in addition to the customary string of elementary drills that always accompany Indian practice. Carlisle will line up with left end, David Nori; left tackle, Lassa; left guard, Frank Godfrey; centre, Jones; right guard, Louis Godfrey; right tackle, Flinchem; right end, Valandra; quarter back, Miles; left half back, Tibbetts; right half back, Herman; full back, Leroy.

NO OPPONENT FOR RUTGERS.

Sanford's Team Gives Up Polo Grounds to Service Teams.

Although Rutgers had an option on the Thanksgiving Day date at the Polo Grounds, the New Brunswick college was unable to get an opponent for that day and has turned the date over to two United States service elevens. On that day the Mineola Aviation Corps team will play the Pelham Bay Naval Reserves at the Polo Grounds for a fund which will be used for athletic equipment for these branches of the service.

FOOTBALL, POLO GROUNDS, Sat., Nov. 24, 2:30. Camp Devens vs. Camp Upton. Tickets at J. B. Crook & Co., Sporting Goods, 549 Fifth Av., at 45th St. Admission $1.00; reserved and box seats, $2.00.—Advt.

BAKER ALSO SCORES EXEMPTION PROJECT

Phillies' Head Berates Johnson for Implying the National League Backed Plan.

President William F. Baker of the Philadelphia baseball club held a conference in this city yesterday with President John K. Tener of the National League and was emphatically outspoken against the action of Ban Johnson of the American League in implying that the National League was anxious to have the Government exempt its players from the draft.

"The National League will now have to suffer," said Mr. Baker, "for something in which it took no part whatever. Johnson had no authority to include the National League as a party to his surprising suggestion. President Tener hit the nail on the head in his statement when he said that our league never has been, nor would it be, so unpatriotic as to ask the Government to show favoritism for its players."

"There has been altogether too much calamity howling from the baseball people," said Mr. Baker. "There is no use looking forward for trouble. The only way to do is to start the season with what players we have and then see what will happen."

The owner of the Phillies believes that after the players have been drafted will be plenty of time to plan for the future. The one look-out of the club owners now will be to practice economy. Mr. Baker thinks that the clubs can get along well enough with eighteen players, or even less if necessary. With the greatly advanced railroad and hotel rates, Mr. Baker believes that it would be advisable for the clubs to carry only about fifteen players on their road trips.

There is no reason, under war conditions, why the pitchers could not be played in the outfield if necessary, as they used to be in the old days of baseball. The utility players could be left at home, and if there was need of their services while the clubs were on the road, they could be summoned to join the team at a day's notice. Mr. Baker thinks that it would be a great saving for the clubs to carry as few players as possible on their road trips.

There is no reason why baseball could not get along just as other businesses have which have been hit hard by the draft. If the draft should take away many of the good players, the ranks could be filled up with the veterans who have retired to the minor leagues if necessary. It would also be possible for the major leagues to get the best of the minor league players who were exempt from the draft for legitimate reasons, or who were over the draft age.

In fact, it looks as if the major leagues would have to call on the minors for players next season to fill up the ranks of the players who are called to the colors. It is very evident from the indications at the minor league meeting in Louisville recently that several of the minor leagues will not attempt to operate next season. That would throw a great many players on the market.

After all, it isn't the star players who furnish the attraction in baseball, but the closeness of the pennant races. It must be taken for granted that all the clubs will be weakened, but this does not necessarily mean that the pennant races will be one-sided. If the leagues are able to furnish close races next season, that is all the fans will ask for, even if the star players are absent. Lively competition is what makes the game and not the stars. The Boston Braves, who won the world's series in 1914, had no real stars, and yet it was one of the greatest world's series clubs which ever won the honor; in fact, it was the only club which won the series in four straight games.

President John K. Tener of the National League will reside in this city after the first of next month. Since President Tener was elected four years ago he has retained his residence in Philadelphia, spending about four days a week at his offices in this city. The fact that President Tener will hereafter reside in New York is taken as an indication that he will be re-elected for a term of years at the National League election here next month.

All negotiations for the trade of Pratt and Lavan of the St. Louis Browns, two players the Yankees are anxious to get, have been held up pending the outcome of the libel suit which these two players have brought against Phil Ball, owner of the Browns. Mr. Ball said that he would not consider any offers whatever for these players until that little difficulty had been adjusted.

Word has been received at the offices of the Yankees that Armando Marsans, the Cuban outfielder who broke his leg at the Polo Grounds last Summer, has entirely recovered from the injury and is now playing again in Cuba. The report says that Marsans can hit and run the bases as well as ever, which is good news for the new manager, Miller Huggins.

NAVAL TEAM AT FORDHAM.

Maroons to Meet Squad from Pelham Bay Reserves.

The Fordham team faces the naval reserve eleven from the Pelham Bay Park Station this afternoon on Fordham Field. Fifteen hundred jackies and two bands will whoop up things for their comrades and lend a martial color to the game. A parade of the sailors will precede the contest.

The Fordham team went through a brisk drill yesterday as a final preparation for the game. Frank Frisch, the star back, who has not played since the Rutgers game, caused some surprise when he donned his togs and went through signals. He is not slated to play today, however. The Fordham team will line up as follows:

Left end, Fitzpatrick; left tackle, Christiansen; left guard, Abbott; centre, Golden; right guard, McGrath; right tackle, Gulick; right end, Dumoe; quarter back, Crovat; left half back, Galligan or Colletti; right half back, Erwig; full back, Brennan.

COLUMBIA EXPECTS TO WIN.

With Cochran, Houlahan, and Rosen Back, Players Are Confident.

Columbia, with Cochran, Houlahan, and Rosen back in the game once more, is counting on a defeat of N. Y. U. in the annual game at South Field today. Not only should Cochran's play at right end help the team, but his newly discovered drop-kicking ability may count for Columbia whenever the ball is within the forty-yard mark. In practice yesterday Cochran was putting nine out of ten attempts over from the thirty-five and forty-yard points. Rosen, who has been disabled on account of an infected toe, will start the game at guard, while Campbell will take Farer's place at tackle.

The Blue and White eleven ran through a snappy signal drill yesterday, and Coach Metcalf put the scrubs against the 'Varsity for a dummy scrimmage in order to illustrate the best defense against New York University plays.

On comparing the records of the Wesleyan and Union teams, the only teams that the rivals have played, the Violet played a scoreless tie with Union, whom Columbia beat 21 to 0. N. Y. U. lost to Wesleyan by one point, 7 to 6, and Columbia lost to the same team 6 to 0.

The issue of the game rests with the back fields, since both elevens are unusually strong in the forward line. Columbia has developed an aerial attack which may gain against any ordinary defense. The Columbia lineup will be:

Kennedey, L. E.; Farrell, L. T.; Kindleberger, L. G.; Galvan, C.; Rosen, R. G.; Campbell, R. T.; Cochran, R. E.; Weinstein, Q. B.; Shaw, L. H. B.; Canavary, R. H. B.; Houlahan, F. B.

FRESHMEN IN SCORELESS TIE

Columbia and N. Y. U. Cubs Struggle on Even Terms.

The New York University freshmen and the Columbia freshmen struggled in a hard-fought scoreless tie on Ohio Field yesterday. Both sides made frequent use of the forward pass, but those of Columbia were all incomplete. Several times the Blue and White succeeded in intercepting a pass from the Violet. The University Heights rookies made some telling passes, but subsequent mistakes always undid this good work.

Bartlett, at half back for the Violet, was the individual ground-gaining star of the game. He not only carried the ball for long distances, but successfully stopped several Columbia runners who had gotten free. For Columbia Cherkasky, at right half, was the main ground gainer, and also helped stem the victorious march of the Violet in the second quarter.

In the first quarter Saunders tried a drop kick from the 30-yard line, but it went wide. In the second period by means of line bucks and end runs by Hunter, Saunders and Bartlett, the ball went to the 25-yard line after coming from the Violet 30-yard line. Here Cherkasky intercepted a forward pass and saved him team.

In the last quarter Columbia by means of two long passes came to New York's 10-yard line. Here the University Heights freshmen held and Cherkasky tried a drop kick from the 20-yard line which failed.

The lineup:

N. Y. U., '21, (0.)	Position.	Columbia, '21, (0.)
Kandel	L.E.	Johnson
Friedman	L.T.	Relyea
Massa	L.G.	Weiss
Faller	C.	Kleninger
Poselsky	R.G.	Kolinsky
Macmullen	R.T.	Corn
Bivona	R.E.	Echlis
Saunders	Q.B.	Stewart
Tendler	L.H.B.	Lasky
Bartlett	R.H.B.	Cherkasky
Hunter	F.B.	Carroll

Substitutions—N. Y. U.: Weiss for Massa, Goldberg for Poselsky, Fleischer for Kandel, Greifinger for Bivona, Goldstein for Tendler. Columbia: Bachrach for Relyea, Relyea for Bachrach, Mulincs for Lasky. Referee and umpire—Ed. Thorpe, De La Salle. Linesman—J. Goundry, New York University. Time of periods—8 minutes each.

NEW UTRECHT TRIUMPHS.

Defeats Manual Eleven at Football by 7 to 6 Score.

New Utrecht, showing excellent football knowledge, defeated the Manual Training High School, 7 to 6, at Ulmer Park yesterday, but not until one of the stiffest games of the scholastic football season had been completed. A delay in the start forced the teams to play the final two quarters in semi-darkness. This aided the Manual Training eleven in scoring its only points on a touchdown by Tobey in the final quarter. On an attempt at goal from this touchdown Daisley failed when the pigskin hit the uprights and rebounded to the field.

Smith scored New Utrecht's touchdown in the first quarter on a blocked kick play on the Manual Training five-yard line, and Hettrick kicked the goal.

BLAMES BOXING PROMOTERS

Governor Whitman States He Is Not Opposed to the Sport.

Governor Charles S. Whitman is strongly opposed to the methods of the boxing promoters who have been conducting the glove game in this State. Yesterday he explained that his opposition to the sport was aimed at promoters who exploit the skill of the boxers as a means of livelihood, rather than at the sport of boxing itself.

Governor Whitman made known his views in a statement given to The Brooklyn Standard Union. His letter is as follows:

I have your letter of Nov. 15, requesting my opinion of the value of boxing as a part of the training for vigor of body and quickness of mind as demonstrated under professional instructors in the camps of the national army and Federalized National Guard.

You seem, in your letter, to make no distinction between boxing as a training for vigor of body and quickness of mind—that is, as a healthy exercise—and boxing carried on as a public exhibition to which an admission fee is asked and received.

Last year in my message to the Legislature I quoted from the message sent to the Legislature by Governor Roosevelt in 1900, in which he said:

"When any sport is carried on primarily for money—that is, as a business—it is in danger of losing much that is valuable, and of acquiring some exceedingly undesirable characteristics."

At that time I pointed out that the Governor who sent this message to the Legislature was, himself, a firm believer in all athletic sports.

It is very likely that boxing is one of the best exercises to put men in good physical condition, but that has nothing to do with the question of the advisability of permitting certain managers and promoters, who never took a step of healthy exercise, to make their living by exploiting the skill of certain individuals who, in turn, make their living by taking part in prise fights, and who do not look upon boxing as a healthy exercise, but a means of livelihood.

BOXING CASE POSTPONED.

Broadway Sporting Club Gets Stay for a Week.

The hearing of charges against the officials of the Broadway Sporting Club of Brooklyn for conducting a professional boxing show under the club membership plan last Saturday night opened yesterday at the Gates Avenue Court, Brooklyn, before Magistrate Howard Nash, but nothing definite was adduced. The case was adjourned until next Friday, upon petition of Frank X. McCaffrey, of counsel for the club officials. Eleven of the thirteen men connected with the club, for whom warrants were issued, appeared before the Magistrate to answer the charge of violating Section 1,710 of the Penal law.

The complaint in the case covers seven typewritten pages, and was filed by William J. Wiegand of Deputy Police Commissioner Godley's office. In it Wiegand alleges he saw several men in line at the ticket window, paying money and receiving tickets. He also describes a series of signs posted about the entrance to the club's boxing arena, instructing, it is alleged, potential purchasers of tickets where to procure the pasteboards.

The Broadway club will put on another show this evening consisting of two ten-round exhibitions and a series of wrestling exhibitions. In the boxing bouts Italian Joe Gans will oppose Walter Laurrett and K. O. Circus will box Joe Leonard.

KRAMER IN SIX-DAY RACE.

Will Team with Oscar Egg for Cycle Grind at Garden.

Frank Kramer has finally consented to start in the six-day cycle race in Madison Square Garden, the week of Dec. 2 to 8. The perennial champion signed for the grind last night. Manager Wellman offered Oscar Egg as a partner, and Kramer accepted.

The world's champion for sixteen consecutive years is the last rider to get into the fold, and his entry rounds out the field of starters. There are no less than seven winners of previous Garden races in the list.

Two other formidable teams were signed up last night. Alfred Goullet agreed to Freddy Hill as a partner, while Eddie Root, four-time winner of the New York race, was teamed up with Marcel Dupuy, the French champion, who with Egg won last year's classic.

Fifteen teams are now signed for the test, and this is the number that will face the starter a minute after midnight Dec. 2. Fifteen prizes, ranging from $2,000 to $500, a total of $16,000, furnish the incentive for the riders.

JOCK SCOT TAKES RICHMOND PURSE

Carries Light Impost of 98 Pounds Home in Front Over Mile Route at Bowie.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 23.—Jock Scot, a cast-off from the stable of Gifford A. Cochran, captured his second purse of the meeting this afternoon for his new owner, R. L. Bresler. The three-year-old son of Ogden was well favored by allowances in the Richmond Purse event, which was the feature of the card, and with only 99 pounds on his back, H. Wakeff had no trouble in keeping him in front to the end of the mile route, which Jock Scot negotiated in 1:41 4-5. J. S. Tyree started two in the small field of six, the two-year-old Sweep Up II., finishing second to Jock Scot.

F. Houseman's Brooklyn ran one of his good races in the claiming event for three-year-olds at a mile and twenty yards. Even though Buxton had the mount Brooklyn was better than 5 to 1 in mutuels, but the crack jockey had little difficulty in landing him in front of Thorn Bloom, which was ridden by Walls. The latter rider improved his percentage by landing the Quincy Stable's Zouave first past the post in the third race and winding up the day with a victory on J. M. Zimmer's Kilts.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Time—1:14 1-5.
Ideal, R. F. Carman's ch. f., 115 pounds, by The Turk-Horizon, $10.20, $3.90, and $3.20, (W. O'Brien) 1
Partizan, M. P. Burch's ch. c., 110, by Voter-Genny, $3.10 and $2.60, (M. Buxton) 2
Flapper, G. W. Loft's br. f., 107, by Yankee-The Hoyden, $3.60, third, (R. Troise). 3
Happy Smith, Will Soon, Miss Peep, Lady Small, Millrace, Sabretash, King of the Scarlets, Mayhew, and Alderberry also ran. Phalaris, Sun Kiss, Sallie Waters, Elysian, Ormlos, and Cave Man scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For maidens; all ages; claiming; purse $600; one mile. Time—1:43.
Lady Gertrude, F. Houseman's br. f., 2 years, 84 pounds, by Meddler or Fitz Herbert-Lady Winifred, $13.30, $4.50, and $3.40, (H. Erickson) 1
Tarquin, G. C. Walsh's b. g., 108, by Lemberg-Roman Matron, $3.50 and $2.80, (M. Buxton) 2
Frea, R. T. McKeever's b. f., 3, 105, by Ilurim-La France, $5.80 third, (T. Parrington) 3
Pollyanna, Hickorynut, Frank Keogh, Orunda, Bonne Cause, Wichaka, Soumangha, Royal York, Matoaka, Golden Hours, and Plucky Hen also ran. Beau of Menlo, John Douglas, Happy Smile, Jessie D, Rose Finn, and Meelogene scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For all ages; selling handicap; purse $600; seven furlongs. Time—1:27 2-5.
Zouave, Quincy Stable's blk. g., 3 years, 107 pounds, by Sain-Black Tail, $6.70, $4.70, and $3.80, (G. Walls) 1
Nigel, R. F. Carman's b. g., 4, 110, by Sempronius-Altuda, $8.70 and $6.80, (J. Butwell) 2
Kilmer, R. D. Earle's ch. c., 4, 114, by Plaudit-Expressing, $16, third, (M. Buxton) 3
Peter Jay, Silk Bird, Between Us, Lohengrin, Madame Herrmann, Firing Line, and Wild Thyme also ran. Reprobate, Dan, Owa, and Tarquin scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Richmond Purse; for all ages; purse, $700; one mile. Time—1:41 1-5.
Jock Scot, R. L. Bresler's br. c., 3 years, 99 pounds, by Ogden-Frankie, $3.60, $2.70, and $2.10, (H. Wakoff) 1
*Sweep Up II., J. S. Tyree's b. c., 2, 87, by Sweep-White Plume, $3.20 and $2.30, (G. Walls) 2
Woodtrap, D. Cunningham's ch. c., 3, 99, by Trap Rock-Woodvine, $2.50 third, (C. Kummer) 3
*Celto, Incog, Perigourdine, and Lynette also ran. Crepuscule and Valerius scratched.
*Coupled as Tyree entry.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds, claiming, purse $600; one mile and twenty yards. Time—1:45.
Brooklyn, F. Houseman's b. c., 112 pounds, by Von Tromp-Bonsetta, $12.50, $5.40, and $3.60, (M. Buxton) 1
Thorn Bloom, Braeside Stable's br. c., 104, by Flint Rock-White Thorn, $3.70 and $2.90, (G. Walls) 2
Captain Ray, J. E. Griffith's b. c., 118, by Sea King-Kalrloos, $5.50, third, (J. Butwell) 3
Reprobate, Golden Bantam, Hesse, Flora Finch, and Miss Represent also ran. Wild Thyme scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds, claiming, purse $600; one mile and twenty yards. Time—1:45 3-5.
Brother Jonathan, S. Lewis's br. c., 109 pounds, by Yankee-Sister Stella, $7.60, $3.70, and $2.70, (A. Sterling) 1
Battle Abbey, Kentucky Stable's b. g., 104, by Hastings-Busy Lass, $4 and $2.80, (R. Troise) 2
Easter Lily, Thorncliffe Stable's b. f., 101, by Glorifier-Belle Fleur, $2.60 third, (C. Kummer) 3
Swift Fox, Flare, Burbank, Cachet, Margaret L., and Oriana also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For fillies and mares three years old and upward; selling; one mile and twenty yards. Time—1:44 4-5.
Kilts, J. M. Zimmer's br. f., 3 years, 106 pounds, by Broomstick-Flora Mac, $8.90, $3.60 and $3, (G. Walls) 1
Miss Kruter, W. Cahill's b. m., 6, 106, by Transvaal-Lillie Kruter, $3.20 and $2.50 (C. Mergler) 2
Widow Bedotte, E. Truman's b. g., 3, 97, by Ildrim-Annus Luctus, $3.20 third, (H. Erickson) 3
Margery, Souvenir, Crepuscule, and May W. also ran.
Weather clear; track fast.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; one mile. Wood Violet, 111 pounds; Start Right, 102; *Phalaris, 100; *Little Boy, 97; *Dalrose, 94; Green Grass, 108; *George W. Avery, 106; *Garonne, 99; *Wichaka, 97; *Elisabeth H., 91; Tread Lightly II., 104; *Sunny Hill, 103; *King of the Wind, 98; *Killarney, 95.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds; handicap; the Bowie Juvenile; seven furlongs. Orlando of Havana, 116 pounds; Game Cock, 106; Senator Broderick, 95; Fragonard, 114; Wood Violet, 106; Sixteen to One, 109; Perigourdine, 105.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Andes, 110 pounds; March Court, 110; King Hamburg, 110; Lucky R., 107; *Handful, 105; Sir William Johnson, 110; Early Morn, 110; Milton Campbell, 110; Tom Lowry, 102; *Smithfield, 105; Old Pop, 110; Tinkle Bell, 110; Saturn, 110; *Blue Thistle, 111; *Minda, 102. Also eligible to start: *Edith Bauman, 102; Goodwood, 110; *Hesse, 94; *Flora Finch, 94; Malheur, 118.

FOURTH RACE.—The Endurance Handicap; for all ages; one mile. Hauberk, 126 pounds; Fenmouse, 114; Woodstone, 106; Highland Lad, 117; Air Man, 110; Judge Wingfield, 106; King Neptune, 116; Shooting Star, 107; Barry Shannon, 105.

FIFTH RACE.—The Columbia Purse; for all ages; six furlongs. Startling, 122 pounds; Peep Sight, 106; Meliora, 99; Ultimatum, 106; Water Lady, 103; Rose Finn, 99; Tea Caddy, 106; Babcock, 102.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a quarter. Luther, 113 pounds; Old Ben, 106; *Greetings, 98; *Muck Ross, 95; Christie, 111; Jacklet, 106; *Lady Edwina, 96; *Cousin Dan, 95; Sam Slick, 110; *Rake Off, 101; *Rosewater, 98.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Vermont, 110 pounds; Ellison, 104; *Water Witch, 102; *Firing Line, 91; Fountain Fay, 107; Bond, 102; *Huda's Brother, 95; Star Finch, 106; Progressive, 100; *Sea Beach, 93.
*Apprentice claimed.

WILSON ELECTED STEWARD.

Named for Jockey Club Board, Succeeding Late Schuyler L. Parsons.

The place on the Board of Stewards of The Jockey Club left vacant by the death of Schuyler L. Parsons was filled yesterday by the election of Richard T. Wilson, as a member of the board. Mr. Wilson has been one of the stanch supporters of the turf, specially since the hostile legislation about ten years ago. He is President of the Saratoga Association for the Improvement of the Breed of Horses and has made a great success of the recent meetings at the Spa. The new member of the board breeds most of the horses that race under his colors and was the largest money winner of the season of 1917, chiefly through the efforts of Campfire, the leading two-year-old of that season.

Madden Knocks Out Coffey.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 23.—Bartley Madden of New Jersey knocked out Jim Coffey, the Dublin Giant, in the seventh round of a scheduled twelve-round bout at Marieville tonight.

FOOTBALL, EBBETS FIELD, Sat., Nov. 24, 2:30. Rutgers vs. Cupid Black's Naval Reserves. Tickets at J. B. Crook & Co., Sporting Goods, 549 Fifth Av., at 45th St. Admission $1.00; reserved and box seats, $2.00.—Advt.

REACH FINAL AT PINEHURST.

Phillips and Becker Each Dispose of Golf Opponent at 7 and 6.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Nov. 23.—The semi-finals at the Autumn tournament were played at Pinehurst today on the No. 2 course, C. L. Becker and H. G. Phillips coming through to the final by disposing of their respective opponents, each at 7 up and 6 to play.

Becker won six of the first nine holes in his match against Gordon F. Wood of Richmond, and arrived at the turn 5 up in 42, despite a 7 on the seventh hole, offset by a fine 2 on the sixth.

Phillips's match against J. D. F. Mackay was almost a duplicate. Phillips was 6 up at the turn, where he arrived in 40, and both matches ended after the leaders had each won the eleventh and twelfth.

STUYVESANT FIVE VICTOR.

Outplays Boys' High Team, Winning Easily by 31 to 12.

Stuyvesant High School's basket ball quintet easily outplayed the Boys' High School team on the latter's court in Brooklyn yesterday and won by the score of 31 to 12. The victorious Manhattan five excelled in their offensive play and accuracy in shooting goals, and this gave them the advantage over the Boys' players. All of Stuyvesant's points were made by Halpern, Hatterer, and Goeller.

The lineup:

Stuyvesant, (31.)	Position.	Boys' H.S., (12.)
Halpern	L.F.	Ginves
Hatterer	R.F.	Barnoff
Goeller	C.	Sontag
Mayer	R.G.	Ratner
Bachrach	L.G.	Wiener

Goals from the field—Halpern, 4; Hatterer, 6; Goeller, 5; Barnoff, 1; Ginves, 2. Goals from foul—Hatterer, 1; Barnoff, 6.

Referee—Mr. Marx, P. S. A. L. Umpire—Mr. Strayser, P. S. A. L. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes each.

DE ORO TO HELP WAR FUND.

Angle Champion to Play in Snooker Pool Match at Doyle's.

Alfredo de Oro, holder of the three-cushion carrom championship, and former title holder at pocket billiards, will be the first of the professionals to enter into a local competition in aid of the American Billiard Ambulance Fund. De Oro will pair with T. A. Dorgan, a cartoonist, in a team match of 12 points at snooker pool at Doyle's Academy tonight. Howard Shoemaker, the national amateur pocket billiard champion, and Damon Runyon will be the opposing pair.

Under the direction of those engaged in the work of the American Billiard Ambulance Fund, several other competitions have been arranged. Miss Clara Heyward, the young Philadelphia woman who has shown rare skill, will play at Howison's Dec. 3 and 4. Efforts have been made to have her meet a woman opponent if possible. She may play a short match against Wilson P. Foss, former national amateur champion, at 18.2 balk line.

Foss, who is the Treasurer of the American Billiard Ambulance Fund, is arranging a special match to be played in the Union League Club, in which he will meet Joseph Knapp.

Stars to Race in Tank Tonight.

A varied program of aquatic events will be offered tonight at the Winter Pool, Brighton Beach. In the feature contest, over a course of 100 yards, Charlotte Boyle of Sea Gate, metropolitan champion at the short distances, will meet Elizabeth Ryan of the First Regiment swimming team of Philadelphia. In another event Aileen Regan, 10 years old, and Helen Wainwright, 11 years old, two of the Amateur Athletic Union's youngest registered athletes, will compete.

Xavier High Five Wins Again.

Xavier High School's basket ball team annexed its third consecutive victory of the season yesterday by triumphing over the All-Hallows Institute five on the Xavier court by a score of 20 to 14.

SPIRITED MATCHES IN SQUASH TOURNEY

Racquet Stars Begin Competition and Play Advances to Third Round.

The annual Fall squash tennis tournament at the Squash Club awoke to real activity yesterday, a number of spirited matches being contested in the event. Many of the stars of the game got into action and progress was made to the third round by six contestants. The fortunate ones were A. W. Riley of the Squash Club, Sterling Martin of the Greenwich Field Club, G. W. Mead of the Squash Club, J. W. Appel of the Harvard Club, A. Baxter of the Crescent Athletic Club, and R. C. Coburn of the Harvard Club.

Only two second-round matches remain to be played. In one, J. Onativia of the Harvard Club will meet N. T. Torrance of the Crescent A. C., and in the other F. S. Hyde of the Harvard Club will play against W. H. Vander Poel of the Squash Club. This latter match promises to be the chief attraction of today's competition. Hyde was one of the notable players of last season and Vander Poel is one of the most proficient racquet wielders of the Squash Club.

F. S. Keeler of the Columbia Club attempted to carry the burden of two matches yesterday and was forced to bow under in the second before the aggressive attack of Sterling Martin. Keeler won a first-round match from G. E. Cruse of the Squash Club at 15—11, 15—11, but in the second against Martin he was vanquished after a spirited contest at 15—11, 15—7. J. W. Appel, one of the leaders of the Harvard Club coterie of squash tennis enthusiasts, displayed a formidable game in a second-round contest against W. J. Knapp of the Squash Club and secured the victory in straight games at 15—3, 15—7.

A. W. Riley, the Princeton Club and Squash Club expert, who is looked upon by some as one of the most formidable players in the tournament, swept along easily to a 15—11, 15—6 victory over R. Goepel of the Greenwich Field Club. Riley drove hard and placed well and there was ever present a cool strategy that baffled the efforts of his rival.

There was only one match that went to more than two games. This was between R. C. Coburn of the Harvard Club, the eventual winner, and G. E. Ells, also of the Harvard Club. Coburn's victory was registered at 15—12, 9—15, 15—9.

The summaries:

FIRST ROUND.—A. W. Riley, Squash Club, won from I. M. Cornell, Columbia Club, by default; F. S. Keeler, Columbia Club, defeated G. E. Cruse, Squash Club, 15—11, 15—11.

SECOND ROUND.—A. W. Riley, Squash Club, defeated R. Goepel, Greenwich Field Club, 15—11, 15—6; Sterling Martin, Greenwich Field Club, defeated F. S. Keeler, Columbia Club, 15—11, 15—7; G. W. Mead, Squash Club, won by default from Crocker, Greenwich Field Club; J. W. Appel, Harvard Club, defeated W. J. Knapp, Squash Club, 15—3, 15—7; A. Baxter, Crescent Athletic Club, won from M. Sterling, Crescent Athletic Club, by default; R. C. Coburn, Harvard Club, defeated G. E. Ells, Harvard Club, 15—12, 9—15, 15—9.

MOTOR CHANDLER CARS

Chandler Model '17 Sedan, slip covers, new tires; guaranteed.

Chandler Model '17 Coupe, like new; run 300 miles.

Chandler Model '16 and '17 7-pass. Touring; overhauled and refinished; guaranteed.

Chandler Model '17, 4-pass. Runabout. Overhauled, painted and guaranteed.

Cadillac 1915, 8-cyl. 7-pass. Touring; slip covers, extra shoe; $675.00.

Hudson 1914, Model 54, 7-pass. Touring; fine condition; will consider offer.

Pullman 1916 Runabout; extra shoe; fine shape; $300.

Renault 1909 Limousine; in good shape; good tires; $200.

Chandler Model '17 Limousine; overhauled and guaranteed.

Chandler Model '16 Laundaulet; overhauled and guaranteed.

Brady-Murray Motors Corp. 62nd Street & Broadway.

The other day a customer in one of our stores, when trying on a garment, was overheard asking the salesman, "Will this coat wear well?"

What a temptation to secure a sale by simply answering "yes." But to his credit the real merchant replied, "Not as well as a finer w... n fabric."

...ou wonder that cus...s feel confidence where all goods are not praised alike, but just plain facts as well as sound merchandise are dealt out?

Everything men and boys wear.

Army officers' uniforms.

Officers' Stetson hats. Garrison caps. "Westpointer" shoes. Boots. Leggins.

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32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

MEN LIKE VARIETY!

Which Explains Why So Many Come Back to GIMBELS

Most men do not know just what they want—in style, in material, in effect.

They like to see everything that is new, like to try on many different styles.

These men "from Missouri" like choosing at GIMBELS chiefly because of the immensity of selection. For instance:

Overcoats & Suits by the Thousands at $18.50

Dark colors, fancy mixtures, smart styles, most wanted materials—too big a variety for description.

Overcoats, $18.50
Chesterfield models; double breasted models; belt around models; semi-ulster models; quarter silk lined, full serge lined; velvet collars and self collars.

Foreign Coats
Splendid showing of coats from abroad at $35, $37.50, $40, $45, $50, $55, $60, $65 and $75. Belted models, Raglans, ulsters, etc.; newest fabrics.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

Men's Soft Negligee Shirts at 89c

All sizes, 14 to 17. Madras, Poplins, Novelties, Soft Cuffs

They ought to be at least $1.25

In printed and woven madras, poplins and dozens of novelty weaves. All coat models with soft cuffs. Fast colors, mostly neat stripe effects.

GIMBELS—Main Floor

2065 Men's New Hats at $1.95

Soft Hats and Derbies. Samples, the values as high as $4.

Soft Hats are in the new rough and heather finishes; also plain and silk finish. All the new fall colors, such as greens, browns, greys, and heathers and army.

Derbies are in black and brown. Hundreds to choose from; up-to-the-minute styles.

You had better come now, as we don't know when we will have hats like these, for so little money.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

FOOD BOARDS ORDER PRICE OF TURKEY CUT

Nation, State, and City Unite to Fix Cost of Storage Fowl for Thanksgiving.

MAXIMUM TO BE 37 CENTS

One-Half of Frozen Goods Must Be Released Now, and the Rest for Christmas Trade.

The National, State, and City Food Administrations, acting jointly, checked yesterday the advancing cost of turkeys and announced prices at which frozen turkeys must be sold between now and Thanksgiving Day. This was done at a meeting held in the afternoon at the office of the State Food Commission in the Metropolitan Tower. There were present City Food Administrator Arthur Williams, State Food Commissioners Dillon and Miller, and City Commissioner of Markets Henry Moskowitz. Facing them across the table were some thirty-five wholesalers, retailers, and jobbers in fowl. These did not look pleased, especially as many of them are going to lose largely on the goods they are now forced to bring out of cold storage.

Here are the prices that the housewife will pay for her Thanksgiving fowl if she buys a frozen turkey and is willing to carry it home, for the joint commission wants it understood that these prices are fixed on the "cash-and-carry" plan:

Texas plain, not more than 28 cents a pound; Texas fancy, not more than 35 cents a pound; Northern plain, not more than 32 cents a pound, and Northern fancy, not more than 37 cents a pound. The wholesale prices are: Texas plain, between 23 and 25 cents a pound; Texas fancy, not more than 30 cents a pound; Northern plain, not more than 28 cents, and Northern fancy, not more than 32 cents a pound.

The Commissioners want the housewives to bear these prices in mind and to report at once to the City Food Commissioner at the Municipal Building any overcharging, for the Commissioners have received the pledge of the leading men in the trade that these prices will be adhered to. The Commissioners also want the housewives to report any attempt to unload any low grade turkeys at high-grade prices.

Dealers to Suffer Loss.

Last Thanksgiving the poultry men attempted to obtain 40 cents a pound for turkeys. The housewives rebelled, and in consequence of their refusal to pay the price asked fully a third of the supply went into cold storage. One-half of all goods in storage have been ordered out at this time, and the other half must be put on the market at Christmas time. There will be no further holdings for a rise in price. Many of the present holders are said to have paid as high as 28 cents to the farmers, and they have had to sustain the cost of storage and the loss by shrinkage. It means a loss for them to sell at the prices now fixed. This situation was explained by Mrs. Julian Heath, President of the Housewives' League, who was present at the meeting.

"The law of supply and demand has been largely suspended by reason of the war, and men are called upon to do things for the good of their country that they would not do under normal conditions," Chairman Mitchell told the dealers. "There is now a law against withholding supplies from the market in order to increase the price."

A distinct warning was sounded by Arthur Williams, who said that Government experts would be put on the books of firms believed to be offending the regulation. "I don't know whether you understand the situation," he said, "but the Government has the right to put its experts on your books, and will exercise it if it thinks you are getting all you can get rather than a fair price proportionate to your cost. There are experts today going over a great many books in New York City. You are acting on your honor under the law, and our thought is to get your co-operation. Regardless of the supply and regardless of the pressure of the demand, every one of you is on trial before your own Government at a time of war. You are on the defensive to prove that the prices you get from your consumers represent only a fair profit to yourselves.

"The poultry trade is on trial and you might as well look at it seriously. We are in the position of feeding our own people enough to sustain them properly, and feeding our allies, which is the same as feeding our own people. The man who holds back goods and says 'I paid 34 cents for goods and I am going to hold them back until next week and get what I can'—that man is an enemy of his country. He may not know it, but he is.

"My thought would be that exactly as the milk producers and distributers have united with these three commissions to square themselves with the public, the poultry men of New York should be doing the same thing. Let us not dwell in the past. Last year, as we understand it, a lot of men went around the country and bid against each other and prices went very high. The dealers laid in large stocks because of the anticipated demand this Fall; they thought because of the war our allies would pay any profits. Last year's prices were practically double those of any preceding year. Let us make a new start. Take your loss today. Charge it to experience, to patriotism, if you like."

During the conference the following statement from the Food Administration at Washington was read into the record:

You will note that turkeys have been sold at 28 cents to 29 cents, fine stock. This is a reduction of 6 to 7 cents per pound from the price of two weeks ago. It looks very much as though prices will be lower. We are insisting that owners of frozen turkeys must sell one-half for Thanksgiving and the other half during December.

We will certainly appreciate your efforts to call the attention of the housewives to the readjusted prices on frozen turkeys, and to urge all of them to order from their market men frozen turkeys. Also tell them that the Food Administration says that a turkey frozen in December one year and consumed in November the following is of better quality than a fresh bird in November, due to the fact that the average turkey does not develop and get in perfect condition until December.

To provide a holiday feast for the soldiers and sailors in and about New York, the Government purchased yesterday 300,000 pounds of cold storage turkeys at prices ranging from 30 to 31 cents a pound. P. Q. Foy, price expert of The Daily Market Report, estimates the present storage holdings of turkeys at 3,538,398 pounds. During the last few weeks great quantities have moved into the market because of the heavy demand.

Yesterday was sugar distribution day at the Municipal Building. About seventy employes of the Bureau for Collection of Assessments and Arrears of the Finance Department clubbed together and bought 400 pounds of sugar from a refinery. The employes of the Department of Water Supply also bought 500 pounds. This sugar arrived yesterday, and was distributed in five-pound packages at a cost of 46 cents each package.

In advising the public to eat cheese, Cyrus C. Miller, Director of Food Distribution of the New York State Food Commission, charged yesterday that the retailers were not giving the consumers the benefit of a recent drop in prices, a matter that might be investigated soon. He said that there was 60 per cent. more cheese now than at this time last year and that the wholesale price had been declining during the last few weeks. He asserted that every woman in New York City ought to be able to buy good cheese at from 25 cents to 29 cents a pound.

H. Snowden Marshall, former United States District Attorney, and H. A. Emerson, receivers appointed by the Federal Court for the All-Package Grocery Stores, a firm that conducts 150 retail stores in New York, wrote to Federal Food Administrator Hoover and State Commissioner of Markets Dillon yesterday stating that the Borden Milk Company had refused to sell milk and cream to the receivers for sale in the stores, even though the receivers offered to pay cash. Mr. Dillon announced that he would investigate the matter immediately.

FOOD BOARD TO PUNISH UNLICENSED CONCERNS

Calls for Reports on Firms That Have Not Sought Grants Under President's Decree.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The United States Food Administration is preparing to proceed against firms coming under President Wilson's proclamation of Oct. 8 which have not applied for licenses to continue in business. This telegram has been sent to the Federal Food Administrators in all States:

"The trades covered in the President's proclamation of Oct. 8 should have applied for licenses to the license division of the United States Food Administration in Washington before Nov. 1. Some firms have not applied and proceedings will be immediately initiated to suspend trading operations of such firms unless their applications are received at once."

The Food Administration also announces that complaints are being received that many firms have neglected to insert their license number on stationery used for negotiating and completing sales. Rule 22 of the Rules and Regulations governing the conduct of businesses and trades subject to license, follows:

"The licensee shall place on every contract, order, acceptance of order, invoice, price list and quotation issued or signed by him relating to food commodities the words 'United States Food Administration License No. ——,' followed by the number of his license.

"No licensee shall knowingly buy any food commodities from, or sell any such commodities to, or handle any such commodities for, any person required to have a license who has not secured such license and complied with the provisions of this rule."

City Food Administrator Williams received a message last night from Food Administrator Hoover informing him that there were some large food firms in this city who had not applied for a license under the President's proclamation of Oct. 8. He is instructed to begin proceedings at once to stop these firms from trading unless they at once make applications for licenses.

Mr. Williams announced that he would immediately carry out this order, and asked that all complaints of violations should be sent to him and not to Washington.

OHIO MOVES TO STOP HOLDING UP OF FOOD

Dealers Accused of Attempt to Force Up Prices by Failing to Unload Cars.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 23.—The Ohio Food Administration today began an investigation to find who is responsible for the sidetracking and neglect of scores of carloads of perishable foodstuffs, and to have immediate action taken to clear the tracks, free the cars, and get the food where it will not freeze and be wasted.

Food Administrator Croxton called a meeting of all commission merchants in Ohio to be held here to discuss the tie-up of cars loaded with perishables. This step was taken after reports came that commission men are blamed by the railroads, in many instances, for cars remaining on sidetracks without being unloaded.

Inspectors directed by J. B. Dugan, railroad expert of the Food Administration, were today at Akron and Cleveland, from which most serious complaints have been received. Four men were detailed to Cleveland, where it was reported that more than a hundred cars, most of them loaded with vegetables, including potatoes, apples, cabbage, and other perishables, were standing idle on the tracks.

An Akron report coming from a local food administration committee brought information to Food Administrator Croxton that forty-seven carloads of perishables, all consigned to one commission concern, had been sidetracked on three railroad switches there. It was said at the Food Administration office that action will be required or prosecution begun.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 23.—City and Federal officials today took up the task of placing blame for a situation which permits millions of pounds of perishable vegetables to rot on spur tracks of the New York Central Railroad at Cleveland depots. It is said that United States District Attorney Wertz and County Prosecutor Doerfler will be called upon to find out who are the consignees and the shippers of the cars, and then determine whether they or the railroads are to blame. Commission men blame the railroads, saying that they are unloading the cars as fast as the railroads switch them to unloading tracks. The railroad men blame the commission houses for tardy unloading.

YOUNGSTOWN, Nov. 23.—Investigation today revealed that more than seventy-five carloads of perishable foodstuffs are being held in local railroad yards, the goods rotting, while dealers refuse to present bills of lading in the hope, it is said, of stimulating higher prices. Federal authorities have been notified, and drastic measures may be taken against the offenders.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 23.—The Federal Grand Jury which has been investigating the charge that more than 1,000 carloads of food had been held up in Pittsburgh railroad yards, reported today that the condition was due to economic causes and not to flagrant violations of the food laws. The jury also found that the high price of foodstuffs in this district was due to the handling of incoming supplies by three classes of middlemen.

Coal Shortage Up State.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Nov. 23.—The fuel situation is becoming serious in St. Lawrence County. It is reported here tonight that St. Lawrence University at Canton may have to close because of lack of coal.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

FRANK ENNIST, general store, at Olive Bridge, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $3,393 and assets of $2,720, consisting of stock $2,000, accounts $700, and cash in bank $20.

GOTHAM PAPER BOX CO.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed against Gorngold & Kaplan, trading as the Gotham Paper Box Company at 114 Grand Street, in a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar.

BROADWAY COMMISSION HOUSE.—Judge Hand appointed Richard O. Smith receiver in bankruptcy for Harry Edward, doing business as the Broadway Commission House at 79 Fifth Avenue, on application of W. Sturzberg, Schell & Co., a creditor, who alleged that he had disappeared, but had left his books and records, from which it appeared his liabilities are $9,000 and assets less than $100.

COLUMBIA ELECTRIC NOVELTY CORP., manufacturer of electric flash lights and batteries at 167 Wooster Street, has made an assignment to Julius J. Klein.

MICHAEL BRIGANTE, a contractor, 221 Bay Thirty-second Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $40,058 and assets of $25.

JOHN C. BUTTERMARK, a carpenter, 1,860 Clove Avenue, Concord, S. I., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,958 and assets of $5,360.

MICHAELIS KAPLAN, a merchant, 7,305 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $15,435 and no assets.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 238 business failures during the week, against 228 the previous week, and 308, 295, 389, and 279 the corresponding weeks of 1916 to 1913. The Middle States had 57, New England 39, Southern 33, Western 61, Northwestern 16, and Far Western 32. Canada had 16 against 21 for the preceding week. About 90 per cent. of the failures had less than $5,000 capital and 8 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Nov. 23.—The Morehouse and Loomis Piano Company of New Haven filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States District Court today showing liabilities of $21,478. Of this amount $10,564 is secured, $9,838 unsecured, and $1,000 accommodation paper. The assets are piano leases to the extent of $16,410 assigned to creditors as security, book accounts of $590, stock in trade of $559, and $5 in the bank. The largest secured creditors are Kindler & Collins of New York, $2,345, and Stager & Sons Piano Company, Chicago, $3,323. Among the unsecured creditors is the Ludwig Piano Company of New York for $1,200.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PETERSBURG, Fla., Nov. 23.—The Co-operative Ice Co. of this city filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the Federal Court at Tampa today, scheduling liabilities of $65,096, of which $44,950 are secured. The assets total $67,114, including notes aggregating $29,237 taken for capital stock. Real estate, ice plant, and fixtures are valued at $35,000. The principal Eastern creditors are the J. L. Somner Mfg. Co. of Newark, E. B. Carrick & Co. of New York, Armstrong Cork Insulation Co. of Pittsburgh, York Manufacturing Co., and the Keystone Drill Co. of Beaver Falls, Penn.

MONTPELIER, Nov. 23.—A petition for the appointment of a receiver for the Barre and Montpelier Traction and Power Co., recently filed by Henry M. Deavitt of Chicago, was withdrawn today. The company operates a trolley line between this city and Barre.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts of $100 and more.)

Adler, Marion S.—N. Adler, costs.....$142.27
Apartment House Appliance Co.—Gerard Iron Works.....243.32
Atlantic Storage and Trucking Co.—J. H. Flannery.....173.29
Amato, Max G.—F. Kossack.....102.93
Barnes, Will E.—F. R. G. Ely et al.....269.20
Borowick, William—123 2d Av. Realty Co.....152.15
Blodowsky, Barnet—M. S. Falk.....116.70
Boston Am. League Baseball Club—Baseball Players' Fraternity.....2,346.56
Brennan, William—F. E. Meins.....159.26
Baltzel, May—T. J. O. Rhinelander et al.....1,917.89
Commonwealth Comedy Co.—L. Marks..250.20
Cohen, Kenneth M.—Union Exchange Nat. Bank of N. Y.....674.89
Cole, Geo. W.—Paterno & Son Co.....194.01
Dudley, John L., Jr.—G. E. Wood....18,173.06
Ensign Imp. Co. and Joseph A. Damsey—L. Naccarato.....203.90
Friedman, Eugene and Harry, (Crown Jewelry Co.)—H. Manheim.....681.50
Friedman, Cilli—A. S. Rosenberg & Co.165.50
Frank, Paul M.—E. S. Miller et al.....348.05
Eisenberg, Abe M. and Nettie—J. G. Debour.....276.12
Fox Metal Mfg. Corp.—J. Levy.....264.41
Greenberg, William—A. Woltson.....239.20
Gumpel, Ernest—J. S. Jacobs.....137.95
Hearst, Wm. R., as Prest.—City of N. Y., costs.....155.89
Hanlin, Frank H.—L. W. Sweet & Co.388.80
Holland, Alexander—G. V. Courney.....117.55
H. Sumner Sternberg Co. and H. Sumner Sternberg—Leslie Judge Co.....119.74
Har Moriah Hospital of the Galigian and Bucivinian Jews in America—John D. Lohman Co.....144.35
Holocher, Harry, or Anton—S. Moses..156.91
Inteman, Christian, Jr.—J. Freimel..3,591.70
Ideal Flower and Feather Co.—Manhattan Hair Cloth Co.....183.02
Jacobs-Halpert Co.—J. M. Silverman...320.43
Kirsohenbluth, Annie—Novelty Candy Co.....131.70
McGuire, Catherine—H. H. Moore....10,019.34
Mecca Realty Co.—Kellogg Toasted Corn Flakes, costs.....123.75
Maryland Storage Warehouse and Van Co.—W. G. Delamater.....1,174.47
Morris, Robert—Duncan Hotel Co.....174.69
McGee, Benjamin F.—Beau Site Co.....911.72
McGreevy, Bernard—E. A. Hamilton.....225.41
McKay, Chas. B., and Frank Ruppert—Bronx Gas and Electric Co.....5,495.44
Newman, Nathan—S. Feincrow.....482.15
Petit, John—Frants Premier Distributing Co.....109.21
Pollack, Louis, gdn.—Board of Education of the City of N. Y.....111.77
Pisteksy, Jacob and Pauline—S. Dubin.790.18
Pitrak, Minnie—William Vogee & Bros.472.32
P. F. Kenny Co.—Oderwald Iron Works.....1,065.15
Same—H. W. Johns-Manville Co.....795.10
Prospect Place Live Poultry Market, Inc.—B. Baff & Son.....189.74
Rosenzweig, Nathan—Franco Silk Mills, Inc.....275.48
Racoff, Benj.—M. Anderson.....145.38
Rose, Armin—J. Goldstein.....237.83
Rowan, Joseph—Inter Motor Co.....346.34
Radoff, Louis, and Abr. Zucker—A. Shottenfeld.....486.37
Stoltz, Jacob P.—Wayne Oil Tank Pump Co.....1,355.29
Samkowitz, Harry—Childs Co., costs...113.96
Schwartz, Abraham—M. Gerstein.....350.65
S. Liebman's Sons Brewing Co.—L. Shear.....4,373.25
Turner, Thomas W.—Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.....1,000.00
Thum, Rudolf—G. Rose.....261.40
United States Mortgage and Trust Co.—G. W. Young, costs.....130.75
Victor, Zimmet, Inc.—L. Jaffe et al.....138.52
Wagman, Jacob B.—B. Hittelman.....247.38
Whilden & Hancock, New York—M. S. Griffenhagen, as Sheriff, et al., costs..125.73
Weighart, Joseph B.—J. F. Taylor & Co.....153.00
Waythaler, Albert B. Alexander Bezedsky and Vahan H. Kalenderian—E. Ramsdall.....541.41
Waters, William C.—Atlas Press, Inc..141.20
Western States Grain and Feed Co.—Globe Elevator Co.....1,110.93
Williams, Arthur D., adm.—S. Medlin et al., costs.....109.85
Ward, J. Carlton—W. H. Newcomb.....252.80
Zneimer, Herman—E. H. Sayre et al.....146.99

In Bronx County.

Howe, Alfred H.—H. A. Wunderlich..$926.78
Lawin, Joseph—S. Aronowitz.....144.72
Leonard, John—T. Galvin.....800.00
Malatesta, John B.—N. Choloney.....370.30
Namrah Building Co. and O. Herman Olsen—W. Hauptman.....322.81
Noyes, Thomas E.; Frederick Lownhaupt, and Celia A. Holmes—E. J. Backenstos.....6,378.58
Rosenzweig, Nathan—Franco Silk Mills.275.48

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Margulis, Morris, and David S.—C. & M. Envelope Co., May 16, 1916.....$148.57
Norman, Edw. A.—H. C. Pierce, June 29, 1916.....112.81
Lepins, Jacob—Morris Park Estates, April 23, 1917.....852.21
Ehret, George—E. Kutscher, Nov. 19, 1917.....1,584.02
Mitchell, Wm. A.—A. L. Guidone, Oct. 17, 1917.....112.70
Fuller, Edw. M.—H. Cook, Jan. 4, 1917.161.90

In Bronx County

Cunningham, Josie, and Thomas—P. W. Benjamin et al., Nov. 17, 1914.....$37.72
Greenberger, Jacob—North Side Storage Co. et al., June 7, 1917.....136.96
Rice, Louis, and Solomon P. Ratner—P. Jessinsn, April 19, 1914.....233.73

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FRENCH and violin lessons; moderate prices. Phone mornings, Chelsea 4577.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315, velour 5816, American 0859; all colors. Madison Square 6875.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models, all week; ladies', misses', and juniors'; call between 9 and 12, 3 and 5. 6 West 19th St., 10th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples of suits, coats, and coat-dresses; medium and high priced. 9th floor, 29 West 30th.

COATS Wanted.—Infants', children's, ladies'; quantities for cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COLLARS Wanted.—We are open for nutria collars. Bramson Bros., 48 West 25th St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—We are open to buy 1,000 pieces 3-thread, 76 and 80 pick crepe; also 4-thread, all colors, cheap, for spot delivery and spot cash; only those with large quantities need call. Kayanee Waist Co., 536 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay cash for any quantity jobs in serge and silk dresses; must be cheap. Phone Chelsea 1897.

DRESSES, Waists, and Suits Wanted.—Will look at samples; also jobs. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

KERAMI wanted.—$6.25 lapinex plush, $3.25 black chiffon velvet. J 57 Times.

KERSEYS Wanted.—15020, 11060, 544. Madison Square 7745.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—1,000 pieces mercerized lining and 100 pieces serge cloth, for spot cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

PLUSH Wanted.—Will buy Peco at a price. Chelsea 9955.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay cash for serges; Botany 11463, 809, 780, U. S. 838, 235, Whitman's 104, 99, 9, 10. D. & S., Woolen Exch., 1,269 Broadway. Phone Madison Square 1872.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for styles 9, 87, 104; give assortment and lowest price. J 40 Times.

SERGE Wanted.—White French serge, for cash. Telephone Madison Square 9393.

SERGE Wanted.—7120, 54289, 54221, W. F. X., for cash. Madison Square 4122.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy large quantity of seven mummy Japs; all colors, also novelties in all kinds of materials, for spot delivery or future orders; must be cheap, or not interested. Kayanee Waist Co., 536 Broadway.

SILK Wanted.—Open for silks of any description up to 80c per yard. Madison Square 3867.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Placing orders on Spring numbers. Call Saturday, 9 and 1, 5th floor, 32 West 31st St.

SUITS AND COATS.—Contractors wanted; bring samples with you; good suits and coats. Monday, 9 to 11. 4th floor, 38 East 30th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits all week. 1st floor, 15 West 26th St.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS Wanted.—11050, 13009, 15020, 544, and any other heavyweight velours, kerseys, or cheviots; also Blumenthal's kerami; quantities no object; for cash. Greeley 5290.

VELOURS Wanted.—0359, Juilliard's 2002, 110, spot cash. Madison Square 3121.

VELOURS Wanted.—American velours, broadcloth. Farragut 8454.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APRONS.—For immediate delivery; full assortment on hand. E. B. Kursheedt Apron Co., 1,182 Broadway.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—To close out. J. Dunn Co., 127 West 25th St.

CLOAKINGS.—Am. W. Co. 033-21, navy, brown, and green; opening price. Telephone Madison Square 9348.

COATS.—A group of low priced coats for immediate delivery with a "special sales" plan. Developed for December and January retailing. Room 1210, 5th Avenue Building. The Printz-Biederman Co. These are Printzess coats.

COATS to close out, velours, broadcloths, fur-trimmed. Klar Bros., 38 West 20th.

COATS.—Fur trimmed, to close out. Maidoff & Siegel, 78 5th Av.

COATS.—1,000 to close out; fur trimmed. Joe Korcstoff, 36 West 20th St.

FLEECE UNDERWEAR, quantity, immediate delivery; hosiery for export. Henry Isaacs. Stuyvesant 4945.

FUR EFFECTS.—Suitable for auto robes and trimmings. Tel. Farr. 3139.

KERAMI.—For sale at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

LACES.—Manufacturers' sample pieces must be sold at once. Israel, 38 Lispenard St.

MIDDYS.—Spring line of 3 in 1 middy blouses and new smocks ready. Freedman, 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

POMPOM.—Mataland and Chase's mole. 3678 Farr.

SHIRTS.—Big stock of shirts in jobs and regular shirts, consisting of flannels, repps, silk fronts, silk and cotton, and tub silks, at old market prices; good opportunity for big buyers. Metropolitan Shirt Company, 584 Broadway.

SNAP FASTENERS, highest quality, lowest prices, white or black, carded or bulk, for exporters or dealers only; special inducements for large quantity orders. Bethlehem Snap Fastener Mfg. Co., 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn, Telephone 1807 Williamsburg.

STOLES, CAPES.—Plush and Kerami muffs to match in fur effects, headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Belle Cloak & Suit Co., 159 West 25th.

VELOURS, lightweight, taupe, brown, green; kersey 15020, all shades. Madison Square 6635.

VELOUR DU NORD.—Salts; quantity for sale at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

WAISTS.—Georgette waists to close out cheap. Deutschman, 15 West 20th St.

Help Wanted.

BOY.—Bright, refined, for busy real estate office; no experience necessary; stenography, typewriting preferred, but not essential; excellent opportunity to learn the business, but must be prepared to start at the bottom. Kushman & Wakefield, 50 East 42d.

LADY BUYER.—Oppenheim, Collins & Co., 34th St., West, require the services of an experienced assistant woman buyer and head of stock for their underwear department.

SALESMAN to handle established line gingham, sateen petticoats and bungalow aprons to retail stores of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan; salary and commission paid man with experience and reputation; applications in confidence. Room 720, 1,133 Broadway.

SALESMEN Wanted with good following and long experience for the following territories: Far West, the Coast, and Southern States, to carry an up-to-date line of shirts; commission basis; must be well recommended. J 393 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ....5¼@5½% for the best names
Thursday ....5¼@5½% for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Spring Hats in Bright Colors.

The early offerings of women's hats to the Southern trade by local milliners include a wide variety of gay and brilliant colors. The new olive drab shades are also extensively used, and it is expected that they will be one of the best sellers, not only for the Southern trade, but for next Spring as well. A number of attractive sets are shown, including hat, parasol, and wrap, and buyers are said to be well impressed with them. In these sets, georgettes throughout are most frequently used. A great many of the designs are of Oriental origin, though stripes, plaids, and other figures are also said to be in good demand.

Demand for Women's Neckwear.

The demand for women's neckwear, particularly stocks and jabots, which set in early in the Fall season with the return to favor of the high-collared waist, has continued vigorously throughout the season. With a wider variety of prices in these lines than in almost any other item of women's wear, the appeal has been general, for women, from the poorest to the richest, could all find something attractive within the limits of their pocketbooks. Filet continues most in favor for these neckpieces, with organdy a close second, in spite of the lateness of the season.

Mail Order Houses Buying.

It is said in the local cloak and suit trade that buying on the part of large mail order houses for next Spring has been unusually heavy during the last week or ten days. It seems also that these houses are devoting much more attention to the better grades of merchandise than in past seasons. They have taken liberally, it is reported, of velours, serges, gabardines, and poplins, and of high quality bolivia cloth, which proved so popular last season. Tan, taupe, pekin blue, and plum are said to be the favored colors. In styles they are choosing a wide variety, with a good assortment of military effects, which are expected to be among the best sellers.

Men Taking Extra Trousers.

It is looked upon by certain members of the men's wear trade as rather significant that, though higher prices have not curtailed business to any marked extent, sales of extra trousers with suits have increased this Fall. While men are not cutting down on expenditures now, and in many cases are actually spending more than ordinarily, this is taken to indicate that they plan to spend as little as possible in the future and to get the full wear out of their suits.

To Exhibit Separate Skirt Styles.

The initial exhibit of the First Skirt Designers' Association of Greater New York will be held in the ball room of the Hotel McAlpin on Dec. 5. The object of the association, whose members consist of the leading skirt designers of the city, and which has been in existence for more than two years, is to create American styles for American women, rather than adapt accepted French models. The show will be participated in by every prominent skirt manufacturer in the city, each of whom will exhibit a number of skirts on living models. The styles to be shown will feature the best ideas for the coming Spring and Summer season. Indications point to a very large attendance of buyers.

Military Ideas in Sport Shirts.

The entrance of the United States into the war and the resultant assumption of a sterner bearing on the part of American men were cited yesterday as reasons for believing that the flaring collar, "Little Rollo" type of sport shirt that has been having its inning in the last few years, is to be largely superseded this Spring by garments smacking strongly of things military in cut and color. Even some of the more masculine models that sold last year are expected to give ground before shirts of the type that take the English officers' garment for their model. These are offered in approved khaki shades, in becoming effects, both with and without collars attached. They can be worn not only for sports purposes, but for the street as well.

Does Not Fear the Knitting Bag.

"Rank nonsense," was the reply made yesterday by an executive of a local dry goods store when asked what he thought of reports heard here concerning the possibility of increased shoplifting this holiday season as a result of the case with which small articles can be concealed in the huge knitting bags the women now carry. "There are always certain women who victimize the stores at this time of the year," he went on, "but it is absurd to think that the knitting bag is going to increase the number. No woman is going to steal this year, when she never has before, simply because her bag might give her a better chance of getting away with the thing she takes. How any merchant in his right mind can suggest asking women not to bring these bags into his store is a puzzle to me. It would be a deliberate insult, and would and should mean commercial suicide for the man who is foolish enough to ask it."

As to Buying Holiday Gifts.

Admitting that the holiday sales figures to date show distinctly in favor of useful Christmas gifts, as compared with those of lesser utility, a store executive yesterday predicted that sales of the latter type will pick up later. "The recent floating of the second Liberty Loan," he said, "has for the time being made the average customer more economical. This is showing itself in the sales of the less useful kinds of holiday gifts. Particularly it is noticeable in the case of toys. Mothers and fathers who have resolved to cut down on these kinds of presents this year, and who are not only buying a sled for John and a doll for Mary, are going to have a twinge of conscience about two weeks from now that will bring them back here on the run to make up lost ground: 'Why take it out on the kids?' they will ask themselves. I look for the same thing in the case of gifts bought by grownups for one another."

Sheetings Had a Good Day.

Sheetings in the gray had a good day here yesterday. Many of the inquiries of the previous day crystallized into orders, and a tidy volume of these goods was reported sold. Higher prices were quoted on several staple numbers for quick delivery, among them five-yard goods, which were held at 11⅝ cents, and 5.50s, which brought a cent less for the same shipments. For 4.70 sheetings 12¼ cents was paid for nearbys. Four-yard 56-60s were priced at 14@14½ cents, according to deliveries, some houses demanding the latter figure for spots and nearbys. Nearby lots of 30-inch 3.25-yard drills, which are said to be scarce, are held not far from 17 cents in certain quarters. In the specialties the continued run on wide and narrow sateens and twills, at steadily advancing prices, was a feature.

Printcloth Prices Running Wild.

Prices are shooting up on printcloths in the local gray goods market like a thermometer with a match held under the bulb. Not only is the result the breaking of previous high price records on many kinds of goods, but the astounding of experienced buyers as well. At the moment no one seems willing to predict where it will end. Spot lots of 39-inch 68-72s, which only a day or two ago sold at the record price of 13 cents, are now hard to get at a quarter of a cent higher. Thirteen cents was paid for these goods for 1918 shipments running to April. Ten cents is now the general spot and nearby price on 38½-inch 60-48s, with contracts sold at 9⅞ cents. Spot 38½-inch 64-60s cannot be touched now under 11½ cents, with some houses showing a disposition to hold them still more firmly. Nearby sales of 39-inch 80 squares have been put through at 15½ cents, and contracts have been sold at 15⅝ cents. It is reported that spots of this construction have sold at 15⅝ cents. Prices closed this way for spots:

39-inch, 80-80s...15⅝c	38½-inch, 64-60s..11½c
39-inch, 72-76s...14½c	38½-inch, 64-56s..11⅛c
39-inch, 68-72s...13¼c	38½-inch, 60-52s..10¼c
39-inch, 56-44s... 9⅝c	38½-inch, 60-48s..10c
38½-inch, 64-64s..12c	27-inch, 64-60s... 8⅝c

Tobacco Reaches Top Prices.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 23.—Tobacco prices reached top marks here today when a Louisville firm disposed of 950,000 pounds of burley at 30 cents a pound and 450,000 pounds of Indiana dark, one sucker leaf and lugs, at an average of 18¼ cents a pound. The sale is said to be the largest single tobacco transaction in the history of Kentucky. Seventeen cents a pound was considered a fair price for burley in 1916.

New Owners of Hudson Woodworking Company.

I. Seigel and S. Schwartz stated yesterday that they had taken over the Hudson Woodworking Company, against which a judgment was filed in the Bronx on Thursday, and that the action was taken against the old concern.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Unless present plans are changed, the next Fashion Show of the Retail Millinery Association of America will be held at the Hotel Astor on Feb. 7.

J. Gordon Noakes, sales manager of the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation, is en route by steamer to New Orleans on an extended business trip in the interests of the corporation. From there he will go on to Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Kansas City, Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Oshkosh, Milwaukee, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, and Quebec. He will be away about thirty days.

The account of the Ellsberg Company of Chicago is now being represented in this market by the Munzer-Lyon-Kahn Company, resident buyers, 1,133 Broadway.

Harry L. Gips, who was associated with F. Neugass & Co. for several years, will in the future cover the New England States for these manufacturers: B. Stern & Co., Inc., infants' and children's headwear; Stern, Heineman & Herff, infants' and children's coats, and S. Stern & Co., infants', children's, and juniors' dresses. He will make his headquarters in Boston, where an office will be opened soon.

Alexander A. Bloch, who was formerly with the Bloch Purchasing Company, has opened a resident buying office at 1,133 Broadway.

NO RISE IN FIRE RATES HERE.

Insurance Men Say 10 Per Cent. Increase Will Not Apply in City.

Although fire insurance rates in all other parts of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and the South Atlantic and Gulf States have been raised 10 per cent. during the last ten days because of what the fire insurance underwriters consider to be the extra hazards due to war conditions, the cost of fire insurance in this city will probably not increase, according to Willis O. Robb, Manager of the New York Fire Insurance Exchange, yesterday.

Although company losses in this city during the last eleven months were almost twice as great as in the same period last year, all fire insurance companies have found that their profits in this city have been greater than elsewhere, and will hold off raising the rates as long as they can, Mr. Robb said.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE, Md.—A. Eisenberg; child's; 105 Grand.
BALTIMORE—John E. Hurst & Co.; J. H. Wells, dress goods, silks, ready-to-wear; 11 East 31st.
BOSTON—Farley, Harvey Co.; C. E. Holt, blankets, linens; 103 Franklin; Murray Hill.
BOSTON—Bowdoin Mfg. Co.; G. Orlov, ladies' waists, children's dresses; Latham.
BOSTON—C. F. Hovey & Co.; C. F. Hovey, dry goods; 243 Church.
BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum Co.; Miss M. Cronin, jobs georgette, crepe de chine waists; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO — Specher & Nudleman; S. B. Specher, women's cloth bags; Room 301; 437 B'way.
CHICAGO.—L. H. Ruebl & Co.; L. H. Ruebl, sweaters, knit goods; Cumberland.
CHICAGO, Ill.—J. V. Farwell Co.; R. J. Hodgson, petticoats; 72 Leonard.
CLEVELAND—Lindner Co.; J. J. Kelley, ready-to-wear; Park Av.
CLEVELAND—M. Englander & Co.; M. Englander, skirtings; Aberdeen.
CORTLAND, N. Y.—Beaudry-Allen Co.; G. F. Beaudry, Jr., general mdse.; Breslin.
HOUSTON, Texas—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; E. H. Voight, shoes; 1,150 Broadway.
JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Cohen Bros.; G. B. Yenowine, domestics, linens, white goods, and blankets; 225 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES—Smith-Riddick Co.; C. D. Lawler, notions; 72 Leonard.
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—J. H. Rice & Friedman Co.; D. M. Greenwald, shirtings, work clothing; 65 Worth; Claridge.
NEW ORLEANS—Shushan Bros. & Co.; J. Shushan, notions, furn. goods; 395 B'way; Somerset.
NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; A. Sharp, ready-to-wear, furs; 404 4th Av.; Continental.
PEORIA—Block & Kuhl Co.; Miss M. Cronin, jobs georgette, crepe de chine waists; 404 4th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—C. Horn & Co.; G. F. Horn, furniture; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA — Strawbridge & Clothier; T. Powers, linens; F. Walsh, china; 230 5th Av.
PORTSMOUTH, Ohio—East End Store; W. L. Hitchcock, clothing, furn. goods; Hermitage.
RALEIGH, N. C.—E. J. Eliasberg, ready-to-wear millinery; Herald Square.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—O'Connor, Moffatt Co.; Mrs. B. Fall, cloaks, suits, dresses, gowns, and petticoats; 114 5th Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—T. F. & J. F. Harrington; T. F. Harrington, men's, women's clothing; Algonquin.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Besse-Brewster Co.; K. Brewster, clothing, furn. goods; Marie Antoinette.
ST. LOUIS—S. W. Jacobson & Co.; S. W. Jacobson, coats, suits, dresses; Longacre.
ST. LOUIS—Renard Linoleum and Rug Co.; E. G. Platt, rugs; Ansonia.
SYRACUSE, N. Y. — Dey Bros. & Co.; D. Dey, dry goods; 220 5th Av.; Latham.
WICHITA, Kan.—Hauser-Garrison D. G. Co.; G. Cox, furn. goods; 358 Broadway; York.
WICHITA, Kan. — Hauser-Garrison D. G. Co.; B. E. Hege, hosiery; 358 B'way.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Jasper Bros.; B. Jasper, woolens; B'way Central.

SHORT OF GOODS?

Storekeepers finding themselves run out of certain lines can be supplied from various sources at one time. A letter or telegram addressed to The New York Times stating requirements will appear next day on the Business Page of The Times at a cost of 50c for each line of six words. Offers from manufacturers and jobbers will follow. Letters may be addressed to advertiser or to a box number, or telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

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IN FURNITURE AND WORKS OF ART
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In consequence of existing conditions in Italy, which prohibit Mr. Ricci from returning here to continue business at the present time, this fine collection will be sold by auction within the above Galleries,
By Order of the Trustee,
The sale will be conducted by
MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE.

Where Our Soldiers Died

A Picture Map of the First American Battlefield in France

The Mid-Week Pictorial of The New York Times this week has a beautiful Rotogravure Detailed PICTURE MAP of the historic section of France where the first American troops met death in the great war

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SHORT TIME INVESTMENTS

Bankers and other investors should familiarize themselves with the facts about the Collateral Trust Securities issued by this Corporation. $31,353,500 issued. $26,464,000 *matured and paid.* New booklet, "Collateral Trust Securities," giving full data will be sent promptly on mail or telephone request. GUARANTY SECURITIES CORPORATION, 244 Madison Ave., New York City.

TO THE HOLDERS OF MERIDIAN LIGHT & RAILWAY COMPANY GENERAL LIEN SINKING FUND FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS, AND TO ALL OTHERS WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that the National City Bank of Mobile, (formerly known as City Bank and Trust Company,) Trustee, under and by virtue of the mortgage or deed of trust, dated the first day of June, 1910, executed and delivered by Meridian Light and Railway Company to City Bank and Trust Company, (now known as National City Bank of Mobile,) hereby resigns as such trustee, the same to take effect upon the due publication of this notice at least once in each week for four successive weeks in a newspaper published in the City of Meridian, State of Mississippi, and in a newspaper published in the City of New York, State of New York, pursuant to the requirements of Article X. of said mortgage.

Dated Nov. 6th, 1917.

National City Bank of Mobile,
By E. C. HUGHES, President.
Attest—J. R. ENNIS, Cashier.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED, FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.60. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

List Narrow, but Strong, with Striking Improvement in Smaller Steel Issues.

Wall Street is regaining its poise after the severe shock administered by the liquidation and short selling, and is emerging from the long period of forced suspension of new financing due to the Government's bond programs. Business is gradually falling back into its old lines, although, of course, the war continues to dominate every form of enterprise. The market comes nearer to being a normal affair today than has been the case in several months. Yesterday, on very moderate dealings, running to less than half a million shares, many of the industrials forged easily ahead under the leadership of the smaller steel issues. There were gains of as much as 4 or 5 points in numerous stocks, some of them inactive issues, and advances of smaller denominations in most others. The railroads did not reflect any improvement on the announcement of the understanding reached at Washington that no strike would be called by the brotherhoods during the war. As a matter of fact, most owners of railroad securities are not so much afraid of a strike as they are of the concessions that are likely to be made to the men as a reward for not striking.

There were numerous developments yesterday to account for the return of the financial district's normal spirit of optimism. For one thing, the Lackawanna Steel Company's extra dividend of 3½ per cent. led to an expectation of increased payments by other steel companies. The General Chemical Company followed yesterday with an extra dividend. The General Electric Company succeeded in disposing of $10,000,000 of two-year 6 per cent. notes on a basis to yield the investor 6.65 per cent., removing a problem which the financial district had been discussing for several weeks past. The Treasury Department's reduction in rates on war risk insurance followed naturally the increased success of the offensive and defensive measures in use against the submarines, but the announcement had a helpful effect as indicating that the Government authorities do not look upon the reduction in sinkings as an extraordinary showing. Call money eased off, loaning yesterday at from 2¾ per cent. to 3½ per cent. The bond market reflected signs of a reawakening demand among individual investors.

Unfortunately, not many industrial concerns, and none of the railroads now in need of financing, can offer a statement showing such a satisfactory financial position as the General Electric Company. Even that company was able to sell its three-year 6 per cent. notes four months ago at 99.75, indicating a steady rise in the cost of short-term borrowing. The Erie Railroad has made inquiries for funds, but no plan is likely to be announced until the Interstate Commerce Commission makes known its decision in the rate application.

FIRM UNDERTONE IN LONDON

But Business Continues Mostly in Specialty Shares.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Notwithstanding the Treasury bill maturities, money was in strong demand today. Discounts were quiet. A further amount of Italian credit bills was placed on the market.

In the stock market the war news continues to be responsible for a firm undertone in gilt-edged securities and Allied bonds, but business still is mostly in specialties, among which armament, oil, and shipping shares are prominent. Peruvian bonds were buoyant on the increased dividend. De Beers was supported on its good revenue statement.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 59 francs 75 centimes for cash. Exchange on London (unofficial) 27 francs 23½ centimes. Five per cent. loan 87 francs 80 centimes.

Court Halts $60,000,000 Sales.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—In the litigation over the bankrupt estate of Josiah V. Thompson, Uniontown, Penn., coal operator and banker, the United States Circuit Court of Appeals today issued an order temporarily restraining Sheriffs' sales of part of Thompson's $60,000,000 coal lands in Monongahela and Greene Townships, Greene County, Penn., which were fixed for Dec. 1. The order is to remain in effect until the court has decided an appeal by Thompson's trustees from a decision which dissolved an injunction against the Sheriffs' sales.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	3½	Last	3
Low	2¾	Renewals	3½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATERAL.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Thirty days	5	Thirty days	5¼
Sixty days	5¼	Sixty days	5¼@5½
Ninety days	5½	Ninety days	5½@5¾
Four months	5½	Four months	5¾@6
Five months	5½@5¾	Five months	5¾@6
Six months	5½@5¾	Six months	5¾@6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....3¼@3½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....3½@3¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4¼@5¼

Commercial Paper.
Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days.....5
4 to 6 months.....5¼@5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.....5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75 7/16	$4.75 7/16	$4.75 7/16	..
Cables	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.73⅝	5.73⅝	5.73⅝	..
Cables	5.71⅞	5.71⅞	5.71⅞	+ .00⅝
Rubles—				
Demand	13.00	12.75	13.00	..
Cables	13.25	13.00	13.25	..

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		—Yesterday's Close.— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75 7/16	$4.76 7/16
5.1826	Paris	5.73⅝	5.71⅞
	China—		
	Hongkong	71.00	71.25
	Peking	107.00	107.25
	Shanghai	100.00	100.25
19.295	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.19	Holland	44.00	44.50
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	34.50	34.75
	Calcutta	34.50	34.75
5.1823	Italy	8.97	8.96
49.84	Japan—		
	Kobe	52.00	52.25
	Yokohama	52.00	52.25
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	50.125	50.25
51.50	Russia	12.45	12.70
26.79	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	33.50	34.00
	Copenhagen	38.00	38.50
	Christiania	33.50	34.00
19.295	Spain	23.70	23.75
	South America—		
32.42	Rio	25.31	25.41
42.44	Buenos Aires	45.97	46.67
5.1826	Switzerland	4.37¼	4.34

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¼	$4.69¼	$4.70½	$4.68½

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $562,389,928; balance, $37,103,883; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,106,018; Federal Reserve credit balance, $7,722,622.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .3125 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 42 11/16d, unchanged; in New York, 84⅜c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 64⅞c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$9,113,754	$69,670,476
Ord. int. revenue	63,933,973	250,336,329
Income tax	5,826,761	31,568,114
Miscellaneous	6,953,291	57,562,562
Total receipts	$85,827,781	$409,137,491
Exc. of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	307,734,807	1,281,220,795
Exc. of total disburse. over total receipts	840,260,407	723,553,135
Expenditures	393,562,589	1,690,358,236

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, NOV. 23, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	502,834	1,195,446	634,516
Year to date	169,765,077	198,797,806	158,568,381

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
65	80	100	Adams Express	70	70	70	70	—39
2¼	2½	1,900	Alaska Gold Mines	2½	2¼	2¼	2¼	— ⅜
18¾	19	600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	18	18⅞	18	18⅞	+ ½
78	79	200	Am. Agricul. Chem	77	77¾	77	77¾	+ ¾
74	75	100	Am. Beet Sugar	75	75	75	75	+1
35¾	36	8,000	Am. Can	34⅝	35⅞	34⅝	35½	+1⅛
92½	96	100	Am. Can pf	93	93	93	93	—1
65	65½	1,000	Am. Car & Fdry	64¼	65½	64¼	65	+ ¾
25¼	25⅞	300	Am. Cotton Oil	25¾	25⅞	25¾	25⅞	— ⅛
13⅝	14	1,500	Am. H. & Leather	13	14	13	13⅞	+ ⅞
58½	59	1,000	Am. H. & L. pf	58⅝	59¼	58	58½	+1½
54	55	100	Am. International	55	55	55	55	+1
26	26¼	4,600	Am. Linseed	25¼	26½	25⅛	26⅛	+1
72¾	74	300	Am. Linseed pf	73	73	72⅞	72⅞	— ⅛
55	55¼	1,500	Am. Locomotive	54⅞	55	54⅝	55	+ ¼
54½	56½	200	Am. Malting 1st pf	54¾	54¾	54½	54½	— ½
76¼	76¾	3,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	75¼	76⅝	75¼	76¾	+1⅞
103¼	104¼	400	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	104⅛	104½	103½	103½	+2
55⅝	56	1,200	Am. Steel F'dries	55⅞	56	55⅛	55⅝	+ ⅝
98¾	99	400	Am. Sugar Ref	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	+1⅞
56¾	57	2,500	Am. Sumatra Tob	54¾	57¼	54⅞	57	+3
..	89¾	100	Am. Sumat. Tob. pf	83	83	83	83	...
108⅞	109	200	Am. Tel. & Tel	108⅞	108⅞	108¾	108¾	— ⅛
171	176	400	Am. Tobacco	173	176	173	176	+3
43	44	500	Am. Woolen	43	43½	42⅞	43½	+ ½
22	24½	300	Am. Writing P. pf	23	24½	23	24½	+1
58⅞	59	6,400	Anaconda Copper	58	59	58	58⅞	+ ⅞
47½	53⅝	100	Asso. Dry Gds. 1st pf	53½	53½	53½	53½	+2½
85½	87	1,500	Atch., Top. & S. F	86¼	86¾	86¼	86½	+ ¼
83½	84	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	+ ¼
98	99	2,000	At., Gulf & West I	100	100	97½	98¾	+ ⅛
57	57¼	5,900	Baldwin Loco	56⅝	57	55¾	57	...
52¼	52½	800	Baltimore & Ohio	52¼	52⅝	52¼	52⅝	+ ¼
90	91½	300	Barrett Co	91	91½	91	91½	+1
83	85	100	Bethlehem Steel	83	83	83	83	— ⅛
83¼	83½	46,900	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c	81	83⅝	80⅞	83¼	+2¼
97½	98	2,000	Beth. S. sub. r. f. p	97⅞	98	97⅞	97⅞	— ⅜
43½	44½	300	Bklyn Rapid Tran	44	44	44	44	—1
112½	113½	1,900	Burns Brothers	111	113	109½	112½	+2½
17½	18	700	Butte & Superior	17¾	17¾	17½	17¾	+ ½
37	39	100	California Pet. pf	38	38	38	38	+ ¾
136	136½	1,400	Canadian Pacific	134¾	136	134¾	136	+1⅛
28¼	31	1,400	Central Foundry	24½	29¾	24½	29¼	+4¾
42	43	200	Central Foundry pf	41	43	41	43	+7
67½	68½	5,700	Central Leather Co	67⅛	68¾	66¾	67⅞	+ ½
30	31½	200	Cerro de Pasco x d	30	30	30	30	+ ¼
64	64¾	300	Chandler Motor	64½	64¾	64½	64½	...
48	48¾	1,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	48	48	47½	48	...
7¼	7½	100	Chi. Great Western	7½	7½	7½	7½	+ ½
20⅛	21	100	Chi. Great West. pf	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
37½	37¾	1,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P	37⅞	38	37¼	37⅞	— ¼
74½	75¼	600	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	74⅞	75	74¾	74¾	...
95¼	96	400	Chi. & Northwest'n	95	95¼	95	95¼	+ ¼
141	145	50	Do., odd lot	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	...
141	145	100	Chi. & Northw. pf	143	143	143	143	+2
..	..	50	Do., odd lot	142	142	142	142	...
19⅛	19½	4,100	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c	18¾	19⅝	18¾	19⅝	+ ⅝
52½	53	800	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c	52	52½	52	52½	+ ½
43	43¼	700	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c	43	43	43	43	+ ½
15⅛	15⅝	1,300	Chile Copper	15⅛	15½	15	15½	+ ⅜
41⅜	42¼	900	Chino Copper	41⅛	41⅜	41⅛	41⅜	+ ¼
89	100	100	Cluett, Peabody pf	89½	89½	89½	89½	—10½
35⅝	35½	3,800	Col. Fuel & Iron	34½	35⅜	34½	35½	+ ¾
31	31¾	100	Columbia Gas & El	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	...
87	87½	800	Consolidated Gas	87	87	87	87	— ¼
96	97	1,800	Continental Can	93½	96¾	93	96¾	+7
30	30¼	18,700	Corn Products Ref	28¾	30¼	28⅝	30⅛	+1½
90¾	91½	400	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	91	91	91	91	...
90¾	91½	32	Do., odd lot	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	...
57⅜	57½	4,900	Crucible Steel	55¾	57½	55⅝	57½	+1¼
29½	29¾	9,200	Cuba Cane Sugar	29¼	30½	29¼	29½	+ ¾
78¼	79	800	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	79	79	79	79	+ ⅛
92¾	93½	1,000	Del. & Hudson	93	93¾	93	93½	+ ⅞
12	14	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅜
36½	37	5,200	Distillers' Secur	36¾	37⅜	36	36½	+ ½
6⅞	7	500	Dome Mines	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
14⅞	15½	2,300	Erie	14⅞	15¼	14⅞	15	+ ¼
23⅜	23½	350	Erie 1st pf	23¼	23⅝	23	23⅝	...
165	175	12	General Chemical	175	175	175	175	...
132	133	4,200	General Electric	128½	132	128¼	132	+3⅜
93¼	94	6,600	General Motors	92	94¼	92	93⅞	+1
36	36½	800	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	36	36½	36	36½	+1
67	70	100	Granby Consol	66	66	66	66	— ⅛
91⅞	92⅞	700	Great Northern pf	92	92	92	92	...
27⅞	28	13,100	G. N. ctfs. for o. p	26⅝	28⅛	26¼	28	+1½
37½	38⅝	100	Greene-Cananea	37½	37½	37½	37½	...
88½	90	100	Gulf States Steel	88½	88½	88½	88½	+ ½
28¼	28⅝	1,500	Haskell & Barker	28¾	28¾	28	28	—2
95	95¾	100	Illinois Central	96	96	96	96	— ½
43¾	44	1,200	Inspiration Copper	43¼	44	43¼	44	+ ⅝
7¼	7½	700	Interboro Consol	7¼	7½	7¼	7½	...
45½	46	200	Interboro Con. pf	45⅝	45¾	45¾	45¾	— ¼
13	14	1,400	Int. Agricultural	13	14	13	14	+4
35	39	150	Int. Agricultural pf	38	38	38	38	+4¼
54	75	100	Int. Harvester Corp	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾	— ¼
25¾	26	3,700	Int. Mer. Marine	25½	26¼	25½	25⅞	+ ⅝
96⅛	96¾	29,700	Int. Mer. Marine pf	97¼	98	96¼	96¾	+ ½
27⅛	27¼	1,400	Int. Nickel	27⅛	27¼	26½	27¼	+ ¼
22	23	200	Int. Paper	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	—2⅞
17¼	18½	1,300	Kansas City South	17	18	17	18	+ ⅞
33⅛	33½	2,700	Kennecott Copper	32⅝	33½	32⅝	33¼	+ ⅝
81½	82	12,500	Lackawanna Steel	80¾	81⅝	79½	81⅝	+3⅝
11¾	12	300	Lee Rubber & Tire	12	12	12	12	...
51¾	55¼	100	Lehigh Valley	55	55	55	55	— ½
116	118	300	Louis. & Nash	118	118	118	118	—1⅞
24¼	25	900	Maxwell Motors	23¾	25	23¾	24½	+1⅞
16	16¼	800	Max. Motors 2d pf	16¼	16⅞	16⅛	16¼	+ ¼
47¼	51	100	May Dept. Stores	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾	+ ¼
78½	79	2,000	Mexican Petroleum	77¾	79¼	77¾	78½	+ ½
28¾	29	500	Miami Copper	28⅝	28⅞	28⅝	28¾	— ⅛
44⅛	45	3,400	Midvale Steel	44⅛	45	44	45	+ ⅞
10	10½	850	Minn. & St. L. new	9⅞	10⅝	9⅞	10⅝	+ ½
82	84	25	M., St. P. & S. S. M	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	...
4¾	5	300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	+ ⅝
24	24½	1,600	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs	24½	24½	24	24½	+ ¼
41	41½	300	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	...
66	67½	200	Montana Power	66¾	66¾	66¾	66¾	...
23½	23¾	1,200	Nat. Cond. & Cable	23¾	23¾	23½	23¾	+ ¼
37¼	38	500	Nat. Enam. & St	37¼	38	37¼	38	+1¼
17½	18	500	Nevada Con. Cop	17½	17½	17½	17½	...
112	115	200	N. Y. Air Brake	111½	111½	111½	111½	— ½
71	71¼	500	N. Y. Central	70⅞	71¼	70⅞	71¼	+ ¼
27⅜	27¾	1,100	N. Y., N. H. & H	27⅝	27¾	27⅝	27⅝	...
19	19⅝	1,200	N. Y., Ont. & West	19½	19½	19	19	—1¾
105¼	106½	600	Norfolk & Western	105⅛	106	105⅛	106	+ ¾
87½	88	500	Northern Pacific	87	88	87	87¾	+ ¼
63	64¼	200	Nova Scotia S. & C	62⅞	63	62⅞	63	—1
36	36⅝	3,500	Ohio Cities Gas	36	36¼	35½	36¼	...
60	67	200	Owens Bottle Mach	67½	67½	66¾	66¾	—2¼
47⅝	47⅞	1,400	Penn. R. R	47¼	47⅝	47¼	47⅝	+ ⅜
14	15	1,000	Pere Marquette	14⅜	14⅜	14	14¼	+ ⅜
27½	28⅛	200	Philadelphia Co	28¼	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	+ ¼
30½	34	200	Pierce-Arrow	31¼	31¼	31	31	—2
45⅞	46	800	Pitts. Coal	45	46	45	46	+1
80	81	100	Pitts. Coal pf	80	80	80	80	...
23	23¼	600	Pitts. & West Va	22⅝	23⅛	22⅝	23⅛	+ ½
56	57	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	56	56	56	56	+ ½
56	57	100	Pressed Steel Car	56	56	56	56	...
½	⅝	500	Quicksilver	¼	½	¼	½	...
..	½	700	Quicksilver pf	¾	¾	¼	¼	— ½
43¼	44¼	100	Railway Steel Sp	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	+ ¼
22⅝	22⅞	1,300	Ray Con. Copper	22½	22⅞	22½	22¾	+ ¼
72¼	72¾	11,500	Reading	72	72¾	71⅝	72¾	...
78⅛	78¾	28,600	Rep. Iron & Steel	73⅜	78¾	73¼	78¾	+5¼
93	95	600	Rep. Iron & S. pf	94	94	94	94	...
70	71½	300	Royal Dutch t r	70¼	71	70	71	— ¾
15	15¼	100	St. Louis-San Fran	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	— ⅛
25	29	15	St. L. San Fran. pf	25	25	25	25	...
5	5¼	300	Saxon Motor	5¼	5¼	5⅛	5¼	+ ⅜
19	19½	100	Seab. Air Line pf	19	19	19	19	...
141	141½	400	Sears, Roeb. & Co	141	141	141	141	...
31¼	31½	1,700	Sinclair Oil & Ref	30⅞	31⅞	30⅞	31½	— ½
38	39¼	500	Sloss-S. Steel & I	36¾	38	36¾	38	+1
83⅝	84½	800	Southern Pacific	83⅝	84½	83⅝	84½	+1
158	170	100	So. Porto Rico Sug	158	158	158	158	+3
24¾	25	1,200	Southern Railway	25	25	24¾	25	...
40½	41	12,300	Studebaker Co	39½	42¼	39½	40½	+1
36¾	37	3,600	Superior Steel	36¾	38¾	36¾	37	+ ¼
12⅜	12¾	200	Tenn. C. & C	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼	+ ½
144½	145	1,700	Texas Co	142¾	144⅞	142¾	144⅞	+1⅞
48½	48¾	1,600	Tobacco Products	48	49	48	48⅝	+1
116	116½	2,300	Union Pacific	116	116½	115¼	115¾	— ¼
36¾	37½	300	United Alloy Steel	37	37	37	37	— ¾
87¾	88¼	2,800	United Cigar Stores	86¾	88⅜	86¾	88	+1⅜
14	16	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	14	14	14	14	— ½
12½	12½	200	U. S. C. I. P. & F	12½	12½	12½	12½	+ ⅞
46¾	47½	200	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf	47	47	47	47	—1
114	114⅜	3,300	U. S. Indus. Alco	110⅛	114⅞	110½	114⅛	+2⅞
90	96	200	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	92	95	92	95	+2½
51¾	52¼	800	U. S. Rubber	51⅝	52½	51⅝	52⅛	+1
95¼	97¼	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	96	96	96	96	+1
45¼	46	100	U. S. Sm., R. & M	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼	+ ¾
98¼	98⅜	124,600	U. S. Steel	96	98¾	96	98⅜	+1⅞
108¼	109¼	800	U. S. Steel pf	109	109¼	109	109	— ¾
79¼	79⅜	1,400	Utah Copper	78¼	79¼	78¼	79¼	+1⅛
41⅜	42	400	Wabash pf. A	41⅜	41⅞	41⅜	41⅞	...
21⅜	22	100	Wabash pf. B	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	— ⅜
14¼	14¾	100	Western Maryland	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	...
25¾	26½	300	West. Md. 2d pf	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	+ ¼
38	..	100	Western Pacific pf	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	— ⅜
82¼	83¼	200	Western Union Tel	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	+1¼
39½	39¾	2,000	Westingh. E. & M	39	39⅞	38⅞	39½	+ ¼
10	10½	200	Wheeling & L. E	10	10	10	10	— ¼
47¼	48½	200	Wilson & Co	48	48½	48	48½	+1½
18¾	19	14,700	Willys-Overland	18	19¼	18	19	+1
69	71	400	Willys-Overland pf	70¼	70¾	70¼	70¼	+ ¼
37¼	38	700	Wisconsin Central	37¼	37¾	37¼	37⅞	+ ¼
109¾	110½	400	Woolw. (F.W.) Co	110¼	110¼	109¾	110	— ¼

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

"The record of business," says Dun's Review for the current week, "continues mainly one of adjustments to new and extraordinary conditions, and requirements in regular channels are more than ever subordinate to the pressing necessities of the Government. Not only is consumption changing in character, with civilian demands centring more fully in the staple commodities, but production likewise is coming more closely under the domination of war influences, and outputs of what are termed nonessential articles are being lessened, or eliminated altogether.

"The element of price control also enters more largely into calculations. Where revisions have already been effected, and uncertainties removed, there has come an improvement in sentiment, and in some instances a moderate, though distinct, revival of activity after a considerable period of hesitancy. The volume of general business remains large in about all sections, and in some cases is broadening; but the drawbacks in many industries and trades increase rather than diminish, and the curtailment of operations through fuel and labor scarcity becomes more noticeable. With last week's lessening of selling pressure, it appeared as if the long-continued decline in stocks had about spent its force, and this week brought noticeable betterment in both sentiment and prices."

Bradstreet's says:

"More cheerful feeling, probably born of the apparent successes of the allied arms oversea, heavy governmental buying, the return of Liberty Loan money into circulation, 30-cent cotton, unrestricted ordering by the excellently situated surplus crop zones, record high bank clearings, and superanimated activity in most industrial lines turning out essentials of war, are factors that easily eclipse any lagging tendencies that prevail."

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Alabama Co.	3	..	Dec. 1	Dec. 20
Alabama Co. 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	Dec. 20
Am. Railways	2	SA	Feb. 1	Dec. 28
Atl., G. & W. I.	$5	SA	Feb. 1	Dec. 28
Allouez Mining	$1.50	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 12
Baldwin Loco.	3½	SA	Jan. 1	Dec. 8
Boston & Albany	$2.25	Q	Dec. 31	Nov. 30
Calumet & Hecla	$10	Q	Dec. 20	Nov. 28
Central Fdy. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Cent. Fdy. 1st pf.	2	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Everett, H. & Co.	50c	..	Jan. 2	Dec. 21
General Chemical	2½	Sp	Feb. 1	Dec. 31
General Chemical	5	Stk	Feb. 1	Dec. 31
General Chem. pf.	1½	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 19
Gras. Chem. c.&pf.	1½	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
Gras. Chem. c.&pf.	4.15	Ex	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
Old Dominion	$1	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 10
Penn. W. & P.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 19
Ry. Steel Springs	1¾	Q	Dec. 29	Dec. 15
Ry. Steel Spgs. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 29	Dec. 15
Submarine Signal	75c	Q	Jan. 2	Nov. 22
Submarine Signal	$1	Ex	Jan. 2	Nov. 22
Yukon Alaska Tr.	$1	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 7
Yukon Gold Min.	7½	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 7

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	59.70	58.88	59.20	+.03
25 industrials	72.62	70.95	72.39	+1.37
50 stocks	66.16	64.91	65.79	+.70

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 23	66.16	64.91	65.79	+.70
Nov. 22	65.86	64.85	65.39	−.81
Nov. 21	65.89	64.39	65.40	+.65
Nov. 20	65.18	63.81	64.75	+.98
Nov. 19	63.89	62.77	63.77	+1.02
Nov. 17	62.94	62.43	62.75	+.66
Nov. 16	62.48	61.74	62.09	−.04

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Nov.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
1917	66.16 Nov. 23	60.42 Nov. 8	65.79
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	97.77 Nov. 1	97.5?
1915	93.51 Nov. 1	85.78 Nov. 10	90.39
1914	Exchange closed.		
1913	67.80 Nov. 1	65.50 Nov. 10	66.51
1912	84.12 Nov. 7	81.10 Nov. 12	82.37
1911	78.98 Nov. 24	74.14 Nov. 1	77.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1917	90.46 Jan. 4	60.42 Nov. 8	65.79
†1916	101.51 Nov. 20	90.91 Sep. 22	99.22
Full Years.			
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80 Jan. 31	67.41 July 30	60.20
1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10	68.06
1912	85.82 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41 June 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.00

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Nov. 23	77.15 +.02	Nov. 15	77.05 −.06
Nov. 22	77.13 +.07	Nov. 14	77.11 −.20
Nov. 21	77.06 +.19	Nov. 13	77.31 −.00
Nov. 20	76.87 +.14	Nov. 12	77.40 − ..
Nov. 19	76.73 +.01	Nov. 10	77.40 −.03
Nov. 17	76.72 −.17	Nov. 9	77.43 −.03
Nov. 16	76.89 −.16	Nov. 8	77.46 −.33

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1917	88.48 Jan. 26	76.72 Nov. 17	77.15
†1916	89.08 Nov. 24	86.19 Apr. 23	89.08
Full Years.			
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 23	88.64
1915	87.62 Nov. 24	81.51 Jan. 2	86.07
1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Rediscounting 90-day Notes.

An interesting situation has been created by the Federal Reserve Board's recent statement that ninety-day notes issued under a renewal agreement are undesirable as investments for Federal Reserve Banks. This pronouncement was generally approved by bankers, but officials of the local Federal Reserve Bank, including its general counsel, have declined to say whether the board's statement means that the American Tobacco Company's notes were not eligible for discount. They have also declined to say what action would be taken if a member bank offered them for rediscount. It is known, however, that some of the B. F. Goodrich Company's notes have been rediscounted by the bank. It would seem that the bankers were indiscreet in urging the rediscountability of the Tobacco notes and in giving the matter so much publicity, for if they had said nothing, and individual banks would have been able to tender to the Reserve Bank some of the notes for rediscount, without any mention of the existence or non-existence of renewal agreements, the Reserve Bank would have rediscounted them without question. Now that the Federal bank has information that the banking syndicate executed renewal agreements with purchasers of the notes, and in the light of the Reserve Board's general disapproval of the issuance of two-year notes in the guise of ninety-day liquid commercial paper, it is evidently very embarrassing, to say the least, for the Reserve Bank to agree to their rediscount. Further developments in regard to these notes are not unlikely.

Value and Quantity.

There appears to be a discrepancy in the relationship of values to quantities which has induced misconception of the character and extent of the country's activities in the production and movement of essential commodities. "Figures for the nine months ended September of this year," says The Wollman Review, "show exports of nearly 22,000,000 bushels of wheat less than for the corresponding period of 1916, 2,500,000 barrels less of flour, 30,000,000 pounds less of hams and shoulders, 11,000,000 pounds less of pork, and 1,341,000 bales less of cotton. On the other hand, for these smaller exports of wheat the country received in payment nearly $60,000,000 more than it received in the first nine months of 1916; it received nearly $20,000,000 more for the smaller quantity of flour, $5,500,000 more for the hams and shoulders, $3,800,000 more for the pork, and $48,320,000 more for the cotton."

Increase in Production.

The estimated increase in production of all grains in this country this year is more than 20 per cent. over 1916, but the estimated increase in farm value is more than 100 per cent. The increased production of various vegetables and fruit staples is above 20 per cent., but the advance in farm value is placed at more than 90 per cent. The total value of farm products during the first three years of war was actually 58 per cent. more than the total value in the last three years preceding the war, although there was relatively a slight difference in production.

Retiring United Kingdom Bonds.

Confirmation was obtained yesterday of the report that J. P. Morgan & Co., acting as agents for the British Treasury, were buying in the open market the short-term notes and bonds of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and selling the securities pledged as collateral for these issues. By so doing, the volume of the British obligations outstanding is being gradually reduced, and support is given to the market. Purchases made when quotations are low are advantageous to the British Government, for the redemption is accomplished at a price lower than that at which the bonds were sold to the public. A part of the collateral deposited as security for the British obligations consists of American stocks and bonds, but most of these have been offered for sale only when the market has been favorable. Figures giving the total of bonds bought by the British Treasury are unavailable.

Adams Express Shares.

A sale in Adams Express on the Stock Exchange is a rare enough event in itself to be worth chronicling, but even more significant of the present difficulties of the big express companies is the price. A hundred shares of Adams changed hands yesterday at 70. The bid price had previously been 65; asked, 80. The last previous sale was in the month of August, the price 110. President Barrett of the Adams Express Company recently stated that the company had suffered heavily, not only by voluntary enlistments and the draft among its employes, but even more by the lure of far higher wages than the company could pay, offered by shipbuilding and munitions plants. And on top of this freight shippers, discouraged by railroad congestion, had been dumping additional loads upon it—in several instances sending grand pianos by express!

Regional Express Troubles.

The troubles of the express companies, it appears, have been acutely localized in New England and along the Atlantic seaboard. Wells Fargo & Co., whose business is mostly in the West, has suffered much less from traffic congestion than Adams and the American, which have been compelled from time to time to resort to local embargoes. All, however, have felt the pinch of rising costs, the drain upon their skilled labor due to higher wages elsewhere and the stationary, or nearly stationary, character of their income. President Barrett has estimated the increased load upon his company, due to war conditions, at 20 per cent., and much of this increase, being bulky freight, was hard to handle.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, NOV. 23, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$4,150,000	$5,584,500	$4,490,000
Year to date	920,999,950	1,036,698,500	823,786,700

U S Liberty 3½s, int ctfs, f p
$25000.....99
10000.....98.96
11000.....98.98
500.....99
15000.....98.96
28000.....98.94
15000.....98.96
10000.....98.92
15000.....98.90
1000.....98.92
6000.....98.88
3000.....98.92
2000.....98.94
1000.....98.96
10000.....98.98
2000.....99
26000.....98.98
1000.....98.96
5000.....98.94
106000.....98.96
2000.....98.92
10000.....98.94
2000.....98.92
1000.....98.90
21000.....98.96
2000.....98.98
28000.....99
6000.....99.04
74000.....99
5000.....99.02
7000.....99
17000.....98.98
15000.....99
2000.....99.02
106000.....99
27000.....99.06
9000.....99
3000.....99.02
1000.....99
50000.....99.02
50000.....99

U S Liberty 4s
35000.....98
10000.....97.96
1000.....98
7000.....97.94
81000.....97.96
2000.....97.98
24000.....97.96
65000 c.....97.92
20000.....97.92
33000.....97.80
1000.....97.78
6000.....97.76
20000.....97.78
20000.....97.76
5000 c.....97.8[illegible]
10000 c.....97.86
30000 c.....97.76
15000 c.....97.72
2000.....97.90
1000.....97.84
1000.....97.8[illegible]
1000.....97.88
3000.....97.86
25000.....97.80
43000.....97.74
20000.....97.76
2000.....97.78
20000.....97.76
6000.....97.78
500.....98.20
1000.....97.76
1000.....97.80
55000.....97.76
2000.....97.80
4000.....97.76
500.....98.04
20000.....97.78
1000.....97.7[illegible]
112000.....97.78
34000.....97.76
1000.....97.74
10000.....97.72
1000.....97.74
11000.....97.72
40000.....97.74
9000.....97.72
12000.....97.74
15000.....97.76
2000.....97.78
10000.....97.76
500.....98
500.....98
500.....98
500.....98
500.....98
3000.....97.74
14000.....97.76
1000.....97.74
25000.....97.76
33000.....97.74
1000.....97.76
19000.....97.72
225000.....97.70
176000.....97.72
21000.....97.70
64000.....97.68
30000.....97.64
5000.....97.80
100000.....97.58

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S 3s, coup
1.....99
Am For Sec 5s
8.....94¼
Anglo-Fr 5s
6.....90⅝
10.....90½
8 lots
½.....90⅝
1.....90¼
8.....90⅝
2.....90¼
3.....90¼
33.....90⅝
4.....90½
8.....90⅝
8.....90⅝
10.....90⅝
CityofBord6s
5.....83¼
3.....83
3.....83¼
9.....83
5.....83⅛
4.....83¼
CityofLyons6s
1.....83¼
10.....83
15.....83¼
CityofMars6s
5.....83⅛
5.....83
15.....83¼
CityofParis6s
10.....83⅛
3.....83⅜
1.....83¼
2.....83¼
38.....83¼
1.....83¼
DomofCan5s, 1926
2.....90
9.....90¼
10.....90½
1931
1.....90⅞
French Govt temp 5½s
15.....94½
3.....94⅝
JapGovt4½s, sterl loan
10.....88⅜
2d Series
20.....88¼
2.....88⅜
UnKingofGt Br & Ire 5s
5.....97⅝
3.....97⅞
5½s, 1918
4.....99⅜
79.....99⅝
2.....99⅛
5½s, 1919
9.....95⅝
1.....95⅞
5.....96½
2.....95⅝
new
25.....97¼
10.....98
8.....98¼
10.....98
10.....98¼
15.....98¼
9.....98¼
1.....98⅜
7.....98¼
8.....98
5½s, 1921
10.....92⅜
1.....92½
1.....92⅞
21.....92⅝
NYCity4½s,
Nov, 1957
5.....98⅞
Am Ag Chem deb 5s
1.....93
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
2.....86⅞
AmT&Tcol4s
5.....82
col tr 5s
½.....92¼
5.....92⅝
4.....92⅞
2.....92¾
4.....92⅝
1.....92⅜
4.....92⅞
11.....93
17.....92⅝
Armour & Co 4½s
1.....85
A,T&SFgen4s
27.....83
1.....83⅛
2.....83
1.....83⅛
Atl C L 1st 4s
4.....83
B&O pr l 3½s
2.....86
gold 4s
1.....78
conv 4½s
10.....79⅝
B Stl 1st & ref 5s
3.....89⅞
pur m 5s
1.....79¼
7.....79
B R T 5s,'18
1.....91¼
4.....91¼
CofGRy1st5s
5.....100
C&Oconv4½s
3.....70
conv 5s
1.....73½
5.....73¼
20.....73¼
1.....73⅞
Chi & A 3½s
3.....38⅝
C,B&Qgen4s
2.....82
joint 4s
12.....93¼
6.....93⅝
15.....93¼
7.....93¼
1.....93¼
registered
20.....93
Ill div 3½s
5.....76
Chi, M & St P cv 5s, Ser B
2.....77½
4.....77¼
ref 4½s
11.....67⅛
Chi& NW deb 5s, 1933
2.....94½
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s
22.....62¼
Chi.StL&NO Mdiv4s,reg
1.....65
Chile Cop 7s
2.....100⅞
1.....101
2.....100⅛
Col&So1st4s
1.....83
Con Gas cv 6s
8.....100⅛
7.....100
21.....100¼
5.....100⅛
Cum Tel 5s
1.....90⅛
D&RGcon4s
5.....63¼
1.....63
DisSecCorp5s
6.....75
Erie1stgen4s
10.....49½
conv4s,SerB
2.....39½
3.....40
conv4s,SerD
20.....45
H&M1st&ref 5s, Ser A
1.....51⅞
3.....52
Int-Met 4½s
1.....53⅝
7.....53⅜
IRT1st&ref5s
4.....80
18.....79⅞
1.....80
4.....79¾
15.....80
1.....80½
1.....81
Int M M sf 6s
2.....92
Kan C So 5s
1.....76
3s
2.....60
LackStl5s,'50
1.....89
1.....89¼
1.....90¼
L G L of St L 1st5s
6.....98
LS&MS4s,'28
5.....86
4s, 1931
5.....84¼
Lig & My 7s
2.....111
5s
2.....90½
MidS col tr 5s
10.....84¼
1.....84⅜
5.....84⅝
M&StL1st7s
1.....106
M,K&T1st4s
50.....58
3.....58½
2d 4s
5.....30¼
M P 1st & ref 5s, 1926
3.....88⅝
gen 4s
1.....54½
11.....54¼
1.....54½
10.....54¼
1.....54⅜
96.....54
Nat Tube 5s
1.....96¼
N Y C deb 6s
1.....93¾
18.....93⅝
20.....93½
NY, NH & H conv deb 6s
4.....84
NYRys adj 5s
9.....20
N Y Tel 4½s
2.....90
1.....89⅞
NY,W&B4½s
10.....41
Norf&Wcon4s
1.....85
Nor Pac 4s
10.....82¼
2.....82⅛
1.....82¼
16.....82⅞
5.....82⅝
Nor Pac 3s
1.....58⅞
OregShLinegtd ref 4s
1.....83½
PacGas&E5s
1.....81
Pac T & T 5s
6.....92⅝
1.....92½
P R R gen 4½s
2.....90½
2.....90⅝
PereMar1st5s
7.....81¼
Rdg gen 4s
6.....85½
StL&SFrprin 4s, Ser A
14.....55⅝
5.....55¼
3.....55⅝
8.....55¼
6.....55⅝
prin5s,SerB
8.....71⅛
adjust 6s
7.....59⅝
4.....59½
SanAn&AP4s
1.....60
SeabALadj5s
3.....44
58.....44¼
1.....44¼
Sincl'rO&R1st s f 7s, w war
1.....93
So Pac cv 4s
2.....76⅝
5.....76½
conv 5s
1.....89¼
½.....89¼
10.....89⅝
1.....89½
1st ref 4s
5.....70¼
4.....70⅜
SanFrTerm4s
1.....80
So Ry 1st 5s
10.....92½
gen 4s
3.....58⅝
44.....58⅜
Tex Co deb 6s
6.....99
Tri-City 5s
3.....94
Un Pac 1st 4s
13.....88
1st & ref 4s
7.....78½
20.....78⅜
USRubber1st & ref 5s
62.....76
1.....76¼
52.....76
22.....76¼
9.....76½
8.....76
8.....76¼
17.....76¼
33.....76
15.....76⅜
USSteelCorp s f 5s
5.....99
5.....99⅜
3.....99¼
3.....99¼
2.....99⅜
registered
1.....98½
Va-CarC1st5s
1.....94½
14.....94¼
Va I, C & C 5s
1.....86
West Pac 5s
4.....80
West Shore 4s
2.....80
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
1.....95¼
1.....95

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96½	..
2s, c, 1930	96½	..
3s, r, 1918	99	..
3s, c, 1918	99	..
3s, r, 1946	84	..
3s, c, 1946	85	..
4s, r, 1925	104	..
4s, c, 1925	104	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	96	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	80	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea 1st pf	80	92
Ad Rumely	8⅜	9
Do pf	20	22
Alaska J	2⅞	3
Alle & W	91½	..
Allis-Ch M pf	72	74
Am Ag Ch pf	91½	96
Am B N	33	37
Do pf	40	46
Am B Sug pf	80	9[illegible]
Am B S & Fdy	..	97
Do pf	155	186
Am C & F pf	104	107
Am C pf	..	20
Am Coal	38	..
Am Cot Oil pf	70	80
Am Exp	80	90
Am Ice	10	11
Do pf	36	40
Am Lo pf	96	100
Am Malt	12	12½
Am Sm pf A	92	95
Am Snuff	100¾	103½
Do pf	..	95
Am Shipb	87¾	91
Do pf	..	93½
Am Sug R pf	108	108¼
Am T & C	54	60
Am Tob pf	93	98
Am W pf	88	90
Am Zinc	14¼	15
Do pf	42½	46⅝
Assets R	1	1⅜
Asso D G	12	15
Do 2d pf	36	54⅝
Assoc Oil	54⅝	57
A, B & A	8⅝	9
Atl C L	96	97
A, G & W I pf	59½	60½
Bald L pf	96	101
B & O pf	59⅜	60½
Barrett Co pf	99	104
Batop Min	1	1⅜
Beth Stl pf	86	90
B U Gas	86	95
Brown Sh	61½	64
Do pf	88¾	92
Bruns Ter	6	7
B, R & P	70	89⅞
Do pf	100	..
Burns Bros pf	110	120
Bush Ter	..	100
But'k Co	10	10½
Cal Pack	35	..
Cal Petrol	12⅜	12⅞
Cal & Ariz	64	73
Can So	..	54
C, C & O	..	22
Do pf	..	30
Case (J I) pf	..	78
Cent L pf	99⅜	101¼
C R R of N J	210	231
C & S A T	99	102
Chi & Alt	8	10
Do pf	10	20
Chi, St P, M & Om	70	80
Do pf	100	130
C, C, C & St L	26	39
Do pf	60	76
Cl & Pitts	..	83⅜
Clu-Peab	47½	53
Col & So	20	21
Do 1st pf	45	48
Do 2d pf	40	50
Comp T R	28	30
Con G, B	96	101
C I C M	11	12½
Cont C pf	87	110
Cont Ins	42	45
Crex Carp	38	45
Crip C C	..	32
Do pf	..	32
Cruc S pf	87	91½
C-Am Sug	141	160
Do pf	90	100
D & Co pf	95⅛	97
D, L & W	185	190
D & R G	5	9
Det Ed	105	109
Det U Ry	92	95
D, S S & A	2⅜	3½
Do pf	5½	7
Elec S B	48	53
Elk H C	21	25
Do pf	..	43
Erie 2d pf	17	18⅜
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S	13¼	20
Do pf	35½	36
Fisher Bdy	29	34
Do pf	75	80
G, W & W	35	38
Gen Ch pf	96	105
Gen Cigar	31	34
Do pf, ex div	90	100
Gen M pf	75	76
G'drich pf	91⅞	93
Gulf S S 1st pf	100	102
Do 2d pf	83½	100
G, M & N	11	14
Do pf	30	43
Hartman	42	42½
Homestake	95	99½
I H, N J	105⅞	107½
Do pf	109	118
Int H Cor pf	97	100
Int N pf	90	99
Int Salt	62	65
Int Pa pf sta	56	58
Do pf	65	75
Iowa Cent	2	4
Isl C Coal	..	75
Jewel Tea	32	35
Do pf	90	95
K C, Ft S & M pf	..	68
Kan C So pf	46	48
Kelly S T	41	43
Do pf	77	83
Kelsey Wh	16	30
Do pf	70	85
K & D M	2⅜	7
Do pf	..	50
K'gs Co El L & P	95	100
Kress (S H)	46	55
Do pf	98	105⅜
Lacl Gas	81	90
L E & W	9	10
Do pf	17	25
Ligg & M	170	200
Do pf	100¼	101½
L Isl ctfs	34	45
L-W Bisc	13⅝	15
Do 1st pf	..	84
Do 2d pf	50	64
Lorill'd Co	170	185
Do pf	100	120
M'kay Cos	72	89
Do pf	59	68
Mah C R	350	..
Man B'ch	[illegible]	4
Man Elec S	..	43
Do 1st pf	..	96⅝
Man Elev	97	105
Max M 1st pf	53	56
M Dep Sts pf	90	103
Mex P pf	85	88
Mich Cent	..	109
M, St P & S S M pf	101	117
Do l l	60	70
Mo, K & T pf	7½	8
Mon V Tr	..	18
Mon P pf	97	100
Mor & Es	..	80
N, C & St L	110	122
Nat Acme	25½	27
Nat Bisc	85	90
Do pf	103	108
N C & S	58	58½
Do pf, ex div	92	100
Nat En pf	93	100
Nat Lead	43	43½
Do pf, ex div	98	102
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	..	21
Do 2d pf	5⅜	6
N O, T & Mex	20	22
N Y, C & St L	16	18
Do 1st pf	..	79
Do 2d pf	40	49
N Y Dock	12	15
Do pf	37	48
N Y, L & West	100	123
Norf So	21	22
Norf & Wn pf	73	79
North Am	46	48
N W Tel	..	60
Ont Mining	4½	4⅞
Owens B M pf	108	..
Pac Coast	42	50
Do 1st pf	68	90
Do 2d pf	58	80
Pac Mail	24½	25
Do pf	90	107
Pac T & T	16	19½
Do pf	..	96½
Peo G, C	39¼	40
Pan-Am P & T pf	86½	88⅜
Peo & E	4	6
Pere M pr pf	45	60
Do pf	30	39
Pett-Mull	25	..
Do 1st pf	90	98
Pierce-Ar pf	88	93
P, C, C & St L	55	65
P, Ft W & C	..	150
Pitts S pf	88	94
Pond C C	18	24½
Pr Stl Car pf	94	95
P S, N J	107	110
P'man Co	126½	127½
Ry Stl Spr pf	90	98
Rdg 1st pf	34½	40
Do 2d pf	36	39
St L S W	22	28
Do pf	33	44
Savage A	62	70
Seab A L	8⅜	9
Sears-R pf	116	122
Shat Ariz	19⅝	20
S-S S & I pf	78	100
So P R S pf	100	108
So Ry pf	57	57⅛
St'd Mill	75	85
Do pf	79	83
Studeb Co pf	..	90
Stutz Mtr	35⅜	..
Sup Stl 1st pf	96⅞	98⅜
Tex Pac	12⅜	14½
T P L Tr	130	..
Third Av	17	18
Tide W O	168	178
Tob P pf	85	92
T, St L & West	..	10
Do ctfs	2	6
Do pf	5	15
Do pf c	7	15
Tran & W	36½	40
T C R T	73	74
Do pf	100	125
Und Type	91½	105
Do pf	110⅛	113⅜
U B & P	8⅜	10⅜
Do new	63	67
U Pac pf	70	74
Un Cig Sts pf	102½	115
Un Drug	68	70
Do 1st pf	50	51½
Do 2d pf	74	80
Un Fruit	117	120
U P'board	17½	20
U Rys In	6⅜	7
U S Exp	16	18
U S R & I	10	12
U S Sm pf	45	48
Utah Secur	11	12⅜
Va-Car Ch	30	33
Do pf	98¼	104
Va I, C & C	52½	53
Wabash	8⅜	9
W F Exp	75	78¼
West Pac	13	14
W E & M 1st pf	57	64
White Mtr	36	38
W & Co pf	95	98
W'w'th (F W) pf	116	118
Wor Pump	31	32½
Do pf A	85	90
Do pf B	53	54

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	93⅝	94¼	8.65
Argen. Gv. dis.	6	Dec. 15,'17	99	100	6.90
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15,'20	90	93	9.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.90
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	98	99	7.00
City of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	91¾	95	7.70
Fr'ch Gov. con.	5½	Apr., 1919	94½	94⅞	9.10
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	90	96	7.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100	104	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	92	96	5.80
Russian Gov.	6½	July, 1919	51	55	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	60	54	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14,'26	110	113	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1918	99	99⅞	7.00
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99½	100⅛	4.90

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	94	96¼	8.50
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	99⅞	100	4.50
Am. Thread	4	Jan., 1919	96	96½	7.25
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	97	99¼	6.25
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1918	99⅛	99⅞	5.65
B. & O. R. R.	6	July, 1919	96⅝	97⅝	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb. 15,'19	97⅛	97⅞	6.85
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	91	92	..
C. B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	92⅝	93¼	6.15
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	91	97⅝	9.15
Canada Nor.	6	Sep. 2, '18	97	98½	7.60
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2,'24	97½	98¾	6.25
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Apr., 1918	99⅝	100¼	5.35
Curt. A. & M.	6	Serial	90	96	..
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	97	97¾	5.95
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1,'18	96½	99⅛	5.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	89	91	11.40
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	93	96	7.10
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	July, 1920	99⅛	99⅝	6.20
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	96¼	97⅛	7.60
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	96	99	6.20
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97	97⅝	5.95
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	95	98	7.00
Int. Harvest.		Feb. 15,'18	99⅞	100⅛	4.15
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July, 1918	95	98	8.15
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	Nov. 15,'18	97	98¼	5.30
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	July 19,'21	95	98	5.00
Mich. C. R. R.	5	May, 1918	99	99⅞	6.05
Louis. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	88	93	11.00
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	98¼	101	4.10
N. Y. C. R. R.	5	Sep. 15,'17	96	96⅝	6.60
N.Y., N.H. & H.	5	Apr. 15,'18	87	88¼	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15,'21	96¼	97¼	5.25
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	97	99	..
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1, '19	89¼	91	..
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2, '19	96	96½	7.15
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	99⅝	100	6.00
Utah Sec. Cor.		Sep. 15,'22	84	88	9.05
Win. R. Arms.	5	May, 1918	96	97¼	..
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	97	98¼	6.75
W. S. G. & E.	6	June, 1927	97	98	6.25
Win E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15,'18	99	100	6.00

OFFERS $10,000,000 NOTES.

General Electric Co. Seeks Additional Working Capital.

Formal announcement was made yesterday of an offering of $10,000,000 two-year, 6 per cent. notes of the General Electric Company at 98⅝, yielding about 6.65 per cent. on the investment. The purpose of the issue is to provide the company with additional working capital, the increased cost of raw materials requiring a larger outlay of funds to finance current orders.

The notes have been sold to a syndicate headed by J. P. Morgan & Co. and Lee, Higginson & Co., who are offering the same to the public. Subscription books will open at 10 o'clock this morning and close at noon. The notes will be dated Dec. 1, and interest will be paid semi-annually.

Directors of the General Electric Company will meet in Boston today, and it is expected that an additional issue of $10,000,000 of stock will be authorized. It is understood that the stock will be offered to present shareholders at par.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

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Branches
Greenwich and Warren Sts.
Bowery and Grand St.
Ninth Avenue and 14th St.
Broadway and 18th St.
2 West 33d Street.
57th Street and Third Ave.
Broadway and 61st St.
86th St. and Lexington Ave.
Broadway and 104th St.
Lenox Avenue and 116th St.
125th St. and Lexington Ave.
Broadway and 144th St.

We Invite Your Account

To Bankers and Brokers

We have prepared for distribution:

(1) A Type Book containing in its 134 pages examples of all the styles and fonts of type now in use by leading American publications; also directions as to the marking of advertising copy.

(2) A Booklet outlining plans whereby present financial business may be stimulated and new accounts created.

Either or both of these pieces of literature will be mailed to responsible firms free on request.

Editions limited

Rudolph Guenther, Inc.
Specialists in Financial Advertising
25 Broad Street New York
Telephones Broad 266 and 267

NOTICE OF RESIGNATION.

TO THE HOLDERS OF HATTIESBURG TRACTION COMPANY GENERAL LIEN SINKING FUND 6% GOLD BONDS, AND TO ALL OTHERS WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that National City Bank of Mobile, (formerly known as City Bank and Trust Company,) Trustee, under and by virtue of the mortgage or deed of trust dated the first day of July, 1912, executed and delivered by Hattiesburg-Traction Company to City Bank and Trust Company, (now known as National City Bank of Mobile,) hereby resigns as such trustee, the same to take effect upon the due publication of this notice at least once in each week for four successive weeks in a newspaper published in the City of Hattiesburg, State of Mississippi, and in a newspaper published in the City of New York, State of New York, pursuant to the requirements of Article X. of said mortgage.

Dated November 8th, 1917.

National City Bank of Mobile,
By E. C. HUGHES, President.
Attest—J. R. ENNIS, Cashier.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

Thirty-Year Five Per Cent. Collateral Trust Gold Bonds.

Coupons from these bonds, payable by their terms on December 1, 1917, at the office or agency of the Company in New York or in Boston, will be paid in New York at the Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street. G. D. MILNE, Treasurer.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

CERTIFICATE OF CONTINUATION OF FIRM NAME.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT

Whereas, the business of dealing in dolls, toys, and stationers' and druggists' sundries heretofore conducted at No. 29 Union Square, New York City, and elsewhere, by MAX ILLFELDER, LOUIS LEVY, and MOSES B. SCHMIDT, as copartners under the firm name and style of B. ILLFELDER & CO., is to be continued and is now continued by LOUIS LEVY and MOSES B. SCHMIDT, the undersigned; and

Whereas, said partnership has had business relations with foreign countries and has transacted business under said firm name within the State of New York for more than three years past; and

Whereas, the business heretofore conducted by said copartnership is to be conducted hereafter by the undersigned, Louis Levy and Moses B. Schmidt, under the name of B. Illfelder & Co.; and

Whereas, the copartnership heretofore existing between Max Illfelder, Louis Levy, and Moses B. Schmidt was dissolved on November 1, 1917;

Now, therefore, we, Louis Levy, residing at 272 West 90th Street, County of New York, and Moses B. Schmidt, residing at 556 McDonough Street, County of Kings, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, do hereby certify and declare that we are the persons dealing and intending to deal under said firm name of B. Illfelder & Co., and that our post office address and principal place of business at and from which said business is and will be conducted is 29 Union Square, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 14th day of November, 1917

LOUIS LEVY, [L. S.]
M. B. SCHMIDT, [L. S.]

State of New York, County of New York, ss:

On this 14th day of November, 1917, before me personally came LOUIS LEVY and MOSES B. SCHMIDT, to me known and known to me to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they severally duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

C. V. W. CORTELYOU,
Notary Public, Certified N. Y., No. 94.
[Seal.]

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

State of New York
Office of the Secretary of State } ss:

This certificate issued in duplicate hereby certifies that the

MANHATTAN REDUCTION COMPANY, INC.,

a domestic corporation, has filed in this office, on this 9th day of November, 1917, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

A. B. PARKER,
(Seal) Deputy Secretary of State.

Take notice that the firm of KLIGMAN, DOLGOFF & WENDER, manufacturers of mattresses, doing business at 163 Columbia St., Brooklyn, was dissolved on November 1st, 1917. Hyman Dolgoff and Meyer Wender are no longer liable for or on any obligations of said firm. HYMAN DOLGOFF.

Subscribed and sworn before me this 23d day of November, 1917. JONAS A. JAFFE, Notary Public No. 29, New York Co.

THE COTTON MARKET

New High Records for the Season Again Reached — Net Gain 19 to 27 Points.

The cotton market yesterday came out of the doldrums, which of late have never had power to restrain it more than twenty-four hours at a time, and for the third time within a week bid up all the active months to new high records for the season. December soared above the 29-cent level and remained there until the close. January touched 28.70, and the close showed a net advance of 19 to 27 points.

Liverpool's early advance brought an opening 3 to 11 points above Thursday's close, but there was a prompt and general attack of realizing which held the market down in the morning hours, at times bringing prices below the Thursday level. Southern advices, however, showed spot cotton very stiff, and it developed that some of the short interest, disappointed in their expectation of a further reaction, felt in need of cover. Private crop estimates were very bullish, and helped in the advance which ensued. The reaction from the high level of the day, however, was considerably stronger than usual, carrying prices down from 10 to 19 points from the highest.

The most prominent crop estimate, issued by a local firm, gave a yield of 10,500,000 bales without linters, or 11,700,000 with linters. This is considerably below even bullish previous estimates. Trade demand, moreover, continues unchecked, and mills are reported booked far ahead at safe margins above present prices.

Exports for the day were 17,013 bales, making the season's total 1,600,885, more than 600,000 bales below last season's total at this date. Southern spot markets officially reported ranged from 50 points lower to 25 points higher, but generally unchanged.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs.
Nov.	..	..	..	..	29.00
Dec.	28.90	29.15	28.78	29.05@29.07	28.80
Jan.	28.33	28.70	28.27	28.52@28.54	28.32
Feb.	..	..	..	28.25 Bid	28.06
March	28.06	28.89	27.96	28.20@28.25	28.01
April	..	..	..	28.06 Bid	27.85
May	27.88	28.20	27.75	28.01@28.04	27.80
June	..	..	..	27.85 Bid	27.58
July	27.63	27.96	27.54	27.79@27.80	27.54
Aug.	27.38	27.38	27.38	27.58 Bid	27.28

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 5 points lower at 30.05 for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 28.60; New Orleans, 28.50; Savannah, 28¼; Augusta, 29; Memphis, 29; Houston, 28.60; Little Rock, 28.88.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Friday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	43,115	38,281	52,617
Exports	17,013	19,593	81,626
Exports, season	1,600,885	1,509,772	2,246,547
Port stocks	1,167,077	1,110,188	1,483,494
Interior receipts	35,098	46,956	47,310
Interior shipm'ts	28,899	36,867	38,893
N. Y. arrivals	14,811	21,201	9,210
N. Y. stocks	104,201	94,184	126,442

The week-end figures of the New York Cotton Exchange follow: Into sight for the week, 496,606 bales, against 503,134 last year; for the season, 5,037,893, against 6,564,398 last year. World's spinners' takings of American for the week, 387,823, against 385,471 last year; for the season, 3,524,977, against 4,485,401 last year. Visible supply, all kinds, 4,144,732, against 5,249,631 last year; visible American, 3,042,732, against 4,314,631 last year. Increase in visible, all kinds, for the week, 173,283, against an increase of 151,663 last year; visible American increased 146,283, against an increase of 117,663 last year.

Liverpool Cables: Spot cotton quiet and unchanged at 21.60c for good middling, new contract, and 22.16c for middling, old contract. Sales, 3,000; American, 2,000. Imports, 61,000; American, 59,000. Futures opened steady, 5 to 10 points higher and closed steady at a net advance of 20 to 26 points.

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	96½	97	4s, registered, 1925	104½	105½
2s, coupon, 1930	..	97½	4s, coupon, 1925	104½	105½
2s, registered, 1918	99	100	2s, coupon, '38, reg	96	97
2s, coupon, 1918	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	97
3s, registered, 1956	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg	84	88
3s, coupon, 1946	84	88	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	88
3s, conversion, 1947	84	88			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day Bid.	Ask.	Th'rs-day Bid.		Yester-day Bid.	Ask.	Th'rs-day Bid.
4½s July, 1967	97⅛	98⅜	98	3½s Nov., 1954	79	..	80
4½s June, 1965	97⅝	98	97½	3½s May, 1954	80	..	81
4½s Mar., 1963	97½	98⅛	98	3½s Nov., 1955	79	81	79½
4½s Nov., 1957	97⅛	98⅛	98	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s May, 1957	97⅛	98⅛	98				
4½s Nov., 1917	97⅛	..	97¾				
4¼s April, 1960	92	93¼	91¾	4½s 1918-1923	4.65	4.50	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	92	94	92	4½s 1924-1931	4.75	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1964	92	93¼	91¾	4¼s 1921-1923	4.75	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1962	92	93¼	91¾	4¼s April, 1920	4.75	..	4.65
4¼s Sept., 1960	92	93¼	91¾	4¼s 1918-1919	5.00	..	4.75
4s May, 1959	89¾	91	89	3½s 1940-1953	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1958	89¾	91	89	3½s 1930-1939	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s May, 1957	89¾	..	89	3½s 1922-1929	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1956	88	..	89¼	3½s 1919-1921	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1955	88	..	89¼	3s 1940-1951	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s Nov., 1936	91	..	92	3s 1926-1930	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s May, 1919	98½	99⅛	98⅛	3s 1913-1925	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s Nov., 1918	99⅛	..	99⅛				

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	16	17	Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	70	75	Miss. River Power	7	9
Am. Gas & Electric	90	92	Miss. River Power pf.	34	36
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	43	44	Northern Ohio Electric	27	32
Am. Light & Traction	217	220	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	68	72
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	90	95	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Am. Power & Light	40	42	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf.	52	56
Am. Power & Light pf	77	80	Northern States Power	54	57
Am. Public Utilities	30	35	Northern States P. pf.	84	88
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	62	66	Northern Texas Electric	50	54
Am. Water W. & Elec.	4	6	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	68	74
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	9	13	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	57	62	Pacific Gas & Electric	34½	35½
Carolina Power & Light	30	31	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	80	82
Carolina P. & L. pf.	93	94	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf.	96	98
Cities Service	208	210	Pub. Serv. Secur. pf.	73½	78½
Cities Service pf.	72	73	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	12	16
Colorado Power	20	23	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf.	48	53
Colorado Power pf.	95	98	Ry. & Lt. Secur. pf.	86	90
Columbus Electric pf.	78	82	Republic Ry. & Light	18	22
Commonwealth P. & L.	35	40	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	59	62
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	60	63	Sierra Pac. El. pf.	62½	67½
Conn. Power pf.	85	90	Southern Cal. Edison	80	83
Consumers' Power pf.	89	92	South. Cal. Edison pf.	93	98
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	79½	82	Standard Gas & Elec.	4½	6
Duluth Edison	75	80	Stand. Gas & Elec. pf.	20	21
Eastern Texas Electric	50	55	Tampa Electric	102	..
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	79	84	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Power	2	4
El Paso Electric	100	104	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	10	13
El Paso Electric pf.	89	93	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Electric B. & S. pf.	93	96	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf.	86	88
Electric Properties	50	53	United Gas Improve.	80	89½
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	84	89	United Light & Rys.	26	29
Federal Light & Trac.	..	9	United Lt. & Rys. pf.	63	64
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf.	..	38	Wash. L. W. L. & P. pf.	82	84
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	16	..	West. P. Ter. & W. P.	10	15
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	..	68	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	50	65
Gas & Elec. Securities	280	300	West. Penn. P. pf.	95	100
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf.	93	96	Western Power	7	10
Idaho Power 7% pf.	98	100	Western Power pf.	40	45
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98	Wisconsin Edison	35	40
Interstate Electric	36	42	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	100
Interstate Electric pf.	90	95			

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, 20	97¼	98½	Middle West U. 6s, '25	98	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	63	66	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99½	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	70	75	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	70
Carolina P. & L. 5s	89	92	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	82	88
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	95	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s,'21	77	82
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	93	97½	Nor. States P. 5s, 1926	92	94
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s,'27	70	75	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	87	87¾
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963	90	95	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100½	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1987	95	99	Omaha & C. B. 5s	89	93
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	90	98	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s,'34	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101⅛	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	104
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	90	93	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96	96⅞
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	88	91	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s,'45	94	96
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	95	100	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39	88	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	85	90	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	88	92
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	87	92	U.S. R., R. & M. 6s,'25	111	113
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	Union L. & R. 1st 5s,'32	80	87
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	76	80	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26	94	99
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	90	98	United Util. cv. 6s, '43	93	95
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	96½	100	Utah Securities 6s	80	87
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44	83	86	Wash. L. W. L. & P. 6s	95	98
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	90	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
L., G. & E. Co. 1st 5s'41	85	90	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	West P. P. 1st 5s, '46	89	92
			Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	90	95

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,100	Atlantic Pet.	4	4	4	230	Do pf.	61	60⅝	61
28	Con. Power	99½	98½	99	1	Mt. Vernon	16	16	16
10	Con. Coal	90	90	90	70	Do pf.	64½	64	64
970	Cosden	7⅜	7¾	7⅜	34	M. & M. B'k	28	27½	28
600	Do pf.	3⅞	3⅛	3⅞	21	Union Trust	98	98	98
525	Davidson	24	24	24	30	United Ry.	24¼	24	24¼
606	Houston Oil	24⅜	23⅜	24½	220	Wayland Oil	3¼	3¼	3¼

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Balt. C. 3½s, 1980	81	81	81	$3,000	G. B. S. inc.	1	1	1
100	Do 4s, 1954	94	94	94	2,000	Hous. O. div. ctfs	85	85	85
6,000	Con. Gas 5s	100	100	100	2,000	U. Ry. inc. 4s	55	55	55

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125	Am. Zinc	15	14	14	52	Mohawk	62	61½	62
100	Alaska	2½	2½	2½	20	New Arcadian	2¼	2¼	2¼
235	Allouez	55½	50½	52	200	New Idria	12½	12	12½
30	Anaconda	58⅝	58½	58⅝	45	Nipissing	8⅛	8	8½
253	Ariz. Com'l.	10½	10⅛	10½	460	North Butte	13¼	13⅛	13¼
100	Butte & Bal.	60	60	60	200	North Lake	60	50	50
154	Cal. & Ariz.	66½	66	66½	120	Old Domin.	40	39¾	39¾
114	Cal. & Hecla	460	425	425	550	Pond Creek	19	18½	19
5	Centennial	14	14	14	76	Quincy	68	66½	66½
450	CopperRange	45⅝	45⅛	45¼	150	Shannon	6	5⅜	6
175	Davis-Daly	4½	4½	4½	235	St. Mary's Ld.	55½	54½	54½
305	East Butte	10½	10¼	10⅜	5	Super. Cop.	5	5	5
56	Island Creek	55½	55¼	55¼	5	Sup. & Bos.	3½	3½	3½
155	Isle Royale	25	23½	23½	640	Trinity	4⅛	3⅞	4½
75	Lake	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	125	U. S. Smelt.	46¼	46⅛	46½
275	Mason Val.	5	5	5	1,170	Utah Con.	12½	12¼	12¼
10	Mass Con.	6½	6½	6½	50	Utah Metal	3⅛	3⅛	3½

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Bos. & Alb.	130	130	130	200	Mass. Elec.	3⅝	3¼	3⅝
276	Boston Elev.	35	34	35	105	Do pf.	16⅜	15	15½
5	Bos. & Low.	80	80	80	85	New Haven	28	27½	27⅝
4	Conn. River	125	125	125	2	Union Pac.	116⅜	116⅜	116⅜
20	Maine Cent.	89	89	89	150	West End	38	37	38

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	A. Ag. Ch. pf.	92½	92½	92½	11	Merg'thaler	116	116	116
1	Am. Sug. pf.	110	110	110	38	N. E. Tel.	102½	102	102
325	Am. Tel.	109⅛	108⅜	108⅜	80	No. Sco. Steel	64	63	63
97	Am. Wool. pf.	89⅛	88½	89⅛	1	Pullman	128	128	128
50	Art. Metal	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	460	Swift	130¼	126⅛	130¼
206	A., G. & W. I.	100	98⅜	98⅜	146	Unit. Fruit	119¼	118	118
115	Cu. Por. Cem.	13	12	12	258	United Shoe	43½	42	43
20	Edison Elec.	158	158	158	96	Do pf.	25½	25⅛	25¼
10	Gen. Elec.	130	130	130	2,360	U. S. Steel	98⅛	96	98⅛
11	Mass. Gas	79	78½	78½	100	Ventura Oil	5¼	5¼	5¼

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	Swift 5s	93½	93½	93½	$12,300	Lib'ty 3½s	98.90	98.80	98.90
1,000	Unit. Frt. 4½s	93	93	93	11,500	Do 4s	98.20	97.72	97.90

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Booth Fish.	18½	18½	18½	205	People's Gas	40	40	40
50	City & Conn.	2	2	2	10	Quak. Oats pf.	97½	97	97
3,365	Do pf	16½	13½	16	226	Stewart-W.	49	48	49
130	Pneum. Tool	49	49	49	994	Swift & Co.	129⅞	126⅜	129⅛
50	Ch. Rys. Ser. 2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	2,336	Carbide	53	50⅜	52
375	Cudahy	114	112	113⅞	120	U. Paperb'd.	18	17⅝	18
455	Com. Edison	106⅛	103⅛	106⅛	25	U. S. Steel	98	98	98
50	Dia. Match	108	108	108	105	Wilson	48⅝	47	48⅝
20	Mitchell Mot.	35	35	35	50	Do pf	95	95	95

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	City Ry. 1st 5s	89½	88⅞	88⅞	$1,650	Lib. 3½s	98.90	98.70	98.80
8,000	Ch. Rys. 1st 5s	82	81⅛	81⅛	350	Do 4s	97.80	97.80	97.80

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Gen. Asphalt	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	430	*Phil. Elec.	25½	24⅜	25
50	Do pf.	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜	444	P. R. T. t. c.	27	26⅛	27
10	Int. Mar. pf.	97	97	97	200	Reading	72	72	72
40	Kennecott	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	100	Ton. Belm't.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
2,800	Lake S. Cp.	12⅛	11	12⅛	10	Ton. Mining	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
596	Lehigh Nav.	57	56⅛	57	85	U. G. Imp.	69⅛	69	69
566	Do war'nts	7⅛	6⅜	7⅛	4,820	U. S. Steel	98¼	96	98¼
100	Leh. V. R. R	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛	50	W. J. & S.S.	44½	44	44
634	Pennsylvania	47⅜	47⅛	47⅛	80	West. Coal	76	76	76
30	P. Co. cm. pf	31	31	31	100	Wm. Cramp	70	70	70

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	City 4s, 1941	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	$5,400	Phil. El. 1st 5s	95	95	95
1,400	Lib. 3½s	98.20	98.10	98.20	1,000	Rdg. gen. 4s	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛
5,350	Do 4s	98.10	97.60	98.00	3,000	York R. 1st 4s	90	90	90
2,000	Pa. con. 4½s	98	98	98					

*Ex dividend.

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yester-day Bid.	Ask.	Thurs-day Bid.		Yester-day Bid.	Ask.	Thurs-day Bid.
American Cigar	85	95	90	MacAndrews & F.	180	200	185
Do pf.	85	93	90	Do pf.	95	100	98
Conley Foil	200	250	200	P. R.-Am. Tob.	170	185	175
J. S. Young	130	150	150	Do scrip	120	130	115
Do pf.	100	108	105	R. J. Reynolds	440	480	450
				Do pf	100	104	102

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

In the last hour of trading on the Consolidated Stock Exchange buying appeared all through the list, which broadened considerably, and final prices were at or fractionally under the high. The lead was taken by Republic Iron & Steel, which advanced 5¼ points from the opening and sold at the top. Among the few weak spots was Marine preferred, which sold down to 96½, but later rallied to 97, a net gain of ¼. The railroads were second to the steel industrials, traders in this group feeling that the position taken by the Administration promises early harmony between railroad labor and capital.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Allis-Chalm.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	190	Midvale Steel	45⅛	43⅛	45⅛
40	Am. B. Sug.	75½	75	75	90	Mo. Pacific	24½	24	24½
320	Am. Can.	35	34⅜	35⅜	70	N. Y. Cent.	71½	71½	71½
60	Am. C. & F.	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛	30	N. Y., N. H. & H.	27½	27½	27½
50	Am. H. & L.	13⅜	13½	13⅜	15	Ohio C. Gas	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜
120	Am. Linseed	28⅛	25⅝	26	20	Pennsylvania	47⅜	47½	47⅜
270	Am. Loco.	55	54⅝	55	20	Ray Copper	22⅛	22⅜	22⅞
480	Am. S. & R.	76⅜	75⅛	76⅜	1,620	Reading	72⅜	71⅜	72⅜
40	Am. Su. Tob.	57	56⅜	56⅜	980	Rep. I. & S.	78⅛	73⅛	78⅛
50	Am. Woolen	43	43	43	10	Sinclair Oil	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
920	Anac. Cop.	58⅞	57⅛	58⅜	10	So. Pacific	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛
20	A., T. & S. F.	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛	10	So. Railway	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞
630	Bald. Loco.	57	56	56⅜	1,550	Studebaker	42⅛	40	40⅜
4,920	Beth. St'l B.	83⅜	81	83⅜	190	Tob. Prod.	48⅜	47⅜	48⅜
70	Can. Pacific	135	134⅜	135	200	Union Pac.	116⅛	115⅜	116⅜
510	Cent. Leather	68⅛	67	68⅛	40	Un. Cig. St.	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
40	Ch. Gt. W. pf.	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	590	U. S. Ind. A.	114⅛	111	114
300	C., M. & St. P.	38⅜	37⅜	38	70	U. S. Rubber	52½	52	52½
80	Chino Copper	41	40⅜	40⅜	49,815	U. S. Steel	98⅛	96	98⅛
320	Col. F. & I.	35⅛	35⅜	35⅛	250	Utah Copper	79	78⅜	78⅞
920	Corn Prod.	30⅜	29⅞	30	20	Westing. El.	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛
920	Crucible St'l	57⅛	55⅛	57⅛	520	Willys-Over.	19½	18⅛	19
190	CubaCaneSu.	30⅜	29⅝	29⅝		BONDS.			
560	Dist. Secur.	36⅞	36⅜	36⅜	$3,600	Liberty 4s	97.96	97.72	97.72
340	Erie	15¼	15	15	4,350	Do 3½s	99.00	98.92	99.00
540	Gen. Motors	93⅛	91⅛	93¼	10,000	B.R.T.5s,'18	91¼	91¼	91¼
490	Gt. Nor. Ore	28	26⅜	27⅜		MINING STOCKS.			
50	Inspir. Cop.	43⅝	43⅜	43⅜	600	Atlanta	.08½	.08½	.08½
100	Int. Mer. M.	25½	25¼	25¼	800	Gold. Con.	.43	.42	.43
4,210	Do pf.	97⅞	96⅛	97	150	Horn Silver	.20	.20	.20
120	Int. Nickel	27	27	27	500	Jumbo Ex.	.15	.15	.15
180	Kenne. Cop.	33½	32⅝	33¼	500	McNamara	.19½	.19½	.19½
590	Lack. Steel	81⅝	79½	81⅝	300	Round Mt.	.22	.22	.22
10	Max. Motor.	24½	24½	24½	600	Vindicator	.32	.32	.32
100	Mex. Petrol.	78	78	78					
80	Miami Cop.	29	28⅜	29					

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5,000	‡AetnaExplo.	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜	300	N. Am. P. & P.	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜
100	‡Air Reduc.	72	72	72	500	N. Y. Trans.	19¼	17¼	17¼
300	‡Car Lt. & P.	2½	2½	2½	500	P'rlessT.&M.	14	13	14
100	Carwen Steel	9	9	9	600	‡Pruden. Pict.	7⅛	6⅞	7
1,800	Chev. Motor.	66	62	65	8,500	Smith M. Tr.	1 1/16	15/16	1
410	‡Cit. Ser., old	209½	205	209½	100	‡Std. Motors	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
200	‡ Do pf	72⅜	72½	72½	300	Submar. Boat v. t. ctfs.	13½	13½	13½
100	Curtiss Aero.	28	28	28	1,400	TriangleFilm v. t. ctfs.	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16
100	Em'sonPhon.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	500	U. S. SS. Co.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
100	Int'cont. Rub.	8	8	8	5,000	‡Unit. Motors	17⅜	16⅜	17
1,600	‡Int. LubeCh.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	4,200	‡Wr.-M. Air.	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝
310	LakeTor. Bt.	4	3⅜	3⅜					
2,500	‡Man. Tran.	⅝	½	⅝					
2,500	‡MaximMuni.	13/16	¾	13/16					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	Ang. Am. Oil.	17⅜	17½	17½	30	St. O. of N. J.	515	512	512
840	Do rights	3	3	3	85	St. O. of N. Y.	255	252	255
30	Ohio Oil	299	294	295					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
600	†‡Allen Oil	11/16	⅝	⅝	2,800	‡Merritt Oil	25⅜	24¼	25
8,500	‡Barn. O. & G.	1½	1⅜	1½	3,000	Met. Petrol.	1	15/16	15/16
200	‡Beth. O. & G.	10	10	10	5,000	†‡Midw. Oil	122	115	119
500	†‡Bos.-Wyo.	29	29	29	100	‡ Do pf.	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000	‡Cosden Oil	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	3,500	‡Midw. Ref.	124	118	123
1,500	‡ Do pf.	4	3⅜	3⅜	500	‡N. Y.-Okla.	⅝	⅝	⅝
7,000	‡Crown Oil	1	⅞	⅞	8,000	†‡N. W. Oil	77	75	75
3,950	Cumb. P. & R.	1 1/16	1¼	1¼	40,000	†‡Okla. Oil	5½	5	5½
500	‡Elk B. Pet.	7¼	7	7¼	8,000	†‡ Do pf.	15	13	14
1,200	‡Elk. O. & G., (a pros.)	3/16	3/16	3/16	3,000	Okla. P. & R.	7¼	7	7½
1,500	‡Esmer. Oil	⅝	½	½	1,500	Osage-H. Oil	7¼	7	7½
200	‡Federal Oil	3½	3	3	600	‡Pa.-Ky. Oil	5½	5¼	5½
5,000	‡Friar Oil	⅝	9/16	⅝	2,200	‡Pa.-O.O.&G.	12¼	12¼	12¼
2,200	‡Glenrock Oil	16¼	15	15	1,000	Pa. Gasoline	7/16	⅜	7/16
1,550	‡Han. O. & R.	1 11/16	1 11/16	1 11/16	20,000	†‡R. R. O. & G.	90	80	88
700	‡Houston Oil	24½	24	24½	5,000	‡Rice Oil	3/16	⅛	3/16
500	‡Hum. G. C. O. & R.	4½	4½	4½	3,500	‡Seq. O. & R.	11/16	⅝	11/16
1,500	‡Inter. Pet.	12⅜	11¼	12⅜	2,500	‡Somer. Oil	7/16	⅜	7/16
3,900	Kenova Oil, (a pros.)	3/32	1/16	3/32	1,000	†Un. West. Oil	7/16	7/16	7/16
600	‡Lost C. Oil	5/16	¼	5/16	835	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	4	3⅝	3⅞
					200	‡Wyo. Un. Oil, new	5	5	5

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	Acme C. H.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	5,510	‡Jer.-P. Cop.	4⅜	4	4¼
1,700	A.-B. Col. M.	⅝	9/16	⅝	2,500	†‡Jim Butler	78	77	77
1,500	†‡Atlanta	9	9	9	1,200	†Jumbo Ext.	16	15	16
10,000	B. L. C. Co.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1,000	†‡Kewanas	6	6	6
1,700	†Boston & M.	52	51	52	1,900	‡Kirk. Porph. GoldM., Ltd.	50	50	50
1,200	‡Brad. C. M.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1,500	La. Con	⅝	½	⅝
2,800	†‡Brant M.	60	59	59	5,000	Magma Cop.	49	40	47¼
1,500	Butte C. & Z. v. t. ctfs.	7	6¼	7	3,200	Mason Val.	5⅜	4½	5¼
1,500	Butte Det't.	¼	3/16	3/16	2,000	‡Monst. Chief	¼	3/16	¼
8,500	†‡Caledonia	50	48	49	6,000	†‡Moth. Lode	32	31	32
9,000	‡Cal. & Jer.	1½	1⅜	1½	10,500	†‡Nat. Leas.	8	7	8
1,500	Can. Copper	2	2	2	8,000	†‡Nat. Z. & L.	35	30	34
1,500	†Cashboy	4	4	4	600	‡New Cornel.	15¼	14⅜	15
1,000	†‡C. S. M. & M., (a pr).	42	42	42	37,000	†‡Nixon Nev.	1 1/16	1⅜	1 1/16
300	Cerro G. M.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	600	‡Ohio Cop.	15/16	15/16	15/16
300	‡Coco R. M.	5	4⅞	5	1,900	†Portl'd Con.	23	22	23
2,500	Con. Ariz. S.	2	1⅜	1⅜	3,000	Provincial	39	38	39
2,500	Con. Cop. M.	8¼	7⅞	8¼	20,000	†Rex Con	13½	12	13½
4,600	‡Con.-Home.	18	18	18	2,500	†Roch. Mines	40	39	40
1,200	Cresson C. G.	4⅞	4¾	4⅞	6,500	Sil. Kg. of Ariz.	½	7/16	½
6,500	‡Emma Con.	½	7/16	½	9,000	†St. Nich. Zinc	9½	8½	9
500	First Nat. C.	2½	2½	2½	2,000	Std. Sil.-Lead	½	7/16	½
1,000	†‡Fort. Con.	40	40	40	1,000	Stewart	¼	¼	¼
3,700	‡Gibson Cop.	2¼	2 3/16	2¼	2,000	†Success	13½	13½	13½
500	‡Gila Copper	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	300	Super. Cop., (a pros.)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
3,100	†Gold. Con.	43	42	43	700	Tono. Ext.	1⅜	1 5/16	1⅜
3,250	‡G. Verde E. Copper Co.	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16	8,000	†‡Troy-Ariz.	17	17	17
3,500	‡Green M. M.	13/16	¾	13/16	550	Unit. East'n	3 11/16	3 11/16	3¾
3,520	Hecla Min'g.	*5	4⅞	4⅞	1,000	‡U. VerdeExt.	34	33¼	33¼
7,000	†‡Int. Mines	10	10	10	1,100	Unity Gold.	3⅜	3½	3⅜
3,500	‡J. Verde, (a pros)	13/16	⅝	⅝	2,000	†‡UticaMines	12	11	12
					4,000	White Caps.	⅞	13/16	⅞
					2,300	†WilbertMin.	16	14	15

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$16,000	‡Can. Gov. 5s	95	94⅜	95	$50,000	‡Gt. Nor. 3-yr. 5% nts., w. i	97⅜	97¼	97¼
100,000	‡Gen. Elec. 6s notes	100	99	99¼	22,000	‡Rus. Govt. new 5½s	52⅜	50½	50½
50,000	‡Gen. El. 6s 2-yr. notes	99	98⅜	99					

Note.—200 Sapulpa Oil & Ref. sold Thursday at 8⅝.

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Th'rsday Bid.	Ask.	INDUSTRIALS.—Continued.	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Th'rsday Bid.	Ask.
Am.-Brit. Mfg.	3	6	3	6	Lukens Steel	35	44	35	44
Am.-B. M. pf.	20	40	20	40	Do 1st pf.	100	102	100	102
Br.-Am. Tob., registered	15	15½	15	15½	Marconi of A.	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Br.-Am. Tob., coupon	15½	16½	15½	16½	Marlin Arms	84	87	85	87
Am. W. Paper	1⅝	2½	1⅝	2½	N. Y. Ship'b.	30½	32	28	33
Carbon Steel	75	80	75	80	Poole E. & M.	60	80	60	80
Can. N. Gas	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜	St. Jos. Lead	16	16½	16	16½
Chalmers Mot.	2	4	2	4	A. O. Smith Cp.	..	30	..	30
Do pf.	..	50	..	50	Do pf.	88	93	88	93
Charcoal Iron	6⅛	7	6⅛	7	St. L., R. M. & P.	28	35	28	35
Do pf.	5⅜	6¼	5⅜	6¼	U. S. L. & H.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
Cramp Ship.	71	74	71	74	United Z. B.	1⅛	2	1⅛	2
Curtiss A. pf.	50	75	50	75	World Film	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Ev. Heaney	20	20½	20	20½	OIL STOCKS.				
Free. Texas	37	40	39	40	Kan-U. Con.	..	⅜	..	⅜
Hall Signal	1	5	1	5	Pierce Oil	9	9½	9	9½
Do pf.	10	20	10	20	Savoy Oil	7	9	7	9
Havana Tob.	½	1¼	½	1½	Vac. G. & O.	1/16	⅛	1/16	⅛
Do pf.	2	5	2	5	West S. Pet.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Holly Sugar	40	50	40	50	MINING STOCKS.				
Do pf.	98	101	98	101	Alaska Std.	24	27	24	27
Hupp M. Car	2¼	2½	2¼	2½	Big Jim	½	⅜	½	⅜
Int. Motors	10	12	10	12	Bingham M.	11	12	11	12
Int. Mo. 2d pf	15	20	15	20	Booth	4	5	4	5
Int. Tr. Cp. pf.	55	75	55	75	Butte & N. Y.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Key. T. & R.	11	11¼	11	11¼	Butte-R. Cp.	5⅜	6	5⅜	6
Do pf.	11½	13½	11½	13½	Calaveras Cp.	1½	2	1½	2
Kresge	65	70	65	70	Dundee-Ariz.	¾	1	¾	1
Do pf.	92	98	92	98	Gold. Merger	3	4	3	4
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf.	6	7	6	7	Howe Sound	3⅜	4	3⅜	4
L. Val. C. S.	65	70	68	88	Iron Blossom	½	9/16	½	9/16
					White C. Ext.	11	13	11	13
					BOND.				
					Pierce O. 6s, '24	72	77	70	75

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yester-day Bid.	Ask.	Th'rs-day Bid.		Yester-day Bid.	Ask.	Th'rs-day Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17	18	16⅞	Prairie Oil & Gas	410	425	400
Atlantic Refining	830	860	800	Prairie Pipe Line	237	*242	235
Borne-Scrymser	400	425	400	Solar Refining	320	340	305
Buckeye Pipe Line	89	*93	88	Southern Pipe Line	190	200	190
Cheesebrough Mfg.	325	350	320	South. Penn. Oil	270	280	255
Colonial Oil	50	70	50	S. W. Penn.	100	105	100
Continental Oil	460	*485	445	Stand. Oil of Cal.	222	226	218
Crescent Pipe Line	33	35	33	Stand. Oil of Ind.	605	615	595
Cumberland P. L.	135	145	135	Stand. Oil of Kan.	450	475	445
Eureka Pipe Line	195	205	190	Stand. Oil of Ky.	325	335	320
Galena Signal Oil	130	135	130	Stand. Oil of Neb.	475	500	475
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	125	135	125	Stand. Oil of N. J.	514	518	506
Illinois Pipe Line	195	205	185	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	258	*263	255
Indiana Pipe Line	82	86	80	Stand. Oil of Ohio	430	450	420
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	11⅛	12¼	11⅛	Swan & Finch	95	105	95
National Transit	12½	13½	12½	Union Tank	85	90	82
N. Y. Transit	185	195	175	Vacuum Oil	325	335	320
Northern Pipe L.	98	102	96	Washington Oil	30	35	30
Ohio Oil	298	303	290	*Ex dividend.			
Penn-Mex. Fuel Co	35	38	34				

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yester-day Bid.	Ask.	Thurs-day Bid.		Yester-day Bid.	Ask.	Thurs-day Bid.
Aetna pf	41	44	38	Can. Found's F.	140	150	..
American Brass	211	215	208	Colt's Arms	60	63	57
Atlas Powder	156	158	155	Du Pont	275	279	280
Do pf.	94	98	92	Hercules	247	248	245
Babcock & Wilcox	100	110	108	Do pf.	111	114	112
Bliss	375	425	400	Niles-Bem't-Pond	117	118	110
Do pf	75	83	73	Scovill Mfg	410	440	410
Canadian Explo	235	335	350	Winchester Arm	..	..	750
Do pf.	104	110	104				

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

According to the Modern Miller, the acreage seeded to Winter wheat this Fall, while possibly 5 per cent. larger than last year, will fall below expectations. The most serious reductions are in the Southwest, where seeding was retarded, principally in Texas, by the long drouth. Primary receipts at Western points were slightly under last week, and so far this week show a falling off of about one-half million bushels from last week. Rye market firm; No. 2 Western, $1.88¼, cost and freight, New York.

CORN.

The corn market was firmer, the December position in Chicago selling within ⅛c of the high point of the season and within 2¾c of the fixed minimum of $1.28. The advance seemed to be due more to covering on the strength in oats than to any individual feature. At the same time the fact that cash corn continues to sell at big premiums over futures is looked upon as a factor which should have a very sustaining influence, at least as long as it lasts. In the local cash market new yellow corn was quoted at $2, cost and freight, ten days shipment, and Argentine corn, $2.05 to $2.10, free on board cars New York to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.24⅜	1.24	1.24⅜	1.24	93
January	1.22⅞	1.19⅜	1.22	1.20⅛	95⅜
May	1.19⅜	1.17½	1.19⅜	1.17⅝	95⅝

OATS.

New high records were made in the oats market, the December position selling in Chicago at 70¼c, while May sold at 69⅝c. The close was only slightly below the top, with net gains for the day of 1⅜c to 1⅞c. The advance was due to further evidences of Government buying and on reports that exporters were trying to make purchases at outports. Country offers were again light and many complaints were heard regarding the inability to secure cars. The local cash market was strong and higher; standard quoted at 78c to 78½c; No. 2 white, 78½c; No. 3 white, 77½c to 78c; No. 4 white, 77c to 77½c; fancy clipped white, 78c to 80c; ordinary clipped white, 77c to 78c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	70¼	68⅜	70⅛	68¾	56⅞
May	69⅝	67⅝	69⅛	67⅝	61¼

PROVISIONS.

The upturn in grain and firmer hog market had a stimulating influence on the whole provision list, and prices were generally higher. Business, however, was light, and operators were inclined to be timid about taking chances either way. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 26,000; estimated for Saturday, 18,000. Kansas City received 9,000 and Omaha 6,800.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
November	27.50	27.50	27.50	27.50	..
January	24.95	24.85	24.92	24.82	16.32
Ribs—					
January	24.90	24.75	24.87	24.72	14.62
May	24.75	24.37	24.72	24.37	14.75
Pork—					
January	46.60	46.30	46.60	46.40	27.40

COTTONSEED OIL.

The restrictions placed against operations in cottonseed oil have reduced the volume of business almost to the vanishing point. Total sales yesterday were only 400 barrels, and traders as a rule were inclined to be pessimistic, as many figure that the local restrictions, together with the license system for all operators in cottonseed and cottonseed product, make a double burden on the local trade. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	18.30@19.00	18.25
November	18.75	18.75	18.30@19.00	18.50
December	..	..	18.25@18.50	18.30
January	18.35	18.30	18.30@18.40	18.30
February	..	..	18.25@18.40	18.25
March	..	..	18.30@18.50	18.35
May	..	..	19.00	..

COFFEE.

The advances of the previous two or three days were followed by rather a reactionary tendency in the coffee market yesterday. The foreign buying, which had been a feature earlier in the week, was not in evidence, and the advance seemed to have gone far enough to attract scattered realizing. There may also have been a little trade selling, and after opening 1@5 points lower, active months sold about 4@6 points under last night's closing figures. Partial recoveries followed on reports of a steadier tone in the cost and freight market, with the close net 1 point higher to 1 point lower. The local spot market was steady at 7½c for Rio 7s and 9⅛c for Santos 4s.

Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.82@6.84	6.83
December	6.87	6.80	6.86@6.87	6.86
January	..	..	6.95@6.96	6.93
February	..	..	7.04@7.05	7.05
March	7.14	7.10	7.13@7.15	7.12
April	..	..	7.21@7.22	7.22
May	7.30	7.25	7.29@7.30	7.30
June	..	..	7.38@7.39	7.38
July	7.45	7.41	7.47@7.48	7.46
August	..	..	7.56@7.57	7.55
September	7.65	7.60	7.65@7.66	7.64

SUGAR.

The feature in the sugar market was a rumor that President Menocal of Cuba had accepted this Government's offer of 4.60c, free on board Cuban ports, for the new crop Cubas. There was no confirmation, however, and for weeks past Cuba has been holding out for a price of 4¾c. There were also rumors that this Government was negotiating with Cuba for a large quantity of new crop sugars for shipment early in 1918 at a price to be agreed upon later. There have been small arrivals of sugar from Cuba recently, which will add to the refined supplies here and help out a little on the general scarcity in this territory. Spot quotations remain nominally unchanged as follows: Centrifugal, 6.90c; molasses, 6.02c; cost and freight, 5⅝c. By the end of December it is expected that there will be about 25,000 tons of Porto Rico sugar available for the United States. About 2,000 tons could be landed in New York by Dec. 15 and could be bought at 6.90c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 3,811 packages. Quite a shortage of high-grade fresh butter and prices advanced sharply. Many receivers had difficulty in piecing out the goods in a way to supply the pressing needs of their trade. The choice qualities sympathized in the firmness, but the medium and lower grades are unimproved, and there is quite an accumulation. More doing in storage creamery and top quotations are firm. Ladles and packing stock quiet. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 47¼@47¾c; extras, (92 score,) 46½@46¾c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 42½@46c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 40@42c; thirds, 38@39c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 48@48½s; extras, 47@47½c; firsts, 43½@46½c; seconds, 41@43c; creamery, held, higher scoring than extras, 43½@44c; extras, 42½@43c; firsts, 41@42c; seconds, 39½@40½c; thirds, 38@39c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 44½@45½c; good to prime, 41@44c; common to fair, 35@40c; renovated, extras, 41c; firsts, 39½@40c; lower grades, 35@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 33½@34c; seconds, 32½@33c; lower grades, 31@32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33@33½c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@31½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 5,450 cases. Fresh eggs are extremely scarce and the competition to secure the few lots of desirable quality arriving is driving prices to still higher levels. Offerings are of irregular quality and showing very wide range in value. Storage eggs quieter and favoring the buyer. Quotations given cover most of the moderate business reported; some fancy lots are held above our top figure, but to effect any important movement prices would have to be shaded still further. Nearby eggs in light demand. The offerings are of very irregular quality and value, possibly strictly new-laid stock of uniformly large size would exceed our quotations, but we see none such. Most of the receipts are mixed in size or quality and much of the business is in range of 65@74c. Nearby brown eggs of fancy quality are very scarce and wanted at full prices. Fresh-gathered extras, per dozen, 57@58c; extra firsts, 55@55c; firsts, 50@54c; seconds, 44@48c; thirds and poorer, 35@42c; fresh-gathered dirties, No. 1, 35c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@34c; fresh-gathered checks, good to choice dry, 32@33c; under grades, 25@31c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34@34½c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 32½@33½c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 30@32c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 24@30c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 74@78c; ordinary to good, 60@72c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 58@72c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets, 55@62c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 55@65c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 58@62c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 48@58c.

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FORBES MAGAZINE, 120 B'way, N. Y.

DEPT. 78 FORBES MAGAZINE — Send me eight (8) numbers of FORBES MAGAZINE, beginning with the November 24th issue. It is understood that if this reaches you in time you will include a copy containing the famous Rockefeller interview, making nine (9) issues in all. I enclose $1.00 herewith.

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U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Section 347, Tariff Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold 1 carton of feathers of wild birds. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 3, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted. Dated Nov. 10, 1917.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sections 3,082 U. S. R. S. & 347, Tariff Act of Oct. 3, 1913, I have seized and hold One bag containing seven packages of Paradise and Goura Feathers; One package containing 150 feathers of the Bird of Paradise and 150 Quills; and forty-three boxes containing heads and feathers of Birds of Paradise and Goura Heads.

Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on 10th day of December, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated November 17th, 1917.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.—I WILL SELL at public auction on Friday, November 30th, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, 1,900 logs of Lignum Vitae. Said logs to be sold on the pier, foot of West 131st Street, New York City, N. Y., where they can now be seen and inspected.

Dated New York, November 23d, 1917.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

RESOLVED, THAT THE NAME OF THE Corporation PHILLIPS & GALLAGHER, INC., be changed to that of "PHILLIPS SHOE CORPORATION," and that the proper officers be authorized to execute such papers or applications as may be necessary in order to comply with the legal requirements necessary to such change.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$37,205,389.80	
Private securities	19,104,246.36	
Real estate owned	3,718,865.95	
Mortgages owned	1,595,158.98	
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral	31,800.00	
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral	43,793,744.06	
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral	38,678,458.12	
Overdrafts	1,532.48	
Overdrafts secured	1,121,213.61	
Advances to trusts, secured	319,581.14	
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets ...$14,788,128.96		
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item 17,351,528.03		
	32,139,656.99	
Specie	2,402,046.76	
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States.	1,938,800.00	
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets.	6,100,345.00	
Liabilities of customers for acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)	4,954,745.99	
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date......$729,237.17		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date...... 201,309.43		
	930,546.60	
Total	$194,035,461.93	

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$5,000,000.00	
Surplus:		
Surplus fund ...$1,000,000.00		
Undivided profits 10,077,858.97		
	11,077,858.97	
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State Savings Banks	$1,729,802.39	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	4,819,959.28	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	2,899,655.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	138,803,807.16	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	11,137,307.56	
Demand certificates of deposit	3,995,527.78	
Other certificates of deposit	149,900.00	
Certified checks	1,304,486.80	
Unpaid dividends	79.25	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	5,404,768.49	
Total deposits		170,304,293.71
Domestic and foreign acceptances		4,954,745.99
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserve for taxes	$110,859.32	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	2,000,943.48	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	172,151.19	
Reserve for unearned interest	408,609.27	
		2,698,563.26
Total		$194,035,461.98

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
Fulton Trust Co. of New York

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$477,430.78
Private securities		1,789,808.07
Mortgages owned		418,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		4,798,915.00
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		122,500.00
Overdrafts, (secured,) $4,807.00; (unsecured,) $26.00		4,833.99
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets		1,337,271.22
Specie		697,125.75
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		45,507.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$337.51	
Estimated accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	54,680.74	
Uncollected items	1,750.00	
		56,768.25
Total		$9,749,160.06

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$250,000.00	
Undivided profits	273,312.92	
		523,312.92
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	$273,814.59	
Deposits by the State of New York	50,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	14,357.71	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	7,388,784.42	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	188,131.30	
Demand certificates of deposit	448,259.80	
Other certificates of deposit	52,505.15	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	22,956.35	
Unpaid dividends	30.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	7,618.02	
Total deposits		8,644,457.34
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	$4,283.38	
Estimated accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	76,229.75	
Estimated unearned discounts	926.67	
		81,389.80
Total		$9,749,160.06

DIVIDENDS.

GREENE CANANEA COPPER CO.
42 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
The Board of Directors of the Greene Cananea Copper Company has declared a dividend of $2.00 per share upon its Capital Stock of the par value of $100.00 per share, payable on November 26, 1917, to the holders of such shares of record at the close of business at 3:00 o'clock P. M., Friday, November 9, 1917. The dividend is payable only upon the $100.00 shares into which the Capital Stock is divided. All stockholders who have not converted their holdings into shares of $100.00 par value should do so without delay, in order that they may receive their dividend promptly.
The transfer books will not be closed.
New York, October 26, 1917.
J. W. ALLEN, Treasurer.

Everett, Heaney & Co., Inc.
The Board of Directors of Everett, Heaney & Co., Inc., beg to announce that a dividend of 3½ per cent. per share has been declared, payable January 2, 1918, to stockholders of record December 21, 1917.
FRANK J. HEANEY, President.
SILAS K. EVERETT, Treasurer.
New York, November 23, 1917.

Borden's Condensed Milk Company
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 64.
A regular quarterly dividend of 1½% has been declared on the preferred stock of BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK COMPANY, payable December 15, 1917, to the stockholders of record.
Stock books close December 1st at 12 o'clock noon and open December 17th at 10 A. M. Checks mailed.
F. D. SHOVE, Treasurer.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities (market value)		$577,650.00
Private securities (market value)		6,324,000.21
Real estate owned		2,477,068.09
Mortgages owned		2,658,351.48
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		980,212.28
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		17,742,146.20
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		8,826,794.39
Overdrafts		1,232.58
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$2,836,872.25	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	521,636.06	
		3,358,508.31
Specie		2,261,966.54
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States.		351,888.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$1,091,953.36	
Other cash items	22,809.88	
		1,114,743.24
Other assets, viz.:		
Premiums, examinations and search fees due	$139,322.59	
Other outstandings	11,895.52	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	296,068.11	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	81,061.40	
Suspense	1,000.00	
		529,347.62
Total		$49,214,509.74

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$5,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$11,000,000.00	
Undivided profits (market value)	706,254.86	
		11,706,254.86
Deposits: Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$1,931,049.66	
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	235,251.15	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	966,987.53	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	665,582.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits not subject to check	1,520,584.18	
Deposits subject to check	23,088,354.63	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	464,671.42	
Demand certificates of deposit	180,530.19	
Other certificates of deposit	432,650.45	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	852,275.53	
Certified checks	97,293.38	
Unpaid dividends	2,305.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	1,639,601.11	
Total deposits		32,137,226.29
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned	$3,500.00	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	104,938.27	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	206,744.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	28,269.92	
Estimated unearned discounts	27,576.40	
		371,028.59
Total		$49,214,509.74

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
United States Trust Company of New York

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$2,484,979.00
Private securities		8,673,697.50
Real estate owned		1,195,000.00
Mortgages owned		3,063,227.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		39,769,885.50
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		12,004,102.34
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets		8,949,924.75
Specie (gold certificates)		5,000,000.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		506,579.00
Total		$81,647,395.09

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$2,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$12,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	2,820,076.40	
		14,820,076.40
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$3,196,669.04	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	10,602,514.28	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	1,921,497.20	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	24,584,939.89	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	16,418,270.99	
Other certificates of deposit	4,374,598.52	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	2,860,705.61	
Extend total deposits		63,968,195.53
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserved for taxes, expenses, &c.	$118,500.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	718,453.06	
Estimated unearned discounts	22,170.11	
		859,123.16
Total		$81,647,395.09

DIVIDENDS.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY,
111 Broadway, New York.
A quarterly dividend of one per cent. has been declared on the Common Stock of this Company, payable December 31, 1917, to stockholders of record December 7, 1917.
FRED. R. FORTMEYER, Treasurer.

Pennsylvania-Kentucky Oil & Gasoline Refining Corp.
At a meeting of the Directors of the Pennsylvania-Kentucky Oil & Gasoline Refining Corporation held November 20th, a regular quarterly dividend of 4% was declared to stockholders of record December 15, 1917, payable January 2, 1918.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

MEYER-STOLLER & CO., INC.
At an adjourned special meeting of all the stockholders of this company, held on the 21st day of November, 1917, the following resolution was adopted:
"Resolved, That the name of this corporation, Meyer-Stoller Co., Inc., be changed to the name proposed, to-wit: Fairfax Textile Mills, Inc., and that the President and Secretary of this corporation be and they hereby are authorized to file in the office of the Secretary of State and in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in which county is located its principal business office, a certificate signed, verified and acknowledged pursuant to Section 66, Chapter 177 of the Laws of 1917, and to take such other and further steps as may be necessary to complete the change of name of such corporation as provided therein."

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.
The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

M'ADOO TO CIRCULATE LIBERTY LOAN MONEY

Calls In Issues of Certificates of Indebtedness Before Maturity.

TWO-THIRDS OF TOTAL PAID

Cash Pouring In from Subscribers Has Resulted in an Accumulation of $2,000,000,000 in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Secretary McAdoo announced tonight a new plan to place in circulation the huge sum of nearly $2,000,000,000, accumulated in the Treasury as a result of big overpayments received this week from the Liberty Loan. Three hundred million dollars of certificates of indebtedness, due Dec. 15, were called in for redemption on Dec. 6, and another issue of $400,000,000 of certificates, also due Dec. 15, will be redeemed Dec. 11, both issues at par with accrued interest. This arrangement will leave only the $685,000,000 issue to be paid Dec. 15.

The Secretary decided to call in the two issues before their maturity when it became evident that the aggregate amount of the payments Nov. 15 on Liberty Loan subscriptions in cash, credit, and Treasury certificates was about $2,400,000,000, three and a half times more than was due on the 18 per cent. installment. In other words, it is now disclosed by belated reports trickling into the Treasury that nearly two-thirds of the aggregate subscriptions to the second Liberty Loan have been paid in full. Tabulations tomorrow are expected to show that about $1,750,000,000 in cash was received this week.

Subscriptions to the latest issue of certificates of indebtedness, to be dated Nov. 30 and due June 25, 1918, to counteract the flood of income and excess profits taxes on the latter date, have been generous since the issue was announced two days ago. The exact amount of subscriptions, however, has not been announced by Secretary McAdoo. The statement on the early payment of certificates, due Dec. 15, given out tonight, follows:

"The series of $300,000,000 Treasury certificates of indebtedness, dated Sept. 17, 1917; and maturing Dec. 15, 1917, is hereby called for redemption on Dec. 6, 1917, at par and accrued interest, pursuant to the provision for such redemption contained in the certificates. On Dec. 6, 1917, interest on all certificates of said series will cease to accrue.

"The series of $400,000,000 Treasury certificates of indebtedness, dated Sept. 26, 1917, and maturing Dec. 15, 1917, is hereby called for redemption on Dec. 11, 1917, at par and accrued interest, pursuant to the provision for such redemption contained in the certificates. On Dec. 11, 1917, interest on all certificates of said series will cease to accrue.

"The series of Treasury certificates of indebtedness dated Oct. 24, 1917, and maturing Dec. 15, 1917, will not be redeemed before maturity, but will be paid on Dec. 15, 1917."

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Forecast:
N. C.—Cloudy and colder Sat.; fair Sun.
S. C. and Ga.—Cloudy and cool Sat. and Sun.
Fla.—Fair and cooler Sat.; fair and warmer Sun.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair and cool Sat.; fair and warmer Sun.
Tenn., Ky., and Ind.—Fair and cool Sat.; fair and warmer Sun.
O.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Mich.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
La.—Fair and cold Sat.; fair Sun.
Ark.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Okla.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Texas—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Ill.—Fair Sat.; cloudy Sun.
Mo.—Fair Sat.; rain Sun.
Wis.—Fair Sat.; cloudy Sun.
Minn.—Cloudy Sat. and Sun.
Ia.—Cloudy Sat.; rain or snow Sun.
N. Dak.—Unsettled and colder Sat.; fair and colder Sun.
S. Dak.—Cloudy Sat. and Sun.
Neb.—Cloudy Sat.; rain or snow Sun.
Kan.—Fair Sat.; rain Sun.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Tin, spot	....	....	76.00	....
Lead	6.37½	....	6.37½	....
Spelter	8.00	8.25	8.00	8.25
Antimony	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Quicksilver	$105.00	....	$105.00	....
Aluminium	*36.00	38.00	*36.00	38.00
Iron, No.2 X fy.	....	34.25	....	34.25

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c. per pound bid. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Thursday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	110 0 0	110 0 0
Copper, futures	110 0 0	110 0 0
Tin, spot	282 15 0	282 10 0
Tin, futures	281 15 0	281 10 0
Spelter	54 0 0	54 0 0
Lead	30 10 0	30 10 0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. Oil	10	20	Iron Bloss.	52	55
B. St. Gas.	5	10	Jerome V.	00	1.00
Begole	50	75	La Rose	30	40
Bohemia	70	80	Majestic	28	29
Bing. Min.	9⅝	9¾	Max. Metals	26	28
Bost. Ely	70	80	Moj. Tung.	28	30
Bost. & M.	50	51	N. Baltic	75	1¼
Butte & L.	25	40	Nev. Doug.	1⅛	1¼
Butte & D.	25	37	N. U. Bing.	..	50
Bost. & Ar.	1	2	Nixon	1⅛	1⅜
Calaveras	1½	2½	N. Cornelia	15	15½
Crown Res.	20	30	Nat. Z. & L.	27	30
Con. Ariz.	1⅝	1⅞	Oneco	25	35
Cortez	10	25	Onondaga	15	25
Cham. Cop.	4	6	Pion. Con.	1½	1⅞
Chief Con.	1¾	2	Ray Herc.	t	1¼
E. & B. B.	2	2⅛	Rilla	1	2¼
Earl-Eagle.	1	1½	S.W. Miami, full paid.	1	1½
Fortuna	5	7			
Gold Lake.	2	4	S.W. Miami, part paid.	75	1½
Gila C. Sul.	17¼	17½			
Houghton	60	80	U. V. Ext.	34	35
Homa Oil	1.00	1⅛	Victoria M.	1⅝	1⅞
Humboldt	60	75	Yukon Gold.	1⅛	2
Iron Cap.	14	14½			

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Hale & Norcross	.02
Alta	.03	Jacket	.09
Andes	.08	Mexican	.14
Best & Belcher	.03	Occidental	.60
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.12
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.64
Challenge Con	.04	Potosi	.02
Chollar	.02	Savage	.03
Confidence	.03	Sierra Nevada	.06
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con	1.12½
Con. Virginia	.12	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.64
TONOPAH.		Goldfield Cons	.43
Belmont	3.50	Goldfield Merger	.03
Halifax	.10	Great Bend	.06
Jim Butler	.76	Jumbo Exten	.15
McNamara	.13	Kewanas	.07
Midway	.07	Silver Pick	.08
Mizpah	.03	Spearhead	.04
Monarch Pitts	.04	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.10	Consolidated	.17
North Star	.06	Morning Glory	.15
Rescue	.09	Red Top	.02
Tonopah Exten	1.50	Union Amalg	.08
Tonopah Nevada	4.00	White Caps	.85
West End	.64	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West Tonopah	.10	Packard	.22
GOLDFIELD.		Rochester	.35
Atlanta	.09	Round Mountain	.20
Booth	.0.	United Eastern	3.60
Florence	.12		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4⅝	5	Granite	35	40
Dr. J'pot.	3⅝	6	Isabella	7⅞	8¼
Elkton	3½	4	McKinney.	6¼	10
El Paso	15	25	Portland	100	125
Fanny R.	3⅛	5	U. Gold M.	15	16
Golden C.	170	172	Vindicator.	35	38
Gold Sov.	2½	3			

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
E. O. CRAWFORD, President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Chartered 1799.
BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY.
New York, November 2, 1917.
Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their Banking House, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the fourth day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
By order of the Directors.
D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

ASK FEDERAL AID FOR ROADS

New Englanders Urge $500,000,000 Loan to be Secured by Equipment.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—Immediate Government financial aid for American railroads was advocated by Frederick H. Prince, banker and railroad expert, and ex-Mayor Fitzgerald of this city at today's session of the Interstate Commerce Commission hearing on freight and passenger rate increases for New England roads.

Mr. Fitzgerald wanted to know why the Government could make loans to France and Russia and for the construction of a shipbuilding plant at Squantum and not be able to render financial assistance to the railroads of the country. He urged Commissioner Anderson, who is conducting the hearing, to suggest this to the commission on his return to Washington.

"It seems not unreasonable," said Mr. Prince, "that a loan of $500,000,000, to be secured by railroad equipment, should be made to our railroads, which are as necessary for the war as any other agency. The mere knowledge that such a loan was available would automatically restore credit, the life blood of the railroad."

Mr. Prince favored the rate increases proposed, and also suggested the formation of a company similar to the Pullman Company to control freight cars. In order to force less-than-carload traffic to bear its share of the burden of operation, he urged that the railroads be required to make a loading and unloading charge of 10 cents a hundredweight, with a minimum charge per package. "It is a fact," he added, "that the handling of this class of business results in an annual loss to the New Haven Railroad of $6,000,000 and to the Boston & Maine of $4,000,000."

The hearing was adjourned until next Monday. The Commissioner left for Washington tonight.

$50,000 FOR POOR RICH BOY.

Referee Rejects Notes That Would Have Depleted Mother's Estate.

The report of Franklin Couch, referee appointed by Surrogate Sawyer of Westchester County to pass upon the accounts of Thomas Frederick Lee of White Plains, executor under the will of his wife, the late Mrs. Georgia Crossman Lee, William Crossman Lee, dubbed the "Poor Little Rich Boy," of White Plains, is $50,000 richer than when the accounting was first filed

Objection was made to the judicial accounting of Mr. Lee upon the ground that three notes aggregating $50,000 made out to Frederick F. Green, as Trustee, by Mrs. Lee, were not executed by her and therefore could not be surcharged against the estate by the executor.

The referee finds that two notes for $20,000 each, which were made out in Green's favor, were made on April 15, 1915, while Mrs. Lee was in a New York hospital and in a serious condition. Mr. Couch says that, while the signatures on the notes are in the genuine handwriting of the decedent, no other part is in her handwriting. Then he adds that "Mrs. Lee's condition was such that she might easily have been made the victim of fraud."

In refusing to allow the three notes to be charged against Mrs. Lee's estate, the referee further reports:

"If the notes are sustained the only child of the testatrix and the entire object of her affection and bounty takes nothing under his mother's will and gets no part of her estate. It does not comport with the instincts of maternal love to strip her child of his legal rights and cut him off from inheritance."

By the terms of the will of Mrs. Lee, mother of the "millionaire boy," Mr. Lee, who is the stepfather of William, inherits $50,000, while the residuary estate goes to the son. If the notes had been allowed there would have been nothing left for William.

The boy inherited an estate estimated to be worth $2,000,000 from his grandfather, William Crossman of Manhattan. Recently this estate was increased $150,000 by investments made by De Witt H. Lyon of Port Chester the general guardian.

YALE'S DEFICIT $162,094.

Treasurer Recommends Independent Fund for Graduate School.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 23.—Yale's total appropriation for the year to meet deficits among the different departments was $162,094, according to a statement today authorized by George Parmly Day, Treasurer of the university.

The largest deficit was that in the Graduate School, which has recently been reorganized by Dean Cross, and was $70,360. Mr. Day said in discussing this deficit: "During the year the work of the Graduate School has been thoroughly organized under Dean Cross, with a view to utilizing to the fullest extent the money now placed at its disposal by the university. It is increasingly evident, however, that the university cannot afford to pledge itself indefinitely to provide from its general income each year the sums necessary for the proper and systematic development of the Graduate School. If, then, its Faculty is to be encouraged to plan intelligently for its future, the Graduate School must be given endowment at least sufficient to render it normally independent of fluctuations in university general income."

Other deficits reported for the year were:

Sheffield Scientific School, $36,322; School of Medicine, $25,601; Law School, $6,124; School of the Fine Arts, $14,716; School of Music, $9,000.

PREDICTS TRADE WAR.

Redfield Warns Against German Craft, Energy, and Application.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Warning of the craft, energy, and application with which German business will seek to regain favor in the world markets after the war was sounded today by Secretary Redfield in the interest of American trade. He counseled familiarity with German trade theories and what he called "the artful and formidable organization that, with Government aid at every turn, has been built up in Germany during the last twenty years to dominate the world markets."

The Department of Commerce announced today that German preparations for trade were being scrutinized carefully by its experts, and that its recent report on "German Trade Organization" by Chauncey D. Snow has been in such great demand as to establish a new sales record for Government trade reports. The department officials say that future prosperity of the country will depend partly on Germany's loss of good-will in practically all foreign markets and upon America's ability to maintain its new prestige. The department will get out supplementary bulletins on German trade and preparations for the commercial future early in the new year.

Hudson Tube Earnings Increase.

The report of earnings of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company for the month of October shows a slight increase over the earnings for the same month in 1916. Gross revenue increased to $549,352, or $35,887 more than in 1916, while the net income increased from $66,935 to $67,330. For the four-month period ended Oct. 31 the net income was $172,271, an increase of $7,675 over the corresponding period in 1916. The operating percentage for October, 1917, showed an increase of 1.11 per cent. to 43.22 per cent. and for the four-month period increased from 42.20 per cent. to 44.56 per cent.

Two Lawyers Disbarred.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court disbarred Joseph Wilkenfeld and Benjamin Gunner yesterday. The court found that Wilkenfeld had converted $640 paid to him on a judgment held by a client. He gave his client a check for the money which proved worthless. Lawyer Gunner's disbarment followed his conviction of attempted grand larceny in the second degree.

TRADE ACCEPTANCES FIND GENERAL FAVOR

Bankers, Wholesalers, and Retailers Eager for New Commercial Paper.

URGED FOR FOREIGN TRADE

Meeting Here Bases Adoption on Patriotic Grounds as Aid in Fight for Liberty.

All phases of the trade acceptance plan to do away with ledger accounts and put credits into available liquid form, were considered yesterday at an all-day conference held under the auspices of the American Trade Acceptance Council, in the assembly room of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building. Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Board of the Irving National Bank, and Chairman of the Trade Acceptance Council, presided at morning and afternoon sessions, which were attended by many local and out-of-town bankers, wholesalers and retailers.

A striking unanimity of sentiment prevailed regarding the desirability of applying the trade acceptance to all classes of transactions of buying and selling merchandise. In this connection, speakers from the Middle West made it plain that that section of the country had outdistanced the East in the use of this new class of commercial paper. George Woodruff, President of the First National Bank of Joliet, Ill., and bankers and merchants from Cincinnati, Ohio, and other Western centres, all bore testimony to the beneficial results of the use of the trade acceptance.

The advantages of utilizing the facilities offered by the Federal Reserve banking system in connection with a general use of acceptances were emphasized by nearly all the speakers. It was agreed that with the Federal Reserve Board favorably disposed toward the new plan, the time was most opportune, considering the nation's financial war requirements, for dropping the so-called "open book" system of carrying accounts.

Thomas B. Paton, general counsel for the American Bankers' Association, explained that a trade acceptance, payable at a particular bank, legally constituted in order on that bank to charge it against the account of the drawee when it became due. In this way, a trade acceptance would be made to collect itself, so to speak, without further formalities.

E. A. de Lima, President of the Battery Park National Bank advocated the extension of the acceptance plan into this country's foreign trade, and gave it as his view that a general use of this form of circulating paper would prove of distinct benefit in building up overseas trade.

Considerable time was devoted to demonstrating that the trade acceptance could be adapted to all sorts of business transactions even down to the retailers' sales to the consumer. The question of offering special inducements for the use of the acceptance came up for discussion but without any definite conclusion being reached. There also came up the problem of the development of an open discount market for trade acceptances. Chairman Pierson speaking on the attitude of New York banks in the matter of preferential treatment said he believed that the trade acceptance was the best paper in the market, and that it represented a most desirable banking asset, and "formed almost a second reserve line for the bank."

It was the judgment of the conference that the extension beyond fixed maturity of merchandise obligations expressed in trade acceptance form should be accomplished by means of a promissory note, rather than by a reacceptance. The theory upon which this conclusion was reached was that the use of the trade acceptance properly should be confined to obligations arising out of current merchandise transactions, and that if not paid at maturity, it fell into the class of past-due obligations, and should be treated as such.

Just before adjournment, E. A. de Lima, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, brought in a report commending the work being done by the Trade Acceptance Council. A resolution adopted recommended the use of the acceptance "as a means of strengthening the financial system, protecting the commerce and industry of the nation, and aiding the Government in its great struggle for human liberty and freedom."

It was announced that the council would proceed with the work of organizing committees among all trades to carry on the campaign for the adoption generally of the trade acceptance.

EXTRA CHEMICAL DIVIDENDS.

Disbursements Declared by General and Grasselli Companies.

Directors of the General Chemical Company declared yesterday an extra dividend of 5 per cent. in common stock at par and a special dividend of 2½ per cent. in cash on the common stock, payable Feb. 1, 1918, to holders of record Dec. 31. The company also declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on its preferred stock, payable Jan. 2 to holders of record Dec. 19. Following the meeting it was announced that William M. Kerr, Manager and Assistant Treasurer of the Philadelphia office, had been elected a Director to succeed the late Edward H. Rising.

The Grasselli Chemical Company, of Cleveland, Ohio, declared yesterday the regular quarterly dividends of 1½ per cent. on the preferred and common stocks, and an extra amounting to approximately 4.15 per cent., payable in common stock. The reason for the fraction is that the amount will bring the total of common stock issued up to $15,000,000, which is the total authorized.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The United Light and Railways Company has authorized a new issue of $1,500,000 of 6 per cent. bond-secured gold notes to retire $750,000 of outstanding notes due Jan. 1 and to take care of additions, extensions, and improvements.

R. M. Grant & Co. are offering $600,000 in City of Mobile 5 per cent. bonds maturing Nov. 1, 1947, at par.

The Bond Club of New York will hold its monthly luncheon on Tuesday at the Bankers' Club. Dwight W. Morrow of J. P. Morgan & Co. will speak.

The Allouez Mining Company has declared a quarterly dividend of $1.50. Three months ago $3 was declared.

Application has been made to the Stock Exchange to list United Alloy Steel Corporation 25,000 shares (without par value) additional capital stock and United Fruit Company $1,524,100 additional capital stock.

At the annual meeting of the Owens Bottle Machine Company J. C. Blair was elected Treasurer and a Director, to succeed T. H. Miller in the latter capacity.

The Submarine Signal Company has declared a dividend of 75 cents a share, also an extra of $1. Major Henry L. Higginson has been elected a Director to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Admiral Bowles, who has taken up Washington duties.

The Alabama Company has declared an initial dividend of 3 per cent. on the common as well as the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the first preferred stock.

The Calumet and Hecla Mining Company has declared a quarterly dividend of $10. Three months ago $25 was declared.

EARNINGS.

Public Utilities.

SOUTHWESTERN POWER & LIGHT CO. subsidiaries—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Texas Power & Light Co.:			
October gross	$261,005	$220,846	$40,159
Net after tax	103,883	110,579	*6,696
Sur. aft. chgs.	53,112	68,840	*15,728
12 mos. gross	2,498,918	2,184,219	314,699
Net after tax	1,019,459	964,125	55,334
Sur. aft. chgs.	494,537	547,720	*53,183
Bal. after pfd. dividend	257,023	378,874	*121,851
Fort Worth Power & Light Co.:			
October gross	94,583	73,094	21,489
Net after tax	49,806	41,992	7,814
Sur. aft. chgs.	38,721	32,150	6,571
12 mos. gross	956,716	841,010	115,706
Net after tax	544,223	493,487	50,736
Sur. aft. chgs.	423,739	376,931	46,808
Bal. after pfd. dividend	346,739	299,931	46,808

WELLS, FARGO & CO., as made to the Interstate Commerce Commission for July—

Total tran. rev.	2,264,336	2,068,000	196,327
Total oper. rev.	2,371,085	2,162,622	208,463
Net oper. rev.	58,586	353,971	*295,385
Oper. income	18,052	314,409	*296,357
Seven months ended July 31:			
Total tran. rev.	15,585,157	13,004,655	2,580,502
Total oper. rev.	16,363,561	13,660,369	2,703,192
Net oper. rev.	796,268	1,830,896	*1,034,628
Oper. income	475,009	1,575,895	*1,100,796

*Decrease.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	6.10	5.40
Canadian North.	1917-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.60	5.60
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.40	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.50	5.00
Chi., R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½@5	8.75	5.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.75	5.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.50	5.50
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	7.00	5.50
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.75	5.25
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.25
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.75	6.00
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.60	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	5.25	5.00
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.65	5.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1917-'23	5	6.75	5.75
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.75	5.75
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.50
N. Y. Central L.	1917-'32	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.50	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	6.75	5.75
Penn. Gen. F'ght	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.50	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.75	5.75
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.75	5.75
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.60	5.00
Southern Ry.	1917-'24	4½@5	8.25	5.50
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.50	5.50

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 23.—Forty-four new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,271,700, were chartered today. They include:

Little Bay Improvement Corp., Manhattan, $110,000; W. L. Burton, S. J. Carpenter, J. Juller, 385 Ft. Washington Av.

Franklin Railway Supply Co., Manhattan, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $50,000; F. R. Series, H. F. Ball, C. L. Winey, 181 Amherst St., Brooklyn.

Harry Meyers Hat Co., Manhattan, $20,000; C. J. Cohen, H. and H. Meyers, 565 West 169th St.

Snowden Garage Co., Manhattan, $7,000; B. and W. Swirnow, A. Sapadin, 183 7th Av.

J. G. Sugarman & Co., Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $5,000; W. J. Stoneham, H. Jensen, F. D. Kinnaly, 62 Broadway.

General Maritime Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; A. A. Bertini, M. M. Hirsen, E. Sivelli, 44 Cedar St.

The Militer Corp., Manhattan, autos, airplanes, guns, and ordnance, $1,000,000; E. McM. Mills, A. W. Britton, G. V. Reilly, 65 Cedar St.

Universal Refrigerating Co., Bronx, cold storage and ice, $500,000; T. F. Costello, J. A. Miller, C. H. M. Stoever, 79 Wall St.

Cohen Bros. & Buchberger, Manhattan, cloaks and suits, $5,000; I. Cohen, F. and C. Buchberger, 351 East 4th St.

Max Schwarz Silk Co., Manhattan, $10,000; E. S. Merrill, T. F. Vondorn, M. Rubinger, 160 Broadway.

Allied Americas Corp., Manhattan, food products, dry goods, and agricultural implements, $125,000; J. J. Shea, C. W. McChesney, A. L. Carter, 35 Warren St.

Fischer Dress Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Gilbride, H. C. Dennin, L. Epstein, 63 Wall St.

Kensington Mills, Manhattan, $10,000; J. Geschwind, F. and W. Trekie, 45 West 110th St.

Firth & Marshall, Manhattan, wireless and electrical appliances, $100,000; J. Firth, C. Marshall, H. Freece, 35 Wall St.

E. H. Clark, Manhattan, stocks, bonds, and securities, $200,000; S. H. Finne, J. Pincus, E. H. Clark, 27 William St.

W. B. Gallagher, Manhattan, petroleum products, $10,000; W. B. Alexander, C. H. Mantler, W. B. Gallagher, 596 Park Av.

Integrity Supply Co., Manhattan, merchandise, $14,000; I. Lattin, C. Herman, M. Miller, 65 Fort Washington Av.

Dallet & Weyl, Manhattan, realty, $100,000; A. Schultz, E. Siegel, L. Epstein, 88 Wall St.

John Bauer Realty Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; J. Bauer, C. Sussek, E. Forstnbach, 139 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

The Coolrite Co., Ithaca, coolrite and chemical products, $5,000; G. F. Simpson, A. W. Browne, N. Hanford, Ithaca.

The Hubbard Press, Auburn, make double pocket offering envelopes, $5,000; G. R. Brauer, D. H. Day, J. E. McAfee, 200 Clermont Av., Brooklyn.

Pawling Dairy Co., Pawling, $30,000; B. L. Haskins, B. B. Hampton, D. Washburn, Pawling.

Mertgon, Inc., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; L. Epstein, H. C. Dennin, M. Gilbride, 63 Wall St.

La Sardegna Publishing Co., Manhattan, $10,000; F. and J. Pasella, O. Fusco, 208 Nassau St.

Plaza Hat Co., Manhattan, $5,000; W. J. Brunner, W. D. Herr, F. Marx, 208 West 56th St.

Ever-Ready Sanitary Suds Co., Manhattan, $10,000; G. and R. Zingali, A. Dipalma, 753 East 151st St.

L. H. Glenn Co., Buffalo, millinery, $10,000; F. A. and E. C. M. Jenss, L. H. Glenn, Buffalo.

F. F. Proctor Grand Albany Properties Co., Manhattan, $50,000; J. W. Merrill, C. E. and G. E. Wallen, Central Valley.

F. F. Proctor 125th St. Properties Co., Manhattan, $50,000; same directors.

F. F. Proctor Leland Albany Properties Co., Manhattan, $25,000; same directors.

F. F. Proctor Troy Properties Co., Manhattan, $100,000; same directors.

F. F. Proctor 58th Street Properties Co., Manhattan, $50,000; same directors.

F. F. Proctor Albany, Troy, and New York Theatres Co., Manhattan, $1,000 each; J. J. Howard, G. E. and H. M. Wallen, 45 West 48th St.

Great Western Products Co., Manhattan, make finished products from corn starch, 500 shares preferred stock $100 each; 3,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $95,000; A. and J. and W. Alexander, 495 West End Av.

Price Engine Corp., Manhattan, $1,000,000; J. M. Harding, G. F. Jebbett, J. T. Crowley, 81 Morton St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Forma & Perry, Manhattan, $30,000 to $50,000.

American Cigar and Soda Water Syndicate, Manhattan, $25,000 to $90,000.

Hudson Valley Muslin Underwear Co., Poughkeepsie, $25,000 to $125,000.

Scranton and Lehigh Coal Co., Brooklyn, $500,000 to $750,000.

Brooklyn Elevator and Milling Co., Manhattan, $275,000 to $350,000.

Groton Realty Corp., Manhattan, $1,610,000 to $4,228,000.

O'Neil Iron Works, Buffalo, $400,000 to $500,000.

Christie McDonald Pictures Corp., Manhattan, $125,000 to $150,000.

Charles Kohlman & Co., Manhattan, $240,000 to $700,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

B. & B. Aufses' Son, Manhattan, to Mortimer A. Aufses, Inc.

MERGER.

Huntoon-Simmons Ice Co., Manhattan, with Glasco Ice Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Stewart, Howe & May Co., New Jersey.
Livonia Hotel Co., Livonia, Livingston Co.
Sweeney Garage Co., Brooklyn.
W. F. Peters Co., Bronx.
Medico Phone Post-Graduate Co., Manhattan.
East 180th Street Building Corp., Bronx.
Irving C. Moller, Manhattan.
Mars Mfg. Co., Manhattan.
Pruver Electric Co., Manhattan.
F. F. Proctor's Troy Theatre Co., Manhattan.
F. F. Proctor's Lyceum Troy Theatre Co.
F. F. Proctor's Griswold Opera House Troy Theatre Co., Manhattan.
F. F. Proctor's Grand Albany Theatre Co., Manhattan.
F. F. Proctor's Annex Albany Theatre Co., Manhattan.
F. F. Proctor's Leland Theatre Co., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 23.—Charters filed:

Majestic Print Works, Passaic, $50,000; Max Schmer, William M. Kurtz, and Elizabeth Schlossberg, all of New York.

Aetna Collateral Co., Ventnor, $25,000; Ferdinand Block, E. E. Brode, and M. V. Hughes, all of Philadelphia.

Realty Transfer Co., Elizabeth, $6,300; Julian H. Kean, Hamilton F. Kean, and John W. Whelan, all of Elizabeth.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Nov. 23.—Charters filed:

Kistler Leather Co., $10,000,000; F. R. Hansel, J. Vernon Pimm, S. C. Seymour of Philadelphia.

Honduras Naval Stores Co., $3,000,000; L. B. Phillips, J. E. Bailey of Dover.

Leonard Oil Co., $2,000,000; William F. O'Keefe, G. G. Steigler, E. E. Wright of Wilmington.

T. A. Gillespie Loading Co., machine shop business, $2,000,000; L. B. Phillips, J. E. Bailey of Dover.

Bethlehem Mines Corp., $2,000,000; H. H. Ward, J. Harkins, L. Campbell of Wilmington.

Wentworth Securities Corp., $1,480,400; H. M. Phillips, C. J. Hora, B. J. Cramer, C. J. Rubeling, all of Chicago.

Gulf Shipbuilding Corp., $1,000,000; A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, G. V. Reilly, all of New York.

H. Chaspi & Co., $750,000; J. A. Koehl, G. V. Marlow, Brooklyn; H. Chaspi, New York.

Federal Gas and Oil Products Corp., $500,000; A. J. Kingsbury, E. E. James, Frederick B. Murphy of Dover.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL STOCK.

Middle States Water Works Co., New York, from $3,664,990 to $3,936,900.

The Wichita Water Co., New York, from $2,000,000 to $2,272,000.

RABBI DEPLORES WASTE.

Calls It a Cardinal Sin and Illustrates Results of Economy.

The effect of the war on America's approaching Thanksgiving Day was discussed by the Rev. M. H. Harris before several hundred members of his congregation last night at the Temple Israel, Lenox Avenue and 120th Street. Rabbi Harris praised the non-sectarianism of the Young Men's Christian Association for opening all its war-work institutions to Jews and urged his congregation to help win the war by following Food Administrator Hoover's directions regarding the saving of household food.

"Thanksgiving is an American festival and, whether we are Hebrews or Episcopalians, we all observe it," Rabbi Harris said. "But some people wonder whether, with the year's record of carnage, they have anything to be thankful for. Surely, however, we can be thankful for the lessons and examples of duty which the war has given us. The United States is pouring out its money and its blood that the world may be better.

"Food, just now, has come to be a prime question. We used to take our food for granted, but we don't do so today. Nevertheless, we should be thankful that the earth is proving itself more fruitful than ever to the needs of mankind.

"The cardinal sin today is waste. If each person saves one slice of bread a day, the United States will save 18,500,000 barrels of flour every year. If each person saves one ounce of sugar a day, the nation will save 21,000,000 100-pound bags of sugar each year."

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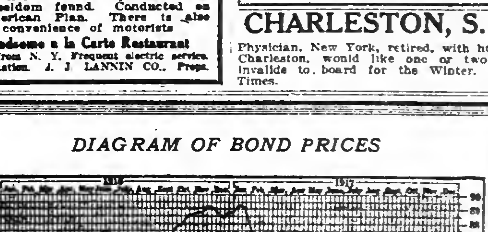

The Annalist, a financial weekly published every Monday by The New York Times, contains charts of the financial markets from figures of the preceding business day.

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CAPPS OUT AS CHIEF OF SHIPBUILDING

Ill-Health Causes His Resignation from the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

FERGUSON DECLINES POST

Hurley Asks for Another Naval Officer to Take Up the Construction Project.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The resignation of Rear Admiral Washington Lee Capps as General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation of the United States Shipping Board was accepted tonight by President Wilson, and after a short rest he will be assigned to less arduous duties.

Admiral Capps asked to be relieved because of failing health, but requested that he might be permitted to serve his country in some other position where the demands upon his strength would not be so great.

It was stated today that the position of General Manager of the Fleet Corporation had been offered to Homer L. Ferguson, President of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company, and that, after consultation with other officials, he had declined. Mr. Ferguson has been asked to serve in an advisory capacity with the Fleet Corporation.

The Admiral's letter of resignation, and the President's reply, and a letter from Chairman Hurley to Secretary of the Navy Daniels, were made public tonight. Mr. Hurley recommended that a naval constructor be selected to replace Admiral Capps.

Capps's Letter of Resignation.

Here is the correspondence:

Navy Department,
Washington, Nov. 15, 1917.

Dear Mr. President: With great regret I beg to inform you that the physical disability under which I labored at the time of my assignment to duty with the Emergency Fleet Corporation has increased to a serious extent, and my medical adviser has stated that I cannot continue my present duty without very serious impairment of health, the developments during the last month having been especially unsatisfactory.

In view of these conditions I request that I may be relieved from my present duties with the Emergency Fleet Corporation as soon as possible.

This matter has previously been brought to the attention of the Chairman of the United States Shipping Board and the Secretary of the Navy, the last-named officer having, by your direction, assigned me to my present duty.

May I add, in conclusion, how deeply I appreciate the trust and confidence you have at all times reposed in me, especially as shown in my present assignment to duty as General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, and I shall look forward to the privilege of giving such further service as may be within the limits of my physical capacity as soon as I have had the opportunity to recuperate somewhat from the recent rather severe strain. Very respectfully,

W. L. CAPPS,
Chief Constructor, U. S. N.

To the President,
Via the Secretary of the Navy.

Wilson Commends Retiring Official.

The White House,
Washington, Nov. 23, 1917.

My Dear Admiral Capps: It is with something more than regret that I have received through the Secretary of the Navy your letter informing me of the necessity you are under to relinquish your duties in connection with the Emergency Fleet Corporation. I have admired the work you have done there most warmly, for I have kept informed concerning it, and know with what devotion and intelligence you have done it. It will be a very great loss to the Emergency Fleet Corporation that you must withdraw, and it particularly distresses me to know that the cause is your impaired health.

Of course, I will yield to your desire and assign you to other duties as soon as your health will permit you to undertake them, but I want you to know with what reluctance I do so and with what genuine personal esteem and confidence. I realize now that you have remained longer at your present post than your strength justified, and I know that you have done so from motives of patriotism. May I not express my obligation to you as a public servant? Cordially and sincerely yours, WOODROW WILSON.

Rear Admiral W. L. Capps, care Secretary of the Navy.

Hurley Wants Another Naval Man.

United States Shipping Board,
Washington, Nov. 19, 1917.

Hon. Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C.:

My dear Mr. Secretary, Admiral Capps has informed me that he has asked you to detail him to some other post. He has told me of the advice of his physician, which is that his health will not stand the constantly increasing strain of the work of General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation. Dr. Grayson suggested to me a few weeks ago that it was very doubtful whether the Admiral could continue to bear the burden.

I need not tell you that these reports, confirming what Admiral Capps himself has told me on numerous occasions, are a source of great concern to all of us. The work that Admiral Capps has been doing has won the admiration of the officers and trustees of the Emergency Fleet Corporation. No consideration, other than personal concern for his health, could bring us to join in his own request for a transfer to work less arduous.

We have been building up the organization of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, bringing into it the best organizing and engineering skill in the country, and we have been hopeful that, by relieving Admiral Capps of part of the tremendous work he has been doing, we would be able to ease the pressure upon him.

As the program of shipbuilding is enlarged, the duties and responsibilities of General Manager also must be enlarged, and Admiral Capps reluctantly has yielded to the advice of his physicians. My association with Admiral Capps has been so congenial, his remarkable abilities have so won my admiration, that I am divided between a sense of loss in letting him go, and the sense of personal loyalty to him in suggesting that you approve of his request, in order to conserve his health and retain his skill and experience in work where physical endurance will play a smaller part.

Incidentally, Admiral Capp's work has convinced me that his successor should be some one trained in the same service—a naval engineer or constructor. Might I not ask you to look over the field and suggest some one of equal skill and devotion to the nation's interest?

Faithfully yours,
EDWARD N. HURLEY,
Chairman.

Pies Takes Part of Task.

Secretary Daniels said that the Admiral's weakened physical condition had been known to him for some time, and on that account he had hesitated to suggest his name to the President when General Goethals resigned.

It is probable that Admiral Capps not only will have to quit the fleet corporation, but for the present at least will be obliged to abandon active duty entirely.

Under the reorganization of the Shipping Board to speed up the construction program, Vice President Charles A. Pies already has taken over a large share of the work formerly done by the general manager, and has as his assistants some of the country's leading shipbuilders. It is probable that a further reorganization will follow Admiral Capps's retirement.

Ferguson Replies to Offer.

Shipping men in New York yesterday were interested in the news that Homer L. Ferguson, President and General Manager of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company, had been asked to succeed Rear Admiral Capps as General Manager of the Shipping Board's Emergency Fleet Corporation.

"They have a real shipbuilder in Mr. Ferguson," said a man prominent in shipping affairs here. "He gets results out of his work at least. A builder can go to shipyards and tell for himself whether or not the work is progressing satisfactorily."

Mr. Ferguson declined to say whether or not he had accepted the offer.

"I received a letter offering me the place of General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation," he said. "You can say for me that I answered that letter, and my reply is now in Washington. Further than that I have nothing to say."

7 NEW CARGO SHIPS SOON.

To be Launched by Emergency Fleet Corporation by Dec. 31.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The Emergency Fleet Corporation expects to launch four steel and three wooden cargo ships by Dec. 31, aggregating 45,700 tons. The first of the ships, a steel vessel of 8,800 tons, will leave the ways in Seattle tomorrow and plans have been made for an appropriate celebration.

The seven ships were contracted for in May and June of this year and have been built according to schedule despite shortage of materials and labor troubles which for a time threatened to tie up the shipyards. Here is the schedule of proposed launchings:

Nov. 24.—One steel ship of 8,800 tons built by the Skinner-Eddy Company at Seattle, Wash.

Dec. 15.—Two steel ships of 8,800 tons built by the Los Angeles Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company at Los Angeles, Cal.; one wooden ship of 3,500 tons built by the Merchant Ship Corporation at Grays Harbor, Aberdeen, Wash.; one wooden ship of 3,500 tons built by Kruse & Banks, North Bend, Ore.

Dec. 24.—One wooden ship built by McBride & Law, Beaumont, Texas.

Dec. 31.—One steel ship built by the Skinner-Eddy Company at Seattle.

An official of the Emergency Fleet Corporation stated today that the program of 6,000,000 tons of shipping by Dec. 31, 1918, probably could be carried out "if the people of the country woke up to the fact that the nation was engaged in a death struggle and got behind the drive." To turn out the 6,000,000 tons on schedule, he said, it would be necessary to obtain a full complement of workmen in the yards so that two and in some cases three shifts could be put to work.

Supplies, it was stated, were being moved with greater expedition than was the case a few weeks ago and the labor situation, so far as absence of strikes was concerned, was looked upon as most favorable to rapid construction. Lumber for the wooden ships being built on the Atlantic Coast will be rushed to the East from the fir forests of Oregon on 1,500 cars which have been contracted for by the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

The ships given in this schedule are exclusive of the vessels which were contracted for by foreign Governments and were commandeered by the United States. These vessels, some of which were practically completed when the requisitioning order went into effect, are being launched at brief intervals.

FEWER DRY GOODS BUYERS.

Wholesale Distribution Is Below That of a Year Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"The current wholesale distribution of dry goods for the week is not quite equal to the record period of a year ago. The total volume of road sales for both immediate and future deliveries has been holding its own with the corresponding week of 1916. Merchants have been in the market in fewer numbers. The market on domestic cotton goods is strong. Collections are excellent."

Alters New 25-Cent Pieces.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—New 25-cent pieces in circulation since August have caused such a multitude of inquiries as to their genuineness that the Director of the Mint today explained that a slight change in the design had been made to improve the beauty and stacking qualities of the coins. Draperies of the Goddess of Liberty on the face of the quarters have been rearranged, and the flying eagle on the reverse side has been placed higher on the coin with three stars beneath.

JAPAN SEEKS TRADE UNION WITH AMERICA

Baron Megata, Replying to City's Welcome, Tells of Commission's Aim.

WILL STUDY FINANCE HERE

With Trade Relations Arranged, He Says, Political Questions Will Be Easily Settled.

A hope for closer commercial and financial ties between the United States and Japan and a fuller co-operation, especially in the Far East, were expressed by Baron Tanetaro Megata, head of the Special Japanese Finance Commission, in responding to Mayor Mitchel's welcome to the members of the commission in the reception room of the City Hall yesterday. The commission reached New York from Washington at 11:30 o'clock and was escorted to the City Hall, by Philip J. McCook, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense; George F. Baker, Jr., Chairman of the Mayor's Reception Committee, and Henry W. Bull. Besides Baron Megata, the commission is composed of Osama Matsumoto, Secretary of Japan's Department of Finance; Takenosuke Sakaguchi, Baron Bunkichi Ito, Chozo Koika, Kenjiro Matsumoto, Seiji Hishida, Umekichi Yoneyama, and Yochitara Yamashita.

"Our mission here," said Baron Megata, who is a Harvard graduate, in replying to the Mayor's welcome, "is to study conditions, to tell of conditions in Japan, and to urge the fullest co-operation between the two countries. Japan has developed rapidly since her contact with Occidental nations. The development of machinery for international trade and finance has not, however, kept abreast of progress along other lines, and this is a matter for serious thought and consideration. We hope in our studies and conferences here plans may be formulated to very greatly facilitate international finance and commerce. The closer we are knit together economically, more firmly will we be bound in friendship.

"While our purposes are essentially economic, the ties of intimate and considerable commercial and financial relations are, after all, ties that bind, and we cannot help but feel that with such international trade relations, political questions offer easier solutions. Personal interchanges of views and proposals will tend toward more speedily attaining the desired end, and it is for that reason we have come here. We hope the result of our efforts will be freer intercourse between the two countries, closer ties binding us and fuller co-operation, especially in the Far East—all conducing to the peace and prosperity of the world." In welcoming the mission, Mayor Mitchel said, in part:

"We realize with you that we are engaged in a great world struggle to preserve the liberties of our respective peoples. We realize that we are Allies. We realize the great work Japan has done in the East in keeping the Pacific clear of the navies of our enemy and open to the lines of communication with the Far East. We realize that the day may not be far distant when the work of Japan in this great war will take on still greater proportions, and when our nation and yours will be still more intimately in co-operation for our common purpose. For all these reasons, because of the long existing friendship and because New York is always glad to receive distinguished foreign visitors, we delight to welcome you."

Later the members of the commission were given a luncheon at the Bankers' Club at 120 Broadway. Among those attending were Mayor Mitchel, A. Barton Hepburn, the host; Elbert H. Gary, Jacob H. Schiff, Henry Seligman, Henry Clews, J. P. Grace, Lewis L. Clarke, George T. Wilson, J. B. Lumger, H. W. Bull, Oliver Harriman, and Eugene C. Warden. There were no speeches.

COMMODITIES PRICES

The Rise in Major Provisions Was a Feature of the Week.

Were it not for the advances in the major provisions at Chicago, Dun's list of wholesale commodities prices would be practically without feature this week. To begin with, there were fewer changes than for several weeks, only 59 of the 334 listed articles showing variation from last week. Of these 38 were advances, and 21 were declines. Last week's changes, which totaled 66, embraced 46 upward revisions.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on thirty-nine standard commodities this week at this city, unless otherwise specified. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week last year:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb.	$.07½	.07¾	.09¼
Coffee, Santos No. 4	.09½	.09½	.10¼
Std. brown sheetings, yd.	.17¾	.17¾	.11¾
Printcloths, 38½-in., 64x60	.11¼	.11⅛	.08½
Butter, creamery, ext., lb.	.46	.45	.41½
Cheese, f.c., held, sp., lb.	.24	.24	.25
Eggs, Western, 1sts, doz.	.48	.48	.42
Peaches, Cal., dried, lb.	.12	.12	.07¼
Prunes, 30-40 Cal., lb.	.13½	.13½	.10¾
Raisins, lb.	.08	.08	..
Flour, Spring patent, bbl.	10.65	10.65	9.00
Flour, Spring clear, bbl.	10.00	10.00	8.60
Wheat, No. 2 red, bush.	2.25	2.25	1.95½
Corn, No. 2 yellow, bush.	*...	2.00	1.11¾
Oats, No. 2 white, bush.	*.78	.71¼	.63
Hay, pr. timothy, 100 lbs.	1.75	1.60	1.13
Hides, Chi., pack, No. 1, lb	.35	.35	.33
Hides, Chi., cows, nat., lb.	.33	.33	.32
Leather, hemlock, sole, lb.	.46	.46	.55
Leather, union backs, lb.	.68	.68	.80
Iron, pig, F.No.2, Phil., ton	34.25	34.25	25.50
Steel billets, Pitts., ton	47.50	47.50	52.50
Copper, Electro, N. Y., lb.	.23½	.23½	.35
Lead, New York, lb.	.06¼	.06¼	7.30
Tin, New York, lb.	.76	.73	.45½
Petroleum, ref., gal. in bbl.	.13	.13	.12
Beef, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	7.40	6.85	6.50
Hogs, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	17.60	17.30	9.00
Sheep, live, Chi., 100 lbs.	8.75	8.75	7.90
Lard, pr. st., Chi., 100 lbs.	28.20	28.00	16.92½
Short ribs, loose, 100 lbs.	27.50	*...	14.25
Mess pork, Chi., bbl.	48.00	45.00	29.50
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.08¾	.08¾	.05
Rubber, up-riv. Para, lb.	.56	.58	.80
Sugar, fine, gran., 100 lbs.	8.35	8.35	7.50
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.26	.26	.16½
Tea, Japan, low, lb.	.24	.24	.20
Potatoes, bbl.	4.50	4.75	4.75
Wool, aver., 100, Phila., lb	.754	.734	.379

*Nominal.

The total of advances and declines in foodstuffs this week was smaller than is usually represented by one side of the slate alone. There were only eight of the former, and four of them were shown in the Chicago market for provisions. There higher prices were recorded on live beef, live hogs, prime lard, and mess pork. Live sheep and short ribs did not change. In this city bacon was advanced. There were no changes in flour.

The only changes shown by the vegetables were another drop in potatoes, which are now 25 cents a barrel cheaper than at this time a year ago; a decline in rutabagas turnips, and a further rise in choice red kidney beans. There were no changes either way in the listed fresh and dried fruits. The dairy products were featured by the fact that they showed fewer price revisions than for months. They consisted solely of an additional advance in the best creamery butter and a drop in fancy nearby eggs. The break in the latter left them only 7 cents a dozen higher than in the corresponding week in 1916, which is the smallest margin between the two prices for a long time.

No. 7 Rio coffee again dropped, but there was no revision in No. 4 Santos. A lower price for nutmegs and a higher one for white Singapore pepper completed the foodstuffs changes. In the grains markets all the changes were upward, the advances having taken place in malt, oats, rye, and prime timothy hay.

A new low record number of changes was shown in the metals list this week, the only one shown being an advance in the price of tin. There were no marked features in the combined lists for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils, except, possibly, the further rise in all the soda products quoted on save light 58 per cent. soda ash.

Quotations on leather remained generally unchanged, but there was additional weakness shown in the hides. Branded cow, No. 1 country steer, No. 1 heavy cow, No. 1 buff, and No. 1 kip stock all were quoted lower. Advances were lacking. Advances in turpentine and resin featured the week in the naval stores, while the miscellaneous changes included a rise in tallow and a drop in Brazilian crude rubber. English vermilion paint also fell off in price.

The week's activities in the textile markets, at least so far as price revisions were concerned, centred around burlaps and cottons. Still higher prices for the former resulted from an active demand and the continuance of very bullish reports from the primary markets. The jump in cotton, coupled with active buying of cloths in the gray, brought sharp increases to many constructions. Colored cottons, notably staple ginghams, also shared in the rise.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 25,225.—In Bankruptcy.—HENRY SALINSKY and THEODORE SALINSKY, individually and as copartners, trading under the firm name of HENRY SALINSKY and SON, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Henry Salinsky and Theodore Salinsky, individually and as copartners, trading under the firm name of Henry Salinsky and Son, are hereby given notice that on November 16, 1917, they were duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, December 4, 1917, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, November 23, 1917.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25289.—In Bankruptcy.—CHARLES F. LIGHTHOUSE, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said bankrupt are given notice that on November 21st, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on Dec. 5th, 1917, at 12:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25219.—In Bankruptcy.—MORRIS OLARSKY, (QUEEN SKIRT CO.,) Bankrupt.

Morris Olarsky was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 13th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City of New York, on December 4th, 1917, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist., N. Y.—No. 25107.—In Bankruptcy.—BELLE BRYCE GEMMEL CO., Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Belle Bryce Gemmel Co. are hereby given notice that on October 23, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, December 6, 1917, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, November 23, 1917.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,163. In Bankruptcy.—CANDEE BOEHM CORPORATION, Bankrupt.

Candee Boehm Corporation was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on November 7th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on December 6th, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,277.—In Bankruptcy.—HARRY MARKOWITZ, Bankrupt.

Harry Markowitz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on November 17th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on December 6th, 1917, at 10:45 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Stuart G. Gibboney of New York City was admitted to practice.

91—Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co., applt., v. the U. S. et al.—Submitted.

78—H. S. McGowan et al., applts. v. Columbia River Packers' Assn. et al.—Argument continued for appellees, and concluded for applts.

81—F. L. Kirk et al., pltf., v. H. Olson.—Argued for deft. and submitted for pltf.

83—Menasha Woodenware Co., pltf., v. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Ry. Co.—Argued for deft. and submitted for pltf.

85—A. M. Duus, administrator, &c., pltf., v. W. C. Brown, Treasurer of State of Iowa.—Argued.

507—E. Skarderud, pltf., v. the Tax Commission of the State of N. Dak.—Order assigning case for Jan. 7 next vacated and set aside.

507—Same v. same.—Submitted for pltf. with leave to counsel for deft. to file brief within one week.

Adjourned until Monday next.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—At 10 A. M. in Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, N. Y. Bouchard<Tijuca, (on trial.) Timmins<same, (on trial.)

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department. DECISIONS.

Heiburn Thompson Co., pltf., v. All Americas Mercantile Corp., applt., (Nat. Park Bank, respt.)—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinions by Smith and Scott, JJ. (Clarke, P. J., and Scott, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Gabrielle M. McQuaide, suing, &c., applt., v. Edward S. Perot, ind., &c., et al., respts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Scott, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

W. H. McElwain Co., applt., v. Luigi Primavera, respt.—Determination reversed, with costs to the applt.; judgment of Municipal Court reversed and new trial ordered, with costs in that court to abide event. Opinions by Clarke, P. J.; Smith and Scott, JJ. (Scott, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Louisa M. Becker, respt., v. Osroe A. Clark, as admr., applt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to applt. Opinions by Davis and Smith, JJ. (Clarke, P. J., and Smith, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

Abraham Frackenberg, applt., v. Samuel Perlman, respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinions by Page, Smith, and Davis, JJ. (Scott and Davis, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

U. S. Trust Co. of N. Y., respt., v. De Witt C. Peters et al., applts., impld., with Alexander M. Knowlton, as exr., &c., et al., respts.—Judgment modified and affirmed, with costs to the applt. Opinion by Page, J. Settle order on notice.

Robert C. McCormick, respt., v. Joseph Walker, Jr., et al., as excrs., &c., applts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

In the matter of George A. Haines, decd.—Decree affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The Rector, &c., of St. Ann's Church of Morrisania, respt., v. Michael F. Cusack, impld., &c., applts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

John D. Mills et al., respts., v. Thomas B. Withers et al., applts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Felix Dehner, respt., v. P. Viane, Inc., applt.—Judgment and order reversed, and new trial ordered, with costs to applt. on the ground that the verdict is against the weight of the evidence. Order filed.

Saul Mayer, respt., v. Raphael Seril, applt.—Determination affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Jose I. V. Vila, applt., v. Leopoldo Baptista, respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Nat. Surety Co., applt., v. William H. Seaich, respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Edward J. Allen, respt., v. Hunter, Penn & Co., applt.—Judgment and orders affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Pease & Elliman, applt., v. the 39 and 41 West 35th St. Realty Co., respt.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Alma Peterson, respt., v. George D. Eighmie, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Hugh T. McKenna, applt., v. the Bowery Savings Bank, respt.—Determination affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Dowling and Page, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

M. Witmark & Sons, applts., v. Hall-Baldwin Corp., respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to plaint. to amend complaint on payment of costs in this court and in the court below. No opinion. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Fulton Metal Co., respt., v. Progressive Smelting & Metal Corp., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Joseph Beck, applt., v. The Only Skirt Co., Inc., respt.—Order affirmed, with costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Matter of Manhattan R'way Co., applt., v. Edward D. Farrell et al., respts. Matter of the same, applt., v. Kate Muller et al., respts.—Orders modified and affirmed without costs. Opinion by Shearn, J. Settle order on notice.

Matter of Vandervoort H. Downes, an attorney.—Proceeding dismissed. Opinion by Clarke, P. J. Settle order on notice.

Matter of Benjamin Gunner, an attorney.—Respondent disbarred. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Matter of Jacob Tuck, an attorney.—Proceeding dismissed. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Matter of Joseph Wilkenfeld, an attorney.—Respondent disbarred. Opinion by Clarke, P. J. Settle order on notice.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—McAvoy, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Anderton<I G Realty Co—J Campbell Thompson. Hughes<Jungman—Eugene Freyer.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Gottheelf<Greenbaum—Phoenix Ingraham. Bankers Trust Co<Orcutt—Henry A Friedman. Matter of Birn—Isidor Neustaedter.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Johanna McManus<Grandy Corp—George Gascoigne. James C Drayton<Louis Spahn—James F Flynn. Jonathan Thompson<John C Holterman—James F Flynn.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM, (Chambers.)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS.—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM, (Chambers.)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J. Pfister<Pfister—Hon John J Freedman.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME Court—Tierney, J. Maurice Brill and ano<Maria R Friedhoff—Maurice Brill.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department DECISIONS.

L. Belden, respt., v. Northern Hotel Co., applts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

E. Bloom, respt., v. A. Dennett, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

County of Orange, respt., v. Storm King Stone Co. and P. A. Mosman, as trustee, applt.—Appeal from so much of the order appointing Commissioners dismissed without prejudice to a future appeal from the order of confirmation, without cost.

J. W. Crooks, W. Veasie, and A. Steinert, respts., v. The Aeolian Co., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

F. M. Huber, pltf., v. L. D'Esterre et al., applts.; Logan Trust Co. of Phila. and H. P. Queal, respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

In re petition of R. L. Chapman to prove the last will of M. E. Chapman, decd.—Decree and order of the Surrogate's Court of Kings Co. affirmed, with costs.

C. L. and E. J. McGretty, co-partners, &c., applts., v. Krantz Mfg. Co., Inc., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

J. D. Myers, Jr., an infant, &c., respt., v. B. H. R. R., applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

J. Myers, respt., v. Same.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

M. J. Osborne, respt., v. Village of North Tarrytown, applt.—Judgment and order of the County Court of Westchester reversed and complaint dismissed.

H. B. Powell, excr., &c., of A. G. Wood, decd., applt., v. W. C. Degen, respt.—Judgment and order reversed and judgment ordered for the pltf., with costs.

REAL ESTATE FIELD.

The cash sale of an old church holding in the Greenwich Village section was an interesting feature of yesterday's business. St. Veronica's Roman Catholic Church has received permission from Supreme Court Justice Goff to sell for $33,000 the three-story building at 112 to 114 Leroy Street, on a plot 50 by 100.

The purchaser is the Charles Schweinler Press, which occupies the eight-story printing house, 200 by 125, on the east side of Hudson Street, between Leroy and Clarkson Streets, under lease from the Trinity Church Corporation. The Leroy Street property is separated from this plant by a fifty foot plot owned by Mary E. Caragher. Joseph P. Shea represented the church as attorney.

$[illegible],000 Harlem Lease.

An important Harlem transaction involved the sub-lease of the property at 226 to 228 West 125th Street, extending through to 225 to 227 West 124th Street, by Henry Morgenthau to Carl Heusser, chef at Pabst's.

The new lessee has concluded negotiations for leasing the property for a term of ten years and five months from Dec. 1 next, for which he will pay an annual rental of $24,000. He plans to make extensive alterations to the place at a cost of $35,000 and will reopen it about Dec. 20 as a restaurant. This property, together with 222-224 West 125th Street, is owned by the Cromwell estate, which some years ago made a long lease of the parcels to Mr. Morgenthau.

Barclay Street Loft Sold.

The Cruikshank Company sold for the Lincoln Trust Company 94 Barclay Street, a four-story building, on a lot 19 to 79. The parcel is located in the wholesale district and is on the south side of the street, 65 feet west of Washington Street. According to the records title stands in the name of Isabel T. Price of Rutherford, N. J.

Tenement Sales.

The Nason Mortgage Corporation purchased from Annie Eiseman 339 and 341 East Twelfth Street, a six-story tenement on a plot 50 by 100.

Bronx Sales.

Samuel Cowen sold the five-story brick apartment known as 1,065 Boston Road, on a lot 37 by 125 feet, to I. Kuntze.

Carmela Silvestro sold to the Pershing Realty Company 1,826 Marmion Avenue, a three-story dwelling on a lot 18.6 by 60.

The 173d Street Realty Company, Aaron Miller, President, sold for cash 1,532 to 1,540 Seabury Place, adjoining the southeast corner of Boston Road, three five-story apartment houses, 125 by 100, held at $115,000.

Flatbush Apartment Sold.

The Court Roger apartment house, on Beverly Road near Ocean Avenue, Brooklyn, has been bought by Leonard D. Hosford from the Kings County Mortgage Company for investment. The purchaser plans extensive improvements.

The transaction, which involved about $80,000, was negotiated by M. Wiley & Son.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Kew Gardens Corporation sold to F. E. Phillips a plot 246 by 252 feet on the southwest corner of Union Turnpike and Grenfell Avenue, and a second plot, 170 by 319 feet, on the southeast corner of the two streets, at Kew Gardens. It is understood that $30,000 was paid for the property.

The Sage Foundation Homes Company sold to T. C. Martin the dwelling on the west side of Greenway Terrace 28 feet south of Archway Place, Forest Hills.

D. L. Sterling has purchased the dwelling and plot 60 by 100 feet on the south side of Quentin Street 160 feet east of Austin Street from the Kew Gardens Corporation.

Long Island.

The Lewis H. May Company, in conjunction with the H. Richter Company, sold for M. Bittner the house and garage on the west side of Dakota Street, Neponsit, L. I., to James Bradford for investment.

New Jersey.

Isaac Anderson purchased the plot adjoining on the east of his present holdings at Mountain Lakes, N. J.

The Frank Hughes-Taylor Company sold for cash for Charles B. Booth, son of General Ballington Booth, to Charles S. Barker the residence at 10 Clairidge Court, on a plot 65 by 150 feet. The property was valued at $8,500.

Interesting Chain Store Lease.

C. C. Nichols, Jr., representing Joseph P. Day, has closed at Providence, R. I., a twenty-five-year lease on the four-story building, 40 by 182, at the corner of Westminster and Moulton Streets, for the W. T. Grant Twenty-five-cent Stores Company, from the estate of Charles H. Smith, Jr., at a total aggregate rental of more than $750,000.

The Joseph P. Day organization has arranged for the present tenants to remain in the property for a time, the present tenants being the St. Clair Candy Company and the Blackstone Hotel. This adds a new link to the chain of stores of the W. T. Grant Company. An unusual element in the transaction was the fact that it was necessary to have a special decree entered by the court in this matter, and the signature of the Mayor of Providence was necessary to the document authorizing the signing of the lease.

Commercial Leases.

Charles F. Noyes Company has arranged an extension of the lease held by Wilbert Garrison covering the four upper floors of 80 and 82 Beekman Street for five years from May 1, 1919, at an aggregate rental of $40,000. The lease is of particular interest, as it represents a rental increase of about 15 per cent., based on conditions that will exist a year hence.

The Duross Company has made a five-year lease of the old McCreary warehouse, a 50 by 100-foot building at the northwest corner of Nineteenth Street and Avenue B. The tenant is a corporation formed during the present week with the title of Edward Murphy Warehouses, Inc.

Realty Notes.

Mme. Braganca d'Avellar is the buyer of the residence of the late Clyde Fitch at 113 East Fortieth Street.

A loan of $700,000, bearing interest at 5 per cent. and due May 1, 1922, has been made by the Prudential Insurance Company of America to August Heckscher on the twenty-story store and office building being erected by Robertson & Todd, who bought the site from Mr. Heckscher. The mortgage is subject to a building loan of $1,500,000 made by the Prudential Company. The property measures 125 by 125, and was formerly the site of the Knickerbocker Club and later the Tiffany Studios.

There were no plans filed yesterday for new buildings, or alterations involving $5,000 or more, in the Manhattan Bureau of Buildings.

Delmonico's famous old restaurant at 82 Beaver Street closes its doors today. The property was sold some months ago to the American Merchant Marine Company, for occupancy. The present building was erected in 1890, the original Delmonico restaurant having been built in 1835.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Henry Brady.

Bradhurst Av, n e corner of 149th St, 99.11x50, vacant; T. J. Goodwin and another, trustees, against Theresa Lemmon; J. A. Lynch, attorney; due, $10,994.72; taxes, &c., $849.68; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

2d Av, 2,240, n e corner of 115th St, 20.10x80, four-story tenement and store; J. M. M. Grant and another, trustees, against Alfonse Passarelli et al.; Joline, L. & R., attorneys; due, $17,437.68; taxes, &c., $363.60; to the plaintiff for $15,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Mott Av, w s, 101.9½ ft n of 146th St; one-story brick stores and show rooms, 30x96.4, estate of Edith C. Bryce; Peter Cooper Bryce, 50 East 42d St., President, owner; Shape, Bready & Peterkin, 220 West 42d St., architects; cost, $5,000.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

8TH AV, 2,736, e s, 40 ft n of 145th St, double store floor and basement; Frederick Horling to Martin Thornfords, 1,729 Amsterdam Av, 4 years from May 1, 1916; attorney, Isidor Engelman, 38 Park Row.......$1,920

21ST ST, 31 West, the Parkside, all; Edward W. Browning to Edward Spiegel, Strand Theatre Building, 21 years from Oct. 1, 1917; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.......$30,000

THERE HAS BEEN MORE REAL MONEY

Made and kept in N. Y. City

Through the increased value of Real Estate
Than through most any other source.

This is a REAL Fact.

Just look at these figures
From public auction sales of property
On BROADWAY at or near business centers:

Lots on BROADWAY, 41st St. to 43rd St. **Sold** at from $ 1,500 to $ 4,400 each
Worth to-day $350,000 to $400,000 each
Lots on BROADWAY, 45th St. to 47th St. **Sold** at from $ 260 to $ 445 each
Worth to-day $250,000 to $350,000 each
Lots on BROADWAY, 57th St. to 59th St. **Sold** at from $ 750 to $ 1,500 each
Worth to-day $250,000 to $350,000 each
Lots on BROADWAY, 140th St. to 144th St. **Sold** at from $ 300 to $ 400 each
Worth to-day $ 25,000 to $ 40,000 each
Lots on BROADWAY, 178th St. to 180th St. **Sold** at from $ 3,000 to $ 5,000 each
Worth to-day $20,000 to $ 40,000 each

These are the facts.
Can any one doubt that lots
Bought at this forced sale, ordered by the Court
At such times as these
At a small percentage of their actual value
At such a future business center as Broadway, 230-231 St.

Will increase in value,
Make a splendid investment,
And make REAL MONEY for the purchasers?

Examine the 234 Lots TODAY
To be sold at auction
by a decree of the Supreme Court (Moller v. Godwin et al.)
belonging to the Estate of Jos. Godwin
on BROADWAY, 230th St., 231st St. & Kingsbridge Ave.

For whatever they will bring
without reservation or protection,

Tuesday, November 27, 1917, at 12 o'clock
At 14 Vesey Street.

70% can Remain on Mortgage. **Titles Insured Free by N. Y. Title & Mortgage Co.**

SAVINGS BANK BOOKS & LIBERTY BONDS taken as deposits on the Purchase of Lots

To Reach the Property—Take Broadway Subway to 231st Street.

For maps and particulars send to
Joseph P. Day, 31 Nassau Street
J. Clarence Davies, 149th St. & 3rd Ave.
Agents and Auctioneers Appointed by the Referee.

Hon. Joseph M. Callahan, Referee
Deering & Deering, Attorneys

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted—Along the Hudson

between Ossining and Poughkeepsie, a gentleman's farm of 50 to 75 acres, with a modern house and equipment; rent two years, with option of buying; house must have 5 master's bedrooms and 3 baths, with running water and electricity; everything must be in first-class condition and price attractive; am ready to talk immediate business with right man. Carl C. Loh, 9 Orchard St., Tarrytown, N. Y.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

318 WEST 76TH STREET.
Remodelled Private Residence.
Large rooms, four baths, hardwood floors, electric light; newly decorated.
BEST ARRANGED HOUSE IN BEST PRIVATE HOUSE BLOCK ON WEST SIDE.
Inquire on premises. Not for rent.

Park Avenue Corner.
An attractive investment yielding 12% net income.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 148 West 72d St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Modern Factory for Sale
Two-story brick, 18,000 square feet. Heat, electric power, etc. Atlantic Av., near Nostrand Av. Station, Brooklyn. Bargain.
J. FROEHLICH,
753 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.
Phone Bedford 5900.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FARM BARGAIN
Within commuting distance on Harlem Railroad, 200 acres, fine soil, 10-room house with fireplaces; dairy barn; outbuildings; with lake. $75 per acre. No Exchange.
CLARK, LEE, TIBBITS CO., Inc.
PHONE 1516 WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of B. GEIST & CO., Alleged Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 25,001.

To the creditors of the above named alleged bankrupt:

Pursuant to an order of Hon. Augustus N. Hand, Judge, dated November 16th, 1917, the above entitled matter was referred to me as Referee for the purpose of composition before adjudication.

You are hereby notified that a meeting of creditors of the above named alleged bankrupt will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on December 6th, 1917, at 11:15 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, pass upon the composition offered by the alleged bankrupt herein and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24,768.—In Bankruptcy.—WILLIAM STEUER, Bankrupt.

WILLIAM STEUER was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on September 4th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on December 6th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NO. 12858.—FRANK JESSUP VS. JASPER H. FIELD.—Order of Notice.

State of Connecticut, Fairfield County, Court of Common Pleas, ss., Bridgeport, November 16, A. D. 1917.

Upon the complaint of the said Frank Jessup of Stamford, in said County, praying for reasons therein set forth, for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage and possession of the mortgaged premises now pending before this Court, having been returned thereto on the first Tuesday of October, 1917.

It appearing to and being found by this Court, that Jasper H. Field, the said defendant, is absent from this State, and residing in the City, County, and State of New York, and that notice of the pendency of the complaint was given as required by order of notice heretofore issued, and now the Plaintiff asks for a further order of notice in the premises.

Therefore Ordered, that notice of the pendency of said complaint be given by publishing this order in the New York Times, a newspaper printed in the City of New York, once on or before the 24th day of November, A. D. 1917. By order of Court.

SIDNEY N. LOCKWOOD,
Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, for Fairfield County.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Conserve Part of Your War Profits
In a nice home or an eight family apartment house to pay over 12% net; we offer you both in New York City's nearest and best suburb; Liberty bonds accepted for equities. Particulars furnished without obligation.
J. Romaine Brown & Co.,
498 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT
PROPERTIES.
INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TO LEASE.
Will consider erecting a new building for a responsible tenant.
330-332 Fourth Avenue and 29-31 East 24th Street.
About
7,000 SQUARE FEET.
FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS.
JOHN W. AHERN,
50 Liberty Street.

STORE & BASEMENT
Rental $3,600.
LOFTS 50x100
Rental $2,000.
N. W. Cor. Bleecker St. AND WOOSTER ST.
Modern fireproof building; freight-passenger elevator, sprinkler system, all improvements, high ceilings, unusual light, to lease from Feb. 1. Apply Supt., on premises, or your own broker.

SMALL FURNISHED OFFICES
with Service
for New York Agencies of Responsible Out-of-Town Concerns.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
51 E. 42D ST.

LOFT TO SUBLET.
2000 SQUARE FEET. SPRINKLERS. Light three sides; skylight.
115 EAST 24TH ST.
Goodale, Perry & Dwight, Agts.
Tel. Gramercy 4410. 5 East 23rd St.

BUILDING TO LEASE
630-632 HUDSON STREET,
bet. Jane and Horatio Sts., near Gansevoort Market; four-story-basement building, 88x45; suitable for wholesale grocery or liquor business. Apply Hugh King, 15 William St.

LOFTS
Modern, Light, Low Rent.
12-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING.
106 EAST 19TH ST.,
Adjoining Fourth Ave.

9 & 11 E. 16TH ST.
Store, Basement and several Lofts, 50 x 100, between Union Square & Fifth Ave. No manufacturing in Building. Inquire Superintendent on premises, or 'phone Chelsea 4480.

133 WEST 72D STREET,
MODERN BUILDING FOR
PHYSICIANS ADN DENTISTS
One large double suite
INQUIRE SUPERINTENDENT

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

6 ROOMS
565 West 148th Street.
Corner Broadway.
All outside rooms, facing south.
View of river.
W. D. Morgan, Agent, 3573 B'way (147th).

JUST COMPLETED
370 Central Park West
The Apartment House Unique
S. W. Corner of 97th Street.
An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness.
Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.
Suites of 3 to 7 Rooms,
Rentals $700 to $1,800.
Special 5 Room Suites, With Huge Living Room and Open Fireplace.
For booklet, floor plan, etc.
See Renting Agent on premises, or
FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORP.
290 Madison Ave., corner 41st St.
'Phone Vanderbilt 3237.

OWING TO WAR CONDITIONS preventing the fulfillment of orders placed several months ago for Furniture and Room Furnishings
WE WILL RENT UNFURNISHED
Apartments of one and two rooms with bath and three rooms with 2 baths
FOR TEN MONTHS AT
A GREAT CONCESSION
from regular rates for these particular suites.
HOTEL ALEXANDRIA
JUST OPENED
250 WEST 103D STREET,
Between Broadway and West End Ave.
Subway Express Station at Corner.

HIGHLAND COURT
600 WEST 192ND STREET
at St. Nicholas Ave. Subway station.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS—5 ROOMS.
REDUCED RENTS.

STUDIO
31 West 12th Street, 20x53; open fireplace; all improvements. Telephone 2877 Chelsea.
DUROSS CO., 155 West 14th.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

47 EAST 57TH STREET.
Unfurnished.
6 Room Housekeeping Apartm't, $2400
2 Room Physician's or Bachelor's Apartments, $1000-$1400.
Apply on Premises, or
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Ave.
Phone 6200 Murray Hill

993 PARK AVE. AT 84TH STREET.
Apartment 10 rooms, 3 baths, third floor; south and west exposure. Unfurnished, to Oct. 1st, 1918, $3,900. Apply Superintendent, or telephone Lenox 9778.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

HIGH CLASS
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
Just Completed
4 Rooms, $50 to $60
(One 4 room apartment has 2 bedrooms)
1 Five Room, $80
6 Rooms, $62 to $65
Broadway & Valentine Lane
Two blocks over N. Y. City line, South Yonkers.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, NOV. 23.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

FORT WASHINGTON AV, s e corner of 170th St, 94.10x126.5x irregular; Julien T. Davies to Bancroft Realty Co., 84 Nassau St, mtg $130,000, all liens, Nov. 9; attorneys, Davies, A. & C., 32 Nassau St..$1
HENRY ST, 304, s s, 215.3 ft e of Scammel St, 24x¼ blk; Frieda Hart to Cambria Holding Corpn., 280 Broadway, b. and s., all liens, Oct. 31; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 299 Broadway....$1
LEONARD ST, 19-21, n s, —x—; Samuel Kilpatrick to Nilton Realty Corpn., 46 Cedar St, mtg $10,000, Nov. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1
PARK AV, s e corner of 84th St, 102.2x133.4; Charter Construction Co. to Glenbrook Co., 119 West 40th St, mtg $675,000, Nov. 22; attorneys, Bing & B., 119 West 40th St....$100
ROOSEVELT ST, 90-92, e s, 120 ft n of Cherry St, 40x62.6; Elias B. and Elsie K. Levy to Louis Lebwohl, 1,477 Fulton St, Bronx, ½ part; all title, all liens, Nov. 23; attorneys, Janover, F. & J., 30 Church St....$800
12TH ST, n s, 145 ft w of 1st Av, 50x103.3; Annie Eisenman to Nason Mortgage Co., 100 5th Av, mtg $54,000, all liens, Nov. 21; attorneys, Marks & M., 61 Park Row...$100
18TH ST, 341 West, n e, 275 ft e of 9th Av, 25x92; 39th St, 45 West, n s, 228.6 ft e of 6th Av, 21.6x98.9; 96th St, 28 West, s s, 265 ft w of Central Park West, 20x100.8; Cora L. Magnus to Helaine Magnus, 28 West 96th St, all liens, Nov. 22....Gift
22D ST, 215 West, n s, 116.2 ft w of 7th Av, 16x78.5; West Side Holding Co. to Mattie Himmelreich, 20 South Main St, Attleboro, Mass., all liens, Oct. 25, 1916; attorney, A. J. Spiro, 135 Broadway...$100
30TH ST, n s, 250 ft w of 5th Av, 25.1x98.9; Abraham Grometstein to Hanover Mortgage Co., 49 Wall St, mtg $65,000, b. and s., all liens, Nov. 21; attorney, G. P. Coughlan, 49 Wall St....$100
54TH ST, n s, 250.6 ft w of 6th Av, 24.6x100.5; Charter Construction Co. to Glenbrook Co., 119 West 40th St, mtg $25,000, all liens, Nov. 22; attorneys, Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St....$100
60TH ST, 37 East, n s, 149 ft e of Madison Av, 20x100.5; Julien T. Davies to Bancroft Realty Co., 34 Nassau St, mtg $50,000, all liens, Nov. 9; attorneys, Davies, A. & C., 32 Nassau St....$1
102D ST, s e corner of Park Av, 27x75; Benjamin J. Weil to Bertha Kahn, 421 East 82d St, b. and s., all liens, Nov. 19; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St...$100
SAME PROPERTY; Bertha Kahn to Benjamin J. Weil, 21 East 82d St, all liens, Nov. 18; attorneys, same....$100
112TH ST, 243 East, n s, 125 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Anita Peragalls to Pellegro Pellerans, 28 West 26th St, one-half part, all liens, Nov. 23; attorney, C. Zerbarini, 846 Broadway....$1
117TH ST, 320 West, s s, 273.9 ft w of 8th Av, 26.3x100.11; Jacob Hertzberg to Jennie Adam, 460 West 147th St, mtg $13,000, Nov. 23; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway....$100
134TH ST, 310-12 West, s s, 149.10 ft w of 8th Av, 70x50.1x irregular; Ziells Stern to Sol., Max and Jacob Stern, and Hannah Hirschbaum, mtg $30,000, July 31, 1906; attorney, William Bondy, 149 Broadway..$1
148TH ST, n s, 119 ft e of Convent Av, 18x99.11; Mary E. Richards (Lathsm) to Mary and Sarah Carstang, 105 West 98th St, joint tenants, b. and s., Nov. 2; attorneys, Thompson, Koss & Warren, 256 Broadway..$1
149TH ST, 544 West, s e, 316.8 ft e of Broadway, 16.8x99.11, foreclosure Oct. 30, 1917; Bernard J. Tinney, referee, to Mary Carroll, 327 East 58th St; attorney, Richard Kelly, 233 Broadway....$9,000

Bronx.

BROOK AV, 419, w s, 24.11x90; Bertha Lichtenstein to Harry Lichtenstein, 419 Brook Av, mtg $14,000, Nov. 22; attorney, Harry Lichtenstein, 419 Brook Av....$100
FULTON AV, n w corner, 170th St, 189x250x187.7x250; Wm. W. Niles, Referee, to Chas. Frazier, Tenafly, N. J., et al, Executor, &c., Nov. 20; attorneys, Ross & P., 128 Broadway....$40,000
LOT 23, map of Eliza G. Ketchum; Ferdinand Co., Inc., to Remier Realty Corporation, 1 East Fordham Road, Nov. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100
LOTS 23 and 24, Block 61, map Morris Park; Edward M. Sammis to Elizabeth H. Sammis, at Hotel Clinton, East Orange, N. J., Aug. 2; attorney, Elizabeth H. Sammis, East Orange, N. J....$1
LOTS 71 and 86, map Allen Estate; Hudson P. Rose Co., to Pietro Petroglia, 3 5 East 112th St, Nov. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1
MARMION AV, 1,826, e s, 16.8x69; Carmela Silvestro to Pershing Realty Co., Inc., 850 East 175th St, mtg $2,600, Nov. 22; attorney, Max Monfried, 299 Broadway....$100
PERRY AV, 3,268, e s, 25x100; Stella Stiebeling to Florence Taylor, 3,268 Perry Av, mtg $2,500, Nov. 16, 1918 attorneys; O'Hara Bros., 200th St. and Webster Av. $100
PROSPECT AV, 679-681, w s, 25x95; William G. Kier, referee, to Myers Curtiss, 2,107 Broadway, Nov. 21; attorney, E. J. West, 31 Nassau St....$8,000
PROSPECT AV, s e corner of Fox St, 75.11x80x114.8x61.5; Utility Realty Co. to Hunts Point Realty Co., 30 East 42d St, mtg $40,300, No. 22; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 30 East 42d St....$1
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 225 ft e w of 149th St, 149.10x100; Preferred Investing Co., Inc., to William F. Kenny Co., 841 Broadway, mtg. $11,000, Nov. 21; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$100
STEBBINS AV, 908, e s, 47x115; Henry Greenspan to Mary Kane, 386 Willis Av, mtg. $37,000, Nov. 21; attorney, P. Wellins, 807 Broadway....$1
TINTON AV, 1,210, e s, 22x132; Abr. W. Jackson to Peter J. Clarke, 1,119 Clay Av, mtg $4,500, Nov. 22; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100
TRINITY AV, e s, 100 ft s of 161st St, 25x99.9; Olga Brookman to Hyman Brookman, 304 West 38th St, mtg $5,500, Nov. 22; attorney, M. Greenbaum, 2'3 Broadway..$100
134TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Lincoln Av, runs w 25 x n 175 x w 42.1, to land for approach to 3d Av bridge x n e 26 to 135th St x e 59.11 x e 200; Rocco Contino to Raymond Guarini, 21 New Bowery and another, Nov. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Raymond Guarini et al to Mogul Realty Co., Inc., 256 East 135th St, Nov. 20; same attorney....$100
149TH ST, s w s, 116.4 ft s e of Timpson Place, 59.8x97.6x50x130.1; Preferred Investing Co., Inc., to William F. Kenny Co., 841 Broadway, Nov. 21; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway..$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

ELIZABETH ST, w s, 183 ft s of Houston St, 24x87.9, Nov. 10; Charles E. Haskell to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, ex'r, &c., due Nov. 15, 1920; attorneys, Gellar, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place..$20,000
ELIZABETH ST, w s, 207 ft s of Houston St, 24x88.2, Nov. 10; same to same, due Nov. 15, 1920; attorneys, same....$20,000
ELIZABETH ST, w s, 159 ft s of Houston St, 24x87.3, Nov. 10; same to same, due Nov. 15, 1920; attorney, same....$20,000
LEONARD ST, 19-21, n s, —x—; Leonard St, n s, 188.10 ft e of Hudson St, 25x74.6, Nov. 22; the Milton Realty Corp. to Gouverneur Mortgage Corp., 149 Broadway, due May 22, 1918, 6 p. c., prior mtg $22,000; attorney, H. T. Randall, 149 Broadway....$8,000
MADISON AV, s e corner of 45th St, runs e 125x s 100.5x w 25x s 25x w 100 to avenue x n 125.5 to beginning, subject to building loan dated April 21, 1917, Nov. 22; August Heckscher, Huntington, L. I., to Prudential Insurance Co. of America, 763 Broad St, Newark, N. J., due May 1, 1922; attorneys, Zabriskie, M., S. & K., 49 Wall St..$700,000
PIERS 20 and 21 N. R., with slips; also 560 ft of bulkhead, extending n from n l of Pier 19 N. R., with wharf surface and ferry near foot of Chambers St, and rights, franchises; also bulkhead, slip, and ferry at foot of West 23d St, with ferry, rights, and franchises; also pier at foot of West 49th St and slips, together with water front e of the pier; also Pier 67 N. R., with bulkhead, extending n therefrom and land under water; also Pier 7 E. R. and slips; also other lands in States of N. J., Penn., and elsewhere, with the railroads, franchises, roadbed, bridges, viaducts, buildings, depots, stations, car, engine, and freighthouses, docks, rights of way, rolling stock, chattels, &c., supplemental refunding and improvement mortgage, Dec. 1, 1916; Erie Railroad Co. to Bankers Trust Co., 16 Wall St; attorney, George H. Minor, Asst. Gen. Solicitor, Erie R. R. Co., 50 Church St, secures gold bonds not to exceed....$500,000,000
STANTON ST, 210, n s, 99.5 ft e of Ridge St, 26x100, collateral to mtg affecting 28 Pitt St, Nov. 22; Annie Goldstein to Helen Pizer, 1,356 Madison Av, due Dec. 1, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, Harry M. Goldberg, 141 Broadway....$2,000
148TH ST, n s, 119 ft e of Convent Av, 18x99.11, Nov. 22; Mary and Sarah Carstang to Charles G. Koss, 628 West End Av, 3 years; attorneys, Thompson, Koss & Warren, 256 Broadway....$2,200

Bronx.

JEROME AV, n e corner of Fordham Road, runs n 91xe 125xn 57.1xe 33.4xe 101.8 to Morris Av xs 163.5xw 260.7; Remlu Realty Corporation to New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St., Nov. 22, due May 22, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$50,000
LONGWOOD AV, s w corner of Truxton St, runs w 44xs 157xe 50xn 51xn 114; Lorey Realty Co., Inc., to Bronx Security and Brokerage Co., 258 East 138th St., Nov. 22, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, I. Levin, 258 East 138th St....$600
LOTS 71 and 86, map of Allen Estate; Pietro Petraglia to Hudson P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St., Nov. 22, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$350
MARMION AV, 1,826, s s, 16.8x69 to Vineyard Place x16.8x60.1; Pershing Realty Co., Inc., to Carmela Silvestro, 1,826 Marmion Av., prior mtg. $2,600, Nov. 22, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. J. O'Grady, 277 Broadway....$1,500
134TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Lincoln Av, runs w 25xn 175xw 42.1 to land for approach to 3d Av. Bridge xn e 26 to 135th St xe 59.11xs 200; Mogul Realty Co., Inc., to Raymond Guarini and another, 22 New Bowery, prior mtg $30,000, June 28, five as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,482; John Williams against 1,482 Broadway Corp., owner and contractor....$1,500
BROADWAY, 1,465; John Williams against 1,465 Broadway Co., owner and contractor....$1,100
CHERRY ST, 858; Harry Bindler against Annie Silverman, owner and contractor....$1,000
DUTCH ST, 9 and 11; Arthur Applebaum against Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of the City of New York, owner; Morris Manacher, contractor....$65
26TH ST, 142 WEST; Franklin Machine and Steam Boiler Works against 142 West 26th St. Co., owner, renewal....$420
30TH ST, 529 to 533 East; Corrugated Bar Co. against Fleischman Vehicle Co., owner; Clark & Appelman, contractors....$813
142D ST, 130 to 148 West; Kahn Window Shade and Awning Co. against Terry Watt, owner and contractor....$51

Bronx.

184TH ST, s e corner of Jerome Av, 100x100; Empire Fireproof Door Co. against Arklin Realty Co., Inc., owners and contractors....$136

SATISFIED MECHANIC'S LIEN.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY and Fourth Avenue Subway from Whitehall Tunnel to 57th St.; Electric Service Supplies Co. against New York Municipal Railways Corp. et al., Nov. 16, 1917....$4,869

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

WATER ST, 28; Alfred P. Hinton et al. against Charles F. Boell et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Everett, Clarke & Benedict.
1ST AV, w s, 100.8 ft s of 96th St, 25x80; Howard Huntington, ex'r, against Robert P. Golightly et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Kneeland, Harrison & Sterritt.
5TH AV, 801 and 802; Marie S. Gilbert against Albert C. Bostwick et al., partition; attorneys, Young, Seacord & Ritchie.
5TH AV, e s, 50.11 ft s of 105th St, 50x84; U. S. Trust Co. of N. Y. against Peerless Holding Co., Inc., et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer.
5TH AV, 509; Harry Cohen against Dyckman Building Corp. et al., action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorneys, Avery, Taussig, Fisk & Palmer.
27TH ST, 50 West; City Real Estate Co. against Richard T. Lynch et al. amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.
38TH ST, 7 East, and 39th St, 10 East; Harry Cohen against Improvement Co. of N. Y., Inc., et al., action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorneys, Avery, Taussig, Fisk & Pelmer.
54TH ST, 441 West; Marion Kahn against Frank Desiderio et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.
72D ST, s s, 85 ft e of Columbus Av, 21x102.2; N. Y. Savings Bank against William Robertson et al., foreclosure of two mortgages; attorney, J. A. Dutton.
133D ST, n s, 225 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 37.6x99.11; Harrison D. Meyer against Ephraim Adler et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, C. H. Meyer.

Bronx.

LOT 16, Block 3,358, Section 12, on Tax Map; Charles P. Hallock against Anselmo Belotti et al., action to foreclose transfer of tax lien; attorney, C. P. Hallock.

REAL ESTATE.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Two brick factory buildings, 75x66 and 50x100, for sale. 489 9th St., Brooklyn.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Two brick buildings, about 24,000 square feet, ½ acre of ground, suitable for storage or manufacturing purposes; about 17 miles from Columbus Circle. Inquire Kuhnast, 978 6th Av., (store.)

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Short Hills.—Lackawanna express trains; the Farley estate; choice restricted building sites; prices and terms reasonable; all improvements. Fred'k A. Farley, Millburn P. O.

For sale, 9-room house, all conveniences, forty-five minutes from New York, fifteen from Newark, two railroads, ten minutes to station. Z 387 Times Annex.

Westfield.—Rebuilt house, one-half acre, only $3,500; very cheap. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York City.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

INDUSTRIAL SITES WITH RAILROAD FACILITIES in best part of Philadelphia; good labor market and easy hauling to all parts of the city. MAURAN, DOLMAN & CO., northeast corner Broad and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Stock control large industrial corporation owning two fine plants, also some cash; will trade for realty. J 387 Times Downtown.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

A BIG FARM.—Orange County, 278 fertile acres, on railroad and State road, near station; cheap; photos; particulars this office. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, 120 Broadway, New York. Rector 7718.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

NORTH CAROLINA ESTATE—FOR SALE.

Fine estate, "Lakewood," 6 miles from Fayetteville, N. C., containing 100 acres lake well stocked with bass. On good road leading to Over Hills resort. Good buildings. Railroad flag station on property. 1,275 acres at $20 if taken within 30 days. Good soil and will grow cotton, tobacco, &c. A bargain at this price. L. J. Duffy, Greensboro, N. C.

For Sale.—800-acre cotton farm, well improved; desirably located; in high state of cultivation. Address Odel Plantation, Post Office Box 228, Arkansas City, Ark.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Five light floors in loft building, (will rent one or all.) size 25x90; elevator; suitable for woodworking, brass finishers, metalworkers, &c.; rent reasonable; Fulton St., near Church. Apply Wollns & Bull, Inc., 45 John St.

MARKET CORNER.
Second Av., 1,715, corner 89th St., desirable store; has 3 large show windows, butcher's icebox, and wall fixtures; good stand; reasonable rent. Inquire premises.

Garage for sale or rent, lot 27x100; three-story brick building; location, 225 East 67th St. Permission to inspect by addressing Crimmins Operating Co., Inc., 624 Madison Av. Plaza 6782.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES.—Every facility, $16.50 and $40.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway, Room 807.

Light, pleasant offices, in whole or in parts; about 2,400 sq. ft.; facing river. Apply Room 1017, 90 West St.

Lofts, 75x75 and 75x13; freight and passenger elevators; excellent location. Apply premises, 30 Park Place, or your broker.

For rent, two fireproof lofts; building 50x100; choice location, Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg., New York City.

Will sublet large room, with or without furniture; rent reasonable. Inquire Room 212, Havemeyer Building, 25 Church St.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, brokers' store, 25x50; $65. Mr. Ashley, Rector 9040.

Private office, deskroom, service; newly furnished. Room 308, 51 East 42d.

LIGHT, large office to sublet, $25. Room 1816, 21 Park Row.

Store, parlor floor; also skylight studios. 5 West 16th St.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

14-ROOM, RICHLY FURNISHED, MODERN PRIVATE HOUSE.
Facing park, west side; electricity, heat, latest improvements; refined surroundings; home of substantial business man leaving town; $250 monthly. For further particulars write X 317 Times Annex.

Long Island.

FURNISHED apartment, 6 rooms, 3 baths, $150 monthly; living room 18x20; open fireplace; all outside rooms. Sanford Av., Flushing, L. I. For details, Fred'k Zittel & Sons, B'way and 79th St. Schuyler 9700.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

Manhattan.

Hot-water heated 8-room cottage, sleeping porch and garage, one block from double-track trolley, subway connection, in best residential section of the city; rent $50 per month, or offer. Apply M. A. Broderick, 34 Warburton Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

14TH, 322 WEST.—A rare opportunity; furnished-room house now decorating, steam heated, containing 22 rooms; will be finished to suit tenant; can be seen at any time.

Long Island.

RENT $22; Bellmore; ideal 7-room house; improvements; steam; ½ acre; fruits; station. Josephus, 93 Lynbrook Av., Lynbrook, L. I.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

If you are looking for a small country home, with two full acres of fine farm land, located not far from railroad town and beautiful lake, complete for $1,325, on easy terms, call or write at once to B. Store, 165 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Old house, with plenty of ground for vegetables, chickens, &c.; good section; near station and bay; only $1,400 to quick buyer; on easy terms. Estate, Box 210 Times Downtown.

Brooklyn.

BRICK HOUSE, seven rooms, bath, large sun parlor; southwest exposure; open fireplace; parquet throughout; strictly modern every way; garage space; asphalted street, Brooklyn; close to subway, uptown Manhattan; single fare; $1,000 below value. Owner, P. O. Box 932, New York City.

Colonial house, 8 rooms, 3 baths, on Ocean Av., large grounds, garage; leaving town; will sublet for Winter or longer, furnished or unfurnished, $75 a month. Phone Midwood 1311 W.

Brick house 2½ stories and basement; all improvements; will sacrifice for cash. Linchitz, 256 Penn St., Brooklyn.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

For sale, 9-room house, all conveniences, forty-five minutes from New York, fifteen from Newark; two railroads, ten minutes to station. Z 387 Times Annex.

Long Island.

17 Chestnut St., Flushing.—Stucco country home; 10 rooms and bathrooms; near the new high school building; Flushing is 8 miles from City Hall, New York; rent $840; for sale, $500 down. F. Zittel & Sons, 79th St. and Broadway. Phone Schuyler 9700.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Magnificently furnished two rooms, bath; every convenience. Murray Hill 9251. Merritt.

62D ST., 45 EAST.—Beautifully furnished apartment for rent.

81ST ST., 75, Corner Park Av.—Seven sunny rooms, elegantly furnished; service unexcelled.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED.
Choice localities; long, short leases.
4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 501 5th Av., (42d.)

ARTIST'S six-room apartment, complete. Telephone Gramercy 723.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

ATTENTION.—Established 30 years. List your apartments. Waiting lists. A1 clientele. Lelands, One West 34th. Phone 1428 Greeley, also Murray Hill 3241.

HANDSOME 6-room apartment, Murray Hill district; moderate. Apply 144 East 40th St.

MADISON AV., 222, (36th.)—Parlor and bedroom, with private bath, combined.

Furnished—West Side.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths, single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets, refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 132 WEST, (Felix Portland.)—Desirable suites, 2 rooms and bath; extremely reasonable; special monthly rates; American, European plan.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Completely furnished bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80-$100; service. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; handsomely furnished. Dwyer.

52D, 8 WEST.—5-room apartment, beautifully furnished, all conveniences; reasonable.

53D, 46 WEST.—Suites, with private baths; steam heat, electricity, elevator; $75 per month upward.

54TH ST., 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsomely furnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath and 3 rooms with 2 baths; sunny rooms; steam heat.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Going South immediately, sublet 8 months, year, handsomely furnished 4-room housekeeping apartment, 2 bedrooms; call afternoons. Apt. 4-I. Telephone Circle 1456.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Attractive, handsome 7 outside rooms; 3 bedrooms. Columbus 1377.

58TH, 30 WEST.—Bachelor apartment, near the Plaza, 2 rooms with bath, maid service, breakfast. Phone Plaza 6958.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex apartment, Hotel des Artists, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, refrigerator; cooking free; $200. Mrs. Wood.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $55 to $90, completely furnished; satisfactory references necessary; open evenings.

69TH ST., 19 WEST. Overlooking Central Park.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath; maid service; restaurant; finest in the city. Mrs. Deane, on premises.

70S.—Magnificently furnished 8 rooms, 3 baths; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

72D, 42 WEST.—Two of the most delightfully furnished small apartments in New York; two rooms, with tiled baths; new building; 7 windows in each suite; moderate priced restaurant, with service in apartments; overlooking Central Park; convenient to subway express, elevated, and surface; $95-$100 monthly leases only.

72D, 124 WEST.—Four bright, sunny rooms, bath; new building; apartment never occupied before; many of furnishings new; owner's home; immediate possession; $175. Apartment 1203.

74TH, 108 WEST.—Suite, one, two rooms, also studio; private baths; $55, $150.

79TH, (Near Broadway.)—8 rooms, completely furnished; 6 months or longer; 7th floor; southern exposure; all outside rooms; $200. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

90TH ST., 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms, with kitchenette and bath.

86TH ST., 302 WEST.—In new house, with fine view of Hudson; large living room, dining room, kitchen, bedroom, and bath; reference required. Phone Apartment 62, Morningside 5136.

86TH ST., 200 WEST.
Am leaving city; will sublet my 7-room, well-appointed apartment, long or short lease, immediate possession. Apartment 61. Phone 5200 Schuyler, or Superintendent.

97TH, (759 West End Av.)—High-class two rooms, kitchenette, southern exposure; immediate possession; $85; also large room and kitchenette, overlooking Hudson, $65. Phone 5640 Riverside.

115TH, (Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.)—Living room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bath; rent $90 per month, including gas, electricity. Telephone Morningside 6740.

122D ST., 521 WEST.—Furnished apartment, 3 or 4 rooms. Apt. 23.

123D, 121 WEST.—Four light rooms; private house; adults; furnished, unfurnished; references.

149TH, 568 WEST.—Elevator apartment; rooms facing street; reasonable. Call 2-5, Nidess.

168TH, 601 WEST.—Six rooms, bath; all outside; overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished; long, short leases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d. Col. 1077.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway. Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $65-$75-$85; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

BEAUTIFUL 7 rooms, 2 baths, furnished apartment, 110th St. subway; artistic arrangement, $200. Particulars, Remco, Broadway, 98th St.

CENTRAL PARK SOUTH, 36.—Owner leaving for London will sublet apartment from four to six months; three rooms, two baths, also kitchen and out-of-doors sleeping porch facing Central Park; most artistically furnished. Inquire Geo. K. Rose, on premises.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Completely furnished apartment, four rooms, bath. Phone Schuyler 4306.

Wonderfully furnished apartments of refinement, taste, and general appointments; most carefully planned and executed; but two apartments for rent; 4 and 5 rooms; the 5 rooms has an exquisitely furnished living room in Japanese. Inquire 517 West 113th St. Telephone 4240 Morningside.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to rent, very reasonable; season or longer. Apply SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (Near 116th.)—Handsomely furnished 9 rooms and 3 baths; grand piano, Victrola; all light rooms; unsurpassed view; sublet; immediate possession. Tel. 1176 Vanderbilt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440.
HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SIX ROOMS, OVERLOOKING HUDSON; $175 MONTHLY; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. APT. 103.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.)—Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 3 rooms facing Drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

SUBLET, attractively furnished 6-room apartment; every room light; Broadway, near 91st; $125 monthly. Tel. 9498 Riverside.

Unfurnished—East Side.

28 EAST 28TH ST.
Two rooms, bath, with maid service.

89TH, 48 EAST, (cor. Madison Av.)—Eight corner rooms; modern improvements; $900; also 7 rooms on Madison Av., $600.

A two-room and bath apartment; $45; new, modern, maid service included; 469 Fourth Av., near 32d St.; central location. ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Tel. 1100 Murray Hill.

CORNER apartment, six rooms and bath; elevator; telephone; $65. 138 East 94th St.

PARK AV., 446, (just off 57th.)—Small apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; can be leased for one year or longer at $1,000 per year. Apply premises or Plaza 6143.

RUTHERFORD PLACE, 3, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Single flat, 6 rooms, $70; all improvements.

Unfurnished—West Side.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 3106.

50TH, 48 WEST.—2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette, $85, including electricity, gas, also smaller apartment, similar conditions, $70.

68TH, 76 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large and small rooms; conveniences; subway, "L."

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2028.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive 2-room suite, all improvements; maid service; references. Owner.

77TH, 64 WEST.—Elegantly furnished outside room in modern elevator apartment. Giese.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large second-story room, bath; steam heated; meals optional.

85TH, 105 WEST.—7 large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; convenient to elevated and subway; rent, $35.

90TH, 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms with kitchenette and bath.

95TH, 171 WEST.—Desirable furnished room; suitable two; conveniences. Apt. 4 West.

96TH, 166 WEST.—Suite, 3 sunny front; steam; attractive single; subway express station and 9th Av. "L." Lester.

110TH, 225 WEST—DAWSON ARMS.
High-class elevator apartment, 8 rooms; facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

111TH, 518 WEST—TRINITY COURT.
High-class elevator apartment, 7 rooms; parquet flooring throughout; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

118TH, 203 WEST.—6 rooms, 3d floor, all direct light, all improvements; $33 to $34; Central and Morningside Park; subway, L. Janitor.

A BEAUTIFUL artist's studio, bedroom and bath; northern light; size studio 25 feet by 23 feet. Hotel Chelsea; 2700 Chelsea.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25, in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortland 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

126 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NEAR 85TH ST.—Only 1 nine-room apartment left; light; choice location.

WADSWORTH AV., 86-88, (cor. 177th St.)—6 rooms, all conveniences; $29 to $40; Broadway subway, 181st St.; lowest rent Washington Heights.

WEST END AV., 326.—Light apartment in improved, quiet house; reasonable; gentlemen preferred.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED.—Bright, sunny furnished apartment, two or three rooms, with bath, kitchenette, heat, in select locality, between 80th and 120th Sts., West; state particulars. Ask D. N. Telephone Rector 1714.

Furnished apartment, 2 or 3 rooms and bathroom, between 60th and 100th Sts. west, Dec. 1 or Jan. 1. Reply Room 228, Hotel Majestic.

Quick results guaranteed in listing furnished apartments with us; all apartments personally inspected. Remco, Broadway and 98th.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

WANTED—2 or 3 room apartment, furnished or unfurnished, west side. J 56 Times.

I CAN RENT your apartment furnished.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Private family; two warm, comfortably furnished rooms, single or suite; breakfast; business men preferred; references. Boyd.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; all improvements; convenient; gentlemen; references; private residence.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished rooms; private bath, steam heat, electric light; board optional; references.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service, $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

34TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant room, electricity, bath, $8.

35TH, 20 EAST, (Near Madison.)—Large room, adjoining bath; southern exposure; gentleman.

43D, 18 EAST.—All comforts; refined home; completely furnished; cheerful room, bath; references.

52D 137 EAST.—Large front and back rooms, all improvements; moderate charges.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

57TH, 221 EAST.—Large front hall room; southern exposure; private family; references. Wiggin.

61ST, 166 EAST.—Exceptionally fine front parlor, private bath, electricity, high-grade piano; select surroundings.

79TH, 142 EAST.—Private family will rent 2 sunny rooms, adjoining bath; every improvement. King.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LENOX AV., 240, (corner 122d.)—Nicely furnished large and small connecting rooms; overlooking park; hot and cold water; newly decorated; corner house; southern exposure; near subway; board optional; references. Harlem 7779.

MADISON AV., 1,331, (between 93d and 94th.)—Excellent accommodations business women in high-class neighborhood; every convenience; references. Russell.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; music studios rented by day or hour.

MADISON AV., 174, (33D.)—Vanderbilt Studios; furnished and unfurnished; $25 up. Murray Hill 9286.

West Side.

9TH, 30 WEST.—Large, small rooms; 2 connecting rooms; newly furnished; decorated.

16TH ST., 51 WEST.—Rooms; suite with bath. Tea room. Chelsea 2234.

40TH, 60 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

56TH, 338 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, double and single; all conveniences; elevator. Bingham.

56TH, 38 EAST.—Beautiful, large room for gentlemen only; respectable French family.

56TH, 342 WEST.—Nice light room, all conveniences; elevator apartment. Sims.

57TH, 102 WEST.—Elaborately furnished 3-room apartment; bath and every convenience; reasonable.

57TH, 256 WEST.—Attractive single front room; electricity, elevator, phone; gentleman; references. Stark.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

68TH, 128 WEST.—Two comfortable single rooms; gentlemen; all conveniences; references; private home.

68TH, 106 WEST.—Two or three gentlemen; living room, bedrooms, bath, every convenience; private entrance; one flight. Columbus 8218.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Single and double rooms, front parlor; running water; references.

69TH, 145 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Beautifully furnished suites; lavatories in each; use baths; southern exposure; modern conveniences; first floor.

69TH, 63 WEST.—Neat, handsome rooms, single, en suite; private telephone, electricity; refined house.

70TH, 145 WEST.—Cheerful large room, running water, private bath, electricity; exclusive home; gentlemen; references; phone apartment 6776 Columbus.

70TH, 219 WEST.—Front double room; electric lights and telephone service; adjoining bath; can be arranged for studio if required; $16. Phone Columbus 2721.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen; business couple.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive suite, private bath, or will divided for gentlemen.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable two, three bachelors; private bath; select residence.

71ST, 118 WEST.—Attractively furnished, newly decorated, large, front room; electricity, steam heat.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

302 WEST 72D ST.
Attractive front room; electricity; private family.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms, near subway, elevated; references.

73D, 118 WEST.—Large and single rooms; running water; southern exposure; "L," subway.

73D, 163 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished room; southern exposure; private house; references.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room; private bath; telephone; southern exposure.

73D, 158 WEST.—Sunny, newly furnished room, adjoining bath; subway, "L" express; references.

73D, 139 WEST.—Two newly furnished front rooms; twin beds, running water, electricity.

73D, 113 WEST.—Nicely furnished pleasant, sunny rooms, near bath.

74TH, 212 WEST.—BACHELOR'S ATTRACTIVE BEDROOM; PRIVATE BATH; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; JAP SERVICE; BREAKFAST.

74TH ST., 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, ELECTRICITY, STEAM HEAT; BREAKFAST; REFERENCES.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms; exclusive house; heat; southern exposure; electricity; subway; references.

74TH, 8 WEST.—Two comfortable front rooms, bath adjacent; southern exposure; private home.

74TH, 111 WEST.—Large, beautiful room, private bath; electricity; every convenience.

75TH ST., WEST.—Large double front back rooms and bath, suitable two gentlemen; breakfast if desired; select and refined neighborhood; references necessary. Columbus 719.

75TH ST., West End Av.—Northeast corner; suite with bath; large sunny rooms with or without baths; reasonable.

75TH, (322 West End Av.)—Large, comfortably furnished connecting rooms; modern conveniences; reasonable.

75TH, 159 WEST.—Rooms attractively furnished; southern exposure; electricity; adjoining baths.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable large room; twin beds; electricity; parquetry; very exclusive residence.

75TH, 111 WEST.—Front hallroom; southern exposure; all conveniences adjacent; electricity; references.

75TH, 3 WEST, (near park.)—Large rooms, private baths; electricity; telephone; $10-$12.

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, electricity, $10-$12.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Large sunny front room; electricity; private bath; kitchenette privileges; references.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Room, private bath; parquet floor; electricity; private house; references.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Beautiful, large room; electricity, bath, piano, all conveniences.

77TH, 113 WEST.—Elegant parlor suite; also large and small rooms; adjoining and private baths; electricity; phone; subway, "L"; reasonable; private house.

77TH, 131 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, comfortable; other rooms; electricity; reference. 9451 Schuyler.

77TH, 125 WEST.—Hot water heated, bright, comfortable rooms; private family; references.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house; two large rooms; connecting baths; single or en suite.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Desirable single rooms; southern exposure; gentlemen; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.
Desirable small room; reference; reasonable.

78TH, 212 WEST.—Comfortable, clean room, lavatory, electricity; subway; gentlemen. Schuyler 9110.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large front parlor, twin beds, private bath, lavatory, steam, electricity.

78TH, 208 WEST.—Attractive, large front room, dressing room attached; electricity; near subway.

78TH, 160 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

78TH, 326 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Beautiful large, single rooms, well furnished.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, also single; steam heat, electricity; $4.50-$10.

80TH, 126 WEST.—Room with private bath, every convenience; references; see and appreciate.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; private baths, steam heat, electricity; $4.50, $12.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished, sunny rooms; all conveniences; reference.

81ST ST., 27 WEST.—Exceptional room, private, modern home, facing Park; steam heat, electricity; $12, breakfast; subway, "L." Schuyler 7352.

81ST, 265 WEST.—Front suite, two, three rooms. Apartment 5E.

82D, 116 WEST.—Beautiful furnished room, connecting bath; modern conveniences; table board.

82D, 83 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated bedrooms, bath; references.

82D, 24 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, suites; private bath; electricity; refined house; references.

82D, 54 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, second story front, bath, kitchenette; single rooms.

84TH ST., 33 WEST.—Large, comfortable room adjoining bath; also small room; refined surroundings.

84TH, 17 WEST.—Parlor piano, connecting rooms; also single; one flight. Baldwin.

85TH, 136 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front room; electricity, telephone; all conveniences.

86TH, 206 WEST, (Miss Smith.)—Fourth-floor, large, front rooms; private apartment; references.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Magnificent room, private bath, small room, breakfast; high-class house.

86TH ST., 337 WEST.—Sunny, large room; small room, running water, near Drive; references.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Exclusive house; exceptionally beautiful room; twin beds; southern exposure.

88TH, 307 WEST.—Attractive rooms, modern house, exclusive block; breakfast optional; references required.

58TH, 335 WEST, (Droccam Hall, near Riverside.)—Southern exposure, front rooms; $5 to $15; 86th St. subway.

88TH, 48 WEST.—Exceptionally large, small room, front room; running water; telephone; private; references.

89TH, 330 WEST.—Attractive, large floor; also one, two rooms, suites; private baths.

90TH, 55 WEST.—A large, light front room, small rooms or a suite of rooms, private bath, dining room; kitchen privileges if desired. River. 5863.

90TH, 58 WEST.—Private house, apartment 2 large, nicely furnished rooms, with private bath; also 2 smaller rooms; $2 and $3.50.

90TH, 54 WEST.—Rooms, with or without board; steam, electricity; $2.50 up.

92D, (West End Av.)—2 sunny rooms, dressing room. Phone Riverside 8651.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive, light, well-heated rooms; running water; board optional; conveniences.

97TH, 42 WEST.—Large, attractive room, private bath; private entrance; smaller rooms.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Elegantly furnished suite, bath; gentlemen or couple; exclusive home. Apartment 7.

99TH, 245 WEST, (Broadway.)—Two small hall rooms, adjoining bath, steam heated, two flights, $3.50, $2.50; private house; telephone.

101ST, 309 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Sunny front suite, or three connecting; every convenience; very desirable; business people; breakfast; home; unfurnished room. Apt. 3.

103D, 308 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Three rooms, with running hot and cold water, bath, telephone, and electricity, for rent single or en suite, in elegantly furnished private home; references required.

103D, 122 WEST.—Cozy, light room; steam, telephone; private family; $3.50. Jalleda.

103D ST., 2 WEST.—Beautiful corner room facing park, $5; phone. Robinson.

104TH, 83 WEST.—Well-heated rooms, all improvements; for gentlemen; private house.

105TH, 170 WEST.—Private house, front room, lavatory; electricity; "L," subway. Academy 2667.

105TH, WEST.—Sunny comfortable rooms in a select apartment; reasonable terms. Telephone 1665 Academy.

105TH, 248 WEST, (Broadway.)—Comfortable, sunny room; gentleman or business couple; elevator. Copeland.

105TH, 248 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large room with piano; small room; refined. Roche.

105TH, 256 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Front room, bath, phone; $4.50; gentleman. Rogers.

109TH, 229 WEST.—Refined young couple, rent one or two rooms, high-class elevator apartment; kitchen privileges; maid; telephone service. Call afternoon or evening. Apartment 82.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Attractive room, connecting washroom, private family; gentleman. Apt. 24.

116TH, 404 WEST.—Homelike furnished rooms; ideal locality.

118TH, 401 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; piano; overlooking Morningside Park; $15. Petersen.

118TH, 401 WEST.—Large, clean room, closet, private bath; refined; $5. Dickson.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Desirable rooms for business people; running water. Apt. 32.

121ST, 523 WEST.—Double room, nicely furnished; exclusive use, well-equipped kitchen. Apt. 41.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Unusually attractive room, private family. Apt. 21.

123D, 439 WEST, Apt. 16.—2 rooms suite; elevator, electricity, telephone, conveniences.

123D, 121 WEST.—Large front, with lavatory; light, small; quiet, convenient; references.

130TH, 118 WEST.—Large, airy, warm room, bathroom; conveniences; running water; adults. Bell 1.

136TH, 616 WEST.—Homelike room, southern exposure, very reasonable; Sunday breakfast. Apartment 5.

139TH, 520 WEST.—Well-furnished, light, warm room; high-class apartment; improvements; near Broadway, subway and bus. Apartment 56.

143D, 561 WEST (Corner Broadway.)—Newly decorated room; business gentleman; references. Apartment 55.

143D ST., 617 WEST, (Broadway.)—Subway; shower bath; $5, Audubon 4286, evenings. De Mors.

143D, 527 WEST.—Bedroom and sitting room, or will divide modern apartment. Mendoza.

144TH, 560 WEST.—Beautiful, light, large room with private family; elevator, telephone; near subway. Apt. 47.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Hudson view; running water; $6; convenient location; evenings. 6B.

168TH, 601 WEST.—Light room; near subway; elevator apartment; No. 66; phone; convenient location.

183D, 553 WEST.—For rent, two beautifully furnished bedrooms, with private bath, telephone; all conveniences; reasonable, 181st St. subway.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS,
302 West 22d St.
Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly, rooms for two, $3.50 weekly each.

ATTRACTIVE SUITE, sitting room and bedroom, adjoining bath; all conveniences; private family; modern, homelike. Waitjen, 205 West 87th St.

BUSINESS WOMAN having attractive apartment near Washington Square will rent room, with home and kitchen privileges, one or two young business women. W 308 Times Downtown.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Newly furnished rooms, en suite, cozy and attractive; all conveniences. Fryer.

CLAREMONT AV., 130.—Beautiful front rooms; reasonable prices. Apply superintendent.

DESIRABLE gentlemen can secure one large room with private bath, also two large single rooms in high-class private apartment in exclusive neighborhood; breakfast optional; references required. Address C. A. H., Box 219 Times Downtown.

ONE or two rooms, bath, electricity, piano, suitable two gentlemen or couple; vicinity of City College. A. C., 56 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (corner 80th.)—Magnificently furnished suite of 2 large rooms with bath, steam heat; private house service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 548.—Well-appointed large and small rooms; all conveniences; private family; elevator. Apartment 3D.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 202, (93d.)—Two attractive rooms; newly furnished; reasonable to permanent party; board optional. Stanhope.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910.—Apt. 7-F; beautiful room overlooking Hudson; new elevator apartment; private family; gentlemen.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Outside, warm, sunny room; elevator, electricity; business girl; $5.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452, (118th St.)—Room of highest type; refined; references. Apt. 41. Kelley.

RIVERSIDE, (341 West 77th.)—Room, adjoining bath; also teacher's or doctor's studio.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668, (cor. 144th.)—Fine room, adjoining bath; outside. Apt. 8.

SON GONE TO WAR; will rent his room, up-to-date apartment; 4 short blocks from subway; can arrange meals. Audubon 3415. Ross.

WEST END AV., 756, (Cor. 97th.)—Desirable large corner rooms, comfortably furnished, kitchenette; suitable for two gentlemen or couple. Butters.

WEST END AV., 936, (106th.)—Large, outside room, running water; gentleman. Bergett.

WEST END AV., 896, (103.)—Large room; private bath; $11; twin beds; private.

WEST END AV., 936, (Subway, 103d.)—Spacious corner room; conveniences; refined home; gentlemen. Apartment 5 west.

Brooklyn.

A NICE ROOM, electricity, suitable for nurses; private family, exclusive neighborhood, walking distance of subway. Telephone 333 Prospect.

HEIGHTS, (143 Willow St.)—Unusually attractive rooms, private residence; conveniences; subway. Main 3011.

LAFAYETTE AV., 95, (Near South Portland,) Brooklyn.—Alcove room; also hall room.

PARK PLACE, 223, (Subway.)—Large square room, hot water, large closet; all conveniences; back parlor; parquet floors. Prospect 9518.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Japanese gentleman wants a nice, bright room, intermediate or large; electricity, elevator; private family. 120 Broadway, Room 1026. S. K.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

56TH, 58 EAST.—Very desirable, large, small rooms; excellent food; families, gentlemen.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly up.

West Side.

5TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity; switchboard; refined service.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; steam; unexcelled board.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms, excellent board; all improvements.

52D, 57 WEST.—Attractive, sunny double room, second floor; reasonable; references.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Large and small rooms; table guests.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms, private baths; parlor dining; excellent table.

58TH ST., 41, 43, 45 WEST—Elevator.
MADISON ARMS.

70TH, 127 WEST.—Exceptionally well furnished, sunny front room; excellent table; fine service.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 314 WEST, (Riverside.)—Pleasant home accommodations with American family; table personally supervised.

72D, 122 WEST.—Well heated double, single rooms, private bath; fine people.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; with board; table guests accommodated.

72D, 302 WEST.—Attractive front room; electric lights; private family; gentlemen.

72D, 147 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, with private baths; also table guests.

73D, 257 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive room; well-appointed house; superior table guests.

73D, 302 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private baths; exclusive location; references.

75TH, 234 WEST, ("The Hurlburt.")—Large sunny room; steam heat; bath adjoining.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select accommodation, steam, electricity, modern furnished double, single rooms, private bath; cleanliness; best home table.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny room; bath adjoining; steam; excellent cuisine; references.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

79TH, 121 WEST,
Single room, with board.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Medium, sunny, also small room; electricity; board optional; reference.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

83D, 25 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, second floor; private baths; family or few adults; excellent Vienna cooking. Schuyler 8227.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms, southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

86TH, 139 WEST.—Two attractive single rooms; electricity; excellent table; references required.

86TH, 174 WEST.—Comfortable room; electricity; good meals; also beautiful back parlor.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive, large room, private bath, excellent table. Schuyler 5441.

87TH ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive, large room; private bath; heat, electricity; telephone; excellent board; Jewish house.

88TH, 316 WEST.—Attractive, homelike single room; excellent home cooking; convenient; refined surroundings.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Very desirable double and single rooms, with adjoining bath, for 2, 3, or 4 people; newly furnished; refined Jewish family; excellent table; reasonable rates. Tel. Riverside 6926.

91ST, 153 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, suitable two; private house; all conveniences.

92D, 60 WEST.—Beautiful large, small rooms, suites; thoroughly renovated; new management; private baths; conveniences; Southern cooking; table board.

93D ST., (676 West End Av.)—Large front room; running water; electricity; excellent environment; suitable two gentlemen or married couple; beautifully furnished; home cooking.

100TH, 258 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms, bath; modern private home; best table.

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HUDSON Super-Six, 1916, cabriolet body, 3-passenger car, in best of condition, looks like new; owner will sacrifice because leaving town. Call Mr. St. Clair, St. Nicholas 9300. (No dealers.)

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HUDSON, latest model, super six, limousine; condition like new. Phone Columbus 8063.

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HUDSON 1917 Super-Six Special Speedster. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

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MARMON limousine, late 1917; cost $5,500 new; car like new; must sell immediately. Call Mrs. L. S. F., 200 West 54th St. Phone 1130 Circle.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger limousine; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MAXWELL 1917 touring car; A1 mechanical condition; paint in first-class condition.
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MAXWELL 1916 touring, like new; extras; excellent condition; $375. Lexington, Circle 1872.

MAXWELL 1919 touring; 600 miles; brand new; quick, $550. Lexington, Circle 1872.

MERCEDES, 1914 MODEL.
Beautiful touring car, in perfect condition; cost $8,500; cheap for cash. Phone owner for demonstration, Columbus 8599, or call 1,926 Broadway, Room 600; real bargain.

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MERCER speedster; $385 for quick sale. Tremont 5652.

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OLDSMOBILE 1916 Four-Cylinder Model 43 Landaulet Town Car.—Like new; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

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Beautiful 1916 model; looks like new; seats 5 inside; complete electrical equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. 150 West 55th.

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OVERLAND doctor's coupe, in good running condition; $125. Can be seen at 117 West 51st St.

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PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Limousine.—Also landaulet car, 2-38; very good condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

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REO LIMOUSINE, 1916.
Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

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REO, 1916, 6-cylinder touring car, price $575. Phone Owner, 1,891 Main.

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SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1916 ROADSTER.
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STEARNS-KNIGHT brougham landaulet; "8 cylinder"; 1916 model, with all 1917 improvements installed; imported linings, bronze fixtures and vanity cases. Circassian walnut paneling; interior renovated; newly painted royal blue and black; has the appearance of a new car; sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE. Stearns Used Car Department, (J. H. Driscoll, Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

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STUDEBAKER 1915 7-passenger touring; detachable all-glass Winter top; run less than 5,000 miles; $750. J 50 Times.

STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
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Beautiful four-passenger; special bulldog type; like new; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

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1916 CHANDLER Touring, Model 17.
1916 CADILLAC Touring; very extra.
1916 OVERLAND 83B Touring.
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JORDAN 7-passenger, mechanically perfect, complete equipment.
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Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

WONDERFUL BARGAIN to quick buyer, 5-passenger 1917 touring car; like new; fully equipped; starter, lights, &c.; run by owner; cost $985 in May; will sacrifice for $485; must be sold before Nov. 30. Address T. C. Macormack, 131 Main St., Hackensack, N. J.

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Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., M. R. Greene, Mgr.

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1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
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CADILLAC, private limousine, for hire; month or week; reasonable price; best reference; owner drives. D. M., Times Harlem.

CADILLAC Limousine for hire; bargain rates; excellent service; anywhere. Telephone 6501 Morningside.

CLASSY limousine, 1917, $2.50 hourly, visiting, shopping; experienced chauffeur. Nolan, Bryant 3916.

NEW 5-PASSENGER touring car; owner drives; $2 hourly. Mack, 2476 Fordham.

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PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

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PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD, absolutely new limousine, latest model, $2.50 per hour, or week-month, any reasonable price. Telephone 3071 Bryant.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

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PACKARD chummy roadster, twin six, 4-passenger, 1917 model; run less than 5,000 miles. G. J. L., 48 Times.

PACKARD Landaulette for rent, any way you desire. Phone "Micker," Columbus 2239.

PACKARD, 1916, 1917, beautiful landaulet, limousines; trip, hour, monthly. Wilmarth, Columbus 8030.

PACKARD limousine, beautiful; monthly; owner drives. Dubois, 157 Manhattan Av. 1380 Academy.

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REO touring, 1914, without driver, month, season, to reliable party. F 445 Times Annex.

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STENOGRAPHER; five years' experience; accurate, competent; good reference; salary, $15. M. Paul, 1,436 1st Av.

STENOGRAPHER, (21;) expert; accurate; dictaphone operator; thoroughly competent; $18. W 323 Times Downtown.

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COLORED help, city, country; references. Hope's Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

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ACCOUNTANT — Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT with spare time desires to keep set of books. F 29 Times.

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BOOKKEEPER for sales ledgers; experienced double entry; lately with large wholesale house; $18. W 322 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced accountant, office manager, university training; $25-$30. F 76 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, pursuing accounting course, wishes position. W 272 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR.—Careful driver, married; go anywhere; excellent references. F 112 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CHAUFFEUR, 27, long experience on high-grade cars; best references, reliable; moderate salary. Chauffeur, 2 West 86th St., care of Mrs. Gant, Apartment 12A. Schuyler 2136.

CHAUFFEUR, 37; mechanic; 14 years' experience; any make car; references. Address Chauffeur, 406 East 79th St. Telephone Lenox 8210.

CHAUFFEUR.—American, 20; 4 years' experience; good mechanic, driver; excellent references. Muller, 56 West 93d. Riverside 1830J.

CHAUFFEUR, 37, married; 16 years' experience; expert driver, mechanic; excellent references. Man, 56 W. 93d St. Riverside 1830J.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single; 7 years' experience foreign, American cars; temperate. Gillis, 237 East 72d. Telephone Rhinelander 3259.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; 28; married; competent and reliable; excellent references. Tel. Rhinelander 2745.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 24, wishes position, private; three years' experience; good reference. F 68 Times.

COMPOSITOR, layout, stone hand; good executive; non-union. McGuire, 1,551 East 17th St., Brooklyn. Midwood 3339.

COOK.—Japanese first-class cook with a helper desires position; good reference. Ishi, 330 East 57th. Telephone Plaza 6732.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, electrical, graduate, seven years' experience; neat and accurate. Jap, 575 West 183d St.

JANITOR, &c.—Position wanted as janitor on general housework, or cook by trustworthy young man with excellent references. Address P. L. P., 161 Water Street.

OFFICE MAN and bookkeeper, experienced, 39, at present employed, wishes to better himself. Address Lesser, 515 West 143d.

SALESMAN or office manager, executive ability, thoroughly conversant labor-saving devices; bookkeeper, correspondent; represent branch office. W 198 Times.

SKILLED MECHANIC wants position; auto repair and service station; can give best of reference. 550 West 180th. Apt. 3E.

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STENOGRAPHER.—Evening work by expert stenographer, typewriter, correspondent, general office man. P 140 Times.

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YOUNG MAN, experienced, able correspondent and office man, seeks opening with progressive firm; best of references. P 299 Times Downtown.

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CHAMBERMAID. — Lady wishes French chambermaid, willing to help nurse with children; do sewing; obliging person much appreciated. Mrs. L. B. Dick, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia.

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FOREWOMAN to assist in high-grade underwear factory; good opportunity. Apply at once, Invader Textile Corporation, 2,157 Prospect Av., near 182d St., Bronx.

GIRLS, 15-26 years of age, for stock work and order filling; large mail order house; experience unnecessary. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

GIRL.—Thoroughly respectable, wanted to make herself generally useful in the office and showroom of an interior decorator's. Apply to Cowtan & Sons, Ltd., 542 Fifth Av.

GIRL—16 years and over for clerical work in office of large corporation. A., P. O. Box 1,548, New York.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Four hours' work each day taking care of eight-room apartment; no cooking; good, all-around worker desired. Apply 65 Central Park West, Apartment 6, South Court.

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REQUIRE
THE SERVICES OF
AN EXPERIENCED
ASSISTANT WOMAN BUYER
AND
HEAD OF STOCK
FOR THEIR
UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young woman, with some experience in publication office preferred; $12. Address, own handwriting; references. W 296 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young woman, some experience. Address, own handwriting; $10. W 295 Times Downtown.

OFFICE and CLERICAL WORK. — Large mail order house requires a number of young ladies, 15-20 years of age, for office; steady position; excellent opportunity for advancement; public, parochial or high school graduate preferred. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

PAYROLL CLERK, with experience on office payrolls and statistical work; state age, education, experience and salary expected. X 360 Times Annex.

SECRETARY.—A. B. preferred; must be quick typist; stenography unnecessary; $20; apply in own handwriting; give experience and references. J 53 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST for Labor Relief Organization; applicant must know German, be thoroughly acquainted with all office routine, take orders and answer inquiries by phone; must be absolutely reliable; call Saturday 3 to 5 P. M. 1,123 Broadway, Suite 607.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good opening for ambitious young lady, good grammarian, willing to do billing work and little mineograph work; also stenographic; state experience, qualifications, salary, nationality. P 273 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, wanted in law office; answer in own handwriting, stating age, salary, experience, and references. W [illegible] Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for work in an insurance office; salary $12. P 248 Times Downtown.

STENOTYPE OPERATOR. — Experienced young woman, rapid and accurate. Davis & Lawrence Co., 10 Christopher St.

TWO bright girls wanted, one on switchboard and one on filing work, in office near West 42d St. ferry, where only men have been employed. P 110 Times.

TYPISTS.—Large mail order house requires a number of typists; steady position; good opportunity for advancement; excellent chance for beginners. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

TYPEWRITER.—For billing department of wholesale grocery house; state salary. P 283 Times Downtown.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER on a gentleman's place in the country; good cook; one who would appreciate kindness and a good home rather than high wages; two in family and one gardener; might consider Japanese houseman or Filipino boy; state wages expected. Address, for three days, X 363 Times Annex.

YOUNG GIRL to index and file papers in office of wholesale woolen house; state age, references, and salary expected. O 398 Times Downtown.

YOUNG GIRL, French or English, willing to go to Scandinavia, wanted as help in family with ten-year-old boy. F 66 Times.

YOUNG GIRL wanted to assist with care of two small children. Fordham 2840 (Extension 2). Kolley.

YOUNG WOMAN to classify and file pictures in art department; no business training necessary, but good education essential; salary $10 per week. A. H. W., J 51 Times.

Instruction.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES. Instruction in day and evening classes. NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, Singer Building, New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted; certified or chartered seniors; also semi-seniors; permanent position assured; state education, experience, and salary expected. J 42 Times.

ACCOUNTANT with firm of certified public accountants, senior or semi-senior; state education, experience, and salary. W 321 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER on sales ledger with large manufacturing concern; permanent position for right party; must be good penman, accurate, and intelligent; applications not giving experience, references, salary expected in own handwriting will be disregarded. N. Y., 79 Times, Bronx, 2,960 3d Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BILL OF LADING CLERK.—Young man; shipping department; one familiar Elliott-Fisher billing machine preferred. Sprague Electric Works, 527 West 34th.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer for public accountant's office; must be smart and intelligent; prospect of advancing to position of office manager; state salary expected. J 369 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ONE EXPERIENCED IN TAKING OFF TRIAL BALANCES. J 376 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER; corporation; settled man; state references and salary desired. J 54 Times.

BOYS wanted; a large concern dealing in iron and steel products have several openings for boys between 16 and 19 years of age; excellent opportunity to learn the steel business and work up in old established house; experience unnecessary, but only boys with good school records considered; high school graduates preferred; state age, education; give references. J 391 Times Downtown.

BOY.—AMBITIOUS AND PAINSTAKING; WORK EXACTING BUT NOT DIFFICULT; GOOD WAGES, WITH PROSPECT OF ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE, REFERENCES, AND EXPERIENCE, IF ANY, IN OWN HANDWRITING. ADDRESS POST OFFICE, BOX 339, MADISON SQUARE BRANCH.

BOY.—Bright, refined, for busy real estate office; no experience necessary; stenography, typewriting preferred, but not essential; excellent opportunity to learn the business, but must be prepared to start at the bottom. Kushman & Wakefield, 50 East 42d.

BOY, 15-16 years of age, in the office of a large manufacturing and importing house offering excellent chance for a bright future. Apply T. L. W., Post Office Box 780, New York.

BOY, bright, active, by wholesale manufacturing house; permanent position; chance to advance. Apply before 8:30, 233 East 42d.

BOY wanted in the office of a firm importing and exporting drugs; salary $6. Address P 705 Times Downtown.

BOY in wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. O 394 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for office work; salary $8; Christian firm. Apply by letter, Room 1501, 95 Madison Av.

BOY, American, run errands and send out mail. Apply 7th floor, 6 Church St., after 9 o'clock today.

BOY in manufacturer's office; one living in Brooklyn; good opportunity. W 275 Times Downtown.

BUYER, seller, and correspondent wanted by chemical works in their office; must have many years' experience in technical chemicals; give particulars, including salary and commission expected. John C. Wiarda & Co., 273 Green St., Brooklyn. Residence, 875 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

COAL HOISTER wanted to handle Mead-Morrison equipment; experienced man required; none others need apply. X 356 Times Annex.

COST ACCOUNTANT.—Wanted, for large machine product manufacturing company, cost accountant, one who can efficiently develop cost from machine operation; must have real manufacturing cost knowledge.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE WANTED; man about 35 years of age who has executive accounting ability, coupled with big personality.

ASSISTANT COST ACCOUNTANT wanted.

P. O. Box 11, Elizabeth, N. J.

CREDIT MAN, assistant; young man with department or large retail store experience; state age, salary, references. W 313 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN.
HIGH-CLASS MEN EXPERIENCED IN THE DESIGNING AND DRAFTING OF SMALL MACHINES AND APPARATUS; STEADY POSITION AND EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT ALONG ENGINEERING LINES. CALL OR WRITE, WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., NEAR WEST ST., SIX BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH ST.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to productions of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. A. S. S., 136 Times.

DRAFTSMEN WANTED.
TWENTY DRAFTSMEN WANTED, FIRST-CLASS MEN; THOSE EXPERIENCED ON AIRPLANE WORK PREFERRED; GOOD PAY, STEADY WORK. APPLY IN PERSON IF POSSIBLE. CURTISS ENGINEERING CO.; GARDEN CITY, LONG ISLAND.

DRAFTSMAN wanted; young man as mechanical draftsman with experience in detailing and tracing; some knowledge of tool designing desirable, but not essential; steady employment with an excellent chance to develop with a growing concern; give full details as to age, experience, and salary desired in first letter, or it will be ignored. Address B L., P. O. Box 1072, Baltimore, Md.

DRAFTSMAN, with extensive experience in machine drafting and designing, wanted for position of assistant instructor in these subjects in a large endowed technical school in Brooklyn; state age, nationality, training, practical experience, teaching experience, if any, reference, and salary expected. Address Draftsman, Box 119, Flatiron Building.

DRAFTSMEN, electrical; familiar with power plant and sub-station work; applicants should state full personal and technical qualifications, including education, experience, character of past and present positions, and salary desired. Address Mr. E. B. Severs, 315 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRAFTSMEN, mechanical; state age, education, experience, and salary expected. J 381 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN for chemical factory, experienced and absolutely capable; state fully qualifications. J 55 Times.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR, EXPERIENCED TABULATION WORK; PERMANENT. ROOM 1824, 17 BATTERY PLACE.

ERRAND BOY wanted; apply at 95 Halsey St., cor. Nostrand Av., over florist store, Brooklyn.

FIRST CLASS TOOL DESIGNERS AND DETAILERS, EXPERIENCED ON JIG AND FIXTURE WORK; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 1295 COLUMBUS, OHIO.

FOREMAN.—Toolroom foreman wanted by a large Baltimore manufacturing concern operating a toolroom containing about 20 toolmakers; steady employment with an excellent chance to develop with a growing concern; give full particulars as to age, experience, and salary desired in first letter, or it will be ignored. Address B. L., P. O. Box 1072, Baltimore, Md.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
require the services of experienced engravers
ON
gold jewelry and silverware. Permanent positions. High salaries.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

INSPECTOR.—Compensation insurance inspector acquainted with New York Rating Board requirements; state salary expected. P 138 Times.

INTERVIEWER, not over 30 years of age, for employment department, who has had practical experience interviewing mechanics and female help; must be American citizen and live wire. Address Employment Department, Terminal Bldg. D, 15th St., Hoboken, N. J.

JANITOR.—Man and wife for 59 families; must do small repairs; nothing to do with steam heat; rent free and $60 per month. Apply Saturday, 8:30 A. M., Areco, 1,029 East 163d, corner Southern Boulevard.

LEDGER CLERK, one experienced in keeping large number of accounts. P 284 Times Downtown.

MACHINE TOOLS, Small Tools.—Young man with knowledge of above, assist in purchasing department; typewriting essential. W 276 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN WANTED.—SEVERAL DESIGNERS AND FIRST-CLASS DRAFTSMEN ON GENERAL MACHINERY, ROLLING MILL MACHINERY INCLUDED; NONE BUT EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE IN FULL, AND SALARY EXPECTED; ALSO GIVE REFERENCES. TREADWELL ENGINEERING CO., EASTON, PENN.

OFFICE BOY, American; previous experience not necessary. Apply Room 1027, 165 Broadway.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
Please take notice that I, ALONZO MILTON NODINE of No. 8 West 40th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, County and State of New York, have this day revoked, canceled, and nullified all powers of attorney heretofore given by me to H. MILDRED NAYLOR of No. 214 West 92d Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.
Dated New York, November 22, 1917.
ALONZO MILTON NODINE.

ACCIDENT. — MIDDLE - AGED MAN, clean-shaven, dark suit, entering Bronx train 14th Street subway station Saturday, August 25th, 1917, 11 A. M., struck by side door; hat broken. Witnesses communicate with E. H. Daly, Attorney, 52 Wall Street.

ANY ONE knowing the address of Herman Zimmerman, chauffeur, formerly of Chicago, please communicate with X 327 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

OFFICE BOY.—Exceptional opportunity for a bright boy, about 17; high school education; permanent position, with chance for advancement. Apply Saturday, 3 P. M., 162 William St.

OFFICE BOY.—Good boys are scarce, but GOOD boys who come to us grow into positions of responsibility; we need one now for office work. Reply, stating age, salary expected, &c., L. F., 224 Times.

OFFICE BOYS wanted, (2;) bright young boys capable of advancement; state age, education, and experience. J 382 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN, young, reliable, of good character, wanted, with some knowledge typewriting, stenography; accurate at figures; permanent position with chance for advancement in large manufacturing concern. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, salary expected, reference, experience. H. W., 76 Times Bronx, 2,960 3d Av.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Capable man, 35, experienced in supervising the detail of sales office. Apply Saturday, Rhodes, 162 William St.

PHOTOGRAPHER wanted with circuit camera; go South; state salary expected. F 98 Times.

PROFIT CLERK for wholesale grocery business. P 288 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — Young man well acquainted with millinery trade to sell embroideries and trimmings on commission basis; drawing account. J 35 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in selling corrugated boxes; salary and commission. Apply in person, between 12 and 1. Elliott Novelty Co., 158 Greene St.

SALESMEN wanted with large acquaintance to sell paper and twine; salary and commission. J 377 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Felt & Tarrant Mfg. Co. have several openings in their sales organization for men of 35 to 40 years of age who can qualify to sell comptometers; previous selling experience not essential, but may be desirable; knowledge of office routine and accounting or bookkeeping and ability to work hard and intelligently are the principal essentials. A real opportunity for men of ambition with forceful personality. We thoroughly train our salesmen in comptometer operation and salesmanship and pay a salary during training period. Answer by letter only, giving education and past experience. M. E. O'Brien, 350 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMEN.—The steady sale of the Encyclopaedia Britannica is caused by its intrinsic merit. Think it over. We can use a few forceful men of character and education for our Eastern territory. Must be at least 25 years of age and come well recommended. Leads and transportation furnished. All possible co-operation given. Drawing account against commission. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESMEN.—A high-grade proposition takes a high-grade man; we need several such to complete our sales force for local and territorial work; must be forceful and energetic, of good character, and furnish references; only men over 25 wanted; training, leads, and transportation furnished; commission basis, with drawing account. S. A., 66 Times.

SALESMAN to handle established line gingham, sateen petticoats and bungalow aprons to retail stores of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan; salary and commission paid man with experience and reputation; applications in confidence. Room 720, 1,133 Broadway.

SALESMEN Wanted with good following and long experience for the following territories: Far West, the Coast, and Southern States, to carry an up-to-date line of shirts; commission basis; must be well recommended. J 393 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Young man, experienced if possible, in publishing house; good opportunity for bright young man. Apply United Fashion Co., 170 5th Av., 5th floor.

SHIPPING CLERK IN WHOLESALE CLOTHING HOUSE; AGED 32 YEARS OR OVER; PERMANENT; EXPERIENCED; REFERENCES. F 59 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHERS. — Two exceptional vacancies in advertising department of large manufacturer; must have advanced experience, initiative to handle important work; application must include nationality, qualifications, age, salary desired, and whether or not at present employed. P 293 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN to sell $50,000 stock on commission basis for an excellent speculative proposition to own clientele or list which will be furnished. Address, giving full particulars and references, E. J. Guenzel, Hotel Bristol, New York.

TOOLMAKERS.
49-hour week, time and a half for overtime. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Princes Bay, S. I.

WANTED—SALES MANAGER.
MATTHEWS BROTHERS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, MILWAUKEE, WIS., MANUFACTURERS OF INTERIOR WOOD FINISH, CABINET WORK, AND SPECIAL FURNITURE OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY, SEEK A CAPABLE SALES MANAGER.
APPLY BY LETTER, GIVING ESSENTIAL INFORMATION AS TO EXPERIENCE, PREVIOUS BUSINESS CONNECTIONS, REFERENCES, AND STATE COMPENSATION DESIRED.

WINDOW DRESSER WANTED.
Better Class Women's Apparel Shop
In Live Town
East of New York
Desires to Engage
A Window Dresser.
One who can make himself useful
In other Capacities.
Must have Experience and A1 Credentials.

YOUNG MAN.—MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH AMMONIA FITTINGS AND REFRIGERATING MACHINE PARTS; TO ACT AS CLERK AND TIMEKEEPER ON OUT-OF-TOWN CONTRACTS; WILL BE REQUIRED TO FURNISH BOND; STATE SALARY, EXPERIENCE, AND REFERENCES. ADDRESS W. A. P., BOX O 296 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 20 YEARS OLD, IN ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT, WITH BOOKKEEPING EXPERIENCE; MUST BE PRACTICAL, POSSESS ABILITY, AND COME WELL RECOMMENDED; EXTRA OPPORTUNITY FOR ONE WHO CAN FILL THESE REQUIREMENTS. APPLY AT ONCE. DOMINICK & HAFF, 543 WEST 23D.

YOUNG MAN AS ENTRY CLERK, WITH SOME KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING, IN PHOTOENGRAVING COMPANY; MUST BE ENERGETIC AND AMBITIOUS; SALARY TO START $12, WITH FINE CHANCE OF ADVANCEMENT. WRITE BOX 140, 1,364 BROADWAY.

YOUNG MAN, used to figures, for accounting department of fire insurance company; must write neat hand and have good education; give full particulars, stating age, experience, and salary desired. W 292 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN of good education wanted, (high school preferred,) living with parents, for importer's office; previous business experience not necessary; $9 per week to start; early encouragement. "Coffee," W 278 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, bright, ambitious, as office assistant; steady position; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary, $9. J 16 Times.

YOUNG MAN for office of trade journal, with experience in wrapping and mailing; give full particulars and salary expected. "Steady," Box 654, Post Office, New York City.

YOUNG MAN wanted for general office duties in a wholesale coffee and tea house. Address, giving age, experience, and compensation expected, W 288 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, (14 to 17.)—Light work; surroundings and opportunities exceptional; permanent; short hours, enabling evening schooling. P 254 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in wholesale dry goods house for clerical work; state age, references, and salary expected. O 395 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at [illegible]

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The War Department issued the following army orders today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Sands, 1st Lt. J. P., to Camp Meade.
Smith, 1st Lt. H. L., previous orders amended to read Smith, Capt. H. L.
Hewins, 1st Lt. W. W., to Camp Grant.
Shafer, 1st Lt. F. C., to Camp Sherman.
Warinner, 1st Lt. J. E., Jr., to Camp Lee.
Alten, 1st Lt. C. I., to Ft. McPherson with Hosp. Unit O.
Baccus, 1st Lt. C. F., to Camp Upton.
Whitbeck, Capt. B. H., to Camp Upton.
Colier, 1st Lt. F. A., to Camp Lewis.
Breed, Capt. N. P., previous orders revoked, to Cleveland for inst., then to Ft. Riley for temp. duty.
Segal, 1st Lt. J., previous orders revoked.
Whitbeck, Capt. B. H., to New York as instructor.
Wiley, 1st Lt. H. F., to home.

Following to New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hosp. for inst.:
Walker, Capt. W.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Arnold, B. C.	Hooper, J. W.
Baldwin, A. M.	Lingle, C. P.
Brobst, J. R.	Taylor, W. N.
Bibby, B.	

Jennings, 1st Lt. F. L., to Camp Greenleaf for inst.
Craig, Capt. C. B., will report to Surg.Gen.
Codman, Maj. C. A. E., previous orders amended to be effective Sept. 24 instead of Sept. 24-27.
Patterson, 1st Lt. R. W., to Knoxville.
Helmuth, Maj. W. T., to New York to enlist personnel of Base Hosp. 48.
Lowenthal, 1st Lt. A. L., to Camp Gordon, then to Ft. Myer.
Meister, 1st Lt. E. F., to Plattsburg with Av.Sec., Sig.C., then to home.
Harris, Capt. A. W., to Ft. McPherson with Hosp. Unit S.
Daly, Capt. J. J., to Ft. Riley for inst.
Williams, 1st Lt. P. H., to Bellevue Hosp., New York, for inst., then to Ft. Slocum.
Anderson, Maj. C. L. G., to 12th F.A., at Ft. Myer.
Pascoe, Maj. J. B., to Ft. Myer.
Luedde, W. H., appointment as Major announced.
Durand, 1st Lt. A. C., to Camp Sherman.
Durham, 1st Lt. A., to Washington Barracks to examine recruits.

Following to Ft. Leavenworth with organizations specified:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Buffington, W. R., with 5th Field Bat., Sig.C.
Shurley, E. R., with 6th Field Bat., Sig.C.
Walker, W. J., with 410th Tel.Bat., N.A.

Watson, Capt. G. M., to Ft. Logan H. Roots, in Army Gen. Hosp.
Miller, 1st Lt. J., to Camp Pike.
Miller, 1st Lt. C. J., previous orders amended to read Miner, 1st Lt. C. J.
Sanborn, Capt. C. F., previous orders revoked.

Following to Ft. Oglethorpe:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Strahan, W. H.	Terrell, J. H., Jr.
Swindell, C. L.	Townsend, E. M.
Temple, A. H.	Wicks, A. F.
	Wheeler, J. P.

McGonigle, 1st Lt. M. B., to Camp Custer.
McClain, 1st Lt. A. S., to Camp Upton.
Martin, Maj. F., to Camp Sherman.
Lewald, 1st Lt. J., and Oliver, 1st Lt. A. S., to Camp Wadsworth.
Denzer, 1st Lt. B. S., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Base Hosp. No. 3.
Brunk, 1st Lt. O. C.; Hulcher, 1st Lt. J. J., and Hurt, 1st Lt. G. S., to Camp Lee.
Carter, 1st Lt. C. J., to Ft. Riley.
Warner, 1st Lt. H. H., to Camp Meade.
Bogan, 1st Lt. B., to Government Hosp. for the Insane, this city, for intensive training.
Stroud, 1st Lt. J. R., to home.
James, 1st Lt. W., to Camp McClellan.
McNeese, 1st Lt. W. T., to Camp Beauregard.
Bliss, 1st Lt. R. V. N., to Boston for inst.
Stuart, Capt. D. D. C., Jr., to Ft. Porter with Army Gen. Hosp. 4.
Fitts, 1st Lt. F. M., and Pavy, 1st Lt. A. B., previous orders revoked.
Pasco, Capt. J. D., previous orders revoked.
Allen, 1st Lt. A. W., previous orders amended to read to Ft. Ontario with Field Hosp. 28.
Ames, 1st Lt. A. M., and Avata, 1st Lt. A., previous orders revoked.
Mayo, Maj. W. J., detailed to board appointed Nov. 19 to examine and report upon physical condition of officers of army.
Goldberg, 1st Lt. M., to Newport News.
Gildersleeve, 1st Lt. D. M., will report to Sig. Off., East. Dept., at New York for duty with 1st Depot Battalion.
Brereton, 1st Lt. H. L., to Camp Upton.
Kelly, 1st Lt. F. H., to Camp Custer.
Laing, Capt. W. W., to Plattsburg, re-examination of candidates for aviation.
Bellinger, 1st Lt. V. E., to Av.Sec., Sig.C., this city; to duty in office of Chief Sig. Off., then to Garden City.
Taylor, Maj. R. T., previous orders amended; to Army Med. Museum, this city, re supplying illustrations for lecture work.
Lilly, 1st Lt. J. G., previous orders revoked.
Armstrong, 1st Lt. J. H., to Camp MacArthur.
Clark, Capt. F. E., to Rockefeller Institute for inst.
Cibelius, 1st Lt. C. A., to Camp Dodge.
Chambers, 1st Lt. R. M., previous orders revoked.
Krasa, 1st Lt. J. M., to Camp Doniphan.
Kennon, 1st Lt. C. L., to Camp Funston.
May, Capt. W. R., to Camp Bowie in Base Hosp.
Reitz, Capt. C. B., at Ft. Riley for inst.
Holden, 1st Lt. N. M., to Camp Lee as member of tuberculosis board.
Arneill, 1st Lt. J. R., to home.
Feingloss, 1st Lt. I. J., to Walter Reed Hosp. for inst.
Fenerty, 1st Lt. V. J., to duty with Amb. Co. 3 at Ft. Oglethorpe.
Kaplan, 1st Lt. D. M., to Ft. Riley.
Wansboro, 1st Lt. W. J., to Ft. Banks.
Robbins, 1st Lt. D. F., previous orders revoked.
Barnette, 1st Lt. M. D., to Bellevue Hosp., New York, for inst., then to Walter Reed Hosp. for temp. duty.

Following appointed Captains in M.R.C.:

Carr, M. L.	Williams, W. W.
Carrell, N. B.	Austin, J. H.
Dawson, J.	Baskerville, G.
Fisher, C. S.	Benson, R. L.
Clark, W. A.	Bishop, F. L.
Dodehov, W. S.	Bolend, R. G.
Garvin, C. H.	Bunting, J. T.
Hickman, S. B.	Blair, F. M.
Edler, W. A.	Browne, W. C.
Ellis, J. G.	Dunshie, J. F.
Jackson, R. N.	Ellis, E. D.
Lee, E. H.	Etcheverry, M. H.
Howard, P. R.	Frazier, C. E.
Kerr, H. H.	Gorham, L. W.
Lythoott, G. L.	Greene, F. N.
Martin, U. G. B.	Hamilton, G. B.
Geidy, J.	Joyce, T. M.
Lyons, O.	Keyes, H. S.
Walker, H. H.	Knox, W. S.
Ward, J. H.	Laws, G. M.
McKinney, A. R.	Lerrigo, C. H.
O'Connor, D. F.	McFarland, W. L.
Phares, W. A.	McLaughlin, J. A.
Schultz-de Brun, H. C. W.	Moorer, M. P.
	Moss, J. M.
Sibley, F. C.	Musser, J. H., Jr.
Stahlman, T. M.	Ferry, H. B.
Trumbull, R. A.	Plank, E. R.
Cooke, E. F.	Puffer, M. L.
Weyerbacher, A. F.	Skene, W. H.

Soll, C. H.	Efird, L. J.
Thompson, L.	Farrell, J. W.
Acker, J. M., Jr.	Green, J.
Goodwill, J. J.	Harris, A. E.
McCain, G. M.	Harris, R. B.
MacDonald, J. T.	Hobbs, A. A.
Mandeville, F. N.	Huntington, W. H.
Potts, M. L.	Jamison, S. C.
Yates, C. W.	Jenkins, T. W.
Lyons, A. J.	Keizer, P. J.
Richards, C. A.	Kerley, G. L.
Steels, J. B.	Lee, J. W.
Anderson, W. W.	Leslie, F. E.
Arnetll, J. R.	Lewis, C. H.
Bassler, H. H.	McDeed, W. G.
Compton, A. G.	Mallory, H. C.
Draper, E. L.	Mathewson, E. H.
Drew, H. C.	Morre, W. L.
Duncan, E. A.	Newlove, G.
Ellis, T. F.	O'Connor, J. C.
Elwyn, H.	Paul, C. M.
Fromm, N. K.	Rice, F. T.
Hawn, C. B.	Rice, G. D.
Hirschman, I. L.	Riley, P. C.
McLean, F.	Rucks, W. W.
Mera, F. E.	Shankle, H. De W.
O'Brien, J. P.	Spake, La V. B.
Pendleton, W.	Stryker, R. S.
Yeager, W. H.	Swafford, J. H.
Altman, E.	Williams, G.
Blackburne, G.	Von Leesten, H. T.
Cauble, W. C.	Wahl, H. R.
Davis, P. L.	Williamson, M. A.
Denning, W. E.	Biddle, V.
Hill, R. C.	Buck, W. S.
Hurley, J. E.	Buckley, J. T.
Huth, L.	Farr, C. B.
Johnson, E. E.	Fite, C. A.
Mix, H. C.	Goar, E. L.
Morris, R. T.	Heldt, T. J.
Sell, F. W.	Jobe, A. L.
Speese, J.	Lanahan, J. A.
Von Unruh, V. C.	Parsons, A. H.
Walter, M. R.	Pickett, W. H.
Wintersteen, J. B.	Shimer, W. S.
Fuson, C. M.	Ware, H. J.
White, C. H.	Yocum, J. G.
Barclay, C. K.	Abernethy, E. A.
Condit, J. D.	O'Reilly, C. A.
Bremser, H. L.	Ralph, C. E.
Brodie, W. D.	Clary, L. A.
Dargan, C. M.	Clary, J. P.
Edison, S. M.	Coleman, H. A.
Keller, D. H.	Wilson, G. W.
Redfield, W. J.	Gilcrest, E. L.
Savage, F. J.	Katzenstein, M. B.
Abraham, H.	Pauson, C. A.
Beckett, C. G.	Ryan, W. P.
Beltran, B. R.	Scott, W. F.
Bolling, R. H.	Charbonnet, P. N.
Bunking, L. L.	Genella, L. J.
Bunett, L. R.	Webber, M. A.
Byars, A. H.	Florian, A.
Fymes, H. F.	Means, J. H.
Davis, E. L.	

Cavalry.

Hoagland, Temp. 2d Lt. E., assigned to 11th at Ft. Oglethorpe.
Mills, Capt. C. P., 9th, attached to 15th.

Sanitary Corps.

Flanders, Capt. F. F., N.A., to Army Med. School.
Dunlap, Capt. K., N.A., to duty with Av. Sec., Sig.C., to Washington, with Med. Research Board; then to Mineola.
Hart, 1st Lt. J. W., N.A., to Camp Gordon.
Wilson, 1st Lt. H. I., will report to Surg. Gen.

Quartermaster Corps.

Pevear, 2d Lt. E. C., to Camp Devens, asst. to Camp Qm.

Following now at Camp Gordon to duty as assts. to Camp Qm. at that place:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Robertson, W. F.	Grice, K. A.
Street, W. E.	Toy, R. B.
Hogg, Y. S.	Wood, R.
Barker, J.	Cheney, P. E.
Tanner, H. H.	Johnson, C. S.
Wall, C. W.	Carithers, H. A., Jr.

Samonisky, 2d Lt. H.; Hopkins, 2d Lt. J. H., and Gillespie, 2d Lt. J. W., to Camp Lee as assts to Camp Qm.
Overmeyer, 2d Lt. O. L., N.A., to Camp Bowie as asst. to Cmdg.Off. of Aux.Rem. Dep. No. 328.
Church, 2d Lt. P. C., to Camp Dodge as Qm. of base hosp.
Schwab, 2d Lt. H. C., to Camp Sherman as Qm. of base hosp.
Smith, 1st Lt. J. T., to Wilkes-Barre, Penn., re standard military truck production, then to his station.

Corps of Engineers.

North, Maj. E., will report to Chief of Eng.
Howell, Col. G. P., to Southeastern Dept. as Eng., relieving Col. J. Millis.
Yliek, Temp. 1st Lt. F.; Cronin, Temp. 1st Lt. J. J., and Patrick, Temp. 2d Lt. J. C., to duty with Replacement Troop.

Infantry.

Julow, 2d Lt. J. F., appointed a 2d Lt. in N.G. and assigned to Camp Shelby, with 149th.
Lewis, 2d Lt. P. C., appointed 2d Lt. in N.G., and assigned to Camp Shelby, with 150th.
Point, Lt. Col. W. H., to temp. duty at Washington Barracks.
Lang, Capt. J. W., 33d, to duty in office of Chief of Staff.
McIlroy, Maj. J. G., to Ft. Leavenworth, with Army Ser. Schools.
Brink, Temp. 2d Lt. H. D., commission terminated on account of physical disability.
Daman, Capt. L. S., discharged from the service.

Following to detached officers' list:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Pearce, J.M., 6th.	Walker, M.E., 29th.
Pearson, R.A.W., 47th.	Warren, W.L., 1st.
Pegram, E.S., Jr., 20th.	

Veterinary Reserve Corps.

Alkire, 2d Lt. E. W., to his home.
Following will report to Cmdg. Off., Aux. Rem. Dept., at Camp Greene:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Aymon, S. C.	Scheloski, F. J.
Richardson, C. E.	Wright, J. L.

Barrett, 2d Lt. J. T., prev. orders revoked.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Harding, Capt. W. B., detailed with Ord. Dept., this city.

Following to Philadelphia, reporting to Insp. of Ord. Midvale Steel Works for temp. duty, thence to their respective stations:

CAPTAINS.

Burns, W. W.	Hughes, T.
Cravens, W. M.	Kemble, F.
Guthrie, R. E.	Norton, A.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Cole, Capt. W. C., to Camp Funston for duty with Motor Supply Train 314.
Hutsinpiller, Capt. J. C., will report without delay to Cmdg. Gen., 39th Div., as Cmdg. Off. of Motor Supply Train.
Lambrecht, Capt. J. A., to Camp Lee.
Jackson, Capt. E. Q., to Atlanta as asst. to Depot Qm.
Purcell, Capt. B. A., to Camp Gordon as Cmdg. Off. of Motor Supply Train.

Signal Reserve Corps.

Miller, 1st Lt. E. H., to Park Field.
Miller, 1st Lt. C., to Chandler Field.
Macks, 1st Lt. R. G., required to make regular and frequent aerial flights.
McCreery, 1st Lt. F. P., and Dickman, 1st Lt. F. A., required to make regular and frequent aerial flights.
Welch, 1st Lt. E. M., to Garden City.
MacElroy, Capt. A. J., to Mineola.
Dade, 1st Lt. A. L., Jr., will report to Chief Sig. Off.
Snook, 2d Lt. C. P., to Kelly Field.
McDonald, 1st Lt. C. B., will report to Chief Sig. Off.
Donaldson, 1st Lt. A. G., to Garden City.
Falk, 1st Lt. M. F., will report to Chief Sig. Off.
Adams, 1st Lt. G. E., to Kelly Field.
Clark, 1st Lt. B. W., 3d, will report to Chief Sig. Off.
Golden, 1st Lt. J. B., to Kelly Field.
Roddey, 1st Lt. V. E., to Camp Vail.
Swan, 2d Lt. L. A., to Selfridge Field.
Pratt, Capt. H. G., will report to Chief, War College Div., Gen. Staff, for duty.
Gilmore, 1st Lt. L., to Camp Beauregard as Camp Supply Off., relieving Capt. J. H. Kirk, who will proceed to Camp Jackson with 306th Field Sig. Bat.
Munday, 1st Lt. G., to Camp Sherman as Camp Supply Off., relieving Capt. R. L. Patton, Sig.R.C., who will proceed to Camp Travis with 315th Field Sig. Bat.
Foust, 1st Lt. L. R., will report to Cmdg. Off., American Expeditionary Force.
Bell, 1st Lt., to Ft. Oglethorpe with 307th Field Sig. Bat.
Douglas, 2d Lt. J. C.; Collins, 2d Lt. J. S., and Lee, 2d Lt. R. H., to Ft. Leavenworth with Sig.C. Training Camp.

Ordnance Reserve Corps.

True, 2d Lt. A. S., to Springfield Armory.
Armstrong, Capt. H. C., to Pittsburgh as Insp. of Ord.
Noth, Capt. W. G., to Rock Island Arsenal.

Following will report to Chief of Ord.:
Greenleaf, Maj. G. E.

CAPTAINS.

Bodowski, A.	Wilmer, E. G.
Fox, E. E.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Anderson, M. P.	Smalley, L. L.
Hellmyar, C. H.	Smith, X. R.
Kellogg, C. D. H.	Sparrow, R. G.
Reckefus, S. S.	Sullivan, L. G.
Shinble, B.	

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Alexander, D.	Cox, W. E.
Burns, J. B.	Steiner, H. E.

Campbell, Maj. G., to Sandy Hook Proving Ground.
Bowen, 1st Lt. A. C., prev. orders amended so as to read, Bohlen, 1st Lt. A. C.

Medical Corps.

Following promoted to be Colonels:

LIEUTENANT COLONELS.

Collins, C. C.	Hess, L. T.
Edger, B. J., Jr.	Waterhouse, S. M.
Greenleaf, H. S.	

Following promoted to be Lieutenant Colonels:

MAJORS.

Bingham, E. G.	Owen, L. J.
Culler, R. M.	Smith, L. L.
Davis, W. R.	Tefft, W. H.
Heysinger, J. D.	Weed, F. W.
Huggins, J. B.	Williamson, L. P.

Veterinary Corps.

Agnew, 1st Lt. R. V., to Camp Greene, to inspect and instruct the Vet. personnel in stamping out infectious diseases, then to his station.
Gould, 1st Lt. J. H., to Camp Dodge.
Power, Asst. Vet. R., and Peter, Asst. Vet. H. W., promoted to be veterinarians.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

Childs, 1st Lt. H. P., assigned to 23d, at Camp Meade.
Holcomb, 1st Lt. T. W., to this city for consultation with officer in charge, General Engs. Depot, then to Erie, Penn., and take station.
Gibbs, 1st Lt. W. W., Hesterly, 1st Lt. H. W., Griffiths, 2d Lt. J. J., and Iry, 2d Lt. C. N., assigned to 6th at Wash. Barracks.
Watson, Capt. G. L., assigned to 30th.
Henrici, Capt. F. W., will report to Chief of Engs.
Fisher, 1st Lt. A. M., attached to 512th.
Tinsley, Capt. R., to 35th, at Camp Grant.
Shayer, 2d Lt. H. H., previous orders amended to read Shaver, 2d Lt. H. H.
Robinson, Capt. E. W., attached to 305th.
Nelson, 2d Lt. E. K., to active duty; he will report by letter to Director of Geological Survey for duty re military mapping.

Dental Reserve Corps.

Scherer, 1st Lt. J. W., and Sparks, 1st Lt. J. V., previous orders revoked.
Bragg, 1st Lt. V. E. D., to Ft. Riley, Evac. Hosp. 7.
Garriott, 1st Lt. J. P., to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery Chicago for inst., then to his station.
Rhode, 1st Lt. A. C., to Evac. Hosp. 6, at Camp Greenleaf.
Albin, 1st Lt. J. D., to Sig.C. Av. School, Belleville, Ill.
Finkelstein, 1st Lt. N. H., will report to Cmdg.Gen., Northeastern Dept.
Leonard, 1st Lt. F. S., to Evac. Hosp. 5, at Camp Greenleaf.
O'Bannon, 1st Lt. B. B., to Evac. Hosp. 4, at Camp Greenleaf.

Miscellaneous.

Cann, Maj. J. F., G.A.N.G., hon. discharged.
Barnes, 1st Lt. G. T., F.A., to Camp Funston.
Shaw, Maj. H. B., Judge Adv. Gen., O.R.C., will report to Provost Marshal Gen.
Hall, Chaplain J., assigned to 50th Inft.
A board, to consist of Arthur, Brig. Gen. W. H., M.C.N.A.; Janeway, Maj. T. C., M.R.C., and Mayo, Maj. C. H., M.R.C., appointed to meet in office of Surg.Gen. to examine and report on physical condition of such officers as may be ordered to appear before them.
Anderson, Capt. J. A., Virginia Qm.C., and Taylor, Capt. J. R., Qm.C., to Camp Sevier as assts. to Qm.
Frothingham, 2d Lt. F. A., Inft.R.C., previous orders amended to read Frothingham, 2d Lt. Newton S.
Doyle, Maj. A. C., S. Car. Qm.C., and Blanton, Capt. E. R., N. Car. Qm.C., previous orders revoked; they will retain their present duties at Camp Sevier.
Campbell, Capt. J. M., to home.
A board, to consist of Majors Prentice, J., Sig.C.; Kennedy, F. M., Sig. C.; Geiger, H., Av. Sec., Sig.C.; Poole, Capt. F. H., M.R.C., and Scott, 1st Lt. F. W., M.R.C., is appointed to meet at Ft. Omaha to pass upon fitness to hold their commissions of such officers as may be ordered before the board.
Bliss, Cont.Surg. M. A., to his home.

Resignations.

Coho, Capt. H. B., Qm.R.C.
Smith, Col. C. C., Inft.
Malone, Capt. S. E., N. Car. N.G.
Sampson, 1st Lt. P., Inft.R.C.

Leaves.

Gross, Maj. H., M.R.C., 3 days.
Stewart, Capt. W. P., Qm.R.C., 10 days.
Ennis, 1st Lt. R. H., F.A., 3 days.
Sutherland, Chaplain A. D., 15th Cav., 10 days' extension.
Green, 2d Lt. T. H., 15th Cav., 10 days.
Ellwitz, 2d Lt. W. G., Vet.R.C., 5 days.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

SALESMEN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them; hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1808-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Exceptional opportunity to take over active custom shirt business; owner is obliged to make quick disposition. F 34 Times.

Stock control large industrial corporation owning two fine plants; also some cash; will trade. J 388 Times Downtown.

Machinery and equipment established shirt plant for sale or lease. F 33 Times.

Business Notices.

PITTSBURGH DISTRICT MANUFACTURER'S AGENT WANTS OTHER LINES; CAN CARRY ACCOUNTS IN A PROTECTED TERRITORY; DO NOT ANSWER UNLESS YOU HAVE ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION. WRITE JOHN I. O'BRIEN, 339 2D AV., PITTSBURGH, PENN.

DEAFNESS.—Those wishing to know about the Anderfone, which improves hearing marvelously, may obtain information by writing or calling Anderson Electric Corporation, 145 West 36th St., 1E, New York.

An honorable, energetic man recently returned from South America, will invest capital with reliable party, take active interest, any paying established business. F 28 Times.

Well-paying American-plan hotel with 45 good furnished rooms for sale; situated in one of the pleasantest parts of Havana. Write Prop., J. G., P. O. Box 278, Havana.

$2,000 buys half interest established cash business; investment secured. Crowe, Times Building.

FOR SALE.

We have complete office and showroom fixtures suitable for ready-to-wear manufacturers, also a number of 44-13 machines; will dispose at a very low price. Address K. L., 274 Times Downtown.

Purchase and Exchange.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, for cash; estates purchased. DELANEY, 120 Broadway.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and Assignments—To take effect 4 P. M., Nov. 24: Sergts. J. S. Minogue, from 80th to 13th Insp. Dist.; F. F. Bosman, 170th to bicycle duty. To take effect 8 A. M., Nov. 25: Mounted Patrol Herman Grossberger, from Traffic Div., Sub-div. B to 33d.

Temporary Assignments—Sergts. J. Rooney, 74th, to Training School, for 3 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 26, for 2 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 30; J. A. Buckley, 172d, to C. O. Squad, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 26; Patrol C. J. Guldner, 65th, to C. O. Squad, for 7 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 26; J. Burke, 143d, and J. H. Cavanagh, 167th, to 4th Insp. Dist., for 30 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 26; L. Heslin, 167th, to 4th Insp. Dist., for 30 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 27, to 5th Insp. Dist., for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 27; E. W. Tanck, 40th, G. W. Kokell, 80th, D. Shea, 36th, J. Kindelan, 277th, E. Muller, 277th, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; E. T. Clark, 152d, J. Gallagher, 172d, to Training School, from precincts indicated, for 3 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 26, and for 2 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 30; D. J. Foley, 274th, W. H. Harold, 274, E. C. Fleischer, 276th, G. W. Meyer, 274th, and F. Krenkel, 276th.

Assignments Discontinued—Sergt. F. M. Fairchild, 170th, to bicycle duty, from 4 P. M., Nov. 24; Patrol. J. O'Neill, 32d, to bicycle duty, from 4 P. M., Nov. 24.

Leaves of Absence, (without pay.)—Patrol. J. J. Skelly, 2, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 24; J. H. Palmer, 14, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; M. Walsh, 23, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 24; H. W. Salomon, 25, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 24; F. W. Hopp, 26, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 29; F. Vopelak, 32, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Dec. 5; H. Jacobs, 42, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; L. Newman, 145, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 24; W. Leatherman, 148, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 24; T. H. Stedman, 165, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 28.

Fire Department.

Funeral of Fireman 1st grade Patrick Sullivan, Eng. 86, will take place from his late residence, 657 Greenwich Street, at 2 P. M. Nov. 25. One officer and twelve men of Engine Co. 86 will act as funeral escort and pallbearers. They will report, in full uniform, at the quarters of H. & L. Co. 5, 102 Charles Street, at 1:30 P. M., proceed to above residence, and, after services, accompany the remains a reasonable distance, when detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Acting Chief of the 19th Battalion will detail an officer and proper complement of men to man boat during the absence of above company.

Members of the force who are properly qualified and who desire a better knowledge of the theory and practice of automobile repair and operation may, in their time off, attend evening courses in automobile mechanics at the following public schools in New York City: Stuyvesant High School, 15th and 16th Sts., near First Av., Manhattan; Public School 100, 138th and 139th Sts., west of Fifth Av., Manhattan; Public School 49, 237 East 37th St., Manhattan; Manual Training High School, Seventh Av., between 4th and 5th Sts., Brooklyn; Bushwick High School, 400 Irving Av., Brooklyn; Bryant High School, Wilbur Av., Academy and Radde Sts., Long Island City. Those taking the course must attend two evenings a week, either Monday and Wednesday or Tuesday and Thursday. Classes last two hours each evening, beginning at 7:30, 7:45, or 8 o'clock. As principals are allowed some latitude in arranging the evenings and the time to suit groups of students, those desiring to take the course should see the principal of the school they wish to attend.

The following members of the uniformed force, having been drafted for service in the United States Army, are hereby granted indefinite leaves of absence: Fireman 2d grade J. A. Jennings, Engine 77; Fireman 3d grade Alfred Speidel, H. & L. 20; Fireman 1st grade Edward Schellhaas, Engine 222; Fireman 3d grade John H. Tewes, H. & L. 118; Fireman 1st grade John J. Garrett, H. & L. 43; Probationary Fireman John F. Graham of H. & L. Co. 21.

Chiefs of Battalion will cause an inspection to be made of all low pressure hydrants within their districts. Hydrants will be opened up full, (not longer than is necessary,) for the purpose of dislodging any obstructions therein. Any obstructions to the flow of hydrant which may be found will be noted, also any repairs required. Reports will be forwarded on Nov. 30. Any unusual conditions found will be reported immediately.

Special leaves of absence: Fireman 1st grade A. P. Moniz, H. & L. 127, for 12 hours, from 8 P. M. Nov. 24; Fireman 2d grade J. J. O'Neill, Eng. 85, for 48 hours from 8 A. M. Nov. 29; Fireman 4th grade W. J. Mooney, H. & L. 20, for 48 hours from 8 A. M. Nov. 30.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for resident physician, male, grade 2, will be received until 4 P. M. on Nov. 30. The subjects and weights of the examination are: Experience, 7; oral, 3. A qualifying physical examination will be given, candidates must present their licenses to practice medicine in New York State for inspection when filing their applications. They must be at least 21 years of age on or before the closing date for the receipt of applications. There is one vacancy in the Correction Department at $1,380 a year.

United States.

The commission announces for Dec. 5 at the New York Custom House an examination for scientific indexer, for men only. A vacancy in the Bureau of Biological Survey, Department of Agriculture, Washington, at $1,200 a year, will be filled from this examination. The duties will be to index and case for a large series of pamphlets used in connection with the work in economic ornithology; to search out and index references to the economic habits of birds in relation to agriculture, and to index the file of birds' stomach analyses. Competitors will be examined in botany and zoology, card indexing and cataloguing, education and experience. The applicant must have graduated from a college or university of recognized standing in a course including zoology and botany; or in lieu of such education, have had one year's experience in work along zoological and botanical lines for each year lacking of such college course. Applicants must not have reached their forty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The disturbance of the last three days is central tonight off the Southeastern New England Coast. Cloudy weather continues from the Lake region eastward and southward, and there were general rains and snows over this area except in the extreme South. It is snowing tonight as far south as Atlanta, Ga. From the Mississippi Valley westward the weather was generally fair, with a considerable fall in pressure west of the Rocky Mountains.

It is considerably colder over the eastern half of the country except along the north-east coast, temperatures ranging from 3 degrees to 18 degrees below the seasonal average. Over the western half temperatures are above the seasonal average, although lower than on Thursday.

Except for snow in Northeastern New England the weather will be fair Saturday and Sunday east of the Mississippi River, with continued low temperatures, although somewhat higher on Sunday in the upper Lake region, the lower Ohio Valley, Tennessee, and the East Gulf States.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh to moderately strong north, with rain or snow and colder; Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh to moderately strong northwest, cloudy, and colder; South Atlantic Coast, moderate to fresh north, fair, and colder.

FORECASTS TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Saturday, colder east portion. Sunday, fair.

Southern New England—Cloudy and colder Saturday. Sunday, fair.

New Jersey—Fair, colder Saturday. Sunday, fair.

Western New York—Cloudy Saturday. Sunday, probably fair; little change in temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Saturday, colder south portion. Sunday, fair, continued cool.

Northern New England—Cloudy and colder Saturday, snow in Maine. Sunday, fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	38	48	4 P. M.	57	[illegible]
6 A. M.	40	45	6 P. M.	56	47
9 A. M.	46	45	9 P. M.	58	[illegible]
12 M.	52	46	11 P. M.	55	[illegible]

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 46; for the corresponding date last year it was 48; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 41. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 44; at 8 P. M. it was 45. Maximum temperature, 53 degrees at 4:45 P. M.; minimum, 38 degrees at 11 P. M. Humidity, 100 per cent. at 8 A. M., 69 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.53 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.59 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:52 | Sun sets..4:33 | Moon sets..[illegible]

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:22	8:45	9:49	10:08
Governors Island	3:53	4:11	10:21	10:34
Hell Gate	5:44	6:19	12:00	12:36

Official Shipping List.

Arrival of vessels from foreign countries at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports in the twenty-four hours ended Nov. 22:

STEAMSHIPS.

American, (Br.)	Millinocket, (Am.)
Antilla, (Am.)	Mar Del Norte, (Sp.)
Ad. Cochrane, (Br.)	Minnesota, (Br.)
Asimina, (Gr.)	Madawaska, (Br.)
America, (Am.)	Metlaoni, (Ital.)
Ben. Brewster, (Am.)	Nor. Monarch, (Br.)
Caracas, (Am.)	Netherpark, (Br.)
Cape Transport, (Br.)	Northland, (Am.)
Cherry Leaf, (Br.)	Orkild, (Dan.)
Casiana, (Am.)	Parismina, (Am.)
Feltore, (Am.)	Preston, (Nor.)
F'port S. Co. 1, (Am.)	P. Marongelli, (Ital.)
Herman Frasch, (Am.)	Roseleaf, (Br.)
Hesleyside, (Br.)	Sekstant, (Nor.)
Idaho, (Br.)	Sea King, (Am.)
Iroquois, (Am.)	Sanmelito, (Br.)
Ida, (Am.)	San Giorgio, (Ital.)
Iroquois, (Br.)	Turrialba, (Am.)
Livietta, (Ital.)	Verona, (Nor.)
Leroy, (Am.)	Wearpool, (Br.)
Meliero, (Am.)	

SAILING VESSELS.

Avio, (Am.)	Maxie, (Am.)
C. C. Wehrum, (Am.)	Nordhav, (Nor.)
C. W. Babson, (Am.)	Navahoe, (Br.)
Eva June, (Br.)	R. E. Murphy, (Am.)
George T. Lock, (Am.)	

Fire Record.

A.M.	Loss.
2:05—14-18 Union Sq., East; Frank Schaefer	Slight
6:50—388 3d St.; Kalman & Wahlestrum	Slight
7:50—876 Central Park West; Joseph Baxley	Slight
11:15—1,396 St. Nicholas Av.; John Berger	Slight
P.M.	
12:10—202 W. 51 St.; J. Thompson	Slight
1:15—77 E. 105 St.; Peter Kerins	Slight
3:00—2,405 7th Av.; Abbott Lee	Slight
5:40—189 Forsyth St.; I. Kaplan	Slight
5:40—950 E. 163 St.; S. Scheeter	Slight
6:45—258 Division St.; J. Feinberg	Slight
7:00—240-246 E. 129 St.; Manhattan Woodworking Co., M. R. Flooring Co., and N. Y. Carved Moulding Co.	$125,000
8:00—720 6 St.; Abraham Bierbaum	Slight
8:15—B'way and Dey St.; (auto.) J. P. Larkin	Slight
9:30—2,222 5 Av.; William Doerner	Slight
9:40—48 Walker St.; Wellmade Leather Goods Co.	$5,000

Education Notes.

The Spanish Teachers' Association has elected the following officers: President—Guillermo Sherwill; Vice President—Max A. Luria; Secretary-Treasurer—Miss Gracia Fernandes; Corresponding Secretary—Arturo Torres.

There was a rehearsal in P. S. 50 yesterday of 200 school children, under the direction of Dr. Frank R. Rix, Supervisor of Music in the Education Department, for the oratorio to be given in Carnegie Hall on Dec. 5 by the Oratorio Society of New York.

At the dance of the Professional Elementary Teachers' Association at Chalif's, opposite Carnegie Hall, this evening a petition will be signed asking Mayor-elect Hylan to appoint Charles W. Roselle, Jr., a teacher, as a member of the new Board of Education.

The Interborough Association of Women Teachers has decided to send two teachers to the State Teachers' Association meeting at Syracuse on Nov. 26, 27, and 28 to present a plan for a State-wide movement to abolish all sex discriminations in salaries throughout the public service.

The Municipal Museum of the City College will be moved to a permanent home in the old college building at Twenty-third Street and Lexington Avenue on Dec. 1.

The French Club of Washington Irving High School will give a dramatic entertainment this evening in the school auditorium for the Red Cross.

John W. Rafferty, Principal of P. S. 19, Brooklyn, has been elected President of the Federation of Teachers' Associations. Other officers elected are William J. McAuliffe, Vice President; Miss Olive M. Jones, Recording Secretary, and Edward Mandel, Treasurer.

A meeting of kindergartners will be held at 4 P. M. on Nov. 26 at the De Witt Clinton High School.

Extracts of a letter written at the Adjutant General's office at Washington on the probable cause of a considerable number of rejections of candidates for officers in the United States Army have been received by Dr. Crampton and transmitted to the physical training teachers in the schools. The most prominent reasons given for these rejections are those which show a lack of physical training throughout the schools of the country, and particularly in high schools. Emphasis is given to the exact features of physical training which have been strongly pushed in the New York City schools during the last five years.

Estate Appraised.

SANDS, ESTHER H., (April 25, 1917;) total assets, $138,718, and also an interest in the estate of W. J. Sands, $31,069. Beneficiaries: Her daughter, Rose S. Rosenstein, $140,790; Congregation Emanu-El, $1,000; Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, $1,000; Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, $5,000; Hebrew Orphan Asylum and Montefiore Home, $2,500 each, and three small legacies to other Hebrew charities, and legacies of from $40 to $2,500 to eleven relatives and friends. Assets: Cash, $12,317; personal, $6,303; stocks and bonds, many small holdings, $120,097.

Will for Probate.

HOENINGSBERGER, HENRY, of 316 West Seventy-ninth Street, (Nov. 8, 1917,) leaves to the widow, who is the executrix, one-third of the estate, valued at more than $10,000, outright. She also receives the use of the remaining two-thirds during her lifetime, and on her death the two-thirds are bequeathed to the daughter, Consuila Linda. One clause of the will directs the widow to pay to the decedent's sister, Mrs. Sidonie Weiss of Vienna, Austria, the sum of $500. The same clause also directs the widow to pay over to another sister, Mrs. Laura Czarnikauer of Nuremberg, Bavaria, the sum of $1,000.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS MELTVER, trading as MELTVER BROS., Bankrupt. — Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, Nov. 30, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 36 W. 25th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of [illegible]ats, Suits, Piece Goods, Trimmings, Office Furniture and Fixtures, also the Receiver's right, title, and interest in and to the lease of premises 36 W. 25th St., held by the Bankrupt. BENNO LEWINSON, Receiver. SAUL S. MYERS, Attorney for Receiver, 60 Wall St., New York.

HEALTH IMPROVES IN ARMY CAMPS

Fewer Cases of Sickness Reported During Week Ending Nov. 16 Than Previously.

MEASLES SPREAD IN SOUTH

Sick Rate in National Guard Units 42.6 Per Thousand and 28.5 in National Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Notwithstanding the fact that there were ninety-six deaths in the various army camps throughout the country during the week ended Nov. 16, the general health of the army was better than during the week before, according to the report of the Surgeon General.

Pneumonia was epidemic in some of the Southern camps, and there are many cases of measles. The latter ailment appears to be most prevalent in Southern camps where are quartered soldiers coming from rural districts, who, the army surgeons say, did not have communicable diseases in their childhood because they lived remote from large communities.

Summarizing the general health conditions, the report accompanying the report says:

"National Guard: In the 27th, 28th, 29th, 32d, 33d, 34th, 37th, and 41st Divisions the admission rate per 1,000 and the constantly non-effective rate may be said to be satisfactory in view of existing conditions. The incidence of communicable disease also is low among these troops. These troops, all of whom come from northern States, aggregate 219,250 officers and men. But thirty new cases of pneumonia were reported from these divisions, ten being the highest number reported from one division. The measles rate also is low. In no one of them have more than forty-five new cases been reported. The number of new cases of venereal disease reported in these divisions is but 237.

"All figures on sickness in these reports are of new cases first reported during the week ended Nov. 16. The totals and proportions given, therefore, are not of all on the sick list during the week. The military reports class the total number of sick and injured as 'total non-effectives,' and the proportion of this total to the strength of a command as the 'non-effective rate.' The non-effective rate is usually higher than the weekly rate for new cases of sickness or injury reported, (the 'admission rate,') because individual cases of illness are, on the average, of more than one week's duration.

"The non-effective rate for the entire National Guard in the United States was for Nov. 16 42.6 per thousand; the admission rate for the week, 32.0; the non-effective rate for the national army was 28.5 per thousand, and the admission rate, 29.2.

Health conditions in some of the chief camps are as follows, the figures in parentheses being the cases of illness reported in the previous week:

Twenty-seventh Division, Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C. (New York National Guard): Cases of sickness, 342 (422); sick rate per thousand, 12.6 (14.5). Number of cases of: Pneumonia, 4 (1); other illness, 307 (377). Deaths: 1, pneumonia (pneumonia 1).

Twenty-ninth Division, Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala. (New Jersey National Guard): Cases of sickness, 469 (421); sick rate per thousand, 19.2 (17.9). Number of cases of: Pneumonia, 4 (2); malaria, 2 (0); venereal disease, 18 (19); measles, 2 (4); other illness, 443 (396). Deaths: None (1, pneumonia).

76th Division, Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.—Cases of sickness, 335, (309;) sick rate per thousand, 14.4, (11.9.) Number of cases of: Pneumonia, 1, (1;) venereal disease, 20, (29;) measles, 6, (7;) other illness, (note 2,) 308, (274.) Deaths, 0; (pneumonia, 2; injuries, 3; total, 5.)

77th Division, Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I.—Cases of sickness, 213, (257,) sick rate per thousand, 12.1, (11.6;) number of cases of: Pneumonia, 1, (2;) venereal disease, 11, (16;) other illness, 201, (239.) Deaths: Suicide, 1; (delirium tremens, 1.)

78th Division, Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J.—Cases of sickness, 475, (491;) sick rate per thousand, 35, (28.9.) Number of cases of: Dysentery, 0, (1;) venereal disease, 28, (36;) typhoid, 10, (1;) other illness, 437, (453.) Deaths: Hemorrhage, 1; typhoid, 1; meningitis, 1; injury, 1; total, 4, (0.)

PLATTSBURG LIST READY.

Will Be Given Out for Publication in Sunday's Papers.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, Nov. 23.—Colonel Paul A. Wolf, Camp Commander, has arranged to make public in time for Sunday's newspapers the names of the training candidates who have earned commissions as the result of the three months' training here. The successful candidates will receive tomorrow their parchment certificates of commission and on the same day the Quartermaster will begin paying the men for the month of November. The men are expected to start for home on Monday afternoon.

The names of the men selected for aviation and the Ordnance Department, which will not be included in the Saturday list of line officers, is being given out day by day as the men are sworn in. Today forty-four New York City and Brooklyn men were commissioned and sworn in. They are as follows:

TENTH COMPANY.

Captain George E. Morrissey.

ELEVENTH COMPANY.

Captains Vern Priddy, William H. Knight; First Lieutenants William S. Doscher, Charles W. Stephens, Henry Cunningham, Jr., Charles P. Kelley.

TWELFTH COMPANY.

Major Edward B. John; Captains John Mortimer Schwerin, John J. Tuohy; First Lieutenant James A. Burton.

THIRTEENTH COMPANY.

Captain Andrew J. Hudson; First Lieutenant Bernard Cain.

FOURTEENTH COMPANY.

Captains Joseph P. Jefferds, Burnett P. Wright, David J. Sheeran; Second Lieutenant Osborne C. Butcher.

FIFTEENTH COMPANY.

Captains Robert W. Blair, E. D. Morgan Rowland, Charles Lee Phillips, George A. Reeder; First Lieutenants Henry K. Ellers, Percy St. Claire Browne, Howard G. Lambert, John N. Conolly; Second Lieutenants Alonzo M. Covert, Peter W. Coleman.

SIXTEENTH COMPANY.

First Lieutenants Leon H. Wheeler, Thomas F. Githens, Eugene G. Grant.

SEVENTEENTH COMPANY.

Captain Henry Hoss; Second Lieutenant Arnold E. Kupfer.

FOURTH BATTERY.

Captains Paul M. Weidman, W. J. Barcus; First Lieutenant Henry P. Kirkham; Second Lieutenant Harry B. Sullivan.

FIFTH BATTERY.

First Lieutenants Leonard J. Dibble, Ibrahim F. Morrison.

SIXTH BATTERY.

Captains Francis B. Farley, W. S. S. Rodgers, Jr., Garrett H. Cannon; First Lieutenants Everard H. Boeck, Frank C. Jones; Second Lieutenant S. Clifford Merrill.

ACCUSE 3 OF AUTO THEFTS.

Police of Orange Believe Prisoners Stole 100 Cars.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Nov. 23.—With the arrest of three young men in South Jefferson Street, Orange, this morning, the police here believe they have solved the theft of almost 100 automobiles from the Oranges and Newark in the last few months. When arrested the men were carrying tires and other equipment from a car which they are accused of having stolen in Newark and abandoned here when the car broke down. The prisoners are William F. Higgins, John Sheriden, and Thomas Lyons, all of Newark. Patrolman Robert Brennan, who made the arrest, was publicly commended tonight at roll call by Chief of Police Drabell for his work in the case.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

Jeweler Collects All His Debts with One Piece in the Paper.

Special to The New York Times.

GLEN COVE, L. I., Nov. 23.—Moescha Rosenberg's advertisement in the local paper had its desired effect. He threatened to print today a list of those who owed him money and would not pay. All week and right up to press time Rosenberg was kept busy receipting old bills, and now he says that there is not a resident of this village who owes him a cent.

Rosenberg is a jeweler and is closing up his store. Several thousand dollars was due him, and he wanted it before he left town. So he put in the advertisement in which he said:

"I shall publish the name and exact address and vocation of each of the aforementioned dead beats, giving in my usual style a psychological treatise of their character and make up. The paper goes to press at 10:30 A. M., and all who are anxious to have their characters defined in print should not settle their accounts before that time."

Immediately creditors began to appear and pay their bills. Men who had bought engagement rings on credit and others who had purchased presents that they did not care to have published all paid up promptly, and the jeweler was happy. So today Rosenberg published an advertisement on "Soiled Linen," in which he said:

"There are those who firmly believe that there is no wrong that could not be corrected. That it all depends on the laundry. Some linen must be badly soiled, but all can be cleansed. It depends on how hard one rubs. We are glad to state that not one dollar that was owing to us last week is unpaid today. We do not want to congratulate our friends who paid up, but, rather, ourselves, as good hard-rubbing launderers."

Warburton Left $300,000.

The will of Frederick J. Warburton, a New York business man, who died at Scarsdale on Nov. 2, disposes of an estate estimated at over $300,000. The major part is inherited by the widow during her lifetime, while various other relatives receive valuable legacies. The will was offered probate at White Plains yesterday.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Will party who took box of furs from auto at 34th St. and Madison Av., Thursday, Nov. 22, between 4 and 5 P. M., get in communication with chauffeur? Will pay liberal reward for return of same and positively no questions asked. Chauffeur, care of 34th St. Garage, 157 East 34th St.

LOST.—Tuesday night, suitcase, stenciled R. B. Y., containing clothing, &c., probably fell off taxi on Amsterdam Av., between 75th and 115th Sts. Reward if notified. Rector 9289. Extension 55.

LOST.—Small gold filigree pin, set with pearls and sapphires, in taxi, between Pennsylvania and Grand Central Stations, Nov. 21, suitable reward if returned to X 340 Times Annex.

LOST.—Monday noon, on West End Av., between 72d and 57th Sts., large brown leather bag, containing letters, of value to owner only. Reward if returned to L. G. Schroeder, 308 West 72d.

LOST.—A sum of money, nearly $200, in a roll with rubber band around it, on last Saturday, either in Ritz Restaurant or in taxi; reward. Room 910, Hotel Netherland.

LOST—Nov. 22, 5th Av. car, 60th St., pocketbook, checks payable to Grace T. Ely, cash, keys. Reward if returned to 211 West 57th St.

LOST.—A kolinsky stole, in the vicinity of 20th St., on Tuesday morning; reward. Mrs. Emott Buel, Interior Decorator, 20 East 46th St., City.

LOST.—Nose glasses in black case, near or on Broadway car, Monday night, Gaiety Theatre; reward offered. Phone Schuyler 7605.

LOST.—Monday evening, Grand Central Palace, 5th floor, gold watch and chain, monogramed "K. A. H." closed face; liberal reward.

LOST.—Muff, squirrel fur, dyed brown, in taxi, Grand Central, Tuesday. Return R. F. Cutting, 32 Nassau St.; reward $15.

LOST.—Friday, in Grand Central Terminal or on 4:23, New Rochelle train, lady's wrist watch; reward. 101 Park Av., Room 507.

LOST.—Diamond link bracelet, Justine Johnstone's Club or Joan Sawyer's. Communicate Columbus 5788 for reward.

LOST—Diamond and sapphire rings, in or near Ritz-Carlton, Wednesday; reward. Lewis, Hillsdale, N. J.

LOST—Long sable collar, in taxicab, Wednesday evening. Reward if returned to 24 East 84th St.

LOST—Bank book; Yorkville Bank, account Hattie Weil in trust for Herman Weil. Finder return to A. M. Weil, 814 5th St.

LOST—Friday afternoon, pearl sapphire earring; reward. Vickery, 506 West 93d St. Riverside 5404.

LOST.—A sealskin collar, Booth Theatre, Nov. 21. Liberal reward. Watson, H. O., Plaza Hotel.

LOST—Black enamel bowknot pin, small diamond in centre; suitable reward. Apartment 8 west, 2 West 89th St.

LOST—A platinum bar pin, set with diamonds and pearls; reward. Box 707, Rye, N. Y.

LOST—Diamond ring, 59th-62d, Central Park West, Thursday; reward. E. B., Col. 1952.

LOST.—Diamond sunburst pin; 30th, 44th, 6th Av.; keepsake; reward. J 13 Times.

LOST.—Pearl bar pin, 97th-101st Sts; liberal reward. Friedman, 215 West 100th St.

REWARD of $100 for return of Hudson seal coat or kolinsky scarf; $25 for clue leading to recovery of above; these articles were taken from 179 Madison Av. Oct. 22; owner no desire to arrest; merely requests return of furs. Phone Cortlandt 5546 or Murray Hill 5889.

REWARD.—Blue enamel box set with seed, Wednesday night, 64th St., Metropolitan, Warrington Apts., 181 Madison Av.

SUITABLE REWARD, no questions asked, for two grips filled with button samples, missing from automobile, corner 25th St., Broadway. Rothschild Bros. & Co., 1,115 Broadway.

$100 REWARD.

Return gold mesh bag, sapphire clasp; lost in vicinity of Elizabeth, N. J., on or about Nov. 8, 1917; no questions asked. Notify A. R. Lee & Co., 15 William St., N. Y. City.

$5 REWARD.—Beaver cuff, between 80th and 85th Sts., Madison and Lexington Avs., Friday morning, 1,042 Madison Av.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Female Pekingese, answers to name of Wiggle, Nov. 21, evening, about 5:30. Liberal reward, no questions asked, if returned to D. G. Reid, 907 5th Av., corner 72d St.

LOST.—MALE FRENCH BULL. Owner's name in the collar; LIBERAL REWARD. J 27 Times.

TEA ROOM ADVERTISEMENTS will be found on Page 9.—Advt.

TAPS
A Gentle, Thoroughly Efficient and Prompt Intestinal Relief.
TRY A BOX—10c—ALL DRUGGISTS.

BE PATRIOTIC
ECONOMIZE
Put an ARCO on your car and save 25% in Gasoline Consumption.
CALL, WRITE OR PHONE.
The Arco Carbon Eliminator Co., Inc.,
2010 Broadway (at 68th St.), New York.
Phone Columbus 948.
The ARCO is also a great carbon remover.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

BAPTIST.

BROADWAY BAPTIST CHURCH, cor. 104th St., Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor.
11—"Why Thankful?"
8—"The Three Alarms."
Thursday at 11—Union Thanksgiving Service.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH.
57th St., between 6th and 7th Avs.
DR. JOHN DOUGLAS ADAM
Will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH.
S. E. corner 92d and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"The Motive for Thanksgiving."
8—"Is Life Worth While?"

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH, 327 W. 33d.
Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor.
10:45 A. M.—"Thanksgiving Message No. 1."
7:45 P. M.—"Thanksgiving Message No. 2."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH.
4 to 8 West 46th Street.
Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, D. D., Rev. E. Herbert Dutton, } Ministers.
Dr. WOELFKIN will preach at 11 and 8.
Sunday School, 9:30. Bible Classes, 9:40 A. M.
Mr. M. B. Terrill of Texas addresses Young Men's Bible Class 9:40.
Thanksgiving Service Thurs. Morning at 11.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.
Broadway and 79th St.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"Going Without Eyesight; or, The Walk of Faith."
8 P. M.—"SHALL WE SPELL DEVIL WITHOUT A 'D'? IS A PERSONAL DEVIL AN ABSURD MYTH; OR, IS HE AS REAL AS CHRIST HIMSELF AND ALMOST NEXT TO GOD IN POWER?"
This sermon a challenge to unbelievers and to a ministry afraid to preach about the Devil.
Friday Night, Nov. 30, 8 o'clock, "The Millennium."

JUDSON MEMORIAL CHURCH.
Washington Square, South.
REV. A. RAY PETTY, REV. F. W. LAWSON, } Ministers.
Mr. Petty will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH.
MADISON AVE., COR. 31ST ST.,
C. A. EATON, D. D., PASTOR,
Will preach Sunday, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
10 A. M.—EATON CLASS FOR MEN, led by Dr. EATON, 30 East 31st St.
Women's Bible Class, 9:45. Rev. C. F. Hall, Ldr.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH.
5th Av., bet. 126th and 127th Sts.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL.
10 A. M.—Vittorio Racca, Jur. D.
11 A. M.—"Grateful Under Difficulties."
8 P. M.—"The Spirit of Democracy."

WASHINGTON HTS. BAPTIST CHURCH.
145th Street and Convent Avenue.
Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D.
11 A. M.—"Ye Visited Me."
8 P. M.—Thanksgiving Cantata.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
Sunday Services in Second Church, 3 & 8 P.M.
First Church, Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church, 125th St. and Madison Av.
Fourth Church, 178th St. & Ft. Washington Av.
Fifth Church, Aeolian Concert Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
Sixth Church, 1,935 Anthony Av., Bronx.

CONGREGATIONAL.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
BROADWAY AND 56TH STREET.
Dr. Jefferson preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MANHATTAN CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.
Broadway, near 76th St.
Rev. Charles P. Fagnani preaches at 11.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST—CHRISTIAN.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH. Dr. Finis S. Idleman, Pastor, preaches 11 & 8. S. S., 10 A. M. 142 West 81st St.

DIVINE SCIENCE.

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE.
North Ballroom, Hotel Astor, Sunday, 11. Speaker, Rev. W. John Murray, Pastor. Subject, "The Psychology of Thanksgiving."

ETHICAL CULTURE.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE of New York. Founded 1876.
Meeting House, Central Park West & 64th St.
11 A. M.—DR. FELIX ADLER, Speaker. Subject: SAVONAROLA: His Greatness and His Failure.
MEETINGS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

INTERDENOMINATIONAL.

THE METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE.
N. E. Cor. Seventh Av. and 128th St.
11 and 8, Rev. Joseph W. Kemp, Minister.
Evening Topic: "Evangelical Problems Provoked by the War."
III.—"The Age-Long Mystery of Pain."
Wednesday, 8 P. M., Mid-week Bible Study.
Thursday 11, Thanksgiving Services.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher—the Rev. Professor HARRY EMERSON FOSDICK, D. D.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

JEWISH.

BETH-EL TEMPLE,
5th Av. at 76th St.
REV. DR. SAMUEL SCHULMAN,
Saturday morning, (Sermon,) 10:30; Sunday morning at 11,
THE MORAL VALUE OF NATIONAL THANKSGIVING.

FREE SYNAGOGUE.
CARNEGIE HALL: SUNDAY AT 10:45.
DR. WISE: "AMERICA'S WAR AND AMERICA'S THANKSGIVING."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, 5th Av. and 43d St.—Sunday, 11:15, Dr. Joseph Silverman on "The Personal Benefit of Religion." All welcome.

LUTHERAN.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT. B'way and 93d St., Rev. WM. M. HORN, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY.
65th St. and Central Park West.
DR. SMITH preaches 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d, Dr. REMENSNYDER, Pastor.—Services 11 A. M.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

11—VALUE OF SACRIFICE.
7:45—God Shows What to Do.
Grace, W. 104th St., near Col. Dr. Reisner.

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH.
(Mother Church of American Methodism.)
Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE CHURCH, 60th St.
Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Ph. D., Pastor.
11 A. M. "Our Ally in Religion."
8 P. M. Garrett's "Harvest Cantata."
Brief address by Dr. Sockman.
6-8 P. M. Social Tea and Epworth League.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. & 7th Av., Rev. J. W. CHASEY, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—"Essentials of a Good Soldier." Rev. E. Roy Myers.
8 P. M.—"The Church of the Reconstruction," Rev. F. W. Adams, D. D.

THE ENEMY BEHIND THE TRENCHES.
OVER THE TOP IN A TANK.
ST. ANDREW'S, 76th St., Columbus Av.
Dr. MacRossie, 11. Corporal Holmes, 8.

ST. JAMES METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 126th Street.
Rev. Chester C. Marshall, Pastor.
Mr. J. Fletcher Shera, Director of Music.
11—Sermon by Pastor. Thanksgiving Music.
8—Garrett's "Harvest Cantata" and miscel. prog. of Harvest Music by Large Vested Chorus Choir, assisted by John Finnegan, solo tenor St. Patrick's Cathedral, and Elsa Fischer String Quartet.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH.
86th St. and West End Av.
Rev. CHARLES L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Goodell will preach at 11-8.
Service Flag Dedicated at 11.
6-8 P. M., Social Tea and Epworth League. Soldiers and Sailors invited.

WOODYCREST, 166th St. and Woodycrest Av. Rev. WALTER S. MAGGS, Pastor.
11 and 8, Thanksgiving Harvest Festival.

MORAVIAN.

FIRST CHURCH, Lex. Av. and 30th St.—Rt. Rev. MORRIS W. LEIBERT, D. D., Pastor, 11 A. M. Cordial Welcome to All.

NEW CHURCH (SWEDENBORGIAN.)

NEW CHURCH,
35th St., bet. Park and Lexington Avs.
Rev. Julian K. Smyth, Pastor.
Sunday School, 10 A. M. Service, 11 A. M.
The Pastor will preach. Subject: "THE SOUL OF A YOUTH," in a Special Course on "The Soul:" its birth, growth, and destiny.

NEW THOUGHT.

A NEW ORDER OF MEDITATION.
JAMES PORTER MILLS, M. D., will speak in his Lecture Room, 1015 Aeolian Hall, 42d Street, Sundays at 11. General subjects: Scripture Illumination in the Solving of Human Problems. The Teaching and Practicing of Meditation. Contribution. Other classes on week days.

NEW THOUGHT.

ADVANCED SCIENCE.
GOD BLESSES YOU!
11:15 A. M.—AN HOUR FOR BUSY PEOPLE with CHARLES CHARTERS.
Subject: "The Mimic and the Real."
N. Y. Genealogical Hall, 226 West 58th St.
WE HEARTILY WELCOME YOU ALL.

MRS. CHAPIN—THE BILTMORE.—Thanksgiving service Sunday, 11:15. Subject: "Come, Let Us Express Our Thanksgiving." "Many Things We Have to be Thankful For." Classes and interviews, The Biltmore.

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE.
222 WEST 72D ST.
Sunday, 11 A. M., Mrs. Laura G. Cannon.
Sunday, 4 P. M., Mrs. M. C. Stolber.
Sunday, 8:15 P. M., Mrs. Maud Pratt Messner.
Monday, 8:15 P. M., chorus, Miss A. M. Castor.
Tuesday, 8:15 P. M., Mrs. Laura G. Cannon.
Wednesday, 8:15 P. M., Miss Mary Allen.
Friday, 3 P. M., Mrs. Maud Pratt Messner.

M. Edith Rarick, Park Avenue Hotel, 33d St., Wednesday, 8:15 P. M., "Our New Message to the New Race."

SCHOOL OF THE BUILDERS, INC.
Free Lecture at Cort Theatre,
48th St., east of Broadway,
Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.
Doors open at 3:30.
Mrs. Behrend (the only personal pupil of the late Judge Troward of England and India, the acknowledged Master-Thinker in New Thought and Mental Science) will lecture on
"VISUALIZING,"
explaining how to develop this faculty that it may become an "Aladdin's lamp to him with a mighty Will."
Free Classes every morning at 11, except Saturday and Sunday, at the Belmont, 86th and Broadway, Apart. 1110.
All instruction by Mrs. Behrend.
If each individual having a personal desire will write the same on a piece of paper and place it in the collection basket, Mrs. Behrend will give it her personal attention.

SOCIETY FOR CONSTRUCTIVE THOUGHT
220 Madison Av., near 36th St.
Monday evening, Nov. 26, at 8:15 o'clock,
MRS. ELIZABETH CONNER,
"THE DIVINE ART OF EXPRESSION."
An evening's entertainment; music; all welcome.

UNITY SOCIETY, 28 West 72d.
Mrs. Van Marter, 11. Subject, "LIVING IN AN AIRSHIP."
8 P. M., Miss Katharine Eggleston, Speaker. Subject, "INSIDE OUT."

PRESBYTERIAN.

BRICK CHURCH,
5th Av. and 37th St.
Ministers: { William Pierson Merrill, Frank Latimer Janeway.
Dr. MERRILL preaches at 11 and the Rev. GRAHAM C. HUNTER at 4.
THANKSGIVING DAY SERVICE Thursday morning at 11. Dr. Merrill will preach.
NOONDAY Service daily, (except Nov. 29,) at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
114th St. and Broadway.
WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 57th Street.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, Pastor.
Preaching 11 A. M. by the PASTOR,
4:30 P. M., Rev. Hugh Black, D. D.
Thanksgiving Day Service, 11 A. M.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av. and 55th St.
Rev. J. H. JOWETT, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. James Palmer, Ph.D., Associate Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Dr. Jowett will preach at both services.
Offering for Assembly's Board of Home Missions.
Service Thanksgiving Day at 11 o'clock.
Conducted by Dr. Jowett.
Offering for the Poor of the Church.
The usual Midweek service will be omitted.

HARLEM-NEW YORK, 11 and 8.
122d St. and Mount Morris Park West.
Rev. GEORGE WELLS ARMS, Pastor.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av., 11th St.
HOWARD DUFFIELD, D. D.,
11 A. M.—"The Defeat of Death."
8 P. M.—"Our Bit or Our Best."

FORT WASHINGTON,
Broadway at 174th St.
DANIEL HOFFMAN MARTIN, D.D., Pastor.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

WAR SERVICES.
FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
Dr. WORK preaches, 11 and 8, on subjects connected with the times.

HON. WALTER M. CHANDLER,
Official representative from Washington, will give his famous address
"HOW THE WAR CAME TO AMERICA,"
At the unfurling of the Service Flag.
HARLEM-NEW YORK PRESBY. CHURCH,
122d St. and Mt. Morris Park West,
Sunday morning, at 11 A. M.
Rev. H. F. Wilke preaches at 8 P. M.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
4:30 P. M.—A. F. SCHAUFFLER, D. D.
Thanksgiving Day service, 10:30 A. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 24th St.
Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
THANKSGIVING DAY SERVICE, 11 A. M.
Sermon by the pastor.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
525 West 155th St.
11 A. M.—Rev. J. C. R. Ewing, D. D.
8 P. M.—Rev. John R. Mackay, D. D.

NORTMINSTER, 141 West 115th St.
Rev. Seth C. Craig preaches 11 and 8.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d Street.
The Pastor, Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
96th St. and Central Park West.
Robert Watson, minister, preaches, 11 and 8.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., corner 141st St.
Minister, Rev. ELLIOTT W. BROWN, D. D.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corner 10th St.
Ministers: { Thomas Guthrie Speers, 11 A. M. George Alexander, at 8 P. M.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av., Cor. 105th.
A. Edwin Keigwin, D. D., preaches 11 A. M. 11, "THANK GOD AND BOOST." Thanksgiving Service 8, Thanksgiving Concert. Enlarged Choir.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. Anson P. Atterbury, D. D., Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D., } Pastors.
Dr. ATTERBURY preaches at 11 A. M.
Dr. EVANS preaches at 8 P. M.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Av. and 111th St.
8 and 10 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Very Rev. Dean Robbins.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Francis Little.
Daily Services, 7:30 A. M.; 5 P. M., (Choral except Thursday and Saturday.)
THANKSGIVING DAY—8 A. M.; 11 A. M., (preacher, Dean Robbins;) 5 P. M.
FRIDAY, Nov. 30.—Day of Penitence and Prayer, 7:30 A. M., 12 M.; 5 P. M., with Address.
SOLDIERS AND SAILORS ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO THE CATHEDRAL SERVICES.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH,
West End Av. and 81st St.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion.......... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer & Sermon, (Rector) 11 A. M.
Evensong, (Rev. W. J. D. Thomas).. 4 P. M.
Thanksgiving Day services.......... 8 and 11

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION,
5th Av. and 10th Street.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M.—"IS CHRISTIANITY POSSIBLE?" (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Rossini's "Stabat Mater," (Rector.)
8 P. M.—Public Forum: MR. EDWIN MARKHAM, our greatest American poet, will read his poems, "with comments grave and gay."

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE,
EAST 89TH ST., NEAR MADISON AV.
Rev. HENRY M. BARBOUR, D.D., Rector.
Services at 7:30, 10, 11 A. M., (Rector.)
4 P. M., (Dr. George William Douglas.)
8 P. M., (Rev. R. E. Carr.)
4 P. M., POPULAR VESPERS, a service of sacred music, vocal and instrumental.
11 A. M. AND 4 P. M.
FULL CHOIR ACCOMPANIED BY ORGAN, HARP, 'CELLO, VIOLIN.
THANKSGIVING DAY SERVICES AT 7:30, 10 AND 11 A. M., (RECTOR.)

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St.
Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.
Services, 8, 10:15, 11, and 8. (Rector.)
THANKSGIVING DAY—Services 8 and 10:30 A. M.

GRACE CHURCH
Broadway and 10th Street.
Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion.......... 8 A. M.
Service and Sermon (Rector).......11 A. M.
Patriotic Service (Rector).......... 8 P. M.
Thanksgiving Day (Rector)..........11 A. M.
Daily Services, 9 A. M. and 12:30 Noon.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST.
Fifth Av., above 45th St.
Rev. Herbert Shipman, D. D., Rector, in the Federal Service as Chaplain 104th Field Artillery, U. S. A.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Rt. Rev. Edwin S. Lines, D. D., Bishop of Newark.
8 P. M.—Special music.
Thanksgiving Day.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th Street and Sixth Avenue.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. MOTTET.
12 M.—Holy Communion.
3 P. M.—Children's Service.
8 P. M.—Rev. Henri Anet of Belgium.
THANKSGIVING DAY.
11 A. M.—FESTIVAL SERVICE.
Preacher, Rev. Dr. Mottet.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11—Morning Prayer; Sermon by Rev. Stuart L. Tyson, D. D. 4 P. M.—CHORAL EVENSONG; Address by Dr. BRIDGES.
SPECIAL MUSIC, VIOLIN, ORGAN.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

CHAPEL OF THE REDEEMER, Dyckman District, Seaman Av. & Isham St., (W. 208th.)
Rev. C. A. WOODWARD.
8 A. M., Holy Communion; 9:45, Sunday School.
11 A. M., Morning Prayer and Sermon.
10 A. M., Thanksgiving Day, Holy Communion.

All Souls' Church, Anthon Memorial,
St. Nicholas Av., 115th St.
Rev. Geo. Starkweather Pratt, Rector.
11 A. M., Rev. VICTOR R. JARVIS.
Evening, the Rev. CANON CHEAFE CHASE of Brooklyn will preach. Subject: "THE PRESENT CRISIS OF THE PRESENT TEMPERANCE QUESTION."

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION,
1 East 29th St. Dr. HOUGHTON, Rector.
COMMUNIONS: 7, 8, and 9 A. M.
10:30—Sermon and Cruickshank's Mass.
4 o'clock—Procession and Choral Evensong.

ST. ANDREW'S, (EPISCOPAL,)
5th Av. and 127th St.
DR. VAN DE WATER preaches at 11 A. M. and at 4 P. M.
Vocal and organ Recital at Vespers.
Thanksgiving Day, 10:30 A. M.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 44th St.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
Preacher, Rev. Leighton Parks, D. D.
2:45 P. M.—Sunday School.
4 P. M.—Evensong and Address.
Preacher, Rev. Percy Gordon.
Intercession for those at war daily from 12 to 12:10.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 71st St.
Rev. FRANK WARFIELD CROWDER, Rector.
8 A. M., 11 A. M., (Rector); 8 P. M., service for relatives and friends of the men who have gone to the war. (Rev. Dr. MILO H. GATES.) Wartime Intercessions daily except Saturday at 12 o'clock.

ST. LUKE'S, Convent Av. and 141st St.
Services 8, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. G. W. DOUGLAS, D. D., 11 A. M.
Rev. E. M. H. KNAPP, 8 P. M.

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
10th St., west of 2d Av.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
11—Fifth in series of sermons on "Immortality and the Soul's Praise." Subject: "The Divine Image in the Inspired Child's Eye." The final sermon in this series will be preached on Thanksgiving Day at 10 A. M.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St.—Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector. Anniversary of the Choirs. Low masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9. Solemn Mass and Sermon, (Rector,) 10:45; Evensong and Sermon, (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.,) 4.
Thanksgiving Day Services.—Low masses, 7, 7:30, 9:30. Solemn Mass and Sermon, (Rector,) 10:45. Solemn Vespers, 5.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 28 W. 84th St.
Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, D. D., Rector.
Services, 8, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH, 69th St., near Broadway.—Services, 8, 11 A. M., 4 P. M.
Rev. Nathan A. Seagle, D. D., Rector.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH.
5th Av. and 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M. Holy Communion.
11 A. M. Morning Service and Sermon (Rector)
4 P. M. Evensong and Address (Rector.)
8 P. M. Hour of Organ Music.
Thanksgiving Day, Thursday, 8, 11, (Rector.)

TRINITY CHAPEL.
West 25th St., Near Broadway.
Sunday Services: 8 A. M., Holy Communion; 11 A. M., Morning Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon; 3:15 P. M., Children's Service; 4 P. M., Evening Prayer. Thursday, 7:30 A. M., Holy Communion and War Intercession.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th St.
Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L. 8, 11, (The Rector.) 8, (Rev. F. Burgess, Jr.)
THANKSGIVING DAY.
Holy Communion..........9:45 A. M.
Morn'g Prayer, Preacher, The Rector, 10:30 A. M.

REFORMED.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St. Rev. J. R. DURYEE, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 & 8 o'clock.

HAMILTON GRANGE CHURCH,
Convent and 149th, near Amsterdam Av.
11 A. M.—Rev. J. Prescott Searle, D. D.
8 P. M.—Rev. W. W. Clarke.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Avenue and 123d Street.
Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. EDGAR FRANKLIN ROMIG will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Service on Thanksgiving Day at 10:30 A. M. Mr. Romig will preach.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister, will preach.
11 A. M., "Jerusalem Besieged."
8 P. M., "Martha's Mistake."
On Thanksgiving Day the congregation of the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas unites with this congregation in a service in this Church at 11 A. M. Rev. Malcolm James MacLeod, D. D., will preach.

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAS. MACLEOD, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M.
At 8 P. M. Special Praise Service.
Church School 9:45 A. M.
On Thanksgiving Day this congregation unites with the Marble Collegiate Church in a service in that Church at 11 A. M. Dr. MacLeod will preach.

WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. At 4:30 P. M. Special Music, Mendelssohn's "Hymn of Praise."
On Thanksgiving Day the congregation of the Knox Memorial Chapel unites with this congregation in a service in this Church at 11 A. M. Dr. Cobb will preach.

THE FORT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.
Rev. IRVING H. BERG, D. D., Minister, will preach.
11 A. M., "The Reformed Church in America." 8 P. M., "After the War Is Over."
A Union Service in this Church on Thanksgiving Day at 10:30 A. M. Rev. Frederick C. Harding of the Chelsea Methodist Episcopal Church will preach.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS. Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., B'klyn.
RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox.)—Meetings 11 o'clock, 30 Gramercy Park, Manhattan, and Lafayette and Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

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Meetings for Worship, Healing, and Psychic Demonstrations, Sunday, 8 P. M. Classes Monday, Wednesday, Friday evenings, 8 o'clock.

THEOSOPHY.

AT HOTEL BILTMORE, 42D AND Mad. Av., Sunday Evening, 8:15.
L. W. ROGERS,
National Lecturer, Theosophical Society.
Subject: "OUR LIFE AFTER DEATH."

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, 25 West 45th St. Public lecture Sunday evening, 8:15, "Ancient Scandinavian Mysticism," C. H. A. Bjerregaard.

UNITARIAN.

ALL SOULS', (UNITARIAN,)
Fourth Avenue and 20th Street.
"THE MAJESTY OF THE SPIRIT," topic of sermon by the Minister, Rev. Dr. WM. LAURENCE SULLIVAN. Services at 11 A. M. All cordially invited.
FREEDOM FOR THE MIND, POWER IN THE CONSCIENCE, WORSHIP IN THE HEART—SUCH ARE THE AIMS OF THIS CHURCH.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH,
Corner 121st Street. Services at 11.
"IMMORALISM."
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., Minister.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, Park Av. and 34th St.—11 A. M., JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, "THANKSGIVING OR PENITENCE—WHICH?" 8:15 P. M., DARWIN P. KINGSLEY, "A NEW CHARTER OF LIBERTY."

UNIVERSALIST.

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY,
Central Park West and 76th St.
FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 A. M., "THEY ALSO SERVE," and at 8 P. M., "NEW GODS FOR OLD."
Thanksgiving Service Thursday, 11 A. M.

Y. M. C. A.

BEHIND THE GERMAN VEIL,
J. M. De Beaufort,
E. Side Y. M. C. A., 153 E. 86th St., 4 P. M.

DR. FRANK CRANE,
"The Need of Ideals."
West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 W. 57 St., 4 P. M.

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23d St. Y. M. C. A., 215 W. 23d St., Sun. 4 P.M.
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SPECIAL MUSIC, SAILORS' QUARTETTE.

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CENTRAL Y. W. C. A., 610 LEX. AV.
SUNDAY, NOV. 25, at 3:30 P. M.
PATRIOTIC THANKSGIVING SERVICE.
Speaker, MR. L. E. McLACHLIN.

OTHER SERVICES.

"Christian Science Under the Searchlight of the Bible." Prof. C. T. Everson, Lecturer. Casino Thr., 39th St. & B'way, Sun., 8 P. M. Large Chorus. Mary Dan Harbaugh, soloist. Largest Sunday night audience in New York.

OTHER SERVICES.

BOWERY MISSION, 227 BOWERY.
THANKSGIVING AND ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATIONS, on THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1917.
Meeting at 3 P. M. Addresses by Rev. W. H. Morgan, D. D., Rev. F. F. Y. Pierce, D. D., and Rev. F. Ernest Johnson. Meeting at 7:30 P. M. Addresses by Rev. Theodore Sedgwick and Rev. Frederick F. Shannon, D. D.
After each meeting a Thanksgiving Dinner to men. Visitors to the city cordially invited.
J. G. HALLIMOND, Superintendent.

FREE PUBLIC LECTURE NOV. 26 AT 8:30, Brooklyn Public Library, Franklin Av., near Fulton, by Dr. J. N. Wilkie. Subject, "Man and Superman."

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH,
44th St. and 8th Av.
Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Pastor. 10:30 A. M. preaching by the pastor. SUBJECT: "Prophetic Signals in the Jewish Situation and Present War Conditions in Palestine; 8 P. M., Evangelistic service and special message by ex-Gambler FRANK GOODMAN, who will tell the thrilling story of his life and his conversion.

A. A. LINDSAY, M. D., PSYCHOLOGIST.
Carnegie Chapter Hall. Seats free.
"A THOUGHT IS A SEED—WHAT OF THE HARVEST?"
Dr. Lindsay also gives lectures at Hotel Majestic Tuesday and Friday nights; will take up residence at the Waldorf Dec. 1.

MEDITATION.
JAMES PORTER MILLS, M. D., will speak in his Lecture Room, 1015 Aeolian Hall, 42d Street, Sundays at Eleven o'clock. General subject: Scripture Illumination in the Solving of Human Problems. The Teaching and Practicing of Meditation. Contribution.

MID-WEEK BIBLE STUDY.
THE METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
N. E. Cor. 7th Av. and 128th St.
Instructor, Rev. JOSEPH W. KEMP.
Wednesday, 8 P. M., "THE GOSPEL OF THE ENERGIES OF JESUS."

DOYERS STREET.
5-7. RESCUE SOCIETY, Old Chinese Theatre. Inspiring Gospel Service nightly, 10 P. M. T. J. Noonan, Superintendent.

SEARS SUNDAY SERVICE
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CRITERION THEATRE,
Broadway at 44th St.
Sunday, 11:15 a. m., F. W. SEARS, Orator.
Subject: "A SUCCESSFUL CALAMITY."

The Elect Prophetic Bible Movement, "Upper Room Meetings;" only sincere Christians. Sunday, 3 and 8 P. M. 510 W. 42d.

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 50 W. 67th St.—Swami Bodhananda, "Attachment and Non-attachment," 3 P. M.

BROOKLYN CHURCHES

CONGREGATIONAL.

Central Congregational Church, Hancock St., between Bedford and Franklin Avs., (take Fulton St. "L" or surface to Franklin Av.) Pastor, Rev. S. Parkes Cadman, D. D., preaches at 11 A. M., and 7:45 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS,
Remsen and Henry Sts., (2 blocks from Borough Hall Subway Station.)
Rev. Richard Roberts will preach at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.
Special Musical Service 7:45 P. M.
Elgar's Oratorio "Light of Life."
Quartet, String Quartet, and Choir.

ETHICAL CULTURE.

SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.
Brooklyn Academy of Music. 11 A. M., Dr. ALGERNON S. CRAPSEY, "The People and the President."

PRESBYTERIAN.

BEDFORD, Nostrand Av. and Dean St.
Pastor, S. EDWARD YOUNG.
10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corner of South Oxford St.
Dr. ALBERTSON at 10:30 and 7:45.
Special Noble music in the evening.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

SAINT JAMES EPISCOPAL CHURCH,
Lafayette Av. and St. James Place.
Rev. EDGAR MORRIS THOMPSON, Rector.
Holy Eucharist, 8, 9:30 and 11 A. M.
HORATIO PARKER'S "HORA NOVISSIMA," 4 P. M., with distinguished soloists.
ALL CORDIALLY INVITED.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
8:30, 11, and 8, (Dr. McConnell at 11.)

UNITARIAN.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian.)
Pierrepont St. and Monroe Place, Brooklyn.
11 A. M.—JOHN HOWLAND LATHROP, "My Attitude Toward the War."

Y. M. C. A.

DR. S. PARKES CADMAN,
"AFTER ELECTION, WHAT?"
Sunday, 3:30 P. M. Men only. Free.
Bedford Br. Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av.
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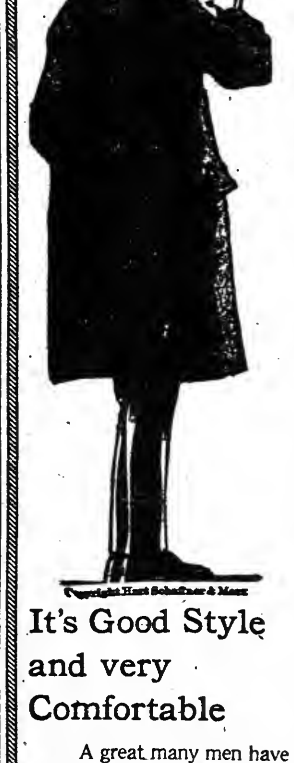
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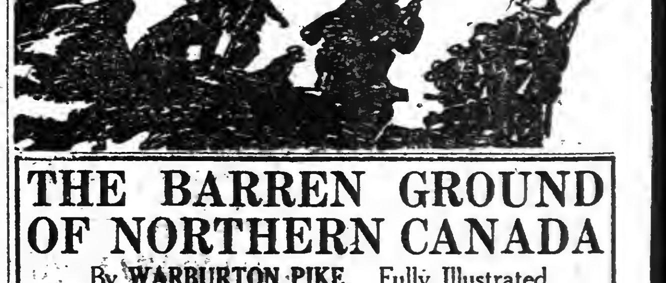

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The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, continued cold Sunday and Monday; northwest to north winds.
For full weather report see Page 22.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,855. NEW YORK, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1917.—112 PAGES, In Nine Parts, Including Picture and Magazine Sections in Rotogravure. FIVE CENTS In Greater New York / Elsewhere SEVEN CENTS

EASTERN ROADS TO BE RUN AS ONE; WAR EXPERIMENT

All Their Facilities Will Be Pooled for the Expeditious Movement of Freight.

ORDERED BY WAR BOARD

Operating Vice Presidents a Committee to Carry Out Revolutionary Program.

TO SHIFT MEN FROM WEST

Locomotives Also to be Brought East—Coal and Coal Cars to be Pooled.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The entire railroad system of the eastern part of the United States will be revolutionized in operation for war purposes in accordance with action taken today by the Railroads' War Board after consultation with heads of Government organizations devoted to war activities. Direction was given by the Railroads' War Board "that all available facilities on all railroads east of Chicago be pooled to the extent necessary to furnish maximum freight movement."

This means that the Eastern railroads are to be operated as a unit as long as the present emergency exists, probably for the period of the war. No Eastern railroad will be operated as a separate entity, but will take its orders in the handling of freight from a central body composed of the operating Vice Presidents of the Eastern lines, who have been instructed by the Railroads' War Board to adopt all measures which in their judgment may be necessary to relieve the present situation and assure the maximum amount of transportation.

An official statement issued tonight by the Railroads' War Board says the measures adopted are "revolutionary." Part of the program agreed upon is already in effect. It is expected that the entire revolutionary change in railroad operation will be in full swing on Monday. Vigorous instructions have gone out to the various railroads affected to conform to the plan.

Question of Pool Legality.

There seems to be a question as to the legality of the pooling arrangement, but the Railroads' War Board obtained assurances from the Government officials with which it conferred today that they believed the pooling ordered was permissible in this time of war. At any rate, the Railroads' War Board, which is a voluntary non-government organization composed of railway executives, felt justified under the stress of circumstances to take its chances on going contrary to the interstate commerce statutes in the knowledge that it was acting from patriotic motives.

The arrangement made did not embrace all the measures which the railroads have contemplated adopting. The passenger problem must be met soon. It is the understanding that the Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio Railroads will reduce their through passenger service between Eastern points and Chicago, thus compelling those finding it necessary to take fast trains to patronize other paralleling lines. In addition, roads that handle the bulk of coal, coke, and steel products will stop carrying other materials, but the new arrangements will enable shippers to have these other materials carried over lines that are not so largely devoted to transporting coal, coke, and steel.

Another problem yet to be adjusted relates to the advisability of refusing to carry non-essentials and luxuries and the materials necessary for their production. Flowers and confectionery are regarded as in this class. It was proposed recently by the railroads that they should not haul coal for the use of florists. The railroads estimated that if this were done great quantities of coal needed for war industry would be saved. The florists protested so vigorously, however, that action was deferred. They represented that their industry would come to a standstill if they could not heat their hothouses, and that thousands of people would be thrown out of work.

The Measures to Be Taken.

Official announcement was made tonight that the measures which the railroads' War Board and the Committee of Operating Vice Presidents would put into effect at once were as follows:

"All available facilities on all railroads east of Chicago will be pooled to the extent necessary to furnish maximum freight movement.

"All open-top cars of all Eastern roads and similar cars of private ownership which are at home on Eastern lines will be pooled on an equitable plan, distribution under the pool to be made pro rata on the basis of the tonnage-carrying capacity of the equipment in the pool. The car pool should be administered under the direction of the Car Service Commission.

"The Commission on Car Service will divert from those lines where the congestion is most acute all freight that can be handled by any open route until the congestion is relieved.

"The pooling of coal will be further extended wherever practicable.

"The National Fuel Administration is asked to arrange for supplying the various coal markets from the nearest coal mines, in order to avoid waste of car efficiency.

"Any order that preference be given

Continued on Page 6.

Stop mouth breathing; prevent chin flabbiness. USE DAVIS CHIN SUPPORTER—See Rotogravure Section, Part 6, Page 3.—Advt.

American Steamer Sunk by U-Boat in Mediterranean

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The American steamer Schuylkill has been torpedoed and sunk in the Mediterranean. The Navy Department was advised today that forty men of her crew had been landed at a Mediterranean port. There was no naval armed guard aboard. Whether there was loss of life was not known here, but it was assumed that the forty men rescued comprised the vessel's complement. Secretary Daniels made this announcement:

"The Navy Department is in receipt of advices that forty of the crew of the American steamer Schuylkill, which had been torpedoed, have been landed at a Mediterranean port. No navy men were aboard."

Both German and Austrian submarines are operating in the Mediterranean, but so far as is known the nationality of the submarine which sank the Schuylkill was not determined.

10 KILLED BY BOMB IN POLICE STATION

Others Hurt by Explosion of Missile Found in Basement of a Milwaukee Church.

BUILDING NEARLY WRECKED

Most of the Victims Were Policemen—One Woman Among Those Killed.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 24.—Ten persons were killed and several injured tonight when a bomb, designed to destroy the Italian Evangelical Church, in the heart of the Third Ward, an Italian settlement, exploded in Central Police Station, where it had been carried for examination. Seven detectives, two policemen, and one woman were killed.

The bomb, evidently with a time fuse attached, was found in the basement of the church. Police Headquarters were called and Detective McKinney was sent to get the missile. On his way he met an Italian named Mazuinni, who was taking the bomb to headquarters. McKinney accompanied him back to the station.

While Mazuinni was taken into the office of Lieutenant Flood for questioning, Desk Sergeant Henry Deckart took the bomb into the patrolmen's room.

Meanwhile detectives were answering roll call on the second floor, and just before dismissal they were informed that the bomb had been found. On going downstairs they grouped about the missile. It was then that the bomb exploded, killing seven of the number instantly.

The lower floor of the building was shattered and every window throughout the structure was broken by the shock. The dead are:

Detective DAVID O'BRIEN.
Detective FRANK COSWIN.
Detective PAUL WEILER.
Detective STEPHEN H. STECKER.
Detective JOHN SEEHAWER.
Detective FRED KAISER.
Detective ALBERT TEMPLIN.
Operator SPINDLER.
HENRY DECKERT, Desk Sergeant.
Mrs. CATHERINE WALKER.

Among the seriously injured are:

Detective FRED HARTMAN.
Detective BERGEN.

Mrs. Walker came into the station house to make a complaint just before the explosion occurred.

Lieutenant Flood, in charge of the station at night, escaped.

According to one of the detectives, the bomb was a cylinder-shaped affair, about one foot in length and eight inches in diameter. Inserted in the top was a small bottle of liquid, supposedly nitroglycerine.

The explosion, which was heard throughout the main section of the city, brought thousands of persons to the scene. Firemen from a station near by aided in the work of rescue. Many of the bodies as they were taken from the building were removed to the county jail, which is just across the street from the Police Station. From there they were taken to the Morgue.

The dead and injured were scattered all over the squad room.

Details of firemen were dispatched through the building. On the second story, just over the squad room, where the police operators work, the body of Edward Spidler was found. He was killed at his post by a metal missile that came through from the floor below.

Seated at either side of him were Arthur Van Pieterson and Otto Gerlach. Neither was injured beyond the shock of the explosion.

Further investigation of the station proved that all other occupants of the building escaped unscathed.

Lieutenant Flood, in his office, just across the hall, was thrown from his chair and stunned, but he was at work in the squad room death house before other rescuers arrived.

Mazuinni was absolved of all blame by the police. The woman killed was Catherine Walker. She had gone to the police station to report a robbery, and was standing in the hall waiting to get into the lieutenant's office when the bomb exploded.

When a searching party, equipped with Fire Department lights, entered the squad room the scene was a shock even to the policemen and firemen, who are used to tragic emergencies.

The body of Detective Dave O'Brien lay in the centre of the room. He was lying face downward, partially covered with debris. Detective Stecker's body was found near the entrance to the squad room. He appeared to have received the full force of the charge. His body was mangled. Inside of his clothing was found a piece of steel about two inches square which passed through his body. His face, however, was not even scarred.

The body of the woman was found in a position indicating that she was passing out of the door leading to the squad room.

The damage to the station will not exceed $1,000. It is the belief of the police that the bomb was placed in the Evangelical Church by anarchists friendly to the Italians recently arrested for breaking up a patriotic meeting being held by a missionary from the church. A meeting was to have been held in the church tonight, and the bomb was so timed that it would have exploded during the meeting.

HOTEL SEVILLE—Fifth Avenue & 29th Street, Cor. Madison Avenue. Well arranged suites—all three—fully furnished—yearly and season leases. Excellent Restaurant. Purchas & Garrety, Mgrs.—Advt.

MILITARY GUARDS PUT IN CONTROL OF RIVER FRONTS

Armed Soldiers to Go on Duty on City Piers at Midnight Tonight.

WILL SHOOT TRESPASSERS

Unidentified Persons, Whether Citizens or Aliens, Must Not Enter Barred Zones.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST FIRE

All Systems of Patrol and Prevention, Must Be Reported, and, Where Insufficient, Improved.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—New York piers devoted to the shipment of war supplies will be placed under military guard at midnight tomorrow. This order, designating regular soldiers to act in the enforcement of the President's proclamation against enemy aliens, was promulgated tonight by the Department of Justice, acting with the War Department. Within a reasonable time this military guard will be extended to cover all the piers, munitions factories, and warehouses in New York, Brooklyn, and Hoboken, and the entire sea coast.

Regular soldiers, dressed in the full blue dress uniform of the regular army, and armed with bayonets and loaded rifles, will act as the patrol along the New York water front. They will be dressed in blue to distinguish them from the ordinary soldier in khaki, and to serve notice upon the public that their duty is imperative and their orders must be obeyed.

They will have instructions to shoot all persons, aliens or citizens, entering the barred zone, 100 yards from piers, docks and warehouses, unless identified by special private guards to be supplied by pier owners. Alien enemies, under the President's proclamation, may not enter the prohibited zones in any circumstances, and must move out if they already have business or residence places within the 100-yard limit. By this strict system of patrol the Government hopes to eliminate the possibility of enemy plotters causing fires and explosions on piers and in waterfront warehouses.

Instructions issued to pier owners and those having business at the ports call attention to the strict observance by the public of the military control. Pier owners under the new instructions must furnish a list of their employes and their nationality, and passes will be issued to those approved by the Department of Justice granting them the right to pass the military guard.

In furtherance of the plans of the Government to prevent a recurrence of fires at piers and in warehouses, the Department of Justice will demand a stricter fire control and fire prevention system on the piers and in the warehouses. The orders issued tonight call for a report by the pier owners of these facilities, and where they are found to be insufficient the War Department will compel improvements to be made.

Instructions to the pier owners, and general instructions as to the patrolling of the waterfronts were sent today to United States Marshals in New York, Brooklyn, and Hoboken. These officials will confer tomorrow at 11 o'clock with the General commanding the Department of the East at Governors Island. The soldiers who will patrol the prohibited district will be under the command of the Department of the East, although military law will not prevail in the military zone. Where arrests are made by the soldiers they will be turned over to the police.

The Department of Justice advises that the barred zone be marked by some sort of a line, and that signs notifying alien enemies not to pass be placed at frequent intervals. In cases of street cars or railroads passing through the barred district, Germans will not be permitted to be aboard, even for continuous passage. Any found within the zone for any reason whatever will be arrested and probably interned for the period of the war. Permits previously granted to Germans to enter waterfront zones are revoked. The restrictions, however, do not apply to public ferries.

Instructions to Persons Owning or Operating Waterfront Shipping Facilities.

I.

On Nov. 16, 1917, the President issued a proclamation providing additional regulations concerning alien enemies, of which Regulation 13 reads as follows:

13. An alien enemy shall not approach or be found within one hundred yards of any canal, nor within one hundred yards of any wharf, pier, or dock used directly by or by means of lighters by any vessel or vessels of over five hundred (500) tons gross engaged in foreign or domestic trade other than fishing; nor within one hundred yards of any warehouse, shed, elevator, railroad terminal, or other terminal, storage or transfer facility adjacent to or operated in connection with any such wharf, pier, or dock; and wherever the distance between any two of such wharves, piers, or docks, measured along the piers line connecting them, is less than eight hundred and eighty yards, an alien enemy shall not approach or be found within one hundred yards of such shore line.

II.

The object of the proclamation is to provide adequate protection of shipping and of docks, piers, wharves, warehouses, elevators, and similar waterfront facilities actually engaged in the operation of shipping, particu-

Continued on Page 7.

THROUGH SLEEPER TO MIAMI also to Pinehurst from N. Y. 3:34 P. M. daily. Ins. Seaboard Air Line Ry., 1184 Broadway.—Advt.

RODWAY'S MAYONNAISE—a word to the "wives" is sufficient.—Advt.

Report Kerensky Planning for Future Activities

CHRISTIANIA, Nov. 24.—Dr. David Soskice, confidential secretary to A. F. Kerensky, the deposed Russian Premier, passed through Christiania today on his way to England. He carries a message from Kerensky, who he declared is safe and preparing plans for future activities.

SANK SUBMARINE; CAPTURED CREW

Two American Destroyers with Depth Charge Made U-Boat Come to Surface.

SEAMEN ON DECK; HANDS UP

Germans Opened Seacocks of Disabled Craft—Two of Them Were Killed.

BASE OF THE AMERICAN FLOTILLA IN BRITISH WATERS, Nov. 24, (Associated Press.)—The American destroyers which were responsible for the latest sinking of a German submarine have returned to their base with flags flying. Their victory over the U-boat was one of the cleanest, neatest, and quickest pieces of anti-submarine work yet recorded by the American Squadron.

The submarine was disabled by a depth charge, rose to the surface three minutes after the charge was fired, hung hesitatingly at the surface for a moment, and then sank to its final place of lodgement at the bottom of the sea.

The pressure of water at the 200 feet or so depth at which she sank soon completed the work of destruction on the strained plates of the submarine's hull. For a long time bubbles and oil continued to rise in great gulps from the grave where she lay, and then the Americans made assurance complete in a manner of which it is unnecessary to go into details.

Prepared to Fire Torpedo.

It was daylight, with good visibility, when the periscope was sighted by the lookout of a destroyer which, with a sister craft, was engaged in its customary duties. The submarine commander was just preparing to fire a torpedo, either at one of the destroyers or at a merchantman near-by.

"Periscope two points off the starboard bow!" sang out a lookout in a voice which could be heard from end to end of the craft. Instantly an alarm to general quarters was sounded and the helm thrown hard over. Signal flags were swung out notifying the sister ship of the exact location of the enemy. At the same time the heliograph began its staccato flashing of orders for a combined attack.

A scant eighteen inches of periscope had shown above the surface of the sea 400 yards distant for a few instants and then vanished. In less time than it takes to tell, the destroyer, under the impetus of suddenly opened throttles, had fairly leaped into the track where the periscope had disappeared.

Terrific Depth Charge.

At the proper moment the commander of the bridge released a depth charge from its fixed place. The powerful explosive, 300 pounds in weight, in its steel case, sank with a little splash into the destroyer's wake, and at the regulated depth responded to the bidding of its valves and burst in a terrific explosion.

A vast extent of water was upheaved and rose in a column to a great height. That the charge had found its mark was shown by a mass of oil and bubbles which marked the spot as the water found its level.

Meanwhile, a second destroyer passed through the boiling, oily waters and dropped a second depth charge, and then followed the tactics of the first destroyer in circling the spot. The two destroyers did not have long to wait. In less than three minutes there was a rush of water and the U-boat, whale-like, came to the surface not more than 500 yards away from the first destroyer.

The Americans were taking no chances on a German trick. The gun crews stood with their guns, machine guns, and torpedo tubes trained on the stricken enemy, ready to let loose a shower of steel in case the submarine showed fight. But the U-boat was badly stricken; the explosive charge had done its work thoroughly.

U-Boat Rose Disabled.

Although the upper part of the boat appeared to have been untouched, it was evident from her actions that the submarine was unmanageable. She was badly listed, owing to the damage to her ballast tanks, and it was apparent that her steering gear, and probably also her engines, had jammed.

The three minutes which elapsed between the time the depth charges were fired and the time she emerged, as if catapulted, provide food for interesting speculation. It is probable she was driven to the bottom by the force of the explosion, but retained enough buoyancy to rise to the surface. But by the time she reached the open air the strain had done its work and she hung on the surface of the water only for a moment and then began to settle again, at first hesitatingly, soon with evidence of complete collapse.

During that brief period several American sailors jumped into the sea, in an effort to get the prize buoyed up with hawsers so she could be towed to port. One line was fastened to the submarine successfully, but before it

Continued on Page 3.

SEARS SUCCESS SERVICES, 11 A. M. Criterion Theatre, Broadway at 44th St.—Advt.

West End Restaurant, New management. Cabaret, Jazz, Dancing. West 125 St.—Advt.

BYNG TAKES RIDGE IN BOURLON WOOD; TANKS JOIN IN ATTACK ON FONTAINE; TROTZKY BARES RUSSIA'S COMPACTS

GIVE WAR AIMS OF ALLIES

Russia to Define East Germany; France and England West.

DEAL FOR CONSTANTINOPLE

Muscovites to Get Dardanelles and Opposed Putting Poland Under Allies.

BRITISH SPHERE IN PERSIA

Ban on German Trade in China—Separate Mussulman Government in Arabia.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 23, (Delayed.)—The text of certain confidential communications between the Russian Foreign Office and foreign Governments was published today by Bolshevik and Social-Revolutionist newspapers at the instigation of Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevik Foreign Minister. Trotzky says that the documents are those of the "Czaristic bourgeois and coalition Governments," and from them "the Russian nation and all nations in the world must learn the truth of the plans secretly made by financiers and traders through their parliamentary and diplomatic agents."

German and Austrian politicians, Trotzky declares, may try to make capital out of these documents, but he warns them that when the German proletariat, by means of a revolution, secures access to their Chancelleries they will find there documents which will show up in no better light than those now published.

One of the documents published is a letter, dated Sept. 26 last, from M. Terestchenko, then Russian Foreign Minister, to the Russian Ambassador at Washington. The letter instructed the Ambassador to express to Secretary Lansing high appreciation of the fact that the American Ambassador at Petrograd, David R. Francis, refrained from joining in the representations by the British, French and Italian Ambassadors that some measures must be taken to increase the fighting capacity of the Russian armies. The letter added that this action had a depressing effect, inasmuch as the Allies knew the energy which the Russian Government was exerting toward carrying on the war.

Branting Letter Printed.

One of the letters published was from the Russian Ambassador at Stockholm. In it Hjalmar Branting, the Socialist leader, was represented as having said in a confidential conversation regarding the proposed international Socialist conference, that if M. Kerensky, then Premier, did not reject the idea of a conference, but entered objections on the grounds that it was inopportune, the Dutch-Scandinavian committee would have to conform.

The first State document published deals with the desire of Russia to acquire the Dardanelles, Constantinople, the west shore of the Bosporus, and certain defined areas in Asia Minor. It sets forth the demand of France and England that Russia agreed to the freedom of Constntinople for cargoes not from or to Russian ports, the retention of the hold of the Mussulman on places in Arabia under a separate Mussulman Government, and the inclusion of certain parts of Persia in the sphere of British influence.

This document indicates that Russia agreed on the whole, but proposed an amendment demanding a clearer definition in regard to the Government of Mussulman territory and the freedom of pilgrimage. It defines the Russian sphere of influence, and indicates her concern about the northern boundary of Afghanistan, and also sets forth Italy's agreement provided her claims in the East are recognized.

Boundaries of Germany.

The second document is a telegram from M. Izvolsky, Russian Ambassador to France, dated March 11, 1917, and stating that France recognizes Russia's freedom to define her western boundaries. This was followed by a telegram from Sergius Sazonoff, former Minister of Foreign Affairs, assuring M. Izvolsky that the agreement with France and England in regard to the Constantinople straits need not be reexamined, and stating the willingness of Russia to give France and England the freedom of defining the western boundaries of Germany, in exchange for the freedom allowing Russia to define the eastern boundary of Germany, but insisting on the exclusion of the Polish question as a matter of international discussion, and instructing M. Izvolsky to counteract an attempt to place the future of Poland under control of the powers.

M. Sazonoff's telegram, continuing, says that Russia must prevent Sweden from becoming unfriendly, and by all means must earn the friendship of Norway, and that all political efforts to influence Rumania already had been

Continued on Page 2.

DINNER AT THE HOTEL ANSONIA, B'way at 73rd St., every Sunday, 7 P. M. Served home style (different). $1.50.—Advt.

We Have the Foe in a Deadly Grip, Says Lloyd George, Exhorting Employers and Workmen to Co-operate

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Addressing a deputation of employers and workmen engaged in shipbuilding who called upon him today with suggestions for the best means of obtaining the greatest possible output of new ships, Premier Lloyd George urged better co-operation.

"We are fighting for our lives," said the Premier. "We have terrible struggle on hand before us, but if we are secure on the seas, well, to use the phrase, we have got them; they cannot escape us.

"We have got them in a deadly grip, and, knowing the character of the people of this country as I do, they do not let go, once they have started. That is their historical character, and the Germau knows it. He is aware that our grip is a deadly one, once we begin, and he is trying to unloosen it.

"He is attempting to get us at what he considers is our most vulnerable point, namely, our communications on the sea. He will not succeed. But it depends very largely on you, and you can only get the best results by good-will and co-operation and by throwing the whole of your energy and strength into the task."

DUKHONIN FOUGHT ARMISTICE PLAN

Openly Questioned Authority of Lenine and the Council of Commissaries.

HIS DISMISSAL CONDEMNED

Non-Bolsheviki Press Declares Actions of Lenine and His Associates Are High Treason.

BY HAROLD WILLIAMS.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 23 (via London, Nov. 24.)—Words fail to indicate the new depths of the tragedy now opening out before Russia. Yesterday Lenine and Krylenko spoke with General Dukhonin by direct wire. In categorical form the Bolsheviki leaders demanded of the Commander in Chief immediate execution of their order to conclude an armistice and reprimanded him for delay.

"Before replying," Dukhonin said, "I should like information on the following points: Has the Council of the People's Commissaries had an answer from the powers to its appeal to belligerent nations regarding a peace decree? What is to be done with the Rumanian army which forms part of our front? Is it intended to open negotiations regarding an armistice, and with whom—only with Germans or with Turks—or are negotiations to be opened for a general truce?"

The Bolsheviki gave no explanations and categorically insisted on the opening of negotiations for an armistice without delay.

General Dukhonin Protests.

"I can only understand," Dukhonin replied, "that immediate negotiations with the powers are impossible for us; still less are they possible for me in your name. Only the central Government, supported by the army and the country, can have sufficient weight with our enemy to make such negotiations authoritative and to secure results. I also consider that it is in the interests of Russia that a general peace should be concluded as soon as possible. But I repeat that the peace necessary for Russia can only be concluded by the central Government."

The reply was: "In the name of the Government of the Russian Republic and of the Council of the People's Commissaries, we dismiss you from your post for disobeying the Government's orders and for conduct that brings unheard-of calamities to the working classes of all countries, and especially to the armies. Ensign Krylenko is appointed Commander in Chief."

The non-Bolshevik press unanimously condemns this step as open treason. The Den says:

"If the action of Lenine, Trotzky and Krylenko is not high treason, is not betrayal of Russia, is not service to German imperialism, we should like to ask what else can be done to secure the right to bear the name of traitor to Russia and of German agent. * * * Proletarians of all countries, we believe, will soon be reunited, and they will unite in despising and cursing the country that has betrayed all peoples who are tortured by the horrors of war."

Even the Novaya Zhiza describes the actions of Lenine and his friends as "behavior of lunatics which will bring on Russia a calamity of disorderly demobilization."

The allied Ambassadors and Ministers yesterday held a conference. They applied to their Governments for instructions on the point that an attempt to conclude a separate peace was a breach of the Treaty of London.

NO PEACE OFFER TO AUSTRIA.

Accommodating Terms from Russia Acceptable, Premier Says.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 24.—Answering an interpellation in the Austrian House of Deputies, Premier von Seydler, according to a Vienna dispatch, declared that on information from the Foreign Minister up to this time no Russian peace offer had been made on the eastern front.

The Premier added that the offer would be examined in a benevolent spirit, and that accommodating terms would be accepted. Unusual conditions in Russia, he said, did not allow clear judgment as to whether the peace party there would be able to accomplish its object.

WEST END RESTAURANT, Harlem's oldest landmark, West 125th St.—Advt.

FURIOUS ASSAULTS OF TEUTONS FAIL

Italians Hold the Invaders on Asiago, Brenta, and Piave Fronts.

RECAPTURE MONTE TOMBA

Monte Pertica Also Recovered—Mountain Fighting Continues, with Heavy Losses.

ROME, Nov. 24.—Powerful thrusts which were carried out yesterday by the Austro-Germans, after heavy artillery preparation, on the Italian mountain front from the Asiago Plateau to the Brenta River all failed, the Italian War Office announced today.

The text of the statement reads:

On the mountain front from the Asiago Plateau to the Brenta powerful thrusts, which the enemy stubbornly carried out after heavy artillery preparation, all failed.

On the plains enemy groups attempting to cross the Piave River in boats were thrown into the water by cannon shots.

Italian Attacks Fail, Berlin Says.

BERLIN, Nov. 24, (via London.)—Italian attacks against the Austro-German positions west of the Brenta River and between the Brenta and Piave Rivers yesterday failed, the German War Office announced this afternoon.

The text of the statement follows:

West of the Brenta and between the Brenta and the Piave Italian attacks failed.

The supplementary report issued tonight says:

From Italy and the eastern war theatre no events of importance were reported.

Defenders Contest Every Foot.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 24, (Associated Press.)—Heavy fighting continued throughout last night on both sides of the Brenta River, with the result indecisive. Between the Brenta and Piave Rivers the Italians are contesting every foot of ground.

The enemy is attempting to come down the Brenta Valley on both banks of the river, in an effort to reach Bassano and the open plain. On the east bank the Fourth Army drove back two attacks in force. On the west bank the First Army took the initiative in a dashing attack to regain the lost position at the upper end of the Brenta Valley. The enemy's resistance was of a determined nature.

West of the Brenta the territory is now fairly held by the defenders, and the main enemy pressure is concentrated between the Brenta and the Piave, where the Italians are making a splendid resistance. The fighting has been desperate, and the losses are heavy.

Italians Retake Monte Tomba.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 23 (Delayed) (Associated Press).—The battle of the mountains is raging with unexampled violence. The Italians again hold the Monte Tomba and Monte Pertica positions, which they lost last night. The losses have been very great, but the enemy's far exceed those of the Italians.

On the outcome of the mountain battle depends the result of the enemy's greatest effort to break through the Italian lines to the Venetian plain. The recapture of the Italian positions on Monte Tomba was accomplished by a succession of brilliant charges which dyed the snows red and left the ground plied with enemy dead. Monte Pertica was lost and won four times, the enemy finally being thrown back.

The battle, which had been gradually gathering force in the last few days broke in full fury early yesterday and raged throughout the day, the night and today. The first blow was struck at Monte Pertica, where dense masses of enemy infantry were hurled against the Italian line. The fighting was extremely violent. Pertica was lost, then retaken, then lost again and then retaken again in such a whirlwind of enthusiasm as seldom has been seen before.

Two Teuton Divisions Engaged.

But the enemy's greatest blow was aimed at the strategic key of Monte Tomba and Monte Monfenera. Here the full force of two divisions, one German, the other Austrian, was hurled in a furious attack on the Italian right wing

Continued on Page 3.

On Page 19 of this section the Hamilton Garment Co., 307 Fifth Avenue, announces two record-breaking sales, one on Winter Coats and one on Dresses.—Advt.

Spend Thanksgiving at the Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia.—Advt.

CAMBRAI FIGHTING HEAVY

Desperate Efforts of Germans Fail to Hold British in Check.

TERRIFIC BATTLE IN WOOD

Byng's Men Push Steadily Forward Up the Slopes Against Intense Machine Gun Fire.

LOSE HEIGHTS A MOMENT

But Afterward Retake Them—Germans Still Cling to Adjoining Bourlon Town.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—All day long today heavy fighting has been proceeding in and about Bourlon Wood, three and a half miles west of Cambrai, and later today the British troops were holding the high ground there after beating off several intense German counterattacks.

Both the wood and the town of Bourlon, lying to the northwest, contain elevations which are well-nigh vital to the defense of Cambrai. Some of the high points in the wood were carried by Byng's soldiers yesterday against heavy resistance. The Germans still hold the town, and are also clinging tenaciously to Fontaine Notre Dame, a little to the eastward.

The official report tonight of the results of today's operations says:

Fierce fighting has taken place during the day in the neighborhood of Bourlon Wood, where the enemy made several determined attempts, with fresh troops to regain possession of the high ground.

This morning a strong hostile attack compelled our troops to give ground slightly in this area. Later in the day our troops counterattacked and re-established our former line.

On the extreme right of the Southern battle front we have improved our positions.

On the Ypres battle front the hostile artillery has again been active in the Passchendaele sector.

The day report of the War Office says:

Operations were successfully carried out by us yesterday west of Cambrai. After severe fighting, in which the Germans offered stubborn resistance, our troops stormed the important and dominating high ground about Bourlon Wood. To the east of Bourlon Wood some progress was made in the neighborhood of Fontaine Notre Dame.

West of the wood our troops made further progress along the Hindenburg line astride the Canal du Nord, in the vicinity of Moeuvres.

Further west, between Moeuvres and Queant, the London Scottish Regiment captured an important spur, giving observation over the Hindenburg line to the west and north.

In the vicinity of Bullecourt our troops gained further ground during the night, capturing a hostile strong point with a number of prisoners.

The number of prisoners captured in yesterday's attack has not yet been ascertained.

Since the beginning of the operations on Nov. 20 it is known that more than 100 guns have been taken by us, including several heavy guns of calibres up to 8 inches.

Germans Make Desperate Efforts.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Nov. 24, (Associated Press.)—The fighting yesterday at Bourlon Wood and around Fontaine was of a most desperate nature. The forest comprises 600 acres, and, while the ground is dry, it is covered with a heavy undergrowth, making an advance up the slopes difficult. The British troops yesterday morning were holding a line on the low ground about the southern fringe of the wood, and from these positions it was necessary to charge up the slopes in the face of a tremendous concentration of machine guns.

The infantry, co-operating with the tanks, pushed forward in the morning and hard fighting ensued immediately. At noon the Germans began putting a heavy artillery and machine-gun barrage along the roads to the south of the wood, rendering communication with the advancing troops more difficult.

Hand-to-hand fighting with bayonets began almost as soon as the British entered the forest, but by 1 o'clock in the afternoon they had battled forward half way through the wood. Two hours later the infantry were occupying a line through the centre of the wood and to the northwest of Fontaine.

The hand-to-hand combat continued with great fierceness throughout the afternoon, the assaulting troops gradually forcing the Germans back foot by foot toward the northern edge of the forest. The enemy still retained his hold on the village, which was strongly fortified with rapid firers.

Late in the afternoon the Germans delivered a determined counterattack from the north in an attempt to oust the British, but the latter held firm and drove the Germans back.

In the meantime a fierce conflict was proceeding near Fontaine also. The Germans were defending this place with rifles and machine guns, which they fired from the roofs and windows of the houses.

About 3:30 in the afternoon tanks were

reported to have forced an entrance and the place was said to be in flames. The Germans were able to maintain themselves in the village, however, and were still there at the latest reports.

Two counterattacks in the neighborhood of Cantaing were met and smashed yesterday afternoon. The British made a slight advance in this region during the day.

The British yesterday advanced their line still further to the west of Moeuvres, and there were meager reports indicating that this place was very closely invested.

Many more German guns have been found among the material captured, the number being estimated at about 100.

Prisoners were still coming back this morning. The correspondent passed two squadrons of mud-smeared Germans near the British front, who were being brought back to the cages.

Berlin Reports Successes.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—British attacks on the Cambrai front in France yesterday were repulsed in front of Bourlon, Fontaine, and La Folie Wood, it was announced today by the War Office. The statement adds that thirty British tanks lie shot to pieces before Fontaine. The bulletin reads:

Front of Crown Prince Rupprecht: There has been increased artillery activity in Flanders. Waves of fire of great violence alternated with less vigorous destructive fire between the railways leading from Boesinghe to Staden and from Ypres to Roulers.

Southwest of Cambrai the English again sought a decision. A sharp firing duel heralded a battle on the front from Queant to Banteux. A strong attack on Inchy collapsed in front of that village. Moeuvres was stubbornly defended by desperate fighting against many assaults.

The thrusts directed against Bourlon, Fontaine, and La Folie were of especial force. A wave of tanks in close formation was followed by deeply echeloned infantry. Their force broke down against the heroism of our troops and as the result of the destructive effect of our artillery.

The enemy, who was slowly gaining ground on Bourlon at the price of heavy sacrifices, was met by an attacking counterthrust of our tried troops. They again ejected him from the village and from Bourlon Wood. The same troops who, on the previous day, proved their magnificent attacking spirit in storming the village, fought in defense of it with equal firmness and bravery.

Before Fontaine alone thirty tanks are lying shot to pieces, which give a picture of the forces employed by the enemy.

Strong firing also continued in the course of the night in some fighting sectors. The effect of our artillery prevented night attacks against Rumilly and southwest of Masnières.

The supplementary statement, issued this evening, says:

British attacks against the villages of Inchy, Moeuvres, and Banteux failed.

In Flanders there was a strong artillery duel from Houltuist Wood to Becelaere.

South of the Scarpe increased artillery activity prevailed.

NEVER DREAMED OF ATTACK.

British on the Defensive, Wrote a German Officer.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Friday, Nov. 23, (Associated Press.)—Further evidence of the German unpreparedness for an offensive in the Cambrai sector was obtained today in the capture of an order drawn up by a German battalion commander the day before the attack. It was his summary of events for a week, and he drew this conclusion:

"The attitude of the enemy clearly is one of defensive."

This commander was stationed in the forward area, and it is apparent that he did not know what was going on. It is also evident that the higher command had no information, or it would have informed him.

The Germans have called upon every possible source to get troops to withstand the British attack. By raking many places in their line they apparently were able to the first forty-eight hours of fighting to bring literally two new divisions, and some five odd battalions. Today another division was brought up from the Aisne front, and the 119th Division from Flanders.

Owing to the British artillery work there is little doubt that the Germans will be forced to abandon Cambrai as a railhead for bringing up troops.

HEAVY FIRING NEAR VERDUN.

German Raids on the French Front Are Repulsed.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The announcement from the War Office tonight reads.

On the right bank of the Meuse the artillery action became very intense during the afternoon in the region of Beaumont and Bezonvaux.

The day report says:

During the night the enemy undertook several raids, especially in the region of Coucy and in the Argonne. He gained no success and suffered losses.

In the Champagne we took prisoners in a raid east of Auberive.

Everywhere else the night was calm.

Dunkirk was bombarded by airplanes last night. There were no victims and the damage was insignificant.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—The War Office bulletin today includes this statement about activities against the French:

Army Group of the German Crown Prince.—At many points on this front there was increased French activity.

DOWNED 1,030 AIRPLANES.

French Count 517 Certainly Destroyed and 513 Probably.

GRAND HEADQUARTERS OF THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 24, (Associated Press.)—The records of French aviators, including the members of the Lafayette Escadrille, for ten months ended Oct. 31, show that they destroyed 120 German airplanes over the French lines, and 397 over the German lines, whose destruction has been fully confirmed.

There were 513 others over the German lines which probably were destroyed, but confirmation of the fact was not obtainable. This makes a grand total of 1,030.

Twenty-two German captive balloons also were destroyed.

HELD CAPTIVE BY GERMANS?

New Hampshire Girl Writes of "Indignities" Suffered.

AYER, Mass., Nov. 24.—Indignities inflicted upon a 19-year-old American girl in Germany are described in a letter given out by the authorities at Camp Devens tonight. The letter was written to her brother, a private in the National Army, who turned the communication over to his superior officers with a request that something be done to obtain his sister's release.

The man is of German descent and came from New Hampshire. Before the outbreak of the war his mother went to Germany to visit her parents and has remained there. Six months ago, he says, his sister received an official appearing document from Germany saying that her mother was ill and that she should go to see her. The girl's letter said:

"When I arrived here, I found that the whole report of her illness was a hoax. I was taken by the military officials and am now confined at a farm, where there are hundreds of other girls and women. This is only one of lots of such places. * * * I am so unhappy. Even the best classes of young girls and women are confined here, and you can well imagine how they feel.

"Officers and men who won glory in battle spend a month or more furlough here, and we are subjected to all sorts of indignities. I am so unhappy that several times I have almost made up my mind to kill myself."

The message was written on a piece of a paper bag. When the private was told that nothing could be done to help his sister, he applied for a transfer to the next unit, sailing for the battlefront.

GERMANS NAPPING AT BULLECOURT

Deceived by Frequent Smoke Clouds, They Fell Easy Victims to Irish Dash.

TUNNEL TRENCH A WONDER

A Thousand Men Were Massed to Defend That Short Portion of Hindenburg Line.

By PHILIP GIBBS

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Friday, Nov. 23.—Three tanks and cavalry co-operated in the attack on Graincourt on Wednesday, and tanks were a most powerful aid and cruised round and through the village, where they put out nests of machine guns. The cavalry then went on into Anneux, but the first patrol had to retire because of fierce machine gun fire that swept down the streets, and it had to be attacked and taken again.

Below Graincourt Church West Riding troops found some great catacombs elaborately fitted up as a battalion headquarters and supplied with electric light by the attentions of two German electricians, who remained some time in the British employ after their capture.

In Anneux we captured two 8-inch howitzers and in that neighborhood a battery of 5.9s.

The garrison of these two villages belonged mostly to the 107th Division, lately from Russia, which were sent up in support of the Twentieth Landwehr, who were elderly men and not great fighters, but the West Riding troops captured prisoners from six German divisions on their march forward.

Behind a Green Canvas Screen.

On Wednesday they pushed up to northwest of Bourlon Wood and saw nothing of the enemy in spite of a machine-gun fire that poured down the glade. They saw nothing of him until they were surprised to see faces coming up from the ground not far away from them. They were the faces of German soldiers looking over concrete trenches, artfully camouflaged with green canvas along the edge of the wood.

A German airplane, one of the rare birds of this battle from the enemy's side, came over, flew low and shot at the Yorkshire men with machine gun fire and rifle fire. Ahead of them the position was too bad to hold with their strength at the time, and they withdrew a little until yesterday, when they attacked again behind a line of tanks, routing out a number of machine guns in the southern end of the wood. This wood was held by the 214th German Division, who suffered heavily.

Altogether the West Riding men took over a thousand prisoners and killed many of the enemy, so that they put out of action a number far in excess of their own losses.

I have already told how Highlanders south of the Yorkshire men captured Flesquières Ridge and fought very hard for Flesquieres Village, which held out all the first day. On Wednesday the Jocks pushed on to the Village of Cantaing, where they found about 140 civilians, who received them with wild enthusiasm, so that the Highlanders, all muddy and wet, were kissed by old peasant women and young girls and by children held up to them. These people were weeping and laughing at the same time and for a little while seemed beside themselves with joy.

Yesterday they came trapesing down the roads, as I saw those of Masnières, with their perambulators and push-carts, with old grandmothers and little babies all bedraggled and mud-splashed, soaked to the skin in the heavy rain, but happy and with shining eyes because of that great, strange gift of liberty which has come to them again.

Battle for "Great Tunnel."

While the main attack was taking place opposite the defense lines of Cambrai a very remarkable battle was being fought by Irish battalions of the south and west along the Hindenburg line to the west of Bullecourt and by English troops along a curved trench beyond Bullecourt itself.

The great tunnel trench of this sector of the Hindenburg line had been attacked before in the Summer of this year without success, and the enemy was very strong then in his 2,000 yards of tunnel, which, as was known, was elaborately mined and charged so that it could be blown up if ever the British broke into it.

For many weeks past the British field guns had been cutting wire and distressing the enemy by putting up smoke barrages and sending over gas clouds. He was kept in constant fear of an attack, but never knew when it would happen. He held it in great numbers, and a thousand men were massed in the tunnel and the thousand yards of support trench which he had begun to dig behind—unusual strength for this length of front.

On the morning of the battle smoke candles were lit all along the line and to left and right of the Irish other demonstrations were made. Then the Irish went away, all very keen and confident and glad to fight in this country and with a chance of surprise, rather than in Flanders, where they had had such a hard time.

Some expert tunneling officers and miners were among the first to go into the Hindenburg tunnel trench in order to cut the leads and prevent the blowing up of mines. It was great peril and frightful anxiety, on which the lives of many men were at stake, but luck was with the Irish that morning. A happy discovery, made at a most fortunate moment, showed all the workings of the mines.

In the support trench some of the enemy fought hard, and even in the short distance which the Irish had to go, (a few hundred yards at most,) they were caught by machine-gun fire and did not escape altogether lightly. But the enemy's losses were very heavy.

The attack by English troops on the Bovis trench, north of Bullecourt, was also successful and inflicted severe losses on the enemy. The bulletin says that "on this part of the front we were unable to advance beyond the third line of trenches." The Irish were never meant to go further at the moment than they did, but this taking of the tunnel trench was a sensational exploit and of great military value. To the enemy it is a heavy blow.

The 240th German Division were the troops who suffered so much from the Irish attack, and they were strong fellows, although pale after their long life in the darkness of their tunnel, where they were caught like rats.

TROTZY REVEALS SECRET TREATIES

Continued from Page 1.

made. The telegram touches on the exclusion of Germany from the Chinese markets, but says this must be subject to an economical conference at which Japan should be represented.

BAKHMETEFF STAYS; DISOWNS BOLSHEVIKI

Russian Envoy's Status Tacitly Approved by Lansing—Three of His Staff Quit.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Boris Bakhmeteff, the Russian Ambassador, today, in a conference with Secretary of State Lansing, officially repudiated the Bolsheviki régime in Petrograd. He presented to Mr. Lansing an official statement embracing the repudiation based upon the ground that the Bolsheviki are not loyal to the true interests of Russia.

Ambassador Bakhmeteff wanted to know from Mr. Lansing what the attitude of the Administration would be toward the Bolsheviki. Mr. Lansing gave him to understand that the Government would not deal with the Bolsheviki, but would have its transactions with Russia through the Ambassador alone.

The Ambassador informed Mr. Lansing that for his own part he would continue to discharge the functions of his office without regard for the Bolsheviki, unless the Temporary Government appointed some one else to represent it at Washington.

While there is no official statement forthcoming, it is known that the attitude of the State Department toward the Bolsheviki is simply that it takes cognizance of Russia's accredited representative in Washington. The Administration does not recognize the Bolsheviki, but does recognize the Ambassador.

Several of the Russian Embassy staff, it was stated at the embassy today, had resigned, and the First Secretary, Jean Soukine, has asked admittance into the United States Army. Mr. Soukine came to this city with the special Russian mission, which afterward composed the greater part of the permanent embassy personnel, the head of the mission being made Ambassador. Mr Soukine said today that he did not desire to remain inactive in the war, and that as the opportunity for serving his country in the war had been removed, he wished to offer his services to America.

Mr. Soukine's request has the indorsement of Ambassador Bakhmeteff, who will ask Secretary of War Baker to favor it. Mr. Soukine was Lieutenant of a Russian regiment. He has been in the diplomatic service seven years, and during his stay in Washington has been the chief support of Ambassador Bakhmeteff. He vowed several months ago that, should the Bolsheviki attain power in Russia, he would resign from the Russian diplomatic service.

McAdoo's Son-in-Law Quits.

Ferdinand de Mohrenschidt, the Second Secretary of the Embassy, who married Miss Nona McAdoo, Secretary McAdoo's daughter, last May, also has offered his services to the American Government for the war against Germany. C. Onou, counselor, also has resigned.

The letter of the Ambassador to Mr. Lansing follows:

"My Dear Mr. Secretary:

"In connection with the events which are taking place at present in Russia I have considered it imperative to define clearly the attitude which the embassy has adopted with regard to further activities.

"From the very outset of the revolt in Petrograd the embassy has considered a 'Bolsheviki Government' as anti-national and not representative of the true will of the Russian people. The embassy has, therefore, refused to accept the authority and has not entered into any contact with the group at present in power in Petrograd. In the future I will continue in not recognizing a 'Bolsheviki' or any similar Government which would break loyalty to Russia's allies and lead the country to a non-participation in the war.

"However disorganizing and dangerous for my country and the common allied cause might be the passing rule of the 'Bolsheviki,' I have not declined for a moment the firm attitude of faith and conviction that even open steps undertaken by the Bolsheviki for the withdrawal of Russia from the war cannot prejudice the true spirit of the Russian people and of the real decisions which the people will adopt when freed from the temporary rule of violence which is endeavoring actually to bring forth irreparable action.

"A deep and active opposition of all sound and constructive elements of Russia is bound to arise, revealing in positive action the true spirit of the loyal and national Russia.

"However, it is evident that until conditions change, the Russian Embassy cannot exercise in full measure the most essential of its duties and activities, which are based on active war cooperation with the United States Government and the Allies. I have authorized, therefore, members of the embassy to follow their natural feeling in their desire to find other grounds for their activities.

Envoy's Duty to Remain.

"As to myself, I consider it my duty to remain at my post, having to hold firmly the dignity of national and loyal Russia, and to maintain the responsibility of all engagements and commitments of the legal Government of Russia which have been intrusted to me. I will continue to carry such duties unless another legal representative, recognized as such by the United States Government, would take charge of the representation of Russia after a formal acceptance of the whole of its functions, duties and liabilities.

"In the meantime, defending the symbol of a national representation of Russia, I will carry on the current affairs pertaining to the manifold matters in which the Russian Government has contracted tight bonds in the process of war co-operation with the Government of the United States and different institutions of this country. I will endeavor, as well, to render all possible protection to the interests of the citizens of Russia in this country and will give support to all activities of individuals and institutions in Russia whose endeavors are directed to frustrate the rule of anti-national elements and contribute to the revelation of the true spirit of the country.

"A staff of assistants necessary for the fulfillment of this task will remain at the Embassy and other Russian institutions in the United States, performing the heavy patriotic duty and contributing through their devotion to the endeavors which are actually made in Russia by different departments and institutions, which, not recognizing the 'Bolsheviki Government,' apply all efforts to oppose its destructive activities by maintaining to the utmost the war mechanism and preventing the dangerous disrupture of all elements of the State.

"Accept, Excellency, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

"BORIS BAKHMETEFF."

There was no authoritative statement on the situation forthcoming from the State Department after the receipt of Ambassador Bakhmeteff's note, but from previous intimations, dropped by officials since the overthrow of Kerensky, it became known that the American Government would ignore the pretensions of the Maximalists.

No Authority for Removal.

The régime in Petrograd, now assuming to be the National Government, did not appoint Mr. Bakhmeteff to the Washington post. Until recognized by the United States the Bolsheviki would not have the authority to remove him, it was explained tonight, unless he himself subordinated himself to them.

It was considered a certainty here tonight that not only the United States but all the allied powers would refuse to recognize the Bolsheviki Government. The belief is also held that the Russian diplomatic representatives in allied countries will follow the example set by the Russian Ambassador here. It is known that views have been exchanged between the Russian embassies and legations in various countries, and it has been indicated that an agreement was reached concerning the course they would individually follow.

The declaration by the Ambassador to Mr. Lansing that he had refused to recognize the Maximalist rule was accepted as indicating that the Bolsheviki Foreign Minister, Leon Trotzky, had attempted to give him instructions. His action and Secretary Lansing's tacit approval place America foremost among the nations which may refuse to have any intercourse with the Bolsheviki Government.

Confidence in the ability of the sane and intelligent elements in Russia to reconstruct a government that will raise Russia again to her position among the Allies has not been abandoned here. Closest observers of the situation stated today that there had been an unmistakable tendency toward the extreme of radicalism ever since the establishment of the democratic Government. The Duma led the revolution, and it soon was displaced by the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, the Government of Premier Lvoff giving place to the more radical one of Premier Kerensky. The latter finally succumbed to the influence of the International Socialists, and now the situation borders upon anarchy.

It is thought certain that measures have been considered by the Entente Powers for assisting the moderate and conservative elements in Russia to regain the ascendency. The two measures most spoken of here are economic and military. The first would result in the preventing of any supplies from reaching Russia, except such as should be intended for and delivered into the hands of the enemies of the Bolsheviki.

Military Action in Doubt.

There is no need, it is said, to incite revolution against the Maximalists, as civil war already exists, and will continue until orderly government has been restored, and the Maximalists are driven from power. The Allies, including Japan, would be able to prevent any commodities from reaching Russia, except through Scandinavia and the Central Empires. Whether outside military action against Russia shall result, it is thought, will depend entirely upon the conduct of the country during the remainder of the Bolsnevik rule.

Diplomats here are not yet ready to believe that the Bolsheviki will be able to effect a separate peace with Russia's enemies, but there is no longer any doubt that this is one of the objects of the Bolsheviki. If the Russian armies retire from the front and consent to demobilization, the country thus violating the treaty of London, which binds it together with all the Allies not to conclude a separate peace. Russia will thus forfeit its rights and considerations, and probably, according to some authorities, draw upon herself consequences of a serious character.

It has not yet been decided, it is understood, whether the allied countries shall withdraw their diplomatic representatives from Petrograd, this probably depending on the course of events in the next few days.

The impression was gained tonight that the State Department would reply favorably to Ambassador Bakhmeteff's communication, and, while not committing the United States to assist him in his efforts to aid the elements hostile to the Maximalists, would not place any obstacles in the way of such aid.

The State Department was advised by telegraph from Sweden today that the Bolsheviki appear now to be in entire control of the Russian telegraph systems, as they have changed the person in control of the offices in Sweden. The official giving this information asserted that this news was "rather unsatisfactory," reflecting the official attitude of the Government toward the Bolsheviki regime.

Other advices received by the department from Sweden were cryptic, stating that employes or officials of the Finnish Senate had struck against the Socialistic Senate. Officials did not know what the message meant, unless it related to the recent declaration of the Socialists that they would organize a Socialistic Parliament. The dispatch added that it was proposed to have a triumvirate in Finland, and that the Socialists look upon this as a coup d'état.

Telegraphs Russian Envoy.

The Russkoye Slovo, a Russian daily newspaper published in this city, has sent the following telegram to the Russian Ambassador at Washington in connection with his note delivered to Secretary Lansing:

"Boris Bakhmetieff, Russian Ambassador at Washington:

"In the moment of grave dangers and difficulties which beset our native land, the eyes of the Russians in America have been turned toward you, Citizen Ambassador, as the representative in this Republic of the sovereign Russian people.

"The Russians in the United States have been awaiting your authoritative and guiding words that would clarify the events in Russia.

"In your note, addressed the Government of the United States, we hear this long-awaited word, which determines your attitude toward the group of violators of the national will of the Russian people. The Russkoye Slovo reads with admiration your fearless and deeply patriotic stand, which will dispel in this Republic the disgrace of the Russian people.

"We are certain that every Russian in America is with you, the Ambassador and representative of the Russian people, and that together with you they are fully confident that the days of nightmare will soon pass away, become forgotten, and Russia will again assume her glorious place among the nations of the earth.

"Long live free, democratic Russia!

"LEO PASVOLSKY,
"Editor Russkoye Slovo."

BAR MAXIMALIST ENVOYS.

Germans Want Constitutional Government to Seek Peace.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—A Petrograd dispatch from the semi-official news agency says the Mayor of Petrograd has announced that the Germans have declined to receive the Parliamentary representatives sent by order of the Maximalist Commissaries, declaring that peace negotiations could only be conducted with the constitutional Government of Russia.

One of the preliminary conditions for entering upon pourparlers imposed by the Germans is the withdrawal of Russian troops for a distance of 100 kilometers (62 miles) while the Germans retain their present positions.

FIRED INTO BRUSILOFF HOME.

Shell Exploded, Wounding General, After Soldiers Broke In.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 23.—The wound sustained by General Brusiloff, former Russian Commander in Chief, at Moscow recently was the result of a shell exploding in the corridor of his house. Two fragments entered the General's leg below the knee, breaking the bone. It is now believed that amputation can be averted.

Before the General was wounded soldiers had forced an entrance to his house and demanded that they be allowed to search the dwelling, declaring that some one was firing from it. The men left, apparently convinced by General Brusiloff of their error.

Shortly afterward a shell struck the house and wounded the General. As General Brusiloff was being taken to the hospital crowds of soldiers, students, and women surrounded his litter, kissed his hand and evinced their sympathy in other ways.

SECESSION BY THE CAUCASUS.

Separation from Russia Declared and Parliament Formed.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 23.—The Caucasus has declared its separation from Russia and formed a Parliament of forty Deputies, members of the Socialist parties, including one Bolsheviki, according to report brought by M. Tseretelli, former Minister in the Kerensky Cabinet, on his return to Petrograd.

The body of troops recently reported at Luga, southwest of Petrograd, proved to be a detachment on its way to the front, which had no intention of proceeding to Petrograd.

BEST WEEK OF THE WAR, SAYS NORTHCLIFFE

Rejoices Over Successes Scored by Gen. Byng, Col. House, and Premier Lloyd George.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Viscount Northcliffe, who was head of the British Mission to the United States for the coordination of war work, tonight gave The Associated Press the following statement on the war situation:

"This has been distinctly the best week of the war. I refer not only to General Byng's success, but to that of Colonel House and Premier Lloyd George, who have been 'buttoning things up,' to use an expression of the Colonel's.

"The days of the waste of life and treasure caused by the Allies' mutual ignorance of one another's plans are nearly over. American soldiers, sailors, and business men, and their British colleagues have been working overtime.

"It would not be wise to talk of details, but, as I never have been backward in criticising inefficiency, I should be lacking in justice if I did not speak of the high efficiency of this week's conference. There was no 'glorious British constitution and Fourth of July' hot air about the proceedings. It was realized that time is the most valuable asset of war. There was very little banqueting, and there were no parades, yet I venture to say that the greatest move toward victory yet made in any theatre of the war was effected in London this week.

"The prospects for the Paris conference are fine. The war is at last becoming what it always should have been—a close business partnership of the Allies."

AIR POST TO BROTHER OF LORD NORTHCLIFFE

Baron Rothermere Accepts the Office Which His Older Brother Declined.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Baron Rothermere, chief proprietor of The Daily Record and Mail of Glasgow and The Leeds Mercury, has accepted the post of Air Minister in the British Cabinet, according to The Pall Mall Gazette.

Lord Rothermere succeeds Lord Cowdray, who resigned a few days ago when Lord Northcliffe, in a letter to the Prime Minister declining the portfolio of Air Ministry, first made known the fact that it had been offered it him.

Lord Rothermere is a younger brother of Lord Northcliffe. He was born in 1868 and christened Harold Sidney Harmsworth. He was created a peer in 1914 with the title Baron Rothermere of Hemsted. He endowed the King Edward VII. Chair of English Literature at Cambridge University, and is one of the most prominent promoters of the Union Jack Club.

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THANKSGIVING MIXTURE—A select assortment of the newest novelties and old time favorites in long, lasting sweets, comprising Buttercups, Fruit Rock, Pillows, Blossoms, Twists, Curls, Satinettes and a host of others equally pleasing, presented in beautiful orange tint and lustrous finish for Thanksgiving. POUND BOX 39c

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MILK CHOCOLATE TURKEYS AND PUMPKINS—These are cunning little reproductions of the real articles, beautifully moulded from our World Famous Premium Milk Chocolate—Delicious eating for the Kiddies, each in a neat carton. 15c

TOY TURKEY GOBBLERS that can be filled with Candy at a slight additional cost. These are very life-like and richly decorated in beautiful colors—Sure to delight the little ones. Prices each 12c, 19c, 25c, 40c, 60c and very large ones at 85c. Cunning ones at 5c

TURKEY ROASTS—If you like turkey, you sure will get hungry when you see these brown roasts, so natural in appearance that you can almost smell the gravy and the savory dressing, but that's as far as they go toward tempting your appetite, for they are toys, which can be filled with candy, at slight additional cost. ROASTS UNFILLED 21c

SUPER ASSORTED CHOCOLATES or Bon Bons and Chocolates—Superlative in Quality, Variety and all around candy goodness. The Bon Bons are of the richest, smoothest French Cream. The package is rich in design and handsomely decked with ribbon. POUND BOXES 75c
2-lb. boxes, $1.50; 3-lb boxes, $2.25; 5-lb boxes, $3.75.

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Consists of 112 Pages,

as follows:

I. General News Section.
II. Editorial Section, Sports.
III. Classified Advertising.
IV. Book Review.
V. Rotogravure Picture Section, First Part.
VI. Rotogravure Picture Section, Second Part.
VII. Rotogravure Magazine Section.

THE LIBERTY TAX.
GERMAN SPIES WHO TALK PEACE.
GERMAN PHILOSOPHY REVERTS TO BRUTE FORCE..... By Dr. George W. Crile
VOLUNTARY DRAFT OF ENGLAND'S WOMEN.
AN INTERNATIONAL ANTHEM—BRITAIN AND AMERICA.
WAR'S SUBTLE CHANGES IN NEW YORK LIFE..... By Richard Barry
STORMY CAREER OF THE HOLY CITY OF JERUSALEM.. By Charles Johnston
WHERE THE BRITISH ARE ADVANCING IN PALESTINE.. Map
NON-RESISTANCE AND ANARCHY CLOSELY ALLIED.... By J. G. Phelps Stokes
NEW VERSION OF ARCHDUKE RUDOLPH'S MURDER.
RODIN LEAVES PUPIL TO CONTINUE IN HIS STEPS.
"LOITERER" FERRETS OUT NEW YORK'S CHARMS.
ART AT HOME AND ABROAD.
TREND OF SINKINGS BY U-BOATS.
SLACKERS ARE NOT POPULAR AMONG THE QUAKERS.
THE NEW STEERING WHEEL.....Cartoon

VIII. Fashions, Society, Drama, Music, Special Articles.
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SANK SUBMARINE; CAPTURED CREW

Continued from Page 1.

could be reinforced, she gave a final lurch and sank like a plummet, breaking the line.

Submarine's Crew Captured.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Two American destroyers recently destroyed a German submarine in the war zone, according to a statement given out by the Navy Department today. In addition to the news conveyed in Secretary's Daniels's official announcement, it was learned that the Germans themselves sank their craft, after a depth bomb had disabled it, by opening the seacocks.

The U-boat crew stood on deck with their hands raised in surrender while the vessel was going down. All the Germans were taken prisoner, but one of them was drowned when being transferred to a destroyer and another died. The latter was buried with military honors.

According to a report in naval circles approximately forty men, including five officers, were taken off the submarine. If this were true, it was pointed out, the vessel undoubtedly was one of the largest of the cruiser type known authentically to be operated by the Germans.

Secretary Daniels's formal statement made no mention of prisoners or the reason for the boat sinking. When the details had leaked out at the department later, the Secretary would neither confirm nor deny them, saying he had issued the statement in agreement with the British Admiralty, and could not add to it.

Announcement by Daniels.

The statement was as follows:

Dispatches received from Admiral Sims state that a German U-boat has been accounted for by American destroyers operating in European waters. While on patrol duty a destroyer sighted a periscope 400 yards off. Immediately ringing full speed ahead, the commanding officer headed his craft to pass a few yards ahead of the submarine. As the destroyer passed over the U-boat's course a depth charge was dropped. This evidently caused damage to the U-boat, which shortly afterward broached [came to the surface] about 500 yards away.

Fire was immediately opened on the submarine by two of our destroyers, which circled about their target.

The submarine did not return the fire and was evidently disabled. One of the destroyers got a line to her, intending to tow her, but the boat soon sank.

Although the British policy is to publish nothing in such cases, an agreement was reached between the Navy Department and the British Admiralty to give out certain facts which Secretary Daniels announced. Officers of both the War and Navy Departments, however, were too much elated over the news to keep it quiet. First, the report spread that some prisoners had been taken, and before the day was over the story of just what happened was out. It is now known that the submarine rose because her steering gear was put out of commission by the explosion.

What disposition will be made of the prisoners is not known, as Secretary Daniels declined to discussed that point. It is believed that they will be interned in England, where this Government will maintain a prison camp.

This is the first official announcement of the sinking of a German submarine by American forces. While there have been other sinkings, the Navy Department has not made them public. The purpose in withholding the news is to create anxiety in the minds of the enemy and to encourage the spirit of mutiny among the German crews.

24 LOST ON FRENCH VESSEL.

The Maine Was Sunk by a U-Boat Eight Miles from Dieppe.

PARIS, Nov. 24.— News was received today confirming reports that the freight steamer Maine had been sunk on Wednesday eight miles from Dieppe. All of the twenty-five officers and men on board were lost with the exception of one sailor. The entire crew comprised seamen from Dieppe.

The French steamer Maine, of 773 tons gross, was built in 1910 and was owned in Dieppe.

CAILLAUX OPENLY ACCUSED.

M. Herve Prints Charges Against the Former Premier.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Under the bold caption, "I Accuse M. Caillaux," Gustave Hervé in La Victoire charges the former Premier with being the centre of the whole campaign for a dishonorable, ruinous peace.

M. Hervé charges Caillaux with having consorted during his stay in Italy with all the notorious "defeatists" and neutralists, his assertions to the contrary notwithstanding; with having not merely a social acquaintance with Bolo Pacha, but with having been his devoted friend and indefatigable protector; with having been the evil genius of Almereyda, the editor of the Bonnet Rouge, who died in prison while under charges, guiding and encouraging him in his "defeatist" attitude and drawing him on to his doom. M. Hervé concludes:

"You said, Sir, that when you found the man who brought against you something besides insinuations and twaddling gossip, who dared accuse you outright, you would prosecute him at the assizes as a slanderer; I am your man, Sir; prosecute me. I will produce my proofs and witnesses before a jury."

As a result of the publication M. Caillaux today began proceedings against M. Hervé.

BARS PRO-GERMAN BANK.

Minnesota Denies Charter to Factions Who Opposed Liberty Loan.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 24.—Application for a charter for a proposed bank at Hutchinson will be denied on the ground that the project was backed by "pro-German propaganda" and organized when certain local factions became displeased with existing banks because they promoted the Liberty loan."

This denial, announced today by F. K. Pearson, superintendent of State banks, was in compliance with a resolution of the Public Safety Commission.

The loyalty of backers of thirty other proposed banks in the State is being investigated.

BLIND CONFIDENCE IMPERILLED ITALY, IN FRENCH OPINION

Clemenceau's Paper Condemns Neglect of Obvious Precautions Against Drive.

VAST WHEAT SUPPLY LOST

Cadorna Left 300,000 Tons in Territory Which Was Not Even Provided with Trenches.

ALWAYS SHIFTING GENERALS

L'Homme Libre Attributes the Impairing of Armies' Morale to This Cause.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 23, (Delayed.)—An article entitled "Cause and Effects of Italian Disasters" leads Premier Clemenceau's paper, L'Homme Libre, today. It is signed "XXX." The writer says:

"Without touching the question of treason—always an easy, but often short-sighted, explanation of disaster—let us consider the military aspect of the Italian situation. To begin with, the principal error of the Italian high command—alone sufficient to bring about the catastrophe—was the faulty disposition of its armies. The Second Army, after crossing the Isonzo, was drawn up facing northward on the high mountains of Mzli, Monte Nero, and Vrich, without having reached the crests, which were still in possession of the enemy. The Third Army, on the other hand, had conquered the crests and held Cucco, Monte Santo, and Vodice. It faced eastward and had advanced across the Bainsizza Plateau toward Laibach. But between these two armies the Austrians still held a whole sector which formed from Tolmino to Santa Lucia a kind of outpost separating the Italian forces.

"Military critics had already drawn attention to the danger of this situation and pointed out that the strategic arrangements of both Italian armies might be thrown into confusion by the enemy if the latter, holding the intermediate high ground, should decide to attack on both sides with sufficient forces. That is precisely what happened when the Germans were able to transfer part of their troops from Russia to the Italian Alps.

Errors Due to Blind Optimism.

"The second error: Behind these armies, drawn up in so perilous a position, there were at least reserves ready in case of a surprise. In May, 1916, in the course of the Austrian offensive in the Trentino, General Cadorna had profited by a moment of respite to constitute the Fifth Army a reserve. It was the intervention of this force at the critical moment that forced the enemy to retreat. For reasons that we are unable to understand, this Fifth Army was dissolved one fine day. Not that man-power was wanting; it was and still is plentiful in Italy. The reserves of man-power were numerous enough to furnish other armies as well. But the Italian Generalissimo has always seemed unwilling to keep them near the front. So, when need came, they could not intervene, and thus the rout of the Second Army, followed by the beating up and precipitate retreat of the Third, carried everything away.

"This error is connected with several others, all of which are to be explained by blind confidence in the solidity of the conquests made. Otherwise, what excuse is there for the mistake of massing all the main supply depôts at so short a distance from the front, between Isonzo and the Tagliamento? To take the case of wheat alone: More than 300,000 tons thus fell into the hands of the famished enemy.

"How, too, are we to excuse the complete lack of intrenchments, in view of a possible retreat, and the fact that not a single road of retreat was prepared, or a single bridge—beyond five old ones—thrown across the Tagliamento? The congestion produced almost from the outset by the enormous mass of men and material on the river banks, all trying to cross at the same moment, cost the Italian Army almost as dearly as the sudden loss of all its supply sources which had to be left to the enemy.

"Those who have visited the Isonzo front must have been surprised that, despite all errors, positions as strong as those of the Second Army before Plezzo and Tolmino gave way so easily. The fact is that even the best fortified positions are worth just what the men holding them are worth, and the men's value is in exact proportion to that of their leaders.

Generals Retired by Wholesale.

"Now, the state of mind of the Italian leaders was obvious to all who penetrated into their inner circles. Of all the armies in the war the Italians alone could boast that they had always kept the same commander since the beginning of the struggle. But this appearance of permanence at the top vanished as soon as one came to the ranks of his subordinates. As far as they were concerned, incoherence, change, and uncertainty were the invariable rule for each commander of a unit. In Italy retired Generals were to be counted by the hundreds. Down there they called them 'silurati,' (the torpedoed ones,) to indicate the suddenness with which they used to be smitten. Too often the reasons for their disgrace did not seem extremely serious, but the phraseology of their dismissal was always as cutting as a knife blade: 'You will immediately hand over the command to So-and-So, your successor;' and the successor was already on the spot to take it.

"This method may be excellent if it is not overdone and is applied wisely. That was not always the case, for a regrettable kind of oligarchy had gradually grown up around the Generalissimo. First-class leaders were often its victims. It would be difficult to find in Italy, outside this narrow Cortes, any one who would criticise Generals like Ragni, Guerrini, Lucrari, and Mambretti—and how many others—all mercilessly 'torpedoed,' but still popular in the army. General Capello, who was the first to enter Gorizia, had his command taken away a few days after his victory, and was reduced to a mere division commander and sent back to the rear as a subordinate to a colleague who had until then been subordinate to him.

"Capello came back into favor last Summer and led his troops to victory on the Bainsizza Plateau. But his success again proved fatal. Hardly had he given orders to his army, the Second, to consolidate the positions won when he was once more thrust aside in company with others. His successor, General Montuori, had barely taken over the command for a few days when the German attack broke upon him. Others as brave and capable as he, have realized in this war the truth of Napoleon's saying: 'You can't win if you haven't got your men in hand.' But there had not been time to make this contact between the men of the Second Army and their new leaders, and so, under the terrible shock of Oct. 29, that Second Army broke."

PLUMER TO COMMAND BRITISH FORCE IN ITALY

Credited with Strategy Which Won at Messines—Marshall to Succeed Maude.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—General Sir Herbert Plumer, commander of the Second Army Corps, which has been in the thick of the fighting in the Ypres battle, has been appointed commander of the British forces in Italy, it was officially announced today.

Lieut. Gen. Sir W. R. Marshall has been named to command the British forces in Mesopotamia, succeeding Major Gen. Frederick Stanley Maude, who died recently.

It is said to have been due to Sir Herbert Plumer's strategy that 1,000,000 pounds of high explosives were detonated in mines under Messines Ridge last June, which annihilated hitherto impregnable German positions and made possible the subsequent advances of the British along the Ypres-Menin and Ypres-Roulers roads without danger of being overwhelmed with the enemy's fire from the ridge.

His career, however, has not particularly identified him with engineering work, but the English press has constantly referred to him as Haig's side partner under whom and his predecessor he commanded the Second Army of the British expeditionary force in France. In the first year of the war he commanded the Fifth Army Corps, and for his services to both French and Belgians he was decorated respectively with the insignia of Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor by President Poincaré and with those of Grand Officer of the Star of Leopold by King Albert. He had already been knighted in 1906.

His military career began in 1876 when, at the age of 20, he entered the York and Lancaster Regiment. He was a Captain seven years later, and thenceforth his promotion was rapid, until he reached the full rank of General last year.

In the Sudan in 1884, South Africa in 1896, and again in the Boer War, 1901-02, he was several times mentioned in dispatches and decorated.

Lieut. Gen. Sir William Marshall, who succeeds the late Major Gen. Maude as commander of the Anglo-Indian army in Mesopotamia, has been in the war since the beginning, for the most part with his present command, first under Sir John Nixon and then under Sir Percy Lake and Maude. He served with distinction in India on the northwest frontier in 1897-98. In the Boer war he was twice wounded and received the Queen's medal with three clasps and the King's with two.

AUSTRIANS ACTIVE IN ALBANIA

They Attack Italian Lines, but Fail to Gain Any Ground.

ROME, Nov. 24.—The Austrians have renewed their attacks on the Italian lines in Southern Albania, but have met with a repulse at the defenders' hands, according to a War Office announcement made today. Some fighting in the Monastir district resulted in unchanged conditions at the conclusion of the operations. The official statement reads:

In Albania on Thursday night the enemy attacked our lines between the Voyusa and Osum Riverss. He was repulsed. A few local enemy advantages gained between Monastir and Frezlesca were nullified by our counterattacks."

MARCONI IS OPTIMISTIC.

"Confident That the March of the Enemy Will Be Definitely Stopped."

ROME, Nov. 23.—"The reorganization of the entire Italian Army is proceeding apace," said Senator William Marconi in an interview granted today to The Associated Press. "It make us confident that the onward march of the enemy will be definitely stopped."

Senator Marconi has just returned from a tour of the front from the mouth of the Piave to Monte Grappa, during which he inspected the wireless apparatus of the army.

"I saw the Duke of Aosta, General Diaz, General Badoglio, and other leading commanders," he continued. "All were filled with hope that the worst was over; that the revival of the morale of the soldiers, which was constantly more noticeable, might give unexpected results. I found everywhere that the spirit of the troops was very high. The men are desirous of taking revenge for the reverses suffered and are furious at the thought that any Italians were cheated into believing Austrian and German lies when the enemy announced the intention to lay down arms if the Italians did the same.

"The navy, co-operating with the army along the coast and in the lower section of the Piave, is gaining splendid successes, to which the British monitors are contributing. The Italian artillery is doing marvels, getting the last ounce possible out of the guns all along the Piave.

"I was told that the enemy had suffered very severe losses near Asiago, and also in the mountains between the Brenta and Piave Rivers. The general opinion in high quarters is that if the Italians can hold their line for four or five days longer the immediate danger will be over.

"What we desire ardently is the closest possible union and co-operation with America. I have been able already to appreciate the co-operation of the United States in this great war, but it would bring it home to the Italians more effectively if they knew that America also was at war with our nearest enemy, Austria."

LAUNCH FIRST OF FLEET.

Took 78 Days to Build Steel Freighter for the Shipping Board.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—With the sliding of an 8,800-ton steel ship down the ways of a Pacific coast shipyard today the Shipping Board recorded the launching of the first of the merchant fleet it is building. Other accessions to the fleet will be launched in a steady program from now on, including three 26,400-ton steel ships and three 10,500-ton wooden ships during December.

The Shipping Board is clearing a right of way for its building program by requisitioning 1,500 railroad cars to move fir ship timbers from the West to eastern yards where the scarcity of that material is holding back activity in the building of the wooden craft.

A PACIFIC PORT, Nov. 24.—An 8,800-ton steel freighter, the first vessel built in its entirety for the United Sates Shipping Board, slid from the ways of a shipyard here today. The boat was named by the wife of the Governor of the State and bore the name of the city in which it was built. The vessel was launched exactly 78 days from the time its keel was laid.

FURIOUS ASSAULTS OF TEUTONS FAIL

Continued from Page 1.

in an effort to turn the wing and cut off the army from its line of communication along the Piave. Now came one of the bloodiest struggles of the war, which went on all last night and today with a steady succession of attack and counterattack. Brigades and regiments, their numbers diminished in the struggle, were re-formed and returned to the fight. In one section where there were thirty officers, twenty-seven were killed or wounded, but the remaining three fought the battle of the thirty.

Mountain batteries had been posted in mountain emplacements, and as the fight ebbed and flowed over these positions the Italians not only brought back the guns, but even the wheels and the limbers, their pride not permitting a vestige to fall into the hands of the enemy.

The final charge of the day came at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The enemy had struck his greatest blow earlier in the day, and the fierce attack lasted three-quarters of an hour. The whole field was swept by artillery fire, and the ground was strewn with dead. It was amid this welter of bodies and débris that the Italian lines were reformed, and from it they moved forward steadily and irresistibly until the disputed ground was retaken except at one point, where the struggle still goes on.

The First Army also is sustaining a heavy fight west of Brehta River, where the enemy rush has been repulsed by the splendid resistance of the Italians.

The references in these dispatches to the fearful havoc among regiments, brigades, and divisions should be interpreted with the knowledge that the Italian unit of organization is of such size that the reduction of an Italian regiment to 300 or 400 men means that upward of 2,000 have fallen. From an authoritative source this information is given in regard to the Italian units:

A battalion is 1,000 men in four companies. A regiment is 3,000 men of three battalions. A brigade is 6,000 men, or two regiments. A division is two or three brigades. An army corps is two or three divisions.

It is not denied here that there is a limit to human endurance in these circumstances, and that the Italian troops which are fighting with such heroic bravery may have to fall back to more secure positions; but the possibility of this is diminishing with every hour that the resistance continues. Reinforcements might yet save the day, but it should be understood that the Italians are fighting their battles singlehanded, and that the allied reinforcements are not yet represented anywhere on the fighting lines.

Three Main Battle Grounds.

The mountain battle, which is now nearing its highest stage, is one of three battles which are going on simultaneously with various degrees of intensity. These are, first, the battle of the Piave River, which is the extreme right of the Italian line; second, the battle of the Asiago Plateau, which is the extreme left, and third, the battle of Grappa Mountain, which is the centre.

It is through the centre that the enemy is throwing his full force. The Piave line has become so solid that some are led to believe that the enemy is not pushing things here any further, possibly planning to bring up his heavy guns beyond the Tagliamento to renew his efforts in the Spring. No less an authority than Napoleon regarded the Piave as good for only temporary purposes, and not as a line of resistance for permanent operations. If the same view were held valid now, both the eastern and northern Italian positions would ultimately have to be shifted greatly as the present operations develop.

The Second Italian Army, which was hurled back in the débâcle when the great offensive began just a month ago, has begun to redeem itself. Some of its units have been brought into the thick of the fighting at Grappa and have done splendid service.

AUSTRO-GERMAN RUSE FAILS.

Italians Give Short Shrift to Foes Caught Wearing Their Uniforms.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24. Austro-Germans who attempted to gain ground in the Italian mountain area by advancing in Italian uniforms were "summarily dealt with," in the words of a dispatch from Rome received here today. The cablegram, which lays stress upon the vigor of the Italian resistance in the sector in question, says:

"On the morning of the 22d the Austro-Germans attempted again to penetrate the narrow gorge of the Brenta, which opens near the village of Termine and continues in the direction of San Marino, where our positions prepared to prevent the advance of the invaders are located. At 7 o'clock, after a brief but extremely intense bombardment, several enemy battalions were thrust against our defensive system of San Marino between the extreme slopes of Col Caprile and Monte Spit.

"The troops were preceded by shock units, who obtained at first some success by reaching obstacles near our defenses. Detachments of our Alpini of Valtellina immediately delivered a furious counterattack and after a hand-to-hand engagement compelled the enemy to retire in disorder beyond Termine. Our soldiers captured many prisoners and several officers. Hundreds of Austrians were left on the field.

"It was discovered that some of the enemy soldiers wore Italian uniforms, which accounts for their initial gains. Those wearing Italian uniforms who fell into our hands were summarily dealt with.

"On the same morning superior enemy forces repeatedly attacked from various directions the northern slopes of Monte Grappa. In spite of the tremendous artillery fire which supported each attack of the enemy our soldiers offered a splendid resistance and at the proper moment counterattacked and dispersed the invaders, inflicting upon them very severe losses. However, in the direction of Monte Fontana Secca, after three sanguinary assaults the Austrians succeeded in reaching some elements of our defensive lines, but this fact does not change substantially the resistance of our positions.

"After the serious defeat sustained near Monte Grappa the invaders tried again in the evening to deliver an attack against Monfenera, but his efforts were broken up at the very start by the accurate fire of our artillery.

"The enemy is directing a constant rain of shells of all calibres against all the positions held by the Fourth Army Corps, without weakening the resistance of our soldiers.

"The First Army is effectively defending the Asiago plateau. The enemy is delivering attack after attack against these positions, regardless of appalling losses, but without obtaining the slightest strategical advantage.

"The Third Army is valiantly holding the Piave line, and keeps the enemy under constant bombardment."

WARN ROME OF AIR RAIDS.

Officials Post Directions for Action in Case of Attacks.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 23, (Delayed.)—Excited and gesticulating groups were to be seen everywhere this morning. Pushing and elbowing in their eagerness to read the manifestoes posted up in every street, warning the population of the measures to be taken in case of enemy air raids. At the beginning of the war all the globes of the street lamps were painted dark blue, in order to dim the glare that usually hung over the city; but, as time went on and no air raids occurred, the dark blue glass, when broken, was replaced by white, and thus little by little all the streets returned to their former cheerfulness.

But with the Syndic's warning this morning the Romans are brought to a realization of the fact that the distance between Rome and the Piave—300 miles—does not guarantee them against attacks by air.

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Each diner's share.
Though appetite
Be large or slight—
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The present collections will be placed on exhibition Monday, December third, and sold the afternoons and evenings of Monday and Tuesday, December tenth and eleventh.

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Diamonds

Marquise, Emerald, Heart-shape and Brilliant cut, mounted to show the highest development in Jewelry-craft.

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Non-Injurious Cigars
Delicious, aromatic, mild cigars, scientifically denicotinized; highly recommended, from $6 to $25 per 100
The American Cosmetic Co., Dept. C.
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6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Relief !!!

Contains no harmful or deleterious substance.

MISSION FOR WAR, HOUSE EMPHASIZES

Aims Not to be Discussed at Either Allied Conference or Council, He Says.

BOTH BODIES PERMANENT

Americans Entertained at Luncheon by French President—House Wants More Talks with Clemenceau.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Colonel E. M. House, head of the American mission to the inter-allied conference, speaking today of the conversation he had yesterday with Premier Clemenceau, said it was most satisfactory and comprehensive. Colonel House added that he hoped to continue his conversation with the French Premier at various times.

On being reminded that no announcement had been made here concerning American participation in the Supreme War Council, Colonel House said that President Wilson had directed him to represent the United States Government, with General Bliss as military adviser, and that Admiral Benson and other members of the American mission would take part in separate consultations with the corresponding representatives of the various Governments.

The Inter-Allied Conference, which is to meet Thursday, will be composed of the envoys of all the nations, large and small, that are in alliance against the Central Powers. This conference, which will last only a day or two, will be followed by the Supreme War Council, in which only France, Great Britain, Italy, and the United States will be represented. This latter body is a permanent one under the present arrangement, Colonel House said, and it will deal only with questions relating to military operations on the Western front, which now include the Italian front.

Premier Clemenceau will preside at the Inter-Allied Conference. Premier Costa and ex-minister Soares will attend for Portugal. Greece will be represented by Premier Venizelos, and Serbia by Premier Pachitch.

War aims, Colonel House said definitely, would not be discussed at either the interallied conference of the war council. He added that the American mission was here solely for the purpose of furthering the prosecution of the war and the co-ordination of resources.

A second permanent body, Colonel House declared, would be the inter-allied conference dealing with finance, shipping, munitions, and other economic and industrial aspects of the war. Oscar T. Crosby, Assistant Secretary of the United States Treasury, is to be America's representative at this conference, the headquarters of which may be in London.

President Wilson's permanent representatives on the supreme war council, Colonel House said, had not yet been definitely determined upon except for the present meetings.

Admiral W. S. Benson, chief of naval operations, called yesterday on Commander Cone, head of the naval aviation service in France, and later Vice Admiral Wemyss of the British Admiralty called on Admiral Benson for a conference. Mr. Crosby conferred with Colonel Joseph E. Willard, the American Ambassador to Spain, regarding Spanish questions, and Dr. Alonzo E. Taylor of the United States Food Administration and Vance McCormick, chairman of the War Trade Board, conferred with French, Italian and British representatives on questions relating to the blockade, particularly as it affects Switzerland.

President Poincaré entertained at luncheon today at the Elysée Palace Colonel House and the other members of the mission, William Graves Sharp, the American Ambassador, and the embassy staff. Marshal Joffre, General Pétain, and ex-Premier Viviani were among the guests. Only informal conversations occurred.

The first public appearance in France of a member of the American mission was made last night at the annual banquet of the Anglo-American Press Association, which was attended by Oscar T. Crosby, Assistant Secretary of the United States Treasury. The banquet derived additional importance from the fact that Foreign Minister Pichon and Marine Minister Leygues made their first public appearances since taking office.

M. Pichon said he congratulated himself on being present at a reunion which coincided with the great British victory and the arrival of the American mission.

"The war will perhaps last a long time yet," he added, "but we shall win it, and we shall owe the victory in large part to Great Britain and America."

Mr. Crosby, speaking alternately in French and English, aroused the enthusiasm of the Frenchmen present by saying:

"Everything we have that you need shall be placed at your disposal. You must not forget, however, that 3,000 miles of ocean separates us. That is the only thing which prevents us from assuming our share of the burden as rapidly as we would like."

Colonel House has another appointment with Premier Clemenceau tomorrow.

Thomas Nelson Perkins of the Priority Board today conferred with James W. Colt, who recently arrived from Petrograd, and Sir John Egan Eagle-some in regard to metals, and then talked with the British and French representatives on the same subject. Mr. Perkins also called on Foreign Minister Pichon, and later had a conference with Louis Loucheur, French Minister of Munitions, and General Payeur, at the Ministry of Munitions.

Mr. Crosby was engaged with Lucien Klotz, French Minister of Finance, and Captain Andre Tardieu, High Commissioner to the United States, during the day on financial questions.

THREE MEETINGS OF VITAL IMPORT

Washington's Influence in Bringing About Unity of Control Is Likely to Be Large.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 24. — After Colonel House's talk with the newspapermen here those present carried away the impression that the plans for the conferences were still indefinite and would take shape only after what might be described as a town meeting of the Allies.

From two sources have come a strong initiative for reformed methods, namely, Lloyd George's action at Rapallo in setting up a Supreme War Council and President Wilson's advocacy of the principle of unity of control.

Lloyd George's action precipitated excitement and controversy in England. The Prime Minister emerged politically triumphant and free to proceed in perfecting the plans in which the Rapallo agreement was only the beginning.

My deduction from all I have heard is that the President's demand for unity expresses the broad principle in which the Allies are agreed and that the Supreme War Council scheme is but an initial and imperfect effort to put the doctrine of unity into practice. It is a matter of infinite difficulty in view of the diversity of interests and feeling among all the Allies, and yet absolutely necessary to arrive at a workable co-ordination.

According to the present plan there will be three conferences here. First there is the inter-allied conference, which at the outset and before the Italian disaster was expected to be of paramount importance. Apparently this meeting is now only a curtain raiser for the other two. It will be participated in by all the Allies, including the Balkan States. It will last one day, or perhaps two. There will probably be a general discussion covering political, military, and economic grounds.

Then will follow a meeting of the Supreme War Council, a body technically without authority, but, being composed of Prime Ministers as well as military advisers, will probably outline the broad war policy which will be followed by the military General Staffs and army heads.

The United States will be represented at this particular meeting by Colonel House and General Bliss, England by Premier Lloyd George and General Wilson, France by Premier Clemenceau and General Foch, and Italy by Premier Orlando and General Cadorna. The other Allies will not be represented.

The composition of the Supreme War Council rather than the formal power with which it is clothed indicates its influence on the conduct of the war, and it is not improbable that this body will be able to bring about the unity of control advocated by the President without inflaming political passions or arousing local jealousies such as turned London topsy turvy last week.

America is committed only to the first meeting of the Supreme War Council, and, while it is probable, it is not yet certain that General Bliss will remain as the American military member after Colonel House leaves. He also may return and be succeeded by another appointee for the position left vacant.

The need of unity of control is obvious, but when one starts to arrange it so many obstacles are encountered that the utmost caution is necessary, unless a situation should suddenly arise requiring prompt and drastic action, disregarding all minor considerations. The decisions in Paris next week will be influenced largely by events on the war fronts, especially in Italy.

The third body, which is to be organized in Paris next week, is the Allied War Council, a permanent body, the American member of which is Oscar T. Crosby, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury. This body probably will be located in London. All the Allies will be represented in the membership.

One purpose of this council is to allocate the American supplies of food, fuel, and money among the European Allies. The Allies' needs will be carefully investigated as to forwarding the war as a whole instead of dispensing aid on the basis of the individual needs of the various countries. Through this council it is hoped to bring the departments of the various Governments into touch, and by thus "meshing" the gears consolidate the allied Governments into one big machine.

The question of the permanent representation of America on the Supreme War Council is still open. General Bliss will hold membership after Colonel House returns to America, but whether the United States will have a civilian member will be decided by the President, as the question involves practically a delegation of Presidential power.

In the foregoing I am not quoting Colonel House, but trying to give the general idea of the scheme as far as matured, and my information comes from a variety of sources. All the plans are in the making and subject to change when the meetings convene. Washington's influence will be great in the final action toward making theoretical unity of control concrete.

There is great interest here in America's celebration of the British victory at Cambrai and tributes to General Byng. I had the privilege of visiting General Byng at his headquarters last July, and was not surprised when I heard the news of the new and silent methods. He is himself a silent man, delving over maps and concentrated on the business of waging war. After meeting him I visited the Canadian Corps Headquarters, and everybody I met assured me that Byng would pull off something big before many months.

Sir Julian's stroke is greeted here as the emergence of the genius of the British Army for the first time in this war.

VIENNA FACES FOOD CRISIS.

Shortage Threatened Owing to the Transport Difficulties.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Vienna is threatened with a shortage of grain, bread, and other foods, owing to transport difficulties, according to reports made at a conference of local food organizations and reported by the Neue Freie Presse and forwarded from Copenhagen by the Exchange Telegraph Company. The population, the newspaper said, was startled by the statement that Vienna only had sufficient bread for the next ten days.

It was said that sufficient potatoes were available, however, to allow each person one and one-half kilograms weekly.

TO TURN OUT FEWER PLEASURE AUTOS

Reduction for the Year Will Be From 40 to 60 Per Cent.—Firms to Build War Trucks.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24. — A drastic reduction in the output of pleasure automobiles during 1918 is indicated in reports received during the last few weeks by the Automotive Committee of the Council of National Defense. Large automobile manufacturers in various parts of the country have volunteered the information to the committee that they propose cutting down their output during the year anywhere from 40 to 60 per cent. One of these concerns manufactures four popular-priced cars, which are known throughout the country. Another concern is the Ford Motor Company, which announced several days ago that its output would be curtailed.

Increased cost of raw materials, difficulty of obtaining adequate transportation for these and for the finished product, and a desire to increase the truckmaking facilities of their plants are the several reasons given by the manufacturers. Practically without exception, the firms which will reduce the production of pleasure cars intend bidding for a part of the contracts for the 100,000 military trucks included in the War Department's program.

BRITISH TAKE SITE OF ANCIENT MIZPAH

Turks Shell the Mosque Containing the Tomb of the Prophet Samuel.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The site of ancient Mizpah, 5,000 yards west of the Jerusalem-Nabulus road, has been stormed by the British, the War Office announces. Mounted troops which advanced northward were forced back by the Turks. The bulletin reads:

On Wednesday we stormed the Nebi Samwil Ridge, the site of the ancient Mizpah, which is 5,000 yards west of the Jerusalem-Nabulus road. Repeated counterattacks by the Turks have been beaten off. The enemy has bombarded the mosque containing the tomb of the Propet Samuel, which we carefully avoided.

Our mounted troops, which had approached Beit Unia on Wednesday, were forced back by a strong counter-attack, and are now holding Beit Ur-el-Foka, (twelve miles northwest of Jerusalem,) on the upper Beth Horon.

After a heavy rain, the weather is now bright and cold.

General Allenby reports that the successful action of Monday, when the enemy was driven from the defile west of Kuryet-el-Enab, was due to the gallantry of the Somersets, the Wiltshires, and the Gurkhas.

En-Nebi Samwil is generally recognized as the site of the ancient Mizpah, although two other places claim the distinction, probably because many Biblical references to Mizpah, although different in character, refer to the same place. There are references to the land of Mizpah (Josh. xi., 3), to the valley of Mizpah (Josh. xi., 8), to a lowland of Judea (Josh. xv., 38), and to a place in Moab (I. Sam. xxii., 3).

The use of the word as an inscription for memorial rings is based on the setting up of the "heap" of stones by Jacob and his brethren: "The Lord watch betwoen me and thee." (Gen. xxxi., 49.)

En-Nebi Samwil is believed to be the site of the Mizpah, in the territory of Benjamin, where Israel gathered before punishing the tribe of Benjamin (Judges xix.-xx.), also where the prophet Samuel was born, lived and assembled Israel to resist the Philistines and subsequently to present Saul as King (I. Sam. x., 17). But critics do not agree that the places were identical.

RESUME RELIEF WORK.

Jewish Workers to Distribute Money in Poland Through Dutch.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 24.—Max Senior and Boris Dogen, both of Cincinnati, representing the Jewish Joint Distribution Committee of New York, which spent over $7,000,000 for relief of distressed co-religionists of Poland, Lithuania, Rumania, and Palestine, have resumed the work of the committee, suspended since the entry of the United States into the war, with a remittance of $75,000 to Warsaw. The Netherlands Consul at that city has undertaken the distribution of the money to local relief committees.

The operations of the committee will be intrusted in the future to a permanent commission formed by Privy Councillor Oppenheim, with the co-operation of the diplomatic agents of the Netherlands in the war-stricken territories.

GERMANS AID TURKS IN NEW ATROCITIES

Excesses Are Committed on the Jewish Colonies in Palestine—Some Americans Victims.

ALEXANDRIA, Egypt, Nov. 24.—Refugees from Palestine report that the Turks, in co-operation with the Germans, are committing fearful atrocities upon Jewish colonies in Palestine.

Last month all the leading men of the Jewish colony at Jaffa were accused of espionage, and on false evidence or on confessions extorted by torture were convicted by a German court-martial and hanged with many members of their families, refugees declare.

To extort confessions, it is added, many men and women, including some American citizens, have been stripped and beaten in public, some so severely as to cause death.

Stock Exchange Ambulances at Front.

Henry E. Montgomery, Chairman of the New York Stock Exchange committee formed in the early part of the year to raise funds with which to provide ambulances for the American Ambulance Field Service abroad, reported yesterday that the committee had raised $48,354.40. Deducting $47 for expenses, the total remittance amounted to $48,307.40. According to Mr. Montgomery, the section was sent to Albania in January of this year, where it has been ever since, but recently it was ordered to the French front.

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

FIFTH AVENUE—37TH AND 38TH STREETS

New
White Satin Waists
for Women and Misses
Special 9.75

SIX new models, of superior quality washable satin, in high and low collar styles, tailored cluster tucked, and tucked bosom effects; also one model with collar, cuffs and tucked bosom of Georgette Crepe.

At Reduced Prices Monday
Women's Daytime Gowns
High class models and fabrics

GOWNS of Georgette crepe or French satin, also of Georgette crepe combined with satin; in black, navy, taupe, prune, Copen, gray or brown; richly embroidered or beaded; also dresses of serge . . **29.50**
Heretofore 39.50 to 59.50

Women's Daytime Gowns

ELABORATE models of Georgette crepe or combined with satin, many fur trimmed, in black, navy, prune, brown, taupe or burgundy, elaborately beaded and embroidered many with sheer bodice **39.50**
Heretofore 59.50 to 79.50

NO EXCHANGES—NO CREDITS

Givable Things for Men
In the Enlarged Men's Shops

Men's English "Spitalfield" Scarves, made of hand-loomed Silks . . **2.50**

Men's London Knitted Silk Reefers, in American and English Regimentals, College Colors; also black and white, **6.50**

Men's House Coats of Double Faced Cloths, cloth binding with corded edge **7.50**

Men's Blanket Bath Robes, in Jacquard figured designs . . **5.00**

Men's Pure Thread Silk Sox, celebrated Interwoven make, spliced heel, sole and toe, per pair . . **60c**

Men's Grey Mocha Gloves, of superior quality. In both regular and short fingers, two-needle back . . **2.75**

Men's Linen Handkerchiefs, embroidered Block or Longfellow initial, narrow hems. Special, Box of Six . **1.35**

Men's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, hand-embroidered initial, ¼ inch hem, assorted cords to the box. Special, Box of Six **3.00**

Men's Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs, extra fine, hand-embroidered Longfellow initial, assorted cords to the box. Special, Box of Six . . . **5.50**

Women's Winter Coats
New Models—at Special Prices

Women's Winter Coats
With or without fur trimming; of wool velour, "Pom Pom" cloth, broadcloth or vicuna mixtures. *Special* **29.50**

"Pom Pom" or Wool Velour Coats
In all the desirable winter colorings; large fur collars, cuffs or fur bandings; also plain tailored Coats to wear with one's own furs. *Special* **45.00**

Genuine Bolivia Cloth Coats
Fur trimmed or plain tailored Coats, new fitted or semi-belted models, in olive drab, beaver, reindeer, green, seal brown, navy or black. *Special* **59.50**

Will Close Out Monday
Women's High-Class Coats
RICHLY FUR TRIMMED
ONE OF A COLOR
Including Eight Original Paris Models

EXCLUSIVE model Coats of the finest wool fabrics, such as Siberia cloth, duvetyn, gloveskin velour, suede velour, genuine Bolivia cloth, and duvet de laine.

50.00
Heretofore 75.00 to 150.00

The Handkerchief Shop—Enlarged for the Holidays is now in a New Location on the Main Floor
Specials in Linen Handkerchiefs
AT UNCHANGED PRICES
For Women and Misses

ALREADY the demand for linen handkerchiefs exceeds the supply, and there is a corresponding increase in prices. But our Holiday prices are unchanged from those of last year.

Initial Linen H'd'k's white linen with white initials; also of linen finish Shamrock, colored initials. Box of six **.75**

Hand-emb'd H'd'k's of linen; hand-emb'd wreath initial; or hand-emb'd block initial. Box of six **1.35**

Pure Linen H'd'k's one corner emb'd, assorted designs in box. Box of four **1.00**

Fine Linen H'd'k's hand-emb'd wreath initial in white or colors. Assorted designs. Box of six **2.75**

We advise early orders where hand-embroidered initials or monograms are desired

For Monday Only

Real Madeira Linen Handkerchiefs
Hand scalloped with hand-embroidered corners in various designs. Regular price 50c. **.35**

Pure Linen Handkerchiefs
Sheer and heavy qualities; hand-drawn hems in two widths; also corded edges. Regular price 1.50. Box of six **1.25**

New
Scotch Plaid Wool Skirts
for Women and Misses
Special 9.75

ALL-ROUND box pleated model in dark green and blue colorings, with or without gold over-stripe, Novelty belts.

Greatly Reduced—Monday
Women's Wool Velour Suits
Collar, cuffs and wide border on coat of natural nutria fur

HANDSOME Suits, in navy, brown, black, damson, burgundy, taupe or green; surplice coat; new model straight line skirt . . . **55.00**
Heretofore 98.50

Greatly Reduced—Monday
Women's High-Class Suits
Made of fashionable, soft finished wool fabrics, trimmed with rich furs

DISTINCTIVE models—mostly one of a kind—including custom tailored suits, lavishly fur trimmed with choice pelts **95.00**
Heretofore 125.00 to 165.00

Women's Smart Shoes
with Military or Cuban heels
8.50

MADE of mahogany, khaki, tan or black Russia calf; also of tan or black Russia calf with fawn buckskin tops, welted leather soles.

Will Close Out—Monday
Misses' High-Class Suits
Majority trimmed with rich furs; also tailored Suits to wear with one's own furs
45.00
Heretofore 59.50 to 89.50

SUITS of silvertone, wool velour, duvet de laine, broadcloth, suede velour, Oxford suitings or velveteen, in the season's most desirable colors. Sizes 14 to 20 years.

BRITISH SHIPPING AS A WAR WEAPON

Ninety Per Cent. of Nation's Great Merchant Marine Now Operated by Government.

PROFITS CAST TO THE WIND

Movement of Men, Munitions, and Food the One Idea—Country Proud of Her Heroic Seamen.

By ROBERT DONALD,
Editor of The London Daily Chronicle.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Before the Lloyd George Government came into office about a year ago, only half the British shipping had been requisitioned for war purposes, and the overseas trade was going on as a diminishing business concern. Cuts had been made in the luxury trades, imports being radically reduced, but the bold policy of universal requisition and State control, which Lloyd George had favored from the beginning of the war, had not been adopted, with the result that British shipping companies amassed enormous fortunes, after paying the State over 60 per cent. of their war profits.

With the advent of the present Government to power the strong arm of the State took over practically the whole of the British mercantile shipping. This policy received its greatest stimulus when the United States of America entered the war. The Lloyd George Cabinet was determined to subordinate all commercial and national interests to the overwhelming demands of the war. Thus, after three years, the policy which Lloyd George with unerring instinct had favored from the beginning was finally achieved.

When the war is over Great Britain will have to start anew to restnre its vast carrying trade throughout the world, which brought the home country an annual revenue estimated at over £150,000,000. Vested interests of the highways of the ocean which have taken over a hundred years to establish have vanished in a few months.

The prime object of the shipping control is to save tonnage for national and war interests, and now only about a 10 per cent. margin in small ships remains uncontrolled. In the struggle between motor cars and wheat, motor cars have to go. That is the principle upon which the ships are operated. Since 90 per cent. of the shipping has been secured, most drastic measures have been applied, far in excess of those which the French have thought fit to apply to their own ships, though nominally they are under Government control.

Profits No Longer Considered.

Such are the restrictions adopted that commercial interest and personal profit have ceased to play any part in the movementof ships. In cases where companies continue to manage their vessels, no trade considerations enter into the use or service of the ships. It is possible sometimes to allow a small margin for general goods, such as cotton or supplementary articles of food, such as hams and bacon, but the profit arising from such freight goes to the Government as a set-off to the hire. Private management has no longer any commercial interest in cargo.

The most startling transfers have been effected in the name of national emergency. Old established trading connections have been sacrificed to the superior interests of the nation. Ships have been withdrawn from the China coast to the advantage of Japan, and vessels have been taken from Scandinavian waters to the profit of neutral shipping. In the case of a great company like the Pacific and Oriental, with a total fleet of fifty vessels, all are under requisition more than half are managed directly by the Goveromont or by other companies. The remaining ships are carrying goods to the account of the Government. These remarks apply also to the Clan and Holt lines.

Get the Government Rate.

Dividend-earning ships now get the standard blue book or Government minimum rate, and nothing else. This rate, however, provides a reasonable profit, but nothing like the earpings of the free shipping of the world, nor does the rate compare with the profits made by English shipping earlier in the war.

Still, international trade and production must be kept alive in the interests of national finance. While there is no allocation for cotton, ships to India naturally take Manchester goods, (the production of which has been reduced 40 per cent. and is largely for domestic and army consumption,) and bring back manganese ore or cereals. But when space is given to goods of this sort it is always subject to the claims either of the military or of the civil population of the nation.

Sometimes critics of pro-German tendencies have jumped to conclusions from the most innocent statements in Ministerial speeches. Lloyd George's remarks, for instance, that America was contributing wooden ships to save the food situation provoked the suggestion that Britain was forcing wooden ships upon America. Why? Because, it was stated, England knew they would be no good after the war, and she herself was building steel ships.

Great Britain is building all the ships she can, to devote them to war services and nothing else. Upon Great Britain has fallen the duty of helping the Allies. The amount of shipping placed at the service of France, Italy, and other allied countries is 3,000,000 tons dead weight. This tonnage represents nearly two months' consumption of wheat by England. A great deal of it is devoted to carrying coal as well as wheat. In some cases the ships are not actually handed over, but the tonnage is given to the Allies under British management. The traffic between England and France in men, munitions, and food involves the use of a prodigious quantity of tonnage, and the campaigns in the East mean almost as great demands and very much greater risks.

Imports a Fourth of Normal.

Excluding food, Great Britain imported before the war between 35,000,000 and 40,000,000 tons of goods a year. The corresponding imports this year will be less than 10,000,000 tons. The prospects for next year are even less satisfactory, as there must be a further diminution as the war goes on. Thus, at the present showing English imports (apart from war material and food) have been reduced to one-quarter of normal.

It should be borne in mind that the great need of the Allies at the present moment is ships and still more ships. If need be, trade must further suffer, as the biggest armament will prove of no avail if they cannot be transported.

While the State for war interests has placed a mortgage on the British mercantile marine and withdrawn it from its spheres of commercial competition, the British people were never prouder of their merchant service than they are today, that is because of the heroism of the men who have faced all of the new dangers and atrocities of the high seas and never shirked their duty. During three and a half years of war no single ship has been delayed by reason of a crew's refusal to face danger. Skippers of old tramp steamers, gunless and unconvoyed, ambling along at eight knots an hour, have gone through the submarine-infested Medlterranean, ready to meet all risks. Others, whose guns have been outranged by enemy submarines, have fought until their ships were shot to shreds, and then—heroes. The gallantry of the sailors of the British mercantile fleet is one of the great unwritten stories of the war.

ITEMIZE U-BOAT TOLL OF RELIEF STEAMERS

Commission Officials Publish Protest Made on Behalf of Belgian Sufferers.

12 VESSELS TORPEDOED

And Three Others Shelled After German Assurances of Safety Had Been Given.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The charge that German U-boats sank and shelled Belgian relief ships after assurances the Berlin Government had given of immunity was made today by the Commission for Relief in Belgium.

The commission, replying to a denial by Germany of responsibility for the sinking of the ships, published the text of a formal protest lodged with the Central Powers, in which it was stated that submarine commanders had sunk twelve ships and shelled three others.

The protest, which covered the period immediately following the declaration of an unrestricted submarine campaign by Germany, read as follows:

"On the 2d of February, 1917, we received from the Director of the commission in Brussels telegraphic advice that the Imperial German Government insisted that the commission shonid send its ships to Rotterdam by a route northward of the newly declared war zone, and that ships at that time in the war zone should proceed out of it by the most direct route, and could safely do so up to the evening of the 4th of February.

"At that time we had fourteen ships at sea carrying 76,000 tons of foodstuffs, either en route to or already inside the declared zone, and all but a few of them out of communication. Also at that moment we had stored in the United Kingdom 47,000 tons of foodstuffs awaiting shipment to Rotterdam. The notice given to us was entirely too short to make arrangements in all cases, either for the alteration of the route or the transportation of our stocks in the United Kingdom, and as a consequence eleven of the ships arrived in the United Kingdom ports in due course. In any event, we were advised by the Dutch and English Admiralties that the war zone declared by the German Government overlapped with the mine zone in the North Sea, and there was no safe lane open on the route stated by the German authorities.

"We were compelled to direct our New York office not only to hold up all shipments abroad, but also we were compelled to hold all arrivals and stocks in the United Kingdom until such time as a safe passage to Rotterdam could be agreed upon. The British authorities made no difficulty over the recession of the previous requirement to search in the United Kingdom ports, and ultimately the German war zone was minimized so as to establish a lane into Rotterdam through the North Sea, which they declared safe. The German authorities agreed to again respect our markings and to furnish safe conduct passes by this route from America. These arrangements were settled on the 28th of February, and our traffic was resumed from the Atlantic seaboard after a cessation of one month and the accumulation of large demurrage costs.

Repeated Appeals Disregarded.

"In the meantime we had made repeated appeals to the German authorities for safe conducts for the steamers then in the United Kingdom ports to proceed to Rotterdam, but as we could obtain no satisfaction in this matter we were compelled to discharge the cargoes in order to release the ships and prevent the perishable supplies from spoiling. Ultimately on April 1 the German authorities conditionally promised to give passage to four steamers then remaining in United Kingdom ports undischarged, but these steamers were not to proceed until May 1. As it was hopeless to preserve the foodstuffs over such a period these steamers were discharged as well.

"The net result is that today we have upward of 96,000 tons of foodstuffs in the United Kingdom. We were only able to deliver 24,000 tons in Rotterdam during the month of February and 9,000 tons during the month of March, as against 120,000 required per month. Owing to the alarm arising out of the unrestricted submarine warfare and from the sinking of our ships mentioned later on, even when on the 'safe' lane, we have not been able to secure sufficient charters to fully re-establish our service. During the month of April, assuming that we have no further losses of steamers, we shall deliver less than 55,000 tons of foodstuffs into Rotterdam. During these three months the Belgian and French populations will have been deprived of over 270,000 tons of foodstuffs critically necessary to prevent the most intense suffering among the people. Nor is the outlook for the future at all improving.

"Of equal importance, however, with the direct loss and suffering entailed by the shortage of deliveries, as mentioned above, has been the entire failure of the German submarines to adhere to the previous or new undertaking entered into by the Imperial Government as to the safety of our ships.

List of Ships Deliberately Sunk.

"On Feb. 3 we learned that the Belgian steamship Euphrates, of 4,250 tons, outward bound in ballast, provided with the commission's markings and a safe-conduct pass from the German Minister in The Hague, had been torpedoed without warning and most of the crew drowned. This act occurred before the expiration of the period notified as safe to Feb. 4.

"On Feb. 6 the Danish steamer Lars Kruse, carrying 2,300 tons of maize inward to Rotterdam, provided with the commission's markings, was sunk and one member of the crew lost. The rest were saved. The German authorities assert that this ship struck a mine, but much evidence points the other way.

"On March 8 the Norwegian steamer Storstad, en route to the newly agreed safe lane, carrying 10,000 tons of maize, with the commission's markings and safe conduct pass from the German authorities in the Argentine, was stopped by a submarine and subsequently torpedoed by it without examination of the ship's papers. One of the crew died of exposure and another was lost.

"On March 16 the Belgian steamers Hacha and Tunisie, outward bound on the safe lane from Rotterdam in ballast for New York, carrying all the commission's markings, together with safe conduct from the German Minister at The Hague, were shelled by a German submarine, and six members of the Hacha crew were killed. The others managed to escape, but the Hacha was so injured that she had to put into a Norwegian port for repairs.

"On March 17 the Belgian steamer Ministre de Smet de Naeyer was shelled by a submarine in the North Sea, but managed to escape. She was outward bound in ballast, and was provided with the commission's markings, and had, as usual, a safe conduct pass from the German Minister at The Hague.

"On March 31 the Norwegian steamer Felstein, inward bound within the (safe) lane, carrying 4,450 tons of wheat, was torpedoed and sunk without warning in bread daylight off the Dutch coast near Terschelling. She carried all the commission's markings and safe conduct pass issued by the Swiss Minister at Washington on behalf of the German Government.

"On the 4th of April the Belgian ship Trevier, carrying 4,396 tons of wheat, was torpedoed in broad daylight without warning ten miles off the Dutch coast, within the safe lane. She carried full markings and safe conduct pass from the Swiss Minister, Washington, issued with the authority of the German Government, and six members of the crew were seriously wounded by shell fire after they had taken to the boats.

"On April 2 the Norwegian steamer Anna Fostenes, inward bound, loaded with 3,100 tons of wheat, was torpedoed near Rotterdam, well within the (safe) lane. She carried full commission's markings and safe conduct pass issued by the Swiss Minister at Washington on the authority of the German Government.

"On April 8 we received word that the Norwegian steamer Camilla, inward bound, with 2,600 tons of wheat, on the safe lane, had been torpedoed without warning. She carried, as usual, the commission's markings and a safe conduct pass issued by the Swiss Minister at Washington on the authority of the German Government.

"Since resuming traffic on Feb. 28, three steamers have arrived safely and five have been sunk.

"It is impossible to express the indignation which we rightly feel over these acts, and we are at a loss to know whether this continued sinking of steamers in violation of their undertakings is a settled policy of the Imperial Government or whether it is due to reckless irresponsibility of submarine commanders. In any event, the immediate peril and loss of life of innocent seamen continuing resolutely in the service of helpless people is transcended only by the tragedy of suffering imposed on those millions of men, women, and children we are trying to preserve.

"THE COMMISSION FOR RELIEF IN BELGIUM.
"April 9, 1917."

RIDICULES CAMPAIGN HERE.

Frankfurter Zeitung Scorns Our "Four-Minute Men."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 24.—The Frankfurter Zeitung, commenting on the 15,000 official propagandists who are to speak at moving picture theatres and other public places in the United States, speaks of them as four-minute men, and says that the time of the speeches will be limited to four minutes because America has done so little up to the present that four minutes will be ample time.

SPANIARDS FIGHT DUEL.

Son of Count Romanones Wounds Editor of La Nation.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The Marquis de Villabragima, son of Count Romanones, and the Marquis de Polavieja have fought a duel with swords, according to a Madrid dispatch. De Polajava was wounded in the breast.

He is the editor of La Nacion, which has been attacking ex-Premier Romanones, and he is a son of Capt. Gen. Marquis Polavieja, who in 1896 ordered the execution of Dr. Jose Risal, a Filipino patriot, in the Philippines.

HELD AS ARSON SUSPECTS.

Men Arrested in Pittsburgh May Be Concerned in Baltimore Fire.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 24.—Charles Levine and Isadore Sabeloff, arrested last night when the police raided a cheap lodging house, were turned over to the Federal authorities today by a Police Magistrate on the belief that they know something concerning the fire which recently destroyed a number of railroad piers in Baltimore.

At the hearing before the Magistrate it developed that a diary and two letters referring to recent explosions and the Baltimore fire were found on the prisoners. The letters were directed to the men at Cleveland and signed "Ed." To one of the letters was a postscript which read: "I guess you fellows will be coming home soon now that the big fire has taken place."

TIKHON RUSSIAN PATRIARCH

Former Head of the Church in America Raised to Supreme Dignity.

According to a cable dispatch received yesterday from Moscow, dated Nov. 23, Archbishop Tikhon, the metropolitan of that city, has been elected Patriarch of all Russia. This is the first time the office has been filled since it was abolished by Peter the Great, more than 200 years ago.

The news was received by Bishop Alexander of Canada, who is the head of the Russian Orthodox Church in North America, from Archbishop Evdokim of Alaska.

The new presiding prelate of the Russian Church was Bishop and Archbishop in the United States for seven and a half years, and returned to Russia in the Spring of 1906, when he was appointed Archbishop of Warsaw, and Exarch of Lithuania and Vilna. Three months ago, after the revolution had freed the church, he was elected by the clergy and laity to be Metropolitan of Moscow.

From the time of Peter the Great up till the time of the present revolution the Russian Metropolitans and Bishops were appointed by the Holy Synod and confirmed by the Czar. Since 1905 the clergy in Russia have been hoping for a Church Council to put things on a different footing and effect a reformation in the government of the church generally. The council was assembled last Summer and promptly gave the clergy and laity in each diocese in Russia the power to elect their own prelates.

Archbishop Platon, who succeeded Archbishop Tikhon in the United States and went back to Russia in the Spring of 1914, was two months ago elected Metropolitan of Kieff.

Off to Attend the Means Trial.

Members of the District Attorney's staff and others started yesterday for Concord, N. C., to appear as witnesses at the trial there tomorrow of Gaston B. Means, charged with the murder of Mrs. Mary A. King, whose once large estate and financial affairs had for some time been under the management of the defendant. The New York party included Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling and Captain William Jones, pistol expert of the Police Department, both of whom were active in gathering evidence in the case here, and assisted the authorities at Concord before and after the arrest of Means; Dr. Otto H. Schultz, and Detectives Cunniff, Jones, and Fogarty.

SPECIAL FOR MONDAY

Women's Silk Hose

Superlative quality, pure silk hose in black, white and various shades for street and evening wear.

1.35 *Regularly 1.50*
Three Pairs 4.00

Particular Attention is Directed to the Advertisement of
ORIGINATIONS IN WOMEN'S NECKWEAR
Illustrated in Today's Rotogravure Section of The New York Times

BONWIT TELLER & CO.
The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

SPECIAL FOR MONDAY

Women's Kid Gloves

A diversified assortment of short Kid gloves in overseam, pique and P. X. M. styles in various colors.

1.75
the pair

TO CLOSE OUT
About Two Hundred and Fifty Pairs
Silver and Gold Cloth Evening Slippers
SLIGHTLY TARNISHED OR HANDLED
3.00
Formerly 6.00 to 12.50
NO APPROVALS. NO CREDITS. NO EXCHANGES.

TO CLOSE OUT
A Collection of
Handmade Georgette Crepe Blouses
9.75
Formerly 15.00 to 22.50
NO APPROVALS. NO CREDITS. NO EXCHANGES.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.
The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Exceptional Values in
Especially Selected Negligees
OF UNUSUAL STYLE AND CHARM.

New Model Taffeta House Coat
Executed on chic, youthful lines, of excellent quality taffeta with decorative ruche trimming. *11.75*

New Model Satin House Coat
Developed on generous enveloping lines of excellent quality heavy satin with deep pockets. *16.50*

Lacy Coat and Slip Model
Separate coat and slip of chiffon and Georgette with effective and elaborate trimming of lace. *22.50*

FOR MONDAY ONLY
Exceptional Special Sale
SILK PETTICOATS
2.85
Formerly 4.50 and 5.00
Included are petticoats of satin and habutai silk in the new slender silhouette. All the favored daytime shades.

FOR MONDAY ONLY—SPECIALS
Handmade Lingerie
MOST UNCOMMON VALUES

Handmade, Hand Embroidered Set
Exquisitely fine, of sheer batiste, hand embroidered in dainty European design. In sets or individual pieces as follows:
Nightgown 1.85 *Envelope Chemise 1.85*
Combination 2.25 *Corset Cover 1.75*
Drawer 1.95

Handmade, Hand Embroidered Set
Made of more sheer batiste than above described set, with smaller and more detached hand-embroidered motifs. In sets or individual pieces as follows:
Nightgown 3.45 *Chemise 2.95*
Combination 3.45 *Corset Cover 2.95*

Women's Tailleur Suits
STRICTLY TAILORED & FUR TRIMMED
38.00
Formerly 49.50 to 69.50
Suits of wool velour, silvertone, duvet de laine, broadcloth and gabardine. Featured are the prevailing silhouettes in short and medium length coats.

Women's Costume Suits
HANDSOMELY FUR TRIMMED
68.00
Formerly 85.00 to 135.00
Exclusive modes of velveteen, silvertone, Rayonnier cloth, wool velour; straight line models with deep shawl collars of fur, bustle effects and belted styles. Fur trimming of beaver, nutria, ringtail Kolinsky, Hudson Seal, Australian Opossum.

TO CLOSE OUT—*(Main Floor)*
A Number of
Sport & Tailored Hats
5.00 8.50 10.00
Formerly 8.50 to 28.00
In velvet, velour and felt.

Women's Velveteen Frocks
GREATLY REDUCED TO
49.50
Unusual modes, typical of this shop, featuring some of the season's smartest silhouettes and treatments.

Women's Serge Frocks
VERY SPECIALLY PRICED
39.50
Tailored and embroidered styles in navy blue serge. Unusually charming styles are included in this special grouping.

Exceptional Values Monday
WOMEN'S FUR COATS
of Quality & Fashion

Hudson Seal Coats
Loose box model 40 inches long, made of select dyed muskrat pelts. ***95.00***

Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats
45-inch long model of choice dyed muskrat, sailor collar and cuffs of skunk. ***125.00***

Nutria Coats
In various lengths and styles, made from selected quality pelts. ***145.00***

Bordered Hudson Seal Coats
45-inch long model with six-inch skunk border, collar and cuffs. ***165.00***

Trimmed Scotch Mole Coats
Exclusive model designed on loose lines with taupe fox collar and cuffs. ***295.00***

Baby Caracul Coats
Unusual and exclusive 45 and 48 inch long models of perfectly matched flat pelts with contrasting fur collar and cuffs. ***350.00***

Women's Odd Coats
TO CLOSE OUT
30.00
Formerly 39.50 to 69.50
A collection of odd coats from regular stock, winter and light weight models in velour, loupine, burella and stockinette. Some fur trimmed; others appropriate for Southern climes.

Women's Day Coats
PLAIN & FUR TRIMMED
40.00
Formerly 49.50 to 75.00
An assemblage of smart velour coats in the favored shadings. Plain tailored to be worn with own furs or trimmed with fur.

TO CLOSE OUT
Wool Skating Sets
SWEATER SCARF CAP
6.50
Formerly 10.00 to 15.00
Shetland Sweaters
6.50
Formerly 12.75
White, green, rose, gold, purple.

Misses' Frocks & Gowns
AT REDUCED PRICES
18.50 25.00
Formerly 29.50 to 55.00
Suitable for daytime and afternoon wear, also informal dinners and dances. Serge, wool jersey, satin, Georgette, charmeuse, Poiret twill and combinations of materials. Sizes 14 to 18.

Misses' Tailleur Suits
REDUCED TO
28.00
Two or three suits of a kind from the regular stock in a diversity of smart styles in the fashionable fabrics and colorings. Sizes 14 to 18.

MOVE MILITANTS FROM WORKHOUSE

Confinement There Illegal, Judge Waddill Holds — Sends 25 Back to Washington Jail.

THREE RELEASED ON PAROLE

To Weak Their Deaths Were Feared—Dr. Brannan's Graphic Account of Workhouse "Brutality."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Twenty-five militant suffragists, confined in the Federal Workhouse at Occoquan, Va., for picketing the White House, were transferred from that institution today by order of Federal Judge Waddill, sitting at Alexandria, Va. He decided that they had been held there illegally, and ordered their return to the District jail, to which they had been committed.

Mrs. John Winters Brannan, Mrs. Henry Butterworth, and Miss Cora Week, all of New York, were released on parole, because they were so near collapse from what they had undergone at Occoquan that it was feared further confinement would result in their deaths.

The prisoners were transferred from Occoquan by automobile to the District prison, where Miss Alice Paul and several other militants as prisoners have been undergoing forcible feeding.

Dudley Field Malone and Matthew O'Brien acted as counsel for the prisoners. Mr. Malone presented the law points, and Mr. O'Brien pictured the alleged indignities suffered by the prisoners at Occoquan.

Dr. John Winters Brannan, President of the Board of Trustees of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals of New York, was present at the trial. He had heard his wife's story of treatment at Occoquan, which he repeated to the court. His statement follows:

Accuses Whittaker of Brutality.

"I find Mrs. Brannan in a state of almost complete collapse from the shocking treatment to which she has been subjected in Occoquan Workhouse. The shock of what she has suffered and the sufferings of others that she has witnessed have undermined her health to the point where I cannot permit her to continue her jail sentence. I shall take her back with me to New York, but, as she herself says, she lives near by and can return if she is again needed.

"Today is the first opportunity I have had to hear my wife's full story, though I have been in Washington three times this week attempting to find out the actual conditions of her imprisonment. She was not allowed to communicate with me from the workhouse, and when I saw her last Sunday Supt. Whittaker insisted upon being present at the interview, and would not allow me to ask her any questions concerning the institution. I find that she herself was twice warned by the Superintendent with threats that she must not tell me anything of the conditions in the workhouse.

"When I went through the workhouse last Sunday the wards and lavatories seemed to me to be clean. I find now that the white paint which impressed me has been put on in response to the protests of earlier suffrage prisoners, and that it is only a blind to deeper sinister conditions. One thing I did notice was the look of terror which came into the faces of all the women prisoners when Mr. Whittaker stepped near them.

"From my wife's account it is evident that the suffrage prisoners were deliberately terrorized when they entered Occoquan and were treated with great brutality by the men guards, who handled them and knocked them about with the fury of thugs, under the immediate direction of Mr. Whittaker himself, who called out that the men 'would be glad to get their hands on them and handle them rough.'

"There was no excuse for this treatment whatever, since the ladies did not, as reported, refuse to give their names to the Superintendant, but merely refused to give them to the matron, in order to force Mr. Whittaker to appear before them and listen to their demands to be treated as political offenders. When he arrived he gave them no opportunity to give their names, but burst into the room and called his guards in after him with orders to 'seize' Mrs. Lawrence Lewis, who was acting as spokesman. She was dragged from the room with curses and with Mr. Whittaker shaking his fist in her face and threatening her with a gag and a straitjacket.

Outrageously Handled.

"The others, my wife tells me, were all brutally and outrageously handled, and are still carrying the bruises. They were thrown into a panic of terror and finally separated from each other and literally hurled into their cells, where they were kept in darkness all night. Mrs. Brannan called from her cell across the corridor to a young girl and asked if she was all right. Mr. Whittaker at once appeared and said he would bring the gag and straitjacket if she spoke again.

"In some cells there were three women with nothing to lie on but one narrow bed and two straw mats. They were offered no food until the following noon, and Miss Cora Week of New York was denied the so-called 'privilege' of a glass of water. Mrs. Henry Butterworth of New York was carried off alone into the men's section of the jail, and deliberately told there would be no other woman with her, and there she was left all night without any other woman prisoner or matron near her and the sound of men's voices on all sides.

"As for the hunger strike, that has not been started because the women desire to make martyrs of themselves, but in an attempt to secure food which they could eat, and decent living conditions.

"These facts represent an intolerable condition that cannot be permitted to go on. Whether we agree with these ladies or not in the methods they employ to win a share in our Government, we are compelled to recognize their sincerity and sacrifice, and the fact that they feel that they have broken no law, since the Constitution guarantees their right to petition and the Clayton act makes picketing in the district legal. If they are guilty of an offense it is trivial in comparison with the outrageous insults and the brutal treatment to which they have been subjected."

Permission has been granted by President Wilson for an inspection of the workhouse by Dr. Howard A. Kelly and Dr. Lillian Welsh of Baltimore. Dr. Kelly is a brother of Mrs. Lawrence Lewis of Philadelphia, one of the prisoners.

Hunger Strikers in Court.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Nov. 24.—At the beginning of the suffragist hearing here today Miss Lucy Burns, Vice Chairman of the Woman's Party; Mrs. Lawrence Lewis of Philadelphia, and Miss Hattie Kruger of Buffalo, weak from hunger-striking were assisted into the court-room to testify concerning their charges of brutal treatment. Judge Waddill held, however, that an inquiry into these charges was unnecessary in view of his decision that the prisoners were illegally held. Counsel for the militants gave notice that they would present a formal petition later for redress.

The court indicated approval of the judgment of the District Police Court in convicting the women on the charge of blocking traffic when they picketed the White House.

Acquitted in Axe Murders Case.

RED OAK, Iowa, Nov. 24.—The Rev. Ryan G. J. Kelly was acquitted of the charge of committing the Villisca ax murders of 1912 by the jury in his second trial in the District Court here tonight after four hours and twenty-five minutes' consideration.

Killed with the Canadians.

OTTAWA, Nov. 24.—These Americans are reported in today's casualty list as killed in action: R. L. McCoy, New Orleans, La.; G. O. Jackson, Olivia, Minn.; H. T. Wilson, Parkersburg, W. Va.; Elmer Nelson, Rockford, Ill.

EASTERN ROADS TO BE RUN AS ONE

Continued from Page 1.

to any class of cars or freight results in a slowing down of the operation of the transportation machine. A constant flow of all traffic concurrently produces the best transportation results. The War Board therefore emphasizes the desirability of reducing the great volume of preference orders, which, by placing a substantial majority of the freight moved on the same plane, defeats its own object."

Men and Engines From the West.

One of the direct results of today's action will be a shifting of railroad workers from the West to the East. This will be made necessary by the urgent need of Eastern roads, with their heavily increased business due to the war, for more men.

In the official statement by the Railroads' War Board the following explanation of this phase of the situation is given:

"It is a generally recognized fact that the situation on the Eastern lines is more critical than in any other part of the country, because upon them is being concentrated the bulk of the fuel and raw materials being used in the manufacture of munitions and also the vast quantities of supplies and foodstuffs which are being transported to Europe. Therefore, locomotives, employes, and machine tools will be transferred from other railroads to the Eastern lines and the repair shops of other lines, such as those of the Western roads in Chicago, will be utilized for making repairs on the equipment of the Eastern lines."

Today's action of the Railroads' War Board followed quickly on the publication of a Washington dispatch in THE NEW YORK TIMES telling of the serious straits into which the Eastern railroads have been placed by war conditions and outlining the proposals which they had made to the Government, with a request for immediate action. Today's conference was one of several between representatives of the railroad interests and heads of Government war activities, and the Government representatives were quick to see the absolute necessity of affording some sort of relief that would give the greatest amount of efficiency in railroad transportation of war supplies intended for the fighting forces in Europe.

Those present in behalf of the Government were H. A. Garfield, Fuel Administrator; E. N. Hurley, Chairman of the Shipping Board; Robert S. Lovett, Priority Director; Herbert Hoover, Food Administrator, and Commissioner E. H. Clark of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The Railroads' War Board was represented by Fairfax Harrison, its Chairman; Howard Elliott of the New York, New Haven & Hartford, Hale Holden of the Burlington, Julius Kruttschnitt of the Southern Pacific, Samuel Rea of the Pennsylvania, and Daniel Willard of the Baltimore & Ohio, who is Chairman of the Government War Industries Board.

Fuel Recommendations.

Today's action was based mainly on a letter addressed to the Government Fuel Administrator by the Railroads' War Board, which contained the following recommendations:

"That a survey be made by the Fuel Administration of present contracts and method of purchase and shipment of coal, so as to shorten the rail haul from mine to consumer and to eliminate as far as possible all cross-hauls of coal.

"Pooling of coal within reasonable limits will, without doubt, produce additional large savings in cars and increase efficiency, and the railroads are prepared to co-operate in any measures pursued by the Fuel Administration to that end.

"That immediate measures be adopted to transfer movement of foodstuffs and other export material to Southern and Gulf ports to as large a degree as compatible with public interest in order to relieve the Eastern congested territory of an equivalent amount of train service.

"That an immediate survey be made of all Government requirements now involving the movement of raw materials in and manufactured product out of centres of industry, so that accumulations on cars and line and in terminals will not occur, as now, while product is awaiting use here or ocean transportation for foreign use.

"The concentration in certain parts of Eastern territory of vast Government and industrial activities has overtaxed the capacity of rail lines in that territory, considering the heavy movement of coal and other heavy commodities which formerly moved on coastwise vessels but has now been thrown upon the railroads, the heavy military and civilian passenger travel, &c.

"An important part of the plan adopted for the operation of the Eastern lines is that of placing at their disposal the facilities of railroads in other territories in such extent as may be necessary.

"Some specific illustrations of the way in which the trackage of the various lines is to be pooled are to be given in the report of the Vice Presidents. For example, the Western Maryland will allow its line to be used as an eastbound track in connection with the Baltimore & Ohio from Connellsville, Penn., to Jerome, Md., 125 miles, thus making three tracks between those points.

"The Erie Railroad is to be used to its full capacity in transporting lake ore and coal between Cleveland and Youngstown, and power and equipment will be provided from other lines for its use as required. It is expected that under the new arrangement large amounts of freight traffic will be diverted from the railroads which are now most congested to those which still have some unused capacity.

"The Committee of Operating Officers which will be in charge of the operation of the railway pool will meet in Washington on Monday to formulate further rules and to make such recommendations as it may consider necessary."

The official statement issued tonight said:

"The measures adopted are calculated to enable the Eastern railways to transport the maximum amount of freight traffic which it would be physically possible under any organization or by any methods for them to move with their present facilities."

RAILROADS ASK PUBLIC TO MAKE FEWER TRIPS

Executives Believe Fares Should Be Vastly Increased—To Cut Off More Trains.

Leading railroad executives, with the assistance of the Government, will soon start an active campaign to induce persons in this country to travel less. With the nation at war and the facilities of the railroad taxed to the utmost, passenger travel passed all previous records in October, and it is expected reports for November will show a still further increase. This is the case in no other belligerent country. Just as there is non-essential freight transportation, the curtailment of which is soon to be effected, just so there is what is considered by the Railroads' War Board non-essential passenger traffic.

This passenger increase is taking place despite the fact that in the past six months the railroads have curtailed trains to an extent equal to about 10 per cent. of the train mileage. That the further increase in the efficiency of the railroads demands the use of fewer locomotives for hauling passengers, of fewer train crews used on such cars, and of fewer miles of track crowded with passenger traffic, to say nothing of saving of coal, is the belief of the railroad managers now charged with the war operation of the roads. Many of the big roads are planning to curtail their long-distance passenger service.

It is the attitude of some members of the War Board that people must be made to realize that travel for pleasure is one of the luxuries which must be sacrificed for the sake of winning the war. They point to the situation in France and England and Germany, where no pleasure traveling is done. In England the passenger traffic has been reduced something more than 50 per cent., pleasure travel being practically done away with. The railroads of England took off most of the passenger trains, but before this was done all passenger fares were raised 50 per cent.

There are American railroad executives who believe that passenger fares should be substantially increased, except for commutation trains and, of course, troop trains. But this move is barred to an extent by the fact that all raises in fares in interstate traffic are subject to the regulation of State Commissioners, and experience has taught railroad men that it is a task which has seldom been accomplished to get forty-eight State Commissions to act in concert on anything. It has been said that Congress has no power to pass a law allowing roads to increase rates on traffic within State limits. This would be one of the situations that would not arise under the system of Federal incorporation of railroads desired by a majority of railroad executives.

It is the purpose of the War Board to curtail travel in a manner that will not interrupt essential travel. The proposed plans call for the elimination of competing trains and their consolidation and for the curtailment of trains de luxe, run especially for pleasure travelers.

In an appeal to the railroads to increase their efficiency issued yesterday by Fairfax Harrison, President of the Southern Railway and Chairman of the Railroads' War Board, he advised that passenger schedules be lengthened during the Winter, to promote punctuality, and avoid the demoralization of traffic that results when trains fail to make their schedules. Mr. Harrison also advised railroads to arrange for the common use of terminals and facilities to tide over threatening emergencies. Another piece of advice was "wherever transportation can be conserved, to avoid the use of unreasonably circuitous routes, carefully avoiding, however, overloading direct routes."

"It is evident," said a statement by the American Railway Association yesterday, "that however heartily the public has already responded to our requests for co-operation, additional and most strenuous endeavor must be made, both by us and by them, to overcome the stress of Winter weather, overworked plants, and depletion of forces through calls to the flag and resignations to accept employment in shipyards and munition factories.

"The railroads generally are very shorthanded, some of our constituents reporting a net shortage of 12½ per cent. in the number and a much greater loss in the efficiency of its employes because of the necessity of filling vacancies with new and inexperienced men. We recognize that every one is doing his best, in trying conditions, to help this country win the war, but if insuperable difficulties should arise to prevent us from giving the public as good service as we desire, we ask every railroad executive to make it clear why we failed, and to request the public to continue to exercise the patience and tolerance that they have heretofore shown."

NO PULLMAN SERVICE LAW.

Jersey Utilities Board Takes No action on Withdrawal of Cars.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 24.—In respect to the withdrawal of a Pullman car from certain trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad between New York and points on the New Jersey coast, the Board of Public Utility Commissioners today issued this statement:

"There is no New Jersey statute which requires a railroad to operate Pullman cars. The board has no authority to require the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in making up its trains in New York to include a Pullman car for the benefit of passengers whose journey begins in New York City, or to operate a Pullman car into the City of New York."

USEFUL XMAS PRESENT

Give your children and friends six best quality Pencils, printed with their OWN NAME, in a fancy box. Three assorted colors and gold-tipped rubbers.

Send 50 cents in stamps or money order and name wanted—we will do the rest.

ELCO PENCIL CO., Dept. T.
Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

LOSING ROAD WILL QUIT.

Short Colorado Line Serving Tungsten District Prepares to Dismantle.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 24.—Notice that it intends to abandon operations as a railroad and dismantle and sell its equipment, commencing Dec. 27, was filed with the State Public Utilities Commission today by the Denver, Boulder & Western Railroad, which operates the only rail line to the tungsten district of Boulder county, one of the most important producing districts of this war material.

The railroad is 46 miles long. Its reason for wishing to cease operations was given as inability to meet expenses.

QUICK REWARDS FOR NAVY.

Bill Prepared to Cut Out Senate Approval of Promotions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Secretary Daniels has directed the Judge Advocate General of the Navy to draft a bill for introduction in Congress to provide authority for the promotion of naval officers without the requirement that their nominations be approved by the Senate. The idea behind this proposed legislation is that it will enable the President to promote naval officers immediately for gallantry in action. The grades to which officers are thus promoted will expire at the end of the war.

Under the selective draft law the President may promote officers to grades in the national army up to and including that of Colonel without submitting their names to the Senate. By this means a cabled recommendation by General Pershing that a certain officer be promoted immediately in appreciation of an act of gallantry could be carried out. It is believed that the effect of such quick reward would increase the morale of the army. Promotions so made would expire with the ending of hostilities or the muster out of the national army.

It is likely that the Government will take up the matter of providing some decoration that may be conferred without red tape upon army and navy officers who distinguish themselves in action. One great difficulty in the past has been that rewards to gallant officers were never conferred while the acts of gallantry were fresh in the minds of troops, sailors, or the public. In many cases years passed before acts of heroism were recognized.

New York
Brooklyn
Philadelphia

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street—New York

Cleveland
Buffalo
Newark

Announce For To-Morrow, Monday, November 26th

A Most Important and Extraordinary Coat Sale

Materials Are

Bolivia Cloth
Pom Pom Cloth
Broadcloth
Silvertone
Duvet de Laine
Cashmere Velour
Silver Tip Cloth
Velveteen

Plain Tailored or Trimmed with

Seal
Nutria
Skunk Opossum
Natural Raccoon

Colors Are

Taupe
Beetroot
Brown
Green
Burgundy
Beige
Oxford
Reindeer
Grey
Plum
Pekin Blue
Navy
Black

375 High Cost Exclusive and Distinctive Coats

Positively the Best Values We Have Ever Offered

About 375 High Cost Women's and Misses' Coats, each model is distinctive and exclusive, suitable for Afternoon, Street, Dress and General wear; all Coats are richly silk lined throughout and warmly interlined.

Regular Values from 39.75 to 65.00

Sale Price 29.75

"Fifth Avenue's Popular Priced Fashion Shop"

Important Sale for Monday

350 Exquisite Silk Blouses

A magnificent collection of dress blouses in superior quality Georgette crepe in fashionable suit colors as well as white and flesh. Beautifully hand-embroidered and beaded.

values to 16.50 **6.90** *values to 16.50*

Lee-Morris Co

at 36th Street — 394 Fifth Avenue — at 36th Street

Announce for Monday

Extraordinary Offerings

Superb Fashions for Women and Misses

A Wonderful Array

Stunning Winter Coats

Specially arranged in two attractive groups

Wool velour coats with large collars of fur, and luxurious pom pom cloth coats in a swagger model; lined with peau de cygne and warmly interlined.

29.75 *values to 39.75*

Velour de laine coats with large collar, deep cuffs and 12 inch border of fur; very smart belted model, lined with peau de cygne and warmly interlined.

39.75 *values to 50.00*

Our Entire Collection

Tailored Suits Reduced

A most attractive diversity of fashionable models, comprising duvet de laine suits, with large fur collars, and velour de laine suits, in superior tailored modes. Every dominant style note has complete expression in this offering. The suits are lined with silk and shown in all the leading colors. All sizes for women and misses.

18.75 *formerly to 35.00*

29.75 *formerly to 57.50*

A Charming Assemblage

Silk, Cloth, Velvet Dresses

Satin, serge, charmeuse, and velveteen frocks in an impressive array of modes for street and afternoon wear. Shown in all the leading shades.

15.00 *formerly to 32.50*

Rich satin, Georgette, broadcloth frocks for street, afternoon, and theatre wear; also a splendid variety of charming gowns for evening wear.

25.00 *formerly to 47.50*

Lee-Morris Co., 394 Fifth Avenue

Best & Co.

Fifth Avenue at Thirty-fifth Street

Christmas Toy Shop

4th Floor.

TOYS for all ages, from babyhood to the time when boys and girls like toboggans and skates.

Toys for every kind of child, toys to develop physical activity, toys to teach patience and thoughtfulness, and books to stir the imagination.

A larger display and more interesting than ever this year.

You Never Pay More at Best's

AUSTRIAN ARRESTED AND WEAPONS FOUND

Captain Kleinschmidt Held for Examination After Detectives Visit His Room.

NOT PRO-GERMAN, HE SAYS

Newspaper Cuts Found in Trunk Show Him in Uniform Ready for Air Flight.

Detectives Ford and Cavanagh of Captain Tunney's bomb squad went to a rooming house at 207 West Forty-fourth street yesterday afternoon and arrested a man describing himself as Captain Frank E. Kleinschmidt, 46 years old. They also seized a trunk in which they reported they found a revolver, a dirk and a scrapbook containing newspaper clippings, one of which shows a picture of Captain Kleinschmidt with a group of Austrian officers about to make an ascent in a dirigible balloon over the war front.

The weapons and scrapbook were presented as evidence before Magistrate McQuade in the Men's Night Court. Kleinschmidt was charged with violation of Section 1897 of the penal law in having a revolver in his possession. Abraham Allenberg of 120 Broadway appeared as attorney for Kleinschmidt and asked an adjournment. The prisoner was released under $500 bail for examination tomorrow.

Kleinschmidt did not make a statement on the witness stand. To newspaper reporters Allenberg said:

"I have known Captain Kleinschmidt for six years. I have attended dinners and lectures where he spoke, both at the Catholic Club here and at the Geographical Club in Washington. I heard from him some time ago that he was going to Newport to take up aviation."

The scrapbook presented to Magistrate McQuade by the detectives contained an article from a Western newspaper on the war in which it was stated that the Lusitania carried 70,000 cases of ammunition. Other clippings were from German papers. The picture showing Kleinschmidt with the Austrian officers was a reproduction of a photograph and was printed in a Denver newspaper on Dec. 11, 1916, according to the inscription. Kleinschmidt appears in a uniform in the picture. After his release on bail Kleinschmidt said to reporters:

"My address is Hotel Astor. Now don't make any mistake. Don't have me pro-German. I am not."

Captain Kleinschmidt is known as an explorer. Returning to the United States in February of last year, he made many speeches and defended the course of the Teutons. Replying to charges of looting lodged against German troops he declared that he had known of but one German soldier who plundered a house. He said the German commanders were careful to see to it that their men did not loot.

BRITONS LIKE OUR MUSIC.

American Composers Enjoying Great Vogue in London.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—Thanks to the United States' entry into the war, American music is enjoying a wide vogue in London this Fall. Since the concert and recital season opened here there has been scarcely a single important program without one or two American numbers, and the leader of the Queen's Hall Symphony Orchestra has just achieved a remarkable success with an entire program of American music.

The musical critics view the American invasion with some friendliness, but not too much enthusiasm. One says: "The American composers seem too anxious to assert their mastery of modern technique, to convince us that they know as much about it as anybody else." Another adds: "The tendency among American composers seems to be toward turning out a piece no less elaborate than that of the modern European, rather than to develop on their own lines."

The Manchester Guardian's critic says: "America has all the qualifications for becoming a great musical nation. She has given more liberally than anybody else; she has offered the most generous hospitality to music; she has bigger halls, and more substantially rewarded orchestras than any other nation. The return for these efforts is bound to come in time, and what has already been achieved may well be a source of pride to Americans."

UNEARTH 'AUTO GRAVEYARD'

Detectives Find Plant Where Thieves Wreck Cars.

An "automobile graveyard" operated by thieves where cars were taken apart and the 'remains" disposed of in separate parts and lots so that identification of stolen vehicles would be made most difficult, was found yesterday in a barn on the Harlem River, near 151st Street, and one of two men arrested by Detectives Fitzpatrick and Moran of the District Attorney's office, told how automobiles are made to disappear and the metal from the cars sold at 10 per cent. of the original value.

The car wreckers were dismantling what was left of the $2,100 automobile of Charles A. Hopsensack, sales manager of the Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, which was stolen on Nov. 4, when he had left the car for a few minutes in front of his home at Broadway and 142d Street.

James Blew, who said he lived at 723 West 177th Street, and Philip Strobel, who gave an address at Astoria, Queens, were the prisoners taken from the barn to the District Atorney's office. One of the men is a chauffeur and the other an automobile mechanic. Evidence implicating them will be placed before a Grand Jury tomorrow. Blew made this statement, according to Assistant District Attorney James M. Donohue:

"We had no difficulty in disposing of the various parts of the automobiles we stole. If we had attempted to dispose of the complete cars we would probably have been caught on the first try. As it was, we had been operating for months, during which time we have stolen many cars, wrecked them, and sold the parts without trouble."

MILITARY CONTROL OF THE WATERFRONT

Continued from Page 1.

larly the shipping of munitions and supplies, to the American expeditionary forces and to the Allies. This protection of property cannot be maintained without the fullest co-operation on the part of those owning or operating these facilities and the responsibility for affording such protection rests upon them equally with the Government officials. Assuming that this co-operating will be cordially entered into, the Department of Justice has therefore promulgated the following instructions, which must be strictly complied with:

1. In order that notice may be promptly given by the Government officials to the operators of all waterfront facilities, every corporation or person operating such facilities must immediately designate some person on whom the Government officials may serve such notices. These persons are to be designated at once, and their names and addresses forwarded to the United States Marshal of the district in which the waterfront facility is located.

2. Every operator of a waterfront facility included in the scope of the proclamation shall immediately appoint and maintain identification inspectors, at his own expense, to be stationed one for every entrance to the dock, wharf, warehouse or other waterfront facility. Such inspectors shall be maintained during all of the hours, day or night, during which the dock or waterfront facility is being operated. It is the duty of these inspectors to identify to the Government patrol all persons entitled to access to the waterfront facility, and this system of identification is to be applied both to officers and employees of the wharf or warehouse, and also to truck drivers, pedestrians, and all other persons having legitimate business at such waterfront facility. It is the duty of such inspectors to see to it that all persons who enter upon the docks, after being identified, shall depart therefrom at the conclusion of their business, so that no person shall lurk on the premises after the completion of his business.

3. The operator of such waterfront facility shall at once prepare, ready for the inspection of Government officials, and keep on the premises a complete and accurate record of all of its officers and employes, containing for each person the following data:

(a) Name and address. (b) Nationality—and if naturalized citizen, place, and time of naturalization. (c) Date when employed. (d) Last previous place of employment. In order that business may not be unduly interfered with, as speedily as possible after the completion of such record, a pass card system will be put into operation by the Government, under which each employee shall be provided with a suitable card of identification. The employer must use suitable precaution for the issue and surrender of such pass cards in order to prevent their getting into unauthorized hands.

4. Every operator of such waterfront facility shall at once give formal notice, in writing, to the United States Marshal, stating the names and addresses of the watchmen in its employ, a brief statement of their prescribed duties, and the hours of their employment. This requirement applies both to names of watchmen and names of the identification inspectors above referred to.

5. Every operator of a waterfront facility shall on or before Dec. 1, file with the United States Marshal, in writing, a statement describing its system of fire patrol and fire prevention.

6. These regulations are prescribed for the purpose of aiding and enforcing the President's proclamation. The requirements of that proclamation must be strictly complied with. Under no circumstances will alien enemies be permitted to enter the waterfront prohibited areas defined by said proclamation, and the operators of the waterfront facilities referred to will be held responsible for keeping alien enemies off their premises.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS RELATIVE TO CONTROL OF ALIEN ENEMIES IN WATER-FRONT ZONES.

I.

Definition of Alien Enemies.

Under Section 4,067 of the Revised Statutes, an alien enemy is defined as follows: All natives, citizens, denizens, or subjects of the hostile Government being males of the age of 14 years and upward and not actually naturalized in the United States. At present the only hostile Government is the Imperial German Government.

(a) German-born children of naturalized Germans are not alien enemies, provided naturalization of parents completed before the children have reached maturity. Otherwise they are alien enemies unless naturalized themselves.

(b) American-born children of German citizens residing in the United States are not alien enemies unless after maturity they became naturalized in Germany.

(c) Naturalization of alien enemies cannot be completed during the period of the war.

(d) German-born children of American citizens temporarily residing in Germany are not alien enemies. If, however, parents' residence is permanent in Germany, the offspring must have established by suitable action citizenship in the United States.

(e) A native, citizen, denizen, or subject of the German Empire remains an alien enemy, even though he has taken out first papers in the United States or has been naturalized in any country other than the United States.

II.

Definition of Zones.

The restrictions relating to the waterfront are defined in Subdivision 13 of the President's proclamation, as follows:

13. An alien enemy shall not approach or be found within one hundred yards of any canal, nor within one hundred yards of any wharf, pier, or dock used directly by or by means of lighters by any vessel or vessels of over five hundred (500) tone gross engaged in foreign or domestic trade other than fishing; nor within one hundred yards of any warehouse, shed, elevator, railroad terminal, or other terminal, storage or transfer facility adjacent to or operated in connection with any such wharf, pier, or dock; and wherever the distance between any two of such wharves, piers, or docks, measured along the shore line connecting them, is less than eight hundred and eighty yards, an alien enemy shall not approach or be found within one hundred yards of such shore line.

III.

Laying Out Zones.

The first thing to do is to lay out the boundary lines of the zones under the above Regulation 13 of the Presidential proclamation. Obtain from the United States Attorney of the district the list of piers, docks, wharves, and other facilities which come within the scope of the Presidential regulations, and then lay out the boundaries of the zones, preferably by drawing some kind of a visible line or mark on the ground. At the points where streets or other means of access cross the zone boundary line, place placards announcing that alien enemies are forbidden to go beyond that point in the direction of the arrow.

In case of railroads and street car lines and streets or other ways passing within or through the described zone limits, no alien enemy will be permitted aboard the cars of such roads, even on continuous passage, or on or along said streets or ways within the prohibited area, without incurring, when detected, penalty therefor, except when on his way to board a ferry, and then only on such cars or streets leading directly to such ferry.

IV.

Restricting Access.

All alien enemies must be prevented from entering the prohibited waterfront areas. All permits previously granted allowing alien enemies access to these waterfront zones have been revoked by the new proclamation, and under no circumstances whatever will any alien enemies be permitted to pass the waterfront zone line. The penalty for intruding upon restricted zones is internment for part or the whole period of the war.

V.

Nature of the Patrol.

The number of men stationed on guard should be such as will effectively carry out the said object. The patrol sentinel should station himself at such point along the boundary line or within the prohibited area as will enable him best to control the access to the said piers, wharves, docks, and other waterfront facilities. It is important, however, that the patrolling be effective and yet be carried on in such a manner as will interfere as little as possible with the free movement of traffic to and from the wharves, piers, docks, &c., and with the free operation of the wharves and other shipping facilities, for the speedy operation of the shipment of men and materials to Europe is of the utmost importance, and the administration of the alien enemy proclamation should be carried on so as to interfere as little as possible with the movement of shipping. The objects to be attained are, first, the effective administration of the alien enemy regulation and, second, the speedy and free movement of shipping.

You will observe that under the President's proclamation alien enemies still have the right to travel on the regular ferries. Care should, therefore, be exercised not to interfere with a reasonable access to ferry landings by alien enemies.

The operators of the docks, wharves and the other facilities named in the Presidential regulations, have been officially notified by the United States Marshal that each of them shall appoint inspectors whose functions it will be to stand at the entrances which are being used and assist the guard in identifying the persons who have the right of access. The guard should, therefore, immediately confer with the inspectors and should admit only those persons to the pier, wharf, etc., within his zone who are identified by the inspectors as entitled to access. This system of identification will relate both to the employes and workmen of the wharves, docks, and the other waterfront facilities, and to the drivers, truckmen, and those engaged in bringing shipments to the wharves, docks, and other waterfront facilities.

This system of identification by the Inspectors is to be put into immediate effect and to be kept in operation during the whole period of the war. It is not expected, however, to accomplish a complete protection of shipping, and the Department of Justice is engaged in planning a system of passes to supplement the system of identification by Inspectors. The operators of the wharves, piers, &c., within the course of a short time, will be officially instructed to prepare a complete list of all employes and workmen entitled to access to their wharves and other facilities and to sift out those who are alien enemies and to issue pass-cards to those who are not alien enemies. When this system is ready for operation the War Department will be notified, and from that time on no workman or employe or passenger, either of the wharf, pier, etc., themselves, or the ships, will be entitled to go within the barred zone without a pass-card.

According to the present plan, the pass-card system will not apply to drivers or truckmen engaged in taking freight and materials to the wharves and other waterfront facilities.

VI.

Arrests.

If an enemy alien is discovered within the barred zone the guard should immediately take him into custody and detain him, and thereupon should immediately notify the United States Marshal of the district. When the United States Marshal or a Deputy Marshal appears to claim him the soldier or other person detaining him should surrender the custody to the Marshal or Deputy Marshal.

VII.

Consultation With Officials of the Department of Justice.

Whenever the guard or other member of the army has any doubts or questions concerning the proper location of the barred zone area, the definition of alien enemy, the scope of the Presidential regulation, or of his powers as a member of the patrol, his immediate commanding officer should as quickly as possible consult the United States Attorney of the district.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE IN DOUBT.

Soldiers May Guard Portions Near the Naval Anchorages.

A part of the Metropolitan district is already under regular army patrol. This comprises practically all of the waterfront of Hoboken, from which area more than 300 alien enemies have been removed to the internment prison on Ellis Island since last Monday. It is now impossible for any unauthorized person to get within half a mile of the Hoboken piers.

Whether or not Riverside Drive will be guarded by troops was a question which the local authorities would not answer last night. That certain parts, if not all the drive, will be declared a barred zone is certain, and it is the general opinion that those parts of the drive opposite the various naval anchorages will be guarded by soldiers.

Georg Koesta, a German, who gave his home as 89 Dover Street, was arrested yesterday by agents of the Department of Justice and interned at Ellis Island. Koesta's arrest was sought some days ago, but he disappeared from the pier where he was employed before the arrival of the Federal agents. His wife called at the pier yesterday to draw his pay and she was trailed to the Dover Street address, where Koesta was found. Another alien, whose name was not disclosed, was questioned at the Federal Building by Assistant United States Attorney H. A. Content and ordered interned for the rest of the war.

HELD AS A DESERTER.

Absent Private from Camp Upton Seized When with Woman.

William Tuffin, a private in the national army, was arrested yesterday on a charge of being a deserter. He was taken to the Flushing Station House, where he gave his address as 213 Third Avenue, College Point. According to the police he was sent to Yaphank on Sept. 19, and for the last two weeks has been missing from the camp. A general alarm was sent out for him on Friday. Early yesterday Patrolman Grossberger saw Tuffin alighting from a trolley car at Broadway and Lawrence Street in company with a young woman.

Tuffin was arraigned before Magistrate Miller in the Flushing Court and held to await the arrival of officers from Camp Upton. Tuffin was arrested before on a charge of abandonment made by his wife.

WAR RISKS, $1,000,000,000.

Soldiers and Sailors Have Taken Out More Than 120,000 Policies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The aggregate of soldiers' and sailors' war risk insurance written by the Bureau of War Risk Insurance in the Treasury Department crossed the $1,000,000,000 mark today, with hundreds of policies on the way from France yet to come in. More than 120,000 policies have been recorded, the average protection asked being about $8,500.

It is announced that students in the officers' training camps are eligible for this insurance and may file their applications until the close of the several camps on November 27.

Paris **Best & Co.** London

Fifth Avenue at Thirty-fifth Street.

Established 1879

To encourage early Christmas shopping, purchases made the remainder of this month will appear on bills rendered January 1st, 1918.

Sale Monday!

LARGE FUR-COLLAR COATS

New Models for Women and Misses, $35.00

Monday we will sell six of the newest models developed within the past two weeks of Bolivia or Wool Velour with large roll collar of Nutria, Raccoon, natural or dyed Muskrat, silk lined and interlined.

Styles practical for general service or better wear.

2nd Floor.

Japanese Quilted Negligees

A Direct Importation—Just Received.

Jackets

—warm and luxurious, especially desirable for invalids or semi invalids who require plenty of fresh air.

These Japanese quilted jackets are made with high neck, frog fastening fronts, and patch pockets.

A choice of purple, pink, or old rose.

$6.50

Long Robes

These will be appreciated by the invalid who is able to sit up in a chair or by the school girl who studies with windows open. They are finished with silk cord and silk frog fastenings.

Here one is offered a choice of pink, red or blue.

$8.95

A New Surplice Robe

Here is a new style, which we have had especially made in Japan. It is a surplice effect, finished with dainty hand embroidery—quite as nice a robe of this kind as it is possible to secure, and combining beauty with practicability.

A choice of pink, copen, or rose.

$15.00

2nd Floor.

Three Special Sales which will interest College and older school girls home for Thanksgiving

Misses' Fur Trimmed Suits

Of velour, cheviot or silvertone, comprising a collection of smart models, fur trimmed or plain.

Sale Price $25.00

Heretofore $39.50 to $45.00

Misses' Fur Trimmed Wraps

For afternoon or evening a charming fur trimmed Broadcloth Wrap in a slip-on model, suitable for afternoon or street wear.

Special $45.00

New Evening Frocks

Dance or Evening Frocks of soft chiffon taffetas and nets, in attractive light maize-light blue, pink, orchid or white, combining silver laces and quaint corsage trimming

Special $35.00

3rd Floor.

A Christmas Sale
Women's Umbrella Sale

Here are fine union taffeta umbrellas made with handles of French ivory in a bracelet style; convenient to slip over the arm when shopping.

These are in combinations of black and white, and the smart colorings of the season.

Special $3.95

A Christmas Sale
Sweater Skating Sets

These sweaters are of heavy brushed wool in a belted coat model. They have convertible collar, which is a shawl effect when open and which ruffles close about the neck in a smart style when desired.

Rose, copen, reseda.....$6.85

Cap and scarf to match..$3.85

You Never Pay More at Best's

Paris **Best & Co.** London

Fifth Avenue at Thirty-fifth Street

Established 1879

Beginning tomorrow morning—for 3 days only

Annual Midseason Sale of
FUR COATS, SCARFS AND MUFFS

We present an exceptionally prepared sale of a number of coats, scarfs and muffs—in a variety of furs—fashioned in models which have proved desirable.

All advertised items have been favorably purchased and our sale prices represent substantial savings. The quantities in each case are limited and we especially recommend an early selection.

NATURAL NUTRIA COAT—Belted Sport model with pockets—large fancy collar—36 inches long $95.00

HUDSON SEAL COAT (dyed muskrat)—45 inches long—full sweep—deep collar and cuffs—dependable quality $125.00

HUDSON SEAL COAT (dyed muskrat)—45 inches long—wide collar and cuffs of dyed skunk—full sweep $145.00

PERSIAN LAMB COAT—Choice quality skins 42 inches long—wide collar and cuffs of natural skunk—exceptional value..... $165.00

NATURAL NUTRIA COAT—Extra quality skins—42 inches long—admirable dress or utility model—wide fancy collar—belted. $137.50

HUDSON SEAL COAT (dyed muskrat)—45 inches long—full sweep—wide natural skunk collar and cuffs..... $175.00

HUDSON SEAL COAT (dyed muskrat)—45 inches long—extra quality—wide collar, cuffs and border of natural skunk..... $195.00

PERSIAN LAMB COAT—42 inches long—choice skins—wide collar, cuffs and border of natural skunk..... $195.00

NATURAL MUSKRAT COAT—45 inches long—wide collar, cuffs and self border—typically a coat for hard wear..... $79.50

TAUPE FOX SET—Full single skin scarf—canteen muff with head and tail—meteor lined. Separate Scarf or Muff, $29.75. Set..... $59.50

GEORGETTE FOX SET—Exceptionally silky skins—large animal scarf and canteen muff with head and tail. Separate Scarf or Muff, $42.50. Set..... $85.00

BLACK FOX SET—Full skin scarf—canteen muff with head and tail trimming. Separate Scarf or Muff $23.75. Set..... $47.50

NATURAL RACCOON SET—Single skin scarf—muff two stripe—round or canteen shape. Separate Scarf or Muff, $16.00. Set..... $32.00

SKUNK SET (dyed black)—Large scarf and round muff—exceptional for hard wear. Separate Scarf or Muff, $14.00. Set..... $28.00

NATURAL SKUNK—3 skin scarf $31.50
Tail trimmed cape..... 57.50
4 stripe canteen muff..... 32.50

MOLESKIN SET—Stole effect scarf—72 inches long—round or canteen muff. Separate Scarf $55.00. Separate Muff, $27.50. Set..... $82.50

TAUPE WOLF SET—Large animal scarf—canteen muff with head and tail—meteor lined. Separate Scarf or Muff, $24.75. Set..... $49.50

BEAVER SET—Collar effect scarf—round muff. Separate Scarf or Muff, $20.00. Set..... $40.00

TAUPE LYNX SET—Animal effect scarf and canteen muff—choice silky skins. Separate Scarf or Muff, $30.00. Set..... $60.00

BLACK LYNX—animal effect scarf..... $30.00
Large tail trimmed cape..... 45.00
Round or canteen shaped muff..... 30.00

HUDSON SEAL (dyed muskrat)—
Collar effect scarf..... $20.00
Stole, two yards long..... 37.50
Round or canteen muff..... 16.50

The Young Man with a Future

—THE man who wants to advance—who wants to do the big things in life that the big men are doing—knows that he must keep his digestive apparatus in tip-top fighting trim. Prudence dictates that the best way is to use

PLUTO WATER
America's Physic

Safeguard your system against the dangers of sluggishness. When you are young, and enjoy a vigorous, clear-minded, active life in middle age and your maturer years. PLUTO is a genuinely helpful curative water in the treatment of stomach troubles.

Buy a bottle at your druggist's today. It is Nature's own remedy, bottled at French Lick Springs and brought direct to you.

Leonard's

24 West 39th St., Bet. 5th & 6th Avs.

A Notable Reduction Sale

MATERNITY APPAREL

No one can so completely and satisfactorily fit your exact requirements and so successfully conceal the figure as Mme. Leonard, whose garments for many years have satisfactorily filled the need of the mother-to-be.

Special This Week

DRESSES *An exceptional assortment* showing every new model in Serge, Satin, Georgette, Crepe de Chine, Taffeta and Velvet.

Reduced to 19.50 and 24.50

Formerly Sold from $29.50 to $42.50

SUITS, SKIRTS, WAISTS, at Similar Reductions.

Advertising Value of The Annalist.

The card we inserted in The Annalist * * * brought more replies than from any other source * * * Should we at any time have occasion to advise our clients as to the best advertising medium, we shall certainly mention your paper.—Robinson, Havener & Co., New Orleans. The Annalist, 10 cents weekly, $4 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

TELLS HOW TO FIGURE EXCESS PROFITS TAX

Collector Edwards Defines More Provisions of the War Revenue Law.

ADVISORY BOARD NAMED

Members Will Pass on Interpretation of Capital Invested, Which Is Not Covered by the Act.

In view of the interest aroused by the Federal war excess profits tax among individuals, copartnerships, and corporations, Collector William H. Edwards of the Second or Wall Street District yesterday gave out a statement, in which he outlined some of the definitions which come under the provisions of Title 2 of the excess profits tax of the act of Oct. 3, 1917. The Collector also made public examples showing how the tax should be computed. The statement, in short, was intended to be a compendium of information for all liable to payments under the terms of the law.

Collector Edwards said it was assumed that the income tax return and the excess profits return would be made in conjunction with each other, and that those who will be required to file excess profits returns under the provisions of the law should first calculate the amount of the tax due in this connection, for the reason that in assessing income tax the net income embraced in the return should be credited with the amount of any excess profits tax imposed for the same calendar year upon the taxpayer. For example, an individual engaged in business with a net income of $10,000, and having only a nominal capital, would be entitled to an exemption of $6,000 and subject to a tax of 8 per cent. on $4,000, or $320. In determining income tax, the excess profits tax should then be used as a credit against net income.

The method of calculating by a corporation in determining the war profits tax due was set forth by Collector Edwards as follows:

It will be necessary first to ascertain by deducting from net income the sum of an amount equal to the same percentage of the invested capital for the taxable year which the average amount of the annual net income of the trade or business during the pre-war period was of the invested capital for the pre-war period (but not less than 7 per cent. or more than 9 per cent. of the invested capital for the taxable year) and $3,000. In other words, if a corporation had an invested capital during the pre-war period amounting to $100,000 and an average net income for such period amounting to $7,000, it would be entitled to a deduction of 7 per cent. of its invested capital for the taxable year and $3,000.

As the amount of the deduction has now been determined, the following is an example showing the war excess profits tax due from the same corporation whose net income for the year 1917 is $200,000 with a capital invested of $100,000:

Net income	$200,000
Deduction	10,000
Net income after deduction allowed	$190,000
Capital invested	$100,000
7%	$7,000
	3,000
Allowable deduction	$10,000

Twenty per cent. of net income (in excess of deduction) and not in excess of 15 per cent. of the invested capital for the taxable year.

Twenty-five per cent. of the net income in excess of 15 per cent., but not in excess of 20 per cent. of the invested capital.

Thirty-five per cent. of the net income in excess of 20 per cent., but not in excess of 25 per cent. of invested capital.

Forty-five per cent. of the net income in excess of 25 per cent., but not in excess of 33 per cent. of the invested capital.

Sixty per cent. net income in excess of 33 per cent. of invested capital.

15% of $100,000..	$15,000	
Deduction	10,000	
20%	$5,000	$1,000
20% of $100,000..	$20,000	
15% of 100,000..	15,000	
25%	$5,000	1,250
25% of $100,000..	$25,000	
20% of 100,000..	20,000	
35%	$5,000	1,750
33% of $100,000..	$33,000	
25% of 100,000..	25,000	
45%	$8,000	$,600
Net income	$200,000	
33% of $100,000..	33,000	
60%	$167,000	100,200
Tax due		$107,800

The amounts are to be taxed at the rates of 25 per cent., 35 per cent., and 45 per cent. may be determined by taking 5 per cent and 8 per cent. respectively of the capital invested for the taxable year.

The Collector's statement called attention to the fact that the law applied to all trades or business of whatever description, including professions and occupations, whether carried on continually or not, with the exception of officers and employes under the United States as to compensation or fees received by them. Also, foreign corporations, foreign partnerships, and non-resident alien individuals, the net income of whose trade or business during the taxable year from sources within the United States is less than $3,000. Also domestic corporations exempt from provisions of the Federal income tax law.

Advisory Board Named.

The Collector said that no doubt the determination of that paragraph of the law relating to invested capital was a question uppermost in taxpayers' minds, and in order that every case might be clearly interpreted an Advisory Board had been appointed, which would operate from Washington, to pass upon the proper interpretation of capital invested as not covered by the law.

In the case of a corporation or partnership, invested capital, the statement said, should include:

Actual cash value of tangible property paid in other than cash, for stock or shares in such corporation or partnership, at the time of such payment, (but in case such tangible property was paid in prior to Jan. 1, 1914, the actual cash value of such property as of Jan. 1, 1914, but in no case to exceed the par value of stock issued therefor), and

Paid in or earned surplus and undivided profits, used or employed in the business exclusive of undivided profits earned during the taxable year.

The actual cash value of patents and copyrights paid in for stock or shares of a corporation or partnership at the time of such payment, not to exceed the par value of such stock or shares, shall be included as invested capital.

Good-will, trade-marks, trade brands, franchises or other intangible property, shall be included as invested capital of a corporation or partnership, if bona fide payment therefor was made in cash or tangible property. The value included shall not exceed the actual cash or actual cash value of the tangible property paid therefor at the time of payment.

Good-will, trade-marks, trade brands, franchises or other intangible property, bona fide purchased prior to March 3, 1917, for and with interests or shares in a partnership, or in the capital stock of the corporation, (issued prior to March 3, 1917,) in an amount not to exceed on March 3, 1917, 20 per centum of the total shares of the stock of the corporation, shall be included in invested capital. Such value, however, shall not exceed the actual cash value at the time of purchase, and in the case of the issue of stock, shall not exceed the par value of such stock.

In the case of individuals, residents or citizens of the United States, invested capital shall include actual cash paid into the trade or business, actual cash value of tangible property paid into the trade or business, other than cash, at the time of such payment, (but in case such tangible property was paid in prior to Jan. 1, 1914, the actual cash value of such property as of Jan. 1, 1914,) and the actual cash value of patents, copyrights, good-will, trade marks, trade brands, franchises, or other intangible property paid into the trade or business at the time of such payment, if payment was made therefor specifically as such in cash or tangible property, not to exceed the actual cash or actual cash value of the tangible property bona fide paid therefor at the time of such payment.

Invested capital for any year means the invested capital for the year, averaged monthly.

Where there is no capital invested or merely a nominal invested capital there shall be levied a tax of 8 per cent., in lieu of tax imposed by Section 201 (excess profits tax) on income derived from such trade or business in excess of $3,000, in the case of a domestic corporation, or in excess of $6,000 in the case of a citizen or resident of the United States or a domestic partnership.

The net income as determined of a corporation, co-partnership, or individual for the pre-war period shall be arrived at upon the basis provided for under the laws governing rates of taxation during the period mentioned.

Collector Edwards pointed out that the excess profits tax law, title 2, act of March 3, 1917, had been repealed by the passage of the new war revenue law, act of Oct. 3, 1917. He said any amount which had been paid on account of the tax imposed under the act of March 3, should be credited toward the payment of the tax imposed by the war revenue law act of Oct. 3.

Amended Law Provisions.

Under the income tax law as amended by the War Revenue act, interest paid within the year on indebtedness incurred for the purchase of Liberty bonds as may be deducted in computing net incomes subject to income surtaxes and excess profits taxes. In case of corporations this is, of course, subject to the limitations imposed by the income tax law on the amount of indebtedness, interest on which may be deducted.

Investments and obligations of the United States, including Liberty bonds of both issues made by a corporation or partnership from capital, surplus, or undivided profits would, it was stated, be included in invested capital for the purpose of computing the deduction and rate of taxation under the excess profits tax law; but undivided profits earned during the taxable year cannot be included in invested capital.

Collector Edwards intimated that within a short time, an exhaustive set of regulations would be released by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue setting forth in detail rulings to be followed in determining taxes due under the sections of the war revenue measure passed by Congress in October, as they relate to war income tax and excess profits tax.

Inspector Schmittberger Left $6,000

The will of Max F. Schmittberger, Chief Inspector of the New York Police Department, was filed for probate yesterday, and shows that his entire estate consisted of $6,000 in personal property, of which $2,000 goes to Woodlawn Cemetery for the upkeep of the family burial plot. Anna M. Schmittberger, daughter, gets two-fifths of the residue and the remainder is divided between his sons, with the exception of his son, Franklin, who gets only $1.

Negro Woman Dies at 108.

Ann Christoff, 108 years old, colored, the oldest inmate of Lincoln Hospital, died there yesterday. The aged woman smoked her last pipe of tobacco the day before she died. She often told stories of her early days in slavery and said she had been sold as a slave twelve times. As a cook she travelled with the Confederate Army in company with her sister, Sarah, whose death occurred a month ago in the South. Her sister died at the age of 111 years.

CARRANZISTAS WIN BATTLE.

Many Inhabitants of Cuautla Killed by Bombardment.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 24.—The campaign recently started by General Pablo Gonzales to restore order in the State of Morelos has resulted in successes, according to reports reaching Mexico City today. In a recent engagement at Cuautla, which lasted all day and was accompanied by a heavy bombardment, many adherents of Zapata, the outlaw leader, were killed.

Heavy casualties among the inhabitants of the town resulted. After the battle the Government forces entered Cuautla.

Modify Border Passport Rule.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Owing to protests from the American-Mexican border against the ruling of the State Department that passports must be had by all crossing the international line, the State Department announced today that those who crossed the border daily on business and visited places in Mexico near the border might use identification cards issued by American Immigrant Inspectors of the Department of Justice.

The Broadway Shop Where Fashion Reigns

Hagedorn's

Now occupy three-quarters of the entire block

Broadway, Cor. 81st St.

A Sale Extraordinary

A SPECIAL PURCHASE of

DRESSES

For Daytime, Afternoon, Theatre, Evening Wear

This wonderful collection represents the entire surplus stock of one of the foremost manufacturers of the highest type of dresses, whose models are distinguished for their smartness and air of elegance.

THE SEASON'S GREATEST DRESS BARGAINS—
VALUES UNPRECEDENTED

$85.00 Dresses	*$150.00 Dresses*	*$195.00 Dresses*
Now 39.75	*Now* 69.75	*Now* 85.00

SALE of COATS

Daytime Coats—*Choicest models.* Formerly sold up to $79.50 *Very Special* 39.50

Evening Coats—*Fur trimmed* Formerly sold up to $225.00 *Very Special* 95.00

TAILORED SUITS

All this season's most fashionable cloths and models, tailored and fur trimmed. *Formerly sold up to $115.00* *To Close* 65.00

SALE of 4,500 WAISTS

Such Values have never before been offered—the prices are far less than the wholesale cost.

Plaid Waists	*Satin Waists*	*Crepe Waists*
2.95	3.95	4.50
Actual Value $5.90	*Actual Value $7.50*	*Actual Value $7.50*

Hdkf. Linen Waists	*Dimity and Batiste Waists*
2.95	1.45
Actual Value $4.75	*Actual Value $2.00*

NO EXCHANGES NO APPROVALS

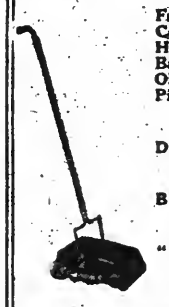
VACUUM CLEANERS AT BIG REDUCTIONS

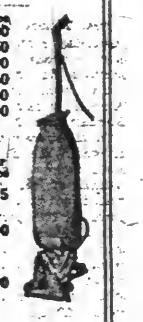
We are large dealers in vacuum cleaners—sell every kind of cleaner on the market—about 65 different kinds. Note the following prices for absolutely new cleaners of the latest model:—

	List Price	Our Price
Franz Premier	$35.00	$28.00
Cadillac	32.50	26.00
Hot Point	27.50	22.00
Baby Hoover	47.50	38.00
Ohio	40.00	32.00
Pittsburgh	25.00	20.00

HAND POWER CLEANERS

	List Price	Our Price
Duntley Combination Vacuum Cleaner and Carpet Sweeper	$7.50	$3.95
Bissell Combination Vacuum Cleaner and Carpet Sweeper	$9.00	$6.90
"Twin" Combination Vacuum Cleaner and Carpet Sweeper	$10.00	$7.90





Express charges paid anywhere. The above is only a partial list. Send coupon to-day for complete price list and confidential "Rating Sheet."

This rating sheet gives every make of electric cleaner a rating of one, two, or three stars, according to our judgment as to their merits.

We allow free trial and cash discount on all cleaners "rated" by us as "two star" and "three star" values, and sell all "three star" cleaners on easy payments.

OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT

enables you to purchase by mail (no matter where you live) just as conveniently as if right in our show rooms.

FREE! FREE!

We have published a book entitled "How to Select a Vacuum Cleaner." It contains a lot of things you should know about if you want to get the best for your money.

For a limited time a copy will be sent absolutely free on receipt of coupon below. Any further advice is also free.

A two-cent stamp or a visit to our salesrooms may save you a lot of trouble and expense later.

NOTE:—When you buy from us you are sure to get absolutely new cleaners of very latest models—not rebuilt goods.

MUENZEN SPECIALTY CO.'S
VACUUM CLEANER EXPOSITION

Main Office and Salesrooms
131 West 42d Street
Subway to Times Square
Tel. 6310 Bryant

Downtown Branch:
Booth 55, Hudson Terminal
30 Church Street

MAIL THIS COUPON TO-DAY
MUENZEN SPECIALTY CO.,
131 West 42d Street, N. Y. DEPT. 18.
Send me, free of charge, complete list of (insert word hand or electric) ..... power, and "rating sheet," also a copy of "How to Select a Vacuum Cleaner," which you say contains information of great value.
Name.....
.....

NOTICE Main office and salesroom will be open every Saturday evening until Xmas

Robinson's

25 and 27 West 42d St.

Radical Reductions

In Women's & Misses' Charming New Winter

COATS and WRAPS

All of the Representative Styles of the Prevailing Season

CLEVER NEW MODELS of the dressier kind as well as conservative tailored models in medium full flare and belted effects, fashioned in All-Wool Velours, Duvet de Laine, English Tweeds, Silvertone, "Pom Pom" and Bolivia. Many have handsome fur collars and all are silk lined and warmly interlined.

At exceptionally low prices.

Up to $35.00	*Up to $42.00*	*Up to $55.00*
Coats 22.50	Coats 26.50	Coats 35.00

TO CLOSE OUT

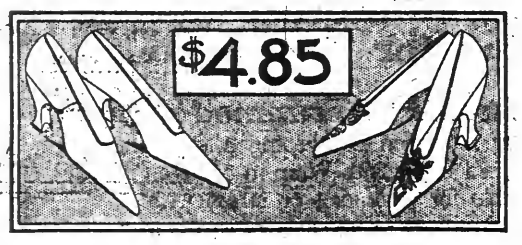
45 High Grade Coats, Finest Fabrics and Furs used, *Sold up to $125.00* 69.50

12 Evening Wraps, *Sold up to $195.00* 87.50

CAMMEYER

Stamped on a Shoe Means Standard of Merit

34th St. New York



Sale of Women's Evening Slippers

$4.85

FORMERLY SOLD TO $8.00

To center attention on our Evening Slipper Department, we have reduced 1200 pairs of Evening Slippers —*all from our regular stock.*

Included are Evening Slippers in Cloth of Silver, Cloth of Gold, Bronze Kid, Satin Slippers in Pink, Blue, Nile Green, Emerald Green, Corn, Purple, Gray. Beaded Slippers in Black Satin, Black and Bronze Kid, Beaded Strap Sandals in White, Black and Bronze Kid, Turn Soles, Covered Louis XVI. Heels.

All Sales Final. No C. O. D.'S. No Exchanges. No Credits.

Women's Silk Hose *Pure thread silk, full fashioned Hose in colors to match these slippers* Special 1.35 Pair

CLOSING DAYS OF THE

GREAT FIRE SALE

OF GRAND RAPIDS

FURNITURE

MUST BE SOLD REGARDLESS OF COST TO MAKE PLACE FOR NEW GOODS

Bargains in Sheraton, Tudor, Adam, Hepplewhite, Colonial, etc., Dining Room Suites. Queen Anne, Louis XV., Louis XVI., Sheraton, etc., Bedroom Suites, as well as odd period pieces. Desks, Chairs, Tables, etc.

Manufacturers MANGES BROS. Established 1852

115 and 117 West 23d Street

Maison Maurice

Fifth Ave. at 52nd St.

First Public Announcement of an Unusual

Amalgamated Clearance

Involving, besides our own superb stock, the entire collection of timely conceptions of a certain high-class, well known manufacturing importer, who is also accepting unusual price-concession to effect immediate disposal.

HATS originally $15 to $45 Now $5 $7.50 $10 $15

Tailored SUITS originally $85 to $250 Now $25 to $95

Street and Afternoon DRESSES originally $85 to $195 Now $35 to $95

Evening GOWNS originally $95 to $135 Now $45 to $135

COATS WRAPS originally $95 to $350 Now $45 to $165

WAISTS originally $12.50 to $45 Now $5 to $20

NEGLIGEES originally $35 to $175 Now $15 to $95

No Exchanges. No C. O. D.'s. No Appraisals.

Store Opens 8:30 A. M.

Extra Sales Force

BloomingdaleS

59TH TO 60TH STREET—LEXINGTON TO 3D AVENUE

45-In. Hudson Seal Coats

(Dyed Muskrat) Reduced to $125.00

Only 15—each a beauty as to peltry, style, workmanship and novelty silk lining.

Belt across front trims a loose-back model. Some have skunk collar and border. Others semi-fitting almost to hips, flare out wide and beautifully. Displayed in new section, Main Floor.

Georgette Crepe Waists, $3.98

Trimmed with silk or bead hand-embroidery, or soutache. Suit colorings, flesh or white.

"Meadow Brook" Sweaters, $7.50

Distinctive model of pure worsted, light and warmth-giving. Brushed cashmere collar and belt.

Women's Blanket Cloth Bath Robes, $2.98

Indian or floral patterns; girdle, pocket and with or without collar.

59th to 60th St. BloomingdaleS' Lexington to Third Ave.

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

Gilman

COLUMBIA TRUST BLDG.
1 West 34th St.
JUST OFF FIFTH AVE.

Monday, Tuesday & Wednesday

MILLINERY CLEARANCE

150 High-Class Hats

TO CLOSE OUT 5.00 and 7.50 FORMERLY $10.00 TO $18.50

Mourning Millinery Included

NO C. O. D.'s. NO APPROVALS.

TWO DAYS ON STAND FOR MRS. DE SAULLES

Accused, Ready for the Ordeal, Spends Hours in Play with Her Boy.

MANY DEFENSE WITNESSES

Maid Who Witnessed Murder Expected to Say De Saulles Threatened His Wife.

Mrs. Bianca de Saulles spent the day yesterday resting and playing with her boy to prepare herself for the painful sessions on the witness stand in the court room of Justice Manning at Mineola, which she must endure on Monday and Tuesday.

To all appearances, the week in court, in which she has been the centre of a curious crowd while the most intimate details of her history have been revealed, produced no effect on her composure. The perfect control of the facial muscles, taught her at home and in the convent in which she was educated in England, an essential requisite of an aristocratic bearing, remained with her after she had left the court room. Those who have seen her in the Mineola jail and have discussed the case with her in a professional way have never seen a change in this characteristic. They were in doubt yesterday whether she is wholly indifferent to the verdict of the jury, bot were sure that not the slightest quiver that could be identified, either as pleasure or terror, whichever the verdict should inspire, will appear on her face when the jury comes to its conclusion.

Mrs. De Saulles had a large party in her room in the quarters of Sheriff Seaman at the Mineola jail yesterday. Her mother, Mme. Errazuriz-Vergara, and her brother and sister came over from The Crossways, where Mrs. De Saulles had previously lived at Roslyn, bringing lunch for the party in a basket. Young Jack De Saulles arrived at noon with Detective Harry V. Dougherty to spend the entire afternoon with his mother. He brought her a large red rose and a small wooden boat, which was sailed in the bathtub, and other toys, while his aunt, uncle, and grandmother joined the mother in trying to please him.

Contest for the Boy Likely.

The question of who will have his custody will not be settled by the verdict at this trial. If acquitted the mother will have in her favor the presumption of law that she is the legal guardian, but it is almost certain that the De Saulles family will pursue their charges that her act has unfitted her for the care of the child and that a bitter legal contest will follow.

It has not been settled who is the legal guardian of the child at the present time. Mrs. de Saulles's lawyers have held in court proceedings regarding the custody of the child that, as the only surviving guardian, she automatically becomes the guardian, but lawyers for Charles A. H. de Saulles, brother of the dead man, have held that the charge of murder against her has acted to remove her from the guardianship over the boy. Efforts of Charles de Saulles to have himself appointed guardian have failed so far, and with the question of guardianship entirely unsettled, the child has been, by consent of the mother, in the custody of Mrs. August Heckscher, an aunt.

If Mrs. de Saulles is acquitted she will apply to the Heckschers for the child. Habeas corpus proceedings are ready and will be introduced at once if the boy is not surrendered. The hearing on this petition would settle the boy's future. It was pointed out yesterday that, under the most favorable circumstances, the mother was likely to be in a trying position in such an event, because after what has happened she would naturally desire to return with her parents to Chili, and American courts have usually been very jealous to settle the guardianship of minor American children in such a way that there is no danger of their being brought up in another country and losing their American citizenship.

The mother's chances of having the boy, if she is acquitted of killing the father to get the boy, will also depend largely on whether the verdict is a clean-cut one or not. Several verdicts may be rendered. The jury may find her "guilty," "not guilty," "not guilty, because insane," "guilty" of a lesser degree of murder.

Her lawyers, in spite of the fact that their main defense is temporary insanity, hope to obtain a verdict of "not guilty," which would free her without question and place her in the most advantageous position to claim her child. After a verdict of "not guilty because insane," the Justice might commit her to confinement on the presumption that her insanity continues, or might let her go, in his discretion. If she were committed, habeas corpus proceedings would be commenced to have her declared sane. This would be a tedious and painful process in any event and might impair her rights to the boy. The verdict of guilty of a lesser crime is considered almost entirely out of the question. The counsel for the defense are just as sure that a verdict of guilty is out of the question.

A straight verdict of "not guilty" is considered by the District Attorney to be unthinkable, considering the defense of insanity, but it is undisputed that the jury may bring in such a verdict if they see fit.

Depend on Maid's Story.

The defense has one witness by whom they hope to establish the shadow of a claim of self-defense justifying such a verdict. This is Suzanne Monteau, the maid, who accompanied Mrs. De Saulles to Tre Box and stood right behind her when the shooting occurred. She said that, from the attitude of De Saulles, she thought sure that he was just about to attack Mrs. De Saulles, when she fired. She said at the Coroner's inquest: "Oh, he looked terrible. His eyes were terrible. I thought he was going to jump at her. Then she shot."

Mr. Uterhart used the witness Marshall Ward very roughly and sought to shake the story of Mrs. Caroline Degener, because their eyewitness accounts of the tragedy differ sharply from those which will be told by the maid and Mrs. De Saulles. Ward and Mrs. Degener insisted that De Saulles had turned away, and had his back to Mrs. De Saulles when she fired, while the maid and Mrs. De Saulles have said that he was not only facing her, but was threatening her.

Henry A. Uterhart and ex-Judge Lewis J. Smith of the defense agreed yesterday that the story of Mrs. De Saulles would require about a full day on the direct examination. District Attorney Charles R. Weeks said yesterday that he would not spare the young woman in his questions after she took the stand in her own defense, so that the cross-examination would probably occupy a large part of Tuesday. In the direct examination of Mrs. De Saulles about a dozen letters between her and her former husband and between her and the nurse of her child, Mrs. John O'Neill, who was with her at South Bethlehem, Penn., when De Saulles left her with his parents, will be read.

After Mrs. De Saulles, the next witness will be her mother, Mrs. Vergara-Errazuriz, who will tell of her meeting with De Saulles, of her early life, and of the fall against an andiron which, when she was a child, caused the original fracture of her skull.

She will be followed by Mrs. John O'Neill, the nurse, who will testify that when Mrs. De Saulles was left much alone by her husband during the first year of their marriage, the young woman confided in her that she was heartbroken over it.

Other witnesses will be D. Stewart Iglehart, who was asked to accompany Mrs. De Saulles on her trip which ended in the killing—a fact which the defense will advance as proof that the killing was not premeditated. The maid, Suzanne Monteau, will follow. After a few minor witnesses the physicians will be called to tell of the unhealed fracture of her skull, of the atrophy of the thyroid gland said to have affected her brain and nerve centres, and of her general physical condition. Others will be called to prove her suffering from sunstroke.

These witnesses will be followed by Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe, the alienist who figured in the Hans Schmidt and the Arthur Warren Waite case. Mr. Uterhart and Judge Smith are working on a hypothetical question 10,000 words long to put to him.

State to Call Alienists.

District Attorney Weeks said yesterday that the insanity defense would be completely shattered by eminent alienists called by the State, and that X-ray experts would be called to study the photographs which the defense has promised to introduce to show that the young woman suffered from a double fracture of the skull, which had not united. The alienists to be called by the State will be Dr. George H. Kirby, Dr. Charles W. Pilgrim of the Hudson River State Hospital, and Dr. Isham Harris.

Mr. Weeks said that in re rebuttal he would recall all of the State's witnesses who saw the shooting and saw the young woman immediately after it, with the exception of Sheriff Phineas Seaman. Mr. Weeks did not conceal his disappointment over the fact that the Sheriff had been unable to recall whether it was the defendant or some one else who had said "Will they electrocute me right away?" and that had testified that she gave queer hysterical giggles after her arrest. Mr. Weeks said that the Sheriff, the day after the shooting, had told him it was Mrs. De Saulles who asked the question about the electric chair, and that, instead of indulging in silly giggles, she had been uniformly calm and composed.

Even if Mrs. De Saulles is acquitted at this trial, her life will not be entirely out of danger, according to her lawyers, for the reason that her physicians have decided to proceed at once with a dangerous operation to remedy the unhealed fracture of the skull. This would consist of removing a section of the bone which is said to be broken and pressing against her brain and the subatitution of another section of bone. If this is not done, her physicians assert that there is danger that the condition of the skull would eventually destroy her reason completely and might cause her death.

The disease of the thyroid gland, which is considered responsible for her pallor and feebleness, is being remedied, it was said, by treatment by the recently discovered processes of restoring disordered glands.

As Thanksgiving occurs this week and court will not be held on Thursday, it is quite possible, according to the lawyers on both sides, that the case may not go to the jury until next week. Every effort will be made to have the fate of the young woman in the hands of the twelve middle-aged family men who are trying the case, by Friday. The trial will be resumed at 10 o'clock on Monday morning, with Mrs. De Saulles as the first witness.

RED CROSS TIME EXTENDED.

G. C. Tamblyn Says Brooklyn Persons Tried to Hurt Campaign.

The Red Cross drive for 200,000 members in Brooklyn, which was to have ended last night, is to be continued until next Friday. George O. Tamblyn, director of the Red Cross Membership Extension, said yesterday that one reason for extending the time was that an organized effort had been made by some persons in Brooklyn to prevent the success of the campaign.

"This has shown itself in most unexpected ways," said Mr. Tamblyn. "Through the excellent co-operation of the police and Secret Service men we are handling this in a most satisfactory manner. Brooklyn needs 200,000 members in the Red Cross, but it also should know who are American and who are un-American in this critical hour. I am confident that the people of Brooklyn will see to it that the 200,000 goal is actually reached in the extended time given."

Louise & Co.

MILLINERS AND DRESSMAKERS

554 Fifth Avenue, 45th and 46th Streets

Special Sale

HATS

Sport and Tailored Hats

7.00 to 10.00

Evening Hats from 15.00

Model Suits and One-piece Dresses from 45.00

IMPORTED MODELS

In Millinery and Dress Dept.

Will be Disposed of REGARDLESS OF COST

HEARN

Fourteenth Street — West of Fifth Avenue

EXCEPTIONAL These Prices

For Both Monday and Tuesday

Toys, Dolls, Games, Etc. Greatly Enlarged Holiday Space

Silverware and Cutlery

For This Most Interesting Thanksgiving Time

In Sterling Silver Section

Sterling Carving Sets—two-piece steak sets—fine steel blades—with silver handles—our reg. $2.50.....1.97

Finer Carving Sets—sterling handles.....15.47

Sterling Silver Castors—3 cut glass bottles—sterling silver top sterling silver holders—plain or pierced mountings—value Special 2.75

Serving Pieces—Sterling silver handles—including berry spoons, salad forks, cream ladles and other pieces—val. $1.47 and $1.67—Special 1.22

Sterling Silver Candlesticks—of Colonial pattern—most effective—value $7.50—pair 5.97

In Plated Silver Section

Nut Sets

Silver plated—six picks and cracker in box—special.....46

Fruit Bowls

Rogers—gilt lining and bordered in lovely grape design—our reg. $5.50.....3.95

Teaspoons

Rogers—1881 grade—bright or gray finish—our reg. .84—half dozen 68

Soup Ladles

W. R. Rogers' grade—attractive patterns—our reg. $1.57..... 1.25

Chocolate Sets

Three pieces and tray—beautifully designed in the newest patterns—our reg. $7.50.. 5.00

Individual Pieces

Rogers A1 silver plated—large assortment—berry spoons, lettuce forks, sugar tongs, as well as many other kinds for all purposes—our reg. .97, each..... .58

Tea Sets

4 pieces—handsomely designed—value $11.95.....8.45

Tablespoons and Forks

Our reg. $1.68—half doz...1.36

Cutlery Section

Table Knives and Forks

Fine American steel—bone and ebony handles—set of 6 each—our reg. $2.47.....1.84

Rogers' Steel Knives and Forks

Celluloid handles—warranted by maker—our reg. .35.....25

Candlesticks—silver plated—Rogers—bright or gray finish—each 58

Other Candlesticks—Rogers silver plated—bright finish—each .97

Silver is not often marked at prices as low as these—Savings in every price.

In Our Toy Dept.---Fourth Floor

"Forever-and-Ever-and-Ever I'd like to stay in this place"

Said a certain little miss, who adored the funny cross dolls. "Oh, I wouldn't," sniffed little brother. "I'd like to take out that anti-aircraft gun and let it fly at a biplane." But kiddies really do like them, for here are Toys—all sorts—the kinds that really entertain.

Everything Military

Yankee Disc Guns—an elastic and steel spring arrangement—in two sizes.... .46 and .96

Pop Guns—the well-known "King" and "Daisy" guns—that use the always harmless cork—.23 and .46

And firearms older boys are proud to carry are here, too—single 500 and 1,000 shot pieces—one style fitted with bayonet attachment—.78.. 1.28.. 1.67.. 2.15

Two new pieces of Toy Artillery are harmless by reason of their light wooden ammunition. One is a field piece of "repeater" type—the other, for bringing down aeroplanes—is adjustable to any position—Each 1.28

Holsters and revolvers (cap pistols).....19

Drums—every kind and size—.46 to 4.24

Horns — many shapes and sizes—9 to .28

And, by way of field equipment for the small engineering corps—

Mechanical Train Sets—track, locomotive and train of cars—.64 to 2.96

Tunnels—most realistic—.46.. .74.. .96

Telephones..... .28 and .46

Moccano and Erecto Outfits—ready for any emergency—.46 to 9.96

Tool Chests..... .46 to 2.48

One particularly interesting set consists of a fort, flying machine, target, a cannon and four fighting men..... .46

Soldiers—in companies, regiments, battalions—and divisions—any size army that General Boy pleases.

About Dolls

There are American made dolls—all sorts—there are dolls from Japan—there are imported dolls—never were they more adorable!

Imported Dolls—quaint little character dolls—.28 to 4.96

Elaborate Dolls—(most difficult to obtain)—little girls beautifully gowned are these imported dolls—1.74.. 1.96.. 2.85

Dressed Character Dolls—pouty boys, demure little school girls—topsy-turvy dolls—oh, any number of picturesque types—.58.. .96.. 1.46 to 2.85

Red Cross Dolls—in spotless white or the blue service uniform—rookies, marines, Master and Miss Sam—1.28 to 6.74

American Baby Dolls Undressed—truly character dolls—they look like really truly babies—.96 to 5.96

Mama Dolls—they do clearly say mama ..... .54

Other baby styles .96

Wooden Dolls—yes, made out of wood—every bit—and their joints are steel springs—that is the delightful part—for these adorable little girl dolls with their bobbed hair and yellow curls will never break. Just think, a favorite doll that little sister couldn't break!.....3.48 and 4.48

The Thing That Dolls Demand—

Comfortable Beds—wire and brass—with mattress and pillows—some with canopies—.28 to 5.24

Doll Dishes—porcelain, aluminum or pewter—.23 to 1.23

Couch Hammocks—1.18 to 1.96

Folding Go-Carts—.58 to 1.46

Wicker Carriages—2.96 to 5.96

So-Toy—a machine that quickly sews new doll dresses—2.23

Doll Houses—collapsible.....1.23

Other Toys

For the Kiddy Kar, and to please its little rider, is a wooden cannon that sounds a perfectly wonderful warning every time the handle is turned..... .23

An Automobile Steering Car.....3.48

Sleds with complete steering apparatus.....96 to 2.74

Ice Skates (Spalding's).....1.46.. 1.96.. 2.96

Skating Shoes (Spalding's), for boys and girls.....5.64 to 7.46

Silk Underthings for Holidaytime

Camisoles

Daintiest Gifts

Jap Silk and Satin Camisoles—Prettily hemstitched and set with lace. Value .94.. .78

Camisoles—Charming styles of lace and crepe de chine combined—yokes of Val. medallions and tucks—worth $1.68..... 1.24

Washable Satin Camisoles—V front or back—hemstitched—also crepe de chines..Special 1.77

Petticoats

That Are Really Charming

Crepe de Chines—Shirred flounce, with hemstitching and ribbon. Our reg. $3.94..... 3.54

Heavy Washable Satin Petticoats—Shirrings and hemstitching—white, flesh or pale pink. Our reg. $6.68..... 5.75

Petticoats of Washable Satin—handsomely-trimmed with dantiest laces—really exquisite—were $11.94... 9.74

Bloomers

Carefully Tailored

Japanese Silk—Hemstitched ruffle and 3 rows above. Special 1.64

Washable Satin Bloomers—Shirred and double row hemstitching—some with pocket for powder puff .....Special 2.78

Envelope Chemises

Charming Affairs

Crepe de Chine—Yokes with various laces combined with tucking and emb'd organdy inserts....Special 1.74

Envelope Chemises—Washable satin—the popular "Beatrice" and other models—shirrings, hemstitchings, rosebuds and dainty laces and ribbons—our reg. $3.94. 3.45

Envelope Chemises—Washable satin—yokes of embroidered Georgette, hemstitchings and shirrings or silk emb'd dots and scallops forming entire yoke, also chic tailored style of tucked Georgette. Our reg. $4.68..... 3.94

Night Dresses

Exquisitely Dainty

Washable Silk Night Dresses—Shirrings, hemstitchings and bands of Georgette. 3.48

Night Dresses—Crepe de Chine yokes with hemstitching, shirrings or hand embroideries in pastel tints. Our reg. $4.94..... 4.17

Night Dresses—Striped satin and washable silk—Filet Lace bandings with festoon rosebuds or shirrings and hemstitchings—our reg. $5.88 5.11

Crepe de Chine Night Dresses—Front and back yoke of fine Val. lace and washable satin—pointed sleeves of Georgette—exquisitely dainty—worth $10.00..... 7.94

These Will Be Packed in Pretty Christmas Boxes If You So Desire.

Last-Minute Hints in Thanksgiving Needs for the Home

Curtains Portieres
Couch Covers Draperies

The fact that we are always up and doing has been demonstrated by the crowds that filled this great department from opening till closing time last week. Stocks are in no way depleted, however, and tomorrow you may shop with satisfaction of finding the very thing needed to give the home that homey touch every housewife loves.

Test These Offerings—They're Worth While

Two Remarkable Offerings of Recent Cash Purchases in LACE CURTAINS

Imported Lacet and Marie Antoinette—mounted on finest net—excellent workmanship—designs are neat and tasteful—
Lot 1—value $7.98.....5.94
Lot 2—value $9.98.....7.94
Lot 3—value $12.98.....9.94

THE OTHERS—
About 1,400 Pairs SCRIM MARQUISETTE CURTAINS

Mexican drawnwork, Filet motifs—also fine lace and inserts or deep hemstitch—great variety—white or Arabian—
Value $2.50 to $2.75.....1.94
Value $3.50 .....2.47
Value $3.97 and $4.50.....2.94
Value $4.97 and $5.47.....3.77

About 900 Pairs of Scrim Curtains—6 to 35 pairs of a style—value $1.35 to $1.50..... .97

COUCH COVERS

Great stocks, unequalled for assortments, which include Velours, Moquette, Silk Tapestry, Frou Frou, Antique Tapestry and Armures—And Prices Lowest in the City.

Finest Antique Tapestry Couch Covers. Our reg. $6.94.....5.95

Kashgar Weaves. Our reg. $3.67.....2.77

Oriental Stripes. Our reg. $1.47.....1.35

Moquette Couch Covers. Our reg. $11.94.....9.95

Special—Mohair Couch Covers—solid tones—slight mill imperfections—perfect price $20.00. 11.94

In same department—

Tinseled Scarfs—Special.....2.78

Silk Table Scarfs—Chinese effects.....special 5.24

Special Purchase Drapery Poplins—rose, blue, gold, green, wood browns and mulberry—value $1.19 ..... .77

MORNING SPECIALS—Monday and Tuesday Until 1 P. M.

To prevent dealers buying, quantities restricted. No Mail or Telephone Orders.

$13.74 and $14.74 Misses' and Women's Coats.....10.00
Navy, brown, green and black—belted models—half lined—collars of self or plush—all sizes.
COATS—SECOND FLOOR.

$7.97 and $8.97 Women's Fur Muffs, 6.00
Melon or pillow shape—marmet, mink, kit coney and black dog—silk finish—hand ring.
FURS—SECOND FLOOR.

$2.85 Crepe de Chine Blouses..... 2.30
White, flesh or navy—neat models—lace trimmed collars.
BLOUSES—SECOND FLOOR.

$1.95 White Voile Blouses.....1.38
Tucked and lace trimmed—round or square collars.
BLOUSES—SECOND FLOOR.

$1.97 Women's Flannelette Kimonos, 1.66
Florals, some bordered — elastic waist—various collars—satin ribbon or self trimmed—36 to 44.
HOUSE DRESSES—SECOND FLOOR.

58 ct. Women's Extra Size Drawers.. .38
Soft finish muslin—tucks and ruffle of emb'y.
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—SECOND FLOOR.

$9.95 Men's Raincoats.....7.75
Gray or tan—well made—all sizes.
MEN'S OVERCOATS—THIRD FLOOR

$1.25 Men's Soft Shirts..... .78
Fine twills, mercerized madras, etc.—colored stripes on white—well-known makes including Monarch, Bond and Blue Diamond—soft cuffs—all sizes.
MEN'S FURNISHINGS—MAIN FLOOR.

$7.94 Boys' Overcoats—3 to 17 yrs. 6.50
Trench and regulation models—buttoned to neck, rever or convertible collars—variety of new overcoatings—plain or fancy.
BOYS' CLOTHING—THIRD FLOOR.

$6.87 Boys' Norfolk Suits..... 5.50
Full or half pinchback—medium and dark gray and browns—checks, plaids and stripes—some have extra trousers—8 to 18 years.
BOYS' CLOTHING—THIRD FLOOR.

$2.45 Boys' Sweater Coats.....1.57
Desirable colors—roll collars—sizes 28 to 34.
BOYS' FURNISHINGS—THIRD FLOOR.

68 ct. Little Tots' Col'd Dresses.... .50
Gingham and chambray—various models—neatly trimmed—to 6 yrs.
INFANTS' DEPT.—SECOND FLOOR.

25 ct. Wide Ribbons..... .20
Satins, moires and taffetas—white, black and colors—also Dresdens—for fancy work—also hair bow width.
RIBBONS—MAIN FLOOR.

$1.24 All Wool French Serges..... .95
40 inch—Copenhagen, brown, olive, myrtle, Burgundy, navy and black.
DRESS GOODS—MAIN FLOOR.

$1.74 Charmeuse—40 inch.....1.17
Fine close face—fashionable dark colors.
SILKS—MAIN FLOOR.

64 ct. Corduroy—32 inch..... .47
Medium cord—desirable dark colors, also white or black.
SILKS—MAIN FLOOR.

25 ct. Outing Flannels—36 inch..... .20
Pink and blue stripes—also plain colors.
WASH DRESS FABRICS—BASEMENT

45 ct. Silk Mixed Crepe de Chines... .35
35-inch—assortment of colors for day or evening.
WASH DRESS FABRICS—BASEMENT

$1.97 Men's and Women's Umbrellas, 1.57
Black American taffetas—plain or trimmed handles.
UMBRELLAS—MAIN FLOOR.

38 ct. White Poplins—36 inch..... .28
A fabric that demand is making scarce — for children's dresses, nurses' uniforms and men's and boys' shirts.
WHITE GOODS—MAIN FLOOR.

50 ct. Opaque Window Shades..... .41
7 x 3 ft.—large assortment of colors—mounted on spring rollers.
SHADES—THIRD FLOOR.

$6.68 Chest of Silver Plated Tableware.....4.95
Twenty-six pieces—6 knives, 6 forks, 6 tablespoons, 6 teaspoons, sugar shell and butter knife—oak chest with drawer.
SILVERWARE—MAIN FLOOR.

$27.50 Velvet & Axminster Rugs..21.88
9 x 12 ft.—seamless—rich Orientals, medallions and small designs.
RUGS—THIRD FLOOR.

$1.97 Crochet Spreads.....1.47
Full size—heavy raised designs.
SPREADS—BASEMENT.

7 ct. Bleached Cheesecloths..... 4¾
36-inch—absorbent.
MUSLINS—BASEMENT.

16½ ct. Bleached Turkish Towels.. .12
White terry borders—hemmed or fringed.
TOWELS—MAIN FLOOR.

$2.47 Fancy Scrim Curtains.....1.66
Lace edge with inserts or wide hem—white or Arabian tint.
LACE CURAINS—BASEMENT.

17 ct. Scrim Curtaining..... .11
Plain or neat colored borders.
UPHOLSTERY DEPT.—BASEMENT.

$1.34 Mercerized Table Cloths..... .95
Round — bleached — 64-inch — close weave—floral patterns.
LINENS—MAIN FLOOR.

An Important Happening in Our Suit Department

On our Suits—Red Tickets have been placed—To us Red Tickets mean prices to clear—and to hundreds of our customers tremendous savings. These suits are new. Our plan of continually re-marking goods to make room for the the newest keeps our stocks fresh.

Now about prices—The "regular price" quoted on a suit is its last price—a week before, when very new, it may have been higher—but the price quoted is its last—not the very highest. The word "special" indicates a price unusual. In a group of suits, we quote the lowest as well as the highest value—for example, $30 to $40—we do not say "formerly up to $40."

Note These Reductions—
Our reg. $19.75 to $21.50..... 14.85
Our reg. $24.50 to $27.75..... 16.85
Our reg. $29.75..... 19.85
Our reg. $31.50 to $34.75..... 24.85
Our reg. $42.75 to $44.75..... 29.85
Our reg. $47.50 to $57.50..... 38.50

This Lot includes—
Broadcloths—Velours—Tricotines—Velour Gabardines
Burellas—Serges and Velveteens.

Trimmings—Seal, nutria, water mink, skunk and skunk-opossum.

Style features—quite the newest—coat, ripple, knee or finger length. Convertible collars—chin-chin collars—all with the trig smartness that a suit always presents.

SUIT DEPARTMENT, SECOND FLOOR.

Just These Thoughts About Those Gifts

Unusual Values in Holiday Jewelry

Women's Bracelet Watches

14-karat gold-filled watches—octagon or round designs—convertible styles—value $10.50.....6.75

Women's Hunting Case Watches

Gold-filled—engine-turned or fancy cases—value $8.50. 4.95

Men's Gold-Filled Watches

Open face, flat models—guaranteed case—plain for monogram..... Special 4.75

Solid Gold Brooches

In a pleasing variety of designs—beautifully jewelled—many different shapes and styles—some with safety catches—value $3.00 ..... 1.77

Solid Gold Cuff Links

Plain designs for monograms or more elaborate patterns—our reg. $3.17 and $3.47 pair. 2.77

Three Piece Toilet Set

Sterling silver sets of comb, brush and mirror—various patterns in flat models—value $12.50..... 8.45

Silver Military Sets

Sterling silver sets for men. Plain or Grecian designs, with floral border. All with centre seals for monogram—value $9.97 ..... 6.74

Whimsical Bits These Newest Frills

The taller of the two mannikins is wearing a fascinating piece—Black satin about the throat, with just one organdy frill above and another of silk embroidered net below—Our reg. $5.95....4.74

The other little mannikin is wearing something quite as delightful. A hand-embroidered stock of white satin, becomingly pointed, and ending in a lacy net jabot—Our reg. $3.35....2.65

The other—that someone will wear some other time—has a white silk stock, two filet net frills with a bit of black velvet between—Our reg. $3.35....2.65

Thousands of Dozens of

Handkerchiefs

Cotton, Silk and Linen

See World for Special Prices.

COMFORTABLES

Sateen Comfortables

Floral designs—cotton filled—Winter weight—full size—our regular $5.17..... 3.77

Floral Comfortables

Dainty designs with plain borders—cotton filled—full size—our regular $2.67..... 2.07

Also—

Khaki Covered Pillows

Feather filled—convenient size—ideal for camp—14x22 in.—our reg. .87..... .66

New Pillows

Choice Mixed Goose Feathers—variety of tickings—
20x28 in.—our reg $2.46. 1.87
22x28 in.—our reg. $2.93. 2.23
24x30 in.—our reg. $3.47. 2.64
26x30 in.—our reg. $3.77. 2.92

New Mixed Feathers

Our reg. .87.....lb. .67

Special prices just at this time when you are preparing the house for Thanksgiving guests.

Soldiers' and Sailors' Section

Our Concentration Camp for all those necessary comforts needed by soldiers and sailors. Here they are gathered together (for your convenience) in a Department on the Main Floor.

To the soldier boy going away you may want to give—

Soldiers' Kits (Completely fitted)
Pocket Knives—all sorts.
Scout Knives, too.
Trench Mirrors.
Safety Razors.
Razor Blades.
Soaps.
Shaving Brushes.
Pipes.
Wrist Watches.
Drinking Cups.
Stationery.
Religious Articles.
Wristlets.
Sweaters, Socks, Ties.

For the sailor boy to keep in his ditty box—perhaps you will give—

Safety Razors
Comfort Kits. Air Pillows.
Gloves. Pocket Knives.
also Jack Knives.
Handkerchiefs.
Service Flags — Service Pins — for those who are over here.
Look for Our One-Day Sale, Wednesday, Nov. 28th.

THE GIFT-PLAN BUREAU

Simplifies Choosing Christmas Gifts

First—You ask the Bureau
Second—The Bureau asks this Person
Third—This Person tells the Bureau
Fourth—The Bureau then tells you

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY *34th Street*

Purchases Will Appear on Bills Rendered January 1st

GIFT FOOD BOXES

It is not too late to send Boxes to Soldiers in France from our London and Paris offices

Sample packages may be seen on the Balcony, 5th Avenue

Extraordinary Values

"McCREERY LINENS"

Famous for Quality

Linen Damask Tablecloths.....each **2.75, 3.75 and 4.75**
Table Napkins to match.....doz. **3.75**
Irish Linen Satin Damask Tablecloths,—superior quality:
2x2 yards....**5.75** 2x2½ yds....**7.50** 2x3 yds....**9.00**
Table Napkins to match:
22x22 ins....doz. **7.50** 26x26 ins....doz. **9.50**
Irish Satin Damask Table Linen.....yd. **1.25**
Pure Scotch Linen Huck Towels....doz. **3.75, 4.50 and 6.00**
Pure Irish Linen Hemstitched Sheets, pr. **7.50, 9.50 and 12.50**
Pure Irish Linen Pillow Cases, hemstitched, pr. **1.75, 2.50 and 3.00**
Pure Linen Satin Damask Hemstitched Sets, consisting of one Cloth and twelve Napkins....set **12.50, 15.00 and 17.50**

Madeira Hand-Embroidered & Hand-Scalloped Linens

Luncheon Sets, 13 pieces..... set **3.50, 4.50, 6.00**
Afternoon Tea Napkins..... dozen **5.00, 6.50, 7.50**
Lingerie Pillow Covers..... each **1.90, 2.25, 2.75**
Guest Towels.....each **1.50, 1.75**
Scarfs.....each **2.50, 3.00, 3.50**
Centrepieces.....each **1.75, 2.50**
Cocktail Napkins.....dozen **2.25**
Tray Covers...each **25c and 30c**
Luncheon Cloths..... each **10.00 to 45.00**
Dinner Cloths..... each **20.00 to 75.00**
Tea Cloths..each **5.00 to 16.00**

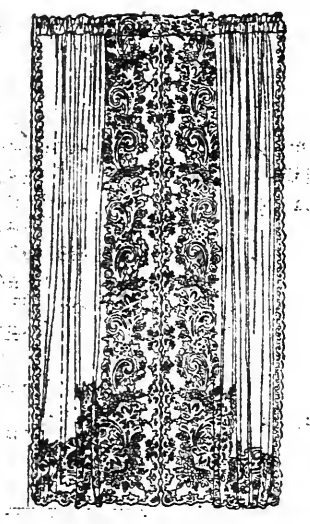
Hemmed Muslin Sheets & Pillow Cases

Sheets: each	54x90 **85c**	63x99 **1.00**	72x99 **1.10**	81x99 **1.20**	90x99 **1.30**	90x108 **1.40**
Cases. each	42x36 **23c**	45x36 **25c**	50x36 **29c**			

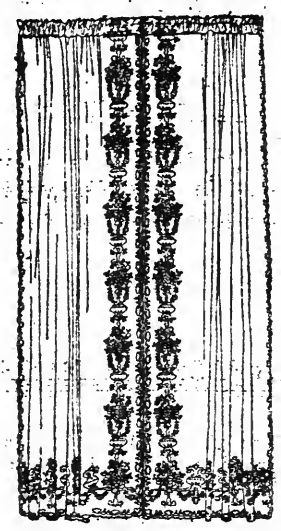
Specially Prepared Sale

LACE CURTAINS

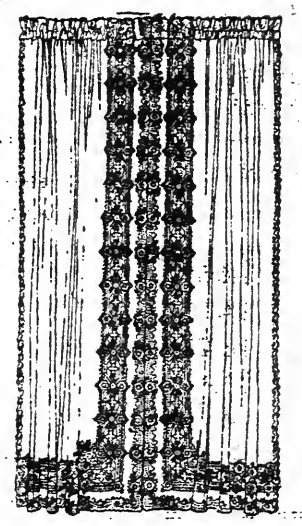
Decided Reductions



Irish Point Lace Curtains, as illustrated, 3 yards long. (Also other designs.)
pair **7.25**
reduced from 10.75



Duchess Lace Curtains, as illustrated, 3 yards long. (Also other designs.)
pair **8.75**
reduced from 12.50



Duchess Lace Curtains, as illustrated, 3 yards long. (Also other patterns.)
pair **10.75**
reduced from 16.00

Curtains, Panels and Curtain Fabrics

A large assortment of Scrim Curtains with lace edges.....pr. **1.45, 2.25 and 4.25** formerly 1.85, 3.00 and 5.50
Panels of Fine Filet Laces,—rare and decorative.....each **16.75, 19.50 and 25.00** formerly 22.50, 32.00 and 35.00
Panels of real Arab Lace in unusual designs.....formerly 35.00 and 45.00.....each **17.50 and 27.50**
Scotch Madras in White and Ecru, 45 inches wide.....formerly 95c, yd. **55c**
Fancy Scotch Nets in White or Ecru, 45 inches wide.....formerly 1.15, yd. **85c**

Stock Clearance

DOMESTIC RUGS

Actual Savings of 20% to 25%

In order to reduce our enormous stocks to a minimum we are offering more than 1,200 perfect rugs, in the latest patterns and colors, at prices presenting an exceptional opportunity to all those desiring new rugs for the holidays.

Extra Wilton Rugs

9x12 ft. **59.75** regularly 72.50

Lustrous silky Worsted Wilton Rugs at about present wholesale cost; various beautiful patterns for living room and dining room.

Seamless Axminster Rugs

9x12 ft. **32.50** regularly 44.50

Finest grade Axminster Rugs made; name of manufacturer stamped on back,—a guarantee of quality; Chinese and Oriental designs.

Fine Wool Wilton Rugs

8.3x10.6 ft. **39.75** reg. 49.50

A variety of designs in this popular size; for living room or dining room use.

Seamless Velvet Rugs

9x12 ft. **27.50** regularly 37.50

Handsome designs and patterns, woven in one piece, therefore these rugs will give excellent service.

100 Small Wilton Rugs

Size 27x54 ins. **4.95** regularly 6.75

Large variety of patterns and colorings; several of these useful size rugs can be used in any home.

BED COVERINGS

Exceptional Offerings

White Wool Blankets, with pink or blue borders:
single size.....pr. **4.75, 5.75 and 6.75**
double size.....pr. **6.00, 7.00 and 8.50**

Fancy Colored Cotton Blankets, each **3.75, 4.50, 6.75**

Comfortables:
cotton filled.....each **2.75, 4.50 and 5.50**
wool filled.....each **7.50 and 9.50**

Bed Spreads:
crochet, hemmed.....each **1.25 and 1.75**
satin finish, hemmed.....each **3.25 and 4.75**
satin finish, scalloped.....each **3.75 and 5.00**

Complete assortment of Motorweave, Mohair and Plush Auto Robes in desirable co ors. each **6.75 to 37.50**

Fringed Travelling Rugs, in various combination plaids. **6.50, 7.50, 9.00 and 10.50**

HOUSEFURNISHINGS

Special Values

Highly Polished Aluminum Saucepan Sets consisting of one each 1½, 2 and 3 quart sizes. regularly 1.75, **1.00**

Highly Polished Aluminum Double Omelet Pans,—turn-over style. regularly 1.50, **1.15**

Aluminum Tea Kettles with cold handle; highly polished; 4-quart capacity. regularly 2.75 **1.95**

Double Rice or Cereal Boilers,—highly polished Aluminum; 2-quart capacity. regularly 1.75 **1.15**

Steak or Bird Sets,—made of best American steel; two pieces; nickel silver ferrules and caps in lined box. regularly 3.50, set **2.25**

Carving Sets made of best American steel; three pieces; nickel silver ferrules and caps: in lined box. regularly 5.00, set **3.50**

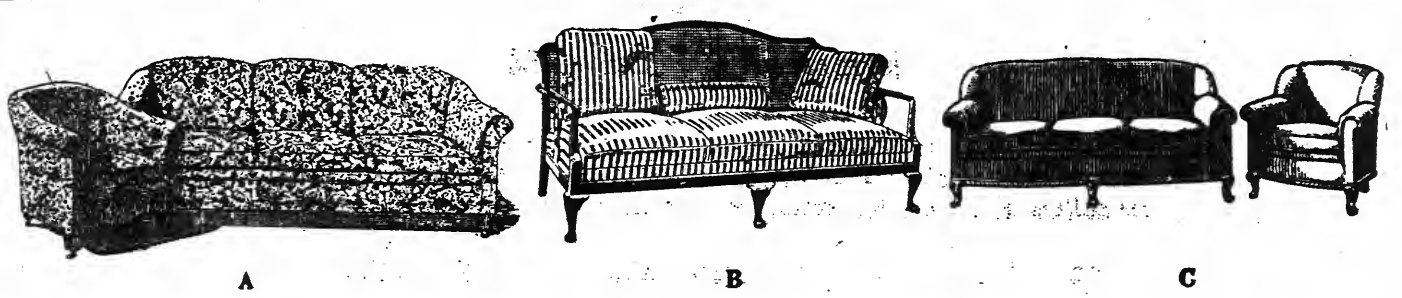
Electric Toasters with toast rack complete with cord and plug. regularly 3.50 **2.75**

Electric Irons,—6-pound weight; full nickel plated; complete with cord and plug. regularly 4.00 **2.95**

Solid Alcohol Outfits consisting of nickel-plated stand and Tea Kettle and can of solidified alcohol; a practical and economical heating device. **50c**

Extra can of Solidified Alcohol containing 8½ ounces. **10c**

"Wear-Ever" or Aladdin Aluminum self-basting Double Roasters; 16 inches long, 11 inches wide. regularly 5.00, **3.75**



A B C

Final Clearance Sale

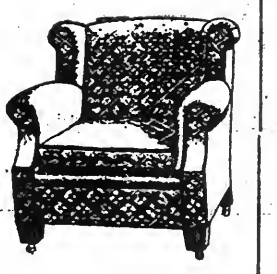
LIBRARY FURNITURE

At ½ Price

A. Two-piece Colonial Model Suite, upholstered in Velour. **87.50** formerly 175.00
B. Two-piece Queen Anne Model Suite,—(sofa only illustrated.) formerly 210.00 **105.00**
C. Two-piece Queen Anne Model Suite, upholstered in Velour. formerly 200.00 **145.00**
D and E. Two-piece Cromwellian Model Suite, upholstered in Velour. **150.00** formerly 300.00
F. Three-piece William and Mary Model Suite, upholstered in Velour. **145.00** formerly 290.00
G. Tapestry Armchair..... **35.00** formerly 70.00
H. Tapestry Sofa..... **62.00** formerly 124.00
Two-piece Tapestry Suite:
Sofa **69.50** formerly 139.00
Chair **40.00** formerly 80.00

Two-piece Colonial Model Suite, upholstered in Velour. **120.00** formerly 240.00
Mahogany Sofa with pillow arms; upholstered in Velour. **90.00** formerly 180.00
Two-piece Tapestry Suite..... **108.00** formerly 216.00
Three-piece Suite, upholstered in tapestry. **109.00** formerly 218.00
Tapestry Armchair..... **32.50** formerly 65.00
Sofa Upholstered in Velour and Damask... **132.50** formerly 265.00
Armchair to match..... **67.00** formerly 134.00
Small Armchair or Rocker to match..... **56.00** formerly 112.00
Velour Sofa.....**105.00** formerly 210.00
Velour Sofa.....**99.00** formerly 198.00
Adam Model Suite, upholstered in Velour... **215.00** formerly 430.00

D



G

E F H

DINNER SERVICES

Below Regular Values

American Porcelain Sets with floral border design and gold edge; 100 pieces. **16.50**

American Porcelain Sets,—Minton border design; open stock; 101 pieces. **29.50**

English Porcelain Sets with wide border and pheasant design; open stock; 101 pieces. **35.00**

Royal Nippon China Sets with hand-painted border pattern; delicate color effects; open stock; 101 pieces. **35.00**

American Porcelain Sets with coin gold band and laurel leaf tracings; coin gold handles; open stock; 101 pieces. **47.75**

Royal Nippon Sets,—hand-painted conventional border in Oriental colorings; open stock; 101 pieces. **60.00**

A. Lanternier & Co. Limoges China Sets,—gold encrusted border with coin gold handles; open stock; 101 pieces. **145.00**

ELECTRIC LAMPS

Unparalleled Values

Boudoir Lamps of Solid Mahogany or finished in Antique Ivory or White Enamel; fitted with fancy silk shade. **1.85**

Boudoir Lamps of Solid Mahogany or finished in Antique Ivory or White Enamel; fancy silk shade. **1.95**

Solid Mahogany Table Lamps with 18-inch shade and silk fringe. **5.00**

Solid Mahogany Table Lamps,—28 inches high; two lights; 18-inch fancy silk shade with gold braid on top and bottom and silk fringe. **7.95**

Adjustable Metal Bridge Lamps finished in Verde Antique, Statuary Bronze or Brass and Black. **7.50**

Table Lamps of Solid Mahogany or Burnished Gold finish; hand-carved; handsome 18-inch silk shade. **25.00**

Floor Lamps of Solid Mahogany or finished in Burnished Gold, fluted column; 22-inch silk Empire shade, with 4-inch silk fringe and wide silk braid. **11.95**

Heavily Hand-carved Floor Lamps of Solid Mahogany, Burnished Gold or Antique Ivory Enamel finish; 22-inch Empire shade with 4-inch silk fringe. **16.50**

Japanese Lacquered Floor Lamps with hand-painted design; 22-inch embroidered Japanese silk shade. **18.00**

Solid Mahogany Floor Lamps fitted with 24-inch flat Empire shade; ruching on top and bottom. **25.00**

PURCHASES

made on Monday and Tuesday will appear on bills rendered January 1st.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY *34th Street*

KHAKI KNITTING YARN

All Wool
hank 85c

Semi-Annual Sale

MODEL AND TRIMMED HATS

(In the French Millinery Salon)

Radically Reduced For This Event

Mid-winter Hats in our Millinery Salon have been reduced for immediate clearance. The assortments include Model (Pattern) and Trimmed Hats—copies and adaptations from Paris and American designers. High-grade Hats to meet the requirements of all occasions—becoming Hats for all types.

13.50 Trimmed Hats...	6.75	25.00 Model Hats.....	12.50
15.00 Trimmed Hats...	7.50	29.50 Model Hats.....	14.75
16.50 Trimmed Hats...	8.25	32.50 Model Hats.....	16.25
18.00 Trimmed Hats...	9.00	35.00 Model Hats.....	17.50
19.50 Trimmed Hats...	9.75	39.50 Model Hats.....	19.75
22.50 Trimmed Hats...	11.25	45.00 Model Hats.....	22.50

PHILIPPINE UNDERWEAR

1,200 Garments

Offered at less than Cost of Importation

NIGHT GOWNS

Made of fine sheer Nainsook; exquisitely hand-embroidered, hand-scalloped and hand-made; round neck; sleeveless model; size 14 to 18.

1.95

ENVELOPE CHEMISES

Made of sheer Nainsook in designs to match Night Gowns; size 36 to 46.

1.95

Hosiery Clearance

Preparatory to Receiving Holiday Stocks

"McCREERY QUALITY HOSIERY"

All broken lines and discontinued numbers to be closed out below present wholesale cost.

Women's Thread Silk Hosiery,—superior quality; Black, White and Colors. Extra sizes included. Black or White. pair 1.35

Women's Thread Silk Hosiery,—fine gauge; medium amd light weight; a quality of unusual merit. Black, White and Colors. pair 1.95

Woman's Thread Silk Hosiery,—hand-embroidered insteps; newest designs; also hand-embroidered clox. Black or White. pair 1.45

Women's Silk Hosiery, with hand-embroidered insteps in original designs; also with fancy clox. Black or White. pair 1.95

Women's Hosiery with 3-strand hand-embroidered clox. Black or White. pair 2.50

Women's Fine Gauge Thread Silk Hosiery,—exceptional quality; artistic designs. Black or White. pair 2.95

Women's Thread Silk Hosiery,—Black, White and Colors; also Novelty effects. pair 1.00

CLEARANCE SALE

Every Garment

In the Misses' Department

Has Been Reduced for Absolute Clearance

NO C. O. D.'S

NO APPROVALS

NO RETURNS.

Extraordinary Sale

WOMEN'S FUR-TRIMMED COATS

At Less Than Manufacturer's Cost

25.00

formerly 45.00 and 49.50

A representative collection of high-grade Coats developed in fashionable Fabrics; all the choicest colors are represented; Hudson Seal and Muskrat collars, also other fur trimmings; excellent tailoring; distinctive models.

NO C. O. D.'S — NO APPROVALS — NO RETURNS

Specially Priced

FUR COATS

Hudson Seal Coats, made of selected skins, semi-fitting model, with deep self collar and cuffs; 47 inches long.
165.00

Hudson Seal Coats,—made of choice pelts; 45 inches long; fine Skunk collar and cuffs.
185.00

Fur-lined Coats,—made of choice Mixed Fabrics and lined with squirrel; various kinds of Fur collars. **65.00**

Muffs & Neckpieces

Georgette Fox Scarfs,—animal shape; full furred; beautiful coloring; choice pelt.	45.00
Georgette Fox Muffs to match	45.00
Taupe Wolf Neckpieces	27.50
Taupe Wolf Muffs	27.50
Nutria Capes	27.50
Nutria Muffs	15.00
Skunk Capes, finest quality	55.00
Skunk Muffs to match	32.50
Black Lynx Scarfs, cape effect	65.00
Black Lynx Muffs	32.50
Mink Stoles	225.00
Mink Muffs	65.00

Priced for Immediate Disposal

125 WOMEN'S SMART SUITS

39.50

formerly 65.00, 75.00, 85.00

(Six Models Illustrated)

A large assortment of finest sample model spurchased from several foremost manufacturers of high class Suits together with the season's smartest styles taken from regular stock—only one or two of a kind. A few fine Velveteen Suits are included in the lot.

NO C. O. D.'S — NO APPROVALS — NO RETURNS

"McCREERY SILKS"

Famous Over Half A Century

For Complete Assortments, Quality and Value

SILKS AND SATINS

In the patterns and colors selected for the Winter Social Season by the World's Leading Fashion Creators.

Also fascinating designs and gorgeous colors in Broche Metal Brocades and Pompadour Taffetas.

A recent shipment of Chiffon Velvet and Georgette Crepe affords selection from the largest assortments of new and scarce opera tints and street colors to be found in America.

McCreery's

ANNUAL NOVEMBER SILK SALE

Last Four Days

Offering thousands of yards of Plain and Novelty Silks and Velvets at the lowest prices of the season, including a new consignment of

One Hundred Pieces

NOVELTY DRESS SILKS

consisting of

Double Width Printed Voile and Georgette Crepe

In a wonderful variety of choice styles in Oriental, Dresden and Pompadour patterns on white grounds, as well as medium and dark effects; 40 inches wide.

yard **98c** regularly 2.50

Clearance Price

WOMEN'S HIGH-GRADE DRESSES

33.00

formerly 45.00 to 65.00

(Six Models Illustrated)

A special purchase of beautiful Afternoon and Evening Gowns together with Dresses taken from regular stock and reduced for this sale. Developed in Georgette Crepe, Chiffon Velvet, Satin, Serge and combination effects; beaded, braided, embroidered or fur-trimmed; the most desirable styles and colors.

NO C. O. D.'S — NO APPROVALS — NO RETURNS

Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Charge Purchases Made This Week Will Appear on Bills Rendered January 1st

100 Sofa Pillows
or Velvet, Damask and Brocade
$5.50
Former price $10.00
Fifth Floor.

Automobile Lap Robes
of crushed Mohair in various colors
$17.50
Formerly $19.50 and $22.50
Fourth Floor.

Price Reductions for Tomorrow, Monday
Rugs, Furniture, Draperies, Linens and Bed Furnishings
A Page of Values That Will Be of Profound Interest to Home Furnishers

Household and Decorative Linens
From Regular Stock at Pronounced Reductions

Irish Hand Embroidered Linen Pillow Cases
$3.75
Formerly $4.50

100 Double Damask Table Cloths
$4.85
Formerly $6.00

100 Dozen H. S. Linen Huck Towels
$4.90
Formerly $6.95 a dozen

The Famous "Derryvale" Pure Irish Linen Double Damask Table Cloths and Napkins
At Less Than Wholesale Cost

Table Cloths

Wholesale Cost	Sale Prices
2x2 yards	
$ 7.50 and $ 8.50	$5.65 and $7.10
2x2½ yards	
$ 9.37 and $11.00	$7.10 and $8.85
2x3 yards	
$11.25 and $13.75	$8.50 and $10.65

Dinner Size Napkins to Match
Wholesale Cost....$10.50 and $13.25 dozen
Sale Prices..... $8.25 and $9.00 dozen

Real Madeira Hand Embroidered Scarfs
$2.75
Formerly $4.50

Real Madeira Hand Embroidered Tea Napkins
$4.95
Formerly $7.25 a dozen

Real Madeira Hand Embroidered Lunch Sets
$4.85
Formerly $6.75 a set

A Linen Event That Will Be Appreciated by Many Who Have Not Yet Provided for Thanksgiving Requirements.
Second Floor.

Real Filet and Cluny Lace Bed Sets
At Important Price Reductions

A sale of rare interest to lovers of fine laces not only because of the splendid values offered but also because the collection includes many fine Imported Lace Pieces that are practically now unprocurable.

Full Size Bed Spreads
Former prices $55.00 to $65.00
$37.50
With Bolster Covers to match, of real lace with motifs of Italian Filet and Madeira embroidery.

Full Size Bed Spreads
Former prices $75.00 to $125.00
$57.50
With Bolster Covers to match; of superb quality Italian and French laces, made up in artistic and beautiful designs.

Single Filet Bed Spreads
Former Price $60.00
$40.00
For single or twin beds; very fine motifs of Filet mounted by expert lace makers in artistic designs.

Single Filet Bed Spreads
Originally Priced at $85.00
$55.00
With inserts of fine old world lace pieces that will make a strong appeal to lovers of real laces.

40 Filet Lace Panels At Exactly Half Price.....$12.50 to $23.75
Originally Priced in Our Regular Stocks $25.00 to $47.50.
Designs that cannot be repeated—only one panel of each.

Cretonnes
Formerly 60c to 85c yard
38c
Upholstered designs and colorings suitable for Slip Covers, Hangings, Knitting Bags, Curtains, etc.

800 Pairs Curtains
Formerly $4.75 to $7.00 a pair
$2.90
Irish Point, Marie Antoinette and Novelty Net Curtains, 2½ yards long. One to six pairs of a pattern.
Fifth Floor.

Reduction Sale
American Made Rugs
at ⅓ Less Than Regular Prices

Two exceptional values in standard quality Rugs for Tomorrow's Selling, and you may select from our entire assortment of designs and colorings.

Axminster Rugs
Size 9 x 12 feet
$34.50

Royal Wilton Rugs
Size 9 x 12 feet
$43.50

Broad Loom Chenille Carpets
We can deliver these very popular carpetings at once; widths 9, 12, 15 and 20 feet; in all the most wanted colorings, **$10.25** and **$15.00** square yard.

American and English Linoleums
Inlaid Linoleums (color through to the back) in tile and parquetry effects.
$1.50 and $1.65 grades, **$1.25** square yard
Fifth Floor.

Important Sale of *Chinese Rugs*
at 25% Less
Than Prices Prevailing Elsewhere for Qualities and Designs of Equal Merit

Unusual Effects ***Curved Weaves***
Exquisite Colorings ***Plain Weaves***

A collection that will fascinate all those who admire the beautiful color tones and unique designs that characterize every rug in this splendid collection

The following examples are selected at random from a great range of sizes and prices

Size 5.10x 8.5	$ 85.00	Size 12.5x 8.0	$235.00
Size 6. 0x 9.0	95.00	Size 12.0x 9.0	250.00
Size 6. 1x 9.0	125.00	Size 11.6x 9.0	265.00
Size 6. 0x 9.0	145.00	Size 10.2x11.0	265.00
Size 8. 0x 9.9	125.00	Size 15.3x10.0	395.00
Size 8. 0x10.0	145.00	Size 17.0x12.9	575.00
Size 8. 0x10.0	155.00	Size 13.6x10.0	335.00
Size 9. 0x 9.8	165.00	Size 14.0x12.0	255.00
Size 11. 2x 8.0	165.00	Size 13.6x11.1	375.00
Size 10. 0x12.0	195.00	Size 12.0x15.0	575.00

Fifth Floor.

Reduction Sale
Blankets

100 Pairs Fine White Blankets
Formerly $10.50 a pair.....$8.50

500 Grey Army Blankets
Regular price $10.00 each.....$6.75

—also—

100 Khaki Sleeping Bags
Special at.....$11.50

Satin Finish Bed Spreads
Formerly $5.00.....$4.50

$25,000 Worth of
Muslin Sheets and Pillow Cases
At Less Than Factory Cost

Hemmed Sheets

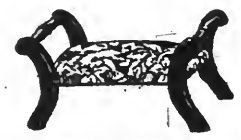
63 x 99	Formerly $1.48	$1.18
63 x 108	Formerly $1.58	$1.28
72 x 99	Formerly $1.58	$1.28
72 x 108	Formerly $1.65	$1.38
81 x 99	Formerly $1.65	$1.38
81 x 108	Formerly $1.78	$1.48
90 x 99	Formerly $1.78	$1.48

Hemmed Pillow Cases

42 x 38½	Formerly 38c	32c
45 x 38½	Formerly 40c	34c
50 x 38½	Formerly 42c	35c

Second Floor.

Solid Mahogany Gate Leg Table, top 26x34 inches, with drawer.
Formerly $20.00.....$12.75



Mahogany Cricket Stool with quaint frame; in various artistic coverings.
Formerly $3.95.....$1.90

Solid Mahogany Smoking Stand, 28 inches high, weighted base, glass tray, nickel match holder and cigar rests.
Special.....$2.45

Mahogany Tilt Tables, with top 22 inches in diameter.
Formerly $6.00.....$3.95

Solid Mahogany "Sister Susie" Knitting Cabinet. An Ideal gift.
Specially priced.....$9.75

Solid Mahogany Tea Wagon with reversible glass tray top, two rear wheels prevent tilting.
Formerly $17.50.....$14.25

Gift Suggestions
from the
Furniture Section

Distinctively decorative and purely practical pieces, that will make most appropriate gifts, are featured in the Lord & Taylor display of fine Furniture.

Illustrated are a few of the many novelties which this season, are so much in demand.

All combine beauty with usefulness, all are artistic, all are

Exceptional Values

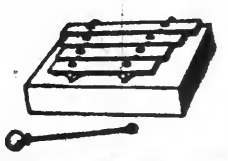
Sixth Floor.

Solid Mahogany Muffin Stand, with scoop plate shelves.
Formerly $5.50.....$3.75

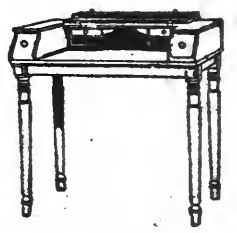
Mahogany Slipper Cabinet, very conveniently arranged interior. New and exclusive model.
Special.....$12.50

Mahogany Palm Stand, strongly constructed; 16½ inches high.
Special.....$2.45

Folding Card Table; frame mahogany finished, felt covered top.
Formerly $2.50.....$1.95



Mahogany Dinner Chimes, sweet ringing tone.
Special.....$5.00



Solid Mahogany Spinet Desk, quaint artistic design and excellent construction.
Formerly $29.50.....$25.00

Toys to Delight All

The Little Bo-Peep Shop The Little Jack Horner Shop
The Little Miss Muffet Shop The Miniature Zoo

New and Enlarged Section, Sixth Floor

Come and meet a real live Little Miss Muffet, Little Bo-Peep and Little Jack Horner. They are dear little friends, and will show you all the wonderful animals, dolls and toys.

Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Charge Purchases Made This Week Will Appear on Bills Rendered January 1st.

Toilet Requisites

At Very Low Prices

Eau-de-Cologne, 1826 quality, 50c and $1.00 sizes, now.....25c and 50c
$1.35 Hair Brushes.....now 95c
$2.25 Hair Brushes.....now $1.50
75c Cuticle Scissors.....now 50c
$2.00 Cutex Manicure Sets.....now $1.50

Ground Floor.

Price Reductions for Tomorrow, Monday
Apparel for Women, Misses and Children, Yard Goods, Accessories

Values in High Class Merchandise Seldom Obtainable So Early in the Season

A Sale of Blouses

Formerly up to $8.00

$3.95 and $5.00

Georgette Crepes, Crepe de Chine and tailored satins; in light shades and the fashionable suit colors.

Crepe de Chine Blouses

Very Special $5.00

In flesh, white and bisque, a new model with deep hemstitched revers, satin edged.

Ground Floor.

A Sample Line

Velvet Negligees

At Manufacturer's Prices

Luxurious Lounging Robes in Rich Colors.

Corduroy Negligees.....$4.50 to $8.95
Chiffon Velvet Negligees.....$29.00 to $68.50

Corduroy Robes

Very Specially Priced

$7.95

Straight line model with crossover girdle sash, large shawl collar; lined with fancy figured crepes.

Second Floor.

Silk Jersey Petticoats

A Manufacturer's Sample Line—$5.00 to $10.00 Models

$3.25 to $6.95

Models with deep flounces of the material; in the most wanted colors. Made of excellent quality Silk Jersey; elastic waist-line.

Second Floor.

Women's Sweaters

300 of Them—Formerly $6.95 to $7.50

$5.50

Worsted, fibre, Shetland and Brushed Wool in every Sport and Staple color. Models with full or half belts and smartest of collars. All sizes.

Third Floor.

Women's Union Suits

Formerly $3.25

$2.45

Swiss ribbed silk and wool; knee or ankle length; also sizes for Misses.

Second Floor.

Misses' Dresses

Formerly up to $35.00

$18.50

Smart models in Serge, Broadcloths, Silk and Serge combined and soft silks. Sizes 14 to 20 years.

Third Floor.

Women's Fur Trimmed Suits

Featured for This Extraordinary Sale at

Models on the Smartest of New Lines

$22.50

Trimmed With Natural or Seal Nutria Fur

In the Most Desirable Materials

In every wanted shade, including taupe, green, brown, and navy. Finely tailored and with warmly interlined, richly silk-lined coats, in most fashionable lengths.

A Remarkable Sale of ## Women's Coats **Presenting Splendid Special Values**

Fur Collared Coats

$22.50

Three models on the swinging, full skirted lines so modish.

Broadcloths and Velour Cloths in brown, navy, taupe, plum, green and black.

Deep Collars of Kit Coney.

Fur Collared Coats

$29.50

Belted model, copy of a much higher priced coat in Velour Cloth, shades of taupe, green, navy, beetroot, brown and black.

Smartly finished with Natural Raccoon Collars.

None C. O. D.—No Approvals.

Third Floor.

Lord & Taylor Announce for Monday

A Sale of Women's Dresses

Smart Models in Velveteens and Serges

At a Phenomenally Low Price

A Collection of 75 Dresses

$25.00

None C. O. D. Nor on Approval

Velveteen—in Black and Fashionable Colors
Bustle Dresses—Draped Dresses—Straight Line Dresses

braid strapped, braid embroidered, fur trimmed models, the Mode's latest developments. Only one or two of a style.

Serge Dresses in Navy Blue or Black

featuring a particularly smart model with pleated tunic and a new cross-over bodice with Tuxedo collar of white satin. Also other Tailored Serges, in a diversity of styles.

Third Floor.

Annual November Sale

Fashionable Furs

An Event—Notable for Its Splendid Values

Hudson Seal Coats

(dyed muskrat)

Loose fitting model—42 inch length.....$125.00
Belted back model—46 inch length.....$145.00
Semi-fitted model—deep shawl collar, 46 inch length..$195.00

Natural Muskrat Coats

$67.50, $89.50, $125.00

Also Model Coats—in Broadtail, Caracul, Mole, Leopard, Hudson Seal, trimmed with contrasting Furs

At Special Prices

Natural Raccoon Scarfs.....$17.50	Georgette Fox Scarfs.....$52.50	Skunk Scarfs.....$31.50, $59.50
Natural Raccoon Muffs.....$17.50	Georgette Fox Muffs.....$52.50	Skunk Muffs.....$26.50, $47.50
Taupe Wolf Scarfs.....$27.50	Hudson Seal Scarfs.....$19.50, $24.50	Beaver Scarfs.....$27.50, $34.50
Taupe Wolf Muffs.....$27.50	Hudson Seal Muffs.....$12.50, $16.50	Beaver Muffs.....$24.50, $34.50

Third Floor.

Lord & Taylor Silks

At Price Reductions

Which offer the best values of the season.

Black Satin de Chine
$1.50 Quality.....yard $1.10

Black Satin Sublime
$1.75 Quality.....yard $1.35

Black Satin Princess
$3.00 Quality.....yard $2.25

Black Crepe Meteor
$2.50 Quality.....yard $1.88

Black Satin Crepes
$2.50 Quality.....yard $1.98

Fine Black Chiffon Velvet
$6.50 Quality.....yard $4.95

All of the above are 36 to 42 inches wide.

Ground Floor.

Amori Nainsook

Formerly $2.95 a piece

$2.25

Sheer and fine, made expressly for Lord & Taylor; width 39 inches. Ten yards to a piece.

Second Floor.

Wanted Dress Goods

At Reduced Prices

All Wool Cheviot Serges

in navy blue and black; 42 inches wide; sponged and shrunk. $1.50 quality.....yard $1.18

Black French Costume Serge

54 inches wide; sponged and shrunk. $2.50 quality. yard $1.88

Semi-Made Skirts

of a fine quality navy blue Serge in the latest model; 26 to 36 inch waist-bands. Formerly $8.75 to $10.00. $6.85

Second Floor.

Handkerchiefs

At Reduced Prices

Women's Hand-embroidered Linen Handkerchiefs, block letter.

Box of 6 for 70c
Formerly 6 for $1.00

Men's Linen Handkerchiefs, hand thread drawn, hemstitched, different width hems.

25c each; formerly 35c

Women's Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, fine and sheer.

Box of 6 for $1.25
Formerly $1.50

Ground Floor.

Maid's Apron and Cap

Exceptional Value at

55c Set

Tailored Princess Apron, of fine lawn, very well made and finished. Net Cap, of triangular shape. Anticipating Thanksgiving Day Needs.

Second Floor.

Boys' Tub Suits

Formerly $1.85 to $3.35

$1.45

Jaunty Models in Chambray, Madras, Linen, Galatea, Crepe; many patterns and colors. Sizes 3 to 8 years.

Fourth Floor.

250 Boys' Shirts

Formerly $1.00

85c

Fancy stripes, in neat effects, and many new color combinations; serviceable qualities.

Ground Floor.

300 Children's Hats

At Half Former Prices

25c to $11.50

Velours, Velvets and Corduroys, some fur trimmed, some tailored. Also French Hats, in the daintiest of effects.

Infants' Wear Section, Fourth Floor.

U. S. Flags

Formerly $10.50

$7.75

Superior quality; guaranteed all wool worsted. Size 4x6 feet.

Fourth Floor.

A Shoe Event for Monday

300 Pairs Women's High-Cut Laced

Boots

Grey Kidskin Vamps
Grey Cloth Tops
Light Welted Soles
Louis XVI Heels

Footwear That Would Usually Sell at $9.00 a Pair.

$6.85

Women's $8.00 High-Cut Black Boots

$5.85

Patent and dull leather; regular lines from our own stock.

Second Floor.

Boudoir Lamps

Formerly $5.00

$2.85

Complete, Artistic ivory finishes, hand decorated base in vacuum designs, with Silk shades in dainty colorings.

Fifth Floor.

Travelling Bags

Formerly $12.50 and $13.50

$8.50

Black Cowhide, leather lined. Sizes 16 and 18 inches.

Fourth Floor.

Ostrich Feather Fans

Formerly $10.00

$6.75

White, black, canary, Emerald green, light blue, pink, grey, Nile green, Royal blue, mounted on shell or amber.

Ground Floor.

Chiffon Velvet Bags

Formerly $3.95

$2.95

Large pouch effects in black, taupe, navy, wine and brown.

Ground Floor.

RE-ELECT GOMPERS; LENNON DEFEATED

Labor Federation Makes Tobin Treasurer—Only Change in Roster of Officers.

TAINT OF PACIFISM DENIED

Tobin Himself Declares There Is None of It in Him—Ovation to Tobin as Well as to Gompers.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 24.—Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor for thirty-five years, was re-elected today, practically without opposition, and with him were returned to office every officer of the federation, except John B. Lennon, Treasurer, who was defeated by Daniel J. Tobin, President of the International Teamsters and Chauffeurs Union.

An effort to read into the defeat of Mr. Lennon a weakening of the position of President Gompers as a leader and a partial victory for the small group of pacifists which has opposed him was scouted by prominent federation men. It was declared that when it was decided by Mr. Tobin's friends to run him for the office Mr. Gompers announced an unequivocal policy of hands off.

It was further stated that the unions which lined up against Mr. Gompers on the indorsement of his war policies early in the convention today divided, the majority of them voting for Mr. Lennon. The vote for Treasurer stood: Tobin, 13,476; Lennon, 9,112. Mr. Tobin drawing his strength principally from the teamsters, machinists, miners, carpenters, bridge and structural ironworkers, and brewery workers.

No Pacifism in Tobin.

To make his position clear, Mr. Tobin, in accepting office, declared there was no "pacifism and anti-ism" in him.

"Since war was declared," he said, "I have tried to carry out the wishes of President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor and of President Wilson of the United States. I want no misunderstanding as to my position. With thousands of men in our union, there has not been one strike. We have not crippled industry during the war. We have been fighting an enemy from whom we may expect no mercy if he is victorious. We are trade unionists, but we are Americans first, and should be willing to make any sacrifice in this cause. I am human and have aspired for this office. In doing so I have done no wrong."

Mr. Tobin's statement was greeted with cheers. There was another demonstration when President Gompers spoke, pledging his undivided loyalty and effort to the cause of men who toil.

"In the most crucial period in the history of the labor movement and of the world," no liberty loving man, he said, would ask or seek peace now until the purposes for which the United States entered the conflict had been accomplished.

"We have declared ourselves in the fight to the end for freedom and democracy. There is no doubt where union labor stands," he said.

List of Officers Re-elected.

There were a few scattering votes against Mr. Gompers, and one against Frank Morrison for Secretary. The other officers elected were:

First Vice President, James Duncan, granite cutters.
Second Vice President, James O'Connell, machinists.
Third Vice President, William Mahon, street railway employes.
Fourth Vice President, Joseph F. Valentine, molders.
Fifth Vice President, John R. Alpine, plumbers.
Sixth Vice President, H. B. Perham, railroad telegraphers.
Seventh Vice President, Frank Duffy, carpenters.
Eighth Vice President, William Green, miners.

The convention adopted a resolution submitted by the photo-engravers, printing pressmen, bookbinders, and typographical unions protesting against the change in rates on second-class postage included in the war revenue law. The resolution calls upon Congress to amend the war revenue law to eliminate the section, and requests that it be dealt with as a question of service rather than a war revenue.

It was found impossible to complete the work of the convention today, and a night session was called, at which it was hoped to clear the calendar and adjourn sine die. Next year's convention will be held at St. Paul in June. Mr. Gompers, it was announced, will visit Toronto next week as the guest of Premier Hearst.

The convention tonight adopted unanimously a resolution demanding new trials for Warren K. Billings and Thomas J. Mooney, convicted of murder resulting from the San Francisco bomb explosion. The resolution adopted was a substitute for a resolution submitted early in the convention by the San Francisco labor leaders. Its important change was the striking out of a provision calling on all federal and local unions to contribute to the defense of Billings and Mooney.

Denies Shortage of Labor.

The Investigating Committee on Labor Conditions reported to the convention that there was no labor shortage in the country at this time. On the contrary, the report declared that housing problems in cities where new industries had sprung up had not been properly dealt with, and said that this fact was responsible for much of the apparent dearth of labor. Seventy-five per cent of the women garment workers in New York City are out of work, it was declared, and big potteries at Camden, N. J., have been closed down. In the building trades also there are many unemployed, the investigators reported.

At 9:30 o'clock the convention adjourned sine die.

Teachers and Disloyalty.

(By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.)

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 24.—The American Federation of Labor this morning adopted unanimously, the following recommendation of its Committee on Education:

"It is timely to insist that, while actual disloyalty to our country cannot be tolerated in our public schools or anywhere else, the public must carefully assure itself that charges of disloyalty, or of any other nature that may be peculiarly effective at the time, are not cloaks under which official superiors may attempt to secure retaliation for a self-respecting lack of subserviency on the part of teachers under them."

In fairness to the suspended teachers, please give this publicity.

CHARLES B. STILLMAN,
President American Federation of Teachers.

URGE WATERFRONT PAVING.

Shipping Agents Complain of Traffic Facilities.

Shipping agents along State Street and other thoroughfares around the waterfront are complaining of the condition of the roadway, which is so full of holes that horses are continually falling down. State Street is the principal avenue for the heavy traffic to South Ferry. Conditions in front of the Cunard and the French Line offices are said to be particularly bad.

The truckmen say that the roadbed should be made of cobble stones instead of wood blocks, which last no time and do not give the horses any grip in the Winter.

Stern Brothers

West Forty-second Street (Between 5th and 6th Avenues) West Forty-third Street

Reliable Furs and Fur Garments

On the Third Floor is shown a choice ensemble of

Luxurious Fur Coats

Of Ermine, Mink, Caracul, Moleskin, Broadtail, Persian Lamb, Hudson Seal, Natural Muskrat and Nutria.

Coatees, Stoles, Scarfs and Muffs

In the favored furs, featuring every new style variation in design and coloring.

Misses' and Children's Furs, Men's & Women's Fur-lined Coats, Attractive Rugs, Robes and Mounted Animal Rugs

Household and Decorative Linens

An opportune offering of Irish Satin Damask Table Cloths with Napkins to match, at less than manufacturers' present quotations.

Irish Linen Table Cloths
Ready hemmed; regularly $3.75 to 4.75 each,
at $2.85 and 3.75

Napkins at $3.95 dozen
Ready hemmed; regularly $5.00 a dozen

Irish Cream Table Damask
70 ins. wide; heavy weight; regularly $1.25 yard,
at 95c yd.

Irish Satin Damask Table Cloths
Pure linen, scalloped,
at $3.50 to 5.25

Irish All Linen Napkins at $3.95
Satin Damask; variety of designs; regularly $5.50 dozen.

REAL MADEIRA PIECES
Hand scalloped and hand embroidered,

Centerpieces, ...	each	$1.75
Luncheon Sets, 13 pieces, . . .	set	$3.75
Afternoon Tea Napkins, ...	doz.	$5.40

Rugs, Carpets and Linoleums

Unsurpassed qualities in the newest effects, at the lowest prices, Monday.

WORSTED WILTON RUGS
High grade, in a large variety of selected designs
From 22½x36 ins. at $3.65
To 11¼x15 feet, . at 90.00
Regularly $4.25 to 110.00

Reversible Wool Smyrna Rugs
Heavy; two-tone moire effects; blue, tan, grey, etc.
From 30x60 ins., at $2.75
To 9x12 feet, . . at 24.50

A large assortment of Plain and Figured Rugs, Carpets and Linoleums at popular prices.

In CHINESE and PERSIAN RUGS
There are a number of choice pieces, many greatly reduced in price, ranging from
$24.50 to 975.00

A Special Purchase of 500 Misses' Afternoon and Street Frocks will be offered at $12.50

THIRTY models to select from, made of all serge or satin as well as combinations of satin and serge, satin and velvet, satin and Georgette; many elaborately embroidered in silk and soutache braid; sizes 14, 16 and 18 years.

Values up to $29.50

A Great Reduction Sale

To-morrow, Monday, of

WOMEN'S OUTER APPAREL

Comprising this season's most desirable styles in Tailored Suits, Street, Afternoon and Evening Dresses, selected from our regular stock,

And arranged into five uniform price groups to close out:

Group I.---WOMEN'S TAILORED SUITS
Wool velour, burella or serge; one model fur-trimmed,
Formerly up to $29.50
at $16.50

Group II.---WOMEN'S FASHIONABLE SUITS
Plain tailored or trimmed with various furs; made of broadcloth, velour de laine and silvertone,
Formerly up to $47.50
at $21.50

Group III.---WOMEN'S HIGH COST SUITS
Charming assortment of models, showing this season's most favored materials and rich fur trimmings,
Formerly up to $79.50
at $35.00

Group IV.-STREET or AFTERNOON DRESSES
Of serge, satin, velours and crepe de Chines; very chic styles,
Formerly up to $29.50
at $15.00

Group V.---THEATRE or DANCE FROCKS
Of gros de Londres, satins, silk nets and chiffon velvets,
Formerly up to $49.50
at $25.00

Exceptional Values in WOMEN'S WINTER COATS

Attractive models, made of Pom Pom, broadcloth and soft velours; many with large fur collars; silk lined and interlined,
$25.00 $37.50

Women's Street and Dress Coats
Of Bolivia cloth and gloveskin velours; some with shoulder and shawl collars of real beaver and nutria fur; silk lined,
$55.00 $65.00

A Fortunate Purchase of Women's Shoes

Will provide $9.00 values To-morrow, on the Second Floor
at $6.75

Nine inch boots, turned soles, two inch French heels, in Havana brown, battleship grey kidskin; also a black kid vamp with pearl grey kid upper.
ALL SIZES.

In addition—a number of

This season's newest models in combinations; low leather and French heels; in mahogany calf with ooze uppers; tan Russia calf; all welt soles.

Regular Values $9.00 and 10.00 a pair

SIZES NOT COMPLETE.

Another Offering of Silks and Velvets

Will feature extraordinary values:

Imported Colored Chiffon Velvet,
40 inches wide; in the new shades; regularly $6.50 a yard,
at $3.95

Satin Royal, 40 inches wide,
In a large range of colorings, also black; soft lustrous finish; regularly $3.00 yd,
at $1.48

Crepe de Chine, 40 inches wide,
In light and dark shades, also black; regularly $1.75 a yard,
at $1.35

An Important Sale of Dress Goods

On the Main Floor

Chiffon Broadcloths, 50 and 54 ins.,
superior quality, high lustre, sponged and shrunk, in a large assortment of the fashionable colors, also black,
at $2.35 yd.

Children's French Dresses—Underpriced

Hand-made and hand-embroidered Nainsook garments, in sizes from six months to two years.

DRESSES with pointed yoke and deep hem,
Special at
$1.35

DRESSES with fancy yoke and scalloped bottom,
Special at
$1.95

Children's Sweater Sets,
Of Angora Wool; in desirable colors; five pieces; sizes 2 to 5 years,
Special at $5.95

Children's Blanket Robes,
In Copenhagen and rose; satin trimmed; sizes 2 to 8 years,
Special at $1.85

Camisoles in Pink, Blue, White

A collection of exquisite models in Washable Satin or Crepe de Chine, especially selected for gift purposes; unusual effects in hand embroidery in colors or trimmings of fine lace—all typical of higher cost models.

Value $1.25 and $1.50. Special at **.95**

Arnold, Constable & Co.

5th Avenue at 40th Street

Women's Knit Underwear

Pink Silk and Lisle Combinations, consisting of tops of extra quality Glove Silk, with tailored finish and bodies of fine quality Mercerized Lisle; tight knee. *Value $2.50* — **1.65**

Winter Weight Cotton Union Suits—very desirable weave—soft and white; in knee or ankle length. Very specially priced — **1.35**
Extra sizes at 1.65 each.

THE SPIRIT OF CHRISTMAS REFLECTED THROUGHOUT THE STORE IN FRESH NEW STOCKS FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS

The Early Purchasing of Articles Intended for Presentation Will Be an Exceedingly Wise Policy in View of the Extraordinary Conditions Existing This Season

A BOX SALE OF WOMEN'S GLOVES

At 1/4 to about 1/3 under Regular Value

Women's Gloves Attractively Boxed in 1-3-6 Pair Lots

SPECIAL I. Our famous 2-clasp "Regis" Glace, soft, pliable and beautifully sewn; Paris Point embroidery. White only. *Value $2.00 pair* — 1 Pair, 1.48; 3 Prs. at 1.45; 6 Prs. at 1.42

SPECIAL II. Yellow Chamois—a very smart Glove for town and country wear. One-clasp, P. X. M. seams and spear back. *Value $2.50* — 1 Pair, 1.85; 3 Prs. at 1.80; 6 Prs. at 1.75

SPECIAL III. Grey Suède—an exquisite Glove for Street and Afternoon wear; 2-clasp with handsomely embroidered backs; exceptionally soft and perfect fitting. *Value $3.00* — 1 Pair, 2.50; 3 Prs. at 2.45; 6 Prs. at 2.40

SPECIAL IV. One-Clasp White Walking Gloves, splendid quality, with P. X. M. seams and spear back. One of this season's smartest styles for street wear. *Value $2.25* — 1 Pair, 2.00; 3 Prs. at 1.95; 6 Prs. at 1.90

SPECIAL V. White Glace Gloves of finest quality and exquisite workmanship; in 2-clasp or 3-button, suitable for fine dress wear. *Value $3.00* — 1 Pair, 2.50; 3 Prs. at 2.45; 6 Prs. at 2.40

SPECIAL VI. Evening Gloves — 16-button White Glace of beautiful quality, soft and elastic at top. Finished with Pearl Buttons. *Value $5.00* — 1 Pair, 3.85; 3 Prs. at 3.80; 6 Prs. at 3.75

An Introductory Sale of

French and American Dolls

Including

Character Dolls in Great Variety

Ranging in price from 50c to 20.00

At 10% Discount

Not only educational but vastly diverting to little folks are the character dolls, dressed in their quaint costumes, representing a great number of types from the dusky little Papoose to La Belle Parisienne, resplendent in the latest finery. Represented, too, are our soldiers and sailors, Tommy Atkins and his French comrades, together with "ladies from Japan" and a stalwart Indian chief arrayed for battle.

A BOX SALE OF WOMEN'S HOSIERY

Affording Savings 1/4 to 1/3

A Truly Rare Opportunity In 1-3-6 Pair Lots Attractively Boxed

SPECIAL I. Pure Thread Silk of serviceable quality, with double Cotton tops and soles; in Black or White. *Regular Value $1.25 pr.* — 1 Pair, .95; 3 Prs. at .92; 6 Prs. at .90

SPECIAL II. Pure Thread Colored Silk of excellent quality and weight, with strongly reinforced Cotton Tops and Soles; in Black, White and 15 fashionable boot, dress and hat shades. *Regular Value $1.35 pr.* — 1 Pair, 1.18; 3 Prs. at 1.15; 6 Prs. at 1.12

SPECIAL III. Very Superior Quality Colored Silk, lustrous, strongly reinforced Silk Soles and Tops; in 26 most wanted shoe and gown shades. *Regular Value $1.75 pr.* — 1 Pair, 1.50; 3 Prs. at 1.45; 6 Prs. at 1.40

SPECIAL IV. Paris Clox Silk Hose in Black or White; a most attractive stocking with 5 rows openwork Clox. Splendid quality with double Silk Soles and Tops. *Regular Value $2.25 pr.* — 1 Pair, 1.65; 3 Prs. at 1.60; 6 Prs. at 1.55

SPECIAL V. Hand-Embroidered Clocked Silk—Very smart effects in Black with White clox, or White with Black Clox. *Regular Value $2.75 pr.* — 1 Pair, 1.95; 3 Prs. at 1.90; 6 Prs. at 1.85

SPECIAL VI. Openwork Silk Hose in Black or White—an exquisite Stocking with elaborate openwork insteps. *Regular Value $3.75 pr.* — 1 Pair, 2.95; 3 Prs. at 2.85; 6 Prs. at 2.75

Practical Gifts for Women

Beacon Blanket Robes

We have assembled a large assortment of these most comfortable garments for Women in a complete range of colorings, including dainty Pink, Light Blues and Lavender; soft Greys, deep Reds, Tans, Copen, and Belgian. Each Robe is exceptionally well made and trimmed with Satin and Cord; some models have effective novelty borders

Regular Value $3.95, $7.50

Special Sale **2.95 to 5.00**

Specially Prepared for Xmas

100 Silk Petticoats

From the finest Imported Chiffon Dress Taffeta, selected from our own Silk Department and made up to our special order for gift purposes. Colors are Blue, Black, Brown and two-tone Silks.

Actual Value $10.00

Special **6.95** Sale

November Clearance of Fine Waists and Blouses

at 20% Discount

150	Georgette Crepe Blouses in White, Flesh and Suit shades, showing all the newest embroidered effects and combinations of coloring and including exquisite and unusual models for dressy occasions.	5.75 to 25.00
125	Crepe de Chine Blouses—Tailleur models in all White or with smart touches of color.	5.00 to 7.50
25	Handkerchief Linen Blouses, hand made and beautifully hand embroidered.	9.75 to 25.00
25	Organdie Blouses—A variety of exquisite hand made Waists in pastel shades, trimmed with lace.	9.75 to 25.00
25	Odd Blouses, consisting of White Nets with embroidery and fancy Camisoles; also Novelty Figured Silks in smart effects.	10.00 to 16.75

20% off

Two Extra Specials

100 Crepe de Chine Blouses

This Season's very newest effects in frilled and Satin trimmed models in Crepe de Chine of excellent quality.

Value $3.95

Special **2.85** Sale

125 Smart Blouses

Consisting of Georgette Crepe and Crepe de Chine in White and the leading suit shades.

Value $6.00

Special **4.95** Sale

Our Annual November Sale of

Imported and Domestic Silks

$75,000.00 Stock

Fashionable Plain and Novelty Weaves

Consisting of Satin, Charmeuse, Chiffon Taffeta, Georgettes, Crepe de Chines, Louisette, and Brocades, representing every smart color effect for Day and Evening wear.

At Radical Reductions

The Fabrics of the Day

Regular Prices		Special Sale Price
$1.75	Louisette Lining Silk — 36 inches, very strong and serviceable—in Black, Flesh and Ivory only.	1.25 yd.
2.00	Crepe de Chine—40 inches—in Black and Ivory only.	1.35 yd.
2.00	Colored Dress Satin, 35 inches—in Black, Ivory, Navy, Pink, Taupe, Plum, and 40 other fashionable shades.	1.38 yd.
2.00	Georgette Crepe—40 inches—our standard quality in the most wanted shades.	1.65 yd.
$2.50	Colored Chiffon Taffeta—the finest imported quality, in the smartest shades for Day and Evening wear.	1.95 yd.
3.00	Black Dress Satin—soft and lustrous—35 inches wide.	1.95 yd.
3.50	Satin Charmeuse—40 inches—finest quality for Dress wear. Heavy, lustrous and rich in effect—90 shades for day and evening.	2.25 yd.
3.00 to 6.50	A full line of Brocade Satins, choice designs and colorings for superior linings—suitable for fur garments.	20% Discount

Clearance of Silk Remnants

Light and dark shades in plain and fancy weaves—1 to 5 yard lengths.
To Close at 1/4 to 1/2 below former prices.

Soldiers'

Sleeveless Sweaters

Regulation Olive Drab Sweaters of 100% Pure Worsted Yarns, combining the maximum of warmth with the minimum of weight; can be worn under any uniform or blouse.

Value $6.00. Special at **4.75**

Men's Coat Sweaters

Angora and Vicuna Sweaters, in Coat models, with or without Collars; snug fitting and warmth retaining—all Scotch mixed colorings.

Value $13.50. Special at **9.75**

Box Sale of

Men's Hose

An excellent opportunity for savings in price, also for the selection of practical gifts.

SPECIAL I.—Thread Silk Half Hose in Black, White and plain colorings. Sheer but firm quality, with reinforced Lisle sole and ribbed top. — Box 6 prs. ass't'd 3.25. *Value $4.50 1/2 doz.*

SPECIAL II.—Silk Finished Lisle Thread Half Hose in Black, Grey, Tan and Navy; medium weight, well finished and serviceable. — Box 6 prs. ass't'd 1.35. *Value $1.75 1/2 doz.*

Annual Advance Xmas Sale of

Men's Rich Silk Neckwear

at *60c*

Once a year we plan an extraordinary and special value-giving sale of most desirable Winter Scarfs, especially appropriate for Holiday Gifts. This assortment comprises large folded hand-finished Four-in-Hands in plain, two-tone and fancy effects, representing every smart coloring in vogue this season.

Actual Value .85 and $1.00. Now at **60c**

1/2 dozen in appropriate box for 3.25

Our Annual Box Sale of

Fine Handkerchiefs for Xmas

Additional importations of Handkerchiefs have been received and will be placed on sale in the following Boxed Lots. We were fortunate in having a sufficient quantity of Linen at command at the old prices in the various grades from which these Handkerchiefs are made, to enable us to offer these remarkable values.

10% to 25% under present prices

Early selection is advised, as stocks cannot be duplicated

For Women

		Box of
LOT 1	Women's Initial Handkerchiefs; hand embroidered block letter on medium weight Irish linen.	6 — 1.50
LOT 2	Women's Hemstitched Handkerchiefs; pure Irish linen with 1/4 inch hems; medium weights; remarkable value.	12 — 1.50
LOT 3	Women's Initial Handkerchiefs; Appenzell floral embroidered corner with block letter on sheer Irish linen.	6 — 2.25
LOT 4	Women's Hemstitched Handkerchiefs of sheer and cambric weight Irish linen; 1/8 and 1/4 inch hems; remarkable values.	12 — 3.00
LOT 5	Women's Embroidered Handkerchiefs; exquisite specimens of peasant needlework in a pleasing variety of beautiful designs.	12 — 3.00

For Men and Children

		Box of
LOT 6	Men's Initial Handkerchiefs; block letter on Irish linen.	6 — 1.50
LOT 7	Men's Hemstitched Handkerchiefs of medium weight Irish linen.	12 — 4.50
LOT 8	Men's Initial Handkerchiefs; hand embroidered block letter on Irish linen; finished with cord edge; 1/4 inch hems.	6 — 3.00
LOT 9	Men's Hemstitched Handkerchiefs; extra quality Irish linen in various cords and tapes.	12 — 6.00
LOT 10	Children's Handkerchiefs; small colored animal designs on white lawn; colored edge.	3 — .25

2500 Yards

Handsome Broadcloth

50 inches wide; sponged and shrunk ready for use; the quality is exceptional and the colors include:

Pekin	Brown	African
Reseda	French Blue	Navy
Myrtle		Burgundy
Amethyst	Purple	Maroon

Regular Stock Price $3.00 yd.

Special **2.65** Sale

Christmas Suggestions

For the Nursery

Wardrobes of Wicker. White Enamel—China Silk pad and Satin ribbon bow. *Value $15.50*	13.50
Weighing Scales for the Baby—White Enamel basket with soft silk pad and dainty ribbon bow. *Value $8.50*	7.50
Hamper with large Satin bow. *Value $6.50*	5.00
Clothes Tree of White Enamel—finished with a Satin bow. *Value $2.00*	1.75

1000 Oriental Rugs Reduced for Xmas

Advantageous selections can be made now while the following substantial discounts are in force:

Moussouls, Cabistans, Dozars and Sarouks—choice designs in soft, lustrous colorings. Sizes 3-8x6-0 to 4-4x6-6. Regularly 35.00 to 185.00	10% Off
Persian, Turkish and Indian Carpets in sizes ranging from 6x9 to 14x21 feet. Regularly 110.00 to 685.00	15% Off
Kermanshah, Sarouk and Bijar Carpets in soft tones of ivory, rose and blue. Sizes 9x12 to 19-0x12-0 feet. Regularly 600.00 to 7,500.00	25% Off

For This Week Only

American, French and Philippine Lingerie

20% Discount

Dainty gift suggestions of the very finest qualities—there are also a number of new designs specially selected for Holiday buying.

French Underwear — 20% Off

NIGHT GOWNS	2.95 to 85.00
ENVELOPE CHEMISES	2.95 to 13.50
CHEMISES	2.25 to 21.00
SKIRTS	3.50 to 75.00

Philippine Underwear — 20% Off

NIGHT GOWNS	1.95 to 18.50
CHEMISES	2.75 to 7.50
ENVELOPE CHEMISES	3.95 to 8.95
DRAWERS	1.95 to 5.00

American Underwear — 20% Off

NIGHT GOWNS	.95 to 15.00
ENVELOPE CHEMISES	.95 to 10.00
CHEMISES	1.50 to 3.00
CORSET COVERS	.50 to 3.00
SKIRTS	1.00 to 25.00

Clearance of Women's Winter Coats

29.50 35.00 48.00

Midseason models of the latest cut in high class Wool Velour, Velvet Velour and Velour Zibeline—Collars of Seal, Taupe Nutria, Raccoon or Skunk Opossum, also with huge plain Convertible Collars; richly lined with plain or Novelty Satins and warmly interlined.

Values $40.00 to $65.00
Now **29.50 to 48.00**

200 Women's Dresses

1/3 off to 1/2 Price

Dresses from the Regular Stock for Morning, Afternoon and Evening wear.

Reduced to **12.50, 24.50, 29.50**

Former prices $18.50 to $60.00

NO CREDITS NO EXCHANGES

Misses' and Small Women's Coats

Smart Winter Coats in a variety of the newest fabrics and colorings, Pom-Pom, Melton Mixture and Wool Velours. Straight line, belted or semi-Empire effects; large Convertible Collar or huge Choker and Shawl Collars of fashionable Furs of excellent quality; full Satin lined and warmly interlined.

27.50 35.00

Values $37.50 to $45.00
Now **27.50 to 37.50**

Misses' Danse and Evening Dresses

Models of Velvet, Satin, Net and Chiffon combinations in all evening shades and black.

Reduced to **21.50**

Former Prices $29.50 to $39.50

NO CREDITS NO EXCHANGES

Xmas Furs

In the most fashionable shapes at attractive price concessions.

	Actual Value	Sale Price
NUTRIA COLLARS.	18.50	14.00
NUTRIA MUFFS.	18.50	14.00
HUDSON SEAL MUFFS.	16.00	12.75
HUDSON SEAL MUFFS.	22.00	16.00
TAUPE WOLF SCARFS.	32.00	25.00
TAUPE WOLF MUFFS.	35.00	27.00
SKUNK SCARFS.	37.50	29.50
SKUNK MUFFS.	32.00	25.00
Lynx Scarfs—Stoles and Capelets,		55.00 to 115.00
Skunk Scarfs—Stoles and Capes,		40.00 to 120.00
Georgette, Pointed, Blue and Cross Fox Sets,		100.00 to 450.00
Hudson Seal Coats,		145.00, 200.00 up to 695.00
Moleskin Coats,		475.00 up to 850.00
Baby Carcul Coats,		500.00

SEWER EXPLOSIONS SHAKE WEST SIDE

Sixty-eight Manhole Covers Shot Into the Air In and Near West End Avenue.

ONLY ONE PERSON HURT

Huge Iron Disks Fly High, and Explosion Shatters Window Glass in Apartment Buildings.

West End Avenue in the vicinity of Eighty-sixth Street at 12:35 yesterday afternoon was quite free of pedestrians and vehicles, when suddenly the silence of the neighborhood was shattered by a tremendously loud report like the crack of a cannon. A manhole cover shot into the air and smashed to bits. A rush of whitish yellow flame poured from the manhole, and like a torch twenty feet high burned several minutes. When the flame died down volumes of smoke poured from the sewer. The explosion shattered plate glass windows in the neighborhood and fragments of glass, some ground to fine dust like snow flakes, fell to the street from apartment house windows as high as the twelfth story.

The explosion in the first manhole, caused by the accumulation of gasoline dripping into the sewers from garages in the neighborhood, was followed in quick succession by a series of other explosions until twenty-four manhole covers on West End Avenue from Eighty-sixth Street to Seventy-ninth Street and in the side streets had blown up, some of them as high as five stories. In addition to these sixty-four manhole covers in the neighborhood were displaced and workmen from the Department of Sewers were sent to the scene to replace them.

The astonishing fact about the freak explosions was that the police received no report of any persons injured. George Beogh, who lives in the basement of 256 West Eighty-fourth Street, was knocked down by the force of the explosion and sustained an injury to the left thigh. He was attended and remained at home. This was the only real injury that could be traced to the explosions. Captain Michael R. Kelly of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station estimated that several thousand panes of glass had been shattered, doing a damage of about $10,000.

West End Avenue and the side streets, so quiet and deserted a moment before the series of explosions, became in a twinkling scenes of wild panic and excitement. Tenants of apartment houses called the superintendents on the telephone, making frantic inquiries concerning the explosions. Others rushed to the elevators and ran to the street. The doors of the West Side Club, 270 West Eighty-fourth Street, were open, and a score of women nearby fled into the club screaming and hysterical, shouting that the Germans had blown up the entire waterfront. Charles Ellis, a colored employe of the club, saw a woman, attired in a bathrobe, attempt to climb out on the window sill of the apartment house at 500 West End Avenue, the south side of which faces the club. The woman was dragged back into the room by a man.

Captain Kelly, with the reserves under Sergeants Baury and Verstedt, hurried to the scene of the explosions and formed police lines around the apartment houses, where bits of glass fell tinkling to the sidewalk for some time. Other policemen were sent into the buildings to free from the sashes the bits of glass that adhered in order to insure pedestrians safe use of the sidewalks.

The force of the explosion was greatest at West End Avenue and Eighty-fourth Street. On the southwest corner, at 498 West End Avenue, is a twelve-story apartment house in which thirty windows were shattered. Superintendent Curren, who was in the basement, was thrown four feet against a radiator, but was unhurt. He ran to the street door and calmed the tenants by assuring them that the only danger lay in going to the street and pointing out that the building, like most of the others in the neighborhood, was a solid iron structure for the most part.

The manhole cover in front of this building was shattered into small pieces by the force of the explosion, and in descending one of the pieces fell through the glass marquee of the apartment house opposite, at 495. This is also a twelve-story structure.

On the third floor the funeral services of Bessie Schulte, daughter of the late tobacco manufacturer, were going on. The vibration broke into bits twenty-one panes of glass in the Schulte apartment and unnerved Mrs. Rose Schulte and her two daughters, Antoinette and Lucille.

All but three houses on West Eighty-fourth Street between Broadway and West End Avenue were affected by the explosion. Seventeen windows in the Alamada, at 255, were shattered; fourteen at 256; nine at 227, and a lesser number in most of the remaining houses. Three buildings on this street, however, were untouched. These were the West Side Club, at 270, and the houses at 258 and 280. Just west of the West Side Club is the home of Frank Mills, an artist, at 272. Every window in this three-story brick structure was smashed. The San Jose, 500 West End Avenue, was badly battered on the Eighty-fourth Street side. The windows of the Wellesley, West End Avenue and Eighty-first Street, were smashed up as far as the sixth floor.

Inspector William Kline, who began an investigation for the Department of Sewers immediately after the explosion, said that his explanation was that they occurred as the result of gasoline from automobiles and garages trickling into the gas laden air of the sewers.

General Sibert's Son a Private.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24.—The identity of Private Martin D. Sibert, 12th U. S. Infantry, increased greatly in prestige today, following the discovery that he is the son of Major Gen. William L. Sibert. Young Sibert, without the knowledge of his family, enlisted at Manhattan, Kan.

President Sees Fort Myer Drill.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The President and Mrs. Wilson were among those attending an exhibition drill by cavalry and artillery units at Fort Myer today under the auspices of the Army Relief Society.

Kurzman
Importer
Fifth Avenue & 35th St.

CLEARANCE SALE
IMPORTED MODELS

Trimmed Hats and Gowns
Tailored Suits and Dresses
Evening Coats and Wraps
Fur Coats and Fur Sets
Street Motor and Sport Coats
Sweaters Blouses Veils Handbags

Week Beginning
MONDAY NOVEMBER 26TH

It is our policy not to carry stock from one season to another, therefore to effect a speedy clearance we offer same at
PRICES REGARDLESS OF COST

Mme. Najla Mogabgab
Corner 50th St. 624 Fifth Ave. New York

WILL CLOSE OUT MONDAY
Extraordinary Reductions

Serge Dresses—*In a variety of models.*
Sold originally at $65.00. *To close* 29.00

Afternoon Frocks—*Beautiful models.*
Fashioned in velvet, satin, Georgette or Tricotine.
Sold originally at $110.00. *To close* 49.00

Dancing Frocks—*Exclusive models.*
Sold originally to $125.00. *To close* 55.00

10 Evening Wraps—*Highest type models.*
Beautifully fashioned in chiffon velvet, and enriched with fur. Sold originally at $200 to $250. *To close* 95.00

NO EXCHANGES NO CHARGES

CONSERVE FOOD—Everyone must help to win this War

B. Altman & Co.

Thirty-fourth Street FIFTH AVENUE - MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK Thirty-fifth Street

Telephone 7000 Murray Hill

Exceptionally Good Values in Corduroy Rest Robes

at $6.85 & $9.85

are now being offered in the Department for Women's House Gowns.

These Robes are in four attractive styles, modeled in wide-wale corduroy of excellent quality, and lined with flowered mull.

(Third Floor)

A Special Offering of French Hand-made Filet Lace Panels, Bedspreads and Curtains

will take place to-morrow on the Fourth Floor.

The price advantages will be exceptional.

French Hand-made Filet Lace Window Panels
each $9.00, 12.50, 15.00, upward

French Hand-made Filet Lace Curtains
pair $22.50, 24.00, 27.50, upward

French Hand-made Filet Lace Bedspreads
each $27.50, 33.00, 37.50, upward

At the same time

A Selected Number of Decorative Lace Pieces

consisting of Scarfs, Pillow Covers, Chair Backs and Arm Pieces, will be on sale

at unusually low prices

(This Sale will afford an appreciable opportunity for the economical purchase of really beautiful holiday gifts)

Practical Gifts

Knitting Needles (sterling silver)
Yarn Holders (sterling silver)
Tatting Shuttles (sterling silver)
Bonbon Dishes (sterling silver)
Women's Wrist Watches (sterling silver)
Vanity Cases (sterling silver)
Rose Jars (sterling silver)
Mahogany Sewing Tables
Chess Sets for travel use
Poker Sets
Playing Cards in leather case
Perpetual Calendars
Vest Pocket Kodaks
Kodak Albums
Reading Glasses

The Sale of Belgian Hand-made Laces

held during the past week by special arrangement with the Commission for Relief in Belgium

will be continued on Monday and Tuesday

These Laces must, in order to further the work of the Commission, be immediately disposed of, the money being most urgently needed for Belgian relief.

In addition to the finished pieces in this extraordinary collection, there is a large quantity of exquisite yard laces that would ordinarily be marked $10.75 to $150.00 per yard. These may now be obtained at $3.85 to $50.00 per yard.

This remarkable Sale affords an unprecedented opportunity for securing, at an infinitesimal fraction of their real worth, laces that will prove equally valuable as gifts or personal possessions.

The Sale is being held on the Fifth Floor.

An Important Sale of Linens

Practical and Decorative

to be held to-morrow and Tuesday

in anticipation of Thanksgiving needs, will present an unusually advantageous buying opportunity, the prices being exceptionally low for these excellent qualities.

Heavy Linen Damask Table Cloths
each $2.50, 3.25, 3.90, 4.50

Heavy Linen Damask Napkins
per doz. $3.75, 4.50, 4.75, 5.25

Double Satin Damask Table Cloths
each $5.00, 6.00, 7.50, 9.00

Double Satin Damask Napkins
per dozen $6.75, 7.75, 10.75

Huckaback Room Towels
per doz. $3.75, 4.50, 5.50, 6.00

Turkish Bath Towels
per doz. $2.65, 3.00, 3.75, 4.50

Madeira Luncheon Sets (13 pieces)
Hand-scalloped and Hand-embroidered
per set . $4.00, 5.75, 7.75

Madeira Centerpieces
Hand-scalloped and Hand-embroidered
each . $2.75, 3.50, 4.25

Irish Hand-embroidered Dresser Scarfs
Hemstitched . each $1.75

Fine Hand-crocheted Luncheon Sets (25 pieces)
per set . . . $7.50

Fine Linen Centerpieces
decorated with hand-made filet and Venise laces combined with broderie Anglaise, each $9.00

Plate Doylies to match
each $1.50

Tumbler Doylies to match
each . . . . 65c.

The regular stock of the Linen Department includes a splendid assortment of beautifully decorated Table Linens, especially appropriate for Thanksgiving, Christmas and anniversary use. Many of these sets are shown at prices that are sufficiently moderate to make a general appeal.

Practical Gifts

especially suitable for soldiers' use are:

Wool Sweaters
Wool Helmets
Wool Mufflers
Wool Wristlets
Wool Underwear
Wool Half-hose
Khaki-color Handkerchiefs
Trench Mirrors
Money Belts
Safety Razors
Leather Washbowls
Toilet Necessaries
Fountain Pens
Comfort Kits
Tobacco Pouches
Sewing Kits
Photograph Cases

Women's Fashionable Suits

(fur-trimmed or plain-tailored)

skillfully made, of choice materials, are on sale at

$90.00, $115.00 & $190.00

these being large concessions from former prices.

(Dep't for Imported and Special Costumes, Third Floor)

A Clearance Sale of Women's Coats

to commence to-morrow (Monday)

will comprise a number of smart styles, developed in desirable materials, which have been marked (because of incomplete sizes) at the greatly reduced prices of

$22.50, $38.00 & $48.00

Many of the Higher-cost Coats and Wraps (including imports as well as American originations) have also been subjected to severe price revisions and are now marked at

$85.00, $125.00, $175.00, upward

(Women's Coats, Third Floor)

Over 20,000 Yards of Choice Dress Silks

(arranged in lengths suitable for dresses, blouses, skirts, bags, and decorative articles) will be on sale, commencing to-morrow,

at extraordinary price reductions

Included in this unusual offering will be imported novelty silks; soft, lustrous satins; sheer crepes; black silks, white silks and sports silks.

Practical Gifts

Flexible Bracelets (14-karat gold)
Opera Glasses
Opera Bags
Wrist Bags
Folding Clocks for travel use
Leather Card Cases
Leather Wallets, mounted in 14-karat gold
Men's Smoking Jackets
Men's Bath Robes
Women's Negligees
Women's Matinee Jackets
Pocket Flasks
Electric Grills (nickel-plate)
Electric Chafing Dishes (nickel-plate)
Household Thermometers

TIGER TAKES HEART WITH MURPHY BACK

Tammany Bread Line Almost in Smiles While Boss Talks It Over with "Al" Smith.

HYLAN'S DOOR SWINGS WIDE

But No Wigwam Chief Casts a Shadow Upon the Threshold—Editor Stirs Mayor-Elect.

Tammany men who years ago got their names upon the city payroll drew a long breath of relief yesterday morning when they read in the newspapers that the "Boss" was back. They had learned with sorrow only a few hours before his return that there would be nothing to expect in the patronage line until Mr. Murphy again occupied his chair behind the familiar desk in Tammany Hall, where the downtown Democratic breadline forms.

Mr. Murphy did not go near Tammany Hall yesterday, nor did he visit his uptown headquarters at Delmonico's, according to all accounts. He spent the forenoon at home catching up with correspondence which had piled up in his absence and which was brought over to the Murphy residence from Tammany Hall by the chief's confidential stenographer. He greeted a few members of the Tammany inner circle and talked with them with a view of learning something regarding local developments since his departure for French Lick Springs.

In the afternoon Mr. Murphy drove away in his motor car, bound for Good Ground, where he was said to be in conference with Sheriff Al Smith, who has seen more of Mayor-elect Hylan during the chief's absence than has any other Tammany man. Sheriff Smith recently bought a Summer home not far from the more pretentious abode of the Tammany leader.

Mr. Murphy did not make any attempt to see Mayor-elect Hylan before he left town, although Judge Hylan was at his headquarters, 50 East Forty-second Street, all afternoon, with the doors of his private room wide open most of the time. Just before Judge Hylan left his headquarters, he was asked:

"Have you seen Tammany Leader Murphy today, or has he communicated with you?"

"No," was the monosyllable answer.

That was all Judge Hylan was willing to say to newspaper men regarding the matter. From a source close to the Mayor-elect it was learned, however, that the return of Mr. Murphy will make no difference as far as the distribution of patronage is concerned. Mr. Hylan is not to be hurried about it. He has already announced that he would not begin to consider seriously and certainly would not announce any appointments prior to Dec. 15. There is no reason to believe that he will depart from this resolve because of the somewhat precipitate return of Mr. Murphy.

At the Hylan headquarters applications for places are being carefully tabulated as they are filed. There is known to be a long list of applicants for every place in the gift of the Mayor-elect. All are said to be from individuals, none from organizations on behalf of a member or other favored aspirant. In some instances applicants have filed indorsements from political leaders or organizations with their applications, but the name of Tammany Leader Murphy is said not to appear on any indorsement so far.

Judge Hylan was aroused yesterday by an editorial in a Brooklyn afternoon paper in which the municipal ownership program of the incoming administration was assailed and in which Judge Hylan was reminded that the disposal of the Court House site, which the incoming administration threatens to develop for some other purpose, and the proposed abolition of the Water Supply Board rested with the Republican Legislature and the Republican Governor. Then followed this summing up:

"After all, it is said and done, Albany dominates the situation. The Mayor himself will be removable by the Governor on charges."

"I notice in the editorial comment with reference to the program for municipal ownership of the incoming administration and the question of making serviceable use of the Manhattan Court House site, which has cost the people more than $14,000,000 to date, the suggestion that Albany dominates the situation in New York, and that I would be removable by the Governor," said Judge Hylan.

"If that editorial was written as a threat intended to block any progressive program the new administration may have in view for the aid of the people of this city I want it known that such threats have no terrors for me. I intend to serve the interests of the people to the best of my ability, and as far as it lies within my official powers to do so."

Among those who called on Mayor-elect Hylan at his headquarters yesterday were former Congressman Jefferson M. Levy and a delegation of real estate men, headed by Robert E. Dowling. The real estate men said that they had pledged their co-operation to Judge Hylan in his attempt to bring about budget reductions, and that they would submit some suggestions in writing at a later date.

Former Controller Bird S. Coler expressed surprise yesterday that he had been mentioned as a likely candidate for Police Commissioner, and one to whose advice Judge Hylan gave attentive ear.

"I have not spoken to Judge Hylan since election night, when I congratulated him upon his great victory," said the former Controller. "I know nothing about this talk of my being a candidate for Police Commissioner. I have been ill and out of touch with politics, and have not asked Judge Hylan to name me for any place."

FUSION COMMITTEE EXPENDED $573,995

E. S. Harkness, the Largest Contributor, Gave $10,000—Suffrage Party Spent $142,968.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 24.—The Fusion Committee of 1917 expended $573,995 in its unsuccessful attempt to obtain the re-election of Mayor Mitchel, according to the campaign expense statement of the committee filed with the Secretary of State today. The statement said that the receipts were $589,912. The opinion had been freely expressed in New York City that the campaign of the Fusion forces cost more than $1,000,000.

The receipts of the committee included a loan of $49,500 from William Hamlin Childs. Among the largest contributors were Edward S. Harkness, $10,000, and $5,000 each from Vincent Astor, Jacob H. Schiff, T. L. Chadbourne and Daniel Guggenheim. Mayor Mitchel's name did not appear as one of the contributors. Among the smaller contributions was one for $250 by Charles E. Hughes.

The William A. Prendergast Committee reported it had received $35,895, all of which was expended. George W. Perkins gave $7,000; Samuel A. Lewisohn, $10,000; William H. Raab, $3,000, and Samuel Guggenheim, $1,000.

The Woman's Suffrage Party of the City of New York reported receipts of $151,504, and expenditures of $142,968.

The campaign expense statements must be filed within twenty days after election, Monday, for the filing of the statements. Thus there is left one more day, Monday, for the filing of the statements. The statement of the Hylan managers has not yet been filed.

RULE ON LIBERTY BOND TAX.

McAdoo Exempts Income from Holdings Up to $5,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—A ruling was promulgated today by Secretary McAdoo clearing up the question as to the limit of tax emption of income from Liberty Loan bonds. The exemption is held to apply to the face value of Treasury certificates, Liberty bonds, and war savings certificates up to the sum of $5,000. Income from all amounts beyond this limit is subject to graduated income taxes and excess profits taxes.

The exchange of bonds of the first issue, which were entirely exempt from all manner of taxation, for bonds of the second issue carries no right to exemption. The text of the ruling follows:

"Holders, whether individuals, partnerships, associations or corporations, of Liberty bonds, Treasury certificates of indebtedness, and war savings certificates, authorized by the Act of Sept. 24, 1917, are entitled to exemption from all income and war excess profits taxes upon the interest received on a principal amount not to exceed $5,000 face value of such obligations. If, for example, the holder owns $5,000 Treasury certificates of indebtedness, $7,000 4 per cent. Liberty bonds, and $2,000 war savings certificates, he will be entitled to exemption from graduated additional income taxes and war excess profits taxes upon only the interest received upon $5,000 of the aforesaid obligations.

"It is immaterial whether the 4 per cent. Liberty bonds were issued to the holder in exchange for Liberty bonds of the first series or Treasury certificates of indebtedness, or whether issued upon a new subscription. The exemption is upon the income from $5,000 face value of the obligations issued by authority of the aforesaid Act of Sept. 24, 1917."

WAR SCHEDULES IN MAIL SERVICE

Post Office Department Puts Into Effect About Seventy Changes in Deliveries.

EVOLVE SIMPLE METHOD

Military Work Makes Early Posting of Letters Imperative, as Several Trains Have Been Dropped.

Beginning last night at 12 o'clock the Post Office Department put into effect a new wartime schedule for outgoing mails from New York City, which makes about seventy more or less important changes in the time of departure of the mails in the United States and Canada. The net result of the changes has been to shift the time of departure forward from thirty minutes to an hour. Several trains which hitherto carried a large share of the mail have been dropped or consolidated.

As was pointed out by postal officials yesterday the new schedule means a great deal to persons who have important letters to post. These letters must be deposited in the mail box now much earlier or a delay of from twelve to twenty-four hours will result. Bulletin 87, which will be posted today in lobbies of the General Post Office and substations, will describe in full each change, and Postmaster Patten urges that all citizens take careful note of the various changes in time.

These changes, it was said, have been forced on the Post Office by the fact that war conditions were causing a holdup on the railroads, delaying trains from an hour to two or three hours in runs of 200 miles and over. Freight congestion has forced some of the delay, but by far the greater part in the passenger and mail service is due to the greatly accelerated passenger traffic all over the country. Soldiers on leave who are going from place to place in large bodies have forced the railroad companies to practically double the length of their trains in many instances.

This increase in the number of cars carried slows up the running time of the train. The trains run late and important connections are missed. It is to avoid this missing of connections that the Post Office Department has decided on a country-wide rearrangement of mail schedules.

Some of the general changes are as follows: Mails that now go out in the evening at 6 o'clock are moved up to 4:30 for these points: Los Angeles, Quincy and Springfield, Ill.; Indianapolis and Terre Haute, Ind.; Louisville, Kansas City, St. Louis, Omaha, Cincinnati, Columbus, and Dayton, and for Arkansas, Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, and parts of Ohio. The 6 o'clock mail to Pittsburgh has been eliminated.

Mails leaving at 1:30 P. M. have been moved forward three-quarters of an hour, affecting Canada, Manitoba, British Columbia, most of the Northwestern States, and many New York and Middle West cities. This affects Chicago, Detroit, and all points on the New York Central north of Albany. Virtually all the same points are affected by the abandonment of the earlier 5:30 P. M. mail service west, and advancing it an hour and a half to 4 P. M.

Mails for Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and Ottawa, Canada, are advanced half an hour, from 8 o'clock in the evening to 7:30. These are only examples of the changes made which must be inquired into by large users of postal facilities, such as newspapers and magazines, so that they may make their deliveries in bulk at post offices sufficiently early to avoid delays.

Some of the individual mail trains which have been changed or consolidated were announced yesterday as follows: Train 11 on the Pennsylvania Railroad making connections with West and Southwest, which was leaving at 2:45 A. M., will leave one hour earlier, or at 1:45 A. M. Train 105 over the Pennsylvania which left at 2:10, will continue on this schedule, but there will be a change in the manner in which the mail cars are handled on Sunday. Train 105, operated daily except Sunday, when the mail cars were put on Train 107, leaving at 2:30 A. M. Train 105 will now operate daily, including Sunday at 2:10, and Train 107 will be withdrawn.

Train 45 over the New York Central Lines for the West which left New York at 2:50 A. M., now becomes Train 43, leaving at 2:15 A. M. There will be no train known as 45 under the new schedule. Train 198 over the New York Central for the West, which left at 2:10 A. M., will be changed to leave at 2:45 A. M.

A few of the evening trains have been changed as follows: Train 45 over the Pennsylvania, which left New York at 6:56 P. M. for Pittsburgh, will leave at 5:22. Train 139, over the same road, which left New York daily at 9:45 P. M., will now leave at 9:20, except Sundays, when it will leave at 9:45 as formerly. Train 35 over the New York Central for Chicago, which left New York at 9:30 P. M., will now leave at 8:40 P. M.

The change, it was said by postal authorities, would affect in the operation of both the Post Office Department and the railroads.

HARRIS TO SUCCEED CAPPS.

Chief of Bureau of Yards and Docks Will Join the Shipping Board.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Rear Admiral Frederick R. Harris, Chief of the Naval Bureau of Yards and Docks, will succeed Rear Admiral Capps as General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation of the United States Shipping Board and will represent the navy in that organization. Under the recent readjustment of the Fleet Corporation, Charles A. Piez, selected as Vice President, was placed in actual charge of construction. Admiral Harris will cooperate with him.

Admiral Harris was graduated from the Stevens Institute of Technology in 1896 and was made a Lieutenant Commander in the Navy Corps of Civil Engineers in 1903. He served as the principal assistant on construction at the new navy yard and drydocks at Charleston, S. C., and was in charge of construction of the new naval station at Guantanamo, Cuba.

In 1907 he became assistant to the Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks in Washington, D. C., and in 1909 was appointed head of the Department of Public Works of the Brooklyn Navy Yard. He was transferred to Philadelphia in 1915.

TO GUARD SOLDIERS IN CIVIL RIGHTS

Judge Advocate General Crowder Appeals to Lawyers of the Country to Help.

WAR DEPARTMENT LIMITED

And Proper Protection of Vital Personal Affairs Must Come from Other Sources.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—An appeal to the legal profession of the country to regard the defense of a soldier's civil rights as the "highest cause of every lawyer" was issued tonight by Judge Advocate General Crowder.

Pointing out the legal restrictions under which his department operated, he urged that as a matter of simple justice every effort should be made to protect the interests of men who are called to the colors and consequently are unable to give personal attention to their business affairs and the material safeguarding of their families.

Since the war began, General Crowder said, several thousand lawyers have volunteered their services to the Judge Advocate General's department, but for reasons of military organization and because of the statute law it has been possible to accept only about 150. They will be charged with the administering of justice within the military forces, but meanwhile the soldiers' civil liabilities continue.

"The law," said General Crowder's statement, "cannot assail one who had risked his life that it might live. Unless the law intervenes, what will become of the family rent that would have been paid, the note that would have been taken up, the debts that could easily have been met, the suit that could have been defended, if the country had not called the soldier to its defense? To adjust these matters and give the soldier a fair degree of protection was the purpose of the Soldiers' Civil Rights bill, which passed the House unanimously in the closing days of the session of Congress, recently expired, but which reached the Senate too late for official legislative action.

"The Secretary of War has decided that it is the immediate duty of the Judge Advocate General's department to furnish every officer and enlisted man of our army with the legal aid necessary for the arrangement of his personal affairs or for their final disposition in case of death.

"More than this, however, this department cannot do. We cannot follow up a soldier's rights at local law, we cannot either help him assert or maintain them there. In many cases this must be done by the bar itself as a part of its professional obligations. To all such cases lawyers should, and doubtless will, assume that lofty, sympathetic, and patriotic attitude which heretofore they have frequently shown that they are so able and willing to assume upon proper occasion."

1,139 MORE ARMY RECRUITS.

New York Furnished 121 of the Total Obtained on Friday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Recruits for the regular army continue to average about 1,000 a day, the enlistments yesterday numbering 1,139. Pennsylvania and New York hold the record for the best enlistments, both of which States have about doubled their quota. The enlistments in the Central States yesterday follow:

	Obtained Nov. 23.	Since April 1.		Obtained Nov. 23.	Since April 1.
*Colorado...	9	2,269	*N. Jersey.	14	7,509
*Conn. ...	12	3,110	*New York.	121	28,668
*Delaware.	2	591	Penn.	128	30,801
*Dist. of C.	8	745	Virginia. ...	3	1,894
*Maryland..	14	2,772	*West Va..	8	2,540
*Mass.	37	12,580			

*Quota obtained.

George Bernard Co.

Semi-Annual

CLEARANCE SALE

Gowns — Evening Creations of Regal Loveliness. Were $125 to $275. — $65 to $175

Wraps — Velvets, Brocades. Fur-trimmed. $125 to $250. — $85 to $175

Frocks — Afternoon, Street, Dancing. Reg. $95 to $150. — $25 to $85

Coats — Street and Motor, very finest cloths. $110 to $275. — $55 to $150

Suits — Chiffon Velvets, Velours. $125 to $275. — $55 to $175

Hats — French Models and Originals. — $10

Waists and Furs Similarly Reduced

Extra Sales Staff Assures Prompt Service
Immediate Selection Urged

NO APPROVALS NO EXCHANGES

673 FIFTH AVENUE at 52d St

A Step From 5th Av. Fields 17 West 45th A Step From 5th Av.

Clearance Sale

Monday—Tuesday—Wednesday

Street Dresses $25 up

Evening Gowns $45 up — Dancing Frocks $35 up — Smart Coats $45 up

Dinner Gowns $45 up — Elegant Blouses $5 up — Winter Hats $5

The Entire Stock to be Disposed of REGARDLESS OF COST

The offerings in this sale are exceptional in view of the high character of the garments involved.

Arnold. Constable & Co.

5th Avenue at 40th Street

For Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday prior to Thanksgiving

A Great Carpet and Rug Reduction Sale

Including Articles Most Appropriate for Xmas Presentation

IMPORTANT NOTICE: Previous to an advance in a couple of weeks of 10% in the price of all Carpets and Rugs, we offer 10% Discount from our present prices, insuring our Customers

A Clear Saving of 20% on

50,000 yards

Bigelow, Alex. Smith and Imported Carpets

In plain colors, Wilton, Axminster, Velvet and Scotch Axminster, 27 inches to 15 ft. wide. $2.75 to $80.00 yd.
In fancy patterns, Wilton and Axminster. $3.25 to $5.50 yd.
In small, neat patterns, Wilton-Velvet and Brussels. $2.00 to $3.25 yd.

10% Off These Regular Prices

⅓ to ½ Reductions on Bigelow and English

Carpets of Superior Grade

Comprising the Best Domestic and Imported Wiltons, Axminsters and Velvets in an assortment of desirable patterns.

Formerly $3.25, $4.25, $5.00 yard

Reduced to 2.00 2.25 2.50

10% to 25% Concessions in the Best Quality

Bigelow and English Rugs

High class Wilton Rugs in a pleasing assortment of patterns and colorings.

Size	Regularly	Sale Price
7.6 x 4.6	$27.50 to $32.50	20.00 to 25.00
9.0 x 6	37.50 to 52.50	27.50 to 40.00
9.0 x 6.9	45.00 to 69.00	32.50 to 45.00
10.6 x 6.9	55.00 to 65.00	42.50 to 52.00
10.6 x 8.3	47.50 to 75.00	42.50 to 62.50
12.0 x 9.0	80.00 to 100.00	50.00 to 75.00

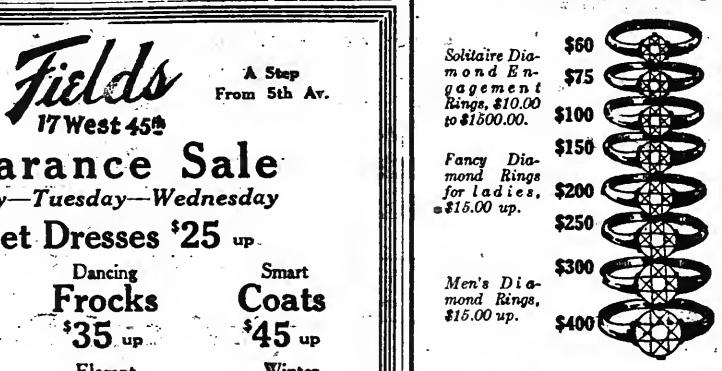
Lambert Gathering That Teaches a Lesson To Buyers of Christmas Jewelry

ON a fair day not long ago, a day that seemed to have been left out of late September, the Lambert Jewelry Store was well filled with customers buying Christmas presents. They would not wait until the store, the cars, the very sidewalks, are simply packed with holiday shoppers. They would not wait until snow, rain, cold and sleet hold up traffic and make everybody uncomfortable and cross.

If you could have seen those people laughing and chatting as they picked out the presents that are to make their friends and relatives happy Christmas morning, choosing and comparing articles in perfect ease without crowding, jostling and waiting for a salesman's attention, you would, we know, have felt like making your own purchases at Lamberts at once.

Those people we speak of were as much at home in the Lambert store as in their own houses. We want you to feel at home here, too. Ask all the questions you please.

Many of our customers, having selected their presents of Diamond, Platinum and Solid Gold Jewelry and Rings, Solid Gold, Gold-filled or Sterling Silver Watches, and Silverware, have asked us to keep these articles locked in our stout steel vaults until they are wanted. That may not be until Christmas Eve, and the articles will not be paid for until called for. Let us offer the same convenience to you. Ask any salesman for all details of this plan to save your time.



Solitaire Diamond Engagement Rings, $10.00 to $1500.00. — $60 $75 $100 $150 $200 $250 $300 $400

Fancy Diamond Rings for ladies, $15.00 up.

Men's Diamond Rings, $15.00 up.

From the largest and most interesting collection of Christmas Jewelry we ever exhibited we make a few—only a few—selections by way of Christmas suggestions:

Being direct importers of Diamonds of pure color and artistic cutting and doing business under conditions that keep all overhead charges low, we are enabled to offer beautiful Diamonds at prices away under those demanded in stores that buy their Diamonds from middlemen and have not, like Lamberts, bought before prices advanced so greatly.

Diamonds, platinum and skilled labor having all advanced since these fancy Diamond Rings were made in the Lambert factory, we could not think of offering such rings at such prices if we made the rings today.

Lady's finely wrought ring of all platinum, containing 27 fine diamonds, $635.00.

Seamless solid gold Wedding Rings $3.50 up. No charge for engraving. — 22-karat, $5.25 up; 18-karat, $4.00 up; 14-karat, $3.50 up

22-karat, $7.00 up; 18-karat, $5.50 up; 14-karat, $4.40 up

Each sale of a Lambert Seamless Solid Gold Wedding Ring has special attention at this store in which Wedding Rings have been sold daily since 1877. Please yourself as to style, shape, thickness. Every Lambert Wedding Ring is finished by hand.

Solid gold signet rings, $2.50 up, with diamond $10.00 up.

No charge for engraving monogram on seal surface.

Solid 14-karat gold signet ring, rose finish, grotesque design, $25.00.

Whether somebody's taste runs to a plain solid gold signet ring or to fanciful carving, whether you would have the ring with or without a directly imported diamond in the shank, we can supply it. Solid Gold Military Rings with insignia of all arms of the service, $9.50 up; sterling silver, $5.00 up.

Solid gold cuff buttons, $2.00 up, with diamond $11.00 up.

Solid 14-karat gold cuff buttons, with dot border, each set with a fine diamond, $55.00 a pr.

Our Solid Gold Cuff Buttons, plain or set with diamond, simple in design or richly engraved, or in striped patterns, are all strongly made and as durable as beautiful. Please look them over.

Solid gold Scarf pins, $1.50 up; with diamond $5.00 up. Platinum and diamonds $20.00 up.

Solid 14-karat gold Scarfpin, pierced green gold containing 1 fine tourmaline, $2.75.

Solid 14-karat gold Scarfpin with 3 diamonds shape genuine sapphire, $28.00.

We illustrate here two among hundreds of Lambert solid gold scarfpins. Designs for the quietest and the boldest tastes.

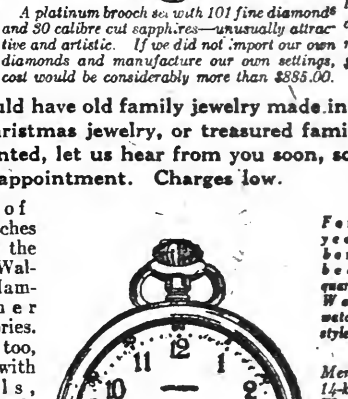
Other suggestions for gifts to men:—Lambert solid gold monogram fobs, $16.00 up; solid gold ribbon fobs, $6.75 up; solid gold Waldemar watch chains, $10.00 up; solid gold key rings, $5.00 up; solid gold cigar cutters, $6.25 up.

Solid gold bar pins that speak for themselves. Designed in the Lambert factory on the same premises with the store. Please examine our platinum bar pins, lace designs, with selected diamonds.

Solid gold bar pins $2.75 up, with diamond, $10.7 up. Platinum and diamonds, $37.50 up.

If we filled this space with pictures and descriptions of Lambert solid gold Christmas brooches we should not exhaust the subject, nor, we believe, the interest of the reader. These brooches have strong safety catches to prevent accidental loss.

All platinum bar pin containing 27 fine diamonds, $225.00.

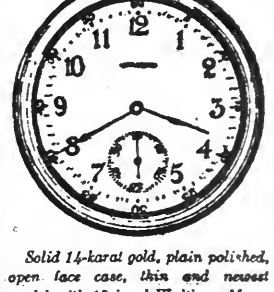


A platinum brooch set with 101 fine diamonds and 30 calibre cut sapphires—unusually attractive and artistic. If we did not import our own diamonds and manufacture our own settings, cost would be considerably more than $855.00.

Solid gold brooches, $2.00 up, with diamond, $7.50 up. Platinum and diamonds, $35.00 up.

If you would have old family jewelry made into new models for Christmas jewelry, or treasured family diamonds remounted, let us hear from you soon, so there can be no disappointment. Charges low.

Our stock of Christmas watches for men covers the best work of Waltham, Elgin, Hamilton and other front-rank factories. It includes, too, wrist watches with luminous dials, almost unbreakable crystals and movements made to work under the stress of war. Ask also for gold-filled and sterling silver watches. Every watch in this store is inspected by experts before we offer it for sale. Our head watchmaker passes upon all work of the staff.



Solid 14-karat gold, plain polished, open face case, thin and newest model with 15-jewel Waltham Movement, $55.00.

For many years Lamberts has been headquarters for Waltham watches in all styles.

Men's Solid 14-karat Gold Watches, $24.00 up; Sterling Silver $11.00 up, Gold filled $12.75 up.

Men's Wrist Watches, $12.50 up.

Military Wrist Watches, $15.00 up.

This beautiful and accurate watch, Christmas gift for a lady, is a delegate, you may say, from the Lambert convention of watches, wherein are hundreds from the best known American and Swiss factories. Let us go into the particulars of this matter with the watches before us, not forgetting bracelet watches of all the best types, nor platinum watches set with diamonds, which, were we to buy them now, with the present rates for material and labor, would be extremely high priced.

Waltham works in a solid 14-karat gold hunting case, $18.00.

Ladies' solid 14-karat Gold Watches $18.00 up, Sterling Silver $11.00 up, Gold filled $11.00 up.

Ladies' bracelet Watches in solid gold, $25.00 up, Sterling silver $12.75 up, gold filled $12.75 up.

You who are fond of children (and what normal man or woman is not?) have a splendid opportunity to make Christmas merry for some of them with gifts from the Lambert store. We submit some suggestions:

Solid gold rings	$1.00 up	Sterling silver cups	$2.50 up
Solid gold handy pins	$1.35 up	Sterling silver spoons	$1.10 up
Solid gold bracelets	$3.75 up	Sterling silver knife, fork and spoon sets	$5.75 up
Solid gold charms	$1.00 up	Sterling silver rattles	$1.25 up
Solid gold neck chains	$2.00 up	Sterling silver birth record spoons	$2.00 up
		Sterling silver napkin rings	$1.15 up
		Sterling silver cereal bowls	$7.50 up
		Sterling silver plates	$3.00 up

LAMBERT BROTHERS

Diamonds—Jewelry—Watches

Third Avenue, Corner 58th Street

Store Open Daily Until 6 Saturday Nights Until 9

SMALL GIFTS AIDED Y. M. C. A. WAR FUND

Reports Show That More Than 2,000,000 Individual Contributions Were Made.

MANY STUDENTS SUBSCRIBE

Widow Gave Proceeds of the Sale of a Bushel of Sweet Potatoes—Heirlooms Disposed Of.

Reports to the National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A. show that more than 2,000,000 individuals made personal contributions to the association's war fund which late returns place at more than $50,000,000, it was announced yesterday. An analysis of the reports shows that, while contributions from large corporations were a striking feature of the campaign which closed last Monday night, millions of dollars came from small contributors in little communities throughout the United States. The estimate given out at the Council's headquarters here is that three out of every four of all of the small towns in the United States contributed. In New England, 85 per cent. of the towns contributed, meaning that practically every community of a population of 500 and over took part in the campaign.

Incidents of the campaign were narrated in a statement given out by the Council and show the human side of the gift of $50,000,000.

There was a flood of subscriptions from students and faculties in colleges, universities and preparatory schools. A boy, working his way through State College, Pennsylvania, by washing dishes, subscribed $100. A Kansas college donated the entire proceeds from the sale of the college annual.

Instances of unusual guts by women were a feature of the campaign. A woman in Brooklyn, who refused to give her name, walked into the central headquarters and gave a $1,000 bill for the war fund. A woman in a little country town near Los Angeles, at a luncheon of the local committee, took off her diamond earrings and sold them for the benefit of the fund.

In Gadsden, Ala., a widow gave her mite in a bushel of sweet potatoes, which was put up at auction. The biggest "yam" brought $10.00 and the bushel $47. The buyers then gave back the potatoes and they were taken to Anniston, Ala., to be auctioned off again.

A woman with an invalid husband, living on a mortgaged farm near Tuscaloosa, Ala., having only 18 cents in money, gave three family heirloom silver spoons more than 100 years old, which the committee displayed in a jeweler's window with a card reading "The greatest gift." The citizens of Tuscaloosa then raised their $7,500 donation to $10,000, and, in addition, raised enough money to pay the mortgage on the farm.

An Oakland, Cal., woman, owning two automobiles, sold one and gave the money to the war fund.

In Lake Forest, Ill., every school child subscribed and every household was represented on the list of givers.

A descendant of John Marshall, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, living near Richmond, Va., gave an old key-winding gold watch which the Chief Justice had carried and for which $300 had been refused.

More than 80,000 boys pledged themselves to give $10 each. One high school senior class sold its new class sweaters and turned the money into the fund. In Newport, R. I., a boy called at headquarters and slipped a roll of bills into the hand of the man in charge. When counted it was found to be $35. "One for every million," he said.

When asked if he had collected it he replied, "No, I worked for it all."

"Isn't that too much for you to give?" the Secretary asked.

"No," he answered. "I have two brothers 'over there.'"

Harry Sachs of New York City received a letter from his son on the firing line in France asking him to help the Y. M. C. A. fund. Mr. Sachs sent in a check for $1,500.

Dr. John R. Mott, General Secretary of the National War Work Council, yesterday gave out the following statement concerning the results of the campaign:

"The response to the appeal of the War Work Council for funds to meet the needs of our enlisted men at the front went far beyond our expectations. We regard it, however, as almost providential, because since the $35,000,000 budget was decided upon events in the war zone have created such increased needs that the $50,000,000 the people have given is none too much.

"Two things are most gratifying to us, and should be to every one who gave. One of these is the receipt of scores of letters from our soldier boys telling how much they appreciate what the Y. M. C. A. is doing for them, and asking that we do not fail to extend the same care and comforts to the hundreds of thousands of other young men on their way to the front. The other is the response that came from the soldiers' appeal, which we transmitted to the American people, who, utterly without respect to color, class, creed, or financial circumstances, gave so generously of their funds."

Dr. Mott added that another gratifying feature of the campaign was the confidence in the management of the Y. M. C. A. manifested by the people, and said that this confidence would not be disappointed, pointing out that George W. Perkins and other business men had charge of the association's financial affairs.

RED CROSS SEEKS WORKERS

Applications Received for 400,000 Additional Knitted Articles.

John Magee, director of the Atlantic (military) division of the American Red Cross, has during the last three days received applications for more than 400,000 knitted articles, and for large quantities of surgical dressings and hospital garments. The knitted goods, such as sweaters, socks, mittens, and mufflers, are to be sent to the soldiers in camps and army posts and to the men on American warships. An urgent appeal is made that the goods be ready and delivered before Christmas at the different destinations.

Adolph Lewisohn has placed at the disposal of the division a workroom at Eighty-sixth Street and Broadway, which is under the superintendence of Mrs. G. Richard Davis, and in six weeks the work has increased so that 100 more women workers are needed to receive instruction in knitting by hand and by machine.

COLUMBIA GIFT IS $48,000.

Leads All Colleges in Students' Friendship War Fund.

Columbia University's total subscription to the Students' Friendship War Fund was brought to more than $48,000 when the campaign closed yesterday. This exceeded the amount raised by any other university in the country. The quota set for the university was $30,000. Only three other universities besides Columbia reached the $25,000 mark—Yale, which finished second, with $46,000; Harvard, third, with $45,000, and the University of Minnesota, fourth, with $27,000.

The figures for the leading colleges are:

Columbia	$48,483
Yale	46,800
Harvard	45,000
University of Minnesota	27,000
University of Pittsburgh	23,000
Iowa State College	22,000
Ohio State College	21,000
University of California	20,000
University of Illinois	20,000
Purdue University	18,800
Wellesley	16,000
Vassar	14,000
Western Reserve University	11,000
Leland Stanford, Junior, University	11,000
Northwestern University	10,000
Bowdoin	4,800
Amherst	4,000
Dartmouth	2,500

The college department at Columbia raised $30,000, exceeding the quota by $800. Teachers College, with a quota of $15,000, reported a net subscription of $27,850. Barnard nearly doubled its quota, with a total of $8,033. The College of Physicians and Surgeons reported $2,300.

HELP FOR JEWS IN JAPAN.

Immigrant Society Sends Agent to Relieve Refugees There.

The Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America announced yesterday that Samuel Mason, as special representative of the organization, has started for Japan to investigate conditions among the Jewish emigrants stranded in that country. Before sailing from a Pacific port, Mr. Mason will visit the Seattle and San Francisco branches of the society. Mr. Mason carries with him letters of credence from the State Department, the United States Labor Department, the Japanese and the Russian Embassies, Jacob H. Schiff, Abram I. Elkus, Louis Marshall, Simon Wolf, and John L. Bernstein, President of the Aid Society.

Mr. Mason's principal mission is to extend prompt relief to the refugees now stranded between Harbin, Manchuria, and Yokohama, Japan.

"Considering the present world conditions and the best interest of our own country these unfortunates will be aided and advised according to their physical, mental, and moral state," said Mr. Bernstein, "such as are admissible under our immigration laws will, if possible, be assisted to return to their native countries, while proper connection will be made for the others with their relatives and friends in the United States.

"For seven years Mr. Mason was general manager of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, and is at present one of its Directors and Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations. It was under his guidance that the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society developed into a national organization, with branches at Baltimore, Boston, Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Seattle.

"The society decided upon sending a special representative to Japan in response to urgent demands for help which had come from Yokohama. There are at least 3,000 stranded Jewish emigrants between that city and Harbin, Manchuria, and most of them are women and children eager to join the heads of their families already settled in the United States. It is estimated that several thousand more are stranded at different points in Siberia. Several weeks ago the society cabled, through Jacob H. Schiff, $3,000 to B. W. Fleisher, publisher of The Japan Advertiser, to meet the immediate needs of those refugees who, according to the report of the Department of State, were in danger of being exploited. A temporary home has been opened for them in Yokohama, and Mr. Mason is empowered to take such further steps as will assure their safety."

AMERICAN DESERTER SENTENCED TO DEATH

Soldier of German Birth, Convicted in Panama, Likely to Get Off with Imprisonment.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—While the death penalty has been imposed on an enlisted man of the American Army, who is of German birth, on his conviction of desertion, it was indicated today at the War Department that the findings of the court-martial would be overruled and sentence commuted to a long term of imprisonment.

The soldier was stationed at Panama, and there appears to be little doubt that after his desertion he endeavored to make his way to Germany, presumably for military service there. He was charged after his apprehension, however, only with desertion, and the question of his intention to join the enemy forces was not developed at his trial.

It has not been the custom in any army, even in time of war, to impose the death penalty for desertion unless the act was in the face of the enemy or unless there was evidence to show that the purpose of the offender was more than merely an attempt to evade military service. The view of the court-martial which tried the soldier in question evidently was that there was intent to join the enemy, but as that was not made clear in the trial proceedings, the commanding officer of the Panama garrison recommended the court be overruled, and that a term of imprisonment be substituted.

While there is reason to believe that officials here concur in the views of the comander at Panama, it is plainly evident at the War Department that there is no inclination to show mercy to men who desert in the face of the enemy or to enemy aliens found in the ranks as spies.

GUEST ON SUNKEN WARSHIP.

Symington Seeks Reimbursement for Loss on the Indefatigable.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Through a claim for damage for loss of personal effects, it developed today that Commander Powers Symington, U. S. N., the American naval attache at London, was a guest aboard the British Battleship Indefatigable at the time of the Jutland battle in May, 1916. Commander Symington's claim covered all his personal belongings aboard the warship, from which he had to scramble to another vessel when she went into action.

The Controller of the Treasury, to whom the claim for damages was submitted, ruled against allowing any indemnity, because of legal "red tape," but it was informally indicated that reimbursement ought to be made. The claim was previously ruled against by the Auditor for the Navy Department.

Another claim, similarly refused, was put in by Colonel H. L. Newbold to recover $2,200 which he advanced on his own salary and those of his clerks while acting as military attache at Constantinople before we severed diplomatic relations with Turkey. Colonel Newbold was obliged to pay a premium of from 250 to 290 per cent. to obtain Turkish gold with which to pay the salaries.

Since this expenditure involves "extraordinary expenses, for which the ordinary appropriations for the army are not available," the Controller of the Treasury has informed Colonel Newbold that he will have to appeal to Congress for relief.

MEN OF THE DRAFT PRAISED BY HUGHES

Tells Thomas Hunter Association There Is Every Reason to be Proud of Them.

SURROUNDINGS ARE GOOD

"They Are Drawn from All Parts and Races," He Says, "to Fight for All."

Charles Evans Hughes, Chairman of the New York City District Board of Appeals, in the course of a speech at the twenty-second annual reunion and dinner of the Thomas Hunter Association, at the Hotel Astor last night, paid a glowing tribute to the men of the draft armies. He did not mention names, but many present regarded what he said as an answer to the attacks recently made on the American forces by Mrs. Grace Humiston. Mr. Hughes, who spoke with authority, declared that conditions in these camps were splendid and said it was due the people of America that they should know that their soldiers are being well cared for, that the conditions surrounding them are good, and that they have every reason in the world to be proud of the men who comprise the personnel of the great draft armies now in the making.

Supreme Court Justice Bartow S. Weeks, President of the Thomas Hunter Association, which is made up of men who attended the famous old Grammar School 35, presided, and the other speakers were ex-Ambassador James W. Gerard, the Rev. Dr. Warner W. Giles of Orange, and Major Wallace McCutcheon of the British Army. All referred to the war and agreed that it must be won by the patriotic efforts of all the people of the United States, who must, as Dr. Giles put it, "stand as one behind President Wilson until the victory comes."

Mr. Hughes, who is a graduate of the old grammar school, was the first speaker. The first part of his speech was reminiscent of the days of 1874 and 1875, when he attended the school, after which he made his plea for unity on the part of the people.

"America," he said, "has today the priceless privilege and opportunity to win the war for democracy. For several months I have been at work doing what I could to aid in the selection of America's remarkable draft army. Until this time we may have talked about a melting pot, but we never really knew what a melting pot was. Today we know, and out of this great melting pot is to come our weapon of greatest strength. We today have grounds for the most serious thought, and there is none of us, I hope, but who feels deeply the peril and uncertainty of this hour.

"But there is nevertheless a great deal for which we should be devoutly thankful. There is today in America an unexampled spirit of co-operation everywhere manifest among our people. The nation is today co-ordinating its strength and resources as never before, and we are producing an army which, in a peculiar degree, comprises all the elements which have made this country great. Do not misunderstand what it means to have men drawn for service who represent every race and every stock. To not for one moment think that men from one part of the city are drawn to protect those of another part. They are drawn from all parts and from all races to fight to the best of their ability for all. It is now all for all.

"We are all fighting together and we are all in it. And America will come out of this war with a new sense of freedom, a new sense of unity, and of devotion to a common cause. I bring good news to you from our camps. The men are well treated and they are properly and sensibly cared for. They are being well trained and everything that is being done in their behalf is a credit to our country. The conditions in those camps are good, and I want to say that my work in connection with the drafting of these men has strengthened my confidence in the permanence of the foundation of our democratic institutions.

"The Allies are waiting on the United States, and the question as to whether this war will be won or not is a question that will be answered by the United States. Our resources and our men are the resources and the men which at this time must be depended upon to win the war. Let us as one man go forth to the battlefields of Europe that autocracy shall be no more and that America shall be safe to continue her course in the interests of human liberty."

Dr. Giles pleaded for a united nation behind the President and said the time has come when France and our other allies must be saved. Russia, he added, is out of the war, but despite all that has happened in that country the United States and their allies should be patient with that unfortunate land.

"I beseech you, whether you be Democrats, or Republicans, or Prohibitionists, or what not," said Dr. Giles, "to stand as one behind the President of these United States. I have a boy of 18 years who is going to fight in this war, and the peril of his comrades and himself on the fields of Europe is peril enough for them. We must remember collapsed Russia. And remembering Russia, let us have nothing to do with socialism."

Mr. Gerard said he indorsed every word said by Mr. Hughes and Dr. Giles as to the seriousness of the present situation, and he agreed with them that the issue rests with the United States.

Testing a New Traffic Signal.

The Police Department last night began testing a new signal in place of the semaphore in order to attempt a reduction of street accidents. The new device is a revolving flash light, flashing red and green as signals to "stop" and "go." The signal is the invention of Foster Milliken, an engineer, and is being tried out at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street.

WOMAN SUES MRS. MELLEN.

Wife of Former New Haven President Charged with Alienation.

The complaint in a $100,000 suit against Mrs. Katherine Lloyd Livingston Mellen, wife of Charles S. Mellen, former President of the New Haven Railroad, for alienating the affections of Henry Douglas Brown, assistant manager of the Hotel Vanderbilt, was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday by Mrs. Margaret B. Brown. The papers were served on Mrs. Mellen at the Vanderbilt, where she has made her home for some time.

Mrs. Brown in her complaint refers to Mrs. Mellen as "a married woman, possessed of large means, living with her husband," who "well knew the plaintiff to be the wife of said Brown." Mrs. Brown alleges that Mrs. Mellen wrote many letters containing expressions of devotion and affection to Brown, gave him presents, and constantly sought and obtained opportunities to be in his society when the plaintiff was not present. The plaintiff says she pleaded with Mrs. Mellen to cease her attentions to Brown, but that her entreaties were regarded with "scorn and contempt."

The Browns were married Jan. 6, 1914. The plaintiff says she lived happily with her husband until Mrs. Mellen won him away from her.

Patriotic Rally of School Teachers.

The American Defense Society, the Teachers' Interests' Organization and several other societies will hold a patriotic rally of school teachers at the De Witt Clinton High School on Tuesday night at eight o'clock. Among the speakers will be Thomas W. Churchill of the Board of Education, Cleveland Moffett and Rabbi Stephen S. Wise.

HOLIDAY CHEER FOR TROOPS IN CAMP

Clubs, Societies, and Private Families Will Entertain Soldiers at Dinner.

Elaborate plans have been made by many individuals and organizations to provide Thanksgiving cheer for soldiers and sailors stationed in or about New York City. Many officers and privates will be dined in the clubs and in the hotels, and numerous families in this city and in the cities of New Jersey have invited at least two soldiers to share their Thanksgiving meal.

The camps will practically be deserted except by the guard, and these soldiers will enjoy an old-fashioned dinner prepared by the army cooks. Hundreds of soldiers at Camp Upton will be the guests of farmers and families of nearby towns.

The National Service Commission of New York City will entertain several thousand soldiers at dinner in the Twelfth Regiment Armory. After the meal there will be what the commission describes as a get-together meeting, which will take on some of the features of an old home week. The dinner will be served by volunteers and workers in Mrs. Donn C. Barber's canteen service under the National League for Women's Service. The dinner, which will be served at 5 o'clock, will be preceded by a band concert and a vaudeville entertainment.

Police Commissioner Woods has obtained from Washington a list of all army and naval officers stationed in and about New York, and he has written to all asking that they notify their men that many of the clubs of the city are open to them all. To the men who are in doubt as to what clubs to go to, Commissioner Woods suggests that they call at Police Headquarters, where all information will be given.

Pledges of clubs and societies to entertain were obtained by the Patriotic Service League, which has been making plans for dinners for the men in uniform for several weeks. It has already received invitations from private families asking 3,500 soldiers and sailors to share the family meal. These invitations have already been sent through the officers to the enlisted men and have been accepted. In most cases the invitations were general in character, but there were some families that asked for men from different States. One family without children that formerly lived in Kentucky has asked that five Kentucky soldiers dine with them. In another case Western men were designated. So far the league has provided for 6,000 sailors and soldiers.

ADD 20,000 EMPLOYES.

Record of Government Departments at Washington Since War Began.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Twenty thousand employes have been added to the Government departments in Washington since the declaration of war, the Civil Service Commission announces. The commission estimates that the population of the capital has increased 40,000.

The War Department has added 5,200 employes to its Washington offices and the Navy Department about 3,500, including 800 women who enlisted as yeomen and who are doing clerical work. In order to provide living accommodations for the added employes, the Government has rented many new buildings, including apartment houses.

Including the new employes in Washington, the Civil Service Commission has certified for appointment since April nearly 125,000 persons in the field and departmental service.

Joseph

Semi-Annual SALE

MONDAY AND TUESDAY ONLY

OUR ENTIRE STOCK AT GREAT REDUCTIONS

Regardless of Cost

Millinery
Gowns ***Suits***
Wraps ***Furs***
Blouses ***Bags***

HAND MADE FRENCH BLOUSES 10.00
BEADED BAGS 10.00
HATS *from* 5.00

THESE SALES ARE HELD TWICE A YEAR AND ARE NOTED FOR THEIR WONDERFUL VALUES.

632 Fifth Avenue
Opposite Cathedral.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE

"Furniture Worth While"

Extraordinarily Reasonable

No. 10—This beautiful 4 piece Adam Bedroom Suite: Dresser, Toilet Table, Full Sized Bed, and Chifforobe, in Brown Mahogany, $137.50 regularly $220.00

No. 11—William and Mary Bedroom Suite—*4 pieces; Mahogany,* $117.50 regularly $185.00
No. 12—Heppelwhite Bedroom Suite—*4 pieces; American Walnut,* $132.00 regularly $205.00
No. 13—Queen Anne Bedroom Suite—*4 pieces; American Walnut,* $132.00 regularly $205.00
No. 43—Colonial Bedroom Suite—*4 pieces; Mahogany,* $100.00 regularly $175.00
No. 22—William and Mary Dining Room Suite—*10 pieces; Mahogany,* $450.00 regularly $550.00
No. 23—Heppelwhite Dining Room Suite—*10 pieces; Mahogany,* $215.00 regularly $300.00
No. 24—William and Mary Dining Room Suite—*10 pieces; Mahogany,* $195.00 regularly $275.00
No. 25—Chippendale Dining Room Suite—*10 pieces; Mahogany,* $215.00 regularly $325.00

No. 31. Solid Mahogany Inlaid Tip Table. Size 22". $4.50

WE are making this remarkable offering at this time to make room for the most attractive and exhaustive collection of Mahogany Furniture Novelties ever displayed by any one Furniture Establishment.

These novelties have been gathered from the foremost furniture manufacturers all over the country and are arriving daily at our establishment.

We cordially invite you to visit our showrooms and participate in this remarkable sale.

No. 27. Solid Mahogany Book Trough. Height, 24"; Width, 9"; Length, 15". $6.00

LOUIS HESSLER INC
Furniture Worth While
34 WEST 37TH STREET
NEW YORK

Hughes IMPORTER

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

Evening Gowns ..... *Velvets, Brocades, Satins & Chiffons.*	$50 to $95	*Were $95 to $175*
Dresses *Street and Afternoon*	$30 to $65	*Were $59 to $125*
Dancing Frocks	$25 to $50	*Were $65 to $125*
Street and Motor Coats .. *of Smartest Cloths.*	$39 to $65	*Were $65 to $135*
Tailleur Suits	$35 to $75	*Were $65 to $145*

NO APPROVALS NO EXCHANGES

27 WEST 46th St., Just off Fifth Ave.

Bruck-Weiss
Millinery
4 West 57th Street
(a step from Fifth Avenue)
ANNOUNCE THEIR
ANNUAL SALE

MONDAY,	TUESDAY,	WEDNESDAY,
Nov. 26	Nov. 27	Nov. 28

HATS

DISTINCTIVE AND ORIGINAL HATS FOR WALKING—HATS FOR DRESS HATS . OR SOCIAL REQUIREMENTS

10.00 and 12.00

Models one never sees at other shops—a collection the largest of any to be found in this city.

WEINGARTEN & PEARL
516 FIFTH AVE., at 43d St.
announce their
ANNUAL SALE
Commencing MONDAY, November 26

Tailored Frocks	from	45.00
Tailored Suits	fur trimmed	65.00
Model Coats	from	55.00
Model Dresses	from	50.00

FURS
Fur Coats, Capelets and Muffs
Newest models in all Fashionable Furs
At Greatly Reduced Prices

L. P. Hollander & Co.
Announce for Monday, November 26th
A Special Sale
In Their MILLINERY DEPARTMENT
of about 50 HATS for women
at $10.00
Also in their
BLOUSE DEPARTMENT on the Ground Floor
200 WAISTS
$5.00 to $12.00
formerly $8.00 to $22.00
Fifth Avenue at 46th St.

Blaine

REDUCTION SALE
OF ALL IMPORTED AND ORIGINAL MODELS

Afternoon and Evening Gowns	from	$35
Fur Trimmed Suits, Coats and Tailored Frocks	from	$50

142 West 57th Street.

URGES CO-OPERATION TO CUT LIVING COST

Speakers, at Conference, Tell of Benefits in Selling Food Direct to Consumers.

FISH CAMPAIGN PLANNED

Dealers Will Acquaint Housewives with Prevailing Prices Through Food Administrator.

A conference of the Consumers' Co-operative Societies of the Eastern States began yesterday morning in the Public Library at 228 East Twenty-third Street. The purpose of the conference is to take steps looking toward the national unification of consumers' societies of the country. The societies of the Central States met in September and formed a federation. The morning session was devoted to organizing and appointing committees.

These societies buy at the cheapest price the necessities of life and distribute them to the members without profit. In some localities this saving comes as a discount from dealers who make agreement with the local society or through stores organized by groups of consumers and managed by them for the good of members of the organization. Forty stores are represened at the conference.

In his opening address Dr. James Peter Warbasse, President of the Co-operative League of America, said that the world is witnessing a debate of the question whether the people shall continue to maintain a privileged class who may live by the toil and industry of others. Co-operation must take the place of profit-making and antagonism, he said.

"In our own country," he said, "the motive of profit-making business is supreme. Co-operation has scarcely yet begun. The people are ready for it. Never was it so much needed. We have taken the first steps only. There are in the United States about 1,000 co-operative consumers' societies. These scattered units are the seed out of which the movement must grow. But as yet the second necessary step for a co-operative movement has not been taken. These societies are for the most part struggling alone. In their isolation they are making their mistakes, enjoying their successes, and carrying on the unequal contest with the forces of business. Most of them are destined to fail because of their isolation. The time has come for the second step in this country. It was never more pressing. The American co-operative movement will enter upon a career of success that will astonish the world when these isolated societies are once federated into a single organization."

Labor Indorses Plan.

James W. Sullivan, said to represent Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, declared that the Federation had indorsed the plan of the league in selling foodstuffs direct to the consumer. He declared that labor is sure that the plan of co-operative buying will reduce the high cost of living.

Scott H. Perky, Secretary of the league, said that one trouble was that the co-operative societies had kept apart from each other. He said harmonious action was needed.

Much interest was displayed yesterday by consumers and dealers over the action of the Joint Food Commission in fixing the prices for cold-storage turkeys for Thanksgiving. There is an apparent scarcity of fresh-killed turkeys on the market, and, according to F. Q. Foy, price expert, 90 per cent. of the turkeys sold in this market last week were cold storage.

Mr. Foy said that good turkeys should weigh about eight pounds, be plump-breasted, full of thighs, with the back well covered with flesh, and the fat evenly distributed.

Henry Moskowitz, City Commissioner of Markets, is having cards printed giving the price of turkeys agreed upon, and these will be distributed to the retail trade for display in shops.

John J. Dillon, Chief of the Bureau of Food and Markets, said that the prices for turkeys fixed by the commission were higher than those that had prevailed in the wholesale market. He said that Texas plains at wholesale had been 20 to 23 cents; while the Food Administration had fixed the prices at 23 to 25 cents a pound. Mr. Dillon said also that the United States Government had bought 300,000 pounds of turkeys, and 200,000 pounds of beef for the army and navy through contractors, instead of getting them direct from the wholesalers. Had the Government bought direct, he said, much money could have been saved.

George T. Moon, Chairman of the Wholesale Fish Commission, said that the fish dealers were planning an advertising campaign to acquaint housewives with the various phases of the fish market. He said he will supply Arthur Williams, Federal Food Administrator, with the daily prevailing prices of fish and information for housewives about the best ways to prepare fish. One fish dealer told Mr. Williams that no one should eat two eggs in the morning. An egg and a fishcake would prove more nourishing, he said.

Hope to Benefit Consumer.

Many of the large retail and wholesale dealers in the grocery business are contemplating a system of selling that will, it is said, materially cut down overhead charges and be of material benefit to the consumers. This plan has been introduced here by S. W. Roth, editor and publisher of the Retailers Journal and the Wholesale Grocer of Chicago. Mr. Roth yesterday said the system is one of economy with the purchaser getting the major benefit. It reverses the usual order of business with the retailer, which is 75 per cent. credit and 25 per cent. cash. In some stores where the system is already working, Mr. Roth says that the entire credit business has been wiped out, and that by the customers themselves, who get the benefit of the saving. A charge of 1 cent for each dollar is made by the grocer for carrying the cash accounts for a month. This pays part of the cost of bookkeeping and clerk hire and it falls entirely upon the customer who wishes to have goods charged. Under the present system the charges for carrying accounts are proportioned out so that the cash as well as the credit customer each bears a share of this carrying charge.

Deliveries are cut down by an added cost of 5 cents a package, no matter how large or how small in size. This also encourages the cash and carry plan of selling, Mr. Roth said. In the final analysis, the deviser of the plan said, the customer saves from 12 to 20 cents on the dollar; the retailer makes the same profit, and increases his business with less overhead charges. The reason for this increase in business, he said, is obvious, for the storekeepers putting the plan in operation can lower prices, for he is under less expense than the stores about him. The wholesaler reaps the benefit through the increase in sales.

THREATENS TO SEIZE MICHIGAN COAL MINES

Garfield Warns Operators of Federal Power—Orders Relief for New England.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Complaints reached Dr. H. A. Garfield, Fuel Administrator, today that some of the Michigan operators had refused to supply coal as directed. He sent this telegram to W. K. Prudden, the Michigan State Fuel Administrator:

"If Michigan operators refuse to ship in accordance with prices fixed by you under my authority I will take possession of the mines. Serve notice to that effect if necessary, prefacing same by statement that action is by order of the United States Fuel Administration."

Dr. Garfield served a similar notice yesterday on operators of Oklahoma, who announced that they would not meet the orders of the Fuel Administration.

To relieve the coal shortage in New England Dr Garfield today directed all coal mines which are under contract to supply New England customers with coal by water carriers to deliver their maximum monthly requirements. The order will become effective Dec. 1.

The order also gives preference to New England shipments of coal by rail over all shipments, except coal requisitioned for railroad use and for the Government. Producers holding New England contracts subject to the order are directed to file with the Fuel Administration within ten days complete data as to their contracts.

Explaining the necessity for the action Dr. Garfield said:

"The quantity of bituminous coal moving by trans-shipment at Atlantic tidewater ports to New England ports is inadequate for the needs of the portion of the New England States supplied through such New England ports. Unless the quantity of coal so moving to New England is increased immediately there will be great difficulty in deliveries to New England after the beginning of Winter of sufficient bituminous coal needed for the operation of the industries producing army and navy supplies, for public utilities and for domestic use."

Authority is given in the order to James J. Storrow of Boston, New England Fuel Administrator, to supervise the distribution of water-carried coal after it reaches New England ports. The order provides:

"In any case in which the New England Fuel Administrator is of the opinion that by reason of this order an unduly large quantity of bituminous coal is being received by any person or corporation as compared with the need of others, the Administrator may order that the party receiving the excess shall sell such quantity thereof to others designated by the Administrator."

HOOVER REPORTS GAIN IN FLOUR PRODUCTION

Also Announces That Prices Are Adjusting Themselves to Fixed Scale for Wheat.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Marked increase in flour production and normal deliveries of wheat by farmers were noted today by Food Administrator Hoover, in his October report to Congress. He reported that wholesale and retail flour prices were rapidly adjusting themselves to the fixed wheat price.

"Country deliveries of wheat," the report said, "show a large increase over those of last month, and an analysis based on previous years' percentages indicates that the normal percentage of this year's crop has left the farm. A large part of the movement of wheat is being directed from the point of origin to the mills, eliminating the transportation burden caused by shipment to the terminals and reshipment from there to the mills.

"With very few exceptions mills are being supplied to the extent of their need, and an even distribution of wheat among them is being maintained. Mills are also running at a higher percentage of operation than is usual at this time of year, and the production of flour as compared with that of a year ago shows a marked increase.

"The price of flour is generally at the mills fairly reflecting the wheat price, and the wholesale and retail flour prices are rapidly adjusting themselves to the stabilized wheat price.

"The policy of encouraging seed reserves and of forming mill reserves where exhaustion of supplies seemed imminent without them has been extended.

"A voluntary agreement has been made in certain sections of the country, notably on the Pacific Coast, by which the grain corporation assumed charges on wheat carried in country elevators and warehouses in return for an agreement to permit the grain corporation to direct the disposition of such wheat. The purpose of this agreement is to preserve wheat for mill reserves, and also to prevent the country dealer from lowering his price to the producers because of charges which may accrue on wheat awaiting car service."

Receipts of $40,438,000 from grain sales and expenditures of $43,446,000 for grain purchases during October were reported.

Bread prices advanced 55 per cent. during the sixteen months ended Oct. 1, while the price of flour advanced 249 per cent. in the same period, but on Oct. 1 had declined to 128 per cent. above the July, 1916, price, according to a chart presented by the baking industry today to the Food Administration. The analysis shows the average cost of other bread ingredients advanced 194 per cent. during that time, but on Oct. 1 had declined until they were but 119 per cent. higher. Shortening increased 102 per cent., fuel 65 per cent. and sugar 32 per cent.

PACKING INDUSTRY UNDER RESTRICTION

Meat Prices to be Lowered and Profits Curbed, Division Food Chief Announces.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—Regulation of the packing industry, effective as of Nov. 1, so that the price of meat to the retailer and consumer may be both stable and cheaper, was announced today by Joseph P. Cotton, Chief of the Meat Division of the United States Food Administration.

In accordance with the announced policy of the Food Administration to abolish speculation and unfair profits, Mr. Cotton in his statement to the packers declared that profits in the meat business must in no case exceed 2.5 per cent. of the sales. Moreover, the annual earnings of the five big packers cannot exceed 9 per cent. on the average capital necessarily used in the business.

Detailed rules and regulations are to be issued to define the general principles outlined and to prevent diversions or concealments of profits, and packers accounts are to be subject to inspection at all times, Mr. Cotton said. He also declared his intention to protect the small packers.

"The five large packers," said Mr. Cotton, "stand in a different class. They have vital and important services to perform to the National Government in this war. Upon them rests the burden of preparing the bulk of the meat food products which our army and the armies of our allies require.

"It has been determined that the meat business of the large packer shall be subjected to the same restriction as that of the small packer. That is, a 2.5 per cent. profit on total sales, with the additional requirement that the total annual earnings from his meat business shall be limited to 9 per cent. on his average capital necessarily used by him in that business, including borrowed capital. This profit is to be net after expenses are paid for Federal taxes. Interest on bonds and borrowed money and dividends may not be treated as expenses, but must be paid by the packer out of his profits.

"The meat business on the investment which the 9 per cent. profit is computed includes slaughtering and packing of meats and all foods which are mainly of animal origin. It includes the operation of cars and marketing branches and the business in byproducts of live stock. It does not include products not primarily of animal origin or highly elaborated products containing more or less animal material, such as soap, tanner leather, glue or fertilizer."

Mr. Cotton declared that on the specialty business the large packer should not be allowed to make a total profit excessive of 15 per cent. on their investment.

The five large packers referred to are Armour & Co., Cudahy & Co., Morris & Co., Swift & Co., and Wilson & Co.

GRAPES SPOILING IN SPAIN.

War and Lack of Tonnage Prevent Their Shipment.

On account of the war and the lack of tonnage thousands of bunches of of Malaga grapes are spoiling on the piers at Almeria, Spain, as the United States is almost the only country to which the fruit can now be exported. Under normal condition the grapes, packed in small barrels with sawdust, were brought to New York, Boston, and Philadelphia in fast passenger liners which made the trip in eight to ten days. Now they have to be sent on slow freighters. As a result a quantity of the fruit is in poor condition on arrival and is condemned by the Board of Health of the port. A British freighter arrived recently at an Atlantic port with 33,000 barrels of Malaga grapes in her hold, but the fruit was in such condition that much of it had to be destroyed.

PRAISES JEWISH WAR WORK.

Secretary Baker Writes to Commend Welfare Board.

Secretary of War Newton D. Baker has addressed to Colonel Harry Cutler, Chairman of the Jewish Board of Welfare Work in the United States Army and Navy, for which the campaign for $1,000,000 is being conducted under the leadership of Jacob H. Schiff, this letter of indorsement:

"Colonel Harry Cutler, Chairman Jewish Board for Welfare Work, Eddy Street, Providence, R. I.

"Dear Sir: Mr. Fosdick has told me of the effective activity of the Jewish Board for Welfare Work in co-ordinating the various Jewish agencies which have sought recognition for work inside our military camps.

"In order to prevent duplication of effort, it was necessary to deal with a single agency, broad enough in its scope and organization to comprehend other groups seeking to do the same kind of work.

"For that reason we were very glad when such men as Jacob Schiff, Felix Warburg, and yourself came forward with this plan for a Jewish Board for Welfare Work, and I am only too glad to congratulate you on what has been accomplished, and to wish you every success in your co-ordinating activities.

"Cordially yours,

"NEWTON D. BAKER,

"Secretary of War."

SUFFRAGISTS HONOR LEADER

Women Voters Present Wrist Watch to Miss Belle Howard.

At the Café Boulevard last night the Suffragists of the Ninth Assembly District held a dinner to honor the district leader, Miss Belle Cecil Howard, and also to commemorate the victory gained by suffrage at the polls. The speakers were Miss Katherine D. Blake, President of the teachers' section of the party, and Mrs. Harriett A. Tupper, who presided.

The dinner was at first designed to be public, and newspaper men were invited. But after it had started a consultation among the women present determined that it would be better to hold the affair as an executive session and reporters were barred. A gold wrist watch was presented to Miss Howard.

"THE SHOP WITH DISTINCTIVE CREATIONS"

Burby

714 Fifth Av.

Between 55th & 56th Sts.

Monday and Tuesday

will again be days of

Clearance

There will be values of sharp economic advantages in every department.
The significance of this event will be readily appreciated by women familiar with the distinguished elegance of "Burby" apparel.

Smart Street **COATS** — Fur Trimmed and Untrimmed — Formerly up to $85 — Now 45.00

Afternoon **FROCKS** — Satin Georgette, Charmeuse, Georgette & Satin Combination — Formerly up to $85 — Now 38.00

Evening **WRAPS** — Chiffon Velvet, Richly Fur Trimmed — Formerly up to $250 — Now 125.00

Evening **GOWNS** — Chiffon Velvet Brocades and Satins, Beautifully Trimmed and Draped — Formerly up to $85 — Now 48.00

HATS To Close Out 10.00 15.00

In order to make room for the first Display of Palm Beach Hats December 1st.

HAMILTON'S

Announcing a

COAT SALE

and a

DRESS SALE

that will make another record for unusual offerings at HAMILTON'S.

The COATS—
About 1888 coats in more than 50 styles, all size fur trimmed and plain, from $11.75 to $50.
This fine Velour coat with fur collar, specially priced at
$14.75

The DRESSES—
An extraordinary collection of Serges, Satins, Taffetas, and Crepe de Chine, all reduced to the unusually low price of
$10

Get yours for Thanksgiving Day.

HAMILTON GARMENT CO.
307 FIFTH AVE. near 32nd St. N.Y.

BERGDORF GOODMAN
616 FIFTH AVENUE
between 49th and 50th Sts.
NEW YORK

IMPORTERS CREATORS

SALE

Prices Regardless of Cost

MODEL
SUITS COATS
CLOTH & VELVET FROCKS
EVENING GOWNS
SUMPTUOUS WRAPS
FUR COATS & JACKETS
CHARMING FUR SETS

A $20,000 CHINCHILLA COAT—$10,000

EXTRAORDINARY SALE

for this week only!

An unusual collection of attractive and distinctive Fall and Winter models in black and many combinations from our regular stock, such as:

9.85 Co-co calf vamp, champagne buck top, 9½ inches high. 1¼ inch leather walking heels. Formerly $12.50.

7.85 Field Mouse kid vamp, Suede top to match, 10 inches high. 2¼ inch Louis XV. Heel. Formerly $12

And many other combinations at these extraordinary reductions.

Mail Orders Filled.

No C. O. D. or Exchanges — **Weller's Bootery** — Open Until 10 o'Clock

SMART FOOTWEAR

1576 Broadway, Opposite Strand Theatre. 708 Seventh Ave., Opposite Columbia Theatre

Hundreds of women will be happier this Thanksgiving for having taken advantage of the exceptional offers shown below.

Correct Clothes — **Lane Bryant** — Style—Perfect

21-23 West 38th St.

To Close Out Monday and Tuesday

Coats Suits Dresses

To Fit Women of All Sizes

36 to 56 Bust

To stout women and all others with so-called hard-to-fit figures, we specially direct this message:

Lane Bryant can fit you perfectly—practically without alterations.

Profit By These Reductions

Wool Velour, 37.50

Dresses, *(were 44.75),* now **29.75**
Satin, Crepe de Chine, Crepe Meteor, Taffeta, Velveteen and Serges.

Suits, *(were 39.75),* now **24.75**
Vigereaux, Broadcloth, Burella. Some fur trimmed.

Manufacturing on the premises makes Lane Bryant regular prices always lower than elsewhere.

Coats, *(were 54.75)* now **37.50**
Pom-Pom and Beucle Cloth, Velour, Oxford and Broadcloth.

Crepe Meteor, 29.75

BACARDI Makes the Perfect

COCKTAIL, RICKEY or HIGHBALL.

Try It and Be Convinced.

PARK & TILFORD

ESTABLISHED 1840

For the Holiday Table.

Wines and Liquors of quality unquestioned for the discriminating family. An exceptional opportunity.

CHAMPAGNES—IMPORTED AND AMERICAN

	Case of 12 Bottles	Per Bottle	Case of 24 ½-Bots.	Per ½-Bot.
Pol Roger, Brut 1909	46.50	3.90	48.50	2.05
Bal Roger, Brut 1911	43.50	3.65	45.50	1.90
Krug, Brut, Private Cuvee	43.00	3.65		
Lanson Pere & Fils, Extra Dry	42.00	3.55	44.00	1.85
Great Western Special Reserve	20.25	1.70	22.25	1.95

CLARETS AND SAUTERNES—IMPORTED

Barton & Guestier, Bordeaux, France

	Case 12 Bot.	Per Bot.	Case 24 ½-Bots.	Per ½-Bot.
Medoc	9.75	.85	10.75	.50
St. Julien 1909	11.50	1.00	12.50	.55
St. Julien Superior	12.00	1.05	13.00	.60
Pontet Canet 1909	14.50	1.25	15.50	.70
Chat Rauzan 1117	21.25	1.80	22.25	1.00
Sauterne 1912	11.75	1.00	12.75	.60
Vin de Graves 1912	12.00	1.05	13.00	.60
Barsac	12.00	1.05	13.00	.60
Haut Sauterne 1912	18.75	1.80	19.75	.90
Chat Latour Blanche 1909	20.75	1.80	21.75	.95

SHERRIES—IMPORTED AND CALIFORNIA

	Per Gal.	Per ½-Gal.	Per Case 12 Bots.	Per Bot.
Topaz	3.85		10.10	.93
Romano	4.35		12.00	1.13
Vino De Pasto, Dry	5.35		14.75	1.33
Oloroso	5.60		15.35	1.35
Amontillado	7.10		16.75	1.53
P & T California	1.75	.90	5.00	.50
Superior Old	2.75	1.40		

BRANDIES COGNAC AND CALIFORNIA

	Per Case 12 Bots.	Per Bottle
Hennessy One Star	29.50	2.50
Hennessy Three Star	32.50	2.75
Martell Three Star	32.50	2.75
Otard Three Star	31.00	2.65
P & T Hennessy 1877 Brand	30.00	2.55
P & T Hennessy 1800 Brand	95.00	8.00
P & T Straight Pure California Brandy, Seven Years Old	20.00	1.75

GINS DRY, TOM AND HOLLAND

	Per Case 12 Bots.	Per Bottle
P & T Dry or Old Tom	19.50	1.65
Burnett Dry or Old Tom	19.75	1.70
Tanqueray Dry	22.00	1.85
Nicholson Dry or Old Tom	27.00	2.30
Booth's High & Dry	29.50	2.50
De Kuyper, Large	40.50	3.45
De Kuyper, Small	23.50	2.00

WHISKIES SCOTCH AND IRISH

P & T MacDougal Silver Label	21.50	1.80
Whyte & Mackay Special Scotch	23.00	2.00
Watson No. 10 Scotch	25.00	2.15
Stewart Finest Scotch	25.50	2.15
Usher's Gold Cap Scotch	26.00	2.25
Whyte & Mackay Liqueur Scotch	26.00	2.25
Dewar's Special Scotch	26.50	2.25
MacKinlay Scotch	26.50	2.25
Black & White Scotch	27.00	2.30
Dewar's White Label Scotch	27.50	2.35
King George Scotch	27.50	2.35
Usher's Green Stripe Scotch	28.00	2.40
White Horse Cellar Scotch	29.00	2.50
Johnnie Walker Red Label Scotch	31.00	2.65
O'Shannon Irish	21.50	1.80
John Jameson's Three Star Irish	25.50	2.20

WHISKIES RYE AND BOURBON

	Per Gal.	Per Case 12 Bots.	Per Bottle
Mountain Ridge Rye	6.25	16.75	1.45
Alpine Creek Rye	6.50	17.25	1.50
Forest Bloom Rye	7.00	18.50	1.60
Old Grand Dad Bourbon, Bottled in Bond		17.50	1.50
Hunter Rye		20.50	1.80
Old Cumberland Rye	8.25	21.50	1.90
P & T Special Rye		23.50	2.00
P & T Special Bourbon		23.50	2.00
P & T Private Stock Rye		26.00	2.25
P & T Private Stock Bour.		26.00	2.25
P & T Monogram Rye	9.25	24.00	2.05

GUINNESS'S STOUT

Park & Tilford Bottling (The Bottling of Quality)

Imported in the wood. Carefully bottled and matured so as to make this the best stout on the market.

Splits, 1.60 doz. Bottles, 2.20 doz.

CIDER

Mott's Russet Cider 3.00 .30

VERMOUTH AND LIQUEURS

Noilly Prat French Vermouth	17.00	1.50
Cazalia & Prat French Vermouth	13.00	1.10
Martini & Rossi Italian Vermouth	11.50	1.00
Martini & Rossi Secco (Dry) Vermouth	10.50	.90
Benedictine (case of 24 Pints)	47.50	2.05
Humphrey Taylor Creme de Menthe, White or Green	20.50	1.75
Humphrey Taylor Kummel	22.50	1.90

Teas

We present a few selected varieties of the very finest of teas. Each represents the maximum of quality in its particular class.

ENGLISH BREAKFAST
The finest tea on the market. Selected from the choicest of first-crop teas. Thick and rich in the cup, with a softness and mellowness not found in any other teas. In original one-pound caddies.
1.75 lb.

FORMOSA OOLONG
The very best and choicest selection of the finest teas grown in Formosa. Very delicate and fragrant. In original one-pound caddies.
1.50 lb.

CEYLON TEA
A black tea of unsurpassed flavor, in an extra choice quality, commonly known as the finest Orange Pekoe. Aromatic and of excellent bouquet. In one-pound air-tight packages which retain the full strength of the tea. Red label. Our usual price .90 lb.
Special **.82** lb.
5 lbs. 4.05 25 lbs. 20.00

FORMOSA OOLONG
This is an extra choice quality of uncommonly fine Formosa Tea of superior aroma and delicacy. Packed in 1 lb. air-tight cartons, so as to retain the fine flavor and freshness of the tea indefinitely. Red label. Our usual price 1.10
Special **1.00** lb.
5 lbs. 4.95 25 lbs. 24.50

Coffee—P. & T. Best

An ideal after-dinner coffee. Blended with exceeding care by our own highly skilled experts. Roasted in our own plant under careful supervision, and packed in air-tight cans immediately after coming from the ovens. Of exceptional strength and very pleasing aroma. In 1 lb. tins. Regularly .45 lb.
Special **41** lb.
5 lbs. 2.00 25 lbs. 9.75

FIGS AND DATES

	each	doz.
Calimyrna, washed 12½ oz. jars	.35	4.10
20 oz. jars	.58	6.75
12 oz. cartons	.30	3.40
1 lb. boxes	.37	4.35
Figs and Dates, Stuffed 12½ oz. jars	.45	5.25
20 oz. jars	.68	7.75

BRANDY PEACHES

	each	doz.
Gordon & Dilworth quart jars	1.45	16.50
Miss Martin's quart jars	1.75	20.50

GINGER

		each	doz.
Canton Cargo	½ pots	.33	3.75
	½ pots	.70	7.75
	pots	1.25	14.50
Canton Stem	½ pots	.50	5.50
	½ pots	.95	10.75
	pots	1.70	20.00

CHERRIES

	each	doz.
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HERO LAND OPENING A BLAZE OF BEAUTY

Doors Unbarred Ahead of Time Because of Great Crowds Waiting in the Cold.

A MAGNIFICENT SPECTACLE

Arts of the Theatre, the Opera, and the Brush Unite to Please and Mystify.

Hero Land, the great bazaar in aid of the war charities, opened last night. Before the hour set for unbarring the doors the police ordered them thrown wide because of the thousands waiting in the cold. By 8 o'clock the four floors of Hero Land were crowded.

Hero Land is backed by sixty-seven of the leading war relief organizations, and is under the direct auspices of the League of the Allies. Among those engaged in the project are many of the social leaders of New York and Washington. The wife of the President and Arthur James Balfour are the Honorary Patrons. More than $150,000 was expended in preparing the spectacle described on the program as "The Greatest Spectacle the World has Even Seen for the Greatest Need the World has Ever Known."

Next to the magnificence of the scenery of the staging, the most impressive feature of the bazaar was the gathering of beautiful women, most of them in costume. Mixed in the crowds were the uniforms of all the allies, even of Russia. The spirit of the war dominated it all. In the basement ran a reproduction of a section of trench in front of the Hindenburg line, and on the top floor were grouped guns and trophies taken from the Germans and the wreck of a Zeppelin and of an airplane that tried in vain to bombard London. Between those two extremes were the Great Ball Room, taking up most of the first floor, with its boxes, stage and booths. Most of the second floor is occupied by "Bagdad," in charge of Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney; the third floor accommodates booths and hundreds of exhibits, while on the fourth are the official French, Canadian and English exhibits.

Opens With American Night.

It was "American Night" for the opening. The program was carried off in brilliant style, and many dinners were given in the various restaurants conducted by well-known hotel managements. There was a large delegation of officials and society folk over from Washington. Caruso sang, and many theatrical stars gave their talent to make the opening the success it was. An international chorus of 1,000 voices, under the direction of Harriet Ware, sang on the stage on the first floor. "The Battle Hymn of the Republic" was sung by Mary Lawton; "The Hymn of Free Russia," by Miss Mary Jordan; the "Italian National Hymn," by Miss Florence Perini; "Rule Britannia," by Miss Eleanor Cessoris; "Marseillaise," by Mme. Christine Eymael, and "The Star-Spangled Banner," by Miss Jordan. There was exhibition skating, feature motion pictures, performances by scores of theatrical folk, including a delegation from "Chu Chin Chow," headed by Tyrone Power. There was something to see and to hear everywhere from the time the doors opened until they closed, early this morning.

It would take volumes to do justice to the beauty of the exhibits. The most striking of all was Mrs. Whitney's "Bagdad," occupying almost an entire floor. There was a striking resemblance to the scenes of Bagdad. At the entrance there were black slaves and screeching peacocks, real ones, grouped about the oil jars that once held the fate of the Forty Thieves. There was, of course, a "Persian Garden," with many young women under veils; there was a booth for every country that was located anywhere in the same part of the world as ancient Bagdad, and mysterious caverns and caves with beautiful invitations without and promises of more beauty within.

The trench, which ran the length of the building, was crowded from the start. Its twists and turns were exact reproductions made under the direction of British Army officers, with sandbags and bricks and mortar and cement. The British tank, sheltered in an addition built to the Grand Central Palace, was to have fired real machine guns in an actual charge over the top of the trenches, but its operation was delayed for want of a permit from the Fire Department.

For the Fatherless Children.

While lacking the grandeur of some of the exhibits, one of the most interesting was a booth for "The Fatherless Children of France," where there were for sale dolls donated by the wife of the President, Marshal Joffre, Mme. Jusserand, wife of the French Ambassador, and by Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt. Miss Lusita Leland was in charge of this booth. She said last night that she hoped to have Mrs. Wilson at the booth on at least one of the sixteen days the bazaar will be open. Among the exhibits is the first sack that carried flour to the destitute Belgians.

The Appui Belge booth has a large consignment of goods sent from Paris by the directresses of the fund there. Mrs. J. West Roosevelt and Miss Charlotte K. Harding were in charge of this booth.

Governor and Mrs. Charles S. Whitman were the guests of Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt at dinner, and afterward went to the booth of the Committee for Men Blinded in Battle, of which Mrs. Hewitt is Chairman. Assisting her and grouped about the fifteen-foot lighthouse marking the booth were Mrs. Amos Tuck French, Miss D. H. Richardson, Virginia and Harriet McKee, Miss Mary Lawrence Post, Miss Vera McNair, and Mrs. George S. Trevor. One feature of this booth is a collection of captured German helmets.

The Militia of Mercy, of which Mrs. John Hays Hammond is Chairman, distributed a book, "The Defenders of Democracy," having portraits of President Wilson, Colonel Roosevelt, Cardinal Mercier, General Pershing, and General Cadorna, with a tribute by Lord Northcliffe to President Wilson.

General J. Franklin Bell was the guest of honor, with his staff, at the booth of the American Godmothers' League. Here wool was sold at reasonable prices for making knitted things for soldiers and sailors.

A striking exhibit was the Canadian Log Cabin, of which the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire are the patrons. Mrs. Frank Duff Frazier was in charge of the exhibits, including costly furs from Canada, old Indian beadwork, maple cream candy, and Indian rugs and blankets. Almost every one went to see the collection of official Canadian war pictures shown on the fourth floor under the direction of Major Boehm. These pictures have become famous in Canada, where hundreds of persons recognized relatives in the pictures. Soldiers are shown leaping out of the trenches, going over the top with smiles on their faces. Captured Boches by the score are there, and German dead—most of the dead men shown are Germans.

A Lesson for Those at Home.

"This picture was shown with splendid effect in Canada," said Major Boehm. "We showed that here were men serving for three years under the most arduous and terrifying conditions, and for practically nothing, while men were on strike in Canada as to whether they should work eight or nine hours a day or get a few dollars more a week."

A pen used by President Wilson in signing a number of war orders in the last six months was donated to the Authors' League booth by Pearl Doles Belle last night. It will be auctioned, and no bid of less than $1,000 will be accepted. Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Parker Butler were the guests of honor at the Authors' Booth last night.

The police were required to move along the crowds which gathered to see the work of the blind at the American-British-French-Belgian Permanent Blind Relief War Fund booth. Hundreds stopped to see blinded soldiers manufacturing electrical goods, a trade which they had been taught by the Double Duty Finger Guild, established by Dr. Schuyler S. Wheeler. The fund has founded two institutions at Neuilly, near Paris, where blinded soldiers have been made self-supporting.

Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, in charge of the Melting Pot in the Jewish War Relief Section, was assisted by several well-known actresses, among them Peggy O'Neil and Fritzi Scheff. Mrs. Nathan Straus, Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff, and Mrs. Benjamin Stern are among those donating exhibits.

The booth for Aid for Destitute Belgian Women and Children and Destitute Belgian Soldiers was decorated in Flemish style, the work being directed by Mrs. John W. Alexander. Maxine Elliott and Constance Collier assisted at the booth.

Posted in prominent positions about Hero Land were posters headed: "What Becomes of the Money?" These posters attracted much attention, in view of the recent investigations of war charities. They said:

"Every cent taken in at this bazaar is turned over to the Guaranty Trust Company, which has an office on the second floor.

"Collections are made twice a day by Guaranty Trust Company employes, who check up the gate receipts, cash registers, vouchers, etc.

"Each charity is credited with the total amount taken in at its booth, but no money is paid out to any charity until its accounts have been audited and approved.

"Each charity will be paid one hundred cents on the dollar of all receipts taken at its booth, and will be required to make a special accounting of the use to which the money is put.

"The organizations which have underwritten the expenses of the bazaar will, in addition, receive their pro rata share of the total profits of the bazaar, subject to the same strict accountability."

Some Notables in Attendance.

Among the well-known persons seen in the boxes were Governor and Mrs. Whitman, Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, Brig. Gen. W. H. Wheeler, Colonel G. C. Brewer, Brig. Gen. W. A. White of the British Recruiting Mission, Lady Lister-Kaye, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff, W. Forbes Morgan, Jr., Charles D. Wetmore, Mr. and Mrs. Felix M. Warburg, Mrs. William Astor Chanler, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Delano, Marquis and Marquise de Polignac, Mr. and Mrs. Gifford Pinchot, Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Mrs. Simon Baruch, Mrs. Oscar S. Straus.

In the middle of the evening Governor Whitman walked to the front of the stage and delivered a short speech, with a brave and successful effort to make his voice heard above the mingled sound of thousands of voices.

"We call this Hero Land," he said, "but the real Hero Land is where brave men are giving their lives for the most holy cause in which men ever fought. The real Hero Land is over there in the trenches of France, where the soldiers of freedom have gone forth to battle. Brave Frenchmen, Belgians, Britishers, Italians, and now, at last, the sons of Uncle Sam, stand shoulder to shoulder, and our hearts tonight go out to the fine American men who are following the Stars and Stripes."

There was great applause when the Governor said:

"The boys who have gone from the United States, and especially those from the State of New York, are your friends and my friends, your brothers and my brothers, your sons and my sons, and for them this great bazaar is being given. What we give here is very little; what they give there is all they have to give, for those boys of New York are ready to lay down their lives for freedom over there, and God bless them, every one. I beseech your help and your support for this great effort which is designed to help those who themselves are heroes."

Hero Land will be closed today. It will reopen tomorrow morning.

ALL THE TOOLS OF WAR IN THE BRITISH EXHIBIT

Devices Used by Pro-Germans Here to Send Needed Materials to the Kaiser Are Shown.

The most complete and most absorbingly interesting of all the exhibits at Hero Land is that of the British Government, on the fourth floor of Grand Central Palace, in charge of Mrs. William Astor Chanler, assisted by a number of British army officers. It shows tools of war—the tools of the Germans and the Allies.

There is the wreckage of a Zeppelin that tried to bomb Buckingham Palace; there is a Fokker airplane brought down on the western front by a British aviator; there are samples of scores of rifles of different nations, and small cannon and trench mortars. There are uniforms of all the belligerents, blood-stained coats of friends and foes. There are U-boat torpedoes that missed their mark and were picked up after their venom was spent. There are air bombs that didn't explode and pieces of air bombs that did explode.

Strikingly interesting to Americans who have heard and read so much of the work of German agents here is an exhibit of several scores of parcel post packages taken by the British from neutral ships, and containing rubber and other materials badly needed by the Germans. There is almost something ridiculous in the thought of Germans shipping a parcel post package containing a few ounces of rubber, yet that it was done is shown by the packages, still intact, preserved as they were seized.

Many of them were mailed from New York. Rubber in every form was in the packages. One German actually sent a package containing one rubber shoe, another contained one package of dental rubber, and dozens carried crude rubber. There were similar packages shipped from Brazil and others from Java. They all showed how the Germans needed rubber and the completeness of an organization to get it, if only in picayune amounts.

One ingenious German shipped a package from Hoboken, marked "photos." Tearing the paper of the package showed the ordinary corrugated paper board used to protect photographs, and there was a picture. But in each ridge of the corrugated board there was a wire of pure nickel.

One of the British officers said that from one neutral ship had been taken more than 100,000 parcel post packages shipped from the United States to Germany with contraband. He said that many of the American concerns placed on the much-discussed British blacklist owed their presence to the discovery of their participation in this parcel post business. "Most of them now," he said, "are on your blacklist, too."

One ingenious German contraption looks like a milk can. It is in effect a big thermos bottle, in which the Germans kept food hot while carrying it to the front trenches. The British officers said it was a most efficient utensil.

The airplane on view is one of the most modern of German make, with the machine gun shooting through the propellor. It sustained very little damage in its fall, and looks as if it were ready to shoot into the air.

What looks almost like a reversion to mediaeval instruments of warfare is a German trench gun made of wooden staves, wrapped with wire. It was used to hurl grenades into English trenches.

About the only whole thing left in the wreckage of the Zeppelin is a water-cooled German machine gun. This Zep was brought down on the outskirts of London after it had taken part in an almost futile raid upon the English capital.

Off in one corner of this exhibit is a .303 Lewis gun, an American invention, of which the English and French have made such good use. There is a large exhibit of bombs used by the English, of which the names of some are: Incendiary bomb, N. E. R. L. 16-lb. bomb, 20-lb. cast-iron bomb, N. E. R. L. cooper bomb, H. E. R. L. 100-lb. bomb, No. 2 long exploders, No. 3 smoke signaling bomb, 33½-lb. heavy bomb.

There are three German liquid fire machines, which look like blowpipes used for ventilation purposes. The machine is turned by a crank which blows out of the front of it the gas which lights as it passes the mouth of the machine.

By the side of German guns is a 88-mm. gun captured from the Turks at Gallipoli. Then there is what the British call a "nasty thing," the Granatenwerfer, a spring gun used by the Germans for throwing trench grenades.

There are a number of British trench limbers torn by shell and shrapnel until they were retired from use. One captured relic is the remnant of a German gun of about five inches, which had been struck by a British shell, which bit off the German gun four inches from the breech.

The British Government exhibit includes a collection of almost every known form of shell-timing device.

MT. HOLYOKE WOMEN URGED TO WAR WORK

Miss Perkins Describes Conditions and Rehabilitation in Reconquered France.

$100 AT AUCTION LUNCHEON

Mrs. Gilpatrick Presents Evidence of What 1,000 Earnest Girls Can Do by Work and Saving.

"You are the only people I have ever known who could eat their cake and keep it too," said Mrs. Rogers Bacon of the National League for Women's Service, who was a speaker at the luncheon of the New York Alumnae Association of Mount Holyoke College at the Central Branch of the Young Woman's Christian Association, 610 Lexington Avenue, yesterday. It was a war luncheon of the latest kind. Each alumnus who came brought a lunch box, daintily wrapped, and these were sold by auction before the feast began. They went at varying prices, the lowest 40 cents and the highest $2. Each guest ate the luncheon some one else had brought and for which she had paid, and the returns were $120, of which $100 was clear. It will be used for war work.

Mount Holyoke college girls and alumnae are working hard for the war. They hope to co-operate with other colleges in supporting a working unit at the front and they have been performing great feats of food conservation and other patriotic work this Summer. Mrs. Walter H. Gilpatrick, President of the General Alumnae Association, told yesterday of work done by the girls at the college.

"The high cost of living put a severe strain upon Mt. Holyoke," said Mrs. Gilpatrick, "and the college was facing a deficit of $26,000 in the Spring when the girls first began their conservation work. To aid in cutting down expenses they proposed that during the Spring term they give up butter at dinner. This was done, and the economy of 1,000 people, students and faculty, resulted in a saving of $1,000.

"A call for volunteers who would give an hour's time a day for farming was made, and 800 out of 960 girls volunteered. The gardener said it was hard enough to manage men, and he did not know what he would do with women. However, the girls went to work, and there was so many of them that all kinds of work was done about the place, and the erstwhile reluctant gardener said finally that one girl could do more in an hour than any five men he ever saw.

"Forty girls volunteered to carry on the farm work during the Summer. These girls raised 600 bushels of potatoes, besides planting one-half an acre with tomatoes, one-half an acre with beans, one-half an acre with squash, and an acre with corn. Incidentally the girls who made the sacrifice of their Summer had a glorious time. They found that it was best to do their farm work in the early morning hours. They got up at 4:30, and had the rest of the time for themselves. They tramped many miles; the girls who had canoes used them, and all went swimming. I saw one of them at the end of the Summer, and she had improved so and gained so much flesh I did not know her. When the college was opened in the Fall, our farmerettes had their corn in condition, so that for the Fall term there was green corn for the table three times a week. What was not used for the table they dried for Winter use.

"During the Summer the milk man of the town was unable to get help for his work and proposed to the girls that they work for him. They accepted the offer, milked his cows, canned the milk, and delivered it on the milk route. They were to keep that up until at least the middle of this month, with permission of the school authorities, when it was expected that other help would be obtained. On July 4 our farmerettes gave a parade, which was a delight to South Hadley. The girls made a magnificent record with Liberty bonds, selling $49,500 in a week, and all in the college. It meant economy. One girls said she would do her own laundry work to save money. All the spreads were given up or combined. The junior class gave up their class rings, which made a saving of $400. The Trustees and Faculty took half the amount. The bonds sold were all in small denominations, $1,000 being the largest, and arrangements were made so that payments could be made in small sums. Many of the girls are going to turn over the bonds they bought to the Alumnae Association for the upkeep of Alumnae Hall, which costs $3,500 to run.

"The Mary Lyons Room at the college has been turned into a surgical dressing room where great quantities of dressings have been made. The girls are taking up courses in nursing and in stenography and typewriting as a preparation for war work, and they knit all the time. It has now been forbidden at meal times."

Miss Elizabeth Perkins of the American Fund for French Wounded told of the rehabilitation work which Mount Holyoke hopes to go into, as she had seen it carried on by the fund at the French front. She told of the five motor kitchens belonging to the Fund which follow along behind the army ready to help the destitute people in the districts where the Germans are driven out. She said the Fund workers were prepared for this last drive in France and for the extra help that would be required of them. She told of eating horse steak and the war bread, the loaves strung on a rope and carried to their destination thrown over the back of a mule.

"Of course the bread is a little germy and a little muddy when we get it," she said, "but it is very good. You cannot imagine the absolute destitution of those people. No home, no food except that given them by the soldiers, no way of working and unable to plant their lands, which are growing now only little red flags which mark the places of unexploded shells which the soldiers have not had an opportunity to dig out. And with all this, when I ask the women if they want peace I have never had one who did not say to me: 'Never peace without victory.'"

Smith College is looking after ten villages in France, and we have twenty-five. It takes $175 to rehabilitate a family, give them chickens, rabbits, perhaps a goat, and most of the things must come from over there. You can get a stove, the kind to which they are accustomed in Paris, and they like the French pots and pans, which they know how to use. Fruit trees must come from there, too. We have set out 3,000 of them.

"We do not want to pauperize the people, and we charge nominal sums for many things, a sou for milk, perhaps. They do not wish to be pauperized. In one village where I was I went to a house and asked for food. I had had nothing to eat since my morning coffee. The roof of the house was wet and the floor was wet, and the man I found there said he would see if his wife could find me an egg. He was the Mayor of the village. He had his wine cellar still, and his wife cooked me two eggs, but when I wished to pay they refused. They would take nothing from the Americans, who had done so much for them. They said, however, that if I could send them a pair of blankets they would be useful. There was an officer staying with them, and he needed blankets; for themselves it did not matter.

"They need such things as condensed milk from here and clothes. Every one needs clothes and all the warm things they can get. Nothing could be colder than the north of France. Our workers there go to bed wearing all the clothes they can get, and they have not been really warm once since they have been at work. One thing that we want is a motor dispensary that we can take from one place to another."

SWANN TO RID CITY OF BAZAAR IMPOSTORS

Plans Inquiry of Fetes That Show Expenses Disproportionate to Receipts.

All of the so-called patriotic bazaars or war charities that show expenses disproportionate to net receipts or suspicion of having been exploited for the personal benefit of private profiteers in the names of soldiers and sailors will be investigated by the District Attorney and the Grand Jury, District Attorney Swann announced yesterday.

"Thousands of dollars have been diverted from the pockets of the people by swindlers posing as the representatives of charity and patriotism, while our soldiers and sailors here and abroad have received no benefit at all," said Mr. Swann. "These impostors also injure the worthy efforts of men and women conducting legitimate enterprises. We are going to make it impossible for these impostors to impose upon the public in future. Then the honest, patriotic bazaar or war charity may continue to work for our soldiers and our allies without interference by impostors and the givers may have reasonable assurance that their funds will be applied in the proper way."

It was announced at the District Attorney's office yesterday that information had been received that one man had made a profit of $2,800 by putting on charity fêtes.

Waldemar De Bille, executive director of the Army and Navy Bazaar, who has notified the District Attorney that he will volunteer to go before a grand jury tomorrow and tell what he knows of the management of the bazaar, which netted but $754, telephoned from his home at Greenwich, Conn., yesterday, according to the District Attorney's office, that Lt. Donald Fox had first suggested the idea of the bazaar. Fox has been indicted.

Following the complaint made by officers of the Seventy-first Regiment to the District Attorney that a large amount of the proceeds of a benefit to aid dependents of the members of the command had been withheld under the terms of a contract with Forsyth and Fisk of 200 Fifth Avenue, their attorney, Alexander Mayper, notified Mr. Swann yesterday that his clients had voluntarily agreed to refund their share received as commissions on contributions they had obtained for the regimental bazaar.

Mr. Swann said that George F. Sweeney, manager of the advertising for the program of the Army and Navy Bazaar, had refused to make a similar refund, which he had received under the terms of his contract. The Grand Jury will resume its investigation tomorrow.

State Senator Charles C. Lockwood of Brooklyn said yesterday that at the next session of the Legislature he would introduce a bill to compel all fairs, bazaars, and entertainments given in the name of charity and not conducted by responsible incorporated bodies, to be licensed, and making provision for the auditing of their accounts. "It is time," said Senator Lockwood, "that frauds perpetrated under the guise of philanthropic patriotism should be suppressed."

MISS FULLER, BRIDE OF CAPT. G. C. DRURY

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Williamson W. Fuller Weds Officer of Royal Canadian Dragoons.

The marriage of Captain George Chipman Drury of the Royal Canadian Dragoons and Miss Ann N. Fuller, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Williamson W. Fuller of 1,072 Park Avenue and Briarcliff Manor, was celebrated yesterday afternoon in the Congregational Church at Briarcliff Manor, the Rev. Dr. David J. Burrell of the Marble Collegiate Church, this city, performing the ceremony.

The bride's attendants included her sisters, Mrs. N. F. Hurd and Miss Dorothy Fuller; Mrs. Lathrop Morehead, and the Misses Helen Drury, a sister of Captain Drury, and Corinne Schuyler Waldron. Captain Drury's best man was his brother, Victor Drury, and the ushers were Captain Donald Fischer and Captain Black of the Canadian forces, Ronald Skinner, and Walter Creighton. A reception followed at the country home of the bride's parents, Haymount. The honeymoon will be spent at Pinehurst, N. C.

Captain Drury's parents are dead. His father was the late Major Gen. C. B. Drury, C. B. Captain Drury was severely wounded at the French front in 1914, invalided home, and was found to be incapacitated for further war service. He first met his bride several years ago in New York. The engagement was announced in August last.

CAPT. DUNAWAY MARRIES.

U. S. Artillery Officer Takes Miss Anna E. Watson as His Bride.

The wedding of Captain S. Judson Dunaway, First Artillery Corps, now stationed at Fortress Monroe, Va., and Miss Anna Estelle Watson, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William T. Watson of 564 West 149th Street, New York, was celebrated at 8:30 o'clock last evening in the Church of the Intercession, Broadway and 155th Street, the Rev. Milo H. Gates performing the ceremony.

The bride walked with her father and wore a white satin robe embroidered in white and a tulle veil held with orange blossoms. Her flowers were lilies of the valley. Miss Mildred Hathaway was the maid of honor, in peach-colored panne velvet topped by a black hat, and carried lavender chrysanthemums. The bride's niece, Miss Katheryn Watson was flower girl in a pink crêpe frock and carried a basket of flowers.

Captain Dunaway's best man was Morgan D. Watson, a brother of the bride, and the ushers were Raymond Hathaway, Lester Watson, John Stemmler, and Homer Dunaway, a brother of the bridegroom. A reception and supper for about 100 guests followed at the Ansonia.

Captain Dunaway was in the second Plattsburgh training camp and recently received his commission in the United States Artillery. He is a member of the bar and a descendant of the old Virginia Dunaways.

SCOTCH WOOL SOCKS

Medium Weight in Gray, White, Oxford, Heathers, Brown, Green & Black. $1.25 Pair

Heavy Weight in White, Heathers, Brown, Gray, Black, Green and White with colored Clocks $1.50 Pair

Scotch Golf Hose. Fancy turnover tops, $3.50 Pair

Tennis, Golf and Sport Equipment.

Stewart Sporting Sales Co., 425 FIFTH AVE., at 38th St.

THE SUBMARINE

in three sections, was transported by us from the sheep pastore, Central Park, with four automobiles to pull out, and two automobiles to haul to the dock at 130th St. and North River. At 100th St. and Central Park West we made four turns around block, via Manhattan Av., without stop. Each trip was made in about two hours, the only delay being caused by poor pavement near the wharf. We considered the "job" interesting but not difficult.

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19 Display Floors of the Best Quality Seen Down Town. Terms to Suit.

Delivery in Time for Thanksgiving Assured Early Purchasers.

$152

Our price for this beautiful Queen Anne period suite, exceptionally well made of genuine American walnut, velvet finish. The cabinet workmanship is noticeably high grade, selected for beauty of grain. Chairs to match may be obtained with seats covered in various colors of fine leather or tapestry at proportionate prices.

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buys this substantial group in the much favored William and Mary period design, admirably executed in most elaborate style, entirely of choicest American walnut with overlaid Burl walnut panels. Edges of cases neatly shaped, trimmed with antique drawer pulls and dainty carvings. An uncommon translation of this historical style. Chairs to match at consistent prices.

Floor lamp complete; mahogany base, silk shade and cord, etc. $9.95

Massive duofold suite of improved construction, frames beautifully finished in mahogany. As a davenport the upholstery, covered with best grade art-leather, makes a very fine appearance. Instantly convertible to full width, comfortable bed. Three pieces, as illustrated $69.25

Golden oak china closet, for 100-piece dinner set. $13.75

Family size, genuine oak, golden finish extension table, with leaves and four chairs having genuine leather seats, upholstered. Table may be had with Colonial scroll base or with carved claw feet. A very good value. Complete $23.50

Baked white enamel bed, 2-inch posts, heavy fillers, with good mattress and sanitary spring. Complete $18.25

New 375 Model

The New Model Columbia Grafonola

Now on sale at our Three Stores at the standard cash price on Credit. No Interest Latest Records.

Solidly built real oak Colonial buffet, golden or fumed finish. Heavy plate mirrors $22.50

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Mid-Season SALE

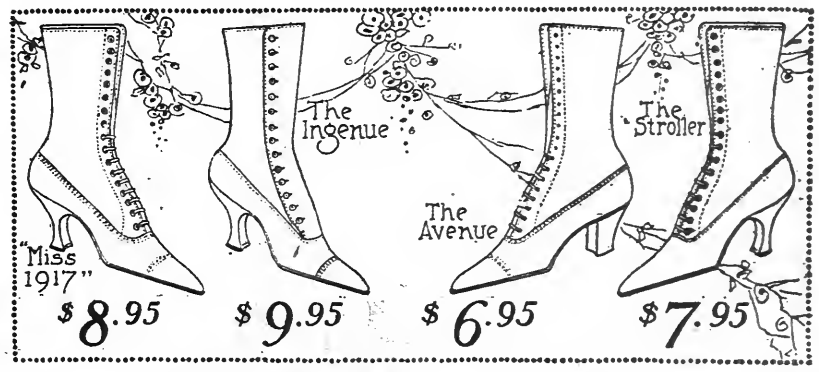
The Smartest Fall and Winter Boots

THIS is the biggest shoe buying opportunity of the year. Never before have we offered such remarkable values and such variety. Your correct size is here with comfort and fit assured—a problem long since solved by us.

Koko Calf Lace, Grey Buck Top.
Black Calf Lace, Grey Buck Top.
All Tan Russia Calfskin.
$6.95
Tan Russia, Ivory Cloth Top.
Brown Kid, Brown Cloth Top.
Gray Kid, Grey Cloth Top.
All Koko Calfskin.
$7.95

All Field Mouse Kid.
All Dark Grey Kid.
All Champagne Kid.
Brown Kid, Grey Kid Top.
Black Kid, Dark Grey Kid Top.
All Mahogany Russia Calfskin.
$8.95
Patent Vamp, Grey Buck Top.
Tan Russia, Ivory Kid Top.
Field Mouse Kid, Ivory Buck Top.
Brown Kid, Fawn Buck Top.
Patent Vamp, Ivory Kid Top.
$9.95

Illustrated below are four of the many different models on sale which serve to show the stunning style characteristics which prevail throughout the entire collection



15 West 42nd Street (Near 5th Avenue)

1554 Broadway (at 46th Street) (Open Evenings Till 9)

50 Church Street (Terminal Building)

MORE GOLD AND CASH IN RESERVE BANKS

Increases of $54,200,000 in Investments and $31,800,000 in Net Deposits.

$112,329,700 TO THE ALLIES

Of These New Advances Britain Received $55,000,000 and France $40,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Gains of $20,400,000 in gold reserves and of $21,900,000 in total cash reserves, together with increases of $54,200,000 in investments and of $31,800,000 in net deposits are indicated by the weekly bank statement issued by the Federal Reserve Board as at close of business Nov. 23, 1917.

During the week the Government redeemed large amounts of certificates of indebtedness, thereby strengthening the reserve position of the banks. On the other hand, heavy withdrawals of Government deposits from depositary banks apparently increased the pressure of the banks, causing an increase of discounts, largely at the New York bank.

The latter bank reports a decrease of $28,000,000 in reserve and of $27,800,000 in Government deposits. Its investments show an increase of $17,100,000, while an adverse balance of $58,900,000 shown the week before in account with other banks has been turned into a favorable balance of $9,500,000.

The bank disbursed during the week $112,329,750 to the Allies, $55,000,000 going to Great Britain, $40,000,000 to France, $15,000,000 to Italy, $1,329,750 to Russia, and $1,000,000 to Belgium.

Boston's decline of $14,300,000 in reserve is due largely to the heavy withdrawals of Government funds, while Chicago's decline of $12,300,000 in reserves is accompanied by an increase of $21,700,000 in investments.

Bills discounted on hand show an increase of $168,200,000, all the banks except Minneapolis and Dallas reporting considerable increases under this head. Of the total discounted paper held, $449,500,000, as against $319,600,000 the week before, is represented by member banks' collateral notes. Over 80 per cent. of these notes, or $365,500,000, secured by Liberty bonds and United States certificates of indebtedness, the New York bank alone reporting $299,200,000 of this class of paper on hand.

Aggregate holdings of acceptances increased about $6,000,000, the larger increase shown for New York being offset in part by net liquidation reported by some of the Western banks. Government short term securities decreased by over $130,000,000, chiefly at the New York bank.

Other classes of earning assets show but little change for the week. Total earning assets stand now at $979,100,000, and constitute 1.458 per cent. of the banks' paid in capital, compared with 1.387 per cent. shown the week before. Of the total, discounts constitute 67 per cent.; acceptances, 21.4 per cent.; United States securities, 11.4 per cent., and warrants, .2 per cent.

Increases in paid in capital aggregating $445,000 mainly through admission of new members are reported by four reserve banks. Since Oct. 12, the gain in paid in capital amounts to over $6,000,000, corresponding to a combined capital and surplus of about $260,000,000 of newly admitted members.

Government deposits decreased $22,500,000 with considerable shifting of funds and concentration at New York, Chicago, and San Francisco. Member banks' reserve deposits show a decline of $53,800,000, Boston, Chicago, and San Francisco reporting the largest decreases.

Outstanding Federal reserve notes of $1,102,287,000, show an increase of $63,867,000 for the week, and are secured by $623,948,000 of gold and $532,411,000 of paper pledged with the agents. The banks report a total of $1,015,812,000 of Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation, an increase of $43,307,000 for the week.

The weekly statement of the resources and liabilities of each of the twelve banks follows:

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK STATEMENT.

Consolidated statement of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks compares as follows:

RESOURCES	Last Week.	Previous Week.	Year Ago.
Gold coin and certificates in vault	$530,045,000	$526,792,000	$283,730,000
Gold settlement fund	386,662,000	363,710,000	174,801,000
Gold with foreign agencies	52,500,000	52,500,000	.....
Total gold held by banks	$969,207,000	$943,002,000	$458,531,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agents	628,948,000	629,906,000	241,568,000
Gold redemption fund	11,549,000	11,420,000	1,404,000
Total gold reserve	$1,604,704,000	$1,584,328,000	$701,501,000
Legal tender notes, silver, &c.	54,058,000	52,525,000	17,974,000
Total reserve	$1,658,762,000	$1,636,853,000	$719,475,000
Bills discounted—members	$656,002,000	$487,850,000	$20,501,000
Bills bought in open market	209,905,000	193,869,000	102,092,000
Total bills on hand	$865,907,000	$681,719,000	$122,593,000
U. S. long-term securities	53,925,000	54,062,000	39,427,000
U. S. short-term securities	57,550,000	187,904,922	11,467,908
Municipal warrants	1,422,000	1,278,000	22,166,000
Total earning assets	$979,141,000	$924,898,000	$195,253,000
Due from Federal Reserve Banks—net	11,872,000	17,338,000	43,263,000
Uncollected items	302,525,000	428,544,000	.....
Total deductions from gross deposits	$314,397,000	$445,882,009	43,263,000
Five p. c. redemption fund against Fed. Res. Bank notes	537,000	537,000	470,800
All other resources	3,298,000	3,763,000	2,651,000
Total resources	$2,956,130,000	$3,012,406,000	$961,212,000
LIABILITIES			
Capital paid in	$67,136,000	$66,691,000	$55,711,000
Government deposits	196,411,000	1,218,887,000	26,319,000
Due to members—reserve account	1,426,648,000	1,480,498,000	.....
Due to non-member banks—clearing account	22,291,000	20,825,000	.....
Collection items	215,108,000	240,437,000	.....
Total gross deposits	$1,859,519,000	$1,960,747,000	$663,391,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	1,015,892,000	972,585,000	240,448,000
Federal Reserve banknotes in circulation, net liability	8,000,000	8,000,000	1,028,000
All other liabilities, incld. foreign Gov. credits	4,583,000	4,383,000	634,000
Total liabilities	$2,956,130,000	$3,012,406,000	$961,212,000
Gold reserve against net deposit liabilities	62.6%	62.2%	78.9%
Gold and lawful money reserve against net deposit liabilities	66.1%	65.7%	76.9%
Gold reserve against Fed. Res. notes in actual circulation	62.0%	65.9%	101.0%

The weekly statement of the resources and liabilities of each of the twelve banks follows:

FIRST DISTRICT, (BOSTON.)

Total gold reserves	$72,850,000
Total reserves	76,212,000
Bills discounted and bought	67,806,000
Uncollected items	16,222,000

SECOND DISTRICT, (NEW YORK.)

Total gold reserves	$559,612,000
Total reserves	602,270,000
Bills discounted and bought	401,451,000
Uncollected items	60,973,000

THIRD DISTRICT, (PHIADELPHIA.)

Total gold reserves	$116,856,000
Total reserves	117,909,000
Bills discounted and bought	48,518,000
Uncollected items	30,636,000

FOURTH DISTRICT, (CLEVELAND.)

Total gold reserves	$132,440,000
Total reserves	133,119,000
Bills discounted and bought	61,231,000
Uncollected items	21,706,000

FIFTH DISTRICT, (RICHMOND.)

Total gold reserves	$50,032,000
Total reserves	51,000,000
Bills discounted and bought	29,560,000
Uncollected items	20,613,000

SIXTH DISTRICT, (ATLANTA.)

Total gold reserves	$65,905,000
Total reserves	65,400,000
Bills discounted and bought	17,880,000
Uncollected items	17,121,000

SEVENTH DISTRICT, (CHICAGO.)

Total gold reserves	$195,411,000
Total reserves	197,573,000
Bills discounted and bought	106,754,000
Uncollected items	44,022,000

EIGHTH DISTRICT, (ST. LOUIS.)

Total gold reserves	$72,703,000
Total reserves	73,317,000
Bills discounted and bought	25,120,000
Uncollected items	16,893,000

NINTH DISTRICT, (MINNEAPOLIS.)

Total gold reserves	$62,148,000
Total reserves	62,458,000
Bills discounted and bought	19,000,000
Uncollected items	11,690,000

TENTH DISTRICT, (KANSAS CITY.)

Total gold reserves	$67,756,000
Total reserves	67,756,000
Bills discounted and bought	37,658,000
Uncollected items	24,410,000

ELEVENTH DISTRICT, (DALLAS.)

Total gold reserves	$71,947,000
Total reserves	72,473,000
Bills discounted and bought	19,193,000
Uncollected items	17,247,000

TWELFTH DISTRICT, (SAN FRANCISCO.)

Total gold reserves	$106,924,000
Total reserves	107,146,000
Bills discounted and bought	34,928,000
Uncollected items	20,957,000

FOR COMPULSORY LOANS.

Banker Suggests Nation's Financial Resources Be Mobilized.

The latest proposal for the mobilization of the nation's financial resources is the development of a system of universal compulsory loans to the Government by all the people, in proportion to their individual incomes, thus carrying into the realm of finance the principle of universal compulsory service already enforced in the military field. This proposal is put forward by George H. Barrett of the financial firm of Bonbright & Co., and he argues for it on the same ground used by proponents of compulsory military service—that it is the most democratic method.

"Since the greater part of wealth is in fixed form," says Mr. Barrett, "this would involve borrowing the amount of bonds through banks, which would extend the credit to the Government. Money would not be necessary for the payment of such tax, and in fact there would not be sufficient money in the United States to make such a payment.

"On the basis of 10 per cent. of capital, the purchase of $25,000,000,000 of Liberty Bonds would be provided by the creation of $25,000,000,000 in credit. A man with $100,000 of capital could go to a bank and borrow $10,000. With this he would purchase a $10,000 Liberty Bond, or his proportion of the issue, the bank retaining it as additional security for the loan.

"The plan is democratic, since it applies an equal burden to all property in the country. It corresponds to raising an army by conscription. A man does not permanently enter the army, but his funds are permanently taken away under the ordinary methods of taxation. He merely lends his services compulsorily, as under this plan he would lend his capital for a limited period."

Drops Bernstorff from Honor Roll.

LANCASTER, Penn., Nov. 24.—At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of Franklin and Marshall College, Count von Bernstorff's name was stricken from the rolls. The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon him in 1912. The college, in proportion to enrollment, has sent more students to serve the nation than any other college.

SURE PAPER PRICES WILL BE ADJUSTED

Editor and Publisher Quotes Members of Congress as Favoring Smith Resolution.

EXPECT FEDERAL CONTROL

Amicable Agreement May Bring About Fair Prices, Profits, and Distribution.

The prediction by those familiar with the situation that the price of newsprint paper would soon be fixed, either by voluntary agreement or Federal legislation, was made again yesterday by The Editor and Publisher, a weekly paper in close touch with the situation.

"A solution of the differences between manufacturers and publishers on lines involving a form of Federal control and regulation of distribution and prices on lines contemplated in the Smith resolution has been under consideration," it was said by The Editor and Publisher. "For obvious reasons the details of this plan cannot be revealed at this time, as nothing definite may be accomplished pending the disposition of the trials of the manufacturers in the Federal courts. The positive assurance may be given at this time, however, that the things which the Smith resolution aims to accomplish—the restoration of reasonable prices for newsprint, based upon manufacturing costs at the present time, and allowing a fair margin of profit for the manufacturers—are to come to pass, if not through the enactment of the proposed law, then even earlier through an amicable adjustment of the whole situation, through which hearty co-operation will be restored between makers of newsprint and their customers, under ample safeguards for all interests involved.

"That leaders of the Congress are deeply interested in the newsprint situation, and stand ready to support the Smith resolution for Federal control, or any other legislation which may help to restore normal conditions in the newsprint market, is indicated by the tone of the responses received by The Editor and Publisher to the recent letter sent to members of the two houses at their homes."

The Editor and Publisher added communications from a number of Senators and Congressmen in which they promised outright to vote for the Smith resolution or manifested a favorable attitude toward it. Senator Smith of the Committee on Printing introduced his resolution just before the adjournment of the last Congress, and it will come up for consideration as soon as the next Congress opens, unless the print-paper situation has been brought to a satisfactory state before that time.

It is generally believed that when the paper manufacturers indicted for violation of the Sherman anti-trust law are arraigned in the Federal District Court tomorrow a state of affairs indicating the early settlement of all issues will be disclosed.

Stop Printers' Ink Commissions.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Manufacturers representing 90 per cent of the American production of printers' ink today voluntarily agreed at a hearing before the Federal Trade Commission to eliminate commissions on sales. It is said the agreement will result in a reduction of thousands of dollars in the cost of marketing the product.

The Home of Coats

A. Morton Oppenheim

ELEVATOR SERVICE PRESIDENT OPPOSITE WALDORF HOTEL

THREE UPSTAIRS SALESROOMS 11W34ST-1ST 2D-3D FLOORS

The Home of Coats

Facts About Our Wonderful Sales Last Week

We think it is fair advertising to always tell the truth. That is why we state facts about the women's apparel we offer. The truth often hurts the other fellow, but never the fellow who tells it.

A recent experience in the open market—open to every merchant—provided us with a great number of dresses that we could afford to sell at $5 each and a great number of coats that we could afford to sell at $10 each.

The dresses were made to sell at wholesale from $7.50 to $10—we sold them at $5—and the coats were made to sell at wholesale from $8.50 to $16.00—and we sold them at $10.00. They were good dresses and good coats, worth the price at which the manufacturers had previously sold them.

Following our policy of assembling on our sales floors above the street level the very best women's apparel we can buy to sell at prices which the average women now wants to pay, we bought all of these dresses and coats that we thought we could sell. We sold the entire lot in short order and our customers are delighted. We do not need to make a big profit, because our expenses are small and we buy and sell for cash.

This extraordinary sale of dresses and coats attracted wide attention, and we were not surprised, therefore, to receive visits from merchandise experts who evidently thought we were camouflaging. These experts were compelled to admit that the values were as we stated them. Yet they could not understand why some other house had not seen their value and bought them.

As to that, every merchant has to use his own judgment. If he misses an opportunity and we grasp it, we are able to make a big and successful drive and give the benefit to thousands of customers.

We admit frankly that we are trying to make our salesrooms the very best Market Place for women to buy the Very Best Merchandise and thereby become known as the Best Popular Priced House in New York.

Thousands of women are practicing rigid economy in their wearing apparel, and we take pride in the fact that we are specializing to assemble the articles that will give them style and service at prices they want to pay.

We regard it quite as dignified to be good merchants for the women who want to invest a very small amount for their apparel as it is to be good merchants for those women who are willing to pay a larger amount.

Please remember that we study the market to meet your needs as to style, price and quality, and you will find our salesrooms stocked with assortments that will make it easy for you to get what you want.

A. Morton Oppenheim Pres

Buy Coats Now For Thanksgiving

Wealth of Exquisite Styles

Exceptional Saving Opportunities

Those woman who want garments of striking beauty, garments of perfect workmanship, garments of high-grade materials, will find wonderful opportunities to secure just the thing they need at remarkably low prices. Come tomorrow—come early.

Attractive groups of misses' and women's coats in the coat sale of the season. A mill's surplus yardage of high-grade woolens was used in the making of these coats, which are in this season's most popular models.

QUALITY COATS NO HIGH PRICES

QUALITY COATS NO HIGH PRICES

Every model illustrating the charm and beauty so characteristic of the vogue this season—seeking to "better" all our previous sale events.

A collection of Coat models which shows consideration for every essential of comfort, suitability of purpose, dependable quality and stylish appearance.

Prices range from

15.00 19.00

25.00 30.00 & up

Materials are Burella, Pom Pom, Thistedown, Duveytyns, Silvertone, Bolivia, Velour de Laines.

Prices range from

15.00 19.00

25.00 30.00 & up

TREMENDOUS PURCHASE SALE OF OVER 3500 COATS

Extraordinary Value Giving

Coats

$10.00

All Styles One Price

NEVER before have we sold such a wonderful assortment of well-made Coats at these prices. This is your opportunity to buy your Winter coat for less than ever before.

We secured a New York manufacturer's entire stock at a wonderful sacrifice. Coming at the beginning of the cold weather this sale is wonderfully timely, and we advise you to be here early for a first pick.

QUALITY COATS NO HIGH PRICES

These coats comprise the latest fashions. They are belted models, pleated models, flare models—coats with fur collars, with Karamie, seal plush and mole trimmings. The latest style pockets are here; you will find coats with wide collars, with new shawl collars and the new Submarine combination fastening collars. Choice of 4,000 coats in this sale to-morrow.

Seal Plush Coats
Velour Coats
Broadcloth Coats
Corduroy Coats
Fancy Mixture Coats
Smart Plaid Coats

Coats

$10.00

All Styles One Price

QUALITY COATS NO HIGH PRICES

Sergt. Arthur Guy EMPEY

One of the Earliest Avengers of the Lusitania

Who Went and Wrote "OVER THE TOP"

Making It the Most Typical Expression of the War, Will Repeat His Two Wonderfully Realistic

Lectures and Demonstrations of TRENCH WARFARE

DON'T FAIL TO HEAR, SEE, AND READ HIM

"No book that has been written in this war—if indeed in any war—surpasses this simple and unpretentious tale."
—*New York Tribune.*

"Actual fighting, written by a soldier—written with a vivid reportorial instinct and giving us the actual sights and sounds of battle."—*Chicago Evening Post.*

"When Sergeant Empey holds forth about the war you can hear him from a seat in Z, but you can hear his audience from away out yonder in Lake Michigan."—*Chicago Tribune.*

"An audience that packed Carnegie Hall to capacity last night greeted Sergeant Arthur Guy Empey."—*N. Y. Times.*

CARNEGIE HALL { Wednesday, Nov. 28th / Thursday, Nov. 29th (Thanksgiving) } 8:30 P.M.

Prices 50c. to $2.00

Publishers of Empey's Books
G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS
2 West 45th Street, N. Y.

Manager of Empey's Lectures
LEE KEEDICK
417 5th Ave., N. Y.

ADDED NEWS OF SPORTS

Full List of the New Officers Appointed at Plattsburg

UPHILL FIGHT LOST BY COMMERCE TEAM

Missed Goals After Touchdown Give East Orange Gridiron Victory by 13 to 12.

LINE PLUNGING EFFECTIVE

Local Eleven Pounds at Visitors' Defense and Finally Is Rewarded by Two Tallies.

The football team of the High School of Commerce was defeated by the more evenly balanced East Orange High School eleven in a hard-fought game yesterday on Olympic Field by the score of 13 to 12. Battling uphill almost from the start, the local high school lads in the last quarter pulled themselves together and were saved from a shut-out defeat.

Desperate line plunging, the style of play which had failed of results throughout the three first quarters, finally caused the East Orange aggregation to weaken. With only seven minutes to go, Commerce broke through the visiting team's defense for two touchdowns. Both attempts at goal made by Sampson went astray, and the whistle found Commerce trailing in defeat by one point.

The lineup:

E. Orange, (13.)	Position.	Commerce, (12.)
Schryver	L. E.	Dowdall
Calloway	L. T.	Whitman
P. Neidlinger	L. G.	Brin
C. Ashenbach	C.	Levowitz
McDonald	R. G.	Hartzenstein
Paxton	R. T.	Wagner
Danforth	R. E.	MacLaughlin
N. Neidlinger	Q. B.	Roberts
Ackley	L. H. B.	Ryan
Meeteer	R. H. B.	Tyne
Kohler	F. B.	Sampson

Touchdowns—Ackley, Kohler, Roberts, Wagner. Goal from touchdown—Meeteer. Referee—R. Siskind, Fordham. Umpire—A. Meyer, Springfield College. Linesman—T. B. Van Nest, Stevens. Time of quarters—12 minutes. Substitutions—For East Orange: W. Ashenbach for Meeter, Donaldson for W. Ashenbach for Meeter, Donaldson for Schryver, Pickering for C. Ashenbach. For Commerce, Berger for Ryan, Mitchell for Tyne, Goldston for Sampson.

Boys' High School football eleven made a walk-away of its game with the Adelphi team on the latter's gridiron in Brooklyn, wining 74 to 0. The victorious team completely outplayed its opponents in every department of the game. The biggest point scorer for Boys' High was Spiers, who accounted for three touchdowns and eight goals from touchdown. Palmer, the team's fullback, also scored three touchdowns.

The lineup:

Boys' H. S. (74.)	Position.	Adelphi. (0.)
Spiers	L. E.	Stephens
Smith	L. T.	Tarin
Balish	L. G.	Bowden
Rosenstein	C.	Gilles
Rambush	R. G.	Kanenow
Quall	R. T.	Tideman
Heinrich	R. E.	Demerest
Bloomgarten	Q. B.	Knipe
Blair	L. H. B.	Munin
Crane	R. H. B.	Woodward
Palmer	F. B.	Fox

Touchdowns—Spiers, (3,) Bloomgarten, (2) Blair, Crane, (2) Palmer, (3.) Goals from touchdown—Spiers, (8.) Referee—Mr. Dickler, Columbia. Umpire—Mr. Darby, Syracuse. Time of quarters—Eight minutes. Substitutions: Boys'—Bruck for Blair; Honohan for Crane. Adelphi—Kinlock for Tideman.

In a keenly contested game at Old Poly Field, Brooklyn, the St. John's Prep eleven defeated the Marquand School team by a score of 7 to 6. Both teams scored in the final quarter, St. John's leading off with a touchdown shortly after the start on a forward pass, Cassazza to McMurrer, on which the latter went over the Marquand line after a spirited run. Kelly kicked the goal. Weber, the Marquand left halfback, later intercepted a forward pass, and after an 80-yard run gave his school a touchdown.

The lineup:

St. John's Pr.(7.)	Position.	Marquand S. (6.)
Mack	L. E.	Hunt
Specht	L. T.	Reinhart
Campbell	L. G.	H. Elliott
Mulligan	C.	Weygand
Mulholland	R. G.	E. Elliott
Woods	R. T.	Kaiser
O'Brien	R. E.	Schmucker
McMurrer	Q. B.	Doyle
Damico	L. H. B.	Weber
Cotter	R. H. B.	Hitchcock
Cassazza	F. B.	Fredericks

Touchdowns—McMurrer, 1; Weber, 1. Goal from touchdown—Kelly. L Referee—Mr. Staib, Ridgewood. Umpire—Mr. Marks, Ridgewood. Linesman—Mr. Conroy. Time of quarters—Fifteen minutes. Substitutions—For St. John's: Kelly for Mulligan, Mulligan for Mulholland. For Marquand: Pissani for Reinhart, Kiting for Doyle.

STEPHENSON HIGH AT TRAPS

Breaks 99 Out of 100 in Scratch Event at N. Y. A. C. Shoot.

Frank B. Stephenson, a former marksman of the Crescent Athletic Club, made an exceptional score at the Travers Island traps of the New York Athletic Club yesterday. The Brooklyn expert ran 99 out of a possible 100 targets for the high scratch prize of the day. He also scored legs on the Travers Island, the Hasnn, and the Accumulation Cups with strings of 25. In the last event he shared honors with O. C. Grinnell.

Notwithstanding his excellent work, Stephenson was not fortunate enough to win any of the trophies that have been running throughout the month. The Travers Island prize went to R. L. Spotts, the former national champion, he winning the trophy on a shootoff.

T. J. McCahill took the November Haslin Cup with two legs, and E. M. Leask, by scoring his third leg yesterday, annexed the club trophy. The high handicap was C. McLeod.

The scores:

	T. I. H.T.	Has. H.T.	Club. H.T.	Ac'm. H.T.	Score and H'cap.
M. McVey, Jr.	2 23	2 24	2 21	2 25	88—10—98
A. M. Hotwel.	2 23	2 22	2 23	2 22	82—10—92
R. R. Deba'r.	6 25	6 24	6 23	6 25	77—23—100
F. B. Steph'n.	0 25	0 25	0 24	0 25	99—6—100
T. R. Lawre.	2 23	2 24	2 23	2 23	90—10—100
O. C. Grinnell.	2 18	2 23	0 23	0 25	84—10—94
H. H. Dines.	3 12	3 19	2 23	3 25	79—12—91
F. T. [illegible]	3 24	3 25	3 23	3 23	74—20—94
C. J. Stein.	0 19	1 23	1 25	1 25	89—6—95
W. S. Stuw'h.	2 23	2 23	0 24	0 23	90—10—100
D. S. McCl'n.	6 23	6 25	6 25	6 23	83—20—100
J. L. Brand'g.	3 22	3 19	2 22	3 24	79—12—91
C. Stein.	1 22	1 22	0 22	0 22	87—7—94
W. B. Ogden.	3 23	3 23	1 22	3 24	81—12—93
R. L. Spotts.	0 24	0 22	1 23	0 24	95—6—100
Dr. G. H. [illegible]	2 23	2 22	1 23	1 22	91—8—99
J. P. Donovan.	3 23	3 23	2 22	3 24	84—12—96
G. J. Corbett.	2 23	2 25	1 25	2 25	96—8—100
E. M. Leask.	6 25	5 23	5 25	5 25	92—20—100
J. Remer.	6 16	5 17	6 22	6 21	52—35—87
A. Chandler.	0 23	0 18	0 22	0 22	82—0—82
J. H. Vand'r.	3 23	3 23	1 25	1 25	93—12—100
N. Webb.	4 13	4 18	3 23	3 22	73—15—88
R. L. Culver.	3 23	3 23	1 24	1 24	86—8—94
F. J. Ham, Jr.	5 25	5 23	6 24	5 25	80—20—100
F. M. Wilson.	4 24	4 20	4 21	4 24	73—16—89
F. A. Baker.	3 22	3 22	2 18	3 23	73—12—85
A. C. Bennett.	3 23	2 25	1 23	3 21	87—16—99
Dr. Tirrell	5 25	5 23	4 25	5 25	81—18—99
A. W. Currie.	5 25	5 20	5 23	5 24	72—20—92
T. J. McC'hill.	3 24	1 23	2 21	3 18	77—12—89
C. W. Stevens.	3 22	3 22	3 24	3 20	76—12—88
C. McLeod.	6 23	6 24	6 19	6 23	63—40—100
F. E. W'mson.	6 20	6 22	5 25	6 22	67—30—97
R. A. Jones.	0 15	0 20	0 17	0 16	68—0—63
J. Summ'son.	0 22	0 16	0 21	0 22	83—0—85
L. W. Th'pson.	3 25	3 25	2 23	3 24	88—12—100
W. R. Del'ty.	5 24	5 23	4 24	5 25	79—20—99
J. W. Spencer.	6 20	6 20	6 20	6 21	57—20—77
E. A. Spencer.	6 22	6 21	6 22	6 24	59—20—89
J. C. Bower.	3 20	3 18	3 12	3 17	65—12—77
R. M. Owen.	3 23	3 20	3 25	3 23	80—15—95
R. R. Owen.	4 24	4 21	4 23	4 21	74—16—90
T. Lenane, Jr.	4 24	4 22	4 19	4 25	72—16—88

WINNERS.

Travers Island Cup.—Leg won by F. B. Stephenson. Cup taken by R. L. Spotts.

Haslin Cup.—Leg won by F. B. Stephenson. Cup taken by T. J. McCahill.

Club Cup.—Legs scored by all gunners with 25 targets. Cup taken by E. M. Leask.

Accumulation Cup.—Legs scored by F. B. Stephenson and O. C. Grinnell.

High Scratch Gunner—F. B. Stephenson.

High Handicap Gunner—C. McLeod.

Miss Boyle Sets Mark in Tank.

Miss Charlotte Boyle, holder of women's metropolitan sprint title, last night created a new record for the 60-foot pool winning a match swimming race in the Winter Pool, Brighton Beach, from Miss Elizabeth Ryan, First Regiment Pool, Philadelphia. Miss Boyle was clocked in 1:07 1-5, which erased the old mark by two-fifths of a second.

PENN CUBS BEAT CORNELL.

Rosetsky Plunges Across Line for Only Touchdown.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 24.—The Pennsylvania freshman team defeated the Cornell Cubs by 6 to 0 at football this afternoon. The Quaker backfield was faster and it surpassed Cornell in line plunging. The Penn score was made in the second period, when Pierce ran back Wahl's punt to Cornell's 45-yard line. Line plunges by Rosetsy and Zucker, and a ten-yard gain by Miller on a double pass took the ball to Cornell's ten-yard line. Rosetsky plunged over for a touchdown.

The lineup:

Cornell, (0.)	Position.	Penn. (6.)
Voight	L. E.	Farmakis
Bush	L. T.	Bullagh
Knauff	L. G.	Supplee
Kisor	C.	McCalle
Cunningham	R. G.	Heggerty
Reavis	R. T.	Worthington
Devenbeck	R. E.	Miller
Wahl	Q. B.	Pierce
Dunleavy	L. H. B.	Bullick
Livingston	R. H. B.	Zucker
Baugher	F. B.	Rosetsky

Touchdown—Rosetsky. Referee — Arthur Powell, Syracuse. Umpire—W. D. Funkhouser, Wabash. Linesman—E. J. Lind, Amherst. Substitutions—Penn.: Crowley for Farmakis, Pennie for Zucker. Cornell: Sunders for Kiser, Blino for Cunningham, Holbrook for Wahl, O'Connor for Livingston, Livingston for O'Connor, Criswell for Livingston, Gates for Baugher.

POLY PREP RUNNERS LEAD.

Bernard Victor in Brooklyn Cross-Country Title Chase.

Harriers of Poly Prep School won the annual Brooklyn high schools' championship cross-country run held yesterday over the Prospect Park course of about three and one-quarter miles. To the school went the team championship, and Paul Bernard also gave Poly Prep the individual championship. Poly Prep's winning score was twenty-one points.

Forty-nine runners, representing six Brooklyn high schools, started in the race, and all gave way to Bernard. He went to the lead in the first mile, and retained the pace-setting position to the finish to win by about 100 yards from a schoolmate, P. Reynolds. Bernard covered the distance in 18:12 2-5, slightly less than the course record. Manual Training and Erasmus Hall High Schools each entered two teams. The Erasmus first team was second with fifty-five points, and the Manual's first team was third with sixty-six. Commercial was fourth with 152 points.

Poly Prep team also won a trophy offered by Paul Keith to the school whose athletes returned the lowest score.

IN AID OF BILLIARD FUND.

Exhibition at Doyle's Brings $51 Toward Purchase of Ambulances.

In the first local endeavor for the Billiard Players' Ambulance Fund at Doyle's last night $51 was collected by Frank Cole, Chairman of the committee, at Doyle's at an exhibition smoker pool match in which Howard Shoemaker, national amateur pocket billiard champion, and Damon Runyon defeated Alfredo De Oro, professional three-cushion champion, and William Farnsworth by 125 to 110. Shoemaker had a high run of 25, De Oro one of 21, Farnsworth one of 15, and Runyon one of 12.

WAR DOG AT BENCH SHOW.

Battlefield Hero Fails to Get Ribbon at Madison Square Garden.

American flags and shields with the Red Cross insignia were the chief adornments of the club room of Madison Square Garden yesterday, at the third specialty show of the German Shepherd Dog Club of America, held for the benefit of the American Field Ambulance Corps. There was a good attendance and Mrs. C. H. Yates, President of the club, and her coworkers, felt that all their labors for the war fund had been well worth while.

One war dog limped into the ring for the open class for dogs, Mrs. Claude Pinney's Marshall French, the disfigurement being the result of a bullet on the battle lines not so long ago. At shows, however, the ribbons go to the best looking and war valor does not count, so Marshall French did not gain one of the ribbons.

All the classes were large, ranging from twenty to thirty-five dogs in each, and Vinton P. Breese, the sole judge, had a hard day's work. He has judged in all parts of the country, but, in his opinion, the aggregate was the best and heaviest in numbers that any American show has ever had in the breed. Every dog benched is at the disposal of the War Department when needed for our soldiers.

The winning dog puppy, T. Ward Wasson's Othello von Edelweiss, celebrated his first birthday at the show, but was eligible as being still under 12 months when the entries closed. In American-bred dogs the winner was H. F. Godfrey, Jr.'s, Otto, later third in the limit and fourth in the large open class. This dog was perfect in body and expression, although a bit thick in the head, and was benched for the first time.

John Gans, Jr.'s, Komet von Hoheluft, very typical, and adding to a grand conformation the furtive movement that is highly regarded in a police or war dog, won in American-bred and limit dogs. Mr. Gans's ch. Harras II. of Elmview captured the open and winners' classes, in the latter the nice specimen, Frank Spiekerman's ch. Max, being reserve.

Benjamin H. Throop's Hero of Elmview, well up throughout, won the bred-by-exhibitor class, and his Tosca of Elmview made a sweep of the American-bred, open, bred by exhibitor, and winners' classes for bitches, which will be good news to the owner, who is under arms as a volunteer private in a Pennsylvania regiment.

COMMERCE HARRIERS WIN.

Beat De Witt Clinton in Annual Cross-Country Race by 19 to 41.

The cross-country team of High School of Commerce turned the tables on the harriers of De Witt Clinton H. S. in their annual dual road race, held yesterday morning over the Commerce course of about two and one-half miles, and won with a point score of 19 to 41. This was the final chase of the season for Commerce. Part of the race was run through Central Park.

S. Blumberg led the Commerce team in its victory. He led from the start of the run and crossed the finish line in winning position in 14:17. Two schoolmates, M. Cohen and T. Gorey, trailed him over the line in second and third positions, respectively. The first Clinton runner to finish was N. Nicolaidas, who finished in fourth place.

CLINTON NATATORS VICTORS

Take First Place in Every Event Against Townsend Harris.

De Witt Clinton High School's swimming team triumphed over Townsend Harris Hall in a dual competition yesterday morning in the West Sixtieth Interior Baths by 39 to 14. De Witt Clinton swimmers were first in every event and easily showed superiority. H. Hartman won the 220-yard swim, but finished only a slight margin ahead of R. Pfeiffer of Townsend Harris Hall.

Flushing Harriers Beat St. Paul.

Flushing High School cross-country team triumphed over the St. Paul's School harriers in a dual race yesterday over the latter school's course of about two and one-half miles, at Garden City, L. I., by a score of 16 to 39. A. Tracey of Flushing High School won the individual honors of the race in 13:31.

Men Receiving Commissions from Second Training Camp.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Nov. 24.—The names of 2,333 training students, with their rank, were given out by Colonel Paul A. Wolf, commandant of the Plattsburg training camp, late this afternoon, but not until the newspapers arrive here tomorrow morning from New York and New England will the men learn of their ranks.

There are now on the enrollment book 2,743 men, which shows that about 410 were not commissioned, but it was stated at headquarters tonight that several men would yet be selected for aviation and the Ordnance Department.

In the following list those whose addresses are not given are residents of New York:

NEW YORK DIVISION.

CLASS A.

Infantry.

These men are to be called to active duty at the close of the camp to fill existing vacancies in the national army or to be attached to regular army organizations:

MAJORS.

Wallace, L. G., Lakewood, N. J.
Cooke, R. S., Brooklyn.
Dougherty, E. L.
Livingston, C. E.
Goodrich, D. M.
Litchfield, E. H.
Adee, George T.
Lindsley, H. D.
Campion, Howard L., Brooklyn.

CAPTAINS.

Hamerschlag, R. J.
Bull, Charles C., San Francisco.
Gill, Robert S.
Briscoe, C. H.
Gahris, Leroy H.
Robinson, Harry D., Jamaica, L. I.
Cook, Henry J.
Butler, Robert W.
Henno, J., Brooklyn.
Tobin, Clark W.
Coorman, M. D., Lexington, Va.
Lazo, Mario.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Martin, John S., Kew Gardens.
Grant, Harry E.
Brinkerhoff, H. E.
Galloway, J. T., Newburg.
Kilroe, T. F., Brooklyn.
Prouse, Lylem, Fayetteville, N. C.
Overton, Carlton B.
Burrill, E. L., Jr.
Osborne, James C., Fort Slocum, N. Y.
Quinn, William R., Brooklyn.
Currier, Frank P., Brooklyn.
Boyd, Gordon.
Mulvey, Joseph P., Brooklyn.
Sully, Michael F.
Pouch, H. R., New Brighton.
Melcher, John.
Griffin, Martin G.
Tucker, Richard W.
Cahill, Harry F.
Ayers, Milton J.
Bullusky, J. J., Fort Slocum, N. Y.
Sumner, Richard E.
Murphy, Joseph M.
Reed, Jonathan D.
Cornell, T. L., East Orange, N. J.
Graef, Arthur W.
Farnum, Lee V.
Marsh, Frank.
Rachek, John.
Grant, Arthur.
Coonan, J., Ft. Slocum, N. Y.
Surber, Paul D.
Kirk, William H.
Brown, R. R., Urbana, Ill.
Morley, J. A., Glen Ridge, N. J.
Brocker, W. G., Lindstrom, Minn.
Watson, C. P., Coronado, Cal.
Grant, G. M., New Rochelle.
Clark, R., Shelter Island Heights, L. I.
Hartzell, Arthur E.
Kochwitz, Fred'k A.
Warshaw, E. T., Jersey City.
Lee, Thomas H.
James, Marcus.
Burrows, E. G., Buffalo.
Baker, O. H., Tompkinsville.
Birmingham, D. J.
Gleason, F., Thompson, N. Y.
Wirths, C. W., Bklyn.
Darby, M. G., Ridgeway, Penn.
Clayton, W. B., Bklyn.
Hatch, W. C., Warsaw, N. Y.
Baunet, William.
Carney, D. J., Yonkers.
Montague, Vance E.
Page, Russell M.
Drechsel, C., Brooklyn.
Wright, B. C., B'klyn.
Baker, W. E., B'klyn.
Henry, Thomas.
Harman, John T.
Stewart, F. M., Rochester.
Dimon, H. D., Groton, N. Y.
Kennedy, Herbert.
Bristol, H. B., B'klyn.
Deevy, William J.
Brinsmade, Paul S.
Rowe, Allen C., Fort Slocum.
Peck, C. E., Mountain Lakes, N. J.
Fritz, F. A., Butler, N. J.
McNally, Edward E.
Macrum, W. W., Oakmont, Penn.
Frazier, Duncan.
Morris, L. E., Long Branch.
Gillow, J. S., B'klyn.
Nelson, John, B'klyn.
Coleman, Robert L.
Conger, Frederic.
Groser, L. H., B'klyn.
Gard, Edwin S., Jr.
Brown, Paul D., Garden City.
Griffin, W. M., B'klyn.
Neale, Lawrence J.
Kluepfel, Roland W.
Price, Edward J.
Slater, H. De Witt, Brooklyn.
Kane, H. F. F., Mamaroneck.
Upham, F. B., B'klyn.
Fitzgibbon, James E.
Roome, Clarence S.
Stern, Henry R.
Garrett, Thomas S.
Clarke, Charles J. C.
Dalglish, J. C., Jamestown.
Allen, W. D., Jr., Brooklyn.
McClintock, Alexander, Lexington, Ky.
Gurry, T. F., Jr.
Fagan, John.
Carle, E. H., Millbrook.
Greene, Carl F.
Warren, H. T., Forest Hills.
Scott, Eli T.
Perrelis, Americo C.
Spaulding, C. W., Poughkeepsie.
King, K. B., Warren, Ohio.
Clinch, James N.
Kopff, F. L., B'klyn.
Madden, Jay, B'klyn.
Sizer, Robert R., Jr.
Pelton, Benjamin W.
Senter, C. A., B'klyn.
Ovington, Harold D.
Sineath, Leroy F.
Keyes, Joseph A.
Adams, John F.
Wilson, Cecil D.
Wilson, W. H., Edwardsville, Penn.
Taubert, W. H., Mt Vernon.
Paine, William N.
Bennett, Howe, New Brighton.
Johnson, A. D., Houston, Va.
Duffey, Felix H.
Caston, Robert M.
Brandon, W. M.
Soltmann, Walter E.
Ecker, F. W., B'klyn.
Barron, B. M., B'klyn.
Sayward, Carl O.
Farley, R. S., B'klyn.
Ebbott, Percy J.
Helm, Carl.
McDermott, H., Jr.
Walden, G. S., Queens, L. I.
Dederer, E., Nyack.
Levy, Isaac B.
Bennett, John D.
Fillebrown, T. S., Cold Spring.
Klipstein, A., Jr.
Hotler, A. R., B'klyn.
Barrett, Edmund E.
Pott, W. S. A.
Servis, John H.
Miller, Joe E.
Perody, A., Fort Slocum.
Buckley, Francis J.
Elser, M., Jr.
Eichelmann, George.
Parisette, Jacob O., Brooklyn.
Hills, Gerald T.
Tyrrel, Ralph T., Brooklyn.
Stevens, E., Brooklyn.
Welch, Philip H.
Lindgrove, M. S.
Krens, Cortland K., Washington, D. C.
Bunner, J. F., Smullton, Penn.
Fox, W. A., Brooklyn.
Gibbs, Harold A., Mt. Vernon.
Gosling, Ernest P.
Keogh, M. J., Jr., New Rochelle.
Green, L. H., Washington, D. C.
McDonald, J., Fort Slocum.
Barnum, W. F., Brooklyn.
Schneebeli, W. W.
Howe, F. R., Hicksville, L. I.
Bell, William R., Forest Hills.
Royce, Stephen W., Liberty, N. Y.
Peck, C. Baldwin, Jr., Rochester.
Lentz, William.
Wilson, George R., Milton, N. Y.
Snedecor, James L., Brooklyn.
Lord, D., Brooklyn.
Hanley, J. F., Brooklyn.
Reed, Lynn P.
Craig, M., Washington Court House, Ohio.
Marrs, Obrey R.
Busby, Francis A.
Fitzgerald, S. B.
Marshall, C. A., Cedarhurst, L. I.
Scott, G. S., Fort Slocum.
McIntyre, W. H., Jr.
Carroll, W. F., New Rochelle.
Moore, Claude E.
Bellinger, J. B., 2d.
Groesbeck, H., Jr.
Mann, Herman F., Milwaukee.
Clark, Dorsie J.
Rabineau, F. L.
Walsh, Francis P.
Lent, Winfred F., Poughkeepsie.
O'Connell, E. R.
Vollner, W. H.
Agar, James R.
Francis, Joseph A., Dobbs Ferry.
Verman, Wm., Scranton, Penn.
Harbeson, Robert A., Flemingsburg, Ky.
Breitenfeld, Emil.
Kelley, John F., Jr.
Doyle, Edward T.
Sills, Kenneth L., Mt. Vernon.
Nicoll, Edward H., Upper Montclair.
Baily, G. I., Brooklyn.
Devereaux, Jack.
Trainor, Francis C.
Whitney, Parkhurst L., Clifton Springs, N.Y.
Steinkemp, Herman.
Burlingame, Wm. R.
Vaninwegan, P. B., Port Jervis.
West, Harry.
Burns, Wm. S., Scarborough, N. Y.
Hill, Charles A.
Henley, T. J., Jr.
Eylers, J. G., Yonkers.
Goldsmith, Irving E.
Zucker, Wm. K., Mt. Vernon.
McLaughlin, Paul A.
Treat, S. M., Richmond Hill.
Berry, W. B., Flushing.
Crossett, Charles R., Somerville, Mass.
Townsend, Frank S.
Parsons, Charles.
Langel, Merle L.
Hubner, George H., Brooklyn.
Reimerth, Charles H., Brooklyn.
Caten, William L., Jr., Gouverneur, N. Y.
Stockey, George C., Chicago.
Webster, Walter W., Syracuse.
Bonynge, Russell.
King, John C.
Craft, James C.
Heilman, Warren B.
Blun, Melville F.
Higgins, Joseph T.
Hammond, Lowell W.
Wagner, Richard A.
Benedict, Elliott S.
Deevey, Jefferson.
Robbins, W. G., B'klyn.
Malab, Peter.
Gallagher, Wm. F., Jr., Rockville Centre.
Darrin, R. M., Corning.
Greisen, Henry B.
Hayes, Jeremiah J.
Whitmarsh, Karl R.
White, James, Rockville Centre.
Valentini, E. E., Detroit, Mich.
Walker, Frederick E.
Schoenfeld, Perry L.
Adams, Charles L., Mount Vernon.
Gilman, Frederick.
Wiechers, Manoln.
Nemser, C., Brooklyn.
Williams, Gordon.
Leale, Loyal.
Kilburn, James B.
Jennings, Royston.
Gorman, John J.
Donaldson, James H.
Webb, H. G., B'klyn.
Gottschaldt, Alan C., Hempstead, L. I.
Lockey, Joseph B.
Cohn, Alan F.
O'Reardon, Henry.
Fish, Sidney W.
Samuels, Milton.
Tuthill, T. E., B'klyn.
Morse, S. R., B'klyn.
Fee, Perry J., Yonkers.
Cox, G. K., Brooklyn.
Mulvey, T. F., B'klyn.
Asinari, C. S. M.
Allard, O. E., B'klyn.
Burns, Grant.
McCoy, P. J., Jr.
Hoag, A. C. H., Mt. Vernon.
Kelley, Andrew B.
Jacobson, Lester, Lawrence, L. I.
Hicks, Henry C., Williamsport, Penn.
Nelson, R. R., B'klyn.
Schader, Joseph E.
Moyse, Isidor K.
Fisher, Robert B.
Blankfort, Robert G., Brooklyn.
Evans, Walter G.
Nathon, H. L., Astoria.
Smith, Arthur H.
Sterling, Schuyler B.
Dimick, K. E., Montreal.
Smith, William D., Mount Vernon.
Newman, Charles F., Jr., Brooklyn.
Barkelew, Samuel W.
Hanrahan, John J., Yonkers.
Edwards, Harold T.
Meseler, Robert E.
Empie, C. D., Seward, N. Y.
Steinmetz, William C.
Eeck, Fred F.
Donnelly, Frank W.
Vega, Rafael, B'klyn.
Barkelew, P. V., B'klyn.
Wightman, Leroy A., Huntington, L. I.
Coleman, Peter W., Brooklyn.
Soss, Henry.
Surber, W. A., Richmond Hill.
Logan, H. B., Buffalo.
Landrett, Robert N., Schenectady.
Kidder, Joseph T.
Treacy, Edgar J.
Wren, William C.
Millsaps, Lewis H., Montpelier, Miss.
Davis, C. O., Trenton.
O'Keefe, Samuel.
Covert, Alonzo M.
Brown, Roger M.
Ward, J. E., U. S. A.
Brown, L. D., Scranton.
Richmond, Lawrence.
Abrams, Raub, New Rochelle.
Krauss, Herman E.
Sullivan, James S.
Withers, Loris A.
Twomey, Thomas A., Hartsdale, N. Y.
Hernon, Gerald J.
Tussey, Moore C.
Clair, P. E., Brooklyn.
Ambler, Richard J., Bronxville, N. Y.
Landry, Gabriel A.
Stewart, C. G., 22d Inf.
Pope, R., Brooklyn.
Delaney, James F.
Nally, Walter J.
Davis, Carl H.
Krieg, J. J., Kingsbridge.
Costikyan, Kevork.
Connolly, Bernard F.
Sills, Malcolm R., Mt. Vernon.
Goss, Nance A.
McIlwain, Morris H.
Farrell, Hilery F.
Ace, C. R., Brooklyn.
Kney, L. G., Brooklyn.
Werblow, Robert N., Brooklyn.
Picker, David H., Brooklyn.
Farrell, Doddridge.
Mertheim, Albert.
Roach, Charles E.
Williams, Colley E.
Scanlon, William J.
Weintraub, Irving.
Shepard, R., B'klyn.
Eevy, Walter S.
Henderson, Albert H.
Hildebrand, J. C., Jr., Brooklyn.
Langer, A. B., B'klyn.
Bickelhaupt, George, Woodmere, L. I.
McGahhey, J. E., Ft. Slocum.
MacFarlane, T. R., Beacon, N. Y.
Krug, George W.
Levine, Oscar.
Cobb, J. W., Huntington, L. I.
Githans, Thomas F.
Mee, Vincent D.
Grover, H. B., B'klyn.
Wechsler, L. A.
Thorne, H. C., Jr., Brooklyn.
Finnerty, D. F., Bklyn.
English, Roy R.
Roach, John N., Jr.
Seymour, Lawrence B.
Malefaki, N. S., B'klyn.
Schmidt, V. R., Nazareth, Penn.
Harding, Thomas J., Yonkers.
Tinsley, William.
Blake, Thomas.
Garrity, G. F., B'klyn.
Sampter, E. Lawrence.
Bien, Julius, Jr.
Blood, W. P., Buffalo.
Lasriovich, W. D., U. S. A.
Dunstan, Wendell J., Spokane, Wash.
Bertron, Walter H.
Booth, Hansen.
Knight, William H.
Middleberger, E. A.
Schermerhorn, A. C.
Griscom, Ludlow.
Schechter, Frank I.
Below, Carl, Ozone Park, L. I.
Pridby, Vern.
Lambert, H. G., Phila.
Torrey, Owen L.
Smith, F. V., B'klyn.
Wheeler, Chester E., Mount Vernon.
Blakeley, James A., Brooklyn.
Hess, Edwin.
Eustis, Elmer T.
McCauley, D. N., Jr.
Brooks, F. A., B'klyn.
Marks, James C., Jr.
Cunningham, H., Jr.
Frost, E. S., B'klyn.
Charitree, Andrew J., Glens Falls.
Richards, Curtis D., East Orange, N. J.
Hood, E. D., B'klyn.
Doscher, W. S., B'klyn.
Webster, Samuel C.
Barmore, Henry D., Brooklyn.
Kane, Edwin V.
Kiely, Michael A., Hawthorne, N. Y.
Renouard, C., B'klyn.
Morrison, Luther E.
Moseley, J. L., B'klyn.
Satterlee, Edward L.
Gates, J. E., Irvington.
Sutherland, Spencer J., Yonkers.
McCadden, Henry J.
Wiechman, Walter G.
Hilder, Herbert.
Monehan, John J.
Rodihan, William F.
Crosby, Gaston E.
Joyce, J. Curtis.
Davis, Herbert R., Ossining.
Martiney, A. A.
Cummins, Albert S., Chicago.
Eaton, R. H., Shippinsburg, Penn.
Shipley, J. H.
Eagleton, John T.
Wright, B. B., private 165th Inft.
Dorsey, James E.
Brewer, H. S., East Orange.
Holland, E. A., Jr., Queens.
McManus, J. J., Bklyn.
Mehlin, Paul C.
Stephens, Charles W.
Horton, C. W., Jr., Peekskill.
Shea, William.
Duncanson, Donald D., Ossining.
Black, A., Brooklyn.
Cunningham, F., Rye.
Griffin, J. E., Tarrytown.
Malraison, Leon, Mt Vernon.
Loreb, L., Jr., B'klyn.
Brodrick, Charles B.
Goldberg, S. I., Rockaway Beach.
Hoffman, A., Yonkers.
Bantz, Louis M., College Point.
Horton, A. J., B'klyn.
Jackson, W. C., Amelia, Va.
Dornhecker, P. W.
Stark, Lloyd R.
Cox, Sidney H., New Hampton, N. Y.
Van Deventer, A., Brooklyn.
Pottier, A. R., Corp. Co. C, 165th Inf.
Lloyd, Llewellyn.
Daly, John W.
Coogan, Gardiner.
Goldin, Gullie B.
Keeler, G. B., B'klyn.
Reilly, John W.
Blackburn, Ernest W., Gilford College, N.C.
Lee, Stephen M.
Southworth, George P., Brooklyn.
Martin, Lawrence M.
Harrington, Leigh W., Newark, N. J.
Higgins, Louis S.
Buchterkirch, Geo. C., Sea Cliff, N. Y.
Wood, K. B., B'klyn.
Elkhart, Ind.
Johnston, W. G.
Ferris, Thomas H., Brooklyn.
Mann, J., Brooklyn.
Hiller, Hyman S.
Shepard, Lawrence H., Brooklyn.
Benedict, F., Brooklyn.
Dalziel, A. Y., Yonkers.
Frindel, Samuel, Jr., Brooklyn.
Bolger, Patrick A.
Pedrick, Wm. J., Jr., Brooklyn.
Leboutellier, Sidney P., Scottsville, N. Y.
White, William F.
Schofield, Carleton B., Peekskill.
Ryan, J. H., Brooklyn.
Cartays, Oscar E.
Hayes, William H.
Chesebro, Samuel J.
Leshi, Andrew W.
Carples, Edmond N.
Campbell, Harry B.
McLean, James L., Brooklyn.
Ham, Milton C., Millbrook, N. Y.
Forrost, William L.
Ginsberg, M., Bronx.
Roberton, William J.
Dobbin, Benjamin H., Port Chester.
Smith, Harold V., Saratoga.
Quirk, John J.
Siegel, Hyman.
Tuohy, J. J., B'klyn.
Eddy, Allyn N.
Carruth, C. R., Jr.
Newman, Nathaniel.
Neilson, Wm. W., Ridgefield, N. J.
Rita, F. G., Brooklyn.
Finn, H. C., B'klyn.
Berger, Walter G.
McCreery, Sidney F.
Drouilliard, B. W.
McNamara, J. J., Jr., Beacon, N. Y.
Farrell, Thomas J.
Wennerholm, C. A.
Gordon, Harry R.
Patterson, Irving H.
Levy, Julius G.
Hoyt, Charles A.
Breckinridge, B. H., Yonkers.
Scarlett, A. E., Mt Vernon.
Ringold, Murray.
Clark, John L.
Deschler, M. D., Bklyn.
Schwerin, John M.
Griffin, Thomas F.
Segaltz, Edward A.
Cullinan, John J.
Flamman, J. W., Bklyn.
Silverstein, Leo.
Harding, Gardner L.
Klingbeil, Frank L., Lorain, Ohio.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Delmoe, Frederick P.
Pigott, George H.
Smithers, W., B'klyn.
Blandy, William H.
O'Keefe, Robert R.
Tittlebaum, Harry.
Gleason, J. J., B'klyn.
Mulliner, G. A., B'klyn.
Powell, J. W., Jr., Buffalo.
Henry, P. R., B'klyn.
Hosford, Harry.
Stanley, H., Watertown.
Sherman, Roger.
Leon, Morton W.
Glover, William H.
Davidson, Justice S.
Gorter, P., Baltimore.
Stokes, George T.
Rowland, Charles R.
Wheelan, Robert B.
Manly, J. F., B'klyn.
Reynes, Morris S.
Lowenthall, A., B'klyn.
Purley, George A.
Vanburen, George B., Poughkeepsie.
Sullivan, Patrick J.
Roe, W. D., Brooklyn.

CLASS B.

Commissioned as Second Lieutenants, Officers' Reserve Corps. These men are selected for eventual commissions, as vacancies occur, as Provisional Second Lieutenants of the regular army:

Infantry.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Lanier, Lyman J., Ft. Slocum.
Shields, Charles F.
Hilliker, Douglass H.
Annin, William E., Katonah, N. Y.
Knapp, Thomas P.
Martin, J. C., Landsdown, Penn.
Holcombe, J. G., Jr.
McClure, Robert, Piedmont, Cal.
Sherman, Hoyt.
Burke, John J., Ft. Slocum.
McNulty, Donald.
Folks, Irving.
Hubbard, E. P., Chatham, N. J.
Clark, W. W., Brooklyn.
Loughborough, R., Jr.
Carrier, E. C., Corey, Penn.
Collins, W. C., Brooklyn.
Timothy, J. A., Highland Falls, N. Y.
Morse, L. F., Brooklyn.
Perry, Harold C., Wilmington, N. C.
Herr, Wilmer W. E., Flemington, N. J.
Hagglund, L., Huntington, N. Y.
Singleton, Jouett F.
Page, Donald O.
Winsons, C. B., Tuckahoe, N. Y.
Erkenbrack K. B., Brooklyn.
Stone, Ellsworth A., Woodhaven, L. I.
Iselin, Henry.
Kelber, William H., Brooklyn.
Camman, Philip G.
McKee, Samuel.
Tritschler, Arthur.
Scheid, Frederick J.
Smart, A. W., B'klyn.
Davis, George M.
McDowell, R. E., Jersey City.
Armstrong, Joseph B., Whitestone, L. I.
O'Neil, E. C., B'klyn.
Hanrahan, Joseph J.
Parker, C. D., Purcellville, Va.
Johnson, C. E., Bklyn.
Van Horn, Alfred J., Scarsdale.
Bowdoyn, R. W.
Tyson, Alfred.
Werring, Fred'k H.
Delany, A. J., Far Rockaway.
Riegelman, H. W.

Cavalry.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Langland, Wm. H., Plattsburg.
Hall, M. R., Georgetown, Texas.
Deuchar, Charles D.
Ughetta, Peo, B'klyn.
McMillan, D. S., Fort Slocum.
Irby, Richard, Plattsburg.
Baldwin, W. R., Belrose, L. I.
Smith, Lewis G.
Shaw, Thomas.

Field Artillery.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Walsh, N. P., Philadelphia.
Miley, Thomas M.
Siebecker, Carl C., Scranton.
Dunnington, W. G., Jr.
Gallagher, Alfred C., Brooklyn.
Walbridge, Ernest.
Gertz, H., Jamaica.
Hogarth, J. D., Smithsport, Penn.
Brill, C. B. F., Bloomsburg, Penn.
Walsh, William O.
Abrahams, B. T., Hollis, L. I.
Gilbert, Cass, Jr.
McGrath, D. G., Passaic.
St. Hill, T. N., New Rochelle.
Gervais, Royal L.
Dayton, H. C., Port Jefferson.
McConnell, F. J., Richmond Hill.

ADDITIONAL TO LIST B.

Commissioned Second Lieutenants, Officers' Reserve Corps: Pursuant to instructions Adjutant General's letter of Nov. 1, there is listed below, in alphabetical order, the names of candidates who took the examination of July 23, 1917, for appointments as provisional Second Lieutenants, and as a result of that examination are on the eligible list for appointment as provisional Second Lieutenants.

Joyce, Thomas F.
Pratt, John D., Jr.

Field Artillery.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Dugan, Thomas H., Jr.
Richards, Frank T.
Logan, W. J., B'klyn.
McCarthy, F., B'klyn.
Sleeper, Harold R.
Sterling, E. A., Monte Christo, Texas.

CLASS C.

These men to be commissioned as indicated at the close of camp, called to active duty immediately and granted leave of absence until Dec. 15, on which date they will report to the commanding officer of the National Army Division or regular army regiment to which they may be assigned:

(An asterisk is placed in front of names of those whose commissions are not to be in Officers' Reserve Corps.)

CAPTAINS.

*Beekman, G., Hoppin, N. Y.
*Johns, E. B., Baldwin, L. I.
Riggs, Royal E.
*Wicks, Forsyth.
Drayton, Emlen M.
Baker, Roy G.
Webb, James, Fort Slocum.
Ackerman, J., Peekskill.
Doykin, William D., Brooklyn.
Bretz, L. B., Dobbs Ferry.
*Wicks, Forsyth.
*Adams, R. R., Yonkers.
Warwick, Robert.
De Weed, Charles.
Bishop, George W.
Hallock, Roy, Brooklyn.
Hetrigrue, Winfred K., Brooklyn.
Busk, Frederick W.
Camp, V. N., Brooklyn.
Compton, George S.
Lilly, J. J., Brooklyn.
Reynolds, John B.
McCarty, William.
Hopman, Bayard C., East Islip, L. I.
McGuire, James J., Fort Slocum.
Garnjost, Frederick W., Yonkers.
Meads, Lawrence G., Bronxville.
Ray, Wood L.
Legate, John W., San Antonio, Texas.
Hennessey, James J.
Tucker, Albert J.
Constable, William.
Roche, E. M. B.
Nolan, Charles J.
Kusche, Charles W.
Waldo, Richard H.
Van Auker, Cecil K.
Ferris, J. B., St. Albans, L. I.
Jones, Arthur R.
MacIvor, Edmund J.
Gay, W. L., Mineola, L. I.
Warfield, Thomas W.
Reeder, George A.
Bresnan, James L.
Semger, Ralph.
Hoyle, Gardner H.
Murray, William F.
Moffat, Donald.
Wendel, Frederick D.
Kikeldey, Otto.
Bayley, W., Somers, N. Y.
Smith, E. T., St. James, L. I.
Murray, William.
Crandall, Derby, Jr.
Speer, Stuart P., Oil City, Penn.
Stoddard, Charles H.
Peet, J. D., Rye, N.Y.
Hayhurst, Alfred J.
Pendleton, Charles M.
Payne, Harry O.
Davis, Emanuel.
Hastings, Robert A.
Benson, Stuart.
Crawford, John F., Flushing.
Value, Beverly M., East Orange, N. J.
Durant, Donald.
Russell, Paul L., White Plains.
Grinnell, Robert S.
Dwyer, William H.
Colline, Edward, New Rochelle.
Peters, John E.
Baxter, Othel.
McClelland, Wm. F.
MacDuff, Douglass, Peekskill.
Helms, Birch.
Wagner, Frank J.
Hamblen, Arthur J.
Imbrie, James.
Seery, Irving P., Newark, N. J.
McGeehan, Wm. O.
Downes, Clinton S.
Merrill, Charles E., Huntington, L. I.
Woodbridge, Francis.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Reed, J. H., Ft. Slocum.
Demontguyon, H. V.
Whitehouse, Henry J.
Browne, P. St. C.
Pratt, William H., Glendale, L. I.
Chasins, Marcus L.
Bain, Frederick S.
Brundage, Albert E., Brooklyn.
Gibson, R. D., Garden City.
Vincent, Richard R.
Groves, M., Brooklyn.
Wilson, D. S., B'klyn.
Murray, R., Brooklyn.
Marchant, Luther B.
Augustine, Floyd B.
O'Connor, R. B., B'klyn.
Lester, Dudley G.
Hart, Benjamin S.
Riley, J. A., Babylon.
Clinch, Watt W.
Chapin, James P., New Brighton.
Butler, James, Jr.
Hamilton, Walter A.
Kieser, Frank P.
Currie, George A., Hasbrouck Heights.
McLaughlin, Walter J., Avon, N. Y.
Horton, Charles M., Middletown, N. Y.
Willis, William H.
Rusk, Henry J., Cold Springs, N. Y.
Allen, Frederick M., Peekskill.
Wheeler, Leon H.
Shaw, Edwin D.
Campbell, Duncan, Brooklyn.
Gordon, Roland B.
Sutton, E. L.
Jeffords, Joseph P., Columbia, S. C.
Hudson, Andrew J.
Jabureck, Charles C.
Bernero, Frank A.
Cain, Bernard, West Point.
Phillips, Charles L., Plattsburg.
De Mauriac, Guy M.
Donnelly, Charles F., Brooklyn.
Delehanty, John B.
Clock, Herbert W., Freeport.
Brussell, Herbert S.
Hughes, Scott.
Masterson, John W.
McMahon, Joseph T.
Fredman, Albert C.
Marion, Clyde F.
Mulholland, Edmund F., Brooklyn.
Kelly, C. P., B'klyn.
Banker, Paul J.
Frank, Coleman D.
Bigelow, Warren.
Warfield, Richard E.
Fitzgerald, John J.
Marsh, John W.
Collins, Walter W., Bayside.
Powell, Edward A., Syracuse.
Brown, Harry M., Mount Kisco, N. Y.
Frank, Benjamin.
Halls, Frank L.
Conolly, John W., Rockaway Park.
Mahon, William F.
Lawrence, Joseph L.
Shear, Theodore L.
Rose, Harry, Ossining.
Chadourne, M. O.
Graham, James B., Montgomery, N. Y.
Livingston, Henry M.
Carman, William W., Summit, N. J.
Blessman, Gustav J. M., Brooklyn.
Burglund, Frits O., Richmond Hill.
Sheeran, Davis J.
Erck, C. R., B'klyn.
Marino, Joseph J.
Cunneen, Joseph F., Bronxville.
Bell, William W.
Severy, Louis W., Brooklyn.
Tully, William R., Elmhurst, L. I.
Ritcher, Stanley L.
Esteves, Frederick J., Yonkers.
Schmidt, Arnold.
Whitcomb, Frank J.
Smith, George R.
Palmer, William E.
Hovey, Gustav A.
Church, Elvin H.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Spurr, H. V., Montreal.
Quittner, Joseph.
O'Brien, Raymond A.
Busch, A. C., Brooklyn.
Cappel, H. N., Mt. Vernon.
Van Wezel, Lewis.
McCormack, Henry M., Yonkers.
Thomas, E. O., Huntington, Quebec.
Gillespie, Alex. J.
Goldberg, Aaron N.
Rantoul, Endicott.
Dunn, Albert J.
Grimes, F. E., Ticonderoga.
McIlwaine, James.
Murphy, John O., Mt. Vernon.
Huyler, R. I., Warwick, N. Y.
Ostrander, Remsen B., Kingston, N. Y.
Drake, Roswell J.
Jacobs, Cristina A.
Hoffman, Albert J.
Lawton, Maxwell F., Brooklyn.
Grayton, B. J., Cincinnati.
Nicoll, W., Glen Cove.
Kupfer, Arnold K.
Littau, Harry G.
Francis, Mont. L.
Hawkshurst, G. T.
Kelly, Henry E.
Boyle, Donald E.
Vaughan, James A.
Mulry, Francis X.
Newball, Donald V.
Kelley, H. S., Brooklyn.
Affleck, J. G., Yonkers.
Diefendorf, W. K., Mt. Vernon.
Hall, Cecil J.
Bliss, Robert F., Jr.
Davis, S. T., Brooklyn.
Gallagher, James D., Brooklyn.
Alces, George F.
Walz, Edgar A., Jr., Pelham.
Magee, J. A., New Bloomfield, Penn.
Eilers, Henry J., Red Hook.
Preston, Kenneth B., Tarrytown.
Kenny, F. P., Yonkers.
Newborg, L. D.
Niblack, Charles K., Mount Vernon.
Rooney, George L., Brooklyn.
Bronson, E. B., Jr.
Doyle, James A.
Cutajar, Charles J.
Timoney, John V.
Jasnike, Harry P.
Sholar, Gordon W., Flushing.
Hicke, Walter H.
Eitzel, D. S., Fort Slocum.
Glenn, William L.
Lyon, Edward A.
Grant, Eugene G.
McNamara, Francis J., Beacon.
Butcher, Osborne C., Brooklyn.
Rosenberg, Benjamin, York, Penn.
Outwater, John N.
Lattimer, Robert C.
Cerkeley, Fitzharding, Staunton, Va.
McGuire, John J.
Shipman, William C., Brooklyn.
Viner, E. C., Arden, N. Y.
Hartman, Kenneth M., Tottenville.
Henel, W. J., B'klyn.
Corboy, J. C., B'klyn.
Kirby, Philip C.
McSherry, Arthur J., Brooklyn.
November, Norman.
McLaughlin, E. J.
Thomas, Harold S., Brooklyn.
Maxwell, Allan G., Slatington, Penn.
De Kay, George H., Weldoo, N. Y.
Paradise, Victor G.
Russell, Francis C., Souderton, Penn.
Ayres, Malcolm B.
Schrenkeison, F. G., Mamaroneck.
Burr, Clinton S.
Thompson, Robert B.
Meredith, Clive B., Casenovia, N. Y.
Young, Thomas H.
Myers, Charles R., Plattsburg.
Russell, H. L., B'klyn.
Bergman, Helmer W.
Fletcher, Sidney E., Jamaica, L. I.
Hughes, Charles F.
Butler, S. W., Poughkeepsie.
Beggins, H. J., Fort Slocum.
Laughlin, D. F. S., Golden's Bridge, N.Y.
Habl, John B.
Messall, G. A., B'klyn.
Carpenter, J. J., Dutton, L. I.
Burton, Elbert F.
Bloom, R. B., Newburg.
Cox, Walter E.
Comiskey, Charles W.
Eutler, Pierce H.
Tulp, Peter A., Hackensack.
Bagley, A. H., Peekskill.
Rock, Paul C., Watertown.
Scrymgeour, A., Bklyn.
Nordeman, Jacques C.
Milde, J. F., B'klyn.
Rikeman, T. W., B'klyn.
Kleinfelder, Paul A., Brooklyn.
Kearr, C. R., B'klyn.
Berry, Francis I.
Stansfield, Leon A.
Flanigan, William A., Brooklyn.
Cooley, William O., Cold Springs.
French, James D., Seneca Falls.
Ogilvie, Walter K., Jr., Oscawana, N. Y.
Judson, John B., Jr., Gloversville.
Crane, Alfred G., Newton Centre.
McKee, Frank D.
Hall, John H., Jr.
Dawes, Stephen W., Dalton, Penn.
Levis, Chester C.
Baggs, Ralph L.
Joberg, Conrad F., East Hollis, L. I.
Ayres, Lawrence J.
Schuman, Paul G., Baldwin, L. I.
Ryan, William T.

Field Artillery.

CAPTAINS.

Bateson, E. F.
Caldwell, W. H.
Milburn, Devereux, Westbury, L. I.
Coulson, Robert E.
Townsend, Dallas S.
Weldon, Samuel A.
Addinsell, H. M., B'klyn.
Marshall, Robert P.
Henderson, Isham.
Osborne, H. F., Jr.
Lewis, James C.
Marsh, Robert McGee.
Heminway, Edwin H.
Smith, Royal D.
Othman, Roswell C.
Caten, W. E., Flushing.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Holton, Herbert M.
Jones, Nigel C.
Foster, E., Chicago.
Gibbson, Carleton B.
Dowding, Augustus C.
Gray, Donald S. M.
Ridley, J. B., B'klyn.
Laing, George S.
Bristol, R. W., B'klyn.
Logan, W. J., B'klyn.
Phillips, E. S. J.
Bristol, H. P., B'klyn.
Sealy, Robert.
Ward, T. P., B'klyn.
Keenan, W. M., B'klyn.
Tappen, Frank J., Jericho, L. I.
Goodhue, Fisher.
Wieler, H. J.
Allen, J. H., Yonkers.
Brown, Richmond L.
Jordon, Lanfare B.
Gerlach, A., Yonkers.
Hemstreet, Ralph E., Brooklyn.
Jones, R., Brooklyn.
Chauncey, Raymond.
Kahn, J. J., Brooklyn.
Jackson, Charles R.
Horton, E., Brooklyn.
Crain, D. F., Brooklyn.
Buell, M. L., Brooklyn.
Rennen, R., Queens, L. I.
Henry, Earl F.
Ripley, J. H., Hempstead.
Hendrick, Walter M., Brooklyn.
Heintz, John E.
Cobb, M., Huntington, L. I.
Brown, Innis.
Pfaus, Charles J.
Smith, Roger P.
Peabody, John P.
Wallace, William B., Brooklyn.
Phillips, John T., Lawrence, L. I.
Fowler, William F., Lynbrook, L. I.
Busch, Clarence F., Babylon, L.
Drake, J. W., Flushing.
Safford, D., Brooklyn.
Trumbull, George L.
Heminway, J. C., Brooklyn.
Anthony, Harold E.
Finkelstein, Solomon.
Danforth, C. E., Jr.
Bell, R. D., Montreal, Can.
Green, Arthur E.
Hooper, L. F., Montclair.
Case, Gordon.
Cammack, Addison.
Moore, Charles.
Palmer, C. H., Bklyn.
Baldwin, Robert H., Nyack.
Antell, Tristan.
Shons, C. H., Washingtonville.
Dooling, James J.
Leisstucker, Waldo.
Lunny, J. E., B'klyn.
Pennoyer, Paul G.
Hewlett, F. C., Merrick, N. Y.
Coleman, N. R., South Boston, Va.
Danforth, Nicholas.
Thirkield, Gilbert H., Brooklyn.
Abbott, Leon, Jr.
Richards, Lloyd.
Gordon, Michael.
Benton, Phil, Cleveland, Ohio.
Roosch, George F.
Riley, Wells L.
Marsh, Norman J.
Swihart, Homar E., Coshocton, Ohio.
Moore, Kirk, Hartsdale, N. Y.
Lewis, Lawrence, Sheffield, N. Y.
Whitcomb, N. B.
Grout, John Weeden.
Sowdon, John Irving.
Wosnopp, Frank.
Cannon, G. S., Bronxville.
Parsons, Henry O.
Hertz, B. L., Lebanon, Penn.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Stanton, Frank M.
Gefvert, Joseph C.
Blaker, Edward T.
Mitchell, William S.
Constable, Thomas W.
Atwood, Arthur R., Chasey, N. Y.
Vieweg, Frederic, Jr.
Love, John W.
Thompson, Fred'k C.
Robinson, Arthur A., Richmond Hill.
Harkins, Thomas F., Bronx.
Hallstead, William F., Scranton, Penn.
Theband, R. De St. M.
Wilkins, G. H., Jr., Lynchburg, Va.
Cullinan, Richard J., Brooklyn.
Adams, Crittenden H.
Visconti, P., Hoboken.
Moore, Charles B.
Perrin, E. O., Scarsdale, N. Y.
Pinney, Norman W.
Sharp, N. S., Waterloo, Iowa.
Hunt, Jonathan.
Fairchild, Charles W.
Cook, Norman W.
Morgenroth, Alvin S.
Sullivan, M. P., B'klyn.
Hennessy, Harold P., 105 F. A.
Leonard, Chester F., Flushing.
Wheeler, John N., Yonkers.
Cist, William B.
Allen, J. P., B'klyn.
Berliner, Leo H.
Evarts, William M.
Hayes, Carroll.
Mayer, W. C., B'klyn.
Rutherford, J., Warwick, N. J.
Kirkham, Henry P.
Reynolds, M. G., Jr.
White, A. M., West Point.
Small, Horatio L., Washington, D. C.
Swift, Emerson H.
Burten, Herbert O.
Bright, Richard T., Poughkeepsie.
Elliot, Alexander M.
Kurzman, George F.
Aldridge, Howard R.
Whittingham, E. R., 1st N. J. Cav.
Von Eltz, Julius T.
French, Cedric C.
Baillie, Earle C.
Loder, Robert.
Lemming, Wallace F.
Stockwell, Levi S.
Brainard, Walter E.
Flynt, H. N., B'klyn.
Brennan, T. G., Flushing.
Gainea, George.
Tenny, Harry C.
Ames, Lindsay Cline.
Sigel, R., Brooklyn.
Schulein, Otto.
Johnson, Horace H.
Whaley, Charles C.
Livermore, Philip W.
Lyons, Leonard H.
Speicher, C. J., Buffalo.
Snow, Harold E.
Plumb, R. G., B'klyn.
Crosthwaite, J. L., Jr., Neponsit, L. I.
Smith, Waldo.
Strahn, George E.
Ferguson, George M., Brooklyn.
Blum, William R.
Merrill, Stanley C.
Farley, Francis R.
Lord, George De F.
Nute, Harold H.
Telford, Harold C.
Charos, H. B., B'klyn.
Barcus, Walter C. J., Albany.
Young, C. S., B'klyn.
Beach, Augustus F.
Smith, H. A., B'klyn.
Tootle, Henry K.
Fisher, Bud.
Bates, Harry C.
Townsend, Ralph S., Cape May, N. J.
Choate, J. F., 103d Inf.
Arkueh, Ralph M.
Fowler, Dudley F.
Betts, Herbert P., Orange, N. J.
Waldo, Frank.
Brainard, Henry L.
Possey, Chester A., Peekskill.
Hanscom, C. L., B'klyn.
Major, C. A., B'klyn.
Stearns, Carl G.
Rea, Samuel G.
Strucker, Arthur T.
Maxwell, Robert T.
Anderson, C. A.
Pfeiffer, W., Scarsdale, N. Y.
Needham, Benj. F. F., New Rochelle, N. Y.
Morris, Lewis S.
Wardwell, J. B.
Walthew, Francis G.
Buckley, W. J.
Stout, R. L., Omaha.
Bareford, Harold S., Brooklyn.
Fowler, R. L., Katonah, N. Y.
Slosson, Theodore C., Mount Kisco, N. Y.
Herbert, Howard J.
Rogers, W. S. S., Jr.
Miller, F. S., Montpelier, Ohio.
Ryan, T. L. L., New Rochelle.
Robinson, S. B., Rye.
Reichert, R. J., Mt. Vernon.
O'Connor, Cornelius.
Rochester, E. F., Ardsley-on-Hudson.
Dibble, Leonard J.
Colligan, Arthur P.
Morris, Raymond.
Zelenko, William.
Waplers, Frederic W., Brooklyn.
Fowler, Oswald.
Brown, Stanley D.
Duryea, Howard E.
Williams, E., Washington, D. C.
Gilligan, Henry, Brooklyn.
Quinn, Joseph G., Jr., Brooklyn.
Sternberger, W. M.
Carleback, W. M.
Spoerle, William.
Eldredge, S. D.
Krick, G. W., Richmond Hill.
Callahan, Joseph B., Brooklyn.
Worden, Gerald W.

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Nov. 24.—The following are the men commissioned today from the New England Division:

CLASS A.

Infantry.

MAJORS.

Stearns, Marshall, New Canaan, Conn.
Abbott, Charles M., Watertown, Mass.
Pope, Samuel D., Brookline, Mass.
Chester, M. Colby, Jr., Greenwich, Conn.
Malone, William J., Bristol, Conn.
Green, Walter A., Auburndale, Mass.
McRae, Donald M., Boston.
Gignoux, Frederick E., Cape Cottage, Maine, field artillery.

CAPTAINS.

Kellogg, Branton H., Brookline, Mass.
Barton, Charles H., New Britain, Conn.
Dillon, Walter S., Fitchburg, Mass.
Putnam, Franklin D., Boston.
Richardson, Gardner, Woodstock, Conn.
Elwell, Alcott F., Cambridge, Mass.
Bisbee, Joseph B., Jr., Bellows Falls, Vt.
Savage, Charles Whitney, Wayne, Me.
Meyer, George Von L., Jr., Hamilton, Mass.
Willers, John A., Columbus, Ohio.
Olliver, James C., Portland, Me.
Reed, Herbert, New York.
Foss, Frederick Leon, Concord, Mass.
Channing, Walter, Jr., Boston.
Reid, Archibald, Yonkers, N. Y.
Milburn, Robert W., Dorchester, Mass.
Killion, William V., Malden, Mass.
Pond, Shepard, Winchester, Mass.
Main, Joseph H., Slocum, R. I.
Brown, Phillip M., New Ipswich, N. H.
King, Raymond T., Springfield, Mass.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Chapman, Frank W., Franklin, N. H.
Rink, Joseph W., Fleetville, Penn.
De Lacour, Reginald, Stratford, Conn.
Gillen, James B., Andover, Mass.
Sullivan, William M., Fall River, Mass.
Wellman, Sargeant H., Topsfield, Mass.
Hall, Martin L., Ellsworth, Me.
Worthley, Harlan Noyes, Greenwood, Mass.
Nichols, Lawrence H., East Lynn, Mass.
Burns, Edward S., Jr., Cambridge, Mass.
Hardenbrook, Walter L., Dorchester, Mass.
Hamilton, Otto, New Rochelle, N. Y.
McKean, Henry H., Wenham, Mass.
Sanburgh, Carl J., The Forks, Me.
Shaw, Edward L., Cambridge, Mass.
McKay, Donald S., Blue Hill, Me.
Carney, John Edmund, Roxbury, Mass.
Billings, Forrest E., Hartford, Conn.
Light, Freeman, South Norwalk, Conn.
Hurley, Phillip, Milford, Conn.
Swift, J. Ireh, III., South Dartmouth, Mass.
Packard, Roland E., Watertown, Mass.
Healy, John Blackmar, Northwood Stock, Conn.
Bourcier, Charles D., Grafton, Mass.
Weld, Aaron D., Boston.
Ryley, George W., Brookline, Mass.
Jackson, Harold P., Boston.
Brown, Harry D., Billerica, Mass.
Renne, Norman, New Bedford, Mass.
Moore, William, Gloucester, Mass.
Lippitt, Alexander F., Providence, R. I.
Schley, James N., Jr., Lyme, Conn.
Knotts, John E., Fort Adams, R. I.
Welles, Hallock, Jr., Brookline, Mass.
McCann, William F., Framingham, Mass.
Fisher, Max C., Barre, Vt.
Brown, Frederick N., Winchester, Mass.
Potter, Francis Wilcox, Portland, Conn.
Daneker, John L., Edgewood, R. I.
Potter, Paul, Leicester, Mass.
Melville, John T., Quincy, Mass.
Cole, Arthur C., East Providence, R. I.
Houston, Clarence P., Methuen, Conn.
Briggs, Harold L., Providence, R. I.
Westphal, Arthur E. L., West Newton, Mass.
Little, Royal, Brookline, Mass.
Sterns, Foster W., Boston.
Pervear, Chase K., Worcester, Mass.
Kittridge, Henry C., Concord, N. H.
Keating, Vincent L., Bridgeport, Conn.
Courtney, Paul G., Wellesley Farms, Mass.
Cobb, Roland H., Denmark, Me.
Furbush, George W., Jr., Waltham, Mass.
Amee, John L., Jr., Boston.
Mattice, Richard Gage, Penacook, N. H.
Beckert, Carl R., New Haven, Conn.
Gore, Harold M., Amherst, Mass.
Shea, Thomas P., Springfield, Mass.
Wheatley, George D., North Abington, Mass.
Cummings, Joseph W., Fall River, Mass.
Fitzgerald, Steven E., Dorchester, Mass.
Desmond, Thomas W., Randolph, Mass.
Baldwin, Harold G., Hartford, Conn.
Wayman, Herbert L., Fort Banks, Mass.
Saftel, Harry L., Dorchester, Mass.
Hary, Willard H., Brockton, Mass.
Easton, John F., Hartford, Conn.
Linehan, Robert T., Fort McKinley, Me.
Leonard, Wallace M. Jr., Newton Highlands, Mass.
Mathews, Nelson A., Fitchburg, Mass.
Evarts, Jeremiah M., Windsor, Vt.
Shepard, Edward O., Newburyport, Mass.
Clark, Morris S., Bronxville, N. Y.
White, Eugene L., North Bennington, Vt.
Rugg, Charles P., Worcester, Mass.
Wiley, William H., Hartford, Conn.
Doherty, John A., Dorchester, Mass.
Spitz, Julian H., Brookline, Mass.
Hendrick, George K., Newtonville, Mass.
White, George Munroe, Winthrop, Mass.
Williams, Henry M., Cambridge, Mass.
Canty, Daniel J., Roxbury, Mass.
Davenport, Carlton H., Griswoldville, Mass.
Hynes, James N., Wales, Mass.
Dickinson, Herbert C., Irvington-on-Hudson.
Miller, Harold A., Portland, Me.
Cafferty, Edmund J., Forestville, Conn.
Elwell, Edward R., Portland, Me.
Mitchell, Edwin Knox, Jr., Hartford, Conn.
Manley, William F., Cambridge, Mass.
Sullivan, Jeremiah, Boston, Mass.
Willis, Allen Sheldon, Bellows Falls, Vt.
Murphy, John J., Boston.
Remsey, Donald, Reading, Mass.
Rankin, Alfred E., Wellesley, Mass.
Coyle, Benedict A., Woburn, Mass.
Littlejohn, William F., Barre, Vt.
Huntington, Charles A., Jr., Windsor, Conn.
Volkmann, James H., Chestnut Hill, Mass.
Ekman, Hjalmar, Hartford, Conn.
Jones, Daniel B., Brockton, Mass.
Verbeck, Roland H., Malden, Mass.
Bouve, Walter L., Hingham, Mass.
McNally, Joseph H., Watertown, Mass.
Smith, Ralph C., New Bedford, Mass.
Gates, Curtis W., New London, Conn.
Plaisted, George E., Jr., Malden, Mass.
Woolley, Frederick P., Jr., Hartford, Conn.
Madison, Arthur, Boston.
Love, James S., Cambridge, Mass.
Sampson, Edwin Mosley, Groton, Mass.
Dane, Earl B., Providence, R. I.
McCaffrey, George H., Roxbury, Mass.
George, Arthur W., Westwood, Mass.
Read, Norman B., Worcester, Mass.
O'Brien, George E., Dorchester, Mass.
Goodrich, Sheldon B., Taunton, Mass.
Gibson, James W., West Newton, Mass.
Wiggin, Philip N., Bangor, Me.
Spickelmire, Vernon Leroy, Fort Greble, R. I.
Wiggin, Harry L., Lawrence, Mass.
Bryant, Eugene E., West Stockbridge, Mass.
Riley, William D., Baltimore, Md.
Raymond, William L., Bellows Falls, Vt.
Perry, Earl F., Bangor, Me.
Sturges, Wellesley A., Underhill, Vt.
Thompson, Edwin A., Medford, Mass.
Redway, Albert J., Jr., Cambridge, Mass.
Emmerton, Lawrence, Salem, Mass.
O'Leary, John Joseph, Salem, Mass.
Rooins, Howard W., Asby, Mass.
Brooks, James S., Brewer, Me.
Elrod, Harold G., Manchester, N. H.
O'Brien, Ralph M., Providence, R. I.
Hastings, Walcott S., Holyoke, Mass.
Foy, Francis H., Quincy, Mass.
Frazier, Frank D., Manchester, Mass.
Pickman, Dudley L., Jr., Beverly, Mass.
Talbott, Ralph Lee, Lewiston, Me.
Morris, Frederick C., Fall River, Mass.
Osterguard, Boren K., Cambridge, Mass.
Martin, Allan R., Cambridge, Mass.
Loring, Robert M., Wellesley Hills, Mass.
Bates, Harold M., Beachmont, Mass.
Steady, Louis C., Providence, R. I.
Montgomery, Stewart, Boston.
Stevenson, George E., Brookline, Mass.
Greene, William J., Waverly, Mass.
Pishon, Emmett, Brookline, Mass.
McCartney, Amherst R., Lawrence, Mass.
Foss, Alvin E., Melrose, Mass.
Goodman, Bertram E., Brookline, Mass.
Donoghue, Daniel A., Worcester, Mass.
Richards, Maxen E., Chester, Vt.
Kavanagh, Thomas J., Dorchester, Mass.
Macurda, Paul G., Boston.
Patten, Charles E., Skowhegan, Me.
Saxton, Ernest L., Seal Harbor, Me.
Field, John H., Jr., Nashua, N. H.
Cutler, Carroll S., Brookline, Mass.
Jesup, Edmund M., Riverside, Conn.
Washburn, Lewis V. N., Newtonville, Mass.
Hughes, Earl C., Worcester, Mass.
Potter, Arnold S., Lynn, Mass.
Cobble, Paul L., Fort McKinley, Me.
Hannon, John L., Lynn, Mass.
Gillin, James McKay, Bangor, Me.
Elliott, John S., Brighton, Mass.
Richardson, John M., Bridgeport, Conn.
Markham, John A., Hartford, Conn.
Ryan, John P., Cambridge, Mass.
Hurst, Edward, Hartford, Conn.
Jackson, Thomas F., New Britain, Conn.
Johnson, Russel C., Boston.
Wilnor, Ralph L., Woodbury, Conn.
Small, Carlton P., Norwich, Conn.
Price, Edmund T., New Bedford, Mass.
Blake, Joseph F., Everett, Mass.
Richardson, Robert L., Concord, Mass.
Phoutrides, Aritides, Cambridge, Mass.
Cleveland, Leo L., Baldwinville, Mass.
Crandall, Archie, Providence, R. I.
Murphy, John J., Eastport, Me.
Simpson, Walter H., Norwich, Conn.
Douglass, Charles, Brookline, Mass.
Caldwell, Royal W., Springfield, Mass.
Andrews, George W., Dorchester, Mass.
Fitzgerald, Stephen S., Auburndale, Mass.
Crowley, Charles F., Cambridge, Mass.
Downs, Gerome I. H., Boston.
Geehan, James Aloysius, South Boston.
Curley, Martin L., Jr., Boston.
Youns, Richmond, Boston.
Leeming, John H., Great Barrington, Mass.
Smith, Thomas H., Newton Centre, Mass.
Wilson, Kenneth H., Fitchburg, Mass.
Finch, Clarence M., Boston.
Butler, Howard L., Middleton, Conn.
Wilgus, Walter Q., Ann Arbor, Mich.
Gould, Paul C., Portland, Me.
Riley, Joseph M., Lowell, Mass.
Banks, Neil W., South Boston, Mass.
Morris, John T., Williamstown, Mass.
O'Reilly, Patrick J., Bridgeport, Conn.
Lockwood, Theodore R., Newton, Mass.
Wilkie, William Frederick, Providence, R. I.
Rowe, Ernest B., Boston.
Crawford, William T., Dedham, Mass.
Pond, Kenneth P., Winchester, Mass.
Shepard, Allan B., Derry, N. H.
Lord, Herbert E., Providence, R. I.
Kickham, Edward L., Brookline, Mass.
Burrows, James W., Lynn, Mass.
Worcester, Robert J. H., Concord, Mass.
MacLellan, Albert C., Boston.
Lynch, John C., Dorchester, Mass.
Mason, William H., Winchester, Mass.
Dernier, George L., Boston.
Williams, Carlos F., Darien, Mass.
Orr, Gordon Dickson, Meriden, Conn.
Brumby, William L., Hamilton, Mass.
Wright, Kenneth Y., Arlington, Mass.
Taylor, William B., New York.
Martin, Charles H., Springfield, Mass.
Murphy, Dennis P., Boston.
Weaver, Robert S., Waterbury, Conn.
Hall, Henry S., Boston.
Lee, John F., Natick, Mass.
Barney, Frank M., Springfield, Vt.
Connelly, Thomas F., Springfield, Mass.
Deroin, Frank A., Chicopee, Mass.
Babcock, Robert V., Sound Beach, Conn.
Allen, Leslie B., New Bedford, Mass.
Connor, R. E., Arlington, Mass.
Henley, Harold B., Waterloo, N. H.
Stone, Jacob B., North Adams, Mass.
Tryon, Harold N., Hartford, Conn.
Noyes, Theodore M., Newtonville, Mass.
Esterbrook, Walter L., Boston.
Carroll, James H., North Attleboro, Mass.
Winsor, Edward A., Chestnut Hill, Mass.
Heminway, Lawrence, Readville, Mass.
Granfield, William T., New Haven, Conn.
Williams, Wentworth, Woodstock, Vt.
Barton, Lawrence G., Portland, Me.
Osborn, Robert K., Boston.
Barry, William L., Fall River, Mass.
Trendelt, Clarence W., Brattleboro, Vt.
Hall, Ernest J., Allston, Mass.
Schmidt, William J., Newport, R. I.
Heminway, William P., Portland, Me.
Grant, Arnold J., North Berwick, Me.
Gardner, Arthur E., West Springfield, Mass.
Smith, William J., New Britain, Conn.
Rowell, Ernest C., Claremont, N. H.
Owens, Edward J., Newport, R. I.
Harrigan, Francis Dominick, Dorchester, Mass.
Garrow, Henry A., Chicopee Falls, Mass.
Nolan, Walter H., Brighton, Mass.
Pooler, Francis, Lynn, Mass.
Shepard, Edward G., Cambridge, Mass.
Foster, John, Winthrop Highlands, Mass.
Lewis, Walter E., Livermore Falls, Me.
Thayer, Robert, Rockland, Mass.
Langlois, Napoleon A., Pittsfield, Mass.
Shipman, Truman, New London, Conn.
Jamee, Raymond T., New Britain, Conn.
Smith, Francis A., West Newton, Mass.
Reardon, Jeremiah T., Concord, N. H.
Gray, Granville C., Brewer, Maine.
Greenhalch, Frank E., Chepachet, R. I.
Kennerly, Edgar O., Everett, Mass.
Bel, Frank E., Hartford, Conn.
Oakes, Clarence P., Fairfield, Me.
Hartford, Charles E., Portland, Me.
Heffernan, Thomas L., Providence, R. I.
Dunshee, Augustus A., Revere, Mass.
Goldman, Lewis, Gloucester, Mass.
Dunn, Francis H., New Haven, Conn.
Bartlett, John M., Worcester, Mass.
Merry, Amos G., Hartford, Conn.
Sleeper, Perley B., Exeter, N. H.
Taylor, Aldrich, Newton Centre, Mass.
Burke, George W., Concord, N. H.
Washburn, George Edward, Boston.
Barrett, Francis Edward, Fitchburg, Mass.
Jose, Edwin H., Cambridge, Mass.
Holmes, Alexander, Branford, Conn.
Richmond, Allen P., Dover, N. H.
Mansfield, Warren Wilson, Portland, Me.
Boardman, Allen H., Waterbury, Conn.
Glover, Manson, West Roxbury, Mass.
Chamberlin, Carey Judson, Beverly, Mass.
Black, Claudius F., Bridgeport, Conn.
Langley, Miles E., Brunswick, Me.
Wilde, Frazar Bullard, West Hartford, Conn.
Weld, John L., Readville, Mass.
Peterson, Frederick A., Pittsfield, Mass.
Watson, Donald C., Milton, Mass.
Barney, Austin D., Farmington, Conn.
Blumer, Thomas S., Providence, R. I.
Kern, Edward E., Woodfords, Me.
Limon, Raymond C., Hartford, Conn.
Bean, Robert V., Boston.
Gleason, Warren, Gardner, Mass.
Geran, John C., Holyoke, Mass.
Scott, Alexander H., Manchester, N. H.
Roberts, John Randall, Burlington, Vt.
Wood, Charles H., Boston.
Holcomb, John M., Hartford, Conn.
Brown, Simons, Portland, Me.
Mosher, Ralph Hamilton, Medford, Mass.
Bramam, Harold A., Maine.
Pollard, Frederick W., Boston.
Bryant, Robert Enoch, Lexington, Mass.
Gray, Francis C., Boston.
Saltonstall, Leverett, Chestnut Hill, Mass.
Simon, J. B., Hartford, Conn.
Cole, Phillip Pearson, Bridgeton, Me.
Beebe, Frederick C., Springfield, Mass.
Squires, Paul R., Springfield, Mass.
Murphy, Charles C., Abbington, Mass.
Curtis, Gordon, Wellesley Farms, Mass.
Hamilton, Lorenzo, Meriden, Conn.
Hotchins, Henry C., Boston.
Hedlund, Albin, Worcester, Mass.
Kimball, Milton Shaw, Bath, Me.
Fay, Samuel P., Boston, Mass.
Chase, George D., Farmington, Conn.
Heminway, Merrit, Watertown, Conn.
Wade, George L., North Chesterville, Me.
May, Edwin H., Hartford, Conn.
Todd, Francis Seaman, Boston.
Cantwell, Percy J., Providence, R. I.
Southard, Lawrence, Brookline, Mass.
Seargent, Willis, Winchester, Mass.
Whalen, Arthur, Melrose, Mass.
Chaffee, Raymond Osgood, Belmont, Mass.
Tarner, Perley S., Augusta, Me.
Chadbourn, Horace, Harmony, Me.
Mather, George C., Chicopee, Mass.
Page, Charles W., Jr., Connecticut.
Pitman, Theodore B., Brookline, Mass.
McRae, Donald Carlisle, Attleboro, Mass.
Allen, Walter Lewis, Providence, R. I.
Brown, Edwin H., Roxbury, Mass.
*Dodworth, Wilfred K., Buttonwood, R. I.
Vandeveer, Theodore W., New Haven, Conn.
Welch, Harold N., Westerville, Me.
Cunningham, James W., Fitchburg, Mass.
Shaw, Walter Hartwell, Providence, R. I.
Murray, Clarence F., West Lynn, Mass.
Morse, Howard B., Saylesville, R. I.
Cummings, Matthew J., Jr., Providence, R. I.

Field Artillery.

CAPTAINS.

Longwell, Chester I., New Haven, Conn.
Carey, Harold B., Hartford, Conn.
Movius, Hallan L., Boston.
Bain, Hugh, Providence, R. I.
Lilley, Theodore, Waterbury, Conn.
Howe, George A., Lynn, Mass.
Chandler, Robert Kirtland, Springfield, Vt.
Lovering, Charles T., Nahant, Mass.
Webb, James W., Shelbourn, Vt.
Bowman, Edward Francis, Boston.
Tewksbury, T. L., Newton Highlands, Mass.
Gilbert, Thomas J., Walton, Mass.

CLASS B.

Commissioned as second lieutenants Officers' Reserve Corps. These men are selected for eventual commission, as vacancies occur, as provisional second lieutenants of the regular army.

Infantry.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Ford, Edward L., New London, Conn.
Patterson, Daniel W., Northfield, Vt.
Hutton, Roert G., Brunswick, Me.
Estey, Roland W., Quincy, Mass.
Stevens, George R., New Canaan, Conn.
Lanouette, Kenneth H., Milton, Mass.
Linnehan, James W., Pittsfield, Mass.
Frost, Carlton P., Hanover, N. H.
Manson, Fessenden F., Lewiston, Me.
Hooker, Neale W., Barre, Vt.
Cooper, Frank C., Brockton, Mass.
Sunderland, Harvey E., St. Albans, Vt.
Cornell, William B., West Boylston, Mass.
Dodge, Rowland S., Pawtucket, R. I.
Dwyer, James W., Newport, R. I.
Eddy, Henry L., New Britain, Conn.
Baker, George V., Fort Levett, Me.
Noxon, John F., Jr., Pittsfield, Mass.
Palache, James, Farmington, Conn.
Seeley, Everard D., Dorchester, Mass.
Barnes, George A., Melrose, Mass.
Holbrook, Albert D., Rockland, Maine.
Denning, Harry H., Brookline, Mass.
Pinkham, Harold L., West Bedford, Mass.
Stockwell, Emmons J., East Burke, Vt.
St. Clair, George A., Calais, Maine.
Potter, Herbert C., Fort Ethan Allan, Vt.
Sager, George A., Methuen, Mass.
Lacrosse, Waldo J., So. Brewer, Maine.
Swift, Samuel S., Ferrisburg, Vt.
Spaulding, Lewis W., South Bingham, Mass.
McCarter, Bertram C., Cambridge, Mass.
Simpson, Walworth, Augusta, Maine.
Ladd, Durant F., Worcester, Mass.

Cavalry.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Hurd, Edward A., Milton, Mass.
Inman, Pursey E., Gardner, Maine.
Hickey, Thomas F., South Boston, Mass.
McGeer, Joseph J., New Haven, Conn.
Woodward, Evans A., Malborough, Mass.
Steadleer, Clarence M., East Northfield, Mass.
Littlejohn, Cyril M., New England.
Sullivan, Wyckliffe O., Chicopee, Mass.
Thrall, Ralph J., Manchester, Conn.
Benson, Edward E., Providence, R. I.
Ebbs, Lawrence Knight, Newport, R. I.

Field Artillery.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Valleant, Henry B., Norwalk, Conn.
Devine, Joseph J., New Haven, Conn.
Bacon, Richard, Newton Upper Falls, Mass.
Breslin, James E., Providence, R. I.
Williams, Henry C., Dorchester, Mass.
Campbell, Richard H., Ipswich, Mass.
Wnmester, Raymond J., Middletown, Conn.
Lloyd, Andrew J., Boston.
Brown, Amos C., Salem, Mass.
Fuller, Oliver A., Providence, R. I.
Perley, Sidney H., Ipswich, Mass.
Reynolds, W. E., North East Harbor, Me.
Farwell, Alfred A., Turner's Falls, Mass.
Sargeant, Chester E., West Minister, Mass.
McCallister, William R., Manchester, N. H.
Westfield, Frederick A., Providence, R. I.
Thurber, James P., Milton, Mass.
Palo, Sanford F., Stamford, Mass.
Wright, Stanley B., Orange, Conn.
Sullivan, John F., Plainfield, Conn.
Wolf, Victor A., Waterbury, Conn.
Hayford, Warren, Kittery, Me.

Additional to List B.

Commissioned Second Lieutenants Officers' Reserve Corps, pursuant to instructions, Adjutant General's letter of Nov. 1, there is listed below in alphabetic order the names of candidates who took the examination of July 23 for appointment as provisional Second Lieutenants, and as a result of that examination are on the eligible list for appointment as provisional Second Lieutenants.

Infantry.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Atwood, Frederick M., Quincy, Mass.
Babbitt, Donald G., Burlington, Vt.
Bravnt, John T., North Cambridge, Mass.
Campopiano, Jean C., Lawrence, Mass.
Flynn, Raymond, Cambridge, Mass.
Jackson, Robert E., Wakefield, Mass.
Johnson, Kenneth G., Hartford, Conn.
Jones, Paul D., Wilmington, Ct.
Loughlin, James F., Stoneham, Mass.
Peacock, Rowland H., Freeport, Me.
Perkins, Lewis O., Windsor, Vt.
Randall, Howard R., Brocton, Mass.
Reickerd, Forbes, Jr., Bangor, Me.
Sanborn, Ralph, Cambridge, Mass.
Schlosberg, Richard T., Portland, Me.
Shernman, Macoln C., Watertown, Mass.
Sullivan, Arthur W., South Boston, Mass.
Willeett, Harold P., Brookline, Mass.

Field Artillery.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Gersumky, Max H. C., Winthrop, Mass.
Green, Addison B., Holyoke, Mass.
Hale, James, Springfield, Mass.

CONDEMNS EVICTIONS OF BISBEE WORKERS

Commission's Recommendations for Action on Evidence Are Adopted by Wilson.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Severe criticism of the persons responsible for the deportation of 1,186 striking copper workers from Bisbee, Ariz., and the Warren mining district last July is contained in a report of President Wilson's special labor commission made public tonight.

The commission found that the deportations were planned by Bisbee citizens, including officials of the Phelps-Dodge, and Calumet and Arizona mining interests, although no disorder or violence had been threatened.

The deportation interfered with operation of the draft law and the commission suggested the President refer the evidence to Attorney General Gregory. It was also found that the leaders in the enterprise used the local office of the Bell Telephone Company and attempted to exercise a censorship over parts of interstate telephone and telegraph lines. This matter should be referred to the Interstate Commerce Commission for acion, the commission suggested. Both recommendations have been followed by the President, it was announced tonight.

The deportations and the usurpation of judicial functions by a self-delegated body of citizens for more than a month afterward, said the commission, "have even been made the basis of an attempt to affect adversely public opinion among some of the people of the Allies." The reference is believed to be to criticism of American anti-labor methods by Russian workmen.

PINCHOT ART SALE, $15,410.

Highest Price, $2,800, Paid for a 17th Century Flemish Tapestry.

A collection of antique English, Italian and French furniture, with mirrors, bronzes, paintings, &c., the property of Amos R. E. Pinchot, was sold at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, the 168 numbers bringing $15,410. A seventeenth century Flemish verdure tapestry brought the highest price of the day, going to Seaman, agent, for $2,300. It is 12 feet high by 12 feet 2. A pair of tapestry panels, seventeenth century, Brussels style, went to the Lans Curiosity Shop for $1,850, and H. C. Matthews paid $1,450 for a sixteenth century Flemish tapestry, the scene the wife of Darius appealing to Alexander. A set of four carved and gilt wood torchieres went to Dawson for $380.

Navy Needs More Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—In order to man armed convoys for the American transports which are taking soldiers to France, and for the protection of American merchant vessels, additional men are needed in the navy. Young men between 18 and 30 years of age, without previous sea experience, and with no knowledge of a trade, may enlist as apprentice seamen.

ZANDONAI'S TRAGIC OPERA IS REVIVED

Mme. Frances Alda Displays Grace and Charm in "Francesca da Rimini."

MARTINELLI SINGS PAOLO

Composer Has Not Risen to the Opportunities Offered by a Libretto of Great Beauty.

FRANCESCA DA RIMINI, tragedy in four acts and five scenes. By Gabriele d'Annunzio. (In Italian.) Adapted by Tito Ricordi. Music by Riccardo Zandonai. At the Metropolitan Opera House.

Francesca .... Frances Alda
Samaritana .... Marie Sundelius
Giovanni .... Pasquale Amato
Paolo .... Giovanni Martinelli
Malatestino .... Angelo Bada
Biancofiore .... Lenora Sparkes
Garsenda .... Minnie Egener
Altichiara .... Sophie Braslau
Donella .... Raymonde Delaunois
A Maid of Honor .... Queenie Smith
The Slave .... Flora Perini
Conductor, Roberto Moranzoni.

Riccardo Zandonai's opera, "Francesca da Rimini," one of the new productions at the Metropolitan Opera House last season, was given there yesterday afternoon for the first time this season. It had four representations after its first performance, but it is not easy to see just why this opera has been picked for repetition. It is true that few of the new productions of opera in recent seasons have survived long. Not many have deserved to. It did not seem as if "Francesca da Rimini" was among those that did. It has a libretto of great beauty.

It is based on d'Annunzio's play (presented here in its original form by Eleanore Duse), itself based on the story of Baccaccio, which in turn goes back to one of the most famous passages of Dante's "Inferno."

The engaging first act; the third act, where the lovers "read of Lancelot, how love constrained him," and having kissed, read no more that day, and the final scene of the last act, the swift and tragic culmination, are the best portions of the work, the ones that offer most valuable material to the musician. The stage battle of the second act is ineffective, as all operatic battles are. The first scene of the last act, where the malignant younger brother, Malatestino, implants suspicion in Giovanni's mind, is unduly long; the gruesome episode of the severed head is needless, for it leads nowhere; and there is sluggishness in the development of the next disclosed meeting of Paolo and Francesca. But there is in the book much gracious material for the composer, opportunities for music of the greatest distinction, concentration and expressive power.

But Zandonai has not risen to those opportunities. He is most successful in the first act, which has much of the color, the suggestion of the time and place—a fortunate introduction to the opera whose promise is unfortunately not carried out. In much of the opera the listener longs for a more vital and significant music; for a richer invention, a more cogent expression. The scene of the reading from the book is one of the finest opportunities that has been provided for a modern composer. And while Zandonai has not fallen into operatic conventionalities in his musical expression of it, he has lamentably failed to rise to the eloquence of the situation and all its implications. And in the tragic scenes of the last act, he can contribute only violence, not poignancy, in his music. Zandonai has spent himself on subtleties of orchestral color, instrumental figurations, harmonies often of a recondite kind. In his treatment of the orchestra he has done much that is masterly and that shows a fine feeling for the medium. But there is here no sufficient substitute for the failure of his musical invention properly to deal with a libretto that offers such possibilities to the musician.

The chief people in the performance were those who took part in last season's performance. Mme. Alda showed grace, charm, and truly sympathetic quality in her impersonation of Francesca; unfortunately not always in her voice. Mr. Martinelli has improved his characterization of Paola; it has more chivalry, more passion and tenderness, and he sang with fervor. There is a characteristic part for Mr. Amato in Giovanni, of which he makes much. The maidens attendant upon Francesca are acceptably represented both in action and in song. Mr. Moranzoni conducted; he had taken up the study of the opera evidently with enthusiasm and reflected it in his conducting.

OLD INSTRUMENTS HEARD.

The French Players Return and Give a Concert in Aeolian Hall.

One of the good fortunes of the musical season is the return to these shores of the Société des Instruments Anciens. These players of old instruments from Paris gave great delight last season, when they came, as they have come this season, under the auspices of the "French-American Association for Musical Art."

The organization consists of Maurice Hewitt, quinton; Henri Casadesus, viole d'amour; Louis Hasselmans, (who takes the place of Eugène Dubruille,) viole de gamb; Maurice Devilliers, bass viol, and Mme. Regina Patorni, harpsichord, to whom is added this season Mme. M. L. Henri Casadesus, harp lute, the harp lute being an invention of the late eighteenth century, intended to replace the guitar.

The enchanting tone of these instruments, its penetrating sweetness and expressiveness, is well remembered by those who heard the French players last season; as well as their uncommon skill and fine artistic feeling, their perfect ensemble, their mastery of the style of the old music that forms their repertory. Much of what they play is, doubtless, arranged; for music was not generally composed for just this combination of instruments. But the arrangements are most skilful, and the quality of the instruments is a perfect expression of the sentiment of the music.

Yesterday they played in Aeolian Hall a "sinfonia" of Hayden, and a curious piece by Lesueur, called "Une Fête à la Cour des Miracles," for the quartet with harpsichorp; a "Ballet de la Royne" by Monsigny, for quartet and harp lute; solos for harpsichord and a concerto by Asioli for viole d'Amour. The performance gave great pleasure to an audience of large numbers.

Army and Navy Benefit Tonight.

A benefit performance will be given by the National Emergency Relief Society of the Army and Navy at the Hippodrome this evening to establish lodging and club rooms and comforts in Manhattan for soldiers and sailors on leave.

A program of forty numbers has been arranged on which will appear leading artists from grand opera and the stage. Jack Norworth will be master of ceremonies. Young society girls will sell programs and prominent society women are among the patronesses.

Moses Boguslawsky Plays.

Moses Boguslawsky, a young pianist from the West, who played here some ten days ago, reappeared at Aeolian Hall last evening. He played Brahms's G minor Rhapsody, Beethoven's sonata in E minor, Op. 90; Schumann's "Papillons," a group of pieces by Chopin, and some others. Mr. Boguslawsky's talent is unquestionable. His playing has interesting qualities; it points toward a future development that promises well.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Small gold bracelet watch, Saturday evening; reward. Return to Mrs. Sloane Gordon, 301 West 118th St.

LOST AND FOUND.

Other Lost and Found Advertisements may be found on the first page, Section Three.

SERVICE FLAGS UNOFFICIAL.

Design Not Approved by President Wilson or Government.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—It was brought out today that neither President Wilson nor the Government has indorsed the conventional design of a war service flag that is being sold by many stores for display from dwellings, business houses, clubs and fraternity houses to show by the number of stars how many persons from that particular place are serving in the army, the navy, or the marine corps. Secretary Baker said that the War Department had not given its official approval to the design. When he was told that President Wilson was credited with having approved the design he said that such a report was incredible.

The question of whether the Government or the President had indorsed the conventional service flag was brought forward by the publication of a Washington dispatch in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Thursday, in which it was said that a patent design on a service flag had been granted by the United States Patent Office and that a firm in Brattleboro, Vt., had written to THE TIMES that it was informed by the manufacturers that the design was patented and a royalty of 10 per cent. would have to be paid on the sale of such flags. In its letter to THE TIMES the Brattleboro firm said:

"We are astonished to learn that this flag, adopted by the Government, recommended by the President, and sold mostly to mothers whose sons are in the service, should be the private monopoly of some individual."

The design was patented by R. L. Queisser, a business man of Cleveland, Ohio, who was an officer in the National Guard and served on the Mexican border. Secretary Baker said today that Mr. Queisser had shown him the design and he probably had expressed himself as liking it, but there had been no official indorsement by himself or the War Department.

Secretary Baker has given permission to the Chief Clerk of the War Department to have prepared a service flag showing by the stars it will bear the number of civilian employes of the War Department who have entered the military service, 365 all told. It is intended to display this flag from the main entrance to the department building. Inquiry this afternoon indicated that the design was similar to that patented by Mr. Queisser and the question is now raised whether the department will be liable to a claim for the payment of royalty or take the consequences of infringement of a design patented.

KREISLER WILDLY CHEERED.

Sailors and Soldiers at Violinist's Second Recital Here.

United States sailors in uniform filled two adjoining lower boxes at Carnegie Hall and soldiers in khaki were among a big overflow crowd on the stage when Fritz Kreisler gave his second violin recital of the New York season yesterday afternoon. Mr. Kreisler, assisted by Carl Lamson, played concertos of Vivaldi and Vieuxtemps, and many smaller pieces, including an old French gavotte transcribed by Friedberg, and arrangements of his own, such as "La Gitana," an encore that was itself again encored.

At the close he added his version of Paderewski's pianoforte "Minuet," his familiar "Indian Lament," and two waltzes, while the shouting audience filled pauses in these later Kreisleriana with a tumult of roaring acclamation rarely heard in a concert hall.

OFFICERS OF 306TH DANCE.

Four Hundred from Camp Upton in Aid for Regimental Fund.

Officers of the 306th Infantry gave their first regimental ball last night at the Hotel Biltmore for the benefit of the regimental fund. The affair was organized within a few days and the guests came by invitation. About 400 officers from Camp Upton, looking very fit and smart, attended, bringing their relatives and friends.

The committee in charge included Major S. F. Weaver, Captain Robert I. Aitken, and Lieutenant J. J. Riordan.

Colonel George Vidmer, Augustus Thomas, and Daniel Frohman spoke, and other events on the program included the presentation by Robert Haines and company of a playlet, "The One Way Out," Miss Helen G. Patterson in classical dances, Miss Idelle Patterson and Miss Aniparito Fararr in songs, and Professors James Murray and M. Costello in a sabre bout. A tableau showing Washington and Lafayette aroused much applause. Robert Cain directed the entertainment.

MISS LIVINGSTON'S WEDDING.

Plans for Her Marriage to Henry C. Kittredge on Wednesday.

Miss Gertrude Channing Livingston, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Duane Livingston, will be married to Henry Crocker Kittredge, son of Professor and Mrs. George L. Kittredge of Cambridge, Mass., on Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, in the chantry of Grace Church. The officiating clergymen will be the Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery and the Rev. Dr. Frederick Gardiner of Philadelphia.

It will be a quiet wedding, with only the near relatives and a few intimate friends attending, and there will be no reception. Miss Livingston is to have no attendants.

Endicott Marean of Boston will be the best man. The ushers will be the bride's two brothers, J. D. Livingston, Jr., and Robert T. Livingston, both of whom are in service, the former with the 107th Regiment and his younger brother an ensign in the naval reserve force.

Comings-Lewis.

The marriage of Miss Marjory Lewis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Lester Lewis of Douglas Manor, and Henry Emerson Comings, son of Mr. and Mrs. William R. Comings of Wimbledon, England, took place yesterday afternoon at the Zion Episcopal Church at Douglaston, L. I. The Rev. Reese D. Alsop officiated.

The bride wore a gown of white satin and point lace with a court train of velvet brocade and a veil of tulle. Her sister, Miss Jessica Lewis, was maid of honor.

Henry Emerson Tuttle, of Chicago, a cousin of the bridegroom, was best man. The ushers included Lester and Clement B. Lewis, brothers of the bride, Henry H. Sutphin, and Reese D. Alsop, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Comings will make their home in Douglas Manor.

Bridge for American Girls' Hospital

The American Girls' Aid Hospital for American and French Soldiers of 291 Fifth Avenue is to hold a benefit bridge on Friday, Dec. 14, at the Waldorf-Astoria. The organization has a hundred beds at the hospital. Mrs. M. A. de Rufo-Terry of 510 East 235th Street is receiving applications for tickets. Mrs. John Brewster, Mrs. John P. Mitchel, Mrs. Bruce Clark, Mrs. Robert J. Hoguet, Miss Gladys Hollingsworth, Mrs. William Lummis, Mrs. Percy Turnure, and Mrs. Frederick Trippe are among the patronesses.

Wearing Paper Dresses in Vienna.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 24.—Vienna theatres are introducing paper clothes. Soloists and chorus girls are to appear in paper dresses. These dresses can be cleaned but cannot be washed.

National Bank Call for Nov. 20.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The Controller of the Currency today issued a call for the condition of all national banks of the United States at the close of business Tuesday, Nov. 20.

DECLARES OUR HELP WILL BE TOO LATE

Rhenish Westfalien Gazette Says the Entente Is Playing America as Its Last Card.

SEES ITS FOES STARVING

Germans Told That Their Enemies Are Also Hungry—Four Years for Us to Get Army Across.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 24.—The National Liberal Industrial Annexationist organ, the Rhenish Westfalien Gazette, points out that Lloyd George is playing his last trump, namely American help, and that his Paris speech was intended to bring pressure to bear on America to help the Entente immediately. The paper says that the question of America's part in the war has been taken up feverishly by the press and Entente statesmen, whose speeches are mainly concerned with America, and that one conference after another is taking place between the United States and the Entente.

"It is the last trump the Entente has to play, and woe if it fails," says the paper. "It would be wrong, however, to underestimate the worth of American aid to our European enemies."

The paper reminds its readers that at one time the English Army was much underrated, but that England proved the most dangerous of all Germany's enemies. The paper holds that it is, however, unnecessary to be bluffed, and it is natural that the enemy should endeavor to exaggerate the importance of American help, sometimes to dampen German enthusiasm and sometimes to encourage the Entente. It adds that it is not without intention that the Reuter and Havas agencies and The Associated Press have been rushing out reports of what America is doing and what Wilson has been planning in the last few months, but especially in the last few days, but argues that if America arrests 200 Germans and interns them, or prohibits enemy subjects from working on ships, or creates zones, it is no sacrifice for America, but for the purpose of deceiving the people with the idea that America is strenuously preparing for war against Germany.

The paper pretends that the Entente nations are putting all their stakes on America, that all recent speeches have shown this, and that Lloyd George wants American help at once, as England cannot wait. The paper, however, holds that the German press has not laid enough stress on the fact that the Entente will soon be on the verge of starvation with her food restrictions, and that it will be worse than in Germany.

[THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns that this idea is already very prevalent in Germany, and is used as a means to console the civilians for the privations they have suffered.]

The paper points out that Germany naturally does not approve a starvation war, but holds that England may have the tables turned on her, and further argues that, in view of all these facts, it is a mistake to underestimate America's interference, but it should be met calmly. "The U-boats continue working day and night," it adds, "and will render transport to the Continent difficult, especially since the establishment of a new danger zone which especially hits at America's new base in the Azores."

The paper says that Germany now has a free arm, owing to the collapse of Italy and Russia, and that when Americans join the English and French Germany can send masses of troops to the western front.

"We have every reason to assume that the menacing words, 'Too Late,' will be the title of America's help when it is recorded in history," says the Gazette.

The Weser Zeitung, commenting on the report in The Army and Navy Journal that only German ships will be used for American transport, points out that several errors are to be found in the report, and that the capacity of the ships is greatly exaggerated. The paper holds that, counting the tonnage of sixteen ships, it would only be possible to ship 2,865 officers and 55,400 men, even if all the ships were in condition for transport this year and could make nine crossings during the year. The paper asserts that at this rate the transport of an army of 2,000,000 would take four years, and holds that the German U-boats will have something to say in the matter. This last is only one of many similar reports which are intended to minimize the American peril.

BECKER TRIUMPHS AT GOLF.

Defeats Phillips in Autumn Tourney Final at Pinehurst.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Nov. 24.—The finals of the Autumn tournament at Pinehurst were played today in all divisions over the No. 2 course. C. L. Becker, Ekwanok, won the President's trophy by defeating H. G. Phillips, Moore County Country Club. Phillips won the first two holes and then made his opponent a present of the third by knocking Becker's ball into the cup instead of playing around the stymie for a half. At the next hole Becker squared the match, and after winning the eighth maintained his advantage to the end, winning by 1 up.

The second division match between C. F. Lancaster of Boston and G. T. Dunlap of Summit called for two extra holes. Lancaster was 3 down at the turn, but gradually overhauled Dunlap on the inward journey and squared the match at the home green by sinking a 40-foot putt for a par 4. Lancaster finally won at the twentieth hole.

The summary:

First Sixteen.—C. L. Becker, Ekwanok, beat H. G. Phillips, Moore County C. C., 1 up. Beaten eight—R. C. Shannon, 2d, Brockport, beat T. A. Kelley, Southern Pines, 1 up.

Second Sixteen.—C. F. Lancaster, Woodland, beat G. T. Dunlap, Canoe Brook, 1 up, (20 holes.) Beaten eight—J. G. Nicholson, New Bedford, beat H. H. Stambaugh, Youngstown, 1 up.

Third Sixteen.—W. J. Hitchcock, Youngstown, beat Colonel H. W. Ormsbee, South Shore, 5 and 4.

HYDE IS SQUASH VICTOR.

Defeats Vanderpoel in Spirited Match by 15-8, 15-6.

Fillmore van S. Hyde of the Harvard Club and J. Onatavia, also of the Harvard Club, advanced to the third round of the Fall squash tennis tournament at the Squash Club yesterday. Hyde defeated W. H. Vanderpoel of the Squash Club in a brilliantly contested match at 15—8, 15—6. Onatavia's advance was at the expense of N. T. Torrance of the Crescent Athletic Club, who was defeated at 15—10, 15—10.

The match between Hyde and Vanderpoel was more closely contested than the score indicates. Hyde is an adept racquet wielder, one of the best in the Metropolitan district, and it was the strategy of his play which baffled the endeavors of Vanderpoel. The latter hit the harder, but Hyde hit the more accurately, and his placements were of prime importance in establishing the victory. He seemed to have the faculty of solving Vanderpoel's sharp driving game, and his remarkable ability to make difficult gets stood him in well.

Torrance played a careful game that was at no time severe. This did not prove adequate to holding Onatavia at bay. The tournament will be continued tomorrow, when the round before the semi-final will be contested.

GARY PAID $300,000 FOR FIVE FRAGONARDS

U. S. Steel Chairman Says That Pastoral Paintings Were "a Pre-War Investment."

Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the United States Steel Corporation, paid $300,000 last Winter for five paintings of pastoral scenes by Honore Fragonard, the French artist of the decorative school, it was announced yesterday. In admitting the purchase last night Judge Gary laughingly characterized it as a "pre-war investment."

The five paintings were part of the Kraemer collection, which was exhibited several years ago in the Georges Petit Gallery in Paris. Judge Gary bought them through Gimpel & Wildenstein, art dealers of this city and Paris. Four of the paintings bear the titles "La Bergere," (the Shepherdess;) "La Vendangeuse," (The Gleaner;) "Le Labourer," (The Workman,) and "Le Jardinier," (The Gardener.) Several paintings by the same artist are in the Morgan and Frick collections.

MEET IN Y. W. C. A. AND WED.

Robert Allison of the Navy Marries Miss Valentine Crombie.

Robert Allison, a printer in the navy, a native of Kansas City, Mo., stationed at Seventy-second Street and East River, has been a regular attendant at the Navy Club at 509 Fifth Avenue. Yesterday he approached J. Maxwell Carrere, managing director of the club, and asked him if he would be a witness for him at his marriage.

Mr. Carrere gladly consented, as the young bridegroom is an orphan, and accompanied him to the Municipal Building.

The bride was Miss Valentine Crombie of this city, who belongs to the Young Women's Christian Association, and who first met Mr. Allison at one of the semi-weekly entertainments which the association gives to the enlisted men at the Central Branch, 610 Lexington Avenue.

As her mother is an invalid, Mrs. Shaler and Miss Clark of the Central Branch accompanied the bride to the Marriage License Bureau, and later stood up with her in the little marriage chapel.

ALBERT L. JOHNSON DEAD.

Vice President of A. A. Vantine & Co. Expires on a Train.

Albert L. Johnson, Vice President of A. A. Vantine & Co., of 438 Fifth Avenue, dealers in Oriental goods, died suddenly of heart disease on a Lackawanna train while on his way to his home in East Orange, N. J., yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Johnson was born in Cumberland, Md., 51 years ago. He was a broker in New York before he entered the Vantine Company several years ago.

Corydon E. Tyler.

Corydon E. Tyler, one of the founders of the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn, died from heart disease on Friday at his home, 455 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn, in his eighty-fourth year. Mr. Tyler came to Brooklyn sixty years ago from Binghamton, N. Y., where he was born, and became deeply interested in church work. For fifty years, until his retirement twelve years ago, he was in the importing drug trade in Manhattan as a member of the firm of Taft & Tyler. He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Clifford S. Kelsey and Mrs. Raymond Clark, and a son, the Rev. Corydon C. Tyler, pastor of the Trinity Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia.

Funeral of Harry G. Lee.

Funeral services were held at the Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, Brooklyn, yesterday for Harry G. Lee, a pressman employed by THE NEW YORK TIMES for the last eight years. Mr. Lee was killed by a subway train of the Sea Beach line at the Fort Hamilton Station while on his way to his home, 5,822 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, on Thursday morning. He is survived by his wife, a son, and daughter. A delegation from the New York Newspaper Printing Pressmen's Union, Local No. 25, attended the services. Interment was in Holy Cross Cemetery.

Mrs. Henrietta Starr Dies at 93.

Mrs. Henrietta Starr, widow of George Starr, who was Commissioner of Immigration many years ago, died yesterday at her home, 109 West Eighty-sixth Street, in her ninety-fourth year. Mrs. Starr was born in this city in 1824 and with her husband, who was once President of the West Side Bank and the Home Bank, now the Forty-second Street Branch of the Corn Exchange Bank, she lived in the Ninth ward, moving to her late home in West Eighty-sixth Street about twenty-five years ago. Mrs. Starr is survived by her daughter, Mrs. Phoebe Peters, and several grandchildren and great-grandchildren.

Obituary Notes.

Miss MARY F. WILLIAMS, 79 years old, a daughter of Dr. Benjamin Franklin Williams and one of the oldest members of the Bethany Reformed Church, died on Friday at her home, 91 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. KATHARINE S. SCHLUTER, widow of Ernest Schluter, a wholesale grocer, died on Wednesday at her home, 57 Grove Street, Brooklyn, aged 81 years.

Mrs. MARY J. MARTIN HOWE, wife of Charles T. Howe, who is in the import trade, died in the Long Island College Hospital on Friday. Mrs. Howe made her home at the Hotel Bossert in Brooklyn, and was an active member of Grace Protestant Episcopal Church.

VALENTINE STEUERWALD, 62 years old, a real estate broker for twenty-five years in business in Canarsie, died at his home, 1,175 East Ninety-sixth Street, Canarsie, on Thursday. He was a member of the Canarsie Board of Trade.

WILLIAM HENRY SCRIVEN, a civil war veteran and a resident of Brooklyn for sixty years, died on Thursday at his home, 360 East Twenty-sixth Street, Brooklyn, in his eighty-first year.

Mrs. HONORA HEALEY LUCAS, born in Bristol, England, and wife of Sidney Herbert Lucas, died from heart disease on Friday at her home, 176 Fountain Avenue, Cypress Hills, aged 43 years.

PHILIP NEIDLINGER, a retired dealer in druggists' glassware and a member of the firm of Neidlinger Brothers, in Manhattan, died at his home, 2,225 Emmons Avenue, Sheepshead Bay, on Friday, from pneumonia. He was once Secretary of the New York State Fish Commission. Mr. Neidlinger had been a member of Scotia Lodge, No. 634, F. and A. M., for more than fifty years.

GUSTAVE W. HILBERS, formerly a grocer at Whitestone, L. I., died on Friday at his home in Yonkers.

GEORGE WICKHAM MURRAY, 78 years old, President of the National Bank of Orange County, at Goshen, N. Y., died there yesterday.

THOMAS B. HOFFMAN, 88 years old, a retired farmer of Califon, N. J., died on Friday.

BEN BLUMENTHAL, proprietor of the West End Storage Warehouse, died on Friday at his home, 230 West Seventy-ninth Street. He was 48 years old.

Mrs. FRANCES FARMAN PACK, 82 years old, widow of George Willis Pack, is dead at her apartments in the Lorraine.

JESSE PICKARD, a Christian Science practitioner, died on Thursday at his home, 51 West Eighty-first Street.

WILLIAM Y. MOON, a teller in the Bank for Savings, died at his home on Friday.

ADAM KNOBLOCH, who was for many years the proprietor of a tailoring establishment at Eighth Avenue and Twenty-third Street, died on Friday at Buffalo, N. Y., in his sixty-third year, according to word received here yesterday. Mr. Knobloch was a native of Germany. He was a member of several German societies and a Past Master of Solon Lodge, F. and A. M.

KISOT ENAHO, Secretary of the firm of Enaho & Enaho, silk merchants of Yokohama, Japan, died on Friday at Bellevue Hospital from bronchial pneumonia, in his thirty-third year. Mr. Enaho came to this country on a business visit several months ago, and made his home at 94 Madison Street.

Mrs. DE WITT CLINTON WEST, widow of De Witt Clinton West and for many years a resident of this city, died suddenly at the Waldorf-Astoria on last Tuesday. Mrs. West was a direct descendant of Colonial Governor Easton of Rhode Island. She was a member of St. Thomas's Church, in this city.

JOHN RANCIER, once Sheriff of Passaic County, N. J., where he was active in Republican politics, died on Friday at his home, 165 Eleventh Avenue, Paterson, in his fifty-eighth year. He was elected Sheriff in 1906 and served four years.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The following army orders were issued by the War Department today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Following appointed Captains in the M.R.C.:

Arnett, J. H.	Sauer, P. K.
Dare, A.	Belevins, J. D.
Hart, W. E.	Harris, W. W.
Hollingsworth, S. G.	Hoffman, C. W.
Little, E. O.	Kelly, R. A.
Tate, F. J.	Nelson, R.
Reese, H.	Ragan, P.
Elsenbry, A. B.	Christie, C. D.
Harwood, W. E.	Gwaltney, J. T.
Armbruster, A. C.	Truebiood, D. V.
Bloomhardt, F. H.	Davis, A. E.
Davidson, J. W.	Erwin, S.
Gray, S. D.	Shetrill, C. L.
Harrison, E. M.	McLain, W. E.
Powers, F. J.	Shaul, E. B.
Sundstrom, C. A. G.	Knowles, E. W.
Knowles, F. C.	Marbury, W. B.
Moore, L. G.	Crandall, W. M.
Randall, G. M.	Withington, P.
Farrell, A. M.	McClure, W. L.
Boughton, G. C.	Hume, J. E.
Lowe, H. A.	McNall, J. M.
Phillips, H.	Whitmore, F. B.
Gatewood, L. C.	Van Doren, F.
Hillis, S. J.	Proctor, F. LeG.
Reedy, P. G.	Smith, W. C.
Axline, J. T.	Allen, L. R.
Beeson, H. B.	Seuford, E. W.
Janney, J. G.	Manson, F. M.
Dorset, B. C.	Powers, C. E.
Davenport, A. E.	Heagerty, W. B.
Jenkins, C. E.	Kent, W. C.

Following to Evac. Hosp. No. 6, at Camp Greenleaf:

Collins, Maj. H. D.
Jameson, Capt. J. W.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Burns, W. W.	Moore, R. A.
Elliott, L. A.	Rice, G. D.
Horne, H. F.	Singer, E. C.
Margulies, A. C.	Harrington, J. T.

Burdick, 1st Lt. C. H., to Camp McClellan.
Dodge, 1st Lt. P. L., to Camp Wheeler.
Dyer, 1st Lt. W. R., to Camp Lee.
Francisco, 1st Lt. H. M., to Camp Lee.
McClellan, 1st Lt. H. H., to Camp Wheeler.
Timms, 1st Lt. A. R., to Camp McClellan.

Following to Evac. Hosp. No. 7, at Ft. Riley:

Peters, Maj. D. P.
O'Reilly, Capt. T. W.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Bevill, S. D.	Parsons, H. H.
Langworthy, G. L.	Sherman, D. O.
McGowan, R. P.	Vetter, J. H.
MacCordy, E. C.	Hirsch, E. W.

Eggers, Capt. C., to Camp Jackson.
Roope, Capt. A. P., to Camp Lee.
Vaughan, Capt. E. M., to Camp Wadsworth.
Johnson, 1st Lt. G. W. P., hon. discharged.

Following to Camp Lee as members of Tuberculosis Board:

Asher, Capt. M.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Argus, F.	Jacobs, L. L.
Scott, D. P.	Stern, L. D.

Following to Camp Meade:

Browne, Capt. N. T.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Craig, W. F.	Schwegler, J. J.
Crews, N. H.	Welch, T. D.
Person, H. M.	Wheelock, F. R.
Pierce, W. M.	Moss, M. M.

Following to Evac. Hosp. No. 4, at Camp Greenleaf:

CAPTAINS.

Davison, T. C.	Dodd, L. S. F.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Brown, C. O.	Jones, R. L.
Clinton, R. S.	Raia, J. E.
Coleman, E. P.	Vannatta, G. W.
Baird, F. S.	Cook, J. D.
Green, W. W.	

Following to Evac. Hosp. 5 at Camp Greenleaf:

Gerster, Maj. J. C. A.

CAPTAINS.

Kaysen, R.	O Day, S. F.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Crandall, W. M.	Thompson, R. B.
Fletcher, L. Z.	Kerwin, T. J.
Johnston, H.	Ogden, M. D.
Logan, G. M.	Webb, R. C.
Sinclair, H. B.	

Harding, 1st Lt. J. C., to Army Med. School, for inst.
Moor, Capt. F. C., to 20th Engs., at Amn. Univ.
Haggman, 1st Lt. C. V., and Wald, 1st Lt. E. P., to Ft. Riley.
Hair, 1st Lt. W. L., will revert to inactive list.

Following to Neurosurgical School, New York, for training in brain surgery:

McCall, Maj. A.

CAPTAINS.

Britten, G. S.	Jones, T. M.
Farmer, C.	Kline, F. E.
Gray, H. A.	Peck, G. A.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Bishop, G. N.	Sellander, F. W.
Goldsmith, N. R.	

Abernethy, 1st Lt. F. L., and Hamilton, 1st Lt. R. E., to Camp Beauregard as members of Tuberculosis Board.
Antell, 1st Lt. L., to Cornell Med. College, for inst.
Oast, 1st Lt. S. P., to Camp Zachary Taylor, for temp. duty.
Elkin 1st Lt. C. W. W., to Camp Wheeler.
Nagle, Capt. J. F., to Camp Wheeler.
Evans, Capt. R. K., to Camp MacArthur.
Goldblatt, 1st Lt. H., to Boston for inst.
Hines, 1st Lt. F. B., to Camp McClellan.
Babcock, Camp A. D., previous orders amended to direct him to proceed to Ft. Riley, temp. duty in Evac. Hosp. No. 7.
White, Capt. W. H., to Camp Meade, with 351st F.A. of 92d Div.
Dewey, 1st Lt. J. E., to Pittsburgh for inst.
Hamma, 1st Lt. C. B., and Wentz, 1st Lt. H. B., to Camp Taylor, to examine command for tuberculosis.
Josewich, 1st Lt. A., to Camp Bowie.
Pratt, Maj. J. H., to duty as Prest. of Tuberculosis Board at Camp Devens.
Rottner, 1st Lt. C. S., hon. discharged.
Woodruff, E. E., appointment as Capt. in M.R.C., with rank from Aug. 11, announced.
Powell, 1st Lt. W. C., Jr., to Ft. Porter.
Connor, 1st Lt. P. J., will report to Governor Panama Canal.
Scannell, 1st Lt. D. D., previous orders amended to direct him, upon completion of course of inst. at Boston, to proceed to Camp Devens, in Base Hosp., instead of Ft. McPherson.
Houston, 1st Lt. S. W., to home.
Wolf, 1st Lt. G., will report to Cmdg. Gen., Northeastern Dept., for duty with Coast Defenses of Boston.
Craig, Capt. L. R., to Ft. Root.
Hamilton, 1st Lt. C. D., and Leake, 1st Lt. N. E., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst.
Stirling, 1st Lt. W., to Camp Greene.
Pettit, 1st Lt. R. W., previous orders revoked.

Following appointed Majors in M.R.C.:

Marbury, O. C.	Mills, W. P.
Roberts, D. M.	McLean, J. D.
Barfield, F. G.	Davis, E.
Babcock, W. W.	Lawson, J. H.
Muller, J. A.	

Hirsch, 1st Lt. E. F., previous orders revoked.
Hansen, Capt. H., to Camp Dodge.

Brown, Capt. I. C., to Ft. Des Moines.
Verdi, Major W. F., and Weeks, Maj. A., to N. Y. Neurol.-Surg. School for training.

Oelgoets, 1st Lt. A. W., to home.
Fagone, 1st Lt. P. G., previous orders revoked.
Holmes, 1st Lt. W. E., Jr., to Ft. Porter with Hosp. Unit A.
Upton, 1st Lt. G. H., to Camp Beauregard to examine command for tuberculosis.
Stout, 1st Lt. M. E., to South. Dept.
Hunt, Capt. H. L., to Camp Merritt.
Moynan, 1st Lt. R. S., and Nichols, 1st Lt. C., previous orders revoked.
Rydell, 1st Lt. C. B., to Camp Pike.
Ubel, 1st Lt. G. B., to Camp Jackson.

Signal Reserve Corps.

Geoghehan, 1st Lt. N. J., hon. discharged.
Lancaster, 1st Lt. H., to Camp Lewis as signal supply off.
Smith, 1st Lt. C. J., Av. Sec., to Langley Field.
McConnell, 1st Lt. M.; Moore, 1st Lt. J. I., and Clement, 1st Lt. F. P., Jr., to participate in flights.
Partridge, 1st Lt. H. G., to Garden City.
Mahoney, 1st Lt. J. C., to Camp Vail.
Dickinson, 2d Lt. H., Av. Sec., to Portland, Ore.
Gray, 2d Lt. W. B., to report to dept. sig. officer, N. Y. C.
Lacey, 1st Lt. P. C., will report to off. in charge Wash.-Alaska Cable and Teleg. System.
King, 1st Lt. P. B., Av. Sec., to Selfridge Field.
Goodman, 1st Lt. R., to Camp Vail with 10th Field Bat.
Foust, 1st Lt. L. R., will report to Cmdg. Gen., Amer. Expeditionary Forces, for duty.
Sears, 1st Lt. W. H., Av. Sec., will report to Pres. of board appointed Nov. 19, for examination for continuation on duty under his present assignment, then to his station.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Baker, Capt. E. B., to Nogales, Ariz., as Qm.
Hulbert, Capt. C. W., to Atlanta as asst. to Dept. Qm., re motor transportation.
Horton, Capt. H. L., to home.
Watrous, Maj. C. A., previous orders amended to relieve him as asst. to Constructing Qm., 13th Nat. Army Div. Cantonment, Des Moines, and to direct him to report to Cmdg. Gen. of 88th Div. at Camp Dodge as cmdg. off. of motor supply train.
Marshall, Capt. H. C., to Ft. Washington as Qm.
Johnson, Capt. R. W., to Camp Dodge, as asst. to Camp Qm. in charge of utilities.

Ordnance Department.

Following temporarily detailed to fill vacancies in the grade of Lieutenant Colonel; they will remain on their present duties at present station:

MAJORS.

Casad, A. F.	Jordan, H. B.
Jenks, G. F.	

Sanitary Corps.

Tucker, 1st Lt. A. B., to Camp Sherman.
Yeager, 1st Lt. C. E., to Camp McClellan.
Hommon, Capt. C. C., to Camp Gordon.

Quartermaster Corps.

Charnock, Capt. E. C., to Camp Sheridan, as asst. to constructing Qm.
McIntosh, 2d Lt. J. M., to Hartford and South Plainfield, N. J., in connection with mill. truck production section, thence return to his original station in Washington.
Yonk, 2d Lt. E. J., to Camp Jos. F. Johnston.
Holler, 2d Lt. L. J., previous orders amended to read Heller, 2d Lt. L. J.
Johnson, 2d Lt. Elisha A., previous orders amended to read Johnson, 2d Lt. Elias A.
Hegeman, Lt. Col. H. A., to New York and Hoboken, N. J., on business pertaining to Qm. C., thence to his station.
Doudera, 2d Lt. F., and Starin, 2d Lt. A. N., to Camp Upton as assts. to Camp Qm.
Lauterbach, 2d Lt. C. E., to Fort Leavenworth as asst. to Qm.
Lawler, 2d Lt. J. P., relieved from his present duties at Camp Lewis and will report by telegraph to Cmdg. Gen., Western Dept., with a bakery company in that dept.

Following relieved to Jeffersonville, Ind., as assts. to Depot Qm.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Martin, M. H.	Barr, F. A.
Colson, H. E.	Kryda, G. F.
Bradstreet, J. E.	Grossman, P. H.
Cornell, H. R.	Greenwood, A. S.
Diehl, H. F.	Heimer, W. J.
McPherson, J. B.	Crawford, J. R.
Longfellow, W. W.	Lefkovits, M. M.
Eline, T. J.	Martin, A. P.
Holden, R. A., Jr.	Shea, C. D.
Drummond, C. R.	Richardson, J. Q.
Martin, H. J.	Misamore, J. W.
Bailey, C. W.	Landenberger, F. W.
Boyd, J. W.	

Infantry.

Sinclair, Lt. Col. —, to Camp Devens.
Welborn, Lt. Col. I. C., will report to the Adjt. Gen.
Dickens, 2d Lt. A. O., promoted to Captain and assigned to Camp Sevier.
Neufang, 1st Lt. F. L., to Camp Travis.
Muz, 1st Lt. D. P., announced as on duty requiring regular and frequent aerial flights.

Following board appointed to meet at Empire, Canal Zone, for purpose of examining such members of the O.R.C. as may be ordered to appear before it to determine their fitness for their duties: Brady, Lt. Col. J. C., 33d; Mose, Maj. J. A., 5th; Clendennin, Maj. W. H., 29th.

Medical Corps.

Dutcher, Col. B. H., will report to Surg. Gen.
Hall, Maj. W. E., to Governors Island.
Bosley, Lt. Col. J. R., to Hot Springs, Ark., for observation and treatment.

Following will report to Army Med. School for examination to determine their fitness for promotion: Snyder, Col. H. D.; Bartlett, Maj. W. K.; Duncan, Maj. W. A., and Freeman, Maj. P. L.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

McFarland, Capt. C. E., will report to Col. B. P. Disque, Sig. C., Portland, Ore.
Homes, Capt. M. G., attached to 305th Engs.
Bruce, Capt. A. G.; Butler, 1st Lt. F. M.; Garforth, 2d Lt. E., and Kern, 2d Lt. F. X., to Camp Meade with 23d Engs.
McWhorter, 1st Lt. A. W., and Farris, 2d Lt. H. G., attached to 106th Engs.
Nolan, Capt. T. B., Jr., discharged.
Sheedy, Capt. M. M., assigned to 21st Engs. He will proceed to Philadelphia for temporary duty in connection with the inspection of eng. equipment.
Ragland, 1st Lt. H. S.; Helder, 1st Lt. L. G., and Ball, 1st Lt. H. V., attached to 6th Engs. at Wash. Barracks.
Stimpson, 1st Lt. E. A., to Norfolk, Va., reporting to officer in charge Eng. depot, that place.

Dental Reserve Corps.

Donley, 1st Lt. F. D., to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery for instruction.

Following to Camp Mills.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Coleman, J. A.	Dewar, H.
Barbey, H. F.	Fletcher, C. G.
Dougherty, F. E.	Gill, R. E.
Bellinger, R. B.	Lutz, W. R.
Hapgood, C. H.	

Infantry Reserve Corps.

McGlachin, Capt. B. A., discharged.
Howell, Capt. E. G., hon. discharged.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Dusenbury, Capt. J. S., to Headquarters, Coast Defenses of Boston.
Villaret, Capt. E., to detached list.
Bearsslee, Capt. N. M., removed.

Signal Corps.

Fish, 1st Lt. E. W., to Chanute Field.
Smith, 1st Lt. A., to Rich Field.
Lloyd, 1st Lt. F. T., Jr., to Selfridge Field.
Connolly, Major M., Av. Sec., to participate in aerial flights.
Simons, Capt. J. W., Jr., will report to Chief Sig. Off.
James, Capt. S. L., to report to Cmdg. Gen., Philippine Dept.
Allison, Colonel J. B., previous orders amended to Ft. Leavenworth for duty at training camp, then to Camp Vail.
Thompson, 1st Lt. H. W., to Park Field.
Randle, 1st Lt. T. F., and Francis, 1st Lt. R. N., to Kelly Field.

Following to Garden City for duty with a squadron:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

D'Olive, C. R.	Hodge, E. L.
Brown, J. F.	Bennett, J. C., Jr.
Seymour, J.	MacDonald, D.
Slutz, L. G.	Edwards, B.

Burgess, 1st Lt. J. H., will report to Chief Sig. Off.

Field Artillery.

Colley, Maj. H. F., to Camp Meade, with 351st.
Garrison, 2d Lt. W. M., to Ft. Myer, with 6th training battalion.
Marx, Capt. E. J. F., 16th, to his regiment at Plattsburg Barracks.

Ordnance Reserve Corps.

Hickernell, 1st Lt. F. A., and Royer, 1st Lt. F. W., will report to Chief of Ord.
Williams, 2d Lt. A. H., will take station at Phila. for duty at Univ. of Penn.
Bradley, 1st Lt. G. G., will report to Chief of Ord.
Ball, 2d Lt. B. H., will report to Chief of Ord.
Brill, Maj. G. M., to home.
Holliday, 1st Lt. J. H., Jr., will report to Chief of Ord.
Bowen, 2d Lt. L., take station at Wash.
Waterbury, Capt. L. J., is appointed an acting Qm. for time he may remain on present duty at Rochester.
Beardsley, 1st Lt. D. P., take station at Washington.
Becard, 2d Lt. P. A., will report to Chief of Ord.
Edwards, 1st Lt. H. G.; Kletzmen, 1st Lt. W. A.; Field, 1st Lt. J.; Sweeney, Capt. O. R.; Latt, 2d Lt. W. E.; Lacy, 2d Lt. C. W.; O'Brien, 1st Lt. E. P.; Burdett, Capt. G. U.; Stanley, 1st Lt. W. W.; Crosby, Capt. E. S.; Schladt, 2d Lt. G. J.; Kraemer, 1st Lt. E., and Kimball, Capt. H. S., will report to Chief of Ord.
Leahy, 1st Lt. T. M., will report to Chief, Insp. Sec., Gun Div., N. Y.
Cryder, Capt. H. C., from active duty.
Leedom, Capt. E. C., will report to Chief, Insp. Sec., Gun Div., N. Y.
Johnson, 1st Lt. A. S., assignment to active duty announced.
Alger, 2d Lt. P. L., to Sandy Hook Proving Ground.
Phipps, Capt. H. C., will report to Chief of Ord.
Nuisen, 2d Lt. M. E., to Dover, N. J.
Carr, 2d Lt. F. J., will report to Chief of Ord.
Daniels, 2d Lt. D. M., will report to Chief of Ord.
Lee, 1st Lt. J. M., is appointed an acting Qm. for time he may remain on present duty at Kenosha.
Ernst, 2d Lt. F. A.; Black, Maj. C. F.; Coster, 2d Lt. J. B., and Pratt, 1st Lt. T., will report to Chief of Ord.
Rhame, 1st Lt. F. P., will report to Chief of Insp. Sec., Gun Div., N. Y.
Ross, 2d Lt. M., Jr., and Peeblee, Capt. J. C., will report to Chief of Ord.

Miscellaneous.

Terrell, Maj. F. B., 22d Inft.; Lockett, Capt. J. M., 34th Inft., and Nalle, Capt. W., Cav., to Ft. Leavenworth as instructor.
Baker, Col. F., to Western Dept., as dept. ord. off., relieving Lt. Col. H. W. Schull, Ord. Dept.
Tompkins, Capt. J. F., Cav., R.C., to Ft. Jay on official business, then to his station.
Linville, 2d Lt. F. K., 161st Depot Brig., discharged.
Edwards, Capt. T. N., Vet. C., to Camp Pike.
Meacham, Capt. C. B., Cav., will report to Major Gen. Townsley at Camp Sevier as aide de camp.
Hubbard, Lt. Col. E. W., ret., detailed as prof. of mil. science and tactics at Ga. School of Technology.
Wilson, Brig. Gen. W., to Camp Beauregard.
Parker, Major W. H., Ohio N. G., appointed asst. chief of staff in 37th Div.
Dooley, Major T., Ills. N. G., to Camp Grant.
Cole, 1st Lt. H. S., ret., to this city on business pertaining to Qm. C., then to his station.
Gregory, Major J. H., Jr., Adjt. Gen. R. C., assignment to duty announced.
Perry, Capt. J. A., ret., detailed as prof. of military science and tactics at Bingham Military School, Asheville, N. C.
Chambers, Capt. W. H., Dent. C., previous orders amended to direct him, upon arrival in U. S., to report to the Adjt. Gen. for further orders.
McNabb, Cont. Surg. C. P.; Thomson, Cont. Surg. J. A.; Grigg, Cont. Surg. A., and Epley, Cont. Surg. O. H., to home.

Following to Camp Jackson for assignment to a regiment:

CHAPLAINS.

Horbury, W. Z.	Manges, E. L.
Jenner, J. T.	Randolph, J. D.

Chuse, Chaplain E. M., and Kenna, Chaplain A. H., to Camp Dodge.
Griffith, Chaplain S. A., and Rudisill, Chaplain T. F., to Camp Funston.
Porter, Chaplain J. E., to Camp Lee.
Briggs, Chaplain W. M., to Camp Taylor.
Rinard, Chaplain H. A., to Camp Sherman.
Markley, Chaplain R. L., to Camp Gordon.
McGrath, Chaplain O. A., to Camp Travis.

Resignations.

Parrott, Maj. R. S., Gen. Staff.
Comstock, 2d Lt. A. E., N.Y.N.G.

Leaves.

Levin, 1st Lt. J. L., M.R.C., 5 days' extension.
Patton, Capt. R. L., Sig. R.C., 5 days.
Ahern, Maj. L. J., F.A., 1 month.
Clarke, Capt. H., C.A.R.C., 1 month.
Lubrect, 1st Lt. J. L., M.R.C., 10 days.
Riefkohl, Capt. R. W., C.A.C., 1 month and 14 days.
Nichols, Capt. J. H., Ord. R.C., 10 days.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—High pressure prevails generally east of the Rocky Mountains, except in New England and the Middle Atlantic States, but the weather has been generally cloudy and unsettled over northern and central districts, with light snows as far west as the Missouri River. In the extreme West the weather was generally fair, with a moderate depression over the Southern Plateau.

It is considerably colder in the Atlantic States and temperatures are generally from 5 to 20 degrees below the seasonal average over the eastern half of the country. Over the western half they have changed but little and are generally above the seasonal average.

Snow will fall Sunday in the Northern upper Lake region and Sunday night or Monday over the balance of the Lake region. There will also be snow or rain Sunday night or Monday in the Ohio Valley and Western Tennessee. In the Atlantic and East Gulf States the weather will be generally fair Sunday and Monday.

Low temperatures will continue although they will be somewhat higher in the lower Ohio Valley and the East Gulf States.

Winds for Sunday and Monday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate northwest, fair, colder weather. Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate to fresh northwest; fair, colder. South Atlantic Coast, moderate northwest to north; fair.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND MONDAY.

Eastern New York, Southern New England, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair, continued cold Sunday and Monday.

Western New York—Partly cloudy, continued cold Sunday; Monday, cloudy, probably local snows by night in the western portion.

Northern New England—Partly cloudy Sunday; colder in Maine Monday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	51	35	4 P. M.	44	[illegible]
6 A. M.	45	31	6 P. M.	41	[illegible]
9 A. M.	50	34	9 P. M.	37	[illegible]
12 M.	49	34	11 P. M.	35	[illegible]

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 34, for the corresponding date last year it was 44, average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 41. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 32; at 8 P. M. it was 31. Maximum temperature, [illegible] M.; minimum, [illegible] degrees at [illegible] P. M. Humidity, 69 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 59 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.69 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.87 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:58 | Sun sets..4:32 | Moon sets..3:[illegible]

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:22	4:44	10:45	10:57
Governors Island	4:50	5:10	11:19	11:27
Hell Gate	6:46	7:26	12:45	1:28

Official Shipping List.

Arrival of vessels from foreign countries at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports in the twenty-four hours ended Nov. 23:

STEAMSHIPS.

Astabula, (Br.)	Mar Tirreno, (Sp.)
Alcinous, (Br.)	Newton, (Am.)
Amolco, (Am.)	Navahoe, (Am.)
Admiral, (Br.)	Omoa, (Hond.)
Bassam, (Br.)	Pluto, (Dutch.)
Colon, (Am.)	Parattah, (Br.)
Chariese, (Am.)	Piero Maroncelli, (It.)
Cubadist, (Am.)	Ramfaxe, (Nor.)
Daisai Maru, (Jap.)	Roseuborg, (Dan.)
Escalona, (Br.)	Santa Rosalia, (Am.)
Franklin, (Am.)	St. Louis, (Fr.)
Flaminian, (Nor.)	Standard Arrow, (Am.)
Gargoyle, (Am.)	Thorgerd, (Nor.)
Gallier, (Br.)	Tallite, (Am.)
Heredia, (Am.)	Verona, (It.)
Harwood, (Am.)	Vandalia, (Br.)
Karmala, (Br.)	Waddon, (Br.)
Kennebec, (Am.)	Wayfarer, (Br.)
Mar Caspio, (Sp.)	

SAILING VESSELS.

Amazon, (Am.)	Mary F. Curtis, (Am.)
Etta Vaugn, (Br.)	Persie Colwell, (Am.)
Fannie Beol, (Am.)	Sorstad, (Nor.)

Fire Record.

A. M. — Loss.

2:30—1,947 3 Av.; Edward Davis and others ..... Not given
4:30—71 3 Av.; Harry Spigelman $500
7:55—246 E. 35 St.; A. Sosnowsky ..... Slight
9:45—2,077 7 Av.; not given ..... Slight
11:30—266 Spring St.; Rose Castilla ..... Slight
11:35—423-435 E. 24 St.; Emerson Phonograph Co. ..... Slight

P.M.

2:00—66 W. 9 St.; J. J. Levy ..... Slight
2:00—1,219 Wheeler Av.; G. H. Decker ..... Slight
3:30—2,183 8 Av.; Mary Buckly ..... Slight
5:40—601 W. 151 St.; Carrie Zeiss ..... Slight
5:45—1,106 Findley Av.; A. Lewis ..... Slight
6:35—162 W. 18 St.; Irving Spector ..... Slight
7:20—166 Allen St.; Morri Sinovitz ..... Slight
8:20—2,268 Washington Av.; J. Slacken ..... Slight
9:30—517 E. 77 St.; A. Roth ..... Slight
9:50—N. E. cor. 158 & Service Sts., (tree in vacant lot;) not given ..... None
10:00—410 E. 20 St.; James Whalen ..... Slight
10:25—10 Jackson St.; Rose Epstein ..... Slight
11:55—111 Thompson St.; J. Allate ..... Slight

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for chief physician, (psychiatrist,) male, will be received until 4 P. M. on Nov. 27. The subjects and weights of the examination are: Experience, 4; technical, 4; oral, 2. A qualifying physical examination will be given. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age on or before the closing date for the receipt of applications. There is one vacancy in the Correction Department at $2,100 a year.

United States.

The commission announces an examination for telegraph operator for men and women. Vacancies occurring in any branch of the service at entrance salaries ranging from $900 to $1,200 a year will be filled from this examination. Certification to fill the high-salaried positions will be made from those attaining the highest average percentages in the examination. Until further notice and on account of the urgent needs of the service applications will be received at any time. Papers will be rated promptly and certification made as the needs of the service require. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, training, and experience. Applicants must have reached their eighteenth birthday on the date of making oath to the application. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

Education Notes.

A joint meeting of the High School Teachers' Association and the Classical Forum will be held in the Washington Irving High School at 10:30 A. M. Dec. 8. There will be a discussion of the topic "The Best Training for Vocational Success." The speakers will be Dr. Albert S. Perkins of the Dorchester High School, Boston, and Professor Franklin H. Giddings of Columbia University.

A recreation centre for women and girls will be opened at P. S. 55, St. Paul's Place and Washington Avenue, the Bronx, on Monday.

P. S. School 144, Brooklyn, will remain open on Thursday evenings as a community centre for the people of Brownsville.

The Washington Heights Neighborhood Centre at P. S. 132, 182d Street and Wadsworth Avenue, is open for the enlisted and drafted men of that section of the city.

A committee has been appointed by the Evening High School Teachers' Association to report on the present method of rating evening high school teachers. It is asserted that injustices arise from it.

Died.

BANBURY.—Members of the Horatio Seymour Tammany Club, Manhattan, are requested to meet at the home of the late John H. Banbury, 54 Van Sicklen St., Brooklyn, on Monday, Nov. 26, at 9 A. M., and then proceed to the Church of St. Simon and St. Jude. Thomas F. Noonan, President; Frank J. Goodwin, Executive Member.

FLEET.—On Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, Marguerite Brumaghim, beloved wife of William H. T. Fleet, after a short illness at Hahnemann Hospital. Services at late residence, Demarest, N. J., Sunday, Nov. 25, 2:30 P. M. Albany papers please copy.

JOHNSON.—Suddenly, at East Orange, N. J., on Nov. 24, 1917, Albert Livingston, husband of Mary Randolph Johnson, in his 52d year. Funeral services at his late home, 38 Washington Terrace, Sunday, Nov. 25, at 4 P. M. Interment at Cumberland, Maryland. Kindly omit flowers.

McQUADE.—Francis, Sr., at his residence, 124 Milton St., Brooklyn, on Friday evening. He was connected with Standard Oil Co. of New York, Devoe works, for many years. He was a member Lexington Council, K. of C.; Commander Perry Council, Improved Order of Heptasophs, also the 15th Assembly District Regular Democratic Club. Leaves besides a widow, Janis C. Monroe, his son, Thomas, James A., Edward Frank, John, and his daughters, Mary, Elizabeth, Mrs. Katherine McNamara, his brothers, Owen, Thomas, and Patrick. Requiem mass 9:30 A. M., Nov. 26, Monday morning, at St. Antony of Padua R. C. Church, Brooklyn.

OLENA.—Nov. 24, Carrie Gardner Olena. Services Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St. Time later.

RICHARDSON.—On Nov. 24, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., John Edward Richardson, husband of Sara Devel Richardson. Funeral services Tuesday at 12 o'clock from his late residence, 86 Academy St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Interment Pine Plains, N. Y.

WHITE.—After a brief illness, Mrs. Mary White, widow of John J. White, in her 80th year. Requiem mass at the Church of St. John the Evangelist, 55th St. and First Av., at 10 A. M., Monday, Nov. 26.

WILLIAMS.—Mary F., Nov. 23. Funeral Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late residence, 91 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

Unveiling.

POTASCH.—Unveiling of monument of our beloved mother, Rachel Potasch will take place Sunday, Dec. 2, at 3:15 sharp. Machpelah Cemetery. In case of rain postponed till following Sunday. Relatives and friends invited. No cards.

DEATH NOTICES.

Other death notices may be found on Page 3, Section Two.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Hale & Norcross	.02
Alta	.03	Jacket	.09
Andes	.10	Mexican	.14
Best & Belcher	.03	Occidental	.60
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.12
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.04
Challenge Con.	.04	Potosi	.03
Chollar	.03	Savage	.04
Confidence	.03	Sierra Nevada	.06
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	1.17½
Con. Virginia	.12	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.64

TONOPAH.		Goldfield Cons.	.42
Belmont	3.50	Goldfield Merger	.03
Halifax	.10	Great Bend	.05
Jim Butler	.77	Jumbo Exten.	.15
McNamara	.18	Kewanas	.06
Midway	.07	Silver Pick	.08
Mizpah	.04	Spearhead	.04
Monarch Pitts.	.04	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.10	Consolidated	.17
North Star	.06	Morning Glory	.15
Rescue	.09	Union Amalg.	.08
Tonopah Exten.	1.50	White Caps	.86
Tonopah Nevada	4.00	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West End	.64	Nevada Hills	.05
West Tonopah	.10	Packard	.22
GOLDFIELD.		Rochester	.37
Atlanta	.09	Round Mountain	.20
Booth	.04	United Eastern	3.62½
Florence	.12		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4⅞	5	Granite	38	40
Dr. J'pot.	3½	4	Isabella	8	8¼
Elkton	3	4	McKinney	8	10
El Paso	15	30	Portland	110	120
Fanny R.	3¼	4	U. Gold M.	15¾	18
Golden C.	172	176	Vindicator	34	38
Gold Sov.	2½	3			

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Forecast.

N. Car. and S. Car.—Fair and cold Sun. and Mon.
Ga. and Fla.—Fair and cold Sun.; fair and warmer Mon.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair and warmer Sun. and Mon.
Tenn.—Fair Sun.; cloudy and warmer Mon.
Ky.—Cloudy Sun., rain Mon.
Ind.—Cloudy Sun.; snow or rain Mon.
Mich.—Cloudy Sun.; snow Mon.
Ohio—Fair and cold Sun.; snow Mon.
La.—Fair Sun. and Mon.
Ark.—Cloudy Sun. and Mon.
Okla.—Rain or snow Sun. and Mon.
Texas—Fair and warmer Sun; rain and colder Mon.
Ill. and Mo.—Cloudy Sun. and Mon.
Wis. and Minn.—Fair Sun. and Mon.
Iowa—Cloudy Sun. and Mon.
N. Dak.—Fair Sun. and Mon.
S. Dak. and Neb.—Fair Sun. and Mon.
Kan.—Fair Sun. and Mon.

At no time has the desirability of acquiring foreign languages been more pronounced. Consult the instruction columns of The New York Times.—Advt.

Police Department News.

Transfers and assignments to take effect 8 A. M., Nov. 26: Patrol. G. F. Bucris 26 to 35; C. Miller, 275, assigned to bicycle duty. Assigned to bicycle duty, 278: E. J. Bischop, C. A. Bunel, C. W. Fields, F. F. Mayer, J. J. Walsh, M. J. Brennan, F. Carrano, F. L. Laurita, J. M. O'Brien, W. A. Buenau, T. J. Deneen, L. H. Mahoney, A. L. Shevlin.

Temporary assignments: Capt. T. V. Underhill, 38, to command 4th Insp. Dist., in addition to his other duties, for 5 days, 12:01 A. M., Nov. 27; Lieut. T. J. Gleason, 78 to C. O. Squad, 20 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 26; Patrol. G. Reichold, Traffic Div., Subdiv. A, to C. O. Squad, 14 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 26; to C. O. Squad, from precincts indicated, 5 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 26: W. P. McAvoy, 16; A. Collinge, 22; F. Quinn, 26; S. J. T. Genet, 36; R. A. Mulholland, 78; P. J. Keenan, 22; D. J. Long, 25; B. J. Cooper, 28; J. J. Hamilton, 39.

Assignment discontinued: Patrol. H. A. Bennett, 275, to bicycle duty, 8 A. M., Nov. 26.

Leaves of absence, to take effect on date of entrance into military service: Patrol. J. P. Dowling, 16; W. C. Schwartz, 22; W. F. Spengler, 18.

Leaves of absence with full pay: Inspector John Daly, 4th Insp. Dist., 5 days, 12:01 A. M., Nov. 27, to be deducted from vacation. Patrol. W. T. Gatewood, 26, 5 days, 12 P. M., Nov. 26; A. Finken, 35, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., Dec. 6; W. Billar, 65, 1 day, 8 A. M., Nov. 26.

Sick leave: Patrol. W. F. Quinn, 146, 90 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 28.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 24.—Charters filed:

East and West Oil Co.; $1,250,000. A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, G. V. Reilly of New York.

The Resolved Corp., to engage in ocean commerce; $35,000. M. Dow Ferris, George C. Sprague, H. Victor Crawford, 2d, all of New York.

Increase in capital stock:

The North American Fluorspar and Lead Corp., from $500,000 to $1,000,000.

Franklin Railway Supply Co. of N. Y., from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

Tea Rooms.

THE HOLLY TREE 26 VESEY STREET, One flight up. Moderate Priced Luncheon for Business People.

RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

GRAND UNION Lakewood, N. J.—Homelike, cheerful surroundings; attractions nearby; superior table; reasonable; booklet. L. TIEDEMAN

STEAMBOATS.

UP THE HUDSON—SUNDAYS Str. NEWBURGH. TO NEWBURGH, BEACON AND RETURN. Franklin St., 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:30 A. M.

HOTELS.

HOTEL LE MARQUIS 12 East 31st St. Four doors from Fifth Avenue. A convenient, exclusive, fireproof Hotel. AMERICAN PLAN: Two rooms and bath, $50, $55 & $60 per week for two. One room and bath, $38 to $45 per week for two and $25 to $30 for one. A few rooms to rent on the European plan. INSPECTION INVITED John P. Tolson.

MANHATTAN SQUARE HOTEL 50 to 58 West 77th Street. Absolutely fireproof; facing Manhattan Sq. Park. Half block entrance from Central Park. The most ideal location in New York. FEW CHOICE APARTMENTS AT MODERATE RATES. FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED LONG OR SHORT PERIOD. Restaurant a la carte. Cuisine of the highest. George W. O'Hare, Manager.

The Leading Hotels of Asbury Park. COLEMAN HOUSE. HOTEL MARLBOROUGH. Now Booking for Week-end of THANKSGIVING.

Christmas Candies
in the Subway Store—Balcony. Candies for Sunday Schools packed in pretty boxes, and at wholesale prices. Special attractions in favors.
GIMBELS SUBWAY STORE—Balcony

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Personal Christmas Cards
are such delightful forms of remembrance that everybody is using them now. GIMBELS special service includes designs at so small a price as 5c to 35c.
GIMBELS—Main Floor—Rear

$7,500 Worth of Christmas Hand Luggage, $5,000!

There's everything in the Sale, from a small overnight bag to a great kit bag (almost a trunk). These are SAMPLES—made from selected leathers, very, very carefully. They have served their purpose. So the makers, friendly to this house, let us have the prizes at ONE-THIRD BELOW THE MARKET. So the hand luggage is even more wonderful, considering prices and scarcity of fine leathers and frames.

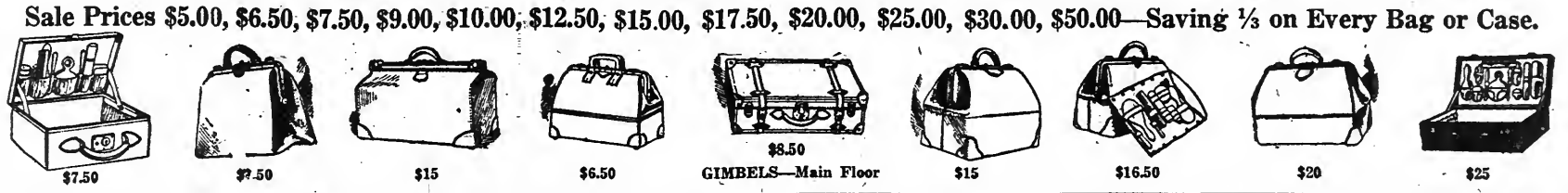
Week-End Cases *Suit Cases* *Kit Bags*
Club Bags *Cabin Bags* *English Framed Bags*
Oxford Bags *Victorias* *Coat Cases*

Good assortment of the fitted kinds, complete outfits of polished brass—imitation shell—ebony—white celluloid—sterling silver and nickle.

Leathers *Goatskin* *Cowhide*
Natural Seal *Cobra Seal* *Selected Morocco*
Vachette *Walrus* *Pig Skin*

Linings of plaid, moire and leather. Women's bags in sizes 14 to 18 inches. Men's bags in sizes 16 to 22 inches. Week-End and Suit Cases, 20 to 26 inches.

Sale Prices $5.00, $6.50, $7.50, $9.00, $10.00, $12.50, $15.00, $17.50, $20.00, $25.00, $30.00, $50.00—Saving ⅓ on Every Bag or Case.



$7.50 $7.50 $15 $6.50 $8.50 $15 $16.50 $20 $25
GIMBELS—Main Floor

Eat and Grow Glad

The GIMBEL Restaurant has ideals, to say nothing of traditions. We will never shade our quality, come what may.

The American loves a good table. We are a nation of epicures.

With food prices soaring to outrageous heights in some quarters, the tendency to economize has become insistent.

But America holds fast to quality, cutting down rather on quantity, if cut down we must, even while Europe goes by contraries.

Here you can always be sure of highest quality foods,—purity, cleanliness, protection—and these are days when we maintain standards most rigidly.

While prices are agreeably fair and low, thanks to powerful GIMBEL buying influences in New York and our great grocery store in Philadelphia.

In a state of siege, it seems to us, that invaders, who always seek the best, would want to come and dine at GIMBELS.

GIMBELS—Eighth Floor

Plenty of Khaki Yarn, $1.00 Per Hank

Competent Teachers of Knitting

Samples of Army and Navy Knitted Outfits, from which you can work.

Complete Army and Navy Outfits, all wool, hand knitted, grey or khaki, 4 pieces (sleeveless jacket, scarf, helmet and pair of wristlets), $15.00 the set.

GIMBELS—Second Floor

SALE! *Rhinestone Bar Pins, $2.95*

A sparkling purchase which we probably shall be unable to duplicate for many a Christmas:

They are SAMPLES, with all the faultless artistry of the jeweler's craftsmanship — true values $7.50 to $13.50!

All Rhinestone.
Rhinestones and sapphires.
Rhinestones and emeralds.
Some gallery mounted.

Ten dozen, 120 pieces in all.
GIMBELS—Main Floor

Women's Suits at Reduced Prices
$35.00

At this figure we offer dressy tailored suits of fine broadcloth and wool velour models chosen from our regular stock of high-priced suits. A number of costume suits in the choicest of Autumn colorings, including navy, greens and browns, soft tans, and warm Burgundy. Many of the suits are trimmed with fur, though there is an excellent selection of models trimmed with touches of velvet—suits admirably adapted to the needs of women who have their own furs.

$25.75

Suits of broadcloth, gabardine, and pinstripe velour. All desirable Winter shades represented in the assortment.

Not many suits of one color or size—but a wide variety in the collection. All marked decidedly below their regular selling prices.

GIMBELS—Third Floor

One Day Sale of Women's Skirts $8.75

Values $10.75 to $12.75

Gabardine, serge, velour, zibeline and novelties—green, brown, black and white combinations, stripes and plaids—pleated and shirred models, pockets and belts.

In the assortment are all sizes to suit slim, medium and matronly figures—but *not all* sizes are to be had in any *one color or model.*

GIMBELS—Third Floor

HARTMANN *Trunks, Sale!*

"Hartmann" Fibre-covered Dress Trunks at $17.50
Reg. $22 to $25
"Hartmann" Fibre-covered Steamer Trunks at $15.00
Reg. $18 to $25.00
"Everwear" Fibre - covered Trunks at $11.50.
Reg. $13.50 to $15.00
"Everwear" Fibre-covered Trunks at $13.75.
Reg. $16 to $19.00
Innovation Wardrobe Trunks, $30.00 to $95.00
Gimbels—sole authorized agents.
GIMBELS—Fifth Floor

TOYS

—inspired by the war—are many and various this Christmas.

"Long Tom," which the artist has caught in the act of "shooting up" a detachment of lead soldiers, is modeled from Uncle Sam's coast defense guns. It's loads of fun, easy to shoot and not destructive to furniture. Only $1.50.

Mecanno will build battleships and lighthouses.

Submarines range here and there, under and over "Gee-Bee Land's" ocean.

Then the Gilbert machine gun, built like a Colt rapid-firer, holds a dozen cartridges, air-cooled, automatic, elevating crank, even a drill manual with each gun! $3.

Red Cross ambulances, airplanes, wireless outfits, armored motor cars—soldiers from many branches of the service—soldier suits—soldier books—this is a military Christmas if there ever was one!

Toys, Games, Books, Dolls.
GIMBELS "Gee-Bee Land"—Fourth Floor

Satin and Beaver Dress Shapes—Untrimmed—$5

$5 $5

Smart, close-fitting little shapes that are so fashionable this season. Made of an excellent quality satin combined with long-nap beaver. Black and taupe. In a number of styles at only $5.00.

Hats of Black and Gold *Lame* Silk combined with Kerami—a number of new styles, including the peaked crown and the collar effect brim, $5.95

GIMBELS—Third Floor

A SECOND SHIPMENT OF DESIRABLE Silk Jersey PETTICOATS at $3.95

From the Most Famous of Silk Glove Makers

Values $5.00 to $6.95

Come in Black and in White as well as in light and dark tones of

Green *Lavender* *Blue* *Brown* *Gray* *Pink* *Rose* *Taupe*

The rich silk jersey is the quality found in fine silk hosiery, the garments are finished as carefully as this famous maker's gloves—the styles are new and varied.

Included in the assortment are a few slightly imperfect petticoats, but these will prove quite as durable as though they were absolutely perfect and of course cost far less than if they were flawless.

Attractive, well-made Negligees in extra sizes 48 to 54.

Crepe—ribbon trimmed. $1.95 to $2.95
Flannelette—ribbon trimmed or hand scalloped, $2.95
Albatross — hemstitched and ribbon trimmed. Several colors, $7.95
Crepe de Chine—hand embroidered bodice, pleated skirt. Several colors, $18.75
Regular Size Negligees from $1.00 to $75.00

GIMBELS—Second Floor.

GIMBELS Offer Victrolas on No Down Payment

Simply buy $5, $7.50 or $10 worth of records, have your instrument delivered now (or later if you like) and make future payments at the same rates as usual.

What a chance just before Christmas!

GIMBELS—Eighth Floor

2,760 Pairs Women's Gloves at $1.19

Factory rejects from one of the most careful glove manufacturers we know.

Kid, cape, mocha, mostly white, with a sprinkling of tan and grays. All sizes in the collection. Glove certificates with no mention of prices for the uncertain-what-to-give. GIMBELS—Main Floor.

Dress Goods & Coatings —Lower in Price

Emphasizing GIMBEL values because of great purchasing power, very close co-operation with the good makers and years of fair dealing.

$2.50 Navy Blue Fine Twill Serge at $1.75 yard

54 inch. A fine, firmly woven serge; two good shades of dark navy blue.

$5.50 Rich Velour Coatings at $4.50 yard

With a rich velvet finish in the newest colorings—tan, beige, cadet, citron, seal brown, dark green, Belgian blue, navy blue and black.

$6 Black Seal Plush at $4.85 yard

48 inch. Rich seal black, with a close, straight pile. Tomorrow only at $4.85 yard.

Remnants ¼ to ½ Under Priced

Closing out thousands of yards of black and colored dress goods and coatings in remnants of 2 to 5 yards. The remainder of our importation; some of them the newest and finest novelties as well as the staple domestic fabrics in plain colors, priced ¼ to ½ below.

GIMBELS—Second Floor

Linens

Spell Thanksgiving to Many a Home.

Snow white bleached damask table cloths and napkins to match, of pure Irish linen in round designs.

Size 70x70 inches.....$3.50 Ea.
22-inch Napkins.....$4.75 Doz.

Rarely fine double satin damask table cloths (discontinued number). Eight beautiful designs, most of them with napkins to match.

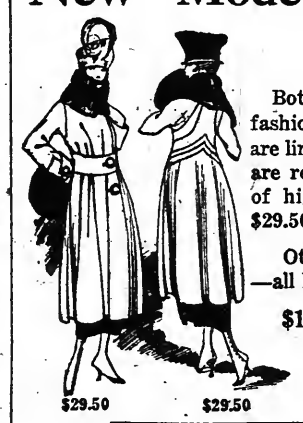
72x 72 inches..... $7.75
72x 90 inches..... $9.75
72x108 inches.....$11.75
72x126 inches.....$13.50
72x144 inches.....$15.00
81x 81 inches.....$10.25
81x 90 inches.....$11.00
90x 90 inches.....$12.75
90x108 inches.....$15.50
90x126 inches.....$16.50
90x144 inches.....$20.00
22-inch Napkins..... $8.25
27-inch Napkins.....$11.75

Pure Irish linen damask bleached snow white, a good selection of patterns.

Width 72 inches.....$1.39 Yd.
Napkins to match, 22 inches square.....$4.50 Doz.

GIMBELS—Second Floor

New Models In Coats $29.50



$29.50 $29.50

Both the coats *illustrated* have fashionably large fur collars, and are lined throughout. Street shades are represented in the assortment of high grade coats we offer at $29.50.

Other models—many materials —all late styles—

$15.00 $25.00 $39.50

GIMBELS—Third Floor

Hudson Seal Coats Priced at $125.00

These are beautiful models, forty-five inches long, cut on full, loose lines and made from perfectly matched pelts.

Separate Fur Pieces at Special Prices

Beaver Collars $22.50
Skunk Collars $22.50
Hudson Seal Collars $14.50
Beaver Muffs $19.50
Skunk Muffs $25.00
Hudson Seal Muffs $12.50

GIMBELS—Third Floor

Crisp New Frocks For Wee Children

$1.95, $2.95, $3.95
Sizes 2 to 6 years.

$2.95

Dainty little dresses of fine lawns and voiles, lace and embroidery trimmed. Some smocked and hand stitched in colors with ribbons to match. Empire, straight and peasant models. Just the frocks to wear on Thanksgiving—at home or visiting.

GIMBELS BABY SHOP—Second Floor

Laces of Rare Design Appealing in Price

Variety such as a princess might envy—prices any woman will want to profit by.

For making evening gowns—Filmy white and cream chantilly edges and flouncings—35c to $2.50 yard

White fancy cotton laces, including a profusion of Val. and cluny, edges and insertions. Most desirable for fancy work and underwear, 5c to 25c yard

40-inch silk nets, in a variety of desirable shades, at 45c yard

GIMBELS—Main Floor

Plenty of Blankets for Thanksgiving Guests?

We have! And owing to certain trade conditions of which we took advantage, prices are surprising to folks who have been to other stores.

White Woolen Blankets, $7.50 Pair

Fine warm quality wool woven on a fine cotton warp. Large size 72x90 inches. Pink, blue or gold borders.

White California Wool Blankets, $8.50 Pair

Fine California Wool Stock with a small percentage of cotton to prevent shrinkage. 72x90 inches. Pink, blue or gold borders.

All-Wool Plaid Blankets, $15.00 Pair

Made of a special grade all-wool stock, in the popular block design. Pink, blue, tan, gray or gold colorings, with wide silk binding to match. Size 72x90 inches.

All-Wool White Blankets, $15.00 Pair

Fine soft finish. Pink, blue or gold borders. Wide silk binding to match. Size 72x90 inches.

GIMBELS—Second Floor

Another VELVET Sensation Monday!

The Pinnacle of Achievement!

All the goings and comings of our Velvet Chief (who is as much at home in France as in New York) have culminated in this Show and Sale.

It is an education to see the velvets—a rare privilege to save so well on them!

Imported Brocaded Velvets at $7.95 Yd.

In plain and two tone effects; in many colors on satin and taffeta grounds mostly; nearly all with the much wanted chiffon finish.

Extraordinary value at $7.95 yd—values $10.00 to $20.00.

Chiffon Dress Velvets at $4.95—in about 30 shades, all good colors — value $7.50 yd.

Imported Chiffon Velvets at $3.00 yd.—Black only, a beautiful finish, sold regularly at $4.95.

Imported Velveteens at 85c.—A full line of all the wanted shades, 21 inches wide, regularly $1.25.

Imported Velvet Coatings at $1.95—Black only, a good black and exceptional value, regularly $2.50 yd.

GIMBELS—Second Floor

Silk Undergarments

In Extra Sizes

Gimbels take extra pains with extra sizes—to make certain that garments are fashionable, ample in cut and faultless in tailoring.

Camisoles at $1.50, $2, $3—Five Models.

Two models of crepe de chine—insertion forming top—one model of washable satin with Val. lace insertion, $1.50 each
One model of washable satin trimmed with cluster tucking and fine insertion, $2.00 each
Two models of satin—one trimmed with heavy venise pattern lace—the other with hemstitching, Val. insertion, and medallions, $3.00 each

Gowns and Envelope Chemises $3.95 to $9.50

Envelope chemise of heavy crepe de chine, well designed and made—narrow Val. trimming, $3.95 each
Envelope chemise of heavy crepe de chine—trimmed with several rows of hemstitching and a Val. lace edging, $4.95 each
Plain, square-neck gown of heavy crepe de chine—hemstitched, $6.95 each
Square-neck gown, trimmed with hemstitching and Val. lace edging to match chemise, $7.95 each
Square-neck gown of heavy crepe de chine, trimmed with Val. lace and shirring below—tops of sleeves are of Georgette crepe—neck finished with hemstitching and satin bands. $9.50 each

All garments included in this offering are well made of good fabrics, and are excellent values.

GIMBELS—Second Floor

Just Three Days—Then Thanksgiving

In spite of tremendous price advances, we are able to give you extraordinary values, due to the forethought of our China Chief in placing larger contracts, when prices were normally low.

Glassware for the Thanksgiving Table

Light Cut Water Sets, Jug and 6 Glasses, $1.25
Cut and Pressed footed Sherbet Glasses, 18c
Cracker and Cheese Dish, rose or butterfly cutting, 95c
Needle Etched thin blown Water Glasses, $1.20 doz.
Large Glass Flower Baskets, beautiful pressed and cut pattern, $2.95

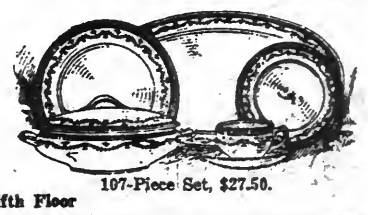
Cut Crystals Add Much to the Thanksgiving Table

12-inch Vases, brilliant combination cutting, $3.95
Large oval Ice Cream Trays, floral and mitre cutting, $3.95
Celery Trays, deep mitre cutting, $3.95
Punch Bowls and Stand, beautifully cut, $10.75
Large Flower Baskets, new and attractive cutting, $4.50
Black and White Cameo Teapots, just received from England. Blue body, raised decoration in white, Wedgwood effects, Sizes $1.50, $1.65, $1.75

Hundreds of Dinner Sets

Recent shipments from France and England and from our own American potteries enable us to offer Dinner Sets in great variety. The prices are most interesting.

French China Dinner Sets. Excellent values at $39.50, $50.00, $67.50, $87.50, $97.50, $139.50
English Porcelain Dinner Sets—$27.50, $35.00, $37.50, $39.50, $42.00
American Porcelain Dinner Sets, 51 pieces, $8.95, $15.75, $16.50 and upward; 100 to 107 pieces, $13.75, $17.50, $32.50



107-Piece Set, $27.50.

GIMBELS—Fifth Floor

Special—Personal Christmas Greeting Cards—For 2 Days Only

Your name engraved on oblong panel cards containing beautiful holiday sentiments. With plain envelopes to match.

50 Engraved Cards, Script Lettering **$2.89**
50 Engraved Cards, Old English Lettering, 15 letters **$4.69**
100 Cards, printed from your own plate, **$3.41**
50 Cards, printed from your own plate, **$1.79**

Macy's—Main Stairway Landing, Main Floor, Centre.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square. B'dway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only

5,000 yds. Outing Flannel

Specially Priced **15c yd.**

Pretty Striped Designs. Plain Pink, Plain Blue, Plain White. 27 inches wide.

Macy's—Second Floor, Centre.

Petticoats

In Suit Colors

2 Styles at **$2.79**
Durable taffeta with graceful flounces. Well made.

2 Styles at **$3.74**
Of good taffeta with flounces that are daintily tucked and ruffled.

3 Styles at **$4.69**
One of taffeta with a corded and ruffled flounce. The other two are of satin and are made on the modish straight lines. One has an unusual shirred band instead of a flounce. The other has three tucks and a small frill.

Macy's—Third Floor, Rear.

Wonderland Is Ready!

And Santa Claus is here with enough toys for every boy and girl in New York City. All the little Elfin Folk in The Land Where Toys Are Made worked night and day to complete his orders and rush them to Wonderland. Wonderland throws open its doors to-morrow, bigger, better and more of it than ever.

Heaps of things for every Big Boy that's a Regular Fellow. Enough toys to give every Big Girl a Merry Christmas. A bully lot of things for the Little Fellows. Dolls—and other things for Little Girls. Toys to make every Baby gurgle with delight.

Children, Come to Wonderland, One and All. See Santa Claus Yourself and Tell Him All About What You Want for Christmas

Automobiles and Wagons, military things, aeroplanes, submarines, construction toys, projecting machines for real "movies."

Loads of things on wheels, for little boys. Guns, Noah's arks, banks, rocking horses and sleds, fire engines, soldier suits.

Games for the Girls, and puzzles. Sets for sewing, knitting, embroidery. Dolls, dolls' furniture and dolls' clothes.

Dolls for Little Girls, character dolls, rag dolls, unbreakable dolls—and everything from a dolly's corset to a little hot water bottle.

For the babies, woolly animals to cuddle, floating things, rubber toys that squeak, baby yards, baby walkers, baby swings.

Ask for the Story Book telling how Santa Claus managed his shopping this year. Santa will give you one himself. See the Toys in Macy's windows.

Macy's—Wonderland, Fifth Floor.

Bathrobes

FOR WOMEN

$3.89

In a Cozy Model with Sailor Collar bound around with Satin Ribbon. Of Woolly Blankets in Floral Patterns or Eiderdowns in Rose, Blue, Lavender, Red or Gray.

A Capital Gift Suggestion

Macy's—Third Floor, Centre.

A SALE—For WOMEN

Exclusive Gowns

For Theatre, Dinner and Evening Wear,

$48.75

Originally priced $59.75 to $94.75

Do not neglect the opportunity offered by this repricing, if you would have a dress of distinguished beauty at far less than ordinary cost.

CHIFFON VELVET CHIFFON GEORGETTE CREPE
BROCADED SATIN VELVETEEN

All taken from regular stock. Just one of a kind.

Macy's—Third Floor, Broadway.

Fur Trimmed Satin Hats

Represent the New in Millinery

Specially Priced **$4.69** *Specially Priced*

As a welcome change after the vogue of velvet hats, women will find the newness of satin both refreshing and becoming. The fur touches give a contrast that is pleasing.

Several new shapes and styles, of good quality satin, trimmed or edged with imitation moleskin. Three are *illustrated.*

Black Brown Taupe Navy

Macy's—Second Floor, 34th Street.

This Is a

Sweater Season

FOR WOMEN

New Models of Interest

Folks planning Christmas lists now might take advantage of the vogue of sweaters to answer some of their gift questions.

Suggestions—

A lovely model in fine Shetland weave is made with a wide band of brushed wool all around the front and neck. This has a sash, but no buttons.
Rose, Nile, French gray, Copen, white. **$12.74**

Sweater of soft Alpaca yarn, has a shawl collar, sash and novelty buttons.
Rose, Copen, corn. **$10.74**

Fibre and Wool Mixture Sweater in novelty block weave. The back is shirred into the sash. Sailor collar.
White, green, Copenhagen, rose, corn. **$8.94**

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th St.

Chinese & Turkish RUGS

REDUCED IN PRICE

We do not believe rugs of such fine quality have been offered at such low prices, for in many instances the reduction on a single rug amounts to more than $100.

Through this sale we have shown how our policy of cash buying and cash selling reaches into foreign markets and brings to you exquisite rugs in rich Oriental colorings at prices unequalled elsewhere.

The Chinese Rugs include room and small sizes.
The Turkish Rugs (Chinese designs) are mostly room sizes.

The Following Suggests Some of the Savings:

Size.	Original Price.	Sale Price.
4 ft. x 7 ft.,	$45.50	$ 30.25
7 ft. 11 in. x 5 ft. 11 in.,	102.00	67.75
9 ft. x 6 ft.,	174.00	116.00
10 ft. x 8 ft.,	167.00	111.00
9 ft. x 12 ft.,	212.00	141.00
13 ft. x 10 ft. 3 in.,	497.00	331.00

Daghestan Rugs at Reduced Prices.

Over a hundred rugs in scatter sizes, in beautiful colorings.

Rugs formerly $15.74 and $14.48 NOW $11.48
Rugs formerly $22.89 and $19.89 NOW $17.74

Our recent importation of Chinese Rugs has added hundreds of rugs to our large collection which is now priced much lower than in seasons past.

Macy's—Fourth Floor, Centre.

COATS

For Women Who Study Their Appearance

Three New Models

Wool Velour Coat in a belted model with deep collar and cuffs of kolinsky dyed marmot fur. Silk lined throughout. Pekin blue, brown, green, navy, Burgundy. **$48.75**

Broadcloth Coat, doubly flounced like a skirt. The collar is large, deep, convertible. The belt pleats in cartridge effect with buttons between. To be worn with one's own furs. Taupe, reindeer, dark green, navy, black. **$39.75**

Coat of Gunniburl Tweed, a fabric that has the smartness of a silvertone with the service of a tweed. In a belted model with large collar of nutria fur. Silk lined throughout. ***$34.75***

Macy's—Third Floor, Broadway.

A SEASONABLE MENTION OF OUR NEW

Silk Nightgowns

We Have Them in 317 Styles

Surely enough variety there to suit every taste. Simplicity is noticeably favored. Laces and ribbons, where used, are used artistically. Please note that the same discrimination is shown in the choice of the gown at $3.79 as in that at $21.79

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Gowns of Jap Silk, charming in their simplicity. Gowns of crepe de chine, some rather tailored, some hand embroidered, some trimmed with lace. **$3.79**

Gowns of lustrous Jap Satin, some very sweet and simple; various styles of crepe de chine, in Empire and shirred models, with pretty ribbons and laces. **$4.49**

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Prices start at $4.79, and go up to $21.79

Macy's—Third Floor, Rear.

REAL FILET LACE ON A

Georgette Blouse

$4.89

The long lines of this dainty Georgette Blouse are considerably enhanced by the graceful rolling collar of satin and the insertions of real Filet lace. The tiny rows of hemstitching finished with little pearl buttons are pleasing touches. The turn-back cuffs are of satin. In white or flesh.

A Decisive Cut in the Prices of

50 Chiffon Velvet Blouses

$12.74 { *Were* $17.49 *to* $24.74

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Macy's—Third Floor, 34th Street.

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Every Item Here Means Savings!

Some from our own stocks reduced. Some bought specially. In almost every instance prices are less than we would have to pay for them regularly to-day. For instance, the imported Madras at 21c yd. now costs 28½c yd. to land here. Other savings in proportion. Opportunity!

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Formerly Priced $3.96 to $4.24 pr.

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350 Pairs Scrim and Lace Curtains

Priced for Clearance.

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Macy's—Fourth Floor, 35th St., Rear.

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Christmas is Only One Month from Today. Let Mirrors Reflect Your Greetings—They're Gifts That Everyone Appreciates

Chinese Mirrors, hand decorated in colors. Oval, square and pagoda frames.
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Our Usual "Lowest-in-the-City" Price. $2.39 yd. — Special Sale Price. **$1.98** yd.

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Macy's—Second Floor, 35th Street, Broadway.

R. H. Macy & Co.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, SUNDAY, NOV. 25, 1917.

OUTSIDE THE PALE.

No grass grows under the feet of the Bolsheviki as they continue their mad rush to ruin for themselves and for Russia. They order the Commander in Chief of the Russian armies to negotiate an armistice with the enemy and remove him when he refuses. They begin a disbandment of the army itself, releasing "all citizen soldiers" of the class of 1899 and giving notice that orders releasing other classes will be issued later. In the name of TROTZKY, "Commissioner" of Foreign Affairs, they advise other Governments that they have "offered" an armistice and a democratic peace on all fronts, on the basis of no annexations and no indemnities. Their "Government" having no funds, they make requisition upon the wealthier classes for blankets and clothing for the soldiers. They forbid the publication of bourgeois newspapers by decreeing that newspaper advertisements are property of the State and shall be published only in soldiers' and workmen's newspapers, although in this country, at the present moment, Socialists are invoking the constitutional guarantee of freedom of speech and liberty of press against officers of the Government who proceed against seditious newspapers, not because they are socialistic but because they are disloyal.

As a crowning achievement in this Socialist progress to a higher and better state of things, "Commissioner" TROTZKY is making public secret treaties between Russia and some of her allies, also confidential correspondence and telegrams, at the same time warning the Teutonic Powers that they must not be overexultant at these disclosures since their own chancelleries may sometime be searched by the proletariat in Berlin and Vienna. TROTZKY is, of course, wholly incapable of understanding that this is an act of dishonor, that it does infinite harm to Russia as a nation. Governments may change, but the honor of a nation, its good faith, should be zealously safeguarded by whatever party or class happens to be in power; at least that is a principle that has found universal acceptance among nations zealous of their reputation. TROTZKY would with vigor and pride assert the opposite principle, since as a Socialist it is one of his aims to destroy nationalism and to set up the flag of internationalism. Withdrawing from the war with Germany, the Bolsheviki have, with the forces they happen to command, plunged into a war with the middle class, against "capital"; and as he and his associates insist that Great Britain, France, the United States and Italy are making war upon Germany at the prompting of "capital," in the interests of "capital," it is from his point of view perfectly logical that he should disclose all past secret transactions between these capitalistic Governments and Russia.

The Bolsheviki have put Russia outside the pale of civilized, recognizable Governments. Their own embassy at Washington repudiates them, the allied Governments refuse to have any dealings with them. Unfortunately, the evil consequences of their behavior are not limited to their own persons. They will go down in infamy, as throughout history ignorance has gone down when through some mischance it has seized power. The graver results of their recklessness will be felt by Russia itself. In future years, it may be for a very long time, other Governments will have a profound distrust of the pledges, commitments and good faith of a nation so infirm in purpose and spirit that even for a brief moment men of the sort of LENINE and TROTZKY can come into power. The memory and burden of their misdoing will weigh heavily upon the Russian people themselves. Had a stable government been set up as a result of the revolution, Russia would have had a great commercial future. She needs foreign capital in immense volumes, and she could have had it for the development of her resources. But a nation that gleefully publishes secret despatches and confidential notes, for any cause arising from the war spondence would not stop at a little thing like repudiating debts, public or private, or confiscating all property of nationals and foreigners alike. The Bolsheviki, by their madness, and the Russian people in weakly permitting them to seize upon authority, have given Russia a bad name among nations which it will live down only through many decades of stability and civil order.

It is socialism that has brought Russia to ruin, German socialism. Apart from the issues of the war, the community of civilized nations have a righteous grievance against the Teutonic Powers and against Russia. In those nations the genius of the people has failed to establish and maintain forms of government compatible either with the usages or with the safety of the society of nations. They have been breeding places of socialism, anarchism, nihilism and communism, and those foul contagions have spread to other nations, free and well-governed nations, where they have become a pest and a menace. In England, in France and in the United States there is no reason or excuse for the agitations of the Socialists, they have fill-served the interests of the very classes they profess to represent. In these democracies, old-time evils and inequalities of which a century ago, or more recently, just complaint was made, are curable and being cured through the ceaselessly active force of public opinion. But in Russia, in Austria, in Germany that force was suppressed in all its saving activities, with the result that the propaganda of class-war, of war of the poor against the middle class, has done its secret work. It is a destructive work, senseless in its methods, since its aims, which are not all senseless, might have been successfully attained for the common good, by other means.

We cannot put all the blame upon the autocrats, upon the Czars, the Emperors and the war lords. Ultimately, the people themselves, the people of Germany, Austria, and Russia, are responsible, for long ago they could have had it otherwise had they willed the great change. The Russians are too ignorant, for illiteracy is their bane, the Germans and the Austrians have too blindly followed the teaching of generations of officers and agents of the Government, professors and publicists and historians, equally agents of the autocracy, who have drilled it into them that obedience to the State and supine reverence for the over-lord were supreme duties. Germans, Austrians, and Russians are now crushed by the evils they themselves have incited through their lack of the spirit and the courage to assert and maintain their rights as free men. But they have done infinite harm to other nations, too, for the war itself is one of the proofs of their incapacity.

The Russian revolution is going the headlong course of the French revolution. It was not necessary, it was stupid. Those who in other days pointed to the training in the work of administration which the Russians had received in the Mir and the Zemstvo as evidence of fitness to govern themselves, must now see that the transition from Czardom to a republic was much too sudden for such a people. MILYUKOFF was probably right, and there is no wiser man in Russia. Rejecting the corrupt substance, but preserving something of the form of the old Government, the revolution might have established a central authority that would have had the respect and obedience of the people, that would have preserved order at home and kept faith with friendly nations. A constitutional monarchy quite as democratic as the United States or as England might have been established that would have bridged over the dangerous time following upon the abolition of autocracy and have given Russia its place among the free nations. In the existing and well-understood conditions, the republic immediately following the revolution, was practically certain to be a socialistic republic. That is what the reckless, ignorant, irresponsible men in Petrograd have aimed to establish, and the result practically is anarchy. There is in Russia no government capable of keeping order at home or holding the respect and confidence of other nations. In the slow process of time men of intelligence, of sanity and of sufficient strength to put out and put down the wild, irresponsible Socialists who have usurped power, may come to the direction of affairs in Russia, but they will have much to undo before the new State can take the place it might have held had the Provisional Government used the strong hand in the beginning.

A GUARANTEE OF WAR RELIEF PROJECTS.

The multiplication of societies for various purposes of war relief requires, and the case of the Army and Navy Bazaar, so unhappy otherwise, is strongly useful in bringing public attention to the imperative need of it, a central licensing body, authoritative and final, to examine, to certify and approve or to reject each war work organization, temporary or more permanent. The multitude of these, the multitude of the demands upon the generosity of the community, are bewildering. The instances of incompetence or fraud, if rare, can only have a chilling effect upon the now eager desire to give.

No charitable society or enterprise should be allowed to go on or begin until it has been investigated or passed upon by a competent tribunal. There should be an official list of the worthy and approved.

The most competent, the unimpeachable body for the purpose of investigation and registry or rejection is the Red Cross Society.

THE INTERRUPTED VACATION.

Envy loves to snap at the heels of Virtue. Mr. CHARLES F. MURPHY, High Keeper of the Temple of Reform in East Fourteenth Street, comes back from his villeggiatura in Indiana, where, it is understood, he has been composing the first volume of his eagerly awaited "Memoirs of a Municipal Reformer." He returns a week earlier than he was looked for. Straightway all the brazen tongues of Rumor swing and ring. Judge HYLAN has been proclaiming, generously if superfluously, that he is unbossed, unbossable, no man's man. He owns "no responsibility except to the people and his own conscience." In short, his favorite quotation is Dr. SMOLLETT'S:

> Thy spirit, independence, let me share,
> Lord of the lion heart, the eagle eye!

Nobody's "indorsement" counts with him. No brokers need apply. He will make his own appointments. Mr. MURPHY is imagined as wondering, and to be scared at the thought, whether Judge HYLAN is going to be refractory.

These surmises do no honor to the infidels and the cynics who make them. Mr. MURPHY'S welcome reappearance in a city which he is so interested in has a simple, natural explanation that discredits those who love to look upon the darker side of human nature and are blind to its most radiant lovelinesses. Judge HYLAN has written to Mr. FRANK L. DOWLING, President of the Board of Aldermen, a letter asking

> that the Board of Aldermen exercise its authority under the charter and reduce what in their judgment would be inordinate salary increases and strike from the budget the places not necessary to the conduct of the city's business.

Mr. MURPHY leaves the soft delights of French Lick Springs, and his literary labors, to fly to the aid of municipal economy, of the abolition of unnecessary offices, causes to which his public life and severest thought have long been given. Doubtless he will appear in person at the City Hall tomorrow. He is not merely "for the Uplift." He is for the Cutdown.

TRAFFIC RESTRICTIONS.

It is announced that the railways are asking for the exclusion from their traffic of nonessential business in order to relieve demands for needed service beyond their capacity. That will shock many shippers who have assumed even to the present time that the railway question was a matter of rates. They would rather pay any rates than be excluded from the rails. Their ideal was a constant excess supply of accommodations, provided at no matter what waste of capital, and at constantly lower rates enforced by laws designed and administered with a view to the reduction of railway profits. They have succeeded all too well, and are daily less pleased with the result. They still may care nothing about the railways' troubles, but the railway question looks differently now. Its present aspect is much like that in the old days of uneconomic rate competition, when the road which carried most freight lost most money. The railways are asking to have business diverted from them to other roads less congested. The Pennsylvania is willing to dispense with much passenger service so that it can carry more freight. The Norfolk & Western wishes to carry only coal. Eleven leading commodities are to be restricted on all lines. Other ports than New York are to be utilized and much business is to be sent southward.

These drastic proposals show that the railways are impressed by the crisis and want to meet it in the manner best fitted to produce quickest results. Their knowledge how to do it is incomparably superior to that of any other body of men. Their readiness to serve the Government rather than the interests of their customers or themselves is attested by acts of indisputable sincerity. Their readiness to adopt any measures other than their own is shown by their request for suggestions from any source. None comes from the Interstate Commission. It is too busy with rate arguments to consider administration of traffic. Those who have been foremost friends of regulation of the sort we have had no longer rely upon it. They are proposing now Government ownership. They need it as a refuge or life preserver. They would be bankrupt, indeed, if they did not have some project to amend their own plans now that they have proved to be bad.

The politicians and the reformers by statute need Government ownership more than the railways. Railway men ask what Government would do other than they are doing, and profess their desire to do whatever Government may ask better than Government could, if only Government will put a name to it. It passes patient tolerance that Government ownership or operation should be proposed for American railways when British railways borrowed their chief administrator from this side the ocean, and when French Government railways are on the point of being put under control of Americans for war purposes. No foreign railway man thinks that he can teach American railway men. That is left for those who have brought railway affairs to their present condition.

The manner in which profits are reduced by too much business appears from the official figures published yesterday. In September the gross earnings were greater than in either 1915 or 1916. But the operating income, the remnant after expenses and taxes, was nineteen millions less than 1916 and over eight millions less than 1915. That is the explanation of the railways' wish to be helped by the restriction of traffic. It was announced yesterday that the shortage of cars had increased 25,104 over last year. And everywhere there is complaint of shortage of everything carried in cars. The railways might be blamed if their advice had been acted upon, and if their humble requests had been heeded. But the railways cannot be blamed for their condition. It is in the care of those who assumed to teach the railways how to run their business, and who now are asked by the railways what they shall do to help their customers and themselves. The silence is oppressive.

INTERBOROUGH POSTAGE.

It is announced that the Post Office has amended its regulations so that full postage shall be collected on "drop" letters taken in bulk for delivery locally. The additional postage is as much war tax as postage, according to the tax levy, which, it seems, is now to be collected by postal regulation amendment. In that case perhaps the regulations may also be amended to remove from the tax what, it is to be supposed, should never have been included within it. The new postal rates were proposed by Congress according to geographical boundaries, but they are collected by the Post Office according to its own boundaries, of which the public knows nothing.

For example, in Queens County there are six Post Offices, although Queens County is part of New York City. In this city there are five boroughs, and letters between them are due to pay full rates, according to the amended regulations. In public estimation all letters within this city should be drop letters, although the regulations establish rates which seem as absurd as the collection of full rates between, say, Yorkville and Harlem. Such designations have as little to recommend them as addresses to Post Offices whose boundaries are unknown to any geography or local law.

This is a more important matter than it seems. The case is published of one company which has 40,000 customers on its books, and whose bills, when collected by mail, cost the company $19,200 in revenue to the Government. Under the new rates the company does this business for itself, at a cost of $4,680. The cost per letter was less one one-half cent, and the Post Office loses $19,200. This may show what profit the Government makes at the 2-cent rate, and throws a light upon the justice of collecting 3 cents upon an artificial definition of drop letters.

Beyond this there is a suggestion of what real profits there might be in the Post Office business, if managed with the efficiency of private business. Nothing is known of the costs of the mail business of the Government, and therefore a certain incredulity attaches to the department's occasional claims of profits, meaning merely the excess of collections over disbursements. The Post Office is a popular institution, and might make itself more so, but not in the methods which it uses.

PRUSSIAN PARLIAMENTARY REFORM.

Formerly German foreign policy was used to distract attention from internal affairs. This year internal reform is promised for the purpose of inspiriting the people. BETHMANN HOLLWEG proposed, vaguely, a larger popular co-operation in internal affairs to support the "strong foreign policy" which he foresaw as necessary after the war. The proposed reform of the Prussian suffrage and changes in the composition of the Prussian Upper House, accepted by the Kaiser last week, are long-delayed measures of justice, an abrogation, in mere words as yet, of the feudal privileges by which Junkerthum controls Prussia and, to a large extent, the Empire.

The Prussian House of Lords consists of Princes of the royal family and of two formerly sovereign families who are of age; of the heads of sixteen mediatized princely houses; of some fifty heads of the territorial nobility; of life peers selected by the King from rich manufacturers, landholders, and famous men; of eight noblemen elected in eight of the oldest Prussian provinces by the resident landowners; of representatives of the universities, heads of chapters, Burgomasters of towns with more than 50,000 inhabitants, and of members named by the King for life or a shorter term.

The Prussian franchise is an intolerable inequality, against which the Social Democrats have long fought hopelessly. The Abgeordnetenhaus, or Chamber of Deputies, is chosen on the "three class" system. Election is indirect, voting open. The voting power of each primary elector depends on the amount of taxes he pays. In each constituency the State tax paid is divided into three parts, and the voters, all males of 25 or over, into three classes. The big taxpayers, paying one-third of the whole constituency tax, are the first class; the next biggest the second, the smallest and the poor are the third. Each division elects secondary or intermediate electors, one for every 250 inhabitants, and these elect the members of the so-called House of Representatives.

The rich are enormously overrepresented, the small taxpayers scandalously underrepresented by what BISMARCK frankly called "the wretchedest of systems." On an average the first class of primary voters is from 3 to 5 per cent. of the whole number, the second 10 to 12, the third about 85 per cent. In the cities the disproportion is even more glaring. As a rule the first and second class vote the same ticket, the third class is practically condemned to a minority of one to two. In some electoral districts the first class consists of one man. In some elections 200,000 first-class voters have elected one-third of the secondary electors, 900,000 second-class voters another third, more than 6,000,000 third-class voters the other third.

Thus both houses of the Prussian Diet are controlled by the rich and landholding classes. Roughly speaking, two-thirds of the House of Lords and half the Lower House come from the rural districts, have been "solid for" agrarian interests. The State has grown industrial. The Diet remains agrarian; and since there has been no revision of electoral districts, though a few seats have been added, for fifty years, the representation of cities and parties is grotesquely disproportionate to numbers. Not till nine years ago did the Social Democrats succeed in breaking into the Prussian Lower House.

ART NOTES.

An Exhibition of Chinese Painting and Sculpture.

At the Montross Gallery is an exhibition of Chinese painting and sculpture arranged by Professor Bahr. Many of the paintings and other objects have the usual interest of work done in accordance with the Chinese ideal, life in line. There are superb potteries and jades, and tomb figurines skilfully modeled and instinct with vitality, but the finest sculptures are two heads in basalt, one of the Goddess Kwannon, the other of a Guardian of the Temple, both from the T'ang period, when art had a freshness and vigor and a nobility of expression not afterward rivaled. The Kwannon is mysterious and withdrawn, a cryptic goddess aware of strange secrets and meditating upon experiences of the soul. The simplicity of the beautiful contour and the compact massive forms, together with the subtlety of modeling in the long, sensitive features and the look of spiritual life that stirs their deep repose, make an impression upon the least emotional observer. This head recently has become the property of Dr. Siren, whose studies in early Italian art lead naturally to this earlier and greater art. The Temple Guardian is in striking contrast to the Kwannon; a rugged, thick-nosed type, chosen for his office, no doubt, on account of his physical power, but possessed also of ample power of will, as his firm chin, doubled with flesh, and his outthrust under lips disclose, and having withal a sense of humor that finds expression in the satiric glance of his slanting eyes and the almost hidden smile.

One of the greatest of the paintings is a little leaflet in the outer gallery showing a blind beggar groping horribly at a wall with upstretched hands. There are passion and life in the drawing, and there is with this psychological drama a striking decorative plan that makes use of the line of muscle and joint somewhat as the early Romans did to emphasize a linear pattern within the quivering contour of the body. The exhibition lasts through the coming week. An unfortunate compromise has been made in framing the larger paintings. They stiffen under it, and lose something of their special character.

Maori Types.

At the Museum of Natural History Miss Del Mar is showing her preliminary studies for mural decorations and for a panoramic background of Maori life to be placed in the South Sea Island Hall of the museum. The studies include many portraits, drawings of surf riders, spear throwers, poi-makers, picturesque fruits, such as the mango, hanging in clusters against a wall, tropical fish, hunters, oarsmen, everything necessary to bring vividly forward the characteristic surroundings and activities of the people. The exhibition lasts until Dec. 10.

A LOYAL SCHOOL.

Teachers and Students Not to Blame for Meetings at Washington Irving.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the editorial columns of last Sunday's TIMES, appearing in an article upon the loyalty of teachers, are the following sentences: "The Teachers' Union, at a meeting held in the Washington Irving High School, another centre of wild-tongued socialism, voted to give the accused teachers its 'legal, moral, and financial support.' So it is the union of the teachers, of some teachers, that is, against the American Union."

I feel sure that in speaking of the Washington Irving High School as a "centre of wild-tongued socialism" you did not intend to criticise either its teachers or its students, but that you intended to censure the activities of some organizations that have been permitted by the Board of Education to use the school building when the school has not been in session. The distinction, however, is not clear to the minds of the reading public, and, consequently, your editorial, read as it is throughout the entire country where the Washington Irving High School is so generally known, has reflected upon the character of the teachings of a large and patriotic body of teachers.

It should be made known that responsibility for the use of school buildings by outside organizations is lodged exclusively with the Board of Education, which thus has absolute power to decline the use of such buildings for meetings not in positive support of the ideals of American citizenship.

EDWARD CORNELL ZABRISKIE,
Principal.

New York, Nov. 23, 1917.

Courts-Martial for Enemies Here.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Not until all cases of espionage and attempts to wreck the Government's prosecution of the war are tried before military or naval courts-martial will the Germans, pro-Germans, and pacifists in our midst realize that the American people mean business.

C. F. GOODRICH.

Philadelphia, Nov. 23, 1917.

POLISH AMBITIONS.

A Yearning for Western Culture, but Not German Kultur.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES of Nov. 22 is published a cable from Berlin which stated that the Polish Council in Warsaw, selected under German auspices, in a letter sent to the German Emperor, declared its intention to pursue its political and economic aims in common with the Central Powers, as based on a common Western culture, and you characterised that letter as a "yearning" of the Polish Council for German Kultur.

The Polish nation, from the dawn of its history to the present day, has been, by its religion, by its habits of life, institutions, and political aims, a nation of Western culture, adding to the growth of that culture and sharing its fruits; it always leaned toward Rome, and not toward Byzantium. In that sense it yearned for a Western culture. But now, when an internal strife is raging between the Western culture and a German Kultur; when Sorbonne, Oxford and Cambridge, Bologna and Padua, are impugning Berlin, when Francis of Assisi and Giordano Bruno, Descartes, Pascal, Locke, Hume, and Rousseau are set against State pastors, State philosophers, and State professors of aggressive militarism; when the Night and Day of Michelangelo confront the Siegesallee, and the sweet Madonna faces the infuriated Valkyrs, there can be no question as to what kind of culture a Polish Council would choose. Moreover, the Poles know the Prusso-German Kultur by its fruits, the bitter taste of which is still very fresh in their memory; the forcible expatriation of Poles, who were occupying and cultivating a land on which from time immemorial their forefathers lived, the flogging of Polish children by Prussian schoolmasters for their refusal to say their prayers in German. The Poles know well the political credo of the Prussian State toward the Polish nation—a credo of Ausrotten—to destroy them root and branch. What "Polish" Council could desire such a Kultur?

An unhampered Polish Council—the expression of a free Polish nation—can only yearn for day and light, and not for night and blackness.

BOLESLAW LAPOWSKI.

New York, Nov. 23, 1917.

Could Prisoners Be Sent Here?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am unable to see why it would not be advantageous to bring back to America in the empty, or practically empty, ships returning from voyages to France and England with munitions, provisions, and men, a million and a half or two million German and Austrian prisoners, and put them to work here on farms in groups of about thirty under guard, thus producing twice the supply of farm products or releasing that number of farmers for the draft. This would, it appears to me, relieve the United States of the necessity of sending food to France and England for these German and Austrian prisoners. Would it not also insure the ships from German submarines on their return?

I believe this does not conflict with any international law, and, if so, would it not be the time to abandon some slight technicality in opposing such an enemy as the Germans, who are alleged to have violated all the international laws that have come in conflict with their aims?

As an unlikely further idea which I have no belief will ever occur, if the western front should be broken, America would then have that million and a half or two million German and Austrian prisoners to hold as hostages of war to enforce the return and fair treatment of any of our own prisoners that Germany or Austria may have without possibly being compelled to pay millions for indemnity. JOHN M. RUSSELL.

New York, Nov. 24, 1917.

Knitted Garments Needed and Prized.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Having been considerably disturbed in my mind of late by the persistent rumors that knitted garments were not wanted by either soldiers or sailors, one person telling me that the latter said they "made fine brass polishers," and, more authoritative, the damper thrown on our ardor by Secretaries Daniels and Baker, I made it my business to find out if the few minutes which I can devote in my busy day to the work were being spent for naught. So I inquired of a young sailor laddie stationed on a cruiser near by, and I wish every knitter could have heard his emphatic "Don't you believe any such thing! I never was so thankful for any present I ever received as I am for the set of knitted things sent me lately. I tell you they feel good some of these cold nights! Yes, I have the full set; some one borrowed my first helmet and forgot to return it, but I have another." He told me there was a constant demand for them, and that all the garments were highly prized by those fortunate enough to get them. The helmets and wristlets are specially useful and are easy to make, while socks will help keep off "trench feet," at least for a time.

But let every knitter see to it that what she knits is really usable, and that not one article is turned down because too small or ill-shaped. Of this there is much complaint. Let not an ounce of wool be wasted, for it is getting scarcer every day.

ADA F. DE LANEY.

New York, Nov. 22, 1917.

THE DEDICATED.

The Fathers.

We, the forehanded, far-seeing, and thrifty,
Fathers we, working with sinew and brain,
We who have fashioned our hundreds from fifty,
Toiled till in thousands we counted our gain—
We turn from our measure
Of tribute and treasure,
And on the high heads of the sons who are ours
We lay our tense hands with the prayer that all powers
We e'er craved or possessed
In their proud hearts may rest,
When duty shall call them to face the last test.

The Mothers.

We, the intense, sacrificial, devoted,
Mothers we, working with faith, hope, and heart,
We who have planned and have feared and have doted,
Triumphed 'fore all men and trembled apart—
We turn from our measure
Of quiet hours' leisure,
And on the bowed heads of the sons we have borne
Lay hands that are firm, though our hearts be forlorn,
As we pray that God's grace,
And the pride of our race,
May temper their souls when the last test they face!

The Sons.

We, the impetuous, hasty, and daring,
Sons, we, of parents grown worn for our sakes;
Each one, full eager to taste of life's faring,
Now answers the bugle and pulls up his stakes.
We turn from our measure
Of youth's light and pleasure,
To see in the eyes of the parents who bore us
Earth's pride in our manhood, and hear the far chorus
Of those yet unborn
In that new freedom's morn
That leapt from our swords o'er a world battle-torn!

HERMAN MONTAGU DONNER.

THE LAWFUL SUCCESSION IN RUSSIA.

The Supreme Power Is Held to Be the Temporary Committee of the Duma with Rodzianko at Its Head.

By NICHOLAS GOLDENWEISER,
Member of the Russian Bar.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the present condition of utter confusion within Russia a cardinal fact seems to have entirely dropped out of the attention, not only of the allied Governments, but also of the Russian representatives abroad. With the disappearance of Kerensky's Government, and since Lenine's Government does not even deserve the name of Goverament and is not recognised either within Russia or abroad, at first glance it appears that there is no legal body left in Russia which is, at the present time, vested with the supreme power of the State. No monarch, no Government, the State machine running by itself, consequently no means of representing the Russian State abroad—no authority to be dealt with by legally organized foreign nations.

But this impression is based upon forgetfulness and misunderstanding.

In reality there has never ceased to exist the most direct and the most impeccably legal succession of the former supreme power of the State, established by a millennium of historical development, and confirmed by an unmistakable expression of the will of the nation in 1613.

Until Oct. 17, 1905, the supreme power of the Russian State was vested in the person of the monarch. Since that date, when the Emperor, by a manifesto, limited his own rights and transferred a part of them to the legislative bodies, the supreme power was divided between the monarch, the State Council, and the State Duma.

On March 15, 1917, the monarch turned over his share of the supreme power to his brother, Michael, and a few days later Grand Duke Michael transferred it to the Temporary Committee of the State Duma. Meantime the State Duma itself had elected this same Temporary Committee, placing M. V. Rodzianko, the President of the Duma, at the head of the committee, and transferred to it the Duma's share of the supreme power.

By tacit acquiescence the State Council joined the Duma in its decision, and thus, in its turn, transferred its part of the supreme power to the Temporary Committee.

Later the committee appointed a Government with Prince Lvoff as President. This Government acted in the name of the committee. After this, the personnel of the Government was changed and the Presidency was transferred to Mr. Kerensky, with the consent of the Temporary Committee, but the supreme power of the State never legally ceased to exist in the Temporary Committee.

At last the Government appointed by the Temporary Committee after the abdication of the monarch was violently overthrown by a group of plotters, and disorder ensued, followed by a temporary loss of control over State affairs by the institution which is the sole legal successor of the supreme power of State of the former imperial Government, i. e., by the Temporary Committe of the State Duma, with M. V. Rodzianko at its head.

This fact, although it appears to be of a purely formal and theoretical character, is nevertheless of a tremendous significance.

If law is not to be waived, as a meaningless, annoying fiction, and if it is to be continued as the fundamental basis of all human relations, national as well as international, then the only right course to be taken by the established authorities of other nations and by the representatives of Russia, duly accredited by the foreign Governments, is to address, without delay, the institution which legally represents the Russian State, not only in its present transitory form, but in all its thousand-year-old tradition of a legally established State organism.

The practical result of now addressing the Temporary Committee would very probably indicate to the Russian nation the legal, reasonable and practical course to be pursued.

It might lead to the reassumption by the Temporary Committee of the legal authority which it omits to exercise at present, and to the appointment by it of a new, stable and efficient Government, which will guide the country on the safe path of law and order to the coming constituent assembly.

NICHOLAS GOLDENWEISER,
Member of the Russian Bar.

New York, Nov. 24, 1917.

ANOTHER SUFFRAGE TEST.

Suggested That Now Men and Women Vote on It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

At the recent election the amendment granting the suffrage to women was adopted by a majority of over 80,000 votes. At the election in 1915 a similar amendment was defeated by about 190,000 votes. It will be recalled that, after that defeat, the advocates of woman suffrage refused to accept the outcome as final, but immediately organized the even more determined campaign to secure the adoption of the amendment at the earliest possible date, which has just resulted in success.

It has been claimed by persons opposed to woman suffrage that a large majority of the women of the State are opposed thereto. Whether this claim is correct it is impossible to say, as the women of the State have never had an opportunity to vote upon the subject. If the opponents of woman suffrage are as earnest in their opposition to the amendment as its advocates have been in its support, it would seem that they will not accept the present decision as final. If they possess as much enthusiasm, energy, organising ability, and determination as its advocates, it would seem that they will now organise an equally determined campaign for the passing of an amendment repealing the present amendment and restoring the former condition. If such an amendment should be agreed to by the legislatures of 1918 and 1919, it would come before the people for approval at the election in November, 1919. At that election, the women of the State will have an equal right with the men to vote; and if the claim is really true that a large majority of the women are opposed to suffrage and if they care enough about the matter to express their preference at the polls, it would seem that they would have little difficulty in overcoming the majority of about 80,000 votes in its favor at the recent election. This course would offer the first opportunity which has been given, so far as I know, for women themselves to vote upon the question.

It would seem that the most zealous advocates of woman suffrage could not oppose the submission of such an amendment by the Legislature to the people, including the women of the State, since their fundamental principle in advocating woman suffrage, as I understand it, has been that it is unjust to deprive a class in the community of the vote against its will. Conceding the justice of this contention, it would seem to be a logical corollary thereof that it is equally unjust to force the franchise upon the women of the State against their will, since to all right thinking citizens the franchise is not merely a privilege, but a duty and an obligation. In other words, if all the women have the franchise, it will be the duty of them all to exercise it, as is the case today with the men. The course suggested would afford to the women of the State the opportunity which in common justice is their due, to declare their will in regard to suffrage. It would also have the advantage, whichever way the question should be decided in 1919, of forever settling the question whether the women themselves really desire the franchise.

CARL A. MEAD.

New York, Nov. 21, 1917.

The Starving Armenians and Syrians.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Two and one-half million Armenians and Syrians are starving. This is a cry to every family in America. We have plenty; they have almost nothing. Why should we not adopt a scheme of giving that will reach every home, every family board, every man, woman, and child in the country?

If no better plan can be suggested, let every family have a small savings bank. A pasteboard box or china cup will serve the purpose, into which every member of the family, after each meal, shall place a coin, if only a penny, for the starving. That coin will be the thank offering for the meal. It will teach the giver the joy of giving. It will help to produce wonderful results for the Armenians and Syrians; and what a lesson to the children it will be, when they ask their parents, "What mean ye by this service?"

Money so collected, no matter how small the amount, can be handed to any priest, minister, or rabbi, who will gladly forward it to Mr. Cleveland H. Dodge, Treasurer, American Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief, 1 Madison Avenue, New York. The expense of collecting and transmitting funds is met privately. One hundred cents for every dollar contributed goes to the immediate work of relief.

It is hoped that this plan, in default of a better one, will be noticed in all newspapers.

W. M. G.

New York, Nov. 23, 1917.

FOR A "LOYALIST" PARTY.

The War Expected to Change the Present Party Lines.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Those of us who reside in rural districts have long been aware of the spirit of discontent which animates a very large proportion of the rural population at the present time, of the half sullen protest which accompanies the necessary acquiescence in the draft, the increased taxation, and the rapid advance in the cost of living. In the country the war is very generally regarded as a "rich man's war," or at least a war in which we Americans have no vital interest, and into which there was no call for us to enter.

That this same spirit of unrest and discontent also animates an important part of the city electorates would seem to be proved by the ominously large vote which was cast for the Socialist candidate in the present municipal election in Greater New York; and also by the election of the Tammany candidate, who was openly accused of pro-German sympathies.

Now, if this same spirit should make itself felt in the coming nation-wide elections for Congress, in what position, may I ask, would we find ourselves if the dark fates should confront us with an eventual German invasion of our shores?

However, it must, I think, be frankly admitted that one cheerful ray of light pierces the murk which partially envelops us as a nation. The spirit of unrest which I have mentioned is in no respect due to lack of patriotic feeling or of willingness to stand by the country in case of real need. Many of the worst discontents, indeed, would fly to arms in case our frontiers were really invaded. It is due rather to lack of knowledge of the real conditions as they surround us and to lack of the foresight which can grow only out of such knowledge.

It is, however, full time that we discard or sidetrack our old and outworn political parties and their old and outworn names and titles—Republican, Democratic, Populist, Socialist, Independent, &c. They have no possible connection with the terribly vital issues of our own time. They serve only to becloud and befog the present-day question of questions—or at best to keep the grafter in touch with the spoils.

At the present moment but two parties are needed to express the will of the people, and if one of these could be named the "Loyalist" party and the other could bear the title of the "Copperhead" party, or some equally illuminating and descriptive soubriquet, the only two great issues which exist today would have a genuine flag and token beneath which its votaries could rally.

If this could be brought about, I am convinced that an overwhelming majority of the electorate would rally to the "Loyalist" flag, for essentially and at heart an overwhelming majority of our citizens are truly loyal and patriotic.

BIRGE HARRISON.

Woodstock, Ulster County, N. Y., Nov. 21, 1917.

The New Plea for Submission.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In today's news we learn that the so-called People's Council is planning a renewed assault on Congress, with a new slogan, "Peace by negotiation—now."

One wearies a bit of this talk of peace by negotiation, as if the attempt to attain peace by such means were a new and untried experiment. As a matter of fact, the President tried it for nearly two years. For that myth of time after the sinking of the Lusitania the President attempted exactly the thing now urged by the pacifists and Socialists, namely, peace by negotiation. At the end of that time he came before Congress and announced that his negotiations had failed; that peace by negotiation with Germany was an impossibility; that the time had come to "conquer or submit." In urging now, not a beginning, but a renewal, of such negotiations, the pacifists are simply urging the counsel of submission. The issue is clear. The American people must either go forth with the President to conquer, or stay with the "People's Council" and submit to Prussian autocracy.

PAUL KIEFFER.

New York, Nov. 24, 1917.

Hannibal's "Tanks."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

An almost complete parallel to the use of the tanks at Cambrai can be found in Hannibal's employment of elephants at the battle of Zama, 202 B. C. [But Hannibal was defeated.]

In both battles cavalry enjoyed a personal acquaintance with the enemy denied to civilians.

HENRY METCALFE.

New York, Nov. 23, 1917.

SEES WAR REMAKING COLLEGES IN AMERICA

Dean Keppel of Columbia Says Reorganization Will Follow the Conflict.

LAUDS STUDENTS IN SERVICE

Declares Parental Attitude Toward Pupils Will Not Be Limited to Personal Morals or Conduct.

The war will cause a reorganization and rejuvenation of the structure of the American university, according to Dean Frederick Paul Keppel of Columbia College, who is now acting as assistant to Secretary of War Baker. In his annual report to the authorities of Columbia University, Dean Keppel pays a high tribute to the rôle of the college men in the war.

"The entry of the United States into the war," says Dean Keppel in his report, "will prove to be a stimulus which will profoundly change the nature, not only of countless American collegians, but of the American college itself. It is too early to grasp the full significance, but that the results will be far reaching, and will not be merely along lines of military training and efficiency is certain.

"Much of the activity has been typical of a desire on the part of all ages and classes of an overwrought nation to do something, and thereby obtain the relief that comes with an emotional discharge. Much also has been said along the lines of existing convention, and of the herding instinct, but these factors are of minor import. To understand some of the changes it should be said, also, we must turn back to forces which have been developing, often unrecognized, for years; forces which have been awaiting some such cataclysm to find an outlet.

"Out of the mass of individual events, two very significant general facts may be recognized. In the first place the young man in college who has failed to ask himself how he may best take his share in the nation's responsibility is the rare exception. Their action has been marked not only by proper recognition of the emergency, but by a high degree of intelligence of choice—from the glorious risks of the Aviation Corps to the humdrum work of tilling the fields, or, even harder, decision to finish a course in order to be of greater service later on. As a whole, the undergraduates and young alumni of our colleges have made a record of which the nation may well be proud.

"No one except a few paciphobes who had been alarmed at the growing habit of undergraduates to think for themselves, feared that our students as individuals would stand back in the fear of hardship or danger when the new call to arms should come, any more than they did in '61 and '98; but very few, if any, realized how complete a revolution in our apparently hard-and-fast institutional and social life would be the result, or that this could come almost as a matter of course. The students gave up without a moment's hesitation their cherished games and gatherings and all the careless, but comfortable, routine of their daily lives. In Columbia College, for example, out of 1,453 students who registered at the beginning of the second half year, no fewer than 629 had entered some form of national service before commencement.

Many Teachers Released.

"The second outstanding fact is that ruthless changes may be made in the organic fabric of our colleges without interfering with the essential vitality of the institution. Faculties which had seemed forever committed to what they believed to be the only sound standards of education cast away their measuring rod and rule books and gave credit for all sorts of vocational laboratory courses offered by the school of experience. Teachers have been released right and left for national service, and their colleagues are gladly shouldering the additional burdens thus laid upon them.

"Throughout the country the importance of keeping the undergraduate machine in good working order, and of keeping the younger boys at work, was perhaps overlooked at first, in spite of the tragic example furnished by England in the early days of the war; but it has now been generally recognized.

"It will be hard, but it will be necessary, for the colleges to make the students of real possibilities realize that the long road of preparation for scientific and scholarly achievement is for them a patriotic road. Not only the United States, but the world at large, will need, as never before, doctors and engineers and chemists of the broadest possible training; but it will need even more intellectual leaders of thorough historical and social preparation for the days to come. When boys of this type withdraw for active service, as many of them will, they should be drawn back after the war, if necessary, on their own terms. In order to hold the present undergraduates who are not of the draft age it will undoubtedly be necessary to provide military training more generally than has been our previous national habit, for it would be too much to expect these boys to look far enough into the future to recognize the practical value of purely cultural studies. They and the country at large will demand something more concrete.

"How long the military training will remain a part of the curriculum and how permanent will be the present close connection between scholarly and military affairs it is too soon to say.

"At any rate, the colleges will not have fulfilled their function until they have played their part in the work of reconstruction and reconciliation which must follow the war. If the result is to be a real victory for humanity, it is for them to break away, when necessary, from the trammels of a conventionalized and unthinking patriotism to remind the nations that justice and liberty are as necessary as they were in 1776.

College Life Changes.

"It is also too soon to foretell what permanent changes the war will work in the organization and administration of the colleges and in student life, but that these changes will be profound there is little doubt. Faculties and students alike will have already learned that regulations and customs which seem to be of the very essence of collegiate structure can be swept aside without shock, to say nothing of catastrophe. When the normal course is resumed, many of these will never be restored or will be in a form unrecognizable. On the other hand, certain tendencies which had been at work sometimes for years preceding the war will be greatly accelerated, and will come to fruition without the bitter struggle which would otherwise have been inevitable.

"The change in the Faculty point of view which, of course, has operated and will operate with varying intensity in different institutions will, I think, be along the following lines:

"In the first place, the parental attitude which the American college has always maintained toward its students will no longer be limited to matters of personal morals or conduct, but will include the student's public usefulness, a recognition of his place in the public order. It will mean changes in the curriculum to provide for such usefulness, not alone in military subjects, but in geography and international studies, and in other fields. It will involve also an increased realization of the importance of the physical fitness of the group, as a whole, as contrasted with the possession of winning teams of specialists.

"The colleges should plan to profit by the present public recognition of the part played by the non-technical undergraduate courses and by the best elements in college life in producing a type of resourceful young men, willing and ready to take a responsible part in any national emergency."

Bazaar to Aid Convalescents.

A novelty bazaar will be held at the Hotel Astor Dec. 10 and 11 under the auspices of the Thursday Hospital After Care Circle. The funds will be devoted to the after care of the sick of the Gouverneur and New York Post Graduate Hospitals and to children crippled by infantile paralysis. Donations will be thankfully received by Miss Matilda Dansinger, 50 West Seventy-seventh Street.

H. L. PARKER AND BRIDE HERE

"King of the Big Muddy" Returns from Kentucky Wedding.

H. Leslie Parker, the "King of the Big Muddy," as he is known from Wall Street to Wyoming, has returned to the city with his bride, the former Miss Tennyson Dawn Flanery, whom he married last Saturday at her home in Catlettsburg, Ky. With them are Mr. and Mrs. Davis M. Howerton, the former Assistant Attorney General of Kentucky, and the latter a sister of Mrs. Parker, who were married on the same day.

Both couples will spend a few days at the Vanderbilt Hotel, while Mr. Parker looks after the duties attendant to managing a half-billion dollar oil field, and later he and his bride will make a trip to Honolulu and Tokio.

At the age of 20 Mr. Parker went West, after having been obliged to leave school because of reverses in the family, and in seven years he has risen from steward in a club at Casper, Wyo., to the control of one of the world's greatest producing oil fields.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Misses Mowry, Herrick, and Cutler Among the Brides to Be.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Janet Mowry, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Allan McL. Mowry of 146 East Thirty-fifth Street, to Thomas Crouse Parsons, an ensign in the Naval Reserve, and son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Parsons of Rochester, N. Y. Mr. Parsons, who was in the junior class at Yale, left college to join the reserves. Miss Mowry was to be a débutante of the coming Winter, but her wedding may take the place of a coming-out reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Herrick of Orange, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Eleanor Herrick, to Gerard A. Brucker, son of Mrs. Carl Brucker of Passaic, N. J. Mr. Brucker is a member of Field Hospital Company No. 105, stationed at Camp Wadsworth.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Franklin Cutler of Mount Hermon, Mass., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Cushing Cutler, to Lieutenant Walter Eppley Seibert, U. S. R., son of Mrs. A. Adele Seibert of Baltimore. Lieutenant Seibert is stationed at Camp Upton, being a member of Company M, 306th Infantry. Miss Cutler's father is Principal of the Mount Hermon School.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lurch of 183 East Seventy-first Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Angelica Augusta Lurch, to John A. Horn, son of Dr. and Mrs. John Horn of this city.

To be Bride of Lieut. Maxwell.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hamilton of Albany and Cazenovia, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Fanny Lawrence Hamilton, to Lieutenant Robert R. Maxwell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Maxwell of this city.

Miss Hamilton is a granddaughter of Mrs. William A. Beach and the late Mr. and Mrs. William T. Hamilton of Syracuse, and a niece of Captain and Mrs. Warren V. Beach of 585 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Lieutenant Maxwell is in the 77th Field Artillery, U. S. A., and is stationed at Camp Shelby in Mississippi. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Stratton to Wed Thursday.

Miss Helen E. Stratton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert E. Stratton of Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y., will be married on Thanksgiving Day to Lieutenant Carl W. Stevens of the 105th New York Infantry, now stationed at Spartanburg, S. C. The ceremony will be performed in Christ Episcopal Church, Bronxville, at 4:30 with a reception afterward at the bride's home. The Rev. A. D. Wilson will officiate, assisted by the Rev. C. W. Robinson.

Lieutenant Stevens is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred N. Stevens of Hoosick Falls, N. Y.

Bazaar in Aid of Little Mothers.

More than a thousand women will take part in the bazaar which the Little Mothers' Aid Association is to hold at the Waldorf-Astoria on Saturday. Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the President, has sent two gifts for the booths, and Mrs. Charles S. Whitman, wife of the Governor, has donated a large doll dressed as a naval officer. Mrs. Albert Gallatin Weed is Chairman of the bazaar. The President of the Association is Mrs. Clarence Burns.

COURT TO PASS ON LIFE TENANT TRUST

Will Decide What Disposition Shall Be Made of Gains in Property Values.

QUESTION LONG IN DOUBT

Opinion Will Be Given in Case of Albert Schaefer, Who Sued the Trustees of His Father's Estate.

The question whether the life tenant of a trust estate is entitled to receive in cash any advance in the value of the property constituting the estate, or whether the increase shall go to swell the bulk of the estate for the benefit of the remainder men while the life tenant receives only the interest earned by the increase, is soon to be answered by the Court of Appeals. It is a question that has puzzled trust companies and individual trustees for a long time, and the final decision, it was said yesterday, would affect property worth many millions.

In the case at bar Albert Schaefer, son of the late Frederick Schaefer, a brewer, who died in May, 1897, is seeking to compel Edward C. and George G. Schaefer, the trustees of the estate, to pay him the difference between $200 a share on 500 shares of the stock of the F. & M. Schaefer Brewing Company, which was its value when the property passed into the control of the trustees, and $415 a share, for which the stock was sold to the brewing company.

The proceeds of the sale went into the trust estate and swelled the income of the plaintiff, but the latter wants the increase in the value in cash. As a reason for the demand he explains that he is 57 years old, that he has no children, and that he is anxious to provide for his wife. His counsel, Axel Josephsson, applied to the Surrogate's Court for an order directing the trustees to pay to the plaintiff the increase in the value of the stock.

Decision Is Reversed.

Several points were raised, but the referee to whom the matter was sent found against the plaintiff in the main point—that of the transfer of the amount of increment in value. The Surrogate sustained the referee's report, but this decision was reversed by the Appellate Division in two opinions written by Justices Scott and Shearn. In brief, the decision was that when the question of the distribution of profits of corporations between life tenants and remaindermen arose the life tenant should not be deprived of his share of the surplus earnings, but should receive his apportionment of the surplus.

Both opinions indorse the methods of the Trustees in their care of the estate, and it is pointed out by Justice Shearn that the surplus of the company increased from $590,000 in 1897 to $1,100,000 in 1912.

"In other words," he said, "$34,000 a year on the average was retained and put into surplus." Concerning the issues to be decided, Justice Shearn said: "The question is a novel and an important one, and no case similar to it has been cited by counsel or is referred to in the leading cases that have elaborately reviewed the development of the principle of apportionment of earnings between life tenants and remaindermen."

Further on the opinion reads: "It is sound business policy to carry some substantial part of a corporation's earnings into surplus, not only to enable the payment of dividends in lean years, but to prevent disaster to the corporation in a year of loss. The corporation itself and all its stockholders are entitled to have such a policy pursued, and to deny such right would be a substantial injustice to the corporation and to all of its stockholders. Where a stockholder is a Trustee the remainderman is necessarily interested in having the corpus of the trust estate protected by the maintenance of a reasonable and safe surplus."

Concerning the contention of the plaintiff that the increased value of the stock was due to the fact that the company paid no dividends some years and only small dividends in other years, Justice Scott said:

"It is conceded that during the years that the Trustees held this stock the company did not distribute all of its profits by way of dividends, but prudently retained each year a portion of the net earnings or profits as a surplus. These profits thus retained went to the enhancement of the assets, and it is to the retention and investment of this surplus that at least some of the increased value of the stock is to be attributed. The Trustees have credited to the capital of the trust the whole proceeds of the 500 shares of stock which they held for the benefit of Albert Schaefer. He claims that he is entitled to be paid so much of that sum as represents the income and profits earned, but not distributed, by way of profits.

New Phase of Question.

"This presents in a somewhat new phase the question, much discussed in recent years, as to the distribution of the profits of a corporation between life tenants and remaindermen."

Justice Scott said that the consensus of all the decisions upon the general subject was that ordinary cash dividends belong to the life tenant or beneficiary of the estate, and added:

"That extraordinary dividends representing accumulated profits, whether distributed in cash or in the form of stock, are to be apportioned between the corpus of the trust and the income, in the proportion in which the surplus thus distributed has been earned before or after the creation of the trust fund. This apportionment is made in order to preserve the integrity of the trust fund, and at the same time conserve the rights of the life beneficiary.

"When a corporation is liquidated, its assets sold, and the proceeds distributed among its stockholders, an apportionment must be made between the capital of the trust fund and the income, and so much of the sum received by the Trustees as represents profits accumulated since the creation of the trust must be attributed to income and paid to the life tenant; otherwise there would result an increase in the corpus of the fund by accumulations of income which, except for the benefit of infants, is against public policy and expressly condemned by statute."

Ashbel P. Fitch represents the defendants.

Family Needs $10 a Week.

Heartbroken and in desperate fear that she may have to give up her children, Mr. "Hardy," a resident for many years in the East New York section of Brooklyn, has appealed for assistance to the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities. The doctors told her husband that his only hope for a cure from the tuberculosis which had fastened on him was sanatorium treatment. So, in order that he might be spared to his wife and the four little ones, the oldest only six and the youngest a mere infant, he gave up his carpentry work, which has supported them for eleven years and went away for treatment. He is improving slowly and there is hope for his complete cure, but his recovery is retarded by his constant fears for the welfare of his family. He knows that Mrs. "Hardy" is not strong and that the care of the children makes it impossible for her to do any outside work. The Bureau has found the home to be an excellent one and wishes to provide a weekly allowance of $10 for food and other necessities until the father again is able to support his family. No better cheer could be given this invalid at Thanksgiving than the assurance that his dear ones were being looked after. Large or small contributions toward a fund of $125 for this family may be mailed to the Bureau at 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, marked "for 0344T."

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BERMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Berman of 390 West 174th St. announce the birth of a daughter Nov. 21, 1917.

TIGNER.—To Mr. and Mrs. David Tigner of 905 West End Av., a son on Nov. 23, 1917.

Engaged.

BAUMGARTEN—SENDACZ.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Sendacz of 918 Leggett Av. announce the betrothal on Dec. 2 of their daughter Leonore to Mr. Charles Baumgarten of New York City.

FRIEDMAN—NEUFELD.—Mr. and Mrs. Emil Neufeld, 91 West 119th St., announce the engagement of their daughter Sadie to Mr. Max L. Friedman. Reception at home, Sunday, Dec. 9, 1917, from 3 to 6. No cards. Philadelphia and Boston papers please copy.

HOTCHNER—JACOBSON.—Mrs. Sarah R. Jacobson of 1,012 Faile St., Bronx Borough, N. Y., announces the engagement of her daughter Dorothy to Mr. Maurice Hotchner, son of Mr. and Mrs. Saul Hotchner. At home Thanksgiving Day, 3 to 6 o'clock. No cards.

KAUFMAN—BUSCH.—Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Busch of 351 St. Nicholas Av. announce the engagement of their daughter, Florence Busch, to Jack L. Kaufman.

KROHN—ROTHEROSEN.—Mrs. C. Rotherosen of 202 West 86th St., New York, announces the engagement of her daughter Renie to Mr. Samuel Krohn. At home Wednesday evenings in December.

LILIENTHAL—ILLCH.—Mrs. Freda Illch of 385 Edgecombe Av. announces the engagement of her daughter Aimee to Mr. Herbert Lilienthal.

MANDLE—BAUER.—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bauer of 17 East Ninety-seventh Street, announce the engagement of their daughter Florence, to Mr. Henry H. Mandle, son of Mr. and Mrs. Max Mandle of 601 West 110th Street. Mr. Mandle is a chemical engineer and a graduate of Columbia 1914.

SCHILLER—CUMMINGS.—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Cummings of 101 West 115th St. announce the engagement of their daughter Edna to Mr. Benjamin Schiller. Reception will take place at Stuyvesant Casino, 2d Av. and 8th St., on Sunday evening, Nov. 25, at 8 o'clock.

Married.

HUNECKE—RIDGWAY.—On Nov. 7, at the Church of the Advent, Spartanburg, S. C., by the Rev. W. H. K. Pendleton, Mary Ida, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Ridgway to Walter Arthur Hunecke, both of Brooklyn.

BURKHART—DAVENPORT.—At the Chantry of St. Thomas's Church, New York City, by the Rev. Ernest M. Stires, D. D., on Saturday, Nov. 24, at 12 o'clock noon, Mrs. Lou Mercereau Davenport of London, England, to Dr. Harvey J. Burkhart, Director of Rochester Dental Dispensary. Dr. and Mrs. Burkhart will be at home, 719 Park Av., Rochester, after Jan. 1.

JACOB—OPPENHEIMER.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Oppenheimer, 100 West 80th St., announce the marriage of their daughter Birdye to William C. Jacob.

LEIBHOLZ—HERTZ.—Mrs. Hannah Hertz to Martin Leibholz, on Nov. 21.

ROSE—SHAPIRO.—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Shapiro announce the marriage of their daughter Rebecca B. to Mr. David Rose, Sunday, Nov. 25, 1917, by Rev. Dr. Nathan Cantor.

Died.

AUDUBON.—At New Haven, Conn., Mary Eliza Audubon, daughter of the late Victor G. Audubon. Funeral services at Intercession Chapel, Trinity Parish, Broadway and 155th St., Sunday, Nov. 25, at 3 P. M.

BAMBURY.—On Friday, Nov. 23, John H., beloved husband of Mary Bambury, (nee Bouchelle.) Funeral from his late residence, 54 Van Sicklen St., Brooklyn, Monday, Nov. 26, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass Church of St. Simon and St. Jude, 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary. Kindly omit flowers.

BOYD.—At South Orange, N. J., on Thursday, Nov. 22, in his 47th year, John Jacklin, beloved husband of Lillie Campbell Boyd and son of the late James R. and Emily B. Boyd. Funeral service will be held at the Church of the Holy Communion, South Orange, at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon, on arrival of train leaving Hoboken at 2:15.

BROKAW.—Elizabeth, daughter of Morton and Sophia, on Nov. 23. Funeral will be later at Bound Brook.

BURNHAM.—Suddenly, in Brooklyn, on Thursday, Nov. 22, of appoplexy, Mrs. Lena Burnham, aged 87. Funeral private.

Died.

CARNEY.—Nov. 23, John Carney, native of Castlebar, County Mayo, Ireland. Funeral Monday at 9 o'clock from funeral parlors of James E. McLarney & Son, Lexington Av. and 65th St. Requiem mass at Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, East 61st St., 9:30.

COCKS.—Edmond M., suddenly, on Saturday, Nov. 24, 1917, in his sixty-first year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 371 Vincent Av., Lynbrook, L. I., Monday evening, Nov. 26, at 8:30 o'clock. Interment private.

CONTENCIN.—On Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, Ellen M. Contencin, widow of Chevalier Louis Contencin, at her residence, 161 East 80th St. Funeral services on Monday, Nov. 26, at 10 A. M., at the Church of St. Jean Baptiste, Lexington Av. and 76th St. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

DURHAM.—At Montclair, N. J., Saturday, Nov. 24th, 1917, Mary Good, wife of Lemuel Durham. Funeral service will be held in the Chapel of St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, N. Y. City, Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 2 P. M.

ELSROAD.—Hattie M. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., (Frank Campbell's,) Sunday, 2 o'clock.

ENAHO.—Takisot. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's,) Monday, 2 o'clock.

FRANK.—On Saturday, Nov. 24, 1917, Jennie, sister of the late Philip and Morris Frank, in her 83d year. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, 411 West End Av., on Monday, Nov. 26, at 9:15 A. M. Please omit flowers.

GAYLORD.—Frederick H. Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, F. & A. M. Brethren: You are hereby requested to attend Masonic service of Brother F. H. Gaylord at his late residence, 200 Claremont Av., Montclair, N. J., on Sunday evening, Nov. 25, at 8 o'clock. Train leaves Hoboken, D. L. & W. R. R., at 7 o'clock.
OSCAR EHRHORN, Master.
GEORGE L. RAUCH, Secretary.

GRIFFIN.—Julia, beloved wife of the late Maurice Griffin. Funeral from her late residence, 344 West 14th St., Monday, Nov. 26, at 10 A. M. Solemn requiem mass Church of St. Bernard, (West 14th St.) Interment Springdale Cemetery, Stamford, Conn. Automobile cortege.

HALLENSLEBEN.—Augusta Hallensleben, in New York, Friday, Nov. 23. Funeral from the home of her sister, Mrs. E. P. Serrell, Pearl River, N. Y., Sunday, Nov. 25, at 3:30 P. M.

HOLSTEN.—At Ridgewood, N. J., on Friday, Nov. 23, Edna Sidwell, daughter of Charles J. and Minnie C. Holsten. Funeral services Monday evening, Nov. 26, 8 P. M., at the residence of her grandparents, 836 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

HUYBERS.—Suddenly, on Nov. 23, 1917, Eugenie P. Huybers, aged 72 years. Services at her late home, 60 Bryant St., on Sunday afternoon, Nov. 25, at 4 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of family.

KEMPTER.—Died, Mrs. Louisa Kempter of New York City, at Olney, Ill., Nov. 18, 1917.

KIERNAN.—Elizabeth Little, at New York City, on Nov. 24, in the 61st year of her age. Interment at Newburg, N. Y.

LAZARUS.—Myron Eugene, age 7 months, beloved son of Paul N. and Hattie W. Lazarus, on Friday, Nov. 23, at 29 Hampton Place, Brooklyn. Funeral private.

LEVI.—Belle, on Nov. 22, dearly beloved wife of Emil S. Levi and beloved mother of Mrs. Charles S. Untermeyer. Funeral private and convenience of the family. Please omit flowers.

LEWIS.—Adolph, beloved husband of the late Mathilde Blum Lewis. Funeral from Meyer's Funeral Parlor, 228 Lenox Av., on Monday, Nov. 26, at 2 P. M. San Francisco papers please copy.

LEWIS.—Brethren of Centennial Lodge 763 F. A. M. are hereby requested to attend the funeral of our late Brother Adolph Lewis on Monday, Nov. 26, at 2 P. M., at Meyers' Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av., near 121st St.
By order, CHARLES S. BRAND, Acting Master.
HENRY LIPPMANN, Secretary.

MacPHERSON.—On Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, Grant, beloved husband of Estella MacPherson. Funeral service from his late residence, 193 St. Nicholas Av., on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Members of Copestone Lodge, F. and A. M., also members of Garfield Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., invited. Please omit flowers.

MEEHAN.—Nov. 22, Catharine, widow of James Meehan and daughter of the late Robert and Margaret McGinnis, at her residence, 860 West End Av. Funeral Monday, Nov. 26, at 10 A. M., to Church of the Ascension, 107th St., between Broadway and Amsterdam Avs. Mass of requiem at 10:30. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

MILLER.—At Newark, N. J., on Friday, Nov. 23, Harvey Cooper Miller, beloved husband of Mae Dooley of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral service at 1,730 Voorhies Av., Sheepshead Bay, on Monday, Nov. 26, at 2 P. M. Jacksonville, Fla., papers please copy.

MOON.—William Y. Moon, beloved husband of Hattie Jones Moon and father of Helen E. Moon, Friday morning, Nov. 23, 1917. Funeral services Sunday, Nov. 25, 1917, at 2 o'clock at his late residence, 37 Hamilton Av., New Rochelle, N. Y. Trains leave Grand Central 1:06.

MURRAY.—At Goshen, N. Y., Nov. 24, 1917, George Wickham Murray, aged 78 years. Funeral services at St. James's Church, Goshen, New York, Monday, Nov. 26, at 12 o'clock noon.

NEIDLINGER.—On Nov. 23, at his residence, 2,285 Emmons Av., Sheepshead Bay, after a brief illness, Philip Neidlinger, in the 85th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence at 4 P. M. on Sunday, Nov. 25. Interment private.

NORTON.—On Nov. 22, 1917, Mae A. Norton, (nee Sullivan,) in her 29th year, the beloved wife of James A. Norton and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel J. Sullivan. Funeral from her father's residence, 352 West 259th St., on Monday, Nov. 26, 1917, at 9:30; thence to St. Denis Church, Yonkers, where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery.

ONET.—M. Emile Onet, formerly of St. Paul, Minn., suddenly at Post Graduate Hospital, Friday, Nov. 23. Funeral services in Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, 6th Av. and 24th St., Monday, at 1 o'clock. St. Paul, New Orleans and Memphis papers please copy.

PURNELL.—On Nov. 17, at her home in Snow Hill, eastern shore of Maryland, Margaret Duer Bowen, widow of George W. Purnell. Philadelphia and Baltimore papers please copy.

RHODES.—At Quaker Ridge, Mamaroneck, N. Y., Saturday afternoon, Nov. 24, 1917, Caroline Augusta, wife of Bradford Rhodes. Funeral service at her late residence, Quaker Ridge, Tuesday morning, Nov. 27, at 11 o'clock. Conveyances will meet train at Mamaroneck on arrival of New Haven train leaving Grand Central Terminal at 10:06 A. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

STARR.—On Saturday, Nov. 24, 1917, Henrietta Starr, in her 94th year; widow of George Starr. Funeral services at her late home, 109 West 86th St., Monday afternoon, Nov. 26, at 1 o'clock. Interment private.

STUDWELL.—At Port Chester, N. Y., Nov. 23, 1917, Captain Edwin F. Studwell, in his 75th year. Funeral service at his late residence, 40 Leicester St., on Sunday, 25th inst., at 4:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

SUTTON.—Samuel Davison, Friday, Nov. 23, in his 72d year, after a short illness. Funeral private.

THOMPSON.—Entered into rest on Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, at 5 A. M., Anna M. Thompson, dearly beloved mother of John J., Anna, Cecilia, Mrs. J. W. Carr, (nee Lottie Thompson,) darling grandmother of Ruth Carr, and our dear mother-in-law. Funeral from residence, 935 St. Nicholas Av., Monday, Nov. 26, to Saint Catherine's Church. Requiem mass at 10 A. M. Thence to Calvary by motor.

WASHBOURNE.—Henry Talcott, on Saturday, Nov. 24. Funeral service at his residence, 12 West 103d St., on Monday afternoon, Nov. 26, at 12:45. Philadelphia papers please copy.

WILDE.—At Hastings-on-the-Hudson, N. Y., Nov. 23, 1917, Robert Livingston, son of the late James and Harriet Richards Wilde, aged 63 years. Funeral from his late residence, on Monday, Nov. 26, on arrival of 11:14 train from Grand Central Depot.

BROWN.—Paul K., 235 East 51st St., Nov. 22.
CLARK.—Patrick, 315 East 65th St., Nov. 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
CONNOLLY.—Bridget, 2,145 8th Av., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
CRONIN.—Catherine, 1,559 3d Av., Nov. 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
DOOLING.—May, 601 West 132d St., Nov. 23. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
DOUGHERTY.—Myles V., 323 East 30th St., Nov. 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
DUGAN.—John F., Nov. 23. Funeral 275 West 141st St. tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.
EHLENBERGER.—Barbara, 490 Amsterdam Av., Nov. 22, aged 47. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
FORSHAY.—Ellen, 670 9th Av., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
GOERING.—Henry J., 109 West 102d St., Nov. 23, aged 50. Funeral private.
GRAHAM.—Hugh H., 58 West 128th St., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
HISTON.—Daniel, 275 Hudson St., Nov. 23. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
HURST.—Thomas J., 103 East 88th St., Nov. 23. Funeral today, 1 P. M.
KELLY.—Thomas, 350 East 137th St., Nov. 23, aged 51.
McKANE.—Thomas, 369 West 50th St., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
McKENNA.—Mary, 552 2d Av., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.
McKENNA.—Patrick, 369 West 50th St., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
McKENNA.—Thomas, 833 Columbus Av., Nov. 23. Funeral today, 1 P. M.
McNULTY.—John B., 47 East 8th St., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
MEEGAN.—Edward, 602 West 49th St., Nov. 23.
NORTON.—Mae A., Nov. 22, aged 29. Funeral 352 West 259th St., today, 9:30 A.M.
SCHOENHARDT.—Anna, 520 East 147th St., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.
SUYDAM.—Harvey, 630 East 236th St., Nov. 23. Funeral service today.
ZELLER.—Charles, 595 East 135th St., Nov. 23, aged 71. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

BLACK.—William J., 97 Ainslie St., Nov. 22, aged 47. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
BRADY.—James T., 281 Jay St., Nov. 23. Funeral notice later.
BYRNES.—Clarence J., 378 Grand St., Nov. 22, aged 25. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
CAMPBELL.—William A., 428 Hancock St., Nov. 23, aged 65. Funeral tomorrow.
CAMP.—Zachariah, 1,547 Park Place, Nov. 23, aged 70. Funeral today.
CARROLL.—Maria, 1,475 Bedford Av., Nov. 24. Funeral notice later.
CONNELL.—Theresa, 2,521 Clarendon Road, Nov. 24, aged 20. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.
DUTTON.—Margaret A., 931 Lincoln Place, Nov. 23, aged 77.
FAIRALL.—Clara, 1,095 St. John's Place, Nov. 22. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.
FARRELL.—Mary M., 133 Hull St., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
FINKE.—Carl, 162 12th St., Nov. 25, aged 20. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
GRAY.—De Wayne L., 2,215 Tilden Av., Nov. 23, aged 59. Funeral private.
HANDSCHUH.—Barbara, 61 Harman St., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
HEARN.—Emma B., 107 Miller Av., Nov. 23, aged 27. Funeral service today.
HIBBARD.—Chauncey W., 1,063 East 13th St., Nov. 22. Funeral private.
HIBBERT.—Grace, 847 Bedford Av., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
KELLY.—Edward, 485 Baltic St., Nov. 22, aged 60. Funeral today.
LINN.—Susan A., 44 Logan St., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
LYNCH.—Mary, 2,830 Cortelyou Road, Nov. 22, aged 71. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
McQUADE.—Francis N., 124 Nelson St., Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
MAHON.—John, 183 18th St., Nov. 23. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
O'CONNELL.—Mary E., Swedish Hospital, Nov. 22, aged 39.
OLSEN.—Cassie M., 90 Prince St., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.
RAYNOR.—Everett F., 90 Clinton Av., Nov. 22. Funeral today, noon.
SCHRADER.—Frederick, 2,045 Gates Av., Nov. 22, aged 78. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
SINGELAND.—Mary R., 654 5th Av., Nov. 24, aged 78. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
THOMPSON.—Arthur E., 342 Marion St., Nov. 22, aged 48. Funeral today.
WALDRON.—Alonzo W., 324 Greene Av., Nov. 23.
WHITING.—Amanda H., 327 Greene Av., Nov. 23, aged 78. Funeral service today.
WULFF.—Edna B., 2,411 Catalpa Av., Nov. 22, aged 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Jersey City and Newark.

ACKERMAN.—Martha, 211 Duncan Av., Jersey City, Nov. 24.
BENTLEY.—Catherine 132 Ferry St., Newark, Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 8:15 A. M.
CHEIM.—Annie, 104 Romaine Av., Jersey City, Nov. 23. Funeral services tomorrow.
COLEMAN.—Anna, 404 South 11th St., Newark, Nov. 22, aged 64. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
DANIEL.—William C., 333 Bergen St., Newark, Nov. 23.
DORRINGTON.—Anna M., 109 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Nov. 23.
HUYBERF.—Eugenie T., 60 Bryant St., Newark, Nov. 23, aged 52. Funeral today.
JACOBUS.—Josephine, 80 Milford Av., Newark, Nov. 24. Funeral notice later.
LAMOND.—John J., 143 Belleville Av., Newark, Nov. 23, aged 60.
McDONALD.—Winnifred M., 152 James St., Newark, Nov. 22, aged 6.
MILLER.—George, 327 West Kinney St., Newark, Nov. 23. Funeral today.
MOHR.—John J., 121 Prospect St., Newark, Nov. 22, aged 42. Funeral Nov. 27.
PRINN.—Edwin C., 15 Virginia Terrace, Jersey City, Nov. 23.
REILLY.—Terrence, 70 Mercer St., Jersey City, Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
SCHAEFER.—Mathilda, 74 Pacific St., Newark, Nov. 24. Funeral notice later.
SCHUMANN.—Wilhelmine, 774 Bergen St., Newark, Nov. 23, aged 78. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
SEIDEMAN.—Fannie, 104 Barclay St., Newark, Nov. 23. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
SMITH.—Caroline F., 44 Morton St., Newark, Nov. 23, aged 17.
STRUENNING.—Catharine, 38 Badger Av., Newark, Nov. 22, aged 87.
WELLER.—Mary E., 99 Hartford St., Newark, Nov. 23, aged 73.

Long Island.

ANDERSON.—Jacob, Arverne, Nov. 21, aged 44.
BROWN.—Elvira R., Woodhaven, Nov. 21, aged 15.
DOANE.—Lillian E., Jamaica, Nov. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.
FARRELL.—Margaret, 543 7th Av., Astoria, Nov. 21, aged 67.
HAGENMEYER.—Frederick W., Ridgewood, Nov. 22, aged 27.
HARKINS.—Mildred V., 61 Taylor St., Astoria, Nov. 21.
HULSTROM.—Henry H., Maspeth, Nov. 22, aged 62. Funeral today, 3 P. M.
IRVING.—George J., Flushing, Nov. 22. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
KENNERLING.—Charles S., Woodhaven, Nov. 23, aged 62.
MAGGIO.—Nicolina, 1,087 Van Alst Av., Astoria, Nov. 22, aged 72.
MEAGHER.—Thomas J., 27 Steven St., Astoria, Nov. 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
O'BRIEN.—Ellen E., Jamaica, Nov. 21, aged 32.
PICCIRELLE.—Antonio, 501 Hamilton St., Long Island City, Nov. 22, aged 8 months.
PAVELEC.—Joseph, 186 Potter Av., Long Island City, Nov. 22.
PIZZO.—John A., 204 Van Alst Av., Long Island City, Nov. 22, aged 1.
ROLKER.—Howard H., Jr., Billaire Gardens, Queens.
SCHRICK.—Adolph, Winfield, Nov. 21, aged 53.
SIMMONS.—Percy, Flushing, Nov. 22, aged 48.
STARK.—Frederick E., Woodhaven, Nov. 2[illegible], aged 15.
STELIOS.—Peter, Woodhaven, Nov. 21, aged 23.
WIELAND.—Annie, Woodland, Nov. 21, aged 54.
ZOLLNER.—Helen, Richmond Hill, Nov. 21, aged 68.

In Memoriam.

PATZOWSKY.—In loving memory of our dearly beloved father, Richard Patzowsky, who departed this life Nov. 25, 1916.

RAPHAEL.—The unveiling of the monument in memory of my dear wife and our loving mother, Bella Raphael, (nee Jacobs,) will take place on Sunday, Nov. 25, at 2 P. M., at Maimonides Cemetery, Cypress Hills. Relatives and friends invited. In case of rain, following Sunday.

SMITH.—James F. Smith, Anna C. Smith.—Anniversary mass for our dearly loved parents, James F. and Anna C. Smith, Monday, Nov. 26, 8 o'clock, Church of the Ascension, 107th St., near Broadway.

HARAN.—Mary, mass St. Ignatius Loyola Church, tomorrow, 9 A. M.
JOHNSON.—George J., mass St. Joseph's Church, Jersey City, tomorrow, 8 A. M.
OTT.—Nettie, mass St. Bridget's Church, Newark, tomorrow, 9 A. M.

Unveiling.

OSTERWEIS.—The monument erected in memory of the late Amelia Osterweis will be unveiled at Mount Hope Cemetery on Sunday, Dec. 2, at 2:30 P. M., weather permitting; otherwise following Sunday.

DEATH NOTICES.

Other death notices may be found on Page 23, First News Section.

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THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY 233 St. By Harlem Train and by Trolleys. Office, 20 East 23d St., New York. Lots of small size for sale.

For sale, in Woodlawn Cemetery, a lot in fine location; low price to quick buyer; principals only. Seller, P 397 Times Downtown.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

TUESDAY EVENING, NOV. 27, 8 P. M., PLYMOUTH CHURCH, BROOKLYN, Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis will give lecture on Experiences Abroad. Illustrated by French War Posters.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, 5th Av. and 43d St.—Sunday, 11:15, Dr. Joseph Silverman on "The Personal Benefit of Religion." All welcome.

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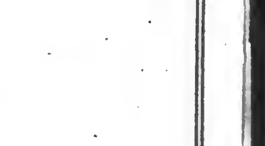

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IN THE CURRENT WEEK.

Today.

Police Commissioner Woods will speak on "The Citizen's Responsibility to the Police Force" before the Institutional Synagogue at the Mount Morris Theatre at 10:30 A. M.

There will be a memorial service for those lost on the Alcedo at the Fifty-second Street Armory at 11 A. M.

Bishop James D. Perry, Chairman of the War Commission of the Protestant Episcopal Church, will preach at the morning service in Trinity Church.

Congressman Daniel J. Griffin will address the New York Post Office Clerks' Association in Terrace Garden at 3 P. M.

There will be a patriotic rally, with prominent men as speakers, under the auspices of the Bronx Open Forum, at the Morris High School at 3 P. M.

There will be a mass meeting for Armenian and Syrian relief in the Brooklyn Academy of Music at 3:30 P. M.

The cornerstone of the Lutheran Chapel on Blackwell's Island will be laid in the afternoon.

The home provided by the New York Section of the Council of Jewish Women for women discharged and paroled from penal and correctional institutions, known as "Four Eighteen East Fiftieth Street," will be dedicated at 4 P. M.

There will be a Thanksgiving service in celebration of the suffrage victory at St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie at 4 P. M.

The Rev. Alexander Lyons and the Rev. Charles H. Lyttle will address the Brooklyn Forum at 4 Court Square at 8 P. M.

Norman Angell will address the People's Institute on "Success in Our War Aims" at Cooper Union at 8 P. M.

President Emeritus William F. Slocum of the University of Colorado will speak on "The Historical Causes of the War" before the Brooklyn Civic Forum in Public School 84 at 8 P. M.

Charles Frederick Adams will speak on "Why Not Mobilize Democracy?" before the University Settlement Forum at 8:15 P. M.

James M. Beck will speak on "The Case for the United States" before the Forum of the Free Synagogue at 36 West Sixty-eighth Street at 8:15 P. M.

The monthly musicale and lecture of the Harlem Forum will be in the Wadleigh High School, Dr. David de Sola Pool of the Food Conservation Commission being the speaker, at 8:30 P. M.

Tomorrow.

The Board of Managers of the Little Mothers' Aid Association will give a reception for the bazaar Chairmen of their committee, at Happy Day House, 236 Second Avenue, from 3 to 6 P. M.

There will be a lecture on "Africa" for children at the American Museum of Natural History in the afternoon.

There will be a Knitting Bee by the Daughters of the Revolution at the Hotel Belmont in the afternoon.

The Section of Anthropology and Psychology of the New York Academy of Sciences will meet at the American Museum of Natural History at 8 P. M.

Suffragists of the Nineteenth Assembly District will have a dinner at the Hotel Theresa in the evening.

There will be a conference under the auspices of Jewish charity and war relief organizations at the Unity Club, Bedford Avenue and Dean Street, at 8 P. M.

There will be a patriotic meeting at the Harlem Board of Commerce in the evening.

United States Marshal McCarthy, Chief City Magistrate McAdoo, and others will address the monthly meeting of the League of Foreign Born Citizens at 138 Second Avenue at 8 P. M.

A stated meeting of the Sons of the Revolution will be held at Delmonico's at 8:30 P. M.

Services in memory of Dr. Solomon Schechter will be held at the Jewish Theological Seminary at 8:15 P. M.

Dr. Charles H. Townsend, Director of the Aquarium, will speak on "Porpoises and Their Ways," under the auspices of the Polytechnic Section of the American Institute, at 29 West Thirty-ninth Street at 8:15 P. M.

Dr. A. A. Brill will lecture on "The Subconscious and Its Relation to Delinquency," under the auspices of the Jewish Big Sisters, at 31 West 110th Street at 8:15 P. M.

Tuesday.

Plans for the conservation of wool will be discussed by a committee of the garment interests to meet at the Waldorf-Astoria at 1:30 P. M.

The New York and New Jersey Section of the Woman's Department of the National Civic Federation will meet at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel at 4 P. M., to discuss ways of promoting food conservation.

Mme. Jutta Bell-Ranske will lecture on Ibsen's "Doll's House" before the People's Institute in Cooper Union at 8 P. M.

G. Sherwood Eddy will address the next meeting of the Presbyterian Union of Brooklyn in the Classon Avenue Presbyterian Church at 8:15 P. M.

The Aeronautical Society of America will meet at 29 West Thirty-ninth Street at 8:15 P. M.

Wednesday.

The Board of Education will meet at its hall, Park Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, at 4 P. M.

Thursday.

The Bowery Mission will celebrate its thirty-eighth anniversary with afternoon and evening meetings.

Friday.

Everett Dean Martin will deliver the third of his series of lectures on "What It Means to Live in an Unfinished World" before the People's Institute in Cooper Union at 8 P. M.

There will be a reception and vaudeville entertainment by the Funnel Steamship League at Palm Garden in the evening.

Saturday.

A service flag of 101 stars will be unfurled at the annual dinner of the De La Salle Alumni Association at the Manhattan Club in the evening.

RAY MORRIS
18 East 46th St., Opposite the Ritz
½ PRICES

GOWNS	COATS
Afternoon & Evening	Choice Materials, Fur Trim'd
$35 to $75	$49 to $95
Were $75 to $150	Were $95 to $200
SERGES	BLOUSES
and Gabardine Dresses	Georgette & Satin
$25 to $35	$7.50 to $12.50
Were $50 to $75	Were $12 to $25

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ON ALL
SOROSIS SHOES

For thirty days, "Sorosis Shoes" will be sold at cost plus actual selling expenses. Sale commenced Monday, November 19th.

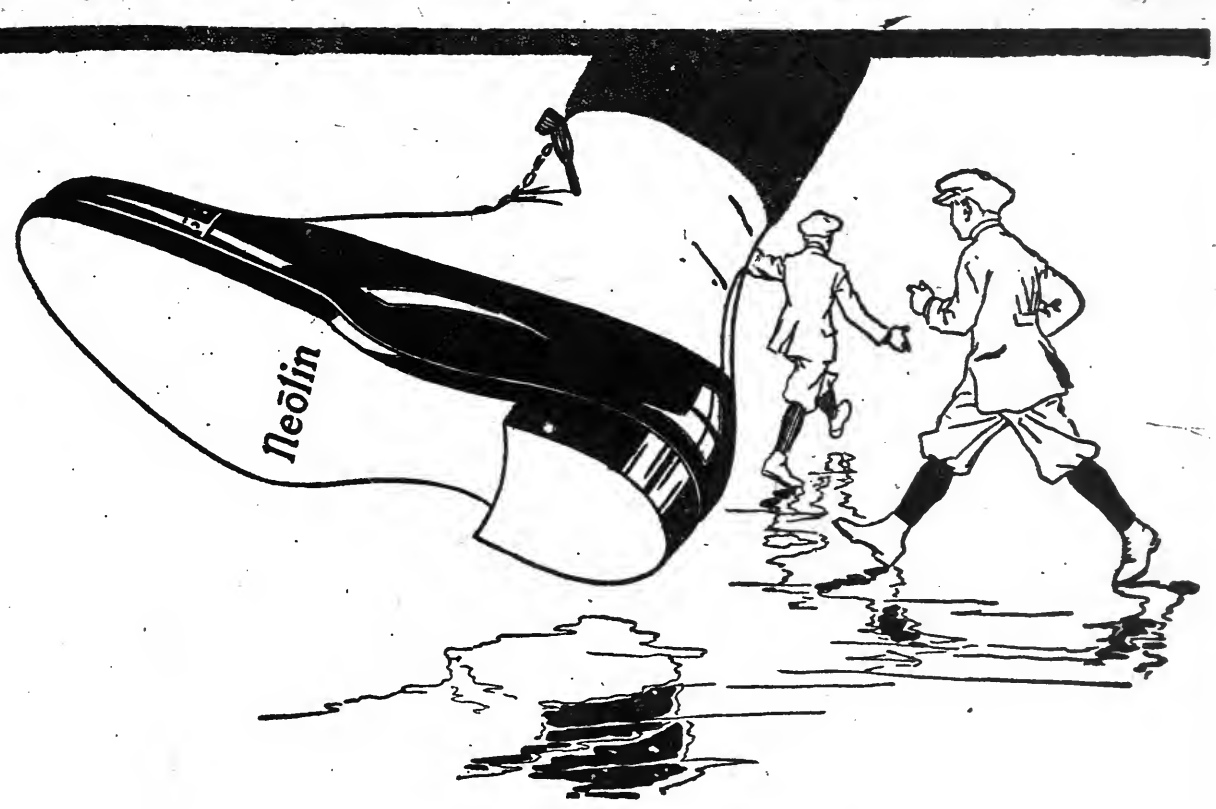
This sale includes all of our Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes, consisting of the well-known Sorosis staples as well as the latest and most ultra-fashionable styles.

The object of this sale is to insure continuous employment at the Sorosis factories during the coming Winter. Among the employees are wives and dependents of those serving our Government and fighting for our Country.

Similar Sales Will Be Held in all Large Cities.

Sold Exclusively in New York City by
James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue 34th Street

Cutting Down Your Children's Shoe Bills



ONE of the biggest bills you have to face is the cost of your children's shoes—the climbing price of new shoes and the rising cost of repairs.

Because Neōlin Soles wear from two to six times as long as ordinary leather, they materially reduce repair charges.

And because Neōlin Soles are waterproof they give old shoes new life and make new shoes last longer than with ordinary soles.

Ordinary soles are not waterproof. After one thorough wetting they become spongy and porous, so that they easily soak up—literally breathe in—the moisture from damp playgrounds, from snow underfoot, from muddied crossings, and even from the thin film of water on pavements after showers and thaws.

Then the constant pressure of the walking or running foot stretches the welts and seams so that the shoes lose shape and wear out quickly.

But Neōlin Soles protect the uppers from this damage because they are waterproof.

And this waterproofness not only saves shoe bills, but doctors' bills, too.

For children with the constantly damp feet that ordinary soles cause, are always in danger of colds.

Eight million pairs of American feet have proved Neōlin's greater saving and its greater comfort, too. For Neōlin-soled shoes are so comfortable that they require no breaking in.

Be sure to have your children's new fall and winter shoes soled with Neōlin. And when you have their worn shoes re-soled, have it done with Neōlin.

Neōlin comes in black, white and tan—on and for men's, women's, boys' and girls' shoes—and it always bears the brand Neōlin.

Mark that mark, stamp it on your memory—Neōlin

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company
Akron, Ohio

Leather soles are stiff—Neōlin Soles are comfortable.

Leather soles soak up water—Neōlin Soles are waterproof.

Leather soles slip—Neōlin Soles grip, yet they can not scratch fine floors and furniture.

Rubber soles crack—Neōlin Soles will not crack.

Rubber soles stretch—Neōlin Soles hold their shape.

Rubber soles are heavy—Neōlin Soles are light.

Rubber soles tear loose—Neōlin Soles stick tight.

[Tear Out and Preserve These Lists]

These Dealers Sell Shoes Soled With Neōlin

MANHATTAN

Aim, M., 195 Madison St.
Abrahamson, L., 200 Clinton St.
Baff, Isidor, 34 Jefferson St.
Bannister Shoe, The, 1,441 Broadway.
Bauman, The, 662 3d Ave.
Beck Shoe, The, 1,960 Broadway.
Beck, J. R., 163 St. Ann's Ave.
Benedittе, M., 2,846 Broadway.
Bennette Shoe Store, 442 E. 14th St.
Berbi, P., 177 Bleecker St.
Blyn, I., & Sons, 180 Bowery.
Braverman Shoes, 1,380 3d Ave.
Brust, W., 151 Stanton St.
Burdhart, 768 Courtlandt Ave.
Campordell Shoe, 303 E. 27th St.
Columbia Shoe, 787 Columbus Ave.
Davies Sample Shoes, 14 Ave. B.
Douglas, W. L., 755 Broadway.
Douglas, W. L., 1,495 Broadway.
Douglas, W. L., 847 3d Ave.
Douglas, W. L., 1,452 Broadway.
Douglas, W. L., 2,202 4th Ave.
Douglas, W. L., 2,779 3d Ave.
Douglas, W. L., 250 W. 125th St.
Drucker, J. W., 620 3d Ave.
Di Gateno, A., 235 Elizabeth St.
Eastern Retail Shoe Co., 1,814 3d Ave.
Emerson Shoe Co., 133 Nassau St.
Emerson Shoe Co., 1,381 Broadway.
Emerson Shoe Co., 1,433 Broadway.
Engelman, Sol, 1,401 St. Nicholas Ave.
Furhram & Sons, 5,600 Broadway.
Falcone, J., 215 E. 106th St.
Farina, R., 1,411 Amsterdam Ave.
Feldman, M., 1,366 St. Nicholas Ave.
Franklin Simon & Co., B'way & 5th Ave.
Friedman Shoe Store, 643 8th Ave.
Friedman Shoe Store, 14 Ave. B.
Forbes Shoe Co., 8 West Broadway.
Geller, Andrew, 2,579 Broadway.
Goldberg, M., 174 Ave. B.
Goodman & Co., 675 3d Ave.
Green & Schnitzer, 98 Sheriff St.
Gross, H., 2,238 Amsterdam Ave.
Hana & Sons, 1,391 Broadway.
Hanan & Sons, 419 Broadway.
Harlem Shoe Co., 1,806 3d Ave.
Harris, A., 482 Columbus Ave.
Hirach, N., 1,848 3d Ave.
Howard Shoe Store, 51 Church St.
Hurley Shoe Co., 1,357 Broadway.
Hub Shoe Store, 166 Delancey St.
Ideal, The, 712 Columbus Ave.
Imperial Shoe Co., The, 107 8th Ave.
K. & L. Shop, 181 Ave. B.
Kahn, J., 1,714 3d Ave.
Katz Brothers, 137 Clinton St.
Kassel Karber, 2,590 8th Ave.
Katz, Wm., 772 Columbus Ave.
Kaufman Bros., 975 Eighth Ave.
Kautman, Louis, 150 Canal St.
Kinzelberger's Shoe Shop, 554 2d Ave.
Kline, J. B., 127 Duane St.
Kline, S., 189 Clinton Ave.
Knopp's Shoe Store, 837 9th Ave.
Krabitnicht, S., 175 Clinton St.
Lobenstein, C., 2,578 Broadway.
Levinson Brothers, 398 5th Ave.
Long, R. H., Shoe Store, 177 Church St.
Marcus, Max, 287 E. Houston St.
Marks, A. D., 243 Hudson St.
Modern Shoe Shop, 210 E. 14th St.
Mouse, H., 80 Delancey St.
Merit Shoe Co., 973 3d Ave.
Montegono, G., 2,539½ 8th Ave.
Newark Shoe Store, 124 E. 14th St.
Pace, John L., 2,333 8th Ave.
Packard Shoe Co., 273 3d Ave.
Regal Shoe Store, any store.
Sabel Brothers, 64 Rivington St.
Sawyer, J., 658 W. 184th St.
Schwartz, J., 716 2d Ave.
Spitzer, M., 261 Rivington St.
Stein Bros., 60 Ave. B.
Timmerman's, J., 534 9th Ave.
Tiredman's Shoe Store, 1,327 Broadway.
Tosenbach Co., 6 Park Row.
Stein, H., 1,674 3d Ave.
Ullman Company, 1,389 Broadway.
Wanamaker, John, Broadway & 9th St.
Welsena, J., Catharine and Madison Sts.
Webber, Milton, 7 Wall St.
Woodruff, D., 100 Wall St.
Wylie, W. L., 2,544 8th Ave.
Weisenberg, S., 2,219 8th Ave.
Woodlinksy Bros., 11 Avenue A.
York Bros., 2,490 8th Ave.
Yormark, J., 15 8th Ave.

BRONX RETAIL DEALERS

Beck Hazard Shoe Store, 2,248 3d Ave.
Boston Shoe Store, 506 Claremont Pkwy.
Boston Shoe Store, 719 Westchester Ave.
Debaise Shoe Store, 2,061 Boston Road.
Dulca, H., 2,482 Hoffman Ave.
Elrinds, J. E., 970 Westchester Ave.
Foblin, J. R., 1,077 S. Boulevard.
Friedman, E., 2,188 3d Ave.
Friedman, E., 2,935 3d Ave.
Green Boot Shop, 887 Longwood Ave.
Grossman, L. E., 2,437 8th Ave.
Grossman, H., 3,117 3d Ave.
K. & M. Shoe Store, 999 Prospect Ave.
Katz Shoe Store, 1,323 Wilkins Ave.
Ladin, S., 402 E. 74th St.
Laloni Shoe Store, 3,291 3d Ave.
Liberman, J., 748 Westchester Ave.
Lion Shoe Store, Prospect & Tremont Aves.
Meyer, S., 504 W. 145th St.
Martell, S. H., 1,010 Westchester Ave.
Mingelgreen, Fraser, 833 Longwood Ave.
Model Shoe Shop, 1,055 S. Boulevard.
Minnerman, J., 2,801 Webster Ave.
Minnerman, J., 2,511 Webster Ave.
Minnerman, J. E., Fordham Road.
Newman Bros., 1,037 Westchester Ave.
Newman, A., 3,825 3d Ave.
Orthopedic Shoe Store, 2,067 3d Ave.
Sabatins, W., 1,548 Commonwealth Ave.
Scherr, B., 3,660 White Plains Ave.
Seigel Shoe Store, 658 W. 207th St.
Stern, 597 E. 158th St.
Topper & Berger, 2,018 3d Ave.
Uetardt, 649 Elton Ave.
Vogel Shoe Shop, 753 E. 152d St.
Walkover Shoe, 557 Melrose Ave.

BROOKLYN RETAIL DEALERS

Bag, K., Flushing Av.
Batterman, H., B'way and Graham Av.
Bender's Shoe Store, 245 Grand St.
Blonder, 442 Fulton St.
B'way Sample Shoe Store, 1,474 B'way.
Buso, 1,076 Bedford Ave.
Cohne, J. G., 1,608 Fulton St.
David, W., 329 Washington St.
Davidson, D., 367 Nostrand Ave.
Deaner, 107 Graham Av.
Douglas, W. L., 573 Gates Ave.
Douglas, W. L., 478 5th Av.
Douglas, W. L., 708 Broadway.
Douglas, W. L., 1,367 Broadway.
Eagle Shoe Store, 207 Smith St.
Emerson Shoe Store, 388 Fulton St.
Fifth Ave. Shop, 632 5th Ave.
Garner, C., 350 Crescent Ave.
Goldberg, 82 Graham Ave.
Groschall, 68 Tompkins Ave.
Grossman, 52 Smith St.
Hare's, 218 Graham Ave.
Hershberg, 546 Nostrand Av.
Klein's Sons, 738 Myrtle Ave.
Kramer, S., 1,890 Fulton St.
Levine Shoe Store, 2,661 Atlantic Ave.
Linder, Harry, 104 3d Av.
Loeser, Fred'k, 484 Fulton St.
Mannal, J. W., 2,759 Atlantic Ave.
Marcus Shoe Store, 8,305 Fulton Ave.
Mule, M., 973 Flushing Av.
Nelson, 115 Smith St.
Newark Shoe Shop, 1,257 Fulton St.
Olliva, 200 Tompkins Ave.
Nishman, 104 Moore.
Pillisane Bros., 136 Graham Ave.
Pfeffer, 35 Sumner Ave.
Queens Shoe Store, 1,141 Liberty Ave.
Rosebach, I., 2,569 Atlantic Ave.
Saponisch, 7,317 13th Ave.
Schosen, J., 397 Fulton St.
Schwartz, I., 459 De Kalb Av.
Serlei, M., 58 Tompkins Ave.
Scherling, K., 423 Grand St.
Sommerschlen, 1,163 Fulton St.
Teffer, Sam, 35 Sumner Ave.
Teller, S., 403 Metropolitan Ave.
Trisano, 123 Tompkins Ave.
Wrisne, A., 571 Nostrand Ave.
White House Shoe Store, 4,324 13th Ave.
Zummi, V. X., 344 De Kalb Ave.

LONG ISLAND RETAIL DEALERS

ASTORIA

Egan, J., 123 Fulton St.
Moss, Richards, 27 Flushing Ave.
Rothstein Brothers, 105 Main St.

FAR ROCKAWAY

Brust, W., 490 Central Ave.
Brown, A. H., 1,001 Central Ave.
Nebchnsal, Far Rockaway.

FLUSHING

Richard, Abrahamson, 84 Main St.

JAMAICA

Boston Boot Shop, 99 Smith St.

RICHMOND HILL

Jensen, B. C., 1,231 Jamaica Ave.
Henecke, A., 2,817 Jamaica Ave.

These Dealers Also Sell Children's Shoes Soled With Neōlin

NEW YORK CITY AND BRONX

Doblin, J. R., 1,077 So. Boulevard.
Eisenberg, F., 956½ Westchester Ave.
Rogers, A., & Son, 826 Westchester Ave.
Gloser, M., 883 Longwood Ave.
Boston Shoe Co., The, 740 Westchester Ave.
Freeman, J., 739 Westchester Ave.
Savel, Morris, 3,749 3d Ave.
Hirsch, S., 898 3d Ave.
Blyn, I., & Son, 600 8th Ave.
Dohn Shoe Co., 477 9th Ave.
Gittleston, I., 2,313 2d Ave.
Wiesenberg, G., 2,030 3d Ave.
Hemlich, Chas., 364 Bleecker St.
Freedman, B., 765 Tremont Av., N. Y. C.
Eagle Boot Shop, 848 Columbus Ave.
Hervey Family Shoe Store, 416 W. 125th St.
Pick, Gustave, 1,334 First Ave.
Greenbaum, Jos., 458 Brook Ave.
Hopkins & Horowitz, 181 Spring St.
Lewis, Chas., 2,429 Jerome Ave.
Memec, John, 1,383 Ave. A.
Mertzel Shoe Co., 1,370 1st Ave.
Braff, M., 198 Rivington St.
Ventura, P., 607 E. 187th St.
Jacobson Brothers, 1,088 Mad. Ave.
Schwartzreich, M., 165 Rivington St.
Epstein, E., 97 Madison Ave.
Schulman, L., 167 Norfolk St.
Mayer & Sons, 1,496 3d Ave.
Burnett, S. D., 1,896 3d Ave.
Miller's Shoe Store Co., 157 Greenwich St.
Jantzen, W. J., 976 Amsterdam Ave.
Saks & Co., Broadway & 34th St.
Macy, R. H., & Co., Broadway & 64th St.
Gimbel Brothers, Broadway & 33d St.
Lincoln Shoe Store, 88 Amsterdam Ave.
Kostrin, M., & Son, 3,632-37 W. P. Road.
Kosene & Markman, 658 Morris Pk. Ave.
Wittstein, N., 653 Morris Park Ave.
Geller, Andrew, 126 Lenox Ave.
Freedman's Shoe Store, 691 9th Ave.
Banmoebol, H. M., & Bros., 69 Amsterdam Ave.
McCwaig, John, 5,720 10th Ave.
Spitzer, D., 4 Ave. D.
Berkowsky, B., 532 Second Ave.
Weil, B., 198 Ave. B.
Stein, E., 218 Ave. B.
May, A. A., & Co., 828 Columbus Ave.
La Forta, A., 4,428 3d Ave., N. Y.
Greenberg, H., 4,241 3d Ave.
Bluestein, G., 162 First Ave.
Gordon, Louis, 52 Scammel St.
Solo Shoe Co., Inc., 100 Reade St.
Dopkin, M., 921 E. 169th St.
Rubin, J., 1,816 Boston Road.
Kroenfeld, S., 50 First Ave.
Crown Shoe Store, 53 First Ave.
Eckus, C., 3,053 Third Ave.
Fuherer, S., 8 Ave. B.
Goodberg & Goldberg, 35 Ave. B.
Kosvitch Shoe Shop, 718 Sixth Ave.
Schwartz, B., 1,208 First Ave.
Nabalschek, A., 190 Clinton St.
Goldberg, A., 179 Clinton St.
Rosenthal, 587 Second Ave.
Roses Shoe Store, 2,180 Third Ave.
Pasternak, K., 1,981 Second Ave.
Phillips Brothers, 445 E. 169th St.
Beck, A. S., Shoe Stores, 2,861 3d Ave.
Grossman Shoe Store, 178 Fifth Ave.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Fox's, 185 Smith St.
Belson, B., 115 Smith St.
Jack's Shoe Store, 143 Smith St.
Glopp, 205 Smith St.
Block, E., & Brothers, 81 Smith St.
Jacobs, A., 2,176 Fulton St.
Sacks, I., 3,410 Fulton St.
Marcus Shoe Store, 3,395 Fulton St.
Sonnerschein, A., 2,683 Atlantic Ave.
Beck, R., 2,156 Fulton St.
Carlson, E., 3,219 Fulton St.
Jones, H. E., 1,590 Fulton St.
Jones, H. E., 994 Flatbush Ave.
Dickstein, B., 573 Gates Ave.
The Sefochutz Shoe Store, 1,429 B'way.
Meade Shoe Co., 107 Myrtle Ave.
Blyn, I., & Son, 442 Fulton St.
McDouglass, 89 Myrtle Ave.
Denca, F., 2,482 Hoffman Ave.
Levine's, 104 Third Ave.
Devento, J., 284 Third Ave.
Bernstein, P., 527 Marcy Ave.
Blyn, I., & Son, 1,263 Broadway.
Boston Shoe House, 1,920 Fulton St.
Morrell Brothers, 1,860 Fulton St.
Adelson, J., 782 Nostrand Ave.
Rees, J., 1,011 Belmont Ave.
Kaplan, J., 736 Myrtle Ave.
Rosenberg, R., 148 Sumner Ave.
Komeroff, M., 703 Sutter Ave.
Klein, N., 602 Sutter Ave.
Hempel, A. C., 1,025 Manhattan Ave.
Sussman, B., 106 Graham Ave.
The Hamburg Shoe Store, 306 Hamburg Ave.
Horowitz, Geo., 331 Hamburg Ave.
Schwartz, 545 Central Ave.
Smith, C., 1,163 Fulton St.
The Nelson Shoe Co., 1,257 Fulton St.
Jones, H. E., 1,299 Fulton St.
Stadler, P., 1,781 Pitkin Ave.
Wrstadt, Chas., 1,053 Pitkin Ave.
Ecker, H., 3,053 Third Ave.
Barhardt, W. E., 768 Courtlandt Ave.
Wexler, A., 2,136 Fulton St.
The Baran Shoe Co., 885 Prospect Ave.
Simonson, I., 799 Manhattan Ave.
Beck, A. S., Shoe Store, 845 Manhattan Av.
Beck, A. S., Shoe Store, 5,108 Third Ave.
Beck, A. S., Shoe Store, 1,395 Broadway.
Butt, M., 1,671 Broadway.

QUEENS

Rex Shoe Store, 3,215 Jamaica Ave.
Solomon, I., Far Rockaway.
Avenia, J., 99 Smith St.
Imperial Shoe Co., 365 Fulton St., Jamaica.
Plant Brothers, 381 Fulton St., Jamaica.
Mendell Dept. Store, Bell Ave.
Klein, S., 207 13th St.
Kichnet & Brennens, 215 13th Ave.
Mock, W., Great Neck, L. I.
Beck, A. S., Shoe Store, 292 Steinway Ave.

STATEN ISLAND RETAIL DEALERS

Caffrey, J. E., 6,671 Bay St.

PORT RICHMOND

August, C., 2,062 Richmond Terrace.
Clark, D. W., 17 Richmond Ave.
Sullivan's Shoe Store, 770 Richmond Ave.

WEST NEW BRIGHTON

Isaaca, 1,195 Castleton Ave.

STAPLETON

Lemilion, J., 666 Bay St.
Levy, H. M., 2,035 Richmond Terrace.

These Repairmen Resole Shoes With Neōlin

REPAIRMEN—NEW YORK CITY

Alhambra Shoe Repairing Co., 2,402 8th Ave.
American Shoe Repairing Co., 530 E. 138th St.
Aslanian, A., 4 Charles St.
Assaiati, Mike, 300 W. 4th Ave.
Ballower, J., 571 9th Ave.
Bendfeldt, G., 254 Avenue B.
Benedetti, 1,111 Amsterdam Ave.
Beneditti & Bro., 3,066 Broadway.
Billy's Shoe Hospital, 240 E. Houston St.
Binnicke, S., 143 Rivington St.
Boston, The, 1,234 St. Nicholas Ave.
Boston Shoe Co., 908 6th Ave.
Boston Shoe Repair Co., 377 6th Ave.
Boss Brothers, 1,696 2d Ave.
California Shoe Repair Shop, 74 2d Ave.
Camjian, N., 707 Columbus Ave.
Catalano, E., & Co., 2,868 Broadway.
Central Elec. Shoe Repairing Co., 1,098 2d Av.
Central Shoe Rep. Co., 58 E. 125th St.
Central Shoe Rep. Co., 222 8th Ave.
Church St. Shoe Rep. Co., 47 Church St.
Casey, J., 204 W 33d St.
Coletti, Salvatore, 358 Canal St.
Carlo, C., 3,770 Broadway.
Copotsto, P., 113 Avenue B.
Daniels, Mrs. S. A., 108 Fulton St., Room 417.
Delnauro, A., & Co., 3,681 Broadway.
De Luca, B., 2,848 Broadway.
Di Perna, S., 1,320 2d Ave.
Desimone, P., 240½ E. Houston St.
Durante, Tony, 1,559 3d Ave.
Di Tarrio, Francho, 1,450 5th Ave.
Dombski, W., & Co., 579 Madison Av.
Emanuels, B., 249 St. Nicholas Ave.
Floria, Angelo, 815 W. 13th St.
Frank & Brother, 1,902 7th Ave.
Frank & Patsy, 1,430 St. Nicholas Ave.
Frank Sample Shoe Store, 160 6th Ave.
Frank Bros. & Co., 103 W. 10th St.
Flaremzo, M., 3,834 Broadway.
Fleming Shoe Rep. Co., 277 3d Ave.
Fulton Shoe Rep. Co., 66 Fulton St.
Grasso Shoe Rep. Co., 978 2d Ave.
Harlem Shoe Rep. Co., 55 W. 125th St.
Harlem Electric Shoe Rep. Co., 1,765 Park Ave.
Hy Grade Shoe Rep. Co., 1,395 3d Ave.
International Shoe Shop, Inc., 120 Audubon Ave.
Jefferson Shoe Maker, 149 6th Ave.
Kinney, G. R., 238 Broadway.
Kochlberg, M., 155 9th Ave.
Kopstein, E., 1,455 Avenue A.
Kotch & Restaino, 2,411 Broadway.
La Stella A Colori Leather Co., 206 1st Ave.
Losinsky, J., 1,277 3d Ave.
Luigi, V., 2,204 7th Ave.
Luskin, Sam, 1,647 1st Ave.
Marmora, Mike, 31 E. 11th St.
Mirabello, G., 3,666 Broadway.
Montano, Louis, 563 Amsterdam Ave.
Morace & Company, 4,532 Broadway.
Motta, M., & Co., 4,211 Broadway.
Muray Shoemakers, Inc., 138 West Broadway.
Naccarato, R., 2,802 Broadway.
National Shoe Repairing Co., 1,503 St. Nicholas Ave.
Nathan, I., 2,279 8th Ave.
New Goodyear Electric Shoe Rep'g, 2,052 8th Ave.
New York Elec. Shoe Shop Co., 156 2d Ave.
New Central Shoe Rep. Co., 846 3d Ave.
New Central Shoe Rep. Co., 708 3d Ave.
L. Nuccio, 912 9th Ave.
Mumethad Shoe Rep. Co., 22 Beaver St.
Original Shoe Rep. Co., 711 Amsterdam Ave.
Original Shoe Shop, Inc., 171 Amsterdam Ave.
Orlando, F., 604 E. 14th St.
Paradiso, J., 3,630 Broadway.
Pascal, Nurzio, 533 Broome St.
Pietro, J., 210 3d Ave.
Polter, I., 1,575 3d Ave.
Quick Shoe Rep. Co., 99 3d Ave.
Raconese, Sam, & Co., 515 Columbus Ave.
Rapid, W. R., 262 Audubon Ave.
Rarzian, Chas., 2,158 Amsterdam Ave.
Reid-Carroll Co., 190 William St.
Ritto, E., 305 Bleecker St.
Rivisto, Alfonso, 1,219 3d Ave.
Robertson & Sons, 7 W. 14th St.
Robertson & Sons, 118 William St.
Ruso, James, 116 Greenwich St.
Salomowitz, J., 12-14 Horatio St.
Sauer, J., 451 Canal St.
Savova, C., 1,089 St. Nicholas Ave.
S. & S. Shoe Rep. Co., 223 Fulton St.
Scherer, L., 638 5th St.
Sherman Shoe Rep. Co., 561 W. 207th St.
Schiffer, M., 991 Amsterdam Ave.
Sciacca, Jos., 471 Amsterdam Ave.
Sciafavi, S., 1,831 Amsterdam Ave.
Sebald, Peter, 3,340 Broadway.
Serazadarin, J., 2,264 Amsterdam Ave.
Sorrentino, Louis, 168 4th Ave.
Speciale, J., 362 W. 43d St.
Speleotes, P., 3,792 Broadway.
Taccia, T., & Co., 3,653 Broadway.
Tebilitsky, J., 382 3d Ave.
Terrara, L., 3,100 Broadway.
Thoss, Pappas I., 3,342 Broadway.
United Shoe Co., 1,392 3d Ave.
United Shoe Rep. Co., 42 W. 28th St.
The U. S. Shoe Rep. Co., 146 3d Ave.
United Elec. Shoe Rep. Co., 129 2d Ave.
United Shoe Mfg. Co., 462 6th Ave.
Waxman, J., 646 9th Ave.
Weiss, H., 1,471 3d Ave.
Yorkville Shoe Rep. Co., 1,335 3d Ave.
Zaccare, T., 3,908 Broadway.

BRONX REPAIRMEN

Bastone, John, 1,777 S. Boulevard.
Bolisena, A. C., 601 Crescent Ave.
Boundland Shoe Repair Co., 1,036 S. Boulevard.
Brandt Shoe Repair Co., 580 Concord Ave.
Bronx Shoe Repairing Co., 788 Courtlandt Ave.
Bronx Shoe Repair Co., 1,271 Boston Road.
Catnese, C., 1,013 E. 163d St.
Ceraold, Salvatore, 251 Westchester Ave.
Christopher, M., 865 Melrose Ave.
College Shoe Maker, 1,254 Amsterdam Ave.
Contino, Frank, 41 Bedford St.
Demsky, J., 1,447 Boston Road.
Despold, Antonia, 82 W. Fordham Road
Dicoli, Jos., 297 Willis Ave.
Emanuel, L., 1,189 Bryant St.
Gerof, A., 11 E. Fordham Road.
Guarantee Shoe Repairing Co., 633 E. 169th St.
Iarussi, H., 7 W. 184th St.
International Shoe Repairing Co., 1,094 S. Boulevard.
James Brothers, 703 Tremont Ave.
Lewis, E., 581 Westchester Ave.
The Marathon Co., 962 Westchester Ave.
Melrose Shoe Repairing Co., 385 E. 161st St.
Modesto, T., 1,750 Mt. Hope Ave.
Modern Shoe Repair Co., 7,218 3d Ave.
N. Y. Shoe Repair Co., 962½ Westchester Ave.
N. Y. Shoe Repair Co., 646 Westchester Ave.
Original Shoe Repairing Co., 225 Willis Ave.
Panama, Louis, 937 E. 162d St.
Postlione, J., 613 Westchester Ave.
Pulletta, N., 925 Freeman St.
Rapid Shoe Repair Co., 426 Willis Ave.
Rimoli, P., & Sons, 152 W. Fordham Rd.
Rotham, Ph., 901½ E. 180th St.
Royal Shoe Repair Co., 925½ Freeman St.
Ruccia Brothers, 2,454 Jerome Ave.
Ruccia Brothers, 2,471 Grand Concourse.
Schmitt, Mike, 490 E. 174th St.
Semeriglia, Joseph, 498 E. 169th St.
Schulder, H., 644 Melrose Ave.
Schulder, E., 557 Brook Ave.
Siacusa, G., 965 Freeman St.
United Shoe Repair Co., 516 E. 162d St.
Volpe, D., 167 E. 169th St.

REPAIRMEN—BROOKLYN

Albanese, Nick, 226 Graham Ave.
Arnodeo, C., 733 Nostrand Ave.
Birbiglia, L., 614 Hamburg Ave.
Bonanno, J., 398 Tompkins Ave.
Bonanno, J., 301 Bedford Ave.
Brockton Shoe Rep. Co., 836 Crescent St.
Champion Elec. Shoe Rep., 3,384 Fulton St.
Champion Shoe Repairer, 1,427 Fulton St.
Chiusano Bros., 958 Fulton St.
Ciffasi, J., 6,824 3d Ave.
Dominco, Rosario, 242 7th Ave.
Eagle Shoe Repairer, 4,469 18th Ave.
Electric Shoe Repairing Co., 180 Court St.
Falcone, T., 818 Coney Island Ave.
Feltman, S., 30 Nostrand Ave.
Fiorenza, B., 603 Myrtle Ave.
Frisina, F., 382 Nostrand Ave.
Gargano, T., 456 Tompkins Ave.
Geannetto, V., 157 Howard Ave.
Goodyear Repairing, 7,710 3d Ave.
Goodyear Repairing, 7,410 3d Ave.
Goodyear Shoe Repairing, 1,511 Mermaid Ave.
Gremalde, D., 338 Sumner Ave.
Gronquist, Chas., 63 3d Ave.
Iskiyan, S. L., 7,912 3d Ave.
Lebow, M., 322 Tompkins Ave.
Levitt, B., 140 Harrison Ave.
Maggi & Hall, 276 Jay St.
Metropolitan Shoe Repairing Co., 1,238 Fulton St.
Milke, Joe, 134 Sterling Place.
Naples, J., 812 Nostrand Ave.
National Shoe Repairing Co., 75 Hoyt St.
Nelson, B., 78 Fleet St.
Oliva, M., 758 Nostrand Ave.
Paciello, V., 254 3d Ave.
Palerion, P., 355 Tompkins Ave.
Palamara, J., 137 Court St.
Palish, L., 479 Marcy Ave.
Panama Shoe Repairing Co., 8,234 18th Ave.
Plaza Elec. Shoe Rep., The, 349 Roebling St.
Reliable Shoe Repairing Co., 1,144 Bedford Ave.
Rizzo, P., 233 Crescent St.
Rogasky, I., 93 Graham Ave.
Russo, Rocco, 178 Rockaway Ave.
Ravolo, J., 356 Court St.
St. Mark's Shoe Rep. Co., 664 Nostrand Ave.
Samuelson, H., 915 Marcy Ave.
Schrank, L., 807 Marcy Ave.
Taylor, L. J., 575 Hamburg Ave.
Thompson, S. S., 109 7th Ave.
Triangle Shoe Co., 72 6th Ave.
Turano, Michael, 218 Linwood St.
United Shoe Rep. Shop, 329 Fulton St.
Union Shoe Factory, 856 Myrtle Ave.
Warurck Shoe Rep., 2,905 Fulton St.

LONG ISLAND REPAIRMEN

ASTORIA, L. I.

Menichelli, Frank, 257 Franklin St.

JAMAICA, L. I.

American Shoe Repairing, 486½ Fulton St.

FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I.

Cestari, Michael, 5 Mott Ave.
Progresso Shoe Repair Shop, 2,140 Mott Ave.
Quick Shoe Repair Co., Central Ave.

FLUSHING, L. I.

Ketelas, A., 84 Main St.
Rizzo, George, 68 Broadway.

LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I.

Bellis, F. B., 197 Jackson Ave.
Speciale, B., 226 Prospect St.
Speciale, R., 73 Wilbur Ave.
Vicani, N., 163 Academy St.

RICHMOND HILL, L. I.

Champion Elec. Shoe Rep. Co., 3,308 Jamaica Ave.
Economic Shoe Rep. Co., 2,706 Jamaica Ave.
Internation Shoe Rep. Co., 2,362 Jamaica Ave.

JAMAICA, L. I.

La Rosea, Jos., 17 N. Washington St.
Matt's Repair Shop, 14 S. Washington St.
Pittari, Dan, 32 Flushing Ave.

WOODHAVEN, L. I.

Nood Shoe Rep. Co., 4,174 Jamaica Ave.

STATEN ISLAND REPAIRMEN

PORT RICHMOND, S. I.

Andrews, A., 1,912 Richmond Terrace.
Original Shoe Rep. Co., The, 150 Richmond Ave.
Tirome, G., 2,076 Richmond Terrace.
U. S. Shoe Rep. Co., 2,671 Richmond Terrace.

TOMPKINSVILLE, S. I.

WEST NEW BRIGHTON, S. I.

Castleton Shoe Co., 1,100 Castleton Ave.
Richmond Borough Shoe Rep. Co., 465 Jewett Ave.

STAPLETON, S. I.

Kaplan, H., 70 Canal St.
Stapleton Shoe Rep. Co., 129 Canal St.

NEW BRIGHTON, S. I.

Mandra, L., 166 Stuyvesant Place.

Neōlin Soles

TRADE MARK REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

Better than Leather

BLACK'S ALL-STARS JOLTED BY RUTGERS

Sanford's Youngsters Spring Surprise on Naval Reserve's Team of Veterans.

SAILORS ARE OUTPLAYED

College Lads, Undaunted by Noted Names Like Barrett, Schlacter, and Gerrish, Win by 14 to 0.

Cupid Black's collection of former college football stars from the Second Naval Reserve station at Newport, which was generally supposed to be invincible, collided head on with Rutgers at Ebbets Field yesterday. The Newport sailors saw stars and Roman candles after the stunning shock, and went down in defeat by a score of 14 to 0 in one of the most surprising games of a topsy-turvy gridiron season.

This great victory of the youthful Rutgers eleven over a team which boasted of many All-American celebrities is a big feather in the cap of the Rutgers lads, and is also the fulfillment of a prophecy by their coach, George Foster Sanford, who has been lauding his eleven this year as one of exceptional skill. Sanford was right, for a better-drilled or more carefully disciplined eleven has not been seen hereabouts in a long time.

By the very speed of its charge, the smooth, precise development of its tactics, and the snap and dash of its defense, Rutgers accomplished wonders against eleven players who rank as the greatest products of the Eastern and Western gridiron. It was the triumph of a highly drilled team, schooled to a high standard of team play, backed by the spirit of youth and a gameness and courage which wasn't for an instant disturbed by the awe-inspiring presence of Cupid Black, Charley Barrett, Schlacter, Gerrish, and the other football Moguls, whose names have gone echoing down the corridors of fame.

Naval Team Outplayed.

Rutgers outplayed the Naval Reserves from start to finish. They scored both touchdowns in the second period, the first after a triumphant march of 50 yards, during which the Rutgers backs, Frank Kelly, Turk Gardner, and Mike Whitehill, aided in every plunge by Baker, the little quarter back, split the heavy Newport line asunder and pried their way through, a few yards at a time, until Whitehill tore over the line with a touchdown. In the same period, when Whitehill boomed away a long punt to their opponents, which sailed far down to the Newport 5-yard line, Hite, the quarter back from Kentucky, fumbled the ball, and Neuschaefer, Rutgers's left wing, pounced on it. Then in a jiffy Whitehill heaved a forward pass to Robeson, Rutgers's towering negro end, who nipped the ball from the air as he stood on the goal line and dropped on the ball over the forbidding chalk mark for another touchdown. Turk Gardner's trusty boot put over the two goals after the touchdowns.

A crowd of about 12,000, most of them Rutgers sympathizers, sat through the chilly afternoon and rejoiced with the New Brunswick boys in their victory. It was quite the most meritorious thing that a Rutgers eleven has done in many years. They went into the game with Black's picked experts overwhelming favorites. The Newport aggregation has not been defeated this season, and has ridden roughshod over all of its opponents.

Rejoicing in Rutgers Camp.

So when Rutgers began to bowl over Uncle Sam's giants the fever of the Rutgers students blazed through the frost-bitten crowd and there was high jubilation as the Rutgers lads buried the noses of Black and his associates in the turf of Ebbets Field. Between the halves the Rutgers students paraded around the gridiron and filled the air with their yells and songs.

Banks of the Old Raritan" echoed through Flatbush and old Rutgers graduates hugged themselves and each other in glee and laughed at the perils of pneumonia as they took off their hats and threw them into the air.

When the Rutgers parade was finished the line of students formed into a great human letter "R." The big gathering of sailors who came from Newport with the team to see their team win another victory ran around the gridiron to keep warm and then lined up and gave Rutgers a cheer.

Cupid Black had a very uncomfortable afternoon. He played against Rollins, and this youngster gave the great Yale guard the time of his life. Time and again Black was tumbled out of the way, while Rollins went through and stopped both Barrett and Gerrish in their flight. During the whole game the Naval Reserves made only two first downs. One of these was a wild dash by Charley Barrett in the second period, and later in the game Newport again made first down on four desperate charges into the Rutgers line and their margin was so close that the distance had to be measured before the officials were sure that they had made it.

The naval men did hardly any rushing with the ball. In fact, only for a few minutes of the game did Newport have the ball in Rutgers territory. Barrett and Gerrish got loose only once or twice. The work of Robeson, Rollins, and Whitehill on the defense was so brilliant that they broke up the Naval Reserve plays in the making. For a line which had the bulk and beef of the Naval Reserve team and with such accomplished performers as Black, Schlacter, Callahan, Elwood, and Green, their showing against Rutgers fast, low-charging forwards, was a poor exhibition. Rutgers had the jump on them every time and the expected dashes of Barrett and Gerrish did not materialize.

Kelly Star of Attack.

Frank Kelly was the bright spot in the Rutgers backfield when it came to penetrating the Naval Reserve line. This youth, not very large, but who hops around as if he were on springs, pried through openings which his forwards made with irresistible plunges. Kelly hammered away at Cupid Black's line until it seemed that the boy must drop from exhaustion. But after every sortie into his giant opponents Kelly came up smiling and ever ready to take the ball again.

Sanford's team was trained to the minute and the fact that they went through this gruelling contest without substitution shows the great physical condition of the team. The continual smashing told on Kelly toward the end of the game, but in the last few rushes, he was a picture of football perfection. A ferocious tackle by Haas sent Kelly sprawling on the turf so hard that when he came up the blood was trickling from his nose. There was a smile of triumph on his blood-smeared face and again and again he tore into the Newport line for big gains.

It wasn't individual brilliancy however, that won for Rutgers. It was the splendid co-ordination of effort which Sanford has instilled into this team of green young players. Newport relied entirely on the brilliancy of its performers, but the advantage of age and experience wasn't enough to match Rutgers' team play. The speed and skill of Rutgers made the desperate efforts of Barrett and Gerrish in the back field futile.

Sailors Penalized at Start.

Gerrish kicked off for the Reserves and Kelly caught the pigskin on the fifteen-yard line and ran it back ten yards before he was tumbled. The Naval eleven was penalized fifteen yards for holding at the very outset, and then three lunges by Kelly, Whitehill, and Gardner gave Rutgers their first down and the Rutgers students began to chant "Oh, oh, Poor Cupid" as Yale's former star found himself smothered in the melée of Rutgers players.

Then began a procession of real old-fashioned football. Little Baker, the quarter back, snapped out his signals in rapid succession. Kelly, Whitehill, and Gardner took turns at jamming through the Newport line a few yards at a clip. The great All-American tackles, Black and Schlacter, were swept aside before the Rutgers assault. The parade advanced slowly and surely. The chalk marks were left behind one after another until Rutgers had pushed the husky sailors back from Rutgers twenty-five-yard line to Newport's twenty-five-yard line, a distance of fifty yards.

On the 25-yard line, Black hammered his players frantically on the backs and begged them to stop the onslaught. Rutgers found it hard sledding and couldn't gain the distance on four downs and on the last down Baker called for a forward pass and the ball went to Newport on downs. This was the one error of judgment which Rutgers made, for here was a chance for their famous multiple kick which they failed to grasp. Later in the game, however, they tried the kick but it failed.

When Newport took the ball on the 20-yard line the spectators expected to see something dazzling happen. Barrett took the ball and smashed into the line, but he stopped short. Then Gerrish went plowing forward, but he also was crumpled up in a heap by Rollins. Then Barrett couldn't gain and was forced to punt. Rutgers getting the ball on their own 38-yard line. Then began the steady unerring journey of 60 yards to the Naval Reserves' goal line.

Display Great Game.

It was a great exhibition of football and a striking example of what a well-drilled eleven can do with the old-time line smashing tactics. It was the quick deadly charge of the Rutgers forwards which made it possible for the New Brunswick backs to dodge their way through the openings. In this trip to the goal line there was one forward pass which Whitehill tossed to Robinson, which netted Rutgers 15 yards.

Rutgers had the ball down on the 28-yard line when the first period ended, and early in the second period the Rutgers backs speared the Naval Reserve line for short, steady gains, and Whitehill carried the ball over.

On the next kick-off Rutgers worked a trick on the old-timers which took them completely by surprise. On the kick-off Robeson merely tumbled the ball from the mound of dirt, and then had to tee it up again. This time he approached it slowly, while Baker came up from behind him and kicked an on-side kick over to the left wing to Elwood. The ball hit Elwood, but bounced away, and Kelly jumped on it. It was Rutgers's ball on Newport's 43-yard line. Rutgers fumbled on the next play, but recovered.

The loss occasioned by the fumble gave Rutgers a hard task to make their distance of 10 yards, so Whitehill punted to Hite, who tried to catch the ball and fumbled. Neuschaefer falling on the ball on the Reserves' 5-yard line. The New Brunswick team was then penalized 5 yards for off-side play, and Baker tried to jam his way through, but got only a yard. On a pretty lateral pass, Whitehill to Kelly, the ball was advanced to the 6-yard line.

Whitehill dropped back and took the ball on a long pass from the centre, while Robeson in the meantime had rushed through the Newport players and was waiting just at the goal line. He reached up and grasped the ball as the naval men were upon him, and all went down in a great heap. When the pile of players was unraveled, the ball was about six inches from the goal line, but the officials ruled that the ball had gone over, and Rutgers got another touchdown.

The lineup:

Rutgers, (14.)	Position.	Naval Res., (0.)
Robeson	R. E.	Elwood
Feltner	L. T.	R. H. Dunn
Neuschaefer	L. G.	Black
Francke	C.	Callahan
Rollins	R. G.	Schlacter
Kendall	R. T.	Trier
Breckley	R. E.	Green
Baker	Q. B.	Hite
Kelly	L. H. B.	Barrett
T. Gardner	R. H. B.	Gerrish
Whitehill	F. B.	Gardner

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Rutgers	0	14	0	0	—14
Naval Reserves	0	0	0	0	—0

Touchdowns—Whitehill, Robeson. Goals from touchdowns—T. Gardner, 2.

Substitutions—Naval Reserves: Paisley for Trier, Haas for Barrett, Quigley for Elwood. Referee—George Reavers, Jr., West Point. Umpire—E. B. Cochems, Wisconsin. Linesman—E. T. Madden, Yale. Time of periods—15 and 11 minutes.

LAFAYETTE MAY LOSE TEAM.

Entire Football Squad Eligible for War Service.

EASTON, Penn., Nov. 24.—In looking forward to the next football season, prospects at Lafayette are none too this year's team among those who will resy. There may not be a member of be candidates next year. Six of the players are above the age of 21 years, and not being married or having any dependents will be among the first called in the selective draft according to the new classification. The other members of the team will all be included if the age of registration is lowered to 19 years.

Weldon, Scott, and Lake would have formed the nucleus of Lafayette's team of 1917. In order to give their activities the greatest efficacy in the backfield there was a splendid line of veterans before them. The whole thing was swept away, and all that remained for Coach Berryman when he, as a newcomer, arrived on March Field was one letter man Brandes, who was drafted during the first week of college, and Henry Lehr, who played in a few of the games of last year.

Coach and Pillars of West Point Eleven, Which Closed Season With Victory Over Boston College

Monroe, Half Back

Coach Keyes

Knight, Tackle.

Captain Oliphant, Full Back.

Shrader, End.

Hahn, Half Back

COLUMBIA ELEVEN BEATEN BY N. Y. U.

Blue and White Winds Up a Season of Bungling by Throwing Opportunities Away.

VIOLET LINE TIGHTENS UP

Morningside Heights Men Find Opposing Forwards Invulnerable After First Half—Score, 9 to 7.

Columbia closed its season of football disasters yesterday when the Blue and White was forced to bow in defeat before the New York University eleven in a battle on South Field by a score of 9 to 7. As far as the Morningside men are concerned, the game simply represents golden opportunities trodden under foot with a wantonness that could have brought no other ending to the fray. The old fault of fumbling, which has caused anguish to the Columbia coaches in the past, was again injected into the contest, and the Blue and White skidded along to disaster.

At the outset the situation looked promising for the Morningside collegians. The Violet line opposing did not appear to be so perfectly welded that it could stand the assault of the Blue and White backs, and for the first half of the game Columbia was the aggressor. The pounding by Columbia of the rival defense, however, served to cement it more firmly rather than to disrupt it, as might have been expected, and Columbia found herself within striking distance of a score there was an unmovable barrier raised by the Violet.

The first score of the game, a touchdown by Gardiner of New York University in the second quarter, was really an achievement to which Columbia contributed as largely as did N. Y. U. The score was accomplished in just two plays and the Violet athletes took the ball the length of the field.

Two minutes before the touchdown was made Columbia had been hammering away at the Violet defense in an effort to break through for a score, which it seemed must go to the Blue and White. The Violet line, however held, took the ball on downs and then Egan endeavored to kick out of danger but only succeeded in sending a miserable effort to his own twenty-five-yard line.

Columbia gathered for another assault, but fumbled on the first play. Out of the scramble appeared Gardiner of N. Y. U. with the ball clutched tightly in his arms, and he scampered down the field, hotly pursued by Rosen of Columbia. The latter gained at every stride, but it was not until the goal line was reached that he could make the tackle, and both men slid over the line. Egan failed to kick the goal.

It was near the close of the third quarter that Columbia scored, and in a measure Shaw made up for the shortcoming of his earlier fumble, which permitted the N. Y. U. to record a touchdown. The Columbia full back intercepted a forward pass and raced fifty-five yards for the touchdown. Cochran kicked the goal. This gave Columbia a margin of one point and there was wild rejoicing in the Columbia stand but it was shortlived. New York University was showing prowess which the earlier play had not evidenced and in the final quarter Columbia was in grave danger at all times. Big holes were torn in the line and the ends were turned by the fleet-footed Egan without serious opposition.

Egan played a remarkable game as an aggressive back; in fact, he was the only one whom New York University could rely upon to gain ground consistently, but as a punter he was a miserable failure. Yet out of his failure as a kicker came directly the opportunity for the field goal which gave victory to the Violet. N. Y. U., near the middle of the last quarter, began an assault that shattered the Columbia defense to bits.

From midfield the ball went steadily forward until it was within Columbia's twenty-yard line. Here the Blue and White held and Egan, not convinced yet that his kicking apparatus was working poorly, tried a drop kick. It was prettily blocked, and the leather danced tantalizingly in front of a Columbia man, only to scape and be captured by N. Y. U. This gave the Violet first down with practically no loss of distance, and Columbia had to brace for another attack.

Again N. Y. U. was held, and Egan dropped back for another try at a field goal. This time he was even nearer the rival goal posts. He stood on the twenty-yard line, to receive the pass. The centre was evidently nervous—for the ball dug its nose into the ground as it came toward Egan, and it seemed as if he could not recover his position in time to get the leather away before the Columbia linemen should storm through upon him. However, where Egan had made a miserable failure on a good pass, he now achieved success with a bad one, for he scooped up the ball and booted high over the cross bar for the points that humbled Columbia.

The chief fault with the Columbia eleven, aside from its fumbles, was lack of discrimination in judgment when the team was in possession of scoring opportunities. The situation in the second quarter just before Gardiner made his touchdown was simply an example of others throughout the contest. Columbia had the ball close to the N. Y. U. goal, only to be led into a repeated line attack when it was easy to see that it was pitted against a spirited and strengthening Violet defense. With five yards to go for a touchdown and fourth down, Columbia, directly in front of the goal posts, could easily have called Cochran into service as a drop kicker and would have been reasonably sure of his sending the ball true from the eighteen or twenty yard line. Rushing was elected, however, and N. Y. U. rolled back the attack and took the ball on downs, whereupon followed the two plays which gave the Violet its touchdown.

Columbia appeared to be lacking in judgment, too, in the kicking department. It seemed evident from the outset of the game that Houlahan was far the superior punter in this particular, yet Columbia failed to take advantage of the consistent gaining which would have been possible by a kicking duel.

With New York University leading, Columbia loosed her aerial game in the final moments of the fourth quarter in an effort to get a lucky break which would permit of a touchdown, but the air attack was lacking in the vital feature of finding a player who could complete the plays by receiving the pass. Recollection of the battle fails to visualize a single forward pass that was successfully executed by the Columbia men. On the other hand, N. Y. U. made efficient use of the overhead game at various moments of the contest. Several big gains were made by passes that shot from Egan to Gardiner.

The lineup:

N. Y. U., (9.)	Position.	Columbia, (7.)
Finley	L. E.	Kennedy
Fernandez	L. T.	Farrell
Goff	L. G.	Kindelberger
Brin	C.	Galvin
Goldberg	R. G.	Rosen
Oblinger	R. T.	Campbell
Gardiner	R. E.	Cochran
Egan	Q. B.	Weinstein
Buckley	L. H. B.	Houlahan
Christopher	R. H. B.	Canapary
Ebenfield	F. B.	Shaw

SCORE BY PERIODS.

N. Y. U.	0	6	0	3	—9
Columbia	0	0	7	0	—7

Touchdowns—Gardiner, Shaw. Goal from touchdown—Cochran. Goal from the field—Egan. Substitutions: Columbia—Memmot for Canapary; Farer for Gambell. Referee—A. M. Farrier, Dartmouth. Umpire—D. L. Fultz, Brown. Linesman—J. C. Hennessy, Brown. Field judge—J. A. Hatch, Williams. Time of quarters—15 minutes.

Penn State Seeks Pitt's Scalp.

STATE COLLEGE, Penn., Nov. 24.—Pennsylvania State's football eleven is in fine fettle for its annual Thanksgiving Day struggle with the University of Pittsburgh on Forbes Field. Above all other contests, the Blue and White wants to defeat Glenn Warner's three-time champions. Then the 1917 season will have been a success for State.

Golfers Avenge Illini Defeat.

URBANA, Ill., Nov. 24.—Minnesota avenged last year's defeat by winning from Illinois today 2? to 6. Minnesota used straight football. Illinois's lone tally was the result of a fluke kick.

MINOT'S LONG DASH BEATS CAMP UPTON

Former Harvard Player Brings Victory to Soldiers of Camp Devens, 7 to 0.

TEAMS EVENLY MATCHED

Lone Touchdown and Consequent Goal Only Scoring Done as Service Elevens Clash.

Starting from his own forty-yard line on a fake kick formation, Lieutenant Minot of Camp Devens, full back on the Harvard 'Varsity two years ago, dodged his way past the forwards of Camp Upton, shook off two ambitious tacklers of the secondary defense and dashed past the last guardian of the Camp Upton goal for the only touchdown of the game between the Ayer soldiers and the Yaphank soldiers played at the Polo Grounds yesterday. This triumphant dash by Minot was the one spectacular incident in a bitterly-fought battle, which was waged on surprisingly even terms and found neither team capable of any concentrated attack and both strong on the defense.

The raw day kept the crowd down to less than 5,000, but those present had a chance to see some of the football stars of the college world of a year ago and also were treated to a drill by selected squads from the 307th Infantry of Camp Upton. The military feature of the day brought forth greater commendation from the spectators than the football treat. Marching to the music of the 307th band and led by Lieutenant Bacon of the Headquarters Company, Lieutenant McDermott of K Company, and Lieutenant Cichy of G Company, the men of the national army selected from New York astonished the visiting officers by the precision of their drill.

Their every evolution was received by applause and there was nothing left undone. Some of the officers present remarked that it reminded them of a year ago yesterday, when at the Polo Grounds the Cadets from West Point and the Midshipmen from Annapolis drilled on the field before the Army and Navy gave battle across the gridiron.

Devens Uses Harvard Attack.

The football game was the main issue of the day, however, and the drill had to take a secondary place. The Camp Devens team, coached by Percy D. Haughton of Harvard fame and containing seven former Harvard stars in its lineup, presented a Harvard attack almost entirely, but hardly with the results often obtained by Harvard teams. With Minot, Thatcher, and Robinson in the backfield, all of whom formerly played under Haughton, and Coolidge and Whitney, two Harvard ends, playing in those positions for Camp Devens, the interference for the runners was Crimson in its makeup. Camp Devens masked each of its plays well, drove fiercely on the attack, and gained ground consistently, but it had no reserve power when within striking distance of the Camp Upton goal line.

The Yaphank team had a wonderfully strong and clever line and one backfield man who easily stood out as the star of the game, but the team lacked an offensive and was unable to advance the ball. Blair, a former Maryland University player, was the leading light of Camp Upton. He did the punting for his team and kicked so consistently around fifty yards that the visitors from Ayer continually were forced on to the defensive. Blair also carried the ball with the only really powerful attack exhibited by the Yaphank eleven.

Frank Glick, formerly of Princeton and now civilian aid to General Bell, who taught the Camp Upton team its football, got into the game in the second quarter after Lieutenant Paul Roth, a former Cornell player, had been kicked in the head while attempting to stop Minot on his sixty-yard dash for the touchdown which decided the issue. Roth was knocked out completely, and needed medical attention. He was taken to Seney Hospital in Brooklyn suffering from lacerations of the right eye and a possible fracture of the skull. Roth had been playing quarter back and Glick took his place. Glick was expected to open up an attack, and attempted to do so with short forward passes, but the old Haughton defense for this play, as exemplified by Thatcher and Minot, cost the Upton team dearly, as invariably either Thatcher or Minot intercepted the pass and took away the ball.

Blagdon Forgets His Years.

Hayes, formerly of Colgate, at end for Camp Upton, and Crawford Blagdon, who made football history at Harvard in 1901, were the outstanding forwards of the local team. Blagdon, despite his gray hair and his years spilled more Camp Devens plays than any other man on the field. Blagdon proved conclusively that he has not forgotten the kind of football which brought the Harvard Varsity of 1901 supreme recognition.

The game was mostly a punting duel with Blair having much the better of the argument with Minot and Palmer a former Massachusetts Aggie full back. Blair forced the visitors to punt from their own territory on almost every exchange. The visitors realized early that there was no chance for a smashing attack, so the only plays tried were criss-crosses, lateral passes and double passes and runs from kick formation. And usually only one off play was tried before a punt was called for.

The first quarter found little to choose between the two teams. Blair kicked off for Upton to Palmer, who was down on his own twenty-five-yard line. Minot then circled the end from a kick formation for fifteen yards and then punted on the next play. Blair immediately returned a punt, and Devens brought off a criss-cross. Robinson to Minot, which was good for fifteen more yards. Thatcher fumbled at this point just when it seemed the visitors were about to develop an attack and Upton recovered. Upton tried to advance the ball, but when Grieb failed to gain and a forward pass grounded, Blair was called upon to kick again. The period ended with Upton in possession of the ball on its own twenty-yard line.

Blair punted on the first play of the second period, and Robinson was downed on his own forty-yard line. On the next play Minot took the ball from a kick formation and made his sixty-yard run which resulted in the touchdown. Palmer kicked the goal. On the kickoff Minot was injured and retired for the rest of the period. With Minot off the field the attack of the visitors was as weak as that of Upton, and for the rest of the half there was nothing of moment.

It was not until the last period that Upton could make any advance, and Devens was unable to do anything at all for the rest of the game. In the last period rushes by Blair, Glick and Colbath, formerly of Bowdoin, brought a first down. Then, in an exchange of punts, Coolidge overran a kick and Devens was penalized fifteen yards. On the next play Thatcher interfered with the catching of a forward pass and Upton had the ball on Devens's fifteen-yard line. Soldiers of Upton were calling for a touchdown, but Glick called for a forward pass, and it was intercepted. Devens immediately booted the ball out of danger, and Upton lost its last chance to at least tie the score.

The lineup:

Camp Devens.	Position.	Camp Upton.
Coolidge	L. E.	Hayes
Day	L. T.	Blagdon
Barton	L. G.	Cleveland
Wiggins	C.	Rosco
Weston	R. G.	Shambelan
Lyons	R. T.	Hirschman
Whitney	R. E.	Darin
Robinson	Q. B.	Roth
Minot	L. H. B.	Blair
Thatcher	R. H. B.	Grieb
Palmer	F. B.	Colbath

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Camp Devens	0	7	0	0	—7
Camp Upton	0	0	0	0	—0

Touchdown—Minot. Goal from touchdown—Palmer.

Substitutions—Camp Devens: Swarthart for Minot, Minot for Swarthart. Camp Upton: Glick for Roth, Sheridan for Cleveland, Wooding for Darin, Pope for Colbath.

Referee—William Langford, Trinity. Umpire—Mr. Butterfield, Yale. Linesman—Lieutenant Madden, Camp Devens and Amherst. Time of periods—Ten minutes.

Wisconsin Beats Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—Wisconsin defeated Chicago 18 to 0 here today. The Maroons were outclassed and had only one chance to score. Wisconsin put over two touchdowns and Simpson kicked a field goal.

ARMY HAS BATTLE TO DEFEAT BOSTON

Brickley's Team Yields Only to the Great Work of Oliphant and Vandegraff.

PUNTING CHECKS CADETS

Fitzpatrick's Kicks Prevent Early Damage, but Thoughtlessness of Coach Costs Game, 13 to 7.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 24.—The Army wound up its football season this afternoon with a victory over Charley Brickley's Boston College eleven 13 to 7. The Hub collegians had a well drilled eleven, with plenty of fight and a defense which the soldiers found stiffer than any they have encountered since the Notre Dame game.

Brickley exhibited a punter in Fitzpatrick, a left foot kicker, whose equal has not been seen on the Army's gridiron in many years. His long, high spirals, beautifully timed, set the Army back on nearly every occasion, and were largely responsible for several advantageous positions in which the collegians found themselves.

The teams fought an even contest for the first two periods, neither side being able to penetrate the other's defense for any long gains. Brickley's men once found themselves on the Army's twenty-five-yard line, this in the first quarter, a forward pass, Fitzpatrick to Urban, putting the ball on this mark. Although the collegians bucked centre and end tackle repeatedly they failed to make the Army's line yield and Fitzpatrick essayed a field goal. Big Knight, the Army's tackle, blocked the kick. It was the nearest to a score during the first half of the game.

"Bull" Vandegraff, former Alabama University star, who has been idle since the Army's first game of the season, got into the fray in the third period and made his presence felt. He dashed once for a fifty-yard run and took up the burden of the kicking game. Vandegraff opened holes through his opponents, the fleet Army backs sifting through for long gains.

A dash by Oliphant of forty-five yards early in the third period paved the way to the Cadets' first touchdown. Fitzpatrick's try for field goal from the forty-yard mark fell short of the posts and Oliphant, catching the ball on his five-yard line, ran to midfield. A forward pass, Murrill to Bartlett, put the oval on the twenty-yard line, and Wicks, Walker, and Oliphant went the remaining distance to the goal line. Oliphant going over and kicking the goal.

When Urban blocked one of Vandegraff's punts a moment later, Fitzpatrick picked up the ball and ran twenty-five yards for a score. He also kicked the goal. Charley Brickley, himself, sent the collegians the game a moment before the end of the final period. He walked onto the gridiron to remonstrate with the officials over a decision. The collegians were promptly penalized fifteen yards, which put the ball on their two-yard line. Oliphant took it over for the score.

The lineup:

Army, (13.)	Position.	Boston Col., (7.)
Bartlett	L. E.	Merrigan
Smith	L. T.	Sheehan
Adams	L. G.	Swanson
Stokes	C.	Shea
Lucas	R. G.	Morrison
Knight	R. T.	Hagerman
Mitchell	R. E.	Urban
Murrill	Q. B.	Carrigan
Wicks	L. H. B.	Fitzpatrick
Walker	R. H. B.	Fitzpatrick
Oliphant	F. B.	Scanlon

Score by periods:

Army	0	0	7	6	—13
Boston College	0	0	7	0	—7

Army scoring—Touchdowns, Oliphant, 2; goal from touchdown, Oliphant. Boston College scoring—Touchdown, Fitzpatrick; goal from touchdown, Fitzpatrick.

Substitutions—Army—Marsh for Bartlett, Vandegraff for Smith, Yeager for Lucas, Shrader for Mitchell, Hahn for Wicks. Boston College—Collins for Swanson, Nyland for Shea, Fitzgerald for Corrigan, Hannon for Scanlon.

Referee—Mr. Andrews, Yale. Umpire—Mr. Donnelly, Trinity. Linesman—Mr. Kilpatrick, Princeton. Time of quarters—Two of 12 minutes each and two of 15 minutes each.

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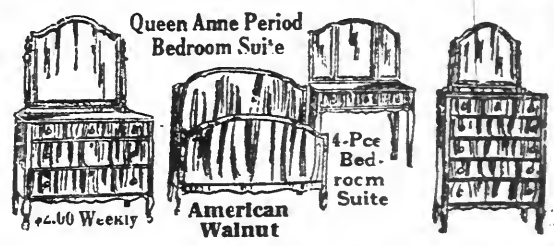

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ADDITIONAL NEWS OF SPORTS ON PAGE 22, NEWS SECTION.

TIGER CUBS SMITE YALE YOUNGSTERS

Rejuvenated Princeton Eleven Batters Its Way to Victory by the Score of 9 to 7.

HARVEY MAKES LONG RUN

Races Fifty-five Yards for a Touchdown—Goal from Placement is Made by Keck.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 24.—The Princeton freshman football eleven, by a most spectacular and unexpected comeback, defeated Yale 1921 before 3,000 people in the Yale Bowl this afternoon by a score of 9 to 7. When the Tiger cubs were subdued, 24 to 0, by the Harvard freshmen three weeks ago the football critics set them down as second-raters. A week ago the Yale freshmen went to Cambridge and humbled Harvard 1921, 14 to 0, and today's gathering looked upon the Tiger cubs as easy meat for the Yale bulldog.

Before the game began the Yale freshies were offering six to one on their team. Throughout the game the visiting freshmen forced the play and five times approached so close to the Yale goal that a score was imminent. Twice their endeavors succeeded, once in the second period, when Harvey ran half the length of the field for a touchdown, and again in the fourth period, when Keck booted a placement goal from the forty-three-yard line.

Harvey Achieves Fame.

Harvey's run was spectacular. He snatched the ball from the ground after it had been put into play with a poor pass from Captain Acosta, the Yale centre. The ball slid off the fingers of Half Back French and Harvey snatched it up. He was tackled by Quarter Back Neville, but arose and shaking himself free, dashed into the open. The Yale pursuit was slow in getting under way, and Harvey leaped ahead of Lay and Dines, the Yale backfield players who trailed him until the goal line was reached.

Late in the first half, Princeton made her first threatening attack. Receiving the ball on a fumble at the Eli 25-yard line, Raymond and Opie smashed the Yale rush line for ten yards. Then the Tiger attack failed, and Keck tried a goal from placement on fourth down, which went outside the uprights.

Early in the first period Yale was momentarily dangerous, a forward pass, heaved by Lay to Dines, netting 30 yards and carrying the Elis to the Tiger 15-yard line. Opie intercepted the next forward pass, and Davis, the Princeton punter, booted the ball out of danger.

Yale Threatens to Score.

Late in the second period French of Yale attempted a drop kick from the 43-yard line, which fell far short. Yale wheeled its attack into position at the beginning of the third period for the only consistent ground gaining by the home players during the contest. Jim Neville recovered a fumble on the Princeton 25-yard line, and went through centre for 10 yards on the next play. French and Lay alternated in assaults at tackle till the Tiger 6-yard mark was reached, when Lay went through for Yale's only touchdown. French's goal placed Yale in the lead, 7 to 6, but the scene shifted in the fourth period, when a dashing run back of 30 yards by Raymond brought the fight again into Yale territory. Unable to gain, Princeton was forced to resort to a field goal, but Keck's placement trial was blocked. Brewster fell on the ball, and the campaign was still on Yale's territory.

Raymond ripped the Yale line open for a twenty-yard gain, and rushes by Opie and Penny swept the ball to the Yale five-yard line. Here a penalty for roughness set the Tigers back twenty yards. Welsh was called into the game for a drop kick, but his attempt went outside the goal posts. Punting against the wind, French of Yale lifted the ball barely to midfield, and shortly afterward came Keck's goal from placement, which sailed jauntily over the crossbar and won the game for the Princeton invaders.

The lineup:

Princeton, (9.)	Position.	Yale, (7.)
Harvey	L. E.	Scully
Keck	L. T.	Walker
Skinner	L. G.	Welsh
Scuresman	C.	Acosta, (C.)
McCaull, (C.)	R. G.	Trippe
Lynch	R. T.	Munger
Davis	R. E.	Dilworth
Brewster	Q. B.	Neville
Opie	L. H. B.	French
Penny	R. H. B.	Lay
Raymond	F. B.	Dines

Score by periods:

Princeton	0	6	0	3	—9
Yale	0	0	7	0	—7

Touchdowns—Lay, Harvey. Goal from touchdown—French. Goal from field—Keck. Substitutions — Princeton: Hopkins for Brewster, Jacobs for Hopkins, Hopkins for Jacobs, Welsh for Penny, Herzog for Welsh. Yale: Shevlin for Scully, Dickens for Munger. Referee—Percy R. Carpenter, Harvard. Umpire—G. N. Bankart, Dartmouth. Field Judge—Victor A. Schwartz. Head linesman—Joseph B. Pendleton, Bowdoin. Periods—15 minutes each.

DROP KICK BEATS W. AND J.

Brandy Sends Ball Over Bar That Wins for Notre Dame.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Penn., Nov. 24.—Neither Washington and Jefferson nor Notre Dame played smart football in their first gridiron meeting here this afternoon, but the Westerners displayed a little more initiative and took advantage of the breaks, registering a victory by 3 to 0. Half Back Brandy, who was the star of the Notre Dame-Army game, booted his team to the long end of the score when he registered a placement goal in the third period from the 34-yard line.

Both teams showed a dogged defense and a poor running attack. Contrary to expectations, Notre Dame failed miserably at its forward passes, not completing a single one. W. and J., on the other hand, had the visitors frantic in the third period with a veritable flock of forward flings which gave two successive first downs and carried the ball into Notre Dame territory.

In the third period Bahan of Notre Dame carried the ball almost single-handed for three first downs, to the W. and J. 15-yard line, but here the Notre Dame attack melted before the local defense. Acting Captain Rydzewski of Notre Dame was put out for roughing in the second period and his team penalized half the distance to the goal.

The lineup:

Notre Dame, (3.)	Position.	W. & J., (0.)
Hayes	L. E.	Carroll
Andrews	L. T.	Henry
Zoia	L. G.	Wimberly
Rydzewski	C.	Guy
Madigan	R. G.	Straw
Philbin	R. T.	Garbisch
King	R. E.	Stein
Bahan	Q. B.	Stobbs
Pearson	L. H. B.	Tressel
Brandy	R. H. B.	Ruble
Miller	F. B.	McCreight

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Notre Dame	0	0	3	0	—3
Washington and Jefferson	0	0	0	0	—0

Goal from placement, Brandy. Officials—Referee, Mr. Crolius, Dartmouth. Umpire, Mr. Hammond, Michigan. Linesman, Mr. Durfee, Williams. Time of periods—12 minutes each.

Tigers Beat Yale at Soccer.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 24.—The Princeton soccer team defeated Yale here today by a score of 3 to 2. The match was close and hard fought all the way.

ADDITIONAL NEWS OF SPORTS ON PAGE 22, MAIN NEWS SECTION.

FOOTBALL RESULTS.

East and South.

At West Point—Army, 13; Boston College, 7.

At South Field—New York University, 9; Columbia, 7.

At Fordham Field—Fordham, 28; Pelham Bay Nacal Reserves, 0.

At Ebbets Field—Rutgers, 14; Newport Naval Reserves, 0.

At Boston—Brown, 13; Dartmouth, 0.

At Philadelphia—Pennsylvania, 26; Carlisle, 0.

At Washington—Notre Dame, 3; Washington and Jefferson, 0.

At New Haven—Princeton freshmen, 9; Yale freshmen, 7.

At Ithaca—Pennsylvania freshmen, 6; Cornell freshmen, 0.

At South Bethlehem—Lehigh, 78; Lafayette, 0.

At Baltimore—St. John's, 6; Johns Hopkins, 0.

At Montgomery, Ala.—Ohio State, 0; Auburn, 0.

At Swarthmore—Swarthmore, 57; Haverford, 7.

At Meadville—Allegheny, 33; Akron, 0.

At Clarksburg, W. Va.—West Virginia Wesleyan, 27; University of West Virginia, 0.

At Lexington—Centre, 28; Transylvania, 0.

At Worcester—Worcester Tech. 18; Camp Devens Ammunition Train, 0.

At Polo Grounds—Camp Devens, 7; Camp Upton, 0.

At Berkeley, Mass.—Boston Navy Yard, 34; All-Collegians, 0.

At Reading—Allentown Ambulance Company, 20; Camp Meade Officers, 14.

At Washington—Marines, 29; Camp Lee Infantry, 0.

Georgetown-Susquehanna game at Washington, D. C., cancelled.

Dickinson-Bucknell game at Carlisle, postponed until Nov. 29.

WEST.

At Chicago—Wisconsin, 18; Chicago, 0.

At Bloomingdale, Ind.—Indiana, 37; Purdue, 0.

At East Lansing—Syracuse, 21; Michigan Aggies, 7.

At Evanston, Ill.—Northwestern, 21; Michigan, 12.

At Urbana—Minnesota, 27; Illinois, 6.

At Iowa City—Iowa, 6; Ames, 3.

At Marietta, Ohio—Bethany, 7; Marietta, 0.

At Granville, Ohio—Denison, 47; Wittenberg, 0.

At Wooster, Ohio—Wooster, 20; Otterbein, 0.

At Tiffin, Ohio—Heidelberg, 14; Miskingum, 0.

At Berea, Ohio—Baldwin-Wallace, 14; Hiram, 7.

SCHOOL GAMES.

At Olympic Field—East Orange H. S., 13; H. S. of Commerce, 12.

At Adelphi Field, Brooklyn—Boys' H. S., 74; Adelphi, 0.

At Old Poly Field, Brooklyn—St. John's Prep., 7; Marquand School, 6.

At Montclair, N. J.—Montclair Academy, 41; Kingsley School, 0.

At Flushing, L. I.—Alumni, 14; Flushing H. S., 4.

SYRACUSE VICTOR IN WEST.

Michigan Aggies Defeated in Football Battle, 21 to 7.

Special to The New York Times.

LANSING, Mich., Nov. 24.—The Michigan Aggies today completed a season of unbroken defeats when they dropped the final game of the year to the University of Syracuse 21 to 7. The Aggies' defense crumpled before the battering-ram tactics of Meehan, Steele, and Brown. By unloosing a bewildering series of passes in the third period the Easterners scored an easy victory.

Until Steele shook off several tacklers and ran sixty yards for a touchdown in the last part of the first period the two teams appeared evenly matched. Most of the early playing was in mid-field, neither team seeming to have an advantage.

A series of plays from kick formation enabled the Aggies to put the ball within shooting distance of the Syracuse goal in the second quarter, and on a place-kick formation Archer forward-passed to Ramsey, who went over for a touchdown.

Swartzer put Syracuse in the lead in the third period when he recovered a fumble and raced seventy yards for a touchdown. Forward passes put the ball on the Aggies' twenty-yard line and M. Brown skirted the end for the third touchdown. Meehan missed a drop kick from the Aggies' forty-yard line by a few inches.

The lineup:

Syracuse, (21.)	Position.	Mich. Aggies, (7.)
A. Brown	L. E.	Ramsey
Cobb	L. T.	Coryell
Alexander	L. G.	Miller
Robertson	C.	Archer
Thompson	R. G.	Bailey
Segal	R. T.	Loeffler
Swartzer	R. E.	Thompson
Meehan	Q. B.	Kellogg
Steele	L. H.	Snider
M. Brown	F. B.	Basset
Saseen	R. H.	Hammes

Touchdowns—Steele, Swartzer, M. Brown, Ramsey. Goals from touchdown—Meehan, (3.) Hammes. Substitutions—Marsha for Saseen, Turner for Snider, McCool for Bailey. Referee—Mr. Haines, Yale. Umpire—Mr. Lambert, Virginia. Linesman—Mr. Van Riper, Wisconsin. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

WEST VIRGINIA IS BUMPED.

Mountaineers Tumbled by Wesleyan Eleven to Tune of 20 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va., Nov. 24.—West Virginia got the biggest surprise of her season here today when she was beaten by West Virginia Wesleyan by the score of 20 to 0. West Virginia was overconfident, and was reckoned as an easy winner by at least three touchdowns before the game. Her hard game with Washington and Jefferson last Saturday, however, evidently was too much for her, and the team played listlessly, and with no fight.

Wesleyan, on the other hand, presented a well-drilled team that used the old-fashioned crisscross time after time with deadly effect. This old play figured conspicuously in every touchdown. Fisher, for Wesleyan, was the star of the combat. The game was played on a field covered with two inches of snow.

The lineup:

Wesleyan, (20.)	Position.	West Va., (0.)
Fisher	R. E.	Hager
Martz	R. T.	Harrick
Gill	R. G.	McCue
C. McCally	C.	Bailey
Tschappat	L. G.	Meredith
Fiscula	L. T.	Ice
Calac	L. E.	Mills
Snedeger	Q. B.	Lewis
Beck	R. H. B.	King
Hymes	L. H. B.	Lentz
Killebrew	F. B.	Rodgers

Touchdown—Calac, Fisher, Hymes. Goal from touchdown—Fisher. Substitution: Wesleyan—Morris for Beck.

Referee—Mr. Tufts of Brown. Umpire—Mr. Morice of Pennsylvania. Linesman—Mr. Coughlin of Clarksburg High.

FORDHAM TRIUMPHS OVER NAVAL TEAM

Galligan Smashes Way Through Pelham Bay Reserves to 28 to 0 Victory.

MAROON ATTACK IS STRONG

Tars Unable to Check Early Advance of Winning Team—All Scores Made in First Half.

In a game marred by frequent fumbles, Fordham defeated the Naval Reserve team from the Pelham Bay Park training station on Fordham Field yesterday afternoon by a score of 28 to 0. The Bronxmen did all their scoring in the first two periods, and although they made good gains in the second half they lacked the punch or the steadiness to score. The visitors surprised Fordham and put up a much better fight than the score indicates.

One of the navy backs fumbled the opening kick-off and aided by Erwig's fine rushes, Fordham carried the ball to the one-yard line, where the visitors took the ball on downs. The Maroon machine, however, swung into action again, and a forward pass from Brennan to Dumoe put Fordham within scoring distance. On three plays Colletti plunged through for the first touchdown, and Dumoe kicked the goal.

In the same period Matty Golden recovered a Pelham fumble on the visitors' 20-yard line. Three drives at the front netted a first down, and then Golligan, who substituted for Erwig made a touchdown on a pretty end run, and Dumoe kicked the goal.

Shortly after the opening of the second quarter the tars again had some hard luck in the shape of another fumble, and Fordham recovered on the 30-yard line. Galligan and Brennan picked up twenty yards, and then Galligan tallied again from the 5-yard line.

The final touchdown came toward the end of the second period when the Fordham team marched down the field with a series of brilliant end runs. Dumoe kicked a rather difficult goal against a strong wind.

Both teams had opportunities to score in the third and fourth quarters. The Bronx men fumbled twice when scores were imminent and a penalty killed the hopes of the Naval Reserves. Collette intercepted a pass and ran seventy-five yards, but Fordham failed to tally.

In the fourth period the sailors surprised Fordham by uncorking a twenty-yard pass at midfield on the fourth down. Another pass was successfully worked and O'Boyle plunged through to the five-yard line. An offside penalty proved too much of a handicap and Fordham took the ball on downs.

The lineup:

Fordham, (28.)	Position.	U. S. Nav. R., (0.)
Fitzpatrick	L. E.	Johnston
Christiansen	L. T.	Griffen
Kendricks	L. G.	Cox
Golden	C.	Todorelli
McGrath	R. G.	Jacquea
Gulick	R. T.	Dickenson
Dumoe	R. E.	Sims
Crovat	Q. B.	Miller
Coletti	L. H. B.	Peacock
Erwig	R. H. B.	Donnelly
Brennan	F. B.	O'Boyle

Touchdowns—Galligan, 3, Colleth. Goals from touchdowns—Dumoe, 4. Referee—Ed Thorp, La Salle. Umpire—Mr. Scheerer, Dickinson. Linesman—Mr. Kelly. Time of periods—10 minutes. Substitutions: Fordham—Galligan for Erwig, Crowley for Golden, Abbott for Christiansen, O'Connor for Dumoe, Ryan for Abbott, Gilmartin for Colletti. Naval Reserves—Clark for Griffen.

INDIANS THREATEN PENN.

Carlisle Attack Strong, but Quaker Defense Stronger.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.—The University of Pennsylvania defeated the Carlisle Indians this afternoon by 26 to 0. Folwell's men had to work like trojans to keep the fleet redskins from crossing their goal line. Repeatedly the Indians threatened to score, once working the ball to Penn's three-yard line and again to the five-yard line, and barely missing two goals from placement.

Howard Berry was the individual star. He scored two touchdowns, kicked a field goal, and scored a goal from touchdown before his retirement in the first half. In the last half Light carried the ball over after a series of line plunges. The other Penn points were made by Quigley with a goal from placement.

The game was replete with spurts of brilliant work by the Indians when it was little expected. This alone made the game interesting as the heavier Penn line withstood the Indian attack whenever they tried line plunging.

The lineup:

Penn, (26.)	Position.	Carlisle, (0.)
Van Ginkle	L. E.	Nori
Maynard	L. T.	Togguchi
Cleary	L. G.	Godfrey
Wray	C.	Jones
Dieter	R. G.	L. Godfrey
Haltimer	R. T.	Flinchem
Miller	R. E.	Valandra
Bell	Q. B.	Miles
Straus	L. H. B.	Tidbitts
Light	R. H. B.	Herman
Berry	F. B.	Leroy

Score by periods:

Penn	10	6	10	0	—26
Carlisle	0	0	0	0	—0

Touchdowns—Berry, (2,) Light. Goals after touchdown—Berry, Quigley. Goals from field—Berry, Quigley. Substitutions — Penn: O'Gorman for Haltimer, Quigley for Berry, Rosenau for Bell, Haltimer for Maynard, Jerauld for Cleary, Cook for Dieter, Walsh for Light, Kammerer for Wray, Cresswell for Van Ginkle. Carlisle: Lassa for Togguchi, Vigil for Jones. Referee—A. C. Whiting, Cornell. Umpire—Mr. Woodcock. Linesman—Mr. McAvoy, Lafayette.

DATES FOR WESLEYAN FIVE.

Dartmouth, Williams, and Amherst on Basket Ball Schedule.

MIDDLETON, Conn., Nov. 22.—The schedule of the Wesleyan basket ball team is as follows:

Dec. 15, Connecticut Agricultural College at Middletown; 19, Connecticut Agricultural College at Storrs. Jan. 12, New Hampshire State at Middletown; 17, Colgate at Middletown; 19, Amherst at Middletown. Feb. 8, Stevens at Hoboken; 14, Dartmouth at Middletown; 15, R. P. I. at Troy; 16, Union at Schenectady; 22, Williams at Middletown; 23, Amherst at Amherst. March 2, Williams at Williamstown; 9, Union at Middletown.

FOOTBALL RECORDS.

ARMY.	
23—Carnegie Tech.	0
34—Virginia M. I.	0
26—Tufts	3
21—Villanova	7
2—Notre Dame	7
28—Carlisle	0
50—Lebanon Valley	0
13—Boston College	7
202	24

NAVY.	
27—Davidson Coll.	0
0—West Virginia	7
62—Maryland State	0
61—Carlisle	0
89—Haverford	0
95—Western Res.	0
28—Georgetown	7
80—Villanova	3
442	17

PENNSYLVANIA.	
73—Albright	0
0—Georgia Tech.	41
10—Swarthmore	0
20—Bucknell	6
6—Pittsburgh	14
27—Lafayette	0
23—Penn Mil. Coll.	0
7—Dartmouth	0
16—Michigan	0
26—Carlisle	0
208	61

PITTSBURGH.	
14—West Va. Univ.	9
40—Bethany	0
41—Lehigh	0
28—Syracuse	0
14—Pennsylvania	6
25—Westminster	0
13—W. and J.	10
27—Carnegie Tech.	0
202	25

FORDHAM.	
35—Ft. Wadsw'th.	0
10—Ambulance C.	7
60—Norwich	0
12—Holy Cross	0
0—Rutgers	28
9—Georgetown	12
27—Cornell	6
28—Pelham Bay Naval Reserves	0
190	53

COLUMBIA.	
24—B'klyn Nav. R.	0
21—Union	0
0—Williams	9
6—Amherst	14
70—Hobart	0
0—Wesleyan	6
7—N. Y. U.	9
134	38

N. Y. UNIV.	
3—Rensselaer	6
6—Wesleyan	7
0—Union	0
0—Trinity	0
9—R. I. State	6
6—Stevens	6
9—Columbia	7
33	32

RUTGERS.	
25—Ursinus	0
90—Ft. Wadsworth	0
10—Syracuse	14
33—Lafayette	7
28—Fordham	0
7—West Virginia	7
61—Springf'ld T. S.	0
27—League Isl. M.	0
14—Newp't Nav. R.	0
295	28

BROWN.	
27 Rhode Island	0
20—Johns Hopkins	0
27—Worcester	6
7—Boston Col.	2
7—Colgate	6
0—Syracuse	6
0—Naval Reserves	35
19—Colby	7
13—Dartmouth	0
120	63

COLGATE.	
24—Bucknell	0
20—Cornell	0
6—Brown	7
21—Holy Cross	0
40—St. Bonavent'a	7
7—Syracuse	27
118	41

PENN STATE.	
10—Ambulance C.	0
80—Gettysburg	0
99—St. Bonaventure	0
0—Wash. and Jeff.	7
8—West Va. Wes.	7
7—Dartmouth	10
0—Lehigh	0
57—Maryland State	0
261	33

LEHIGH.	
7—7th U. S. Inf.. Gettysburg	0
6—Ursinus	7
0—Pittsburgh	41
6—Georgetown	14
33—Lebanon Valley	7
47—Muhlenberg	0
9—Penn State	0
34—Penn. Mil. Coll.	6
78—Lafayette	0
220	75

WASH. AND JEFF.	
17—Kiski	7
30—Westminster	0
13—W. Va. Wes.	6
7—Penn State	0
33—Geneva	0
10—Pittsburgh	13
0—W. Va. Univ.	7
0—Notre Dame	3
110	36

SYRACUSE.	
19—47th U. S. Inf.	0
14—Rutgers	10
0—Pittsburgh	28
58—Tufts	0
6—Brown	0
42—Bucknell	0
27—Colgate	7
21—Mich. Aggies	7
187	52

DARTMOUTH.	
14—Springfield Y. M. C. A.	0
32—Middlebury	6
6—West Virginia	2
21—New Hampshire	6
10—Penn. State	7
0—Pennsylvania	7
0—Tufts	27
0—Brown	13
83	68

AMHERST.	
7—Middlebury	19
19—Union	0
7—Springfield Y. M. C. A.	13
14—Wesleyan	9
14—Columbia	6
34—Worcester Tech.	6
0—Williams	20
95	79

CORNELL.	
22—Oberlin	0
10—Williams	14
0—Colgate	20
20—Bucknell	0
20—Carnegie Tech.	0
0—Michigan	42
6—Fordham	27
78	103

LAFAYETTE.	
20—Ambulance C.	0
12—Ursinus	6
7—Rutgers	33
0—Muhlenberg	6
0—Pennsylvania	27
0—Swarthmore	56
42—Albright	0
0—Lehigh	78
81	206

WILLIAMS.	
20—Rensselaer	0
13—Union	6
14—Cornell	10
12—Hamilton	0
9—Columbia	6
0—Wesleyan	0
39—Middlebury	7
20—Amherst	0
127	29

GEORGETOWN.	
32—Lebanon Valley	7
26—Y. M. C. A. Col.	0
14—Lehigh	6
28—Virginia Poly.	0
12—Fordham	9
7—Navy	28
20—Wash. and Lee.	12
139	62

WESLEYAN.	
0—R. Isl. State	0
0—Stevens	0
7—N. Y. Univ.	6
9—Amherst	14
0—Williams	0
21—Rochester	6
6—Columbia	0
49	32

SWARTHMORE.	
7—Bucknell	16
0—Pennsylvania	10
17—Gettysburg	0
46—F. and M.	0
28—Johns Hopkins	0
56—Lafayette	0
27—Delaware	0
57—Haverford	7
238	33

WEST VIRGINIA.	
9—Pittsburgh	14
7—Navy	0
21—Carlisle	0
2—Dartmouth	6
60—Gettysburg	0
7—Rutgers	7
27—Virginia Tech.	3
7—Wash. and Jeff.	0
0—West Va. Wes.	20
140	50

GEORGIA TECH.	
33—Wake Forest	0
25—Furman	0
41—Pennsylvania	0
32—Davidson	10
63—Wash. and Lee.	0
83—Vanderbilt	0
48—Tulane	0
98—Carlisle	0
423	10

FUMBLES BY GREEN HELP BROWN CAUSE

McDonough Muffs Punt and Providence Eleven Hurries to Touchdown as Result.

FINAL SCORE IS 13 TO 0

Second Tally Comes Through Failure of S. Holbrook to Hold Ball After Long Run.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—Brown and Dartmouth, meeting for the first time since 1906, fought a desperate football battle on Braves' Field this afternoon, the Brunonians winning 13 to 0. Brown's two scores came at the beginning of the second half, and both were made possible because of Dartmouth backfield fumbles.

Earlier in the game Gordon of Brown had missed a drop kick goal from Dartmouth's forty-four-yard line, and Brown also had been held for downs within nine yards of the Hanover posts.

Dartmouth had its chances to score. Phillips missed two placement shots, one from the thirty-two-yard line and the other from the eighteen-yard line after Dartmouth, following a brilliant fifty-yard run by S. Holbrook, had been stopped ten yards from the goal line.

At the start of the second half McDonough muffed Gordon's long punt, and Albright fell on the ball for Brown on his opponents' fifteen-yard line. Brown here made two line gains, Dartmouth was off side, and on the next play Brooks shot through for a touchdown from the five-yard line.

The second touchdown was almost as quickly made as the first. Dartmouth received the kickoff, and S. Holbrook, after romping to his own forty-two-yard line, dropped the ball when tackled. Coulter, Brown's quarterback, got the ball, and then Brown started ahead again. This time the march to the goal was steady, eleven plays being needed.

After Brown's scores Dartmouth threatened eternally. In the third quarter the Green made a long advance to the Brown eight-yard line for a first down, but could not drive across, losing the ball on downs a foot from the goal. In the final quarter Dartmouth made a fifty-five-yard advance to Browns' twenty-five-yard line in eleven plays, a forward pass being intercepted. The same thing happened a few minutes later, after Brown lost the ball on a fumble on its twenty-yard line.

Toward the finish Dartmouth opened up a beautiful forward passing game, five passes netting eighty-six yards, but the final pass, made from the two-yard line, grounded. Dartmouth greatly outgained Brown. Brown completed three forward passes for thirty-one yards, and intercepted six of Dartmouth's passes for good returns. Dartmouth's rally was made possible by the splendid passing of S. Holbrook, and the catching of C. Holbrook, McDonough, and Durkee.

The lineup:

Brown, (13.)	Position.	Dartmouth, (0.)
Williams	L. E.	Myers
Sinclair	L. T.	Bevan
Bowman	L. G.	Neely
Hoving	C.	Sheppard
Grabb	R. G.	Youngstrom
Nichols	R. T.	Murphy
Albright	R. E.	Freeberg
Coulter	Q. B.	McDonough
Brooks	L. H. B.	C. Holbrook
Gordon	R. H. B.	S. Holbrook
Armstrong	F. B.	Lehman

Touchdowns—Brooks, 2. Goal from touchdown—Gordon. Substitutions—Brown: Edson for Sinclair, Weeks for Albright, Murphy for Edson. Dartmouth: Phillips for Lehman, Presson for Freiberg, Healey for Bevan, Durkee for Phillips, Crisp for Youngstrom.

Referee—James A. Evans, Williams. Umpire—Carl B. Marshall, Harvard. Field Judge—Fred W. Burleigh, Exeter. Linesman—J. Hallahan. Time of periods—15 minutes.

SWARTHMORE IS MERCILESS

Rolls Up a Score of 57 to 7 Against Haverford Eleven.

Special to The New York Times.

SWARTHMORE, Penn., Nov. 24.—The Swarthmore eleven defeated its old rival, Haverford, this afternoon by the score of 57 to 7. The game was more exciting than the one-sided score indicates, Haverford fighting hard during every minute of the game. But the light Scarlet and Black eleven could not withstand the slashing attack of the heavy Garnet backs.

Captain Ally Cornog competed in his las tgame for Swarthmore and ended his brilliant football record by playing the greatest game of his career. He skirted the ends, bucked the lines, and kicked in a manner that stamps him as one of the greatest players who ever wore the Garnet.

Three touchdowns, six goals from touchdown, and a field goal was the measure of his scoring, but this is only a small indication of the great all-round game which he played. Bill Durbin and Bill Stow, the freshman half backs, pressed their Captain closely for individual honors. Stow especially played a star game. He was a factor in almost every play until he was hurt late in the second half.

Captain Gilmour of Haverford was the shining light of his team. He fought hard to stem the tide of defeat, but was handicapped by his weaker teammates. Busby, the little quarter back, also played a sterling game for the defeated eleven.

The lineup:

Swarthmore, (57.)	Position.	Haverford, (7.)
Gillespie	L. E.	K. Miller
Heavener	L. T.	Gilmour
Ridpath	L. G.	Mitchell
Fitts	C.	McIntosh
Myers	R. G.	Lester
Darkin	R. T.	R. Miller
Howell	R. E.	Brown
Westcott	Q. B.	Buzby
Stow	L. H. B.	Leonard
Durbin	R. H. B.	Philips
Cornog	F. B.	Dewees

Touchdowns—Cornog, (3,) Westcott, Durbin, (2,) Stow, Lukens, Dewees. Goals from touchdown—Cornog, (6,) Leonard. Goals from field—Cornog.

Substitutions—Swarthmore: Lungren for Stow Stow for Lungren, Lukens for Stow, Conway for Howell, Whitaker for Heavener. Haverford: Sangree for Miller, Arrowsmith for Sangree.

Officials—Referee: Gillender, Pennsylvania. Umpire—Murphy, Brown. Head linesman—Davidson, Pennsylvania. Field judge—Williams, Pennsylvania. Time of quarters—15 minutes.

Wrestling Tourney Scheduled.

A wrestling tournament at catch-as-catch-can style is to be held at the Lexington Theatre beginning Dec. 3. Among those who are expected to compete are Earl Caddock, Wladek Zbyszko, Ed Lewis, Joe Stecher, Dr. B. F. Roller, Americus, Jess Westergard, Demetrus Tofalos, Alexander Thomas, Yussif Hussane, Cyclone Burns, Bob Managoff, Henry Ordeman, and John Freyburg. They comprise the leading wrestlers of the country.

EASY VICTORY FOR LEHIGH.

Lafayette Beaten in Annual Game by 78 to 0 Score.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Penn., Nov. 24.—Lehigh smothered Lafayette today in the annual game, the score being 78 to 0. In running up this big score Lehigh made a record. Lafayette's line was weak, and Lehigh plowed through for big gains. Around the ends, Wysocki and Herrington tore off many 25-yard runs.

Lehigh also gave her opponents a dose of what perfect forward passing meant, for, several touchdowns were made in this manner. To make one of the Lehigh touchdowns it took but two plays. W. Maginnes ran Scott's kickoff back 55 yards, and Wysocki then shot a forward pass to Herrington, who skipped the remaining distance.

Lafayette made about three first downs during the game, and never came nearer than Lehigh's 35-yard line. Lafayette's team was in poor physical condition in contrast to that of the Brown and White.

The lineup and summary:

Lehigh, (78.)	Position.	Lafayette, (0.)
Saxman	L. E.	Wainwright
Spagna	L. T.	Scott
McDonald	L. G.	Albright
Early	C.	Emmal
A. Maginnes	R. G.	Beers
Johnson	R. T.	Caines
Young	R. E.	Russ
Herrington	Q. B.	King
W. Maginnes	L. H. B.	Mendelsohn
McCarthy	R. H. B.	Siegel
Wysocki	F. B.	Smith

Score by periods:

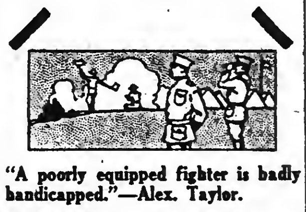
Lehigh	8	24	26	20	—78
Lafayette	0	0	0	0	—0

Touchdowns—W. Wysocki, (4,) Herrington, (4,) W. Maginnes, (2,) Savaria, Young. Goals from touchdowns—McDonald, (3,) A. Maginnes. Safety—Young. Substitutions: Lafayette—Rowe for Siegel, Robinson for Wainwright, McWilliams for Robinson, Wolfe for King, King for Wolfe, Loux for Mendelsohn, Wolfe for Smith, Sonklin for Emmal, Bednar for Scott; Lehigh—A. Maginnes for Halsted, Savaria for W. Maginnes, Lind for McCarthy, Coleman for Young, W. Maginnes for Lind, Booth for Spagna, Rhoad for McDonald, Nolan for Savaria, Tomlinson for W. Maginnes. Referee—C. J. McCarthy, Germantown. Umpire—R. W. Maxwell, Swarthmore. Field Judge—Tom Thorpe, Columbia. Linesmen—Mr. Keough, U. of P. Time of periods—15 minutes.

DARCY'S ESTATE $8,804.

Late Australian Boxer Not Wealthy, as Had Been Reported.

According to the latest Australian papers to arrive in this country, Les Darcy left an estate of the value of only $8,804. Letters of administration were granted to his father, Edward Darcy, a Maitland farmer. Included in the amount left by the famous boxer, $5,000 was represented by property. Darcy contended, when he arrived in America, that his object was to make enough to support his family and that he was going to the war. At the time he was rated as being worth from $50,000 to $100,000. It is evident that he did not accumulate the large sums that were credited to him.



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Warm apparel for cold weather. Vests and jackets of suede leather with sleeves, covered with khaki, moleskin, leather, or O. D. wool cloth, knitted neck and wristlets, close fitting, to be worn under uniform jacket, $15.00-$17.50

Sleeveless Vest of suede leather....$10.00

Gabardine Trench Coats, blanket lining, oilskin interlining and detachable woolen lining....$65.00

O. D. Raincoat, detachable sheepskin lining....$45.00

Leather and Corduroy Reversible Coats....$25.00

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Stearns KNIGHT CARS

have proven and are acknowledged as the only cars which meet these requirements. WE ARE READY TO PROVE IT.

Some Special Offerings:

1916 Landaulet Brougham "8"

All 1917 improvements installed. Interior renovated; vanity cases and fixtures of the best. Newly painted. Roomy body. Has the appearance of a new car.

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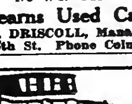

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"Our Prices Scare Our Competitors."

JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,

1,768 Broadway, near 57th St.

Tire and Accessories Branch in the Bronx, 2,800 Grand Concourse, corner 183d.

KLESICK LEADS AT TRAPS.

Wins Scratch Trophy at Bergen Beach Gun Club Shoot.

A. Klesick was the high scratch gunner at the Jamaica Bay traps of the Bergen Beach Gun Club yesterday. He took the prize with a total of 91 out of a possible 100 targets. The high handicap gunner was Dr. W. A. Petersen, with a card of 80, 18—98. E. Magnus and E. W. Voorhies tied for second prize, the former winning the shoot off. The scores:

	Hit.	H'cp.	Total.
Dr. W. A. Petersen	80	18	98
A. Klesick	91	6	97
E. B. Magnus	83	14	97
E. W. Voorhies	83	14	97
H. D. Bergen	78	18	96
Dr. R. C. Williams	88	8	96
N. Steiner	84	6	90
H. W. Dreyer	78	12	90
A. B. Dalbec	58	25	83
F. E. Hewens	75	12	87
J. S. Fanning	81	0	81
O. Fisher	76	0	76

Perry Re-elected as Captain.

WATERVILLE, Me., Nov. 23.—Ernest J. Perry of Lawrence, Mass., today was re-elected captain of the Colby College football team for next season. He plays at end.

BAN PUT ON AUTO RACES.

Governing Body Not to Grant Sanctions During War.

The contest board of the American Automobile Association, which governs automobile racing in this country, decided yesterday not to issue any more sanctions for motor contests during the period of war exigency. This practically means the abandoning of automobile racing until after the war, it was stated.

The sep was taken because of the Government's need of skilled mechanics. It was explained that there are more than 1,200 drivers and mechanics enrolled in the American Automobile Association who, now that the temptaion to race has been removed, will be available for war work. The resolution of the association putting the ban on racing will go into effect Jan. 1, when the rules of the contest board will be suspended, it was announced.

To Play Intercity Soccer Game.

The first intercity soccer match of the season between New York and Philadelphia has been scheduled for next Saturday afternoon at Livingston, S. I., on the grounds of the Staten Island Cricket and Tennis Club.

To the Public

The Aimone Galleries

TEMPORARY LOCATION

25-33 West 45th St., just off Fifth Ave.

NEW YORK CITY

ESTABLISHED 1856

WE wish to announce that The Aimone Galleries will retire from business a ter Dec. 31st, 1917.

The Aimone Manufacturing Company, strictly wholesale, will assume all responsibilities of The Aimone Galleries and any matters pertaining thereto.

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HIGHEST GRADE PERIOD FURNITURE, ANTIQUES, REPRODUCTIONS, OBJETS D'ART, ITALIAN GARDEN MARBLES and TERRA COTTAS, either for furnishings or Xmas remembrances

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The Aimone Manufacturing Company will announce the address of their Uptown Showroom at a later date.

All goods purchased personally by our Mr. R. C. Aimone when in Europe last summer are included in this sale.

TERMS OF SALE—NET CASH

Galleries Open To-Morrow (Monday) Nov. 26th, 1917, at 9 A. M.

Please Use Street Level Entrance to Our Galleries—Westerly Store

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Ready-to-Wear-Away Department

O. D. serge uniforms made from 12, 15 and 18 oz. materials, also khaki uniforms and overcoats made from 30 oz. O. D. meltons.

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Can supply in 24 hours if desired uniforms and overcoats from any of the accepted materials in any desired weight.

Officers' equipment booklet and samples of materials will be sent at once upon request.

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Mt. Vernon, N. Y.:—E. B. Fuller, 7 No. 4th St.

Mamaroneck, N. Y.:—Burton G. Gedney, 55 East Boston Road.

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IT is now that your gun and duffle bag speak to you like brothers. Your old hunting boots—how eloquent they are! And from the vast, sweet woods you seem to smell the camp-fire smoke, and your old guide's face peers at you beckoningly. Oh! you've got to go! It's the call!

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Our gun shop is at your service. Headed by a man of 25 years' experience. It is a very busy gun shop because sportsmen have learned that it can do good work. But we can always take care of your needs promptly and efficiently.

You'll be interested in the NEWTON RIFLE. It is the only American-made bolt action rifle and none is better made or more effective. The price is reasonable —$50.00.

We also have a very good rifle at $18.50 which has been sold formerly for $30.00. Uses rimless, smokeless auto-loading cartridges. .25, .30 and .35 calibers. An unusual value—especially now.

10-15-17 WARREN STREET

(Just across Broadway from City Hall)

QUAKER HARRIERS CAPTURE LAURELS

Robertson's Charges Lead Cornell Harriers for Intercollegiate Championship.

DRESSER FINISHES FIRST

Moakley Produces Winner of Individual Honors, Who Covers Six-Mile Course in 33 Minutes.

For the fourth time in nineteen years the Cornell long-distance runners were beaten in the annual intercollegiate championship held at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday, the team honors falling to the University of Pennsylvania, with an aggregation of green runners that had been whipped into shape by Lawson Robertson, the former Irish-American A. C. coach, who now is in his second year at the Quaker college.

Though beaten for the team honors, Cornell has the satisfaction of supplying the individual winner in Ivan C. Dresser, a worthy successor to the many great long-distance runners turned out by Jack Moakley, and who completed the six-mile hill and dale course in the good time of 33 minutes. Pennsylvania's winning total was 38, while Cornell finished second with 55 points.

War conditions had lessened the interest in this annual event, but six colleges responded to the call in spite of many teams being shot to pieces by enlistment of athletes in the service. There was an innovation in the shape of a freshman championship, and this brought entirely new blood to the front. Syracuse put a great team of first year men into the task of covering half the distance negotiated by the seniors and the up-State division accounted for the team title with the remarkably low score of 33. As in the senior race the winning team failed to take first place in the contest, this honor being accounted for by Dennis O'Connell of Harvard, who finished the three miles in 16:12, and was about seventy-five yards in front of J. Simons, the first Syracuse man to finish. Harvard did not start a team in the senior event, but finished second to Syracuse in the freshman race with a total of 47 points.

Few See Contest.

There was only a small turnout to witness the running of the event for the second time over the Van Cortlandt course. Six colleges were represented in the main contest, but the College of the City of New York started only four men, which gave it no chance to figure in the team score, which requires the aggregate of five men. Yale had entered a team, but four of the men named by the New Haven university were detained to attend to their duties as members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, which left Yale without a team to start to the post.

Columbia made the best showing the local university has ever enjoyed in this arduous encounter, and finished in third place with 74 points, while the more fancied runners from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology had to be content with fourth place, and Dartmouth's quintet finished last of the five teams completing full scores.

Winners and losers alike praised the course as compared with the dangerous route that the contestants had been forced to travel a year ago at New Haven, where they had to negotiate West Rock, that many claimed caused them to risk injury to limbs. There was, however, a surprise in store for most of the competitors, because in the prevailing fashion the course had been camouflaged.

The entanglements, which had not been in evidence when Pennsylvania won over the course a week ago and when the Cornell men walked over it yesterday, had been included by a slight change of direction. The runners became mixed up in the wire and both Cornell and Pennsylvania complained afterward that two of their best runners had been delayed beyond all reason by their conflict with the wire fence.

Too much credit cannot be given to the individual performance of Ivan Dresser. From the time the men were sent on their way his position as leader was never endangered, and he strode along with a free, easy motion that made light of the stiff hills encountered on the journey. For the first turn of the course Dresser was followed at a respectful distance by G. P. Halfacre of the Massachusetts Institute, with Glover and McHale of Pennsylvania close on his heels.

Dresser Leads at Turn.

Dresser's superiority was apparent when he completed the first turn of the course and danced by the crowd more than 100 yards in front of Halfacre, with Glover and McHale running close together fifteen yards behind. The field was well spread out then, but indications of Pennsylvania's victory were furnished as the Red and Blue had the whole team of seven men in the first twenty-five runners.

Dresser started on the second lap with undiminished speed, and going up the hill by the golf links he increased his lead. The flitting runners could then be seen deploying over the hillside and all that could be noticed with certainty was that Dresser was gradually increasing the distance between himself and the plodders behind him. There was a long wait then while the field was hidden from view on the upper golf links, along Mosholu Parkway, and in the wood that borders the golf course.

Excitement on the hillside overlooking the parade grounds followed and then a shout went up emphasizing the completeness of Dresser's victory. Dresser raced down to the parade grounds and swept across the green sward before the next man was sighted. eH had lost his competitors in the final round, and as he crossed the finish line, Glover of Pennsylvania, the next man to appear had, but reached the level stretch approaching the finish. The Cornell man won by a furlong and wore a broad smile as he was surrounded by the faithful few Cornellians present to witness another Cornell individual victory.

Glover Comes Next.

Glover also had run a remarkable race in the last circuit, and, although outclassed by the Cornell crack, had passed Halfacre and helped to assure the victory of his college by taking second place, twenty-five yards in front of the New Englander. McHale came next with the second tally for Pennsylvania. He was twenty yards behind Halfacre and had a margin of seventy-five yards on McCarten of M. I. T. Alvery of Dartmouth finished sixth, and H. G. Larson of Columbia seventh in front of H. A. Price, another of the dependable Pennsylvania runners.

After Turner of Columbia had crossed the finishe line there was a desperate race in which Cummings of Pennsylvania finished at a sprinting gait to withstand the challenge of three Cornell men all bunched and trying to take tenth place away from him. Cummings beat the Ithacans out and the three Cornell men were pretty well exhausted when they tallied to make four to finish for Cornell. The team race ended in favor of Penn when Brooks crossed the line in fourteenth place, completing five men for the Quakers, while Cornell had only four men across the line.

The order of finish:

SENIOR RACE.

1—L. C. Dresser, Cornell.....33:00
2—L. L. Glover, Pennsylvania.....33:45
3—G. F. Halfacre, M. I. T.....33:53
4—R. B. McHale, Pennsylvania.....34:07
5—G. C. McCarter, M. I. T.....34:29
6—H. C. Alvery, Dartmouth.....34:30
7—H. O. Larson, Columbia.....34:42
8—H. A. Price, Pennsylvania.....34:53
9—A. Turner, Columbia.....34:55
10—W. M. Cummings, Pennsylvania.....35:01
11. J. Spear, Cornell, 35:17; A. Mai, Cornell, 35:19; C. H. Yost, Cornell, 35:20; F. T. Brooks, Pennsylvania, 35:33; A. L. Hnelsenbach, Columbia, 35:41; P. O. Hall, Pennsylvania, 35:45; C. E. Daniels, Dartmouth, 35:56; G. G. Seelbach, Cornell, 36:05; J. W. Erdman, Pennsylvania, 36:16; W. Wolff, C. C. N. Y., 36:21; R. M. Lewis, Dartmouth, 36:23; P. Ward, Columbia, 36:45; J. P. Knox, Columbia, 36:50; W. D. Sprong, Cornell, 37:06; A. G. Desubria, M. I. T., 37:38; R. P. Pollard, Dartmouth, 37:44; A. H. Kalden, C. C. N. Y., 38:03; R. Rimbach, M. I. T., 38:07; G. R. Owens, M. I. T., 38:09; S. F. Jenkins, Dartmouth, 3:14; E. Landis, C. C. N. Y., 38:36; W. A. Carter, Dartmouth, 38:40; H. R. Dorr, M. I. T., 39:00; M. Moss, Columbia, 39:30; A. J. Cuffe, Columbia, 39:45; P. Goldberg, C. C. N. Y., 39:46.

TEAM COMPETITION.

Pennsylvania	2	4	8	10	14—38
Cornell	1	11	12	13	18—55
Columbia	7	9	15	21	22—74
M. I. T.	3	5	24	26	27—85
Dartmouth	6	17	20	25	28—86

FRESHMAN RACE.

1—Dennis O'Connell, Harvard.....16:12
2—J. Simons, Syracuse.....16:30
3—D. Moore, Syracuse.....16:43
4—G. B. Boyd, Yale.....16:50
5—G. F. Downs, Pennsylvania.....16:51
6—M. Feleran, Syracuse.....16:54
7—J. E. Mahl, Harvard.....17:05
8—F. H. Cady, Harvard.....17:14
9—S. W. Kiviat, Pennsylvania.....17:16
10—H. Kellogg, Syracuse.....17:20
J. D. Britton, Yale, 17:25; W. Rose, Syracuse, 17:33; F. Leoni, Columbia, 17:34; B. W. Boyden, Harvard, 17:41; C. Fortescue, Syracuse, 17:47; L. Dekore, Pennsylvania, 17:51; E. A. Wells, Harvard, 17:55; A. E. Chambers, Harvard, 17:56; R. D. Lukens, Yale, 17:58; H. Liguardia, Columbia, 18:11; C. A. Page, Harvard, 18:20; W. F. Simpson, Yale, 18:25; J. Bisgier, C. C. N. Y., 18:28; W. D. Litt, Yale, 18:29; P. H. Nelson, Columbia, 18:31; R. M. Johnson, Yale, 18:38; H. Green, Syracuse, 18:42; R. M. Decker, C. C. N. Y., 19:19; F. P. Griffith, Pennsylvania, 19:16; M. Forsythe, Columbia, 19:24; R. G. Bergman, C. C. N. Y., 19:31; P. E. Anderson, Pennsylvania, 19:38; D. Press, C. C. N. Y., 19:45; W. P. Ferguson, Columbia, 20:15; H. Freid, Columbia, 20:40; A. Cohen, C. C. N. Y., 20:46; B. R. Greenberg, Columbia, 22:30.

TEAM COMPETITION.

Syracuse	2	3	6	10	12—33
Harvard	1	7	8	16	17—47
Yale	4	11	19	22	24—80
Pennsylvania	5	9	10	29	32—91
Columbia	13	20	25	30	34—122
C. C. N. Y.	21	28	31	33	36—151

MANUAL LOSES AT SOCCER.

Is Beaten by Evander Childs in P. S. A. L. Series by 2 to 1.

Evander Childs obtained the verdict in the high school soccer championship match with Manual Training High School of Brooklyn, yesterday, at the Prospect Park Parade Grounds, by the score of 2 goals to 1. The first half proved to be scoreless. Manual Training was the first team to score in the second half. Blest, the inside right on the Brooklyn team, took a pass from Ferlaino, his partner on the right wing, and found the net. Bruder, on a pass by Jordan, equalized, and Captain Bout of Evander Childs, following a determined rush and with the aid of MacDonald, shot the winning goal.

Morris High soccer players advanced in the P. S. A. L. championship yesterday by defeating Boys' High of Brooklyn by the score of 1 goal to 0, at Crotona Park. The goal which decided the game came in the first half, when D'Auria found the Boys' High net with a long shot. From then on the teams struggled in vain to score again.

MUCKROSS, AT ODDS OF 100 TO 1, WINS

Long Shot's Victory on Bowie Track Is Feature of a Day of Surprises.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 24.—Surprises were frequent in the racing here today, the most startling coming near the end of the program when Mrs. E. Arlington's Muckross struggled home in the mile and a quarter race a winner at odds of 100 to 1. There was little reason for overlooking Muckross in a race of this distance because in a long race at Aqueduct he had finished second, and was only beaten a head by that good long distance racer, Little Nearer. The handicappers for once overlooked a bet, and with T. Rowan in the saddle Muckross managed to get home in front of F. J. Coleman's Greetings and E. T. Zolliecoffer's Christie, both of which were strongly supported by the large crowd that took advantage of the Saturday half holiday to see the races.

The Endurance Handicap, at a mile, was the feature of the day, with J. F. Sweeney's Hauberk the favorite on account of his recent winning performance. Hauberk was carrying 126 pounds, a trifle more weight than he can handle comfortably, and at the finish he had to be content with third place. W. A. Burtschell's Highland Lad, a consistent performer, was in the front flight all the way, and took the large end of the purse from W. M. Jeffords's Fenmouse.

R. F. Carman's Startling, which has been showing great form all through the Maryland campaign, scored his third victory in four starts in the Columbia Purse event, at six furlongs. Jimmy Butwell had the mount on Startling, and in a driving finish he managed to keep the Carman entry in front of S. Ross's Ultimatum until he was safely past the judges.

In the Bowie Juvenile Handicap, for two-year-olds, W. A. Brown's Fragonard turned the tables on Orlando of Havana, which beat him earlier in the week, and captured the big end of the purse.

The summaries.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; purse, $600; one mile. Time—1:44.
Garonne, F. Mannix's ch. g., 99 pounds, by Peter Quince-Jane Eyre, $27.40, $12.60, and $8.70, (A. Mergler).....1
Sunny Hill, W. R. Mizell's b. g., 103, by Lemberg-Leisure, $10.60, and $6.40, (R. Troise).....2
Green Grass, G. F. Muller's br. g., 108, by Hurst Park-Marsars, $6.50 third, (A. Stirling).....3
Tread Lightly II., Start Right, Wood Violet, Killarney, Little Boy, George W. Avery, Dalrose, and Wichaka also ran. Phalaris, Elizabeth H., and King of the Wind scratched.

SECOND RACE.—Bowie Juvenile Handicap, for two-year-olds, purse $600; seven furlongs. Time—1:27.
Fragonard, W. A. Brown's ch. c., 114 pounds, by Hastings-Ferment, $5.40, $2.70, and $2.50, (J. Butwell).....1
Orlando of Havana, O. Yzquierdo's ch. c., 116, by Lr. Jeggo-Olathe, $2.50 and $2.10, (J. Donenick).....2
Gamecock, H. L. Pratt's ch. c., 106, by Ballot-Almadra, $2.40 third, (G. Walls)..3
Sixteen to One and Senator Broderick also ran. Wood Violet and Perigourdine scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:42 1-5.
Sir William Johnson, R. A. Smith's ch. g., 6 years, 110 pounds, by Faidor-Ida Tack II., $27.30, $11.20, and $8.90, (T. Parrington).....1
Blue Thistle, W. Cahill's b. g., 111, by Flues-Wild Thistle, $3.70 and $2.90, (C. Kummer).....2
Edith Baumann, J. Arthur's ch. f., 4, 102, by Prince of Melbourne-Rose Prim, 4.70 third, (J. Mooney).....3
Lucky R., Mandfull, Milton Campbell, King Hamburg, Old Fop, Tinkle Bell, Saturn, Andes, Earlymorn, Goodwood, Hasse, Flor Finch, and Malheur also ran. March Court Tom Lowrey, Smithfield, and Minda scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—The Endurance Handicap, for all ages; purse $800; one mile. Time—1:42 1-5.
Highland Lad, W. A. Burtschell's br. c., 5 years, 117 pounds, by Dick Willis-Bessie Brady, $7.80, $3, and $2.20, (A. Stirling).....1
Fenmouse, W. M. Jeffords's b. m., 5, 114, by Rock Sand-Flittermouse, $7.10 and $3.50, (E. Ambrose).....2
Hauberk, J. F. Sweeney's g., 5, 126, by Martinel-Druid, $2.40, third, (J. Butwell).3
Air Man, Judge Wingfield, Barry Shannon, and Woodstone also ran. King Neptune and Shooting Star scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—The Columbia Purse; for all ages; purse $600; six furlongs. Time—1:12 3-5.
Startling, R. F. Carman's b. c., 4 years, 122 pounds, by Marta Santa-Country Fraud, $6.60, $4.20, and $2.50, (J. Butwell).....1
Ultimatum, S. Ross's ch. c., 3, 106, by Ultimus-Speedmast, $5 and $3.80, (M. Buxton).....2
Water Lady, J. Arthur's b. m., 6, 103, by Waterboy-Duchess of Towers, $3.20, third, (R. Troise).....3
Tea Caddy, Peep Sight, Mellora, Babcock, and Rose Finn also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600; one mile and a quarter. Time—2:13.
Muckross, Mrs. E. Arlington's br. g., 3 years, 95 pounds, by Irish Lad-Stillwater, $202.30, $85.90, and $13.80, (T. Rowan).....1
Greetings, F. J. Coleman's ch. f., 4, 98, by Glorifier-Glad Tidings, $3.50 and $2.50, (R. Troise).....2
Christie, E. T. Zollicoffer's b. g., 5, 111, by Star Shoot-Chulita, $2.70 third, (H. Hanmer).....3
Cousin Dan, Lady Edwina, Rakeoff, Jacklet, and Old Ben also ran. Luther, Rosewater, and Sam Slick scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling, purse $600; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:43 1-5.
Fountain Fay, Thorncliffe Stable's ch. g., 7 years, 107 pounds, by McGee-White Plume, $4.20, $12.90, and $9.50, (T. Rice).....1
Vermont, E. K. Bryson's b. g., 4, 110, by Broomstick-Yankee Girl, $5 and $3.80, (A. Collins).....2
Flying Line, J. J. Farrell, Jr.'s blk. g., 3, 91, by Star Shoot-Royal Gun, $3.50 third, (J. Wessler).....3
Water Witch, Bond, Progressive, Sea Beach, Ellison, Huda'e Brother, and Starfinch also ran.

Weather clear, track fast.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Jack of Spades, 114 pounds; Fire Test, 114; Mayhew, 111; Tolerance, 111; Dairyman, 114; Frank MacKin, 114; Sunkles, 111; Water Toast, 111; Simonpure, 114; Juanita 3d, 114; Bathilde, 111; Flapper, 111. Also eligible: Golden Soldier, 114; Top Boots, 114; Matoaka, 111; Will Soon, 114; Ormios, 114; Thampar, 111.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds; claiming; six furlongs. Nominee, 111 pounds; Celtiva, 105; *Little Boy, 108; *Tumble In, 105; Phalerian, 108; Flying Dart, 105; *Vocabulary, 105; *Moosehead, 105; Umatilla, 108; Lady Gertrude, 105; *Wood Violet, 105; *Senator Broderick, 103. Also eligible: Heather Belle, 105; *African Arrow, 106; *Babette, 100; Corydon, 111.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Preston Llynn, 114 pounds; Cardome, 111; Tinsel, 106; *Hope, 109; Birdmaa, 114; Scylla, 106; *Salon, 109; Onwa, 104; Viley, 114; Leonteddus, 106; *Anxiety, 109; *Owaga, 101. Also eligible: Parlor Boy, 114; Uncle Jimmie, 114; Costumer, 114; Little Nephew, 114; The Decision, 114; *Lohengrin, 109.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds, selling, one mile and twenty yards. Felucca, 116 pounds; Zuave, 109; *Dan' 105; Kebo, 100; *Merchant, 108; *Jessie D., 96; *Woodtrap, 113; *Master Karma, 107.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, one mile and a furlong. G. M. Miller, 110 pounds; Jabot, 107; *Rakeoff, 102; *Stalwart Helen, 99; *Easter Lily, 94; Malheur, 110; Amphio, 107; *Esby Sister, 102, *Rose Water, 99; *Miss Present, 93; Milton Campbell, 107; *Handfull, 102; *Brother Jonathan, 101; *Buzz Around, 99.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, one mile and a furlong. Saturn, 107 pounds; Pierrot, 107; Sila Flynn, 98; *Euterpe, 104; *Cousin Dan, 96; Lynn, 107; Goodwood, 107; *Harry Lauder, 105; *Thornbloom, 101; Billy Oliver, 107; The Busy-body, 104; *Sam Slick, 105; *Battle Abbey, 96.

SEVENTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and ward, selling, one mile and a sixteenth. Nigel, 106 pounds; Ellison, 106; *Sea Beach, 101; Kilmer, 106; *Silk Bird, 111; Edith Baumann, 96; Christie, 106; *Tie Pin, 111.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

TEST FOR SPRINT STARS.

Spencer and Kramer to Show Their Endurance in Cycle Race.

Arthur Spencer, the world's new sprint champion, and Frank Kramer, title holder for sixteen consecutive years, will be among the field of starters in the six-day cycle race at Madison Square Garden, beginning next Sunday night. And therein lies a story—the old champion and the new in the most severe test of a cyclist's stamina and grit and riding capabilities.

Arthur Spencer is twenty; Kramer is thirty-seven—yet they are the world's best short-distance riders. The six-day grind serves to bring out everything there is in a rider, but both of these stars entered the test in order to show their superiority over the long route also.

There is a striking similarity in the start of the careers of both Kramer and Spencer. Kramer had just passed the twenty-year mark when he came into possession of the championship, in 1901. For sixteen years in succession the reigned supreme. He outrode, outmanoeuvred, and outgamed such established stars as Walter Rutt, Jackie Clarke, Alfred Goullet, Joe Fogler, Floyd MacFarland, and a host of others in defense of his crown. Then a twenty-year-old boy defrauded him.

There is also a resemblance in the riding styles of Kramer and Spencer. They both grip their handles in the same fashion, and they get their winning "jumps" in the same way. The "jump," as Kramer explains it, is merely a matter of nerve, of outnerving an opponent. This can be taken as a candid confession that Spencer outnerved him in last Summer's championship meeting.

Spencer's rise in the cycling game has been rapid, and is an exact duplicate of the beginning of Kramer's career. Four years ago Spencer was a novice in Canada. Kramer also began cycling sixteen years. As in Kramer's case, Spencer failed to meet success at the very ontset, but this did not discourage him. A year later he won the amateur championship of the Dominion, and in the following two years annexed many honors.

Last year Spencer, accompanied by his older brother, Willie, invaded the amateur ranks at Newark, and made a surprising showing. He turned professional at the beginning of the 1917 campaign and soon established himself in the professional ranks. He defeated Kramer in four out of five one-mile match races, besides taking into camp such creditable performers as Goullet, Grenda, McNamara, Spears, and Verri.

Arthur Spencer will be teamed with his brother in the coming race, while Kramer's riding partner will be Oscar Egg, one of last year's winners. Thirteen other combinations will start, and the men are paired as follows:

Alfred Goullet and Freddy Hill, Eddie Root and Marcel Dupuy, Bob Spears and Francisco Verri, Bobby Walthour and Paul Suter, Alfred Grenda and Charles Piercey, Eddie Madden and Frank Corry, Clarence Carmen and George Wiley, Jake Magin and Willie Hanley, Percy Lawrence and Lloyd Thomas, Victor Linart and Mike Debates, Vincenzo Madonna and Tom Bello, Tom Smith and Fred Weber, and George Chapman and Willie Rager.

William H. Wellman, manager of the contest, is offering $16,000 in cash prizes, ranging from $3,000 for first place, to $500 for each of the last four of fifteen positions. Every team that finishes is assured of a prize.

There will be an hour sprint every afternoon, from 2:30 to 3:30, and in the evening there will be a two-hour sprint, from 8:30 to 10:30. A new track is being constructed. This is being built up to the arena boxes, which means a wider riding surface.

GOLFERS FROM HUB DOWN NEW YORKERS

Ouimet and Guilford Have Better of Kirkby and Anderson by Margin of 2 Up.

WINNERS GET LEAD EARLY

Finish Morning Round with Two-Hole Advantage—Englewood Player Performs Consistently.

In what may be his last appearance on any American links until after the war, Private Francis Ouimet of Camp Devens, paired with Jesse Guilford of Boston, defeated Oswald Kirkby of Englewood, metropolitan amauter champion, and John G. Anderson of Siwanoy, Westchester amateur champion, by 2 up in a thirty-six hole fourball bestball match at the Englewood Golf Club yesterday. The match was arranged to raise funds for the Camp Devens athletic fund and the Y. M. C. A. fund and attracted a big gallery for so raw a day. In the morning almost $200 was collected, and it was estimated that the total amount would be well over $500.

Ouimet may have lacked practice, but if he did he gave no noticeable sign of it. He was playing Englewood for the first time and although unaccustomed to the course he approximated 80 on his morning round and had a 76 in the afternoon. He was not his usual sensational self, but he supplied a steady brand of golf which produced results when results were needed. In all his local matches this season Ouimet has been able to rise to the occasion, and it was no different yesterday.

Kirkby, at home, played the best golf of the four. He approximated 76 in the morning and had a like card in the afternoon. At times Guilford drew applause by fine wooden shots and his putting was unusually good. Anderson was streaky. Several times he came to the rescue of his side with an efficient display of golf, and again he was fighting his way out of trouble.

After the morning eighteen holes, Ouimet and Guilford had a lead of 2 up, which they maintained to the end. Ouimet began the match spectacularly by winning the first hole in a birdie 3, thanks to a long putt which dropped into the cup.

Kirkby squared the match at the third with a 4, the result of perfect golf. At the seventh the Boston pair went ahead again when Ouimet produced another 3, but the first nine ended all square when Anderson got a 3 at the ninth. Coming in Ouimet had a 3 at the tenth to win that hole, and when both Anderson and Kirkby were in trouble at the eleventh the Boston pair became 2 up. Anderson won back a hole at the thirteenth and Kirkby squared the match again at the fifteenth. Trouble, however, beset the local pair again at the sixteenth and Ouimet's well-placed iron won him the eighteenth.

The first seven holes of the afternoon round were squared in par figures. Ouimet's 3 at the eighth gave his side a lead of 3 up on the match. The next five holes were halved, but the four-teenth Anderson asserted himself with a twenty-foot putt for a birdie 3 which won that hole. At the short fifteenth Kirkby holed out a long putt for a 2, but Ouimet equalized this effort with a putt of equal length which ran into the cup for a similar 2. Kirkby had a chance to win the seventeenth, which would have given his side a right of victory, but he missed a four-foot putt and the hole was halved. Kirkby won the seventeenth. At the eighteenth the players were forced to drive against a treacherous cross wind. Anderson and Kirkby each sliced into a trap. Ouimet place his tee shot on the green and won the hole easily with a 3. The best ball cards were:

MORNING ROUND.

Ouimet and Guilford—									
Out	3	4	5	4	4	5	3	4	—36
Anderson and Kirkby—									
Out	5	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	2—37
Ouimet and Guilford—									
In	3	4	4	5	5	4	4	4	3—36—72
Anderson and Kirkby—									
In	4	4	5	3	5	4	4	4	—38—75

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Ouimet and Guilford—									
Out	4	4	4	4	5	4	3	4	—36
Anderson and Kirkby—									
Out	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	—37
Ouimet and Guilford—									
In	4	4	4	5	4	2	5	3	—36—72
Anderson and Kirkby—									
In	4	4	4	5	3	2	5	4	4—35—72

BEAT CURTIS CHESS TEAM.

Morrie High Players Spring Surprise in School Tourney.

With the admission of Townsend Harris Hall into the Interborough High School Chess League, ten teams participated in the second round of the annual series of team matches at the Central Y. M. C. A. in Brooklyn, yesterday. The champion Boys' High team scored another victory, as did Commercial and Eastern District. Morris High, however, sprang a big surprise by defeating Curtis High, one of the winners of the first round, by 4 to 0. Stuyvesant and Townsend Harris Hall divided the points.

Columbia, Harvard, Yale, and Princeton plan to hold their annual intercollegiate chess tournament in New York on Dec. 20, 21, and 22, if these dates prove acceptable to all of the colleges. Meantime, the various chess squads are engaged in preliminary tournaments to decide the personnel of the teams to be sent here. Columbia, winner of last Christmas, is obtaining valuable practice in the series of the Metropolitan Chess League. C. B. Isaacson, S. A. Clapp, and D. E. Ehrlich are again in line for placea on the team.

In the first of the series of three entertainments at the rooms of the Brooklyn Institute Chess Club, next Saturday, H. Helms will play simultaneously against twenty-five to thirty opponents at as many different boards.

OHIO STATE HELD TO TIE.

Auburn Beats Back Attempts of Harley to Score.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 24.—Auburn today held the Western Conference champion football team of Ohio State University to a scoreless tie in a benefit game played before the Ohio National Guard Division at Camp Sheridan. Ohio was the aggressor throughout, but when their goal line was in danger the plainsmen beat back every assault.

Chick Harley, the visitors' star, twice had opportunities to achieve victory through field goals, but on both occasions his kicks were wide. Right Half Back Ducote for Auburn played almost as brilliantly as did Harley, and his great punting proved a factor in counteracting Ohio State's smashing drive.

SOCCER TITLE WON BY MONTCLAIR A. C.

Defeats Staten Island Eleven in Deciding Game by Score of 4 to 0.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Nov. 24.—For the first time since the Field Club League of New York and New Jersey was organized in 1910, the soccer eleven of the Montclair Athletic Club captured the championship by defeating the team sent over by the Staten Island Cricket and Tennis Club in the deciding game by 4 goals to 0 here this afternoon.

By winning this game the Montclair A. C. wound up with a record of 4 matches won and two drawn in six played, with a total of 10 points, or 1 better than the record made by the exchamulon team of the Crescent A. C., which won four, lost one, and drew one.

Six minutes from he start Paterson, by placing a high shot over Markham's head, scored the first goal for Montclair. There was no further scoring until the second half, when Denby, from a corner kick, headed into the Staten Island net. Shortly after that Raetzer landed a low, raking shot. Winpenny made it four straight for the home team. O'Rourke and Van Lear played the best game for the short-handed Staten Island team.

The lineup:

Montclair. (4.)	Position.	Staten Isl., (0.)
Mills	G.	Markham
Murray	R.B.	De Wilde
Snook	L.B.	Taylor
Winpenny	R.H.	O'Rourke
Gardner	C.H.	Davidson
Stahl	L.H.	Clasen
Martin	O.R.	Rogers
Patterson	I.R.	
Markell	C.	Van Laar
Denby	O.L.	
Raetzer	I.L.	Bressler

Referee—Andrew Laurie. Linesmen—Max Weber and J. Hampson. Goals—Patterson, Denby, Raetzer, Winpenny, Montclair. Time of halves—45 minutes each.

Tars representing several of the British ships and who have been doing their for the allied nations in convoying American troops acros to France, took a turn at soccer football yesterday at Bay Ridge, where they were the guests of the Crescent Athletic Club, members of whose champion team took the field against the visitors. The tars put up a good game against the champions, but were defeated by 4 goals to 2.

Australian Swimmer Killed.

Another famous Australian athlete has made the great sacrifice, for, according to late reports from the European front, Cecil Healy was killed in a recent charge. At the time of his death Healy was an adjutant, having achieved an excellent record for bravery and resourcefulness under stress of severe fighting. Healy was one of the best of the Australian middle distance swimmers, and at the time of his death held several Antipodean records at distances ranging from 150 to 400 yards. At one time he possessed the world's record for 150 yards in open water, but his time was bettered by Duke Kahanamoku, the Hawaii expert.

ADDITIONAL NEWS OF SPORTS ON PAGE 22, MAIN NEWS SECTION.

ADVERTISEMENT.

HERO LAND

The Best Restaurants for all purses:

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DINNERS SUPPERS

Delmonico's Cafe de Paris
Cheshire Cheese Chop House
(under direction of Keen's Chop House with cooks from London)
The Golden West Cabaret
(under direction of J. B. Regan)

also

An excellent Italian Restaurant
American Red Cross Tea Garden
Army Canteen, Hot Dog Counter
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Other Marvels at Hero Land

An Armored Tank in Battle. The Streets in Bagdad. The Hindenburg Underground Trenches. An Ice Skating Rink. Dancing—the Grand Hall and Ball Room. Submarine Divers—Government Exhibits.

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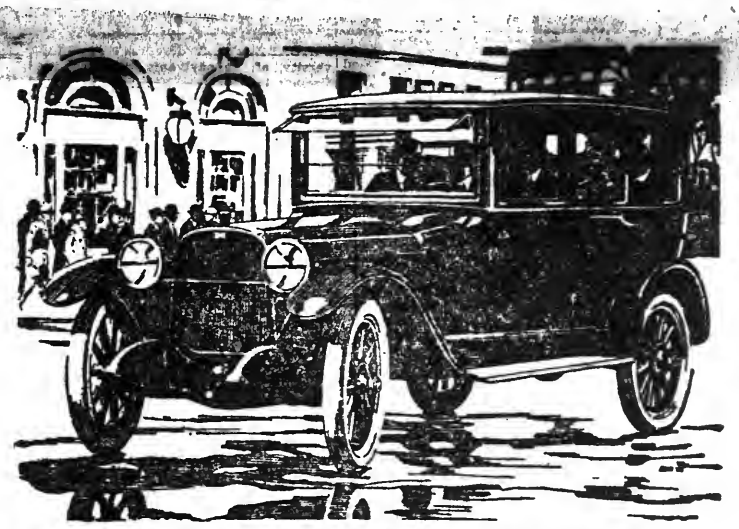
CHANDLER

CHANDLER SIX



(Illustrating the Chandler Seven-Passenger Convertible Sedan)

Asking You To PAY More Wouldn't GIVE You More

A THREAT to add two or three hundred dollars to the *price* of the Chandler wouldn't make the car better. And *actually* adding to the price wouldn't make it better.

The definite Chandler policy, consistently followed throughout the history of the Chandler Company, keeps Chandler value highest and Chandler price lowest.

No other car selling for less than $2000 offers you so many distinctively high-grade features of design and construction:

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Solid cast-aluminum motor base extending from frame to frame.

Annular ball-bearings in transmission, differential and rear wheels.

Silent chain drive for motor shafts.

And the famous Chandler motor, in its fifth year now, refined from time to time in the past but without radical changes, continues as the greatest of all sixes.

The Chandler has passed and left behind a long line of other makes of sixes because it does give so much more for so much less.

Seven-Passenger Touring Car, $1595
Four-Passenger Roadster, $1595
Seven-Passenger Convertible Sedan, $2295
Four-Passenger Convertible Coupe, $2195 Limousine, $2895
All prices f. o. b. Cleveland, Ohio

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New York's Most Complete Motor Car Institution
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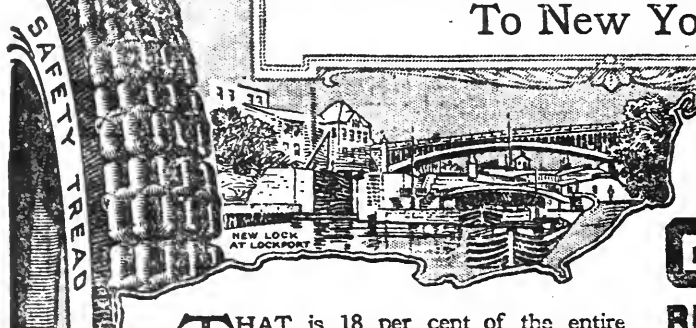

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THAT is 18 per cent of the entire mileage of all the railroad systems, terminate in New York.

Furthermore, 8600 miles of steam and 5000 miles of electric railways traverse the State.

And 7000 Ships arriving and departing from Buffalo make it a larger port than New York, which is commercially the greatest port in the world, $200,000,000 greater than London.

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BLACK SAFETY TREADS

Are tires in which millions of miles of mauling against the roads of the nation have brought forth proved, tested certainty of service.

For Goodrich Test Car Fleets have tried them out, and established the lasting strength of the Goodrich *Unit Mold, Unbroken Cure* body of these matchless fabric tires.

Buy service in the tires which have won the right to the title "America's Tested Tires."

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"Best in the Long Run"

SEES BIG INCENTIVE TO TAKE JERUSALEM

H. Charles Woods Believes Moral Effect Would Be Great Among Mohammedan Peoples.

HARD BLOW TO GERMANY

Would Endanger Kaiser's Prestige In Great Territory Exploited Commercially.

The capture of Jerusalem will be as great in its moral effect as in its military value is the opinion of H. Charles Woods, F. R. G. S., English traveler and writer, who is now in this country to give a series of lectures on "War and Diplomacy in the Balkans" before the Lowell Institute. Mr. Woods is the author of "Washed By Four Seas," "The Danger Zone of Europe," and other works. He is well versed in affairs in the Near East. His knowledge of the Turks he gained by a stay of many months on several journeys to the Ottoman Empire. In 1909 he visited Adana and investigated the massacre of the Armenians.

"To understand the movement undertaken against Jerusalem, and to appreciate its importance," he said, "one must go back into recent history. This done and one will see that any blow against this Holy City is also an allied blow against Germany. Ever since the Kaiser came to his throne he has been infatuated with the desire of a German drive to the East, an attempt to dominate from Hamburg to Bagdad. For instance, in 1889 and again in 1895 he made visits to Turkey and really played the part of a royal carpet-bagger. On the second of these occasions he even went so far as to declare himself the friend of the Sultan and of all Mosiems, who have in consequence venerated him always. He appointed to that country his best Ambassador, Von Bieberstein, who well carried out the War Lord's intrigues until he was brought to London as Ambassador shortly before his death. The Kaiser lent German officers to train the Turkish army and German engineers to build her railroads.

"It is for these reasons that the interests of Turkey and Germany are so closely bound up that a defeat of the Ottoman Army is an actual defeat of the German Army. It is also for these reasons and because of the German obsession for domination in the Near East that Germany might even make great sacrifices elsewhere to realize her great penetration scheme across two continents.

"The Bagdad Railroad may be called the backbone of German power in Asiatic Turkey. Constructed as a prolongation of the Anatolian railways, which were opened as far as Konia in 1896, the Bagdad Railroad has been gradually constructed, as the result of a concession given to Germany in 1903. At the present time it is possible to start from Constantinople and travel by train right across the table land of Asia Minor, through the Taurus mountains, along the plain of Cilicia, through the Amanus range across the Euphrates and at last as far as Helif. This place lies about two-thirds of the way between the Euphrates and the Tigris. There the facilities for travel have only been available for the last few months, for while the Amanus tunnel was completed in 1915, the Taurus tunnels were only pierced last year. These additional travel facilities are most important as far as Mesopotamia is concerned, for there are now at most only 200 miles of distance which cannot be traveled either by train or by boats floated down the Tigris from Mosul.

"In regard to Syria these travel facilities are most important, for the great southern arm of the Bagdad Railroad leaves it near Aleppo and runs in a southernly direction through Damascus as far as a point called Deraia Junction. From this point the Hedjez Railroad continues south on the east of the River Jordan as far as Medina.

"The other line turns from Deraia first in a westward direction and then southward, passing between Jaffa and Jerusalem, and going as far as the Egyptian-Turko frontier.

"The military operations which have taken place in Southern Palestine are exceedingly important from a military point of view. As the British were obliged to push forward their defenses of Egypt to a line well east of the Suez Canal, it is obviously highly important that they establish these lines well to the east and northeast of the Sinai Peninsula and therefore beyond the desert area.

"Again, the capture of Jaffa and the occupation of the area beyond it places the British in a position to threaten, if not to cut, the Deraia-Jerusalem Railroad, and therefore to sever all communication with Jerusalem. The capture of Jerusalem would mean the taking of a place of great military importance, the occupation of a military centre, which, in this part of the Ottoman Empire, is second in importance to Damascus. With Jerusalem captured, the British would be in a position to easily advance across the Jordan to the Hedjez Railroad and, by cutting that line, sever all Turkish connection with Arabia. Their operations are of the utmost importance, for they would be in a better position to draw off and prevent the sending of reinforcements to Mesopotamia.

"Judging by my experience in Turkey and my acquaintance with the Turks, I think, too, that the moral effect of British successes in Palestine must be almost equal in significance with their military success. To begin with, British occupation of Jerusalem, following as it would the capture of Bagdad, cannot fail to have the very greatest effect on the mentality of the people who have always regarded these centres as the two most important in Asiatic Turkey. Moreover, though Moslems, of course, consider Mecca and Medina as their two most holy cities, Jerusalem is always considered as a sacred place, for the Mahommedans reverence Christ, Moses, and Abraham. The capture of Jerusalem would therefore have a considerable religious effect because one of the strongest claims of the Sultan of Turkey to the position of Caliph, or head of the Moslem religion, is due to the fact that he has always been the guardian of the three holy cities.

"The King of Hedjez is, so far as we know, in indisputed possession of Mecca and Medina, and therefore the loss of Jerusalem, which has been in Mohammedan hands since 1243, more than 200 years before the fall of Constantinople, would mean the loss of the last three holy places."

Mr. Woods said that he did not believe that Turkey was in a position to make a separate peace, as German dominations in the empire is so strong that she must keep going with Germany.

When Ahmed Djemal Pasha, now leading the Turkish army opposed to the British forces, was Governor of Adana, Mr. Woods used to visit him and discuss with him over innumerable cups of coffee the local and general situation in Turkey. He said he was favorably impressed with the Governor and his régime.

After Mr. Woods's trip to Boston he will make a tour of the country. This is his first visit to the United States.

DOUBLES ITS CAPITAL.

Standard Oil Company of Louisiana Increases Stock to $10,000,000.

BATON ROUGE, La., Nov. 24.—The Standard Oil Company of Louisiana has filed with the Secretary of State papers increasing the corporation's capital stock from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000. The increase, Standard Oil Company officials stated, was largely to retire existing indebtedness.

The fee paid the State for doubling the stock was $2,500, said to be a record amount in Louisiana.

FOOD CROPS IN FRANCE WORST IN FIFTY YEARS

Country Depending Upon America for Soldiers to Release Workers for the Fields.

According to a statement recently made by the French Minister of Supply, this year's harvest in France has been the worst in fifty years. This has been due in part to the exceptionally severe weather last Winter, which did great damage to Autumn-sown crops, and even more largely to the disastrous Spring. Almost till the end of April continuous snow and frost prevented any adequate work being done in the fields, and the consequent rush that came in the last few weeks could not possibly be coped with by the laborers and their women folk still left on the land.

The decline in food output in France is made apparent by the following figures for the gross total production of wheat, maize, rye, barley, oats, potatoes and sugar beets:

	Bushels.
1914	1,057,000,000
1915	739,000,000
1916	793,000,000
1917	777,000,000

Discussing the shortage of labor, the Minister of Supply says: "Last year a slightly better season pulled the figures up somewhat, but the case is only too apparently one of deficiency in labor. Proportionately the recruitment of the French Army is much more largely from the land than in Great Britain, where the industrial centres, both under the volunteer system and the new service acts, have provided the bulk of the men for the army. Actually it is estimated by the Ministry of Agriculture that 8,000,000 people of both sexes—a fifth of the population—are employed on the land in France, and from their number at the time of the mobilization in 1914 3,000,000 of the best were taken. During the three years since that date the remnant, old men, unfit men, women and children, have had to carry on the work of this second line of national defense. They have worked heroically."

He believes that the only possible way to prevent an even worse state of affairs next year is to release from the army 750,000 men for the Winter and Spring plowing and sowing. "Their places," remarks the Minister, "it is hoped, will be taken by American troops, and in view of the decreasing tonnage the best service America can do this country at the present time is to give opportunity for the proper cultivation of its fields.

"It is estimated," he goes on to say, "that to make good the corn shortage 140,000,000 bushels will have to be imported, and advantage will of course be taken of the pooled system of purchase and transport worked through the Wheat Export Committee in New York."

As far as the civilian population is concerned, it is pointed out that things seem in some ways to have improved. Last winter coal rose to the exorbitant price of £10 a ton, and even at that price, when the Seine was frozen, it was difficult to get. This year every household has been provided with a coal card and, though the amount supplied is far from adequate, it may with the aid of wood be made to eke the winter out. Bread cards, giving an allowance of one pound per day per person, are being issued, while the quality has been improved. The third card-controlled item, sugar, has been reduced in allowance from 750 grams to 500 grams (about seventeen ounces) per month, a reduction which the Food Minister states will mean a saving of 150,000 tons, and a consequent available shipping space for 5,000,000 bushels of wheat.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Closing Session Is Strongest of the Week—Gains of 31 to 62 Points.

A week of strong and sustained price advances on the local cotton market came to a close yesterday with what was, perhaps, all things considered, the strongest session of the week. Prices advanced steadily throughout the short session on very strong trade buying, and the close was practically at the top, with the fourth new high record for the season made during the week in all the active months. The market was even broader and showed more sustained strength than on Friday, when part of the advance was due to short covering. December, for the first time in weeks, led the market, selling up within 30 points of the 30 cent level and closing at the top. The general list was up from 31 to 62 points.

The market opened at a decline of 2 points to an advance of 2 points, the irregularity being due to overnight selling orders, which were attributed to realizing attracted by the advance of Friday. These offerings were very quickly absorbed by the buying of brokers with Liverpool and domestic trade connections, however, and demand grew more general as prices worked higher. The absence of Southern selling attracted a good deal of attention as indicating continued firmness in the interior, and rumors of further British victories stimulated the demand later in the morning. January sold up to 28.90, or 38 points net higher, and later months showed net advances of 35 to 40 points. Closing prices were within 4 or 5 points of the best.

While the market seemed to derive its chief inspiration from the strength and activity of goods, and the disposition of manufacturers to hedge sales for forward delivery by purchases of futures, the advance was also promoted by small crop estimates. The Helena Board of Trade reported that crop estimates of sixty-four members averaged 10,575,000 bales, excluding linters. The annual estimate of The Commercial Appeal of Memphis was expected on Monday, and according to reports reaching here was likely to show a very small total. The Government's estimate of the crop is to be published on Dec. 11, and the market is evidently discounting an estimate of less than 11,000,000 bales, excluding linters. Manchester advices said that goods were in a strong position and reported a good demand from India.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Friday.
Dec.	28.08	29.10	28.02	28.87@28.89	29.05
Jan.	28.33	28.90	28.31	28.85@28.89	28.32
Feb.	..	..	..	28.60	28.25
March	28.20	28.60	28.18	28.53@28.60	28.29
April	..	..	..	28.37	28.06
May	27.98	28.39	27.98	28.32@28.39	28.01
June	..	..	..	28.22	27.93
July	27.81	28.19	27.81	28.16@28.19	27.79
Aug.	..	..	..	27.90	27.51

The local market for spot cotton was steady and 25 points higher at 30.30 for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 30.85; New Orleans, 28.50; Savannah, 28.50; Augusta, 29.25; Memphis, 29.25; Houston, 28.60; Little Rock, 28.94.

The following table, compiled by the Financial Chronicle, shows the statistical position of the cotton trade up to yesterday morning:

	Last Week, Bales.	Previous Week, Bales.	Last Year, Bales.
Port receipts	202,316	206,586	240,082
Since Aug. 1	2,644,097	2,441,781	3,644,262
Port stocks	1,165,976	1,122,281	1,452,146
Interior receipts	347,107	349,333	343,037
Since Aug. 1	3,484,516	3,139,409	4,746,898
Interior shipments	255,809	265,081	299,343
Interior stocks	1,108,162	1,016,264	1,274,398
Amount brought into sight	428,717	419,154	449,537
Since Aug. 1	5,238,537	4,809,620	6,627,359
Northern spinners' takings	99,120	122,418	134,561
Since Aug. 1	783,477	634,357	1,176,608
Southern consumption	80,000	80,000	79,000
Since Aug. 1	1,413,000	1,333,000	1,306,000
Exports to Great Britain	30,406	70,559	70,739
Since Aug. 1	973,436	943,596	1,124,577
Exports to France	5,496	21,683	7,472
Since Aug. 1	290,750	258,445	252,017
Exports to Continent	88,032	19,393	51,062
Since Aug. 1	416,214	370,132	771,084
Tot'l week's exports	121,857	109,640	129,273
Total exports since Aug. 1	1,654,440	1,534,443	2,260,658
World's visible supply	4,068,151	3,851,699	5,225,149
Of which Amer.	3,101,151	2,949,618	4,345,149
Liverpool stocks	482,000	474,000	672,000
Continental stocks	254,000	238,000	444,000
New York stocks	104,201	94,134	136,442
New Orl. stocks	234,908	238,230	464,416
On shipboard waiting clearance	17,175	167,913	195,664

BRITISH AND FRENCH GRIP ON SLACKERS

Text of Agreement Signed in Paris Shows Firmness of the New Policy.

SUGGESTED AS MODEL HERE

Draft Officials Hope Washington Will Start Move for Similar Understandings.

An agreement between Great Britain and France recognizing the liability to military service of British subjects in France and French citizens in British territory was signed in Paris in October. Copies of this agreement have just reached here from official sources, and the text indicates plainly how firm is the determination of both Governments to prevent slackers of either nationality, no matter where they may be, from escaping their military duties.

The agreement is in nine sections. Here is the text:

His Britannic Majesty's Government and the Government of the French Republic, being convinced that it is in the interest of their respective countries that, for the better prosecution of this present war, British subjects now residing in France and French citizens now residing in Great Britain shall either return to their own country to perform military service in its army or shall serve in the army of the country in which they remain, have concluded the following agreement:

ARTICLE 1.

Every male British subject in France who at the date of the signing of this agreement has attained the age of 18 and has not attained the age of 41, and who, if he were for the time being resident in Great Britain, would be liable for service in the British Army, and every male French citizen in Great Britain who, at the date of this agreement, has reached the age of 18 and has not reached the age of 41, and who, being liable by the law of France to serve in the French Army, has been summoned by the competent French authority to present himself for service in France, shall either return to his own country or shall become liable for service in the army of the country in which he remains.

Provided that no male British subject in France between the ages of 18 and 41 and no male French citizen in Great Britain between the ages of 18 and 41 shall be regarded by the French Government and the British Government, respectively, as excepted from the operation of this article on the ground of non-liability to military service by law of his own country unless he holds a certificate of such non-liability issued to him by or on behalf of the British Ambassador in Paris and the French Ambassador in London, respectively.

ARTICLE 2.

For the purposes of this agreement persons possessing both French and British nationality shall be considered as possessing exclusively the nationality of the country in which they are at the date of this agreement.

ARTICLE 3.

The British Ambassador in Paris and the French Ambassador in London shall be respectively entitled in any special case to issue a certificate of exemption to a British subject remaining in France and a French citizen remaining in Great Britain from liability to military service in that country.

ARTICLE 4.

The holder either of a certificate of non-liability given under the proviso to Article 1, or of a special certificate of exemption given under Article 3 who does not elect to return to his own country shall not be required to serve in the army of the country in which he remains.

ARTICLE 5.

Every male British subject in France between the ages of 18 and 41 who has not left France for Great Britain within thirty days after the date of the Order in Council enforcing this agreement in Great Britain and who does not hold either a certificate of non-liability given under the proviso to Article 1, or a special certificate of exemption given under Article 3 hereof, and every male French citizen in Great Britain who, at the date of the Order in Council applying this agreement in Great Britain and who does not hold either a certificate of non-liability given under the proviso to Article 1 or a special certificate of exemption given under Article 3 hereof, shall become liable, on the expiration of this period, to serve in the French or British Army respectively.

Neither the French Government nor the British Government shall be under any obligation to pay the expenses of the return of a British subject from France to Great Britain or of a French citizen from Great Britain to France, but opportunities shall be given by the competent authorities to every British subject in France and every French citizen in Great Britain who may wish to return to his own country in accordance with the provisions of Article 1 of this agreement.

ARTICLE 6.

This agreement shall not apply to any French citizen in Great Britain who came to Great Britain after the 1st of August, 1914, or who at a subsequent date deserted from the French Army after service with the colors, and His Majesty's Government will, at the request of the French Government, use every lawful means to secure that any such persons shall forthwith return to France.

ARTICLE 7.

The French Government may take such steps as are necessary by law to secure that any British subject in France who under the terms of this agreement becomes liable to serve in the French Army shall so serve, and the British Government may take such steps as are necessary by law to secure that any French citizen in Great Britain who under the terms of this agreement becomes liable to serve in the British Army shall so serve.

Provided that any subject or citizen of either contracting party liable under the terms of this agreement to serve or serving in the army of the other contracting party shall be treated in regard to conditions of service, pay, allowance, pensions, rights of exemption on medical or other grounds, medical re-examination, and discharge, in all respects in the same manner as a subject or citizen of the county in which he is for the time being resident.

ARTICLE 8.

This agreement shall also apply to any male British subject in France and to any male French citizen in Great Britain who, being under the age of 18 at the date of the agreement, attains the age of 18 during the continuance of the war, with the modification that in any such case liability to serve in the French or British Army, respectively, shall not arise till thirty days after the attainment of the age of 18.

ARTICLE 9.

The liability to military service in the French Army imposed on British subjects under this agreement, and the liability to military service in the British Army imposed on French citizens under this agreement, shall cease upon the determination of the present war.

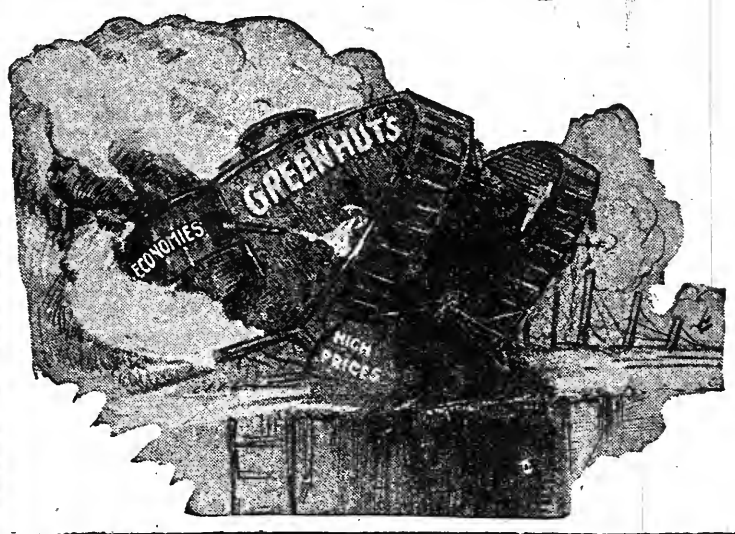
In faith whereof the undersigned, duly authorized to that effect by their respective Governments, have signed the present agreement and have affixed thereto their seals.

Done at Paris in duplicate, this 4th day of October, 1917.

(Signed) BERTIE OF THAME,
RIBOT.

Officials charged with the administration of the selective draft law of the United States hope that an agreement along similar lines to the Franco-British agreement will be entered into between the United States and Entente nations, which would render subject to the American law thousands of the subjects and citizens of the allied nations now resident in this country. The agreement, if entered into, it is stated, will affect only those nationals of the allied countries who are of the legal draft age—that is, men between 21 and 31 years of age. Roger B. Wood, Draft Director for New York City, is one of the officials in favor of an arrangement which will make possible the drafting of foreigners other than Germans living in this country.

Another Big Popular Victory



Day by day, Greenhut's popular Big Store achieves victory against the un-democratic forces of high prices and the rising cost of living.

We are in the war against high prices to "a finish." To bring about a triumphant close to the battle, we shall devote our every resource and our every mercantile weapon.

On the side of people of moderate means, and of those whose income has been cut down, register the name in bold letters:

GREENHUT'S.

All Charge Purchases Made during the remainder of this month will be entered on bills rendered January 1st.

Where Goods Advertised Are Not Sold Out on Monday, the Special Prices Are Extended to Tuesday's Selling.

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE" "Meet me at the Fountain"
SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

Sale Monday and Tuesday

$14.75 to $18.00 COATS In a Great Underprice Offering, at $12.75

These and Other Smart Styles at $12.75

This Sale will solve the Winter Coat problem for scores of our patrons.

In this underprice distribution we offer an excellent variety of Coats for Women and Misses in popular styles and fabrics at a record low price.

Only 250 Coats in this entire offering, and they may all be sold tomorrow,—therefore don't delay.

Not only are these Coats good-looking, but they are splendidly made of the following popular materials.

THIBETS and HEAVY COATINGS in Oxford, Brown, and Navy; also Black.

THREE OF THE STYLES ARE PICTURED,—but there are many others for your choice.

Smartest style features are exhibited,—large square and cape convertible collars, novelty belts, pockets, and cuffs, effective trimming of velvet and buttons.

All sizes for Misses and Women,—every bust measure up to 44.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Thanksgiving Linens
At Lowest Prices

Quotations such as you surely do not expect during the war, when prices on white goods of all kinds are highest. Greenhut's, however, offer these specials for Monday and Tuesday:

$1 Scarfs—lace trimmed; sideboard and dresser scarfs; many pretty patterns; some with medallion centers; each 59c.

98c Table Damask—70-inch; mercerized; slight mill imperfections; extra heavy quality; yd., 59c.

Embroidered Pillow Cases—scalloped and hemstitched; only 1,000 in the lot; each 38c.

Turkish Towels—Plain white or fancy colored towels in stripes and plaid; each 25c.

40c White Dotted Muslin—fine quality in short lengths of 2 to 6 yards; wide width; small and medium dots; yd., 25c.

59c White Union Linen Waistings—popular handkerchief weight; corded stripe and checked union linen, for shirt waists and fine underwear; imported from Manchester; yd., 29c.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Thanksgiving Silver

Inexpensive but handsome and serviceable Tableware, at prices not to be matched elsewhere.

Quadruple Plated Bread Trays—choice of three designs; plain, ribbon or flower; at $1.50.

Quadruple Plated Nut Bowls—butler finish; with flowered border and squirrel on top; bowl is gold lined, set on feet; at $3.95.

Quadruple Plated Baskets—for fruit or flowers; polished silver with gray flower border; pierced design with handle; at $9.50.

Quadruple Plated Fruit Bowls—pierced, highly polished silver; at $3.95.

Quadruple Plated Tea Sets—made by Biggens-Rogers Co.; Colonial shape, with ribbon design; shield for monogram; set consists of tea pot, sugar bowl, creamer and spoon holder; at $10.

Chest of Simeon L. & George H. Rogers A1 Plate Ware—floral or Colonial design; will give excellent service for years; the drawer chest contains 6 tea spoons, 6 table spoons, 6 knives, 1 sugar shell, 1 butter knife; at $6.20.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Economies in Upholsteries

$24.50 Portieres—Exquisite new styles—sale, a pair.....$19.75

Made of fine quality Velour; open front edges, French style effect in various color combinations,—rose and gold, green and gold, rose and blue, red and green, brown and blue, green and green.

Imported Lace Curtains—made of fine quality Lacet Arab Lace; mounted on heavy cable net.

Regularly	Sale Price	Regularly	Sale Price
$8.75	$6.25	$9.75	$8.25
9.50	7.75	12.75	10.25

RUGS AND CARPETS AT SAVINGS

Choice selections of artistic Floor Coverings, very much below price.

Axminster Rugs—Size 9 x 12. Regularly	Sale Price	Velvet Rugs—Size 9 x 12. Regularly	Sale Price
$44.50	$37.50	$39.50	$32.50
39.50	29.50	26.50	19.50
29.50	24.50		

Velvet Carpet—regularly $1.39; sale, yd.....$1.19
Tapestry Carpet—regularly 69c; sale, yd.....59c
Tapestry Carpet—regularly 59c; sale, yd.....44c

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Seal Plushes
Extraordinarily Low Priced

$19.50 PLUSHES Sale, Yd., $11.50

$7.95 PLUSHES Sale, Yd., $5.00

Only because these are mill remnants are we enabled to offer them at 25 to 33 1-3 per cent. off their regular price.

By special request we withhold the name of the makers, but suffice it to say that these plushes come from America's greatest mill. They are offered in 2 to 9 yard lengths, and the length you want will be cut to your order.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

3-Piece LIVING ROOM SUITES

Exceptionally Low Priced at $45

You couldn't imagine a greater bargain,—one possible only at Greenhut's.

The Suite is covered in two-tone velour, and there are four colors from which to select. The frames are made of Birch, finished in a rich mahogany color. Cane panels in back. Material, finish and workmanship is good, and at the price offered the entire suite is a most exceptional value.

SMOKERS' STANDS $2 up.

Nothing more acceptable for the lover of the weed.

Stand at $4.75 has cabinet to accommodate a box of cigars. Rubbed and polished; heavy brass trimmings. Two cigar rests; glass ash tray and match-box holder. Lower shelf has four holes for pipes. Golden Oak, Mahogany finish or Fumed Oak.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Conservatory Specials

Hyacinth Bulbs; all colors; extra large size; doz..65c

Tulips; all colors; double and single; doz. 25c

Crocuses; all colors; doz..15c

Paper White Narcissus; large size; doz. 50c

Mixed Narcissus; choice sorts; doz. 45c

Pans of Table Ferns for table centre 45c

A complete stock of Palms, Ferns and Foliage Plants; also Singing and Mating Canaries; Gold Fish, etc., and all supplies.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

To Roast Your Turkey Properly You Need A

"Lisk" Roaster

With one of these roasters you needn't have any anxiety as to how the bird will turn out from the oven. It bastes itself. The vaporized moisture of the roast collects on the top of the roaster, dropping down in a shower of gravy.

The "Lisk" roaster is seamless and sanitary. It comes in Imperial Gray and Turquoise Blue.

(Imperial Gray) Size	Price
0	$2.50
1	3.50
2	3.75
3	4.00

(Turquoise Blue) Size	Price
0	$2.85
1	3.90
2	4.15
3	4.35

Sheet Iron Self-Basting Covered Roasting Pans—size 9x14, regularly 46c, at 39c; size 10x16, regularly 60c, at 49c.

Silver Royal Self-Basting Roasting Pans—made of the highest grade blue steel:

Size	Regularly	Sale Price
10x14	$1.50	$1.35
11x16	1.65	1.50
12x17	1.80	1.60
12x19	2.00	1.80

Bread Knife—flatted edge; at 15c.
Nickel Plated Poultry Scissors—at $1.00.
Bosette Irons—for making patties; 55c.
$1.25 Vacuum Bottle—1 pint; $1.
$2 Carving Sets—3 pieces: knife, fork and steel, made of best Sheffield steel, with 9-inch blade; stag horn handle; $1.50.
$2.40 Carving Sets—3 pieces; finest American steel; 9-inch blade; white celluloid handle; $2.
$2.60 Climax Bread Mixers—2 to 6 loaf size; $2.39.

"WEAR EVER" ALUMINUM WARE.
$3.95 Seamless Self-Basting Roasting Pans—size 10x14; $3.25.
$4.80 Seamless Self-Basting Roasting Pans—size 11x15; $3.75.
$1.24 Berlin Sauce Pans—with cover and handle; 3 quart; 98c.
$1.67 Berlin Sauce Pans—with cover and handle; 4 quart; $1.50.
$1.71 Seamless Roasting Pans—size 10x14; at $1.50.
72c. Frying Pans—with long handle; 7-inch; at 65c.
$1.10 Frying Pans—with long handle; 8-inch; at 98c.
$1.42 Frying Pans—with long handle; 10-inch; at $1.30.
Other Makes of Aluminum Ware.
$3 Tea Kettles—flat bottom; wood grip handle; 5 quart, $2.
$1.35 Berlin Sauce Pans—cover and long handle; 3 quart, 89c.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Dinner Sets, China & Glassware
Wherewith to Decorate Your Thanksgiving Table

American Porcelain Dinner Sets—100 pieces; dainty pink spray decorations; (subject to manufacturer's imperfections); at $9.95.

American Porcelain Dinner Sets—100 pieces; light blue and red band border, with gold handle; $17.95.

American Porcelain Dinner Sets—open stock; 100 pieces; gold lace border design, with gold handles; regularly $34.95; at $20.95.

$38.50 English Porcelain Dinner Sets—100 pieces; black and white border, with pink roses; at $20.

$1.95 Fancy China Salad Sets—assortment of decorations for choice; $1.45.
$1.10 Olive Sets—at 79c.
79c. Nut Sets—at 59c.
59c. Nut Sets—at 39c.
$1.95 Cake Sets—at $1.48.
$1.69 Chocolate Sets—golden floral decorations; $1.25.
$3.25 Chocolate Sets—daintily decorated; all pieces stippled in gold; at $2.50.
$2.25 Tea Sets—floral decoration, with pink and green band; at $1.75.
$4.50 Poultry Sets—in American Porcelain; nicely decorated; at $2.95.

ENGRAVED GLASSWARE—extra fine quality; very dainty style; needle etching; priced as follows:

$2.25 Whiskey Glasses—dozen, $1.90.
$4.75 Footed Sherbet Glasses—dozen, $3.45.
$4.50 Wine Glasses—dozen, $3.25.
$4.75 Cocktail Glasses—dozen, $3.49.
$5.10 Saucer Champagne Glasses—dozen, $3.75.
$5.10 Goblets—dozen, $3.75.
$6.50 Finger Bowls—dozen, $4.95.

Sale Monday and Tuesday

Thanksgiving Groceries, Turkeys and "Fixins"

Everything Guaranteed strictly fresh and best quality, full weight and measure. Prompt City and Suburban deliveries. Mail and telephone orders filled. Telephone Chelsea 4000.

Young Turkeys and Fresh Meats

Delivered to any address in the city and suburbs reached by our Delivery Wagons. Fancy dry-picked Turkeys, Fancy Wisconsin Geese and Ducks, Philadelphia Capons, Roasting Chickens and fancy poultry for the Thanksgiving feast. Sale at lowest market prices. All Turkeys, Meats, etc., are re-weighed and re-checked, guaranteeing the purchaser full weight and perfect condition. None sent C. O. D.

Poultry Seasoning
FOUNTAIN POULTRY SEASONING—can..... 18c
LEAF HERBS—all varieties; pkg. 5c

Olives
LARGE QUEEN OLIVES—gallon jar, $1.65; quart jar..... 49c

White Potatoes
FANCY VIRGINIA NEW POTATOES—bushel, 60 lbs., $2.00; peck, 15 lbs..... 53c

Our Own Roasting
FANCY MARACAIBO COFFEE—10 lbs., $1.35; 5 lbs..... $1
GUADABALI BLEND COFFEE—3 lbs., $1; lb. 35c

New Vegetables
FANCY SWEET POTATOES—5-qt. basket..... 55c
FANCY WHITE or YELLOW ONIONS—5-qt. basket..... 63c
FANCY CAPE COD CRANBERRIES—5-qt. bskt., 70c; quart..... 15c

Thanksgiving Apples
KING DAVID APPLES—bright, juicy fruit; doz..... 45c
DELICIOUS APPLES—large, red, juicy fruit; box, 100, $3.95; dozen..... 60c
JONATHAN APPLES—bright, red, juicy fruit; box, 163, $2.25; dozen..... 25c

Sweet Cider
Gallon jug, 69c; large bottle... 20c

Thanksgiving Dinner Baskets

They save your time and cost less than you would pay if you personally selected each of the items included in the basket.

Can Condensed Soup
Dry Picked Chicken
Package Poultry Seasoning
Two quarts White Potatoes
New Yellow Turnip
Quart New Onions
Package New Macaroni
Can Baked Beans—No. 2 size
Package Crisp Soda Biscuits
Four Ripe, Sweet Oranges
Pound New Mixed Nuts
Half Pound Ground Coffee

All packed in basket for **$2.50**

Give your order now. The baskets will be delivered on or before Wednesday, Nov. 28. None Sent C. O. D.

New Canned Foods

Fountain Marrowfat Peas
Fountain New Spinach
Fountain Selected Lima Beans
Fountain Cut Stringless Beans
Silver Lake Strawberry Beets
Harpoon Cut Wax Beans
Thomas' Pork & Beans
Fountain Sauerkraut

Dozen, each or assorted, $2.10
No. 2 size can, 18c

Thanksgiving Nuts

FANCY MIXED NUTS—2 lbs.. 49c
BEST MIXED NUTS—3½ lbs., $1; lb..... 28c
CHOICE MIXED NUTS—2 lbs.. 44c
SOFT SHELL WALNUTS—3½ lbs., $1; lb..... 30c
NEW BLACK WALNUTS—5 lbs., 48c; 2 lbs..... 20c
SOFT SHELL ALMONDS—3 lbs., $1; lb..... 35c
CALIFORNIA ALMONDS—3½ lbs., $1; lb..... 30c

Teas

MIXED TEAS or ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA—3 lbs., $1; lb..... 35c
INDIA-CEYLON TEA—Fountain blend, imported in sealed cans; reg. $1 1-lb. can..... 88c

Selected Eggs
Dozen in carton..... 47c
None delivered.

Thanksgiving Raisins
MALAGA LAYER RAISINS—carton, 45c, 40c and..... 35c
SEEDED RAISINS—Fountain quality; doz., $2.10; pkg..... 18c

California Sweet Oranges
Extra fancy; dozen..... 50c
Large size; 3 doz., $1; doz. 35c
Medium size; 4 doz., $1; doz. 28c

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department, or for $2 in Cash at the S&H Office on the Fifth Floor. We Give S&H Green Trading Stamps, as Usual. Ask for Them. Double S&H Stamps Till 12 o'Clock. Single S&H Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

Section 3

Classified Advertisements
Per Agate Line.

Agents Wanted	.50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	.40c
Automobile Exchange	.40c
Boarders and Board Wanted	.30c
Business Opportunities	.50c
Country Board	.40c
Employment Agencies	.50c

The New York Times.

Classified Advertisements
Per Agate Line.

For Sale	.50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	.30c
Help Wanted	.30c
Lost and Found	.50c
Mortgage Loans	.50c
Houses to Let, Real Estate, and Farms	.40c
Situations Wanted	.25c

Section 3

RE — SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1917. — RE

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LIBERAL REWARD.
Heirloom, 3½-inch diamond platinum bar pin, graduated stones, lost from dress going to opera, Nov. 12, 58 Central Park West, Coban's Theatre. Apthorpe Apartments. Telephone Columbus 4068.

LOST.—Will party who took box of furs from auto at 34th St. and Madison Av., Thursday, Nov. 22, between 4 and 5 P. M., get in communication with chauffeur? Will pay liberal reward for return of same and positively no questions asked. Chauffeur, care of 84th St. Garage, 157 East 84th St.

LOST.—Tuesday night, suitcase, stenciled R. B. Y., containing clothing, &c., probably fell off taxi on Amsterdam Av., between 78th and 115th Sts. Reward if notified. Rector 9289. Extension 55.

LOST.—Saturday, at Ritz-Carlton, between the 46th St. entrance and the room off main dining room, or ladies' dressing room, flexible diamond bracelet, small black stones on either side; liberal reward. Mrs. A. L. Lowenstein, 260 West 72d.

LOST—Saturday afternoon, about 1 o'clock, large tan handbag containing watch, scarfpin, bank book, &c.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Return to Hilliker, 210 Madison Av.

LOST.—A kolinsky stole, in the vicinity of 20th St., on Tuesday morning; reward. Mrs. Emott Buel, Interior Decorator, 20 East 48th St., City.

LOST.—Nose glasses in black case, near or on Broadway car, Monday night, Gaiety Theatre; reward offered. Phone Schuyler 7605.

LOST.—Rialto Theatre, Friday evening, black beaded bag, containing eyeglasses, aluminum case, three keys, gloves, small change; reward. Mrs. Wm. Considine, 10 West 61st St.

LOST.—On 14th St., Friday afternoon, between 5th Av. and Union Square, Irish terrier puppy; reward. Francis F. Fulton, 20 East 14th St.

LOST—Muff, squirrel fur, dyed brown, in taxi, Grand Central, Tuesday. Return R. F. Cutting, 32 Nassau St.; reward $15.

LOST.—Diamond link bracelet, Justine Johnstone's Club or Joan Sawyer's. Communicate Columbus 5758 for reward.

LOST.—A sealskin collar, Booth Theatre, Nov. 21. Liberal reward. Watson, H. O., Plaza Hotel.

LOST.—Opera glasses at Hudson Theatre, Thursday; liberal reward. P. H. Senior, 362 Riverside Drive. Phone 692 Academy.

LOST.—In Harlem, hand bag, containing servant's wages and ring; reward. Dwyer, 51 East 129th.

LOST—Long sable collar, in taxicab, Wednesday evening; reward if returned to 24 East 84th St.

LOST.—At Astor Theatre, Saturday matinee, sealskin muff, containing gloves marked Carlton. Reward if returned to box office.

LOST—Friday afternoon, pearl sapphire earring; reward. Vickery, 306 West 93d St. Riverside 5404.

LOST—Diamond ring, 59th-62d, Central Park West, Thursday; reward. E. B., Col. 1952.

REWARD of $100 for return of Hudson seal coat or kolinsky scarf; $25 for clue leading to recovery of above; these articles were taken from 179 Madison Av. Oct. 22; owner no desire to arrest, merely requests return of furs. Phone Cortlandt 7768 or Murray Hill 5030.

REWARD.—Blue enamel box set with seed, Wednesday night, 64th St., Metropolitan, Warrington Apts., 161 Madison Av.

$5 REWARD.—Beaver cuff, between 80th and 85th Sts., Madison and Lexington Avs., Friday morning. 1,042 Madison Av.

$250 REWARD for police dog lost about Oct. 6 from train between Lake Clear and White Plains, N. Y.; answers to name "Boris"; very timid. Reply to N. W. Scott, Homestead Hotel, Hot Springs, Va.

FOUND.

FOUND.—Purse, 116th subway station, 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon; identify. R 82 Times.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

STRAYED.—Tailless cat, seven days ago; reward. 749 Madison Av.

LOST AND FOUND.

Other Lost and Found Advertisements may be found on next to last page, First News Section.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

Fireproof Elevator Apartments.
Three rooms, kitchen, bath........$660
Three rooms, kitchen bath........780
Two rooms, kitchen, bath........840
H. H. HOLLAND, Agent, on premises.

18TH ST., 244 EAST.—One or two large, sunny rooms, in private house, facing Stuyvesant Park.

28TH ST., 140-142 EAST, Gramercy Park Section; housekeeping apartments, 7 rooms and bath, $840; 9 rooms and bath, $1,020. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Telephone 5700 John.

28 EAST 28TH ST.
Two rooms, bath, with maid service.

52 EAST 34TH ST.
1, 2, 3 rooms and bath; modern.

36TH ST., 133 EAST.—To sublet, unfurnished, a very desirable apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths; $1,650.

39TH ST., 49 EAST, (Plaza Studios.)—Large, bright parlor, bedroom and bath; hot water, steam heat, electricity, and elevator service. Phone Plaza 1946.

39TH, 48 EAST, (cor. Madison Av.)—Eight corner rooms; modern improvements; $900; also 7 rooms on Madison Av., $600.

A two-room and bath apartment; $45; new, modern, maid service included; 489 Fourth Av., near 33d St.; central location. ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Tel. 1100 Murray Hill.

CORNER apartment; six rooms and bath; elevator; telephone; $65. 138 East 94th St.

HIGH-CLASS NEW APARTMENTS,
59 East 34th St.; 2 rooms, bath; $70, $75.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

HOFFMAN ARMS,
660 Madison Avenue, cor. 59th Street.
3 to 8 rooms; reduced rentals.
Large, light rooms and baths; restaurant.

MADISON AV., 173, (Between 33d and 34th Sts.)—Three rooms and bath, non-housekeeping apartments, $1,200; elevator, telephone, resident maid and valet; meals served in rooms if desired. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

MADISON AV., 780, (Near 66th St.)—2 rooms and bath, nonhousekeeping; maid, catering and elevator service; $750 to $1,400. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 414 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 5600.

PARK AV., 446, (just off 57th.)—Small apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; can be leased for one year or longer at $1,000 per year. Apply premises or Plaza 6143.

Unfurnished—West Side.

12TH, 51 WEST.—Studio, north and skylight, dressing room, bath; $60. Duross.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 5106.

30TH, 48 WEST.—2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette, $35, including electricity, gas, also smaller apartment, similar conditions, $70.

54TH ST., 162 WEST.—TO SUBLET, UNFURNISHED, FOUR OUTSIDE ROOMS WITH LARGE FOYER. CARROLL.

56TH, (near 7th Av.)—Three rooms, kitchenette; $40. Apply Carnegie Hall, 839.

58TH, 158 WEST.—Four all light, southern exposure, complete housekeeping, elevator apartment; exclusive neighborhood; $100.

58TH, 193 WEST.—Attractive second floor, private house; three rooms, bath, kitchenette; $100.

63TH, 136 WEST, ("Shropshire.")—One apartment, 2 rooms and bath, all improvements, parquet floors; rent $45 a month, with lease to Oct. 1, 1918; references required.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

68TH, 76 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large and small rooms; conveniences; subway, "L."

70TH ST., 236 WEST.—TO SUBLET, A FINE, FIVE-ROOM APARTMENT IN A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE; ELEVATOR; BEST SERVICE.

70TH ST., 239 WEST.—Unfurnished parlor and basement floors, extension, bath; permanent tenant, quiet tastes desired.

240 WEST 72D ST.
Apartments of one, two, and three rooms and bath, steam heat, electric lights, furnished or unfurnished. Apply on premises or Duross Company, 156 Broadway.

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2028.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive 2-room suite, all improvements; maid service; references. Owner.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large secondatory room, bath; steam heated; meals optional.

79TH, (overlooking Hudson.)—Sublet, unfurnished, 10 months' lease, six rooms and maid quarters; $90 month. Schuyler 7114.

90TH, 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms with kitchenette and bath.

92D ST., 257 WEST, (between Broadway and West End Av.)—7 rooms and bath; one block from subway station.

95TH, 171 WEST.—Desirable furnished room; suitable two; conveniences. Apt. 4 West.

96TH, 166 WEST.—Suite, 3 sunny front; steam; attractive single; subway express station and 9th Av. "L." Lester.

103D, 112 WEST.—High class 5 rooms, electricity, telephone; near subway, "L"; $40.

68 WEST 107TH ST.—THE MIDETTE.
Five rooms, private halls, every convenience; high-grade service, day and night elevator and telephone service; responsible private families only; house under owner's supervision; rents $40 to $45. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

110TH, 225 WEST—DAWSON ARMS.
High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms; facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

110TH ST., Northwest Corner 7th Av.—Nine rooms and 3 baths, overlooking Central Park; fireproof; 1 block to "L" subway, and cars. William F. Fuerst, Inc., Agent, 87 Nassau St.

111TH, 318 WEST—TRINITY COURT.
High-class elevator apartment, 7 rooms; parquet flooring throughout; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

112TH ST., (near Riverside.)—7 light, airy rooms; sublet. Y 202 Times Annex.

115TH, 601 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment, six rooms, two baths, to let to Oct. 1; concession. McCullough.

118TH, 208 WEST.—6 rooms, 3d floor, all direct light, all improvements; $33 to $34; Central and Morningside Park; subway, L. Janitor.

124TH ST., 527-529 WEST, (near B'way and Columbia College.)—Exceptionally fine apartments, 4-5 rooms; well-kept house; bath, steam, elevator, telephone; $43 month up.

147TH, 561 WEST, (The Edwin.)—Northeast corner Broadway, a beautiful large, light, 7-room apartment, facing Broadway; all improvements, elevator; rent $67.50.

149TH, 560 WEST.—Seven-room apartment, 4 flights; steam, hot water; $40.

160TH, 400 WEST, (corner Edgecombe Av.)—Sublet 4 rooms in Roger Morris elevator apartment; near subway and elevated.

160TH, 665 WEST.—Beautiful 6-room apartment with 2 baths to sublet; good concessions. Apply Apartment 6G.

169TH, 96 WEST, (Bronx.)—Nine large rooms, sun parlor; 2-family house, all improvements, janitor service; rent, $45.

Apartment 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, $50. Chippendale, 45 West 47th. Phone Bryant 5525.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS, NO. 71 WASHINGTON PLACE.—One room, shower and toilet in a unique and exclusive house; rental $60. Apply on premises or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar Street. Phone 5700 John.

BROADWAY, S. E. COR. 160TH ST.
Six, eight large, light rooms, high-class, elevator, electricity; complete service; low rentals. Superintendent on premises.

CENTRAL PARK SOUTH, 230.—Duplex apartment, 9 rooms, 2 baths; electric lights, steam heat, fireplaces, just completely renovated; very large living room, north light; suitable for studio; can be seen Sunday afternoon, 3 until 5 o'clock, or Monday and Tuesday between 10:30 and 1.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, $45-$55.
274-276 West 19th St., 5 and 6 all light rooms.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST., OR SUPT.

HIGH CLASS.
Elevator apartment, 5, 6, 8 rooms, rent reasonable. 41 Convent Av., office.

JEWISH family desires to let floor private house, 100th St. and West End Av. Inquire 226 West 105th St.

LARGE SINGLE FLAT.
1,945 7th Av., (117th,) 7 rooms, bath, 2d fl., $65.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST., OR JANITOR.

MIRAMAR ELEVATOR APARTMENT,
612 West 137th, near Riverside Drive.
Six rooms, all light; rent reasonable.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 63 EAST, (near 121st St.)—7 very beautiful rooms facing Morningside Park; $45-$50. Inquire premises or Robert Levers, 776 Lenox Av.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 736, (151st St.)—Charming, sunny, modern apartment, six rooms, two baths; three rooms facing river; 4-C, $83.33, concession. Agent on premises. Audubon 4160.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240.—Two rooms, bath; outside, sunny, beautiful view of river. Apply Apartment 502, or phone Riverside 7696.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745, (152d.)—Seven outside rooms, sublet; exceptionally large chambers; $100.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

STEAM HEAT GUARANTEED.
5 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, $65.
40 MORNINGSIDE AV.,
N. E. Cor. West 118th St., Facing Park.
HENRY C. COLEMAN.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 723, (cor. 146th St.)—Corner apartment, 6 rooms and bath, elevator, &c.; rent, $62.50. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1077.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 342, (near 127th.)—5 rooms, hot water, newly renovated; $19-$21.

THE BROCKHOLST,
101 WEST 85TH ST.
High-class elevator apartments, eight rooms, 1 and 2 baths, $900 to $1,500.
Superintendent, on premises.

WADSWORTH AV., 86-88, (cor. 177th St.)—6 rooms, all conveniences; $29 to $40; Broadway subway, 181st St.; lowest rent Washington Heights.

WEST END AV., 826.—Light apartment in improved, quiet house; reasonable; gentlemen preferred.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

126 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NEAR 85TH ST.—Only 1 nine-room apartment left; light; choice location.

3 AND 5 WEST 104TH ST.
Beautiful elevator apartment, white enamel, 4 and 6 large rooms and bath, $40 and $60.

Long Island.

For Lease—A very desirable front 3-room apartment in the new apartment house known as "The Gardens Apartments" at Forest Hills Gardens, Long Island; 15 minutes from Herald Square; occupancy Dec. 1. See Supt. on premises, or address R. E. Van Cise, 214 East 22d St., N. Y. City.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 547, CORNER 45TH ST.
Choice corner apartment, 2 rooms and bath; fully furnished; elevator.
JOHN N. GOLDING,
9 Pine St. and 5th Av., corner 45th St.

15TH ST., EAST.—Handsomely furnished apartment in Gramercy Park section, containing 8 rooms, 2 baths, 4 open fireplaces; rent $360, including wages of servant who remains. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av., at 47th St.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Magnificently furnished two rooms, bath; every convenience. Murray Hill 9281. Merritt.

40TH ST., 142 EAST.—Six rooms, housekeeping; must sublet immediately; completely furnished. Telephone Murray Hill 7685.

55TH EAST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchen; from Dec. to May. Plaza 4418.

60TH ST., 37 EAST.—Studio apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, ample closets, linen, &c., $55. Apply L. Corning, between 12 and 5 P. M.

60S, (Near Park.)—Attractively furnished ten rooms, 3 baths, sunshine, open fires; rent, $450; references exchanged. Plaza 1422.

60TH ST., 16 EAST.—Exclusive, well appointed 2-room apt.; telephone, elevator, maid, meal service. Apt. 18. Redmond.

62D ST., 45 EAST.—Beautifully furnished apartment for rent.

64TH, 43 EAST.—Attractively furnished 3-room apartment; seen any time; $1,500 a year. Phone Miss Newlin, Plaza 6164.

69TH, 20 EAST.—Two rooms, bath, well furnished; $70 month; service. Rhinelander 8173.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

81ST ST., 75, Corner Park Av.—Seven sunny rooms, elegantly furnished; service unexcelled.

83D, 171 EAST.—Seven light rooms, handsomely furnished; high-class elevator apartment; $175; seen appointment. Frank. Harlem 376.

A NINE-ROOM, strictly high-class elevator apartment, completely furnished; maid's quarters; 2 blocks from Waldorf; $550 month. J 62 Times.

APARTMENT OF QUALITY,
THIRTY-FIVE HUNDRED;
reduced from $6,500; Fifth Av., facing Central Park; elegantly furnished.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
Murray Hill 4520. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED.
Choice localities; long, short leases.
4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1458.

APARTMENTS—Luxuriously furnished.
Studios, suites, 2 to 14 rooms, $200 month up.
THE FALCO,
Tel. Murray Hill 4383. 505 5th Av., (42d.)

APARTMENT, furnished, 3 rooms, kitchen, bath, Washington Square district. Phone for appointment, 10-5, Murray Hill 1244.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

ARTIST'S six-room apartment, complete. Telephone Gramercy 723.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED studio apartment; must sublet; light housekeeping or business; two rooms and bath; Madison and 48th; owner going abroad immediately; must sell complete furnishings; rent $60. Telephone Mason, Vanderbilt 4469, Monday. No agents.

BELOW 59TH.—7 rooms, 3 baths, very handsomely furnished. Appointment, Columbus 3974.

FIFTH AVENUE, FIFTIES.—Two immense rooms, bath, fireplace; just decorated; Italian period furniture, complete, artistic; additional rooms can be had, also servants; maid service and restaurant; rent $400 month. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av., at 47th St.

FIFTIES, NEAR PARK AVENUE.—3 master bedrooms with southern exposure, 3 baths; attractive furnishings; high-class, new building; asking $400 month, accept sacrifice offer now. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av., at 47th St.

FURNISHED apartments on Gramercy Park.
BOTH LARGE AND SMALL.
Gaines, Van Nostrand & Morrison, Inc.,
25 East 26th St. Phone Madison Square 337.

Gramercy District.—Charming 8-room apartment, furnished, antique mahogany, wicker, chintz; steam heat, 4 open fireplaces, fine library, 21-foot living and dining rooms, 3 master bedrooms; fine French cook remains. Phone 4125 Stuyvesant for appointment.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DUPLEX apartment, containing 12 rooms; studio living room 20x32, 4 master bedrooms, 4 servants' rooms, all very large and light; rent $3,900, Dec. 1 to June 1. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av., at 47th St.

HANDSOME 6-room apartment, Murray Hill district; moderate. Apply 144 East 40th St.

HATFIELD HOUSE,
103 EAST 29TH ST.
2-3 rooms, bath; southern exposure; hotel service; breakfast served; rent moderate.

IDEAL HOME,
East 16th St.—Large rooms, open fireplaces, beautifully furnished; $300 a month, including maid service; immediate possession. Wilson, J 78 Times.

IRVING PLACE, 77, (Gramercy Park Section.)—Two rooms and bath, furnished in good taste; nonhousekeeping, with service; meals served in rooms if desired. Apply on premises, or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 CEDAR ST. TEL. JOHN 5700.

MADISON AV., 507, (Between 52d and 53d Sts.)—One good-sized, well-furnished combination living and bedroom with bathroom, quiet; southern exposure; maid and restaurant service; $65 month for balance of lease, to Oct. 1, 1918. Apply superintendent, on premises.

MADISON AV., 780, (near 66th St.)—Two rooms and bath; non-housekeeping; maid, catering, and elevator service; $1,000 to $2,000. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 414 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 5600.

MADISON AV., 222, (36th.)—Parlor and bedroom, with private bath, combined.

ONE ROOM, kitchenette apartment, with bath, furnished, in Woolsey apartment house; $75 per month. S 64 Times.

PARK AVENUE, FIFTIES.—7 rooms in imposing new building; restaurant service; very light; art furnishings, finest condition; asking $4,500 balance of year. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av., at 47th St.

PARK AVENUE, in the sixties; 10 rooms and 3 baths, completely furnished; 5th floor corner apartment. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Phone 5700 John.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST.
Sublet handsomely furnished, 2 or 3 room corner apartment. Also single room.

To Sublet.—Handsomely furnished apartment, upper Fifth Av., overlooking Central Park, 3 rooms, 2 baths; every room outside, and flooded with sunshine and light and air; open fireplaces; season or year. Telephone 3605 Lenox, or Box X 351 Times Annex.

TO SUBLET—Small furnished apartment; very attractive. THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

5TH AV., (shopping centre.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, maid service; immense living room, dining room, kitchen, two bedrooms, bath; six months, $275 monthly. Phone Madison Square 7894, 11-2, after 6 P. M.

23D ST., 222 WEST, CHELSEA HOTEL.—Stockholder's apartment, No. 86, exquisitely furnished, for rent by the year; four rooms, bath, closets, and small kitchen. Apply for terms to Marsh & Wever, 42 Broadway; present tenant will show.

34TH ST., 140 WEST.—Three large outside rooms, bath; eight windows; southern exposure; fireplace; $75; references; service. Greeley 4851.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths, single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

37TH, 11½ WEST.—Four rooms, kitchenette, bath, beautifully furnished, $275, to reliable people.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 132 WEST, (Felix Portland.)—Desirable suites, 2 rooms and bath; extremely reasonable; special monthly rates; American, European plan.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Completely furnished bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80-$100; service. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.

47 WEST 49TH STREET.
Two and one-room suites; private baths; also single rooms; well furnished; electricity, elevator.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; handsomely furnished. Dwyer.

51ST, Near 5th Av.—2 beautiful rooms; bath, electricity; references. Circle 2883.

52D, 8 WEST.—5-room apartment, beautifully furnished, all conveniences; reasonable.

54TH ST., 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsomely furnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath and 3 rooms with 2 baths; sunny rooms; steam heat.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Going South immediately, sublet 8 months, year, handsomely furnished 4-room housekeeping apartment, 2 bedrooms; $175-$250, according length of lease; call afternoons. Apt. 4-L. Telephone Circle 1456.

57TH, (Near 5th Av.)—High class, 3 rooms, bath, sunny apartment, exquisitely furnished; kitchen, maid service; restaurant. Circle 3841.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Seven sunny outside rooms; all Colonial furniture. Columbus 1877.

57TH, 329 WEST.—Apartment, 3 rooms, artistically furnished; everything new; kitchenette. Barbour.

58TH ST, 165 WEST.—Southern exposure; artistically furnished; elevator service; 8 rooms, foyer hall; 6 months' lease, $1,800. Room 1307, 30 East 42d St. Telephone Murray Hill 4692.

58TH, 30 WEST.—Bachelor apartment, near the Plaza, 2 rooms with bath, maid service, breakfast. Phone Plaza 6958.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex apartment, Hotel des Artistes, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, refrigerator; cooking free; $200. Mrs. Wood.

68TH, 1 WEST.—Seven rooms, two facing Central Park West, $250 month. Telephone before 10 A. M., Columbus 488.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Apartments, furnished; entire floor, 2 and 3 connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity; $125 and $135.

69TH ST., 19 WEST. Overlooking Central Park.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath; maid service; restaurant; finest in the city. Mrs. Deane, on premises.

72D, 42 WEST.—Two of the most delightfully furnished small apartments in New York; two rooms, with tiled baths; new building; 7 windows in each suite; moderate priced restaurant, with service in apartments; overlooking Central Park; convenient to subway, express, elevated, and surface; $85-$100 monthly; leases only.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

72D, 124 WEST.—Four bright, sunny rooms, bath; new building; apartment never occupied before; many of furnishings new; owner's home; immediate possession; $175. Apartment 1203.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Suite, one, two rooms, also studio; private baths; $55, $150.

79TH, (Near Broadway.)—8 rooms, completely furnished; 6 months or longer; 7th floor; southern exposure; all outside rooms; $200. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

80TH, 225 WEST, (Broadway.)—Six rooms, two baths; corner; completely furnished; piano. Vollum.

85TH, 101 WEST.—Attractive, high-class elevator apartment, 8 exceptionally large rooms; piano; completely furnished; $150. Schuyler 4774. Lisner.

86TH ST., 200 WEST.
Am leaving city; will sublet my 7-room, well-appointed apartment, long or short lease, immediate possession. Apartment 61. Phone 5200 Schuyler, or Superintendent.

87TH, 307 WEST.—Private house, large back parlor, bath, kitchenette, electricity, service; $50.

87TH, 207 WEST.—Eight rooms; ten months' lease; elevator; sell at sacrifice.

91ST ST., 250 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Varsilies; beautifully furnished apartment, 8 rooms; rental, $375. Apply Supt.

92D, 214 WEST.—Seven spacious, amply furnished, all light rooms, seven windows, facing Broadway; ready Dec. 1. Headrick.

92D ST., (corner Central Park West.)—Attractive, high-class 9 rooms, 2 baths. The Cherbourg, phone Riverside 942.

95TH, 316 WEST, (Apartment 31.)—Attractively furnished outside eight rooms, elevator apartment.

97TH, (759 West End Av.)—High-class two rooms, kitchenette; southern exposure; immediate possession; $85; also large room and kitchenette, overlooking Hudson, $65. Phone 5546 Riverside.

97TH, (745 West End Av.)—High class, two rooms, bath and kitchen. River 5846.

99TH, 244 WEST, Corner Broadway.—Elegantly furnished eight-room apartment; must be seen to be appreciated; $175-$190. Strouse.

102D ST., 330 WEST, (Rockledge Hall.)—Princely home, luxuriously and magnificently furnished; near 103d St. subway express station; 10 unusually large rooms, occupying entire front twelfth floor modern and exclusive apartment building, commanding unsurpassed view of the beautiful Hudson from every window; three large baths; piano, victrola, silver, linen, glassware; moderate rent responsible party. Apply Superintendent.

111TH, WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Eight rooms, two baths; piano; handsomely furnished apartment. 6343 Cathedral. Apt. 3-D.

111TH, 536 WEST.—Sunny; tastily furnished three rooms, bath, and kitchenette. Purdy.

112TH, 535 WEST, Hotel Royal, (near Broadway.)—3-room suite and single rooms, with private baths; references required.

114TH, 609 WEST.—Sublet five large, light rooms, beautifully furnished. $130 per month. Johnson.

115TH, (Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.)—Living room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bath; rent $90 per month, including gas, electricity. Telephone Morningside 6740.

115TH, 617 WEST.—Five rooms, bath; unfurnished; $37.50; to sublet.

115TH, 606 WEST.—Seven large, light rooms; elevator; immediate possession. Jacobs.

116TH, 620 WEST.—Very nicely furnished apartment, 5 rooms, bath, and maid's room; lease until Aug. 1, 1918. Telephone Morningside 6879. Can be seen Sunday or week days after 6 P. M.

116TH ST., 600 WEST, Corner Broadway.—Exceptional opportunity for cultured gentleman; large bedroom, parlor, and bath; private entrance; breakfast if desired. Telephone 8606 Morningside, Apartment 53.

116TH ST., (Broadway Subway.)—Suite two rooms, bath, on private foyer; view Hudson; exclusive; breakfast. X 377 Times Annex.

116TH SUBWAY.—5 rooms, new; 2 bedrooms, handsomely furnished. Details, Columbus 3974.

122D, 500 WEST.—Attractive apartment; phone, electricity, elevator, restaurant. moderate. Apartment 2E.

122D ST., 521 WEST.—Furnished apartment, 3 or 4 rooms. Apt. 23.

123D, 121 WEST.—Four light rooms, private house; adults; furnished, unfurnished; references.

135TH, 501 WEST.—Sublet beautiful apartment, six rooms, maid's room, and bath; elevator, one block from subway; opposite City College; leaving city, will sacrifice for $47.50. Call Sunday, third floor.

140TH, 477 WEST.—Large room; electric lights, elevator, telephone; Southern family; references. Apartment 71.

145TH, 356 WEST, Apt. 8 W.—Ideal corner apartment, seven rooms; share with couple or lease to adult; references exchanged.

149TH, 568 WEST.—Elevator apartment, rooms facing street; reasonable. Call 2-5, Nidess.

160TH ST., 648 West, Apt. 44, Near Drive.—Three beautiful rooms, furnished or unfurnished, new building; very reasonable; party leaving town; call Sunday afternoon.

168TH, 601 WEST.—Six rooms, bath; all outside; overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

181ST, 605 WEST.—All or part sunny top-floor elevator apartment; refined, responsible people. Apt. 62.

182D ST., 601 WEST.—Nicely furnished 4 or 5-room apartment; conveniences. Mahler.

APARTMENTS, seven rooms and bath; newly decorated; handsomely furnished; one block from 103d subway; two doors west of Broadway; very desirable. Phone Academy 1227.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.
Personally inspected lists. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Columbus 836.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished; long, short subleases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

ARDSLEY HALL, 92d St. and Central Park West.—One of the finest houses on the west side; eight rooms; wonderful light; $300 per month. Superintendent on premises, or McNaught, phone 2500 Murray Hill.

ATTENTION!—Will sublet to reliable tenant appreciating luxurious furnishings an extraordinarily handsome nine-room apartment, modern in every detail; twelfth floor; all outside rooms facing Central Park West in the Eighties; cream ivory woodwork and paneled walls throughout; occupancy Dec. 1 at $700 per month. Seen by appointment only. Call Schuyler 2136.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments,
$35, $45, $55 $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease or unfurnished; near Subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $65-$75-$85; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

ATTRACTIVE corner 7-room apartment, modern fireproof building on Riverside Drive. Rent $275. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d St. Col. 1077.

ATTRACTIVE private home apartments, west side and Washington Heights. Crescent Co., 547 West 110th, corner Broadway, (2d floor.)

ATTRACTIVE 2-room suite, every convenience; southern exposure; new apartment. Circle 273.

BACHELORS.—One or two rooms; baths accessible; highest references. Telephone Schuyler 8650.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished 5-room apartment, one master's bedroom; near 86th St. subway; home of couple going South. S 88 Times.

BEVERWYCK,
39 WEST 27TH ST.
TWO AND THREE ROOM APARTMENTS

BROADWAY SUBWAY, (Near 103d.)—Front apartment, six large front rooms; elevator; shower; newly furnished; $150. Phone Academy 2160.

CENTRAL PARK SO., 36.—OWNER LEAVING FOR LONDON WILL SUBLET APARTMENT FROM FOUR TO SIX MONTHS; THREE ROOMS, TWO BATHS, ALSO KITCHEN AND OUT-OF-DOORS SLEEPING PORCH FACING CENTRAL PARK; 3 DOORS FROM PLAZA HOTEL; MOST ARTISTICALLY FURNISHED. INQUIRE GEO. K. ROSE ON PREMISES.

CENTRAL PARK.—Apartment, 8 rooms, completely, most comfortably furnished. Riverside 430. Apartment 23.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Completely furnished apartment, four rooms, bath. Phone Schuyler 4503.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. VAN WINKLE, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

For Rent, located in New Bern, N. C., furnished apartment, furnace heated, every up-to-date convenience. Address F. R. Small-wood, New Bern, N. C.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

FURNISHED apartment of distinction, in perfect condition, eleven rooms and three baths, including two maid servants' rooms and bath and butler's room; three master's bedrooms, one 28 by 16 feet, hung with silk; was furnished by Potter & Stymus; other bedroom French paneled in wood; music room, 30 by 17 feet; Steinway baby grand piano; drawing room and living room walls hung with silk; solid silver, rare china, Damask linens and laces; all curtains French hand-made; small, exclusive apartment house in the Eighties, just east of Riverside Drive, adult family only; seen by appointment; monthly rental for Winter months, $700; longer period concession. Address Unusual, F 179 Times.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS A SPECIALTY.
Town-Country Renting Agency, 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5565.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to rent, very reasonable; season or longer. Apply SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

HIGH-CLASS apartments. Consult Katharine Martin, 249 West 76th St. Schuyler 8522.

MANHATTAN AV., 320, (Cor. 114th St.)—Attractively furnished seven-room corner apartment, overlooking Morningside Park; rent, $100 per month.

ON RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (in the Nineties.)—A corner apartment of seven light outside rooms in a high-grade building; only parties appreciating a well-appointed home need answer; first-class references required; rent from four to eight months at $350 per month; seen by appointment only. Telephone Riverside 9330.

ONE APARTMENT, 2 rooms and bath, sublease until Oct. 1, 1918, at $60 per month; this apartment is in the rear of the building; rooms all light, with every improvement. "Shropshire," 138 West 65th St. References required.

PRIVATE family's completely furnished apartment; 8 rooms, 2 baths; near Riverside and subway. Rossman, 308 West 94th. Telephone 6080 Riverside.

RARE CHANCE FOR BRIDE
or a couple, dreading the fatiguing and tedious task of selecting furniture and draperies, to purchase a magnificent and luxuriously appointed apartment of thirteen rooms and four baths; Steinway parlor grand piano; Welte-Mignon & Edison included; price $30,000. P 136 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
IN THE LOWER NINETIES; $400 PER MONTH; CORNER APARTMENT, FACING DRIVE; HAS ELEVEN LARGE ROOMS AND THREE BATHS, INCLUDING FOUR MASTER'S BEDROOMS; UNUSUAL CLOSET FACILITIES; DRAWING ROOM 30 FEET BY 20 FEET; FURNISHINGS AND FURNITURE OF FINEST QUALITY, INCLUDING BABY GRAND PIANO, ORIENTAL FLOOR CARPETS AND RUGS; ADEQUATELY HEATED; WILL LEASE FOR SIX MONTHS OR YEAR; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION CHRISTIAN OWNER. APPOINTMENT MAY BE MADE FOR INSPECTION BY APPLYING X 366 TIMES ANNEX.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 73.—Bachelor apartments, furnished, unfurnished; service included, with steam, electricity; all improvements; moderate. Kyle.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.)—Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 3 rooms facing drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440.
HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SIX ROOMS, OVERLOOKING HUDSON; $175 MONTHLY; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. APT. 103.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 380, Hendrick Hudson.—Seven rooms, two baths; furnished completely; all Riverside exposure; $300 per month. Finn.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, (84th St.)—10 and 11 light, well-furnished rooms. Call or address W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

RIVERSIDE, (341 West 77th.)—Room, adjoining bath; also teacher's or doctor's studio.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

SECOND FLOOR.—2 handsomely furnished rooms; private bath and lavatories; singly or together; private family of adults; West 87th St., between Amsterdam and Columbus. Address American, G 209 Times Downtown.

SUBLET, attractively furnished 6-room apartment; every room light; Broadway, near 91st; $125 monthly. Tel. 9498 Riverside.

SUITE of three or four rooms, with bath; handsomely furnished; one block from 103d subway; two doors west of Broadway. Phone Academy 1227. Gentlemen.

TO SUBLET.—Newly decorated furnished apartment; Riverside Drive, 114th St.; 8 rooms, all outside; sunny exposure, 3 baths, large pantry; seen by appointment. Address J. Sinclair Armstrong, Room 810, 165 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 1580.

TO SUBLET—Elegantly furnished seven-room apartment; complete in every detail. Mrs. Beatrice Ginsberg, 626 West 115th St., New York.

TWO ATTRACTIVE 6 ROOM HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS WITH HOTEL CONVENIENCES.
Completely furnished. Hotel and maid service if desired. $150 PER MONTH FOR WINTER SEASON. Southern exposure. References required.
204 WEST 55TH STREET,
(Hotel Woodward Annex.)
Telephone 2000 Circle.

Wanted, refined lady of means, share handsome apartment, high-class; best references given and required. S 50 Times.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.—6-room furnished (elevator) apartment; $75 month; to let for two or three months to careful tenant; no children. Gillmor, Bryant 2728.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 58.—Couple having seven rooms and bath, modern housekeeping apt., Washington Sq. section, would share apt. or rent two rooms.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION.
Housekeeping apartment; all improvements, including maid service; 6 rooms and bath; very large rooms; open fireplaces; furnished or unfurnished. Apply 27 West 10th St.

WEST END AV., 936, (Corner 106th, Apt. 1, Academy 2520.)—Beautiful five-room corner apartment, facing avenue and park; exceptionally clean; furnished to perfection; piano, Victrola; all conveniences for housekeeping; $150 monthly.

WEST END AV., (80th.)—Five months or longer; 6 good-sized rooms; piano, victrola, silver, linen; ideal location; rent reasonable suitable tenant. Phone Schuyler 5074.

WEST END, 80'S.—Unusually attractive, sunny, spacious, corner apartment; 10 rooms; 3 baths; $450; long, short lease. S 32 Times.

WEST END, (80s.)—8 rooms, 3 baths, handsomely furnished. Particulars, Columbus 3974.

WEST 80s.—Eight rooms, 2 baths, very well furnished; never before leased; $250. Telephone 7937 Morningside.

WILL sublet to reliable tenant appreciating luxurious furnishings and a beautiful home, a modern apartment of six rooms and three baths; 12th floor; West End Av. and 75th St.; unusually large rooms, all overlooking river; occupancy Dec. 1 for from four to six months, at $550 per month; can be seen Sunday and Monday from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M. by appointment only. Call Columbus 125.

WILL SUBLEASE unusually attractive four-room apartment, Washington Heights, (140th Street;) elegantly furnished throughout with mahogany; all outside rooms, southwestern exposure; $85. Write C. W., 3,525 Broadway.

Wonderfully furnished apartments of refinement, taste, and general appointments; most carefully planned and executed; but two apartments for rent; 4 and 5 rooms; the 5 rooms has an exquisitely furnished living room in Japanese. Inquire 517 West 113th St. Telephone 5340 Morningside.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

New Jersey.

7 rooms, 2 baths, sun parlor facing ocean, beautifully furnished, to Feb. 25, $150 month. Dettelbach, 230 S. Rhode Island Av., Atlantic City.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

AT ONCE, EIGHT OR NINE ROOMS IN WASHINGTON SQUARE, GRAMERCY PARK, OR COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY SECTION; ABOUT $150 MONTH. P 172 TIMES.

Mother and daughter want furnished apartment, four rooms, west side, between 86th and 116th; modern building, six months, $80; highest references; three months' rent advanced to party wishing sublet desirable tenant; no agents or professional flat renters. Answer J 104 Times.

BUSINESS MAN wants two rooms and kitchenette, clean, bright, and quiet, Central Park West section, about $60; reliable, with references. R 2 Times.

For four months or longer, furnished housekeeping apartment of four or five rooms; must be completely furnished; references; excellent care assured; state rent and describe location. Capt. C. G. Norris, Port Washington, N. Y.

WANTED.—FOUR-ROOM APARTMENT, MANHATTAN, WEST SIDE; TWO ADULTS; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; RENT NOT TO EXCEED $55. K 208 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WANTED—By married couple, parlor, bedroom, bath, furnished or unfurnished, to June 1, in apartment, private house, or apartment hotel; must be strictly first class; references exchanged; below 72d St. R 7 Times.

Wanted—On West End, by family of two, apartment for housekeeping until February; must consist of 2 bedrooms, living room and kitchen, and be first class; references exchanged. X 347 Times Annex.

Furnished apartment wanted by two bachelors, two bedrooms, living room, kitchenette, bath, 42d to 59th Sts., east or west side, banking references furnished. J 81 Times.

WANTED, for 3 or 4 months, reasonable rate, furnished apartment, centrally located, having studio, living room, 2 chambers, kitchen, bath. Mrs. Alonzo Elliott, No. River Road, Manchester, N. H.

EXCLUSIVE RENTING CO.
Apartments of quality from $100 to $1,000; personally inspected ideal homes a specialty. Phone Bryant 7773. 1,482 Broadway, corner 42d St.

Gentleman wants suite, parlor, bedroom, bath, very comfortably furnished; open view; breakfast service; phone, near Washington Square, Gramercy Park, or West 72d; above lease preferred. F 93 Times.

Apartment wanted, not more than six rooms and bath, on west side, between 70th and 116th Sts.; state terms and full particulars. Address Room 504, 233 Broadway.

Furnished three or four-room housekeeping apartment; Winter or longer; select neighborhood; below 100th St.; references exchanged. S 94 Times.

Furnished five-room apartment for four months; adults only; below 100th St.; must be reasonable. Dr. Pack, 51 East 42d St.

Two business girls want two rooms, bath, and kitchenette apartment; $45-$50 month; permanent or until May 1. 507 5th Av., Room 802.

ON OR BEFORE JAN. 1, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED APARTMENT FOR COUPLE; WASHINGTON SQUARE DISTRICT. P 338 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Furnished housekeeping apartment, with 2 master's bedrooms, Dec. and Jan.; $100; east side anywhere, west side below 59th; no agents. J 65 Times.

Apartment, five or six rooms, furnished, for months January, February, and March; references; west side preferred. P 183 Times.

REFINED couple desire for few months 3-room furnished apartment having piano; give particulars, location, rental. P 362 Times Downtown.

THREE ROOMS and kitchenette, bath, two bedrooms, and electricity, well furnished, near Amsterdam Av., between 135th and 160th. J. L. R., F 148 Times.

Want sublet, few months, bachelor apartment, fully equipped, well furnished; liberal price for suitable quarters. Phone Circle 24. Apartment 57.

Four or five rooms, housekeeping, for six months; not above 96th St., two adults; rent not over $100; responsible. Telephone Plaza 9557.

Dining room, bedroom, kitchen, and bath, quiet neighborhood; convenient subway; give full particulars. Write H., 708 Columbus Av.

Modern furnished apartment wanted, 5 rooms, between 50th and 70th Sts.; lease four months. J. Doner, Larchmont, N. Y.

Quick results guaranteed in listing furnished apartments with us; all apartments personally inspected. Remco, Broadway and 98th.

Six attractive light rooms, between 70th and 110th St.; rent not to exceed $150. J 79 Times.

ONE or two rooms and bath, between 40th and 72d, for 5 months; state price. F 153 Times.

FOR 3 MONTHS, four or five rooms, well furnished, west side, not above 170th; maximum $100 a month. X 365 Times Annex.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT, large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Two responsible adults require 5, 7 rooms, modern, below 90th; east, west; 5 months; $225. "Careful," 123 Times.

Apartments wanted, clients waiting. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

Couple desire well-furnished 3 to 5 room housekeeping apartment to May next; will pay about $100. P 310 Times Downtown.

Apartment wanted, four rooms, furnished, from Dec. to June, north 59th St., East, West. Box 735, Tenafly, N. J.

Warm sunny room wanted, below 42d St.; Murray Hill section preferred. F 134 Times.

Refined young German business lady desires cozy room; meals optional. P 186 Times.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

I CAN RENT your apartment furnished.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

Small, sunny front, B'way, 79th, 112th; Winter; no lease; reliable. F 97 Times.

Unfurnished.

IN old modernized house, between Washington Square and Columbus Circle, convenient to subway or elevated; two bed rooms, modern bath, and kitchenette, with one or two large rooms, suitable for studio, with fireplace; rent around $65; year's lease, continued if satisfactory. F. W. King, 12 Maiden Lane.

3 OR 4 ROOMS desired within about 30 minutes' distance from Grand Central, in refined neighborhood; price about $30; some furniture eventually bought. Reply, with full particulars, F 105 Times.

Wanted, apartment, 6 to 7 rooms and bath, west side, between 72d and 103d Sts.; give full particulars and rental desired. K 210 Times Downtown.

FIVE TO SEVEN room apartment, facing Riverside Drive, 75th to 110th; prefer 1st or 2d floor; rental not to exceed $1,000 per year. Address P 149 Times.

Apartment.—Will take $500 to $1,200 rent as part payment for 1918 automobile; never used. G. A., 44 Times.

2 TO 4 ROOMS, kitchen or kitchenette, modern improvements, between 8th and 72d Sts., west. F 96 Times.

Wanted, 5 or 6 room apartment, around $900 a year, between 72d and 116th Sts. H. O., 51 Times.

APARTMENT, 2-3-4 rooms, by month, wanted; $30-$40; west side. P 133 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

LESSEES.—Owner retiring will lease for long term magnificent property showing wonderful profits. Edward Browning, 110 West 40th St.

Real Estate at Auction.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL AT public auction at Court House in City of Poughkeepsie, Dutchess County, New York, on the 12th day of December, 1917, at ten o'clock A. M., farm belonging to estate of John O'Connor, deceased, consisting of 265 acres choice land, on which is a good orchard, fair buildings, keep thirty cows, must be sold to settle the estate. Mortgage of $5,500.00 on premises can remain.
Twenty per cent. on day of sale, balance when deed is delivered.
ANNE O'CONNOR,
LUCY O'CONNOR,
Administratrices of the Estate of John O'Connor, deceased.
Dated November 20th, 1917.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

FREE AND CLEAR, four-story and basement residence in the West Seventies, Manhattan, size 25x102. Price $60,000; assessed value $54,000; also choice estate at Shippan Point, Conn.; price $55,000; mortgage $19,500; for the combined equity of $95,500, owner will entertain a substantial Manhattan income producing property. DERSCHUCH & CO., 180 Broadway, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan Beach lots, swept by ocean breezes, with all improvements in and paid for, can be bought now at $850 each; this is a war-time price. Joseph P. Day, sales agent, 81 Nassau St., New York City.

Two brick factory buildings, 75x66 and 50x100, for sale. 469 9th St., Brooklyn.

FACTORY SITES near R. R. Owner, LEON LUFT, 202 Bay 17th St., Brooklyn.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

MR. LIVE BUYER.
One-story taxpayer in Fordham, fastest growing section in New York; rent $4,300; bargain; act quick. Kelber, 2,526 Webster Av.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Remarkable Bargain, Westchester Co.
175-Acre Farm, only $65 per Acre.
On macadam State road and trolley; rich soil; 100 acres tillable; big brook crosses; fruit; residence, barns; unparalleled opportunity; fine country seat; commuting distance. Batson Farm Agency, 489 5th Av., N.Y.

The owner of several beautiful building plots a short walk from Scarsdale Station will make attractive proposition to individuals interested in living in this fine residential community. Inquiries wanted from principals only. Address Scarsdale, 86 Times.

For sale, fine waterfront bungalow plot on Lake Mahopac; actual beach front of 100 feet; good boating, fishing, &c.; short walk to station, plenty of shade; restricted neighborhood; to the right kind of people I will sell on easy terms. Owner, Box 63 Times.

TARRYTOWN FARM.
Sacrifice, 20 acres, brook, State road; make immediate offer. A 202 Times Downtown.

A woman owning a large country estate, free and clear, only 36 miles out, will sacrifice for less than amount of former mortgage which she has paid off; fine house and water features; choice for club or estate. HOWARD GOLDSMITH, 110 West 34th St.

Two brick buildings, about 24,000 square feet, ½ acre of ground, suitable for storage or manufacturing purposes; about 17 miles from Columbus Circle. Inquire Kuhnast, 978 6th Av., (store.)

140 Warburton Av., Yonkers.—Six-room bungalow; lot 50 by 147; price, $5,800; brokers protected; $400 cash, balance easy. Rose, owner, 9 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 2728.

Acre Plots—Residential section, convenient to station, trolley, school, and bathing beach; bargain, $2,500 per acre; easy terms. Krisch, 11 East 42d St. Tel. 6441 Murray Hill.

LAKE MAHOPAC, bungalow plot, perpetual water rights; $500. Owner, Dept. T, Room 1202, 40 West 32d St. Phone Madison Square 9860.

Westchester Hills.—Nine acres, bordering lake; site gentleman's home; view. F 110 Times.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE.—A bargain, good terms, two grand apartment houses, Astoria, L. I., 2 minutes from "L" station; rents for $3,900 a year; up-to-date; must be sold to settle an estate; also 8 lots, 200x25, near Steinway and Flushing Ave. Apply T. MORIARTY, 149 East 42d.

IF YOU are looking for a small country home, with 2 full acres of fine farm land, located not far from railroad town and beautiful lake, complete for $1,325, on easy terms, call or write at once to B. STORE, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Sacrifice to quick buyer, fine building plot, 3 acres, Woodmere, L. I.; near station, schools; improvements, streets; unusual opportunity for $6,500. Owner, Cedarhurst, N. Y., Box 44.

$75 cash buys small old house needing a few repairs and farming plot; $10 monthly; full price $1,400; make fine year-round home; write to Barshad, box 219 Times Downtown.

Must sell to close estate, Grand St., (Maspeth, L. I.;) lot 79x200; Hervey property; part cash. Address O. W. Hervey, 416 West 125th. Phone 1932 Morningside.

LOCUST VALLEY, OVERLOOKING SOUND, complete gentleman's remodelled homestead with 14 acres, garden, fruit, garage for sale. STEWART C. SCHENCK, 51 East 42d St.

GREAT NECK, 5 ACRES.
Highest ground; adjoins fine estates; only 40 minutes by motor from New York.
STEWART C. SCHENCK, 51 East 42d St.

Will sacrifice for cash, 3 lots, Rockville Centre residential section. P 335 Times Downtown.

Garden City Estates.—Four lots in very attractive position, for sale; moderate price. S. Lamond, 16 West 26th.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

303 acres and two houses on the shore of Pompton Lakes, N. J., about one mile frontage on lakes and about one mile frontage on New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad; adapted for building sites; noted spring, which assures a minimum income of $1,000 per year; plenty of timber; stone quarry is located on property; will be sold cheap to quick buyer to close an estate; must be seen to be appreciated; about twenty-five miles from New York; good railroad service; elevation 600 feet; price $40,000. Write or telephone me. I will take you over the property. Telephone 144 Paterson. B. J. Burke & Co., Romaine Building, Paterson, N. J.

Twenty acres at Ramsey, N. Y.; property laid out in lots; trolley from Suffern to New York runs along east line of the property; property elevated; water and electric lights; it is near Craymere; splendid view of Tuxedo Mountains; Ramsey is a well-developed town, having many residents who commute to New York; it probably can be used as a gentleman's country estate; as no lots have been sold on it, purchaser can lay it out to suit himself; terms reasonable; price $18,000. If you desire to see the same write or telephone B. J. Burke & Co., 205 Romaine Bldg., Paterson, N. J. Telephone Paterson 144.

Cost me $50,000; quick offer $25,000 buys. Fully equipped registered stock **FARM** New Brunswick, N.J. Main line. Penn. R.R.
To close out quickly will sacrifice, and include registered stock, horses, cows, Berkshire pigs, chickens, crops, modern machinery, valued at $15,000. Gentleman's farm, easy commuting distance N. Y. City, 30 miles out; modern 12-room Colonial residence, bath, steam heat, gas, telephone, fine outbuildings, wonderful apple orchard, 100 acres, highly cultivated. Photographs, details, Owner, 158 Montclair Av., Montclair N. J.

A REAL HOME.—Bargain, very large plot, 9,500 square feet; beautiful shade trees, wonderful lawns; seven large rooms; every convenience; newly and beautifully decorated; parquet floors and hardwood trim; restricted neighborhood; improved street, sewer, water, gas, electricity, stores, school, church, golf, tennis; 3 min. to station; 30 min. to N. Y.; 40 trains daily; price $5,800, small amount of cash, balance to suit. Call, write, or telephone owner, M. D. Ayers, 146 West 36th St. Phone Greeley 4535.

SHORE FRONT.
Sacrifice 140 acres; ocean view; farm or development; make immediate offer. A 201 Times Downtown.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Farm, 25 acres, old-fashioned stone house, improvements; barns, chicken houses, old mill, stream, pond, orchards; hour out; overlooking Ramapos; sacrifice for immediate sale; pictures. Harrie Baxter, 489 5th Av.

For sale, 9-room house, all conveniences, forty-five minutes from New York, fifteen from Newark; two railroads, ten minutes to station. Z 387 Times Annex.

Westfield.—Rebuilt house, one-half acre, only $5,500; very cheap. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York City.

THE "ORANGES."
EUGENE A. KELLY.
Opp. East Orange Station, East Orange, N. J.

FACTORIES EVERYWHERE.
Robert T. Stoutenburgh,
20-26 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

At tremendous sacrifice; beautiful country home, 83 acres, purest water, finest air, 1,100 ft. elevation; fine large house, open fireplaces, running water, and beautiful trees. Walter Kent, Stephentown, N. Y.

Flat House.—Finest location; three minutes from Williamsburg Bridge; rent $2,160, price $14,500, investment $3,500. Inquire Goldstein & Phillips, 217 Broadway, New York.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

A dandy farm, about one hour by express from Grand Central; mile from station by trolley; 27 acres; lawn, meadows, woods, orchards; comfortable house, 2 baths; farm buildings. Howell S. Perrin, 3 East 42d St., New York City. Murray Hill 2462.

CONNECTUCUT EXCLUSIVELY.
John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., New York.

Virginia—For Sale or To Let.

Great Sacrifice—Manufacturing plant, central, Empire State; town, 4,000; large buildings, plenty land; private siding, Pennsylvania and Erie; natural gas and electric power, city trolley line, large lake, plenty pure water, State park, noted scenery, good schools; easy terms. Address Owner, 255 West Freemason St., Norfolk, Va.

REAL ESTATE.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

INDUSTRIAL SITES WITH RAILROAD FACILITIES in best part of Philadelphia; good labor market and easy hauling to all parts of the city. MAURAN, DOLMAN & CO., northeast corner Broad and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia.

Florida—For Sale or To Let.

Florida bungalow, orange grove, for property here, or cash. R. D. North, 557 West 149th St., New York City.

Canada—For Sale or To Let.

EXTRAORDINARY CANADIAN FACTORY SITE JUST AVAILABLE.

On Montreal's south shore of the St. Lawrence River, with electric railway, light, and all improvements, close to the world-famed Armstrong Whitworth shipbuilding steel plant, exist 200,000 square feet of the finest site for any kind of steel or large factory.

A steam railroad running at one end of the property furnishes private sidings, and associated immediately to the rear is a large partially sold subdivision, all improvements, to take care of the employes.

Exceptional opportunity at remarkably cheap prices and terms.

Apply to
GEORGE H. CARROLL & COMPANY, Limited,
413 Drummond Building,
Montreal, Canada.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

COME TO WASHINGTON.
The official free Homeseekers' Guide, issued by the State of Washington, contains detailed information of general and farming opportunities; dairying, stock, poultry, fruit, grains, &c. Write I. M. Howell, Sec. of State, Dept. H. 9, Olympia, Wash.

Real Estate for Exchange.

OUR EXCHANGE OFFERINGS consist of apartment houses, flats, business blocks, farms, country estates, acreage and lots. Consult us and judge the opportunity for yourself. What proposition have you for trade? ROSS REALTY, 503 5th Av., N. Y. Phone 3864 Vanderbilt.

Flats in New York and Brooklyn; one and two family houses and lots; some free and clear; trade for smaller properties. A. A. Sealy, 154 Nassau St., New York.

Have one and two family houses and flats; take your lot or other property as part payment; send particulars. W. R. Spencer, 154 Nassau St., New York.

Stock control large industrial corporation owning two fine plants, also some cash; will trade for realty. J 357 Times Downtown.

Apartments, 25; mortgage $29,000; rents $7,500; cash necessary. Box 262, Westfield N. J.

For lease, $1,700, 173 Monroe St., Manhattan; cold water; rents $3,324. Sharum, 150 Broadway.

12 improved Jamaica lots, excellent location, equity $6,000, encumbrances, $4,000. S 71 Times.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted to rent farm about 30 acres; house, barn and water supply, suitable for truck; commuting distance, New Jersey or New York; give full particulars. F. Taylor, 341 N. Fullerton Av., Montclair, N. J.

Waterfront property wanted, not less than 500-ft. frontage, water depth at low tide not less than 16-ft., immediate vicinity New York City; send all particulars to Snips, J 102 Times.

OWNERS of commercial water fronts, factories, factory sites, warehouses desiring to sell or lease should communicate with Floyd S. Corbin, Specialist, 10 Wall St. Tel. Rector 8121.

Wanted in Westchester County, modern, attractive home, with about 5 acres, to purchase for client; immediate particulars. STEWART C. SCHENCK, 51 East 42d St.

WHEREVER located, your property can be sold by my special sales method; mortgages secured without bonuses. JOHN KIRK, 309 Broadway.

FARM WANTED, FIVE OR SIX ACRES; WITHIN FORTY MILES OF NEW YORK; APPROXIMATELY $2,500. X 357 TIMES ANNEX.

Will buy 7-room house, good repair; ½ to 3 acres garden; near commuting station; not over 28 miles from New York. F 92 Times.

Suburban homes wanted, sale, rent, N. J., L. I., Connecticut, Westchester; send details to Broker, 157 Times Downtown.

Loft building, 25x100, between Greenwich, West, Park Place, and Franklin Sts.; moderate price. Bogert, 167 6th Av.

Cash promptly paid for property threatened with foreclosure; give details. Box 1,125, Main P. O., New York City.

Wanted purchase elevators, flats, tenements. M. A. C. Levy, 35 Nassau.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Second mortgage of $15,000, on which there is still due $9,000, 5 per cent., payable $3,000 March, 1918, $3,000 September, 1918, $3,000 March, 1919; bond rated $100,000; first mortgage held by insurance company, due in 2½ years; for sale at discount. A. L. C., W 285 Times Downtown.

Wanted, $3,000; 6 per cent. first mortgage to be taken by assignment. R 209 Times Downtown.

Second mortgage money. Call between 1 and 2. De Leeuw, 15 Broad St.

$3,000 on 13 improved Jamaica lots; excellent location; valued $10,000. S 73 Times.

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

REAL FARM FOR SALE CHEAP.
Near Huntington, 59 acres land, good soil, suitable potatoes, cabbage, pickles, hogs, chickens; lots fruit; good set buildings; price $12,000; terms; cheapest farm Huntington township; fine opportunity for farm. Daniel Gerard, 1,270 Broadway, (33d,) N. Y.

160-acre farm; North Shore; hour out; very rich soil; price $150 per acre; might rent with option to purchase. Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th St.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

The Farm Brokers' Association, Inc., is headquarters for good farms and other real estate everywhere in New York State. Personally inspected properties. Careful descriptions. Right prices. Central office at Oneida, N. Y. Other offices throughout the State.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

NORTH CAROLINA ESTATE—FOR SALE.

Fine estate, "Lakewood," 6 miles from Fayetteville, N. C., containing 100 acre lake well stocked with bass. On good road leading to Over Hills resort. Good buildings. Railroad flag station on property. 1,275 acres at $20 if taken within 30 days. Good soil and will grow cotton, tobacco, &c. A bargain at this price. L. J. Duffy, Greensboro, N. C.

Virginia farm containing about 400 acres; 150 acres famous James River low grounds. Will produce 100 bushels corn per acre. Nine miles from Richmond, improved road to the gate. All necessary farm buildings, including modern dairy barn. House situated in magnificent grove. Convenient to churches, schools, steam and electric transportation. Healthy location and refined neighborhood. Very seldom such property is offered. Vaughan-Whitehurst Company, Inc., Richmond, Va.

FARMING IS PLEASANT and profitable in Virginia and North Carolina; good land, $15 acre up, easy payments; climate, schools, churches, roads, and neighbors that make life worth living; close to markets—fruit, dairy, and stock farms pay big here; farm lists, magazine, and interesting literature free. Address F. H. La Baume, Agrl. Agt., N. & W. Ry., 413 N. & W. Building, Roanoke, Va.

FOR SALE.—Farm in Florida, containing 65 acres, with 16 acres of orange grove; 12 acres full bearing old trees. Dwelling and packing house. Situated on East Coast, 9 miles from Ft. Pierce, on shell road and rural free delivery. Estate to be settled. Excellent fishing nearby. Price $25,000. Address Charles E. Sauers, Box 94, Hamilton, Ohio.

Hunting club or plantation, 12,000 acres, complete buildings, 1,000 acres now tillable; deep water transportation; $150,000; ten equal annual payments; Eastern Georgia. X 379 Times Annex.

Sunny Tennessee.—Fine creek farm, 332 acres, houses and barn; excellent location; splendid investment. Owner drafted. Sacrifice $20 acre. Louis De Priest, Birdwood, Tenn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Five light floors in loft building, (will rent one or all,) size 25x90; elevator; suitable for woodworking, brass finishers, metal-workers, &c.; rent reasonable; Fulton St., near Church. Apply Wolins & Bull, Inc., 45 John St.

7 EAST 54TH STREET.
25-foot, 4-story and basement house, with 3-story extension, elevator, steam heat, electric light; in the exclusive retail section. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

MARKET CORNER.
Second Av., 1,715, corner 89th St., desirable store; has 3 large show windows, butcher's icebox, and wall fixtures; good stand; reasonable rent. Inquire premises.

Store, 28 East 33d St., near Madison Av.; large display window; steam heat, hot water.
WILLIAM F. FUERST, INC., Agent, 87 Nassau St.

OFFICE FOR RENT.
Pleasant single office room, en suite and furnished; Broadway entrance facing City Hall Park; attractive rent for business man. Apply 256 Broadway, Room 1207.

Fine, light two-room suite, ninth floor Singer Bldg. Annex; hall entrance each office; furnished or unfurnished; reasonable. Buhrer, 11 Battery Place. Rector 8270.

Factory. — Broadway, corner Hopkins Av., Long Island City; 50x100; brick building; first story and basement; fine light; yard space. Phone Waterman, Farragut 2632.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE.—Large and small, uptown and downtown; most prominent buildings. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 115 Broadway. Phone 5664 Rector.

To sublet.—Large, light office on tenth floor Marbridge Bldg., facing Broadway; rate at $500 per year. Apply Geo. Woods, Room 1022, Marbridge Bldg.

To Sublet—Desirable office close to Grand Central; 575 sq. ft. floor space; rental low. Inquire 627 Lexington Av. Phone Plaza 544.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES. —Every facility, $16.50 and $40.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway, Room 807.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE.—Extension waiting room; private house; desirable living accommodations; excellent location. 1,041 Madison Av., (near 79th.) Lenox 101.

Desirable large and small stores to rent; interesting inducements to proper parties. Inquire at premises, 799 Park Av., corner 74th St.

32,000 SQ. FT. GROUND FLOOR
to lease for mfg. purposes in Manhattan; engine, boiler, generator, compressor, 25-ton crane complete. P 150 Times.

18TH ST., 151 EAST.—Building to let; lower part for business, upper part for residence; rent $75 per month.

Offices, (connecting,) to sublet, from larger suite; outside light, independent entrance. 128 Broadway, corner Cedar, Room 1001.

Lofts and half lofts, 134 West 25th St., 50x81; rents, $1,200-$2,400; immediate possession. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

Studio, 18x21, north light, to rent, $40; 4th Av., corner 25th St. Phone Madison Square 3381.

Loft to let 75x100, with or without power; concrete building. Spindler & Deringer, Colgate & Mercer Sts., Jersey City.

For rent, two fireproof lofts, building 50x100, choice location, Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, N. Y. City.

Desk room, with privileges of telephone and stenographer, in building in financial district. Apply Room 1019, 52 Broadway.

Sublet private office; stenographer; all conveniences. Call 132 Nassau St., Room 513.

Light, pleasant offices, in whole or in parts; about 2,400 sq. ft.; facing river. Apply Room 1017, 90 West St.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, brokers' store, 25x50; $65. Mr. Ashley, Rector 9040.

Private office, deskroom, service; newly furnished. Room 308, 51 East 42d.

DOCTOR OR DENTIST.
Desirable parlor floor. 53 West 54th St.

LIGHT, large office to sublet, $25. Room 1816, 21 Park Row.

An office space. Apply 366 5th Av., Room 1127.

Office space and desk room to rent. Apply B. S. Co., 233 5th Av.

Store, parlor floor; also skylight studios. 5 West 16th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

SPACE WANTED.
Six hundred to eight hundred square feet; must be light, airy, clean, up-to-date, in vicinity of Union Square East; to be used for light, clean assembling work; no machinery. Apply by letter only to W. W. Bold, 132 East 16th St.

OFFICES WANTED.
Offices, (about 450 square feet,) near Grand Central Terminal; advertising business; occupancy Feb. 1, 1918; give particulars, rental, &c. J 76 Times.

Wanted to buy or lease, a fully equipped woodworking plant by maker of wooden toys; state location; give list of equipment and all particulars in first letter. J 73 Times.

Factory, 25,000 square feet, suitable any business; good spot for procuring help. Wm. Wolff's Son, 1,192 Lexington Av.

Wanted.—One-story foundry, 4,000 to 6,000 sq. ft., in Manhattan, with option to buy; state particulars. S 76 Times.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

14-ROOM, RICHLY FURNISHED, MODERN PRIVATE HOUSE.
Facing park, west side; electricity, heat, latest improvements; refined surroundings; home of substantial business man leaving town; $250 monthly. For further particulars write X 317 Times Annex.

322 WEST 71ST STREET.
Modern 3-story dwelling, 10 rooms and 3 baths, electricity, hardwood floors, white enamel woodwork; handsomely furnished; rent $2,000 for season. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

Beautiful residence to rent furnished. 14 rooms, 4 baths; Fifth Av., Central Park; other west side; sale and rent; principals. Address E. L. Herrick, 16 Linden Av., Ossining, N. Y.

EAST 'SIXTIES.—Thoroughly modern and handsomely furnished private home, containing 4 master bedrooms, 4 servants' rooms, 3 baths; accept $2,500 for season; immediate possession. J 131 Times.

FOR RENT, fully furnished, private house in the best section, near Central Park West, 73d St., 10 rooms, 3 baths; unusual opportunity; best reference required. Carstein & Linniken, 221 4th Av.

9TH ST., 13 WEST, (Washington Square Neighborhood.)—Fully furnished, for Winter or longer. Open 11 to 2. Owner, W 346 Times Downtown.

Furnished house to rent between Lexington and Park Av. in 61st St.; four-story and basement; all modern improvements. F 457 Times Annex.

Beautiful 13-room furnished home for sale; private house neighborhood; near Central Park West; nice, self-supporting house; only $500 required; on 90th St. West. S 84 Times.

Attractive private dwelling, 318 West 88th St.; private block; electric light; modern plumbing. Seen by appointment.

71ST ST., WEST.—Small house, completely furnished; coal; bargain; immediate occupancy. Schuyler 2989.

Brooklyn.

NEW, up-to-date, seven-room house, elaborately furnished, finest Bedford section; coal. 1,072 Union St., Brooklyn. Prospect 6484W.

Richmond.

Bargain, easy terms; 400-foot waterfront home; riparian rights; 45 minutes from city; ample garage accommodations; house, 8 rooms, furnished; fruit trees, chicken run, &c.; five acres in all. Address Dr. H. F. Jobelman, 414 West 120th St. Telephone Morningside 5760.

Long Island.

FOR RENT—Beautiful Winter country home, handsomely and completely furnished; 37 minutes from N. Y.; Wave Crest, Far Rockaway, the garden spot of Long Island; with use of garage and sedan automobile; per month, $200. Address 110 West 34th St., Room 608.

FURNISHED apartment, 6 rooms, 3 baths, $130 monthly; living room 18x20; open fireplace; all outside rooms. Sanford Av., Flushing, L. I. For details, Fred'k Zittel & Sons, B'way and 79th St. Schuyler 9700.

Westchester.

FIFTEEN-ROOM, richly furnished, modern private house, three baths; thirty minutes from Grand Central Station; heated garage, capacity five cars; $700 monthly. P 180 Times.

For rent, furnished, at Colonial Heights, attractive, 7-room cottage, with all improvements; near station; price reasonable. Charles Blauvelt, Room 4607, Woolworth Building.

New York State.

Fine, modern suburban cottage, near station, one hour from New York, to rent cheap; partly furnished. Blauvelt & Morrell, Inc., Nyack, N. Y.

New Jersey.

Exceptional value, new six-room house, on acre plot; all improvements; excellent neighborhood; $5,200. Write for particulars to Smith-Singer Co., Glen Rock, N. J., (adjoining Ridgewood.)

Miscellaneous.

California.—Sunny home to lease, four Winter months, for $900. Address owner, Kendrick, 3,388 Clay St., San Francisco; modern, $20,000 ten-room house; excellent library, furnace, open fires; superb view over Presidio and bay; luxuriously furnished; ready for occupancy; garage.

Rare opportunity to secure beautifully furnished mountain home within easy commuting distance; garage; low rent for Winter months. J 129 Times.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Manhattan.

Hot-water heated 8-room cottage, sleeping porch and garage, one block from double-track trolley, subway connection, in best residential section of the city; rent $50 per month, or offer. Apply M. A. Broderick, 34 Warburton Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

7 EAST 54TH STREET.
25-foot, 4-story and basement house; elevator, steam heat, electric light; possession at once. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

COAL IN CELLAR.
Beautiful, three-story, modern stone dwelling, best block below 125th St.; rent low. Shaw & Co., 1 West 125th St.

50th St., 341 East.—Four-story and basement brown stone front, arranged for two families; parquet floors, electric lights, all improvements. Apply on premises, 10 to 2.

Private dwellings for home or business; reasonable rent.
William Wolff's Son, 1,192 Lexington Av.

73D ST., EAST.—Park Av.; beautiful house, extra large rooms. Phone Schuyler 2989.

93D, 257 WEST.—FIVE-STORY AMERICAN BASEMENT, 3 BATHS. CARETAKER.

Westchester.

A CALIFORNIA BUNGALOW.
With garage; one of the finest in the East, at PARK HILL, Yonkers, for sale at a bargain; eight rooms, &c. (four bedrooms;) every modern improvement, steam plant, Ruud hot water heater, screens; glass enclosed porch, &c.; sacrifice for $10,500; will take $2,500 cash, balance mortgages; or will rent to desirable party; can be seen Sunday. Geo. Howe, opposite Park Hill Station, office at foot of elevator; take subway to Van Cortlandt Park and trolley to Park Hill.

New Jersey.

Nine-room house in Park St. section of Montclair for rent reasonable; open fireplace, parquet floors, tile bathrooms, gas, electricity, steam heat, sleeping porch, and sitting room porch. Write 10 Prescott Av., Montclair, or phone S. R. G., 2624 Chelsea, New York.

Long Island.

Widow will rent attractive home, healthy suburb, within New York City; furnished or unfurnished; garage; grounds; exceptional. X 394 Times Annex.

Unfurnished Houses Wanted.

Want to rent immediately, 6-8 room unfurnished detached cottage, rent $40-$50, within 50 minutes of city. Address "Particulars," 1 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

Three-story, 18-foot private house; very well constructed; good neighborhood; containing nine rooms and bath; can be bought considerably below real value; asking price $9,000; terms to suit; brokers protected. Samuel Kronsky, 65 Liberty St.

156th St., 550 West.—Four-story, speckled brick and brownstone, 18 rooms, 3 baths, steam-heated; adaptable for three or four families; price, $15,500; mortgage, $10,000 at 5 per cent. Owner on premises.

For sale or will lease furnished, 88 Haven Av., near 170th St., overlooking Hudson River; exceptional house for doctor or sanitarium. Telephone 760 Audubon. Reeber.

Clubhouse for sale; completely fitted; 3 stories and basement; 25-foot frontage; in the West 20's. Write G. P., 104 West 42d St., N. Y., Room 605.

230 Cherry, corner Pelham, $32,000, 6-story tenement, 25.6x109.7; rents $4,242; first mortgage, $28,500. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

Brooklyn.

Colonial house, 8 rooms, 3 baths, on Ocean Av., large grounds, garage; leaving town; will sublet for Winter or longer, furnished or unfurnished, $75 a month. Phone Midwood 1311 W.

Three-story brownstone house; near Prospect Park, Brooklyn; lot 20x100; excellent condition, including some furnishings; owner leaving city; will sacrifice; no brokers. W 300 Times Downtown.

Two-story and basement brick, 12 rooms, two baths, for sale. 550 51st St., Brooklyn.

Bronx.

BARGAIN.—Cannot be duplicated; two-family duplex, brick, all improvements; West Bronx, two blocks from 6th, 9th Av "L" and subway express station; $1,500 down; your rent for eight-room apartment will be $18 per month and no more. MASS, 11 West 177th St.

Queens.

$1,100 for cozy house and garden plot, good location, ½ block from trolley; $100 down and $10 monthly. Write for further particulars. Fox, Box 270 Times Downtown.

Westchester.

At Scarsdale.—Am offering for sale ideal Dutch Colonial 8 rooms, 3 baths, large sleeping porch, all improvements, on large wooded plot, having one of the finest views in Scarsdale; short walk to station and handy to school, stores, &c.; will make reasonable terms to the right people. For plan and photos, phone or write J. T. Withers, 2,240 Ryer Av. Tel. 2060 Fordham.

At Bargain.—The cosiest little California bungalow in Westchester; beautiful setting amid trees and shrubs, with fine flowing brook at rear; 8 rooms, 2 baths, 3 porches; garage; only 36 minutes out; 5 minutes station. S. T. Widdicombe, 40 West 32d St. Tel. Madison Square 9860.

California bungalow, overlooking Lake Mahopac; large rooms, open fireplace, all improvements; on large wooded plot; water rights; will sell on reasonable terms to responsible party. J. T. Withers, 2,240 Ryer Av. Tel. Fordham 2060.

SCARSDALE.—6-room cottage and garage for rent at $35, or for sale at $4,500; terms to suit; immediate possession; high ground, hot water heat, electric light, tiled bath, newly decorated.
ANGELL & CO., Scarsdale, N. Y.

BUNGALOWS.—Four being erected from unique plans at Lake Mahopac; can sell at low cost on account of having own sawmill; interior arrangements can be changed to suit buyer. L. T., Room 1202, 40 West 32d St. Phone Madison Square 9860.

A charming bungalow on a high wooded plot, 200 feet from water's edge, at Lake Mahopac; five minutes to station; attractively priced. Phone Mr. Kennedy, Grenville Hall, 212th St. and Broadway.

ATTRACTIVE COLONIAL RESIDENCE, 9 rooms and 3 baths; ½ acre, garage, garden; choice surroundings. $25,000. ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Tuckahoe.—Attractive 8-room house, bath, electricity; fruit trees, garden space, chicken house; immediate possession; $35. Phone 685W Tuckahoe.

RYE, OVERLOOKING SOUND.
House, garage, garden, and beautiful trees; near bathing; $25,000 to close estate.
STEWART C. SCHENCK, Forest Av., Rye.

Long Island.

NEW BUNGALOW at Laurelton, L. I., 5 rooms and bath, charmingly arranged; plenty of land; easy commuting distance; close to stores, schools, &c.; $4,900; very easy terms. Laurelton Development Co., Suite 509, No. 1 West 34th St., New York. Phones, Greeley 2741; on property, Springfield 1984R.

$17 monthly and small amount down for a handsome cottage with all modern improvements; nice location, near trolley, stores, &c.; easy to commute; will decorate to suit. Write or call to B. Owner, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

$100 cash buys six-room house and large plot of good garden soil; suitable location for poultry; near big town, one hour from city; balance can be paid off $12 per month. Poultry, Box 285 Times Downtown.

Adjoining Golf and Country Club; an unusual opportunity to secure Colonial home; moderate cost; good neighborhood; 30 minutes from New York; 2 minutes from station. G. W. McDougall, 162 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

Forest Hills, L. I.—Beautiful house, 9 rooms, 3 baths; surrounded by trees; every convenience; 15 minutes New York; 3 minutes from train. 66 Tennis Place.

New Jersey.

New modern six-room, attic home, $200 cash, balance as rent, $4,000 with two lots, $4,750 with four; seen Sunday; trains Wood Ridge or Rutherford. Grimshaw, Wood Ridge, N. J. Telephone Rutherford 1169-W.

Montclair.—$7,500 to close estate; new residence; large living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, sun porch, sleeping porch; excellent location. Murdoch, opp. Lackawanna, Montclair.

For Sale.—House with garage, South Orange; lot 100x200; restricted location; 11 rooms, 2 baths, all improvements; Lackawanna Railroad; reasonable price; quick sale. X 244 Times Annex.

Fanwood, N. J.—Modern house, 7 rooms and bath; plot 100x250; garage; fruit, grapes, berries; $8,000; owner's business compelled moving; adjoining lot, 100x250, if wanted. Wallis A. Cattelle, Washington, N. J.

For sale, 9-room house, all conveniences, forty-five minutes from New York, fifteen from Newark; two railroads, ten minutes to station. Z 357 Times Annex.

Colonial stucco house, great sacrifice, furnished, unfurnished; spacious rooms, tiled bath; parquet; 35 mins. Broadway. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

Sacrifice beautiful 6-room bungalow, garage, $4,650; gas, electric; hardwood finish; 25 mins. Broadway. Owner, W 329 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—Four one-family houses; all improvements; near Summit tube. Address L. Garrick, 106 Kensington Av., Jersey City. Telephone Bergen 1392 J.

Bloomfield—Best street, before Dec. 15, 12 rooms, steam heat; plot 60x160; mortgage, $6,500; no reasonable offer refused. F. Webster, 41 Park Row. Cortlandt 8742.

Up-to-date six-room house; best location in Rutherford; with or without large plot of land; cheap. W. H., Tel. 2730 Chelsea.

½-acre, outbuildings; 6-room house; $2,600; liberal terms. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New Jersey.

WRITE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c. commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace; built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel, steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

AT ROSELLE PARK; CHEAPER THAN rent; for quick sale, $5,500 house will be sacrificed for $4,200; contains hall, living room, dining room, kitchen, 3 bedrooms, tiled bathroom, large attic, good cellar; gas, electricity, steam heat; beam ceiling, hardwood finish; half stucco; lot 40x120. Arthur Churchill, 308 East Westfield Av., Roselle Park, N. J. Phone 4032.

MONTCLAIR—Charming Colonial residence for rent, furnished; 9 rooms, 3 baths; all modern improvements; garage; 4 acres of beautiful ground, located in choice mountainside residential section; rent $225, from Dec. 15 to April 15. Apply to
Frank Hughes-Taylor Co., Montclair, N. J.

In beautiful Montclair, attractive, modern, nine-room house; built for owner; enclosed porch; steam heat, gas, electricity, maple floors, open fireplace, large, light, dry cellar, laundry; beautiful grounds, fruit, flowers, vegetable garden; near country club, school, &c.; price $15,000. F 14 Times.

Dainty, year-round, 6-room home; 18 minutes by train; fine service; house is newly and tastily decorated; select locality; high land; fine lawn; a few hundred cash takes it; price $4,500; very easy terms. Trustee, Post Office Box 529, New York City.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMEN.

We require several hundred additional saleswomen to help us over this very busy holiday season.

Bright, ambitious, and courteous young women, high school graduates or others, with or without actual selling or department store experience, who desire to earn money through the holidays, and perhaps a permanent position, should apply at the office of the Superintendent any day this week between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5:30 P. M.

ALSO,
DEPARTMENT OF WRAPPING.

Requires several young girls to act as parcel wrappers; experience not necessary. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, Subway Floor, Central Building.

ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATOR
with experience to operate a machine and assist in general office work; give record of employment, age, and salary expected. K 225 Times Downtown.

A GRADUATE or pupil from Cooper or Pratt Institute wanted as a beginner with a New York interior decorating firm; state salary wanted. P 160 Times.

ALTO AND SOPRANO wanted for choir. X 310 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT BUYER
WOMEN'S COAT DEPARTMENT.

Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require the services of an assistant buyer for their Women's Coat Department.

A desirable situation is offered and applications will be considered only from those having first-class experience.

Apply by letter only, giving complete details as to experience, addressing Superintendent, Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and Typist.—Bright young girl of good education wanted for permanent position; must be quick and accurate at figures and good penman. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary desired, J. W. M., Room 205 Mercantile Building, New York City.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER Wanted.—One accustomed to handling quite a number of accounts; must be able to take trial balance; address, stating age, experience, and salary expected. A 213 Times Downtown.

BILLING CLERK, one having had experience in a manufacturing firm; good wages and future for right person; state experience and salary expected. J 88 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—YOUNG LADY TO ASSIST IN GENERAL OFFICE WORK; STATE EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. WILLING, 268 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Competent double entry, experienced, to take full charge of office, monthly trial balance; write, stating salary and experience, references. J 116 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST.—Experienced; $18; state age and qualifications; answer by letter only. La Belle Novelty Mfg. Co., 15 Mercer St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, accustomed to details; must be thoroughly experienced; state age, experience, and salary expected. J 49 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, experienced; write, giving full particulars, salary expected; good position for right party. J 84 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must have good knowledge of accounting; only Americans capable of commanding $25 per week need apply. Box F. H., 104 East 14th.

BOOKKEEPER on retail ledger; quick and accurate at figures; apply by letter only. Cushman's, 49 Manhattan St.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST.—One experienced in cloak and suit industry. Kirshman & Alexander, 122 West 26th.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; must be experienced in import and export detail; state salary and references. J 59 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in stenography; state age, experience, references, and salary expected. J 40 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced young lady; permanent position. David Esterson, 49 East 21st St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, double entry, trial balance. Apply personally, 135-139 West 20th St., City.

BOOKKEEPER and general office work in wholesale gown house; none but experienced need apply. J 94 Times.

BUYER COATS, SUITS, DRESSES, WAISTS.
STATE IN FIRST LETTER BY WHOM YOU HAVE BEEN EMPLOYED, IN WHAT CAPACITY, HOW LONG IN EACH PLACE, AND AMOUNT OF SALARY DESIRED.
THE HUNTER, TUPPEN CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.

CANVASSERS AND SELLING AGENTS.—YOUNG WOMEN; NEW PATRIOTIC NOVELTY; GOOD INCOME ASSURED; COMMISSION. APPLY ALL WEEK, 8:30 TO 12 O'CLOCK. ROOM 806, 381 4TH AV.

CASHIER, who is experienced accepting cash from the public at cashier's window; hours 9 to 5 and Saturday 9 to 1; state age, religion, experience, salary wanted. Corporation, Times Harlem.

CHAMBERMAID. — Lady wishes French chambermaid, willing to help nurse with children; do sewing; obliging person much appreciated. Mrs. L. B. Dick, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia.

CHECKERS. — Advertising agency requires experienced checkers; good chance for advancement; kindly call. Hanff-Metzger, Inc., 95 Madison Av.

CLERK.
PERMANENT POSITION IN HIGH-CLASS PUBLISHING BUSINESS; A KNOWLEDGE OF TYPEWRITING, NEATNESS, AND REFINEMENT ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL; STATE AGE, EDUCATION, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. J 71 TIMES.

CLERICAL HELPERS.—Girls wanted; many openings. Apply 9th floor, the Butterick Publishing Co., Spring and Macdougal St., N. Y. City.

CLERK.—In the office of a large manufacturing company in the downtown district, a young woman, 20-25 years of age; must be good penman; experience in bookkeeping preferred; state age, reference, and salary expected. P 395 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Large publishing house wants clerk for permanent position; must be quick at figures and write good hand; salary $9 to start. Write, giving age, experience, and whether employed at present, J 93 Times.

CLERK.—Newly organized large manufacturing concern requires capable clerk, Elliott-Fisher experience essential; state age, experience, references, salary desired. K 227 Times Downtown.

CLEVER WOMEN,
USED TO MEETING BEST PEOPLE, TO INTERVIEW PROMINENT BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN. VERY LARGE EARNINGS POSSIBLE; COMMISSION.
CONCRETE SECURITIES CORPORATION, 284 BROADWAY, CORNER READE ST. PHONE 8516 WORTH.

COOK between 30-40 years for home hotel in North Dakota; R. R. fare paid. Call or write Agricultural and Industrial Labor Relief, 1,123 Broadway, Suite 607. Phone Farragut 9777. All services rendered free.

COLLEGE WOMEN. — Can you write? Splendid opportunity for college women in large publishing house; good pay while learning profession; state qualifications, experience, education, age, and salary expected. Advertiser, 276 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE GRADUATE wanted by lady to read English classics; Englishwoman preferred. Write, stating terms, E. A., 2,667 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Female.

COUNTER ASSISTANT, Christian firm, general inside work; only girls of good appearance and preferably with some high school education need apply; those with previous sales experience preferred, though not essential. Apply to Mr. Shoemaker, R. H. Ingersoll & Brother, 30 Irving Place, seventh floor.

DESIGNER
ON HAND EMBROIDERIES WANTED BY NEW CONCERN STARTING LADIES' NECKWEAR; ONE WHO CAN TURN OUT ORIGINAL STYLES; REFINED, GOOD POSITION; STATE EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS N. H., 217 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DESIGNER
BY LEADING LADIES' NECKWEAR HOUSE ADDING HAND EMBROIDERY; STATE FULL PARTICULARS, BY WHOM EMPLOYED; GOOD POSITION. ADDRESS B. S., 203 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DESIGNER ON LADIES' NECKWEAR; STEADY POSITION AND GOOD SALARY. NEUHAUS & MEYERS, 97 5TH AV.

DESIGNER.—POPULAR PRICED SILK UNDERWEAR; EXPERIENCED. ADDRESS, OPPORTUNITY, 270 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR; salary to start $15; must be experienced. P 354 Times Downtown.

EARN $25 weekly, spare time, writing for newspapers, magazines; experience unnecessary; details free. Press Syndicate, 170, St. Louis, Mo.

ENTRY CLERK.—One who writes a good hand; good chance for advancement; state salary. P 287 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERKS.—We have vacancies in our office for four file clerks; experience desirable, but not essential. Call at once, 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

FILE CLERK.—Assistant; one who has had some experience. Address, stating age, references, and experience, S 63 Times.

FOREWOMAN to take charge of high-grade underwear factory; good salary; permanent employment guaranteed. Apply at once, Invader Textile Corporation, 2,157 Prospect Av., near 182d St., Bronx.

FOREWOMAN to assist in high-grade underwear factory; good opportunity. Apply at once, Invader Textile Corporation, 2,157 Prospect Av., near 182d St., Bronx.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER. — Competent; small family; good wages. Richards, 44 West 96th.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
require the services of
EXPERIENCED SALESPERSONS
for the following departments:
Gold Filled and Novelty Jewelry.
Sterling and Silverware.
Books.
Toys.
Leather Goods.
Umbrellas.
Sheet Music.
Hosiery.
Knit Underwear.
Art Needlework.
Ribbons.
Gloves.
Permanent Positions; Good Salaries.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
require the services of a thoroughly experienced
HANDKERCHIEF SALESWOMAN;
one capable of taking charge of stock; permanent position; good salary.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
require the services of tall women of good appearance to act as saleswomen in their
MEN'S FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

GIRLS TO DO CLERICAL WORK. APPLY MISS CARLOCK, THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., 326 HUDSON ST., NEW YORK CITY.

GIRLS, 15-20 years of age, for stock work and order filling; large mail order house; experience unnecessary. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

GIRL to make herself generally useful in large wholesale house; no experience necessary; permanent position; good chance for advancement; state age and salary expected. J 85 Times.

GIRL.—Thoroughly respectable, wanted to make herself generally useful in the office and showroom of an interior decorator's. Apply to Cowtan & Sons, Ltd., 542 Fifth Av.

GIRL to do office work; no experience necessary; permanent position; good chance for advancement; state age and salary expected. J 86 Times.

GIRL, YOUNG, FOR LIGHT WORK; NO EXPERIENCE REQUIRED; EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. PARIS GARTER CO., 104 5TH AV., NEW YORK.

GIRL, 16 YEARS OR OVER, AS ASSISTANT IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS CONCERN. K 216 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GIRLS, familiar with printing, wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., at their Bronx plant.

GIRLS wanted to make themselves generally useful in offices of wholesale concern. J 108 Times.

GIRLS.—In stock department large mercantile concern; good, steady position. Campbell, Metzger & Jacobson, 8 East 22d.

GIRLS for office work; must be quick and accurate at figures. Apply Boyd & Co., 2,159 Prospect Av., near 182d St., Bronx.

GIRL for clerical work by importer; state salary and particulars. R 16 Times.

GIRLS to address envelopes; rapid penman wanted. Review of Reviews, 30 Irving Pl.

GLOVE CONCERN, WHOLESALE, WANTS SERVICES OF A YOUNG LADY, WHO IS COMPETENT IN THE HANDLING OF GLOVES AND MAKE HERSELF GENERALLY USEFUL; MUST UNDERSTAND THE BUSINESS THOROUGHLY; HIGH SALARY TO RIGHT PARTY AND STEADY POSITION; IF YOU ARE EXCEPTIONAL IN THE ART OF HANDLING GLOVES APPLY OTHERWISE YOU ARE WASTING YOUR TIME. J 123 TIMES.

GOVERNESS wanted, resident; must speak perfect French and English; highest references. Mrs. Sachs, 814 West End Av. Riverside 2012.

GOVERNESS, speaking English, German, and French, for two girls, 6 and 13 years. Address R. S., 286 Times Downtown.

H. C. F. KOCH & CO., INC.,
125TH ST., WEST.
REQUIRE
STORE DETECTIVES.
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE.

HAIRDRESSER wanted who is an experienced marcel waver. A Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

HOUSEKEEPER, companion, good plain cook for small family, apartment; salary $45. Ganz, (store,) 255 West 116th St.

INTELLIGENT YOUNG WOMEN wanted all over the country to handle a ready-to-wear article on large commission basis; only those that have a large personal acquaintance among better class need apply. Write Box D. B., 1,364 Broadway.

LADY wanted by large corporation engaged in club work having charge of thousands of federated women's clubs in America; one educated, tactful, and with organizing ability and willing to travel; this is a first-class opening for refined, energetic woman; those over 28 apply; no canvassers desired; salary, $100 monthly. P 45 Times.

LEDGER CLERK.
ACCURATE AND QUICK, EXPERIENCED ON ELLIS ADDING TYPEWRITER, FOR RETAIL LEDGER IN HIGH-CLASS SPECIALTY SHOP. APPLY, STATING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED, J. S., 115 TIMES.

LEDGER CLERK Wanted.—One accustomed to posting and taking off trial balance; address, stating age, experience, and salary expected. A 212 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMEN.

GOOD POSITION FOR YOUNG WOMEN WITH MECHANICAL DRAWING EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS, STATING AGE AND SALARY DESIRED, TO A. H. C., 463 WEST ST., CITY.

MILLINERS.
IMPROVERS, COPIERS, APPRENTICES WANTED. JOSEPH, 632 5TH AV.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MILLINERY DESIGNER FOR HIGH-CLASS PATTERN HATS, WHOLESALE; PLEASE DO NOT ANSWER UNLESS YOU ARE SURE YOU CAN FILL THIS POSITION. S 7 TIMES.

MODEL.—A MISS 16 YEARS OF AGE, 33 BUST, FOR POSITION AS MODEL. APPLY TO E. DOUGHTY, BUTTERICK BUILDING, SPRING AND MACDOUGAL STS., NEW YORK CITY.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Refined, cheerful young woman, some experience with children. Mrs. Fitzpatrick, 2 Hillcrest Av., Park Hills, Yonkers, N. Y. Telephone Yonkers 3219.

NURSE, undergraduate, or attendant in sanitarium for nervous and mental diseases at Stamford, Conn.; pay, $22 a month, with board and room. Address Dr. E. A. Stevenson, Stamford, Conn.

NURSE for convalescent lady; knowledge rubbing required; hours, 9 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.; references required; $7 weekly. R 6 Times.

NURSE, for three-year-old girl; long experience and first-class references required. 4216 Harlem, 10 to 12 Sunday, or write R 27 Times.

OFFICE WOMEN.—Several office women about 20 years of age wanted; must be capable, intelligent workers; experience in accounts preferred.
Good salaries; splendid working conditions; opportunity for advancement.
Answer by mail only until interview is arranged; we will interview and list now for positions as needed. Some positions now open.
UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER COMPANY, Controller.

OFFICE and CLERICAL WORK. — Large mail order house requires a number of young ladies, 15-20 years of age, for office; steady position; excellent opportunity for advancement; public, parochial or high school graduate preferred. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

OFFICE WORKERS.
The Encyclopaedia Britannica has several positions open for experienced clerks; we need 5 typists, 3 filers and indexers, and 4 general clerical workers; hours 9 to 5; good pay and chance to advance. Call sixth floor, 120 West 32d St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—The best obtainable for $12 a week; must be a touch typist and understand stenography and able to relieve at switchboard, filing, &c.; age, over 20. Apply by letter or call with written application, A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

OFFICE WORK.—A position of unusual promise is open in a fire insurance broker's office for woman thoroughly familiar with the work of such office; state previous experience. Accuracy, W 389 Times Downtown.

OFFICE GIRL in downtown law office; time for study and opportunity to learn typewriting; $6 to start. 256 Broadway, Room 1300.

OFFICE ASSISTANT Wanted.—First-class. Address, with particulars, D. W., 225 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT to head purchasing department; state age, experience, and salary expected. J 107 Times.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.,
34TH ST., WEST.
REQUIRE
THE SERVICES OF
AN EXPERIENCED
ASSISTANT WOMAN BUYER
AND
HEAD OF STOCK
FOR THEIR
UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT.

PAYROLL CLERK, with experience on office payrolls and statistical work; state age, education, experience and salary expected. X 360 Times Annex.

PUBLISHING HOUSE has excellent opening for college women who can write; permanent position and chance to learn profession; state qualifications, education, age, &c., specifically salary expected. Publisher, 291 Times Downtown.

SAKS & COMPANY,
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET.
DECEMBER STORE HOURS:
9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
REQUIRE SALESWOMEN FOR THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

JEWELRY	LEATHER GOODS
TOILET ARTICLES	UMBRELLAS
HANDKERCHIEFS	MUSLIN
INFANTS' WEAR	UNDERWEAR
	MEN'S UNDERWEAR

NECKWEAR AND VEILINGS
ALSO—PART-TIME SALESWOMEN IN THE ABOVE DEPARTMENTS.

CASHIERS AND AUDITING DEPT. GIRLS OVER 16 YEARS.
YOUNG WOMEN TRACERS IN ADJUSTMENT BUREAU, WITH DEPT. STORE EXPERIENCE.
WOMEN PACKERS EXPERIENCED ON PARCEL POST AND EXPRESS PACKAGES.
WOMEN, 25 TO 35 YEARS, TO WRAP SMALL PACKAGES—EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY IF QUICK TO LEARN.

SALESWOMEN.
R. H. MACY & CO.
have vacancies in the following departments for thoroughly experienced saleswomen:
Underwear.
Gloves.
Ribbons.
Handkerchiefs.
Jewelry.
Books.
Stationery.
Umbrellas.
Leather Goods.
Pictures.
Apply at office of
Employment Manager
any time during the day.

SALESWOMEN,
WRAPPERS.
We need several bright, alert young women, 17 years of age or over, for the above positions.
Pleasant surroundings, liberal salaries, and rapid advancement for those showing ability and desire to learn.
Apply to Miss Longenecker,
National Cloak and Suit Co.,
207 West 24th St.

SALESGIRL WANTED, MUST BE STYLISH; SALARY AND COMMISSION; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY IN PERSON MONDAY MORNING BETWEEN 11 AND 1, 44 EAST 23D ST., ROOM 1005.

SALESWOMAN.—Woman of capacity and vigor, to increase our sales; permanent position to one thoroughly experienced; salary and commission; apply Monday, 2 P. M. C. H. Packard, 1,416 Broadway.

SALESLADY wanted in a dry goods store; good wages; steady position and advancement to a competent person. Apply to L. C. Randall, 752 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESWOMAN, experienced specialty; must be well educated and able to meet the best people; position pays $35 to $50 per week; salary and commission to begin. The King-Richardson Co., Springfield, Mass.

SALESWOMAN.—Experienced, active, intelligent, about 35, for new publication; leads furnished; salary, commission, and car fare. Call Monday, Evan Coslett, 44 East 23d St. Room 1017.

SALESWOMAN or man acquainted with best department store trade; high-class boudoir accessories; straight commission. Liberal, F 169 Times.

SECRETARY.—Young lady (18 to 25) of refinement and good appearance for secretarial work in home of prominent New York family; salary $25 per week and good home; state age, nationality, and qualifications. Address R. E. D., P 297 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER.—Hours, 9 to 6; salary, $75 monthly and meals; must be matured, experienced, and well recommended; state age and where employed last five years; trial first. F 174 Times.

SOLICITOR, life insurance, by Equitable Life; exceptional inducements to good worker; special attention given to beginners; commission. Apply 18 East 42d St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

SPENCERIAN PENMAN wanted for clerical work in office; salary, $8. Write, stating full particulars, J 99 Times.

STENCIL CUTTERS wanted; girls to operate Royal machines. Apply Monday, Circulation Department, Ninth Floor, The Butterick Publishing Co., Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, who is competent to handle an office; must be accurate at figures, of good appearance and refined; if able to play a piano would be an advantage; general appearance must be such as to be in keeping with a well appointed piano warerooms; all information pertaining to the applicants must be in the first letter. Phone address, if any. Apply by letter only. A permanent position for one who can qualify. Ludwig & Co., 65 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER — SALARY $9-$10. APPLY BY LETTER, J. S., STATION V, NEW YORK CITY.

STENOGRAPHER.—YOUNG LADY, ABOUT 25 YEARS OLD, AS SECRETARY TO PRESIDENT OF A LARGE CORPORATION IN LONG ISLAND CITY; MUST BE RAPID STENOGRAPHER AND NEAT AND ACCURATE TYPIST; REPLIES MUST STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY DESIRED, RELIGION, AND NATIONALITY. ADDRESS PERMANENT, 256 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER IN PUBLISHING HOUSE.

A good position for the right young woman; applicant must be a high school graduate and with at least six months' business experience; state these two facts and also your age, religion, salary, and business reference if you wish your letter to receive consideration. P 587 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT WANTED FOR A PERMANENT POSITION WITH MANUFACTURING CO.; OFFICE EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY, BUT MUST BE GOOD GRAMMARIAN; SALARY $12. APPLY, MONDAY, BETWWEN 9 AND 12, SUBWAY TO MOTT AV. STATION, JOHN F. ALLEN CO., 370 GERARD AV.

STENOGRAPHER.
PERMANENT, CONGENIAL POSITION IN HIGH-CLASS PUBLISHING BUSINESS CENTRALLY LOCATED; NEATNESS AND REFINEMENT ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL; STATE AGE, EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. J 68 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, with some knowledge of bookkeeping; must be neat and good penman and accurate at figures; best of references required. Address in own handwriting, giving references, stating experience, and salary expected. W 316 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Dictaphone experience; must have good clerical ability; advertising experience preferred, but not necessary; state salary and experience in letter, which will be given careful consideration; permanent position with first-class house. A. R., Box 137 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good opening for ambitious young lady, good grammarian, willing to do billing work and little mineograph work; also stenographic; state experience, qualifications, salary, nationality. P 273 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—MUST BE NEAT IN APPEARANCE AND WORK; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR AMIABLE GIRL; SHOULD LIVE IN JERSEY CITY OR THEREABOUT. CALL LAUTER PIANO CO., 149 NEWARK AV., JERSEY CITY.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced and accurate, with good schooling, age 20, wanted by large corporation; good surroundings, hours, and advancement. J. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced dictaphone operator, rapid, accurate, knows how to punctuate; state experience, salary desired, nationality, and age. J 396 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER to take charge of order and office detail in commercial house; state experience and salary desired. Box K 215 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, in advertising department large manufacturer, Long Island City; excellent opportunity for experienced, ambitious girl. F 143 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, wanted in law office; answer in own handwriting, stating age, salary, experience, and references. W 328 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — For hospital history room; must understand filing; $40 to $45 per month, with lunch; permanent position. J 121 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must have several years' experience; good salary; apply in person. Telephone Woodlawn 1000. A. R. Moeler & Co., East 242d St. and South Railroad Av.

STENOGRAPHER, with four years' general office work experience; splendid position; $15 to start; state full particulars. W 388 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; large mercantile house; closed Saturdays; open Sundays; state full particulars; salary desired. S 27 Times.

STENOGRAPHER for tea and coffee house; young lady with some experience; Christian firm; salary $10. Call A. J. Sheldon Co., 100 Front St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced girl to take dictation and for general office work; excellent oppportunity; state salary to start. M 196 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; expert; thoroughly experienced in office details; references required. Herman Kienzler Co., 45 West 17th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for office of large publishing house; opportunity for advancement. McCall Co., 236 West 37th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must have experience in general office work. Address Columbia Wax Products Co., 751 East 137th St.

STENOTYPE OPERATOR. — Experienced young woman; rapid and accurate. Davis & Lawrence Co., 10-12 Christopher St.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, (Underwood,) experienced, accurate, intelligent; permanent; $15 F 117 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted by large printing concern. Call S. P., 421 Hudson St., N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; experience not necessary. Address in own handwriting, P 155 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted who also can write, use dictaphone and do general office work; handwriting letter. J 101 Times.

STOCK GIRLS, wholesale house; wages $8 week; hours 8:30 to 5:30; 1 o'clock Saturday; references required. W 388 Times Downtown.

STORE DETECTIVE.
Wanted, by retail store, a young woman of intelligence and discretion to act as store detective.
Must be 23 years of age or over, and have department store experience.
Write to F 171 Times, stating age, training, experience, and salary desired.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, familiar with stenography and type writing and able to assist in office work; good, permanent position in large wholesale house; salary to start $12; state age, experience, and references. K 205 Times Downtown.

TEACHER. — Orphanage near city needs teacher elementary grade who can also do social work with small group of newly received children; not permitted for first three weeks to mingle with other children; day and half off weekly; board, lodging and $40 monthly. Address G. B. Halpern, Pleasantville, N. Y.

TEACHERS for conservatory, music; vocal, drama, and dancing; percentage. S 14 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR. — We require a young lady who is polite and accurate and has a pleasing voice; must be above average in intelligence; knowledge of typewriting preferred, but not essential; in reply state age, experience, religion, salary, and telephone number, if any, to Ambitious, J 112 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.
PERMANENT POSITION IN HIGH-CLASS BUSINESS FOR YOUNG WOMAN; PREFERABLY ONE WHO HAS HAD HOTEL, ADVERTISING OR PUBLISHING EXPERIENCE; NEATNESS AND REFINEMENT ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. J 89 TIMES.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, capable of handling a busy board; state salary desired and past experience. J 82 Times.

TELEGRAPH OPERATOR-STENOGRAPHER wanted; must be competent, reliable; no clock watcher. Telephone Broad 4758.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR for Long Island City factory office; state experience and salary expected. J 87 Times.

TELEGRAPH OPERATOR.—Also to assist in office Southern resort hotel; good salary, with room and board. F 132 Times.

TYPISTS.—Large mail order house requires a number of typists; steady position; good opportunity for advancement; excellent chance for beginners. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

TYPISTS—For clerical department of large Brooklyn manufacturing concern; some experience preferred; good chances; state salary, &c. O. S. T., 168 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Must be accurate and have knowledge of stenography; state salary and references. J 60 Times.

TYPEWRITER.—For billing department of wholesale grocery house; state salary. P 288 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, touch operator. Apply Monday, 9:30, Packard, 1,416 Broadway.

WOMAN wanted, between the ages of 25 and 35, to travel in Western territory representing wholesale dress house, making popular priced merchandise; experience unnecessary; salary and traveling expenses advanced. Apply by letter, stating all qualifications, &c., in detail, to "W. D. H.," 1,364 Broadway.

WOMAN, refined, well educated, who can reach best people, to sell room gowns and negligee to her friends; one who is used to and can appreciate good clothes. Write Manufacturer, 2,730 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WOMEN OF EDUCATION AND REFINEMENT WANTED TO SELL TO BANKS, TRUST COMPANIES, AND BROKERAGE HOUSES. NO MERCHANDISE, NO STOCKS OR BONDS; NO CANVASSING; LIBERAL COMMISSION AND PERMANENT POSITION; SALARY ONLY AFTER DEMONSTRATING ABILITY; NO INVESTMENT WANTED FROM YOU; PLEASE STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. W 367 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WOMEN.—WANTED A NUMBER OF WOMEN WITH OFFICE EXPERIENCE, THOSE WITH SOME KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING PREFERRED; SALARY $12. ADDRESS J. T. L., STATION V, NEW YORK.

WOMEN of education and experience in managing household for Jewish orphanage near city for combination positions of social worker and supervision of cottage where children perform all household duties; board, lodging and $40 monthly; state age, education, experience. Dr. L. B. Bernstein, Pleasantville, N. Y.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER on a gentleman's place in the country; good cook; one who would appreciate kindness and a good home rather than high wages; two in family and one gardener; might consider Japanese houseman or Filipino boy; state wages expected. Address, for three days, X 363 Times Annex.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER; must be capable kitchen manager and cook; no laundry. Mrs. Fitzpatrick, 2 Hillcrest Av., Park Hills, Yonkers, N. Y. Telephone Yonkers 3219.

YOUNG FRENCH GIRL wanted as assistant on lamp shades, bed spreads, &c., by an interior decorator; state salary wanted. P 161 Times.

YOUNG GIRL to index and file papers in office of wholesale woolen house; state age, references, and salary expected. O 393 Times Downtown.

YOUNG GIRL wanted to assist with care of two small children. Fordham 2840 (Extension 2). Kolley.

YOUNG GIRLS to inclose circulars; experience not necessary. Review of Reviews, 30 Irving Place.

YOUNG LADY.—A large shoe manufacturing corporation requires the services of a young lady about 26 years of age with several years' experience in the payroll department of a shoe manufacturing company; an excellent opportunity for the proper lady with the experience and ability required; applications must state experience in detail and will be treated as strictly confidential; only those with shoe manufacturing experience need apply; replies must state nationality and salary desired. Address Payroll, 245 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN to copy embroidery designs in pen and ink, one who has had some experience operating perforating machine preferred. Apply by letter only, stating age and qualifications, to Mr. E. Van Wickle, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

YOUNG LADY, refined, understanding stenography, and residing at home to assist in dentist's office near West 70th St.; references; state salary expected and religion. Refinement, Y 208 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY, 18 to 20 wanted, as assistant bookkeeper and clerk. K 223 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADIES wanted for making lamp shades and sewing pillows; only experienced need apply. Studio for Interior, 22 East 45th St.

YOUNG LADY, experienced in handling mill and converting records; excellent opportunity; state experience and salary desired. Address Cotton Converter, J 98 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN capable of handling subscription work of monthly publication; good salary and opportunity for advancement. The Silent Partner, Room 1132, 200 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMAN, to trim, sort, and wrap blue prints; hours 8 to 5:30; salary to start $9. American Blue Print Co., 30 East 42d St.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 30 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, rapid and accurate, $1,100 per annum.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER; position in export house, $1,300 per annum.
BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER; position in Washington, D. C., $1,200 per annum.
BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT; position in Schenectady, N. Y., $1,300-$1,500 per annum.
STENOGRAPHER, thorough knowledge and experience in chemical terms; position in Washington, D. C., $1,400 per annum.
STENOGRAPHERS.—We have several very good positions, high-grade work, at salaries ranging from $10 to $18 per week; excellent opportunities.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 30 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 1, ROOM 725.

(1) STATISTICIAN; MUST HAVE BROAD EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE IN MAKING UP GRAPHIC CHARTS; $25-$35.
(6) BOOKKEEPERS, $15-$20.
(8) STENOGRAPHERS; ONE WITH KNOWLEDGE OF DICTAPHONE, $15; OTHERS, $15-$17.
(3) TYPISTS, $9-$12.
(5) CLERKS, $10-$12.
PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC., 30 Church St.
Call in person, 9 to 2.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 154 NASSAU STREET.
MISS GRIFFIN.
DICTAPHONE OPERATORS—Good opportunities.
BOOKKEEPER—Double entry, $20.
BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — Downtown, $18-$20.
STENOGRAPHERS—French-English, Spanish-English, $20-$30.
TYPISTS—Insurance, (1,) good at figures; good salaries.

STENOGRAPHER.—Chemical, $20; legal, $15; commercial, $10-$18; typists, $10; billing, $15; bookkeeper-stenographer, $16; switchboard operator, $12; registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, Dictaphone Operators, Legal and Commercial Typists, Clerks.—Many excellent openings; free registration. Fulton Agency, 93 Nassau, 489 5th Av.

Hirst Occupational Exchange, 95 Liberty St.—Superior positions for stenographers, typists, bookkeepers, dictaphone operators, file clerks; register free.

Efficient Employment Exchange Agency, 10 East 43d.—Stenographers, $18; bill clerk, $15; typists, $15; clerks. Miss Budenbender, Prop.

Hirst Occupational Exchange, 17 West 37th St.—Superior positions for stenographers, typist, file clerk, and clerk; register free.

ATTENTION — Nurses, waitresses, cooks, couples, houseworkers. Miss Fitz Gerald's Bureau, 546 Fifth Av.

MANY good opportunities, stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, clerks. Investigate. Mighill Agency, Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, typists, bookkeepers; good openings for educated, refined Americans. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St. Cortlandt 4249.

STENOGRAPHERS. — High class; excellent positions; law, export, commercial; typists. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

STENOGRAPHERS, dictaphone typists; free registration. Fulton Agency, 93 Nassau, 489 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS, Dictaphone Operators, Typists, Bookkeepers.—Excellent permanent positions. Brody Agency, 239 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, $12, $15, $18, $20; bookkeepers. Atlas Employment Agency, 132 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Legal, $20; commercial, $8-$18; typists, $12; clerks, $10; all kinds office positions. Owens Agency, 108 Fulton.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Legal, $20; commercial, $8-$18; typists, $12; clerks, $10; all kinds positions. Quick Service Agency, Times Bldg.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, typists, clerical; excellent positions. Alpha Agency, 132 Nassau St., Room 717.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, clerical, $8-$25; free registration. Rose Webber Agency, 1536 Tribune Bldg.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers.—Numerous desirable positions; register free. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th St.

LADIES to travel, $30 per week; girls, clerical work, $7 up. Business Service Bureau, 309 Broadway.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway.—Register free. Many superior office positions.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18, $15, $10; typists, $12, $10, $8. Acme Agency, 145 Nassau.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, $20; machinery, $75 monthly; engineering, downtown, $18; brokerage, knowledge bookkeeping, $18; many commercial positions, $15, $12, $10.
BOOKKEEPERS, $80 monthly; assistant bookkeeper, typist, Brooklyn, $12; one downtown, $14, hours 9-5; must be accurate figurers.
SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS, $15; others, $50 monthly; hours 9-5; others, $10; experienced, neat girls apply; permanent positions.
FILING CLERK.—Uptown position, $16; advancement; experienced only apply.
TYPISTS, $12, $10; beginner stenographers, $10.
No registration fee.
DIEHL AGENCY,
20 Vesey.

Instruction.

ARE you interested in a well-paying profession—dress design and illustration? Our unique method of instruction has developed some of the leading fashion illustrators and creators in New York; not an art course requiring years of study; our lessons are practical, interesting, and prepare you in short time; only school recommended by the trade; under direction Emil Alvin Hartmann, master of costume design; morning, afternoon, evening classes. Visit our permanent exhibition of students' work, or write for Booklet T. The Fashion Academy, 608 Park Av., at 65th St., New York.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllab-ic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858.) Broadway at 72d St.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION.
Secretarial, shorthand, typewriter, bookkeeping, &c. This kind of instruction means you can save time and money. Don't waste time in large classes and inferior methods. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and preeminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRIVATE SECRETARY COURSE,
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

NURSES.
Harlem School of Nursing, Inc., teaches and graduates all branches nursing; no age limit employment. 160 West 121st St.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES. — Three months' course; students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. Wheat.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES.
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SALESMEN.

We require experienced salesmen in our Linen Department. Apply to Superintendent, Subway Floor, East Building.

ALSO
BOYS.

Several boys of neat appearance for positions in our stock rooms, presenting an excellent opportunity to acquire a complete knowledge of the business. Apply to Superintendent, Subway Floor, East Building.

ACCOUNTANTS.

Experienced seniors, qualified by experience and training, to conduct audits, investigations, write reports, &c.; state age, education, professional training and nationality; replies will be held in strict confidence. Apply by letter only, Lybrand, Ross Bros. & Montgomery, 55 Liberty St., N. Y.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, also cost accountant; senior capable taking complete charge of contracts; experience in devising and installing accounting systems desirable; cost man capable taking complete charge of work and tying up cost records with general books; good salaries and opportunities to right men. A 322 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced, junior, in office of certified public accountant, age 28 to 40; state age, salary and experience; no application considered unless detail of experience is given in letter. A 226 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS for permanent staff C. P. A. firm of high standing; several juniors, semi-seniors and seniors; unusually desirable opportunities; manufacturing experience preferred; public accounting experience not essential. P 324 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.
FIRST-CLASS SENIORS AND JUNIORS; NO OTHERS NEED APPLY; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, AGE, SALARY EXPECTED AND REFERENCES. AUDIT, P 359 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT.—High-grade senior wanted for permanent position; good salary to the competent man. Write, giving full particulars, experience, education, and salary expected. J 95 Times.

ACCOUNTANT — Permanent position with firm of certified public accountants, senior or semi-senior; state education, experience, and salary. W 321 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors and assistant seniors, by firm of C. P. A.s; state age and nationality; experienced. J 392 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior, with some experience or sound practical accounting knowledge; give age and qualifications; salary $18. S 49 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, manager's assistant, 20-28 years; integrity essential; state expectations. W 394 Times Downtown.

ADJUSTER-INVESTIGATOR. — Must have casualty company experience adjusting negligence claims; state age, experience, and salary expected. P 393 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING WRITER.—A position with great possibilities is open to an advertising writer who can produce newspaper and magazine copy that will sell goods; must be a thinker and a strong, forceful writer; one who has ideas and can express them in a convincing manner; unless you possess these qualifications do not waste your time or ours; salary no object to the right person; in replying give age, experience, and salary expected; all correspondence will be held as confidential. F 150 Times.

ADVERTISING OR SALES MANAGER.
At the age of 26 years am directing the sales and advertising for a nationally known textile corporation; previously employed in various responsible capacities with a $100,000,000 food product corporation; foremost business magazines have published lengthy articles concerning the character of my work; recommended by executives of companies you know; present employed, but desire immediate change; if you have or know of a position requiring a man who has produced profitable results write to me in confidence; complete business history and specimens on request; only propositions of known merit considered; moderate salary until worth is proven. P 119 Times.

ADVERTISEMENT WRITER for department store position; salary $46 to $50; submit specimen or two (not returnable,) with information of experience. Address "Boston." Y 204 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS.—We need (3) clean-cut, gentlemanly, energetic, honest advertising solicitors, who are thoroughly acquainted with the business; to such men we are ready to offer a good commission. K 218 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR to sell space in special medium; permanent employment, on salary, with commission basis; state age, experience, compensation. J 130 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR on local monthly automobile magazine; one acquainted in this field; commission basis. R 25 Times.

AISLEMEN. — EXPERIENCED; PERMANENT POSITION. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT, MEYER BROS., MAIN ST., PATERSON, N. J.

AN ACTIVE, ENERGETIC, MIDDLE-AGED, RESPONSIBLE BUSINESS MAN, WELL CONNECTED, WITH THOROUGH BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, ANXIOUS TO OCCUPY HIS TIME, WILL GIVE HIS SERVICES AT NOMINAL COMPENSATION TO A REPUTABLE BUSINESS HOUSE. P 272 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

A NUMBER OF YOUNG MEN, about 17 years of age, for service with large downtown banking institution; unusual opportunity for clean, high-class young men; must be of excellent character and habits; in making application state qualifications and references. Address P 383 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

AN OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALIZE YOUR ACQUAINTANCE.

A retired business man, a capitalist, very prominent man socially, or a gentleman with very fine connections with the best people in the City of New York, can make a connection with one of the largest corporations in the United States whereby his influence and acquaintance can be capitalized on a very lucrative basis. This is a legitimate proposition of a high-grade concern, and to a man who can introduce our representatives to the proper people presents an unusual opportunity; salary and commission. W 337 Times Downtown.

ARTISTS.

EXPERIENCED EMBROIDERY DESIGNERS WHO CAN ILLUSTRATE AS WELL AS DESIGN IN WASH, PEN AND INK, AND FLAT COLOR. APPLY T. REBELS, BUTTERICK BUILDING, SPRING AND MACDOUGAL STS., NEW YORK CITY.

ASSISTANT TO AUDITOR.

A LARGE GROCERY HOUSE HAS GOOD OPENING FOR ASSISTANT SALES AUDITOR; MUST BE MAN OF INTELLIGENCE AND EDUCATION, CAPABLE OF TAKING HOLD OF THE WORK PERSONALLY AND SUPERVISING WORK OF FORCE AUDITING SEVERAL THOUSAND SALES SLIPS A DAY; IN CONSIDERING APPLICANTS PREFERENCE WILL BE GIVEN THOSE HAVING DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE; WHEN WRITING STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, AND SALARY DESIRED. T. S., 29 TIMES.

ASSISTANT TO SUPERINTENDENT.—High-class apartment house; applicant must be familiar with Otis elevators, electricity, plumbing, &c., and generally handy with tools; a good, steady position is open for a sober, reliable man; must be single and reside on the premises; references must be of the very best; apply by letter only. Box 118, Adler Advertising Agency, 643 Lexington Av.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.

Young man wanted in publishing house; must have had some bookkeeping experience, be accurate and quick, and have ability to look after details; when applying state religion, age, education, experience, and salary expected; give two business references. P 385 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER on sales ledger with large manufacturing concern; permanent position for right party; must be good penman, accurate, and intelligent; applications not giving experience, references, salary expected in own handwriting will be disregarded. N. T., 79 Times, Bronx, 2,960 3d Av.

ASSISTANT BUYER.

Large department store, Greater New York, requires assistant buyer in upholstery, domestic, and art goods; good salary to A1 party. D. G., 240 Times Uptown.

ASSISTANT wanted in credit department dry goods commission house; experience in foreign procedure desirable, but not necessary; state age, experience, and salary desired. P 144 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, not subject to military draft; easy hours; good chance for advancement; state age, salary, experience, and nationality. Harlem Corporation, Times Harlem.

ASSISTANT AUDITOR.—Must be competent in modern bookkeeping methods. O. R., 116 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

AUDITOR AND CORRESPONDENT.

A nationally prominent collection firm requires the services of an experienced and trained bookkeeper, auditor, and fluent correspondent to keep the executive books of accounts and records and audit the work of seven branch offices.

Successful applicant must possess initiative, executive ability, good, sound school or academic education, and be of a prepossessing appearance and command an audience and a lending ear when interviewing local and out-of-town clients.

State age, single or married, education, experience, past and present connections, references as to ability, personal habits, moral and business, and house telephone.

Applications must be made in own handwriting; none but those who can fully meet the within requirements need apply; position open for immediate engagement.

State salary per annum; must be moderate; to be increased upon demonstration of ability, efficiency, and value. A 210 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN, (expert,) for one of the biggest selling Ford accessories on the market; sells for $2; commission 25 per cent.; is a great success in Canada; just being placed on American market; good prospect for the right man. Foss Silencer Deflector Sales Co., 220 West 42d St.

ATTRACTIVE proposition open to man to interview wholesale merchants and manufacturers; a person desiring to make a permanent and profitable business connection will find this an unusual opportunity; commission. Call after 9 A. M., Room 876, Woolworth Bldg.

BEDDING INSPECTOR.—ABRAHAM AND STRAUS, FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN, NEED AN INVESTIGATOR FOR OUTSIDE WORK; MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH BEDS AND BEDDING. APPLY BY MAIL ONLY, ADDRESSING SUPERINTENDENT.

BILL CLERK for plumbers' supply house wanted; one with experience in that line preferred; state age, experience, and salary expected. P 182 Times.

BLUE PRINTER, capable operating Pease machine. American Blue Print Co., 30 East 42d.

BOOKKEEPER.

AN UNUSUALLY HIGH-CLASS UPTOWN RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT DESIRES THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER, EXEMPT FROM DRAFT. APPLICANT SHOULD STATE EXPERIENCE, AGE, NATIONALITY, AND SALARY DESIRED. ADDRESS F 463 TIMES ANNEX.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly efficient, wanted in office of wholesale clothing house; no applicant will be considered unless he has completed the accountancy course in the New York University; must have commercial experience, be familiar with week and piece workers' payroll; must write a good hand and be quick and accurate at figures. Apply, giving full details, K 204 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly efficient, wanted in office of wholesale clothing house; no applicant will be considered unless he has completed the accountancy course in the New York University; must have commercial experience, be familiar with week and piece workers' payroll; must write a good hand and be quick and accurate at figures. Apply, giving full details, K 204 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.

Unusual opportunity for competent accountant, preferably with printing shop experience and familiar with printers' standard cost system. Write in detail, stating education, experience and salary desired. J 91 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, must be thoroughly competent, over 25 years of age, able to use typewriter; knowledge of stenography desirable but not essential; references must stand closest scrutiny; salary $25 a week. Apply by letter, or call with written application, A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

BOOKKEEPER.—High-grade man, about 35 years of age, who has had experience in general ledger, journal, cash book, income, and balance sheet work; must be good penman; when answering, give references, age, and salary expected. P 396 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man who has had experience keeping books for large manufacturing firm; must be thoroughly capable, good penman; state age, experience, salary expected. Address G. C., 201 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by Christian firm; competent and accurate double entry bookkeeper to handle wholesale, retail, and commission accounts; references required; to furnish bond. Apply H. A. Post, 404-8 11th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced trial balances; employment in Jersey City manufacturing concern; middle-aged preferred; give full particulars of age, experience, and salary. P 371 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted for club; married man; not subject to draft; long hours; state experience and salary desired. Address by letter, Pudder & Pudder, Essex Bldg., Newark, N. J.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Two young men wanted in accounting department of growing Long Island City Christian concern. Write, stating age, experience, schooling, and salary desired, J 83 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; experienced, accurate, with full understanding of accounting; steady position; factory located in Jersey City; state salary expected and qualifications. Y 212 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, for large retail furniture house; must be quick and accurate; give age, reference, and salary expected. Box B, 3,013 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Export and import house; understand bookkeeping thoroughly; good opportunity; state experience and references. X 844 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Competent; give full particulars of age, salary, experience, and references. R. B., 167 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER.—Requirements: Executive with thorough knowledge of modern double-entry accounting; salary from $25 to $35 per week. Applications will not receive consideration unless made by letter in long hand, giving age, nationality, references, education, and other qualifications. Gramatan Homes, Inc., 154 East 1st St., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER capable of taking charge of entire set of books and to act as assistant to auditor; state age, experience, and salary desired. P 332 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced in modern accounting; state age and salary expected. M. B., 416 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Bank bookkeeper; good chance for advancement; references required. C H Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Young man, 18 to 20, wanted as assistant bookkeeper and clerk. K 222 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must be reliable, efficient and able to handle correspondence; state experience and salary. J 58 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ledger clerk; experienced. S. W. Co., P. O. Box 244.

BOND SALESMEN, (2,) wanted to represent Roycroft shop, East Aurora, N. Y., calling on selective list of big business and leading professional men; requirements, good education, strong personality, with experience in bond business; commission basis. Room 500, 2 West 45th St.

BOYS.

Must be 16, for mail and messenger service; $7 to start; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th.

BOYS WANTED.

Large corporation requires services of a number of boys to begin at the bottom and work up; excellent opportunities for the right kind of boys; experience not essential; high school graduates preferred. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, nationality, experience, if any, and salary desired, J 383 Times Downtown.

BOYS wanted; a large concern dealing in iron and steel products have several openings for boys between 16 and 19 years of age; excellent opportunity to learn the steel business and work up in old established house, experience unnecessary, but only boys with good school records considered; high school graduates preferred; state age, education, give references. J 391 Times Downtown.

BOY

16 to 17 years, excellent opportunity for a bright, well-educated lad of good appearance to begin his business career with one of the leading wholesale commercial houses of the country; excellent opportunity for advancement; references required. Address Commercial, 293 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED

in office as typist; must be rapid and accurate and of good education; previous experience unnecessary; $10 to start. Address in own handwriting, Desirable, Box F 131 Times.

BOY.—AMBITIOUS AND PAINSTAKING; WORK EXACTING BUT NOT DIFFICULT; GOOD WAGES, WITH PROSPECT OF ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE, REFERENCES, AND EXPERIENCE, IF ANY, IN OWN HANDWRITING. ADDRESS POST OFFICE, BOX 339, MADISON SQUARE BRANCH.

BOY.—In New York office of manufacturing company; grammar or high school graduate preferred; must be neat in appearance and come well recommended. Address, stating age, references, experience, (if any,) and salary expected, F 161 Times.

BOY.—Over 16 years; do clerical work in office of large manufacturing concern; must be good penman, quick at figures; exceptional opportunity for bright boy; references required. Dominick & Haff, 5[illegible]3 West 23d.

BOY.—OFFICE BOY WANTED BY LARGE CORPORATION; GOOD TRAINING; CHANCE FOR IMPROVEMENT. ADDRESS, IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE. P 177 TIMES.

BOY.—Bright, ambitious, about 15 or 16 years; Christian firm; excellent opportunity for a hustler; interesting stockroom work; bring references. Apply to Mr. Shoemaker, R. H. Ingersoll & Brother, 30 Irving Place, seventh floor.

BOY.—Office boy, 16 to 18 years of age; large insurance brokerage office; excellent chance advancement to bright, willing, trustworthy boy; salary, $9 week. Reply in own handwriting, stating references and previous experience, if any, P 389 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in publisher's office for shipping and mailing department; salary to begin, $8 a week; state previous business experience, if any. Address Opportunity, Box 654, P. O., New York City.

BOYS, (4,) not under 16 years of age, bright and neat of appearance, in office of large corporation; excellent opportunity for willing and energetic youths. Call 8 A. M. Monday, Ajax Rubber Co., 241 West 58th St.

BOY about 16 or 17 years of age for downtown insurance office; no experience necessary, but must have good education; salary $8 week start; mention age, religion and education. A 221 Times Downtown.

BOY, high school or equivalent education preferred but not essential; splendid opportunity for advancement in large manufacturing concern; state age, salary, and education. Y 214 Times Annex.

BOY, to do light assembling for Christian firm at clean, pleasant mechanical work. Apply Mr. Bold, R. H. Ingersoll & Brother, 30 Irving Place, seventh floor.

BOY, about 16 years of age, wanted in office of mercantile house; reply in own handwriting, stating age and references; experience not necessary. P 350 Times Downtown.

BOY, 15-17; excellent chance offered in large concern for good commercial training and opportunity to advance. C. Q., 251 Times Downtown.

BOY with some experience in stationery department by large firm; state experience and salary expected. K 213 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—GOOD WAGES; 48-HOUR WEEK; OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN LITHOGRAPHING. APPLY STEINER, 257 WEST 17TH.

BOY, about 16, wanted in office, to run errands and make himself useful; wages to start, $8 per week. Address W 376 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16 YEARS, IN OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY OFFERED FOR ADVANCEMENT. J 75 TIMES.

BOY—Bright, energetic, wanted in old-established woolen house; advancement assured one of intelligence and ability. Woolens, P 158 Times.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE AND EDUCATION. K 217 TIMES DOWNTOWN

BOY.—Wanted, strong, active boy, 16 to 18 years. Apply own handwriting, Box 1334, New York Post Office. P 377 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted by bank, bright lad of good address, not under 16; neat penman; experience not necessary. Address P. O. Box 46, city.

BOY for office in wholesale house; good salary; excellent opportunity. P 369 Times Downtown.

BOY in wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. O 394 Times Downtown.

BOY by a large commission house; no experience necessary; good chance for advancement. E 175 Times.

BOY.—Engineering concern wants boy; experience unnecessary; $7; advancement. G 222 Times Downtown.

BOY for drawing office; good chance for advancement; state age, salary, education; permanent. S 28 Times.

BOY, about 15 to 17 years old, wanted in office of an insurance broker; salary $8. W 397 Times Downtown.

BOY, in office; good chance for advancement to right party. Apply Miller, Allaire Co., 721 Broadway.

BOY in large law office; must be neat; reasonable salary; overtime. Cravath & Henderson, 52 William St.

BOYS to assist in stock room; salary, $7-$8; [illegible] or over. Piddlan & Wormser, 826 Broadway.

BOY.—This position offers an unusual chance for advancement to the right boy who can make himself generally useful. S 39 Times.

BOY in stock department large mercantile concern; good chance for advancement. Call 8 East 22d St.

BOY, in contractor's office, between 15 and 17 years; American only. Call at 552 West 23d St.

BOY IN ENGINEER'S OFFICE; STATE AGE. S 67 TIMES.

BOY wanted in law office; American; salary $7. Address W 356 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for downtown office. W 395 Times Downtown.

BOY, in manufacturer's office; one living in Brooklyn. P 381 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright, intelligent boy in advertising office; salary $7-$8. W. R., 133 Times.

BOY.—Neat and energetic, 15 to 16, for office work. J 115 Times.

BOY, 15 to 16, in office of Aeolian Co. Call Room 512, 29 West 42d St.

BUTLER wanted in home of important State official at Trenton, N. J.; duties to begin about Dec. 1; must be thoroughly experienced and reliable and possess exceptional references. Also second man required. Write Box J 108 Times.

BUTLER, valet wanted; also experienced chauffeur; exposition, city, country. Box 51, 1,563 3d Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BRITISH SALESMAN.

A PRACTICAL CANADIAN, SCOTCH OR ENGLISH EXPERIENCED TRAVELING SALESMAN; SINGLE MAN PREFERRED; LARGE CORPORATION DESIRES SERVICES OF A HIGH-GRADE SALESMAN FOR SPECIAL PROPOSITION; NO COMPETITION; COMMISSION AND WEEKLY BONUS; PERMANENT. P 164 TIMES.

BUYER COATS, SUITS, DRESSES, WAISTS.

State in first letter by whom you have been employed, in what capacity, how long in each place, and amount of salary desired.
THE HUNTER, TUPPEN CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.

BUYER, seller, and correspondent wanted by chemical works in their office; must have many years' experience in technical chemicals; give particulars, including salary and commission expected. John C. Wiarda & Co., 273 Green St., Brooklyn. Residence, 875 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

BUYER.—YOUNG MAN WANTED IN RESIDENT BUYER'S OFFICE TO BUY PIECE GOODS, NOTIONS, KNIT GOODS; STATE EXPERIENCE, AGE AND SALARY EXPECTED. F 164 TIMES.

CALL CLERKS WANTED WITH WHOLESALE MILLINERY OR DRY GOODS EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS, F 163 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR wanted; fine position open for polite, careful mechanic; no grafter; on Pierce-Arrow; must wear livery; familiar with city; must have fine references; write fully. Box C. W., 208 Times Downtown.

CHEMIST ASSISTANT for Brooklyn factory. Address, stating age and experience, W. R., P. O. Box 9, Station G, Brooklyn.

CHEMIST.—Familiar with essential oil distillation, fractionation, and aromatic synthetics. R 206 Times Downtown.

CHEMIST.—Organic work; state education, age, salary; good opportunity. R 207 Times Downtown.

CITY SALESMAN.

Man, well acquainted with local retail shoe trade; excellent salary and commission; interviews only given those stating age, nationality, and references. P 391 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Sturdy young man to work in stock room large manufacturing organization; state age, experience, and salary received in last position. X 371 Times Annex.

CLERK.—A New York financial institution desires the services of a married man, between 24 and 33, with banking experience, who has had training in accurate record making; education, neat handwriting, and good personal appearance are essential; good salary offered. Address in own handwriting, stating salary expected, P 106 Times.

CLERK for office of large printing establishment; one capable of doing billing on typewriter; must be good at figures; salary $12; give full particulars as to experience, age, and reference. J 72 Times.

CLERKS.—Two experienced men under thirty for shop office, by instrument manufacturing concern; one for following-up work, other as stock clerk; good openings for steady, ambitious men. P 399 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Young man wanted, about seventeen, as file and mail clerk; good mercantile business. Apply NA, P 346 Times Downtown.

CLERK, Junior, Wanted.—A boy, 16 or 17, as junior clerk by a fire insurance company; state references and salary. W 375 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Male stenographic clerk wanted; preferably one familiar with export routine. P 314 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Hardware store; state salary and experience. W 359 Times Downtown.

COAL HOISTER wanted to handle Mead-Morrison equipment; experienced man required; none others need apply. X 355 Times Annex.

COLLEGE MEN wanted, or men who have equivalent of college education, for special financial work; this is no book proposition; we will train several such men in our business, paying them a salary and commission; we want only clean-cut, aggressive young fellows, who can furnish gilt-edged references; your letter of application must convince us that you measure up to our requirements. Chas. Young, 6 Wall St., New York.

COLLECTOR.

Bright young man wanted by large rubber manufacturer for city collecting; good opportunity; give in detail age, experience, and references. F 471 Times Annex.

COMPETENT WOMAN WANTS MAN'S RESPONSIBLE POSITION.

Organizer, Director, Manager; Keen Perception, Personality, Originality. Phone Rhinelander 3126.

CORRESPONDENT.

Young man, by a large rubber manufacturer, capable of handling sales promotion and follow up campaign in conjunction with salesman; wonderful opportunity for right man; state age, qualifications and experience. F 142 Times.

COST ACCOUNTANT.—Wanted, for large machine product manufacturing company, cost accountant, one who can efficiently develop cost from machine operation; must have real manufacturing cost knowledge.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE WANTED; man about 35 years of age who has executive accounting ability, coupled with big personality.

ASSISTANT COST ACCOUNTANT wanted.

P. O. Box 11, Elizabeth, N. J.

COST ACCOUNTANTS.

Several men of proved executive ability and experience in factory cost accounting for constructive and analytical work in connection with Government cost-plus contracts; satisfactory record in installing cost systems or as head of accounting, production or cost departments in manufacturing plants essential; state business experience fully, explaining kind of work done or position held with each concern; give references; all applications considered strictly confidential and no references investigated without permission. Address P 311 Times Downtown.

COST ACCOUNTANT.—Wanted, by large firm of accountants, man who can devise and install cost systems in manufacturing plants; must have had previous experience; give full information regarding former employer, &c. P 390 Times Downtown.

COST CLERK AND BOOKKEEPER, with cost experience for Brooklyn factory; write age, actual experience, employers last three years, salary wanted, and other details. W. A., 14 Ave. A., Manhattan.

COTTON BUYER.—Competent; one who knows European markets preferred; state full particulars, experience, and positions held. K 203 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN.

Young assistant wanted by one of the most prominent rubber manufacturers; splendid opportunity in an expanding department; give in detail age, experience, and references. F 470 Times Annex.

CREDIT MAN, assistant; young man with department or large retail store experience; state age, salary, references. W 313 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN wanted as actuary for a credit association; state terms, experience, and references. Write Box J 89 Times.

DESIGNERS AND DRAFTSMEN, FAMILIAR WITH REINFORCED CONCRETE AND STRUCURAL STEEL DESIGNS OF INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. ROOM 210, 217 BROADWAY. AUSTIN CO.

DESIGNER, glass memorials, (mediaeval;) one who does trade work; must be good; specimens and rates to Ellwood Potts, 4,627 Haverford Av., Philadelphia, Penn.

DIE MAKERS.—Several strictly high-grade die makers for special work; 48-hour week; high rates to good men; state age and experience by letter only. K 228 Times Downtown.

DIVISION SUPERINTENDENTS, AISLE MANAGERS.

We require several division superintendents, (aisle managers;) men with shoe department experience preferred; must possess executive ability and furnish acceptable references. Apply to Superintendent.
L. BAMBERGER & CO., Newark, N. J.

DOOR BOY wanted; white or colored; inside work. Apply Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

DRAFTSMAN and ESTIMATOR.—Experienced in steam, water, and vacuum heating; state in detail previous experience and mail sample of work with application; location, Eastern Pennsylvania. X 325 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

DRAUGHTSMEN.

HIGH-CLASS MEN EXPERIENCED IN THE DESIGNING AND DRAUGHTING OF SMALL MACHINES AND APPARATUS; STEADY POSITION AND EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT ALONG ENGINEERING LINES. CALL OR WRITE, WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., NEAR WEST ST., SIX BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH ST.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to productions of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. A. S. S., 136 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, with extensive experience in machine drafting and designing, wanted for position of assistant instructor in these subjects in a large endowed technical school in Brooklyn; state age, nationality, training, practical experience, teaching experience, if any, reference, and salary expected. Address Draftsman, Box 118, Flatiron Building.

DRAFTSMAN,

mechanical designer, detailer on light automatic machinery; state age, experience, education, nationality, and salary expected. J 69 Times.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRAFTSMAN in structural and ornamental iron works located in Long Island City; in reply state age, experience, references, and salary. B 12 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, with experience in layout and details on small mechanisms; good opportunity; state full particulars. P 400 times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical experience, on layouts; must be good detailer and tracer; state age, experience, salary; permanent. S 29 Times.

DRAFTSMAN with architectural knowledge for plant layouts; state age, salary, experience. Permanent, S 30 Times.

DRAFTSMAN wanted; young man for small electrical apparatus; state experience; references and salary expected. K 221 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN, mechanical; state age, education, experience, and salary expected. J 381 Times Downtown.

DRESS GOODS SALESMAN.—MEYER BROS., MAIN ST., PATERSON, N. J., HAVE VACANCIES FOR TWO THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED DRESS GOODS SALESMEN; PERMANENT POSITIONS. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT.

DRUG CLERK.—PHARMACEUTICAL FIRM NOW LOCATING IN NEW YORK REQUIRES A FEW YOUNG MEN TO ASSIST IN PHARMACEUTICAL LABORATORY; PERMANENT POSITION. CALL SUNDAY MORNING, 113 WEST 18TH ST., 4TH FLOOR. WM. R. WARNER & CO.

DRY GOODS MAN to buy and manage domestic and wash goods department in a live, fast growing store; splendid opportunity for right man. Address The Bon Ton Co., Easton, Penn.

EFFICIENCY.

WANTED ASSISTANT IN EFFICIENCY DEPARTMENT OF LARGE CLOTHING CONCERN; MUST HAVE HAD PREVIOUS TRAINING IN EFFICIENCY WORK, INCLUDING TIME STUDY AND COST ACCOUNTING; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR A YOUNG MAN WITH PLEASING PERSONALITY AND AMBITION. GIVE FULL DETAILS AS TO EXPERIENCE, AGE, NATIONALITY, SALARY EXPECTED. K 202 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS, JOURNEYMEN, AND HELPERS WANTED; 65c AND 31½c PER HOUR, REGULAR TIME; OVERTIME DOUBLE PAY. HATZEL & BUEHLER, INC., 373 FOURTH AV.

ENGRAVER.—SCRIPT LETTER ENGRAVER ON GOLD AND CELLULOID; BRING TOOLS READY FOR WORK. BELLAS HESS & CO., 95 MORTON ST.

EMPLOYMENT SUPERVISOR.

A large, established factory, employing over 1,000 men and women, offers an opportunity for an experienced man to employ and follow up training and progress of factory operators.

A reliable, honest, tactful man, who can fully co-operate with and win the confidence of superintendents, foremen, and employes and who has had experience in labor matters, is required. Address Bloomfield, Box 205 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER, practical and technical, to take charge of and operate an electric plant in a Southern city; bright future for the man willing to start moderately and grow with a new concern; give age, reference, and salary expected. S. M., 206 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER, thoroughly experienced in gasoline engines and foundry practice, to independently design, supervise, simplify gasoline engine devices; good opportunity for right party. S 31 Times.

ESTIMATOR wanted who understands the painting business and has an acquaintance among the trade; answer by letter only, stating age, salary expected, experience, &c. Alfred E. Joy Company, Inc., 507 Fifth Av.

EXPERT SALESMEN wanted to put a big proposition before prominent business men; high-class men of refinement can make connection of profit, prestige, and permanency; commission basis. S 1 Times.

EXPORT.—Man wanted to aid in directing of Latin-American exporting business in the dry goods line; language, correspondence, merchandising, and commercial acumen absolute requisite to consideration; none others need apply. X 352 Times Annex.

EX-STOCK EXCHANGE MAN,

or a man very well acquainted with members of the Stock Exchange, can learn of an unusual opportunity to associate himself with an old and large corporation for work that can be made productive of large commissions; this is a legitimate proposition of a high-grade concern, and to the right man can be made very profitable. Address, with particulars, giving age. W 336 Times Downtown.

FARMERS.—Couples on farms; experienced and unexperienced farm labor of any description; write or call Agricultural & Industrial Labor Relief, 1,122 Broadway, Suite 607. Phone Farragut 9777. All services rendered free.

FIRE INSURANCE brokerage office has opening for capable man experienced in the work of such office; excellent opportunity to secure a position offering unusual advantage. Worthington. W 390 Times Downtown.

FIRST-CLASS TOOL AND DIE MAKERS, TOOL DESIGNERS, AND GRINDER OPERATORS, EXPERIENCED ON TOOL WORK; GUARANTEE STEADY EMPLOYMENT; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 1395 COLUMBUS, OHIO.

FIRST CLASS TOOL DESIGNERS AND DETAILERS, EXPERIENCED ON JIG AND FIXTURE WORK; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 1395 COLUMBUS, OHIO.

FOREMAN to take charge of die department manufacturing concern; experience on embossing and stamping dies for hardware metal goods, &c.; experience, age, salary. K 207 Times Downtown

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT wanted by large manufacturing corporation familiar with export selling. American preferred; write complete qualifications, stating kind of work and salary desired. P 360 Times Downtown.

FRENCH WINES SALESMAN.

Good opportunity for high-grade wine salesman, well introduced to trade and with established clientele; salary and commission; only man able to prove successful record need apply; state full particulars, treated confidentially. S 55 Times.

FRENCHMAN of good education wanted to teach French in a school; knowledge of English not necessary. Reply in French, stating age, birthplace, references, &c., to "Professeur," 1,364 Broadway, Manhattan.

FRENCH professor wanted; well dressed Frenchman, not over 40 years old, who speaks English fluently and who is qualified to address large audiences of adults from platform; good salary, permanent. Mr. Thompson, 2009 Tribune Building.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, industrious and competent, for bulb blowing and stem making; right men can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $30 a week. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

GROCERY SALESMEN wanted, high-grade specialty salesmen; liberal commission. Call personally Monday evening, 7:30-8, Room 420, 30 Church St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

GIMBEL BROTHERS, NEW YORK,

Require the Services of Experienced Salesmen For Their
HOUSEFURNISHING AND MEN'S FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

GIMBEL BROTHERS, NEW YORK,

Require the Services of EXPERIENCED ENGRAVERS ON GOLD JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.
Permanent Position—High Salaries.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

HIGH-CLASS MAN WANTED TO SELL LAW BOOKS FOR ONE OF THE LEADING HOUSES; GOOD TERRITORY AND GOOD JOB; SALARY AND COMMISSION. [illegible] TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY during after hours. We teach you free the art of salesmanship of investment securities; highest pay of any salesmen in world is attained by investment salesmen of ability; salesmanship lessons and lectures given twice weekly, Wednesdays and Saturdays, 7:30 to 9 P. M.; only applicants meeting our requirements as to character and standing need apply. O. E. Chaney & Co., Mills Building, 35 Wall St., New York, N. Y.

INFANTS' WEAR HOUSE

requires services of all-around general man who is competent in management and who has had factory and selling experience; to an aggressive and energetic man a good opportunity is offered. Aggressive, 269 Times Downtown.

INSURANCE MEN

who have acted as superintendents or assistant superintendents of offices writing regular or industrial insurance and who have been successful in hiring and developing salesmen, can connect with a business conducted on similar lines but with much greater earning power; a business selling a non-competitive service in great demand which produces ever-increasing commissions. It will be necessary to live outside of New York, and you must provide funds to the extent of $2,500 to establish your territory and to serve as a bond, since all of the finances of your territory will be under your complete control. E 58 Times.

INSPECTOR.—Compensation insurance inspector acquainted with New York Rating Board requirements; state salary expected. P 138 Times.

INTERVIEWER, not over 30 years of age, for employment department, who has had practical experience interviewing mechanics and female help; must be American citizen and live wire. Address Employment Department, Terminal Bldg. D, 15th St., Hoboken, N. J.

JOURNEYMAN ELECTRICIANS WANTED. The Electrical Contractors Corporation. Waterbury, Conn.

LARGE GLOVE HOUSE, WHOLESALE, HAS OPENING FOR A COMPETENT MAN IN THE ORDER DEPARTMENT; ALSO IN STOCK DEPARTMENT; IF YOU KNOW GLOVES AND WANT TO ADVANCE YOURSELF AND THINK YOU CAN HANDLE THIS JOB, WHICH IS BIG, APPLY AND ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS ONLY IN FIRST LETTER: WHERE EMPLOYED? SALARY GETTING AND DESIRED? HOW MANY YEARS HOLDING PRESENT POSITION? REFERENCE, AGE? J 122 TIMES.

LEDGER CLERK.—By large grocery concern; good chance for advancement; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address F. A. K., P. O. Box 290, New York City.

LEDGER CLERK, one experienced in keeping large number of accounts. P 284 Times Downtown.

LEDGERMAN.—3 years' experience; state qualifications and salary wanted. P 380 Times Downtown.

MACHINISTS wanted; first-class machinists on accurate work for U. S.; eight-hour shifts at standard wages in new, comfortable shops. The Liberty Ordnance Company, Bridgeport, Conn.

MACHINE TOOLS, Small Tools.—Young man with knowledge of above, assist in purchasing department; typewriting essential. W 276 Times Downtown.

MAN, 30 to 50, STRONG PERSONALITY, good education, college man preferred; a worker, for special diplomatic personal soliciting among business people only; no books; earnings $50 to $100 weekly in commissions; no advances, but a permanent and real opportunity for real man; thorough field training with successful demonstrator given; begin immediately. J 370 Times Downtown.

MAN to install liquid soap machines; preferably one with experience; apply by letter only. Room 408, 405 Lexington Av., New York City.

MAN, handy, to refinish wood and leather trim; steady position for right man; state age and experience. J 394 Times Downtown.

MAN of good appearance who can drive auto or electric car, with salesmanship ability; must have license. K 224 Times Downtown.

MANAGER.—Clothing salesman qualified to fill position as manager for credit clothing store; good opportunity; must not be subject to draft; experience not essential; salary and commission. X 331 Times Annex.

MANAGER.—Wanted for large popular price vaudeville and motion picture circuit; only those having had experience in this line need apply. State salary expected, age, and references. J 110 Times.

MANAGER.—Garage night manager wanted; steady position; bond of $5,000 required. Apply by letter only. P. O. Box 317, Hoboken, N. J.

MANAGER or experienced salesman for credit clothing store in Middle West; good salary. Moskin Bros., 140 5th Av.

MARINE INSURANCE.

A splendid opportunity for a man (not subject to draft) who has had experience in checking insurance certificates and policies; permanent position; good salary; all replies treated in confidence. J 397 Times Downtown.

MARINE INSURANCE.

A large agency wants a first-class reinsurance man to take entire charge; good salary and splendid opportunity for right man. J 398 Times Downtown.

MASSEUR.—Experienced graduate, licensed masseur; steady employment; good position. Call 10 A. M., Room 107, 50 Broadway.

MECHANIC,

experienced in millwright, pipe fitting and lathe work.
E. R. Squibb & Sons, 23 Vine St., one block from Fulton, Hicks and Doughty Sts., Brooklyn.

MECHANIC.—Wanted, a first-class, all-around, handy mechanic, with executive ability; one to take charge of carpenters, ironworkers; electricians, and painters; give particulars. P 168 Times.

MECHANICAL SUPERINTENDENT FOR ONE OF THE LARGE RUBBER MILLS; MUST BE COMPETENT TO HANDLE AND DIRECT CONSTRUCTION, INSTALLATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS, MACHINERY, AND EQUIPMENT; ALSO POWER PLANT OPERATION; JURISDICTION WILL COVER SEVERAL PLANTS; ONLY HIGH-CALIBRED MEN NEED APPLY; IN ORDER TO RECEIVE CONSIDERATION, APPLICANTS MUST OUTLINE FULLY PAST EXPERIENCE, AGE, SALARY, CREDENTIALS. X 357 TIMES ANNEX.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN WANTED.—SEVERAL DESIGNERS AND FIRST-CLASS DRAFTSMEN ON GENERAL MACHINERY, ROLLING MILL MACHINERY INCLUDED; NONE BUT EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE IN FULL, AND SALARY EXPECTED; ALSO GIVE REFERENCES. TREADWELL ENGINEERING CO., EASTON, PENN.

HELP WANTED—Male.

MEN.—Wanted, for guard duty, men with military or similar experience preferred, between the ages of 21 and 45, who can furnish highest references from employers; salary $75 per month to start; furnished quarters, fuel, and light free; men may transfer into production after three months satisfactory service on the guard. Write for application blank to H. H. Alcock, New England Westinghouse Co., Chicopee Falls, Mass.

MEN FOR ELECTRICAL WIRING AND TESTING; PERMANENT WORK; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE AND EDUCATION. J 395 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MEN between the ages of 31 and 40 years for service in important banking institution downtown; clean records absolutely essential; in replying state experience, references, and salary. Address P 334 Times Downtown.

MESSENGERS, &c.—Young men wanted as messengers and junior clerks in Bronx bank; good opportunity for advancement; state age and salary expected. J 126 Times.

MESSENGER in electric railway company; must be bright and willing; advancement; salary $36 month. P 347 Times Downtown.

MILLER.—Second miller to run a watch in a 200-barrel soft wheat mill from 6 P. M. until 6 A. M.; competent man with recommendation only considered; outside the State; fare paid if necessary; write or call at once, 10 to 1 o'clock. Agricultural & Industrial Labor Relief, 1,122 Broadway, Suite 607. Phone Farragut 9777. All services rendered free.

MUSICIAN WANTED.—Man qualified to lead orchestra of State Hospital for Insane; violinist and pianist preferred; $50 a month with board, room, laundry, and some extras; give full particulars about self in first letter. X 354 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Must be quick and accurate at figures; salary $12; apply letter only, stating age, references, and how long and between what dates applicant was in each position. Heidelberg & Wolff Co., 64 Broadway.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Importing house; young man; knowledge of typewriter; state salary. K. & T., 74 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT IN FURNITURE FACTORY; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. 548 WEST 36TH.

OFFICE BOY in busy downtown law office. Write, stating age, experience, references, education, and salary expected. Law, Box W 362 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted; permanent position open. Apply Monday, 9th floor, Butterick Publishing Co., Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

OFFICE BOYS wanted, (2,) bright young boys capable of advancement; state age, education, and experience. J 382 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—State age, nationality, schooling, business experience, if any, and salary expected. W 320 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted by export house; bright, intelligent boy, over 16, experienced; references; good opportunity. A 76 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—A conscientious, bright boy will find it to his advantage to investigate this opportunity. S 38 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—Bright, willing; opportunity for advancement; apply in own handwriting, stating age. C. F., 90 8th Av.

OFFICE BOY in wholesale cloth house; state age; references. P 331 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Capable man, 35, experienced in supervising the detail of sales office. Apply Monday. Rhodes, 162 William St.

OFFICE MAN, young, reliable, of good character, wanted, with some knowledge typewriting, stenography; accurate at figures; permanent position with chance for advancement in large manufacturing concern. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, salary expected, reference, experience, H. W., 7d Times Bronx, 2,960 3d Av.

OFFICE MANAGER, 30 to 35 years of age, to take charge of office; general knowledge of bookkeeping and office detail required. Apply at Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Ralph Av. and Pacific St., Brooklyn, Sunday, Nov. 25, between 10 and 12 A. M.

OFFICE BOY.—Exceptional opportunity for a bright boy, about 17; high school education; permanent position, with chance for advancement. Apply Monday, 3 P. M., 162 William St.

PACKER.—Experienced in packing books. Putnam's, 2 West 45th. Ask to see Mr. Hennessey.

PAYROLL AUDITORS.

Large casualty insurance company wants competent payroll auditors; good opportunity; state qualifications, married or single, age, and salary wanted. Address P 341 Times Downtown.

PEARL BUTTON SALESMAN.

A large importing house, handling Japanese pearl buttons, requires the services of a high-class salesman; one who is familiar with jobbers and wholesale, (not manufacturers,) or retailer; must come well recommended; write full particulars, stating salary desired. P 148 Times.

PHYSICIAN.—Registered in New York State; assistant and treatment man in advertising office treating chronic diseases; prefer physician with working knowledge of electrical treatments, although experience not absolutely essential; position outside of New York City; salary $30 per week; a good opening for man who is honest; sober and reliable; give particulars regarding self in first letter. X 349 Times Annex.

PRESS TENDERS.—GOOD WAGES; 48-HOUR WEEK. APPLY STEINER, 257 WEST 17TH.

PROFIT CLERK for wholesale grocery business. P 283 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE man to secure information for established downtown firm. Write particulars as to self, experience, and salary expected. W. F., 220 Times.

REPORTER.—Young man wanted, as reporter, on trade paper; experience not necessary; salary $12 to begin. Address in own handwriting. P 154 Times.

SALESMEN wanted by a firm of importers to handle a full line of Japanese brushes, buttons, and fibre and paper hats; must have experience in at least one of the lines mentioned; salary or commission. J 363 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, young, energetic, unmarried traveling corset salesman for North Carolina, South Carolina, Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee; must have traveled in this territory; state age, experience, and salary. Box F 116 Times.

SALESMEN for Greater New York, Fairfield County, Connecticut, and Eastern counties of New Jersey to interview business men; an exceptional commission proposition; no objection to men of middle-age having other means of income. Piechner, 42 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Magazine advertising salesman capable of managing department; must have had experience and have knowledge of national accounts as well as agency acquaintance; salary. Apply by letter, Y 201 Times Annex.

SALESMEN of wide experience and education to interview during evenings men of affairs who have made inquiries; large earnings in commissions; slight tutoring experience essential; state age, experience. F 177 Times.

SALESMAN now selling military specialties, to sell department stores, jobbers, campe excellent, advertised product, wanted by every soldier; thousands sold; big commission. Randolph Co., 21 West 21st, New York City.

SALESMAN,

EXPERIENCED, TO SELL FANCY FEATHERS OF THE BETTER KIND, WHO HAS SOLD FIFTH AV. AND HIGH-CLASS DEPARTMENT STORES; GOOD SALARY; STATE EXPERIENCE; LETTERS ONLY. V. U., 133 EAST 17TH ST.

SALESMEN, now traveling, calling on camp, military, and department stores, sell our canvas leggings, leather puttees, and supplies as side line; immediate deliveries; big commission. Strong Manufacturing Co., 155 Lafayette St.

SALESMEN.—Specialty salesmen wanted; hotel, restaurant trade; successful new product; market established; commission basis; references. Call 1 to 3, Room 1405, 1,133 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—We have an opening for three energetic men accustomed to earning big money; something absolutely new. Call 9 to 10:30 and after 2; commission. Room 707, 507 5th Av.

SALESMAN and window dresser; young man with some ability as window trimmer will be employed permanently at good salary; call or write. Dunlap Sporting Goods Co., Far Rockaway.

SALESMEN.—Leading manufacturer of established line of toys requires high-class salesmen familiar with toy trade; state previous connections; salary or commission. S 95 Times.

SALESMAN.

Leads furnished; not a book proposition, but experience in special edition work essential; commission basis. Call all week, 9 to 10 A. M., Room 2101, 220 West 42d St.

SALESMAN.

To call on small city trade and nearby towns for bead and fancy goods house; on salary and commission; state experience. Address W 340 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for good printing office specializing on export catalogues and publications in foreign languages; previous printing office experience essential; salary or commission. Neumann Brothers, 318 West 39th St.

SALESMAN, city, vicinity, popular line ladies' drawers, bloomers, side line; one who has following among department stores and large retail trade; commission. P 300 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Sell silks, wools to cloak and suit manufacturers; experience only; commission. 116 West 29th, 9th floor, Mr. Lindau.

SALESMEN.—To sell clothing specialties in city and out of town; state particulars; commission. J 117 Times.

SALESMEN.—Have fast selling line; good commission only; investigate. P 134 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALES MANAGER.

LEADING MANUFACTURER AND DISTRIBUTOR, LONG STANDING, HAS GOOD OPENING FOR RIGHT MAN AS GENERAL SALES MANAGER, TOOL LUBRICANTS DEPARTMENT; SAME WELL ORGANIZED, COVERING ENTIRE COUNTRY; DIVISION SALES MANAGERS REPORTING TO HEADQUARTERS.

MUST BE EXCELLENT MERCHANDISER, EXPERIENCED IN HANDLING SALESMEN; IF CONVERSANT RECUTTING TOOLS, AN ASSET.

STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE IN DETAIL; ALL CORRESPONDENCE STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. X 398 TIMES ANNEX.

SALES MANAGER.—If there is a man in New York City who will appreciate a genuine opportunity and who has confidence in himself to work six weeks to four months demonstrating his qualities on one of the best selling propositions in existence, where in a few weeks' time, providing he can qualify, to take charge of one of our branch offices, with an income from $8,000 to $15,000 a year, I would like to have a talk with him at once; this is not an insurance or book proposition, but a business of the highest character, backed up by a concern of national reputation; our managers are selected from our sales force, and we have men who formerly earned only $25 to $50 a week who are making $20,000 to $35,000 per year; do not answer this ad. unless you believe in yourself and are looking for a permanent and lifetime association and can back your desire with real effort. Call Montgomery 2342, between 9 and 12 A. M., for appointment.

SALESMAN.

OLD-ESTABLISHED HOUSE DESIRES KEEN, CAPABLE MAN ABOVE AVERAGE FOR MIDDLE WESTERN TERRITORY, PREFERABLY ONE WITH SUCCESSFUL RECORD IN SELLING ADVERTISING OR OFFICE SPECIALTIES, PIANOS, SYNDICATE SERVICE, &C.; ONLY WISH MAN WHO WILL CONSIDER SERIOUSLY ADVANTAGE OF UNUSUAL HOUSE CO-OPERATION, WILLING TO WORK HARD FOR GOOD, PERMANENT POSITION; DRAWING ACCOUNT AGAINST COMMISSION; STATE FULLY AGE, RELIGION, EXPERIENCE, MARRIED OR SINGLE; EARNINGS LIMITED ONLY BY ABILITY; ONE HAVING POSITION WISHING TO BETTER HIMSELF PREFERRED. T. S., J 64 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—WE NEED MAN FOR SOUTHERN TERRITORY; AGE 30 TO 40, FOR ESTABLISHED LINE. IF YOU POSSESS ABILITY ABOVE OTHERS, ARE KEEN, ANALYTICAL AND WANT TO CONNECT FOR A PERMANENT FUTURE, WHERE EARNINGS ARE ONLY LIMITED BY YOUR ABILITY, COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT. WRITE, STATING AGE, RELIGION AND FORMER SALES EXPERIENCE. J 66 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—WE NEED MAN FOR KANSAS CITY, ALSO ONE FOR NEW ENGLAND, AGE 30 TO 40, FOR ESTABLISHED LINE. IF YOU POSSESS ABILITY ABOVE OTHERS, ARE KEEN, ANALYTICAL AND WANT TO CONNECT FOR A PERMANENT FUTURE, WHERE EARNINGS ARE ONLY LIMITED BY YOUR ABILITY; COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT; WRITE, STATING RELIGION AND FORMER SALES EXPERIENCE. J 67 TIMES.

SALESMAN.

My firm wants a man with big personality, backbone, and brains to travel extensively; our business is confined to banks and trust companies; if you are the unusual salesman who has done things while the other fellow was thinking about doing them and are seeking a permanent connection with a big, responsible house, where your efforts will earn large commissions for you, write to me, tell me who you are, your age, and what you have done; interview will be arranged as early as possible with applicants selected. X 328 Times Annex.

SALESMEN WANTED

for sales department in gas company; hustlers can earn big money; commission and bonus; excellent opportunity for permanent position at good salary; character references required. Apply Room 38, Central Union Gas Co., 148th St. and Courtlandt Av., Bronx. Take Bronx Park subway express to 149th St., 3d Av.

SALESMAN.

We want a man of unusual calibre to secure business among furniture, piano, and automobile manufacturing trades, for our high-grade varnishes; past experience among these trades preferred, but candidate must possess natural selling ability augmented by good personality, clean record, and vigorous disposition; this is a big job, and the right man can make it permanent and increasingly profitable; salary and commissions. Earnest, M 173 Times.

SALESMAN—SILKS.

Large department store. Apply 8:30 to 10 A. M., Tuesday or Wednesday, Mr. Shannon, Reciprocal Jobbers, Incorporated, 470 4th Av.

SALESMAN WITH TRADE FOLLOWING AMONG PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS IN NORTHERN NEW JERSEY; ELEGANT LINE REGULAR PHARMACEUTICALS AND GOOD SPECIALTIES; UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR RELIABLE, AMBITIOUS HUSTLER; DRAWING ACCOUNT AGAINST COMMISSION. WRITE FULL PARTICULARS IN CONFIDENCE TO DRUGS, 48 WEST 4TH ST., NEW YORK.

SALESMAN WANTED.—HUSTLING YOUNG MAN OF GOOD ADDRESS, TO CALL ON PROVISION AND PACKING HOUSE TRADE; MUST BE GOOD MIXER; NO PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; LUCRATIVE, STEADY EMPLOYMENT; SALARY AND COMMISSION; STATE QUALIFICATIONS, PAST RECORD AND AGE; REMUNERATIVE. W 284 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—We want men whose salesmanship ability will qualify them for promotion in the various branches of our organization; if you are a man of character and education and believe you can help us organize a productive and permanent sales force, call and see us; all possible co-operation given; commission basis. J. S. Thomas, West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALES MANAGER WANTED

for high-grade line of French face powder, rouge, soaps, perfumes, and toilet goods; one having similar experience and successful record, who knows the retail trade and how to handle and direct salesmen. Write fully, stating experience, references, and compensation; salary and commission. Box S 48 Times.

SALESMEN.—A corporation unquestionably at the head in its particular field need capable men to carry out an aggressive Winter campaign; must be men of mature age, absolute integrity, and come well recommended; all possible co-operation given; leads and transportation furnished; drawing account against commission. E. K., 59 Times.

SALESMAN, (American,) to handle special tools; preferably man who has had experience selling emery wheels or tools to factories; good appearance; personal references required; not subject to draft; very good position; salary or commission. Address W 306 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—We can use three or four high-class salesmen in New York City, having the ability to earn upwards of $2,500 annually, on a commission basis; we are America's leading manufacturers in our line of business. Apply personally at our New York office, 515 Woolworth Building.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, specialty salesmen in touch with hardware and kitchenware buyers to cover Manhattan territory with nationally advertised article; no salary, but liberal commission and protection. Garden Kitchen Utilities Co., 54 North 19th St., East Orange, N. J.

SALESMEN.—Young men wanted, under 21 years of age, as salesmen in high-class retail stores; salary $15 per week to start with; splendid chance for advancement. Address in own handwriting, giving age, experience, and references, O 398 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—With thorough experience, calling on hardware and mill supply trade; fine opening and future with large corporation doing national business; state experience in detail, age, present employment, compensation desired; in strict confidence. J 390 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Large manufacturer of silk and muslin underwear wants salesmen on commission basis, with drawing account, for New England, New York, Pennsylvania, and Middle West. Address B. D., 241 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN who has established trade on ladies' neckwear in New York City and vicinity, on commission basis; exceptional opportunity for future for right party. J 105 Times.

SALESMAN, high-grade, carved lamps; commission. Mermet, 234 West 27th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN'S EARNINGS

in most specialty lines ought to be based directly on the results produced. That is the only arrangement fair to every one. It is the only arrangement which gives a capable man a chance to make as big an income as he is worth.

The members of our sales staff receive liberal commissions, which are paid promptly when contracts are closed. Their earnings vary from $2,000 to $10,000 a year. One man who joined us in October made $648 in his first four weeks. With longer experience he will do a great deal better. Ours is a permanent organization of high-grade, well-paid representatives, whom we regard as our partners in building up this business.

Some of the other features that make a connection with this company so attractive to able men are:

The sales work is intensely interesting, partly from its unusual nature and partly because it is carried on exclusively among progressive business concerns and business men.

The demand for our service is steady in good times and in bad; it has been intensified by war-time conditions.

The organization is expanding rapidly; hence there are unusual opportunities to work quickly into district managerships and other executive positions.

The unit of sale varies from as low as $30 to several thousands of dollars, thus giving ample scope for developing and using each man's selling ability.

If you have confidence in your own brains and resourcefulness; if you really know how to sell; if you have a broad understanding of present-day business methods; if you have a clean record of hard work and accomplishment; then—and only then—will we be interested in negotiating with you. Just now we have places for a few men of the type just described. They will be open until the first week in January; but it would be best for you to write promptly if you wish to learn more about this opportunity.

Your letter should recount briefly your experience and selling record. It will be held in strict confidence; and if it seems mutually desirable, we will gladly send you in return full information as to our company and will arrange for a personal interview. J 120 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED.—MAKE FIFTY DOLLARS OR MORE DAILY, SELLING ROSTERS TO SOLDIERS AT CANTONMENTS; WE FURNISH FINEST ROSTER IN BLANK AT TWENTY-FIVE CENTS OR COMPLETELY PRINTED IN HEAVY MAILING TUBE. FORTY-FIVE CENTS; SELLS FOR ONE DOLLAR; OUR MEN SELL TWO TO FIVE HUNDRED DAILY; SEND FORTY-FIVE CENTS FOR SAMPLE, AND OUR PLAN OF OPERATION; WE SELL ON CREDIT IF PROPER GUARANTY FURNISHED. AMERICAN PUBLISHING COMPANY, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

SALESMAN WANTED, BY A LARGE NEW YORK IMPORTER OF BUTTONS, DRESS TRIMMINGS AND NOVELTIES, FOR VIRGINIA, THE CAROLINAS, GEORGIA, AND FLORIDA; A HARD WORKER, WHO CAN PRODUCE RESULTS, EXPERIENCED MAN, WHO IS WELL ACQUAINTED WITH THE TRADE; AN ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION FOR THE RIGHT MAN ON COMMISSION BASIS. J 61 TIMES.

SALESMEN to sell a brand-new business service that fills a long-felt want—so meritorious that many business men are sending in their checks unsolicited; this is an opportunity for a limited number of high-grade, clean-cut salesmen to get in on the ground floor of what may prove to be a selling sensation; low price, big commission. Call eighth floor, 241 West 37th St. See Mr. Taylor.

SALESMAN.

AN AMBITIOUS, INTELLIGENT MAN WITH GOOD PERSONALITY; AGE ABOUT 25 OR 30 YEARS; KNOWLEDGE OF FACTORY COST ACCOUNTING DESIRED; REFERENCES WILL BE REQUIRED; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. R 208 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.—Felt & Tarrant Mfg. Co. have several openings in their sales organization for men of 35 to 40 years of age who can qualify to sell comptometers; previous selling experience not essential, but may be desirable; knowledge of office routine and accounting or bookkeeping and ability to work hard and intelligently are the principal essentials. A real opportunity for men of ambition with forceful personality. We thoroughly train our salesmen in comptometer operation and salesmanship and pay a salary during training period. Answer by letter only, giving education and past experience. M. E. O'Brien, 350 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMEN, (AUTO ACCESSORIES.)

I want several live, aggressive men, preferably those with tire selling experience who, with an article of exceptional merit, backed by an absolute guarantee and proper advertising, can achieve results. If you have a following among sales and service stations, live garages, or owners of large fleets of autos, and are capable of earning real money, (salary or commission optional with us,) come and see me Wednesday afternoon. Walter V. Ash, Room 36, 1,789 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Opportunity with national financial institution for man with large acquaintance among substantial people; salary or commission. Manager, V 271 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to secure members for large national organization; men showing executive ability will be given State rights; commission basis. See Mr. Lind, 31 East 17th St.

SALESMEN.—Experienced book or magazine men for high-grade subscription soliciting proposition; straight salary; transportation paid. J 70 Times.

SALESMAN.—To sell liquid soap; if you have had experience in this line in New York, you have an unusual opportunity with us; salary and commission. Box M 197 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, to handle line of up-to-date rubber goods; one having experience with retail and jobbing trade; references required; salary. S 96 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced for wholesale paper and cardboard; must have trade among printers; commission 1-3 of net profits. R. H., 267 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for underwear and hosiery line to call on city trade; state experience and full particulars; commission basis. J 102 Times.

SALESMAN, [illegible] local clientele, to sell stock of national plant; Government war contract just taken; commission. F 109 Times.

SALESMAN, city, vicinity, popular line men's belt; one who has following among large gents' furnishing trade; commission. P 302 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced, salesmen wanted on ladies' skirts for the Middle West; only those with a big following need apply; salary or commission. J 111 Times.

SALESMEN wanted with large acquaintance to sell paper and twine; salary and commission. J 377 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, for new line in shoe uppers and findings; commission. Frank Koester, 50 Church St., New York.

SALESMAN for South, experienced, to handle line of glove silk underwear on commission. Address M. H., 214 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, with established trade, wanted by thoroughly experienced executive; salary and have interest in business. R 35 Times.

SALESMAN, with established trade, wanted by thoroughly experienced executive; salary and have interest in business. R 35 Times.

SALESMAN for South, experienced, to handle line of glove silk underwear on commission. Address R. L., 230 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced, to sell woolens to cloak and suit trade; good opportunity for right man; salary. X 399 Times Annex.

SALESMEN to sell high-class jewelry to haberdashers outside New York; commission. X 356 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Capable, incidentally influencing sales; profitable stock investment proposition; commission. F 119 Times.

SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS capable of setting up own work. Ford Instrument Co., Inc., 80 Lafayette St., New York.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Experienced in carload of export necessary; state experience and salary desired. Address M. B., 214 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Young man, experienced if possible, in publishing house; good opportunity for bright young man. Apply United Fashion Co., 170 5th Av., 5th floor.

SHIPPING CLERK IN WHOLESALE CLOTHING HOUSE; AGED 32 YEARS OR OVER; PERMANENT; EXPERIENCED; REFERENCES. F 59 TIMES.

SHIPPING DEPARTMENT.

Book concern wants a boy 18 to 23 years; state your age, education, religion, and what you are now doing, if anything. P 336 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SECRETARY WANTED.

He must be:

ACCOUNTANT	Familiar with accounting principles; able to analyse balance sheets.
STENOGRAPHER	Accurate and speedy.
EDUCATION	College or its equivalent preferred.
EXECUTIVE	Capable of development toward large responsibilities.
FUTURE	Corporate Secretaryship or other important Executive office, as capacity warrants.
AGE	29 to 30; married man preferred.
SALARY	According to ability.

Exceptional opportunity in one of the largest corporations in the country. Address Secretary, Box X 361 Times Annex.

SOLICITORS.—Wanted, two forceful, energetic, experienced advertising solicitors on New England daily newspaper; men capable of writing copy and who have ability along creative lines; good salary to right men; give details, experience, nationality, and references. X 353 Times Annex.

SOLICITOR, first-class, desired; bond-selling experience valuable; permanent income to right man; salary and commission. Apply Monday, after 1 o'clock, Room 1901, 100 Broadway, New York.

SOLICITOR.—Young man; good appearance; draft exempt; generous commission basis. K 226 Times Downtown.

SPECIALTY SALESMEN.
A big opportunity if you can qualify; New York and Brooklyn sales force just being organized to market new, popular priced, quick-selling desk adding and calculating machine; biggest and smallest concerns are buying; all territories to be assigned absolutely guaranteed; previous selling experience essential; salary and bonus. Write in confidence for interview, P 334 Times Downtown.

STEEL TESTERS.
Experienced men to make tensile strength tests on Olsen test machine. Apply by mail or in person. American Can Co., West 85th St. Dock.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly capable, possessing executive ability to manage office and answer correspondence without dictation; knowledge of good English composition essential; motion-picture or advertising experience utilizable; permanent position; good salary; state references and experience. R 36 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Two exceptional vacancies in advertising department of large manufacturer; must have advanced experience, initiative to handle important work; application must include nationality, qualifications, age, salary desired, and whether or not at present employed. P 293 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—A1 MAN, NOT UNDER 25 YEARS, FOR BUSY EXECUTIVE'S OFFICE; APPLICATION NOT CONSIDERED EXCEPT FULL HISTORY IS GIVEN; STATE REFERENCES IN FULL AND SALARY WANTED. A 74 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, able to handle a ticker file; knowledge of printing or advertising would help; write full experience and salary required; live chance for live wire. Lock Box 58, Station H, New York.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER as assistant to accountant; experience in architect's office preferred; splendid opportunity for right person; male or female. P 178 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, large mercantile house, closed Saturdays, open Sundays; state full particulars, salary desired. Box S 26 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man in office wholesale woolen house; assist general office work; state age, salary expected, religion; no objection to beginner. P 181 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, over 21, to develop into executive with permanent career; moderate salary at start; state age, education. F 178 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; one with mercantile experience preferred; applicant please state age, references, and salary expected. P 367 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, rapid and accurate; 18 to 20; Underwood machine; state salary. J 114 Times.

STOCK AND BOND SALESMEN.
("Top-notchers" only.)
Recent war conditions have developed a very unique situation, wherein an old and responsible corporation can utilize, on a part time basis, the services of a security salesman whose clientele is among the very wealthy men of New York City. You will not be required to sever your present connection or interfere to any extent with your present work, the idea being one of co-operation rather than of selling; prospective commissions are exceedingly large—larger than we care to mention. Address in confidence, with particulars. War Opportunity, W 338 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK for aeroplane engine plant, familiar with gas engine parts and thoroughly experienced in keeping parts storeroom. Reply, stating age, nationality, experience in full, and salary desired. F. C., P. O. Box 50, Grand Central Station, N. Y. City.

STOCK
SALESMEN,
ORGANIZERS,
PROMOTERS,
BRANCH MANAGERS,
complete corps best salesmen in America,
TO RAISE MILLIONS
to expand use proven equipment that saves 50% in material and labor;
LEADS FURNISHED;
liberal commission;
advance rapid fire follow-up letters.
DEMONSTRATION STORE,
CONCRETE SECURITIES CORPORATION,
384 BROADWAY, CORNER READE ST.
Phone 3516 WORTH.

STOCK SALESMEN, brokers, to place limited amount of stock for producing oil and refining company showing very large earnings; headed by prominent Philadelphia bankers; commission basis. Durell Gregory & Co., 10 Wall St., New York.

STOCK SALESMAN to sell $50,000 stock on commission basis for an excellent speculative proposition to own clientele or list which will be furnished. Address, giving full particulars and references, E. J. Guenzel, Hotel Bristol, New York.

STOCK RUNNER.—A STOCK EXCHANGE HOUSE WANTS EXPERIENCED STOCK RUNNER, YOUNG MAN, 16 TO 19; MUST WRITE GOOD HAND AND BE WELL RECOMMENDED. W 400 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SUPERINTENDENT.—G. FOX & CO., HARTFORD, CONN., REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF AN ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT; A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR A MAN HAVING HAD GOOD EXPERIENCE WITH FIRST-CLASS FIRMS. APPLY BY LETTER, STATING EXPERIENCE, AGE, SALARY EXPECTED, &C. ALL COMMUNICATIONS TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE.

TARIFF COMPILER experienced in compilation of railroad freight tariffs; state age, experience, salary, religion. F 130 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.
Young man, not over 20 years of age, in office of large manufacturing corporation as relief operator and office assistant; hours 7:30 to 5:30; salary $14 per week. Corporation, K 290 Times Downtown.

TOOL DESIGNERS.—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED TOOL DESIGNERS FOR JIG AND FIXTURE DESIGNS, (GOVERNMENT CONTRACT;) WILL PAY GOOD SALARIES TO HIGH-GRADE, EXPERIENCED MEN; IN REPLY STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, EXPERIENCE IN FULL AND SALARY DESIRED. ADDRESS G. E., BOX 50, GRAND CENTRAL STATION, N. Y.

TOOLMAKERS.
48-hour week, time and a half for overtime. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Princess Bay, S. I.

TRAVELING AUDITOR wanted by large Middle West manufacturing corporation to cover Eastern branches; must have constructive ability in developing efficiency of branch office accounting and office routine administration; state fully your experience and salary. X 385 Times Annex.

TRAVELING SALESMAN wanted for Middle West territory; headquarters in Chicago; salary, expenses and commission; opportunity to take charge of branch office. X 388 Times Annex.

TWO ADVERTISING SOLICITORS TO REPRESENT CLASS PUBLICATION
of high standing in its field. Positions hold unusual opportunities from the standpoint of permanence, prestige, and earning power on salary or commission for men of real personal and selling qualifications. Experience in selling newspaper or magazine space or in advertising management is essential. These positions must be filled at once.
Applications must be made in writing, stating fully education, business experience, and domestic responsibilities, if any, and applicants from 24 to 35 will be given preference. Address X 387 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

UMBRELLA SALESMAN; ONE FAMILIAR WITH HIGH-CLASS TRADE; STATE EXPERIENCE, TERRITORY, AND SALARY EXPECTED; REPRESENTATIVE HOUSE; CORRESPONDENCE CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS W. R., 216 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WANTED—SALES MANAGER.
MATTHEWS BROTHERS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, MILWAUKEE, WIS., MANUFACTURERS OF INTERIOR WOOD FINISH, CABINET WORK, AND SPECIAL FURNITURE OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY, SEEK A CAPABLE SALES MANAGER.
APPLY BY LETTER, GIVING ESSENTIAL INFORMATION AS TO EXPERIENCE, PREVIOUS BUSINESS CONNECTIONS, REFERENCES, AND STATE COMPENSATION DESIRED.

WHAT HAVE YOU DONE?
A large corporation desires a representative for negotiations of a difficult nature, one who has been successful as a salesman and understands dealing with men; stock and bond salesmen preferred; on account of conditions arising from the war exceedingly large commissions are being earned by our successful men; give full particulars, including age; a splendid opportunity. Address Lucrative, W 335 Times Downtown.

WINDOW DRESSER WANTED.
Better Class Women's Apparel Shop
In Live Town
East of New York
Desires to Engage
A Window Dresser.
One who can make himself useful
In other Capacities.
Must have Experience and A1 Credentials.
X 397 Times Annex.

WRITERS.—We want articles on Chemistry, Physics, Aeronautics, Machine Work Inventions, How to Make Things, &c.; also competent men to conduct depts. on above; write books, &c., send contributions; write for information to Invention and Manufacturing Magazine, 622 F. St., N. W. Wash., D. C.

YOUNG MEN.
Large 5 and 10c. syndicate offers opportunities to young men, between the ages of 21 and 35, to qualify for positions as store managers in their out-of-town branches; experience in general merchandise or retail dry goods and notions desirable; in reply, state age, salary and previous experience. A. T., Box 299 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, AMBITIOUS AND ENERGETIC, BETWEEN 18 AND 25, TO LEARN ELECTRIC WIRING AND TESTING; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; THOSE HAVING SOME HIGH SCHOOL TRAINING PREFERRED. K 206 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, BRIGHT, OF GOOD APPEARANCE, FOR SAMPLE ROOM OF LARGE WHOLESALE CLOTHING HOUSE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY AND RAPID ADVANCEMENT FOR ONE WHO CAN SHOW RESULTS; WRITE, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS AS TO AGE, SCHOOLS ATTENDED AND FORMER POSITIONS. "CLOTHING," 247 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN wanted, 31-36 years, or draft exempt, technical training desirable but not essential, having had industrial experience, to engage in time and motion study work in steel jobbing plant; preference will be given to those directly interested in this science. In answering give full record, age, married or single, experience, salary required. Replies strictly confidential. X 386 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN—THROWN SILK.
One with experience to keep receiving and shipping books of the thrown silk department of a large thrown silk house and assist in other work; steady position for the right party; references; state age, experience, and salary wanted. B. B., 174 Times.

YOUNG MAN IN CREDIT DEPARTMENT TO ADJUST PAYMENTS AND SETTLE CLAIMS; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE IN BOOKKEEPING AND BE A GOOD CORRESPONDENT; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY. ADDRESS D. Y., 220 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN.—A corporation desires the services of a young man of good education to start in the New York office and fit himself for advancement to selling or allied departments; write complete qualifications, stating kind of work and salary desired. P 361 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN Wanted.—Can offer good opening to clean-cut, straight American, about 20; soliciting and clerical work; must write good, plain hand and operate typewriter; give experience, references, and salary required. R 5 Times.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, 17 to 19 years, to take charge of stockroom for a Christian firm; must have had previous experience in handling boys; excellent opportunity; bring references. Apply to Mr. Shoemaker, R. H. Ingersoll & Brother, 30 Irving Place, seventh floor.

YOUNG MAN,
30 to 40, in factory; must be good penman and handy around machinery; address, stating age, nationality, references, and salary expected; advancement. 232 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, some experience selling, preferably typewriter ribbons and carbon paper; American, good appearance; excellent opportunity; give full particulars; salary and commission. P 329 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted by large chain store concern, about 25 years old and exempted from draft, to qualify for an executive position. Address F. K. K., P. O. Box 290, New York City.

YOUNG MAN wanted in large real estate office to learn the business; draft exempt; knowledge of typewriting. Address, stating experience and salary, P 392 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for office of trade journal, with experience in wrapping and mailing; give full particulars and salary expected. "Steady," Box 654, Post Office, New York City.

YOUNG MEN, (14 to 17.)—Light work; surroundings and opportunities exceptional; permanent; short hours, enabling evening schooling. P 364 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man to sell stationery; state experience; splendid opportunity for one who qualifies; salary and commission. W 388 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, educated, for employment in Connecticut wanted; must be competent; fair salary and good opportunity. X 396 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN for New York office of Western department store, 19 or 20, to assist resident buyer; must be able to typewrite; wonderful opportunity. J 60 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Hardware man, familiar with pick-up, buying of hardware tools and supplies; state experience and salary. K 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted with shipping, office, railroad experience, or the operation of private cars; references; salary. R 201 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for office and factory; opportunity for advancement. Write Cravenette Co., U. S. A., 2 North Columbus Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 18 years of age, office work; experienced; state salary and religion and where previously employed. W 262 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, about 17, quick and accurate at figures; steady position; advancement; large wholesale cotton goods house; references required. J 106 Times.

YOUNG MEN, two, wanted for stock room, general office work; $15 to $18; chance for advancement. Call Room 1130, 417 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN in wholesale dry goods house for clerical work; state age, references, and salary expected. O 395 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, a few, to demonstrate new garment hanger in store windows. Presto Co., 68 Summit St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN for stock and shipping room; splendid chance to work into good position with Christian firm; salary $18. Z. & S., 890 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN; sales ledger and other duties in accounting department; must be accurate and energetic. K 201 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 18, in cashier's dept. of large corporation; good opportunity; salary to start, $8. W 373 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for filing letters and general office work; good chance for advancement. Call 40 Warren St.

YOUNG MAN as office assistant; movie experience desirable. Call forenoon at Hiller Studios, 135 West 44th St.

YOUNG MAN in export office as shipping clerk; write salary, experience. Exporters, 684 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, office work; one just starting preferred; good wages. Advance, P. O. Box 44, Station S, New York.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 30 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

STENOGRAPHIC-SECRETARY.—High-grade American, able to speak, read, and write Italian and French, willing to travel anywhere; salary $3,000 per annum.
EMPLOYMENT MANAGER.—Experienced, high-grade man familiar with all present day labor and welfare conditions; $3,000 per annum. EXPORT MANAGER.—Young man, married, experienced in export trade; must be good executive; $1,500 per annum.
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.—High grade, experienced, seniors and semi-seniors, $1,800-$3,000 per annum; several openings for GENERAL ACCOUNTANTS and experienced BOOKKEEPERS.

DRAFTSMEN.
We have openings for experienced draftsmen and engineering draftsmen on power plant layouts, (steam and electric,) general machinery design, and straight mechanical drawing; salary $1,200 to $2,000 per annum.

CLERICAL DEPARTMENT.
BOOKKEEPERS AND ACCOUNTANTS.—THE FOLLOWING POSITIONS ARE OPEN FOR REAL BOOKKEEPERS WITH PROVEN ABILITY, AMERICANS, AND EXEMPT FROM DRAFT PREFERRED: TEXTILE, $1,300; MACHINE MANUFACTURING (3), $1,000-$3,000; SHOE MANUFACTURING, $1,300; VARIOUS MANUFACTURERS (8), $1,300; IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS (5), $1,200-$1,300; REAL ESTATE, $1,200; ASSISTANT TO ACCOUNTANT (IMPORTERS), $1,300.
We can also place in various lines of business BOOKKEEPERS, ASSISTANTS, and LEDGER CLERKS at $15, $18, and $20 per week, according to ability and experience.
COST ACCOUNTANT.—Thoroughly experienced man, $1,300.
ORDER CLERK.—Knowledge of heavy hardware preferred, $20. STOCK CLERKS (2), chemicals and hardware, $15-$20.
TARIFF COMPILERS.—Experienced on freight rates and tariffs, $95 per month.
IMPORT SALES CLERK.—Experienced in importing details and outside selling; no one of German origin accepted; $1,300.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 30 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK CITY.
CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 1.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 115 BROADWAY.
C. P. HASSON. J. J. McLAUGHLIN.
AMONG THE MANY GOOD POSITIONS LISTED WITH US TO BE FILLED AT ONCE ARE AN ACCOUNTANT AND OFFICE MANAGER, $3,000; SEVERAL SENIOR ACCOUNTANTS FOR THE PERMANENT STAFFS OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRMS AT $2,000 TO $3,000; TWO COST ACCOUNTANTS AT $2,000; ASSISTANT BANK EXECUTIVE, $1,800; TRAFFIC MANAGER, $2,000; ASSISTANT PURCHASING AGENT, $1,500; STENOGRAPHIC SECRETARY, $1,800, AND BUILDING CONSTRUCTION ESTIMATOR, $1,300; ALSO MANY OTHER CALLS FOR BOOKKEEPERS AT SALARIES FROM $18 WEEKLY TO $1,500 YEARLY; ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPERS AT $14 TO $20 WEEKLY; STENOGRAPHS FROM $15 WEEKLY TO $1,400 YEARLY, (SEVERAL AT $1,800 AND $2,100 OUT OF THE UNITED STATES.)
OUR CLERICAL DEPARTMENT CAN PLACE IMMEDIATELY 45 CLERICAL WORKERS WITH AND WITHOUT EXPERIENCE, AT SALARIES FROM $8 TO $20 WEEKLY.
CALL BETWEEN 9 A. M. AND 2 P. M.

MANAGER for branch office in Japan; broad-gauged executive, experienced in buying and selling in the Far East; single man preferred; $5,000.
SALESMAN; must have engineering training and successful record as a salesman for materials used in concrete construction; for Philippines; $5,000.
BUYER with good export experience in purchasing grocery specialties; age, 30-35; $2,400.
ACCOUNTANTS; chief accountant for local company, must have at least two years' senior public accounting experience, age 30-35, $2,500-$3,000; (2) cost accountants, $1,500-$2,000; accountant with knowledge of branch office controls, $30 weekly; (5) general accountants, $25-$30; (20) experienced public accountants, seniors, semi-seniors, and juniors, $25-$60.
STATISTICIAN; should have good education and experience in making graphic charts; $1,800.
BOOKKEEPERS; (1) at least five years' experience in export business, $2,500; (1) with knowledge of stenography, $25; (12) others, $15-$30.
CLERKS; statistical, $16; cost, $18-$20; (2) in Jersey City, $16-$18; typist familiar with export bill of lading, $18-$20; Spanish typist, salary commensurate; stock clerk, textile experience, $16; export shipping, $25, credit, $15; others, $12-$18.
PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC., 30 Church St.
Call in person, 9 to 2.

NEWSPAPER POSITIONS OPEN.
REPORTERS—N. Y., New Eng., N. J., Pa., Del., Ga., O., Ind., Wis., N. D.—$15-$25.
EDITORIAL—N. Y., New Eng., N. J., Pa., O., Ind., Mich., Ia., Ala., Okla., N. D.—$20-$50.
ADVERTISING—N. Y., New Eng., N. J., Pa., Va., O., Ind., Mont.—$20-$60.
CIRCULATION—New Eng., N. J., Okla., Mont.—$20-$45.
ALSO good positions in business, art, engraving, and mechanical departments. Registration free.
FERNALD'S EXCHANGE, Inc., Third National Bank Bldg., Springfield, Mass.

Call Monday, Nov. 26.
WILLIS HAWLEY EXCHANGE,
50 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Two bookkeepers for New England, $1,820-$2,080.
Two bookkeepers, $900 and all maintenance, and $2,000, Protestant institute.
Accountants, credit men, $2,000-$5,000.
Factory foreman, $1,200; mining superintendent, $2,000 and bonus; experienced shipping clerk, $30. Other openings, clerical and stenographic.

SALESMAN, (drugs,) college man, $1,800; 4 bookkeeper auditors, $1,600; cost accountant; accountant-auditor, (Chicago;) purchasing agent, (automobile accessories;) stock head, (automobiles;) accountant, (steamship;) cost-production clerk, $25; representative salesman, (field work;) 4 ledger clerks, $15-$20; 5 export clerks, $12-$18; 10 bank men; miscellaneous, others. Migbill, Flatiron Building.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 154 NASSAU STREET.
C. M. IVERSON. W. J. VARCOSIO.
BOOKKEEPERS, (7,) $900-$1,300.
STENOGRAPHERS, (5,) $900-$1,100.
BANK CLERKS, experienced, $900-$1,560.
CLERKS, (12,) $12-$18.
SALESMAN, (Printing and Stationery,) A1.
OFFICE BOYS, (50,) excellent opportunities.

Hirst Occupational Exchange, 55 Liberty St.—Superior, high-class, permanent positions for foreign exchange bankmen, accountants, stenographers, bookkeepers, telegrapher, and code clerks, machine inventory and appraisal men, draftsmen in all lines, office boys; register free.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITIES.
Accountants, $1,500-$4,000; bookkeepers, $1,000-$2,000; draftsmen, $1,000-$1,700; clerks, $15-$18; bankmen, secretaries, good salaries; 50 boys, $7.50-$10; others. Business Service Bureau, 309 Broadway.

Efficient Employment Exchange Agency, 10 East 42d.—Spanish stenographer, $35; bookkeepers, $20; office boys, $7-$9. Budenbender, Prop.

ADDING MACHINE OPERATOR, $15; bookkeepers, $18. Atlas Employment Agency, 133 Nassau St.

HIGH-CLASS young men; excellent positions; bookkeepers, stenographers; immediate. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

STENOGRAPHER, take testimony, $30; boys, $8; insurance bookkeeper. Brody Agency, 239 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, engineering experience, $40 weekly; typists, $10. Federal Employment Agency, 309 Broadway.

TRAFFIC MANAGER wanted; good salaries; we train you. Particulars, 712 Tribune Building.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway.—Register free; office and technical positions.

OFFICE BOYS and young men, clerical, $7-$10. Acme Agency, 145 Nassau.

Instruction.

PRIVATE SECRETARY course.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

MACHINISTS.
Become toolmaker, elementary drafting, print reading, mathematics, trigonometry $15; registration Monday, Tuesday; payable $5. Engineering Institute, 4 West 125th.

BIG DEMAND—RADIO OPERATORS.
Splendid profession; individual instruction; best radio course in city; write or call today for booklet. Radio School, 157 East 86th Street.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course. Students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. WHEAT.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

MEN—EARN $25 TO $75 A WEEK.
BE A MECHANICAL DENTIST.

Big demand	3 months' course
No book study	Easy payments
Practical work	Start any time
Write for free	Day or night
BOOKLET 19	DECIDE NOW

BODEE School of Mechanical DENTISTRY, NEW YORK: (Est. 25 yrs.) BROOKLYN: 15 W. 44th St. 15-17 Flatbush Av.
Supervision University of N. Y. State.

MEN—AGE IS NO BARRIER.
Here is a professional trade that will raise you to a higher level in life. Agreeable work, excellent pay. Big demand for dental mechanics. We train you in a remarkably short time at practical work, individually; day or evening; no book study. Easy payments. Investigate! Write for free Booklet 50. Dentists' Laboratories School, 25 West 45th St. (Finest and most authoritative in America.)

A BIG PAYING PROFESSION FOR YOU.
Earn $25 to $100 a week as motion picture, studio, or commercial photographer. Easy, fascinating profession. Anyone can learn; 3 months' course covers all branches. Expert instruction, actual practice in new, up-to-date studios. Day or evening classes, easy terms. Special Offer Now. Call or write for free booklet. N. Y. Inst. of Photography, (11-T.) 141 W. 36th St., N. Y.

Government positions pay $800 to $1,800 a year, with short hours, vacations, steady work; no strikes or layoffs; let our Civil Service Expert, former Government Examiner, prepare you for Post Office, Railway Mail, Customs, and other positions; write today for free booklet B 17, with list of positions. Paterson Civil Service School. Rochester, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our new easy system; send for Booklet T and special offer. Universal Business Institute, 17 Madison Av., New York.

MEN—EARN $25 to $75 A WEEK.

3 months' course	Easy payments
MECHANICAL	START ANY TIME
DENTISTRY	DAY OR NIGHT
No book study.	Write for Booklet 19.

BODEE School of Mechanical DENTISTRY, NEW YORK: (Est. 25 yrs.) BROOKLYN: 15 W. 44th St. 15-17 Flatbush Av.

SALESMEN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them. Hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1803-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

FRENCH TUTOR.—Young Japanese student desires private French tutor. Hirashima, Hartley Hall, Columbia University.

LATE CHIEF ENGINEER teaches drafting, mathematics, machines. 341 West 48th. Bryant 359.

AGENTS WANTED.

Chewing gum agents wanted; no experience required; write today. Helmet Co., Cincinnati.

25-WORD ADVERTISEMENT in 100 magazines thrice, $2. Universal Syndicate, Atlantic City.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

AMBITIOUS YOUNG OFFICE ASSISTANT, EXPERT TYPIST, SOME STENOGRAPHY; 4 YEARS' GENERAL OFFICE EXPERIENCE. S 19 TIMES.

ATTENDANT.—Refined young lady wishes position as trained attendant to lady, by day or hour; have five years' experience with very best family; can furnish best of references. Telephone Audubon 6380.

A YOUNG WOMAN, dependent upon her own resources, seeks position as companion; is adaptable, home loving, and capable; would appreciate refined surroundings; nothing menial. Box 34, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

BILL CLERK, Elliott-Fisher; typist; knowledge of stenography; reputable concern; $15. P 252 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK-TYPIST; good at figures; several years' experience; $16. G 216 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, age 20, seeks connection with progressive concern; commercial high graduate. Address L. K., 180 Hart St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent, accurate; ten years' experience in trust and savings bank; trial balance; $20-$25; Christian. P. 255 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, competent, over ten years' experience; entire charge books, office, handle correspondence; references; salary, $25. R 15 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert office manager; 12 years' experience; aggressive American young woman; exceptional executive ability; highest credentials. F 88 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, cost accountant, experienced corporation, controlling accounts; seven years one concern; $22, highest credentials. W 393 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and cashier; thoroughly experienced; trial balances; controlling accounts; executive ability; highest references. P 188 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography; 4 years' experience; willing, conscientious; $15. W 354 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; college graduate; full knowledge office methods; accurate, reliable. W 377 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer desires part time work; long experience; take charge books, opening and closing. F 157 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Controlling accounts, trial balances, financial statements, entire charge; $22. R 21 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; full charge; trial balance, controlling accounts; $20. P 170 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Typist.—Double-entry, controlling accounts, trial balance, neat, refined; $16. W 311 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER — Thoroughly experienced business woman; accurate, conscientious; references. P 176 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Five years' experience; capable taking charge; Christian; $15. P 187 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert; thoroughly competent taking complete charge; secretary. Belle, 1,065 Prospect Av.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly experienced, desires position, reputable concern, $18. P 291 Times Downtown.

CASHIER.—A widow, 32 years of age, neat appearance, with present employers 5 years, desires to change situation; can furnish good references and bond. Mrs. Grace Froehlich, 756 McDonough St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CASHIER.—2 years' railroad experience rush sections; bond furnished if required; salary $18 to $20 weekly. P 296 Times Downtown.

CLEANING or laundry work by woman with references. Melloy, 433 West 16th.

CLERICAL.—Experienced, executive ability, high school graduate, knowledge of stenography and typewriting; salary, $18. R 19 Times.

COLORED GIRL wishes position in studio, or as maid. Kenney, 69 West 99th.

COLORED WOMAN wishes laundry at home. Kinley, 236 West 64th.

COMPANION, &c.—Well-educated woman wishes employment, resident or visiting companion, chaperon, accompanist, housekeeper; references. R 20 Times.

COMPANION.—Refined lady desires position, companion; care invalid; excellent. P 127 Times.

COMPETENT woman, to take charge of doctor's office, or act as assistant to business woman, where confidence and good sense are essential; unquestionable references. F 111 Times.

COMPANION.—Woman of refinement and experience in practical nursing as companion to elderly person or semi-invalid; cheerful disposition; good sewer and reader. W 365 Times Downtown.

COMPANION or mother's helper; refined Englishwoman wishes position; experienced. 1,329 Carroll St., Brooklyn. Telephone Decatur 794.

COOK.—Position as good, plain cook in private family by Englishwoman, 27; very neat, clean, trustworthy; good references; wages $40 per month. F 103 Times.

COOK wants position with American family; best city references. Answer by mail only, care Berns, 158 East 45th St.

COOK wishes position, private family or club; will go South or any other place; best references. F 121 Times.

COOK, colored, in private family; personal reference. Mason, 79 Old Broadway.

COOK.—First class; best personal references; wages, $60. S 92 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Dresses, gowns, and suits made and remodeled swiftly; newest designs; thoroughly competent. Out, 601 West 180th. Audubon 580.

DRESSMAKER.—Artistic dresses and coats made for all occasions; estimates submitted; remodeling, in or out; $4 per day. Faust, 45 West 55th. Phone Circle 4388.

DRESSMAKER, perfect, by day or home; have wide experience among aristocrats of Russia. Romanoff, 63 McClellan Place, L. I. C.

DRESSMAKER. — Artistic, expert fitter, street, dinner, dancing frocks; remodeling; out preferred. Kelly, 873 6th Av. Circle 1158.

DRESSMAKER; $4 day; perfect cut and fit; quick worker; no lunch. Phone Martin, 2,652 St. Nicholas Av.

DRESSMAKER, artistic; evening, theatre gowns, coats, waists; home, out; remodels. Ryan, 76 West 50th.

DRESSMAKER, from establishment, to sew; only for lady who appreciates the very best kind of dressmaking. F 146 Times.

DRESSMAKER, reliable, English; long experienced; out, by day, $4. Morris, 656 West 179th St. Telephone 2129 St. Nicholas.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

DRESSMAKER.—What have you to make? I will design and remodel gowns at your home. C. D. G., 40 West 12th St.

DRESSMAKER.—Experienced, home, out; references; $2.50. Conway, 102 Greenwich Av., (West 12th St.)

DRESSMAKER.—First-class; all lines; by the day. A. D., Times Harlem.

DRESSMAKER would like position as visiting maid; references. D. F., 149 Times.

DRESSMAKING.—Gowns, remodelling, suits; out; references. Morningside 381.

DRESSMAKER.—Designer; out by day; private family. Phone Murray Hill 3310.

ENGLISH WOMAN, capable, refined, assist light household duties; good needle woman; nominal salary; highest references. Address X 307 Times Annex.

ENTIRE HOME CARE AND RESPONSIBILITY OF CHILDREN SOUGHT,
with opportunity to direct and strengthen development of body, mind, and character, in environment where understanding, whole-hearted effort will strongly count; applicant is American, Christian, with university education, and practical and theoretical knowledge of hygiene, dietetics, and child culture. Promater, Apartment 31, 430 West 118th St.

EXECUTIVE, &c.—A position wanted by refined, educated, middle-aged woman with executive ability, business and social experience; competent to take charge of office or oversight of employes; (no stenography;) has lectured in public; willing to travel part time; moderate salary. X 358 Times Annex.

FILE CLERK, with law, insurance, banking and mercantile filing experience, desires charge of filing system. Expert, W 333 Times Downtown.

FRENCH conversation, literature, private and club lessons, by lady college graduate; American; references. P 165 Times.

GIRL.—A clean, neat, intelligent girl, 26 years old, who is quick to catch on, punctual, dependable, and loyal, wants permanent position; experienced at filing, general office work, and switchboard; not afraid to keep busy. S 77 Times.

GIRL, colored, very neat, would like to work half time or go out by day; good references. A. Rawlins, 560 West 126th St.

GIRL, colored, like work; chambermaid, housework; reference. 136 West 99th St., care Robertson.

GOOD PENMAN wishes part time work; clerical, statistical, secretarial. P 156 Times.

GOVERNESSES.—The Agricultural and Industrial Labor Relief is very anxious to find places for German governesses, some of whom speak French. Write or call, 1,123 Broadway, suite 607. Phone Farragut 9777. All services rendered free.

GOVERNESS-HOUSEKEEPER desires a position in motherless home where two or more servants are kept; experienced and capable; references exchanged. X 383 Times Annex.

GOVERNESS.—Young woman of refinement and education wishes position as tutor or governess with a family going South for the Winter; references exchanged. Y 203 Times Annex.

GOVERNESS, teaches German and English kindergarten, physical care and culture, wishes morning engagements. Write Miss Frisch, 1,320 3d Av. Telephone 1-6 P. M., Rhinelander 9415.

GOVERNESS.—Position wanted by young lady of refinement as governess to young children ranging from 3 to 12 years of age. X 372 Times Annex.

GOVERNESS.—Young woman, trustworthy, educated, languages, wants position as governess; references. R 33 Times.

GOVERNESS, (young,) would appreciate position in refined family; resident, visiting. S 5 Times.

GOVERNESS.—Parisienne; college graduate; young; visiting governess; French, German, English. Pianist, 2,730 Broadway.

GOVERNESS.—French visiting governess desires position. P 145 Times.

GRAD. NURSE, fine character, extremely modest and useful, wishes position to lady, gentleman, couple or child; $40 monthly; A1 references. F 444 Times Annex.

HIGH-CLASS WOMAN wishes to connect with A1 firm; thoroughly familiar with systematic methods and office management; scientific training and practical experience in employment work. S 36 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Gentlewoman, refined, executive ability, practical managing housekeeper, useful, companion, experience, large and small families; highest reference. R 23 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Well-recommended housekeeper and cook will arrange appointments, prepare dinners afternoon, business people. Box 240, 852 Columbus Av.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined American desires position as managing housekeeper; thoroughly capable of taking full charge of house; A1 references. Y 206 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Competent American woman; business people preferred; reference, present employer. S 85 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, experienced, excellent references, desires position where servants are kept. F 176 Times.

INTELLIGENT, refined American business woman desires making change from present position, good education; ten years' experience office detail, filing and cataloging; capable of filling responsible position entailing accuracy and ability; furnish best references. P 147 Times.

KNIT GOODS.—Young lady (experienced) would like a position with an underwear manufacturer to estimate costs of manufacturing; salary $18. Address W 326 Times Downtown.

LADY desires one, two children under 8, share French governess and advantages, rhythm, nature study, in own home, Morningside Heights; Summer seashore. X 373 Times Annex.

LADY.—Capable, willing, good cook, experienced housekeeper, desires position; 3½ years with physician; references. R 8 Times.

LADY'S MAID.—English, good, seamstress and traveller. 118 3d Av., Newark, N. J.

LET YOUR SALESMAN ENLIST.
Cultivated woman, pleasant personality, good voice, highest integrity, now employed on road by well known house, wants line of goods to sell; none but the best. X 393 Times Annex.

LAUNDRESS.—First class; for Wednesdays. Carroll, 47 West 99th St.

MAID-COMPANION, young lady; experienced; good references; mornings or afternoons. P 129 Times.

MANAGER, &c.—Young woman of education, tact and executive ability, trained in business as manager of her own establishment, desires position with reputable concern, capable of managing hotel tea room, or travel as saleswoman for mercantile house; through former business highest of references can be given. F 106 Times.

MASSEUSE.—Graduate; treatment at lady's residence or office; specialist treatment of reducing; also electric treatment. Phone 3210 Audubon. 612 West 140th St., Apt 37.

MASSEUSE, Swedish, expert; massage $1 hour, for ladies at their residence. 4 West 101st St. Tel. Audubon 6140.

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN, dressmaker, seamstress, would like position for room and board, small wages; fond children, assist with housework. Box 589, 852 Columbus Av.

NURSE for invalid or infant, 15 years' experience, Swedish Hospital training; excellent references. Write Miss Sedehn, care Mrs. Apgar, 462 Amsterdam Av.

NURSE.—Experienced baby nurse with hospital training. Call Monday at former employer's, 150 West 79th St., 9th floor west, between 10 and 1.

NURSE.—Experienced nurse would like a private case, working ½ day or 8 hours. F 102 Times.

NURSE.—Respectable, settled colored woman wishes place as nurse for one child. E. J. Toles, 225 West 143d.

NURSE, companion, housekeeper, attendant, (English.) Telephone 4630 Morningside. 500 West 122d, 5B.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, knowledge of stenography and bookkeeping; $9; (downtown;) permanent position. P 340 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, ledger clerk, 3½ years' experience; competent; Christian; $12. P 174 Times.

POSITION wanted in doctor's office by refined American; references. Address C. F., 621 Madison Av.

PRIVATE SECRETARY desires position; efficiency, tact, personality, character; highest credentials. Miss Grosse, Plaza 7670. S 57 Times.

REFINED, middle-aged woman, active and capable, good pianist and quick reader, wishes position to make herself useful in musical office or home of professional lady, also assist in housework, if required; first-class reference. Address E. E., 854 Broadway, New York City.

REFINED, intelligent woman to plan menus, do marketing for large, small homes, auto companion to convalescents, confidential correspondence, by hour; references exchanged. F 102 Times.

REFINED woman of 40 wishes position of responsibility and trust. J 36 Times.

SEAMSTRESS.—To work by day; private families. Tel. Sunset 6152.

SECRETARY of exceptional experience and ability seeks position with man of affairs who wishes to be relieved of all detail; am accustomed to taking full responsibility for an entire floor of offices in absence of employer, attending to banking, with power of attorney, employing bookkeepers, stenographers, clerks, &c.; buying supplies and handling the other thousand and one details incident to the efficient conduct of a modern office; my references are unusual; expect salary commensurate with my ability. G 219 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Manufacturer changing business desires to place his confidential secretary in a position where personality, tact, and willingness to work are essential; five years' experience in supervising all office work, cost accounting, bookkeeping, and stenography; has competently handled large force of help; strictly confidential person; Christian. P 160 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.
Above the average, capable correspondent, initiative, tact, efficient organizer, college education. Hotel Endicott, Room 364.

SECRETARY-EXECUTIVE DESIRES RESPONSIBLE POSITION WHERE ABILITY, PERSONALITY, EFFICIENCY, CONSCIENTIOUS INTEREST IN WORK ARE NEEDED AND CAN BE PAID FOR; EIGHT YEARS' THOROUGH EXPERIENCE. W 364 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 10 years' experience, thoroughly conversant with office detail, wants to connect with reliable concern where brains and efficiency count. Address Permanent, 104 East 14th.

SECRETARY.—Not merely stenographer; woman of education; capable executive; good correspondent; wide business experience; assume responsibility, relieve employer of detail; salary, $25. G 217 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Knowledge bookkeeping; competent; initiative; responsible; excellent varied experience. P 343 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT.—Young lady, possessing ability and initiative; capable of assuming responsibility; salary $18-$20. F 144 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 24, exempt; 7 years' experience, initiative, executive ability, desires position with prospects; salary $25. A 208 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — On account of dull business I wish to secure a position for my secretary, whom I can highly recommend. Tel. Rhinelander 5008.

SECRETARY.—Young woman, Christian, has education, tact, can write any sort of letter, meet people as you like to have them met. F 68 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Capable secretary and experienced public stenographer; pleasing personality; good appearance; best references. F 467 Times Annex.

SECRETARY, (college graduate.)—Do you need brains, tact, initiative, combined with stenographic, typewriting, bookkeeping, chemical experience? P 142 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Expert; exceptional executive ability; thoroughly experienced; $20. Conscientious, 216 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, bookkeeper, office manager; excellent references; salary $18. P 356 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, capable, experienced, desires connection with progressive people; $1,000. W 381 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY for literary, social or political executive, to relieve him of details in capable manner, handle correspondence, interview guests; inherent ability assured. S 35 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, capable, energetic; 8 years' engineering experience; salary, $20. S 86 Times.

SECRETARY, employed during the day, will do stenographic work or copying at home, evenings; own machine. S 46 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, high-class executive; college training; $18. T. B., 132 Times.

SEWING by day or week or at home; terms moderate; references. Mrs. Emack, 2,149 Southern Boulevard, Bronx.

SPANISH-ENGLISH stenographer and correspondent, fluent knowledge Spanish; eight years' general business, export-import experience. "XX," 246 West 48th.

REFINED, Christian widow, take full charge of house; thoroughly qualified; economical; reference exchanged. Write Reliable, 494 Columbus Av.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST AT $20 A WEEK.
Present employer desires to place capable and competent stenographer and typist where confidence, interest, and conscientious service will be appreciated. Box S 87 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.
Capable, experienced stenographer desires responsible position; above the average in education and ability; salary $18-$20. F 466 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; high school graduate; intelligent; thoroughly competent executive and initiative, highly recommended; $18. G 224 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Aged 26, 6 years' technical experience, quick comprehension, high school education, possessing initiative, uses discretion, excellent mathematician; $20. W., 129 Edgecomb Av.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, 5 years' experience; knowledge bookkeeping; accurate, alert, neat; possessing initiative; excellent references; $15. W 882 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, correspondent; seven years' valuable business experience; accustomed handling important details, seeks responsible position. G 226 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY; college graduate; experienced; speed and accuracy in stenographic work; rapid typist; hard worker; quick to learn; salary $20. J 118 Times.

STENOGRAPHER WITH BRAINS, executive ability, commanding appearance, age 23; 6 years' practical experience; transcribes accurately, quickly, neatly; excellent references; $18. W 349 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with 4 years' experience seeks position where neat, quick, and accurate work can be appreciated, also capable office assistant; excellent references. S. C., 1,465 45th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' thorough commercial, business training; reliable, ambitious; highest credentials; salary, $18-$20. Alert, P 326 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, educated business woman; ten years' experience, high-class lines; $18-$20. Chenhall, 52 7th Av., Brooklyn. W 401 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Long experience, competent and reliable; well qualified to fill responsible position; salary to start $20. F 48 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, refined; college graduate; familiar secretary's duties; capable of taking difficult dictation; $20. A 216 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, POSSESSES INITIATIVE, DESIRES POSITION REPUTABLE CONCERN; $18. P 823 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—THOROUGHLY COMPETENT; FAMILIAR OFFICE DETAILS; NEAT APPEARANCE; SALARY, $16. 348 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, high school education; six years' experience; excellent references; familiar office detail; salary, $18. P 328 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, neat, efficient, office details; high school education; references; salary, $16. W 352 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in contractor's office; American; some experience. Address, stating age, salary, and reference, L. G., 552 West 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Educated; Christian; experienced; good address; references, capable assuming responsibilities. A 219 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, six years, high school graduate; good at figures; $18. P 336 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent; 2 years' experience; best reference. A 207 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, $10; experienced, capable, industrious, efficient, live wire, American. P 376 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (Christian,) American; five years' experience; excellent references; $16-$18. W 353 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; thorough mercantile experience; refined, capable, clean-cut, competent. A. D., 94 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, accurate, desires position where services are required half day only. M 155 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; rapid worker; American; references; $12. P 342 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experience; thoroughly conversant with general office routine; $12-$15. G 221 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — RAPID, ACCURATE; COLLEGE EDUCATION; 5 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; $18. R 31 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' insurance and technical experience; reliable, competent; $15. P 196 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent; high school graduate; five years' experience. A 215 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, knowledge of French, seeks connection with reliable party. W 360 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' practical experience, conscientious, reliable; reference; $15. W 350 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, intelligent high school graduate, experienced; competent; $12; advancement. W 374 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced, high school graduate. Silverman, 444 Georgia Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian, 2 years' experience; salary $12; reference. W 301 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, competent, good education, willing worker; references; $15. Miss Y., 220 West 42d St. Bryant 1818.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; neat, accurate, conscientious; salary $12. R 901 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—WOULD LIKE EMPLOYMENT, EVENINGS; EXPERIENCED. P 137 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, high school graduate, 5 years' experience; salary $20. W 332 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, general office assistant, 2½ years' experience; $12. W 393 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, general office worker; experienced. Anna Zink, 230 East 57th St.

STENOGRAPHER, reliable, painstaking; good education, no clock watcher; experienced; $15. V 293 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; Christian; competent; excellent references; salary $16. W 304 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; reliable, conscientious; morning or afternoon work. G 214 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; five years' experience; thoroughly competent; familiar all office details; $18. C. Von Lierob, 448 East 84th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; also competent as secretary and correspondent. R 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; ambitious; capable; three years' experience; salary, $15. Brodbeck, 522 East 134th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; high school graduate; understands office work thoroughly; American. P 308 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; American, capable, ambitious, experienced; salary, $12. A 217 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—3 years' experience; best references former employer; capable; $12. W 314 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, desires part time work. P 153 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Young lady; Christian; seven years' experience; rapid and accurate; excellent references. Telephone Riverside 9211.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Refined; Christian; handle busy board; high school graduate; references. A 220 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant, capable handling busy board. $10. P 175 Times.

TEACHER.—College graduate; public school methods; all branches; coaching. Expert, Times Harlem.

TEACHER-GOVERNESS. — The services of an experienced teacher-governess are now available. X 382 Times Annex.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Young lady, with 7 years' experience, desires position with advancement; salary, $15. W 376 Times Downtown.

TRAVELER, experienced woman of refinement, would act as chaperone or companion on journey to California; references. S 62 Times.

TUTOR, graduate, English subjects, Latin, French; school, college preparation. Phone 3619 Bryant.

TYPEWRITING.—Neat, careful work at home; reasonable price; prompt attention. S 2 Times.

TYPIST.—Young woman typist desires work at home; neat and accurate. Address Reasonable, W 319 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, girl, 18, wishes position in office. A 222 Times Downtown.

VISITING GOVERNESS.
Refined young woman desires the care and training of three or four small children during the day; kindergarten methods; mostly outdoor. P 152 Times.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—Young lady, for morning or afternoon; hours from 9 to 12 or 2 to 5, except Sundays. Call Monday morning, 60 West 92d St.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—English, French, German, city references. Miss Kruse, 200 West 86th. Phone Schuyler 5200.

WANTED—POSITION OF TRUST.
Business woman, 15 years' experience, had entire charge office, books, capital and trade, desires connect with responsible house; honest, practical, alert, obliging; references employer and others. E. F., 218 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, colored, experienced, half time, mornings; references. Write Francis, 3 East 131st St.

WOMAN, colored, desires family wash, home; good reference. 1 6 West 99th. Sims.

WRITER (expert) of advertisements and circulars, wants occasional work; best results guaranteed. W., 96 Broadway, Room 81.

YOUNG LADY, American, thorough knowledge of stenography and typewriting, accustomed to taking entire charge, interviewing clients, &c., several years' secretarial experience, desires executive position. Address F. J., 240 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY, with several years' experience at stenography and general work, would like position in advertising or other office, where she can do publicity and general work. Address R 30 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes position doctor's or dentist's office; English and Spanish spoken; inexperienced. Write Y., 708 Columbus Av.

YOUNG LADY desires home work doing typewriting; furnish references if required. P 141 Times.

YOUNG LADY, college graduate and art student, wishes employment as artistic letterer and designer. W 363 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN.—Neat, pleasing personality, good writer, figurer; reference. W. H., Times Harlem.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

COLORED help, city, country, references. Hope's Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

COOKS, Waitresses, Chambermaids, Nurses, Houseworkers.—Domestic Exchange, 321 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Colored, select chambermaids; references. Augusta Agency, 333 West 53d St. Columbus 3129.

BERTA CARLSON SWEDISH AGENCY.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9463.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACQUAINTANCE, PERSONALITY, AND PRESTIGE AT YOUR SERVICE.
Former New York City daily newspaper publisher and recent New York State official wishes to represent high-class national concern in New York City; knows who's who and can reach them right; experienced in initiating drives, handling salesmen, and writing and placing advertising; highest references. Address M., 331 West 55th St.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, EXECUTIVE, 37, American, exceptional ability, financial statements, securities, statistics, reports, &c., familiar with corporation and tax laws, at present with large public utilities corporation, desires responsible connection; heavily bonded; salary, $3,600. Assistant Treasurer, P 374 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT,
with general experience, quick, keen thinker, good practical judgment, tact, executive ability, energy, and initiative, would like position with public accountant or production engineer. Integrity, X 242 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER.
Mechanical manufacturing experience, accounting, cost, auditing, time study, shop routing, financial and statistical statements; thorough executive, highest credentials, age 37; salary $22.50. F 115 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS WANTED.
Prominent Detroit accounting firm wishes to secure a number of experienced public accountants; certified men or seniors with good experience desired. W 342 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, OFFICE MANAGER; VARIED EXPERIENCE; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE EFFICIENCY METHODS; $3,000. ACCOUNTANT, TIMES HARLEM.

ACCOUNTANT, competent, reliable, with practical business and college training, wishes connection part time; real and time-saving systems devised and installed. N. Stember, 443 4th Av. Madison Square 4433.

ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER, 15 years' experience efficiency expert, systematizer, capable office executive, with tact and initiative; highest references; widely experienced. G 218 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; charges moderate; personal service. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Telephone 2141 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 104. Cortlandt 6668.

ACCOUNTANT — Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 25, N. Y. U. graduate; efficient, capable take charge office; best references. Harry B. Falk, 159 Hopkins St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER.
Thoroughly experienced, American born, married, 30, exempt, desires position with reputable concern. R 34 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Competent, now staff senior with C. P. A., desires executive position or in same capacity; salary $3,200. S 61 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, (39,) Christian, desires change; A1 references; moderate salary. R 14 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, Auditor, Office Manager, (37.)—Experienced; expert; cost work, reports. S 54 Times.

ACCOUNTANT'S ASSISTANT; industrious; six years' bookkeeping and public accounting experience. G 225 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, office manager; thoroughly experienced, clean-cut, American. Executive, 49 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, employed as junior, desires C. P. A. connection; salary $18; adapt. P 268 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, public; experienced; $40 week; age 31. R 204 Times Downtown.

ABLE investigator, lawyer, former Government inspector, speaking modern languages, seeks connection requiring education, foresight, analytical ability; varied business experience; will travel anywhere. P 303 Times Downtown.

ABLE, active, Christian, American, past 40, strictly temperate, capable filling any position requiring industry, commonsense, reliability, trustworthiness, desires position; can you offer one? E 163 Times.

ACTIVE AMERICAN, 41, executive ability, long, practical business experience, familiar legal, commercial, mechanical, and financial phases, seeks lucrative opening; highest references. 160 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR and manager, formerly with leading publications, successful producer, favorably acquainted throughout Eastern territory, open for engagement; letters confidential. F 194 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ADVERTISING MAN
POSSESSING THE ACTIVE POWER AND ABILITY TO PRODUCE RESULTS; with some knowledge of practically all branches of advertising. Having years of experience in many lines, as an independent service man, which requires the knowledge of type, printing, engraving, art, and paper. With the ability to weigh the value of an advertising medium and capacity for analysis that finds sales-making talking points, typography and layouts that command attention. Being the master of successful advertising campaigns, I am on the market for a position as advertising manager. I. L. D., J 37 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.
Aggressive young man, draft exempt; my experience has given me an unusual training for position as assistant sales or advertising manager; four years sales department, large manufacturing organization, now advertising manager, thoroughly familiar with details of sales promotion and supervision; I. C. S. student; if you can use a man of my training why not let me explain my qualifications in detail? P 315 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER
who has done successful work for some of the largest concerns in the country seeks position with progressive manufacturer or wholesale house; highest references; salary required; moderate. Address Expert, 19 WEST 96TH ST.

ADVERTISING MAN.—Analytical, resourceful, careful; salesmaking copy; typography and layouts that command attention; experienced in ad agencies and manufacturing concerns, dealer helps, house organs; ideas and initiative; see my scrapbook. Z 254 Times Annex.

ADVERTISEMENT WRITER, several years' copy experience; no detail man, but original, energetic idea hunter, with imagination; want agency start, or ad. mgr.'s assistant; age 28, married; N. Y. City only. S 97 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.—A very successful advertising solicitor, with several years' experience daily, weekly, and other publications, desires position where the field is large. P 353 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING.—Practical printer, who can handle mechanical department along the line of service and economy; highest references; age 35; at present employed. S 74 Times.

ADVERSITY has knocked at my door; intelligent, cultured, efficient. Who will respond? Hope, 150 West 14th St.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT.—Expert layout and display man; write copy; department store, agency advertising, and printing experience. P 184 Times.

AD WRITER and plan man, varied experience, seeks position in New York where initiative, versatility and ability to write clearly and forcefully will be appreciated. S 10 Times.

AGGRESSIVE, tactful executive; sales credits, correspondence, accounting, office management; American; thoroughly seasoned; splendid record; available immediately. W 205 Times Downtown.

AM LOOKING for office position where character, initiative, and integrity count; have 12 years' experience; my system will produce maximum results at minimum expense. J 127 Times.

AMERICAN-BORN executive and organizer, handled big jobs with thousands workmen from starting, experienced in every department of big corporations as principal or director, now open for new connections or war work. S 80 Times.

AMERICAN, past draft age, desires position where fidelity and ability will be recognized; has general business experience; good public speaker; assume responsibility; may be molded to fit your need; literary or welfare work preferred, but not choice; part or all time; modest remuneration. Box 85 Times.

ANY REAL OPPORTUNITY.
By man, age 32, married, American, Christian, experienced all lines building and real estate; also sales, secretary, bookkeeper and typewriter; best references on interview; moderate salary. E 141 Times.

ARCHITECT. — Thoroughly experienced, trained designer, draftsman, and superintendent, wishes position. R 38 Times.

AUDITOR desires position four days weekly; expert accountant; experienced, capable. S 53 Times.

A YOUNG ADVERTISING MAN
wants a job where he can become an active part of your business and grow with it. With 5 years of merchandising and 3½ years' office experience, I can fit into a position that needs a young man, 27, (married, draft exempt,) who knows intimately every angle of advertising from both the practical and theoretical standpoint. I have sold goods behind the counter, house to house, and on the road. Have written copy, sold commercial art, advertising agency service, and printing. I have been an advertising manager for two years. Am now advertising manager for a phonograph manufacturer. Future of present position being limited, I want a position with a progressive firm that can offer an able, aggressive, resourceful young advertising executive a real future. P 358 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECT wishes to offer his services on part time; also have drafting room facilities. C. O., 245 Times Downtown.

ARE you willing to pay me $3,000 a year while I demonstrate my ability to accomplish results which will shortly justify an annual remuneration of nearly double that amount, to which I am accustomed? I can show a splendid record of achievement in a field entirely outside of any requiring a technical education; interview desired. F 31 Times.

ASSISTANT MANAGER.
Young man, 34, possessing executive ability, initiative, and tact; fifteen years' business experience; specialty is selling service, meeting public, building up good will; able correspondent; inside experience on payroll, paymaster work, job, order purchasing, advertising claims; open to position anywhere with opportunity of advancement; salary $30. W 203 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, 19, desires position with chance for advancement; good at figures. P 357 Times Downtown.

ATTENTION!
Executive, married man, (45,) educated, own business, banking experience, desires evening employment. P 139 Times.

A UNIVERSITY MAN, (28,) FORCEFUL, CAPABLE, EXCELLENT CHARACTER, WITH 6 YEARS' WIDE TRAINING IN MODERN BUSINESS PRACTICE, SALES, CORRESPONDENCE, MANAGEMENT, UNDERSTANDING PRINTING, &C., SEEKS THE EMPLOYER TO WHOM HIS FAITHFUL SERVICES WILL PROVE A PROFITABLE INVESTMENT. WHO IS THAT MAN? W 351 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BANK CLERK.—15 years' experience, desires change; best references, ability, character and sobriety. A. S. W., 723 Clifton Av., Newark, N. J.

BELGIAN GENTLEMAN desires position; speaks French, English, and other languages; can give satisfactory references. 462 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, familiar with modern methods of bookkeeping and controlling accounts, wishes connections with reliable concern. A 204 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced correspondent and systematizer; of initiative and executive ability; can assume entire charge. $25-$30. S 81 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (39, Hebrew,) 12 years' experience; competent double-entry man; collections, payroll; all around office man. P 93 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (23;) full fledged; handle any set of books; trial balance, financial statements; salary $22. W 347 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced and efficient; willing worker; good education; excellent references; $20-$22. Mr. H., 1,605 Candler Building, Bryant 1319.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; year mercantile bookkeeping experience, desires position with advancement. R 203 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Alsatian, (33,) experienced double entry; knowledge of French, Spanish; moderate salary. Robert Schmidt, 202 16th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger and payroll; thoroughly experienced, reliable; age 25; can manage office; salary reasonable; interview me. S 43 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, credit, and office man, 25, exempt; 8 years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balances. M. B., 233 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—5 years' experience; can take care full set of books; reference; $18. W 315 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER DESIRES POSITION WITH RELIABLE FIRM. P 368 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, (25.)—Steady; take full charge of set; references; $20. P 187 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, correspondent; varied experience; take full charge; references; bond. G 220 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' experience, N. Y. U. accounting, correspondent, office man, reliable. P 337 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (24,) experienced controlling account, trial balance; references; moderate salary. V 314 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, for evening work, temporary or permanent; terms reasonable. F 173 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, desires work evenings or Sundays. W 373 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16, wants position in office or place with advancement; can furnish references from present employer. P 120 Times.

BUILDER seeks position to superintend construction work; city or country. P 378 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS MAN, proven ability, has increased output present employers 50 per cent. last two months, desires connect with live corporation or private owned business; resourceful, aggressive, possesses qualities of live business man. If you are in need of an organizer to meet present conditions and willing to pay reasonable price for such services, address X 346 Times Annex.

BUSINESS MAN.—Able, active, energetic business man with over twenty years' business training in metal manufacturing, advancing from accountant to general manager, desires responsible position with reliable company; salary $3,500. F 460 Times Annex.

BUTLER, &c.—Couple, young, English, refined butler, valet, lady's maid, chambermaid, experienced seamstress, wish positions, city or country; excellent references. Address Permanent, P 163 Times.

BUTLER, VALET, Japanese; absolutely first-class; excellent references. Nami, 340 West 58th St.

BUTLER.—Married, no family, eight years last place, English born, can be well recommended; wages $100. S 91 Times.

BUYER OR SALESMAN,
energetic, capable young man, excellent recommendations, ten years' experience as buyer and salesman for wholesale furnishing goods and clothing firm, large Southern trade acquaintance, seeks position. R 43 Times.

CARETAKER.—Elderly, reliable man wishes place as caretaker in country. H. F., care of Mrs. L. Martin, 204 Hull Street, Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, 28, married, good mechanic, careful driver, willing, many years' experience, city experience, best references, desires private position; anywhere. 695 3d Av. Telephone, office, 4053 Murray Hill.

CHAUFFEUR, American, expert mechanician, wishes position; high-class cars, motor boats; strictly temperate; highest references; exceptionally careful. Tyler, 2020 Columbus. 453 West 53d.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR, expert driver and mechanic, 12 years' experience, highest personal references, thoroughly efficient, desires position head man private garage. F 464 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, 12 years' experience high-grade cars, desires private position where real chauffeur wanted; anywhere. S 45 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with family or elderly people who desire an exceptionally careful driver and a competent mechanic. Ward, 30 Saratoga Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; any car; six years driving; good references. John Bodner, 2,884 Heath Av., Kingsbridge. Telephone Kingsbridge 629.

CHAUFFEUR, 31, married, experienced driver and mechanic, sober, willing, wishes position, private family; references. Rosh, 241 East 86th.

CHAUFFEUR, 37; mechanic; 14 years' experience; any make car; references. Address Chauffeur, 408 East 79th St. Telephone Lenox 8210.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wants position, private family; 10 years' experience; good references; careful driver. Bolan. Phone Schuyler 6972.

CHAUFFEUR.—Lady going South wishes to place her chauffeur with any one requiring services of honest, careful driver, and good mechanic. Phone Riverside 9467.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—Swede, 33, educated, good appearance; private; extensive touring, city driving; experienced Pierce, Packard. Lundborg, 200 West 83d St.

CHAUFFEUR. — Mechanic; single; middle aged; experienced; competent; reliable driver; references. S 21 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, MECHANIC.
Married man; 5 years last position; best references. C. Caponet, 15 West 6?d St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 24, wishes position, private; three years' experience; good reference. F 68 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-USEFUL MAN, colored, wants place; city, country; competent, experienced. R 22 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, beginner; good, careful driver; willing; best personal references. C. P., Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, understanding foreign and domestic cars; best of references. A. Sergison, 251 West 109th St. Phone 945 Academy.

CHAUFFEUR, American, 4 years' experience, desires private position. 426 East 71st. De Hofs.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC, 28, married, competent and reliable; A1 references. Tel. 2745 Rhinelander.

CHAUFFEUR, age 25, 7 years' experience, careful driver, mechanic; references; exempt from draft. McDonald, 313 West 133d.

CHAUFFEUR, 35, wants position with private family; drive any car; references. Address S. Palmer, 135 West 83d St.

CHAUFFEUR and mechanic; 7 years' experience, with private family or light delivery. Westin, 2,324 7th Av. Morn. 7770.

CHAUFFEUR, steady, reliable driver, married, will go anywhere; excellent references. F 156 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, wishes private position; three years with last employer; excellent references. Tetelman, 525 East 145th.

CHAUFFEUR.—French; 8 years last employer. Louis, 129 West 64th St. Columbus 9353.

CHAUFFEUR—Colored, with private family; butler; city or country. S 34 Times.

CHAUFFEUR and wife chambermaid; city or country; best references. P 187 Times.

CIVIL ENGINEER, 50, with large business and financial experience; minimum salary $5,000. X 334 Times Annex.

CLERK, understands bookkeeping, general business; insurance experience; over 50 years; moderate salary. Box 15, 1,515 3d Av.

CLERK.—Banking experience, desires position in bank or export house; good references. A., care of Bloom, 90 Columbia St.

CLUB MANAGER, steward, experienced all departments, or medium size hotel; honest, capable man; will go out of city; A1 reference. S 44 Times.

COLLEGE TRAINED MAN, 35, available for position where ambition and trustworthy qualities will be appreciated; best of references; selling experience; used to handling men. A. B. C., General Delivery, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

COLLEGE, law school (Columbia) graduate, (26,) quick to learn, wishes position where previous experience not essential; unquestionable references and cash security. P 136 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 34, desires to enter business life with responsible concern, devoting spare time for preparation. A 75 Times.

COLUMBIA LAW SCHOOL GRADUATE now employed on reporting staff New York daily, five years' experience newspaper and publicity work, desires responsible executive position with business house, preferring business to law; keen, forceful, conscientious, American, Christian, aged 24, exempted. W 309 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE MAN, young, with command of English, wishes employment, particularly in writing. X 359 Times Annex.

COLLEGE MAN, 24; accountant, correspondent; five years' experience; unquestionable integrity. P 372 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL SCHOOL education; where ability and willingness to learn will be recognized; salary $10. W 317 Times Downtown.

CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER, graduate civil engineer; large experience on industrial buildings; A1 references; with contractor or consulting engineer. H. P., 2,960 3d Av.

CORRESPONDENT, Spanish and French, first class; $45 week. F 172 Times.

COOK, &c.—Man and wife, English, cook, butler, &c., would do entire work, take charge gentleman's country place, no laundry, best references, thoroughly experienced, S 15 Times.

COOK, Japanese, long experience, absolutely first-class cook, with a help, desires position in city or country; good reference. 330 East 57th St. Ichi.

CORRESPONDENT of clear, tactful expression, energetic, executive, capable and independent worker; nine years of banking and commercial experience; college graduate; A1 bank reference, desires position. P 364 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, CREDIT MAN, intelligent, trustworthy, and thoroughly experienced, seeks position where conscientious effort will be appreciated and rewarded; exceptional references furnished. S 72 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, 27, married, college graduate, lawyer, experienced, desires connection commercial firm as correspondent or office manager; A1 references. A. K., Box 70, Bronx.

CORRESPONDENT, long experience transportation companies, claim adjustment, profit, general clerk, American, desires position. Address C. M., 90 8th Av.

CORRESPONDENT. — Thoroughly experienced; competent to manage department; good education. S 23 Times.

COTTON GOODS CONVERTER; thoroughly experienced, good executive and detail man. S 17 Times.

COUPLE, refined, young, wish positions, charge of household, good housekeeper, licensed chauffeur, expert with horses. Address 8,733 23d Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 4597 Bath Beach.

COUPLE.—Man butler, valet; wife cook. East 49th St. B. Kohler.

CREDIT MANAGER, accountant desires position in executive capacity with reliable concern; capable of handling any proposition in office management, accounting, or credits and collections; able correspondent; highest credentials. P 199 Times.

DESIGNER and practical man in silver, brass, and other metals; capable of overseeing the manufacture and production of any high-class work; many years of experience and best of references. Address P. O. Box 2070.

DRAFTSMAN desires extra work; expert on mechanical work, automatic machinery, tools, jigs, improving inventions, tracings; reasonable. P 190 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical engineer; long experience, machine design, industrial plant layout, construction, also marine and ship work. R 10 Times.

DETECTIVE, (private,) licensed; wishes position with corporation; confidential investigations; references. E 166 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, reinforced concrete, [illegible] 8 years' experience on industrial buildings; first-class references. J. P., 2,[illegible] 3d Av.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, electrical, accurate, seven years' experience; neat and accurate. Jap, 575 West 183d St.

DRAFTSMAN.—14 years' experience general machinery, gasoline engine design, and automobile layout. F 146 Times.

EDITOR.—Experienced, reliable; available for trade or class publication; thorough knowledge makeup, printing, engraving, paper, &c. F 86 Times.

ELECTRICIAN, (marine,) experience extraordinary, wireman, switchboard man, and trouble hunter; ten years with one company in charge of wiring dept. S 9 Times.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, five years' practical experience, executive ability, initiative, automobiles; open for position with reliable concern. R 28 Times.

EXECUTIVE
FOR IMPORTANT CONCERN.
Man of wide experience, with initiative, ability, energy and tact; excellent education; unusual business training; broad knowledge of markets and merchandising; experience largely in sales, advertising and business management; salary $6,000 and profits or $7,500 and opportunity to advance; can be free on short notice. X 233 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE-SALESMAN.
Fifteen years' road, five inside experience; chemical, paint, and allied lines; publishing, circulation, and advertising. If you have a big job for thoroughly capable man paying $5,000, address P 306 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE and systematizer; two years on advertising staff of metropolitan newspaper; one year with oil company, and one year with railroad in Mexico; one year manager food products store; two years superintendent mining company; thorough knowledge of administration, office routine, and shop practice; 26 years old; draft exempt; $3,500 or more. S 4 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Capable man, at present sales manager for a food product manufacturing company, which cannot secure raw material, desires position with live concern where executive ability and hustle are required; traveled through United States and Europe; age 37. Address J. M., 805 Union Bldg., Newark, N. J.

EXECUTIVE, American, 38, desires to connect with reliable firm, either as office manager, sales manager, advertising manager, auditor, or private secretary; willing to start at a reasonable salary; have had 20 years' experience in various lines; best of credentials. F 133 Times.

EXECUTIVE, ACCOUNTANT, AND STATISTICIAN or secretary seeks new connection; high-grade man; broad experience commerce, insurance, banking, foreign exchange; young, energetic, initiative; highest references; moderate salary. S 79 Times.

EXECUTIVE, &c.—College graduate, (32,) married, legal training, long practical business experience as buyer and credit man, seeks executive position, bank or large corporation. E. M. Gladstone, care of Landy, 50 Church St.

EXECUTIVE, 29, married, exempt, wide experience, successful selling record, knowledge advertising, sales promotion, market conditions; present industry makes change desirable; opportunity essential. R 17 Times.

EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT, experienced in legal and corporate matters; competent corporation secretary, understands Spanish; good stenographer; American. P 368 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE desires sideline or proposition for part time; selling, buying, investigating, anything requiring initiative and judgment. W 384 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—A live American, 35, capable, reliable executive, and selling ability, seeks new connection; minimum salary $3,000. A 209 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—Ripe experience; correspondence, credits, advertising; alive, adaptable; record A1. F 123 Times.

EXECUTIVE position by man experienced in automobile, real estate, and insurance business; also a lawyer. F. A. T., 134 W. 78th.

EXPERIENCED ALL AMERICAN MANUFACTURING EXECUTIVE,
now employed, desires larger opportunity ahead; was nineteen years with one firm, becoming General Manager and Treasurer; salary at start not so important; an unusual opportunity to secure the unusual man. 1,022 Kinney Building, Newark, N. J.

EXPERIENCE, with executive ability, wishes to connect with a reliable company where results will be appreciated. J 124 Times.

EXPORTERS, IMPORTERS.—Offer services as representative, buying or selling agent; 12 years' experience in Japan, speak Japanese; all kinds of business. Reply to P 330 Times Downtown.

FACTORY MAN, three years novelty paper goods; previous experience selling wholesale trade East, Middle West. R 41 Times.

FARMER-GARDENER, WORKING SUPERINTENDENT.—MARRIED; WISHES POSITION ON GENTLEMAN'S ESTATE; UNDERSTANDS ALL WORK; HANDLING MEN TO BEST ADVANTAGE; ROADS, LAWNS, SHRUBS, VEGETABLES, POULTRY, PIGS, COWS, ROTATION CROPS, ENGINES; HANDY WITH TOOLS; ENGLISH; HONEST, SOBER; WRITTEN AND PERSONAL REFERENCES. P 327 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FARMER, poultry man, desires position on commercial poultry plant. P 317 Times Downtown.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY.—Position wanted by a man, 48 years old, who for past 20 years has been in the service of prominent gentleman, now deceased; salary $2,500. O 401 Times Downtown.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT.
Man of highest ability, experience general business, fluently English, French, German, Dutch, Spanish, no objection to travel, wants opportunity to prove usefulness. S 78 Times.

FOUR SALESMEN AND TWO AUTOS. SELLING ORGANIZATION DESIROUS OF REPRESENTING ANY MANUFACTURERS' LINE SELLING TO THE RETAIL CIGAR, DRUG, HARDWARE, OR GROCERY TRADE IN NEW YORK, BROOKLYN, LONG ISLAND, AND JERSEY ON COMMISSION BASIS ONLY; WE HAVE AN ESTABLISHED LIST OF 1,000 CUSTOMERS. E 168 TIMES.

GENERAL EXECUTIVE, EXPERIENCED IN SALES, ADVERTISING, CREDITS, FINANCE, ACCOUNTING, AND GENERAL MANAGEMENT, SEEKS CONNECTION WITH HIGH-CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE; THIS IS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY TO ACQUIRE THE SERVICES OF AN ABLE BUSINESS MAN; AMERICAN; AGE, 38. F 99 TIMES.

GENTLEMAN, understanding handling of men, employment, salesmen, correspondence, knowing Middle West especially well, wants responsible position. F 100 Times.

GENTLEMAN wishes responsible outside position; references; ability; runabout car available. W 369 Times Downtown.

HAVE several worthwhile mechanical and electrical devices; put me on your pay roll to develop them to mutual advantage. E 172 Times.

HIGH-GRADE BUSINESS
EXECUTIVE;
31 years of age; married; college education; 10 years' experience public utility work; organization, finance, accounting, and general business administration; at present employed, desires to change for best of reasons; highest references; salary $5,000. Address X 368 Times Annex.

JAPANESE, exceptional cook, also housekeeping, wishes position in gentleman's house or small family; willing do general work. K., 465 East 67th St.

JAPANESE COOK, or general houseworker, experienced, educated. Bis, 1,076 2d Av.

JAPANESE COOK, VALET, desires position, small family, city. Kita, [illegible] East [illegible].

LAWYER, EXECUTIVE ABILITY AND INITIATIVE, CORRESPONDENT; NOW PRACTICING UP STATE, WHO WISHES TO BECOME PRODUCER, SEEKS CONNECTION WITH RELIABLE COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL CONCERN; HIGHEST REFERENCES; WILL BEGIN WITH MODERATE SALARY. X 332 TIMES ANNEX.

MACHINE TOOL BUYER; good executive and detail man. S 18 Times.

MANAGER.—Position as manager wanted, or head of service department in a large, high-class printing and lithograph house; 20 years experience in the leading houses in this country; recognized as one of the foremost men for quality printing and executive ability. J 77 Times.

MANAGER, assistant, have had managing and selling experience; ambitious, reliable; unquestionable character; reputable house. A. H., Box 95 Times.

MAN, 33, married, good appearance, excellent salesman, convincing talker, [illegible] experience in the [illegible] desires position as [illegible] class stationery, [illegible] shop; personal interview [illegible] ences. Address F 1[illegible]3 Times Annex.

MAN AND WIFE, manager apartment house, club or private house; first-class caterers, cooks; can furnish A1 references, written and personal, just disengaged; British. L. G., 253 East 80th St.

MAN, middle-aged, wishes position as investigator or collector; highest references; salary no object. W 299 Times Downtown.

MAN, (32,) educated, desires position after 5 P. M.; (clerical work preferred.) S 90 Times.

MANAGER AND MERCHANDISE MAN.
A man of eighteen years' experience, with five department stores; open for position; highest class references. X 342 Times Annex.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER with 14 years' experience wishes position with manufacturer; work need not be along strictly engineering lines; now employed as Superintendent. V 234 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER with 14 years' experience, wishes position with manufacturer; work need not be along strictly engineering lines; now employed as superintendent. V 234 Times Downtown.

MECHANIC, 40, first class; expert research work, preferred; state wages and hours. Janitor, 1,476 1st Av.

MEDICAL GENTLEMAN, great traveler and linguist, desires position medical adviser and companion. Box 45, 2,121 3d Av.

MIDDLE-AGED MAN DESIRES CONNECTION WHERE THRIFT, ENERGY AND MARKED EXECUTIVE ABILITY WILL BE APPRECIATED; HAS HAD COMPLETE CHARGE LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN FOR MANY YEARS, BUSINESS SUSPENDED ACCOUNT WAR; WILL START AT $3,000 YEARLY; CAN FURNISH BEST OF REFERENCES AS TO CHARACTER AND ABILITY; WILL NOT CONSIDER OFFER UNLESS PERMANENT AND GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. F 472 TIMES ANNEX.

MIDDLE-AGED MAN of matured experience, refined judgment, forcible personality, desires position as general manager, assistant manager, manager's assistant, or sales manager. X 375 Times Annex.

MIDDLE aged American, active, efficient, good personality, large business experience, investigator, management, real estate or otherwise. F 39 Times.

MOTION PICTURE CAMERA MAN, at liberty, recently charge Triangle; highest qualifications. S 58 Times.

MR. BUSINESS MAN.—Can you employ an American young man, age 25, in your place? Reliable. S 42 Times.

MR. PUBLISHER, MR. ADVERTISER.
PERHAPS I'M YOUR MAN.
Fifteen years of newspaper editorial training is at your service; motion picture knowledge; able copy writer. S 65 Times.

OFFICE BOY wanted, about 16 years of age, in cotton goods commission house. S 16 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER
With ten years' experience, now in charge of the office of a large cloak and suit house, desires to connect himself with a growing concern; exceptional references.
All correspondence must be kept mutually confidential; negotiations with principals only. Address S. F., Room 909, 200 5th Av.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE.—Fourteen years' business experience; highly recommended; systematiser, organiser, and director of clerical details; accustomed handling many people; industrial accounting, efficiency methods, credits, collections, correspondence, advertising, general office routine; some concern looking for immediate results can employ me profitably. R 24 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, energetic young man, married, thoroughly experienced office manager, accountant, cashier, correspondent; first class references; desires position. P 365 Times Downtown.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE.
Age 30, 16 years' experience; correspondent; a working knowledge of bookkeeping; able to assume complete control. S 25 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, EXECUTIVE, seeks position of responsibility in concern which is looking for an effective associate with absolutely clean record, in present position of trust 15 years; wants larger field; American; 35; familiar with modern accounting, corporation and tax laws; graduate N. Y. University, L.L. M.; salary, $3,500. L 448 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Credit man, accountant; reliable executive; systematizer, supervising employes; assuming full charge office, bookkeeping, correspondence, collections; financial statements; inventory; highly recommended. S 41 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, BOOKKEEPER.—Highly educated; age 26; seeks connection with progressive concern; experience accountings, credits, collections, correspondence, general office management, &c. P 286 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, with wide experience in accounting, auditing, correspondence, and all office details, as well as a successful record in organizing and directing sales organizations, is open for engagement. F 125 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, accountant, credit man, high calibre executive, accustomed to taking initiative; American; excellent record; bondable. W 304 Times Downtown.

OFFICE or sales position desired; 15 years road selling, correspondence, shipping, wholesale stationery, kindred trades. R 42 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Experienced in business methods, records, correspondence, and routine. P 276 Times Downtown.

OPEN for engagement; thorough business man with executive ability, long experience in selling and management; high-grade man for a good concern. Address F 465 Times Annex.

ORCHARD SUPERINTENDENT.
Married man; broad practical experience, college training; successful handler of men, desires position on commercial proposition, with future; life experience in general farming; present full details in reply. N 44 Times.

OUTSIDE position; man, eight years' office experience; best references furnished. R 9 Times.

PHYSICIAN, reputable, registered in N. Y. State, desires ethical medical work; whole or part time. F 147 Times.

PHYSICIAN, gentleman, would like confidential position. P 167 Times.

POSITION OF TRUST.
American, 37 years old, desires position, as present conditions necessitate the closing of an old established business in which he has been a partner for the past twelve years; moderate salary. P 307 Times Downtown.

POSITION wanted, any kind, middle-aged, active man; neat appearance; competent bookkeeper, general clerk; would go where I fit best. Address Reliable, 314 West 23d St.

POULTRYMAN, managed own 90-acre farm, 1,000 layers, successfully 10 years, seeks position on large plant or on a profit-sharing and small salary basis; can manage country place; own farm sold to settle estate. J. Wiele, Nassau, N. Y.

PRINTING EXECUTIVE.—At present employed as foreman with leading concern; highest references; age 35. S 75 Times.

PRINTING EXPERT.—Capable of handling the finest work, artist to bindery; excellent ideas; knows good work and how to get results; desires connection with a good company to buy and handle its printing, engraving. S 52 Times.

PRINTING SALESMAN, manager, now with large house, handling booklets, catalogs, books, mail orders and general printing; have good reasons to make change. W 392 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING AGENT.—A New York man now employed in New England and desirous of returning to New York seeks position in or near that city; wide experience in technical purchasing for large manufacturing concern making high-grade mechanical products; 42 years old; can furnish best references. Y 31 Times Annex.

PURCHASING AGENT.—By a man of large experience in all lines connected with manufacturing industries; location optional. Competent. P 370 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE.—Christian, experienced, can render special service to estate, or institution in promoting liquidation; expert. F 167 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Experienced in commercial business, desires engagement to represent important, wholesale, out-of-town concern. Representative, 246 Times Downtown.

RESPONSIBLE POSITION wanted by man of 35; 16 years present line, 7 as buyer and manager, economic reasons demand change; accustomed to all classes of trade and varied correspondence. P 290 Times Downtown.

SALES EXECUTIVE.
MAIL ORDER MANAGER.
Now employed manager national service organization; thoroughly experienced sales manager; strong personal producer; capable of handling big propositions; unusual ability in constructive sales work; thorough knowledge of modern advertising and mail-order methods; write result-producing sales letters, booklets, circulars; clean cut and adaptable; highest credentials. S 11 Times.

SALES MANAGER.
Fifteen years' successful specialty selling experience, with trained sales organization of top notchers located throughout the United States; part of former sales organization of national prominence; open for connection, commission basis, Dec. 1; fast selling office or factory specialty preferred. P 349 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER,
with exceptional record in selling high-grade
SECURITIES,
open for connection. F 55 Times.

SALESMAN, 27, 8 years' experience in dry goods, [illegible] department stores, jobbers, [illegible] presently employed; open for [illegible] with established concern, where [illegible] results will count. P 116 Times.

SALESMAN—A PRODUCER,
with successful selling record, can sell merchandise or specialties; am heavyweight producer, understanding underlying scientific principles of selling and advertising; want connection with progressive institution; can furnish highest credentials as to ability and character. P 294 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—High grade produce, covering New Jersey, wants first-class proposition for hardware, drug, jewelry or grocery stores; line must be salable and a repeater; no stocks or schemes; if you want capable, resourceful salesman over draft age for this territory, write Craig, 131 West 4th Av., Roselle, N. J.

SALESMAN, &c.—Experienced man, four years in bond business, who has studied securities thoroughly, desires change, capable as correspondent, salesman, buyer, manager, statistician; has proven analytical ability; university graduate. P 319 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Cigar store sales manager desires change, Jan. 1; age 39; 11 years with present employers, 10 years' previous road experience with specialties; would like office management, correspondence, &c.; capable, energetic; best references; bonds. P. 126 Times.

SALES MANAGER'S ASSISTANT-SECRETARY, aggressive, efficient, systematic, seeks high-grade opportunity; expert stenographer; automobile experience; married; 27; draft exempt. Apt. 48, 961 St. Nicholas Av., city. P 344 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, looking for untrimmed and readyto-wear straw line for Spring, can sell output of medium-size factory; no drawing or traveling expense required; can furnish references. Address Box 94, Room 209, 621 Broadway.

SALESMAN of exceptional ability desires change of line with representative house in Central States; ten years' road experience; best of reference as to past sales, ability, and character furnished by present employer. Spalding, 605 West 142d St.

SALESMAN, experienced and successful, acquainted with electrical and automobile trade in Eastern and Middle Western States; will travel, but prefers local territory. F 114 Times.

SALESMAN, exempt, desires position with manufacturer; well acquainted with all stores; can plan campaigns for marketing any line; references exchanged. Address Reliable, W 379 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Traveling experience; young man, American; exempt; all necessary qualifications and A1 credentials; wants position as representative for some reputable concern. F 149 Times.

SALESMAN.—Fifteen years' experience traveling New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Kentucky, selling department stores, high-class record and references, seeks connection Jan. 1. E. A., Times Harlem.

SALESMAN.—COAT AND SUIT SALESMAN, 25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN NEW ENGLAND, IS OPEN FOR GOOD LINE. F 113 TIMES.

SALESMAN, experienced sales producer leading department stores Western cities, connect children's dress manufacturer; commission basis; strong line. F 140 Times.

SALESMAN, printing, and stationery, thoroughly experienced, some following, desires to connect reliable house; willing take charge established customers, and solicit business. P 378 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 36; autos and supplies; inside and outside; active; 15 years' experience; have car; salary and commission; consider other good line. F 85 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, bright, ambitious, and energetic, desires connection as salesman in ladies' ready-to-wear line. W 387 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 38, 10 years' insurance experience, desires opening with progressive firm; any line, where genuine ability will bring rapid advancement. X 362 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, selling wholesale stationery, toy, kindred trade, East and Middle West, wishes similar position established house. R 40 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced machinery salesman, accustomed handling large contracts, desires change; young, energetic, good appearance; excellent references. E 192 Times.

SALESMAN, American, (26,) exempt; 5 years' selling experience to Bronx grocery trade; aggressive, reliable; references. James McCullen, 580 Teasdale Place, Bronx.

SALESMAN. — Middle-aged, experienced, wants line boys' blouses or other small line, on comission; have established trade, city and vicinity. F 137 Times.

SALESMAN, RICHMOND, VA., desires to represent reliable firms having staple lines, on commission basis. Address Reliable, P 232 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER, capable executive, age 35, can handle men, direct sales force and promotional work; good correspondent. W 399 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER, with wide experience and successful record organizing, directing, and selling, is open for engagement. F 127 Times.

SALESMAN.—Wants ladies', misses' trimmed hat line; acquainted best trade throughout country. B., 1,722 Bayridge Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, 34, would like position with reliable concern; A1 references. A 211 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN or sales manager; 6 years' successful experience; good education. S 2 Times.

SALESMAN, 35, experienced commercial line; no canvassing; best references. Burman, 522 West 136th.

SALESMAN owning show room in New York wants to represent out-of-town manufacturer of metal novelties. S 70 Times.

SALESMAN.—Five years' road and city experience; best of references. F 72 Times.

SALESMAN.—Outside salesman, with ability and references. P 339 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Young American, 20, private secretary to President of large shipbuilding corporation; stenographer; experienced in corporate organization and management; attend to details; execute one man's orders perfectly; possesses common sense; uses judgment; no work too hard or hours too long; salary $1,800. C. B. M., 3,206 Boulevard, Jersey City, N. J.

SECRETARIAL position by man of business experience, initiative, executive ability; good address and appearance; highest references. S 40 Times.

SECRETARY.—Competent, responsible, experienced stenographer, and correspondent; age 25; married. P 275 Times Downtown.

SECRETARIAL STENOGRAPHER, (32,) American; thoroughly experienced; correspondent, executive, manager; trustworthy. W 344 Times Downtown.

SELLING AGENCY wants specialties and staples for grocers and druggists; we make business hum; commission. P 189 Times.

SILK SALESMAN, calling cut-up trade, desires connection; reliable house. F 126 Times.

SKILLED MECHANIC wants position; auto repair and service station; can give best of reference. 550 West 180th. Apt. 3E.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN.
HIGH GRADE, VERY SUCCESSFUL, PAYING OWN EXPENSES, WANTS EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY, PREFERABLY GREATER NEW YORK, FOR MERITORIOUS SPECIALTY. W 312 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, experienced secretarial work, handling help, and organization; thorough business training; willing travel; exempt draft. A 203 Times Downtown.

SPLENDID office man, good address, desires connection with reliable concern where merit offers opportunity for the road; unquestionable reference. E. F., 1,149 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced and competent; well educated, willing worker; excellent references; $18-$20. Mr. O., 224 West 42d St. Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper; able to take complete charge of office; efficient, energetic; not subject to draft. W 360 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER or SALESMAN, gents furnishings, desires work evenings, Saturdays; moderate. W 331 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, turns out quality and quantity; three years' experience; $25 weekly. Carroll, 237 East 74th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Evening work by expert stenographer, typewriter, correspondent, general office man. P 140 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, knowledge of bookkeeping, desires evening work; highly recommended. R 28 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT, college young man, executive ability; pleasing personality; $18. P 282 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 21, good appearance, intelligent, conscientious; can be depended upon. P 335 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, secretary, all-around office man; start $25. P 169 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-BILL CLERK.—8 years' experience; excellent references; discharged from draft; $25. J 380 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience, desires position; excellent references; initiative ability. P 292 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man; thoroughly experienced; moderate salary. P 321 Times Downtown.

STEWARD for clubhouse, city or country; man and wife; first-class references. Address L. S., 308 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, building construction, experienced efficiency man, thoroughly practical, able to take entire charge; can handle any number of operations, subcontractors or mechanics. F 166 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT high-class apartment houses wishes make change Jan. 1; thorough mechanical experience; first-class manager. J 11 Times.

TECHNICAL.—Have you use for a young metallurgical engineer, capable of writing clearly and exactly on all technical subjects? R 202 Times Downtown.

TEXTILE EXPERT and colorist, understanding artistic values, open for engagement. F 486 Times Annex.

TRAFFIC MANAGER.
Presently employed, and for the past twenty years successfully managing that department for a large manufacturing firm; shipping to all parts of the United States, Canada, Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaiian Islands, and also to South American countries. Thorough knowledge of the various classifications, tariffs, routing, claim adjustments, and all phases of commercial traffic work. Being reliable and competent, desires change where larger opportunities prevail; open for industrial offer anywhere in larger field; will arrange for an interview if desired. Address X 369 Times Annex.

VALET, visiting; take entire charge; absolutely reliable; reference. P 200 Times.

VALET.—Scotch, 30; first-class references; speaks French. F 74 Times.

WANTED, SILK UNDERWEAR ACCOUNT.
Experienced salesman, Western territory, A1 record many years, desires change; commission basis; strong line only. F 141 Times.

WITH active realty concern or estate; American, 39, married, fifteen years' practical experience selling, leasing, management, &c.; highest credentials; moderate salary. Address Efficient, W 385 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, energetic, capable, and ambitious, 20 years' factory experience in textile branch, of which 8 years as Superintendent of largest concern of its kind in country, offers his services for responsible position with progressive house, which is appreciative of honest efforts and results; conscientious buyer and a hustler; accustomed to hard work and not afraid of it; desirable references, &c., from present and former employers. Reply under M. P., 2,960 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, 27, as manager or assistant; thoroughly experienced in club work; desires position in South for Winter or permanent; will be free after Dec. 15; excellent references and will give full particulars. T. H. Briding, Box 263, Port Chester, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 33, possessing those qualifications necessary to make surest success, and experienced in office work, with some stenography, seeks position with law firm to serve clerkship; fair salary expected. Address M. H., 334 Sussex Av., Newark.

YOUNG MAN, 20; American; Christian; good education; two years' practical business experience in order, credit, and finance departments; best of references; $18-$20. W 380 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN with perfect knowledge of tailoring, can cut and make every kind of suit for men and women; ability; good references. Write, Luis Sepulveda, 58 West 68th St., New York.

YOUNG MAN, two years' experience as salesman in South America, recently returned to this country, ten years' actual business training, highly recommended, desires position. R 44 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, exempt, bright and well educated, desires position with reliable concern; six years' general clerical experience, mercantile house, best references. R 11 Times.

YOUNG, aggressive business man from West possessing qualification of highest business administration in management, correspondence, and selling devices; connection; unquestionable references. W 339 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, nine years' thorough office experience, desires to make connection with a reliable concern as an office assistant; excellent references; discharged from draft; $25. J 379 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 8 years' office and sales experience, educated and intelligent, desires position where ability and character will receive recognition; highest references. P 333 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, exempt, well educated, desires responsible position; 8 years' business experience, knowledge export, typewriting, bookkeeping, some selling. H. S., 117 West 114th St.

YOUNG MAN, 20, college education; A1 references, desires position with good opportunity for advancement. R. G., 104 East 14th.

YOUNG MAN, 21, experienced as stenographer and real estate management, desires position with advancement. Box 113, 852 Columbus Av.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school training, desires position in credit or clerical work, two years' experience, can furnish best references. W 345 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) American, detail clerk, fast and accurate typewriter, general railroad experience, wishes position. W 341 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 30; outside, adjuster, investigator, tracer, &c.; 10 years' experience; energetic, capable, initiative; will travel. P 157 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 35, executive ability, desires enter new field; recent technical department manager for large film industry; last salary $100 per week. S 59 Times.

YOUNG MAN (25) desires position during evenings as clerk, salesman, or otherwise; well recommended. Schorr, 907 So. Boulevard, Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, experienced, able correspondent and office man, seeks opening with progressive firm; best of references. P 299 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, recently returned from France, college education, selling and executive ability, desires connections; interviews solicited. G 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, American, 35, married; experienced at guard work, wishes inside position; best references. G 215 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, energetic, desires position, with opportunity to make good. R 205 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires position in real estate, fire insurance office; four years' experience; references. P 375 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) 3 years' office experience; high school education. W 307 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 32, exempt, desires position as salesman, collector, or investigator; good reference. Coughlin, 110 West 85th Street.

YOUNG MAN, experienced garage manager; also automobile supplies. Fried, 120 East 86th.

YOUNG MAN, 16, laboratory assistant; capable of manufacturing toilet preparations. W 372 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

ACCOUNTANTS.—The Agricultural and Industrial Labor Relief, 1,123 Broadway, Suite 607, is anxious to find positions for A1 accountants, bookkeepers, office help, stenographers, &c. Write or call 10-1 o'clock. Phone Farragut 9777. All services rendered free.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; all improvements; convenient; gentlemen; references; private residence.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished rooms; private bath, steam heat, electric light; board optional; references.

23D, 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suites two rooms and bath.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service, $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

30TH, near Lexington.—Clean, quiet furnished room; reasonable; gentleman. Tel. 5221 Madison Square.

35TH ST., 44 EAST.—Warm, sunny room, parquet floor, open fireplace, adjoining bath; reference.

35TH, 20 EAST, (Near Madison.)—Large room, adjoining bath; southern exposure; gentleman.

37TH, 145 EAST.—French private family; room, connecting bath; electricity, telephone; references.

43D, 16 EAST.—All comforts; refined home; completely furnished; cheerful room, bath; references.

53D, 61 EAST.—Bachelor's apartment; beautiful large room, large dressing room, extension with bath, toilet; hot, cold water; telephone; pleasant, homelike, quiet; furnished, unfurnished.

56TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

56TH ST., 83 EAST.—Beautiful large room for gentlemen only; respectable French family.

57TH, 221 EAST.—Large front hall room; southern exposure; private family; references. Wiggin.

61ST, 166 EAST.—Exceptionally fine front parlor, private bath, electricity, high-grade piano; select surroundings.

61ST, 27 EAST.—Suite of rooms, bath, suitable for one or two gentlemen.

79TH, 142 EAST.—Private family will rent 2 sunny rooms, adjoining bath; every improvement. King.

95TH, 122 EAST.—Large room above parlor in own modern private house, furnished or unfurnished. Lenox 8156.

99TH ST., 25 EAST, (Apt. 3B.)—Elevator apartment, large bedroom, for 2 young men or nurses. Call all week.

GRAMERCY PARK, 42.—$5-$6.50; running water, $7-$8; private bath, $8.50.

IF YOU wish delightful room, with small family, home cooking, heart of city, address, giving references. Select 3 [illegible] Times.

IRVING PLACE, 1[illegible].—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LENOX AV., 240, (corner 122d.)—Nicely furnished large and small connecting rooms; overlooking park; hot and cold water; newly decorated; corner house; southern exposure; near subway; board optional; references. Harlem 7779.

MADISON AV., 1,331, (between 93d and 94th.)—Excellent accommodations business women in high-class neighborhood; every convenience; references. Russell.

MADISON AV., 220, (38th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; musical studios rented by day or hour.

MADISON AV., 174, (33d.)—Vanderbilt Studios; furnished and unfurnished; $25 up. Murray Hill 9236.

MADISON AV., 523.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with and without private bath; phone, electricity.

PARK AV., 1,012.—Front room, strictly clean, with Belgian lady; can be seen Sunday and Tuesday from 10 mornings till 8 evenings; references. Spanyard.

ROOM in private house below Washington Square; steam heat, electric light, open fire. Telephone Spring 5176.

TWO rooms, bath; 59th St., Madison Av.; telephone; maid service. 4120 Plaza.

West Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Private family; comfortably furnished, warm, single room in large, quiet apartment; breakfast; references. Boyd.

8TH, 11 WEST.—Desirable room with private family; gentleman; references. Cody.

9TH, 41 WEST.—Single front room; southern exposure; modern conveniences, telephone; references.

9TH, 30 WEST.—Large, small rooms; 2 connecting rooms; newly furnished; decorated.

12TH, 136 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front parlor; also large, small rooms; refined surroundings; conveniences; telephone; special rates.

16TH ST., 51 WEST.—Rooms; suite with bath. Tea room. Chelsea 2224.

19TH, 274 WEST.—Desirable rooms; conveniences; breakfast optional. Mrs. Rose.

34TH, 34 WEST.—Desirable room; electric light; quiet, refined surroundings; owner; reference.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

44TH, 67 WEST.—Two beautifully furnished rooms, private baths, electric light, steam heat; also medium room with running water.

46TH ST., 148 WEST. — Large and small rooms, furnished or unfurnished; suites; electric; conveniences.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private house; steam, electricity; select.

50TH, 79 WEST.—Large, sunny, front rooms, bath, connecting; electricity; references.

51ST, 318 WEST, (Washington Apts.)—Front room, nicely furnished; elevator. Apt. 15.

51ST, 63 WEST.—Attractive, well kept, quiet room, bath adjoining; high-class house.

52D, 54 WEST.—Front room, ground floor; electricity; refined location; gentleman only.

54TH, 53 WEST.—Comfortable rooms adjoining bath; running water, electricity, telephone; references.

55TH, 45 WEST.—Room, private bath; southern exposure; steam heat; telephone, extension; electricity; instantaneous hot water.

55TH, 103 WEST.—Large, light room, steam, electric light, running water. Quinn.

56TH, 338 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, double and single; all conveniences; elevator. Bingham.

56TH, 83 EAST.—Beautiful, large room for gentlemen only; respectable French family.

56TH, 352 WEST.—One, two fine rooms; all improvements; phone. Inquire supt.

56TH, 320 WEST.—Attractive, clean, large and small rooms; well-kept house.

57TH, 102 WEST.—Elaborately furnished 2-room apartment; bath and every convenience; reasonable.

57TH, 223 WEST.—Beautiful room and bath for gentleman, apartment, with private family.

57TH, 256 WEST.—Attractive single front room; electricity, elevator, phone; gentleman; references. Starr.

57TH, 313 WEST.—Nicely furnished, desirable rooms; southern exposure; also front parlor. P 162 Times.

57TH, (near Broadway.)—Two front rooms, $6-$10; business people. Circle 419.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Two comfortable single rooms; gentlemen; all conveniences; references; private home.

58TH, 101 WEST.—Handsome suite, 3 rooms, gentlemen; Apt. 20; references. Apply superintendent.

58TH ST., 166 WEST.—Alcove and room; attractively furnished; open fire; new house.

68TH, 105 WEST.—Two or three gentlemen; living room, bedrooms, bath, every convenience; private entrance; one flight. Columbus 8218.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Single and double rooms, front parlor; running water; references.

69TH, 143 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Beautifully furnished suites; lavatories in each; use baths; southern exposure; modern conveniences; first floor.

69TH, 52 WEST.—Just opened; everything brand new; furnished rooms, single or en suite; electricity; refined surroundings; investigate.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Neat, handsome rooms, single, en suite; private telephone, electricity; refined house.

69TH, 145 WEST, (Apartment 2.)—Cosy, warm room, with closet and electricity; adjoining bath; moderate price.

70TH, 145 WEST.—Cheerful large room, running water, private bath, electricity; exclusive home; gentlemen; references; phone apartment 6776 Columbus.

70TH, 219 WEST.—Front double room; electric lights and telephone service; adjoining bath; can be arranged for studio if required; $10. Phone Columbus 2721.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen, business couple.

70TH, 204 WEST.—Delightful rooms; running water, electricity; elevator apartment; near subway. Simpson.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive suite, private bath, or will divided for gentlemen.

70TH, 218 WEST. — Cozy room in private French house, $10.

71ST, 62 WEST.—VERY EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED, LARGE, DOUBLE, FRONT ROOM, ONE FLIGHT; PRIVATE BATH, DRESSING ROOM, ELECTRICITY, STEAM, TWIN BEDS.

71ST, 61 WEST.—LARGE, SUNNY, FRONT PARLOR; $8; ATTRACTIVE SINGLE ROOM, $4; VERY DESIRABLE SKYLIGHT, $2.50.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; southern exposure; private; bath, steam, electricity, telephone.

71ST, 251 WEST.—Large, attractive room; beautifully furnished; select neighborhood; every convenience.

71ST, 139 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable two, three bachelors; private bath; select residence.

71ST, 118 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large, front room; electricity, steam; for two.

71ST, 24 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

71ST, 271 WEST.—Large room, electric light, telephone; very desirable neighborhood.

71ST, 216 WEST.—Attractive, large, front room; all conveniences.

73D, 140 WEST.—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED, DOUBLE, FRONT PARLOR; ATTRACTIVE TOP-FLOOR DOUBLE ROOM; RUNNING WATER; DESIRABLE, MEDIUM SINGLE ROOMS; WELL HEATED, ELECTRIC LIGHT; REASONABLE.

73D, 162 WEST.—Exceptional large, small rooms, adjoining bath; warm house; telephone.

302 WEST 72D ST.
Attractive front room; electricity; private family.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms, near subway, elevated; references.

73D, 118 WEST.—Large and single rooms; running water; southern exposure; "L," subway.

73D, 163 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished room; southern exposure; private house; references.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room; private bath; telephone; southern exposure.

73D, 158 WEST.—Sunny, newly furnished room, adjoining bath; subway, "L" express; references.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms; near subway, elevated; references.

73D, 139 WEST.—Two newly furnished front rooms; twin beds, running water, electricity.

73D, 113 WEST.—Nicely furnished pleasant, sunny rooms, near bath.

73D, 173 WEST.—Room suitable one, two; gas, furnace heat.

74TH ST., 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, ELECTRICITY, STEAM HEAT; BREAKFAST; REFERENCES.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms, exclusive house; heat; southern exposure; electricity; subway; references.

74TH, 3 WEST.—Two comfortable front rooms, bath adjacent; southern exposure; private home.

74TH, 104 WEST.—Delightful rooms; well furnished; all conveniences; private house; references.

74TH, 104 WEST.—Two elegantly furnished front rooms; also smaller; all conveniences.

74TH, 111 WEST.—Large, beautiful room, private bath; electricity; every convenience.

75TH, 4 WEST.—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED FRONT BASEMENT, KITCHENETTE; PRIVATE BATH, ELECTRICITY; ALSO TOP FLOOR, FRONT AND REAR; DOUBLE ROOMS; REASONABLE.

75TH ST., WEST.—Large double front back rooms and bath, suitable two gentlemen; breakfast if desired; select and refined neighborhood; references necessary. Columbus 71[illegible].

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished residence; large rooms, private baths, electricity; $10-$12.

75TH, 128 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; electricity; newly furnished. 5265 Columbus.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive, large room; hot and cold running water; exclusive house.

75TH ST., West End Av.—Northeast corner; suite with bath; large sunny rooms with or without baths; reasonable.

75TH, (322 West End Av.)—Large, comfortably furnished, connecting rooms; modern conveniences; reasonable.

75TH, 159 WEST.—Rooms attractively furnished; southern exposure; electricity; adjoining baths.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable large room; twin beds; electricity; parquetry; very exclusive residence.

75TH, 111 WEST.—Front hallroom; southern exposure; all conveniences adjacent; electricity; references.

75TH, 8 WEST, (near park.)—Large rooms, private baths; electricity; telephone; $10-$12.

76TH, 130 WEST.—Room, private bath; parquet floor; electricity; private house; references.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Beautiful, large room; electricity, bath, piano; all conveniences.

77TH, 113 WEST.—Elegant parlor suite; also large and small rooms adjoining and private baths; electricity; phone; subway, "L"; reasonable; private house.

77TH, 121 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, comfortable; other rooms; electricity; reference. 2451 Schuyler.

75TH, 226 WEST.—Refined gentleman desiring homelike environments; family apartment. 7248 Columbus. Salvin.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Attractive, sunny, warm rooms; running water; excellent cuisine optional; references.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house; two large rooms; connecting baths; single or en suite.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.
Desirable small room; reference; reasonable.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large front parlor, twin beds, private bath, lavatory, steam, electricity.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms, with or without bath; electricity; phone; references.

78TH, 175 WEST.—Bright, cozy room; central location; all conveniences; reasonable. Hanrahan.

78TH, 206 WEST.—Attractive, large front room, dressing room attached; electricity; near subway.

78TH, (2,187 Broadway.)—Comfortable single room, adjoining bath; convenient subway. Telephone Farrelly.

78TH, 169 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

78TH ST., 303 WEST.—Desirable, well-heated rooms; reference; reasonable.

78TH, 326 WEST, (Corner Riverside Drive.)—Beautiful and small single rooms.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

79TH, 216 WEST.—Large front, back rooms; baths, electricity, steam; single rooms.

80TH, 155 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Newly furnished front suite, adjoining bath; steam, phone; smaller room; subway, elevated. Roy.

80TH, 182 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, also single; steam heat, electricity; $4.50-$10.

80TH, 114 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, private baths, reasonable; adjoining bath, $6; others.

80TH, 126 WEST.—Room with private bath, every convenience; references; see and appreciate.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; private baths, steam heat, electricity; $4.50, $12.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished, sunny rooms; all conveniences; reference.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptional room; private, modern home, facing Park; steam heat, electricity; $12; breakfast; subway, "L." Schuyler 7352.

81ST, 155 WEST.—Immaculate, sunny, large, warm rooms; private bath, lavatory; electricity, continuous hot water; $8 upward. Levy.

81ST, 180 WEST.—Large corner room, four windows; also small room. May.

82D, 13 WEST.—Beautiful large and smaller rooms, electricity, parquet floors; board optional; moderate. Schuyler 5953.

82D, 139 WEST.—Spacious, sunny front room, handsomely furnished; moderate rent. Telephone Wallace.

82D, 58 WEST.—Large and small furnished rooms; private bath, electric light; reference.

82D, 33 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated bedrooms, bath; references.

82D, 26 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, suites; private bath; electricity; refined house; references.

83D, 325 WEST.—Desirable, large, small rooms; electricity; telephone. 4770 Schuyler. 5th apartment west.

83D, 219 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom or two rooms; housekeeping privileges. Greer.

84TH ST., 33 WEST.—Large, comfortable room adjoining bath; also small room; refined surroundings.

84TH, 47 WEST.—Magnificent warm rooms; private bath; twin beds; electricity; attractive house.

84TH, 33 WEST.—Large, comfortable room adjoining bath; also small rooms; refined surroundings.

84TH, 17 WEST.—Parlor, piano, connecting rooms; also single; one flight. Baldwin.

84TH, 41 WEST.—Well kept rooms, large, small; bath, electricity; $4-$8.

85TH, 300 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; modern, private house; board optional; references.

84TH, 16 WEST.—Attractive large room, southern exposure; all conveniences; private home.

85TH, 138 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front room; electricity, telephone; all conveniences.

85TH, 54 WEST.—Large, attractive rooms, with dressing room; private house; references. Owner.

85TH, 30 WEST.—Parlor, suite, suitable physician; electricity, well heated; other rooms.

85TH, 203 WEST.—Large, bright, furnished rooms, single or en suite. Hume.

85TH, 200 WEST.—Parlor suite on corner, one flight up; reasonable. Colline, Apt. 5.

86TH ST., 170 WEST.—One or two large rooms; all modern improvements; private family; references required.

86TH, 208 WEST, (Miss Smith.)—Fourth floor, large, front rooms; private apartment; references.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Magnificent room, private bath, small room, breakfast; high-class house.

86TH ST., 237 WEST.—Sunny, large room; small room, running water, near Drive; references.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Exclusive house; exceptionally beautiful room; twin beds; southern exposure.

86TH, 200 WEST.—Desirable rooms; singly or en suite; elevator apartment.

87TH, 307 WEST.—Private house, large back parlor, bath, kitchenette; couple, batchelor; $50.

87TH ST., 340 WEST.—Handsome, well-heated suite, private bath; reference; other desirable rooms; reasonable.

87TH, 205 WEST.—In private family, modern front suite adjoining bath, one or two. Telephone Schuyler 2308. Waltjen.

87TH, 128 WEST.—Small and large rooms; running water, electricity; private house.

88TH, 537, (West End Av.)—Attractive rooms; refined, quiet surroundings; references.

88TH, 335 WEST, (Drexcan Hall, near Riverside.)—Southern exposure, front rooms; $5 to $15; 86th St. subway.

88TH, 344 WEST, (Riverside.)—Comfortably furnished room; all conveniences; breakfast optional; references.

88TH, 48 WEST.—Exceptionally large, small room, front room, running water; telephone; private; references.

89TH, 330 WEST.—Attractive, large floor; also one, two rooms, suites; private baths.

90TH, 55 WEST.—A large, light front room, small rooms or a suite of rooms, private bath, dining room; kitchen privileges if desired. River. 5868.

90TH, 58 WEST.—Private house, apartment 2 large, nicely furnished rooms, with private bath; also 2 smaller rooms; $2 and $3.50.

90TH, [illegible] WEST.—Large, medium rooms; high-class elevator apartment; references. Penney.

91ST, 126 WEST.—Comfortable room, running water, steam, electricity; L, subway. Smith.

91ST, 5 WEST, (Apt. 1.)—Comfortably furnished room; electric light, heat; board obtainable.

91ST, 126 WEST.—Parlor, bedroom, bath; electricity, telephone. Riverside 2396.

93D, [illegible] WEST.—Large and small rooms; southern exposure; running water; private.

93D, 179 WEST.—Pleasant, newly furnished, sunny room; steam, bath. Welch.

94TH, 20 WEST. — Attractive, light, well-heated rooms; running water; board optional; conveniences.

94TH, 70 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; newly furnished, decorated; absolute cleanliness; private bath.

95TH, 38 WEST.—Attractive front suite, adjoining bath; electricity; reasonable; subway. Apt. 3.

96TH, [illegible] WEST.—Desirable furnished room, suitable two; conveniences. Apt. [illegible].

96TH ST., [illegible] WEST.—[illegible] adjoining bath; modern improvements. Apt. [illegible].

97TH, 315 WEST, (250 Riverside Drive.)—Large, attractively furnished room; convenient subway express; $7. Apartment 52. Riverside 2483.

97TH, 255 WEST.—Beautiful large parlor; elevator, telephone; everything new; gentleman. Grey.

97TH ST., 28 WEST.—A warm, comfortable bedroom; lavatory; reasonable. Dean.

97TH, (745 West End Av.)—High-class two rooms, bath and kitchen. River. 6846.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Elegantly furnished suite, bath; gentlemen or couple; exclusive home. Apartment 4.

99TH, 245 WEST, (Broadway.)—Two small hall rooms, adjoining bath, steam heated, two flights, $3.50, $2.50; private house; telephone.

101ST, 309 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Sunny front suite, or three connecting; every convenience; very desirable; business people; breakfast; home; unfurnished room. Apt. 2.

102D ST., 244 WEST. — Large and small rooms, single or en suite, private baths, telephone, large, handsome home, newly renovated and decorated; electricity; every convenience; gentlemen; references.

102D, 122 WEST.—Cozy, light room, steam, telephone; private family; $3.50. Jallade.

103D ST., 2 WEST.—Beautiful corner room facing park; $5; phone. Robinson.

104TH, 83 WEST.—Well-heated rooms; all improvements; for gentlemen; private house.

105TH, 229 WEST.—Connecting rooms, well furnished; light, improvements, twin beds; no other roomers; man and wife; business women; references required.

105TH, 229 WEST.—Attractive outside room, adjoining bath; modern elevator apartment. Morton.

105TH, 170 WEST.—Private house; front room, lavatory; electricity; "L," subway. Academy 2667.

105TH, 201 WEST.—Single outside room; elevator apartment; gentlemen, (business people.) Murray.

105TH, WEST.—Sunny comfortable rooms in a select apartment; reasonable terms. Telephone 1665 Academy.

105TH, 245 WEST, (Broadway.)—Comfortable, sunny room; gentleman or business couple; elevator. Copeland.

105TH, 246 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large room with piano; small room; refined. Reebe.

106TH, WEST.—Nicely furnished room; running water, electricity; $4 a week; gentleman only. Phone Academy 1986.

107TH, 227 WEST.—Front suite, beautifully furnished; electricity, water, all conveniences; should be seen to be appreciated; high-class elevator apartment. Apt. 10.

107TH, 260 WEST.—Beautiful front suite, two rooms; private bath; elevator. Keith.

108TH, 201 WEST.—3 Handsome rooms, baths, in high-class elevator apartment; strictly private family; call 12 to 2. Apt. 1A.

108TH, 201 WEST.—Large, light room, newly decorated; adjoining bath; $5. Apt. 62. Academy 921.

108TH, 256 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Front room, bath, phone; $4.50; gentleman. Rogers.

109TH, 229 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE ROOM, HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT; ALL CONVENIENCES. APARTMENT 62.

111TH, 545 WEST, (Corner of Broadway.) Rockfall Apartments.—Beautifully furnished large room, private bath, with or without meals; references. Phone Cathedral 8947.

111TH, 545 WEST, (Broadway.)—Large, handsomely furnished room, single, suite, private bath; gentlemen, refined couple; superior table. Cath. 8947.

111TH, 57 WEST.—Beautiful room, facing Central Park; elevator apartment; gentlemen. Prinz.

111TH, 536 WEST, (Apartment 66.)—Attractive single, double rooms, all conveniences, private.

112TH, 605 WEST.—Elegantly appointed room in select neighborhood for gentleman; 1 minute from subway; bath and shower; $5 per week. C. M., Apartment 2.

112TH ST., (Broadway.)—Beautiful, overlooking Hudson; also southern exposure; exclusive. 6390 Cathedral, Apt. 10C.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Large or single, sunny rooms; radiators, electricity, telephone. Holland.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Large, attractive front rooms; elevator; telephone. Apt. 4B.

112TH, 536 WEST.—Large, front room in well-kept elevator apartment. Lockwood.

112TH, 611 WEST.—High-class, furnished room, Riverside, $6. Mrs. Thompson.

113TH, 567 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive room, modern apartment; running water; bath adjoining; no other roomers; breakfast optional. Devitt.

113TH, 517 WEST.—Large, light room; private bath; business woman. Apartment 64.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Attractive room, connecting washroom, private family; gentleman. Apt. 22.

114TH, 500 WEST.—Corner suite, facing Columbia Campus; electricity. Telephone Mackenzie, Apt. 8.

114TH, 500 WEST.—Large outside room overlooking Columbia University. Ballantine.

115TH, 606 WEST.—Attractive front room; ideal location; references. Rowland.

116TH, 404 WEST.—Homelike furnished rooms; ideal locality.

117TH AND AMSTERDAM AV.—La Porte Hotel, Opposite Columbia University Campus; 5 minutes from 42d St.; large and small rooms, suites, private baths; transients, $1 daily up; restaurant on premises.

118TH, 401 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; piano; overlooking Morningside Park; $15. Petersen.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, with large closet; southern exposure. Periam.

118TH, 418 WEST, (Apt. 2.)—Large, small rooms; modern improvements; references exchanged.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Large room; elevator, electricity; business gentleman. Apt. 23.

118TH, 416 WEST.—Two front rooms; private apt. Call evenings. Apt. 31.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Light, attractive rooms, elevator, telephone, shower. Apt. 41.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Desirable rooms for business people; running water. Apt. 32.

119TH, 422 WEST.—Clean, quiet, sunshiny, outside, double and single rooms. Apt. 41.

121ST, 523 WEST.—Double room, nicely furnished; exclusive use, well-equipped kitchen. Apt. 41.

121ST, 501 WEST.—Comfortable room, adjoining bath; every improvement; reasonable. Apt. 33.

121ST, 537 WEST, (Broadway.)—Sunny bedroom and sitting room, attractively furnished. Apt. 51.

121ST, 501 WEST, (Apartment 34.)—Fine parlor, bedroom in high-class elevator apartment; all conveniences.

121ST, 537 WEST, (Broadway.)—Outside room, attractively furnished, choice neighborhood. K.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Unusually attractive room, private family. Apt. 21.

121ST, 519 WEST.—Sunny rooms, $4.[illegible] to $6.50; kitchen. Hawley, 6A.

122D, 500 WEST.—Attractively furnished suite, kitchenette; steam, phone, electricity, elevator; also single room; restaurant; moderate. Apt. 2E.

122D, 500 WEST.—Front three rooms, kitchen, shower, telephone, electricity, elevator. 5B.

122D, 416 WEST.—Cheerful rooms in first-class elevator apartment. Apt. 41.

123D, 357 WEST. — Large back parlor, kitchenette; gentleman or business couple; references.

123D, 121 WEST.—Large front room with lavatory, light, small, quiet, convenient; references.

126TH, 149 WEST.—Newly renovated private house; large front room; southern exposure; all conveniences; also small rooms; reference.

136TH, 610 WEST.—Homelike room, southern exposure, very reasonable; Sunday breakfast. Apartment 5.

136TH, 627 WEST.—Room, private family; kitchen privileges; convenient subway. Anderson.

136TH, 522 WEST.—Beautiful, front room, suitable 1 or 2 young ladies; elevator. Shaw.

138TH, 600 West.—Gentleman; all conveniences; private family. Call Sunday, Apt. 46.

139TH, 520 WEST.—Gentleman, large, quiet, light, warm rooms, well furnished, adjoining bath; convenient B'way subway. Apt. 66.

140TH, 600 WEST.—Unusually large, attractive, sunny room; southern exposure. Apartment 15.

140TH ST., 556 WEST, (Apt. 45.)—Large or small room; board optional.

141ST, 600 WEST.—Two immaculate connecting rooms, lavatory, bath, private family; no other roomers; reasonable to refined permanent parties; references essential. J 4 Times.

141ST, 617 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room, private bath, suitable one or two refined gentlemen; $10 weekly; Catholic family; near Riverside Drive. Apply Supt.

142D, 507 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Exceptionally light, warm room; modern apartment house; lavatory; $5. Apt. 31.

142D, 548 WEST.—American family, private house; large and small room; references. Audubon 2523.

143D, 515 WEST, (Apartment 52.)—Elevator apartment, coolly furnished; large room, adjoining bath; one or two gentlemen; family two adults; no other roomers; $5-$7.50.

143D, 561 WEST (Corner Broadway.)—Newly decorated room; business gentleman; references. Apartment 65.

143D ST., 617 WEST, (Broadway.)—Subway; shower bath; $5. Audubon 4758, evenings. De Mora.

143D, 527 WEST.—Bedroom and sitting room, or will divide modern apartment. Mendom.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Hudson view; running water; [illegible] convenient location; [illegible]

14[illegible]TH, [illegible] Convent Av.—[illegible] large [illegible] or small room.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS.

..D, 511 WEST.—Large double room, suitable 2 gentlemen or young couple; private house; use of kitchen optional.

1..TH ST., 611 WEST.—Sunny room; business lady or gentleman; references. Apt. 34.

..TH, 601 WEST, Apt. 57.—Large outside; near subway; no other roomers.

..TH, 530 WEST.—Large room; private family; references exchanged. Apt. 4E.

..TH, 537 WEST.—Comfortable room, all improvements; private family. Zoller, Apt. 63.

..TH, 600 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, facing Broadway; use of kitchen; subway entrance.

..TH, (16 Jumel Terrace.)—Every convenience; adjoining bath; private American family.

1..TH, 601 WEST.—Light room; near subway; elevator apartment; No. 66; phone; convenient location.

112D, 720 WEST.—Private family guest room, southern exposure; references. Van Keegan.

180TH, WEST, (130 Wadsworth Av.)—Sunny, outside room, hall service; two blocks subway; elevator; private. Benedict.

181ST ST., WEST, and Fort Washington Av.—Large double room with wash closet; bathroom adjoining same; private family. Phone St. Nicholas 9995, Apartment 34.

181ST ST., (Fort Washington Av.)—High-class furnished room, together with use of apartment, for couple; reference. R 29 Times.

181ST, 605 WEST.—Large, sunny front, back bedrooms; elevator; shower; subway. Apt. 83.

182D, 601 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, sunny 2 rooms; conveniences. Address Mahler.

183D, 553 WEST.—For rent, two beautifully furnished bedrooms, with private bath. telephone; all conveniences; reasonable. 181st St. subway.

184TH, (Wadsworth Av., 220.)—Corner suite, another bedroom; elevator apt. Apt. 307.

302 West 22d St.
Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly, rooms for two, $3.50 weekly each.

AUDUBON AV., (248 West 178th.)—Convenient, telephone, private family; $4. Apartment 31.

BROADWAY, 3,131.—Large parlor-bedroom, suitable for gentlemen; refined surroundings; shower; elevator; references. Morningside 5808. Apartment 48.

BROADWAY, 2,9?4, (93d St.—Attractive, large, sunny, front parlor, with single bedroom. Wolfe.

BROADWAY, 2,626, (99th.)—Front room, elevator apartment, private family. Bloch.

BUSINESS WOMAN having attractive apartment near Washington Square will rent room, with home and kitchen privileges, one or two young business women. W 308 Times Downtown.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Newly furnished rooms, en suite, cozy and attractive; all conveniences. Fryer.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, at 66th St.—Single room overlooking Central Park; $8 per week. Phone Columbus 9191 for appointment.

CHARMING, comfortable front room, overlooking Park and Morningside Drive; desirable surroundings and conveniences. Please phone Morningside 9035; references; reasonable.

CLAREMONT AV., 150, (125th.)—Attractive large, front room; also single; small private family; elevator; references. Tallman.

COMFORTABLY furnished, every convenience, homelike; board optional. Box 6?, 2,730 Broadway.

DESIRABLE gentlemen can secure one large room with private bath, also two large single rooms in high-class private apartment in exclusive neighborhood; breakfast optional; references required. Address C. A. H., Box 219 Times Downtown.

DESIRABLE large room and bath; splendid location, block from Broadway subway, West 51st St.; references. S 98 Times.

LARGE, LIGHT ROOM, ample closet space, in modern Broadway elevator apartment; no other roomers; proper party will appreciate. Tel. Audubon 2560. Apt. 30. Sunday.

MANHATTAN AV., 4.—Neatly furnished room; all conveniences; telephone; reasonable; references. Waller.

MEDIUM-SIZED outside room, in apartment, West 72d St., with use of kitchen. Reasonable. J 119 Times.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 90. — Attractive room or suite; exclusive home. 5J.

ONE or two rooms, bath, electricity, piano, suitable two gentlemen or couple; vicinity of City College. A. C., 56 Times.

OPPOSITE Columbia University.—College woman in business will rent one room of three-room apartment, first-class apartment house, to refined woman; college preferred; for appointment give particulars. F 118 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (corner 80th.)—Magnificently furnished suite of 2 large rooms with bath, steam heat; private house service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 548.—Well-appointed large and small rooms; all conveniences; private family; elevator. Apartment 3D.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 202, (93d.)—Two attractive rooms; newly furnished; reasonable to permanent party; board optional. Stanhope.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910.—Apt. 7-F; beautiful room overlooking Hudson; new elevator apartment; private family; gentlemen.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Outside, warm, sunny room; elevator, electricity; business girl; $5.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Large sunny room, furnished, $5; unfurnished, $4. Apt. 5B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452, (116th St.)—Room of highest type; refined; references. Apt. 41. Kelley.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468.—Well-furnished room; refined family; connecting lavatory. Jackson.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244, (corner 97th.)—Beautiful single room overlooking Drive. Apt. 1B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 593.—Large room adjoining bath; private family; no other roomers. Scott.

RIVERSIDE, (341 West 77th.)—Room, adjoining bath; also teacher's or doctor's studio.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 708.—French family; exceptional board; beautiful floor; large room; telephone.

Unusually attractive, small room and bath, for business lady; $8 weekly. Schuyler 7687.

WADSWORTH AV., 178.—Light room adjoining bath; private family; one block West 181st Broadway subway station. Lewis.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.—Large furnished studio, to share with lady; call Spring 5309, or address J 182 Times.

WEST END AV., (Near 100th.)—Handsome front parlor, bachelor suite, 2 or 3 immense rooms, with private family, in high-class elevator apartment; references exchanged; private. Phone 7110 Riverside.

WEST END AV., 322, (Cor. 100th.)—Handsome, large corner room; running water; heat guaranteed; electricity, semi-private bath; gentleman; $10.

WEST END AV., 758, (Cor. 97th.)—Desirable large corner rooms, comfortably furnished, kitchenette; suitable for two gentlemen or couple. Butters.

WEST END AV., 936, (106th.)—Large outside room, running water; gentleman. Burgett.

WEST END AV., 611.—Elegant large front room, with well equipped dressing room; electric light, bath adjoining; references.

WEST END AV., 487, (84th.)—Large room, private bath; small house; breakfast.

WEST END AV., 896, (10?.)—Large room; private bath; $11; twin beds; private.

WEST END AV., 936, (Subway, 103d.)—Spacious corner room; conveniences; refined home; gentlemen. Apartment 5 west.

Young man with bachelor apartment, wishes to rent room, with bath, to gentleman of culture; first class, newly constructed building; exclusive neighborhood; price according to location; references exchanged. W 361 Times Downtown.

Brooklyn.

A NICE ROOM, electricity, business man preferred; private family, exclusive neighborhood, walking distance of subway. Telephone 333 Prospect.

HANSON PLACE, 87.—Large, small; recently renovated; conveniences; 4 minutes subway; gentlemen.

HEIGHTS, (143 Willow St.)—Unusually attractive rooms, private residence; conveniences; subway. Main 3011.

LAFAYETTE AV., 90, (Near South Portland,) Brooklyn.—Alcove room; also hall room.

PARK PLACE, 223, (Subway.)—Large square room, hot water, large closet; all conveniences; back parlor; parquet floors. Prospect 9513.

SIX, seven rooms, $65, $75; complete, piano, Victrola; 20 minutes New York. Phone Prospect 6602. Superintendent 551 4th St.

VANDERBILT AV., 426.—Large front room; parquet; 15 minutes Wall St.; gentleman.

Bronx.

VALENTINE AV, 2,493, (Corner 190th St.)—Room; meals optional; elevator. Apartment 8.

1..D, 580 EAST, (Bronx.)—Furnished rooms, bedroom and parlor.

Long Island.

Elegantly furnished large front room, electric light, steam heat, shower bath, in new apartment; best residence section Elmhurst; 20 minutes from Grand Central Station via subway; $7. Address F 67 Times.

ALCOVE bedroom, near bath. Phone 6231 Forest Hills. P 139 Times.

New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE—Cosy suburban home for New York business woman; steam heated, electric lighted room in private family; breakfast if desired; near Brick Church station. 15 Chelsea Place, Telephone Orange 1128-R.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Young business woman wishes clean, medium-sized room, between Gramercy Park section and Columbia University; running water, electricity, and heat essential; $25 to $35 monthly; simple breakfast or arrangements for cooking same desired; references. J. W. R., P 179 Times.

Business woman, occupying confidential position, wishes room with breakfast, for the Winter months, below 100th St., west side; private family preferred; references necessary. J 97 Times.

Large double bedroom, private bath, wanted by young army officer for the Winter. Replies to Room 1113, 19 West 44th St., New York City.

Bright room for A1 gentleman; strictly private; electricity; references exchanged. J 100 Times.

Business woman desires room in apartment; running water; breakfast; private family; between 85th and 90th Sts. J 47 Times.

Large furnished room, private bath, twin beds, for two ladies; west side, north of 59th St.; reasonable. Room 1101, 14 Wall St.

WANTED—Furnished room, private family, Washington Square or Gramercy district; lady. X 384 Times Annex.

FOR GENTLEMAN, furnished room wanted, west side; permanent. F., 201 West 73d.

ROOMS wanted by two young gentlemen; state terms. P 313 Times Downtown.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

36TH, 14 EAST—Dec. 1; double room, second sleeping floor; private bath; references.

38TH, (307 Lexington Av.)—Large, sunny room, newly decorated; electricity; table board.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

55TH ST., EAST.—Exceptional opportunity to enjoy the comforts of a private and refined home. Plaza 6631.

86TH, 58 EAST.—Very desirable, large, small rooms; excellent food; families, gentlemen.

ATTRACTIVE home for a gentleman in modern east side apartment. W 358 Times Downtown.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly up.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; steam; unexcelled board.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms, excellent board; all improvements.

5TH AV, 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity, switchboard; refined service.

52D, 67 WEST.—Attractive, sunny double room, second floor; reasonable; references.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Large and small rooms; table guests.

58TH, 37 WEST. — Attractive large, small rooms, private baths; parlor dining; excellent table.

58TH, 48 WEST.—Large, small, single rooms, private bath; excellent home table; references.

55TH ST., 41, 43, 45 WEST—Elevator.
MADISON ARMS.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Suit particular people, large room, steam heat, private bath, electric light, Southern cooking; also smaller room.

70TH, 127 WEST.—Exceptionally well furnished, sunny front room; excellent table; fine service.

72D, 318 WEST, (RIVERSIDE.)
Exclusive Pension; two large connecting rooms, with private baths, singly or en suite; excellent table and service.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 266 WEST.—Fine location; attractive, warm rooms; excellent Southern cooking; references.

72D, 314 WEST, (Riverside.)—Pleasant home accommodations with American family; table personally supervised.

72D, 261-263.—Handsomely furnished, sunny second floor front rooms; private bath.

72D, 122 WEST.—Well heated double, single rooms, private bath; fine table.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; with board; table guests accommodated.

72D, 159 WEST.—Desirable large, sunny rooms; also hall room; board; references.

72D, 147 WEST. — Attractively furnished rooms, with private baths; also table guests.

73D, 181 WEST, (Broadway.)—Desirable warm room, running water. American family; subway.

7.D, 257 WEST. — Exceptionally attractive room; well-appointed house; superior table guests.

73D ST., 260 WEST.—Large, double, sunny room; bath adjoining; cuisine a specialty; table guests solicited.

73D, 302 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private baths; exclusive location; references.

75TH, 234 WEST, ("The Hurlburt.")—Large sunny room; steam heat; bath adjoining.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select accommodation, steam, electricity, modern furnished double, single rooms; private bath; cleanliness; best home table.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny room; bath adjoining; steam; excellent cuisine; references.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Large, sunny room; superior board; refined home; references; table guests.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

79TH, 121 WEST.
Single room, with board.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Medium, sunny, also small room; electricity; board optional; reference.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; private baths; excellent cuisine; phone.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 174 WEST, "The Little House."—Beautiful second floor; delicious home table; references.

82D, 128-130 WEST.—Very desirable, large room, private bath, with board.

83D, 25 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, second floor; private baths; family or few adults; excellent Vienna cooking. Schuyler 8227.

84TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms; all conveniences; electricity; excellent table; refined Jewish family.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms, southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

85TH, 132 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms, private bath; French cuisine; reference.

86TH, 139 WEST.—Two attractive single rooms; electricity; excellent table; references required.

86TH, 174 WEST.—Comfortable room; electricity; good meals; also beautiful back parlor.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Attractive double front rooms, splendid location, excellent table; homelike.

86TH, (541 West End Av.)—Large and single rooms; table guests received.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Lady owning handsome home, four baths, desires few paying guests.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive, large room, private bath; other rooms; conveniences; excellent table.

87TH ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive, large room; private bath; heat, electricity; telephone; excellent board; Jewish house.

88TH, 316 WEST.—Attractive, homelike single room; excellent home cooking; convenient; refined surroundings.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Newly, beautifully furnished double rooms, adjoining bath; excellent Jewish table; reasonable; table boarders accommodated. Riverside 9793.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Very desirable double and single rooms, with adjoining bath, for 2, 3, or 4 people; newly furnished; refined Jewish family; excellent table; reasonable rates. Tel. Riverside 6926.

91ST, 153 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, suitable two; private house; all conveniences.

92D, 50 WEST.—Beautiful large, small rooms, suites; thoroughly renovated; new management; private baths; conveniences; Southern cooking; table board.

93D ST., (678 West End Av.)—Large front room; running water; electricity; excellent environment; suitable two gentlemen or married couple; beautifully furnished; home cooking.

94TH, 142 WEST.—Desirable medium and single rooms; excellent table.

97TH, 30 WEST.—Large front room with board for two, $22; small single room, $8; all conveniences, telephone; first-class German cooking.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms, bath; modern private home; best table.

102D, 305 WEST, (Between West End-Riverside.)—One, two rooms, private bath, second floor; southern exposure; owner's home; references.

102D, 243 WEST.—Refined home, twin beds, private baths; subway; French is spoken.

102D, 248 WEST.—Large sunny room, cooking and service; high-class references.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Unusually large room, private bath, suitable for 2 or 3 people; service and surroundings unequalled.

107TH ST. AND BROADWAY.—Refined Jewish family desires one boarder; gentleman; no other boarders; immaculate cleanliness and luxurious surroundings; $14 per week. J 113 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-B'way.)—Luxurious; private residence offers large suite; 2 rooms, bath; really exceptional table; every convenience; beautifully furnished; moderate terms.

108TH, 329 WEST.—This is no boarding house, nor hotel, but a palatial residence converted into a high-class Pensionat; rooms with or without private bath; also electric elevator, cuisine and service unexcelled; only permanent guests considered.

109TH, 308 WEST.—Double rooms; single, en suite; private bath; convenient locality; excellent table.

109TH, 62 WEST.—Refined home, for walking child. Ring first bell left.

113TH, 611 WEST.—In private family, attractively furnished room; refined surroundings; superior table; $16 for one, $28 for two; references exchanged. Apartment 61.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; home cooking; private family. Apt. 2.

120TH, 110 WEST.—Large parlor; small, refined Jewish boarding house; German cooking; conveniences.

124TH, 7 WEST.—Room facing park, electricity; excellent table; Jewish family; moderate.

128TH, 162 WEST.—Suite, single, private baths, steam heat, telephone; excellent cuisine.

141ST, 527 WEST.—Beautiful sunny room, suitable two; steam heat; home cooking; references.

A COUPLE WITH ELEGANT HOME, exclusive neighborhood, will accommodate gentleman or lady with large, sunny room, handsomely furnished; bath; electricity; first-class, choicest table. 783 Madison Av., (66th St.)

ELEGANT DOUBLE ROOM, ONE SMALLER, BATH; REFINED PRIVATE HOUSE. PHONE SCHUYLER 2622.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, North Corner 104th St., (Palatial Mansion.)—Attractive room; 6 windows, Riverside Drive; bath; telephone, electric service; table highest standard. Mrs. Ida Marks.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (630 West 135th St.)—Large double front room; excellent board for two, $18; gentlemen. Apt. One.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms. Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables.
Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness.
Social Parlors. Smoking Rooms. Comforts.
Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV.,
174 West 126th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking; convenient.

WASHINGTON SQ. NORTH, 21.—Single rooms, with board; facing park; table guests accommodated.

WEST END AV., (near 72d St.)—Room and board for high-class gentleman or couple, in strictly private family living in an "Astor" apartment house; no other boarders, beautifully furnished; electric light, connecting dressing room, running hot and cold water, with use of master's bath; highest references required; price, single, $25; couple, $35 weekly. Address G. G., 44 Times.

WEST END, 794.—Bachelor apartment, two rooms, private bath; maid servant; moderate.

WEST END AV., 693, (94th.)—Large front, back rooms, private bath; also suite; automatic elevator; references; table guests.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Large, sunny rooms; excellent table; house thoroughly appointed; references.

BOARD WANTED.

ARE YOU LOOKING FOR BOARD, LODGING, OR BOARDERS?
The Association to Promote Proper Housing for Girls, now at 11 West 37th St., keeps a list of available rooms in investigated rooming and boarding houses and organized houses for girls; office hours, daily, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; also 6 P. M. to 8 P. M. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

Young business woman, best references, desires room and board for self and four-year-old boy, with refined private family, where he will have adequate care during her absence at business; elderly people preferred. S 82 Times.

GENTLEMAN of refinement, formerly of Boston, now attending New York college, desires making home with private family or refined person; references exchanged. S 6 Times.

AT ONCE, in garden on Hudson, not more than 15 minutes' ride from city, 5 rooms and board wanted for 5 people, not exceeding $250 per month. X 320 Times Annex.

YOUNG business man, Christian, desires room, breakfast, dinner in congenial family. Complete particulars necessary for consideration. P 401 Times Downtown.

Young girl wishes home with private family, convenient to "L" or subway; reasonable rate. Simon, 251 West 145th St., care of Landweigh.

Gentleman and daughter, 5, private family; mother's care for child; state terms and full particulars; moderate. F 168 Times.

Gentleman, Christian, wishes board with refined family, English preferred; terms moderate; references. Address J 15 Times.

Gentleman desires room with bath and board with first-class family, between East 75th and East 90th Sts. G 223 Times Downtown.

Gentleman wishes room and board with private family of refinement, west side; state terms. J 80 Times.

Lady wants room and board, between 80th and 102d Sts., West; state price, particulars; references required. F 155 Times.

BUSINESS WOMAN and son, 6, want room and board in clean, refined home. S 69 Times.

BUSINESS MAN desires bedroom, refined private family; convenient subway; references. F 152 Times.

Jewish business woman wishes to pay $15 for furnished or unfurnished room with refined private family. F 165 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York City.

EDGEHILL INN,
SPUYTEN DUYVIL ON THE HUDSON.
All-year-round home for few guests; beautifully situated, combining country charm and city comfort; transit facilities, subway and New York Central. Address Miss Mary Huntington.

Staten Island.

Wadsworth Hall, Arrochar, S. I.—Attractive and homelike; open all year; steam heated; good table and attendance; spacious grounds; accessible for commuters. Tel. 673 Tompkinsville.

Westchester County.

ARTHUR HOUSE,
PELHAM MANOR, N. Y.
Rooms with and without private baths and sleeping porches; 29 minutes from 42d St.; N. Y., N. H. & H., Pelham the station; trolley near house; fine Winter home. Mrs. J. Arthur, 211 Secor Lane.

Private family, having charming home just above 261st St., New York City, can accommodate a few persons; beautiful rooms, single or en suite; outdoor sports; lovely location. 128 Bruce Av., near Caryl Av., South Yonkers.

Large furnished front room, with or without private bath; also smaller room; best home cooking; choice neighborhood, 5 minutes from two stations. 126 Sickles Av., New Rochelle, N. Y. Tel. 1836 J.

OLD BLUFF HOUSE,
LARCHMONT-ON-SOUND, N. Y.
Accommodations for people of refinement; Winter rates; garage; references required. F. F. Dawes. Telephone Larchmont 561.

Sunnycroft.—An ideal country home and school for eight little children, in charge of experienced teacher; two vacancies. Miss Emilie Robertson, Peekskill, N. Y.

LARGE double room in private house, best part of Scarsdale, with board for two, $35; also single room, $20. Answer L. A., Scarsdale, N. Y.

Delightful Fall, Winter home, near White Plains; 45 min. 42d St.; private park; low rates. Booklet. Mt. House, Valhalla, N. Y.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

Two desirable rooms, furnished or unfurnished; board if desired; no other paying guests. Phone Bronxville 1414.

Long Island.

Room, with breakfast, also dinner if desired, for single man, in private family; Kew Gardens, 15 minutes on Long Island Railroad. Address F 87 Times.

Forest Hills.—Large and small rooms, desirable surroundings, business people; breakfast if desired. Forest Hills 6770.

New York State.

At Highland, N. Y., a widowed lady, owner of high and beautifully located new home with all modern comforts, will take one or two semi-invalids in board at reasonable rate. Address Mrs. Mae Van Wagner, Highland, N. Y.

The Hill Air, Highland, N. Y.—Large modern home, open for Winter guests; private baths; heated rooms; elevation; two hours from New York City.

New Jersey.

THE BELVIDERE,
89-91 North Munn Av., East Orange.—Spend the Summer in the beautiful Oranges; large, cool rooms; modern improvements; extra large porch; best of table, catering to discriminating persons; 3 minutes to station, 30 to New York; write for information. Phone 6020 Orange.

Private home for semi-invalids, elderly, and nervous patients; home comforts; good food and nurses' care; massage and electric treatment if desired. Mrs. A. MacMillan, 328 Union St., Hackensack, N. J.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.—Refined home; fine location; sunny room and board; permanent couple; references. Phone 591.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Connecticut.

For rent, with board, three cheery rooms and private bath; fine location; first-class accommodation. Call, between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M., 43 East Putnam Av., Greenwich, Conn.

NEW CANAAN, CONN.—THE ARDSLEY. Open all year; near station; rooms with and without bath. Address Mrs. J. M. Silliman. Phone 292.

Country Board Wanted.

Refined gentleman seeks board; Montclair, near station; permanent; particulars, terms. J 74 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

AT PUBLIC AUCTION, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 28, 10:30 A. M. at 1,579-1,583 Dean St., Brooklyn, fifteen FIRST-CLASS MOTOR TRUCKS, up to 5-ton, also RUNABOUTS, TOURING CARS, &c. B. Waller, auctioneer.

BUICK 1916 SEDAN, beautiful seven-passenger, like new, with extra Summer top; full electric equipment; condition guaranteed; sacrifice for quick sale. 150 West 55th.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,709 Broadway.

BUICK five-passenger, fine condition, $375. Phone B. L. Mott, 887 Richmond Hill.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET.
Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK TOURING, LIKE NEW 1917.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

CADILLACS.
TOURING AND LIMOUSINES.
1917—1916—1915.

"17" Touring, used very little. Mechanical condition, paint and shoes very exceptional. Price $1,600. An exceptional bargain.

"16" Touring. Mileage 8,500. Refinished and looks like new. Best "BUY" in Greater N. Y. See it and be convinced. Price absolutely right.

"15" Touring. Beyond the shadow of a doubt the best Model 51 on the streets today. Original paint without a scratch; mechanical condition perfect, shoe equipment exceptional; bumper, slip covers, everything complete. Cheap if sold at once.

"15" Limousine town car. Very handsome body; beautifully painted; seats five inside; entire job looks like new. Mechanical condition excellent; shoe equipment almost new. On exhibition now.

Inspection and demonstration day, evening, or Sunday.
BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.
Appraisers to the trade.
1,077 ATLANTIC AV., COR. FRANKLIN AV., BROOKLYN.

CADILLACS.
We have a limited number of USED CADILLACS, closed and open types; these Cadillacs have been through our shop and are A1 mechanically. Arrange now for a demonstration.
USED CAR DEPT., DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO., 3 LAFAYETTE AV., B'KLYN. PHONE MAIN 527.

CADILLAC 1916; exceptionally fine mechanical condition; good shoes; ready for immediate use. BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Telephone Decatur 4004.

CADILLAC 1916 CABRIOLET.
Run less than 8,000 miles, fully equipped, perfect condition, very scarce, guaranteed; owner going away; must be sold. K. C. Darling, 411 West 55th.

CADILLAC 1917 TOURING.
Seven-passenger, had little use, equipped with slip covers, many other extras, just repainted, like new; great bargain. Bonnefond, telephone 4948 Columbus.

CADILLAC 1913 7-passenger touring car; in exceptionally fine mechanical condition. BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Telephone Decatur 4004.

CADILLAC.—Private party will sacrifice 1917 special Cadillac coupe, in first-class condition, special paint and upholstery, 4-passenger, all new tires; cost $3,500; will accept $2,350. K 209 Times Downtown.

CADILLAC 1918 LANDAULET.
Seven-passenger, fully equipped, like new, guaranteed; color, blue; handsomest car in New York. Darling, 411 West 55th St. Telephone 5052 Columbus.

Cadillac 1917 Convertible Sedan; 3,900 miles.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916 seven-passenger touring, just repainted; fine mechanical condition; upholstery excellent. Fleet Motor Co., 1,655 Broadway.

CADILLAC TOWN CAR, $1,300.
Landau limousine, commodious body; used privately; cost $3,500. Holmes, 305 West 79th.

CADILLAC 1917 landaulet; also touring and phaeton; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1914 seven-passenger touring; excellent condition. Fleet Motor Co., 1,655 Broadway.

CADILLAC, 1917, limousine; excellent condition; sacrifice; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC, LIMOUSINE; PERFECT CONDITION; $550. 305 WEST 59TH.

CADALAC 1917 7-PASS. TOURING.
R. S. IRELAND, 1,648 BROADWAY.

CHALMERS, 1918; absolutely new seven-seated sedan, to be delivered within four weeks from date; absence from city necessitates my disposing of same; will sell contract at reduction from list price. Apply Mr. I. Riegelman, 1,237 Broadway, between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M.

CHALMERS 1917 7-pass. touring. Bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CHALMERS 1916, five-passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

CHANDLER 17 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
R. S. IRELAND, 1,648 BROADWAY.

CHANDLER, with Winter and Summer top; bargain. 305 West 59th St.

CHEVROLET 1916 TOURING CAR, model Baby Grand; good condition; good shoes; looks like new. BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Telephone Decatur 4004.

CHEVROLET, 1916, baby grand 5-passenger touring car, recently thoroughly overhauled, fully equipped with self-starter, four good shoes with spare; will sell cheap account leaving town. Address Room 2612, 61 Broadway, or phone Rector 7583.

CHEVROLET ROYAL MAIL Roadster, 1916, $200 cash, $200 time; being completely overhauled, mechanically perfect, fast and quiet; new tires and extras; bargain. S 60 Times.

DANIELS, latest model sport runabout; like new; wire wheels; cost $3,300; sacrifice. Phone Sunday, St. Nicholas, 387; Monday, Columbus 4792. Room 49, 253 West 58th.

DELAUNAY Belleville brougham, 6 cylinder, 19 h. p.; beautiful, ideal town car; newly painted; perfect condition; electric lights, &c.; bargain. Bord, 114 West 50th St.

DE DION, latest, 18-28 horse, town car; elegant condition. ROSKAM-SCOTT CO., 1,896 Broadway.

DODGE BROTHERS runabout and touring cars. We are offering some exceptionally good Dodge Brothers used cars this week. BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Telephone Decatur 4004.

DODGE BROS. touring, Winter top, used very little for demonstrating; guaranteed.
FORD coupe, 1916, demountable rims.
CHALMERS, 6-cylinder landaulet, excellent condition, used private.
JOHN B. ELSEY, INC.,
Dodge Bros. Dealers, 344 East 149th.

DODGE sedan; best condition; original tires; show little wear; car run less than 1,500 miles; 5 wire wheels, 1 extra shoe, run 50 miles; price $1,000. Phone Monday, Gramercy 2796.

DODGE, 1917, touring; like new; mechanically perfect; very cheap. Jacobs, Audubon 3950.

EXPERIENCED USED CAR MAN will purchase cars for legitimate buyers on moderate commission, guaranteeing substantial saving and honest treatment. Address "Economy," X 350 Times Annex.

FIAT limousine, handsomely appointed; good condition; new tires; cost $5,000; price $700. 81 West 94th. Riverside 3744.

FIAT Baby Limousine Town Car.—Nice condition; make offer. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

FIAT, 55-H. P., 1915 model; Summer and Winter tops; bargain; no dealers; private. 1,909 Foster Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FIAT, limousine; overhauled and repainted; $900. 305 West 59th St.

FIAT, 55-h. p., 1915 limousine; touring body; A1 shape. Telephone Columbus 8981.

FORD touring car, fully equipped, plenty extras, $209; a five-passenger Maxwell touring, $225; also Overland touring, self-starter, price $275; a Hudson 6-cylinder touring, self-starter, big bargain, $325; a 5-passenger Pope Hartford touring, self-starter, $300. Can be seen. Eastern Brewery. 205 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 3484 Stagg.

FORD coupe, first-class condition; oversize tires, electric lighted throughout and extra equipment; price $300. Brown & Kragness, 549 West 52d St. Columbus 1347.

FORD touring car, 1917, in excellent shape; quick sale. Telephone Columbus 8961.

FRANKLIN 1916 Touring; repainted; exceptional bargain, $1,000. Gage, 1,834 Broadway. Columbus [illegible].

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

FRANKLIN 1917 Touring; recently overhauled, $1,450; (enlistment compels sale.) Gage, 1,834 Broadway.

FRANKLIN 1916 Sedan; excellent condition, recently overhauled, repainted; $1,600. Gage, 1,834 Broadway.

FRANKLINS, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, touring cars; special values. Gage, 1,834 B'way.

GOTHAM AUTO EXCHANGE,
1,694 Broadway, between 53d and 54th Sts.
USED CARS OF ALL MAKES.
Limousines, Landaulets, Sedans, Tourings, Speedsters and Runabouts.
1917, 1914, 1913, 1912 Mercer and Stutz tourings, runabouts and raceabouts.
Hupmobile Sedan and Touring, 1916-1917.
Studebaker Touring, Victoria Top, 1917.
Dodge five passenger, 1916.
Oldsmobile small four, five passenger.
Abbott Roadster.
Saxon light 6 five passenger touring.
18 Packard Taxi, cheap.
Buick Runabout, small four Velie, special Sedan.
ALL GUARANTEED FOUR MONTHS.
PERFECT CONDITION.
Time Payments. Trades Considered.

HUDSON SUPER SIX LANDAULET.
Nearly new, completely equipped, very handsome; will make great sacrifice; owner going away. W. Trock, 411 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 2893.

HUDSON Super-Six, 1916, cabriolet body, 3-passenger car, in best of condition, looks like new; owner will sacrifice because leaving town. Call Mr. St. Clair, St. Nicholas 9300. (No dealers.)

HUDSON Super-Six Sedan, 1916, excellent condition; full set new Goodyear cork tires, white wire wheels; rare bargain; price $1,250. Seen by appointment, Owner, Apt. 7E, 601 West 113th St.

HUDSON SUPER SIX CABRIOLET.
Three-passenger, perfect condition, fully equipped, just revarnished; must sacrifice. Darling, 411 West 55th St. Telephone 5052 Columbus.

HUDSON super-six 1917, 7-passenger touring car, must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Co., Broadway, at 70th St.

HUDSON, latest model, super six, limousine; condition like new. Phone Columbus 8963.

HUDSON Super Six Sedan like new. Auto Electric Service, 245 West 55th.

HUDSON 1917 Super-Six Special Speedster. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

HUDSON SEDAN. LIKE NEW.
R. S. IRELAND, 1,648 BROADWAY.

HUPMOBILE Sedan; 5,000 miles; 1917 late. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

KISSEL 1917 SEDAN.
Seats five inside; looks like new; electric self-starter, lights; condition guaranteed. 150 West 55th St.

LANCIA Raceabout. — Late model; very snappy; $650. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

LANDAULET body for seven passengers for sale; to be seen at Doty Demos, 222 West 65th St.; price $650. Robert, 1,109 Broadway. Phone Farragut 514.

LIMOUSINE BODY.—Latest model; almost new; fits any standard car; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

LOCOMOBILE "38"
LIMOUSINE LANDAULET.
Newly finished; perfect mechanical condition; cab sides; a very beautiful car; accept any reasonable offer.
R. S. IRELAND,
1,648-1,650 Broadway.
Phone Circle 3249.
Next Door to Winter Garden.

LOCOMOBILE limousine; six-cylinder, 1912; overhauled and repainted; for quick sale, $650 net. St. Regis Garage, 58th St. and Park Av.

LOCOMOBILE, practically new, 1917 limousine, perfect condition in every particular; will sell for $4,300. Write or call Room 704, 511 5th Av., New York.

LOCOMOBILE, $290; 1913 handsome touring; condition and tires perfect; sacrifice. Morningside 5178.

LOZIER LATE MODEL TOWN CAR.
Completely overhauled and painted; electric lights, self-starter; classy looking car; bargain.
LOZIER MOTOR COMPANY,
BROADWAY AT 61ST ST.

MACK, 5-ton dumper, 1915; just overhauled; will sell cheap. Columbus 8931.

MARMON landaulet, 1917, cost $4,600; has run in town about 4,000 miles; new steering knuckles have been adjusted; has been entirely overhauled and put in perfect order. Inquire Miss Mabel Choate, 8 East 63d St. Telephone Plaza 5259.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger limousine; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917 landaulet; also touring and roadster; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MAXWELL 1917 touring car; A1 mechanical condition; paint in first-class condition. BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc., 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Telephone Decatur 4004.

MAXWELL, 1916, mechanically perfect, for sale cheap. 422 East 2d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MAXWELL 1916 touring, like new; extras; excellent condition; $375. Lexington, Circle 1872.

MAXWELL 1918 touring; 600 miles; brand new; quick, $550. Lexington, Circle 1872.

MERCEDES, 1914 MODEL.
Beautiful touring car, in perfect condition; cost $8,500; cheap for cash. Phone owner for demonstration, Columbus 8599, or call 1,926 Broadway, Room 609; real bargain.

MERCER raceabout, 1914; self-starter; wonderful condition. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

MERCER 1913 chassis with racing seats, mechanically perfect, 4 speeds; bargain. F. D. Homan, 211 West 58th St.

MERCER 1917 Sporting 4-Pass.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MERCER 1916 4-PASSENGER.
R. S. IRELAND, 1,648 BROADWAY.

NATIONAL NEWPORT "6," 1915, seven-passenger, wire wheels, Victoria top; excellent mechanical condition. Fleet Motor Co., 1,655 Broadway.

NATIONAL twin six Clover Leaf, practically new; half price. 20th Century, 1,700 B'way.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 Four-Cylinder Model 43 Landaulet Town Car.—Like new; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

OLDSMOBILE.—6-cylinder sedan, touring, seven-passenger; sacrifice. Owner, A. G., 65 Times.

OLDSMOBILE 1916, COUPE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

OVERLANDS, WILLYS KNIGHTS.
OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED CARS.
SOLD BY THE MANUFACTURER.
ALL MODELS, CLOSED AND OPEN.
Priced exceptionally low for quick sales.
Also some good bargains in other makes.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway and 50th St. Open evenings.
Write for Used Car Bulletin.

OWEN Magnetic 1917 brougham-landaulet; like new. H. H., 80 Times.

PACKARD 1917 2.25 Clover Leaf roadster, in very fine condition throughout, bumper, mirrorscope, spotlight, 2 brand new tires as extras. PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF BROOKLYN, 172 Malbone St., Brooklyn. Phone Flatbush 8384.

PACKARD, &C.—Don't miss this sale, dealers and private; sold for storage, Packard, Mercer, Hudson, Chevrolet Baby Grand, latest improvements; all look and run like new; any demonstration desired. 479 East 134th.

PACKARD 1914, beautiful new 7-passenger limousine, also touring, perfect condition; see car 136 East 57th; make offer. Sharum, 170 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 7202.

PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Limousine.—Also landaulet car, 2-38; very good condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

PACKARD 1917 2.25 and 2.35 touring in A1 condition throughout. PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF BROOKLYN, 172 Malbone St., Brooklyn. Phone Flatbush 8384.

PACKARD Twin Six 2.25 touring car painted blue, with yellow wheels, (No. 2,184.) Packard Motor Car Co., 1,861 Broadway, New York.

PACKARD Twin Six 1.35 landaulet car, (New Haven body,) painted blue and upholstered in gray cloth, (No. 2,178.) Packard Motor Car Co., 1,861 Broadway, New York.

PACKARD 1915 "3-38" limousine, newly painted; excellent condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD TWIN-SIX BROUGHAM,
1916 model, 135, landaulet; practically brand new; guaranteed; sacrifice price. ROSKAM-SCOTT CO., 1,896 Broadway.

PACKARD 1917 2.35 Imperial limousine, exceptionally fine condition. PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF BROOKLYN, 172 Malbone St., Brooklyn. Phone Flatbush 8384.

PACKARD 1916 1.25 and 1.35 touring in good condition. PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF BROOKLYN, 172 Malbone St., Brooklyn. Phone Flatbush 8384.

PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Runabout, 5-48.—Finest condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

PACKARD, Pierce, and other owners needing Winter limousines and landaulets! Secure same at ½ value! Jandorf, 1,763 B'way.

PACKARD Limousine, in good condition; will sacrifice my car for $500 cash. Call Audubon 8041, Apt. 31.

PACKARD automobiles sacrificed; have fifteen, all "Sixes"; all A1. Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway.

PACKARD, 2-28, landaulet and touring bodies; reasonable. Wilmarth, 15 West 60th St. Columbus 6020.

PACKARD 1916 Twin-Six limousine, fine condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 B'way.

PACKARD touring car, 12-48, self-starter; good condition. Garage, 218 West 50th.

PEERLESS TOURING, $875.
Luxurious seven-passenger, like new; modern equipment, self-starter; cost $5,000. Holmes, 305 West 79th St., near Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

PEERLESS TOURING CAR, $850.
High-class, 7-passenger, 1914, like new; Gray-Davis self starter, Bosch magneto; every equipment; cost $5,000. Holmes, 305 West 79th.

PEUGEOT "18-46," ENCLOSED DRIVE.
One of the last models imported; special Bender body, beautifully upholstered; only car of its kind in New York; Dunlop wire wheels, two extra; all new tires; fully equipped in every detail; cost $8,000; accept any reasonable offer for quick sale.
R. S. IRELAND,
1,648-1,650 Broadway. Phone Circle 3249.

PIERCE-ARROWS.
PIERCE-ARROWS.
48 seven-passenger touring, small mileage, newly painted; exceptional value at $2,250. 38 four-passenger touring, in perfect condition, $2,500. 38 Sedan, newly painted, all new tires, $2,750. 38 Limousine, newly painted, very nice-looking job, in fine shape and a bargain at $1,750.
Condition of all these cars is guaranteed.
We advise buying Used Cars NOW.
ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.
Telephone 4000 Mulberry.
Pierce-Arrow Distributors.

PIERCE-ARROW 2-ton truck, with open platform body. ELLIS MOTOR CAR CO., 416 Central Av., Newark, N. J. Pierce-Arrow distributors.

PIERCE-ARROW landaulet, 6-cyl., 38-h. p.; overhauled and thoroughly repainted; in first-class condition; price $2,000.
BARNES-CURTISS CO., INC.,
147-149 West 99th Street.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) Limousine, 38 H. P.
CADILLAC (1916) Sedan; perfect condition.
LOCOMOBILE (1917) touring, 38 H. P.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine; also landaulet and touring; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW "38" Limousine.—Electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1914, "38" landaulet; perfect condition; bargain. Telephone Hansen, 348 Rector.

RENAULT. — Beautiful Renault limousine town car, Demarest body; very smart; fine condition; bargain; principals only. Box 324 Times, 2 Rector St.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916.
Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

REO Sedan, 1917, four-cylinder five-passenger; oversize tires; mechanically perfect; appearance like new; immediate sale absolutely necessary; call quick for real bargain. 666 St. Nicholas Av., Apt. 8. Audubon 6405.

REO 1916 TOURING; DRIVEN 5,000 MILES; general appearance like new.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

ROLLS-ROYCE touring; also cantilever spring landaulet; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, four-passenger roadster, $750. Brenner, 1,776 Broadway. 851 Columbus.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1917 model; G runabout. Marmon Automobile Company, 1,880 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1916 ROADSTER.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

SCRIPPS 1917 Coupe; like new; bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

S. G. V.—BEAUTIFUL TOWN CAR.
Latest model; mechanically perfect, ready for service; will trade or accept deferred payments. F. D. Homan, 211 West 58th St.

SIMPLEX SEDAN, shaft drive, late model; overhauled; four-passenger; new tires; cost $6,000; sacrifice. ROSKAM-SCOTT CO., 1,896 Broadway.

SIXTEEN-VALVE STUTZ, special, 1918 delivery, four-passenger. ROSKAM-SCOTT CO., 1,896 Broadway.

S. G. V. COUPE AND BROUGHAM.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

STEARNS-KNIGHT brougham landaulet; "8 cylinder"; 1916 model, with all 1917 improvements installed; imported linings, bronze fixtures and vanity cases, Circassian walnut paneling; interior renovated; newly painted royal blue and black; has the appearance of a new car; sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE. Stearns Used Car Department, (J. H. Driscoll, Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Has been used so little, can't be told from new; full electric equipment; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

STEARNS 1916 8-cylinder limousine, landaulet; newly painted; reasonable. J 8 Times.

STEVENS DURYEA.—Beautiful limousine, with touring body, for sale; reasonable. STANLEY, 153 Manhattan Av. Tel. Academy 1380.

STUDEBAKER 1917 7-passenger touring; detachable all-glass Winter top; run less than 5,000 miles; $750. J 50 Times.

STUTZ speedster, two extra rumble seats, newly painted blue with gold stripe, 1914 model, driven by owner; excellent condition; $750. Owner, Martin Ansorge, 100 Broadway. Telephone.

STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1915 H. C. S. SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ.—16-valve speedster; practically new; beautiful condition; wire wheels, one extra; sacrifice $1,750. Owner, W 355 Times Downtown.

STUTZ 1917 16-valve speedster; also Bulldog; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

STUTZ 1917 "16-Valve" SPEEDSTER.
R. S. IRELAND, 1,648 BROADWAY.

STUTZ 1916 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars.
Limousine bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

WINTON.—Exceptionally fine six-cylinder limousine automobile, extra touring body; sell immediately; $450. 32 Lexington Av., near 23d St.

WINTON limousine, very fine condition throughout. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

1917 CADILLAC TOWN CAR,
limousine; practically brand new; used little; guaranteed perfect; sacrifice. ROSKAM-SCOTT CO., 1,896 Broadway.

1916 CADILLAC, 7-passenger sedan; perfect mechanically. ROSKAM-SCOTT CO., 1,896 Broadway.

Miscellaneous.

HUPMOBILE 1917 Town Car, specially built, snappy body, very handsome and smart, run less than four months
OVERLAND 1917 Model 85 Sedan, looks like new, run only 1,300 miles; exceptionally fine bargain.
Baker R & L New York Corporation,
17 Central Park West.

BARGAINS.—1917 Abbott (7 pass.).....$750
1917 Abbott (4 pass.).....$750
1917 Studebaker (8 pass.)..$550
1916 Abbott "8" (2 pass.)..$900
1916 Abbott "6" (7 pass.)..$600
1916 Empire "6" (5 pass.)..$695
1916 Hudson (Super Six)..$950
1915 Kline (Coupe).......Offer
ABBOTT USED CAR DEPT.,
1,876 Broadway. (Near 62d St.)

MUST SACRIFICE IMMEDIATELY BEAUTIFUL (LATE MODEL) CADILLAC TOURING CAR; USED PRIVATE EXCLUSIVELY; EQUAL TO NEW; MANY EXTRAS; MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED; SOLD FOR LESS THAN QUARTER VALUE. OWNER'S PRIVATE STABLE, 148 EAST 39TH ST., NEAR LEXINGTON AV.

1916 7-pass. touring, 8-cyl., Model 53; this car has been overhauled and repainted; 1917 Cadillac, blue with red wheels; will give excellent service; the price will surprise you.
DETROIT-CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO.,
536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

WONDERFUL BARGAIN to quick buyer, 5-passenger 1917 touring car; like new; fully equipped; starter, lights, &c.; run by owner; cost $985 in May; will sacrifice for $485; must be sold before Nov. 30. Address T. C. Macormack, 131 Main St., Hackensack, N. J.

BROUGHAM TOWN CAR, 1917, six-cylinder, Continental motor, wire wheels; newly painted and overhauled; guaranteed same as new car; finely appointed; worth special attention. Call at Lexington Used Car Department, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor. Circle 1872.

AUTOMOBILE Painting, Trimming; all kinds of repairing, such as body remodeling and remounting, making demountable tops; best prices and workmanship. American Auto Painting and Trimming Co., 551 West 52d St. Columbus 9307.

"WHITE" USED CARS.
Also other well-known makes touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., M. R. Greene, Mgr.

MUST sacrifice immediately practically new Cadillac 7-passenger touring automobile, with extra limousine body; absolutely mechanically perfect; sacrifice; $550; private garage. 32 Lexington Av., near 23d St.

TOWN CAR; special built body on four-cylinder Alco chassis; mechanically perfect and good order; fully equipped; body in splendid condition inside and out; demonstration by appointment; private. F 459 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Brougham Sedan.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
HUDSON LIMOUSINE.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 REO "4" SEDAN.
1917 BUICK TOURING.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1917 BUICK ROADSTER.
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "6" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE,
10 West 60th St., (two doors from Broadway.)
Telephone Columbus 5078.
PACKARDS. 1917 "2-25" Cloverleaf, 4-pass.
1916 "1-35" landaulet, 7-pass.
1916 "1-35" touring, 7-pass.
1916 "1-25" limousine, 5 & 7 p.
ALSO 1917 Cadillac touring, like new.
1915 Cadillac limousine.
1915 and 1914 Fiat touring, 5-pass.
LIBERTY BONDS ACCEPTED.

BARGAINS FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.
JORDAN 7-passenger, mechanically perfect, complete equipment.
PAIGE 5-passenger touring car; just repainted; electric starter and lights.
CARL H. PAGE & COMPANY,
1,895 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

BODY FOR LIMOUSINE.—Will fit a Stearns or any standard chassis. ELITE, 136 West 53d St. Circle 5118.

AUTOMOBILE, 1918, high class, never used; will take smaller car as part payment; no dealers. Exporter, 65 Times.

Automobiles Wanted.

Cars wanted on consignment; largest used car store on Broadway, in best location, assures quick sales at highest prices; save Winter storage and other expenses. R. S. Ireland, 1,648 Broadway.

WANTED for private use, for cash, 1916 or 1917 model, high-class limousine or landaulet for town use; must be in perfect condition. Write, with full particulars, to Poole, West 67th Street Garage, 52 West 67th St.

SMALL ROADSTER, 1916-17, wanted; particulars and best cash price. Address F 466 Times Annex.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Automobiles for Rent.

Beautiful Cadillac limousine, 8-cylinder; owner; $350 monthly. Telephone 5174 Riverside. Morrison.

CADILLAC, private limousine, for hire; month or week; reasonable price; best reference; owner drives. D. M., Times Harlem.

CADILLAC Limousine for hire; bargain rates; excellent service; anywhere. Telephone 6501 Morningside.

CADILLAC limousine, very stylish, hourly; monthly preferred; very reasonable. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

CLASSY limousine, 1917, $2.50 hourly, visiting, shopping; experienced chauffeur. Nolan, Bryant 3916.

LANCIA.—Beautiful S. G. V. Lancia limousines, landaulets; ideal town cars; moderate rates. Kline Bros., 425 West 54th St. Columbus 398.

LOCOMOBILE limousine with liveried chauffeur for rent to May 1. Phone Murray Hill 3124. Call Room 625, 51 East 42d St., 9-10:30 A. M.

NEW 5-PASSENGER touring car; owner drives; $2 hourly. Mack, 2476 Fordham.

OLDSMOBILE brougham town car, latest model, Winter season; owner drives; beautiful outfit. Mitchell, West 67th Garage. Columbus 867.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 54 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS. — Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD, absolutely new limousine, latest model, $2.50 per hour, or week-month, any reasonable price. Telephone 3071 Bryant.

PACKARD.—High-class cars, polite and experienced chauffeurs; low rates. Farrell's Garage, 213 West 69th St. Columbus 3123.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD l'mousine sixes, brougham styles, shopping, $2.50; monthly, $350. Telephone 1585 Plaza.

PACKARDS and sixes, limousine, landaulets, for monthly hire; reasonable rates. Phone Morningside 3300.

PACKARD CARS, $3 PER HOUR. HOTCHKISS GARAGE CO., 21 WEST 60TH. COLUMBUS 4509.

PACKARD chummy roadster, twin six, 4-passenger, 1917 model; run less than 5,000 miles. G. J. L., 48 Times.

PACKARD Landaulette for rent, any way you desire. Phone "Micker," Columbus 2239.

PACKARD, 1916, 1917, beautiful landaulet, limousines; trip, hour, monthly. Wilmarth. Columbus 8080.

PACKARD 1915, 2-38 limousine brougham, fine mechanical condition; reasonable. 221 East 67th St.

PACKARD limousine, beautiful; monthly; owner drives. Dubois, 157 Manhattan Av. 1380 Academy.

PACKARD limousine, beautiful late model. rent weekly-monthly; make offer. 2988 Bryant.

PACKARD, 18, laundelet town car, upholstery, paint like new; monthly. Circle 449.

PIERCE-ARROW, PACKARD limousine, splendid shape, late models; $2.50 hourly. Circle 4215.

PIERCE-ARROW.—Fine Pierce-Arrow limousine for rent, by month; special rate for entire Winter. Thompson, Plaza 2406.

RENAULT auto de luxe at reasonable rates, Delaney. Packard coupe, landaulet, limousine; special rates for theatre parties. Haelters, 145 West 66th. Columbus 2958.

REO touring, 1914, without driver, month, season, to reliable party. F 445 Times Annex.

THOMAS FLYER limousine, up to date, for hire, hour, day, week, or month. Ochko, Telephone Madison Square 2993.

Motor Trucks.

TRUCKS. TRUCKS. TRUCKS.
Various makes, styles, capacities; heavy and light trucks, delivery wagons, &c.; Mack five-ton, motor in front, stake body; Burford two-ton, 30 days old, rack body; also Cole roadster; DISTRIBUTER FULTON 1½-TON TRUCK; COLUMBIA TRUCKS and TRAILERS; TWO-TON, $1,950; SIX-TON, $2,750.
LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORPN.,
Circle 190. 136 West 52d St.

For Sale—25 new 2-ton trucks, Buda motor, Bosch magneto, Timken rear axle, Brown-Lipe transmission and clutch; none better can be made. References required first letter. Will sell one or all. Address O. W. Norton, 249 East Main St., Rochester, N. Y.

PACKARD 2-ton trucks, with 12-foot express bodies, for sale; good condition and terms to responsible buyers. Interborough Transfer Company, 406 West 45th St. Bryant 8930.

TRUCK, 1½-TON, NEARLY NEW; GUARANTEED. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 WEST 52D.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

STORAGE, dead, automobiles, $6 monthly. Bushwick Storage Warehouses, 239 Meserole St., Brooklyn.

DEAD STORAGE for automobiles and bodies; rates reasonable. Ansonia Storage Warehouse, 187 West 99th St.

DEAD STORAGE.—AUTOMOBILES, 310-312 WEST 143D ST. AUDUBON 3575.

Automobile Bodies.

CADILLAC bodies, $25 to $750; (touring, landaulets, and limousines.) Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway.

BUS BODY, $75; landaulet body, $35; Winter tops, $25. Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. — Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. — Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. — Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

An elegantly furnished 15-room house, Riverside Drive; good income; lease furnished. Farrell, 1,482 Broadway, Room 803.

Will invest up to $2,500 in paying business; principals only; full particulars; no agents, no schemes. R 1 Times.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

A LARGE MACHINE
MANUFACTURING PLANT
FOR SALE.
Located in New England; water and rail facilities near by; good labor conditions; equipped with approximately 250 MODERN MACHINE TOOLS, consisting of large PLANERS, LATHES, MILLERS, RADIAL DRILLS, BORING MILLS, (horizontal and vertical,) making it a well-balanced plant, suitable for the manufacturing of STEAM ENGINES, OIL ENGINES, MOTOR TRUCK and AEROPLANE ENGINES, MACHINE TOOLS, GUN MOUNTS, &c. Can be bought as a going concern. FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY. Principals only will be considered. Address W 287 Times Downtown.

GENERAL MANAGER WANTED.
A new law in most States makes a new accessory essential to every automobile owner. We are looking for able men to be general managers of local territories for this accessory.
This is the first opportunity of this kind in the automobile industry. You can make $100 a week or more—with but little capital.
Do not reply unless you are in earnest and able to direct men.
Don't call. Write or wire to
E. C. BULL, President,
Super Lighting Company,
1,834 Broadway, New York.

Manager and promoter wants connection with responsible party needing high-class selling ability, broad understanding of business principles, able to investigate thoroughly a business opportunity, or take charge of one going; 10 years' successful experience as mail order executive; four years' handling sales through general and sub-agents; age 40; bank and other references; your proposition must offer big possibilities. Executive, F 458 Times Annex.

The owner of an established business has been taken in the draft; he offers an opportunity which otherwise would not exist to some person with a good knowledge of millinery who is capable of editing trade reports to certain high-class merchants; state amount of capital willing to invest, your qualifications, age, and sex. Address S. D., 218 Times Downtown.

Wanted by manufacturer, loan of ten thousand dollars, one year, to buy out other stockholders and continue manufacturing. Government necessity much needed; entire output now going to Government; only patriotic persons need reply; particulars and references given by personal interview only. Manufacturer, X 380 Times Annex.

TO MANUFACTURERS.
A selling organization of four men and two autos, desirous of representing any line selling to the retail cigar store, drug, hardware, and furnishing trade in New York, Brooklyn, Long Island, and Jersey on commission basis only; we have an established list of 1,000 customers we have sold in eight years. E 168 Times.

Splendid opportunity for sales engineer with ability and self-confidence in well-known business in New York; sales ability is essential, and it will be advantageous if applicant has a knowledge of heating and mechanical equipment of buildings. Apply by letter stating age, experience, and giving reference. X 389 Times Annex.

Purchaser is sought for plant with large equipment of machine tools of standard makes, automatics, turrets, radial drills, lathes, bolt machines, &c.; side tracks, power house, warehouses, &c.; will sell separately or might consider manufacture of some needed commodity. W. B. R., 255 West 51st St.

An old-established firm located in New York City, and thoroughly conversant with domestic, export, and import business, will be pleased to correspond with parties desiring representation for selling, buying, &c.; can furnish storage space if desired. Address R. S. B., Post Office Box 878, New York, N. Y.

DO YOU REQUIRE CAPITAL?
Prominent and widely established N. Y. realty firm will consider arranging finances for logical, substantial business enterprises; manufacturing and industrial propositions preferred; special consideration given applications for finances required in handling large bona fide contracts. M. H., 102 Times.

Partner, active, with about $3,500, for prosperous mercantile and light manufacturing business; thriving city, population over 100,000; near New York City; staple article; net profits about $7,000 yearly; steady increase; unquestionable credentials must be furnished and will be given. X 370 Times Annex.

HAVANA COMMISSION AGENT, formerly New York City, desires special wholesale lines to handle in Cuba; references. Address EL. Apartado 225, Habana.

Have a few thousand for partnership in a business that requires the services of the man as well as the investment. W 318 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER, very fashionable designer, owner wonderful corset patent, would associate with party in need of associate. F 35 Times.

Importer, out of business account of war, wants active partnership in established wholesale dry goods business. W 327 Times Downtown.

Principal will invest capital in legitimate manufacturing business at legal interest and share of profit; offers by mail only. Room 301, 37 Liberty St., New York City.

Automatic vender; patent just granted; exceptional investment opportunity; large earning capacity; proposition national scope; investigation solicited. F 120 Times.

Will purchase outright, or partnership, in well-established, good-paying business; must stand strictest investigation; particulars, no patents; principals only. F 122 Times.

$100 REWARD.—Female Pekingese, answers to name of Wiggie, Nov. 21, evening, about 6:30; no questions asked, if returned to D. G. Reid, 907 5th Av., corner 72d St.

Garage and repair shop; main thoroughfare, Bronx; owner wants mechanic familiar auto and repair, with some cash; principals only. X 392 Times Annex.

A spacious hall, seating several hundred, to lease for moving pictures; select neighborhood, Bronx; principals only. X 391 Times Annex.

NEW YORK MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS TO CO-OPERATE WITH ANOTHER FIRM SO THAT SELLING FORCES MIGHT CARRY BOTH LINES. R 13 TIMES.

Contracting firm, building line, well established, having high-class contracts on hand, would like to connect with party willing to invest $5,000. F 160 Times.

Steam laundry, modern up-State plant, long established; gross business, $40,000; owner going into army. Factory Exchange, 43 Cedar St. Tel. John 3719.

Partner wanted to open smart retail dress shop; saleslady or one experienced in similar line preferred. Address G. G., 219 Times Downtown.

WILL FURNISH CAPITAL FOR A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS; SILKS, WOOLENS, AND COTTON PIECE GOODS PREFERRED. S. M., 142 TIMES.

Active associate; not over 35; investment $1,000 commercial employment exchange, established 1903; submit thorough examination. Honorable, 66 Times.

For Sale.—Full equipped up-to-date electro-therapeutic and reducing establishment; owner called into army. Apt. 4, 200 West 111th St.

Partner, with capital, wanted to manufacture staple article; tremendous demand; yields big profits; own two patents for same; have advance orders. S 68 Times.

Will sell well-established artificial flower store; best location Harlem; reason for selling, going into other business; good opportunity. Flower Store, 140 West 116th St.

Engineer.—Executive desires interest engineering, machinery, tool, or food product manufacturing or sales business; state details. S 22 Times.

Universal Southern automobile proposition, already going, for five group of stock salesmen; lots of money near. X 361 Times Annex.

$3,000 and high-class salesman's services to invest in business needing more capital and push; your proposition must stand keenest investigation. S 47 Times.

Partner with $3,000-$5,000; established manufacturing business; good staple line; good opportunity with service. R. D., 212 Times Downtown.

Woodworking plant having 40,000 sq. ft. of floor space and sets of machinery, open for Government contract. M 154 Times.

Exceptional opportunity to take over active custom shirt business; owner is obliged to make quick disposition. F 34 Times.

Stock control large industrial corporation owning two fine plants; also some cash; will trade. J 388 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN, wide experience, wants proposition of merit to finance. X 341 Times Annex.

Successful business man wants half interest in young growing business; will invest $10,000 and be active. F 107 Times.

$2,000 buys half interest in old-established cash business; large income; investment secured. Apply Room 807 Times Building.

Have cash to invest in genuine business opportunity; no patents considered. Write full particulars. F 84 Times.

Novelties, useful articles, for soldiers in camp preferred; will finance. W 298 Times Downtown.

Executive officer with $5,000 can acquire manufacturing interest, offering gratifying income; investigate. R. 639, 1,400 B'way.

For Sale—Dental practice, fully equipped office, established four years. 104 Main St., Flushing, N. Y.

HOG RANCH, 240 acres, Selden, L. I.; absolutely safe investment that will more than double in value. Fisk, 140 Nassau, New York.

Hardware and house furnishing store for sale; doing good business; sell at a sacrifice. Weiss, 4,223 Broadway.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

WHO KNOWS YOU?

How is it that articles of every-day use are the most extensively advertised? For the same reason that unadvertised articles are a drug on the market.

It does not cost a fortune to get results from advertising; some of the present-day national advertisers began on an appropriation of a few dollars, some of the largest accounts handled by this organization began by spending less than $100.

If you have an article of merit or a proposition that will stand strictest investigation, tell us about it. We have helped others, why not you?

If out of town, send full particulars; prompt and careful consideration will be given—or make an appointment and come and see us. RUDOLPH GUENTHER, INC., Advertising Agents and Builders of Business, 25 BROAD STREET, N. Y. PHONE 266 BROAD.

CHARTERS.

INCORPORATE IN ARIZONA, laws most liberal; least cost; stockholders exempt from corporate debts; filed by wire if desired; literature on request; service guaranteed. CORPORATE SERVICE COMPANY, 111 Broadway. Phone Rector 7380.

For a man interested in the manufacture of shoes in a prosperous city of 50,000, where help is plentiful and skilled in the manufacture of shoes, a new factory equipped with new machinery of the latest type. Address W. S. Beardsley, 125 North St., Auburn, N. Y.

Wanted—$10,000 to $25,000 for additional machinery to increase capacity of a going manufacturing concern; orders for millions of our product on hand; large returns; to the right man a sales agency worth many thousands a year can be negotiated. X 346 Times Annex.

EXPANSION CAPITAL REQUIRED. $50,000 wanted by corporation of highest repute, having large U. S. Government contracts in hand; references given and required; principals only. Address H. R. N., K 229 Times Downtown.

I am 32, with $25,000 self-earned capital, commercial and legal training; want to place my money and services in enterprise whose merit and personnel will stand rigid investigation; don't reply without full details. J 399 Times Downtown.

High-grade, successful, and unusual mail order business requires additional capital of $10,000, with services of well educated secretary-treasurer; best of references given and required. Floral, P 379 Times Downtown.

Western gentleman, just arrived, owner valuable copper mine, proven to justify big investment, wants to meet capital on fair and square basis; highly recommended; banking and practical references. J 96 Times.

Importing concern has large contract to supply all kinds of animals, birds, reptiles, &c., from South and Central America; will pay good prices for high-class breeds; steady, important orders for right party. P 281 Times Downtown.

$40,000.00. Will purchase a prosperous, well-established, well rated, wholesale automobile accessory business; owners retiring account other interests; rare opportunity; full investigation invited. F 94 Times.

ESTABLISHED BROKERAGE FIRM WANTED TO AFFILIATE IN PLACING STOCK OF NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL, OPERATING FULL CAPACITY, HANDLING GOVERNMENT WAR CONTRACT; LIBERAL PROPOSITION. F 108 TIMES.

For sale—Valuable gold mining and forest property in easily accessible part of Colombia, South America; portion of same has been worked with fine results; owners will dispose at reasonable figure. Parties interested please communicate with J 400 Times Downtown.

LIVE AND PROGRESSIVE MANUFACTURING AND IMPORTING FIRM WILL ASSOCIATE ITSELF IN AN ESTABLISHED FIRM, MERGING SELLING FORCES AND POSSIBLY INTEREST OURSELVES FINANCIALLY. R 12 TIMES.

Worthy large or small enterprises susceptible to development and not opposed to investigation can secure proven ability in official or executive capacity of experienced business man with large financial connections at his command. F 159 Times.

Somebody who has stock or partnership with connecting executive position in going concern for sale at reasonable terms and needs active, experienced business man for management and development here or elsewhere, communicate with F 158 Times.

$50,000 wanted from one or more parties desiring to enter manufacturing business on Government contracts; product in great demand; rare chance for the right parties. Address Immediate, Box 114 Times.

Sulphur Pyrites property for sale, with $125,000 estimated tonnage immediately available; uniform and extensive deposit, fully developed; electric equipment. Address Craig Mine, Sulphide, Ontario.

A corporation with a product that has large and profitable sale is desirous of getting in touch with men who can organize, finance, and manage exclusive territory for it on satisfactory terms. S 83 Times.

University graduate, aged 31, capable, energetic, business experience, will invest services and $5,000 to $10,000 in reliable established wholesale or manufacturing business; principals only; no schemes. P 191 Times.

For Sale.—Machine shop manufacturing standard parts used by all automobile, marine, airship motors; business established 5 years; now excellent; future bright; owner retires because of ill-health. S 66 Times.

Profitable business for sale, doing $150,000 wholesale and retail, located Wabash Avenue, Chicago; part cash and terms; established thirty years; remarkable opportunity. P 130 Times.

Whole or part interest old-established bundle work steam laundry; Newark, N. J.; owning property; modern plant; sickness; unusual opportunity. Address W. L. 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Middle-aged gentleman would invest in an established wholesale business, where his services could be used on the inside; successful business reputation. W 325 Times Downtown.

ADDITIONAL CAPITAL WANTED. Will pay large percentage for use and repay from collections of weekly installment contracts; will deposit 200 per cent. margin security; principals only. F 175 Times.

A splendid, long established metal manufacturing business, machinery, stock, orders; patents alone worth more than few thousand asked. De La Vergne, 770 West End Av., New York.

Vitrified photographic process for sale; colors; on, inside glass; practical, economical; stained glass, decoration, windows, memorials; absolutely permanent. Neyac, 455 West 47th, New York.

WELL-TRAINED, highly educated, successful business man, now free, would assist as associate and confidential adviser man of large affairs, with view of lightening his burdens; highest references. F 125 Times.

Energetic young man, over 30, married, with wide business experience, integrity, personality, desires meritorious proposition for promotion or position where organizing ability is needed. K 230 Times Downtown.

An established business concern doing $25,000 business annually is in need of capital to increase its production; $5,000 will secure a half interest; principals only. A 214 Times Downtown.

WHOLESALE MILLINERY FIRM. First-class rating, established over twenty years, looking for an active partner; capital required; $25,000; great opportunity for the right party. F 183 Times.

Manufacturing business, prominent, successful, wishes active partner with investment; high rated—Dun's, Bradstreet's; large amount profitable business offered; unduplicated opportunity, worthy man. X 378 Times.

Excellent opportunity for young man to become actively interested in established New York company manufacturing toilet preparations; moderate investment considered from right party. A 224 Times Downtown.

LADIES' NECKWEAR MANUFACTURER, commanding trade, desires partnership, and will invest in established firm. F 151 Times.

Young business man, hustler, has $3,000 and services to invest in any good going, established business. F 154 Times.

Cafe, restaurant, cabaret, (Times Square;) active partner, $5,000; investigate. R 39 Times.

Am open for an active proposition in an established, legitimate business. Opportunity, 245 Times.

Profitable sulphite pulp mill; principal; owner retiring. Robert Grimshaw, 911 Singer Building.

Newspapers—Several desirable weeklies; bargain suburban daily. Harwell & Cannon, Times Building.

Have $1,000 to invest in good, well-paying business; must bear strictest investigation. P 173 Times.

Active partner to invest $1,000, with services, Treasurer, building proposition. Y 213 Times Annex.

Capital found for increasing established manufacturing business. Lancaster, 4,207 Broadway.

Will invest $5,000 as active partner in established manufacturing concern. R. C., Times Harlem.

Machinery and equipment established shirt plant for sale or lease. F 33 Times.

Patents bought, sold, promoted. Manhattan R. Co., Room 806, 309 Broadway.

Tea room for sale; desirable location; splendid opportunity. 163 Madison Av.

Established garage for sale, capacity 30 cars. 90 E. Jackson Av., Corona, L. I.

Selling agency seeks to represent mill or manufacturer. A 73 Times.

Stock salesman out town will contract to sell $30,000 quickly. S 383 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN IS OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. X 374 TIMES ANNEX.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

BUSINESS CONNECTION WANTED.

Have extensive advertising, merchandising, financing, and executive experience for which I receive large compensation; am well connected now, but wish to get into business and build it up for myself; have a few thousand dollars and would like to hear of an opening in substantial business possessing possibilities of being built into large success through broad experience, untiring effort, and earnest application. Please state nature of business and requirements. W 254 Times Downtown.

A New York Corporation, manufacturing a line of merchandise the sale of which may be curtailed on account of the war, desires to make arrangements to handle another line of merchandise in addition to its own; our salesmen cover all the cities and larger towns in the United States, selling to the book and stationery sections of department stores, the representative social and commercial stationery stores, and the art and gift shops; we can properly finance whatever additional merchandise we attempt to market. F 101 Times.

Real Estate Broker controlling some real business; wishes active partner; one who has or can secure management of property or estates much preferred to capital; particulars. Address P 128 Times.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY to secure in Buffalo, N. Y., high-class factory property, suitable for woodworking, machine shop, or most any kind of manufacturing; 52,000 square feet floor space, 1½ acres of land; located 20 minutes from the centre of the city on the New York Central Railroad; this property must be sold to settle an estate. For full particulars address TRUSTEE, care of Wegman, 71 Austin St., Newark, N. J.

Business Notices.

PITTSBURGH DISTRICT MANUFACTURER'S AGENT WANTS OTHER LINES; CAN CARRY ACCOUNTS IN A PROTECTED TERRITORY; DO NOT ANSWER UNLESS YOU HAVE ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION. WRITE JOHN L O'BRIEN, 339 2D AV., PITTSBURGH, PENN.

PATENTS. Write for list of PATENT BUYERS and WHAT TO INVENT, with list of inventions wanted; $1,000,000 in prizes offered for inventions; send sketch for free opinions as to patentability. Write for our FOUR GUIDE BOOKS, sent free upon request; patents advertised FREE. VICTOR J. EVANS & CO., WASHINGTON, D. C. NEW YORK OFFICES, Dept. 89, WOOLWORTH BLDG. Phone Barclay 6171.

I can devote several hours daily to the interests of manufacturers or others wishing representation in Providence, R. I. I have office equipment and staff, attending textile interests, in the best business section, where arrangements may be made for your business to be attended to promptly and in surroundings that will give prestige. X 400 Times Annex.

PATENTS, Trade-marks, Copyrights. Protect your ideas. Four valuable books with list inventions wanted sent free. Phone Barclay 7394. Richard B. Owen, patent lawyer, 22nd floor, Woolworth Bldg., or 165 Owen Bldg., Washington, D. C.

DEAFNESS.—Those wishing to know about the Anderfone, which improves hearing marvelously, may obtain information by writing or calling Anderson Electric Corporation, 145 West 36th St., 1E, New York.

An honorable, energetic man recently returned from South America, will invest capital with reliable party, take active interest, any paying established business. F 28 Times.

Machine shop wants work; modernly equipped, including nickel plating and japanning, prefers to deal with principals direct. Carl Anderson Elec. Corp., 144 West 36th.

Loans made of $1,000-$5,000 at 6 per cent., secured by machinery, printing plants, warehoused goods, automobile truck; repayable in easy payments. Hausen, 135 5th Av.

$2,000 buys half interest established cash business; investment secured. Crows, Times Building.

FOR SALE.

WE MAKE AND SELL ONLY NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS AND CREDIT FILES. LOWEST PRICES. SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS. NO INTEREST CHARGES. WRITTEN GUARANTEE. OLD REGISTERS REPAIRED, REBUILT, BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXCHANGED. THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CO., N. Y. OFFICE, 1,170 BROADWAY, N. Y. TEL. MAD. SQ. 6410. BROOKLYN OFFICE, 75 COURT ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y. TEL. MAIN 2511. JERSEY CITY OFFICE, 24 NEWARK AV., JERSEY CITY, N. J. TEL. MONTGOMERY 3611.

A1 Proposition.—Agents and canvassers to sell the Usalyte burners with four body mantles; light equals two other burners, no adjustment; saves 50% gas; ornamental and everlasting; good men can earn big money. Call or write to J. I. Robin, Patentee and Manufacturer, 130th St. and Park Av., New York City. The following jobbers in New York City will supply you: Leviton Gas Light Co., 136 Bowery; M. Propp & Co., 108 Bowery; S. K. Flamm, 225 Grand St.; Peerless Light Co., 125 Chambers St.; the Solar Light Co., 69 Worth St.

FURS.—Beautiful caracul coat with skunk collar and cuffs, $55; genuine minx coat, $125; few bargains in good fur sets, $8, $10, $15, and up; men's fur-lined coats in all grades, $25 and up; remodeling and repairing; money refunded if not satisfactory. A. Mursten, 23 East 8th St., cor. University Place.

Genuine teakwood table and chair, inlaid hand-carved ivory; very old Chinese relic; only other examples in British and American museums; will sell to one who can appreciate; interesting history connected with these antiques. John D. Gluck, 28 East 28th St. Telephone 3188 Madison Square.

Genuine baby caracul fur lady's long coat; also Hudson seal cape, Kolinsky collar; sacrifice account spending Winter South. Markill, 120 West 55th St. Call between 10 and 12 A. M. and 2 and 4 P. M.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES. New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments. THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near B'way.

Dentist—Commissioned officer will sell office outfit, latest models, used a few months. Address, before the 28th, H. S., Room 1514, Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St.; later, care Cleveland Dental Manufacturing Company.

PENNSYLVANIA SOFT COAL LEASE, 200 TONS DAY; DRY; FULL EQUIPMENT NOW OPERATING; CONSUMER'S OPPORTUNITY; QUICK ACTION. P 194 TIMES.

Vault Doors.—Steel, fireproof, vestibuled; absolutely new; opening twenty-eight by seventy-six inches, and nineteen deep. Address E. C., 325 Times.

Joseph Guarnerius del Jesu Violin, with guarantee of absolute genuineness by greatest London, England, experts; fine preservation; from famous collection. F 95 Times.

Addressograph Wanted.—Will buy second-hand foot-power addressograph; capacity 20,000 names or less; answer quick. X 390 Times Annex.

IMPORTED RUG. For Sale.—Meshed 15 ft. 2 in. by 10 ft. 1 in. Can be seen in Room 206, 1,737 Broadway, corner 55th St.

Very fine bear robe, invincible vacuum cleaner, velvet drapes, Limoges dinner set, Singer sewing machine; no dealers. Adams, 644 West 204th St.

Highest prices paid, men's discarded clothing, shoes. Solomon's, 1,173 2d Av.; 6445 Plaza.

Piano, Cabinet Grand, upright, ebony finish; specially made Boedicker Bros., cost $600; sell reasonable. 3,675 Broadway, Apt. 6.

15-horsepower upright engine and boiler for sale. Ryder & Co., 22 Mechanic St., Newark, N. J.

Divan, cost $230, almost new, take $85; serving table, $10. Janitor, 61 West 48th.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. Non-Visibles, 3 months for $5. Visibles, 3 months for $7.50. Initial Payment Applies if Purchased. FACTORY REBUILT TYPEWRITERS. FACTORY REBUILT TYPEWRITERS. SPECIAL—SPECIAL. No. 10 Remington, $43.50. Other makes, $15 to $65. Trademarked and guaranteed for one year. Call, telephone or write AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., 149 W. 42d St., at Times Sq. 30 E. 23d St., opp. Madison Av. 339 Broadway, at Worth St. Tel. 5406 Franklin.

BRAND-NEW, LATEST MODEL OLIVER 9, $48. Fully guaranteed, standard keyboard, exactly the same machine used by largest industries, direct from factory; former price $100. Before getting even a second-hand, rebuilt or rental machine investigate latest Oliver plan to save $51; easy payments if you wish. Telephone or call Oliver Typewriter. Mr. Price, 310 Broadway. Worth 1780-1-2-3-4.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. At lowest rates for high-grade, late models; free ribbons and repairs. FACTORY REBUILT TYPEWRITERS, $20 to $70. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 10 Barclay St. Phone Barclay 4736.

Purchase and Exchange.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, for cash; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 Broadway.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

JOE.—Tell your friend $2,000 for my equity South Dakota farm; he knows land is good buy and tax exempt; will take some of his railroad stocks in payment; he must close at once or deal is off; send address. W. K., 309 East 15th St., Davenport, Iowa.

ACCIDENT. — MIDDLE-AGED MAN, clean-shaven, dark suit, entering Bronx train 14th Street subway station Saturday, August 25th, 1917, 11 A. M., struck by side door; hat broken. Witnesses communicate with E. H. Daly, Attorney, 52 Wall Street.

ANY ONE knowing the address of Herman Zimmerman, chauffeur, formerly of Chicago, please communicate with X 337 Times Annex.

A student in Columbia College, graduating in June, requires loan $250 to complete his course; will some one help; references. S 33 Times.

JOHN R. HOPKINS.—Your mother is deeply grieved at your absence; communicate quickly with her. E. A. Hopkins, 352 Degraw St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

HOLIDAY SUGGESTIONS.

CIGARETTES.

Your friends will appreciate your good taste if you decide to send them a box of one hundred "FIFTY SIX" EGYPTIAN Cigarettes packed in the "Holiday Hundreds" box. For sale at Park & Tilford and best cigar stores or mailed, carefully packed, postage prepaid, to any address direct from the manufacturers at $2.50 each. CADO CO., INC. P. O. Box 43, Station S, New York City.

FLOWERS.

We have always thought of Christmas as the time to send flowers to our friends to cheer them up, especially during this great war.

They are the sunshine amidst the great clouds that overshadow us at present.

They are tokens of love and affection and represent what the world will be when we have conquered imperialism and made the world free and safe for democracy. Send us a flowergram or telephone us and we will deliver flowers for you in this town or any other in the United States. YOUNG & NUGENT, Florists, 42 West 28th Street. Telephone 4265-4266 Farragut.

ENTERTAINERS.

S. BUSONI, 254 WEST 44TH ST. Orchestras and entertainers for all occasions. Also Neapolitans, Marimbas, etc.

APPAREL.

LET KELLENS make your fashionable wraps and afternoon gowns; fancy tailoring; prices reasonable; prompt attention to mail orders. 53 West 72d St., Col. 9558.

PENELOPE DRESS CRAFT STUDIO. Dresses for street—evening; detached linings. Embroidered wool and velvet motor and skating hats, scarfs, muffs. Children's sets. Chinese jackets, smocks, tunics. Knitting bags. Mail orders. Ruth Butts Carson, 42 W. 39th St.

AVRIL knows how to make fascinating garments with bits of heirloom brocades from the attic trunk. By appointment only. Telephone Spring 4342. 25 Charlton Street.

MME. NAPTAL, 69 WEST 45TH. Imported frocks, suits, wraps and furs. Authoritative styles for every occasion. Extraordinary prices. Phone Bryant 670.

NOVELTIES.

VAN RENSSELAER CRAMER STUDIO AND BOX SHOP ART NOVELTIES. Phone Bryant 1729. 34 West 48th St.

NEGLIGEES.

ZABEL, (Formerly Mind Your Mending Shop.)—Boudoir slippers and caps, knitting bags; copies of the old "carpet bags." Dressmaking, alterations. 762 Madison Ave. Plaza 6232.

LACES.

THE DEVONSHIRE LACE SHOPS, 60 Washington Square. Exhibition of Handmade Laces.—An effort to aids the lace-making industries over the war. Xmas gifts.

DOGS.

French bull, pedigreed, thoroughbred; sacrifice $50 to good home; no dealers. Bainbridge, 3814 Franklin, 260 Church St.

HOLIDAY CARDS, BOOKS, &c.

Christmas Cards, Calendars, Books, etc., The Encyclopedia Press, Inc., 23 East 41st St., Bet. Madison and Fifth Aves.

RUGS.

The handsomest and most perfect polar bear rug in the city, size 13x9, head and claws beautifully mounted, easily worth $800, sacrifice $300. Parker, 200 West 54th St.

MUSIC CABINETS.

Tindale Music Filing Cabinets, useful ornament for home or studio. Give life-long satisfaction. 20 styles and sizes. Send for Booklet 4. Tindale Cabinet Co., Ditson Bldg., 8 East 34th Street.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

STABLE ACCOMMODATION. Remodelled; horses kept up first floor; light, airy, special attention saddle horses; open for inspection. Cushman's Stable, 318 West 118th St.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

FRONT ST, 241, s e s, 68.3 ft n e of Peck Slip, 22.4x69.4; Front St, s e s, 90.5 ft n e of Peck Slip, 25.5x61.9; Front St, 254, n e s, third lot w of Dover St, 23x68, w s; Front St, 256, n s, 23.4x72, recorded as deed Oct. 28, 1916, and now rerecorded as a mtg as per statement filed and recording tax of $9 paid, subject to mtg of $29,000, dated Oct. 27, 1915; John S. Pettit to Forsyth Wickes, Tuxedo Park, N. Y.; attorneys, Crocker & Wickes, 5 Nassau St...........$1

23D ST, 521 and 523 West, n s, 200 ft w of 10th Av, 50x98.8, Nov. 23; Margaret V. C., wife of Francis A. MacNutt, to J. Clifton Edgar, 28 West 56th St, 3 years, prior mtg $25,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, gold.............$15,0

120TH ST, s s, 254 ft w of Lenox Av, 19x100.11, Nov. 23; Lawmor Improvement Co. to George B. Bernheim, trustee, 148 West 86th St, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$8,50

Bronx.

CAULDWELL Av, w s, 113 ft n of 149th St, 51.9x130; St. Mary's Park Realty and Construction Co. to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, Nov. 23, due July 1, 1918, interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$35,000

CAULDWELL AV, w s, 164.9 ft n of 149th St, 51.9x100; same to same, Nov. 23, interest as per bond; attorney, same.........$35,000

CAULDWELL AV, w s, 216.6 ft n of 149th St, 50.9x100; same to same, Nov. 23, interest as per bond; attorney, same......$35,000

CONCORD AV, e s, 317 ft s of 149th St, 39.6x100; 1,447 to 1,451 Boston Road Realty Co., Inc., to Wilmac Building Co., Inc., 680 Tinton Av, prior mtg $30,000, Nov. 20, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............$1,500

EASTERN BOULEVARD, n s, in div. line of lots 33 and 34, map of S. F. Meyers and another, 25x150; Frederic W. Schneider to John G. Urstadt and another, 267 East 198th St, Nov. 12, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av.....$2,000

JACKSON AV, w s, 32.16 ft s of 160th St, 42x74.10; Lewis B. H. Adams to Victor E. Chabet, Ocean Township, Monmouth County, N. J., Nov. 15, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....................................$5,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

AVENUE C, 26, all; Isaac Stanislaus to Dr. Samuel Wagner, 26 Avenue C, 5 years, from Nov. 1, 1917.............................$900

68TH ST, 410 to 416 East, s s, 186 ft e of 1st Av, —x—, all; Fred. S. Myers to Waltt & Bond, a Maine corporation, 10 3-12 years, from Nov. 3, 1916; attorney, W. T. Weiss, 61 Broadway...........................$4,500

106TH ST, 404 East, all; Josephine J. Schnurmacher to Abr. Bendelstein, 532 Dean St, Brooklyn, 10 years, from Dec. 1, 1917, 5-year rental, at $6,000; attorney, Abr. P. Wilkes, 61 Park Row.....................$5,400

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

ORCHARD ST, 196; Emma Ziegel against Morris Lipschitz et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Eisman, Levy, Corn & Lewine.

AMSTERDAM AV, e s, 100 ft s of 158th St, 94.5x100; Charles A. Briggs, Jr., against Maxwell Kalisk et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. L. Mayham.

HENRY ST, 168; New York Title and Mortgage Co. against Samuel Cohen et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. M. Bellinger, Jr.

HAVEN AV, n e corner of 169th St, 73.11x108.2; Herman A. Brecher against An-Mi Realty Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Herman & Ernst.

LOT 68, Block 820, Section 3; City of New York against Samuel H. Stone et al., foreclosure of tax liens; attorney, L. Hardy.

Bronx.

FOX ST, e s, 150 ft s of Barretto St, 43.9x105; Henry Morgenthau Co. against 173d Street Improvement Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, S. T. Stern.

FOX ST, e s, 193.9 ft s of Barretto St, 43.9x105; Henry Morgenthau Co. against 173d Street Improvement Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, S. T. Stern.

136TH ST, 426 East; Isaac Garlick et al. against Katharine Garlick, action to set aside deed; attorney, B. M. Arnold.

QUEENS TO HAVE BETTER TRANSIT

Plans for a New Extension of Elevated Line to Flushing Are Being Drawn.

GROWTH OF POPULATION

Refusal of Interborough to Operate Over Leased Tracks Will Not Prevent Progress.

The refusal of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company to equip or to operate a rapid transit line over trackage rights leased from the Long Island Railroad Company has caused the engineers of the Public Service Commission to hasten the work of preparing plans and contracts for the extension of the elevated line now ending at Corona to Main Street, Flushing.

It was the original purpose of the commission to extend the line to Little Neck and Whitestone Landing, but the refusal of the Interborough has stopped this plan for the present.

The distance from Corona to Flushing is about one and three-quarters miles, and to build a double-track elevated structure and equip it will cost about $1,750,000. Of this cost the city will have to pay for everything except the equipment, and the question of getting the money for the improvement may prove a very difficult one.

While the Public Service Commission cannot compel the Interborough Company to operate trains over a leased line, it can be compelled to operate lines built and owned by the city. One of the reasons given by the company for refusing to consider at this time the operation of trains was the great cost of material, the difficulty of getting it, and enough labor to carry on the work.

At present a great many thousands in Queens have no other means of getting about except by using the trolley lines and the Long Island Railroad. The need of the extension has been felt for a long time, and the lack of it will be felt more keenly as time goes on because of the rapid growth of Queens Borough.

In 1875 the population of what is now the borough was only 83,000. How it grew to its present population of about 400,000 is shown by the figures. In 1900 the population was 152,999; 1905, 198,000; 1910, 284,000, and 1915, 396,000.

The rapid growth began when it became known early in 1913 that the borough was to benefit by the dual system of rapid transit. Then began an increase in population and in realty values that has steadily continued. Speaking of the rapid transit matter to the Queens Chamber of Commerce at Flushing, Public Service Commissioner Whitney said:

"You are particularly interested in the subject of transportation in Queens, and especially in the Third Ward. You have all of the Liberty Avenue, Astoria, and Corona lines in operation and the major part of Jamaica Avenue. You had hopes that the Corona line would be extended by track connections to Little Neck and Whitestone Landing. This great section deserves inclusion in the dual system.

"The commission laid out a route extending the Corona line through Amity Street and other streets in Bayside. That route was, after much difficulty, fully legalized. Four years ago the members of the Board of Estimate pledged themselves to the extent of $1,000,000 to extend the line from Corona to Main Street. Shortly thereafter the suggestion appeared that trackage rights be secured by lease to operate over the Long Island tracks. It is unnecessary to relate the steps taken to reduce the railroad's terms from a rental of $250,000 per year with 7 per cent. interest on all capital expenditures to $125,000 for the first year, with 6 per cent. compounded annually until the tenth year, when it would reach $211,000 with 5 per cent. expenditures, not including grade crossing cost.

"In the meantime legislation had been secured authorizing such a lease. Requests were made by the subcommittee of the commission to inform the public of the terms and conditions under discussion. Two considerations were important—first, to secure the assent of the operating companies the commission had so to draft the contract that all deficits from operation should fall on the city and not on the companies, and, second, that the rentals to the Long Island Railroad should be as low as possible. To the end that the city's deficits should be at a minimum, the people of the section readily and almost unanimously agreed to a 10-cent fare.

The commission believed that by the obligation of deficits the companies could operate the new lines, and after a conference last Spring between Commissioner Hodge and President Shonts of the Interborough Company, the commission felt assured that that company would operate.

"Yet after the commission had completed a form of contract except as to points of detail still undetermined, and after the necessary legal public hearing, the Interborough Company informed the commission that it would not operate the lines at this time. This ends any present possibility of operation over leased tracks. You are all familiar, even in greater detail, with these facts. It is now important to consider the next step.

"Immediately upon receiving the answer of the Interborough Company the commission directed its Chief Engineer and Chief of Rapid Transit to prepare plans and contracts for the extension of the Corona line to Main Street, Flushing, in order that rapid transit too long deferred for this promising community might be no longer delayed. The commision thoroughly believes in an extension into and through Flushing just as far as money will allow. If we can build the first section we will be nearer to the construction of the second section. The Interborough can refuse to operate an extension leased by the city, but it cannot refuse to operate an extension built by the city. Under the contract it can be ordered to operate it.

"When the plans are completed and bids secured the contract will be submitted to the Board of Estimate for its approval. The Borough President of Queens may be depended upon to be vigilant for the necessary money.

"Such an extension to Main Street will bring the Corona line from the further side of a swamp to a community of 30,000 to 40,000 people of great potential development possibilities. Flushing needs rapid transit even more than Mount Vernon and Yonkers."

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

Bronx.

CAULDWELL AV, w s, 164.7 ft n of 149th St, 51.7x100; Manhattan Mortgage Co. loans St. Mary's Park Realty and Const. Co., to erect one 5-story apartment..........$35,000

CAULDWELL AV, w s, 216.6 ft n of 149th St, 51.7x100, Manhattan Mortgage Co. loans St. Mary's Park Realty and Const. Co. to erect one 5-story apartment..........$35,000

CAULDWELL AV, w s, 113 ft n of 149th St, 51.7x100, Manhattan Mortgage Co. loans St. Mary's Park Realty and Const. Co. to erect one 5-story apartment..........$35,000

AWARDS FOR BUILDINGS.

Fifth Avenue Association Encourages Fine Architectural Work.

Awards for the best building construction during the past year in the Fifth Avenue district were announced at the annual dinner of the Fifth Avenue Association last week.

Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum, builders of the sixteen-story Postal Life Building at 511 Fifth Avenue, southeast corner of Forty-third Street, which figured in a series of interesting sales before it came into the possession of the Postal Life, received a gold medal for the finest example of new construction. York & Sawyer designed this building.

The Guaranty Trust Company received second prize in this division for its building at Madison Avenue and Fiftieth Street, designed by Cross & Cross.

The gold medal for altered buildings went to Cartier, jewelers, for their new building at the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-second Street, and the silver medal to the Union Trust Company at Fifth Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street. W. W. Bossworth and Theodore C. Visscher, respectively, made the plans for these alterations. In each instance the architect received a diploma.

Sale of Scarsdale Show Place.

William J. Brainard bought for investment, from Eugene J. Lang, an architect, his property in Morris Lane, Scarsdale, consisting of a large Italian villa and garage, on about three acres of land. It is considered one of the show places in the section.

This property is at present under a five-year lease, with nearly four years to run, to Leonard A. Cohn, a New York broker. R. Kenneth MacLea negotiated the sale. The same broker recently sold ten acres of the Morris farm to Mr. Brainard, on which he is constructing a mansion for his own occupancy.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

SATURDAY, NOV. 24.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 1,408-10, s e corner of 75th St, 50x95, foreclosure, Nov. 20, 1917; Abraham Oberstein, referee, to Manhattan Sav. Inst., 644 Broadway, Nov. 24; attorneys, Rapallo & Kennedy, 66 Broadway...........$40,000

COLUMBIA AV, 121, w s, 125 ft s of Houston St, 25x100; Joseph Isaac to 119 Columbia Street Co., 115 Columbia St, all liens, Nov. 23; attorney, Samuel S. Isaacs, 115 Columbia St.......................................$100

ELIZABETH ST, w s, 20.1 ft s of Houston St, 24x88.2; Elizabeth St, w s, 183 ft s of Houston St, 24x87.9; Elizabeth St, w s, 159 ft s of Houston St, 24x87.3; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., executors, &c., Mary E. B. Field, to Charles E. Haskell, East Orange, N. J., all liens, Nov. 10; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.......................................$66,000

SAME PROPERTY; Charles E. Haskell to William D. Kilpatrick, 71 East 95th St, mtg $60,000, Nov. 23; attorney, same..$100

PARK AV, s w corner of 63d St, 100.5x128.9; Charter Construction Co. to Glenbrook Co., 119 West 40th St, all liens, mtg $720,000, Nov. 23; attorneys, Bing & B., 119 West 40th St.......................................$100

SULLIVAN ST, n e corner of Broome St, 21x60; Broome St, n s, 60 ft e of Sullivan St, 20x63; Delia B. Burke to Thomas J. F. Duffy, 150 West 91st St, all liens, Nov. 24; attorney, John M. Ruck, 99 Nassau St....$1

WASHINGTON ST, 783, n e corner of Jane St, 25x—x—x36.5; Mary Otten to John Otten, 95 Jane St, mtg $7,500, Nov. 9...........$1

17TH ST, 431 West, n s, 325 ft e of 10th Av, 25x92; William P. Lawless to Annie, his wife, 73 Sussex St, Jersey City, mtg. $7,000; attorneys, Kelly & Q., 271 Broadway.....$1

49TH ST, 117 West, n s, 237.6 ft w of 6th Av, 20.10x100.5, 1-12 part; Amsterdam Av, 73.5, s e corner of 63d St, 46.8x75, 1-3 part 8th Av, 2,553-5, w s, 25 ft s of 137th St, 50x85, ¼ part; Lewine & Kempner to William Prosser, individually, et al., ex'rs, 129 East 74th St, bond and security, Dec. 19, 1916; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.......................................$100

69TH ST, 315 East, n s, 225 ft e of 2d Av, 17x100.5, foreclosure Nov. 16, 1917; Charles F. Bostwick, referee, to Adolph Handte, 84 Grove St, Nov. 22; attorney, Frank M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row.............$10,000

120TH ST, s s, 254 ft w of Lenox Av, 19x100.11; George B. Bernheim, trustee, to Lawmor Imp. Co., 42 Broadway, all liens, Nov. 15; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........................$10,000

127TH ST, 609 West, n s, 100 ft w of Broadway, 92.8x150; Charter Construction Co. to Glenbrook Co., mtg $135,000, all liens, Nov. 23; attorneys, Bing & B., 119 West 40th St.......................................$100

133D ST, 142 West, s s, 324.10 ft e of 7th Av, 25x99.11; Lincoln Trust Co. to Amy A. Sands, 58 West 48th St; Frank H. Sincerbeaux, 110 Newbold Place, Kew Gardens, Borough of Queens, and Albert W. Pross, 304 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, ex'rs, ½ part, and John M. Bowers, 45 East 65th St, ½ part, bond and security, Nov. 21; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St......$13,388

Bronx.

ALL land wherever situated in the Borough of the Bronx except the block bounded by Westchester Av, Hewitt Place, and 161st St; also land in New York, Kings, Queens, Nassau, and Westchester Counties; also land at Township of Hanover, N. J., trust deed; George F. Johnson to Frederick Johnson, Oyster Bay, L. I., et al., trustees, Nov. 1; attorneys, Ferris & S., 165 Broadway.......................................$1

BOSTON ROAD, w s, 500.11 ft n of 168th St, runs n x n w 184.10 x — x 27.8 x s 60.8 x n w — x w — x s 72 x e 168.10; Bertha Kahn to Bernhard Mayer, 41 East 72d St, ½ part, Nov. 21; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St...........$100

SAME PROPERTY; same to Samuel Weil, 223 Lenox Av, et al., executors, ½ part, Nov. 21; same attorneys.............$100

SAME PROPERTY; Samuel Weil et al., executors, to Bertha Kahn, 421 East 82d St, ½ part, Nov. 21; same attorneys..$100

SAME PROPERTY; Bernhard Mayer to same, ½ part, Nov. 21; same attorneys.......................................$100

CAMBRELING AV, 2,443, w s, 25x100; Catherine E. Rochfort to De Candido Construction Co., 664 E. 189th St, mtg $13,500, Nov. 23; attorney, Arthur Bell, 391 East 149th St.......................................$100

CROTONA PARK NORTH, n s, 52 ft e of Prospect Av, 50x98.11; also Crotona Park North, n e, 27 ft e of Prospect Av; John W. Cornish Construction Co. to Lindo Building Co., Inc., 4,121 3d Av, Nov. 23; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.......$100

EASTERN BOULEVARD, n s, Lot 33, map of S. F. Myers and another, Hhroggs Neck, 25x100; John W. Urstadt, 267 East 198th St, to Frederic W. Schneider, 2,319 Powell Av, Nov. 12; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av.......................................$1

JACKSON AV, 829, w s, 42x74.11; Annie W. Van Alen to Lewis B. H. Adams, 100 Woodycrest Av, Nov. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Lewis B. H. Adams to Newport Holding Co., Inc., 5 Beekman St, mtg $22,500, Nov. 15; attorney, H. H. Strauss, 5 Beekman St.............$100

LOTS 306, 307, 310, 326 to 328, map of Edw. K. Willard et al.; Rhenane Realty Co., Inc., to Joseph W. Liberman, 2,411 North Broad St, Philadelphia, Penn., Nov. 23; attorney, Joseph W. Liberman, 2,036 5th Av.......$1

LOT 31, Block 34, map of Morris Park; Louis Margolies to Max Margolies, 127 Ludlow St, ½ part, Nov. 20; attorney, H. Orlean, 35 Nassau St...................$100

MAPES AV, e s, 145.1 ft n of 177th St, 45.1x92.7; John W. Cornish Constr. Co. to Lindo Bldg. Co., Inc., 4,121 3d Av, mtg $3,300, Nov. 23; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.......................................$100

MAPES AV, n w corner of 177th St, 59x100.2; John W. Cornish Construction Co. to Lindo Building Co., Inc., 4,121 3d Av, mtg $57,000, Nov. 23; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.......................................$100

PUGSLEY AV, 1,309 and 1,311, w s, 50x96.6; also Lots 121 and 122, map of New York Catholic Protectory; Costanzo Perralia to Ralph A. Bookman, 436 East 141st St, mtg $9,400, Nov. 22; attorney, Ralph Bookman, 436 East 141st St....$1,500

SIMPSON ST, w s, 121.6 ft n of 169th St, runs w 62.1x s 62.1x n w 25x n e 74.11x e 74.11x s 25; Mary Bill to Elizabeth Bill, 1,139 Simpson St, ½ part, Sept. 28; attorney, Knox & D., 291 Broadway...........$1

UNION AV, 610, e s, 17.6x90; also Union Av, 608, e s, 17.6x90; Costanzo Perrella et al. to Ralph A. Bookman, 436 East 141st St, mtgs $10,500, Nov. 22; attorney, Ralph A. Bookman, 436 East 141st St.............$1,500

VALENTINE AV, 2,108 to 2,110, e s, 56.6x96.2; Rhenane Realty Co., Inc., to Joseph W. Liberman, 2,411 North Broad St, Philadelphia, Penn., mtg $11,800, Nov. 23; attorney, Joseph W. Liberman, 2,036 5th Av...$1

WESTCHESTER AV, s s, 83.2 ft w of Wales Av, 26x74.2x24x83.5; also Westchester Av, s e corner 156th St, runs s 44.5x s e 65.8x 26.10 to Beach Av x n 71.6 x w 13.15; Samuel Mann to Rachel Mann, his wife, 1,121 Forest Av, Nov. 23; attorney, I. Herschfield, 99 Nassau St..$1

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

127th St, 154 to 158 West, to a three-story stable; A. Morris, owner; L. A. Sheinart, 194 Bowery, architect; cost, $15,000.

Park Av, w s, 71.75 ft n of 189th St, to a one-story brick transformer station and storehouse, 40.08x63x45; New York Edison Co., owners; George F. Kiess, 130 East 15th St, architect; cost, $15,000. Alterations consist of one additional story of brick being built upon present building.

Sedgwick Av, e s, 900 ft n of Burnside Av, to a three-story brick dwelling, size irregular; New York University Corporation, owner; Clinton MacKenzie, 15 Broad St, architect; cost, $5,609.

STANDS BY TEACHERS FOR JOINT CONTROL

Professor John Dewey of Columbia Discusses Controversies with Trustees.

PUBLIC THE FINAL ARBITER

Quotes Dr. Schurman of Cornell in Support of His Views — Calls Struggle an Unheroic One.

Until members of the teaching staff of educational institutions obtain a voice in the control of institutions "the calling of promotion of intelligence in the nation remains unassured, precarious, and imperfectly responsible," is the conclusion reached by John Dewey, Professor of Philosophy at Columbia University, in an article on "The Case of the Professor and the Public Interest," contributed to The Dial of Chicago.

While nothing is more desirable than that the change should come about by a voluntary handing down of authority on the part of its legal possessors, meaning the Trustees, Professor Dewey says, he hastens to add that if wisdom is lacking in high places to effect the change by voluntary abdication then the question which the teaching body will have to face is how far is it willing to become a body of place holders and technical specialists immune from interference because it speaks in tongues not understood by the public.

Although writing of the question as it affects the college teacher, Professor Dewey declares that the issue affects the entire teaching body of all the schools.

"The spread of the movement to federate public school teachers with trade unions cannot be understood, except as a part of this larger issue," he continues. "That portion of the public which deplores the fact that teachers resort to industrial unions for defense and support assumes, beyond all others, an obligation to recognize the concern of the public in the struggle of teachers to have a more responsible voice in the conduct of their work.

Public Must Settle the Issue.

"In the end, it is the public, not the teachers or their legal employers and regulators, whether in the university or in other schools, which will determine the settlement of the issue. It is not too much to say that the final issue is how much the American people care about the integrity and responsibility of the intellectual life of the nation."

In beginning his article, Professor Dewey remarks that newspaper comment on late academic events in the University of Minnesota and Columbia University reveals even more clearly than usual the split between the prevailing attitude inside and outside the university walls.

"To the general public practically every academic issue which gets on the 'front page' is one of freedom of teaching and speech," he continues. "Reactions are condemnatory of administrative action if the editorial writer or the voluntary correspondent feels that there is danger of inquiry and discussion being stifled, especially if a vivid imagination sees universities being choked to death in the grip of capitalistic overlords. They are laudatory on equal general principles if the writer feels that teachers in universities are running amuck with political and theological radicalism or even are trying to enlighten their students as to the drift of modern radical thought instead of confining themselves to inculcating well established orthodoxies of interpretation.

"One rarely finds the body of college teachers much excited about the free-speech issue. What it is concerned about is usually questions of procedure, which ultimately turn upon the relative authority to be exercised by the trustees as legal employers and guardians and the Faculty as representing immediate educational interests. The case of the Faculty has never been better stated than by President Schurman of Cornell University apropos of the resignation of Professor Beard. President Schurman said:

"'The American professor is apt to chafe at being under a Board of Trustees, which in his most critical mood he feels to be alien to the republic of science and letters. Even in his kindliest moods he cannot think the board representative of the university. The university is an intellectual organization and the American professor wants the government of the university to conform to that essential fact. His indictment of the existing form of government is that it sets up and maintains an alien ideal, the ideal of a business corporation engaging professors as employes and controlling them by means of an absolute and irresponsible authority.'

Combat Not Heroic.

"The professor's attitue is not so sensational as that of the public. It is less heroic than that of popular radicalism, which demands the thrill of combat, the plot of the oppressing villain, and the martyrdom of the oppressed victim. It turns largely on formal and technical questions, questions of procedure—as may be seen in the report of the Association of American Professors on the case of Scott Nearing at the University of Pennsylvania.

"There is a popular image of the association rushing to his rescue out of sympathy with radical views. As a matter of fact, the condemnation of the Pennsylvania authorities was based essentially on prosaic details of failure to define grounds, failure to allow a hearing, upon details of time and method of dismissal, with presentment of collateral evidence that these irregularities of procedure were due to unacknowledged objections to the tenor of his economic doctrines. This case affords a reasonably fair symbol of the usual situation.

"President Schurman stated the gist of the thing when he said that to the teacher the university is an intellectual organization, and that he wants the actual government of the university to conform to this fundamental fact. If anything lifts the effort of the teaching body from an attempt to advance personal and class prerogatives up to that of a public interest, it is, of course, just this fact. If security and responsibility of intellectual organization are worth anything to the nation, then the professors' efforts to get a responsible share in college control form a public service."

APARTMENT LEASES.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased at 640 Park Avenue, a large apartment of eighteen rooms and six baths occupying an entire floor, for a term of years, to Frank S. Jones; also a large apartment at 500 Madison Avenue, northwest corner of Fifty-second Street, to Walter G. Oakman; also a duplex apartment at 829 Park Avenue to G. L. Stewart of Baltimore, Md., and for Dr. Clement Cleveland, his large duplex apartment at 925 Park Avenue, furnished, for the Winter, to Fay Ingalls.

Pease & Elliman leased apartments in 317 West Eighty-ninth Street to Ralph E. Edwards; in 370 Central Park West for the F. F. French Company to Guido Ceccolini, and in 349 West Eighty-sixth Street for M. H. Gaillard & Co., as agents, to Franklin Ford.

George Neiman has rented apartments at 103 East Eighty-fourth Street to Bryant McCampbell; through Pease & Elliman to R. L. Bigelow, Mrs. J. C. Conway, Mrs. Vega Strain, and Samuel D. Greenwald, and through Douglas L. Elliman & Co. to W. P. Orr and George F. Sexton.

Wilmer N. Tuttle leased at 59 Gramercy Park apartments to Frank W. Chambers and E. A. Clark; also at 41 Gramercy Park to Clarence Howe, John M. Grant, and O. N. Chaffey.

Mrs. H. Dingleman leased furnished apartments at 601 West 110th Street to Arthur W. Ware, and at 302 West Eighty-sixth Street to H. E. Fenske.

E. K. Van Winkle leased furnished apartments at 133 West Eleventh Street for James K. Paulding to Mrs. Anne J. Barbour, and at 622 West 113th Street, in conjunction with Benjamin R. Lummis, for Jacob C. Varian to Rafael S. Giquel.

The Everett M. Seixas Company leased furnished apartments at 6 West Fiftieth Street to C. W. Coward, and at 149 East Fortieth Street to E. Sanbron.

Dwelling Leases.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased for George B. Post, Jr., the five-story dwelling at 116 East Sixty-fifth Street, between Park and Lexington Avenues, furnished, for the Winter season, to Emile Pfizer. The same brokers leased for Mrs. Horace Maxwell the dwelling at 163 East Thirty-seventh Street to Gustav E. Peetz.

Pepe & Brother have leased for a term of years the three-story dwelling at 126 Washington Place to Max Eastman and Eugene Boissevain for Alfred B. Maclay. This building has just been renovated into studio apartments.

John R. and Oscar L. Foley have leased the dwelling, 439 West Twenty-first Street, to Joseph Gilroy for a term of years.

The Duross Company leased for Lord Astor the four-story dwelling, 343 West Fourteenth Street, on lot 25 by 103.3, to James J. Riordan, Vice President of the Monahan Express Company, for a long term of years, to be used as a residence. The owner will make extensive improvements.

Westchester Dwelling Leases.

Burke Stone, Inc., leased dwellings at Tuckahoe for L. D. Garrett to J. Lichti, at Bronxville for Miss Kate V. M. Clark to Willis Benner of Vermont, and, in conjunction with H. D. Bishop, at Bronxville for Alfred B. Stone to Harry Collins.

Fish & Marvin rented for the estate of A. Mary Womrath the residence on Corlies Avenue, Pelham Heights, to William O. Cutter of the United States Tire Company.

Lease of "Buckingham Palace."

Pease & Elliman have leased for the Wompatuck Realty Company to Henry H. Holland, 547 West 147th Street for a long term of years. The property adjoins the corner of Broadway and is a modern six-story elevator apartment house on a lot 100 by 99.11 feet. It is known as the "Buckingham Palace."

$45,000 Tenement in Deal.

Henry Selig has sold to a client of John P. Leo, Jr., the five-story triple flat at 514 West 134th Street, on a plot 40 by 100. The property has been held at $45,000.

Realty Notes.

George Milnand was the brower in the sale of 112 and 114 Leroy Street for St. Veronica's Church to the Charles Schweinler Press.

THE WEEK'S AUCTION SALES

Monday, Nov. 26.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

107th St, 313 East, n s, 225 ft e of 2d Av, 25x76.10, five-story tenement and store; Citizens' Savings Bank against A. J. Dworsky et al.; Beall & R., attorneys; due, $12,906.28; taxes, &c., $615.69.

By Henry Brady.

1st Av, 426, e s, 20.3 ft s of 25th St, 17.9x61.4x irregular, three-story tenement and store; W. H. Reid and another, trustees, against Isaac Steigerwald et al.; Middlebrook & B., attorneys; due, $5,554.76; taxes, &c., $162.80.

Tuesday, Nov. 27.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Tract of 234 lots on Broadway, Kingsbridge Av, 230th and 231st Sts, and adjoining streets; E. L. Moller against Cortlandt Godwin et al.; Deering & D., attorneys; Joseph M. Callahan, referee; partition.

2d AV, 2,047, n w corner of 105th St, 24.5x94, five-story tenement and stores; A. V. De Golcouris against Bertha Krieger et al.; Phelps, E. & W., attorneys; due, $26,608.44; taxes, &c., $722.63.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Ludlow St, 145 and 147, w s, 175.6 ft s of Stanton St, 37.6x87.6, two five-story tenements and stores; M. G. Richardson against R. L. Pasinsky et al.; W. C. Orr, attorney; due, $31,759.90; taxes, &c., $1,008.37.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

82d St, 414 East, s s, 256.6 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.2, four-story tenement; Cora Kennard against Louis Lese et al.; Emmet & P., attorneys; due, $11,887.86; taxes, &c., $692.80.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

131st St, 112 West, s s, 175 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story dwelling; Edward Ridley and others, trustees, against M. J. Ellis et al.; Uterhart & G., attorneys; due, $9,023.52; taxes, &c., $208.64.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

West Farms Road, n e corner of 176th St, extending to Bronx River, 106.3x54.9x irregular 145.1x irregular; Chandler Smith, trustee, against estate of Christian Erdenbrecher, Inc., and another; Reeves & T., attorneys; due, $16,038.43; taxes, &c., $1,219.62.

By Henry Brady.

163d St, 655 East, n s, 168.9 ft w of Trinity Av, 16.9x100, two-story dwelling; F. S. Phraner, executor, against Lotty Braund and another; F. D. Arthur, attorney; due, $4,314.57; taxes, &c., $103.45.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

Blackrock Av, 2,024, Unionport, 75x108; Thomas F. White Co. against A. J. White et al.; A. J. Talley, attorney; due, $2,253.40; taxes, &c., $960.36.

By Joseph P. Day.

Teller Av, 1,061, w s, 99.6 ft n of 165th St, 20x100.1, three-story tenement; A. G. Gerster against Rose Robinson et al; Wayland & B., attorneys; due, $7,773.64; taxes, &c., $271.13.

Wednesday, Nov. 28.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

71st St, 274 West, s s, 20 ft e of West End Av, 20x100.5; four-story dwelling; G. E. Chisholm and others, trustees, against J. P. Hopson et al.; W. H. Van Benschoten, attorney; due, $15,933.13; taxes, &c., $916.55.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

Moore St, 16, w s, 49.7 ft n of Front St, 29x30, four-story building and store; taxes, &c., $800; also 120th St, 138 West, s s, 386 ft w of Lenox Av, 18x100.11, three-story dwelling; taxes, &c., $850; also 127th St, 276 West, s s, 225 ft w of 7th Av, 18.8x99.11, three-story dwelling; taxes, &c., $700; prior mtg, $5,000; also 123d St, 237 and 239 West, n s, 333.4 ft e of 8th Av, 33.4x100.11, two three-story dwellings; taxes, &c., $650; prior mtg, $12,500; M. L. Dayton against W. P. Muiry et al, of undivided right, title, and interest; due, $1,219.37; adjourned to Nov. 28.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

156th St, 1,028, s s, 110 ft e of Prospect Av, 20x100; two-story dwelling; Meta Meier against Margaret Wagner et al; Morris Grossman, attorney; partition.

Friday, Nov. 30.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Henry Brady.

105th St, 16 East, s s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 37.6x100.11, six-story flat; W. H. Morgan against Celia Gordon et al; J. F. Stier, attorney; due, $42,545.35; taxes, &c., $898.90.

44th St, 557 West, n s, 100 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.4, four-story front and two-story rear tenements; G. R. McCulloch and another against Elizabeth Gorgers et al.; E. R. Vollmer, attorney; due, $9,844.30; taxes, &c., $433.2.

112th St, 124 East, s s, 205 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.11, five-story flat; I. R. Eastman against L. S. Lotsch et al.; Wolf & K., attorneys; due, $22,047.09; taxes, &c, $592.75.

By Joseph P. Day.

95th St, 328-30 East, s s, 210 ft w of 1st Av, 40x100.8, six-story tenement and stores; Columbia Trust Co., subtrustee, against Hamilton Holding Co. et al.; Eugene Smith, attorney; due, $28,621.86; taxes, &c, $1,693.90.

By Samuel Marx.

Manhattan St, 172-74, s s, 466.3 ft w of Broadway, 50x150, six-story apartment with stores; Harlem Savings Bank against Darrow Realty Co. et al.; E. S. Clinch, attorney; due, $68,292.35; taxes, &c, $5,076.67.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By James J. Donovan.

136th St, 426 East, s s, 240 ft e of Willis Av, 15x100, three-story dwelling; G. F. Langenbacher against C. J. Earley et al.; Cary & C., attorneys; due, $5,515.73; taxes, &c, $142.

By George Price.

Kingsbridge Av, 3,246, e s, 95 ft s of 234th St, 50x125, five-story apartment; Henry Pistchal against S. B. C. Holding Corp. et al.; Max Perlman, attorney; due, $9,326.96; taxes, &c., $986; prior mtg $35,000.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Buchanan Place, s s, 150 ft w of Grand Av, 25x100, vacant; City of New York against M. M. MacLean and another, tax lien; Lamar Hardy, attorney; due, $2,086.66; taxes, &c, $653.12.

SURFACE LINES LOST HEAVILY BY STRIKE

Statistics Show Failure to Regain Traffic Diverted During Disturbance.

COST PUT AT $5,000,000

City's Gain in Fares Paid During the Year Estimated at 20,075,011.

A statement just prepared by Dr. A. F. Weber, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Accounts of the Public Service Commission, says that the strike on the surface lines in August and September, 1916, resulted in a loss of traffic to those lines aggregating 100,000,000 passengers, which is equivalent to a money loss of $5,000,000. Because of the fact that these passengers have formed the habit of traveling in the subways or on the elevated lines, explains partly the great congestion on these two systems. In other words, if the strike had not driven so many of the former patrons of the surface lines to adopt other ways of getting about those lines would have reaped their share in the growth of the city's transportation business.

Dr. Weber says that, despite the loss to the surface lines, the traffic generally has shown an increase of 20,075,611 passengers for the year ended June 30, 1917. Besides carrying those who formerly patronized the surface lines, the subway and elevated roads have also been compelled to transport their share of this increase in traffic. A good deal of the increased travel is due, of course, to the opening and the extension of new rapid transit lines, but just what percentage of the increase can be traced to these sources is not set forth.

The gain in traffic in the year cited was the smallest in any one year in the last seventeen, except 1915, when the traffic showed an actual decrease of 5,500,000 passengers. This loss was attributed to the depressed business conditions which prevailed in the closing months of 1914. In 1916 the traffic increase amounted to 91,102,889, or nearly four and one-half times that of the last fiscal year, and was exceeded only by the figures showing increases in 1905 and 1910.

In seventeen years passenger traffic in the city has increased more than 1,000,000,000. The figures for 1900 show that on the elevated and surface lines there were carried 846,353,058 passengers. The first subway was not placed in operation until 1904. In 1917 the total traffic was 1,918,812,226. This table shows the traffic figures year by year, together with the increases:

Year ended June 30.	Number of Passengers.	Annual Increase.
1900	846,353,058	......
1901	881,344,801	34,991,743
1902	938,989,964	57,645,163
1903	1,000,767,483	61,777,519
1904	1,065,984,910	65,217,427
1905	1,130,982,696	64,997,786
1906	1,251,841,175	120,858,479
1907	1,325,381,388	63,540,213
1908	1,358,000,407	42,619,019
1909	1,402,417,642	44,417,235
1910	1,531,262,914	128,845,272
1911	1,603,901,397	72,638,483
1912	1,680,913,935	77,012,538
1913	1,769,876,508	88,962,573
1914	1,813,204,856	43,327,848
1915	1,807,632,726	*5,571,630
1916	1,898,735,615	91,102,889
1917	1,918,812,226	20,076,611

*Decrease.

An interesting feature of the figures is that they show a greater increase in travel than in population. In 1860, for instance, the average fares paid for local travel by a citizen during the year was only 43, and in 1917 the fares increased to 353. This table shows the increase:

1860	43	1900	218
1870	103	1905	283
1880	152	1910	321
1890	218	1917	353

The largest single item of growth is represented by traffic in the first subway and its new extensions operated by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, which showed a growth of 42,688,674 for the year, with the Interborough elevated lines coming next with an increase of 37,133,297. Elevated and subway lines operated by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company showed a total increase of 19,417,243. Just what increase on the Interborough lines is due to the new lines and extensions is not known, but it is estimated that it is about 19,000,000.

For the purpose of showing his reason for the statement that the strike on the surface lines was responsible for their loss of traffic, Dr. Weber said that during the year in which the strike occurred the surface lines in Brooklyn and Richmond Boroughs, which were unaffected by it, made substantial gains. The gain in Brooklyn amounted to nearly 9,500,000 passengers. Taking up the subject of decreases the statement says that the largest single decrease in surface traffic was in the Borough of Manhattan, where the loss amounted to 77,585,733. In the Bronx the loss was 13,287,710, and in Queens, exclusive of the B. R. T. lines, the loss was 3,260,722.

All of the companies operating surface lines have applied to the commission for authority to increase their fares either by charging 6 cents or by charging 2 cents for transfers. Nothing appears in Dr. Weber's statement as to the reason for the present compilation, but it is likely due to a desire of the commission to have the precise facts before it when the hearings on the applications are resumed a week from tomorrow. The Brooklyn and Richmond lines which made substantial gains in traffic joined with the less fortunate companies in asking for permission to increase their fares. Dr. Weber's table closes with this comparative summary, which gives the statistics of travel in both 1916 and 1917; the decreases are indicated by the letter D:

REVENUE PASSENGERS CARRIED IN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.

	1916.	1917.
Interborough "L"	312,246,796	349,380,093
Interborough Sub.	371,505,318	414,193,992
B. R. T. "L" and Subway	207,098,269	226,515,512
Hudson Tubes	63,293,534	68,556,999
Total	954,143,917	1,058,646,596
Surface railways—		
Manhattan	427,373,847	349,788,114
Bronx	84,535,737	71,153,027
Brooklyn	363,630,177	373,079,651
†Queens	54,167,403	50,906,681
Richmond	14,884,534	15,238,157
Total	944,591,698	860,165,630
Grand total	1,898,735,615	1,918,812,226

YEAR'S INCREASE.

	1916.	1917.
Interborough "L"	10,454,279	37,133,297
Interborough Sub.	25,919,569	42,688,674
B. R. T. "L" and Subway	24,562,372	19,417,243
Hudson Tubes	4,327,120	5,263,465
Total	65,263,340	104,502,679
Surface railways—		
Manhattan	11,822,731	*77,585,733
Bronx	2,032,934	*13,382,710
Brooklyn	8,930,064	9,449,474
†Queens	1,481,295	*3,260,722
Richmond	572,525	353,623
Total	25,839,549	*84,426,068
Grand total	91,102,889	20,076,611

*Decrease. †Exclusive of B. R. T.

In reply to a published query as to how much of the increased earnings of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company went to the company's employes in increased wages, President Shonts of the company prepared a statement which is published in the current number of the Interborough Bulletin. He says that during the last fiscal year the increase in the company's earnings amounted to $3,991,098.55 and that the payrolls increased $1,967,000.

Among other increases which ate up the increased income, leaving only $172,061.53 of the increase for the stockholders, were increases in operating expenses, $2,575,121.21; increase in taxes, $529,778.19; cost of constructing its share of new subways and of elevated extensions, and equipment, $675,927.

NASSAU DEVELOPMENT.

New Plans Broached for Causeways Would Help Values.

Real estate owners in Nassau County are interested in recent shore-front developments affecting properties in the southern sections of the county.

In conformity with the State and national project to build a main channel through the confluent bays on the south side of Long Island a lateral channel 300 feet wide is being dredged at Baldwin Harbor and near the shore at the point where Milburn River and Hempstead Bay meet. About 100 acres of shore front at Baldwin Harbor are being developed for improvement with bungalows and dwellings next Spring. The waterway improvement is being made by private interests, but it is expected to redound to the advantage of the general public.

Of interest to residents in Nassau County is the plan just broached to build a causeway across Hempstead Bay from Baldwin Harbor to the easterly part of Long Beach, thereby making that extensive ocean front accessible to and from the mainland. The plan is to have several openings and bridges in the causeway so as not to interfere with navigation. It is sought to have the causeway terminate at the Long Beach summer home colony, known as Nassau-by-the-Sea. This section of the beach is but slightly developed and is accessible now only by sail and motor boats and a small ferry. A trolley road from Baldwin Harbor over a causeway to Long Beach would, it is said, add at least $1,000,000 to the taxable assets of the township of Hempstead.

Abandonment of Contract.

The general rule, where performance of a contract to convey is due and the vendor refuses to perform it, or fails to perform on being duly requested to do so, is that the vendee may, if he chooses, treat such breach as an abandonment and termination of the contract and may then abandon it himself, and, the contract having thus come to an end, he may sue at law to recover what he has paid, in an action for money had and received; for, the contract being at an end, the vendor holds money of the vendee to which he has no right, and to repay which, therefore, the law implies his promise. Where the contract is divisible and separate, so that a full performance of one part may be made by both parties without affecting the subsequent performance, or right of performance, as to the remainder, and a breach of that character occurs as to a part thus separable, the rule above stated must be also applicable with regard to the money paid by the vendee upon such separate part.—San Diego Const. Co. v. Mannix, (Cal.) 166 Pac. 325.

Opens New Station.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company has notified the Public Service Commission that it has opened for service the new station at 151st Street and Eighth Avenue on the Sixth and Ninth Avenue elevated railroad line. This station was constructed under an order issued by the commission in November, 1915, following the receipt of a petition from the Upper Harlem Elevated Station Committee and other citizens in the neighborhood.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Auct'r.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Inc., will sell at auction

Wednesday, Dec. 12, 1917,

at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St., Investors' Opportunity.

85 EAST 10TH ST.,

156.4 Feet East of Fourth Ave. The six-story brick modern business building, with store; elevator, steam heat; fully rented. Size of lot 25x94.7. WOLF & KOHN, Attorneys, 203 Broadway.

Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, 145-147 LUDLOW ST.,

175.6 feet South of Stanton St. The two five-story brick buildings, with store in each. Size of plot 37.6x87.6½.

Wednesday, Dec. 5, 1917, 46 BROOME ST.,

50 Feet East of Lewis St. The six-story brick building, with stores. Size of plot 36.3x75.

Tuesday, Dec. 11, 1917, 1,239 MADISON AV.,

N. E. Corner E. 89th St. The seven-story brick and brown stone apartment. Size of plot 100.8½x85.11. Maps, &c., with Attorneys or at Auctioneer's offices, 156 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted—Along the Hudson

between Ossining and Poughkeepsie, a gentleman's farm of 50 to 75 acres, with a modern house and equipment; rent two years, with option of buying; house must have 5 master's bedrooms and 3 baths, with running water and electricity; everything must be in first-class condition and price attractive; am ready to talk immediate business with right man. Carl C. Loh, 9 Orchard St., Tarrytown, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

OWNERS!

Have you any properties that do not pay? We can exchange them for modern buildings producing good incomes and located in sections where values are increasing. Send us details of your holdings, and state your desires.

BYRNE & BAUMANN, 30 EAST 42D ST.

FREE & CLEAR

Brooklyn Heights residence, near subway. Value $20,000. Exchange for residence on Long Island, Westchester or Connecticut near water. Will add cash. Write, with particulars, to Yachtsman, 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

1149 Park Avenue

near 92nd Street

New American Basement Dwelling

Limestone Front

11 rooms, 4 baths

private laundry

$3,500 per annum

Heat and hot water supplied from adjoining building.

Apply on premises, or

Bing & Bing,

119 West 40th St. Bryant 6410

Modern, Small House

In a most desirable location.

Suitable for private home or may be sublet by floors and suites. 10 Rooms and 3 baths; attractive, renewed interior; in good order throughout; immediate occupancy. Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 6200.

To Rent, Furnished,

American Basement Private Dwelling

6 WEST 70TH STREET.

FIRST CLASS CONDITION. MODERATE RENTAL. APPLY

L. J. Phillips & Co., 261 Columbus Av.

BROOKLYN.

326 NEW YORK AVENUE.

High elevation. Fine residential section. Near Eastern Parkway. Beautiful American basement, 16 rooms, 3 baths and laundry, hot-water heat; every modern improvement. One block from new subway station. F. E. JENNINGS, 41 PARK ROW.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED!

Modern House in Brooklyn Containing about

Eight Rooms and Two Baths

with all improvements.

Also Garage.

Located in Flatbush, Preferably Beverly Road.

Communicate with

A. ADAMS, 23 East 22d St.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Beautiful Home at Sacrifice

Five-story 22-foot American basement in 80's, near Riverside Drive; permanent outlook on Hudson from rear of house. Former price $55,000. Now $35,000. Brokers protected.

F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Co.

BROADWAY, COR. 80TH ST.

WATER-FRONT PROPERTIES — FACTORIES and FACTORY SITES

FLOYD S. CORBIN, SPECIALIST

Tel. 9121 Rector. 10 Wall St., N. Y.

FOR SALE ONLY.

252 WEST 70TH ST.

4 STORY American Basement RESIDENCE

$17,500, $5,000 CASH

TERMS TO SUIT.

11 rooms; extension to third floor; parquet floors; two tiled bathroms; lighted by electricity; subway express convenient; near West End Av.

Apply PEASE & ELLIMAN,

165 West 72d St., or your own broker.

Water Front Site

New York Harbor—37 acres, with 2,300 feet new bulkhead. Minimum depth of water 18 feet at low tide.

LOSEI REALTY CORPORATION, Tel. 9825 Columbus, 1790 B'way, N. Y.

Park Avenue Corner.

An attractive investment yielding 12% net income. FRANK L. FISHER CO., 148 West 72d St.

A REAL INVESTMENT.

Brand new 5-story corner apartment house; fully rented; 5-year mortgage; rent $23,000; cost $150,000; $15,000 cash investment shows 50 per cent. net yearly. Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th St.

Fifth Avenue Corner.

Above 42d Street. an unusual investment yielding 15% net income. FRANK L. FISHER CO., 148 West 72d St.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BRONX BUYERS

MUST SELL TO CLOSE ESTATE

STEBBINS AV. and East 170th St., northeast corner; 4 vacant lots, 100x105 feet; free and clear.

JEROME AV., west side, 100 feet north West 183d St., at subway station; 2 vacant lots, 50x100 feet; free and clear.

WEBSTER AV., Nos. 3,073, 3,075 and 3,077, northerly side, 350 feet west 204th St.; 3 three-story and cellar frame attached one-family dwellings, eight rooms and bath; plot 50x120 feet; free and clear.

HENRY ALBERS, Jr., 74 Broadway, N. Y. City. Tel. Rector—9086.

1207 Ogden Avenue

Bronx.

Ten family modern apartment house taken under foreclosure will be sold at a sacrifice. Inspection by appointment. Brokers protected. Rental $3,168. G. T. Ritchings, 135 Broadway.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FLATBUSH—Attractive home, choice location, plot 50x100. Owner leaving town, will sacrifice. Twelve rooms, two baths, electric light, steam heat, hardwood floors, garage. Price $12,500. Worth $16,000. DAVID WALLACE, 18 East 41st St., N. Y. Tel. 8770 Murray Hill.

Modern Factory for Sale

Two-story brick, 18,000 square feet. Heat, electric power, etc. Atlantic Av., near Nostrand Av. Station, Brooklyn. Bargain.

J. FROEHLICH,

753 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn. Phone Bedford 5900.

SHORE ROAD BARGAIN.

100 feet on Shore road and 128 feet on Ridge Boulevard; price $25,000, free and clear. Make us an offer. Full commission to brokers.

Calder's Real Estate Co., *Sole Agents,* 215 Montague St., Brooklyn. Tel. Main—2087

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Attractive Six Room Cottage

At JAMAICA, $4,000; a cleverly planned house, attractive outside and in, good restricted neighborhood; 6 rooms, large closets, tiled bath, gas, electricity, parquet, tiled kitchen, piazza, room for garage or garden; $500 cash; 5 cent fare.

F. W. SCUTT & CO.,

336 FULTON STREET, JAMAICA.

MOVE RIGHT IN

and own your own home; 30 minutes via electric trains New York or Brooklyn; house has all modern improvements, heat, etc.; ground enough for poultry and vegetables; near stores, schools; can be bought for less than city rent; $150 cash, balance $18 per month. LANE, Box 275 Times Downtown.

Pretty Brick Houses

$35—For Rent—$35

Seven rooms. Beautifully decorated, all ready to occupy; New Subway, Brooklyn. B. Silsby, 217 B'way, New York; Barclay 4585.

JAMAICA PROPERTIES

FOR SALE—RENT—EXCHANGE

See SEETH MURRAY CO.,

376 FULTON ST., JAMAICA, N. Y. CLOSED SUNDAYS.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WYKAGYL

Adjoining Country Club. We are offering one of the most picturesque plots in the park at a price we feel sure many will want to take advantage of. Two acres well laid out, close to North Avenue. Splendid views. Nothing like it to be had anywhere near New York for our price. Wykagyl Office, corner North and Paine Avs., New Rochelle.

COUNTRY ESTATES

Westchester County. Along the Sound, in the Hills. Sale or Rent. Some special bargains.

HOWELL C. PERRIN,

5 East 42d St.

A COZY HOME

For rent or sale; all-year-round residence; steam heat, open grates, electricity and gas; heated garage; large grounds; 30 minutes from Grand Central; near transportations; restricted colony; special rental for Winter months. Apply to owner, H. E. Wilson, Hotel St. George, Brooklyn.

AT SCARSDALE

Attractive place, 10 acres, with lake, Colonial dwelling, 11 rooms, 3 baths, all improvements; 2-car garage with chauffeur's apartment; high elevation; further particulars.

FOX REALTY CO.

51 EAST 42D ST.

DISTINCTIVE HOME.

Built to order; owner moved to California; a sacrifice for a fine semi-bungalow, 7 rooms and bath; all up-to-date improvements; fully decorated; restricted; 30 minutes out; near express station; a wonderful bargain for $5,000. M. B., 200 Broadway, New York, Room 506.

FARM BARGAIN

Within commuting distance on Harlem Railroad, 200 acres, fine soil, 10-room house with fireplaces; dairy barn; outbuildings; with lake. $75 per acre. No Exchange.

CLARK, LEE, TIBBITS CO., Inc., PHONE 1516 WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.

Write for Booklet "T." — Sage Foundation Homes Co.

Forest Hills Gardens

15 MINUTES FROM PENN. STATION

The six detached houses just completed for sale in Fairway Close, have 8 rooms and 3 baths each with private garage. Connected by a garden wall they form a semicircle around a tastefully planted plot. The whole group has the quiet distinctive charm characteristic of the English close.

47 West 34th St. New York — Forest Hills Long Island

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Gentleman's Estate Bargain

Beautiful estate of fifty acres, 2½ miles from railway station, situated on the highest point of land in the town of Rye, with unobstructed views up and down Long Island Sound for miles. Modern Colonial house, with 10 bedrooms, 5 bathrooms; garage, gardener's cottage, and modern farm buildings. For sale at a great bargain, including registered cattle and well equipped poultry plant.

Chas. Field Griffen and Co.

11 East 42d St., New York. Phone Murray Hill 6441.

LARCHMONT on the Sound Restricted Bungalow Colony

Larchmont Centre, Sound side of R. R., with sewer, water, gas, &c. Fine old trees. best residential section; short walk to station, beach, school, &c. For $6,000 we can give you an up-to-date 6-7 room house, with every modern improvement, on good-sized plot; $600 cash and balance on easy monthly payments like rent. Further particulars Larchmont, Dept. T. Tel. 6441 Murray Hill.

Chas. Field Griffen & Co.

11 EAST 42D STREET.

RYE A DECIDED BARGAIN

Frame Dwelling, 18 rooms, 5 baths. Garage; 7½ ACRES; fruit and shade trees; tennis court; fine garden; near station.

For further particulars apply S-31.

Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av

Rye—Bargain

Farm of ninety acres, in select neighborhood, with fine old farm house and farm buildings. Will be sold to close an estate.

PRICE $25,000.

Chas. Field Griffen and Co.

11 East 42d St., New York. Phone Murray Hill 6441.

Will Take $25,000

10-acre country place in best section, near Rye; modernized Colonial Residence; large garage, garden, splendid land, old trees; great bargain.

Kenneth Ives & Co.,

7 East 42d St., N. Y. Murray Hill 6037.

Modern fireproof house, brick and stucco, tile roof, 6 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, garage for 2 cars, situated on large plot of ground overlooking Hudson River; 40 minutes from Grand Central. A great bargain.

PRICE $17,000.

Chas. Field Griffen and Co.

11 E. 42nd St.

WATERFRONT

35 Minutes from Grand Central

Commanding fine views of Sound. Over an acre of ground, artistically landscaped. Many large trees. Frame residence, 14 rooms, 3 baths, all improvements. Spacious porches. Two-car garage.

For further particulars apply S-1434

527 5th Av., New York. **Fish & Marvin** Pelham, New York.

Shore Front Estate Bargain

Unique location—Rocks, trees; private bathing beach; four acres; fine house, garage and garden. Forty minutes to Grand Central.

Chas. Field Griffen and Co.

11 East 42d St., New York. Phone Murray Hill 6441.

RYE

SIX-ACRE ESTATE

Located in best section of Rye, near station, schools and churches. Good frame house, containing 4 master bedrooms and 2 baths; 2 servants' bedrooms, and bath. Garage, fine garden, wonderful trees. Can be bought for less than value of land alone.

Lewis B. Preston — Tel. 7475 Cortlandt. 165 Broadway

HILL TOP HOME AND FARM

Sixty acres of fertile land, commanding unsurpassed Hudson River and inland views; 10-room modern house, all improvements; farmer cottage, garage, &c.; one hour out; price $40,000; an unusual opportunity.

Lewis B. Preston — Tel. 7475 Cortlandt. 165 Broadway.

GREENACRES, HARTSDALE

Real bargain, on plot 75x175, containing living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, four master's bedrooms, servants' rooms and three baths. Price $16,000. Worth $20,000. Owner, Box J 92 Times.

Remodel an Old Farm House.

We offer several wonderful bargains in beautiful old Farm Houses, situated on charming old Farms; fine views, excellent environment, one hour out; just the thing for an artistic buyer to renovate and remodel at small cost. Prices $6,000 to $10,000.

George Howe 527 Fifth Ave N.Y.

Specialist in Suburban and Country Properties

FURNISHED

One of the smaller houses in Bronxville, cheerful and sunny, near stations, schools, churches, and stores; owner gone to Washington and will rent until May or June, possibly longer; rent $75 per month.

BURKE STONE, Inc., BRONXVILLE.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Larchmont Gardens

Offers the best opportunity for the homeseeker in Westchester County. The most desirable all-year-round suburb on the Sound.

Beautiful Homes and Bungalows From $5,000 Up. Choice Building Sites From $800 Up. Easy Terms of Payment Same as Rent.

WE WILL BUILD FOR YOU OR LEND YOU THE MONEY TO BUILD THROUGH YOUR OWN ARCHITECT AND BUILDER.

Visit There Today and See for Yourself. 38 minutes from Grand Central Station. Branch office at property open every day.

GEORGE HOWE, Sales Agent, 527 Fifth Avenue. New York.

PARK HILL

On-the-Hudson

DON'T MISS THIS SALE BY RECEIVERS.

Beautiful building sites in this exclusive and most attractive suburb are offered at great bargains.

GEORGE HOWE, Sales Agent, 527 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Office at property open every day. Take subway to Van Cortlandt Park, then trolley to Park Hill.

Overlooking Hudson

40 Minutes from Grand Central

10-acre country place, with attractive modern residence, stable and garage, greenhouse, &c.; near golf club and private school; magnificent views; can be bought at a great bargain.

Kenneth Ives & Co.

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PELHAMWOOD

ON STORER AV.

Dutch Colonial House, on plot 75x180; first floor has very large living room, with open fireplace, large dining room, porch, kitchen, pantry and maid's room; second floor has large chamber, with dressing room and tiled bath, with shower, en suite; also two large chambers and tiled bath, with shower; this is a very complete, up to date, easy housekeeping home (all rooms on two floors); on an elegantly treed large plot; price $10,000; terms to suit.

THE JOHN T. BROOK COMPANY, Builders and Owners, Tel. Pelham 4755. 4th Av., Pelham, N. Y.

Gentleman's Estate.

Bargain.

Commuting distance, forty-one acres. Modern stone house, six master's bedrooms, four baths, four servants' rooms and bath; large garage; superintendent's cottage, greenhouse, garden, fruit; beautiful views of surrounding country for miles. Photographs. Want offer. SEAMAN LOWERRE, 13 E. 41st St.

Conserve Part of Your War Profits

in a nice home or an eight family apartment house to pay over 12% net; we offer you both in New York City's nearest and best suburb; Liberty bonds accepted for equities. Particulars furnished without obligation.

J. Romaine Brown & Co.,

498 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

SHORE FRONT.

White frame Colonial house, 13 rooms, 4 baths; all improvements; located on knoll, commanding fine view of Sound.

5½ Acres of Superb Land,

Wonderful trees, flowers, and shrubs; garage; gardener's cottage; chicken house; sale includes handsome furnishings.

Mrs. Edmund W. Bodine,

192 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

ACREAGE

NEAR

BRONXVILLE.

Purely Colonial residence, 18 acres, large frontage on State road, all improvements, for a "gentleman's home" or development; equity $55,000. A sacrifice. Might exchange modern apartment, small mortgage.

BURKE STONE, INC., Telephone 142. Bronxville.

Apartments

PELHAM MANOR.

Country Life. City Conveniences.

Near R. R. station, trolley, water and links; 4 acres in shrubs and fine old trees; individual porches, garage, excellent restaurant, &c.

2 & 3 Rooms non-housekeeping **$540—$1,200**

A. W. COLE, owner, 114 5th Av., N. Y. 720—Chelsea, N.Y., or 1991-1253M—Pelham

HOUSE WANTED

Will lease for term of years or might purchase modern House, with four or five master bedrooms and two or three baths, with garage for or three cars; must be strictly high class house and neighborhood; NEW ROCHELLE OR PELHAM PREFERRED. Address RESPONSIBLE, P 98 Times.

UNUSUALLY DESIRABLE.

New Colonial, 9 rooms, 2 baths; large attic, extra lavatory, solarium; sleeping porch; all improvements; elevated, picturesque location; tall trees; restricted section Westchester; 35 minutes Grand Central, near station; $9,750; terms. Architect, Suite 605, 200 Broadway.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR RENT

ELEGANT COUNTRY HOME

overlooking Long Island Sound, 20 minutes from central N. Y.; artistically furnished home, 14 rooms and 4 baths, garage, cultivated grounds, shrubs and fruit trees; house contains every modern improvement and is the acme of luxury and comfort.

A MOST UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.

Maison Bernard, 734 5th Av.

Crestwood Stucco Home, $4900

Large plot, extensive views overlooking Bronx River Parkway; 3 minutes from station, ½ hour from Grand Central. Bargain; $500 down. W. S. MOORE, 30 East 42d St., New York.

FORECLOSURE BARGAIN

Plot 100x150, nine room house, hardwood trim, all improvements, front and side porches; 2 story garage for 2 cars; 40 minutes out on Long Island, 1 minutes' walk to express station, stores, banks, etc. Good terms will be arranged. B. H., 336 Argyle Road, Brooklyn.

FINE SMALL FARM.

House and ½ acre good farming land; just the place for small family to raise chickens and vegetables; in large town, near depot and trolley; will make price right to party wanting this place on terms of $100 cash and $12 monthly. Small Farm, box 289 Times Downtown.

IDEAL SEMI-BUNGALOW

overlooking the ocean; 6 rooms and all modern improvements; steam heat, etc.; large garden plot; select neighborhood; 3 minutes' walk to bathing beach; 40 minutes out; will sell cheap to responsible party for $300 cash, balance very easy terms. B, BUNGALOW, 248 West 34th St., N. Y.

DOUGLAS MANOR

The ideal north shore suburban home; boating, bathing, fishing; 22 minutes electric train from Pennsylvania Station; houses for sale and lease; some real bargains in plots overlooking bay and Sound. J. Hart Welch, Douglaston, L. I.

A Plain Statement Of Facts

WAR TIMES at the beginning of our Civil War Real Estate could not be sold. A few years later it had increased tremendously in value and large profits were made. Real estate is now at the bottom. It cannot go any lower. Experience shows that this is the time to buy.

TRAFFIC CENTERS like Broadway at 34th St., 42d St. and 59th St. have always become the most valuable property. Broadway, 230th and 231st Sts., is the centre and distributing point for all traffic to and from points north of Manhattan.

REAL ESTATE MUST RISE—Owing to the War the Government is distributing tremendous amounts of money. Labor, commodities of all kinds, rents, etc., have gone up. Real Estate must do the same. That's horse sense.

THE CITY'S GROWTH is steadily and rapidly northward along Broadway, particularly around subway stations and traffic centres such as Broadway, 230th and 231st Streets. A hasty glance shows this to be the case.

BROADWAY—Say you own a lot on Broadway and they will know the location in Berlin, London, Paris, anywhere in the world. At auction sales of Broadway property downtown, the prices brought seem absurd as compared to present values.

TIME TO BUY—Every business man knows that the time to buy is when nobody wnats what is offered.

THE SUPREME COURT HAS DECREED that these 234 lots on Broadway, 230th, 231st Streets, must be sold at an auction sale next Tuesday. With the Liberty Loan in course of payment; securities at a low ebb; the war just beginning; we know this property cannot be sold unless it is sacrificed. We advised that this sale be postponed, but it could not be done. These lots have got to be sold if we have to give them away.

WE HAVE ADVERTISED all these facts. In spite of this, the public does not care to buy property at the present time. We have had only a few inquiries for maps. No interest has been shown in the sale.

Therefore, in our opinion
It is a wonderful opportunity
For people who have a little money
And faith in the future
To buy a few lots
At this legal, unprotected and unreserved auction sale
And in a few years, if history repeats itself,
As it always does,
The Lots will show a tremendous rise in value.

Examine the 234 Lots TODAY

To be sold at auction by a decree of the Supreme Court (Moller v. Godwin et al.) belonging to the Estate of Jos. Godwin

on BROADWAY, 230th St., 231st St. & Kingsbridge Av.

For whatever they will bring

without reservation or protection,

Tuesday, November 27, 1917, at 12 o'clock

At 14 Vesey Street.

70% can Remain on Mortgage. — **Titles Insured Free by N. Y. Title & Mortgage Co.**

SAVINGS BANK BOOKS & LIBERTY BONDS taken as deposits on the Purchase of Lots

To Reach the Property—Take Broadway Subway to 231st Street.

For maps and particulars send to

J. Clarence Davies, 149th St. & 3rd Ave.
Joseph P. Day, 31 Nassau Street
Agents and Auctioneers Appointed by the Referee.

Hon. Joseph M. Callahan, Referee
Deering & Deering, Attorneys

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW BUNGALOW at Laurelton, L. I., 5 rooms and bath, charmingly arranged, plenty of land; easy commuting distance; close to stores, school, etc. $4900, very easy terms. Laurelton Development Co., Suite 508, No. 1 West 34th Street, N. Y. C., Phones, Greeley 2741; on property, Springfield 1984-R.

For Rent at Kew Gardens

Beautiful house, twelve large, newly decorated rooms; hot-water heat, electricity and gas; large garage; half acre of ground, with garden, trees, flowers and shrubs. One of the most attractive homes in all suburban New York; 15 minutes from New York. Rent $2,000. Immediate possession. Coal supply in the bins. B. J. Beardsley, owner, 1 Main St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Main 7303.

FINE CHICKEN FARM

Owner must sell dandy farm, consisting of good 6-room house and large grounds; also chicken coops, incubator, chicken-run fenced in; beautiful large shade trees. Located in Huntington, near station and town; short distance to harbor. Will dispose of to a reliable family on easy terms. Further particulars to ABERG, Box 286 Times Downtown.

HUNTINGTON LOTS

$30 Best location, home or investment; high and dry; near harbor, trolley and town; school, stores, churches. $2 DOWN. $1 MONTHLY. Call or write for free R. R. Tickets. B. SEYMAN, 105 Flatbush Ave., B'klyn.

45,000 SQUARE FEET

22 lots at $12.50 per lot; to close out estate; will sell all for $275; all you need is $25 cash, balance $8 per month; excellent soil for farming and poultry; plenty of work near by. R. ESTATE, 243 W. 34th St., N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN

MONTCLAIR PROPERTIES

BERNARDSVILLE AND SUMMIT. COUNTRY ESTATES AND FARMS.

Frank Hughes Taylor Co

MONTCLAIR, NEW JERSEY

RUTHERFORD A REAL BARGAIN

Six-room house, bath, hot air furnace, coal range, modern plumbing, newly decorated. Plot 48x130. Price $3500. Easy terms. Will consider cash offer.

H. Y. BLAKISTON, 18 Park Ave., Rutherford, N. J.

Factory For Machine Shop, 46,000 square feet one floor; saw tooth roof, 40,000 sq. ft. additional vacant ground, power plant, generator; offered considerably less than cost; immediate possession. Leon Feist, 800 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

200-ACRE STOCK FARM

Entrance of beautiful country town, macadam road, near station, between Philadelphia and Trenton; unusually complete buildings, city conveniences, tenant house; timber, pasture, stream, alfalfa, fruit; $100 acre. Albert Dresser, Burlington.

Farms Dairy, Grain, Fruit, Poultry, Potato. Also Country Homes. Advise size and location desired.

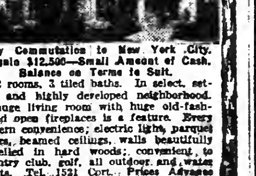
G. W. ZUCKER, Graduate Agriculturist, Kinney Building, Newark, N. J.

PICK UP real bargain in South Orange, N. J., 40 mins. from Broadway; Lackawanna R. R.; large up-to-date Colonial house, 4 fine bathrooms, sleeping porch, &c. Large garage. Price—terms unusual. Send for photos, full particulars. J. Charles O'Brien Co., So. Orange.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MOUNTAIN LAKES

150 ft. Real Water Front. BEAUTIFUL ALL-YEAR HOME High in the Healthy Hills.

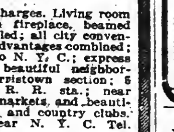


Easy Commutation to New York City. Bargain $12,500—Small Amount of Cash. Balance on Terms to Suit.

12 rooms, 3 tiled baths. In select, settled and highly developed neighborhood. A huge living room with huge old-fashioned open fireplaces is a feature. Every modern convenience; electric light, parquet floors, beamed ceilings, walls beautifully panelled in hard woods; convenient to country club, golf, all outdoor and water sports. Tel. 1521 Cort. Prices Advance 10% Jan. 1st. MOUNTAIN LAKES, INC., 170 B'way, N. Y.

$5,800

A little cash down buys it. 7 Rooms Bath Plot 100x177 ft. After $1,800 Is Paid on easy terms



$27 MONTHLY

PAYS all carrying charges. Living room 27 feet long; open fireplace, beamed ceilings, walls panelled; all city conveniences and country advantages combined; easy commutation to N. Y. C.; express service. Exclusive, beautiful neighborhood. Montclair-Morristown section; 5 minutes' walk to R. R. sta.; near schools, churches, markets and beautiful lakes; also golf and country clubs. Biggest bargain near N. Y. C. Tel. 1522—Cort.

P. D. WORCESTER, 2 MAIDEN LANE

IDEAL HOME WITH GARAGE

Price, $5,560. Cash Required, $500.

House has seven large, airy rooms, cozy inglenook, with open fireplace; tiled floor; sanitary gas kitchen; handsomely finished living room, beamed ceiling; dining room; spacious piazza; plenty of closet room; tiled bath; steam heat; convenient to schools, clubs, churches; good transportation; 35 minutes out; large plot; all conveniences; owing to business changes must sell; this house was built by day's work by owner for his own occupancy and no expense was spared. Full particulars. G. A. Roff, Room 518, 47 West 34th St., N. Y.

PROTECT YOUR FAMILY

by insuring the title to your Real Estate. We are specialists in Bergen and Rockland Counties Real Estate Titles. Our guaranteed mortgages make savings safe. Write for Booklet A and new auto map.

North Jersey Title Insurance Co.,

HACKENSACK, N. J.

N. Y. Rep.—Glenn K. Carver, 60 Wall St.

PAY NOTHING DOWN

$36 per month rents this house—if you remain 11 years you own it free and clear. By this new plan you have no mortgages to bother with and no cash deposit to make. House has 6 rooms, enameled bath, gas and electricity, steam heat, shades, &c. Plot 50x175. Most exclusive section. Easy commutation. Call or write for particulars. H. O. WENTWORTH, Rochelle Park, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MOUNTAIN SIDE HOUSE, 2 MACHINE GARAGE.

Plot 150 ft. x 190 ft., on corner. ALL FOR $11,000.

Wonderfully situated 800 ft. elevation in most alluring real country, near N. Y. C., Morristown-Montclair section. Unsurpassed commutation on D., L. & W. Thirteen big rooms, three tiled baths, tiled washroom; arrangement includes solarium, open balcony, pool and billiard room, immense stone cellar, fine veranda, steam heat, parquet floors, electric light, open fireplace, panelled walls and hardwood trim first floor, white enameled trim with mahogany doors second floor, chestnut third floor; beautifully decorated inside and out; overlooks picturesque lake and wooded mountains, vistas for 20 miles; near markets, schools, churches and golf and country club. This property is worth $17,000 today and can be bought for $11,000, on easy terms. There is a reason. Tel. 6634 Audubon. Geo. B. Peare, 640 Riverside Drive, N. Y. City.

YOUR OWN TERMS.

Have just completed seven artistic homes on the highest point and in the very best residential section (Lincoln Park) of New Jersey's most attractive town.

CRANFORD

Houses contain from seven rooms and bath to nine rooms and three baths. Every known modern improvement; price from $7,200 to $10,000; on terms to suit purchaser, combining a good investment with great future possibilities. S. E. DROESCHER, Owner, 79 Warren St., New York, or Cranford, N. J.

Your Own Home and Garage.

Will sacrifice; $3,000 on easy terms, almost like rent, buys it; balance of $5,500 can remain on mortgage; has ten large rooms, kitchen, pantry, laundry, sleeping porch, tiled bath, steam heat, parquet floors, running water, every convenience; beautifully situated on plot 100x180 feet; fine garden, shrubs and flowers in profusion; within stone's throw of pretty lake stocked with fish; select, congenial neighbors; good markets; schools and churches near by. This is a chance of a lifetime to obtain a home and garage at a fraction of real worth; could not be duplicated at less than $11,000; ideal commutation to N. Y. City. Address OWNER, Box 410 Times Downtown.

A MOST REMARKABLE VALUE.

250 ACRES WITH FINE LAKE.

35 miles New York; one hour by train; all fine automobile road; nature lover's estate; 750 feet elevation; in centre beautiful, large lake, fully stocked; part tillable, but mainly charming woodland and park; bungalow with two baths; farmer's house; big barn; very large poultry plant; garage, icehouse, boats, &c.; a paradise property; must be sold; awaits offer; see photos.

ALLABOUGH & SON Woolworth Bldg., New York.

MONTCLAIR

$11,500 Charming Colonial Residence; centre hall, large living room, dining room, palm room, butlery, tiled kitchen, 6 bedrooms, 2 tiled baths, shower, sleeping porch; interior woodwork finished ivory. Murdoch, op. Lackawanna, Montclair

ALL THE **ORANGES** Modern Houses, Apartments, every description. All Prices, sale or rent.

FRANK H. TAYLOR,

(Note first name.) Opp. Brick Church Sta. EAST ORANGE, N. J. Lackawanna R. R.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

N. Y. Private Dwelling Wanted

between 70th and 90th Sts., Columbus and Amsterdam Av., in EXCHANGE for delightful, nearby suburban home, 12 rooms, 2 baths; garage; large, well-shaded plot. S. S. WALSTRUM, 120 B'way, Rector 7718.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Connecticut Hills.

Remarkable opportunity to secure a beautiful farm and country place at great bargain; 275 acres; attractive residence, having three baths, &c., and commanding superb views; complete farm buildings, all in splendid condition; tennis court, gardens, gravity water supply, trout stream. Owner will accept $20,000, including implements, carriages, &c. Farmer will remain if desired.

Kenneth Ives & Co.,

7 East 42d St. Murray Hill 6037.

FLORIDA—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Rent—Florida

New and completely furnished house, large grounds, fine trees, seven bedrooms, four baths, accommodations for six servants. Garage for two cars and chauffeur's room. The most complete house on West Coast of Florida, close to Belleair golf links; other smaller houses. Address Box Harbor Oaks, Clearwater, Florida.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

50 ACRE GENERAL FARM.

$4,000 income last year 45 acres cleared, balance splendid timber; 800 peach trees, 100 pears, apples, plums, 5 acres grapes, strawberries; 7-room house, barn, outbuildings, potato house and cellar, 4 poultry houses for 1,200 birds; 1 mile to depot; splendid land; a money maker. PRICE $7,500, $2,000 cash. BRAY & MACGEORGE, 1077 DREXEL BLDG., PHILADELPHIA, PA., or VINELAND, N. J. Send for our Farm Catalogue, also details of above farm.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

2½ ACRE GARDEN RIVER FARM **$1,000**

On main turnpike, bordering river; 5-room house, fireplace, Dutch oven; good soil, good hunting nearby, desirable neighborhood; 2 miles from R. R. Station, 5 miles from College. See catalog, page 7. Colonial Farm Corp., 2 Rector St., N. Y.

Florida—For Sale or To Let.

Florida Fruit Farm $1,100

20 acres level land for corn, potatoes, beans, strawberries, and fruit; orchard 200 oranges, 60 grape fruit, 100 peaches; barn, poultry house and garage; details and picture 3-room dwelling, wide veranda; page 51, Strout's Catalogue, 321 bargains in a dozen States. Copy free. E. A. STROUT FARM AGENCY, DEPT. 2026-G, 150 Nassau St., New York, N. Y.

Miscellaneous.

120-Acre Equipped Farm

Yearly Income $3,000.

Rich spring watered pasture, 10 acres wood, 100 sugar maples; 50 apples, plums, pears, cherries and peaches; cuts 80 tons hay from 60 acres fertile clay loam tillage; 2-story, 11-room house, 100 ft. barn, nearly new, clapboarded walls; slate roofs; granary, ice house, poultry house; all in good repair; grand shade, overlooking lake and village only 1½ miles away with high school and creamery; to settle now this big producer and beautiful home with 30 cows, 14 young cattle, 5 horses, tools, wagons, machinery, hay, corn, grain, straw, potatoes, apples, vegetables, dry stove wood, &c., &c., is offered for $10,000 for everything; part down. E. Y. Gardner, 110 Spring Street, Sussex Co., Newton, N. J.

80 Acres Fine Farming Property at Long Branch

Five minutes from railroad station and centre Long Branch City. Nearly 600 ft. on main road. Beautiful lawn in front of a well-built house. 10 rooms and 2 baths; steam heat, electric light and running water. Large barn, hennery, cow barn, well house, electric pump, tank in well house, ice house; farm house for help. Brook running through centre of farm for watering live stock. Ideal for a gentleman's farm. For details address

ESTATE OF GEO. STENGEL,
Care GEO. STENGEL, Inc.,
Weston Avenue, Newark, N. J. Tel. 1025 Waverly

Sacrifice to Close Estate Worth $80,000 Ask $43,000

AT MONTCLAIR

UNFURNISHED RENTALS
Special
HANDSOME RESIDENCE in the Mountainside section; 14 rooms, 5 baths; large living room; beautiful grounds with gardens and orchard. Garage for 3 cars, with chauffeur's quarters. Per year $3,500
OTHER RESIDENCES for rent at prices from $1,200 to $10,000 per year.

FOR RENT—Furnished
SPECIAL OFFERING—A handsome residence on the hillside, containing 12 rooms, 5 baths; billiard room, solarium; decorated in silk; large plot; fine view. Per month $350

FOR SALE
NEW COLONIAL RESIDENCE, with living room, dining room, solarium, kitchen and pantry; 7 bedrooms, 3 baths; lot 100 ft. front $25,000
A CENTRALLY LOCATED RESIDENCE, 10 rooms, 3 baths; solarium; in restricted section; garage; attractive grounds $20,000

FOR EXCHANGE
A MODERN RESIDENCE located in a choice section of Montclair; contains 12 rooms and 3 baths; nearly 3 acres land. Value $50,000. Will exchange for residence either on the Jersey shore or along Long Island Sound. Must be modern.

F. M. CRAWLEY & BROS.
Offices opp. Lackawanna Terminal MONTCLAIR, N. J.

MONTCLAIR HOMES

We Offer the Following Choice Properties:

$55,000 Attractive brick and stucco residence; 16 rooms, dining porch, 4 baths, every modern convenience; garage. Acre of beautiful grounds. Unobstructed view of Manhattan; elevation 550 ft. Business reasons necessitate immediate sale.

$32,000 Charming Southern Colonial residence; 10 rooms, 4 baths, sun parlor, sleeping porch; separate servants' quarters. Plot 185x165 ft. Exclusive rose and vegetable gardens.

$20,000 New Colonial residence; 10 rooms, 3 baths, spacious bedrooms; interior in ivory; all tile kitchen; near Lackawanna Terminal.

$10,000 Modern stucco residence; 9 rooms, 2 baths; big living room with fireplace, sleeping porch, sun parlor; lot 60x150 ft. Exceptional value.

$8,000 Bargain; residence of 9 rooms and bath; sleeping porch, sun parlor, interior in ivory; garage; gardens; 5 minutes to depot. Easy terms.

Send for Illustrated Booklet R.

Frank Hughes-Taylor Co.
At Lackawanna Terminal—Montclair, New Jersey.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

$15,000 FARM FOR $9,500
High Producer—Well Located, Near Poughkeepsie.
Dutchess County—156 acres, all tillable except 10 acres timber; land highly fertilized; main road; cuts 90 tons hay; 175 apple trees; 22-room residence, clean, perfect repair; sanitary barns; ice and fishing pond. City owner's wife wants live in city. Best opportunity we ever listed.
Batson Farm Agency, 489 5th Av., N. Y.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.
NEWARK, N. J.

REINFORCED CONCRETE BUILDING, NEWARK, N. J.
40,000 sq. ft. Railroad siding. Excellent for warehouse or heavy manufacturing. Good light. Immediate possession.
PRICE RIGHT.
Louis Schlesinger,
31 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. Market 6500.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

BUILDING; 25x100
7 STORIES & BASE.
West Side immediate possession. Accessible to shipping terminals; near subway and elevated lines. Has side light, large electric elevator, heavy construction.
LOW RENT
SPEAR & CO. 340 BROADWAY. Stuyvesant 647.

STORE AND BASEMENT
Rental $3,600.
Rental $2,000.
N. W. Cor. Bleecker St. AND WOOSTER ST.
Modern fireproof building; freight-passenger elevator, sprinkler system, all improvements, high ceilings, unusual light, to lease from Feb. 1. Apply Supt., on premises, or your own broker.

LOFTS TO LET
From Feb. 1st
72-74 MADISON AVE.,
near 28th St.
50x100; 3 Elevators; Sprinkler.
Apply on Premises or Your Broker.

BUILDING TO LEASE
630-632 HUDSON STREET,
bet. Jane and Horatio Sts., near Gansevoort Market; four-story-basement building, 88x65; suitable for wholesale grocery or liquor business. Apply Hugh King, 15 William St.

STORE FLOOR
157 AND 159 EAST 32D STREET,
50x168, 100% sprinkler service; low insurance; fine light; high ceiling; 350 lbs. carrying capacity; large entrance; immediate possession. Your Broker, or phone Bryant 5416.

LOFTS
Modern, Light, Low Rent.
12-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING.
106 EAST 19TH ST.,
Adjoining Fourth Ave.

37 EAST 19TH STREET,
Between Broadway and Fourth Avenue.
Three-story brick building; Store, two lofts, and basement. Separate entrance to elevator and stairs; sidewalk elevator; steam. P. B. JENNINGS, 41 Park Row.

9 & 11 E. 16TH ST.
Store, Basement and several Lofts, 50 x 100, between Union Square & Fifth Ave. No manufacturing in building. Inquire Superintendent on premises, or phone Chelsea 4480.

133 WEST 72D STREET,
MODERN BUILDING FOR
PHYSICIANS ADN DENTISTS
One large double suite
INQUIRE SUPERINTENDENT

OFFICE FOR DOCTOR OR DENTIST
FOR RENT IN
NEW HOTEL ALEXANDRIA,
250 WEST 103D ST.
Between Broadway and West End Av.
Can Be Seen Any Time.

TO SUB-LET
Desirable Connecting Offices
SEPARATELY OR TOGETHER.
Brunswick Building, 5th Av., 26th St.
Sacrifice to party taking possession immediately; Room 1015. Phone Mad. Sq. 784.

Skylight Studios
5, West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

—From the N. Y. Times.

The City Has Caught Up With Itself

"After ten years of inactivity it is time to sit up and take notice. Population has continued to increase steadily at the rate of about 150,000 a year; business especially since 1914 has expanded to unprecedented figures. Meanwhile building has been much curtailed and there has been so little buying of land that prices have remained about stationary.

"The first to wake up to the new situation will be the ones to pick up the bargains and to reap the biggest increases of price when the real buying begins."

Your Opportunity

Owner is forced to sell New York City business property of proven earning capacity. Price at which property is offered represents large loss to present owner, but permits purchaser to make excellent return on investment. Building is store and six lofts on 25 ft. lot in excellent uptown wholesale district. Fully rented on good leases. Building economical in operation, requiring but one employe. Mortgage 5% does not mature until 1921. A bargain and conservative investment requiring but $10,000 cash to purchase. Suitable second mortgage can be arranged. Income and expenses as now rented are approximately as follows:

Income $8,000.

Expenses

Wages	$572.00
Fuel and Supplies, avge.	250.00
Lighting and Power, avge.	250.00
Repairs	314.36
Miscellaneous	12.50
Insurance, est.	250.00
Taxes	1,254.60
Water	83.60
Total	$2,990.06
Gross Profit	5,009.94

Am not interested in brokers or agents, except as to definite immediate proposition.

Address Richard Bennett, Jr.
14 Wall St. Telephone 8575 Rector

Entire Buildings for Rent
Here is an opportunity to obtain a building for yourself:
21 Bond Street
27 Great Jones Street
170 Greene Street
153 Mercer Street
L. Tanenbaum, Strauss & Co.
640 Broadway.

SMALL FURNISHED OFFICES
with Service
for New York Agencies of Responsible Out-of-Town Concerns.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
51 E. 42D ST.

LOFT TO SUBLET.
2000 SQUARE FEET. SPRINKLERS.
Light three sides; skylight.
115 EAST 24TH ST.
Goodale, Furry & Dwight, Arts.
Tel. Gramercy 4420. 5 East 23rd St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Studio Building (New)
FOR RENT
32x99 ft.; first floor 23 ft. high; second floor 35 ft. high.
Trussed roof—perfect light.
328 West 39th Street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Brick Building, 3 stories & basement, near Bush Terminal, 20,000 sq. ft.; will divide; suitable for semi-light manufacturing or storage purposes; light and airy loft; no violations; electric elevator, steam heat; bargain.
BULKLEY & HORTON CO.
7,508 THIRD AV., BROOKLYN.
585 NOSTRAND AV. 414 MYRTLE AV.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

A FEW REMAINING SUITES
of
2-3-4 & 6 Rooms 1 & 3 Baths
New 13-Story Fireproof
Colonial Parkway Apartments
409 Edgecombe Ave., nr. 155th St.
Convenient to "L" Station
SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents
162 WEST 72D.
Representative on premises.

New—
Non-Elevator Apartments
NOW READY TO MOVE IN.
3-4-5 ROOMS
646 to 656 West 160th St.
(Near Riverside Drive)
Look Them Over
Nothing Better
NORMAN DENZER, Agt.
3,816 Broadway (at 159th St.)

The ROGER-MORRIS
New Elevator Apartments
14-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING
160th St. & Edgecombe Av.
Overlooking Polo Grounds, Hudson, Harlem and East Rivers.
Convenient to 157th St. Subway Station and 155th, 6th and 9th Avs. Express "L" Stations.
3 and 5 Up-to-Date
All Outside Rooms
SERVANTS' ROOM ON 13TH FLOOR.
TELEPHONE 9150 AUDUBON.

57 West 75th St.
One Apt. **7** Exceptionally Large and Bright ROOMS.
Service and Passenger Elevators, exclusive neighborhood; rent $1,400.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

400 WEST 118TH STREET
Cor. Morningside Drive, Op. Morn. Park
Near Columbia University.
7 ROOMS Bath 2 Toilets $900
W. ALANSON ALEXANDER,
543 5TH AV. TEL. 2718—MURRAY HILL.

14th St., 335 West
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4-5-6 ROOMS
Extra large, especially well arranged; abundant closet space; beautifully decorated; conveniently located.
RENTS $33 UP.

Housekeeping and Non-Housekeeping Apartments of
2 to 9 Rooms UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE
Complete service, including refrigeration. Ready for immediate occupancy.
$150 Per Month Upward.
HOTEL ANSONIA
73RD ST. AT BROADWAY.

Corner Apt.—9 Rooms
Also 9-room apt. to sublet; modern, refined, high class; elevator.
WESTWOOD COURT,
435 Ft. Washington Ave.
West 179th and 180th Sts.
Apply on premises. Phone St. Nicholas 9642.

340 WEST 86TH ST.
KITCHENETTE APARTMENT
2 Rooms and Bath,
$900 to $1,000.
M. H. GAILLARD & CO.
1290 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 8979.

Corner Apartments
HARTLEY HALL
485 Central Park West, cor. 109th St.
5th Floor, 8 Rooms. $1,200.00.
Every room facing Central Park or Street.

8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS
THE ROSARY
306 WEST 99TH ST.
$1,400 and $1,500.
M. H. Gaillard & Co.
1290 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 8979.

4 LARGE LIGHT ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE, and MAID SERVICE. Restaurant in building. Rent reasonable.
The Evelyn, 101 W. 78th St.

182 West 58th Street
A Corner Residential Building
Overlooking Central Park and Readily Accessible to the Business and Amusement Centres
ONE SUITE OF 10 ROOMS AND 5 BATHS, $5,000
Also Suite of 14 Rooms and 5 Baths, $8,000
Unusually Large Entertaining Space—Appointments and Service Unexcelled

Tenant desires to sublet, handsomely furnished, one of the most attractive apartments in the building; 11 rooms, 5 bathrooms. Rental for season, $6,000.

Specially arranged four-room Doctor's Suite, with private entrance, $2,000 per annum.

Inspection Invited. Resident Manager. Phone Columbus—4253.

1 West 67th St.
At the Hotel Des Artistes. The first building to combine privacy of home with convenience of hotel.

STUDIO Duplex Apartments, 2 to 6 rooms and bath, with large north lights for artists, and similar apartments facing south for non-professionals. Unfurnished only. Rents from $1,600 to $3,000.

Ball Room, Exhibition Room, Swimming Pool, Squash Courts and Roof Playground for children.

MEALS served from restaurant in apartments without charge for service. Raw materials converted into food by best chefs obtainable and brought to apartments by specially constructed electric dumbwaiters without charge for cooking. Refrigeration free.

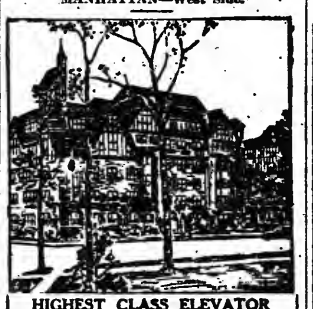
The famous Gustave Seeker, chief chef Hotel Blackstone, Chicago, conducts restaurants.

Apply on premises. Telephone Columbus 4204.

MOREWOOD REALTY HOLDING COMPANY
offers the following choice high grade Apartments to lease. Being under ownership management, tenants are assured of excellent service and attention. The buildings are all new, absolutely fireproof, are ideally located and contain all up to date features, with modern equipment throughout.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN
175 West 72d St.—Broadway—170 West 73d St., Facing Sherman Sq.
EXPRESS SUBWAY STATION AT 72D ST.
7 to 11 Rooms, 2 to 3 Baths
Rentals $2,100 to $3,800
Including refrigeration. All large and light rooms, with abundant closet space. There are no dumbwaiters—each apartment having a rear entrance and Service Elevator. Resident Manager on Premises. Tel. 3547—Columbus.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.



HIGHEST CLASS ELEVATOR
Gardens Apartments
"That Are Unique."
Only 5 Left Out of 61.
Building Completed This Month.
FOREST HILLS GARDENS
FOREST HILLS, LONG ISLAND.
3 and 5 Room Apartments
Wonderful outlook over woods & farms.
½ Block From Forest Hills Inn To West Side Tennis Club. From L. R. Station.
15 Minutes to 34th St., 7th Av.
For Particulars Apply on Premises or
EARLE & CALHOUN, Agents
200 West 72d St. Columbus 5116-7-8.

JUST COMPLETED
370 Central Park West
The Apartment House Unique.
S. W. Corner of 97th Street.
An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness.
Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.
Suites of 3 to 7 Rooms,
Rentals $700 to $1,800.
Special 5-Room Suites, with Huge Living Room and Open Fireplace.
For booklet, floor plan, etc., See Resting Agent on premises, or
FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORP.
290 Madison Ave., corner 41st St.
Phone Vanderbilt 2337.

OWING TO WAR CONDITIONS preventing the fulfillment of orders placed several months ago for Furniture and Room Furnishings
WE WILL RENT UNFURNISHED
Apartments of one and two rooms with bath and three rooms with 2 baths
FOR TEN MONTHS AT
A GREAT CONCESSION
from regular rates for these particular suites.
HOTEL ALEXANDRIA
JUST OPENED
250 WEST 103D STREET,
Between Broadway and West End Ave.
Subway Express Station at Corner.

THE ALBERTA
Elevator Apartments
461 West 159th St.,
Corner Edgecombe Ave.
OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS AND HARLEM RIVER.
Convenient to 157th St. Subway Station and 155th, 6th and 9th Avs. Express "L" Stations.
4, 5 and 6 Modern Rooms.
TELEPHONE 9150 AUDUBON.

10 Rooms ALL OUTSIDE
3 Baths ROOMS
495 West End Ave.
S. W. Corner 84th St.
Apply Superintendent on Premises, or
Alfred C. Bowman
5 West 31st St. Tel. Mad. Sq. 2462.

44 West 77th Street
ADJOINING CENTRAL AND MANHATTAN SQUARE PARKS.
8 ROOMS, 3 BATHS.....$3,000
Eleventh floor; living room; 18x23; bedrooms all face south; modern fireproof building.
SUPERINTENDENT, ON PREMISES.

THE ROCKCLYFFE
3,456 B'WAY, COR. 141ST ST.
High Class Elevator Apartment.
6-7 large, light rooms; moderate rent. Inquire Supt.

CHOICE APARTMENT
9 ROOMS & BATH
LOW RENTAL
265 WEST 815T ST.
NEAR WEST END AV.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

CORNWALL
255 West 90th St.
Northwest Corner Broadway.
One corner apartment. Eight all outside rooms, 3 baths, $2,400.

425 West End Ave.
Northwest Corner 80th St.
Corner apartment.
8 Rooms, 3 Baths, $3,200.
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,000.

STANLEY COURT
301 West 106th St.
Corner West End Ave.
One very desirable apartment.
9 large Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,100.
Representative on premises, or
SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents
162 West 72d St.
Tel. 724v Columbus.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
Facing Drive and Adjacent Streets.
6 Rooms, 2 baths, $60 to $72
7 " 2 " $108.33
A particularly desirable apartment. Facing the Hudson River.
OFFICE, 900 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, CORNER 161ST ST. Phone Audubon 4652

150 WEST 79 ST.
9 Rooms—3 Baths $2,800
EDGAR A. LEVY LEASING CO.
505 Fifth Avenue
Phone Murray Hill 6960

7 and 8 Rooms and Bath,
READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
208 to 214 W. 85th St.,
Near Broadway.
Rents $60 to $70 per Month.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents
162 West 72d St.

562 WEST END AV.,
At 87th St.
Elegant Apartments
8 & 9 Rooms, 3 Baths,
Immediate Possession.
Very Low Rentals.

HIGHLAND COURT
600 WEST 192ND STREET
at St. Nicholas Ave. Subway station.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS—5 ROOMS.
REDUCED RENTS.

61 and 118 West 48th St.
ALSO 439 4TH AVENUE.
BACHELOR apartments, two rooms and bath; meals and service if desired. $50 up. Apply to housekeeper on premises, or
PAUL A. McGOLRICK,
1,476 Broadway. Tel. Bryant 7835.

IVY COURTS,
210-220-230 West 107th St.
High class Apartments of 6 and 7 rooms, one to three baths; refined location; attentive management; rents very reasonable.
O. D & H. V. DIKE, Agents,
230 WEST 42D ST.

39th Street at 5th Av.
Bachelor apartments, 2 and 3 rooms and bath; large and light; elevator service; steam heat, electric light; moderate rents.
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co.,
30 East 42d Street.

VELASQUEZ-GOYA
605-611 WEST 156TH ST.
High Class Elevator Apartments, every Convenience
Directly opposite Spanish Museum Bldgs.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths; Rents Reasonable.
Owner, JAS. O'BRIEN, 647 6TH AVE.

50 WEST 67TH ST.
Ground Floor Apartment.
Admirably Suited to a Physician or Dentist; Reasonable Rent; apply on premises.
Malcom E. Smith & Rudolph C. Culver, Inc.
135 Madison Av., New York.

2 WEST 83D ST.
HIGH GRADE ELEVATOR HOUSE.
Corner Overlooking Central Park.
SEVEN ROOMS; RENT $350.
GEO. A. BOWMAN, 115 West 42d St.

385 Central Park West.
8 Rooms and 2 Baths.
RENTAL $1,080.
APPLY SUPT. ON PREMISES.

6 ROOMS
365 West 145th Street,
Corner Broadway.
All outside rooms, facing south.
View of river.
W. B. Morgan, Agent, 3575 B'way (147th).

JACKSON HEIGHTS GARDEN APARTMENTS
FOUR NEW BUILDINGS JUST COMPLETED
The buildings are set back from the street and the rear yards are treated as a large park or garden—there is a beautiful outlook from EVERY window, and sunshine in every room.

3 & 4 LARGE ROOMS & BATH $34 to $50
6, 7, 8 & 10 ROOM APARTMENTS WITH 2 & 3 BATHS

Social and recreative features have been provided in this community to attract the best type of tenants. Tennis Courts, Bowling Alleys, Basket Ball Courts, Playgrounds, etc.

TAKE THE SUBWAY and transfer at Grand Central Station to Queensboro Subway, direct to 25th St. Station. (Free Transfers.) Time 20 Min.
Illustrated Descriptive Booklet, with Floor Plans, &c., upon request.

THE **QUEENSBORO CORPORATION**
Renting Office at Jackson Heights—Opposite 25th St. Subway Station.
Telephone Newtown—706

Apartments of the Highest Type
Absolutely Fireproof—Every Modern Improvement

The Gramont
One 6—One 7 Room Apartment
215 W. 98th St.
N. E. Cor. B'way.
7 Room Apartments have 3 baths and 3 closets.
6 Room Apartments have 2 baths and 2 closets.

The San Jose
One Six Room Apartment
500 West End Ave.
N. E. Cor. 84th St.
With two baths and nine closets.

No apartments in the city can boast of superior advantages, exclusiveness, transit facilities, size of rooms, location. With plenty of light, and abundant closet space.
Ownership Management.
A1 References Indispensable.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

Exquisite Apartments of 1 & 2 Rooms
with Bath and Kitchenettes
Rents $30 to $65
A remodelled Building so excellently arranged that the apartments surpass in attractiveness and general comfort and service anything in the city nearing these prices.
If you want a small apartment in a refined residential neighborhood don't miss these—they are worth considerably more than the rentals asked—so they will not last long. See them today without fail.
Apply Supt. on the premises.
15 West 96th St.
Near Central Park West
or J. G. Hearn, Owner
1036 Sixth Ave., at 55th St.

Venician Court
NEW BUILDING
Seaman Av. and 204th St.,
Two blocks west of Broadway.
5, 6 Rooms & Bath
Extraordinarily Large and Light
$42 to $60.00
Beautifully decorated and interior finish equal to the best fireproof apartment in Park and Fifth Aves.; parquet floors throughout; kitchen clothes dryer and every modern convenience.
Excellent surroundings, in exclusive neighborhood convenient to subway and surface cars. Apply superintendent, on premises, or
TRIM REALTY CO.,
13 Lawrence St. Phone Morn. 3120

VERSAILLES
250 West 91st St.
Corner Broadway; will be ready shortly. Corner Apartment, six rooms on the street; some open fireplaces. Panelled Walls.
9 Rooms & 3 Baths
Rent $2,200.
F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Co.,
Broadway, Cor. 80th St.

BUCKINGHAM COURT
310-320 West 99th St.
High Class Apartment of
8 ROOMS & 2 BATHS
Inquire Superintendent, on Premises.
Manhattan Leasing Co.,
149 Church St.
Telephone 6390—Barclay.

THE RIVIERA
Riverside Drive, 156th to 157th St.
Modern Twelve Story Fireproof Apartment. Near Subway.
One Apt., 8 rooms, $1,500.
One Apt., 9 rooms, $1,700.
With two or three baths. Apply to
A. J. ODELL, Manager, on Premises, Audubon 8400, or
MANHATTAN LEASING CO.,
149 Church St. Tel. 6390 Barclay.

DEVONSHIRE
Southeast Corner Broadway & 112th St.
9 rooms; reception room; 3 baths; river view; 8th floor. Only apartment to rent, $1,800 yearly.
W. P. SHERIDAN, Agent.
Tel. Morningside 434. 549 Riverside Drive.

The Rockingham, S. E. Cor. B'way
MODERN ELEVATOR APT. HOUSE
216 West 56th St.
8 LARGE ROOMS
All improvements; superior service; A1 references indispensable. Apply Supt., prem., or
James A. Dowd, 376 6th Ave. Circle—32.

THE SEVILLA APARTMENT HOTEL
117 West 58th St.
Very desirable 2, 3 or 4 room Apartment can now be secured.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

47 EAST 57TH STREET.
Unfurnished.
5 Room Housekeeping Apartm't, $2400
3 Room Physician's or Bachelor's Apartments, $1000-$1400.
Apply on Premises, or
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Ave.
Phone 6300 Murray Hill

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

Elevator Apartments
1261 Madison Av. 8-9 ROOMS
Corner 90th St. 2 Baths, $2,000
Physician's Apt., 8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $2,000
1326 Madison Av. 7 ROOMS
Corner 94th St. $1,200
16-20 E. 97th St. 7 ROOMS $660
Floor Plans and Full Particulars of all East Side Apartments.
DUFF & CONGER, Inc
Madison Ave., Cor. 86th St.
TELEPHONE LENOX 900.

48 EAST 61ST ST.
A superior house, charmingly situated. *Adjacent to best Clubs and Residences.*
2 & 3 ROOM APARTMENTS
STUDIOS, Open Fireplaces.
Kitchen, Maid and Valet Service.
House Just Completed.
Rentals $900 to $2,250
DUFF & CONGER, Inc., Arts.
Madison Av. & 86th St. Tel. Lenox 8900

104 East 40th St.
One Door From Park Ave.
2 APARTMENTS
5 Rooms
$1600 and $2100.
Apply to Supt. on premises, or
The Park Ave. Operating Co. Inc.
527 FIFTH AVENUE.

Exceptional Bargain
TO SUBLEASE
One 12-room apartment with 4 baths on Park Avenue; one 8-room apartment and 3 baths between Madison and Park Avenues offered at ridiculously low figures.
TO SUBLEASE UNFURNISHED:
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Avenue
Telephone 6300 Murray Hill.

815 PARK AVE.
S. E. CORNER 75TH ST.
New Magnificent 14-Story Structure
EXQUISITE APARTMENT DWELLINGS OF
6-7-8 ROOMS
3 BATHS, RENTS $2500 TO $3900
1 3 & 4 Rooms $750-$1,350-$1,800
Agent on Premises. Phone Rhinelander 499

MAPLE COURT
1229 PARK AVE., COR. 96TH.
High-Class Elevator Apartments
7 & 8 Rooms, $1,000-$1,350
2 BATHS.
A very choice 8-room corner Suite, also Physician's or Dentist's Apartment, 8 Rooms.
Must Be Seen To Be Appreciated.
Apply Premises, or A. BRANDSTEIN. (Harlem—1518). 133 East 116th St.

Wilbraham
5th Av., N. W. Cor. 20th St.
Entrance, 1 West 20th St.
Choice Apartments of 2, 4, or more large, well-ventilated rooms, with bath; annual rentals $720 to $1,500, including maid's service; meals, (laundry), and valet service if desired. Superintendent on premises, or FRED'K FOX & CO., 14 West 40th St. Vanderbilt 540.

981 PARK AVE.
Modern Fireproof Corner Building
Cohire City's Most Fashionable Residence District
4 ROOMS, BATH
First Floor—Suitable Doctor or Dentist, Rent $1,100.
Superintendent on premises.

ARTHUR HALL 51 EAST 99TH STREET
N. E. Cor. Madison Av.—One Corner Apt.
9 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,550.
Southern exposure. Apply premises or H. F. KELLER, 200 Madison Av. Tel. 3000 Mur. Hill

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

1000 Madison Avenue
Bet. 77th & 78th Sts
A high class, modern Apartment house, containing every modern appointment.
Suites of 2 rooms & bath
Suites of 3 rooms & bath
Suites of 5 rooms & 2 baths and Kitchen
Very Attractive Rental.
All very large and light, open fireplaces, etc.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES,
or
Ritz Realty Corp.,
14 East 46th St.

993 PARK AVE. AT 84TH STREET.
Apartment 10 rooms, 3 baths, third floor; south and west exposure. Unfurnished to Oct. 1st, 1918. $3,900. Apply Superintendent, or telephone Lenox 9778.

109-111 EAST 56TH ST.
Studio apartment, 2 rooms and bath, large and light, efficient service; $60 to $80. Supt. on premises or
HALL & BLOODGOOD,
542 Fifth Ave. Vanderbilt 1723.

BRONX.

JUST COMPLETED
High-Class Restricted Apartment
1706 NELSON AVE.,
University Heights, Bronx.
3 and 4 ROOMS, $28 and $36.
All improvements; excellent views. Take Jerome Av. "L" to 174th St. or University Av. car at West 181st St. to Brandt Place. Renting agent on premises.
French Management Corporation,
299 Madison Av., cor. 41st St.
Phone Vanderbilt 8237.

945-949 HOE AVENUE
(NEAR SIMPSON ST. STATION.)
7 ROOMS and FOYER
New, modern apartment with electric lights and telephone service; maids' toilet, separate washstand.
RENTAL $45 TO $50
Apply to Superintendent on Premises.

BROOKLYN.

SELECT TENANTS ONLY.
Eastern Parkway Cor. Kingston Av., facing Eastern Parkway.
25 MINUTES TO MANHATTAN.
Most attractive apartments, with every improvement; plenty of steam heat; hardwood floors, large closets, sunny rooms.
6-7-8 Rooms 1 and 2 baths **$40 up**
PALMER ESTATE, OWNERS.
A. G. PALMER, Resident Manager, gives his personal attention, assuring the best of service.
284 Kingston Ave. Tel. 4751 Bedford.
Take Subway to Atlantic Ave. Station, then to St. John's Place trolley to Kingston Ave. Walk two blocks over.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

HIGH CLASS
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
Just Completed
2-Room Apt. with Murphy Bed, $36.
4 Rooms, $50 to $60
(One 4 room apartment has 2 bedrooms)
1 Five Room, $80
6 Rooms, $62 to $65
Broadway & Valentine Lane
Two blocks over N. Y. City line, South Yonkers.

NEW JERSEY.

South Orange New steam heat apartments. Most beautiful, convenient location; living room 12½x23; dining room 13x15; large bedrooms; appointments such as found only in high-grade homes; rent $72.50 to $83.33; possession at once.
Raymond Connolly Co., So. Orange, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

NOW OPEN—THE NEW
Parkside Hotel
31 West 71st Street
New York's Finest Residential Section
Just off Central Park West. Near all transit lines. Building absolutely fireproof, with every modern feature. Appointments and service of the highest character.
1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Rooms, With Baths and Showers
Very attractive suites, furnished or unfurnished. Unexcelled light and air. Unobstructed view.
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Superior Restaurant.
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Furnished, $77.50 to $82.50.
Satisfactory reference indispensable.
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

DOINGS AND SAYINGS IN THE REAL ESTATE WORLD

LATEST DEALINGS IN THE REALTY FIELD

William R. Grace & Co. to Erect Addition to Their Hanover Square Building.

HOTEL LA SALLE ADDITION

Lessee Buys Washington Heights Garage Property Held at $135,000.

Business expansion in the Hanover Square section was further reflected in the project involving an addition to the home of William R. Grace & Co. The present Grace Building occupies the block front on the south side of Hanover Square, between Water and Pearl Streets, with frontages of 146, 113.8, and 57.8 feet, respectively.

It was learned yesterday that the Young & Griffin Coffee Company, which acquired about a month ago the adjoining property at 58 and 60 Water Street, 46 by 72, represented the Grace interests, which plans to improve the site with a seven-story addition.

This new structure, which will conform architecturally with the present Grace Building, is being designed by James W. O'Connor, architect, who places the estimated cost at $200,000. The Charles F. Noyes Company negotiated the recent sale.

$135,000 Heights Garage Deal.

The two-story garage, occupying a plot 99.9 by 99.11 at 510 to 518 West 145th Street, has been purchased by the lessee, H. O. Huise, from Stanley G. Ranger. It was held at $135,000. William S. Baker negotiated the sale.

Investor Buys Private Dwelling.

An investor purchased from Mrs. Emily D. Day 5 West Seventy-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 23 by 102, about 163 feet west of Central Park West. It was held at $45,000.

Bronx Sales.

The Boston Road Realty Company has purchased from the Natwill Corporation the three five-story new-law tenements, 508, 514, and 514 Concord Avenue. Each structure occupies a plot 40 by 100 and was completed about a year ago. Elkan & Lederman and M. Morrison negotiated the sale.

To Enlarge Hotel La Salle.

La Salle Chambers, a five-story structure at 26 East Sixtieth Street, has been leased to M. E. Sniffen, proprietor of the Hotel La Salle, to cover a period of twenty-one years, at an aggregate rental of $150,000. The lower floor will be remodeled into an additional restaurant for the Hotel La Salle. Weld & Suydam negotiated the lease.

Brooklyn.

The Simpson estate has sold 191 Lefferts Place, a four-story dwelling, between Classon and Franklin Avenues. The Bulkley & Horton Company was the broker in the sale.

R. A. Schlesing sold for John Jeager the six-family tenement at 1,868 Palmetto Street, Ridgewood, to Peter Muller.

Frank A. Seaver & Co. have sold a plot of about forty lots on the east side of Fifth Avenue, between Sixty-seventh and Sixty-eighth Streets, for the Weir estate to a builder.

Long Island.

Gage E. Tarbell has sold a plot on the east side of Hampton Road, between Stewart Avenue and St. Paul's Place, Garden City, to Mrs. Hedvig Gillette; also a plot on the west side of Wellington Road, between Salisbury and South Avenues, to Mrs. Elizabeth Ladds, and a plot on the west side of Euston Road, between Stratford Avenue and Newmarket Road, to the Chapelfields Construction Company.

Manursing Island Estate Sold.

J. Nelson Shreve, Treasurer of the Electric Cable Company, has purchased for occupancy from the Zeeland Realty Company, William H. Browning, President, its Manursing Island property at Rye, N. Y., which has been held at $80,000.

It is known as the Van Rensselaer place, and comprises a large plot of land, with a residence and outbuildings. Fish & Marvin negotiated the sale.

New Jersey.

The Colonial brick and marble residence of John C. Eisele of the banking and brokerage firm of Eisele & King of Newark, at the northeast corner of Ballantine Parkway and Clifton Avenue, in the Forest Hill section of Newark, has been sold to Dr. Henry V. Walker, President of the Maas & Waldstein Chemical Company. Louis Schlesinger, Inc., negotiated the sale.

New Home for Columbia Club.

The Columbia Club, for many years at Fifth Avenue and 127th Street, has leased, through Thomas J. O'Reilly, the five-story residence at 325 West 108th Street, on a plot 25 by 100. The former clubhouse was sold last May to the Finnish Workmen's Educational Association.

Service Committee Leases House.

The War Service Committee of the National Civic Federation, Women's Department, New York and New Jersey section, has leased, through Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., & Co., the four-story building at 17 East Forty-first Street, on a lot 22 by 98.9.

Commercial Leases.

Henry Brady has leased for the Hamilton estate to E. Koenig the building at 940 West Twenty-seventh Street for a term of years.

Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., & Co. leased the tenth floor at 95 Madison Avenue to the George E. Cook Company, publisher; also the fourth floor at 37 and 39 West Thirty-sixth Street to the Manhattan Bead Chain Company. The same brokers leased, in conjunction with the Cross & Brown Company, large space in 1,140 Broadway to Art In Buttons, Inc., for twenty years at 17 Astor Place.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. leased for Henry E. Smith to Max and A. I. Reiner 32 West Fifty-fifth Street for a term of years. After alterations the lessees will rent the property as store and apartments.

C. F. W. Johanning leased for A. W. Wehrmann to Mrs. Gertrude Roth the store at 2,061 Eighth Avenue.

John R. and Oscar L. Foley leased stores at 275 Audubon Avenue to Abraham Townski, and at 2,070 Seventh Avenue to Theodore Hess.

J. B. English has leased for F. Reilly the upper part of the northwest corner of Forty-eighth Street and Eighth Avenue to L. White for a term of years.

LEADING REALTY INTERESTS IN MANHATTAN ORGANIZE TO REVIVE INVESTMENT ACTIVITY IN REAL ESTATE

A Campaign of Education Planned to Inform Both the Large and Small Investor Regarding the Unusual Opportunities Existing in the Present Market—Prices at Very Low Ebb Despite Encouraging Influences That Are Gradually Clarifying the Generally Depressed Condition.

"Buy Real Estate Now" will be the slogan in one of the most important campaigns ever undertaken by real estate interests in New York.

Its purpose will be the inauguration of a comprehensive and systematic movement to bring back into the market both the large and small investor in real estate.

To this end a Committee of Forty has been tentatively organized, including among its members leaders in every phase of real estate activity in this city.

At two meetings already held plans have been formulated for the campaign of education to place before the consideration of the investing public the remarkable opportunities that make this the psychological time for the profitable acquisition of highly desirable income producing properties.

Real estate men interested in the movement who are members of the Committee of Forty were enthusiastic over the possibilities of the campaign and made clear their indorsement of the plan.

"The brokers, operators, savings banks, title and insurance companies representative of the tremendous real estate interests in the greatest city of its age have realized that a radical readjustment in the sentiment toward real estate as an investment is absolutely necessary," said Lawrence B. Elliman of Pease & Elliman, who is Chairman of the committee.

"This body of men, which I believe to be one of the most representative ever united to strive for a common realty cause, has for its purpose the determination of what can be done to restore confidence in real estate. We seek to establish beyond any question, through a systematic and comprehensive campaign of education, the intrinsic and fundamental desirability of this form of investment."

The basis upon which real estate values in New York rest, its tremendous resources and economic prestige, its supremacy in the markets of the world, its natural growth coincident with the expansion that must result from its position as the business hub of the nation, the unprecedented renting season that has absorbed practically all available space and created a demand greater than the supply, the fundamental stability of real estate as an investment under any and all conditions, and, lastly, the present prevailing low prices of real estate holdings, all have combined toward making the present the most opportune time to attract new capital to this form of investment.

The concentration of railroad terminals, the warehouse and storage facilities, the importance of New York as a manufacturing centre, (about one-tenth of the entire manufactures of the United States are produced in this city,) the fact that imported goods are here sold to the trade, and that foreign shipments are largely financed through its banks—all have played their part in making New York America's greatest shipping centre.

New York is the financial centre of the country, having far more banks and larger bank deposits than any other city; its Clearing House transactions surpass those of every other community in the United States.

Prior to 1914, approximately one-half of all the merchandise entering and leaving the United States passed through New York Harbor. The concentration of shipping at this port is due to the natural advantages of its wonderful harbor. New York's commercial supremacy is graphically illustrated by the chart compiled by the Merchants' Association, and reproduced herewith.

As a manufacturing centre the city is also pre-eminent. It contains, according to a survey made by the Merchants' Association, actually within its limits more than 29,000 manufacturing establishments, and these in addition to the numerous plants which surround it but lie outside of the municipal boundaries.

Nearly 600,000 are employed and more than $350,000,000 is paid out annually in wages, while goods valued at $2,293,000,000 are produced each year. Not only does New York occupy the position of the leading manufacturing centre in the United States, but that lead is increasing at an average of 700 new factories a year, operating within its limits.

Other factors contribute toward supporting the contention that the future of New York real estate is imbued with practically unlimited possibilities.

The steadily increasing population, which adds a million to the city's inhabitants every seven years, has led to the prediction by the New York Telephone Company that in 1940 it would be serving users in a city of 11,500,000, of which number 3,400,000 will be in Manhattan.

The comprehensive chain of new rapid-transit systems is nearing completion and will open up vast new areas for residential development. Not only will the outlying districts be blessed with all the benefits that these additional means of communication must afford, but the older sections of the city will also share in its beneficent effects.

Moreover, steady progress is being made to eliminate the various deterrents that have been operating to discourage the purchase of real estate in this city.

Pressure is being brought to bear upon the institutions loaning upon real estate who have adopted extreme conservative financing methods within recent months to change their attitude. One of the first big moves of the Committee of Forty will be to bring to the attention of the lenders careful analyses of the existing conditions, in the hope that they will readjust their viewpoints.

The fear of undesirable and injurious legislation—another bugaboo reacting against real estate—is being eliminated by the ceaseless activity of the leading real estate bodies, which have not only watched carefully the work of the State and City Governments, but have also steadily pounded into the Governmental authorities the need for relief from the burdens real estate has been asked to shoulder.

The movements against overregulation, overassessment, and overtaxation have stimulated the agitation for new sources of revenue and equalization of the State tax, creating a real hope that in the near future certain and effective measures of relief will be obtained.

The promiscuous growth of the city has been checked for all time by the zoning law, which will make it impossible for equities to be destroyed by the invasion of undesirable occupancies in streets whose character has already been established.

All these deterrents have combined toward creating a more or less pessimistic attitude on the part of buyers, and have been to a large degree responsible for the decline in favor of real estate for investment purposes.

The aim of the Committee of Forty, therefore, to combat this state of mind by a carefully planned campaign of education, strikes at what many consider to be the crux of the entire situation, namely, the psychological pessimism that prevails.

Laurence McGuire, President of the Real Estate Board, said:

"Though not generally understood, it is nevertheless a fact that real estate in the City of New York at the present time is enjoying unusual prosperity. To the owner who has recently been called upon to reduce or replace his mortgage this will seem an extreme statement. But it is an accurate one. Prosperity in real estate is not to be measured in any sense by the mortgage market. It is true at times when mortgage money is easy to procure at low rates that the market is active, but active in a speculative sense.

"The true measure of prosperity is the rental derived from improved properties and the resultant demand, either actual or potential, for unimproved or vacant property. There is comparatively little untenanted space throughout the city. Average rentals are good. The net returned from improved properties while somewhat out of proportion to the gross is nevertheless in most instances greater than it was last year, and surely greater than in pre-war years.

"The coming administration has pledged itself to an economical program and has in addition pledged itself to seek new sources of revenue to be applied to the ever-increasing cost of municipal and State government. If the administration will adhere to these pledges, and there is no reason to suppose it will not, the future for real estate is promising.

"With the greatly increased Federal tax on incomes, there is no doubt but that some enjoying large incomes will seek investment even in unproductive property. There will be a large demand for these properties when the world returns to normal conditions; and when buildings can be erected under such conditions.

"One is frequently asked: 'When will real estate come into its own or become active again?' In my opinion the only answer is: 'When the war is won.' Every interest must at this time be subordinated to the necessity of winning the war and every individual must put his full force and strength back of the Government in this great task. That the war must and will be won none of us has any doubt whatever."

"There are three paramount reasons why real estate investors should regard the present as an advantageous time to invest," said Argyll R. Parsons of Douglas L. Elliman & Co.

"First, because prices are the lowest they have been in years, and the time to buy is when you can buy cheaply.

"Second, because most of the conditions which produced low prices have been removed and a constructive policy substituted for a destructive one. For example, the absence of any policy in the past permitted buildings, irrespective of height, area, or use, to be erected, frequently causing irreparable damage to abutting owners.

"This has been displaced by the zoning ordinance which restricts the height, area, and use in the erection and occupancy of buildings to those sections, where, by virtue of natural tendencies, the development appears logical and unobjectionable. This simultaneously with the removal of a great menace, has created an improved situation that permanently stabilizes and appreciates all Manhattan values.

"Third, rents are higher than they have been in years and the demand, greater now than the supply, will continue to increase disproportionately owing to the suspension in all building construction.

"In the light of the circumstances we cannot well miss a big business revival, and it is difficult to understand why certain of the heads of financial institutions should seek this time to knock real estate which is recognized to be in a sound and strategical condition. It is time their attitude was changed and hearty support accorded to that form of security which is the very basis of revenue for the maintenance of our Governments, and, in fact, of all securities."

"A negative but nevertheless powerful argument supporting the acquisition of real estate for investment purposes is its steadiness in a declining market," declared Joseph P. Day. "Even although decreases have been recorded in the values of properties in many sections of the city, the changes have been gradual and have extended over an extended period. There has been no sudden and unexpected collapse, with the almost overnight resultant destruction of equities.

"This element in real estate ownership has tended to open the eyes of a great number of people to the stability of this form of investment. It has served to centralize attention on real estate in spite of the vicissitudes of recent years which it has been required to sustain.

"All that is needed is a careful campaign of education and encouragement before the ever-increasing army of investors will be slowly won back into the fold."

"When I say that now is the time to buy real estate," declared J. Clarence Davies, "my conviction is based, not on a cursory analysis of conditions or the experience of a few years in the real estate business, but on mature deliberations based upon a lifetime of study.

"Not since 1907 has the time been more advantageous to buy. Prices are at bedrock, in a paradoxical situation where renting is at its apex. The history of New York real estate for 100 years back has demonstrated that money is made just at such times. Confidence is slowly being regained and as it increases steadily in intensity the timidity of capital will proportionately vanish.

"The fundamental principle that land is the basis of everything, and that our entire economic structure rests upon its foundations, is one that can never, even in the most critical periods, be either minimized or disregarded.

"The inexorable economic law of supply and demand prevails today with all its old-time power. We have in New York, a greater demand for both residential and business space than the supply is able to meet. Now is the time to buy."

"Since the very essence of any investment is its good income return and the reasonable certainty that such income return will continue to be derived without injury to the principal, I feel that the time has come when the public should be informed as to what extent real estate meets these requirements," said Bryan L. Kennelly.

"Innumerable properties in New York have been placed upon a lucrative basis, by virtue of the remarkable renting period we have passed through and which has absorbed practically all available space in buildings regardless of character or location. Realty well located and income-productive has every essential of an ideal investment. Its attractiveness is at this time even further enhanced by the splendid rental conditions now prevailing."

"Buy real estate!" urged Frederick Fox. "Since it is increasingly apparent that to acquire real estate in any part of the world except through fair and reasonable barter is a dangerous proceeding, it only becomes necessary to determine when and where to buy. The City of New York has the indorsement of over 5,000,000 people in its appraisal of real estate values. This is a guarantee for the present and a promise for the future no other city in the United States can offer.

"The fairest land in all the world has no actual value without a community of people to indorse estimates of its value. For many years banks and financial institutions in every country of the globe have advised and practiced the investment of surplus cash in mortgages based upon New York City real estate. When selling prices have about reached the level of these mortgages, it must be the time to buy and profit."

Frank Lord of the Cross & Brown Company said: "The investing public has learned the lesson taught by repeated and enormous losses in stocks and bonds that the time to invest is not when ideal conditions, big earnings and dividends have served to inflate the price of securities and to enable the astute operator to unload on the cautious public.'

"Today an educated Wall Street public buys during times of stress and sells when affairs look rather too favorable. Wall Street has the advantage of real estate in that the ticker usually tells the truth, while in the realty world it has been largely the fashion to hide the truth, if possible, or dress it so that it cannot be recognized or seems to be something else.

"A recent sale of a large downtown property was dressed up at about $3,000,000, which was nearly two-thirds of the whole truth, and this is as near as the average real estate man is expected to approach the truth.

"When the clever real estate man thinks it is not safe to tell two-thirds of the truth he says that the assessed valuation of the property is so and so, hoping that this figure will stick in the public mind as the value or the sales price and that a sufficient fog will be thrown around the matter to befuddle everybody but his knowing self.

"A little less candor of this sort will give the investor a better opinion of real estate and of the kind of men who represent it in the Empire City."

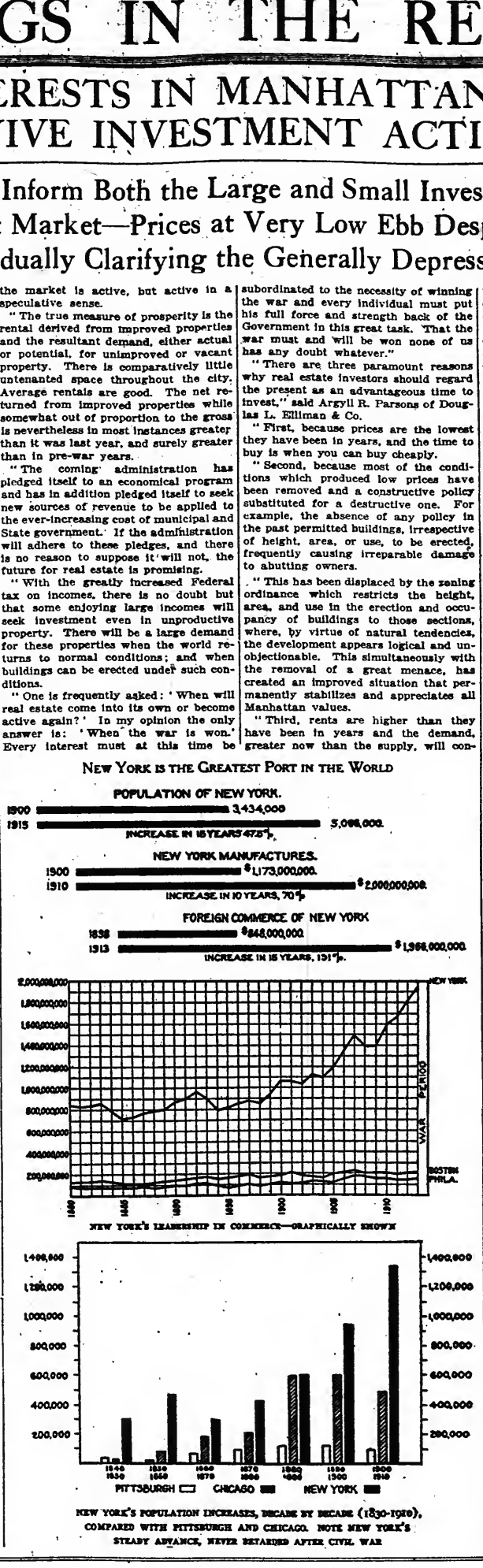
Charles F. Noyes said: "For the first time in twenty years I see strong indications that real estate interests, including brokers, agents, owners, title companies, &c., are getting together to protect and advance the interests of real estate. It is well that this should be done, and the time is propitious for strict co-operation between those interested in realty.

"It is believed that this will bear fruit in the near future. Most real estate men believe that the advantages of real estate ownership should be presented to the public in a more forceful manner than has been done heretofore.

"With rents in New York City increasing from 15 per cent. to 25 per cent.; with promised relief as far as over-inspection and over-regulation of buildings are concerned; with the absolute certainty that money is always available for real estate mortgages at a much lower rate of interest than is exacted in financing industrial corporations and railroad properties; with the positive knowledge that the City of New York is increasing at the rate of over 200,000 in population each year, and that housing facilities must be provided each year for 40,000 new families, it is pointed out that a campaign of publicity which will bring these facts before the people is certain to stimulate interest in what many believe the one best investment commodity in the world; viz, Manhattan real estate.

"Real estate prices are low. We have passed through the period of readjustment, and at these levels it is believed by real estate men that real estate is the best investment that can be had; and it is hoped that a campaign of publicity will bring these facts to the attention of all investors."

NEW YORK IS THE GREATEST PORT IN THE WORLD



REVIEW OF REAL ESTATE MARKET

Auction Sale of Fish Estate Holdings Productive of Interesting Results.

NEW MOVEMENT LAUNCHED

Moderate Demand Maintained for Small Investment Holdings—Leasing Branch of Market Quiet.

The outstanding feature of the real estate market last week was the disposition of sixty-two parcels of Manhattan realty for a total aggregating more than $400,000 less than the estimate of value placed upon them by the city for the purposes of taxation. The sale at auction of practically all the holdings of the Fisk Estate after an uninterrupted ownership extending over a period of more than 200 years, in a market conceded to be unusually dull, brought out several interesting characteristics in the prevailing situation.

In the first place the neglected condition of the realty, a good deal of which was untenanted and productive of practically no income return, caused considerable skepticism regarding the outcome of the sale. In the second place, the properties were located in sections which have apparently lost their popularity since the uptown trend of business began to depopulate the old-time established business centres.

To all intents and purposes the time was not propitious for the offering of holdings of this type in the present market. The predictions of the pessimists were rudely shattered when one of the shrewdest operators in the city paid $8,500 for a vacant lot in Suffolk Street. The fact that this was about one-half of the assessed valuation did not detract from the significance of this, the very first sale, since it demonstrated that confidence remained in New York real estate despite the discouraging clouds that have been hovering over the market.

As the sale progressed it became apparent that there are plenty of buyers ready to invest in this form of security. Adjoining owners and new purchasers figured in the sale, which proved two things at least—that there was still a market for real estate, at a price, and that perhaps there was need for the revision of assessments on many properties in the older sections of the city.

Another important development potent with possibilities for restoring confidence in realty was the inauguration of the movement to educate the public regarding present opportunities for good investment. While the real campaign has not yet been launched it may develop into one of the most important moves of its kind. The character and the standing of the men behind it, and the interest which they are displaying, encourage the hope that their object will be attained.

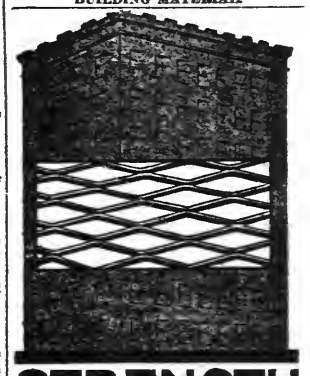
The realty situation otherwise remained substantially unchanged. A moderate demand was manifested for residential properties in various sections, especially apartment houses in the Bronx. On both the east and west sides of Manhattan a number of private dwellings also passed into new ownerships.

The leasing branch of the market was quiet, and reflected few new developments. Most of the business concerned commercial space, the supply of which continues steadily to diminish.

Mercantile Establishments.

A booth, six square feet, in an amusement park for the sale of chewing gum, and, presumably, candy, cigars, and similar articles, is held to be a mercantile establishment within the meaning of the labor law defining a mercantile establishment as "any place where goods, wares, or merchandise are offered for sale."

BUILDING MATERIAL.



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ARCHITECTS' REGISTRATION.

Operation of New Law Raises Architectural Standards.

The second annual report of the Board of Examiners and Registration of Architects shows that it has held 25 meetings during its second year. Total applications received during the two years number 1,991.

Of those 175 were withdrawn, 1,367 have been approved and 358 disapproved with the recommendation that they be not certified without examination.

The report says in part: "The Board of Examiners, after two years' experience with the operation of the registration law, and after examining the work of scores and hundreds of architects who are not a credit to their profession, is confirmed in its belief that the most important function of the registration law is its tendency to raise the standard of education and technical qualifications.

"The registration law does not prevent engineers and others doing building work, but it does forbid any new practitioner assuming the title of 'architect' until permission is granted for reasons which, in effect, make 'architect' a degree and the certificate a diploma of achievement.

"The law does not in any way compel the public to patronize architects, except as it may command respect by fixing high standards of ability and qualifications for those permitted to use the title. Your board believes that it has evidence of a strong impulse toward higher education on the part of young men ambitious to practice, and, with the assistance of architectural schools willing to co-operate with the board, has confidence that the law will justify its beneficent purpose."

Apartment House for Panama.

What will be by far the largest apartment house, as well as the largest building in Colon, Panama, is about to be erected. This building of two stories will have a frontage of 147 feet and a depth of 169 feet. There will be in all 128 rooms, so arranged as to be rented singly or in suite of from two to six rooms each. The building will have 24 toilet rooms, 32 bathrooms, and 34 kitchens. The cost is estimated to be about $75,000, according to a report of United States Consul J. D. Dreher at Colon.

MANUFACTURERS MOVING FROM RESTRICTED ZONE

The Save New York Committee said yesterday that the following manufacturing firms of cloaks, suits, furs, dresses, and waists have made leases outside the zone, or have established their manufacturing plants outside the zone, retaining their former lofts for offices and salesroom purposes only: Wellington Kay Company, Inc., dresses and costumes, 106 West Thirty-second Street, removed to Seventh Avenue and Thirtieth Street; Shamroth & Markheim, furs, 130 West Thirty-second Street, removed to 114 West Twenty-seventh Street; Leiserson & Rosenberg, Inc., dresses, waists, 1 East Thirty-third Street, removed to Madison Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street; L. Eidenberg, coats, suits, 12 East Thirty-third Street, given up manufacturing, retains present space for office, show room, also shipping department; F. & L. Manufacturing Company, skirts, 152 West Thirty-fourth Street, intends to give up manufacturing and retain loft for office, show, and stock room; Kohn & Baer, furs, 43 West Thirty-third Street, removed to 116 West Thirty-second Street, factory in West Thirty-first Street, same building; W. Steinberg, cloaks, suits, 35 West Thirty-fifth Street, removed to downtown; M. Schwartz, coats, suits, 60 West Thirty-fifth Street, removed to 22 West Thirty-second Street; J. M. Spar Company, dresses, 35 West Thirty-sixth Street, given up manufacturing, only office and show room; Schwartz & Fein, Inc., coats, suits, 53 West Thirty-sixth Street, given up manufacturing, loft for office, show room, and stock room; Weitman Brothers, coats, suits, 53 West Thirty-sixth Street, removed to 22 West Thirty-second Street; Herzig & Rappaport, coats, suits, 53 West Thirty-sixth Street, removed to 30 West Twenty-sixth Street; Leading Dress and Costume Company, dresses, costumes, 65 West Thirty-sixth Street, removed to 132 East Twenty-third Street; Peries & Gilbert, dresses, waists, 141 West Thirty-sixth Street, removed to 15 East Thirty-second Street; Newport Costume Company, costumes, 7 West Thirty-seventh Street, removed to 105 Madison Avenue; Rudolph & Co., suits, 8 West Thirty-seventh Street, office and show room only, factory in Bronx; Willner Frères, coats and suits, 13 West Thirty-ninth Street, removed to Brooklyn; Joseph Durst, Inc., suits, 1,330 Broadway, show room only, also stock and shipping rooms, factory in Brooklyn.

J. H. Burton, Chairman of the committee, said: "A great many of these lofts made vacant by removals are being filled with other industries, among which the millinery, flower, and feather trades predominate.

"It is very gratifying to know that the real estate brokers are using their influence to help the manufacturers remove from the Save New York Zone, and decline to make any new leases in the zone to manufacturers of the industries above mentioned.

"The Save New York Committee will continue its work until all the manufacturers have removed from the zone and it becomes an assured fact that the section of New York City known as the Save New York Zone is forever protected against becoming a factory centre.

"There will be a great many more removals of manufacturers from the zone, and we will announce these removals and their new locations."

HISTORIC GODWIN ESTATE TO GO TO HIGHEST BIDDER

Considering the campaign of education just started by Manhattan realty men to place before the public the unusual investment opportunities now existing in the real estate field, there is much speculation as to what the Godwin estate will bring when offered at public auction by Joseph P. Day and J. Clarence Davies on Tuesday next in the Vesey Street Salesroom.

The general opinion is that they will bring a figure far under their assessed valuation despite the fact that it is located on both sides of Broadway in the best section of Kingsbridge.

A map of the Godwin estate really shows more than 6,000 feet of frontage in improved thoroughfares, that is, in those that are curbed, flagged, and paved, and that have water, gas, sewers, and electricity installed.

The city assesses that 6,000 feet frontage on a valuation of about $825,000, or at the rate of $3,530 for each of the 234 lots contained in the tract as a whole, without allowing for Godwin Terrace, Kimberly Place, Putnam Place, and Verveelen Place, all of which are newly added 50 and 60 foot streets, in which, however, the improvements yet are to be installed.

The opening of these streets has given to the property 1,700 feet of additional lot frontage and another 1,295 feet and ten newly created corners, so that the total frontage in improved and unimproved streets to be disposed of next Tuesday is closer to 9,000 feet than 6,000 feet. That solution of two difficult "deep-block" problems in the future will add considerably to the city's assessment valuations and will do a great deal to hasten the development of some of the best property included in the tract.

Had the new streets been opened and improved in time for the Assessors this year, and valued by them, even as low as $60 a front foot average throughout, their valuation for 1918, then, would have been nearer $1,000,000 than $825,000, giving each lot an average valuation of $4,270.

That difference in valuation is accounted for by the fact that this year almost 40 per cent. of the property was valued by the city as interior plottage or as the rear end of unusually deep lots having but one outlet.

The order of the Supreme Court to sell the estate made it necessary to open up the new streets, as nobody nowadays wants city lots 180 to more than 250 feet in depth, with the result that some very fine building sites have been created out of land that formerly was only fit for use as an estate, which is just what the great block from 230th to 231st Street, Broadway to Kingsbridge Avenue, has been the last hundred years or more, or ever since it was a portion of the Macomb-Godwin apple orchard.

Marble Hill, lying just to the south of the Godwin estate, is a splendid example of an old estate divided, improved, and built upon. That property, which today consists of 441 lots, was bought many years ago by Godwin & McLean for $12,500.

About twenty-five years ago Hugh Camp paid $280,000 for the "Hill" as a whole. The total assessed value of the 441 lots into which Marble Hill is divided is $1,628,900, front foot values ranging between $100 and $380 in each block frontage and the average lot value being $3,920.

NEW FIRE ALARM RULING

The Board of Standards and Appeals has announced that a public hearing will be held Thursday, Dec. 6, on the following additional rule to the present interior fire alarm rules:

"Sprinklered Buildings, Sources of Water Supply. In the enforcement of the provisions of §83-a, labor law, with respect to fire alarm signal systems and fire drills, automatic sprinkler systems shall be deemed to have two adequate sources of water supply within the meaning of said section, if the system is a two-source system as defined in the Rules of the Board of Standards and Appeals for Fire Extinguishing Appliances, or when the system is equipped with and supplied by either a gravity tank or a pressure tank and a fire department connection."

WEST SIDE OWNERS MEET.

Oppose the Projected Removal of Encroachments.

The Central Park West Civic League went on record at its meeting in the Hotel Majestic on Thursday night as opposed to the removal of the car tracks on Central Park West and advocated the slicing off of the sidewalk on the east side of the thoroughfare to provide the necessary space for traffic.

Louis Steckler pointed out that the proposed plan for the removal of the encroachments on the west side of the avenue, now improved with high-class apartment houses, would work excessive hardship on the property owners, who in some cases would have to expend as much as $40,000 on a single frontage. Addresses were also made by Copeland Townsend, Frank B. Vrooman, and Dr. J. Gardiner Smith of the Harlem Board of Commerce.

Other improvements suggested were bus transportation on Central Park West similar to that on Fifth Avenue from Fifty-ninth Street to 110th Street; a subway station at or near 104th Street and Central Park West, and transverse bus lines through Central Park at Sixty-seventh, Seventy-ninth, and Ninety-seventh Streets; to advocate the beautifying of streets leading to Central Park; to conduct an educational campaign to prevent the littering of surrounding streets and avenues; to encourage the appointment of a Traffic Commission to direct and control vehicular and pedestrian traffic and to reduce fire risks and insurance rates.

The officers elected for the following year were: Copeland Townsend, President; Louis Stern, First Vice President; Charles W. West, Second Vice President; A. F. Osborn, Treasurer; Edward W. Forrest, Secretary; Thomas F. Brennan, Chairman Executive Committee; Louis Steckler, counsel, and Hugh McAtamney, Executive Secretary.

Talk on Fuel Problem.

The Hon. Cyrus C. Miller, former Borough President of the Bronx and at present serving as Bronx County Fuel Administrator, is to make an address on the problems connected with the coal supply situation and other matters pertaining to his office at a meeting of the Bronx Board of Trade to be held in the board rooms, 137th Street and Third Avenue, next Wednesday evening, Nov. 28.

STEEL MILLS READY TO RUSH SHIP PLATES

Expect to Turn Out 1,100,000 Tons for the Four Months Ending with February.

8,000,000 TONS IN A YEAR

Also Preparing to Turn Out 200,000 Shells a Month for Our Army Despite Big Foreign Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 24.—Despite the larger amount of merchant shipping expected to be turned out by the extreme standardization of designs, the steel industry expects to be able to meet all the plate and structural shape requirements. While 750,000 tons of shipping was turned out by the United States in 1916, about 1,100,000 tons is expected for the four months ending next February, and by that time a rate of 500,000 tons of shipping a month is expected, this to be increased to a rate of 8,000,000 tons a year within a year.

In 1916 the entire output of sheared plates, ¼-inch and heavier, was about 1,800,000 tons, including a little tonnage that would not be suitable for shipbuilding, but within a few months the capacity for ship plates is expected to reach 300,000 tons a month, through the completion of new plate mills, of which the Liberty mill at Homestead, put in operation last month, is a specimen.

Orders for shell steel, chiefly in the form of forging billets, are being placed rapidly, and within a few months the output probably will exceed 200,000 tons a month, in addition to the shell steel for export. All the factories in the United States engaged at any time in the past in shell manufacture are to be employed, while additional plants are being placed in Canada.

The steel market is moderately active, and there is heavy buying of tin plates and sheets for the first half of next year, while in other commodities the transactions are usually limited to shorter periods of delivery. There has been a further loosening up in materials offered for early deliveries, and there is less difficulty in buying materials for early deliveries at the set price. The chief concern of the iron and steel industry at present is the shortage of coke, which has been accentuated during the past fortnight. Most of the railroad divisions are badly congested, and while the supply of empties to coke ovens has been 5 to 10 per cent. less in the last two weeks than formerly, the receipts at furnaces have been reduced by a greater margin, as the congestion has caused coke in transit to accumulate.

The steel market is working smoothly, and there are increased offerings of finished rolled steel products and of manufactures of steel, at the various prices recently set. Manufacturers have voluntarily revised contracts to the set basis because they knew it was the only way in which they could obtain orders, but in the case of rolled steel products there has been little revision of contracts.

Refuse Orders for Forward Deliveries.

The trade is talking about the proposed curtailment that the Government is to effect in unessential industrial activities, but at present there is only conjecture and no knowledge of where or how it will strike, so that the majority of steel mills are backward in making sales for forward delivery. Government orders for steel in various forms are being placed in larger tonnages than a few weeks ago, and, of course, the war program has become correspondingly more formidable as to the curtailment it will effect in steel supplies for ordinary commercial consumption. Sales of steel products for export are being made without regard to the set prices when the material is not to be used, directly or indirectly, for prosecuting the war, and export permits are being granted with considerable freedom, even plates being involved in some instances.

Pig iron is growing more scarce every week, many of the furnaces losing considerable time through the lack of coke, so that, on the whole, the production is materially reduced. There is a constant inquiry for basic iron, and it is estimated that not less than 200,000 tons could be sold right now for delivery up to April 1, but there are very few offerings, as, with restricted production, contracts all absorb the prospective output.

The scarcity of bessemer iron is not so acute as that of basic. In the case of foundry iron, there is a fair amount of inquiry, but the curtailment in production is not reflected so sharply, as the consumption of some foundries has decreased, and they have asked shipments to be curtailed because of that fact. It is known that the Government is working hard on plans to relieve the transportation problem, and the earliest definite relief that can be expected will come from curtailing operations in unessential industries. It will require some time to work out the program.

The additional scarcity of coke has made the blast furnaces still more reserved in offering iron for early deliveries. A number of the consumers have asked for better deliveries, and furnace managers are going to great lengths to arrange deliveries to the least disadvantage of all parties concerned.

A few transactions have taken place in early deliveries, and there has also been considerable inquiry in the same direction. Some of the furnaces are offering iron for delivery in 1918, and to their regular customers are willing to extend the contract to cover the whole year.

Difficulties in Shipments.

While the congestion of traffic affects the pig iron situation chiefly with respect to the supplies of coke to blast furnaces, there are also great difficulties in the shipment of pig iron, and there are some embargoes that retard the market as well. The market can be quoted firm at the Government prices: Bessemer, $36.30; basic and No. 2 foundry, (1.75 to 2.25 per cent. silicon,) $33; malleable, $35.50; gray forge, $32, f. o. b. valley and other furnaces, prices delivered Pittsburgh ranging as a rule from 79 to 95 cents.

The ferro-manganese market is steadier through the disappearance of $275 as a nominal quotation, the usual quotable level being $250. This price, however, is sometimes shaded by $2 to $4 a ton in the case of prompt or first half deliveries. Consumers are in the market at intervals only, and do not want to buy except for early deliveries. Some first half inquiry has been followed by a decision not to buy so far ahead at this time.

Government price setting for scrap iron has dulled the market, to the surprise of the dealers, who expected the reverse. Heavy melting steel was set at $30, when the market had been quotable at about $27 to $29. It would seem that such price fixing would not effect any change in the market, being below the Government limit, but, on the contrary, holders of scrap marked up prices sharply, expecting to secure practically the full price, $30, minus a very moderate margin to the dealer. However, consumers of scrap did not take the same attitude, and are not bidding $30 on any considerable tonnages, although there seems to be a demand for small lots at $30 for current requirements. While the dealers have no recourse but to quote $30 to customers, they are picking up very little material at prices permitting them to turn it over at a profit, and their usual bids are much below $30. The market quotations are: Heavy melting steel, $28 to $30; borings, $18 to $20; turnings, $18 to $20; No. 1 wrought, $33 to $35, delivered Pittsburgh, the higher prices being the set limits. Some one tried to bull the market by starting a rumor among the traders that one of their number was trying to secure more scrap than the Government allowed, but it was soon proved to be a canard.

Early deliveries of wire products are bringing about a fairly active market. In this trade the bulk of the business is not done for the far forward deliveries, except in cases in which the business is thrown forward by the mills getting behind in filling specifications, and at the present time there is very little forward business being done. Some of the wire mills were not booked ahead to the extent at first supposed, and many of them are booking orders quite freely since prices were set.

Nailmakers are at a disadvantage in the case of small nails, for the reason that the extras above base are fixed and were arrived at for ordinary times, while at present all costs are high, and there is not a correspondingly higher price on the small sizes. This has led to some of the mills seeking to place a restriction on specifications, requiring, for instance, that in a given specification not more than 20 per cent. should be in sizes less than two-inch, but buyers frequently succeed in getting through a specification with a larger percentage, notwithstanding the efforts of the mills. The market is quoted at $3.50 base for wire nails, and at $3.40 for cement coated, smooth fence wire being $3.25.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP FIGHT IS RENEWED

Municipal League Gathers Figures for the Incoming Administration.

TALK OF NEW APPRAISALS

But B. C. Marsh Does Not Expect to Get Much Help from the Legislature.

Since election The League for Municipal Ownership and Operation in New York City, of which Mayor-Elect Hylan is a Vice President, has been gathering facts and figures which the incoming administration will need when it proceeds to carry out that plank in its platform dealing with municipal ownership. Public attention was sharply called to the subject by the speech made on Thursday night before the Queens Chamber of Commerce by Public Service Commissioner Whitney, in which he alluded to the matter without committing himself or anybody else.

Persons really interested in the subject referred to Commissioner Whitney's speech as "shadowy," but the Municipal Ownership and Operation League is paying close attention to some figures alleged to show the value of the surface railroad lines, which apparently came from the Public Service Commission.

Benjamin C. Marsh, Executive Secretary of the league, said yesterday that the only method yet discovered of finding out what the assets of a public utility corporation are worth is to have them appraised by some person not connected with or interested in the corporation.

"It is necessary," he said, "to eliminate the watered stock which is always a notable characteristic of all public utility corporations. Last year we caused to be introduced into the Legislature two bills with the idea that if they were enacted into law the way would be cleared for taking over public utilities and operating them solely in the interest of the public. But the bills died in committee."

Mr. Marsh thought that this was an indication that the Legislature was antagonistic to the public ownership idea and that any legislation necessary for the purchase of any of the plants would find hard traveling in Albany. He said that one of the important steps toward municipal ownership would be the finding of enough money to buy the plants, and that another would be a careful, accurate and new appraisal of the property.

"In the next four years," he said, "it will be necessary for the city to raise $1,000,000,000 for its running expenses, which is at least one-sixth more than was needed in the last four years. Of course it might be possible to raise the money without much difficulty or by paying too much for it, but it is a problem that will have to be solved.

"Concerning the appraisal of the plants of the surface car lines, for instance, the Public Service Commission procured appraisals in 1914 of sixteen companies. Among them are the New York Railways Company, Third Avenue Railway Company, Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company, North Shore Traction Company, and the Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad Company. Appraisals were also made of the Kings County Lighting Company, Bronx Gas and Electric Company, Queens Borough Gas and Electric Company, and the Brooklyn Borough Gas Company.

"The figures may be of use today, but every estimate made several years ago by public officials or by the companies themselves, or by men financially interested in the companies, would not serve. To attempt to use such figures as a basis for a purchase price would at once arouse suspicion. Therefore no figures submitted by the companies in the present rate hearings of the surface lines would be useful unless they were checked up by some responsible authority."

Concerning the value of the surface lines, Mr. Marsh said that it might be possible to take them over at a fair value with an eye to the fact that the companies operating them recently declared in public statements that they were losing money and that if they were not permitted to charge for transfers or otherwise to increase their income they would fall into the hands of receivers. If this is a fact the properties ought to be acquired, Mr. Marsh thought, at a low figure. A company paying only 5 per cent. to its stockholders is not what can be called a successful corporation, but if the line was owned by the city and run without profit and entirely in the public interest it would give to the people of the city a ride at less than 5 cents, he declared.

"The elements to be charged for," said Mr. Marsh, "would have to be carefully considered. Any attempt to make the city pay for franchises should be combatted because the city would be only taking back its own. Additions made to the company's property and paid for out of surplus earnings should also be considered in the estimate of values."

Asked what he thought of the old argument that public ownership would place so many voters under the control of the city administration that it would be difficult to dislodge them, Mr. Marsh replied:

"If there ever was any foundation for such a fear it passed when the vote was given to women. No woman would tolerate bad service, because that would mean added expenses in the upkeep of the home, and added labor for the women who do the home work. The increase in the total vote would be sufficient to overcome any advantage that could be gained even if all the new employes engaged in operating public utilities could be induced to vote the one way, which is far from likely."

GENERAL ELECTRIC ISSUE.

Directors Vote to Increase Stock of Company by $20,000,000.

Directors of the General Electric Company, meeting in Boston yesterday, voted to increase the stock of the company by $20,000,000, of which $10,000,000 is to be issued to the stockholders at par. A special meeting of stockholders will be held in Schenectady, at the main office of the company, on Jan. 3, to vote upon the proposition. Only stock of record at the close of business Dec. 7 will be eligible to vote.

Directors also declared the regular quarterly dividend of $2 per share, and a special semi-annual dividend of $2, to be paid in stock, both dividends payable Jan. 15 to stock of record Dec. 7.

It was announced yesterday that the subscription books opened yesterday morning by J. P. Morgan & Co. and Lee, Higginson & Co. for the new issue of $10,000,000 of two-year 6 per cent. notes, offered on a basis to yield 6⅜ per cent., were closed immediately, as the issue was oversubscribed in advance. The note issue and the increase in capital, it is understood, are both to be employed in increasing the company's working capital to take care of the unprecedented rush of business due to war conditions.

BOSTON STOCK SALES.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 24.—Sales of manufacturing stocks in Boston this week were:

Sales.	Stock.	Price.
25	Arlington Mills	106⅞
10	Maverick Mills pf	75
4	Newmarket Mfg. Co.	105
25	Plymouth Cordage Co.	182
3	York Mfg. Co., ex div.	113
17	Farr Alpaca Co.	169¾

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Liggett & Drexel have sold the entire issue of $600,000 of two-year 6 per cent. convertible notes of the Connecticut Brass and Manufacturing Corporation.

The current issue of The Erie Railroad Magazine has a service flag with 974 stars on the cover for the Erie men now in service.

The Aetna Explosives Company reports net earnings for October $682,863, as compared with $574,264 in September. The October showing was the best since the company went into receivers'hip.

THE BUILDING SITUATION.

Increasing Demand Hampered by Labor, Money, and Material

"The high prices of labor and material, the shortage of mortgage money and transportation and the policy of the Government to concentrate all possible energy upon war necessities are naturally causing the building industry much concern," said Franklin T. Miller, President of The Record and Guide, yesterday.

"Both long and short range plans are being turned over from week to week by those vitally interested. The question is piled high with difficulty, and we must rise with the occasion. As our cause is new so we must think anew and act anew.

"At the outset let us realize that buildings are essentially tools of industry and to a certain extent are war necessities, and that large amounts of money are now being spent throughout the country for materials of construction.

"We are not facing a general business depression, for general business is reported as excellent throughout the country, excepting possibly in the Northwest and South, where it is fairly good."

What will be the relative position of the building industry when the war is over, and what can be done in the meantime?

"In the meantime let us be sure that we know as exactly as possible 'where we are at.' The information gathered by the committee work, undertaken by the Chambers of Commerce in conjunction with the building trades in the principal industrial centres, when tabulated should show the present demand for buildings of various classes in various localities, the price and supply of materials, and their possible substitutes, the available supply of labor and mortgage money, and the needs of transportation facilities.

"Realizing the unfavorable reaction of war profiteering by other industries upon themselves as well as upon the country at large, the building industry may see that it is intelligent self-interest to promote building through a policy of minimum profit, such as cost plus 5 per cent., for the duration of the war.

"If this policy were universal in all building trades and with all building material manufacturers it would insure maximum volume of business to tide over this critical period and to keep this highly specialized organization from disintegration. The moral effect of such a policy would be in public interest. Such a policy might call forth spontaneous support from financial institutions, transportation interests, and from the Government itself.

"When probably within two or three years at most, the world has at last returned to peaceful operations, there is no other one industry which gives so certain a prospect of becoming the leader as that providing materials for construction work. This industry holds promise of a sensational activity.

"The close of the war will naturally free necessary labor, capital, and transportation. A worldwide building boom is inevitable during the period of reconstruction. The accumulating demand is self-evident."

DROPS NAME OF GERMANIA.

Fire Insurance Company Will Be Known as the National Liberty.

Directors of the Germania Fire Insurance Company, at a special meeting yesterday, voted to make application for an order authorizing the company to change its name to the National Liberty Insurance Company of America.

The company was chartered by the State of New York in 1859, and all of its officers are American-born. It has no German reinsurance contracts and is not in any way under German influence or control.

WANT ZONING LAWS.

Jersey City Realty Men Realize Their Value.

Jersey City is appreciating the necessity of passing zoning laws, and to that end is forming a Committee of One Hundred to look into the situation and prepare bills for the Assemblymen to introduce.

The Real Estate Board of Hudson County is taking active interest in the movement, for it realizes that if values are to be conserved, regulations must exist, so that improper improvements will not continue.

This movement is the direct result of the zoning laws passed in New York City during 1916. Careful analyses of conditions in this city have been made, and it was realized that unless drastic measures were taken across the river, no logical city development could be undertaken, and therefore realty values would suffer.

The zoning resolution, as applied to New York City, has had a marked effect on realty in the outlying districts. One of the deterrent factors which worked against real estate was the uncertainty in the minds of prospective purchasers as to how neighboring properties would be improved.

Many instances can be cited showing how whole neighborhoods have been seriously affected adversely through a single operation. Real estate interests in Jersey City are wise enough to appreciate this fact, and it is to be hoped that good judgment will be exercised in zoning off the city into districts which are logical, not only for today's needs, but also the requirements of the future.

RECORD TREASURY BALANCE

Due to Liberty Loan Payments Totaling $1,914,000,000 for the Week.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The net balance in the Treasury today went to a new high record of $1,968,000,000, mainly because of receipts of $257,000,000 from Liberty Loan payments. This brought the total reported this week from the Liberty Loan to $1,914,000,000, exclusive of payment in credit and by certificates of indebtedness.

The remarkable overpayments of the Liberty Loan, known to Secretary McAdoo last night, prompted the announcement that two issues of certificates of indebtedness aggregating $700,000,000 would be paid Dec. 6 and Dec. 11, respectively, instead of Dec. 15, when they were to have matured.

FALL RIVER QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Nov. 24.—Following are today's quotations on cotton mill stocks:

Stocks.	Bid.	Ask.	Sale.
American Linen Co.	..	90	..
Arkwright Mills	..	117½	122
Bourne Mills	..	115	..
Border City Mfg. Co.	..	102¼	..
Chace Mills	..	125	..
Charlton Mills	..	125	..
Davol Mills	..	107	..
Davis Mills	..	111	..
Flint Mills	..	162¼	160
Granite Mills	..	100	..
Hargraves Mills	..	72½	..
King Philip Mills	..	170	160
Laurel Lake Mills	..	96	..
Merchants Mfg. Co.	..	112¼	..
Mechanics Mills	98	102½	..
Narragansett Mills	..	108	..
Osborn Mills	..	122	..
Parker Mills	..	72½	65
Pilgrim Mills com	..	100	..
Pilgrim Mills pf	..	100	..
Pocasset Mfg. Co.	..	95	91
Borden Mfg. Co.	..	155	..
Sagamore Mfg. Co.	..	250	..
Seaconnet Mills	..	67½	..
Shore Mills	..	89	87
Stafford Mills	..	106	..
Stevens Mfg. Co.	..	106	..
Tecumseh Mills	..	142½	..
Union Cotton Mfg. Co.	..	242½	..
Wampanoag Mills	..	90	..
Wetamoe Mills	100	104	..

THIS WEEK'S FREE LECTURES

Note.—All lectures, unless otherwise specified, will begin at 8:15 P. M.

Sunday.

FUNDAMENTALS OF SOCIAL DEMOCRACY, by John Spargo, Sunday morning lecture, Mount Morris Baptist Church, 5th Av., between 126th and 127th Sts., 10 A. M.

AMERICA'S WAR AND AMERICA'S THANKSGIVING, by Rabbi Stephen Wise, service Free Synagogue, Carnegie Hall, 10:45 A. M.

THE LOVE OF CERES FOR HER DAUGHTER, Story Hours for Children, by Anna Curtis Chandler, illustrated, Metropolitan Museum of Art, 3 P. M.

ORGAN RECITAL, by Professor Samuel A. Baldwin, Great Hall, College of the City of New York, 4 P. M.

ITALIAN RENAISSANCE WOODCUTS, by William M. Ivins, Curator Print Department, Metropolitan Museum of Natural History, 4 P. M.

OUR LIBERTY LOAN: PERPETUATION OF A GREAT PRINCIPLE, Forum, 3 P. M. "The Need of Ideals," by Dr. Frank Crane, 4 P. M. "War in the Caucasus," by Chaplain Sydney Ussher, 8:15 P. M., Y. M. C. A. West Side Branch, 318 West 57th St.

SAVONAROLA: HIS GREATNESS AND HIS FAILURE, by Dr. Felix Adler, New York Society of Ethical Culture, 2 West 64th St., 11 A. M.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE PEOPLE, by Dr. Algernon Crapsey, Brooklyn Society for Ethical Culture, Brooklyn Academy of Music, 11 A. M.

SUCCESS IN OUR WAR AIMS, by Norman Angell, auspices the People's Institute, Great Hall, Cooper Union, 8 P. M.

POEMS OF DEMOCRACY read and discussed, by Edwin Markham, America's poet of democracy, Church of the Ascension, 5th Av. and 10th St., 8 P. M.

WHY NOT MOBILIZE DEMOCRACY? by Charles Frederick Adams, University Settlement Forum, 184 Eldridge St., 8 P. M.

HISTORICAL CAUSES OF THE WAR, by Prof. William F. Slocum, President Emeritus of the University of Colorado, Brooklyn Civic Forum, P. S. 84, Glenmore and Stone Avs., Brooklyn, 8 P. M.

AFTER ELECTION WHAT? by the Rev. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, Men's Conference of the Bedford Branch, Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av., 3:30 P. M. Questions from the audience. Edna White Trumpet Quartet. To follow Surrogate Herbert T. Ketcham, an address to the Open Forum in the lobby.

THE CASE FOR AMERICA, by James M. Beck, President of the League for National Duty, third in the series of addresses on the general subject, "The Case for the Allies," Sunday Evening Forum, Synagogue House, 36 West 68th St.

THE PRIMATIVE MIND AND THE PRESENT HOUR, by Prof. Franz Boas of Columbia University, St. Mark's in-the-Bouwerie, 10th St., west of 2d Av., 4 P. M.

THE MORAL ISSUE OF THE WAR, by Talcott Williams; public forum at P. S. 101, 111th St. and Lexington Av. (Miss May Gates, violinist.)

ORGAN RECITAL, by Edward S. Barnes; Washington Irving High School, Irving Place, near 16th St.

ORGAN RECITAL, by W. A. Raboch, Morris High School, Boston Road and 166th St.

NATURALIZATION, (Yiddish lecture,) by Nathan Leifowitz, P. S. 65, Eldridge St., near Hester.

THE WORLD WAR, (Yiddish lecture,) by Dr. N. Sirkin, P. S. 188, Lewis and E. Houston Sts.

Monday.

THE PLACE OF ECCLESIASTES IN JEWISH LITERATURE, by Dr. Enelow, Temple Emanu-El, 43d St. and 5th Av., 11 A. M., sharp.

PSYCHOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS OF COLLEGE FRESHMEN, by Miss Edith Carothers; "Distribution of Time in Learning Vocabularies," Prof. Robert A. Cummins; "When Does the Baby Begin to Think?" by Dr. G. C. Myers; "A New Clinical Test for the Temperature of Senes," by Miss E. I. Cornell; "A Psychological Test of Expertness in Marksmanship," by Dr. A. I. Gates; Section of Anthropology and Psychology of the New York Academy of Sciences in Conjunction with the American Psychological Association in the Psychological Laboratory of Columbia University.

SETETDA'Q, A SHAMANISTIC PERFORMANCE OF THE PUGIT SOUND SALISH, by Dr. H. K. Haeberlin, American Ethnological Society, American Museum of Natural History.

FOLK SONGS OF SPAIN, by Miss Maria Paz Gainsborg, Washington Irving High School, Irving Place and 16th St. Illustrated.

THE BRAZILIANS AND THEIR COUNTRY, by Clayton S. Cooper, P. S. 3, Hudson and Grove Sts. Illustrated.

HENRY W. LONGFELLOW, by Miss Virginia Hawkins, P. S. [illegible] St. Nicholas Av. Illustrated.

BEHIND THE WAR ZONE IN FRANCE, [illegible] 57th St. Illustrated.

THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT OF AMERICAN GOVERNMENT, by Jennie M. Davis, P. S. 62, Hester and Essex Sts.

BALZAC: THE SECRETARY OF SOCIETY, by Professor Chri[illegible] 225 East Broadway.

HOMER AND DISCOVERIES IN HOMERIC LANDS, by L. B. Stoughton Holborn, Pilgrim Hall, 56th St. and Broadway. Illustrated.

MODERN MEXICO, by Miss Adelaide Allerton, St. Columba Hall, 343 West 25th St. Illustrated.

THE WORLD CONSCIOUSNESS OF THE COMING EPOCH, by Dr. Louis U. Wilkinson, Morris High School, 166th St. and Boston Road, the Bronx.

LIFE STORY OF LLOYD GEORGE, by George Newton Cross, P. S. 46, 196th St., near Briggs Av. Illustrated.

STRANGE MYTHS OF THE NAVAJO'S LAND, by George Lee Patterson, P. S. 50, Bryant and Vyse Avs., near 172d St. Illustrated.

ITALIAN LECTURE, by Mrs. Lisette Hammond, P. S. 102, 113th St., near 2d Av.

Tuesday.

IBSEN'S THE DOLL HOUSE, by Mme. Bell-Ransky, Great Hall, Cooper Union, 8 P. M.

FIELD NOTES ON THE BIRDS OF NICARAGUA, by W. De W. Miller. Illustrated with specimens, Linnaean Society of New York, 8 P. M.

KING HENRY V., (dramatic recital,) by Henry J. Hadfield, Wadleigh High School, 115th St., near 7th Av.

CARE OF FOODS IN THE HOME, by Mrs. Lilian M. Gunn, P. S. 27, 42d St., near 3d Av.

THE TEMPERAMENT OF ITALY, by Professor J. G. Carter Troop, P. S. 63, 4th St., near 1st Av.

RED CROSS LECTURE, at P. S. 66, 88th St., near 1st Av.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, by Garrett P. Serviss, P. S. 90, 147th St., near 7th Av. Illustrated.

RESOURCES AND COMMERCIAL POSSIBILITIES OF THE U. S., by Dr. Roy S. McElwee, P. S. 132, 182d St. and Wadsworth Av. Illustrated.

BELGIUM: A BURNT OFFERING TO THE GOD OF WAR, by Dr. Jerome Hall Raymond, American Museum, 77th St. and Central Park West. Illustrated.

HOW LIFE BEGINS, by Dr. G. Clyde Fisher, Metropolitan Temple, 7th Av. and 14th St. Illustrated.

HOW THE CONSTITUTION WAS WRITTEN, by Dr. Robert W. McLaughlin, P. S. 56, 207th St. and Hull Av., the Bronx.

A TRIP TO NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR, by Professor Daniel Jordan, St. Anselm's Hall, Tinton Av., near 155th St. Illustrated.

JEWS IN THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION, (Yiddish lecture,) by Dr. Joel S. Shaobin, P. S. 12, Madison and Jackson Sts.

Wednesday.

AMERICAN THANKSGIVING EVE AND HARVEST HOME FESTIVAL PATRIOTIC MUSIC, Old St. Paul's, Broadway, Fulton, and Vesey Sts., 12 o'clock noon; Edmund Jaques, organist-choirmaster.

ORGAN RECITAL, by Prof. Samuel A. Baldwin, Great Hall, College of the City of New York, 4 P. M.; Dudley Buck's Concert Variations on the "Star-Spangled Banner."

NOTE ON A CARRIER OF THE MOSAIC DISEASE, by Mr. Nishimura; Dr. F. J. Seaver will exhibit a rare fungus cup; Axial Proliferation in the Flowers of Hibiscus," by Dr. A. A. Stout, Torrey Botanical Club, Laboratory N. Y. Botanical Gardens, 3:15 P. M.

LUTHER, THE MAN, by the Rev. Dr. Howard Duffield, Old First Chapel, 7 West 11th St., 8 P. M. Lantern slides. Last of course of talks on Martin Luther.

RUSSIAN FOLK AND PEASANT SONGS, by Edward Bromberg, P. S. 95, West Houston St., near Varick. Illustrated.

LIFE STORY OF LLOYD GEORGE, by George Newton Cross, P. S. 101, 111th St., near Lexington Av. Illustrated.

BURMA, JAVA, AND THE MALAY STATES, by Harry C. Ostrander, Central Jewish Institute, 125 East 85th St. Illustrated.

OUR SOUTH AMERICAN NEIGHBORS: THEIR POLITICAL SITUATION, by Dr. William R. Shepherd, Cooper Institute, 8th St. and 4th Av. Illustrated.

THE SONATA: ITS SOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, by Miss Helen S. Rapallo, Hunter College, Lexington Av. and 68th St. Miss Harriet S. Rosenthal, violinist, will illustrate lecturer's remarks.

WAR AND YOUR DUTY TO YOUR COUNTRY, by Col. Edwin A. Havers, Institute Hall, 21 East 106th St. Illustrated.

PAINTINGS AT THE METROPOLITAN MUSEUM, by Alexander T. Van Laer, N. Y. Public Library, 503 West 145th St. Illustrated.

THE WORLD CONSCIOUSNESS OF THE COMING EPOCH, by Dr. Louis U. Wilkinson, Y. M. C. A., 5 West 125th St.

EXPLORATION AND COLONIZATION IN LATIN-AMERICAN HISTORY, by Dr. Livingston R. Schuyler, P. S. 37, 145th St. near Willis Av., the Bronx.

IN BIRDLAND, by Edward Avis, P. S. 47, Randolph and Beach Avs., the Bronx. Illustrated.

OUR RIGHTS, by Leo Wolfson, (Yiddish lecture,) P. S. 4, Fulton Av., near 173d St., the Bronx.

PREVENTION OF TUBERCULOSIS, by Raimondo Canudo, (Italian lecture,) Children's Aid Society, Hester and Elizabeth Sts. Illustrated.

Thursday, Thanksgiving Day, No Lectures.

Friday.

WHERE DID LIFE COME FROM, by Everett Dean Martin, third of a series of lectures on "What It Means to Live in an Unfinished World," Great Hall, Cooper Union, 8 P. M.

AMERICANISM AND CHARACTER, by Dr. Bernard Cantor, Free Synagogue of Washington Heights, northeast corner of 157th St. and Broadway.

THANKSGIVING IN RELATION TO THE WAR, by Dr. M. H. Harris, Temple Israel, evening.

WARS WITH POLAND, by Charles Johnston, Wadleigh High School, 115th St., near 7th Av. Illustrated.

HEART OF THE SUNNY SOUTH, by Flavius Brobst, P. S. 17, 47th St., near 8th Av. Illustrated.

CAPITAL, LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACY, by Prof. James Walter Crook, P. S. 27, 42d St., near 3d Av.

RUSSIA AND THE RED CROSS, by Arthur B. Rudd, Broadway, Inwood.

HOLLAND: THE LAND THAT MAN MADE, by Wm. R. Hart, P. S. 61, 12th St., near Av. B. Illustrated.

WHAT A CHICKEN CAN TEACH US, by Prof. Samuel C. Schmucker, P. S. 90, 147th St., west of 7th Av. Illustrated.

POLAND: A KINGDOM DIVIDED AGAINST ITSELF, by Jerome Hall Raymond, P. S. 132, 182d St. and Wadsworth Av. Illustrated.

MOSCOW AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS, by Dr. Lucy E. Textor, P. S. 157, St. Nicholas Av. and 127th St. Illustrated.

COMPOSERS AND MUSIC OF RUSSIA, by Clarence de Vaux Royer, Arnold Toynbee House, 311 East Broadway. Illustrated.

PROBLEMS OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE, by William Baird Reed, P. S. 3, 157th St., near Melrose Av., the Bronx.

THE STORY OF OUR FARM PRODUCTS, by Dr. Cyrus A. King, P. S. 2, Anthony and Tremont Avs., the Bronx. Illustrated.

A TRIP TO NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR, by Professor Daniel Jordan, P. S. 32, 183d St., near Beaumont Av., the Bronx. Illustrated.

POLYNESIA, by Mrs. Lillian S. Fisher, P. S. 33, Jerome Av., near 184th St. Illustrated.

AMERICA: THE TRIUMPH OF A GREAT NATION, by George Newton Cross, P. S. 51, 158th St. and Trinity Av., the Bronx. Illustrated.

ITALY IN THE WAR AND THE ASSISTANCE OF AMERICA, by Professor Gaetano Mantellini, (Italian lecture,) P. S. 43, 189th St. and Lorillard Place, the Bronx.

Saturday.

NEW YORK DURING THE REVOLUTION, 1775-1783, by Robert H. Kelby. Illustrated lecture for children, auspices the New York Historical Society, 170 Central Park West, 76th-77th Sts., 3 P. M. No tickets required.

THE LIFE OF THE PLANT, by Professor Samuel C. Schmucker, American Museum, 77th St. and Central Park West. Illustrated.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY: THE WHIRLPOOL OF RACE ANTAGONISM, by Dr. Jerome Hall Raymond, Cooper Institute, Eighth St. and Fourth Av. Illustrated.

PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY BY ANIMALS, by Professor Ulric Dahlgren, N. Y. Public Library, 121 East 58th St. Illustrated.

CAPITAL, LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACY, by Professor James Walter Crook, Y. M. C. A., 5 West 125th St.

GENERATION OF THE ELECTRIC CURRENT, by Professor J. Loring Arnold, P. S. 37, 145th St., near Willis Av., the Bronx. Illustrated.

PRISON REFORM, (Yiddish lecture,) by Dr. Samuel Buchler, P. S. 4, Rivington and Ridge St.

ARMY AND NAVY NOTES.

After a continuous service of more than two years on the Mexican border, the Sixth United States Cavalry, Colonel Alonzo Gray in command, arrived at Fort Sam Houston, near San Antonio, last week. The command, one of the crack mounted units of the Regular Army, was transferred from the Big Bend country to Sam Houston and marched from Marfa, Texas, to its new post. The regiment made the journey in twenty-four days, one of the longest forced marches ever made by an American cavalry regiment in this country.

Since the Sixth went on border duty in the early part of 1915, it has covered thousands of miles in the course of its duty, both on the American side of the Rio Grande and in Mexico. Troops I and K of the Sixth were the only cavalry units that accompanied General Funston's expeditionary force to Vera Cruz. The Eighth United States Cavalry, under Colonel George Langhorne, has taken over the guarding of the Big Bend country, with headquarters at Presidio, Texas, opposite the Mexican town of Ojinaga, which was captured by Villa forces two weeks ago.

Colonel Daniel E. McCarthy, Quartermaster Corps, U. S. A., who went to France as Chief Quartermaster on the staff of General Pershing, has been invalided home. Shortly after his arrival in France Colonel McCarthy was taken seriously ill, and for several weeks was under treatment in one of the American military hospitals. Colonel McCarthy, who is one of the best-known officers of his rank in the army, was Chief Quartermaster of the division of regulars mobilized on the border in 1911. He is now at his home in Chicago.

Seven new Rear Admirals will shortly be added to the personnel of the navy. Four of these officers will be from the line, two from the Medical, and one from the Pay Corps. The names of the officers to be promoted will be announced by Secretary Daniels at an early date.

John B. Terres, the United States Consul at Port au Prince, Haiti, in a recent report to the State Department calls attention to the fact that the United States Marines, on duty in Haiti, have proved themselves as efficient as farmers as they are as fighting men. In the mountain regions, he says, the marines planted large crops of white potatoes, and that the yield has been so great that they will probably be in a position to ship large quantities to the United States. In addition to potatoes the marines also have under cultivation large tracts of land for the raising of vegetables of all kinds.

"These same marines," said an officer of the Marine Corps when he read the report of the Consul, "will be doing the same thing in France soon."

"It is probable," The Army and Navy Register of Washington says in a recent issue, "that the War Department estimates which will be submitted when Congress convenes in December will contemplate the needs of an army of 3,000,000 men for the fiscal year 1918-19. There has been considerable doubt in the minds of the military authorities, apparently, as to whether the estimates should be based on a military force of 1,600,000 or 2,000,000 men, and it seems to be the part of wisdom that the conclusion has been reached to reject each numerical strength in favor of a force of 3,000,000. It is considered that estimates might as well be founded on such a force as on one of half that size, whether or not it is found necessary to organize, equip, and train a body of 3,000,000 men. At least, Congress will come into possession of definite statistics regarding the cost of an army of that proportion, and it is almost a foregone conclusion that if 3,000,000 men are not under arms during the next fiscal year it will be because the war is over rather than that there will be no need of them if the enemy keeps on fighting. Some one has also suggested that, inasmuch as the departmental estimates are given the widest publicity and are so destined to easily come into the possession of the enemy, it might be just as well to inform him that this country seriously contemplates an army somewhere near the demands of the situation."

An examination will be held at the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., to establish a list of eligibles for enrollment in the Civil Engineer Corps of the United States Naval Reserve Force. This examination will close at noon of Dec. 31, 1917. To compete in this examination it is only necessary for the candidate to address a letter to the Reserve Examining Board, giving full information as to his education and experience, with testimonials and references. A descriptive circular giving detailed information of the requirements for this examination is about ready for distribution, and will be sent to interested parties upon request to the Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, Washington, D. C. Candidates recommended for enrollment will be authorized to appear before the nearest medical officer of the United States Navy for physical examination. Those found to be physically unfit will not be enrolled. Candidate must be an American citizen, and must be an engineer in active practice of the profession of civil, electrical, or mechanical engineering or some business directly connected with these professions.

The War Department has issued the following instructions regarding the promotion of officers whose status is that of Temporary Second Lieutenants:

1. From time to time commanding officers forward applications from temporary Second Lieutenants, regular army, for consideration in the matter of promotion. Some commanding officers urge legislation which will put such officers in line of promotion, but apparently no one has given exhaustive consideration to the matter nor suggested a plan which will meet the wishes of individuals and which at the same time will be fair to the United States.

2. In opening the grade of temporary Second Lieutenant, regular army, to enlisted men of excellent character and faithful service in time of peace, the President has done about all that can be done for these men unless they fulfill the legal requirements as to age, education, and physical condition for appointment as Provisional Second Lieutenants. The attitude of the War Department toward this class of soldiers has been as benevolent as possible under the law, and in the interest of the service.

3. Suggestion is sometimes heard that the law be changed, and comparison is made between good old noncommissioned officers and young training camp graduates, but the practice of taking younger men for the permanent line of promotion is followed for reasons too well known to the army to warrant discussion at this time.

4. Therefore, for the time being, nothing will be done for temporary Second Lieutenants, regular army, in the way of promotion unless they can fulfill the requirements for appointment as Provisional Second Lieutenants. However, it may be possible later to transfer to the national army temporary Second Lieutenants whose services merit promotion.

Casting aside the old tradition that a soldier who marches at the "route step" will travel further and with less fatigue than while at "attention," United States Marines have adopted the latter style of hiking, exclusively.

It has been proved that the old "go-as-you-please" method, so long in vogue in military units, will tire out the men much quicker than the correct military style used at parades and drill. Marines, who have used the "route step" during long-distance hikes in the Philippines, Haiti, and elsewhere, have adopted the "attention" method to conform with the practice in vogue in Europe.

The following regarding the work of motor trucks in camp construction appears in The Army and Navy Journal:

"United States Truck Company 57, Captain K. G. Martin in command, which is stationed at Camp Dodge, Iowa, and consists of thirty-three White two-ton trucks, has been conducting manoeuvres to test the rapid transportation of troops. It was found that an entire company of soldiers could be loaded from the ground, with rifles and equipment, in 15 seconds. Experiments have also been made in field manoeuvres, and trains of trucks run in sections, each section loaded with men detailed for special duty, such as the laying of signal lines, the placing of explosive charges, and the guarding of approaches. When not employed in other work practice in "camouflage" has been carried on. Camouflaging experts have covered trenches with branches of trees and foliage to make them invisible even at a short distance; paint and canvas have been used in designing false tops to make them blend into the general landscape; smoke screens have been experimented with and numerous other measures tested with satisfactory results. When Captain Martin and his company arrived at Camp Dodge from the United States Motor Storage Detachment at Fort Bliss the place was nothing more than a typical Iowa cornfield. There was not a single finished building in the camp, and for several nights the company used the trucks as barracks. During the next two months the trucks worked twelve to eighteen hours a day delivering building materials, machinery, tools, and supplies necessary to the construction of the new wooden city. In this work they registered a total mileage of over 225,000 miles."

The Army and Navy Gazette of London, the leading service paper of Great Britain, in a recent issue lauds the "Liberty" engine, which is to furnish the motive power for the thousands of airplanes now under construction for the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps.

"More than 20,000 airplanes are in course of construction in the United States and the Secretary of War has issued the statement," says the Gazette, "that 'when the nation's army moves up to participate in the fighting the eyes of her army will be ready.' The types of airplanes range from light training machines to powerful bombing aircraft and battleplanes of light weight and high speed, and everything belonging to them will have been manufactured in the States. The all-American engine will have been standardized and the training of the airmen both in America and in Europe is being intensively carried on, so that when the pilots are ready the machines will be ready also to be handed over to them with all accessories, from instruments for navigation, bomb-dropping, and photographic apparatus to machine guns and cartridges. The American air service will be self-supplied and equipped with spares, repair shops, transport, and all that it needs from home. Twenty-four flying schools have been brought into being in the States; several of the great universities are turning out cadets for the Flying Corps, and thousands of the picked young men of the nation are registering for training. The supply of suitable candidates, as might be expected, is, for all practical purposes, unlimited. In the picturesque phraseology of the western world, Germany, in bringing the United States into the war by her brutality and colossal misconception of the character of the American nation, its leaders, and, not least, its President, has certainly 'bitten off more than she can chew.' The new aero-engine has been appropriately called the 'Liberty' engine.

Major Adna R. Chaffee, a son of the late Lieut. Gen. Chaffee, who in 1900 wrote the now famous note to the German Field Marshal von Waldersee, calling the German commander to task for permitting the looting of the ancient Chinese Observatory at Peking, is Adjutant General of the Eighty-first Division of the national army at Camp Jackson, S. C.

Colonel Frank E. Bamford, U. S. A., who as a captain in the Twenty-eighth Infantry had charge of the maintenance of order in Vera Cruz during the American occupation of that port in 1914, is exercising an important command in one of the regular army divisions.

The officers of the Philippine Scouts are to a man anxious to get to France, and join in the fighting under Pershing. In a letter to the editor of The Army Journal one of these officers writes:

"Very little," he says, "is heard of the Philippine Scouts outside of the Philippines in these exciting times. But they are still on the job and all of the Scout officers are anxious to go to France. Particularly the younger officers, and many have applied for detail or appointment in the national army. The answer to these applications has been that the Scout officers are badly needed in the Philippines to replace officers of the regular service who are ordered home for the purpose of training our new army, or words to that effect. Several of the officers who were within the age limit have taken the examination and have been appointed provisional Second Lieutenants in the regular service and it is not surprising that they are making good. The rest of the Scout officers, who are debarred from taking the examination on account of age or marriage, or both, realize that they are doing their bit inasmuch as some one must stay in the islands, and they will do it cheerfully. What they hope for is recognition."

A recent recruit of the United States Marine Corps is Israel Putnam, 5th. Young Putnam, who is a descendant of the famous Israel Putnam of the Revolution, is a private, and is now training with one of the marine units which is destined for service in France under Brig. Gen. Charles A. Doyen.

The navy is recalling to active service many of its most distinguished retired officers. One of those now back in service is Rear Admiral Reginald F. Nicholson, former Commander in Chief of the Asiatic Fleet, and a former Chief of the Bureau of Navigation. Admiral Nicholson has been ordered to Valparaiso, Chile, as Naval Attaché of the American Embassy.

Brig. Gen. Malvern-Hill Barnum, who was General Pershing's Chief of Staff during the operations which followed the Villa raid on Columbus, N. M., has been assigned to command the 183d Brigade of Infantry, at Camp Grant, near Rockford, Ill.

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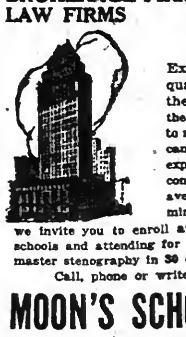

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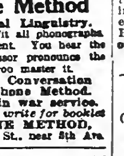
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RED CROSS TO TRAIN SPEAKERS FOR DRIVE

New York Chapter Prepares for Nation-Wide Campaign for Members.

COURSE OPEN TO PUBLIC

Report Shows That Donations for Ambulances and Trailers Have Amounted to $96,142.

In preparation for the nation-wide Red Cross membership campaign and to meet the demands upon the Red Cross for speakers, the New York County Chapter, 389 Fifth Avenue, will give a three days' course in public speaking for volunteers. Registrations for this course, which starts Dec. 5, continuing Dec. 6 and 7, now are being received by Mrs. Frazier Peters at the headquarters of the chapter. All who want to take up public speaking in the interest of the Red Cross are invited to enroll. Those taking the course will make a first hand study of the work the Red Cross is doing. They will visit the teaching centre at 35 Madison Avenue, and the workrooms where surgical dressings and hospital garments are being made.

Lectures will be given by persons prominently identified with Red Cross work. Every activity, from civilian relief to methods of organization, will be outlined by experts. There will be a class in voice criticism. At the close of the course the graduates will be listed by the Red Cross Speakers' Bureau to be sent out to address gatherings on the work the Red Cross is doing.

The course will be under the direction of Mrs. Richard Aldrich, Director of the West Side Branch of the Chapter, 2,121 Broadway, who is Chairman of the Education Bureau. The Speakers' Bureau, which is co-operating in the work of turning out finished Red Cross speakers is under the direction of Mrs. Joseph Griswold Deane.

Practically every day requests for speakers are received from clubs, churches, schools, the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A. and other organizations. Indicative of the growing interest in the work of the Red Cross, a number of Barnard College girls have volunteered their services as Red Cross speakers.

A comprehensive review of the work of the Ambulance Department of the chapter for the last twelve months is contained in a report prepared by Lieutenant James Boyd, Director of the department. The report shows that donations for ambulances and trailers amounting to $96,142.11 have been received by the chapter. Of this amount $29,200 was specified for kitchen trailers and $42,992.43 for ambulances, leaving an unspecified balance of $23,949.68.

Six ambulances also have been presented to the chapter, of which two were given to the United States Army Ambulance Service, Allentown, Penn.; two to Ambulance Company 33, Syracuse, N. Y., and one to its naval base hospital, Cape May, N. J. The sixth was retained for exhibition purposes.

One standard ambulance has been presented to the 7th Regiment, N. G. N. Y.; one to the 23d Regiment, N. G. N. Y.; one to the German Hospital Unit, New York; one ambulance trailer to the Bellevue Hospital Unit, one to the New York Hospital, and one to Mount Sinai Hospital. In addition, purchases have been made for account of the Presbyterian Hospital of three ambulances and trucks, and for Mount Sinai Hospital of two ambulances and one truck.

Two thousand two hundred men registered for ambulance service at the Ambulance Department. Three hundred and thirty were sent to base hospitals for enlistment, and 900 to various ambulance companies and the United States Army Ambulance Service at Allentown. All base hospitals and ambulance companies are now enlisted up to strength, but we continue to forward men to Allentown, and have been designated as a recruiting office for that service.

The following contributions of $100 or more were acknowledged yesterday by the New York County Chapter:

Sugar Hill Aux. N. H.	$1,800	Mrs. M. Potter	$500
Appalachian Mountain Club	800	Mrs. E. I. Lough	300
Am. Fox Terrier C.	518	Captain Panrice	236
		M. Haitsohn	200
		Auxiliary 21	125

French Wounded Fund.

The finest woolen materials to be had in the United States are going to clothe destitute women and children in the devastated sections of that part of Northern France which has been recaptured by the allied armies. The Waist and Dress Manufacturers' Association and the Cotton Textile Manufacturers' Association have arranged to make a Christmas present of 100,000 warm garments to the French sufferers. Offers of material and other assistance are coming in to the American Fund for French Wounded, 20 West Twenty-third Street, from every branch of the clothing industry.

The great woolen houses have already donated 75,000 yards of fabrics, with a promise of more when needed, while other branches of the industry have given thousands of yards of flannels, sheeting, and other materials. A large realty firm has donated the use of a large loft for the manufacture of the cloth into garments. Experienced manufacturers will supervise the manufacture of the garments. The operators and machines hava been donated by various houses.

The 100,000 completed garments will be turned over to the Fund for French Wounded and the American Red Cross for distribution, these two forces now co-operating in civilian relief work in Northern France.

Among the contributions so far received are 5,000 yards of percales from the Garner Works and Bleachery, 3,000 yards of assorted materials from Helling & Long, 1,000 yards of cloth from Wolf & Erskine, 2,000 yards each of flannel, satin and sheeting from Friedman & Krieger, 2,000 yards percales from the American Printing Company, 5,000 yards assorted materials from Atlas & Bluhm, 1,000 yards from Lowenstein & Sons, 1,000 yards satin from Burton Bros. & Co., 1,000 yards linen from Wilmerding & Bisset, 2,500 yards assorted materials from the Berkshire Mills, while the Phoenix Manufacturing Company has offered to supply 1,000 yards of assorted materials for immediate use at any time, as the occasion may require. Other concerns which are aiding are Louis Siebert & Bros., the Fonda Glove Company, J. C. Brenner & Co. and Joseph Hirsch & Sons.

Mrs. Ethelbert Nevin is the Chairman, and Miss Anne Morgan the Treasurer of the American Fund for French Wounded. All cash gifts should be addressed to 20 West Twenty-third Street. Recent cash contributions to the fund total about $4,350. The gifts of $100, or more, follow:

Miscellaneous	$1,342	Cleveland Com.	$150
Wilmington, Del., Com.	1,000	Anonymous	100
Baltimore Com.	500	Mrs. M. D. Thatcher	100
Anonymous	275	R. H. Williams	100
"Priscilla"	250	Countess de la Grese	100
Princeton Tea R'm.	225		
Pittsburgh Com.	200		

For Polish Scholars.

Contributions to the University Grants Committee of the Polish Victims' Relief Fund last week amounted to $279, toward which the War Relief Society of the Brick Church in New York City donated $100. This fund provides relief for Polish professors, scientists, scholars, and students who are destitute because of the war. Subscriptions should be made payable to the "Fifth Avenue Bank" and sent to Mme. Jane Arctowska, 33 West Forty-second Street.

American Military Hospital.

The fund for the maintenance of the American Military Hospital, Paris, formerly the American Ambulance Hospital, has been increased by about $6,750. Subscriptions should be sent to J. P. Morgan Co., 23 Wall Street. Gifts of $100 or over follow:

York, Me., Ambulance Nos. 1 and 2	$3,200	St. Timothy's Alumnae	$200
Junior Assemblies, N. Y.	1,200	F. L. Stetson	100
Mem. C. Cochran	600	Union Club, Cleveland	268
Millinery Branch	600	C. S. Lewis	100
P. R. Pyne	100	Various	240
		W. F. Laing	100

War Babies Cradle.

Mrs. Jules S. Bache, Treasurer of the War Babies Cradle, 360 Madison Avenue, which fund cares for the destitute wives of French soldiers, reports new subscriptions totaling $182.

National Allied Relief.

The National Allied Relief Committee, 360 Madison Avenue, subscriptions to which should be sent to James A. Blair, Jr., the Treasurer, has been increased by more than $2,200. Gifts of $100 or more are as follows:

Anonymous	$1,000	Mrs. C. E. Heald	$100
Various	638	Susan P. Atkinson	100
J. M. Hixon	100	Amelia H. Jones	100
P. R. Mather	100		

Duryea War Relief.

The Duryea War Relief, (Secours Duryea,) 9 East Thirtieth Street, of which Mrs. Nina L. Duryea is President and Major Charles Elliot Warren, President of the Lincoln National Bank, the Treasurer, acknowledges new contributions amounting to more than $2,100. This included a check for $100 from George Stewart Smith.

The Lafayette Fund.

The Lafayette Fund, which provides comfort kits, costing $2 each, for the soldiers fighting in the trenches of France, has collected since its organization, more than three years ago, more than $248,500. Francis Roche, the Vanderbilt Hotel, is Treasurer of the fund. Recent donations total $506, which amount includes a gift of $100 from Mrs. Vincent Astor.

Secours National Fund.

The Secours National Fund for the relief of the women and children of France, subscriptions to which should be sent to Mrs. Whitney Warren, 16 East Forty-seventh Street, has received in cash donations since its organization more than $373,000. Recent contributions of $100 or more follow:

Miss E. Scoville	$200	E. W. Mudge	$100
E. P. Edwards	100	Various	348
Anonymous	100		

American Girls Aid.

The American Girls Aid for the Collection of Clothing for the Victims of the European War in France, with offices at 293 Fifth Avenue, has collected to date more than $111,000. Recent gifts totaled about $1,000. Miss Gladys Hollingsworth is the Chairman, and A. Seton Post, Jr., the Treasurer of the fund.

The Central Committee.

The Central Committee for the Relief of Jews Suffering through the War, 51 Chambers Street, of which Harry Fischel is Treasurer, reports recent gifts amounting to more than $112,000. Those of $100 or more follow:

Chicago Com.	$22,422	Elgin	$401
Steubenville Com.	1,400	Tremont School	218
Paterson Com.	1,000	Kankakee	628
Cong. B'nai Is., Brooklyn	1,000	Kensington	547
Los Angeles Com.	1,200	La Salle	275
U. O. H. Cong., Los Angeles	1,000	Rockford	691
Cong. S. of I., Brooklyn	1,307	South Chicago	934
Aurora Com.	1,994	Fond Du Lac	177
Rock Island Com.	2,206	Goshen, Ind.	149
Grand Rap. Com.	1,162	Indiana Harbor	276
Dubuque Com.	1,436	South Bend	300
Sheboygan Com.	2,380	Benton Harbor	324
Yonkers Com.	1,000	Lansing	248
Cong. C. B. C., Seattle	1,500	South Haven	167
Waterloo Com.	1,261	Fort Dodge	366
McKeesport Com.	1,426	Iowa City	236
Cong. B. of J., Norwich	1,000	Keokuk	135
Montreal Com.	7,500	Mason City	300
J. Daily News	5,460	Muscatine	301
Lackaw'na Com.	1,000	Ottumwa	286
Hamilton, Can., J. A.	1,500	Louisiana, Mo.	132
Salt Lake Com.	1,306	Belmar Com.	100
Cincinnati Com.	2,500	Cong. K. I., Harrisburg	550
Dayton Com.	1,000	Mr. Kurland	107
Youngstown Com.	2,750	Indianapolis	532
Buffalo Com.	1,000	H. of J., Dayton	850
Elmira Com.	1,000	House of Abraham	300
Miscellaneous	5,101	Cong. Mt. Sinai	310
Designated institutions	4,185	Denver Com.	500
Designated persons	2,887	Cong. Z. J., N. Y.	254
New Brunswick Com.	500	Cong. B. J., New Haven	400
Cong. A. C., Mobile	139	Ansonia, Conn.	176
Cong. B. C., Bath Beach	116	Brenham, Texas	112
Long Branch Com.	200	Cong. B. S., Georgetown, S. C.	385
Warheit	309	H. Fischel	100
Cong. S. T., Montreal	400	Cong. S. I., Atlanta	100
Windsor Com.	600	Peterboro, Can.	238
Cong. S. Torah	271	Luzerne County, Penn.	500
Canton Com.	154	Cong. Tree of Life	711
Miss B. F. Anathan	100	G. of Is. Inst.	353
Blakinton Clothing Co.	239	B. T. Cong., Cleveland	482
Jersey City Com.	500	A. L. Bialosky	100
Newark Com.	600	I. O. B. B., New Kensington	132
I. Swirsky	100	Cong. C. T., New Orleans	400
Newport Com.	150	Bayonne Com.	400
Cong. A. I. A. E., Brooklyn	800	Cong. B. I., Scranton	558
Minneapolis, Minn.	175	Chevra A. S., Stamford	150
Cong. M. Sholem, New York	147	Coatesville, Penn.	216
Cong. B. H. H. Scranton	281	South Bethlehem	500
Allentown Com.	177	Cong. K. A. J., New York	150
Cong. N. H., Bronx	150	Cong. S. T.	300
Col., Duluth	188	Cong. Z. Z., Worcester	125
Stamford Com.	200	Cong. A. B., N. Y.	115
Cong. S. I., Kansas City	549	Talmud Torah, Jersey City	100
Burlington Com.	350	Cong. A. A., Worcester	120
Pittsburgh Com.	500	I. Rokeach	154
		Cong. T. I., Norristown	240
		Montifiore Synagogue	270

Polish Victims Fund.

The Polish Victims Relief Fund, 33 West Forty-second Street, which to date has collected more than $872,000, has been increased by about $2,000. The gifts of $100 or more, follow:

Miscellaneous	$1,650	Children's T. B. Fund	$300
Rev. C. Sarnecki	375	L. C. Ch., Watervliet	193
T. M. Adams	100		

Training French Maimed.

The American Committee for Training in Suitable Trades the Maimed Soldiers of France, subscriptions to which fund should be sent to Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, room 134, Hotel Biltmore, has been increased by $15,250. This sum was made up of a $5,000 gift from the Refugees Relief Fund, and anonymous gift of $10,000 and $250 from Mrs. Robert E. Westcott.

Committee of Mercy.

The Committee of Mercy, 360 Madison Avenue, subscriptions to which should be sent to August Belmont, the Treasurer, has been increased by the following gifts of $100, or more:

Miscellaneous	$918	W. B. Weir	$100
Mrs. E. Norton	250	Mrs. K. C. Barton	100
S. H. Cox	110		

Le Bien-Etre du Blessé.

Mrs. Gertrude Atherton, the President, and John Munroe & Co., the Treasurers, of the Bien-Etre du Blessé, 360 Madison Avenue, acknowledge new gifts to that fund, which total more than $800. Those of $100, or more, follow:

F. F. Brewster	$300	Various	404
H. M. Crane	100		

French Tuberculosis Victims.

The French Tuberculosis War Victims Fund, of which Charles H. Sabin, President of the Guaranty Trust Company, is the Treasurer, has collected to date more than $122,000. All subscriptions to this fund should be addressed to Mr. Sabin at 360 Madison Avenue.

French Heroes Fund.

The French Heroes Fund, contributions to which should be sent to James A. Blair, Jr., Treasurer, 360 Madison Avenue, has been increased by $112. Mr. Blair, who is also Treasurer of the Committee for the Relief of Belgian Prisoners in Germany, acknowledges new gifts to that fund amounting to $684.

American Jewish Relief.

The American Jewish Relief Committee 20 Exchange Place, of which Louis Marshall is Chairman; Arthur Lehman, Treasurer, acknowledges these recent contributions to the $10,000,000 that is being raised in this country for the relief of Jewish War Sufferers in Europe.

Detroit Com.	$10,000	St. Joseph Com.	$237
St. Paul Com.	7,500	Temple Sholom	252
Cincinnati Com.	5,000	Temple Is., Tulsa	215
Fort Wayne Com.	4,500	Witty Brothers	200
Omaha Com.	4,000	A. B. Mier	200
Petach T. Cong., Brooklyn	4,000	Tacoma Com.	200
W. Salomon	1,250	S. Adath Cong., Baltimore	176
Nashville Com.	1,000	Grand Island Com.	160
Portland, Me., Com.	1,000	Wichita Falls, Texas, Com.	151
Sheridan Com.	800	Quincy Com.	150
Minot Com.	650	S. J. Straus	150
Virginia, Minn., Com.	[illegible]	A. Zweigel	150
Muncie Com.	464	I. D. Straus	150
E. Liverpool Com.	400	B. S. Cong., Rockville Centre	124
Durham Com.	350	Cong. Adas Is., Henderson, Ky.	108
Cong. Agudath Achim	319	L. Manheimer	101
S. Friedman	300	I. Rose	100
Oil City Com.	284	I. L. Benjamin	100
C. S. Steiner	250	Rittenberg Bros.	100
Hess, Goldsmith & Co.	250		

American Students Committee.

The American Students Committee of the Ecole des Beaux-Arts, which is devoted to the immediate relief of the students of the Ecole des Beaux-Arts and Julian's Academy, who are serving their country at the front, and their families, has collected to date more than $36,735. The fund provides as well comfort kits, consisting of sweaters, mufflers, socks, tobacco, &c., for the soldiers. Last week's receipts amounted to $275. Subscriptions should be sent to Henry R. Sedgwick, Treasurer, 107 East Thirty-seventh Street, New York.

Fatherless of France.

The New York Committee of the Fatherless Children of France, of which Miss Luisita Leland, 563 Park Avenue, is Chairman, and W. W. Price, 111 Broadway, the Treasurer, has collected to date over $274,426. Children are supported at the rate of $36.50 a year. Subscribers receive the names and addresses of children on request. Subscriptions of over $100 recently received follow:

Anonymous	$500	Wellesley College Com.	$417
Mrs. J. L. Hees & Mrs. A. Wright	100	Mrs. R. Skeel, Jr., and Coll. Club	109
Camp Winona and M. Cohen	100	Collections	162
Lake George Rel.	365	M. A. Duer and L. F. Beam	109
Mrs. J. Fearnley & W. H. Ellis	109	"K."	146
Woman's Ch. W. A., New Rochelle	146	C. A. Munn and Mrs. R. Ely	109
Mrs. J. E. Wayland and E. McCarty	109	"For Orphans"	109
For Spe. Orphans	921	Paterson Com.	102
Mrs. G. Ryle	110	"My Bit"	195
Lanier H. S. and P. J. Wood	109	Somers and Ridgewood Com.	105
		H. F. B.	200
		P. S. 137, B'klyn	100

Charité Maternelle.

The American Fund for the Charité Maternelle de Paris, of which Mrs. Rutherford Stuyvesant is the Treasurer, was increased last week by $42. All subscriptions should be sent to Mrs. Stuyvesant at 32 Liberty Street.

Vacation War Relief.

Mis Maude Wetmore, who, during the absence in Europe of Miss Anne Morgan, is the Acting Chairman of the Vacation War Relief Committee, 20 West Twenty-third Street, announces that recent gifts to that total more than $9,250. Included in this amount was an anonymous gift of $6,000. The committee has collected for its European war fund to date more than $600,500.

Red Cross Christmas Seal.

The Atlantic Division of the American Red Cross, 44 East Twenty-third Street, and the New York County Chapter, 389 Fifth Avenue, call the attention of the public to the unusual importance of the coming sale of Red Cross Christmas seals. The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis conducts the sale of these seals. The Red Cross co-operates by furnishing the seals and the prestige of its name.

The funds raised in this way finance national, State, and local campaigns against the disease. This year the association is out after $3,000,000, and the Red Cross, although it has no official part in the sale, wants to do all it can to help make it a success.

The Atlantic Division is asking chapters in its jurisdiction, which comprises the States of New York, Connecticut, and New Jersey, to urge every member to do everything in his or her power to help local committees make the coming sale a record-breaking one.

"The Christmas seal forms the connecting link between the Red Cross and the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, to which has been properly delegated the selling of these seals," the statement of the Atlantic Division says.

"The success of this association's war campaign against the increase of tuberculosis due to military conditions will go far toward preventing much general suffering which the Red Cross would otherwise be later called upon to relieve. To insure this success means to greatly increase funds. Upon the sale of Red Cross seals this depends. Let us help them get it."

The National Association is co-operating with the Medical Board of the Council of National Defense in combating the spread of tuberculosis among the soldiers and sailors and their families, a condition which has become acute among the warring nations of Europe.

OUTSIDE THE CAMP.

Importance of Providing Sane Recreation for Soldiers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is a much less conspicuous drive than that of the Y. M. C. A., but one of no less importance. It is that of the War Camp Community Recreation Fund, a branch of the Army and Navy Department Commissions on Training Camp Activities.

Its object is to take care of the men during their hours out of camp. At 7 o'clock, for instance, the towns about these camps swarm with soldiers, and many obtain leave of absence during the day. Now, we all know that men never grow up, and we remember the ancient adage of Satan and idle hands. Unless farsighted men and women had tackled this question early in the war, such of these towns as were left would have (to say nothing of the poor innocent maidens who always flee from soldiers) been painted crimson with a regularity as monotonous as cannonading at the front.

But these men and women immediately banded together, opened their purses, and not only fitted up clubrooms for the men to write their letters in—furnishing the stationery—but induced the Masons or Odd Fellows to give the soldiers the use of their bathrooms. The other day I saw in Hempstead two of these fine clubrooms, one in the former Sunday school room of the Presbyterian Church and one on the ground floor of an office building. At 7 o'clock, when I visited them the second time, every chair was occupied by men writing letters, reading, or listening to the graphophone. Many others were spending the evening in homes of the residents, where they had been asked to dine. A member of the staff at Camp Mills told me that every day some one of the well-to-do residents called him up and either told him to send six or eight of the boys over to get a hot bath, or to dine and then dance with some of the nicer girls of the town.

Although the streets were packed there was no sign of disorder, and I was told not a single soldier had ever abused the hospitality extended to him or been offensive in any way.

If all Americans at some time or other could visit these camps they would become quite abruptly, if they never had had time to think of it before, very proud of the young men of our country who are being turned into soldiers for its defense. They are a magnificent looking lot—those I happened to see were from the Northwest—upstanding, proud, clean-cut, and also serious and resolute. One feels perfect confidence in their ability as well as in their determination to defend us. But most of them are very far from home, with no place to go when they leave camp except these clubrooms, and there are not enough of them, particularly in the city of New York. The W. C. C. R. F. wants money to start a great many more reading rooms, (there are many empty rooms in office buildings and unoccupied houses that could be used for this purpose), hot baths, (which the soldiers and sailors prize above all things), swimming pools, rooms where they can play games, or dance with young women sent by suitable organizations, theatrical entertainments, good hotel accommodation for Westerners and Southerners who have never seen New York.

The same staff officer told me that not only did such care for the young men's leisure hours keep up their spirits and prevent homesickness, but the more satisfied they were the more quickly they learned; and most of them have everything to learn. If they are homesick and sullen their minds close up, as the mind always does under any obsession.

It must be remembered that whether these boys have joined the army out of a youthful desire for adventure or merely because they were drafted and could not help themselves, the fact remains that there they are, and that upon them and their able officers depends our permanence as a nation. There is nothing too much we can do for them before they leave the training camps to join the fighting forces in France. This War Camp Community Recreation Fund, therefore, is doing a great work, and its main offices, both here (in the McAlpin Hotel) and in Washington, are hives of activity. But they need more money. Even the citizens in the towns adjacent to the camps have given all they can afford, and feel that a call should be made on the public. It was never approached in a finer cause or one more vital to its own interests, and there is no doubt that it will respond generously when it wakes up to the fact that there are thousands of lonely young soldiers roaming the streets every day, with no place to go that does not cost too much for their slender resources, and doing their very best to be good.

Charles H. Sabin is the Treasurer of the National Committee, but checks from New Yorkers should be made out to Earnest Stauffen, Jr., Vice President of the Liberty National Bank, as he is Treasurer of the local New York campaign. John N. Willys is the National Chairman, John F. Schindler is Chairman of the New York Committee.

Of course, the main object of this association is to fight the always watchful dark forces of organized vice. Most of these young men that come East or North from country and mountain districts are as sound as their own forests, and it is essential to the safety of the country that they remain so. The work does not in any way conflict with the Y. M. C. A., but works in harmony with it, its operations being entirely outside the camps.

GERTRUDE ATHERTON.

New York, Nov. 21, 1917.

A Musician Must Turn Plumber.

A certain little Italian boy, who would resent being called little since he is trying so hard to be the "man of his family," has given up becoming a musician as his music-loving nature prompted him, and is meeting the realities of life by learning to be a plumber. Gaspar excelled in the school band, and the entire neighborhood is proud of the way he plays airs with his cornet, but a widowed mother and three little sisters looked to him to fill his father's place, so the boy decided that the wages of a pipe mender would fill their needs more adequately than the precarious earnings of a musician. Since the father died, the Charity Organization Society has helped the mother to keep her children together, and when Gaspar finished school and decided on his career the society started him in a trade school so as to better equip him in meeting the struggle for existence. To help the mother and children through the Winter and enable the boy to finish his trade training the society urgently asks for $276. Gifts should be sent to the office, 105 East Twenty-second Street, and will be promptly acknowledged.

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An Important Work That Gives a Vivid Glimpse of a Great Statesman and His Contemporaries

RECOLLECTIONS. By John Viscount Morley, O. M., Hon. Fellow of All Souls College, Oxford. In two volumes. New York: The Macmillan Company. $7.50.

IN reference to the death of his friend and colleague, Sir William Harcourt, Lord Morley remarks that a long and illustrious line of statesmen had come to an end. New elements of feeling, he points out, were "edging their way into the public mind. • • • Harcourt was the last stout-hearted representative of the parliamentary polity of a long and not inglorious era." Now, taking up the record of that distinguished life whose public activity came to such an abrupt end in August, 1914—Viscount Morley's own—that word on Harcourt presents itself as something very like a text. In politics and in literature Lord Morley has been one of the very great men of his time, one of the great Englishmen of all time. For thirty-one years he was a statesman whose place in the Government of his country was not only prominent but important. He resigned from the Cabinet when war broke out, and his retirement thus synchronizes precisely with the end of an epoch. His "Recollections" are not only the most valuable personal autobiography of years; they are the history of that epoch—intimate, suggestive, significant, important beyond words of ours idly to emphasize; and always—history, the history of a "long and not inglorious era" in a pregnant, vanished past.

Lord Morley's work was varied, and his intellectual activity versatile, to a point which we in America do not always find easy to understand. The reader of these momentous "Recollections" must be struck on almost every page with the range of Morley's magnificent mind; his mastery of the myriad concrete details of political action and the intricate zest of his scholarship. But when the whole book is read and pondered over, one salient thing stands out through it all: Lord Morley's liberalism. He was a Liberal in party politics, but he was, even as a statesman, much more than that; in wisdom and in generosity he always took the truly liberal side. He was liberal in religion, in his views of education, of society, of history itself. He was liberal in his scholarship. Personally, he was liberal alike toward his friends and his enemies. He was never a sentimentalist. He never held back from the hard or stern or candid thing, or sacrificed his principles to pleasantness. But they were liberal principles always. For more than half a century he was identified with—more, he personified—the liberalism of England. And it is characteristic that at the very beginning of his book and of his life, he should have emphasized that point in the mental attitudes and struggles of the day. He calls attention to the revolution in thought that was going on during his college days, and continues:

> If we seek a word for the significance of it all, it is not hard to find. Alike with those who adore and those who detest it, the dominating force in the living mind of Europe for a long generation after the overthrow of the French monarchy in 1830 has been that marked way of looking at things, feeling them, handling them, judging main actors in them, for which, with a hundred kaleidoscopic turns, the accepted name is Liberalism. It is a summary term with many extensive applications; people are not always careful to sort them out, and they are by no means always bound to one another. • • •
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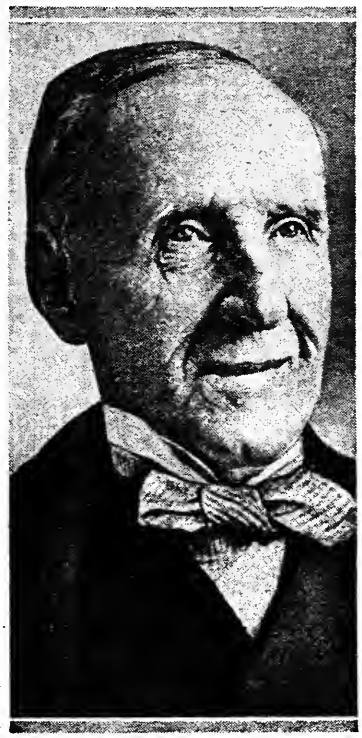
> Respect for the dignity and worth of the individual is its root. It stands for pursuit of social good against class interest or dynastic interest. It stands for the subjection to human judgment of all claims of external authority, whether in an organized Church, or in more loosely gathered societies of believers, or in books held sacred. In law making it does not neglect the higher characteristics of human nature, it attends to them first. In executive administration, though judge, jailer, and perhaps the hangman will be indispensable, still mercy is counted a wise supplement to terror. General Gordon spoke a noble word for liberalist ideas when he upheld the sovereign duty of trying to creep under men's skins.

We quote this early summary at so much length because it is indeed the keynote of Morley's life, his character, and his activities. Inevitably, he became a member of liberal-thinking groups at Oxford, became known as a liberal in religious matters and in the whole scope of international politics. Leaving college in 1859, he decided quickly upon journalism as a career. As he points out, "The young graduate, born with a political frame of mind who, toward 1860, found himself transported from Oxford in pursuit of a literary calling, had little choice but journalism," and, after an interesting discussion of that profession, adds, "Though journalism may kill a man, it quickens his life while it lasts."

Between 1886 and 1910 Morley's outstanding political activity centred in the problems of India and Ireland.



JOHN MORLEY

And on these problems, their actual conditions and the discussions and acts of the British Government and its individual representatives, "Recollections" throws a clear and steady light. From the record of the first home rule fight in 1886 to the publication of long extracts from the letters that Morley, as Secretary of State for India, wrote to the Viceroy, Lord Minto, in the years 1905-1910, these "Recollections" give us, here, intimate history, indeed.

Few chapters in English history, says Lord Morley frankly, do that nation so little honor as the quarrel between England and Ireland in the five years from 1880. It was a time of "agitation and bloodshed in Ireland, violence and confusion in Parliament. The ragged Sphinx had once more come forth with deadly weapons under her tattere." And as a journalist, before he entered Parliament at all, Morley was combating the mistaken policy of the Irish Government, pointing out the reasons for its failure and declaring a change "inevitable." On Jan. 31, 1886, he made the following entry in his diary:

> Was writing an article peacefully at home, until 1 o'clock, when telegram arrived from Mr. Gladstone asking me to call on him at Carlton House Terrace at 2. I got there to the moment, and found him at his writing table, with no sign of fuss or hurry. He had to make to me, he said, an important proposition, and it was that I should accept the office of Irish Secretary. Nothing could have taken me more by surprise. • • • I asked what was to be the Irish policy or at least the base of it. He drew a paper from a drawer and read it to me. I took it, behind all the words about future examination and so forth, to point pretty definitely to home rule in some shape or other, but I told him that before accepting I should like to have some talk with Chamberlain, with whom I had worked on very close and intimate terms for many years. • • • I asked only a couple of hours to consider. • • •
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> In a pretty tense frame of mind, I • • • noted down seven separate, strong reasons against my fitness for the Irish office, and then went across to Mr. Gladstone. I steadily recited my seven objections. He swept them aside wholesale, made me a cordial speech about confidence in my loyalty, and evidently means me for a special ally. It must be the critical post. I knew too well the responsibility of the step I had taken to have room for a spark of elation.

As Secretary of State for India, Morley took office as the avowed champion of important reforms. It may be pointed out that the inclusion of native members in the Executive Councils of India was a very long step forward indeed. The invaluable series of letters to Lord Minto make plain the generosity, the liberalism, the firm and undaunted wisdom of Morley's policy. His councils were no more for a careless license than for autocracy and coercion; they were councils of strong democratic government. Lord Minto co-operated with him, although they sometimes disagreed in detail.

It is not too much to say that Lord Morley does not mention one prominent figure of his time—scarcely one person—without giving the reader a living picture of the man. And there are few men of his era with whom he was not closely associated. What he has to say of Gladstone, especially of the failure of his last Cabinet, is as vivid as it is valuable. His record of his own friendship with Joseph Chamberlain, their close early association, their political separation, their constant personal liking, is of tremendous interest. His portrait of Parnell is altogether informative. He is notably fair and interesting in his pictures of his opponents, who were often his personal friends, and the reader may turn with especial interest, perhaps, to what he has to say of Curzon and Balfour. He sketches delightfully the rise of "a group of younger men"—Asquith, Grey, and others.

And although it is probable that every reader will look with particular avidity, and read with especial enjoyment, the fine tribute that Lord Morley pays to George Meredith, it must be noted that he has other literary portraits of only secondary interest—Matthew Arnold, John Stuart Mill, and others. Also, he has a piquant and pleasing reference to his two journeys to America, his acquaintance with Colonel (then President) Roosevelt, and many a friendly mention of his good companion, Andrew Carnegie. Among the portraits two, at different times, of the German Emperor are naturally conspicuous. And throughout the book the vista of Morley's scholarly mind, its serious achievement and its rare leisurely enjoyment, opens wonderfully to the reader's eye.

It is, indeed, so scholarly a mind, and the fine clarity of his style is so pure, that perhaps too great emphasis has been laid upon its "classic" quality. Classic, Lord Morley's manner of writing is. But to dismiss it with that as summary is to pay too little homage to its charm.

For, as a piece of writing, "Recollections" is charming—charming in the fine, large, literal sense of holding, pleasing, delighting, the reader's mind. The writer's humor is as quick as his logic and his practical common sense. His figures are always vivid, often arrestingly gay. His wealth of allusion is marked, of course, and his critical faculty is apparent, but his fine literary vitality is no less notable. He has moments of sprightly turn of speech and other moments of quick poetic expression. He has, too, little characteristic word usages of charming colloquial quality—"feel" as a noun, "English" as a verb, the repeated use of the adjective "provoking." His letters and diaries are altogether delightful.

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LATEST WORKS OF FICTION

MICHAEL, BROTHER OF JERRY. By Jack London. With frontispiece. The Macmillan Company. $1.60 net.

IN the "Foreword" which he wrote to "Michael, Brother of Jerry," Mr. London declared that very early in his life he had learned to "dislike the performances of trained animals." For curiosity had led him to look behind the scenes in order to discover how the thing was done, and there he saw "a body of cruelty so horrible" that he, who had seen all sorts of terrible things, found absolutely unendurable "the cold-blooded, conscious cruelty and torment" which had attained "its perfect flower in the trained animal world." Wherefore he always rose and left the theatre when a trained animal turn was on. Presently he came to believe that every ordinarily decent human being would do the same, did he or she but know "the terrible cruelty that * * * makes them possible," thereby abolishing the trained animal turns altogether, since managers would not want them, once they were convinced of their unpopularity. And partly at least in order to further that purpose this book was written.

For in it Mr. London gives the history of Michael, an Irish terrier, own blood brother to "Jerry of the Islands." It so happened that it was Michael's fate to fall into the hands of an animal trainer, Harris Collins, the most noted animal trainer in the United States, whose place, the "Cedarwild Animal School," was the very last word in sanitation, efficiency, and cruelty. It was "business from the first tick of the clock to the last bite of the lash"—a veritable "animal hell." There ponies were taught to kneel down in the arena, through the persuasion of ropes and of "a short, stiff whip of rattan"; greyhounds forced to jump "better than their best" in order to escape the whip-lash, often straining themselves badly in the process; mules taught to buck by the use of spiked saddles; lions made to roar and leap and thrash around by the use of electrically wired cages which burned their paws, so that it was exactly as if they were "dancing on a red-hot stove." And then there were the dogs. Collins declared that while you could "love dogs" into doing tricks in an amateurish sort of manner, for the professional stage where the program must run like clock-work and the dogs do real tricks, "tricks they hate," there was only one way to insure success, and that was through fear. He laughed derisively at the foolish public, silly enough to believe that there was or could be any bond of affection between dogs or any other kind of animal and their trainers, even while he advised those who consulted him to make it appear that their animals were fond of them. Of course, Collins had his failures. Though by dint of prolonged torture he had made the Royal Bengal from the jungle into a "broken" and "educated" tiger, the great bear tore himself to pieces, wrenching out the metal rings fastened into his nostrils and ears. It was only by accident that Michael's own specialty was discovered, after Collins had tried everything he could think of and turned him from a joyous, good-tempered, affectionate, and play-ful dog into a morose animal, who even after his rescue by Villa and Harley Kennan was a subdued creature who had had "all play taken out of him." But if he could not play he could still fight for those he loved, and the day came when he richly repaid Villa and Harvey for what they had done for him.

But though Michael had three years of part agony, part dreary imprisonment, years whose mark was no more to be effaced than was the mark the leopard's paw had left upon his shoulder, he had a good time both before and afterward. The story opens on the beach at Tulagi. From Tulagi Michael was stolen by Dan Daughtry, steward on the Makambo, who took him, intending to sell him. He was very good to Michael, and Michael loved him with a passionate, whole-hearted devotion mixed with adoration. Under his teaching—teaching of the gentlest kind—Michael quickly learned to do all sorts of tricks, and even to count up to five. These were no hardship to the dog, who did them eagerly and enjoyed doing them, since they pleased the master he worshipped. And Dan Daughtry grew to love Michael so dearly that he presently refused an offer many times larger than the sum he had originally hoped to obtain for him. On board the Makambo and later on the Mary Turner Michael was a very popular and much petted dog, who had about as happy a lot as any doggish heart could wish. But men's greed and the failing of a terrible curse, one of the worst afflictions known to human beings, presently intervened between Michael and his master. And then came the "animal hell," and after that the stage, and at last peace and as much happiness as it was possible for one to feel who had known suffering such as his, there in the Valley of the Moon, with Villa and Harvey Kennan.

It is, of course, scarcely necessary to say that much of this book is anything but pleasant reading. If, however, what it tells be indeed the truth, then it is reading which people should have forced upon them. And there are many interesting episodes in the tale, notably the account of the destruction of the schooner by an enraged whale. Michael himself will appeal to all dog-lovers, and Dan Daughtry is well drawn. Well drawn, too, is the man Dan nicknamed the "Ancient Mariner," a clever and entertaining fraud. But the memory one carries away from the book is principally a memory of the horrors, the merciless, deliberate, calculated cruelty of the "Cedarwild Animal School."

APRON-STRINGS

APRON-STRINGS. By Eleanor Gates. New York: Sully & Kleinteich. $1.35.

IN her new story the author of "The Poor Little Rich Girl" reiterates her diatribe against the selfish parent. Only this time it is not the wealthy couple ignoring their child who are the mark for her arrows, but the mother who in the name of love and duty absorbs her daughter's attention and ruins her daughter's life. As the dedication suggests, the book deals with the three types of mothers into whose categories these whom Miss Gates knows seem to fall:

> The kind that does not plan for, or want, a child, but, having borne one, invariably takes the high air of martyrdom, feeling that she has rendered the supreme service, and that, henceforth, nothing is too good for her. Second, the mother who loves her own children devotedly, and has as many as her health and the family purse will permit, but who is fairly indifferent to other women's children. Last of all * * * the mother who loves anybody's children—everybody's children.

The two people who figure largely are Mrs. Milo, the first type, and her daughter, Sue, a woman of 45, of the third. She is torn between her two inclinations: the one, to obey the dictates of her supremely selfish and stupid parent; the other, to give way to the maternal instincts which make her mother the whole orphanage, an institution for abandoned children in the neighborhood. Sue's rebellion comes so late that she is no longer able to enjoy the domestic relation in which she would find the greatest happiness. But when she does free herself from her mother's apron-strings she herself becomes a mother vicariously by adopting one of the unclaimed children on whom the force of circumstance has given her a prior claim.

Before this happy consummation, however, all varieties of confused relationships have diverted the reader from the main issue. There is the wretched couple who decline to address each other, and have to hold all their conversation through a mediator, or, rather, through an intermediary, since they never patch up their quarrel. There is their daughter, who becomes engaged simply to free herself from her unhappy existence with her incompatible parents. There are further complications between Sue's brother and another woman, the familiar triangle which somehow turns polygonal as one looks at it.

But, despite all these tangles and its intended propaganda the story fails of interest. The situation is credible if improbable, but the characters are the merest caricatures, even Sue. The claim that "her story is new, because the conditions which make such a sacrifice possible are new" is not borne out by the facts. Sue's story is older than mid-Victorianism. Nor does the solution of economic freedom seem to present itself to either of the harassed daughters in the tale. Miss Gates's theme is an interesting one, but she treats it sentimentally and thereby fails to give it the effectiveness which is its due.

THE NEXT OF KIN

THE NEXT OF KIN. By Nellie L. McClung. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.25.

THE sixteen brief tales in this book are bound together by the same thing which draws close the people who figure in them—the war. For the author is concerned with the way in which war, and the sacrifices made for it, the burdens borne in it, touches those whom she knows best, the women and children of Canada. With few exceptions these are stories of women who have given up their sons, of others who are widowed, because they cherish the idea of the British Empire, and are ready to give bread and blood "the sacrament of empire" to save it. And almost every one is a story of cheerful sacrifice or of proud courage in sorrow. There is the story of the woman who had lost three sons, and who came down to the station to see the other boys off, in the hope of adopting one of them to be a "war-mother" to him. This is matched by that of the wife of the disciplinarian doctor, whose recruiting speeches give her courage to defy him and adopt two small children, orphaned through the war.

But though the book is naturally full of the tragedy of war, it is relieved by the author's nice sense of humor and by the thread of suffrage argument running boldly through it. These lend it a certain charm. For they are in strong contrast to the tenor of many of the stories, and to all of the verse, which is of a weak, sentimental turn. Indeed, the book is a curious mixture of sound sense and nonsense, of wit and banality, of sympathetic understanding and sentimental sophistry. What it is marked by that sincerity which one finds in so many pseudo-public documents, such as the letters written by the farm women of the United States in response to a Governmental inquiry. These are for the most part what is popularly known as "human" stories. They should have a large popular appeal. The note of optimism is strongly stressed, even

(Continued on Following Page)

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LATEST WORKS OF FICTION

(Continued from Preceding Page)

in the more tragic tales. Sacrifice is rewarded; courage is blessed; nobility is crowned with honor. Nowhere is there absolute unrelieved misery; never are vain oblations made. This sense of cheer, which makes the interspersed verse reminiscent of that of Ella Wheeler Wilcox, should give it a large vogue; while the smoothness of the style and the simplicity of the stories can only serve to contribute further to its popularity.

MYSTERY OF GABRIEL

THE MYSTERY OF GABRIEL. By Michael Wood. Longmans, Green & Co. $1.40 net.

THIS is a story of unusual quality. It ignores altogether the ruling passion, being concerned with the reactions of a soul obsessed by the consciousness of an unknown and probably disgraceful heredity. As a psychological study it is both subtle and powerful, though it leaves the reader somewhat disappointed when the heart of the mystery is plucked out. He feels that the wild storms of passion which from time to time engulfed the hero are out of all proportion to their cause, to be accounted for only by madness itself.

A baby a few hours old, with no clothing but a piece of red flannel, was found in a ditch by a noble young woman, whose life had been, in various ways, narrowed and blighted. She took the baby to her lonely heart, had him baptised by the masculine equivalent of her mother's name and by her own surname, and was henceforth his mother in all that makes motherhood sacred. The child grew up, docile, courteous, graceful, but strangely reticent, every thought and feeling as close-folded as the petals of an unopened rose. Moreover, his teachers declared that they discerned in him an indefinable, inexplicable influence for evil. As he grew into manhood he apparently ceased to love his adoptive mother, and once, as he looked at her, an expression of hatred was surprised upon his countenance. His great gift was for music, and there were times when his violin broke from strains of melodic ecstacy into sounds which might have issued from the pit of lost souls. Yet none could accuse him of even the too common divagations of youth. His life was lived in the open, honorable and clean; punctiliously dutiful to his "mother"; courteous, even affable—but always with his real self under lock and key, save when it escaped through his music. What was his secret? That was never revealed until he came under the influence of Father Standish of Brent, and of Brent's most profound penitent. The revelation and its results must be sought in the pages of the book itself.

Readers of Mr. Wood's former volumes know how thoroughly they are penetrated with the beauty and mysticism of the Catholic element in the Church of England. The same atmosphere pervades the closing chapters of "The Mystery of Gabriel." The plain-minded reader cannot always follow the author, but there are many passages which, especially in these days of strain and stress, are worth remembering, and, as Gabriel says, "living by." A well-written, finely felt book, it is one to be commended, albeit its portrayal of an abnormal character makes it fall short of being "a criticism of life."

THE ABANDONED ROOM

THE ABANDONED ROOM. By Wadsworth Camp. Illustrated. Doubleday, Page & Co. $1.35 net.

MR. CAMP'S new mystery story is one of those tales which keep the reader on the alert, leading him on from one apparently inexplicable occurrence to another, and leave him in the end with a feeling of mingled disappointment and annoyance. For the solution is not very convincing or satisfactory, and one exceedingly important fact, the one indeed on which the whole affair turns, is concealed until the very end. It was by discovering this fact that the person who found out the truth was able to achieve that desired result.

In "The Abandoned Room" at the Cedars the old family home of the Blackburns, two mysterious murders are committed. The first is the assassination of old Silas Blackburn, who is found dead in the bed on which several of his ancestors had died. The doors of the room were locked on the inside, so that one of them had to be broken down, and the only unfastened window was completely inaccessible, so inaccessible that even an orang-utan could not have reached it. Circumstances and the general knowledge that Silas Blackburn was about to make a will disinheriting him point to his grandson, Bobby Blackburn, as the probable criminal. And, to complicate the matter still more, Bobby himself does not know where he spent the greater part of the night during which Silas Blackburn was killed, does not know whether he is in truth innocent or guilty. Bobby's cousin and Silas Blackburn's niece, Katherine Perrine, who lived at the Cedars and heard the mysterious noise which preceded both murders, his two friends, Hartley Graham and Carlos Paredes of Panama, a doctor who believes in ghosts, a beautiful South American dancer, an old butler, and several detectives make up the rest of the dramatis personæ. And there is scarcely one among them who is not at some time or other an object of suspicion.

SLAVES OF THE LAMP

SLAVES OF THE LAMP. By George Bronson-Howard. Illustrated. W. J. Watt & Co. $1.35 net.

NOT genii, but smokers of opium, are the "Slaves of the Lamp" about whom Mr. Bronson-Howard writes, and the book centres about the traffic in opium. This is a theme with which the author has already dealt in his interesting and notable novel, "God's Man," but it was there treated in a very different way. For "Slaves of the Lamp" is a romantic adventure story of the "thriller" type, effective and ingenious, though a trifle old-fashioned with its "malefactors of great wealth" who employ thugs and pickpockets, and its thoroughly corrupt New York police force.

The plot is principally concerned with a secret formula for the manufacture of an especially agreeable kind of smoking opium called "Shandoo." When the Chinese Government decided to stamp out the opium traffic all the persons who knew this formula were executed and all the copies of it destroyed save one. That one was engraved on a set of four jade plates, to all appearances exactly alike, though in truth three of them bore information of comparatively little importance, and the fourth the crux of the formula. They were all sent to America and there fell into the hands of four different persons, no one of whom knew anything about the secret. But there were two men who did know it and therefore wanted those plates. One of the two was Philip Hurrish, wholesale poisoner, a millionaire whose "factory and wholesale drug supply corporation furnished cocaine, morphine, and a sirupy opium paste * * * with labels upon them that described them as "cough sirups," "universal panaces," and so forth; the other was Yorke Norroy, Secret Service agent of the United States Government. One wanted the secret that he might spread poison broadcast; the other that he might destroy it. And so these two fought a duel for the possession of the plates, a duel in which Secret Service agents and criminals, a pretty young actress and a burglar of high ideals and chivalrous behavior, a millionaire as vicious though not as clever as Philip Hurrish himself, and an $18-a-week clerk with aristocratic ambitions and a taste for romance, a Russian woman nicknamed the "Red Madonna," and a worthy descendant of an old Knickerbocker family, all played minor parts with more or less energy and discretion. Opening in China, the story shifts to New York, thence to London and back again, through opium joints, country houses and Fifth Avenue and Mayfair mansions. There are kidnappings and hold-ups, plots and counterplots without number. The story, in short, is entertaining, with plenty of twists and surprises, and it is also a good deal better written than are the majority of its kind.

THE SAFETY CURTAIN

THE SAFETY CURTAIN. By Ethel M. Dell. With frontispiece. G. P. Putnam's Sons. $1.50 net.

OF the five tales which make up this volume, four are such long short stories that they are practically novelettes. Three of them have to do with a husband and wife who are estranged and presently united, the tale ending with their mutual understanding, while the fourth, "The Safety Curtain," which gives its title to the volume, differs from the rest only in that it does not end with the discovery that the two really love each other devotedly. It tells of two who married on impulse, went through a period, on the man's part, at least, of doubt and pain, and then when their happiness seemed to be secured, found that it was in truth more greatly endangered than ever. This similarity of theme renders the book, as a book, somewhat monotonous, though the stories are fairly entertaining in themselves, if rather stereotyped.

The first is the rather hectic tale of a man who married the marvelous dancer he had rescued from a fire in a theatre, and took her with him to India. Of her past, though he suspected something, he knew nothing, and he adored her. They had a somewhat strenuous time, but when the truth was finally revealed he sympathized with her and loved her more than ever, and of course it all came out right in the end. The next tale, called "The Experiment," tells of an extraordinarily silly girl who became engaged as an experiment, found herself obliged to marry a man of whom she was a good deal afraid, and presently acquired a small amount of sense—which she certainly needed very badly. The one short story "Those Who Wait" follows. Then comes the story of a penniless girl who married for a home, making a bargain which the man in the case found himself unable to keep, and saving her happiness only at "The Eleventh Hour." "The Place of Honor," which gives the history of how a man of forty married a nineteen-year-old girl and brought her to India, where he tried to make her happy at any

(Continued on Page 500)

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NOTABLE BOOKS IN BRIEF REVIEW

MY HOME ON THE FIELD OF MERCY. By Frances Wilson Huard. Illustrated by Charles Huard, Official Painter of the War to the Sixth Army of France. George H. Doran Company. $1.35.

MME. HUARD'S first book met with the enthusiasm it deserved, for it was a picture of the flight of a French settlement before the onrush of the German hordes was permanently checked and finally thrust back at the Marne that struck a note of human interest, of poignant reality which only one who had personally experienced the tragic adventure could possibly have struck. Only one, moreover, whose quick sympathy, interest in people about her, and capacity to put into words what she saw and felt could have made her readers partners with her in those days of terror and courage and suffering.

Now Mme. Huard takes up the story where she dropped it, relating how she and her few assistants tackled the tremendous job of cleaning up after the Germans, and of turning what was left of the chateau into a hospital. How the sick and wounded began coming in and how they were taken care of, healed, amused, humored, set to work according to their capacity; this and much more makes up a book that is breathlessly interesting, full of fun, in spite of all the danger and the tragedy, lightened with the most delicious pen pictures of the French poilu in all sorts of situations, and of the Frenchwoman, fit companion to the heroic men of that superb nation.

One chapter tells of the author's sensations under fire, or rather it relates what she saw and did during the bombardment in Soissons. The same serenity that marked her flight during the retreat, an unconscious, temperamental serenity, shows itself here:

> What a mad dash we made to reach the college. The shriek of shot and screeching of projectiles as they passed none too far above us, made it impossible to hold one's head erect. Shrapnel pattered like rain upon the roofs, while without the slightest warning shutters and chimneys would disintegrate and fall into the street before us, blinding us with the debris. As each new detonation announced the departure of a heavy shell we would flatten ourselves against a wall, clinging there in terror until a few seconds later we realized that our last moment had not come.
>
> There is a picture. And here, to pursue the trail:
>
> The courtyard in the college presented a wild scene of animation. A shell had just fallen in the very centre, smashing an ambulance * * * on every side other cars were backed up and being filled with white-faced wounded men * * * Mme. Macherez looked worried, and indeed there was cause. I almost regretted having come, for my presence had only added to her anxiety.

Isn't that delightful? Almost regretted! Mme. Huard was there to get tobacco for her "blessés," and naturally she did not really regret a trifle like reaching Soissons while the enemy guns were smashing the place with shell and bomb. A little later Mme. Huard says:

> As we stood there neither of us spoke, and the roar of battle even drowned our thoughts. I feel certain, however, that neither she nor I had the slightest fear. We were merely anxious to accomplish our tasks as rapidly as possible.

Back once more in her Home of Mercy, she found that her patients were almost crazed at the sound of the guns, and all night through she and the nurse worked over the men, soothing and stilling them, while the guns thundered.

The book is crowded with vivid scenes like these. And the characters. There is M. Cru, for instance, who misses the good food of kindlier days.

> "What's the use of talking about it all," he groans. "This war has completely ruined my digestion. I'll never be the same again * * * you understand, Madame, you are in the trenches, you are hungry, the dinner is late coming. You just get nicely started, when Bing! another attack. By the time you get back your food is cold. The only day we were lucky enough to have chicken a fourlinch shell burst right over us. Killed two and wounded two more. You can say what you like, but a thing like that takes your appetite away * * * Ah, war is wonderful, but it does change one's habits so! At home my wife used to bring me my chocolate in bed.

But there are grimmer scenes in the little hospital. There is the night when the first consignment of typhoid patients must be cared for; they had arrived in army carts, and when these were halted, and the curtains drawn aside,

> they remained motionless on their seats—poor human wrecks—not a sound from any mouth, not a smile on any lips—the vacant stare in their eyes betokening their total submission to the malady that had gripped them.
>
> Here were men come to us in November with typhoid already developed to its worst stages, and before we could even take their temperature it was necessary to remove with pincers the underclothing they had put on before the battle of the Marne.

Forty men had arrived, and it was late at night before each had been thus treated, bathed, and put into the waiting beds, to receive the medical inspection. Afterward came the long hours of vigil, when the patients, all practically out of their minds, called on names of loved ones with agonizing iteration, demanded water, shrieked commands for charges, sang snatches of song, or wildly struggled to be up and away. What a night—and only one of many. But that first night was almost too much for the chatelaine. The booming of the distant guns, the shrieks and groans and mutterings of the sick men, the apparition of one who would not be quieted, but wandered ghostlike, silent, these suddenly struck at her spirit, and for once she was afraid. But it was only for a moment.

It is a book worth having written and deeply worth the reading. The illustrations by Charles Huard are exquisite drawings, vignettes of battle scenes, characters in the story, visions of France as she looks today. It would be easy to go on quoting from the pages indefinitely; hardly one but calls for it. There is the unforgettable story of the little girl child mad with a terrible, remembered experience, shrieking at sight of any man, a little, tiny creature—we recommend that simple impression to the reading of the pacifists. But the whole book will be read by many, for it is the very stuff of human life under the great stress of war, and whoever comes across it will urge its reading upon others.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY: The Polyglot Empire. By Wolf von Schierbrand, Ph. D., LL. D. With a map in colors. New York: Frederick A. Stokes Company. $3.

ONE of the most interesting chapters in this book is the one telling "How the Dual Monarchy Became What It Is." While the facts therein set forth can be found in any history, they are offered here in an interesting, anecdotal way that gives value not only to this particular chapter, but to the whole volume.

The author knew the Archduke Francis Ferdinand, whose tragic death was at least the ostensible original cause of the present stupendous war, and says of him:

> Francis Ferdinand had both the brains and the energy needed for the rejuvenation of the country. Personally he was not what might be called a pleasant sort of man. He was taciturn, rather rough and aggressive in his bearing, and a rigid disciplinarian, an out-and-out martinet in his official relations. * * * I have heard stories about Francis Ferdinand, told me by persons in his immediate service, which explained his pronounced unpopularity with the masses; stories revealing him in a decidedly unamiable light—severe, harsh. * * * The manner of his death showed what he was. He had been warned of widespread disaffection in the border districts of Bosnia and Herzegovina, of plots hatched to remove him. But he went because he deemed it his duty to do so. And even after the first bomb had been exploded in Serajevo, right under his auto, he was not deterred from carrying out what he had set out to do. He was a man absolutely devoid of fear.

There is a plain-spoken chapter on "The Hapsburgs and their family policy," and several on various aspects of the present war, which altogether give a much better view of the great country under consideration than is likely to be obtained in either the daily press or in the many magazine articles written from a detached standpoint.

The conclusion the author reaches as to the future of Austria-Hungary is undoubtedly the most significant utterance in the whole book. He is convinced that there must be a complete reconciliation of the races living side by side, with all but completa self-government for each national and geographical entity within the borders of Austria-Hungary. Here is his uncompromising summing up:

> If not, I feel sure the whole monarchy will go to pieces, with or without outside help, and this within a very short time. When the war broke out it was probably the general expectation that Austria-Hungary could not withstand and survive the shock. On the contrary, the war, the common danger, has acted as a cement, knitting the whole firmly together. * * * But after the war * * * the internecine strife will be resumed with more ardor than ever—unless there be far-going reconciliation, far-going justice, far-going government by the people; a United States of Austria-Hungary in fact, or something like it.

No one who desires to know the people of Austria-Hungary as they seem to a person of another race with broad sympathies and cultivated human understanding can afford to ignore this instructive and eminently readable volume.

FIGHTING FOR PEACE

FIGHTING FOR PEACE. By Henry van Dyke. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. $1.25.

DR. VAN DYKE last Spring resigned his position as Minister to the Netherlands and Luxemburg, which he had held for four years, in order to be free to come home and write for the enlightenment of his fellow-countrymen of the doings of Germany as he had seen and known them. This book is one of the results of that action. Parts of it have appeared in recent numbers of Scribner's Magazine, but to these he has added chapters on the causes of the war and the kind of peace for which we are fighting. The whole work is written with such nervous strength, single-hearted purpose, and profound feeling as to give it very great driving power and make it a valuable instrument for the bringing of light to those who cannot yet see why we are at war. If it were only possible here in New York to line up all those whose votes for Mr. Hillquit in the recent election meant a protest against our participation in the war and induce them to listen to what Dr. van Dyke

(Continued on Following Page)

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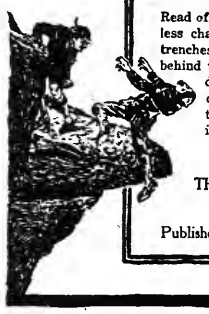

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NOTABLE BOOKS IN BRIEF REVIEW

(Continued from Preceding Page)

says so urgently and cogently, even they would experience some dawnings of doubt as to the intelligence and morality of their present attitude.

There is not much that is new in Dr. van Dyke's account of the coming and the conduct of the war, but what he tells of the things he saw himself—and he saw much—has the interest of personal experience and the weight of personal indictment. There can be no denial, no gainsaying, no explanation by pro-German sympathizers of the descriptions he gives of the scenes in Belgium in the wake of the German invasion and of the condition of the Belgian refugees in whose succoring he aided in Holland. Now and then he contributes a bit of personal observation that is new and interesting, as when he tells of seeing trainloads of German soldiers passing all day long in June, 1914, on the strategic railroad between Cologne and Trier. The latter city, seven miles from the point where the German armies crossed into Luxemburg a few weeks later, he found to be swarming with soldiers while parks of artillery and mountains of munitions and military stores made it "a veritable base of operation, ready for war." He had some curious experiences also with German diplomats who made amazing requests of him. The Austro-Hungarian Legation wanted him to transmit in American code through the American Legation in Belgium to the Austro-Hungarian Legation still lingering in Brussels a message of which the kernel was in the numerical secret cipher of Vienna, which, of course, Dr. van Dyke was unable to read. But he proved less complaisant than Teuton diplomats have found the Swedish Foreign Office and its representatives.

In some of his chapters Dr. van Dyke gives a very complete and forceful résumé of the events that led up to and resulted in the outbreak of the war, that logically point out the German Government as being immediately responsible, and in others he makes a similar and very cogent statement of the events that occasioned our own entrance into the conflict. The final chapter contains a keen analysis and luminous exposition of the conditions which must be fulfilled before this country can talk of peace and of the terms of peace upon which we shall insist.

There are some very interesting pages which tell of the Minister's life in Holland during the months before the war, when he was striving to bring about co-operation among the European Governments for another Peace Conference at The Hague and finding all his efforts nullified by Germany.

Dr. van Dyke expresses much admiration for Queen Wilhelmina as a ruler, thinking her "a woman admirably fit for her task * * * sincere and straightforward, devoted to her duty, and very intelligent in doing it, one of the ablest and sanest crowned heads in Europe, an altogether good ruler for the very democratic country of the Netherlands."

GREENWICH VILLAGE

GREENWICH VILLAGE. By Anna Alice Chapin. With drawings by Allan G. Cram. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $2.50.

THIS is an interesting and attractive book. Greenwich Village is picturesque alike in the past as in the present—something set apart from the rest of New York. The author has studied her subject with care and in detail, and the artist has made charming drawings of the Washington Arch and Milligan Place, of Jefferson Market and old St. John's. The book is pleasing, too, in its binding and general makeup.

In its subject matter, the contents divide themselves sharply in two parts: Greenwich Village of the past and of the present. In her first chapter the author writes of the "checkered history" of Washington Square, and has some little-known contrasts to point. She sketches briefly the history of the "Green Village" ("Greenwich Village," indeed, is sheer tautology,) and tells some fascinating tales of the past—the narrative of Sir Peter Warren, the story of the House on Richmond Hill, (about where the Buterick Building now stands,) the connection of Tom Paine with Greenwich, and some shorter but not less romantic bits of history and biography. She calls up for us, too, those days when the Brevoort was the one famous and fashionable hotel of New York City, and the society of New York flocked to hear great singers at the Academy of Music on Fourteenth Street. It is all a charming tapestry, this bright-woven bit of New York in the past. From it the author turns abruptly—it would be impossible to make the transition in any other way—to the "Latin Quarter" of today.

But in a remoteness, once of geography and now of the spirit, in a sweet and restful quietness in the city's hurly-burly life, in its quality of being "different" and in the love that it has always inspired in those who live there, the Greenwich Village of today does join hands with the Green Village of the far past and the quiet suburb of a somewhat later day. And if we would join history to the present, we can do it in no better way than by quoting, as the author does at her book's beginning, from what Henry James has to say in his novel, "Washington Square":

> I know not whether it is owing to the tenderness of early association, but this portion of New York appears to many persons the most delectable. It has a kind of repose which is not of frequent occurrence in other quarters of the long, shrill city; it has a riper, richer, more honorable look than any of the upper ramifications of the great longitudinal thoroughfare—the look of having had something of a social history.

Of the studio quarter, with its queer little restaurants, its funny shops, its picturesquely clothed denizens, and its much-talked-of "Bohemianism," the author writes fascinatingly. She tells about the strange and delightful eating places, the unconventional villagers; the atmosphere of make-believe that they have thrown over this quarter of crooked streets and artist haunts. She relates some anecdotes that are exceedingly funny and probably characteristic. And she has much that is sensible to say about the "freedom" of "Village" life. She writes of it, in part, as follows:

> There is a great deal of nonsense talked about the wickedness, or at least the impropriety, of Greenwich Village—and some of the talk is by people who ought to know better. The Village is, to be sure, entirely unconventional and incurably romantic and dramatic in its tastes. It is appallingly honest, dangerously young in spirit, and it is rather too intense sometimes, keyed up unduly with ambition and emotion and the eagerness of living. But wicked? Not a bit of it! * * * In the Village there is very little scandal and practically no slander. They are very slow to think evil. And this in spite of their rather ridiculous way of talking. They do, a number of them, give the uninitiated an impression of moral laxity. Their phrases do, when jumbled up sufficiently, make a composite picture of strange and lurid aspect. But actually, they are not one atom less moral than any other group of human beings—in fact, thanks to their unquestionable ideals and their habit of fearless thinking, they are, I think, a good bit more so.
>
> "While I lived in the village," writes one shrewd man, "I heard of more impropriety and saw less of it than anywhere I've ever been!"

THE FOOD PROBLEM

THE FOOD PROBLEM. By Vernon Kellogg and Alonzo E. Taylor. Preface by Herbert Hoover. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.25.

DRINK AND THE WAR: From the Patriotic Point of View. By Marr Murray. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. 50 cents.

THE food problem is the biggest question, the master problem, that faces the world just now, the thing that most insistently presses itself upon each and all of us individually, and Herbert Hoover is the man upon whom the nation pins its faith to help us solve it. So when we have, as here, a book of modest size and lucid treatment discussing that problem that has the indorsement of Mr. Hoover himself and is written by two of his most trusted lieutenants it surely is one to command attention. The two authors are so well known to be thoroughly versed in their subject that what they say will carry authority the country over. Vernon Kellogg, who has long been a member of the Faculty of Stanford University, was Mr. Hoover's assistant in the work of the Belgian Relief Commission and is now a member of the United States Food Administration. Alonzo E. Taylor of the Faculty of the University of Pennsylvania is also a member of the Food Administration forces and of the Exports Administration Board.

The book is specially remarkable because of its comprehensiveness, the amount of space it covers in its two hundred-odd pages, and for the clarity of its discussion. It is packed full of meat. There is hardly an unnecessary word in it, and certainly not a sentence that does not convey an important fact or make a necessary and luminous explanation. After a brief introductory chapter setting forth the facts to show that the food problem is not our problem alone, but international, binding us closely with all the nations of the world and especially with our allies, the authors consider the character and scope of the problem, the conditions of its solution, the immediate conditions which especially concern us, and, finally, what we are actually doing to meet this master problem of the nations whose solution rests so largely in our hands.

In his preface Mr. Hoover calls attention to the critical importance of not allowing our herds of domestic animals to be depleted. All Europe is cutting into its capital stock of food animals and for years to come will depend on us for animal products. In the face of this fact Mr. Hoover thinks that our present stimulation of grain growing may prove, finally, to have some of the characteristics of a national calamity, and he evidently thinks it would be wise to encourage the production of animals more than has been done, even at the cost of less effort to induce the production of wheat.

The survey of the food situation among all the belligerents which Professors Kellogg and Taylor make is succinct, but comprehensive. One section tells with much detail just what is being done in England, France, and Italy to control food consumption, stimulate its production, and conserve the supply. One chapter, full of interest, takes up the question of food control to Germany and the lessons to be learned from it, and still others describe with detail just what the food situation is as between this country and our allies and what the Food Administration has done and what are its plans for the immediate future. Of very great general interest is the section treating of what the authors call the technology of food, wherein they describe the

(Continued on Page 501)

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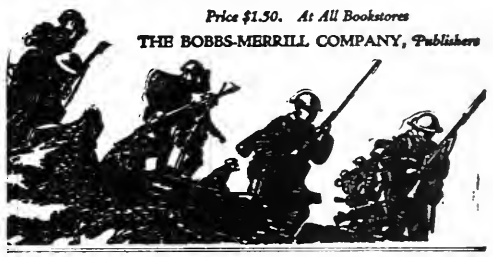

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By Henry van Dyke

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DR. RHODES'S HISTORY OF THE CIVIL WAR

HISTORY OF THE CIVIL WAR, 1861-1865. By James Ford Rhodes. With maps. New York: The Macmillan Company. $2.50.

OF all the sections of our brief history as a nation of none is it just now of more profit and value to read than of the anguished years of the civil war. The story of those dark and bitter days comes alive to us now with a poignancy of interest it could never have in times of peace. And there was scarcely a week of the whole four years whose tale of activities and emotions does not hold a lesson for us now of things to be done, dangers to be avoided, tendencies of thought and feeling to be watched and corrected before they become pregnant with menace. Those lessons to be learned are as much the concern of the individual as of groups, of Congress, of the nation as a whole. Even the most determined critic of our national policies and achievement—and every one knows who he is—could now hardly read, with a just mind in the light of today, the tale of the equally determined critics of those days without at least a little chastening of soul.

Therefore this new history of the civil war days is most timely and very welcome. Those who have had the good fortune to become familiar with Dr. Rhodes's monumental "History of the United States from the Compromise of 1850 to the Final Restoration of Home Rule at the South in 1877" know with what a magic pen he writes and with what wide-gathering hands he brings together the materials which he forms into a living mosaic of other days. His method of making ample use of and quotations from the newspapers, pamphlets, reminiscences, and other publications of the time gives an extraordinarily graphic and lively quality to his narrative. It inspires his pages with something of the same thrill and intensity of interest afforded by actual living in the time described. Thomas Bailey Aldrich truly wrote of his seven-volume work: "I was about to say that this history is as absorbing as a play, but I would like to see a play that is half so absorbing."

The necessity of compression in putting the history of the civil war into a single volume has made impossible the extensive use of this method. But the author's notable faculty of summarizing without leaving out the spirit, the life, and the color of events, and the fact that he wrote out of a reservoir of knowledge of just such intimate revelations of the life of the time infuse his narrative with unusual power to re-create the time of which he writes. In his former history three of the volumes deal with the civil war. But since they were published, respectively, in 1895, 1899, and 1904, much new material concerning the war has come to light. Part of it Dr. Rhodes was able to use in his course of lectures on that period at Oxford University four years ago. This new one-volume work is not a condensation of the former three volumes, but an entire rewriting upon the briefer plan after a fresh study of the subject and in the light of the new material.

The story of the campaigns and battles of those four years is one of undying interest to all Americans, on whichever side their ancestors were ranged, or if their ancestors had not yet crossed the seas. But of particular interest just now, and of value also as we face the unfolding crises of the coming months, is a study of the spirit of those days. In the grip of war have we, as a nation, improved or deteriorated? Are we more or less united? Have we more or less fervor of patriotism? Are we handling the big task with more or less efficiency?

Notwithstanding the menace of ill-intentioned enemy aliens, a menace which did not trouble the country in those days, and notwithstanding the pacifist and pro-German Socialist elements, one cannot read Dr. Rhodes's pages with their graphic resurrection of the life of sixty-five years ago without feeling that the United States of today is more united, more fervently patriotic, and far more efficient than was the North of the civil war period. President Lincoln did not have behind him such a united body of helpers as has sprung to the aid of President Wilson from all parts of the country. It is true that today there is much criticism of this, that, and the other phase of war preparations, but in a democracy of free speech that is inevitable and helpful, a sure sign of national health; and it is true, also, that the determined cabal that has long been endeavoring to undermine the position of a member of the Cabinet is still at work and that much partisan feeling manifests itself. But compared with the openly and incessantly voiced distrust of President Lincoln, the intrigues in his own Cabinet against him, the bitter criticisms launched against him by both friends and enemies, the constant nagging and barking of a large portion of the press, the country today stands forth as a remarkably harmonious region.

For a long time "distrust of Lincoln pervaded both the Senate and the House," and in his Cabinet there were intrigues against him; popular uneasiness and severe criticism by public men and newspapers were caused by increasing assumptions of war power by the Government, and it was loudly declared that no Government that once assumed such powers would ever give them up again; as one reverse to the Union arms followed another the popular trust in Lincoln sadly waned; as the months went on and the blockade of the South tightened there was much trading overland with the enemy—a species of peculiarly mean and treacherous disloyalty to which present-day conditions offer no parallel; the menace of the "copperhead" was everywhere, in city, village, and country, east and west; many sympathizers with the South were scattered through the North; the draft riots gleam bloodily in New York City's history, and the fear of similar riots disturbed many States; Horace Greeley, with his mighty personal influence and the weight and wide circulation of his paper, was an ever-present thorn in the Government's side, now demanding that the "erring sisters" be allowed to go in peace, presently urging that a foreign power be asked to mediate between North and South, and again nagging Lincoln to inaugurate proposals for peace, or at least for a year's armistice. These are only a few of the conditions graphically recounted in more or less detail by Dr. Rhodes, which help to induce the conviction that the nation is now better united and inspired by a more general and more fervent patriotism than it was through at least the first three years of the civil war. And as for the efficiency and dispatch with which it is carrying on its preparations for war, the balance falls on the side of the present as promptly and heavily as it does in the matter of thrift and cost.

Even well-intentioned persons can be found at the present time who look with disfavor and apprehension upon the vast powers that are being placed in the hands of the President and his advisers. Dr. Rhodes quotes James Bryce as saying that "Abraham Lincoln wielded more authority than any single Englishman has done since Oliver Cromwell," and adds: "My reading of English history and comparative study of our own have led me to the same conclusion, although it should be added that Cromwell's exercise of arbitrary power greatly exceeded Lincoln's and involved more important infractions of the Constitution of his country. * * * I have not lighted on a single instance in which the President himself directed an arrest, yet he permitted them all; he stands responsible for the casting into prison of citizens of the United States on orders as arbitrary as the lettres de cachet of Louis XIV."

WHY NOT MARRY?

WHY NOT MARRY. Compiled by Anna Steese Richardson. Indianapolis: The Bobbs-Merrill Company. $1.40.

READERS of this little book of the arresting title will find it pleasantly free from either the professional optimism of the evening paper's heart-to-heart talk or the inflated egotism of the it-pays-to-be-married monologue, although the chapter headings and a modest effort by the publisher's copy-writer on the jacket would seem to justify an anticipation of both. The material originally appeared in editorial form in Pictorial Review, and not a little of it was supplied, as Mrs. Richardson tells us, by men and women readers of the magazine who had learned the secret of successful marriage through actual experience, sad or happy according as they had been unyielding or adaptable. Indeed, it runs the whole gamut of marital experience, from the high cost of courtship to the semi-annual discomfort of house cleaning and the case of pleasure-madness versus mother-love; and, however much the human document as a commercialized product may be fair game for the cynically inclined, there can be no question but that the book will be found of practical help and a source of inspiration by many young women and some of the "ten million young men of marriageable age," the conscientious, the selfish, the falot of heart who wonder with the author of "Virginibus Puerisque" why so many marriages are passably successful.

It is probably to Mrs. Richardson that we owe the timely antidote to the emotional doctrine of the superiority rather than the equality of woman, in the chapter under the suggestive caption, "Give the Devil His Due." What are the aims and tendencies of Feminism? Briefly, Feminism stands for the principles of morals of highest consequence—individual responsibility and self-reliance. It upholds the woman's right to work, indorses her demand for the ballot, advocates the single standard of morality. "But it does not stand for any argument, any movement, scattered or organized, which will bring about sex antagonism and thereby jeopardise the greatest of American institutions—the Home." Today, the writer continues, with novels and dramas of a certain type inflaming the minds and imaginations of good women against men, too many wives are looking for evil in their husbands and too many men are on the defensive, a state of affairs which will never result in sex equality. Truisms are seldom worth quoting, but the following might well be memorized and taken to heart by the propagandists: "Sex equality must grow out of mutual progress, mutual sympathy and understanding, not from the degradation of men that women may shine more brilliantly."

We will agree with the copy-writer that the book is thought-provoking, but it is so not more as an indictment of our national habits of thought on the marital relations than as a demonstration that much which was pertinent and necessary last March seems like misplaced earnestness this November, when we are readjusting our sense of values under the spiritual stress of war. There is less serious hesitation over marriage. "Why not marry while the capacity for living is at its best?" Well, why not?

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LIFE AND LETTERS OF RICHARD HARDING DAVIS

ADVENTURES AND LETTERS OF RICHARD HARDING DAVIS. Edited by his brother, Charles Belmont Davis. Illustrated. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. $2.50.

WHATEVER place time may give to his work, there is no doubt that Richard Harding Davis was one of the picturesque figures in our modern world of literature—and one who was vitally American. He was still, when he died, comparatively young in years, and he was always young in spirit. And his untimely death took from us one of our best-known and most distinctive personalities. We use the word "picturesque" of Richard Harding Davis with a full sense of the risk of misunderstanding; yet picturesque he was. His characteristic charm of writing, his reputation as a reckless but unconquerable newspaper reporter, the wide and astonishingly early fame of his stories, even his good looks, and certainly his distinguished parentage, and then in later years the aura of dimly guessed adventure that hung, justly, over his world-famous work as a correspondent in many wars—all these made him truly a picturesque personage, gave him a unique place. And in all this he was so strictly American! In all this, and more besides—and there is something of ready symbolism in the mere fact that he was engaged in working for the cause of preparedness on the night before he died.

There are many reasons, therefore, why the life and letters of Richard Harding Davis should be welcomed by a wide public on the mere mention of its appearance. And all these reasons will be intensified and new ones added when the book is read. It is so interesting a book—and it is so fine a book. It has in it the fascinating things that, from reading his stories and articles, we should expect from the author. But it has in it a good deal more than that; it is the picture of a devoted and companionable American family; it is a series of telling glimpses of a tender and "chummy" son, a jolly brother, a loyal friend, at the last of a thoughtful and adoring husband and father; and through it are scattered memorable little comments on all manner of interesting things all over the world.

Richard Harding Davis was born in Philadelphia April 18, 1864, the son of L. Clarke Davis and Rebecca Harding Davis, whom the youngest of the younger generation may or may not remember as a famous editor and a still more famous story teller. From his childhood he intended to write; his brother tells us that he never thought of doing anything else. From his childhood he grew up among the interesting and famous people who were his parents' friends. And from his childhood his parents themselves were the best friends of all. During his last illness, his brother says, his mind reverted constantly to his youth, his life in Philadelphia with his parents and brother and sister; and one night he said: "I know now why we were such a happy family. It was because we were always, all of us, of the same age."

And that may be taken, indeed, as the text for a great part of this book. Most of the letters are written to his parents, and most of the others to his brother and sister. And they are the most companionable and thoughtful letters that can be imagined—and the most interesting. From his school days, through his reportorial experiences, his early successes, the gayeties and adventures of his later life, he wrote to those good chums, his mother and father, all about it. Spontaneous, exuberant, intensely alive, always with the quick visualization of his published work, and in most cases with more of personal comment, these "letters home" are a record of "adventure" that deserves to live in the annals of the American family. Some letters from his parents are included in the book; and they deserve to live, significantly: they are so wise, so good, so free from sentimentality, so sympathetic, and so sane. We commend Richard Harding Davis's letters home, heartily, to sons and daughters and parents. It is interesting to note, too, that the devotion that was so strong and permeating a thing in his relation with his parents he gave in his turn to his own little daughter. Hope Harding Davis was only 15 months old when her father died. But the letters of those fifteen months are literally full of the baby, and, Charles Belmont Davis tells us, in speaking of the little girl's birth, "No event in my brother's life had ever brought him such infinite happiness, and during the fifteen short months that remained to him she was seldom, if ever, from his thoughts, and no father ever planned more carefully for a child's future than Richard did for his little daughter." These last letters for his wife and child are very sweet, and very happy, and very touching.

He was suddenly famous at 26. He "covered" New York, the Middle West, London, the Mediterranean, Paris, Central America, South America, Moscow, Budapest. He went to Cuba in 1896 to write about the rebellion there. In 1897 he went to Greece to "see how the Greeks were faring with their enemies the Turks." In 1898-9 he reported the Spanish-American war—and his letters are full of his poignant distress at the cruel inefficiency in the treatment of our troops. He went to South Africa during the Boer war, and he says, "Winston Churchill and I cried for an hour" over the sheer pathos of the relief of Ladysmith. He "covered" the Spanish and English coronations in the interim between war reporting, and, of course, he was correspondent during the Russo-Japanese war. He went to the Congo in 1903 to investigate the reports of atrocities. He lived for a time in London. And all these busy years he was writing novels, short stories, and plays. In the Spring of 1914 he went to Vera Cruz, and in August he sailed for Europe. Through all these years his letters present an array of delightful, amusing, exciting adventures. The book is excellently edited, with a running narrative that is altogether readable and informative, and the photographs are really vivid illustrations of the matter of the book. We know few books more interesting.

ROYAL RIFLE CORPS

A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE KING'S ROYAL RIFLE CORPS, 1755-1915. Compiled and edited by Lieut. Gen. Sir Edward Hutton. Winchester, England: Warren & Son.

For Americans something of a sentimental interest—historically so—attaches to this story of a regiment in the British Army, for it had its birth on this side of the Atlantic and for many years was known as the Sixtieth Royal Americans. Christmas Day, 1755, was its birthday, and it was recruited mainly from settlers in the Colonies of Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, and North Carolina. There was need for it in the French and Indian war that was then being waged, because it had been found that the British troops trained upon the German model could not cope with the French and Indian troops under the conditions of warfare in the New World. It adopted at its birth Colonial methods of equipment, simpler drill, open formations, and the Indian system of forest warfare. It helped in the brilliant capture of Fort Duquesne, in 1758, which opened the great West to English enterprise, took a prominent part in the capture of Louisburg, and in the series of engagements terminating in the battle of Quebec it fought so brilliantly as to win from General Wolfe its motto, "Celer et Audax"—Swift and Bold. After the end of the French and Indian wars some of its battalions were disbanded and the others sent to the West Indies. With the opening of the American Revolution, its ranks newly recruited in England, the Sixtieth Royal Americans, but now under their new name, again fought on American soil, against the Colonists.

Its subsequent history has been a brilliant one, for the regiment has fought in all the far-flung wars of Britain—through the years of the Peninsular campaign, when England was trying to drive Napoleon out of Spain and Portugal; in India and Egypt, in the Zulu war and the Boer war, and in the present war it did its share at Mons, the Marne, the Aisne, at Ypres, and Loos and Neuve Chapelle. The story of all this is told briefly but clearly in the little book, with special accounts of the services of the regiment's several battalions. General Hutton draws attention to the fact that the regiment has shown throughout its long career of a hundred and sixty years the qualities of ready initiative, strong individuality, courage, and steady discipline which distinguished its membership when it was first recruited from among the American colonists.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPLAINED. By Franklin Escher. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.25.

Now that the period of our exclusiveness is past—as McKinley put it even before the war—foreign exchange has become something which should be understood in its art by all foreign traders and in its science by all students of world affairs. Heretofore it has been neglected, both because of its difficulty and because of our preoccupation in domestic affairs. Hereafter it cannot be neglected either by our bankers or by our merchants. Mr. Escher's volume aptly meets the need of those who wish an introduction to the subject without complication with the technicalities of the more elaborate treatises. His style is what would be expected from one who has long written upon finance and is now a lecturer upon this particular topic at the University of New York. It is popular without being trivial, and clear without the fault of condescension to his readers. Perhaps this is best illustrated in the exposition of exchange arbitrage, or the triangular exchange operation which is the pons asinorum of finance. Those who have been baffled by it in the big books on the subject can hardly help understanding it in Mr. Escher's exposition, and so of the other topics in this timely and increasingly important subject. The jargon of the trade is confusing, no doubt, but with Mr. Escher's help it is a mere trifle to those capable of understanding carburetors, differentials, and other household words.

WINONA

New York Times Review of Books:

May I correct a mistake in the review of my girls' book, "Winona of Camp Kanonya," which I am responsible for? In reviewing it the writer quotes a hiking song:

"I didn't raise my girl to be a camper,"

supposing (as I do occasionally "drop into poetry") that I wrote it. I didn't. I stole it from a set of camping songs, up at a girls' camp in New Hampshire, where I was three Summers ago. The girls evolved their songs and parodies en masse, so I don't know which of the twenty of them was most responsible for this. But I'm not, I am sorry to say.

MARGARET WIDDEMER.
Larchmont, N. Y., Nov. 19.

Man shall enter in at the gate, but even a dog might be permitted to keep watch on the ramparts.

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The New York Times
Review of Books

Literary Section
of
The New York Times

NEW YORK, NOVEMBER 25, 1917.

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WORDS AND NATIONS

WHEN we read that "the French are one of the most ascetic races in the world," we are apt to take the statement as a harmless sort of paradox, lacking the grace of any shadow of plausibility. When we learn that the statement is made by Mrs. WHARTON, there is nothing left for us but a revision, as seemly as possible, of our preconceived ideas of France and the French character. For, from what Mrs. WHARTON has already written, together with her long residence in France, and the vital part she has taken in the affairs of that country ever since the war started, it is doubtful if there is any one—at least among American writers—more competent than she to interpret the French to us. Her absorbing article on "The French as Seen by an American," in the December number of Scribner's Magazine, from which the above quotation is taken, is, indeed, a proof, if proof is needed, of her extraordinary gift of analysis. The war has already revised the national estimate of France. Long ago we found that the traditional view of that nation was hardly compatible with the heroism, the calm, unswerving determination, displayed by a people the world, in its ignorance, was wont to call "volatile." Of course, we know now that the French are not volatile, and—if we would be logical—that the word never could have denoted a characteristic quality in them. War brings out the latent, underlying traits of a man or a people; it rarely creates something that did not exist before.

SO it is that Mrs. WHARTON reveals the French not only as they are today, but as they always have been. Her study is based not on her own observations—these are used in corroboration—but on a sort of historical analysis in which certain words in frequent use in French are found to have a vital significance in the interpretation of national character:

> The French people are one of the most ascetic and the most laborious in Europe, yet the four words that preponderate in French speech and literature are: Glory, love, voluptuousness, and pleasure. Before the Puritan reflex causes the reader to fling aside the page polluted by this statement, it will be worth his while to translate these four words into la gloire, l'amour, la volupté, le plaisir, and then (if he knows French and the French well enough) consider what they mean in the language of CORNEILLE and PASCAL. For it must be understood that they have no equivalents in the English consciousness, and that, if it were sought to explain the fundamental difference between the exiles of the Mayflower and the conquerors of Valmy and Jéna, it would probably best be illustrated by the totally different significance of "love and glory" and "amour et gloire."

In her study of the meaning that usage has given to these words Mrs. WHARTON finds that they are really quite untranslatable by their nominal English equivalents. Thus, by "la gloire," the French "mean something infinitely larger, deeper, and subtler than we mean by 'glory.'" In the French conception of glory "the sense of duty has a large part." So with "love":

> "Amour," to the French, means the undivided total of the complex sensations and emotions that a man and a woman may inspire in each other; whereas "love," since the days of the Elizabethans, has never, to Anglo-Saxons, been more than two halves of a word—one half all purity and poetry, the other all prurience and prose. And gradually the latter half has been discarded, as too unworthy of association with the loftier meanings of the word, and "love" remains—at least in the press and in the household—a relation as innocuous, and as undisturbing to social conventions and business routine as the tamest ties of consanguinity.

"Volupté," again, is not the equivalent of our "voluptuousness," but "means the intangible charm that imagination extracts from things tangible." Finally, the French "plaisir" is quite different from our "pleasure":

> "Le plaisir" stands for the frankly permitted, the freely taken, delight of the senses, the direct enjoyment of the fruit of the tree called golden. No suggestions of furtive vice degrade or coarsen it, because it has, like love, its open place in speech and practice.

It is a fascinating study, this, that finds the words used by a nation the criteria of national character. Mrs. WHARTON'S employment of this method furnishes an excellent essay on some of the niceties of French speech and literature that are not always appreciated by Anglo-Saxon students of the language. But it does more than this. It gives an indication of some of the strong, sterling elements that are inherent in the French temperament and make of the people the heroic nation revealed to the world in the glorious annals of the last three years.

OF literary activity in France today one hears very little, at least in this country. Only rarely do we see nowadays those familiar, yellow-paper-bound duodecimos, in which contemporary novels or even popular reprints were wont to appear in such numbers years ago. Publications of this character have undoubtedly decreased in quantity in France, as they have elsewhere. It goes without saying, also, that just now only a small proportion of the books published find their way to this country. Those that do reach us are, as a rule, "war books." But it appears, judging from an article on "Wartime Literature in France," published in the current number of The Bookseller, Newsdealer, and Stationer, that there is no lack of activity among the French makers and writers of books just now. As many of the best known authors are either at the front, or engaged in some form of war work, their writing does not follow the lines either in style or theme that it does in normal times. Much of it appears in newspaper articles—and these articles are usually collected and brought out in book form when they are sufficient in number for that kind of publication. Apparently there is not much fiction being published, but poetry seems to be particularly popular:

> Of course, there has been produced in France during the past months a great deal of war poetry, to which the poets in view have contributed their share. But little of what has come from these veteran bards has been notable, unless we except some of the fugitive pieces of M. EDMONU ROSTAND. In the trenches and the sick beds of the military hospitals has been written, however, much verse worthy of attention, not so much on account of its intrinsic merit as poetry as because of the spirit which pervades it and which reveals what is likely to be the mood of the song which is to follow this dreadful catastrophe.

One of the leading French poets of the day, PAUL FORT, the "Prince of Poets," as he is called, makes this interesting forecast of the French poetry of the future:

> My own opinion is that, after the war, lyricism, not only in France but throughout the world, will take on a more popular tone, will become, so to speak, more naturalistic, and yet remain nearer to the true voice of the soul, which should be deep love and deep pity for mankind. Many of our poets will have known the trenches and some will have had born to them there the gift of song. They will sing of the fatal misery of the world and of the tragic hope that in better times poetry will become human. FRANÇOIS VILLON and SHAKESPEARE will be looked up to as the grand masters of the art; and then the poetry which is of dreams, beautiful though it be, will be put aside, at least in part, and so too will be excluded—and this will be an unmixed good—the poetry which is too artificial, empty-hearted, too Byzantine, that is trivial when one should be serious. Then, too, we will see WALT WHITMAN'S influence increase considerably, and KIPLING'S and PAUL CLAUDEL'S also.

LATEST PUBLICATIONS

Books Received during the Week Ended Nov. 21
Classified and Annotated According to Contents

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(Continued on Page 502.)

THE CAMBRIDGE HISTORY OF AMERICAN LITERATURE

THE CAMBRIDGE HISTORY OF AMERICAN LITERATURE. Edited by William Peterfield Trent, M. A., LL. D., Professor of English, Columbia University; John Erskine, Ph. D., Professor of English, Columbia University; Stuart P. Sherman, Ph. D., Professor of English, University of Illinois, and Carl Van Doren, Ph. D., Head Master of the Brearley School. In three volumes. Volume I. Colonial and Revolutionary Literature; Early National Literature; Part I. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $3.50.

FOLLOWING the general lines of the great "Cambridge History of English Literature," the "Cambridge History of American Literature" offers the first of its three volumes to the public—a valuable, comprehensive, and from beginning to end a most interesting book. It is important to note at the outset that the "Cambridge History" of our literature purposes to survey the life of the American people as expressed in their writings—it will not be merely a study of belles-lettres or even of outstanding greatness. Certain other distinctive aims and features the editors also outline. The book is on a larger scale than any of its predecessors which have carried the story of colonial times to the present generation; it is the first history of American literature composed with the collaboration of a numerous body of scholars from every section of the United States and from Canada; and it will provide for the first time an extensive bibliography for all periods and subjects treated.

In making any general résumé of the purposes of the history as a whole, and especially in introducing the first volume, emphasis must be laid upon the care and detail which the authors and editors have devoted to the early literature of our land. In the editors' preface this is mentioned:

> The "Cambridge History" marks a partial reversion to the position of the earlier historians, who looked into the past with interest and into the present and future not without hope. * * * We have made it our primary purpose to represent adequately as time allowed the periods of our national past, and to restore the memory of writers who are neglected because they are forgotten and because they are no longer sympathetically understood. To write the intellectual history of America from the modern aesthetic standpoint is to miss precisely what makes it significant among modern literatures, namely, that for two centuries the main energy of Americans went into exploration, settlement, labor for subsistence, religion, and statecraft. For nearly two hundred years a people with the same traditions and with the same intellectual capacities as their contemporaries across the sea found themselves obliged to dispense for the most part with art for art. But the long inhibition and belated expansion of their purely aesthetic impulses, unfavorable as it was to the development of poetry and fiction, was no serious handicap to the production of a prose competently recording their practical activities and expressing their moral, religious, and political ideas. Acquaintance with the written record of these two centuries should enlarge the spirit of American literary criticism, and render it more energetic and masculine. * * * When our American criticism treats its facile novelist and poet-masters as they deserve, and heartily recognizes and values the works in which the maturest and wisest Americans have expressed themselves, its references to the period prior to 1800 will be less apologetic.

The first writings of and from America were, of course, the records of the explorers and settlers. The first historian in the British colonies was Captain John Smith. And to quote George Parker Winship, A. M., Librarian of the Harry Elkins Widener Collection, Harvard University, and author of the first chapter of the Cambridge history, "Travelers and Explorers, 1583-1763": "He may have been, as it was once the fashion to proclaim, an inordinate liar, but whatever the historians say, the certain fact is that what he wrote was read in his own day and has been read since by thousands who have identified him with the first English colony." The chapter on "Historians, 1607-1783," is by John Spencer Bassett, Ph. D., Professor of American history in Smith College. This is followed by "The Puritan Divines, 1620-1720," by Vernon Louis Partington, A. M., Professor of English in the University of Washington, and "Edwards," by Paul Elmer More, A. M., LL. D., after which Woodbridge Riley, Ph. D., Professor of Philosophy in Vassar College, contributes the chapter on "Philosophers and Divines, 1720-1783."

It is in line with the reminder expressed in the paragraph we have quoted from the editors' preface, that fine as is this volume throughout, especially good as are the chapters on Irving, by Major George Haven Putnam, and Cooper, by Dr. Van Doren, the most interesting single things in the book are the study of the New England divines and philosophers from the Puritans to the Transcendentalists, and the chapter on Franklin. Fascinating as the illuminating record of Franklin is, the long development of religious thought in New England is the more significant. We use the word "religious" with the widest possible connotations, to include theological controversy and philosophical community-founding. But whatever we call it, it is the outstanding development in the early years of the history of American thought, and the outstanding feature in this volume's subject matter. It is taken up here with the utmost—and the most readable—detail, the lives and work of the early Puritan divines set forth and differentiated, the controversies of a somewhat later day closely studied, transcendentalism treated in a noble chapter by Harold Clark Goddard, Ph. D., Professor of English in Swarthmore College, and a brief and excellent chapter on Emerson, by Paul Elmer More, bringing the present volume to a close. We lack space even to refer to the lives and writings and philosophies so carefully and interestingly traced; we can only say how valuable the chapters are. But for a summary of development and significance, we quote Dr. Goddard, who, after his notable chapter on what transcendentalism was and what it was not, together with its relation to European philosophies, concludes:

> These men were no mere dreamers. * * * When put to the test of acting up to their principles they were not found wanting. The Puritan character was the rock on which transcendentalism, was built.
>
> How inherent in the religious development of New England that character has been may be seen by glancing at three of her foremost spiritual figures: Jonathan Edwards, Ralph Waldo Emerson, and William James. (James, curiously enough, though a New Englander only by adoption, being scarcely less representative of the most recent phase of New England religious evolution than Emerson and Edwards were of two of its earlier stages.) Edwards, the last great apostle of theocratic dogmatism; Emerson, the prophet of a generation of romantic aspiration; James, the pragmatic philosopher of a scientific and democratic age—how far apart, at first thought, they seem! * * * And yet, under analysis, such distinctions turn out to be partly nominal and relatively superficial, for, deeper than all their differences of doctrine, there is a community of spirit among these men, a something central and controlling in them all, something which in its day was the driving force of transcendentalism, the innate idealism and individualism of the New England mind.

We have called attention to the exceedingly interesting chapter on Franklin, which was written by Stuart P. Sherman, Ph. D., Professor of English in the University of Illinois. Another detailed personal study is that of Bryant, by William Ellery Leonard, Ph. D., Assistant Professor of English in the University of Wisconsin, who also writes of the minor poets of that day. The other divisions of the first book are "Colonial Newspapers and Magazines, 1704-1775," by Elizabeth Christine Cook, Ph. D., Instructor in English in Teachers College; "American Political Writing, 1760-1789," by William MacDonald, Ph. D., Professor of History in Brown University, and "The Beginnings of Verse, 1610-1808," by Samuel Marion Tucker, Ph. D., Professor of English in the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute. Of Book II., "Early National Literature," only Part I. (less than half) is contained in this volume. The chapters, in addition to those we have named above, are "Travelers and Observers, 1763-1846," by Lane Cooper, Ph. D., Professor of English in Cornell University; "The Early Drama, 1756-1800," by Arthur Hobson Quinn, Dean of the College, University of Pennsylvania; "Early Essayists," by George Frisbie Whicher, Ph. D., Associate Professor of English, Amherst College, and "Fiction," in two chapters, by Dr. Van Doren.

To point out the notable excellence of the work as a whole and the several chapters in particular partakes of the nature of tautology. Its value goes without saying. Its interest, to the mere "lay reader," is almost as great. But since the second part, covering so rich a period in our literature, stops off, so to speak, in the middle, it is to be regretted that some general outline could not have been included in the preface, to make less bald the omission from the present volume of those internationally important figures, Hawthorne, Whitman, and Poe. It is probably inevitable, too, that in a detailed study of the beginnings of a literature, the consideration of a more crowded period should seem to suffer omissions by comparison, and we cannot avoid noticing, when every little political and patriotic verse, apparently, that antedates 1808 is mentioned, the utter ignoring of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," and "The Star-Spangled Banner." But these omissions and arrangements are little things. "The Cambridge History of American Literature" is a book of the utmost importance.

COMPENSATION INSURANCE

LIABILITY AND COMPENSATION INSURANCE. By Ralph B. Blanchard. New York: D. Appleton & Co. $2.

It is expected that twenty billions of insurance will be applied for by our army against the Huns. No one knows how many soldiers there will be, nor how many casualties, yet the law provides for the leap in the dark. In that case expense is truly no object, and there are costs saved. In somewhat similar manner the States have plunged into the experiment of regulating the liability of employers for industrial accidents to their employes. The movement began only six years ago, and already thirty-four States and Territories have passed laws upon the subject, each according to its individual fancy, and none with any basis for calculating the risk. Mr. Blanchard has done good work in assembling these laws for purpose of comparison, and discussion of their likenesses and differences. In that way the principles underlying this humane method of distributing the burden of industrial casualties may be discovered and applied for the sake of reducing the risks and preventing the wreck of a good idea on bad practice. Foreign practice also is considered, and, all together, the subject is presented both broadly and well. The point is not shirked that the subject in some aspects is controversial. In such cases both sides are presented, as the author's intention is to give information rather than judgment. The book may be commended both to the general reader and to students of the subject with the view of either making, administering, practicing, or benefiting by the law.

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BOOKS THAT DISCUSS THE SOUL'S IMMORTALITY

THE LIGHT BEYOND. By Maurice Maeterlinck. Translated by Alexander Teixeira de Mattos. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $2.

THE DEAD HAVE NEVER DIED. By Edward C. Randall. New York: Alfred A. Knopf. $1.50.

THE ADVENTURE BEAUTIFUL. By Lilian Whiting. Boston: Little, Brown & Co. $1.

IN the sixteen essays bound together under the general caption of "The Light Beyond," we have a fairly full presentation of the attitude of one of the boldest and yet most liberal thinkers of the day toward the greatest mystery, that faces humankind—a mystery that the world has ever sought to solve since the beginning of earthly time. After this life, what? The conviction set forth in "The Bluebird," that a man can not die so long as he lives in the memory of his friends, is the keynote of all that Maeterlinck has written in later years, and of which the cream is given in this volume. The present war, in which, as a Belgian, so many of Maurice Maeterlinck's own people have been suddenly stricken, has caused him to approach the arch enigma anew in a splendor of indignation and pity. Too frank and sincere a philosopher to assume that he can answer with finality a question which has defied the ages, he contents himself with reviewing the evidence pro and con as he sees it, leaving deductions to those who read. Mystic as he is, it is natural that he should regard what we call death merely as an evolution, rather than as the tragedy it appears to so many. Incidentally he treats it in various aspects that lead the reader into new and illuminating trends of thought. For example, in the leading essay in the book, "Our Injustice to Death," he says:

> Is it surprising that the idea of death, which should be the most perfect and the most luminous of ideas being the most persistent and the most inevitable—remains the flimsiest and the only one that is a laggard? * * * To fathom its abysses, we wait until the most enfeebled, the most disordered moments of our life arrive. We do not begin to think of death until we have no longer the strength, I will not say, to think, but even to breathe. * * * Let us learn to look upon death as it is in itself, free from the horrors of matter and stripped of the terrors of the imagination. Let us first get rid of all that goes before and does not belong to it. Thus we impute to it the tortures of the last illness, and that is not just. Illnesses have nothing in common with that which ends them. They form part of life, and not of death. We readily forget the most cruel sufferings that restore us to health, and the first sun of convalescence destroys the most unbearable memories of the chamber of pain. But let death come, and at once we overwhelm it with all the evil done before. Not a tear but is remembered and used as a reproach, not a cry of pain but becomes a cry of accusation. Death alone bears the weight of the errors of nature or the ignorance of science that have uselessly prolonged torments in whose name we curse death because it puts a term to them.

As might be inferred from the cynical dictum closing the above quotation from his book, Maeterlinck takes the affirmative in the controversy which of late years has become more and more bitter as to whether it is or is not the merciful duty of a physician to end prematurely a life that cannot be saved. He repeats what often has been said by others, that "all doctors consider it their first duty to prolong to the uttermost even the cruelest pangs of the most hopeless agony." His summing up of the question is thus expressed:

> A day will come when science will turn upon its error and no longer hesitate to shorten our woes. A day will come when it will dare and act with certainty; when life, grown wiser, will depart silently at its hour, knowing that it has reached its term, even as it withdraws silently every evening, knowing that its task is done. * * * There will be no physical nor meta-physical reason why the advent of death should not be as salutary as sleep.

In a chapter on "Communications with the Dead," Maeterlinck contents himself with reviewing briefly the mediumistic work done by such eminent students of psychic philosophy as F. W. H. Myers, Richard Hodgson, Professor Newbold, Sir Oliver Lodge, and William James, all of whom worked with the well-known Mrs. Pipee, with astonishing results. Maeterlinck concludes, from the manifestations thus obtained, that "it is precisely the accumulation and coincidences of these abnormal details which gradually produce and confirm the conviction that we are in the presence of an entirely new, improbable, but genuine phenomenon, which is sometimes difficult of classification among exclusively terrestrial phenomena."

There is much more in this volume which offers an almost irresistible temptation to quote. But it is possible here only to say that a more comprehensive, authoritative consideration of the greatest problem that can confront the human mind has never been written than will be found in this work by one of the most broad-minded, most human philosophers of his period. A mark of his genius is found in the fact that, although his subject is on its face a weighty one, there is nothing to warrant the reproach of "heaviness" in the whole book.

"The Dead Have Never Died," by Edward C. Randall, is frankly a recapitulation of "manifestations" from those who have "passed over" and readered in the usual manner, through a medium whose vibrations are attuned to those of some belag in the after life, enabling the spirit to make his presence known by human speech. The author goes further than this, however. He has given twenty years to psychical research, he tells us, and it is from this experience that he declares his conviction that there is no death, but that when at the end of a short span we separate from the flesh garment we have worn we take on an "etheric body," with power to think and function as in earth life. On the authority of one who is now in the after life, as given to us through a medium, the region in which those who have passed over live is very much like the world we know, where "the noble and sublime sciences of astronomy, chemistry, and mathematics engage a considerable portion of our attention and afford us an inexhaustible subject for study and reflection."

The author of this volume is a lawyer, and his literary style indicates that he is a man of sound education. It is this that makes his declarations more impressive than many less scholarly works on the great phenomena of this life and the next. He believes that it is possible to communicate with the dead, since he is sure that he has heard the voices of those whom he knows have "gone over." Notwithstanding that he commands the respect due to thoughtful and earnest assertions, one cannot help wishing that the spirits would not trouble their "control" with the discussion of trivial earthly matters that in this life they would presumably have passed over as too unimportant to be worthy a second thought. But that is an old objection. The only excuse for its being mentioned now is that it is rather out of tune with the seriousness of the book as a whole. Whether "The Dead Have Never Died" really throws new light on the great mystery is a question, but certainly it is a grippingly interesting work.

In "The Adventure Beautiful" Miss Lilian Whiting has collected in a neat volume nine of her always charming essays dealing more or less with the spiritual, unseen and beautiful. The frontispiece, a reproduction of G. F. Watt's "Happy Warrior," creates a mystic and poetic atmosphere which pervades the whole work. The opening contribution, which gives a name to the book, takes for its text the words of Charles Frohman, when he awaited death on the deck of the sinking Lusitania: "Why fear death? Death is the most beautiful adventure in life." Miss Whiting, with a calmness of judgment that gives added strength to her words, sets forth that revealed religion, through Jesus Christ, is quite in harmony with the revelations of psychical research. She shows this by examples, as well as through pure logic, and one can hardly lay down her book without feeling more hopeful of happiness in the world beyond. She is not content with the experiences of others, either. She tells of some of her own, and, as they are laid before the reader, in the beautiful fiction that is so characteristic of this gifted writer, he is bound to accept them, and to feel grateful to the author for the comfort they bring. An excerpt from the first essay in her volume well sets forth her views, all the more valuable because they are those of one who evidently believes in the teachings of the Scriptures. She says:

> The movement known as Spiritualism is, in its highest interpretation, inseparably connected with religious life. Its earliest records are to be sought in the Bible. * * * If it is objected that if God had intended man to know anything of the life beyond and our present relation to it, He would have revealed it to us, the answer may be that to an extent He has revealed it to us in the Bible, which is a very repository of records of psychic phenomena; and also that the same objection might be applied to any branch of science.

Like the other two writers whose books are reviewed herewith, Miss Whiting feels that the question of what comes after this life has taken on a more intense interest than ever at this time, when millions of men have been hurried to a violent death on the battlefields of Europe.

BRAHMADARSANAM

BRAHMADARSANAM, OR INTUITION OF THE ABSOLUTE. By Sri Ananda Acharya. The Macmillan Company. $1.85.

Sri Ananda Acharya is an excellent writer. He has a faculty for making the most abstract and profound subject absorbing and entertaining. In his book the different cults of India are explained in a graphic and large sense. His method is direct, concise, yet vivid and human. He gives one the meaning and teaching of the Yogi philosophy, the Vedanta, Gotama, and others, in a striking way.

For instance, this sentence is typical:

> India has been justly regarded as the home of philosophy and religion. From the earliest times Indian thinkers have felt the necessity of basing religion upon philosophy, and of building society upon religion.

Again he says:

> I think that the aim of science is to become philosophy, the aim of philosophy is to become religion, the aim of religion is to seek God, and thus the aim of humanity is to become divine.

In another place he describes a common experience in this picturesque fashion:

> Every time that we enjoy deep sleep we touch the sphere of our eternal glory. The rhythm of nature throws us on the timeless shores of immortality. The soul plays with herself, free and joyous, on the fields of her own glory, and there the music of the spheres is hushed into the beauty of silence. Leaving her harp, the muse enters into the lotus-chamber of the heart of contemplation.

Putnam's New Publications Nov. 23d.

At Vesper Time
Ruth Baldwin Chenery
12°. $1.25.
William Stanley Braithwaite says of these poems:
"Genuine in mood and feeling, executed with felicity, these poems subtly and delicately evoke our human experience so that it stands clearly before our questioning emotions."

English Folk Songs
From the Southern Appalachians
Olive Dame Campbell and Cecil J. Sharp
Large 8°. $3.50.
The inhabitants of the Southern Appalachians are the direct descendants of the settlers who migrated from England between one and two centuries ago, since cut off from communication with the outside world, speaking the language, singing the songs of eighteenth century England. The authors have discovered a richer field for research than England itself affords. There are notes, 122 Songs and Ballads and 323 Tunes.

Little Book For Christmas
Cyrus Townsend Brady
Author of "The More Excellent Way," "And Thus He Came," etc.
12°. Illustrated. $1.25.
"I have gathered here," states the author, "a sheaf of things I have written about Christmas: personal adventure, stories suggested by the old ever new theme; meditations, words of advice which I am old enough to be entitled to give; and last but not least, good wishes and good will. I might even call this little volume, "A Book of Good Will Toward Men."

The White Blanket
Belmore Browne
Author of "The Quest of the Golden Valley," etc.
12°. Illustrated. $1.25.
A sequel to "The Quest of the Golden Valley," this time taking the chums through the vicissitudes of an Alaskan winter. They trap the many fur-bearing animals, hunt the big game, camp with the Indians, do dog driving, snowshoeing, etc. With the coming of spring they descend one of the wilderness rivers on a raft and at the eleventh hour, after being wrecked in a dangerous canyon, they discover a fabulous quarts lode, and succeed in reaching the sea coast.

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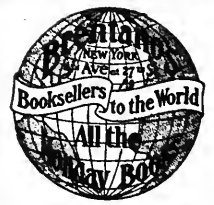

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MANY BOOKS FOR YOUNGER READERS

AMONG the books for the very little people there is something quite new this year. It is "The Babyhood of Wild Beasts," by Georgia M. McNally, (George H. Doran Company.) Miss McNally was born and lived for a part of her early life on the frontier where she came to know something of the wild animals, to care for them and to feel that she understood them. The wild babies of whom she tells were some of them her own personal home friends, like Pompey, the baby lion, and others she became acquainted with in the big Bronx Zoological and other gardens. All the wild babies she has known in one way or another, and the many interesting pictures are of the animals themselves. One of the most amusing shows a baby tiger and a black bear cub. The little tiger, trying to be friendly, is touching noses with the furry little bear, whose hair is fairly standing on end with fear.

"Marjorie's Little Doll School," by Patten Beard, is another big, fat book from Doran's, 208 pages, with many photographs of the dolls. It is a jolly, continuous story, running through the book. The dolls have all the experiences that little real people might have and the pictures show them in the process. The doll people are very up to date, and in their study at school Tootsie and Pinkie have hung a "Votes for Women" banner.

"Billy Bunny and His Friends," by David Cory, (also Doran, $1.50,) is a delightful book of 100 pages, the story which is in fifty chapters, intersected here and there with rhymes and very excellent pictures in black and white by Clara L. Van Vredenburgh. Billy and his friends have wonderful adventures, witness the trip on the "whaleship," which is the "real thing." It is an honest to goodness whale on whose back Billy rides while the whale, patriotically—and nobody knows how—carries a big American flag on his nose, which is the bow of the boat. Here is the rhyme for this part of the story:

> Three cheers for the Red, White, and Blue!
> Billy Bunny on his Whaleship so true,
> We will sail o'er the sea
> He's the Captain for me,
> And you'll laugh at the things we will do!

"The Funnyfeathers," story and excellent pictures by Laosing Campbell, (Dutton, $1.50,) are the feathered creatures of the barnyard or its vicinity, the ducks and the chickens, the pigeons and the crows, and they are as funny as the pictures in black and white and in colors which are scattered through the book show them to be. Panty Banty, Dinky Ducks, and Crooky Crow are some of the characters in the continuous story.

Many pictures in black and white, and some in colors, illustrate the short rhymes of Caroline Hofman in "All Around the Sun Dial," (Dutton, $2.) This is what one little girl swinging on a gate says to another who is just outside in the

TWO JANES:

> A little girl went down our lane,
> And I asked her her name,
> And she said it was Jane,
> And I said, "Why, that's funny.
> Mine's the same."

There are many very good pictures, stories, and poems in "This Year's Book for the Children," (New York: Hodder & Stoughton,) which is bound in paper-covered boards, with a gay picture on the outside. The stories are readable, and the many pictures in color and in black and white excellent. Katharine Pyle's name gives assurance of the good story and pictures, too, which are to be found in "Two Little Mice and Others," which she has written and illustrated. (Dodd, Mead & Co., $1.25.) It is a continuous tale, 108 pages, with many full-page pictures, and it tells of the doings of Teensy and Weensy and their friends, and ends with two new little baby sisters and two new little baby brothers in the mouse home, "the cunningest little pink crawley mice that Teensy and Weensy had ever seen."

"Indian Legends in Rhyme" are told by Grace Purdy Moon. The many illustrations in black and white, and in color, by Karl Moon, are done from life, (Stokes, $1.50.) The legends were gathered at first hand from the Indians of the Southwest, and they have the stirring note, as well as the mysticism and poetic note, of the red men. "How the Bob-Cat Lost His Tail," "Old Brother Fox Goes a Hunting," and "The Drum" are among the legends.

"The Happifats and the Grouch," with many pictures in the text in black and white, and full page in colors, is by Kate Jordan, (E. P. Dutton, $2.) There is a picture of "the original Happifat," a dear little girl, at the opening of the story. This tells of a sad Springtime when the "Grouch" got about. Every one looked cross, even pretty teacher in school had a little frown between her eyes, and things were going sadly wrong until the Happifats from Happy Park got word of it. Then there was a hunt. The Happifats marshaled all their forces, with Tippykins the dog, and the hunt for the Grouch was on. It was a strange thing that, with all their efforts, he did not entirely disappear until the Happifats' baby began to work. Then the old Grouch began to look happily at Baby Happifat, and, finally, he was not to be found, and in his place was left only a prickly thistle.

A very lively, exciting book that any one might like to read is "The Pixie Out-Doors," by Laura Rountree Smith, with gay, fascinating pictures by Clara Powers Wilson. (A. C. McClurg & Co., $1.25.) Pixies are wonderful beings and very useful as mothers' helpers. They carry off the belongings of little boys and girls who do not put them in their place, and Jack and Jill, in the book, have a wonderful experience, for a Pixie had them blown right up the chimney, and they went to a mysterious Pixie house built entirely of the things the children had left around.

"Happy All Day Through" is a large flat book in a box, by John G. Bowman, illustrations by Janet Laura Scott (P. F. Volland Company.) They are very gay and brilliant pictures, one to each page and a little explanatory rhyme beneath. There are two sets of small books with excellent colored pictures. There are three books in the first, "Picture and Story Series," "Fairies and Goblins for Storyland," "Tell Me a Story Picture Book," and "Boys and Girls from Storyland," little stories taken from long ones, all simplified by Leila Cheney, with drawings in color by Maria L. Kirk, (Lippincott, 50 cents each.) Two little mouse books are "The Adventures of the Greyfur Family" and "The Greyfur's Neighbors," told by Vera Nyce, the very charming gay-colored pictures by Helene Nyce, (Lippincott, 50 cents each.)

BURROWS OF MICHIGAN

BURROWS OF MICHIGAN AND THE REPUBLICAN PARTY: A Biography and a History. By William Dana Orcutt. Two Volumes. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $6.

FARMER WILLIAM BURROWS, a native of Connecticut, with features showing unmistakable traces of Scotch ancestry, sought a home in Chautauqua County, this State, but soon removed to the nearby Pennsylvania County of Erie, where, in a log cabin, were born to him seven sons and a daughter, Hannibal Hamilton, Jerome Bonaparte, Christopher Columbus, Sylvester Solomon, Adrian Addison, William Riley, Julius Caesar, and Almeda, thus named, not by their progenitor, who had no faith in the higher education, but by his more lettered helpmeet—a reminder of the adage, with all due respect to the memory of a true mother in Israel, that a little learning is a dangerous thing. Three of these youths rose to prominence, and so in a way justified their names and the giver of them. The present volumes deal with the youngest, who developed into an orator and a leader of the highest rank in the councils of the great party that saved the Union and freed the slave.

The public career of Senator Burrows opened in 1872, when at the age of 33 and a resident of Kalamazoo, Mich., he was elected a Representative in Congress. Meanwhile he had studied law and greatly improved his oratorical gifts, eliminating wholly the "spread-eagleism" of his early appearances on the stump. He had now reached the height of his youthful ambition. At the age of 10, after listening to a speech by Daniel Webster, he was found on a stump back of the barn delivering an oration, and he met the jeers of his older brothers by exclaiming between his sobs of mortification: "I don't care. Some day you will hear my voice in the halls of Congress." He never afterward sought to reach a loftier eminence, although his name was more than once mentioned in connection with the Vice Presidency, and even with the highest position in the gift of the people.

In Congress the new Representative was drawn into close political relations and intimate friendship with Blaine and McKinley, the latter intrusting him with the preparation of the Tariff bill which became famous as a protective measure. This was to him a labor of love, for he was from first to last a thorough believer in the necessity of adequate import duties to encourage and sustain American industries. On this ground he opposed even reciprocity except so far as it gave the President power to use the free list as a lever to obtain tariff reductions from foreign countries.

Although frankly a partisan, Senator Burrows was still more a patriot and ready to sink partisanship when the honor of the nation was involved. In the Venezuela boundary controversy with Great Britain he heartily supported President Cleveland's firm stand on this question, declaring that the Monroe Doctrine ought to be enforced at all hazards, even if resort must be had to the extremity of war. "Yet war could be averted," he said, "by having it understood that it would be inevitable with any nation refusing to respect the declared policy of the United States in this regard." As the author pertinently remarks: "Recent pacifists who felt that to take a firm position was more likely to produce war than a continued policy of vacillation should study the Venezuelan episode with discriminating care." We may add that whenever an American rises to his feet in response to the notes of "The Star-Spangled Banner" he should remember that it was Senator Burrows who first suggested that patriotic act in a West Point graduating address.

In freely using the public utterances of Senator Burrows in connection with an account of his legislative acts during his forty years' service in the House and Senate, Mr. Orcutt has wisely followed the best writers in another branch of literature, whose characters are left, as far as possible, to reveal themselves in dialogue. To these utterances in and out of the National Capitol we must refer the reader who seeks to obtain an adequate idea of the Senator from Michigan as a constructive statesmen and an orator of rare gifts.

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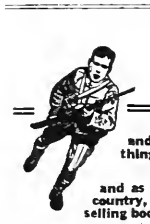
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LATEST WORKS OF FICTION

(Continued from Page 491)

cost, and the way in which it all came out, ends the book. Some of the stories have India for a background, the others are laid in England.

HEARTS UNDAUNTED

HEARTS UNDAUNTED. By Eleanor Atkinson. New York: Harper & Brothers. $1.30.

ONE of the most exciting periods in American history was that around the very beginning of the nineteenth century, when the pioneers were pushing westward, when small settlements were the seeds of crowded cities, when the various population was composed of English and Scotch and French and Indian, and attacks and reprisals were the commonplaces of life. It is at this time and in this setting that Miss Atkinson has placed her latest romance. It is an adventure story from first to last.

The heroine, Eleanor Lytle, otherwise known as "Little-Ship-Under-Full-Sail," is brought up in the midst of romantic struggles and passes her early youth as the adopted (or stolen) sister of Chief Cornplanter. But this strange fact of her history, tragic as it was for her mother, saved her and her own family many hardships in later days. She learned woodcraft and Indian lore of sorts and became, moreover, a figure of mystery and dignity to Cornplanter's tribe and their friends. But it was after his death and her restoration to the little American colony that Nelly Lytle's most feverish excitements began. For then she became a frontiersman's wife and passed through unimaginable perils and struggles in the rough Indian-ridden country in the neighborhood of what is now cosmopolitan Chicago. The hardships of life on the frontier, not merely for a woman with the home-making habit and for her babies, but for men used to difficulties, are presented so as to seem rather fascinating obstacles.

But the wildest moments are those when the heroic couple around whom the tale centres find themselves in the thick of the War of 1812, and beset by savages, hungry for firewater, powder, and loot. These chapters are rich in thrilling incidents; hairbreadth escapes, unsuspected dangers, wonderful plots, and displays of magnificent courage are so thickly piled up as to carry the reader, especially the romantic reader, eagerly forward.

For despite its interest, and the fact that it is based on historic truth, the book does lack the element of realism. It is glossed over with sentimentality; heroism and nobility are unrelieved by any mere human failing; and through all the trials and battles which the protagonists endure they seem to preserve a serene confidence and a recurrently retrieved happiness which is quite remarkable and equally unconvincing. It is, however, much more entertaining than the average romance, and the stressed historic note gives it an added interest.

SKINNER'S BABY

SKINNER'S BABY. By Henry Irving Dodge. Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.35 net.

That same Skinner whose purchase of a dress suit and the momentous consequences resulting therefrom formed the basis of one tale related by Mr. Dodge, reappears here as a proud father. But if a proud father, he was also a fairly sensible one, while his wife, Honey, was an unusually sensible mother. It is not surprising that under their tutelage, assisted as they were by Soberaides, most admirable of Scotch terriers, young William Rutherford Manning Skinner developed into a "regular boy," neither a bully nor a "sissy." Contrasted with him are Jimmie McLaughlin, son of the McLaughlin who was one of Skinner's partners, and Sonny Jackson, only child of the enormously rich Willard Jackson, whose mother insisted on costuming him in Little Lord Fauntleroy style. These three small boys, assisted by one small girl, unconsciously determine the course of an important business transaction, involving the success or ruin of the firm with which Skinner is connected, and do it thoroughly.

The little tale is amusing, and the account of Skinner's dreams before the baby came at once funny and pathetic. Baby Skinner himself is no supernaturally virtuous cherub, but a sturdy youngster, energetic, inquisitive, and possessed of that appalling logic which some children wield, to the utter dismay of those who endeavor to cope with them.

THE BLUE AURA

THE BLUE AURA. By Elizabeth York Miller. New York: Edward J. Clode. $1.35.

It is seldom that the lonely clown figures convincingly in a drama or a tale, but he is nearly always an appealing creature in spite of that. It is so that Turco, the monkey-eyed, golden-hearted man, appears in this swiftly moving romance. Of all the engaging people who lend interest or charm to the story he is the finest, and his tragic end poetically contributes to the picture of him as a figure of sacrifice.

The main characters are Dora, the impulsive, attractive, selfish little ballet dancer; simple Ted, her husband, and Turco, the latter's vaudeville partner and the friend of them both. Around these three, in their intimate relation, the jealousies which threaten it, and the clown's sympathetic struggles to maintain it is attention centred. The other people who come into the story are interesting only as affecting these, from the poor cripple whom Turco secretly cherishes, to Dora's unacknowledged father and his friend, Lord Anthony, who for all the usualness of his villany is skillfully saved from seeming melodramatic.

By what means the author contrives to write so commonplace a tale without lapsing into cheapness it is difficult to say. Certainly even the most important characters are rather stereotyped in their actions and reactions, and it is not the conclusion alone which savors of sentimentality. Yet Miss Miller does psychologize Dora correctly; and she manages to convey her environment, both as a starved, proud little dancer and as a complacent, imperious wife, with some success. The story is carried along by a brisk style so easily that the reader scarcely appreciates the omissions. But, if it has the fault of a too simple facility, it has as well the merit of promising better things.

KIDDIES

KIDDIES. By J. J. Bell. Frederick A. Stokes Company. $1.50 net.

Mr. Bell's favorite MacGregor appears in several of these short stories and sketches, objecting to his lessons, delighting his parents, playing pranks with Willie Thomson, and annoying his Aunt Purdie, very much in his customary and not unamusing manner. He is the only child who has part in more than one of the tales, some of them rather pathetic, others quite funny, which make up this new book. Many grown-ups, who have struggled with other people's children, will appreciate the sketch entitled "Some Advantages of Being an Aunt," and women who have not forgotten their teens will sympathize with the heroine of "Silk Stockings and Suedes." The humorous tales are, generally speaking, the best, the serious and pathetic ones being somewhat conventional and oversentimental.

"Little Boy" is a rather commonplace tale of a lonely boy and a wealthy couple who had lost their only child. "The Good Fairy" tells of another boy, this time one who made his teacher presents despite all difficulties. "The Answer" relates the averted tragedy of a turkeyless Christmas, and "Jock" describes a severe woman who nearly won the hatred of the boy for whom she was trying to do her austere best. The other tales are all very much on the order of those described, with the exception of "The Little Tyrant," the familiar story of the tribulations of a man who during his wife's absence is obliged to look after their baby and is reduced to a state of complete exhaustion.

CHARRED WOOD

CHARRED WOOD. By "Myles Murrdach." Chicago: The Reilly & Britton Company. $1.25.

The mystery of this detective story centres around the old problem of mixed identity. But it is complicated further by the fact that one of the two confusing girls is a runaway Grand Duchess, whose adventure has international consequences. Moreover, almost all the important figures in the story, from Father Murray, the disgraced priest, to Mark Griffen, the aspiring lover of one of the twin-faced girls, are curiously related to each other by blood or the bond of shared experience. The protagonists themselves do not appreciate how fully their lives have overlapped until the very end of the book, when each achieves peace after his own fashion. And the unraveling of the tangled threads of these twisted lives affords a secondary interest to that of who the Grand Duchess really is, and how such a queer resemblance could occur between her and a strange English girl.

Linked up with the more exciting narrative is Father Murray's priestly history, and occasional passages of exceptionally serious intention in which he discusses or expounds the faith and the Church. Although his arguments never have the sharpness and strength which is traditional with Jesuitical defenders of Catholicism, they have the double interest of contrast with the mystery theme, and of the expression of a cherished philosophy. It is altogether a simple tale, but somewhat above the average story of its type.

THE ENCHANTED SEA GULL

THE ENCHANTED SEA GULL. By Harriet Barnett and Roxroy Keene. Boston: The Roxburgh Publishing Company.

A love story, highly romantic and compact of whimsical fantasy, "The Enchanted Sea Gull" wings on its enraptured way without the slightest care for material means. It begins with the falling of a sea gull upon the deck of a yacht cruising in southern waters. A member of the party writes a fanciful ode bidding the bird to "fare forth elate" and while seeking its "natural salt-savored spray" to seek also "the solitary heart disconsolate of her, my spirit mate," and, fastening the ode to the gull's wing, sends forth the feathered messenger. A girl on a lighthouse reef off the New England Coast is the one into whose hands the missive falls, and she writes to the poet a letter of sprightly fancy, unrevealing as to her own personality, but poetic in its feeling and of refined and lively spirit. The ensuing correspondence fills three hundred and more pages, in which, although they do not meet, love develops, they become engaged, he goes abroad, and writes to her from various places in Europe. In the course of their correspondence they deal much in persiflage, attempt to describe their natures to each other, tell illuminating stories about themselves, their desires, their occupations; write much in a vein of mingled sprightliness and fancy, indulge in poetry now and then, and always bedeck their thoughts with much literary reference. The entire story is told in these letters, and finally the romance, just when it seems about to crown the happiness of the two lovers with sight of each other, comes to a tragic end.

HOW COULD YOU JEAN?

HOW COULD YOU JEAN? By Eleanor Hoyt Brainerd. New York: Doubleday, Page & Co. $1.35.

Few girls, finding themselves astonishingly penniless and naturally helpless, would choose Jean's way out. But she has the virtue of originality, together with all the others peculiar to the heroines of contemporary fiction, such as charm and beauty and remarkable ability. So she decides to hire out as a cook-lady. She is even more particular about choosing her employers than most of her colleagues; finally accepting a position with a pair of scientists, man and wife, who are as unconventional as they are absent-minded. They do, however, obey the conventions of fiction, like the other characters in the story. Jean is as fortunate in the working out of her destiny as in her choice of employers. The hired man, who is not a hired man really, and the cook, who may be otherwise described as a denuded heiress, bring her adventure to the happiest termination. The author, though she has written several successful novels, has not yet discovered the trick of suggesting prosiness and similar dull traits without wearying the reader by giving examples of them. In fact, the tale moves so slowly that it seems rather the material for a short story than for a book of 327 pages. It shows, however, Mrs. Brainerd's known knack for light fiction.

NO. 13 RUE DU BON DIABLE

NO 13 RUE DU BON DIABLE. By Arthur Sherburne Hardy. Illustrated. Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.35 net.

Mr. Hardy's new book differs from the general run of detective stories in that he makes no attempt to mystify or to mislead the reader, but takes him into his confidence at once. From the first we know that the excellent M. Janvier had bought the string of pearls as a birthday gift for his adored niece Corinne; we know how the notes with which he intended to pay for them came from the bank, and the way in which the combination led to his being murdered. We know, too, who the murderer was, and what he did, and the precautions he took in his endeavor to escape being found out. It is upon the efforts of the detectives to discover the criminal, their mistakes and blunders and incorrect deductions, with the results achieved when at last M. Joly, the retired police officer, took a hand in the affair, that the author depends to hold the reader's interest.

The idea is a good one and has some novelty, but one feels that it could have been developed more cleverly and greater ingenuity been shown in the complications. It is a fairly entertaining tale, however, and sufficiently interesting to while away an idle hour or two. Moreover, it is written in a better style, and its characters are less wooden, than is usually the case in stories of this type.

MY DOCTOR DOG

MY DOCTOR DOG. By Edward A. Steiner. New York: Fleming H. Revell Company. 50 cents.

Professor Steiner is known best for his contributions to the literature of the immigrant; and while his latest little fiction is ostensibly a dog story, it does not fail to emphasize the author's predilections for portraits of peasant life. It is, in fact, a story within a story. The author gives his narrative about the pet which was thought by the peasants of his South European birthplace to effect magical cures for their diseased infants, and then uses it to point a moral and adorn a second tale. The dog figures in the little book to far greater advantage than does the young college girl who so belatedly uses the inspiration of the canine's story. And when the author forgets himself and his intrusive audience (the dog tale is told in the first person) he gives a picture of the dirty, beautiful, simple village and its peasant population which is as engaging as it is convincing. But the frame of this picture is as distracting as it is foolishly ornate. After all, the story is the thing and not the story-teller's sentimental associations or his ethical convictions.

Andrew J. Shipman

A volume memorial of Andrew J. Shipman, who practiced law in New York City from 1886 to 1915, has been published under the editorial direction of Condé B. Pallen. It contains a brief biographical chapter written by Mr. Pallen, tributes of organizations and friends set forth in resolutions and addresses, and a collection of Mr. Shipman's writings and public speeches. (Encyclopedia Press, Incorporated.)

In Justification of God

The Rev. Dr. P. T. Forsyth, principal of Hackney College, Hampstead, England, in a volume entitled "The Justification of God," presents a series of "Lectures for War-Time on a Christian Theodicy." His book appears as an addition to the series known as Studies in Theology. (Charles Scribner's Sons. 90 cents.)

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NOTABLE BOOKS IN BRIEF REVIEW

(Continued from Page 493)

various classes of food demanded by the human body, tell in what kinds of products these food values are found, the various ways in which a balanced ration can be devised, the part played in nutrition by such great food staples as bread, sugar, milk, potatoes, the advantages of, at the present time, mixed flour for bread. One chapter takes up the question of grain and alcohol, about which the country is likely to hear much more before the war is over, and discusses it solely from the point of view of whether or not there is a waste of nutritional substance involved in the manufacture of alcoholic beverages. Their conclusion is that very little grain usable for human food would be saved by stopping the manufacture of alcohol.

A much more comprehensive discussion of the question of making and drinking alcoholic beverages in wartime is made by Marr Murray in his book, "Drink and the War." It is an English book and studies the matter from the point of view afforded by a country which has been discussing and experimenting with it through several years of war. The author describes himself as being interested in the propaganda or forces of neither side of the question, and as being just "an ordinary person fond of an occasional glass of beer." His survey of the problem of drink in a nation at war is thoroughly practical and is pretty exhaustive. It includes what has been done in France and in Russia, and the results, the connection between drink and "frightfulness," the influence of drink as shown by observation and by scientific records upon women, soldiers, workers, the food supply, the next generation, and describes the action which has been taken by the British Government—which he thinks might more truly be called "inaction." His conclusion is strongly in favor of rigid curtailment of the liquor trade and drastic action by the Government.

CHESTERTON'S "ENGLAND"

A SHORT HISTORY OF ENGLAND. By Gilbert K. Chesterton. New York: John Lane Company. $1.50.

MR. CHESTERTON'S thesis, astonishing yet characteristic withal, is that the Middle Ages were the time of true democracy, and that parliamentary government is government by an anti-popular oligarchy. Upon this general theme he has written a strange and fascinating history of England which leads up to a denunciation of the adoption of German thought and fashion in recent years, and an expression of deep thankfulness that England has at last broken away from this pernicious influence and is returning to her ancient democracy. A novel and interesting book and written with that mastery of poetic paradox which is Chesterton's own.

For in the midst of crisp accusations, brilliant balanced sentences, paradoxical simplicities, Chesterton every now and then gives us a paragraph, or a page, or a chapter, that is sheer poetry. That is Chesterton. We have been reading, for instance, a long, clever, brisk chapter on the mediaeval guilds and the relation of property and democracy. And upon this there follow some pages in praise of Joan of Arc—in a new chapter so simply and poetically and beautifully written that we find its rhythmic prose sentences staying with us for the sheer beauty of their sound as well as for the intensity of their feeling. That, indeed, to repeat, is Chesterton. It is not for nothing that this history of England has been written by the man who wrote the Ballade of the White Horse.

Beginning with a sketch of the organization of the Roman Empire which made the time of Britain's existence as a colony a good time to be looked back upon through the Dark Ages, Chesterton goes on to tell us fascinatingly of the age of legends, of romanticism, then of the Norman Conquest. The Norman, he says, was not a wall; he was a gate—the gate through which civilization entered England. During the years that followed, two things were being built up in England—mediaeval despotism and mediaeval democracy; and these two were allies. Chesterton suggests it as wholly probable that the divorce of these two and the beginning of anti-popular Parliamentary power can be traced to the moment when young Richard II., after promising his rebellious people to be himself their "leader," betrayed them to Parliament and allowed Parliament actually to rule. Generally speaking, the democracy of the Middle Ages, of which Mr. Chesterton writes so alluringly, may be summed up by saying that power over international relations lay wholly in the hands of the King, and that the people, largely through their guilds, were at home free and self-governing.

Upon the Reformation and the age of the Puritans, Mr. Chesterton is very hard. Ambitious parvenus in England, he says, made use of the change in religion to build up tremendous power for themselves. Parliamentary government of England has been, he says, government by the rich. He points out that the eighteenth and early nineteenth century leaders, whatever virtues they may have had, were absolutely set against democracy. He writes:

> If it be really questioned whether I am right in calling their whole world an aristocracy, and the very reverse of a democracy, the true historical test is this: That when republicanism really entered the world, they instantly waged two great wars against it—or, (if the view be preferred,) it instantly waged two great wars against them. America and France revealed the real nature of the English Parliament.

In the years since the accession of the German Royal family in England, (unimportant as that may be said to be in itself,) Chesterton asserts that his country has drifted more and more toward German ideals—German principles of education, German social reforms, (and how G. K. C. hates those!) the German theory of the "Teutonic Race." Now all that is changed. And England is once more democratic, a democracy fighting for democracy's cause. But, he adds, she will have to stick to it, or a German-like "State Socialism," a "Servile State" will result.

Mr. Chesterton criticises some things in his country, writes with glowing pride of others, is very much an Englishman. His book will arrest attention, cause discussion, interest its readers through what he says, and delight them by the way he says it.

LI HUNG CHANG

LI HUNG CHANG. By J. O. P. Bland. Makers of the Nineteenth Century Series. New York: Henry Holt & Co. $2.

THE notion, long cherished by florid journalists and cannily fostered by Li Hung Chang himself, of the great Viceroy as a Machiavellian superman is destroyed for all time in this excellent biography by J. O. P. Bland in "The Makers of the Nineteenth Century" series. Li emerges in this book as by far the greatest man nineteenth-century China produced, a singularly astute and able diplomat, but still a typical mandarin, heir to all the corruptions and superstitions of the social and political system in which he was born. We follow his career in this book from the time when in 1854, with the help of the gallant "Chinese" Gordon and his "ever-victorious" army, he put down the Taiping rebellion, earning thereby a quite undeserved reputation for military efficiency, which formed the basis of his extraordinary prestige in his own country. Li's unwillingness to pay his army according to promise, his preference that it should take its own reward by looting, and his duplicity in the matter of the execution of the rebel leaders, violating an express promise to Gordon that their lives should be spared, show how completely his morals were unaffected by the Occidental standards of Gordon. Gordon severed relations with Chang in high dudgeon after this incident, but Li was a big enough man, and surprisingly so in contrast with his background of Oriental contempt for the "wild barbarians," to appreciate Gordon's bravery and disinterestedness. In a famous memorial to the Empress in 1867 Li showed his appreciation of Gordon's qualities by a fine tribute to his character.

This contact with Gordon early in his career is supposed by Mr. Bland to have had a permanent influence on Li's relations with Europeans. In fact it is because Li, alone among his immensely arrogant and immensely ignorant countrymen had a keen appreciation of the mechanical and scientific proficiency of the "wild barbarians," because he possessed sufficient breadth of mind to understand that a system of morality which managed somehow to produce men like "Chinese" Gordon, whose word could be relied upon, must after all be worth something, because, in short, he tried all his life long to effect a compromise between the Chinese as "belonging to the world of moral force" and the civilizations of the western world built on physical force, that Li's claim as one of the makers of the nineteenth century securely rests.

In his famous Memorial of 1867, Li addressed his sovereign in part as follows:

> It is often said that foreigners are crafty and malign and full of unexpected ruses, but is it not the fact that Chinese are the same? Or, rather, that the outrageous craft and malignity of the Chinese exceeds even that of foreigners? The truth is that at present foreigners are powerful and the Chinese feeble. And whence arises the power of the former? It certainly is not innate in them, but depends upon the fact that the "requisites of Government are sufficiency of food, sufficiency of military equipment," and the confidence of the people in their ruler. * * * The humble opinion of the writer is that in conducting business with foreigners the point of the greatest importance is to avoid exciting their contempt. * * * But if they feel respect for China all matters can be mutually arranged, and even difficult questions can be settled by compromise or agreement.

Li's statesmanship never found a more masterly expression than in this document; to its policy of "watchful waiting" he adhered throughout his twenty-five years of service in the most important satrapy of the empire, as Viceroy of Chihli. Commenting on this policy Mr. Bland says:

> That his proclivities were essentially pacific there is no manner of doubt; but his traducers ignored the fact that they were based on his definite and perfectly correct appreciation of China's incapacity to resist attack. He was never too proud, but only too wise, to fight; at the same time he alone made some show of systematic effort to remove from his country, as Japan had done, the reproach of her weakness. * * * By sternly checking all attacks upon foreigners within the limits of his jurisdiction he had done more than any of his viceregal contemporaries to limit the European powers' pretexts and opportunities of aggression.

At the same time, with all his acute awareness of China's helplessness, Li Hung Chang did almost nothing to undermine the system which was the cause of that helplessness—for Li was a mandarin of mandarins. His vast fortune was unquestionably built up by manipulation of Government money; he unhesitatingly put incompetent and corrupt relatives in important military positions. "It is strictly correct to say," says Mr. Bland of this phase of Li's activity, "that the battle of the Yalu was lost by reason of the peculations of Li's son-in-law. * * * Li himself must be held to blame." While uttering pious platitudes for European consumption concerning the opium trade, Li himself, as the greatest poppy-grower in China, was drawing immense revenues from it. In many respects Li Hung Chang was a product of the system that surrounded him, but it is as a transitional figure, pointing from that system to a new order, that his significance lies. And it is his greatest tribute that "the men who figure today as the highest expression, consciously or unconsciously, of the nation's intellectual and administrative activities owe much of their material and moral equipment to the mind which first perceived and to the courage which first proclaimed the necessity of new measures to meet the impact of the West."

WOOD AND WATER FRIENDS

WOOD AND WATER FRIENDS. By Clarence Hawkes. Illustrated by Chester Copeland. New York: Thomas Y. Crowell Company. $1.25.

An engaging collection of nature stories is this, written especially for young people, but interesting reading for folk of a larger growth as well. The author, Clarence Hawkes, grew up in the country with a passionate love of all outdoor things and for the birds and beasts most of all. When he was still a young man a gunshot wound made him totally blind. But his mind had stored up its treasures from the wood and water friendships of his boyhood, and he wrote many tales from his memories. The best of these he has collected in this book. There are thirty-three stories in all.

Some of the tales are after the manner of "The Jungle Books"; that is, the birds and animals are themselves the chief "characters," talking among themselves, or actually to "humans," living through great adventures. More often the author relates the incidents and sketches the friends of stream and tree and woodland from the merely human point of view. Some of the most entertaining relate the strange conversations that boys happened to have with animals. "The People of Frog Hollow," for example, is about the little boy who watched the frogs in the pond, who heard them talk, and who was strangely turned into a frog boy and taken to visit the denizens of Frog Hollow; at least, he thought he was! In "The Tale of a Turtle" a turtle converses pleasantly with a boy beside a stream. "A Tender Mother" is a pretty story about a fox family. "Old Ringtail's Waterloo" tells the story of a captive coon. In "A Night with Ruff Grouse" there are no "human characters" at all.

The stories are varied and will interest children and young people of different ages—some of them speak especially to younger folk, while others have a wider field of interest. There is much to commend in the book as an introduction to nature lore.

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WITH AUTHORS AND PUBLISHERS

EDMUND H. EITEL is preparing for publication in the near future what he hopes will be a complete collection of the letters of James Whitcomb Riley, and he will be grateful if any one who has letters from Riley or knows of their existence will communicate with him or will send the letters, which will be returned as soon as copied. He can be addressed in care of the Riley Estate, Indianapolis, Ind.

Gertrude Atherton has written a new novel, to be called "The White Morning," which will be published, probably in February, by the Stokes Company. Mrs. Atherton is now devoting much attention to American war relief work and is active on the Organization Committee of "Hero Land."

The George H. Doran Company announces the early publication of Dr. Harry Stürmer's "Two War Years in Constantinople," which has attracted much attention in Europe. Dr. Stürmer was the correspondent in Constantinople of the Cologne Zeitung, and what he saw and learned while there made him as ardent an anti-German, notwithstanding his birth and ancestry, as any belligerent now fighting the Teutons. The volume lays bare what he learned of German and Turkish ethics, politics, and war methods.

Joseph Conrad is writing a series of prefaces for several of his novels, of which Doubleday, Page & Co. will bring out new editions in the near future. The first to appear will be "Lord Jim," and in the course of the preface Mr. Conrad says:

> I have been asked at times whether this was not the book of mine I liked the best. I am a great foe to favoritism in public life, in private life, and even in the delicate relationship of an author to his works. As a matter of principle I will have no favorites. But I don't go so far as to feel grieved and annoyed by the preference some people give to my "Lord Jim."

The rising tide of interest in Lincoln's character and career, especially marked since the United States entered the war, is instanced again by the issue of the second edition of Judge A. J. Dittenhoefer's little book of personal reminiscence, "How We Elected Lincoln," which was published a few months ago by the Harpers. The author knew Lincoln well, worked for his election and re-election to the Presidency, and is the sole survivor of the list of Republican electors from New York, that was headed by Horace Greeley, in 1864. Upon the publication of his book, Robert T. Lincoln wrote to him of the vividness with which his reminiscences recalled his own recollection of those stirring days. Thomas A. Edison wrote him in the same vein, saying that as a youth he had seen both Lincoln and Douglas, and added: "I remember you fifty years ago in some case that I recorded when I was a telegraph operator."

The Oxford University Press, American Branch, has ready for early issue a volume by Dr. James Brown Scott of Washington, D. C., giving "A Survey of International Relations Between the United States and Germany, 1914-1917." It will contain a complete account, based on official documents, of the controversy with Germany. Dr. Scott has edited two other volumes, one containing the diplomatic correspondence between the United States and Germany during those three years and the other a collection of President Wilson's messages, addresses, and papers, which will follow at an early date.

"The Letters of John Holmes to James Russell Lowell and Others," selected by Miss Alice Longfellow and Miss Mary Ware, with connecting links of narrative by William Roscoe Thayer, is ready for immediate issue by the Houghton Mifflin Company.

Arthur Gleason, whose correspondence from the battle zone since the beginning of the war and whose several books about it have been widely read, is now in charge of the Publicity Department of the Y. M. C. A. with the American Expeditionary Force in France.

Bernard J. Tiemann of New York City has been for the last fifteen years, while traveling throughout the country, collecting flag data as a labor of love, and he purposes compiling a comprehensive, up-to-date history of our flags. He will be grateful if any one possessing such knowledge, local preferred, will communicate with him at 375 West Forty-sixth Street, New York City.

Major Ian Hay Beith dedicates his new book, "All In It," "To All Second Lieutenants, and, in Particular, to the Memory of One Second Lieutenant." The officer "In Particular" was Major Beith's young brother-in-law, who was killed at the front.

Francis R. Bellamy, author of "The Balance," has been working on a new novel, but has recently gone to Washington, where he will remain for the duration of the war as Washington representative of the Red Cross Magazine.

Doubleday, Page & Co. announce that an exhibition will be held some time this Fall of the work of the French binders at Country Life Press.

The author of "J'Accuse," which attracted the widest attention two years ago in France, England, and America, has written another work called "The Crime," which the George H. Doran Company announces ready for immediate issue. It sets forth the proof of Germany's responsibility for the war.

The publishers of "Who's Who in America," A. N. Marquis & Co., announce the approach of the twentieth anniversary of that always interesting volume—its tenth biennial issue. The initial volume in 1899 contained 827 pages and 8,600 biographies. The last issue contained over 3,000 pages, and the forthcoming edition will have more than 22,000 biographies.

Major Eric Fisher Wood, whose "The Notebook of an Intelligence Officer" is a Fall publication, is now stationed at Chillicothe, Ohio, as Assistant Chief of Staff to Major Gen. Glenn.

Dr. Frank E. Luts, whose "Field Book of Insects" is a November publication of the Putnams, was for five years a member of the staff of the Carnegie Institution's Station for Experimental Evolution, where his work was the breeding of insects for the purpose of investigating the laws of evolution and heredity. He has now been for some time with the Museum of Natural History, New York City, where he has charge of the collections of insects and spiders.

Norman Jacobson, co-author with Nina Wilcox Putnam of "When the Highbrow Joined the Outfit," has recently returned from a visit to Wyoming and has brought back a collection of new drawings and paintings of which he will make an exhibition at the Greenwich Village Inn, Sheridan Square, during the week beginning Nov. 26.

"Our Hawaii," by Charmian K. London, will be published within a week or two by the Macmillans. The book will be a complete guide to Hawaii, and will also narrate many reminiscences of Mr. and Mrs. London's life and travels in those islands.

What is perhaps the first collection of American fairy tales will be published by E. P. Dutton & Co. at once under the title "The Boy Who Went East and Other Indian Fairy Tales." It contains a dozen folktales and myths from the Algonquin and Iroquois tribes retold and adapted to children's reading by Ethel C. Brill.

Isaac Don Levina, author of "The Russian Revolution," who was in Petrograd at the time of the revolution last March, says of Lenine, the Maximalist who has risen to high command, that he considered "a capitalist worse than a King" and thought "an industrial magnate or a leading banker worse than a Czar or a Kaiser." He preached to the working people that it made no difference to them whether their rulers were German, French, or British, and that they might as well live under the rule of the Hohenzollerns as be governed by a capitalistic organization.

Major Granville Fortescue's "Frances Bears the Burden" is ready for publication by the Macmillans. It is a delineation of France's share in the fighting and of the organization and practice of war as developed in France during the last three years. It has a foreword by André Tardieu, High Commissioner of France in the United States.

Ex-Ambassador Gerard's recent book, "My Four Years in Germany," is being translated into the following languages and arrangements for its publication in the respective countries are under way: French, German, Danish, Swedish, Dutch, Italian, and Spanish.

LATEST PUBLICATIONS

(Continued from Page 496)

FORT BLOCKER BOYS. By Lewis B. Miller. 8vo. Cincinnati. The Standard Publishing Company. $1.50.
An Indian adventure story, the scene of which is laid in Texas, for boys.

THE WONDER OF WAR IN THE AIR. By Francis Rolt-Wheeler. 8vo. Boston: Lothrop, Lee & Shepard Company. $1.35.
Illustrated story of adventure for boys.

DAYS OF DISCOVERY. By Bertram Smith. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.50.
A series of "episodes" in child life.

GULLIVER'S TRAVELS. By Jonathan Swift. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $2.
An edition for young readers, edited, with an introduction, by Padraic Colum, and pictures by Willy Pogany.

THIRTEEN VOLUMES OF VERSE AND FICTION FOR BOYS AND GIRLS. Published by the Penn Publishing Company, Philadelphia, as follows:
"Old Mother Goose," pictured by Mary Rose Donovan; "A Little Maid of Ticonderoga," by Alice Turner Curtis, $1; "The Story of Sugar," by Sara Ware Bassett, 75 cents; "Trudy and Timothy," by Bertha Currier Porter, $1; "Baba," by Alice Rose Colver, $1.25; "The Safety First Club and the Flood," by W. T. Nichols, $1.25; "Margery Morris," by Violet Gordon Gray, $1.25; "Rose Orvet on the Trail," by John Garland, $1.35; "The Young Farmer at College," by W. A. Frohoff, $1.25; "Three Gays in Maine," by Ethel C. Brown, $1; "Bab Anna's New Cousin," by Mary Pemberton Ginther, $1.25; "Johnnie Snoozle Mouse in the Big House," by Frances Munro; "The Enchanted Bird and Other Fairy Tales," by Antoinette de Courmy Patterson.

New Editions

THE PRINCE AND THE PAUPER. By Mark Twain. 8vo. New York: Harper & Brothers. $2.50.
A holiday edition with color illustrations by Franklin Booth.

AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne. 12mo. New York: Isaac Pitman & Sons. 75 cents.
Shorthand edition.

AUCASSIN AND NICOLETE. 8vo. New York: Brentano's. $3.50.
Translation from the Old French by Michael West. Color illustrations by M. R. Bocher. Music by Horace Mansion.

LORNA DOONE. By R. D. Blackmore. 12mo. Philadelphia: George W. Jacobs Company. $1.50. (The Rittenhouse Classics.)
Holiday edition with color illustrations.

FROM SUPERMAN TO MAN. By J. A. Rogers. 12mo. Chicago: The Goodspeed Press. $1.
A second edition.

THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION. By Sir George Otto Trevelyan. 8vo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $2.
New, revised edition of the third volume of this important work.

A MANUAL OF STYLE. 12mo. Chicago: University Chicago Press. $1.50.
Fifth edition.

Miscellaneous

AMONG US MORTALS. By W. E. Hill and Franklin P. Adams. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.
A collection of Mr. Hill's cartoons with comments by Mr. Adams.

SURGICAL NURSING IN THE WAR. By Elizabeth R. Bundy. 12mo. Philadelphia: P. Blakiston's Sons & Co. 75 cents.
Illustrated handbook.

ROMANCE OF OLD JAPAN. By Elizabeth and Frere Champney. 8vo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $3.50.
Traces the legends of the ancient Island Kingdom.

FIELD HYGIENE AND SANITATION. By Joseph H. Ford. 12mo. Philadelphia: P. Blakiston. $1.25.
Illustrated handbook approved for publication by the Surgeon General, U. S. A.

THE HEART OF THE PURITAN. By Elizabeth Deering Henscom. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.50.
Selections from the letters and journals of Puritans.

AMATEUR AND EDUCATIONAL DRAMATICS. By Evelyne Hilliard, Theodora McCormick, and Kate Oglebay. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.
Practical and technical points treated from a popular standpoint.

FOOD POISONING. By Edwin Oakes Jordan. 12mo. Chicago: University Press. $1.
Analyzes the source and nature of much of the illness due to food poisoning.

PATRIOTISM AND RADICALISM. By Mercer Green Johnston. 12mo. Boston: Sherman, French & Co. $1.25.
A series of addresses and letters.

AMERICAN PATRIOTIC PROSE. By Augustus White Long. 12mo. New York: D. C. Heath & Co.
An anthology with notes and biographies.

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THE CAMBRIDGE HISTORY OF AMERICAN LITERATURE. Edited by William P. Trent. 8vo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. Three volumes. (Volume I., COLONIAL REVOLUTIONARY LITERATURE; EARLY NATIONAL LITERATURE. Part 1.) $3.50.
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UNIVERSITY DEBATERS' ANNUAL: 1916-17. 12mo. New York: H. W. Wilson Company. $1.60.
Third volume of the series.

LA NAVIDAD EN LAS MONTANAS. By Ignacio Manuel Altamirano. 16mo. New York: D. C. Heath & Co.
A Spanish-American story, with introduction, notes, and vocabulary.

TROPICAL WILD LIFE IN BRITISH GUIANA. By William M. Beebe. 8vo. New York: New York Zoological Society. $5.
The first volume in which are recorded the zoological contributions from the tropical research station established in British Guiana by the New York Zoological Society

EXPERIMENTAL GENERAL SCIENCE. By Willard Nelson Clute. 12mo. Philadelphia: P. Blakiston's Sons. $1.25.
Illustrated textbook.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' DIARY 1918. Arranged by Mary Parker Converse. 12mo. New York: E. P. Duttqn & Co.
Contains quotations and blank space for daily entries.

PRINCIPLES OF NATURAL PHILOSOPHY. By F. J. B. Cordeiro. 12mo. New York: Spon & Chamberlain. $2.50.
Textbook.

A MODERN PURGATORY. By Carlo de Fornaro. 12mo. New York: Mitchell Kennerley. $1.25.
Describes prison life in the New York Reformatory on Blackwell's Island.

TWO HUMAN SIDES OF BIRDS. By Royal Dixon. 8vo. New York: Frederick A. Stokes Company. $1.50.
An illustrated account of bird habits and intelligence.

OUR NAVY AND HOW TO KNOW IT. Edited by Albert A. Hopkins. Pocket size pamphlet. New York: Munn & Co. 25 cents.
Illustrated handbook of information.

THE FOOD PROBLEM. By Vernon Kellogg and Alonzo E. Taylor. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.25.
Takes up the various questions relating to food and the war. There is an introduction by Mr. Hoover.

A FRAUDULENT STANDARD. By Arthur Kitson. 12mo. London: P. S. King & Son.
A study of the English monetary standard.

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QUERIES AND ANSWERS

ANSWERS BY THE EDITOR

E. H. SIMONDS.—Will you kindly tell me something of the author Borrow and, in particular, "The Romany Rye"?

George Borrow was a noted English writer and an expert in languages. He was born at East Dereham, Norfolk, England, in 1803, and as a youth accompanied his father, who was a recruiting officer for the English Army, to various quarters of England. At 17 he was articled to a solicitor at Norwich. However, he spent most of his time in studying languages, at which he was a great adept. From Norwich he went to London, where he wrote for booksellers and also took part in the compiling of the Newgate Calendar. He then became an agent of the British and Foreign Bible Society. In this capacity he traveled through France, Germany, Russia, Spain, and the East. He made two visits to Spain, and on each of the visits he was imprisoned there for circulating the Scriptures. He finally married the widow of a naval officer and settled on an estate in Norfolk, where he died on July 30, 1881. His principal publications are "The Zincali, or an account of the Gypsies in Spain," "The Bible in Spain," "Lavengro," "The Romany Rye," "Wild Wales," "Romano Lavo-Lil," and many translations of works in German, Danish, Spanish, and other languages. He also wrote "Targum, or Metrical Translations from Thirty Languages and Dialects," which was published in St. Petersburg in 1835. His works are easily obtainable in this country.

"Yorktown"

GEORGE M. WEIMAR.—Can you tell me the author of "Yorktown: An Historical Romance," reviewed in 1827?

The author of the book "Yorktown" was Eliza L. Cushing, who on her marriage became Mrs. Foster.

Person's Satirical Poetry

R. K. JOHNSON.—Will you kindly inform me of the possible value of "Satirical Poetry," London, 1827, by the late Professor Person, entitled "Eloisa in Dishabille and Curtain Lectures," containing numerous colored plates; also a complete set of nine volumes, works of Alexander Pope, London, 1766, in leather?

Professor Person's book brings at auction from $5 to $5.25. The 1766 edition of Pope is worth about $6.

Two Poems

GLEN.—Will you please let me know in what poem or book the following lines occur?

> The bridegroom may forget his bride
> Was made his wedded wife yest'reen;
> The monther may forget the child
> That nestwhile gratified at her knee,
> But I'll remember thee, Glencairn,
> For all that thou has done for me.

Also this other:

> And if my standard bearer fall,
> (As fall, full well, he may,)
> For never saw I promise
> Of a harder, bloodier fray;
> Then, follow where my white plume shines
> Amid the ranks of war,
> And be your oriflamme today,
> The Helmet of Navarre.

The lines quoted in the first query are from the poem, "Lament for James, Earl of Glencairn," by Robert Burns. It may be found in any good collection of Burns's poems. It is also printed in the "Lincoln Literary Collection," published by the American Book Company, New York.

The second quotation is from the poem "Ivry," by Thomas B. Macaulay. This poem is a favorite for school recitation and is printed in Stevenson's "Home Book of Verse," in Dana's "Household Book of Poetry," and in many other collections of verse.

Indian Tribes

N. F. R.—Can you tell me if Schoolcraft's "History of the Indian Tribes of the United States," 6 volumes, 1851, Lippincott, Grambo & Co., is of value?

The work inquired about by our correspondent has brought at auction from $30 to $45.

Wilson's "Ornithology"

E. H.—Will you kindly tell me the value of the first five volumes of Alexander Wilson's "Ornithology," illustrated with colored engravings, published by Bradford & Inskeep, Philadelphia, 1808-1812?

Wilson's "American Ornithology," Philadelphia, 1808-14, nine volumes, quarto, brings at auction from $40 to $90. We do not find a sale of the first five volumes by themselves.

ANSWERS FROM READERS

ALICE T. FROST.—I am sending a copy of the poem, "Some Lover's Dear Thought," containing

> Ah! dear little golden fetter,
> You bind me to difficult things,

for which Mrs. T. S. Crippen asked in The Book Review of Sept. 2. The author is Susan Coolidge:

> I ought to be kinder always,
> For the light of his kindly eyes,
> I ought to be wiser always,
> Because he is just and wise;
> And gentler in all my bearing,
> And braver in all my daring,
> For the patience that in him lies.
>
> I must be as true as heaven,
> While he is as true as the day,
> Nor balance the gift with the given,
> For he giveth to me alway;
> And I must be firm and steady,
> For my love is that already,
> And I follow him as I may.
>
> O dear little golden fetter,
> You bind me to difficult things,
> But my soul while it strives grows better,
> And I feel the stirring of wings
> As I stumble, doubting and dreading,
> Up the path of his stronger treading,
> Intent on his beckonings.

This query was also anawered by Mrs. Charles Cleveland Coe, New York.

"The Weaver."

HORATIO G. COZZENS.—I note the inquiry of "F. J. C." in your issue of Sept. 30 as to the authorship, &c., of "The Weaver," and the same may be found in Dick's "Recitations and Readings No. 6." The correct rendering of the first verse is as follows:

> A weaver sat by the side of his loom,
> A-flinging the shuttle fast,
> And a thread that would last till the hour of doom
> Was added at every cast.

Sixteen verses follow this; author's name unknown.

Julia F. McNaughton writes that the poem first appeared in The New York Mirror of March, 1843, and that Emily Chubbuck Judson (Fanny Forester) was the author.

"Man's Highest Triumph"

C. W. F.—"Man's Highest Triumph," asked for by A. F. Tobin in The Times Book Review of Oct. 7, is attributed to Edward Young. See Edwards's "Dictionary of Thoughts," under subject "Death," Page 106.

Two Poems

LOUELLA D. EVERETT.—The two poems sought by Theresa Haggeman as indicated in The Book Review of Sept. 23 are doubtless "Misunderstood," by Maria Upham Drake, and "Nature's Gentleman," by Elisa Cook, copies of which are inclosed.

Copies of the poems kindly sent by Miss Everett have been forwarded to Miss Haggeman.

"Yesterday, Youth, and You"

ESTELLE MUIR.—Replying to Fay Foster's request for the author of "Yesterday, Youth and You," I would say it was written by a friend of mine—Helen Needham. It has been set to music and arranged for a ladies' trio. I have forgotten the name of the composer.

"Aloha Oe!"

GERTRUDE MULLEN.—Here is another translation of the Hawaiian song "Aloha Oe" of Queen Liliuokalani, as made by Charles Earl:

> See the dark clouds are low upon Wau-
> kiakia,
> A sign that we two must soon be parted;
> I cannot hide thee in my arm and keep
> thee,
> I can only hide that I am broken-hearted.
>
> Farewell to thee, farewell to thee. I shall
> always
> Wait for thee among the flowers.
> One fond embrace, one kiss, and then
> Farewell until we meet again.
>
> Hear the sad moaning of the restless
> ocean,
> It but echoes back my lonely sobbing.
> And my heart is still burning with de-
> votion,
> To cry out against the love we're robbing.

"The Eden Rose"

C. F. H.—There evidently is an error in ascribing the authorship of the poem "The Eden Rose" to Rudyard Kipling. The poem under the title of "The Rose of Eden" was printed anonymously in The St. Louis Globe-Democrat of July 13, 1876. Kipling was born in 1865, and was therefore but thirteen years of age when the poem was printed in the St. Louis paper, and at that early age was not writing poems for publication. Kipling uses a portion of the poem as a heading for his story, "Mrs. Hauksbee Sits Out." The poem is also printed under the title "The Rose of Eden: An Arabic Legend," and has three stanzas.

Information about this poem was also received from Mrs. France Haverly Robertson, Fort Wayne, Ind., and M. L. Deyo, North Adams, Mass.

"Jerusalem"

JEANNETTE B. LORD.—In your issue of Sept. 23 my attention was called to the request made July 29 for the name of the author of the lines beginning:

> When we've been there ten thousand
> years.

In a hymnal called the "Millennial Harp," compiled by Joshua V. Himes and published in Boston in 1842, I at once found the stanza referred to in the well-known hymn, "Jerusalem, My Happy Home." Various versions of this hymn occur in several collections, from the "Episcopal Hymnal" to the "Gospel Hymns," but the authorship is recorded as unknown in every case. Also, in none of these hymns occurs the stanza concerning which inquiry was made.

APPEALS TO READERS

K. B. H.—When Dickens was in America he read from his own works various stories, in one of which was the account of a child whose insides rattled as that her friends thought she had swallowed a bead necklace. Can some one of your readers tell me in which book to look for this story?

"Mignonette"

G. C. B.—Will some reader help me to find the little verse as quoted in "The Witching Hour?" I think the first lines are:

> The fragrant odor of mignonette
> The ghost of a dead and gone bouquet,
> Is all that is left to remind us——

Plain People

H. D. VAN BENTHUYSEN.—Can any of your readers tell me where I may find the following lines:

> While nameless rest those people plain,
> Of humble life and simple aim,
> Whose virtues old form bases great
> For lowly thatch and noble state.

"Beautiful Vision"

HOWARD S. WARREN.—Can any of your readers tell me where I can find a poem, and the name of the author, of which the following is a part?

> Beautiful vision! How bright it rose,
> Vision of peaceful and calm repose;
> Well might it brighten the rapt seer's eye,
> And waken his heart to an ecstasy.
>
> The vines of Judah shall then be pruned,
> Her broken harp be again attuned,
> And listening earth from her father shore,
> Startled not now by the cannon's roar,
> Songs of the angels shall hear again:
> Peace on earth. Good will to men.

A Narrow Life

A. B. S.—Will some kind reader tell me who is the author of these lines, which I found in one of Mr. Rainsford's sermons:

> A life of aspiration furled,
> Of self, in petty self, deep curled
> Amid the struggles of a world.
> A narrow life, a dreamless eye
> That hath no glance on earth or sky
> Save for the pleasures passing by.

"Set Sail"

LOUISE MANNING HODGKINS.—Miss Thomas's excellent verses, "Set Sail," in your issue of Sept. 27 recall a quatrain on the same theme published some years ago. I should be grateful if any reader could give me the author.

> A shipwrecked sailor buried on this coast
> Bids you set sail;
> For many a gallant ship, though' mine
> was lost,
> Weathered the gale.

"Acts Heroic"

GEORGE S. SPEYER.—Can some reader tell me who is the author of this verse?

> Deem not that acts heroic wait on chance.
> A man's whole life preludes the single
> deed
> That shall decide if his inheritance
> Be with the gifted few of matchless
> breed
> Or with the unmotived herd that only
> sleep and feed.

An Epitaph

M. R.—This epitaph is on a tombstone in a New England cemetery:

> Where'er she came she brought a spell
> That brightened all the commonplace,
> Where'er she went a silence fell
> And something shadowed every face.

I would like to know where I can find the original of poem out of which it was taken. Can any of your readers help me?

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No picture of the atrocities committed can be made too horrible—no exaggeration of German wantonness and bestiality is possible. Everything you have ever heard or read about the rape of Belgium is confirmed by Mr. Gibson's diary written while he was right there, forced by neutrality, mutely and helplessly to witness sights that made his blood fairly boil.

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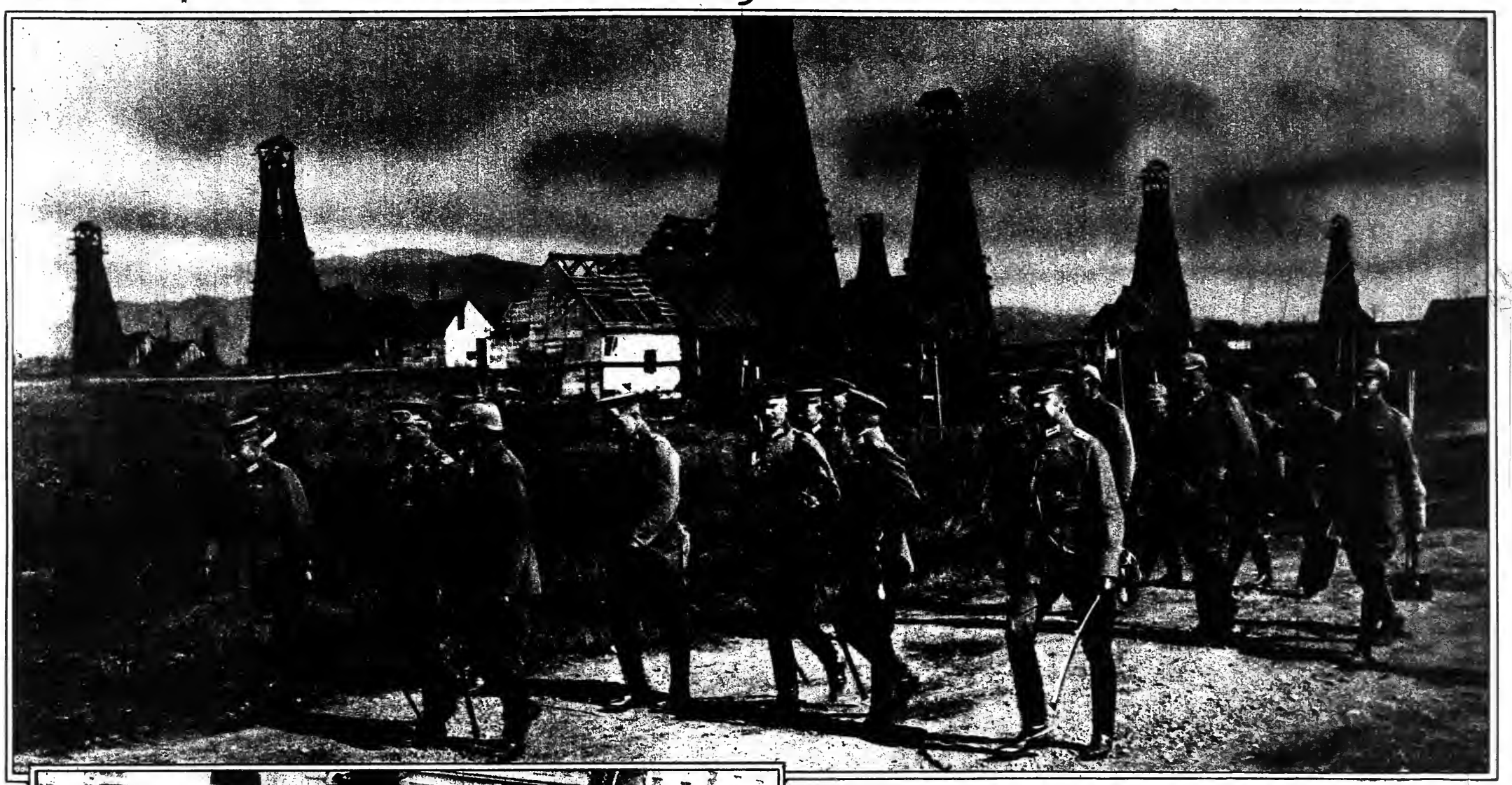
In Two Parts: Part 5

The New York Times

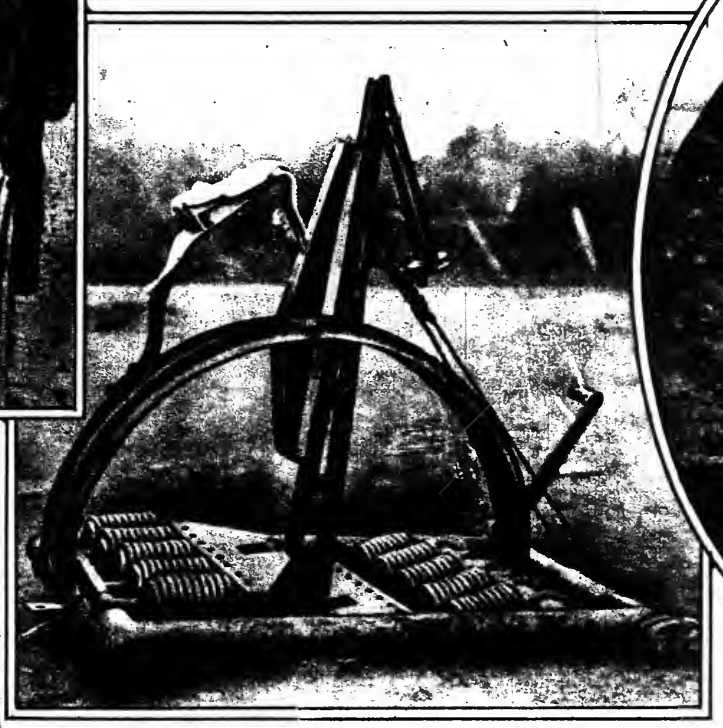
Sunday,
November 25, 1917



KAISER WILLIAM II., GERMAN EMPEROR, WITH MEMBERS OF HIS STAFF AND OF THE IMPERIAL PARTY, VISITING THE OIL WELLS OF RUMANIA, DESTROYED BY THE RETREATING RUMANIANS, NOW RESTORED TO FULL OPERATION BY THE GERMANS.

So Far as Known This Is the First Photograph of the Kaiser to Reach This Country Since the British Authorities Excluded German Photographs and Propaganda from the Mails. It Shows the Kaiser Much Older Appearing Than Photographs Taken Early in the War, and That He Continues to Wear a Band of Mourning on His Undeveloped Left Arm.
(*Western Newspaper Union.*)

EMPEROR CHARLES OF AUSTRIA REVIEWING HIS TROOPS AT CZERNOWITZ, CAPITAL OF BUKOWINA, DURING THE CEREMONIES COMPLIMENTING HIS OFFICERS FOR RECENT GALLANTRY OF ACTION.
This Is One of the First Photographs of the New Ruler of Austria-Hungary to Reach This Country in Many Months.
(*Western Newspaper Union.*)



MODERN CATAPULT, INVENTED BY THE GERMANS AND CAPABLE OF THROWING A TRENCH BOMB WEIGHING 150 POUNDS, RECENTLY CAPTURED BY THE FRENCH IN THE OISE SECTOR. (*Pictorial Press.*)

SMALLEST MAN IN THE CANADIAN OVERSEAS ARMY IN FRANCE.
He Enlisted in November, 1914, at Vancouver, B. C., and Has Seen Active Service Ever Since. Before Enlisting He Was a Bugler.
(© *Western Newspaper Union.*)

MRS. FRANCIS B. SAYRE AND HER SON, FRANCIS WOODROW SAYRE, PRESIDENT WILSON'S FIRST GRANDCHILD.
From a Recent Photograph.
(© *Boyer Studio.*)

A NEW AIR GUN NOW USED BY THE FRENCH FOR DISCHARGING TRENCH TORPEDOES.
So Far as Known This Is the First Picture of Any Gun of This Kind to Reach This Country.
(© *International Film Service.*)

NEW TYPE OF FRENCH ANTI-AIRCRAFT MOTOR TRUCK, SHOWING AN IMMENSE GASOLINE TANK AT THE BACK, GIVING THE MACHINE A CRUISING RADIUS OF HUNDREDS OF MILES.
(© *International Film Service.*)

FIRST PHOTOGRAPH TO REACH THE UNITED STATES OF THE GERMAN CAPTURE AND OCCUPATION OF THE RUSSIAN PORT OF RIGA EARLY IN SEPTEMBER, VISITED A FEW DAYS LATER BY THE GERMAN EMPEROR, WHO MADE THERE A SPEECH OF VICTORY TO HIS TROOPS.

In the Background Can Be Seen a Bridge Destroyed by the Russians on Their Evacuation on the Day Before the Germans Entered the City.

(Western Newspaper Union.)

AS MANY OF THE GERMAN SHELLS DO NOT EXPLODE THEY ARE PROMPTLY MARKED BY DANGER FLAGS AS A WARNING TO ANY ONE PASSING THEM. THE EXPLOSION MAY OCCUR AT ANY TIME.

(© International Film Service.)

AN AMERICAN BUGLER SOUNDING THE CALL TO ARMS "SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE."

His Uniform Includes the Regulation Steel Helmet.

(© International Film Service.)

(© International Film Service.)

AMERICAN CAVALRYMEN FRATERNIZING WITH ALPINE CHASSEURS FROM WHOM THEY ARE RECEIVING INSTRUCTION IN FRENCH METHODS OF WARFARE.

AMERICAN CAVALRY PATROL IN ALSACE.

(© International Film Service.)

BRITISH TOMMIES RIVETING THE BASE OF A VETERAN 15-INCH GUN FOR SERVICE IN A NEW SECTOR, THE INSCRIPTION TESTIFYING TO ITS RECORD IN 1915-16, AND AT VIMY RIDGE IN 1917.

(© Western Newspaper Union.)

MISS ABBY PUTNAM MORRISON OF NEW YORK, FIRST GIRL TO BECOME AN ELECTRICIAN, FIRST CLASS, IN THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

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MISS HELEN P. McCORMICK,

New York City's First Public Prosecutor, Appointed as a Result of Victory for Woman Suffrage, Having Been Made an Assistant District Attorney in Brooklyn on the Basis of Her Record as a State Factory Inspector.

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MRS. ARTHUR HAYS SULZBERGER, FORMERLY MISS IPHIGENE BERTHA OCHS, DAUGHTER OF MR. AND MRS. ADOLPH S. OCHS, MARRIED ON NOVEMBER 17 LAST. (*The Misses Selby.*)

ARTHUR HAYS SULZBERGER, SECOND LIEUTENANT, FIELD ARTILLERY, O. R. C., U. S. A. (© *Underwood & Underwood.*)

JOSEPH C. STEHLIN, Nineteen Years Old, of Sheepshead Bay, Brooklyn, Who Is Said to be the Youngest American Now Flying in France. He Has Already Brought Down Two German Airplanes, Feats Which Have Earned Him Two Palms on His French War Cross. (© *International Film Service.*)

AUGUSTE RODIN, FAMOUS FRENCH SCULPTOR, WHO DIED A WEEK AGO AT HIS HOME AT MEUDON, NEAR PARIS. (*Gertrude Kasebier.*)

A NEW SIGN APPEARS ON THE BOULEVARDS OF PARIS. The Y. M. C. A. Having Plastered the City with Markers for the Direction of American Soldiers in the French Capital. (*Int. Film Service.*)

AHMED FOUAD PASHA, New Khedive of Egypt, Who Has Succeeded His Brother, the Late Khedive Houssein-Kemil. (© *International Film Service.*)

MISS EMMA DAUS, Daughter of the Late Rudolphe L. Daus, Architect of New York and Paris, to Whom Has Been Awarded the French Honor Medal for Her Relief Work in France, Chiefly Among Blind Soldiers and at the American Ambulance in Neuilly.

PARIS FLOWER VENDOR PINNING A BOUTONNIERE ON THE BREAST OF AN AMERICAN SOLDIER AS A TRIBUTE FROM HERSELF. (© *International Film Service.*)

THE FORMER KING AND QUEEN OF GREECE, WITH THEIR SONS AND DAUGHTERS, IN THE GARDEN OF THEIR NEW HOME, THE VILLA WEHRLI, ON THE DOLDER IN ZURICH, SWITZERLAND, WHERE THEY HAVE LIVED SINCE LAST SEPTEMBER. Seated, Left to Right, Are: Prince George, Former Crown Prince, the Former Queen Sophia, the German Emperor's Sister Ex-King Constantine I. of the Hellenes, and the Little Princess Catherine; Standing, Left to Right, Are: Princess Helen, Prince Paul, and Princess Irene. (© *Underwood & Underwood.*)

SIGNOR CAPRONI, Inventor of the Great Triplanes Which Bear His Name, a Visitor to Paris, Where He Predicted That It Would Not Be Long Before Airplanes Would Be Constructed Capable of Carrying 150 People. (© *International Film Service.*)

BERRY, PENNSYLVANIA'S FULLBACK, PLUNGING THROUGH MICHIGAN'S RIGHT TACKLE, FOLLOWED BY LIGHT, LEFT HALFBACK, WITH THE BALL FOR THE QUAKERS' FIRST DOWN IN THEIR TRIUMPHANT GAME AGAINST THE WOLVERINES. (Times Photo Service.)

PARIS CROWDS FLOCK TO SEE AN EXACT DUPLICATE OF CAPTAIN GEORGES GUYNEMER'S AIRPLANE IN WHICH HE WAS KILLED, NOW ON EXHIBITION IN THE COURT OF THE INVALIDES. (Kadel & Herbert.)

AMERICAN MARINES LAYING MINES ALONG THE ATLANTIC COAST "SOMEWHERE IN AMERICA." (Kadel & Herbert.)

A RAVEN FROM THE HOLY LAND JOINS THE BRITISH NAVY OFF THE COAST OF PALESTINE AS A MASCOT. (Western Newspaper Union.)

BERRY, FOR PENNSYLVANIA, CIRCLING AROUND MICHIGAN'S LEFT END FOR A RUN OF 20 YARDS IN THE GRIDIRON BATTLE OF THE EAST AGAINST THE WEST ON FRANKLIN FIELD, PHILADELPHIA. The Quaker Forwards Are Shown Assisting with Vigorous Interference. (Times Photo Service.)

BERLIN CELEBRATES THE SEVENTIETH BIRTHDAY OF FIELD MARSHAL VON HINDENBURG BEFORE THE "IRON HINDENBURG" STATUE, ERECTED IN BERLIN EARLY IN THE WAR. (Western Newspaper Union.)

SURGEON GENERAL WILLIAM C. GORGAS, Chief of the Medical Forces of the United States, to Whom the Health of the American Armies at Home and Abroad Is Committed. From a New Photograph. (© Harris & Ewing, from Paul Thompson.)

SIXTH FIELD ARTILLERY, U. S. ARMY, IN TRAINING AT FT. MYER, VA., THE FIRST UNIT OF THE AMERICAN ARMY TO WEAR STEEL HELMETS IN THE UNITED STATES. The Artillerymen Are Here Shown Charging Over a Brush Obstruction. →

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GIRLS WORKING ON THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD, PITTSBURGH DIVISION, AS SECTION HANDS, RELEASING MEN FOR WAR SERVCE. (© Ledger Photo Service, from Western Newspaper Union.)

WOUNDED GERMAN SOLDIERS AND THEIR CANADIAN CAPTORS RECEIVING HOT COFFEE AND ROLLS FROM A Y. M. C. A. "HUT" LESS THAN 1,000 YARDS BEHIND THE FIRING LINES ON THE FRENCH FRONT.
(© Western Newspaper Union.)

REMARKABLE PHOTOGRAPH OF NEW GERMAN DEFENSES ERECTED ON THE BLACK SEA AT THE ESTUARY OF THE DANUBE.
This Point Has Been Made One of the Strongest German Strongholds Since Its Capture When the Teuton Overran the Central and Southern Sections of Rumania.
(Western Newspaper Union.)

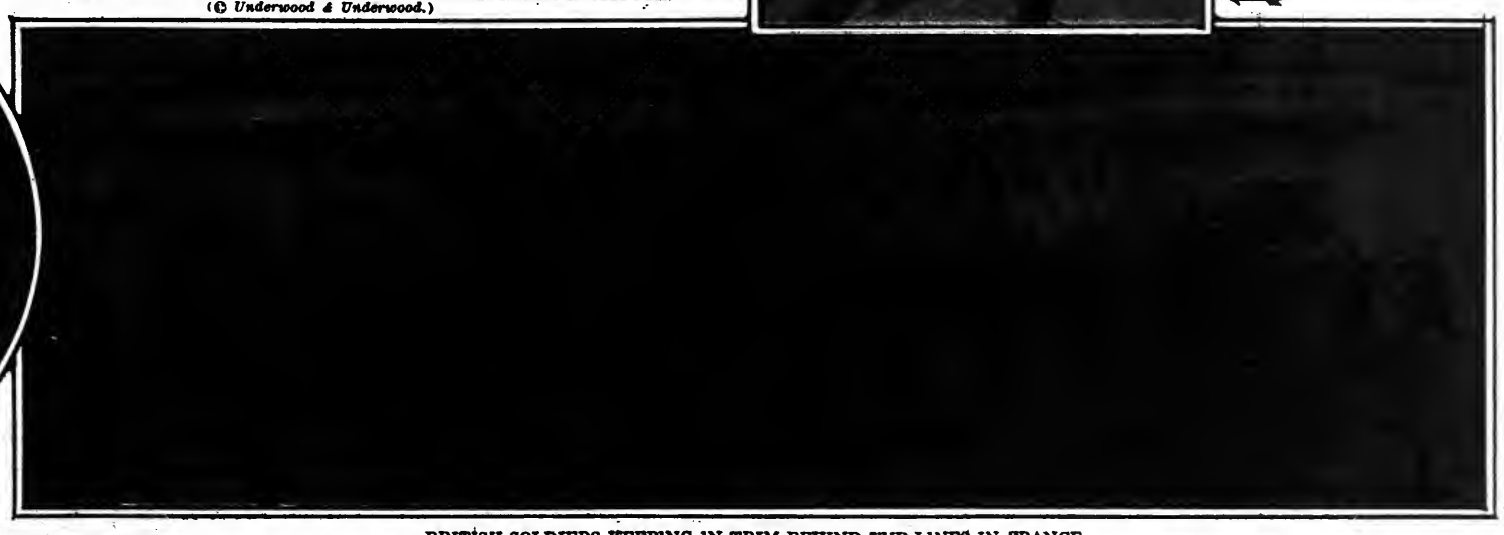
CANADIAN SOLDIER BEARING A WOUNDED COMRADE TO THE REAR FROM HILL 70. THE TWO GERMAN PRISONERS FOLLOWING WITHOUT GUARD.
(© Western Newspaper Union.)

ELEANOR PAINTER, IN "ART AND OPPORTUNITY," COMING TO THE KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE.
(Pach)

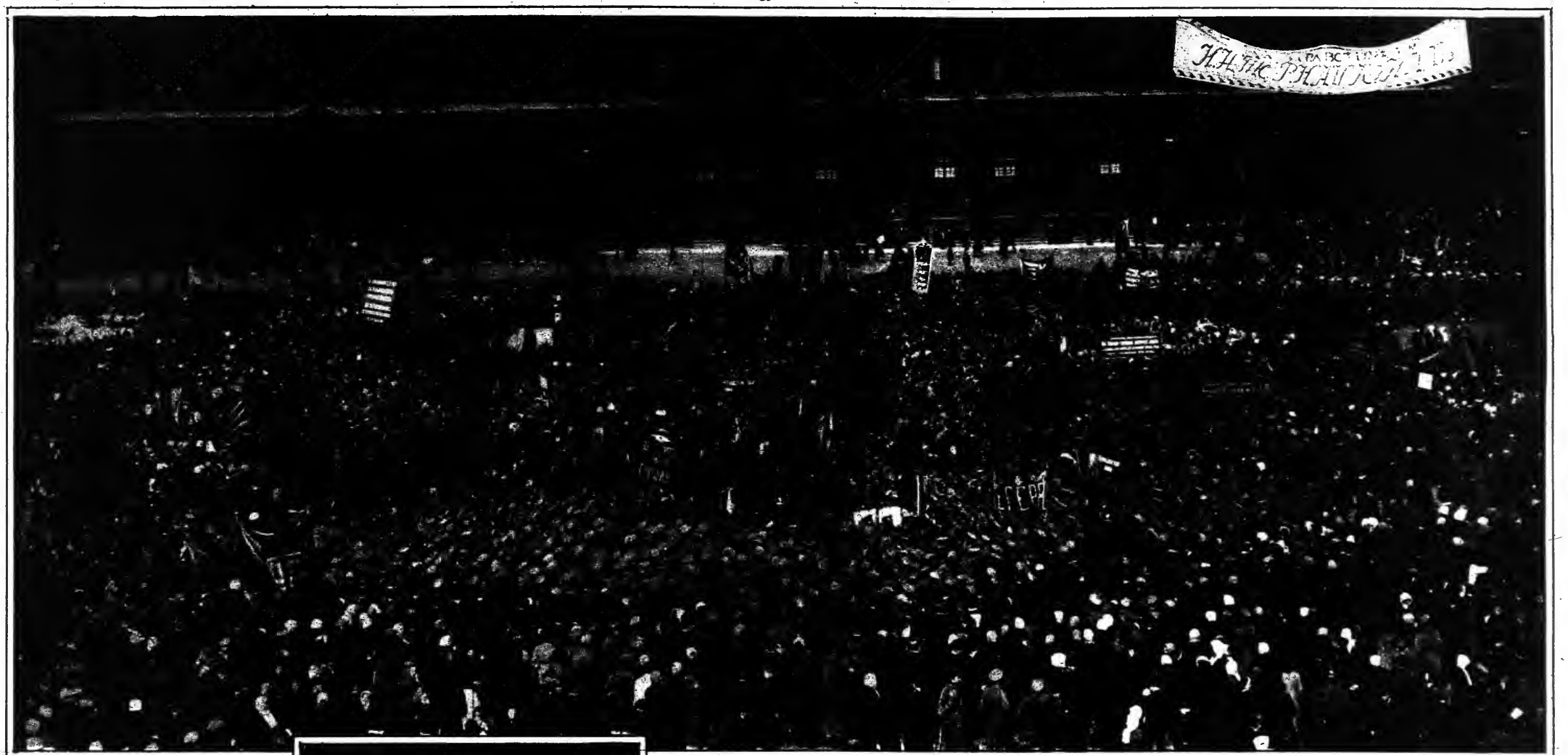
CHARLIE CHAPLIN AND LEOPOLD GODOWSKY, PIANIST, IN THE FORMER'S SCREEN STUDIO WHILE THE PIANIST WAS ON HIS RECENT TRIP TO THE PACIFIC COAST.

FLOYD EGAN, NEW YORK UNIVERSITY QUARTER BACK, MAKING A GAIN OF TEN YARDS ON CASTLE FIELD IN THE TIE GAME OF 6 TO 6 WITH STEVENS INSTITUTE.
(© Underwood & Underwood.)

AMERICAN OFFICERS GREETING CANADIAN ACQUAINTANCES BEHIND THE LINES IN FRANCE.
(© Western Newspaper Union.)



BRITISH SOLDIERS KEEPING IN TRIM BEHIND THE LINES IN FRANCE.
The Photograph Shows a Bayonet Practice and Other Exercises After the First Snowfall of the Winter in Northern France, the Earliest in Many Years.
(© Underwood & Underwood.)



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The Photograph, Just Received in This Country, Gives Some Idea of the Great Number of Idle Soldiers Now Congregated in the Russian Capital.
(Donald C. Thompson, from Central News Photo Service.)

JUSTINE JOHNSTONE IN "OVER THE TOP," ATOP THE 44TH STREET THEATRE.
From a New Portrait by Dana Pond.

EMMA HAIG IN "MISS 1917," AT THE CENTURY THEATRE.
(Abbe.)

FANIA MARINOFF In "Behind a Watteau Picture," at the New Greenwich Village Theatre.
(Bangs.)

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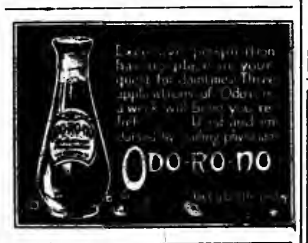

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Your family, too, will be extra prompt at table if they get a whiff of the delicious, tantalizing fragrance of Aunt Jemima pancakes. How their eyes will sparkle when they see the golden-brown pancakes steaming on their plates.

When they taste them they will wonder how you learned the secret of the old-time cooks of the South, for only the Southern pancakes we have all heard praised can compare in flavor with the cakes you can make with Aunt Jemima Pancake Flour.

The individual flavor of Aunt Jemima pancakes which makes them seem to "melt in your mouth" is due to the special formula. It was worked out with one idea in mind—to make perfect pancakes.

Everything is mixed in the flour, even the sweet milk. All the ingredients have been accurately measured and scientifically blended. You need no eggs, no milk. Just add water, and your batter is ready to make delicious always-good pancakes with the real Aunt Jemima flavor.

Tomorrow have these pancakes or the equally delicious Aunt Jemima buckwheat cakes. Hear your family call them the best cakes they ever ate. Aunt Jemima Mills Company, St. Joseph, Missouri.

© 1917 by Aunt Jemima Mills Co.

222,150 VICTIMS

Park Row and Frankfort Street, New York—the busiest corner in the world.

Every evening 296,200 men and women pass this corner.

Three out of every four—222,150 men and women—are tired out. They are *victims of the city* because they have not *adapted* themselves to modern city life. They are listless; their footsteps are heavy; all the energy they brought to work in the morning is gone.

But the fourth person is full of energy. His eye is as bright, his step is as springy as when he started out to work in the morning.

This is why three-fourths of these men and women you see crossing Park Row—or anywhere in the city—are "all in" when their day's work is done: *they pound away their energy on hard pavements, with hard leather heels.* Leather heels are out of date; they are not suited to modern city conditions.

8,000 energy wastes a day

When you bring your hard leather heels down—as the average city dweller does—8,000 times a day, you shock 8,000 units of energy from your system. This makes a very serious energy waste by the end of the day. The 222,150 men and women who drag their tired bodies home every night owe their fatigue, in a large measure, to energy wasted by the use of hard leather heels.

The fourth person—the one with energy left—the one who walks, talks, and looks as if he were enjoying life has surplus energy. He has not jolted his energy away. He is wearing O'Sullivan's Heels.

You may join this *one out of four* class by having O'Sullivan's Heels put on your shoes at once. You'll find your work easy and your energy greater. You'll be able to walk to your home with an elastic step. By absorbing the 8,000 daily shocks, these heels will give you the added energy you want.

The best heels for city wear

The heels best suited to modern hard pavements and floors are O'Sullivan's Heels.

They are guaranteed to outlast any other heels. They will last three times as long as leather heels and will give uniformly satisfactory service to the very last.

Because of our special process, these heels combine the greatest durability with the greatest resiliency. They are made of perfect heel material.

Buy your shoes O'Sullivanized. Good dealers sell the latest style shoes with O'Sullivan's Heels already attached. Have these heels put on all your shoes at once. Every day you delay putting on O'Sullivan's Heels you are wasting your most valuable asset—Energy.

In black, white or tan: for man, women and children. Insist on O'Sullivan's—avoid the disappointment of substitutes.

© O'S. R. Co., 1917.

The pleasantest part of Thanksgiving

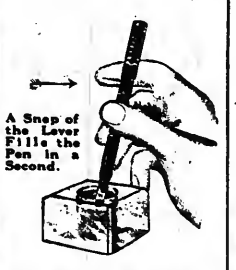
After dinner over the coffee cups—how the old memories come back!

This is home—this quiet talk—with the best coffee you have tasted in many months. The tantalizing aroma makes you sigh with contentment. The rich, satisfying flavor fills you with a glow of well being.

Yuban is unique in flavor. It is much more delicious than any coffee you have ever tasted. Serve it on Thanksgiving. Let your family see how delicious coffee can be. They will comment on its flavor immediately. No other coffee is so satisfying.

This is the New *Diamond Point* "Fill-E-Z" *Fountain Pen*

The *Simplest* and *Surest* Self-filling Fountain Pen



A Snap of the Lever Fills the Pen in a Second.

Snap the lever, and, "Presto"—*the pen is filled.*

No Fuss. No Muss. No Bother. Easy. Quick and Clean.

Best Quality Holder with Safety Screw Cap and permanently attached Clip. 14 Karat Gold Pen.

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44 East 23d St., New York

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FASHION masters designing spring styles, turn first to "Khaki-Kool" for true creative inspiration.

Exquisite in lustre, sturdily outdoorish in weave, vigorous in motif, "Khaki-Kool"—plain or printed—always produces the ultra modish in outdoor costuming.

For more formal wear, choose *Roshanara Crepe, Ruff-a-Nuff, Slendora, Amphora,* or the new Batik patterns of Pussy Willow and Indestructible Voile (all trade mark brands).

At fine stores and in fine garments.
Look for the name on the selvage or on the package

New York — H. R. MALLINSON & COMPANY — Paris
"The New Silks First"

Ideal Gift for a Sailor

SHIP'S BELL CLOCK

With Removable Base. $27 50

Hang it (without base) in your cabin while your boat is in commission. In Winter it makes a fine mantel clock with a handsome mahogany base. Polished brass case; fine 8-day movement. Strikes 8 bells, etc., ship's time. $27.50 prepaid.

Mantel Chime Clocks, $20 to $65
Hall Chime Clocks, $50 to $500

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31 John Street, NEW YORK

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AND MARK OF IDENTIFICATION

For Children and Grown ups—as well as for the boys at camp.

High-grade pencils with any name stamped in gold. Packed in holly boxes. Father, sister, brother, mother—all appreciate them. ORDER NOW. Write name plainly. Shipment via Parcel Post within 24 hours.

6 in box	60c	GODFREY
12 " "	$1.00	
25 " "	1.75	44 W. 46th St., New York

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New York's exclusive and most unique Dressmaking establishment where simply WONDERS are wrought with your passe frocks.

REBUILDING OF GOWNS as carried out by me means a creation from something you may have thought worthless. Prices reasonable.

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Reduce Your Flesh

Try my famous rubber garments to reduce your superfluous flesh.

DR. JEANNE WALTER'S *famous medicated* RUBBER GARMENTS
For Men and Women.

Chin Reducer	$2.00
Neck and Chin Reducer	3.00
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Also Union Suits, Stockings, Jobbets, etc.

Send for free Illus. Booklet

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writes:—
"I have used Crême Nerol and find it excellent."

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It's Hand Made

Tubes, 50c.; jars, $1.00. NEROL SKIN FOOD—Tubes, $1.00; jars, $2.00. Get it or order it at the better Dept. stores.

Maker, 732 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Forrest D. Pullen

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What has he said to her?

BRILLIANT lights revealing every grace and every flaw; eyes fixed upon you ready to admire—can you face them unembarrassed?

Don't spoil your evening wondering about your complexion. Descend the stairs to meet your friends radiant and blooming—thrilled by the knowledge that you are looking your best.

You can have this confidence

Any young girl has a right to a soft glowing skin. Youth should not endure the thought of wrinkles, of colorless faces, of blemishes of any sort. Constant care of the skin in youth insures a clear, fresh complexion later.

Work up a good soapy lather in your hands with Woodbury's Facial Soap.

You can make your skin what you will. Nature does her part. You can do the rest. Every day the old skin dies and new skin forms in its place. What this new skin is depends on the care you give it.

Does your glowing face cause an exclamation of pleasure?

Skin specialists say that the best way to build up a clear, beautiful complexion, to keep the skin in a healthy, active condition, is by proper cleansing and stimulating treatments with a soap carefully prepared to suit the nature of the skin.

Rub the lather in well, always with an upward and outward movement.

Woodbury's Facial Soap was prepared by a skin specialist after 30 years of experience with the skin and its needs.

Let this treatment give you the charm of a flawless skin

Begin tonight to get the benefits of this skin specialist's soap for your skin. Use this Woodbury treatment every night and watch your skin lose every flaw; watch it take on a smooth texture, a soft glowing color.

Lather your washcloth well with Woodbury's Facial Soap and warm water. Apply it to your face and distribute the lather thoroughly. With the tips of your fingers work this cleansing antiseptic lather into your skin, always using an upward and outward motion. Rinse with warm water, then with cold—the colder the better. If possible, finish by rubbing your face for a few minutes with a piece of ice. Always be careful to dry your skin well.

After rinsing with warm water and then cold, rub your face for a few moments with a piece of ice.

A 25 cent cake of Woodbury's Facial Soap is sufficient for a month of this treatment. Get a cake today. It is for sale at druggists and toilet counters everywhere in the United States and Canada. Watch your skin gradually improve so you can face the most glaring light, the most critical eyes — confident of its smoothness and freshness.

5c brings you a week's treatment

For 5c we will send you a sample cake of Woodbury's Facial Soap large enough to last a week. Write today. Address The Andrew Jergens Co., 5115 Spring Grove Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio.

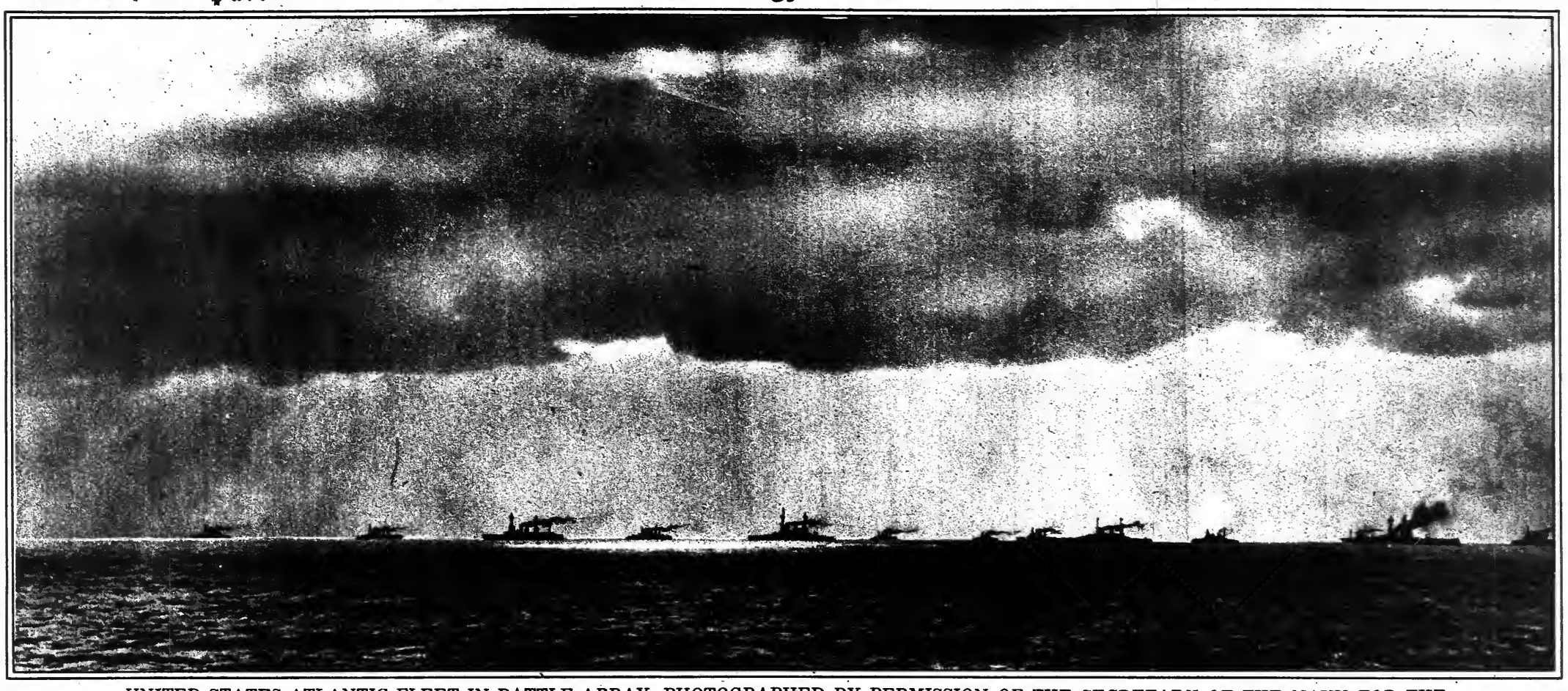
If you live in Canada, address The Andrew Jergens Co., Ltd., 5115 Sherbrooke St., Perth, Ontario.

For sale wherever toilet goods are sold

Rotogravure
Picture Section,
In Two Parts: Part 6

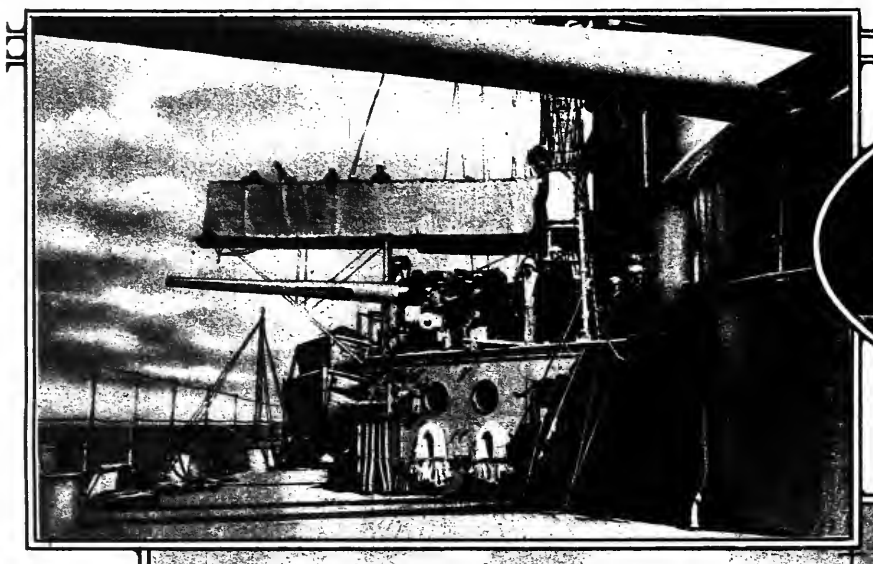
The New York Times

Sunday,
November 25, 1917



UNITED STATES ATLANTIC FLEET IN BATTLE ARRAY, PHOTOGRAPHED BY PERMISSION OF THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE WAR WITH GERMANY BEGAN.

UNTIL NOW THE GOVERNMENT HAS NOT EVEN AUTHORIZED A REFERENCE TO THE RECENT MANOEUVRES. THE PICTURES ON THIS PAGE WERE TAKEN SEVERAL HUNDRED MILES OUT AT SEA.



(Photos © by Burnell Poole.)

BATTLESHIPS IN LINE-ABREAST FORMATION DURING "BATTLE APPROACH" AT 16 KNOTS' SPEED. NEAREST TO THE CAMERA IS ONE OF THE NEWEST SUPERDREADNOUGHTS OF THE ATLANTIC FLEET.

FIVE-INCH ANTI-SUBMARINE GUNS ON ONE OF THE AMERICAN BATTLESHIPS. They Are Manned Night and Day, with "Powder Up and Shells Up," Ready to Fire Instantly.

FLAGSHIP LEADING THE ATLANTIC FLEET ON A RIGHT ANGLE TURN.

BAND CONCERT ON THE SPACIOUS QUARTERDECK OF A NEW AMERICAN SUPERDREADNOUGHT, HUNDREDS OF MILES AT SEA, ON A BEAUTIFUL AFTERNOON.

WEIGHING ANCHOR AS THE ATLANTIC FLEET GETS UNDER WAY FOR THE DAY'S MANOEUVRES, AT 5:30 A. M.

BATTLESHIPS IN "LINE OF COLUMN" LED BY ONE OF THE LARGEST SUPERDREADNOUGHTS.

PROTECTING BABIES IN LONDON FROM THE GERMAN AIR RAIDERS.
Miss Margaret McMillan, a Leader in the Work of Guarding Tenement Children, Has Taken This Group to a Big Cellar, Which Has Been Thoroughly Dried and Covered on the Street Surface with Sandbags.
(© Underwood & Underwood.)

A NEW PICTURE OF GENERAL KORNILOFF AND SAVINKOF, WHO WAS MINISTER OF WAR AT THE TIME OF THE KORNILOFF REBELLION.
(© International Film Service.)

GERALDINE FARRAR AND M. MARINELLI IN THE NEW REVISION OF "FAUST."
This Season's Production of the Famous Opera at the Metropolitan Is Distinctive for Its Novel Costumes and Scenery.
(White.)

MRS. LYDIG HOYT,
A Leader in Organizing "Hero Land," the War Relief Spectacle at the Grand Central Palace.
(© Andrews & Geisler, from Central News.)

ON A HOSPITAL TRAIN DESIGNED FOR AMERICAN ARMY.
The Soldiers Who Posed for This Picture Are Neither Wounded Nor Ill. They Were Put to Bed Merely to Illustrate the Uses of the New Car in the Erie Railroad Yards.
(© Underwood & Underwood.)

WHEN GENERAL PERSHING WAS ONLY A CAPTAIN.
He Is on the Left of This Group Photographed on the Island of Mindanao, Philippines, in 1903. In the Centre Is the Late Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans; on the Right, Major Gen. G. S. Sumner.

"ON LEAVE."
Harry B. Lachman, the Painter, Made This Photograph of a Young French Soldier from the Trenches on a Visit to His Family. The Picture Has Been Published Widely in Paris Periodicals and on French Postcards.

ANN PENNINGTON, ONE OF THE PRINCIPALS IN "MISS 1917" AT THE CENTURY THEATRE.
(Photo by Abbie.)

CORRESPONDENT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES ON THE WAR FRONT.
Charles H. Grasty, Wearing the Regulation Uniform of a Battlefront Writer with a "C" on His Left Sleeve, Has Sent Dispatches from the British, French, and Italian Fighting Zones, as Well as from General Pershing's Training Camps in France.

Lillian Russell's OWN
SMOOTHOUT CREAM

It Velvetizes the Skin

"Youth rises up triumphant in the most neglected skin after a few refreshing treatments with my own *Smoothout* Cream. Clogged pores are cleansed, irritations allayed, and the skin smoothed by this soothing refreshing cream which liquefies as soon as it touches the face.

"Pat my *Smoothout* Cream into your cheeks and neck. It brings the blood to the surface, tones the tissues, refines the pores and restores to your face muscles the youthful elasticity necessary to smooth firm cheeks. *Smoothout* fortifies the skin against the wind and sun.

"Try a complexion bath of *Smoothout* Cream—you'll discover a new thrill and you'll make *Smoothout* a daily habit."

Send for "My Beauty Secrets," Free.

If you cannot buy *Smoothout* at your dealer's write to me at 2160D Broadway, New York, and send his name. I will forward you, gratis, my book of Beauty Secrets.

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Medium size $1.50, large size $2.50. Ask for Lillian Russell's *Smoothout* at these and other good shops:

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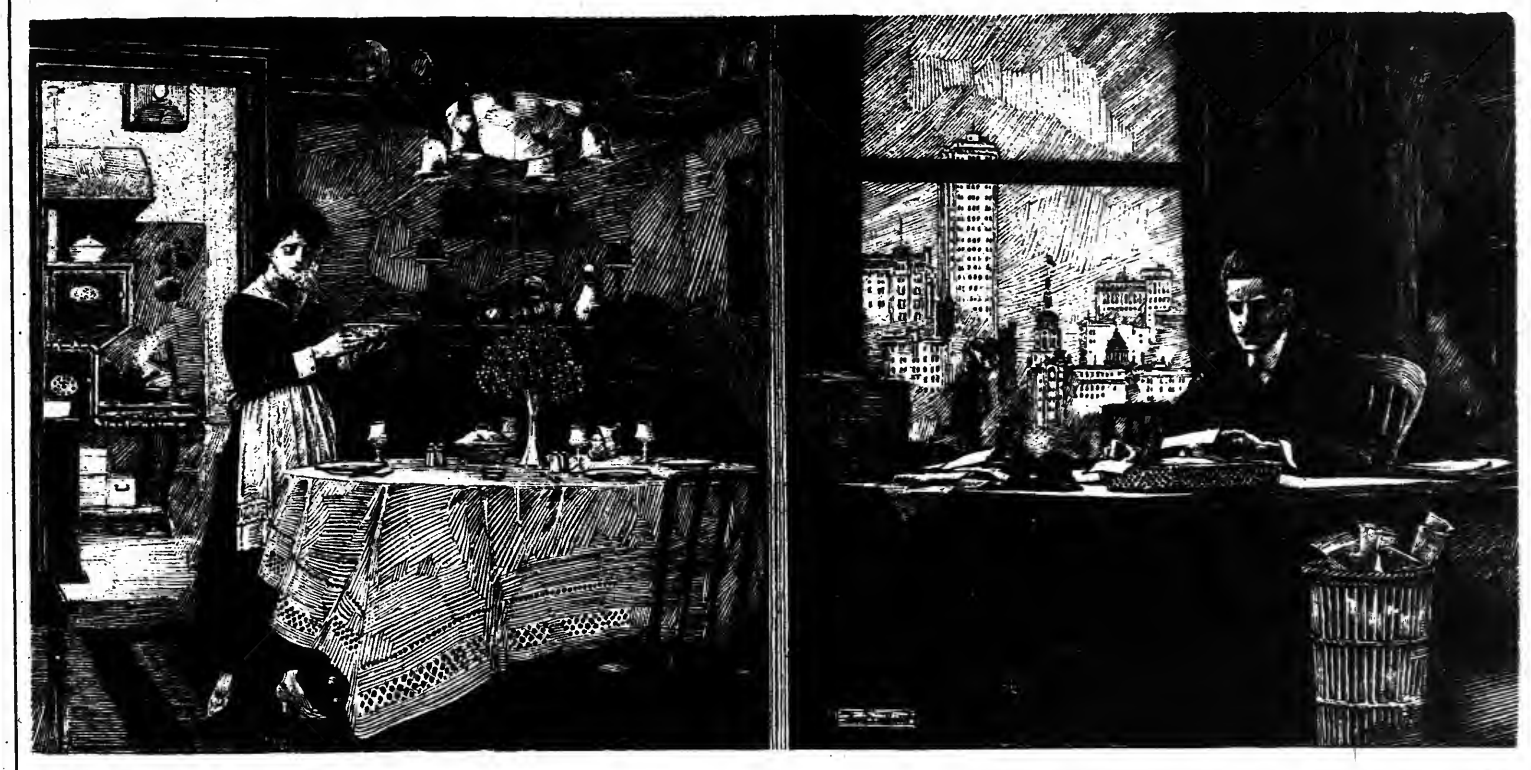
Olmbel Brothers		John Wanamaker
Brooklyn		**Newark**
Abraham & Straus	Frederick Loeser & Co.	L. Bamberger & Co.



Whose Job Is The Harder?

After a cheery breakfast you are off to your business and return again weary at night to find a steaming dinner awaiting you.

Little does your wife realize the hard bludgeonings of a man's business day. Equally little do you know of the hundred and one things that go on behind the scenes in your household in order that it may be an efficient and cheerful home for you.

You are interested only in the results—*that* your coffee is good, not *what* percolator your wife uses; *that* your house is clean, not *what* vacuum cleaner made it so. "You should worry" about *where* the receipt of that wonderful dessert came from. You get the benefit, and that's enough.

That perplexing question in your daughter's musical education—it was answered by an expert. The result is all you are interested in.

Yet the children's clothes did not plan themselves. Your wife's flower garden, which adds so much to the place, did not "just grow." When your bed-room was "done over," you were saved the expense of an interior decorator.

Perhaps you have not given much thought to the very difficult business of being a housewife. But for many years we have. The Delineator is a practical expert adviser on the perplexing problems of household affairs, depended upon and trusted in by more than a million progressive American homes. Without it such efficiency and economy in these homes would be impossible.

The Delineator tells the housewife all that modern science and art know about foods. It gives her constantly the newest ideas on home furnishing and decoration; it supplies scientific information on the care and upbringing of children; it makes it possible for women to make their own and their children's clothing. In The Delineator there are twenty-five regular departments each conducted by an expert.

Thousands of progressive women write us each month for advice on home problems and each one receives a personal reply from an expert qualified to give counsel.

The reason for The Delineator's extraordinary influence in a million homes is no secret. The answer is Service.

Take advantage of this service for *your* home. Let The Delineator save dollars in *your* household and bring hours of happy entertainment each month to the whole family.

Invest in The Delineator today. Fill in the attached coupon now.

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TI. N-25

Portrait of The Macnab, by Sir H. Raeburn, R. A.

Francis Macnab, twelfth Laird of Macnab, Lieut.-Colonel of the Breadalbane Fencibles. In the uniform of his regiment.

Exhibited at the Royal Academy, 1819.
Exhibited at the Art Treasures Exhibition, Manchester, 1857.
Exhibited at the Raeburn Exhibition, Edinburgh, 1876.
Exhibited at the Grafton Gallery, 1895.
Exhibited at the Edinburgh Loan Exhibition, 1901. Exhibited at Rome, 1911.

The original picture is the property of John Dewar & Sons, Ltd., Perth, Scotland, for which they paid $127,000, the record price for a Raeburn.

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INTERIOR DECORATORS
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DALE

COME—LOOK! Display extraordinary of Table, Boudoir, Floor and Piano LAMPS

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Bargains in Sheraton, Tudor, Adam, Heppelwhite, Colonial, etc., Dining Room Suites, Queen Anne, Louis XV., Louis XVI., Sheraton, etc., Bedroom Suites, as well as odd period pieces, Desks, Chairs, Tables, etc.

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LONA — Collar and cuff set of French organdie —two picot-edged ruffles and tucks. Pearl buttoned cuffs. 3.95

NITA — Long roll collar with cuffs to match of white pique. 2.50

SANTAN--Collar and cuff set of French organdie — five picot-edged ruffles of organdie or net. Ruffled cuffs to match. In white, tan and blue. 5.95

Smart, Unusual Neckfixings

They Suggest Christmas Gifts for the Well Dressed Woman

EDLIN — Very finely tucked net guimpe. Rolling collar and frill to waistline. 5.50

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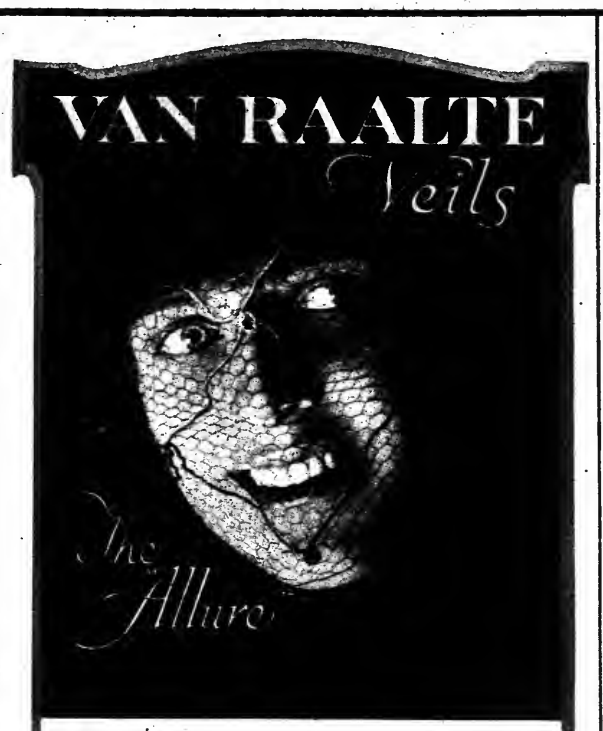

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EYES flash more brightly—a smile is more winsome behind this weave of beautiful mesh and saucy design —a Van Raalte Veil that has won the name of Allure. You'll find this among the new Van Raalte creations at your favorite shop.

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E. & Z. Van Raalte, 5th Ave. & 16th St., N. Y. C.

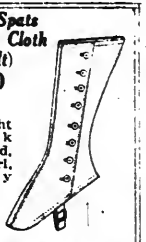
In buying veils, look for this little white ticket:

The Blyn Shoe

Thanksgiving Styles in Eleven Big Blyn Stores

High Cut Spats Fine Quality Cloth (Not Felt) 1.50

White, Light and Dark Fawn, Sand, Ivory, Pearl, Dark Gray and Black.



Patent Colt Opera Pumps Style 1371 4.00

Also in Gun Metal Calf.

Blyn Stores are essentially FAMILY stores—stocked to fullest capacity with the most approved footwear for men, women and children.

Blyn Stores are emphatically ECONOMY stores—where the utmost worth in quality, service and value is obtained for every dollar spent.

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Red Cross Shoe — *Red Cross Booklet on Request*

At Blyn Stores only in New York, Brooklyn, Newark.

Staple and Novelty Styles

Red Cross Shoes make distinction in footwear possible for those with the tenderest feet.

A *foot comfort* that gives vigor to the whole body—a *shoe style* that adds character to the entire costume.

Style 843½ Black Glazed Kid 6.00

New Cuban Heels and Red Cross Flexible Soles.

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Women's Box No. 3, $15.00

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Box contains:

1 pair Q. V. c.....$5.00
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Sets of socks and scarfs for men from $3.00 a set up and stocking sets for women from $5.50 up.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Special Holiday Announcement of Hosiery, Sweater, and Scarf Sets.

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Our expert "footfitters" will be glad to measure your feet and tell you the size and width you must wear to get comfort.

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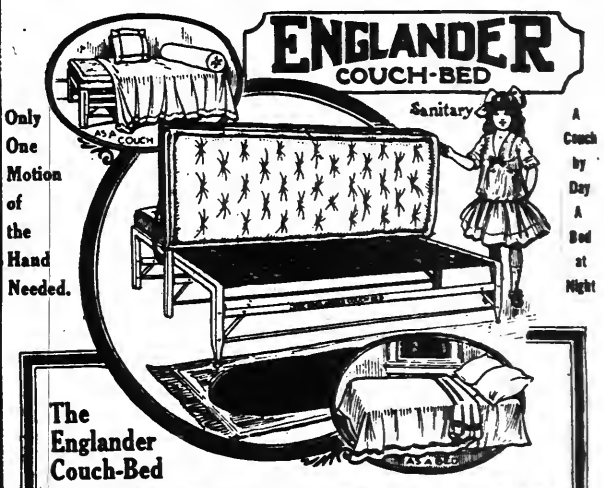

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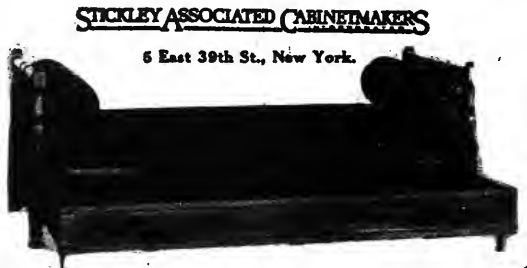

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Kayser ITALIAN SILK UNDERWEAR

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

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How satisfying when your skin and complexion are in perfect harmony with your best gown—when your greatest wish is to look your best! A fair, smooth skin and a natural complexion—one that needs no artificial coloring—will add to your attractiveness whatever dress you wear, whatever the occasion.

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Package of Fuel	Dry Ginger
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On sale in our Oriental Delicacies Department or mailed postpaid, when remittance includes postage (weight packed, 8 pounds.)

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AZUREA

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The NEW EDISON

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THROUGH the medium of this most wonderful of all musical instruments, Mr. Edison has made the joy of genuine music a universal possession. He has mastered the quality of life-like reproduction. He has eliminated the blight of mechanics. He has established a new art, Music's Re-Creation. Mr. Edison has created, at last, a standard of reality which the most critical musician endorses.

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The New Edison in Cabinets of Authentic Period Designs.

These cabinets are offered for the consideration of those who desire the harmonious blending of every detail of an exquisitely appointed room. Cabinets artistically wrought from the rarest woods to conform in every detail with the period from which they have been modeled. Patterns in the form of correct and attractive furniture which is necessary to give that atmosphere of good taste so vital in the home where refinement becomes apparent at the very threshold.

Inspection is invited, and to those who are unable to call, we will gladly send a portfolio of these New Edison Period Models.

The New York Times

MAGAZINE SECTION

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1917.

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SECTION SEVEN SIXTEEN PAGES

THE LIBERTY TAX

America's War Levy, in Full Force Next Saturday, Is Estimated at Three and a Half Billion Dollars

HAVING arranged for the nearly $6,000,000,000 of Liberty bonds which the future must pay as its share of the outlay of the United States in the first year of the war, the Government is now perfecting details for digging into the pockets of the present generation for $3,500,000,000 more—the Liberty Tax.

That is what Daniel C. Roper, the Internal Revenue Commissioner, nicknamed the greatest tax-raising measure ever enacted when it came to him from Congress for administration and enforcement under the homdrum caption of "an act to provide revenue to defray war expenses, and for other purposes." He makes no apology to the Secretary of the Treasury for describing the tax in the same way that Mr. McAdoo characterized the bonds, because, he says, they are both for exactly the same purpose and should be so considered by the public, which has subscribed to the one and now must pay the other. He also says that it is a case of war taxes or war indemnity to Germany.

As is clearly shown by its title, the law is purely a war measure and, as such, is a tremendous experiment rather than a finished product. The perfecting process will have to come later. That is freely admitted by the members of Congress who had most to do with framing the law and by the Government officials who are to administer it and discover its shortcomings.

Defects are expected to develop here and there as the measure comes against the test of actual operation, and, no doubt, needed changes will be submitted to the Congress which is to begin next week. In the meantime the country has got a most comprehensive device for bringing in revenue, and Commissioner Roper is organizing a vast administrative machine for bringing into the United States Treasury every penny that the law calls for. The old, ontgrown Internal Revenue Bureau would never have sufficed for the job now in hand. That was a bureau formerly known of by the public only in the vaguest way as something that had to do with dark, greenish blue stamps that went on cigar boxes and whisky barrels. We shall all know about it presently in a very definite way.

There is a different twist now to the old saying about death and taxes. The more of these new taxes we pay and the quicker we pay them, the fewer will be the deaths of American soldiers over in Europe.

With the end of the present week, on Dec. 1, the entire tax law will be in full effect, with the exception of the provision for increased postage on second-class mail matter, which will become operative next July. The only other provision of the law not yet in force is for stamp taxes on stocks, bonds, and various legal documents. That will begin to operate next Saturday. But it is not expected to produce more than about $20,000,000, and the revenue yields of the added second-class postage, beginning with next Summer, are estimated to produce only $10,000,000. All the other provisions of the law have been going into effect, on different dates, since Oct. 3, the day the bill was signed by the President. Therefore, except for $30,000,000 of yield, the full tax is already on. And what are $30,000,000 in these days? A mere reminder of an old song about thirty something else.

Of course, the estimate that the war tax will yield about $3,500,000,000 is, at best, only a good guess. Nobody can tell exactly what it will yield until the law has been in effect for a twelvemonth. But it is an estimate based on a thousand and one of the best guides as to the business of the country and on the best indications of the earning power of all the people.

Furthermore, it is the total of two other estimates, one that the internal revenue income for the current year under the old law will be $750,000,000, and that the additions to that in the coming year because of the new law will be $2,800,000,000. The actual internal revenue receipts under the old law for the last fiscal year, 1916, were $512,702,028.78. It is an entirely conservative piece of figuring to add $250,000,000 to that for the yield of the present year.

So the Government is now in position to figure pretty closely as to what it is to have from all sources already assured for all purposes in the coming year. It works out this way:

From Liberty bond, already issued	$6,000,000,000
From Liberty tax	3,500,000,000
War Savings Certificates	200,000,000
From customs duties	210,000,000
Extra postage to general fund	80,000,000
Total	$9,990,000,000

In his recent speech before the Investment Bankers Association, Secretary McAdoo said that not more than another $10,000,000,000 would have to be raised for the current year by additional bond issues and Treasury certificates.

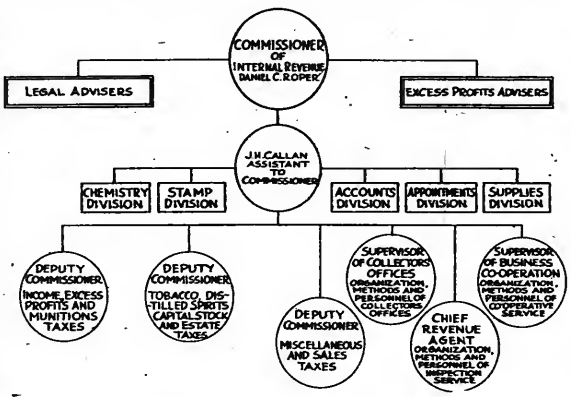
The extra postage item in the table is obtained from the $70,000,000 expected to come from the added penny on first-class letter postage, which went into effect on the 3d of this month, and from the second-class increase already referred to. The estimate of $210,000,000 of customs duties is based on the total receipts of $225,000,000 from this source for the last fiscal year. Imports, of course, have fallen off because of the growing stringency of war conditions, and the Custom Houses, about the middle of the present fiscal year, show $11,000,000 less than for the corresponding period of last year. But the best part of the customs year will begin next month with the sugar imports. Also, a material increase of trade from Japan is looked for. So, for the entire year, the experts figure that we will not go more than $12,000,000 or $15,000,000 behind last year on import duties.

By far the biggest single item in the long list included in the Liberty tax total is the estimated return from the excess war profits tax to be levied on business as from Jan. 1, 1917. This, alone, will be well over $1,000,000,000. The next, in size, will be the total yield of the personal income tax, which is estimated at $650,000,000. Under the new law which taxes the income of every unmarried man down to $1,000, and of every married man down to $2,000, there will be at least 7,000,000 more individuals paying income taxes than there were under the old law. The yield from corporation income taxes will be over $500,000,000. There are the three leading items—excess profits, corporation incomes, and personal incomes. Both of the latter taxes are also levied on the incomes for the year beginning with January, 1917.

The next largest estimate is of the tax on alcoholic beverages. It totals $296,000,000, and went into effect on Oct. 4. The war tax on tobacco in its various forms is expected to yield $65,000,000. That went into effect in part on Oct. 4, and in full on Nov. 2.

The war excise taxes, commonly called the commodity taxes, all went into effect on the day the bill became law.

(Continued on Following Page)



GOVERNMENT'S TAX COLLECTING MACHINE.

Chart Shows Organization of Internal Revenue Bureau Up to Date. Many Smaller Circles Will Be Added Below Those Showing the Deputies. Among All the Gigantic War Tasks Few Are So Intricate as That of Commissioner Roper's Bureau, Now Expanded Far Beyond Its Size in Peace Times.

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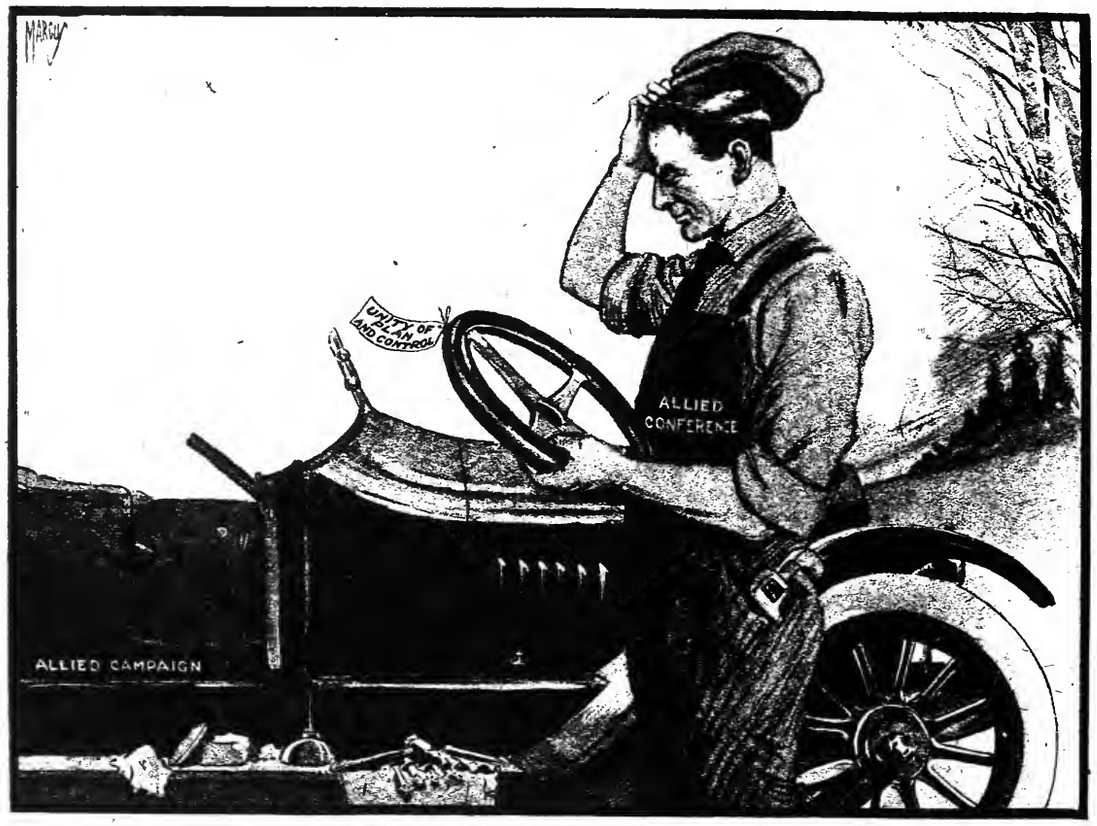
Commissioner Roper, Who Says It Is a Choice Between War Taxes and a War Indemnity to Germany.



The New Steering Wheel

(Continued from Preceding Page)

They are expected to yield about $60,000,000. This commodity provision covers automobiles, motor cycles, musical instruments, phonographs, motion-picture films, jewelry, sporting goods, pleasure boats, proprietary medicines, perfumery and cosmetics, chewing gum, and cameras.

Taxing of club dues and admissions to theatres, concerts, and film shows, which began Nov. 1, is expected to yield something over $50,000,000.

Estimates of the taxes on facilities furnished by insurance and public utility companies, such as railroad freight and passenger traffic, telephone and telegraph service, and pipe line transportation, amount, all told, to $170,000,000.

The tax on munitions manufacturers, which will be abolished after the first year, will yield about $25,000,000, and inheritance taxes $5,000,000. The smallest item in the list of estimates is that of $20,000, which the tax on the products of our new Virgin Islands is expected to add to the grand total. To put it in table form we have this:

Excess profits	$1,200,000,000
Personal income tax	650,000,000
Corporation income tax	500,000,000
Alcoholic beverages	296,000,000
Commodity taxes	60,000,000
Dues and admissions	50,000,000
Public utility services	170,000,000
Munitions manufacturers	25,000,000
Inheritance taxes	5,000,000
Virgin Island products	20,000
Total	$2,956,020,000

Now, add to that total the $750,000,000 of internal revenue under the old law, and you get the more than $3,500,000,000 which are expected from the war taxes.

Commissioner Roper had another name for the tax in addition to Liberty when he was asked the other day something about the reorganization of his bureau for the handling of the new work.

"It is," he said, "a case of war revenue taxes or a war indemnity to Germany. That is the real issue involved, and it ought to be made clear to the American people, because in the final analysis it is up to the American people to decide this issue. The amount of the tax imposed upon every American citizen is the amount the people themselves have, through their representatives in Congress, determined to be his share of the expense of this war in defense of his home. To do less than pay his share promptly and fully would be unpatriotic.

"The alternative to war revenue taxes is war indemnity to Germany, and as burdensome as it may seem to pay war taxes, this burden is insignificant as compared with the burden that would be imposed upon our people for generations in paying the colossal war indemnity that Germany would demand if that nation were successful in this war. There is more than money involved in this matter. Germany would not only impose an oppressive financial burden upon our people for generations, but would make our people slaves to the German system."

Mr. Roper was formerly the textile expert of the United States Census Bureau. As an expert he was called in to assist in framing many of the schedules of the Underwood tariff. He devised the Government's system, now in force, for gathering and tabulating cotton statistics at the ginneries. He added to his store of exact knowledge of the business of the country by serving as clerk of the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce. As First Assistant Postmaster General he was in charge of the administration of all local Post Offices. Then he became Chairman of Organization in the Democratic National Committee for the last Presidential campaign. After that he was made Vice Chairman of the United States Tariff Commission.

J. H. Callan, formerly of the Post Office Department, is now acting as assistant to the Commissioner in rebuilding the Bureau of Internal Revenue. Under their reorganization the office force has grown from 696 to 737 and the field force from 4,185 to 4,973 since July. It is assumed that by next July the number of Government employes engaged in the work of finding and collecting the $3,500,000,000 of taxes will have grown to an office force of 1,500 and a field force of 8,100.

Of course nobody knows yet what it is going to cost to collect the tax, but an estimate can be based on the cost of collecting the internal revenue of a little more than $500,000,000 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916. The expense to the Government that year was about $7,000,000. It figured out to a cost of $1.40 for collecting every $100. At that same rate it would cost $49,600,000 to collect $3,500,000,000. But that probably is too low. The present and future difficulties of finding the things and the moneys to be taxed will be greater in proportion than they used to be. Consider for just one example of that fact—the 7,000,000 added payers of personal income taxes. They will include hundreds of thousands of skilled artisans and mechanics, who move about from job to job and city to city. But the information concerning their earnings must come from all the various concerns by which they have been employed in the course of the year.

When the new Commissioner assumed charge of the bureau late in September he began by calling in the most progressive chiefs of divisions and, with their help, analyzing the whole organization. Then followed a general readjustment and realignment of the different departments with reference to the subject matter of each—the income tax, the beverage tax, and so on throughout the entire list of taxes, each group of which calls for specialized and expert handling. More specifically, the bureau was divided into six co-ordinate units as follows: First, excess profits and personal and corporation income taxes; second, tobacco, spirits, estate, and capital stock taxes; third, commodity sales taxes, public utility services taxes, and miscellaneous; fourth, supervisor of Collectors' Offices; fifth, chief of revenue agents; sixth, supervisor of business co-operation.

The legal division has been reorganized also, and in addition to the paid lawyers which constitute it there is a volunteer group of some of the greatest lawyers of the country, who have offered to help the bureau, without compensation.

The sixth unit or division of the bureau, supervisor of business co-operation mentioned in the above enumeration, is something entirely new. The work of this division will be to organize the volunteer patriotic assistance offered to the Government by corporations and individuals in the way of suggestions as to how the law may be improved.

The net results of the findings of this division of business co-operation will, no doubt, serve as useful material in guiding Congress in its needed modifications of the law. The sixth division will also be the pacifier between the Government and the public, and will handle all complaints. It is intended that it shall be a real pacifier and conciliator and not dismiss just grievances with mere perfunctory rubber-stamp replies. Furthermore, its work will be educational, for there is much to be done to explain to the public just what the law requires of each one of us. Theoretically, the law requires each of us to pay the taxes, and it does not require the Government to hunt them up and go after them. But if the Internal Revenue Bureau folded its hands and depended on that theory it would never collect $3,500,000,000.

GERMAN SPIES WHO TALK PEACE

Employed to Make Tools of Pacifists and Unthinking Workmen, Says A. Curtis Roth, Formerly American Vice Consul at Plauen

ABOUT 99 per cent. of the Americans are uninformed. And when they are uninformed and emotional, the German peace drive goes straight at them."

A. Curtis Roth, for seven years Vice Consul of the United States at Plauen, in Germany, and during those years "like one of the family," as he says, among German officers, police and Government officials and Secret Service men, has brought back to this country a solemn warning against German manoeuvres, not for war alone, but most of all for peace. It is a warning directed against American ignorance, American sentimentality, American good-nature and good-will. For of all those things, he points out, the German secret agents take advantage, and the German secret agent is something absolutely outside of the American's ken, in nothing more than in his use of the name of peace to serve the most insidious ends of war.

"There is nothing in the world like the German spy system," Mr. Roth said. "In this country we can't understand it. We can't grasp it unless we have lived with it and seen it work. That is why we are in danger from it. That is why I want to warn Americans especially about this 'peace' business.

"For the most menacing and insidious part of all the German spy and propaganda system, it seems to me, is that it does not only use Germans. It uses Americans. It uses neutrals, and other nationals. And the good-natured and gullible American is the natural prey of the German 'peace' propaganda. He is being used to sow dissension and thus weaken his own country.

"It is not the German-American, the man of German descent who has been brought up in this country, whom we have to fear. It is the man who has, whatever his ancestry, come under the influence of German national ideals and life. It is not, in other words, the nationality, but the life of the nation, that makes a difference. I think myself that in most cases the Americans of German parentage, who have themselves lived all their lives in this country, are harmless; they don't know anything about Germany except what they have heard from their parents, and they have never lived under the German system that makes a man a machine. But the Irish who hate England, the Swedes with German sympathies, the German Swiss who are for Germany in this war, the Americans who let themselves be taken in and influenced by German propaganda—they're dangerous. That is, they're dangerous if they follow German ideas and German leaders.

"'As a matter of fact,' Mr. Roth said seriously, 'when I was in Germany I knew two Americans who were actually in the German Secret Service. One was in Berlin and one in Rumania. They were very able, too.

"As for this country, and the German activities here," Mr. Roth continued, "I learned enough of German methods while I was in Germany to be convinced that the Germans know our country better than we know it ourselves. They know all about our Congress. They know our labor situation. They know our educational institutions, our city and State Governments and conditions, our public men. They know all these things to a point where they have them card-catalogued and indexed.

"And in their peace propaganda here, which, as every one knows, they have been carrying on since the war broke out in Europe, they know how to proceed. They know what men they can influence. They know what they can do in situations of labor unrest. They know where they can use discontent and where they can use the good-will and sentimentality of emotional and ignorant men and women. Their object is to keep us from being united. They are smart about it. They have been practicing and thinking all this secret service work for years. Dissension among the Allies and internal friction in the allied countries—that is what is back of it all, and that is what they are depending on to win the war.

"Not a German that I ever talked with doubts that Germany will win this war. And they believe that Germany will be victorious because they are banking so strong on German unity and allied lack of unity.

"That is what they are playing up in their 'peace' propaganda here, and that is why the German Secret Service agent, clever as he is in every way, seems to me to be a greater menace to us in his peace drive than in any other form of activity. As peace enthusiast and labor agitator, he is a great peril.

"And it is not, as I said in the first place, only the German. The trouble with the German Secret Service is that it does not depend on Germans alone. The Germans work upon the ignorant element in the native or resident population. I know that a great many so-called 'peace' agitators and organizers in this country are in it for money. Some I believe to be paid by Germany. Others get large sums of money through 'contributions to the cause.'

A Curtis Roth, Who Tells of Germany's Vast System for Boosting Mock Peace Talk.

"But for the great mass of Americans, I think the man who is really most dangerous is the man who is absolutely sincere, and who has been made the dupe of German influence. He is the emotional man, the man who knows nothing about war, the man who has always lived in an amiable, free, peaceable country, and to whom war is 'the most terrible thing in the world.' It is unspeakably horrible to him that any nation should set out to 'kill people.' He means well. But he is opposed to our fighting the Germans, or any one, because war is 'so horrible.' Well, war is horrible. It is horrible that we are in this war. The only thing is, it would be more horrible if we were not in it. We are fighting Germany because we have got to fight Germany. One of the things I became convinced of before I left Germany was that they wanted to get us into the war. And if those uninformed emotional pacifists were sent to Germany for two or three weeks, they'd all want to fight Germany tooth and nail!

"'We have well-manned organizations in the lands of our enemies and in neutral countries,' my friend of the Secret Service told me,' and when it is to our interest we shall build up such a peace sentiment as to be irresistible. Isn't it funny that we, a people bred to war and today waging war upon such an unprecedented scale, should at the same time be carrying on a peace propaganda greater than any the world has ever known?'"

It is this peace propaganda that Mr. Roth regards as our greatest danger from Germany. We must deeply fear the Germans even when bearing gifts, he tells us.

Of his own experiences, and of how he learned how easy it was for a foreign resident to gather information, he spoke along the same line.

"I was like one of the family in the Plauen district," he said. "The Secret Service man whom I quoted I knew well for years. I knew the Mayors, the police officials, army men, all kinds of prominent people, and from them I learned both what was going on in their own country and much of what their spies were doing all over the world. They told me about their work in Russia, and the victories it had brought them, though of course that was long before these latest happenings there. They told me about the activities in enemy countries, and information gathered in neutral lands. And at the same time they used to chat with me about their own army operations. I knew what was going on in Russia and Serbia, what the casualties were from day to day. I knew long ago that submarine warfare would be resumed. Of course they did not tell me concrete things about the workings of their system in the United States; there was a point beyond which they could not go. But they made it all sufficiently plain. They work, you see, through their diplomatic officials and their many reserve officers who are living in foreign countries in peace time, and in neutral lands in time of war, and gather information constantly, to say nothing of spreading propaganda through these persons. I have spoken of their use of neutrals.

"What America ought to do," he added, "is to get hold of the Germans in this country who are at the back of the German peace propaganda, and send them back to Germany, and keep them from entering the United States again. Interning them isn't enough. They ought to be deported. And if we get rid of the leaders, we'll have little trouble enough, I think, with the common people of German nationality. They are sheep. Their system has made them mechanical toys. They will do anything a man of the officer class tells them to do. But without him they will do nothing. Mix with the Germans here. Find and deport their leaders. That is the only way to free this country from the menace of false peace movements that are one of Germany's great means to try to win the war."

Two More "Mayor's Lamps"

AN old privilege which will be revived with the accession of Judge John F. Hylan as Mayor will be the placing of two lamps in front of his residence at 959 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, and their maintenance by the municipality as long as he or the immediate members of his family live in the house.

The custom dates back to the early days of the Dutch Burgomasters. It is supposed to have originated with the lantern bearers who were accustomed to escort the Burgomaster home with proper dignity from the historic city tavern or other places of genial entertainment. The lanterns were then left in front of the residence as a warning to any boisterous members of the town not to disturb the rest of the official ruler of the city.

The Mayor's lamp privilege was never enjoyed by Mayor Mitchel, as he has been an apartment dweller during his incumbency. So far as is known, Mayor Van Wyck was the only Mayor entitled to the lamps who refused to accept them, on the ground that they no longer served any useful purpose.

There are now Mayor's lamps on the residences of four former Mayors, none of whom is living, but which are occupied by members of the family. They are on the former homes of W. H. Wickham, 338 Lexington Avenue, near Thirty-ninth Street; William R. Grace, 31 East Seventy-ninth Street; Abram S. Hewitt, southeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Twenty-second Street, and Hugh J. Grant, 20 East Seventy-second Street.

The only other home of a former Mayor in front of which the old lamps are still standing is at 4 Gramercy Park, the home of James Harper, who was Mayor in 1844. He lived in Rose Street at that time, but moved about 1854 to the Gramercy Park house, and up to a few years ago the residence was occupied by members of the Harper family. The lamps in front of Mayor Seth Low's house, on the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, were removed just before his death, as he had given up the house as a residence, and it was altered for business purposes.

German Philosophy Reverts to Brute Force

Logical to a Certain Point, Its Fatal Flaw Is Rejection of Community Progress Which Constitutes Civilization

The following address (slightly abbreviated here) on the German evolutionary philosophy of the superior State was delivered by Major Crile at a recent meeting of physicians and their wives, under the auspices of the New York State Committee, Medical Section of the Council of National Defense, at the Waldorf-Astoria. Major Crile, who is one of America's foremost surgeons, is director of Base Hospital No. 4, in France, had just returned for a brief stay in the United States, after six months at the front. Since 1914 he has practically given up his time to war work. He was one of the first American surgeons to enlist for relief work in the European war, having sailed from New York on Dec. 30, 1914, at the head of the unit organized by Samuel Mather of Cleveland.

By DR. GEORGE W. CRILE,
Medical Officers' Reserve Corps.

WE are in war, but war is only a part of that in which we are involved; we are in a revolution of the moral, social, educational, and political systems of the great human race. War is the expression of but one phase of this fateful revolution. If we are to survive and remain free, we must accurately valne our own creed and the creed of our enemy, to the end that we may strengthen the foundation and augment the superstructure of our civilization.

Our enemy is guided by a definite and published philosophy. We must therefore establish and publish clearly our own philosophy. We must examine the validity of the principles for which we are contending, as well as of those against which we are contending. We must know the truth—are we right, or is our enemy right? Is there a flaw in the premises of the German State philosophy?

Through the schools and through the universities the ideas of the German philosophers, of Nietzsche and of Treitschke, in particular, have created a state of mind peculiar to Germany. This state of mind, in which religious elements are combined with biologic concepts, is the result, in part, of the implantation of the seeds of Darwin's theory of the survival of the fittest, in the struggle for existence, upon the intensely religious German mind.

The German adaptation of Darwin's conception may be expressed as follows: In nature the strongest and the most clever species of animal is best adapted for existence, hence that species survives and its competitors perish. German philosophy assumes that, among the peoples of the earth, the Germans, collectively and individually, are the strongest and the most clever. They conclude, therefore, that the German people are the fittest to survive; and that they, therefore, have the right to exercise their higher survival qualities. In the exercise of this right they conclude that they are entitled to take from other nations, by methods of peace or of war, their land, their wealth, their very existence itself, since this is the logical right of the fittest animal engaged in the struggle for survival. The German State philosophy not only assumes the right but holds it as duty to thus extend dominion by force over other people. Comparing the migrated German individual with individuals of other stock, we hold that the efficiency of the German State is not the result of any superiority of the German stock to the Anglo-Saxon or to the Latin stock, but that it is due to the establishment of an organization in which, by a type of collective effort, the individual, to a greater degree than is true of the individual in any other State, has given up his initiative—his will—to the State, which has been governed by an able and an honest ruling class. In other words, Germany has established what she calls a Kultur, by means of which a superior State has been created out of good average human beings. Therefore, when the Germans speak of their rights as those of the fittest, they refer to their State rather than to the individuals of that State.

For the purpose of our argument, let us accept the German premise that, at this period of history, the German State is the most highly efficient — in agriculture, in manufacture, in learning, in art, in science, and in war. Now, if in the last analysis might does give right, do the inexorable laws of evolution apply to human beings as they apply to lower animals and plants? Is force right?

Nothing but force gives the wolf the right to the life of the sheep; nothing but force gives the sheep the right to the grass; nothing but force gives the grass the right to the soil. On the basis of evolution alone, what gives man the right to take the milk from the cow or the wool from the sheep? What gives man the right to enslave animals; to kill millions of animals without their consent — not for their good, but for the good of man? What gives man the right to occupy the earth so completely to the disadvantage of many other worthy animals? FORCE and the ability to use that force to the advantage of man—that is the exercise of man's qualities of fitness. What gave our forefathers the right to dispossess the American Indian of a continent, not for the good of the Indian, but for the good of our ancestors; not at the request, nor with the consent of the Indian, but by the exercise, on the part of our ancestors, of greater fitness to survive? Within the period of history we have seen weaker races yield to stronger, fitter races. There is evidence that this occurred even more strikingly in prehistoric ages.

Dr. George W. Crile, Famous Surgeon of Cleveland, Now a Major in the Medical Reserve Corps.

Does it, then, follow that the German State is justified in exercising its superior fitness for survival against its less fit neighboring States? The German premise is this—Germany has established the fittest State for survival; Germany, therefore, has the right to exercise her survival faculties.

If this premise can be proved, then Germany is right; and this premise will be proved to be either true or false. It will be proved, not by theoretic considerations, but by the verdict of the present struggle. If the German wins permanently, then his premise becomes an established fact, and the German philosophers are right. The German supremacy would then be established, just as one species of plants or animals establishes its supremacy over another species when it migrates into the territory of the other. Evolution has always declared the victor to be right, and the present status of the numerous plants and animals that now occupy the earth is right, because of the exercise of their superior fitness to survive.

In the German premise, might is synonymous with fitness to survive. It is the fittest that survives, and it is true in nature that, in most instances, the fittest are the mightiest. This is true of most plants, of most trees; it is true of most animals. But it is equally true that some of the mightiest animals have proved less fit in the struggle than their competitors with other qualities. Even among the lower animals might does not always win.

The German philosopher, however, may say that intellectual might is as important as muscular might. This is true, and if Germany loses the present struggle it will not be because of a lack of physical or intellectual force or for want of cooperation or sacrifice of her people, but for another reason equally potent and based on the same biologic principle.

Let us recall the qualities that have enabled man to struggle successfully with other competing species. Compared with the animals over whom he has established his supremacy, man is not so strong, he is not so fleet, he is not so prolific, he is not so well equipped with means of defense or with means of offense. Compared with certain of these animals he is inferior in muscular power, in the sense of smell, of hearing, of sight, of touch, and in his means of protection against cold and heat and rain. He is less protected against disease and he is shorter lived. Man has no protecting carapace. He has no repellent odor. He has no sharp claws and no powerful teeth. He climbs a tree awkwardly. He is timid in water. In each of his several physical qualities he is outclassed by many animals.

If survival depended only upon might, a band of powerful gorillas would prevail over any band of men, just as the keen senses, the powerful limbs, the prowess of the lion have made him the ruler over less powerfully equipped animals.

As the fierce struggles during the evolution of animals progressed, man rose rapidly through the development of his master organ of strategy—the brain—and the evolution of his hands. In his brain was found the efficient substitute for teeth and claws, for fleetness and for keen senses.

Thus, in time, the caveman, the bushman, and the tribe developed.

Up to this point there is no flaw in the German logic, for, up to this point, the mightiest family and the mightiest tribe were right.

These primitive ancestors, however, were able to dominate but a limited environment; they barely held their own against many competing animals. In time certain momentous developments in the vast history of man occurred, viz., the discovery and control of fire, the cultivation of useful plants, the domestication of animals, the manufacture of simple tools. With these advances there developed an increasingly rapid control over the forces of nature and the human race began to multiply more rapidly. Instead of running away or fighting with his muscles, man learned more and more how to circumvent his enemies. One after another, useful additions were made to man's reactions, which, in turn, were augmented by his children.

As the means of controlling the forces of nature increased in number and as the handicraft and the machinery became more numerous and more nearly complete, as the work of man became more specialized and his needs more complex, he became increasingly dependent upon his fellows. Gradually there developed the most dominating of all the adaptations of man—the community adaptation—community behavior. The primary community reaction is co-operation through the division of labor with the exchange of the products of labor. This was the origin of justice. There could arise no code of laws among naked fruit-eating natives. With the railways and telegraphs, with the unfolding of physics and chemistry, with discovery and invention, man became increasingly dependent upon his fellow-men, and the principles of justice and mutual dependence became correspondingly intensified.

Thus it came to pass that those people were fittest who became the most completely adapted to gregarious life, viz., those who were most truthful and honest, just and diligent.

Primitive individualistic reaction, nevertheless, as against community reaction, still appeared; in fact, it appears frequently even now. This is the origin of selfishness, of stealing, of killing, &c. The community punished the individualistic—the selfish reactions—through co-operation, just as the community secures a living through co-operation.

As an adaptation against the strong individualistic selfish reactions, religions have been evolved. The great success of the teachings of Christ, of Boddha, of Mohammed, of all religious leaders, is due to the fact that fairness and honesty and justice are the foundations of community prosperity. Religions aim to develop altruism in their adherents—their duty to the race as well as to themselves. The greater the extent to which a people react to the good of the race the fitter are they to survive.

If an individual unjustly takes through stealth or by force what belongs to his neighbor, if he slays his neighbor, a protective reaction is awakened in the community against that individual. He is isolated from his fellows. He may even be killed for the general good, because he is unfitted for the community stage of evolution. But he is fitted for the life of the lower animals, the life of primitive man.

The individual who is most fair and just, most useful to his race—that individual is most fitted to survive. The successful dominance of the earth by man is due to the fact that, through experience, through religion, through training by parents and fellow-men, the majority of human beings strive to make the race better and to strengthen the bonds of social cohesion, or at least they do not strive to destroy social cohesion.

If nations are only multiples of individuals, if what is true of the individual is true of the nation, then we may find in this a possible flaw in the premises of the German State philosophy. If the same standard is applied to the State as to the individual, then Germany is less fit to survive than many other nations, because she has returned to the individualism of the lower animals and primitive man, reacting among the nations as the individual robber and the individual murderer reacts within the nation. Therefore, she awakens a protective reaction in other nations. Other nations must deal with her as a nation as they deal with individual robbers and murderers.

This individualistic German reaction interferes with the progress of the human race just as the robber and the murderer interfere with local progress within the State. The individual is punished so that his neighbor may live. Unfit Germany must be punished so that the human race may live; that, through altruism, it may maintain and increase its fitness to occupy the earth.

Now that Germany has put its State philosophy in the crucible, she finds that the world is against her. The nations are opposed to Germany for the same reason that the individuals of a community are opposed to a robber and a murderer. Germany is attempting to impose upon the world by force an altruism, for herself alone, based on force, against an altruism, for the entire human race, of modern religion based on simple justice. These two contradictory principles are contending for survival. If Germany achieves her aim—that is, if Germany conquers the world—then Germany's philosophy of force will be imposed upon the world. The men, the women, and the children of the world will then be governed by the State philosophy that one nation should prosper by the labor of the people of another nation; they will be governed by the belief that this State, highly adapted to conquer others by force, should exercise that force to the advantage of themselves alone. They are the wolf—we the sheep.

If the German philosophy should prevail, and, after the world was deluged in blood, broken, and impoverished, we should awake to find ourselves a part of such a State, what would happen?

First, there would be no alien peoples, hence there would be no States left to plunder. Germany's Kultur would then be obliged to earn its own living. Her State philosophy would then meet its first fallacy.

Again, when Germany has imposed her will upon the world, when she has achieved her super-Armageddon, when she has crushed to earth all opposition, then she will find herself without foes, without rivals. Without dangerous rivals the people of the State do not give up their will to the State. A military autocracy can be achieved only in the face of danger. Should Germany conquer all her enemies, she no less completely conquers the source of her own autocratic power. She would then be in the position of a cancer that had killed the body on which it fed. In what state, then, would the world find itself? To what previous cycle of history would this correspond? Force is not the source of State power that can endure; it is raised only to fall.

Even if Germany conquers the world by force, then she will not yet have proved her philosophy to be right, for the complete control of the individual by the State is made possible only by the presence of powerful neighbors or by neighbors who are feared by all the people of a State. In order to secure safety the individual gives himself to the State. It is only a normally weaker State that fears its neighbors; therefore, a Kultur such as the German Kultur can arise only in a State weaker in resources and in numbers of inhabitants than its rivals. The lesser State then strives for its permanent safety by destroying and by conquering its neighbor. When attached by the highly organized State, the larger but inefficiently organized State is then subjected to the same stimulus to development. The unorganized people then become stronger. The Kultur State can grow no stronger; hence, sooner or later, there will tend to be a balance of power established in favor of the larger State.

We must conclude, therefore, that the German philosophers have been reasoning from false premises. This conclusion is supported not only by the tenets of religion and biology, but by history and by an examination of the sources of national strength—the fitness of other nations. History tells us that attempts to rule by force as against justice have always failed, either by awakening the self-protective reactions in many contemporary powerful nations, or when a people have been brutalized into submission by the degeneration of both the conqueror and the conquered. It will follow that whether the German State wins or loses this war, it stands to lose ultimately.

The ephemeral success of State power based on the supreme right of the State contrasted with the lasting success of moral power based on the rights of the individual, as exemplified by the long reign of religions and of moral codes, is one of the outstanding facts of history. The greatest source of power is that which comes spontaneously and justly from the individual; that which requires a minimum of State power in order to mobilize it. The least source of power is that which is compelled by the State, because from the power of the individual must be subtracted the effort of the State to extract that power. The net result, therefore, is less under coercion than under voluntary performance.

Viewed in this light, one may readily understand why the State philosophy of Germany has failed as a colonizer, and why, with their opposing individualistic philosophy, the liberal powers succeed as colonizers. Formal submission may be compelled, but the seeds of discord grow in the damp shade of hate.

A short cycle of success with maximum unhappiness may be achieved by a State through the exercise of sheer force. The longer cycles of success with the maximum of happiness have been and probably will be secured by a State through the philosophy of the individual as expressed by religion and by moral codes. If the Allies fail in the history of today they will succeed in the history of tomorrow. If Germany succeeds in the history of today, Germany will fail in the history of tomorrow. Rather than to share the common fate of passing through the stunting cycle of disintegration following a present German success, it were better that we all now perish gloriously on the battlefield.

In spite of the fallacy of the German philosophers, they have, nevertheless, established in the German people action patterns of such surpassing strength that in the organized intelligence of the German people is our greatest menace. In fact, the present war is a contest of ideas rather than of men. In its broadest sense, it is the practical application of physics, chemistry, and biology in a mass struggle for the existence of nations.

The battle itself is the applied science of killing; survival is the result of knowledge supplied by a nation. Therefore it would appear that those who plan methods of destruction through the use of physical and chemical forces will profit by the viewpoint of those who have special knowledge of the effects of those forces on man and other animals, viz., men with an expert working knowledge of physics, chemistry, and biology.

Research and medicine and biology should not be limited to saving and repairing the wreckage, but should be directed also toward the methods of killing the enemy. To accomplish these ends a cohesion of scientific talents is essential. So long has Germany commandeered the talents of her universities and the intellect of her nation that the menace of Germany is giving the best intellects of her nation every facility and a forced draft to produce ideas.

If we expect to win we must meet discovery with discovery; we must meet loss with greater sacrifice; we must concentrate our business talent, our engineering talent, our medical talent, all our talents, on our battle line. Our universities and our laboratories must become our first line of trenches. Our universities should constitute the foundation of our national defense—our schools, the exponents of our creed of liberty.

Voluntary Draft of England's Women

It Is Hard to Find Any Who Are Not Helping to Win the War, Says Lady Chetwynd—How New York Is Different

FLAGS fly in a profusion never seen in time of peace; soldiers in increasing number give the streets a martial air; determination to defeat Germany at whatever cost is on the lips of almost every one—yet almost without exception the first comment of a visitor from England or France is:

"It is hard to believe from the appearance of New York that there is a war."

What are the striking differences between the look of London and Paris and of New York that form the basis for this comment? Lady Chetwynd of London, formerly Miss Rosalind Secor of New York, just arrived in this country, answers this question.

"The contrast that struck me first," she said, "was the luxury of life in New York, as compared with the extreme simplicity of London. What we have come to recognize as signs of war in England are not yet noticeable in New York. I see men at work in many positions which in England are now practically filled with women, in order that men may be released to serve as soldiers or in work which women cannot undertake. How would it strike New Yorkers to see women servants in men's clubs in order that the number of the men at the front may be increased? Yet that is what has taken place in London.

"Men conductors in the subway seems strange to me, coming direct from England. Long ago women took up this work in London. In transportation women as drivers have taken the place of men in nearly every class of work except as locomotive engineers.

"America has heard what women are doing in the rural districts and in the munition factories. But neither America nor any other country, outside of England itself, realizes what the women of that country are doing to win the war. To me it is the most wonderful expression of the war, and it is characteristic of it that no one who goes to England now could fail to notice at once. The women of Great Britain have been truly mobilized for war; as completely and practically as if they were under conscription. The force of opinion among them, that each should do her part side by side with the men, has been as compelling, one might say, as a legal requirement would have been. It is a spirit so strong that one who hesitates because of inconvenience or love of comfort finds herself drawn into service willy-nilly because of the stand women in general have taken on the subject.

Photo by E. O. Sappa.

Lady Chetwynd, Formerly Miss Rosalind Secor of New York, Thinks American Women Will Prove More Adaptable to War Work Than Any Others.

"It is beautiful to see how quietly the women have gone about it. No boasting, no unnecessary appeals to busy men for advice, no self-seeking for notoriety by leaders; just the simple concentrated desire to help all they can. In their grief, too, women have shown the same noble spirit of self-effacement. It is the custom not to wear black for the loss of a loved one, that no private display of grief may weaken in the slightest the national endeavor.

"So, too, women have overcome any tendency to hysteria because of the terrifying Zeppelin raids on London in the night. They have come to face the risk as a matter of course. But it is something that is trying on the nerves, nevertheless. Imagine how a woman would feel in New York if every night she went to bed not knowing whether a bomb would descend on the house; one fell within a short distance of my house in Hyde Park.

"There is, first, the signal whistle for all to clear to safety. Next the telephones are shut off, so that the girls employed at the exchanges may seek shelter. You can hear the throbbing of the engines in the air; then our guns going off, trying to bring the monsters down; then the broken shell pieces falling on the roof. It is an experience which one who has not been through it cannot conceive.

"Of all the work that the women of England are doing, the bravest of all, I think, is the work in the ammunition factories. They do this at no small risk. They must take all pieces of metal out of their clothes, even to hairpins, in order to lessen the danger of explosions. Their uniform consists of overalls and a cap. It is something to ask a woman to work at making shells for the killing of men, but they have overlooked that because of the great principle at stake.

"This, then, strikes me as the great difference between the appearance of war preparations in this country and those of Great Britain—you have not yet begun to realize the importance of saving man power by summoning women to every possible employment. I know the women here will respond when called upon, for I consider American women the most adaptable in the world, and certainly they have shown how loyal and helpful their spirit is in what they have already accomplished in aiding in the work.

"The beautiful dresses I see here, the opera, the candy on display in the shops, all these seem of a different world from that of London.

"My first night in New York made me realize more sharply how far I was from London—when all the lights were turned on, so gorgeous but so different from London. When evening comes there it is like primitive night."

Lady Chetwynd has been active in women's war relief in England. Soon after the beginning of the war she appeared on the stage in a play given to raise money for charity.

An International Anthem—Britain and America

Tune: "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," and "God Save the King"

I.

TWO Empires by the Sea,
Two Nations great and free
One Anthem raise.
One race of ancient fame,
One tongue, one faith we claim,
One God, whose glorious name
We love and praise.

II.

What deeds our fathers wrought,
What battles we have fought,
Let Fame record.
Now vengeful passion cease,
Come victories of Peace,
Nor Hate nor Pride's caprice
Unsheath the sword.

III.

Though deep the sea and wide,
'Twixt realm and realm its tide
Binds strand to strand.
So be the gulf between
Gray coasts and islands green
With bonds of Peace serene
And Friendship spann'd.

IV.

Now, may the God above
Guard the dear lands we love,
Both East and West.
Let love more fervent glow,
As peaceful ages go,
And strength yet stronger grow,
Blessing the blest.

THE words of the International Anthem were written by Charles Huntington and were first sung to music composed by Mrs. Hattie Lambert Wallenstein at a dinner given by the American Peace and Arbitration League in honor of President Taft, at Sherry's, Feb. 22, 1913. Mrs. Wallenstein dedicated her music to Andrew Carnegie.

Soon after the great war began in 1914 the anthem was heard in St. Paul's Cathedral, London, to the tune of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," and "God Save the King." Unlike those two songs, it has no chorus.

Major Gen. J. F. Bell, commanding the national army cantonment at Camp Upton, L. I., called attention to the anthem in a letter published in THE NEW YORK TIMES last Monday morning. He recommended the singing of the song at public gatherings as a means of encouraging the cordial relations between the United States and Great Britain.

Gene Field's Joke That Has Been Untold All These Years

A POET'S jokes live after him, his poems are buried with him in the grave—might be said of the way Denver keeps the memory of Eugene Field. Not that the city where Field lived and wrote for a newspaper in the days before fame came to him is lacking in appreciation of his verse. But, primarily, it is as a man with a genius for chastening practical jokes that Denver cherishes the name of Field.

At this kind of joking Field was a master, able to lay out a plot broad enough to have the whole city for a background and sometimes with a good part of the city assembled to behold the roaring climax. A practical joke of this type was Field's "Patent Fire Extinguisher," here told, it is believed, for the first time. Fred P. Johnson, publisher of The Denver Daily Stockman-Record, who was a reporter in Denver when Field lived there, is the narrator.

"I have forgotten the man's name," said Mr. Johnson, "but he introduced himself to Denver as the Colonel Something-or-Other, and we shortened it at once to 'The Colonel.' He was a very tall man of inflated dignity, with a long flowing mustache, and from the outset he tempted Denver by wearing a shiny silk hat. His idea of conversation was making a speech; he was full of large, unusual words. He had a patent fire extinguisher for sale, something in a bottle he threw on the fire and which he said would extinguish the flames. In making the rounds of the newspapers he met Field, who at once became deeply interested in the fire extinguisher proposition. The Colonel spoke proudly the next day of the interest Mr. Field was taking in him. He said he was going to give a public demonstration of the fire extinguisher, and Mr. Field was so impressed with the importance of the exhibition to the future of Denver that he had offered to assist.

"The Colonel had a large supply of his fire extinguishers stored in the basement of the old Windsor Hotel. He needed some one to do the heavy work in getting ready for the demonstration, and naturally turned to his new friend, Field. Gene provided the helper in the person of an old darky named Uncle Sam.

"At length the night of the demonstration arrived. It was held uptown, and a large crowd was present. Field had seen to that. He had kindly given the Colonel a writeup in advance. The Colonel was surely in his element; minute by minute you could see him swell with pride as the crowd increased. There was a pile of dry-goods boxes and empty barrels in the middle of the lot where the show was pitched. Near by stood the faithful attendant, Uncle Sam, with a bunch of the far-famed hand-grenade fire extinguishers. Field was there, too, ominously solemn looking.

"The Colonel started ceremonies by making a speech. In grandiose fashion he told what the fire extinguishers would do. 'But you need not rely on my words,' he wound up, 'nor on the guarantee that accompanies each and every bottle. You are here as citizens of Denver to see for yourselves. Watch me extinguish flames right before your eyes.

"'Sam,' he said with extreme pomposity, 'put this torch to yon pile of wooden débris.'

"Sam lighted the dry-goods boxes. The flame kindled quickly.

"A few moments later, when the flame was of good size, the Colonel addressed the crowd again:

"'Now, gentlemen,' he said, 'watch how quickly I extinguish these flames.'

"Then he grasped one of the grenades from the extended hands of Uncle Sam and threw it into the fire. There was a tingling crash of splintering glass and—whoof!—the flames leaped 20 feet into the air. For an instant the Colonel stood stricken with amazement. He grabbed another grenade from Uncle Sam and dashed it into the fire. With a roar as of a small conflagration a sheet of flame sprang higher than before. By this time the crowd was laughing and jeering.

"Wildly the Colonel cast still another grenade into the fire. Worse than before. It looked like it would be necessary to call out the Fire Department. 'There is some mistake,' cried the Colonel, and snatched a bottle from the darky. He drew out the cork and took a sniff.

"'Coal oil!' he shouted. 'I have been betrayed!'

"The Colonel, the bombast all wilted out of him, finally got hold of some genuine bottles, but it was too late to make a dent on that fire. Field, going to the rescue, closed the meeting with a few remarks appropriate to the occasion, something like this:

"'Fellow-citizens,' he said, 'I am sure some one has taken advantage of my good friend, the Colonel. Evidently some practical joker has surreptitiously placed petroleum in his fire-extinguisher bottles in the place of the genuine liquid. I still have every confidence in the merit of his preparation and take the privilege of announcing that tomorrow night another demonstration will be given, and I will see myself that no one tampers with the bottles. Come one, come all.'

"'You won't lose anything by this,' said Field, turning to the Colonel. 'The crowd will be larger than ever tomorrow.'

"Sure enough the crowd was bigger the next night and very much edified, for the Colonel made good with his demonstration, but noticeably disappointed, for Field kept his word and 'saw that no one tampered with the bottles.' It was characteristic of Field that he aided the Colonel in unloading fire extinguishers on good citizens of Denver. Probably some of those bottles are around here yet."

War's Subtle Changes in New York Life

Although the City Is Outwardly Moving in the Same Old Ways, There Are Marked Differences Just Beneath the Surface

By RICHARD BARRY.

THE war has not meant great outward changes in the superficial ways of New York. Business is going on as usual. Social life is curtailed only in a measure. The theatres are bidding loudly for attention. The newspapers have not reduced their size. The bread lines are no longer than in former years at this time. No other metropolis—London, Paris, Berlin, Petrograd, Vienna, Rome—is so little affected.

But there are subtle changes.

For one thing, the débutantes are not "coming out" this year. In other years the open season for débutantes began with the falling of the leaves. Fashionable social life expressed its lyric genius in a cumulative series of events designed to reveal feminine Spring in its most ardent mood. Not in 1917. For where are the boys of yesteryear? In the trenches—or going there.

For another thing, eating has followed drinking as one of the pastimes no longer in vogue. People began by not serving cocktails and they have ended up by cutting out desserts and having only one vegetable. It is yet most doubtful if the working people or the middle class of the city are going in for rigid food curtailment, but nothing pleases the rich so much—the smart rich—as the fad for economy. No longer are the tables of the wealthy a fair field for an impecunious and personable young man enamored of the casual invitation out. One such requested recently to a luncheon at a fashionable home discovered the meal to consist of an inch-square piece of anchovied toast, a sprig of lettuce, and half a boiled egg with a thin sauce. In former years he would have had at least five hearty courses. In Horse Show week of 1917 he was obliged to excuse himself prematurely and seek a saloon, where for 10 cents he got a plate of beans. To have called attention to his hunger would have been unpatriotic, as well as rude, and he felt, as it was, that his clandestine indulgence on a side street was in some measure an act of treason, if not lèse hospitality.

And the knitting! What a field for exploration! There must and will be a literature on the subject. Already two handbooks are out and a work of fiction promised. This extraordinary popular activity has seized the feminine half of the community with a democratic disregard of classes. The servant and the mistress are alike obsessed; it has overflowed the homes, is in the streets and offices, swarming through the hotels and the buses and taxicabs, into the theatres and the churches alike. Any afternoon you can see well-dressed girls sauntering up Fifth Avenue knitting, knitting. The scherzo of this sublime symphony of wartime endeavor occurred on the opening night of the opera, when scores of matrons arrived with their knitting to listen to Caruso and Muzio and Amato.

There are women who refuse to buy new gowns, but specialize in expensive knitting bags. Shops which cannot sell other materials elaborate their knitting bag and knitting silk counters, and from dawn to dark these places are packed. One woman who ordinarily buys a suit every Fall for about $150, this year made her last year's suit do, on the score of war economy, and then bought a knitting bag elaborately embroidered by hand for $175. Out of this, in the course of the Winter, she will be able to produce, through patriotic and industrious devotion, probably three pairs of socks worth 50 cents apiece and a boy's sweater that might be purchased better made for $5.75. Or, deducting the contribution to the "boys over there" of $7.25, the net to the embroidered knitting bag trust is $167.75.

But, of course, the knitters with common sense, who don't waste their money, are in the majority.

Just how much the shops are hit would be hard to say. They all keep a stiff upper lip. "Doing very well, thank you," is the invariable reply to inquiries about the state of business. But it requires no uncannily keen observer to note that window shopping is a greater craze than ever this season.

The men have a better alibi than the women for not buying. They, too, indulge in window shopping and a bit of counter prospecting, but they can usually evade the final clincher of the salesman with, "I'll not buy until I see how I come out on the next draft." The salesman is obliged to smile politely, though he may confront a gray-head with fallen arches, ten inches excess girth, bad eyesight, and false teeth.

As a general thing, it is the middle class that is hardest hit. It is only natural that the well to do set the pace in curbing show. They force or persuade their help to eat less; they keep their jewels in the safety deposit vaults; instead of half a dozen new gowns they have but one. It is fashionable to eliminate liquor, cut down on meat, and otherwise observe the canonical law. It is easier this year for the Pittsburgher or Chicagoan to break into the grand tier of the opera on opening nights. The Horse Show can exist only as an auxiliary to the Red Cross. The foreign-built limousines, so exclusive that only a few are built in any one season, are paroled in custody of the Government. Many of the town mansions that formerly housed families of two are closed, and the inmates have abandoned themselves to apartments of ten rooms and only a few baths.

While it may be assumed that most labor is patriotic, the war has afforded an opportunity for high-handedness to that part of labor which is selfish and tyrannical. Wages mount and mount and mount. The fellow we knew as "Jim," who came at our call on a long-established and never-questioned scale of pay, is now "Mr. James." We politely wait his convenience and ask him what is the least he will take. Strikes are in many cases no longer necessary. Merely to hint at one is as good as a 10 per cent. raise. And if the master's table is cut down, the servants' hall won't stand for it. A lady who ordered fishcakes for Tuesday was startled by Biddy's defiance, "Ain't fish on Friday enough? No working person is going to stand for fish twice a week."

But the middle class! Wages are being raised plentifully, but who has heard of a general raise of salaries? The man who used to get $4 a day is now getting $6.50, but the man who used to keep books at $25 a week is still getting the same $25. Wartime conditions are such that even a generous employer does not feel justified in increasing his payroll unless it becomes obligatory.

In the professions the almost-arrived and the would-bes are as badly off as the has-beens and the never-weres. The struggling lawyer can't pay his rent. The beginning doctor has plenty of work, but bad collections, and France looks good to him. The often-but-not-always actor is studying the rules of the quickest union. The nearly author has dropped his club and is asking how he can get into the war. The collector on his rounds talks less of courts and bailiffs and more of partial payments of the most fractional order.

Of course, luxuries are the first to go. There will be only half as many greenhouses on Long Island this Winter as last; the materialists who control our economies declare that flowers form the first line of defense—and must be the first to fall. Candy suffers, too, but not like flowers, for candy is the camouflage of food and the alterative of alcohol.

Ruskin declares that war is the mother of great art. If so, our American art must be little, for it is hard hit. The sales in some lines, like etching, have all but ceased. This is only in its commercial aspect, while Ruskin spoke of the technical and the spiritual. Time may prove again the truth of his observation. Meanwhile, the talent thriving on illustration, on liberal purchases, on inland exhibitions is being nipped in the bud or thrown into the alley to die—or thrive hardily despite the frost.

The effect on the theatres is curious. All ordinary attractions fall almost instantly. In one week seven stars folded their tents on Broadway. Plays that might have prospered in some other season have no chance this year. A few plays and big musical spectacles are breaking all records. Now that the lights of the Great White Way are lessened, this division will be doubtless heightened; greater success for the successes, greater failure for the failures.

In fine, the major effect of the war, if we must search for one phrase to express everything, is that it has intensified our life. And in almost every direction—in food, in clothing, in work, in thrift, in amusement, in aspiration, in determination. It has cured many trifling vicious habits, and some of the dissipated it has hurled into deeper dissipation. The all-night supper clubs were never so prosperous; the rise in the price of liquor has trebled the intake of a few bars, the most expensive bars, while a quarter of the corner saloons are contemplating going out of business.

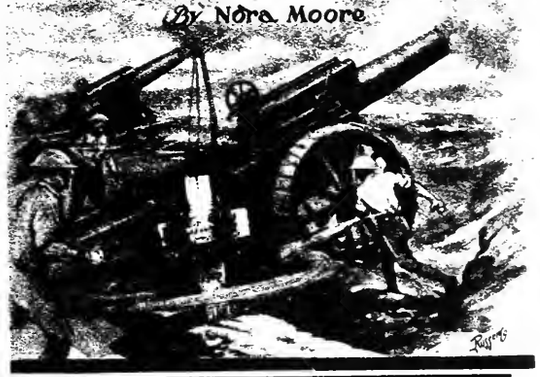
Another subtle phase of the war's effect is this: It has undoubtedly intensified the racial lines in this city, at the same time that it has been harmonizing them into an American whole. It has revivified the Italians and quickened a loyalty to their native land. The New York French never were so French before. The New York Spanish for the first time stand out as an integral factor in our communal life. The Germans, though mostly loyal in all outward manner to their adopted country, and in no sense showing allegiance to the Kaiser or his Government, have in many instances become more alert to the Teutonic racial influences than they were before the war. The circulation of German newspapers has not decreased, it is said. German theatres are thriving and German societies, though expressing patriotic purposes, and that evidently sincerely, are increasing.

We see the outward manifestation of these undercurrents on every side. A Spanish play is one of the sensational hits of the day. A French company of actors has arrived, to find a new theatre and a new house waiting for them and a wider and more fashionable public than existed for French plays before, which is saying a great deal. In the Fifth Avenue shops English antiques are the vogue.

The war has done it. The war has cleansed, heightened, exalted the streams from other soils, and they are washing through ours with multiplied power, not to carry us away, not to disintegrate us, but to accentuate the fact that the American is the component of all, the audience for all, the jury for all, the customer for all, and the alleviator of all.

A GRAVE IN FRANCE

By Nora Moore



I CANNOT bring you flowers, for always
round your grave
The guns unceasing rave;
But, oh, Beloved and Best,
Upon the Cross of wood that marks the place
you died
My heart is crucified,
And watches o'er your rest.
I cannot bring you flowers.

—From The Graphic.

Stormy Career of the Holy City of Jerusalem

Objective of the British Advance Through Palestine Has Suffered Many Sieges and Obeyed Many Masters

By CHARLES JOHNSTON.

AS soon as General Allenby's forces had captured Jaffa and outflanked Jerusalem, taking possession of the railroad leading to the ancient city through the hills from the Mediterranean, it became apparent that n further advance along the coast would compel the retreat of the Turkish Army, or the remnant of it, without further fighting. A still greater movement to the north would mean a Turkish withdrawal to Aleppo, whence the main railroad runs to Bagdad. It was a foregone conclusion that the British Army would soon take Jerusalem, the city around which wars have raged for more than three thousand years.

The best word-picture of the ancient city is Pierre Loti's. He went thither on a pilgrimage from Egypt across the desert, along the same line which has been followed by the English forces. "The sun rises, pale, ominously yellow, a sun of storm, amid threatening clouds," he writes. "Beyond, a large city is gradually revealed, on stony and mournful mountains; through the dust and lashing rain it is not easy to distioguish it. * * * Jerusalem, recognisable from all other towns, with its formidable walls and its little cupola-covered roofs of stone; Jerusalem, gloomy and high, inclosed within its battlements, under a dark sky. * * *"

Pierre Loti has painted with equal beauty the wonderful building which now dominates Jerusalem and, at red sunset, stretches its shadow across the Mount of Olives, the great Mosque of Omar, the "Dome of the Rock," which stands in the midst of the old inclosure of the temple: "The blue mosque becomes more distinct; it seems as if its walls were overspread with variegated jewelry in open work, half pale turquoise and half vivid lapis lazuli, with a little yellow, a little white, a little green, a little black, soberly employed in very fine arabesques."

Almost without a break during thirteen centuries Jerusalem has been in Moslem hands, since the Caliph Omar captured it after a four months' campaign. The Persians, who had taken it in the year 614 of our era, were forced to surrender it fifteen years later to the Emperor Heraclius. Eight years later Omar took it; and, a few years after, the "Dome of the Rock," called the Mosque of Omar, was built in its magnificent beauty by Abd al Malik, "the Slave of the Lord." Godfrey de Bouillon captured the ancient city in 1099, establishing the Latin kingdom of Jerusalem, but in 1187 the chivalrous Saladin recaptured it and rebuilt the ruined walls. Then Richard I. of England essayed to free Jerusalem again, and did indeed come within sight of the historic city, but withdrew without completing his high undertaking. Richard Coeur de Lion did, however, capture the port of Jaffa. He himself describes its capture in a letter dated Oct. 1, 1191:

As we were neating Asruf, Saladin came swooping down upon us. But, of God's mercy, we lost no man of importance, save one. * * * Thence by God's will we came to Jaffa, which we have fortified with ditch and wall. * * * Saladin lost an infinite number of his greatest men; and being put to flight, in the absence of all help and counsel, he has laid waste the whole land of Syria. On the third day before Saladin's defeat we were ourselves wounded with a spear in the left side; but, thanks to God, we have now regained strength. Know also that by twenty days after Christmas we hope, through God's grace, to receive the Holy City of Jerusalem.

But to Richard's demand, Saladin returned a flat refusal: "To us," he wrote to Richard Coeur de Lion, "Jerusalem is as precious, aye, and more precious, than it is to you, in that it was the place whence our Prophet made his journey by night to heaven and is destined to be the gathering place of our nation at the last day. Do not dream that we shall give it up to you."

In June of the following year, King Richard I. of England and his army, "stationed outside Askalon, being now quite ready for the march, issued from Askalon and with early dawn set out for Jerusalem. * * * Now, when the Turks who dwelt in Jerusalem heard from the fugitives that King Richard was approaching, they were terribly afraid, so much so that, had the King at that moment advanced in full force, the Turks would assuredly have forsaken Jerusalem. * * * Even Saladin had called for his best horse, so that he might flee from the face of King Richard, whose coming he dared not await."

But King Richard, taking counsel of discretion, determined otherwise. "The circuit of Jerusalem," he said, "so far as we hear, is very large and, if our little host were to attempt to close it in on every side, our numbers would not suffice for the siege and the protection of those who bring up our stores." Therefore, he withdrew his forces and, after some delay caused by a severe illness, returned to Europe, where he was betrayed by a spy and imprisoned in Austria.

What Richard I. had failed to accomplish after much hard fighting was attained a generation later by diplomatic negotiation by Frederick II., who held Jerusalem by treaty for fifteen years, from 1229 to 1244. It is one of the curiosities of history that this most successful Crusader set forth under sentence of excommunication; that, on his arrival at Jerusalem, this ecclesiastical condemnation against him laid the city under interdict, so that he was compelled to crown himself King of Jerusalem, since no ecclesiastic could perform the ceremony. But as soon as he returned to Italy the sentence was removed and the greatness of his deed was recognized.

After 1244 Jerusalem was under the rule of the Sultans of Egypt until the year 1517, when Selim I. conquered both Palestine and Egypt, taking the title of Caliph, and carrying off the sacred banner of the Moslems to Constantinople. Selim's son, Suleiman the Magnificent, once more built the great walls about Jerusalem. These walls of Suleiman are the present fortifications of the city.

But the great walls of Suleiman the Magnificent are only the last of a long series of walls which, time after time, have been built only to be destroyed. The most tragical destruction not only of the walls, but also of the whole city, was that which was carried out by the Roman armies of Titus, in the year 70 of our era, in the reign of the Emperor Vespasian.

Josephus thus describes the final capture of the city:

And now the earthworks were finished, and the Romans brought up their engines; and some of the seditious, already despairing of saving the city, retired from the wall; others hid themselves in the underground passages, though many stood their ground and defended themselves against those that brought up the battering rams. But the Romans overcame them by their numbers and strength, and, what was the principal thing of all, by going cheerfully about their work, while the Jews were already quite dejected and worn out. Now, as soon as part of the wall was battered down, and some of the towers yielded to the impression of the battering rams, those that manned the wall fled. * * * Thus did the Romans, when they had taken such great pains about weaker walls, get by good fortune what they could never have got by their engines; for three of the towers were too strong for any siege engines. * * *

The Romans, being now masters of the walls, placed their standards upon the towers, and made joyful acclamations for the victory they had gained. * * * Rushing into the streets of the city with their swords drawn, they slew those whom they met without mercy, and set fire to the houses into which the Jews had fled, and burned every soul in them. * * * They ran every one through whom they met, and blocked up the streets with dead bodies, and made the whole city run with blood, to such a degree, indeed, that the fire of many of the burning houses was quenched with these men's blood. And they left off slaying at evening, but the fire greatly prevailed in the night. And the day, when it dawned, found all Jerusalem burning.

The city, thus tragically destroyed, was rebuilt by the Emperor Hadrian, but a revolt in the year 132, under Bar-Cochebas, brought the might of the Romans against it, and it was again destroyed. Then Jerusalem became a Roman colony, and a temple of Jupiter Capitolinus was built on the site of the Temple, where the Mosque of Omar now stands. With the rise of the Eastern Empire at Constantinople the fortunes of Jerusalem also rose; in the year 460 the Empress Eudoxia rebuilt the walls, and a later Byzantine Emperor built a shrine on the Temple inclosure. But, in the year 614, Jerusalem was captured by Chosroes, King of Persia, and it soon passed into Moslem hands.

In the period which lay behind its capture by Titus, Jerusalem had passed through a long series of tragic wars, and been overtaken by the greatest misfortunes since the epoch of the Captivities. After those great devastations by Eastern tyrants and conquerors Jerusalem was caught in the vortex of Greek and Roman wars. Alexander the Great, conquering Palestine and Egypt, spared the historic City of Jerusalem, but its walls were razed in the year 320 before our era by one of Alexander's Generals, Ptolemy I., to whom Egypt fell at Alexander's death. The walls, rebuilt by Simon a century later, were again destroyed, this time by Antiochus Epiphanes, successor of another of Alexander's Generals. Rebuilt three years later by the heroic Judas Maccabaeus, the walls were once more thrown down by the Greeks, to be rebuilt by Jonathan. Herod the Great made Jerusalem a rich and powerful capital, but the Roman General Pompey besieged the Temple hill in the year 65 before our era and again destroyed the walls. Restored by Herod Antipater, they were again destroyed by the Romans, who stormed the city in the year 37.

So we pass backward, through so many wars and devastations, to the period of the Captivities. In the first, about the year 588 before our era, the King of the Chaldees took Jerusalem and "slew their young men with the sword in the house of their sanctuary, and had no compassion upon young man or maiden, old man or him that stooped for age. * * * And they burnt the house of God, and brake down the wall of Jerusalem, and burnt all the palaces thereof with fire, and destroyed all the goodly vessels thereof. And them that had escaped from the sword, carried he away to Babylon." The days of weeping by the waters of Babylon were followed by days of rejoicing when, under Cyrus, King of Persia, the decree went forth that the walls of Jerusalem should be built up once more.

The city thus rebuilt had grown by accretions since the time, 500 years before, when David captured it—then it was merely a hill fort of the Canaanites—strengthened its fortifications, and made it the new capital of his kingdom. He built the first palace and temple, of hewn logs only, to give place to the great structures of stone set up by Solomon. Many temples, many shrines, have succeeded each other on the same foundations, including a temple of Jupiter and the Moslem Mosque of Omar, but none of them vies in enduring fame with the great Temple of King Solomon.

How It Feels When German Airmen Make a Raid Over London

I WAS sitting in a theatre a little more than a week ago, when the barking of the guns began like the baying of dogs when thieves are at the gate," writes E. Temple Thurston, an Englishman in describing an air raid on London. "The place was crowded, and through the house you could feel that shudder of expectancy pass through every mind, like ripples on a still and peaceful pond when a stone is suddenly flung into the placid water. Had there been a pulsometer attached to every wrist, the swaying finger would have swung round in that moment marking a high pulse rate. Every one was thinking the same sort of thing: 'What is going to happen next? Where are they now?' Upon every mind there fell that weighted sense of foreboding and presentiment as when a thunderstorm is in the air and sooner or later must burst.

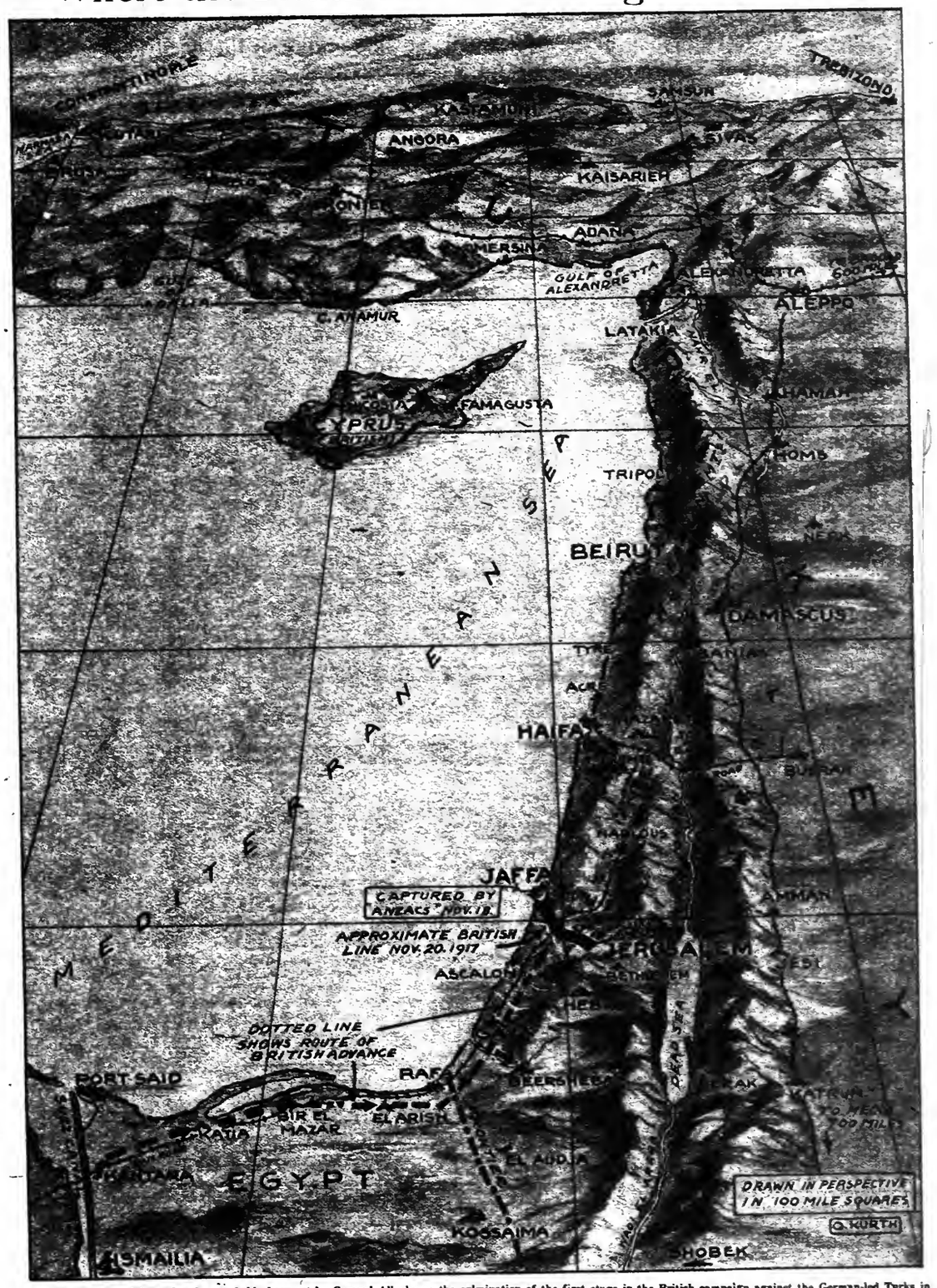
"There is no avoiding that sensation. The most nerveless must have some glimmering of what I mean. For an instant it catches the breath in the throat; as with a jack-boot, it kicks the heart into sudden tumult, and then there settles down upon one's senses the feeling that some ponderous weight is pressing one down, boxing one in, and nothing can be done but sit and wait until it is passed. There is a fatal inevitability about it.

"In those moments one feels no more incensed with the German aviators than in a thunderstorm one feels angry with God. There they are in the sky above one's head, and on they must fly, dropping their bombs as they go until they are out of range of you. You cannot be annoyed with anything so inevitable as that. It is only afterward, when the strain is passed, when in cold blood and with a steady pulse, that one sees the damage which has been done or reads of the lives that have been taken, that one's gorge rises at the thought of that Higher Command in Germany deliberately designing this warfare against noncombatant people and gaining courage for their brutality in the proclamation to the world that they themselves should be immune.

"These were the sensations of almost every one that night, as I sat in the theatre and the distant boom of the falling bombs grew nearer and nearer as the increasing tattoo of the anti-aircraft guns heralded their approach. Like a wave it went, rippling, incredibly swift, up to the very walls.

"About twenty people got up from their seats in the upper parts of the house under the roof—about twenty out of some thousands—that was all. And on the stage a girl was singing a love-ditty. I looked at her, expecting some instant's pause, some movement, however brief, in which one could trace that tremor of sensation in her. It came. But it was not in the voice; it was not in her face, or in any impulsive gesture that she made. She just raised her eyes to that part of the house where those twenty people had risen from their seats, and as plain as words—plainer, indeed, than those which she was singing—her eyes said, 'Aliens,' and she went on with her song."

Where the British Are Advancing in Palestine



The capture of Jerusalem has probably been set by General Allenby as the culmination of the first stage in the British campaign against the German-led Turks in Palestine. This first stage may be said to be the protection of the Suez Canal against possible attack by means of aggressive offensive instead of passive defensive operations. In accordance with such a plan, Allenby's forces took Gaza, Beersheba, Askalon, and Jaffa in rapid succession, and soon placed Jerusalem in danger of a siege. By advancing along the shores of the Mediterranean he kept within close reach of his communications by sea.

The second stage of the campaign will probably be an advance along the coast toward Aleppo. Capture of this place, where the railway from Jerusalem joins the line from Constantinople to Bagdad, (the famous Berlin-Bagdad Railway,) will seriously threaten Turkish forces operating to the southeastward against the British.

Nonresistance and Anarchy Closely Allied

An Arraignment of the Selfishness and Immorality of the Pacifists Attitude When Their Country Calls for Help

By J. G. PHELPS STOKES

THE man or woman who sees a human being in serious trouble and who, being able to help, does nothing, is evidently a pretty poor sort of man or woman. The man or woman who sees the life of another endangered, and who for purely selfish reasons withholds such help as he or she is well able to give, is a good deal of a cad; while he or she who should look with unconcern upon the torture or plundering of another, taking the position that the sufferings of another need particularly concern none but the sufferer, would evidently be despicable.

He who is unwilling to help a member of his family or a neighbor in distress is a pretty poor sort of a person to have in a family, or a pretty poor sort of a neighbor; and similarly the nation or the people that is unwilling to help another nation or another people that calls for help in an unparalleled crisis scarce merits a position of respect in the family of nations.

The member of a trade union who is unwilling to bear his share of the common burden involved in protecting and promoting the interests of his union is usually rightly looked upon with contempt, and the man or woman who is unwilling to assume his fair share, or to have his nation assume its fair share, of the burden of protecting such liberties as mankind has painfully achieved, wherever they are threatened, is entitled to little respect from his fellow-men, or even from himself.

The nation that prefers to stand by itself alone enjoying such peace, tranquility, and prosperity as can be enjoyed in the midst of a world at war, preferring ease and safety outside the struggle rather than to share in the common task of checking wholesale violators of rights and liberties common and essential to all, has slight claim to the respect of any one. Such a nation would properly be looked upon with contempt by those who are enduring every hardship and even offering their lives that a great common cause may live and prosper.

It is alleged by some that if all would fold their hands and bend their necks when tyranny is threatened, some providential force would intervene to check the impending blow and the threatened devastation, and yet those who urge this are unable to find in history any instance in which such superhuman force has intervened to save the lives and liberties of a people threatened with destruction who were unwilling to help themselves. Perhaps it is true that under some circumstances life of some other kind than physical is saved or ennobled by nonresistance to evil. Perhaps under some circumstances the individual is justified in sacrificing himself or herself through nonresistance, if the welfare of no other is at stake. But the case is very different where the welfare of others is vitally concerned. It is very base to stand nonresistingly by while vast numbers of helpless humans are being sacrificed to the ruthlessness of others, if, being able to help, one does nothing. It may be doubted whether the desired personal salvation is ever earned by nonresistants who, seeking salvation for themselves, abandon others to destruction.

In the midst of a world at war, the nonresistant attitude may be the most selfish and immoral imaginable. In those rare cases where self-sacrifice without resistance brings spiritual gain to the individual nonresister, he should consider whether his personal gain is not purchased at too great a price if in, and by, paying it he afford freedom to a tyrant group to devastate and destroy the lives of countless thousands who through such destruction are deprived of all opportunity for further growth in body or in spirit themselves. Whatever may be said as to the morality or immorality of nonresistance to wrong done to one's self, the case is far different where one knowingly and deliberately permits grievous wrong to be done to others. One may perhaps permit wrong to be done to one's self for the benefit of another, but one surely has not the right to permit wrong to be done to others for the benefit of one's self or for the sake of any satisfaction one may derive from refusing, as a nonresistant, to help protect and save one's neighbor.

From the earliest days of this Republic the obligation of universal service, in emergencies, has been rightly incumbent upon all who are physically capable of serving. Every able-bodied man between 18 and 45 has always been subject to the President's call to defend the liberties of the nation. Every able-bodied citizen has always been subject to the call of the Sheriff of his county to join the posse comitatus and do his share, under arms, to preserve internal peace. Every citizen of our great cities has always been under obligation to respond to the call of any police officer for aid in a sudden emergency. The whole tendency of the democratic movement of the times is to broaden the range of the citizen's duty, and to require that each shall serve the State who would be served by it in turn. "There are no rights," said Mazzini, "without their corresponding duties." No man has a right to the physical protection of the State who will not render reciprocal physical protection to the State that physically protects him, and no man or woman has a right to participate as a citizen in the law-making power of a nation or of a community of nations who is unwilling to help enforce the laws that he or she helps to make.

J. G. Phelps Stokes, Once a Socialist, But No Pacifist.

Of course, there are nonresistants who say they are quite willing to serve the State, but that they must be permitted to serve in ways of their own choosing. This is essentially the anarchistic contention which denies the obligation of the individual to submit to being governed by the will of another or by any group, great or small. Such nonresistants should frankly class themselves as anarchists, and cease to profess allegiance to the ideals of democracy.

Then there are those who admit theoretically the propriety of majority rule, but allege that Governments such as ours often fail to represent the will of the majority, and that unless the individual nonresistant believes the Government to be accurately responsive to the popular will, in a given instance, he or she may disregard its decrees. The difference between this position and that of the anarchist is not easy to define; but even if we were to admit (which I shall not do) that individual anarchist or a group has the "right" to disregard the will of those who support a democratic Government, it is at least as true that those who support the Government have a no less right to disregard the will of the individual anarchist or his group.

In either case the disregarding is at the peril of him who disregards; but where the supporters of a Government believe that they would fare a still greater peril by yielding to the will of an anarchistic faction, their refusal to yield is logical; and it is hardly less obvious that for a democratic Government to permit its purposes to be frustrated by an anti-Governmental faction would be a betrayal of the trust imposed upon it by those who support it in power. Those who place a Government in power may not be a majority of the entire population, but until the majority of the people create a form of government more to their liking, they will have to either support the imperfect type they now have, while seeking in lawful ways to improve it, or by disregarding its decrees plunge the community into anarchistic chaos. He is not a good citizen who seeks ease and comfort for himself at the cost of the public welfare.

The citizen has no rights but such as are consistent with the democratic interests of the community. Sometimes the public need takes precedence over the rights of the individual, and the latter are rightly subordinated to the former. Thus, by the right of "eminent domain" the community takes possession, at need, of any and all of the property of a citizen, and of all that citizen's rights to enter upon or use that property for any purpose whatever. The right to exercise freedom of speech, even, upon one's own property, ceases the moment competent authority declares that the public interest requires exclusive control of that property for public purposes by lawfully constituted authorities. In a great public emergency no man's right to freedom of speech, even, or to liberty of any kind, can be permitted by society to have precedence over the public need of self-protection. No gift is greater than the giver. The people who for common benefit give guarantee of liberty to all, may and should modify that guarantee in so far as those are concerned who would use it adversely to the common welfare.

It remains to be determined what constitutes use adverse to the common welfare. Here the opinion of the majority, as expressed by their representatives in Governmental assemblies, must, in democratic communities, be taken as the best expression of the public will that can be obtained under the conditions at the time prevailing; and until conditions become so changed that a better method of sensing the popular will can be availed of, it is obligatory upon all who wish the privileges of citizenship to yield to the popular will as declared by the duly constituted Governmental bodies, and to exercise more than ordinary care that in their attempts to modify the existing popular will, and, pending such desired modification of it, they do not obstruct the fulfilment of its orderly decrees.

Those who attempt by whatever means to thwart the fulfillment of the public will, as declared by lawful public assemblies, do so at their peril. Persons who in a democracy seek to thwart in an emergency the will of a Government maintained in power by the will of the majority have but themselves to blame if they be regarded by that majority as public enemies, and if measures appropriate for use against enemies are brought to bear against them. The paramount duty of a citizen is to serve the community to which he owes much of his life and all of his liberty. And where the expressed will of that community differs from his own he should either subordinate his own will, while seeking in lawful ways to bring the will of the community into closer accord with his own, or else should leave that community and seek another more to his liking.

Complete individual liberty is impossible where minds and tempers differ, for the desires of one will inevitably run counter to the desires of another. Those who wish liberty to have always their own way in their relations with the community in which they dwell, wish anarchy. Those who, on the other hand, firmly believe that a condition of anarchy would be less conducive to human happiness, as men are now constituted, than a condition where men yield to the expressed will of the majority, will combat anarchy by all lawful means within their power. He who will not serve the community as the community wants to be served has no just ground for complaint if the community refuses to serve him quite as he wants to be served. He who will serve the community only in ways of his own choosing has no just cause for complaint if the community says in return that it will serve him only in ways of its own choosing.

There are persons calling themselves internationalists who say that, if their native land and its liberties were attacked, they would join in its defense, even to the point of using arms to prevent the triumph of an invader, but they rebel at the suggestion that they should aid similarly in the protection and deliverance of another land and of another people. Their alleged internationalism contemplates sharing the blessings but none of the serious burdens that friendly international relations entail. The true internationalist, on the other hand, hearing a cry for help, whether from Mesopotamia or from Belgium or from a threatened world, stands erect in his manhood, or in her womanhood, and says, "Here I am, send me!"

It is obvious that all cannot be sent abroad, since many are needed at home; but the true internationalist does not insist upon choosing his own field of service. On the contrary, he realizes that great human emergencies require highly co-ordinated efforts for their effective control, and that efficient leadership is essential, and that, the best available leadership having been obtained, each true internationalist should offer to serve wherever needed most, in another land as readily as in his own, and should leave the designation of the place and the assignment of the task to those whose supreme task it is to co-ordinate effectively the labors of all.

In a supreme crisis so vast as that which now confronts the American people together with the rest of the world, every American and every internationalist worthy of the name in America should place his services at the disposal of the President, the ablest and wisest leader of the whole people available at the present time, for service under him, either at home or abroad, whenever asked to go.

New Version of Archduke Rudolph's Murder

Fatal Shot Fired by Girl's Relative to Whom She Was Betrothed, Says Son of Francis Joseph's Chamberlain

WAS the Archduchess Stéphanie indirectly responsible for the death of her husband, the Archduke Rudolph, heir to the Austrian throne, in the hunting lodge of Meyerling? And were the shots that killed the Archduke and Marie Vecsera fired by the girl's relative, to whom she was betrothed? Did the Emperor Francis Joseph betray his brother Maximilian in Mexico?

These are the questions raised and answered in the affirmative, by Count Roger de Rességuier, whose father was Francis Joseph's Court Chamberlain. The answers are based, it is asserted, on family records and memoirs. Herbert Vivian, who is a Knight of the Royal Order of Tokovo and an officer of the Royal Order of Danilo, has just written a book drawn from Count Roger's memoirs, under the title of "Francis Joseph and His Court," (John Lane Company,) and in it new details of the Hapsburg Court life are set forth. While Count de Rességuier refers to records as a basis for some of his assertions or quotes from the recollections of relations and friends, now and again he lets fall a mere suspicion to be left unanswered in the reader's mind.

Count de Rességuier pays scant heed to certain legends that weave a veil of extenuating romance over the character of Francis Joseph's son. Rudolph did have liberal views, he admits, agreeing thus far with the Archduke's apologists; he was even something of a rebel; he was undoubtedly tinged with some taint of potential madness from the mother's side of the house as well as from the long-recurring insanity of the Hapsburgs, but, the author goes on, for all that could be said in his favor he was by no means an admirable character. Francis Joseph, as the Count de Rességuier presents him, was a libertine himself, but his son was worse.

The Count asserts that two of the people who always knew the truth about Rudolph's death were his mother's friends, Countess Anastasia Wimpffen—at whose house the Crown Prince and the young Baroness Vecsera used to meet—and Countess Chorinsky-Mittrowsky. He says:

I can remember many long evenings when we discussed the tragedy of Meyerling at Modling, near Vienna, in a shooting box belonging to the Sovereign Prince of Liechtenstein. That is to say, they discussed it among themselves, for I was little more than a boy. Besides my mother, Countess Chorinsky-Mittrowsky and her husband, the Lord Chief Justice, were there; also an Italian nobleman, Count Ceschi di Santa Croce, Grand Prior of the Order of Malta. During those evenings, listening to the talk of those who had known the very souls of the dramatis personæ, all the secrets behind the scenes, and all sorts of details discovered by the secret police, I lived the whole tragedy over again, and I understood why the public could never penetrate its mysteries, for the lips of those who knew were sealed.

But now, after so many years there is no reason for continuing to hide what really happened, even though the new light may cast much responsibility upon a woman who can still plead many extenuating circumstances, namely, the greatness of the offense which had been put upon her; perhaps, too, a failure to foresee the tragic consequences of her revenge. I allude to the lady who is now only Countess Lonyay and ought to have been Empress of Austria, Stéphanie, the widow of the Archduke. * * *

Stéphanie, daughter of Leopold, King of the Belgians, was very young when she married Archduke Rudolph of Austria. * * * It was a very unhappy marriage. Even the Emperor, though he had secretly desired the match, did not look upon her with favor, and the Empress Elisabeth always treated her very coldly. She also suffered a good deal on account of the matrimonial misadventures of her sister Louise, the wife of Philip of Coburg, her husband's most constant associate in debauch. Above all, there was the terrible infidelity of Rudolph. One can understand how the Archduchess must have locked up in her heart whole storehouses of hate. Then there were low intriguers always trying to take advantage of her discontents, and they induced her to shoot an arrow that traveled much further than she had ever anticipated. That she certainly regretted.

The Archduke had many love affairs before his relations with Marie Vecsera became notorious. But this one, according to the latest explanation, was more than the Archduchess could bear. The Count de Rességuier asserts that Marie was the daughter of a Greek Princess, who had been the mistress of Francis Joseph many years before, and that when the Princess left the Court a husband was found for her in the person of a Baron of questionable title, whom the Emperor established in wealth and "nobility." There was always a suspicion in some quarters, says the Count, that Marie Vecsera was Francis Joseph's child. "But," he comments, "we need not complicate a drama that is already sad enough." At all events, he says, the man who was hastily summoned to become Marie's affianced husband when the Archduchess Stéphanie had set detectives on the girl's trail, was either her uncle or her cousin—the Count de Rességuier does not remember which—and it was he, the narrator flatly affirms, who killed Marie and the heir to the Austrian throne. Of Stéphanie's part the author, continuing, says:

Archduchess Stéphanie, for reasons already mentioned, was like a cloud charged with electricity, ready at any moment to launch her thunderbolt. The infidelity had been too patent; it was in everybody's mouth, and it shook her out of her usual attitude of proud contempt. Miserable agents volunteered their services, and gradually increased their ascendency over her mind. Among them was a man called Schaeffer, manager of the Argus Detective Agency. * * * Francis Joseph and his uncompromising partisans were more angry about this affair than they had been about any of the past follies of the Archduke. * * * Marie's mother sought an audience of the old Emperor. * * * It was now that her brother, or cousin, Baron Baldazzi, appeared on the scenes and was betrothed to the wayward girl. But he was not the man one might have thought. He soon proved to be rather the guardian of the family honor than the convenient bridegroom. He installed the reign of terror.

But none of these events could alarm Archduke Rudolph. * * * And one fine day the Archduke, who had quite made up his mind not to be bullied, set out for his shooting box at Meyerling in the neighboring Wienerwald. He did not go alone or secretly, but set out in his usual landau. * * * Marie Vecsera was with him. Other carriages followed with the usual boon companions of his shooting and other expeditions; his cousin, Philip of Coburg, Count Hoyos, two stalwart Alpenjaeger and many good bottles of champagne. * * * The Archduke's carriages were seen on their way through Modling and Gaaden.

Meanwhile a conference was going on between the Archduchess Stéphanie and Schaeffer at Vienna, and this was immediately followed by another conference between Schaeffer and Baldazzi and Marie's mother. It is difficult to reconstruct their conversation. There was certainly no mandate for murder on the part of either Stéphenie or Marie's mother. There was probably an incitement to provoke a scandal or even to use threats. But Baron Baldazzi exceeded any such instructions by a very long way. He took a Remington rifle, perhaps under pretense of a shooting expedition, and set out in the afternoon by the Sudbahn Railway to Baden. There he took a carriage and drove up the Helenenthal, the other valley leading to Meyerling. But he sent back the carriage before he reached Meyerling. Then he took to the woods, where he was seen by two monks from Heiligenkreuz. Night was closing in.

From a pine tree just outside the shooting lodge, the Count continues, Baldazzi could look directly into a large lighted room on the first floor. What he saw was the group of people who had come from Vienna all asleep, while the candles burned low in their sockets and Philip and Count Hoyos, and the two huntsmen, were, the Count adds, intoxicated; empty champagne bottles lay on the floor. The narrator continues his story:

Then Baldazzi fired without the least hurry or excitement. He fired at his betrothed and at the heir to the Austrian throne. He was a crack shot, and he struck both through the heart. Then he was seized with mad fury. He threw away his gun, which was afterward found by the servants of the Abbey, climbed down into the ditch, swung himself up to the low window whose panes had been broken, entered the room, seized an empty bottle, and battered the heads of the two dead lovers. Bits of glass were afterward found right inside their brains. Very early the same morning, Count Hoyos and Philip of Coburg hurried off to Vienna to announce the death of the Archduke.

That is the true story of the tragedy of Meyerling.

Emperor Francis Joseph as a Boy.

One earlier chronicler says the young Baroness was the one flower of loveliness and serenity that bloomed in the darkness and sadness of the Archduke's life, that she was devoted to him, and that for him she sacrificed her reputation, her position, and at last her life. According to other versions, the young Baroness Vecsera was an adventuress; she constantly played upon the lower side of Rudolph's complex nature, led him into dissipations and despairs, and made him a victim of drugs. Upon the question of Marie's character the Count de Rességuier passes no judgment at all; he frankly says that he does not know whether she was good or bad, innocent or scheming. He describes her as very young, "a child, but by no means an ordinary child," that she had ambitions, and that, although she has been reputed beautiful, she was "short and rather stumpy, but she had a white skin and pretty, sad, black eyes."

In seeking to show that Francis Joseph betrayed Maximilian, the Count de Rességuier starts out with the assertion that the older brother had always hated the younger, and recalls his mother's memory of a Court "function" where the two boys, aged fourteen and sixteen, came publicly to blows; that Maximilian was making things very uncomfortable for the older Archduke when the two were separated, and Francis Joseph's jealousy was not mitigated when, upon many disagreeable occasions, their mother took Maximilian's part. Of the Mexican affair, the Count writes:

The unfortunate Maximilian was betrayed by his brother Francis Joseph and by Francis Joseph's partisans. I should not make such a statement if I were not possessed of proofs which fill all my youthful memories. My mother, Countess Erminin of Strachwitz, was lady in waiting at that time. She received a personal invitation from Maximilian and Carlotta, then starting for Mexico, to take over the supreme charge of the Court of the new empire. Though she refused, she was associated with many of the events I am now about to relate. My father, Count Hadrian de Rességuier, one of the Emperor's chamberlains, owned the great estate and castle of Nisko, between the Tatra Mountains and the San; among his guests there were Father Fischer, Archbishop of Mexico, and Prince Iturbide of the Incas, Maximilian's adopted son. But it was my uncle, Count Oliver de Rességuier, now First Chamberlain of Galicia, who acted as Francis Joseph's chief instrument in that black business. At one time my family could talk of nothing else.

Maximilian succeeded Radetzki as Viceroy of Lombardy. He was set over the Hungarians as Governor General. However, he displayed too much indulgence toward the Italians; he was too much liked by the Hungarians—so at least his opponents murmured at Vienna. And, it seems to me, at the back of the honors conferred on him there lurked already the accusation that, making common cause with Italians and Hungarians, he was meditating high treason against his brother, the Emperor.

It was not only his brother who distrusted him. At Vienna all the conservatism of the old rulers who had been despoiled by Napoleon formed a sort of intrenched camp against Archduke Maximilian. So he, who had made a love-match with the beautiful Princess Charlotte of Belgium, withdrew himself far away from all the hatred in the Castle of Miramar, a white Norman dream among the red rocks of the Adriatic. But he did not remain there long. While Charlotte rambled in the gardens, while he read romances in the aquarium, the Mexican intrigue was being prepared, the intrigue which was to bring death to him and madness to his wife.

My uncle, Count Oliver de Rességuier, returning from a colloquy with Francis Joseph, from whom he had asked leave to retain his commission in the Austrian Navy while he went as Chamberlain to Mexico, met a friend who also wanted to go out with the new Emperor. "I have no family and have made my will," my uncle said to him, "but I should not advise any one who has anything to lose to go where I am going." And he knew what he was talking about, for he was an instrument of the Court of Vienna in that dark tragedy. Thus there was much talk at that time about the departure. And those who knew must must have recognized it as a sure preliminary to those Austro-French arrangements which culminated later on in the first meeting of the two Emperors at Salzburg. With reference to that meeting, Countess d'Harmoncourt has related a serious incident.

"Your Majesty," Francis Joseph said, "your Majesty, I need all your troops in Europe." To which Napoleon III. replied coldly, "To the detriment of your Majesty's brother."

For Maximilian's last support in that unfortunate year 1867 lay in the French troops commanded by the treacherous Marshal Bazaine. The pretext then for withdrawing the troops was political necessity. The real motive was the Emperor's implacable hatred of his brother.

But the treachery which Count Roger alleges went further than that. By advice of Count Oliver de Rességuier, he says, the Empress Carlotta returned to Europe. At least, his explanation is they wanted to save her. An agent of Francis Joseph, who possessed the technical knowledge of a naval officer, sought out Juarez and gave him the plans of the Fortress of Querétaro, says the narrator, in arguing for his point that Maximilian was betrayed into his enemy's hands.

This is the story the Chamberlain's son tells of what he calls "the foul deed which the public has not yet discovered, which has long been known in Austria only to the many who dare not tell." But this is not the only piece of Hapsburg Court intrigue to which the Count gives attention. He relates, for instance, the tale of Louise of Coburg, wife of the notorious Philip and sister of the unhappy Stéphanie, who was shut up in a madhouse, and adds that the intimacy of the old King Leopold of the Belgians with Baroness Vaughan was deliberately incited and built up by agents of Vienna, in order to rob the two Belgian Princesses of the large fortunes which they would otherwise receive from their father and thus to keep them helpless under Hapsburg rule. He refers again and again to the money-getting proclivities of the Hapsburgs, and for the late Francis Joseph he has scarcely a word that is good. The whole family he sums up at the end of a chapter in which he traces the essential likeness between the stern and religious Franz Ferdinand and his gay and dissolute brother Otho. "That race," he says, "is a mad and sanguinary anachronism."

Rodin Leaves Pupil to Continue in His Steps

Ivan Mestrovic, Young Serbian Sculptor, Is Authoritative Leader of New School of Sculpture

RODIN is dead, but not before he had time to say to his age what he felt and knew of modeling. Modeling was his passion and his triumph, and in his wisdom as an artist he soppressed as far as possible edges and lines in his sculpture in favor of floating veils of tone with a rich complexity of planes that created an atmosphere for his forms as tender as the chiaroscuro of Carrière and as profound as that of Rembrandt. In this way he gained movement of light on the surfaces of his sculptures. The direction of his outlines also are eloquent of movement, even where they are the crisp unmodulated outlines of some of his drawings, and where he did modulate the outline of a form it quivers with life as though it were actually breathing and pulsing humanity. This is Rodin's greatest gift to his time, the sense of movement throughout his work, a sense of movement accentuated often by the contrast of modeled planes and contours with rough immgbile blocks of stone from which the living forms are released by the sculptor's chisel. It is a deeply poetic art into which has been put a lifetime of knowledge and emotion and ceaseless work. It has given birth to a large school of followers and imitators, but already the tide has somewhat turned from it and toward an art in which one of Rodin's pupils is the young authoritative leader.

Ivan Mestrovic, whose portrait study of Rodin is reproduced on this page, has created an art of massive forms and large surfaces on which the light is content to lie quietly instead of rippling like gentle laughter over innumerable faintly indicated bosses and depressions. He suggests a primitive savagery of feeling in his men and women of heavy and sombre features, which apparently are modeled by the incessant attack of the elements rather than by a sculptor's initiated hand. There is a certain appropriateness to the immediate moment in this. Mestrovic speaks to an emotional generation, to a generation that already has suffered the tragedy of war and looks toward further suffering. He comes from a people who are strong and heroic and whose strength and heroism have met the fiercest test of the age. It is only this heroic spirit that especially points to the Serbian origin of the sculptor. He has been influenced by many ancient traditions, by Assyrian and Egyptian art, and by the art of the early Greeks and, to a slight degree, by the work of his teacher, Rodin. In fusing these influences he has arrived at a richly personal expression of his racial feeling. He has written of his aim: "Feeling within me all the destiny of my race, and perceiving that thereby I should be able to find the best material for my art, which felt a spontaneous impulse to express itself in its own tongue, I set to work at this task." The specific task to which he refers is the great temple to be erected on the plains of Kosovo.

© E. O. Hoppe.
Portrait of Rodin by Ivan Mestrovic, the Serbian Sculptor, Once Rodin's Pupil.

Mestrovic was born in 1883 in Dalmatia of peasant parents who belonged to the southern Slavs. As a boy he tended sheep and carved the wooden spindles of the peasants, acquiring the beginnings of a wood carver's technique, which he has not forgotten in his later work. When he found a patron and went to study art in cities he began with Vienna and then went to Paris, taking something of the Austrian secession for his Kosovo monument and something of French modernism for his portraits. The underlying power of the work lies, however, in his personal contribution, an intensity of consciousness that made him feel that his art was derived from the folksongs he heard blind beggars sing in his boyhood.

Mestrovic exhibited in England as long ago as 1906, in Venice in 1907, in Paris in 1909, in the Vienna Secession in 1910, in Rome in 1911, and a representative exhibition of his work was held at the Victoria and Albert Museum, London, in 1915. A similar exhibition was to have been held in this country last year, but it was abandoned on account of the danger and difficulty of transporting the sculpture across the ocean. The sculptor is now in France as a refugee.

"Loiterer" Ferrets Out New York's Charms

City of Yesterday and Today Ransacked for Historical and Artistic Tidbits by a Cheerful Urban Explorer

NEW YORKERS like to think of themselves as always in a dreadful hurry, rushing about from place to place in a hectic fever, concerned with the present and the future, utterly unable to dally with the past. For this reason most of them have only the most casual sort of acquaintance with the city they live in. Wall Street by day—Forty-second Street by night—what more knowledge of the metropolis can you ask? These New Yorkers know, in a hazy way, that the Dutch settled Manhattan; that the English got it away from them; that the city is full of historic spots which—had the poor harassed creatures only the time!—they would visit and waggle their heads over, duly impressed. But under existing conditions you must understand that they simply cannot do it.

Well, to such New Yorkers is recommended the perusal of a book just published, where the choice tidbits of old New York's history are compactly collected so that he who runs may read without robbing his mad life of more than an hour or two. It is called "A Loiterer in New York." (George H. Doran Company,) and is by Helen W. Henderson. She knows New York, she likes it, and she writes about it gayly yet understandingly, dwelling on its past, yet truly sympathetic to its present, so that the energetic business man who considers it his duty to delve into New York's early days won't feel that the city of his feverish daily pursuits has been insulted.

Miss Henderson's pages give a reader the impression of one casually wandering about New York, without set purpose, without that deadly efficiency of method which invests some works of this ilk with all the terror of schoolbooks. Those who follow her will pick up a large amount of knowledge about New York City without running the risk of belonging to that awful class called "authorities" with which subjects of all kinds are supposed to be infested.

For instance, the reader, trustingly following his pleasant guide, is taken by the hand, so to speak, into Bowling Green, which he has favored, doubtless scores of times, with an unseeing, preoccupied eye, and is transported to a Bowling Green of years ago, where stood the equestrian statue of King George III., which the English masters of the city set up there and the Americans hauled down and melted into bullets. And lest the skyscrapers surrounding the little park make you feel skeptical that any such thing could possibly have happened there, the author instructs you to look at the fence surrounding the green, where you may still see the signs left by the anti-George mob, which broke off the iron balls surmounting the fence posts and threw them into the melting pot along with the statue.

Then you are taken into the new Custom House, where yesterday is forgotten in a cheery description of the brand-new paintings on the walls and the statues by living sculptors fringing the great building. And then—lest today in turn get its grip on you—the author whisks you back to the past by reminding you that the north side of the Battery—the Battery, mind you, with the elevated running through it!—used to be the fashionable quarter of New York. If you don't believe it, go look at the house still standing at 7 State Street, hedged about with towering structures full of steamship offices and banks and things. That house still has the handsome pillared front that distinguished it when it was the residence of Moses Rogers, a New York merchant, who built it in 1805, when nobody dreamed of a New York extending even as far north as Fourteenth Street. And, of course, before the reader leaves the Battery he must needs remember that Castle Garden was built in the War of 1812 as a defense against possible British attack—you can still see the embrasures for its thirty guns—and that, after it had shed its warlike character, Jenny Lind sang there before 5,000 enraptured New Yorkers.

Then comes Trinity Church, which, as Miss Henderson happily puts it, is now so girt by skyscrapers that "where she formerly dominated she now sits enshrined." The reader is reminded—mayhap, told for the first time if he is a typical New Yorker—that the church possesses a splendid communion service of silver presented by Queen Anne 200 years ago; that there is a legend that its pulpit is made from wood taken from the frigate Constitution; that it is the richest church society in America, owning the propery on which a large part of New York's lower west side is built, which was originally known as the "Church Farm" and came to Trinity, like its silver service, as a gift from Queen Anne.

We are told, too, that St. Paul's, lying just above Trinity, in another hollow between towering buildings, is the only church in the city that has been preserved intact from the days before the American Revolution. When its cornerstone was laid in 1764 the district about the corner of Broadway and Fulton Street was a wheat field, and members of Trinity parish, to which St. Paul's belonged then, as it does now, shook their heads doubtfully over the advisability of building a chapel "so far out of town." Among other treasures St. Paul's possesses, in the bust of John Wells, a prominent lawyer of bygone New York days; the first marble portrait made by a native American. The sculptor was one John Frazee, who plied his trade almost 100 years ago.

Roundabout St. Paul's there are many places of historical note, which the New Yorker never even favors with a thought as he hustles past to his daily work. In the quadrilateral bounded by Maiden Lane, Pearl Street, Fulton Street, and Broadway lies Golden Hill—nowadays certainly neither golden nor a hill—where was fought, in 1770, the "first battle of the Revolution," between British soldiers and patriots who had erected a Liberty pole which was chopped down by the Englishmen, thus precipitating the battle. The actual site was a courtyard only two minutes' walk from St. Paul's. Close to the battlefield, at the intersection of Gold and Platt Streets, stands the jackknife house, so dubbed because it looks like a gigantic jackknife, Platt Street having been ruthlessly cut through the house as it originally stood; one end is so narrow that the rooms branch from the stairway like shelves.

On John Street, only a few doors east

(Continued on Page 14)

Master Craftsmen at Art Alliance

Batik Wall Hanging. Adapted from a Persian Miniature, by Mary H. Tannahill. (In Exhibition of Master Craftsmen at Art Alliance Galleries.)

THERE are mocking spirits who, seeing an announcement of the exhibition of master craftsmen in this country, will deny the existence of American master craftsmen. The reason is easy enough to find. The comparatively small amount of excellent work done here in the field of the crafts has not been sufficiently discriminated. Good and bad have been rubbing elbows in a democratic juxtaposition that has played havoc with standards. Moreover, good design and good workmanship have not been united as in the early days of great craftsmanship. Often the best designs shown to the public have been shabbily executed, and where the public has rebelled it has had to satisfy itself with beautiful execution of commonplace designs. The unity of the fine arts and the industrial arts is not yet close at hand, but it is near enough for advance guards of protestation against the division of ideals to make themselves heard. The present exhibition of the master craftsmen of America at the galleries of the Art Alliance of America is such an advance guard.

The first impression of the visitor to the galleries will be of the great variety of the collected objects. Book decoration and binding, iron work, silver, lace, and embroidery, furniture, pottery, jewelry, weavings, leather work, basket work, batik, small sculpture, tiling; these are the general heads under which they may be grouped. Not everything is in the highest class, but nothing is clearly unworthy of association with the exhibition as it was conceived by a few ardent workers possessed of ideals, and as a whole, it stands comparison with similar foreign exhibitions remarkably well. Recalling, for example, the exhibition of the decorative arts of Great Britain in Paris a few years ago, it stands out that while the much smaller American exhibition contains nothing of the supreme distinction of the Philip Webb glass or the William de Morgan ceramics, it has fewer objects to which the mind of the visitor must descend with disconcerting sudden ness.

It is, of course, impossible, with an exhibition including the work of more than 150 exhibitors, to mention the individual objects claiming attention by their merit. It is worth while, however, to emphasize the presence of certain groups of work that place upon the exhibition the stamp of that union of fine execution and fine design which forms its chief excuse for being.

In the department of metal work, for example, the wrought iron of Samuel Yellin lifts the standard of a woefully neglected craft to a level that at least stimulates craftsman and public. The dignity of these exhibits is due largely to the respect for the material shown in their design. The jewelry and metal work of Mrs. Enoch R. Vedder has the same quality, with an added boldness and refinement of invention. It is the kind of jewelry that asks for support by costumes of such material as the Renaissance knew, but this very demand will help the public mind, swinging helplessly between peasant denim and Georgette crêpe, toward a temper covetous of precious fabrics. Among the weavings the Italian note is contributed by the work of the Scuola d'Industrie Italiane which shows more clearly than in former years the firmness of execution achieved in the earlier centuries before the craft had so nearly died out in Italy. Batik work has been adopted as almost a national form of decoration for artistic fabrics in this country. Martha Ryther Tannahill the more conservative turning to ancient models, each showing a feeling for expressive and individual color combination.

In the ceramics the Durant-Rice series in Persian and turquoise blue and the Robineau carved porcelains have a deservedly prominent place. The exquisite work in colored leather and wool by Konrad Scappechi has an opulent beauty of both design and execution quite unequaled in this country. There is bookbinding by Harvey S. Chatfield, enameled silver by Elizabeth E. Copeland, and jewelry by Josephine Shaw, Florence E. Smith, Douglas Donaldson, Lilla Whitcomb, Imogen H. Deming, Lucretia Bush, Grace Hazn, and others. Sarah Comer's glass skill seems an innovation not adequately appreciated. The carved and painted furniture by Floy Hanson is highly individual and delightful. Much represents the newest school of decorative design in this kind and Mary H. must be left to a later notice.

Charles Rosen's Exhibition.

At the Ferargil Galleries is an exhibition of paintings by Charles Rosen, comprising some of the best examples of that artist's work within the last few years. The purity and intensity of his color in such canvases as "Blue River," the originality of his patterning in the enticing canvas, "Trees and Vines," the crispness of his "Snowy Morning," and the lovely blue and sailor white of "Racks and River" are so many evidences of his rich personal feeling and the clarity of his vision.

Posters Are Needed.

The Art War Relief Committee is sending out an appeal to the painters, sculptors, illustrators, and designers of America to submit poster designs of any size and executed in any medium. They should be sent in on Dec. 1 and on Jan. 1 to the Art War Relief Committee, care of the Art Alliance of America, 10 East Forty-seventh Street, New York City. If an artist is inexperienced in poster making, but has a good patriotic idea suitable for the purpose, he is asked to send in a sketch of that idea suitable for development by some other artist. No awards of any kind are offered. The posters required by the Government are to advertise the next Liberty Loan, to make known the various activities and needs of the Red Cross Society, to encourage thrift and economy of food, and to stimulate in each individual a sense of patriotism and responsibility to the country.

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"Loiterer" Ferrets Out New York's Charms

The Plaza, Showing Fountain of Abundance and Vanderbilt Residence.

Brooklyn Bridge, from a Painting by Edward W. Redfield.

(Continued from Page 12)

of Broadway, stood the John Street Theatre, called the Theatre Royal until the audiences of British officers and New Yorkers owning allegiance to King George gave way to George Washington and free Americans. The visits of Washington, Miss Henderson relates, were very ceremonious occasions; soldiers stood guard at the doors while he was inside the theatre, and the manager, in a full dress of black, with his hair powdered, and holding two wax candles in silver candlesticks, received the President and conducted him and his party to their seats.

Leaving St. Paul's and the cluster of historical spots around it, we are transported a few blocks further north and bidden to consider the City Hall, which, the neglectful New Yorker is reminded, "has been ranked among the three or four finest examples of Colonial architecture extant." Miss Henderson once more calls to the attention of the citizens fortunate enough to possess this beautiful and graceful building that credit for its plan must not go entirely to John McComb, the Scotchman whose name is usually associated with it, but also to his French partner, Joseph Mangin. And, don't forget to go into the City Hall and look up the portrait of Lafayette hanging there; and won't you confess to surprise when you learn that the man who painted it was Samuel F. B. Morse, who invented the telegraph. Come, now, did you ever know that he was a perfectly good artist?

From the City Hall Miss Henderson makes her readers jump to the Bowery. She tells not of "tough guys" and "Suicide Hall" and disreputable "bums," but of the Bowery of pleasant Dutch country seats, when the thoroughfare destined later to become so notorious was a country lane following a meandering course to a remote place known as Harlem. Her readers will probably look with increased respect on the Church of St. Mark's, at Second Avenue and Tenth Street, when they realize that beneath the foundation is buried the doughty Peter Stuyvesant, wooden leg and all. Here lie also the remains of many old-time New York patricians, many of whose family names are still familiar to the New Yorker of today—Peter Goelet, Thomas Barclay, Jacob Lorillard, Nicholas Fish.

Then comes Greenwich Village, on the site of the "Bossen Bouwerie" of Dutch days, which had within its limits numerous beautiful country places, with grounds extending to the shores of the Hudson, and groves of trees clustering about fine old-fashioned houses, where leading citizens of the little city to the south took their ease. Nor does Miss Henderson fail to touch upon the latest manifestation of Greenwich Village—its sudden blossoming forth as New York's Latin Quarter—thus showing again that hers is not a mind concerned only with the past but one alertly alive to the present as well. She paints an amusing picture of the "arty" quarter of Greenwich Village around Washington Square, where "restaurants are hectic, mostly lodged in basements and back yards, fitted with long deal tables, while the service is of the picnic variety; everybody 'digs in and scoops 'round,' without too much dependence on an overworked functionary with socialistic tendencies, who prefers honorable domestic service to aelling his soul in commercial pursuits."

"The proper dinner costome for these resorts," she furthermore informs us, "is something that might be suitable for going eel bobbing in a dory, on a dark, dank night in Summer."

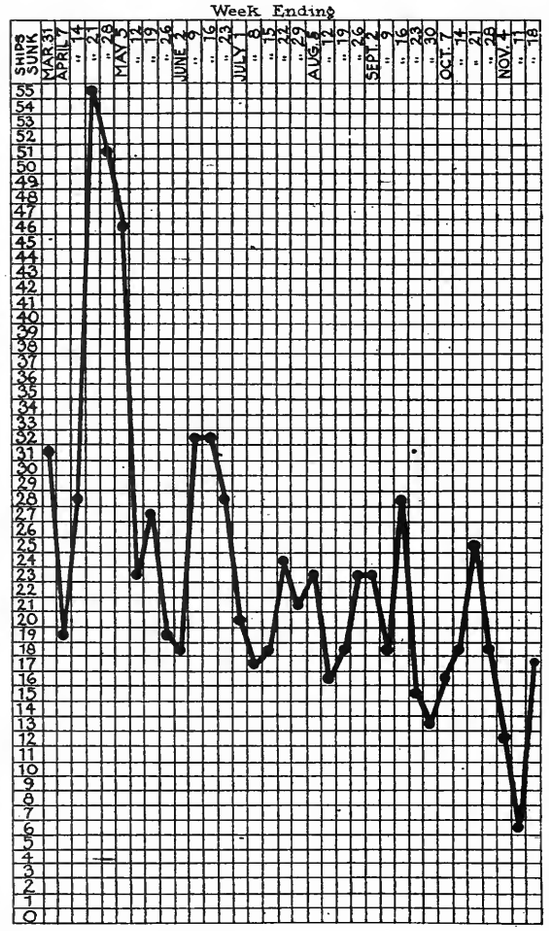
Here, too, is St. John's Chapel, which, seventy years ago, was the centre of a delightful neighborhood, yet now lies, neglected and desolate, surrounded by the broken-down remnants of the houses that once sheltered the city's fashionables.

Of Washington Square the author narrates many interesting things; how it used to be Potter's Field, where the paupers were interred; how Colt invented there the revolver named after him; how it once possessed a young ladies' school where Elihu Root taught the fair misses. And she also narrates how the fiery Hendrick Brevoort, whose ancestral acres covered much of the land now lying north of the square, was so incensed when the City Fathers wished to cut Broadway through his property that he stood armed with a blunderbuss on his threshold, completely overawed the workmen sent to dig the thoroughfare, and caused Broadway to be deflected from the course mapped out for it. You may still see the fruits of Brevoort's belligerent stand in the bend described by the great thoroughfare at Tenth Street.

In rambling, chatty style the author thus conducts her readers ever further uptown—past Grace Church, past Union Square—did you know that the Washington statue there, by Kirk Brown, is one of the best equestrian statues in the world?—past Madison Square and Gramercy Park, over Murray Hill, with its memories of the retreat of the defeated troops of Washington after the battle of Long Island—past Central Park to Harlem and Kingsbridge and Spuyten Duyvil, in old times places far removed from New York City, which, in its youthful days, clung shyly to the vicinity of the Battery, as if afraid to venture far from the protecting guns of that place of warlike name. And all through her pages is the same happy blend of yesterday and today. She discourses as easily about George Washington and Israel Putnam leading their weary soldiers through the byways, which are now the residential streets of Murray Hill, toward the junction of two winding country lanes which are now Broadway and Forty-third Street, as she does of Saint-Gaudens's Farragut in Madison Square, and "The Little Church Around the Corner," familiar to all of us, and the palaces and clubs of upper Fifth Avenue.

Trend of Sinkings by U-Boats

Chart Showing Number of British Vessels Destroyed Each Week Since Germans Threatened to Starve Allies by Unrestricted Submarine Warfare



Slackers Are Not Popular Among the Quakers

Though Exempt from Fighting, the Friends Are Serving in Many Ways to Win War—Men in Red Cross, Women Knitting

A GOOD Quaker in the United States today is one who, because of his exemption from actual fighting, feels that he is in honor bound to do twice as much for his Government in other ways as he would do were he not exempt. That is the definition of a good Quaker by a Quaker, Robert Cromwell Root, Pacific Coast Director of the American Peace Society. Mr. Root recently arrived in Washington after a trip across country, in the course of which he attended many yearly meetings of the Friends in States of the Middle West. He gave to all of these meetings the above description of what a Quaker should be in wartime, and at each of them the definition was received with approval and enthusiastic response. They also approved another definition, which was that the worst slacker in the country was the Quaker slacker, the citizen who took advantage of the country's willing exemption of him from bearing arms to avoid all other forms of war service.

Mr. Root talked to fifteen or twenty thousand Quakers all told, and they, as delegates to the various meetings, represented about 125,000 more. He found no slackers. He found no group that was not doing its utmost in the way of work or money contributions to serve the country in its war against Germany. At every meeting that he attended there were prayers for the American soldiers in France and for those who are going there. In other words, the attitude of the Quakers of America in this war is that of the American Peace Society, to which most of them belong. They know real peace when they see it because it has been the chief aim of themselves and their ancestors since the days of George Fox. Practically none of this body of non combatants has been lured into the mushroom bogus peace societies or into the German propaganda camouflage peace societies that have sprung up in all parts of the United States in the last three years.

It was in the national headquarters of the American Peace Society at Washington that Mr. Root told the story of his trip across the States in the interest of his country. This is one peace headquarters in America that the ordinary, loyal American citizen may enter with out a guilty sense, as he turns the door knob, that he is doing something either seditious or ridiculous. In the first place, it does not have to explain itself or prove an alibi. As it was organized in 1828 there is no suspicion that it was founded to help the Kaiser. President Wilson has renewed his membership in it since America went into the war. Arthur Deerin Call, the executive director of the society and editor of its publications, has his office liberally decorated with American flags. From his window he can look across the building tops and see the American flag flying from the staff of the War Department, and the sight does not irritate him. In fact, he pointed to the War Department flag the other day when he was asked what the American Peace Society stood fur in the present crisis. "There it is," he replied, "over on that staff, the flag flying from the State, War, and Navy Departments. We stand for all of those departments. We stand for the White House, just this side of them, which you can't see from this window. We stand for all the things that you can see from this window and for all the things you can't see that sympolize the Government of the United States."

And Mr. Root, the Quaker, nodded acquiescence for himself and all his people.

Turning from his window, Mr. Call put the same thing in more concrete form by reading parts of his statement in a recent issue of the society's Advocate of Peace:

"It is not a matter of theory, but a matter of fact that the world has reached a situation where the judicial settlement of international disputes is for the time impracticable. After the Government to which we owe allegiance declared itself in a state of war, the judicial settlement of the disputes between this country and

Robert Cromwell Root, Quaker Leader Who Helps.

Germany became not only impracticable but unthinkable. That we sense this does not mean that our opposition to war is abated. Quite the contrary. We are opposed to the war as President Wilson is opposed to the war. Furthermore, as practical people interested in concrete results, we are supporting the President in overcoming the German Government for the very purpose that the war may be ended.

"It is clearly within the realm of defensible duty that when our country is in danger we should rally to our country's support. Our country is in danger now. The inevitable conclusion, therefore, is, we must rally to the aid of our country now. To embarrass the United States now would be folly, if not treason. The abolition of war is an international job. Our puny, personal quibbles have little to do with the abolition of war. International peace worthy of sensible men is a constructive and scientific international program. Individual and obstructive criticisms, especially at this time, are mostly personal, narrow, emotional and destructive. War is a universal disease. Our sentimental oppositions to this war constitute no remedy for war."

Again the Quaker from California nodded approval.

"They are the opinions," said Mr. Root, "that I found generally prevailing among the Friends throughout the United States. I urged them all to do everything possible to help in all activities for the aid and comfort of the troops, to co-operate with the Government in its food conservation program, to join the Red Cross, to buy Liberty bonds. I found that they were already doing all of these things. Quaker women everywhere are knitting and making bandages for soldiers, collecting books to be sent to the camps, and aiding the Y. M. C. A. in its work among the men in the armies.

"The biggest single effort of the Quaker is, perhaps, the work of the Friends' Service Unit for reconstruction in France. We already have contributed large sums for that and will make it half a million or more. Quakers have already gone to France as the representatives of this unit and are living there at their own expense and working without any compensation whatever in the rebuilding of homes and the restoring of gardens and vineyards. Other Quakers are going soon to join them. Such Friends as Dr. Rufus M. Jones, Professor of Philosophy at Haverford; Isaac Sharpless, Dean of the Haverford Graduate School, and Dr. Walter C. Woodward, Secretary of the Friends Five Years' Meeting, are directing the work of this Service Unit.

"The Quakers of the country have gone into these activities without the slightest hesitation or doubt as to the propriety or consistency of their service. They all seem to feel instinctively that a double obligation is laid upon them to render what service they can in the ways that are not barred to them by their belief. They welcome the opportunity to show that a man who may not bear arms to kill another man can still be loyal and useful to his country. They do not condemn those who are bearing arms. On the contrary, they applaud the soldiers for their courage and they pray for them. They give to the men who can fight conscientiously full credit for honesty of conviction.

"Quakers, in all their meetings, not only pray for our own soldiers but for the cause of the Allies. We have been for the Allies from the beginning of the war in 1914 because the thing that the Allies are fighting to destroy is abhorrent to Quakers. We want the destruction of the German idea.

"Of course, Quakers want peace, but it must be a durable peace. We are not interested in a bogus peace that would soon lead to further war, and we are not deceived by the efforts of the German Government and its agents in this country and elsewhere to bring about a Berlin peace that would leave the Prussian autocracy in control of the fate of Europe and the world.

"We want a peace that will lead to general disarmament and the establishment of a world court, but we know that such a peace would have to be guaranteed on both sides by democracies, not by democracies on one side and by the present German Government on the other. In that respect, the Quakers of the United States are absolutely in accord with President Wilson. As between what Wilson stands for and what La Follette stands for, the Friends are with the President without the slightest question.

"Surprising as it may seem, we Quakers are optimistic right now in the midst of war, for we believe that this war is making for the peace that we stand for. It has demonstrated a great many things to the world that were not sufficiently thought about and appreciated before. It has shown that the old diplomacy, the diplomacy of the honest man who is sent abroad to lie for his country, has utterly failed, and that the world must come to the Golden Rule diplomacy of John Hay. With this awakening to the mistake of the past the people of the world will realize that they must qualify themselves for citizensbip in their several States as they never have done before."

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to correct mistakes of early training?
to win confidence of children?
to keep child from crying?
to develop initiative in child?
to teach personal courage and self-reliance?
to suppress temper in children without punishment?
to overcome objectionable habits in children?
to succeed with child of any age without display of authority?
to make firmness unobtrusive?
to discourage the "Why" habit in regard to commands?
to direct children discreetly in their amusements?
to wisely guide child's choice of companions?
to prevent worry in child?
to develop sense of responsibility?
to train child in neatness and order?
to prevent quarreling and fighting?
to cultivate ideal temperament?
to deal with supersensitive child?
to cure impertinence? Discourtesy? Vulgarity?
to deal with boy who is a bully? A braggart?
to remove fear of darkness? Fear of thunder and lighning? Fear of harmless animals?

These are only a few of the hundreds of questions fully answered and explained, in a way that makes application of the principles involved easy through this course.

Do You Know How—

to encourage child to talk?
to eliminate all forms of viciousness?
to replace disinclination for bathing with delight in same?
to teach punctuality? Perseverance? Carefulness?
to teach child instantly to comply with command, "Don't touch"?
to inculcate respect for elders?
to overcome obstinacy?
to cure habit of coaxing?
to teach value of money and its proper use?
to correct wrong habits of thought?
to prevent and correct round shoulders? Slouching postures and careless carriage?
to cultivate mental concentration?
to engender interest in work or study?
to combat various juvenile temptations?
to teach honesty and truthfulness?
to insure your child's financial success?
to treat child that runs away?
to cultivate cleanness of speech and thought?
to break child of sucking thumb?
to prevent fickleness? Jealousy? Selfishness?
to develop imagination? Judgment? Discrimination?
to strengthen memory?
to interest child in right kind of reading?
to induce child willingly to go to bed at night and get up in the morning?

These are only a few of the hundreds of questions fully answered and explained, in a way that makes application of the principles involved easy through this course.

Crimes We Unknowingly Commit Against Our Children

THOUSANDS of loving parents are daily unconsciously using methods in bringing up their children which can easily destroy for life their chance of happiness and success. And the pitiful part of it is that these parents do not realize the irreparable harm they are doing.

Character is not born but builded. You as a parent are the architect of your child's character—the constructor of its future career, for upon character depends success. Abraham Lincoln, perhaps our greatest American, once said: "All that I am and all that I ever hope to be I owe to my mother." Great men before and since Lincoln have said the same thing—and how truly they spoke!

The trouble has always been that we have never given any really scientific study to the question of child training—we have not searched for the cause of disobedience, the cause of wilfulness, the cause of untruthfulness, and of other symptoms which, if not treated in the right way, may lead to dire consequences. Instead, we punish the child for exhibiting the bad trait, or else "let it go." As a result, we do the child an actual wrong instead of helping it. What we should do is to attack the trouble at its source.

The new system of child training is founded upon the principle that confidence is the basis of control. And the five fundamental principles involved are: suggestion, substitution in choice, parental initiative in co-operation, parental expectation and parental approval.

Under this new system children who have been well-nigh unmanageable become obedient and willing, and such traits as bashfulness, jealousy, fear, bragging, etc., are overcome. But the system goes deeper than that, for it instils high ideals and builds character, which is of course the goal of all parents' efforts in child training.

Physical punishment, shouted commands, and other barbarous relics of the old system have no place in this modern school. Children are made comrades, not slaves, are helped, not punished. And the results are nothing short of marvelous.

Instead of a hardship, child training becomes a genuine pleasure, as the parent shares every confidence, every joy and every sorrow of the child, and at the same time has its unqualified respect. This is a situation rarely possible under old training methods.

And what a source of pride now as well as in after years: To have children whose every action shows culture and refinement, perfect little gentlemen and gentlewomen, yet full of childish enthusiasm and spontaneity with all!

To put in practice these new ideas in child training, strange as it may seem, takes less time than the old method. It is simply a question of applying principles founded on a scientific study of human nature, going at it in such a way as to get immediate results without friction.

The founder of this new system is Professor Ray C. Beery, A.B., M.A., (Harvard and Columbia), who has written a complete Course in Practical Child Training. This Course is based on Professor Beery's extensive investigations and wide practical experience, and provides a well-worked-out plan which the parent can easily follow. The Parents Association, a national organization devoted to improving the methods of child training, has adopted the Beery system and is teaching the course to its members by mail.

An Invitation to Join

At this time an invitation is being extended to earnest fathers and mothers who would like to join the Association and learn the methods which are proving so universally successful with children of all ages from babyhood to man and womanhood.

Membership in the Parents Association—which has no dues—entitles you to a complete course of lessons in child training by Professor Beery, in four handsome volumes of approximately 275 pages each. This course of lessons must not be confused with the hundreds of books on child training which leave the reader in the dark because of vagueness and lack of definite and practical applications of the principles laid down. It does not deal in glittering generalities. Instead, it shows by concrete illustrations and detailed explanations exactly what to do to meet every emergency and how to accomplish immediate results and make a permanent impression. No matter whether your child is still in the cradle or is eighteen years old, these books will show how to apply the right methods at once. You merely take up the particular trait, turn to the proper page, and apply the lessons to the child. You are told exactly what to do. The younger the child the better. You cannot begin too soon, for the child's behavior in the first few years of life depends on the parent, not on the child.

Membership in the Parents Association gives you, in addition to the special four-volume Course in Practical Child Training, the following privileges:

First: Unlimited free use of the Association's advisory service in the solution of perplexing problems in Child Training.

Second: Mail service which will consist of Special Bulletins to be issued from time to time, containing the newest findings of the Association's Board of Experts, and relating the experiences in child training of other members of the Association, thus keeping each member informed as to the progress being made in this important and far-reaching work.

Third: Authoritative advice as to children's books, schools, camps, and all matters pertaining to educational methods.

Fourth: Unlimited free use of the Association's Purchase Service Bureau, through whom all educational books, whether school text-books, or books treating on the mental, physical, or moral development and training of children, can be purchased. This service will be free and members availing themselves of it will find by comparison of prices that they secure the benefit of publishers' trade discounts.

Free Examination

Before becoming a member of the Parents Association you are privileged to examine the four-volume Course in Practical Child Training without the slightest obligation, and without even making a deposit, in order that you may be sure that the work of the Association is along the lines of which you approve, and that the course contains exactly what you want.

Here is the offer the Association is making for a limited time: If you will fill out and mail the application form printed below, without any money, the Complete Course in Practical Child Training will be sent by return post on five days' approval. Examine it carefully and then, if you feel you can afford to be without it, send it back and you will owe nothing. If, on the other hand, you are as well pleased as the thousands of other fathers and mothers who are turning to it each day for guidance, send only $2 at the end of five days and $2 a month for four months. On receipt of the first payment you will be enrolled as a member of the Association, and will receive a certificate of membership.

If you are truly anxious to make the greatest possible success of your children's lives, you owe it to them to at least look at this course, which you may do, in accordance with this offer, without risking a penny. I must urge you to act promptly, however, as this offer may never be made here again.

APPLICATION BLANK (No Money Required)

THE PARENTS ASSOCIATION, Inc.
Dept. 180, 449 Fourth Ave., N. Y. City

You may send me, carrying charges prepaid, your complete four-volume Course in Practical Child Training, by Ray C. Beery, A.B., M.A., for five days' free trial. If it meets with my approval and I decide to become a member, I will send you $2 five days after delivery of the four-volume Course, and $2 a month for four consecutive months in full payment for Membership and Course. If I do not care to subscribe, I will return the books within five days after their receipt. It is agreed that when I send the first payment you will at once send me a membership certificate good for 1 year and that there are no additional dues or assessments whatever.

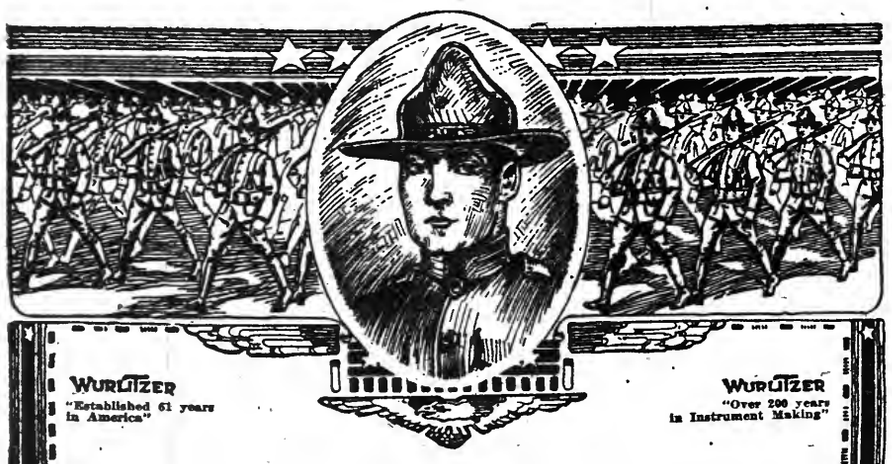
Name .....

Address .....

THE PARENTS ASSOCIATION, Inc.
Dept. 180, 449 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, N. Y.

The New York Times.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1917.



WURLITZER "Established 61 years in America"

WURLITZER "Over 200 years in Instrument Making"

He would have you sing of *glory* for he surely will return

For Freedom's cause he's always known, for bravery he's known, too.
No soldier is more gallant, none other is so true,
His gallant deeds are carried to us, back across the sea,
He says, "Be strong, I'm winning in a lasting Victory."

Gallant soldier that he is, he asks you to keep the home-fires burning with the spirit of good cheer. As a right beginning you will agree that the words of our patriotic songs should be known and sung in every home. Music at all times is full of recreation, cheer and comfort. No tonic is so wonderful for the mind, so inspiring, so quick and sure to act. Patriotic songs will kindle a new glow, will make your evenings happy as no other means will do.

THE WURLITZER PLAYER-PIANO

Price, $650

Very Easy Weekly Payments if you desire
Sold under our One-Price, No-Commission Plan

The Player-Piano should be called the greatest of all instruments. It allows you to play and play at once the most wonderful music of every kind. The Wurlitzer Player-Piano is in every way a masterpiece; no sooner will you place your foot upon the pedal than you will appreciate the delicate yet certain responsiveness to your every wish and will. The clear singing notes produced by the Wurlitzer Player-Piano are as life-like as the playing of the artists themselves. When this noble instrument, the highest attainment in our 60 years of manufacturing experience, is in your possession you will be the proud possessor of the most brilliant musical gem that America can provide.

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115 West 40th St., New York
(Bet. Broadway and 6th Ave.)

Mail this coupon

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THE MAN *at the* FRONT

SEES ONLY A SMALL SECTOR OF THE WAR THEATRE

A subscription for THE NEW YORK TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL will acquaint him with activities and scenes in other sectors and show him what the rest of the world is doing in the war.

The men on battleships and destroyers, in training camps and battle fronts will appreciate the magazine. Subscriptions are received at any office of The New York Times.

$5.00 A YEAR—10 CENTS A COPY.

SEND IT AS A CHRISTMAS GIFT

Brooklyn's Greatest Store — ABRAHAM AND STRAUS — The Store Accommodating

Store Opens at 9 A. M., Closes at 6 P. M. | Telephone, 6100 Main | The Weather Tomorrow: Fair and Cool

Important Thanksgiving Sales—and Rich Christmas Stocks

Two "Home" Holidays— *And How We Have Prepared for Them*

¶ Thanksgiving next week.

¶ Christmas in a month.

¶ Both of them essentially holidays that tug at the heartstrings—that draw one, as straight as a homing pigeon, to the family hearth.

¶ In these war-times we should seek to make these holidays even more cheerful than usual for everybody.

¶ But we should mix common sense with ALL of our holiday shopping, do it sensibly, economically, practically—spend *wisely* what we can afford.

¶ And we should SHOP EARLY—for our own good, for better selection, and for the benefit of the salespeople, who can serve us so much better now than will be possible later.

¶ And for the additional good reason that mail, express and freight are all slower than under normal conditions; and you must allow more time on the way.

¶ Let's make this a really merry Christmas for as many people as we can—and we shall end by making it merry for ourselves!

ECONOMY is the watchword of The Store Accommodating.

LOW PRICES rule throughout the very large Holiday Stocks.

GREAT OFFERINGS mark the news for Monday—it is sensible economy to

SHOP HERE! SHOP NOW!

Other Monday News in Brief

White Blankets, $3.89 a Pair.
Subway floor, West Building.

$3.75 Umbrellas, $2.98.
Street floor, Central Building.

25c. Percaline, 15c. Yard.
Street floor, Central Building.

Fancy Jacquard Ribbons, 39c. Yard.
Street floor, Center, East Building.

Embroidered Tray Cloths, 39c to $5.98. Made of Madeira Linen.
Third floor, Central Building.

1918 Diaries, 29c to $1.19.
Mezzanine floor, East Building.

Children's Flannelette Pajamas, 69c.
Second floor, East Building.

$4.50 Black Wool Jersey Petticoats, $3.95.
Second floor, East Building.

Women's Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat) Coats, $160.00.
Second floor, Central Building.

"Pride of Brooklyn" Bleached Muslin Sheets, 1¾ x 2¾ Yards, $1.28.
Subway floor, West Building.

Men's $1.19 Domet Flannel Pajamas, 98c.
Street floor, East Building.

29c Zephyr Ginghams, 15c Yard.
Subway floor, West Building.

$2.49 Navy Blue Poplin, $1.69 Yard.
Street floor, West Building.

Women's Silk and Fibre Mixed Stockings, 49c Pair—"Seconds" of 89c grade.
Street floor, Central Building.

$1.25 to $1.50 Lingerie Nightgowns, 94c.
Second floor, East Building.

Beacon Cloth Bath Robes, $3.94.
Balcony, Entrance Street floor, Central Bldg.

$24 Velour Portieres, $18.98 Pair.
Third floor, Central Building.

$5.98 to $11.25 Damask Table Cloths, $4.98 to $8.98.
Street floor, East Building.

210 Women's Suits—Reduced!

to $11.75 $21.50 $29.75

Formerly $18.75 $34.75 $44.75 to $54.75
$27.50 $37.50 ~~$49.50~~

THIS occasion offers an extraordinary opportunity for women who are anticipating the enjoyable wearing of a smart tailored Suit this Winter.

The style-variety—one or two of any one model—is all-embracing of everything in fashionable good taste.

Materials offer broadcloth, tricotine, burella, velour, oxford, silvertone, mixtures, wool jersey, poplin. Colors include black, navy, brown, green, taupe and plum. All sizes many times represented. A number of extra size Suits in the assortment.

Second floor, Central Building.

Women's Dresses, $10.98 and $14.98 Are Very Exceptional Values

A special and unusual purchase secured the Dresses that are to sell at $10.98; which is considerably below regular price. All silks; striped and plain taffetas; satins; some combined with Georgette crepe. A most pleasing style variety.

Reductions from Stock and New, Specially-Bought Dresses Are Responsible for the Savings in the $14.98 Group

Worth-while savings they are, too! As a glance over the charming Dresses will show.

Tailored and demi-dressy serges; satins, taffetas and striped silks; in charming styles that have proven themselves favorites this season. Models for young women and matrons. All sizes in many many styles, although not a complete size range in any one effect.

Second floor, Central Building.

An Extraordinary Sale of Thanksgiving China and Glass

Last moment for buying the new dinner set or table glassware in time for Thanksgiving. Here are some remarkable savings, from the superb A. & S. stocks.

$39.50 Limoges China Dinner Sets, $25.00

They couldn't be imported today for what we shall ask for them Monday. Two pretty border designs; coin gold handles; 100 pieces. Two other fine offerings of Limoges China Dinner Sets of 100 pieces:

$31.98 from $39.75 ***$19.89 from $29.75***

$22.98 American Porcelain Dinner Sets, $15.98

100 pieces; conventional border designs, with gold line.

American Porcelain Open Stock Dinner Ware Reduced

Conventional border pattern; entire matching sets can be made up at this great saving.

	Regular	Now
Bread and Butter Plates	12c	8c
Pie Plates	15c	10c
Tea Plates	19c	12c
Breakfast Plates	22c	15c
Dinner Plates	26c	18c
Soup Plates	21c-24c	15c-18c
Dessert Dishes	12c-14c	8c-10c
Tea Cups and Saucers	27c	18c

	Regular	Now
Coffee Cups and Saucers	33c	22c
After-Dinner Cups and Saucers	27c	18c
Sugar Bowls	78c	52c
Cream Jugs	39c	26c
Teapots	$1.09	72c
Cake Plates	54c	39c
Pickle Dishes	42c	28c
Oatmeal Saucers	15c	10c

Platters, uncovered Vegetable Dishes, Salad Bowls at same rate as above prices.

Six Thanksgiving Specials in Cut Glass

For the Thanksgiving dinner table, or for handsome gifts; sparkling crystals in brilliant cutting, greatly reduced.

$4.82 Fern Combinations, $3.98
Rich pinwheel and fan design; 8-inch; Fern Dish, Artificial Fern, and 10-inch Mirror.

$2.98 Banana Bowls, $1.49
A very low price for these beautiful Bowls, in oval shape.

$4.49 Cider Pitchers, $2.98
For the favorite Thanksgiving beverage; a splendid value.

$2.75 Celery Trays, $1.79
Combination of floral and foliage designs.

$6.49 Flower Vases, $3.98
14 inches tall, graceful shape, in various handsome cuttings.

$4.29 Orange Bowls, $2.49
Oval; floral foliage or Venetian cutting, in border design.

Table Glassware, Special at 10c., 12c., 15c., 25c.

Part of a special purchase offered at very low prices. Needle etched, in graceful shape. Tumblers, goblets, and various sorts of cocktail, wine, and cordial glasses.

$1.19 Light Cut Crystal Tumblers, 96c Doz. | **$1.20 Doz. Pressed Glass Sherbet Glasses, 7c. Each** | **$1.08 Plain Crystal Cider Sets, 79c.**

Subway floor, Central Building.

An Opportunity to Save in Buying

Thanksgiving Kitchen Utensils

While this event is meant to assist you in preparing for the dinner this coming Thursday, it offers practically all the necessaries that are needed in the kitchen at less than their regular prices—an event, considering its timeliness and economies, that is worthy of every housekeeper's attention and patronage.

500—49c Double Roasters at 37c

Made of black sheet iron, size 10x15. Has self-basting top, so that roast requires no attention from time it is put in oven till ready to serve.

Other Kitchen Necessities for Thanksgiving

Roasting Pans
Made of the best grade of Russian iron.

Size	Regular	At
10x14	79c	45c
11x16	96c	79c
12x17	$1.12	95c
12x18	$1.19	98c
14x20	$1.35	$1.03

"Royal" Double Roasters
Made of black sheet iron with rounded self-basting top.

Size	Regular	At
8x13	$1.34	$1.19
10x14	$1.69	$1.45
11x15	$1.84	$1.65
12x17	$1.98	$1.75
12x19	$2.39	$1.98

Drip Pans
Made of black sheet iron.

Size	Regular	At
10x14	17c	14c
11x16	27c	21c
13x17	32c	25c

Food Choppers
The "Universal," with four cutting knives.

Size	Regular	At
Large	$2.00	$1.59
Medium	$1.65	$1.29
Small	$1.35	96c

Preserving Kettles
The Wagner Cast Aluminum Lipped Bail Handled Kettles.

Size	Regular	At
5-Quart	$2.49	$1.98
7-Quart	$4.95	$2.98

Coffee Machines
"Universal," nickel plated.

Size	Regular	At
9-Cup	$10.50	$6.72
6-Cup	$12.50	$8.98

Casseroles
Fine nickel plated, lined with brown and white fireproof material; regularly $1.50. 98c

Sauce Pan Sets
Royal Granite Ware. Each Set consists of 3 Sauce Pans—1½, 1⅞ and 2¼-quart sizes. Regularly $1.16, at 79c a Set.

Pudding Steamers
Kreamer's extra heavy tinware. Steamers have tubes.

Size	Regular	At
1-Quart	62c	49c
2-Quart	69c	55c
3-Quart	89c	69c

Melon Moulds

Size	Regular	At
1-Quart	98c	79c
2-Quart	$1.21	98c
2½-Quart	$1.33	$1.16

Fancy Pudding Moulds

Size	Regular	At
1-Pint	25c	19c
1-Quart	28c	23c

Pot Steamers
For steaming puddings; vegetables, etc.

Size	Regular	At
7-Inch	75c	59c
8-Inch	85c	69c
9-Inch	$1.14	98c

Cooking Kettles and Sauce Pans
Royal Granite Ware. Covered Pots and Pans, some with bail handles; others with side handles.

Size	Regular	At
6-Quart	88c	69c
7-Quart	95c	75c
12-Quart	$1.15	85c

Subway floor, East Building.

Women's Coats at a Special Price, $21.50

With the advantage that they are newly made, in styles that are a final choice among the season's models. They have been secured at a clearance price and the good fortune passed on to our customers.

Materials are soft wool velours, pom poms, kerseys, burellas, silvertones, plush. The best colors. Many are lined throughout. Sizes 34 to 44.

Handsome Fur-Collared and Fur-Trimmed Coats at $24.95 and $29.95

Of broadcloth, velours, smart mixture coatings; with large collars of natural raccoon, dyed opossum, mouffion. Some collared and footed in fur.

A Group of Exceptionally Fine Dressier Coats at $37.50

Of beautiful soft fabrics in fashion; some handsomely fur-collared. All tailored in a superior manner. A good size assortment.

Second floor, Central Building.

1,000 Remnants of $1.79 and $2.49 SILKS, $1.25 Yd.

Fine qualities and desirable styles in Plain and Fancy Silks of all sorts from our own stock, in practical lengths, for dresses, blouses, skirts, linings, fancywork, etc.

Evening shades, rich street colorings, figured silks for linings, are all included in a great variety. These are the lengths remaining from two of the most successful silk sales of the year—all at $1.25 a yard.

Street floor, West Building.

The Season's Lowest Prices on Rugs, Carpets, Linoleums

Neither in this, nor in any other store to our knowledge, have these prices been matched for lowness this season, on floor-coverings of *standard qualities*, and in attractive patterns.

All are perfect, and in most desirable assortments.

75 Room-Size Axminster Rugs
Brand-new, and in a good variety of patterns.
8¼x10½ ft., $22.50. Regularly $29.50.
9x12 ft., $25.00. Regularly $35.00.

50 Axminster Hall Rugs
2¼ ft. x 9 ft., $7.56. Regularly $9.50.

$2.10 Roxbury Salem Velvet Carpets, $1.85 Yd.
A special purchase of 7,500 yards; one of the best wool velvets made; today's price should be $2.25 a yard. Twenty patterns, the best we knew how to pick, and all with stair carpets to match.

75c. Printed Cork Linoleum, 50c. Sq. Yd.
3,000 yards; perfect and well-seasoned, in 10 good patterns.
Third floor, East Building.

Princess Lace Handkerchiefs at 39c to 89c.

Thousands of them—the best and largest assortment to be found in Greater New York. We ordered them long ago, and they came to us direct from Belgium—the last lot for a long while.

Beautiful designs in the favorite Princess lace, with pretty Oriental medallions; all attractively boxed, for giving, and tied with ribbons.

Street floor, Central Building.

Toys and Dolls Wonderful Variety

America First—in this splendid stock of Toys, Dolls, and Games. Arranged so that its great variety and wealth of suggestion can be easily seen and admired.

PRICES are another important feature—here are specimens of what remarkable value buying Toys NOW for the little ones will secure.

It is only FOUR WEEKS to Christmas; and the best time to choose Toys is at once.

Character Dolls, 69c.
Undressed; life-like baby faces of papier mache; bisque heads, moving eyes, and short baby wigs.

"Go Hunting" Game, 50c.
A repeating rapid-fire gun, with target animals and pins to shoot at.

American Flyer Trains, $2.75
14 sections of track, with crossover; locomotive with heavy spring motor, tender, express and passenger car.

Plush Dogs, 74c.
On wheels, with voice.

Cracker Jack Clowns, 65c.
The clever Clowns from the Humpty-Dumpty Circus; with the apparatus for their many stunts.

Racing Automobiles, $9.24
Skeleton racers, with hood, front fender, steel running gear and steering wheel; decorated in two colors; rubber-tired wheels.

Child's Pianos, $1.79
Sixteen keys; upright model.

Doll Carriages, $4.98
Round reed, roll body and hood; steel running gear and rubber-tired wheels.

Fourth floor, West Building.

STUDIED SIMPLICITY IN NEW GOWNS

Furless Suits Making Their Appearance—Lingerie Blouses Popular—Fur Capes in Abundance—Tendency Toward Individualism in Women's Wear Becoming Noticeable.

At tea in one of the smartest hotels this past week the gowns were quiet and calculated to be inconspicuous, but they certainly were almost elaborate in their studied simplicity. There would suddenly appear a woman in sombre garb, dark in color, plain in line, and apparently minus all trimming. Then, upon examination, would be seen every evidence of unremitting labor and time and art spent upon that one small piece of human covering.

Around the huge tea room they sat—with a man in civilian's garb here and there, a soldier more often—drinking tea and other things with the nonchalant ease and grace with which New York women are so richly endowed. A few of them were knitting between sips; and it must be said for these women of society that when they knit they do it well. There is no sign of dropped stitches and uneven rows. Everything is perfectly accomplished. Of course, they do not knit universally nor with unremitting zeal as the women in the smaller places do, but the supposition is that they are finding more constructive war work to occupy their time—work that has a larger field of operation.

The suits seen at tea time were in many types and styles. The suit with fur trimming was usually the dressy suit—that is, when fur was used at all it was used in lavish quantities. One high-heeled person (high heels on black satin shoes, by the way,) wore a lovely suit of black chiffon velvet. The back of the extremely narrow skirt was draped a little just above its hem and left open for twelve inches or more to give ease in walking and grace in the hanging of the skirt. The peplum of the coat was in general of knee length, being pointed and longer on each side. It was gathered in very full and the bottom edged with a wide band of fox fur. The coat itself was slightly fitted, and the coachman's collar stood so high and straight about the face that one

Seen at Tea Time—Suit of Black Velvet and Fox Fur.

doubted whether there was any face at all. To top all this puffiness and slenderness combined was a tight little turban of black velvet with a thin, bending ostrich feather of bright and shining green, waving straight aloft.

There were many suits without a vestige of fur of any sort—a decided reaction from the earlier indications of the season. These furless suits are made, as yet, in shades of beige and brown and in darkish shades of red and Chinese blue. They are of gloveskin cloth or heavy twill. Their coats are almost basques, so tightly are they fitted, and their peplums are full and flaring and very short—shorter, in fact, at back than at front, where they extend in points toward the knees. The skirts are tight and slim and long, and the peplums perk out above them in the most fascinating manner. This description may be a forerunner of the popular Spring suit to come.

Blouses worn with the suits were a secondary consideration, as they always are, but they were none the less beautiful when they did appear. The slip-on blouse seen was made of white satin and extending over the skirt for a matter of ten inches or more. Women are loath to give up this very becoming style of accomplishing a waist for a suit. This one was made with white chiffon sleeves and rolling collar, and its only trimming was in the nature of two huge motives of Chinese embroidery in shades of dark blue done on the lower edge of the peplum.

Lingerie blouses were everywhere. They seem to grow more lovely as they increase in popularity. Now they are mostly hand-done and French in character, if not really in actual workmanship. One of fine handkerchief linen had a panel at the front and a high turnover collar of real cluny lace, with only a neck bow of narrow black grosgrain ribbon to relieve its pure whiteness.

A hand-made waist of white batiste was finished around its narrow, rolling collar, and around the turned back cuffs and at the closing in front with a roll and an over-and-over stitch of Copenhagen blue cotton—the sort that is often done on the edges of fine handkerchiefs. It was really quite a dainty finish for a simple blouse and gave it a distinct air.

At tea in any of the New York hotels these Winter days there are fur capes in abundance. They are best when made quite short—waist length—and flaring, and more often than not they are caught together in armholes. There is great smartness about these shoulder fixings, and during the sort of weather we have been having they are enough of a wrap to be worn with a one-piece dress. It is really the newest way of dressing. One-piece frocks are so decidedly smart that women hate to think of covering their perfected lines with an all-enveloping coat. In this way they are able to preserve the best of them for the outside world to behold. The capes are made of all manner of short-haired furs—mole, kolinsky, squirrel, beaver—and of sable, when the wearer is fortunate.

Of coat dresses there were a few strictly tailored in character, and they were generally worn with fur scarfs or straight capelets, while often a muff was carried.

There were a few bustles, chiefly on velvet or on wool velours gowns, but they were restricted in numbers, though without exception extremely well made.

Hats were small as a rule. Many of them were made with those soft, shaped to the head crowns that are so becoming to femininity. There were a few turbans made from metal brocades, some tightly fitting hats of fur, and some with fur pom-poms for trimming. Ostrich is quote popular this season and always becoming.

There is more and more talk of the Government restriction on cloth for Spring suits. While the movement has not as yet become pronounced, it is gaining ground every day, and the wholesalers are taking steps to co-operate in every way. Already experiments are being made in cutting suits from three yards of material and even from less. All extra cuffs, collarettes, vests, and trimmings will have to be omitted if this is to be accomplished. Some of the designers are putting forth little notions of making trimmings and touches out of cotton materials—crêpe in pastel shades, for instance. There is great opportunity here for American designs to take a decided step forward. It will be interesting to watch developments as the weeks pass.

In the matter of neck fixings and yokes and vests, there is much of interest to be seen in the shops just now. There are wonderful bits of handwork ready to be attached to any gown. Satin collars with scarf ends, meant to be tied and swung loosely in front, are quite popular, while filet holds its own in a remarkable manner. The new finely-tucked yokes and waistcoats trimmed with rows of real lace are, it is whispered, worn by many women under a suit when there is no remote possibility of having to remove the coat. They help to preserve the fitted lines of a tailored coat with much more of dignity than any blouse could achieve no matter how gossamer its material.

Beige Wool Velours, Braided and Simply Made.

In order to keep slim in the new tightly-fitted coats and skirts and at the same time remain reasonably warm to withstand the Winter winds, there has been put on the market a sort of knitted silk underwear that is so closely woven and of such heavy quality that it is guaranteed to keep out the breezes on the wintriest day, and at the same time cling closely to the figure with never a bulge in any spot. This will be welcome news to the woman who acknowledges a desire to be warm.

It has been hinted that women's newly acquired independence of thought will lead by natural stages to an independence of dressing, and it was interesting to note at a recent dinner where only women were present that there was a decided sprinkling of gowns acknowledging no standard of style, past or present. The gowns were designed as individual creations to suit only the individuals who wore them. In London for a long time there has been a decided movement in this direction. At one of the smartest shops there they have a department devoted solely to making clothes of this character and general type, and it has, the report is, been steadily patronized. There is no doubting the fact that women look rather well in gowns of this sort—gowns that hang from the shoulders and do away with any need for corsets or confining bands of any sort. They look well if one forgets all the surrounding dictates of a made-to-order fashion.

At a dinner at a fashionable restaurant were seen many gowns copied from the models brought from Paris a month or so ago, many of which were described in these columns. The best looking things, by far, were the black velvet semi-evening gowns made with slightly low necks and sleeves reaching half way to the elbow, worn with big, black picture hats of maline or velvet. One black velvet gown was trimmed with simple bands of ermine at the ends of the sleeves and nothing at all at the neck line. The hat that was worn with it was made of black tulle—many thicknesses for the soft, gathered crown, two thicknesses for the inside portion of the brim, and only one thickness for the extreme edge of the brim, which was bent and rolled over the head and in front of the eyes. The illusive quality of these three thicknesses of maline was fascinating. The hat was trimmed with dark purple—almost black—grapes, three bunches of them, combined with dark green velvet leaves laid flat on the transparent brim, and with a simple bow of black velvet ribbon, adding one more depth of black to the general scheme.

A dark blue tulle gown was seen, made with a draped overdress of cream-colored Spanish lace and a girdle of dark blue sparkling spangles. It was worn with a dark blue feather picture hat.

Gowns with bodices of sequins were not entirely neglected at this colorful gathering, and there were many dresses of draped metal brocade with flat, sweeping trains, winding gracefully about the feet, and only touches of maline to relieve the draping.

RUSSIAN REVOLUTION ULTIMATE BOON TO ALLIES

By SAMUEL N. HARPER.
Head of the Slavonic Department, University of Chicago.

In a recent number of Punch the picture shows little brother howling vehemently. The sympathetic passer-by questions little sister; who replies, "Oh, he's worrying about Russia."

There has been cause for worry as one followed the course of events in Russia these last months. There is still cause for worry, for the situation is serious, and tends to become more so every day. But it does no good to "howl," and much less to whine. One must keep one's nerve, and also frequently one's sense of humor. The latter does not imply flippancy, which would be inexcusable when we all are facing crises. But it has been distinctly amusing at times as one watched the simple, direct Russian try out a theory he had always believed would work; the results were sometimes distinctly humorous.

They told us of one incident that occurred while the "democratization" of the army was in its first stages. At that time the "committees" were the authority, and everything had to be put to the vote. During a counter-attack a regiment was seen to halt at the foot of a hill which it was to take. As it stood there the hands went up. The observers were in consternation. This regiment was one of the best, and here it was surrendering. But presently the regiment resumed the advance, and after a stubborn fight took the hill. The observers rushed up and asked what had happened at the foot of the hill. The soldiers explained very simply that they were taking the vote on the order to take the hill, and having voted to take it, went ahead.

Tragic things also happened in this "revolutionary" army; one hesitates to recall the details. In the worst cases one sought, and often found evidence of the enemy's hand continuing its dirty work. But frequently it was the blind but honest groping of a simple folk, uneducated, once deceived, and therefore suspicious of those who used the word "authority." They were being again deceived by German agents or by demagogues and fanatics, and very funny things were happening. But one had to keep one's nerve.

It did not help matters to become impatient, though many did so. The English and French had had three years of it, and their patience, perhaps even their sympathy, was being exhausted. For over two years they had to deal with the old régime, which was honeycombed with incompetence, corruption, and treason. The delays and disasters, which might have been avoided, had cost them many lives. Then came the revolution, with fresh delays and more military disasters. While the Russians worked out—that is talked and discussed—the revolution, the killing continued on the western front. One might be very sympathetic and understand, but one could not help being a bit impatient.

Some people have not understood, and have been neither sympathetic nor patient. The present writer was nonplussed on several occasions by the statement: "These Russians should not have their revolution while a war was going on." And the statement was made by a man—in several instances an American—who was in Russia before and during the revolution. The answer to the statement is the simple question, "Who made the revolution of March?" For it came as the result of the stupidity or perhaps deliberate treason of the men deposed by the revolution.

Facts will bear out the following summary of the situation: Had the present leaders in Russia been unable to direct the revolution with some measure of success, Russia would have been out of the war last March. Their success may seem very meagre to some, for Russia is today not much of a factor from the purely military standpoint. She is keeping occupied fewer divisions of the enemy than she held at the eastern line in February under the old régime. But again one must recall that, not only would Russia have been betrayed herself, but she would have been made to betray her allies, had the "revolution" gone as its real instigators—men like Stürmer and Protopopov—perhaps deliberately planned. For they had brought Russia to a state of anarchy which made it materially and morally impossible for her to continue. Perhaps they were not clever enough to plan it deliberately, in conjunction with the Kaiser and for German marks. But they most certainly were getting ready to urge on England and France the necessity of entering into negotiations with Germany, and they alone of all Russians enjoyed the confidence of the sovereign and exercised for him his "strong authority."

One can, therefore, say that much of the chaos and anarchy in Russia was produced, perhaps deliberately, by the old crowd. Revolutionary Russia inherited this anarchy from the old régime. The revolution contributed its share, but the complete disorganization of Russian life dates back to the old régime. Food riots in Petrograd were the immediate cause of the revolution. The transportation was in chaos before March. Industries were becoming more and more disorganized, and production decreasing during the last month of the old régime. The workmen were getting out of hand largely because of the blind repressive policy of the gendarmes of Nicholas II. The peasants were refusing to sell their grain because of the stupid program devised by the Czar's bureaucrats. The paper ruble, printed as fast as the press would run, was depreciating from day to day. So all the crises which revolutionary Russia has had to face were in considerable measure part of the heritage from the old régime.

The revolution increased the chaos and anarchy, despite the efforts of the new leaders. The new men made mistakes, but some were inevitable—they could not act otherwise. One of the first acts of the Provisional Government was to abolish the death penalty. We have seen the disastrous results of this step, particularly in the breakdown of discipline at the front. But the death penalty had already been abolished for all except political crimes for over a century. The first speech in the first Russian Parliament in 1906 had demanded the complete abolition of the death penalty. Could the new Russia forget this fact? It had to abolish the death penalty, and it could not say "except in cases," for the old régime always provided for public jury trial "except where special provision of the law," &c.

The new men who came in to save the situation in March had to solve the problems created by others. And they could not use methods of government without which large communities cannot be held together even in normal times. For they did not inherit, together with the chaos, the weapons that could be used to clear up the disorders. The political ideals of the old crowd were very limited. They knew only "strong authority," "discipline," and "order," and their idea of government was to "police" everything and everybody, and answer every criticism by repression, and with force if necessary. The old crowd discredited not only the ideas represented by the words "strong authority" and "order," but the words themselves. As Prince Lvoff explained to me one day, he could not arrest a Lenine or a Trotzky and close down their newspapers at the beginning. That would have meant simply a return to the old régime.

Unable and unwilling to repress, the new leaders could not even demand "order," and the recognition of "authority." For three months one had "government by appeal," with no physical but simply moral force behind the appeal. So one had "anarchy," but it was peaceful anarchy. The hastily organized militia and the sense of individual responsibility maintained order, except where the criminal elements were at work. But there were very few of these, though the field was wide open to them. What gave ground for hope to the outside observers was the absence of violent anarchy. Kronstadt made trouble, and there were brutal killings of landlords, factory owners, and especially officers; but on the background of 180,000,000 people in revolution, covering one-seventh of the surface of the earth, these acts of violence were distressing but not alarming. And the preachers were urging further and even violent anarchy, and were carrying on their fanatical propaganda without cessation.

Finally, the preachers of anarchy came out in open rebellion. Then at last repressive measures could be used, and after the abortive Bolshevik uprising of July arrests were made and armed force was used against the extremists. The new Minister of the Interior, a Socialist, forbade street meetings and street demonstrations. There must be "revolutionary order," he declared, and a "strong revolutionary authority" must be exercised and recognized, and there must be "revolutionary discipline" in the "revolutionary army." The adjective "revolutionary" worried some. "Forget the revolution and get back to the war" was their thought. But the Russian could not forget the revolution. The watchwords, "Save the revolution," "Consolidate the conquests of the revolution" were not hysterical cries; they had a real value—a spiritual value. And one could not then save the revolution by repression and force, and one could not go on with the war until the conquests were "consolidated."

Kerensky had a difficult team to drive—revolution and war. When he pulled up now one horse and now the other he was accused of hesitating. In August, at the State conference called by the Provisional Government, a distinct warning was given to Kerensky and his colleagues. They were told that they must establish "a strong authority." "It is the next to the last warning," wrote one leader. Kerensky probably understood the warning, but was unable to take it. Then came the last warning, the Korniloff affair of September. Korniloff was striving for a "strong authority," as was Kerensky. At one moment they were working together to the same end. Then they broke, partly as the result of a misunderstanding, and seemed to be in opposed camps.

Kerensky again held to the same policy, and because of his honesty secured the support of the Liberals and the business men, who entered his new Cabinet. But he would not be a "Napoleon," for that would have spelled disloyalty to the revolution. Many Russians, and more foreigners, called for a "strong man," a Napoleon. They demanded that Kerensky "suppress," "establish order," "shoot down traitors." But he waited, had to wait, until a clearly treacherous move on the part of the extremists would justify repression. This came at last, and Kerensky marched against the rebels. The outcome of the conflict is still uncertain, perhaps only unknown. The reports from Russia are conflicting. But the ultimate defeat of the Bolshevikí is sure; they will be suppressed either by Kerensky or by another representing law and order, but loyal to the revolution.

"Kerensky should have acted before," one hears and reads, especially in the comments of outsiders; and many Russians expressed the same view. A year ago the present writer was forced constantly to "explain away" the use of repressive measures in Russia, for they were clearly handicapping those who wished to strengthen Russia in her struggle to prosecute the war honestly and forcefully. Now one has to "explain away" the refusal of those responsible for the Government of Russia to take severe repressive measures. They are consolidating the conquests of the revolution," has been the answer, and it must be accepted.

For, though we are disturbed and worried by what is going on in Russia, we certainly wish the success of the revolution of March. We must accept the events of the last months as an experiment in social revolution, which fortunately has failed. We must realize that some Russians have behaved like "slaves in mutiny," to use the phrase of Kerensky himself, but that the majority of Russians have shown self-restraint and common sense that deserved admiration. The simple people—the broader masses—had to think it out and talk it over, and perhaps try it out and even fight for it. As one American said to an audience of Russian soldiers, "Liberty is a valuable thing, and you have to pay dearly for it. In America we fought eight years, and then four more years, for liberty."

Americans who have "lived" the revolution in Russia have understood it, have sympathized with it, and have been patient, because they saw that there was no real ground for impatience. They saw that if our aims were to "make the world safe for democracy," then one of our duties was to understand and welcome what was going on in Russia and help.

It has been gratifying to note the attitude taken by the majority of our newspapers these last two weeks. On the whole it has shown patience, sympathetic understanding, and faith in the ultimate triumph of real democracy in Russia.

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SOCIAL ACTIVITIES INCREASE

Many Smart Affairs Planned for the Week—Society Knits Socks at the Opera and While Skating—Debutantes Advised to "Roll Up Their Sleeves" for War Service—Revival of Informal Dances for Charity.

THE last week of November promises to be quite active, and will be dotted with smart weddings, dances, skating parties, conferences, and several débutante presentations. Thanksgiving will add to the entertainment features of the week, with the service uniform in evidence at many of the family reunions. In fact, a lot of people have asked Uncle Sam's boys to dinner, in addition to their regular guests. A note to the Patriotic Service League, 2,741 Broadway, will bring sailor or soldier boys, far away from the delicious home turkey dinner, to your board.

Everybody seems to be knitting. There was a knitting-skating party held last week at one of the ice rinks. Knitting outfits can even be had now at the 5 and 10 cent stores. The Red Cross has sent out an appeal to speed up the work on sweaters, wristlets, mufflers, helmets, and socks, so great is the present demand for knitted articles. Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt knitted during intermissions at the opera on Monday night.

The second Monday night of the opera was brilliant socially, but the flash of jewels was even more modified than at the opening night. Mrs. Roosevelt was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Elon Huntington Hooker of 907 Fifth Avenue, in parterre box 25. Mrs. George J. Gould made her first appearance, in black, with pearls, and Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Carhart, newcomers, entertained in Box 28. Mr. and Mrs. Lewis L. Clarke had as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Finley J. Shepard and Judge and Mrs. William H. Moore. Others attending the opening of the second week were Mrs. Richard T. Wilson, Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James, Mrs. James B. Duke, Mrs. F. Egerton Webb, Mrs. Joseph E. Stevens, Mrs. William Watts Sherman, Mrs. James F. D. Lanier, Mrs. Robert P. Huntington, Mr. and Mrs. James W. Gerard, and Major and Mrs. George B. McClellan.

The first of the Four Junior Dances will be held on Thursday at the Plaza and the next one Dec. 21. The patronesses for these dances are Mrs. Daniel F. Kellogg, Mrs. D. Hunter McAlpin, Mrs. Charles M. Clark, Mrs. J. E. R. Carpenter, Mrs. Herbert Dean, Mrs. Edward Dwight, Mrs. Parker D. Handy, and Mrs. Charles S. Haight.

That it is not to be a danceless season altogether is now evidenced by several formal announcements. The first of a series of musicales and dances given for the benefit of the Soldiers and Sailors Home Club Canteen, under the auspices of the National Special Aid Society, is to be held on Tuesday evening at 12 East Forty-ninth Street. Mrs. J. Stewart Barney, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. Edward R. Stettinius, Mrs. Harold Pratt, and Mrs. Henry Sanford are among the patronesses.

An invitation supper dance was held on Friday night at 44 East Fifty-eighth Street in aid of the babies' ward of the Post-Graduate Hospital, with Mrs. R. T. Wilson, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. J. Philip Benkard, and Mrs. E. Lounsbery Perry among those in charge.

Two débutantes across the river are soon to be introduced formally, one this week. They are the granddaughters of the late Charles Pratt of Brooklyn. Mrs. Frederick B. Pratt is to give a reception for Miss Helen L. Pratt, at their Clinton Avenue residence, on Tuesday. There was one débutante affair in this borough last week.

The débutantes and members of the Junior League throughout the country are getting some sound editorial advice from the current number of their periodical. "All outward and visible signs of that ridiculous term 'social position' ahculd be abandoned today," runs the editorial. "War is a great leveler. This war will be won by the men of the line and by the women in line working at home. Therefore, roll up your sleeves, forget all but the fact that you are one of the Allies, and if you earn the right, then, perhaps, the golden spoon, with which you may have been incumbered when very young, may be converted into golden chevrons."

It seems strange to read that the one hundred and thirty-fourth anniversary of the evacuation of the City of New York by the British troops is to be celebrated this week, with England now our big ally. The Sons of the Revolution will hold a meeting at Delmonico's tomorrow night in celebration, and a Londoner, H. S. Perris, Secretary of the British-American Centenary Commission, is to speak. W. Lanier Washington, a direct descendant of two of the brothers of General George Washington, whom he represents in the Society of the Cincinnati, is to deliver an illustrated lecture on "The Homes of the Washingtons in England and Virginia." Members of the Meadow Brook Hunt Club have decided that its forthcoming point-to-point steeplechase will be confined to army officers only. Many of the club members are in service, and entries are expected from officers stationed at Camp Upton and Camp Mills.

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Mrs. J. Gibson Maupin, Who Is Identified with Polish Reconstruction Relief Work at Hero Land.

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ANNOUNCEMENTS of weddings and engagements experienced a rise during the week, after a decided slump. There are fluctuations in the marriage mart just as in the money markets, and the same comparison might be applied to engagements. Of course the only cause for the increase or decrease of weddings and engagements is the season of the year, and just because they happen to come all at once, or none at all.

Wednesday seems to be a popular day for town weddings this season. The most important ones took place on the Wednesday following the formal opening of the social season. A fortnight later they will again bunch on Wednesday.

An interesting wedding tomorrow, however, will be that of Miss Margaret G. La Farge, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Grant La Farge of 324 East Twenty-second Street, and Lieutenant William Henry Osborn, O. R. C., son of Mr. and Mrs. William Church Osborn, which is to be solemnized in the chantry of Grace Church.

The bride is to be unattended. Mr. Osborn will have his brother, Earl D. Osborn, invalided here from service in France, as his best man.

A small reception is to follow the ceremony at the home of Mr. and Mrs. La Farge.

Lieutenant Osborn is stationed at Camp Wadsworth with the 107th Infantry, and he will take his bride to Spartanburg, S. C., after a brief bridal journey.

The marriage of Miss Julia Gilbert, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cass Gilbert, and Charles Morgan Post is to take place on Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Church of the Incarnation, Thirty-fifth Street and Madison Avenue. The subsequent reception at the Gilbert home, 4 East Sixty-fourth Street, is to be small.

Miss Emily Gilbert is to be her sister's maid of honor, and the Misses Augusta Dixon, Lois Hall, Mary Haskell, Gertrude Pardee, Claire Van Lennep, and Jarvis Wyeth are to be the bridesmaids.

Henry Post Morgan is to act as his brother's best man, and the ushers will include Morgan Post, Cass Gilbert, Jr., who is to marry Miss Elizabeth J. Wyeth on Saturday; Killaen Van Rensselaer, Walter Herrick, Arthur Randall, George Brower, and Edmund Fairfax.

Miss Angeline J. Krech, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin W. Krech of 17 East Seventieth Street, and Oliver Burr James, son of Dr. and Mrs. Walter B. James, are to be married in St. Bartholomew's Church on Wednesday, with a small reception afterward at the home of the bride's parents. The Rev. Leighton Parks and the Rev. Endicott Peabody are to officiate.

The bride is to be attended by her sister, Miss Helen Krech, as maid of honor, and the other attendants will include Mrs. Shepard Krech and the Misses Margaret Krech and Helen and Eunice James, sisters of the bridegroom.

William Rockefeller is to be best man, and Francklyn Lawrence and Hamilton Hadley will serve as ushers.

The wedding of Miss Gertrude C. Livingston, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Duane Livingston of Garden City, L. I., and Henry C. Kittredge, son of Professor and Mrs. George L. Kittredge of Cambridge, Mass., is to be celebrated on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the chantry of Grace Church.

Miss Marion Lockman Hees, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Rathbun Hees of 875 Park Avenue, will be married to William M. Sebring on Wednesday afternoon, in St. Agnes's Chapel, with the subsequent reception at the Hotel Plaza.

In Philadelphia, on that day, Lieutenant J. Francis R. Packard, son of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Packard of 981 North Park Avenue, will be married to Miss Mary T. Denckla, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herman A. Denckla of Chestnut Hill, a pleasant suburb of the Quaker City.

Miss Charlotte F. Werner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Werner of 124 West Fifty-fifth Street, and Donald V. Lowe, son of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert G. Lowe of Tenafly, N. J., are to be married on Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in St. Thomas's Church, with a small reception afterward at the Ritz-Carlton.

Miss Werner will have Miss Elizabeth Gifford, a cousin, as her maid of honor, and Mrs. Emerson Bigelow will be the other attendant. Malcolm B. Lowe is to act as best man for his brother.

The Rev. George R. Van De Water, rector of St. Andrew's Church, is to officiate on Saturday at the marriage of his niece, Miss Cornelia Van De Water of Flushing, L. I., and Harold Carey of Hartford, Conn., which is to be celebrated in St. George's Church at Flushing.

Miss Mary Pinchot Eno, a cousin of Gifford Pinchot and Amos Pinchot, and whose marriage to H. Bjornstrom-Steffanson will be solemnized on Dec. 12 at her residence, 56 East Fifty-seventh Street, will have her two nieces, the Misses Antoinette and Marie Graves, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. William Leon Graves, as her attendants. Her uncle, William Phelps Eno, will give her in marriage, and the Rev. Oliver Bronson, now of Salem, Mass., is to perform the ceremony in the presence of the immediate family and a few close friends. The reception which will follow is to be very small.

Stephan Bjornstrom is to be his brother's best man, and there are to be no ushers. Miss Eno is a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. John C. Eno and a niece of Mrs. Charles Boughton Wood and William Phelps Eno.

Miss Louise Dickinson, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Gordon K. Dickinson, who is to wed Edward F. Swenson of Albany on Dec. 8 in St. Thomas's Church, will have her four sisters as her attendants, Mrs. Frederick H. McCoun, Mrs. Thomas R. Shepard, and the Misses Claire and Ruth Dickinson, also Miss Louise Swenson, a sister of the bridegroom, who is to act as maid of honor.

Clarence E. Swenson is to be best man, and the ushers will include Lieutenant Herbert Swenson, U. S. R., Captain Henry P. Warren, Jr., U. S. R., Lieutenant De Witt J. Payne, U. S. R., and Henry L. Bogert, Jr., Donald B. Abbott, and Wendell W. Faunce.

The reception will be held at the Gotham.

Mrs. Duncan-Hunter of Providence, R. I., has announced the marriage of her daughter, Miss Frances G. Hunter, to Curtis B. Munson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Munson of 46 West Fifty-second Street, which took place on Oct. 27 last. The bride is a niece of Henry P. Lippitt, former United States Senator from Rhode Island. Mr. Munson and his brother, Alexander M. Munson, are members in France of the Lafayette Escadrille.

Lieutenant Edward Willis and his bride, who was Miss Dorothy Bard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Bard of Summit, N. J., will return to Spartanburg, S. C., after their honeymon trip, as Lieutenant Willis is a member of the Machine Gun Company of the 107th Infantry, at Camp Wadsworth. They were married on Nov. 17 in Calvary Church, Summit, N. J.

Miss Hortense Smith, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. Alfred Franklin Smith of St. Louis, and Amos Mansfield Kidder of Englewood, N. J., were married on Nov. 17 at the home of the bride's parents. The wedding was to have taken place early in December, but the date was advanced in order that Mr. Kidder, who has just completed his training in the aviation section of the Signal Corps, might take advantage of his furlough. He was formerly Cadet Sergeant at Scott Field, Belleville, Ill.

Miss Louise Elliot Flint, daughter of George E. Flint and a granddaughter of the late Dr. Austin Flint, was married on Tuesday to James Lanman Hubbard, U. S. N. R. F., at the home of her aunt, Miss Annie Flint, 118 East Nineteenth Street, the Rev. Henry Darlington, a son of Bishop Darlington, officiating. Mr. Hubbard is at present stationed at New London, Conn., with the Engineering and Ordnance Department of the Navy and only had forty-eight hours leave of absence for his marriage. He is a son of Charles L. Hubbard, President of the Thames National Bank of Norwich.

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THERE are few engagements nowadays without some war interest, and no long drawn out alliances as in days of peace. The majority of engagements are followed up, often in a few weeks or even days, with nuptials, and the young couple rush off to some war camp centre, for leave of absence is growing shorter with the advance of Winter and the intensity of war work.

Mrs. George Ide Malcom of 116 East Sixty-third Street has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Hope Malcom, to Lieutenant Charles Thurlow, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thurlow of Newburyport, Mass., a graduate of Harvard, class of '12, and now in the aviation section of the Signal Corps.

Miss Malcom was introduced several Winters ago, and is a member of the Junior League. Her brothers, J. Banham Malcom and George I. Malcom, are in the Naval Reserve, while another brother, Julian Malcom, expects a commission in the United States Army.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernesto G. Fabbri of 7 East Ninety-fifth Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Teresa Fabbri, a débutante of the last season, to James Cameron Clark, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. William Clark of Bernardsville, N. J., and this city. Miss Fabbri is a granddaughter of Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard and a great-granddaughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William H. Vanderbilt. Mr. Clark is a Harvard man and belongs to the Union Club. He is attached to the aviation section of the Signal Corps at San Antonio, Texas.

Mrs. Frederick Charles Prentiss of 1 Riverside Drive has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Frederica Carlotta Prentiss, to John T. Hanemann, son of Mrs. Henry W. Hanemann of this city. Mr. Hanemann is a graduate of Columbia, class of '02.

From Boston comes the announcement of the engagement of Mrs. Marguerite G. Ginn, widow of Edwin Ginn, the publisher, who established the World Peace Foundation, to Dr. Hunter Robb of Cleveland. The wedding will probably take place next January.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Lane of 61 West Eighty-seventh Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marjory Browne Lane, to Paul Rupplinger, Maréchal des Logis, Fifty-ninth Artillerie, France. Miss Lane, who was educated in Paris, has for some time been associated with the work of the American Girls Aid in Paris. She sailed last June to join the Misses Hollingsworth at the headquarters of their society, and has remained there ever since.

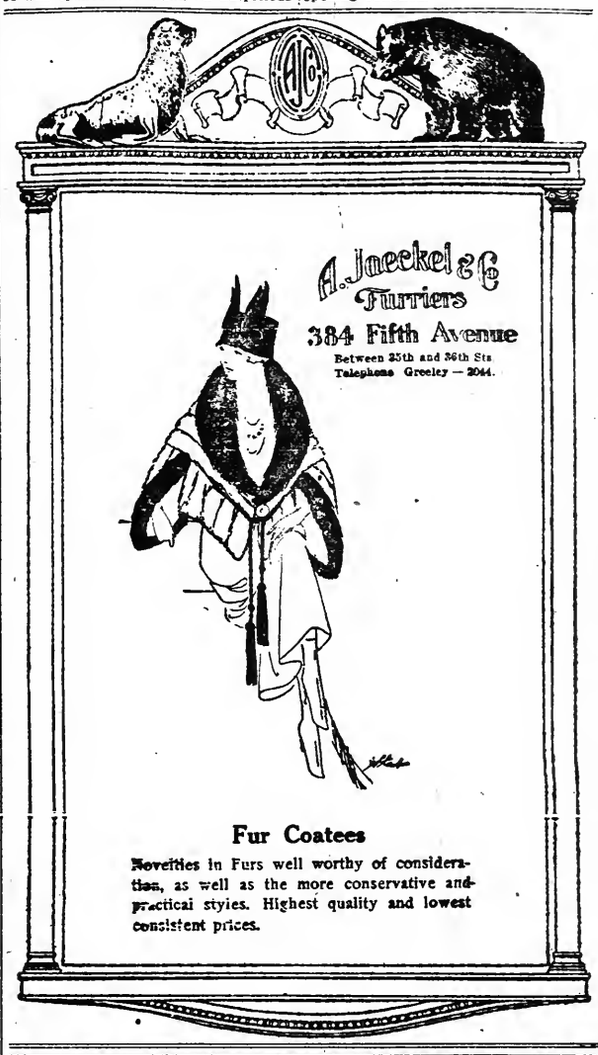
***

ALL social roads will lead this week to Hero Land at the Grand Central Palace, for the great bazaar promises to arouse the interest of society as never before in war relief work. It was opened last night, an auspicious occasion, and will run for nineteen days.

Owing to the war the annual play for the benefit of Grosvenor House has been abandoned, and a week's rummage sale will be held instead, beginning Dec. 3, at 17 East Fifty-ninth Street. The Misses Margaret Allen, Juliet Bartlett, Augusta Dixon, Frances P. Field, Elizabeth R. Thompson, and Caramal Carroll are among the young women in charge.

Mrs. Joseph B. Bissell of 46 West Fifty-sixth Street will hold a meeting in connection with the Women's Committee on Knitted Woolen Articles for the members of the Bellevue Base Hospital Unit on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

An interesting exhibition of paintings for the benefit of the Bronxville, Westchester County, Branch of the American Red Cross, will open tomorrow at the Hotel Gramatan, to continue until Dec. 2. A private view today will be the opening function.



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Also some wide materials for portieres and heavy curtains at 50 cents a yard.

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The growing of vegetables, as well as flowers, will be taught. You can subscribe for the full course or come to a single lecture. Detailed information on request.

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Exquisite Wraps

Of velveteen and chiffon velvet, richly trimmed with luxurious furs—especially priced—$95—$125—$145.

SUPERB WRAPS—of costly metallic brocades, trimmed with Kolinsky—Ermine—Japanese Sable and Chinchilla—especially priced at $225, $295, $395 and $475 and upwards.

Dinner & Evening Gowns

For the various social functions—of velvet—satin—tulle—metal cloths and brocaded materials of the most luxurious character—especially priced—$95—$125—$145.

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Of velvet—serge—satin and Georgette crepe—especially priced—$45—$65—$95.

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Smart models in all the new shades and materials—handsomely fur trimmed—especially priced—$65—$95—$125.

HIGHER COST SUITS—of rich cloth materials and velvets, trimmed with Kolinsky, Mink, Fox, Beaver, Seal and other fashionable furs—(including imported models)—especially priced at $125—$145—$175.

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Of cashmere velour—duvetyn—vicuna and other high-quality materials, generously trimmed with Kolinsky—Skunk—Beaver—Seal and Mole—especially priced—$45—$65—$95—$125.

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FASHIONABLE STOLES—COATEES and PELERINES Of Skunk—Seal—Mole—Beaver—Kolinsky — Ermine — Mink — Russian and Hudson Bay Sable—at $95—$145—$195—$250 to $2,000.

Beautiful Fur Coats

Of Hudson Seal—Mole—Baby Caracul—Nutria—Mink—Kolinsky—Broadtail Persian—Broadtail — Chinchilla — Ermine and Russian Sable, at $245—$375—$525 up to $20,000.

Smart Street and Semi-Dress Hats
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ALASKA SEAL, MINK, MOLE,
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SAYS WAR WILL END STATE SOCIALISM

The war has done more to make all classes hate the very idea of State socialism than could have been achieved by all the newspapers, books and speeches had they been directed to this one purpose, in the opinion of The London Economist, which points out that while all have recognized that a great and increasing amount of State control is necessary while the war lasts, they are "most heartily sick of it."

"But while our experiences of State-controlled railways, and ships, and coal mines, and engineering works, and food, and drink, and newspapers make us long for the day when the brief Defense of the Realm act, with its enormous ever-growing comet's tail of regulations and orders, may pass out of our horizon," says The Economist, "it is becoming widely realized that we cannot go back to our old free, untrammeled individualism. We can no longer conduct business, each man for himself, each industry for itself, on the principle of the devil-take-the-hindmost. Co-operation under State compulsion has shown us what might be achieved by co-operation under voluntary organization. Inefficient as is industry under Government control and management, yet we have seen how very great was our frictional wastage before the war under our old free competitive system.

"The country, by mobilizing its man and woman power, and directing it to one common purpose, has achieved results which are the wonder and admiration of the world. Five millions of men have been withdrawn from productive work and put to the most expensive and wasteful of all works, yet the country has carried on for three years, and the individual citizens have suffered less of hardship, even of inconvenience, than have the people in any one of the allied countries, or than have our enemies. We have seen what organized production can achieve even when the inefficient and lumbering State is the organizer, and we have learned that the productive capacity of this England of ours is very much greater than any one would have believed to be possible before the war.

"If we can get quit of war, and the burden of preparation for a future war, there is no reason why every man and woman in this country should not have all the necessaries, and a good many of the luxuries of life in return for honest, steady work. If industrial production in peace comes to be organized with a view to the greatest happiness of the greatest number, and our citizens can be taught to take a saner view concerning the uses to be made of their money, there will be enough available for every one who cares to work for it."

The Economist argues that while the organization of industries on co-operative principles is looked upon with a kindly eye and as necessary to the efficient future production of the country, yet there are great and obvious dangers which have to be faced.

"We cannot as a people," it says, "allow our chief industries to become great rings or kartels maintained simply to fleece the consumer. That is their inevitable tendency, and if those who guide them have not the good sense to see the danger, and to avoid it, we shall have our old enemy State Control returning fully armed with the unanimous support of the consumers. We have our rings already in some industries, and we do not love them. Industry must be organized in the mass, but it must not grow into rings. The British trust, on the American model, fenced about with protective tariffs, will not be endured in this country.

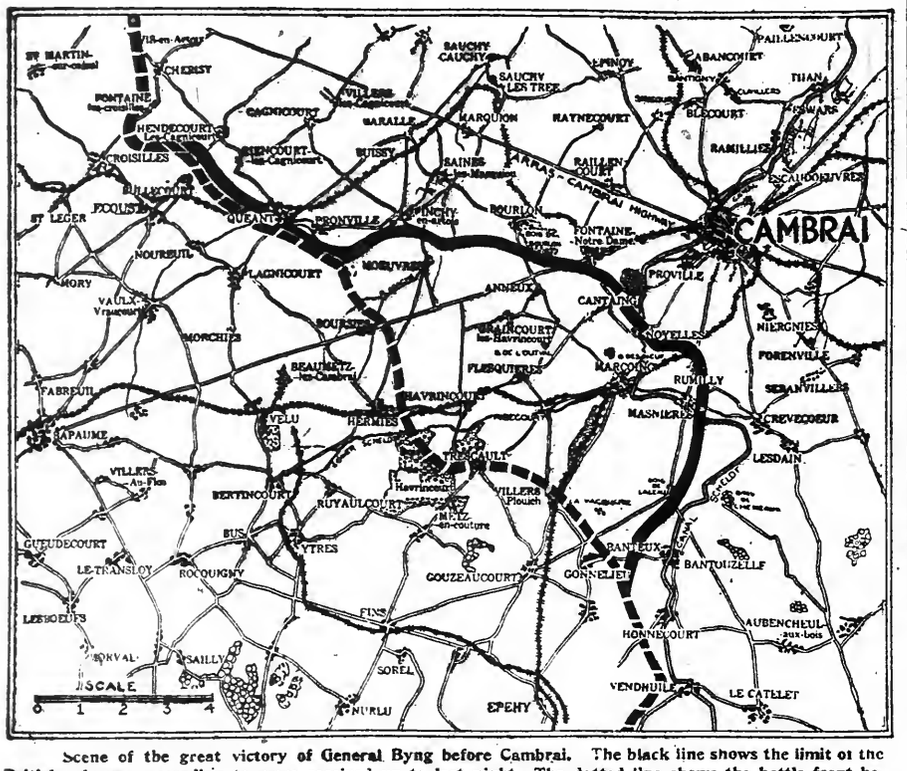
"If our co-operative organizers are wise they will add not only labor, but also the consumer, to the circle of their beneficiaries."

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.

WEEK'S BATTLES IN EUROPE AS SEEN BY MILITARY CRITIC

British Drive at Cambrai May Force Big German Retreat—Italians Holding Piave Line—Advance in Palestine May Affect Turks About Bagdad.



Scene of the great victory of General Byng before Cambrai. The black line shows the limit of the British advance, according to news received up to last night. The dotted line shows the battle front before General Byng's surprise attack was launched against the German positions.

By a Military Expert.

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THE week has seen the most dramatic episode on the western front since the battle of the Marne. In a single day's fighting against the strongest part of the German line in the west the British have penetrated the German positions to a depth half as great as in the entire Somme fighting of last year, and have occupied half as much territory as was gained in the Somme battle.

This was accomplished without artillery preparation, without advertising, quietly and effectively. Whereas it has always been the rôle of artillery to destroy the wire entanglements, this time the tanks were used for the purpose, great numbers of them tearing great holes in the German defense and permitting the infantry to rush through. Before the German artillery could really get into action the British and German infantry were closely engaged.

The extent of this gain was undoubtedly as much a surprise to the British as it was to the Germans. Had the British any idea of what they were about to accomplish the entire German line would now be in retreat. A great mass of infantry, had it been available, could have been thrown into the breach torn in the German line and, working against the flank and rear of the German positions, it could have put the entire line to rout. While the British success is remarkable as it is, there was the chance of turning it into almost a decisive victory had sufficient preparations been made to take advantage of it. Of course, it would have been expensive. The loss might have been appalling. But it would not have been as great as the aggregate loss will be in the series of battles which must ensue before the Germans are driven behind the Oise. But the victory already gained is not to be belittled and may well bring a revolution in trench fighting.

In seeking for an object for the British attack it is not necessary to look to any other field than that of France. When Germany is attacking in one field and the Allies begin an offensive in another it has become stereotyped to state that the object is to relieve the German pressure. It is also the most obvious. There was nothing in this latest move, however, to indicate that it was done with the idea of improving the Italian situation. In the first place, the Italian situation was getting along very well of itself. Indeed, the Teutonic attacks had practically died down after having themselves to check against the Piave front and that of the mountains between the Piave and the Brenta. Again, had the British object been to draw off the Germans from Italy, the most natural thing would have been to have indulged in the usual artillery preparation of several days, so that, fearing attack, the Germans would have begun their preparations to meet it.

The first object was to try a great experiment, the experiment of breaking through the German line without the use of artillery. Back in September, 1915, when the British stormed the German positions in Loos while the French struck simultaneously in the Champagne, it was thought that a brief but heavy artillery preparation might cause the German line to be positively ruptured. A few days' fighting, however, with cruel losses, proved the fallacy of this theory. It was recognized then that the only thing was shell — shell in unlimited quantities, shell to destroy every vestige of wire entanglements and wreck the German trenches. When artillery had been created in sufficient quantities for this purpose we saw the battle of the Somme. The German trench system had been mastered.

This forced the change in the rigid system of defense to one somewhat more elastic, with the result that the pill boxes were adopted. In Flanders we found these bearing the entire burden of the defense; elsewhere they were combined with the trench system. Here again it was a question of massed artillery. But artillery preparation has several disadvantages. In the first place, it entirely negatives the idea of surprise, and surprise is just as important a factor in this war as it was in any other war of history. It is rather difficult to conceal from an enemy the fact that you are going to attack when, for days in advance, you are pounding his lines with everything in the shape of artillery which you possess. The result is that, having warning, not alone of the probable time of attack but of the probable location, he is able not only to concentrate his artillery so that his barrage begins with yours, but also to concentrate his men so that yours will be met with an equal number.

Again, there is the question of the ground over which the advance must be made. Most of us have seen in photographs how pitted and pock-marked the ground is after the usual artillery preparation. Add to this a spell of rainy weather, and No Man's Land becomes almost impassable.

On the other hand, if the ground is free from traps and pits, the infantry will move much more quickly, much more steadily, and with much more life. The mental attitude of the men as they move on cannot but be affected by conditions under foot. It is the combination of these elements, all of which have invariably been present in former attacks, which has made the advance in any individual effort almost insignificant.

It was to get away from this that the great experiment was tried. The foundation of the success was laid first on the element of surprise. It was realized that there could not be even a small success if any intimation of the plan leaked through to the German commanders. The Germans must be caught napping and before their artillery could get to work. The next consideration was that the tanks, secretly mobilized, should break down the wire entanglements, usurping the function of the heavy artillery and the high explosive shell, and open up gaps through which the infantry could advance. The intermediate spaces between gaps could then be readily flanked.

The second object was naturally to gain ground toward the important strategical base of Cambrai. We can never get away from the fundamental fact, established at the battle of the Aisne, which followed close on the heels of the Marne, that the measure of success in any individual engagement is to be found in the relative casualty list.

Where black and white join is the present battle line, after the British victory before Cambrai. The white line shows the extreme limit of the German advance toward Paris.

To put the thing in its most elemental and brutal form, it is a killing match. And if the Allies can put hors de combat more of the Germans than they themselves lose in the effort, the result, regardless of the territory regained, is an allied victory. Nevertheless, there is another object besides the mere destruction of the Teuton man power—the recovery, for a civilized people, of the occupied portions of France and Belgium. And, in so far as the allied advance of the week has contributed to this end, it is a signal victory.

From Oppy south as far as the junction of the Aisne with the Oise Canal, the German line a week ago was exactly where it was when the German retreat came to an end. The line thus held was a line selected with the view solely to its defensive value. It was not selected in the heat and pressure of battle. On the contrary, its selection was the result of months of careful study and investigation of favorable features of terrain, which were modified so as to give it the greatest possible strength. It was against this line at Quéant and Bullecourt that so many British attacks were broken last Spring in their efforts to penetrate the defense. This line was, therefore, justly considered to be the strongest position held by the Germans since trench warfare on the western front was established.

In addition to the basic strength of the position it is admirably fed by a series of large railroad centres, each of which is an important strategical point. These are, as we move northward from St. Quentin, Cambrai, Douai, Lille, Menin, Roulers, and Ostend. Naturally, the breaking of any one of these links practically destroys the chain. Cambrai, while not yet taken, is seriously in danger, and the battle for its possession is still under way as this is being written. The British lines are quite close, so that it may well be doubted whether its value at present is very great.

In addition to the effect of the proximity of the British lines to Cambrai there is an element in the position itself which merits consideration. The line of defense of the Cambrai position was the line of the Scheldt River. The defensive on the western front is so strong that even a small stream is sufficient to produce an effective barrier to an advance. We have seen how effective the Somme was in the efforts to take Péronne and likewise how effective the Aisette was in holding the French in check. But the British were able to cross the Scheldt (this river is the same as the Escaut) at Marcoing and Masnières and advance to the outskirts of Rumilly. The length of river held by the British is only about two miles, and their hold on it is by no means secure. The Germans are making every effort to drive them back to the western bank, but so far have not met with the slightest success.

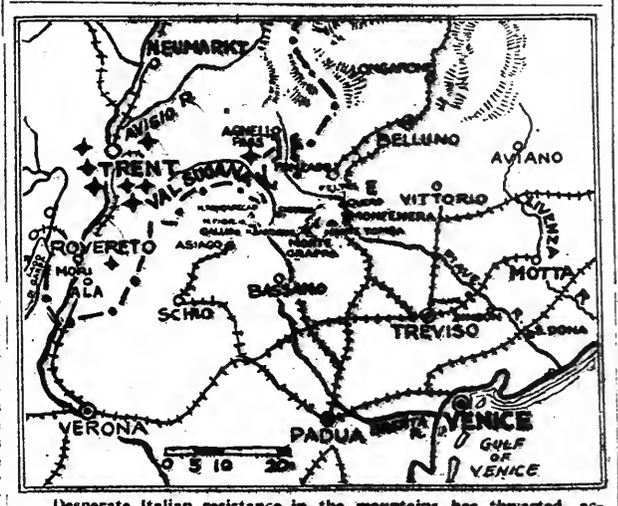
The British position is not without its element of considerable danger. It must be remembered that they are fighting with the river at their back and that if an overwhelming German force is sent against them they may be driven back against the stream and many of them captured. This is undoubtedly what the Germans are trying to effect. But if this is not done, the small force on the east bank will probably be able to clear the passage for their comrades on the other bank and thus put the entire east bank in British hands. Thus the main barrier to the capture of Cambrai will be passed and the entire defensive line turned. If such a move is made the Germans will be forced to retreat westward, and this time their retreat will be accompanied by much greater difficulties than the retreat of last year.

The fact that the British, through an unprecedented use of the tanks, were able to break through the German lines as was done this last week does not mean that this can be continued indefinitely. Under the conditions previously mentioned there does not seem to be any reason why the success cannot be repeated. But it is extremely doubtful that it can be done again in the same sector. In other words, when the British go to follow up their success against Cambrai, it will have to be done in the more usual way, with heavy artillery preparation, followed by the infantry, and with the attendant expense and loss. But there are several sectors on the British front just as important as Cambrai, which offer the same facilities for exactly the same tactics. A repetition of the success in other parts of the line is, therefore, something which we may expect later on.

Last week I called attention to the fact that all of Germany's offensives since the war began have been checked just before Germany had reaped the fruits of her initial successes. Whether this will prove true in the case of Italy remains, of course, to be seen. Up to the present time Germany has been unable to drive her lines forward to any appreciable extent since they became established on the east bank of the Piave River. The fighting this week has been one of a shifting offensive, the shifts being separated by a brief period of almost absolute quiet, as if the struggling forces were pausing for breath. The early days of the week were marked by a series of heavy attacks along the Piave by both the German and the Austrian forces. Several times it seemed as if a crossing were inevitable, but in each instance, Italian reserves, thrown into the fighting in the nick of time, succeeded in driving the invaders back. The losses in these attacks were extremely heavy, particularly on the part of the Teutonic forces, which, having to cross an open river under fire, were unable to combat the fire of the Italian machine guns. Apparently, attacks along the river have been given up as too costly and too unproductive of results except heavy additions to the casualty lists. British artillery has come up, assisting, with the largest guns, those of the Italians. In the face of anything like an equal artillery fire such a crossing becomes a hopeless endeavor.

As was pointed out last week also, the decision is not likely to come on the Piave. The L-shaped line of the Italians, one leg running westward through the mountains and the other south along the Piave, is an ever-present source of danger, because any break in one leg necessarily involves the other by exposing its flank. But it also exposes the flank of the Brenta line, should the break come on the east and west section of the line. When it became apparent that the attacks along the Piave were futile, the scene of activity shifted to the stretch of line in the mountains between the Piave and the Brenta. Here, in the last few days, there has been some of the bitterest fighting of the war. The Italians, who have caught their breath since the retreat and have now grown accustomed to the German attacks with all of their ferocity and disregard of loss, have fought steadily every foot of the way and in general have given the Germans as hard blows as they have received. The gains have been entirely unimportant, as far as the actual territory gained is concerned, although the Germans have made slight gains to the south which bring them somewhat nearer the plains. In general, however, it may be said that the situation has undergone no change since last week.

This is a hopeful sign. The experience of the last three years has shown that it almost inevitably has happened that, when an offensive of this character slows down and finally is halted, it is difficult to get up speed again. In consequence, the battle has gradually lessened in violence and eventually has stopped. That such a thing will occur in Italy is probable unless the Germans can achieve the victory within the next three weeks. To break the line along the Piave seems to be impossible. Within three weeks the Winter will be in full blast in the mountains, blocking the German lines of communication with snowdrifts and making movement difficult. By that time, also, the supply of both guns and shell from the other western allies will be in full flow and the initial advantage of the Teutons will have completely passed. The resistance which the Italians have made against the very best which the Germans have been able to send against them gives us an excellent reason to hope that the situation in the next three weeks will not be materially changed.



Desperate Italian resistance in the mountains has thwarted, according to the latest news available, the attempts of the Austrians and Germans to smash through to the plains and thus force an Italian retreat from the Piave.

The operations in Asia continue to be of absorbing interest. Although the force in Mesopotamia, following the much-to-be-regretted death of General Maude, has been quiet, that of General Allenby in Palestine has had continued successes. Jerusalem is practically surrounded, and its evacuation by the Turks at any moment would not be a surprise. German influence in Syria and the Turkish influence throughout Asia Minor is in the balance, and, if Jerusalem falls, will receive a severe blow. The two British forces—in Mesopotamia and in Palestine—are, it is true, widely separated and, to the casual observer, have little in common. Yet, as a matter of fact, there is a close and distinct relation between them. In the first place it is perfectly obvious that the Turkish resistance, wherever the British are operating, is crumbling. There appears to be a complete inability to offer any sustained and effective opposition to the British advance. If the British can take Jerusalem, with all of its advantages of terrain and rail communication with the sea, there is a strong possibility of their being also able to continue the northward march.

Several weeks ago the British official mouthpiece, General Maurice, stated that the Germans were concentrating large force at Aleppo for a drive against Bagdad. It is known that this situation has been viewed by the British with no little anxiety and concern. The British force before Bagdad is not small; indeed it is large and formidable. The same is true of the force in Palestine, although it is believed to be much smaller than the other, and probably is. Nevertheless, either force, as far as numbers are concerned, is probably capable of matching anything that may be sent against it.

Let us suppose that the Germans begin a march toward Bagdad. The single and vital line of supply is down the valley of the Tigris via Mosul. Let us suppose that the British Palestine forces are marching northward against this line. Before the Germans could reach Mosul, or in fact get any where near it, General Allenby's troops would in all probability be thrown directly across this line and would thwart the entire German campaign.

On the other hand, having secured Jerusalem, the Palestine troops would be practically safe against an attack. If the Germans made such an effort, the British in Mesopotamia would advance to Mosul, and the great Turkish base would fall into their hands, destroying the power of the Turkish Army in all of Western Asia from the Taurus Mountains to the Persian frontier. The Germans are, therefore, as a result of the Palestine successes, on the horns of a dilemma. The probabilities are that they will stand where they are and attempt no move either way.

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This store has made ready with a complete line of holiday goods. More useful gifts will be exchanged this year than ever before. Articles of home furnishings in beautiful wood finishes will be in greater demand than ever in the history of the furniture business. Because of war conditions and what promises to be a furniture famine such articles are becoming scarcer each week. For these reasons prices are likely to go higher any day. We urge you to "get under cover" and make your selections now. Early Christmas shopping has never meant so much. Use our Charge Credit Plan—take until January First—or 90 days, six months, a year or more, to pay for your selections.

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NEWS AND NOTES OF THE MUSICAL WORLD

Fritz Krcisler in a Statement of Great Frankness Tells of His Conduct in War.

FRITZ KREISLER has issued a remarkable address to the American people, a document that might be described as the semi-official "White Paper" of an artist's life in America in wartime. Put forward originally in Pittsburgh, where the Director of Public Safety canceled a concert by the Austrian violinist owing to conditions involving the entire musical community there, the statement says that Kreisler has obeyed "in letter and in spirit" this country's laws. He has given no aid to Austria, has sent no money to his fatherland since the United States Government declared war on Germany—which it has not as yet done against Austria, by the way—and, finally, the bulk of Kreisler's earnings in America, where he perhaps is the highest paid artist subject of one of the so-called Central Powers either on the concert or opera stage, has been contributed for the support of dependents of allied prisoners and of artists from allied nations left stranded by the war.

Mr. Kreisler's letter is in English, which he speaks as one who has spent most of his career in America since childhood, and is as follows:

Statement from Fritz Kreisler.

There have been continuous statements in Pittsburgh papers designed to prejudice and arouse public opinion against me. It has been said that I am an Austrian officer on furlough and that my funds were sent abroad to give comfort to enemy arms. In this morning's papers these statements are intensified by positive and violent accusations to that effect.

These statements are utterly baseless and untrue.

I am not on furlough here. At the outbreak of the war in July, 1914, I served for six weeks as a reserve officer of the Austrian army on the Russian front and after receiving a wound was pronounced an invalid and honorably discharged from any further service. There has been no attempt whatever by my Government to recall me into service.

It is true that I sent money to Austria.

I have sent a small monthly allowance to my father, a medical doctor and Professor of Zoology, who had lost everything during the Russian invasion of Austrian territory in October, 1914, and has been prevented by a subsequent paralytic stroke from exercising his profession. He is 74 years old.

I have sent monthly allowances to the orphan children of some artists, personal friends of mine who fell in the war.

In fulfillment of a pledge undertaken by my wife, at the deathbed of some Russian and Serbian wounded prisoners whom she nursed during my stay at the front, I have sent eleven individual monthly allowances to their destitute orphans in Russia and Serbia through the medium of the Red Cross in Berne, Switzerland.

The bulk of my earnings, however, has gone to the Brotherhood of Artists, founded by me for the purpose of extending help to stranded artists and their dependents regardless of their nationality. For fully three years my contributions were the sole and unique support of seventeen British, Russian, French, and Italian artists and their entire families who found themselves stranded and utterly destitute in Austria at the outbreak of the war.

I have been bitterly and violently attacked by Chauvinists in Vienna for diverting my earnings to that channel. On the other hand, I am in honor bound to state that I have never been rebuked for my actions by any official of my Government.

I have not sent a penny to Austria since the entrance of the United States in the war, and I have not had a word from abroad for fully eight months.

The ironical aspect of the situation is that some three-score of British, French, Russian, and Italian children may now be actually dying of want because I, technically their enemy, am prevented by the laws of this country, their friend and ally, from saving them.

During every minute of my three years' stay in this country I have been conscious of my duty to it in return for its hospitality. I have obeyed its laws in letter and in spirit, and I have not done anything that might be construed in the least as being detrimental to it. Not a penny of my earnings has ever, nor will it ever, contribute to the purchase of rifles and ammunition, no matter where and in whatsoever cause. The violent political issues over the world have not for an instant beclouded my fervent belief in true art as the dead centre of all passions and strife, as the sublime God-inspired leveler of things, as the ultimate pacifier, rehumanizer, and rebuilder of destroyed bridges of understanding between nations.

It is to the cause of crystallising and purifying this true vocation of art and to the preservation and marshaling of its forces, the priesthood of artists all over the world, against the coming day of their mission, that every penny of my earnings has been and shall be devoted as long as I shall be permitted to exercise my profession. No sordid consideration of my material welfare enters for a moment into my mind. After four years' successful tour of this country, I have less money to my name than many a prosperous bank clerk. I have no personal interests at stake. I shall serve the cause I am devoted to undismayed by personal attacks as long as I shall be permitted to and so long as the deep sentiment and feeling I bear this country will not be thrown into conflict with the fundamental and unalterable principles of my honor as a man and artist. I make no appeal for sympathy, but for justice and respect.

But come what may, my deep gratitude for past kindness, hospitality, and love shown me by the American public will be forever engraved in my heart.

Nov. 7, 1917. FRITZ KREISLER.

A MUSICIAN'S LETTER.

Alberto Jonas, Pianist, Appeals to America's Fair Play.

Alberto Jonás, pianist, of this city, has addressed an open letter to the Presidents and directors of musical clubs and societies, in which he says in part:

"The newspapers have announced recently that in a few small communities the musical clubs which had engaged Fritz Kreisler have canceled his engagement on the ground of patriotism.

"The contention has been made that Kreisler is an Austrian, has served as an officer in the trenches, and that the money which he is earning here goes to Austria.

"I doubt whether the last assertion has been made after due reflection. Ever since Fritz Kreisler left Europe and came to America, three years ago, he has lived in this country. His sympathies and love for America, during the eighteen years that he has been personally known to Americans, have never been questioned. He has married in America, and his wife is an American.

"As to his having been an Austrian officer, would you condemn him because, laying aside his beloved violin, when his country called, he responded, quietly, simply, and fought in the trenches until wounded? America has always acclaimed Kreisler as one of the greatest violinists, but when he returned to this country wounded, and limped onto the concert stage, the whole American people cheered him for his manly, simple, unostentatious behavior.

"Remember that he fought in the trenches, with his American wife as nurse in the army, when America was at peace with Germany. How could he be made to suffer now, for what Americans deemed right then?

"To deny Fritz Kreisler the right to appear in concert in America would be the greatest injustice to this incomparable master of the violin. It would be an irretrievable loss to us, to America. It would mean to drive him away, not only now, but perhaps forever. I sincerely hope and pray that you will not sanction the hastily and ill-judged impulse of a few communities.

"I am a Spaniard and, therefore, neutral. I have lived fifteen years in America, and am happy and proud to think that I have contributed, to the best of my ability, to the musical advancement of this country.

"I make this appeal, unknown to Mr. Kreisler, or to any of his friends. I make it for our sake, for the sake of all who love music and who have learned to love this country and are mindful of its welfare and good name.

"I make it in the firm conviction that you will redress an incipient wrong and uphold America's reputation for honesty, fairness, and justice.

"ALBERTO JONAS."

New York, Nov. 16, 1917.

WAGNER AND GERMANY.

Was Not the Composer Himself Once Rejected by His Fatherland?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This seems an opportune time to hear what Wagner has to say about the German vibrations as he conceived them, (musically.) In the "Life of Wagner," by W. J. Henderson, we find on Page 47 this: "When the score of the 'Dutchman' was completed, he hastened to send it to his Fatherland, but from Munich and Leipsic came the answer that it was not suitable for Germany." "Fool that I was," he says. "I had fancied that it was fitted for Germany alone, since it struck chords that can only vibrate in the German breast."

While his work did not at that time find acceptance in Germany, it was the hope and expectation of Wagner to do so, as he no doubt believed he knew the German chords. Now, did he, or did he not? Are we the ones who vibrate to his music, are we the proxy of Germany? Or are we unthinking as to the value of music in our experiences, not taking thought as to its significant influence?

NORFOLK.

New York, Nov. 13, 1917.

STARVE OUT MUSIC.

Better That Than to Excite American Antagonism Now.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mrs. F. H. Potter is right when she says, "Let us, if necessary, starve for music in this country until our war is ended."

She refers to German music, played and directed by Germans at present. Imagine an American leading American music, played by American musicians, in Berlin at present. The Prussian arrogance can't see the point. I am a born German and a musician and I can sympathize with the American lovers of music when they are forced to listen to music under those influences. The morals of the German Government, and, I am sorry to say, also of the German people, have proved to stand so low that it is simply impossible to listen at present to German music without the most irritating feelings. Fortunately, American culture is strong enough not to show it in public. But it might be better not to excite it too much.

EDWARD MAYERHOFER.

Yonkers, Nov. 2, 1917.

SINGERS TO BLAME.

Some Artists Unwise in Their Former Zeal for Germany.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There were several letters in last Sunday's TIMES, written by various music lovers, bemoaning the fate of the German opera at the Metropolitan. It seems a pity that the music must go, but no one mentioned the German singers who would necessarily sing if the Wagnerian operas were retained this year. What loyal American would want to listen to a group of men and women who, if they had the opportunity, would do all in their power to help our enemies? What true-hearted American would applaud them?

We all know that great art belongs to the civilized world, but it seems a shame that it should have to be interpreted by singers whose zeal for the Fatherland is well known.

MARIAN STOUTENBURGH.

New York, Nov. 13, 1917.

WHERE GENIUS FLOWERS.

National Lines Have Not Barred the Germans in Concert Halls.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If we would but try to weigh the momentous question of German opera, and of all musical works by German masters, in a sane manner, without allowing the hysteria of the present day to hold away over our powers of logical reasoning, we would surely all admit that genius is, after all, a gift of God, whether bestowed upon a mortal in one country or another, and we would hold to the well-known saying that "A thing of beauty is a joy forever"—all the more so in darkest hours of war.

It is a consolation to know that thus far the Museum of Art has not yet relegated all its master works by German artists to the garret, to await there the end of this unfortunate war.

PRESIDENT OF MUSIC LOVERS' CLUB.

New York, Nov. 16, 1917.

REPLIES TO MR. SKINNER.

Italian Holds German Opera Ban in the Balance with Venice.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

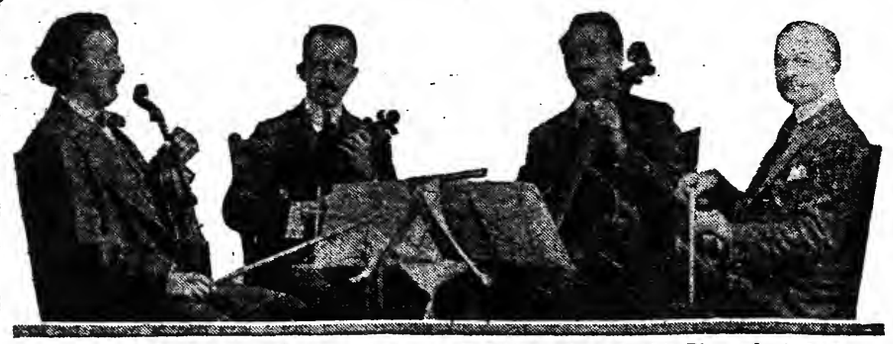
In answer to the questions put to you in a letter by Ernest M. Skinner of Boston, regarding the decision of the Metropolitan Opera Company of New York, and of the Chicago Opera Company, not to present German operas this season, I wish to tell Mr. Skinner that we are not, as he says, at all childish, but rather manly. What matters it if we hear German opera or not? Is it necessary to wail over such a small matter when our boys are actually fighting the Germans?

He suggests as a suitable headline, "America Throws Wagner, Bach, Goethe, Rembrandt, and Martin Luther in the Ash Barrel—Evangelical Churches May Close Until War Is Over—Military Necessity the Cause." I am not afraid to say that this will "suit us to a T." We have had too much of that stuff, and it is about time that the world should wake up to the fact. The world will not quiver a bit if the works of the men whom Mr. Skinner, in his great earnestness, puts in front of us should cease to exist.

What is the use of writing fervent and heated letters about the temporary suspension of German operas, when the Germans have no scruples at all in destroying forever such artistic masterpieces as the Cathedrals of Laon and Rheims and the historic Chateaux of Champagne and Belgium, and the beautiful—God forbid the crime!—Venice, if these barbarians of the twentieth century can get it?

ALFRED MARZORATI.

Fort Lee, N. J., Nov. 12, 1917.



The Flonzaley Quartet in Wartime; Seated at the Right Is the New Viola Player, Louis Bailly.

Kitty Cheatham and Edla Soeller, in an Orchestral Concert at Carnegie Hall.

Oscar Seagle, in Song Recital at Aeolian Hall.

PROGRAMS OF THE WEEK.

The Philharmonic today gives the second of its Sunday afternoon concerts in Carnegie Hall, presenting Tschaikowsky's Fourth Symphony, excerpts from Wagner's "Siegfried," "The Valkyrie," and "The Master Singers," and Tschaikowsky's "Theme and Variations."

Emilio de Gogorza, baritone, at Aeolian Hall this afternoon, has old opera airs from Gluck, Monsigny, and Gretry, others of Alonso, Ercillo, Grahades, Duparc, Cuvillier, Moussorgsky, Rachmaninoff, Franz, Elgar, Johnson, and Lemare's "The Bells of Rheims."

Arthur Friedheim, pianist, plays at the Princess Theatre today Liszt's "Chimes of Geneva," Ballad in B, Polish Song, "Consolation" and "Erlking" paraphrase, Beethoven's sonata, Op. 27, No. 2, and pieces by Mendelssohn, Schubert, and Chopin.

Ralph Lawton, pianist, gives at the Greenwich Village Theatre this afternoon a recital of modern music by Debussy, Grieg, Smetana, Rachmaninoff, Glazounow, Scriabine's "Satanic Poem," and Balakirew's "Islamey."

Joseph Boamet's third Monday afternoon in the Astor ballroom will present organ classics of Handel, d'Aquin, Martini, Krebs, Mozart, Boely's prelude on the Gregorian song, "Pange Lingua," and Samuel Wesley's "Gavotte."

Jacques Thibaud and Harold Bauer at the Punch & Judy tomorrow have a third and last recital of Beethoven sonatas, including Op. 12 in A, Op. 24 in F, and Op. 47 in A major.

Clara Clemens, mezzo-soprano, at Aeolian Hall tomorrow sings airs of Vinci, Astorga, Paradies, Montclair, Bizet, Saint-Saëns, Pierne, Debussy, Moussorgsky, Strauss, Wolf, Brahms, Glinka, and Gabrilowitsch.

Oscar Seagle, baritone, on Monday evening, in Aeolian Hall, will sing an air of Marcello, an old French "Vive Henri IV.," Dvorak's gypsy songs, Paladilhe's "Patrie," Fourdrain's "Iceland Fishermen," a Swedish folksong, and five American negro spirituals arranged by H. T. Burleigh.

Tina Lerner, pianist, appearing Tuesday at Aeolian Hall, has susbstituted Chopin's B minor sonata for one of Brahms's, with pieces by Mozart, Sgambati, Schumann-Tausig, Paul Juon, Borodine, Scriabine, Rachmaninoff, and five concert studies of Godowsky and Liszt.

The Flonzaley Quartet, assisted by Louis Bailly, viola, in place of Ugo Ara, who has gone to war, will open their season Tuesday evening at Aeolian Hall with Mozart's quartet in A major, (Köchel, 464.) Dohnanyi's in D flat, Op. 15, and Haydn's in D, Op. 20, No. 4.

Kitty Cheatham's patriotic concert in Carnegie Hall on Tuesday night enlists an orchestra under Edla Soeller, who will conduct Mendelssohn's overture, "Fingal's Cave," and Tschaikowsky's "Nutcracker Suite." The singer has numbers from Haydn, Schumann, Chopin, Grieg, Gabrilowitsch, Debussy, Gretchaninoff's "Hymn of Free Russia," and Gus Edwards's "Grand Old Gentleman, Uncle Sam."

Rudolph Reuter, an American pianist for three years member of the Imperial Academy at Tokio, Japan, will play at Aeolian Hall on Wednesday a new impromptu by Adolf Brune and "Avalanche," by Bernard Dieter, with other pieces by Mendelssohn, Brahms, Schumann, Busoni, Henselt, Cyril Scott, and John Carpenter.

The Philharmonic omits its Thursday concert on Thanksgiving Day, but on Friday afternoon at Carnegie Hall it will perform Beethoven's Seventh Symphony, Pergolesi's concertino in F minor, arranged by Sam Franko, and Berlioz's "Roman Carnival," with Bruch's unfamiliar concerto for two pianos, played by Rose and Ottilie Sutro.

Yvette Guilbert will give her first recitals at the Théâtre du Vieux Colombier next Friday afternoon and Sunday evening, presenting in costume an entirely new series of French legends of the Middle Ages and some "Chansons de Pierrot," in which she portrays the new spirit of France.

Gabrielle Gills, soprano, at Aeolian Hall on Friday afternoon, reappears in Saucad's "Chanson de Charles d'Orleans," with violin obbligato, others by Faure, Debussy, Hahn, Chabrier, Duparc, Borodine, Gretchaninoff, Blair Fairchild, and Dwight Fiske.

Theodore von Hemert, baritone, assisted by Jacques Jolas, pianist, will be heard Friday evening at Aeolian Hall in songs of Cesar Franck, Debussy, De Fontenailles, Moussorgsky, Leowe, Sinding, Strauss, Ven Rennes, Vanderpool, Loomis, and Horaman.

The Symphony Society, ten days on tour, will return for the second of its concerts for children Saturday morning in Aeolian Hall, illustrating the woodwind instruments in brief excerpts from Raff's "Lenore," Bizet's "Carmen," Brahms's Second Symphony, and Ravel's "Beauty and the Beast."

Jascha Heifetz, the new Russian violin star, gives his second recital Saturday afternoon in Carnegie Hall, playing Handel's sonata in D, Saint-Saëns's concerto No. 3, Bach's Chaconne, and pieces from Wagner, Tschaikowsky, Josef Suk, and Wieniawski.

Elisa Tavarez, a Porto Rican pianist, will play at Aeolian Hall next Saturday afternoon Bach's "Chromatic" fantasie, Beethoven's sonata "Appassionata," and pieces by Chaminade, Saint-Saëns, Chopin, Thalberg, Lisst, and Lemare.

The Symphony Society's concert Saturday evening in Carnegie Hall has a Tschaikowsky program, the symphony "Pathetique" and piano concerto in B flat, with Rudolph Gans.

Louis Graveure, baritone, on Saturday evening at Aeolian Hall, will sing new songs of W. A. Fisher, O. G. Sonneck, Alice Barnett, Rosalie Hausmann, Lucile Crews, and Fay Foster.

Rudolph Ganz will play Beethoven's "Emperor" concerto with the Symphony Society in Aeolian Hall next Sunday, when the orchestra repeats Tschaikowsky's symphony "Pathetique."

The Philharmonic Society will give its regular matinée in Carnegie Hall next Sunday.

Ernest Bloch leads an orchestra concert of the Friends of Music next Sunday, producing for the first time his "Poems d'Automne."

Charles Anthony, pianist, will appear next Sunday evening at the Greenwich Village Theatre.

OTHERS TO BE HEARD.

Dora Gibson, Bertha Kling, S. Giuprano, Bernard Olshansky, and Nicholas Garagusi will sing and play at a concert given by The Pagan Magazine in the Greenwich Village Theatre tonight.

Joseph Knecht at the Waldorf-Astoria this evening will produce a new "Suite Pastorale" for orchestra by W. Bassett.

Adriano Ariani for his eleventh week at the Strand has a program from Beethoven's "First Symphony," Ippolitoff-Ivanow's "Caucasian Sketches," and Mascagni's "Amico Fritz."

F. H. Tschudi of the American Guild of Organists, with Mrs. Tschudi, soprano, will give a recital Monday evening at the New York Institute for the Blind.

Hugo Riesenfeld and the Rialto orchestra next Saturday morning hold their sixth concert for children, with special rales to the public schools.

Metropolitan Opera.

Percy Grainger will play Grieg's pianoforte concerto, Claudia Muzio will sing an air from "Madama Butterfly," and Thomas Chalmers the prologue to "Pagliacci," with other numbers for all three artists, at the second of the Metropolitan Sunday night concerts this evening.

"Faust" will open the third week of opera tomorrow, with Farrar and Martinelli, Delaunois, Chalmers, Rothier, and others recently seen and heard in the first spectacular revival of the season.

Frieda Hempel will sing again in "La Traviata" on Wednesday evening, with Carpi and De Luca, and much new detail of costume and scene.

"Carmen" for the first time, at a special Thanksgiving matinee on Thursday, will be a début for May Peterson as Micaela, with Farrar, Braslau, Whitehill, all Americans, and Martinelli and others heard last year.

On Thanksgiving night "La Bohème" will be repeated, with Americans monopolizing half a new cast that includes Muzio, Miller, Martin, Scotti, Chalmers, and Mardones.

"Prince Igor" next Friday, newly rehearsed by Bedanzky, will engage most of last season's group in the Russian opera, Alda, Amato, Althouse, Didur, De Segurola, and the Tartar ballet.

Caruso, who goes on Tuesday to Philadelphia, will return to complete the round of the Metropolitan subscription on Saturday afternoon, with Hempel and Scotti in "Elisir d'Amore."

"Trovatore" with Morgan Kingston, who sang two years at the Century, will be a popular bill Saturday night, when the Welsh tenor makes his bow with Muzio, Matzenauer, De Luca, and Rothier.

FREE TO THE PUBLIC.

Samuel Baldwin's free organ recital at the City College this afternoon presents music by Sheppard, Nevin, Lemare, Bach, Schubert, Dvorak, and Sibelius.

Dudley Buck's concert variations on "The Star-Spangled Banner" share Mr. Baldwin's program next Wednesday with American works of Mason, Chaffin, Shelley, and Foote.

Arthur Farwell will next Sunday resume the monthly concerts of the senior orchestra at the Music School Settlement.

BROOKLYN MUSIC.

A concert in aid of St. Mary's Hospital will be held this evening at the Brooklyn Academy. Harold Bauer, pianist, will give his Brooklyn recital at the Academy on Tuesday evening.

John McCormack, tenor, is to sing at the Brooklyn Academy next Sunday night.

OSCAR SEAGLE RETURNS.

Oscar Seagle, who is something of a pathfinder in the land of Cooper's "Mohicans" around Lake George, returns for his annual New York recital this week, when he will sing some negro "spirituals," arranged by H. T. Burleigh, which he knew as a boy at his home in the South. A second group, from Dvorak, he believes to be timely "at a moment when the world is stirring to understand the Slavic peoples," while a third or patriotic group has an air from the opera, "Patrie," by Paladilhe, and "La Bas," by Fourdrain, suggesting the war spirit in Belgium and Alsace.

NEW TO THE FLONZALEYS.

The Flonzaley Quartet, for the first time without one of its members, Ugo Ara, who has joined the ambulance service of Italy in the war, will this week present a new viola player in his place, Louis Bailly, long associated with the orchestra of the Paris Conservatoire. The Flonzaleys met Mr. Bailly when he was the viola of the Geloso Quartet, and he had toured Europe for six years with the Capet Quartet, of which he was a founder. He took first prize of the Conservatoire in 1899 both for violin and viola. Mr. Bailly brought with him to America letters from Chevillard, Dubois, Widor, Bruneau, and some interesting new French music, including a sonata for violin and piano by Paul Paray, now a prisoner in Germany.

CALENDAR OF CONCERTS.

November.

25—Philharmonic Society, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
25—Emilio di Gogorza, baritone, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
25—Arthur Friedheim, piano, afternoon, Princess Theatre.
25—Ralph Lawton, piano, afternoon, Greenwich Village Theatre.
26—Joseph Bonnet, organ, afternoon, Hotel Astor.
26—Thibaud-Bauer, sonatas, afternoon, Punch & Judy Theatre.
26—Clara Clemens, mezzo-soprano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
26—Oscar Seagle, baritone, evening, Aeolian Hall.
27—Tina Lerner, piano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
27—Flonzaley Quartet, evening, Aeolian Hall.
27—Kitty Cheatham and E. Soeller, evening, Carnegie Hall.
28—Rudolph Reuter, piano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
30—Philharmonic Society, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
30—Yvette Guilbert, afternoon, Theatre du Vieux Colombier.
30—Gabrielle Gills, soprano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
30—Theodore von Hemert, baritone, evening, Aeolian Hall.

December.

1—Symphony Concerts for Children, morning, Aeolian Hall.
1—Jascha Heifetz, violin, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
1—Elisa Tavarez, piano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
1—Symphony Society, evening, Carnegie Hall.
1—Louis Graveure, baritone, evening, Aeolian Hall.
2—Philharmonic Society, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
2—Symphony Society, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
2—Friends of Music, afternoon, Ritz-Carlton.
2—Charles Anthony, piano, afternoon, Greenwich Village Theatre.
4—George Hamlin, tenor, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
4—Clive Nevin, soprano, afternoon, Princess Theatre.
4—Sophie Braslau, contralto, evening, Carnegie Hall.
4—Mannes Sonata Recital, evening, Aeolian Hall.
5—John Powell, piano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
5—Oratorio Society, evening, Carnegie Hall.
6—Symphony Society, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
6—Philharmonic Society, evening, Carnegie Hall.
7—Boston Symphony Orchestra, evening, Carnegie Hall.
7—Russian Cathedral Choir, evening, Aeolian Hall.
8—Guiomar Novaes, piano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
11—Chamber Music Society, evening, Aeolian Hall.
18—Musical Art Society, evening, Carnegie Hall.

CHILDREN IN ORATORIO.

Their Voices for Pierne "Crusade" Around the World.

Gabriel Pierne's "The Children's Crusade," will enlist a special chorus of children, trained by Frank R. Rix, Superintendent of Music in New York's public schools, at a coming revival of the cantata by the Oratorio Society on Dec. 5 at Carnegie Hall. Walter Damrosch's soloists include Marie Sundelius of the Metropolitan and Florence Macbeth.

The first performance of this music in America was given Dec. 4, 1908, by the same society, then under Frank Damrosch. A repetition now in wartime is deemed appropriate, as the theme is a mediaeval Flemish legend of the time of the Crusades, when a thousand children were said to have marched from the Lowlands in order to sail for Jerusalem and wrest the Holy Sepulchre from the infidels.

The composer wrote after the earlier performance of his music in New York, of which he was informed by cable, that he was deeply moved at the thought that his work was even better appreciated in America than it had been on its first production in France. He sent his cordial congratulations to everybody concerned in conquering the difficulties of the "Crusade," and he added:

"Embrace, for me, all your dear little children. Would they send me their pictures—a postcard? I assure you that I have already a precious collection. I am working again for them, and in April will give at Amsterdam the first performance of an oratorio written exclusively for children.

"I see with joy that the children of America are able to compete with the school children of Paris, those of Holland, of Germany, and of Switzerland.

"GABRIEL PIERNE."

VARIOUS MUSICAL EVENTS.

Melanie Kurt, Margarete Ober, Johannes Sembach, Hermann Weil, and Carl Braun, all formerly of the Metropolitan Opera Company, announce a concert to be given by them next Sunday afternoon, Dec. 2, at the Hotel Astor.

Frieda Benneche, Yolanda Mero, the Elsa Fischer String Quartet, George Reimharr, tenor, and others will appear for the benefit of the Women's Auxiliary of the German Poliklinik on Tuesday at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Pietro Floridia has written music to Oscar Wilde's "A Florentine Tragedy," to be performed Tuesday evening at the MacDowell Club by David Bispham, Mrs. Coburn, Mrs. Caffin, and Paul Leyssac.

Azalia Hackley conducts the Harlem chorus of 200 voices at Washington Irving High School on Tuesday night in American negro folksongs, as well as arrangements and original airs by composers of that race.

PLANS OF THE MUSICIANS.

Ivan T. Gorokhoff and the choir of St. Nicholas Cathedral will present in Aeolian Hall on Dec. 7 a program comprising the musical portion of a service of the Russian Orthodox Church, all from one composer, Gretchaninoff.

The annual Thanksgiving concert for the benefit of St. Mark's Hospital will this year be held Dec. 7 in the ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria.

Guiomar Novaes is to give her next pianoforte recital in Aeolian Hall on Dec. 8 for the benefit of the Consumers' League of New York.

Alma Gluck is closing a tour of the Pacific Coast this week, returning East soon by way of Salt Lake, Denver, and Kansas City.

Isadora Duncan, a Californian by birth, is making her first appearances in her native State at Los Angeles and San Francisco.

SOME WAR BENEFITS.

Eva Gauthier, Frederick Martin, and John O'Malley take part in the National Emergency Relief Society's benefit tonight at the Hippodrome.

Helena Marsh, contralto, will sing an air from "Orpheus" at the benefit for the Minute Men of America tonight at the Manhattan.

Tamara Swirskaya is to dance to music by the Russian Balalaika Orchestra under Sonia Samuels at the Hero Land Dance.

SOLDIERS SINGING IN ARMY CAMPS

Gen. Bell Aids in $100,000 Fund for a Hall at Camp Upton—Leaders at Work on Christmas Plans.

General J. Franklin Bell is honorary Chairman of a committee to raise $100,000 for an assembly hall to be used by soldiers of the enrolled army at Yaphank, L. I., already the "fifty-second largest city" in the United States and as yet without a shelter for its patriotic song rallies and public meetings. Among the committee's officers are also Mrs. Joseph K. Choate, W. K. Brice, M. Morgenthau, Jr., and Mrs. George P. Robbins, while other members are Grosvenor Atterbury, Harry Barnhart, Stowe Phelps, Mrs. Robert C. Black, Mrs. Irving T. Bush, Mrs. H. C. Coe, Miss Mary Eno, Mrs. Walter Lewisohn, Mrs. Howard Mansfield, Mrs. S. S. Norton, Mrs. W. S. Nelson, Mrs. Frank B. Rowell, Mrs. Schirmer, Mrs. E. K. Wickes, Miss Margaret Seligman, and Mrs. J. F. Yawger.

"On behalf of the men of New York assembled under my command," said General Bell, "I make an appeal to the citizens of New York City. We want to have a place where we can talk to these soldiers and not have to make the same talk too often. I am expecting to ask Colonel Roosevelt, Governor Whitman, Mayor Mitchel, and other men to come down to our camp and address the soldiers. I would not have the nerve to ask them to talk fifteen times and say the same thing in order to reach everyone.

"At Camp Upton the biggest auditorium which is not yet finished will hold 3,000 people only. That is the hall of the Y. M. C. A. We have 44,000 men, and if all these men wanted to get into that auditorium and if it was open once a day it would take two weeks for each man to get a turn. Now we are also ambitious to have a place where Harry Barnhart, our camp song leader, can exercise his talents as a leader of mass singing.

"I want a building which will hold at least 10,000. I would like it big enough to hold 12,000, because I would like to be able to reach all of the men in not more than four meetings. I need this building so badly that I am willing to call on the men themselves to contribute not over $1 each, and if they do we will have $45,000 to start the Community Hall. I am sure that the citizens of New York will assist us."

In several of the National Army cantonments similar plans are under way for the erection of large community halls, with a seating capacity of from 5,000 to 10,000 persons. In addition to providing warm shelter in Winter for mass singing and lectures, these community halls will be used for general instruction and for the concerts to be given by famous artists.

There are no Government funds available for these structures, but the camp authorities, together with the citizens of adjoining communities, are raising the necessary money for this purpose. The plan at Camp Upton to ask every soldier for a small contribution will insure personal interest and a feeling of partnership among the men who will be directly benefited.

The Government theatres authorized in many of the National Army camps will, it is expected, be ready for use early in December. This type of building, designed primarily for dramatic entertainment, will also serve as a valuable adjunct to the singing activities, as it will be available for such use during the day, and there will be opportunity for singing preceding the evening program.

A great number of soldiers and sailors are in New York each week, not only the men from Camp Upton who have week-end leave, but others at home on furlough and men of the Entente Allies whose orders call them here. It is the plan of the New York Community Chorus to make its Sunday evening sings at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory an occasion where the men in service and civilians, too, can join in the songs of the allied armies.

When the draft was made it was declared that fully 25 per cent. of the men called to service could not speak English, and this fact induced Harry Barnhart to give the greater portion of his time, when not engaged in the singing activities at Camp Upton, to promoting Americanization work. At present Mr. Barnhart has begun rehearsing for the annual "Tree of Light" in New York and for a Christmas rally at Camp Upton.

The problems of a song leader in a camp of from 30,000 to 45,000 men are numerous, the principal one being lack of time to get around to all the regiments without the humble but necessary "flivver" car. Stetson Humphrey, song leader at Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., surmounted the difficulty by training a quartet in each company. These quartets, called together by the general leader to learn new songs, teach them in turn to the men of their companies and lead the singing at mess time or in barracks.

"When I took the men at the Norfolk Navy Yard for their first sing the dentist had been ministering to them all morning, the doctors had been at work with their serums, and the chaplain had just been giving them a serious talk on the responsibilities of their new job," wrote Jerome Swinford, song leader at Norfolk, Va. "I wondered if I could ever bring back to normal all those woeful countenances. Ten minutes later the miracle had been wrought, but not by me. It was the songs that did the trick."

A "khaki minstrel show" was started by David Griffin, leader at Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C., for his men to give in public during State Fair week. Instead of the conventional setting the minstrels were to do their singing and tell their stories in uniform, grouped about a tent. When one of the regular negro battalions was due to leave for New York the Colonel said he was going to keep them singing as they marched into the city. "So if you hear 'Tipperary' better sung than you ever heard it before," wrote Mr. Griffin, "you will know it's my men."

"Bare" singing is a new word that sounds, to be sure, like some of the newer aesthetic dance forms, but this is merely camouflage for "a capella." The shorter expression was coined by Augustus D. Zanzig, song leader at Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, O., to describe conditions when the song leader is sans band, sans cornetist, or any other form of musical accompaniment," and must depend on his unaided efforts to evoke "live singing" from several thousand men.

The folks "back home" are helping. Out in Missoula, Mon., Mr. and Mrs. Martin J. Hutchens have organized a community chorus with a membership of 2,000 persons. The movement promises to become Statewide, and already has the active support of the local Association of Commerce. Musicians of Washington State have established what they call a Liberty Chorus at Seattle.

Every regiment at Camp Lewis, American Lake, Wash., has its own piano. R. Festyn Davies, representing the War Department Commission on Training Camp Activities, having taken the responsibility of purchasing a dozen instruments. A glee club is also to be started in each company, with a man chosen from the ranks as leader. Mr. Davies is training a chorus of soldiers to take part in Tacoma's "Tree of Light."

The long stride that the War Department has taken in recognizing the value of music is summed up in a recent statement by Major Gen. Greene, commander at Camp Lewis. "They did not teach us to sing in the old days when I was learning to be a soldier," said he, "but we sang anyway. Now the army has added this new branch, and we expect it will give the men a great deal of happiness and inspiration."

"It is just as essential that soldiers know how to sing as it is that they carry rifles and learn to shoot," said Major Gen. Leonard Wood in a talk to his command at Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kan. "This sounds odd to the ordinary person, because the layman cannot reconcile singing with killing. But there isn't anything in the world—even letters from home—that will raise a soldier's spirits like a good, catchy, marching tune."

NEW MUSIC PUBLICATIONS.

The following are some of the season's new publications of music and of books on musical subjects:

"Unicorns," by James Gibbons Hunker, (Charles Scribner's Sons,) essays on great artists formerly heard in America.

"Caruso and His Art," (privately published,) essays by Mary H. Flint, with portraits of the tenor in many of his famous rôles.

"Verdi's 'Il Trovatore,'" (Oliver Ditson Company,) English text by Natalie MacFarren, introductory essay by Philip Hale.

Oratorio Society of New York
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor
The Children's Crusade
A FLEMISH LEGEND—BY GABRIEL PIERNE
The Oratorio chorus of 250 voices, and 200 child voices. Eminent Soloists. N. Y. Symphony Orchestra.
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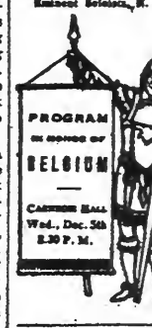
FRANCES [illegible]
will recite the [illegible] poem "CARILLON" by the Belgian Consul [illegible] Comte [illegible] with orchestral accompaniment by Sir Edward Elgar and first public performance [illegible] the new officially [illegible] tendered [illegible] of the STAR SPANGLED [illegible]
PROGRAM in honor of BELGIUM
CARNEGIE HALL Wed., Dec. 5th 8.30 P. M.
Boxes [illegible], $5.00; $3.50, $2.50
At box office or [illegible] W. 34th Street



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IN AND ABOUT THE NEW YORK THEATRES

THE REAL GEORGE SAND

By JOHN CORBIN.

WHO reads George Sand any more!" sneered a modernistic Frenchman. Happily for Mrs. Fiske and her dramatist, Philip Moeller, our playgoing populace have never read her—or, indeed, much of anything. If they had, there would be less vogue for this "biographical comedy," laughable as it is in some respects, and brilliantly as Mrs. Fiske projects for us the character as she and her author conceive it.

The real George Sand? The phrase has a nerve-grating sound, shrill with insistence that human nature, being fashioned out of mud, must not be remembered in marble. No claim will here be made of arriving at the ultimate truth. In the case of George Sand that would be self-evident quackery.

Were her kaleidoscopic scandals the result of maternal or of erotic impulses? Was she a pathfinder for the human soul or a scribbler of chromo-lithographic fiction for nursemaids? Many have declared on both sides, but who shall decide? Perhaps she was a combination of warring elements. James Huneker in his study of Chopin calls her "a maternal nymphomaniac, a metaphysical Messalina," and he lately reverted to the phrase in his brilliant and stimulating essay in "Unicorns." But he has not yet paused to consider by what strange chemistry of the heart nymphomania became tinctured with the mother spirit, by what marvelous catalysis the sultry brain of Messalina paled to a metaphysical twilight.

After almost a century of incessant scribbling about her, George Sand remains a sphinx, half feline animality, half serene and noble womanhood. And the riddle of her darkling mind is unanswered. Only this is clear, that her life had a vivid reality and power which have never for a moment ceased to fascinate the world while they baffle it; that, whether as novelist or as social reformer, she created currents in the stream of human progress which have not yet spent their force. As René Doumic has pointed out, the revolted female who found her completer expression in Ibsen was first broached by George Sand upon the astonished world of the early 1830's.

What an opportunity is here for Mrs. Fiske, the archpriestess of Ibsen among us, the intellectual leader of our otherwise philistine stage! What a dramatic treasure-trove for Philip Moeller, proud product of Washington Square, exponent to the nth degree of unfettered art, of enfranchised intelligence! Now at last our native drama, released from the double shackles of dull prudery and sordid profit, has its opportunity to step forth and show us something of the workings of sex in its relation to character and to genius. It remains an opportunity unembraced. Counsel the Scriptures: "Let him that is on the housetop not come down." But as the puritan minister read the passage it was a counsel of discreet humility, and he preached a sermon upon the text: Top-knot, come down! "Madame Sand" is a production without panache.

The play begins at the elopement to Venice with Alfred de Musset; it proceeds in the second act to George's sidestep into the arms of Dr. Pagello—while their patient-lover is in the very room, drugged as they think to oblivion. And it ends with her kidnapping of Chopin. The amours with Jules Sandeau and Prosper Mérimée happened before the play opens, and those with Michel de Bourges, Félicien Mallefille, and Pierre Leroux are elided between acts two and three; but enough remains, surely, to give us, with at least an attempt at truth, George's nympho-maternal genius—or whatever it may have been.

To do this, however, would be to attempt a comedy of character, and one which, it must be said, offers difficulties as great as its opportunities. And whatever the result artistically, it would probably repel the vast populace who judge of propriety in the theatre not by the treatment and the tendency of a play but by its subject. The course which Mr. Moeller and Mrs. Fiske actually pursue could not be more successful in avoiding popular prejudice if it were inspired by the genius of the box office. George Sand and Alfred de Musset are presented not at all as vital human beings, let alone transcendent artists, but as heartless and vapid puppets in a ceaseless artistic pose. The result is not character but caricature, not comedy or even farce, but burlesque. The free-loving couple in Lawrence Langner's "Another Way Out" are no more preposterously exaggerated, no more soulless and insignificant. They are, in fact, infinitely more significant, for beneath the surface gayety and irresponsibility of the piece there is, for those who care to take it, a highly intelligent if cynical comment on human nature and social institutions. These puppets labeled Sand and Musset are as trivial as any artistic posers in Washington Square—and beyond that they are nothing.

How is that matter of the heroine's true character sidestepped? By the farce tempo in which the scenes are played, the grotesque manner in which they are spoken. When Mme. de Musset is attempting to save her son from the Venetian elopement, in order to preserve her influence over him, George pleads: "I will be a mother to him. A mother and a mistress. That combination is unique, Madame—unique, but none the less sublime!" In saying this Mrs. Fiske gives a stroke of the caricaturist's pencil that convulses the audience. Every question of character and motive, even that most ticklish question of propriety, is lost in laughter.

To impute any motive of thrift in all this would doubtless be unjust. When Mr. Moeller has been most successful hitherto it has been in frank burlesques that anticipated the manner, and many of the absurd effects, of "Madame Sand." His Bacon and his Shakespeare plagiarized their own conversation, recording it in notebooks like a stage reporter, precisely as do his George Sand and Alfred de Musset. Shaw's Shakespeare also indulges us with this jape. And Mrs. Fiske's abrupt, staccato methods tend naturally toward caricature. Our present purpose is only to define—to record in short that we have here not one of those searching embodiments of human impulse, those tense and luminous characterizations that have made Mrs. Fiske unique among artists, but a mere buffoonery, however adroit and laughable.

And the play is laughable, at least for a time. Mr. Moeller's inspiration in burlesque is as novel as it is effective. And his wit has not only the touch of intelligence, the feeling for phrase, but a remarkable instinct for effect in the theatre. In his old age Jules Sandeau heard of George's lament that her heart was a cemetery. Dryly, and not without venom, he commented: "I would call it rather a necropolis." The point is obvious, though the actual meaning of the two words is the same. Mr. Moeller makes George lament that her heart is "a grave," and, giving the retort to Heine, amends it thus: "Don't you mean a cemetery?" The thrust has an added point—and the words are both familiar to the least literary playgoer. Again: To de Musset's intermittent energy George's tireless industry was a reproach, as her ceaseless flow of unpremeditated copy was an offense to his exquisite literary taste and his finely conscious instincts as an artist. He said of her: "She writes as a cow gives milk!" Mr. Moeller uses the phrase and adds: "All she's got to do is to jerk her mind." It is the stroke of a born caricaturist. It adds nothing to the idea and perhaps detracts from it, but it is highly effective theatrically.

Mrs. Fiske's performance, though addressed to no finer perceptions, is in its kind masterly. Her makeup is swarthily Mediterranean and her whole plastique suggests smoldering physical passions and a stable, untroubled mentality. She wears her trousers with sublime unconsciousness and smokes her black cigars as if used to them from the cradle. Personally I shall never believe that they are made by the property man and filled with cigarette tobacco. To the casual glance she is George Sand; and, for an act or so, she is an unalloyed delight.

In the theatre, however, mere caricature palls even the best. The ultimate penalty of dodging reality in character and vital themes in comedy is that interest in the situations, even attention to the story, becomes impossible. We see George wooing three men and discarding two of them, but always with the same mock fervor, the same mock tragedy of lamentation. Repetition is often a source of comic effect, but only when it springs from some insistent impulse that is recognizably human. The heart of this George is not so much a necropolis as a mocking jumble of cenotaphs.

Mr. Moeller's failure to make a three-act play bears a curious resemblance to Mr. Langner's in "The Family Exit." Both had an admirable theme of one-act comedy, and, instead of delving deeper into its realities, rising higher in rhythmic structure, both sought to hold attention by mere iteration.

The Comedy of Sand and de Musset.

Sincerely faced, the story of Sand and de Musset is comedy of the truest—comedy that, for all its surface laughter, reaches upward to the stars, downward to the pure source of tears. Beyond question their affair was in a measure modeled upon the bookish, "romantic" fashion of their day, and beyond question it was intended in turn to furnish them both with copy for further literature—perhaps even to advertise to the world the coming output. But that both were shaken to the depths is as evident as that they were ultimately raised to the heights—at least de Musset.

Mr. Moeller lightly ignores the motive of George's sudden infatuation for Pagello, or at best assumes that it also was "maternal." The truth, as it seems, is far different. George Sand had a sinister ancestry. Her great-great-grandfather on her father's side was the Elector of Saxony, "the most amazing debauchée" of his time, and her great-great-grandmother was the celebrated courtesan Aurora von Königsmarck. Their son was Maréchal de Saxe, victor of Fontenoy; and the great soldier's mate was an actress-courtesan, Marie Rinteau. Their child, George's grandmother, married an aging libertine. George's father was true to type. He married a month before George's birth, and his wife was not only a woman of the people, "small, dark, fiery, and violent," but an actress-courtesan, who continued her profession after George had grown up.

The mind of our heroine is thought to have derived from her nobler ancestors, her physique and temperament from her plebeian mother. But her morals came from both sides. That, as Geneticists tell us, means a redoubled, inescapable inheritance. An astonishing number of her affairs were with men of genius who appealed to what was best in her and developed it. But this was not always the case. The census of her lovers will doubtless never be complete, but we know that it included many nonentities.

Pagello's handsome face and his Italian manners no doubt invested him with a glamour of the fashionable "romance." But in mind he was dull and commonplace. The ugly fact seems to be that because de Musset was petulant, dissipated, and, above all, ill—it was probably delirium tremens—George Sand followed the impulse of her baser, more powerful inheritance. That is how "maternal" she was. The situation brims with laughter for gods and little fishes. Having left Paris with a fragile poet of genius, amid a fanfare of romantic trumpeting, she suddenly popped up again with a strapping specialist in gallstones. The return of the discarded poet, the fragile aristocrat, is also subject for comedy—the comedy of disillusionment. But there was a very deep and human side to the affair, for all concerned—a side which Mr. Moeller not merely omits but crudely falsifies.

For in her heart George still loved de Musset; and his frantic dissipations no doubt made her maternally solicitous, as are all generous women when they love. Having sent Pagello packing, she managed to renew the former affair for a time; and when de Musset's pride and his manhood again asserted themselves she laid regular siege to him. She cut off her hair and sent it to him. He wept over the gift, but did not yield. Then she went abroad in the world loudly proclaiming her heartbreak. Here is the journal of one day's pilgrimage in grief, written in the fond hope that some day he would read it.

"Liszt told me this evening that only God was worthy to be loved. It may be so, but it is very difficult to love God when one is so in love with a man. . . . I saw Heine this morning. He told me that one only loved with the head and the senses, and that the heart had very little to do with the matter. At 2 o'clock I saw Mme. Allart. She told me that one must be cunning with men, and pretend to be angry in order to win them back. Saint-Beuve was the only one who did not hurt my feelings and did not say something silly. I asked him what love was, and he replied: 'Love resides in tears. You weep, and therefore you love.' Ah yes, my poor friend, I love! It is in vain that I call anger to my aid. I love and shall die of love unless God performs a miracle. . . . I must go and see Sister Martha."

It is infinitely ridiculous—Parisian to the core. But it is also very human, and touching, too, in its way.

De Musset's comedy was more deeply tinged with heartbreak, and his was the eventual triumph. Beyond question this was the one real passion of his life, pervading all his subsequent years in ever-changing mood, as did Dante's passion for Beatrice. The de Musset of Venice might have become anything. He was only 23. This woman of 29, whom Mr. Moeller seeks to present to us as maternal, flaunted a gross infidelity before his fevered eyes, and to enjoy it to the full sent him back to face the jeers of literary Paris. He accepted the fate with a touching humility, an effort to make the best of it, which, while essentially comic, had rare elements of nobility. He vowed a triune friendship to eternity and they took hands on it. But from that moment his faith in life, and in the love of woman, was shattered. He plunged deeper than ever in debauchery, his young genius clouded by pessimism. But the effort which it cost him to resist George Sand's renewed advances gave his spirit its finest temper and raised his poetry to its pinnacle—not the loftiest, perhaps, but as clear and as unapproached as that of Molière.

Let any one who doubts the depth of his suffering and the purity of his triumph read the whole of the "Souvenir" of 1841, written eight years after the Venice episode. Three stanzas will suffice to outline the reality of his "biographical comedy:"

J'ai vu ma seule amie, a jamais la plus chère,
Devenu elle-même un sépulchre blanchi,
Une tombe vivante ou flottait la poussière
De notre mort chèri.

De notre pauvre amour, que, dans la nuit profonde,
Nous avions sur nos coeurs si doucement bercé!
C'était plus qu'une vie, hélas! c'était un monde
Que s'était effacé.

. . . . . .

Je me dis seulement: "A cette heure, en ce lieu,
Un jour, je fus aimé, j'aimais, elle était belle.
J'enfouis ce trésor dans mon âme immortelle,
Et je l'emporte à Dieu!"

But, as we were saying, nobody reads anything any more, and it is perhaps as well, if one is to enjoy our theatre.

Miss George, at the Playhouse, Is Giving New York Its Closest Approach to a Permanent Repertoire Theatre. Her Performance in Bernstein's "L'Elevation" Has Been Hailed as One of the Finest in Her Career.

THE THEATRICAL FAMINE

THE last week brought with it no betterment of theatrical conditions in New York City and throughout the country, and the belief is now general that the theatre is embarking upon a period of real famine. To discuss New York only for the moment, attendance in the theatres for the last four or five weeks undoubtedly sets a new low mark for a number of years past. In many instances the gross receipts for attractions of more or less established reputation have been almost unbelievably low. As for the attractions of lesser repute, the box office reports of the theatres housing such pieces are indeed becoming tragic records. Three weeks ago mention was made in these columns of an unsual instance where the war tax on passes actually exceeded the gross receipts, but today this is a happening of such frequence as to draw forth hardly a remark. It is perhaps betraying no confidence, now that the show in question has folded its tent and departed, to make known that the total gross receipts for the two Wednesday performances of "Romance and Arabella" during its final week at the Harris Theatre, were in the neighborhood of $80.

It is safe to add also that there is no play in town, whatever the measure of its success, which has not been affected in some way by the current depression. This does not mean that there are no houses in the city enjoying capacity business—there are several—but even in the case of the greatest of all hits the ticket brokers have found themselves with unsold tickets on their hands as certain time approached, and these have been returned to the theatre and sold at the box office. The result of all this, of course, has been to make the ticket brokers more wary than ever, and it is certain that the agencies will make no "buys" (long-term contracts for tickets) until business is once more on a normal footing. Expiring contracts for tickets have in no case been renewed. Something like seventeen of these buys were in force a few weeks ago, but the week to come will see only five in effect.

There remain twelve attractions which have not yet been offered over the cut-rate counters, but in many instances this is due rather to an unwillingness on the part of the management to sell tickets at cut rates than to any overwhelming demand for tickets at the box-office rates. The cry for more theatres, which was sounded so loudly last season that ground was broken for eight or ten new playhouses, will, if present conditions continue, soon be replaced by a cry for more shows. Whereas it was formerly customary for a play desiring a theatre to guarantee the management of the house a stated amount a week, Variety, the weekly organ of the profession, is looking forward to the time when the owners of theatres will offer guarantees to attractions to induce them to play in their houses.

It is estimated that about 20 per cent. of the touring companies have been called in, for the present depression is nation wide. Road conditions have been aggravated by transportation difficulties, which frequently make it impossible for a show playing one-night stands to reach more than four towns in a week.

UP AND DOWN BROADWAY

INASMUCH as something more than a month has passed since the publication of a Shavian letter in these pages, the silence is herewith broken. Strangely enough, the letter is the only missive received by Faversham from Shaw since the production of "Misalliance," although that piece has meanwhile run its course and betaken itself to Brooklyn. Wrote G. B. S.:

"Dear Mr. Faversham: I have sent the agreement for the production of 'Misalliance' to my New York lawyer, who will exchange copies with you as usual. I should have sent it sooner, but I have been in Ireland for some time, much preoccupied with political business; and as everything seems to go smoothly and successfully in your hands, I have placed you on my list of those whose business may be safely neglected. However, I apologize for my remissness, as if I dropped dead you would be without your contract. You see, I am businesslike enough to be aware of my duty, but not morally energetic enough to do it punctually.

"Tell Mr. Philip Leigh not to forget that Bentley is the real hero of the play, though that fact is hardly given away until his last line.

"Send me a program if you can spare one. I hope you haven't announced it as a play in three acts this time. You can get about six lines longer notice and a few tons of extra gabble in mouth-to-mouth discussion by insisting on the fact that the play is in form a Greek play with all the unities preserved.

"I have seen but one notice of 'Misalliance,' but am told by correspondents that you are having a success. This is welcome news. I consider Tarleton, next to Falstaff, the best part of its kind in the English drama, but its full flavor only comes out on the stage.

"Ever, G. BERNARD SHAW."

The Shaw contracts, incidentally, are weighty ones. They are always especially printed on parchment, and contain clauses covering every possible emergency. The notices to which the author makes reference were duly sent immediately after the première here, but apparently were lost—as was also the program, the shortage of which Shaw appears to attribute to the enormous press of people intent upon seeing "Misalliance."

There is a rather definite report on the Great White (from 7:45 to 11) Way that Ethel Barrymore's production of "Camille" is likely to come as a surprise to those persons who treasure that piece in the memory. Miss Barrymore, it is reported, will use a somewhat amended edition of the piece, the changes having been wrought by Edward Sheldon. The period of the piece is unaltered, but it has been modernized structurally. Among other things, Sheldon, after the dramatic fashion set by "On Trial," has added a prologue which shows the sale of the effects of the heroine immediately after her death.

Another play is about to undergo a change of title without interference with the other mechanism of a New York run. "Losing Eloise," at the Harris, is in the act of becoming "The Naughty Wife," and unless unforeseen contingencies arise the transformation should be complete in about a week.

The myth of the value of a New York indorsement for road purposes vanishes completely in the face of what is happening in the provinces to "Mary's Ankle," "Cheating Cheaters," and "The Thirteenth Chair." The last two, both all-season successes in New York, are meeting with slim patronage. The first, which lingered about two months at the Bijou, is enjoying almost capacity attendance. One of the greatest surprises of the season in theatrical circles, incidentally, is the failure of "The Thirteenth Chair" on the road. In London, where it was lately produced, it is highly successful.

Another conquest is to be recorded for "The Man Who Stayed Home," a war play which William A. Brady brought to these shores early in 1915 under the title of "The White Feather," and which up to recently never had made anything more than an average impression on the American populace. The Boston run of the piece, lately commented upon here, will reach twenty-eight weeks before a halt is called, and the piece will fracture all Pittsburgh records tomorrow by entering upon its eighth successive week in that centre of the drama.

To the various conditions mitigating against the profitable operation of a theatre in these times will presently be added the period immediately preceding the holidays. It is considered probable that three or four theatres, rather than endure the inevitable period of loss, will remain dark. Meanwhile, work on New York's seven or eight new playhouses is progressing as well as could be expected.

Despite the absence of a further formal announcement on the subject, Owen Davis's version of "The Arabian Nights" is being busily rehearsed at the Punch and Judy, and probably will open next month. Among those in the company are Manager Hopkins, Henry Kolker, William Riley Hatch, and W. J. Ferguson.

CAILLAVET AND DE FLERS

THE production of Leo Ditrichstein's adaptation of "Le Roi" on Tuesday night completed the cycle of American productions of the more important comedies of Caillavet and de Flers. Undoubtedly, if a history of celebrated dramatic collaborations ever is written, the names of Gaston Armand de Caillavet and Marquis Robert de Flers will figure high up in the list. Their fifteen years of collaboration resulted not only in a series of comedies successful in Paris, but in plays sufficiently broad in appeal to have almost as great a vogue in this country. At this writing it seems likely that the greatest of the Caillavet-de Flers successes in America will be "The King," even though it has been produced here in the midst of what promises to be an unprecedently bad theatrical season.

An interesting article on the collaboration of Caillavet and de Flers was written by Barrett H. Clarke in 1915, shortly after the death of Caillavet in battle. Wrote Mr. Clarke, in part:

"During the last fourteen years these 'Twin Stars of Heaven' of light comedy have illuminated the boulevards of Paris and afforded light to most of the theatrical centres of the world. One collaboration recalls another, and the closest analogy to the pair in question is that of Meilhac and Halévy.

"Monsieur de Caillavet told me that these writers were in a manner an inspiration to him and his associates; that they at one time served as their models. He told, in somewhat the following words, the story of that collaboration, which, as he expressed it, was the happy outcome of what seemed to him the mingling of 'elective affinities':

"'I wanted to enter the Ecole des Chartes and do historical research work. De Flers wished likewise to be a historian, but, as you see, fate decreed otherwise. We first met in 1887, and each felt that the other was destined to be a lifelong friend; meantime we went our respective ways. I became a director of revues. The little theatre where these were given was situated on the first floor of the Eiffel Tower. There I received my first, and, in many ways, my most valuable, criticism. You see, I had to go up in an elevator with my audience; and come down, too. It was during these descents that I heard things about myself and my work that I blushed to learn, but profited by.

"'From little revues I turned my hand to farces, which were produced at the Palais Royal. Meantime de Flers entered the newspaper world. He had also written some short stories and some travel books. In 1900 the time was ripe for us to join forces. In that year we wrote a ballet comic opera, 'Les Travaux d'Hercule,' and had the devil's own time getting it accepted; finally a manager took it as a stop-gap, and incidentally made quite a success of it. Our next play, "Les Sentiers de la Vertu," was a prose comedy; again we had trouble in getting the play produced, but its production was attended by some degree of success. Then we were on our feet.

"'Like Meilhac and Halévy, we have attempted to write satirical comedies in a light vein; they are concerned with political and religious matters at times, and are often sentimental or burlesque in character. Until 1907 we were unable to carry our disrespect for things very far into the political field; but since the abolition of the censorship that year we have done what I think is our best work. We respected nothing—church, State, religious beliefs, or persons—and in "Le Bois Sacre," "L'Habit Vert," and "Le Roi" we have satirized in turn the Legion of Honor, the Académie Française, and the national custom of entertaining members of royalty who visit Paris. Had the censorship still been in working order, these plays would never have been written.'

"De Flers and Caillavet never go too far; they are never so didactic as is Shaw, even in the least pointed of his comedies, 'You Never Can Tell.' Our authors have won their greatest successes of late in the field of satire; three of their finest works are political farces. 'Le Bois Sacre,' known in the United States as 'Decorating Clementine,' ridicules the craze for decorations in France.

"'Le Roi' is the most uproarious of their satires. Imagine the land of the Marseillaise turned topsy-turvy by the arrival of a royal personage, a boulevardier among boulevardiers. King Manuel of Portugal must have been the original."

The best known of the Caillavet-de Flers collaborations in America are "The Beautiful Adventure," "Decorating Clementine," "Love Watches," "Miquette," and "The Fan." Caillavet, in addition to these collaborations, wrote and produced thirty-one additional pieces in Paris. In the case of "The King" a third collaborator figures—Emmanuel Arene, associate editor and dramatic critic of Le Figaro—but it seems probable that the major portion of the play was the work of Caillavet and de Flers.

THE SUBWAY CIRCUIT.

STANDARD—"Everywoman."

BRONX OPERA HOUSE—"The Man Who Came Back."

LOEW'S SEVENTH AVENUE—"Daybreak."

MAJESTIC, (Brooklyn)—William Collier in "Nothing but the Truth."

MONTAUK, (Brooklyn)—"Misalliance."

TELLER'S SHUBERT, (Brooklyn)—"Pollyanna."

THE NEW PLAYS

THE period immediately preceding a holiday is customarily one of comparative quiet so far as new theatrical productions are concerned, but this year not even Thanksgiving week is materially affecting the onward march of the drama. A postponed première and the opening of the new French theatre will bring the number of the week's productions to five.

ART AND OPPORTUNITY—*Tomorrow night at the Knickerbocker.*

The author of "Art and Opportunity" was Harold Chapin, an American youth, who lost his life on the battlefield in 1915. Some years ago Mr. Chapin was represented on the New York stage by a piece entitled "The Marriage of Columbine," which was produced at the Punch and Judy Theatre, and "Art and Opportunity" was seen on the London stage some years ago, with Marie Tempest as its star. Here the leading rôle will be played by Eleanor Painter, an actress hitherto associated solely with the musical stage.

Miss Painter's supporting company will include Frank Mills, Cecil Yapp, Grant Stewart, Edward Douglas, Katharine Stewart, and Martin Hayden.

THE STAR GAZER—*Tomorrow night at the Plymouth.*

This will be a postponed production of the newest Lehar operetta, with John Charles Thomas at the head of the cast.

LES FOURBERIES DE SCAPIN—*Tuesday night at the Theatre du Vieux Colombier.*

A Molière farce will be used to open the first season of the new French theatre in New York, and Jacques Copeau, the director, will appear in the leading rôle. M. Copeau, as is generally known, is the founder of the Théâtre du Vieux Colombier in Paris, a playhouse which in the short space of six months made itself internationally known, and the career of which, interrupted by the war, will now have its continuation in New York. The home of the Copeau company will be the erstwhile Garrick, which has been completely rebuilt for the occasion.

In addition to the Molière play there will be two novel features on the first week's program. The first of these will be an impromptu prologue, patterned after Molière, in which the director will discuss with his players the spirit and aims of the enterprise, and the second will be a ceremony in the course of which homage will be paid to the memory of Molière.

OVER THE TOP—*Wednesday night at the Forty-fourth Street Roof Theatre.*

Another new playhouse will be added to the long list when the Forty-fourth Street Roof Theatre opens its doors on Wednesday night. It will be not a roof garden, but a playhouse with all the equipment and appurtenances thereof, including a balcony. The entertainment will begin at 9 o'clock.

The first production will be a musical revue, "Over the Top," written by Philip Bartholomae, Sigmund Romberg, and Herman Timberg. Heading the cast will be T. Roy Barnes and Justine Johnstone, and the list of performers will also embrace Craig Campbell, Lauris and Bronson, a well-known vaudeville pair, Fred and Adele Astaire, and the mind-reading Sharrocks.

SIX MONTHS' OPTION—*Thursday night at the Princess Theatre.*

Dorothy Donnelly, one-time Madame X., will turn producer to offer this comedy by Ancella Anslee. It is a play of marriage and its complications, and the cast will include Minna Gombel, Jane Marbury, Stanley Ridges, David Quixano, W. T. Clarke, and Mrs. Jacques Martin.

The Spanish producers of "The Land of Joy" have hearkened unto the voice of the people, and the result will be a complete change tomorrow night in the American portions of the entertainment. Montague Glass has supplied much of the new material, and a number of new players will replace the former American contingent. Chief among these will be Julius Tannen, who will be present with some of his and Mr. Glass's quips and quirks, and the others will include John Daly Murphy, Edna Munsey, and Thomas Conkey.

"Pippa Passes" will be performed again tonight at the Neighborhood Playhouse.

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14,253 REPLIES IN ONE DAY

The want advertisements in The New York Times of last Sunday carrying box numbers attracted 14,253 replies on Monday, (by mail only.)

Average net paid circulation, daily and Sunday, 357,225 for six months ended Sept. 30, 1917—an increase of 70 per cent. in five years and an increase of 149 per cent. in ten years.

IDLE GOSSIP OF THE STAGE AND STAGE FOLK

PLAYS THAT HEARTEN

By EDWARD CHILDS CARPENTER.

THIS war cannot be won without hope and faith. We cannot live and be helpful in this war and useful in this world without hope, faith, and confidence in ourselves In order to accomplish our most devout, our most earnest wishes we must arouse that personal enthusiasm, that patriotic impulse that bucks up our courage and gives the will to succeed, the faith to triumph.

These sentiments are not original, I am well aware, but I think they bear repetition with emphasis at this time. I have tried to lay some such emphasis, to put some suggestion of the hope and faith that stimulates courage, in my two plays of this season: "The Three Bears" and "The Pipes of Pan."

I do not mean to say that I set out to write "messages," but the ideas around which the stories of these two plays were constructed gave me the opportunity to suggest, in two entirely different ways, that, in these times of dark clouds, the old silver linings are still there.

I believe that "The Three Bears" and "The Pipes of Pan," in their lighthearted ways, are imparting some cheer and hope to their respective audiances.

Some evidence of this has already come to me in the form of letters. One woman, a mother who has three sons in the army, said to me that when she went to see "The Three Bears" she was "low in her mind," but that in some way it "put her mind at peace." The next night she went to see "The Pipes of Pan," and came away, so she told me, "with hope renewed."

Of course, things like that make a scribbler feel very happy. It begins to make you think that perhaps you have done a good job. It seems to indicate that what you had to say, in your foolish manner, reached somewhere near the mark. At any rate, it has given me faith to tuck away in the folds of a play a thought or two that may be worth thinking about.

In the case of "The Three Bears" I took two men, a lawyer and a violinist, who were suffering from nervous breakdown. They had been unfortunate in their respective affairs of the heart, and had hugged their troubles so persistently that they had become obsessed with them to such an extent that they were unable to practice their professions. Any nerve specialist will tell you that such cases are common. Experience has shown that the best cure for such patients is to make them stop thinking of their own troubles and become interested in some one else's troubles. This the doctor of the play tries to do when he takes them off to the Maine woods, but at the outset of the play he has failed.

Doloretes, One of the Dancers Who Are Giving "The Land of Joy" Its Vogue at the Park Theatre.

Then into their life comes the girl, received at first with disgust, but finally, as the two patients begin to concern themselves with the fortunes of their attractive visitor and make unselfish efforts in her behalf, they naturally think less and less of themselves. Thus their cure is accomplished. You see, the unselfish affection that Goldilocks inspires in her bears makes them forget what once weighed upon their minds, and, naturally, their faith in themselves is renewed.

In "The Pipes of Pan" I have taken as my hero a portrait painter, who, with his youth behind him, finds his inspiration flagging. His model, worldwise, sees the trouble. He needs, she declares, something to make him respond to the miracle of Spring that hovers all about him.

In through his window floats the music of the old earth come young again in April—the everlasting, joyous note of the great god Pan. But the painter does not hear it until Spring herself, in the person of his lost love, Valentine, comes into the studio and makes him hear the old song again.

For one day they catch, as it were, the hand of Youth as she makes her last farewell; they dance for a few hours together in the sunlight, while the shadows are lengthening; they live again one of their beloved yesterdays.

This dryad of the past must inevitably, as she does, go back to her oak tree, but she leaves behind her a light which we know will never fail the painter again. There is joy in his heart once again. So we leave him happily, with hope and the memory of his romance bright and clear, "like a fixed star."

If I can make the audience hear that same note of hope that my characters hear, perhaps I shall have helped to do my bit, and if I have, through the medium of these plays, momentarily relieved some tired minds of their depression, if I have made some brave souls forget their anxiety for a brief hour, I am repaid and fortunate.

MINUTE VISITS IN THE WINGS

STRANGELY enough, there is here and there a theatregoer who does not recall Harry Watson in the days when he was with the "Follies," but it is only fair to add that their number is few. Watson and his partner, George L. Bickel, were the principal comedians and a large percentage of the entertainment in the first three of Mr. Ziegfeld's annual extravaganzas—those dated 1907, 1908, and 1909. In 1912 Watson returned alone to the "Follies," and it was in this edition that he figured in the piano-carrying episode, a comedy bit which attracted wide attention and probably never has been excelled before or since.

Bickel and Watson came originally from the burlesque stage, where they appeared with Ed Lee Wrothe, who is still in burlesque, in a harlequinade called "Me, Him, and I," which was afterward taken from the burlesque wheel to tour as an independent attraction. Prior to joining the "Follies," and also after, Bickel and Watson appeared in a long succession of musical comedies, but their greatest successes were won in the "Follies." The first of the comic bands, in the 1907 "Follies," was in the hands and lungs of Bickel and Watson, and Watson's prizefighter bit, in 1908, (now revived in the current "Odds and Ends of 1917,") was another comedy classic.

After the 1912 "Follies" the comedians listened to the voice of the movie man, and the stage did not know them again for several years, when they entered vaudeville. The team separated something more than a year ago, during and engagement at the Palace, and simultaneously Watson retired from the stage. He went to his home in Beechhurst, Long Island, where he has spent the past year in nothing more comic than the bringing up of radishes and kindred articles.

The offer to join Norworth was at first declined by Watson on the ground that the rewards of acting were not worth enduring the force of petty jealousies which frequently make life miserable for the comedian in a musical show. Norworth's assurance that nothing of the sort was possible in this instance impelled him to reconsider, however, and the result was Watson's triumphant return to New York on Monday night, when he demonstrated anew all of his old talents as a comedian and fairly kept the house in an uproar.

It is worthy of note, incidentally, that Bickel also is preparing to return to the stage in a musical play.

ONE of those whom the current Century revue has brought into the public eye has been a youth named Andrew Tombes. Tombes is a comedian. His present appearance at the Century is his first on the legitimate stage of Broadway, although he has long been well known in vaudeville as the mainstay of a tabloid musical show called "The Bride Shop."

Eleanor Painter, Who Will Be Seen on the Knickerbocker Stage Tomorrow Night in Harold Chapin's Comedy, "Art and Opportunity."

Tombes, booked for Princeton by his father, ran away from Exeter at sixteen to join an organization known as "The Who, What and When Minstrel Company," which made a specialty of finding towns not mentioned on the map. He was the principal comedian in this organization, and received a salary of $6 a week. This was in 1903. On returning to his home in Ashtabula at the end of that season he joined a stock company in Cleveland, and then became a member of the Charles B. Hanford répertoire company. During that season he frequently played in one week such Shakespearean rôles as Iago, Launcelot, Grumio, Julius Caesar, and Dogberry.

This was a hardening process both mentally and physically, and prepared him for a less arduous season on the road in "The Darling of the Gods," with Christine Norman in the part created by Blanche Bates. After this Mr. Tombes was in vaudeville for a while, and then tried his hand at burlesque, being one of the comedians in Max Speigel's "College Girls," of which Fannie Brice, now a star in Ziegfeld's "Follies," was an associate member. One season of burlesque was enough; he jumped as gracefully as a fawn from burlesque to Shakespeare, playing a season in "Cymbeline" and "A Winter's Tale." Four years ago he went back to vaudeville.

ANNE MEREDITH, at present a member of the fortunate resident or thereabouts company playing "Polly with a Past" at the Belasco, rather fancied in her childhood days that a circus career would be about the proper thing for her. At the age of 11 Miss Meredith, attending school in Toronto, ran away to join a traveling sawdust and elephant organization. Two unsympathetic parents, however, brought about her return and thus saved her to the American stage.

It was in a French play which was presented before the Alliance Française, as part of her graduation exercises, that Miss Meredith received her first stage experience. Shortly afterward an offer came to her to join the French Theatre, for Miss Meredith speaks French fluently, but, having decided in the meantime to take up a stage career, she preferred to play in her native tongue and declined the engagement.

Daniel Frohman was the manager who gave Miss Meredith a start by engaging her for a small rôle in "The Boys of Company B." When the season of this play closed she went into stock, where she remained for several years, thereby gaining considerable experience and playing a wide répertoire of parts. Upon her return to Broadway Miss Meredith created an important rôle in "The Road to Yesterday," and then proved her versatility by playing a siren part in "The Love Leech," and later a seventeen-year-old girl in "Mrs. Dot" with Billie Burke

When "The Follies of 1911" was presented one of its chief features was a symbolical playlet, "Everywife," in which Miss Meredith assumed the title rôle. Although this feature was different from the usual texture of which "The Follies" is composed, it was received with marked favor, due in no small measure to the charm and authority of her portrayal.

A prominent rôle in A. E. Thomas's comedy, "What the Doctor Ordered," next engaged Miss Meredith's attention, and she followed this up by appearing with Margaret Illington in "Kindling," in which her work as a young society girl interested in settlement conditions called forth considerable praise. Following this she was seen in "The Indiscretion of Truth," one of the lesser plays by J. Hartley Manners.

Despite the various rôles which Miss Meredith had played, Mr. Belasco was following an unbeaten path when he cast her for a rôle of the romantic type last season in "Seven Chances." The manner in which she handled this part led to the present rôle, and with it Miss Meredith takes a more or less solid place on the coveted Belasco roster.

WHERE TO GO TONIGHT.

The seeker after Sunday night amusement will have more than the usual number of attractions from which to make his choice tonight. A benefit performance at the Hippodrome will enlist the services of Jack Norworth, Louis Mann, Elsie Janis, Joan Sawyer, and Leo Carillo, among others; and there will be entertainments at the Century, the Park, the Winter Garden and the 44th St.

THE HISTORY OF "MADAME SAND"

AN inquiry into the circumstances attendant upon the writing of "Madame Sand" brings to light a number of matters which the nature of the play and the identity of the author hardly would have led one to expect. In particular, the association of Philip Moeller with the Washington Square Players, whose ways are not the ways of Broadway and commercialism, conjures up a vision of an idea given birth by the side of a rippling stream and worked out at great length in an attic containing not more than three pieces of furniture, and preferably only two. The facts of the matter are, however, that "Madame Sand" was a manager-fostered piece from the beginning, that it was sold on the strength of a scenario, and then written to order in thirteen days.

"Madame Sand" had its beginnings more than a year and one-half ago in the office of a certain theatrical manager, a man who had severed his connection with a well-known producing firm to branch out for himself. He had been much interested in the success achieved by Moeller in connection with the activities of the Washington Square Players, at that time housed Somewhere in Fifty-seventh Street. (Moeller was one of the founders of this organization, the director of many of its productions, and the author of several one-act plays produced by its members. One of these, "Helena's Husband," has been called the best one-act comedy ever written in this country.)

The manager in question was at that time engaged in dexterously manoevering for the services of one of the most popular actresses in this country, and he had conceived the notion that a play with a musical background might prove a good medium for her use—providing she agreed to "go along" on the proposition he had made to her. He was preparing for eventualities.

"Could you," he asked Moeller, "write me a play with a musical theme or a musical background? I think it should be a comedy—yes, I would prefer a comedy."

Out from the lower depths of Moeller's mind which the Freudian psychologists call the unconscious, there leaped into the field of consciousness these words: "How would a play about George Sand do?"

Moeller had long been a great admirer of Sand, and had, within a year, been reading about her in a more or less desultory fashion, but he had never before consciously had the idea of putting her into a play.

"Sounds enormous," said the manager. "How would you treat it?"

"Why, I'd start with the De Musset affair," began Moeller, and then continued, sketching in rough outline the plot which is now the basis of the produced play. De Musset was in it, and Heine and Dr. Pagello and Chopin and Lisst, and even the secondary characters who now figure with them.

The manager liked the idea and the outlined story so much that he suggested that Moeller write out the scenario and send it to him for consideration. This the author did almost immediately. There then followed a walt of an entire year, during which a correspondence passed between Moeller and the manager that would, if printed, fill a large-sized volume. The manager had not "bagged" his star and could not make up his mind whether he cared to do the play. Finally, in desperation, Moeller wrote asking for the return of the scenario. Word came back that it had been lost.

Then it was that Moeller sought out Arthur Hopkins. This was early last Summer. He submitted a copy of the scenario and Mr. Hopkins promised to give it immediate attention. He read it that night and telephoned the author the next morning.

"Come over to my office immediately," he said, "and promise me not to talk to any other manager on the way."

Mr. Hopkins practically agreed to sign a contract for the production of the play, and urged Moeller to begin writing it at once. The latter did so the next morning in his apartment on West Twelfth Street.

He finished the first act in exactly four days and submitted it to Mr. Hopkins.

"The most promising first act I have ever read," was the latter's comment. "Keep on while the spirit moves you."

And then came a douche of cold water in the form of a summons to serve on the Federal Grand Jury, about to convene. Moeller sought to persuade the Judge that art called him, but the latter seemed to think that art could wait a little while without suffering severe discomfort, and ordered him to report for duty. The second act of "Madame Sand" was, accordingly, written in four mornings, the author arising at 7 and working until noon. At noon on each of these days he dropped down to the old Post Office and listened to the details of a case "involving something about drains in the Brooklyn Navy Yard."

To be sure, he did go to Gloucester, Mass., to write the third act, but only because he was "dog tired," and felt the need of the bracing sea air. The last act, it might be added, was written in exactly five days.

When the completed manuscript of the play was read by Mr. Hopkins that manager realized that the one actress in the American theatre who could do justice to the central rôle was Mrs. Fiske. That actress had just signed a contract to appear under the direction of Klaw & Erlanger and George C. Tyler. Mr. Hopkins, taking a chance, sent the play to Harrison Grey Fiske, with the request that it be submitted by the latter to his wife for a reading.

Now, Mrs. Fiske, it had been announced, was to appear in another play, on which advance royalties had been paid. She returned the Moeller piece, however, with an expression of hope that something might be done about it.

"It is the most interesting rôle I have had submitted to me," she wrote George C. Tyler. "Please read the play and see what you think."

Mr. Tyler read the play the day he received this letter and became so enthusiastic that he arranged to have the projected production of the other play indefinitely postponed. A conference with Mr. Hopkins resulted in the perfecting of an arrangement whereby the latter, Klaw & Erlanger, and Mr. Tyler became jointly interested in the production of "Madame Sand."

To revert for a moment to Moeller. He began writing plays, according to his own story, when he was 8 years old. At that time, however, his great ambition was not to be a playwright, but to be a magician. He gave elaborate magical shows for the children of his neighborhood, and could see himself in his adult years attired in black satin knickerbockers and waving an ebony wand, while ravishingly beautiful ladies at his word of command disappeared from rope-bound trunks and came running down the aisles of thronged theatres.

His playwriting, up to the time of "Madame Sand," was concerned with one-act pieces with the single exception of a three-act play entitled "The Battlefield," which was produced some years ago by a group of amateurs. Since the beginning of the work of the Washington Square Players he has had charge of the production of fifteen plays presented by them, and has written four of the one-act pieces which have had production at the Bandbox and at the Comedy, their present home. These were "Two Blind Beggars and One Less Blind," "Helena's Husband," "The Roadhouse in Arden" and "Sisters of Susannah." The last three were all satires. The first was a tragic little thing with an ironic bite.

In view of the many descriptive phrases used in describing the play, it is interesting to have Moeller's own word concerning his intention. Though he has called it a "biographical comedy" on the program, he says that he considers it a "sublimated burlesque," which is, to say the least, something new under the theatrical sun.

THE TRUTH ABOUT FARCE

THE theory that a farce is the most difficult of the dramatic forms is one that has come down through the ages side by side with the aphorism that plays are not written, but rewritten. A more or less exhaustive research conducted among managers and authors tends rather to confirm than to upset the latter, despite the frequence of its repetition. As for the former, at least one theatrical man—one who is both manager and author, as well as unusually successful in the handling of farces—believes that the average farce is easier to write and produce than the average drama. The man in question is Edgar Selwyn, who has had unusual opportunities to observe farces in the making and remaking, and to participate in the processes. Declares Mr. Selwyn:

"It hardly can be accurate to describe farce as the most difficult dramatic form when so many of them have been remade, and successfully remade, practically over night. On the whole, I should be inclined to say that a farce, by reason of its plastic nature, is the easiest of all. In a serious drama the entire structure is so arranged as to lead to one definite end. In farce, too, there is an ultimate end in view, but in reaching it there is the utmost freedom of choice as to style and method. Farce is a volatile sort of thing, anyway. Its success depends so much more on externals than does the ordinary drama.

"You rarely hear of the big scene in a drama having been inserted after the piece was written, because the drama generally was written around that scene. In the case of a farce, on the contrary, the funniest bits are frequently decided upon while the piece is in the course of production, and sometimes on the eve of the premiere. Then, too, a continuity is demanded in drama which the rapid tempo of farce frequently renders unnecessary, and any disturbance of that dramatic continuity, as for the purpose of inserting an additional scene, for example, generally means an entirely new smoothing out of the piece.

"The case of 'Losing Eloise' is a recent example of what can be done with a farce. Between the time of the dress rehearsal on Friday night and the opening on Saturday night we introduced one entirely new situation and wrote dialogue for it. It turned out to be the funniest scene in the play.

"And, to betray another secret, the famous cocktail scene in 'Fair and Warmer,' which has been commented on wherever the play has been seen, was really worked out in its final form between a last-minute rehearsal held the afternoon of the opening and the time the curtain went up a few hours later.

"When we are producing a farce we welcome visitors at rehearsals after the first rough edges have been worn off, and in the case of 'Losing Eloise' we gathered many a good idea from friends who dropped in to see how things were going. And we got some knowledge of what we had and what we didn't have. On several occasions, expecting to find our guests laughing, we found them star-gazing, and vice versa. Mind you, though, I would not advise that method in the case of any other kind of play.

"It so happens that the best farces with which I have come into contact have started with little more than an original idea, and the action of the play has developed as the production progressed. But, last this office be immediately flooded with farces, let me emphasize one thing. First catch your original idea."

HOW ARE THE PICTURES DOING?

AN interesting analysis of conditions at present attending the manufacture and marketing of motion pictures is made by Samuel Goldfish, one of the first of the film pioneers, and now head of the Goldwyn Company. While Mr. Goldfish's sermon is in part a technical one, it deals with a matter which vitally affects the public which goes to the movies, and is particularly interesting in view of certain recent developments in pictures. The warning he sounds is that the films, if they are to continue to flourish, must retain their greatest safeguard—economy in price, based on economy in manufacture.

"The motion-picture industry is in a dangerous condition," Mr. Goldfish declares. "Disaster is very close indeed. The war has not hit attendance at motion-picture houses as hard as it has at the Broadway theatres, but that is only because the scale of prices is so much lower, and the great democratic audiences of the screen are drawn largely from those who are getting more employment and more profitable employment through the war. The success and the health of the motion picture is based on the modest price of admission at which good films can be seen. The dangerous, even disastrous, conditions in the industry of which I have spoken are due to the fact that all manner of competitive extravagance is threatening to destroy that one safeguard—and, with it, the industry itself.

"I am not a calamity howler by temperament. And I'm not disgruntled; for Goldwyn is getting its share, and more than its share, through the most careful attention to organization. But in the plain face of the criminal waste of the producer's money, the exhibitor's money, and—in the last analysis—the public's money, somebody should speak out plainly.

"If you ask me what is wrong with this topheavy industry of ours, I should say—organization. Fundamentally all our producing organizations are wrong. Fundamentally all our distributing organizations are wrong.

"Take distribution. There are about twenty-five different distributing organizations in America, all of them maintaining some two dozen branch offices throughout the country. These twenty-five exchanges serving the State of Maine, to take a single flagrant example, have only twenty-eight cities and towns—small ones at that—in which to sell films. Think of the absurdity of twenty-five salesmen trying to sell the same product—motion-picture entertainment—to only twenty-eight customers! It is worse than absurd. It is ruinous. The cost to a producer of maintaining his score of exchanges, with managers, its capacity. Two big distributing organizations could handle all the films in America—and save the industry $200,000 a week. That $10,000,000 a year would mean something to producers, to exhibitors, and to the public. To get another angle on it, suppose every magazine in America maintained its own exclusive distributing channels. Would The Cosmopolitan still sell for 20 cents or Harper's Magazine for 35 cents?

"We are facing just the same problem in production—lack of organization and topheavy financing. Everybody in the industry is being overpaid except the pocketbooks that furnish the capital. All in a mad, unscientific scramble for a very few illusory big profits which have been made here and there.

"The cost of production has gone up at a terrific rate, a rate that the public has no conception of. When we made the first Geraldine Farrar picture, 'Carmen,' during my connection with the Lasky Company, it cost only $35,000. Today the same production could not be duplicated for less than $150,000.

"Rentals, the prices charged exhibitors for the films, have advanced accordingly. To pay these increased rentals the exhibitors have had to increase prices—to strike at the prop of popularity on which the public's love for this new entertainment fundamentally rests. The producer, in turn, has had to put more and more money into productions in order to give the exhibitor the quality pictures which will induce the public to pay higher admission prices. Obviously, the producer is paying too much, the exhibitor is paying too much, and the public—through all this extravagance—is paying too much. It is a vicious circle that only the producer can break.

"It isn't easy—trying to put matters right. See what happens under this condition of abnormal competition. A man who has picked up enough capital in Wall Street to make a single picture can jump in, offer some big star a fabulous salary—about all the money he has—and then, with the contract safe in his pocket, draw forth enough further capital to start making pictures. Meanwhile his big salary to the star has done its great harm and sent other salaries skyrocketing.

"The exhibitors themselves are now coming into this game. Some of the theatre owners have organized a circuit which has gone into a new form of production and distribution, and is now bidding against the producers for stars. Up go salaries again. And up go rentals, too.

"It has got to the state where, if a star wakes up and finds it's a nice day, she makes up her mind she wants a million dollars instead of eight hundred thousand.

"The big factor in keeping down moving-picture prices, I feel, is the producer. He must organize. The great steel industry was in just such a chaotic condition before the coming of the United States Steel Corporation. If the producing factors in moving pictures money in extravagant competition for a doubtful product—personal fame. For no matter how big a star may be, unless there is a big story, too, business will begin to wane after the first night. Broadway has found that the star is very nearly played out as a lone drawing card. Some of its biggest stage figures have had ignominious failures this season because their plays were no better than the so-called 'vehicles' which had done service for them in the past. The screen is as 'star-crazy' as the stage was five and ten years ago, but evolution is at work in the studios quite as much as on Broadway.

"Another tremendous evil of the industry's disorganization is the overproduction of pictures. We are making too many for either profit or art. More than twenty long feature films are being turned out every week. We could get along with ten. We could give them to the exhibitors for less, and they would earn more money for us. The public would like them better and talk about them more. Word of mouth advertising would take the place of exploiting star names. It is simply impossible to find good stories at the rate they are demanded by our present system.

"Spending money for famous plays to make into films is no cure-all. Goldwyn encountered a very interesting difficulty with Margaret Mayo's 'Baby Mine.' A year or so ago film versions of plays were supposed to kill theatrical versions. The all-star 'Trilby' had to quit because it found the film 'Trilby' taking all its business and utilizing the advertising it had created. Right now, within my own knowledge, the condition has been reversed. When 'Baby Mine' was announced in a large up-State city, a stock company promptly put the play into rehearsal and got the benefit of all our publicity.

"What's to be done about all this? Well, first of all, box-office prices must be kept within reason—or this great, popular, democratic industry will be killed. The strength of the motion picture lies not in its novelty—which would have been exhausted long ago—but in its ability to satisfy a great, broad desire for entertainment at a price within the reach of all the people. The two-dollar spectacle is done for. As a matter of fact, there was only one that ever made money. And for every dollar made by 'The Birth of a Nation' twice as much has been lost by producers who tried to follow that lead.

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TO BE CONTINUED

Play	Playhouse	Premier
Oh, Boy!	Casino	Feb. 18
Hitchy-Koo	Hitchcock's 44th Street	June 9
The Very Idea	Astor	Aug. 9
Business Before Pleasure	Eltinge	Aug. 15
Maytime	Shubert	Aug. 16
The Eyes of Youth	Maxine Elliott	Aug. 22
Cheer Up	Hippodrome	Aug. 23
A Tailor-Made Man	Cohan & Harris	Aug. 27
Leave It to Jane	Longacre	Aug. 28
The Country Cousin	Gaiety	Sept. 3
The Masquerader	Booth	Sept. 3
De Luxe Annie	Cort	Sept. 4
Polly with a Past	Belasco	Sept. 6
Lombardi, Ltd	Morosco	Sept. 24
The Riviera Girl	New Amsterdam	Sept. 24
Tiger Rose	Lyceum	Oct. 3
Jack o' Lantern	Globe	Oct. 16
Doing Our Bit	Winter Garden	Oct. 18
Chu Chin Chow	Manhattan	Oct. 22
On with the Dance	Republic	Oct. 29
Broken Threads	Fulton	Oct. 30
Washington Square Players	Comedy	Oct. 31
The Land of Joy	Park	Nov. 1
Miss 1917	Century	Nov. 5
The Pipes of Pan	Hudson	Nov. 6
The Wooing of Eve	Liberty	Nov. 9
The Gay Lord Quex	48th Street	Nov. 12
Her Regiment	Broadhurst	Nov. 12
What's Your Husband Doing?	39th Street	Nov. 12
The Three Bears	Empire	Nov. 13
L'Elevation	Playhouse	Nov. 14
Greenwich Village Players	Greenwich Village	Nov. 15
Losing Eloise	Harris	Nov. 17
Madame Sand	Criterion	Nov. 19

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LUNCHEON, 50c; TEA, 35c; DINNER, $1.00.

THE MAYFLOWER, 28 West 55th St.
Dinner, table d'hote & a la carte Breakfast, Lunch, Tea. Open Sundays.

THE PIROUETTE, 23 East 45th Street, bet. Madison & 5th Av.
Luncheon, 35-40c.; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 65c.

Heatherdell Tea Shop 18 E. 43d St.
Open Sundays.
Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner.

SHORT OF GOODS?
Storekeepers finding themselves run out of certain lines can be supplied from various sources, at one time. A letter or telegram addressed to The New York Times stating requirements will appear next day on the Business Page of The Times at a cost of 50c for each line of

WRITTEN ON THE SCREEN

STRAND—Madge Kennedy in "Nearly Married."

RIALTO—William S. Hart in "The Silent Man."

RIVOLI—"Cleopatra."

BROADWAY—Franklyn Farnum in "The Scarlet Car"; Louise Lovely in "The Waif and His Mate."

FORTY-FIRST STREET—Thurs., Fri., Sat., Sun., Mae Marsh in "Sunshine Alley."

ATTENTION is called by Paramount to the gradual passing of burlesque film and the substitution of the comedy film in its place. To be sure, the film of the custard pie and seat-of-the-pants school has not yet passed, but its vogue is obviously on the wane. The very earliest "comedies" generally consisted of zig-zag chases and some trick photography, a diversion that survives to this day with a few producers. Then gradually the personal element entered, but at first it was pure physical grotesqueness that figured.

One of the earliest film comedians was the late John Bunny, whose popularity was enormous. His rise to success was indicative of what the film then demanded of comedy—a funny face, an unusual figure, something striking, unusual, easily recognized on the screen. Bunny, of course, had far more to his funniness than that, but Bunny never would have been Bunny if he had looked like Robert Mantell.

All screen comedy in those days had a tendency toward burlesque by the same token that all drama seemed to demand excessive action and exaggerated expression. There has come into photoplays, in other words, a much-needed restraint. In comedy this restraint is best exemplified in the Douglas Fairbanks pictures. Even the art of C. Chaplin has felt the touch of a new discipline, while the Sennett farces, wild as they are, have about them none of the slip-shod, banal gaucheries that characterised the old school.

The greatest difficulty early film comedy had to surmount was the dearth of good material to work from. Scenario writers were paid so little that the field did not attract a single humorist of any reputation. Little by little conditions improved. George Ade took a hand at film humor and, so far as he himself had to do with the productions, his humor carried splendidly. The Ade titles are considered by some as the beginning of an originality and humor in screen titles, something that had been entirely lacking before his advent.

Among the humorous writers more or less lately drawn into film work are Gelett Burgess, Wallace Irwin, George M. Cohan, James Montgomery Flagg, Owen Johnson, Mary Roberts Rinehart, Rupert Hughes, and Caroline Wells.

The thousands who besiege the large motion-picture companies with requests for work in the movies have grown no less in numbers recently, despite the fact that one is beginning to hear less about them. Hundreds of letters from would-be screen actors and actresses are received every day by the movie companies, and in some instances the number runs into thousands. The few examples which follow, quoted verbatim, are from the mail bag of Paramount. The author of the first is an Indian:

"Paramount Pictures: "Maine.

"Dear Sir.—I would like to hear from you in regards to moving-picture acting. I am an Indian nineteen years old (19 yr) A Penobscot Indian. I can Paddle a Canoe very good have always had one since I can remember, also swim run Play Golf, Tennis, Bare Ball, Basket Ball, Foot Ball Croquot, also hunt. I have taken a few Vocal singing lessons I shall continue to take them I also have learned a trade as a Textile Worker have three years experience (3) yr have good idea of a woolen mill could act as a boss in any department of the Mill. Tell me how much money it would cost. I could pay my fare out there. If you have nothing to offer Please send this letter to some other Corporation that would take Indians and oblige.

P. S. I also have a good idea of College Life I live near the College."

The second is from the most typical among the screen-struck, the young girl of fourteen or thereabout:

"Texas.

"Manager of Paramount Corporation.

Dear Sir: I am writing you for a job as a moving-picture Girl. I cannot give any references as an actress but can in character. One must have a start to get references. I could play a part of a Spaniard as I know the ways of the Spaniards and Mexicans almost perfect. I am a very young girl and I have a perfect horror of immoral things. I know the wrongs that are committed in the large cities but if a girl attends to her own business she will not get into any trouble. Please answer by return mail if possible."

The writer of the following inclosed a diagram of his "trick cars" to show how they worked:

"Sir: I suppose you gave that picture I sent to you once over and thought that guy must be a nut or something of that sort or he might had seen Chaplin in comedy and thought he could do as good as Chaplin. Well if thats what you thought you got a nother thought coming. Well has Chaplin anything on me? I got trick cars.

very truly yours
a Nut as you think."

And then this from a New Mexico prison:

"Dear Sir: as I am a wild west Bronko Buster and will be out of hear in a few days will write you to see if thier is any opening for such a man with you. I have got 5 head of fine jumping horses and would like to get in some picture taking outfit for I have work for several pictures cameras. Can you send me a photo of Miss Blanch Ring I think I have met her before and I remain, yours res."

The failure of "The Rescuing Angel" has sent Billie Burke back into the pictures, and work is about to be begun on a film version of "Eve's Daughter," Grace George's late vehicle at the Playhouse. Lionel Atwill of Miss George's company probably will appear in his original rôle in the screen production.

The screen rights of Edward Sheldon's dramatisation of "The Song of Songs," which was played here a few seasons ago by a cast of notables, have been obtained in behalf of Elsie Ferguson. Irene Fenwick played the principal rôle on the stage. "Rose of the World" has been completed by Miss Ferguson and will be released soon.

Charlotte, whose appearance at the Hippodrome two years ago started the dancing craze in these parts, has transferred her art, stances and all, into pictures. She is the heroine of a six-reel film as yet unnamed, which has a to form another company of the same sort, and the new organization is now at work on its first film. The first company, headed by a pair of talented youngsters named Francis Carpenter and Virginia Lee Corbin, appeared in "Jack and the Beanstalk" and "Aladdin and the Wonderful Lamp." The new company includes George Stone, an urchin well known in the movies.

Madge Kennedy, already more or less solidly established in the film world, is at present engaged in acting in a movie version of George Weston's story, "Oh, Mary, Be Careful."

Ray Harbe, who succeeded Justine Johnstone as one of the decorative damsels in "Oh, Boy," is about to enter pictures via the Vitagraph. She will be seen first in a picture having Earle Williams for its star.

"The Volunteer," a film about to be released by the World folk, has no less a person than William A. Brady for one of its players. The story concerns a child movie star who is sent West, and before going she bids good-bye to the various notables at the World studio. Among those who bid her a tearful farewell are Mr. Brady, Harley Knoles, her director; Kitty Gordon, Ethel Clayton, June Elvidge, Evelyn Greeley, Carlyle Blackwell, and Montagu Love.

William J. Flynn is the newest of film authors. Captain Flynn has written a twenty-episode Secret Service serial, which will be handled by the Hoffman-Fourequare Pictures.

"The Passing of the Third Floor Back," with Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson as its star, is now in process of manufacture at Herbert Brenon's studios. In it Molly Pearson, the ever-remembered Bunty, is making her first screen appearance, playing the rôle of the slavey, which she also played during the run of the piece at the Maxine Elliott Theatre in the season of 1909-10.

The first Petrova picture to be made under that actress's own direction is called "Daughter of Destiny," and is a film which has Europe and the war for its background.

IN THE VARIETIES.

PALACE—William H. Crane in "Winter and Spring," a sketch by Thomas F. Fallon; Bessie Clayton, Adele Rowland, "The Circus Modern," Bennett and Richards, Al and Fanny Stedman, Caites Boys, Lucy Gillette.

COLONIAL—Harry Fox, Hassard Short in "The Ruby Ray," Juliette Dika, Hale and Patterson.

ALHAMBRA—Sam Bernard, Cameron Sisters, Mr. and Mrs. Jimmie Barry.

ROYAL—Blossom Seeley, "The Bonfires of Old Empires," Felix Adler, Juliette, Charles Grapewin in "Panghkespale."

RIVERSIDE—Maurice and Florence Walton, Conroy and Lemaire, Paul Dickey in "The Lincoln Highwayman," Farber Girls.

ORPHEUM, (Brooklyn)—Dorothy Jardon, Carl Randall and Ernestine Myers, Harry Cooper, Hermine Shone in "Mary Ann."

BUSHWICK, (Brooklyn)—Belle Baker, Rooney and Bent, Frederic Santley and Fiorrie Millership.

HATS OFF TO THE U. S. ANTHEM

America, as a Western exchange reminds its readers, has no national anthem, hymn, or air by provision of any Federal law. Army and navy regulations constitute the authority for calling "The Star-Spangled Banner" a national air. The custom of rising and standing with hats off while the famous tune is being played has indeed become general, but it is only obligatory among army and navy men.

Whenever the national air is played at any place where persons belonging to the military or naval service are present, all officers and enlisted men not in formation are required to stand at attention, facing toward the music, excepting when the flag is being lowered at sunset, on which occasion they are required to face toward the flag.

If in civilian dress and uncovered, they are required to stand and salute at the first note of the air, retaining their position of salute until the last note of the air is played. If in civilian dress and covered, they are required to stand and uncover, holding the head dress opposite the left shoulder, except in inclement weather, when the cap or hat may be held slightly raised.

MANY CHORAL PROGRAMS.

Programs of the Philharmonic Society this season will contain many choral works, among the first being the "Dante" symphony of Liszt, just heard. The Ninth Symphony of Beethoven will be given by the orchestra in January, with the help of the Philharmonic Chorus, newly organized by Louis Koemmenich.

Gustav Mahler's Third Symphony, also on the list, will be heard for the first time in New York. The St. Cecilia Club, a women's chorus of 120 voices, led by Victor Harris, and a boy choir recruited by T. Tertius Noble of St Thomas's, and G. Darlington Richards of St. James's Church, will co-operate with the Philharmonic in the presentation of the Mahler Symphony.

MORE RUSSIAN AIRS.

The Russian Symphony Society announces many novelties for this season. In addition to those produced at the first concert, some other works new to the American public are the "Finniah Sketches" by Glazounoff, a third number from a cycle of four symphonies by Gliere, called "Ilia Mauromuetz," after an ancient Russian hero; a tone picture by Gretchaninoff, for voice and orchestra, "On the Cross Roads"; two compositions by S. Wassilenko, entitled "Hyrcus Nocturnus" and "In the Sun"; Liadow's last scene from "The Bride of Messina"; Alexander Spendiarow's "Legend of the Sermon of Soda," and Igor Stravinsky's "King of the Stars" and "The Shepherdess and the Faun."

Amusements of the Current Week

Astor Ball Room
Tomorrow Aft. at 3
3d Organ Recital of Historical Series by JOSEPH BONNET
$2, $1.50, $1. Management Loudon Charlton.

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Eve., Nov. 27, at 8:15.
First Subscription Concert
FLONZALEY QUARTET
50c to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.

Aeolian Hall, Fri. Aft., Nov. 30, Another Recital by the Brilliant French Soprano, Mme. GABRIELLE GILLS
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Aft., Dec. 1, at 3. Recital by the Brilliant Turco-Rican Pianiste Mme. ELISA TAVAREZ
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Aft., Dec. 8. Benefit of Consumers' League. Piano Recital—GUIOMAR NOVAES
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano.

Wolfsohn Musical Bureau announces

HEIFETZ
Carnegie Hall
SAT. AFT. DEC. 1
At 2:30
Second Violin Recital
SEATS AT HALL. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

Carnegie Hall, Tues., Dec. 4, at 8:15
SONG RECITAL SOPHIE BRASLAU
KNABE PIANO USED.

Aeolian Hall, This Afternoon, at 3.
SONG RECITAL EMILIO DE GOGORZA

Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE
Mon. at 8, Faust. Farrar, Delaunois; Martinelli, Rothier, Chalmers. Cond., Monteux.
Wed. at 8:15, La Traviata. Hempel; Carpi, De Luca, Bada. Rosi. Cond., Moranzoni.
THANKSGIVING DAY MAT. at 2 ($1 to $5). CARMEN. Farrar, Peterson (debut); Martinelli, Whitehill, Segurola. Cond., Monteux.
EVE. at 8:15, La Boheme. Muzio, Miller; Martin, Scotti, Chalmers, Marcoux. Cond., Papi.
Fri. at 8, Prince Igor. Alda, Delaunois, Perini; Amato, Althouse, Didur, Segurola. Cond., Bodansky.
Sat. Mat. at 2, L'Elisir D'Amore. Hempel, Sparkes; Caruso, Scotti, Didur. Cond., Papi.
Sat. Eve. at 8, (75c. to $5). Il Trovatore. Muzio, Matzenauer, Mattfeld; Kingston (debut), De Luca, Rothier. Cond., Papi.
TO-NIGHT at 8:30. 50c to $1.50. PERCY GRAINGER PIANIST
Orchestra Concert. Cond., HAGEMAN. MUZIO, Soprano. CHALMERS, Baritone.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

SYMPHONY
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r.
Aeolian Hall, Sat., Dec. 1, at 11 A. M.
SECOND SYMPHONY CONCERT FOR CHILDREN
Mr. Damrosch will explain and illustrate the wood-wind instruments.
Tickets 50c to $1.50, at Box Office.
Carnegie Hall, Sat. Eve., Dec. 1, at 8:15
TSCHAIKOWSKY Program including Pathetique Symphony
Also Concerto for Piano in B flat.
Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Dec. 2, at 3.
TSCHAIKOWSKY'S PATHETIQUE.
BEETHOVEN'S EMPEROR CONCERTO.
RUDOLPH GANZ
Soloist at Both Concerts.
Tickets at Box Offices. Ges. Eagles, Mgr

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR
Carnegie Hall, This Afternoon at 3.
Tchaikovsky, Theme & Variations. Wagner, "Sounds from the Forest" from "Siegfried"; "Wotan's Farewell and Magic Fire" from "Walkure," Prelude to Act. III. of "Meistersinger" and TCHAIKOVSKY'S SYMPHONY NO. 4.
Next Friday Afternoon at 2:30.
Soloists Rose & Ottilie SUTRO
Programme includes BRUCH Concerto for Two Pianos & Orchestra.
(First time in New York.)
Tickets at Box Office. FRITZ F. Loliels, Mgr.

THE SOCIETY OF THE FRIENDS OF MUSIC ANNOUNCES
PUNCH & JUDY THEATRE, 155 W. 49th.
BAUER — THIBAUD
in BEETHOVEN SONATAS
For Piano and Violin
To-morrow (Mon.) Aft. at 3.
Tickets, $3.50 at Box Office.

RITZ-CARLTON, Sun., Dec. 2, at 3.
ORCHESTRAL CONCERT
ERNEST BLOCH.....CONDUCTOR
Russian Music and two works by Mr. Bloch.
Mme. POVLA FRIJSH, Soloist.
Subscriptions to Helen Love, 1 W. 34th St.

AEOLIAN HALL
CLARA and DAVID MANNES
2 Concerts—1st Concert Tues., Dec. 4, 3:30.
Entire Balcony 50 Cents
Subscriptions to Haensel & Jones, Aeolian Hall, 29 W. 42d St. (Steinway Piano.)

Aeolian Hall, To-m'w (Mon.) Aft. at 3.
SONG RECITAL—MME. CLARA Clemens
Mr. Ossip Gabrilowitsch at the Piano.
Tickets at Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston

FRIDA BENNECHE
Aeolian Hall, Monday Eve., Dec. 3, at 8:15. Song Recital.
Tickets 50c to $2.00 at Box Office.
Knabe Piano. Mgt. M. H. HANSON.

AEOLIAN HALL
MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 26th
AT 8 P. M.
SONG RECITAL
TICKETS, 50c to $2.00; BOXES, $15
AT BOX OFFICE AND OFFICE OF SECRETARY TO OSCAR SEAGLE, CARNEGIE HALL.
OSCAR SEAGLE
Baritone
WALTER L. GOLDE at the Piano.
CHICKERING PIANO USED.

Oscar Seagle presents a programme of unusual variety at his first New York recital this season. A discriminating group of old French chansons, in which line Mr. Seagle's prominence is too well known to need comment, opens the programme.

The second group of Dvorak Gipsy Songs is extremely timely, coming as it does at a moment when America is stirring to understand the complex Slav nature. These songs express to a marvelous degree the great love of individual liberty which is the fundamental characteristic of the Slav.

The third group might be called the patriotic group; the air from "Patrie" by Paladilhe kindles anew the admiration for the patriotism and courage which Belgium has shown in her now hour of trial. "La-bas" by Fourdrain, the modern French composer whose songs are so much in vogue, has caught the soul of much tried Alsace, her suffering and her hope.

One of the most interesting groups will be the Negro Spirituals.

PROGRAMME

1—a. Il mio bel fouoco—17th century. Benedetto Marcello
b. Pastorale—17th century.
c. Chanson de Guiliot Martin—18th century.
d. Chanson a danser—17th century.
e. Vive Henri Quatre.
2—A group of Gipsy Songs by Dvorak.
a. Mein Lied ertont.
b. Ei, wie mein Trianget.
c. Rings ist der Wald.
d. Als die alte Mutter.
e. Reingestimmt die Saiten.
f. Darf des Falken Schwings.
3—a. Ici le heroes!—Patrie. } Paladilhe
b. Les trois prieres. }
c. La-bas. } Fourdrain
d. Marins d'Islande. }
e. Carnival
4—The Lily and the Dove—Swedish Folk-song.
A group of Negro Spirituals.
Arranged by H. T. Burleigh
a. Sing low, Sweet Chariot.
b. I want to be ready.
c. I don't feel no ways tired.
d. Nobody knows the trouble I've seen.
e. Jesus heals the sick.

THIRD BILTMORE
FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE
Grand Ballroom, Biltmore Hotel, Dec. 7, at 11.
FRANCES Alda
LEOPOLD Godowsky
JASCHA Heifetz
(The New Sensational Russian Violinist.)
Res. Seats, $2; Box Seats, $5, now on sale at R. E. Johnston's Office, 1451 B'way.
KNABE PIANO.

Haensel & Jones, 33 W. 42d St., announce
Aeolian Hall, Wed. Aft., Nov. 28, at 3.
Piano Recital (Mason & Hamlin). ADOLPH REUTER

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Aft., Dec. 4, at 3.
SONG RECITAL—GEORGE HAMLIN
Seats 50c to $2. Mail orders to Haensel & Jones.

THEATRE DU VIEUX COLOMBIER
YVETTE GUILBERT
CHANSONS DE FIERROT (NEW)
FRIDAY AFT., NOVEMBER 30th, at 3.
SUNDAY EVE., DECEMBER 2d, at 8:15.
TICKETS AT THEATRE, 65 W. 35th ST.
MME. GUILBERT'S SEC. KNABE
MABEL POILLON, 125 E. 70th. PIANO

STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Daily Afternoon Concerts, 2:15 (Except Sat., Sunday and Holidays.)
(Recruited from leading N. Y. Orchestras.)
Beethoven, Ippolitow, Ivanow, Mascagni Programs.
STRAND THEATRE, B'way & 47th St.
In addition to Regular Programme.
Prices 20c and 30c. (Incl. War Tax).

Musical Art Society
FRANK DAMROSCH.....Director
25TH SEASON CHOIR OF 75 ARTISTS
AT CARNEGIE HALL DECEMBER 18 MARCH 19
Tickets, Program and Prospectus at Office, Musical Art Society, 33 W. 42d St.

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Eve., Dec. 1, at 8:15.
SONG RECITAL.
Graveure
M'g'ment Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL, NEXT TUES. at 8:15.
KITTY Cheatham Assisted by SOLLER and her Male Symphony Orch.
Tickets 50c to $3. Boxes $15-$18 at Box Office.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
MATINEES THIS WEEK WEDNESDAY THURSDAY SATURDAY
"A Complete Triumph."—Herald.
ANN MURDOCK
"A fascinating Goldilocks."—Post.
in Ed. Childs Carpenter's Comedy Triumph.
THE THREE BEARS
"Quaint, fantastic, appealing, human, amusing."—Alan Dale
"The most amusing light comedy I have seen this season."—Louis Sherwin
BEST ORCHESTRA SEATS $2.00

LIBERTY Theatre, West 42nd St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:20.
KLAW & ERLANGER..... Managers
NO ADVANCE IN PRICES AT THIS THEATRE. BEST SEATS $2
LAST WEEK
EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY
Laurette Taylor
in J. Hartley Manners's New Play
THE Wooing of Eve
Noteworthy Cast Includes
A. E. ANSON

Beginning Dec. 2d. Seats Thursday.
MADISON COREY Presents
THE GRASS WIDOW
By Channing Pollock and Rennold Wolf.
Music by Louis A. Hirsch.
With SOME Cast: NATALIE ALT, GEO. MARION, VICTOR MORLEY, ROBERT EMMET KEANE, HAZEL LOWELL, GRETCHEN EASTMAN AND HOWARD MARSH.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES AT THIS THEATRE. BEST SEATS $2.
CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs 8:30 Mats. Wed & Sat 2:30
James K. Hackett & Mgr.
MRS FISKE
in a New Comedy
MADAME SAND
by Philip Moeller
"AN EVENING OF PURE DELIGHT"—EVE. MAIL.
Extra Mat. Thanksgiving

CENTURY Best Seats $2. Regular Prices Dress $2.
10 SHOWS AT THE PRICE OF ONE
508 Dress Circle Seats @ $2.00
824 First Balcony @ 1.00
527 2d Balc. (No War Tax) @ .50
3 MATINEES THIS WEEK Wednesday Thanksgiving Saturday REDUCED PRICES
DILLINGHAM-ZIEGFELD
"MISS 1917"
TO-NIGHT SUNDAY CONCERT
Smoking Permitted.
POPULAR PRICES 50c TO $2.00
Every Seat on Sale at Box Office.
WILLIAM ROCK and FRANCES WHITE
RAYMOND & CAVERLY
PONZILLO SISTERS
ROBERT EMMET KEANE
CLAUDIUS and SCARLET
THE ZANCIGS
OFFICER VOKES AND "DON"
THE INEBRIATED DOG
GEORGE WHITE and ANN PENNINGTON
SAVOY and BRENNAN
BRICE and KING
VIVIENNE SEGAL
VAN and SCHENCK
STEPHEN D. O'ROURKE
HARRY KELLY and "LIZZIE"
SLAYMAN'S ARABS
MARIMBA BAND

DILLINGHAM & ZIEGFELD announce the opening of their
COCOANUT GROVE
CENTURY ROOF
THURSDAY NIGHT, DEC. 6
with a new production "A NIGHT IN SPAIN"

HUDSON West 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING.
Hear the First Call to Love, Youth and Laughter
The PIPES OF PAN
By Edward Childs Carpenter
A Tonic for the Tired
with NORMAN TREVOR AND JANET BEECHER
Seats 4 Weeks in Advance.

HARRIS Evs. at 8:30 P.M. Mat. Wed.-Sat 2:30
WE PAY THE WAR TAX
SHE'S A BIRD STUFFED AND SPICED WITH A MILLION LAUGHS.
"LOSING ELOISE"
(THE NAUGHTY WIFE)
SELWYN & CO'S. SUCCESSOR TO "TWIN BEDS" and "FAIR and WARMER"
A great cast including
CHARLES CHERRY
VIOLET HEMING
LUCILE WATSON
FRANCIS BYRNE
SPECIAL MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY

GOTHAM THEATRE 45th St. & B'way
Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed & Sat 2:30
Extra Matinee Thanksgiving
The Entire Press Proclaim It
"THE MOST BRILLIANT PLAY OF THE SEASON"
COHAN & HARRIS Present
Mr. LEO DITRICHSTEIN
IN A NEW COMEDY
"The King"
By CAILLAVET, de FLERS & ARENE

TIGER ROSE
By WILLARD MACK.
Presented by DAVID BELASCO
—AT THE—
LYCEUM W. 45 St. Nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30.
Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
CAST INCLUDES:
LENORE ULRIC, WILLIAM COURTLEIGH, WILLARD MACK, THOMAS FINDLAY, PEDRO de CORDOBA, EDWIN HOLT, CALVIN THOMAS, FULLER MELLISH, ARTHUR J. WOOD, EDWARD MACK, JEAN FERRELL.

The Star: FRED STONE
The Play: Jack o' Lantern
The Theatre: Globe
You know the answer.
*3 Matinees This Week—Wednesday, Thurs. (Thanksgiving Day) & Saturday.

BEST SEATS AT THIS THEATRE, $2. NO ADVANCE ON SAT. NIGHTS.
KNICKERBOCKER Evs 8:25 Mats Wed & Sat at 2:25
EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY
Beginning TO-MORROW NIGHT at 8:25
RICHARD LAMBERT presents
CLEAN'R PAINTER
in HAROLD CHAPIN'S COMEDY
ART and OPPORTUNITY
with FRANK MILLS, GRANT STEWART, CECIL YAPP, EDWARD DOUGLAS, MARTIN HAYDN, KATHARINE STEWART
Staged by CLIFFORD BROOKE

FUNNIEST AMERICAN COMEDY OF RECENT YEARS

COHAN & HARRIS THEATRE West 42d St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. Box Office Open Daily 10 A.M. Call Bryant 6344
by HARRY JAMES SMITH

DAVID BELASCO Presents
POLLY WITH A PAST
A Comedy by George Middleton and Guy Bolton.
Cast Includes:—
Ina Claire, Cyril Scott, Anne Meredith, H. Reeves-Smith, Louise Galloway, William Sampson, Winifred Fraser, Herbert Yost, Robert Fischer, George Christie, Thomas Reynolds.
BELASCO THEATRE
West 44th St. Evs. 8:30.
THREE MATINEES THIS WEEK TUESDAY THURSDAY SATURDAY

Dear Mr. Dillingham:
Your statement that the Globe is the only theatre in town selling out is wrong. "Business Before Pleasure" at the Elting Theatre is selling out and has been selling out since Aug. 16 — two months before your show opened.
Sincerely,
A. H. WOODS.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d Street
"The House Beautiful" Klaw & Erlanger, Mgrs.
Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
PRICES NIGHT & MAT. PERFORMANCES INCL. SAT. NIGHTS, 50c to $2.
10TH JOYOUS WEEK!
THE SEASON'S CROWNING MUSICAL COMEDY TRIUMPH
Klaw & Erlanger's Superb Production
THE RIVIERA GIRL
Music by RAIMUND ZEHLER Book by ROBERT B. SMITH & GUY BOLTON
3 GALA HOLIDAY WEEK MATS. WED., THANKSGIVING & SAT.
AFTER THE ROOF Meeting Place of the World
PERFORMANCE ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

GAIETY B'way at 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed., Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:30
Klaw & Erlanger Mgrs.
13TH WEEK
ALEXANDRA CARLISLE in THE COUNTRY COUSIN
BOOTH TARKINGTON and JULIAN STREET'S GREAT COMEDY
Extra Matinee Thanksgiving Day
No Advance in Prices at this Theatre
Best Seats $2.00

FULTON W. 46th. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:20.
BROKEN THREADS
WITH CYRIL KEIGHTLEY
LAST NINE TIMES
THANKSGIVING MATINEE

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
LAST WEEK Extra Mat. Thanksgiving Day
A. H. WOODS Presents
ON WITH THE DANCE
By Michael Morton.
With an all-star cast, including:
JOHN MASON, EILEEN HUBAN, JULIA DEAN, EDWARD ABELES, WM. MORRIS, CORINNE BARKER and others.
MON. EVE., DEC. 3—Seats Thurs.
LOU TELLEGEN
(UNDER HIS OWN MANAGEMENT) in a new play, "BLIND YOUTH."

PARK 3 THEATRE, Broadway, 59th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees 2:15
3 MATINEES THIS WEEK 3
WEDNESDAY—THURSDAY (THANKSGIVING) and SAT.
THE THEATRE THAT HAS NEVER CHARGED THE WAR TAX.
TO-NIGHT AT 8:30
POP. PRICES 50c. to $1.50
THIRD VALVERDE CONCERT
FIRST APPEARANCE IN AMERICA OF
GREATEST OF ALL SPANISH DANCERS
VIOLETA and other Features from "THE LAND OF JOY"
Starting TO-MORROW at 8:15 p. m.
A new American version, by Montague Glass, of Valverde's Fantastic Review, THE LAND OF JOY, with all the fascinating Spanish dancers, singers and comedians and a new cast of American principals, including:
Julius Tannen, Edna Munsey,
Thomas Conkey, John Daly Murphy
Also Maria Marco-Antonio Bilbao
Amparo Saus. Luisita Puchol-
Doloretes-Mazantinita
and VIOLETA
Note.—THE LAND OF JOY will be played at the Park Theatre indefinitely. It will NOT be performed at any other theatre in New York.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE BROADWAY AND 47TH STREET
Mat. Daily at 2 25, 50, 75c.
2,000 CHOICE SEATS, 50c. Except Sat. and Holidays.
EVERY NIGHT 25, 50, 75c, $1, $1.50
1,000 ORCHESTRA SEATS, $1.00 EXCEPT SAT., SUN. AND HOLIDAYS.
TWO BIG CONCERTS SUNDAY, 2 & 8 P. M. | Beginning Mon. Mat.....Nov. 26th.
Engagement of the Highest Distinction and Super-Eminent Class.
Latest and Greatest Star to Join Vaudeville—
The Dean of the American Dramatic Stage.
WILLIAM H. CRANE
will make his debut in the two-a-day with a strong supporting company in "WINTER AND SPRING," a pleasant and very human comedy playlet by Thomas F. Fallon. Mr. Crane Has Been Famous for More Than Forty Years. But This Promises to Be His Happiest Week.
ATTRACTION EXTRAORDINARY | Our Greatest Native American Dancer—the Girl who showed Europe the way to Liven an Old Art.
BESSIE CLAYTON
Assisted by FAISLEY NOON in her "INTIMATE DANCE REVUE OF 1917." WITH THOSE REMARKABLE, CLEVER
MOSCONI BROTHERS
and a smart new production. This is quite the cleverest feature ever offered by Miss Clayton.
ADDED ATTRACTION—THE INCOMPARABLE
MAY WIRTH Assisted by the WIRTH Family
in their novelty scene "THE CIRCUS MODERN," as performed before the King of England and President Poincare of France.
EXTRA FEATURE. EXTRA FEATURE.
Misses LIGHTNER & ALEXANDER
EXTRA FEATURE Diamond & Brennan | EXTRA FEATURE Bennett & Richards
ADDED FEATURE.
CAITES BROS. | AL & FANNIE STEDMAN | LUCY GILLETT
ADDED ATTRACTION—Our American Star of Character Delineation in Song Who Comes From Musical Comedy Stardom and Prima Donna Roles.
ADELE ROWLAND

Aeolian Hall, To-morrow (Mon.) Evg., 8:15.
SONG RECITAL
Oscar Seagle
Tickets 50 cts. to $2, at Box Office and Office of Sec., Carnegie Hall.
Greenwich Village Thea., 4th St. & 7th Av. This Afternoon at 2.
Piano Recital (Steinway) of Modern Music.
RALPH LAWTON

AEOLIAN HALL, Tues. Aft., Nov 27, at 3.
TINA LERNER
RUSSIAN PIANISTE.
Mgt. A. Friedberg. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

Aeolian Hall, Wed. Aft., Dec. 5, at 3.

Attractions in the Theatres and Showplaces of the City This Week

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS, UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM. S. AND LEE SHUBERT, Inc.

Broadway and 50th St. Phone Circle 2330 Evenings at 8 ... **WINTER GARDEN** Matinees Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 2

MATINEE THANKSGIVING DAY

You Are — ANNUAL FALL PRODUCTION — All Of Us Are

DOING OUR BIT

It's a Habit to See New York's Greatest Show

Here are a few of the Reasons:

FRANK TINNEY, Ed Wynn, Henry Lewis, James J. Corbett, Herman Timberg, Charles Judels, Frank Carter, Ada Lewis, Sam Ash, Duncan Sisters, Chilson Ohrman, Sylvia Jason, Leah Norah, James Clemens, The Canzinos, Vera Beeken, Bud Murry, Virginia Flesinger and 150 others.

EXTRA MATINEE NATIONAL RED CROSS DAY, FRIDAY, DEC. 7.

SUNDAY CONCERT **TO-NIGHT** SUNDAY CONCERT

JOHN CHARLES THOMAS, Dorothy Dickson & Carl Hyson, Ray & Gordon Dooley, Ames & Winthrop, Bob Hall, Marion Weeks, Bowdley & Ardine, Ray Con ... BIG SURPRISE & All the Winter Garden Favorites.

44th STREET THEATRE — BAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, Proprietors. —Telephone Bryant 6— **ROOF THEATRE** NO RESTAURANT. NO SMOKING.

WED. NIGHT at 9 — FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY at 3

LEE & J.J. SHUBERT PRESENT NEW MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT

OVER THE TOP

with

T. ROY BARNES—JUSTINE JOHNSTONE

CRAIG CAMPBELL

AND A CAST OF CLEVER ENTERTAINERS

FRED. ASTAIRE	HARRY SHARROCK	VIVIAN OAKLAND
ADELE ASTAIRE	EMMA SHARROCK	DAGMAR OAKLAND
CHARLES MACK	TED LORRAINE	MARY EATON
BETTY PIERCE	MA-BELLE	PHYLLIS PRINCE
RAY CONLIN	BLY BROWN	TRIXIE SOMMERS

ROLANDA'S NEO-CLASSICAL DANCERS

AND

JOE LAURIE and ALEEN BRONSON

FIVE DOZEN JUSTINE JOHNSTONE GIRLS

In a Series of Marvellous and Wonderful Gowns.

PRICES FROM $1.00 TO $2.50 BOXES SEATING SIX $18.00

EXTRA MATINEE NATIONAL RED CROSS DAY FRIDAY DECEMBER 7th

PLYMOUTH 45TH W. of B'WAY PHONE 40 BRYANT MATS. WED. & SAT. 2:15

POSITIVE OPENING TOMORROW NIGHT AT 8:15

Last Thurs. night's tickets good to-m'r'w. Last Friday night's tickets good Tues.

EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY

THE MESSRS LEE & J. J. SHUBERT PRESENT

THE STAR GAZER

BOOK BY COSMO HAMILTON. LYRICS BY MATTHEW C. WOODWARD. MUSIC BY LEHAR

WITH

JOHN CHARLES THOMAS

JOHN T. MURRAY | CAROLYN THOMPSON

PRICES 50c to $2.00.

Extra Matinee National Red Cross Day, Friday, December 7th.

THE LECTURE SENSATION OF A GENERATION

SERGT ARTHUR GUY **EMPEY**

AUTHOR OF "OVER THE TOP"

AN AMERICAN SOLDIER WHO WENT

••MACHINE GUNNER ROYAL FUSILIERS••

WILL REPEAT HIS TWO WONDERFULLY REALISTIC

LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS OF TRENCH WARFARE

VIVID, SOUL THRILLING NARRATIVE OF LIFE ON FRONT LINE IN FRANCE

Empey Lectures as Well as He Writes or Fights

He is the most popular Author—the most successful Speaker in America today

"An audience that packed Carnegie Hall to capacity last night greeted Sergeant Arthur Guy Empey."—N. Y. Times, Oct. 15th.

"Arthur Guy Empey, author of 'Over the Top,' spoke at Carnegie Hall again last night and crowded the house. Close to 5,000 persons were in the audience before 8:30 o'clock, when his lecture and demonstration of trench warfare began, and within a few minutes the sale of seats was stopped."—N. Y. World, Nov. 5th.

"Sergeant Empey is a war lecturer de luxe."—New York Sun.

"When Sergeant Empey holds forth about the war you can hear him from a seat in Z, but you can hear his audience from away out yonder in Lake Michigan."—Chicago Tribune.

THIRD AND FOURTH LECTURES

Carnegie Hall Wed. Nov. 28 AND Thurs. (THANKSGIVING) Nov. 29 AT 8:30 P.M.

Seats, 50c. to $2.00 at Box Office.

EXCLUSIVE MANAGEMENT LEE KEEDICK, 437 FIFTH AVE., N. Y.

Grace George

and her Playhouse Company in

"L'ÉLÉVATION"

(The Heights)

By

HENRY BERNSTEIN

"It provides Miss George with a vehicle in which she rides triumphantly to the greatest heights she has ever achieved."—*Town Topics.*

PLAYHOUSE

W. 48. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY

F. Ray Comstock's **PRINCESS** Theatre, 39th near B'way. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

Wed. Mat. 50c to $1.50. Nights $2. Highest Price.

Begins THURS. Thanksgiving NIGHT 8:15

DOROTHY DONNELLY Presents

A crisp, new comedy of love and marriage.

Six Months Option

A play about women, for women, by a woman. ANCELLA ANSLEE.

SEATS ON SALE TOMORROW.

Extra Matinee National Red Cross Day, Friday, December 7th.

BIJOU 45th St. W. of B'way PHONE—BRYANT 450 Evgs. 8:15—Mats. Wed. Sat. 2:15

EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING

NORWORTH and SHANNON'S CHUMMY MUSICAL REVUE

ODDS AND ENDS

—OF 1917—

BOOK by RIDE DUDLEY and JOHN GODFREY. LYRICS and MUSIC by DUDLEY GODFREY and JAMES BYRNES.

CAST INCLUDES

HARRY WATSON, JR. LILLIAN LORRAINE JACK NORWORTH

LAURA HAMILTON	PAUL FRAWLEY
NORMA PHILLIPS	GEORGIA MARGETT
JOE HERBERT, JR.	MARJORIE FOIR
HERBERT CARLTON	JACK EDWARDS
JOSEPH MADDERN	JOHN BURCH
MAGINE BROWN	WINNIFRED DUNN

EXTRA MATINEE NATIONAL RED CROSS DAY, FRIDAY, DEC. 7TH.

Seats 8 Weeks in Advance.

WILLIAM A. BRADY'S **48th St.** THEATRE East of Broadway. Phone 116 Bryant.

Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:15

MATINEE THANKSGIVING

Pinero's Comedy Thrills."—*TIMES*

John D. Williams presents

JOHN DREW

MARGARET ILLINGTON

"Brilliant, Rapid and Dramatic."

THE GAY LORD QUEX

EXTRA MATINEE NATIONAL RED CROSS DAY, FRIDAY, DEC. 7th.

BROADHURST 44TH ST., WEST OF BROADWAY. EVENINGS 8:20. TEL. 64 BRYANT. GEORGE BROADHURST, DIRECTOR.

MATINEES TUESDAY, THANKSGIVING & SATURDAY

EVERYBODY IS TELLING EVERYBODY

NOT TO MISS

DONALD BRIAN

"HER REGIMENT"

Book and Lyrics by William Le Baron Music by Victor Herbert.

SUPPORTING COMPANY INCLUDES AUDREY MAPLE, FRANK MOULAN.

MUSIC—FUN—GIRLS—GO SEE IT!!

Extra Matinee National Red Cross Day, Fri., Dec. 7.

39th St. THEATRE. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.

THANKSGIVING MATINEE.

Alan Dale Says:

"'What's Your Husband Doing?'" GEORGE V. HOBART'S FARCE with HALE HAMILTON

Has scarcely a laughless moment. It has fun, situations, intoxication, and screaming lines. Well acted throughout."

Extra Matinee National Red Cross Day, Friday, December 7th.

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. Sat. 2:30.

Extra Mat. Thanksgiving

"A CHUCKLE, A LAUGH, AND A ROAR FROM CURTAIN TO CURTAIN."

THE VERY IDEA

By William Le Baron

Ernest TRUEX With Richard BENNETT

Extra Matinee National Red Cross Day, Friday, Dec. 7.

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44TH ST. THEATRE

MESSRS. HITCHCOCK & GOETZ.....LESSEES AND MANAGERS

PHONE BRYANT 7293—EVES., 8:15. MATINEES WED., THURS. AND SAT., 2:15.

LAST TWO WEEKS EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING

MESSRS. HITCHCOCK & R. RAY GOETZ PRESENT

HITCHY-KOO

By Glen MacDonough & E. Ray Goetz. Staged by Julian Mitchell & Leon Errol.

THE CAST INCLUDES

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK

ROCK AND WHITE

LEON ERROL IRENE BORDONI

AMES & WINTHROP, JOSEPHINE WHITTELL, GEORGE MOORE

LONGACRE THEATRE, West 48th St. Tel. BRYANT 93.

EVS. 8:15 MATINEES WED & SAT. 2:15.

EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY

LEAVE IT TO JANE

SMARTEST AND GAYEST MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS OF THE SEASON

"In all probability will equal the popularity record now being established by 'Oh, Boy!' Several kinds of a hit. A deserved success."—*Burns Mantle, Eve. Mail*

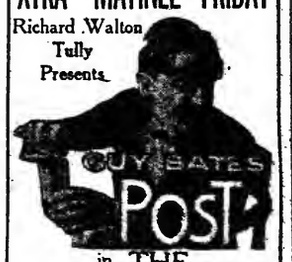
Book and Lyrics by Guy Bolton and P. G. Wodehouse. Music by Jerome Kern. Authors of "Oh, Boy!"

BOOTH Theatre, 45th, West of B'way. Phone 6100 Bryant. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.

4TH BIG MONTH

XTRA MATINEE FRIDAY

Richard Walton Tully Presents



GUY BATES POST

in

THE MASQUERADER

A Play by John Hunter Booth. Founded on the Novel by Katherine Cecil Thurston.

EXTRA MATINEE NATIONAL RED CROSS DAY, FRIDAY, DEC. 7TH.

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Phone 3846 Greeley. Evs. 8:15 Mats. 2:15.

2ND YEAR

"OH BOY"

"SMARTEST OF MUSICAL COMEDIES." EVE. SUN.

Prices 50-75-$1.00-$1.50-$2.00

Popular Price Mat. Wed. Reg. Mat. Sat.

EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING

Extra Matinee National Red Cross Day, Fri., Dec. 7th

COMEDY THEATRE, W. 41 ST. NEAR BROADWAY

EVGS. 8:15. MATS. THANKSGIVING & SAT. 2:30

WASH. SQ. PLAYERS

LAST 8 TIMES

THE GRIPPING SUBMARINE DRAMA

"IN THE ZONE"

AND THREE OTHER PLAYS

STARTING MONDAY, DEC. 3 — A COMPLETE CHANGE OF BILL—FOUR NEW PLAYS

ONE ACT

Extra Matinee National Red Cross Day, Friday, Dec. 7.

MOROSCO HAS THE HIT

45th St. W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 280

Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (POP.) Sat. 2:20

Extra Mat. THANKSGIVING DAY

3rd Month of the Season's ONE REAL Sensational Success!

Oliver Morosco's Comedy Triumph

L'OMBARDI LTD.

by Frederic & Fanny Hatton

with LEO CARRILLO

and a Typical Morosco Cast

SEATS 10 WEEKS AHEAD

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE 39th, East of B'way.

Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING

MARJORIE RAMBEAU

"It gave one that delightful impression of make-believe that is the theatre's peculiar charm."—*Dr. Frank Crane in The Globe.*

EYES OF YOUTH

By Max Marcin and Chas. Guernon.

EXTRA MATINEE NATIONAL RED CROSS DAY, FRIDAY, DEC. 7TH.

CORT 48TH ST. E. OF B'WAY. Phone 811 BRYANT. Evgs. at 8:30. MATS. WEDNESDAY & SAT. 2:30

EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY

LAST WEEK

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN PRESENTS

"De Luxe Annie"

with JANE GREY

A Mystery Drama ... Edward Clark from the short story in The Saturday Evening Post by SCAMMON LOCKWOOD

LOEW'S 7th AVE. 7th Ave. at 124th St.

Nights 25c to $1. Mats. Tues. and Thurs. 25c & 50c. Mat. Sat. 25c to $1.

WEEK BEGINNING TO-MORROW NIGHT

SAM LEWIS & CO. Present

DAYBREAK

By Jesse Crawl and Jane Murfin.

with BLANCHE YURKA and Superb Cast.

Week Dec. 3d. "FURS & FRILLS." Week Dec. 10th—"Upstairs and Down." Week Dec. 17th—Return Engagement. "THE MAN WHO CAME BACK."

STANDARD Evgs. 8:20 to 50c. Mats. Tues. & Thurs. 25c & 50c. Sat. Mat. 25c to $1.

WEEK BEGINNING TO-MORROW NIGHT at 8:20

HENRY W. SAVAGE OFFERS

THE ELABORATE MUSICAL SPECTACLE

EVERYWOMAN

THE WONDER PLAY THAT HAS EVERYTHING. BY WALTER ANTHONY. 250 PEOPLE IN CAST. SPECIAL ORCHESTRA. SPECIAL SCENERY. SPECTACULAR.

Week Dec. 3rd—TREASURE ISLAND.

THE DREAM OF THE ORIENT

The romance and the mystery of the East have ever intoxicated and thrilled; the East of echoing silver bells, of beautiful women with faces hidden behind perfumed veils; of riches undreamed and jewels rare; of silks and satins and spices and Grecian wines; of bazaars laden with cloth of gold; of camels bending their knees to unload the burdens from Cathay and Ninevah and Egypt; these and all the wonders of beautiful Bagdad, the jewel of Persia of a thousand years ago, are reincarnated again in the superb and bewildering musical tale of the East, William Elliott, F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest's magnificent, gorgeous and glittering production of

CHU CHIN CHOW

With Its Great Company of 300

(Now in Its Second Year in London) and PLAYING TO CAPACITY AT EVERY PERFORMANCE IN THE GREAT

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE West 34th St.

3 MATINEES THIS WEEK: WEDNESDAY, THANKSGIVING & SATURDAY

SEATS NOW SELLING FOR ALL PERFORMANCES 4 WEEKS IN ADVANCE (Including Christmas Matinee and Night, New Year's Eve., also New Year's Matinee and Night).

PRICES, 25c., 50c., 75c., $1., $1.50 and $2. Boxes and Sat. Matinee, Reserve Matinee every Wednesday, $3 to $5.

Always 300 Orchestra Seats at $1.50 (except Thanksgiving & Sat. Eve.); Send 2c cents in stamps to Manager Chu Chin Chow, Manhattan Opera House, New York, for illustrated souvenir book and story of the play—a wonderful romance that every child should read and see and will surely love.

MAIL ORDERS WITH PROPER REMITTANCE ACCEPTED.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th & 8th Ave.

TONIGHT

Monster Benefit and Rally

AMELIA BINGHAM, Chairman

WITH THE GREATEST ARRAY OF STARS EVER ASSEMBLED.

(Names alphabetically arranged.)

MACLYN ARBUCKLE
ELISABETH BRICE & CHARLES KING
EDDIE CANTOR
FRANK CARTER
IRENE CASTLE
BENJAMIN CHAPIN
GEORGE M. COHAN
BESSIE McCOY DAVIS
MR. & MRS. SIDNEY DREW
GUS EDWARDS & COMPANY
JULIAN ELTINGE
JAMES MONTGOMERY FLAGG
EDNA WALLACE HOPPER
HARRY HOUDINI
GRACE LARUE
BURR McINTOSH
FLORENCE PARKER
VIRGINIA PEARSON
FLORENCE REED
WM. ROCK & FRANCES WHITE
FRANCES STARR
ED WYNN
AND 50 OTHERS

and

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK
Master of Ceremonies

Auspices MINUTE MEN OF AMERICA

All Tickets at Box Office Prices

COLUMBIA

BROADWAY AND 47TH ST.

"The home of burlesque de luxe."—N. Y. Times.

Entire Change of Show Every Week.

Ladies and Children Love These Clean, Lively, Beautifully Presented Burlesques! Come Any Afternoon or Night and Hear How They Laugh and Applaud! It's a Positive Treat.

2 BIG CONCERTS TODAY at 2:15. 25c to 50c at 8:15. 25, 50, 75c, $1. Commencing TOMORROW AFTERNOON

THE **BOSTONIANS**

with FRANK FINNEY.

A Great Big, New, Intensely Amusing, Enjoyable Performance. COMEDIANS, SINGERS, DANCERS, SPECIALISTS and a Chorus of Stunning Girls. Moderate Prices. Seats Two Weeks in Advance. Smoking Permitted.

Week of Dec. 3 Billy Watson and His Beef Trust

Opera CHOICE SEATS FOR ALL OPERAS. SUBSCRIPTIONS Bought, Sold, Exchanged.

Broadway Theatre Ticket Co., 218 W. 42d St. (Phone 6896 Bryant) Miss F. Buchanan, Mgr. Op. Dept.

Opera SEATS FOR ALL OPERAS. Subscriptions bought, sold and exchanged. JACOBS, Theatre Ticket Office, Nhrmanlie Hotel B'way, 28 St. Phone 4189-4189-4190-6442 Greeley.

ICELAND ICE SKATING

B'way at 52nd St. Morn.—Aft.—Eve.

MOTION PICTURES.

BROADWAY Theatre at 41 & B'way

THE HOME OF BLUE BIRD AND JEWELL MOTION PICTURE PRODUCTIONS.

—COMMENCING TODAY—

Franklyn Farnum in "The Scarlet Car" by Richard Harding Davis and Louise Lovely in "The Wolf and His Mate"

BROADWAY SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

SCENICS . . . . . COMEDY

2 BIG FEATURES AT ONE PRICE OF ADMISSION

NEWMAN TRAVELTALKS

CARNEGIE HALL 57th St. and 7th Ave.

TONIGHT AT 8:30 also TOMORROW AT 3

Our PACIFIC COAST

The Re-Discovery

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE Benefit Amer. Fund French Wounded 4th St. and 7th Ave.

SUN. AFT., DEC. 2.

STRAND B'WAY AT 47th.

MASONAL DIRECTION HAROLD EDEL

Goldwyn Pictures presents

Madge **KENNEDY**

in Nearly Married

by Edgar Selwyn

DUET Rosa Lind Soprano Yon Colignon Baritone

STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

Afternoon Concerts Daily at 2:25 Except Saturdays, Sundays & Holidays

Scenic Study in Color

Dillon's Zoological Review

Helen Schaider Cellist

Beethoven, Appolitan, Hungarian, Mexican, Jap.

EXTRA ADDED ATTRACTION With U.S. & ALLIED FLEETS in RIO DE JANEIRO

ALWAYS WORTH WHILE

RIALTO

TEMPLE OF THE MOTION PICTURE

B'WAY AT 42 ST.

DIRECTION OF S. L. ROTHAFEL.

COMMENCING TO-DAY, Thomas H. Ince Presents in "THE SILENT MAN."

William S. Hart

An Artcraft Picture.

GREEK EVANS, Baritone, in a New Patriotic Musical Episode

A Robert C. Bruce Scenic Feature.	Rialto Animated Magazine	Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Drew in "As Others See Us."
A. Giannone & S. Miller,	Rielle Dorree & Yvonne Robert,	

Opening Performance Tuesday, Nov. 27, 8:30

THEATRE DU VIEUX COLOMBIER

65 W. 35th St. Greeley 1522

DIRECTEUR GENERAL: JACQUES COPEAU

L'Impromptu du Vieux Colombier

Les Fourberies de Scapin

Ceremonie du Couronnement de Moliere

Assisted by La Societe des Instruments Anciens de Casadesus.

MOTION PICTURES. | MOTION PICTURES.

Last Triumphant Week Mat. Daily

The Devil surely was her sire,
For in her veins ran liquid fire.

WILLIAM FOX Presents Theda Bara

in the STUPENDOUS SUPER-VAMPIRE PHOTO-SPECTACLE

CLEOPATRA

TODAY Mat. at 3. Night 8:30. 25c to $1. All Res'd.

Do Not Let Cruel Fortune Cheat You of This Final Opportunity to View Superb Splendors, Opulent Wonders, Congregated Marvels That Have Staggered and Stunned the Imaginations of All Beholders.

EXQUISITE AND CAPTIVATING MUSICAL ACCOMPANIMENT

LYRIC THEATRE WEST 42ND STREET

EVERY NIGHT, 25c to $1.00 POP. DAILY MAT., 25c & 50c

OPENING MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 3.

WILLIAM FOX Presents

WILLIAM FARNUM in **"Les Miserables"**

A Surpassing Picturization of Victor Hugo's Greatest Epic and Dramatic Work of Fiction Ever Conceived.

Cheer Up! AT THE HIPPODROME

Management CHARLES DILLINGHAM

WHERE THE HOLIDAY SPIRIT ALWAYS PREVAILS

Hear The Chorus of 300 Sing "Queen of the Nile"— Matinee Daily

WORLD'S BIGGEST —SHOW— LOWEST PRICES

Staged by R.H. Burnside

HIPPODROME—SPECIAL

TO-NIGHT At 8:15 POPULAR PRICES

AN ARRAY OF STARS MONEY COULD NOT BUY

Entire Proceeds for the National Emergency Relief Fund for a Manhattan Home for Army and Navy.

Mme. EVA GAUTHIER ✻ ELSIE JANIS
LOUIS MANN ✻ JOAN SAWYER
LEO CARILLO ✻ LINA ABARBANELL
NAT M. WILLS ✻ ETHEL HOPKINS
HARRY FOX ✻ RAVOY & BRENNAN
FAY FOSTER ✻ JOHN O'MALLEY
✻ VAN and SCHENCK ✻
EDYTH JEANNE ✻ LONEY HASKELL
DAVE MILLER ✻ LITTLE BILLY
MARY BRUCE BROWN ✻ KURTIS
✻ HELEN GREENLEAF PATTERSON
LAURA HAMILTON & JACK EDWARDS
WILLIAM FULLERTON ✻ CARRIE REYNOLDS ✻ COLUMBIA FIFE CORPS
DOROTHY ARTHUR & JACK SQUIRES
HARRY C. BROWNE ✻ FRANK TINNEY
✻ ARCHIE SMITH & LILLIAN MARK
MOULIN ROUGE DUO ✻ FREDERIC MARTIN
HESS & BENNETT ✻ DIXIE O'NEILL
LEOLA LUCEY AND ADA FORDMAN
CAPT. BOYCE'S ARMY TIGERS
✻ AND ✻
JACK NORWORTH, Master of Ceremonies.

W. A. BRADY WILL PRESENT THE MOST TALKED OF PLAY IN THE WORLD

"THE MAN WHO CAME BACK"

with HENRY HULL

WEEK MONDAY, NOV. 26TH. MATINEE THANKSGIVING DAY. AT THE

BRONX OPERA HOUSE 149TH ST EAST OF 3D AVE. PHONE MELROSE 3230

NIGHTS 25 TO 1.00

MATS WED. & SAT. 25 & 35 & 50

F. F. PROCTOR'S

BIG VAUDEVILLE CONCERTS.

125th St. Park & Lex. Av.	Eva Fay, Pilcer & Douglas, Oscar Loraine, Race & Edge, 4 Lukens, Brown & Jackson, Bell & Lottie, Walton, others. Cont. 1 to 11.
58th St. At 3d Av.	Anita Diaz's Monkeys, Levitation, Syphonic Quintette, Syms & Smith, Ward, Wilson & Janeer, Heath & Lavelle, others. Cont. 1 to 11.
23d St. Near 6th Av.	TEN GREAT FEATURES VAUDEVILLE & PHOTO PLAYS All New Every Mon. & Thurs. Prices 5c, 10c, 15c.
5th Ave. B'way & 28th.	Emmett Corrigan, O'Neil & Walmsley, Wm. & Margaret Cutty, Maurice Freeman & Co., Green, Nichols & Rose, Henry & Dean, Frank Dobson, others.

MOTION PICTURES.

81ST ST. THEATRE BROADWAY & 81ST ST. PHONE SCHUYLER 3960.

TO REDUCE THE COST OF AMUSEMENT

We shall inaugurate Beg. Tomorrow The LOW PRICES: Following

MATINEES MONDAYS TO FRIDAYS (Except Holidays) BEST SEATS 15c—20c

SATURDAYS & SUNDAYS BEST SEATS 20c—30c

EVENINGS MONDAYS TO FRIDAYS (Except Holidays)

500 Orchestra Seats 30c

GOOD Balcony Seats 20c

ALL PRICES INCLUDE WAR TAX

MONDAY, TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY An Amazing, Startling Picture "THE PRICE OF A GOOD TIME"

Hotels and Restaurants

ALLONS!!

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The World's Sensational Skating Champions
IN THE NEW

Winter Real-Ice Show AT THE Golden Glades

Society's "Pique Nique"

THAT KIP-ZIPPY DINNER SHOW at 7:15.
THAT SNAPPY MIDNIGHT PARADE at 11:30.

And Interspersed with the Skating the Musical Comedy
"ON THE CARPET"
with HELEN HARDICK
And the Brilliant
"WHITE HUZZARS"

Tonight
ELSIE and PAULSEN
in the
APACHE DANCE
on Skates.

Dancing
Balconades
Ballroom
8 P. M.

Afternoon Teas with Dancing
Main Restaurant
3 to 6 Daily.

Thomas Healy's
Broadway & 66th St. N.Y.

RESERVE TABLES FOR TONIGHT AND THANKSGIVING—Phone Col. 9900

Because of the capacity audiences promised for the Dinner and Midnight Shows in the Golden Glades Thanksgiving Day, and to accommodate his numerous patrons and those who desire to entertain the American soldiers on pass for the holiday, Mr. Healy announces a
THANKSGIVING DAY MILITARY MATINEE at Two o'Clock
COMBINED WITH A "May-November Farm" Turkey Dinner Without Couvert Charge—$2.50
The Winter Ice Show and the musical comedy, "On the Carpet" will be given complete, just as at the Dinner and Midnight performances. Reserve Tables Now.

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455 COLUMBUS AVENUE, Corner
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FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT, moderate prices, à la carte, also club breakfasts, 22 to 50 cts. A $5 coupon book sold for $4.50. Ladies' orchestra.
50 SINGLE ROOMS, with private connecting bathrooms, $1 per day.
LARGE ROOMS, with private connecting bathrooms, some with parlor, for 2 persons, $1 per day each person.
200 ROOMS and suites, all with private connecting bathrooms.
Electric cars pass the house for all L. R. stations, theatres, dry goods stores and steamboat landings.
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TEMPERANCE house, no liquors sold on premises, no billiard or pool room.
THE BASIS of all our rates is one dollar per day for each person, with private connecting bathroom. Children under 5 free; over 5 and under 12 years of age, 50c., when occupying same suite or room with adults. Guests remaining seven days or more—every seventh day free.
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Ample a La Carte Portions cooked to your order — 1.25 — An Exceptional Dinner with Elaborate Entertainment.

JIM-JAM REVUE with MARION WEEKS.
Staged by Edward P. Bower. A Gorgeously Costumed Entertainment
TWICE NIGHTLY, AT 7:30 AND 11:00

GENUINE OLD FASHIONED Beefsteak Dinner $1.50
Afternoon Tea Dances 4-6
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(Mrs. Earle Fox) with Original Dixieland "Jazz" Band

Atop of Reisenweber's
JOAN SAWYER
Nightly, beginning at 9
Joan Sawyer in Special Dances
MISS ALICE KING, HOSTESS.

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Best Location and Values in New York
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A NEW FEATURE
EVENINGS AFTER NINE O'CLOCK
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Quick transit to men in lower Manhattan.

Lower prices for rooms and suites and restaurant tariff than other high class hotels. (European and American Plans.)

Highest point of land affording a delightful view of New York harbor from most windows.

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Just off Fifth Avenue, on one of the city's quietest streets, and within five minute's walk of 40 theatres and all the principal shops.
Newly Decorated and Completely Refurnished.
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Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished.
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SPECIAL—Parlor, bedroom and bath, with meals for two, $40 week and up.
Entire building now being renovated and refurnished.
C. E. McGINN, Manager.
36 Gramercy Park, South, adjoining Friends Meeting House.

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One block from "L" & Subway Sta
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A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES. Dining room on twelfth floor. Overlooking the Palisades. Excellent cuisine. Perfect service.
Breakfast, 50c; Lunch, 60c; Dinner, $1.
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A LUXURIOUS *Residential* HOTEL, affording the exclusiveness of a private residence. Opposite the *Metropolitan Club* and the *Fifth Avenue Entrance* to Central Park.
Apartments, single or en suite, for any desired period.
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Furnished Apartments by the year or season.
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1 Studio Suite $35.00 per week.
2 & 3 room suites from $21 to $30 per week. A few single rooms with private bath at $12 per week. Newly furnished. Ownership Management.

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Rooms with private bath, $2 upward. Suites with private bath, $3 upward. Refined, exclusive hotel, in the heart of the shopping and theatrical district.

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Room with use of bath, $1.50 up.
Room with bath, $2 and up.
Excellent restaurant, reasonable prices. Good Music. Dancing. Cabaret.

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Apartments 2 and 3 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, permanent or transient guests.

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Convenient to 72nd Elevated and Subway. Two blocks from 72nd St. Bus Line.
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OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK
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Room and Bath for two persons, $40 to $50 Per Week.
Sitting Room, Bedroom and Bath, two persons, $50 to $60 Per Week; three persons, $65 to $75 Per Week.
T. Elliott Tolson.

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2 Room Suite, including meals for 2 persons, $35 weekly. Also rooms and suites without meals.
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THE DISLOYAL TEACHER PROBLEM

Wholesale Investigation Not to be Made, But Individual Cases as Reported Will Be Closely Examined.

IN this inquiry regarding "sedition" in New York public schools a problem—recognized as one of the most delicate and difficult the Board of Education has had to face—has been looked into from several sides.

William G. Willcox, President of the Board of Education, says two things should be done:

First, anti-patriotic teachers must be dismissed from the public schools, investigation of the most careful kind must precede action; no teacher must be treated unfairly.

Second, no teacher must be allowed cause to feel that freedom of personal opinion, freedom of speech, is being unduly or improperly interfered with, or that the authorities are jumping at unproved accusations of disloyalty.

The suspension of three teachers from the De Witt Clinton High School and their summons to a hearing on the charge of "holding views which undermine good citizenship," together with the transfer of six other teachers and the beginning of a city-wide investigation under the Board of Superintendents, was not the first action to be taken against sedition in the public schools, nor were these the first rumors of disloyalty, and early in November Mr. Willcox enlisted the Teachers' Council as a committee of the whole to investigate and work against disloyalty among public school teachers. In his attitude toward the whole situation President Willcox makes it clear that he is most anxious for the authorities to avoid even the appearance of injustice, but also he is immovably firm in his determination that disloyal men and women should not be allowed to teach in the schools of New York.

"The matter is difficult and delicate," Mr. Willcox said after the situation in the De Witt Clinton High School had come to a head some days ago. "Beyond question we must be careful not to give any teacher the ground for belief that we are interfering with individual opinions. That is not the question involved. The question is whether a teacher is or is not qualified to teach. The right to free thought and to free speech must not be interfered with improperly or unduly. We are not considering the individual's opinions, or even his individual loyalty, but the effect upon the children, and the qualifications for teaching. And when we act we must make sure what the condition is. That is the right and the duty of the Board of Education.

"To teach in the public schools, men and women must be qualified to teach what the American people want taught. There are many things more important than academic subjects. A teacher who has an immoral influence upon the pupils, for instance, must go, no matter how good an academic teacher he or she may be. And in a time like the present especially it becomes a necessity not only to guard against disloyalty, but to insist that no teachers who are merely passive or neutral in ideals of patriotism and the obligations of citizenship are meeting the requirements essential for teachers in our public schools.

"For today the most essential requirement for teachers is a positive, aggressive, enthusiastic patriotism, a patriotism which promotes the pupils' respect for lawful authority and a true conception of the obligations of loyal allegiance and patriotic service to the American Government. It is my personal opinion that teachers who are not meeting that requirement should be dismissed."

Mr. Willcox is not in favor of a wholesale investigation of the loyalty of every teacher in the public schools. He does not consider that necessary. Most of the teachers, he says, are unquestionably loyal. Those who are not make it quickly evident, or arouse suspicion.

"Wherever reports come in that indicate a disloyal or un-American attitude on the part of any teacher," Mr. Willcox continued, "investigation must be made fully and without delay. If ground for it appears, the teacher must be summoned to a definite hearing. But as a matter of fact, I have personally no doubt that in most cases the reports will be found to be unfounded, and that the cases that come up for hearings will be comparatively few. I have no idea of a wholesale investigation of the teaching staff. But I have asked the Teachers' Council to look out very carefully for any evidence of disloyalty, and they agree that no suggestion could be more vital and important than this."

In talking to the Teachers' Council, a body of forty-five members which represents the whole teaching force, Mr. Willcox went into detail in the consideration of the present danger that threatens the schools.

"In this great national crisis the teachers of our public schools, as leaders of thought and centres of influence, face at once a grave responsibility and a splendid opportunity," he said. "The first great need is to unify and organize the American people. For military purposes an unorganized democracy is as helpless as an unorganized mob. To create an effective instrument for winning the war, Americans must submit to Government organization with autocratic authority supported by loyal and unquestioning confidence and allegiance. This is a new experience for democracy. In years of unbroken peace we have indulged and encouraged individual freedom of thought, speech, and action, with little consideration of the effect on the general welfare. The time has now come when the rights and privileges of the individual must be subordinated to the interests of the nation, when every word or act must be judged by its influence or effect upon the one supreme object of winning the war.

"I believe that loyalty and patriotism actuate the great majority of public school teachers, but I am concerned by other reports of a quite different spirit. Many of you must have heard, as I have, reports regarding individual teachers which indicate a deplorable unfitness to inculcate in their pupils high ideals of patriotic American citizenship. Masquerading under the guise of socialism or of individual liberty of thought and speech, we find intimations of actual anarchy, of utter failure to recognize and appreciate the obligation of loyal support and obedience to lawfully constituted government as the first duty of citizenship.

"I make no charges against any member of the teaching staff. I fully realise the danger of judgment based upon false or exaggerated rumors. There is much loose talk about socialism and pacifism as if they were synonymous with disloyalty. Socialism is not disloyalty, it is a scheme of government which has much to commend it in theory however disappointing it may be in practical application; pacifism is not disloyalty unless it expresses itself in disloyal speech or action. Freedom of thought and speech limited only by the rights of others is the inherent right of every citizen. But loyal support of the American Government in thought and word and act is the very cornerstone of American democracy.

"The situation presents such a serious problem that I have determined to ask the advice and help of the Teachers' Council in dealing with it. If there is no basis for the charge of disloyalty the teaching staff should be cleared of any such suspicion. If there is any foundation for the charge the self-respect and professional pride of the teaching staff should assert themselves in unanimous and vigorous protest and bring to the bar of public opinion every disloyal teacher in the system."

Not all the officials of the city school system are so optimistic as Mr. Willcox in his belief that the evil of disloyalty is not, comparatively, widespread. At the meeting of the Board of Education on Nov. 13, at which the three High School teachers were suspended and six others transferred, Arthur S. Somers, a member of the Board, declared that the city schools were "hotbeds of sedition." Dr. John L. Tildsley, Associate City Superintendent and Chairman of the High Schools Committee, on whose charges the suspensions and transfers were made, said later that further investigation of the twenty-four high schools had revealed a condition of actual menace.

Dr. Tildsley has asked the Principals of all the city high schools to submit the names of all teachers suspected of holding un-American views. About 2,500 teachers are employed in the twenty-four high schools. There are about 20,000 teachers under the city public school system.

Meanwhile, the action of the Board of Education and the Department of Superintendents is not proceeding without opposition. Thomas W. Churchill, former President of the Board of Education, voted against the transfer of teachers from the De Witt Clinton High School, although he voted for the suspension of the three against whom more specific charges were made. His vote against the transfer was the only dissenting vote cast. He said later that he was opposed to such action because it was a vague punishment, without formal accusation or charges, and added that accusations and evidence in such matters should be definite and public.

Within the teaching force itself the opposition to the action of the Board of Education has been to a great extent carried on by the Teachers' Union, an organization of about 700 members, of which Henry Linville of Jamaica is President. But it is worthy of note that officers of the Federation of Teachers' Association have repudiated the "union" as not representing the great loyal teaching body. In a statement to THE TIMES on the subject of the "sedition" charges Dr. Linville went back to the friction between teachers and authorities over the increase in the length of the school day and the "high school strikes" of the Autumn. There was, he continued, a general condition of unrest in the De Witt Clinton High School long ago, before the United States went into the war at all, and asserted that it had nothing to do with the matter of loyalty. In explanation of his attitude and that of the Teachers' Union in the present situation, however, he continued:

"A correct interpretation of the situation as it has developed on account of the very serious charges preferred by Superintendent Tildsley and accepted by the Board of Education involves two lines of consideration, one with the attitude of the educational authorities toward freedom of thought among teachers, the other with the significance of 'disloyalty' toward the educational authorities.

"Whether we call it the arrogance of Prussianism, or merely dumb stupidity, the mob spirit has been turned loose on nine teachers of excellent standing, and the community has been led to believe through innuendoes, loose accusations, and unscientific and improper investigations, that the nine teachers are virtually traitors to the nation. Whatever the evidence may be that to the minds of the school authorities indicates that some teachers are not 100 per cent. American, the public is kept in the dark about the nature of anything convincing, while the conclusion is allowed to besmirch the reputations of hitherto blameless servants of the city."

Dr. Linville said that public statements made at the time of the teachers' suspension had not shown radical utterances in the classroom, or made it plain that the teachers held "specific radical notions," and went on:

"Granted that they do, which is not improbable, if flesh and blood teachers are to come from the real democratic world, the commendable practice of Dr. Tildsley himself when he was Principal of the De Witt Clinton High School was to permit the discussion of radical ideas in the class rooms, even of socialism itself, his only provision being that there should be an opportunity for both sides to be presented."

The second of the "two lines of consideration" which Dr. Linville regards as necessary to a correct interpretation of the "critical situation in the educational system" is the whole system on which the city schools are organized. As head of the Teachers' Union, which is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, Dr. Linville joins present opposition to the action of the Board of Education, in the matter of national loyalty, with other and more general opposition to methods of administration in the schools.

The Federation of Teachers' Associations is planning a loyalty mass meeting, to demonstrate the position of the great majority of teachers. As for teachers whose loyalty is "qualified," John W. Rafferty, President of the Federation, says they must be put out of the school.

Rich Indian Picks Hearse Automobile

THE Osage Indians look upon Wah-pah-sha-sah as a mighty man, for he has become the richest member of the tribe, more than a millionaire. With Machet-seh, Chief of the Osages, he lives near Bartlesville, Okla., in a house, having discarded tent life for good. The land which Wah-pah-sha-sah received from the Government, when the Osage tract was divided up individually, proved valuable in oil. Company after company offered the Indian large prices for the land, but he refused all offers until last Summer a Chicago concern succeeded in leasing it for $1,000,000, for a term of ten years. After receiving the money, Wah-pah-sha-sah went to Kansas to deposit it. While there, the Indian millionaire visited an automobile manufactory to purchase a car, to be the finest, he said, that money could buy.

After looking over many cars, Wah-pah-sha-sah would always turn again to a large automobile hearse. He seemed to like that better than any of the other cars; it was different from those his Bartlesville neighbors used; it had fine curtains on the sides; it had ample squatting room; it, too, cost more than the others. All these were inducements to buy, for no Indian in all Oklahoma loves his squaw and children more than does Wah-pah-sha-sah.

When others in the party shook their heads, Wah-pah-sha-sah simply repeated that he knew what he wanted, what would be comfortable for his family, and so paid for the hearse automobile. He hired a chauffeur to remain with him for a week to teach him the mysteries of running a car. The following day Wah-pah-sha-sah, his squaw, son and daughter and Chief Machet-seh, whom he had invited, entered the hearse car and squatted themselves in it, all looking very important. The happy father took his place at the chauffeur's side in order to take his first lesson in running the car.

It is needless to say that the strange occupants attracted attention wherever they appeared. At first Wah-pah-sha-sah enjoyed it, thinking that everybody gazed upon them on account of his new and expensive car. But each succeeding day, when the crowds became denser and the laughter louder, it began to dawn upon him that something was wrong. On the third day it was almost an impossibility for the chauffeur to push his way through the mass of curious spectators—many had come from neighboring towns.

Finally, Wah-pah-sha-sah was convinced that what people told him was true—that the car with the comfortable squatting facilities was intended only for the dead. He does not yet quite understand why, but has become resigned. Now almost any day he and the members of his family may be seen going about Bartlesville in a handsome touring car.

Food Conservation.

"Did you ever think that food conservation existed in Mother Goose's day?" a caller asked us yesterday.

We hadn't thought of it.

"Yes," said he. "You know the rhyme about the bag of pudding the Queen made and stuffed with plums and how

The King and Queen did eat thereof
And noblemen beside;
And what they did not eat that night
The Queen next morning fried.

"No waste there," concluded our caller.—Portland Press.

NOVEMBER ISSUE

Current History Magazine

[Published by The New York Times.]

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Our Great Challenge Furniture Sale is your chance to start housekeeping. Whether you intend furnishing a single room or an entire house with the good, modest kind of furniture or the most elaborate Period Styles, you are sure to save from 25% to 33%. If you desire credit we will make terms especially easy for you. Convince yourself by comparison that whether you buy for cash or on credit

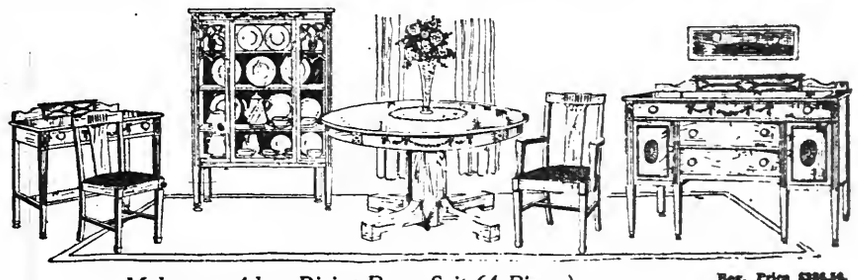
OUR PRICES ARE ALWAYS THE LOWEST

Accounts Opened From $5 to $5,000 On Small Weekly or Monthly Payments.

Genuine Oak Adam Dining Room Suit (4 Pieces)
(Sold Separately If Desired.)
BUFFET—Reg. Price $50.....$39.27
CHINA CLOSET—Reg. Price $47.50.....36.34
EXTENSION TABLE—Reg. Price $42.....29.65
SERVING TABLE—Reg. Price $25.50.....19.46
Golden finish. Handsomely made and finished.
Reg. Price $165. 124.74 Cash or Credit.

Open an Account With Our 3-Room Outfit of High Grade Period Furniture $350 Pay for it $4.50 Weekly

American Walnut Colonial Bedroom Suit (4 Pieces)
(Sold Separately If Desired.)
DRESSER—Reg. Price $69.....$49.63
CHIFFONIER—Reg. Price $52.75.....43.87
BED—Reg. Price $52.....42.49
TOILET TABLE—Reg. Price $43.25.....$1.95
An exceptionally handsome suit and a wonderful bargain at this sale price.
Reg. Price $218. 167.94 Cash or Credit.



Mahogany Adam Dining Room Suit (4 Pieces)
(Sold Separately If Desired.)
BUFFET—Reg. Price $95.....$79.89
CHINA CLOSET—Reg. Price $79.....61.68
EXTENSION TABLE—Reg. Price $75.....58.54
SERVING TABLE—Reg. Price $38.50.....29.36
The chairs have genuine leather seats and are sold separately at $8.24 each for the side chairs, and $10.94 for the arm chair.
Reg. Price $304.50. 229.74 Cash or Credit.

Our 4-Room Outfit High Grade Period Furniture $450 Pay for it $6.00 Weekly

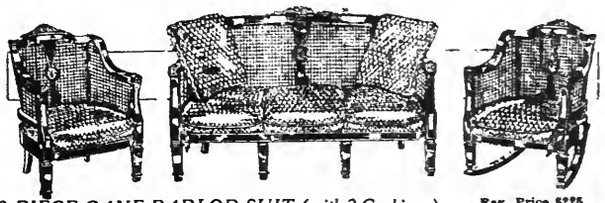
Floor Lamp Reg. Price $11. 8.98 Cash or Credit. Mahogany finish. Beautiful shade.

Open an Account With Our 3-Room Outfit of High Grade Period Furniture $250 Pay for it $3 Weekly

Closed Thursday, Nov. 29th, Thanksgiving Day

Sale of High Grade Wood Beds

Reg. Price $25. 19.89 Cash or Credit. Mahogany finish. Highly polished.



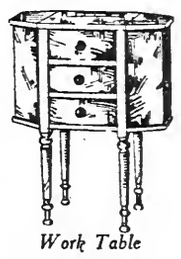
3 PIECE CANE PARLOR SUIT (with 2 Cushions)
Mahogany finish frame, closely woven cane panels. Seats and cushions covered in velour.
Reg. Price $225. 187.50 Cash or Credit.

Sale of Brass Beds
Reg. Price $25. 19.94 Cash or Credit.

Heavy posts; best lacquer.

Genuine Spanish Leather Chair
Regular Price $40. 32.49 Cash or Credit.
Mahogany finish frame, covered in genuine leather.

SALE OF *Sewing Machines*
10 Year Guarantee.
Reg. Price $32. 24.95 Cash or Credit.
Made for us by the New Home Sewing Machine Co. Drop head model, automatic bobbin winder. Others at $19.95, $34.95, $44.95, and up to $58.95.



Work Table
Reg. Price $16. 11.74 Cash or Credit.
Mahogany finish, well made.

Sale of Baby Carriages
Reg. Price $28. 20.95 Cash or Credit.
Sanitary lining. Others at $25.85, $29.98 and up to $65.

Tapestry Rocker
Reg. Price $30. 24.74 Cash or Credit.
Mahogany finish frame. Covered in fine tapestry.

Victrolas and Grafonolas from $20 to $380

This Victor Victrola No. X $85

Pay for it $5 on delivery and the balance $1 a week. You may buy $15 worth of records with this machine at the regular cash prices without increasing these terms.

Our Liberal Credit Means:—*You can open an account with a single advertised article or an entire outfit by making a small deposit down and the balance in weekly or monthly payments.*

Open an Account or include in your Outfit your purchase of Rugs, Linoleums, Carpets, Curtains, Portieres, Linens, etc., and pay for it in small weekly or monthly payments.

No Stamps with Victor Goods.

Columbia Grafonola $55

Pay for it $3 on delivery and $1 a week. You may buy $10 worth of records with this machine at the regular cash prices without increasing these terms.

Sale of 9x12 Brussels Rugs 24.39 Cash or Credit.
An assortment of beautiful Floral and Oriental designs to select from. 437 other Rugs are in this sale, including room-size Axminsters, Velvets and Brussels.

Sale of Velour Portieres
Reg. Price $27.50. 22.50 Cash or Credit.
Excellent quality. In every desirable color combination.

Sale of Marie Antoinette Lace Curtains
Heavy cable net. Fancy lace design. Unusually pretty styles.
Reg. Price $10. 7.50 Per Pair. Cash or Credit.

Don't Delay Buying Furniture on Account of the Draft

Our Protection To Draft Men

Reduction of Payments

If the income of your family is reduced because of your service we will reduce your payments in proportion.

Free Life Insurance

In the event of your death we will give your family a receipted bill of the balance of your account up to the amount of $200.

If you buy Furniture and are drafted we want you to know that we will do our share to make your family comfortable during your absence.

This offer is open to new customers on new accounts as well as to old customers.

POSTPONING PAYMENTS OF SOLDIERS' DEBTS

Moratory Laws in Other Warring Countries and Prospects of Similar Legislation Throughout the United States

By PHILIP B. PERLMAN,
Assistant to the Attorney General of Maryland.

LEGISLATION now being enacted in different parts of the country postponing the operation of various civil proceedings and statutes of limitations in behalf of those absent in the military or naval service originated in what are known as moratory laws.

When Germany suddenly flung her armies east and west on unprepared Europe the financial systems of the countries drawn into the conflict were put out of commission. The shock of war ended credits for the time being and made it impossible for enterprises, large and small, to finance themselves. Many important institutions were saved from disaster by the immediate declaration of moratoriums, extending the period of payment for specified times. Other moratoriums were subsequently declared until credits were re-established and laws to meet the new conditions were placed on the statute books.

A moratory law has been defined as "a law passed in times of emergency postponing for a specified time the due date of bills of exchange and other obligations." The delay, or period of grace, allowed by the law is a moratorium. There are two degrees of moratoria—a minor and a major. The minor applies only to bills of exchange, and the major includes these and all other contracts which enforce upon a debtor the liability to make money payment to a creditor at a fixed time. (49 Law Journal, 475-6.) In fact, the major includes all debts except such as may be expressly excepted. A moratorium is the delay, or period of grace, allowed by the law. Moratorium is derived from the Latin word moratorius, denoting delay.

Britain's Moratorium.

The first moratorium in England of the present war was put into effect by proclamation on Aug. 2, 1914. It applied only to bills of exchange not payable on demand. The next day, responding to the emergency, Parliament passed what is known as the Postponement of Payments act. The act was passed through all its stages on the same day, a thing which had occurred only once before in history. The other occasion resulted in the Explosives act of 1883, enacted to meet a real or supposed emergency growing out of an alleged Fenian conspiracy after the discovery of a bomb in the crypt of St. Stephen's. The Postponement of Payments act, authorizing the King by proclamation to suspend temporarily the payment of contract obligations, was, by its terms, to remain in force for six months. In the haste with which the act was drawn and passed, the proclamation already issued, and which the act attempted to confirm, was described as being dated the third day of August, when, as a matter of fact, it had been issued on the second day.

On Aug. 6, 1914, under the authority of the Postponement of Payments act, a general moratorium was proclaimed. The proclamation on that day was followed by others on Aug. 12, Sept. 3, and Sept. 30. The proclamation of Aug. 6 provided that payments due before Sept. 4 should be deemed due one month after the due date. Provision was made for the payment of 6 per cent. interest during the time of postponed payment. The exceptions to the moratorium were set out in the proclamation as follows:

1. Payment of wages or salary.
2. Payment in respect of a liability which, when incurred, did not exceed 5 pounds in amount.
3. Rates and taxes.
4. Maritime freight.
5. Payment in respect of any debt from any person resident outside the British Isles, or from any firm, company, or institution whose principal place of business is outside the British Isles, not being a debt incurred in the British Isles by a person, firm, company, or institution having a business establishment or a branch establishment in the British Isles.
6. Payment in respect of any dividend or interest payable in respect of any stocks, funds or securities (other than real or heritable securities) in which trustees are authorized to invest.
7. The liabilities of a bank of issue in respect of banknotes issued by such bank.
8. Payments to be made by or on behalf of the Government, including old-age pensions.
9. Payments made by persons or societies in pursuance of the National Insurance act, 1911.
10. Benefits under the Workmen's Compensation act.
11. Payments in respect of the withdrawal of deposits by depositors in trustee savings banks.

Some controversy arose over the construction of the provision in the proclamation of Aug. 6 to the effect that the general moratorium should not apply to "any payment in respect of a liability which, when incurred, did not exceed 5 pounds in amount." General approval was at first given to decision that when the debt sued for was made up of a series of items in one running account, it could not be split up into separate items for the purpose of avoiding the provisions of the proclamation.

Lords Justices' Decision.

The Lords Justices, however, decided unanimously on appeal that the words of exception must be read according to their natural meaning, and could not be interpreted so as to apply to a liability exceeding 5 pounds "being an aggregate of a number of liabilities each of which when incurred was less than 5 pounds." The conclusion was, therefore, that all such actions should have been allowed to proceed.

The authority given to the Crown to authorize the postponement of contract obligations was found inadequate to meet the needs of those entering upon military service, since no provision had been made to take care of judgment debts, distraints for rent, foreclosures, and other such remedies. The need of further legislation was made clear by instructions issued in the latter part of August, 1914, to Registrars and High Bailiffs, wherein it was provided that no judgment was to be signed on a default summons "where notice of intention to defend is not given, if it appears by the particulars that the claim comes within his Majesty's proclamations, or either of them. If on any such summons judgment has already been signed, no execution shall issue in respect thereof except by leave of the Registrar. Judgment debts are not within the proclamations, which are limited to contract debts, but no execution should be levied or order of commitment executed if it can be avoided."

By what is known as the Courts (Emergency Powers) act, passed on Aug. 31, 1914, the postponement of many additional classes of obligations was provided for. The act left it within the absolute discretion of the courts to determine, upon application, whether the operation of the remedies named should be deferred or allowed to proceed.

The essential features of the Courts (Emergency Powers) act and the rules adopted in pursuance of its provisions may be summarized as follows, (49 Law Journal, 531:)

No judgment of any court, no right of distress for rent or for re-entry, and no power to foreclose or realize any security will be enforceable without a special application for a Judge's leave, on which the debtor may show cause why there should be a postponement of payment.

Wherever the subject matter does not exceed £100 the application is to be made to a County Court Judge. In case under £5 the Registrar of the Court may exercise discretion.

Debtors against whom default summonses are taken out are not entitled to any postponement of judgment unless (1) they have previously given notice of defense, or (2) already have obtained leave to defend.

Judge Cullen of New York, in arbitrating the case of Lazard Frères and L. Vogelstein & Co., was called on to deal with the effect of the English moratorium in this country. Vogelstein & Co. had borrowed from Lazard Frères bills of exchange under a contract wherein they agreed with the lenders of the bills to settle at least three days prior to their maturity in London "at your rates of exchange in London." Judge Cullen decided that although the contract between the parties was a New York contract, the time of maturity of the bills was affected by the moratoria. In the opinion of the learned Judge the effect of the moratoria was to leave it optional with the acceptors whether to avail themselves of the extension of credit. The acceptors having paid the bills at the time when they matured according to their terms, it was held that Vogelstein & Co. were bound to make settlement at the rate of exchange which prevailed at the time when demand for payment was made by Lazard Frères.

Laws in France.

The measures taken in France during the early days of the war to save the country's credit system were superseded by the ordinance of Aug. 9, 1914, providing for a thirty-day moratorium. Extensions were made by subsequent decrees. Under the law of Aug. 5, 1914, it was provided that until the cessation of hostilities no proceedings might be instituted or executions take place against persons in active military or naval service. Provision was made for the suspension of the statutes of limitations and of many judicial proceedings. Among the ordinances deferring claims was one (Sept. 27, 1914) dealing with Stock Exchange transactions entered into before Aug. 4. Interest at the rate of 5 per cent. was allowed during the period of postponement. Provision was made for delaying the redemption of bonds by French companies and municipal corporations.

Germany did not declare a general moratorium at the outbreak of the war, but a number of ordinances dealing with particular subjects were passed during August, 1914. These were added to later as the exigencies of the occasions required. The ordinance of Aug. 7 provided that no suit could be instituted before Oct. 31, 1914, in respect of a claim due to any person or corporation domiciled in a foreign country. Later ordinances extended the period of delay. Other of the ordinances empowered the courts to stay executions and to order business to be carried on, in cases where bankruptcy petitions were filed, under the supervision of the court, in lieu of bankruptcy. Bills of exchange drawn in foreign countries and made payable within the German Empire were extended from time to time.

The provisions of this nature adopted in Germany did not apply to Belgium.

The moratorium proclaimed under the Belgian Government was extended by the Germans. An ordinance of the King of the Belgians provides that in all territory subject to the jurisdiction of Belgium, obligations entered into before Feb. 1, 1915, shall not become due and payable before the end of the war. (C. H. Huberich in 47 Chicago Legal News, 400.)

Special Privileges in Germany.

Germany passed a law on Aug. 4, 1914, granting special privileges to persons in active service. It was based on a similar statute enacted June 21, 1870, at the beginning of the Franco-Prussian war.

Canada, too, has adopted laws framed along the general lines of the English Courts (Emergency Powers) act, and similar provisions are now in effect in practically all of the nations which have been at war for any length of time.

No moratoriums were needed when the United States went to war for the reason that the country was financially already on a war basis. There was no unexpected blow, disarranging markets and wiping out credits. The country's business men, having knowledge of the international situation, were prepared. And so nothing untoward happened. But the raising of armies, the concentration of military forces in cantonments in preparation for service abroad, and the heavy recruiting of naval forces have created conditions requiring that the States adopt laws to protect the interests of those in service.

One of the first States to put measures on its statute books designed to fill this need was Maryland. During the special session of the Legislature last June, Attorney General Albert C. Ritchie submitted bills drafted by him after his department had made a careful study of the legislation in force in the belligerent nations. The bills, with some few amendments, were enacted into law. Other States have been sending to Maryland recently for copies of those laws, and many of the measures yet to be adopted will doubtless be patterned after those drawn by Attorney General Ritchie.

One of the Maryland laws (Chapter 19, of the Acts of 1917) provides that "if any citizen of this State entitled to institute or bring any action, suit, or proceeding in this State, is unable during the continuance of the present war to institute or bring the same within the time limited therefor by the laws of this State, because of absence from this State in the military or naval service of the United States, such person shall not on that account be barred, but shall be entitled to institute or bring such action, suit, or proceeding within six months after the removal of such disability; otherwise the same shall be barred." It is also provided that "in the case of the death or insanity of any such person while so absent from this State, such action, suit, or proceeding may be brought by his personal representatives, if maintainable by them, within the time limited therefor by the laws of this State, except that the right of such personal representatives to maintain such action, suit, or proceeding shall in no event be barred before the expiration of one year from such death or insanity."

Provisions in Maryland Law.

Chapter 22 of the Acts of 1917 provides that "all civil causes and proceedings, whether at law or in equity, which may be pending at the time this act takes effect, or which may hereafter be instituted during the continuance of the present war, by or against any person in the National Guard or Naval Militia, or in the Maryland State Guard while on active service, or in the military or naval service of the United States, shall be suspended and stayed upon the application of such person, or his representative or attorney, provided:

a. The court to which such application is made shall find that such person is unable to prosecute, answer, or defend such cause or proceedings or to be present at the hearing or trial thereof, by reason of his service as aforesaid, and that the interest of justice requires such suspension or stay; and provided, further, that:

b. Such person, or his representative or attorney, shall comply with such conditions, as to the giving of bond or other security or undertaking, or as to the making of any deposit, or as to any other matters or things, which the said court may deem proper to impose as conditions of such suspension or stay.

Section 2 of the act provides that "any suspension or stay granted under the terms of this act may be for such period of time as the court granting the same shall deem proper, but in no event for a period longer than the duration of the present war and six months thereafter; and upon the termination of any period so fixed by the court, such suspension or stay, if not continued or renewed, shall cease, and thereafter the cause or proceedings so suspended may proceed as if there had been no suspension or stay therein, but subject, however, to any reasonable conditions which the court may deem proper to impose in the interests of justice."

The court in which any cause or proceedings may be thus suspended or stayed has the power, in its discretion, to rescind such suspension or stay at any time that it deems that the interests of justice would be subserved. The rescission is to be predicated upon such notice by service upon each person interested, or his attorney or representative, or by publication, as the court may deem proper. Thereafter the cause or proceedings may proceed as if there had been no suspension or stay, but subject, however, to any conditions which the court may impose as incident to the rescission.

The act does not apply to
a. The recovery of rent.
b. The recovery of wages or salary.
c. Moneys due in any trust or fiduciary capacity.

The law also does not apply to any case in which the court believes that any person within its terms has become engaged in any of the services described therein because of the pendency or institution of the cause or proceedings sought to be suspended or stayed.

Suspension of judgments, foreclosures, &c., were provided for by Chapter 23 of the Acts of 1917. The first section of that law provides that "the execution or enforcement of any judgment, order, or decree of any kind, whether in law or in equity, and whether in personam or in rem, and of any levy, right of entry or foreclosure, lien, power of sale, forfeiture or default which may hereafter be entered or rendered or which may exist or arise during the continuance of the present war, may be suspended or stayed, upon application by or on behalf of any person against whom or against whose legal or equitable interest in any property, real or personal, the same may be executed or enforced, provided the court to which such application is made shall find that such person so liable or interested is unable, by reason of circumstances directly attributable to the present war, to make whatever payment or satisfaction may be necessary in order to satisfy, release or discharge such judgment, order or decree, or other power or right as aforesaid."

The other provisions are similar to those contained in Chapter 22. Both of these laws contain a provision that no rights or powers shall be suspended unless the court deems such action is necessary for the proper protection of the interests of any person entitled to the benefits provided for. When the bills were introduced in the Legislature they contained clauses including the "recovery of taxes, assessments, or other public dues, duties, imposts, or charges of any and every kind"-among the things to which they did not apply. The Legislature, however, struck those clauses out, and the only exceptions are those named above.

It is proper, of course, that those staying at home should bear the burden of the delay allowed the soldiers and sailors to pay their bills, and it is safe to predict that, unless peace comes soon, laws similar to those in Maryland and elsewhere will be in force in every State in the Union.

NOVEL CASES IN THE COURTS

Section 27 of the National Defense act of June 3, 1916 (Fed. Stat. Ann. Pamph. Supp. No. 7, p. 63,) provides that no person under the age of 18 years shall be enlisted or mustered into the military service of the United States without the written consent of his parents or guardians, provided that he has such parents or guardians entitled to his custody or control. The parents of an infant under the age of 18 who had enlisted filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus for his release. In the return to the writ it was alleged that the infant was being held by the military authorities to answer the charge of fraudulent enlistment and receiving allowances and rations. In denying the writ and discussing the right of the parent to the discharge of his son the court in Hoskins agt. Dickerson, 239 Fed. 275, reported and annotated in Ann. Cas. 1917C 776, said:

When the petition for the writ of habeas corpus was filed the petitioner's son was in the custody of the military authorities. A court-martial is the proper tribunal to try him for a military offense charged to have been committed by him while his enlistment was effective to the extent of subjecting him to military control and discipline. The election by the father, evidenced by the writ of habeas corpus, to avoid his son's enlistment terminated the right of the military authorities to detain the latter under the enlistment. But it did not terminate the right of such authorities to continue their custody of the minor for the time reasonably required for the exercise of the military jurisdiction brought into play by duly made charges of the commission of military offenses by the minor while he was a soldier.

In Ledyard against Ten Eyck, 36 Barb. (N. Y.) 102, a case involving the title to the bed of a lake, Campbell, J., put the following question: "How does the State hold the title where it has sold and conveyed away all the land bounded by the lake or river, and where the riparian proprietors stand face to face with their feet touching the outer edge of the water?"

"Though we affirm, we condemn practically everything that was done below," said the Iowa Supreme Court, in the case of In re Bagnola, 100 N. W. Rep. 228.

"No law-abiding citizen has any inclination to attend a public gathering in possession of fourteen pints of whisky."—Per Armstrong, P. J., in Overton agt. State, 11 Okla. Crim. 3.

Soul Destroyers.

Daddy Flynn mentions the carrot as a wholesome vegetable. We have never contended that carrots did not possess a certain amount of merit as a food for the body. We hate them because of their tendency to destroy immortal souls.—Houston Post.

Remember Samson.

The following sign is nailed to one of the slender posts supporting the porch-like roof of a country store in a hamlet of the Far West:

"Don't hitch your broncos to the pillars of this temple. Remember Samson."—Christian Register.

NOT A CAT PRODUCT.

Violin Strings Are Made from the Intestines of Sheep.

Where's the cat farm from which we get our supply of catgut? The answer is, There isn't any cat farm. Cats' intestines can't be profitably utilized. If not cats, then what furnishes the raw materials for musical instruments and tennis strings? The answer is, Sheep. Every part of the animal is utilized, even the soft and mellow tones of his bleating voice, which are preserved in the intestines that string the tuneful violin.

As soon as the sheep intestines are graded, says Popular Science Monthly, they are divided into narrows about eight yards in length. These are sent to the string factory, where they are thoroughly cleansed and chemically treated. It takes from twenty to twenty-four sheep to produce the strings for one tennis racket. A single violin string monopolizes the entrails of a whole sheep, however big.

After the gut is split by running it over a safety razor blade, the strands go through another machine which removes impurities. Following this they are repeatedly run through wringers on washtubs. From four to fifteen of these strands are used for one music string, being spun into strings, twisted, and polished off with emery paper.—Milwaukee Journal.

Severe Test.

Perhaps no test of one's poise and manual dexterity is more difficult for a man of sedentary and intellectual pursuits than the effort to pick up seven or eight newly released watermelon seeds from the tablecloth with his left hand without arousing so much as a passing suspicion in his wife's breast that they're there at all.—Ohio State Journal.

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An especially fine and complete collection of jewelry, clocks, hair ornaments, leather novelties and fans, in an assortment of attractive designs, and at very exceptional prices.

Solid Gold Jewelry for Men and Boys (10 and 14 kt.)

Scarf Pins, Tie Clasps, Cuff Links | Coat Chains, Waldemar Chains, Fobs | Military Lockets, Pen Knives, Bet Buckles | Cigar Cutters, Rings (Stone and Signet)

$1.00 to $28.00

Solid Gold Jewelry for Women (10 and 14 kt.)

Brooch Pins, Bar Pins, Bracelets | Thimbles, Earrings | Rings, La Vallieres | Lockets, Lingerie Clasps, Collar Pin Sets

$1.00 to $30.00

Hair Ornaments, Rhinestone, Jet, Pearl and Tortoise Shell

Spanish Combs, Fan Shape Combs | Barrientos Combs, Casque Combs | Side Combs, Back Combs | Braid Pins, Barrettes

49c to $15.75

Lace and Ostrich Feather Fans

Black and colors; mounted on tortoise shell, ivory and carved sticks.

98c to $15.00

Clocks, Crystal and Mahogany, 20 Styles

Mantel, tambour and crystal regulator boudoir clocks. Office clocks, chime clocks, gilt clock sets.

$2.25 to $39.00

Suitable Leather Gifts for Men

Card Case and Bill Fold, 59c to 7.00
Leather Cases, 1.50 to 8.00
Cigar and Cigarette Cases, 75c to 3.00
Collar Bags, 69c to 4.00
Collar Boxes, 1.25 to 3.00
Tie Racks, 59c to 1.00
Whisk Broom and Holder, 69c
Toilet Sets, 75c to 7.75

Gifts for Women and Children

Hand Bags, 95c to 30.00
Envelope Purses, 95c to 12.00
Children's Bags, 25c to 1.00
Bead Bags, 7.95 to 30.00
Knitting Bags, 4.75 to 8.00
Overnight Bags, 5.95 to 13.00
Manicure Sets, 1.00 to 15.00
Dance Bags, 50c to 2.00

H. C. F. Koch & Co., Inc., 125th St., West

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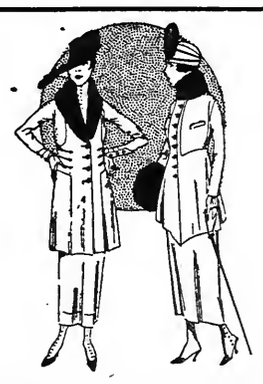
Newark, N. J.

In order to encourage early Christmas shopping, we shall waive our 7-day return goods ruling so that GIFTS purchased between now and December 25th may be exchanged any day up to January 5th. Begin YOUR holiday shopping tomorrow.

Newark, N. J.



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Four Remarkable Opportunities for the Purchase of Women's New Suits

Many tailored models, splendidly lined and interlined. Suits with handsome fur collars and cuffs, as well as suits minus fur trimmings, so that a woman may use her own furs.

Sizes from 34 to 50½, but not every size and color in every group.

At 19.75

Regular 25.00 to 30.00

In velour, broadcloth, burella poplin, wool poplin, and novelty suitings. Some have large collars of self materials, which may be worn high and close to the neck. Others with notch collars.

At 29.50

Regular 35.00 to 45.00

Smart, well-made suits of velvet velour, broadcloth, gabardine, and novelty suitings. Splendidly tailored models, many with fur collars and cuffs.

At 35.00

Regular 40.00 to 50.00

Suits of silvertone—one of the most wanted materials. In addition we have these suits in broadcloth and velour, in the favored colors—oxford, burgundy, and brown. Fashioned with nutria or French seal collars.

At 39.50

Regular 45.00 to 60.00

Just one or two suits of a kind in this group of smart models. We have them both with and without fur, for dress and semi-dress occasions.

It is hardly necessary to say "choose early," for the woman who has in mind a new suit will not hesitate an instant at these prices. These suits live up to their stated valuations in every respect. They are all regular stock products.

Bamberger's—Third Floor.

Sale of Women's Afternoon Dresses

Made to sell for $35 to $50

29.50

Fashionable dresses from regular stock, together with a fortunate purchase of new dresses.

Materials include georgette, crepe de chine and satin combined, velveteen and chiffon velvets, smartly beaded and braided, draped in newest effects and showing touches of metallic threads and fur.

Colors are navy, black, taupe, pearl gray, turquoise, orchid, nile and coral. Sizes 34 to 44.

Bamberger's—Third Floor.

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NEWARK N J

FOR QUICK SALE

100 Serge and Velvet Dresses, 12.98

Regular 15.00 and 20.00 Dresses for Misses and Small Women

There are just 100 dresses, and at this price you cannot expect to find them here long. Immediate choosing is advisable. They are of finest quality serge, in favored types. Also handsome velveteen dresses. In navy and colors. Sizes 14 to 18.

Bamberger's—Third Floor.

Misses' Suits in Sale

No more favorable opportunity has ever been offered this season for the purchase of suits for misses and small women than this particular occasion. Every model new, smart and decidedly fashionable—every suit right out of regular assortments where they have been marked at the higher prices quoted below.

At 19.75

Regular 25.00 to 30.00

Worsted cloths in oxford grays; velours, broadcloths, and burella. Both with and without fur trimmings. In the desired winter shades Sizes 14 to 18.

At 29.50

Regular 35.00 to 50.00

Suits of silvertone, velour and broadcloth. Handsome models, some with fur and others without fur trimmings.

At 35.00 & 39.50

Regular 55.00 to 70.00

One of a kind models in bolivia, crystal cloth, silvertone, velour, etc., some with and others without fur trimmings. An extraordinary group of suits in this particular assortment, at 35.00 and 39.50.

Bamberger's—Third Floor.

For Monday! Regular 2.50 a Yard, Navy Blue Chiffon Finish Velveteen, at 1.59

This fabric is 36 inches wide, and we sell it in stock at 2.50 a yard. At this price, even, it is exceptional value.

Now, for one day only, we have reduced the price of 100 yards to 1.59 a yard. Beautiful material for skirts and frocks, and eminently desirable nowadays. In navy blue only, and in a weight that is suitable for the making of suits and girls' coats.

Bamberger's—Second Floor.

Sale Women's $5 & $6 Afternoon and Evening Slippers, at 2.95 Pair

There are only 140 pairs of these slippers, in bronze kid, for sale tomorrow at 2.95 a pair. You must be early to choose yours.

There are 75 pairs of slippers which have been marked in stock at 5.00 a pair. In addition there are 65 pairs which have been marked at 6.00 a pair. Made of fine bronze kidskin, with turned soles. Some with straps, others without straps. Have covered Louis heels. While the 140 pairs last, and for those whose sizes are here, price 2.95 a pair.

Bamberger's—Second Floor.

Rugs on Sale

Opportunities for money saving on handsome rugs for dining rooms and living rooms. Prices, as you will note by the comparison, are very low:

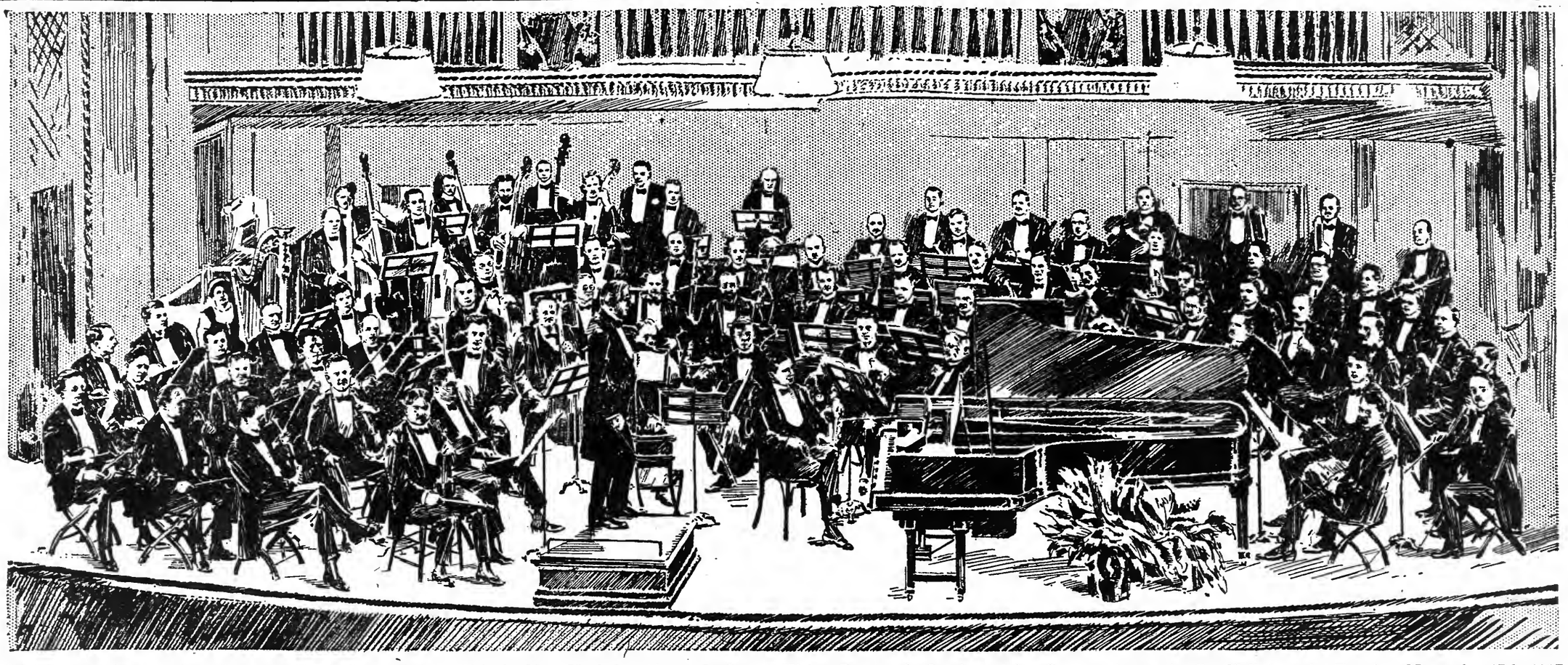
41.00 Body Brussels Rugs at 36.50

These are 9x12 rugs, in a range of desirable patterns and color effects.

24.75 Tapestry Brussels Rugs at 21.00

Suitable for dining rooms and bedrooms. Size 9x12 feet. The best quality made.

Bamberger's—Fourth Floor.



The Duo-Art Piano taking Harold Bauer's place as Soloist with the New York Symphony Orchestra, Walter Damrosch, Conductor, in a Concert given at Aeolian Hall, Saturday Evening, November 17th, 1917

A NOTABLE PRESENTATION OF A NOTABLE INSTRUMENT

On Saturday Evening, November Seventeenth, a concert was given at Aeolian Hall which, in certain aspects, was the most important in the history of music. At this concert a Grand pianoforte, actuated by a current of electricity—played by a perforated music-roll and *untouched by human hands*—performed Harold Bauer's interpretation of the Saint Saens Concerto in G Minor.

The fact that this achievement was attained upon the concert platform in conjunction with the New York Symphony Orchestra under the baton of Walter Damrosch, establishes beyond doubt the musical standing of the Duo-Art Piano.

An imposing audience, comprising famous pianists, singers, musical critics and people socially and politically prominent, listened to this extraordinary piano play the three movements of the Saint Saens Concerto—heard the difficult and complicated piano part played in perfect time and spirit with the orchestra.

At the conclusion of the number there was not one person in that great body of people but was startled with the significance of what had occurred.

Mr. Harold Bauer, at the moment presenting a concert program in Chicago, a thousand miles away, had exhibited his highest art as literally as though he sat in person at the keyboard.

His extraordinary genius transcribed upon a music-roll in the fullness of both its technique and its spirit was a present living actuality to every listener.

The Significance of This Wonderful Event

Remarkable as was this achievement—however unique in the history of music—its significance affects a field infinitely broader than the concert stage.

The Duo-Art Piano—the revolutionary instrument thus formally presented to the public under such imposing auspices—has a mission of vital import to the world at large. The incomparable art displayed in the playing of this instrument, an art so true as to have won the admiration and support of many musical artists and educators of the highest distinction, is destined for the enjoyment of many rather than few.

It is as the piano of intimate home environment that the supreme value of the Duo-Art is to be realized. It is to bring just such music as thrilled the audience at Aeolian Hall, *directly to the fire-side*, that this great invention was designed.

What the Newspaper Critics said of this event:

NEW YORK AMERICAN

"It must be confessed that Mr. Bauer himself might have been sitting at the key-board, so extraordinarily faithful to the original—so photographically correct, one might say—were every shade of expression, every nuance and accent in the reproduction.

"A large audience, made up of men and women distinguished in the world of music, watched the proceedings with amazement."

SUNDAY-TELEGRAM

"The piano part was played by the unseen hands of Harold Bauer on a Duo-Art Piano. The effect was uncanny. The music was played with every gradation of Mr. Bauer's art.

"At the conclusion there could be no doubt of the success of the experiment. The reproduction of Mr. Bauer's work was as full of delightful nuance as if the virtuoso himself was seated there."

NEW YORK TIMES

"Instead of a pianist, the concerto was played by the Duo-Art roll in a grand piano. It was a reproduction of Mr. Harold Bauer's interpretation of Saint-Saens' G Minor Concerto. Mr. Damrosch followed it as he would a player of flesh and blood."

NEW YORK TRIBUNE

"It was really a remarkable performance, the coordination between orchestra and instrument being perfect, while it took no great stretch of imagination to visualize Mr. Bauer himself at the key-board."

NEW YORK HERALD

"Mr. Damrosch and his men accompanied Mr. Bauer's interpretation just as if the soloist was present. The player and the accompanying body got along together with life-like accuracy."

TELEGRAPH

"The perfection of the solo instrument's response and the facility of Damrosch's men in accompaniment, won great applause."

EVENING MAIL

"A distinguished audience, largely composed of musicians, attended this event and showed mingled delight and amazement at the work of the mechanism.

"The record was made by Harold Bauer and represents his most refined art. Mr. Damrosch bestowed many a glance of approval upon the spiritual pianist."

EVENING WORLD

"Mr. Bauer was represented by the Duo-Art Piano, a remarkable instrument which reflected his playing to the minutest detail. It was a bit uncanny to see Mr. Damrosch directing the orchestra to the movement of keys untouched by visible fingers."

EVENING GLOBE

"The record provided a remarkable facsimile of the playing of Mr. Bauer and richly merited the recognition paid it by such a musical personage as Walter Damrosch.

"A notable audience received the performance with enthusiasm."

EVENING JOURNAL

"The affair may be well considered as having an important bearing upon the development of musical appreciation, since the playing of Mr. Bauer, so far as the ear accustomed to his style could detect, was well reproduced."

Expressions from Prominent Musicians who were there:

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER TO HAROLD BAUER WRITTEN BY WALTER DAMROSCH

".... of course we missed you and your compelling personality at the concert last night, but you would have been delighted if you had been present, to hear how cleverly the Duo-Art reproduced your artistic intentions. Unlike Edward Everett Hale's famous story, your double did not 'undo' you.

"I am living in mortal terror that the next uncanny invention from the fertile American brain will be an electrically controlled, mechanically perfect, orchestrat conductor! Then good-bye to Yours truly,"

(Signed) WALTER DAMROSCH.

"It was a pleasure to be present at the debut of the Duo-Art Piano in a Symphonetic Concert.

"The fine artistic qualities of the Duo-Art Piano were well known to me, but the performance of last Saturday night disclosed entirely new possibilities as regards the cooperation of the Duo-Art Piano with the Symphony Orchestra. This new experiment proved to be most surprisingly successful and The Aeolian Company is to be heartily congratulated on its latest achievement."

(Signed) OSSIP GABRILOWITSCH.

"It was quite a thrill to be present at last Saturday's concert and to hear that wonderful instrument, the Duo-Art, conveying Mr. Bauer's beautiful message in a manner that spelled perfection and the whole sponsored by the progressive Mr. Damrosch."

(Signed) RUDOLPH GANZ.

"It was a genuine pleasure to witness the wholly artistic accomplishment of the Duo-Art at your concert last Saturday. It was a splendid attainment.

"I shall follow the future activities of this wonderful instrument with keen interest."

(Signed) PASQUALE AMATO.

"I congratulate you most sincerely on the splendid success of your Duo-Art this last Saturday at Aeolian Hall. I recognize your product of human ingenuity is bound to become the most perfect instrument in making pianistic art immortal.

"I was simply amazed at the glorious result the Duo-Art has achieved."

(Signed) CARL FRIEDBERG.

"On hearing the surprisingly perfect interpretation of the Saint Saens Concerto by Harold Bauer on the Duo-Art last Saturday, I realized the artistic effects made possible, by the artist having an opportunity for the first time, to convey his highest conceptions of a composition to posterity."

(Signed) PIERRE MONTEUX

"I was present at the concert on Saturday evening and was delighted with the great achievement of the Duo-Art Piano. Looking at this performance from the standpoint of my long experience as a Teacher, I fully recognize the great educational value of your wonderful instrument."

(Signed) ALEXANDER LAMBERT.

"I was amazed at the wonderful performance of the Duo-Art Piano.

"From an educational standpoint it is clear to me that this instrument will be a pronounced advantage to students of music, presenting as it does absolutely authoritative interpretations of the great pianists."

(Signed) DR. CORNELIUS RYBNER,
Head of Dept. of Music, Columbia University.

The DUO-ART PIANO

IS OBTAINABLE IN THE STEINWAY, STECK, STROUD AND WEBER

In addition to its extraordinary ability to reproduce the performances of pianists, it serves the function of both a piano of unequalled excellence for hand-playing and a Pianola of an advanced design in which foot-treadling is replaced by electric power.

Prices from $850. Moderate Monthly Payments and Liberal Allowances for Other Instruments.

A Duo-Art Recital in the Duo-Art Salon daily at 3 P. M.

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BRINGING MANKIND AND MUSIC TOGETHER

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895 BROAD STREET

HOW THE "TANK" WAS MADE A CONQUEROR

Official History Showing Each Step in Development of the War Machine That Smashed the Hindenburg Line.

The part played by the "tanks" in breaking the Hindenburg line has lifted them to a prominence held by no other device invented, or improved, since the war began. The airplane, the submarine, and every new weapon of the Germans, from the Zeppelin to poison gases, must yield precedence, for the time, at least, to the new type of armored cars which, upsetting precedent and prediction, last week moved their way, unaided by preliminary artillery fire, through a wide barrier of German trenches and barbed wire. This official history tells how the tank was contrived and developed by the British Government and how crews were trained to bring all its power as a fighting machine to bear on the enemy.

1—The Need of Tanks.

THE Machine Gun Corps of the British Army as constituted in October, 1915, was divided into an infantry, a cavalry, and a motor branch. Six months later a new section was formed at Bisley. The men for this new section were taken from the pick of the Derby recruits; for the junior officers two Colonels went on a voyage of discovery to cadet battalions and other units and selected promising young men with a knowledge of internal combustion engines who had given proofs of an adventurous spirit and of ability to make men move. For some time the object of the new unit remained a mystery even to those drafted into it, except so far as the qualifications required of the officers afforded an inkling.

The name given to the new organization—the Heavy Armored Section of the Motor Machine Gun Service—only deepened the mystery, as there were no signs of cars, armored or unarmored, and the only training given to the men was foot drill and machine gun practice. However, after some time spent in these occupations the Colonel in command addressed the company commanders and some other officers on parade, and after commending the spirit they had hitherto shown, bade them be of good heart, as a wonderful new car, which would astonish them all, was shortly to be issued to them for service in the field.

At last it was announced that the new car was ready. But it was not brought to the camp near Aldershot, where the section was stationed—that was far too much in the public eye. A site had been chosen in a more remote part of the country; there a camp was pitched, carefully screened from inquisitive passers-by; it was surrounded by fences and guarded by sentries posted at intervals of 100 yards, with orders to admit no one who was not furnished with a special pass. Companies of the Armored Car Section, as soon as their preliminary training was completed, were successively drafted to this camp to become familiarized with their weapon of destruction.

The new armored car concealed in this lair certainly had all the promised elements of surprise. At first sight it appeared little more than a huge shapeless bulk of metal. It was said to weigh some forty tons, was armor-plated all over, with tiny spyholes at intervals, from some of which peeped out murderous-looking gun muzzles, and had no visible means of progression except two small motor wheels attached like a tail behind. The wheels behind were found to act only as a rudder to direct its course, the propulsive force coming from some internal and invisible wheels that traveled over long endless metal tracks, extending in an elliptical shape from the snout to the rump and moving forward as the creature advanced. The pace at which this strange object moved was slow—barely three miles an hour. The first company of the Heavy Armored Car Section were delighted with the spectacle of the creature intrusted to their care, and promptly adopted the name "Big Willie," with which their new pet had previously been christened. The two next of the same breed to come in were called "Little Willie" and "Mother."

In the Autumn of 1914, when the opponents had settled down to trench warfare, it became obvious that some means of parrying the danger of well-directed and well-protected machine gun fire from the German trenches must be discovered if our infantry were to carry out assaults with success. The idea of a self-propelled armored car which could move unscathed over unprotected ground, could crush down wire entanglements, and carry guns with a crew to work them, occurred to several people both in the army and the navy. Such an engine, recalling the turris mobilis of Livy and the belfroi of the Middle Ages would not only be able to tackle troublesome machine guns in the German trenches, but would also help to clear a way through barbed wire obstacles for the infantry.

2—The Evolution of the Tank.

Even before this war the development of the caterpillar tractor had suggested to a few far-sighted people the possibility of evolving from this invention a machine capable of offensive use over rough country in close warfare.

Among the earliest of the more practical suggestions was one by Colonel Swinton, the first commanding officer of the "Heavy Section," in October, 1914, to build armored cars on the Holt tractor system, an American invention, or on a similar caterpillar principle, to smash through wire entanglements and climb trenches. This idea was subsequently referred to the Committee of Imperial Defense and the War Office, and experiments with various tractors were made on behalf of the War Office, for some time without practical result. In the meantime a similar idea had occurred to officers in the Royal Naval Air Service, and Mr. Churchill, then First Lord, took it up warmly.

When in June, 1915, the Commander in Chief in France sent in a memorandum urging an exhaustive examination of the question, two State departments chiefly concerned had the matter well in hand. Moreover, the Ministry of Munitions, which had recently been established, was also considering the matter. To this committee the War Office laid down the conditions which had to be fulfilled by the car. It should be able to climb a five-foot parapet and cross a ten-foot ditch; in weight and width it had to conform to the measurements of standard War Office bridges and to railway transportation requirements, and it must not be too high, for reasons of visibility to the enemy; it must be protected against close-range rifle and machine-gun fire, and it must be able to destroy machine-gun emplacements. It was agreed, however, that the first experimental work should be left in the hands of the Admiralty Committee.

A year was spent by the Admiralty Committee in researches and experiments before a satisfactory machine was designed and constructed. Finally, from among the numerous types of tractors inspected the most satisfactory was found to be a caterpillar tractor with an endless self-laid track, over which internal driving wheels could be propelled by the engines.

The construction of these new engines of warfare was still necessarily a slow business. Improvements were continually being adopted, which necessitated changes in the original designs, and men had to be specially trained in the factories for the work required. It was not, therefore, as we have seen, till about July, 1916, that the first consignment arrived at the secret manoeuvre ground to meet the personnel which was to use them.

The new machines, as delivered at the secret camp, were found to be of two slightly different designs. One, called the male, was armed with two Hotchkiss quick fire guns, with a subsidiary armament of some machine guns. These were especially designed for dealing at close quarters with the concrete emplacements for the German machine guns. The other type, called the female, was armed only with machine guns, and was more suitable for dealing with machine gun personnel and riflemen than with the emplacements.

The members of the Heavy Section of the Machine Gun Corps after arriving at their camp had a good deal of work in front of them before they could hope to take their tanks on active service. They had to learn how to drive and steer them, to repair them, and to fire off their guns when boxed up within their narrow compass; they even had to learn how to live at all inside them. Imagine a narrow cabin some 9 or 10 feet wide, 13 feet long and 4 feet high into which had to be crammed an engine of over 100 horsepower, two guns, and three or four machine guns, provisions for three days, ammunition and equipment, besides a crew of several men. The noise made by the engine made it impossible to hear an order, consequently every communication had to be made by signs; the armor plating was so effective that one could only see for steering or for aiming the guns through the narrowest chinks; the motion, too, of the tank over rough ground was not unlike that of a ship in a heavy sea, and this motion, combined with the smell of oil, the close atmosphere, the heat and the noise, was at first apt to induce the same symptoms as sometimes afflict those uninured to sea-voyages.

In spite of all these difficulties, so great was the zeal displayed that at the end of July, 1916, it was possible to hold two exhibition combats with tanks over the trench system prepared, one before General Staff officers, the other before the King. These exhibitions showed that the tanks answered the purposes for which they had been designed, and orders were given for them to be made ready for France. At the end of August fifty tanks were loaded at night on the railway at the camp's private siding and sent off to France with all due precaution for secrecy. They were landed at Havre on Aug. 29 and went up to the front, some by road, others by railway.

The tanks sent over were painted all over for the purpose of concealment with weird colors which added to their grotesque appearance. They were also given fancy names by the men, sometimes illustrated by rough heraldic emblems on the body. Among the names given were: His Majesty's Landships Cyclops, Chaos, Café au Lait, Champagne, Cordon Rouge, Chartreuse, Chablis, Cognac, Curaçoa, and Crème de Menthe. There was an H. M. L. S. Dreadnought, a Daredevil, and a Deadwood Dick.

3—Tanks in Action.

When the tanks arrived at the front they were naturally objects of wonder to all who were privileged to see them. Detachments of tanks were assigned to the army commander then engaged in the continuation of the Somme offensive. On Sept. 15 they were let loose for the test of battle.

The new offensive, which began on Sept. 15, was a continuation of the great battle of the Somme that had started in the previous July. The object of this offensive was to drive the Germans out of high ground running east and south of Thiepval, from which they could enfilade our newly gained positions. The Germans were strongly intrenched, and had hundreds of gigantic wasps' nests scattered about in the shape of strong concrete emplacements for machine guns. Bitter experience had taught our generals that a successful advance under cover of our artillery barrage into the first line trenches was too often doomed to be hung up by the concerted fire from these wasps' nests, which could not be reached by our infantry. The chief business of the tanks was to help our infantry by destroying these nests.

Sept. 15 was a misty morning and comparatively few of our troops saw the long line of tanks which the night before had been comfortably parked in a secluded valley, deploying into battle position. But when the mists rose and the tanks appeared to friend and foe in all their grotesque uncouthness, the effect was as exhilarating to us as it was dumbfounding to the Germans.

When the Germans had recovered their senses sufficiently they directed all the available rifle and machine-gun fire upon them. But the tanks did not mind. A war correspondent, describing the scene, says: "Nothing could stop them. They waddled on, turning neither to the right nor to the left, and walked straight into the midst of factory ruins."

One tank in another part of the field was in action for twenty consecutive hours. Another, getting well ahead of the infantry, on finding itself alone, turned back to see what had become of its human companions. They were found to be held up by a machine-gun emplacement full of Germans, so the tank obligingly sat on the emplacement, shot down the Germans, and led the men on to further victories.

It must not, however, be imagined that the proceedings of the tanks were quite as amusing to those inside as they appeared to the British infantry, who had barbed wire leveled for them and machine gun emplacements crushed as they advanced. The cramped quarters, the head-splitting noise, and the difficulty of ascertaining what was going on outside made the lives of the tank crew anything but agreeable in battle. Their periscopes were apt to be shot away; the steering gear, never easy, became almost impossible. The mere manual labor of moving the levers of the engines and turning apparatus was enormous, especially in these early machines. The crew had difficulty in communicating with the outside world, and had to rely chiefly on two carrier pigeons taken with them on the voyage; as for communication with them by the outside world, this was even harder. The tank, indeed, proved to be an admirable protection against ordinary rifle bullets.

Even when the tanks themselves were knocked out this was not necessarily fatal to the crews, who often managed to escape, and the casualties were small in proportion to the number of tanks put out of action. Those who inaugurated tank tactics in this first battle deserve all the credit they can receive.

Once having proved their value the tanks came to stay. Later in the year tanks were sent out to Egypt and were in action at Gaza. In November they were used again in France. Meanwhile more and more tanks were being constructed and an increasing personnel to form the crews and the repair sections were being trained in England. After the first success in France the growing importance of the organization was emphasized by a change of title from "Heavy Section" to "Heavy Branch of the Machine Gun Corps." Finally in July, 1917, the growing size and importance of the tanks organization justified the Army Council in entirely separating it from the Machine Gun Corps and establishing it as a special Tank Corps by itself under a Director General.

In France the tanks have been in action in successively increasing numbers at each attack delivered on a large scale. At Arras in April, at Messines in June, and at the third battle of Ypres in August they have continued their valuable work. They naturally have not enjoyed the advantages of surprise, so useful in their first engagement, and it could not be expected that a vigilant enemy like the Germans would not contrive countermeasures. They have now established special observers and airplanes to watch for tanks and signal their appearance, and guns both in the rear and in the trenches to deal with them. Armor-piercing bullets are served out to their riflemen and machine gunners for use at close quarters, and elaborately concealed tank traps are prepared to engulf the monsters.

It is hardly possible yet to allocate all the credit for the hard and persistent work carried out by the pioneers of this corps. But even if they cannot yet be named, they have the satisfaction of having helped to save the lives of hundreds of brave men, and perhaps to have brought nearer the final victory. It has been truly said that we were first this time in inventing a new engine of war, an engine at once effective and at the same time, unlike so many of the German inventions, transgressing none of the hitherto accepted conventions of war.

BROKER WHO WEAVES CHILDREN'S STORIES

David Cory Leads a Dual Life, Bending Over a Ticker and Writing About Animals That Talk.

HOW does it feel to lead the dual existence of a prosperous Wall Street broker and popular author of children's stories? That's the question which David Cory's friends put to him continually. He has been plugging along at his brokerage business for eighteen years, with success. He writes a story every day or so. He could live comfortably on either brokerage or writing. It is hard to tell which interests him most. He is all excited about the stock market from 9:30 in the morning until 4:30 in the afternoon. Then goes home and becomes the creator of scores of little animal characters that have appealed to American and British children for the last six years.

"It's simple," said Mr. Cory, when he was asked about it for an interview. "Long, long before I began to write for publication—in fact, all my life—I had been thinking and dreaming stories. Writing to me is instinctive. During the time I am a business man I do not even remember I am an author. The market is too exciting. But when I begin to write I am as oblivious to the broker half of me as if I had never seen a loan blank or ticker.

"My children are really the cause of my being an author," he added.

As a child he attended school in Englewood, N. J., and, when there were compositions to write, his was usually about the animals of the forest. When he went to work as a broker he had little time for writing. But after his two children grew big enough to be interesting to him, and to understand, he began to tell them stories. A robin flying by the window, an eddy of snowflakes, or a shrub in the yard would provide the inspiration for a story.

"Oh, yes," he would say, when they asked for a tale, "this morning Lady Robin came to my window, fresh from the 'Friendly Forest,' or 'This morning, oh, so early, little Miss Southwind, blown to our city in a cloud of snowflakes, told me she had visited the 'Friendly Forest' last night." And then the story would unravel itself, until the quaint little animals, each endowed with a name and personality, would array themselves in the minds of the children, and the end would come when "Mr. Luck Lefthindfoot" would stop his "Luckymobile" to let pass a chain of busy ants on their way to school.

The stories continued to pile up in the little boys' minds, and they asked their father to copy them all in a book, so they could remember from time to time what had happened before. After a number of the stories had been copied the children tied the pages into little pamphlets and decorated them with crayon pictures of the rabbits and foxes. The books were passed among and borrowed by their playmates until they were almost worn out.

A friend suggested to Mr. Cory that he was selfish to give his stories only to his own children. The author took fourteen stories to an editor, who bought them forthwith. Although he writes only in the evening and on Sundays and holidays, he has published seven books and written a story a day for six years. In the last year and a half he has written more than 500,000 words.

"Children's stories are unlike anything else," said Mr. Cory, who also writes verses and stories for grown-ups. "To interest a child you must put yourself on his level. You must see things from his perspective. Have the characters quaint, but never have them do impossible things that the child cannot imagine himself doing. A child believes it is perfectly natural for an animal to do anything he himself can do, and a child is no exception to the rule that it is human nature to love mystery. That is why they delight in queer little doors at the root of a tree, underground passages under the bed of a creek, and cities of small animals that they themselves cannot even see. The hero must sword. They want characters with distinctiveness. That child characteristic has made my 'Mr. Lucky Lefthindfoot,' better known to the children as 'Uncle Lucky,' a very popular character. 'Uncle Lucky' is a venerable gentleman rabbit who wears an old wedding stovepipe hat and a polka-dot handkerchief.

"Where in stories for older people repetition would be dangerous, it is necessary for children. When you are writing for them you must imagine them continually asking, 'Is Uncle Lucky the old rabbit with the high stovepipe hat?' or 'Is Daddy Fox the papa of Bushytail and Slyboots?' So these details must be told over and over. I have a way of bringing them in by saying, 'Oh, yes, you will remember Daddy Fox was just going out to get some food for his two little boys, Bushytail and Slyboots,' which establishes the character anew in the child's mind.

"When telling children stories, one must be very friendly and familiar with them. It is a 'come and sit at my knee' and a 'come back and I'll tell you another one' proposition. There are characteristics which children will accept and love in animals if those attributes are such that they can observe them in human beings."

Children easily recognize good and bad, according to Mr. Cory. So by contrast he makes his lovable characters more nearly perfect by giving them enemies in the "Friendly Forest," among whom are "Daddy Fox," "Old Man Weasel," "Mr. Hawk," and others. Beauty is another feature necessary to children's stories, and beauty he shows in action-description and with verse. When "Billy Bunny," the leading character of his most recent book, oversleeps, his mother sends him to the "Three-in-One Cent" store to buy an alarm clock. The one he selects sings musically:

Awake, for the morning-glories are wet with the sparkling dew;
Awake, for Happy Sun is shining a merry welcome to you.
Don't linger a moment longer, jump out of your warm little bed.
Wash your hands and your face, and tidy the hair on your towsled head.

This is his manner of breaking the monotony of prose, which, he says, is apt to become depressing to very small children. Then, too, he finds that the stories remain longer in the minds of the young folk if a verse is dropped in to be memorized. One little girl wrote him recently that she had memorized a verse of his, and would be kinder to animals after learning what poor tramp Yellow dog said as he came to "Uncle Lucky's" house:

Tramp, tramp, tramp, I've been tramping all the day,
And I'm very, very tired, and my coat with dust is gray,
And I'm thirsty and I'm hungry, and a little lonely, too,
For though I am a Yellowdog, I'm feeling awful blue.

"There are a lot of things to be remembered if one is to entertain children successfully with stories," continued Mr. Cory. "They love dramatic effects, and because of this, and their demand for detail, it is necessary to have an elaborate background for the characters in their stories. I open one story with, first, a setting like a stage in old Snake Fence Corner,' near the brier patch, near by the 'Friendly Forest.' Adown the path through the 'Friendly Forest' the child, reading, can see his old friends, Squirrel Nuteracker, Little Beaver, Tommy Turtle, Old Uncle Bullfrog with his white waistcoat—all well described. I learned all of these things by observing my own children and other ones to whom I tell stories.

"I shall not attempt to keep up with my boys and write for them any more. When they were small they were interested in my stories and learned them by heart, but now I am glad to see that they are outgrowing them and that each has his own personality and activities. I would not want them to be just an echo of me. However, both of the boys are showing literary inclinations.

ONE WHO FAILED AT PLATTSBURG

Lost a $12,000 Job, But Finds Himself a Better Man Mentally, Spiritually, and Physically.

By an Unsuccessful Candidate.

I AM not going to get a commission here. When the lists are printed I shall be among those missing. I don't deserve a commission. If I did I would be made an officer. A man gets his due reward here at Plattsburg.

On the surface it would seem that I am simply out three months' time and a job. My job paid me $12,000 a year. I am 35, have worked hard, and been lucky in my connections. I won't get my job back. My successor is too firmly established. Besides, it wouldn't be fair for me to try to force him out. I've always tried to be fair. After three months of Plattsburg I couldn't help being fair.

Colonel J. A. Baer, our Adjutant, told us the other day that no man who failed to get his commission should feel disgraced.

"Not every man, no matter how brave and patriotic he is, can demonstrate military ability, any more than every man can be a surgeon or a theologian. You will all be graduates of this training camp, with due reason to be proud," said he.

Not only should we be proud, we should be grateful. Furthermore, every friend or relative of a man who goes through this camp, commission or no commission, should be proud and grateful, for further to quote Colonel Baer: "Every man who came to Plattsburg was ready to be of service and has been of service."

For our material losses, time, and money, we have received manifold compensation. Many a gilded youth has had $50,000 lavished on an education that didn't make him a man. Colonel Paul Wolf and Colonel Baer have been running the finest military school in the country next to West Point, but first of all they have been conducting a school for men.

What shall we do, those of us who have failed? Some of us will enlist, and, with our training here to aid us, overcome our deficiencies and be officers yet. Some will take civilian "war jobs." Others will go about fulfilling their civil and family obligations. The duty of citizenship was never stronger than it is now. Those who go back to civil life will have an immense advantage over their competitors. I believe Plattsburg has added ten years to my natural life. I know that it has put twenty-four hours more into each day. I now function fully, mentally, spiritually, physically for the first time in my life. I can accomplish steadily twice as much as I could before I came here. This may sound like exaggeration. Just remember that we have been tempered here in a furnace under constant forced draft, the useless burned away, the strengthened metal left.

Furthermore, everything I write about this camp and its benefits I have weighed and investigated. I have been trained to pick flaws and to voice complaints. Before Roosevelt put the word "muckraker" into the language, I was tearing a Southwestern town wide open with investigations and exposés. In college I narrowly missed expulsion because of a knack to excoriate with the written word. I was editing a university publication. Largely for the sake of the well-knit pointed paragraph, I gleefully wrote editorials that regularly caused meetings of the Board of Trustees. Now I know an exposé of Plattsburg would find a ready market in one of several anti-Administration publications, but there isn't anything to expose. I can't, for the life of me find anything to complain about here. Nor can the candidates. No grouch can live in a man breathing Lake Champlain air, permeated with the Plattsburg spirit. I cannot pick a single flaw in the conditions of training, healthfulness, comfort, cleanliness, or recreation here.

Many outsiders have remarked that we have too few regular officers as instructors, that the reserve officers can't possibly be thorough. They are, however. They have more than made good. All respect to the knowledge and efficiency of the regulars. It is an open question, however, if they could have done at this camp what the reserve officers have accomplished. Having come from civil life themselves the reserve officers understand at once the spirit and needs of the candidates who have just come from civil life, and how to get the best results with them.

Now for a somewhat detailed consideration of why those of us who get no commissions, but are nevertheless proud graduates of Plattsburg, have cause to be grateful. We have benefited profoundly under four counts—physically, spiritually, mentally, and socially.

Our bodies have been made stronger and better, from the soles of our feet to the crowns of our heads. No, even Plattsburg cannot cure baldness, dandruff, and stop that falling hair. But headaches have been eliminated and eyesight strengthened. I, personally, although subject in the past to periodic migraine, which sent me groping for my brown bottle of five-grain headache tablets have not had a touch of this while in camp. It's not because of not using my eyes, for we sometimes study a straight five hours. My vision has materially improved. I can now read on the test card the whole bottom line that was a blur before. Then as to feet: Hats off to the army shoe. I've some ten civilian pairs stored at my club, but I shall never wear a tight or narrow shoe again. As for digestion, it is sound and regular for the first time since my 'teens.

Like all my fellow-candidates, I have not had a drink since I came here. I haven't missed it. I'm off alcohol for good, too. Not even my favorite cocktail—half Bourbon, half Italian vermouth, no bitters—and it was not so long ago that it took three to make me really enjoy a dinner—can tempt me. Insomnia is banished. We have learned to sleep soundly from almost the instant we slip into our springless bunks, and cheerily to jump out of bed at a given minute. It used to take me forty-five minutes to dress for breakfast. I do it now in twenty, counting the shower, too. We have been taught muscular and mental coordination, and have been given endurance in no mean degree; witness our twenty-four-hour trick in the trenches in the rain, after which the men, 90 per cent. of them soaked to the skin, marched two miles home, the cadence 130 steps to the minute, and each company trying to outsing the next. Where else but Plattsburg could I have been put in such physical shape?

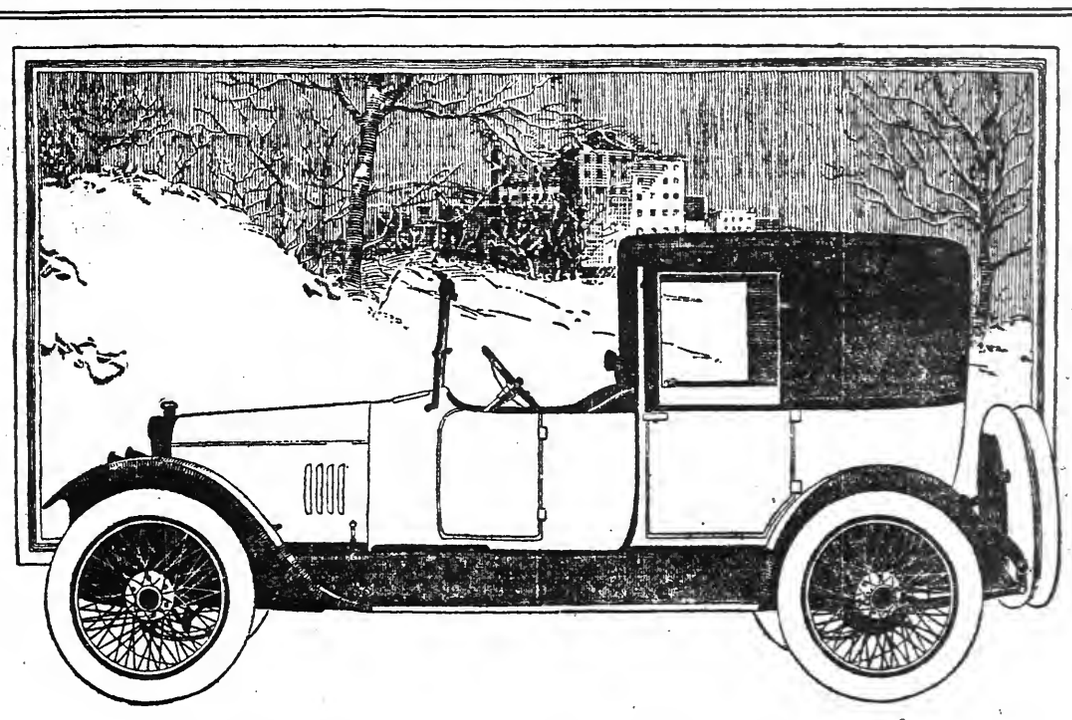
To live in and breathe in the Plattsburg spirit has been a privilege. It is a matter of fact spirit. I have never heard one man mention the sacrifices he made to come here. There is no talk of glory. It is a spirit of service. The fight is to keep the world worth living in. The war itself is devoid of romance, horrible beyond thought. But Plattsburg's natural beauty, the lake and the mountains, have helped keep the Plattsburg spirit high. Marching to mess these November mornings at 6, the candidate sees a chrome and crimson sunrise, and at evening a horizon bathed in rich purple, all helping him to realize that it is to preserve the appreciation of beauty of life in all its aspects that we are in the war. It was fitting that as we lay on our bellies, pumping ten rifle shots in a minute and ten seconds at cardboard semblances of German "feld grau" heads and shoulders at 300 yards, that the target range should have been framed in flaming, flaunting Autumn browns and bronzes, yellows and vermilions; back of this sharp blue ridges of the Adirondacks against white cloud banks. It made us realize that the world is too beautiful for men to permit the Hun to stamp out therein all faith and freedom, all honesty and fair dealing, all love of the truth that is beauty and the beauty that is truth.

But perhaps the most remarkable part of the Plattsburg spirit is the high moral tone of the camp. It simply isn't the thing to be a rounder here, or, what is even more surprising, to talk of having been one or of liking to be one. This is due to the influence of Colonel Wolf and Colonel Baer, and their astounding thoroughness in carrying out the orders of the Secretary of War in cleaning up Plattsburg. How they closed saloons and houses of bad reputation, how they drove out gamblers and peddlers of whiskey and bottle cocktails would make a story in itself. For when Colonel (then Captain) Baer started in to make the camp surroundings decent United States Avenue, on which the post borders, was reminiscent of old frontier days; the thoroughness with which these pitfalls were removed is an evidence of the Plattsburg spirit.

As for mental discipline, that is just what we have had here. Besides inculcating order in all things, it has given us all a mental alertness that few men can attain in four years of college. The high pressure does it. But we can stand high pressure. If I were 21, just out of college, and wanted to go into training for a big executive job in civilian life, I should want to come to a Plattsburg camp. You learn true organization here. This big camp runs more smoothly than many a single family. Remember that Colonel Wolf has the care of these 3,200 men twenty-four hours each day. He has a four years' course of military training to crowd into three months. Besides, he must feed, clothe, house the men, and keep them contented and diverted, and despite the crowded conditions maintain health and cleanliness, and, finally, keep the moral tone high. One learns here how it is done—not how to fill Colonel Wolf's job, for few other men could do what he does—but one gets insight into the job of organization, of planning and regulating and deputizing. Many a brilliant man who has failed as an executive because he could not organize and administer would pay dollars into the thousands for the training in organization which I, who have failed to get a commission, have absorbed here.

We have also learned to base our enthusiasms on fact. Bluff doesn't go in the army. In particular a man must not bluff himself, else he will hang himself. How many men in business are there, especially able salesmen and promoters, who have made a mess of things because they let their enthusiasm, their business emotions, run away with their judgment? Plattsburg would have taught them not to. We learn to think quickly and act quickly. But we learn, too, that we must have the facts beforehand, and we learn how to get them.

Socially, I have taken on stature, for I have become a better citizen, from living for three months with 130 men ranging from one of great inherited wealth and a college professor to a former traffic policeman and a whilom professional swimmer. All have taught me something. All have taught each other something. These officers' training camps are better democratizers than the national army camps, for those who take the leaven away from here possess more influence in their communities, generally, than the men from the draft camps, and will, accordingly, spread that leaven farther. Elbert Hubbard used to say that all men look alike in gym suits. Well, all men don't look alike in uniforms. Khaki brings out personality. The uniform and an ideal mode of life for all take away the adventitious advantages of birth or social connections. A man stands all by himself. The premium is on brains, and ability and the knack of judging and handling men. I am not in the premium class, but along with the others who won't get commissions I have learned a lot about men. I have learned to think more about my duty and less about my rights, and I am going away from here deep in debt to the Plattsburg training camp.



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JEWISH NATION NOT WANTED IN PALESTINE

The Views of Those Who Are Opposed to Zionism Expressed by a Leading American Rabbi.

By DR. SAMUEL SCHULMAN,
In The American Hebrew.

THOUGH I am not a Zionist, I naturally rejoice that great nations are willing to do something for Jews in Palestine. The declaration of Balfour, and the reports which latterly have come from across the seas, that there is a desire to realize the hopes of many Jews with respect to Palestine, naturally stir the imagination. Those who, during the last twenty years, have declared themselves non-Zionists, and who today cannot see their way to subscribe to the Zionist platform, still maintain their principles in the presence of this great impressive fact of history. The principle for which the non-Zionists contend remains with them as their guiding ideal with reference to the destiny of the Jews scattered all over the world.

I approach this event from the point of view of Judaism as a religion. I look upon the Jewish people as a spiritual entity, as the international synagogue. I would prefer "Israel" as the name for the Jewish people, because this name brings out best to my mind the implication of the great mission of our people in the world. And it also recalls the name which, in the course of the development of Jewish thought, was given by our rabbis to our people. They called it the Keneseth Yisroel, the Congregation of Israel. As such a spiritual entity, as such a Congregation of Israel, the Jewish people has, and ought to have, a home in all lands of the world. I therefore do not like the phrase, "a home land for the Jewish people," because such a phrase implies the idea of present homelessness of the Jewish people. It is very significant that in the statement attributed to Balfour there are two provisions, one referring to the protection of the rights of non-Jewish peoples in Palestine, and another emphasizing the importance of maintaining the civil and political rights of Jews in lands where they enjoy them. It is quite evident that the phrase, "home land for the Jewish people," evoked misgiving on the part of many Jews, and that, therefore, the last assurance in the quoted statement of Balfour is intended to meet this misgiving.

Jews as a Nation.

This misgiving is, of course, justified. The Jews in Western lands cannot for a moment grant the idea that they are without a home. The reason that the majority of Jews dwelling in Western lands and influenced by the thought resulting from the emancipation of the Jews in Europe and their complete citizenship in America have refused to entertain Zionism as an ideal is that they feel and believe that their position in the Western world depends upon their maintenance of the principle that they belong to the nation in whose midst they dwell, that they are whole-souled citizens of the State which expresses the sovereignty of that nation. They have always rejected as an aspersion, animated by anti-Semitic motives, the thought that they were aliens, that they did not belong wholly to the land or the nation of which they claimed to be part. The Jews in Western lands have said that Judaism is a religion for them, and that the whole meaning of the genius and individuality of the historic people of Israel is to be found in the distinctive Jewish religion, the ethical ideals and the hopes for the world and for the whole human race which this religion connotes. They have refused to acknowledge that Israel is a nation, in the accepted sense of the word, and, therefore, they do not aspire to the creation of a State which shall express such a secular nationhood. State sovereignty being at the present recognized as the supreme expression of a nation's life. The Western Jews do well in maintaining their position. They would make a great mistake in departing from it.

No matter how secure the rights of the Jews in Western lands now appear, (and if, as we hope and trust, the results of the Russian revolution will prove permanent, they will form the climax of the great emancipation movement which has brought free and equal citizenship and opportunities to the Jews,) the Jews in Western lands cannot conceal from themselves the sinister possibilities that may result from the emphasis of Jewish nationality. Anti-Semites all over the world may seek maliciously to emphasize for them their hyphenated nationality, whereas today the Jews in Western lands, in this country and in Europe, feel themselves to be whole-souledly nationals of the countries to which they belong by birth or by naturalization.

The Zionist Program.

The non-Zionists feel that Zionism, in accordance with its present definition as a movement to obtain a legally and publicly secured home for the Jewish people in Palestine, quite unnecessarily injects a philosophy of Jewish life, an interpretation of the meaning of Israel's existence in the world, into what should be a purely practical enterprise. If the Zionists consented to modify their definition they could very easily bring about union of Jewry and a greater co-operation on behalf of the work for Jews in Palestine than exist today. And I hope and trust that such modification will eventually take place.

If Palestine is to be given, it should be given to Jews, and not to the Jewish people. This may appear as a fine-spun distinction. But, as a matter of fact, it emphasizes a vital difference of principle. It is recognized that, at best, only from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 Jews could ever make this settlement of Palestine. The overwhelming majority of Jews would still remain outside of Palestine. Therefore, in thinking on the Jewish question, in formulating the Jewish ideals, one must envisage the whole of Israel, as it is scattered all over the world.

Jews in Palestine.

Jews who settle in Palestine, given local autonomy and enabled to unfold their life according to their traditions, religious ideas, laws, customs, and institutions, will work out their own salvation, and may prove a source of strength and fruitful influence for Judaism all over the world. Jewish history for the last 2,000 years proves how certain centres, because of the density of Jewish population and of the comparative freedom which they enjoyed as communities, influenced the whole world through the wealth of the life of the spirit, through the fruitful institutions they created, and through the great personalities which came to be recognized as authorities. Such an influential community can very well develop in Palestine under the new conditions, which such statements as those of Balfour promise. But it is for the Jews who live in Palestine to decide eventually their own destiny. Israel, as a whole, cannot be committed either to the doctrine that a new State in Palestine is the home land for the whole Jewish people, or even to the necessity of an independent Jewish State for the maintenance of Israel.

My conception of Israel is that of a great spiritual communion. To use a word familiar to the non-Jewish mind, and simply for the purpose of emphasizing its political and international aspects, I say that Israel is a great international "Church," as is, for example, the Christian Church, or more specifically the Catholic or the Protestant Church. These Churches have representatives in the nations and in the States of all lands. Their members are parts of these nations and these States.

And so I claim that Israel is such a Church, with a constitution peculiarly its own. The body of that Church is the historic people Israel. But to it men and women of any racial origin are welcome, because conversion of the Gentile has been the practice and the law of Jewry for over 2,000 years. I therefore hold, and I believe I fairly represent the non-Zionist attitude, that Israel does not emphasize its secular nationality, but rather its consecration to the God of Israel. It is a religious body and nothing else. In fact, Israel is the servant of God and of the religious ideas and of the moral and humanitarian ideals for which it lives in history. I use the word "servant" advisedly, because even when Israel was a people on its own soil, thousands of years ago, it did not develop that self-sufficient national consciousness which is the characteristic of modern nations and their interpretation of nationality. Israel is not self-sufficient. It does not exist for itself as an ordinary people. It is a servant of God. And its ethnic consciousness is a minor thing as compared with the God whom it serves.

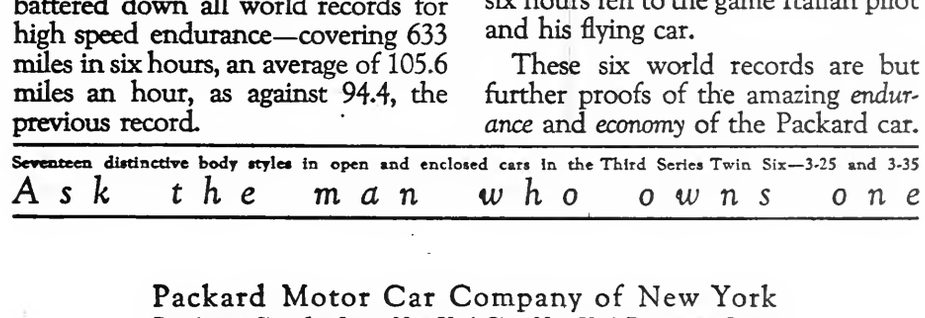
Jews Should Remain Scattered.

I therefore hold that the destiny of the Jew is to remain scattered all over the world. Not believing in a miraculous appearance of a Messiah, I consider the dispersion as final, and I interpret the great visions of our prophets in a purely universalistic spirit. The truth is that, if Israel's mission were fulfilled, if Israel's God-idea were realized, if men really believed in one God, there would be a united humanity today. As a matter of fact, religion is still too national, and there are almost as many gods today as there are nations and tribes. Israel's destiny is to be the great international spiritual force in the world, leading men to the pure monotheism which our propehts taught, and, at the same time, co-operating with the nations in whose midst it dwells and of which it is a part.

Anything that helps any sectior of Jewry naturally fills a Jewish heart with joy. The favorable consideration by the nations of the world of the possibilities of Palestine for some Jews should be received with gratitude. Every Jew believes in the right of Jews to migrate to any part of the world, because the earth belongs to God and not to any particular tribe. And if some Jews wish to build up a life in Palestine, because they feel that they will there find the best material and political conditions which will promote such life, it is good to see that mighty peoples are ready to favor and encourage their enterprise. But it must not be overlooked that only a definite number of Jews will live that life in Palestine. What they will do there is a matter that will concern themselves.

The Jewish community in Palestine, however, cannot be taken as the centre of the whole Jewish community in the world. The centre of Israel is something purely spiritual. It is its Bible, its inherited literature, which expresses the genius by which it lives. That centre it carries with it all over the world. Nor can Palestine, in any sense, be declared today as a home land for the Jewish people. The people has grown to a number too large for Palestine, and the people has grown in the spirit which has long ago transcended the confines of Palestine, or even the conception of any particular political organization. The Jewish spirit, with its monotheistic idea and with its great ideals for a united humanity, is a universal spirit, carried by the historic witness, Israel, whom God has chosen for the particular work of being His servant in the world.

To sum up, we rejoice in the good-will that is evidenced by the statement of the noble statesman, Balfour. But the phrasing is such an exact reproduction of the platform of Zionism, that we cannot entirely indorse it.



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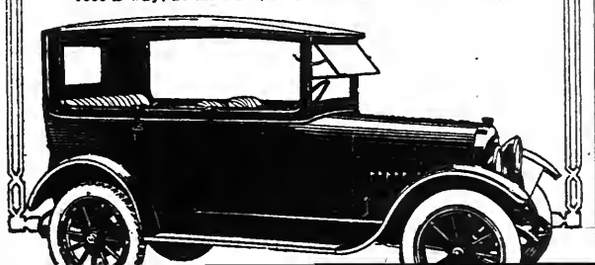

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66th St. and Central Park West.
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A Consignment from Mr. J. Macy Willetts, of New Marlboro, Mass.
Part of Mr. Willetts' Consignment as follows:

"MARGARETTA," Chestnut Mare, 15 Hands.
5 years old. A fine type of weight carrier. Has exceptionally easy gaits. Been ridden by a lady. Sound.

"DAWN," Bay Mare, 15 Hands.
Reg. name Memento's Pride, No. 2337. Sire Whitewall Fashion, dam Memento, by Polonius. Has won many prizes, single and double, and as wheeler in tandem driven by a lady. Gentle in all harness. Believed to be absolutely sound.

"ISLAND WITCH," Bay Mare, 15.1 Hands.
Reg. No. 2720. Sire Bagthorpe Sultan, dam Baleyon. Half sister to Champion 3-year-old at Madison Square Garden and full sister to Champion Stallion at Chicago last December. Has been shown successfully at the summer shows. Has been driven by a lady with Dawn, as a pair. Gentle in all harness. Believed to be absolutely sound.

"IMP ROYAL POLONIUS, 1915," Chestnut Stallion, 15 Hands.
5 years old. Sire Polonius, dam Puzzle. Won fourth at Madison Square Garden as a 2-year-old. Has sensational action, and with a little training should win in harness as well as hand. On his breeding alone should prove a great sire. Guaranteed sound.
Property of Mrs. N. J. Hess, of New York.

"BORGOND," Bay Gelding, 15.1½ Hands.
Registered thoroughbred. Sire Borgia, dam Rose of Ormonde. Foaled April 3, 1909. Blue Ribbon Winner at National Horse Show, Madison Square Garden, and one that will add to his laurels at next season's Horse Shows. His splendid action and speed are quality him to win in the road hack classes. Bold, yet kind and fearless. An ideal hack for park riding. Guaranteed absolutely sound. This horse has been backed in Central Park by his owner until her illness several months ago, which will prevent her from riding for some time to come.
Quotation from New York Herald November 14, 1917.
"Borgond has fine manners. N. J. Hess rode a thoroughbred whose manners helped him to win in competition for the Arabian Horse Club's medal for well trained saddle horses. Borgond is about the fastest trotting thoroughbred ever seen at the National Horse Show."
Property of Mrs. Lincoln Graham, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

"ONWAY'S OWN," Bay Stallion, 12 Hands.
5 years old. By Pride of Onway. This horse, with Pride of Onway, has just won 2nd in Tandem Pony Class at Madison Square Garden.

"PRIDE OF ONWAY," Bay Stallion, 12 Hands. By Berkley Bantam.
8 years old. This horse has won 1st in single harness at White Plains, Morristown, N. J., and twice in the Garden, and with his son, Onway's Own, won 2nd in the Pony Tandem Class at the recent National Show. He has proved himself a fine sire.
Property of M. A. Meeery.

2 VAUDEVILLE AND CIRCUS HORSES.
"PRES. WILSON," Sorrel Gelding, 15.3½ Hands.
"DIAMOND MART," Dark Bay, 15.2½ Hands.
For full particulars see Catalogue.

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MOTOR CAR CHANGES FOR POORER FUELS

Engineer Says That Increasing Gasoline Demand Makes New Carburetion Systems Imperative.

Radical changes in gasoline engine construction must be made in the near future if the war and commercial needs of the country, depending upon gasoline for fuel, are to be maintained at their highest efficiency, W. P. Deppé, a mechanical engineer, told the members of the Metropolitan Section of the Society of Automotive Engineers at their monthly meeting last week at the Automobile Club of America.

The problem of obtaining a reasonable amount of efficiency with the grade of gasoline now in use has already become sufficiently important to arouse the attention of the leading automobile engineers, and various methods of adapting the carburetion system to give maximum results with the low-grade fuels are being heralded with more or less success.

Mr. Deppé made no attempt to disguise the fact that the motorist will probably never again see the day of the high-grade gasoline which was so readily obtainable before the outbreak of the war. At that time this fuel for the internal combustion engine represented barely 5 per cent. of the entire crude oil production. The tremendous increase of automobile use in America supplemented in recent years with its demand for war uses has forced the oil refiners to use about 18 per cent. of the total production for commercial fuel. Naturally such a large percentage means poorer quality. This is the grade of gasoline that the automobile owner is now using.

This is a condition that must be recognized and met, said Mr. Deppé, by the automobile manufacturing industry. He did not stop there, but went so far as to affirm that by improved methods of carburetion design it would be possible to use as commercial fuel from 40 to 50 per cent. of the crude oil production.

Mr. Deppé based his main argument upon the necessity of obtaining an additional supply of gasoline fuel, not so much by conserving its use under existing methods, but by finding means to use a much larger proportion than is now available without any decrease in efficiency. Indeed, he showed that it would be possible to obtain greater efficiency with the lower-grade fuels.

"All cars now average about twelve miles per gallon of gasoline," said Mr. Deppé. "They can average from eighteen to twenty miles by better carburetion, using the low-grade fuels, representing about one-half gasoline and one-half kerosene. Trucks now average from four to five miles per gallon. They can be made to average from six to eight miles."

The crude oil production of the United States is now about 310,000,000 barrels. The present world's production is something less than 500,000,000 barrels. The demands upon America by our Allies, it was stated, indicate that for 1918 about 50,000,000 barrels are needed in excess of the annual production, and this will be obtained by breaking in on the storage supply. Of the 310,000,000 barrels production only about 50,000,000 to 55,000,000 barrels, representing 18 per cent., can be used as gasoline for motor engines.

"Over 5,000,000 motor cars, trucks, &c., of which over 4,250,000 are in use in this country, are the foundation on which is now built the transportation systems of the world," said Mr. Deppé. "Gasoline engines furnish the prime motive power for two-thirds of all the mechanical power now serving the civilized world. In addition, there will be supplied from this country about 30,000 airplanes, each of 200 horsepower or over, and using twenty gallons of high-grade gasoline per hour if they deliver anything like their horsepower. At an average of five hours service per day, here is an additional demand next year of 70,000 barrels of good gasoline per day, to say nothing of over 50,000 military trucks and thousands of commercial vehicles.

"We can no more cut down the use of gasoline engine vehicles than we could cut down the use of steam and electric car lines. A way must be found to make more commercial gasolines out of crude oils and also secure more useful work out of every gallon of oil now furnished, or we are going to get some unpleasant jolts in the near future."

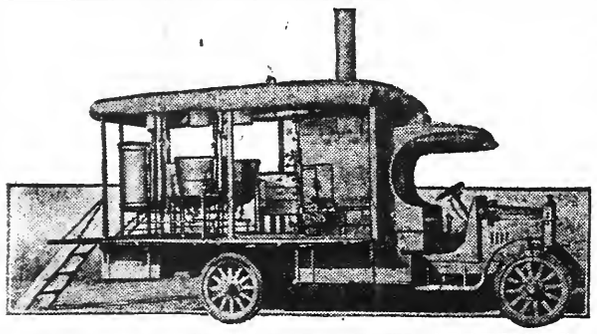
Divested of excessive technicalities, Mr. Deppé's explanation of the necessary engine design for the lower-grade fuels was substantially as follows:

The gas engine world using oils refined in high temperatures in the oil refinery is still trying to carburet such oils in low temperature carburetor methods, which means that wet mixtures of oil and air go into the cylinders, using the cylinders as inefficient vaporizers, and the flame spreads after ignition as the gasification means. This is too wasteful, and limits the ability to secure fuel economy in the engines and limits the oil refiner to the use of less than 20 per cent. of his crudes for motor fuels, instead of 40 to 50 per cent. of all his fuels.

The next great improvement in gas engines is to operate them as superheated gas engines, a method whereby the engines receive super-heated homogeneous fixed dry gases, before the ignition by spark. This sort of a fluid gas instantaneously flames completely at the moment of highest compression and before the piston has had time to get much past the top dead centre of compression stroke. Super-heated homogeneous dry gas methods of operating engines means that the world tomorrow with super-heated gas engines can use a mixture of present gasoline with present kerosene, half and half, which doubles motor fuels over night, in fact. Added to this is 50 per cent. or more of useful work per gallon of that hybrid mixture.

Further, it will enable oil refiners to triple the total volume of motor gasolines by the cracking methods which the Bureau of Mines has so carefully tested, to show the way for better utilization of crude oils in the refinery.

"We may shut our ears and say impossible, or that it cannot be done," added Mr. Deppé. "But what must be ultimately is simply to do these simple things. Because they involve large sums does not offer any valid reason why they cannot be done. Like Marshal Joffre's remark, gasoline saved Verdun—so it will be finally if we win this world's war. Car makers and gas engine men must recognize the necessity of changing their carburetion ideas. It will also mean that within four or five years all existing motor cars will be scrapped by wear and tear, and inability to use the low-grade fuels, and, like old clothes which have served us well, will be thrown away, but the metals will be available for new machines."



MOTOR KITCHEN FOR ARMY APPETITES.

Designed by a practical hotel man, this kitchen will serve a company of 250 men with hot meals in fifteen minutes. Mounted on a Sandow truck chassis, it was exhibited in this city by the L. & D. Motors, Inc., and was driven to Washington, where it is being tested by the War Department for prospective use in the various camps. It has a ten horse power steam boiler, two ninety-gallon kettles for soup or stews, and two fifty-gallon coffee urns.

JAPANESE USING MORE CARS

A garage in Osaka large enough to store several hundred cars is an indication that the demand for automobiles is on the increase in Japan.

"The houses are built so closely together that there is no room for private garages," says Y. Sugita, a graduate of the University of Chicago, who has just returned to this country from Japan, where he is the representative of a large American motor factory. "Whenever we sell a car we have to make arrangements to house it, so we keep it in our own garage, subject to the buyer's call, and furnish him with a driver whenever he wants to use his car. We also keep a corps of expert chauffeurs, who are hired by the hour by the motor car owners. This is necessary because the law makes it impossible for a Japanese to drive a car unless he has a chauffeur's license; and a man must be a skilled driver before the Government issues a permit.

"Were we to use American sales methods in Japan it would be hard to make a single sale. You Americans are accustomed to receiving literature on various products, follow-up letters and other sorts of mail advertising, and persistent personal calls. Were you to use these methods on a Japanese he would at once grow suspicious of your goods and would refuse to do business with you.

"Japan today is enjoying undreamed-of prosperity," added Mr. Sugita. "For the first time in our history exports are greater than our imports. All our arsenals are working day and night making munitions.

"For years Germany has done the bulk of the cotton goods business in China and India. Since the war Germany has been eliminated, and this market is ours practically without competition."

NEWS AND NOTES OF AUTO TRADE

The Studebaker Company is spending $2,000,000 for its new plant at South Bend, Ind., and is constructing in addition branch buildings in Portland, Ore.; Atlanta, Philadelphia, and Des Moines.

New prices covering the various models have been announced by the Apperson Brothers Automobile Company. The new Apperson eight, in either the seven-passenger touring car or chummy roadster model, now lists at $2,550, and the Apperson six, carrying either body, sells at $2,200.

J. S. Fickling, formerly Vice President and Superintendent of the Fickling Enameling Corporation, Long Island City, is a First Lieutenant in the Quartermaster's Department, and has been ordered to Washington preparatory to being placed in charge of a repair unit destined for France.

The Veile Company announces nine new models for single chassis. In the face of a shortage in materials and freight embargoes, the company has maintained production at a maximum, and is handling several large contracts for the War Department.

The Franklin Automobile Company announces that 25 per cent. of its production planned for 1917-18 is of the inclosed car type, indicative of the increasing popularity of the closed car.

The Air-O-Flex Automobile Corporation of Detroit has been organized, with a capital stock of $2,500,000, to erect a plant for the manufacture of motor trucks equipped with the Air-O-Flex suspension cylinders in place of springs.

Otis C. Friend, President of the Mitchell Motors Company, has resigned. His successor is D. C. Durland, who has been associated for twenty-three years with the General Electric Company. R. C. Rueschaw has resigned as Director and Sales Manager of the Reo Motor Car Company, and has become Vice President of the Mitchell Company.

The Moon Motor Car Company of St. Louis recently shipped ten Moon thousand-dollar cars to Tokio, Japan.

Seventeen and eight-tenths miles on one gallon of gasoline was recently made by a Maxwell one-ton truck in Detroit. The gross weight of the truck and load was 5,535 pounds. The record is believed to be the largest mileage on a gallon of gasoline by a truck.

An increase of more than $200 to the list price of the Cole Eight will go into effect on or before Jan. 1.

John F. Plummer, President of the Colonial Motors, Inc., announces the opening of a new service station at 239-241 West Fifty-sixth Street, for Liberty cars, in charge of Lee W. Beck.

Allen R. MacDoneid, formerly with the New York branch of the Stearns Company, has joined the Peerless sales force.

REPORT ON AUTO ACCIDENTS

Massachusetts Commissioner Finds Pedestrians Are Largely to Blame.

Some instructive facts regarding automobile accidents, which indicate that the carelessness of pedestrians is frequently the cause of the trouble for which motorists are more or less blamed, are given in the report for 1916 just issued by the Massachusetts State Highway Commission.

"The public has many erroneous ideas as to what causes automobile accidents," it says. "The impression gets abroad that most of the accidents are caused by reckless or drunken operators running at excessive speeds, and that many operators are never caught. These impressions are not correct in fact in any large proportion of the accidents. Out of the 675 cases examined the operators were believed to be intoxicated in 42 instances only, or in just about 6 per cent.

"Women are unusually careful operators, being involved in only 4 per cent. of all the accidents, although they constitute about 8 per cent. of the licensed operators. They were held 'not at fault' in seven out of eight fatal accidents.

"In the 265 cases in which 243 pedestrians and 22 others were killed, the pedestrian or other user of the highway was wholly at fault in 162 and partly to blame in 43. The operator was wholly at fault in 51 cases and partly to blame in 43. In more than half of all the cases in which pedestrians and other users of the highway outside of the motor vehicle were either killed or injured the accident would not have occurred if the ordinary precaution had been taken of looking before crossing.

"In 433, or in nearly two-thirds, of these cases, the motor vehicle was going at less than eighteen miles an hour, and in 218 was going at less than twelve miles. In 1915 there was one fatal accident for every 381 registered motor vehicles, while in 1916 there was one fatal accident for every 468 motor vehicles registered.

"The number of automobiles and trucks (in Boston) increased over 33 per cent. during the year, while the number of deaths caused by them only increased 7 per cent. and the injuries only 15 per cent. Taking the State as a whole, the increase in the number of fatal accidents caused by motor vehicles (including motor cycles) has not been nearly as great as the increase in the number of motor vehicles registered. The fatal accidents increased only 7 per cent., while the motor vehicles registered increased over 37 per cent."

In its 1916 report the Police Department refrained from tabulating the records showing the number of accidents and deaths due to the fault of the injured, but in its report for 1915 the figures showed that 90 per cent. of the accidents were attributable to the injured.

Electrics in England After War.

A demand for American electric vehicles in England after the war is predicted by Consul E. H. Dennison of Birmingham. "In the past," he says, "this type of car failed to obtain much popularity, but the scarcity and high price of gasoline and the difficulty of obtaining any of the ordinary liquid fuels have caused a change. When the war is over it is thought that there will be a large demand for the electric car. Several municipalities have been experimenting with heavy electric vehicles and obtained satisfactory results.

"A heavy car which runs between the towns of Smethwick, Dudley, and Kidderminster is supplied with electrical energy at a low cost. Birmingham is well situated from an electric-vehicle point of view. Not only is current cheap, but within a fifty-mile radius of the city there are twenty-two charging stations, apart from the seven stations within the city."

ADVICE FOR AUTOIST IN COLD WEATHER

Keeping Engine Warm the Great Necessity—Remedies to Prevent Freezing and Loss of Power.

By WILLIAM H. STEWART, JR.

The great danger in Summer is overheating, and the great danger in Winter is over-cooling. A few hints at the present time, just as Winter is approaching, should be noted.

Few motorists realize why an automobile engine does not pull well when cold. It must be understood that it is a heat engine and that it is the expansion of the burning gas in the cylinder which furnishes the power. The more this gas expands the more push or power the piston receives. The heat necessary for this expansion is produced by the burning of the mixture of gasoline and air after it is compressed in the cylinder. The temperature of the resulting flame is between 2,000 and 3,000 degrees Fahrenheit. Naturally this causes an enormous pressure on the piston, but if any of the heat is lost, and so is not used in expanding the gas, the resulting pressure drops with attending loss of power. When the engine is first started the cylinder head and walls are cold, likewise the valves and piston head, and the water in the cooling system. Most of the heat units must be lost in warming these parts, and so the engine lacks power.

This explains why the engine does not develop its full power until it has been run several minutes, the greatest efficiency being obtained when the engine is hot. Even with the most efficient systems the power loss approximates 50 per cent., which, unfortunately, is unavoidable with the internal combustion type motor.

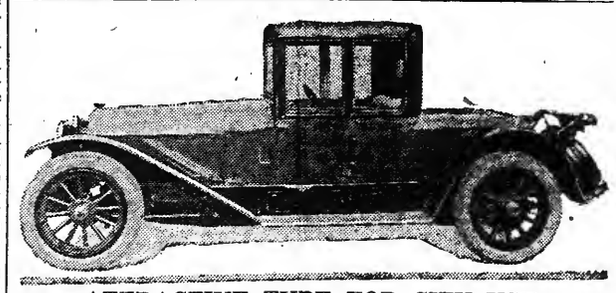
To prevent excessive loss at the start some systems use thermostats to control the water flow, preventing it from passing into the radiator until it has warmed the engine to the proper temperature. Others use a set of adjustable louvers in front of the radiator to allow sometimes more and sometimes less air to pass through the radiator. This may be an automatic control by thermostat or may be controlled by the driver from the seat. All these systems are designed to heat the engine rapidly at the start and so save time and gasoline.

It is evident that overcooling prevents the engine from developing its full power, thus wasting gasoline. In hill climbing the loss of power becomes more serious. If the car cannot make it in high gear the intermediate is used, running the engine at a more rapid rate than in high gear, and so wasting still more gasoline. Apart from this it delays the progress of the car, which is sometimes important.

Here is where a car with adjustable louvers has an advantage over one not similarly equipped. In cold weather the louvers may be very nearly closed, thus taking away a minimum amount of heat, watching carefully, of course, to see that no steam comes from radiator cap or overflow tube. If the radiator is not provided with adjustable louvers, use a piece of sheet metal, cardboard, or fibreboard, cutting off half, or more, of the radiating surface. Some drivers attach the strip in front of the radiator, but this detracts from the appearance of the car. Place it back of the radiator, but do not wire it to the tubes, as it will start them leaking sooner or later. Usually there are holes in the strip on which the hood rests which may be used, or holes may be made there without harm. The metal strip is apt to be noisy, cardboard is too readily broken, so that fibreboard would seem to be the best material. It may be obtained at large hardware stores.

To prevent freezing is also important. There are many auto-freeze preparations on the market, but they are apt to contain chlorine, which attacks the solder in the radiator, causing serious leaks to develop. Glycerine is sometimes used, but it rots the rubber hose at top and bottom of the radiator. Alcohol is the only substance which does not harm any part of the system, but it has its disadvantages. It lowers the boiling point of the water, and evaporates readily, so that more has to be added from time to time. Use about one-fourth alcohol for a climate like that of New York and about one-third for places further north. Add another pint occasionally.

Keep the car in a warm garage over night, not merely to prevent freezing but to make starting easier. Also blanket the radiator carefully, covering every part, as that is the most likely to freeze.



ATTRACTIVE TYPE FOR CITY USE.

Cabriolet body of special design for standard Locomobile "48" chassis. The inclosed top is collapsible, making it easy to transform the car into an open runabout. There is a folding seat for a third passenger inside. A disappearing seat in the rear makes it possible to carry two additional persons. Wheelbase, 143 inches.

GOOD SOUTHERN TOUR.

Comfortable 'Motoring to Pleasant Resorts as Far as Asheville.

This is the time of the year when the motorist turns his attention to the possibilities of Southern touring. The road tourist of the Automobile Club of America has just made a personal inspection of the routes to some of the popular resorts, extending as far as Asheville, N. C.

From New York to Perth Amboy, by way of Newark, the macadam is in good condition, but rather rough and worn through South Amboy. The surface is good brick and macadam to Keyport, excepting a short stretch of about 100 feet, which is as yet unfinished. Between Keyport and Matawan the road is rather rough, but from there to Lakewood good gravel is found with a few rutted sections through Freehold and Farmingdale.

The Lancaster Pike is in very good condition from Philadelphia to Chambersburg, with the exception of a few short stretches.

The road between Gettysburg, Penn., and Frederick, Md., via Emmitsburg, Md., should be avoided, as there is a poor detour at Emmitsburg.

The Shenandoah Valley is open and in good condition from Winchester to Staunton. From Staunton to Hot Springs, after the first eleven miles, the road is of dirt and red clay.

Leaving Staunton, an excellent macadam road runs east through Basic City and Rock Fish Gap to within five miles of Charlottesville, providing interesting scenery. From Charlottesville to about ten miles west of Richmond there is a graded clay road which is slippery in wet weather. The road between Charlottesville and Lynchburg is rough and in some places almost impassable.

From Greensboro, through Kernersville to Winston-Salem, the road is hard surfaced. The new macadam road between Greensboro and High Point, N. C., is a credit to that section, being one of the best pieces of highway construction in the Southern States.

From High Point there is a fair sand clay road through Lexington and Yadkin to Spencer, succeeded by fairly good macadam to Salisbury, and a new concrete and macadam seven miles beyond Salisbury, followed by a short, rough stretch of stone road into China Grove. The next six miles is fair sand clay to Kannapolis, then good macadam to Concord, and the remainder of the road to Charlotte is hard surface. From that point south to Belmont the road is twenty feet wide.

From Belmont through McAdenville, Lowell, and Gastonia to Bessemer City a fair sand clay road leads to Kings Mount. The next fifteen miles to Blacksburg is a graded clay, with some rough stretches, and the same condition is found through Gaffney, Cowpens, and Converse to Spartanburg, S. C.

The best way to reach Asheville, N. C., is to follow the trunk line through to Greenville, then take the Saluda-Hendersonville road to Asheville, as the Hickorynut Gap route from Salisbury has some bad stretches and in wet weather would be impassable.

LESS FOOD, MORE WEIGHT.

Twelve Factory Workers Are Put Through Conservation Test.

An interesting experiment in food conservation has been worked out by one of the large rubber companies toward solving the problem of lower cost of living with no impairment of physical vitality. A diet squad was formed of twelve employes, six men and six women, each representing a different weight class.

For the first week the squad was allowed no choice in the selection of food. The company's dietitian had worked out a series of menus, based on the calorific value of the foods used. No eating between meals was allowed and candies and sweetmeats were barred. At the end of the first week each person was weighed and the physical condition noted. For the second week the members selected their own food. The weights and physical condition were again taken and compared with those of the first week.

The test proved a complete vindication for the application of conservation methods, from the standpoints of both health and economy. A compilation of results showed that during the first week, with the food prescribed by the dietitian, the squad gained in weight and maintained normal health at a cost of $3.25 per person. At the end of the second week, with each person selecting his own food, the squad lost in weight, and at a cost of $4.28 per person.

TRANSPORT COMMITTEE.

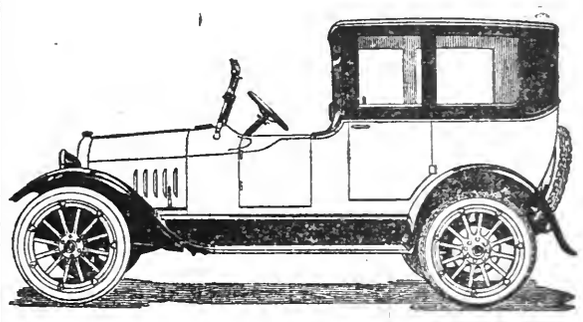
Will Aid Government in Planning Long-Haul Trucking.

R. D. Chapin, Chairman of the Good Roads Committee of the A. A. A. and Vice President of the Lincoln Highway Association, has been appointed Chairman of the Highway Transport Committee. The committee has been appointed by Daniel Willard, chairman of the Transportation Committee of the Council of National Defense, to consider the problems involved in long-haul motor truck transportation.

The other members of the committee are L. W. Page, director of the Office of Public Roads of the Department of the Interior; H. G. Shirley, chief engineer of the State Road Commission of Maryland, and G. H. Pride of New York City.

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR

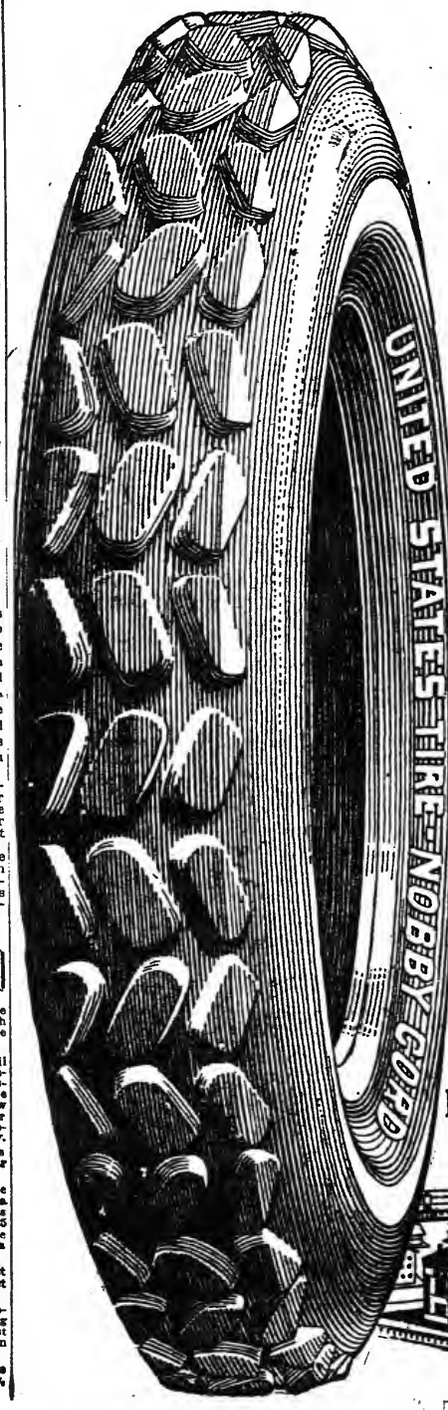
Exclusive Landaulet and Limousine bodies on Dodge Brothers Chassis are on display this week in our new salesroom.

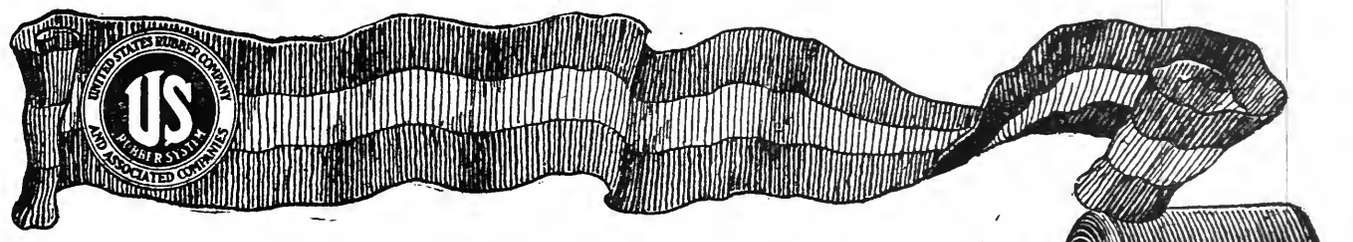


Colt-Stratton Company

1847 Broadway, at 60th St. Phone Columbus 7101

Open Evenings





Increased Speed in Transportation of Nation's Products—Today's Problem

New Speed Factor Enters Field of Transportation

You can sell your product—but can you deliver it?

Give us delivery—that is the cry.

Speed—speed—speed—wanted, demanded and insisted upon as never before.

And here is the solution of the problem of increased speed in truck deliveries.

Today it is an acknowledged fact that motor trucks equipped with our Cord Pneumatic Truck Tires can be operated at a greatly increased speed with absolute safety and economy.

Increased speed means increased deliveries for long and short hauls—and also lower delivery cost.

In every way the new revolutionary United States 'Nobby' Cord Pneumatic Truck Tire goes to the heart of the nation's vital transportation problem—makes it easier, cheaper, quicker for you to fulfil your transportation obligations.

* * * * * * *

Some trucks can't use pneumatic tires, but eighty per cent. can—can yours?

If yours can, you can save money on gasoline, oil and truck upkeep, and at the same time increase your truck efficiency.

About sixty per cent. of commercial cars today use pneumatic tires—of woven fabric construction—and United States Woven Fabric Pneumatic Tires have made a phenomenal record—just as United States Solid Truck Tires have made such phenomenal records on the other forty per cent. of commercial cars.

But the next logical step in truck tire evolution is our 'Nobby' Cord Pneumatic Tire, the answer in economy, speed and resiliency.

While the United States 'Nobby' Cord Pneumatic Truck Tire is new on the market, it has been tested for many years, and has been tried and proved under conditions far severer than those in practical use—with startlingly satisfying results.

Recently an Army transport expert put a set of these tires (36 x 7) on a ton and a half motor truck, with an overload of a ton and a quarter, making two and three-quarters tons in all.

He drove this truck under army conditions 4,288 miles over the most difficult part of the American continent—where there were roads, and where there were no roads.

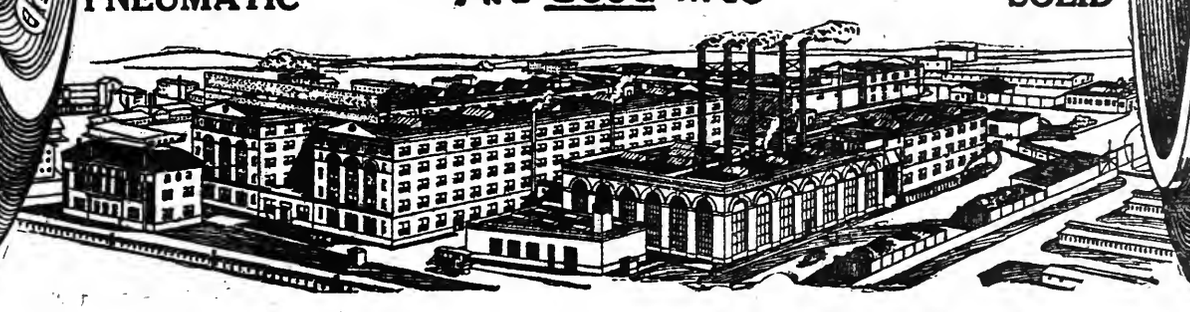
With this result—he averaged seven miles per gallon of gasoline; thirty-three miles per quart of oil;

—and at the end of the trip the truck was still in practically as good condition as when it started.

See the nearest United States Truck Tire Dealer or the nearest United States Tire Service Branch. The truck tire expert will tell you. If there is no dealer near you write us, sending make of your truck and the capacity—1790 Broadway, New York.

United States Truck Tires

PNEUMATIC Are Good Tires SOLID



BARNARD STATUE STILL UNDER FIRE

THE REV. DR. JOHN WESLEY HILL, Chancellor of Lincoln Memorial University, was recently a speaker for the Liberty bond issue in Illinois. He came in contact with many Springfield citizens who had known Abraham Lincoln well. From them he heard unanimous disapproval of the Barnard statue. John W. Bunn, President of the Springfield Marine Bank, is quoted by Dr. Hill as follows:

"I came to Springfield in 1847, when I was 16 years old. I knew Mr. Lincoln from that time until he was elected President and went to Washington. I saw him continually in those years, and knew him intimately and well. I last saw him on Christmas before his death. I consider the Barnard statue an outrage. No one who knew Mr. Lincoln could possibly feel satisfied with it. It does him absolute injustice. It is incredible that it could be sent abroad as the American idea of Mr. Lincoln."

At a dinner given by the Trustees of Memorial University last week, ex-Senator Towne offered resolutions which were passed, including the following:

Nothing can so inspire the minds and souls of men with a passion for regulated political liberty as the study of the history, personality, and achievements of the Great Emancipator. Such study would be vastly stimulated by erecting at appropriate places, in countries sincerely attempting the realization of democratic ideals, statues of Lincoln which, heroically proportioned and essentially faithful in personal portraiture, shall yet, in bronze or marble, obedient to the interpretative insight of inspired artistry, exhibit the real Lincoln, not a caricature, and make manifest to men of distant lands and future ages something of the spiritual beauty, of the intellectual power, of the natural dignity, of the depth and clarity of vision, of the gently compulsive but irresistible force of character, of the measureless magnanimity, of the infinite sympathy, of the high serenity, of the simple and unswerving faith, of the absolute justice, of the sense of consecration and dedication to inevitable duty, which they saw and felt who knew and loved him, and which his life and death exemplified.

It is the sense of this meeting, comprising Americans of various callings and divergent political opinions, that the Chancellor and Board of Directors of Lincoln Memorial University may well find it germane to the splendid educational program they are basing upon the character and example of Abraham Lincoln, to undertake the organization, co-ordination and direction of efforts, whether individual, co-operative or public, to cause statues of the kind hereinbefore described to be erected in the capitals of all the nations associated in the sublime crusade to make the world safe for democracy.

Francis Grierson proposed that Chancellor Hill be appointed a national censor and general custodian of the plans, lines, proper figures, postures, &c., showing how Lincoln should be presented to the people of Europe or any other country.

The Awkward Squad.

A Sergeant was drilling an awkward squad.

"Company! Attention, company; lift up your left leg and hold it straight out in front of you!"

One of the squad held up his right leg by mistake. This brought his right-hand companion's left leg and his own right leg close together. The officer, seeing this, exclaimed angrily:

"And who is that blooming galoot over there holding up both legs?"—Chicago News.

The Terrible Boy.

Visitor—At what time do you have dinner, my little friend? Terrible Boy—Soon as you've gone.—Christian Register.

SWISS TRAP A GERMAN SPY.

Sommers Collected Agents Whom He Sent to France for Information.

GENEVA, Oct. 31. (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Switzerland's most notorious spy has been sentenced to five months' imprisonment and a fine for his activity on behalf of Germany. He is Baron Heinrich von Sommers, alias Dr. Henry F. Somerset. His expulsion from Switzerland for two years has been ordered.

His case not only is interesting because of the audacity of his work but because for almost three years he posed as an American, managed to induce two United States Embassies to give him American passports, and almost got another from a third embassy. He has been a German since a clever clerk discovered the fraud he was perpetrating, and, in the former American Embassy in Berlin, took away from him the passport he had wheedled out of the American Embassy in Rome.

Since shortly after that time Somerset, or von Sommers, or Van Siemers, as he sometimes was called, has been in Switzerland, whither he came armed with German papers, and after unsuccessfully offering his services as a spy to both the French and the English, has, as his trial revealed, been working for the German Government.

Sommers's business had been to collect and train Swiss agents to send to France, where they were to gather as much military and political information as possible, while Sommers remained in Geneva and kept track of returning repatriates and obtained all the information possible. Information obtained in either way would be carried to Zurich by one of the trio and sent over into Germany by underground means.

Sommers, however, made another mistake. He picked the wrong man in his search for agents. That man, a news dealer, pretended to agree to his plan, even accepted money from him, and then told the police. Thus the Swiss got him and have made him harmless for a while.

SCIENTIFIC FISHERMAN.

He Discovers a Way to Catch Essex County's Big Bass.

A little body of water in Essex County, in the Adirondack Mountains, has long been known by the guides to contain exceptionally large black bass of the small-mouthed variety, but until quite recently no fish of large size had been taken.

A few weeks ago a stranger to the guides in the vicinity visited Lake Bixby, as the pond is called, and brought into camp a string of bass which literally astonished the natives. Before returning to civilization the stranger partly revealed his secret. He explained that on a previous visit he had caught a two-pound bass with a conventional lure, and had carefully subjected it to an autopsy, in order to identify its favorite food. He became satisfied that the fish preferred a certain kind of beetle, and this year's experience convinced him that his conclusion was correct.

Unless the curious fisherman is mistaken, the capture of bass in the deep and cool Adirondack lakes will be less difficult than formerly, as it is claimed that the beetle is obtainable without great trouble.—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

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But it takes an expert to do it—to determine the proper slow rate of charge to begin with, then to speed up the charge as the battery is able to take it.

Recharging is only one phase of the battery service we're offering car owners, but it's an important one.

And don't forget that a Still Better Willard and Threaded Rubber Insulation means less liability to battery trouble of any kind.

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EAST STATION: 216 East 54th St. 9270 Plaza.
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DELMI CO., Inc.
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MOTOR CHANDLER CARS

Chandler Model '17 Sedan, slip covers, new tires; guaranteed.

Chandler Model '17 Conpe, like new; run 300 miles.

Chandler Model '16 and '17 7-pass. Touring; overhauled and refinished; guaranteed.

Chandler Model '17 4-pass. Runabout. Overhauled, painted and guaranteed.

Oakland '16 Little Six, in A-1 condition.

Hudson 1914, Model 54, 7-pass. Touring; fine condition; will consider offer.

Pullman 1916 Runabout; extra shoe; fine shape; $300.

Renault 1909 Limousine in good shape; good tires; $200.

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Chandler Model '16 Landaulet, overhauled and guaranteed.

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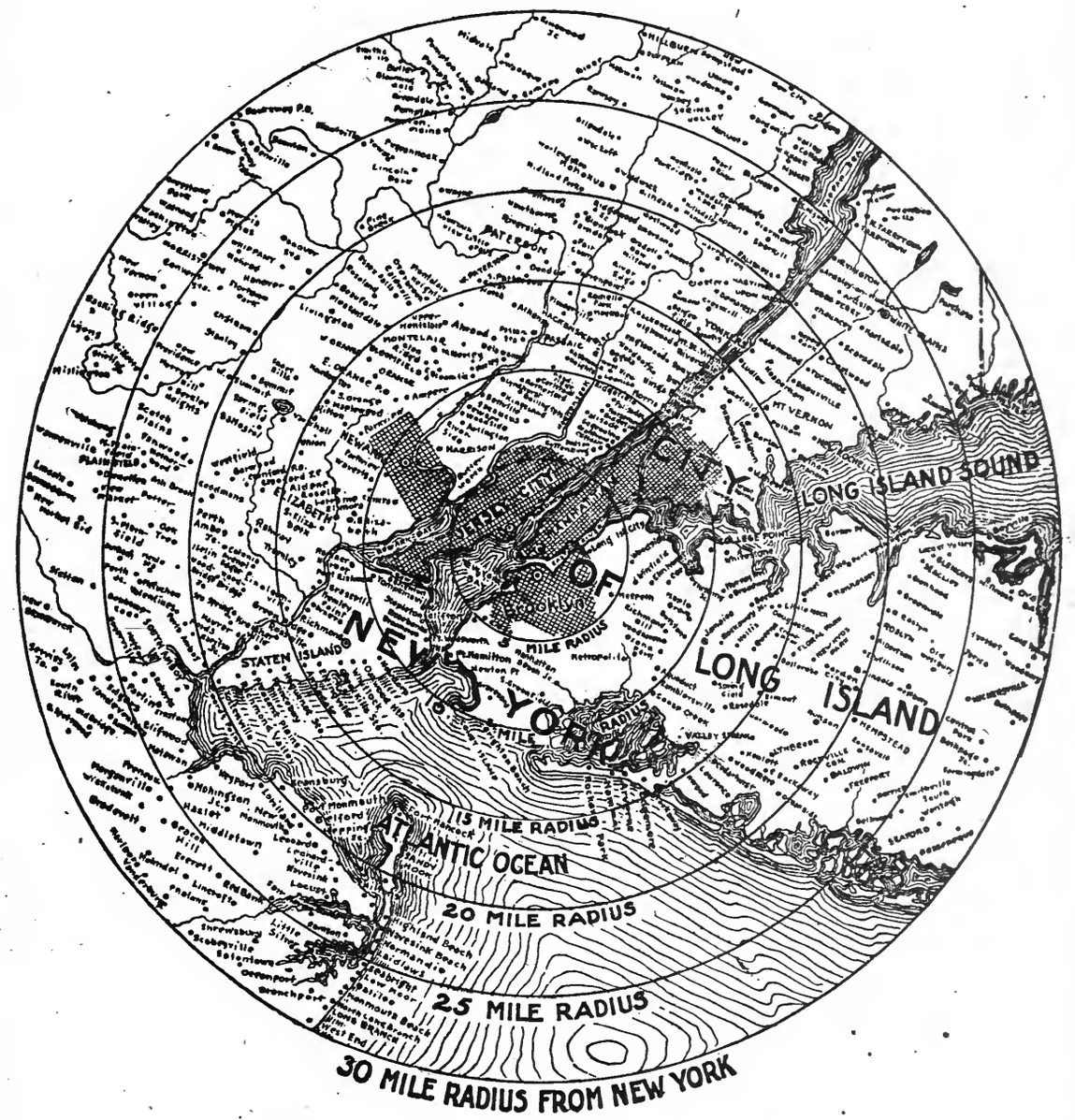

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ARE YOU READY

If not, buy or hire sufficient teams or motor trucks to handle your business in this transportation crisis.

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THE AUTOCAR COMPANY, Ardmore, Pa.
Manufacturers of "The Autocar Motor Truck"
New York Factory Branch—553-557 West 23rd St.

BYNG OF CAMBRAI

Seventh Son of an Earl, Commander of Canadians at Vimy, Now Leads Biggest British Smash of War.

GENERAL, the Honorable Sir Julian Hedworth George Byng, K. C. B., K. C. M. G., who has won the honor of being mentioned in the official dispatches as the General in charge of the great drive of the British toward Cambrai, is a member of the "new school" in the British Army. Whether or not it is true that General Byng is the original of "Colonel Rendezvous," the apostle of efficiency and national service in "Mr. Britling Sees It Through," an "apostle of efficiency" General Byng has always been. His army record has been one of steady successes, unmarked until now by any sensational acquisition of fame. He has been none the less popular among his men for the strictness of his insistence on discipline. He has moved ahead very quietly, training men and leading them. "The very best type of soldier," a young British officer here said of him, adding: "And outside the army no one has ever heard of him."

"Bingo Byng," they call him in the army. The Canadians whom he led at Vimy Ridge frankly adore him. They are throwing their hats into the air because of Bingo Byng's drive at Cambrai. Yet it is General Byng who insists that his men polish the backs of their buttons and the nails on their boots. No leader has been more insistent than he on discipline which, to the uninitiated, must seem like discipline for discipline's sake. He is one of the men who, in training the new armies, has made successful the system of "parade in the morning, parade in the afternoon, parade in the evening." For more than a year he commanded the splendid Canadians, with whom he has always been so popular, and an unconscious commentary on his system of training may be found in Major Eric Fisher Woods "Notebook of an Intelligence Officer" on the matter of discipline:

"The Canadian troops when they first went to Europe were ineffective and vulnerable because they did not sufficiently appreciate the value of rigid and punctilious discipline. They did not lack courage or initiative, but these qualities, to have military value, must be co-ordinated by strict discipline. Today, having learned their lesson from experience, that most terrible of all teachers, the Canadians welcome the sternest discipline; and since they combine with this the will to use the bayonet they are now among the most effective troops in Europe."

The Hon. Sir Julian Hedworth George Byng is the seventh son of the Earl of Strafford. As a young man he entered the army with a commission in the 10th Hussars, and with that regiment he served in the Sudan campaign in 1884 and won distinction in the South African war, where he was promoted to be Colonel of his regiment. In 1902-4 he commanded the regiment. After that he became head of the Cavalry School at Netheravon, Salisbury Plain. He was made a Major General in 1909, and since 1914 he has been a divisional commander.

It was at Netheravon that he began to be most definitely recognized as one of the "new men," the type of the "new tradition" that the South African war brought to the British Army. Before that time, as an English student of his country's affairs pointed out when talking of General Byng, the tradition of the British Army centred in India, and Rudyard Kipling was its poet laureate. Since the beginning of the present century the tradition of the British Army has found its centre and its expression in Aldershot, the place where men are trained. Sir Douglas Haig and the other "new men" are men of that tradition. It is a tradition of rigid—and to the outsider inexplicable—discipline. Under this discipline, as distinguished from the kind of training that the laymen might possibly call more "practical," the men parade and parade and parade and "form fours." They learn to respond automatically to directions, to obey orders unfallingly even in the midst of unspeakable confusion and horror, to be perfect in their mastery of detail.

"A man isn't prepared for a battle when he is taught things that depend on his thinking," a British officer said. "In battle the soldier can't think. He must be able to do the right thing without thinking. That is the reason for the discipline that men like Byng stand for, as opposed to the other type of training. If you need any argument for the excellence of the kind of discipline and training obtained at Aldershot and Netheravon, which made the little British Army absolutely second to none in efficiency, you can find it in the mere fact that when the new armies were trained in the midst of this war they were trained in just that same way. That is how Byng trained his Canadians. And look at those Canadians! There's nothing to beat them.

"Byng was in charge at Vimy Ridge," the officer added, "and he certainly ran that show well!"

In this war General Byng has had a notable record of success. After being with the early British Expeditionary Force in the battle that began before Antwerp, he was placed in command of the Third Cavalry Division that made the stand before Ypres, protected the Belgian withdrawal, and thrust back the Germans for the first time in what was to have been their "march to the sea." In the official reports at that time General Sir John French stated that the troops under General Byng "were repeatedly called upon to restore situations at critical points and fill gaps in the line caused by the tremendous losses which occurred." In recognition of his work at that time, which had been highly praised by the Commander in Chief, General Byng was made a Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George.

In 1915 he was sent to the Dardanelles in command of the Ninth Army Corps, succeeding General Stopford at Suvla Bay, and he took part in the later stages of the Gallipoli campaign. In May, 1916, he was placed in command of the Canadian Corps on the western front.

It was under General Byng that the Canadians performed their great part in the battle of the Somme, and effected the brilliant capture of Vimy Ridge last April. Last June, when General Sir Henry Edmund Allenby was sent to Egypt, General Byng succeeded him in command of the British Third Army.

"He has never been a gallery player at all," an officer said of him, "yet with his Third Army he has led one of the most sensational surprise attacks of the war."

General Byng is the second British commander thus to be mentioned in the official report from the Field Marshal's headquarters. The first General thus honored was Sir Herbert Charles Onslow Plumer, to whom, by name, Sir Douglas Haig gave first credit for the Mesaines Ridge advance in June.

It was explained that the reason General Plumer was especially mentioned in the report was that he had himself originated and perfected the plan and preparation of the attack. It is a not unnatural inference that the idea of the tank onslaught, and the marvelous secrecy that preceded the sudden action of last Tuesday, may be due to General Byng himself.

General Byng is 55 years old. His wife, who was Miss Marie Evelyn Moreton before her marriage in 1902, is well-known in England as a novelist. His grandfather, the first Earl of Trafford, was a noted English Field Marshal.

RADICAL SUFFRAGISM IN MRS. HUMISTON CHARGE

To the Editor of The New York Times:

UNFORTUNATELY, Mrs. Humiston once was right. This lends a certain authority to whatever outrageous statements she may be pleased to fling before a startled world. On the whole, considering this, the newspapers have not given too much credence to her wild talk, and they have rebuked her, not very sternly, with considerably more patience, on the whole, than she deserved; but, none the less, rebuke her they did. Now, there is just a possibility that there will be people who look upon this outbreak of Mrs. Humiston as the mistake or misfortune of an individual, but to me it is symptomatic of the attitude of the radical wing of the suffragists which is fast mounting into the saddle. It is but one more evidence of that same spreadhenism which I have so often in the past had occasion to point to and to describe, and for which I even went so far as to coin the phrase. It was to combat this tendency on the part of women to overpraise women, and undervalue men, that half a dozen years ago I wrote "The Dominant Sex," although, in all humility, I must admit that my literary effort made no perceptible inroads. If anyone doubts that spreadhenism is a serious handicap to clear thinking, let him or her attend several meetings of clubwomen, and bask in the sun of self-praise that shines from the platform.

Only a few weeks ago at a large women's meeting at the City Hall I heard a prominent suffrage leader speak about the necessity of "protecting our girls from the soldiers." I confess that such language made my blood boil, and I wanted to get up and rebuke the speaker, but I already had been on my feet several times protesting at one thing or another, and I did not wish to appear to be "running" the meeting, so the lady went unreproved, nor did I hear any indignant comments. I could not at the time help wondering that if this was the kind of thing women were thinking about their own army, what language would be left them if the enemy should ever reach this soil? I wanted so much to cry out, "It is an insult to the men of our army to say we must protect our girls from them; what we need is to protect our soldiers from the women." The truth is that every soldier is in danger from women who prey upon them professionally, and that not one decent, self-respecting girl has anything to fear from any man in the United States uniform. I only wish, oh, how I do wish, that some one could get it into the heads of the women that men on the whole are as strongly opposed to violation as women are. I am sure that if it could be proved that a soldier had forced a woman his life would not be safe among his comrades. Here and there are vicious men, just as here and there are women panderers, but the time has come when women, if they are going to take their new citizenship seriously, must face the truth that virtue is of no one sex; that the majority of men are not beasts, nor the majority of women angels.

For many years I have fought the placing of the ballot in the hands of the women, not so much because of the actual voting, as from a dread of the inroads of a dangerous sentimentality which refuses to face life as it is, which perslats in regarding women collectively as of a higher, finer fibre than men; which credits them with higher aspirations, control, and ideals. This smugness, this spreadhenism will play a devastating part in the life of America if it is to have its way unchallenged. If women are to hang together because they are women, if women are to refuse to listen to the truth from men, if women are to continue in their vicious course of "raising the age of consent," encouraging more legislation like the Mann law, legitimatizing children born out of wedlock, making the fathers support their illegitimate children, in short, making this country one delightful paradise for the feminine blackmailer, if the women are going to vote solidly for the men who will meekly do as they are told, if they are going to pester and nag every one who dares to differ with them, we shall certainly rue the day when we ever began seriously to heed their clamor.

Now if there is any one thing that will unite all the former anti-suffragists is the necessity to combat any sign of "sex antagonism," and if again we are asked what is this "sex antagonism" we have been talking about, the existence of which the suffragists have so indignantly denied, we need only point to Mrs. Humiston and we shall at last be understood. For after all this thing is very difficult to combat and it goes very deep. It is astounding how sure the suffragist is that women, once they can vote, will vote themselves free from prostitution, free from drunkenness, free from evils of all sorts. I cannot get my suffrage friends to realize that women will not turn about and rend Tammany, even those whose sons and husbands have Tammany jobs. It is enough for these good souls that they are "women," ergo they must have been waiting impatiently all these years to rise up in their might and strike wrongdoing wherever it lifts its head. They may have been poor wives, lazy, indifferent housekeepers, neglectful and stupid others, but are they not women and therefore certain to want only the finest and best of ideals to hold away? The woman can do no wrong!

Some day the sanity, the balance, and clear-cut vision of the former anti-suffragists will be appreciated. We have always said that sex should not be confused with class, that there were no interests which concerned women that men were not equally concerned in, that women are mothers to their sons, and men fathers to their daughters, and that it was shameful and dangerous to permit feminists to keep pounding away into the minds of women that they need to protect themselves against men as a whole. I am quite sure we will not permit ourselves to be taught good citizenship by women, we shall not put sex above country, we shall not take our mental food with a feministic twist. We shall get advice from such men as we have the greatest individual confidence in, we shall vote as those individuals vote, we shall do our share in preventing a wave of hysterical spreadhenism from sweeping over this country. Alas, it is no light task we have dedicated ourselves to! Already we see the danger of the current false attitude, the American attitude of blind sentimentality in the Government announcement that while male Germans are to be registered and carefully watched, these laws will not be enforced in the case of women.

Already it looks as if in this land of ours no woman can do wrong. God help us.

ANNIE NATHAN MEYER.

"Exide" Battery Service

THE GIANT THAT LIVES IN A BOX

When you put up your car for the winter, do not neglect your battery. The "know how" sort of storing and care of your battery will save you disappointment and a repair bill in the spring.
Bring your battery to us for storage, or if you intend using it through the cold months, let us inspect it now and give you advice as to its proper care.

Batteries called for on request at a small additional charge.

All makes—All cars
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JERSEY CITY DISTRIBUTOR: Hudson County Storage Battery Co., 676 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J. Telephone, Bergen 4987.

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BROOKLYN DISTRIBUTOR: Martin Evans Co., 1186 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone, Bedford 3400.

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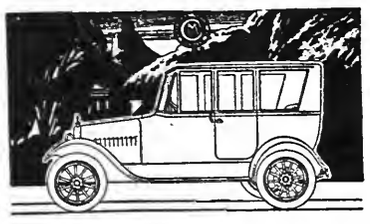
A SEDAN THAT MEETS EVERY WISH IN A CAR



It is both a man's car and a woman's car—this Chalmers. For it has the power a man likes, and the conveniences a woman adores.
Cold? Pull up the sashes all around.
Warm? Put down the sashes. One compartment to seat six under one roof. Thus a *familia* automobile.
It's easy on tires, easy on gas, easy on oil, and easy on the driver's nerves, because it handles light, drives straight, swings a corner with grace, and accelerates with amazing speed.
A car that is never out of season, and therefore has little depreciation.

Note how low the price.

TOWN CAR, 7-PASSENGER	$2925	*CABRIOLET, 6-PASSENGER*	$1775
TOWN CAR LANDAULET	3025	*LIMOUSINE, 7-PASSENGER*	2925
TOURING SEDAN	1950	*LIMOUSINE LANDAULET*	3025

ALL PRICES F. O. B. DETROIT

CHALMERS SALES COMPANY, Inc.
Main Office and Sales Room, 1828 Broadway, at 60th St.

New York Service Station, 453 West 167th St. Phone Audubon 7863.
Brooklyn Sales Room, 1184 Bedford Ave. Phone Bedford 5562.
Brooklyn Service Station, Bergen St. & Franklin Ave. Phone Prospect 5592.
Bronx Sales Room, R. B. V. Motor Sales Co., Inc., 2406 Grand Concourse, Phone Fordham 738

—Act quickly Man
—Bargains are being forced on you
—And you don't know it
—Next Spring you'll wish
—You had had the foresight
—But your hindsight won't
—Do you any good
—Everything on this earth
—Has gone up in price but

USED AUTOMOBILES

—And they would not have hesitated
—If it were not that this is the
—Tail-end of the season
—And the shortage of storage space.
—Look these prices over
—There isn't a chance
—Of your duplicating them
—Next Spring
—And don't fool yourself
—You've got to have a car.

1917 Ford Limousine Land.	$495
1917 Hupmobile Touring. Victoria top. Slip covers.	$950
1916 Oldsmobile Town Car.	$1000
1915 Cadillac. 8-cylinder, 7-passenger, touring.	$650
1916 Overland Touring. Newly painted; very good condition.	$350
1916 Oldsmobile Touring.	$700
1916 Pullman Limousine. Wire wheels, electric starter, lights.	$300
1914 Packard 6-48 Touring. 7-passenger.	$685
1916 Stutz 4 Pas. Bulldog. Wire wheels; excellent condition.	$990
1913 National 4-Pas. Tour.	$355
1914 Locomobile 6-48 Tour. 7-passenger, left-hand drive.	$400
1917 Jeffrey Touring. Less than 5,000 miles; newly painted.	$550
1917 Maxwell Touring. Almost like new.	$390
1913—37 Hudson Touring. 5-passenger.	$165
1916 Buick Small Six. 5-passenger.	$525
1915 Chandler Touring. Very good.	$465
Hudson Super-Six Town Car. Overhauled, repainted, excellent condition.	$1800
Hudson Super-Six Lim. Overhauled, repainted, first-class condition.	$1800
Hudson Super-Six Speedster. 4-passenger, speedster, wire wheels, overhauled. repainted, 5 new tires.	$1600
Hudson Super-Six Sedan— Wire wheels, excellent condition.	$1500
Hudson Super-Six Cabriolet. Excellent condition.	$1300

Hudson Motor Car Co. of N. Y.
Used Car Dept., 1890 Broadway.
Telephone 7460 Columbus.

JORDAN

A New Four Passenger Style-Carriage

THE JORDAN BROUGHAM is a spacious four passenger enclosed car with full width rear seat and two individual seats, one of which faces forward or rear.

In it you will find an expression of that good taste, cleanliness and comfort which characterizes your own home.

The body is all aluminum with interior finish in the finest worsteds and Circassian walnut marquetry.

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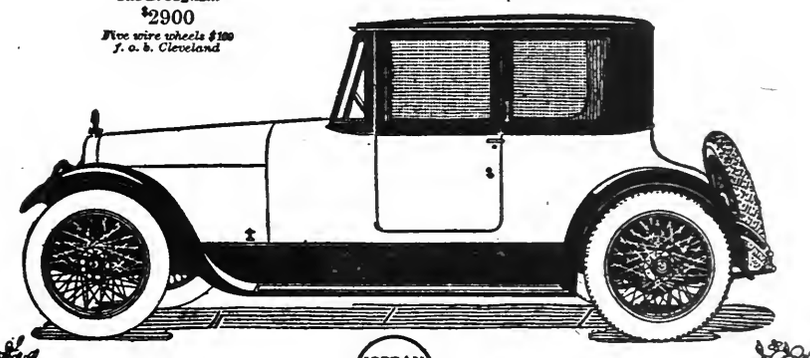
The Brougham $2900
Five wire wheels $100 f. o. b. Cleveland



These HYATT BEARINGS Hold the World's Endurance Record

HERE THEY ARE—the original "Hyatt Roller" bearings, dripping with grease—just as they were taken from the "Hyatt Roller" at the end of its long grinding circuit of the country.

272,962 miles is now the official record of this car—a greater proved distance than any other car has ever gone.

When these bearings were photographed, it was the first time they had seen the light since the world's long-distance veteran started its journey "Around the U. S. A."

Yet this original set of Hyatt bearings is still serviceable. Laboratory examination shows an average wear of only four one-thousandths of an inch (.004")—a wear perceptible only to micrometer and microscope—not enough to interfere with the good service they have given and will continue to give when returned to their positions in the car.

In view of their past—nine years strenuous service covering 261,800 miles—their latest 11,163 mile performance is all the more remarkable.

They have surmounted all the toughest conditions of touring—gumbo roads, mountain grades, desert sands—and have finished on schedule time.

This test gives you a definite indication of the enduring, quiet, carefree service you can expect from your Hyatt Roller Bearings.

Hyatt Roller Bearing Company
Automobile Div., Detroit—Tractor Div. Chicago—Industrial Div., Newark, N. J.

Ten times around the world—

HYATT ROLLER BEARINGS

—and twice across the U. S. A.

REA ANSWERS CRITIC OF BIG STATION HERE

Too Large for Present, He Admits but Says It Was Built for Future.

CALLS IT MOST EFFICIENT

Twice as Many Passengers Now Handled as at Time of Opening Seven Years Ago.

Answering the criticism of the Pennsylvania Station here as a "monument to inefficiency" and something that could not be fully used for years to come, Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, has written a reply in which he says that the station is a most efficient institution, and while it is not at present fully utilized, it was built with an eye to the future development of New York City.

"The Pennsylvania Station," he said, "instead of being a monument to inefficiency and waste and a white elephant, is a monument to foresight and the necessities of New York City, and the whole country with which it does business, and more especially so for the Pennsylvania Railroad System, whose passenger revenues are about 20 per cent. greater than the next largest railroad system of the country. Its revenue passenger mileage is about 13⅓ per cent. of the whole country, notwithstanding it constitutes only about 4½ per cent. of the country's mileage. Its ton mileage is also larger than any other and is nearly 13 per cent. of the entire ton mileage of the nation's railroad systems, and that ton mileage doubles every twelve years, necessitating the construction of separate passenger facilities and lines.

"The station was constructed for the future and primarily for the long-distance passenger travel to and from New York, New England, and the Southern and Western States, the local and suburban traffic to New Jersey being accommodated through the joint service so successfully inaugurated between Newark and New York via the Hudson Tunnels, which is handling about 200 per cent. more passengers than in its first year of operation. Pennsylvania Station was opened seven years ago, and in the first year's operation 9,862,424 passengers arrived and departed from it, whereas in the last year this grew to 18,135,311 passengers."

Answering the criticism that "Not for many years will its handling capacity be completely utilized," Mr. Rea said:

"What would the public say of a management with an actively expanding business which built for the present only? That station is built for the present and for the years to come, and is so adapted as to handle the increasing traffic of the Pennsylvania and its Long Island Railroads, and also such traffic as the New Haven will put into and through it; and when justified, more tunnels may be built, the station and yard facilities being adequate therefor. Does the public realize that Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, which is served by several double-track railroad lines running in every direction, has been opened for thirty-six years, and Pennsylvania Station only seven years, yet the latter handles about as many passengers and has larger revenue from passengers?

"Did the writer of the criticism stop to inquire why this terminal was built alone by the Pennsylvania Railroad System, or why that system had to determine at the time it did to extend into and through New York or forever terminate on the west bank of the Hudson? The building of this great work now would, by reason of its cost, be prohibitory. Until electric traction for steam roads was developed no responsible railroad would approve of tunnels under the Hudson for steam traction. Between 1890 and 1900, when the North River Bridge was projected, a Federal charter was procured, to have it open to all railroads, and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company actively worked for its realization.

"In 1900 its Board of Directors agreed to use the bridge when built and guaranteed its share of traffic at an agreed rate, provided the other railroads would join. None of the other railroads did join, and while the matter was pending electric traction on the Orleans railroad tunnel extension in Paris was inaugurated, whereupon the Pennsylvania turned its attention to tunnels, incorporated its Tunnel Railroad System, purchased a majority of stock of the Long Island Railroad, constructed the extension and erected the Pennsylvania Station, and since then has constructed the New York Connecting Railroad jointly with the New Haven. The whole project, outlined sixteen years ago, including its vast improvements, passenger and freight, and also those of the Long Island Railroad, has been carried out and devoted to public use. The Seventh Avenue Subway, long projected and which we had hoped would be completed when our station was opened, is now nearing completion and will be opened soon to accommodate our passengers.

"How would this great improvement have been secured otherwise? Would the City of New York have obligated itself for the cost and the interest thereon for a station for all the railroads on the possibility of them using it? Let me express the opinion here that a union station could not be built in that huge city that could conveniently accommodate all the rail traffic. If attempted, the cost, and the congestion around it and on the approach streets, would make its useful operation impracticable.

"As to co-operation, notwithstanding our railroads have in the past been reared on competition, and for most of the time unreasonable competition, and that they have fairly been compelled by State and Federal laws to compete, if such compulsion be possible, they are today, in times of stress, co-operating to a degree never dreamed of and second to no other industry, and serving their Government nobly. All we can say is that there has been more thorough co-operation among railroads than any other competitive industries, in the universal interchange of cars and freight and passenger travel, in trackage arrangements, and in joint stations and facilities, and in harmonious co-operation with shippers and patrons of the railroads.

"It takes time to make radical changes, and railroad practice and custom are no exception, but in time—and let us hope a reasonably short time—many more things which are complained of will be ironed out and to the advantage of the public. But suppose the railroads had undertaken, previous to the war, to do what is proposed as a war measure for the War Port Board, namely, pool the lighterage facilities and with it their local freight facilities and other things, how far would they have gotten under existing law, Federal and State? There is only one answer, such a combination would have been condemned and most of its officers would have been in jail for violation of the law. People are, however, gradually changing their views about railroads, and let us hope that this war will bring the public at large to a true appreciation of their worth and necessity, not only for the successful prosecution of the war but also for our general welfare, and that a reasonable constructive program, with rates that will produce a remunerative return and insure progress and adequate facilities in New York Harbor and elsewhere will be evolved by the active demand of the public and the press."

JAPAN TO TAKE OUR COTTON.

Gold Embargo to Shift Some Trade from India to America.

TOKIO, Oct. 30, (Associated Press.)—How to adjust Japan's business to the new situation created by America's ban on steel and gold and luxuries is the chief subject of discussion. When America cut off the gold export, Japan's cotton trade with India suffered, because she had previously been able to buy advantageously with gold which the Indians desired for private hoarding. This necessity of adjusting the trade balance in America led Viscount Mishima, Governor of the Bank of Japan, to call to him the leading cotton spinners and urge that they buy in America.

The amount paid to India by Japan annually for cotton is about 80,000,000 yen, which approximates the balance of trade between Japan and the United States. The amount of Indian cotton being imported reaches 1,500,000 bales per annum. It is now thought possible to decrease the Indian import to 750,000 bales, which will enable Japan to purchase a million bales from America. Such a policy, however, will be attended with an advance in the cost of the manufactured products, which will have an adverse effect on Japanese cotton goods in the Chinese market.

It is contended that American cotton is of too fine a quality and too expensive for use in manufacturing the coarser cloth which forms the bulk of Japan's cotton export to China. More recently, however, the tone of the press has become less extreme and seems to point to final acceptance of Viscount Mishima's suggestion. The fear of the cutting off of Japan's silk business had also a disquieting effect, and the ban on steel excited comment.

Invoices for Mail Shipments.

Attention has frequently been called by the Department of Commerce to the need of furnishing legalized consular invoices with parcel-post shipments to Chile when the value of the merchandise is over $24.33. But, according to one of the Special Agents of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, packages from prominent American firms continue to arrive without the required invoices. The fee for certification of invoices covering goods valued at not more than $250 is $3, and the fine for failure to present a certified invoice when required is three times the prescribed fee in addition to the fee itself.

Antimony Speculators Lose Out.

Speculators who tied up large sums of money in Chinese antimony, which is used in the making of ammunition, in the hope of reaping great profits are now rueing their greediness, according to Consul General Sammons, who is at Shanghai. They failed to take into consideration, he says, the fact that the high prices brought by antimony would stimulate its production in other parts of the world. The result was that when large shipments began to be made from Bolivia and Spain prices dropped, the speculators lost money, and many Chinese mines and works had to discontinue operations.

Swedish Match Trusts Combine.

Vice Consul A. E. J. Reilly, who is stationed at Stockholm, has notified the Department of Commerce that a combination has been effected between the two large Swedish match trusts—Jönköpings & Vulcans Tändsticksfabriks Aktiebolag and Forenade Tändsticksfabrikerna. The combination will have a capital stock of about $22,000,000 and will control not only the domestic but also the foreign branches of the industry. Foreign factories are operated in Norway, Finland, Russia and England.

Waste Not.

Don't waste anything—eat the paper label on the loaf of bread—it is as nutritious as some breakfast foods. And, speaking of cereals, an old whisk broom chopped fine, covered with real cream and plenty of sugar, makes an excellent morning dish. If you have no hose handy, water the garden with your tears. Save your empty tin cans. They may be straightened out and used to mend the leaky roof. The lazy husband who sits all day and rocks may be made to run the churn if properly harnessed thereto.—Florida Times-Union.

Doing His Part.

The Horton Headlight says one 83-year-old Horton veteran is doing his part in the war, for the young nurse he married two years ago is now at the front with the Red Cross.—Kansas City Star.

CONGESTION FEARED IN SUBWAY STATION

Public Service Commission Is Blamed for Anticipated Conditions at 42d Street.

FAIL TO REMEDY DEFECTS

Traffic Plans, It Is Said, Were Drawn Before Difficulties at Other Points Were Encountered.

The Public Service Commission is blamed by the Engineering News-Record for the conditions which are anticipated at the Forty-second Street express station of the new Broadway subway line which is to be in operation early next year. It is charged in the November issue of the publication that members of the commission were at fault in failing to remedy defective plans, which were drawn before the difficulties caused by extreme congestion at the Grand Central station and at other points had been encountered. The article says:

"Under this old plan, the passengers can enter and leave the 500-foot island express platform only at the ends. These express platforms are more than two stories below the street. The exit stairs provided will also be used by incoming passengers—an inexcusable blunder of design under any circumstances—as they are only five feet wide between walls. Four of these stairs are to take care of half of the total traffic at this station, which may well become the busiest of the entire dual system."

The publication asserts that these faults of design were recognized and acknowledged by Public Service Commissioners and engineers, and that they expressed the intention of remedying them, but failed to do so, and will be justly chargeable with the responsibility if intolerable congestions develop at this station. After reviewing the discussions of a change of plans to increase entrance and exit facilities, which ended with a refusal by the Public Service Commission to adopt suggested remedies, on the ground that the contractor had inserted an item of $1,800 to cover costs of material which had increased during the period of hesitation about changes, the article continues:

"The amount involved is said to have been less than $1,800. Although the contractor denies any intention of holding up the work on account of it, the entire handling of the affair is said to have been so offensive that it soon became evident to the contractor and his legal advisers that there was no use in pursuing the subject further while the commission looked at it in that light. The commission was notified that, as it would not adjust these items, the contractor would not sign the agreement.

"Of course it is always possible for the engineers concerned to advance the argument that the contractor by selfishly grasping after a paltry $1,800 held up this needed improvement in the new transit system. It is also possible to assert, as has been done on the part of the commission, that this and other changes were proposed by the contracting firm to recoup heavy losses faced on the original contract because of changed conditions since it had been let. Even if proved, this charge is not of a criminal nature. On private projects it is considered poor financial policy for an owner to compel the execution of a contract under such conditions.

"Furthermore, neither of these arguments would hold water, even if the contracting firm concerned were seven times the essence of greed. It is hardly the business of the contracting firm under circumstances such as those related to see that the design of the structure it builds is suited to the needs of the owner. It is most emphatically the duty of the Public Service Commission and of its engineering staff to see to this point, and no action by third parties can possibly relieve it of this obligation to the city.

"The damage done to this city, while serious, is temporary and of a pecuniary nature. It will not be long after the line is in operation before public protest will force the city to dig up this station and reconstruct it in a proper manner—at greatly increased expense."

AUSTRALIAN AIRMEN ACTIVE.

Men of New Corps in Service on the Western Front.

BEHIND THE BRITISH LINES IN FRANCE, Oct. 20, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—More than one squadron of the new Australian flying corps is now at work on the western front. An Australian has already brought down a German, and another is missing after a flight over German territory.

An Australian airman was attacked by several Germans the other day and brought down in No Man's Land. A British officer, seeing the machine fall, went out from the trenches alone to attempt rescue. For the first part of the way he managed to keep under cover, but the last part was open.

Just before he reached the machine he was hit, but went on, and found the Australian lying in a shell hole, badly wounded. The British officer crawled back with this information, and the Germans later permitted the man to be brought in under a white flag. Both men are recovering.

LAWYER AND THE LAW.

Some Views from Florida on the Administration of Justice.

The President of the Florida Bar Association has delivered an address to his professional brethren which deserves and should command the close attention of the people as well. Senator Bryan spoke to other lawyers as to technical policies—to them he may have been learned or brilliant in his exposition of the responsibilities and the ethics of their profession. But every thoughtful man and woman may receive valuable instruction when he goes down to the foundations and shows how the principles should be manifested in practical work.

It is an axiom worthy of all acceptation that "the first duty of the State is to dispense justice;" Senator Bryan points the moral when he advances another step and declares "Justice is in the keeping of the legal profession." If we agree that substantial justice is denied in this land of the free and home of the brave today, who is responsible for this lamentable fact? Without blenching, Senator Bryan says the lawyers of the State and of the nation are responsible. Here is a charge most weighty if true; for its truth one of the foremost lawyers vouches. What will the lawyers do about it? What will the people do about it?

Senator Bryan says:

> The rights of the majority and the greatest good to the greatest number were not supposed to be superior in the administration of justice to the most insignificant constitutional right of the humblest individual in all the land. I believe in this system. I believe that unless power and right co-exist there can be no justice. But whether it is wise or not, it is the system under which we live. There is ample machinery to remedy any fault in the administration of justice in whatever department it may lie. To this end it is the duty of lawyers to lend their aid.

Here is a great truth admirably expressed—it is a doctrine embraced in the Magna Charta, inherited from our English ancestors, declared in the Declaration of Independence, and made the basis of our whole system of government; to deny it is to declare a negation of our history. But what are we doing every day? We find that a Postmaster may declare his knowledge of matter that comes sealed into his care. We find that the people listen and seem to heed when the legal representative of a constituency in a Congressional Chamber is denounced as "disloyal to the President" and condemned as the supporter of a public enemy—the "friend of the Kaiser!" Shall the supposed "rights of the majority" deny a hearing to this constituency? May "the welfare of the nation" close the mouth of a man even when he speaks his own sentiments? For there are statutes that limit the right of speech—that right is not to be restricted by cries of "disloyalty" to any man nor yet of sympathy with any man! Washington said that when we grew careless of our rights we would deserve to lose them.

We would earnestly bespeak a careful study of Senator Bryan's address—we cannot reproduce it and we cannot do it justice by comment on selected portions. Let us then ask why we should give more power to the lawyers who have been adjudged careless or incompetent with respect to the power already in their hands. The speaker admits that justice is both denied and delayed—he admits the responsibility of the lawyers; then he asks that lawyers exercise more influence in selecting Judges because "We know the qualifications of lawyers for the bench better than any one else." So they do, but is it our experience that lawyers support one of their number for a place on the bench because of the candidate's fitness or competence? Assure us of that and we would pray that lawyers be allowed greater weight in the selection of all other officials—we might be willing to have the American Bar Association name several candidates from which number we could select a President; that they legislate for us—almost that they expend the proceeds of taxation for us.

But why should we expect lawyers to prove themselves better advocates of law and justice and good government in the future than they have been in the past? There's the rub. Will the lawyers kindly begin to show us that they are living up to the standards laid down by Mr. Taft and Mr. Bryan, respectively, or must we accept them by faith or reject them in toto according to the former practice? It is up to them.—Florida Times-Union.

Kissing.

The Jamestown Optimist holds this pleasant prospect out to engaged couples: "Unmarried couples kiss and forgive. Married couples kiss and declare a truce while the heavy artillery is being moved up."—Kansas City Star.

Her Wedding Presents.

"Well, what sort of wedding presents did you get, girlie—the usual assortment of berry spoons and pickle forks?"

"Not on your esteemed life. I got a sack of potatoes, four dozen fresh eggs, a peck of onions, and a Liberty bond."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

DR. FINLEY URGES LOYALTY IN SCHOOLS

State Education Commissioner Says Each One Should Be Centre of Patriotism.

DUTY FOR EVERY TEACHER

Should Give Accurate Information About the War and Tell Children Obligations to Nation's Cause.

At a time when members of the New York City Board of Education are trying to rid the schools of disloyal teachers and influences Dr. John H. Finley, State Commissioner of Education, contributes an article to the current issue of The World Court in which he says that now, while we are at war, more than ever, each school should be a national centre for the teaching of patriotism and loyalty to the ideals for which this nation is fighting.

"This is an adult's war," he writes, "but the schoolhouse doors cannot shut its sounds away from the ears of our children. We must tell them what it means and guide their interest through tangible forms of service in the high cause to which we are committed as a nation. I have opposed giving the gun end of preparation and service to the youth as the only form of valor training, but I have for years been advocating a conscription beyond that of bare elementary training—a conscription that would lead every youth to realize his obligation to the community, the State, and the nation, which, together with the family, make his free development possible."

"More and more," writes Dr. Finley, "are we coming to think of the school as the community or neighborhood centre. And more and more we are, in the schools, coming, I think, to regard our work as a volunteer service rather than a means of livelihood. But now our schools become suddenly recognized, under the message of our Schoolmaster President and under the appeals of our nation's immediate needs, both to teachers and to pupils, as national centres—centres through which these national needs may come to the knowledge of all the people, centres from and through which patriotic sentiment will express itself and patriotic service will give itself. It is with the desire of helping every country school, no matter how small, to see its national horizon that I am moved to say this word out of my own busy days to superintendents, principals, teachers, and trustees, and even children, and young men and women who find their days already too short for what they would do. What I say to you is only what I say to myself, that there is now no minute for a use that will not be helpful to the cause upon which our free institutions depend.

"1. The school is first of all a centre for that mental and moral training which is essential to the maintenance of a democracy. In New York State we have more than ten thousand of these centres, and every one of them has its obligations to see that every boy and every girl within its allotted range has not only his or her opportunity, but that every one shall take advantage of it. It is universal conscription for the future State as clearly as our draft law makes conscription for the defense of the present.

"2. The school is (in New York State) now a centre for physical training and health education for every boy and girl of compulsory school age, 8 years old or over, and for every boy and girl who remains in elementary or high school after compulsory school. This is a provision that should make for the happiness and health of millions in the years to come, and against such unfavorable physical and health conditions as those reported as a result of the draft examinations.

"3. The school is the centre for such Red Cross activities as boys and girls are able to give under a plan which grew largely out of what the New York schools did last year—a plan which was approved by President Wilson in his message to the schools.

"4. The school is a centre for food production activities, and for food conservation in ways suggested by the Federal, State, and municipal administration.

"5. The school is a centre for accurate information about the war, information about Government needs, information about opportunities and duties for personal patriotic service. No teacher or pupil can claim exemption from the obligation entailed on each partner of the nation in this war of civilization.

"For all this the school is the most available centre that the nation has, and we must make it a potent one. The nation looks to the State for this particular service."

COWS A RUSSIAN BULLY.

Canadian Challenges Him to Lift, Jump, or Fight.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 1, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Klondike methods as exemplified by Lieut. Col. John W. Boyle of the Canadian militia, who was sent by the American Committee in London to aid in restoring the Russian transportation system, recently disposed of a presumptuous exponent of freedom who questioned Boyle's right to investigate problems confronting the Russian Army. Lieut. Col. Boyle has been engaged for four months in improving the transport conditions along the Russian and Rumanian fronts.

At a certain point on the Russian front the Chairman of a soldiers' commission, to whom Boyle was referred for necessary information, met him in an uncivil mood, and impertinently answered one question with another calculated to rouse the Canadian's temper.

"Were you sent here because you were the best man they could find on the French front?" queried the nagging committeeman.

"Possibly so," was the reply. "Now, answer me this: Are you the best man in your committee?"

"I am."

"What is your rank?"

"I am a soldier."

"It is unbecoming in me to start an argument with a soldier," said Boyle, who saw that he must either subdue his antagonist or fall in his quest. "But this is what I propose to you. I take off my uniform," proceeding in the meantime to lay aside his cap, "barness," and uniform coat, "and meet you man to man. Now you name any job that you think you can do better than I can, from lifting or jumping to fighting, and I will take you on."

The interpreter, a young officer, interpreted the words.

"Tell this chap," continued Boyle, "that if he fails to best me in whatever he chooses, he must go away from here and not interfere in my affairs, or I shall give him the best beating he has had since he was a child."

The bully held a brief conference with his fellows and went away. He may have had an inkling that Boyle was once the heavyweight boxing champion of the Canadian Northwest.

Anzacs to Erect War Memorials.

CAIRO, Oct. 10, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—One of the finest war memorials in the world is to be erected in Egypt by Australian soldiers as a tribute to their comrades who have fallen in Egypt and Palestine. Every Australian soldier here has subscribed $1.25 to the fund. The memorial will consist of a broken column of great size, to be placed on the bank of the Suez Canal. New Zealanders will erect a similar monument at Bir-el-Abd, where many of their comrades fell in the Romani battle.

Keep Tab on Patent Medicines.

The law governing the importation and sale of proprietary medicines in the Philippine Islands has been interpreted by the Philippine Health Service to apply to "any substance or preparation except those used exclusively for cosmetic purposes." The formula must be in English, and attached to each separate package or part thereof. The formula must al[illegible] appear on any advertising matter di[illegible]uted or published, and the use of s[illegible]ents that are false or misleading in any respect is prohibited and may also result in the exclusion of the preparation advertised. Before any patent or proprietary medicine may be offered for sale it must be analyzed and favorably reported on by the Bureau of Science.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930......	96½	97	4s, registered, 1925......	104½	105½
2s, coupon, 1930......	..	97½	4s, coupon, 1925......	104½	105½
3s, registered, 1918......	99	100	2s, coupon, '38, reg......	96	97
3s, coupon, 1918......	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	97
3s, registered, 1956......	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg......	87	88
3s, coupon, 1946......	84	85	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	88
3s, conversion, 1947......	84	88			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.
4½s July, 1967....	97½	98¾	97¾	3½s Nov., 1954....	79	..	80
4½s June, 1965....	97½	98¾	97¼	3½s May, 1954....	80	..	81
4½s Mar., 1963....	97½	98¾	97½	3½s Nov., 1955....	79	81	79¼
4½s Nov., 1957....	97½	98¾	97½	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s May, 1957....	97½	98¾	97½				
4½s Nov., 1917....	97½	..	97½				
4¼s April, 1960....	92	93¼	91¾	4½s 1918-1923	4.65	4.50	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1960-30....	92½	94	91¾	4½s 1924-1931	4.75	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1964....	92	93¼	91¾	4¼s 1921-1925	4.75	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1962....	92	93¼	91¾	4½s April, 1920	4.75	..	4.65
4¼s Sept., 1960....	92	93½	91¾	4¼s 1918-1919	5.00	..	4.75
4s May, 1959....	89¾	91	89	3½s 1940-1953	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1958....	89¾	91	89	3½s 1930-1939	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s May, 1957....	89¾	..	89	3½s 1922-1929	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1956....	88	..	89½	3½s 1919-1921	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1955....	88	..	89½	3s 1940-1953	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s Nov., 1936....	91	..	92	3s 1926-1930	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s May, 1919....	98½	99½	98¾	3s 1918-1925	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s Nov., 1918....	99½	..	99½				

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
40	Pacific Gas & Electric......	35	35	35	35½
450	Republic Ry. & Light......	24¼	23	24	24½

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	16	17	Interstate Electric pf...	90	95
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	70	75	Lincoln Gas & Electric.	47	49
Am. Gas & Electric....	88	92	Miss. River Power......	7	9
Am. Gas & Elec. pf....	42	44	Miss. River Power pf..	34	36
Am. Light & Traction.	219	223	Northern Ohio Electric.	27	32
Am. Light & Trac. pf...	92	95	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	68	72
Am. Power & Light....	40	45	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow..	11	15
Am. Power & Light pf.	70	75	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf..	52	56
Am. Public Utilities....	30	35	Northern States Power.	56	58
Am. Pub. Utilities pf...	62	66	Northern States P. pf..	84	88
Am. Water W. & Elec..	4	5	Northern Texas Electric	50	54
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	9	13	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	68	74
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	57	62	Ozark Power & Water.	35	45
Carolina Power & Light	30	31	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	80½	81½
Carolina P. & L. pf....	90	94	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf...	96	98
Cities Service	208	209	Pub. Serv. Secur. pf...	73½	75½
Cities Service pf........	72½	73	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	13	16
Colorado Power	20	23	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf.	48	53
Colorado Power pf.....	95	98	Ry. & Lt. Secur. pf.....	86	90
Columbus Electric pf..	78	82	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	54	57
Commonwealth P. & L.	35	37	Sierra Pac. El. pf......	62½	67½
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	61	64	Southern Cal. Edison...	80	83
Conn. Power pf........	85	90	South. Cal. Edison pf..	93	97
Consumers' Power pf..	89	92	Standard Gas & Elec...	4½	6
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	79½	82	Stand. Gas & Elec. pf..	19	22
Duluth Edison	75	80	Tampa Electric	102	..
Eastern Texas Electric.	50	55	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Power	2	4
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	79	84	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	10	12
El Paso Electric.......	100	104	Texas Power & Lt. pf..	97	100
El Paso Electric pf....	89	93	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf..	86	88
Electric B. & S. pf.....	94	97	United Gas Improve.....	80	89½
Electric Properties	50	55	United Light & Rys....	27	29
Empire Dist. Elec. pf..	84	89	United Lt. & Rys. pf..	64	66
Federal Light & Trac...	..	9	Wash. I. W. L. & P.pf.	82	84
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf..	..	38	West. P. Ter. & W. P..	10	15
Galveston-Hous. Elec..	16	..	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	50	65
Galveston-Hous. El. pf..	..	68	West. Penn. P. pf......	95	100
Gas & Elec. Securities.	280	300	Western Power	7	10
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf..	93	98	Western Power pf......	40	45
Idaho Power 7% pf....	98	100	Wisconsin Edison	35	40
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	100
Interstate Electric	36	42			

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, 20..	97¼	98¼	Middle West U. 6s, '23.	95	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	63	66	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s..	98½	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932..	70	75	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	70
Carolina P. & L. 5s....	89	92	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	80	85
Central P. & L. 1st 6s.	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51.	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s....	95	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s,'81	77	82
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956......	93	97½	Nor. States P. 6s, 1926.	90	94
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s,'27	70	75	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941.	87	87½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944....	97	100	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963....	90	95	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939..	100½	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937.	95	99	Omaha & C. B. 5s......	89	93
Com. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942..........	90	98	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s,'34	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s..	100½	101½	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s.	99	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922....	90	93	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19.	96	96½
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s.	88	91	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s,'45	94	96
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s..	95	100	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39.	89	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s..	85	90	Twin States Gas & Et. 5s, 1953	87	92
El Paso Elec. col. 5s...	87	92	U.S. R., R. & M. 6s,'25	111	113
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s.	99	100	Union L. & R. 1st 5s,'32	80	87
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46.	75	80	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26.	93	99
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25.	85	95	United Util. cv. 6s, '43.	93	95
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	96½	100	Utah Securities 6s......	86	87
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44.	93	96	Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	93	98
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36...	85	90	Western Power 1st 5s..	95	98
L., G. & E. Co.1st 5s'41	85	90	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½
Mich. Light 5s, 1946....	97½	99	West P. P. 1st 5s, '46..	89	92
			Wis. Edison 6s, 1924....	90	93

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

At the opening of trading on the Consolidated Stock Exchange prices were strong and offerings comparatively light. Advances were recorded in the leading issues with Republic Iron and Steel selling ⅜ above its preceding high of 78¾. Trading was brisk for the first half hour, after which the market turned irregular as a result of profit taking in those issues which had shown the greatest advances on Friday. Thereafter the market sagged and losses of ½ to 2 points were registered by the leading issues in the succeeding hour. In the last half hour the market steadied under the leadership of Steel common.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Allis-Chal ..	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜
840	Am. Can...	37⅛	35⅞	36⅛
50	Am. C. & F.	65	65	65
100	Am. Loco...	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞
440	Am. S. & R.	76⅞	75⅞	75⅛
10	Am. S. Tob..	58	58	58
700	Ana. Copper.	59	58⅛	58⅛
200	Bald. Loco..	56⅞	55	55
50	Balt. & Ohio.	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛
50	Batopilas ...	1	1	1
1,390	Beth. S'l B..	83	81⅛	81⅛
20	Cal. Pet'm..	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
90	Can. Pacific.	137⅛	136⅞	136⅞
400	Cent. Leath.	67⅛	66⅞	66⅞
130	C.,M. & St.P.	38	37⅞	38
50	Chino Copper	42	42	42
50	Col. F. & I..	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞
190	Corn Prod...	30⅞	29⅞	29⅞
930	Crucible S'l.	56⅞	55⅞	55⅞
70	Cuba Cane S	30	29⅞	30
40	Dist. Sec....	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛
540	Erie	15	14⅞	14⅞
20	Gen. Elec...	134⅛	130⅛	130⅛
150	Gen. Motors.	93⅛	92⅞	92⅞
50	Gt. N. Ore...	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
10	Insp. Cop....	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞
190	Int. Mer. M..	25⅞	25⅛	25⅞
2,310	Do pf......	96⅞	95⅞	96⅞
10	Kan. City S.	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
120	Ken. Copper.	33⅛	33⅞	33⅞
220	Lack. Steel..	82	80⅞	80⅞
50	Mo. Pacific..	24	24	24
120	Mid. Steel...	45⅛	44⅛	44⅛
10	Nevada Con.	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
90	N. Y., N. H. & H.......	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞
40	Pennsylvania	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞
90	Ray Copper.	23	22⅞	22⅞
770	Reading	71⅞	71⅞	71⅞
300	Rep. I. & S.	78⅞	77⅞	78⅞
030	Studebaker .	40⅞	39⅞	40⅞
610	Tob. Prod...	51⅛	49⅛	50⅞
450	Union Pac...	115⅛	115⅛	115⅛
50	Un. Cigar S.	90⅞	90	90⅞
270	U. S. Ind. A.	113	112⅞	112⅞
150	U. S. Rubber	52	51⅞	51⅞
21,250	U. S. Steel..	98	96⅞	96⅞
200	Utah Copper.	79	78⅞	78⅞
50	Wab. pf. A..	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛
160	West. Elec..	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛
320	Willys-Over.	19⅛	18⅞	18⅞

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,950	Lib. 3½s....	99.00	98.98	98.98
1,100	Do 4s......	97.74	97.74	97.74

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Belmont ..	3.75	3.75	3.75
300	Jim Butl'r.	.77	.77	.77
1,500	Kewanas ..	.07½	.07½	.07½
300	Mexican ..	.17	.17	.17
600	Rochester..	.39	.38	.39
200	Union Con.	1.05	1.05	1.05

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
7,000	‡Aetna Exp..	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
4,500	Am. Tin & T	⅝	⅝	⅝
10	‡Carbon S'l..	80	80	80
800	‡Car L. & P.	2⅝	2½	2⅝
60	‡Cities S. C., (old)	209	207	209
200	‡Do pf......	72⅞	72⅞	72⅞
500	‡Int. Lube C.	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
100	Mar. of Am...	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
2,000	‡Maxim Mun	11/16	⅝	11/16
300	N. A. P. & P	2⅝	2½	2½
200	N. Y. Trans.	18⅛	16⅛	16⅛
400	‡P.-L. Cl Co	3½	3⅜	3½
500	‡Prud. Pict..	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝
700	Smith M.-T..	1	⅞	1
300	‡Stand. Mot..	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
1,500	Tri'e Film v. t. ctfs.....	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	U. S. S'p Co.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
700	‡Un. Motors.	17⅛	16½	16½
100	Un. Zinc S..	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
800	‡W.-M. A.Cp	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	Ang.-Am. Oil	18⅛	17⅞	18⅛
1,000	A.-Am.Oil, r.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	‡‡Allen Oil..	11/16	⅝	11/16
1,500	‡Bar.O. & G.	1½	1⅝	1⅝
300	‡B. O. & G.	10⅛	10	10⅛
3,000	‡‡Bos.-W. Oil	29	28	29
1,000	‡Cosden Oil	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
5,400	‡Crown Oil.	11/16	11/16	11/16
3,500	C. P. & R..	1⅜	1¼	1¼
100	‡Elk B. Pet.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
500	‡E. O. & G. (a pros.)..	1/16	1/16	1/16
1,800	‡Esm. O. Co.	½	½	½
600	‡Federal Oil.	3½	3½	3½
7,000	‡Friar Oil...	⅝	⅝	⅝
200	‡Glenrock Oil	15	15	15
3,000	‡H. O. & R.	2⅛	1⅞	2
3,000	‡Houston Oil	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞
750	‡H. G. Cr. O. & R.......	4⅛	4	4⅛
1,000	‡Inter. Pet...	12⅝	12	12⅝
1,200	K. O. (a pr.)	⅛	⅛	⅛
750	‡Lost C. Oil	1/16	1/16	1/16
500	‡Mer.Oil Cp.	25	24⅛	24⅛
1,000	Met. Pet....	1	11/16	1
1,000	‡‡Mid. Oil...	120	117	119
500	‡Mid. Oil pf.	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
1,500	‡Mid. Refin..	125	120	121
700	‡N. Y.-O. Oils	⅜	⅜	⅜
500	‡N. W. Oil	74	74	74
5,000	‡Okla. Oil..	5⅛	5	5⅛
1,000	‡Okla. O. pf	15	14	15
1,000	Okla. P. & R.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
2,000	‡O. O. & G.	31	30	30
100	Osage-H. Oil	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
510	Peo.-K. Oil.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
1,000	‡P.-O.O.& G.	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
1,000	Penn. Gas..	1/16	1/16	1/16
15,000	‡R.R.O.& G.	96	90	95
10,000	‡Rice Oil...	1/16	1/16	1/16
200	‡S. O. & R.	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
2,800	‡Seq.O. & R.	11/16	⅝	⅝
1,500	‡Som. Oil...	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,000	‡Un. W. Oil.	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,000	‡Un. Petrol.	27	27	27
500	‡V. O., n. s.	4	4	4

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,200	Acme C. H..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
600	Al.-Brit.Col. Metals	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,500	‡‡Atlanta..	9⅛	9	9⅛
3,000	Big L. Cop.	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
1,000	‡‡Booth	4	4	4
2,100	‡Bos. & Mon.	52	52	52
500	‡Brad. C. M.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
3,400	‡‡Brant Min.	60	58	59
300	Butte C.& Z., v. t. ctfs..	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
800	Butte Det...	1/16	1/16	1/16
300	Butte-N. Y..	1⅝	1½	1½
2,300	‡‡Caledonia..	47	46	47
1,800	‡Cal. & Jer.	1⅛	1 1/16	1 1/16
2,000	Canada Cop.	2 1/16	2	2 1/16
2,500	‡Cashoy	4	3½	4
3,700	‡‡Cer.S.M.& M., (a pr.).	44	42	43
300	Cerro Gordo.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
100	‡Coco R. M.	5	5	5
600	Con.Ariz.Sm.	1⅞	1¾	1 13/16
500	Con.Cop.Min.	8¼	8	8¼
600	‡Con.-H'st'd.	18	18	19
2,100	Cress.Con.G.	5	4⅞	5
10,000	‡Emma Con.	½	½	½
509	‡‡Fort. Con.	40	40	40
2,700	‡Gisbon Cop.	2¼	2⅛	2¼
600	‡Gila Copper	17⅞	17¼	17⅞
500	‡Gold. Cons.	44	44	44
4,200	‡Gt.Ver.Ext..	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16
3,000	‡Green M. M.	11/16	⅝	11/16
750	Hecla Min...	4⅞	4 13/16	4⅞
300	Howe Sound	4⅝	4½	4½
9,500	‡‡Int. Mines.	10	10	10
1,000	‡J. Verde, (a pros)	11/16	⅝	11/16
3,735	‡Jer.-P. Cop.	4⅛	4	4
600	‡Jim Butler.	77	77	77
600	‡Jumbo Ext.	17	16	17
500	‡‡Kewanas ..	6	6	6
1,800	‡Kirk. P. G. M., Ltd....	50	50	50
1,000	Louisi'a Con.	⅝	⅝	⅝
3,000	Magma Cop..	48⅛	45½	46
1,000	‡Marsh M'g..	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
2,000	Mason Val..	6	5⅞	6
4,000	‡Monster C'f.	⅛	⅛	⅛
2,000	‡‡Mother L..	31	30	31
21,000	‡‡Nat. Leas.	8	8	8
7,600	‡‡N. Z. & L.	34	30	33
1,100	‡New Cor'a..	15¼	14⅞	15¼
400	Nin. M. Co..	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
22,000	‡‡Nixon Nev.	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16
4,500	‡Ohio Cop...	1	11/16	1
3,000	Prov. M. Co.	39	38	39
2,000	‡Rex C. M'g.	13	13	13
1,000	‡Roch. Mines	40	40	40
530	‡San Toy....	11	11	11
2,500	S. K. of Ariz	⅛	1/16	1/16
600	Stand. S.-L..	⅛	11/16	1/16
1,500	Stewart	1/16	¼	1/16
1,100	‡Success M'g.	13½	13	13
300	Sun. Cop., (a pros)	1¾	1⅝	1¾
700	Ton. Ext....	1⅝	1½	1⅝
1,000	‡‡Troy-A	17	17	17
700	U. C. M. Co.	3⅝	3¼	3¼
900	W. C. M. Co.	⅞	⅞	⅞
500	‡Wilbert M'g	15	15	15

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$15,000	‡Can. G. 5s.	95	95	95
1,000	‡Gen. El. 6s notes	99½	99½	99½
$69,000	‡Gen. El. 6s 2-y. n., '19	99¼	99	99¼
12,000	Do rights.	4	2⅞	2⅞

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.	Friday Ask.
Am.-Brit.Mfg.	3	6	3	6
Am.-B. M. pf.	20	40	20	40
Am. Writ. P.	1⅝	2½	1⅝	2½
Br.-Am. Tob., registered...	15	15½	15	15½
Br.-Am. Tob., coupon	15½	16½	15½	16½
Can. N. Gas..	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Carwen Steel.	8	9	8	9
Chalmers Mot.	2	4	2	4
Do pf.......	..	50	..	50
Charcoal Iron.	6⅞	7	6⅞	7
Do pf.......	5⅝	6¼	5⅝	6¼
Chev. Motor..	64	66	64	66
Cramp Ship..	71	74	71	74
Curtiss Aero.	27	29	27½	28½
Curtiss A. pf.	50	75	50	75
Emer. Phon..	5½	5⅞	5½	5⅞
Ev. Heaney...	20	20½	20	20½
Free. Texas..	37	40	37	40
Hall Signal...	1	5	1	5
Do pf.......	10	20	10	20
Havana Tob..	½	1⅛	½	1⅛
Do pf.......	2	5	2	5
Holly Sugar..	40	50	40	50
Do pf.......	98	101	98	101
Hupp M. Car	2⅛	2½	2⅛	2½
Int. Motors...	10	12	10	12
Int. Mo. 2d pf	15	20	15	20
Inter. Rubber	8	9	8	9
Int. Tr. Cp.pf.	55	75	55	75
Key. T. & R.	11	11¾	11	11¾
Do pf.......	11½	13½	11½	13½
Kresge	65	72	65	70
Do pf.......	92	98	92	98
LakeTor.Bt...	3⅝	4	3⅝	4¼
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf......	6	7	6	7
L. Val. C. S.	65	70	65	70
Lukens Steel.	35	44	35	44
Do 1st pf..	100	102	100	102
Man. Transit.	1/16	⅛	1/16	⅛
Marlin Arms.	84	87	84	87
N. Y. Ship...	30½	32	30½	32
Peer. T. & M.	13	15	13	15
Poole E. & M.	60	80	60	80
St. Jos. Lead.	16	16½	16	16½
A.O.Smith.Cp.	..	30	..	30
Do pf.	88	93	88	93
St.L.,I.,M.&P.	28	35	28	35
Submar. Boat	13	14	13½	14
U. S. L. & H.	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
World Film..	⅜	⅝	⅜	⅝

OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.	Friday Ask.
Cosden Oil pf.	3⅞	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛
Kan-U. Con..	..	⅜	..	⅜
Isl'd O. & T.	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
Pierce Oil ...	9⅞	10¼	9	9⅞
Savoy Oil ...	7	9	7	9
Tuxpam Star.	½	1/16	½	1/16
Vac. G. & O.	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16
West S. Pet..	⅜	½	⅜	½

MINING STOCKS.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.	Friday Ask.
Alaska Std...	24	27	24	27
Big Jim	½	⅝	½	⅝
Bingham M ..	11	12	11	12
Butte-R. Cp.	5⅝	6	5⅝	6
Calaveras Cp.	1½	2	1½	2
Dundee-Ariz...	⅝	1	⅝	1
First Nat. Cp.	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
Gold. Merger.	3½	4½	3	4
Iron Blossom.	½	1/16	½	1/16
Portland Con.	20	26	20	26
St. Nich. Zinc	8½	9½	8½	9½
United East'n	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞
Un. Ver. Ext.	32	34	32	34
Utica Mines..	11	12	11	12
W. Caps Ext.	11	13	11	13

BONDS.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.	Friday Ask.
Gt. Nor. 5s..	97	97½	97	97½
Pierce Oil 6s.	73	78	72	77
Russ.Gov.5½s.	50	53	50	53

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Con. Power..	99	99	99
165	Cosden	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
340	Do pf......	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
140	Davidson ...	24¼	24	24
139	Houston Oil.	24¾	24	24
30	Do pf......	61	61	61
5	W. B. A.....	21½	21½	21½
60	Wayland ...	3¼	3¼	3¼

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	B. C. 4s, '61.	94	94	94
1,000	City & S. 5s, Balt	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,000	Con. Coal 6s.	100	100	100
$3,000	Cosden 6s, B.	79¾	79¾	79¾
1,000	Un. Ry. 4s..	76¼	76¼	76¼
1,000	Wil. & Wel'n 4s	100	100	100

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. Zinc....	14¼	14¼	14¼
30	Ahmeek	86	84	84
105	Alaska	2¼	2	2
12	Anaconda...	58⅞	58½	58⅞
820	Ariz. Com'l.	10⅝	10½	10⅝
10	Cal. & Ariz.	66¼	66¼	66¼
156	CopperRange	45⅞	45	45⅞
40	Daly-West..	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
100	Davis-Daly..	4½	4½	4½
720	East Butte..	10½	10¼	10½
150	Helvetia.....	35c.	30c.	35c.
35	Indiana	1½	1½	1½
10	Island Creek	55	55	55
80	Isle Royale.	25	23⅝	25
10	Lake	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
675	Mason Val..	5⅜	5¼	5⅜
20	Mass Con....	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
20	Mohawk	62	62	62
100	New Idria...	12⅝	12⅜	12⅜
120	North Butte.	14	13⅝	14
20	Old Domin..	39½	39½	39½
80	Pond Creek..	19	18½	18⅝
20	Quincy	66	66	66
135	Shannon	6	5 13/16	6
30	Shatuck	19½	19½	19½
150	South Lake.	1½	1½	1½
500	South Utah.	16	16	16
15	St. Mary's...	54	54	54
20	Superior	5	5	5
100	Sup. & Bos.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
20	Trinity	4½	4¼	4⅜
80	U. S. Smelt.	46	45½	45½
53	Do pf......	45½	45	45
125	Utah Con....	12½	12¼	12¼
245	Utah Metal..	3¼	3¼	3¼

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Bost. & Alb.	130	130	130
160	Boston Elev.	34½	34	34
30	Bos. & Low.	80	80	80
85	Bost. & Me.	22⅞	22	22⅞
20	Chi. Jct. pf.	90	90	90
145	Mass. Elec...	3½	3	3
200	West End...	38	37½	37½

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	A.Ag.Ch.pf..	92½	92½	92½
158	Am. Tel.....	109½	108⅞	109⅛
26	Am.Wool.pf.	89	88⅝	88⅝
180	A..G.& W.I..	99½	99	99½
1	Gen. Elec...	134	134	134
20	Mass. Gas...	78⅞	78⅜	78⅞
10	Merg'thaler..	137	137	137
25	No.Sco.Steel.	64	64	64
3	Pullman	128	128	128
5	Plant pf....	87½	87½	87½
110	Swift	130	129	129
20	Torrington..	48½	48	48
20	Do pf......	28	28	28
1	United Drug	70	70	70
76	Unit. Fruit.	119	117½	117½
40	United Shoe	43½	42¼	43
800	Ventura Oil.	5¼	5¼	5¼
27	West. Union	84	83½	84

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	W.T.& T.5s..	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
7,000	Liberty 3½s.	98.96	98.82	98.82
$7,300	Liberty 4s...	98.40	97.70	98.00

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Ship...	89½	89½	89½
100	Do pf......	89½	89½	89½
300	Booth Fish..	18	17⅞	18
200	Canal & D..	49¾	49¼	49¼
550	C. C. & C. pf	18½	17	18½
15	Ch. Pneu. T.	49	49	49
255	Ch. Ry's, S.2	11	10¼	10⅜
305	Com. Edison.	107	106½	107
10	Dia. Match..	108	108	108
25	Midwest	58	58	58
30	Peo. Gas....	40	40	40
26	Sears-Roeb...	141	141	141
480	Swift	130½	128½	128½
2,176	Union Carb..	53	51⅝	52
410	Wilson	48	47	47
110	Do pf......	95	95	95

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,500	Liberty 3½s.	99.90	99.80	99.80
$1,050	Liberty 4s....	98	98	98

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
17	Elec. Stor...	49½	49½	49½
6,805	Lake S. Cp.	12½	11⅝	11⅞
175	Leh. Nav....	57¼	56⅞	57¼
57	Penna.	47¾	47½	47¾
179	Phila. Elec..	25	25	25
25	Penn.S. Mfg.	87¾	87	87¾
100	P. Co. c. pf	30½	30½	30½
227	P. R. T. t. c.	27	26½	26½
115	Ton. Bel.....	3⅞	3⅜	3⅜
246	Un.Gas Imp.	68¼	68	68¼
5	War. I. & S.	8½	8½	8½
19	West. Coal..	76	76	76

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	E. & P. T. 4s	72½	72½	72½
1,000	L. V. C. 5s.	101	101	101
3,000	Liberty 4s...	97.90	97.90	97.90
$3,000	Liberty 3½s.	99.04	99.04	99.04
10,000	P. E. 1st 5s.	95¼	95¼	95¼
2,000	S.-Am. I. 6s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil.....	18	18¼	17
Atlantic Refining..	835	875	830
Borne-Scrymser ...	400	425	400
Buckeye Pipe Line.	89	93	89
Chesebrough Mfg..	325	350	325
Colonial Oil........	50	70	50
Continental Oil....	460	485	460
Crescent Pipe Line.	33	35	33
Cumberland P. L..	135	145	135
Eureka Pipe Line..	195	205	195
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	125	135	125
Galena Sig. Oil....	130	135	130
Illinois Pipe Line.	195	205	195
Indiana Pipe Line..	85	90	82
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd...	12¼	12¾	11⅞
National Transit...	12¾	13½	12¾
N. Y. Transit.....	185	195	185
Northern Pipe L...	100	104	99
Ohio Oil..........	298	303	298
Penn.-Mex. Co.	35	38	35
Prairie O. & G....	410	425	410
Prairie Pipe Line.	238	242	237
Solar Refining.....	330	340	330
Southern P. Line..	190	200	190
South Penn. Oil....	270	280	270
S. W. Penn.........	100	105	100
Stand. Oil of Cal..	222	226	222
Stand. Oil of Ind..	610	626	605
Stand. Oil of Kan..	450	475	450
Stand. Oil of Ky...	330	348	325
Stand. Oil of Neb..	475	500	475
Stand. Oil of N. J.	517	522	514
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	256	260	256
Stand. Oil of Ohio.	435	455	430
Swan & Finch.....	95	105	95
Union Tank.......	85	90	85
Vacuum Oil.......	330	340	325
Washington Oil....	30	35	30

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.
Aetna pf	41	44	38
American Brass....	211	215	208
Atlas Powder	156	158	155
Do pf.	94	98	92
Babcock & Wilcox.	109	110	108
Bliss	375	425	400
Do pf	75	83	73
Canadian Explo....	325	335	350
Do pf............	104	110	104
Can. Found's F....	140	150	..
Colt's Arms	60	63	57
Du Pont...........	275	279	280
Hercules	247	248	245
Do pf............	111	114	112
Niles-Bem't-Pond...	115	118	110
Scovill Mfg	415	420	[illegible]
Winchester Arms...	700	..	[illegible]

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.
American Cigar....	85	95	90
Do pf............	85	93	90
Conley Foil........	200	250	200
J. S. Young........	130	150	150
Do pf............	100	108	105
MacAndrews & F..	180	200	185
Do pf............	95	100	98
P. R.-Am. Tob.....	170	185	175
Do scrip..........	120	130	115
R. J. Reynolds....	440	480	450
Do pf	100	104	102

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

LILLIAN M. RIOPELLE of 251 West Eighty-first Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,273 and no assets. Of the liabilities a doctor's bill is $350 and two dentists, $195.

FRENEAU-SWEENY CO., dealers in ladies' wear at 392 Fifth Avenue, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $31,605 and assets of $18,405, consisting of stock, $10,000; cash, $1,000; accounts, $405, and real estate, $7,000, being a house and lot at Ridgewood, N. J., and a house and lot at Youngstown, Ohio; also thirty shares Youngstown Realty and Security Co.

U. S. LADIES' TAILORS AND IMPORTERS, Inc., of 398 Fifth Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $3,521 and assets of $3,060, consisting of stock, $900; fixtures, $1,500; accounts, $540; claims, $30, and cash in bank, $90.

CHARLES P. SCHULLER CUT GLASS AND LAMP CO., at 25 West Twenty-third Street, has made an assignment to Paul Fueslein.

SAMUEL KUPER, ladies' tailor at 600 Amsterdam Avenue, has made an assignment to Samuel Popiel.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and Over.

A. F. T. Corp., (Atlas Film Trading Co.)—W. L. Bainton et al....$225.20
Aitken, George F.—F. E. Taylor....296.66
Buck, Harry L.—H. S. Sisson....1,820.25
Broadway Local Express Co.—H. Riover.275.40
Burr, Charlotte B.—Franklin Simon & Co. 240.12
Baury, Louis—W. S. Gordon....163.50
Brunner, Christian H.—A. Altman....255.42
Cohn Cot Stone Co. and Joseph M. Cohn—U. S. Fidelity and Guaranty Co....295.58
Constable, George J.—W. H. Stiles....9,460.51
Dockstein, Dave—S. & W. Shirt Co....127.84
Doncette, Edw. L.—R. Mayer....262.04
Dyckman Building Corp.—G. R. Read & Co. 291.87
Fawcett, Mary A.—Beat & Co....165.09
Georgi, Louis F.—E. H. Mulligan....113.42
Grashof, Moritz, and Henry B. Cochen—R. Gillespie....978.25
H. G. Vogel Co.—George Backer Const. Co., costs....126.64
Imperator Realty Co.—S. P. Tull, costs.929.07
Jandruhowich, Stanislaw—Cornwall-Kaolin Co., costs....168.20
Knox, Charles L.—M. R. Knox....2,119.06
Knickerbocker Ice Co.—J. Klein....820.01
Same—C. Klein....1,331.52
Kaanangelser, Alfonso E.—C. D. Shaw..322.99
Kahn, Louis J. and Lena—F. Weil....1,511.35
Langsdorf, Sigmund and Morris, (S. Langsdorf & Co.)—H. Kramer....833.16
Mayers, Millie and Ike—J. H. Pechter..133.90
Mediator Pub. Co.—S. I. Hepner....1,108.28
Montgomery, Richard M.—J. F. Karnochan 199,761.46
Mallon, Mary—P. Nichols, costs....109.45
Newman, Max, guardian—Board of Education, costs 120.35
Netherland American Steam Navigation Co.—S. Kirschner 444.17
Prochaska, William and Louis—J. Prochaska 437.04
P. T. Kenny Co.—T. Fee et al....222.20
Proses, Margaret—Heineman Bros....105.91
Perley, William D., and Louis Selden—B. N. C. Waist Co....112.95
Rosenstock Chemical Co.—Wetch, Holme & Clark Co....387.00
Quintard, George W.—J. P. Mueller Co.520.29
Reiners, Jacob—W. C. Hurley....549.31
Runkle, Harry G.—H. E. Talcott....6,101.21
Rowan, Josephine—Childs Co....110.55
Rodgers & Hagerty—E. Sexauer et al.2,317.05
Rosenblatt, Louis—Nomis Corp....100.28
Rush, Charles, and Florence C. Carpenter, exrs.—C. T. Carpenter....126.55
Rosenstein, John H.—S. J. Frank et al....1,089.00
Schwartz, Philip—F. Falk et al....105.54
Selig, Barnet—A. Prince & Son....124.07
Soble Bros. Lumber Co.—First National Bank 189.95
Shashon, Elias J.—J. P. Day....102.05
Viseur, Ethel C.—Musical Advance Co.126.20
White, Thomas B.—S. Brown....148.50
Warner, Florence D.—Edmond Francis Realty Co. 287.74
William H. Moffitt Realty Co.—M. Ramage et al....356.57

In Bronx County.

Braunstein, Abraham—H. Kreielsheimer $461.58
Daoust, George, as guardian—City of New York 11.85
Ducorsky, Jacob—E. L. Richards, as receiver 112.15
Eisenberg, Jacob—M. H. P. Bldg. Corp..70.52
Kamber, Julius—J. Rapaport....60.18
Katzen, Simon—J. Side....180.72
Le Cascio, Rosario—A. Catalano....192.39
Meehan, James F., and 1,930 University Avenue Corp.—M. Rosen....362.70
Miller, George—H. De Martine....329.72
N. Y., Westchester & Boston R. R. Co.—City of New York....86.30
Same—Same 106.85
Rizzo, Saverio—P. Schieroni....493.22
S. G. K. Realty Co.—J. Side....45.72
Stein, David—P. Kaufman & Son....27.66
Webb, F. Farnum, and Carl H. Johnson—M. Yentes....278.52

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Honig, William—J. Quinn et al., Oct. 16, 1917 ....$123.22
Higgins, William A., Edmond F. Higgins, and Jacques D. Hegeman—Nozaki Bros. & Co., Nov. 15, 1917....4,030.98
Hoffman-La Roche Chemical Works—Thaddeus Davids Co., July 26, 1917...135.15
N. Y. Telephone Co.—F. P. Murray, Nov. 5, 1917....1,130.09
Robinson, Joseph, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Maryland—People, &c., Nov. 14, 1917....1,000.00
Freedman, Harry A., and Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland—Same, Nov. 3, 1917 ....2,000.00
Manee, Elias S., and Adolf Fink—I. Percippe, Nov. 20, 1917....122.18
Same—Same, Oct. 29, 1914....825.00
Benesch, Adolph—D. Newman, Sept. 24, 1910, (canceled)....150.04
Benesch, Arthur B.—L. Withsrby, July 29, 1912, (canceled)....196.17
Benesch, Adolph B.—H. S. German, Feb. 10, 1911, (canceled)....229.08

In Bronx County.

Honing, William—J. Quinn et al., May 26, 1917 ....$123.22

Auctions.

Sales Sessions—To-morrow (Mon.) and Two Following Days at 2:30 P. M.

PLAZA ART ROOMS, Inc.,
5-7 East 59th St.
(Near 5th Av.)

Edward P. O'Reilly, Auctioneer,

Sale by Auction of

Artistic and Practical HOME FURNISHINGS

In settlement of the Estate of

MARION L. PICKANDS

of this city, removed from the St. Urban, Central Park West.

Also

Beautiful Appointments

Removed from 636 Fifth Ave. with Additions.

The Items include Rare Palace Persian Silk Rugs, Keshon Weaves; Flemish Tapestries, Important Paintings, Antique Italian Stalls and Trousseau Chests and various Suites, including Chinese, Chippendale and Sheraton Dining Sets, Crystal Chandeliers, Bronzes, Embroideries, Venetian Glass, Valuable Furs, &c.

On View Tomorrow to Time of Sale.

Catalogue on Application.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The distribution of wheat seems to be the most important factor in the situation at present. Prices are fixed by the Government and consequently fail to be influenced by any changes in the situation, and handlers of wheat are particularly interested in the movement from the farms. Receipts last week were smaller, with losses of about 600,000 bushels from the previous week. It has been shown, however, that wheat this season is being delivered to the mills without appearing at terminal points, and it has been asserted that the marketing has been more liberal than appears on the surface.

RYE.—Market firm; No. 2 Western, $1.89, cost and freight New York.

CORN.

The corn market was moderately active and price changes were feverish and irregular. Early the December position in Chicago made a new high record, selling at $1.25, which is within 3 cents of the fixed maximum price. Offers were quite readily taken, however, and after a decline of ¾ to 1c for the late months, prices rallied in sympathy with oats and for a time the whole list was selling above the final of Friday. Toward the close there was a partial reaction under profit taking for over Sunday, and quotations were ½c net higher for December and ⅜c to ¾c lower for the other months. In the local cash market new yellow corn was quoted at $2.02, cost and freight New York, ten days' shipment; Argentine at $2.05 to $2.10, free on board cars New York, to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December ...	1.25	1.24⅜	1.25¼	1.24⅝	92¾
January	1.22¼	1.21	1.21¼	1.22	95¼
May	1.20¼	1.18⅝	1.19	1.19⅜	95¼

OATS.

Further buying by exporters and continued light offers from the country on account of the scarcity of cars acted as a stimulating influence in the oats market. At least, prices rallied after an early decline, and new high records were again established. Profit taking at the close brought about a decline of about 1c from the top, however, and final quotations were ⅛ to ¼c net lower. The local cash market was strong; standard quoted at 78¾@79c; No. 2 white, 79c; No. 3 white, 78@78½c; No. 4 white, 77½@78c; fancy clipped white, 78½@80½c; ordinary clipped white, 77½@78½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	71	69⅜	70	70⅛	56¼
May	70¼	68⅞	69¼	69⅝	60⅜

PROVISIONS.

A decline of 10 points in the hog market and prospects of more liberal receipts next week at interior points gave the provision list an easier tone on Saturday. There was some good selling by strong interests, and the demand was limited. The cash position was much stronger, and prices for contracts are selling below a parity with hogs, but the trade seems to fear further restrictive regulations by the Food Administration. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 22,000, estimated for Monday, 44,000, and for next week, 175,000; Kansas City received 4,000, and Omaha, 3,900 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
November ...	..	..	27.37	27.50	16.37
January ...	24.87	24.77	24.80	24.92	16.32
Ribs—					
January ...	24.87	24.82	24.80	24.87	14.65
May	24.72	24.57	24.65	24.72	14.77
Pork—					
December ...	..	..	..	..	27.75
January ...	46.55	46.50	46.50	46.00	27.57

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was a trifle more active than of late, but total sales were only 2,100 barrels. Shorts were more disposed to cover, and as offerings were light, prices were firmer, closing 5 to 20 points net higher. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	18.40@19.00	18.30
November	..	..	18.50@19.00	18.30
December	18.50	18.25	18.48@18.50	18.25
January	..	..	18.35@18.40	18.30
February	..	..	18.30	18.25
March	18.49	18.38	18.40@18.41	18.30
May	..	..	19.00	..

COFFEE.

Friday's reactions were followed by a steadier tone in the coffee market yesterday. There was covering by December shorts and a scattering trade demand which absorbed light offerings from Wall Street and other sources, with the market closing at a net advance of 6 to 10 points. The local spot market was quiet at 7½c for Rio 7s and 8¼c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.92@6.95	6.82
December	6.92	6.86	6.94@6.95	6.86
January	..	..	7.03@7.05	6.95
February	..	..	7.11@7.13	7.01
March	7.18	7.14	7.19@7.21	7.13
April	..	..	7.28@7.29	7.21
May	7.35	7.35	7.36@7.37	7.29
June	..	..	7.45@7.46	7.38
July	..	..	7.53@7.55	7.47
August	..	..	7.62@7.63	7.56
September	7.66	7.65	7.71@7.72	7.65

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 5,990 packages. The shortage was partially relieved by somewhat freer arrivals, but there was a moderate inquiry and the feeling on the better grades of fresh and held creamy was steady to firm. Secondary qualities slow, but held fairly steady. Ladles and packing stock easy. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 47¼@47¾c; extras, (92 score,) 46½@46¾c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 42½@46c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 40@42c; thirds, 38@39c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 48@48½c; extras, 47@47½c; firsts, 43½@46½c; seconds, 41@43c; creamery, held, higher scoring than extras, 43½@44c; extras, 42½@43c; firsts, 41@42c; seconds, 39½@40½c; thirds, 38@39c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 44½@45c; good to prime, 41@44c; common to fair, 35@40c; renovated, extras, 41c; firsts, 39½@40c; lower grades, 35@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 33½@34c; seconds, 32½@33c; lower grades, 31@32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33@33½c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@31½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 4,019 cases. The market closed firm on high qualities of fresh gathered, which are very scarce. Medium and lower grades irregular, and the range of values continues wide. Storage eggs are meeting only a moderate demand. The business reported is about at unchanged prices, but the tone of the market is weak and in buyers' favor. Nearby eggs in light supply, but trade is quiet and buyers, paying top quotations, are critical; undergrades are of very irregular value. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 57@58c; extra firsts, 55@56c; firsts, 50@54c; seconds, 44@48c; thirds and poorer, 35@42c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 35c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@34c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 32@33c; undergrades, 25@31c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34@34½c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 32@33½c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 30@32c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 24@30c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 74@78c; ordinary to good, 60@72c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 58@72c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets, 55@62c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 55@65c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 58@62c; gathered brown and mixed colors, [illegible].

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION AND STOCK MARKETS

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Irregular in a Narrow List—Sharp Contraction in Loans—Reserve Up.

Although a number of inactive stocks enjoyed good gains yesterday the prevailing tone of the market was one of disappointment, and most of the active stocks closed the day under the previous final prices. There was a good display of strength in the tobacco issues which carried Tobacco Products, United Cigar Stores, and Liggett & Myers all forward easily, but other gains were few in number. The advancing course of the steel shares was halted and the rails were fractionally lower on the calling of a conference looking to the pooling of transportation facilities.

Yesterday's bank statement showed an increase of $4,123,000 in the excess reserve, bringing the total to the highest point touched since Aug. 4. There was a decrease of $182,000,000 in loans, which was mainly accounted for by the redemption of $130,000,000 of Treasury certificates during the week. Net demand deposits decreased $37,394,000 and time deposits by $10,589,000. The Federal Reserve Bank reported an increase of $147,000,000 in acceptances and bills bought for discount, with an addition of $28,000,000 in Federal Reserve notes outstanding.

The reported move to throw all railway facilities into one system has been looked upon for some months as the inevitable answer to the increasingly serious problem of avoiding congestion. The War Board has accomplished a great deal in the way of improving car loading and in eliminating unnecessary runs, but the situation has been growing steadily more difficult to handle, and the usual handicaps that occur with Winter storms now threaten serious interruption of service in many sections. The proposed abandonment of passenger service cannot be accomplished without working discomfort and even hardship upon many people, but the price is a small one to pay in relation to the importance of the objects to be attained. Not only are the railroads far below their requirements in the way of locomotives and cars, but they are threatened with the worst fuel shortage in history. It is a wise precaution to face these threatened dangers before they compel attention.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High ....3½ | Last 3½
Low ....2½ | Renewals 3½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIAL.	
Thirty days....	5	Thirty days....	5¼
Sixty days.....	5¼	Sixty days....	5¼@5½
Ninety days....	5¼	Ninety days...	5½@5¾
Four months...	5½	Four months...	5½@5¾
Five months...	5½@5¾	Five months...	5¾@6
Six months...	5½@5¾	Six months...	5¾@6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days..........3¼@3½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days..........3½@3¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days..........4½@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.
30 to 60 days..........5
4 to 6 months..........5¼@5½
Other Names.
4 to 6 months..........5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75 7-16	$4.75 7-16	$4.75 7-16	..
Cables	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.73¾	5.73¾	5.73¾	−.00¼
Cables	5.71¾	5.71¾	5.71¾	−.00½
Rubles—				
Demand	13.55	13.25	13.55	+.55
Cables	13.80	13.50	13.80	+.55

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75 7-16	$4.76 7-16
5.1820	Paris	5.73¾	5.71¾
	China—		
	Hongkong	71.00	71.25
	Peking	107.00	107.25
	Shanghai	100.00	100.25
19.295	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.19	Holland	44.25	44.50
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	34.50	34.75
	Calcutta	34.50	34.75
5.1823	Italy	8.93	8.92
49.84	Japan—		
	Kobe	52.00	52.25
	Yokohama	52.00	52.25
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	50.125	50.25
51.50	Russia	13.55	13.80
26.79	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	33.00	33.50
	Copenhagen	28.12½	29.00
	Christiania	33.50	34.00
19.295	Spain	23.70	23.75
	South America—		
32.42	Rio	25.31	25.41
42.44	Buenos Aires	45.97	46.07
5.1826	Switzerland	4.36	4.34

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71¾	$4.69¼	$4.70¾	$4.68¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $552,553,075; balance, $45,596,201; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $3,720,812; Federal Reserve debit balance, $12,305,520.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .3125 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 42½d, unchanged; in New York, 84⅝c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 64⅞c.

WEEKLY BANK CLEARINGS.

New York City bank clearings last week, as reported by the Clearing House, and the clearings of the United States, as reported by The Financial Chronicle, compare as follows:

	In New York.	Total U. S.
1917.		
Nov. 24	$3,476,203,725	$6,542,327,760
Nov. 17	3,710,128,052	6,948,352,260
Nov. 10	*3,177,309,108	5,832,241,547
Nov. 3	3,848,297,821	6,692,441,152
1916.		
Nov. 25	*$4,304,902,850	$6,678,145,951
Nov. 18	4,059,807,207	6,568,210,598
Nov. 11	3,680,306,027	5,898,237,259
Nov. 4	3,769,361,408	6,137,253,652

*Five days.

CALL MONEY RATES.

Call money rates in corresponding weeks in this and recent years have been:

	High.	Low.	Ruling.		High.	Low.	Ruling.
1917	5½	2½	3½	1911	2½	2¼	2¼
1916	6½	4	4½	1910	2¾	2	2¾
1915	2	1¾	1¾	1909	3	2¾	2½
1914	5½	4½	4¾	1908	2	1½	1¾
1913	3½	2½	3	1907	15	3½	10
1912	6	4	5¾	1906	12	4	8

EARNINGS.

Public Utilities.

HUDSON & MANHATTAN—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
October gross	$549,352	$513,465	$477,723
Net after tax	285,153	282,626	285,118
Sur. after chg.	61,330	60,931	72,616
4 mos. gross	2,033,931	1,884,104	1,768,622
Net after tax	1,043,212	1,024,020	1,009,204
Sur. after chg.	172,271	164,596	162,170

SOUTHWESTERN POWER & LIGHT CO., all subsidiaries—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
October gross	434,749	370,493	64,256
Net earnings	190,125	191,678	*1,553
12 mos. gross	4,576,022	4,107,120	468,902
Net earnings	2,084,268	1,970,166	114,102

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTIC, GULF & WEST INDIES and subsidiary companies for September—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Gross	4,239,702	2,672,337	1,713,132
Net	1,727,282	738,109	442,871
Sur. after chg.	1,135,614	539,273	261,398
9 mos. gross	35,732,481	24,329,249	14,732,133
Net	11,661,159	7,546,286	3,637,049
Sur. after chg.	*6,323,169	5,311,196	2,169,379

*For the nine months' period there was included in charges an estimated allowance of $4,050,000 for war income and excess profits taxes. For the month of September charges included an estimated allowance of $450,000 for these taxes.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

SATURDAY, NOV. 24, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	331,710	750,260	231,663
Year to date	170,096,757	199,548,066	158,800,034

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
21	21½	100	Advance Rumely pf	21	21	21	21	+1
48½	50	400	Ajax Rubber	50	50	49¼	49¼	−¾
2	2¼	2,000	Alaska Gold Mines	2¼	2⅜	2	2¼	...
18¼	18⅝	600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18½	−¼
77	79	200	Am. Agricul. Chem	78¾	78¾	78	78	+¼
73¼	75	100	Am. Beet Sugar	74	74	74	74	−1
36½	36¾	18,400	Am. Can	36	37⅛	35½	36½	+⅜
64½	65	200	Am. Car & Fdry	65	65¼	65	65¼	+¾
24¾	25	600	Am. Cotton Oil	25¼	25¼	25	25	−⅞
57½	58¼	200	Am. H. & Leath. pf	58	58¼	58	58¼	−¼
39	39½	100	Am. Ice pf	39	39	39	39	+1⅛
53½	54½	500	Am. International	52¾	54	52½	54	−1
25⅝	26	600	Am. Linseed	26¼	26¼	25⅞	25⅞	−¼
72½	74	100	Am. Linseed pf	73½	73½	73½	73½	+⅜
54	54¾	1,400	Am. Locomotive	55⅝	55⅝	54½	54½	−½
11½	12	100	Am. Malting	12	12	12	12	...
55	57½	300	Am. Malting 1st pf	56	57½	56	57½	+3
75¾	76	2,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref	76¼	76½	75¼	76	−¾
103½	104½	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾	+¼
55⅝	56	800	Am. Steel F'dries	56	56	55⅝	56	+⅜
98	99	200	Am. Sugar Ref	99	99⅛	99	99⅛	+¼
57	57¾	900	Am. Sumatra Tob	57¼	58½	57	58½	+1½
109	109½	400	Am. Tel. & Tel	108⅝	109⅜	108⅝	109⅜	+⅜
171	175	200	Am. Tobacco	173	173	173	173	−3
94	98	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	95	95	95	95	−2¾
24	24¾	100	Am. Writing P. pf	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	+¼
58⅛	58½	3,100	Anaconda Copper	59	59⅛	58⅛	58⅛	−¾
5	15	100	Asso. Dry Goods	12	12	12	12	−1
86¼	86¾	700	Atch., Top. & S. F	86¾	86¾	86½	86½	...
83	84	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	83½	83½	83½	83½	−¼
83	84	10	Do., odd lot	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	...
95	97½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	96	96	96	96	−1
99	99½	2,000	At., Gulf & West I	99¼	100	99	99½	+¾
60	62	100	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	−¼
55	55½	5,800	Baldwin Loco	56⅝	56⅝	54⅝	55	−2
52	52¼	800	Baltimore & Ohio	52⅛	52¼	52⅛	52⅛	−½
1	1⅛	200	Batopilas Mining	1	1	1	1	−⅛
81	82	100	Bethlehem Steel	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	−1⅜
81	81⅛	23,400	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c	83	83	81	81	−2¼
97¾	98¼	500	Beth. S. pf.spb.r.t.p	98	98	98	98	+⅜
44½	45	300	B'klyn Rapid Tran	44	44	43½	43½	−½
113½	114	900	Burns Brothers	114	114	113½	113½	+1
17½	17⅞	300	Butte & Superior	17½	17⅝	17½	17⅝	−⅛
12	13	300	California Petrol	13⅛	13⅛	12¾	12¾	+½
136¼	137	5,300	Canadian Pacific	136	137¼	135¾	136¾	+¾
30	31½	300	Central Foundry	30⅞	31	30⅞	31	+1½
41½	42¼	100	Central Foundry pf	42½	42½	42½	42½	−½
66	66½	7,900	Central Leather Co	67¾	67⅛	66	66⅛	−1½
30	31	200	Cerro de Pasco	29½	30	29½	30	...
47½	48½	800	Chesapeake & Ohio	48¾	48¾	47⅝	48	...
7¼	7½	600	Chi. Great Western	7¾	7¾	7⅝	7¾	+¼
20	21½	100	Chi. Great West. pf	20	20	20	20	−⅝
37	37½	1,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P	37¾	38	37½	37½	−¼
75	75½	200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	75	75¼	75	75¼	+½
18⅝	18⅞	700	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c	18¾	18¾	18⅝	18¾	−⅝
52	52½	980	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c	52	52½	51⅞	52	−½
42½	43¼	500	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c	43	43	43	43	...
15⅝	15⅞	1,700	Chile Copper	15¾	15⅞	15⅝	15⅞	+⅜
41½	42	200	Chino Copper	42	42	42	42	+¾
35	37	400	Col. Fuel & Iron	35¾	35¾	35½	35½	...
31	31¼	400	Columbia Gas & El	31	31½	31	31¼	+⅝
86¼	87	300	Consolidated Gas	87	87	86⅛	86⅛	−⅞
90	96	500	Continental Can	96⅞	97	95	95½	−1½
29½	29¾	7,300	Corn Products Ref	30⅜	30⅜	29½	29½	−⅝
55⅝	56	5,000	Crucible Steel	56	56⅝	55½	55⅝	−1⅞
29½	29¾	2,200	Cuba Cane Sugar	30¼	30¼	28¾	29¾	+¼
78½	79	500	Cuba Cane Suga- pf	78⅞	79	78⅞	78⅞	−⅛
95½	97	100	Deere & Co. pf	96	96	96	96	+1
93	94	600	Del. & Hudson	93¾	93½	93	93	−½
187	189	100	Del., Lack. & West	190	190	190	190	+5
..	95	100	Detroit United Ry	92	92	92	92	−1
36	36½	1,400	Distillers' Secur	36½	36⅝	36¼	36⅝	−⅝
6⅞	7	900	Dome Mines	7	7	6⅞	6⅞	...
14½	14¾	2,000	Erie	14⅞	14⅞	14½	14½	−½
22½	23¼	100	Erie 1st pf	23	23	23	23	−⅝
35½	37½	100	Fed. Min. & Sm. pf	36	36	36	36	...
129¾	131	11,300	General Electric	134	135	129½	129¾	−2¾
92⅝	93	3,100	General Motors	93⅛	93¾	92½	92⅞	−1
36	36½	100	Goodrich, (B. F.)	36½	36½	36½	36½	...
93	94½	200	Goodrich pf	93	93	93	93	...
91¾	92	400	Gt. Northern pf	92	92	91⅞	92	...
27¼	27½	3,300	Gt. N. Cfs. for O. P	27⅞	28	27⅛	27½	−⅛
37½	38	400	Greene-Cananea	37½	37½	37½	37½	...
87	90	100	Gulf States Steel	87	87	87	87	−1½
43½	43⅝	800	Inspiration Copper	44¼	44¼	43½	43¾	−¼
13	14	200	Inter. Agricultural	13	13	13	13	−1
37	38	100	Inter. Agricul. pf	38	38	38	38	...
107¼	108	200	Inter. Harv. N. J	107¾	107¾	107	107	−½
25¾	26	1,700	Inter. Mer. Marine	26	26	25⅝	25¾	−⅛
96	96⅜	18,500	Inter. Mer. Mar. pf	96	96¼	95	96	−⅝
26¾	27¼	200	Inter. Nickel	26¾	27¼	26¾	27¼	...
26¾	27¼	25	Do., odd lot	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	...
23½	23⅝	1,000	Inter. Paper	23	23⅝	23	23½	+2⅜
17	17¾	200	Kan. City Southern	17¾	17¾	17⅛	17½	−¼
33	33¼	1,300	Kennecott Copper	33⅝	33⅝	33	33⅛	−⅝
81	81¼	3,300	Lackawanna Steel	81⅞	81⅞	80⅝	81	−⅝
55	55¼	300	Lehigh Valley	55	55	55	55	...
172	200	100	Liggett & Myers	172	172	172	172	+1¼
23½	23¾	900	Maxwell Motors	24½	24½	23⅝	23⅝	−⅞
54	55	100	Max. Mot. 1st pf	53	53	53	53	−3
78	79¼	700	Mex. Petroleum	78¾	79	78¼	79	+½
85	88	100	Mex. Petroleum pf	87½	87½	87½	87½	+2½
44¼	44⅝	1,300	Midvale Steel	45	45¼	44½	44½	−½
9½	10½	100	Minn. & St. L. new	9½	9½	9½	9½	−⅞
4	4½	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	4½	4½	4½	4½	−⅛
23¾	24¼	1,000	Mo. Pacific tr. cfs	24⅝	24⅝	23⅝	23⅝	−¾
40¼	41½	300	Mo. Pac. pf. tr. cfs	41	41¼	41	41¼	−¼
23½	24	1,000	Nat. Conduit & C	24	24	23⅛	24	+¼
37	37½	300	Nat. Enam. & Stp	37¾	37¾	37½	37⅝	−⅜
43½	46	100	National Lead	43½	43½	43½	43½	...
17⅜	17¾	200	Nev. Consol. Cop	17½	17½	17¼	17½	...
110⅛	111½	100	N. Y. Air Brake	111½	111½	111½	111½	...
71	72	300	New York Central	71	71	70¾	71	−¼
27⅝	28	200	N. Y., N. H. & H	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	+¼
19½	20	300	N. Y., Ont. & West	19½	19½	19½	19½	+¼
105	106	200	Norfolk & Western	106	106	106	106	...
87	87½	300	Northern Pacific	87⅛	87½	87⅛	87⅛	−⅝
65	70	100	Nova Scotia S. & C	65	65	65	65	+2
35¼	35½	1,300	Ohio Cities Gas	36⅜	36⅜	35¼	35¼	−⅝
47⅝	47⅞	900	Penn. Railroad	47⅞	47⅞	47⅝	47⅝	...
45	46	200	Pittsburgh Coal	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼	+¼
78	80	100	Pitts. Coal pf	80	80	80	80	...
23	23½	300	Pitts. & West Va	23¾	23¾	23¼	23¼	+¼
56	59	300	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	57	57	56½	56⅞	+⅞
93	100	100	Pressed Steel Car	94	94	94	94	+4
126½	129	100	Pullman Company	127	127	127	127	−1
¼	¾	100	Quicksilver	½	½	½	½	...
⅝	⅞	300	Quicksilver pf	½	⅝	½	⅝	+⅜
44	45	500	R'way Steel Spring	44	45	44	45	+1¼
22⅝	22¾	900	Ray Consol. Copper	22⅝	22¾	22⅝	22¾	...
71	71¼	8,100	Reading	71½	71¾	71	71¼	−1¼
78¼	78¾	24,500	Rep. Iron & Steel	78⅝	79¾	77¾	78⅝	−⅛
94	96	500	Rep. Iron & St. pf	94	94	94	94	...
69½	71½	200	Royal Dutch cfs	71	71	70	70	−1
5	5⅝	200	Saxon Motor	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	...
18¾	19	100	Seaboard A. L. pf	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	+¼
141	143½	100	Sears-Roebuck Co	141	141	141	141	...
30¾	31	400	Sinclair Oil & Ref	31	31	30¾	30¾	−⅝
38¾	39½	700	Sloss-Sheff. S. & I	39	39½	39	39	+1
83½	83¾	1,000	Southern Pacific	84	84	83½	83¾	−⅜
24⅞	25	1,200	Southern Railway	25	25	24⅞	24⅞	−⅛
57	58	700	Southern R'way pf	57½	57½	57½	57½	+¼
40¼	40½	6,500	Studebaker Co	39¾	40⅝	39¾	40⅜	−⅛
36¾	37	1,100	Superior Steel	37¼	37½	36½	37	...
12⅝	12⅞	100	Tenn. Cop. & Chem	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+¼
143½	144	500	Texas Co	144⅞	144⅞	143½	143½	−1⅛
51	51½	14,800	Tobacco Products	49	51⅜	49	51⅛	+2¼
90	92½	100	Tobacco Prod. pf	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	+¼
115	115½	3,300	Union Pacific	115⅝	115⅞	115¼	115¼	−⅛
90¼	90⅝	6,800	United Cigar Stores	88⅝	91	88⅝	90½	+2½
117	119	100	United Fruit	118	118	118	118	+¼
6	6⅝	100	United R'ways Inv	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	−⅛
46⅝	48	200	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf	47½	47½	47	47	...
112½	112¾	600	U. S. Indus. Alco	113⅝	113⅝	112¼	112⅝	−1⅛
51	51½	200	U. S. Rubber	51⅛	51⅛	50⅝	50⅝	−1⅜
45¼	45⅝	100	U. S. Sm., Ref. & M	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	−½
96⅞	97	74,300	United States Steel	97⅞	97⅞	96⅞	96⅞	−1⅜
109	109½	800	U. S. Steel pf	109	109¼	108⅞	109¼	+½
78⅝	78⅞	900	Utah Copper	79½	79½	78⅝	78⅝	−1
31¼	33⅝	100	Va.-Caro. Chemical	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	+⅝
8¼	9	600	Wabash	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	...
41½	41¾	400	Wabash pf. A	41¾	41¾	41⅝	41¾	−⅝
21½	22	200	Wabash pf. B	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	+⅛
14	14⅝	200	Western Maryland	14	14	14	14	−⅝
13	13½	100	Western Pacific	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	−¼
83	83⅝	300	West. Union Teleg	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼	−⅝
38⅝	39	1,400	West'house E. & M	39⅜	39⅜	39	39	−⅜
10½	10¾	200	Wheeling & L. E	10¾	10¾	10¼	10¾	+⅝
46½	47½	500	Wilson & Co	47½	47½	46½	46½	−1⅛
19½	19¾	5,000	Willys-Overland	19⅝	19⅝	18⅝	19¼	+⅜
68	69½	500	Willys-Overland pf	70	70	69	69	−1½
37	37⅝	600	Wisconsin Central	37	37⅝	37	37⅝	...
110¼	110⅝	100	Woolworth, (F. W.)	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	+⅝
31	35	100	Worthington Pump	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	+1¼
54	55	100	Worth. Pump pf. B	54	54	54	54	+2¾

STOCK EXCHANGE NEWS.

Memberships Transferred—Montgomery H. Clarkson to W. Channing Burbank, Clark, Childs & Co., 135 Broadway; William J. B. Mills (deceased) to Sydney Lewinson, A. A. Housman & Co., 20 Broad Street; Campbell C. Broun to Oscar C. Schmidt, Hecker & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.

Membership Posted for Transfer—William Lemmon to Julien Stevens Ulman; sponsors, Benjamin B. Bryan, I. Chauncey McKeever.

The Committee on Admissions has authorized the following partner of a member to exercise the privilege of transacting business upon the floor of the Exchange for account of his firm, subject to the revocation of such privilege by said committee, under Section 6, Article XIII., of the constitution: Substitute, John S. Ferguson; member, Hamilton F. Benjamin; firm, Benjamin & Ferguson.

Proposed substitute of member under Section 6, Article XIII., of the constitution: Substitute, J. Raymond Boyce; member, Allen L. Lindley; firm, Lindley & Co.

New Partnerships—Petry, Toland & Weiss, Nov. 20, 1917, Philadelphia, Penn.; Frederick J. Petry, R. H. Rush Toland, and Samuel Weiss; special, Howard Longstreth. Hecker & Co., Nov. 23, 1917, Philadelphia, Penn.: Oscar Hecker, Maximilian Knoll, Oscar C. Schmidt.

Changes in Firms—C. E. Welles & Co., William J. Butler, admitted; Lindley & Co., J. Raymond Boyce, admitted.

New Addresses—R. S. Kilborne, at Denny, Pomroy & Co., 30 Pine Street; Prentice Strong, at Shuman & Seligmann, 30 Broad Street.

Branch Offices—Morgan, Truett & Co., (new,) Boston, Mass., Robert P. Jones, manager; Liggett & Drexel, (new,) Buffalo, N. Y., J. B. McCreary, manager; Liggett & Drexel, (new,) Boston, Mass., J. N. Stone, manager; Liggett & Drexel, (new,) Philadelphia, Penn., Henry G. Riter, 3d, manager.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian North.	1917-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1916-'28	4½	6.75	5.75
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.50	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.50	5.00
Chi., R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.75	5.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.70	5.10
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.50	5.50
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	7.00	5.75
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.75	5.25
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.75
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.50	5.75
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.60	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	5.60	5.00
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.75	5.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1917-'23	5	6.75	5.75
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.75	5.75
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.75
N. Y. Central L.	1917-'32	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.50	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	6.75	6.75
Penn. Gen. F'ght	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.50	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.75
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.75	5.75
Southern Pacific	1917-'23	4½	5.65	5.00
Southern Ry	1917-'24	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.75	6.00

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	59.18	58.93	59.00	−.20
25 industrials	72.44	71.34	71.57	−.82
50 stocks	65.81	65.13	65.28	−.51

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 24	65.81	65.13	65.28	−.51
Nov. 23	66.16	64.91	65.79	+.70
Nov. 22	65.86	64.85	65.09	−.31
Nov. 21	65.89	64.39	65.40	+.65
Nov. 20	65.13	63.81	64.75	+.98
Nov. 19	63.89	62.77	63.77	+1.02
Nov. 17	62.94	62.43	62.75	+.66

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Nov.	High.	Low.	Last.
1917	66.16 Nov. 23	60.42 Nov. 8	65.28
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	97.71 Nov. 1	97.03
1915	93.51 Nov. 1	85.76 Nov. 10	90.39
1914	Exchange closed.		
1913	67.80 Nov. 1	65.50 Nov. 10	66.51
1912	84.12 Nov. 7	81.10 Nov. 12	82.37
1911	78.98 Nov. 24	74.14 Nov. 1	77.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	90.46 Jan. 4	60.42 Nov. 8	65.28
†1916	101.51 Nov. 20	90.91 Sep. 22	99.46
Full Years.			
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.01 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80 Jan. 31	67.41 July 30	60.29
1913	79.19 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10	68.06
1912	85.82 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41 June 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Nov. 24...77.31	+.16	Nov. 16...76.89	−.16
Nov. 22...77.15	+.01	Nov. 15...77.05	−.06
Nov. 21...77.06	+.19	Nov. 14...77.11	−.20
Nov. 20...76.87	+.14	Nov. 13...77.31	−.09
Nov. 19...76.73	+.01	Nov. 12...77.40	−..
Nov. 17...76.72	−.1	Nov. 10...77.40	−.03
Nov. 23...77.15	+.02	Nov. 9...77.43	−.03

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	88.48 Jan. 26	76.72 Nov. 17	77.31
†1916	89.17 Nov. 25	86.19 Apr. 23	89.17
Full Years.			
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 23	88.64
1915	87.62 Nov. 24	81.51 Jan. 2	86.07
1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

The following companies announced dividends during the last week:

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Books Close.
STEAM RAILROADS.				
Atl. C. Line	$1.50	Q	Dec. 10	Nov. 30
Bos. & Albany	2½	Q	Dec. 31	*Nov. 30
Chestnut Hill	10c	Q	Dec. 4	Nov. 20
C., N.O. & T.P.	3	—	Dec. 12	*Dec. 1
C., N.O. & T.P.	3½	Ex.	Dec. 12	*Dec. 1
Do pf	1¼	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 24
Erie & Pitts	87½c	Q	Dec. 10	*Nov. 30
Mob. & Bir. pf	2	—	Jan. 1	Dec. 1
Ph., Ger. & N.	$1.50	Q	Dec. 4	Nov. 20
STREET RAILWAYS.				
Am. Rys	2	—	Dec. 15	Nov. 29
Cap. Tr., Wash.	1¼	Ex.	Dec. 20	Dec. 5
E. Wis. El. pf	1½	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 20
Ind. St. Ry	3	S	Jan. 1	Dec. 22
Nor. Ohio. El	1	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 22
Pensacola El. pf	3	—	Dec. 1	*Nov. 22
Roch. R. & L. pf	1¼	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 26
Wis.-Minn. Lt. & P. pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 20
INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS				
Alabama Co	$3	—	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Allouez Min	$1.50	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 12
Am. Ins	2	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 21
Am. Int. Corp	90c	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
Am. Pwr. & L	1	—	Dec. 1	Nov. 24
Am. Sewer P	50c	Q	Dec. 20	Dec. 10
A., G. & W. I	5	S	Feb. 1	Dec. 28
Atlas Powder	2	Q	Dec. 10	Nov. 30
Atlas Powder	8	Ex.	Dec. 10	Nov. 30
Bald. Loco. pf	3½	S	Jan. 1	Dec. 9
Beth. Steel, A	2½	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Do, B	2½	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Do cum. cv. pf	2	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
B'klyn Un. Gas	1½	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 13
Cal. & Ariz	$2	Q	Dec. 24	Dec. 7
Cal. & Hecla	$10	Q	Dec. 20	Nov. 28
Case (J. I.) Co. pf	2	Q	Jan. 15	*Dec. 31
Central Fy. 1st pf	1¾	Q	Jan. 15	*Dec. 31
Do pf	1¼	Q	Jan. 15	*Dec. 31
Conn. Pwr. pf	1½	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 23
Conn. R. Pr. pf	3	—	Dec. 1	*Nov. 30
Cons. Inter. C. Min	50c	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Cont. Oil	3	Q	Dec. 17	Nov. 26
Cub.-Am. Sug	2½	Q	Jan. 2	*Dec. 12
Do pf	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	*Dec. 12
Everett-H'n'y	50c	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 21
Gal.-Sig. Oil	3	Q	Dec. 31	*Nov. 30
Do pf	2	Q	Dec. 31	*Nov. 30
Gen. Chemical	2½	Sp.	Feb. 1	Dec. 31
Gen. Chemical	5	Stk.	Feb. 1	Dec. 31
Do pf	1½	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 19
Good. T. & R	3	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 20
Grasselli Chem	1½	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
Grasselli Ch	4.15	Stk.	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
Do pf	1½	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
Hacken. Water com. & pf	75c	—	Dec. 1	*Nov. 26
Indian Refin	3	—	Dec. 20	Dec. 10
Do pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
Inter. Elec. pf	1½	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 27
Lack. Steel	1½	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 14
Lack. Steel	3½	Ex.	Dec. 31	Dec. 14
Laclede Gas	1½	Q	Dec. 15	*Dec. 1
Do pf	2½	S	Dec. 15	*Dec. 1
Lake of the W. Mill	2	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 24
Do pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 24
Linde Air Pr	2	Q	Dec. 31	*Dec. 20
Do pf	1½	Q	Jan. 1	*Dec. 20
Magma Copper	50c	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 7
Merg. Lino	2½	Q	Dec. 31	*Dec. 5
Merg. Lino	2½	Ex.	Dec. 31	*Dec. 5
Mol. Plow 1st pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 17
Mont. Power	1¼	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Do pf	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Mont. Cottons	1	Q	Dec. 15	*Dec. 5
Do pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	*Dec. 5
Nat. E. & S. pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 31	*Dec. 11
Nat. Grocer	1½	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Do pf	3	—	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Nat. Lead	1	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 7
Nat. Surety	3	Q	Jan. 2	*Dec. 20
New Niq. Sug. com. & pf	3½	—	Dec. 1	Nov. 20
N. Y. & Q. El. L. & P. pf	1	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 23
Ohio Oil	$1.25	Q	Dec. 20	Nov. 24
Ohio Oil	$4.75	Ex.	Dec. 20	Nov. 24
Old Domi'don	$1	—	Dec. 31	Dec. 16
Owens Bottle	50c	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 22
Owens Bottle	75c	Ex.	Jan. 1	Dec. 22
Do pf	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 22
Penn.-Kent Oil & G	20c	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Penn. W. & P.	1¼	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 19
Phila. Elec.	43.75c	Q	Dec. 15	*Nov. 23
Price Bros. & Co.	1½	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 14
Ry. St. Spg	1¼	Q	Dec. 20	Dec. 15
Do pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 20	Dec. 5
St. Jos. Lead	25c	—	Dec. 20	Dec. 8
So. Penn. Oil	5	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 12
S.W. P. & L. pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 23
S.W.P. P. L.	3	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
St. Oil, Neb	10	Q	Dec. 20	Dec. 10
Texas G. & El. pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	*Nov. 22
Tooke Bros. pf	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
Un. Bag & P	1½	Q	Dec. 15	*Dec. 5
Un. Carbide	2	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 20
Un. Carbide & Carbon	$1	Q	Jan. 2	*Dec. 8
Union St. Yds., Omaha	1¾	Q	Nov. 30	Nov. 20
Union St. Yds., Omaha	2	Ex.	Nov. 30	Nov. 20
U. S. Cast I. P. & Fdy. pf	1¼	Q	Mar. 15	Mar. 1
West. Grocer	4	—	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Do pf	3	—	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Woolworth Co. pf	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	*Dec. 10
Yuk.-Alas. Tr.	$1	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 7
Yukon Gold	7½c	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 7

*Holders of record; books do not close.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$9,700,441	$70,257,161
Ord. internal rev.	66,340,564	252,742,930
Income tax	5,886,008	31,627,361
Miscellaneous	34,811,434	85,420,704
Total receipts	$116,738,449	$440,048,158
Exc. of ord. disburs. over ord. receipts	299,594,062	1,273,080,050
Exc. of total disburs. over total receipts	887,667,320	830,963,048
Expenditures	416,332,512	1,713,128,200

Lockport Took $1,886,550 in Bonds

The Liberty Loan Committee issued a statement yesterday calling attention to the fact that owing to a clerical error the amount of subscriptions received to the Second Liberty Loan in the City of Lockport, N. Y., had been erroneously given as $186,650. The actual amount received was $1,886,550, which is equivalent to 102 per cent. of that city's quota.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

SATURDAY, NOV. 24, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$3,321,500	$2,665,500	$3,356,500
Year to date	924,321,450	1,039,364,000	827,143,200

U S Lib 3½s, int ctfs, full paid
$20,000....99.00
39,000....98.96
52,000....98.98
15,000....99.00
57,000....99.02
65,000....99.00
54,000....98.98
49,000....99.00
50,000....99.02
142,000....99.00
10,000....99.02
10,000....99.06
32,000....99.04
45,000....99.02
1,000....99.04
14,000....99.02
110,000....99.00
25,000....98.96
5,000....99.00

U S Liberty 4s
11,000....97.0.
5,000....97.76
30,000....97.74
100,000....97.76
10,000....97.80
10,000....97.88
60,000....97.90
20,000....97.86
102,000....97.84
11,000....97.80
1,000....97.84
64,000....97.80
17,000....97.76
5,000....97.78
60,000....97.76
5,000....97.78
100,000....97.76
174,000....97.74
38,000....97.76
20,000....97.78
18,000....97.80
111,000....97.76
10,000....97.78
100,000....97.76
26,000....97.78
55,000....97.80
2,000....97.78
8,000....97.76
2,000....97.78
500....98.00
54,000....97.76
42,000....97.78
500....98.00
1,000....97.80
15,000....97.84
10,000....97.86
8,000....97.88
35,000....97.84
20,000....97.80
20,000....97.84
11,000....97.86
10,000....97.88
5,000....97.90
1,000....97.92
1,000....97.96
13,000....97.94
1,000....97.96
11,000....97.94
272,000....97.98
4,000....97.96
18,000....98.00
2,000....97.98
50,000....97.00

AmForSec5s 8....94¼; 1....94½
Anglo-Fr 5s 1....90⅞; 36....90⅞; 3....90½; 1....90¾
CofBordeaux6s 20....83¼
CityofLyons6s 21....83¾
CofMarseils6s 13....83⅝
CityofParis6s 4....83⅜
DofCan5s,'31 3....90¼; 2....90½
French Gov temp 5½s 2....94¾; 3....94⅝; 3....94⅝; 2....94½
UKofGtB&I5s 1....98; 9....97¾; 1....97⅝; 6....97⅝; 19....97⅝
5½s, 1918 1....99⅝; 9....99⅝; 19....99⅝
5½s, 1919 20....95¾; 1....96; 20....95¾
new 18....98¼; 5....98¼
36....98⅜
5½s, 1921 20....92¼; 1....93
AmSmelt&Ref templst5s 2....86½; 2....86⅝
AmT&Tcol4s 23....82; 3....82½
conv 4½s 5....91⅞
col tr 5s 11....93; 1....92¾; 6....93
A,T&SFegen4s 17....83⅝
adj4s,stpd 1....73¼
BradenCopsf6s 10....89
BRTgold5s 4....81¼
CalGas&Elec5s 4....92¾
CentLeather5s 1....95¼
CentPacgtd4s 1....80⅛; 2....80¼; 20....80½
CentVermt4s 1....55
C&Oconv4½s 3....69⅞
conv 5s 3....73¾; 5....73⅝; 15....73¾; 7....73⅝
C,B&Qjoint4s 1....93¾
Chi,Mil&StP conv 4½s 5....73
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s 2....62¼
Chile Cop 7s 1....101; 3....101⅛
ConGasev6s 20....100⅛
D&RGcon4s 1....63
Erie1stcon7s 2....100½
Int-Met 4½s 2....54½
IRT1st&ref5s 7....82; 5....81½; 10....82
LackS5s,1923 6....95¾; 1....96
Ligg & M 7s 2....111
MetTel&Tel5s 1....99½
Mo,K&T1st4s 7....58¾
MoP1stcon6s 8....99½
gen 4s 2....54½; 4....54¼
NYCentdeb6s 6....95⅝; 18....95½
deb 4s, 1934 1....78¾; 1....78½; 8....78⅝
NY,Chi&StL 1st 4s, reg 5....85
NY,NH&H conv 3½s 5....47½
conv deb 6s 1....89½
N & W div 4s 3....80¾; 2....80½
Nor Pac 4s 2....84; ¼....85
PaRRgen4½s 2....91
PereMar1st5s 1....81½
PubServCsf5s 3....80
Read gen 4s 1....85¾
JerCentcol4s 3....87¼
StL&SFprior lien4s,SerA 1....55½; 10....55⅜; 5....55⅜; 10....55¾
adj 6s 1....59½; 1....59⅜
income 6s 2....44⅞; ½....44½; 1....44⅝
StLSW1st4s 1....66
S A L adj 5s 4....44
SoPacconv4s 13....76½
1st ref 4s 2....79¼
SouthnRy1st5s 2....92¼; 1....92⅛; 6....92½
gen 4s 5....58¾
TexasCodeb6s 7....98
UnPac1st4s 12....88; 4....88½
conv 4s 5....85
1st&ref4s 12....78¾
U S Rubber 1st&ref5s 15....76½
USSteelCsf5s 8....99⅜; 5....99½
Va-CarChl1st5s 1....95; 1....96¾
VirgnRy1st5s 4....91½
WestShore4s 5....80¼

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96½	..
2s, c, 1930	96½	..
3s, r, 1918	99	..
3s, c, 1918	99	..
3s, r, 1946	84	..
3s, c, 1946	85	..
4s, r, 1925	104	..
4s, c, 1925	104	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	96	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	80	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea 1st pf	80	92
Adams Ex	70	80
Ad Rumely	8⅝	9
Alask J	2⅝	3
Alle & W	91½	..
Allis-Ch M pf	72	73¾
Am Ag Ch pf	91½	95
Am B N	33	37
Do pf	40	46
Am B Sug pf	80	93
Am B S & Fdy	..	97
Do pf	135	186
Am C pf	93	96
Am C & F pf	104½	107
Am Clt pf	..	20
Am Coal	38	..
Am Cot Oil pf	70	80
Am Exp	80	90
Am H & L	13	13½
Am Ice	10½	11
Am Lo pf	96	100
Am Sm pf A	92	94
Am Snuff	100½	103½
Do pf	..	95
Am Shipb	87¾	91
Do pf	..	93
Am Sug R pf	108	108¼
Am Sum T pf	75	89¾
Am T & C	54	60
Am Wool	43	44
Do pf	88	92
Am Zinc	14	15
Do pf	42½	46¾
Assets R	1	1⅜
Asso D G 1st pf	47½	55¼
Do 2d pf	36	54¾
Assoc Oil	53¾	65
A, B & A	9	11
Bald L pf	96	101
B & O pf	59½	60⅛
Barrett Co	91	92
Do pf	98	103
Beth Steel pf	87	96
B Un Gas	86	95
Brown Sh	64	67
Do pf	88¼	95
Bruns Ter	6	7
B, R & P	70	89⅞
Do pf	100	..
Burns Bros pf	110	120
Bush Term	..	100
But'k Co	10	10½
Cal Pack	35	..
Cal Pet pf	36	38
Cal & Ar	65	68
Can So	..	54
C, C & O	..	22
Do pf	..	50
Case (J I) pf	75	78
Cent L pf	99¾	101¼
C R R of N J	210	231
C & S A Tel	98	102
Chand Mot	84	84½
Chi & Alt	8	10
Do pf	10	20
C & N W	95½	97
Do pf	141	145
Chi, St P, M & Om	70	80
Do pf	100	130
C, C, C & St L	26	33
Do pf	60	76
Cl & Pitts	..	83½
Clu-Peab	48	53
Do pf	92	100
Col & So	20	21
Do 1st pf	45	48
Do 2d pf	40	48
Comp T R	28	30
C I C M	11	12½
Con G B	96	100
Cont C pf	87	110
Cont Ins	42	45
Corn P R pf	90	91½
Crex Carp	38	45
Crip C C	..	32
Do pf	..	32
Cruc Steel pf	87	91½
C-Am Sug	141	160
Do pf	90	100
D & R G	5	8
Do pf	12	14
Det Ed	104½	109
D, S S & A	2⅝	3¼
Do pf	5¼	7
Elec S B	49	53
Elk H Coal	20	28¾
Do pf	..	43
Erie 2d pf	17	18¼
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S	13¼	14
Fisher Bdy	20	34
Do pf	75	80
G, W & W	34	35
Gen Chem	165	175
Do pf	95	105
Gen Cigar	31	34
Do pf	90	100
Gen M pf	75	76
Granby C	68	70
Gulf S S 1st pf	100	102
G, M & N	11	13
Do pf	30	43
Hartman	42	43
Hask & B	28¼	28¾
Homestake	93	99½
Ill Cent	94¼	95⅛
Interb-C	7¼	7½
Do pf	45	46
I H, N J, pf	109	118
Int H Cor	52	75
Do pf	97	100
Int N pf	90	99
Int P sta	56	57
Do pf	65	85
Int Salt	62	65
Iowa Cent	2	4
Isl C Coal	..	75
Jewel Tea	32	35
Do pf	90	95
K C Ft S & M pf	..	68
Kan C So pf	46	48
Kelly S T	41	42½
Do pf	75	77½
Kelsey Wh	16	30
Do pf	70	85
K & D M	2⅝	7
Do pf	..	50
K'gs Co El L & P	95	100
Kress (S H)	46	55
Do pf	98	105¾
Lacl Gas	80	90
L E & W	9	10
Do pf	17	25
L R & T	11¼	12
Ligg & M pf	101	101½
L Isl ctfs	34	45
L-W Bisc	13⅝	15
Do 1st pf	..	84
Do 2d pf	50	64
Lorill'd Co	170	185
Do pf	100	120
Louis & N	116	119½
M'kay Cos	71¾	89
Do pf	59	63
Mah C R	350	..
Man B'ch	¾	4
Man Elec S	..	43
Do 1st pf	..	96¾
Man Elev	99	102
Max M 2d pf	14¾	15½
M Dep Sts	47½	51
Do pf	90	103
Miami Cop	28⅝	29
Mich Cent	..	109
M, St P & S S M	81	83¾
Do pf	100	117
Do l l	60	70
Mo, K & T pf	7½	8
Mon V Tr	..	15
Mon Pow	66	67
Do pf	96	100
Mor & Es	..	80
N, C & St L	110	122
Nat Acme	26	27¼
Nat Bisc	85	90
Do pf	105	108
Nat C & S	58	62
Do pf	92	100
Nat En pf	83	100
Nat L pf	99	102
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	..	21
Do 2d pf	5	6
N O, T & Mex	20	22
N Y, C & St L	15	17
Do 1st pf	..	79
Do 2d pf	40	49
N Y Dock	12	15
Do pf	37	45
N Y, L & West	100	123
Norf So	21	22
Norf & W pf	75	79
North Am	45½	48
N W Tel	..	60
Ont Min	4¼	4¾
Owens B M	61	67
Do pf	108	..
Pac Coast	42	70
Do 1st pf	68	90
Do 2d pf	58	80
Pac Mail	24	24¾
Do pf	..	107
P T & Tel	16	19¾
Do pf	..	96
Pan-Am P & T pf	87	88¾
Peo G C	39¾	40
Peo & E	4	6
Pere Marq	14	15
Do pr pf	47	60
Do pf	30	35
Pett-Mull	25	35
Do 1st pf	90	97¼
Phila Co	27⅝	28
Pierce-Ar	30½	37½
Do pf	89	93
P, C, C & St L	55	60
P, Ft W & C	..	150
Pitts S pf	85	94
Pond C C	18	24½
Pr Stl Car	55½	57
P S N J	107	110
Ry Stl Spr pf	90	98
Rdg 1st pf	34½	40
Do 2d pf	36	38
St L S F	15⅛	15¼
Do pf	25	29
St L S W	23	26
Do pf	33	34
Savage A	62	70
Seab A L	8¾	9
Sears-R pf	116	123
Shat Ariz	19¾	20
S-S S & I pf	80	100
So P R S	157	165
Do pf	100	108
St'd Mill	75	85
Do pf	79	84
Studeb Co pf	..	95
Stutz Mtr	28¼	..
Sup Stl 1st pf	96⅞	101
Tex Pac	12¾	14¼
T P L Tr	130	..
Third Av	17	18
Tide W O	165	175
T, St L & West	..	10
Do ctfs	4	6
Do pf	5	15
Do pf c	8	14
Tran & W	30¼	40
T C R T	73	74½
Do pf	100	125
U'nd Type	90½	100
Do pf	110½	114¼
U B & P	8½	10¼
Do new	60	67
Un Pac pf	70	74
U Alloy S	36¾	37¼
Un Cig Sts pf	102½	115
Un Drug	68	70
Do 1st pf	50	51
Do 2d pf	75	80
Un Dyew'd	58	61
Un P'board	17¼	18½
U Rys Inv pf	14	15
U S C I P	12	13
U S Exp	16	18
U S Ind A pf	91	95
U S R & I	10	12
U S R 1st pf	95	100
U S Sm pf	45	47¾
Utah Secur	12	12¾
Va-Car Ch pf	98¼	102
Va I, C & Coke	52½	53
W F Exp	75	79
W Md 2d pf	25	26½
W Pac pf	38	..
West A B	..	97½
W E & M 1st pf	57	61
W & L E pf	20	21
White Mtr	37	38
W & Co pf	93	98
W'w'th (F W) pf	116	118
Wor Pump pf A	85	90

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security. Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec. 5	Aug., 1919	93¾	94¼	8.65
Argen. Gv. dis. 6	Dec. 15, '17	99	100	6.00
Argen. Gov. 6	May 15, '20	90	93	9.25
City of Mont. 5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.00
City of Mont. 5	May, 1918	98	99	7.00
City of Que. 5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.75
Dom. of Can. 5	Aug., 1919	94¾	95	7.70
Fr'ch Gov. con. 5½	Apr., 1919	94¾	94⅝	9.10
Gov. of N. F. 5	July, 1918	90	96	7.00
Norweg. Gov. 6	Feb., 1923	100	104	4.90
Prov. of Que. 5	Apr., 1920	92	96	5.80
Russian Gov. 6½	July, 1919	60	64	..
Russian Gov. 5½	Dec., 1921	50	53	..
Do rubles 5½	Feb. 14, '26	111	113	..
Swiss Gov. 5	Mar., 1918	99	99⅞	7.00
Swiss Gov. 5	Mar., 1920	99½	100¼	4.90
Company Issues.				
Am. P. & L. 6	Aug., 1921	94	98¼	8.30
Am. T. & T. 4½	Feb., 1918	99¾	100	4.50
Am. Thread 4	Jan., 1919	96	96½	7.25
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P. 6	July, 1919	97	99¼	6.25
B. & O. R. R. 5	July, 1918	99¼	99⅝	5.65
B. & O. R. R. 5	July, 1919	96⅞	97⅛	6.50
Beth. S. Corp. 5	Feb. 15, '19	97⅛	97⅝	6.85
B'klyn R. T. 5	July, 1918	91	92	..
C., B. & Q. 4	July, 1921	92⅜	93¼	6.15
C. & W. Ind. 6	Sep., 1918	97	97¾	9.15
Canada Nor. 6	Sep. 2, '18	97	98½	7.80
Can. Pac. R. 6	Mar. 2, '24	97½	98½	6.25
Cub.-Am. Sug. 6	Apr., 1918	99¾	100¼	5.35
Curt. A. & M. 6	Serial	90	98	..
Del. & Hud. 5	Aug., 1920	97	97¾	5.95
East. P. & L. 5	Mar. 1, '18	96½	99½	5.50
Erie R. R. 5	Apr., 1919	89	91	11.40
Fed. Sug. R. 5	Jan., 1920	95	96	7.10
Gen. Elec. Co. 6	Dec., 1919	99	99¼	6.40
Gen. Elec. Co. 6	July, 1920	99¾	99⅝	6.10
Gen. Rubber 5	Dec., 1918	97	97⅜	7.25
G. T. of Can. 5	Aug., 1918	96	99	6.20
Gt. Nor. Ry. 5	Sep., 1920	97	97⅜	5.95
Hocking Val. 6	Nov., 1918	98	99	7.00
Int. Harvest.	Feb. 15, '18	99¾	100¼	4.15
Kan. C. Ry. 5½	July, 1918	95	98	8.15
K. C. Ter. Ry. 4½	Nov. 15, '18	97	98¼	5.30
K. C. Ter. Ry. 4½	July 19, '21	95	98	5.00
Mich. C. R.R. 5	May, 1918	99	99⅜	6.05
Louis. G. & E. 6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.00
Mont. T. & P. 6	Apr., 1919	88	93	11.50
Morgan & W. 5	Dec., 1918	98¾	101	4.10
N. Y. C. R. R. 5	Sep. 15, '17	96	96⅝	6.80
N.Y., N.H. & H. 5	Apr. 15, '18	87	88½	..
Penn. Co. 4½	June 15, '21	96½	97½	5.25
P. S. C., N. J. 5	Mar., 1919	97	99	..
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co. 5	Feb. 1, '19	89½	91	..
Southern Ry. 5	Mar. 2, '19	96	96½	7.15
United Fruit 5	May, 1918	99⅝	100	6.00
Utah Sec. Cor.	Sep. 15, '22	84	88	9.05
Win. R. Arms. 5	May, 1918	96	97½	..
W. V. T. & E. 6	May, 1919	97	98¼	6.75
W. S. G. & E. 6	June, 1927	97	98	6.25
Win E. Ry. 6	Jan. 15, '18	99	100	6.00

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Calumet and Hecla Mines Produced 12,205,380 Pounds in October.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—The quarterly report of the Davis-Daly Co. shows production of 4,275 tons of ore, yielding 498,811 pounds of copper and 26,075 ounces of silver, all from the Colorado shaft. The figures for the preceding quarter were 1,158,356 pounds of copper and 71,535 ounces of silver. The ore now being mined shows 10 and 12 per cent. copper, besides good silver values. About fifty tons of manganese is being shipped daily from the Hibernia and Great Republic.

The October output of the Calumet & Hecla mines was 12,205,380 pounds of copper, against 11,556,438 pounds for September and 12,338,795 pounds in August.

Consolidated Copper mines are producing at the rate of 1,500,000 pounds of copper a month.

The Ohio Copper Co. in the first ten months of this year produced 4,700,000 pounds of copper. It will be some months before the company will show the full effects of the mineral flotation.

The output of the Anaconda mines is increasing daily. The property is operating at 80 per cent normal.

The New Cornelia Copper Co. is expected to turn out 12,000,000 pounds of copper during the last three months of the year. The net profit for the year is believed to be at least $7,500,000.

The Chile Copper Co. has increased the capacity of its plant to 10,000 tons daily, but delays and inability to obtain a steady supply of fuel oil have interfered with full utilization of facilities.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	21	23	Iron Blos	50	55
B S Gas	8	10	Iron Cap	14½	15
Begole	50	75	Jerome V	90	100
Bohemia	80	90	La Rose	30	40
Bing Min	50	70	Majestic	31	33
Bost Ely	70	80	Mex Met	27	29
Bost & M	50	51	Mojave T	30	32
Butte & L	15	17	New Balt	75	1¼
Butte & D	18	30	Nev Doug	1⅜	1⅜
Bost & Ar	1	2	N U Bing	..	50
Calaveras	1⅛	2¼	Nixon	1⅛	1½
Crown Res	20	30	N Cornelia	14⅞	15¼
Con Ariz	1⅝	2	N Z & L	28	32
Cortes	10	20	Oneco	25	35
Champ Cop	4	6	Onondaga	15	25
Chief Cons	1⅝	2	Pioneer C	1⅛	1½
E & B B	2	2¼	Ray Here	3	3¼
Earl Eagle	15	17	Rilla	1	2¼
Fortuna	5	6	*S W M	75	1¼
Gold Lake	2	4	†S W M	1	1⅛
Gila C S	17⅛	17¾	U V Ext	33¼	34¼
Houghton	60	80	Victoria M	1¼	1½
Homa Oil	1	1¼	Yukon G'd	1⅜	2
Humboldt	60	75			

*Part paid. †Full paid.

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED. FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3.00 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.00. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.
THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
E. G. CRAWFORD, President.

DIVIDENDS.

PENNSYLVANIA-KENTUCKY OIL AND GASOLINE REFINING CORP.
Wheeling, W. Va., November 20, 1917.
At a meeting of the Directors of the above-named company, held on November 20, 1917, the regular quarterly dividend of FOUR PER CENT. was declared to stockholders of record December 15, 1917, payable January 2, 1918.
C. M. WATSON, Treasurer.

BANK AND CORPORATION NEWS

SCRAP-HEAP WASTE IN METAL ABOLISHED

War Conditions Bring About a Remarkable Saving in This Industry.

DECREASE IN MELTING LOSS

Geological Survey Report Says Facilities Are Being Increased for Utilizing Junk.

One of the remarkable economic effects of the war upon American industry has been the manner in which it has promoted the scrap metal and junk trades, particularly the various industries dependent upon scrap metal of all kinds. A report of the United States Geological Survey on "Secondary Metals in 1916"—secondary metal is the official name for scrap metal—shows that war conditions have brought about much missionary work to eliminate the wastefulness of the scrap heap.

The Government report reveals that in 1916 the total quantity of scrap metal of various kinds recovered in the United States was valued at $265,377,856. This was more than double the value, and represented nearly double the quantity of scrap metal recovered in 1915. The amount of scrap lead included in this total equalled 16.8 per cent. of the total American output of new lead, and exceeded the output of new lead in several of the biggest mining States put together. The total value of scrap aluminum recovered was almost five times that recovered the previous year, and represented about 40 per cent. of the total domestic production of this metal, in which the United States leads the world.

"Collections of metal have been so large," the Geological Survey reports, "that it has been difficult to obtain labor properly to break, segregate and ship the varied classes of material. In fact, the public has been educated sufficiently to appreciate the importance of waste; even the farmers in remote regions are being askd to collect and ship scrap iron, steel and other metals. The large manufacturing plants, foundries and smelters have increased their facilities for saving and segregating scrap metals, and have also adopted methods for decreasing melting losses.

"Manufacturers of magnetic separators state that the sales of their products have shown a large increase in the last two years. The chief use for their separators was for the magnetic concentration of metals. One of the main uses now is for the elimination of iron from brass and other nonferrous metals. The use of magnetic separators has been greatly extended. Iron and steel filings are thus recovered from sands, ashes and other foundry refuse. In the manufacture of pottery, glassware, &c., the clay and sands are run through a magnetic device to extract small particles of iron."

Another interesting point in the new scientific economy being introduced into American industry is the manner in which light scrap, metal shavings and clippings are now saved. This used to be shoveled indiscriminately into the melting furnace, if it was saved at all. But it occurred to far-seeing engineers that in this method, as the amount of exposed metal surface on these small, thin fragments was large in proportion to their weight, the amount of metal lost by oxidation, literally burned off in melting, must be large. So the expedient was adopted of "briquetting" this light scrap—that is, pounding it together into solid bricks before melting. It was found that fully that fully 50 per cent. of the metal that had been made useless under the old process was now saved.

"There are as many romances in the utilization of waste," says the Geological Survey, "as there are in the discovery of new mines. If the public were better informed about the many industries partly or wholly dependent on junk, and how the products of such plants were made more expensive because the raw material had not been properly selected and segregated, greater interest would be taken in the national propaganda of conservation, and this would lower living costs."

Offer More British Treasury Bills.

J. P. Morgan & Co. will offer this week an additional $15,000,000 of British Treasury bills, the discount rate on which will be the same as last week, 6 per cent. Tomorrow there will mature the second lot of $15,000,000 of bills sold three months ago, and the amount outstanding will remain at $100,000,000.

STATEMENT OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE

For Week Ended Saturday, Nov. 24, 1917

AVERAGE FIGURES

Clearing House Members. Members of Fed. Res. Bank.	*Capital.	*Net Profits.	Loans, Dis's, Inv'm'ts, &c.	Gold.	Legal Tenders.	Silver.	Nat. Bank and Fed. Res. Notes.	Res. with Legal Depositaries.	Add. Deposits with Legal Depositaries.	Net Demand Deposits.	Net Time Deposits.	Nat. Bank Circulation.
Bank of N.Y., N.B.A.	$2,000,000	$5,343,900	$47,728,000	$227,000	$161,000	$134,000	$218,000	$6,257,000	......	$33,411,000	$1,257,000	$782,000
Bank of the Man. Co.	2,050,000	8,212,160	38,676,000	2,531,000	840,000	815,000	406,000	10,129,000	......	33,930,000	2,000,000	
Merchants' National	2,000,000	2,555,900	23,565,000	195,000	145,000	403,000	113,000	2,369,000	......	15,950,000	932,000	1,847,000
Mech. & Metals Nat.	6,000,000	10,328,700	153,237,000	6,980,000	300,000	4,925,000	632,000	28,480,000	......	151,810,000	7,741,000	3,776,000
Bank of America	1,500,000	6,706,200	30,566,000	387,000	321,000	462,000	201,000	3,166,000	......	26,412,000	......	
National City	25,000,000	†48,277,400	606,172,000	8,281,000	3,133,000	1,367,000	1,206,000	96,605,000	......	540,935,000	8,535,000	1,762,000
Chemical National	3,000,000	8,885,200	58,583,000	183,000	251,000	682,000	239,000	8,039,000	......	48,043,000	2,818,000	443,000
Atlantic National	1,000,000	872,200	16,376,000	167,000	89,000	393,000	152,000	2,838,000	......	13,649,000	635,000	150,000
Nat. Butch. & Drov.	300,000	77,500	2,227,000	28,000	89,000	34,000	8,000	398,000	......	2,204,000	......	48,000
American Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5,571,300	119,909,000	844,000	295,000	666,000	526,000	10,963,000	......	75,496,000	7,644,000	4,945,000
Nat. Bank of Com.	25,000,000	20,664,400	526,219,000	864,000	1,941,000	1,317,000	819,000	35,945,000	......	288,657,000	12,000,000	......
Pacific	500,000	1,017,000	9,864,000	65,000	471,000	557,000	266,000	1,253,000	......	11,250,000	230,000	......
Chat. & Phenix Nat.	3,500,000	2,396,800	76,152,000	2,350,000	933,000	1,385,000	1,576,000	9,168,000	......	65,915,000	6,825,000	1,721,000
Hanover National	3,000,000	16,924,700	144,754,000	7,830,000	530,000	1,321,000	531,000	19,552,000	......	132,727,000	......	240,000
Citizens' National	2,550,000	2,683,200	36,041,000	136,000	33,000	855,000	76,000	4,399,000	......	27,867,000	273,000	1,019,000
Market & Fulton Nat.	1,000,000	2,149,000	10,852,000	216,000	30,000	387,000	416,000	2,322,000	......	11,414,000	......	95,000
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2,055,200	21,463,000	864,000	287,000	597,000	471,000	2,311,000	......	20,546,000	......	......
Corn Exchange	3,500,000	7,244,700	127,644,000	1,153,000	420,000	2,057,000	2,664,000	15,411,000	......	105,984,000	......	......
Import. & Trad. Nat.	1,500,000	7,756,700	37,682,000	75,000	863,000	71,000	257,000	3,628,000	......	26,064,000	400,000	51,000
National Park	5,000,000	17,134,600	185,782,000	349,000	715,000	439,000	743,000	20,253,000	......	145,245,000	3,787,000	3,562,000
East River National	250,000	78,000	2,573,000	9,000	25,000	158,000	16,000	566,000	......	3,148,000	......	50,000
Second National	1,000,000	3,679,900	21,190,000	171,000	75,000	365,000	494,000	2,321,000	......	16,147,000	......	903,000
First National	10,000,000	27,094,100	333,468,000	95,000	379,000	1,398,000	83,000	17,799,000	......	139,184,000	2,293,000	6,610,000
Irving National	4,000,000	4,770,200	107,218,000	2,036,000	438,000	2,560,000	380,000	14,883,000	......	87,681,000	358,000	640,000
N. Y. County Nat.	600,000	873,500	9,115,000	203,000	61,000	332,000	216,000	1,134,000	......	8,574,000	......	199,000
Chase National	10,000,000	12,623,800	308,659,000	3,438,000	2,171,000	1,106,000	528,000	39,846,000	......	235,067,000	20,669,000	1,300,000
Lincoln National	1,000,000	1,985,800	17,456,000	381,000	381,000	89,000	520,000	2,184,000	......	15,453,000	......	866,000
Garfield National	1,000,000	1,329,300	10,718,000	51,000	34,000	254,000	201,000	1,624,000	......	9,371,000	120,000	399,000
Fifth National	250,000	429,800	7,392,000	73,000	89,000	197,000	50,000	929,000	......	5,852,000	344,000	248,000
Seaboard National	1,000,000	3,316,300	46,849,000	636,000	423,000	632,000	232,000	12,067,000	......	48,541,000	16,000	70,000
Liberty National	3,000,000	4,221,300	76,995,000	207,000	25,000	146,000	686,000	9,518,000	......	58,074,000	2,482,000	498,000
Coal & Iron National	1,000,000	877,900	13,288,000	......	186,000	139,000	247,000	1,387,000	......	9,555,000	494,000	414,000
Union Exch. National	1,000,000	1,184,100	12,306,000	118,000	150,000	326,000	125,000	2,071,000	......	12,533,000	430,000	398,000
Brooklyn Trust	1,500,000	2,852,700	34,459,000	109,000	107,000	212,000	302,000	3,858,000	......	23,142,000	5,499,000	......
Bankers Trust	11,250,000	15,383,900	295,121,000	566,000	68,000	266,000	760,000	31,847,000	......	204,356,000	36,223,000	......
U. S. Mtg. & Trust	2,000,000	4,452,600	74,138,000	205,000	108,000	137,000	282,000	6,466,000	......	47,678,000	11,029,000	......
Guaranty Trust	25,000,000	28,867,200	510,870,000	3,355,000	280,000	513,000	863,000	55,723,000	......	331,723,000	41,022,000	......
Fidelity Trust	1,000,000	1,197,400	10,793,000	120,000	46,000	79,000	158,000	1,339,000	......	7,366,000	938,000	......
Columbia Trust	5,000,000	6,512,800	88,099,000	649,000	199,000	636,000	500,000	9,388,000	......	86,734,000	11,189,000	......
People's Trust	1,000,000	1,253,300	23,528,000	254,000	107,000	348,000	363,000	2,112,000	......	21,133,000	1,388,000	......
New York Trust	3,000,000	11,230,000	60,008,000	50,000	6,000	23,000	149,000	8,026,000	......	49,870,000	11,920,000	......
Franklin Trust	1,000,000	1,187,300	29,360,000	201,000	165,000	224,000	194,000	2,802,000	......	16,477,000	1,341,000	......
Metropolitan Trust	2,000,000	4,494,600	56,674,000	258,000	62,000	98,000	242,000	4,838,000	......	43,305,000	3,980,000	......
Nassau Nat., B'klyn	1,000,000	1,150,500	15,074,000	18,000	72,000	241,000	49,000	1,191,000	......	9,083,000	508,000	50,000
Broadway Trust	1,500,000	1,152,800	28,863,000	87,000	279,000	423,000	813,000	3,008,000	......	21,783,000	1,655,000	......
STATE BANKS NOT MEMBERS OF FED. RES. BANK.												
Greenwich	500,000	1,344,000	13,314,000	800,000	170,000	440,000	388,000	781,000	......	13,112,000	15,000	......
People's	200,000	486,500	2,912,000	43,000	37,000	113,000	181,000	178,000	$214,000	2,941,000	7,000	......
Bowery	250,000	817,200	4,387,000	292,000	33,000	90,000	98,000	237,000	379,000	3,961,000	......	......
German-American	750,000	803,300	6,074,000	357,000	77,000	5,000	5,000	690,000	......	5,096,000	......	......
Fifth Avenue	100,000	2,320,700	15,825,000	1,219,000	111,000	1,007,000	722,000	759,000	......	16,810,000	......	......
German Exchange	200,000	818,800	5,798,000	441,000	98,000	122,000	215,000	346,000	654,000	5,873,000	......	......
Germania	400,000	761,300	6,412,000	724,000	44,000	222,000	70,000	323,000	......	6,591,000	......	......
Bank of the Met.	1,000,000	2,302,200	14,912,000	596,000	215,000	456,000	412,000	748,000	2,204,000	12,460,000	......	......
West Side	325,600	84,400	4,090,000	247,000	111,000	91,000	36,000	238,000	139,000	3,971,000	......	......
N. Y. Produce Exch.	1,000,000	980,800	22,351,000	1,051,000	716,000	633,000	276,000	1,288,000	488,000	20,982,000	......	......
State	1,500,000	418,000	25,581,000	2,425,000	373,000	559,000	372,000	1,155,000	......	26,406,000	27,000	......
TRUST COMPANIES NOT MEMBERS OF FED. RES. BANK.												
Title Guar. & Trust	5,000,000	12,134,000	40,422,000	1,849,000	175,000	214,000	280,000	1,223,000	1,261,000	24,457,000	630,000	......
Lawyers Title & T.	4,000,000	5,104,300	24,491,000	610,000	182,000	39,000	108,000	1,618,000	237,000	16,380,000	593,000	......
Lincoln Trust	1,000,000	553,300	14,076,000	653,000	129,000	286,000	167,000	811,000	329,000	12,228,000	2,416,000	......
Mem. Fed. Res. Bank	$184,650,000	$315,754,000	$4,490,940,000	(1)$46,839,000	(2)$17,253,000	(3)$29,254,000	(4)$19,950,000	$519,905,000	......	$3,252,340,000	$208,995,000	$33,086,000
State banks, not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	8,225,600	11,117,200	121,665,000	8,295,000	1,965,000	3,738,000	2,773,000	8,741,000	$4,078,000	118,813,000	49,000	......
Trust cos., not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	10,000,000	17,791,600	78,989,000	3,112,000	486,000	539,000	555,000	3,450,000	1,827,000	53,065,000	3,639,000	......
Agg., 59 members	$200,875,600	$344,662,800	$4,691,594,000	$58,246,000	$19,724,000	$33,531,000	$23,278,000	$530,096,000	$5,905,000	a$3,424,218,000	$212,883,000	$33,086,000
Change	....	....	+69,283,000	−7,056,000	−1,495,000	+218,000	+636,000	−6,720,000	−3,023,000	−178,180,000	−9,319,000	+89,000

ACTUAL CONDITION

	Loans, Dis's, Inv'm'ts, &c.	Gold.	Legal Tenders.	Silver.	Nat. Bank and Fed. Res. Notes.	Res. with Legal Depositaries.	Add. Deposits with Legal Depositaries.	Net Demand Deposits.	Net Time Deposits.	Nat. Bank Circulation.
Members Federal Reserve Bank	$4,375,504,000	(5)$45,951,000	(6)$16,745,000	(7)$28,276,000	(8)$19,246,000	$543,130,000	......	$3,270,344,000	$207,203,000	$33,110,000
State banks not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	121,520,000	8,071,000	1,826,000	3,800,000	3,041,000	6,115,000	$4,835,000	118,460,000	49,000	......
Trust cos. not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	77,941,000	2,921,000	470,000	560,000	620,000	3,310,000	1,431,000	51,978,000	3,662,000	......
Aggregate, 59 members	$4,574,965,000	$56,943,000	$19,041,000	$32,636,000	$22,907,000	$552,555,000	$6,266,000	b$3,440,782,000	$210,914,000	$33,110,000
Change	−181,833,000	−8,031,000	−1,855,000	+193,000	+96,000	+5,916,000	−4,753,000	−37,394,000	−10,589,000	+73,000

*As per official reports: 29 national, Sept. 11, 1917; 16 State, Sept. 8, 1917; 14 trust companies, Sept. 8, 1917. †Includes capital set aside for foreign branches, $6,000,000.
(1) (2) (3) (4)—Cash in vault of members of Federal Reserve Bank not counted as reserve, $113,296,000.
(5) (6) (7) (8)—Cash in vault of members of Federal Reserve Bank not counted as reserve, $110,218,000.
a—United States deposits deducted, $871,102,000. b—United States deposits deducted, $757,642,000.

RESERVE POSITION

Average Figures

Reserve required on:
Net demand deposits......$422,804,200
Net time deposits......... 6,269,850

	Cash Res. in Vault.	Res. in Depositaries.	Reserve required on:		Excess.	Changes.
Members Federal Reserve Bank	......	$519,905,000	Net demand and time dep.	$429,074,050	$90,830,950	+$11,736,070
State banks not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	$16,791,000	6,741,000	Net demand deposits	21,386,340	2,145,600	− 918,140
Trust cos. not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	4,692,000	3,450,000	Net demand deposits	7,959,750	182,250	− 735,800
Total	$21,483,000	$530,096,000	Total net deposits	$458,420,140	$93,158,860	+$10,082,130

Actual Figures

Net demand deposits......$425,144,720
Net time deposits......... 6,216,090

	Cash Res. in Vault.	Res. in Depositaries.	Reserve required on:		Excess.	Changes.
Members Federal Reserve Bank	......	$543,130,000	Net demand and time dep.	$431,360,810	$111,769,190	− $7,488,560
State banks not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	$16,738,000	6,116,000	Net demand deposits	21,322,800	1,530,200	− 1,863,680
Trust cos. not mem. of Fed. Res. Bank	4,571,000	3,310,000	Net demand deposits	7,798,700	84,800	− 2,001,500
Total	$21,309,000	$552,555,000	Total net deposits	$460,480,310	$113,383,690	+ $4,123,380

SUPPLEMENTARY BANK AND TRUST COMPANIES' FIGURES

For the Week Ended with Opening of Business Saturday, Nov. 24, 1917.

Institutions Clearing Through Members.

Figures Compiled from Special Reports to The New York Times.

NATIONAL & STATE BANKS—Average Figures

Banks.	Loans.	Gold.	Oth. Cash Including Bk. Notes.	Res. Dep. N. Y. & Elsewhere	With Oth. Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN BOROUGH.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Bat. Pk. Nat	5,856,500	14,900	244,100	888,200	533,400	7,668,400
Colonial	9,595,300	778,400	600,400	954,700	99,600	11,092,100
Columbia	10,273,000	701,000	652,000	1,181,000	18,000	12,896,000
Grace & Co. (W. R.)	2,973,000	2,000	12,000	625,000	2,146,000	6,876,000
Inter. Bank	5,252,200	353,100	189,000	488,900	7,600	5,912,900
Mutual	8,417,000	694,000	390,000	828,000	......	10,328,000
New Neth.	4,384,000	228,000	391,000	274,000	42,000	5,462,000
Wash. Hgts.	2,410,000	129,000	109,000	131,000	......	2,093,000
Yorkville	6,684,700	553,500	374,400	702,200	35,200	7,750,000
BROOKLYN BOROUGH.						
First Nat.	6,417,000	32,000	211,000	526,000	623,000	6,950,000
Mechanics'	20,067,000	1,063,900	1,185,300	3,885,000	43,800	27,837,100
Nat. City	6,500,000	56,000	176,000	520,000	661,000	7,630,000
North Side	4,242,528	166,513	344,150	1,073,625	4,808	5,903,904
JERSEY CITY, N. J.						
First Nat.	7,069,000	206,000	696,000	5,012,000	244,000	11,959,000
Hudson Co.	4,959,496	88,938	206,574	826,200	96,750	4,114,269
HOBOKEN, N. J.						
First Nat.	7,435,700	28,700	190,900	1,228,000	85,600	7,916,000
Second Nat.	5,351,978	33,668	149,879	788,209	54,799	5,631,809

TRUST COMPANIES—Average Figures.

Trust Cos.	Loans.	Cash.	Reserve Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Dep. with Other Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
BROOKLYN BOROUGH.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Hamilton	9,686,000	644,000	2,153,000	......	11,063,000
BAYONNE, N. J.					
Mechanics'	7,076,217	204,260	692,682	274,466	8,013,219

Institutions Not in the Clearing House.

Figures Compiled from Special Reports to The New York Times.

NATIONAL & STATE BANKS—Average Figures

Banks.	Loans.	Gold.	Oth. Cash Including Bk. Notes.	Res. Dep. N. Y. & Elsewhere	With Oth. Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN BOROUGH.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Bk. of Cuba.	717,500	81,000	24,644	198,858	......	832,896
Bk. of Euro.	2,467,800	253,800	84,400	142,300	......	2,941,900
B'way Cent.	1,287,200	112,000	67,700	73,850	3,800	1,420,000
Bronx Boro.	1,870,650	55,230	130,277	95,472	38,612	2,148,457
Bryant Park	1,699,100	98,900	145,400	259,800	......	1,975,000
Chel. Exch.	4,303,000	70,000	484,000	249,000	213,000	3,922,000
Gotham Nat.	4,545,400	11,900	368,000	658,600	357,000	5,551,400
Harriman N.	21,276,600	285,156	393,500	......	474,800	25,776,400
Public Nat.	17,621,600	44,100	522,800	1,556,700	1,766,300	21,036,600
Sherman	3,853,300	51,400	201,900	680,300	778,000	5,247,300
23d Ward	2,750,900	106,900	218,700	148,400	32,200	3,693,300
W'chester Av	1,503,000	54,600	40,400	129,800	9,300	1,461,200
BROOKLYN BOROUGH.						
Bk. of C. I.	1,283,000	70,000	87,000	84,200	......	1,308,100
Homestead	1,054,300	86,400	48,800	178,000	......	1,087,900
Montauk	816,300	59,000	48,400	70,200	......	939,800
Peoples Nat.	2,395,000	28,000	144,000	209,000	214,000	2,716,000

TRUST COMPANIES—Average Figures.

Trust Cos.	Loans.	Cash.	Reserve Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Dep. with Other Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN BOROUGH.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Empire	39,280,400	2,286,000	5,552,600	2,405,600	47,660,800
Equitable	197,786,000	20,248,000	6,628,000	88,077,000	244,031,000
Farm. Loan.	138,941,400	11,785,600	17,385,700	17,839,900	172,120,500
Fulton	7,796,600	722,000	1,154,600	......	8,616,100
Hudson	5,072,600	458,400	1,159,600	290,000	5,864,000
Mercantile	7,189,800	66,300	1,042,600	......	6,708,000
N. Y. L. Ins.	30,297,300	2,110,100	1,860,400	......	27,776,500
Scandinavian	14,229,454	199,161	2,297,740	166,881	14,342,950
Transatlantic	4,816,200	252,500	465,500	2,948,100	7,011,800
Union	72,518,873	2,111,811	*14,366,563	424,451	83,174,745
United States	62,814,100	5,000,000	8,425,000	......	60,271,800
BROOKLYN BOROUGH.					
Kings County	23,713,080	1,837,606	2,729,711	......	25,183,892
M'facturers'	13,691,900	544,100	2,912,300	......	16,089,300

*Including $7,978,521 due from Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

AGGREGATE NET DEPOSITS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

The following Clearing House trust companies have reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES their aggregate average net deposits, which include items exempted from reserve requirements, which items are not included in the "Net Deposits" reported to the Clearing House under its rules:

Trust Co.	Deposits.	Trust Co.	Deposits.
Bankers	$323,778,000	Metropolitan	$57,629,400
Broadway	34,973,700	New York	76,716,000
Brooklyn	35,831,000	Peoples	26,684,000
Columbia	100,757,211	Title Guarantee	30,584,600
Fidelity	12,560,000	United States Mortgage	81,611,000
Franklin	31,278,700		
Guaranty	589,735,000	Total	$1,386,838,611
Lawyers Title	18,485,300	Change	+18,828,191
Lincoln	15,717,500		

OLD COLONIAL BOOKS TO BE OFFERED HERE

"The Isle of Pines," by Henry Neville, Printed in 1668, Among Collection.

VOLUME WAS LONG LOST

Other Works Included in the Sale Are by W. Hughes, Sir Francis Bacon, and Zabdiel Boylston.

One of the "lost books" of the Colonial Press at Cambridge in New England is in a sale by the American Art Association in New York tomorrow and Tuesday. It was printed by Samuel Green, the elder, in the college building in Cambridge, in 1668. The book was lost until it turned up in the Bishop White Kennett sale in London on July 30, 1917. It has his autograph on the title. The author was Henry Neville. The book is oddly entitled as follows:

The Isle of Pines, or A late Discovery of a fourth Island in Terra Australis, Incognita, being A True Relation of certain English persons, who in the days of Queen Elizabeth, making a voyage to the East India, were cast away and wracked upon the Island near to the Coast of Terra Australis, Incognita, and all drowned except one man and four women, whereof one was a negro. And now lately, Anno Dom., 1667, a Dutch ship driven by foul weather there by chance has found their posterity, speaking good English, to amount to ten or twelve thousand persons, as they suppose. The whole Relation follows, written and left by the man himself a little before his death, and declared to the Dutch by his grandchild.

The work is a romance after the manner of Swift and Defoe, quite popular in its day. It passed through several editions.

"The American Physitian, or A Treatise of the Roots, Plants, Trees, Shrubs, Fruit, Herbs, Etc., Growing in the English Plantations in America," by W. Hughes, London, 1672, is the extremely rare first edition. A wax portrait of George Washington was done from life by Joseph Wright. From it he made the plaster cast which he sent to his mother, Patience Wright, as a model for the famous wax relief portrait of Washington. "The American Querist," by Myles Cooper, New York, printed by James Rivington, 1774, is the rare second issue of this work. No copy is recorded as sold at auction in America. "A Declaration of the Demeanor and Cariage of Sir Walter Raleigh," by Sir Francis Bacon, London, 1618, is the rare first edition. "An Historical Account of the Small-Pox Inoculation in New England," by Zabdiel Boylston, Boston, 1730, is very scarce. No copy is recorded as sold at auction in America. "The White-Footed Deer and Other Poems," by William Cullen Bryant, New York, 1844, is of the greatest rarity. It is in the original wrapper, uncut, and equals the famous Poor copy.

"Case of Great Britain and America," by Gervase P. Bushe, Boston, 1769, is scarce. Only two copies have been sold at auction in America. "An examination of the Connecticut Claim to Lands in Pennsylvania," by William Smith, Philadelphia, 1774, is a rare and important historical item. Green's "Register for the State of Connecticut," New London, 1784 and 1785, is the rare first and second issues. Among the autographs in the sale is a letter by Daniel Parke Custis, the first husband of Martha Washington. It is dated May 5, 1755, and is addressed to his supply agent, or merchant. "Sabbath Profanity," by Francis Worcester, Boston, 1760, is probably unique. "America, or a Poem on the Settlement of the British Colonies," by William Livingston, New Haven, 1770, is scarce. No copy is recorded as sold at auction in America. Livingston was an ardent patriot, and was Governor of New Jersey in 1776. "A Philosophical Treatise of the Original and Production of Things Writ in America in a Time of Solitudes," by Richard Franck, London, 1687, is the exceedingly scarce first edition. There are two scarce editions of Sir Martin Frobisher's Voyages, both printed at Nuremberg in 1580.

"Notes on the State of Virginia," Paris, 1782, by Thomas Jefferson, is the extremely rare original edition, of which only a limited number of copies were printed and privately issued to friends. "A Letter to a Friend," by John Kearsley, Philadelphia, printed by B. Franklin and D. Hall, 1751, is of excessive rarity. No copy has ever been sold at auction in America. "Statement of the Kennebec Claims," Boston, 1786, is exceedingly scarce. "A Report of the Causes Determined by the Late Supreme Court," Lexington, 1803, by James Hughes, is a fine copy of the rarest of the Kentucky reports. An autograph letter of Governor William Clark of the Northwest Territories to Henry Dearborn, Oct. 17, 1808, has watercolor pen-and-ink sketch of the man referred to in the letter, entirely in Clark's autograph. "New Hampshire Committee of Safety." Exeter, 1779, is one of the rarest of all American broadsides. No copy has been sold at auction in America. "The Military Glory of Great Britain," Philadelphia, 1762, is a rare Princeton College item.

"A Concise View of the Controversy Between the Proprietors of East and West Jersey," by Ebenezer Cowell, Philadelphia, 1783, is exceedingly scarce. "The History of Peru," by Diego Fernandez, Seville, 1571, is the original and only edition of this scarce book. An autograph letter by Henry R. Schoolcraft, the noted ethnologist, to Governor Lewis Cass, is accompanied by a manuscript map in Schoolcraft's autograph. "A Narrative of the Rise and Progress of the Difficulties Which Issued in a Separation Between the Minister and People of Bennington," by David Avery, Bennington, 1782, is exceedingly scarce. It was the first book printed at Bennington. "The History of the First Discovery and Settlement of Virginia," by William Stitch, Williamsburg, 1747, is the original edition of the first American printed history of Virginia. "An Ode Sacred to the Memory of General Wolf, London, 1759, is a poetical piece of the greatest rarity.

HELPING BELGIUM TO PAY.

Greatest Need from Allies Will Be in After-War Financing.

HAVRE, Oct. 10, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—"Belgium's great financial problem will come after the war," said A. Van de Vyvere, Belgian Minister of Finance, to The Associated Press. "She will require in its solution the help of her protectors and friends quite as much as she needs it now to secure the restoration of her independence.

"The bigger States have been able, during the progress of hostilities, to lay the foundation for a fiscal system responding in a measure to the needs the war will have created, but the Belgian Government, thrown out of its territory during the first months of the war, separated from the chosen representatives of the people in Parliament, deprived of the resources of the country, which were turned against the country itself by an enemy without shame and without honor, could make no arrangements for raising money. It could only confine its efforts to the reconstitution of the army and the relief of the distress of Belgians in exile and those remaining in occupied territory.

"We unfortunately encountered the most generous financial aid from England and France, and now the United States, in its turn, admits us to participation in the proceeds of the Liberty Loan.

"Since the battle of the Yser we have spent nearly 2,000,000,000 francs—just about 50,000,000 a month—on our military effort, and during the same time have paid 950,000,000 francs to the American Relief Commission for the provisioning of the occupied part of Belgium. These latter payments were made at the first of each month at the rate of 25,000,000 per month up to October, 1916, when they were increased to 37,500,000. Since June of this year the credits allotted to Belginm from the Liberty Loan have been applied to this object."

In spite of all the difficulties it has encountered the Belgian Government has not defaulted in any payment, meeting regularly the interest on its public debt, though it might have invoked the force of circumstances to defer payments.

GERMANY'S LOST TRADE.

Industrialists See a Long, Uphill Fight After the War Is Over.

In a statement addressed to their stockholders and printed in German newspapers recently reaching London Mannesmann Brothers, the great Westphalian firm of industrialists that had works in England and Italy, make confession of the difficulties which German industrial interests will probably have to contend with in attempting to recover their pre-war position abroad.

The Mannesmanns, who had written off and set aside since 1914 more than $10,000,000—a sum which, they state, "does not begin to cover" their trade war losses in all parts of the world—warn their shareholders of the enormous efforts and the expenditure of money that will be required for the restoration of pre-war conditions. In view of this, they are setting aside this year a further $1,000,000 as the nucleus of a fund for "reconstruction of our world-trade establishment" after the war.

OFFICES WANTED
in Financial District.

I desire a well-furnished brokerage suite of 3 or 2 extra large, commodious rooms, in absolutely first-class building; must be on Broad Street or Wall Street, or immediately adjacent to curb market. Will buy outright at right price. Address K 219 Times Downtown.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Section 347, Tariff Act of October 3, 1913, I have seized and hold 1 carton of feathers of wild birds. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 8, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted. Dated Nov. 10, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE BANK OF UNITED STATES

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$303,495.06
Private securities		304,004.69
Real estate owned		211,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		12,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		576,588.31
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		652,414.45
Overdrafts		234.56
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$1,113,098.93	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	194,577.14	
		1,307,676.07
Specie		245,715.78
Other currency authorised by the laws of the United States		52,775.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$41,395.31	
Other cash items	1,385.64	
		42,780.95
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		278,872.07
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$7,550.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	20,967.64	
Foreign money	13,793.10	
		42,330.74
Total		$4,069,886.28

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$60,000.00	
Undivided profits	100,417.52	
		160,417.52
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Deposits by the State of New York	$135,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	25,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	1,360,442.33	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	82,185.16	
Demand certificates of deposit	1,100.00	
Other certificates of deposit	9,500.00	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	1,830,058.53	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	53,772.93	
Certified checks	48,594.76	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	82,291.31	
Total deposits		3,407,945.02
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		293,433.42
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$9,105.71	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	12,839.60	
Estimated unearned discounts	6,145.01	
		28,090.32
Total		$4,069,886.28

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sections 3,062 U. S. R. S. & 347, Tariff Act of Oct. 3, 1913, I have seized and hold One bag containing seven packages of Paradise and Goura Feathers; One package containing 160 feathers of the Bird of Paradise and 150 Quills; and forty-three boxes containing beads and feathers of Birds of Paradise and Goura Heads.

Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on 10th day of December, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated November 17th, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Marshal.
U. S. Attorney.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.—I WILL SELL at public auction on Friday, November 30th, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, 1,930 logs of Lignum Vitae. Said logs to be sold on the pier, foot of West 131st Street, New York City, N. Y., where they can now be seen and inspected.
Dated New York, November 23d, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Federal Reserve Bank of New York at Close of Business Nov. 23, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Gold coin and gold certificates:	
Gold settlement fund	$28,666,000.00
Gold in vaults	333,776,194.81
Gold with foreign agencies	18,112,500.00
Gold with Federal Reserve agent and in redemption fund—Federal reserve notes	179,057,580.00
Total gold reserve	$559,612,274.81
Legal tender notes, silver certificates, and subsidiary coin	42,658,499.55
Total reserve	$602,270,773.86
Bills discounted and bought:	
Commercial paper	$351,110,171.29
Acceptances	50,340,194.48
Total	$401,450,665.77
Due from other Federal Reserve Banks, net	9,513,949.82
Investments:	
United States bonds	$28,802,201.14
Municipal warrants	1,016,524.59
Total	$29,818,725.73
All other resources	208,835.84
Total resources	$1,042,762,950.52

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$18,028,200.00
Member banks deposits, net	649,835,784.89
Non-member banks deposits, net	10,972,789.82
Government deposits	32,758,818.31
Federal Reserve notes, net	331,167,362.50
Total liabilities	$1,042,762,950.52
Federal Reserve notes outstanding	$377,877,580.00
Against which there is deposited with Federal Reserve Agent:	
Gold and lawful money	174,067,580.00
Commercial paper	234,762,808.63

SUMMARY OF WEEKLY STATEMENT OF STATE BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES IN GREATER NEW YORK NOT INCLUDED IN THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE.

		Changes.
Loans, discounts, investments, &c.	$927,638,700	−$7,944,200
Specie	33,026,800	− 5,687,000
Legal tenders	60,782,200	+ 1,394,300
Total deposits	1,054,008,400	−29,770,700
Total deposits, eliminating amounts due from Reserve Depositories and from other banks and trust companies in New York City and U. S. deposits	827,944,100	−46,782,100

RESERVE—STATE BANKS.		P. C.
Cash in vault	$13,366,400	12.10
Deposits in banks and trust companies	15,010,200	13.61
Total	$28,376,600	25.61

RESERVE—TRUST COMPANIES.		
Cash in vault	$80,442,600	13.24
Deposits in banks and trust companies	66,275,600	10.91
Total	$146,718,200	24.15

Aggregate reserve on deposits, $176,094,800; decrease, $9,898,800; per cent. of legal reserve, 24.30.

SUMMARY OF WEEKLY STATEMENT OF STATE BANKS IN GREATER NEW YORK.

		Change.
Loans and investments	$458,970,000	+ $12,324,500
Gold	22,398,500	+ 455,400
Currency and bank notes	21,970,800	− 319,600
Dep. with Fed. Res. Bank of N. Y.	36,242,000	+ 2,086,200
Deposits	579,044,000	+ 1,445,100
Res. on deposits	109,706,100	− 5,316,500
Percentage of reserve, 26.2.		

SUMMARY OF WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRUST COMPANIES IN GREATER NEW YORK.

		Change.
Loans and investments	$2,103,327,100	+ $5,507,100
Gold	85,987,200	− 12,868,400
Cur'cy & bank bills	15,159,700	+ 1,418,400
Dep. with Fed. Res. Bank of N. Y.	173,983,900	+ 27,283,400
Deposits	2,301,828,600	− 11,818,100
Res. on deposits	333,177,200	+ 6,380,000
Percentage of reserve, 21.8.		

KAISER ADMIRES JAPANESE.

Refers to Them as Clever Political People, Who Gain by the War.

In an article found in a copy of the Berliner Lokal Anzeiger, recently received in London, Karl Rosner, a war correspondent who has lately been accompanying the Kaiser on his frequent trips to the various fronts and through the Balkans to Constantinople, represents the Kaiser as now combining admiration of Japan with an unshaken belief in "the yellow peril." Herr Rosner writes:

"The conversation turned to Japan. It is quite wonderful to see with what absolute objectivity and what reasoned historical justice, avoiding all passion without abandoning anything of his hostility, the Kaiser sketches the position of the Japanese in this war. With his acute vision, he understands and describes the clever political people which is growing while blinded Europe is committing suicide. He shows what a lot England has already lost irreparably to her allies."

Herr Rosner then says that the Kaiser boasted as follows of the famous picture which he painted and distributed at the beginning of this century as a representation of "the yellow peril." The Kaiser said:

"Twenty years ago I made the drawing, 'Peoples of Europe, Defend Your Holiest Possessions.' At that time people made jokes about it and laughed at me; German prophets must not even draw. Today, however, many people think otherwise, perhaps, of the jokes that they made then."

DIVIDENDS.

Consolidated Interstate-Callahan Mining Co.
61 Broadway,
New York City.
The Board of Directors of the Consolidated Interstate-Callahan Mining Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of fifty cents (50c.) per share, payable Jan. 2, 1918, to stockholders of record on Dec. 20, 1917.
JULIAN B. BEATY, Secretary.
New York, Nov. 19, 1917.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 24.—Twenty-four new corporations, with an aggregate capital stock of $2,217,000, were chartered today. They include:

Manrice Rrower & Co., Manhattan, jewelry, $50,000; M. Simons, M. and V. K. Broser, 74 West End Av.

Commercial Contracting Co., Manhattan, $10,000; W. J. McRoberts, C. H. Crooke, T. F. Chevalier, 44 Whitehall St.

Kwong Sang & Co., Manhattan, poultry and meat market, $15,000; L. Fong, L. Lun, M. Nai, 37 Mott St.

Petersfield Realty Corp., Manhattan, 14,000 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $70,000; C. C. Webster, H. McAndrew, H. B. Hartsoc, 30 Broad St.

Wall-Stieh Co., Manhattan, makers of fountain pens, $20,000; A. Stieh, J. Wahlheimer, J. Wall, 1,739 7th St.

Italian Citizens Merchandise Co., Lackawanna, $10,000; A. Carnevele, V. Pacillo, Y. Gladitta, Lackawanna.

B. and L. Cloak and Suit Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Silverman, M. Bernstein, F. Lax, 273 West 22d St.

Military Head Gear Co., Manhattan, $25,000; B. Lichtenstein, A. and E. M. Bernstein, 55 West 3d St.

Rosen-Craues Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; B. and R. Crausman, J. M. Roseman, 515 West 111th St.

The Orient Service Corp., Manhattan, printing and publishing, $5,000; E. M. Noon, S. Lurye, A. Kaplan, 68 Edgecombe Av.

Burnside Av. Realty Corp., Manhattan, $1,250,000; B. Fosdike, W. Speinie, C. F. Junov, 141 Broadway.

L. Heller & Son, Manhattan, diamonds and jewelry, 7,000 shares preferred stock $100 each, 3,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $715,000; A. A. and J. and S. Heller, 60 Nassau St.

Rice & Hill, Manhattan, real estate, $5,000; F. H. Doermer, R. B. Hill, H. P. Rice, 507 5th Av.

H. A. Cousins, Manhattan, marble and granite business, $10,000; H. A. Cousins, C. E. Severe, E. B. Borowitz, 341 Pennsylvania Av., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

The I. X. L. Machine and Tool Co., Manhattan, $8,500 to $10,000.

Benjamin Higbie & Co., Utica, $25,000 to $50,000.

Royal Art Woodworking Co., Manhattan, $3,000 to $25,000.

Garo Keshishian & Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $110,000.

Edwin Masser, Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

S. F. Kelly & Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $50,000.

North & Calsell, Manhattan, $15,000 to $250,000.

AUTHORIZATION.

Raidt & Gorov, New Jersey, advertising matter, $10,000. Representative, H. Gorov, 200 Broadway.

CHANGE OF NAME.

German-American Insurance Co., Manhattan, to Great American Insurance Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Nathans Co.-Pro Co., Glen Cove.
Canfield & Walkley, Manhattan.

MEETINGS CALLED.

	Books Close.	Books Open.	Date of Meeting.
Am. Br. Sh. & Fy.	Nov. 21	....	Dec. 11
Am. Cotton Oil	Nov. 15	Dec. 7	Dec. 6
Brown Shoe Co.	Nov. 3	....	Dec. 11
Con. Int.-Callahan Mining Co.	Jan. 15	....	Feb. 4
Cub.-Am. Sug. Co.	Nov. 23	....	Dec. 18
Detroit, H. & S. W. R. R. Co.	Dec. 8	....	Jan. 8
Erie & P. R. R.	Nov. 15	....	Jan. 14
Lehigh Val. R. R.	Nov. 15	....	Jan. 15
Manhat. Beach Co.	Nov. 20	Dec. 5	Dec. 4
Nash., Chat. & St. Louis Ry. Co.	Jan. 9	....	Apr. 9
N. Y., Bklyn & Man. Beach Ry.	Nov. 28	....	Dec. 18
N. Y. Ryt. Co., adj. mtg. 5% inc. bds.	Nov. 20	Dec. 4	Dec. 3
Pitts. Coal of P.	Feb. 20	....	Mar. 13
Quicksilver Mining	Dec. 5	....	....
United Fruit Co.	Nov. 21	Dec. 13	Dec. 12

BLOCKADE AS A BLESSING.

German Argues That It Has Saved the Nation Its Wealth.

In connection with the campaign for the seventh German war loan, which closed on Oct. 18 with subscriptions totaling 12,430,000,000 marks, ($2,958,000,000 at normal exchange,) Arthur von Gwinner, head of the Deutsche Bank, turned out an essay on "The Inexhaustible Wealth of Germany," in which he enlarged upon the idea frequently advanced by many Germans that the British blockade had been a financial blessing in disguise by compelling Germany to spend her money at home.

As summarized in the London press, Herr Gwinner pointed out that if it had not been for the blockade Germany would long ago have spent her economic strength. It had been particularly fortunate that she had not been able to import "luxuries" during the past three years. The war had taught Germany not only to work but to save. On beer and spirits alone, taking peace prices as a basis of reckoning, Germans were saving more than $3,000,000,000 a year. War's iron necessities were also responsible for enormous savings on clothes, light, heat, food, and commodities in which the country in pre-war days overindulged.

Germany was now living on the great supplies which the empire, grown rich during forty-three years of peace, had accumulated. These supplies were still sufficient "for years." Such articles as were no longer obtainable in adequate quantity Germans had either learned to do without or had invented substitutes for, such as nitrogen for production of explosives and fertilizers. In consequence of the slow consumption of her great reserves of supplies such gigantic amounts of capital had flowed into the banks that the demand for good interest-bearing investments was constantly rising. Banks and savings banks had twice as many depositors today as before the war, and their aggregate deposits, notwithstanding the billions invested in war loans, were much higher than in 1914.

Knows His Business.

During a dust storm at one of the army camps a recruit sought shelter in the cook's tent.

"If you put the lid on that camp kettle you would not get so much dust in your soup."

"See here, my lad, your business is to serve your country."

"Yes," replied the recruit, "but not to eat it."—Christian Register.

Hope for the Carrot.

Liver and tripe are now aristocratic foods. Verily, we believe that outrageous prices would make even carrots respectable.—Houston Post.

GERMANS RUSH AIRPLANES.

Plants Speed Up to Meet Expected Allied Offensive.

Cablegrams telling of the speeding up of Germany's motor works in an attempt to produce enough airplanes to hold out against the great air offensive expected from the Anglo-Franco-American forces on the western front are confirmed by items found in Berlin papers recently reaching London.

The Daimler Company of Canstatt-Stuttgart has just voted to increase its capital from $6,000,000 to $8,000,000. The importance the Government attaches to the company's plans is shown by the facilities granted by the Imperial Bank for flotation of the new shares. A circular issued by the company says:

"We entered the war with a large reserve for extension purposes, but this has been used up to meet the large demands the military made upon us. We can no longer speak of 'expanding' our works, but must consider multiplying them and building entirely new factories."

An additional purpose, it is said, is "to strengthen our resources for the duties which industry will have to perform after the war."

An electric company, which has vast facilities for the manufacturing of parts for airplanes and submornes, has raised its capital to a round $50,000,000, an increase of nearly $7,000,000. It announces that on July 1 its employes "in Germany" numbered 79,293.

MISS THE POINT.

A Judge's Sarcasm Leads a Jury to Wrong Verdict.

A good story is being told of Lord Bowen by Austin Dobson in his recently published "Bookman's Budget." The judge was recently summing up a case, and he was caustic:

"If, gentlemen," he said to the jury, "you think it likely that the prisoner was merely indulging an amiable fancy for midnight exercises on his neighbor's roof; if you think it was kindly consideration for that neighbor which led him to take off his boots and leave them behind him before descending into the house; and if you believe that it was the innocent curiosity of the connoisseur which brought him to the silver pantry and caused him to borrow the teapot, then, gentlemen, you will acquit the prisoner."

To the judge's dismay the jury did acquit the prisoner, and that instantly. The judge had made out too good a case, and the jury had no idea that his remarks were "intended sarcastic."—Christian Science Monitor.

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THE ANNALIST, TIMES SQUARE, NEW YORK

VARIED PHASES OF THE COUNTRY'S BUSINESS LIFE

THE MERCHANT'S POINT OF VIEW

Efforts for the readjustment of trade in its larger currents have divided attention during the past week with the active beginning of retail buying for holiday purposes. As to the latter, it is a kind of second season, the first having been mainly devoted to purchases for the soldiers and sailors abroad. The new buying has set in in fair volume and promises well despite the high prices asked for the gift articles displayed. There is, however, more of a tendency displayed toward purchasing articles that are useful. This applies especially to gifts for the grown-ups. The children still demand their share of toys, and, from indications, they are not likely to be disappointed in spite of the prevailing bent toward economy. In matters of readjustment to the varying conditions which the continuance of the war is bringing, the changes appear in so many directions as to affect practically every industry to some extent. They are most marked in the methods of doing business, in upsetting time-honored trade usages, and in eliminating waste whether it be of material, of time, or of credit. This much, at least, was to be expected of a country trying to get down to hardpan. Official price regulation has also been a spur in the direction of a greater efficiency.

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Pitfalls of Price Regulation.

This price regulation, however, is not without its pitfalls. In its attempts to fix the prices of certain metals, foods, and the like, the Government runs counter to some fundamentals. Money, for example, is a measure of value, and the touchstone of prices is the purchasing power of so many grains of gold of a certain purity or fineness represented in this country by the dollar. Under normal conditions and with unchecked competition in commodities, what variance is shown is apt to average up gradually through a wide range of what may be called necessities. If a bushel of wheat sells for a dollar, the proceeds of the sale may be put into the purchase of a certain amount of woolen, cotton, or other goods, or flour, bacon, or other foods. If prices advance for wheat—which means an increase in the cost of living—prices for articles made or produced by human labor are apt to rise in proportion. In the great advances in prices which have occurred since the European war began, some unusual factors have been at work, and rises have been disproportionate. It is taken for granted, and, as a matter of course, that war brings with it automatically an increase in living costs. The taking of many persons from the ordinary productive occupations and putting them either into war forces or in vocations making munitions is alone sufficient to account for such an increase. And, when the war occupations are bidding high for labor, wages in other industries rise to correspond and prices must be advanced.

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Rises Not in Proportion.

Long before this country entered the war prices jumped to very high levels, and many of them were absolutely unjustified by any pretense either of scarcity or cost of production. This was true as to food and munitions and of other articles needed by the belligerents. The fighting nations did not stop to consider expense. Time was the essential and every order was a "hurry up" one. Then, too, each nation had its own purchasing agents in the field, and the bidding was one against the other. Speculators took advantage of this condition and took a most exorbitant toll. The result was an orgie of inflation in prices all around from which the country had not recovered when it entered the ranks of belligerents. The Government orders which had to be filled quickly tended to push prices up still further until a halt was called and a check put to profiteering. Iron and steel, copper, coal, wheat, and certain other articles were placed on price levels. An effort has been made, with more or less success, to see that certain things destined for civilian use shall cost no more than the same articles when bought for the Government. If all essentials had been brought within the purview of the official regulations, the proportion would have been preserved. As this, however, was not done, inequalities have resulted. What prices were fixed gave the dollar a certain purchasing power as to some commodities. As to all others the purchasing power is less, and this has resulted in some unfairness and accounts for much of the discontent that shows itself every now and then. Restriction of profits in some industries and none in others must result in giving those engaged in the latter more than their equitable share.

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Substitution of Labor.

Lack of available labor, which is only slightly felt in this country as compared with Great Britain and France, is being made up in divers ways. The greater employment of women in occupations which were formerly attended to by men is only one of them. Putting into use the spare time of many is becoming a large factor. This is shown prominently in the great amount of knitting and other work done for the Red Cross by volunteer helpers. Less noticeable, but not less notable, are the many instances of the part-time workers in the stores and the cases of retired merchants who have gone back into harness to take the places of younger men who have volunteered or who have been drafted into the military forces. There has also been a development, in different parts of the country, of the plan to turn over to persons living at home some of the work that has usually been done in factories. Such persons do not work any set number of hours a day, but merely employ their spare time. A case of the kind is reported from Reading, Penn. In that city and vicinity, knitting manufacturers are installing free of expense electrical looping machines in private homes for women who cannot work in factories. Scores of such machines, each of which with its attachments takes up no more space than a sewing machine, have been installed. Automobiles are used to collect and distribute garments and hosiery, and the women lose no time in going to or coming from the factories. The extra income thus obtained is found very useful in meeting the high cost of living.

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Concerning Hours of Labor.

There was held in this city a few days ago the annual meeting of the National Founders Association. The business of this organization has been to fight organized labor by propaganda and otherwise. It was therefore quite natural that the addresses should have this end in view. The President of the association, William H. Barr, was especially denunciatory of organized labor and urged that the eight-hour day should be abolished during the present period of stress. In this he ignored the teachings of British experience, which showed a greater output in munitions and other factories with a shorter workday. But some of Mr. Barr's reasoning was peculiar. Thus he argued:

> Do they battle at the front on an eight-hour schedule? Does the Chief Executive encompass all his duties in eight hours? Can the farmer, without whose support the war cannot be won, increase the products of the soil by reducing his workday to eight hours?

It is easy to point out the absurdity of this kind of reasoning. There is quite a difference, so far as physical fatigue goes, between the different kinds of labor mentioned and the steady grind of factory work. Then, too, Mr. Barr evidently labors under the impression that soldiers at the front work continuously, which is not the case even in trench warfare, they being relieved from duty at stated intervals. The case of the President is peculiar to itself. But the average farmer who works hard for only a few months in the year rarely, if ever, works the equivalent of eight hours for each working day. Some other kind of reasoning might be more convincing than that of Mr. Barr.

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High Prices for Cottons.

Cotton went to new high levels during the week, the prices exceeding any for half a century. The causes ascribed were many. Among them were the comparatively small figures of ginning, the large consumption in domestic mills, and widely circulated reports of low estimates for the crop. Perhaps the best reason is that there are many down South who are enabled to keep their holdings, and who are doing so in the belief in a rise. No one seems to doubt but that there will be more than enough cotton to last until after the next crop comes in. The high quotation for the raw material had its influence in the goods market, where all prices showed an upward trend. New price levels were made in printcloths and sheetings, and wholesalers who had been holding back for recessions have been forced to buy at prevailing prices. Contracting in a few instances was done up to June with some reluctance on the part of mills, some of which are not as well provided with cotton as they might be. The call for ginghams continues. Bleached and printed fabrics and napped goods have been advanced in price, and everything in the knitted line, from hosiery to sweaters, seems in active demand.

***

The Woolen Situation.

The situation in wool has shown no marked change. There is much less anxiety displayed than there was over a possible shortage. The needs of the Government have apparently been looked after without much bother, and without very seriously trenching on the supply for civilian needs. The proposition to have the Government fix prices for the material is not taken seriously. Should it do so, it is difficult to see what objection could be made to its also fixing the price of cotton—a move that would raise a political hornets' nest. Boston wool dealers have offered more wool to the Government at the former scale of prices. It is said by some that the purpose in this is to avoid official regulation. At any rate there has been no particular increase in the prices of the various grades of wool. The market for woolen goods is not especially active just now. The principal factor in the trade announced the other day increases in the price of fabrics of about 10 per cent., applicable to all-wool goods only. From all the data available it would appear that the mills are now working at their maximum on war orders, the increase in loomage for the purpose having been especially marked in October. Clothing manufacturers are still awaiting the openings for the next heavyweight season. They have been led to understand that prices will be higher and the output limited. Dress goods are still in good demand. Many of the mills decline to sell further ahead than March. Buyers are very cautious about paying the prices that are asked.

PROVIDING AGAINST BUSINESS FRAUDS

Bankrupt Act Amendments and Law Against Bad Checks Urged by Credit Men.

Two things for which the Retail Credit Men's National Association has pledged itself to work, in conjunction, where possible, with the National Association of Credit Men or with local associations of wholesale credit men, are the amending of the National Bankruptcy law so as to eliminate the crook and to make uniform, so far as possible, the various State measures covering the use of bad checks. In New York and other States which do not have specific bad-check laws the members of the association are to take the matter up with the legislative bodies.

This program was outlined to a TIMES reporter yesterday by W. H. J. Taylor, credit manager for Franklin Simon and Company of this city, and President of the Retail Credit Men's National Association. Speaking of the need of changing the Bankruptcy act, in order more easily to eliminate men who make fraudulent use of its provisions, or at least to make it difficult for them to get discharges from bankruptcy, Mr. Taylor said:

"The National Bankruptcy law, as it stands on the statute books at the present time, favors the debtor as against the creditor. It is an invitation for a dishonest man to cheat his creditors, and it should be changed in several ways along lines that I am going to suggest.

"In all cases of insolvency or bankruptcy, the law should be made use of only by persons engaged in business. They are intended to be an aid to the honest, but unfortunate, business man who, through the natural risks attendant upon business, is unable to pay his creditors in full.

"For this reason the present bankruptcy act should be amended so as to confine its scope to business men only and to permit a discharge from business obligations only, as distinct and separate from personal obligations. In other words, no man should be allowed to acquire expensive personal habits and then live up to them at the expense of creditors. Such things as liability for clothes, rent of house or apartment, and other necessary and reasonable living expenses should not be dischargeable in case the debtor goes into bankruptcy.

"Even business men should not be so lax in their method as to permit their capital to shrink to such an extent that creditors get no dividends at all, and then apply in due course for a discharge and get it. It should be a prerequisite for an application for a discharge that the bankrupt's estate shall have paid a dividend of not less than 20 or 25 per cent. to creditors. It may, perhaps, be provided, in order to protect the really honest debtor, that this provision may be waived by the consent of, say, 80 or 90 per cent. of the bankrupt's creditors, both in number and in amount.

"Inasmuch as the granting of a discharge in bankruptcy is a favor to the bankrupt, the law should provide that the burden of establishing that the bankrupt is entitled to his discharge should be placed upon him, and not upon the objecting creditor, as the law now provides.

"Another suggestion is that the law should require the bankrupt to furnish sufficient funds for the proper administration of the estate. As the law now stands, if a debtor files a petition scheduling no assets, the burden of indemnifying the referee and paying the other expenses incurred in an examination of the estate falls upon those creditors who seek the examination. There is no way of recouping these expenses unless assets that belong to the estate are located.

"Further, the law should provide that, instead of having a system of providing receivers and trustees and attorneys for receivers and trustees, &c., in each case, Federal officers be appointed whose duty it should be to administer all bankrupt estates; that these officers should act in conjunction with the office of the Attorney General and the Federal Attorneys of each district, so that, should the facts warrant it, an investigation may be started by the Federal attorneys, who shall at the same time and in the same proceedings, so far as practicable, endeavor to locate assets and to prosecute the person or persons who are guilty of concealing them.

"The law also should be amended so that failure on the part of a debtor to meet his written obligations, like a check or note, for a period of, say, a week or ten days after presentation, shall constitute an act of bankruptcy. Further, that no fees shall be paid to attorneys for petitioning creditors unless it be shown that the acts of these attorneys have in some way aided in conserving or adding to the assets of the estate.

"Of course, there is no law that is perfect or can be administered perfectly. Expenses are necessarily high. Assets are sold at a forced sale, and generally realize a sum far below their actual value. Creditors, as a class, take too little interest in the administration of bankrupt estates. This permits the bankrupt either to buy in the assets at his own price, or to perpetrate any other frauds he may desire without hindrance on the part of the creditors.

"On the rare occasions when one creditor desires to look into the affairs of a bankrupt estate, the other creditors generally refuse to co-operate to the extent of sharing a part of the expense. The result, therefore, is that if a single creditor is determined enough to proceed, he takes all the risk of his attorney's fees and his expenses, with the result that if something is realized the estate, as a whole, benefits. If nothing is realized, this creditor has lost all that he has advanced."

Apropos of the desirability of making uniform the various State laws relating to bad checks, and illustrating how similar the wording is in the measure recommended for passage in this State by the New York Credit Men's Association to the present Massachusetts law, which was offered by the Boston Credit Men's Association, Mr. Taylor showed the reporter fac similes of the bill and the law. This is the way the New York State bill reads:

Section 1. Any person who, with intent to defraud, shall make or draw, or utter or deliver, any check, draft or order, for the payment of money, upon any bank or other depositary, knowing at the time of such making, drawing, uttering, or delivering, that the maker or drawer, has not sufficient funds in, or credit with, such bank or other depositary for the payment of such check, draft or order, in full, upon its presentation, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable by imprisonment by not more than one year, or by a fine of not more than $1,000, or both fine and imprisonment.

Section 2. As against the maker or drawer thereof the making, drawing, uttering, and delivering of a check, draft, or order, payment of which is refused by the drawee, shall be prima facie evidence of intent to defraud and of knowledge of insufficient funds in, or credit with, such bank or other depository, provided that such maker or drawer shall not have paid the drawee thereof the amount due thereon, together with all costs and protest fees, within five days after receiving notice that such check, draft, or order has not been paid by the drawee.

Section 3. The word credit, as used herein, shall be construed to mean an arrangement or understanding with the bank or depository for the payment of such check, draft, or order.

The Massachusetts law differs only in that it allows for a seven-day period in place of the five-day limit in the New York bill, and specifies "written notice from the drawee" instead of "notice," as in the New York bill. Section 3 of the Massachusetts law also goes on to say that "the words draft or order, as used herein, shall not be construed to mean a note, or an acceptance made payable at a bank or other depository."

AT FALL RIVER MILLS.

Demand for Goods of Printcloth Constructions Very Strong.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Nov. 24.—The demand for goods of printcloth yarn constructions has been very strong during the week, and the volume of business done exceeded that of any week for more than four months. The interest which some buyers took was marked, and it is stated that some of the orders which have been received during the week called for unusually large quantities of goods.

Manufacturers of wide goods state they have been unable to meet the demand from the trade. Users and other factors of narrow goods have also bought very freely and have further contracted for their requirements. Prices on both wide and narrow goods have advanced materially during the four weeks, and indications now are that prices will go still higher. There are some mills which will not accept business any further ahead than February, while other concerns have already taken on contracts which will not mature before May 1.

Manufacturers of sateens, twills, and other specialties state that the market is very strong, and converters and printers show a pronounced willingness to do business even at higher prices. Advices from spinners of cotton yarns are to the effect that they have all the business which they care to take, and are unable to accept any new business, however small.

The total sales for the week are estimated at 350,000 pieces, of which about 80,000 pieces are spots.

SITUATION IN BROAD SILKS.

Spring Trade Outlook Good, but Immediate Business Quiet.

Though actual orders in the local market for broad silks show but slight improvement in volume, prospects for the Spring trade have become such as to dispel the gloom which otherwise might have held uncontested sway among sellers. The situation in woolens and other fabrics, which not only are high in price but of which there seems to be developing an actual scarcity, is causing designers and cutters generally, both here and abroad, to turn more and more to silks.

Though there have been evidences of price cutting to get business, this practice seems by no means to have been general. Sellers as a rule, if they could not get their price, have been content for the time to let the business go, confident that better times are not far distant. Filling-in business from the department stores is said to have amounted to a little more, due probably to the approach of the holiday season, and to the fact that goods have been moving over the counter for the last month much better than earlier in the season.

Developments in the coal situation have been such as to relieve apprehension in this direction to some extent, though the problem is by no means solved. A number of mills have been able to get the release of limited quantities for their use, and feeling seems to be that further small amounts will be released as needed. The action of the Paterson mills in closing down at 4:30 in the afternoon is expected to reduce consumption effectively.

TRADING IN GRAY GOODS.

It Was Active Yesterday Despite the Advancing Prices.

Neither the prevailing high prices nor the short business day could keep buyers inactive in the local gray goods market yesterday. The tendency was strongly upward, and recent predictions that, among other things, 38½-inch 64-60s will be selling at 12½ cents before long, seem on the verge of comming true. Further 1917 sales of these goods at 11½ cents were put through yesterday, and they were said to be growing scarce at that figure. For 39-inch 68-72s, 13 cents was paid for deliveries running all the way to June. In the lower count goods the day's sales included late contracts of 38½-inch 48 squares at 8¾ cents.

In the coarser goods, four-yard 56-60 sheetings sold at 14¼ cents for late shipment, and 40-inch 4.25s brought 13½ cents for January-March deliveries. Nearby business was done on 30-inch 3.25-yard drills at 17 cents. Continued sales of specialties, particularly convertibles for the clothing trade, were reported.

Good Demand for Lace.

Lace and embroidery, according to reports from the local trade, have attained an unusual degree of popularity this Fall. High quality table cloths, centre pieces, and doilies on which much elaborate and attractive needle work has been done, are said to have come into even greater prominence than last year. Many beautiful laces in the narrower widths have been used extensively this season, for decoration and for trimming. And for the same purpose, it is said, embroidered materials have been actively sought. Fine needle-point laces for borders on handworked handkerchiefs have also sold well.

Indian Jute Crop to be Larger.

The final official estimate of the jute crop in Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, and Assam, India, places the 1917 area at 2,729,699 acres, an increase of 27,000 acres over last year. The yield is estimated at 8,804,384 bales of jute, an increase of 524,511 bales over the production of the same three provinces last year.

CAUTION NEEDED IN ELIMINATION

Not So Easy a Matter to Determine What Industries Are Really Essential.

The proposal to eliminate the manufacture of some 500 articles considered non-essential to the successful prosecution of the war is looked upon by the large retail interests of this city as the most far-reaching suggestion in its effect on business of the many that have been advanced in connection with war economy. As there is no other industry in the country that carries a wider variety of merchandise than the modern department stores, the local merchants feel that they could not fail to be very seriously affected by the adoption of the proposed plan. There is considerable speculation as to whether or not the results to be obtained from such procedure would be sufficient to offset the disruption of the country's industrial life which necessarily would follow.

"There are, of course, feelings of concern throughout the trade," said Mr. E. L. Howe, Executive Secretary of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, "over the probable effect of the carrying out of the proposed plan. The Government, however, will undoubtedly consider every angle of the situation before deciding on a plan of action or before making any specific announcements. The retailer as well as the manufacturer should and, without doubt, will have every opportunity, if such a step is finally taken, gradually to reorganize his business to meet whatever changes may be decided on with the smallest possible loss.

"The retail store carries a certain number of fixed charges which require a given volume of business that they may be absorbed. To eliminate any number of commodities from distribution through the stores would compel the substitution of other merchandise, or the expansion of those lines retained to offset the losses incurred by those withdrawn. The manufacturer, of course, will have a similar problem to face.

"In addition, there must be an honest difference of opinion as to what are and what are not essential. In determining this, many factors will have to be considered. Not only must the immediate effect on business in this country be considered, but it must be borne in mind that this war is not going to last forever, and that we should avoid any action which might in any way put a check on our efforts to build up a substantial foreign trade.

"Those to be affected by the proposed changes should have full opportunity for hearing. This unquestionably will be given. In determining non-essentials it is apparent that the definite and actual results to be obtained by their elimination would be considered, and careful consideration given to these results to determine whether or not such elimination is justified. Any drastic action that would have the effect of disrupting business generally should not, and undoubtedly will not, be taken if the saving to be accomplished by so doing is purely nominal, or at best very small.

"Every curtailment of business must of necessity cut down profits. This, in turn, reduces the ability of business to pay war taxes and to buy future issues of Government bonds. It is true that in wartime business cannot be expected to go on 'as usual,' but any unnecessary dislocation of the country's industrial life, unless it is to yield really big results, cannot be other than harmful to the cause for which we are all fighting. Our association is, and always has been, more than willing to render whatever service it can to the Government, and we shall present at the proper time considerable interesting and helpful information bearing on this most important question.

"The working out of a plan of action in this matter by the Government is bound to take some time. In its countless ramifications, it presents a problem that will require consultation with a great many of the leading men in the country's commercial, industrial, and financial life. The labor in those industries which are to be stopped will have to be provided for in other trades held to be more directly necessary to war purposes. A survey of the whole labor situation in the 'war' industries would have to be made to determine the quantity and the kind of labor required. It would not do to throw out of employment any number of workers for whom immediate provision could not be made.

"Likewise, in the matter of capital invested in these non-essentials, it must not be left idle. Arrangements should be made for turning it to Government uses or into other channels as soon as possible. No greater economic blunder could be enacted than to render this capital unproductive at a time when intensive production on every hand is the vital need. Provision also would have to be made for the working off and disposal of supplies of such goods as are on hand at the time, and of the materials that have been accumulated for the production of these articles.

"It is inconceivable that any regulation of this far-reaching sort will be instituted without having the consideration of almost every department of the Government. Its effect on taxes will be a vital consideration, as will also its effect on reciprocal trade relations with foreign countries. With the many factors to be considered the greatest care, deliberation, and investigation will have to be exercised if disastrous mistakes are to be avoided. Furthermore, any vital changes in our industrial life which may finally be decided on will have to be brought about gradually. The shift could not be made overnight.

"If, however, every phase of the situation is carefully considered, it is possible that a plan may be evolved which might result in benefit to the country generally. There probably are industries which could profitably be devoted to other work during the war without effecting a great loss to the country. Whether there are 500 such, however, and just what industries they are, only careful investigation from every standpoint can determine."

To Control Horse Skin Leather.

The American Consul General at London has informed the Department of Commerce that the British War Office has extended control of horsehides in the raw state to leather produced from them, and that it now takes possession of leather from imported or domestic horsehides.

Leo L. Doblin, Jackson & Co.
FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
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A CORNER THAT FAILED.

Japanese Attempt to Force Up Yarn Prices in South China.

By underselling American manufacturers of knitting yarns in the South China market large cotton speculating interests in Japan caused imports from this country to drop in the last two years from about 80 to less than 10 per cent. of the total used. These same interests recently tried to increase their profits by cornering the market and forcing prices up. Powerful syndicates, apparently considering the success of their venture assured by existing world conditions, started buying yarn of all grades, especially the finer counts.

Japanese newspapers report, according to Consul General George E. Anderson, who is at Hongkong, that prices were forced up to 520 yen, or $20 gold, per bale of 400 pounds on the Osaka Cotton Exchange, reaching that figure by advances of $15 to $25 gold a day. The situation became such that finally the exchange had to close its doors for several days pending a readjustment. Following this, prices began to slump, until at the time the report of Mr. Anderson was made they had fallen to 250 yen, or $125, a bale. With the drop the speculators, including some Chinese, lost considerable amounts of money.

The exact reason of the collapse of the movement, according to Mr. Anderson, is not wholly clear, but one factor in it was the course taken by the small knitting factories in South China which, when prices went to unheard of levels, simply shut down and bought no more yarn. The Hongkong factories on the whole were able to keep going without much trouble, for nearly all of them were well stocked. At the low prices reached after the decline, these factories bought up all the available stocks they could get hold of. The result is that the smaller factories are unable to obtain supplies at current prices, and since they can not or will not go much higher they are obliged to remained closed. About 220 small knitting mills in South China have been hurt in this way. Incidentally, the attempt to corner the market assisted materially in keeping the consumption of knitting yarns in that part of the world from showing a big increase this year.

RAW SILK MARKETS.

Policy of Maintaining Prices Is Regarded as Beneficial.

The Japanese raw silk market continues quiet, with no change in prices. While the demand is small, reelers are holding to their agreement and quote the same prices right along. While at first manufacturers here may have had some doubts as to the advisability of maintaining prices in the primary market, they now seem to realize the value of the move. As a result of it a decidedly better tone is prevailing in the New York market. The visible stock at Yokohama is now estimated at about 26,000 bales.

Cables received from Canton by A. P. Villa & Brothers, Inc., report that market dull, with a downward tendency. Quotations, however, are not much lower than those recently current, because of the rising exchange. American buyers are still holding off from this market, but there is some buying for European account. Shanghai reports that hardly any business is being transacted there, and that prices are weaker. There has lately been a further drop of 10 cents a pound for all grades.

From Milan come reports of an upward price tendency in Italian silks, with a good demand from European manufacturers. The local market is brightening up as a result of the better business the manufacturers are doing for immediate and Spring delivery.

New Shanghai Department Store.

The Sincere Company, Ltd., a Chinese-owned Hongkong corporation, has opened an up-to-date department store on Nanking Road, Shanghai's foremost retail business street. According to Consul General Thomas Sammons, stationed in Shanghai, this is the largest native store of its kind in China. While primarily it will cater to the needs of the Chinese population, the wants of foreigners will also be considered. The owners evidently have been unusually energetic, for, in spite of shipping difficulties, they have managed to fill the store with seasonable goods, when old-established foreign stores have found it hard to replenish their stock. In conjunction with the store a hotel will be operated, which will be fitted with the latest appliances. There is also a roof garden, where teas and other refreshments are served.

Black Does Not Mean Mourning.

It is not anticipated that the movement to do away with the practice of wearing black for deceased relatives, which started soon after this country entered the war, will have any material effect on the business of those Fifth Avenue shops specializing in mourning apparel. It is pointed out by one authority in the trade that the great bulk of their business is not, as would be expected, with those in mourning, but rather with the great army of women who believe that black is most becoming to them. Black hats and evening gowns, as well as less formal frocks in black, says this authority, always have been and always will be popular because of the striking effects which can be brought out in this hue better than in almost any other.

HARDWARE TRADE QUIET.

Business Dull Just Now, but No Prospect of Lower Prices.

There is said to have been little more than the usual routine business transacted in the local hardware trade during the last few weeks. Retailers of household hardware are not inclined to replenish their stocks at present prices, and, in fact, do not seem to be having any great call for the merchandise they have. It is expected, however, that a fair volume of business will be done during the holiday season, and that after the first of the year buyers will have to come to market for necessities.

There does not seem to be any reason to look for lower prices in the near future. Prices have been firm, with a tendency toward high levels. There is no evidence of price cutting to get business. Manufacturing costs seem constantly to mount higher, the labor situation shows no signs of improving, and raw materials are no lower.

In the builders' hardware lines more or less the same condition prevails. Building operations are still practically in abeyance, and there does not seem to be any prospect of improvement in this direction for some time to come. Practically the only building that is being done now is of factories. In these only the coarser grades of hardware are used. There has been consequently a slight improvement in this line.

NEWEST IN MILLINERY.

Modified Aviation Caps Are Among Those Being Put Out.

Aviation caps of the different countries, according to the bulletin of the Retail Millinery Association of America, are being modified to such an extent that they can be worn by any type of woman. These hats are being made of chamois, leather, duvetyn, satin and angora, and are trimmed with ostrich fancies, small bells of ostrich and beaded ornaments.

The bulletin goes on to say that, among the things now selling here for immediate use, are hats showing combinations of angora brims and satin crowns; satin brims and duvetyn crowns; ratine braid with satin facings, and narrow grosgrain ribbon and satin. The leading shapes are set down as medium mushrooms, roll brim sailors—some with four-piece crowns and flexible brims—turbans both of the "civilian" and military types. The best trimmings consist of angora pom poms, hand-painted straw flowers, hand-made satin flowers, ostrich fancies and wings. As to colors, the bulletin indicates that preference is being given to navy blue combined with American beauty, sand combined with pastel blue, khaki combined with royal blue, and brown.

MAKING OLD GOODS MOVE.

A Way to Keep Alive the Interest of Salespeople in Them.

One of the great factors in selling merchandise, according to an authority on the matter, is the attitude the salespeople take toward it. If a saleswoman thinks that certain goods have been around the department too long, she gets disgusted with them and does not even try to sell them. If she is enthused over the merchandise, however, and thinks that it is "just beautiful," it is certain to predict that it is going to sell. When new goods come into a department, the salespeople almost instinctively turn to them and forget the old. This means an increase in the number of the department's "stickers," and reduces profits proportionately.

In order to keep alive the interest in the merchandise that has not moved as rapidly as expected, a Los Angeles store has a plan which calls for special efforts to sell goods that have been on hand for two weeks. If the merchandise doesn't sell, even with the expenditure of the extra efforts, the department trimming is changed. The new trim lends a new note of interest to the goods, and saleswomen who have handled them over and over again with no success, take renewed interest in them, and thus increase the probabilities of their sale. A check is kept on the length of time goods have been in a department by an invoice number, which is a key to their history. Not only has the practice of making new trims every two weeks been effective in keeping alive the interest of the salespeople in the goods, but it has been found very effective in keeping stocks in good condition.

Military Styles More in Evidence.

In some of the late Fal styles in women's suits, the military effect is beginning to attract considerable attention. Perhaps the most striking of these yet seen which has actually been sold to any extent is a suit of olive drab flannel. The coat is made with the lapels of the English infantry officer's uniform, is close fitter, and reaches down half way to the knees. The pockets are of the patch type, with a vertical plait in the middle. The skirt is eight inches from the ground, and narrow. The Sam Browne belt is worn with the suit.

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Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

NOVELTIES WANTED.—Useful articles for soldiers in camp preferred. W 287 Times Downtown.

SILK Wanted.—Open for silks of any description up to 80c per yard. Madison Square 3867.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Open for Converse Stanton, all grades. Burken, Spring 2186.

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COATS.—A group of low priced coats for immediate delivery with a "special sales" plan. Developed for December and January retailing. Room 1210, 5th Avenue Building. The Printz-Biederman Co. These are Printzess coats.

SNAP FASTENERS, highest quality, lowest prices, white or black, carded or bulk, for exporters or dealers only; special inducements for large quantity orders. Bethlehem Snap Fastener Mfg. Co., 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1807 Williamsburg.

Help Wanted.

YOUNG LADIES wanted for making lamp shades and sewing pillows; only experienced need apply. Studio for Interior, 22 East 40th St.

SALESMEN, now traveling, calling on camp, military, and department stores, sell our canvas leggings, leather puttees, and supplies as side line; immediate deliveries; big commission. Strong Manufacturing Co., 156 Lafayette St.

SALESMAN now selling military specialties, to sell department stores, jobbers, camps excellent, advertised product, wanted by every soldier; thousands sold; big commission. Randolph Co., 21 West 21st, New York City.

SALESMAN, experienced, for new line in shoe uppers and findings; commission. Frank Koester, 50 Church St., New York.

YOUNG MEN, about 17, quick and accurate at figures; steady position, advancement; large wholesale cotton goods house; references required. J 106 Times.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

DES MOINES—C. Silberman & Sons; S. I. Silberman, men's furn. goods, notions, raincoats; Endicott.
EASTON—Ross Millinery Co.; G. Gross, flowers, fancies; 621 Broadway.
ELY, Nev.—The Golden Rule; F. Hartley, gen'l mdse.; 354 4th Av.; Breslin.
HAMILTON, Ont.; T. C. Watkins, Ltd.; A. Lutes, upholstery goods, furniture; 23 East 26th; Park Avenue.
INDIANAPOLIS—W. H. Block Co.; R. C. Block, men's clothing, art needlework; 1,261 Broadway.
LIBERTY, N. Y.—H. J. Sarles Co.; H. J. Sarles, gen'l mdse.; 105 Grand.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; C. A. Carlson, ready-to-wear; H. Hood, upholstery goods, carpets, rugs; 2 West 37th.
PHILADELPHIA—Ross Millinery Co.; Harry Gross, women's hats; 621 Broadway.
PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; Mrs. E. C. Webster, skirts; Miss I. Jardine, dresses; 1,270 Broadway.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Burke, Fitzsimmons, Hone & Co.; A. G. Devine, handkerchiefs; 220 5th Av.
TOLEDO—Worts, King Co.; C. Worts, hats; York.
TONOPAH, Nev.—The Golden Rule; O. F. Shepard, gen'l mdse.; 354 4th Av.; Breslin.
TRENTON—Ross Millinery Co.; Henry Gross, millinery; 621 Broadway.
TROY, N. Y.—Silver & Levy; C. M. Silver, dry goods, notions, hosiery; Broadway Central.

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By American and Foreign Artists. Oriental Carpets and Rugs in desirable sizes and colors; old Engravings, Etchings, Draperies, European and Oriental Porcelains and Curios; Cut Glass and Many Other Objects of Adornment and Utility.
Days of sales, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday Afternoons, November 27, 28 & 30, & December 1, from 2 o'clock each day.
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Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc., 333-341 Fourth Avenue, at 25th St.
LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery. Fixtures. Van Praag & Co., 537 Broadway. Spring 2340.
Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, 546 5th Av. Auctioneers and Appraisers.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair and cold today; Tuesday fair, warmer; moderate north winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,856. NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1917.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

START MADE ON 1,400 SHIPS TO BAFFLE U-BOATS

Shipping Board Has 8,363,808 Tons Ordered, Pending on Contract, or Requisitioned.

LARGE VESSELS NUMEROUS

Of 884 Under Contract, 375 Are Wood, 58 Composite, and 451 Steel.

TO PROTECT TRANSPORTS

New Bulkhead Arrangement Makes Three Hits Necessary to Sink the Ship.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The first official analysis of the program which the Emergency Fleet Corporation of the United States Shipping Board is endeavoring to rush to completion to defeat the German submarine menace was issued today. It shows that since the corporation was organized contracts have been let for 884 new vessels, aggregating 4,724,300 deadweight tons; that 426 vessels of 3,029,508 tons building on the ways were requisitioned to hasten construction, and that contracts for 99 other vessels of 610,000 tons are pending.

This program presents a grand total of 1,409 vessels of all types, aggregating 8,363,808 deadweight tons. Of the requisitioned vessels included in this schedule 33 of 257,575 tons have been completed and released. The total deadweight tonnage given represents approximately 6,000,000 gross tons.

The Emergency Fleet Corporation, with the patriotic co-operation of the shipbuilders and of organized labor, expects to place all of the vessels in the program on the seas before the end of next year and thus meet the expressed hope of Premier Lloyd George, made in a recent address, when he stated that the accomplishment of that feat undoubtedly would overcome the best efforts of the submarines. It is entirely probable also that contracts for at least 500,000 tons of ships not included in the schedule given will be let.

Includes 70 Transports.

The figures show that there are under contract no less than 278 vessels of 7,500 tons or more, classified as cargo steamers, of which 70 are designed especially for transports. Of the cargo vessels requisitioned 176 also are of 7,500 tons or over.

Most of the vessels of 5,000 and 7,500 tons which have been contracted for are to be built in the new fabricating yards, and it is estimated that it will take five months to complete a vessel after the yards are in operation. The only limit on their output will be the ability to obtain labor and the construction of yards sufficient to build several vessels at one time.

The construction of a great fleet of vessels of 8,800 tons or over was one of the first steps advocated by Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board and Rear Admiral Capps. The theory was that these vessels could attain higher speed and be more effective against the submarines. Vessels for use as transports are being constructed with a new system of bulkheads which, it is believed, will make them "unsinkable." It has been stated that at least three hits would have to be made by torpedoes to cause a disaster, and under the present system of convoy such a feat by a submarine is looked upon as impossible.

The recent reorganization of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, which put Charles A. Piez in direct charge of construction and provided for several organizers and efficiency experts, was brought about to speed construction on the vessels contracted for by providing speedy delivery of materials and a full quota of labor needed for two and three shifts of workmen.

The Program in Detail.

The following table shows the number of vessels under contract, pending contract, and requisitioned by the Emergency Fleet Corporation:

Type of Vessel.	Number of Vessels.	Total Deadweight Capacity.
Wood	375	1,350,000
Composite	58	207,000
Steel	451	3,186,400
Total contracted for...	884	4,724,300
Contracts pending	99	610,000
Total	983	5,334,300
Total requisitioned, (all types)	*426	3,029,508
Grand total	1,409	8,363,808

*This total includes requisitioned vessels completed and released—33 vessels; 257,575 tons.

The showing for the 884 vessels contracted for, exclusive of contracts pending for ninety-nine vessels, and also exclusive of requisitioned vessels, follows:

Type of Vessel. Cargo:	Number of Vessels.	Deadweight Tonnage.
2,500 tons	411	1,438,500
4,000 tons	21	84,000
4,700 tons	12	56,400
5,000 tons	100	500,000
6,000 tons	7	42,000
7,500 tons and under	76	569,200
8,800 tons	54	473,300
9,000 tons	44	396,000
10,000 tons and under	34	323,000
Total	814	4,164,300
Cargo and transport: 8,000 tons	70	560,000
Grand total	884	4,724,300

Of the 884 vessels under contract, 451 are of steel construction, as follows:

Cargo.	Number of Vessels.	Deadweight Tonnage.
3,500 tons	6	21,000
4,000 tons	..	.....
4,700 tons	..	.....
5,000 tons	100	500,000
6,000 tons	7	42,000
7,500 tons	76	569,200
8,800 tons	54	473,200
9,000 tons	44	396,000
10,000 tons	34	323,000
Total	351	2,626,400
Cargo and transport; 8,000 tons	70	560,000
Grand total	451	3,186,400

Continued on Page 3.

Bethmann Hollweg Plans Big Political Mission

LONDON, Nov. 25.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Amsterdam says Pan German newspapers received there protest against Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg, the former Imperial Chancellor, being permitted to go to Switzerland on what they allege is a mission of great political importance, accompanied by his former assistant, Arnold Wahnschaffe, and a staff of secretaries.

KREISLER QUITS CONCERT TOUR

Violinist Finds That He Can't with Self-Respect Accept America's Money.

LOSES $85,000 CONTRACTS

War Sentiment Caused Managers to Cancel Austrian's Concerts in Several Cities.

Fritz Kreisler, the violinist, yesterday announced his virtual retirement from the concert stage for the period of the war, and asked for a general release from contracts outstanding by which he would have earned $85,000 in concerts that he had yet to play this season. Though some of these releases will be refused, it means the end of a tour arranged by C. A. Ellis of Boston for the violinist, who returned from a concert at Fall River, Mass., late last evening to his hotel in New York.

Kreisler had frankly told his personal friends here that under present conditions an artist belonging to a nation allied with this country's enemy in the war could not fairly and with self-respect continue to accept America's money. His statement in a more guarded way told his decision as follows:

"Bitter attacks have been made upon me as an Austrian and because at the outbreak of the war I fought as an officer in the Austrian army at the Russian front. I have also been criticised for fulfilling engagements under contracts made long ago. I therefore am asking all concerned to release me from my obligations under existing contracts. My promise will be kept to play, without compensation, for those charities to which I have already pledged my support. I shall always remain deeply sensible of my debt of gratitude to this country for past kindness and appreciation of my art."

Some of His Concerts Barred.

Three times last week Kreisler played in New York, the last of these to a great shouting demonstration Saturday afternoon at Carnegie Hall, just three years to a day since he had returned to America after being wounded in the thigh by a Cossack spear. The same change of sentiment that ended German opera at the Metropolitan this Fall affected the concert artists also. Mr. Kreisler found a woman's club had canceled his concert at Sewickley, Penn., on Nov. 3.

Since then, at Pittsburgh and Williamsport, Penn., as well as at Youngstown, Ohio, and Morgantown, W. Va., other concerts by him have been barred, officially so in one instance, at Pittsburgh, by Charles S. Hubbard, the Director of Public Safety. He filled engagements at Baltimore and at Washington, where he was heard by many of the Diplomatic Corps, and also at Hartford, where the Mayor in person ordered the concert to go on. Yesterday at Fall River he received as part of his fee ten $100 Liberty bonds.

Mr. Kreisler was disinclined to talk about his decision to end his tour. At the Hotel Wellington, he said: "I propose to live quietly and devote myself to composing some serious works that I have long had in mind." Kreisler married in this country some ten years ago and his wife is an American. In common with other American wives of foreign artists, Mrs. Kreisler herself has had more or less difficulty in adjusting herself to the complex situation arising since the war, and she was sharply criticised last Spring on the occasion of a patriotic demonstration in California.

Kreisler was born at Vienna, Feb. 2, 1875, and studied under Delibes and Massart at the Paris Conservatoire, where he took first prize in 1887. He made an American tour as a boy of 13 with the pianist, Rosenthal, but, like Josef Hofmann, about the same time, he was enabled to retire from the stage. He became a student of medicine, art, and military science, serving his term in the Austrian Army before he next appeared as a violinist in 1899 at Berlin. He toured America in 1900-01 with Hofmann and Gerardy, and has been a favorite here ever since.

The book of Kreisler's war experiences had a wide sale on its publication here three years ago. On the day before he was discharged as an invalid from his country's army, Lieutenant Kreisler was advanced in rank one grade, and was told by his regimental Commander that he was to be "mentioned for distinguished service." In all interview here since then he told what he thought artists could do to help all the nations now in conflict. He said:

"It is my fond hope that after the war has ended we artists will be in a position to carry first the message of peace through all the countries. Surely art and religion will be the first forces that will set about the great reconstruction of world sympathy.

"If, for instance, the dignified figure of Ysaye were seen on the concert stage of any country which had been hostile to his in the war, would there be any one equal to expressing animosity? I don't know what I myself will be able to do, because I have fought, and they may not be able to forgive me at first. I fear art and artists will suffer.

"When peace comes, although art will try to speak its message, will not all the energies of the nations be devoted to re-establishing the material things that are of first urgence? I fear all other things will have to wait for them.

"Then there are so many artists who have fallen. They may not be world-famous, but, after all, the art of a country is the sum of what all its artists are, and the individual does not loom large."

In a previous statement published in THE TIMES only yesterday, Kreisler had told that all his earnings since the war had been given to aid the artists of allied nations left stranded in Vienna, and to the support of orphans of Russian and Serbian soldiers whom his American wife had nursed in Austrian hospitals early in the war.

NO SOLDIERS SENT TO GUARD PIERS; ONLY POLICE THERE

Program as to Barred Zones Changed Here to Take in "Vital Points" Only.

WASHINGTON IS PUZZLED

Can't Understand Failure to Carry Out the Federal Instructions.

HOYLE MAKES INSPECTION

Alteration in the Program Announced After a Conference on His Return from Waterfront.

Although the enemy alien regulations promulgated by President Wilson last Monday and ordered into effect at midnight last night by Attorney General Gregory are theoretically now in full force, no soldier went on guard along the waterfront of New York at that hour. The statement given out by the Department of Justice in Washington on Saturday night was that soldiers of the regular army would assume charge of the waterfront problem at 12 o'clock last night, that they would wear blue uniforms to distinguish them from the khaki-clad fighters of the overseas forces, and that their orders would be to shoot any unauthorized person who refused to obey orders and sought to enter any part of the newly created barred zones.

Soldiers will probably be ordered to guard duty in what are termed "vital points" of the waterfront zones within the next day or two, but it may be a week before the army takes over control of all these "vital points." In the meantime, under an agreement entered into between the city and Federal authorities yesterday, a policeman will be assigned to duty at the entrance to every pier in New York. These policemen go on duty at 8 o'clock this morning.

Brig. Gen. Eli Hoyle, U. S. A., commanding the Eastern Department of the army, with headquarters on Governor's Island, accompanied by several Federal officials and representatives of the City Government, made a tour of inspection yesterday of the entire waterfront, which is included in the barred area of the metropolitan district. At the conclusion of that tour a statement was issued last night at the Governors Island headquarters, which read:

"The situation has been thoroughly canvassed, and the indications are that most of the piers and other waterfront locations are very well guarded and military guards may be placed only at points here and there, at which additional guards may seem needed. No definite action has been taken to spread soldiers over the entire waterfront, and it is not the intention at this hour (7 P. M.) to do so at midnight."

May Not Wear the Blue.

It was also indicated at the Governors Island headquarters that it may not be necessary to put soldiers, ordered to waterfront duties, in blue uniforms. It was said that when war was declared on Germany all the blue uniforms of the old army were packed away in moth balls for the duration of the war, and that all men who will be called for pier or munition factory duty in this part of the country are now in khaki, and that there would seem to be no reason why they should discard those uniforms for the out-of-date blue garments.

The waterfront populations of New York and New Jersey were on tiptoe, so to speak, all day yesterday as a result of the expected midnight coming of the soldiers. It was not until late last night that the news came from Governors Island that the soldiers would not appear on schedule time, and that it might be several days before they went on duty, and then only in certain parts of the barred zones. That the soldiers, as the situation now stands, will not guard the entire waterfront zone appears to be certain.

It appears, according to statements made in official quarters here last night, that the army will take over the guarding of piers, munition works, and other places which are considered to be "vital points," while the police, agents of the Department of Justice, and private watchmen will guard the less important places. It was said by one high Federal official, charged with the enforcement of enemy alien regulations, that some soldiers may go on duty in certain "vital points" in the waterfront zones this morning. These "vital points," he said, will be designated by the Attorney General probably today.

Soldiers for Vital Points.

"It has been decided," said Assistant United States District Attorney John C. Knox last night, "that the military will take over some of the more important points, and that, in addition, the Police Department will place a policeman on every pier and dock in New York. There will be a general tightening up of the patrol and guard on all docks, and it is probable that no person will be permitted to go on any pier unless he has in his possession certain means of identification, the nature of which will be announced very shortly."

The decision to place policemen on piers was announced after a long conference participated in by General Hoyle, Brigadier Gen. Jesse Carter, representing the Bureau of Militia Affairs in Washington; Mr. Knox, United States Marshals McCarthy of New York and Powers of Brooklyn, Dock Commis-

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Five Rifles for Every Man In General Pershing's Army

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Senator Hitchcock, ranking member of the Senate Military Committee, issued a statement tonight saying he had investigated and found to be false several sensational and widely circulated rumors about America's war preparations.

He mentioned particularly reports that the expeditionary force in France was not properly equipped with rifles, when as a matter of fact there were five rifles for every man, and stories that the Liberty Airplane motor was a failure instead of a triumphant success. The Senator said he found that the motor, having stood all tests, was being manufactured in numbers at least doubly as large as the Aircraft Board had hoped for.

AMERICAN AIRMEN RESCUED AT SEA

Three Picked Up by Patrol Boat Off French Coast After 60-Hour Search.

LOST ON SUBMARINE HUNT

Party in Huge Triplane Is Found Famished—Includes Former Student at Yale.

A FRENCH PORT, Nov. 25.—Suffering from cold, exhaustion and hunger, three American naval airmen were picked up by a French patrol boat last night after having been lost at sea for nearly sixty hours.

The three men, in a huge triplane hydroaeroplane, left a French base Thursday morning in search of four enemy submarines which were reported operating off the coast.

When the men failed to return within the usual time fears were felt for their safety and other machines were sent out to search for them. The searching machines, however, returned after several hours and reported that they had seen no trace of the missing plane or its crew.

The naval authorities then sent out a general warning to all allied boats off the coast, and the search for the Americans was continued throughout Thursday night, all day and all night Friday, and throughout Saturday, with naval air machines assisting in the search during the daylight hours.

About dusk Saturday a French patrol boat saw the missing machine drifting helplessly several miles out at sea. A boat's crew rescued the three men, who were Ensign Kenneth Smith, a former Yale student, the pilot; Frank J. Brady of Newark, N. J., observer and gunner, and I. F. Wilkinson, mechanician.

The three men were virtually exhausted when picked up. They received first-aid treatment on the boat, which rushed them to this port, where they were transferred to a relief hospital. All the men have now recovered, and it is expectec that they will be able soon to resume their duties.

The boat's crew was unable to save the hydroaeroplane, which was sunk at sea.

Frank J. Brady, rescued off the coast of France, is the son of Mrs. Mary Brady, a widow of Newark. He served four years as a regular in the United States Army, part of the time on the Mexican border, and then became a member of the Fire Salvage Corps of Newark. He received a medal for saving the life of a man at a fire early this year. In this fire four men were killed. Brady enlisted in April and was sent abroad as a member of the first aero detachment, United States Navy. He has a record for extreme daring and intrepidity. He has several brothers in Newark, one of whom is Police Lieutenant John Brady, attached to headquarters.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 25.—Kenneth R. Smith is a former member of the class of 1917, Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University, and came to Yale from Patchogue, L. I. He sailed for the war front last September.

MEXICO WILL ADJUST CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES

Decree Establishes Bureau to Pass on Indemnities for Losses in the Revolution.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 25.—In accordance with a decree issued May 10, 1913, at Monclova, by the then First Chief, the President today issued a decree establishing a damage claim bureau to adjust claims arising during the revolution. A commission to deal with claims will be appointed by the President, who also will designate the rules of procedure.

All claims must be presented in Spanish, with as many affidavits of proof as possible. Each claim must outline the amount of damages and the name and nationality of the person making it. Claims must be based upon the destruction of private property, the requisitioning of money or animals, or personal injury. Under no condition will claims be considered because of loss of property.

Foreigners must attach to their claims certificates of nationality, or otherwise it will be assumed that they are Mexicans. Companies incorporated under the Mexican law will be considered Mexican concerns. When a foreigner shall be dissatisfied with an award he may present a personal claim through his diplomatic representative, which will be arbitrated by three persons—one designated by the President, one by the foreign diplomat, and one by mutual appointment. In no case may an arbitrator belong to the diplomatic or consular service. The term for the filing of claims will expire three years from the date of the signing of today's decree.

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BRITISH RUSHES WIN BOURLON WOOD; FRENCH BREAK GERMAN VERDUN LINES; NO SEPARATE PEACE, LENINE SAYS

EXPLAINS RUSSIAN PARLEY

In Keeping With Policy That Masses Act Themselves, Lenine Says.

HAVE NO POWER TO SIGN

Krylenko Asserts Kaiser's Army Is Restrained by German Proletariat.

ALEXIEFF WITH KALEDINES

Rodzianko, Ex-President of Duma, Also with Cossack Chieftain.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 24.—Last evening the Bolsheviki Executive Committee of the Soviet discussed the peace negotiations. The Bolsheviki Premier Lenine, declared:

"Our party never said it would give peace immediately. We said we would make an immediate proposal for peace, and would publish the secret treaties. That we have done, and now begin the revolutionary struggle for peace. Victory is assured. The armistice will be attained by revolutionary methods."

That Lenine did not promise immediate peace is untrue. He did promise it, and that is why the masses followed him.

A member of the Soviet, Chudnovsky, said he doubted the good intentions of the Council of the People's Commissaries. Their action was one of colossal ineptitude. What Lenine, Italin, and Krylenko had done made it impossible for the soldiers to fight if the German Government refused to treat. An armistice must be concluded by the whole of Russia, and not by separate regiments.

Other members complained that the Executive Committee was not consulted before this rash measure was taken. Kameneff urged the Executive Committee to publish a special declaration that peace negotiations would not be begun unless the Germans gave guarantee that they would not take advantage of the armistice to transfer troops to other fronts.

Lenine evaded this demand by securing the relegation of the question to a small committee.

Lenine has been raised to power by the mob. His tenure depends on the fickle crowd who impatiently await fulfilment of his promises, and already the crowd is murmuring. The Socialist papers call his amazing peace campaign the desperate plunge of a hopelessly involved gambler.

Power for Destruction Great.

Of constructive power the Bolsheviki have none, but they have enormous power for destruction. They can make a wilderness and call it peace. They can finally demoralize the army and reduce it to a rabble of hungry, looting bands, who will stream across the country, block the railways, reduce the civil population to starvation and the extreme of terror, and will fight like wolves over their prey. That they can do in the name of peace, and that, if there is no opposing force, will be the effect of Krylenko's order. Already, as a result of their rising transport has been still further disorganized, food supplies for the front are blocked and the army commissaries are telegraphing stern warnings of danger of starvation.

The Bolsheviki have issued land decrees which can lead only to an immense Jacquerie. It is true that a decree orders that estates must be handed over to the land committees and kept intact for the peoples' use, but those who know the complexities of the Russian land problem and the mental level of the peasantry realize that the land committees from but a feeble barrier against their instinct to pillage when once roused.

When Lenine's associates criticised the glaring defects and contradictions of his land decrees he replied that those were merely formal objections, and that the great thing was to give peasants a principle which they themselves would work out in detail in accordance with local conditions. He did not believe in Parliaments, he believed only in "vital constructive power on the masses of the people."

When his friends reminded him of the growing gravity of the food problem he only shrugged his shoulders. When they objected to the dictatorial methods of legislation by decrees on which not even the Bolshevik Soviet was consulted, he coldly ignored criticism.

The publication of the secret documents at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs aroused no sensation. The substance of most of them was known beforehand. The Den declares that they are not worth an eggshell. The Novaya Zhizn admits that no new facts have been revealed and complains that the one-sided publication is all to the advantage of the Central Powers whose secret documents are unpublished. It declares, however, that this official confirmation of negotiations already

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Dukhonin Won't Give Up Command of Army; Threatens to Arrest Krylenko if He Shows Up

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 23, (Delayed.)—General Dukhonin refuses to surrender the chief command to Ensign Krylenko, and threatens to arrest him if he comes to headquarters. Krylenko left for headquarters tonight.

The Bolsheviki have appointed Colonel Muravieff War Minister.

The proposed Tchernoff Coalition Government has fallen through for lack of support from the army committees.

The Cadet Party and Constitutional Democrats have issued a declaration that no peace proposals issued by the Bolsheviki can be regarded as expressing the will of the Russian people.

Several regiments, in accordance with Lenine's orders, have sent peace parliamentaries to Russian headquarters, who have received a German wireless message saying the Germans refuse to receive the parliamentaries and will only negotiate with a legal Russian Government or Constituent Assembly. In any case, they will only begin negotiations if the Russian Army retires sixty miles.

ITALIANS REPULSE ASIAGO ATTACKS

First Army Takes the Offensive at Meletta, Capturing Machine Guns.

GUN DUELS ELSEWHERE

Berlin Reports "Successful Fighting" Between Brenta and Piave Rivers.

ROME, Nov. 25, (British Admiralty per Wireless Press.)—Troops of the Italian First Army on the Asiago Plateau yesterday repulsed several furious Austro-German attacks and counterattacked with success, the Italian War Office announced today.

The text of the statement reads:

On the Asiago Plateau heroic parties of our First Army, who for ten days uninterruptedly and without yielding a yard of ground have been fighting for the defense of the strong point of Meletta, yesterday again repulsed several furious enemy attacks and counterattacked with success. Two sections of machine guns were captured.

On the rest of the front there were only artillery actions.

Near Monte Grappa two enemy airplanes were brought down by one of our airmen.

BERLIN, Nov. 25, (via London.)—The failure of Italian assaults upon Austro-German positions in the northern battle sectors is reported in this afternoon's War Office statement, which says:

Italian attacks on both sides of the Brenta Valley and against Monte Pertica collapsed before our lines.

The supplementary report on the Italian operations issued this evening says:

Successful fighting occurred between the Brenta and Piave Rivers.

Prussian Guard Cut to Pieces.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 25.—The situation today is virtually unchanged all along the northern battle front and on the Piave River. The artillery activity continues violent, and here and there heavy fighting at scattered points is taking place. But there is a lull in the aggressive mass attacks, as both sides require time for the purpose of reforming their broken ranks.

The Prussian Guard regiment is among those contingents having the heaviest losses. Three battalions of the guard were thrown against the charge which carried the Italians back into one of their strategic mountain height positions. The guards were swept aside in an impetuous wave of enthusiasm, and only a battalion of them was able to reform in small groups.

Reports show that Italian aviators have brought down fifty-one enemy machines during the fighting of the last thirty days—or nearly two machines daily.

Exploits of Italian Artillery.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 24, (Delayed)—(Associated Press.)—Strong enemy attacks with artillery preparation continued throughout the day along the whole extent of front between the Brenta and Piave Rivers, but the enemy gained no ground, and all his attacks failed.

The fighting, while severe, was not of that whirlwind character of the last two days, and both sides are engaged in reorganizing their positions on the shifting front and taking a momentary respite from the tremendous strain of the last few days.

Another enemy attempt to cross the Piave on pontoons resulted in the wiping out of the pontoons and the men.

Further details of the fierceness of the recent fighting in the north were given to The Associated Press correspondent by an eyewitness returning from the battle line, who also told of many instances of daring by regiments, batteries, and individuals.

The Italian artillery has especially distinguished itself. In the fighting around Meletta d'Avanti a mountain battery was obliged to fall back with the in-

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SMASHING BLOW AT CROWN PRINCE

French Capture First and Second German Lines in Sunday Attack Near Verdun.

800 PRISONERS ARE TAKEN

Deep Dugouts Won in the Assault—French Also Successful in Saturday's Fighting.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—In an attack in the Verdun region Sunday the French troops captured first and second German lines of defense, including deep dugouts, and also took 800 Germans prisoner, according to the French official communication issued this evening.

The text of the communication reads:

In the region of the north of the Chemin des Dames and northwest of Rheims there has been marked activity by the two artilleries.

On the right bank of the Meuse we carried out this afternoon some operations of detail to the north of Hill 344 along a front of three and one-half kilometers, between Samogneaux and the region to the south of the Anglemont Farm. Our troops captured the first and second German lines, and also some deep dugouts organized by the enemy on the slopes to the south of the ravine in the Cauriers Wood. Thus far we have counted more than 800 prisoners.

In the Vosges a surprise attack on our small posts in the sector of Sondernach, southwest of Münster, failed.

On the rest of the front there is nothing to report.

The battle was preceded on Saturday by attacks made by the Crown Prince's troops on the French positions at several points on the right bank on the Meuse in the region of Verdun. The statement issued by the French War Office this afternoon says the battles ended in favor of the French, the Germans suffering serious losses in the hand-grenade fighting which developed.

The text of the French statement reads:

Northwest of Rheims two attacks on our advanced posts failed.

On the right bank of the Meuse, after the violent bombardment which was reported yesterday, the Germans hurled partial attacks at several points along this front. North of Hill 344 there was an especially strong struggle, in which hand-grenades were used, and it ended to our advantage. The enemy suffered severe losses without obtaining any result and leaving prisoners in our hands.

Before Beaumont and on the front of the Chaume Wood our fire prevented the enemy from approaching our lines.

The night was calm on the rest of the front.

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—The French showed lively activity yesterday on almost the entire French front, particularly in the Champagne, in the Verdun region, and in upper Alsace. The night report from Army Headquarters says:

On the eastern bank of the Meuse French attacks are in progress between Samogneux and Beaumont.

The day official report says:

Army group of the German Crown Prince: The activity of the French continued lively on almost the whole front. Strong reconnoitring detachments pressed forward against our lines. There was an increase in artillery and mine-throwing engagements, especially northeast of Craonne, in several sectors in the Champagne, and on the eastern bank of the Meuse.

As the result of a successful enterprise west of Beaumont our storming troops brought in numerous prisoners.

Army group of Duke Albrecht: East of St. Mihiel and especially in the Sundgau there was intense artillery and mine-throwing fire. In Apremont Wood and near Ammerzweiler strong French thrusts were repulsed.

SPECIAL SHORE PLATE DINNER, $1.00. Gunther's Candy Store, 34th St. & Columbus Av.—Adv.

PART OF VILLAGE IS HELD.

Changed Hands Three Times in Desperate Waves of Attack.

FIERCE BATTLE AT NIGHT

Germans Send In Guard Troops and Give Battle to British in the Open.

HAIG COMMENDS HIS TROOPS

Issues Order Congratulating Gen. Byng and His Men for "Splendid Results."

Haig Reports the Battle Still On for Bourlon

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Field Marshal Haig's report tonight read:

There has again been severe fighting today west of Cambrai. At midday the enemy strongly attacked the positions we held in the neighborhood of Bourlon and succeeded in pressing back our troops from portions of the village. Our positions in Bourlon Wood and on the high ground are intact.

Fighting also occurred on the Hindenburg support line west of Moeuvres, where we captured prisoners.

The number of prisoners taken since the commencement of our operations on the morning of Nov. 20 has now reched a total of 9,774, including 182 officers.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Nov. 25, (Associated Press.)—There has been much traffic out of Cambrai southeastward during the last few days, indicating the probability that the Germans have forced the civil population to evacuate.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Nov. 25.—For two days there has been a great battle for the possession of Bourlon Wood, the high forest which commands all the country to the north and northeast, and for the villages of Inchy and Moeuvres, to the west of it, and for Fontaine Notre Dame and La Folie Wood to the east.

In all this fighting English battalions on the left across the first and second trenches of the great Hindenburg line up by the Louver-Valinchy Road, Yorkshire troops and other English battalions in the centre of the direct attack on the forest of Bourlon and Highlanders on the right working eastward of Bourlon Wood and up to Montaine Notre Dame, which they gained and lost in fierce attacks and counterattacks, have shown the most dauntless determination to make good the triumph of the first day, when they broke the German line.

Some of these men have been fighting now for nearly a week and have had no rest, no sleep except what was snatched in odd half hours lying out in the open beyond the trench lines or in the ruins of villages out of which they had routed the enemy. They have gone on short rations, as they are out in the blue, far from supplies. Since the first surprise on Tuesday morning, when they caught in their net of steel a great mass of dazed and frightened men, they have had to force their way forward or hold positions they had gained against great numbers of counterattacks from German troops hurled up to Cambrai from all available sources and against small garrisons and bodies of storm troops and patrols and snipers whose spirit had been rallied by their officers and who fought with really desperate courage to stop the gap made in their lines.

Fighting on Open Ground.

The break through of Tuesday morning has been followed by a ding-dong struggle along twelve miles or more of open country from Fronville to the east and south of Masnieres. It is a battle unlike anything we have seen since the early days of the war. It is open fighting again, away for the most part from trench systems, except on the left, where some Royal Fusiliers, Londoners they were, were extending their hold on further stretches of the Hindenburg line.

This open fighting is in a great sweep of undulating country where there is grass instead of shell pits and blasted earth, where one may stand in fields such as I walked over all day yesterday and on earlier days of this fighting, watching the battle in progress around the villages and woods, seeing our guns moving forward to new positions and the gun limbers galloping up with new supplies of ammunition, tramping alongside tanks going into action again, passed by patrols of cavalry scouting forward around little hamlets and woods or bringing back groups of newly captured men.

I watched all the progress of the day, with the German barrages suddenly

opening up on new attacks of ours and with our batteries bursting out into long volleys of drumfire to repel counter-attacks. There was all the movement and drama of old-fashioned warfare before armies were locked between their trenches and a battlefield was the loneliest place in the world, because between one short rush and another from one trench to another no human being could be seen above ground and all the guns were hidden.

Germans Rush Up Artillery.

Before describing these wonderful scenes, which seem as unreal to me as faked war pictures on the foreign cinematograph, and just as crowded and dazing to my eyes, I must deal with the historic facts of the fighting on Friday and Saturday, working up, as I have said, to the capture of Bourlon Wood. It was essential for all further progress to gain that black forest, which covers 600 acres of high ground to the west of Cambrai.

The difficulty of capturing it was increased by the loss of Fontaine Notre Dame on the eastern side and by the strong defense of fresh German troops around Moeuvres and Inchy on the west. Our cavalry had not been able to make a great sweeping movement, though they had fought many gallant little actions about these fortified villages and rounded up many prisoners.

The enemy had been quick in rushing up guns. The weakness of his artillery on the first day, due partly to the wonderful counterbattery work of our splendid gunners, to the capture of over 100 guns and to the concentration of the enemy's artillery in Flanders, is no longer a great factor in our favor. The German high command has ordered up every available battery from other positions, and behind the German lines the roads must have been choked day and night by guns, and limbers on the march to the country around Cambrai, straining every nerve of horse and man to get to their new sectors in time to remedy their great disaster.

They have come up now, and yesterday I saw some very deadly barrage fire below Inchy and Moeuvres and south of Bourlon Wood as proof of their arrival. "They have been damn quick in getting on the ground," said one of the British gunners, and they spoke with a queer kind of admiration, as good sportsmen, of the rapidity with which German gunners had registered and gotten into action.

So it was not against a weak enemy and no longer with the first great gift of surprise that our men attacked Bourlon Wood yesterday and the day before, carried their battle line forward below Inchy and Moeuvres, and made a new assault on the village of Fontaine Notre Dame, where the Highlanders had fought forward and backward through streets now burning with a fierce red glow, though many houses still gave cover to machine gunners and snipers and German infantry.

Men Inside Tanks Suffered.

When the tanks advanced on Bourlon Wood they were driven and fought by men who had been bruised and shaken and banged inside those narrow forts, who had been drenched by sweat in the great heat, who needed sleep with a drunken craving, who were in continual peril of death, but who goaded themselves with a spiritual spur in order to do their job well and add to the honor of the tanks. So they moved steadily toward the enemy and his guns, inside their queer, beastlike things, which look very sinister as they go forward in the grey light of dawn, as I have seen them.

Little bodies of cavalry were riding on their flanks, and the infantry came behind in open order—those Highlanders and Yorkshiremen and other English and Welsh battalions which had been fighting since Monday night. The tanks and infantry gained and held the sunken road southwest of Bourlon Wood, and a number of tanks were seen advancing steadily in a northwesterly direction from the village of Graincourt.

Another tank was going well 500 yards south of Fontaine Notre Dame and by Anneux there was still another group of tanks in echelon formation, advancing northward to get on the east side of the forest and drive a wedge between that and Fontaine Notre Dame. The enemy's guns answered rockets which went up from the German troops, each light like a wail for help, and laid down a heavy barrage of high explosives and shrapnel south of the forest and all along the line of our attack.

HEIGHTS CHANGE HANDS IN DESPERATE BATTLE

Haig Tells of Bourlon Success and Issues Order Praising His Troops.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—At the end of two days of fighting, as hot as any that has marked General Byng's great struggle for Cambrai, the British remain in possession of part of Bourlon Village and nearly the whole of Bourlon wood, three and a half miles west of Cambrai, including all the high ground in the wood. The village has changed hands at least three times and part of the wood four times.

The British captured the village in the early part of the fighting, but on Friday night the Germans launched a counter-attack in force and recovered possession of it. All day Friday and Saturday the struggle for parts of the wood proceeded with varying fortune, and on Saturday night the British clinched their hold on both the wood and the village with a fierce attack.

Today the struggle was renewed by the Germans, and at noon they succeeded in pressing back the British from portions of the village, but could not budge their British lines in the wood, which Field Marshal Haig reports tonight to be "intact."

There was fighting also today on the Hindenburg support line west of Moeuvres, the advantage resting with the British. Dismounted cavalry has been active in General Byng's operations.

Haig Congratulates Byng's Army.

The following special order of the day was issued by Field Marshal Haig on Sunday:

"The capture of the important Bourlon position yesterday crowns a most successful operation and opens the way to the further exploitation of advantages already gained. In the operations of the third army during the last four days the troops engaged were called on to advance under conditions different from anything ever attempted before. The manner in which they adapted themselves to the new conditions was in all respects admirable, and the results gained by their efforts are of far-reaching importance.

"Although practically all the divisions employed have already been engaged in severe and prolonged fighting this year, all arms and services have met these fresh calls on them in a manner worthy the highest traditions of the British Army.

"In this battle the tanks for the first time have been afforded an opportunity of working in large numbers and of showing their special value under conditions suitable to them. Without them the complete surprise gained would not have been possible, could not even been attempted. Their performances have entirely justified the trust placed in them.

"Infantry, artillery, and aircraft have co-operated with efficiency and complete devotion to duty, in which they never fail. The cavalry has co-operated with the other arms with excellent results. The Royal Engineers, the Signal Services, Transportation Services, Army Service Corps, and the various administrative services concerned each performed most valuable work.

"To General Sir Julian Byng and his staff, to the commanders and staffs under him, and to all arms and services engaged in these operations my thanks and warmest congratulations are due for the manner in which they prepared and carried through the operations and on the splendid results achieved.

"I also express my obligation to all ranks at general headquarters for the success with which they have met the severe strain imposed by the arrangements for these operations, in addition to the sudden movement of troops to Italy, the operations on the Flanders front, and the many other movements and reliefs which had to be carried out simultaneously.

"The operations on the third army front would in all probability have miscarried if the enemy had gained timely warning of our intentions, and a most satisfactory feature in connection with these operations is the complete secrecy maintained. For this my thanks are due to all concerned."

The day report from Field Marshal Haig reads:

Fighting in and about Bourlon Wood continued yesterday afternoon and evening with great stubbornness on both sides, the enemy counterattacking several times.

On Friday night strong hostile counterattacks forced our troops back from Bourlon Village, which we had entered on our first advance, and in the early morning of Saturday a powerful attack delivered by the enemy further to the east pressed us back a short distance on the hill in Bourlon Wood.

Later in the morning a successful counterattack by our troops drove the enemy from the hill, and before midday we had re-established our lines on the northern edge of Bourlon Wood.

Fighting continued during the afternoon and at dusk the enemy again attacked with strong forces from the northeast, forcing our troops back slightly in the northeastern corner of the wood.

Early in the night our troops again attacked and re-entered Bourlon Village, capturing it after a fierce struggle, in which parties of the enemy offered obstinate resistance in strong points in the village.

Bourlon Village and practically the whole of Bourlon Wood, including all the high ground within it, now are in our possession.

In the course of these operations English, Welsh, and Scottish battalions, assisted by dismounted cavalry, displayed the utmost courage and tenacity both in attack and defense.

BERLIN, Nov. 25, (British Admiralty per Wireless Press.)—German guard troops launched a counterattack last night against the British troops which had pushed forward as far as Bourlon village, west of Cambrai, and after desperate bayonet fighting drove them back to their former positions, the German General Staff announced today. Thick waves of British infantry, the statement adds, four times fruitlessly assaulted the village of Inchy, west of Bourlon.

The German Army Headquarters statement reads:

Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht: In Flanders the artillery duel increased in the afternoon between Houthulst Wood and Zandvoorde. An English advance at the Ypres-Menin road failed.

On the battlefield southwest of Cambrai there were violent but locally limited engagements.

The English brought up strong forces in fresh attacks against Inchy. Thick waves of infantry stormed fruitlessly on four occasions. Their losses were especially heavy. Our troops gained several hundred yards of ground by a counterthrust.

After violent firing the enemy attacked in the evening at the village and wood of Bourlon, and under the cover of fog clouds pushed forward as far as the village. In a desperate night battle, guard fusiliers brought up for a counterattack drove the enemy back with the bayonet into his former positions, while Pomeranian Grenadiers, at the edge of the wood, overcame every enemy assault.

After the failure of an early attack on Banteaux there were only minor local attacks in the afternoon.

The supplementary report from General Headquarters this evening says:

In Flanders and southwest of Cambrai there was lively firing activity in several of the sectors.

CHARGES AMERICA FIGHTS FOR POTASH

German Paper Alleges Our 'Real War Aim' Is a Scheme for Agricultural Wealth.

PREDICTS MOVE ON SUNDGAU

Presence of Pershing's Troops Near Alsatian Deposits Is Called Significant.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 25.—The Berlin Vossische Zeitung pretends to have discovered that America's real war aim is the acquisition of Alsace-Lorraine's potash deposits. The paper editorially asserts that while the acquisition of the provinces has been made popular by catchwords the ultimate purpose, "now daily admitted in America," is "a paying peace."

The Vossische Zeitung admits that the iron ore districts of Diedenhofen, with that of Briey-Longwy-Nancy-Calvados, would make France the richest iron country in Europe, but insists that the potash deposits between Mulhausen and Zinheim are the question of the hour. It says that the American authorities claim that their country possesses deposits of potash and saltpetre, but that the deposits are only chlorate of potash, while the Alsatian potash would enrich France agriculturally four times and help her economically in many ways after the war.

It is unnecessary, says the paper, to cite Germany's unwillingness to give up one square yard of the German Lorraine iron ore districts, as these are imperative for Germany, industrially and agriculturally. The Alsace potash deposits, it proceeds to say, represent another economic phase of the situation, and many persons are ignorant of the fact that whereas coal and iron are the basis for industrial development potash is the "third trump" after the war.

Valued at $12,000,000,000.

"Politicians or geologists, not interested in potash," the paper says, "must be ignorant of Alsace's riches, which France valued before the war at sixty milliards of francs."

Some persons have advocated giving France a small portion of the potash district in exchange for other territory, says the Vossische Zeitung, but that would be a gross error. France is already counting upon the advantage of Alsace's potash it says, with America supporting her, and even the English are beginning to see the advantage of the Allies acquiring potash outside of Germany.

The American press now admits, it asserts, that the United States' most important crops, such as cotton, tobacco, sugar beets, and fruit trees, all require potash more than rain, and in 1913 America received 250,000 tons, but since that time practically nothing. In spite of energetic efforts very small quantities have been obtained elsewhere, the article contends, and America is still dependent upon the Central Powers for potash.

The most important part of the whole question, the Vossischs Zeitung says, is that if the embargo on German potash were removed Germany's potash monopoly would not exist and America would obtain a cheaper potash and "our best economic weapon against America would disappear."

[As already cabled, Germany is reckoning on the potash monopoly for obtaining in exchange large quantities of sorely needed raw materials after the war.]

Suspects Pershing's Purpose.

The paper asserts that, while the American troops are now on a "quiet part of the front," it is to be expected that they will soon be moved to Sundgau, on the Rhine-Rhone canal, in order to claim the potash deposits at present in German hands. Since America failed in her enterprise in 1910 [referring to the plans of the American potash syndicate in Germany at that date, which were unsuccesful owing to Germany's policy] it is alleged that Americans are even capitalizing a scheme for enlarging the canal from Mülhausen to Marseilles in order to facilitate the transportation of potash to that port, and that immediately after the conclusion of peace some German potash deposits are to be claimed as natural compensation owing to the fact that the French works have been destroyed by fire. It will be demanded, according to the paper, that Germany deliver potash at cost price in order that France can maintain her place as a competitor in the world market.

"It is evident," remarks the Vossische Zeitung, "that America has grasped the importance of the potash problem better than many of us."

The paper asserts that statements about potash deposits in Tunis, Erythrea, Catalonia, Cuba, Peru, and North America are mostly sheer bluff, whereas in Germany are whole provinces with rich deposits, and that this is one of Germany's assets.

"Nothing must be given away," it says, "and only step by step shall we deliver potash to neutrals and, after the war, to enemies. But neutrals and enemies will need increasing quantities of potash at the conclusion of peace, as the soil becomes poor. Grain crops have almost disappeared, Australia excepted, and cotton crops have greatly decreased. If they refuse us raw materials we will revenge ourselves on the enemy's agriculture, and have as our device 'No potash for enemies.'"

The paper concludes with a warning that to achieve this aim, Germany's potash monopoly must remain intact.

To Hear Draft Law Appeals.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—After rendering opinions tomorrow the Supreme Court will take a recess over Thanksgiving. The court will reconvene on Dec. 10 and hear arguments on appeals from various States involving the constitutionality of the draft law.

ALLIED FORCES CLOSE TO ITALIAN FRONT

British Correspondent Says They Are a Powerful Factor in Reserve.

ITALIAN HOPES RISING

Germans Believed to Have Withdrawn Some Troops, Possibly for a New Balkan Drive.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Ward Price, British press representative at Italian Headquarters, telegraphing under date of Nov. 23, says:

"Every day it becomes clearer that the crucial point of the present battle on the Italian front is that twelve-mile gap between the Brenta and Piave Rivers, and more especially the eastern corner of the mountainous sector where Monte Tomba stands.

"Around this latter height fierce attacks and counterattacks are going on. The Austro-Germans, however, cannot descend into the plain until they have taken Monte Grappa, of which Monte Tomba is a lower spur. What makes the determined enemy drive downward into the plain so formidable a manoeuvre is the fact that it brings the invaders gradually nearer the heart of the region directly in the rear of the Italian third army on the Piave. In fact, the third army is in a similar position to that in which it found itself on the Carso after the enemy had opened a gap in the Italian line at Caporetto, with this difference, that no effective resistance was put up after the fall of Caporetto to the Austrian advance upon the left rear of the third army. In the present circumstances the Italian fourth army, on the left of the third, is fighting with firm determination, heedless of weariness and heavy losses, to fend off this thrust by which the enemy is trying to roll up our right wing from the flank against the lagoons and swamps of the Venetian coast.

"Some people are asking in Italy, and perhaps in England, too, 'Why don't we hear of English and French troops taking part in this important fighting?' Where are the Allies' reinforcements?' Without a knowledge of staff secrets it is perhaps easier for one on the spot to frame an answer to these questions from facts plain for all to see at present in Northern Italy. In the first place, there was bound to elapse a certain length of time between the decision to send these troops and their arrival in the line as a fighting force. The decision of a council of the Allies needs to be supplemented by a vast number of slowly rolling troop trains before reinforcements can arrive in one theatre of war from another, and the number of those trains is immense. Every single wagon and truck that can possibly be made available is being used. I was reluctantly obliged to go by train the other day, but the weariness of creeping along in a civilian train, hours overdue, was almost compensated by the fact that every mile or so I seemed to meet another train-load of cheering, singing English Tommies, whose shouts of 'Viva Italia!' filled the Italian civilians in my carriage with enthusiasm.

"The fact that these were English troops we met was a good sign, for, naturally, the French, being nearer, arrived first; but even when new troops like these have reached Italy it takes a little while for them to settle themselves before they can be moved up into the battle. Supply services need to be installed, and officers have to be taught the lie of the country. I have met several motor cars full of English officers close up to the present fighting line, reconnoitring the ground, and, even though we do not hear of English and French troops already in action, it is a great element of strength that our reinforcements to the Italian Army do by now constitute a large, compact, and fresh reserve in their rear.

"It would not be too encouraging a position for an enemy General who had at length succeeded in opening a gap in the stubborn front of our Italian allies to find his exhausted troops faced by a mass of French and English divisions of the first quality, seasoned to war, yet refreshed by months of rest and change of scene. It seems likely that a certain proportion of the German troops that took part in the great offensive on the Isonzo months ago have now been withdrawn, and the question naturally arises whether this drive into the Italian peninsula may not be followed by another against the Allied army in the Balkans. Really bad Winter weather does not as a rule begin in Macedonia before the New Year, and the temptation to make an effort to restore Constantine to the throne will be a strong one, now that the Germans seem to dispose of mobile reserves on the very treshold of the Balkan peninsula.

Telegraphing on Nov. 24, Mr. Price says:

"We are at another crisis in the effort to hold up the Austrian invasion, but it is a crisis that seems to be turning in favor of the Italians. Monte Tomba is the point where this struggle reaches its climax, and, although it is touch and go, the strong impression with which I returned from my visit to responsible people on the spot is that we shall hold the enemy here, though this height of sinister name is certain to see terrible fighting within the next few days.

"Monte Tomba has two peaks. The eastern summit has been lost and won, and lost again, and now the enemy is still clinging precariously to a position on each side, bringing up guns and reinforcements, and the week-end will probably see a trial of strength on this bare mountain top that will do much to decide whether the present Italian line can be held without further modification throughout the Winter or not."

NO SEPARATE PEACE, LENINE REPORTS

Continued from Page 1.

known in part exposes the "cynicism of imperialistic diplomacy."

Among the documents published today those respecting offers of territory to Greece and negotiations preceding the entry of Rumania into the war, readers of the various White, Blue and Orange books will find nothing novel in the diplomatic methods here revealed, and the crowd, ignorant of geography and incapable of understanding diplomatic style, will simply be bored and bewildered by the multiplicity of documents published in the Bolsheviki press.

The Military Revolutionary Committee has suppressed three Socialist papers and the Moscow branch of the State Bank has been seized by the Bolsheviki, the manager arrested, and the gold deposit confiscated. The head of the bank has just transferred to Moscow 100,000,000 rubles for the payment of the wages of workers in the Moscow factories. The employes in the State and private banks at Moscow have decided to strike unless the Bolsheviki withdraw their emissaries and guard from the State Bank.

The Military Revolutionary Committee here, having received a complaint from the northern front of the critical state of the food supplies, has placarded the town with a proclamation laying the whole blame for the calamity on the Government officials now on strike and threatening them with a penalty proportionate to the "enormity of their crime."

The officials of the Ministry of Finance today issued an emphatic reply, pointing out that since the Bolsheviki raising the Treasury has issued $250,000,000 for food supplies for the army and separate allowances, and that the Ministry of Food Supplies has not stopped work for a day, though it ignores the Bolsheviki agents.

Kerensky Sends Resignation.

Kerensky, who is still in hiding, has resigned.

The Military Revolutionary Committee offered to release two of the imprisoned Ministers, Kartasheff and Bernatsky, but they refused to accept the offer unless all their colleagues were released simultaneously.

The Military Revolutionary Committee agreed to release all if they would sign a declaration that they recognized the new Government, but this the Ministers refused to do.

The elections to the Constituent Assembly begin in Petrograd tomorrow. The Bolsheviki have confiscated the electoral literature of the party of Populist Socialists and torn down the posters of several parties in many parts of the town. The soldiers threaten that if the majority of the Constituent Assembly is not Bolshevik they will disperse it with bayonets. Theurelli, who is now in Petrograd, predicts that there will be strong Bolshevik and Cadet wings in the Constituent Assembly, but that the more moderate Socialist parties will hold the balance. In the absence of any guarantee of liberty at elections there is slight hope that the assembly will really be representative of Russia.

Peasants Called in Conference.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 25.—Leon Trotzky, Foreign Minister in the Bolshevik Cabinet, has sent a note to the diplomatic representatives of neutral powers in Petrograd, according to the official news agency, informing them of the measures taken by the Government to obtain an armistice. The note adds:

"The consummation of an immediate peace is demanded in all countries, both belligerent and neutral. The Russian Government counts on the firm support of workmen in all countries in the struggle for peace.

A proclamation, signed "Spiridinov, Chairman of the Assembly," has been addressed to all delegates from the armies at the front and division and district deputies. It says:

"An extraordinary assembly has been opened. Comrades are requested to come immediately to a conference of the all-Russia peasant delegates. One should be sent from each district and each division."

Russia a Prey to All.

Proclamations have been posted, alleging that the Bourgeoise is blocking efforts to provision the army and to provide funds for the support of the Government. They are signed by Lenine and Trotsky. Another proclamation forecasts wholesale arrests and imprisonments at Kronstadt as it instructs soldiers to disband committees opposing the Bolsheviki program and to arrest the members.

The committee on thesalvation of the revolution in a proclamation to the army, declares that the last step of the Bolsheviki is final ruin for Russia. The proclamation says:

"The Allies will consider all Russians traitors. Without resources Russia will be a prey to any one who chooses to pluck her. Abandoned, you will be at the mercy of Germany and will have to beg on her knees for clemency. This is where Lenine and Trotzky are leading."

The only possibility of saving the country, it is pointed out, is for the army to refuse to carry out the armistice proposal and demand that legal measures toward peace which might find support from the Allies and lead to the accomplishment desired, be taken.

The Bolsheviki have taken over the State Bank in Moscow, whose vaults are estimated to contain 700,000,000 rubles.

PETROGRAD, Friday, Nov. 23, (Midnight.)—At a meeting of the Central Executive Committee of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Deputies tonight, the Bolshevik Premier, Lenine, replying to criticism directed against the order that the soldiers open negotiations for an armistice, which order a wounded soldier termed a great blunder on the part of the Council of National Commissioners, explained that the order was issued in the desire to combat the counter-revolutionary tactics of General Dukhonin and other high officers, making it impossible for them to prevent the opening of negotiations.

This, he said, was in keeping with the policy of the democratic Government, that the masses themselves act, since the bureaucrats, civil and military, were distrusted. He pointed out that the soldiers were not empowered to sign a treaty for an armistice, but only to negotiate it.

Lenine declared that Russia did not contemplate a separate peace with Germany; that the belief that an armistice on the Russian front would make it possible for Germany to throw a large force on the French front was groundless, as the Russian Government, before signing a treaty for an armistice, would communicate with the Allies and make certain proposals to "the Imperialistic Governments of France and England, rejection of which would place them in open opposition to the wishes of their own peoples."

The autocratic methods of the Council of National Commissioners, as instanced by the issuance of decrees relating to an armistice without consulting the Central Executive Committee of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, which is the highest governing body in Russia today, have caused dissension in the ranks of the Bolshevik camp. The conflict between the protesting members of the committee, notably the Social Revolutionists and the Council of the National Commissioner, is ripening. The question of the authority of the Council to issue an order to the soldiers to open peace negotiations was heatedly discussed.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—The State documents made public by the Bolsheviki Foreign Minister, Trotzky, at Petrograd news agency, show that France claimed that she was entitled to the return of Alsace-Lorraine, the iron and coal districts of France, and the wooded regions on the left bank of the Rhine.

There were also to be separated from Germany and freed from all political and economic dependence upon Germany certain territories which were to be formed into free neutral States. These would be occupied by Russian troops until certain guarantees were fulfilled and peace was concluded.

One document refers to the reported conference of financiers in Switzerland last September, in which Great Britain denies having participated, concerning which it is suggested that the German delegates insisted on the cession of the Baltic provinces and the independence of Finland.

A Reuter dispatch from Petrograd under date of Friday, Nov. 23, says that the allied diplomatic representatives had a two hours' conference at the British Embassy on that day and weighed all the bearings of the Maximalist armistice order: Ensign Krylenko, the new Commander in Chief of the army, asked by an interviewer why the German army had failed to take advantage of Russia's troubles, is reported as having replied:

"The German proletariat is hand in hand with us and will not allow official Germany to hamper the fulfillment of a great cause."

The Military Revolutionary Committee has ordered the dissolution of the Committee for the Salvation of the Country and Revolution, the dispatch adds, because the latter committee urged the employes of the State Bank not to deliver funds to the Maximalists.

STOCKHOLM, Sunday, Nov. 24.—Ira Nelson Morris, American Minister to Sweden, today announced that he had received advices from Russia that Michael Rodzianko, formerly President of the Duma, and General Michael Alexieff, ex-Commander in Chief of the Russian armies, had joined General Kaledines, Hetman of the Don Cossacks, and that the Ukrainian Parliament had adopted a resolution against General Kaledines.

GERMAN PRESS CAUTIOUS.

Points Out in Regard to Russian Offer There Is No Real Government.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 25.—The German press is still decidedly cautious regarding the Russian armistice proposal. Probably the fact that the Russian commanding general did not deliver the proposal is one of the reasons for caution, the other being that Germany recognizes, as the Lokal-Anzeiger points out, that no real government has been formed as yet.

Count zu Reventlow echoes the same warning, remarking that no one knows what Lenine is. The Kreuz Zeitung asks whether the Russian commanding general agrees to an armistice, and even the socialist Vorwärts questions the advisability of such a proposition.

The National Liberal Weser Zeitung warns people to be strong and cool, saying that, although Russia is a great and populous country, her strength has been weakened internally and she cannot offer much. "When we know the Government to be strong," it goes on, "we can negotiate with it. * * * The unweakened enemy would, however, attack with renewed fury if peace were made with Russia, feeling that the hour of decision had arrived." The paper continues that, even if this peace were concluded, it would bring Germany no rest. She must increase her force and courage in order to obtain a lasting peace in the west, as England would never follow Russia's example.

Meantime, report has spread that Germany has picked up a Russian wireless message stating that the Russian army has not supported the Maximalist government's proposal of an armistice. This report is unconfirmed and may have been spread by the German Government as a cold douche to the peoples of the Central Powers, especially the Austrian Social-Democrats, who are inclined to look favorably on the truce offer.

BARON STERNBERG RESIGNS.

Secretary Won't Stay in Russian Embassy Under Bolsheviki.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Baron Renaud d'Ungern Sternberg, Second Secretary of the Russian Embassy, announced today that he had resigned yesterday, with the three other officials, who, with the approval of Ambassador Bakhmeteff, left the service of the Russian Government because of the Bolsheviki control of the Foreign Office at Petrograd.

Except for the Ambassador himself, the embassy now is without diplomatic officials. An adequate staff of experts will be retained, however, to carry on the work of the embassy, which Mr. Bakhmeteff purposes to keep open and active in behalf of Russia and Russians in this country until such a time as the United States recognizes a successor to him. The Ambassador informed Secretary Lansing of his plans yesterday in a letter giving formal notice of his de-

ITALIANS REPULSE ASIAGO ATTACKS

Continued from Page 1.

fantry. Every officer of the battery had been killed except the Captain, who was badly wounded. While bleeding on the ground he called two gunners, ordered them to set up the wreck of the remaining gun, and directed them to fire from this point. The last seen of him was on the ground behind this piece.

Two other batteries were brought into action yesterday morning. The enemy fire was so fierce that a whole battery was nearly swept away. As the Captain was killed, his place was taken by a Lieutenant. When the last gun was destroyed in a storm of shells the few gunners about him seized their bayonets and joined the infantry as it swept forward in a charge, and were among those who drove back the enemy in one of the fiercest attacks.

In another case an explosion almost buried one of the mountain batteries in debris and killed the Captain. The Austrians tried to occupy the position over this buried battery, but the battery men first drove the enemy back, then dug out their guns and twenty men, and carried them back, so that the guns again are in service today.

At another point all the artillery horses were killed and it was impossible to move two batteries to a new position until the gunners had unlimbered the pieces under fire and had carried the wheels and trunnions on their shoulders to new positions.

Many young Venetians are displaying conspicuous valor, as they feel their city is endangered. One of these Venetian Corporals expressed their general sentiments in these words:

"We saw the plight of the refugees driven from the Friuli region, and we don't intend to have our mothers and sisters go through another experience like that."

There have been many instances of wearing the Italian uniform. When Austrian prisoners are captured wearing the Italian uniform summary action is taken at once, without the formalities of trial.

An Austrian officer was caught yesterday in the uniform of an Italian Lieutenant Colonel. Speaking good Italian, he was mingling among the soldiers and gathering information. Another suspect was seen here in various uniforms—those of an Italian Captain, a soldier, and a Chaplain. He escaped last night, but was captured today in the uniform of a Chaplain.

AIR RAID ON VENICE.

Damage by Austrians Confined Chiefly to Tombs in the Cemetery.

VENICE, Nov. 25, (delayed, Associated Press.)—The sound of the shelling at the mouth of the Piave continues to be heard in Venice, but the first fears of the small part of the population remaining have been considerably relieved as the Italian forces offer steady resistance along the line of the river.

An enemy airplane raid took place yesterday, a number of bombs being dropped. Two exploded in the cemetery, wrecking some of the tombs. Others fell in the water basin in the square or San Marco and the Grand Canal, and one near the railway station, without doing damage. Still others struck the barracks of the carabinieri near Mestre, the land station of Venice, but did little damage.

AIDS WORKERS OF VENICE.

American Red Cross Advances Funds for Refugees from the City.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ITALIAN ARMY IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 24, (Delayed.)—Majors Bicknell and Devine and Captain Kellogg of the American Red Cross were at headquarters today concluding an inquiry in connection with an extensive plan of relief work which the Americans are undertaking for the entire refugee civilian population suddenly swept from Eastern Venetia. This is a vast work, as more than half a million people followed in fering incredible hardships, many of them dying along the roads.

One of the most effective American relief measures is that of taking care of the entire working population of Venice, which has been compelled to leave under the menace of a bombardment. With the American Consul the Red Cross representatives went over the situation in conference with the Civil Council of Venice, and placed at the disposal of the council 265,000 lire ($53,000) to meet immediate requirements.

A large part of the working class of Venice has been engaged in making boots and shoes for the army, and the evacuation has threatened to leave them without work or means of support. The Americans have undertaken, in conjunction with the city authorities, to re-establish all these industries at Rimini, near Ancona, and in the cluster of industrial towns around Rimini. The working population will be transported there, and the boot and shoe industries resumed, thus helping the army as well as the workers. A number of other industries will also be set up.

The American officials have met here Count Ferry, head of the relief work in forwarding refugees to various southern points.

Arrangements have been made for the Americans to take up the work of assisting the families of Italian soldiers killed or wounded. Count Ferry has received 5,000 lire as a preliminary, and this amount will be supplemented as the needs of the refugees are systematized.

The officials also went to Treviso, where they inspected the deserted city, which is along one of the main highways of the fleeing refugees. They will visit Verona, Milan, Genoa, Florence, Bologna, and the central and southern districts where refugees are collected, down to Sicily.

The tour was ordered by Major Grayson M. P. Murphy, head of the American Red Cross in Europe, and reports based on the present survey of all the main centres will develop the full extent of the important work.

Members of the American Red Cross went along the Piave line yesterday visiting the commanding officers and inspecting some of the scenes of the recent heavy fighting. They were most cordially welcomed.

Reports of a possible declaration of war by the United States against Austria arouse the keenest interest and enthusiasm in all ranks and in civilian quarters. It is felt that such action would give new impetus and inspiration

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good cheer from oversea

There is pluck and good cheer in the current number of British SYSTEM, a business magazine published in London by the proprietors of the well known magazine SYSTEM in this country:

"Three years ago, when this Empire went to war, we wrote, 'British industry today faces a distinct opportunity rather than a catastrophe. Every trader ought to go about his business with the super-vigor that a large hope inspires.' It is because British business men have followed such principles that efficiency has been raised, betterments made in every direction, and industry and commerce are in flourishing condition."

The American owners have watched their British publication since the war began, taking it as a barometer of business conditions across the water whose readings, if minor, were ungarbled. The steady climb of its advertising revenue and circulation assures them, if nothing else did, that all is well commercially with the "tight little isle."

Advertising in SYSTEM (either side of the big pond) reaches the undismayed

PRISONER PERIL IN RUSSIA.

Swiss Paper Fears Lenine Will Release a Million Teutons.

GENEVA, Nov. 25.—Commenting upon Lord Robert Cecil's declaration against recognition of Lenine's regime in Russia, the Journal de Genève says:

"Lenine never acknowledged that Russia had any duties toward its allies, and they must realize that Lenine rules at Petrograd. His proposal of an armistice with Germany is dangerous, because if he can find even one Russian General to sign this monstrous treason with him the agreement probably would result in the release of 1,000,000 German prisoners against the Allies."

The paper suggests that if Lenine is to be bought the Allies should buy him.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—"Petrograd is being terrorized by the Lenine, Trotzky, and Kameneff band in a manner analogous to that used by the Bonnot automobile bandits, which terrorized Paris some years ago," said M. Marlakoff, the Russian Ambassador to France, in an interview printed today by the Excelsior. The diplomat added:

"Here is my forecast: The Maximalist régime will disappear before the famine day enters Petrograd."

The Ambassador said he did not believe it possible for the Maximalists to hand the German prisoners over to Germany, as the prisoners are scattered over an immense territory far from Petrograd, Moscow, or the battlefront.

RUSSIAN FRONT STARTS UP.

Petrograd Reports Firing All Along the Line.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 25, (British Admiralty, per Wireless Press.)—An official statement today on the campaign says:

Liveller fusillades occurred in the direction of Jacobstadt, where a strong fire was opened by the Germans. On the western, southwestern, and Rumanian fronts there were fusillades and scouting reconnaissances.

Baltic Sea—The situation is unchanged.

BERLIN, Nov. 25, (British Admiralty, per Wireless Press.)—Regarding military operations on the Russian and Macedonian battle fronts today's German official statement says:

Eastern Theatre and Macedonian Front—There was nothing special to report.

GORHAM
STERLING
SILVERWARE

HOWEVER inexpensive a gift of silverware may be, if it is Gorham it cannot be inconsequential!

FIFTH AVENUE AT 36TH STREET
17-19 MAIDEN LANE

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FRENCH MAINTAIN AIR SUPERIORITY

Intense German Efforts Fail to Regain the Lead in Airplane Construction.

FOE DEVELOPS NEW TYPES

Has Established 30 New Factories, Largely to Offset Our Entry Into the War.

By G. H. PERRIS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Nov. 25.—There has not been in the recent fighting on the front in France much sign of the revival in German aviation for which great efforts have certainly been made since the appointment of General von Hoepner as dictator of the air services of the empire a year ago.

Some force must have been drawn way to meet the needs of the Italian offensive, and the losses of machines in France and Belgium have been very heavy. The French Army in the last ten months has brought down 517 German planes, to say nothing of more than a score of observation balloons, and it is believed that 513 more airplanes fell within the enemy lines.

Markedly in advance of the Allies at the beginning of the year, Germany was at the time of the battle of the Somme no less markedly behind them in this arm. General von Bülow admitted it plainly in an alarming report. An effort to recover at least an equality was at once begun, and it was further stimulated by the entry of the United States into the war and the fear of what that would presently mean. Various favors were accorded to aviators, and thousands of vigorous men were attracted into the service. Manufacturers were stirred up, and by the end of last August thirty new airplane and hydroaeroplane factories had been established, while older makers had greatly extended their works.

The chief attention was given to squadrons of chasing planes and bombarding groups. Albatross and other types were standardized, the Gotha works at Erfurt received large orders, especially for their three-seater, double-motor bombarding plane. The best Benz and Mercedes motors were also standardized, and the personnel of the hangars was enlarged, a squadron of six planes having attached to it 100 or even 120 men. Among the other types favored may be mentioned the light and rapid Halberstadt-Rolland, the Fokker triplanes, and also that rapid riser, the 1917 Rumpler, with a Mercedes 200-horse power motor, which is at present the best German scouting plane, and the new Junker machine, with a wholly metallic body, which is intended to accompany an infantry advance. The two-motor bombarding planes can carry 1,000 pounds of bombs, and can rise to a height of three miles in forty minutes.

The service enjoys such advantages as belong to a practical dictatorship, and yet the only direction in which it has decidedly scored is that of promiscuous slaughter in London and in such French towns as Nancy, Dunkirk, and Bar-le-Duc. On the front the French maintain their superiority. In all of the French offensives of this year, particularly at Verdun and on the Aisne, it has been clearly shown, and on several critical occasions the enemy planes have been practically driven from the field.

In a recently published list of "aces," as the French calls pilots who have brought down five or more adversaries, there are forty-eight French names, thirty-seven of the men being alive and eleven dead or missing, against fifty-seven Germans, of whom, however, twenty-nine were in the latter category; so that the French had a considerable superiority in surviving champions.

Favorable as the situation is, it would be a great mistake to underestimate the efforts the German Army and its industrial partners are making. The 100 machines per month destroyed by the French and those similarly disposed of by the British are far from neutralizing the output of the German factories, and superiority in this essential arm of modern battle cannot be pushed too far.

GALE STOPS AIR FIGHTERS.

British Drop Bombs from Machines in the Fighting in France.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—The following report on aerial operations was issued tonight:

The weather was bad Saturday, but several aerial reconnoissances were carried out. In the battle area bombs were dropped on the enemy and machine gun fire was opened against his troops. In the afternoon the violence of the gale made it almost impossible for machines to leave the ground. One of our airplanes has not returned.

The following report on the air fighting on Friday was issued:

The enemy's airplanes showed more activity in attacking our bombing and low-flying machines. During the night a short spell of fine weather enabled our machines to continue their bombing of the enemy's railway stations.

In the air fighting six hostile machines were downed. Nine of ours are missing. Two of these were seen to collide over the enemy's lines.

SAY CZAR'S DAUGHTER IS COMING HERE

Thrilling Tale from Strange Sources of the Flight of Tatiana to This City.

Persons connected with the "News Bureau of the Russian Post Office" and with the Russian Civilian Relief, a newly formed organization which has for some of its purposes "the fostering of mutual understanding and a spirit of brotherly love between the Russian and American peoples and the raising of funds to aid in alleviating the sufferings of the masses affected by the war and revolution," announced last night that Tatiana Nikolaievna Romanoff, second daughter of the deposed Czar of Russia, was on her way to New York to dance, tell fairy tales, and talk to the women of America in aid of the society's work. The former Grand Duchess, it was asserted, had escaped from Tobolsk, where the Imperial family is under supervision at present, through a fictitious marriage to the son of one of the Czar's former Chamberlains, and traveling via Manchuria and Japan was now on board a liner shortly to land at a Pacific port.

The original source from which the news appears to have been spread in New York was Mrs. Margaret Barry Carver an American woman who lived some years in Russia. She, according to various persons connected with the organizations above mentioned, is on her way to the Pacific Coast to chaperon the former Grand Duchess upon her arrival. But one of the Directors of the Russian Civilian Relief was told by Mrs. Carver that Miss Romanoff had been in New York three weeks ago and had now gone to visit the family of the Duke of Devonshire, Governor General of Canada.

Ivan Narodny, Vice President of the Russian-American Asiatic Corporation, said last night that the news was brought here last Thursday by a Russian officer acting as special courier, but was unable to give any more details. "These are strange times in Russia," he added. The Grand Duchess, it was said, believed that the days of "Lenine, Trotzy & Co." were about over, and was strongly interested in the return of a stable democratic Government in Russia, without regard to the question as to whether or not her father returned to power. These are views similar to those held by the Russian Civilian Relief.

Daniel Frohman, one of several Americans mentioned as connected with the Russian civilian relief, said that all he knew of the affair was what had been told him by Mrs. Carver, who seemed to be "a wide-awake American woman."

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 25.—Mrs. Margaret Barry Carver, accompanied by her husband, Charles A. Carver, said to have been formerly a banker of Petrograd, arrived here this evening on their way to San Francisco, where, it is reported they will meet the former Grand Duchess Tatiana, the second daughter of the deposed Czar of Russia.

Mrs. Carver declared, although declining to give any details, that Miss Romanoff, as she is now called, would soon arrive in the United States. She refused to comment on the report that Miss Romanoff was now in Canada with the Viceroy.

TRAIN WRECKERS KILL TWO.

Engineer, Sticking to Post, Dies—Bars Chained to Rails.

HENRYETTA, Okla., Nov. 25.—Two trainmen were killed, another seriously injured, and three passengers hurt today when the St. Louis & San Francisco express out of St. Louis, traveling at high speed, plunged into obstructions placed on the rails ten miles west of here.

J. S. Robertson of Sapulpa, Okla., engineer of the train, stayed with his engine when he saw the obstructions, steel bars chained to the sides of the rails, and was killed. He put on emergency brakes in time to slow the train considerably so that the crowded passenger coaches held to the rails.

A posse of 100 Sheriffs' deputies and home guardsmen searched the surrounding country until after dark with bloodhounds for men who caused the wreck, but found no trace of them.

RICHTHOFEN TAKES A BRIDE.

Kaiser Makes Him "Equerry Airman" on Occasion of His Marriage.

By The Associated Press.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 30.—Baron von Richthofen, Germany's star airman, who is at home on long leave, has just been married to Fraulein von Minkwitz, the heiress of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg's Master of Horse.

On the occasion of the marriage the Emperor appointed Richthofen his "Equerry Airman," and it is said that in consequence of this appointment he will henceforth devote his time entirely to the training of new fighting squadrons.

NORWEGIAN STEAMER SUNK.

Germans Destroy the Krosfond—Fifteen Men Are Missing.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—A dispatch to The Central News from Christiania says the Norwegian Foreign Office announces that the Norwegian steamer Krosfond, 1,707 tons, has been sunk by the Germans and that the Second Officer and fourteen members of the crew were lost.

The Norwegian ship Victoria also has been lost.

START MADE TO BUILD 1,400 SHIPS

Continued from Page 1.

Of the 884 new vessels under contract 375 are of wood construction, as follows:

Cargo: Tons.	Number of Vessels.	Deadweight Tonnage.
3,500	355	1,242,500
4,000	8	32,000
4,700	12	56,400
Total	375	1,330,900

Of the 884 new vessels under contract 58 are of composite construction, as follows:

Cargo: Tons.	Number of Vessels.	Deadweight Tonnage.
3,500	50	175,000
4,000	8	32,000
Total	58	207,000

The vessels under requisition, all of which are of steel construction and which are exclusive of those delivered and released, are as follows:

	Number of Vessels.	Deadweight Tonnage.
Colliers:		
5,900 tons and under	3	14,700
7,500 tons and under	1	6,800
8,800 tons and under	5	43,000
Total	9	64,500
Passenger and cargo:		
5,000 tons and under	7	32,858
6,000 tons and under	2	10,600
Total	9	43,558
Tankers:		
5,000 tons and under	2	9,100
7,500 tons and under	7	49,300
8,800 tons and under	4	33,010
9,000 tons and under	9	81,000
10,000 tons and under	12	115,400
12,500 tons and under	18	192,545
15,000 tons and under	6	84,000
Total	58	565,155
Cargo:		
3,500 tons and under	99	321,240
5,000 tons and under	37	160,200
6,000 tons and under	5	28,000
7,500 tons and under	47	333,400
8,000 tons and under	2	16,000
8,800 tons and under	56	508,000
9,000 tons and under	14	126,000
10,000 tons and under	25	243,170
12,500 tons and under	28	332,450
15,000 tons and under	2	28,000
Total	317	2,098,720
Grand total	393	2,771,933
Grand total requisitioned and under contract	1,277	7,498,233

The requisitioned vessels completed and released are as follows:

	Number of Vessels.	Deadweight Tonnage.
Colliers:		
12,650 tons	1	12,650
Tankers:		
10,475 tons	1	10,475
Ore carriers:		
6,000 tons and under	2	11,500
11,000 tons and under	4	45,200
17,000 tons	1	17,060
Total	7	73,760
Cargo:		
3,500 tons and under	9	28,360
5,000 tons and under	3	12,200
7,500 tons and under	1	6,200
8,800 tons and under	5	43,700
10,000 tons and under	2	19,530
12,500 tons and under	3	37,500
15,000 tons and under	1	13,000
Total	24	160,600
Grand total	33	257,575

PLANS MOBILE SHIPYARDS.

Steel Corporation to Start Building Model Plant Immediately.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Ala., Nov. 25.—Full details of plans for the United States Steel Corporation's great shipyard at Mobile were made public late last night by George Gordon Crawford, President of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company, a subsidiary of the Steel Corporation. Mr. Crawford's announcement read:

"It is proposed to begin construction immediately on a shipyard upon the land recently purchased north of Mobile. Ten shipways will be laid down and wharves of suitable capacity for fitting out the ships will be built. A large power plant, boiler shop, plate, and angle shop, machine shop, steel metal shop, joiner shop, forge shop, storehouse, and main office will be constructed.

"Two large villages have been laid out, one for white and the other for colored workmen. Both villages will have paved main streets and sidewalks, storm and sanitary sewers, a pure water supply and street railway and electric light service. About 1,600 houses of attractive appearance will be completed during the next twelve months. The health, safety, comfort, and recreation of the employes and their families will be considered in planning the works and villages."

The Mobile company will be known as the Chickasaw Shipbuilding Company. Judge Gary, James Farrell, and Crawford will be among its Directors, and Mr. Crawford will be its President. J. F. Coleman of New Orleans, formerly resident here, who negotiated the deals for 11,500 acres on which the shipyard will be built, will be the general superintendent.

SINN FEIN PERIL IN IRELAND PASSED

But Unionists' Grumbling Raises Apprehension as to Convention's Success.

TALK OF PROVISIONAL REGIME

Alternate Plans Contemplate an Advisory Council or Government by the Convention.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Under the Defense of the Realm act the publication of exact details regarding the meeting of the Irish Convention is prohibited. The Parliamentary correspondent of The Westminster Gazette, referring to "rumors in the lobby which lately reflected a serious state of affairs," says:

"The situation in Ireland is once more receiving the earnest attention of the Government. The policy of conciliation and firmness has so far been justified, and the danger point of a widespread outbreak by the extreme Sinn Feiners seems to have passed; but unfortunately Unionist opinion in the North appears to have taken serious alarm, and this acts as a check on the hopes that were centred in the convention arriving at an agreed scheme.

"In these circumstances the possibility of tiding over the present crisis by setting up a provisional Government, or rather an advisory council, which, acting in concert with the Chief Secretary, should control the administration of Ireland, is being discussed. I understand that if such a scheme is to be adopted, Belfast would have an advisory council as well as Dublin, the arrangement to be purely temporary.

"The difficulty in all such schemes is that they do not satisfy the bulk of the Irish people. Failing this, it is considered possible that the Government might give control of purely Irish affairs to the convention as at present constituted."

The Dublin correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES intimates that the publication of an official report dealing with the labors of the sub-committee of the convention which was appointed to formulate a scheme of self-government for Ireland is expected soon, and adds:

"Even should it be found that the sub-committee report to the convention indicated that its work had not been completely successful, it would not mean that the convention had failed to effect the purpose for which it was brought into being. In his remarkable speech in the House of Lords, the Lord Lieutenant gave to the convention the character of an institution of inestimable value to Ireland and to the Empire. Its work may be stayed; it may be temporarily stopped, put in abeyance for a hundred and one reasons, the same as any other institution, but it can be set going again when the obstacles and difficulties are cleared away. The convention has created that splendid feeling in the constitutional mind of Ireland that it cannot fail until it is worn out, and surely there is vitality enough in it to keep it going for a very long time.

"The wonder was that such a body could ever be got to sit in one room and breathe the same air. It was only reasonable to think that the extremists were represented, and that the extremist delegates had their instructions and were detrmind to carry them out. That was only reasonable; but it is well known that the great bulk of the delegates represent creeds and classes in Ireland who want this thing settled once and for all, so that they may get on with their business and the country's business. They are not going to give up hope, and it is believed that a scheme approved of by the constituent majority of the convention will ultimately be evolved. That majority will be composed of Nationalists, Southern Unionists, and representatives of labor North and South. The duty of all Irishmen and Englishmen and of the press in Ireland, England, and in America, too, is to help toward the success of the deliberations of that majority and to do nothing that would hamper them and so aggravate the situation as to give heart of hope to the tail of the Sinn Fein movement. For there it does look as if the tail was wagging the dog. Although Cardinal Logue said that if the convention failed, chaos would follow, that does not apply to the present; neither does it apply to the immediate future.

"A very happy utterance made recently was that of T. R. Lamphier, Secretary of the Bank of Ireland, Speaking at the annual meeting of the Institute of Bankers in Ireland, he said that as Irishmen their thoughts were naturally most within their own country; 'and just now,' he continued, 'we are all thinking of the convention now meeting in Trinity College and of the outcome of the convention. No matter what shade of political sympathy we profess, I am sure we are unanimous in expressing the hope that the deliberations of this unique assembly of Irishmen may result in the establishment among us for all generations of the blessings of a righteous Government and a peaceful, happy and prosperous people.'"

LOGUE WARNS IRELAND.

Cardinal Says Present Agitation for a Republic Is Fatal.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Nov. 25.—Cardinal Logue, ordering prayers for peace in the Armagh churches today, said:

"Whether due to the demoralization of the world by war or to a fate hanging over unhappy Ireland, blasting her hopes when they seem to brighten, an agitation in spreading here which is ill-considered and utoplan and cannot fail to entail suffering, disorganization and danger to the end of disaster, defeat, and collapse, and all in pursuit of a dream no sober man can hope to see realised, namely, the establishment of an Irish republic either by an appeal to the potentates of Europe at the peace conference or by hurling an unarmed people against an empire of five millions under arms, a thing which would be ridiculous if it were not so mischevious and fraught with such danger to an ardent, generous, and patriotic people."

NORWAY PUNISHES SPIES.

Two German Marines Get Seven Months' Imprisonment.

CHRISTIANA, Nov. 25.—Two German marines named Orth and Stachel, members of Aron Rautenfels's band of bomb plotters, were sentenced today to seven months' imprisonment for espionage. The State Attorney, finding the sentence too lenient, has appealed to the Supreme Court.

Aron Rautenfels, a German courier, was arrested at Christiania last June in connection with a bomb plot unearthed by the Norwegian police. A quantity of explosives was found in his possession. The German Government later expressed regret to Norway for the acts of the German plotters and dismissed Rautenfels from its service.

Names an Airplane for a Woman.

MELBOURNE, Australia, Oct. 30, (Associated Press.)—At least one of the Australia battleplanes being provided for the British air service in this war, chiefly by the rural districts of the Commonwealth, will go into action bearing the name of a woman. Miss Elizabeth Campbell of Inverell Station, (ranch,) New South Wales, recently gave the Defense Department $13,500 for the purchase of a battleplane for the British Government. Arrangements were subsequently made through the Australian High Commissioner in London that the battleplane should bear the inscription, "Elizabeth Campbell of Inverell Station." Miss Campbell was thanked by the Defense Department for her gift.

Killed With Canadian Forces.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Nov. 25.—The Canadian overseas casualty list, issued tonight, includes the following names of Americans: Killed in action: F. Bonford, Berlin, N. H. Died of wounds: J. O'Connell, New York; F. J. Miller, Hillsdale, Ind. Wounded: V. Needham, Montrose, Ill.; J. Fleming, Buffalo, N. Y.; E. Enwright, Boise, Idaho; G. H. Welch, Salt Lake, Utah. Wounded and gassed: O. Hogland, Washington.

NO SOLDIERS SENT TO GUARD PIERS

Continued from Page 1.

sioner R. A. C. Smith, Chief Inspector James E. Dillon of the Police Department, United States District Attorney Charles F. Lynch of Jersey City, United States District Attorney Melville J. France of Brooklyn, Major Hunter Marston, U. S. A., and a number of other army officers.

The conference was held in the department headquarters on Governors Island and at its conclusion the official tour of inspection of those parts of the waterfront which are included in the new barred areas was made.

Marshal McCarthy received his official instruction from Attorney General Gregory last night, and at 9 o'clock the Marshal announced that those instructions were effective, and that they will be enforced to the letter and immediately. Those instructions as given out by Marshal McCarthy are the same as were published in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Sunday:

Seventy-two Hours' Grace.

"These instructions," said Marshal McCarthy last night, "are immediately in effect, and any enemy alien employes who are affected will be given just seventy-two hours from tomorrow (Monday) morning to leave the barred districts in which they now reside or do business. Alien enemy employers and other Germans who are in business will receive reasonable time to vacate their present places of business, the time to be given depending entirely on the circumstances in each case. These orders apply to all transatlantic and coastwise shipping. Fishing is excepted, and in this instance I may add there is no fishing in this harbor."

Marshal McCarthy was asked if he could give any information as to when the soldiers would go on duty in the barred zones.

"I can only say that the soldiers will guard what are found to be 'vital points' and the military authorities will probably announce where those vital places are."

It was officially announced last night that about 50 per cent. of the Germans affected by the new enemy alien regulations had already moved into unrestricted zones. The other 50 per cent. will get final orders to move this morning, and a failure to immediately comply with the order will mean internment for the rest of the war.

The boundaries of the new zones, it is expected, will be announced today. Generally speaking, it can be stated that in Manhattan the zone will extend from Forty-fourth Street in the North River to the Battery, and from the Battery to Twenty-fourth Street in the East River. In Brooklyn the zone will run from a point just south of Long Island City to Coney Island. All of Staten Island will be a zone, as well as most of Jersey City, all of Hoboken and Weehawken.

All Big Piers Included.

The New York zone includes all of the great transatlantic piers, as well as every pier at which vessels displacing 500 tons or more, dock. The 100-yard zone limit which extends a block back from the entrances to the piers, includes some of the finest office buildings, among them the West Street and Whitehall Buildings, in both of which a number of enemy aliens are employed or have offices.

The question of enforcing the 100-yard limit, which the President has designated as the outermost boundary of waterfront zones, may have been settled at yesterday's conference on Governors Island, but if it was no details were made public last night. Whether or not soldiers will be employed to enforce the regulations in the 100-yard limit zone is not known. It is believed, however, that, in the event any soldiers are assigned to such duty, they will guard only certain parts of the zones which are in front of or border the more important transatlantic piers.

It was announced last night that enemy aliens are no longer permitted to travel on street cars in West and South Streets, and other streets within the 100-yard limit of the waterfront. Germans may still travel on cars which run to ferries, but they must not alight from those cars when in barred areas except at ferry terminals.

That the ferries eventually will be barred to Germans was indicated yesterday. It was said that a new regulation may be promulgated which will prohibit Germans from commuting between suburban places and New York.

The barring of Germans from steamers also probably means that none will be permitted to live at Jersey coast resorts next Summer. Neither will they be permitted to travel on Sound steamers which pass all of the important fortifications guarding the Long Island Sound approach to New York.

Placards warning enemy aliens to keep out of barred zones will be posted on all piers and in all crosstown streets leading to barred sections of the waterfront today or tomorrow.

HOYLE'S VIEWS PUZZLE OFFICIALS AT CAPITAL

Washington Unable to Understand Army Commander's Attitude as to Guarding Zones.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Department of Justice officials connected with the administration of the regulations for protecting property from enemy aliens, were surprised tonight when they were told that General Hoyle, commanding the military Department of the East, with headquarters at Governors Island, had said that it would not be necessary to make any considerable change in the arrangements for guarding the restricted zone around New York's North River and East River waterfront.

The intimation of General Hoyle that soldiers would not be placed on guard duty at piers, although eventually they might be assigned to some piers, "here and there," increased the surprise at the Department of Justice, where it was said to be the understanding that the regulations issued by the department last night to carry out President Wilson's new proclamation increasing the restriction of enemy aliens were to be enforced by the army.

It was said by Department of Justice officials that the regulations had been drawn with the full understanding of the War Department, which had promised to co-operate and furnish the necessary troops. These officials were at a loss to explain why the War Department had failed to act, as there had been no revision of the program announced last night so far as Washington knew which contemplated the use of United States regulars wearing the blue uniform, commonly worn on ceremonial occasions, before this Government entered the war, to guard all piers in the restricted area of the New York harbor front.

No information was obtainable from War Department officials. Colonel Jesse Carter, Chief of the War Department Division of Militia Affairs, who has been entrusted with the enforcement of the regulations against enemy aliens, was in New York, it was said at the department. Secretary Baker could not be reached.

Nothing became known tonight to indicate that any change had been made in the arrangements effected between the War Department and the Department of Justice. One suggestion was that there was a misunderstanding as to what was expected from the War Department, and no orders were issued to General Hoyle to enforce the regulations. It was suggested also that a change in the plan might have been agreed on at a conference scheduled to take place in New York today between representatives of the Department of Justice and the Army. Colonel Carter is supposed to have gone to New York to attend this conference.

CHICAGO TO MOVE GERMANS.

No Enemy Alien Will Be Left Near Any Waterfront.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 25.—Ousting of Germans from barred zones under President Wilson's recent proclamation will begin in Chicago tomorrow under the direction of United States Marshal John J. Bradley.

Male enemy aliens over the age of 14 will be forced to move immediately from within 100 yards of all docks, wharves, and warehouses near the Calumet River and the Chicago River and its branches. Unless orders from Washington direct him to the contrary Marshal Bradley will force every German man living within 100 yards of the lake front from South Chicago to Evanston to move.

"How many Germans the President's order will affect here we do not know," said Marshal Bradley tonight. "The Government census of 1910 showed that there were approximately 23,000 in Chicago. Of these I think about 12,000 would be classified under the term 'male aliens over the age of 14 years.' It is probable that only a small number of this 12,000 live within the barred zones."

DEPUTIES PROPOSE IMPEACHING MALVY

Want Plot Charges Against Former Minister Investigated to Calm French Agitation.

DIVISION IN THE COMMITTEE

Deputy Renaudel Leaves Meeting When Suggestion That Clemenceau Be Heard Is Rejected.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—The Special Committee of Thirty-three of the Chamber of Deputies charged with investigation of the accusations of having had relations with the enemy, made against Louis J. Malvy, former Minister of the Interior, issued its report yesterday.

It rejected the proposition to send M. Malvy's demand that he be tried for treason directly to the Government; declared his demand inadmissible by the Chamber without fresh legislation, and requested M. Malvy to supply documents and other evidence supporting his demand to hear MM. Clemenceau and Daudet and various other propositions. The committee noted that in the interest of public peace light should be thrown on the accusations against M. Malvy.

"Inasmuch as M. Malvy demanded its appointment, this special committee decides to propose to the Chamber that M. Malvy be impeached," the report concluded.

Twenty-six members of the committee were present when the vote was taken. Thirteen favored the report, four were against it, and eight abstained from voting, as did the President of the committee.

The vote indicates the difficulty of the committee's task. If it decided to send M. Malvy before the Senate as a high court without stating on what grounds, the Senate might refuse to hear the case. If it made a preliminary examination its decision might be taken as prejudging the case.

Deputy Renaudel and six others left the meeting when the committee, by a majority of three, rejected Renaudel's proposal that Premier Clemenceau be heard. Rensudel said later that this decision was the result of the Deputies fear of assuming responsibilities.

"The Chamber is Pontius Pilate multiplied by 500," he asserted.

Captain Bouchardon, the examining Magistrate for the court-martial of Bolo Pacha on the charge of espionage, yesterday examined a singer whom Bolo is said to have married twenty years ago at Buenos Aires. The Paris newspapers say Bolo admitted this marriage, but added:

"Argentina is so far off, it was so long ago, and is of so little importance anyway!"

The singer refused to be interviewed, beyond saying that she was instituting divorce proceedings.

RAISE $5,000 FOR POLES.

Relief Fund Enhanced from Proceeds of Concert.

At a concert for the Polish Victims War Relief Fund, held yesterday in Jersey City, $5,000 was realized. Ignace J. Paderewski, the pianist, in an address warned the audience not to put any trust in the "vacant promises" of Germany and Russia regarding Polish freedom.

"The Polish people in America are doing, and should continue to do, all in their power to help America in this war," asserted Paderewski. "Some of our countrymen are now fighting shoulder to shoulder with the American soldiers in the trenches. Be loyal to the United States and support President Wilson, and help him to gain the wonderful ends for which he directed the United States to enter the war.

"Our hope is in the United States. To the help of America we must look for the national freedom of Poland, for which we have long striven. That patriot General Thadeus Kosciusko would have us follow his steps, in which he gave such great service to his own and to this country. And the help of America for Poland will be like the return made to France for the great service of the immortal Lafayette."

Former Governor Fielder also spoke. Those taking part in the concert were Sigmund Stajowski, Miss Eva Didur of the Metropolitan Opera Company, and Leon Szuic.

PREVENT BORDEN SPEAKING.

Rowdies Break Up Canadian Meeting—Man with Revolver Arrested.

Special to The New York Times.

KITCHENER, Ontario, Nov. 24.—For the first time in the history of the Dominion a Prime Minister of Canada was prevented from addressing the people by an organized effort on the part of a small section of disaffected and disloyal members of the community, who tried to break up a meeting at the skating rink here tonight.

A leader of a gang of rowdies, who was arrested while forcing a way into the rink, where 4,000 persons had gathered to hear Premier Borden speak on behalf of W. C. Welchel, candidate for Parliament, was found to have a loaded revolver in his possession and also a bottle of whisky. He was intoxicated. The man, who is of Polish descent, has a bad reputation, and, according to Chief of Police O'Neill, was discharged as incorrigible from the army, in which he had enlisted.

His suspicious actions led to his seizure as he was leading a band of Hooligans up the staircase to a balcony immediately behind and above the platform from which the Premier was to speak.

TORONTO, Nov. 25.—Sir Robert Borden tonight gave out the following statement:

"There was a deliberate and unsuccessful attempt to break up the meeting at Kitchener on Saturday evening. From what has since transpired it is apparent that the arrangements for this purpose were organized several days in advance of the meeting. The disturbance which prevented Mr. Mowat and myself from speaking was the work of three or four hundred roughs and hoodlums, and cannot in any wise be attributed to the respectable people of Kitchener. In twenty-one years of public life this is the only occasion upon which I have been prevented from speaking to a meeting that I sought to address."

SPECIAL MEDAL TO SAILORS.

Daniels Plans Reward for Americans in U-Boat Campaign.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—A special medal probably will be provided for award to men of the United States naval service who distinguish themselves in the warfare against submarines. Secretary Daniels, it was learned today, has taken preliminary steps to this end.

The action of the department is prompted by the fact that under the law no member of America's armed forces can accept decorations from foreign Governments in recognition of gallant conduct. Several instances where the British naval authorities desired to award American destroyer officers and men the Distinguished Service Order and medals of the British Government were made public yesterday by Secretary Daniels.

SEIZED AS A DYNAMITER.

Rock Driller Charged with Placing Explosive in a Factory.

Detectives Pollignani and Gilbert of the Bomb Squad yesterday arrested Dominick De Scola, 25 years old, a rock driller, living at 763 Third Avenue, on suspicion of having placed eight and one-half sticks of dynamite in the factory of the Queens Petticoat Company, 121 West Twenty-fifth Street, last Tuesday night. The dynamite was discovered in the factory in time to prevent an explosion.

The detectives say they traced the dynamite to a contracting firm at Forty-first Street and Park Avenue where De Scola was formerly employed. De Scola was discharged by the firm on Thursday. The detectives say they found in his locker there one and one-half sticks of dynamite whose serial numbers precede those on the dynamite found in the factory.

Since last Thursday the detectives have been watching De Scola's home, but he was absent until yesterday morning. He said that he had been away from the city since Thursday.

SCHOOLS MAY DROP GERMAN

Board of Education Committee Will Consider the Matter This Week.

The question of dropping the study of German in the public elementary and intermediate schools will come up for discussion on Wednesday afternoon before the Committee on the Course of Study, at a meeting to be held before the regular meeting of the Board of Education. If the committee decides to take action, recommendation will be made to the board.

To eliminate the study of German would leave fifty-two teachers of German without employment. The Board of Education expends $65,000 annually for teaching German in the lower grade schools. In these schools French, Spanish, and Italian are also taught. The language course in the lower grade schools is elective, while in the high schools students are obliged to study some foreign language. Professor Franklin H. Giddings is Chairman of the Committee on Course of Study.

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A Sensible Cigarette

—whose well-balanced Turkish blend never disturbs even though a man may smoke more often than usual.

VISIT LAFAYETTE'S TOMB.

Wreath Placed on General's Grave by the American Mission.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—Colonel Edward M. House, General Tasker H. Bliss, Admiral Benson, and the other members of the American mission today visited the Picpus Cemetery and placed a floral wreath on the tomb of Lafayette. The wreath bore the inscription "From the American war mission, in grateful remembrance." There were no speeches.

Colonel House had another long conference today with M. Clémenceau, the French Premier. Other members of the mission met and compared notes on the work thus far accomplished, and spent the remainder of the day in informal conferences.

Fire Empties Film Theatre.

About five hundred men, women and children were forced to leave the favorite moving picture theatre at 533 Eighth Avenue, yesterday afternoon, when fire was discovered in the flooring, caused by an overheated furnace in the basement. When the fire was discovered the light's were turned on and in less than two minutes the theatre was emptied. The firemen were forced to chop part of the flooring away to get at the blaze which was extinguished in a short time with an estimated loss of $500.

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ACT PROMPTLY.

Many so-called "lost" articles fail to find their way back to owners because finders do not know where to restore them. A small advertisement in The New York Times will inform them. See last page of The Times. Telephone Bryant 1000.—Advt.

Town or Country Coats for Thanksgiving

THE English style, slip-easy overcoats, with leather buttons.

Rich in their fluffy wooliness — half as heavy as they look and twice as warm.

Deep silk yoke and sleeves, two tone after the London style.

Price, $35.

* *

Every feature of their style is imported, but they are made — and well made—in America.

* *

Also their full blood English cousins — not only English, but luxuriously English.

Include the famous Burberrys and the Hunt "checkwetters," known from London to Mandalay.

Made to our order in England for our New York clientele.

Prices, $25 to $75.

* *

Other coats, remarkable values, at $20.

And our own "Motourist," for motoring or travel.

Officers' Uniforms and Overcoats, at our 44th Street and Broadway Store.

Haberdashery, Caps and Trappings for the Military Man.

Weber and Heilbroner

Clothiers, Haberdashers and Hatters—Eleven Stores

241 Broadway, 345 Broadway, 775 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 1363 Broadway, 58 Nassau, 150 Nassau, 20 Cortlandt, 30 Broad, 42nd and Fifth Ave.

Clothes at: 30 Broad, 241 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 42d and Fifth Ave.

How a well-known financier provided for two children's education

ONE of this country's prominent bankers has placed funds in trust with this Company to provide for educating through preparatory school and college the two small children of one of his relatives.

The mention of this man's name would bring a smile at the thought of his anticipating the day when he might not be able to provide amply for these children's education. But the same wisdom that has directed his successful career has determined that making a trust with this Company as trustee is the surest way to provide for the children's future.

If you wish to assure a steady income for some person or object over a period of years, come in and let our Trust Department officers explain how simply and easily it can be arranged.

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For those who play and who appreciate refined tone quality and scientific adjustment.

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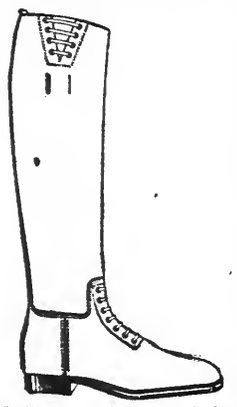

Moderate prices—celerity and courtesy in service—models of unquestioned correctness for every requirement. We have been furnishing army footwear for years to American officers in all parts of the world, and having your size will be able to provide your later requirements satisfactorily by post.

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548 Fifth Avenue, at 45th St.
Sixth Avenue, corner 19th St.

DO YOU KNOW?

IF NOT,

ask any newsdealer in New York City which New York newspaper has the largest circulation among thinking people.

PLATTSBURG YIELDS 62 MORE OFFICERS

Supplementary List of Commissions Given in the Ordnance Reserve Corps.

20 DISAPPOINTED ONES

In the Commissioned List, But Discharged for Disability on an Old Order from Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Nov. 25.—At the four places in camp and in the city where newspapers are sold training camp students stood in long lines tonight at 6 o'clock awaiting their turn to buy New York and Boston newspapers in order to learn what rank they had received. In the city the line at the two news stores was a block long, and many were disappointed because the supply of newspapers soon gave out, the dealers having failed to increase their orders. Because of the lack of papers containing the list, the commander had one or two pasted on a bulletin board.

There is great rejoicing among the lucky ones, and they constitute nearly the entire force, the unlucky being so small in number that they were not in evidence. Colonel Wolf said tonight that while the printed list contained 2,333 names it was safe to say that by noon tomorrow the list will be an even 2,500, and that the lists of those failing to get commissions will not run over 200 and possibly less. The names of sixty-two new officers were given out today, these men being detailed to the Ordnance Officers' Reserve Corps and placed on the inactive list. The commander said that he did not believe that they would remain inactive very long, not over two months at the most.

The first of the numbered commissions announced yesterday concerned three men who are regraded into the infantry. They are Major William Kirby, New Haven, Conn.; Captain Frank H. Sawtelle, Malden, Mass., and Captain Julius O. Adler, of THE NEW YORK TIMES. All three were cavalry officers, having been commissioned in the first camp of this year, to the commissions as stated and now become infantry officers of the same rank. Major Kirby is the present adjutant of the New England Regiment and Captains Sawtelle and Adler are instructors in the Fourth and Thirteenth Companies respectively.

Austin M. Malone of 129 West Fifty-sixth Street, New York City, a member of the Twelfth Training Company, through some error in compiling the list of commissions at headquarters, was left out. He should have been among the First Lieutenants, having been commissioned to that rank in the aviation section, Signal Officers' Reserve Corps, with the post of Adjutant, to be attached to the staff of the Adjutant General at Washington. He will be on leave of absence until Dec. 11.

An unfortunate situation effecting twenty young men commissioned yesterday, and whose names were printed in the list this morning, has arisen through orders arriving here this morning from the Adjutant General's office at Washington directing their discharge because of physical disability. The men are victims of a delayed perusal of a medical report from the camp hospital. The action is final and their discharges were ordered made out to date from tomorrow. Of the twenty fifteen are of the New York division, and are as follows:

Dorsey, James, 37 Madison Av.
Broderick, Charles, 841 Broadway.
Doyle, James A., 1,500 Townsend Av.
Torrey, Owen C., 37 Wall St.
Webster, Samuel C., 700 West End Av.
Handy, Joseph, Stapleton, S. I.
Gabriel, Gilbert, 254 West 76th St.
Lewis, James A., 522 West 123d St.
Hilder, Herbert A., 233 West 70th St.
Ackerman, Edmund D., 44 Pinehurst Av.
Carpenter, Edward, 108 East 50th St.
Stiles, Harold, New Rochelle.
Vanderventer, August, 61 Broadway.
Henderson, Isham, 32 Nassau St.
Stowell, Edward E., 829 Park Av.
Carter, Howard C., Hartford, Conn.
Prouty, Claud R., Watertown, Mass.
Hay, David S., Bridgeport, Conn.
Middlemass, Arthur, New Britain, Conn.
Ingoldsby, James J., Salem, Mass.

Orders were issued today calling for the assembling of all commissioned men for 11 o'clock tomorrow morning at the camp theatre, where Colonel Wolf will talk on conduct becoming officers, and at the end of his remarks the company commanders will give the men their commissions. The camp will break at noon, and the men will receive $100 each as their pay for the month of November. The first special train will leave the camp at 1 o'clock.

The New York men commissioned in the Ordnance Officers' Reserve Corps for inactive duty are:

MAJOR.

Brussell, Edward S.

CAPTAINS.

Adams, William L.
Crosswaite, Job L.
Gilman, Frederick.
Nordeman, Jacques C.
White, Robert A.
Vincent, Richard R.
Fleming, Joseph P.
Mollere, Joseph F.
Olhaber, William M.
Vieweg, Frederick, Jr.
Wagner, Frank J.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Armstrong, Lorenzo M.
Curtin, John.
Latimer, Louis S.
Mellin, Paul G.
McCadden, Henry J.
Trubee, William E.
Chesebro, Samuel J.
Leon, Morton W.
Matiney, A. A.
Stoberg, Conrad F.
Webster, J. McB.

SECOND LIEUTENANT.

Green, Carl F.

The New Englanders are:

CAPTAINS.

Rump, Nelson P.
Cupples, Lorne L.
Garland, Charles P.
Goggins, Frank J.
Malley, Wallace W.
Pearce, Charles H.
Potter, Paul.
Rogers, Hiram D.
Small, Horatio L.
Thompson, Charles B.
Varnum, Guy R.
White, Robert A.
Winship, Charles F.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Aney, J. L.
Briggs, Robert E.
Chase, George D.
Clarke, John D.
Comins, W. W.
Cummiskey, James E.
Cashman, Frederick B.
Dalot, Arthur J.
Davis, Albert W.
Dinsmore, John C.
Flanders, Charles K.
Garrow, Henry A.
Kirkpatrick, W. M.
Kron, Philip H.
Latimer, Louis S.
Lincoln, Sidney H.
Moody, Enoch R.
Peterson, John W.
Schmidt, Victor R.
Whitcomb, B. J.
White, Eugene L.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Austin, Earl W.
Barrow, Ariston K.
Quimby, Charles W.
Royce, Harrison S.
Woods, Basil Gibson.

One of the most unusual military Masonic events in the history of the order in this country took place at the camp today and yesterday. In recognition of having received commissions in the army, 337 Master Masons were honored by receiving all the degrees in Scottish Rite Masonry, from the fourth to the thirty-second inclusive, without expense. William Homan, Active Deputy for the State, came from New York City to grant a special dispensation to Albany Sovereign Consistory, to Delta Chapter, Rose Croix; to Delta Council, Princes of Jerusalem, and to Delta Lodge of Perfection, all of Troy, to enable these bodies to confer these degrees simultaneously upon this entire class.

1,000 OFFICERS AT NIAGARA.

Secretary Wilson's Son Among Those Receiving Commissions.

FORT NIAGARA, N. Y., Nov. 25.—William B. Wilson, Jr., son of the Secretary of Labor, is among the 1,000 men to be commissioned at the closing of the second reserve officers' training camp here tomorrow. Wilson enlisted in the regular army field artillery, at the outbreak of the war. He was detached from his command to attend the training camp, and has won a First Lieutenant's commission in the infantry.

Another to be commissioned First Lieutenant tomorrow is Frank Mount Pleasant, famous football player of the Carlisle Indian School team a few years ago.

Says Cholera Killed Gen. Maude.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 23.—General Frederick Stanley Maude, the commander of the British forces in Mesopotamia, who died Nov. 18 after a brief illness, succumbed to cholera, according to The Saturday Review.

87 NEW YORK TIMES MEN IN ARMY AND NAVY

Twenty Are Officers, 60 Enlisted Men in the Army, 5 in the Navy and 2 With the Ambulance Service in France.

Eighty-seven NEW YORK TIMES men are in the military and naval service of the United States. Of these twenty are officers, sixty are enlisted men of the regular, guard, and national armies, five are serving in the ranks of the navy, and two are doing their "bit" with the ambulance service behind the battle lines in France.

The list of officers includes two Majors, six Captains, three First and nine Second Lieutenants, representing the infantry, artillery, cavalry, aviation, the engineer corps, and the quartermaster corps. Of the enlisted men fourteen are non-commissioned officers, of whom eight are Sergeants and six Corporals. Every department of THE TIMES is represented.

The following table shows THE TIMES representation in the national service, arranged by departments:

News Department	13	Sunday Department	2
Rotogravure Department	13	Mid-Week Pictorial	2
Mail Room	13	Executive Office	1
Composing Room	10	Dramatic Department	1
Advertising Department	8	Circulation Department	1
Business Office	7	Supply Department	1
Press Room	5	Mechanical Department	1
Sports Department	3		
The Annalist	3	Total	87
Elevator Operators	3		

THE TIMES HONOR ROLL

Here is the full list of THE NEW YORK TIMES men in the army and navy:

MAJORS

Nelson Frank L.....Major, Infantry, U. S. R.....Mid-Week Pictorial.
Walker, H. H.....Major, Infantry, U. S. R.....Advertising Department.

CAPTAINS

Adler, Julius Ochs.....Captain, Infantry, U. S. R.....Executive Office.
Hoyt, Philip D.....Captain, Infantry, U. S. R.....News Department.
Hyde, George E.....Captain, Infantry, U. S. R.....News Department.
Manning, W. S.....Captain, 316th Infantry.....News Department.
Sprague, R. J.....Captain, Infantry, U. S. R.....The Annalist.
Thomson, Bernard S.....Captain, Q. M. Corps.....Sports Department.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS

Findley, Earl N.....First Lieutenant, Signal Corps.....Sunday Department.
Hartzell, A. E.....First Lieutenant, Infantry.....News Department.
Malone, Austin M.....First Lieutenant, Aviation.....Composing Room.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS

Brown, Lee D.....Second Lieutenant, Artillery, U. S. R.....News Department.
Buggelyn, H. M.....Second Lieutenant, Infantry, U. S. R.....Business Office.
Chambers, S. M.....Second Lieutenant, Field Artillery, U. S. R...The Annalist.
Hughes, C. F.....Second Lieutenant, Infantry.....News Department.
Joyce, W. R.....Second Lieutenant, Engineers, U. S. A.....Advertising Department.
Lovejoy, Clarence E.....Second Lieutenant, Infantry.....Sports Department.
Rooney, Geo. L.....Second Lieutenant, Infantry.....Composing Room.
Simons, John.....Second Lieutenant, Q. M. Corps, N. A.....Composing Room.
Wells, E. B.....Second Lieutenant, Q. M. Corps, N. A.....Advertising Department.

SERGEANTS

Bjorck, H. M.....Sergeant, Q. M. Corps.....Business Office.
Humphrey, Howard.....Sergeant, First Field Artillery.....Circulation Department.
Johnson, Carl O.....Sergeant, Infantry, National Army.....Advertising Department.
Payne, George.....Sergeant, Coast Artillery, U. S. A.....Rotogravure Department.
Roesen, Robert H.....Sergeant, 302 Eng., Co D.....Mechanical Department.
Sharkey, J.....Sergeant, Field Artillery.....Press Room.
Smith, James Joseph.....Sergeant, Infantry, U. S. A.....Mid-Week Pictorial.
McCormick, Wright.....Sergeant, Infantry.....News Department.

CORPORALS

Bradley, William.....Corporal, U. S. Marine Corps.....Business Office.
Delano, Edwin.....Corporal, Q. M. Corps.....News Department.
Kieran, John F.....Corporal, Engineers, U. S. A.....Sports Department.
Murphy, Wm.....Corporal, Infantry, U. S. A.....Press Room.
Salvail, J. Oscar.....Corporal, Q. M. Corps.....Composing Room.
Sanford, J. J.....Corporal, Coast Artillery, U. S. A.....Business Office.

AMERICAN AMBULANCE

Bosworth, Thomas S.....Ambulance Service.....News Department.
Woollcott, Alexander.....Ambulance Service.....Dramatic Department.

PRIVATES

Addison, A. R.....Private, Coast Artillery, U. S. A.....Advertising Department.
Allen, Edward Roscoe.....Private, 102d Infantry, U. S. A.....Advertising Department.
Bartlett, Carl E.....Private, Aviation Section, U. S. Army.....Mail Room.
Berryman, W.....Private, U. S. A.....Rotogravure Department.
Bland, Jos. F.....Private, Co. E, 305th Infantry.....Elevator Man.
Boyd, Frederick A., Jr.....Private, Canadian Highlanders.....Business Office.
Brazong, Fred.....Private, Co. M, 9th Infantry.....Elevator Man.
Burquist, E.....Private, National Army.....Rotogravure Department.
Butcher, Jesse S.....Camp Upton.....News Department.
Coulter, Walter.....Private, National Army.....Rotogravure Department.
Curtis, Lee.....Private, National Army.....Mail Room
Farrell, C.....Private, National Army.....Rotogravure Department.
Finch, Harold.....Private, National Army.....Rotogravure Department.
Finn, John.....Private, National Army.....Rotogravure Department.
Grotefeld, Wm. A.....Private, National Army.....Business Office.
Harman, H.....Private, Infantry, U. S. A.....Press Room.
Harper, Roland H.....Private, National Army.....Rotogravure Department.
Harris, Jr., Edward J.....Private, National Army.....Press Room.
Hepps, Gus.....Private, National Army.....Rotogravure Department.
Herlihy, T.....Private, Infantry, U. S. A.....Press Room.
Himpler, John.....Private, U. S. A.....Rotogravure Department.
Hofele, Ulrich.....Private, Coast Artillery, U. S. A.....Composing Room.
Hughes, L.....Private, National Army.....Rotogravure Department.
Jenks, Chas.....Private, Battery B, First Field Artillery.....Advertising Department
Kilmer, Joyce.....Private, 165th Infantry, U. S. A.....Sunday Magazine.
Lanigan, Wm.....Bugler, 69th Regiment, N. G. N. Y.....Rotogravure Department.
Leary, Wm.....Private, National Army.....Elevator Man.
Lehman, George.....Private, National Army.....Mail Room.
Leonard, George.....Private, National Army.....News Department.
Levy, Gerson.....Private, National Army.....Mail Room.
Luther, Allen.....Private, U. S. A.....Mail Room.
Maile, George.....Private, National Army.....Mail Room.
Merrell, L. J.....Private, National Army.....News Department.
Murphy, Matthew J.....Private, Battery F, Second Field Artillery....Composing Room.
Pavesich, Francis Xavier....Aviation Section, U. S. Army.....Business Office.
Poloquin, Edw. J.....Private, National Army.....Composing Room.
Reynolds, Edward.....Private, National Army.....Mail Room.
Rowan, Howard.....Private, National Army.....Mail Room.
Sullivan, Joseph F.....Private, National Army.....News Department.
Taylor, James.....Private, National Army.....Mail Room.
Tolson, Manuel.....Private, National Army.....Mail Room.
Tracey, Bernard.....First Field Artillery, U. S. A.....Composing Room.
Weaver, Samuel.....Private, National Army.....Mail Room.
Weiss, Samuel.....Private, National Army.....Mail Room.
Whitehouse, James A.....Private, Infantry, U. S. A.....Rotogravure Department.
Wright, Ezra.....Private, National Army.....Mail Room.

NAVY

Allison, Robt. K.....U. S. Naval Apprentice.....Composing Room.
Blair, Gordon.....Navy.....Composing Room.
Cummerford, Edw. B.....Yeoman, First Class, U. S. N. R. F.....The Annalist.
Eldred, A.....Sailor, U. S. Navy.....Supply Department.
Haviland, Harold B.....Radio Student, U. S. N. R. F.....Advertising Department.

In addition to the above, Richard B. Wright of the Auditing Department has joined the Quartermaster Corps of the Army as a clerk, and Charlotte Holmes Crawford of the Index Department is attached to the American Girls' Aid Hospital in Paris.

WAR SAVINGS STAMPS ON SALE NEXT WEEK

Certificates Will Be for $4.12 and Will Yield $5 in Five Years.

THRIFT CAMPAIGN PLANNED

Government Aims to Convert Small Savings of the Nation Into Helping Struggle for Victory.

War savings certificates will be placed on sale a week from today. Authorized agents all over the country designated by Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo will offer for sale these war savings certificates for $4.12 each. They will be redeemed in five years for $5, which is equal to 4 per cent. interest compounded quarterly. The certificates will be on sale at branch Post Offices, railroad stations, department stores, telegraph offices, banks, chain stores, and various institutions.

The minimum investment in thrift stamps and war savings stamps will be twenty-five cents. When sufficient stamps have been purchased they may be redeemed for war savings certificates.

The sale of the stamps and certificates will inaugurate a nation-wide campaign that in its way will be even greater than the Liberty bond campaigns. The plan is to convert the small savings of the people into help in winning the war. Conventions will be held this week by County Chairmen who are in charge of the campaign, in many States. The New York State County Chairmen will meet in Syracuse today, and Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank, who is Chairman of the War Savings Committee, will make an address. The New Jersey County Chairmen will meet in Newark on Wednesday under the direction of Dwight Morrow of J. P. Morgan & Co. The conventions will choose publicity managers and will make detailed plans for the campaigns in each of the States.

The greatest single factor in the campaign for the sale of the war savings certificates will be the Post Office. Franked cards will be distributed to parents, householders, and wage earners stating that war certificates will be delivered to them if they will fill in the cards and drop them into any letter box. Mail carriers will deliver the certificates to those who apply for them.

The public will be impressed with the fact that it will be an opportunity to buy a security that cannot go down in value. At any time, on ten days' notice, the Government will redeem the certificates at a reasonable rate of interest. The 4 per cent. compound interest will be paid if certificates are held five years.

The certificates are printed in the style of the Government bonds and carry savings tickets somewhat larger than ordinary bond coupons, each bearing a design of the Liberty torch.

It is believed that the war savings certificates will mean the passing of the old-fashioned penny bank. Because of the passage of the War Revenue act placing taxes on many commodities the demand for small coins has increased. Government officials believe that a handful of small coins hidden away in a small bank can be of no use, but where the money is put into certificates and stamps it will not only aid the Government, but will also compensate the owner.

COMMENDS NEW YORK GUARD

Gen. Hoyle Appreciates Their Efficiency in Patrolling Public Works.

ALBANY, Nov. 25.—Adjt. Gen. Charles H. Sherrill tonight made public this letter from the General commanding the Eastern Department of the army:

Headquarters Eastern Department,
Governors Island, New York City,
Nov. 5, 1917.

Brigadier General Charles H. Sherrill,
Adjutant General, State of New York,
Albany, N. Y.

My Dear General Sherrill—I write to express to you my high appreciation of the very valuable and patriotic services of the New York Guard, which, under your orders, is now guarding faithfully and with great efficiency the aqueduct, the canals, and the important railroad bridges in this State.

With officers and men of the character, quality, and patriotic spirit of your new guard we are justified in expecting the high standard of performance of duty which obtains among them, but it is due them to be told that the important and onerous duties which they are now performing so cheerfully are valued and appreciated by all patriotic Americans who know the facts.

With sentiments of warm regard for you and for the gallant officers and men of the New York Guard, I am, General,
Very sincerely yours,
ELI D. HOYLE,
Brigadier General,
U. S. A., Commanding.

In announcing that Governor Whitman has directed him to transmit this letter to all commanding officers of the New York Guard, General Sherrill says the Governor "takes the opportunity of expressing the great pride which he and the people of the Empire State take in the patriotism and efficiency displayed by the officers and enlisted men of the New York Guard."

27TH UNDER CRITICS' EYES.

British Observers Find Spartanburg Men Lax in Trench Duty.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., Nov. 25.—The reports of the Allied officer-observers on the occupancy of trenches by several units of the 27th Division, were turned in today to Brigadier-General Phillips. While the reports were very carefully censored, it was stated that the foreign experts found much ground for improvement in the way the former guardsmen manned the earthworks.

They were particularly emphatic in stating that great vigilance must be exacted of sentries. In proof of the lax watch maintained, several of the British umpires said they penetrated the trenches and calmly watched the work going forward to deceive them. The failure of some of the soldiers to keep absolute silence and not to show lights also was criticised. In general, however, the reports commented upon the excellence shown by men who never before tried trench guard.

With Thanksgiving Day near at hand, active preparations are being made to celebrate the day in camp. Hundreds of birds have been ordered and a Spartanburg baking company last night offered the division mess sergeants the use of its ovens for three days preceding the holiday. Sports and a fine entertainment have been provided by the Y. M. C. A. and other organizations charged with the welfare of the troops.

JERSEY TROOPS END HIKE.

Cheered in Anniston on Return from a 60-Mile March.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNISTON, Ala., Nov. 25.—The six thousand soldiers of the Fifty-seventh Brigade, Blue and Gray Division, commanded by General C. W. Barber of New Jersey, who have been on a five-day hike to Talladega, seat of an adjoining county thirty miles south of here, have returned to Camp McClellan in fine fettle. They reached the city this morning about 10 o'clock, and were cheered by the big crowds of citizens that lined Noble Street, the principal thoroughfare.

Although the men had just received their new overcoats and been supplied with Winter blankets, the sudden drop in the temperature made the trip pretty hard on some of them, among them Colonel John D. Frazer, whose regiment was commanded on the return hike by Colonel George M. Buttle.

Colonel Frazer is suffering with a severe cold, and is said to be threatened with pneumonia. He made the return trip in an ambulance.

Sparkle

It used to be only imported ginger ale that would hold its flavor—now it's Clysmic Ginger Ale for sparkle, for flavor, for tang!

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Clysmic Ginger Ale
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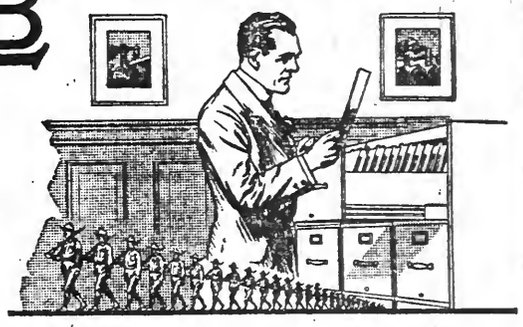

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The Business of War

War is a new industry to the United States, but with great crops garnered, an increasing gold reserve, a sound banking position, no over-extension in trade and no speculation, we are justified in the most optimistic beliefs that we can with American adaptability make it a success.

We do not speak lightly, but industrial or business terms will give us better understanding of the conditions with which we have to cope, particularly as the problem is one of labor, material and capital. War, although not constructive, has offsetting benefits, sometimes morally, in instances politically, and certainly economically with regard to productive efficiency.

The fall in security prices does not necessarily represent decreased dividends nor adverse trade conditions. The investor who bought high grade bonds a few years ago or Liberty Bonds to-day, receives the same yield thereon that he originally bargained for, but the purchasing power of the dollar has decreased.

If you are contemplating larger and broader banking facilities to meet these conditions you may approach the Harriman National Bank with confidence that it fully understands your needs, and if your statement, responsibility and business warrant, is prepared to serve them.

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WANT WAR SCHOOLS TO TRAIN OFFICERS

Camps Association Submits Plan for a Continuous Supply of Drilled Men.

SENDS APPEAL TO BAKER

Also Suggests That Reserve Officers Be Sent to France for a Time and Returned as Instructors.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—A comprehensive plan for the training of reserve officers and their more systematic employment in the war has been submitted to the Secretary of War by the Training Camps Association.

In addition to the establishment of a school or schools for the training of officers to continue without interruption instead of for a few months only, as in the present training camps, the association recommends that a certain number of reserve officers be sent to France for actual experience with troops in the field and then brought back to America to take their places as instructors with troops that are being prepared for war service.

The association also notes an objection to the understood purpose of the War Department to abandon all training camps for officers and to obtain a supply of officers in future solely from the ranks with their training for commissioned grades given at the headquarters of the several military divisions.

Inquiry at the War Department did not bring any sympathetic response to the proposals of the Training Camps Association, in spite of the fact that they are indorsed by many regular officers who have had experience at the Officers' Training Camps. Colonel Paul A. Wolf, who commanded the two Plattsburg camps, is said to have made recommendations to the War Department somewhat similar to those advanced by the association. There has been a feeling in interested quarters that the War Department has no definite policy with regard to the additional training of reserve officers, or, what is regarded as more important, a systematic program for their assignment to duty.

Drew Sharp Protest.

A recent announcement of the department was to the effect that many of the reserve officers to be graduated this week from the second series of training camps would be placed on the inactive list, which meant that they would be left without employment or pay until the department felt that it needed their services. This aroused a storm of protest, in which many officers of the army, including those of the General Staff, showed sympathy. It was contended that, in addition to doing a grave injustice to men who had given up remunerative employment to serve their country, these officers would grow stale in military knowledge during their period of inactivity and that the Government would find them less efficient when they were called to the colors. Following the publication in THE NEW YORK TIMES of a Washington dispatch calling attention to the situation the War Department's order was modified, and assurance was given that some 6,000 of the graduates of the second series of training camps would be assigned to the regular army, while others would be employed in the line of the national army and in the staff.

This and other indications of the failure of the department to adopt a consistent plan for the employment of the reserve officers has caused much dissatisfaction. Shortly after the officers trained in the first series of training camps were commissioned and reported to national army cantonments about 200 from each cantonment were sent to National Guard divisions, where they had a rather undefined status which existed until recently.

It was alleged that Major Gen. O'Ryan, commander of the National Guard division at Spartanburg, S. C., was not even notified that 200 reserve officers had been assigned to that division, instructed as to how they were to be employed, or what their status was with troops of the National Guard. Recently the War Department directed that reserve officers could enter National Guard commands on their own application, but if commissioned in the guard they would lose their commissions in the reserve which they had won at the training camps. It was also ordered by the War Department if the reserve officers attached to National Guard units did not enter the guard they would not be considered for promotion until all surplus guard officers had been taken care of. As most of the National Guard regiments under the new army organization are composed of two or more guard regiments of the former organization, there is a large number of surplus officers who under the War Department's policy must be provided for as vacancies occur. Through this system reserve officers attached to National Guard units were obliged to join the guard or lose their chances of promotion.

Apparently the proposal of the Training Camps Association that reserve officers be sent to France for training under actual war conditions and then returned to the United States for the purpose of training the national army does not appeal to the War Department. It was said there that reserve officers were being sent to France as General Pershing required them, and that already about 2,000 had been assigned to the American expeditionary force in Europe at General Pershing's request. It was explained, however, that these officers would remain in France. There is no intention to bring them back to the United States so that they may give the benefit of their observation and experience in the war area to the troops now being trained in this country.

Camp Association's Proposal.

The letter of the Training Camps Association to the Secretary of War reads as follows:

November 21.

The Honorable, the Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.

Sir: Supplementing our memorandum to you dated Oct. 25, urging the admission of civilian volunteers to future officers' training camps, and our conference with you on Nov. 14, we beg to submit the following suggestions:

We believe that a continuous plan for the training of officers, throughout the war should now be adopted, based on the experience of training officers in the first and second series of camps. For this purpose there should be established one or more continuous schools or colleges for the training of officers, such schools to continue uninterruptedly instead of as at present in camps held for a period of a few months only. To such schools there should be admitted applicants from civil life, selected with the greatest care, on the same basis of selection and with the same qualifications as required for the second series of officers' camps as well as selected men from the troops in service, and each candidate should be required to continue his course of training for such period as his individual qualifications may require. On the graduation of the candidate he should be given such commission as he may be qualified for without other restriction.

Under such a system, one man could be commissioned after three months of training, while another of less previous training or less aptitude may be required to continue his training for a much longer period. It would be important to keep in mind the need of mature officers for the higher grades, as well as a plentiful supply of Lieutenants.

These schools should be conducted by officers and reserve officers selected because of their demonstrated ability as teachers, and the faculty of officers should be refreshed from time to time by officers returning from the front, so that eventually all of the instruction could be given by officers who have seen active service in the war zone. This is of the utmost importance in order that the instruction may be thoroughly up to date and be given by men who have had practical experience and are not wholly book taught.

There has been developed during the second series of camps a considerable number of reserve officers who have shown eminent ability to teach, and these officers, as well as others, after being sent in relays from time to time to the war zone for practical experience, should be returned to serve as teachers.

We have read with concern an article in one of the New York morning papers to today, stating that "the War Department has decided to abandon all officers' training camps as they now exist and to obtain officers solely from the ranks trained at the several divisional headquarters."

We sincerely hope that this article is without foundation. As we have stated before, we thoroughly approve of the promotion of qualified men from the ranks, but this source of supply will be entirely insufficient to supply the great need of officers for the huge army which we must place in the field in order to win this war. The article refers to "the democratization of the national army." There is and can be no such issue. The army will, of course, be a democratic army, but this would not exclude eligible civilians, especially those beyond draft age. The only question that can be considered is the need of the army. There can be no question of class. There must be a continuous and large flow of qualified officers, and these must come both from the ranks and from civil life. The plan under which officers so far have been obtained from the first and second series of camps should not be abandoned for the purpose of an experiment, but should be made into a continuous officers' school. Moreover, this training should not be at divisional headquarters, but at separate and distinct officers' camps.

We submit the above suggestions again in the spirit of co-operation and the desire to bring to your attention the convictions of the large body of patriotic citizens whom we represent.

Very respectfully,
HENRY S. DRINKER,
PEIRCE ANDERSON,
LANGDON P. MARVIN,
Committee; by Langdon P. Marvin, Secretary.

MARKET FOR LABOR SHIFTS.

Employment Increase Largest in Men's Ready-Made Clothing.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—While the war is enormously increasing the number of employes in some industries, in others decided decreases already are beginning to be shown. Figures made public tonight on an investigation of seven industries by the Department of Labor in September disclose more employes in seven and fewer in six.

Car building and repairing lost 14.8 per cent; boots and shoes, 8 per cent., and cotton manufacturing, cotton finishing, silk making, and cigar manufacturing showed smaller decreases.

The largest increase was 10.6 per cent. in the manufacture of men's ready-made clothing, due to the uniforming of the new armies. Increases also were found in the making of hosiery and underwear, woolen, iron and steel, automobiles, leather, and paper.

Each of the industries paid out more in wages in September of this year than in September, 1916, the greatest increase being 28.6 in iron and steel mills.

THE LIBERTY LOAN

campaign has shown you the value of having a banking connection to help in even a small transaction. You can begin with a $500 balance.

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST COMPANY

160 Broadway, New York
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What thousands of others think may not influence you. What we rely on is the sheer satisfaction *you* get when you smoke

JEAN VALJEAN CIGARS

"Truly a Cigar"

3 for 25c and Upward — DAVE JAQUI MADE — *Various Sizes and Shapes*

Where Good Cigars Are Sold

Men's Hats Reduced to $1.45

Soft hats in all good colors and shapes, reduced because the lots are incomplete.

Broadway **Saks & Company** *at 34th Street*

'Phone Greeley 2626.

FOOD—use as much poultry as possible in place of beef, mutton and pork. This will help the Government and YOU.

A Most Extraordinary Sale of Women's Winter Coats

Regularly $25 to $85

Special at $19.50 $28 $33 $38

High-grade coats from our regular stock, in the season's most successful models, combined with an extraordinary special purchase of coats from a leading coatmaker. The materials include: Bolivia, Bernice Cloth, Wool Velour, Silvertone Velour, Peblo Cloth, Vicuna, Cut Velour, Cheviot, Suede Velour, Plain Velour, Vicuna and Pom Pom Cloth, trimmed with

Muskrat, Australian Opossum, Hudson Seal, Near Seal, Nutria.

Each coat beautifully Silk lined and warmly interlined. The values are so remarkable that none will be sent C. O. D., exchanged or on approval.

Today and Throughout the Week, a

Special Demonstration of the New Binner Corsets

Will be held in the Saks' Corset Department. Miss K. Mara, expert corsetiere, will gladly give advice free of charge as to the best model for your particular requirements. Prices: $5 to $16.50.

For Monday and Tuesday only—a

New Binner Sport Corset at $6

In plain or fancy Broche with rubber top.

The Saks' Infants' Wear Dept. Features Today

Cute Little Coats for Cute Little Children at $4

Exceptionally well made coats of White Corduroy, in box and Empire models, with roll collar and cuffs. Sizes 1 to 4 years—one model *illustrated* at left.

Children's Dresses Special, $1

Dainty belted models, in striped or dotted Galatea trimmed with solid color piping. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

Japanese Quilts, Special at $2.75

Heavily embroidered. Made of light Blue or Pink Japanese Satin. Remarkable values. *Second Floor.*

Women's Higher Cost Dresses

Regular Prices $69.50 to $85

Reduced to $39.50

Dresses for afternoon, evening and dinner wear, at about cost of materials, offered just in time for the Thanksgiving festivities. Developed in Chiffon Velvet Combinations, Embroidered or Beaded Charmeuse and Beaded Chiffon. The values throughout are nothing short of phenomenal.

Also Radically Reduced Prices

Tailored Tricotine and Serge Dresses. Formerly $50 to $55.....Reduced to $35

Satin and Serge Combination Frocks. Smartly braided with Rat-tail or Soutache Braid. Formerly from $40 to $49.50..... $25

Furs—in the Newest Modes

made of carefully selected pelts, will be offered in the Saks' Fur Department Today at most remarkably low prices:

Hudson Seal Coats in new 45-inch belted model: Made of selected skins.....$137.50

Hudson Seal Coats with large Skunk collar, or Jap. Mink collar and cuffs....$135.00

Hudson Seal Coats in exclusive and very attractive 48-inch model.....$175.00

Hudson Seal Coats in short models. Ideal for misses and small women.....$85 to $195

Natural Muskrat Coats in 45-inch model. Made of the much-desired dark skins.....$82.50

New Skunk Scarfs.....$32.50
Skunk Muffs to match.....$22.50
Hudson Seal Stoles—two yards long.....$35.00
Hudson Seal Muffs.....$12.50

A Stunning Bag Very Specially Priced at $12.50

A unique and very attractive beaded bag with pear-shaped top of solid bead work. Back of top of bag is fitted with large mirror, and the pouch is of Chiffon Velvet, trimmed with beading.

Lustrous Switches, $3.45 & $4.25

Guaranteed to have a natural wave. Just like your own hair in quality and color. Eighteen or twenty inches.

The New Armored-Front Wrist Watch at $17.50

The most practical wrist watch made for the man in uniform. Front is protected so carefully that it is impossible under ordinary circumstances to break the crystal. Sterling Silver case, fitted with 7-jewel Waltham movement.

The Saks' Shoe Dep't Offers Today Remarkable Values in a

Sale of Women's Boots

Eleven and a quarter inches high

Special at $7.95

Boots such as these are most unusual at $7.95. They have been made to win the unstinted approval of the most discriminating women, and are finished throughout according to the very highest standards of custom shoemaking. The leathers and combinations in which the various models are to be had:

Gun Metal Vamp with Slate Gray Kid Top; Gun Metal Vamp with Mode Kidskin Top; Brown Patent with Kid Top to match; Tan Russia Vamp with Mode Kidskin Top; Gun Metal or Patent Leather with White Kid Top to Match; And All Seal Brown Kidskin.

An Important Mid-Season Clearance of

Women's Smart Winter Suits

Formerly $35 to $75

Reduced to $28 and $37.50

Tailored in almost every new material, including Velvet. Straight line, flare and belted effects, with short, medium or three-quarter coats, some with handsome fur cuffs, collar and border. Each suit beautifully Silk lined and warmly interlined. Sizes from 34 to 50½.

200 Women's Higher Cost Suits Greatly Reduced

In the the most exclusive Winter models, tailored in the most exquisite cloths and superior quality Velvets, trimmed with Skunk, Beaver, Kolinsky, Ringtail, Kolinsky dyed Muskrat, Nutria, Mole or Hudson Seal.

Formerly $69 to $125

Reduced to $55, $65, and $75

Fourth Floor.

An Extraordinary Sale of Petticoats

will be held on the Main floor today and Tuesday. The values in each and every case are such as cannot be duplicated *anywhere.*

At $2.85

Smart Taffeta petticoats with sectional flounce, trimmed with cluster tucking and finished with pleated ruffle. All colors.

At $3.85

Taffeta petticoats with tucked, shirred or ruffled flounces. All Silk Jersey petticoats with flounce trimmed with shirring.

At $3.85—Wool Jersey petticoats of unusual quality with ruffle pleated flounce. Black only.

At $4.85

Pompadour petticoats of extra quality Taffeta and Peau de Cygne, in both tailored and ruffled effects. All colors.

At $4.85

Taffeta petticoats of excellent quality in the desired new models. Ruffled or tucked flounces. All colors.

At $1—A special lot of high-lustre cotton fabric petticoats, in a variety of novelty patterns.

ONE ADVERTISEMENT SOLD THE CAR

The New York Times:

Enclosed is check for $2.40 in payment of bill for advertising automobile for sale.

I requested the advertisement inserted seven times. It was not necessary to continue it more than two days. The purchaser saw it in yesterday morning's Times and the sale was arranged today; consequently even the advertisement in this morning's paper was unnecessary.

HUGH S. JARVIS.
61 Broadway, New York.

P. S.—Since writing the above I have been called on the 'phone regarding today's ad.

If you have an automobile to sell, advertise it in the Automobile Exchange column of

THE NEW YORK TIMES

R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

'EAR | TAILORING | STYLE
FABRICS | LOW PRICE

Suits That Lay Foundations for Future Business

If immediate returns are more important than repeat orders—then only is there any justification in the methods used by some stores to stimulate sales in Men's Clothing. But—we prefer repeat orders and consequently offer garments that set a high standard for quality, wear, style and tai oring, at prices less than elsewhere.

Men's Suits at $24.75

such as we are showing this Fall are tailored of all-wool fabrics in ultra extreme, ultra conservative and in-between styles. Even if wearing quality were their only good point they would be a good investment at this price.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway, Front.

Sleeping Suits for Men, $3.29

Well made of heavy flannelette in three styles.

No. 1—made in one piece style with boots attached and hood detached.

No. 2—made in two piece style with boots and hood detached.

No. 3—made in one piece style with overlap coat effect, hood and boots detached.

All three models have wind protecting sleeve device. Sizes A, B, C and D.

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St.

Men's Clocked Lisle Hose at 47c

Medium weight, full fashioned, elastic tops, reinforced toes, soles and heels. Colors include white or champagne with black clock, dark or light gray, champagne, navy, tan, white or suede with self clock. All sizes.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Ribbed Underwear for Fall Wear

Heavy weight, spring needle ribbed cotton underwear. Shirts with long sleeves. Drawers, ankle length, with suspender straps. Double gusset. Garment, $1.19

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Woven Madras Shirts at $2.44

A good assortment of woven madras shirts with laundered cuffs attached. Negligee mode! with turn down collars to match. Plain blue, helio, tan and green. All sizes.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Conveniences

At the Public Service Bureau you can purchase tickets for the theatre, tickets for rail or steamship journeys, send a telegram, buy a money order or register your mail or parcels.

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 34th St.

Berkeley

Firms that are unusually careful about their neighbors, and unusually mindful of their own convenience and comfort, will find the Berkeley Building admirably adapted to their requirements. A limited amount of space is still available.

BERKELEY ARCADE CORPORATION
19-25 WEST 44TH ST.
18-22 WEST 45TH ST.
TELEPHONE M. H. 1151

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For Christmas
"Onyx"
Silk Hosiery
For
Men and Women

MANY Gifts more costly but none more welcome.

At good shops everywhere. This trademark identifies them.

Emery-Boers Company, Inc.
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CERVA
The World's Best Beverage
A delicious soft drink.
A natural tonic.
Absolutely pure.
At grocers', at druggists', in fact at all places where good drinks are sold.
LEMP, Manufacturers
ST. LOUIS
AUSTIN NICHOLS & CO., INC., Distributors

"Paris in New York"
Café des Beaux-Arts
80 W. 40th St.
Dinner & Supper Dances
With AYDA & SENOR ARBOS

HELP WANTED—Female.
(30 cents a line; six words to a line.)

STENOGRAPHER. — For executive of large corporation; must be thoroughly experienced in secretarial work; to young lady who is capable and can furnish satisfactory references as to training and experience an excellent opportunity is offered. Address, giving telephone number, G 30 Times.

A similar advertisement in next Sunday's edition of The New York Times will cost $2.10.

The New York Times rejects all unworthy or doubtful advertisements, and welcomes information from its readers in aid of its efforts to keep its advertising columns absolutely clean.

Reward of $100 offered by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any one who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement.

Send advertisements by mail, or telephone The New York Times, Bryant 1000, or place through any advertising agency.

FEAR LONG ORDEAL FOR MRS. DE SAULLES

The Accused Woman's Counsel Hopes Reserve Force Will Sustain Her as a Witness Today.

BOY WILL NOT BE CALLED

Slain Man's Father and Mother to Controvert Testimony of Ill-Treatment of Their Daughter-in-Law.

Mrs. Blanca De Saulles, who, in her trial for the murder of her divorced husband, goes on the witness stand today to tell a story lasting several hours, is in poor condition to stand such an ordeal, her physicians said yesterday, and there is some fear that she may break down and be unable to complete her testimony.

Henry A. Uterhart, her chief counsel, said that he considered it absolutely essential for his client to go through with the ordeal and he expected the courage and reserve force she had shown through the trial would sustain her in telling her story.

Mr. Uterhart said that his client would have much to say, in addition to the incidents which he told in his opening address to the jury of her treatment by De Saulles, and that she would be on the witness stand a full day. District Attorney Weeks said yesterday that he would cross-examine her rigorously as to every detail and attempt as far as possible to prove that her story lacked truth.

"I intend to do my full duty in this case, the same as in any other," the District Attorney said.

Free Rein for Mrs. De Saulles.

There are no restrictions on the testimony which Mrs. De Saulles may give regarding things she saw or heard, which had an effect on her mental state. The District Attorney is precluded by law from attempting to disprove the truth of statements alleged to have affected her. He can, however, attempt to show that no such statements were made. For instance, gossip that was brought to the young woman concerning her husband cannot be proved to be false by the District Attorney. The principle of this was illustrated in the Thaw case, where it was held to be unessential whether the story told by Evelyn Nesbit Thaw to her husband was true, as its effect on his mind would be the same in either case.

Some of the revelations regarding De Saulles are alleged to have been made to the young woman by their child, who repeatedly told his mother stories of his father and other women, according to the opening statement for the defense. The boy, who is nearly 5 years old, could be put on the stand for the purpose either of corroborating or denying the fact that he told his mother these things, but the child will not be permitter to take the stand or to appear in court at all, Justice Manning, who is presiding over the trial, can use his own judgment in permitting children under 7 years old to testify, and in this case he had determined against having the child's story go to the jury.

Fearing that even his appearance in court might prejudice the case of the State or the Government, Justice Manning told Almuth C. Vandiver, lawyer for the relatives of De Saulles, who have the custody of John Longer De Saulles, Jr.:

"That boy must not be permitted to appear in court under any circumstances."

To Call Slain Man's Parents.

The prosecution now plans to call Major Arthur De Saulles and Mrs. Arthur De Saulles, the aged father and mother of the slain man, to the witness stand in rebuttal. The defense has alleged that one of the many circumstances which accumulated to overthrow the reason of the young woman was coldness and ill-treatment from her mother-in-law and father-in-law, when De Saulles left her with them in South Bethlehem, Penn., before and after the birth of their child. They will be called to deny that they were otherwise than kind to the young woman.

District Attorney Weeks has been very busy with physicians since the opening statement for the defense, which revealed for the first time the specific ailments from which the defendant was said to be suffering. The assertions that the young woman was suffering from a dangerous disease of the thyroid glands, affecting the reason, and that she had an unhealed fracture of the skull due to two old accidents, were both surprises for the prosecution. Mr. Weeks has been assured, however, by medical men that the so-called "hypothyroid" condition does not support the insanity theory. The State's alienists will assert that the manner and acts of the defendant before and immediately after the killing prove beyond doubt that she was not only completely sane, but was in an unusully calm and lucid frame of mind.

While District Attorney Weeks has asserted that he would do his full duty by the State in the prosecution of the case, the family of De Saulles has been equally active in seeking to obtain a conviction. Deacon Murphy, formerly of the Homicide Bureau of the New York County District Attorney's office, has been giving every possible assistance to the prosecution in and out of court. In addition to suggesting the form of questions to elicit the strongest possible testimony, Deacon Murphy has given advice about expert testimony.

It was he who brought as an expert witness Captain William Jones of the Police Department, who explained the type of the revolver and showed how it had to be fired with two motions, the pulling of the trigger and the gripping of the safety clutch on the back of the handle. This is considered important testimony by the State, as showing that the young woman had a clear perception of the mechanical details of the killing. The two motions of the hand had to be repeated for the firing of each of the five shots, Captain Jones testified.

Mrs. De Saulles was visited at her room in the Mineola Jail yesterday by her mother, her sister and brother and Otto Salm, a Hungarian, who has been for many years a friend of the family. The trial will be resumed this morning at 10 o'clock.

WAR CLERKS ARE WANTED.

Shortage of Help in Washington Departments Becomes Acute.

Shortage of clerical help in the War Department has now become so acute that the wives of officials and army officers have taken up the problem. They are not actually working typewriters or taking stenographic notes, but are considering the housing and entertainment problem in Washington with a view of insuring safe and comfortable conditions of living as well as recreation, especially for young girl stenographers, who hitherto have hesitated to answer the Government's call to service.

Washington still looks to New York as the greatest recruiting field for high grade stenographers and typists, both men and women. This city's slowness in responding to the call, it was said yesterday, is literally hindering the organization of General Pershing's army.

"This office is crippled and our expeditionary forces cannot get all the information they require, because we simply have not got the help to turn out the work," First Lieutenant Robert S. Fowler, in the Adjutant General's office, wrote to the Recruiting Committee of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense. Since the first call ten days ago the need has increased 400 per cent.

The Recruiting Committee, co-operating with the Civil Service Department of the United States Custom House, is doing everything to facilitate the quick examination and acceptance of applicants. The pay at the start is $1,000 to $1,200 a year, with quick increases for efficiency. The brief examination to be taken any week day in the United States Custom House consists of dictation exercises at 80 to 100 words a minute and two exercises on the typewriter. Applicants must be at least eighteen years old and citizens of the United States or of our Allies. The Mayor's Committee has been assured that living and housing conditions are the same in Washington as in New York. The Recruiting Committee of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense, in the Hall of Records, Chambers and Centre Streets, will furnish all information to applicants.

The New York Evening High School for Women at 40 Irving Place is organizing classes for special training in the war service. Classes are trained in statistical methods, which includes tallying, tabulating, compiling, preparation of copy for the printer, and proofreading, stenography, home nursing, domestic science, and other matters of vital interest in war time. Applicants for these special war service classes may register on any of the four evenings of the week from 7:30 to 9:30 at the school.

A call has been issued for 90 stenographers in the sun dials section of the Ordnance Department in Washington. Details of the requirements for these positions may be obtained at the Stenographic Recruiting Bureau, 320 Broadway.

RESUME LA FOLLETTE CASE.

Bryan and State Department Witnesses Testify This Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Witnesses from the State Department are to be called at the resumption tomorrow of the hearing by the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections on the charge of disloyalty against Senator La Follette of Wisconsin based on his St. Paul speech last Summer. Senator Pomerene, Chairman of the committee, has conferred with Secretary Lansing as to State Department records bearing on the sinking of the Lusitania, which Senator La Follette has brought into the case by declaring that William J. Bryan told him he had advised President Wilson that the Lusitania torpedoing was justifiable as the ship carried munitions.

Secretary Lansing, it was said tonight, offered to have witnesses go on the stand to testify regarding the Lusitania. One feature of the evidence, it is reported, will be a repudiation of the allegation that Secretary Bryan gave any such advice to the Executive. Mr. Bryan himself has denied it, and will be called as a witness this week, probably Wednesday.

The Senate committee expects to complete all the evidence in the La Follette case this week so as to have its report ready for Congress when it reconvenes next Monday. The committee has about a dozen witnesses to hear.

Senator La Follette, who has been here nearly the whole time since adjournment in October, has devoted himself to preparing an exhaustive defense to be based on the principle of free speech.

MARBURG ON GERMAN AIMS.

Declares the British Fleet Blocked World Domination.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Nov. 25.—Theodore Marburg, former United States Minister to Belgium, in addressing the students of Vassar College here tonight pointed out that economic causes were not behind the great war, and showed by elimination where Germany's ambition for world domination existed.

"Germany's commerce passed to and from the outer world in great volume through Antwerp and Holland quite as freely as if the ports and railroads were her own," said Mr. Marburg, "and if there was any country which already had her place in the sun, and which was enjoying the common freedom of the seas, it was Germany. Her splendid merchant fleet sailed unmolested, and her flag was found in every port.

"As for Germany's naval ambition, the great war has shown that Germany could guard herself amply against invasion and aggression by remaining simply what Bismarck desired of her, namely, a strong military power in the centre of Europe without great sea power. When faced with these facts and others, Germany replies that what she objected to was not that England had interfered with her sea borne commerce, but that with her superior fleet, she might do so. This reason is on a parallel with her second and belated excuse for invading Belgium, that unless she entered it France would have done so.

"Reduced to its final terms, the complaint of Germany is that the existence of the English fleet has interfered with German ambitions, and we must thank God this last charge is true."

MOTHERS BACK OUR ARMY.

It's a Woman's War, Man-Made in Germany, Dr. Shaw Says.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 25.—Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, Chairman of the Woman's Committee of the National Council of Defense, at a mass meeting of Maryland mothers today termed the war "a woman's war, man-made in Germany." She declared the greatest proof of patriotism in women was the fact that they gave their sons for war.

"We must send our boys away with a smile on our faces," she said. "The time for tears must be after they are gone. Let our children know that they live in the land where men are willing to die, and where women are willing to give all for their country. All the world is calling to the womanhood and the motherhood of America."

Dr. Shaw urged a "smokeless day" for men at home, and that they send the tobacco so saved to the men in the field.

A message to America's men in the service was drafted, and will be sent to the various units Christmas. It is:

"The women of America are with you in spirit and in service. You are our standard-bearers and our hope. We love you, believe in you, and pray for you this Christmas morn."

FIRE AT NAVY YARD HERE.

Storehouse Blaze Keeps Apparatus Busy Twenty Minutes.

Considerable excitement was caused among persons living in the vicinity of the Navy Yard in Brooklyn last night by a fire which did some damage to a one-story brick building used as a storehouse for odds and ends just inside the wall in Flushing Avenue. The blaze was discovered shortly before 8 o'clock by Policeman George Hayes, who notified a marine on sentry duty in the yard. The Navy Yard fire department was summoned, but after a few minutes this appeared to be insufficient, so an alarm was turned in from the box at the Sands Street gate. This brought three engines and other apparatus, together with the fireboats New Yorker and William J. Gaynor.

The blaze was extinguished after about twenty minutes, during which time the flames and smoke were visible to many people living in the vicinity of the plant. Officials of the navy yard refused information as to the fire, except that it was slight.

WANT "WAR ANANIAS" LIST.

Patriotic Societies Propose Posting of Rumor Mongers' Names.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Formation of "war ananias clubs" of men and women who circulate false rumors to hamper successful prosecution of the war is suggested to the American public in a statement issued tonight by the National Committee of Patriotic Societies.

The society proposes that the names of persons found responsible for such stories be posted publicly.

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Beginning Monday and continuing Tuesday and Wednesday

Price Reductions
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Misses' Coats, Suits, Dresses and Hats

Dresses of navy serge, imported wool plaids and fine wool Jersey—sizes 14 to 18 years.
Formerly up to $40.00. Sale price, $22.50.
Formerly up to $55.00. Sale price, $29.50.

Tailored Suits for morning or afternoon wear of wool velours, broadcloth, English mixtures and burella cloth—sizes 14 to 18 years.
Formerly up to $55.00. Sale price, $29.50.
Formerly up to $68.00. Sale price, $37.50.

Trimmed Hats—
Formerly up to $28.00. Sale prices, $9.50 & $15.00.

Tailored Coats for Town and Country wear of English mixtures, wool velours, cheviots and imported homespuns—sizes 14 to 18 years.
Formerly up to $40.00. Sale price, $22.50.
Formerly up to $58.00. Sale price, $29.50.

Riding Habits, cross-saddle models of unfinished worsted, covert cloth and shepherd check—sizes 14 to 20 years.
Formerly up to $48.00. Sale price, $22.50.

Girls' First Suits—sizes 12 to 16 years—wool velours, cheviots and English mixtures.
Formerly up to $40.00. Sale price, $22.50.
Formerly up to $65.00. Sale price, $29.50.

Sale goods will not be sent on approval nor can they be returned for credit.

5th Avenue at 50th Street

For "Our Boys" in Camp and "Over There"

NOW READY!
Faultless SINCE 1881
"REGIMENTAL"

Camp and Outdoor Pajamas

"Our soldier boy" is the most important figure in national and home life today. To minimize his hardships—to protect him from the biting cold is the thought uppermost in the American mind.

FAULTLESS Regimental Pajamas will enable "our boys" to sleep as comfortably on camp cots as in the warmth of home.

FAULTLESS Regimental Pajamas are made of heavy, fast color two-ply "fleecednap" materials with hood and boots, and with wind protecting sleeve and trouser device.

They're the ideal sleeping garment for "our soldier boys"—and for all other outdoor sleepers—a desirable gift at all times, particularly for Christmas.

Each suit packed in individual box ready for mailing.

FAULTLESS Regimental Pajamas are one of many original and practical ideas introduced by the makers of

Faultless SINCE 1881
Pajamas and Night Shirts
"The NIGHTwear of a Nation!"
On Sale

Franklin Simon & Co. — *Saks & Co.*
Lord & Taylor — *Wallach Bros.—4 stores*
Jas. McCreery & Co. — *Weber & Heilbroner*
Rogers Peet & Co.—4 stores — *—11 stores*
John W. Ryan—Penn. Term. — *Yorke Shirt Shop*

AND WHEREVER GOOD NIGHTWEAR IS SOLD
E. ROSENFELD & CO., Makers, Baltimore and New York

LET
PERFECT FITTING MUNSING WEAR UNION SUITS
COVER YOU WITH SATISFACTION

THERE'S good, honest value in every Munsingwear garment. The high quality standard is the same in all styles.

In the more expensive grades you get finer fabrics—but finer fit or finish than are to be had in the moderately priced garments, money cannot buy.

Whether you're man, woman or child—tall, short—thin or stout—you can be properly fitted in Munsingwear in a style and quality of fabric that will please you.

The Satisfaction Lasts

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Announce a Shirt Sale That is *Different,* in which will be presented

15,000 Men's Fine Shirts

Regularly $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3

Special at $1.20 and $1.85

¶ An event of unusual importance in which are offered carefully selected shirts in the most wanted designs and colorings. Not an **averaged up** lot of shirts consisting of some good and some poor ones; not the hastily made kind that are found in most sales, but 15,000 shirts every one of which has measured up to the Saks standard—the highest.

The models: Stiff and soft cuff negligees and pleated models, but the majority are made with soft cuffs. Sizes 13½ to 17½.

The fabrics: Lorraine Fine Count Madras; Gayley and Lord's Silk Stripings; Wright and Graham's Scotch Madras; D. & J. Anderson's Imported Madras; Fine Fibre Silks.

Delightsome Groupings at the Hampton Shops

JUST as, in their own day, the work of the Italian Renaissance craftsmen won favor in other European countries, so do the finest pieces of old Italian Furniture find with us a welcome we accord to no other school or period.

At the Hampton Shops, with its eleven spacious Galleries each one garnished with its inviting array, one finds, wherever one may turn, groups of Furniture of a like richness and individual character.

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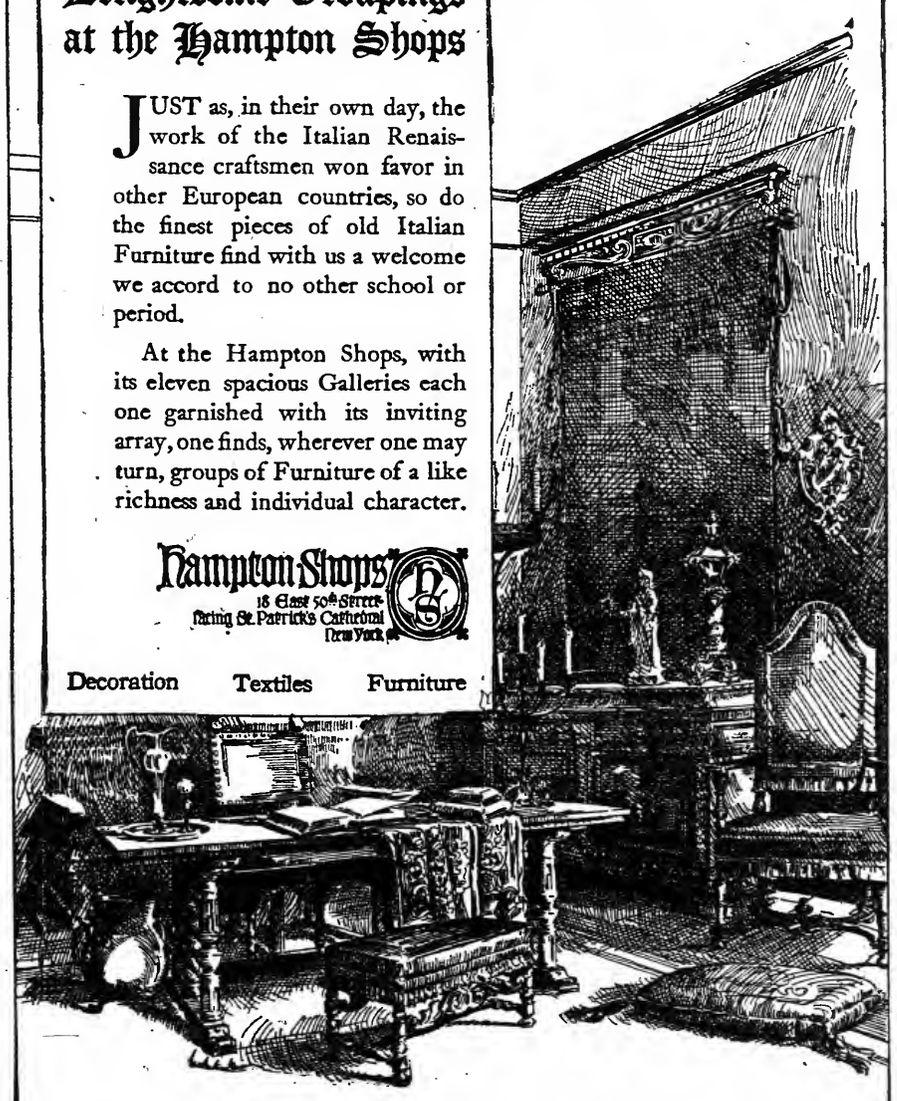

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Complete Outfits. *Quick Deliveries.*

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If it's quality combined with honest prices you want we can serve you.

UNIFORMS MADE & DELIVERED IN 5 DAYS
All other articles of equipment ready for immediate delivery.
SPECIAL FOR PLATTSBURG OFFICERS
Bedding Rolls (waterproof)..... $8.50
Pistol Belts..... 5.00
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Largest Uniform & Equipment Makers
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Phone Bryant 1465-1466-1467.

DESCRIBE YOUR LOSS.

Description of lost property is an appeal to the honesty of the finder. It seldom fails in its effect. Telephone Bryant 1000 of your loss and next morning a brief advertisement will appear in THE NEW YORK TIMES.

FRENCH TO GATHER IN HERO LAND TODAY

Their Government's Exhibit, Late in Arriving, Will Be Shown for First Time.

GRAND OPERA STARS TO SING

French and American Songs Will Also Be Given by Fighting Men of Both Nations.

This is French Day at Hero Land. The official French Government exhibits, which are promised to be among the most interesting of the show, did not arrive in time to be shown at the opening of the great war charities spectacle on Saturday, but the management announced last night that they are now in place, ready for the throngs expected at Grand Central Palace today.

French Day is designed by the numerous charitable and relief organizations taking part in the sixteen days' affair to be one of the most important of the various national celebrations.

Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Chairman of the Entertainment Committee, and Arthur Voegtlin, entertainment producer, acting in conjunction with the French societies participating, announce the following program for this afternoon:

Dancing in the great hall and singing of American military songs in French by Mlle. Semiramis of the French Opera Company. In the motion picture theatre British Government war films will be shown, while from 4 to 6 o'clock will be shown the latest war films taken by the French Government, which have been loaned to Hero Land through the Marquis de Polignac for this day only. From 4 to 6 in the afternoon the Winter Garden management will present for the benefit of the Authors' League Fund, excerpts from the current Winter Garden show, headed by Ed Wynn, James J. Corbett, Frank Tinney, and other stars of the show.

The evening program is an elaborate one. In the Great Hall, "The Marseillaise" will be sung by the French dramatic soprano, Mme. Seygard-Lane, and a tableau will be formed of American and French sailors, bearing the colors of the two countries.

Mme. Seygard-Lane will sing a number of the compositions of Christian Sinding. Her appearance has been arranged by the French Society, Gen de Lettres, which was organized to help the writers and authors who have been placed in need due to the war.

There will be solo dancing by the Japanese artist, Mme. Komako-Kimura. In the Little Theatre from 9 to 12 o'clock, for the benefit of the Authors League fund, Pauline Frederick will appear in person in a studio presentation of the film "Ashes of Embers," and Leonora Ulrich and William Mack will appear in a scene from "Tiger Rose," personally directed by David Belasco.

Bessie McCoy Davis is to head the afternoon and evening performance of the Stage Women's War Relief booth.

The program for the afternoon performance will be Mme. Andrée Bartlette, pianist; Miss Lorraine Wyman in Petites Chansons, and Bessie McCoy Davis. In addition Mr. Ziegfeld will present two "Miss 1917" acts every afternoon and evening of this week. In the evening the program will include Miss Laura Hope Crews, Florence Nash, Sidney Thompson, Mme. Andrée Bartlette, and a Harlequinade.

John Moffat, Executive Chairman of the Management Committee, yesterday expressed himself as greatly gratified at the initial success of the affair, and thanked Governor Whitman for his "forcible expression of confidence not only in the manner in which the funds are being safeguarded, but with the manner in which these funds are to be disbursed." He added:

"New York is quick to discern, quick to understand, and quick to appreciate the fact that 'Hero Land' represents the unselfish and untiring effort of thousands of our most prominent men and women, whose sole thought and sole object is to make the spectacle such a success, both from the viewpoint of receipts for charity and from the viewpoint of a patriotic demonstration of united sentiment, as to leave no question as to where New York stands."

A brilliant feature will be the Thanksgiving Eve ball to follow the pageant "On the Road to Victory," devised and staged by Miss Margaret Stewart Crawford. This triumphal march depicts the allied nations, led by redeemed Belgium and followed by Serbia, Montenegro, Rumania, France, Russia, the British Empire, Italy, Japan, Brazil, Siam, and as the guerdon of victory, the United States will be represented by symbolic figures on floats.

GIVES HOUSE FOR BAZAAR.

Adolph Lewisohn Moves to Cut Costs of Temple Emanu-El Fair.

As a means of reducing the overhead expense Adolph Lewisohn has donated his home, 881 Fifth Avenue, to house the bazaar which will be given under the auspices of Temple Emanu-El on Dec. 12 and 13. Mr. Lewisohn's purpose is that a maximum of the money raised at the bazaar shall go to the relief of Jewish war sufferers and for welfare work among American soldiers and sailors.

In view of the adverse criticism which has been directed at bazaars, every precaution is being taken by those in charge of this bazaar to guard against waste and unnecessary expense. All the workers have volunteered their services and no salaries or commissions will be paid.

The bazaar will be open for only two days, and a patriotic dramatic entertainment will be given each evening. A feature will be the attention it will pay to food conservation. No refreshments will be served which conflict with Mr. Hoover's regulations, and a booth will be devoted to an exhibition of economical methods of cooking. Several important persons are expected to speak at the opening of the bazaar.

Among the patrons and patronesses are Adolph Lewisohn, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff, Louis Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph S. Ochs and Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim.

APPOINTS WAR FUND HEAD.

Secretary Baker Names W. H. Barnum for Advisory Committee.

"I know the American people will join with President Wilson and with the Navy and War Departments in striving to build an army vigorous and sound physically, mentally and morally—an army which shall bring home no other scars than those won in honorable warfare." This message was sent by Secretary of War Newton D. Baker in appointing William Henry Barnum of 111 Broadway Chairman of the City Advisory Committee of the War Camp Community Fund yesterday.

Additional impetus was given to the campaign by the presence of John N. Willys, Chairman of the National Committee, John F. Schindler, Chairman of the Executive Committee; Charles H. Sabin, Treasurer of the National Committee, and Ernest Stauffen, Jr., Treasurer of the City Advisory Committee, are expected to confer with Barnum shortly on ways and means of bringing the campaign for $4,000,000 to a successful conclusion. New York City's quota of this is $1,000,000.

City Gives Hotel for War Work.

The St. George Hotel, New Brighton, S. I., taken over by the city as part of the County House site, has been turned over to the Richmond County Chapter of the American Red Cross, the Navy Branch of the Y. M. C. A., and other allied activities, and will be known as the War Service Building. There will be a formal opening on Saturday afternoon next from 3 until 10 o'clock.

SOLDIERS SEIZED ON TRAIN.

Police Turn Two Men Over to Military Authorities.

Two young men were arrested last night at Jamaica and later turned over to the military authorities at Camp Mills when the police learned that the prisoners had not received permission to leave Camp Upton, where they had been sent recently. The men, who gave their names as John Callas and Henry Ellinger, said they lived in Manhattan and had been sent with the drafted men to Upton. They were on a Long Island Railroad train when they first attracted attention. They both claimed they were entitled to the reduced fare allowed soldiers, although Callas was not in uniform. When they refused to pay any more the conductor telegraphed ahead to Jamaica, where the two men were turned over to the police.

At the station house Callas became so worked up that he fell in a fit and a doctor from St. Mary's Hospital was summoned. The army officials at Camp Upton were called by telephone and the police claim to have received assurances that the men had left camp without permission. Callas would not say where he got the civilian clothes, which were noticeably too large for him.

Passers to Help War Fund.

On Thanksgiving afternoon, at Alhambra Hall, the San Salvador Council, K. of C., five will face the Italian Catholic Club five in a special basketball match, the proceeds of which will go to the Council's war charities fund.

ANDREW CARNEGIE IS 82.

Many Congratulatory Messages Mark Birthday of Philanthropist.

Andrew Carnegie was 82 years old yesterday. He spent the day quietly at his home at 2 East Ninety-first Street, leaving the house only to take a short automobile ride with Mrs. Carnegie through the Park in the afternoon.

It was not desired to make a formal celebration of the day, and only a few close relatives and intimate friends called late in the afternoon to present their congratulations. A large number of congratulatory letters and telegrams were received, one of those most valued by Mr. Carnegie being from Charles M. Schwab.

SERVICE FOR ALCEDO DEAD.

Tribute to Torpedo's Victims at Naval Reserve Armory.

An official memorial service for the dead of the U. S. S. Alcedo, the converted yacht, which was torpedoed on Nov. 5, was held yesterday morning in the Naval Reserve Armory at the foot of Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn. The service was held at the suggestion of Rear Admiral N. C. Usher, Commander of the Third Naval District. Chaplan Thomas Montgomery Mark of the Naval Reserve conducted the ceremonies.

In addition to Chaplain Mark, Rear Admiral Usher and Commodore Robert P. Forshew, commanding the New York Naval Reserve, were present. Commodore Forshew read the names of the sailors who were lost, and said a few words in praise of the gallantry of the dead seamen.

CRAZED ACTOR A SUICIDE.

Wrongly Believed He Was Pursued by Secret Service Men.

Hallucinations that he was being pursued by Secret Service men and detectives of the Police Department because they suspected that he was a German spy yesterday caused Joseph La Franie, 28 years old, an actor, to commit suicide by inhaling illuminating gas at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Gertrude Simpson of 34 Downing Street, Brooklyn. The young man was found in his room on the second floor of the house with his head covered with towels and blankets and the gas turned on. La Franie lived with his parents at Newburg, N. Y. He was registered in the selective draft, and while awaiting a call to go to camp went to Brooklyn on a visit. A letter addressed to his relatives said:

"I have been followed day after day by Secret Service men and police detectives, and I am in deadly fear of arrest as they think that I am a German spy. Yesterday and today were something terrible, and I can stand it no longer. Good-bye and God bless you all for all that you have done for me. It is no use while these fellows are after me."

Coroner Ernest C. Wagner said that the young man's fear of arrest was due to dementia.

GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES

We offer the Following Mortgages on New York City Real Estate

Amount of Loan	Guaranteed Rate of Interest to Investor	Stories	Material	Type	Rental	Value of Security
$3,250	5%	2 & Cellar	Brick	Dwelling	$420	$5,500
4,000	5%	4 & Bas't	Brownstone	Apartment	1,296	9,000
6,500	5%	2 & Bas't	Brick	St. & Dw'g	1,500	13,000
15,000	5%	4 & Bas't	Brick	St. & Apt.	4,088	26,000

Details of other offerings in various amounts, with photographs of properties, furnished upon request.

Also Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates $100 & up, paying 5%

Free from Personal Taxation.

Write for booklet "The Ideal Investment," and December Investment List.

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CAPITAL AND SURPLUS MORE THAN $3,000,000

135 Broadway, New York. Phone 6580 Cortland

203 Montague St., Brooklyn. Phone 7100 Main

CHARGE CUSTOMERS MAY TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THESE SALES, HAVING PURCHASES BILLED JANUARY FIRST.

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PARIS — 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST NEW YORK

Announce beginning today—

Important Selling Events

in

Gowns — Wraps — Suits

Coats — Blouses — Millinery

and Furs

Saks' Overcoats for Men

$23 to $70

QUANTITY without quality means nothing—but the two together are a combination to be envied. Quality of tailoring at Saks is a rule—not an exception. Our tailors have been trained with but one thought in mind—that Saks overcoats should outpoint in every stitch and line any alternative, regardless of origin or design. Among our present assortments

Single-Breasters, Button Through Coats, Double-Breasters, Great Coats, Town Ulsters, Ulsterettes

in the pick of the world's best woolens, tailored as only master craftsmen know how.

Saks Clothes Are Saks Made

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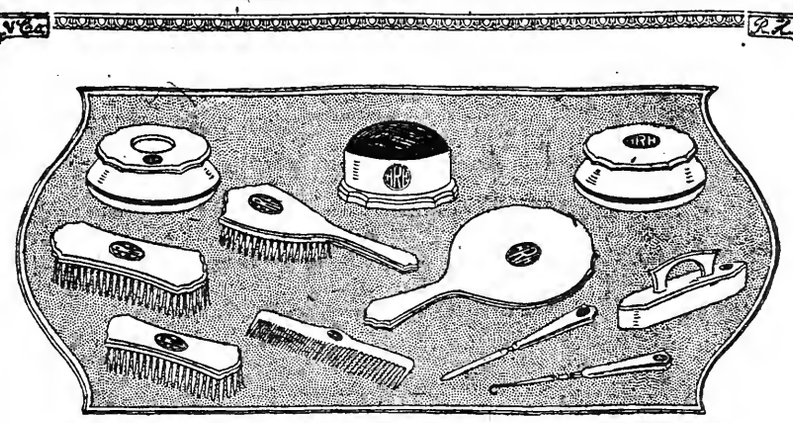

SPECIAL!

This 11-Piece "Ivory" Set

In Du Barry Design
With Three-Initial Monogram, Relief Carved

$21.89

A gift that will give lasting pleasure one that carries personal consideration, one that is sure to be appreciated.

The relief carving is the special feature. This treatment makes the letters stand out in bold relief against a hand carved background.

This set is of the fine, heavy quality "ivory." It consists of mirror, hair brush, hat brush, cloth brush, comb, hair receiver, puff box, nail polisher, button hook, nail file, and combination jewel box and pin cushion, Cushion in blue, pink, or old rose velvet. Set *illustrated*.

This complete set, as *illustrated*, may be had with entwined engraved monogram, at $19.34

CHRISTMAS FOUR WEEKS FROM TO-MORROW!

Macy's—Main Floor, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co.

Herald Square — New York

B. Altman & Co.

Women's Fashionable Suits
(tailor-made)

are now being offered at greatly reduced prices

Women's Ready-to-wear Suits,
(Third Floor)

B. Altman & Co.

Over Twenty Thousand Yards
of
Choice Dress Silks

will be offered to-day (Monday)

at extraordinarily low prices

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue,
34th and 35th Streets — New York

Gimbel Brothers

31st ST. - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

Gifts to Soldiers in France Till Dec. 5

Gimbel Brothers are pleased to announce that packages for soldiers abroad can be mailed up to and including December 5th, if addressed as follows: Name of man, Division, care of Commandant U. S. Expeditionary Force, Pier No. 1, Hoboken, N. J. Let our Post Office Department help. Expert accommodation.

GIMBELS—Third Floor

Congratulations!

Gimbels Are Ready to Outfit the New Officers

We have the largest military equipment section in the City of New York, probably the largest in the country.

Everything "Ready-to-Put-On" and Walk Out Which Applies to Both Officers and Enlisted Men.

Prices typical of the American soldier—fair and square.

Polite, courteous salesmen who know military needs.

For the Army Officer

Olive Drab Wool Overcoats
Olive Drab Serge Suits
Raincoats
Caps and Service Hats
Insignia and Bars
Army Shoes
Hat Cords
Puttees
Field Trunks
Swagger Sticks

For the Soldier on Foot.

Olive Drab Wool Overcoats
Olive Drab Wool Suits
Army Raincoats
Army Ponchos
Army Wool Shirts
Olive Drab Khaki Suits
Army Sweaters
Army Hats
Army Hat Cords
Metal Pocket Mirrors
First Aid Kits
Canteens
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Enlisted Men's Caps
Army Shoes

Our Made-to-Order Department

Suits and Overcoats on 5 Days' Notice

Your order will be handled with military precision. Cut and tailored by experts, of fabrics that have been O. K.'d by the Government—and which you see before you order.

Delivered to any part of the United States or France.

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Revillon Frères

Established 1723

CLEARANCE

of all cloth and silk Coats and Wraps
with or without fur trimmings

Cloth Coats silk lined *Now* $50 to $200
Formerly $100 to $350

Velvet and Silk Coats *Now* $85 to $225
Formerly $150 to $350

Evening Wraps FUR TRIMMED *Now* $95 to $235
Formerly $165 to $450

The sale includes imported models and attractive adaptations
No C. O. D.'s or approvals

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Chauffeurs' Outfit Special at $48.50

Overcoat, Suit and Cap to Match

Smart, perfect fitting, and durable, the best value in Motor Clothes for Chauffeurs that can be bought. A Double-Breasted Overcoat, a smart Norfolk Jacket, Trousers and Cap.

All made of fine gray worsted whipcord—the outfit complete $48.50, or as follows:

Suit $18.50
Overcoat . . $28.00
Cap $2.00

Other Outfits of Better Grade at $64.50 and $78.00
Chauffeurs' Raincoats—Guaranteed Waterproof—$22.00
Catalogue and Chauffeurs' Apparel Chart Mailed on Request.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY AT 49th ST.

SCRIBNER'S FOR CHRISTMAS
(December)

The purpose of this advertisement is to turn the pages of the Christmas Scribner's with you — to give you a quick idea of the holiday surprises prepared for you by the house of Scribner.

Great names mean great things in Scribner's. And when you have read "Flanders and Jerusalem," by John

GALSWORTHY

in this December issue, you will say that this distinguished British author's picture of what Jerusalem has given and now gives to the world, typifies the final conception of what it means to fight, to be wounded, and still to go on living.

No doubt the name of Henry

VAN DYKE

suggests just now those words, famous as a summary of the stand of Holland when he fought for peace as American Minister to The Hague. But in this December issue Dr. Van Dyke is known as the nightman of fallen trees and the wet and brings to you a poem of rare charm and beauty: "Frost-Time of Flowers in Holland." From another American author of distinction comes a message of peculiar interest just now,

EDITH WHARTON

in "The French — as Seen by an American" strips off the apparent inconsistencies of French character and reveals the national traits that are inspiring the admiration of Americans who really know the people of France to-day. In a different way, William Kay Wallace's "The True Italy" in this same number promotes a closer understanding of another ally — the nation that has produced Dante and Petrarch, Leonardo and Titian, Galileo and Columbus.

MEREDITH NICHOLSON

has written a story within a story — a tale of a novelist who changed his name and buried himself in new surroundings — of his daughter — and of a new novel which startled the literary world — and the amazing truth about it — known to only two men — and a girl. "The Heart of Life" is but one of the stories in this number. Louis Dodge, who wrote "Bonnie May," contributes one — "Wilder's Ride" — and Temple Bailey has written a new sort of Christmas story in "The Red Candle." Then there are Maxwell Struthers Burt's "Le Panache" and L. Allen Harker's "The Misfit" and Harriet Welles's "The Admiral's Birthday." Remember these and then remember that

SCRIBNER'S FOR 1918

will contain a notable series by Meredith Nicholson on the part that the Middle West plays in American life to-day — and to-morrow; fiction by Galsworthy, Van Dyke, Louis Dodge, Mary R. S. Andrews, Katharine Fullerton Gerould, Mary Synon, James B. Connolly, and many others. Edith Wharton, now in Morocco with a French Government party, will describe her unique experiences.

WINSTON CHURCHILL

is now writing a series about the war's changes in England's political and social institutions. These are but a very few of the great number of distinguished people who will contribute to next year's Scribner's — the best-balanced magazine in America.

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MANN TO RELINQUISH ACTIVE LEADERSHIP

Still Suffers Ill-Health, Hence Gillett and Lenroot Will Direct Republicans.

CONGRESS TO OPEN DEC. 3

Revenue, Loan, and Other War Legislation Expected to Monopolize Long, Busy Session.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25. — Congress will reassemble for the long session on Monday, Dec. 3, a week from to-morrow. It is believed that little other than war legislation will be attempted. Two special circumstances, however, will be shaped to allow of women suffrage amendment, and the prohibition forces are scheming for the greatest booby to succeed to get behind the prohibition amendment.

For the first time in many years the Republicans in the House will be without the leadership of James R. Mann. He was forced to leave Washington the last session because of illness, and although he has talked on the telephone from his home in Chicago with his colleagues, he has not been able to resume his duties. Mr. Mann's health is improving, but it is not believed that he will be able to return to Washington before the middle of January, and it is probable that he will not be able to be present at the opening of the session.

Upon the coming week Congressional leaders plan to confer with President Wilson concerning the session's program. Among those leaders already here are Senator Clark, Senator Martin of Virginia and Chairman of Democratic Congressional Committee Hull, Democratic and Republican Senate leaders, Senator Lodge, Senator Penrose, Senator Smoot, Senator Curtis, Senator Gronna, Senator Kenyon, Senator Capper, and Senator Gower of Kansas, Democratic and Republican whips.

Deserving Mother Asks Children.

CAMDEN, N. J., Nov. 25. — After her children came home from Sunday School, Mrs. Mary Wisniewski, 40 years old, of Haddonfield, near here, locked herself in her home and slashed her throat with a razor and will die, it was said to-night. Her husband, a coal and ice dealer, and their children discovered Mrs. Wisniewski lying on the floor. When neighbors discovered Mrs. Wisniewski's condition in a hospital here Mrs. Wisniewski's husband left her a note, says the police report, and this made her despondent.

War on Germany's Allies.

Whether war will be declared to exist against Austria-Hungary, Turkey, and Bulgaria has not been determined. It may be found that the subjects of those nations in this country can be declared alien enemies without an outright declaration of war, in which event they could be dealt with as Germans are.

Many members of Congress are expecting the President's message address for Dec. 4 with the question whether war with Austria, Turkey, and Bulgaria, Switzerland is involved such action is generally assumed now here.

Besides this coming week Congressional leaders plan to confer with President Wilson concerning the session's program. Among those leaders already here are Senator Clark, Senator Martin of Virginia and Chairman of New Democratic Congressional Committee Hull, Democratic and Republican Senate leaders, Senator Lodge, Senator Penrose, Senator Smoot, Senator Curtis, Senator Gronna, Senator Kenyon, Senator Capper, and Senator Gower of Kansas, Democratic and Republican whips.

Those men, one a manipulator and the other a progressive, are looked upon to represent both factions of the party and so to fit harmoniously to the changed political conditions which will be held after this session adjourns. Mr. Kahn probably will allow it to be known that these men and ranking Republicans on committees are to be recognized as controlling the policies of the party. Mr. Kahn of California will be in sole charge of legislation for his party originating with the Military Affairs Committee, and Mr. Butler of Pennsylvania will deal with naval legislation. No move will be made to elect a successor to Mr. Mann.

Several measures which relate to the war or to conditions which are supposed to follow it and which failed to pass at the last session are expected to come forward for discussion in the early days of the new session. One of those bills provides for fixing the prices of iron ore and iron and steel products. It is now before the Committee on Interstate Commerce and has encountered great opposition in the Senate.

Pickens' Civil Rights Bill.

A determined effort will be made to pass the Civil Rights bill, which failed in the closing period of the late session. This measure, intended as a 'stay' law for the protection of persons serving in the armed forces of the United States, passed the House, but did not reach the floor of the Senate. This sort of legislation has been enacted by ten States.

The Judge Advocate of the Army cooperated in drafting the bill before Congress. As to suits in the courts, this bill gives much discretion to Judges. It delays eviction of dependents of soldiers and sailors for non-payment of rent, forbids forfeiture on account of non-payment of installments due, prevents sales of property for non-payment of taxes, and prevents prejudice through foreclosure of mortgages.

Another measure permits combinations of American firms for foreign trade. This bill has the approval of the Administration. It is especially sought by small concerns, which are not able to enter foreign trade because of the expense involved. Germany and England permit such combinations. In this country the Sherman anti-trust law prohibits them. The present measure received a decisive vote in the House last session, and reached the head of the Senate calendar. When the Senate reconvenes, it will be the Senate's unfinished business.

Additional war revenues will be required, and another revenue bill will appear. Authority will be given for floating another loan, perhaps in February. How much borrowing will be done before the end of this fiscal year, next June, is a matter of speculation. The war costs have been greater than estimated, and two or three loans may be negotiated. One of the first steps that Congress will take probably will be the authorization of another loan.

Legislation probably will be asked to permit the railroads to pool their interests during the war. The roads, with the sanction of the Government, already have decided to do this. The President probably will ask Congress to legalize the expedient.

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Fifth Avenue Bus

WAR BOARD SPURS RAILROAD EFFORTS

Issues Fourteen Instructions to Increase Capacity of Their Equipment.

FAVORS LONGER SCHEDULES

More Economy in Fuel, Common Use of Terminals, and Shortest Routes Advocated.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25. — Vigorous action was announced today by the Railroads War Board to spur the railroads to redoubled efforts to increase their efficiency in order to meet the extraordinary demands for transportation this Winter. Fourteen specific instructions as to additional methods for increasing the capacity of their equipment and facilities were issued through the board's chairman, Fairfax Harrison.

While repeating and emphasizing the suggestions previously made, under which approximately 10 per cent more traffic was handled during the second quarter of 1917 than during the corresponding period of 1916, the board directs attention to the extraordinary additional amount of transportation that the carriers will be called upon to supply, and the new instructions go much further than any that have previously been issued.

Wherever possible railroads are directed to "arrange for common use of terminals and facilities to the ever diminishing extent necessary." They are also told, "wherever transportation can be conserved, to avoid the use of unreasonably circuitous routes, carefully avoiding, however, overloading direct routes."

Another important instruction is: "Longhaul passenger and fast freight trains scheduled during the Winter to promote punctuality, and avoid abandonment of trains that inevitably follow failure special trains to make their schedules."

Still further instructions are "to encourage the use of motor trucks and cooperation with trolley lines for handling short-haul freight," and to "enlist the services of water transportation lines in all reasonable and practical ways."

To avoid congestion at seaports and regional gateways the board advises the prompt use of embargoes, which, it says, "should be established immediately on signs of trouble, without waiting, as has frequently been done, until congestion has actually occurred; an ounce of prevention is worth not one but many pounds of cure."

Government Orders Emphasized.

The other instructions are as follows:

"Study thoroughly all priority and other governmental orders issued to promote movement of traffic and use of equipment, comply cheerfully and promptly therewith, and adopt the same attitude toward the orders of the commission on car service.

"Redouble efforts to:

(a) Increase the loads per car of bulk grain and other commodities, much of which still moves in light loads.

(b) Expedite car movements through yards and terminals.

(c) Check up and enforce demurrage rules rigidly.

(d) Check up and eliminate excess haul of commodities.

"Unload company material much more promptly.

"Curtail reconsignment privileges in every possible way.

"Increase loading by L. C. L. merchandise cars by extensioning 'sailing day,' a practice used with great success by some of our constituents.

"Increased fuel economy by closer inspection of firing practice and by extending the use of superheated steam, feed water heaters, &c.

"Review switching service at terminals and prescribe special movements so as to cut out all unnecessary detention of cars.

"Start a systematic, vigorous campaign to prevent unnecessary loss and pilferage. A study of the operations of which on one large system convinces us will result not only in a large money saving, but in saving twelve to eighteen hours' time on cars, and the consequent service to war regions, handling of bookkeeping account and billing at each respective terminal."

In explanation of the necessity for even greater efforts toward increased efficiency Mr. Harrison says:

"We are approaching the winter with apprehension of possible congestion on our railroads, notwithstanding all that has been accomplished to the limits of operation with the co-operation of Government agencies, shippers, and the general public in increasing their efficiency of operation. Our records show that in the second quarter of last year locomotives handled 8,811 cars each and each freight car 15.5 per cent more revenue ton miles than in the corresponding period in 1916, notwithstanding the addition of 4,865 locomotives and 381,000 freight cars to the equipment of the latter year.

"While the committee gratefully accords credit for this showing to the cooperative efforts of the carriers and the public, it considers it necessary to call attention to the extraordinary additional amount of transportation that the carriers will be called on to supply this Winter through the operation of conditions that have developed since our entry into war, the pressure from which is constantly and rapidly increasing in intensity.

"The commandeering of ships engaged in Atlantic and Pacific coastwise trade and of seagoing tugs plying between Newport News and New England ports throws on the railroads the burden of transporting much of the New England coal and cotton supply that formerly moved by water.

Transportation and Fuel.

"Many more troops, in addition to 1,200,000 already moved, will have to be transported and at least 2,500 carloads of supplies for their use must be handled daily this Winter. Proper response to these demands, and to the almost unlimited calls for fuel from all parts of our country, will require unremitting effort.

"It is evident, therefore, that, however heartily the public has already responded to our requests for cooperation, additional and most strenuous endeavors must be made, both by us and by them, to overcome the stress of Winter weather, overworked plants, and depletion of forces through calls to the flag and resignations to accept employment in shipyards and munitions factories.

"The railroads generally are very shorthanded, some of our constituents reporting a net shortage of 10% per cent in the number and a much larger percentage of loss in the efficiency of the forces because of the presence of inexperienced men. We recognize that every one is doing his best to bring conditions to help but cannot say that we feel in any degree encouraged. Should action to prevent us from doing the public as good service as we desire, we and every railway executive is ready to accept what we believe and to request the public to continue to exercise the patience and tolerance that has been shown."

Will Promote Judge Kellogg.

ALBANY, Nov. 25. — Governor Whitman's intention to appoint Supreme Court Justice Henry T. Kellogg of Plattsburg as Associate Justice of the Appellate Division, Third Department, was made public tonight. Judge Kellogg will succeed Justice Albert H. Chapman of Watkins, who will resign soon from the bench, having reached the age limit.

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To insure Victor quality, always look for the famous trademark, "His Master's Voice." It is on all genuine products of the Victor Talking Machine Company.

The Victor's service to the Nation at war

Members of Co. D, 303rd Engineers, National Army, listening to the Victrola at Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J. Drawing from photograph.

In the trenches
In camp
On shipboard
In the hospitals
At Y.M.C.A. centres
With the folks "back home"

Music — a war-time necessity

A famous general once said that the only enemies he ever feared entered the battle with a song on their lips.

Patriotism is three parts emotion and music is the language of the emotions.

Courage is born of the heart and music speaks straight to the heart.

In times that try men's souls, every force which keeps the nation's spirit bright is a great and positive asset. Every means of combating trial with happiness must be carefully conserved and fostered.

A nation at war requires food for its soul as well as for its body. The morale of the fighting forces must be maintained. The mental and moral resources of the people must be preserved at their full vigor. Recreational and cultural activities must provide the needed relaxation, revive the drooping spirits, soften the sting of sorrow, instil new ardors of bravery and determination. The sound of laughter must be heard in the land.

Instinctively men turn to music for entertainment and inspiration. Music speaks a tongue that all can understand, that nothing else can speak. It reaches down to the hidden springs of feeling, replenishes and freshens them. To the mysterious power of music, the pulse responds and hopes run high. Under its healing influence, gloom and despair lose their evil grip.

Imagine, if you can, a nation going into war without the thrill of music! Imagine, if you can, a nation battling through the dark days of a prolonged struggle without the heartening comfort of music!

The Victrola is literally the nation's chief source of music. More Americans — and Americans in the making — have learned "The Star Spangled Banner" from the Victrola than from any other one source. The Victrola is in millions of homes. It is in camp, on shipboard, in the trenches, the hospitals, the schools, and the churches. It is the principal source of cheerfulness and entertainment to the soldiers and sailors of Uncle Sam. "Back home" among the folks behind the army — the farmers, the men and women in the fields and the factories, in city and in country, the Victrola is one of the greatest — if not *the* greatest — means of diversion.

It is the mission of the artist to create beauty and pleasure. It is the mission of the Victrola to carry them directly to the people, to plant them in their homes and thus to contribute to their mental and spiritual well-being.

The tremendous popularity and use of the Victrola and Victor Records indicate how strongly established they are in the affections of the people, how completely they are fulfilling a national need.

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These make up the usual Dutch lunch — but what will you serve to drink?

For years the host and hostess have been asking themselves that same question — especially whenever the occasion happens to be one of those cozy little after-theatre or "in-between-times" parties. Now, there is a ready answer —

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Bevo — the all-year-'round soft drink

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SEE THAT CROWN BEARS THIS FOX — CAUTION — SEE THAT THIS SEAL IS INTACT

Guard Against Substitutes

Have the bottle opened in your presence, first seeing that the seal has not been broken, and that the crown top bears the Fox. Bevo is sold in bottles only — and is bottled exclusively by

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ALL BRITISH LABOR ON FULL WAR BASIS

Merchants' Association Here Issues Report on Industrial Conditions in England.

REGULATE PROFIT AND WAGE

Strikes Practically Eliminated by Measures Which Insure Good Living and Working Conditions.

The methods adopted by the British Government to provide satisfactory working agreements between organized labor and munition manufacturers and to prevent the disarrangement of industry which was threatened by the practice of bidding workingmen from one plant or trade to another, is discussed in a study of the industrial and labor history of Great Britain during the war by the Merchants' Association.

The report, issued yesterday, takes up in detail the steps taken by the British Government to deal with the waste and loss of efficiency caused when a booming industry began to strip the working force of other industries which were not experiencing such flush times. The British Government was especially strict in preventing one manufacturer from hiring away the employes of another man in the same line. On this subject the report says:

"The shifting of labor from establishment to establishment, from work of great importance to work of less importance, from war work to civil work, has been checked by a system of licenses.

"No non-essential industry which uses materials essential for war purposes or employs labor which could be used in the manufacture of munitions now exists in England. Therefore, there is little risk of labor, which is engaged in the manufacture of munitions, leaving for civil work.

"It was soon found in England that some manufacturers had taken on orders that could not be filled without a large increase in their labor force. Accordingly, such manufacturers had set about getting the necessary workmen in the most uneconomic way possible; that is, they tried to get labor from other plants. A system of labor auctioneering and enticement was found to be going on all over the country. This situation was ended by two regulations under the Defense of the Realm act, which, stated in effect that:

"(1) No employer in the engineering industry (machine shops and other metal working plants) should offer an enticement or endeavor to entice away an employe from any other employer in that industry. Should he do this, he was liable to a heavy penalty.

"(2) The Ministry of Munitions was empowered to regulate and restrict the employment of labor in any factory. If an employer offers an enticement to other labor, or if he is found using the labor he has in an uneconomic way (holding labor for future contracts or using a skilled man on a machine which a less skilled man could operate) an embargo is laid on that firm, and it is not permitted to engage any labor of any sort except under license from the Ministry of Munitions. In this way a plant can be watched and the man power in that plant can be economized as much as possible."

Labor Works in Harmony.

Conferences between the Government and representatives of organized labor in the Spring of 1915 reached a series of agreements which were later embodied in the Munitions of War act and became the solution of the labor problem in Britain. The report says:

"This act is legislation by agreement between government, capital, and labor. It covers practically everything that could be manufactured for war purposes. There was not a single clause in it that had not been the subject of discussion and agreement between those three interests. The following were the principal features of the agreement:

"(1) The Minister of Munitions received power to control factories engaged principally on the manufacture of munitions. The control of these factories amounted to a right of the Minister of Munitions to take the plant over altogether from the owners. That right has been rarely exercised, and exercised only when the management failed to comply with the requirements of Government. Such cases have been exceptional, probably only two or three in number. As part of his powers in regard to these factories (and this actually became law) the Minister of Munitions has definite authority to limit the profits of such plants. The profits were limited to an increase of one-fifth over an average of the profits of the two years preceding the war.

"(2) The trade unions agreed that, in view of the fact that a definite limitation had been put on profits, the wages of the employes should be fixed at the rates which existed at that time. There was to be no fluctuation upward or downward, except by consent of the Minister of Munitions. It was agreed that neither capital nor labor should make a profit out of the nation's needs. The Government, having fixed wages, appreciated that it became its duty to see that the labor so dealt with should not suffer from the increased cost of living. It set up a Committee on Production. One of the duties of this committee consisted in hearing evidence as to the increased cost of living three times every year.

"Evidence is brought before it by trade union officials, or any one concerned, and the committee has all the Government statistics in regard to the increased cost of the necessities of life. Assuming that the living costs have gone up, the committee then makes, (in the nature of a war bonus,) a national award to all employes on war work, payable by the employer, but to be recovered from the Government.

Strikes and Lockouts Illegal.

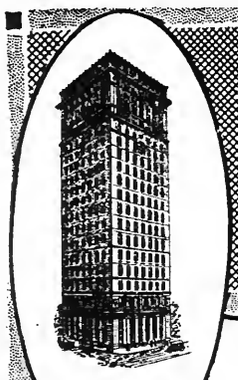
"(3) Strikes and lockouts became illegal and arbitration became compulsory. It was agreed that any trade disputes in war industries should be submitted compulsorily to arbitration, which the Government should arrange. A strike or lockout in peace times was looked upon as more or less a domestic matter. The Government very rarely interfered, and only when it became a widespread inconvenience. However, the Government took the view that its duties in peace time and war time were very different. It took the view that it could not tolerate interruption of supplies resulting from differences between employers and employes. It took the view that its duty was to interfere between employers and employes to prevent interruption of supplies vital to the success of the armies. The Government viewed this matter with such gravity that power was granted by this act to imprison for life any one who incited to strikes or interfered with the operation of the agreement. It has never become necessary to enforce this penalty. Public opinion has generally enforced this act very effectively.

"(4) The trade unions agreed to waive all their practices and customs which tended to restrict either employment or output, such as the employment of only union labor and the use of only skilled persons on skilled jobs; and they promised to do their utmost to see that the agreement was carried through. They agreed also that any person, man or woman, would be allowed to do any kind of work. In return for these important concessions the Government pledged itself to restore pre-war conditions in shops after the war. The trade unions, their leaders, and the rank and file have abided very loyally by that agreement and act."

The Industrial Bureau stated that it would be misleading to say that no labor troubles had occurred since this act was adopted but that there had been only three strikes which might be regarded as serious, and that none of these had lasted for more than a week. Moreover, not a strike has occurred since this time for higher wages, and no strike has occurred in which the labor union officials have not stood by the Government.

Art Treasures Burn with Palace.

MADRID, Nov. 25.—The Medinaceli Palace, in the Province of Soria, has been destroyed by fire. Many of the objects of art, which are of priceless value, were saved. The fire was caused by a defect in the heating apparatus.



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Such matters as the Pope's Peace Proposal, the German Diplomatic Intrigues, the Battles in France, the Czar's Abdication, the Atrocities in Serbia and Armenia, the First Six Months of what has been accomplished by the United States, China's latest civil war, the loss of life, &c., &c., (fifty different subjects,) fill the pages.

[220 Pages of which 46 are illustrations]

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CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE OF THE NEW YORK TIMES
TIMES SQUARE NEW YORK CITY NEW YORK

AMERICANS
HOW ARE WE BUILDING?

THE National Day of Judgment has come upon us "as a thief in the night." For one hundred and forty-two years we have been at work in such a field and with such material as no people has ever had before since the beginning of time. And now the hour has struck for an accounting. The great Audit has been ordered and our books are being scanned. As we have sown so shall we also reap.

For the victory in this titanic war is to rest with that people which has founded its house upon a rock. We are in a struggle not primarily of men, guns, ships, or money, but of moral fibre, and the peoples whose institutions stand the acid test—they and they only—can survive.

If we have truly builded on the foundation that "all men are born free and equal"; if we have been fair in business, just in law, honest in politics; if all men have really had an equal chance here, we are safe. If even with an imperfect record, we have more nearly approached these ideals than any other nation, no power on earth can stand against us—for we are learning at last what so long we have wilfully ignored, that moral, not physical force rules this universe.

And will our record stand the proof? To doubt it would be treason—though we have abundant evidence that we have sown some seeds of bitter fruit. But in this crucial hour we dare not rest our case. If there are errors to repair we must repair them; faults to make good, we must make them good. So long as the decision is pending we have ceaseless work to do.

Fellow American business men—what power there is to sink or to save at this late hour is largely vested in us. We influence more laws, more institutions, and more individual lives than any other element of our population. If our influence today is felt unitedly for national and personal righteousness it may be the determining factor in saving democracy.

There is only one measure of business success today and that is service. And if we are broad enough to put the spirit of service first we shall find better business along with higher usefulness.

With everything we hold dear at stake this is no time for self-consciousness. Believing as we do that our national safety depends on the spirit of our people, we have thought it money not only well spent but well invested to publish this message to the business men of New York and to plead with all who feel its import to speak likewise, as the spirit moves them, for the betterment of public spirit, private morals, and business conditions generally, while our country's very existence is hanging on the uplift of all three.

* * *

This is the first of a series of three or more business messages which will be published by this company at weekly intervals, each dealing with a subject of vital importance to the economic stability of our country in the present time of stress & danger

PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY OF NEW YORK

ACTOR AND MANAGER CELEBRATE PEACE

Noted Players and Producers Dine Together, Delighted Over Their New Agreement.

SEE END OF OLD TROUBLES

Francis Wilson Says Even Actors Would Be Willing Now to Discuss Cut in Salaries.

The recent ratification of the standard theatrical contract by the United Managers' Protective Association and the Actors' Equity Association last night brought together nearly 500 members of those two bodies at a dinner of celebration at the Hotel Astor. The occasion wrote theatrical history, marking the first time that the actor and the manager have formally and officially smoked the pipe of peace. The ratification of the contract, which became effective on Nov. 1, was the culmination of negotiations which extended almost from the time of the organization of the Actors' Association, five years ago. The association now has 3,300 members.

The balance of power was retained last night by having Marc Klaw, President of the Managers' Association, act as Chairman, and Francis Wilson, head of the Actors' Association, officiate as toastmaster. Other speakers were Daniel Frohman, Janet Beecher, William H. Crane, James K. Hackett, Alf Hayman, Howard Kyle, Henry Miller, Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson, E. H. Sothern, Lucille Watson, Hugh Ward, and Oliver Morosco. David Belasco, who had been expected to speak, was called out of town and was represented by letter.

The gathering took for its keynote the declaration of Mr. Klaw that "we are all arteries of the same body, supplying life and blood to the same profession," and both managers and actors expressed their delight at the successful working out of their problems. Francis Wilson declared that the relation previously existing between manager and actor had been "nothing, if not barbaric," and commented with satisfaction upon the conditions and the possible reduction of changed prospect. Referring to present actors' salaries, a move which has been discussed by the managers, Mr. Wilson gave it as his opinion that the actor, should necessity demand it, would be quite willing to meet with the managers to effect a rearrangement upon a proper and equitable basis.

In the course of their addresses a number of speakers took occasion to refer to the newspapers in uncomplimentary vein.

"I would like to call attention to one thing," declared Mr. Klaw, "and that is the propensity of the newspapers to belittle things in the theatrical business. They place jingoism ahead of justice, and would rather be read than be believed. I recently read an editorial which referred to the 'audible wail' which had gone up from the managers because of the current depression, but, although the acoustics are very good in my vicinity, I have not heard any wail. And I think that the managers can stand the gaff as well as the newspapers."

Francis Wilson, referring to newspaper accounts of objections raised by the managers to the war tax, characterized them as "slander," and another reference to the newspapers was made later in the evening by Alf Hayman, head of the Charles Frohman Company. Mr. Hayman, after telling of Charles Frohman's request to him to "keep the banner flying" in the event that anything happened to him, declared that he had endeavored to do so.

"Some day when I meet C. F.," he continued, "I can look him squarely in the eye and tell him that I did my best. And that will be my reward for the slurs cast upon me by some of New York's newspapers.

"With the present impossible war tax, with inflated salaries, and with a greatly increased cost of production, matters in the theatrical business have reached a serious state. In Europe the newspapers are doing their best to get the people into the theatres, but in America they are doing their best to keep them out."

Hugh Ward, the Australian manager, proposed an affiliation of the American Actors' Equity Association and the Australian actors, who also have an organization. Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson suggested that the American, English, and Australian associations join hands in the taking of steps to take care of actors who are disabled in the war.

NEW MUSIC HALL AT YALE.

Building Erected in Memory of Albert A. Sprague Is Dedicated.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 25.—The Albert Arnold Sprague Memorial Hall, given to Yale as a home for the Music Department of the university, by Mrs. Albert Arnold Sprague and her daughter, Mrs. Frederic Shurtleff Coolidge, was dedicated today.

The building is a beautiful structure in Colonial style, containing lecture, recitation, and sound-proof practice rooms; a musical library, and a concert auditorium holding about 800 persons. It has cost more than $200,000, without furnishings. The Yale Department of Music, since it was organized in 1894, has never had an appropriate or permanent home, but has been housed in various buildings insufficiently adapted to its purposes.

The new building was given by Mrs. Sprague and Mrs. Coolidge in memory of Albert Arnold Sprague of the class of 1859. Not until after Mrs. Sprague's death were the plans finally approved, and when it was found that the amount given by her was not sufficient, the remainder was made up by her daughter, Mrs. Coolidge.

The exercises in the concert hall of the new building were opened at 12:20 o'clock with prayer by the Rev. William Adams Brown of New York. Dr. James Haskell Hewitt delivered a memorial address on Mr. Sprague. The architect, Charles Allerton Coolidge, of Coolidge & Shattuck, delivered the keys of the building to President Hadley, who made a brief address accepting the memorial building on behalf of the university.

There was then an address by Horatio Parker, Professor of Music at Yale, tracing the development and the present status of music in America. He admitted the debt that American music owed to Europe, but said that the development of music here was America's own.

At 4 o'clock there was a dedication concert in the concert room of the hall by the Berkshire Street Quartet, founded and maintained by Mrs. Frederic Shurtleff Coolidge. In place of the second violin, Hermann Felber, Jr., who has been drafted in the army, Edouard Dethier of New York played. The program consisted of Schubert's posthumous quartet in D minor, Beethoven's string trio Op. 9, No. 3, and Debussy's string quartet in G minor.

Mrs. Coolidge took as her guests from New York, in a special car, a large number of musicians and music lovers.

Century Theatre Lease Extended.

Following the announcement made several days ago that the Century Theatre would be kept open both Winter and Summer hereafter, it was stated yesterday by Charles B. Dillingham and Florenz Ziegfeld that they had signed a new lease with the Directors of the New Theatre Company, giving them possession of the theatre for an additional three years. It is purposed to introduce during the season a succession of musical comedy stars, each of whom will remain at the theatre about a month.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Norworth and Shannon, producers of "Odds and Ends of 1917," are preparing a second revue as the opening attraction of the new Norworth Theatre, in Forty-eighth Street. It will be entitled "Nick-Nacks of Now."

The date of the reopening of the Cocoanut Grove with "A Night in Spain" has been changed from Dec. 3 to Dec. 6. Raymond Hitchcock will be an added attraction.

A morning matinee, instead of an afternoon performance, will be given at the Palace Theatre in aid of the Red Cross on Dec. 7, National Red Cross Day. It will begin at 10:30 o'clock.

South American capitalists are planning to construct a replica of the New York Hippodrome in Buenos Aires, and in this event the Hippodrome spectacles will be transported annually to that city for Summer runs.

THREE SUNDAY CONCERTS.

Gogorza, the Philharmonic, and Percy Grainger Are Heard.

Emilio de Gogorza, the baritone, than whom no artist appeals to a more discriminating public, made one of his rare appearances in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon, singing with fine intelligence, sincerity of expression, and sureness of effect old French airs from Glück's "Iphigenie en Aulide," Monsigny's "Le Deserteur," and Gretry's "Anacreon," as well as modern songs of Duparc, Moussorgsky, Rachmaninoff, and Cuvillier. He gave an American negro composer J. Rosamond Johnson's "I Told My Love to the Roses," and also in English text Sir Edward Elgar's "Pleading" and Edwin Lemare's "The Bells of Rheims," the latter with a distinct war echo in the pianoforte accompaniment, done by Helen Winslow. Mr. de Gogorza, who inclosed in his programs a patriotic appeal for funds to build a great concert hall at Camp Upton, L. I., concluded yesterday with three gay songs given in the Spanish tongue, Alonso's "Hermosa Gitana," Ercilio's "Chanson Basque," and a "Postilion Song" by the late Enrico Granados.

The Philharmonic Society, under Josef Stransky, gave at its matinée in Carnegie Hall yesterday an orchestral program, including Tschaikowsky's symphony No. 4 and his "Theme and Variations," which the composer had led in person here at the hall's dedication in 1891, and which, on the present occasion, furnished the best playing of the day. Between the two Russian numbers there were three Wagner excerpts, the "Forest Sounds" from "Siegfried," the "Wotan's Farewell" from "Die Walkuere," which won a rising recall, and the third act prelude to "Meistersinger." Wagner himself approved concert versions of his works where their performance as opera was impossible, as is now the case in New York. The lack of scene and action is still felt, but for the present the music will be heard in no other way.

Percy Grainger, in khaki as an enlisted American army musician, but with hair grown a trifle longer since his recent furlough for concerts for the Red Cross, was warmly greeted by the Metropolitan's popular Sunday night crowd last evening, an audience that filled standing space and galleries, though leaving some empty seats on the ground floor. The former Australian pianist played a concerto of Greig, Op. 16, and his own arrangements of the "Irish Tune" and a "Flower Waltz" from Tschaikowsky. Claudia Muzio sang an air from "Madam Butterfly," and songs in French by Foudrain and Massenet. Thomas Chalmers, the American baritone, pleased the house with Tosti's "Mattinata" and a song by Morris Class, in addition to the prologue to "Pagliacci."

ARMY AND NAVY BENEFITS.

Broadway Stars at the Hippodrome and Manhattan Opera House.

Soldiers and sailors in uniform helped fill two of New York's biggest theatres last night at war benefit rallies. One was at the Hippodrome, under the auspices of the National Emergency Relief Society; the other in the Manhattan Opera House by the Minute Men of America.

Stars from practically every show on Broadway appeared. At the Hippodrome, where Jack Norworth of "Odds and Ends of 1917" acted as master of ceremonies, one of the most interesting features was Captain A. H. Boyce and his company of "Tigers" from Governors Island. Captain Boyce explained that his men were men in the draft who were drilling to perfect themselves in rudiments of military service before they were called to camp. He then put the "Tigers" through the manual of arms and various squad evolutions, to the delight of the soldiers and civilians in the audience.

At the Manhattan one of the best-received pieces was an act by Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Drew, "How Movies Are Made." After the act Mr. Drew explained in a speech that his son had been in France with the American troops since the first of May. His wife's brother, he declared, expected to sail inside of two weeks. He said that it was the regret of his life that age prevented him from enlisting.

The money realized at the Hippodrome was in the neighborhood of $6,000. It will be used to erect a clubhouse where soldiers and sailors in the city, either on leave or on the way to the front, may stay amid homelike surroundings.

"What's Your Husband Doing?" in Camp.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Nov. 25.—Three thousand of the Plattsburg training camp contingent crowded the camp theatre tonight to witness a special performance of George V. Hobart's farce, "What's Your Husband Doing?" given by the New York company in its entirety with the artists appearing in the piece at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre.

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-the only Exclusively First-class train to Southern California via any line
In California there are more than 4000 miles of paved motor roads—and every day an out-of-doors day
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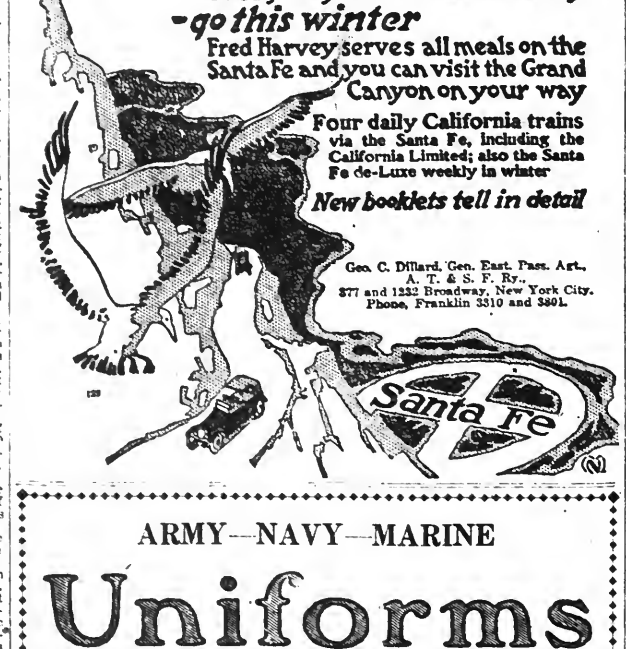

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THE plan of an American mother to train her children without the use of the word "Don't," through their allowance of spending money.
THIS chart is a little thing that a mother buys for a dollar and then realizes in a few weeks that the purchase has marked a turning point in the life of the family.
At department and book stores, or mail $1 to
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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Eves. 8:15. 50c to $2.00 NO HIGHER | FOR ALL PERFORMANCES INCLUDING SAT. NIGHT.
KLAW & ERLANGER'S MUSICAL COMEDY TRIUMPH
3 DELIGHTFUL HOLIDAY WEEK MATINEES! WEDNESDAY, THANKSGIVING DAY and SATURDAY! THE RIVIERA GIRL
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:20
"A COMPLETE TRIUMPH."—Herald. "QUAINT, FANTASTIC, APPEALING, HUMAN, AMUSING."—Alan Dale.
ANN MURDOCK | THE 3 BEARS
"The most amusing light comedy I have seen this season."—Louis Sherwin.
GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way 43 St. Eve. 8:30 Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:30
"GREATEST TRIUMPH IN YEARS." MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in a new Comedy THE KING By Caillavet, de Flers & Arene.
CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:30
No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2.
MRS. FISKE in Philip Moeller's New Comedy, MADAME SAND
"An Evening of Pure Delight."—Mail.
HUDSON W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
Extra Mat. Thanksgiving Day.
EDWARD CHILDS CARPENTER'S COMEDY OF COURAGE
THE PIPES OF PAN
A NIGHT OUT
With Norman Trevor & Janet Beecher.
KNICKERBOCKER, B'WAY & 38TH ST. TONIGHT 8:25. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. NO ADVANCE IN PRICES. BEST SEATS $2.
Eleanor Painter in Harold Chopin's Comedy, "ART AND OPPORTUNITY"
GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:20 No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2.
Alexandra Carlisle in THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY, The Country Cousin
LIBERTY W. 42 ST. EVS. 8:25 | LAST 8 TIMES. Mats. Wed., Thur., Sat. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2.
LAURETTE TAYLOR in J. Hartley Manners' New Comedy, "THE WOOING OF EVE"
Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON.
NEXT W'K—SEAT SALE THURS. A New Musical Comedy The GRASS WIDOW
HARRIS W. 42 St. Eves. 8:30. Mats Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
WE PAY THE WAR TAX
SEE LOSING ELOISE (THE NAUGHTY WIFE) AND FORGET YOUR TROUBLES.
"GORGEOUSLY FUNNY." Louis Sherwin, Globe.
FULTON W. 46th ST. EVES. 8:20 | LAST 8 Mats. Wed., Thur., Sat. TIMES.
"Broken Threads"
COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:20
Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years.
A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL
LYCEUM West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO presents Tiger Rose
PARK B'way & 59th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:15
THE THEATRE THAT NEVER HAS CHARGED THE WAR TAX.
Quinito Valverde's Fantastic Review THE Land of Joy
—TONIGHT FIRST TIME— EVERYTHING NEW EXCEPT THE SPANISH DANCING
BELASCO West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tomor. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30
EXTRA MAT. TOMORROW (Tues.)
DAVID BELASCO Presents Polly With a Past
ELTINGE W. 42d St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:30
Business Before Pleasure
With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr
REPUBLIC W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed., Thurs., & Sat. 2:30 | LAST 8 TIMES
On With the Dance
WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.
Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN | GLOBE B'way 46 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20.
Jacques Copeau's Theatre du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35th. Greeley 1522. No Mats. This W'k.
OPENING PERFORMANCE TOMOR'W, 8:30.
LES FOURBERIES DE SCAPIN.
Next Week: Barberine & Le Pain de Menage.
MOTION PICTURES.
LAST 7 DAYS
Matinee Today 25c-50c
William Fox Presents THEDA BARA in Cleopatra
The Super-Vampire PHOTO-SPECTACLE
LYRIC Theatre, W. 42nd St. Twice Daily 2:30 & 8:30. Nights 25c to $1. All reserved.
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TODAY & TOMORROW
Geraldine Farrar IN "THE WOMAN GOD FORGOT"
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MATS. 15-20c. EVGS. 20-30c.
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Double Feature Program All Week.
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RIALTO B'way, 42d 30-30-60 | WILLIAM S. HART in "The Silent Man." Soloists, Comedy. Incomparable Rialto Orchestra.
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Loew's New York Theatre. & ROOF. 10, 15, 25c. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
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Comedy With Music—With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS
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Mats. Wed., Thanksgiving & Sat.
Last Thurs. Tickets Good Tonight.
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Over the Top T. Roy Barnes, Justine Johnstone, Craig Campbell
60 Pretty Justine Johnstone Girls.
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PRINCESS Theatre Beg'g Thurs. Eve. 8:30
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DOROTHY DONNELLY Presents
SIX MONTHS OPTION
New Comedy of Love and Marriage.
BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thanksgiving & Sat.
Odds and Ends OF 1917 Harry Watson, Jr. Lillian Lorraine and Jack Norworth
PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Evs. 8:30 sharp. Mats. Wed., Thanksgiving & Sat.
Grace George in HENRY BERNSTEIN'S GREAT PLAY "L'ELEVATION" (THE HEIGHTS)
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thanksg'g & Sat.
Smartest of Musical Comedies "Oh, Boy"
PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2.
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EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING.
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LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION
MAYTIME Tingling Music. Charming Story. 100% Talent.
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.
"A Credit to Our Country is Maytime," says Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation."
BROADHURST 44th, West of B'way. Phone Bryant 64. | Evgs. 8:20.
POPULAR MATINEE TOMORROW, 2:20.
DONALD BRIAN in "Her Regiment"
By Wm. Le Baron & Victor Herbert.
EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING.
48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Thanksgiv'g & Sat. 2:15.
"BRILLIANT, RAPID & DRAMATIC." — American.
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IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex
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George V. Hobart's Farce with Hale Hamilton WHAT'S YOUR HUSBAND DOING?
MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:20.
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LOMBARDI, Ltd. with LEO CARRILLO
LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat.
DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY
LEAVE IT TO JANE
EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY.
BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:25 Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:25.
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Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mts. Wed., Thanks'g, Sat.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH
ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Wed., Thanksgiving, Sat.
The Very Idea
Ernest TRUEX, Richard BENNETT.
"Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune.
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44th ST. THEATRE Tonight 8:15.
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New Songs, New Dances, New Specialties.
HITCHY-KOO
with RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, ROCK AND WHITE, LEON ERROL, IRENE BORDONI
COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:45. Mts. Thanks'g & Sat.
WASH'GTON SQ. PLAYERS
LAST 8 TIMES of "IN THE ZONE" and 3 Other Plays
Mon., Dec. 3—Entire Change of Bill. Seats Now.
CORT West 48 St. Eves. at 8:20 | LAST 8 Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. | TIMES.
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"DE LUXE ANNIE" with JANE GREY
STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Eve. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomorrow, 25c and 50c.
EVERYWOMAN HER PILGRIMAGE IN QUEST OF LOVE.
LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 124 St. Eve. 25c to $1 Mat. Tomor'w, 25c & 50c
"DAYBREAK" with BLANCHE YURKA.
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. Eve. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.
The Most Wonderful Fascinating Lavish Colossal Gorgeous Production in the History of the American Stage
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Now In Its 2nd Year In London.—Co. of 300.
Prices: Eve. & Sat Mt. 25c-$2. Wed. Mt. 25c-$1.
EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING
Always 300 Seats in the Orchestra at $1.50. (Except Saturday Night & Thanksgiving.)
SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE
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4th St. and 7th Ave. Tel. Spring 6409 | Evgs. 8:45.
3 One-Act Plays. Prices $1.50, $1, 50c. | Mat. Sat. 2:30.
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B'way at 52d St. Morn.—Aft.—Eve.
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NEWMAN Our Real Americans THE INDIAN
TRAVELTALKS Color Views & Motion Pictures
WED., NOV. 28
4 & 8:15 P. M.
Our Hawaii, Dec. 5; Our West Indies, Dec. 12.
Tickets, 50c to $1.50, on Sale Now Academy of Music.
The Brooklyn Institute of Arts & Sciences.
Harold Bauer
Piano Recital NOV. 27 8:15 P. M.
ACADEMY of MUSIC
Tickets Now on Sale.
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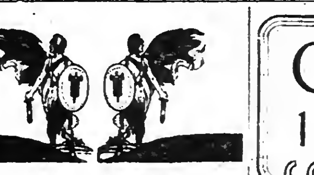
HERO LAND
French Day To-Day
THIS AFTERNOON
1 P. M.-6 P. M.—General Dancing (Grand Hall, Main Floor.) Mlle. Semiramis of the French Opera will sing popular American Songs, in French.
4 P. M.-6 P. M.—The Little Theatre (Fourth Floor.) (Authors' League Fund.)
12 M.-4 P. M. 6 P. M.-8 P. M.—British Government Latest War Pictures.
4 P. M.-6 P. M. 8 P. M.-10 P. M.—French Government Latest War Pictures.
THIS EVENING
Famous Stars of Stage Land and the World's Greatest Ice Skaters.
SOLO DANCING
by the Petite Japanese Artiste.
MME. KOMAKO KIMURA.
10 P. M.—"The Marseillaise," by Mme. Seygard-Lane.
Then Skating—Alfred and Sigrid Naess, (courtesy of the Biltmore.) Ellen Dallerup and Kathe Schmidt, (courtesy of Thomas Healy.) Harry Paulsen & Elsie, (courtesy of Thomas Healy.)
11 P. M. — Jack Davis and Jane Rogers, (courtesy of the Waldorf-Astoria.) Hilda Rueckert, (courtesy of Thomas Healy.)
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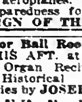
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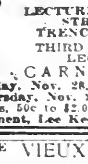
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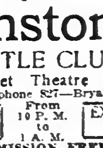
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NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOV. 26, 1917.

OUR THREE-BILLION-DOLLAR BANK.

The following table shows the dimensions to which our Federal Reserve banking system has grown, and without which this billion-dollar country could not so easily float its multi-billion loans:

RESOURCES.	
Total gold reserve	$1,584,328,000
Legal tenders, silver, &c.	52,525,000
Bills discounted and bought in market	681,719,000
Investments	243,179,000
Total resources (including minor items)	3,012,406,000
LIABILITIES.	
Capital	$66,691,000
Gross deposits (Including Government deposits $1,213,887,000, and due to members' reserve account $1,480,498,000, &c., less deductions.)	1,960,747,000
Federal Reserve notes in circulation	972,565,000
Federal Reserve Bank notes	8,000,000
Total liabilities (including minor items)	3,012,406,000

The gold held is half of the liabilities. The capital is small, but is enough to secure operations whose solidity is indicated by the character of the assets. The smallness of the lock-up is indicated by the fact that the investments—long term, short term, and city warrants included—are less than the commercial bills. The degree of liquidity indicated would be appreciated if it could be contrasted with the like entries for even commercial banks in the old days, and even now with Wall Street institutions which adhere to their preference for collateral loans, despite the repeated demonstrations that they are least available under conditions of greatest necessity. It will be fortunate when our entire banking system is made over to some likeness with our Federal system in this respect. It is not the fault of the Federal Reserve Bank that the bills discounted are less than they might be. That is attributable rather to the member banks, and to their difficulties in inducing their customers to substitute acceptances and the discount market for the system of open accounts.

On the liabilities side the note issues are shamed by comparison with the like issues by other banks of its class throughout the world. The character of the notes is even more remarkable. They are mostly gold certificates, to use the familiar phrase, rather than bank notes. The great majority are issued dollar for dollar on the currency principle, rather than on the basis of the banking principle, allowing an issue larger than the assets which secure them. The gold reserve against note issues is over 65 per cent., and even against deposits is 62 per cent. If there is in the world a bank open to the reproach of being superfluously strong, our Federal Reserve system is it.

The failure to use fully the resources available to us is only partly indicated by the above statement of facts. It includes nothing about the equal resources of gold which lie outside all banks, being in general circulation, as well as outside the Federal Bank. On the first of this month there was over three billions of gold in the country, and it is constantly increasing. The increase of gold coin in October was $228,000,000, or more than double the increase of note issues. The total money of the country now is $5,768,711,565, an increase in a year of just about a round billion.

These figures would be more agreeable reading at another time, when money was more wanted than goods, for example. Gold is an embarrassment now in several nations, not a few having erected barriers against it by reducing their offers for it. The anomaly of the situation is increased by the fact that the nation which has the greatest stock ever accumulated in the world's history is erecting barriers against its export. The saying that during war laws are silent is shown to have a complement in the fact that during war economic laws fail to control finance. We are the only nation indisputably and entirely on a gold basis. We cannot get goods for gold. We must sell goods for paper. This is an absolute must, not the ordinary compulsion of profits in trade. We must do business on the terms of the rest of the world, so far as we can do it at all, or suffer defeat worse than bankruptcy. No financier ever dreamed of such facts until they occurred. It is indeed a new era, in which old arguments are open to reconsideration.

SCOTCHING A SNAKE.

Everybody knows what the war aims of the nations attacked by Germany are. The demand that we should restate them every few hours is not caused by any doubt about them or any desire to know what they are. It springs from the hope that in some such restatement some one of the Allies may say something which will cause discord with some other one, and thus help Germany to drive a wedge among them. In the case of the United States this demand, which proceeds solely from persons under German influence and from persons not intelligent enough to recognize German influence when they see it, comes with a peculiar impudence; for the President has stated our war aims at least twice within eight months. Its insincerity is shown by its instant renewal, after each of these utterances of his, as if he had not spoken.

Lately, however, the sinister influences back of this form of propaganda have taken a new and ingenious tack. Without exactly dropping their impertinent demand that the President go on restating our war aims until in some unguarded moment he drops some expression that will give offense to some of the Allies, it now emphasizes a new and equally hypocritical pretense. This is that while the President has stated our war aims often enough, the Allies have not stated theirs with equal frequency; and therefore the President is called upon to pester France, England, and Italy for repetitions of their pronouncements on the subject.

The President has ignored this singularly contemptible form of German propaganda. Its character calls for that mode of treatment. But now Colonel HOUSE, on the eve of the war conferences in Paris, announces through The Associated Press that "war aims will not be discussed," and that the American mission is there "solely for the purpose of furthering "the prosecution of the war and the "co-ordination of resources." It may be conjectured that in Europe the authors of the propaganda have gone so far as to spread the rumor that the President had sent the mission there for the purpose of forcing a new statement of war aims. Whether this is so or not, the House statement is a complete and effective way of suggesting that, so far from being made the catspaw of this form of German propaganda, the President is not even paying the slightest attention to it.

WILL RUSSIA BREAK UP?

Speculations on the fate of Russia have usually assumed as a basis the continued existence of the country we now know by that name, with its present geographical bounds. It is quite possible, however, that that vast empire will disappear, resolving itself into its constituent elements. The declarations of independence by Finland, Ukraine, and other factors in the empire—the latest such declaration, that of the Caucasus, was reported only yesterday—may be symptoms. Russia is an enormous bundle of nations, which hitherto have been tied together by the string of Czardom. The string has been cut. The bundle may fall apart.

The tendency of the French Revolution was centripetal, the tendency of the Russian revolution may be centrifugal. So far as it may be said to have developed any tendency whatever, it seems to be in the direction of disunion rather than union. This applies not only to such declarations of independence as we have mentioned, which may be things to reckon with and may be only madnesses of the moment, but to such an event as the Cossacks under General KALEDINES taking over the management of the Don region and administering it without regard to the kaleidoscope of Governments at Petrograd. The Cossacks have shown indifference and even unwillingness to fight for the overthrow of the Bolshevik rule in the capital, but seem to have determined that they will charge themselves with the orderly government of that part of the country in which they are most interested.

Russia is such an enormous country that in the past, when her entrance into the ranks of free nations was forecast, it has frequently been assumed that that great size and weight would make her preponderant in influence. But she is not homogeneous. In that vast extent of territory were gathered together nations as foreign to each other in thought and life as the people, say, of Persia are from those of Sweden. A country that includes the Mohammedans of the Caucasus and the half-tamed tribes of Central Asia, Finns, Poles, Lithuanians, Ukrainians, and Cossacks is likely to be separatist without a common bond. There was a common bond; it is gone.

The empire still holds together, despite such uneasy movings as those in the Caucasus, Finland, and Ukraine, but it may be that habit has much to do with it. Habit would not control forever, in the face of the strong impulses toward separation which the revolution has set at work. There always seemed something unnatural about the size of Russia in a world of so much smaller countries. As long as she was backward, her size was neutralized by her inefficiency. Her backwardness was fostered by her form of government. Imagine such a colossus suddenly freed and enlightened and made efficient by democracy, and who could calculate her power? And so men used to argue, believing that history would repeat itself, and that the French Revolution, duplicated in Russia, was what was sure to come out of an overthrow of Czarism. History sometimes repeats itself, but has not a habit of doing it. If we must have a historical instance, perhaps we should go back to the fall of the Roman Empire. Those who overturned the Government at Rome by no means expected or desired that the empire should cease to be, and made honest and bewildered efforts to prevent that outcome, but when the tie that had held together so many incongruous nationalities was cut, they fell apart, and nothing could prevent it.

Hitherto, in all the pointless gambolings and cavortings of enfranchised Russia, men have looked for the signs of that necessary rise of a welding, coalescing principle which we should certainly see by this time in any other nation so placed. But it does not rise; on the contrary, all the movements to that end seem to die away. Perhaps it is because they are artificial and against the underground spirit of the land. Every attempt to summon a Constituent Assembly, even though the date and place and conditions were fixed by legal authority, has simply died out; it has not been antagonized or thwarted, it has perished of inanition. It may be that the soul of Russia is not interested in it; or rather the many souls of the different Russias.

Leaders arise, but none of them can command the support of Russia. It may be, as most of us have assumed, that this was because the individuals were incompetent, but it may be that there is no Russia to support them, or that there are too many Russias. When KORNILOFF led his men against Petrograd, emissaries from the city explained to his Mohammedan soldiers, those upon whom he most relied, what was the object of his invasion, and they then refused to support him. At the time this was cited merely as an amusing instance of the volatile and frivolous nature of his support. It may be that the Mohammedans knew what they were about, that they acted upon a selfish consideration of their own interests, and decided that Petrograd, whether Bolshevik, Kerenskyized, or Korniloffized, was nothing to them. At any rate, no leader and no party since that time has had any Mohammedans in his or its support.

It may be that the historian, looking back at the wake of the ship, will disregard the zigzag dashes and serpentine undulations which engross the attention of us who are close to it, and will see it as a straight line; and that he will describe the March revolution as the initiation of the creation of new nationalities which for many centuries had been gathered together under the illogical rule of the Czar.

THE RIGHT MAN MUST BE FOUND.

When Rear Admiral W. L. CAPPS was detailed as General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, he was suffering, as he says in his letter of resignation, from physical disability. It was only a question of time when he would break down under the burden imposed upon him. He has given of his best, at the risk of total disability. In accepting the Admiral's resignation, President WILSON writes: "It will be a very great loss to the "Emergency Fleet Corporation that "you must withdraw, and it particu-"larly distresses me to know that the "cause is your impaired health."

There will be general regret that so competent an officer as Admiral CAPPS is lost to the gigantic undertaking of constructing 1,000,000 tons of shipping by March 1 and 6,000,000 tons by the end of next year; and it must be said, too, that changes at the top, that is to say, in positions that call for executive experience as well as for creative talent, are to be deplored. The Emergency Fleet Corporation will not go ahead under full steam to carry out the shipbuilding program until it gets a manager who can be enlisted for the war because his capacity and strength are adequate to the tremendous demands upon them. He must have enthusiasm and vision as well as technical skill and adaptiveness to new conditions as they arise. Besides, he must be a human dynamo for work, and be able to inspire others to work to their physical limit for the success of the great shipbuilding project upon which so much depends.

Too much stress cannot be laid upon the importance of getting the right man for General Manager. If he is the wrong man, it will be idle to talk of 6,000,000 tonnage in 1918. The example of this executive head should reach right down through the mobilized rank and file to the mechanic in the yard, whose name must be legion if success on paper is to become success in the reality. An official of the Fleet Corporation sounds a note by no means confident when he says that the program for next year will probably be carried out "if the people of the "country wake up to the fact that the "nation is engaged in a death strug-"gle and get behind the drive." They will get behind it if the men at the top put their backs, as well as their brains, into the job and stick to it with genuine American spirit and grit. Then there will be the three shifts in the yards required if ships are to slide into the water according to schedule. Materials will be found, transportation supplied. But there must be enthusiasm as well as energy—at the top, there will then be plenty down below.

Chairman HURLEY has asked for a naval engineer or constructor in the post of General Manager. This recommendation should not be disregarded, unless an Atlas can be found outside the service. Another crisis has come in the affairs of the vast enterprise, the success of which we have often been told would win the war. Let no mistake be made.

THE FOES OF FREEDOM.

The Lowell, Mass., branch of the United Irish League has sent to Irish leaders in Ireland a manifesto that the misguided Sinn Feiners there and in this country need to study. How anybody can be so wrongheaded as to see in Germany a force for freedom anywhere passes understanding. "As "for any promises of independence "for Ireland coming from Germany, "with all our souls we denounce them "as hypocritical and insincere," say the Lowell United Irishmen, "but "equally to be spurned if they were "sincere." Ireland would be "un-"worthy of freedom if she lined up "with the modern ATTILA. Germany "is trying to make a catspaw of "Ireland, and unfortunately some "Irishmen are helping her horde of "paid agents in that direction."

The enthusiasts and the dupes in Ireland who are hurrahing for the Kaiser and shouting that "England's enemies are our friends," the "patriots" who hiss "The Star-Spangled Banner" and assault our sailors, the few American-Irish tools or gulls of Germany, the men who in the name of Ireland are doing their foolish best to injure the United States and freedom everywhere, need to ponder these words of truth and soberness from Massachusetts.

BASEBALL FOR THE BRITISH SAILOR.

According to a dispatch from "the base of the British Grand Fleet," where 100,000 men are on and off duty, baseball, American baseball, has been proposed as a solution of the problem of recreation. Naval officers tell us that the problem of amusing their men turns the hair gray. Jack ashore finds time heavy on his hands. His soul pines for violent physical action, even if he has to pick a quarrel on slight provocation. Skylarking and practical jokes soon pall. He wants a spectacle of arms flying and some sort of combativeness, or he is unhappy.

Cricket doesn't appeal to the British tar. It is too slow; besides, it is the sport of the "hupper classes." Boxing and wrestling he holds in high esteem, but proficiency in these exercises is uncommon and hard to acquire. But no American ever thought the day would come when British sailors would have a craving for baseball. However, they are under the spell of their American comrades now. They see baseball in a new light. It is worth while, after all. It is full of the spirit of combat; the excitement of it is contagious, and baseball without fair play, which the British Jacky loves, is impossible. So he is talking about baseball at "the base of the Grand Fleet."

There is a call for American instructors, and they will surely be forthcoming. We never expect to see John Bull in sailor's togs attain to the magical deftness that makes the spectacle of an American championship game such a hilarious delight. Indeed, one British officer at the "base" doubts whether his men will ever learn how to handle the ball and "line them out." He says, from his own observation, that it takes years of training to pick up a "hot grounder" with subconscious certainty, and that "solving" a professional pitcher's curves cannot be learned by a novice out of his teens. There is truth in that. The artists in baseball began their careers in a back lot at the tender age of 8. But British sailors are youngsters as a rule, that is, most of them. Therefore, baseball is within their reach as a recreation.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Propulsion from the Subconscious. A safe prophecy was that of Mrs. LILLIAN S. GRIFFIN, President of the Woman's Law Club, when she told the members of that organization that not until the men of New York lived on one side of the city and the women on the other would it be time for a like separation of voters into two parties divided by the sex line. As that is the same thing as saying never, of course Mrs. GRIFFIN was right, in spite of the misguided and pathetic efforts now making by what seems to be a majority of the more eminent woman suffragists.

It is not impossible that they will succeed in creating—for a brief existence and to the delight of all their enemies—something that they will call the Woman's Party; it is even probable that not a few male politicians will be moved by a delusive belief in the power of these leaders to make with them various deals and dickers of the sort so pleasing to their kind. On Election Day, however, the dealers and dickerers inevitably will discover that the "vote" for which they bargained was not delivered.

Why the suffrage leaders do not see that they are wasting their time in endeavoring to form a division equally impossible and undesirable is not obvious, but it is not inexplicable. It is not from lack of intelligence or of good intentions. Denial of either would be absurd in the case of Dr. SHAW, Mrs. CATT, Mrs. WHITEHOUSE, and a dozen others. Beyond almost any reasonable question they are inspired or compelled to make this lamentable mistake—to take action at odds equally with human physiology and with human psychology—by a realization that, when the women voters distribute themselves according to individual preference among the various political parties into which men have separated, the present leaders will find their occupation gone, and their pleasant prominence lost, to be regained, if at all, only by the display of qualities entirely different from those by which they achieved their present leadership.

It is no straining of charity to assume that in most instances, perhaps in all, this realization is entirely subconscious, and that, so far as they know, they are quite unselfish. They are not the first fighters for a "cause," and will not be the last, to struggle as vehemently, as vainly, against the obscurity to which its victory threatens to consign them.

Not Much of Originality in Evidence. As long ago as the Battle of the Somme, when the Germans first saw the so-called tanks in action, one of their staff reports described them as "monstrous engines," and said that "the enemy in the latest fighting has employed new engines of war as cruel as they are effective."

It was a piece of characteristic German inconsistency to call "monstrous" and "cruel" a military implement of admitted efficiency, but these epithets only illustrate again the now familiar fact that German sensibilities are even more easily and deeply shocked than those of other peoples when the argument of "military necessity" is used—against Germans. Presumably they have regarded tanks as nothing less than fiendish, now that at Cambrai their utility in the hands of the British has been shown to be, when conditions favor, even greater than that of heavy artillery.

It is the gentler word "new," however, as applied by the Germans to the tank, that is most interesting, for Germans are expected to be accurate, when self-interest does not require inaccuracy, and it is at least questionable whether this or any other weapon used on either side in the present war can strictly be credited with novelty.

The submarine and both types of flying machines—those heavier than air and those lighter—had been known for years before the great conflict began. As for the tank, though nothing just like it had hitherto been seen, all its essential features had been long familiar, including its caterpillar traction, its armor, and its guns. As a whole, it is an adaptation of old ideas to new uses, rather than an invention, and, except for the fact that it is a weapon of offense rather than of defense, one would wonder that it did not make its first appearance on the east, instead of the west, side of No Man's Land.

For the Germans, while very far from notable as inventors, do have a well-earned reputation for taking the discoveries of other peoples, improving them, and putting them to practical and profitable employment. That is all that can be said for the Zeppelin, of which the Germans were formerly so proud, and it was not German skill that made the submarine such a terrible weapon in their hands, but simply the fact that there were many ships at sea for the German submarines to sink and almost none that the submarines of the Allies had any motive even for attacking.

Paid High, but Not Too Much. Though the now notorious Army and Navy Bazaar diverted to private pockets more than $70,000 given and spent by the public under the laboriously and deceptively inculcated belief that all or most of it was to be used in making our soldiers and sailors safer and more comfortable, it is on the whole a cause for satisfaction that a malversation of funds so glaring should have occurred.

Had the promoters of that vicious enterprise been more moderate in their greed—had they been content to appropriate, say, only half the proceeds, instead of practically the whole—probably they would have escaped notice and the exploitation of generosity and patriotism would have been as safe in a long future as it has been in a long past. So, though the cost of directing public attention to an ancient evil was high, it can be viewed without much regret, or even with none at all, because of the indirect, but highly important, returns in the form of certainty that, for a while at least, the now enlightened populace will demand full information as to the disposition to be made of money thus collected.

It makes little difference whether we get or do not get some new laws on the subject, and nobody need mind that the laws proposed are to make an absurd discrimination between the bazaars and entertainments of religious and fraternal organizations and others. In every case there will be the same effective demand for a full explanation beforehand and for a rigid accounting afterward, and neither the unscrupulous nor the incompetent will be able the one to steal and the other to waste the huge sums hitherto so well within easy reach of both.

Taking Things as They Come.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of stories circulated relative to the treatment of our boys at the training camps, I am inclosing copy of part of a letter received on the 19th inst. from a member of this company of the Fire Department who left for Yaphank on Oct. 11. It is a pleasure to read his letter, when one thinks of the grumbling of those who ought to be more satisfied. His letter says:

It is great down here. We have the best of times. We do very little drilling. Two or three hours a day is about as much as we do, and as far as the food is concerned, it is splendid under the conditions. You couldn't expect better. The camp is also grand. Every night we walk for two or three hours. There are three cops and myself in the same barracks. Of course there are several more fellows, but we make the barracks look like a home to us.

The rest of the letter is filled with good reading of personal matters to the officers and members of this company, and it is from a man who can take things as they come.

JOSEPH E. GLEASON,
Captain Engine Co. No. 59.
New York, Nov. 22, 1917.

For an Old Friend.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I passed my eighty-sixth birthday the 13th of last month. I have been a reader of THE TIMES from the first, when published by its first editor, H. J. Raymond, corner of Ann and Nassau Streets, next-door neighbor to The Sun, Moses Y. Beach, and The Herald, James G. Bennett. And now as your paper has become a power I would like to have you print a little motto. It is this:

Good, better, best;
Never let it rest
Till your good is better
And your better is best.

You may ask why I make the request. 'Tis this: It may stimulate some of our soldiers to exert themselves to better service.

ELIJAH MYER.
Arlington, N. J., Nov. 22, 1917.

A SLAV TO THE RUSSIANS.

He Asks if They Are Willing to Betray Their Oppressed Brethren.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

At the beginning of the great European war the oppressed Slavic nations of southern and central Europe, the Slavs still in the grip of the Central Empires, were promised by Grand Duke Nicholas, in the name of the Czar and the then Russian people, freedom, and were told that the Russians were coming to them (the Austro-Hungarian Slavs) as liberators, not as enemies.

The Austro-Hungarian Slavs believed and became voluntarily prisoners of war and turned their arms against their oppressors, the Germans and Magyars.

These heroes know very well what is waiting for them if they should again fall into the hands of the Germans. To surrender was equivalent to death. Therefore no surrender was possible. Fight to the finish had to be their motto.

In hundreds of thousands they went over to the Russians and helped them to win victory after victory over the Huns. Twice were the Hun armies smashed back to their borders by Grand Duke Nicholas and a third time by the great Brusiloff with the help of soldiers of oppressed Slav nations from Austria and Hungary. They have suffered just as much as any Russian soldier and more.

For decades they have looked upon the Russians as upon their strong and great brethren. They loved them and they offered them everything in the present great war.

They have offered the Russians not only their knowledge in military affairs, their training, their skill in trades; they have offered them all they had, and they hava offered them their lives and the welfare and in many cases the lives of those beloved ones whom they had to leave without protection in Austria-Hungary.

Nobody can imagine the grief of these poor fellows on the battlefields, when the Russians, their great brethren, after all they had done for them, left them alone; left them like cowards and traitors to the common cause of the Slavs and the Allies.

Where are the promises given in the name of the Russian people?

What shall a true Slav think of the Russians?

We Slavs of smaller nations have a right to ask: Where is holy Russia? Is there nobody except the few miserable pro-German anarchists and radical Socialists, who have nothing in common with the Slavs, to enforce order and protect those who have bled in this greatest of the world's dramas?

Where are the priests of holy Russia? Where are the other true and faithful Russians?

Have the true Russians lost the sense of justice? Have they no courage? Is there no possibility to regain authority over those miserable traitors, anarchists and pro-Germans?

Is there nothing left but the stomach? Is there no idealism, no sense of justice?

Why were the Russians able to resist heroically, to fight in a disciplined army under the iron hand of a Czar, whose mind was poisoned by Germany and whose heart had no feeling for the people, and why, I ask, are the Russians not able or not willing to fight and die now, when men of their own blood tried to give them liberty?

And again: Why do they obey the orders of the non-Russian anarchists and pro-German radical Socialists and go and kill and murder their own people?

As a Slav I claim the right to speak in this manner to the great Russian nation.

All the Slavs all over the world, all the Allies, and America in the foremost place, have helped you. America has given you what it could. Supplies, food, money, the best organizers. Is there nobody who is able to tell this to the Russian people? Is everybody afraid to tell the Russians the naked truth; what the world thinks of them in the present crisis?

J. KALIVODA.
New York, N. Y., Nov. 22, 1917.

Books for the Men in France.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Every month adds tens of thousands to the number of books which lie idle after being read.

It is in the power of every one to give pleasure to some of our boys at the front in France by mailing books they have finished reading, addressed to

"C. D. A., Chapter IV., Book Fund, 156 Boulevard Haussmann, Paris, France."

The slight expense involved is nothing compared to the great pleasure and comfort given by such thoughtfulness.

If the name and address of the sender is written on the front page of the book mailed its receipt will be acknowledged by us, and no doubt this will be followed by a note of appreciation from some grateful American boy at the front who has been helped to while away lonely hours "somewhere in France," far away from his home and family.

COLONIAL DAMES OF AMERICA,
American Soldiers Library Committee.
HARRIET DUER ROBINSON, Secretary.
Paris, Oct. 26, 1917.

A Foolish Chain Letter.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Here is a letter received today which tells its own foolish tale:

RED CROSS CHAIN.

"The Lord, Jesus, we implore Thee to give victory to the Allies."

Please copy this and send it to some person each day for nine days, beginning the day you receive this. Please do not break the chain, as it was sent from Russia and Scotland to ninety around the world.

It was said that all those who passed it by met with misfortune and all those who sent it would be free from calamity. On the ninth day you will hear of some great joy.

Do not forget the day for the next nine days.

To most persons who receive this, fear overcomes their better sense, and they waste eighteen perfectly good cents and nine sheets of paper which cost still more, in sending out the nine letters.

If each one sent these added cents to the Red Cross wouldn't it be far better?

Mrs. JOSEPH RENHALL.
Beechhurst, L. I., Nov. 21, 1917.

TO A NEW POLITICAL PARTY.

"If the whole fate of my country hung on one man, and the rest could save the country, but was opposed to the Federal Amendment, I should vote for him."

I am not with you—and I never was!
Yet can I grieve for you, who held your cause
Above a greater, in grave days that urged
All lesser issues should in one be merged.
Your country, girding her for war amain
(Such war as comes not on this earth again!)—
Oh, well! I ask you, in our Mother's name,
Was it the time to press your special claim?
When she must bend her to her mighty task,
A whole-heart service it was hers to ask.
The daughters of another Mother, great, like ours,
Like claim forbearing, gave of all their powers,
And, from self-interest cleanly breaking loose,
Turned their wild maenad zeal to ordered use;
Now, with a vindicated right, they may demand
Their prize when Peace again shall bless their land.
You've won what you desired—nor did forbear;
How trust our Mother's weal shall be your care?

EDITH M. THOMAS.

JAPAN'S PART IN THE WAR.

Will Her Full Strength Be Thrown Into the Conflict, and Can It Be Brought to Bear Against Germany?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the midst of the bewilderment and confusion resulting from the Russian and Italian situations the American public is overlooking one significant factor in the war situation which can be contemplated with confidence and satisfaction. I refer to the part that Japan is destined to play in this war.

As a result of the recent Lansing-Ishii agreement Japan practically has been given a free hand in China. She has taken a long step toward the realization of her major foreign policy, namely, the consolidation of all the peoples of the Orient under her own hegemony. This being so, her chief aim now will be to make her position in the Orient secure for all time. There can be no doubt that the elimination of Russia as a factor in this war and the threatened absorption of that country by Germany are more disconcerting to Japan than any events that have transpired during the progress of the war.

Japan has now come to the point where the way divides. She is face to face with the crucial question as to whether she prefers to live in a world dominated by the Teutons or in a world in which the principles of Anglo-Saxon civilization prevail. She sees clearly that the situation is critical and that perhaps her full weight is required at once to determine the issue of the war. I have the conviction that Japan will have no difficulty in determining what course to pursue. She is under the lead of a group of the wisest and most astute statesmen in the world. They can be relied upon to determine what Japan's permanent interests are and how best they can be promoted and protected.

Japan's situation is similar to that which confronted our nation eight months ago. The question which then confronted us was whether we would enter the war and sustain England and France or remain out and prepare to meet a Prussianized Europe with England and France down. It was clearly to our interests to sustain France and England rather than run the risk of seeing them brought down. Japan now faces the alternative of sustaining the Allies with her full force or running the risk of having Russia, the buffer State between her and Germany, broken down. It is clear that with Germany triumphant and Russia down, Japan's position in the Far East would be seriously menaced. On the other hand, should Russia be sustained and Germany defeated, her position would be practically secure for all time.

The Japanese people admire and imitate many of the German traits, but they now recognize that Germany under the leadership of the Prussians has overplayed the part and has become a menace to the world. In making her decision she will be guided by the all-impelling principle of self-interest. Nothing less than the law of necessity demands that she now throw her full force, including her man power, into this war on the side of the Allies. This she can be relied upon to do.

Of course, the great obstacle in the way of effective action at this time is the matter of transportation, but under the spur of necessity this can be overcome. There are several routes by which she can reach the battle fronts. One is over the Trans-Siberian Railway through Russia. The difficulty about adopting this course is that Winter is now on, the Trans-Siberian Railway is in bad condition, and it is quite probably that the Russians would resent Japan's entering their country at this time. Under normal conditions this of course is the route that Japan would naturally take. Failing in this, however, she can reach the theatre of war either through the Suez Canal or through the Panama Canal. The obstacle to overcome in the adoption of either of these routes is the lack of sufficient transports to convey and maintain a force that will be effective. This, however, can be overcome gradually with the aid of the Allies.

Japan has the advantage of having a large experienced army already mobilized ready for service and a large reserve in waiting. In view of the character of the Japanese people and of the training which many of her veterans have already had, her armies placed upon any front would immediately be an effective fighting force.

This situation is one of prime importance and should at once receive the attention of the Entente Alliance so that all may act in concert in sustaining and rendering effective any policy which Japan may adopt.

L. R. WILFLEY.
New York, Nov. 21, 1917.

SCHIERBRAND'S AUSTRIA.

It Is Not the One the Prisoner of War Finds.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Professor Wolff von Schierbrand, Ph. D., LL. D., wrote a wonderful book, "Austria-Hungary a Polyglot Empire." The title of this book ought to be "Austria-Hungary—the Wonderland," as Professor von Schierbrand's book is a eulogy of Austria-Hungary. On page 128 of his book the Herr Professor writes concerning Hungary:

The sweeping victory thus achieved in spreading the use of a language, intrinsically among the most difficult to learn in the universe and one which sixty years ago had not even the beginnings of a literature, is among the most astounding things recorded for the nineteenth century.

It is well known that the oppression of Rumanians, Italians, and Slavs by the Hungarian authorities and landowners overshadows in its cruelty the policies of the former Russian Government, and its results, a superficial Magyarization of other nationalities inhabiting Hungary, are truly insignificant.

Further, we learn from the Herr Professor that military prisoners in Austria are very fortunate indeed, especially the Russians, Serbians, and Italians; they are catered to in an extremely attentive way, provided with plenty of food cooked in the way of their respective countries; they are treated with the utmost courtesy and respect, even while repairing roads on the Italian front or working in ammunition factories.

If we are to believe the author, all these prisoners are better off in Austria than they were at home and should peace be declared it will be difficult to drive them out of Austria. Furthermore, you can easily notice that the Herr Professor was an honored guest and he saw what his guides wanted him to see.

My brother has spent a year and a half in Austria as a prisoner of war; he has been in three different camps and finally allowed to return as totally unfit; his story was quite different from the professor's. I would advise Mr. von Schierbrand to go to Austria and spend a few months in the camps as a prisoner of war and only then to write a book on the subject.

ALEXANDER N. TEODOROFF.
New York, Nov. 24, 1917.

Suffrage Help to Germany.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The expressions of suffragist wrath over Mrs. Wadsworth's telling charge of pro-German and Socialist influences back of the suffrage movement are characteristic, in their personalities as well as their display of the lack of any sense of honor. Especially so is Mrs. J. L. Laidlaw's solicitation for her country's (or her sex's, which looms greater in suffragists' eyes) honor, as she bemoans the danger to both, when THE TIMES headline, "Suffrage Victory Laid to Germans," "shall be repeated in the Russian press by German propagandists."

Such an outburst from this source is really touching, when one recalls the attitude of the Washington suffragists on the occasion of the visit of the Russian Mission to the White House on June 20 last. The public memory may be short-lived, but few have forgotten the legend inscribed on suffrage banners on that occasion:

To the Russian Mission: President Wilson and Envoy Root are deceiving Russia. They say, "We are a democracy. Help us to win the war, so that democracies may survive." We, the women of America, tell you that America is not a democracy. * * * Help us make this nation really free. Tell our Government it must liberate people before it can claim free Russia as an ally.

And one wonders if, possibly, this incident might not have drawn the attention of some of the now repudiated "German propagandists" to the suffragists, who seemed such excellent tools for their purpose. Even in the crowd drawn to the spot by these women there were cries of "You are helping Germany!"

HELEN S. HARMAN BROWN.
New York, Nov. 21, 1917.

True Lincoln Likenesses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am glad to have an opportunity of approving the stand THE NEW YORK TIMES has taken on the Barnard statue of Lincoln. Putting up such a monstrosity in a foreign city or putting it up anywhere would offend every American who happened to see it, and foreigners would get a very poor impression of a great man. Seeing Mr. Lincoln often, I feel qualified to judge of the merits of the pictures I have seen of the Barnard statue. One of the best pictures of the martyr President is the photograph of him reading the Scriptures to his son, Tad.

E. V. PRESTON.
Hartford, Conn., Nov. 15, 1917.

RUSSIAN DON QUIXOTES.

They Are Trying to Act According to Revolutionary Romances.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The whole world has been stunned by the mad acts of the Russian Bolsheviki. It is really incomprehensive how sane persons can allow themselves, at a time when Russia is threatened with disintegration by inner disorganization, and its whole existence threatened by the terrible enemy, to increase the anarchy by abolishing every shadow of law and order. How can love for peace be reconciled with aimless spilling of innocent blood of women and children, and, above all, fraternizing with the invader of their country and at the same time giving over to lynch rule all true patriots?

It is no wonder that the general opinion of the American public is that those who started this cataclysm must be agents of the German Government. Such an opinion seems to be true at the first glance. The fact, however, is that the personages who have emerged to the front are not selfish traitors, but simply Don Quixotes, weak-minded individuals, who came to the front through the cheerless Russian reality. The apathy of the Russian public might be explained by the fact that every one in Russia is convinced that the rule of the mad Bolsheviki cannot last longer than Jonas's gourd. The acquiescence of Russia in such absurd adventures, however, shows that Russia is in a state of collapse, and this fact makes all the comical incidents of this plot a fateful tragedy.

The trouble with Don Quixote of La Mancha was that the excessive reading of romances of knighthood had turned his poor head, and all his actions were dictated by his desire to imitate the valorous actions of the knights. The trouble with our "heroes" is that they had read too many books on revolutions, and their poor heads were turned by this reading. They have decided to make an experiment according to the requirements of the books.

Lenine and Trotsky are not new figures to those who are familiar with the Russian revolutionary movement of the last fifteen years. The former was known by his hobby of a dictatorship of proletarians, the latter by his fixed ideas that every one who is not a true proletarian must necessarily be against the revolution. The revolution was for both of them an abstract idea, which did not come to improve conditions, but to verify theories.

When the first overthrow came both of them were greatly disappointed. How was it possible that a revolution should be accomplished by burghers without any bloodshed? How was it possible that all classes of people should be joyful over the outcome? Such facts are against the theory of class struggle, and against every theory which they know of. They have, therefore, availed themselves of the fertile ground which the Russian disorganization has prepared for them, and have made up their minds to make an experiment with a real revolution, according to prescribed rules.

These great theorists, however, know that the Russian economical conditions do not warrant the introduction of socialism. They are very well aware that the Russian masses are not prepared yet to live a communistic life. They also know that their acts will bring out a bloody counter revolution, which will do away with all liberties won, but they are not worried over such an outcome as long as their pet theories prevail.

In fact, they are prepared for eventualities, and in case they succeed in escaping the wrath of the masses we shall surely have them as guests on the capitalistic shores of the United States. Their lectures on the topic "Why the second Russian revolution has failed" will draw large audiences, and, gaining a comfortable livelihood, they will prepare themselves for the third Russian revolution. But who knows whether there will be a large independent Russian Empire left?

M. EVENSKY.
New York, Nov. 23, 1917.

America Awake.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When our first soldiers landed in France our unscrupulous enemy was struck with consternation as he realized that he was up against a nation that has never been conquered. We started this war with about 100,000 soldiers, we now have 1,000,000, and can have as many more as we want. When our allies cry, "America, where art thou?" we can truly answer, "Coming all the time."

JOHN C. [illegible]
Brunswick, Ga., Nov. 23, 1917.

LECTURES DE LUXE FOR WOMEN VOTERS

City Party Is Going to Teach the Business of Citizenship for $5 a Course.

HOPE TO REACH 400,000

Engage a Columbia Professor and Say Instruction Will Be of Value to the District Leaders.

The first comprehensive plan for educating women voters, a task to which many suffrage and civic organizations have dedicated themselves since Nov. 6, has been announced by the Woman Suffrage Party of New York City. Although it stands with the State party, with which it is affiliated, in making the passage of the Federal suffrage amendment one of the prime motives of its continued existence, the city party under the leadership of Mary Garret Hay, is prepared to devote a large amount of money and a great deal of effort to the education of women voters.

The first course, to be called "The Business of Citizenship," has been arranged by the Committee on Education recently appointed by the party. Howard Lee McBain, Eaton Professor of Municipal Science and Administration of Columbia University, has been engaged by the committee to give a course of six or more one-hour lectures. Professor McBain will explain the organization of the city, State and national governments, political procedure, the functions and policies of the political parties, the direct and indirect relationship of the voter to the various city departments, her relation to the army and navy, and from what viewpoints labor, prohibition, free speech, and similar problems may be regarded.

"The course, which is open to all women," an announcement issued last night said, "will be of especial interest and benefit to the Assembly district leaders and other women who will, after its completion, go forth as teachers and founders of citizens' schools in their own districts."

Afternoon and evening classes begin on Dec. 13. The price for the afternoon class of six lectures, the announcement says, will be $5, and for the evening course of six lectures, $3.

Mrs. Adolphe Borie, President of the Bryn Mawr Club, Chairman of the Committee on Education for Citizenship, in discussing the plan, said:

"This course arranged by my committee will serve as a springboard for the first political teaching of women throughout the city. It opens the great education campaign planned by the city suffragists. We hope that besides the women who want merely to learn for themselves, hundreds will come who will go forth and teach others. A solemn obligation rests on the shoulders of the women who know to teach the women who do not know. My committee will co-operate throughout the city with other groups of people who are starting classes, so that the plans will not overlap and energy be wasted by two bodies performing the same tasks.

"With over 400,000 women to be reached, there is plenty of work to be done. We promise our students practical rather than academic instruction and by means of charts and pictures we shall present facts in a graphic way. We hope to prepare women so well for their new duties that when they vote they will be an intelligent addition to the electorate."

New members have been added to the committee, so that the following are serving as workers: Mrs. Adolphe Borie, Chairman; Mrs. John Blair, Secretary; Miss Katherine D. Blake, Mrs. Herbert Croly, Miss Marie Bowen Chapin, Mrs. F. Cranford, Miss Jennie M. Davis, Miss Mary Dreier, Miss Lina Gano, Miss Louise Grant, Miss Virginia Gildersleeve, Mrs. A. G. Harvey, Mrs. Howard Mansfield, Mrs. V. Everit Macy, Miss Alice Perkins, Miss Virginia Potter, Mrs. F. Louis Slade, Mrs. V. Simkovitch, and Miss Lillian Wald.

Many members of the Protestant Episcopal Suffrage Association attended a Thanksgiving service yesterday afternoon at St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie, at which the Rev. Dr. William Norman Guthrie said he had heard many persons say they would favor equal suffrage if only educated women, or well-bred women, or "women who are ladies" could vote.

"But we have got to have the vote of the vicious," he said. "The more vicious they are, the more we have got to make them vote."

Dr. Guthrie then asserted that women and men would vote for ideals better than themselves, citing the instance of San Francisco's political upheaval following the earthquake, when, he said, it was the slum districts which carried the reform cause. Dr. Guthrie said that men's fears that the vote might make women more mannish was scientifically groundless. He assured his hearers that manly men and womanly women were those who transmitted their tendencies to the race, while nature eliminated effeminate men and mannish women, thus making it needless for society to fear them.

SUFFRAGE MAJORITY 88,840.

Republican Chairman Glynn Computes New York Returns.

ALBANY, Nov. 25.—Returns filed by up-State County Chairmen with George A. Glynn, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, and newspaper returns for the counties of Greater New York, show a majority on the suffrage amendment of 88,840, according to an announcement made tonight by Mr. Glynn.

The total vote for suffrage, as compiled by the head of the Republican organization, was 673,389, and the vote against was 584,549. The total vote in 1915 was 1,301,680, and in 1917 1,257,938, but Mr. Glynn believes that when the soldier vote has been counted the vote this year will be larger than two years ago.

The affirmative side at the last election gained in fifty-nine counties, and lost in but three—Chemung reversing itself from the affirmative to the negative side, Schenectady giving a smaller pro majority, and St. Lawrence slightly increasing its negative majority.

Returns from the same party sources gave Merton E. Lewis, the Republican candidate for Attorney General, a net plurality of more than 150,000. The up-State plurality without the soldier vote is more than 235,000, as against 206,000 for the Republican candidate for Attorney General in 1916. It is believed that the soldier vote will increase Mr. Lewis's plurality up State by more than 15,000.

WOMEN ARE TO SERVE IN W. H. TAFT'S LEAGUE

Three Who Favor Prosecuting the War Will Be Admitted to Its Executive Committee.

After a session which started at the Yale Club Saturday night and lasted till early yesterday morning the League to Enforce Peace, of which ex-President William Howard Taft is President, decided to admit three women to its Executive Committee. In departing from the makeup of its governing board which it has maintained since its organization two years ago the league announced that its purpose was to obtain the advice and help of prominent women in its campaign to strengthen the determination against a premature peace, especially in States where women may vote. The Secretary was directed to present for election to membership at the committee's next meeting the names of three women of national prominence.

The women are to be used to strengthen the league's own vigorous campaign in behalf of successful, unrelenting prosecution of the war, and they will be made as far as possible an instrument to combat the pacifist tendencies of Socialist and other radical women whose votes are expected to be cast in favor of such an immediate peace platform as that on which Morris Hillquit recently polled a large vote for the Mayoralty.

The meeting considered means of working for the election of Congressmen who favor full support of the nation's war program, taking the ground that the establishment of its projected league of nations to maintain the future safety of the world is dependent upon the defeat of German militarism. It is anticipated that only women who concur in that view of the present prime qualification of a candidate for Congress will be put on the Executive Committee of the league.

During the last quarter State organizations, with branches in every county, have been established in Nebraska and Iowa, and provisional organizations have been effected in New Jersey, Florida, and Montana; while more than one hundred new county branches have been established in States where internal organization was incomplete. It was reported that the league now is organized in every State except New Hampshire, Minnesota, North Dakota, and Wyoming.

The Speakers' Bureau reported that during the last Summer the proposals of the league had been presented in 3,578 Chautauqua circuit towns before audiences estimated in the aggregate at nearly 4,000,000, and that 300 lyceum circuit speakers would bring the league's war message to 12,000,000 persons this Winter. Among those who attended the meeting were Professor John Bates Clark, Charles S. Davison, Hamilton Holt, Darwin P. Kingsley, William L. Saunders, William H. Short, William F. Slocum, William H. Wadhams, Alton B. Parker, Charles S. Ward, Harold Howland, Talcott Williams, Herbert S. Houston, William J. Schieffelin, of New York; Louis J. Alber of Cleveland; Edward A. Filene and Glenn Frank of Boston; A. Lawrence Lowell, President of Harvard; Charles Dean Kimball of Providence, R. I.; Rufus B. von Kleinsmid of Tucson, Ariz.; William P. O'Neal of Orlando, Fla.; Arthur E. Morgan of Dayton, Ohio; Philip H. Gadsden of Charleston, S. C., and Theodore Marburg of Baltimore.

AUTO KILLS TEACHER.

Soldiers Capture Driver of Car and He Is Held for Homicide.

Miss Florence Fraser, a teacher in the Morris High School, Bronx, and daughter of Detective John W. Fraser of the Second Branch Bureau, was hit by an auto last night at 166th Street and Brook Avenue, suffering injuries which caused her death a few minutes later in the office of Dr. Arthur J. O'Leary, 578 East 168th Street.

The owner of the car that caused her death did not stop when the woman dropped to the pavement, and two soldiers from Camp Upton, who were following in an automobile, pursued him and compelled him to return. He described himself as Louis F. Fass, 1,353 Clinton Avenue, Bronx, and said he had not stopped because he was unaware of the accident. He was held by Coroner Healy in $2,500 bail on a charge of homicide.

Arthur Brown of 1,064 Forest Avenue, Bronx, son of Police Captain Jacob Brown, told the police that he was accompanying Miss Fraser to her home and that the car was speeding. Miss Fraser was 21 years old. She lived with her parents at 1,187 Clinton Avenue, Bronx.

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JUST OUT
James Whitcomb Riley's Letters
"A feast of good cheer for the whole Nation"
Magazine for December
In this rich CHRISTMAS NUMBER
Capt. Chute, C.F.A. At the Real Front
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Many Beautiful Illustrations in Full Color
At the next News Stand—HARPER'S MAGAZINE

SUFFRAGE LEADERS PLAN BIG CAMPAIGN

National Association to Meet in Washington and Bring Pressure on Congressmen.

1,000 DELEGATES EXPECTED

Confidence Expressed That Federal Suffrage Amendment Will Be Adopted by Congress This Session.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The vanguard of leaders of the National American Woman Suffrage Association has arrived in Washington for the campaign to be opened immediately in favor of the enactment by Congress at this session of the Federal suffrage amendment. Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the association, will take personal charge of the campaign. She and other leaders of the association assert that, with the new leverage of women's votes in New York and the approaching election of forty-three members of Congress from that State, the National Suffrage Association is confident of "putting through real business" early in the coming session.

Announcement is made at the headquarters of the association that the suffrage program includes the rallying of suffrage workers in Washington by Dec. 1 for the opening of Congress. Women from every State will come, representing comprehensive organizations in the Congressional districts "back home" and the political force of the women voters in the West and in New York. These women, with delegations of suffragists, will have visited their respective Representatives at their homes since Congress adjourned in October, and will bring reports of the members' attitude toward the Federal amendment.

During the second week of December will come the annual convention of the National American Woman Suffrage Association in Washington, representing a membership of 2,000,000 women throughout the country. It has been called in Washington in order to impress upon Congress still further the determined purpose of the National Suffrage Association to secure the passage of the Federal amendment at once. Probably 1,000 delegates will be in attendance. Preparations for the work before Congress are under way at national suffrage headquarters under direction of Mrs. Maude Wood Park, Congressional Chairman.

URGES WISCONSIN ELECTION

La Follette Opposes Governor's Plan to Appoint Senator.

Special to The New York Times.

MADISON, Wis., Nov. 25.—That the United States Senator to succeed the late Paul O. Husting should be elected by the people and that the Governor should not be given the power to make the appointment is the position taken by Senator Robert M. La Follette in an editorial in his magazine. He suggests an election in April, so that the expense of a special election may be saved.

The editorial commends the services of Senator Husting and says that his loss is "deep and abiding."

"The Constitution permits the Legislature to provide for filling vacancies by temporary appointment," says La Follette in his editorial; "but the Progressive Legislature of 1913, recognizing the importance of keeping the power of selection of their representatives in their own hands, refused to grant any power of appointment to the Governor. Every one will understand that the appointee of the Governor will have great prestige in the succeeding election to succeed himself. Special interests in the Congress are well taken care of, and the people should have an opportunity to elect their representative to succeed Senator Husting, who was a progressive Democrat.

"The Governor has announced his present intention of calling a special session of the Legislature to secure legislation permitting him to make an appointment, basing his reasons therefor on the ground that he does not wish at this time to give an excuse for pacifists and anti-war propagandists to fill our State with their literature and their advocates, and as a further reason that a special election would cost the people a large sum of money. His first reason is entirely in keeping with his attempts to prevent the exercise of free speech in the State, and is mere camouflage. His second objection may be overcome by calling a special election at the time of the general April election.

"If the election be held in April partisan politics may be obviated and the people given an opportunity to consider the selection wholly on the basis of merit. There is no difference in Congress about supporting the war until honorable peace may be obtained, but the great problem before Congress and which so vitally affects the people's interests is the one of taxation. On this question the people should have an opportunity to be heard.

"All progressive citizens, irrespective of party, should join in an effort to defeat the scheme for an appointment to fill the vacancy."

EXPECTS STATE TO GO DRY.

Brumbaugh Predicts Pennsylvania Will Oust "King Alcohol."

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 25.—Prediction that Pennsylvania in "the near future" would join the list of prohibition States was made by Governor Martin G. Brumbaugh in a Thanksgiving address at the Second Presbyterian Church here today.

"I thank God that King Alcohol is on the retreat," the Governor said. "Isn't it significant that at a time of world-wide test, when a man is called upon to do a man's part, it is recognized he cannot do it unless King Alcohol is first banished? There are now twenty-eight 'White States' in America, and the outlook is better now than it has ever been for Pennsylvania to become one of the 'White States' in the very near future.

"I am thankful," he added, "that when the call to service came, Pennsylvania met it mightily. Far more things have been asked of our Commonwealth in this crisis than you know about. Pennsylvania at every turn, at every request, at every opportunity, has yielded unstinting co-operation to our Government. I thank God for these things."

Citing the world war as proof that "Christ's religion is a religion of action," the Governor declared:

"We are in the world war at this Thanksgiving time. I firmly believe we are fighting the battle of Christ Jesus when fighting America's fight in this war. We are carrying the cross side by side with the Stars and Stripes, and we are marching to a worthy victory."

Suffragist Joins Anti-Saloon League

LOCUST VALLEY, L. I., Nov. 25.—Miss Adella Potter, formerly in charge of organization work for the New York State National American Woman Suffrage Association has joined the Anti-Saloon League forces and will have charge of organization work for the league. This announcement was made here today by William H. Anderson, head of the Anti-Saloon League in an address at the Reform Church.

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Send Her Sweetness in the form of
FLOWERS.
"For Her Thanksgiving"
A large bunch of freshly picked Violets with Sweetheart Roses made up in a pretty corsage— $3
Place Your Order Early
Within two hours we can deliver flowers for you in New York or any City in any State.
Call New York's Flower 'Phone Plaza 7241
Max Schling, Inc.,
785 Fifth Avenue, New York

GIFTS FOR ALL SOLDIERS.

Red Cross Ships 100 Tons of Christmas Packets Abroad.

The Red Cross announced last night the shipment of 100 tons of Red Cross Christmas packets to Red Cross representatives in Europe for distribution among American soldiers and sailors overseas. A similar quantity for shipment abroad has been assembled at an Atlantic port. These shipments, it is estimated, contain about 200,000 Christmas packets.

Announcement was made by the Red Cross Supply Service that the packets needed to complete the full overseas allotment have been provided, and that no one in the expeditionary force need want for a Christmas gift from the Red Cross. Christmas packets for cantonments and camps in the jurisdiction of the Atlantic division are pouring into the divisional warehouse from chapters in New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut. This warehouse already has received and shipped about 27,000 packets, many of which were included in the shipment to the American camps in France.

The National Headquarters of the Red Cross has allotted 1,750,000 packets to the various divisions which in turn designated the number each chapter is to make. Chapters in the Atlantic division have been allotted 300,000. The Red Cross packages contain useful gifts, including pocket knives, puzzles, tobacco, hard candies, writing pads, pencils, mouth organs, &c. Each package contains from four to six articles.

At the Christmas headquarters of the New York County Chapter, at 455 Madison Avenue, volunteer workers have made about 28,000 packets. In the west side branch about 5,000 have been completed. The Brooklyn Chapter has completed its allotment of 14,000, and the work continues.

As fast as the Christmas packages are completed they are forwarded to the Red Cross warehouses at cantonments, where they will be distributed to the soldiers, probably on Christmas Eve.

Besides supplying a Christmas package to every soldier the Red Cross plans to erect a Christmas tree at every cantonment and army post, and to provide entertainment for the men, including motion pictures and choral singing.

DINNERS FOR SOLDIERS.

Thanksgiving Invitations Include All Without Homes Here.

Many more organizations and individuals announced their preparations yesterday for special Thanksgiving dinners for the soldiers and sailors. So numerous are the invitations that it is expected every enlisted man without home or relatives here will receive one. In thousands of homes throughout the city from which sons have gone "over there" the stranger-soldier guest will be welcomed in place of the absent boys.

The Executive Committee of the Young Men's Democratic League at Broadway and Thirty-seventh Street have completed arrangements whereby 163 families will entertain 347 soldiers and sailors. Officers at the camps and other military stations have received requests from thousands of families to send one to five soldiers to their homes for the Thanksgiving spread.

Frank H. Maynard of 400 Park Avenue will have 250 soldiers and sailors as his guests at a turkey dinner in the Waldorf. One-half of the men have been invited from Camp Upton at Yaphank, and the others are to come from the warships. "Oscar" has placed the grill room of the Waldorf at their disposal. There will be a vaudeville entertainment, and several hundred young women of society have volunteered as dancing partners.

The Catholic Club will have 200 sailors from the Brooklyn Navy Yard at dinner at 120 Central Park South. Adolph Lorber will provide dinner for 1,200 "sunset boys" of the Second Rainbow Division at Camp Mills, Hempstead, L. I., most of whom are from the Far West. Mr. Lorber will send autos to the camp for his guests.

FEUD CLUE IN BOMB INQUIRY.

Milwaukee Police Suspect Priest's Enemies Caused Tragedy.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 25.—Twenty-four hours of vigorous investigation has failed to disclose a particle of information as to the identity of the person who was responsible for the explosion of a bomb which killed eleven persons in Police Headquarters here last night. Twenty-five Italians are under arrest, including Giuseppe Mazuinni, who carried the bomb from the basement of the Italian Evangelical Church to the police station. But no action has been taken by the police as the result of the questioning which the prisoners underwent today.

The fact that the bomb had been placed in the basement of the church and timed, apparently, to explode when the church could be presumed to be crowded, and that considerable enmity existed between the Rev. August Guiliano, pastor of the church, and some unknown persons, has caused the police to look to that quarter for a key to the mystery.

Captain of Detectives Sullivan declared today that he believed the bomb was "planted" by persons who desire to break up the religious work which the Rev. Mr. Guiliano is conducting among the Italians. As a reason for that belief he points out that "since the Bay View riot, several Sundays ago, when a religious meeting conducted by the priest was broken up and several detectives were killed, members of Guiliano's congregation have been alienated from him, mostly by violence."

The trial of eleven men who were said to be connected with the Bay View riot is set for Wednesday. The priest and others of his congregation are to appear as witnesses.

The casualties which resulted from the explosion remained at eleven dead and two injured, no other bodies having been found when the demolished room in Police Headquarters was searched thoroughly.

Bomb experts believe that the dripping of a fluid through a glass tube connected with the bomb efefcted a time control as perfect as that of the mechanism of a clock. Federal, State, and county officials, as well as detectives from Chicago, are investigating the tragedy.

ACCUSE WARD BAKING CO.

Federal Trade Commission Charges Unfair Methods of Competition.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Announcement was made today by the Federal Trade Commission that, following a preliminary investigation, it had issued a formal complaint against the Ward Baking Company of New York, charging unfair methods of competition in violation of Section 5 of the Trade Commission act.

The complaint charges the Ward Company with "daily giving gratis to each purchaser of its bread a quantity of bread equal to the amount bought and paid for by such purchaser, * * *" with "intent to stifle and suppress competition in the manufacture and sale of bread."

The charges will be heard by the commission on Jan. 21. The Ward Company receives the usual thirty days in which to reply to the complaint.

Xmas Books
All the worth while BOOKS for Young Folks will be found in our Children's Book Room.
Putnams 2 West 45th St.
Phone 300 Vanderbilt, Extension 12 or 13

STARTS FOR MEANS'S TRIAL.

Capt. Jones Takes Skin Showing Effect of Powder from Cartridge.

Captain William Jones of the New York Police Department, former amateur champion revolver shot and a leading authority on firearms and bullet wounds, left this city yesterday for Concord, N. C., where he is to be an expert witness for the prosecution at the trial of Gaston Bullock Means for the alleged murder of Mrs. Maude A. King, which begins today.

Captain Jones took evidence of a type which is new in criminal trials. This consisted of samples of skin taken from human bodies, which had been used to discover how many inches away a revolver barrel must be held before it ceases to lodge grains of powder in cuticle.

Several physicians who examined the wound in the back of the skull which killed Mrs. King, testified that no powder grains were found imbedded in the skin around the wound. The purpose of this testimony was to show that the revolver must have been held some distance from the head and that she could not possibly have held the revolver in this position herself.

At the examination before the Justice of the Peace in Concord, Dr. Burmeister, the Coroner's physician of Chicago, showed pieces of blotting paper with which he had experimented to discover when a revolver ceased to drive powder grains into it. Even at twelve inches distance some powder grains were found imbedded in the paper. Captain Jones experimented with pieces of human skin. He found that when the muzzle of a revolver indentical with that which killed Mrs. King was held six and eight inches from bits of skin, powder grains were forced deep into the tissues.

Captain Jones may be called on to testify to the position in which the revolver must have been held when the shot was fired. When J. P. Morgan was shot by Muenter or Holt, the police officer was summoned to the Morgan home at Glen Cove to examine the wound, and he reported that the revolver barrel must have lain almost flat on the abdomen when it was fired. This was found to be entirely correct. The wound was inflicted when Mr. Morgan had closed in on the assassin and was grappling with him on the floor.

CONCORD, N. C., Nov. 25.—Defense and prosecution are ready to start the trial here tomorrow of Gaston B. Means, charged with the murder of Mrs. Maude A. King, a wealthy widow of New York, who was shot to death near here last August.

Little chance was seen tonight of selecting a jury before Tuesday or Wednesday, and attorneys generally thought the thirty-six jurymen automatically called with the issuance of the order for a special term of Cabarrus County Court to try the case would be exhausted before twelve acceptable men were found. In that case, court probably would adjourn while a special venire of 150 men was summoned.

The defense has retained all the principal attorneys in Concord, leaving the State without a local attorney to aid in choosing jurors. This had led to reports that the State will seek trial in another court. Change of venue was denied once by Judge E. B. Cline, who will preside at the trial.

Solicitor Clements, the prosecuting official, held a long conference today with John T. Dooling, Assistant District Attorney of New York, who arrived early today. L. C. Cline, a Statesville attorney, formerly of Concord, came here today, having been retained to aid the prosecution.

Means's wife and child spent the day in jail with him. Neither he nor his counsel would discuss his plans.

MOVIE THEATRE FOR CAMP.

Benefit Nets $13,000 for Entertainment of Men at Upton.

A moving-picture theatre to be owned and managed by the soldiers at Camp Upton, where popular prices will prevail, was assured last night when a benefit performance at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre netted $13,000, more than is actually needed to build the theatre. Lieutenant Everett A. Butterfield of the 307th Infantry and Private Henry H. Harris, adopted son of Lew Fields, and a member of the same command, organized the benefit.

Augustus Thomas in an address said the efforts to aid the soldiers was a unanimous expression of their appreciation of what the men in khaki are doing for their country. A number of actors and actresses appeared at the benefit. Patriotic tableaux portraying Washington, Lafayette, Lincoln, Grant, Joffre, Colonel Roosevelt, and "Our President" was presented by Joseph Kilgour, Henry Mortimer, Ralph Ince, William Mack, Frederick Hamilton, William Gray, and Walter Catlet.

The benefit was under the auspices of the 307th Regiment, and 100 members of the regiment gave a drill on the stage. Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commander of the division, was present. President Wilson has autographed one of the souvenir programs, which is to be sold by Harry Brown. Raymond Hitchcock and E. Ray Goetz donated the theatre, and Lew Fields arranged the benefit.

FOR CO-OPERATIVE THEATRE

Producer Thinks Players Should Share Hazard with Managers.

Theatrical productions on the co-operative plan are suggested by L. Lawrence Weber, of the producing firm of Weber & Anderson, as the only means of solution of the problems now faced by the theatre as a result of the continued falling off in patronage. Mr. Weber points out that no immediate betterment of conditions need be looked for, and contends that it is unfair for actors and all other theatrical employes to be drawing full salaries when the managers are losing money. Unless this plan is adopted, declares Mr. Weber, a reduction in the salaries of actors is inevitable.

"The time is here for the artists to share the hazards of the business," Mr. Weber said. "I believe a universal adoption of the co-operative plan will not only enable the theatre to weather the war-time condition, but will bring the artist and the manager closer together, as each will then be able to see more clearly the viewpoint of the other, and thus to remedy the many evils that now exist in the conduct of the amusement business."

'LORD AND LADY ALGY' AGAIN

Production Will Mark Reappearance of Maxine Elliott.

Plans for an all-star revival of R. C. Carton's comedy, "Lord and Lady Algy," with a cast which will include Maxine Elliott, William Faversham, Irene Fenwick, and Maclyn Arbuckle, were made known yesterday by Mr. Faversham. With the exception of a few recent appearances in the Red Cross pageant, the production will mark Miss Elliott's first appearance in a New York production in many years. Among the others in the company will be Lumsden Hare, Florine Arnold, George Fitzgerald, and Vivian Rushmore. There will be a cast of about fifty.

"Lord and Lady Algy" was first produced in London in 1898, and subsequently toured this country. Mr. Faversham's revival will be offered at one of the local Shubert theatres about Christmas time, and the New York engagement will be limited to four weeks. The costumes are being designed by Mrs. Ben Ali Haggin.

NOTES OF THE MUSICIANS.

Arthur Friedheim, pianist, gave the fifth of his piano lecture recitals at the Princess Theatre yesterday afternoon, playing works of Beethoven, Schubert, Mendelssohn, Chopin, and five numbers from Liszt.

Ralph Lawton, pianist, led a new series of concerts at the Greenwich Village Theatre yesterday. Last night S. Giuprano, Dora Gibson, Bertha Kling, Nicholas Garagusi, and Bernard Olshansky appeared in the same hall.

Mary Garden yesterday sent her check for $500 to the fund of the Patriotic Service League for its dinner to the soldiers and sailors on Thanksgiving Day.

DUTTON'S
A large and unusual assortment of Bibles and Prayer Books
681 Fifth Ave., opp. St. Thomas' Church

JEWISH WOMEN CARED FOR.

Shelter for Homeless and Friendless Is Dedicated.

The first shelter for homeless and friendless Jewish women discharged or paroled from penal and correctional institutions of New York City and State which has been founded through the efforts of the New York Section of the Council of Jewish Women was dedicated yesterday. The shelter will be known as "418 East Fiftieth Street," which is the address of the building. Among the speakers at the dedication ceremonies was Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of the Free Synagogue, who praised the council for their untiring efforts which resulted in the establishment of the shelter. Deaconess Young, who is head of a home for friendless women, situated at 17 Beekman Place, in the neighborhood, told the council of the difficulties to be overcome if the shelter was to be successful. She promised to do everything she could to aid the newcomers.

Mrs. William D. Sporborg, President of the council, told of the work of raising funds for the shelter, and said that although the home was founded for women of the Jewish faith, yet no unfortunate woman of any race, creed, or color would be refused aid and shelter if she needed it. The shelter was founded by members of the Council, including Mrs. Sporborg and Miss Sara X. Schottenfels, the Corresponding Secretary. One contribution of $12,000 was raised from an estate which was left to charity, and from which the gift was received on the recommendation of the Bureau of Philanthropic Research and Katharine B. Davis, Commissioner of Parole. A number of girls are already housed there.

ROOSEVELT GOES TO CANADA

Will Make Two Speeches for New Victory Loan.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt left here last night for Canada, where he is to make two speeches in behalf of the Canadian Victory Loan. He was accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt and traveled in a private car, which the Canadian Government sent here. The car was attached to the 6:45 train from the Grand Central.

The Colonel will stop this morning at Hamilton. He will make a speech there, and then will go on to Toronto, where he is to make his big address tonight. In both cities today has been declared a civic holiday. Members of various British missions at present in this city went up to Toronto on the same train. Colonel Roosevelt will return tomorrow morning.

CANADIAN LOAN $189,000,000

"Victory" Subscriptions Are Expected to Run Up to $200,000,000.

TORONTO, Ontario, Nov. 25.—Official reports received up to midnight Saturday showed subscriptions in the Dominion for the Victory Loan campaign of more than $189,000,000, of which over 53 per cent. comes from Ontario.

Nothing has been heard from several of the Provinces since Friday, and Chairman Hodges of the Dominion Business Committee estimates that the actual investment throughout Canada up to Saturday night was more than $200,000,000.

OLD CLAFLIN HOME BURNS.

Built by Founder of the Great Dry Goods House, Long Ago Given Up.

Fire destroyed part of the house, known as the "Claflin Mansion," at 194th Street and Sedgwick Avenue, the Bronx, last evening. It was once the home of Horace Brigham Claflin, founder of the dry goods firm of that name, but had not been occupied by the family for twenty years.

Herbert Boss, the caretaker, discovered the blaze shortly after 6 o'clock on the top floor of the three-story house. Before the firemen arrived the fire had gained such headway that both of the upper stories were burned. It was estimated that the loss on the building would reach $10,000. No attempt was made to estimate the loss on furnishings or to list what part of them had been destroyed.

There were fifty rooms in the house. It was built in what was the centre of the Claflin estate, now perhaps the largest and most valuable of the old estates still remaining intact in the Bronx.

FIVE SHOW HORSES BURNED.

Destroyed with I. H. Clothier, Jr.'s, Stables at Radnor, Penn.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 25.—Five well-known winners of prizes in hunter classes at horse shows in different parts of the country were burned to death today in a fire that destroyed the stables of Isaac H. Clothier, Jr., at Radnor, near here.

The horses were Miss Canada, Ichabod, Ingomar, Colonel Livingston, and Virginia Boy. The loss, including the horses, stables, and contents, is estimated at more than $50,000.

Dr. Cook's Old Home Destroyed.

The three-story brick house formerly belonging to Dr. Frederick A. Cook, of north pole notoriety, was destroyed by fire last night. The house stood on Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, between Myrtle Avenue and Willoughby Street. It was the place where eight years ago, when Dr. Cook first returned from the arctic, a crowd gathered to greet him. There was a triumphal arch in front of it, through which Dr. Cook and a triumphal procession marched. The house of late had been used as a tenement.

Obituary Notes.

FRANCIS McQUADE, superintendent of the shipping department of the De Voe plant of the Standard Oil Company of New York, died on Friday at his home, 124 Milton Street, Brooklyn. He was 65 years old.

JOHN H. BAMBURY, a salesman for the John Burke Importing Company, died on Friday at his home, 54 Van Sicklen Street, Flatbush.

Mrs. SARAH V. L. ESCHENBACHER, wife of Michael Eschenbacher, a Brooklyn druggist, died on Friday at her home, 179 Adams Street, Brooklyn, in her thirty-fourth year.

Mrs. AMANDA HEAVENER WHITING, 78 years old, wife of Robert M. Whiting, formerly Commissioner of Public Works of the old City of Brooklyn, died on Friday in Brooklyn.

ALONZO W. WALDRON, floor superintendent of Abraham & Straus of Brooklyn, died on Saturday at his home, 334 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 44 years.

JOHN H. SWEET, employed by the Adams Express Company, died on Friday at his home, 6,814 Seventeenth Avenue, Brooklyn.

JAMES T. BRADY, employed by Kempster & Co., and a member of Typographical Union No 6, died on Saturday at his home, 289 Jay Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. CAROLINE AUGUSTA RHODES, wife of Bradford Rhodes, President of the First National Bank of Mamaroneck, N. Y., died at her home, Quaker Ridge, Mamaroneck, on Saturday, in her sixty-fifth year.

Miss VIOLA ROGERS, Superintendent of a private sanitarium at Troy, N. Y., died yesterday at Bellevue Hospital, in her thirty-first year.

The Rev. WILLIAM F. LINIHAN, 63 years old, assistant pastor of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, New Haven, Conn., who was stricken with apoplexy at the Yale Bowl on Saturday, died yesterday in St. Raphael's Hospital. Father Linihan was one of the best known members of the Dominican Order in the East. He was a native of Kentucky, and first came to New Haven in 1886.

Mrs. FANNIE E. CARROLL, a well-known musician, died on Friday at her home, 47 West Thirty-ninth Street. Mrs. Carroll's husband, Charles Carroll of St. Louis, was a descendant of Charles Carroll of Carrollton, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. She is survived by her daughters, the Misses Clara Douglass Carroll and Grace Lee Carroll.

PATRICK ROCK, 70 years old, an engineer of 6 Thirtieth Street, Beechhurst, Queens, died in St. John's Hospital, Long Island City, yesterday of injuries suffered on Nov. 15, when he was struck by a motor car.

JOHN ALEXANDER, the oldest active Secretary of Masonic organizations in the United States, died at his home in Rochester, N. Y., yesterday, aged 90 years.

HENRY S. PAUL, Jr., a game hunter and polo player, died in a hospital in Philadelphia yesterday, from pneumonia.

CRAZED MAN STABBED TWO.

Station House Guest Had to be Clubbed Into Submission.

Andrew Kozlawski, living at 436 Broadway, Bayonne, became crazed in the Bayonne Police Station yesterday morning, and with a four-inch penknife stabbed a fireman and a policeman so they had to be taken to the Bayonne Hospital. Andrew was overpowered after the reserves had roughly handled him. He faces two charges of assault.

On Saturday night he told the police his boarding house door was locked and he could not get in, so he was allowed to sleep in the station house cellar. Yesterday morning he stabbed Fireman Paul Sedlak in the stomach, and when Policeman Stephen Otto responded, Kozlawski stabbed him also. He was trying to get out of the building when other policemen used their clubs on him.

Professor George Ray Wicker.

HANOVER, N. H., Nov. 25.—George Ray Wicker, Professor of Economics in Dartmouth College and formerly Chairman of the Progressive State Committee of New Hampshire, died at a hospital here today. He was born at Moscow, N. Y., Jan. 31, 1870. He had been a Vice Principal in secondary schools in New York City before he was appointed to the Dartmouth Faculty in 1900.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

DANIN.—Nov. 24, 55 West 110th St., to Mr. and Mrs. L. Danin, a son.

GOODNEY.—Nov. 18, 638 West 160th St., to Mr. and Mrs. J. Goodney, a daughter.

Engaged.

FILMER — ARTHUR. — Beatrice Arthur, daughter of Mrs. Paul M. Filmer and stepdaughter of Captain Paul M. Filmer, A. G. D., N. A., to Augustus Weslake Filmer, U. S. N., nephew of Captain Filmer.

KWINT—FISCHER.—Etta Fischer to Michael Kwint. Chicago papers please copy.

AUERBACH — SHIPLEY.—Gertrude Shipley to Leo Auerbach.

BECK—RITTEREISER.—Charlotte G. Rittereiser to Henry C. Beck, Jr.

BOSSAK—STREIT.—Tillie Streit to J. Bossak.

FRANK—CEDERBAUM.—Laura Cederbaum to Charles Frank.

GROSSMAN — ROSENTHAL. — Bertha H. Rosenthal to Marcus Grossman.

KRAMER—KEAN.—Stella Kean to Harrol Kramer.

LEVY—WARD.—Florence Ward to Sidney Levy.

MOSKOWITZ—BERK.—Etta Berk to Julius Moskowitz.

MURRAY—RINDSKOPF.—Isabelle Rindskopf to Donald Murray.

NEDELL—MALINO.—Carrie Malino to Elwood P. Nedell.

OTT—HANF.—Anna Hanf to Joseph P. Ott.

SEGAL—GOODMAN.—Helen Goodman to Morris Segal.

TAYLOR—JOHNSON.—Edna Johnson to Herbert D. Taylor.

WESTHEIMER—IRONSON.—Ruth Ironson to Lester Westheimer.

Married.

ADLER—HIRSCHFELD.—Mr. Harry Hirschfeld of 231 West 96th St. announces the marriage of his daughter Hannah to Mr. John J. Adler, Nov. 25, 1917.

HOROWITZ—COHEN.—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Cohen, 52 Cathedral Parkway, announce the marriage of their daughter Miriam to Henry Horowitz, Saturday, Nov. 24.

SANDERSON—MOOREHEAD. — On Friday, June 22, 1917, in New York, Marjorie M. Moorehead, to Everitt Sanderson.

MORRELL—WILSON.—Nov. 21, Mary K. Wilson to Willett B. Morrell.

POTASH—WEINBERGER.—Nov. 18, Lillian Weinberger to George Potash.

SEIDES—BAUM.—Nov. 18, Irma Baum to Dr. Sani Seides.

Brooklyn.

JOHNSON—BOITEL.—Nov. 24, Natalie C. Boitel to Walter L. Johnson.

Died.

ALEXANDER.—At the New York Hospital, on Sunday, Nov. 25, Walter Scott Alexander, sixth son of the late Charles Jameson Alexander of Hawick, Roxburghshire, Scotland. Funeral private.

BIRNBAUM.—At Binghamton, N. Y., Nov. 24, Hannah, widow of Moritz Birnbaum, and mother of Sig. Birnbaum, Mrs. M. A. Goldstein and Mrs. Fannie Enworth. Services at Machpelah Cemetery Chapel, Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 12 o'clock.

BROKAW.—Elizabeth Bacon, daughter of Morton V. and Sophia B., Nov. 25, at St. Paul, Minn. Funeral at her late residence, Bound Brook, N. J., Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 27, at 2:30 o'clock.

BULLARD.—On Sunday afternoon, Nov. 25, 1917, at Larchmont Manor, N. Y., Frances Atwood, beloved wife of Dr. William E. Bullard. Notice of funeral hereafter. Please omit flowers.

BURKE.—Nov. 25, 1917, at his home, 2,103 Ocean Av., Brooklyn, William, beloved husband of Cathrine Werkmeister Burke. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CONTENCIN.—On Friday, Nov. 23, 1917, Ellen M. Contencin, widow of Chevalier Louis Contencin, at her residence, 161 East 80th St. Funeral services on Monday, Nov. 26, at 10 A. M., at the Church of St. Jean Baptiste, Lexington Av. and 76th St. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

DURHAM.—At Montclair, N. J., Saturday, Nov. 24th, 1917, Mary Good, wife of Lemuel Durham. Funeral service will be held in the Chapel of St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, N. Y. City, Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 2 P. M.

ENAHO. — Takisot. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.) Monday, 2 o'clock.

FERDON.—At Damascus, Va., Nov. 25, Arthur Irving Ferdon, beloved son of Rachel and Henry S. of Leonia, N. J. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FIELD.—In Milton, Mass., Nov. 25, from pneumonia, James Bates Field, aged 14, only son of Rebecca Gill and William L. W. Field and grandnephew of Mrs. William D. Spalding of Brooklyn, N. Y.

FRANK.—On Saturday, Nov. 24, 1917, Jennie, sister of the late Philip and Morris Frank, in her 83d year. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, 411 West End Av., on Monday, Nov. 26, at 9:15 A. M. Please omit flowers.

GIBSON.—Suddenly, at East Orange, N. J., on Sunday, Nov. 25, 1917, George Rodney, husband of Mary V. Gibson. Funeral services at his late home, 109 South Munn Av., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 3 P. M., on arrival of train leaving Hoboken, D., L. & W. R. R., at 1:5L. Kindly omit flowers.

HOFFMAN.—On Nov. 24, at Cleveland, Ohio, Elsa, wife of Charles F. Hoffman of New York. Funeral services at 851 Amsterdam Av., near 102d St., on Tuesday evening, Nov. 27, at 8 o'clock.

JARVIS.—At Hackensack, N. J., Nov. 24, 1917, Charles G., beloved husband of Georgiana Lawrence, aged 62 years. Funeral services from his late residence, 28 Euclid Av., Hackensack, N. J., on Tuesday evening, Nov. 27, at 7:30 o'clock.

KIMMEY.—Nov. 24, 1917, Elda L., beloved husband of Zara Boyce Kimmey, aged 32 years. Funeral and interment, Albany, N. Y.

KNOBLOCH.—Adam, aged 62, in Buffalo, N. Y. Funeral service St. Paul's Lutheran Church, 313 and 315 West 22d St., Monday, 8 P. M. Remains now at E. C. Waldeck's Funeral Parlor, 330 West 22d St., where Masonic services will be held Tuesday at 1 P. M.

LAW.—At Montclair, N. J., on Sunday evening, Nov. 25, 1917, Adeline P. Law, widow of Henry W. Law, in her 91st year. Services at her late residence, 13 James St., Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 8 P. M.

LEWIS.—Adolph, beloved husband of the late Mathilde Blum Lewis. Funeral from Meyer's Funeral Parlor, 228 Lenox Av., on Monday, Nov. 26, at 2 P. M. San Francisco papers please copy.

McCARTY.—On Nov. 25, Margaret, widow of Edwin R. McCarty, in her 82d year. Funeral services at the chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 11 A. M.

McKUNE.—At Stamford, Conn., on Sunday, Nov. 25, 1917, Annie A., widow of the late James McKune, aged 77 years. Funeral services will be held at the Universalist Church Tuesday, at 2 P. M. Automobile will meet train leaving New York at 12:03.

McQUADE.—Francis, Sr., at his residence, 124 Milton St., Brooklyn, on Friday evening. He was connected with Standard Oil Co. of New York, Devoe works, for many years. He was a member Lexington Council, K. of C.; Commander Perry Council, Improved Order of Heptasophs, also the 15th Assembly District Regular Democratic Club. Leaves besides a widow, Janis C. Monroe, his son, Thomas, James A., Edward Frank, John, and his daughters, Mary, Elizabeth, Mrs. Katherine McNamara, his brothers, Owen, Thomas, and Patrick. Requiem mass 9:30 A. M., Nov. 26, Monday morning, at St. Antony of Padua R. C. Church, Brooklyn.

MEEHAN.—Nov. 22, Catharine, widow of James Meehan and daughter of the late Robert and Margaret McGinnis, at her residence, 860 West End Av. Funeral Monday, Nov. 26, at 10 A. M., to Church of the Ascension, 107th St., between Broadway and Amsterdam Avs. Mass of requiem at 10:30. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

MURRAY.—At Goshen, N. Y., Nov. 24, 1917, George Wickham Murray, aged 78 years. Funeral services at St. James's Church, Goshen, New York, Monday, Nov. 26, at 12 o'clock noon.

OLENA.—Nov. 24, Carrie Gardner. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Tuesday, 11 o'clock.

ONET.—M. Emile Onet, formerly of St. Paul, Minn., suddenly at Post Graduate Hospital, Friday, Nov. 23. Funeral services in Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, 6th Av. and 24th St., Monday, at 1 o'clock. St. Paul, New Orleans and Memphis papers please copy.

RHODES.—At Quaker Ridge, Mamaroneck, N. Y., Saturday afternoon, Nov. 24, 1917, Caroline Augusta, wife of Bradford Rhodes. Funeral service at the residence, Quaker Ridge, Tuesday morning, Nov. 27, at 11 o'clock. Conveyances will meet train at Mamaroneck on arrival of New Haven train leaving Grand Central Terminal at 10:06 A. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

SCOTT.—On Saturday, Nov. 24, 1917, Caroline Scott, widow of the late Thomas Scott. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the home of her daughter, Mrs. R. J. Haigin, Jr., 99 Clifton Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, at 3:30 P. M.

SKINNER.—On Sunday, Nov. 25, 1917, Rev. James A. Skinner, at his late residence, 796 East 166th St. Funeral private.

STARR.—On Saturday, Nov. 24, 1917, Henrietta Starr, in her 94th year; widow of George Starr. Funeral services at her late home, 109 West 86th St., Monday afternoon, Nov. 26, at 1 o'clock. Interment private.

THOMAS.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, at the Episcopal School, Lynchburg, Va., Denziloe Alexander Thomas, aged 19, son of the Rev. W. J. Denziloe Thomas and Ella Snow Thomas. Burial at Washington, D. C., on Friday, Nov. 23, 1917.

WEIXELBAUM. — On Nov. 17, Henry J. Weixelbaum. Funeral private, from chapel of James E. Winterbottom, 536 St. and 6th Av., on Monday at 12 o'clock noon.

WHITE.—After a brief illness, Mrs. Mary White, widow of John J. White, in her 80th year. Requiem mass at the Church of St. John the Evangelist, 55th St. and First Av., at 10 A. M., Monday, Nov. 26.

WILDE.—At Hastings-on-the-Hudson, N. Y., Nov. 23, 1917, Robert Livingston, son of the late James and Harriet Richards Wilde, aged 61 years. Funeral from his late residence, on Monday, Nov. 26, on arrival of 1:14 train from Grand Central Depot.

ALBISSER.—Charles, 52 West 26th St., Nov. 23, aged 67. Funeral today.

BARRETT.—Charles, 562 West 54th St., Nov. 22.

CASE.—Watson, 304 West 112th St., Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

CODY.—Estelle, 568 West 171st St., Nov. 24. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

DREYFUS.—Marie, 100 St. Nicholas Av., Nov. 23, aged 83.

FLEET.—Marguerite B., Hahnemann Hospital, Nov. 23.

FLOOD.—Stella, Nov. 24, aged 27. Funeral 161 8th Av.

GAFFNEY.—Alice, 2,084 Valentine Av., Bronx, Nov. 24. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

HERRLICH.—Katie, 300 East 141st St., Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, noon.

LEDOGAR.—Charlotte, 2,161 Houghton Av., Bronx, Nov. 23. Funeral today, 9:15 A. M.

MEAD.—Josephine, 220 East 46th St., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

MULHERN.—Andrew, 111 West 62d St., Nov. 23. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

PUNCH.—Helen, 647 2d Av., Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

REDDEN.—Patrick, 643 10th Av., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

RIEGE. — Mary E., 267 West 122d St., Nov. 23.

SAMMON.—James, 2,874 Valentine Av., Bronx, Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

SHIELDS.—Cecilia J., 411 West 18th St., Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

SULLIVAN.—William, Nov. 24. Funeral 353 West 38th St., today, 9:30 A. M.

TIM.—Harry, 26 West 80th St., Nov. 22. Funeral private.

TUNNEY.—Annie, 75 Bank St., Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 10.30 A. M.

WOLFF.—Caroline, 895 Eagle Av., Bronx, Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 10.30 A. M.

WOLFSKEHL.—Bina, 161 West 140th St., Nov. 23. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

COLLINS.—John, 201 Prospect Place, Nov. 24, aged 70. Funeral today, 9.30 A. M.

COWLEY.—Thomas D., 174-A Garfield Place, Nov. 24.

ESCHENBACHER.—Sarah V., 179 Adams St., Nov. 23. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

FAIRBEE.—Clara, 1,095 St. John's Place, Nov. 22. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

GARVEY.—Thomas J., 279 13th St., Nov. 22. Funeral today, 9.30 A. M.

GRAY.—Duane L., 2,215 Tilden Av., Nov. 23, aged 55.

HARE.—Joseph, 501 55th St., Nov. 24. Funeral notice later.

HAYES.—Charles E., Home for Consumptives, Nov. 23, aged 45. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

JOHNSTON.—Catherine J., 138 Robinson St., Nov. 24. Funeral today, 9.30 A. M.

KENNEY.—Jane, 456 15th St., Nov. 24. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

McCLEARY.—Mary F., 96 Adams St., Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 9.30 A. M.

RIDLEY.—John S., 169 Prospect St., Nov. 24. Funeral service tomorrow.

SINGLEHAND.—Mary, 575 4th Av., Nov. 24.

SPENCER.—William R., 627 Greene Av., Nov. 24, aged 68. Funeral service today.

SWEET.—John H., 6,814 17th Av., Nov. 22, aged 55.

WILLIAMS.—Mary F., 91 Lafayette Av., Nov. 23, aged 79.

Long Island.

BARNES.—Frances A., Richmond Hill, Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

BRADISH.—Carrie C., College Point, Nov. 24. Funeral service today.

In Memoriam.

YEOMANS.—In loving memory of Frederic B. Yeomans, who passed away, Nov. 26, 1908.

ABRAMS.—Myral, unveiling monument, Mount Carmel Cemetery, Dec. 2, 3 P. M.

AUERHAHN.—Jeannette, unveiling monument, Bayside Cemetery, Dec. 2, 3 P. M.

BAER.—Maurice B., in memory of; died Nov. 26, 1916.

BINNINGER.—Richard, in memory of; died Nov. 26, 1916.

BIERBER.—Ida, unveiling monument, Union Fields Cemetery, Dec. 2, 3 P. M.

CALLEN.—Annie M., in memory of; died Nov. 30, 1916.

EILS.—J. Lewis, in memory of; died Nov. 29, 1911.

ERMANN.—Aaron, in memory of; died Nov. 28, 1914.

GOLDBERG.—Annie G.; unveiling monument Washington Cemetery, Dec. 2, 2.30 P. M.

HARAN.—Mary; mass St. Ignatius Loyola's Church today, 9 A. M.

HARRISON. — Emma, in memory of; died Nov. 26, 1909.

HEIDELBERGER.—Herman, unveiling monument Baron Hirsch Cemetery, Dec. 2, 3 P. M.

KING.—Mary, in memory of; died Nov. 25, 1910.

LUSTIG.—Jennie, in memory of; died Nov. 27, 1916.

McLAUGHLIN.—Mary E.; mass Blessed Sacrament Church today, 8 A. M.

MARTIN.—William A.; mass St. Joseph's Church, Brooklyn, today, 7:45 A. M.

OSTERWEIS.—Amelia; unveiling monument Mount Hope Cemetery Dec. 2, 2.30 P. M.

POTASCH. — Rachel; unveiling monument Machpelah Cemetery, Dec. 2, 3.15 P. M.

ST. AUGUSTIN'S BRANCH, L. C. B. A.—Deceased members: mass St. Augustin's Church, Brooklyn, tomorrow, 9 A. M.

ST. SAVIOUR'S BRANCH, L. C. B. A.—Deceased members; mass St. Saviour's Church, Brooklyn, Dec. 1, 7:30 A. M.

ST. VINCENT'S HOSPITAL NURSES' A. A.—Deceased members; mass hospital chapel today, 9 A. M.

SCHROEDER.—F. W., in memory of; died Nov. 27, 1915.

SCOTT.—Dorothy, in memory of; died Nov. 26, 1915.

SPINGARN.—Samuel H., in memory of; died Nov. 27, 1913.

SPRINGER. — Carrie, in memory of; died Nov. 29, 1914.

WEIL.—Leopold; unveiling monument Mount Hope Cemetery, Dec. 2, 3 P. M.

WOLFF.—Annie; unveiling monument Mount Zion Cemetery, Dec. 2, 2 P. M.

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SEASON ABOUNDING IN SHOCKS TO STUDENTS OF FOOTBALL FORM DRAWS TO CLOSE

MANY BIG UPSETS ON BARRED FIELD

Rutgers, Princeton, and West Virginia Wesleyan Add Surprises to Long List.

SANFORD'S TEAM IN GLORY

Scarlet Proves Individual Effort Worthless Before Unity of Eleven Men.

Several new football surprises were added Saturday to the record of a season which has already bubbled over with gridiron reversals. Rutgers accomplished one of the most remarkable achievements in defeating Cupid Black's team of former college stars in a game which proved the value of expert coaching over individual brilliancy.

Coach Fred Dawson's team of Princeton Freshmen shattered a Yale dream by rising to great heights and subduing the Eli cubs when New Haven considered the Blue youths overwhelming favorites. West Virginia Wesleyan turned all calculations upside down by beating West Virginia, an eleven which had conquered such teams as the Navy and Washington and Jefferson. Another stunning shock was the performance of Auburn in holding Ohio State, the western champions, to a scoreless tie.

In a season like the one which closes Thanksgiving Day, all calculations, based on comparative scores, are set at naught. The reason for the unforeseen outcome of many of the games is hard to locate. In some cases it seemed to be the uncertainty of the tactics of the open game, while in other instances the general disorganization of the elevens due to war conditions brought elevens together under conditions far from normal. Here for instance was the Dartmouth team, which had the strength earlier in the season to beat such formidable opponents as West Virginia and Penn State, only to fall before Brown by a margin of two touchdowns when Brown had shown a decided slump and had been beaten by Syracuse and ripped to ribbons by Cupid Black's stars.

Teamwork Counts for Rutgers.

George Foster Sanford, the Rutgers coach, has always been a stanch advocate of the theory that a team of only middling fair players, welded together under a system of compact team play, was superior in every way to an eleven of individual stars. "Sandy" backed this theory up with convincing proof on Saturday. There has never been a better opportunity of trying out this theory of machine-like organization against specialized talent than there was when the New Brunswick eleven faced the cream of Eastern and Western gridirons at Ebbets Field.

The Rutgers eleven had been coached by Sanford so thoroughly that they played with military precision. There was co-ordination and harmony in every play. The linemen worked hand in glove with the backfield. The plays went off like clockwork; there were no delays in execution. No one player was asked to carry the burden. The Rutgers players were like Dumas's Three Guardsmen—"all for one and one for all."

The success of the Newport Naval Reserves this season has rested on the ability of some star like Charley Barrett or Gerrish to break loose and run wild in an open field. With a line of experienced, skilled players, such as the Naval Reserves had, it has been no difficult matter for them to protect the runner from the opposition long enough for him to get free. The Reserves expected to do this same thing against Rutgers. Their répertoire of plays was limited. They did not figure that they needed a variety of attack to down any team they faced.

The quick, low charge of the Rutgers line, however, put the Newport defense to rout. The line of New Brunswick forwards were down under their opponents with the first movement of the ball, and speed and unity of effort smashed the calculations of the naval men to bits. At the very outset the overconfidence of Black's highly lauded team got a surprise from which it never recovered.

Keck Becomes Famous.

A freshman who can kick a goal from placement from the 43-yard line can immediately be set down as a kicker of no ordinary talent. This is what young Keck, the Princeton tackle, did against the Yale freshmen in New Haven Saturday, and thereby scored the three points which marked the Tigers' margin of victory. After Princeton's downfall at the hands of the Harvard freshmen, and Yale's defeat of the Crimson Cubs, Yale was a 6 to 1 favorite before the game at New Haven Saturday. Princeton's reversal of form was wonderful, and during the greater part of the game they forced the fight and constantly threatened the Blue youngsters. Overconfidence also may have played a part in the downfall of the Yale cubs.

Dartmouth's fumbling was costly in Boston for both of Brown's scores came after Captain McDonough and Sid Holbrook permitted the pigskin to trickle through their hands. Dartmouth stuck to old-fashioned football tactics just as she did against Penn, and did not resort to an open game until late in the day. This open game of Dartmouth's appeared to be her most effective weapon, and yet has been used only as a last resort.

Syracuse's decisive defeat of the Michigan Aggies was another instance of the East's superiority over the West. The intersectional contests were about even yesterday, Notre Dame upholding the prestige of the West by beating Washington and Jefferson by the margin of a field goal. Washington and Jefferson was evidently still suffering from the effects of the beating they received from West Virginia the previous week, while the same effect on the Mountaineers was evident from its downfall before West Virginia Wesleyan. This reversal occasioned no little surprise, because Wesleyan was defeated a few weeks ago by Washington and Jefferson by a score of 13 to 6.

Army Has Successful Year.

The West Point team finished its season by winning a hard-fought game from Boston College. The Army has had a fairly successful season, its only defeat coming in the Notre Dame game. Each of the service academies suffered one defeat during the season, although Annapolis, under Gilmour Dobie, had developed a much superior scoring machine than the Army. West Point, however, did not have the advantage of the coaching of former seasons, as all the former members of the coaching staff are in active service and the Army has always relied on graduate coaching.

The Columbia-New York University game furnished one of the best contests of the season at South Field and the defeat was a disappointment to the Columbia crowd. Fordham had an easy time with the Naval Reserve eleven from Pelham Bay, which is the same service team which will play the Mineola Aviation Corps at the Polo Grounds Thursday afternoon.

The inability of the crack Ohio State team to get better than a scoreless tie with Auburn was a surprise. Auburn produced a player who was just as sensational as Chick Harley in half back Ducote. There was no incentive of rivalry in this game, however, to spur Ohio State to its greatest effort as the game was a benefit affair and was played before the soldiers at Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala.

Curtis Held to Tie Soccer Game.

Curtis High and Townsend Harris Hall played a tie soccer game in the high school series at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday, each side scoring a goal. After ten minutes of play in the second half, right half back Weitz scored off a corner kick by [illegible]mpolski. Ten minutes later Macken of Curtis headed the ball in off a corner kick by R. Lynch. Curtis High [illegible] in the P. S. A. L. race.

BROWN'S SPRINT WINS RACE.

Comes from Behind to Take Harlem Athletic Contest.

A spirited sprint gave Harry Brown of the Harbrook A. C. a victory in the weekly handicap road race of the Harlem Athletic League held yesterday over the West Harlem Catholic Club's course of about five miles. Brown had a handicap of 1:45, and finished with an advantage of about twenty yards over M. Tea, Glencoe A. C., who was second from the 3:15 mark. The victor's time was 30:53. Victor Voteretsas, the Greek runner of the Morningside A. C., who is in the city on a furlough from army duties at Spartanburg, S. C., started from scratch and finished sixth in 30:00. This gave him the fast time prize.

The team honors went to the Morningside A. C. with twenty-one points, making the seventh consecutive victory in team competition since the opening of the Harlem Athletic League road running season.

The order of finish follows:

Pos. Name and club.	Hand'p.	Actual Time.
1—H. Brown, Harbrook A. C.	1:45	30:53
2—M. Tea, Glencoe A. C.	3:15	32:32
3—F. Centrell, Morningside A.C.	2:30	31:54
4—G. Williams, St. Christopher Club	1:30	31:10
5—D. Reynolds, Macomb's A. C.	4:15	34:09
6—V. Voteretsas, M'gside A. C.	Scratch	30:00
7—H. Spies, Morningside A. C.	1:00	31:02
8—I. Lehman, Morningside A.C.	1:00	31:04
9—J. Staib, Glencoe A. C.	4:00	34:23
10—L. Metzer, Morningside A. C.	Scratch	30:32

A. Fay, Macomb's A. C., (3:30,) 34:10; J. Goff, St. Christopher Club, (0:30,) 31:11; H. Shuster, Morningside A. C., (0:30,) 31:13; M. Ciringione, Harbrook A. C., (3:00,) 35:56; B. Goldberg, Morningside A. C., (4:30,) 35:28; J. Daly, Macomb's A. C., (1:30,) 32:54; S. Silverdollar, Glencoe A. C., (4:30,) 35:34; E. Farrell, Glencoe A. C., (3:30,) 34:47; W. Gunning, Morningside A. C., (2:15,) 34:30; P. Hopkins, Macomb's A. C., (3:00,) 35:32; H. Parkinson, Morningside A. C., (scratch,) 32:33; J. Mullen, Glencoe A. C., (3:30,) 36:04; J. Davidson, Harbrook A. C., (5:00,) 37:49; M. Sweeney, Glencoe A. C., (5:00,) 37:53; C. Mayer, Glencoe A. C., (3:30,) 37:38; J. Kiernan, Catholic Club of West Harlem, (5:00,) 39:19; J. Ciringione, Harbrook A. C., (5:00,) 39:23.

TEAM SCORE.

Morningside A. C.	2	3	4	5	7—21
Glencoe A. C.	1	6	8	9	10—34

HARTMAN LEADS HARRIERS.

Captures Pennant A. C. Event by a Wide Margin.

H. Hartman of the Union Settlement A. C. led home a small field yesterday in the Pennant A. C.'s four-mile invitation run held over a course in the Bronx. Hartman held the lead for the greater part of the journey and finished in 21:30. W. Meehan of the Pennant A. C. was a poor second in 22:12.

The order of finish follows:

H. Hartman, Union Settlement A. C., 21:30; W. Meehan, Pennant A. C., 22:12; J. Kurtz, Pennant A. C., 22:30; W. Mesher, Pennant A. C., 22:50; W. J. Martta, Pennant A. C., 23:00; F. Wolfe, Pennant A. C., 23:15; J. Fox, Pennant A. C., 23:19; O. Rettig, Camp Upton, 23:23; F. Denizen, Camp Upton, 23:32; T. McGivney, Ridgewood A. C., 23:50; M. Mesher, Pennant A. C., 23:57.

FREIRICH WINS TIME PRIZE.

Harriers of 92d Street Y. M. H. A. Capture League Title.

Road runners of the Ninety-second Street Branch of the Y. M. H. A. defended their title as champions of the association's Metropolitan League by carrying off the team honors of the annual handicap road race, held yesterday over the Washington Heights Branch course of about three and one-half miles. Thirty-four harriers competed in the run, representing six of the associations situated in the metropolitan district. The winning point score of the Ninety-second Street athletes showed 33 tallies, two lower than that compiled by the athletes of the Mount Vernon Branch.

Max Platner, Mount Vernon Y. M. H. A., won the individual honors, aided by a handicap of four minutes, while S. Feirich of the Ninety-second Street branch accounted for the fast time prize from the scratch mark. He finished in sixteenth position in 21:25, ten seconds better than the time credited to A. Frishman, who also started from scratch and was eighteenth.

The order of finish follows:

Pos. Name and Branch.	Hdcp.	Actual Time.
1—M. Platner, Mount Vernon	4:00	23:45
2—M. Perlman, Mount Vernon	4:30	24:16
3—E. Kolber, Bronx	4:00	23:47
4—R. Stein, 92d Street	5:00	21:25
6—S. D. Seigal, Bronx	5:00	25:27
7—C. Greenberg, Bronx	5:00	25:29
8—L. Fine, Bronx	5:00	25:31
9—S. Kahn, Mount Vernon	5:00	25:40
10—L. Zimmermer, 92d Street	1:00	21:47

L. Katz, 92d Street, (1:30,) 22:08; A. Greenfield, Washington Heights, (5:00,) 25:53; S. Richman, 92d Street, (2:00,) 23:09; B. Schaeffer, Washington Heights, (5:00,) 26:07; I. Falkenstein, 92d Street, (1:30,) 22:43; B. Bromberg, Brooklyn, (5:00,) 26:15; S. Freirich, 92d Street, (scratch,) 21:25; B. Richman, 92d Street, (1:00,) 22:26; A. Frishman, 92d Street, (scratch,) 21:35; A. Herman, Mount Vernon, (4:30,) 25:06; M. Skear, Brooklyn, (4:30,) 26:35; D. Dickerman, 92d Street, (1:30,) 23:36; H. Kelles, Washington Heights, (5:00,) 27:16; J. C. Cohansky, Brooklyn, (4:45,) 27:02; A. Bittner, Washington Heights, (5:00,) 27:44; J. C. Yeager, Brooklyn, (5:00,) 28:00; B. Schoenfjeld, 92d Street, (3:00,) 26:15.

TEAM SCORE.

92d Street	3	5	6	9	10—33
Mount Vernon	1	2	4	11	17—35
Washington Heights	7	9	14	16	19—65
Brooklyn	11	13	15	18	20—77

SMALL FIELD IN L. I. RUN.

H. Rosen Captures First Place in Five-Mile Event in 29:30.

The road-run season for the Long Island Athletic League opened inauspiciously yesterday with a five-mile event under the auspices of the Swedish-American A. C. A field of only twelve men competed. The winner was H. Rosen, Kings County A. A., who started with a handicap allowance of :15 and crossed the finish line in 29:30. His advantage at the end of the race was nearly 100 yards. The fast-time prize went to W. Johnson, Swedish-American A. C., who started from scratch and covered the distance in 28:00. Representatives of the Kings County A. A. captured the team prize with the low total of twenty points.

The order of finish follows:

H. Rosen, Kings County A. A., (3:15,) 29:30; D. Schneider, Kings County A. A., (3:00,) 29:37; B. Finkelstein, Brooklyn A. A., (2:00,) 28:39; E. Hendrickson, Swedish-American A. C., (3:00,) 29:40; M. Steinfeld, Kings County A. A., (3:15,) 29:57; W. Lawson, Swedish-American A. C., (:30,) 28:10; W. Heinson, Kings County A. A., (4:30,) 32:20; I. Bender, Kings County A. A., (2:00,) 29:59; W. Johnson, Swedish-American A. C., (scratch,) 28:00; A. Weyburg, Swedish-American A. C., (1:00,) 29:30; J. Dunn, Kings County A. A., (2:00,) 30:42; A. Jensen, Swedish-American A. C., (4:00,) 33:38.

TEAM SCORE.

Kings Count A. A.	1	2	4	6	7—20
Swedish-American A. C.	3	5	8	9	10—35

ROOT AND DROBACH ENTER.

Veteran Riders to Team in Coming Six-Day Race.

Pete Drobach, the Boston cycling favorite, who rode the entire hour sprint last year in the Garden when his partner was unable to continue the race, was teamed yesterday with Eddie Root, a four-time winner of six-day races, for the coming grind, which starts Sunday night.

Root was originally teamed with Marcel Dupuy, who was unable to reach here for the contest. Oscar Egg and Paul Suter, the two other foreign entries, are due today on the French Line. Drobach finished third in the six-day race in Boston last month.

Instead of an hour sprint each afternoon and evening, a two-hour sprint in the evening and a one-hour sprint in the afternoon have been set up for the cards. The track will be finished for the men to take workout on Saturday. The fact that there are no sprint championships prior to the six-day race will give the riders more time to familiarize themselves with the course.

SPEEDWAY RACING COMES TO AN END

Pacing Honors Go to Mittie Bedworth—Marion Toddington Is Trotting Champion.

The curtain on the local light harness racing season was rung down yesterday at the Harlem Speedway with the tenth Fall matinée of the Road Drivers' Association. Because of the cold weather only a handful of spectators were present to see the horses compete in the final event.

Horses owned by J. A. Murphy led in the season's point scoring, and to this stable go the 1917 Speedway trotting and pacing championship titles. Marion Toddington, the Murphy chestnut mare, finished the season at the head of the trotters, with a total of 45 points. This gave the Murphy horse an advantage of nine points on Dr. C. P. Martin's Bon Todd, which finished second, while E. Carpenter's Bessie Baron was third with 34. In the pacing class Murphy's Mittie Bedworth, a chestnut mare, carried off the laurels with a point score of 32. Clover Patch, another Murphy-owned horse, and J. Leonard's Silent Sister tied for second place with 28 points each. Clover Patch had won the title during three previous seasons.

Marion Toddington gave the small crowd of shivering spectators a glimpse of her championship form in the trotting feature yesterday when, with Dave McClary, the veteran driver, holding the reins, she triumphed in straight heats over the bay gelding Oakland Boy. The latter is also from the Murphy stable, and was driven by Jesse Smith. Marion Toddington's time, for the heats were 1:01 and 1:09.

The summaries:

1:09 CLASS—PACING.

The Earl, b. g., (J. Flaherty) 1 1
Oakland Boy, Jr., ch. g., (P. Conroy) 2 2
Hal Direct, ch. g., (M. I. Aronson) 3 3
Time—1:07¼; 1:08.

1:03 CLASS—TROTTING.

David Busbey, b. g., (J. F. O'Shea) 1 1
Bon Todd, br. m., (Dr. C. P. Martin) 2 2
Time—1:07; 1:06.

1:03 CLASS—PACING.

Clover Patch, br. m., (J. Smith) 1 1
Lustrus McKinney, b. g., (M. F. Kearns) 2 2
Baron A., b. s., (C. C. Cramer) 3 3
Time—1:01¼; 1:04.

1:07 CLASS—TROTTING.

Libby Medium, br. m., (J. F. Dinan) 1 2 1
Catherine P., b. m., (R. Curry) 2 1 2
Bessie Baron, b. m., (E. Carpenter) 3 3 3
Time—1:08; 1:08½; 1:09½.

1:15 CLASS—TROTTING.

Miss Wiggins, b. f., (J. F. O'Shea) 2 1 1
Fox Dean, br. g., (A. T. Meckel) 1 2 2
Josephine B., br. f., (M. I. Aronson) 3 3 3
Time—1:16½; 1:15½; 1:14.

1:05 CLASS—TROTTING.
(Against Best Time of 1:07 Trot.)

Courier Boy, b. g., (J. P. Kennedy) 1
Time—1:07.

1:05 CLASS—PACING.

Lillian W., ch. m., (J. Flaherty) 1 1
Countess Kohl, br. m., (E. A. Meckel) 2 2
Time—1:02; 1:03½.

CHAMPIONSHIP CLASS—TROTTING.

Marion Toddington, ch. m., (D. McClary) 1 1
Oakland Boy, b. g., (J. Smith) 2 2
Time—1:01; 1:09.

1:13 CLASS—PACING.

Exultant, br. g., (J. Gilmore) 1 1
Silent Sister, b. m., (J. Leonard) 2 2
Time—1:14; 1:10.

SEASON'S POINTS STANDING.

Pacers—Mittie Bedworth, 32; Clover Patch, 28; Silent Sister, 28; Lustrus McKinney, 23; The Earl, 22; Exultant, 22; Oakland Boy, Jr., 20; Countess Kohl, 19; Baron A., 16; Lillian W., 16; Automatism, 14; Hal Direct, 14.

Trotters—Marion Toddington, 45; Bon Todd, 36; Bessie Baron, 34; Catherine P., 23; Courier Boy, 25, Libby Medium, 25; Kinstic, 17; David Busbey, 17; Miss Wiggins, 17; Princess Mae, 16; Fox Dean, 16; Nell McLintock, 12; Dingee, 9.

HAVANA MAY GET MATCH.

Proposed That De Oro and Otis Play for Cue Title in Cuba.

It is possible that the next match for the world's professional three-cushion billiard championship between Alfredo de Oro, the title holder, and Charles Otis, the challenger, will be played in Havana. Negotiations to this end are now pending, but whether they will eventuate into an actuality remains in doubt. There are several snarls which need to be untangled before the match can go out of the country, some of which transgress the rules under which contestants play for the three-cushion emblem.

De Oro is particularly anxious to have the match played in Havana. The Cuban Government recently voted him a life pension of $150 a month and the certificate, indicative of that is to be presented to him at Havana some time in January. In view of this De Oro wishes to give the Cuban people the opportunity of seeing him play in a championship match.

Originally the champion was to have played Clarence Jackson prior to the match with Otis. The withdrawal of the latter, however, moved the Otis match forward. According to the terms of the championship De Oro must play Otis in not less than thirty nor more than forty days from Nov. 12, and this would bring the next challenger, August Kieckhefer, eligible for January. The withdrawal of Jackson therefore upset the tentative plans which the champion had made to play Otis in January at Havana.

Under the rules governing the championship trophy, without the consent of the player he has to meet and the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company, a champion cannot name as a place for a match any other city than the one in which he has a legal residence. Nevertheless, if De Oro can induce Otis to agree to play in Havana the donors of the emblem will interpose no objection.

Ralph Greenleaf, the Monmouth, Ill., "Boy Wonder," will be the next contender for the championship at continuous pocket billiards, now held by Frank Taberski of Schenectady. Greenleaf will have his chance between Dec. 18 and 26. By defeating the Iowa boy, Taberski will become the owner of the championship emblem, which has been a medium of competition since the tournament held at Chicago, Feb. 26 to March 20, 1916.

Welker Cochran, the Manson, Iowa billiard star, who defeated Leonard Howison week before last, will play Joseph Mayer of Philadelphia at Maurice Daly's during five afternoons and evenings this week. They will compete at 2,500 points, 18.2 balkline, in ten blocks of 250 each. The first session will begin this afternoon.

The New England Association of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players has decided to hold three tournaments this Winter. The classes will be A B and C and will be based on grand averages of 3.5 and 7. Inasmuch as there are no records of grand averages by New England players, entrants will be classified by a committee comprised of Richard Engstrom, N. S. Kelly, and William Crocker.

CRIMSON GETS PRIVATE GYM

Harvard Authorities Turn Over Randolph Hall for General Use.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 25.—Randolph Hall gymnasium, used in the past exclusively by wealthy students of Harvard's gold coast, will be opened to the general student body of the university this week, it has been announced. With Hemenway Gymnasium given over to the occupancy of sailors of the Government Naval Radio School, Harvard students have been without a place for indoor exercise this Fall. The university purchased Randolph Hall and its private gymnasium a year ago, and it was decided today to put the gymnasium into general use.

Fort Hamilton Eleven Victor.

The Fort Hamilton Post football team triumphed over the Second Naval Battalion of Brooklyn yesterday in a one-sided game at Fort Hamilton, by 54 to 0. The contest was preparatory to the Fort Hamilton game with Fort Hancock, to be played Thursday at Ebbets Field.

NEW YORK ELEVEN TRIUMPHS

Replays Protested Soccer Game and Wins Again.

Replaying a protested cup tie match with the Clan MacDonalds, the New York Football Club again was victor by the score of 2 goals to 0 at Lenox Oval yesterday. New York qualified for the second round, in which it will meet the Interborough R. T. eleven next Sunday.

A battle royal on the soccer gridiron at Clark's Athletic Field in East Newark was fought between the West Hudsons and the Paterson Football Club in the second round of the American Football Association's cup tie series, and resulted in favor of the West Hudsons by the score of 2 goals to 1.

The Babcock & Wilcox soccer eleven eliminated the Scottish Americans from the cup tie series of the American Football Association by the score of 3 goals to 2 in a hard struggle at Bayonne. Elliott and Sweeney scored for the "Babs" in the first half, and Muir made it three for the home team soon after the restart.

Playing with only ten men the Interborough R. T. soccer team was successful against the Jersey Athletic Club of the National League by 2 goals to 0. Edmondson scored first with a long shot.

40,000 HOMELESS DOLLARS.

Tennis Ambulance Fund Awaits Disposition by the Government.

Just at present the ambulance fund of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, amounting to some $40,000, is awaiting some definite disposition on the part of the officials at Washington. The fund was raised through a series of exhibition matches, club and patriotic tournaments, and was to equip tennis ambulance divisions. The name of each club giving $1,000 was to appear on an ambulance for service in France.

Since the start of the campaign, however, conditions have changed with regard to the equipping of ambulances, and the snarl that has resulted has left the tennis ambulance fund high in the air. Those in charge of the fund feel it incumbent that the provisions of the agreement with the clubs contributing money be carried out, and endeavors are being made in this direction. Should they fail to achieve their object some other method of using the money for the benefit of the Red Cross will doubtless be devised.

The matter will be one of the chief topics under consideration when the Executive Committee of the tennis association meets at the Waldorf-Astoria on Dec. 7. A statement of the case from the viewpoint of the tennis association was issued yesterday from the office of the Field Secretary, Paul B. Williams. It reads as follows:

"When the National Association undertook this campaign it had a definite understanding with the Red Cross as to how the money should be used. During the Summer, however, the Government took control of the ambulance service, and thus far the association has been unable to secure an authoritative statement of its intentions with reference to the ambulance fund. Although the Government was supposed to assume the undertakings of the Red Cross in this matter, it has not stated its intentions, and the National Association has been unable to fulfill the obligations entered into with its members. The whole matter is being amicably negotiated, however, and officers of the association hope to have a statement from the Government in time to permit the Executive Committee to take final action in disposing of the funds now available.

"In justice both to the Red Cross and the association, it is fair to state that every effort has been made to adjust the seeming difficulty in a manner that would carry out the obligations of both organizations. Delay has doubtless been due to the pressure of business at Washington, and it is believed that in view of the definite agreements on which the National Association campaign was based, a satisfactory understanding will be had without much further delay."

George T. Adee, President of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, having been commissioned a Major in the Reserve Corps, it is considered probable that he will retire as head of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, or at any rate that he will not seek re-election when the annual meeting is held in February. Julian S. Myrick is now acting President of the association, and he is being mentioned as the successor to Mr. Adee. While it is understood that Mr. Myrick is perfectly willing to continue as acting president, and have Mr. Adee remain President, Mr. Adee will doubtless withdraw from tennis activities for the present. In case he does this it is believed there will be other candidates in the field besides Mr. Myrick, although the latter is the logical choice in the opinion of many closely identified with the game. One who is mentioned as a possible rival to Mr. Myrick is Craig Biddle of Philadelphia.

The nominating committee which will prepare the official ballot for the annual meeting is composed of Edwin Sheafe of the Longwood Cricket Club, Boston; James S. Cushman, West Side Tennis Club, and Charles Garland, Pittsburgh A. A.

NO CHAMPIONSHIP HOCKEY.

Amateur League, However, to Hold Interborough Matches.

Although the Amateur Hockey League will not hold a championship tournament this year, arrangements have been made whereby the followers of the sport should see plenty of fast and interesting hockey during the Winter. At a meeting of the league at the Crescent Athletic Club it was decided to organize an Amateur Hockey League team in New York and another in Brooklyn, and then to arrange a schedule of interborough matches.

At the meeting the representative of the Boston Athletic Association stated that the Unicorn Club would again have a team on the ice. Also, it is understood that the Boston Hockey Club would have a team. This will make intercity games possible. To make these intercity contests more interesting, it was decided to combine the New York and Brooklyn force into an all New York aggregation when out-of-town clubs play here.

Also to make the game faster the Amateur Hockey League has decided to play six-man teams, and to allow substitution and resubstitution of players. The new rule will greatly help the Crescent Athletic Club, which is the Brooklyn team, as it will be able to call upon its former stars to help keep alive the pastime. By allowing substitution and resubstitution, fresh men continually will be upon the ice.

The New York team will be a consolidation of the New York Athletic Club, the Hockey Club of New York, and the St. Nicholas Hockey Club. In the ranks of these organizations there are more than enough senior hockey players to organize one, if not two, fast six-man hockey teams. By calling out its veterans, the Crescent Athletic Club, which will begin to practice at the Brooklyn Ice Palace next week, believes that it will be able to put a satisfactory team on the ice.

At the meeting yesterday George Hallock, Jr., resigned as President of the Amateur Hockey League. Dr. Robert J. Bell, Charman of the Athletic Committee of the Crescent Athletic Club, was elected as his successor. The league will meet again next week and take up the question of playing dates. The matches are to be played at the Brooklyn Ice Palace and the St. Nicholas Rink.

Harvard to Have Informal Seven.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 25.—Hockey is to be played at Harvard University this Winter on the same basis as that of football this Fall. A meeting will be held Monday for men who wish to report as candidates for an informal team. No games will be scheduled with other colleges, but contests will be arranged with military and naval sevens, the proceeds to be devoted to war relief funds.

TWO LOCAL CLUBS TO EXPAND LINKS

Baltusrol and Sleepy Hollow Take Steps Toward Increasing Facilities.

FORMER BUYS 140 ACRES

Another 18-Hole Course to be Constructed at Short Hills—Nine More Holes at Scarborough.

Two of the most popular golf clubs in the metropolitan district are about to expand for want of room. In fact, the Baltusrol Golf Club already has completed arrangements whereby another eighteen-hole course is to be constructed at Short Hills, N. J., and the Sleepy Hollow Country Club proposes to outline a scheme for utilizing a lot of ground, not now under cultivation, for a possible additional nine holes to the present hilly eighteen-hole journey at Scarborough, N. Y.

Baltusrol has developed so many experts at the game in recent years and so many enthusiasts that it finds its eighteen holes inadequate to the demand for space. There are 750 members at Baltusrol, and almost all of them are playing members. The women of Baltusrol are as ardent in their devotion to the game as the men, and there are almost as many women players as men.

Until a few days ago Baltusrol only owned twenty-four acres of ground, or the space on which the clubhouse and other buildings stood, and the golf course was leased. At a recent meeting, attended by almost every member of the club, the finances of the organization brought forth so much optimism that it was voted not only to purchase the property now leased, but to buy an additional 140 acres which adjoin. This was accomplished, and an architect started over the land with orders to lay out another eighteen-hole course. Baltusrol paid almost $500,000 for the property.

Changes in Courses Planned.

According to the present plan, nine of the lower holes of the present course, together with nine new greens to be located on a sixty-five-acre plot bordering on the Westfield High Road will constitute the east course. The nine hillside holes are to be supplemented by nine new greens on seventy acres of rolling land lying to the south of the present tenth and eleventh greens, and this addition would make the south course.

The first tee of the south course would be directly behind the clubhouse, and its termination would be the present eighteenth hole. The first tee of the east course would be as at present, and it is likely that the sixteenth green, which is in front of the clubhouse now, would be the eighteenth of the new east course.

Although the members are jubilant over the project and many are anxious to have work started as soon as the weather permits, some of the careful members deem it unwise to make any changes until after the war. With such a large sum spent already, it is thought that the club should not cut too deeply into its finances until war conditions justify such an expenditure.

Baltusrol, with two courses of the merit of the present one, would rise to the lead of the metropolitan district. During the present season almost every golfer who played at Baltusrol remarked the excellence of the turf, both of the greens and the fairways. Baltusrol was one of the first clubs of the district to seed its fairways with wire grass, and it was the first to find a grass which would hold up a ball.

Golfers admit that the sod around Short Hills is conducive to good turf. It is hardy and virgin enough to allow of experiments. The seed takes hold and brings up a grass strong enough to allow of frequent grooming and to leave a surface which is almost flat. Baltusrol also has not had to fight against the moles and insects which eat away the grass.

Turf Is Important.

The condition of the turf, according to experts of the game, can have a lot to do with the playing of the golfers. Probably this is one of the reasons why Baltusrol has turned out leaders of the game and why the Baltusrol women recently won the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association team title for 1917. Led by Mrs. William A. Gavin, the present metropolitan champion, Baltusrol has almost a score of women players ranked among the first few in the district. Mrs. Gavin is at scratch.

Sleepy Hollow recently acquired control of additional land at Scarborough valued at $600,000. This property was purchased with a view to the future and had not the war interfered it is probable that a second eighteen-hole course would have been in the process of construction now. Sleepy Hollow has a difficult course. It is a hard climb for most players, and there are some who think that the course could be changed so that it would not be so much of a task.

There is to be a meeting of the members of Sleepy Hollow Nov. 29, at which time consideration of two amendments to the constitution are to be discussed, and also the members will be questioned on the possibility of a change in the course as it is now. The purchase of the new land and the added fixed charges have made an increase in the entrance fees and the annual subscription necessary. The fees will be raised if the new amendments are favorably acted upon at the meeting.

It is proposed to develop a part of the property recently acquired in accordance to plans made by landscape architects, and to negotiate the sale of this land to members of the club. Several of the members looked upon this scheme with great enthusiasm last Summer.

Announcement has just been made of the golf events to be played at Belleair, Fla., during the Winter season. There will be nine tournaments on the schedule beginning with the annual January competition on Jan. 21. Next will be the women's putting tournament Feb. 2. The annual jollification of the seniors is scheduled for Feb. 8. A woman's competition will be held Feb. 11 to 15. The Washington Birthday fixture is to start Feb. 18 with the final on Feb. 22. The woman's championship, won last year by Miss Elaine V. Rosenthal of Chicago is to be held from Feb. 25 to March 1, inclusive. A professional amateur four-ball competition is billed for March 7. On March 8 and 9 the West Coast open championship is to be played. The amateur championship, March 11 to 15, winds up the season.

PENN SOLDIERS EARN TRIP.

Triumph in Football Games Against Rivals of Maryland.

CAMP MEADE, Md., Nov. 25.—Ten thousand rooters today saw the football team of the 313th Infantry Regiment, composed of Marylanders, defeated by the 314th's team here. The latter team and regiment are composed of Pennsylvanians. By virtue of winning the Camp Meade championship, the team of the 314th will go to Philadelphia to play the champions of Camp Dix next Saturday.

It was said today that Eddie Collins, second baseman of the Chicago Americans, would probably come here soon as a selected man. He lives in Philadelphia.

Chess Game Ends in a Draw.

D. Janowski of Paris and C. Jaffe contested the seventh game of their chess match yesterday, at the rooms of the New York City Chess Club, a draw being recorded after fifty-one moves. Jaffe had the white pieces in a queen's pawn opening, which the French champion defended irregularly. Of the seven games played to date, Janowski has won 3, Jaffe, 1, and 3 were drawn.

Kehlman Victor in Walk.

A handicap of nine minutes aided A. Kehlman to win the opening handicap walk of Morris Evening High School, held yesterday over a course of about four and one half miles, in the Bronx. Kehlman's time at the finish was 41:38. J. Mess was second. Louis Labowitz, who started from scratch, finished tenth, in 36:15.

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Best qualities—no inflated prices
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Uniforms, heavy weight,	32.50	Shoes,	6.50
Service Hats,	2.00	Sleeping Socks,	1.50
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Mattresses,	7.50	Folding Basins,	2.50
Army Cots,	4.00	Shirts,	3.00 up
Air Pillows,	1.50	Blankets,	9.00
Raincoats,	6.00	Trunks,	10.00

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Of a blue Monday, what happier thought than a blue serge suit!

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Economical (if you buy a good one) for you can wear it and wear it and wear it.

"Money back" backs ours.

Everything men and boys wear, including *"Scotch Mist" overcoats, good, rain or shine.

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Everything a soldier needs and wears.

A Correction.

In last Saturday's advertisement through a typographical error, we misquoted a salesman's reply to a customer who had asked, "Will this coat wear well?"

The types made the salesman say, "Not as well as a coat of *finer* woven fabric." What he did say was, "Not as well as a coat of *firmer* woven fabric."

Firmer refers to the texture, and a lot of the more moderately priced garments come in that class.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

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Hudson Super-Six Costs $300 Less

Promptness Means a Saving. Price to Advance as Soon as We Sell Ten Cars

The price of Hudson Super-Six seven-passenger phaeton models advances at least $300 just as soon as we and a few other dealers have disposed of present stocks. In our case there remain only 10 cars.

Factory production of cars built of materials bought last year when costs were from 30% to 60% lower than they now are has already been closed. All cars to be produced from now on are to be built of materials bought in the higher market of this year.

Other manufacturers increased their prices some months ago. Prices have been advanced twice by some makers since the Super-Six has been selling at its price of $1650 for the phaeton model.

There is no way to escape the influence of increased material costs. All makers have met the same conditions. Hudson held a temporary advantage because of the large supply of materials bought at prices more favorable than those who bought later have had to pay.

Save a Season's Operation Cost by Buying Now

All automobile prices will be higher next year. Get one of these Hudsons now. The saving will cover a year's operation cost.

Motor car demand has steadily increased during the past two years. This fall has been a big buying season. All Hudson dealers have been short of certain models for more than two months.

The great wealth that is being accumulated by people in all sections, who until recently did not have the money with which to satisfy even their simplest wants, is today making a new crop of motor car buyers. That condition is increasing more rapidly than factory production.

Buy your car now to make certain of delivery.

It surely isn't necessary to add anything about the Hudson Super-Six. There are now nearly 50,000 Super-Sixes in service. It has led all other fine cars in sales from the day its deliveries were large enough to count. You can buy your Super-Six now at a saving of at least $300. When stock of 10 cars is sold, then the price goes up.

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HILLQUIT CRIES, 'ON TO WASHINGTON'

Stirs Garden Audience with the New Slogan of the Socialists.

REVIEWS THE ELECTION

Declares Campaign Put His Party on the Map of the Nation and Predicts Future Victories.

"On to Washington!" was the cry of Morris Hillquit in Madison Square Garden last night, at a meeting at which more than 4,000 men and women celebrated the Socialist gains at the polls three weeks ago. Mr. Hillquit flung his challenge at the national Administration after he had brought forth a storm of cheers with the declaration that the Socialist record on Nov. 6 had "signalized a crushing defeat for the dangerous propaganda of militarism and the undemocratic policy of suppression sought to be introduced into this country."

Pleading almost as hard for the continued existence of The Call, the Socialist newspaper, the Saturday issue of which was barred from the second class mail, as he did for a program of social justice to the workers and a speedy peace, Mr. Hillquit again and again aroused his hearers to a frenzy of cheering and red-flag waving. His direct charge that the "ruling powers" had combined to compass the destruction of The Call, and that so long as 150,000 men Socialists and 150,000 women Socialists fought that design it never would succeed, got a rousing response.

Although a 25 and 50 cent admission fee cut the audience to half the size of recent Socialist gatherings at the Garden, the thousands who poured inside were vociferous in their indorsement of every radical utterance, cheering no more loudly for Hillquit than they did for Jacob Panken, Justice-elect of the Municipal Court, when he characterized Russia as the only country free today, and predicted the coming of internationalism when Germany and all other countries would be free too.

A magazine containing articles on the Russian revolution by Lenine and Trotzky, leaders in the present pacifist demoralization in that land, found ready sale in the lobby. Advertisements also were circulated for a ball in support of The Masses, a suppressed publication whose publishers have been indicted for violation of the Espionage act.

Charles Ervin, editor of The Call, made a fiery speech, defying efforts to suppress his publication and begging every person present to buy two copies every day for a week, and to give one to "a friend who may prove sympathetic." He declared himself ready to go to jail in the cause of "a free press."

The triumph of woman suffrage at the polls was celebrated by the gathering almost as enthusiastically as were the Socialist gains.

Hillquit Reviews the Election.

Mr. Hillquit was the first speaker. In opening his remarks he said:

"I have every reason to rejoice at the Socialist showing in the recent election. We have put socialism on the map of New York and on the map of the United States. After fifty years of persistent and dogged work, and hard, at times, seemingly hopeless, struggle, we have established socialism as an important and permanent factor in the political and social life of America."

After reviewing the Socialist vote and recalling the fact that eleven Socialist Assemblymen are to go to Albany, while the party for the first time is to be represented in the Board of Aldermen, Mr. Hillquit denied that the Socialist vote was a vote of unrest, declared that the Socialists had shown similar great gains elsewhere, and then went on:

"One great and historical importance of the recent election is that it has signalized a crushing defeat for the dangerous propaganda of militarism and the undemocratic policy of suppression sought to be introduced in this country. All the ruling powers of the American metropolis in business, finance, politics, pulpit, and schools combined to make the issue unmistakably clear to the whole world. They presented to the people of New York a program of militarization of our government and schools, of our actions and our thoughts, a program of political and moral terrorism, and a program of intellectual and mental straightjacketism. They had the audacity to proclaim this miscreant child of own imagination as the only embodiment of true patriotism and true loyalty. Very well. The people of New York accepted the issue, and the fourth of them have voted it down to eternal defeat.

"While the Fusion forces on their fire-eating platform lost one-half of their political strength, the Socialist Party, which made its campaign on the clear-cut issue of social justice, preservation of democratic liberties and a speedy and general cessation of war, increased its vote almost five-fold.

Takes Up Suffrage Victory.

"And we have secured the vote to the women of the State. Of late we have heard some interesting discussion about the factor primarily responsible for the marvelous victory of the great cause of woman in the last election. Now that we have the election returns, the subject has ceased to be one of speculation and has become a matter of mathematical demonstration. The 150,000 votes which we gained in the State of New York turned the defeat of two years ago into a decisive victory this year, and these votes have come in decisive numbers and heaviest from precisely the same districts which have given us the heaviest Socialist pluralities. It was also the Socialist Party which forced the standard bearers of all other parties, much against their will, to openly espouse and support the cause of woman suffrage.

"We do not ask the political gratitude of the women. We do not expect either recognition or support from the conservative women of the rich, and their frantic disclaimers today only amuse us."

In closing his speech Mr. Hillquit said: "The election has demonstrated the great political power of the Socialist movement in this country. We must now organize and vitalize and perpetuate it as a great weapon in the hands of the working class in the struggle for liberty all through the country. We have forced open the doors of many local legislative assemblies to our representatives. Our slogan now is: 'On to Washington!'

"The coming general election will be nation-wide. The people of the United States will be called upon to choose a new House of Representatives, the most important body in the foundation and determination of the vital national policies of this country. The Socialist Party of the United States must be represented in Congress by an imposing delegation to voice the sentiments and demands of the working class and of the great masses of the American people.

Sees Only Victory Ahead.

"There is nothing ahead of us but victory. Socialism is triumphant all over the world. No power of earth, no capitalistic reign of terror, no sanguinary international war can stop the progress toward social justice and human liberty and eternal peace. Our campaign must go on from day to day, our struggle continues, and the best, the most valiant fighter in our ranks between and during campaign times is that wonderful little organ, The Call, against which the ruling powers have combined to compass its destruction. But they have combined in vain, for so long as we are 150,000 male Socialists and 150,000 female Socialists, so long as we remain alive and active and struggling, will we be able to maintain our Call."

Other speakers were Assemblyman Abraham I. Shiplacoff, Alderman-elect Algernon Lee, Marie MacDonald, and August Claessen.

DENOUNCES SOCIALISTS IN THEIR STRONGHOLD

Henry A. Wise Wood Tells Bronx Audience Preaching of Sedition Must Be Stopped.

Speaking in the heart of the district that polled a large Socialist vote in the recent election, Henry A. Wise Wood, addressing the Bronx Open Forum in the Morris High School Auditorium, 166th Street and Boston Road, yesterday afternoon, declared that the people of the Bronx should be ashamed of those Socialists who preach sedition and must take steps to stop such preaching.

The Socialist, the pacifist and the conscientious objector who do not raise their hands in this war, said Mr. Wood, are parasites on the back of the man who carries the gun and who is preserving the life and liberty of the man who refused to fight for his country.

"They lie when they say they want free speech," he declared. "Free property is what they want. Their doctrine would break up society. The Socialist hates the law because it reserves the right for a man who has earned his property by the sweat of his brow to keep it. They hate soldiers because they protect men and their property and they hate the flag because it is the symbol that binds the soldier true to his trust. Socialism has laid Russia open to the Germans and has broken down the national fibre of the Russian people."

Mr. Wood said that in Washington people were speaking of the war lasting five years longer and were preparing to raise an army of five millions of men to carry it on.

The other speakers were Major Louis Livingston Seaman and Borough President Douglas Mathewson. Major Seaman roused the audience by denunciation of the brutality of the Germans which he had witnessed.

"Because there is in Berlin a red-handed murderer who knows no law and because he has been practicing that Kultur since the name of Hohenzollern was established is the real reason why we are at war," said Major Seaman. "Hohenzollern literally means band of robbers and these bands of robbers have been at it for six hundred years. They are the descendants of Attila, whose practices they follow."

Major Seaman exhibited some war relics, including a fragment of the first bomb dropped by a Zeppelin in the war. Borough President Mathewson recounted the incidents that led this country to enter the war and exhorted loyalty as the keynote of the life of the people. Brigadier-General Eli D. Hoyle, of the Department of the East, and George Gordon Battle, who were scheduled to speak, sent word that they were unable to attend.

SAYS UNITED STATES SAVED FRIENDS BY WAR

James M. Beck Tells Audience We Would Have Had None Left Had We Avoided It.

If the United States had not entered the war we would not, at the conflict's close, have had a friend in the entire world, said James M. Beck, Chairman of the League of National Unity, to an unusually crowded meeting of the Free Synagogue, 36 West Sixty-eighth Street, last night. The neutral nations would have accused us of not having defended them on the issues of freedom of the seas and in violations of neutrality, Mr. Beck told the big audience. Our present allies would have accused us of having been unwilling to fight for the principles of justice and humanity on which our nation was founded, and the Teutonic powers would have said that, but for the munitions sold to their enemies, they would have won the war long ago.

Karl Liebknecht, the German Socialist, was the bravest man in the war, Mr. Beck said, because he dared stand out against Germany's military party. The German people should not be held responsible either for the war's beginning or present continuance, Mr. Beck insisted, since they have been deceived and hoodwinked throughout, and have believed that in prosecuting it they were merely defending themselves from the aggression of the outside world.

"In 1875 Bismarck, that farsighted statesman, warned the German militarist party that if Germany made an unjust war upon France the entire world would take arms to defend the unjustly treated nation as a matter of principle," Mr. Beck said. "Without the leadership of the militarist party the German people would never have entered the present conflict.

"This war may well be said to have been caused by the selfishness of many nations. England could have stopped it in the beginning if she had not adopted the attitude originally that her interests in Serbia were too trifling to go to war about. The United States might have stopped it if it had not adopted a policy of barren and immoral neutrality for the first two and a half years. The immorality of this first attitude of ours, however, was corrected by the inspiring call to arms on April 2, when we definitely determined to throw our last man and penny into the scale to defend the basic principles of civilization."

Mr. Beck laid special emphasis on his belief that during the last six months the United States had played an exceptionally brilliant part in the world's present struggle for the principle of justice.

"We have already appropriated one-tenth of the nation's entire wealth for the prosecution of the war," Mr. Beck added. "We have called 1,000,000 men and already have more soldiers actually in France than Meade had at Gettysburg or Napoleon had at Waterloo. Many of our American youths were inspired by a desire to fight for the principle of international justice long before the nation, as a whole, responded to the issue. In 1916, there were 16,000 young Americans in the armies of France and England."

WOULD SEND DISLOYAL BACK

Ex-Ambassador Gerard's Plan for Men Who Favor the Kaiser.

Before an audience of 3,000 persons in the Brooklyn Academy of Music James W. Gerard, former Ambassador to Germany, last night recommended that the disloyal minority of German-Americans should be deprived of the money they had accumulated here, given back the wooden shoes and rags in which they landed, and sent back to the Fatherland.

"The vast majority of German-American citizens are loyal," he said. "What do these few disloyalists want? Do they think they will be better off if Germany conquers this country? I don't know that Benedict Arnold had such a good time. I have seen wild animals kick and claw and squirm in the mountains, but none of it would be equal to the way your fat, disloyal German-American would kick and squirm if you tied him up to ship him back to Germany. The bodies of the men killed in this war, if laid head to heels, would reach from New York to San Francisco, from San Francisco back to New York, and back again as far as Denver. Don't you wish that you could take that one man—the man responsible for this war—and drive him along such a Calvary, beating and scourging him at every step?"

The meeting was a patriotic concert and benefit given by the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Mary's Hospital and among the audience were Bishop McDonnell and many of the Catholic clergy of Brooklyn. The former Ambassador praised the 20,000 priests in the French Army—"Fighting always two fights, one for France and liberty, the other for religion."

"I have heard of one incident," he added, "I cannot guarantee it, but I am waiting for affidavits, where a church of a Protestant denomination whose services are conducted in German refused admission to the bodies of G. A. R. veterans, brought there for funeral ceremonies, until the American flag was taken away from the top of the coffin. In a State near Chicago there is a Senator who Colonel Roosevelt says would be digging a trench if he were in Germany, and who I say would be filling one."

DEVOY WARNED IN BOSTON.

Vigilance Agents Stop Him in a Speech Against the War.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 25.—Eight hundred persons attended a meeting held in Hibernian Hall tonight under the auspices of the Clan-Na-Gael and applauded John Devoy in an attack on England, Lord Northcliffe, and Lloyd George. Devoy said that most of the newspapers in the country, especially the New York papers, are the biggest liars on earth and were in the employ of British agents.

He said that German cruelty in this war is nothing to England's cruelty to Ireland, and he referred to Edith Cavell as a spy, and justified her execution. Devoy also said that the Irish in America must demand that President Wilson make his "safe for democracy" proposition apply to Ireland, or the whole war would be a failure. The loyalty of the Irish in America, he said, depended greatly on this. He declared that Ireland must have complete independence at once.

Chief Flynn of the Secret Service was roundly hissed and called a traitor.

Devoy was warned by members of the Vigilance Corps of the American Defense Society that further remarks would not be tolerated. He then concluded his speech.

$45,000 MORE FOR SYRIANS.

Brooklyn Mass Meeting Adds to Relief Fund.

At the close of a mass meeting held at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn yesterday afternoon and attended by 2,500 persons, it was announced that $45,000 had been pledged for Syrian relief work. It was also stated that at the recent mass meeting at the Hippodrome $101,000 had been raised. The Rev. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton, pastor of the Clinton Avenue Congregational Church, presided. Henry Morgenthau, Dr. Talcott Williams, and George A. Ferris, a Syrian lawyer of this city, were the speakers.

Mr. Morgenthau asserted that the Turks and Germans took more than 300,000 able-bodied men from Armenia and Syria, as well as 150,000 animals that might be used for food, leaving the aged and the children to live upon a wasted land.

"There is no help today for this people as long as the embargo by England and France exists," said Mr. Morgenthau, "unless this Relief Committee sends money to prevent the entire race from being exterminated. We are fighting that democracy may live. The fearful cancer in the Balkans and the disease that exists in Turkey are the causes of this upset. These should have been rooted out forty years ago. This is a final struggle for which we should have been prepared many decades ago. It is a question whether America is going to stand side by side or wrap itself in self-consciousness and disregard of others."

Dr. Williams said that he took pride in the fact that he was born in Syria, near Mount Lebanon, and that Syria was the fountain head of 200,000,000 descendants of the Arabic race scattered from Gibraltar to the Euphrates. "Be speedy with your wealth," said Dr. Williams, "that this race may not perish from the face of the earth. When this war is over and we come to organize the world in a league to enforce peace in all lands, see to it that the Syrian race shall not have perished because you did not contribute enough and fast enough."

Mr. Ferris told the audience that more than 1,000 Syrians were dying every day of starvation and disease, and that disease was rampant because of the inability of the living to bury the dead.

BENEFIT FOR NEGRO TROOPS

Scores Had to be Turned Away from Concert for War Relief.

So many well wishers of the negro soldiers in the national army sought admission to a concert for their benefit in the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre yesterday afternoon that the doors had to be closed and scores turned away. There were songs by Grace La Rue, Miss Abbie Mitchell, the United Colored Church Choir, and others. Burr McIntosh and Dean William Pickens of Morgan University delivered addresses.

"The first company of soldiers chosen to guard the White House when the war started were colored," Dean Pickens said. "Perhaps this was because no Germans could possibly be among them. Ours is what might be called a 'safe' color nowadays. The record of the 54th Massachuetts Regiment of negroes in the civil war and of the 10th Cavalry in Mexico recently shows also that our color will not 'run.' This war is a great opportunity for us colored men, because by bravery and devotion we can prove that we are not American citizens with a qualification."

The entertainment was for the benefit of the Circle for Negro War Relief, which proposes to aid and supplement the Red Cross and all other governmental agencies in furnishing necessities and comforts for negro American soldiers and their families. Mrs. Emily Bigelow Hapgood, President of the organization, said last night that she was unable to state the amount of the entertainment's proceeds.

WAR DRIVE FOR $3,000,000.

Knights of Columbus Raising Fund for Soldiers' Aid.

The Knights of Columbus are now engaged in a drive to raise $3,000,000 for the following purposes: To maintain volunteer priests to look after the welfare of Catholic soldiers in the camps of this country, to send about 200 Catholic priests abroad, to erect at each of the national army cantonments three recreational centres and one large building at each of the sixteen National Guard encampments, and to erect from twenty-five to thirty recreational centres at the regular army expansion camps, so as to provide recreation for all soldiers, regardless of creed. It is also planned to furnish each building with a phonograph and records, piano, a library with current literature; to maintain information bureaus in France, so that parents, relatives and friends at home may hear from those in the service, and to do all other work for the comfort and welfare of the soldiers and sailors of all creeds.

Contributions may be sent to Frank W. Smith, Chairman of the New York Chapter, Knights of Columbus War Committee, Criminal Courts Building, New York City; William P. Larkin, 2 West Ninety-fourth Street, New York City, or to William J. McGinley, Supreme Secretary, P. O. Drawer 96, New Haven, Conn.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair, continued cold Mon. Tues. cloudy, slightly warmer in interior; moderate n. to n. e. winds.

S. C., Ga., and Fla.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; slightly warmer Tues.; gentle to moderate n. and n. e. winds.

Ala.—Fair, slightly warmer Mon. Tues. cloudy; moderate n. e. to e. winds.

Miss.—Fair Mon. Tues. cloudy; moderate e. to s. e. winds.

Tenn.—Cloudy Mon. and Tues.; slightly warmer Tues. in e.

Ky. and Ind.—Cloudy Mon., probably snows or rains at night or Tues.; little change in temperature.

Mich.—Cloudy Mon. and Tues., probably showers; little change in temperature.

Ohio—Cloudy Mon., probably snow flurries near Lake Erie. Tues. showers.

La.—Mon. increasing cloudiness; rain in afternoon or night or s. w. Tues. rain.

Ark.—Mon. unsettled; scattered rains in w. Tues. rain; colder in n. w.

Okla.—Mon. cloudy; rain. Tues. unsettled; probably rain in s.; colder.

E. Tex.—Mon. increasing cloudiness in s.; rain in n. and cent. Tues. rain; colder in n. w. and n. cent.

Ill.—Cloudy and unsettled Mon. Tues. possibly rain; somewhat warmer Mon. in s. and cent.

Mo.—Unsettled weather, with light rain Tues. and in w. Mon.; somewhat warmer Mon.

Wis.—Unsettled weather Mon. and Tues., with possibly light snow; not much change in temperature.

Minn.—Light snow Mon. Tues., fair and somewhat colder.

Iowa—Light rain or snow Mon. Tues., cloudy, with rain or snow in e.

N. Dak.—Unsettled weather Mon., with light snow in e.; colder w. Tues., fair, colder in e.

S. Dak.—Light rain or snow Mon.; colder in w. and cen. Tues. fair, colder in e.

Neb.—Light rain or snow Mon.; colder in n. Tues. fair.

Kan.—Unsettled weather, with light rain in e. Mon.; somewhat warmer in e. Tues. fair.

BOARDS TO EXECUTE ENEMY TRADE ACT

McAdoo Provides for Control of Transactions Involving German Interests.

RULES COVER TEUTON ALLIES

Money Transfers and Operations of Alien Insurance Among Subjects Regulated.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Secretary McAdoo tonight promulgated a general order with the approval of President Wilson, establishing the procedure to be followed in the execution of the Trading With the Enemy act as to foreign exchange transfers, evidences of debt between the United States and any foreign country, the sending out of the United States to an enemy country of letters or other writings and the licensing of enemy, or ally of enemy, insurance companies.

This action is taken under the authority of the Executive Order of Oct. 12, in which the President distributed the powers to regulate those activities which were made subject to Government control as a war measure.

The new order by the Secretary of the Treasury designates the Federal Reserve Board as the agency to assume jurisdiction over foreign exchange and the export of bullion, coin or other precious metals subject to the operation of licenses to be granted for such exports by the War Trade Board. The books of account, and all business records of all persons or firms seeking to make any transfer of evidence of debt to an enemy, or an ally of enemy country, are made subject to inspection by the agents of the Federal Reserve Board.

The War Trade Board has power to administer the method of transmitting letters, or other writings, from this country to an enemy country, or an ally of an enemy country. This power is guarded against danger, in a military sense, by subordinating the acts of the War Trade Board to the supervision of the Censorship Board and the executive administration vested in the Postmaster General. The customs divisions of the Treasury Department will have the actual work of issuing licenses relative to sending letters to an enemy country.

The Bureau of War Risk Insurance of the Treasury Department will have jurisdiction of licensing enemy insurance companies to continue their business.

Text of McAdoo Order.

Secretary McAdoo's order follows:

"By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Treasury by executive order of the President, dated Oct. 12, 1917, I hereby adopt the following administrative procedure deemed necessary and proper for the executive administration vested by said executive order in the Secretary of the Treasury; such administrative procedure to remain in effect unless and until modified or superseded by direction of the Secretary of the Treasury:

"1. I hereby designate the Federal Reserve Board to act as the agency of the Secretary of the Treasury, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, for the investigation, regulation, or prohibition of any transaction in foreign exchange, export, or earmarking of gold or silver coin, or bullion or currency, transfers of credit in any form, (other than credits relating solely to transactions to be executed wholly within the United States,) and transfers of evidences of indebtedness or of the ownership of property between the United States and any foreign country or between residents of one or more foreign countries by any person within the United States;

"Provided, That licenses from the War Trade Board shall also be required in respect of all such transactions with, or for account of, an enemy or ally of enemy or any person acting for, or on behalf of, or for the benefit of, an enemy or ally of enemy, and I hereby designate the War Trade Board to act as the agency of the Secretary of the Treasury to issue any such licenses; and I hereby further designate the Federal Reserve Board, acting through its duly authorized agents, to act as the agency of the Secretary of the Treasury to exercise the authority and power vested in the Secretary of the Treasury in Article X. in said executive order to require any person engaged in any such transaction to furnish under oath complete information relative thereto, including the production of any books of account, contracts, letters, or other papers in connection therewith in the custody or control of such person, either before or after such transaction is completed.

"The executive order dated Sept. 7, 1917, made under the authority of Title VII. of the act of Congress approved June 15, 1917, entitled 'An act to punish acts of interference with the foreign relations, the neutrality, and the foreign commerce of the United States, to punish espionage, and better to enforce the criminal laws of the United States, and for other purposes,' shall remain in full force and effect, subject to the requirement of licenses of the War Trade Board in the cases hereinbefore specified, until new regulations shall have been established by the President or by the Secretary of the Treasury with the approval of the President, and thereupon shall be superseded.

Licensing of Communications.

"2. I hereby designate the War Trade Board to act as the agency of the Secretary of the Treasury to administer the authority vested in the Secretary of the Treasury relative to the sending, taking, or transmitting, or attempting to send, take, or transmit, out of the United States—and to issue licenses under such regulations as said War Trade Board may from time to time prescribe, to send, take, or transmit out of the United States—any letter or other writing, book, map, plan, or other paper, picture, or any telegram, cablegram, or wireless message, or other form of communication intended for or to be delivered directly or indirectly, to an enemy or ally of enemy; provided, however, that nothing herein shall be construed to diminish or impair either the executive administration vested in the Censorship Board or the executive administration vested in the Postmaster General by said executive order, dated Oct. 12, 1917. All applications for such licenses shall be made to the War Trade Board in the form prescribed by the War Trade Board. Such licenses shall state that the terms thereof are authorized and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, and shall provide that the number of the license, under which any such communication shall be sent, shall be plainly marked upon such communication.

"3. I hereby designate the Customs Division of the Treasury Department to administer, and to issue licenses (except licenses to send, take or transmit out of the United States any letter, writing, or tangible form of communication intended for or to be delivered, directly or indirectly, to an enemy or ally of enemy,) in respect of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Treasury under Article XI. of said executive order, relative to sending, or taking out of, or bringing into, or attempting to send, take out of, or bring into, the United States, any letter, writing, or tangible form of communication, except in the regular course of the mail.

"4. I hereby designate the Bureau of War Risk Insurance of the Treasury Department to administer, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, the authority vested in the Secretary of the Treasury, under Article XII. of said executive order, relative to the granting of licenses or withholding or refusing the same to an enemy or ally of enemy insurance or reinsurance concern doing business with the United States through an agency or branch office or otherwise.

"WILLIAM G. McADOO,
"Secretary of the Treasury."
"The White House.
"Approved: Nov. 23, 1917.
"WOODROW WILSON."

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

At New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business, November 20th, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$111,598,906.39
Overdrafts	2,893.89
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation	290,000.00
U.S. Bonds & Certificates of Indebtedness to secure U.S. Deposits	18,754,000.00
Bonds (other than U. S.) to secure U. S. Deposits	8,464,708.00
Bonds, Securities, etc.	2,743,097.01
Banking House	5,025,000.00
Due from Banks and Bankers	3,358,383.89
Checks and other Cash Items	364,257.57
Exchanges for Clearing House	21,138,270.12
Notes of other National Banks	29,300.00
Federal Reserve Notes	521,000.00
Nickels and Pennies	2,400.77
Specie	8,642,413.80
Legal Tender Notes	535,247.00
Due from Federal Reserve Bank of New York	18,471,029.98
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer	12,750.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer (other than 5% Fund)	128,000.00
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit	231,520.57
Customers' Liability Account of "Acceptances,"	1,116,666.68
	$201,429,845.67

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in		$3,000,000.00
Surplus Fund		14,000,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes paid		2,935,096.98
National Bank Notes Outstanding		235,000.00
Due to Banks and Bankers	$99,472,575.86	
Dividends Unpaid	900.00	
Individual Deposits subject to Check	43,391,813.61	
Demand Certificates of Deposit	19,801.16	
Certified Checks	11,015,052.26	
Cashier's Checks Outstanding	3,917,041.13	157,817,184.02
U. S. Deposits		21,130,288.00
Reserved for Taxes		368,916.00
Letters of Credit		321,603.99
"Acceptances" based on Imports and Exports		1,116,666.68
Subscriptions to U. S. Liberty Loan % Customers		505,090.00
		$201,429,845.67

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, Elmer E. Whittaker, Cashier of The Hanover National Bank of the City of New York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 24th day of November, 1917.

W. I. Thomas, Notary Public, New York County.

Correct—Attest.
E. Hayward Ferry, Elijah P. Smith, Sam'l T. Peters — DIRECTORS.

INCORPORATED 1803

THE PHILADELPHIA NATIONAL BANK

Philadelphia, November 20, 1917.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$72,592,755.97
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit and Acceptances	8,997,426.36
Due from Banks	30,201,039.42
Exchanges for Clearing House	6,641,807.48
Cash and Reserve	10,601,986.63
	$129,035,015.86

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock		$1,500,000.00
Surplus and Net Profits (earned)		5,468,264.00
Reserved for Taxes		150,000.00
Letters of Credit		6,230,314.69
Acceptances		4,658,740.97
Acceptances of Other Banks Sold		240,000.00
Deposits: Individual	$62,110,937.31	
Bank	32,730,639.10	
U. S. Gov.	15,946,119.79	110,787,696.20
		$129,035,015.86

LEVI L. RUE, President
CHARLES P. BLINN, JR., Vice Pres. WILLIAM S. MADDOX, Vice Pres.
HORACE FORTESCUE, Vice President
O. HOWARD WOLFE, Cashier DAVID W. STEWART, Ass't Cashier
GEORGE F. GENTES, Ass't Cashier FRANK P. STEPHENS, Ass't Cashier
STEPHEN E. RUTH, Ass't Cashier EDGAR ROSS, Mgr. Foreign Dept.

DIRECTORS

Richard Ashhurst, George Wood, Alfred C. Harrison, Levi L. Rue, George H. McFadden, Randal Morgan, R. Dale Benson, Samuel Rea, Pierre S. du Pont, Thomas S. Gates, Asa S. Wing, Samuel M. Vauclain, William H. Donner, Wallace D. Simmons, Samuel D. Warriner, Alva C. Dinkey, Eldridge R. Johnson, J. Howard Pew, J. Kearsley Mitchell, William S. Godfrey

100 Years of Commercial Banking

THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK

of the City of New York

149 Broadway
Cor. Liberty St.

BRANCHES

Greenwich and Warren Sts.
Bowery and Grand St.
Ninth Avenue and 14th St.
Broadway and 18th St.
2 West 33d Street
57th Street and Third Ave.
Broadway and 61st St.
86th St. and Lexington Ave.
Broadway and 104th St.
Lenox Avenue and 116th St.
125th St. and Lexington Ave.
Broadway and 144th St.

Charter Member N. Y. Clearing House
Member Federal Reserve Bank
United States Depository

Condensed Statement of Condition at the Close of Business November 20, 1917.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$61,828,390.61
United States Bonds (Par)	8,346,000.00
Other Stocks and Bonds	5,509,687.21
CASH AND EXCHANGES	27,740,847.17
	$103,424,924.99

LIABILITIES

Capital	$3,500,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	2,441,629.52
Circulation	1,711,200.00
Deposits	95,772,095.47
	$103,424,924.99

Officers

LOUIS G. KAUFMAN, President.
FRANK J. HEANEY, Vice-Pres.
RICHARD H. HIGGINS, V.-Pres.
WILLIAM H. STRAWN, V.-Pres.
BERT L. HASKINS, V.-P. & Cash.
NORBORNE P. OATLING, V.-Pres.
C. STANLEY MITCHELL, V.-Pres.
H. A. CLINKUNBROOMER, V.-Pres.
MAX MARKEL, V.-Pres.
BOLFE E. BOLLING, V.-Pres.
GEORGE R. BAKER, V.-Pres.
WALLACE T. PERKINS, V.-Pres.
HENRY L. CADMUS, Asst. Cash.
WALTER B. BOICE, Asst. Cash.
HENRY C. HOOLEY, Asst. Cash.
VINTON M. NORRIS, Asst. Cash.
JOSEPH BROWN, Asst. Cash.
GEORGE M. HARD, Chairman

We Invite Your Account

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.: Public securities		$67,781,897.69
Private securities		24,504,429.55
Real estate owned		3,679,872.78
Mortgages owned		2,360,989.43
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		288,050.67
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		78,407,967.06
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		23,188,380.55
Overdrafts		193,678.17
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$8,980,297.73	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	9,960,626.10	18,940,923.83
Specie		1,670,266.49
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		1,120,795.00
Cash items, viz.: Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$1,387,678.31	
Other cash items	5,860.30	1,393,538.61
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		22,764,894.63
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)	$18,281,514.85	
Less anticipated	795,813.94	17,485,700.91
Other assets, viz.: Assets per contra foreign branches	$13,764,740.49	
Treasurer's account	237,359.72	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	797,089.76	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	333,382.00	
Foreign exchange	29,570,723.45	44,703,295.42
Total		$308,484,680.75

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$5,000,000.00
Surplus: Surplus fund	$10,500,000.00	
Undivided profits	2,570,678.81	13,070,678.81
Deposits—Preferred, as follows: Due New York State savings banks	$4,981,540.54	
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	12,130.03	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	28,068,783.13	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	788.81	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	90,000.00	
Deposits otherwise preferred, if any	66,669.02	
Not preferred, as follows: Deposits subject to check	111,816,052.92	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	20,946,887.16	
Demand certificates of deposit	1,071,797.16	
Other certificates of deposit	9,336,230.10	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of pass-books	2,009.21	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	16,967.61	
Certified checks	3,290,392.39	
Unpaid dividends	541.67	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	74,559,913.48	
Deposits foreign branches	13,764,740.49	
Total deposits, including foreign branches		266,027,883.72
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise		5,000,000.00
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit	$18,281,514.85	
Less our acceptances bought in	1,280,485.29	17,001,029.56
Other liabilities, viz.: Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$424,337.83	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	512,002.07	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	177,786.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	260,962.66	1,385,088.66
Total		$308,484,680.75

The Marine National Bank of Buffalo, N. Y.

TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-EIGHTH STATEMENT (CONDENSED), NOV. 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Demand Loans	$12,181,438.95	Capital	$5,000,000.00
Time Loans	18,782,806.89	Surplus and Profits	4,663,365.58
U. S. Bonds	11,380,462.10	Reserve for Taxes	140,000.00
Bonds and Securities	19,650,312.24	Circulation	4,380,600.00
Banking House and Lot	1,500,000.00	Deposits (net)	63,499,636.75
Cash and with Banks (net)	14,188,580.15		
	$77,683,602.33		$77,683,602.33

Deposits, Nov. 10th, 1915	$48,550,837.58
Deposits, Nov. 17th, 1916	58,888,168.56
Deposits, Nov. 20th, 1917	63,499,636.75

OFFICERS

GEORGE F. RAND, President
JOHN L. CLAWSON, Vice-President
ANSON C. GOODYEAR, Vice-President
HENRY J. AUER, Vice-President
WALTER P. COOKE, Vice-President
JOHN H. LASCELLES, Vice-President
EMIL DIFFINE, Cashier

Fidelity Trust Company

Chambers and Hudson Streets, New York City

Condensed Statement on Nov. 14, 1917

ASSETS:

Investments	$4,315,129.76
Loans & Bills Purchased	6,804,084.72
Interest Accrued Receivable	54,125.59
Furniture & Fixtures	2,500.00
Acceptances	31,416.66
Exchanges for Clearing House	984,117.93
Cash on Hand & in Bank	3,397,130.40
	$15,588,505.06

LIABILITIES:

Capital & Surplus	$2,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	213,185.66
Estimated Unearned Discounts	50,000.00
Reserved for Taxes, Rent, etc.	19,325.82
Interest Accrued Payable	70,624.26
Acceptances	31,416.66
Deposits	13,203,952.66
	$15,588,505.06

OFFICERS

Samuel S. Conover, President
John W. Nix, Vice President
Andrew H. Mars, Secretary
Stephen L. Viele, Asst. Secretary
Arthur W. Mellen, Asst. Secretary & Trust Officer
E. Tilden Mattox, Asst. to President

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST CO.

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.: Public securities		$2,417,919.11
Private securities		10,976,868.41
Real estate owned		161,125.00
Mortgages owned		8,159,496.69
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		None
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		46,414,751.[illegible]
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		11,258,773.45
Overdrafts		400.82
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$3,027,857.33	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	1,895,949.39	4,923,806.72
Specie		378,445.02
Other currency authorized by the Laws of the United States		525,921.00
Cash items, viz.: Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$2,747,777.25	
Other cash items	65.30	2,747,842.55
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		7,495,000.00
Other assets, viz.: Advances to trusts	$2,118.73	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	276,635.22	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	333,972.93	612,726.88
Total		$96,068,696.07

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$2,000,000.00
Surplus: Surplus fund	$4,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	691,519.18	4,691,519.18
Deposits: Preferred, as follows: Due New York State savings banks	$609,271.88	
Due New York State Savings and Loan Associations and Credit Unions	254.60	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	2,019,412.60	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	43,378.16	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	7,689,557.93	
Not preferred, as follows: Deposits subject to check	42,518,035.87	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	10,634,968.54	
Demand certificates of deposit	3,029,569.46	
Other certificates of deposit	837,867.20	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	1,710,250.85	
Certified checks	328,996.79	
Unpaid dividends	60.00	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	11,621,153.19	
Total deposits		81,042,870.98
Other liabilities, viz.: Mortgage trust bonds	$7,770,200.00	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	172,838.22	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	107,584.51	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	153,062.06	
Estimated unearned discounts	180,021.18	8,333,705.97
Total		[illegible]

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY
First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds, Due October 1st, 1937.

The Central Trust Company of New York, Trustee, gives notice that it will receive sealed proposals to sell the above described bonds, the total offer not to consume more than the amount of One Hundred Thousand Dollars ($100,000). Sealed proposals will be opened at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York at 12 o'clock noon on November 30, 1917. The right is reserved to reject any and all tenders.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By GEO. W. DAVISON, Vice-President.

MASON CITY & FORT DODGE RAILROAD COMPANY.

The coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company, due December 1st, 1917, will be paid on and after that date on presentation at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, New York.

S. M. FELTON, President.
Chicago, Ill., November 12, 1917.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY
Charles E. Schaff, Receiver.

Coupons for interest matured June 1, 1917, on Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company First Mortgage 4% Bonds, due 1990, will be paid upon presentation at the office of Agent for Receiver, 61 Broadway, New York City, on and after November 26, 1917.

J. B. BARNES, Agent for Receiver.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY 40-YEAR GUARANTEED 3½ PER CENT. GOLD TRUST CERTIFICATES, SERIES "D," DUE 1944.

Pursuant to terms of agreement dated December 1st, 1904, the undersigned invites tenders of above certificates for sale and delivery as of December 1st, 1917, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $100,000, the sum now payable to Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders, stating specific numbers of certificates offered, addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund Pennsylvania Company 40-year Guaranteed 3½ per cent. Gold Trust Certificates, Series "D," will be received until 3 p. m. November 30, 1917. Accepted certificates must be delivered on December 1st, or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
GEORGE H. STUART 3d, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., November 15, 1917.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF
UNITED STATES TREASURY CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS
MATURING DECEMBER 15, 1917.

The series of $300,000,000 Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, dated September 17, 1917, and maturing December 15, 1917, is hereby called for redemption on December 6, 1917, at par and accrued interest pursuant to the provision for such redemption contained in the certificates. On December 6, 1917, interest on all certificates of said series will cease to accrue.

The series of $400,000,000 Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, dated September 26, 1917, and maturing December 15, 1917, is hereby called for redemption on December 11, 1917, at par and accrued interest pursuant to the provision for such redemption contained in the certificates. On December 11, 1917, interest on all certificates of said series will cease to accrue.

The series of Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, dated October 24, 1917, and maturing December 15, 1917, will not be redeemed before maturity, but will be paid on December 15, 1917.

Dated November 23, 1917.

WILLIAM G. McADOO,
Secretary of the Treasury.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION IN AMERICA AND EUROPE

The belief that the severe slump which carried all classes of securities to levels in many cases below those established during the worst panic of recent years went too far by way of discounting the altered position of American industry confronted with the prospect of a long and increasingly expensive war was substantiated in the past week by a general recovery effected without the return of any speculative enthusiasm. The break which culminated with the end of the second Government loan campaign called attention to security bargains which the public began to acquire just as soon as it lost its fear of bear raiding. The advance last week was aided by the acceptance as a foregone conclusion of a belief that the Interstate Commerce Commission will recognize the urgent need of higher rates for the railroads, and by the news of the great victory of General Haig's army in the drive that bids fair to take Cambrai. It is hardly likely that the upward movement will proceed fast enough to characterize itself as a bull market. People bought stocks because they were selling obviously below their intrinsic value, but they have not followed up rallies with speculative buying always seen in a big upward movement. The process of readjustment has been carried on so far with due regard for the many dangers still threatening. The railroads are still far below the average price at which they sold before the executives decided upon the pending application for an increase in rates.

The question at issue between the carriers and the Federal authorities empowered to regulate their rates is much greater than the amount of the increase to which they are entitled to enable them to meet augmented costs of operation. The matter of adequate service has assumed larger importance than that of adequate rates. A warning that all thoughtful executives have been sounding for years has begun to attract attention. It has been more than a decade since the American railroads as a whole have invested a proper amount in any year for the improvement of their facilities and the provision of rolling stock and terminals to take care of the country's growth. The War Board postponed the day of reckoning by taking all of the systems in hand to be operated by a central body. In that way they affected a considerable reduction in unprofitable train miles and made each piece of equipment do more work. Unfortunately, there is an end to the extent to which greater economies and efficiency in the use of existing facilities can offset a steady increase in the demand for transportation. The railroad executives are not willing to admit that the end has yet been reached, but they are forced to the conclusion that to avoid congestion this Winter it will be necessary to carry the theory of centralized control much further than it has been so far developed. The result is that it is seriously proposed to cancel a large number of important passenger trains in order that the tracks and locomotives may handle more freight. This again is in the nature of temporary relief, which does not touch the fundamental difficulties at which it is aimed. The railroads must be in a position with the coming of Spring to do an unusual amount of deferred maintenance work, not only to make good the ravages of the approaching Winter, but to repair deficiencies of upkeep of long standing. They must be able to shut their eyes to the abnormal costs of new equipment and place orders for delivery as early as the plants can turn out new cars and locomotives. The proposed increase in rates will not automatically restore railroad credit, and it is out of the question to borrow heavy sums in a market which has been swept nearly bare by the Government's own borrowing. It is almost obvious that the Government must join with the carriers either as separate companies or as a single system in working out a plan for financing the construction which they must shortly authorize.

With all the delays and lost motion for which our Federal Government is notorious, even under the pressure of war's demands, there is discernible steady progress toward the concentration of all the national resources, both of men and materials, for the prosecution of a successful campaign against Prussianism. The cherished liberties of the individual in this country are seriously threatened by the new realization of what the retention of old privileges would cost. Slowly, of course, but relentlessly public opinion is being bent to the view that nothing counts as worth while if it hinders in the slightest degree the output and use of munitions. If Government ownership of the railroads holds a promise of being the shortest route to a free movement of supplies, then all of the sound economic objections to Federal control will receive no consideration. If the operation of millions of touring cars draws so heavily upon the supplies of gasoline as to embarrass military operations there will be an immediate curtailment of what must be recognized as wasteful consumption of liquid fuel. If there is not enough coal mined to keep all industrial plants engaged in the manufacture of uniforms, guns, ammunition, steel, and ships supplied, coal will be denied competing purchasers using it for the production of luxuries and non-essentials. It is not pleasant to contemplate Government interference with normal activity on such a scale, but it is much more disturbing to reckon the cost of interference with vital agencies of production and transportation. The longer the Government temporizes with unpleasant tasks the longer peace will be delayed.

The United States is passing through the successive stages of Great Britain's experience, but is reaching the point where no one will question the absolute necessity of subordinating all else to the furtherance of the war much more rapidly than the British did. Leading English authorities say that it was two years after the beginning of war before the nation stopped deluding itself with the belief that no great and general sacrifice had to be made to crush the enemy. In the highest circles at Washington the gravity of the food, fuel, labor, and shipping crises are much more clearly understood than is generally supposed. By taking warning now the country can be spared suffering that is inevitable if preparations for a long war are made in a half-hearted way. The declining rate of submarine successes, the apparent inability so far of the Teuton forces to complete the conquest in Northern Italy, and the unexpected success of the fighting on the western front are all significant as marking the hopelessness of Germany's ambition, but they are not being allowed to blind the Administration's eyes to the size of the task that still confronts the Allies.

LONDON MARKET STIMULATED.

Military and Political Happenings Affect Stock Exchange.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Military and political happenings stimulated the stock markets last week. The Russian developments were not a factor financially, and it is expected that the rule of the extremists will prove brief. The Premier's vigorous statement in Parliament on Monday disposing of the so-called crisis in consequence of his Paris speech, had a very bracing influence in all financial circles.

War securities were still the most popular, and there were many further advances in armament securities, especially old established businesses like Armstrong's and Vicker's. Oil shares were strong and active, and a substantial rise was recorded in Burmahs in response to the first dividend on ordinary capital.

The Treasury announced Monday its intention to requisition shares of the Royal Dutch Company at £51 a share, in contrast to the ruling price of 49½, and the quotation rose to the mobilization figure as the immediate result of keen buying in shells owing to the desire of displaced shareholders to retain an interest in the Royal Dutch Shell group.

Shipping securities were increasingly popular and many prominent shares advanced, but there was a sharp reaction in Castner Kellner Alkali, owing to the reduction of the dividend from 22 per cent. to 20 per cent.

Russian bonds were nominally lower and Scandinavian stocks were weakened by the rise in exchanges. French 5s were steadier. It is anticipated that the portion of the new French loan to be issued on this side will be offered at an early date at 62½, the equivalent, at the exchange of 27.40, of the Paris price of 68.60.

British railways were harder in tone notwithstanding some indications of labor unrest, the men refusing a further increase in wages of 5 shillings per week.

Money has been in keen demand in consequence of larger sums deposited with the Bank of England, which now allows the increased rate of 4½ per cent. on foreign balances, and preparations for the disbursement of the war loan dividend on Dec. 1, requiring about £50,000,000. War bond sales in the week to Nov. 17 were £10,806,350, compared with £9,791,600 the previous week.

REFLECTS BRITISH SUCCESS.

Paris Market Responds, but Coming Loan Also Is Factor.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—Monday's Bourse recorded an upward movement, principally among metal stocks and the shipping group, particularly Trans-Atlantique, Chargeurs Reuins, and Messageries Maritimes. On Tuesday Omnibus and Transport shares were the favorites, and on Wednesday the French Collieres, the sugar and the petroleum groups.

The British military successes near Cambrai, coupled with the large majority obtained by the new Clemenceau Ministry, stimulated the market Thursday with the exception of the Russian group. The Bourse was active Friday, but there was some selling in view of the proximity of the new war loan, with profit-taking in shipping and rubber shares, while sugar issues and the collieries registered further advances.

Improvement was reported in the position of the De Beers Diamond Company, and Suez Canal jumped 100 francs on the week, largely helped by the British successes in Palestine, but the markets closed easy, with selling predominant because of the foregoing reasons coupled with unsatisfactory outlook in Russia.

New taxation, foreshadowed for the coming year, includes a raising of the present tax on excess war profits, higher death duties, higher receipt stamps, and an increased tax in the retail trade on luxuries.

The gold holdings of the Bank of France amount to 3,294,347,932 francs. War advances increased 200,000,000, and foreign advances 15,000,000 francs. Exchange rates were easier, business being done today in sterling at 27.23 and dollars at 5.72.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED NOV. 24, 1917.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	3,357,376	170,096,757
Same period a year ago	9,027,659	199,548,066

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks	66.16	62.77	89.30	60.42
Same period a year ago	101.51	99.36	102.01	80.91

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
100	ADAMS EXPRESS	70	70	70	—39
200	Advance Rumely	9	8¼	9	+1½
100	Advance Rumely pf.	21	21	21	+1
700	Ajax Rubber	50	49¼	49¼	—¾
6,800	Alaska Gold Mines	2⅞	2	2¼	—⅝
900	Alaska Juneau	3	2½	3	+½
5,800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	19	17	18½	+1½
600	Allis-Chalm. Mfg. pf.	72	70	72	+2
700	Am. Agricul. Chem.	78¼	75	78	+2¾
100	Am. Agricul. Chem. pf.	92	92	92	+½
4,600	Am. Beet Sugar	75½	71½	74	+3¾
58,300	Am. Can	37½	33½	36½	+3½
200	Am. Can pf.	94	93	93	—1
7,700	Am. Car & Fdy	65½	63	65¼	+1¾
100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	+4⅞
1,600	Am. Cotton Oil	26½	25	25	..
180	Am. Express	80¼	80¼	80¼	—¾
7,500	Am. Hide & Leather	14	12¾	13	+⅞
8,500	Am. Hide & L. pf.	60	53	58¼	+6⅝
300	Am. Ice	11	10½	11	+¾
200	Am. Ice pf.	39	37½	39	..
5,100	Am. International	56½	52½	54	+¼
18,300	Am. Linseed	26½	24½	25⅞	+1¾
7,555	Am. Linseed pf.	75	68⅜	73½	+5
18,950	Am. Locomotive	55⅞	52	54½	+3
800	Am. Malting	12	10⅝	12	+1¾
1,010	Am. Malting 1st pf.	57½	54	57½	+5¼
42,900	Am. Smelt. and Ref.	77¾	72½	76	+3⅞
1,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	104⅛	100¼	103⅜	+4⅝
100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. A	93	93	93	+⅞
100	Am. Snuff	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	—⅛
7,800	Am. Steel Foundries	56	52½	56	+3⅛
4,300	Am. Sugar Refining	99¼	93½	99¼	+6¼
300	Am. Sugar Refining pf.	108½	108	108½	..
7,200	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	58⅝	52	58½	+6
100	Am. Sumatra Tob. pf.	83	83	83	..
5,400	Am. Tel & Tel	109⅝	106½	109⅜	+2⅜
720	Am. Tobacco	176	170	173	+4
200	Am. Tobacco pf. new	97¾	95	95	..
1,700	Am. Woolen	43½	41¼	43	+2¼
110	Am. Woolen pf.	88¼	88¼	88¼	+1¼
1,400	Am. Writing Paper pf.	24¾	20⅞	24¾	+7¾
1,200	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	15¼	11¾	14	+1½
300	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	42½	42	42½	+½
60,300	Anaconda Copper	59⅝	55⅝	58¼	+2⅞
400	Assets Realization	1	1	1	..
200	Associated Dry Goods	13	12	12	+2
100	Associated D. G. 1st pf.	53¼	53¼	53¼	+2¼
200	Associated D. G. 2d pf.	38¼	37	38¼	—3¼
100	Associated Oil	53¾	53¾	53¾	+1¼
6,800	Atch., Top. & S. F.	86¾	84	86¼	+2½
710	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	84	83¼	83½	—1¼
100	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	9	9	9	..
1,600	Atlantic Coast Line	97½	95	96	+1¼
20,300	Atl., Gulf & W. I.	102	95¼	99½	+1⅜
400	Atl., Gulf & W. I. pf.	60½	60⅛	60¼	+1¼
48,550	BALDWIN LOCO.	59	54⅞	55	—1⅞
10,200	Baltimore & Ohio	53	51	52½	+1⅞
1,155	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	60⅝	60	60	—¼
1,020	Barrett Co.	91½	89½	91½	+3⅞
380	Barrett Co. pf.	100½	100½	100½	+1
200	Batopilas Mining	1	1	1	—⅛
2,700	Bethlehem Steel	83¼	79½	81⅝	+2¼
262,600	Bethlehem Steel, Class B t. c.	83⅞	78⅜	81	+2⅝
11,178	Bethlehem Steel pf. sub rcts. f. p.	98⅞	97½	98	+¼
4,500	Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	45	43⅛	43½	—½
300	Brooklyn Union Gas	90	90	90	—½
100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. Sec.	6¼	6¼	6¼	+¼
9,900	Burns Brothers	114	108	113½	+4¼
250	Butterick Co.	10	10	10	..
4,200	Butte & Superior	18¾	16⅛	17⅝	+1⅛
2,200	CAL. PETROLEUM	13¼	12	12¾	+1⅜
1,200	Cal. Petroleum pf.	38	34⅝	38	+7
100	Calumet & Arizona	65	65	65	+1¼
20	Canada Southern	51	51	51	..
38,700	Canadian Pacific	137¼	130⅞	136⅝	+5¼
100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	78	78	78	—2
2,600	Central Foundry	31	24½	31	+4
350	Central Foundry pf.	43	42½	42½	+6¼
60,700	Central Leather Co.	69¼	61¾	66⅛	+4⅞
200	Central Leather Co. pf.	99	98	99	+1
2,000	Cerro de Pasco	32	29½	*30	—¼
1,900	Chandler Motor	64⅝	62	64½	+3½
10,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	48⅞	46¼	48	+1
200	Chi. & Alton	8	8	8	..
700	Chi. Great Western	7¾	7½	7⅝	+⅜
1,600	Chi. Great Western pf.	21¼	19⅝	20	..
16,600	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	40	37½	37½	+½
5,300	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	77	74⅝	75¼	+¾
1,850	Chi. & Northwestern	96	93	95¼	+⅝
150	Chi. & Northwest'n pf.	143	143	143	+2
17,500	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c.	19⅞	17¾	18⅜	+⅞
6,280	Chi., R. I. & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c.	52½	49	52	+2½
4,700	Chi., R. I. & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	43	39½	43	+3¼
11,150	Chile Copper	15⅞	13⅝	15⅞	+2⅜
10,500	Chino Copper	42¼	39	42	+3⅜
200	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	26½	26¼	26½	+1¼
200	Cluett, Peabody	46½	46¼	46¼	+1¼
100	Cluett, Peabody pf.	89½	89½	89½	—10½
9,100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	35¾	33½	35½	+3½
100	Colorado South'n 1st pf.	46	46	46	—1
4,600	Columbia Gas & Elec.	31½	28⅞	31½	+2⅞
500	Com. Tab Recording	31	28	28	—4
6,400	Consolidated Gas	87¾	82	86¼	+3⅜
100	Con. Interstate Cal. M.	11¾	11¾	11¾	+1½
2,400	Continental Can	96¾	89⅝	95½	+14½
86,100	Corn Products Ref.	30⅝	26⅝	29½	+3⅜
2,142	Corn Products Ref. pf.	91	90	91	+1
36,500	Crucible Steel	58½	53¼	55⅞	+3
100	Crucible Steel pf.	88	88	88	+2
34,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	30½	27	29⅝	+3⅜
4,300	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	79	77	78⅞	+1⅞
800	DEERE & CO. pf.	96	94½	96	..
44,600	Del. & Hudson	94¼	87	93	+1¼
700	Del., Lack. & Western	190	183	190	+10
500	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	12⅞	12	12⅞	—1¼
200	Detroit United Ry.	93	92	92	—1
42,600	Distillers Securities	37¾	33½	36¼	+3⅛
4,500	Dome Mines	7	6½	6⅞	+⅜
200	Duluth, S. S. & At.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+1
100	Duluth, S. S. & At. pf.	5½	5½	5½	..
40,100	ERIE	15¼	14	14½	+½
5,850	Erie 1st pf.	24¼	21¼	23	+1¼
1,000	Erie 2d pf.	18½	16½	18	+1½
100	FEDERAL M. & S.	12	12	12	..
400	Federal M. & S. pf.	36	34	36	+5⅞
800	GASTON, WM. & W.	36	35	36	+3
112	General Chemical	175	175	175	+13
100	General Chemical pf.	100	100	100	—9
300	General Cigar	31	30¼	31	+⅞
24,100	General Electric	135	128	129⅞	+1¼
56,800	General Motors	94¼	87⅞	92⅞	+5⅛
700	General Motors pf.	75⅞	73⅞	75⅞	—⅛
4,700	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	36½	34	36¼	+2⅛
550	Goodrich pf.	98	93	93	—5½
500	Granby Consol.	66¼	65½	66	—1
5,700	Great Northern pf.	92⅞	89⅞	92	+1⅝
26,400	Great Nor. Certs. for Ore Properties	28⅛	24½	27½	+3
1,600	Greene-Cananea Cop.	37½	35	37½	+3⅝
1,900	Gulf States Steel	88½	82¼	87	+5⅝
2,400	HASK'L & BARKER	30	28	28	—⅜
14	Havana Elec. Ry. & L.	99	99	99	..
200	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	96¼	96	96	+2½
16,300	Inspiration Copper	44⅞	41	43⅞	+2⅞
5,000	Interboro Consolidated	7⅝	6½	7½	+1¼
2,200	Interboro Con. pf.	46	44⅜	46	+2½
2,300	Inter. Agricultural	14	10	13	+4⅛
550	Inter. Agricultural pf.	38	30	38	+11⅛
800	Inter. Harvester, N. J.	107⅞	104⅞	107	+5
400	Inter. Harv. Corp.	55	52½	54⅞	+2⅞
35,400	Inter. Mer. Marine	26⅞	24⅜	25⅞	+⅞
233,600	Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	98⅞	92⅞	96	+3⅜
9,625	Inter. Nickel	27½	25½	27⅞	+2
3,600	Inter. Paper	24	20⅞	23⅝	+2⅝
800	Inter. Paper pf., sta.	57	52⅛	56	+2⅛
300	Inter. Salt	61	60	61	+2¼
100	JEWEL TEA	33	33	33	+2
100	Jewel Tea pf.	90	90	90	—4
4,600	KAN. CITY SOUTH'N	18	15⅝	17½	+2⅛
100	Kan. City Southern pf.	47	47	47	+4
1,100	Kelly Springfield Tire	42	39¼	41	+2⅜
31,400	Kennecott Copper	34⅛	30⅞	33⅛	+2⅜
26	Kings Co. El. L. & P.	95	95	*95	..
37,800	LACK. STEEL	81⅞	73⅜	81	+7⅜
100	Laclede Gas	80½	80½	80½	..
620	Lake Erie & Western	9	9	9	+¼
700	Lee Rubber & Tire	12	11	12	+1⅜
5,800	Lehigh Valley	55¾	51⅞	55	+3⅜
100	Liggett & Myers	172	172	172	+1⅛
600	Liggett & Myers pf.	100⅜	100	100⅜	+⅜
1,500	Louisville & Nashville	119⅛	113	119⅜	+6⅞
400	MACKAY COS.	70⅝	70	70⅝	—⅝
400	Manhattan Elevated	100¾	100	100	+2
3,800	Maxwell Motors	25⅛	23⅛	23⅝	—⅞
1,400	Maxwell Motors 1st pf.	56	50½	53	+2
2,400	Maxwell Motors 2d pf.	16⅞	14	16	+2½
200	May Dept. Stores	47⅝	47½	47⅝	+½
20,800	Mexican Petroleum	80⅝	74⅜	79	+4½
200	Mexican Petroleum pf.	87½	85	87¼	+2⅝
3,600	Miami Copper	29	27¼	28⅞	+1⅞
22,200	Midvale Steel	45¼	42⅜	44½	+1½
2,050	Minn. & St. Louis, new	10⅝	9½	9½	—¼
645	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	84⅝	82	84⅝	+4⅝
400	Mo., Kan. & Texas	4⅝	4¼	4½	+⅜
28,700	Mo. Pacific tr. cfs.	25	21⅞	23⅞	+2
8,500	Mo. Pacific pf. tr. cfs.	41⅝	38	41¼	+3¼
1,000	Montana Power	66⅝	65	66⅝	+1¼
300	NATIONAL ACME	26½	25½	26½	+1
400	National Biscuit	82	79⅝	82	+1⅛
200	National Biscuit pf.	107	105¼	107	—2
100	National Cloak & Suit	57	57	57	+¼
800	National Conduit & C.	24½	22	24	+2⅛
700	National Enam. & S.	38¾	36⅜	37⅞	+⅜
900	National Lead	44½	42⅜	43⅞	+1⅛
100	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	..
4,700	Nevada Con. Copper	17⅞	16⅜	17½	+1⅛
2,600	New York Air Brake	114	105	111½	+6⅛
12,100	New York Central	72¼	68½	71	+2⅝
203	New York, Chi. & St. L.	16¼	16¼	16¼	+2¼
100	New York Dock	13½	13½	13½	—1
10,600	New York, N. H. & H.	28¾	24¼	27⅞	+2⅞
2,700	New York, Ont. & W.	20⅜	19	19½	+⅜
3,800	Norfolk & Western	106	102	106	+4
5,900	Northern Pacific	88⅝	84	87¼	+3⅛
600	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	65	60½	*65	+15
26,000	OHIO CITIES GAS	37	34½	35½	+1⅛
300	Ontario Mining	4⅛	4	4⅛	+½
3,000	Owens Bottle Mach.	70	62½	66⅝	—13¼
300	PACIFIC MAIL	24⅝	24½	24⅝	+⅜
102	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	—1⅛
28,900	Pennsylvania Railroad	48⅛	46	47⅞	+⅝
2,200	People's Gas, Chicago	40½	38	39⅝	+1⅜
100	Peoria & Eastern	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+⅛
2,200	Pere Marquette	14⅝	13	14¼	+¼
1,410	Philadelphia Co.	28⅝	28	28⅛	+3⅛
300	Pierce-Arrow	31	31	31	..
4	Pierce-Arrow pf.	88	88	88	..
100	Pitts., C., C. & St. L.	60	60	60	..
7,800	Pitts. Coal	46¼	41	46¼	+5⅝
1,100	Pitts. Coal pf.	80	77	80	+2⅞
4,540	Pitts. & West Va.	23⅝	21½	23¼	+1⅞
1,700	Pitts. & West Va. pf.	57	55	56⅞	+3⅛
100	Pond Creek Coal t. c.	17	17	17	—1
1,500	Pressed Steel Car	56⅝	53½	56	+4½
145	Pressed Steel Car pf.	94	94	94	+4
2,900	Pullman Co.	130	127	127	—1⅜
2,400	QUICKSILVER	1	½	½	—½
3,300	Quicksilver pf.	1¼	½	⅝	—½
2,200	RY. STEEL SPRING	45	40¼	45	+5¼
11,400	Ray Con. Copper	22⅞	21⅜	22⅜	+1
124,800	Reading	73⅜	67	71½	+3⅝
150	Reading 2d pf.	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞	+⅞
82,300	Republic Iron & Steel	79¾	70⅝	78⅜	+8⅛
1,500	Republic Iron & S. pf.	94½	94	94	..
8,600	Royal Dutch t. r.	73¼	67½	70	+3
1,900	ST. L.-SAN FRAN.	15⅝	14¼	15¼	+1
315	St. L.-San Fran. pf.	26	26	26	+¼
100	Savage Arms	59¼	59¼	59⅛	+3⅛
1,200	Saxon Motor	5¼	4⅞	5¼	+¼
600	Seaboard Air Line	9¼	9	9	+¼
1,000	Seaboard Air Line pf.	19¼	18⅜	19¼	+1½
2,800	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	143	139⅞	141	+1
2,700	Shattuck-Arizona	20⅜	19⅛	19⅞	+⅜
12,900	Sinclair Oil & Ref.	32½	29¼	30⅞	+1⅞
1,900	Sloss-Sheff. S. & I.	39½	35	39	+4¼
11,200	Southern Pacific	84½	81½	83⅞	+2⅞
300	South Porto Rico Sugar	158	152	158	+10
18,300	Southern Railway	25¼	23⅜	24⅞	+⅞
2,000	Southern Railway pf.	58	56½	57½	+1
33,800	Studebaker	42½	38⅜	40⅝	+⅞
100	Studebaker pf.	85	85	85	—5
100	Stutz Motor	37	37	37	+1¼
13,100	Superior Steel	38⅜	33¼	37	+4
2,000	TENN. COP. & CHEM.	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	+⅝
14,800	Texas Co.	145	137	143¼	+6
400	Texas & Pacific	12½	12¼	12½	+½
100	Third Avenue	16	16	16	—½
100	Tidewater Oil	170	170	170	—5
26,400	Tobacco Products	51⅝	45	51¼	+7
200	Tobacco Products pf.	90½	90	90½	+1⅛
300	Transue & W. Steel F.	39	39	39	+2
300	Twin City Rap. Tran.	73	73	73	—1⅞
300	UNDER'D TYPE. pf.	113¼	112⅜	113¼	—⅜
200	Union Bag & P. new	63	63	63	+2
27,600	Union Pacific	117¾	112½	115¼	+2½
500	Union Pacific pf.	74½	73	74½	+1
800	United Alloy Steel	37⅞	37	37	+1
14,900	United Cigar Stores	91	85	90⅜	+7
100	United Drug 1st pf.	50	50	50	..
100	United Drug 2d pf.	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	+1⅞
800	United Fruit	118	116¼	118	+2
700	United Rys. Invest.	6⅞	6¼	6⅝	+⅝
500	United Rys. Invest. pf.	15	14	14	+⅝
1,100	U. S. Cast I. P. & F.	12½	11⅝	12¼	+1⅛
400	U. S. Cast I. P. & F. pf.	47½	47	47	—1
23,700	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	114⅞	101½	*112⅝	+11⅜
500	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	95	90	95	+3⅜
5,900	U. S. Rubber	52⅜	49⅛	50⅝	+1⅛
600	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	96	95	96	+1
1,400	U. S. Smelt., R. & M.	46⅜	43¼	45⅞	+3⅜
100	U. S. Smelt., R. & M. pf.	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	+⅜
781,900	U. S. Steel	98¼	92	96⅞	+5
3,000	U. S. Steel pf.	111	107⅞	109¼	+2
24,400	Utah Copper	79⅝	74⅞	78¼	+3¾
100	Utah Securities	12	12	12	..
1,300	VA.-CARO. CHEM.	31¼	29⅞	30⅞	+2
200	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	52½	52	52½	+½
5,200	WABASH	9	7½	8⅜	+1⅛
4,900	Wabash pf. A	41⅝	39⅝	41¼	+1¼
4,900	Wabash pf. B	22	20	21⅝	+1¼
120	Wells Fargo Express	75¼	75¼	75¼	—⅛
4,400	Western Maryland	14¼	12⅝	14	+1¼
1,700	Western Md. 2d pf.	25⅞	23	25⅞	—2⅛
2,800	Western Union Tel.	83⅞	82	83¼	+1⅛
100	Western Pacific	13¼	13¼	13¼	—¼
100	Western Pacific pf.	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	—⅜
19,900	Westinghouse E. & M.	39⅞	37⅛	39	+1⅛
100	Westinghouse 1st pf.	57	57	57	+1
3,800	Wheeling & Lake Erie	11½	9⅝	10⅝	+1¼
1,300	Wheel. & Lake Erie pf.	22	19½	22	+3
10	White Motors	36	36	36	..
1,700	Wilson & Co.	49¼	45⅜	46⅞	+1½
42,600	Willys-Overland	19½	17⅛	19¼	+1½
2,500	Willys-Overland pf.	70⅛	69	69	..
3,800	Wisconsin Central	37⅞	35⅛	37⅞	+1⅞
2,200	Woolworth (F. W.) Co.	112½	109⅞	110⅞	+1⅞
1,000	Worthington Pump	32⅞	27⅞	32⅞	+7⅞
200	Worthington P. pf., B.	54	51¼	54	+4

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At an extraordinary general meeting of the Company held in London on the 21st of November, 1917, a resolution was passed increasing the Capital of the Company by £1,000,000, by the creation of 1,000,000 new shares of £1 each. The new shares will be offered to the holders of the Company's share warrants and registered members resident in the United States of America and other allied and neutral countries outside the United Kingdom, in the proportion of one new share for every two shares held by them in the present issued capital, at the price of $7.50. The subscription list will open on the 16th of January and close on the 28th of February next.

Scrip certificates will be issued to holders of the Company's share warrants if they so desire, to enable them to sell their rights instead of taking up their proportion of the new capital. Applications will be received in New York for these scrip certificates between January 16th and February 14th next. Further particulars with the conditions of the new issue will be announced shortly.

Inasmuch as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury object to the issue of new capital in the United Kingdom during the war, a scheme has been adopted whereby the ratable proportion of the new capital is reserved for subscription to the holders of share warrants resident in the United Kingdom at the price of £1-11-6 and the issue to them in the meantime of scrip certificates.

A. H. HEWETT, Secretary,
36 Queen Anne's Gate, London, England.
November 22, 1917.

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SEES FOREIGN TRADE STABILIZING CREDIT

National Council Offers Suggestions to Government in Meeting War Problems.

REPORT GOES TO WILSON

Favors Production Stimulation to Provide Funds for Prosecution of the Conflict.

"Practically all the money in the allied portions of the world, and most of that held by neutrals, in time, can be made available for our war emergencies if our production constantly provides a proper basis for foreign trade." This is the view of the National Foreign Council, as set forth in a report on the principle underlying the co-ordination of price-fixing, taxation and the maintenance of foreign trade, which today will be presented to President Wilson, and later to Congress.

The report was prepared for the Council's Committee on Banking Facilities for Foreign Trade by Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Board of the Irving National Bank. The report was prepared, it says, in the effort of the council "to offer a suggestion which may be helpful to the Government in the formation of its plans to meet, perhaps, the most serious and difficult problems it has ever encountered in relation with business interests, namely, the fixing of commodity prices and the taxing of business profits."

The resolution of the council submitting the report to the President bases its action upon the facts that the war has involved the country in huge expenditures, to meet which the Government has adopted the wise policy of greatly increased taxation; that the Government has been compelled to resort to the expedient of price-fixing in numerous cases; that effectiveness of American participation in the war demands the maintenance of production in practically all lines at the maximum capacity, and that the maintenance of foreign trade during the war is a most efficient means of preventing distrubance of credit, insuring funds with which to meet the needs of Government in taxation or loans; stabilizing conditions of industry and maintaining the economic structure of the nation.

For these reasons the council recommends to the President and Congress the co-ordination of its efforts at price-fixing and taxation upon principles that will stimulate production, insure the fullest maintenance of foreign trade, and so provide a steady source of funds for the vigorous prosecution of the war.

Fair Profit to Producer.

The report further declares that "the relation of price-fixing and taxation to the maintenance and development of foreign and domestic trade in war times is direct and of the greatest force." It proceeds then to a statement of the economic law that "whenever the Government requires the total possible production of any article, whether for war or peace, it must pay such price for that article as will return a fair profit to the producer; otherwise, and if that producer cannot obtain a fair return, or profit, upon his labor and investment, he will not labor or invest, and production necessarily is curtailed."

Pointing out the fact that in an ideal plan for price-fixing and profit-taxing high production and not low prices should be the controlling consideration, the report says:

"If the final determination of the war is to be measured to any considerable extent by the relative economic power of the belligerents—and, of course, it will be so measured—the existence of the things which money can buy will be of far greater importance than the possession of money itself."

That leads up to the statement that all the money in the allied and neutral world can be made available for our war emergencies by proper maintenance of foreign trade. For it is foreign trade, the report says, that "is the source from which the greater portion of our gold must come, and from which our national gold reserve will derive its greatest security. Foreign trade also provides the possibility of keeping the entire national energy at all times employed in profitable production by creating a foreign demand for products for which there would be no demand at home."

The "only really big thing in the world today," continues the report, "is to win the war. In winning the war, the big things, apart from obtaining the fighting men, are to produce and conserve. In such a situation we should not become so obsessed with the idea of the value of money as to be blind to the value of other things. The part which money plays is not of the greatest importance.

"It is easy to imagine a condition in which no amount of money would obtain the men and materials necessary in an emergency—it is hardly possible to imagine a condition in which the securing of the men and materials required would depend entirely upon the possession of money. There can be a class of economy which kills.

"The first thing is to win the war, because if we do not win it, it will not matter particularly what else happens to us, and we firmly believe that it is only by careful and faithful application of sound economic principles that we can carry through successfully the enormous burden laid upon us."

Must Proceed Safely.

The report points out that the Government, in exercising these new arbitrary powers, must proceed safely and scientifically, or else the greatest danger may follow. Another suggestion made by the council is that a further step be taken in the co-ordination of the Government's buying activities. In the program for spending $19,000,000,000 within twelve months, the many separate buying departments of the Government, now competing against each other for supplies of all kinds, in their operation, in the judgment of the council, are bound to create high prices to the Government, correspondingly high prices to the people, disturbance to the industries—particularly those not essential to war supplies—and, worse of all, to seriously curtail the purchasing power of every class of consumer. Relative to this, the report says:

"The next step therefore, at this time, is to tie together the numerous purchasing departments of the Government, under one control, fully clothed with authority, similar to that created in Great Britain and France out of their experience in the early years of the war. We feel that the realization of such a plan not only is possible, but near at hand. With the Administration's splendid record of constructive Congressional legislation during the last six months so vividly before us, it certainly is not too much to expect that the needs of this situation will be fully recognized and met upon the reconvening of Congress. Therefore, it is a duty upon business men actively to support any proposed measures which may be presented to properly work out this desired result."

In conclusion, the document holds that in the ways indicated, the burden of the solution of these entirely new and trying national problems will be borne, not alone by the Government, but also by the highly trained and widely experienced business judgment of the nation.

James A. Farrell, President of the United States Steel Corporation is Chairman of the National Foreign Trade Council. Among its members now in Washington assisting the Government in war activities are E. N. Hurley, Chairman of the Shipping Board; Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank, John D. Ryan, President of the Anaconda Copper Company, and Fairfax Harrison, of the Railway War Board.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Surplus Reserves Increase.

An increase of more than $4,000,000 in surplus reserves was reported Saturday in the Clearing House bank statement. This brought the excess reserves up to $113,383,000, the highest since Aug. 4, when that item stood at $168,735,000. For the week loans contracted by nearly $182,000,000, the same being due to the liquidation of Treasury certificates of indebtedness which matured on Thursday and were paid at the Federal Reserve Bank. The statement also showed a reduction of about $48,000,000 in demand and time deposits, and the withdrawal of $195,000,000 of Government funds from the Clearing House members.

Expansion in Rediscounts.

The weekly report of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York showed an increase of $147,000,000 in commercial paper discounted and acceptances purchased, the expansion in the case of the former being $128,000,000. Part of the increase represents, no doubt, advances made to member banks, not actual discounts of paper. The bank's holdings of United States Government bonds and notes were reduced by $130,000,000, to $28,000,000. Gold reserves of the institution fell off about $26,000,000 during the week, while member bank deposits increased $21,000,000, and Government deposits were enlarged by $27,000,000.

Reserve Notes Outstanding.

The Reserve Bank reports that approximately $378,000,000 of Federal Reserve notes are outstanding, the increase for the week being $28,000,000, which is considerably above the average of recent weeks. Against these notes there is $174,000,000 of gold and lawful money deposited with the Federal Reserve Agent and $234,763,000 of commercial paper. It is interesting to note that despite the expansion in note issue there was increase last week in the gold fund of the Reserve Agent, and that the percentage of gold against the notes is now down to about 46 per cent., the lowest yet reported, and comparing with 40 per cent. the legal requirement.

Increase in Odd Lot Buying.

Bankers and brokers are calling attention to the fact that one of the most encouraging features of the stock market situation in the last few weeks has been the steady purchasing of odd lots of stock by investors all over the country. Commenting upon the spontaneous buying of small lots of securities, as has been reported from the transfer offices of corporations, Walter E. Frew, President of the Corn Exchange Bank, said Saturday: "It seems to me that the course of events and our national necessities make it inevitable that there be more money available for commercial enterprise and proportionately less for speculation. However, such purchasing as has been reported in odd lots of stock and good bonds on a cash basis constitutes real investment and should help to bring about a better understanding of both the present opportunities and the present problems of finance."

Another Demand for Cotton.

With the quoted price of 30.30 cents a pound for spot cotton on the New York market and 29.70 cents for December contracts, at the close of a week of rapidly advancing prices such as the market has not seen for months, there naturally were many efforts to explain the unprecedented demand for cotton in all forms. One explanation, which, at least, has the merits of novelty, offered by a jubilant trader on the long side, is that the Government needs all the finest quality cotton cloth it can get for airplane wings. The British are covering their airplane wings with linen, this student of conditions explained, and the Germans with nettle fiber for lack of anything better, but the United States was compelled, because of the impossibility of obtaining enough linen for its enormous new air fleet's wings, to try Sea Island cotton.

The Fabricated Ship Industry.

Recent statements that the first fabricated steel ship was to be launched at a Pacific port yesterday apparently refer to the fact that this is the first fabricated ship built under contracts awarded by the Emergency Fleet Corporation. As a matter of fact, although the general public first heard of it in connection with the Emergency Fleet Corporation's program, the fabricated ship dates further back. The first fabricated ship was launched on the Delaware some weeks ago, belonging to a number which were being built to private order, and which were taken over on the ways by the Government last Summer. Although commenced for private shipping interests, these ships are in no way different from those of the largest class of standardized fabricated ships which the Government has since ordered from another Delaware yard controlled by the same interests.

Confusion of Terms.

There seems to be considerable popular confusion as to the meaning of the words "standardized" and "fabricated" ships. It happens that all fabricated ships are standardized, but not all standardized ships are fabricated. A standardized ship is simply a ship built to standard plans. In this sense most battleships which are built in classes from identical plans, each ship of the class exactly like each other, might be called standardized. Long before the war many big American and British shipping companies had lines of freighters which were standardized, each ship of the line built to the same plans as all the others. The fabricated ship, however, is a ship which, instead of being built entirely in the yard and on the ways, each piece of metal bent and shaped and fitted on the spot, is merely assembled on the ways from parts separately made to pattern in steel mills many miles away. The fabricated ship is always standardized, because there would be no economy, but a distinct loss in time and expense, in adopting the fabrication method for a single ship, or for less than a wholesale order.

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended Nov. 24, 1917:

STOCKS. (SHARES.)

	1917.	1916.	1915
Monday	406,215	2,135,360	419,744
Tuesday	744,034	1,693,958	328,009
Wednesday..	797,903	1,700,005	480,602
Thursday	574,680	1,552,680	Holiday
Friday	502,834	1,195,446	634,516
Saturday ...	331,710	750,260	231,663
Total w'k.	3,357,376	9,027,659	2,094,534
Year to date.	170,096,757	199,548,066	156,800,034

BONDS. (PAR VALUE.)

Monday ...	$4,385,500	$5,419,500	$5,768,500
Tuesday ...	5,147,000	5,470,000	5,346,500
Wednesday.	5,194,000	4,839,500	5,283,000
Thursday...	4,725,500	6,882,000	Holiday
Friday	4,150,000	5,584,500	4,490,000
Saturday...	3,321,500	2,665,500	3,356,500
T'tal w'k.	$26,873,500	$30,861,000	$24,244,500
Yr. to date.	924,321,450	1,039,364,000	827,143,200

In detail last week's transactions compare as follows with the same week a year ago:

BONDS.

	Nov.24,'17.	Nov.25,'16.	Decrease.
R. R. & mis.	$6,215,000	$23,310,000	$17,005,000
Government..	20,608,500	7,285,000	*13,323,500
State	......	44,000	44,000
City	50,000	222,000	172,000
Total all.	$26,873,500	$30,861,000	$3,987,500

*Increase.

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS PRICED. Long list of securities not quoted elsewhere with prices bid and offered published in the Open Security Market of The Annalist every Monday. On all news stands; 10 cents, $4.00 a year by mail. The Annalist, published by The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED NOV. 24, 1917.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$26,873,500	$924,321,450
Same period last year....	30,861,000	1,039,364,000

	Last Week High.	Last Week Low.	Year to Date High.	Year to Date Low.
Average price 40 bonds..	77.31	76.73	86.39	76.72
Same period a year ago..	89.17	88.97	89.17	86.19

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
AM. AG. CH. deb. 5s.	93	92	93	3
Am. Sm. & R. 1st 5s.	87	85	86¼	40
Am. T. & T. col. 4s..	82¼	81½	82¼	34
Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s.	91⅞	91⅛	91⅞	5
Am. T. & T. cot.tr.5s	93¼	92½	93	144½
Am. Thread 4s.......	96½	96¼	96¼	21
Am. Tobacco Co. 6s.	119	119	119	2
Am. Writ. Paper 5s..	80	79	79	11
Ann Arbor 4s.........	51	51	51	4
Armour & Co. 4½s...	86	82¾	85	37
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	83¾	81½	83½	126
A. T. & S. F. adj. 4s.	72⅞	72¾	72¾	4
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s, stamped	73¼	73¼	73¼	1
A., T. & S.F.cv.4s.'60	87	88	87	6
A. & C. A. L. 1st 5s,B	92	92	92	2
At. C. L. 1st 4s.....	83	83	83	4
B. & O. p. l. 3½s....	86	85½	86	31
Balt. & O. gold 4s..	78	77	78	14½
Balt. & O. ref. 5s..	80	79¼	79¾	35
Balt. & O. conv. 4½s	79	77½	79	34
Beth. Steel ext. 5s..	98	98	98	2
Beth. Steel ref. 5s..	89⅞	88	89⅞	11
Beth. Steel p. m. 5s.	80	79	79	55
Braden Copper 6s....	90	89	89	15
Brook. R. T. gold 5s.	81½	81½	81½	4
B. R. T. 5s, 1918....	91¼	90	91½	68
Bush. Term. Bld. 5s.	79	79	79	2
CAL. GAS & EL. 5s.	93	92¾	92¾	11
Cent. of Ga. 1st 5s..	100	100	100	5
Cent. of Ga. cons. 5s.	88½	87½	88½	7
Central Leather 5s...	95½	95	95½	17
Central Pacific 4s...	80½	80⅛	80⅛	23
Central Vermont 4s..	55	55	55	1
Cent. of N. J. gen. 5s.	102	101	101	4
Cerro de Pasco cv. 6s.	105½	103	103	20
Ches. & O. gen. 4½s.	74	74	74	3
Ches. & O. conv 5s.	74	71½	73⅝	872½
Ches. & O. con. 5s..	96⅞	95⅞	95⅞	9
Ches. & O. conv. 4½s.	70	69	69½	19
Chicago & Alton 3½s.	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	3
C., B. & Q. join. 4s..	93½	92⅞	93⅝	214
C., B. & Q. jt. 4s,reg.	93	92½	93	24
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s..	82	82	82	10
C.,B.& Q.,Neb.Ext.4s.	92	92	92	1
C.,B. & Q., Ia. Div. 5s	99½	99½	99½	3
C.,B.& Q.,Ill.Div.3½s.	76	76	76	5
Chi. & E. Ill. con. 6s.	98	98	98	1
Chi. & Erie 1st 5s...	95	95	95	3
Chi. Gt. West. 1st 4s.	55½	55	55½	20
Chi., Ind. & L. ref.6s.	100	100	100	1
C., M. & St. P. 4s,'25	76¼	76½	76¼	1
C., M. & St.P.gen.4½s.	85	85	85	6
C., M. & St.P.ref.4½s.	69	67	67¾	32
C., M. & St. P. cv. 5s	77⅞	77	77⅞	15
C., M. & St. P. cv.4½s	73	70	73	17½
C., M. & St. P., C., P. & W. 5s.......	96	98	98	8
C. & N. W. gen. 4s.	79½	79½	79½	12
C. & N.W. deb. 5s,'33	94¾	94¾	94¾	3
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	75	74	75	13
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	62½	61½	62¼	65
C., St. L. & N. O., Mem. Div. 4s, reg..	65	65	65	1
Chi. & W. I. con. 4s.	62	61½	62	4
Chile Copper 7s.......	101¼	98⅞	101¼	52
Chile C. 6s, rec.p.pd.	78⅞	77½	78⅞	21
C.,C.,C.&St.L. gen. 4s	59¼	59	59¼	2
Col. Industrial 5s....	74½	74¼	74½	5
Col. & So. 1st 4s....	83	82	83	8
Col. & So. ref. 4½s..	73½	73¼	73¼	4
Con. Gas cv. 5s.......	100¼	99½	100¼	114½
Corn Prod. Ref. 5s,'21	97¾	97⅞	97⅞	1
Cumberland Tel. 5s....	90½	90	90½	4
DEL.& H.1st & ref.4s	85⅝	85¼	85⅝	12
Del. & Hud. cv. 5s....	91½	91½	91½	5
D. & R. G. con. 4s....	63¼	62¼	63	10
Dist. Securities 5s...	75	73	75	35
ERIE con. 7s.........	100¼	100½	100¼	2
Erie gen. 4s..........	50	49	49½	51
Erie consol 4s........	68	66⅞	68	8
Erie cv. 4s, Ser. B ..	40	38⅝	40	23
Erie cv. 4s, Ser. D ..	45	43½	45	48
GEN. ELEC. deb. 5s.	97	97	97	16
Granby cv. 6s, Ser. A.	98	98	98	1
Green Bay debs., B..	6⅝	6	6⅝	15
HUD. & MAN. ref. 5s	52	51	52	12
Hud. & Man. adj. 5s.	12½	12	12½	9
ILL. CENT. ref. 4s..	79	78¼	79	5
Ill. Cent. 4s, 1853.....	74	74	74	5
Indiana Steel 5s......	98½	98½	98½	8
Inter-Met. 4½s........	54⅝	51½	54½	46
Int. Rap. Tran. 5s....	82	77½	82	232
Int. Agric. col. tr. 5s.	70	70	70	1
Int. M. M. s. f. 6s..	92	91½	92	40
Int. Paper 6s.........	100	100	100	4
Int. Paper cv. 5s.....	98	98	98	5
Iowa Central 1st 5s..	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	2
K. C.,FT. S. & M. 6s.	104	104	104	1
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s.	66	66	66	3
Kan. City So. 3s......	60	60	60	3
Kan. City So. 5s.....	76	75½	76	3
LACK. STEEL 5s,'23.	96	95¾	96	8
Lack. Steel 5s, '50...	90½	87	90½	37
Laclede Gas 1st 5s...	98	98	98	6
Lake Shore 4s, 1928..	86	85	86	12
Lake Shore 4s, 1931..	84¼	83½	84¼	8
Lake Shore 3½s......	75½	75	75½	10
Leh. V. of N. Y. 4½s.	65	65	65	6
Lex. & East. gtd. 5s.	95½	95½	95½	1
Liggett & Myers 7s...	111	111	111	1
Liggett & Myers 5s..	91½	90½	90½	3
Lorillard 7s..........	111½	111½	111½	4
Louis. & N. gen. 6s..	106¼	106¼	106¼	1
MANHAT. cons. 4s.	83	83	83	8
Met. Tel. & Tel. 5s..	99½	99½	99½	3
Midvale Steel 5s.....	85	84	84⅝	41
Minn. & St. L. 1st 7s.	106	106	106	2
M. & St. L. cons, 5s.	74	74	74	1
M.,St.P.&S.S.M.con.4s	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	2
Mo., K. & O. 1st 5s..	58	58	58	6
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s..	58⅝	57⅝	58⅝	238
Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s.	30⅝	30	30½	23
Mo. Pacific con. 6s..	99½	99⅜	99½	8
Mo. Pac. 5s, 1926....	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	7
Mo. Pac. gen. 4s.....	54⅞	52¾	54¼	498
Mo. Pac. 5s, 1965..	95	95	95	1
Montana Power 5s...	89	87⅞	89	4
NAT. TUBE 5s......	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	1
New Or. Term. 4s....	58	58	58	2
N. O., T. & M. in. 5s	35	35	35	2
N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s.	94⅝	93⅝	93⅝	235¼
N. Y. C. deb. 4s, '34	79	78⅝	78⅝	17
N.Y.C.ref. & imp.4½s.	87⅞	87	87⅞	5
N.Y.C., L.S.col.3½s..	67	66	67	6
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st 4s, registered......	85	84½	85	7
N.Y.,N.H.& H.cv.3½s	47¼	47¼	47⅛	5
N.Y.,N.H.& H.cv.6s..	84	83	83⅞	7
N. Y. Rys. adj. 4s..	21	19⅞	20	12
N. Y. Telephone 4½s.	90	88	89⅞	16
N. Y. W. & Bos. 4½s	41	40	41	12
Norf. & W. con. 4s.	85¼	85	85	18
Norf. & W. div. 4s..	80½	80⅝	80½	5
Northern Pacific 4s..	84	82	84	68½
Northern Pacific 3s..	59⅝	58⅝	58⅞	7
ORE. SHORT LINE 1st 6s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	2
Ore. Short L. ref. 4s.	83½	83½	83½	1
Ore. Short L. cons. 5s	95⅝	95⅝	96⅝	2
PACIFIC G. & E. 5s.	81	80⅝	81	4
Pacific T. & T. 5s..	92⅝	91⅝	92¼	8
Penna. gtd. 4½s, reg.	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	1
Penna. con. 4½s.....	97¼	97¼	97⅛	2
Penna. gen. 4½s.....	91	89⅞	91	71
Peoria & E. inc. 4s..	10	10	10	1
P. & E. inc.4s,tr.ctfs.	10	10	10	1
Pere. Marq. 1st 5s..	81⅝	81½	81½	18
P., C. C. & St. L. 4s, Series G..........	91	91	91	2
Public Service 5s....	82¼	80	80	6
READING gen. 4s..	85⅛	83¼	85¼	34
Rdg.-J. C. col. 4s....	87½	87⅛	87¼	4
Rep. I. & S. 4s, '40.	94¼	94	94	12
Roch. & Pitts. cons.6s.	104	104	104	1
ST.L.I.M.& S.gen.5s..	91½	91½	91½	2
St. L. I. M. & S. un. & ref. 4s.........	72¼	71	72½	9
St. L. I. M. & S. R. & G. 4s.........	70½	70½	70½	1
St. L. Ry., M. & P.5s.	78	78	78	5
St. L. & S. F. pr. lien 5s, Series A.........	55⅝	54⅝	55⅝	241
St. L. & S. F. pr. lien 5s, Series B.........	72	71⅞	71⅞	7
St. L. & S. F. adj. 6s.	59½	58¼	59⅝	140
St. L. & S. F. inc. 6s.	44½	42¾	44½	46
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s..	66	66	66	1
St. L. S. W. 1st t. 5s.	61	59	59	3
St. P. & Nor. Pac. 6s.	103½	103½	103½	1
San An. & A. P. 4s..	60	60	60	1
Seab. A. L. ref. 4s....	54½	54½	54½	4
Seab. A. L. adj. 5s...	44½	43½	44	99
Sinclair Oil & R. 7s, with warrants......	93½	92	93	4
So. Bell Tel. 5s......	93	92¼	93	3
So. Pac. conv. 5s.....	89⅝	88⅝	89⅝	126½
So. Pac. conv. 4s.....	76⅞	76	76⅛	100
So. Pac. ref. 4s.......	79⅞	79	79½	21
So. Pac., S. F. ter. 4s	80	80	80	1
Southern Ry. 5s.......	92⅝	92	92½	48
Southern Ry. gen. 4s.	59⅛	57⅞	58⅝	177
So. Ry., St.L. Div. 4s	68	68	68	1
TEXAS CO. deb. 6s..	98	98	98	13
Third Av. adj. 5s.....	29	27	29	21
Tri City 5s...........	94	94	94	2
UNION PAC. 1st 4s..	88¼	87	88½	55
Union Pac. ref. 4s.....	79¼	76⅝	78⅝	62
Union Pac. conv. 4s..	85	83⅞	85	8
U. S. Rubber 6s........	100	99½	100	2
U. S. Rubber ref. 5s..	76¼	74⅝	76¼	685
U. S. Steel 5s.........	99½	98⅝	99½	147
U. S. Steel 5s, reg....	98½	98½	98½	1
U. S. Sm., Ref. & M. cv. 6s..............	100	100	100	2
VA.-CAR. CH. 1st 5s.	96⅜	94¼	96⅜	21
Va. Ry. 1st 5s........	92	91	92	15
Va. I., C. & C. 5s.....	87	86	86	6
Va. Ry. & Power 5s..	80	79⅝	80	10
WABASH 1st 5s.......	94⅛	93⅞	94⅛	11
Wabash 2d 5s.........	88	88	88	1
Western Md. 4s.......	58	58	58	5
Western Pacific 5s....	80	79½	80	14
West Shore 4s........	80½	80	80½	10
West Shore 4s, reg...	75	75	75	1
W. U. Tel. col. tr. 5s.	93	93	93	2
Wilson & Co. 6s......	96	95	95	13
Total sales				$6,215,000

GOVERNMENT BONDS

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
U. S. 3s, coupon.....	99	99	99	1
U. S. Liberty 3½s....	99.80	99.88	99.00	5,219
U. S. Liberty 4s......	98.24	97.00	97.90	10,909
Am. For. Secur. 5s..	94½	92	94½	145
Anglo-French 5s......	91⅝	89⅝	90⅞	822
City of Bordeaux 6s..	84	82	83⅞	166
City of Lyons 6s......	84	82½	83½	193
City of Marseilles 6s..	84	82⅜	83⅝	145
City of Paris 6s.......	84⅝	82¼	83⅝	227
City of Tokio 5s......	70	70	70	2
Dom. of Can. 5s, '21.	94⅞	93⅞	93⅞	9
Dom. of Can. 5s, '26.	90½	90	90½	46
Dom. of Can. 5s, '31.	90⅞	90	90½	13
French Govt. 5½s....	95⅝	93¼	94½	390
Japanese 4½s..........	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	22
Jap. 4½s, Eng. sta....	87	87	87	5½
Japanese 4½s, 2d Ser.	88⅝	88	88⅝	25
Japanese 4½s, 2d Ser., German stamp......	75⅝	74½	74½	14
U. K. of G. B. & I. 5s	98	97⅝	97⅞	153
U. K. of G. B. & I. 3½s, 1918	99⅞	99⅝	99⅝	596
U. K. of G. B. & I. 3½s, 1919	96	94⅞	95½	707
U. K. of G. B. & I. 5½s, 1919, new.....	96½	96⅛	95⅝	454
U. K. of G. B. & I. 5½s, 1921	93	91¼	93	345
Total sales				$20,603,500

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
4s, 1957	90	90	90	8
4s, 1958	90	89⅞	89⅞	3
4s, 1959	90	90	90	6
4½s, 1960	93	93	93	10
4½s, May, 1957.......	98	98	98	12
4½s, Nov., 1957......	98⅞	98	98⅞	6
4½s, 1965	97	97	97	3
4½s, 1963	99	98	98	17
Total sales				$50,000
Grand total				$26,873,500

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

Trading by Days

	Indust'ls.	Oils.	Mining.	Bonds.
Monday.......	31,560	84,320	178,330	$64,000
Tuesday.......	41,773	160,063	289,430	7,000
Wednesday....	48,895	187,695	261,830	80,000
Thursday......	38,000	139,465	265,795	48,000
Friday.........	32,220	131,220	247,730	238,000
Saturday.......	20,850	83,710	161,645	97,000
Total......	212,798	806,678	1,404,760	$484,000

INDUSTRIALS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
49,000	*Aetna Exp..	7⅝	6⅝	7⅝	+ ⅝
1,350	*Air Reduct'n	73	67	72	+ 7
4,500	Am. Tin T..	⅝	⅜	⅝	+ ¼
300	*Am. Writ. P.	2	2	2	+ ½
50	*Can.Car & F.	16	16	16	−12½
6,300	*Car L. & P.	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	+ ⅝
10	*Carbon Steel	80	80	80	+ 8
600	Carwen Steel..	9	9	9	..
300	Char. Iron Co.	7⅝	6⅞	7	..
150	Char. I. Co. pf	6	5⅝	6	+ ⅝
6,560	C. M. C., w. i.	66	55	65	+ 8
2,835	*City Ser., pf.	73	73	72⅝	+ ⅝
1,558	*City Ser.,old	211	196	209	+11
3,000	Curtiss Aero..	28⅝	27	28	+ 1⅝
2,265	Emer. Phon..	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	+ ⅝
200	Ev. Hea., Inc.	20⅝	20½	20½	− ⅝
800	*Hall Signal..	3¼	3	3¼	..
100	*Hall Sig. pf..	13	13	13	− 2
6,600	*Int.-Lube C..	3⅝	3¼	3½	− ⅛
300	*Int. Motors..	12	10	12	..
220	Int. Mot. pf...	40	35	40	+10
100	*Int. M. 2d pf	20	20	20	− 5
700	Int. Rubber...	8	8	8	− ¼
200	*Int. T. C. pf.	60	55	55	−10
400	Key. T. & R.	13	11	11	+ ⅝
270	*S. S. Kresge.	70	65	65	− 2
370	Lake Tor. B..	4	3⅝	3⅝	..
2,800	*Man. Transit.	⅝	½	⅝	+ 1/16
100	Marc. of Am..	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	− ⅛
15,800	*Maxim Muni.	⅞	13/16	13/16	+ 1/16
400	*Nash Motors.	77	75	77	..
2,700	N. Y. Transp.	20¼	14½	16¼	+ 2
1,900	N. A. P. & P.	2⅝	2	2⅝	+ ⅝
6,700	P. Tr. M. Co.	14	11	14	+ 4
1,700	*Poca.-Log. C.	3⅝	3⅝	3½	..
1,900	*Prud. Pic....	7⅝	6⅝	6⅝	− ⅝
20,400	Smith Mot.Tr.	1⅛	¾	13/16	− ⅝
10	A. O. Smith pf	90	90	90	− 2⅝
200	*St. Jos. Lead	16	16	16	+ ¼
3,300	Stand. Motor.	10⅝	8⅝	10⅝	+ 2⅝
6,600	Subm. Boat..	14⅝	13	13½	+ ½
19,900	Tria. Film Co.	1½	15/16	1¼	+ ⅛
10,700	*United Mot...	17⅝	15	16¼	+ 1⅛
2,000	*U. S. L. & H.	1⅝	1⅜	1⅝	..
1,800	U. S. Stea. Co.	3⅝	3¼	3⅝	..
100	United Zinc..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
200	World Film...	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
18,500	*W.-M. A. C.	8	7½	7½	+ ⅛

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
4,500	Ang.-Am. Oil.	18⅝	16½	18¼	+ 1⅝
13,246	A.-Am. O., r..	3½	2⅝	3½	+ 1
70	Ohio Oil.....	295	292	294	+ 9
55	Prairie O.& G.	410	400	410	+ 5
15	Prairie P. L..	237	237	237	+10
185	S. O. of N. J.	512	503	512	− 8
418	S. O. of N. Y.	258	242	255	+15

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
3,600	*Allen Oil....	11/16	⅝	11/16	..
17,700	*Barn.O.& G..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	..
1,410	Beth.O.& G...	10⅝	10	10⅝	− ⅝
43,500	*Bost.-W.O...	30	28	30	+ 1
11,700	*Cosden Oil..	7⅞	7¼	7⅞	+ ⅜
2,000	*Cosden O.pf.	4	3⅝	3⅞	+ ⅛
12,400	*Crown Oil...	1	⅞	15/16	..
23,800	Cumb.P.& B..	1⅛	1¼	1 5/16	− 1/16
4,200	*Elk Basin P.	7¼	6⅝	7⅛	+ ⅛
5,400	*Elk. O. & G.	7/16	⅜	7/16	+ 1/16
18,200	*Esmer.O.Co..	⅝	⅝	⅝	+ 1/16
1,600	Federal Oil..	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛	+ ⅜
22,700	*Friar Oil....	⅝	½	⅝	+ ⅛
4,900	*Glenrock O..	15¼	14	15	+ ⅛
16,930	*Han.O.& R..	2⅛	1 5/16	2	+ 1/16
11,450	*Houston Oil.	25	19⅞	24½	+ 5
8,300	*Hum. G. C. O. & R.	4⅝	4	4⅝	+ ⅛
6,900	*Inter. Pet...	12⅝	10⅞	12⅝	+ 1⅛
1,500	*Island O.& T.	2	1⅞	2	..
22,900	Kenova Oil..	3/16	⅛	⅛	..
4,240	*Lost City Oil	3/16	⅛	3/16	..
21,300	*Merritt O. C.	25⅝	21½	24½	+ 2⅝
17,000	Met. Pet.....	1	15/16	1	+ ⅛
36,000	*Midwest Oil.	125	110	119	+10
1,800	*Midw't O pf.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ 1/16
9,300	*Midwest Ref.	124	109	121	+11
7,400	*N.Y.& Ok.Oil	11/16	½	7/16	..
34,000	*Northwest O.	78	70	74	+ 2
88,000	*Okla. Oil....	7	5	5⅝	..
60,600	*Okla. O. pf..	20	11	14	− 5
17,000	Okla. P. & R.	7⅝	6⅝	7⅝	+ ⅝
10,000	Omar Oil & G.	36	28	30	+ 4
7,500	Osage-H. Oil.	7¼	6⅝	7½	+ ⅛
2,000	Penn Gas....	3/16	⅛	3/16	+ 1/16
3,460	*Penn.Ken.O..	5½	5¼	5½	+ ⅛
12,800	*Penn.O.O.&G.	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	..
49,500	*Red Rock Oil & Gas	98	60	95	+37
61,000	*Rice Oil ...	3/16	⅛	3/16	..
1,900	*Sapul.O.& R.	9	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
24,600	*Seq.O.& R..	11/16	11/16	11/16	+ 1/16
7,000	*Somerset Oil	3/16	⅛	3/16	..
33,000	*Tuxpam S.O.	3/16	⅛	3/16	..
15,000	*Un. W. Oil.	7/16	⅜	7/16	+ 1/16
1,000	*Utah Pet....	27	27	27	+ 6
3,800	*Vent.Con.Oil.	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	..
3,785	*Vict.Oil,new.	4	3⅝	4	+ ½
1,400	*Wyo.Un.O.,n.	5	3⅝	5	+ ½

MINING STOCKS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
18,500	Acme C. H...	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	− ⅛
8,600	Al.-Brit.Col..	⅝	7/16	⅝	+ 3/16
300	*Ariz.Bing.C..	3⅝	3	3⅝	..
14,000	*†Atlanta	9⅝	8	9⅝	+ ⅝
34,000	Big Ledge C.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
6,200	*†Booth	4	3	4	..
18,400	†Bos. Montana	54	50	52	..
11,925	*Brad. Copper	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
8,000	*†Brant Min..	59	58	59	+ 1
5,100	Butte C. & Z.	7	5⅝	6⅝	+ ⅝
6,000	Butte-Detroit.	⅝	7/16	7/16	..
300	Butte-N. Y....	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ¼
500	*Butte Ram.C.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
37,900	*†Caledonia M.	50	41	47	+ 8
30,780	*Cal. & Jer...	1 9/16	1⅜	1 7/16	+ 1/16
7,800	Can. Copper..	2 1/16	1⅝	2 1/16	+ ⅛
21,700	†Cashboy	4½	3½	4	..
14,700	*†Carb.S.M.M.	44	34	43	+ 7
1,400	Cerro Gordo..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
1,500	*Coco R. Min.	5⅛	4⅝	5	..
18,400	Con.Ariz.Smel.	2	1 9/16	1 13/16	+ ⅛
15,280	Con. Cop. M..	8⅝	7⅝	8⅝	+ ⅝
21,100	*†Con.H'stead	20	15	19	+ 5
7,600	Cresson Gold.	5	4⅝	5	+ ⅛
60,970	*Emma Cop....	⅝	½	⅝	..
1,200	First Nat. C..	3⅛	2⅝	3⅛	+ ⅝
6,800	*†Fort. Cons..	40	38	40	..
24,800	Gibson Con. C.	2¼	2	2¼	+ ⅛
9,700	*Gila Copper..	17½	17	17½	+ ⅝
11,500	*Globe Dome C.	⅝	½	⅝	+ ⅛
7,300	†Gold. Cons...	44	40	44	+ 5
17,050	*Gt.Ver.Ext.C.	1 1/16	1	1 1/16	− ⅛
39,000	*GreenMon.M.	1 1/16	⅝	11/16	− ⅛
8,343	Hecla Min....	5	4 7/16	4⅝	+ ⅜
300	Howe S. w. i.	4¼	4 3/16	4¼	+ ¼
44,500	*†Int. Mines..	10	10	10	..
450	Iron Blossom.	3/16	⅛	3/16	..
38,000	*Jer. Verde...	1	13/16	13/16	+ ⅛
82,145	*Jer. Pres. C.	4⅝	2⅝	4	+ 1⅛
4,300	*†Jim Butler.	78	75	77	+ 1
4,400	Josevig-Ken...	⅝	3/16	3/16	− 1/16
6,300	†Jumbo Ext..	17	14	17	+ 2
1,800	Kerr Lake...	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	+ ⅝
4,500	*†Kewanas ..	7	6	6	..
13,100	*†Kirk.P.G.M.	50	50	50	..
6,000	La Rose Con..	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
10,200	Lousiana Con..	⅝	½	⅝	..
11,200	*Magma Chief	½	7/16	½	..
13,100	Magma Cop...	49	34	46	+10½
1,500	Majestic Mines	½	½	½	+ ⅛
2,000	†Marsh Mining	8½	8	8½	..
7,700	Mason Valley.	6	4¼	6	+ 1⅛
2,000	†Mogul Mining	45	40	45	+10
18,800	*Monster C'f..	3/16	3/16	3/16	+ 1/16
26,000	*†Mother Lode	82	27	81	+ 3
92,750	*†Nat. Leas'g.	8	6	8	..
42,000	*†Nat. Z. & L.	35	27	33	+ 3
5,780	*New Cornelia	15½	14½	15¼	..
1,300	Nipissing	8	7⅝	7⅝	..
204,500	*†Nixon Nev..	1 1/16	85	1 1/16	+ ⅝
19,500	*O. C., nw.,w.i	1	⅝	1	+ 1/16
12,500	†Port. C. Cop.	24	22	23	− 1
14,300	†Prov. Mine...	39	38	39	− 1
400	*Red W. Min..	½	½	½	..
81,000	†Rex. C. Min..	15½	8	12	− 3
5,600	†Roch. Mines.	40	37	40	+ 4
500	San Toy......	11	11	11	− 1
21,000	S. K. of Ariz..	½	7/16	7/16	− 1/16
500	S. K. C. of U..	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	..
18,400	*†Silver Pick..	9⅝	8	9	..
27,000	†St. N. Zinc..	9⅝	8⅝	9	− ⅝
4,300	Stand. S.-L...	½	7/16	½	+ 1/16
8,700	Stewart	3/16		3/16	+ 1/16
9,900	†Success Min'g	14	12	13	..
1,200	Sup. Copper...	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
950	*Ton. Belm't.	4 1/16	3½	4 1/16	+ 1/16
5,825	Ton. Ext......	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ 1/16
45,000	*†Troy-Ariz ...	20	15	17	− 1
2,850	Un. Eastern...	3 13/16	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
2,700	*Un. Verde E.	34	32	33¼	+ 1½
4,000	Unity Gold....	3⅝	2⅝	3½	+ ⅛
7,200	*†Utica Mines.	12	11	12	..
3,500	†West E. Con.	64	61	63	− 2
10,400	White C. Mon.	⅝	11/16	⅝	+ 1/16
500	†White C. Ext.	11½	11½	11½	− 1½
9,800	†Wett. Silver..	5	4	5	..
7,100	†Wilbert Cop..	17	14	15	− 3

BONDS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
$30,000	*Aetna E. 6s..	78	78	78	+ 3
1,000	*B. S. 6s 2-y.n	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	..
123,000	*Can. Gov. 5s.	95	94⅝	95	+ ⅛
117,000	*G. E. 6% nts.	100¼	99	99½	− ⅝
119,000	G. E. 6% 2-y.n	99⅝	98⅝	99⅝	..
12,000	Gen. E. rights.	4	2⅝	2⅝	..
50,000	*G. N. 3-y. 5%	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	..
28,000	*R. G. nw. 5½s	54	50⅝	50⅝	− 3
3,600	*Rus. G. 6½s..	65	64	67	− 1½

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

Liberty Loan and Other Information

In the past few months many cases have been reported where purchasers of Liberty Loan bonds when forced by circumstances to sell have been the victims of unscrupulous purchasers offering less than the market price.

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In This Week's Issue

INTERVIEWS.
Walter E. Frew
Charles M. Schott, Jr.
Walter L. Johnson
John Muir
Albert McClave

EDITORIALS.
"How Germany Will Be Beaten."
"How To Wake the German People."
"The Right Cure for Russia."

CARTOON.
"The Eagle's Bite."

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His right to a voice in corporation management.
His right to comprehensive and current information.
Fair play from his corporation—and for his corporation.

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205% IN DIVIDENDS paid by Parent Company manufacturing same product, under same management and with field estimated many times smaller—85% in one year. Last July Special Cash Dividend of 25% in addition to regular annual 10%.

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A DIRECT OBLIGATION MUNICIPAL BOND EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES (NORMAL AND SURTAXES)
TO YIELD 5%

$600,000
CITY OF MOBILE
ALABAMA
5% GOLD BONDS

Dated November 1, 1917 — Due November 1, 1947

Principal and semi-annual interest, May 1st and November 1st, payable in New York City

Coupon bonds with privilege of registration. Denomination $1,000

Eligible to Secure Postal Savings Deposits at 90%

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation 1916-1917		$35,911,654
Total Bonded Debt	$3,592,500	
Water Bonds	790,000	
Net Debt		2,802,500
Population 1910 (U. S. Census)		51,521
" 1917 (Estimated)		60,000

These bonds, in addition to being a direct and general obligation of the entire city, payable from taxes levied upon all of the taxable property, are by city ordinance secured by a first lien upon the net earnings of the wharf and terminal properties, which further ensures the prompt payment of principal and interest. This ordinance provides for the establishment and maintenance of a cumulative sinking fund sufficient to retire the loan at maturity.

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Telephone 3620 Rector
Boston — Baltimore

Exempt from Federal Income Tax and no Certificate of ownership is required in collecting interest.

			Due Serially	To Yield
N.C.M.	$200,000	Massachusetts Reg. 4s	1920-23	4.40%
N.C.M.	500,000	Springfield, Mass., Cpn. 4½s	1918-33	4.30%
N.C.M.	50,000	Boston, Mass., Reg. 4s	1919	4.40%
N.C.M.	55,000	Lynn, Mass., Reg. 4s	1918-23	4.40%
C.M.	25,000	Haverhill, Mass., Cpn. 4s	1921-23	4.40%
C.M.	30,000	Fitchburg, Mass., Reg. 4s	1919-21	4.40%
N.C.M.	30,000	Fall River, Mass., Reg. 4s	1920-22	4.45%
N.C.M.	10,000	Fall River, Mass., Cpn. 4s	1919	4.30%
C.M.	50,000	Chicopee, Mass., Cpn. 4¼s	1920-25	4.40%
N.C.M.	20,000	Brockton, Mass., Reg. 4s	1921-22	4.45%

(All of the above issues are exempt from Taxation in Massachusetts.)

			Due Serially	To Yield
N.C.M.	50,000	Louisville, Ky., Cpn. 4s	1923	4.40%
N.C.M.	100,000	Kansas City, Mo., Cpn. 4½s	1935	4.45%
	100,000	Lakewood, O., Sch. Dist. Cpn. 5s	1932-50	4.65%
	100,000	Durham, N. C., Cpn. 5s	1918-44	4.70%
	50,000	Lynchburg, Va., Cpn. 4½s	1927	4.75%
	25,000	Winston-Salem, N. C., Cpn. 5s	1937-41	4.80%

NOTE:
N—Legal for Savings Banks & Trustees in New York.
M—Legal for Savings Banks & Trustees in Massachusetts.
C—Legal for Savings Banks & Trustees in Connecticut.

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Send for letter S-2 describing our special service department, which watches the equity behind our clients' bonds.
J. R. Bridgeford & Co.
111 Broadway New York

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American Steamship
Aetna Explosives Pfd.
American Chicle
Alaska Steamship
Atlantic Steel
Acme White Lead & Color
Butterworth-Judson
Carbon Steel Com.
Carbon Steel 2nd Pfd.
Chicago Lumber & Coal
Cities Service
Canadian Foundries & Forgings
Charcoal Iron
Eastern Steel
Guantanamo Sugar
Havana Tobacco 5s, 1922
Hocking Valley Products
International Salt
Lima Locomotive
Mich. Limestone & Chemical
Nassau & Suffolk Lighting Pfd.
National Sugar
Ohio Cities Gas Pfd.
Pennsylvania Coal & Coke
Poole Engineering & Machine
Paragon Refining
Penn Seaboard Steel
Smith Motor Truck Pfd.
Standard Parts
Santa Cecilia Sugar

DUNHAM & Co
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 4501-2-3 Hanover.

Will Buy
200 Bunker Hill & Sullivan
100 Eastern S. S. Com. & Pfd.
100 Hendee Mfg. Pfd.
5 Marlin Arms 6s
20 Standard Screw
25 Scovill Mfg.
10 Todd Shipyards 6s

Will Sell
50 Atlantic Holding
200 Bunker Hill & Sullivan
5 First Nat'l Bank
100 Indian Refining Pfd.
100 Niles-Bement-Pond
100 Niles Tool Works Pfd.
25 West Va. Pulp & Paper

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E. BUNGE & CO.
44 Broad Street New York
Phones Broad 6951-2-3-4-5-6.

Unlisted Securities
WILL BUY
100 Pacific Coast Com.
20 MacAndrews & Forbes Com
WILL SELL
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50 Conn. Ry. & Ltg. Com.
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WEBB & CO.
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Phone Hanover 1645-7

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Southern California Gas 6%
Great Western Power 5%
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C. W. Pope & Co.
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Phone Broad 7110

National Fuel Gas
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Inquiries Invited
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Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ††Sells Flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

Securities.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation Nov. 24, 1917. Bid.	Asked.
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar. & Sep.	70	80
Am. W. W. & E., '34	5	Apr. & Oct.	63	66
Anac. & Pot. Riv., '49	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	96
Appalach. Pwr. 1st, '32	..	June & Dec.	70	75
Ariz. Power 1st, '33	6	May & Nov.	85	90
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	92
Au.-Aiken R. & E., '35	5	June & Dec.	55	..
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	85	90
Buf. Gen. El. 1st, '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	99	101
Buf. Ry. cons., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	99½	100½
Buf. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35	5	Jan. & July	98	100
Buf. & Lock. 1st, '38	5	Jan. & July	96	98
Buf. & Sus. 1. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	90	96
Buf. & S. Iron deb., '26	5	Jan. & July	..	91¼
Buffalo Trac. 1st, '48	5	June & Dec.	100	102
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	84	89
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	June & Dec.	99	100
Charleston Con. R., G. & Elec., '99	5	Mar. & Sep.	95	96
Do '23	5	Jan. & July	98	99
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	95
C. Buck. L. & N Tr., '21	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	95
Colo. Power 1st, '53	5	May & Nov.	86	90
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	85	90
Conn. Pr. 1st & con., '63	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	95
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd. 1st, '51	4½	Jan. & July	85	90
Do unstamped, '51	4½	Jan. & July	85	90
Cons. Gas. (Balt.) '39	5	Jan. & July	100	..
Do '54	4½	Jan. & July	84	87
Cons. Gas. Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	77	82
Cons. G. of N. J., '36	5	Jan. & July	94	..
Do 1st, '65	5	Apr. & Oct.	92	95
Cons T. of N.J. 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	96	98
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July	93	100
Do deb., '30	5	Jan. & July	85	92
Consumers Pr. (Mich.) 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	90	91
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May & Nov.	100	102
Dallas Elec 1st, '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	92½
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	May & Nov.	85	90
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, 56	5	June & Dec.	89	95
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5	Jan. & July	87	92
Ex. Springs Water, G. & Elec. 1st, '32	6	June & Dec.	95	100
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr. & Oct.	80	85
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May & Nov.	85	90
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	June & Dec.	95	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	..	70
Gt. West. Pwr. 1st, '46	5	Jan. & July	77½	80
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39	5	Jan. & July	95	..
Hobo. Ferry 1st, '46	5	May & Nov.	96	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '25	5	Feb. & Aug.	92½	96
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May & Nov.	96	98
Int. Trac. coll. tr., '49	4	Jan. & July	50	52
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May & Nov.	69	72
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan. & July	88	89½
K. C. Long D. T., '25	5	Jan. & July	88	89½
Knoxville Trac., '38	5	Apr. & Oct.	100	..
Lock. & Olc. R. 1st, '20	5	Jan. & July	..	96
Louis. G. & E. ref., '18	6	Jan. & July	98½	99½
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan. & July	94	99
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July	67	69
Mobile Electric 1st, '46	5	May & Nov.	85	90
Musk. G. & E. 1st & ref., '28	5	June & Dec.	95	98
Nash.R.& L.1st con., '53	5	Jan. & July	95	100
Do ref., '58	5	Jan. & July	75	85
Nev.-Cal. El. 1st ln., '46	6	Jan. & July	96	99
Newark Gas, '48	5	June & Dec.	97	100
N. Y. & Hob. F., '46	5	June & Dec.	96	..
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	Jan. & July	98	100
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '48	4	May & Nov.	70	72
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004	4	Jan. & July	62	66
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	97¼	98¼
Do ref., '32	6	Apr. & Oct.	98	..
Norf. & Portsmouth, '36	5	June & Dec.	80	84
Norf. R. & Lt. con., '49	5	May & Nov.	90	95
N. Ont. L. & P. 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	77	82
N. St. Pwr. 1st ref., '41	5	Apr. & Oct.	87	87½
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan. & July	82	87
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28	5	Jan. & July	80	90
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '28	5	Jan. & July	85	92
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.	86	89
Ottum. R. & L. 1st, '24	5	Jan. & July	93	97
Pacific Gas & Elec. (Ariz.) 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	95	100
Paterson Ry. 1st, '44	5	Apr. & Oct.	100	..
Pensacola Elec. 1st, '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	86
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	May & Nov.	70	75
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29	5	June & Dec.	..	101
Do cons., '36	5	Jan. & July	94	..
Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	75
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & Power 1st, '37	5	May & Nov.	85	92
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '34	6	Feb. & Aug.	84	86
San Diego Gas & E. deb., '22	6	June & Dec.	95	100
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	85	89
So. Cal. Edison gen., '39	5	Jan. & July	88	92
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar. & Sep.	95	98
S. W. Pr. & Lt. 1st, '43	5	June & Dec.	85	90
Stand. Gas & El., '35	6	Apr. & Oct.	85	94
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.	70	78
Syracuse Light 1st, '31	5	June & Dec.	85	90
Syracuse Lt. & P., '54	5	Jan. & July	75	80
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	91	93
Twin S. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Apr. & Oct.	88	92
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June & Dec.	77	79
Un. Lt. & Rys. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	80	87
Do deb., '20	6	May & Nov.	94	99
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar. & Sep.	76	78
Do income, '49	4	June & Dec.	54	56
U. S. Pub. S. 1st, '27	5	Feb. & Aug.	95	99
United Util. conv., '43	6	Jan. & July	93	98
Utica & Moh. Val., '41	4½	Mar. & Sep.	..	88
Wash., Balt. & A., '41	4	Mar. & Sep.	80	82½
Washington Gas, '00	5	May & Nov.	98	100
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan. & July	73	75
W. States G. & E., '27	6	June & Dec.	93	98
Wheel. Tr. 1st con., '31	5	Jan. & July	86	92
Wisc. Edison deb., '24	6	Mar. & Sep.	90	95

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

Securities.	Rate	When Payable.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Graphophone, '30	6	June & Dec.	90	100
Lima Locomotive, '39	6	May & Nov.	86	93
Monon Coal 1st, '36	5	June & Dec.	54	60
Poc. Con. Coll. 1st, '57	5	Jan. & July	85	90
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '15-'40	5	Jan. & July	90	95
Wickwire Steel 1st, '34	6	May & Nov.	99	100

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

Securities.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 24, 1917. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec Pwr.	..	..	....	16	17
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	70	71
Am Gas & El. ($50)	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	90	92
Do pf. ($50)	1½	Q	Nov 1, 17	42	44
Am. Light & Trac.	b5	Q	Nov 1, 17	219	222
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 17	92	94
Am. Power & Light	1	Q	Sep 1, 17	40	45
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	70	75
Am. Public Utilities	¾	..	July 1, 14	30	35
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	62	66
Am. W. Wks. & Elec.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	4	4¾
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 26,17	60	61
Do participating pf.	..	..	....	10	12
Bat. Rouge El. cum.pf.	3	S	Jun 1, 17	78	82
Buffalo Gen. Electric	1¾	Q	Sep 29, 17	97	98
Cal. Electric Gen. pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	85	93
Capital Traction	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 17	81½	83
Car. Power & Light	½	Q	Nov 1, 17	28	30
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	90	93
C. Miss. V. El. cum. pf	1½	Q	Sep 1, 17	..	66
Chas. Cons. Ry. ($50)	..	..	....	40	45
Cities Service	*½	M	Nov 1, 17	208	200
Do pf.	½	M	Nov 1, 17	72¼	73
Colorado Power	½	Q	Oct 15, 17	20	23
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Sep 15, 17	93	98
Columbia R., G. & E.	..	..	....	40	..
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	65	..
Columbus Elec. pf.	3	S	Jul 17, 17	78	82
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	1	Q	Nov 1, 17	35	37
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 17	64	65
Conn. Power pf.	1½	Q	Sep 1, 17	85	90
Con. Trac. of N. J.	2	S	Jul 16, 17	76	79
Eastern Texas Elec.	2½	S	July 2, 17	50	53
Do pf.	3	S	July 2, 17	78	83
Elec. Bond & Share pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 17	98	100
Eliz. & Trenton	2	S	Oct 1, 17	23	..
Do pf.	2½	S	Oct 1, 17	29	..
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	Sep 15, 17	100	104
Essex & Hudson Gas	4	S	Jun 1, 17	123	127
Federal Light & Trac.	..	..	....	5	7
Do pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 14	30	35
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.	3	S	Sep 15,17	..	68
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	..	..	....	75	80
Hudson County Gas	4	S	Jun 1, 17	120	125
Illum. & Pr. Sec.	..	..	....	23	27
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 15,17	92	98
Int. Trac. pf.	1¾	Q	Sep 29, 17	..	90
Kansas G. & Elec. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	93	100
Middle West Util. pf.	1½	Q	Sep 1, 17	55	60
Miss. River Pr. pf.	3	S	J. & J.	33	36
Mobile Electric	1¾	Q	Nov 15,17	85	91
Muskogee G. & El. pf.	1¾	Q	Sep 15, 17	85	91
Nashville R. & L. pf.	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 17	67	71
Newark Con. Gas	2½	Q	July 1, 17	90	95
Niagara Falls Power	2	Q	Oct 15, 17	150	160
No. Ont Light & Pwr.	..	..	....	11	15
Do pf.	3	S	Jul 15, 17	52	56
No. States Power	1¾	Q	Oct 20, 17	55	58
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 17	85	87
Nor. Texas Electric	1	S	Sep 1, 17	50	55
Do pf.	3	S	Sep 1, 17	68	74
Pacific Gas & Electric	1¼	Q	Oct 15, 17	34	35
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 15,17	81	82
Pac. G. & E. (Ariz.) pf	1¾	Q	Oct 10, 17	85	90
Republic Ry. & Light.	1	Q	Oct 15, 17	22	23
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 15, 17	55	57
Southern Cal. Edison	1¾	Q	Nov 15,17	80	83
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 17	93	97
Sonl., U. & Middle	..	..	....	65	70
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	Jun 1, 17	120	..
S. W. Pwr. & Light pf	1¾	Q	Sep 1, 17	95	100
Standard Gas & Elec.	..	..	....	5	6
Do pf.	1½	Q	Sep 15, 17	20	22
Tampa Electric	2½	Q	Nov 15,17	102	..
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	....	2	4
Do pf.	..	..	....	10	12
Texas Pr. & Lt. pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 17	90	100
United Light & Rys.	1	Q	Oct 1, 17	28	31
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	64	67
Un. Ry. & El. (Balt.)	50c	Q	Oct 15, 17	23	24½
United Utilities	..	..	....	20	25
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	92	98
Washington Gas	$1.20	Q	Nov 1, 17	55	56½
Wash. Ry. & Electric	1¾	Q	Sep 1, 17	55	70
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Sep 1, 17	68	75
Western Power	..	..	....	7	11
Do pf.	$1.18	Q	Oct 15, 17	42	44
West. States Gas & E.	½	Q	Nov 15,17	25	30
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 17	85	92
Wisconsin Edison	$3¼	S	Jun 30,16	35	40

b—2½% payable in com. stock. *½ payable in com. stock.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Securities.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 24, 1917. Bid.	Asked.
American Brass	*1¼	Q	Nov 15,17	211	216
American Chicle	1½	..	Jan 20,16	39	40
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	67	69
Amer. Graphophone	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	62	64
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 15,17	88	95
Amer. Typefounders	1	Q	Oct 15, 17	34	37
Atlantic Refining	..	..	....	5	15
Do pf.	..	..	....	25	35
Atlas Powder	d5	Q	Sep 10, 17	160	166
Atlas Powder pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 17	94	99
Babcock & Wilcox	2	Q	Oct 4, 17	108	110
Bord. Cond. Milk	4	S	Aug 15,17	93	98
Do pf.	1½	Q	Sep 15, 17	94	96
By Products Coke	8	A	....	120	130
Carbon Steel 1st pf.	4	S	Sep 29, 17	85	89
Cardenas-Am. Sugar	..	..	....	15	20
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1, 17	80	90
Celluloid	2	Q	Sep 29, 17	143	150
Central Aguirre Sugar	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	142	146
Central Coal & Coke	..	..	....	40	48
Certainteed Products	..	..	....	41	43
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	..	98½
Do 2d pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	85	87
Childs	1½	Q	Sep 10, 17	69	71
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Sep 10, 17	90	92½
Crocker-Wheeler	g3	Q	Oct 15, 17	87	95
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 17	96	102
Del., Lack. & W. Coal	1.25	Q	Oct 15, 17	160	165
Eastern Steel	2½	Q	Oct 15, 17	88	93
Eastman Kodak	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	480	495
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	108	110
Fajardo Sugar	2½	Q	Nov 1, 17	90	100
Federal Sugar	1¾	Q	Sep 15, 17	75	79
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 29, 17	89	90
Great Western pf.	†1¾	Q	Oct 2, 17	110	114
Guantanamo Sugar	$1.25	Q	Oct 1, 17	44½	46½
Hercules Powder	m4	Q	Sep 25, 17	247	251
Holly Sugar	..	..	....	35	42
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 17	98	102
Int. Silver	..	..	....	46	55
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	89	92
Kan. C. Stock Yards	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 17	89	91
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Nov 1, 17	79	81
Lanston Monotype	1½	Q	Aug 31,17	60	70
Manati Sugar	2½	Q	Sep 1, 17	100	106
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	93	96
Matanzas-Am.	..	..	....	8	15
Do pf	..	..	....	72	78
Merg. Linotype	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	134	135
Michigan Sugar	2	Q	Sep 1, 17	..	79
Do pf.	1½	Q	Sep 15, 17	90	..
Midwest Refining	$1	Q	Nov 1, 17	120	122
Nat. Sugar Refining	1½	Q	Oct 2, 17	93	94½
New Jersey Zinc	4	Q	Nov 10,17	235	240
New Niquero Sugar	10	..	Jul 31, 17	170	190
Niles-Bement-Pond	3	Q	Sep 20,17	115	118
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 20,17	100	105
Nipe Bay Sugar	2	Q	Oct 15, 17	110	120
Otis Elevator	1¼	Q	Oct 15, 17	30	42
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 15, 17	..	72
Procter & Gamble	5	Q	Nov 15,17	675	720
Remington Typewriter	..	..	....	10	11
Do 1st pf	1¾	..	Oct 1, 14	58	60
Do 2d pf	2	..	Oct 1, 14	38	40
Royal Baking Powder	2	Q	Sep 29, 17	120	130
Do pf.	1½	Q	Sep 29, 17	88	92
Safety Car H. & Ltg.	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	65	69
Santa Cecilia Sugar	..	..	....	12	13
Do pf.	..	..	....	35	38
Shredded Wheat	1¼	Q	Sep 29, 17	..	118
Do pf.	1½	Q	Sep 29, 17	94½	..
Singer Sew. Machine	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	170	175
Union Ferry	2	S	J. & J.	35	40
Warner Sugar	1¾	Q	Sep 15, 17	100	110
Yale & Towne Mfg.	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	..	195

*And 4½% extra. ‡And 10% extra. d—incl. 3% extra. g—incl. 1% extra. m—incl. 2% extra.

BANKS.

Securities.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 24, 1917. Bid.	Asked.
America	$1,500,000	14	S	July 2, 17	495	510
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	*6	S	Nov 1, 17	218	223
Atlantic($100)	1,000,000	3	S	July 1, 17	220	230
Bat'y Pk. N.	400,000	*4	S	July 2, 17	175	200
Bowery	250,000	†6	Q	Nov 1, 17	390	420
B'w'y Cent'l.	100,000	..	..	....	140	150
Bronx Nat.	200,000	3	S	July 1, 17	150	175
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	....	..	150
Bryant Park.	200,000	3	S	July 1, 17	160	170
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	..	July 1, 15	..	95
Chase Nat'l.	10,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 17	305	315
Ch.-P. Nat.	3,500,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	205	210
Chelsea Ex.	400,000	3	S	Apr 1, 17	..	110
Chemic Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	Nov 1, 17	370	380
Citizens Nat.	2,550,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	205	210
City (Nat'l)	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 17	395	396
Coal & I. N.	1,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	205	215
Colonial	500,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	400	..
Columbia	300,000	8	S	July 1, 17	325	350
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	156	160
Corn. Exch.	3,500,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 17	287	295
E.R.Nat.($25)	250,000	2	..	Jun 1, 16	..	$18
Europe	150,000	5	..	Jan 13,17	110	130
Fifth Av.	100,000	25	Q	Oct 1, 17	4500	4850
Fifth Nat.	250,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	200	225
First Nat.	10,000,000	10	Q	Oct 1, 17	900	940
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 29, 17	175	185
Ger.-Am.($75)	750,000	*4	S	Aug 1, 17	135	145
German Ex.	200,000	10	S	July 2, 17	375	390
G'mania, new	400,000	5	S	Nov 1, 17	190	220
Gotham Nat.	200,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	200	..
Greenwich	500,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 17	330	350
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	a8	Q	Oct 1, 17	640	660
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	S	Jul 10, 17	240	260
Imp.& T.Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	July 2, 17	485	500
Irving Nat.	4,000,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 17	208	212
Liberty Nat.	3,000,000	4½	Q	Oct 1, 17	..	375
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Nov 1, 17	300	325
Manh'n ($50)	2,050,000	$4	S	July 2, 17	315	330
M.& Ful. Nat	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	237	245
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	4	Q	Nov 13,17	280	290
Mer.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	$2	S	July 2, 17	240	280
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 17	..	286
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	165	175
Mutual	200,000	b7	..	Jan 1, 17	375	..
N. Netherl'd.	200,000	4	S	Oct 1, 17	200	215
N.Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	8	S	July 2, 17	410	..
N.Y. Co. Nat.	500,000	10	S	July 1, 17	..	200
Pacific ($50)	500,000	$1	Q	Nov 1, 17	250	..
Public	750,000	2½	Q	Sep 29, 17	210	230
Park Nat.	5,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 17	450	..
People's ($25)	200,000	5	S	July 2, 17	200	215
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	435	..
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	395	425
Sherman Nat	300,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	110	125
State	1,500,000	3	S	July 2, 17	100	110
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 17	100	135
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Jun 30,17	140	150
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	200	250
West Side	200,000	6	S	July 2, 17	190	210
Yorkville	100,000	6	Q	Sep 29, 17	550	600

*Incl. 1% extra. †Incl. 3% extra. ‡Incl 5% of First Security Co. a—Incl. 2% extra. b—And 6% extra. **1% payable in Liberty Bonds.

TRUST COMPANIES.

Securities.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bankers Tr.	10,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 17	368	375
B'way Trust.	1,500,000	*2	Q	Nov 1, 17	165	170
Brooklyn	1,500,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 17	560	580
Central	5,000,000	6	Q	Oct 1, 17	695	730
Columbia	5,000,000	3½	Q	Sep 29, 17	250	255
Commercial	500,000	..	..	....	100	120
Empire	1,500,000	3	Q	Sep 29, 17	290	300
Equitable Tr.	6,000,000	5	Q	Sep 29, 17	320	325
Far. L. & T.	5,000,000	4½	Q	Nov 1, 17	405	420
Fidelity	1,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	206	210
Franklin	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 29, 17	245	255
Fulton	500,000	5	S	July 2, 17	250	270
Guaranty	25,000,000	5	Q	Sep 29, 17	300	303
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Nov 1, 17	265	275
Hudson Tr.	500,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	136	141
Kings Co.	500,000	6	Q	Nov 1, 17	640	660
Law. Title & Tr. Co.	4,000,000	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 17	95	102
Lincoln	1,000,000	1	Q	Nov 1, 17	94	99
Manufact'rs.	1,000,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	130	145
Mercantile	1,000,000	..	..	....	198	..
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	6	Q	Sep 29, 17	..	360
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Sep 29, 17	585	600
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	20	S	Jun 11,17	925	950
People's Tr.	1,000,000	3½	Q	Sep 29, 17	270	280
Q. Co., Jama.	600,000	..	..	....	70	80
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Sep 29, 17	..	295
Transatlantic	700,000	3	S	July 2, 17	160	..
Union	3,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 17	..	375
United States	2,000,000	25	S	July 2, 17	890	930
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Sep 29, 17	415	420

*And a special dividend of 3½%.

INSURANCE, REALTY AND SURETY COMPANIES.

Securities.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Surety	$5,000,000	1½	Q	Sep 29, 17	102	107
Bd. & Mtg.G.	5,000,000	4	Q	Nov 15,17	190	200
City of N. Y.	583,000	2	..	July 1, 15	..	105
Commonw'lth	500,000	10	A	....	300	325
Continental	10,000,000	1.50	S	Jul 10, 17	$40	$45
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	10	S	Jul 10, 17	275	278
Ger. Alliance	1,000,000	5	..	Jul 16, 17	140	145
Ger.-Amer.	2,000,000	15	S	Jul 16, 17	470	472
Germ'a ($50)	1,000,000	11	S	July 5, 17	300	330
Globe & Rut.	700,000	9	Q	Oct 1, 17	$700	..
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	2¼	Q	Oct 1, 17	78	86
Home Fire	6,000,000	12½	S	July 8, 17	405	425
Lawyers Mtg	6,000,000	2	Q	Oct., 1917	93	95
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 17	80	90
Nat. Surety	4,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 17	170	179
N.Y. T. & M.	2,125,000	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 17	50	70
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	July 6, 17	300	..
No.River($25)	600,000	5	S	July 1, 17	160	175
Pacific	400,000	5	S	Jul 17, 17	130	150
Realty Asso.	4,000,000	3	S	Jul 14, 17	70	80
Stuyv't ($100)	700,000	3	..	Jan 1, 17	..	70
Westc'r ($10)	500,000	10	Q	Nov 1, 17	$22	$25
Do rights	......	..	..	....	4¼	5

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

Securities.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bl'k'r St & F Ferry stock	$900,000	¾	S	J. & J.	20	..
B'way&7thAv	2,100,000	2½	Q	Oct 15, 17	120	140
Bl'nC.R.($10)	12,000,000	25c	Q	Oct 15, 17	145	155
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	J,A,J,O	100	110
8th Av. R. R.	1,000,000	4	Q	J,A,J,O	225	260
42d St & G.St	748,000	4½	Q	F,M,A,N	200	240
Ninth Av.	800,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 17	130	150
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	F,M,A,N	100	110

MONEY RATES

On Call.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renewals.
Nov. 19	5	3¾	5	4
Nov. 20	5	4½	4½	5
Nov. 21	5	4¾	5	5
Nov. 22	5	2½	2½	4¾
Nov. 23	3½	2¾	3	3½
Nov. 24	3½	3½	3½	3½
Week's range—High	5			5
Low	2½			3½
Same week last year—High	5			4
Low	1¾			2½
Year to date—High	10			6
Low	1½			1¾
Same period last year—High	6			5
Low	1¾			1¾

On Time.

	60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
Nov. 19	5 @5¼	5¼@5½	5½@5¾
Nov. 20	5¼	5¼@5½	5½@5¾
Nov. 21	5¼	5¼@5½	5½@5¾
Nov. 22	5¼	5½	5½@5¾
Nov. 23	5¼	5½	5½@5¾
Nov. 24	5¼	5¼	5½@5¾
Week's range—High	5½	5½	5¾
Low	5	5¼	5½
Same week last year—High	3½	3¾	3¾
Low	3¼	3½	3½
Year to date—High	6	6	6
Low	2½	2½	2¾
Same period last year—High	4½	4½	5
Low	2½	2½	2¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....3¼@3½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....3½@3¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....4¼@5

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.
30 to 60 days....5
4 to 6 months....5¼@5½
Other Names.
4 to 6 months....5¾

DISCOUNT RATES—FEDERAL RESERVE BANK'S COMMERCIAL PAPER.

	Days. 15 or Less.	Over 15 up to 30.	Over 30 up to 60.	Over 60 up to 90.
Boston	*3½	†4	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3½	4	4	4
Cleveland	3½	4	4	4½
Richmond	3½	4	4	4
Atlanta	3½	4	4	4½
Chicago	3½	4	4	4½
St. Louis	3½	4	4	4
Minneapolis	4	4	4	4½
Kansas City	4	4½	4½	4½
Dallas	3½	4	4	4½
S. Francisco	3½	4	4	4½

*10 days or less. †Over 15 days.

Trade Acceptances.

	Agricul. Over 90.	Up to 60.	60 to 90.	Commodity.
Boston	5	4	4	4
New York	6	3½	3½	..
Philadelphia	4½	3½	3½	3½
Cleveland	5	†3½	4	4
Richmond	4½	3½	3½	3½
Atlanta	5	3½	3½	3½
Chicago	5	3½	3½	..
St. Louis	5	3½	3½	3½
Minneapolis	5	3½	4	..
Kansas City	5	4	4	4
Dallas	5	3½	3½	3½
S. Francisco	5½	3½	3½	*3½

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, 4 per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., and over 90, 5 per cent. †This bank has a rate of 3 per cent. for 30-day acceptances.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK AT DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	St. L.	San F.
Nov. 19	Par	†5c	†15@5c	Par
Nov. 20	Par	†5c	†15@5c	Par
Nov. 21	Par	†5c	†15@5c	Par
Nov. 22	Par	†5c	†15@5c	Par
Nov. 23	Par	†5c	†15@5c	Par
Nov. 24	Par	†5c	†15@5c	Par

†Discount.

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Money.	Discounts. Short Bills.	3 Mos.	Paris Ex. on London.
Nov. 19	3¾	4⅝	4¾	27f 32c
Nov. 20	3¾	4⅝	4¾	27f 28c
Nov. 21	4	4⅝	4¾	27f 22c
Nov. 22	4	4⅝	4¾	27f 22c
Nov. 23	4	4⅝	4¾	27f 23¼c
Nov. 24	4	4⅝	4¾	27f 23½c

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	Brit. Consols. London.	British 4½%.	Rentes. Paris.
Nov. 19	55⅝	99¾	59f 75c
Nov. 20	56	99½	59f 75c
Nov. 21	56	99¼	59f 75c
Nov. 22	56	99¼	59f 75c
Nov. 23	56	99¼	59f 75c
Nov. 24	56	99¼	59f 75c

BAR SILVER.

	London.	New York.
Nov. 19	43⅜d	85½c
Nov. 20	43⅜d	85½c
Nov. 21	43⅜d	85½c
Nov. 22	42⅛d	84⅝c
Nov. 23	42⅛d	84⅝c
Nov. 24	42⅛d	84½c

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FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON.	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.
Nov. 19	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16
Nov. 20	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16
Nov. 21	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16
Nov. 22	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16
Nov. 23	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16
Nov. 24	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16

	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Nov. 19	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Nov. 20	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Nov. 21	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Nov. 22	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Nov. 23	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Nov. 24	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16

	Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—High	4.75 7/16	4.76 7/16
Low	4.75 7/16	4.76 7/16
Same week last year—High	4.75 11/16	4.76 7/16
Low	4.75⅝	4.76 7/16
Year to date—High	4.7590	4.77
Low	4.75	4.7641¼
Same period last year—High	4.78	4.78⅝
Low	4.73⅞	4.74½

PARIS.	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Nov. 19	5.75¾	5.75½	5.75¾	5.73½	5.73½	5.73½
Nov. 20	5.74¾	5.74½	5.74½	5.73	5.73	5.73
Nov. 21	5.74	5.74	5.74	5.72	5.72	5.72
Nov. 22	5.73	5.73⅛	5.73⅛	5.71¼	5.72¼	5.72
Nov. 23	5.73⅞	5.73⅝	5.73⅝	5.71⅝	5.71⅝	5.71⅝
Nov. 24	5.73⅝	5.73⅝	5.73⅝	5.71⅝	5.71⅝	5.71⅝

	Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—High	5.73	5.71⅝
Low	5.75¼	5.73½
Same week last year—High	5.84½	5.83½
Low	5.84½	5.83½
Year to date—High	5.68	5.67
Low	5.85⅝	5.84⅝
Same period last year—High	5.82¾	5.82
Low	6.06½	6.07⅝

	Switzerland. Dem.	Cables.	Holland. Dem.	Cables.	Italy. Dem.	Cables.
Nov. 19	4.42	4.39	44.25	44.75	8.72	8.71
Nov. 20	4.40	4.37	44.25	44.75	8.80	8.79
Nov. 21	4.39½	4.37	44.00	44.50	8.91¼	8.90½
Nov. 22	4.38	4.35½	44.00	44.50	8.91½	8.90½
Nov. 23	4.37¼	4.34	44.00	44.50	8.97	8.96
Nov. 24	4.36	4.34	44.25	44.50	8.93	8.92
Week's range—High	4.36	4.34	44.25	44.75	8.72	8.71
Low	4.42	4.39	44.00	44.50	8.97	8.96
Same week last year—High	5.17⅝	5.17	40.81¼	40.93⅝	6.70	6.69½
Low	5.19	5.18¼	40.81¼	40.87½	6.73	6.72½
Year to date—High	4.35	4.32	43.50	45.75	6.85⅝	6.87⅝
Low	5.16¼	5.15⅝	40.18⅝	40.25	8.97	8.96
Same period last year—High	5.15	5.14	45.18⅝	45.31¼	6.21	6.20
Low	5.33½	5.33¼	40.75	40.81⅝	8.79	6.78

SCANDINAVIA.

	Copenhagen. Dem.	Cables.	Stockholm. Dem.	Cables.	Christiania. Dem.	Cables.
Nov. 19	34.00	34.50	40.50	41.00	34.00	34.50
Nov. 20	34.25	34.75	41.75	42.25	34.25	34.75
Nov. 21	34.25	34.75	41.00	41.25	34.25	34.75
Nov. 22	34.00	34.50	39.50	40.00	34.50	35.00
Nov. 23	33.50	34.00	38.00	38.50	33.50	34.00
Nov. 24	33.00	33.50	38.12½	39.00	33.50	34.00
Week's range—High	34.25	34.75	41.75	42.25	34.50	35.00
Low	33.50	34.00	38.00	38.50	33.50	34.00
Year to date—High	36.00	36.25	45.50	46.00	36.00	36.50
Low	27.05	27.12	29.85	29.45	27.80	27.90

	Greece. Dem.	Cables.	Russia. *Dem.	*Cables.
Nov. 19	19.40	19.45	12.25	12.50
Nov. 20	19.40	19.45	12.35	12.60
Nov. 21	19.40	19.45	12.35	12.60
Nov. 22	19.40	19.45	12.45	12.70
Nov. 23	19.40	19.45	13.00	13.25
Nov. 24	19.40	19.45	13.55	13.80
Week's range—High	19.40	19.45	13.55	13.80
Low	19.40	19.45	12.25	12.50
Year to date—High	20.05	20.65	30.20	29.95
Low	19.40	19.45	11.00	11.25

*Closing price.

CHINA.

	Hongkong. Dem.	Cab's.	Peking. Dem.	Cab's.	Shanghai. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—High	71.00	71.25	106.00	106.25	99.00	99.25
Low	70.00	70.25	105.00	105.25	98.00	98.25
Year to date—High	82.00	82.25	129.00	129.25	122.00	122.25
Low	55.00	55.10	85.00	85.12½	80.00	80.12½

	INDIA. Bombay. Dem.	Cab's.	Calcutta. Dem.	Cab's.	PHILIPPINE ISLANDS. Manila. Dem.	Cab's.
Week's range—High	34.50	34.75	34.50	34.75	50.125	50.25
Low	34.50	34.75	34.50	34.75	50.125	50.25
Year to date—High	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	51.12½	51.25
Low	32.25	32.87½	32.25	32.87½	50.00	50.12½

	SPAIN. Dem.	Cab's.	JAPAN. Kobe. Dem.	Cab's.	Yokohama. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—High	23.70	23.75	51.50	51.75	51.50	51.75
Low	23.50	23.60	51.50	51.75	51.50	51.75
Year to date—High	23.90	24.90	52.00	52.50	52.00	52.50
Low	21.05	21.15	50.75	50.87½	50.70	50.87½

SOUTH AMERICA.

	Buenos Aires. Demand.	Cables.	Rio. Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—High	45.66	46.07	25.31	25.41
Low	45.61	45.71	25.31	25.41
Year to date—High	45.66	45.76	27.25	27.37½
Low	42.69	42.89	23.50	3.62½

INTELLIGENT AND COMPREHENSIVE.

C. B. McElhany, Vice President of the American Steel Export Co., New York, writes: "As a subscriber to and a constant reader of The Annalist, I cannot refrain from congratulating you upon the intelligent and comprehensive manner in which you submit statistics and general information." The Annalist, 10 cents weekly, $4 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times, Times Square, New York—Advt.

National Bank of Commerce in New York
Organized 1839
STATEMENT OF CONDITION
NOVEMBER 20, 1917

Resources		Liabilities	
Loans and Discounts	$293,284,063.16	Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits	$45,889,447.03
U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness	203,895,000.00	Deposits, including those of U. S. Government	562,566,114.15
U. S. Liberty Bonds	13,182,448.00	U. S. and Other Bonds Borrowed	37,961,300.00
Other Bonds, Securities, etc.	24,362,772.27	Letters of Credit and Acceptances	31,911,925.34
U. S. and other Bonds Borrowed	37,961,300.00	Bills Payable with Federal Reserve Bank	27,000,000.00
Banking House	2,000,000.00	Unearned Discount	2,112,926.90
Due from Banks and Bankers	16,321,462.21	Other Liabilities	3,240,000.00
Cash, Exchanges and due from Federal Reserve Bank	87,002,171.88		
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit and Acceptances	31,622,528.89		
Interest Accrued	1,049,967.01		
	$710,681,713.42		$710,681,713.42

PRESIDENT
JAMES S. ALEXANDER
VICE-PRESIDENTS
R. G. HUTCHINS, Jr. STEVENSON E. WARD
HERBERT P. HOWELL JOHN E. ROVENSKY
J. HOWARD ARDREY GUY EMERSON
CASHIER
FARIS R. RUSSELL
DIRECTORS
JAMES S. ALEXANDER, CHARLES E. DUNLAP, CHARLES H. RUSSELL
WILLIAM A. DAY, HERBERT P. HOWELL, VALENTINE P. SNYDER
HENRY W. de FOREST, R. G. HUTCHINS, Jr., H. S. THAYER
FORREST F. DRYDEN, A. W. MELLON, THOS. WILLIAMS

ANNOUNCEMENT
THE NAME OF
BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY
WILL BE CHANGED TO
IRVING TRUST COMPANY
NOVEMBER 30th, 1917

Unlisted Securities Department
Amer. Power & Light 6s, 2016
Manati Sugar 6s, 1931
Ocean Steamship 5s, 1920
Santa Cecilia Sugar Com. & Pfd.
Texas & Pacific Coal
Chas. H. Jones & Co.
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
20 Broad St. New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

5½% GUARANTEED First Mortgages and Certificates
Write for Booklet "A."
First Mortgage Guarantee Co.
Bridge Plaza N., L. I. City, N. Y.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK NEW YORK
Report of the condition of the
IRVING NATIONAL BANK
WOOLWORTH BUILDING, NEW YORK
at the close of business November 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	$78,224,040.39
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	15,676,198.59
Due from correspondents (net)	8,704,823.56
Exchanges for Clearing House	6,343,699.95
Cash in vault	5,334,322.60
Checks and other cash items	478,419.75
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	3,594.76
Bonds, securities, etc.	4,934,312.66
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	26,397,100.00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	640,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer	217,000.00
Customers' liability under letters of credit actually used and for which this bank has not been reimbursed	1,651,350.00
Customers' liability account of acceptances executed by this bank	4,041,672.56
Interest earned but not collected	259,981.21
Total	$152,906,516.03

LIABILITIES.		
Capital		$4,500,000.00
Surplus		4,500,000.00
Undivided profits		804,897.02
Discounts collected but not earned		508,490.47
Reserved for interest and taxes accrued		215,611.52
Circulating notes		640,000.00
Travelers' letters of credit		29,105.00
Customers' letters of credit drawn against		1,651,350.00
Acceptances executed for customers	$5,053,365.03	
Less acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted	802,041.73	
		4,251,323.30
Bonds borrowed		500,000.00
Deposits		135,305,738.72
Total		$152,906,516.03

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

VANOPHONE COMPANY, INC.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of Vanophone Company, Inc., will be held at the office of Henry J. Lucke, 2 Rector St., New York City, at 10 o'clock A. M., on Monday, Dec. 3rd, 1917, for the purpose of electing Directors, considering reports of officers, and for such other business as may come before the meeting. The polls will be open at 11 o'clock and remain open until noon.
HENRY J. LUCKE, Secretary.

The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the 15 & 17 East 40th Street, Inc., will be held on Tuesday, December 11th, 1917, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., at the office of the Company, No. 508 Century Building, St. Louis, Missouri, for the election of Directors, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the ATLANTIC HOTEL SUPPLY COMPANY, INCORPORATED, a corporation of New York, be held on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1917, at 11:00 o'clock A. M., at 674-6 Hudson Street, New York City, New York, for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that such corporation be forthwith dissolved.
E. WILSON,
C. R. MacDONALD,
G. M. WILLETS,
Directors of Atlantic Hotel Supply Company, Inc.

THE H. K. McCANN COMPANY.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of THE H. K. McCANN COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, 61 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City, December 10, 1917, at 12 M. for the election of directors for the ensuing corporate year, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before the meeting.
Dated, New York, November 26th, 1917.
R. W. ST. HILL, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY.
25 Broad Street, New York, Nov. 23, 1917.
An extra dividend of five per cent. (5%) in Common Stock at par, and a special dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) in cash, were this day declared upon the Common Stock of the Company, both payable on and after February 1, 1918, to Common Stockholders of record at close of business December 31, 1917.
LANCASTER MORGAN, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
THE AMERICAN GAS COMPANY,
104 Market Street,
Camden, N. J., Nov. 20, 1917.
A quarterly dividend of 2%, or $2 per share, has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable Dec. 1st, 1917, to the stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. Nov. 21st, 1917. Checks will be mailed.
J. B. TOWNSEND, 3d, Treasurer.

COPPER RANGE COMPANY
A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share, being Dividend No. 43, and an extra dividend of $1 per share, being Dividend No. 44, will be paid on Dec. 15th, 1917, to Stockholders of record at the close of business on Nov. 21, 1917.
F. W. PAINE, Treasurer.
Boston, Nov. 16, 1917.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sections 3,082 U. S. R. S. & 347, Tariff Act of Oct. 3, 1913, I have seized and hold One bag containing seven packages of Paradise and Goura Feathers; One package containing 150 feathers of the Bird of Paradise and 150 Quills; and forty-three boxes containing heads and feathers of Birds of Paradise and Goura Heads.
Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on 10th day of December, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated November 17th, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Marshal.
U. S. Attorney.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED, FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.60. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.
THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
E. G. CRAWFORD, President.

25 Broad Street, New York City.
November 22, 1917.
We beg to announce that Mr. Lyman T. Dyer has this day retired as a partner from our firm. The remaining members, Messrs. Harden L. Crawford and James W. Decker, will continue the business of the firm under the same firm name.
H. L. Crawford & Company.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

PARTNERSHIP COMPOSED OF UNDERsigned, trading as BROADWAY CLOAK & SUIT CO., 20 East 12th Street, New York City, was DISSOLVED, November 24, 1917, by DAVID KISSEL selling his interest to his copartners, who will continue at the same place.
NATHAN STEINBERG,
MORRIS LEVINE,
DAVID KISSEL.
Witness: JOSEPH G. GRAUER.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State ss:
This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the MARTINIQUE GARAGE, INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 22nd day of November, 1917, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.
Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the
[L. S.] City of Albany, this twenty-second day of November, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.
A. B. PARKER,
Deputy Secretary of State.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

CERTIFICATE TO CONTINUE USE OF the partnership name of GEO. B. DUREN & SONS.
WHEREAS, The partnership heretofore existing between GEORGE B. DUREN, HARRY L. DUREN and WILLIAM A. DUREN, under the firm name of GEO. B. DUREN & SONS, has been dissolved and terminated by the death of the said GEORGE B. DUREN prior to the date hereof; and,
WHEREAS, The said copartnership has transacted business in this State for a period of more than three years under the said firm name of GEO. B. DUREN & SONS; and,
WHEREAS, The business of said copartnership as selling agents for the Manville Company, of Providence, R. I., has been and is to be continued and carried on by the subscribers, who are desirous of continuing the use of the firm name of GEO. B. DUREN & SONS; and,
WHEREAS, Lawful consent has been duly obtained from the estate and heirs of said GEORGE B. DUREN to continue the use of said firm name.
NOW, THEREFORE, we, HARRY L. DUREN, residing at No. 566 Mt. Prospect Avenue, Newark, County of Essex, State of New Jersey; WALTER M. IRVING, residing at No. 772 St. Nicholas Avenue, City, County and State of New York, and JERRY W. LETSON, residing at Stelton, Middlesex County, State of New Jersey, do hereby certify that, in accordance with the provisions of the statutes of the State of New York relating to partnerships, we are the only persons doing business or intending to do business under the said firm name of GEO. B. DUREN & SONS, and that the principal place of business of the said GEO. B. DUREN & SONS has been and is now located at No. 57 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.
Dated, November 20th, 1917.
HARRY L. DUREN,
[Seal] WALTER M. IRVING,
JERRY W. LETSON.
State of New York, County of New York—ss.:
On this Twentieth day of November, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventeen, before me personally came HARRY L. DUREN, WALTER M. IRVING and JERRY W. LETSON, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing certificate and they thereupon severally duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same.
[Seal] JOSEPH A. HUBBARD,
Notary Public, Kings Co.
Cert. filed in N. Y. Co., No. 378.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Peck<D, L & W RR.
Felser<Sorg.
Hammerschlag Mfg Co<Import & Tr N Bk.
Erskine<L I RR (2.)
Re Independent Machine & Tool Co.
Bealunowski<Erie RR.
Peraino<D & H Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Hazel, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg, 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Williams Line<Newtown Creek Tow Co.
Willie<Barnes, Ames &Co.
Crew<Tug Auburn.
Moran Tow & T Co<Tug Perth Amboy.
Hud Riv Lighter Co<Tug A E Ackerman.
Erie RR<SS Tuscan Prince.
Cent Un Stock Yards<SS Cosmo.
Owners Yacht Oneida, (limitation.)
Berwind-White Coal<Lighter New York.
Kuhnhold<Comp Gen Trans.
Lee<Tug Industry.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy discharges.

Martin Degnan,
Joseph F Ryan,
Solomon Lachman,
Henry Rosenberg,
Rosalie Lachman,
Robert Lavine,
Edward A Chittenden,
Herbert S Cole,
Bankier & Rogoff,
Bolivar & Rogoff,
Wear Well Ladies' Apparel,
Martin Seidler,
Prinsky & Kabatznik,
Max E Rosen.
Under objections:
Eliza Smith,
George V McCormack,
Samuel Kotler,
I L Paul & Co,
H & L Fishgold,
Max Zeisler,
Charles G Robin.
Adjourned case:
Hyman Eisen.
Motions:
Oscar Kookees,
Zittenfield Paper Co,
Chasanoff, Loewenthal & M.
Henry Cohen,
Earnest & Kling,
William M Botler,
Frederick A Cauchois,
Golub & Epstein,
Bernard Geist,
Solomon Sobol,
Bird S Coler,
Kathodian Bronze Works (2.)
Morris & Pope,
Orlando W Graff,
Century Iron Wks,
Karl Freund,
Alfred J Ehrich,
Hansen Bros,
Louis Metzger,
M & M Blumenfeld,
Wm Stauer,
Irving S Van Loan,
Independent Mach Co,
George H Robinson (2)
NY Shoe Findings Co,
Isaac Verdorchick,
Rak & Hartstein,
Feuser & Solomon,
J C Wilson & Co,
In re Jarmulowsky,
Treanan Sweeney & Co,
Joseph Gaba,
Hunts Pt Garage Co,
Loeb & Liblan,
John Rendall (3.)
Katz & Kass.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Admiralty.

Chiarelin & Bros<Emma S Briggs, on trial
Commercial Coal Co<Geo F Randolph.
Wright & Cobb<Chepstow Castle et al.
McWilliams<Leonard J Bushey et al.
Fuller<Capri.
Evans<same.
Doty<Margaret M.
Daly's Towing Line<Fred A Baker.
Same<E K Taylor.
Elutracht et al<Ranger.
Derby<Stat Isl Trans RR Co et al.
Raissis et al<Patris.
Bleakley<John D Daly et al.
Lucas Inc Co<Adda.
Starace<same.
Jones & Naudin<same.
Basler Marine Ins Co<same.
Norton Crossing Co<Quevilly.
Habicht & Braun Co<Adda.
G Lueders & Co<same.
Marine Ins Co<same.
London Assur<same.
Prov-Wash Ins<same.
St Paul F & M<same.
Federal Ins<same.
Henry Heide<same.
J O Whitten Co<same.
Jackson & Co<same.
Sea Ins Co<same.
De Villacium<Virginia
Granger<Anglo-Saxon.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Hoffman<Columbia-Knick Trust Co.
Cleary<R E Deitz Co.
First Nat Bk of Highbridge, N J<Hudson et al.
Jackson<Strong et al.
Cornwell<Sanford.
O'Rourke<Cunard SS.
Gulrizinski<Amer Radiator Co.
Gregson<Int Ry Co.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Re Thomas.
Re Brekstone.
Du Mahaut<Du Mahaut.
Edson<Bernhard.
Meagher<Levering.
Herrmann<CNY.
U S Fidelity & Guar Co<Kopetsky.
Tramaglia<Prince Line, Ltd.
Re Hoep.
Re Thalman<Oelrichs.
Re Kaminsky.
Simpson<Dalve.
Tuchfeld<Loew's Theatrical Enterprises, (2.)
Friedman<Cohen, (3.)
Zatkowsky<Duncan.
Re O'Malley.
Schneider<Barrett.
Menasha Woodenware Co<Landeck, (2.)
Berry<Huggan.
McKenzie<Lane.
Jatchok<Shrier.
Re Delgado.
Re Mansfield.
Levy<Levy.
Degen<Steinbrink.
Nugent<Gordon.
Spitzer<Rigney & Co.
Harding<Conlon.
Dorfman<Postal Life Ins Co.
Haggin<Rubino.
Coulson<Butler.
Ves<Ollendorff.
Sigall<Nicoll.
Schomacher<Schomacher.
Lehr<Myerowitz Mfg.
Johnston<Mehrbach.
James<Ladue.
Walnus<Epstein.
Int'l Cloak Mfg Co<Mass Bording & Ins.
Demarest<Gifford, (2.)
Helm<Helm.
Wentling<Wentling.
Colvey<N Y Cons RR.
Schiavone<Edelman.
Cochran<Cochran.
Potter<Levy.
Solomon<Samose.
O'Neil Adams Co<same.
Rand<Dick.
Speir<Tanner.
McGinn<Ward Baking
Darcy & Wolford, Inc<Bluebird Photo Plays.
Parker<Pentle.
Vafiopulo<Brody.
Ridley<Larner.
Hagopian<Hagopian.
Glassberg<Polyella.
Arensberg<Coughlin.
Katz<Lasky.
Norddeutsche Ins Co<Dudley.
Re Sommerich.
U S Grand Lodge O B A<Krasnov.
Abrahamson<Steele.
Re Smith.
Lubasch<Lubasch.
Goodfriend<CNY.
Hemschoot<Taylor.
Ulmann<Munson Whitaker Co.
Steinberg<Stein.
Higgins<Applebaum.
Mayher<Bernice.
U S Trust Co<Daniel.
Jatek<Firuski.
Beniamino<Wm M Egan & Co.
Jesek<Firuski.
Kozloff<Ansorge.
Wolberg<Ward.
Am Surety Co<Fankhauser.
Bachmann<Bachmann.
Am Mortgage Co<Garofalo.
Davis<Perpall.
York<McKeever Co.
Langan<C B Potter Properties.
Re Bogen.
Phillips<Alexander.
McLaughlin<Wenigman Cons Co.
Krotel<Press Pub Co.
Henry<Thanhouser Film Co.
Gordon<N Y Mineral Flooring Co.
Osborne<Learned.
Spence<Volpi.
Kessler<Witner.
Richardson<Richardson.
Soffer<Herd.
Manhattan Life Ins Co<Hammerstein Opera Co.
Brett<Brett.
Berry<Strauss.
Same<Nathan Straus, Inc.
Studin<Shonniger Bros.
Guild<Guild.
Kahn<Goldston.
People ex rel Griffin<Valentine.
Murphy<Wm Beckers Aniline.
Tirschwald<Salamberg.
Ruskin<Leven.
Re Palace Hotel Co<Lewis.
Stamm<Geyer.
Rosenberg<Am Burlesque Ass'n.
Moore<Erie RR.
Bolardi<Marden, Orth & Hastings Co.
Fanara<Fortuna.
Pfeffer<Wechsler.
Kanenbley<Steers.
Goldsmith & Co<Panama RR.
Schott<King Motor Car Co, (3.)
Gottlieb<N E Panama Hat Co.
Re Cohen<Genung.
Schapiro<Schapiro.
Orlans<Schinasi.
Ruff<Autenreith.
Botelho<Siebert.
Canaday<Arch Amus.
Rosenberg<Cordova.
Re Munday.
Sternlieb<Abramowitz.
Re Kramer.
Graff<Licata.
Brett<Brett.
Marcus<Cent Trust.
People<Valenti.
Davis<Burns Bros.
Prototolapan Sugar Co<Beck.
Helvity<Balshofer.
[illegible] Laundry Co<[illegible]
Schwarz<Alexander.
[illegible]
[illegible] & White Cab Co<Janneo
Knickerbocker Fireproofing Co<Gerry.
Hyman<Rosenstein.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Eastern Steel<Globe Ind Co (2).
Fay<Brady.
Barrett<McNeece.
Walter<Walter.
Hoe<Hoe.
Sprague<Reo Motor Car Co.
Blair<Lyon.
Eastern Steel Co<Globe Ind Co.
Herman<Herman.
Vernon<Vernon.
Herbert<Herbert.
Shapiro<Shapiro.
D'Antolini & Co<Berner.
Demurrer.
Sorg<Mitchell.
Undefended divorces:
Sutler<Sutler.
Rosen<Rosen.
Rushmore<Rushmore.
Hyman<Hyman.
Orchard<Orchard.
Hillman<Hillman.
Preferred causes:
Re Sisson (Todd).
Messing<Loretta Corp.
Mulry Cont Co<105 W 55th St.
Weitzenkorn<Weitzenkorn.
Gilson<Airy.
General calendar:
Riegel's Sons<Castelanos.
Cohen<Cohen.
Rosenberg<Int Ladies' Garment Work Un.
Rawl<Baker-V Co.
Friedman<Friedman.
Shorey<Browster.
Punch & Judy Theatre<Sagre.
Nagle<Nagle.
Stromberg Export & Impt Co<Stromberg.
Schwerer<Hudson Tr.
Warhell Pub Co<Day Pub Co.
Forew<Powers.
Stern<Stern.
Josephowitz<Josephowitz.
Kohn<Saperstein (2.)
Lourie<Silver Motor.
Am Wet Wash Laundry Co<Richter.
Lewis<Portable.
Victoria Bldg, &c, Co<O'Connor.
Zobel<same.
Levine & Posner<Davis Const Co.
Sederquist<Williston.
K & R Film<Curson.
Man L I Co<Hammerstein Opera Co.
Wetter<Russell.
Forelle<Forelle.
Capes<Capes.
Turner<Turner.
Buch<Buch.
Brady<Freeman.
Quaid<Rathkowsky.
Sherwood<Sinclair.
Kennedy<Ryan.
Gross<Gross.
Feldstein<Col Ice Box
Mori<M Hampton Co. Case on.

PART IV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PART V.—Not in session.
PART VI.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Am Ammunition Co<Aetna Acc & Lia.
Foley<Klein.
Bonfield<Buss.
Bardewyck<Republic Trading Co.
Brand<Brand.
Lehman<Neighborhood Amus.
Borchardt<C D Norton
Fanara<Fortuna.
Anderson<Fox.
Fox<Anderson.
Olivotti<Stow. Clear.

PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M.

Inq—Mochenberg<Imperial Auto &c Co.
Mandel<Grief.
Sonderman<Silberblatt (2.)
Weg<Beshlian.
Hoberg<Champlin.
Finnegan<3d Av Ry (2).
Becker<Linch.
Wynne<Litchfield Const Co.
O'Sullivan<3d Av RR.
Shields<Cons Gas Co of NY.
Wasserstein<B H RR.
Smith<Hirsch.
McLaughlin<NY Tel.
Riley<Dulany, T & S.
A Bauer<NY Rys.
G Bauer<same.
Carroll<Surut.
Hoade<NY Rys.
Bubeny<NY Rys.
Castelli<A Hupfels Sons.
Huewel<Int R T.
Kiernan<same.
Casey<J & J G Wallach, Inc.
Guest<NY Rys.
Hoffman<H S Realty.
Weisser<M & L Hess.
Conney, Jr<NY Rys.
Giordana<Rosenthal.
D Gertler<Lucas.
A Gertler<same.
McMahon<NY Rys.
Mattina<Empire City Subway Co.
Chiavaro<NY Rys.
Hauptner<same.
Jeffers<same.
McFarland<42 St, &c, Ry.
White<Cent Un Gas.
Post<Sinclair & V.
Farranto<Canopa.
Herman<I R T.
Young<Moneta Rty.
Reddy<Cone.
Murphy<CNY.
Zack<Powers.
Feinstein<Cohen.
Loracomo<Barrett.
Oppenheimer<Taylor.
Miller<Zucker.
Barbato<Bersate.
Duika<Con Gas, NY.
Zuckerman<Shapiro.
Koch<Bradley Con Co.
Piotrowska<Levy.
Donovan<Potthoff.
Ward<Ward.
Kenny<NY Homeopat Med Col and Flower Hospital.
Vessi<Tywacana Farms Poultry Co.
Vaccuso<Travers.
Frank<CNY.
Bellinger<Sterns.
Leventhal<Hoffstein.
Crowley<Bentham.
Sinclair<NY Herald.
Paterno<High Ground Dairy Co.
Jeffries<Nassau Elec RR.
Brocnin<Belt Line Ry
Reiss<Feraca.
Buchman<Eagle Fish
Hoy<Schwartz & Hirsch.
Jacoby<Yankee Waist.
Hendricken<CNY.
Donlan<Van Sicien.
Levinson<Deitz.
Bavusi<Burns Bros.
Weinberg<Int R T (2).
Goldstein<Rosenbaum.
Pue<Parsons.
Englert<NY Rys.
Walters<Siegelman.
Bucco<J L Schoenfeld
Lang<Int R T Co.
Kennelly<42 St &c Ry
McQuade<3d Av RR.
Megdalia<Aztec Asphalt Co.
Friedman<Wellwood
De Gennaro<Armstrong.
R Trucillo<Finkelstein
M F Trucillo<Finkelstein.
Friedman<Wellwood
Ruskin<Managerial.
Meisner<Weltzner.
Reichman<Schwartz.
Quartarrae<Tommasello.
Blatt<Stanley & Patterson, Inc.
Rund<Am Cleaning & Dyeing Co, Inc.
Schwartz<B H R R.
Grossfeld<Seidman.
Grossman<Cornwall, Jr.
Rodrigues<NY Rys.
Eustice<O'Brien.
Simmermeyer<Bruns.
Johnson<Darrow.
Raynor<Howell.
Hess<Nas Elec RR.
Curley<B H R R.
Schneider<Walfish.
Di Martini<J M Horton Ice Cream Co.
Feldman<Schemel.
Bachrach<Jaborg.
Fleischman<Weil et al
Jaretzki<Schwab.

PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.

Lorenzo<Trav Ins Co.
Helvitz<Balshofer.
Rochelle<Adler.
Brennan<Edison Portland Cement Co.
Merchants Fire Assur Corp<General Fire Extinguisher.
General Platers Supply<Mendleson.
E H Dick Chemical<Herman & Herman.
Burns<Walter.
Paul Geril & Co, Inc<Mendelson.
Brady Oltarch Const<Univ Road Mach.
Basaman<H J Rich Dev Co.
Bolardi<Marden, Orth & Hastings, Inc.
Denivelle<Denivelle.
Sisson<Wellbrock.
Same<Garthe.
Orlans<Schinasi.
Fuegnet<Adams.
Keppler<Straus.
CNY<Matatesta.
Weinrib<Cohen.
Thompson<Bailey.
Pahl<Gerstenhaber.
Neidlinger<Miles Tighe Cont.
La Vin<Copley Plaza Operating.
Frankenberg<Spiegel.
Weil Corset<Munter.
Stutz<Diamond Silk.
Thornton<North'n Bk.
Potter<Pulsifer.
Block<Emmer.
Same<Balsam.
Cavioato<Piccirilli.
Newmark<Goldwater.
Hoslett<Buck.
Lanygon & Norant, Inc<De Koven.
Davis<Morris.
CNY<Blythebourne Water Co.
Rochelle<Stand Mail Order Co.
Franklin<Hoadley.
Singer<Taylor-Friedman Co.
Hall<Garfinkel.
Astor Film Corp<Paramount Pictures.
Ferguson & W Land<Perry.
Abrahsm<Amer Exch Nat Bank.
Selwyn<Walker.
Wolff<La Porcelaine Limousine.
Kassau<Kassau.
Rep Trad<Mann Rubber Mfg.
Burns<Goodman.
F L Realty<CNY.
Maurer Co, Inc<Am Dyewood Co.

TRIAL TERM.—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule 7, amended Trial Term rules.
PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A.M. Case on.
PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Fort, J.—At 10 A. M.
Crosby<42d St, &c, Ry.
PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IX.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Pascucci<Clausen-Flanagan Brew (2.)
Rocco<Metrial.
Barberich<Fraser, Brace & Co.
PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XV.—Ordway, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Guy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Frend<London Feather Nov Co.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Estates of:
Maria Bartlett,
Sarah C Miller.
Wills for probate:
Sarah Kearney,
Phoebe E Marshall,
Jeanette Monheimer.
James R Candler,
Arthur A Hill,
Thomas H Burnest,
James Lane,
John V Delaney,
Sarah M Strassny,
Pickney Marks.
TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Contested will: Samuel B Dewsnap. Estate: Esther Phillips.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Strasbourger, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.

McGovern<Porcupine V-N T Gold M, Ltd.
Klebenor<Schlang.
Zucker<Sheff Glass B.
M & A Abood<Khalid.
Levin<N E Casualty.
Jacobovitz<I R T.
Wynkoop<Reekam-Scott Co.
Kuhtz<Kalbach.
Meyer Denker Sihram<Lookstein.
Taylor<Ganim.
Wohlegemuth<Fodar.
Leifer<Scheinman.
Lawyer<Dinkelspiel.
Popper<Hauser.
Tikalsky S<Durst.
Grossman<Foher.
Hershman<Moltz Mfg.
Goldstein<Stone.
Lieberman<Pizer.
Bernstein<Steinberg.
McArdle<Christal.
Einweiner<Finter.
Garill<Hogan & Sons.
Verdon<Hauver.
Romano<Brettell.
Haneney<Sun Print & Pub Assn.
Stand Underwear Co<Nat Surety Co.
Fennichal<Boyertown Burial Casket Co.
Berlihone<Serventi & Co.
Ashkinsky<Teichman.
Newark Rubber<Rosenfield.
Federal Adv<Rubber & Cell Har Trim.
Spiegler<Lawrence Holding.
Pastene<Reasler.
Grossman<Friedman.
Int Milk Prod<Oliver.
Car Owners Corp<Cohen.
Morimura<Aetler.
Kraus<Nat Surety.
Fuller<Haendel.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part 1.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Keppler<Jacobs.
Rosenthal<Ginsburg.
Frem<NY Rys.
Kohn<B H RR.
Nauss<Ridley.
Meyers<NY Rys.
Klein<Greenberg.
Fuchs<Newman.
Siegel<Jonas Rlty. Co.
Feldberg<Hirsch.
Dolan<Holpin.
Edelman<Greenwald.
[illegible]<Arcade Stables Co.
Markowsky<Goldfarb.
Hecnikon<Marell Chem Co (2.)
Silverberg<Silverblatt.
Davis<NY Rys.
Sullivan<Van Beuren.
Stolz<Levien.
Rovetto<NY Rys.
Blamey<Davis.
Weiss<Cudler.
Krohn<Jolson.
Greenbaum<De Jong.
Rosenbloom<NY El.
[illegible]<Willets.
McGill<Berey & W.
Stevens & Co<Alland Bros & Co.
Zwickle<Union Rys.
Crystal<Midas Amus.
Weil<Hauser.
Miners<Susfreseer.
Scherlin<Caroline.
Bengeris<Barbet.
Abelson<Kaplan.
Byrne<NY Rys.
Grennon<same.
Becker<Pacher.
Schneider<Aschley.
Scharf<Huff.
Kaulbach<Walker & Co.
Weisel<Itzkowitz.
Miles<Richard.
Marshall<Burgin.
Ronsino<Reliable Clean & Dye Wks (2)
Krantwald<Pugh.
Moore<German Artistic Weaving Co.
White<Bradley Con Co.
Farbman<Beaver.
Schelarz<Winter.
Braunstein<Ahde Rty.
Costello<Faherty.
Boeller<I R T.
Mortimer<Godwin Con.
Lynch<Gilseberg.
Weiser<Robbins.
Stern<Schulman.
Hechl<Leibowitz.
Srofsky<I R T.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Franco-Am Chem<Wood.
Brett & G<Schweizer. Case on.
PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
Part III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Warsanow<Nussman.
Schlesinger<Collabello.
Levine<Lilly.
Roach<Baird.
Hope & Daxon<Shenfield.
Shaine<Levison.
Schlenoff<Moore.
Tro. Commercy Choc Co.
Kannengieser<Israelowitz, (2.)
The Ansonia<Seldell.
Sherman Slate Co<Hecla Slate Co.
Int Fixture Co<Freeman.
Higgins & H<Crane. Clear.

PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART V.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J. Emigrant Ind Sav Bank<Grossman—Samuel Seabury.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.

Schweikert<Sowden.
Van Emberg<Vincl.
Di Paolo<Star Co.
Giammartino<Cannanese.
Crist<Dohrmann.
Corra<Kanrowitz.
Peo. ex rel Ludwig & Co<Purdy.
Battaglia<Randall Co.
Kahn<State Silk Co.
Morgan<Morgan.
City Real Estate Co<Begely.
Re Cube Motor Mfg.
Thebault<Potter.
Mecker<Mayer Brewing Co.
Bief<Mangenheim.
Stein<Bergen.
Goldberg<Goldberg.
135 B'way Bld Co<Ensign Impv Co.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J.
Levin<Masch.
TRIAL TERM—Part 1.—Hendrick, J.

Inq—Dj Manna<Del Bello.
Day calendar:
Bonavia<Robson.
Kipust<Gordon.
Brenner<Goldstein.
Pollini<West El RR.
Cahill<same.
Kanter<R Carvel Co.
Tiplady<Kohn.
Alexander<Wager.
Penfield<Haas.
Zink<Scott, (2.)
Fisk<Schmuck.
Kerber<Union Rway.
Berkins<Naughten.
Milazzo<Plunkett.
Dow<Inter R T Co, (2.)
Dinns<Lynch.
Laufhoeffer<Volk.
Sanford<Kapstein.
Stroch<Purchase Bld.
Storm<So Blvd RR.
Wesley<Ruppert.
Chirico<Mercurio.
Horsford<Union Rway.
Bowron<Chapman.
Whitecare<Fananda.
Loox<Silverman.
Roth<Wimmie Realty & Const Co. (2.)
Ardone<White Coal.
Bernardinardo<same.
Kluetz<Union Ry.
Fredin<Haskins.
Lynch<Union Ry.
Kape<Gerlich, Jr.
Kitchen Impv Co<Powell.
Berger<Yonkers RR.
Klein<Penn RR.
Petrone<Delfendorf, (2.)
Meyer<F W Woolworth Co.
Motta<Murray.
Kurth<Gick.
Walsh<Rodgers & Hagerty Co.
Schramek<Colaburn.

Highest number reached in regular order, 1167.
PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—...... J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
Motions:
Est of Charles Meyer,
Francesco Del Vecchio,
Harris Epstein.
Wills for probate:
Bridget Danaher,
Stephen Broderick,
Elizabeth Fraser.
Accountings:
Est of Catherine O'Brien,
Charles Berndt,
Alpheus A Stoddard,
Michael Nolan,
Jane Jordan.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
Kutler<Potash.
People<Bernceweig.
TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.

Eisele<So Boulevard.
Tanzillo<Un Ry.
Morreale<Schneider.
Englehart<Rodgers & Hagerty.
Lenoff<Int R T Co.
Sullivan<Int R T Co.
Laskin<same, (2.)
Smith<Union Ry.
Mackler<Blvd Rent Co
Hildebrand<I R T.
Barone<I R T.
Dobbins<Kiernan.
Mascaro<Union Ry.
Ludwig<Munves.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.

Re Avenue V.
Re Saratoga Av.
Kings Co Light Co<CNY, (2.)
Duffy<Duffy.
Cioffi<Suffolk Gas & Elec Light Co.
Foster<Foster.
Greenfield<Lichtenstein.
New Age Const Co<Hermelin.
Dowsey<Cockran.
Re Steam Cut Stone Co, (Steinberg.)
London<Fringo.
Re Ditmars Av, (Stobbe.)
Same, (Brigham.)
Cassidy<Hirsch, (Act 1.)
J A Cassidy<same.
J W Cassidy<same.
M E Cassidy<same.
Re Coastwise Lumber & S Co.
Dressler<Hellthaler, (2.)
Re 64th & 65th Sts, (Lyman.)
Re Bay 20th St, (Rothschild.)
Trubenbach<Rossel.
Fay<Fay.
Tod<Tod, (Act 1.)
Same<same, (Act 2.)
The Man Concrete Co<Kingsborough Devel.
Cowan<Cowan.
Wadler<Kleinman.
CNY<Mapes.
Silverman<Demolition Contractors.
Schoenbaum<Reiner, Jr, (2.)
Williams<L I RR.
Williams<Williams.
Jas McLaren & Son<Schwartz.
Feldman<Diaz Bldg.
R Davidson<Smerling.
D David<same.
Hauser<Fredericks.
Hegeman<Erie RR.
Campbell<Taylor, (2.)
Re Coyle.
Sanchez<Sanchez.
Durning<Automatic Mach Prod Co.
Gilbert<Herbert.
Re Troy Av, (Vataliano.)
High Ground Iron Works<Give.
Cohen<Cohen.
Blohm<Everett.
Parker<Crowley.
Halloran<Steinberg.
Deutch<Nagler.
Johnson<Bogel.
Urban<Urban.
Met Trust Co<West St Imp Co.
Re Crosgrove.
Rosenblatt<Rosenblatt.
Goldman<Goldman.
Kraemer<Kraemer.
Taub<Guttman.
Rachlin<Brewster.
Winter<Locse.
Wilson<Curran.
Dolan<Martin.
U S Trust Co<Martin.
NY Mtg & S Co<Georgia Bldg Co.
B'klyn Trust<same.
Mace<same.
Wallach<same.
Cassileth<Am Oil & Supply Co.
Rogers<Duffield.
Reno<Reno.
Kuhling<Montgomery Ward & Co. (2.)
Fisher<Pelletreau.
Campbell<James McCreery Co.
Polsky<Halpern.
Ezzo<Steves Lactos.
Palmer<Crenshaw Eng & Const Co.
Pines<Van Nostrand.
Post<Thomas.
Deitch<V Loewers Gambrinus Brewery.
Hubbard<Rockville Centre Lumber Co.
Campbell<Fleet.
Wadler<Kleiman.
Kenyon<Komp.
Same<The Lansden Co.
Mayer<Tevin.
Kane<Lipman.
Clark<Valley Stream Devel Co.
Wachs<Levy.
Old Colony Trust<Fes.
Kripatis<Bender.
Baird<Silverstone.

PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Callaghan, J.; Part III., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.

Guman<Blum.
Robertson<B H RR.
Coglliano<Weghs & ano.
Russ<N Y Steam Co & ano.
Messerschmidt<Dean.
Grecula<B H RR.
Word<C I & B RR.
Gibbons<B H RR.
Pollack<Shebar & ano.
Schweiker<Welsh.
Barnett<Steeplechase Park Co.
Kautsky<Anerfield.
Ryneharl<Clinton.
Weisman<NY Con RR.
Ennis<C I & B RR.
Carlsen<Greenman.
Plikett<Cuenuet.
Curtin<Cohn.
Deere<NY Rys.
Jacob<same.
Sullivan<Coney I & Gravesend Ry.
Bresselman<same.
Ward<Horton's Ice Cream Co.
Morris<McKee et al.
Blaksberg<Nassau RR.
Schein<Int R T.
Nielson<Nassau RR.
Linekin<Cramblitt.
Maiolo<B H RR.
Climan<Kantor.
Grace<B H RR.
Quinn<same.
Rosenzweig<Hollander
Auerhahn, Greenspan, Werblow<Broker.
Henninger<Brussell.
Cascio<CNY.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:

Holwell<Burden & Co.
De Stefano<NY Cons RR.
Gumpert<Ward.
Larty<Mangin.
Davidson<Klapper.
Ballantine<Huemrich.
Zias<Ruppert & ano.
Emmel<Jones.
Fagan<B H RR.
Hart<NY Cons RR.
Dahlin<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Goldberg<Borden's Cond Milk Co.
Palmeri<NY, NH & H RR.
Close<Gussinklo.
Eisenberg<Lehrfeld.
Galli<Carpenter.
Boxley & Herrick.
McCarthy<So Bklyn Ry.
Van Wicklen<Springdale Realty Co.
Emmens<N Y Mun Ry & ano.
Morgan<Cunningham.
Massa<Geaneas.
Sinram<Grieeman.
Wahl<B H RR.
Pease Piano Co<O'Connor.
Maley<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Rosett<Nassau RR.
Mortimore<same.
Vesolie<Felix.
Brown<Just Co.
Wilkens<Nassau RR.
Jeffreys<Bush Terminal Bldg Co.
Glasser<B H RR.
Church<CNY & ano.
Leiser<CNY.
Glaubiger<B H RR.
Manley<Nassau RR.
Achard<Brandwein.
Hodge<Rottenberg.
Starkman<Nassau RR.
Emeigh<N Y Con RR.
Gordon<Grady.
Ludecker<N Y Con RR.

Highest number reached on regular call, 3001.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Henry Otton,
Carl Fuldor,
Thomas B Bowers,
John J Reilly,
Adolph Baum.
Administration of:
William McDonald.
Accounting of:
Starr O Sheppard,
Thomas F Howden (2)
Clamence Mohsaute,
John Casey (2.)
Martin Casey,
Walter Whiterbee,
Louis Vannata,
James McNulty.
Estates of:
John Bonnlo,
Helen Black,
John Heeney,
Robert Reid,
Louisa Schulz.
Contested calendar:
Samuel McCarrick,
Louise Roeber.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part 1., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Platt, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Duffy<West S RR
Iocolo<N Y C R R.
Di Caprio<Di Sciullo.
Johnson<Yonkers R R
Mallon<Steinan.
Jackson<McGuire.
Claggett<N Y C RR
Hunter<Mills.
Abrahams<N Y C RR
Hinspeter<West Elec RR Co.
Wells<Niehaus.
Auer<Teschner.
Merone<West Elec R R Co.
Lefkoff<Pitifsky.
Wells<Niehaus.
White<Rea.
Clarke<Union Ry Co.
David<Capehart (2).
O'Reilly<Union Ry Co
Parkyn<Leavitt.
Murphy<Yonkers RR.
Storer<NY NH & HR.
Rich<Barlow & Co.
Sadburn<Bailey.
Ahearn<NYC & H R RR.
Cuthbert<same (2).
Reilly<same.
O'Connor<Webber.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:

Pederson<Un Ry (2.)
Cohen<Barry.
Henne<Welsh.
Gibbons<NY & Stamford RR.
Ugevitch<Ohio Farmers' Ins Co.
Schaffhauser<Un Ry.
Delfino<Gross.
Croker<Aylee.
Grindrod<West Co Brew Co.
Brickman<West St RR
Woolf<N Y C RR.
Bell<same.
Niedzweicka<West St RR.

Highest number reached on call, 616.
SPECIAL TERM—Morschauser, J.—At 10 A. M.

Darrow<Sniffen.
Hickie<Horton.
Hammond<Howe.
Yonkers Bldrs Supply Co<Anderson.
Miele<Stuart Rlty Co.
Sterne<Jennings.
Goldsborough<Staab.
Carr<Baird.
Paesseler<Corry.
Deeves<Motor Rlty Co.
Buckler<P & R C & I

Highest number reached on call 515.
Also for the hearing of motions.
PART II.—Special calendar—Keogh, J.—For Monday, Nov. 26.
Short causes:

Halstead<Washington Place Bldg Co.
Mezaucca<same.
Wylie<same.
Sinatra<Lanza & Armino.
Ballin<Politzer & Witsenhauser.
Tier<Utz.
Wilkevitz<Security Ins Co.
Gately<Adams.
Dyckman<County of Putnam.
Burns<Furthman.
Dow & Smith<City Mt Vernon.
Peck<Woodward.
Wuestenhoefer<Martene.
Blue Bird Motor Co<Starkman.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Young, J.

Kunzig<Hamilton.
Dickley<Rizzuto.
Rackley<Benton.
Sabshein<Sinclair.
Johnson<West St Ry.
Widman<C of Yonkers.
Simon<same.
Mots<same.
Ball<Cucarelli.
Ourman<Janepoli.
West Co Brewing<Powers.
Watson<Gardella.
Hendrickson<City of White Plains.
Palmer<Van Berk.
Walsh<Sheppard.
Lucas<NY Tel Co.
New Rochelle Trust<same.
Schilling<same.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Criminal.
People of State of NY<Thomas Comisky, Martin Comisky and James Comisky—Indictment murder in the first degree.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2015.

County Court.

EQUITY CAUSES—Humphrey, J.—At 10 A. M.
O'Brien<Coogan.
Lods<Lods.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash, surplus stock, better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Spot cash; will buy any quantity, all colors, F. & H. or botany. Mr. Bobrick, Farragut 2369.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany or F. & H., all colors; spot cash. Phone Farragut 5053.

BURELLA Wanted.—American 09057, Pekin and Burgundy. Madison Square 2740.

CHINCHILLA Wanted.—30 inches wide; gray and navy. Spring 259.

CLOAKINGS Wanted.—Heavy weight, all colors; Bachman check suitings; spot cash. Grammercy 7184.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models, all week; ladies', misses', and juniors'; call between 9 and 12, 3 and 5. 6 West 18th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking all week at Spring samples ladies', misses', and juniors' suits and coats of better grade. 28 West 25th St., 1st floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits; also jobs in Winter suits and coats. Call, rear elevator, 4th floor, 151 West 26th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models, better grade, 4 to 6 P. M., all week, 6th floor, 133 West 21st.

COATS Wanted.—Now looking at Spring lines of ladies' and children's coats. Call with samples, 7th floor, 121 West 27th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats for ladies and misses. Call before 10 A. M. Frank Leto, 27 East 32d St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring models all week; ladies', misses, and juniors. 5th floor, 12 West 27th St.

COATS, SUITS AND DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples, all week. 22 W. 32d, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber will pay cash for 500 ladies' coats, jobs only. 43 West 27th, 4th floor. Farragut 5154.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples, better grades. 14th floor, 12 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Buying Spring coats, ladies', juniors', and children's. 13 West 20th, 1st floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring sample coats, suits, and dresses. 43 West 24th, 5th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade Spring coats. Call all day 10th floor, 134 West 29th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobs wanted, high-grade coats, suits, dresses for cash. Gruber, Canal 8670.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring coats and suits, 8th floor, 40 West 27th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber ordering Spring children's, juniors'. Room 1808, 15 E. 26th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats all week. 105 Madison Av., 5th floor.

COATINGS Wanted. — Spring; solid colors. Rineberg, 41 West 25th St.

CONTRACTOR wants work on silk skirts, dresses, or Government work. Madison Square 2311.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—All kinds, for cash. Spring 253.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—We are open to buy 1,000 pieces 3-thread, 76 and 80 pick crepe; also 4-thread, all colors, cheap, for spot delivery and spot cash; only those with large quantities need call. Kayanee Waist Co., 536 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Heavy 3-thread crepe de chine, maize, peach, tea rose; immediate delivery. Schlang Co., 151 West 26th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—We are open for a quantity of 4-thread crepe for spot cash at a price. Shapiro Bros., 516 B'way.

CREPE DE CHINE AND GEORGETTE CREPE Wanted.—Open for 200 pieces, flesh and white; submit samples. F 151 Times.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Large quantities, 65 or 72 pick, at a price for cash. Paradise, 24 West 30th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing orders on better dresses, taffetas, crepe de meteors, and crepe de chines; call with samples immediately. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors on taffeta, georgette, and crepe de chine dresses; bring samples. Imperial State Dress Co., 26 West 17th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors with samples better grade silks; immediate orders placed all day. 10th floor, 145 West 28th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber will look at silk dresses Tuesday. Room 604, Oppenheim Collins Bldg., 33 West 34th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serge, satin, and evening dresses; open for any quantity. Phone Madison Square 6050.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples all week. Fourth floor, 129 West 29th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at tailor-made dresses. 14th floor, 12 West 27th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Job good quality silk georgette dresses. Simon, 44 East 22d.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—7575, all colors, Botany 315 black. Farragut 2616.

FANCY GOODS and toys wanted immediately by responsible party on consignment; bank references. J 128 Times.

GOVERNMENT WORK Wanted. — Have plant of 20 machines open; no uniforms; prefer leggings or sailors' middies. S 93 Times.

KERAMI Wanted. — $6.25 Lapinex plush, $3.20; also black chiffon velvet. J 138 Times.

KERSEYS AND VELOURS Wanted.—American Nos. 13009, 15020, 544; A. D. Julliard's 2060; quantities no object for cash. Greeley 5290.

KERSEYS AND VELOURS Wanted.—K 544, 11050, 15020, 0359; quantities no object for cash. Farragut 9093.

KERSEYS Wanted.—Julliard's 2002, 110, 0359, 548; spot cash. Madison Square 3121.

KERSEY Wanted.—Blacks; submit samples. F 182 Times.

LININGS Wanted.—Open for Paisley, fancy pongee lining, at a price; jobs only. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

MANCHESTER GALATEA Wanted. — 200 pieces, cadet, navy, khaki, serge, 6391 navy. Room 504, 1,182 Broadway, Madison Square 4847.

PACIFIC GOODS Wanted.—V. S. L., M. S. L., W. S. X., P. P. L., D. P. N. L.; also some of their other numbers. Phone Gramercy 1283.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted.—Colors up to 85; also foulards. N. Rashkind, 244 5th Av.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Gilbert Oxfords and others, also Gilbert serge, A. M. B. 244, 106 Whitman. Ceasor Mills, 239 4th Av. Gramercy 3966. Irving.

POPLINS Wanted.—Spot cash; will buy any quantity, any mill, all colors. Mr. Bobrick, Farragut 2369.

POPLIN Wanted.—90610 or other grades. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th St. Farragut 602.

POPLIN Wanted.—90610, black, navy, Garfield, tricotine 4748, all colors. Farragut 2616.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for a quantity of S. B. G. L. 54-inch Pacific cotton warp in all shades; also French serges in any quantities. Joseph F. Cohen, 79 5th Av. Stuyvesant 3410.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay cash for serges; Botany 11433, 809, 780, U. S. 838, 235, Whitman's 104, 99, 9, 10. D. & S., Woolen Exch., 1,269 Broadway. Phone 1872 Madison Square.

SERGES Wanted.—Any number of Whitman's serge or any number of Amoskeag's serge. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 17 West 3d. Spring 6311.

SERGES, POPLINS wanted for cash; Whitman's, Julliard's, Amoskeags, Andrews, Botany, Dunmore, Pacifics. Nemo, Room 1209, 85 Madison Av.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag; will buy for cash, Amoskeag serges 7614, 7120, 7301; also poplin 8558. Telephone Madison Square 7537.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantity of Whitman's 1210, black and navy; price must be reasonable. Barash, 36 West 20th. Chelsea 7903.

SERGE Wanted.—Will pay cash for Andrews 1464, Whitman's 104, U. S. 838 and 235, American 0936. Madison Square 1540.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity navy, Botany 803-813, Walworth 3703, Julliard 54240, 54289. F 183 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—838, 104, 99, 7120, any quantity, cash, or others. H. H. S., 39 West 21st. Gramercy 440.

SERGES Wanted.—Spot cash; will buy any quantity, any mill, all colors. Mr. Bobrick, Farragut 2369.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag serges 6391, 7301, and 7614, in navy, copen., and tan. Phone Farragut 2776.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 838, 235, 820; Dunmore 0420, 0422, 0310, 0360; spot cash. Madison Sq. 3121.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 838, also Poiret twill; spot cash. Tel. Farragut 4962.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for style W. F. X. brown, and lowest price. J 52 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 838; will pay $1.95 net, cash. J 136 Times.

SERGE wanted, Amoskeag 7120, for cash at right price. Farragut 9076.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, navy. Madison Square 8475.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted.—All grades; mail samples with cash prices. J 133 Times.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy large quantity of seven mummy Japs; all colors, also novelties in all kinds of materials, for spot delivery or future orders; must be cheap, or not interested. Kayanee Waist Co., 536 Broadway.

SILK UNDERWEAR CONTRACTORS wanted. Call between 9 and 12 and 4 and 6, bring samples. Colonial Underwear Co., 27 East 22d St., Room 86.

SILK Wanted.—Open for silks of any description up to 80c per yard. Madison Square 3867.

SPRING SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders on Spring suits and coats. Call 10th floor, 1,107 Broadway.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Large jobber looking at Spring coats and suits, 8:30 to 10 A. M., 4 to 6 P. M., 127 West 26th, 6th floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Quantity no object; jobber; cash. 467 Broadway, Room 211. Phone Canal 9519.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples all week. 12 West 32d St., ninth floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Buying Spring suits and coats of snappy styles. 3 East 28th St., first floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Looking at Spring samples. 122 West 26th, 7th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Better grade only. Phone for appointment. Madison Square 8473.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples. 7th floor, 35 West 31st St.

VELOURS Wanted. — American velours, broadcloth. Farragut 3454.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Open for Converse Stanton, all grades. Burken, Spring 2198.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APRONS.—For immediate delivery; full assortment on hand. E. B. Kursheedt Apron Co., 1,182 Broadway.

ASTRAKHAN.—Will sell Hugh Wallace green, brown, navy. Gramercy 6518.

BATH ROBES for men, ladies, and children for immediate delivery. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th St.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—To close out. J. Dunn Co., 127 West 25th St.

CLOAKINGS.—Am. W. Co. 033-21, navy, brown, and green; opening, price. Tel. Madison Square 9348.

COATS.—A group of low priced coats for immediate delivery with a "special sales" plan. Developed for December and January retailing. Room 1210, 5th Avenue Building. The Printz-Biederman Co. These are Printzess coats.

COATS. — Pom poms, bolivias, silvertone, velour du Nord, broadcloth, velours, dracords, &c., plain, fur-trimmed, $16.50 to $50; immediate delivery. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS.—1,000 high-class ladies' and juniors' velour coats; kit coney collar and cuff; close out at a price to make room for our Spring line. The Ultan Cloak Co., 113 University Place.

COATS AND SUITS.—Exceptional values pom poms, plush, velour, broadcloth, self and fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

COATS.—100 American velour coats, fur-trimmed, all shades, half lined; close out at a special price. A. Zimmerman, 55 East 11th.

COATS. — Silks, mercerized, and cotton plushes, broadcloths, and velours; close out to make room. Ulin Bros., 55 East 11th St.

COATS for immediate delivery; taupe and Burgundy fur-trimmed; broadcloth and velour coats. I. Novick, 40 West 28th.

COATS.—650 coats in velour and broadcloth, mostly fur collars, to close out. M. Roseman & Co., 40-42 West 27th.

COATS.—Matelaine, Uralamb, regular and stouts; caraculs, waves of sea, Thibeta. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—1,000 coats on the racks to be disposed of at once. Ettenson & Goldstein, 29 West 30th St.

COATS.—Cloth, $5.75 up; plushes, $12.75; also jobs. Schoen, Weissman, 53 West 24th.

COATS.—Thousands of cloth coats, fur trimmed, plain; cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS. — Ladies' seal plush, fur-trimmed, belted, $10.50 to $14.75. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—100 fur trimmed coats, to close out. Levine & Ehrenpreis, 142 West 24th.

COATS.—Seal, plush, 6 to 14, quilted kerami, trimmed; $6.75. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—3 to 6, wool velour; trimmed, lined; $24 doz. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—Thousands of flannel sport coats, close out cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—150 ladies' and misses'; sacrifice price. Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—Infants', children's, juniors', close out. Cass & Rosenthal, 153 West 27th.

COATS.—Juniors', misses' fur-trimmed; to close out. Chas. Feller, 41 West 25th.

COATS.—100 fur trimmed, assorted, close out. Glantz & Schreiber, 9 West 20th.

COATS.—1,000 ladies', misses'; fur-trimmed; big values. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS.—Ladies'; ask for special $8.75 net; fur-trimmed. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS.—Closing out wool velours, fur trimmed. Isador Feldman, 54 E. 13th.

COATS.—To close out, ladies', juniors', and children's. Neumann, 15 West 30th.

COATS.—8 to 14; all wool; belted, trimmed; $3.25. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—500, to close out; all fur trimmed. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th St.

COATS, closing out, $3 and higher. Rineberg, 41 West 25th St.

COATS.—Job to close out, low price. Goldberg Shulman, 85 E. 10th.

COATS, children's sizes, 6 to 16, to close out. Silverman, 15 East 26th.

COATS.—Fur trimmed, to close out. Maldoff & Siegel, 78 5th Av.

COATS.—Close out. Rosenfeld & Newmark, 18 West 27th.

CORDUROY, 32-inch, black, navy, brown, green, garnet. Republic Novelty, 244 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Ladies'; will sacrifice 600 silk and serge dresses, sizes 16 to 42, at a very low price. Militant Dress Co., 134 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—A job of 50 all wool Jersey dresses, assorted colors and sizes; sold at sacrifice. Royal Costume House, 19 W. 21st.

DRESSES.—Silk, serge, and evening dresses; close out entire stock account of moving. Greenberg-Weiner Co., 133 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Manufacturer has an accumulation of fine serge and satin dresses to close out. Engel, 143 West 20th.

DRESSES.—50 afternoon and party dresses for girls and juniors, to close out, cheap. L. Begen, 15 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Serges, velveteens, satins, close out; finest assortments; reasonable. Wolfert, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—1,000 silk and serge dresses to sell at a sacrifice. Pan-American Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st St.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, silks, velvet evening dresses; special values. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES for immediate delivery in stock. Rube & Sam Harris, 9 West 31st St.

FLAGS, fast cotton bunting, 4x6, 4x7, cheap. J. K., 1,418 5th Av.

FLEECE UNDERWEAR. — Delivery immediately; mostly shirts, Silver and Jaeger wool and cotton hosiery; also notions for export. Henry Isaacs, 114 East 10th. Stuyvesant 4945.

FOXES' SCARFS. Muffs. — Red, taupe, poiret; sacrifice. Barnett Fur Co., 401 6th Av.

FUR COLLARS, job, kitt, nutria, mouflon. J. Kaplan, 53 West 28th St.

FUR EFFECTS.—Suitable for auto robes and trimmings. Tel. Farragut 3139.

KERAMI CAPES and muffs to close out reasonable. Riklan, 74 5th Av.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

KERAMI.—For sale, at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

KNITTED PETTICOATS. Tam o'Shanters, scarf caps, best styles, will deliver. Hofstadt, 29 Mercer St.

MOLE STRIPS.—3-inch Blumenthal's; will sell at a price. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

MUFFS.—Hudson seal plush and Kerami muffs and muff bags in attractive styles; popular sellers. Frankel, 38 West 24th St.

NECKWEAR, odd lots, 25c., 50c., $1; close out, cheap. Gumport, 708 Broadway.

PLUSH.—Peco plush, $3.25; broadcloth, Burrella, tweed, for sale cheap. Farragut [illegible].

POM POM.—American 0816, brown, green; 0359 brown, green, navy. Farragut 2616.

SATINS, meteors, tailles, imported wool jerseys, serges, French twills, laces, nets; bargains. Lennox, 10 East 34th St.

SERGES.—54289, 54292, 3670, and Whitman's 1210. Gramercy 5004.

SHIRTS.—Big stock of shirts in jobs and regular shirts, consisting of flannels, repps, silk fronts, silk and cotton, and tub silks, at old market prices; good opportunity for big buyers. Metropolitan Shirt Company, 584 Broadway.

SILKS.—All kinds, special values, for immediate delivery for manufacturing trade; call at our show rooms. M. Marks Co., formerly Marks-Senner, 354 4th Av. Madison Square 8880.

LACES.—Manufacturers' sample pieces must be sold at once. Israel, 35 Lispenard St.

LININGS.—Will sell lot assorted quilted lining. Gramercy 6518.

MIDDYS.—Spring line of 3 in 1 middy blouses and new smocks ready. Freedman, 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

PANTS.—Contractor desires work on khaki and corduroy pants; cut, make, and trim. K 231 Times Downtown.

PLUSHES. — Peco and Esquimetic; also Chase's mole and tiger trimming; unusually low. Gramercy 7184.

PLUSH.—Pico and Esquimette, at a low price. Farragut 3264.

PLUSH.—Will sell esquimette plush reasonable. Chelsea 5617.

POM POMS.—American 0816, green; also Burella 0310, navy, brown, green. Chelsea 7834.

POM POM.—American 0816, navy, brown, and green. Madison Square 8415.

POM POM.—Metalamb and Chase's mole. 3678 Farragut.

SERGES.—Gilbert 8200, Cleveland 9058 Lymansville 42-2, American 0936, 234. Levensohn & Satz, 1,170 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 1265.

SERGES.—17,000 yards navy 7614. Levensohn & Satz, 1,170 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 1265.

SERGES.—104, 7120, 8120, and 54289; navy, poplins. Gramercy 5143.

SERGES.—Whitman's 104-7120 and 54289. Stuyvesant 3240.

SNAP FASTENERS, highest quality, lowest prices, white or black, carded or bulk, for exporters or dealers only; special inducements for large quantity orders. Bethlehem Snap Fastener Mfg. Co., 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1801 Williamsburg.

STOLES, Capes, plush and kerami, muffs to match in fur effects, headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade, now ready for inspection. Belle Cloak & Suit Co., 159 West 25th.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Belle Cloak & Suit Co., 159 West 25th.

VELOURS.—Garfield, style 136, brown, green, reindeer, navy, black, $2.05 net. Madison Square 9250.

VELOURS, light and heavy weight, all colors, 0310, all shades. Madison Square 2426.

VELOUR, heavyweight, all colors; call only. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th St.

VELOURS.—A. W. Co. 0359, in assorted colors. Farragut 8993.

VELVETEENS.—Plain and twill back, all colors, all widths; corduroy in narrow and wide wale, all colors; also clothing corduroy. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 31st St. Madison Square 9760.

VESTS.—We have quilted ladies' vests and crib pads in stock for immediate delivery at low prices. Wilson Quilting and Novelty Co., 133 West 24th.

WAISTS.—Fine Georgettes, to close. Esco Waist Co., 151 West 28th.

WOOLENS.—Quantity of woolens, to close out at a price. 99 Madison Av., 16th floor.

WOOL PLUSH.—American 12033, in all colors; reasonable. Chelsea 9864.

ZIBELINES.—Will sell Julliards 6717 zibeline, green, navy, brown; also Roman gold pom-pom. Gramercy 6518.

Help Wanted.

BUYERS Wanted.—Two young men wanted; housefurnishings, toys, and rugs; drapery buyers for large popular price department store; must be live wires, and only experienced buyers or head assistants to a big house; furnishing or rug buyer will be considered; others need not apply; big opportunity; permanent positions to right men. Call today, Mr. Weisberger, Martinique Hotel.

SALESLADIES.—Experienced, waists, house dresses. Frank's Department Store, 87th St., 3d Av.

SALESMEN Wanted with good following and long experience for the following territories: Far West, the Coast, and Southern States, to carry an up-to-date line of shirts; commission basis; must be well recommended. J 393 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Large manufacturer of silk and muslin underwear wants salesmen on commission basis, with drawing account, for New England, New York, Pennsylvania, and Middle West. Address B. D., 241 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — City, vicinity; popular line ladies' muslin drawers, bloomers; side line; one who has following among department stores and large retail trade; commission. P 298 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — City, vicinity; popular line men's belts; one who has following among large gent's furnishing trade; commission. P 301 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Retail dry goods store; must understand window dressing. Lieber, 509 2d Av.

Situations Wanted.

BUYER OR SALESMAN, energetic, capable young man, excellent recommendations, ten years' experience as buyer and salesman for wholesale furnishing goods and clothing firm, large Southern trade acquaintance, seeks position. R 43 Times.

FRENCHMAN, (31,) with good business and social connections, experience and prestige; honorably discharged after active service, returning to France on business voyage, would undertake any industrial or commercial mission; references; for interview write to Grange, 114 Times.

SALES MANAGER of exceptional ability to produce big business for manufacturer of women's wearing apparel, wishes to change position; salary and commission. S 37 Times.

SALESMAN open for a strong line of middies' sweaters or popular-priced children's colored dresses; have a large office. Aarons, 1,270 Broadway.

RESIDENT BUYER, thoroughly posted, all lines merchandise, desires position resident buyer's office; references. K 232 Times Downtown.

BUYING GOODS MADE EASY.

The trouble of making a round of wholesale houses and factories to discover goods needed by owners of stores and buyers obviated by dispatching lettergram to The New York Times, giving description of articles needed. Next day a short advertisement will appear on the Business Page of The Times and this will be read by those who will at once respond. Cost of service, 50 cents an agate line of 6 words.

Replies may be sent direct to advertiser, or to box number provided by The Times.—Advt.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ATLANTA—M. Rich & Bros. Co.; J. P. Flynn, silks, dress goods; W. H. Rich, mdse Mgr.; 1,150 Broadway.

BALTIMORE—Schloss Bros. & Co.; N. Schloss, woolens; 840 Broadway.

BALTIMORE—M. M. Bernstein & Co.; M. M. Bernstein, neckwear material; 440 4th Av.; Hermitage.

BALTIMORE—Daniel Miller Co.; C. Schott, women's apparel, underwear, knit goods; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; B. Makover, woolens; 2 W. 23d.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; P. L. Beck, toys, china; W. A. Applewaite, hosiery, underwear; 334 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—M. Summerfield Son & Co.; M. Summerfield, pants materials; Aberdeen.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; Mr. Hawkins, representing; Mr. O'Leary, representing; 1 2 4th Av.

BUFFALO—Immediate Delivery Bargain House; S. Brat, Spring coats, suits; 127 W. 25th.

CHICAGO—E. Danziger & Co.; E. Danziger, piece goods; Claridge.

CHICAGO—Sprechen & Mudlenun; S. B. Sprechen, ladies' cloth bags; 467 B'way; Room 301.

CHICAGO—The Catalogue House; Mr. Rosenthal, Spring coats, suits, dresses; 132 W. 21st St.

CHICAGO—Eiseman Mfg. Co.; R. Eiseman, fancy knit goods, infants', children's wear; 18 W. 33d.

CLEVELAND—B. & R. Folkman; M. Blozor, piece goods; Herald Square.

CLEVELAND—Pollack-Selman Co.; Mr. Pollack, Spring coats, suits; 18 West 27th, 8th floor.

EASTON—Ross Millinery Co.; G. Gross, flowers, fancies; 621 B'way.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.—Fowler & Co.; G. R. Bright, clothing, underwear, hats, shoes; Miss M. E. Banks, dress goods, silks, ready-to-wear; Latham.

INDIANAPOLIS—Selig D. G. Co.; S. Selig, ready-to-wear; Miss L. Marks, ladies' wear; 1,150 Broadway.

KANSAS CITY—Jones Store Co.; Wm. Silverman, jobs dresses, plush, cloth coats; 13 E. 26th.

KANSAS CITY.—Emery, Bird Thayer D. G. Co.; Mr. Warren, linens, white, cut on goods; Mr. Wilcox, silks, dress goods; 25 Madison Av.

LOS ANGELES—Fashion Cloak and Suit House; Mr. Levine, coats, suits, dresses; 100 W. 32d.

MEMPHIS—Bry-Block Mercantile Co.; E. B. Wiesener, jobs coats, suits, dresses, waists, underwear, petticoats, basement; 470 4th Av.

NORFOLK—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; W. Schneer, notions, leather goods, stationery; 1,239 Broadway; Gregorian.

PHILADELPHIA—Barrist & Co.; Mr. Barrist, wash skirtings; 35 W. 34th.

PHILADELPHIA—Ross Millinery Co.; Harry Gross, women's hats; 621 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufman Dept. Stores; Miss M. Giblan, waists; 1,261 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; Miss Rosenberg, jobs, dresses; 364 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Smit, Lewis Co.; E. M. Smith, jobs suits; 1,133 Broadway.

RICHMOND, Va.—Weisberger Co.; S. Weisberger, jobs coats, suits; 72 Madison Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; F. Fitzgibbons, basement goods; 23 E. 26th; Grand.

SAN FRANCISCO—Juda Bros.; Mr. Juda, Spring ready-to-wear; 1,199 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—S. A. Rider Jewelry Co.; M. Waxman, holiday novelties; 33 Union Sq.

ST. PAUL—The Macey Co.; L. Silverstein, jobs coats, dresses; Claridge.

TACOMA, Wash.—Peoples Store; T. F. Hall, rugs; 25 E. 26th.

TRENTON—Ross Millinery Co.; Henry Gross, millinery; 621 B'way.

UTICA, N. Y.—F. W. Sessions Millinery Co.; J. V. Clement, silks, laces, velvets, ribbons; B. Fuller, millinery; 320 5th Av.; Somerset.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Smart Shop; D. J. Grinsfelder, ready-to-wear; York.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; J. A. Hobson, upholstery goods; 334 4th Av.

WILMINGTON, Del.—R. Topki's Sons; Mr. Horgan, infants' novelties, children's, junior's coats; 1,270 B'way.

STOCK OF OIL RUNS LOW.

Daily Consumption Increased in September 8,550 Barrels Over Average.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The average daily draft on the petroleum stocks of the country during the month of September was 44,550 barrels. The average daily draft for the first nine months of this year was about 36,000 barrels. The increased consumption during September was 8,550 barrels a day above the average for the nine month period.

At the end of September the stock of petroleum on hand was the lowest in several years, as a result of increased consumption. On Dec. 31, 1915, there were 185,899,792 barrels on hand, and on Oct. 1 last this had been reduced to 164,249,000 barrels. The status of the petroleum situation was disclosed in figures made public tonight by John D. Northrop of the United States Geological Survey. They show by months the quantity of crude petroleum marketed, consumed, and in stock in the United States since the beginning of 1916 as follows:

1916.

Month.	Quantity Marketed.	Apparent Consumption.	Stocks, end of month.
Dec. 31,'15.	......	......	185,899,792
January	23,181,022	21,115,549	187,985,265
February	22,733,550	21,126,277	189,572,538
March	25,523,666	25,755,303	189,340,901
April	24,024,447	24,804,985	188,300,563
May	26,015,713	25,418,752	189,157,324
June	25,539,611	26,563,582	188,133,353
July	25,379,700	24,229,287	189,283,766
August	25,206,566	28,328,130	186,162,202
September	25,261,174	25,750,037	182,673,339
October	26,747,329	28,215,247	181,096,621
November	25,301,138	28,438,809	177,867,950
December	25,835,042	29,692,641	174,028,351
Tot.12ms.	300,787,153	312,438,599	174,028,331
Tot.9mos.	222,865,449	226,091,902	182,673,339

1917.

Month.	Quantity Marketed.	Apparent Consumption.	Stocks, end of month.
January	27,431,000	28,056,000	[illegible],403,000
February	24,399,000	24,889,000	172,903,000
March	28,448,000	29,338,000	172,013,000
April	27,628,000	27,996,000	171,644,000
May	28,201,000	29,238,000	171,606,000
June	27,927,000	29,034,000	169,498,000
July	29,528,000	31,050,000	161,977,000
August	30,457,000	32,804,000	165,631,000
September	30,275,000	31,657,000	164,249,000
Tot.9 ms.	254,248,000	264,072,000	164,249,000

The net decrease during the first nine months of 1916 was 3,226,453 barrels, or about 2 per cent. of the reserve on hand Jan. 1, 1916.

The net decrease in stocks during the first nine months of 1917 was 9,779,000 barrels, or about 6 per cent. of the reserve on hand Jan. 1, 1917, and about 5 per cent. of the reserve on hand Jan. 1, 1916.

CLEARANCE of Silks, Satins, Chiffon Velvet, Silk Velvet, Velveteen, Crepe Meteors, Chiffons, Crepe de Chines, Woolens, Linings, Laces, Brocades.
WM. LENNOX, INC. Importers 10 EAST 34TH ST. New York City

PUTTEES Piggrain or Cordovan Below Cost of Manufacture. McGregor & Co., Newark, N. J.

ENGLISH VENETIANS 32 in. and 54 in. Marquise de Luxe Finish. For immediate and future delivery.
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Auctions.

EXECUTOR'S SALE

ENTIRE PLANT AND FIXTURES of the LUCILLE WAIST CO., Inc.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer

will sell on Wednesday, November 28th, at 11 A. M., at West Garden Street, Stamford, Conn., the entire up-to-date plant of the above, comprising Willcox & Gibbs machines, Hemstitchers, Buttonhole machines, Union Specials, Button sewers, Standards, Singers, and other special machines; Power Tables, Motors, Pressing Plant, Blower and Gas Irons. Also all the Factory Fixtures, comprising Chairs, Forms, Cutting Tables, Hangers, Desks, etc., etc.

I. GAINSBURG, 258 Broadway, and ANNIE ROTH, SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, LEON LASKI, 320 Broadway, Executors. Attorneys for Executors.

Trains leave Grand Central Station at 8:00, 8:03, 8:31, 8:51, 9:15 and 10:03 A. M.

Executor's Absolute Sale Tomorrow (Tuesday) AT 10:30 A. M. At 125 West 72d Street. Estate of the late FANNY M. ARONSTEIN, The Modern Furniture and Appointments throughout the residence as advertised. By order of SIDNEY ARONSTEIN, Esq., executor. On view from 8 A. M. morning of sale. The sale will be conducted by MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE. Clarke's Art Rooms, 5 West 44th St. Telephone 4029—Vanderbilt.

Auctioneers.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc., 333-341 Fourth Avenue, at 25th St.

LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures. Van Praag & Co., 537 Broadway. Spring 2[illegible]

Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, 546 5th Av. Auctioneers and Appraisers

'MINUTE MEN' PLAN THEIR PART IN WAR

Building and Realty Interests Act to Help Uncle Sam Find Homes for Workers.

NEWARK BANKERS STIRRED

Housing for 30,000 Meadow Mill Workers in Nine Months—Material Men Alert.

Any building construction emergency that may arise in the vicinity of New York requiring high speed efficient co-operation of the building and material interests will be fully met if the plans proposed at a meeting of real estate, construction and building material "Minute Men" in the offices of Jerdine, Hill & Murdock last week are carried out, says The Dow Service Daily Building reports today.

Anticipating the action of the bankers and public spirited citizens of Newark, who on Thursday night appointed Uzal H. McCarter, President of the Fidelity Trust Company of Newark, Chairman of a committee to work out a financial plan for the formation of a company or corporation to erect within the next nine months a group of 16-family apartment houses and at least 1,000 two-family and one-family homes in the Essex County seat and the probable action in the very near future of the great manufacturing interests of Long Island City, Queens, and Brooklyn toward similar results, H. H. Murdock, who was an active member of the General Committee recently named by Borough President Marks to study the building situation as affected by war conditions, called a preliminary conference to determine just how the builders, architects, realty men and building material interests of New York could help meet the increasingly insistent housing problem. Further action will be taken to-morrow.

Heavier demands upon building material and construction interests than have been imagined are expected to develop within the present building season. The point has been reached where the relation between accommodation of factory workers and the establishment of manufactories of war essentials is not only intimate but vital to the success of the war. The focusing of this problem has been brought about largely by the investigations made by Otto M. Eidlitz and other members of the National Housing Committee.

At the same time word comes out of Washington to the effect that certain commodities are to be classed as non-essential. Fuel and railroad facilities will be curtailed. Window glass has been officially designated as an essential. Jobbers' stocks are about sufficient to last two months in a normal market. At the outside, window glass stocks will spread over three months under a weak building market. Should a repetition of the Black Tom explosion take place or a similar window-smashing accident occur these stocks would be very seriously drained.

There are many other building materials in which the surplus stocks are barely sufficient to meet the current demand. Manufacturers last Spring and Summer hardly anticipated such a complete turn about in the prospective building market as is in process of development right now. The result is that there has been a general price stiffening and one of the provinces of the "Minute Men" will be to so co-operate with the Government's various departments as to anticipate any emergency call so as to insure adequate supplies to permit building operations to proceed with the greatest possible speed to an assured completion.

In the glass situation about 25 to 30 per cent. of last year's production will be manufactured under the Government's restriction. Instead of using coal, natural gas probably will be piped and pumped to sections where the natural supply has failed. But the same kind of sand that is used in the manufacture of window glass is also used in the manufacture of steel. Some of the labor used in the glass mills can also be used in the steel mills. The same is also true of labor in many other building material plants.

It has been estimated that homes must be provided in Newark for 30,000 workers, more than a third of them with families. Long Island City's quota of munition plant and food manufactory employes is constantly increasing, and the housing need is already imperative.

At the same time there is such a large volume of building operations that have been held up for many years, the probable wholesale construction of a number of public schools by the incoming administration, the probable release of many constructional public improvements through the same agency, that the short building material stocks in practically every department are inspiring the far-sighted to get into the building market at once, especially as much of the inflowing population to outlying districts during the next year will find permanent homes in New York's suburbs.

It is stated authoritatively that no building material will be positively or permanently shut out of this market. The worst that can happen is to have the supply curtailed at manufacturing centres and possibly intermittent traffic delays. Labor shortage will make this restricted supply acute for several years to come.

Current price movements are noticed in cuts in many metal departments. Single strength B quality first three bracket window glass has been advanced. Discounts formerly 86 and 85 per cent. are now 86 per cent. flat. Common Hudson brick is back to $7.75 and $8 for run of barge, but there is no disposition to push this market. There is no Winter reserve stacking under way, showing that the dealers and the manufacturers are alike indifferent to sales and are anticipating the strong market that is now sure to come within the next few months. If there is any change in the price of metal lath it will be upward.

All these indications point to a complete change-about in the building and realty situation, at least in the suburbs, within the next few months, and architects are already beginning to feel the quickening pulse of far-sighted investors.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25290.—In Bankruptcy.—FREDERICK BOCKELMAN, Bankrupt.

Frederick Bockelman was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 22nd, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on December 6th, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25278.—In Bankruptcy.—DOMINICK CARDO, Bankrupt.

Dominick Cardo was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 17th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on December 6th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

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Times Square
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Splendid floor space extending from 42d to 43rd Street, one flight up, in The Times Building, Times Square, overlooking Broadway on one side and Seventh Avenue on the other. Opportunity for publicity for banking or insurance company or any concern needing considerable room. Floor may be divided. Also vacant, small suites and single rooms on the 22nd floor, suitable for professional men requiring all-day natural light. Rents moderate.
Telephone Bryant 1000.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—Dealings discontinued.

CORN.	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
Nov. 19	1.19¾	1.19½	1.17	1.16⅛	1.15½	1.14⅞
Nov. 20	1.22	1.20	1.18¼	1.16⅝	1.17¼	1.15½
Nov. 21	1.24	1.21¼	1.20⅞	1.17⅛	1.18⅝	1.16¼
Nov. 22	1.24½	1.23	1.20½	1.18⅞	1.18¼	1.16⅞
Nov. 23	1.24½	1.24	1.22⅞	1.19⅜	1.19⅜	1.17½
Nov. 24	1.25	1.24⅜	1.22⅞	1.21	1.20¼	1.18⅜
W'k's re.	1.25	1.19½	1.22⅞	1.16⅛	1.20¼	1.14⅞

OATS.	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
Nov. 19	.64⅝	64	64⅝	64⅛
Nov. 20	.66⅝	64⅞	66⅝	64⅞
Nov. 21	.68	65½	67⅝	65½
Nov. 22	.68¼	67	68	66⅞
Nov. 23	.70¼	68¼	69⅝	67⅞
Nov. 24	.71	64⅞	70¼	68½
Week's range	.71	64	70¼	64⅛

Provisions.

LARD.	Nov. High.	Nov. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.
Nov. 19	27.57	27.27	24.40	24.27
Nov. 20	27.42	27.25	24.62	24.40
Nov. 21	27.50	27.40	24.90	24.70
Nov. 22	27.50	27.50	24.92	24.60
Nov. 23	27.50	27.50	24.95	24.85
Nov. 24	..	..	24.87	24.77
Week's range	27.50	27.25	24.95	24.27

RIBS.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
Nov. 19	24.12	23.92	23.65	23.55
Nov. 20	24.42	24.25	24.02	23.90
Nov. 21	24.72	24.52	24.30	24.15
Nov. 22	24.80	24.50	24.45	24.15
Nov. 23	24.90	24.75	24.75	24.37
Nov. 24	24.87	24.82	24.72	24.57
Week's range	24.90	23.92	24.75	23.55

PORK.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.
Nov. 19	45.07	44.17
Nov. 20	45.65	45.25
Nov. 21	46.35	45.80
Nov. 22	46.40	45.87
Nov. 23	46.60	46.30
Nov. 24	46.55	46.50
Weeks range	46.60	44.77

NEW YORK.

COTTON.

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.
Nov. 19	28.67	28.25	27.95	27.40
Nov. 20	28.65	28.51	28.05	27.79
Nov. 21	28.96	28.28	28.46	27.70
Nov. 22	28.94	28.75	28.55	28.26
Nov. 23	29.15	28.76	28.70	28.27
Nov. 24	29.70	29.02	28.90	28.51
Week's range	29.70	28.25	29.70	27.70

	March. High.	March. Low.
Nov. 19	27.68	27.48
Nov. 20	27.71	27.45
Nov. 21	28.16	27.42
Nov. 22	28.23	27.87
Nov. 23	28.39	27.95
Nov. 24	28.60	28.18
Weeks range	28.60	27.42

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.	Aug. High.	Aug. Low.
Nov. 19	27.56	27.33	27.30	27.11	27.05	27.02
Nov. 20	27.52	27.33	27.26	27.13	27.05	27.00
Nov. 21	27.97	27.25	27.75	27.00	27.40	27.27
Nov. 22	28.06	27.73	27.80	27.54	..	..
Nov. 23	28.20	27.75	27.96	27.54	27.38	27.38
Nov. 24	28.30	27.98	28.19	27.81	..	..
W'k's re.	28.39	27.25	28.19	27.00	27.40	27.00

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25(?).—In Bankruptcy.—LOUIS BROWNSTEIN, Bankrupt.

Louis Brownstein, trading under the name of ESSUBEE MEN'S SHOP, was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 7th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on December 6th, 1917, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Modern Factory for Sale
Two-story brick, 18,000 square feet. Heat; electric power, etc. Atlantic Av., near Nostrand Av. Station, Brooklyn. Bargain.
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Beautiful house, twelve large, newly decorated rooms; hot-water heat, electricity and gas; large garage; half acre of ground, with garden, trees, flowers and shrubs. One of the most attractive homes in all suburban New York; 15 minutes from New York. Rent $2,000. Immediate possession. Coal supply in the bins. B. J. Beardsley, owner, 1 Main St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Main 7303.

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Buys it, everything new, 6 rooms, handsome bath, open fireplace, hardwood floors, decorations in ivory, electric lights, steam heat, fine plot, hedge, lawn, flowers; easy commuting, owner must sell at once, sacrifice for $3,500, $250 cash needed, title guaranteed. M. H., 47 West 34th St., Room 434.

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BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES FRIEDLANDER & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Nov. 26, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 58 Warren St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a very large jobber's stock of Automobile Supplies and Accessories of every kind and description. Also fixtures, comprising large Mosler Safe, Steel and Wooden Filing Cabinets, Desks, Typewriters, Telephone Booth, Platform Scale, Partitions, etc.
I. L. SCHWARTZ, Receiver, 120 Broadway.
IRVING ZION, Attorney for Receiver, 120 Broadway, New York.
Above sale adjourned until Monday, December 10, same time and place.

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Hon. Joseph M. Callahan, Referee
Deering & Deering, Attorneys
Agents and Auctioneers Appointed by the Referee.

REAL ESTATE.

LESSEES.—Owner retiring will lease for long term magnificent property showing wonderful profits. Edward Browning, 110 West 40th St.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

740 Warburton Av., Yonkers.—Six-room bungalow; lot 50 by 147; price, $5,800; brokers protected; $400 cash, balance easy. Rose, owner, 9 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 2728.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOU are looking for a small country home, with 2 full acres of fine farm land, located not far from railroad town and beautiful lake, complete for $1,325, on easy terms, call or write at once to B. STORE, 10 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

$75 cash buys small old house needing a few repairs and farming plot; $10 monthly; full price $1,400; make fine year-round home; write to Barshad, box 219 Times Downtown.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

INDUSTRIAL SITES WITH RAILROAD FACILITIES in best part of Philadelphia; good labor market and easy hauling to all parts of the city. MAURAN, DOLMAN & CO., northeast corner Broad and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia.

North Carolina—For Sale or To Let.

$8,000 BUYS 2,000 ACRES richest lands in North Carolina, 4 miles from railroad, near tidewater. Stokes, 16 West 102d St.

Real Estate for Exchange.

$15,000 equity west side flat; rents $4,100; will exchange for farm, Huntington section, Long Island. G 233 Times Downtown.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE EAST OHIO GAS COMPANY.
Notice of Redemption of Bonds.
All holders of First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of The East Ohio Gas Company, secured under deed of trust bearing date July 1st, 1909, executed and delivered by said Company to the New York Trust Company, as trustee, ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED, that said The East Ohio Gas Company has called all the bonds of said issue for redemption on January 1st, A. D. 1918, the next interest date; that upon said date there will become and be due upon each of the bonds of said issue, the principal thereof with five per cent. (5%) premium thereon and the accrued interest to said January 1st, 1918, and that no further interest will accrue or be payable upon said bonds after said date fixed for the redemption thereof.
All said bonds must be presented for redemption on January 1st, 1918, at the office of the New York Trust Company, Trustee, 26 Broad St., in the City of New York, with all unpaid coupons, including those maturing on said date, attached thereto.
BY ORDER of its Board of Directors.
THE EAST OHIO GAS COMPANY.
By H. V. Shulters, Secretary.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is given that the JAMES McWILLIAMS TOWING LINE, owner of the steam tug John Garrett, has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage, or injury from said vessel on the 23d day of November, 1916. Stipulated value of vessel and freight $16,050. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage, or injury must prove their claims before Max Rockmore, Esq., Commissioner, at Room 349 Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before December 3, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., or be defaulted.
Dated August 22, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.—I WILL SELL at public auction on Friday, November 30th, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, 1,930 logs of Lignum Vitae. Said logs to be sold on the pier, foot of West 131st Street, New York City, N. Y., where they can now be seen and inspected.
Dated New York, November 23d, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Pretty Brick Houses
$35—For Rent—$35
Seven rooms. Beautifully decorated, all ready to occupy; New Subway, Brooklyn. B. Silsby, 217 B'way, New York; Barclay 4585.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Queens.

$1,100 for cozy house and garden plot, good location, ½ block from trolley; $100 down and $10 monthly. Write for further particulars. Fox, Box 270 Times Downtown.

New Jersey.

Dainty, year-round, 6-room home; 18 minutes by train; fine service; house is newly and tastily decorated; select locality; high land; fine lawn; a few hundred cash takes it; price $4,500; very easy terms. Trustee, Post Office Box 529, New York City.

Up-to-date six-room house; best location in Rutherford; with or without large plot of land; cheap. W. H., Tel. 2750 Chelsea.

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

FARM AND COUNTRY HOME.
3 acres, fenced, 7-room house, bath, heater, driven well, barns, chicken house, near Northport Station, $5,500; owner will rent $30 monthly with option.
Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, L. I.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

NORTH CAROLINA ESTATE—FOR SALE.
Fine estate, "Lakewood," 6 miles from Fayetteville, N. C., containing 100 acre lake well stocked with bass. On good road leading to Over Hills resort. Good buildings. Railroad flag station on property. 1,275 acres at $20 if taken within 30 days. Good soil and will grow cotton, tobacco, &c. A bargain at this price. L. J. Duffy, Greensboro, N. C.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Five light floors in loft building, (will rent one or all,) size 25x90; elevator; suitable for woodworking, brass finishers, metal-workers, &c.; rent reasonable; Fulton St., near Church. Apply Wolins & Bull, Inc., 45 John St.

TO SUBLET,
desirable Broadway front office, about 600 square feet, at 66 Broadway; $100 monthly. Telephone 2925 Rector.

MARKET CORNER.
Second Av., 1,715, corner 89th St., desirable store; has 3 large show windows, butcher's icebox, and wall fixtures; good stand; reasonable rent. Inquire premises.

To Sublet—Desirable office close to Grand Central; 575 sq. ft. floor space; rental low. Inquire 627 Lexington Av. Phone Plaza 544.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES.—Every facility, $16.50 and $40.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway, Room 807.

For rent, two fireproof lofts, building 50x100, choice location, Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, N. Y. City.

Exceptionally light loft, with steam power; size 25x100; elevator service; $1,200 per annum. Engineer, 140 Sullivan St.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, brokers' store, 25x50; $65. Mr. Ashley, Rector 9040.

DOCTOR OR DENTIST.
Desirable parlor floor. 53 West 54th St.

Office space and desk room to rent. Apply B. S. Co., 238 5th Av.

Store, parlor floor; also skylight studios. 5 West 16th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted to buy or lease, a fully equipped woodworking plant by maker of wooden toys; state location; give list of equipment and all particulars in first letter. J 73 Times.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NATHAN LENDING, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Nov. 26, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 256 West 23rd St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Dresses, Silks, Velvet, Taffeta, Chiffon, Trimmings, Machinery, Cutting Tables, Desks, Safe, Partitions, Fixtures, etc.
MORRIS ISRAEL, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.
Above sale adjourned until Monday, December 10, same time and place.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Second mortgage of $15,000, on which there is still due $9,000, 5 per cent., payable $3,000 March, 1918, $3,000 September, 1918, $3,000 March, 1919; bond rated $100,000; first mortgage held by insurance company, due in 2½ years; for sale at discount. A. L. C., W 283 Times Downtown.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

14-ROOM, RICHLY FURNISHED, MODERN PRIVATE HOUSE.
Facing park, west side; electricity, heat, latest improvements; refined surroundings; home of substantial business man leaving town; $250 monthly. For further particulars write X 317 Times Annex.

Beautiful 13-room furnished home for sale; private house neighborhood; near Central Park West; nice, self-supporting house; only $500 required; on 90th St. West. S 84 Times.

New York State.

Part of furnished suburban house, near express station; all improvements; grounds, garage. Write M. W., 416 West 150th.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

28TH, 26 EAST.—Unique studio apartment to sublet for month or two; four rooms, roof garden. Steinway Grand piano.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Magnificently furnished two rooms, bath; every convenience. Murray Hill 9251. Merritt.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $55 to $90, completely furnished; satisfactory references necessary; open evenings.

81ST ST., 75, Corner Park Av.—Seven sunny rooms, elegantly furnished; service unexcelled.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED
Choice localities; long, short leases.
4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENT, furnished, 3 rooms, kitchen, bath, Washington Square district. Phone for appointment, 10-5, Murray Hill 1244.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

ARTIST'S six-room apartment, complete. Telephone Gramercy 723.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

HANDSOME 6-room apartment, Murray Hill district; moderate. Apply 144 East 40th St.

MADISON AV., 222, (36th.)—Parlor and bedroom, with private bath, combined.

TO SUBLET—Small furnished apartment; very attractive. THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

Furnished—West Side.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths, single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets, refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Completely furnished bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80-$100; service. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.

47 WEST 49TH STREET.
Two and one-room suites; private baths; also single rooms; well furnished; electricity, elevator.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; handsomely furnished. Dwyer.

52D, 8 WEST.—5-room apartment, beautifully furnished, all conveniences; reasonable.

54TH ST., 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsomely furnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath and 3 rooms with 2 baths; sunny rooms; steam heat.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Seven sunny outside rooms; all Colonial furniture. Columbus 1377.

58TH, 158 WEST.—Four all light, southern exposure, complete housekeeping, elevator apartment; exclusive neighborhood; $160.

58TH, 30 WEST.—Bachelor apartment, near the Plaza, 2 rooms with bath, maid service, breakfast. Phone Plaza 6958.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex apartment, Hotel des Artistes, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, refrigerator; cooking free; $200. Mrs. Wood.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Apartments, furnished; entire floor, 2 and 3 connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity; $125 and $185.

69TH ST., 19 WEST. Overlooking Central Park.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath; maid service; restaurant; finest in the city. Mrs. Deane, on premises.

70TH, 10 WEST.—Three elegantly furnished rooms, suitable for physician, also others; single or en suite.

72D, 42 WEST.—Two of the most delightfully furnished small apartments in New York; two rooms, with tiled baths; new building; 4 windows in each suite; moderate priced restaurant, with service in apartments; overlooking Central Park; convenient to subway express, elevated, and surface; $95-$100 monthly; leases only.

72D, 124 WEST.—Four bright, sunny rooms, bath; new building; apartment never occupied before; many of furnishings new; owner's home; immediate possession; $175. Apartment 1203.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Suite, one, two rooms, also studio; private baths; $55, $150.

97TH, (759 West End Av.)—High-class two rooms, kitchenette; southern exposure; immediate possession; $85; also large room and kitchenette, overlooking Hudson, $65. Phone 5846 Riverside.

97TH, (West End Av., 759.)—Six rooms and kitchen, or separate; two baths, separate; immediate possession.

112TH, 535 WEST, Hotel Royal, (near Broadway.)—3-room suite and single rooms, with private baths; references required.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished; long, short subleases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $65-$75-$85; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

BEVERWYCK,
39 WEST 27TH ST.
TWO AND THREE ROOM APARTMENTS

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Completely furnished apartment, four rooms, bath. Phone Schuyler 1306.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. VAN WINKLE, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—Just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

EXCLUSIVE apartment, one, two, or three rooms and baths; every convenience; vicinity of Columbus Av. and 73d St.; breakfast optional. Phone 5978 Columbus.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to rent, very reasonable; season or longer. Apply SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

MANHATTAN AV., 320, (Cor. 114th St.)—Attractively furnished seven-room corner apartment, overlooking Morningside Park; rent, $100 per month.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.)—Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 3 rooms facing drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440.
HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SIX ROOMS, OVERLOOKING HUDSON; $175 MONTHLY; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. APT. 103.

RIVERSIDE, (341 West 77th.)—Room, adjoining bath; also teacher's or doctor's studio.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

Unfurnished—East Side.

A two-room and bath apartment; $45; new, modern, maid service included; 469 Fourth Av., near 32d St.; central location. ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Tel. 1100 Murray Hill.

PARK AV., 446, (just off 57th.)—Small apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; can be leased for one year or longer at $1,000 per year. Apply premises or Plaza 6143.

Unfurnished—West Side.

12TH, 51 WEST.—Studio, north and skylight, dressing room, bath; $60. Duross.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 3106.

50TH, 48 WEST.—2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette; $85, including electricity, gas, also smaller apartment, similar conditions, $70.

68TH, 76 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large and small rooms; conveniences; subway, "L."

70TH ST., 236 WEST.—TO SUBLET, A FINE, FIVE-ROOM APARTMENT IN A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE; ELEVATOR; BEST SERVICE.

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2028.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive 2-room suite, all improvements; maid service; references. Owner.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large second-story room, bath; steam heated; meals optional.

84TH, 17 WEST.—7 large, light rooms, bath; one flight up; with electric light. $65.

90TH, 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms with kitchenette and bath.

95TH, 171 WEST.—Desirable furnished room; suitable two; conveniences. Apt. 4 West.

103D ST., 214 WEST.—6 rooms and bath, all improvements, $50 monthly. Apply Wm. Yoost, 455 West 47th St.

110TH, 225 WEST—DAWSON ARMS.
High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms; facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

111TH, 518 WEST—TRINITY COURT.
High-class elevator apartment, 7 rooms; parquet flooring throughout; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

160TH, 665 WEST.—Beautiful 6-room apartment with 2 baths to sublet; good concessions. Apply Apartment 6G.

BROADWAY, S. E. COR. 160TH ST.
Six, eight large, light rooms, high-class, elevator, electricity; complete service; low rentals. Superintendent on premises.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

STEAM HEAT GUARANTEED.
5 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, $65.
40 MORNINGSIDE AV.,
N. E. Cor. West 118th St., Facing Park.
HENRY C. COLEMAN.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

126 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NEAR 85TH ST.—Only 1 nine-room apartment left; light; choice location.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Mother and son want 2 rooms and bath and kitchenette until June 1; highest references; not over $40 per month. F 189 Times.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; all improvements; convenient; gentlemen; references; private residence.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished rooms; private bath, steam heat, electric light; board optional; references.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service, $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

30TH, 39 EAST; 31ST, 114 EAST.—All well heated, attractively furnished; electricity.

34TH, 120 EAST.—Attractive room in elevator apartment; business woman preferred. Apt. 9.

35TH, 20 EAST, (Near Madison.)—Large room, adjoining bath; southern exposure; gentleman.

43D, 16 EAST.—All comforts; refined home; completely furnished; cheerful room, bath; references.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

56TH ST., 83 EAST.—Beautiful large room for gentlemen only; respectable French family.

57TH, 221 EAST.—Large front hall room; southern exposure; private family; references. Wiggin.

61ST, 27 EAST.—Suite of rooms, bath, suitable for one or two gentlemen.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LENOX AV., 240, (corner 122d.)—Nicely furnished large and small connecting rooms; overlooking park; hot and cold water; newly decorated; corner house; southern exposure; near subway; board optional; references. Harlem 7779.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; musical studios rented by day or hour.

MADISON AV., 1,331, (between 93d and 94th.)—Excellent accommodations business women in high-class neighborhood; every convenience; references. Russell.

MADISON AV., 174, (33D.)—Vanderbilt Studios; furnished and unfurnished; $25 up. Murray Hill 9286.

West Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Private family; comfortably furnished, warm, single room in large, quiet apartment; breakfast; references. Boyd.

9TH, 30 WEST.—Large, small rooms; 2 connecting rooms; newly furnished; decorated.

16TH ST., 51 WEST.—Rooms; suite with bath. Tea room. Chelsea 2234.

40TH, 62 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

50TH, 79 WEST.—Large, sunny, front rooms, bath, connecting; electricity; references.

51ST, 63 WEST.—Attractive, well kept, quiet room, bath adjoining; high-class house.

54TH, 33 WEST.—Comfortable rooms adjoining bath; running water, electricity, telephone; references.

57TH, 256 WEST.—Attractive single front room; electricity, elevator, phone; gentleman; references. Starr.

57TH, (near Broadway.)—Two front rooms, $6-$10; business people. Circle 419.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Two comfortable single rooms; gentlemen; all conveniences; references; private home.

65TH, 105 WEST.—Two or three gentlemen; living room, bedrooms, bath, every convenience, private entrance; one flight. Columbus 8218.

69TH, 145 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Beautifully furnished suites; lavatories in each; use baths; southern exposure; modern conveniences; first floor.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Just opened; everything brand new; furnished rooms, single or en suite; electricity; refined surroundings; investigate.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Neat, handsome rooms, single, en suite; private telephone, electricity; refined house.

70TH, 145 WEST.—Cheerful large room, running water, private bath, electricity; exclusive home; gentlemen; references; phone apartment 6776 Columbus.

70TH, 219 WEST.—Front double room; electric lights and telephone service; adjoining bath; can be arranged for studio if required; $10. Phone Columbus 2721.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen, business couple.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive suite, private bath, or will divided for gentlemen.

71ST, 25? WEST.—Large, attractive room; beautifully furnished; select neighborhood; every convenience.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable two, three bachelors; private bath; select residence.

71ST, 118 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large, front room; electricity, steam; for two.

71ST, 24 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

302 WEST 72D ST.
Attractive front room; electricity; private family.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms, near subway, elevated; references.

73D, 118 WEST.—Large and single rooms; running water; southern exposure; "L," subway.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room; private bath; telephone; southern exposure.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms; near subway, elevated; references.

73D, 139 WEST.—Two newly furnished front rooms; twin beds, running water, electricity.

74TH ST., 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, ELECTRICITY, STEAM HEAT; BREAKFAST; REFERENCES.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms; exclusive house; heat; southern exposure; electricity; subway; references.

74TH, 8 WEST.—Two comfortable front rooms, bath adjacent; southern exposure; private home.

75TH, 111 WEST.—Large room, running water, electricity, all conveniences; references. Schuyler 5675.

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, electricity; $10-$12.

75TH, 126 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; electricity; newly furnished. 8265 Columbus.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive, large room; hot and cold running water; exclusive house.

75TH ST., West End Av.—Northeast corner; suite with bath; large sunny rooms with or without baths; reasonable.

75TH, 622 West End Av.)—Large, comfortably furnished connecting rooms; modern conveniences; reasonable.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable large room; twin beds; electricity; parquetry; very exclusive residence.

75TH, 3 WEST, (near park.)—Large rooms, private baths; electricity; telephone; $10-$12.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Beautiful, large room; electricity, bath, piano, all conveniences.

77TH, 113 WEST.—Elegant parlor suite; also large and small rooms; adjoining and private baths; electricity; phone; subway, "L"; reasonable; private house.

77TH, 131 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, comfortable; other rooms; electricity; reference. 9451 Schuyler.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, sunny, warm rooms; running water; excellent cuisine optional; references.

77TH, 314 WEST.—Large room, private bath, electricity, single room; near subway; reference.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms, with or without bath; electricity; phone; references.

78TH, 208 WEST.—Attractive, large front room, dressing room attached; electricity; near subway.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large front parlor, twin beds, private bath, lavatory, steam, electricity.

78TH, 169 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

80TH, 182 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, also single; steam heat, electricity; $4.50-$10.

80TH, 126 WEST.—Room with private bath, every convenience; references; see and appreciate.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; private baths, steam heat, electricity; $4.50, $12.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished, sunny rooms; all conveniences; reference.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptional room; private, modern home, facing Park; steam heat, electricity; $12; breakfast; subway, "L." Schuyler 7252.

82D, 33 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated bedrooms, bath; references.

82D, 24 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, suites; private bath; electricity; refined house; references.

84TH, 33 WEST.—Large, comfortable room adjoining bath; also small rooms; refined surroundings.

85TH, 136 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front room; electricity, telephone; all conveniences.

85TH, 30 WEST.—Parlor suite, suitable physician; electricity, well heated; other rooms.

85TH, 203 WEST.—Large, bright, furnished rooms, single or en suite. Hume.

86TH, 206 WEST, (Miss Smith.)—Fourth floor, large front rooms; private apartment; references.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Magnificent room, private bath, small room, breakfast; high-class house.

86TH ST., 337 WEST.—Sunny, large room; small room, running water, near Drive; references.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Exclusive house; exceptionally beautiful room; twin beds; southern exposure.

87TH, 205 WEST.—In private family, modern front suite adjoining bath, one or two. Telephone Schuyler 2303. Waltjen.

87TH, 330 WEST, (Near Riverside.)—Swell furnished suite, bathroom, $8; private house.

89TH, 330 WEST.—Attractive, large floor; also one, two rooms, suites; private baths.

90TH, 55 WEST.—A large, light front room, small rooms or a suite of rooms, private bath, dining room; kitchen privileges if desired. River. 5863.

90TH, 53 WEST.—Private house, apartment 2 large, nicely furnished rooms, with private bath; also 2 smaller rooms; $2 and $3.50.

93D, 157 WEST.—Large and small rooms; southern exposure; running water; private.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive, light, well-heated rooms; running water; board optional; conveniences.

94TH, 26 WEST.—Large furnished room; running water, connecting bath.

95TH, 171 WEST.—Desirable furnished room, suitable two; conveniences. Apt. 4N.

96TH ST., 231 WEST.—Desirable room, adjoining bath; modern improvements. Apt 3A.

97TH, (West End Av., 759.)—Six rooms and kitchen, or separate; two baths, separate; immediate possession.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Attractive, well furnished single room, bath, telephone; gentlemen; $3.50.

99TH, 245 WEST, (Broadway.)—Two small hall rooms, adjoining bath, steam heated, two flights, $3.50, $2.50; private house; telephone.

101ST, 309 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Sunny front suite, or three connecting; every convenience; very desirable; business people; breakfast; home, not a furnished room. Apt. 3.

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Telephone Bryant 1000	Per Agate Line
Agents Wanted	.50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	.40c
Automobile Exchange	.40c
Boarders and Board Wanted	.30c
Business Opportunities	.50c
Country Board	.40c
Employment Agencies	.50c
Farms	.40c
For Sale	.50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	.30c
Help Wanted	.30c
Lost and Found	.60
Mortgage Loans	.50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	.40c
Situations Wanted	.15

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

106TH, 170 WEST.—Private house, front room, lavatory; electricity; "L," subway. Academy 2667.

105TH, 245 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large room with piano; small room; refined. Roche.

106TH, WEST.—Nicely furnished room; running water, electricity; $4 a week; gentleman only. Phone Academy 1936.

108TH, 256 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Front room, bath, phone; $4.50; gentleman. Rogers.

110TH, 200 WEST.—6 D; private American family; outside room; elevator, shower; Broadway subway; no other roomers. Academy 1632.

111TH, 545 WEST, (Corner of Broadway,) Rockfall Apartments.—Beautifully furnished large room, private bath, with or without meals; references. Phone Cathedral 8947.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Attractive room, connecting washroom, private family; gentleman. Apt. 22.

117TH AND AMSTERDAM AV., La Porte Hotel, Opposite Columbia University Campus; 8 minutes from 42d St.; large and small rooms, suites, private baths; transients, $1 daily up; restaurant on premises.

118TH, 401 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; piano; overlooking Morningside Park; $15. Petersen.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Desirable rooms for business people; running water. Apt. 32.

119TH, 422 WEST.—Clean, quiet, sunshiny, outside, double and single rooms. Apt. 41.

121ST ST., 501 AND 519 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Attractive all-year location; near parks, dining rooms, restaurants and Columbia University; large artistically furnished rooms, suitable for one or two persons; southern front, overlooking campus, $7, $8 weekly; eastern front, $7, $8; rear room with three windows, $6, $7; southern front (at 519), with kitchen privilege, $7.50; single room, southern front, $5; single rooms, rear, $4.50, $4; showers; parlors; room for dancing week days and evenings; board strictly optional, at cost, in co-operative dining room; Broadway subway, elevated, Riverside bus. Chaperons: at 501, Mrs. Young and Mrs. von Siller, telephone Morningside 4886; at 519, Mrs. King and Miss Williams telephone Morningside 8790.

121ST, 523 WEST.—Double room, nicely furnished; exclusive use, well-equipped kitchen. Apt. 41.

123D, 524 WEST.—Large front bedroom, piano, clean, cheerful; $6; another with lavatory, $4. Kitchen if desired. Jedel.

136TH, 610 WEST.—Homelike room, southern exposure, very reasonable; Sunday breakfast. Apartment 5.

139TH, 520 WEST.—Gentleman, large, quiet, light, warm rooms, well furnished, adjoining bath; convenient B'way subway. Apt. 56.

143D, 561 WEST (Corner Broadway.)—Newly decorated room; business gentleman; references. Apartment 65.

143D, 527 WEST.—Bedroom and sitting room, or will divide modern apartment. Mendoza.

143D, 501 WEST.—2 front rooms, adjoining bath, southern exposure. Apt. 27.

150TH, 600 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, facing Broadway; use of kitchen; subway entrance.

183D, 553 WEST.—For rent, two beautifully furnished bedrooms, with private bath, telephone; all conveniences; reasonable, 181st St. subway.

302 West 22d St.
Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly, rooms for two, $3.50 weekly each.

ATTRACTIVE front room in high-class apartment on Riverside Drive, near 116th, for refined single gentlemen. Telephone Morningside 4120

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Newly furnished rooms, en suite, cozy and attractive; all conveniences. Fryer.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 90. — Attractive room or suite; exclusive home. 5J.

ONE or two rooms, bath, electricity, piano, suitable two gentlemen or couple; vicinity of City College. A. C., 56 Times.

PHONE MARTIN, Times Building, 3233 Bryant; choice inspected rooms, suites; any section.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (corner 80th.)—Magnificently furnished suite of 2 large rooms with bath, steam heat; private house service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 548.—Well-appointed large and small rooms; all conveniences; private family; elevator. Apartment 3D.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910.—Apt. 7-F; beautiful room overlooking Hudson; new elevator apartment; private family; gentlemen.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Outside, warm, sunny room; elevator, electricity; business girl; $5.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 432, (116th St.)—Room of highest type; refined; references. Apt. 41. Kelley.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 285.—Private family, elevator; no other roomers. Apartment 83.

Unusually attractive, small room and bath, for business lady; $8 weekly. Schuyler 7687.

WEST END AV., 896, (105.)—Large room; private bath; $11; twin beds; private.

WEST END AV., 936, (Subway, 103d.)—Spacious corner room; conveniences; refined home; gentlemen. Apartment 5 west.

Brooklyn.

A NICE ROOM, electricity, business man preferred; private family, exclusive neighborhood, walking distance of subway. Telephone 333 Prospect.

HEIGHTS, (143 Willow St.)—Unusually attractive rooms, private residence; conveniences; subway. Main 2011.

LAFAYETTE AV., 86, (Near South Portland,) Brooklyn.—Alcove room; also hall room.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Wanted, by bachelor, one large or two small furnished rooms with bath, vicinity Washington Square or West 72d St.; state location, how heated, lighted, and price. Permanent, R 51 Times.

Refined Japanese gentleman wants comfortable room, private American family, to improve his English; state full particulars. R 48 Times.

Young man, Jewish, desires sunny outside room, west side, below 110th, refined private family; breakfast optional. F 188 Times.

Wanted.—Room in small homelike apartment; please give full particulars. S 101 Times.

ROOMS LISTED, $2; 20-30 calls daily. Phone Martin, Times Bldg., 3233 Bryant.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

56TH, 58 EAST.—Very desirable, large, small rooms; excellent food; families, gentlemen.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly up.

West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms; excellent board; all improvements.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; steam; unexcelled board.

5TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity, switchboard; refined service.

53D, 57 WEST.—Attractive, sunny double room, second floor; reasonable; references.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Large and small rooms; table guests.

57TH, 351 WEST.—First-class large, small; excellent table; electricity; telephone.

58TH, 37 WEST. — Attractive large, small rooms, private baths; parlor dining; excellent table.

59TH ST., 41, 43, 45 WEST—Elevator.
MADISON ARMS.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Suit particular people, large room, steam heat, private bath, electric light, Southern cooking; also smaller room.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6890.

72D, 314 WEST, (Riverside.)—Pleasant home accommodations with American family; table personally supervised.

72D, 122 WEST.—Well heated double, single rooms, private bath; fine table.

72D, 147 WEST. — Attractively furnished rooms, with private baths; also table guests.

73D, 181 WEST, (Broadway.)—Desirable warm room, running water, American family; subway.

75TH, 234 WEST, ("The Hurlburt.")—Large sunny room; steam heat; bath adjoining.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

73D, 302 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private baths; exclusive location; references.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select accommodation, steam, electricity, modern furnished double, single rooms; private bath; cleanliness; best home table.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny room; bath adjoining; steam; excellent cuisine; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

79TH, 121 WEST.
Single room, with board.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Medium, sunny, also small room; electricity; board optional; reference.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; private baths; excellent cuisine; phone.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 128-130 WEST.—Very desirable, large room, private bath, with board.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms, southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

86TH, 139 WEST.—Two attractive single rooms; electricity; excellent table; references required.

86TH, 174 WEST.—Comfortable room; electricity; good meals; also beautiful back parlor.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Attractive double front rooms, splendid location, excellent table; homelike.

86TH, 114 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, excellent cooking; elevated and subway station.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive, large room, private bath; other rooms; conveniences; excellent table.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Very desirable double and single rooms, with adjoining bath, for 2, 3, or 4 people; newly furnished; refined Jewish family; excellent table; reasonable rates. Tel. Riverside 6926.

91ST, 153 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, suitable two; private house; all conveniences.

92D, 60 WEST.—Beautiful large, small rooms, suites; thoroughly renovated; new management; private baths; conveniences; Southern cooking; table board.

93D ST., (676 West End Av.)—Large front room; running water; electricity; excellent environment; suitable two gentlemen or married couple; beautifully furnished; home cooking.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms, bath; modern private home; best table.

102D, 248 WEST.—Refined home, twin beds, private baths; subway; French is spoken.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Unusually large room, private bath, suitable for 2 or 3 people; service and surroundings unequalled.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-B'way.)—Luxurious; private residence offers large suite; 2 rooms, bath; really exceptional table; every convenience; beautifully furnished; moderate terms.

126TH, 162 WEST.—Suite, single, private baths; steam heat, telephone; excellent cuisine.

ELEGANT DOUBLE ROOM, ONE SMALLER, BATH; REFINED PRIVATE HOUSE. PHONE SCHUYLER 2622.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables.
Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness.
Social Parlors, Smoking Rooms, Comforts.
Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV.,
174 West 126th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking, convenient.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Large, sunny rooms; excellent table; house thoroughly appointed; references.

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New York City.

EDGEHILL INN,
SPUYTEN DUYVIL ON THE HUDSON.
All-year-round home for few guests; beautifully situated, combining country charm and city comfort; transit facilities, subway and New York Central. Address Miss Mary Huntington.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

Long Island.

Forest Hills.—Large and small rooms, desirable surroundings, business people; breakfast if desired. Forest Hills 6770.

New York State.

ADIRONDACKS.
Can accommodate people of refinement, four adults, in modern private cottage, on lake; 1,500 feet el., near station; electricity; sun parlor; family cuisine; milk, cream, eggs, from farm; Winter sports; $28 per week; references. Mountain View House, Mt. View, N. Y. (Franklin Co.)

At Highland, N. Y., a widowed lady, owner of high and beautifully located new home with all modern comforts, will take one or two semi-invalids in board at reasonable rate. Address Mrs. Mae Van Wagner, Highland, N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK 1916 SEDAN,
beautiful seven-passenger, like new, with extra Summer top; full electric equipment; condition guaranteed; sacrifice for quick sale. 150 West 55th.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET.
Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK TOURING, LIKE NEW 1917.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916; exceptionally fine mechanical condition; good shoes; ready for immediate use.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

CADILLAC 1913 7-passenger touring car; in exceptionally fine mechanical condition.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

Cadillac 1917 Convertible Sedan; 3,900 miles.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CHALMERS 1917 7-pass. touring. Bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CHALMERS 1916, five-passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

CHEVROLET 1916 TOURING CAR,
model Baby Grand; good condition; good shoes; looks like new.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

DELAUNAY Belleville brougham, 6 cylinder, 19 h. p.; beautiful, ideal town car; newly painted; perfect condition; electric lights, &c.; bargain. Bord, 114 West 50th St.

DODGE BROTHERS runabout and touring cars. We are offering some exceptionally good Dodge Brothers used cars this week.
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1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

FIAT limousine, handsomely appointed; good condition; new tires; cost $5,000; price $700. 31 West 94th. Riverside 3744.

FIAT Baby Limousine Town Car.—Nice condition; make offer. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

FIAT, 55-h. p., 1915 limousine; touring body; A1 shape. Telephone Columbus 8931.

FORD touring car, fully equipped, plenty extras, $260; a five-passenger Maxwell touring, $225; also Overland touring, self-starter, price $275; a Hudson 6-cylinder touring, self-starter, big bargain, $325; a 5-passenger Pope Hartford touring, self-starter, $360. Can be seen. Eastern Brewery, 205 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 3484 Stagg.

FORD touring car, 1917, in excellent shape; quick sale. Telephone Columbus 8931.

HUDSON super-six 1917, 7-passenger touring car, must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Co., Broadway, at 70th St.

HUDSON Super Six Sedan like new. Auto Electric Service, 245 West 55th.

HUDSON 1917 Super-Six Special Speedster. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE Sedan; 6,000 miles; 1917 late. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

KING, 8 cylinder; a roadster Hudson, slightly burned; can be seen all day Monday only. Phenix Garage, 329 East 125th St. Phone Harlem 4173.

KISSEL 1917 SEDAN.
Seats five inside; looks like new; electric self-starter, lights; condition guaranteed. 150 West 55th St.

LANCIA Raceabout. — Late model; very snappy; $650. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

LIMOUSINE BODY.—Latest model; almost new; fits any standard car; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

MACK, 5-ton dumper, 1915; just overhauled; will sell cheap. Columbus 8931.

MARMON landaulet, 1917, cost $4,600; has run in town about 4,000 miles; new steering knuckles have been adjusted; has been entirely overhauled and put in perfect order. Inquire Miss Mabel Choate, 8 East 63d St. Telephone Plaza 5259.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger limousine; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917, seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St.

MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

MAXWELL 1917 touring car; A1 mechanical condition; paint in first-class condition.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, Inc.,
1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

MERCEDES, 1914 MODEL.
Beautiful touring car, in perfect condition; cost $8,300; cheap for cash. Phone owner for demonstration, Columbus 8599, or call 1,920 Broadway, Room 600; real bargain.

MERCER raceabout, 1914; self-starter; wonderful condition. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

MERCER 1917 Sporting 4-Pass.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

NATIONAL twin six Clover Leaf, practically new; half price. 20th Century, 1,700 B'way.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 Four-Cylinder Model 43 Landaulet Town Car.—Like new; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

OLDSMOBILE 1916, COUPE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

OVERLANDS, WILLYS KNIGHTS.
OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED CARS.
SOLD BY THE MANUFACTURER.
ALL MODELS, CLOSED AND OPEN.
Priced exceptionally low for quick sales.
Also some good bargains in other makes.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway and 50th St. Open evenings.
Write for Used Car Bulletin.

OWEN Magnetic 1917 brougham-landaulet; like new. H. H., 80 Times.

PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Limousine.—Also landaulet car, 2-38; very good condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

PACKARD 1915 "3-38" limousine, newly painted, excellent condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Runabout, 5-48. —Finest condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

PACKARD Limousine, in good condition; will sacrifice my car for $500 cash. Call Audubon 8041. Apt. 31.

PACKARD, 2-38, landaulet and touring bodies; reasonable. Wilmarth, 15 West 60th St. Columbus 8030.

PEERLESS TOURING, $875.
Luxurious seven-passenger, like new; modern equipment, self-starter; cost $5,000. Holmes, 305 West 79th St., near Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW "38" Limousine.—Electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW Limousine also Landaulet and Touring; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

RENAULT, 20-30, limousine car in beautiful condition; will sell for $500; can be seen at O'Donohoe's, 224 West 57th.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916.
Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

REO 1916 TOURING; DRIVEN 5,000 MILES; general appearance like new.
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1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Telephone Decatur 4004.

ROLLS ROYCE Touring, also Cantilever Spring Landaulet; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, four-passenger roadster, $750. Brenner, 1,776 Broadway. 351 Columbus.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1916 ROADSTER.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

SCRIPPS 1917 Coupe; like new; bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SEDAN.—Embargo has prevented shipment abroad of brand-new 7-passenger sedan, made by well-known motor car manufacturer; this car can be bought at $600 under present list from manufacturer with usual guarantee. Address X 376 Times Annex.

S. G. V. COUPE AND BROUGHAM.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

STEARNS-KNIGHT brougham landaulet; "8 cylinder" 1916 model, with all 1917 improvements installed; imported linings, bronze fixtures and vanity cases, Circassian walnut paneling; interior renovated; newly painted royal blue and black; has the appearance of a new car; sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE. Stearns Used Car Department, (J. H. Driscoll, Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Has been used so little, can't be told from new; full electric equipment; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

STEARNS 1916 8-cylinder limousine, landaulet; newly painted; reasonable. J 8 Times.

STUDEBAKER 1917 7-passenger touring; detachable all-glass Winter top; run less than 5,000 miles; $750. J 50 Times.

STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1915 H. C. S. SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1916 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars. Limousine bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

WINTON limousine, very fine condition throughout. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Brougham Sedan.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
HUDSON LIMOUSINE.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 REO "6" SEDAN.
1917 BUICK TOURING.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1917 BUICK ROADSTER.
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "6" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

"RIGHT PRICES."
1917 CADILLAC "8" Seven-Passenger.
1917 HUDSON Super-Six Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Runabout.
1916 LEXINGTON Seven-Passenger Touring.
1916 CHANDLER Touring, Model 17.
1916 CADILLAC Touring; very extra.
1916 OVERLAND 83B Touring.
1916 REO Seven-Passenger.
1916 REO Three-Passenger Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Touring; exceptional.
1916 NATIONAL Seven-Passenger.
1915 CADILLAC Brougham Town Car.
1914 PACKARD 3-48 Seven-Passenger.
DAILY ARRIVALS. TRADES CONSIDERED. TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
Open evenings and Sundays till 1 P. M.
All cars open to mechanical inspection and demonstration a tany time.
THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
Appraisers to the Trade,
1,077 Atlantic Av., Cor. Franklin Av.,
BROOKLYN.

BARGAINS FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.
JORDAN 7-passenger, mechanically perfect, complete equipment.
PAIGE 5-passenger touring car; just repainted; electric starter and lights.
CARL H. PAGE & COMPANY,
1,895 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

1916 7-pass. touring, 8-cyl., Model 53; this car has been overhauled and repainted; 1917 Cadillac, blue with red wheels; will give excellent service; the price will surprise you.
DETROIT-CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO.,
536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

BROUGHAM TOWN CAR, 1917, six-cylinder, Continental motor, wire wheels; newly painted and overhauled; guaranteed same as new car; finely appointed; worth special attention. Call at Lexington Used Car Department, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor. Circle 1872.

AUTOMOBILE Painting, Trimming; all kinds of repairing, such as body remodeling and remounting, making demountable tops; best prices and workmanship. American Auto Painting and Trimming Co., 551 West 52d St. Columbus 9307.

"WHITE" USED CARS,
Also other well-known makes touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., M. R. Greene, Mgr.

BODY FOR LIMOUSINE.—Will fit a Stearns or any standard chassis. ELITE 136 West 52d St. Circle 6118.

Automobiles Wanted.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC Limousine for hire; bargain rates; excellent service; anywhere. Telephone 6501 Morningside.

CADILLAC limousine, very stylish, hourly; monthly preferred; very reasonable. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

CLASSY limousine, 1917, $2.50 hourly, visiting, shopping; experienced chauffeur. Nolan, Bryant 3916.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3539 Bryant.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARDS. — Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD, absolutely new limousine, latest model, $2.50 per hour, or week-month, any reasonable price. Telephone 3071 Bryant.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD limousine sixes, brougham styles, shopping, $2.50; monthly, $350. Telephone 158 Plaza.

PACKARD Landaulette for rent, any way you desire. Phone "Micker," Columbus 2239.

PACKARD, 1916, 1917, beautiful landaulet, limousines; trip, hour, monthly. Wilmarth. Columbus 8030.

PACKARD limousine, beautiful late model, rent weekly-monthly; make offer. 2988 Bryant.

PIERCE-ARROW, PACKARD — limousine, splendid shape, late models; $2.50 hourly. Circle 4215.

REO touring, 1914, without driver, month, season, to reliable party. F 446 Times Annex.

TRUCKS for rent during Winter months; two Pierce-Arrow 5-ton. S 100 Times.

Motor Trucks.

PACKARD 2-ton trucks, with 12-foot express bodies, for sale; good condition and terms to responsible buyers. Interborough Transfer Company, 406 West 45th St. Bryant 8930.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

DEAD STORAGE for automobiles and bodies; rates reasonable. Ansonia Storage Warehouse, 137 West 99th St.

DEAD STORAGE.—AUTOMOBILES. 310-312 WEST 143D ST. AUDUBON 3575.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, five years' experience, desires connection with reliable house, controlling accounts, trial balance, charge entire office; reliable, efficient; $20. G., 173 Dawson St.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, (22,) capable of assuming charge; four years' experience; references; financial statements. ($22.) L. G., 201 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, competent taking full charge trial balance, controlling account. Gulden, 360 West 122d St.

DRESSMAKER; $4 day; perfect cut and fit; quick worker; no lunch. Phone Martin, 2,652 St. Nicholas Av.

GOVERNESS.—Young woman of refinement and education wishes position as tutor or governess with a family going South for the Winter; references exchanged. Y 203 Times Annex.

GOVERNESS, teaches German and English kindergarten, physical care and culture, wishes morning engagements. Write Miss Frisch, 1,320 3d Av. Telephone 1-6 P. M., Rhinelander 9415.

GOVERNESS, French, wants situation with one or two children; experienced; very good seamstress; references. Melle E. M., 316 West End Av., N. Y. C.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined person as housekeeper, for one or two gentlemen; good economical cook. Care E. Kretschner, 9 West 65th St.

HOUSEKEEPER, companion, good, plain cook, for small family, apartment; salary $45. Care Ganz Store, 255 West 116th St.

NURSE.—Experienced baby nurse with hospital training. Call Monday at former employer's, 150 West 79th St., 9th floor west, between 10 and 1.

PRIVATE SECRETARY desires position; efficiency, tact, personality, character; highest credentials. Miss Grosse, Plaza 7670. S 57 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — On account of dull business I wish to secure a position for my secretary, whom I can highly recommend. Tel. Rhinelander 5003.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—American, six years' commercial, four years' medical experience; assistant bookkeeper, capable, conscientious, conversant with office details, executive ability, refined; $20-$25. S 99 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent; general office work; assistant bookkeeper; 7 years' experience; $15; excellent references. E. L. C., 189 Macon St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience, rapid, accurate, desires connection with reliable concern; references; salary, $18. W 386 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; neat, accurate; moderate salary. W 391 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; rapid worker; American; references; $12. P 342 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' practical experience, conscientious, reliable; reference; $15. W 350 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experience, high school graduate; excellent reference; $15. M. B. Alexander, 471 East 140th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; experienced; knowledge of bookkeeping; $12. W 348 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND DICTAPHONE OPERATOR; first-class experience; references. P 363 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY; expert law; 7 years' experience; best references; $22-$25. P 322 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, college graduate, 8 years' experience, $18. Telephone 2896 Morningside. Apt. 22.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, experienced; operate switchboard; salary $12. B. G., 132 West 112th St.

TEACHER, college graduate; public school methods, all branches; coaching. Expert, Times Harlem.

TUTOR, graduate, English subjects, Latin, French; school, college preparation. Phone 3679 Bryant.

YOUNG LADY, college graduate and art student, wishes employment as artistic letterer and designer. W 363 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

COOKS, Waitresses, Chambermaids, Nurses, Houseworkers. — Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

BERTA CARLSON SWEDISH AGENCY.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9463.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, office manager, 29; exempt; lately manager of accounting department; knowledge foreign exchange; ledger card systems; handling help; good correspondent, systematizer, organizer; not ordinary plugger; salary, $2,500. P 355 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 104. Cortlandt 6888.

ACCOUNTANT — Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER.
Thoroughly experienced, American born, married, 30, exempt, desires position with reputable concern. R 34 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, public; experienced; $40 week; age 31. R 204 Times Downtown.

ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATOR and experienced filing specialist, desires connection with progressive concern; salary $18. J 139 Times.

AMERICAN, 25(energetic, aggressive desires employment; good education, excellent references; exempt from service. A 218 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECT wishes to offer his services on part time; also have drafting room facilities. C. V., 245 Times Downtown.

AUDITOR, ACCOUNTANT.—Solicits accounting and auditing; all branches. Mahar & Co., Suite 626, 18 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, office manager; complete charge; trial balance; knowledge stenography; 7 years' experience; highest credentials; $25. W 234 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—American, thoroughly competent to take entire charge double entry set books; trial balances; yearly statements; best references. Lutz, 66 Irving Place.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, (19,) desires bookkeeping position, practical experience, knowledge of shorthand and typewriting. J 135 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; trial balance; controlling accounts; wants to take charge books small firm; $15. Mark Atkin, 316 East 5th.

BOOKKEEPER, (24,) experienced controlling account, trial balance; references; moderate salary. V 314 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced, university training; monthly statement made. Simon Bornstein, 606 6th St.

BOOKKEEPER, pursuing accounting course, wishes position. W 272 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CASHIER and all-around office man; exempt from military service; six years' experience. Leon Linsen, 314 7th St., Jersey City, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman, giving up car for Winter, wishes to place his chauffeur, whom he can highly recommend; excellent driver; mechanic; always prompt and willing. Apply present employer, G. A. Crocker, Jr., 30 East 42d.

CHAUFFEUR, American, 35; 10 years' experience, driving Packard, Cadillac, Pierce-Arrow; careful driver, mechanic; prompt, trustworthy; best references. Thomas, 34 West 61st St. Columbus 5335.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway, Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR, &c.—Swedish couple, man mechanical chauffeur, woman, cook and housework; city or country. 30 Mechanic, New Rochelle. Phone 2203.

CHAUFFEUR, 31, married, experienced driver and mechanic, sober, willing, wishes position, private family; references. Rosh, 241 East 86th.

CHAUFFEUR, American, 30, 4 years' experience; good mechanic, driver; good references. Muller, 56 West 93d St. Riverside 1830-J.

CHAUFFEUR, 37, married; 16 years' experience; expert driver, mechanic; excellent references. Man, 56 West 93d. Riverside 1830-J.

CHAUFFEUR, MECHANIC.
Married man; 5 years last position; best references. C. Caponet, 15 West 63d St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single; 7 years' experience foreign, American cars; temperate. Gillis, 227 East 72d. Telephone Rhinelander 3259.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, (28,) married, competent, reliable; A1 references. Tel. 2745 Rhinelander.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, competent; useful; single; anywhere; wages $60; bond; reference. F 191 Times.

EX-FEDERAL food-drug inspector, State factory inspector, lawyer, salesman, speaking modern languages, seeks connection, domestic or foreign, requiring education, investigating, analytical ability. P 304 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, EXECUTIVE, seeks position of responsibility in concern which is looking for an effective associate with absolutely clean record; in present position of trust 12 years; wants larger field; American; 33; familiar with modern accounting, corporation and tax laws; graduate N. Y. University, L.L. M.; salary, $3,500. L 448 Times.

RESIDENT BUYER, thoroughly posted, all lines merchandise, desires position resident buyer's office; references. K 232 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, looking for untrimmed and readyto-wear straw line for Spring, can sell output of medium-size factory; no drawing or traveling expense required; can furnish references. Address Box 94, Room 209, 621 Broadway.

SALESMAN, 27, 8 years' experience in dry goods, calling on department stores, jobbers, retailers; presently employed; open for good proposition with established concern, where big results will count. P 116 Times.

SALESMAN open for a strong line of middies' sweaters or popular-priced children's colored dresses; have a large office. Aarons, 1,270 Broadway.

SALES MANAGER of exceptional ability to produce big business for manufacturer of women's wearing apparel wishes to change position; salary and commission. S 37 Times.

SALESMAN.—Seeks position to represent a manufacturer or wholesale house. F 187 Times.

SPLENDID office man, good address, desires connection with reliable concern where merit offers opportunity for the road; unquestionable reference. E. F., 1,149 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, expert, wishes part time position. For further particulars address P. Sharron, 646 Hopkinson Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Evening work by expert stenographer, typewriter, correspondent, general office man. P 140 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and general office assistant, competent, at present employed, seeks position where strict application to duties will insure promotion. S 89 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, energetic and willing, with college education, desires position with wholesale concern; references gladly submitted; moderate salary. L Bweigel, 1,358 Brook Av.

YOUNG MAN, 19, experienced in details of office routine, typist, knowledge of stenography, desires opening with real opportunity; financial house preferred. R 49 Times.

YOUNG MAN, recently returned from France, college education, selling and executive ability, desires connections; interviews solicited. G 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, exempt, large experience, stock, shipping, sales, desirous learning well-paying trade; thoroughly adaptable; references. W 302 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, dissatisfied with present employer, desires connection large auditing department; possesses knowledge of accounting routine. F 135 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) capable, experienced typist, seeks responsible position; credentials. R 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 32, desires clerical or other position; good at figures, penmanship and tools. Grim, 253 East 74th.

YOUNG MAN, 21, college education, desires responsible position, anything. W 330 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, student of Spanish, desires good position; excellent references. W 357 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires clerical or other position, with advancement. W 396 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position mercantile house with chance for advancement; best of reference. Address S. S., 829 East 167th St.

YOUNG MAN, 21; 3 years' experience stock, shipping clerk; $16; reference. P 320 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) 3 years' office experience; high school education. W 307 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

AUDITOR.—Experienced in restaurant work; give particulars in answer. R 50 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.
Quick and accurate at figures; capable of rendering trial balance promptly; opportunity for advancement; salary to start $15; state full particulars. R 46 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Competent double entry, experienced, to take full charge of office, monthly trial balance; write, stating salary and experience, references. T 116 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPEWRITER, for real estate office; one with experience, living in Bronx preferred. Address Box S., 3,013 3d Av.

CHAMBERMAID. — Lady wishes French chambermaid, willing to help nurse with children; do sewing; obliging person much appreciated. Mrs. L. B. Dick, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia.

CLERK.—Woman for figuring, estimating, tabulating, and keeping record; essentials, accuracy, rapidity, and neatness of work. G 228 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER ON LADIES' NECKWEAR; STEADY POSITION AND GOOD SALARY. NEUHAUS & MEYERS, 97 5TH AV.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, French, or stenographer willing to learn the dictaphone; knowledge of English desirable, but not absolutely essential. G 229 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, Spanish, or stenographer willing to learn the dictaphone; knowledge of English desirable, but not absolutely essential. G 230 Times Downtown.

FITTER WANTED IN PRIVATE DRESSMAKING ESTABLISMMENT TO TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE OF WORKROOM; ANSWER GIVING REFERENCE AND SALARY. J 134 TIMES.

GIRL, 16 YEARS OR OVER, AS ASSISTANT IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS CONCERN. K 216 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GIRLS, familiar with printing, wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., at their Bronx plant.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl for general housework; basement floor only. Address or call 146 West 70th St.

KNITTERS. — Experienced sweater makers wanted at once. Write Y 215 Times Annex.

NURSE.—Reliable person to mind boy (9 years) three evenings a week. Apply 9 to 1, Baum, 1,295 Madison Av.

SALESLADIES.—Experienced, waists, house dresses. Frank's Department Store, 87th St., 3d Av.

SALESWOMAN.—Experienced, active, intelligent, about 35, for new publication; leads furnished; salary, commission, and car fare. Call Monday, Evan Coslett, 44 East 23d St. Room 1017.

STENOGRAPHERS who read and like "Every Week" can easily earn extra Christmas money for a few lunch-hour moments. We will pay you $20 commission for securing only 25 members in well-known reading club. You collect nothing. Write for particulars, O. R. Leeds, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—With knowledge typewriting; salary to start, $8. F 186 Times.

TYPEWRITER.—For billing department of wholesale grocery house; state salary. P 288 Times Downtown.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER on a gentleman's place in the country; good cook; one who would appreciate kindness and a good home rather than high wages; two in family and one gardener; might consider Japanese houseman or Filipino boy; state wages expected. Address, for three days, X 363 Times Annex.

YOUNG GIRLS to inclose circulars; experience not necessary. Review of Reviews, 30 Irving Place.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

THE STANDARD COMMERCIAL BUREAU, an agency for worthwhile business girls seeking positions with worthwhile uptown and downtown firms. 185 Madison Av., at 34th St. Miss Shelley, Prop. No registration fee—just a standard.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPISTS, switchboard, clerical; excellent opportunities; call immediately. Lang Agency, 120 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS. — High class; excellent positions; law, export, commercial; typists. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers.—Numerous desirable positions; register free. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th St.

Instruction.

PRIVATE SECRETARY COURSE,
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES. — Three months' course; students on probation. 33 West 42d St.; New York. V. M. Wheat.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES. Instruction in day and evening classes. NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, Singer Building, New York.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT for South America; knowledge Spanish, banking and general commercial knowledge; good salary; Spanish stenographer, $20 weekly; asst. bookkeeper, knowledge Spanish, $15; invoice clerk, knowledge Spanish, $15; office boys, $9-$10; draftsman for carwork. Beers Agency, Flatiron Bldg.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors and assistant seniors, by firm of C. P. A.s; state age and nationality; experienced. J 392 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN.
Man with extensive experience in classified advtg.; only one who has made good and can show record need apply; salary and commission. Apply after 4 P. M., Leon M. Dick, 47 West 34th.

BOOKKEEPER capable of taking charge of entire set of books and to act as assistant to auditor; state age, experience, and salary desired. P 332 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—In card and paper store, with opportunity to become useful in salesroom. G 237 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—In builders' office; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

BOYS.
Must be 16, for mail and messenger service; $7 to start; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th.

BOYS WANTED.
Large corporation requires services of a number of boys to begin at the bottom and work up; excellent opportunities for the right kind of boys; experience not essential; high school graduates preferred. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, nationality, experience, if any, and salary desired, J 383 Times Downtown.

BOYS wanted; a large concern dealing in iron and steel products have several openings for boys between 16 and 19 years of age; excellent opportunity to learn the steel business and work up in old established house, experience unnecessary, but only boys with good school records considered; high school graduates preferred; state age, education, give references. J 391 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in publisher's office for shipping and mailing department; salary to begin, $8 a week; state previous business experience, if any. Address Opportunity, Box 654, P. O., New York City.

BOY about 16 or 17 years of age for downtown insurance office; no experience necessary, but must have good education; salary $8 week start; mention age, religion and education. A 221 Times Downtown.

BOY, high school or equivalent education preferred but not essential; splendid opportunity for advancement in large manufacturing concern; state age, salary, and education. Y 214 Times Annex.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE AND EDUCATION. K 217 TIMES DOWNTOWN

BOY who wants a chance to learn business of growing importance; write, stating age, education, salary expected. W 371 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for downtown office. W 395 Times Downtown.

BOY, in manufacturer's office; one living in Brooklyn. P 381 Times Downtown.

BUYERS Wanted.—Two young men wanted, housefurnishings, toys, and rugs; drapery buyers for large popular price department store; must be live wires, and only experienced buyers or head assistants to a big house; furnishing or rug buyer will be considered; others need not apply; big opportunity; permanent positions to right men. Call today, Mr. Weisberger, Martinique Hotel.

BUYER, seller, and correspondent wanted by chemical works in their office; must have many years' experience in technical chemicals; give particulars, including salary and commission expected. John C. Wiarda & Co., 273 Green St., Brooklyn. Residence, 875 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

CARPENTER FOREMAN.—On new buildings; state experience and salary expected, F 190 Times.

CITY SALESMAN, in card and paper store; must be experienced in the line. G 238 Times Downtown.

CLERK. — Sturdy young man to work in stock room large manufacturing organization; state age, experience, and salary received in last position. X 371 Times Annex.

CLERKS OF WORKS.—On new buildings; state experience, salary expected. F 190 Times.

COLLECTORS.—We have two vacancies for installment collectors; salary $2.25 per day to start. If you want a permanent position with a good concern for advancement call between 10 and 12 A. M., 3 West 29th St., Room 801.

COTTON BUYER.—Competent; one who knows European markets preferred; state full particulars, experience, and positions held. K 203 Times Downtown.

DESIGNERS AND DRAFTSMEN, FAMILIAR WITH REINFORCED CONCRETE AND STRUCURAL STEEL DESIGNS OF INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. ROOM 210, 217 BROADWAY. AUSTIN CO.

DIE MAKERS.—Several strictly high-grade die makers for special work; 48-hour week; high rates to good men; state age and experience by letter only. K 228 Times Downtown.

DRAUGHTSMEN.
HIGH-CLASS MEN EXPERIENCED IN THE DESIGNING AND DRAUGHTING OF SMALL MACHINES AND APPARATUS; STEADY POSITION AND EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT ALONG ENGINEERING LINES. CALL OR WRITE, WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., NEAR WEST ST., SIX BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH ST.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to productions of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. A. S. S., 126 Times.

DRAFTSMAN,
mechanical designer, detailer on light automatic machinery; state age, experience, education, nationality, and salary expected. J 69 Times.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

EDITOR.—Marine newspaper seeks editor versed in history and traditions of the American merchant marine and a practical newspaper man; good opportunity; give experience, references and salary expected. G 234 Times Downtown.

FRENCHMAN, (31,) with good business and social connections, experience and prestige; honorably discharged after active service, returning to France on business voyage, would undertake any industrial or commercial mission; references; for interview write to Grange, 114 Times.

GENERAL EXPORT CLERK.—Man with sufficient export experience to be thoroughly competent in general export matters, cable quotations, figuring c. i. f. prices, interpreting customer's wants, &c. G 231 Times Downtown.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, industrious and competent, for bulb blowing and stem making; right men can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $50 a week; Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

INSPECTOR.—Compensation insurance inspector acquainted with New York Rating Board requirements; state salary expected. P 138 Times.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ANY ONE knowing the address of Herman Zimmerman, chauffeur, formerly of Chicago, please communicate with X 327 Times Annex.

FRANK: Telephone me at once. Virginia seriously sick.—WILL.

HELP WANTED—Male.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY during after hours. We teach you free the art of salesmanship of investment securities; highest pay of any salesmen in world is attained by investment salesmen of ability; salesmanship lessons and lectures given twice weekly, Wednesdays and Saturdays, 7:30 to 9 P. M.; only applicants meeting our requirements as to character and standing need apply. O. E. Chaney & Co., Mills Building, 35 Wall St., New York, N. Y.

INTERVIEWER, not over 30 years of age, for employment department, who has had practical experience interviewing mechanics and female help; must be American citizen and live wire. Address Employment Department, Terminal Bldg. D, 15th St., Hoboken, N. J.

JOURNEYMAN ELECTRICIANS WANTED. The Electrical Contractors Corporation, Waterbury, Conn.

MACHINISTS wanted; first-class machinists on accurate work for U. S.; eight-hour shifts at standard wages in new, comfortable shops. The Liberty Ordnance Company, Bridgeport, Conn.

MATERIAL CLERKS.—On new buildings; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN WANTED.—SEVERAL DESIGNERS AND FIRST-CLASS DRAFTSMEN ON GENERAL MACHINERY, ROLLING MILL MACHINERY INCLUDED; NONE BUT EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE IN FULL, AND SALARY EXPECTED; ALSO GIVE REFERENCES. TREADWELL ENGINEERING CO., EASTON, PENN.

MEN.—Wanted, for guard duty, men with military or similar experience preferred, between the ages of 21 and 45, who can furnish highest references from employers; salary $75 per month to start; furnished quarters, fuel, and light free; men may transfer into production after three months satisfactory service on the guard. Write for application blank to H. H. Alcock, New England Westinghouse Co., Chicopee Falls, Mass.

NEWSPAPER MAN.—Experienced, capable of taking full charge weekly publication, organization of news service, the reporting of specialized trade news and business representation; state qualifications, experience, references, and salary. G 235 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Exceptional opportunity for a bright boy, about 17; high school education; permanent position, with chance for advancement. Apply Monday, 3 P. M., 162 William St.

ORDER CLERK and buyer, competent; must be familiar with order and purchasing work and a good correspondent; knowledge of one or two foreign languages, especially Spanish, desirable. G 227 Times Downtown.

PAYROLL AUDITORS.
Large casualty insurance company wants competent payroll auditors; good opportunity; state qualifications, married or single, age, and salary wanted. Address P 341 Times Downtown.

SALES CORRESPONDENT.—Must be experienced and competent in iron and steel mill lines; preference given to man with export experience. G 232 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED. — HUSTLING YOUNG MAN OF GOOD ADDRESS, TO CALL ON PROVISION AND PACKING HOUSE TRADE; MUST BE GOOD MIXER; NO PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; LUCRATIVE, STEADY EMPLOYMENT; SALARY AND COMMISSION; STATE QUALIFICATIONS, PAST RECORD AND AGE; REMUNERATIVE. W 284 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—We want men whose salesmanship ability will qualify them for promotion in the various branches of our organization; if you are a man of character and education and believe you can help us organize a productive and permanent sales force, call and see us; all possible co-operation given; commission basis. J. S. Thomas, West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESMEN.—A corporation unquestionably at the head in its particular field need capable men to carry out an aggressive Winter campaign; must be men of mature age, absolute integrity, and come well recommended; all possible co-operation given; leads and transportation furnished; drawing account against commission. E. K., 59 Times.

SALESMAN FOR LARGE REPUTABLE HOUSE, MANUFACTURING EXPENSIVE LEATHER GOODS LINE; DESIRES REPRESENTATION FROM CHICAGO TO PACIFIC COAST; EXPERIENCED ONLY; COMMISSION BASIS; CONFIDENTIAL. J 137 TIMES.

SALESMAN,
EXPERIENCED, TO SELL FANCY FEATHERS OF THE BETTER KIND, WHO HAS SOLD FIFTH AV. AND HIGH-CLASS DEPARTMENT STORES; GOOD SALARY; STATE EXPERIENCE; LETTERS ONLY. V. U., 133 EAST 17TH ST.

Salesmen wanted to carry about a dozen snappy numbers of children's dresses as a side line; only those acquainted with department store buyers considered; strictly commission basis of 10 per cent. H. J. Bloomer, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

SALESMEN Wanted with good following and long experience for the following territories: Far West, the Coast, and Southern States, to carry an up-to-date line of shirts; commission basis; must be well recommended. J 393 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—City, vicinity; popular line ladies' muslin drawers, bloomers; side line; one who has following among department stores and large retail trade; commission. P 298 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—We have an opening for three energetic men accustomed to earning big money; something absolutely new. Call 9 to 10:30 and after 2; commission. Room 707, 507 5th Av.

SALESMAN for good printing office specializing on export catalogues and publications in foreign languages; previous printing office experience essential; salary or commission. Neumann Brothers, 318 West 39th St.

SALESMAN, city, vicinity, popular line ladies' drawers, bloomers, side line; one who has following among department stores and large retail trade; commission. P 300 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Opportunity with national financial institution for man with large acquaintance among substantial people; salary or commission. Manager, V 271 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—To handle new nine-volume business man's encyclopedia in connection with System the Magazine of Business, on liberal commission. Call 15 Park Row.

SALESMAN.—City, vicinity; popular line men's belts; one who has following among large gent's furnishing trade; commission. P 301 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, city, vicinity, popular line men's belt; one who has following among large gents' furnishing trade; commission. P 302 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, with established trade, wanted by thoroughly experienced executive; salary and have interest in business. R 35 Times.

SALESMEN to sell high-class jewelry to haberdashers outside New York; commission. X 356 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Retail dry goods store; must understand window dressing. Lieber, 509 2d Av.

SECRETARY WANTED.

He must be:

ACCOUNTANT	Familiar with accounting principles; able to analyze balance sheets.
STENOGRAPHER	Accurate and speedy.
EDUCATION	College or its equivalent preferred.
EXECUTIVE	Capable of development toward large responsibilities.
FUTURE	Corporate Secretaryship or other important Executive office, as capacity warrants.
AGE	20 to 30; married man preferred.
SALARY	According to ability.

Exceptional opportunity in one of the largest corporations in the country. Address Secretary, Box X 361 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK IN WHOLESALE CLOTHING HOUSE; AGED 32 YEARS OR OVER; PERMANENT; EXPERIENCED; REFERENCES. F 59 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—In builders' office; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

SUPERINTENDENTS.—To construct frame buildings; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

TIMEKEEPERS.—In builders' office; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

TOOLMAKERS.
49-hour week, time and a half for overtime. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Princes Bay, S. I.

UMBRELLA SALESMAN; ONE FAMILIAR WITH HIGH-CLASS TRADE; STATE EXPERIENCE, TERRITORY, AND SALARY EXPECTED; REPRESENTATIVE HOUSE; CORRESPONDENCE CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS W. R., 216 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MEN, (14 to 17.)—Light work; surroundings and opportunities exceptional; permanent; short hours, enabling evening schooling. P 254 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN in builder's office; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—A high pressure area of much magnitude overlies the entire country east of the Rocky Mountains, with its crest over Lake Superior, and cold weather prevails over this area, the line of freezing temperature extending Sunday morning through Central Florida. The weather was generally fair, except for local snows from the lake region eastward. There will be local snows Monday and Tuesday in the lake region and snow or rain Monday night or Tuesday in the Ohio Valley. In the Atlantic and East Gulf States and Tennessee the weather will be generally fair Monday and Tuesday, temperatures will remain low, although somewhat higher on Tuesday in the Atlantic States.

Winds for Monday and Tuesday—North Atlantic and Middle Atlantic, moderate northwest, fair and continued cold.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair, continued cold Monday; Tuesday fair, slightly warmer.

New England—Fair, continued cold Monday and Tuesday.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey—Fair, continued cold Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy, slightly warmer.

Western New York—Cloudy Monday, probably snow flurries near the lakes; Tuesday cloudy, little change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	31	25	4 P. M.	31	22
6 A. M.	39	20	6 P. M.	29	25
9 A. M.	31	23	9 P. M.	28	22
12 M.	35	26	11 P. M.	28	21

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 25; for the corresponding date last year it was 32; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 40. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 22; at 8 P. M. it was 23. Maximum temperature, 30 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 20 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity, 49 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 48 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.05 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.22 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:54|Sun sets..4:32|Moon sets..4:32

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	5:14	5:35	11:45	11:45
Governors Island	5:42	6:06	12:00	12:18
Hell Gate	7:44	6:22	1:42	2:26

Fire Record.

	Loss.
P. M.	
11:55—111 Thompson St.; J. Alate	Slight
A. M.	
12:20—117 E. 118 St.; A. Stitzer	Slight
1:30—Ft. Schuyler Rd. and Appleton Av., Bronx; J. Dunwoodie	Slight
3:55—645 Lexington Av.; M. Hirshberg	Slight
4:30—150 Lafayette St.; G. Wilson	None
8:45—870 Madison Av.; H. Rubenheim	Slight
11:30—243 Stanton St.; J. Rosen	Slight
P. M.	
1:30—508 W. 130 St.; Mr. Schuyler	Slight
1:35—533 8 Av.; Faronto Amusement Co.	$500
1:40—316 W. 42 St.; Anguera Piano Co.	Slight
2:00—137 Varick St.; Garvin Machine Co.	Slight
2:10—632 E. 9 St.; Sadie Magoff	Slight
3:10—413 Willis Av., Bronx; J. Brunt	Slight
4:10—Front of 1,716 Lexington Av.; trolley car; N. Y. Railway Co.	Slight
5:05—354 Cherry St.; State Bank	Slight
5:30—397 St. and Sedgwick Av., Bronx; Bronx; H. Boss	Not given
6:00—14 W. 22 St.; S. Rosner	Slight
6:00—172 St. and Haven Av.; rubbish fire; not given	None
6:23—164 E. 63 St.; J. Chaw	Slight
6:25—3 W. 137 St.; T. Serra	Slight
6:25—1,244 Fulton Av., Bronx; Hanna Burke	Slight
7:30—747 Greenwich St.; J. Murphy	Slight
9:25—178 2 St.; Ida Zucker	Slight
10:10—114-116 5 Av.; M. White	Slight

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—SALES MANAGER.
MATTHEWS BROTHERS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, MILWAUKEE, WIS., MANUFACTURERS OF INTERIOR WOOD FINISH, CABINET WORK, AND SPECIAL FURNITURE OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY, SEEK A CAPABLE SALES MANAGER.
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Profitable business for sale, doing $150,000 wholesale and retail, located Wabash Avenue, Chicago; part cash and terms; established thirty years; remarkable opportunity. P 130 Times.

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HOG RANCH, 240 acres, Selden, L. I.; absolutely safe investment that will more than double in value. Fisk, 146 Nassau, New York.

Want side line merchandise of merit only, have office, or will invest in legitimate business proposition. Y 207 Times Annex.

Modern sewing plant at your service; ready to make up any military article requiring sewing. J 26 Times.

Factory with 35 sewing machines, equipped, to do any kind of work, including khaki; is open for proposition. J 25 Times.

Beautiful $750 Steinway upright for $300, perfect condition. Brown, 175 East 82d St.

Business Notices.

DEAFNESS.—Those wishing to know about the Anderfone, which improves hearing marvelously, may obtain information by writing or calling Anderson Electric Corporation, 145 West 36th St., 1E, New York.

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Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

IMPORTED RUG.
For Sale.—Meshed 15 ft. 2 in. by 10 ft. 1 in. Can be seen in Room 206, 1,737 Broadway, corner 55th St.

Highest prices paid, men's discarded clothing, shoes. Solomon's, 1,173 2d Av.; 6445 Plaza.

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DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, for cash; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 Broadway.

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To find intelligent assistants for any kind of business it is necessary to address them directly through an advertisement in the want columns of The New York Times which is read every morning by ambitious persons. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

FARMERS AND LABOR TO FORM PARTY HERE

Nonpartisan League, Now Active in Politics in the West, to be Launched Today.

PRESIDENT TELLS ITS AIMS

Meeting Will Precede Labor Food Conference to be Held at Cooper Union Tonight.

The Farmers' Non-Partisan League, which has taken a hand in politics in the Northwest, is to be launched in New York State at a meeting to be held in Cooper Union tonight. A. C. Townley, President of the organization, has arrived in the city and is at the Hotel Brostell, 3 East Twenty-seventh Street. He comes here at the invitation, it is said, of the Labor Food Conference, which represents several labor organizations and 500,000 wage earners and several up-State farmer organizations.

Those who are pushing the movement in New York believe that a non-partisan league in this State is going to bring about political changes, and will ultimately lead to a combination of the farmers in the country and organized labor in the cities that will gain control of the political destiny of the State. It was because they considered the starting of the movement so important that Mr. Townley was invited to come to New York.

The meeting in Cooper Union will be important in putting the plan before the public, but the really important gathering will be a conference between Mr. Townley and representatives of the farmers and of organized labor at the McAlpin Hotel in the afternoon. John J. Dillon, now uncertain whether he is Chief of the Bureau of Foods and Markets, or whether he has been deposed from the state service, will attend this conference. In establishing the league in this State, Mr. Dillon is to play no small part. He has the backing of the Labor Food Conference and the farmer organizations.

The Cooper Union meeting will be presided over by John Mitchell, Chairman of the State Food Commission. Mr. Mitchell said yesterday that it was a meeting to consider the food situation and had no political significance. It is not expected that politics will come up at Cooper Union, but it may. Carl Beck of the Labor Conference said that in a discussion of the food problem it would be hard to keep out the fact that the Food Administration had surrounded itself with advisers representing big business and that labor had only a small voice in arranging affairs that so vitally concerned it.

Organization Moving East.

"We are organizing the league east of the Big River now," said Mr. Townley. "Out in the West the success the farmers have had in obtaining the rights that were so long denied them is known. It is no more than just that the farmers, the men who produce the things essential to life, and the men and women who labor, the real backbone of our country, should combine for their own interest. It is a lesson they have learned from capital. In California we already have that sort of an alliance, and in Washington laborers and farmers have stood together for two years. In Minnesota the labor organizations are working out a program of what they want, and they will confer with the Non-Partisan League.

"There will be a meeting tomorrow afternoon between the farmers and labor, and at this meeting many things that are vitally interesting will be gone into."

Mr. Townley was asked whether at this meeting a formal political organization would be broached.

"I do not believe that any such organization will be formed," he replied. "It is possible that a loose organization will be effected that will be a step toward establishing means whereby the farmers and the wage earners can cooperate in working for their common good and for exchanging views."

Mr. Townley declared that the Non-Partisan League was not a political party in that it did not put a ticket into the field. "League men are only put up for office," he said, "when the men put up by the existing parties are not acceptable to either the league or the labor movement. When election time is approaching the league calls meetings in the precincts and these elect delegates to county conventions and the county conventions elect delegates to the State convention. The record of candidates is gone into carefully, though it is usually known beforehand, and the league agrees to indorse certain men for office. It makes no difference whether the man wanted is Democrat, Republican, or Socinlist. If he is a man who will stand by labor and the producers rather than give his time to guarding special privilege, he is indorsed. This done the members of his party in the league go out and vote for him at the primary. Where the league is strong that man is usually elected. The league and organized labor cooperate and there are meetings at which representatives of both discuss candidates and agree upon a program. It has been found that the desires of labor run along the same lines as do those of the league."

Hopes to Control State.

"That is a pretty strong combination," a reporter suggested.

"With such a combination," said Mr. Townley, "we will control the State."

John Mitchell, a labor man, had been asked to preside, Mr. Townley said, because the meeting is held by the Labor Food Conference which wants to help the Food Administration.

"I have only just arrived in New York, and the first thing that confronts us is a story that the Nonpartisan League is disloyal," Mr. Townley said. "I want to nail that lie right now. The league is loyal and it is patriotic. When the league won in North Dakota and in other States those opposed to it started that story. It was just what was to be expected.

"In the first Liberty Bond campaign North Dakota did not fill her quota. That was not because of disloyalty. It was because the issue came at a time when the farmers had spent all their money for seed and preparing for the big crop which the Government asked for. The second issue was oversubscribed, I think, by 7 per cent. The Nonpartisan League is a combination to help win the war and make no mistake about that. North Dakota has a record for enlistment that should be an answer to the charge of those who fear us and so cry disloyalty."

Asked as to the immediate political future in New York State, Mr. Townley said.

"Ultimately we may put up a ticket in this State, but it will not be tomorrow or the next day."

Replying to a question why the league had been formed, Mr. Townley told of the attempt of the farmers of North Dakota to get legislation they wanted. The climax came, he said, when 200 farmers gathered at Bismark to back up their request for grain elevators and were told by members of the Legislature to "go home and slop the pigs."

Legislative Reforms.

"That was in 1915," Mr. Townley added. "Half of the Senate is elected each two years. When the first half came up for election the league elected eighteen of the twenty-five candidates it indorsed. Twenty-four more are to be voted for in the near future. Already the league has obtained much beneficial legislation. Through its efforts taxes on farm improvements have been reduced, rural schools have been standardized, a 15 per cent. inheritance tax has been levied on large fortunes, railroads have been compelled to furnish sites for elevators and warehouses on their rights of way, the railroads must furnish cars to all shippers alike and furnish side tracks at coal mines, a Dairy Commission has been created, and by combining and changing county offices great saving has been brought about. There still remain many important items on its legislative program that it is expected will be put through when its influence in the Legislature is stronger."

The Cooper Union meeting, billed as a Nonpartisan Food Conference, will be opened by J. C. Hilsdorf, Chairman of the Labor Food Conference. Congressman John Baer of North Dakota, will give a chalk talk, and John J. Dillon and Mr. Townley will speak.

Mrs. Julian Heath, President of the Housewives League, has issued a call to league members to attend the meeting.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—On Saturday, between 4 and 5:30 P. M., at Altman's or Lord & Taylor's, a small, red-enameled, butterfly pin set with diamonds and small pearl. Please return to Cashier, Hotel Devon, 70 West 55th St., and receive reward.

LOST.—Saturday, at Ritz-Carlton, between the 46th St. entrance and the room off main dining room, or ladies' dressing room, flexible diamond bracelet, small black stones on either side; liberal reward. Mrs. A. L. Lowenstein, 280 West 72d.

LOST.—Saturday night at the Grand Central Palace or near by, a diamond and onyx earring; $100 reward if returned to Mrs. R. D. Pruyn, 960 Park Av., New York City.

LOST.—Seal collar fur piece, bought at Stewart & Co., on 34th St., between Madison and 5d Avs., about 7 P. M., Sunday; reward. Rider, 15 East 33d St.

LOST.—On 14th St., Friday afternoon, between 5th Av. and Union Square, Irish terrier puppy; reward. Francis F. Fulton, 20 East 14th St.

LOST.—Diamond crescent pin, on Saturday night at Club de Vingt, 44 East 58th St. Please return pin to Mrs. Hawksworth, 44 East 58th. Reward.

LOST.—At Strand Theatre, Nov. 25, a taupe fox stole, marked B. Altman & Co.; reward; no questions asked. Hearn, 421 W. 117th.

LOST.—Downtown, a large Waterman fountain pen and a diamond Masonic pendant; reward. Telephone Rector 10000, extension 170.

LOST—Small gold bracelet watch, Saturday evening; reward. Return to Mrs. Sloane Gorman, 401 West 118th St.

$5 REWARD.—Beaver cuff, between 80th and 85th Sts., Madison and Lexington Avs., Friday morning. 1,042 Madison Av.

LOST—Friday afternoon, pearl sapphire earring, reward. Vickery, 306 West 93d St. Riverside 5404.

LOST—Long sable collar, in taxicab, Wednesday evening; reward if returned to 24 East 84th St.

LOST.—Mink neck piece, 160th, Riverside to 103d-Lenox; reward. Audubon 6472. Apt. 2B, after 6.

FOUND.—Subway, Sunday, stickpin, diamonds, sapphires; describe minutely. F 192 Times.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Saturday night, Boston bull, Hoboken; License No. 112; liberal reward. Return to 600 West 140th St., Apt. 12.

INSTRUCTION.

FRENCH

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ESTIMATES WORLD'S CROPS.

Rome Institute Reports Bumper Harvest of Some Staples.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Bumper world crops of corn, oats, potatoes, rice, sugar beets and tobacco for this year are shown by estimates compiled by the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome, made public today by the Department of Agriculture. Wheat, rye, barley and flaxseed, however, have fallen below the five-year average of production from 1911 to 1915.

The production of wheat in seventeen countries, not including the Central Powers, will be 1,868,000,000 bushels, 85.6 per cent. of the five-year average. Corn raised will amount to 3,312,000,000 bushels, which is 14.1 per cent. greater than the average production for the last five years. Other crops are estimated as follows:

Rye, 147,000,000 bushels; 92.2 per cent.
Barley, 587,000,000 bushels; 96 per cent.
Oats, 2,206,000 bushels; 114.9 per cent.
Rice, 70,000,000 bushels; 115.5 per cent.
Flaxseed, 38,000,000 bushels; 69.8 per cent.
Potatoes, 719,000,000 bushels; 112.4 per cent.
Sugar beets, 19,000,000 short tons; 106.6 per cent.
Tobacco, 1,186,000,000 pounds; 120.5 per cent.

The Aristocrats Of Overcoats

Fur-collared Coats have always been undisputed leaders of the "Overcoat 400."

And New York has never seen them more handsome, more distinguished and so practical as this year's

Hart Schaffner & Marx Fur-Collared Overcoats

Here, you will find them in satisfying variety—Oxfords, Greys, Browns and Blues.

Collars of Hudson Seal, Beaver and Nutria; some with silk-lined sleeves and shoulders, others silk-lined throughout.

$50, $60, $65, $75

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d
} Open Evenings

Hart Schaffner & Marx Army Officers' Uniforms

SHOWS HOW TO DRY FOOD.

Dehydrating Plant, Planned by Mrs. Harriman, Now in Operation.

In the East Gallery of the Grand Central Terminal a large community dehydrating plant with a capacity of 1,000 pounds a day, is in operation. A demonstration of it was made by Mrs. Oliver Harriman in the presence of more than one hundred invited guests.

"We need have no fear that our soldiers will want for food in an emergency," said Mrs. Harriman, who has worked since last Spring in developing food conservation. With the co-operation of Lucius P. Brown, of the Bureau of Foods and Drugs of the Health Department, she has been investigating the possibilities of food drying. Clarence V. Ekroth, chemist, has been directing the work.

To provide a suitable agency through which complete co-operation could be extended Mrs. Harriman organized and equipped the Mrs. Oliver Harriman Food Research Laboratory. Practical investigations have resulted in the construction of the plant which was exhibited yesterday. This is soon to be duplicated and set up at several centrally located cities throughout the country.

Dehydrated pears, potatoes, carrots, beets, turnips, peaches, tomatoes and others not only in their dehydrated state, but actually in the process of re-hydration, or re-constitution, which terms are used to describe the process of taking up the water needed to bring them back to their natural condition, were exhibited. Also dehydrated tomatoes, compressed in cubical blocks. Cabbage, spinach and onions, all compressed in cubes, occupying less than one-tenth of the bulk and weight of fresh tomatoes, also were shown.

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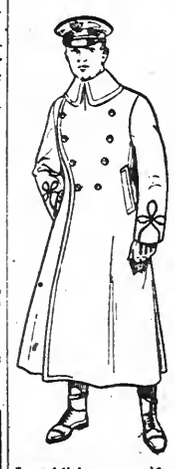

There is no real reason why army officers should pay high prices or wait for deliveries. Fair prices and prompt delivery have characterized every transaction between army officers and us. In nearly every camp and cantonment there are several hundred well-satisfied officers wearing Arnheim uniforms. Ask any one about Arnheim service.

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can supply at once O. D. serge uniforms made from 12, 15 and 18 oz. materials, also khaki uniforms and overcoats made from 30 oz. O. D. meltons.

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can supply in 24 hours uniforms and overcoats made from any of the accepted materials in any desired weight.

In addition to uniforms, we are prepared to supply caps, puttees, leather and leather-lined coats, Sam Browne belts, and all necessary insignia. Send for officers' equipment booklet and samples of materials.

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80 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

Arnheim Service Stations at 28 Camps and Cantonments.

WATCH PRICE OF TURKEYS.

Administrator Williams Asks for Investigation All Over City.

State, city, and national Food Administrators are much interested in the report circulated since the Joint Commission fixed the Thanksgiving prices for cold storage turkeys that many retailers, doubting the authority of these agencies to punish violation of regulations, will sell turkeys and other articles for what they desire. City Food Administrator Arthur Williams sent a telegram to the Food Administration leaders in each Assembly District in the city asking them to conduct an investigation through the workers in the election district and to report any retailers violating the price-fixing regulation to him at once. Mr. Williams also requests complaints of restaurants which do not observe Tuesdays as meatless days and Wednesdays as wheatless.

At the conference of the Consumers' Co-operative Society of the Eastern States, held in the Public Library, 228 East Twenty-third Street, J. W. Sullivan, representing the American Federation of Labor, read a resolution adopted at the Buffalo Convention, indorsing the co-operative store plan. Steps were taken to interest other trade unions in the plan by which the consumers establish stores and so do away with the middleman profit. M. Fainberg, representing the Russian co-operative movement, said there were 27,000 co-operative stores in Russia. These officers were elected: Dr. James P. Warbasse, President; Peter Hamilton, Treasurer; Scott H. Perky, Secretary; Cheves West Perky, Associate Secretary, and Katharine de Selding, Assistant Secretary.

NO AMEN CORNER DINNER.

Annual Festivities Abandoned for the Period of the War.

In view of the serious problems confronting the country, incidental to the world war, Representative Thomas F. Smith, President of Amen Corner, announces that the Directors have decided to postpone indefinitely the annual festivities and dinner planned by the Corner for Dec. 15. They feel that it would be contrary to the spirit of the times to have a function this year of the joyful character which Amen dinners have had for the last seventeen years. Consequently no further Corner festivities will be held while the country is engaged in the present conflict. The Amen Corner will celebrate in due and intelligent form the coming of peace after the United States has done its full and victorious share in extending and preserving human freedom throughout the world.

Before reaching the decision to postpone the dinner all the tickets had been subscribed for. Checks will be returned and the subscribers will be preferred in the opportunity to attend the Amen Corner Peace Jubilation Dinner.

Thanksgiving Bonus for Bank Men.

The New York agency of the Philippine National Bank, in conformity with its main office and other branches, is distributing to its employes a Thanksgiving bonus of 6 to 2 per cent. of the annual salaries, depending on the length of service, all those who have been on the staff for one year or more receiving

ZIONISTS EXPRESS JOY.

Send Congratulations to London to Celebrate Britain's Promise.

The Provisional Zionist Committee yesterday sent a cable message of greeting and congratulation to the Zionist mass meeting which was held in London last night to celebrate the promise by the British Government to support the establishment of a Jewish State in Palestine. Either David Lloyd George or some member of his War Cabinet was to speak at the meeting, besides Lord Walter Lionel Rothschild, Dr. Chaim Weitzman, President of the British Zionist Federation, and the Rev. Dr. Moses Gaster. The message from the American committee read as follows:

The hearts of millions of our people are filled with joy. The declaration of the British Government approving the establishment in Palestine of a national home for the Jewish people is epochal. The wise and high-minded declaration of the British Government that His Majesty's Government will use its best endeavors to facilitate the achievement of the Zionist aims is in consonance with the traditional policy of the British nation respecting the Jews, and the liberation and protection of small nationalities which our countries have determined shall prevail throughout the world. The declaration is the beginning of the fulfillment of the centuries old aspiration of Israel to re-establish the Jewish homeland. We feel justified in assuring you that the united Jewry of America will give the fullest measure of support to the practical working out of the plans that will carry the declaration to complete fulfillment.

STEPHEN S. WISE, Chairman.
HARRY FRIEDENWALD, Vice Chairman.
E. W. LEWIN-EPSTEIN, Treasurer.
JACOB DE HAAS, Secretary.

Greetings also were sent from the following Zionist organizations in America, which held mass meetings on Saturday and last night:

New York City—Hadassah, Borough Park Zionist District Committee, Hascheher Club, David Wolffsohn Club, Hatchiya Camp, Tikwath Yehuda Club, Austro-Hungarian Zionist Society, and Brownsville Central Zionist Committee.

Boston—Junior Zionist Council, the Zionist Association of Boston, Chelsea Menorah Zionists, and Chelsea Zion Association.

The Zionist Associations of Norfolk, Portsmouth, Petersburg, Va., and of Chicago, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Omaha, Worcester, and Philadelphia.

CHILD ACCUSED OF KILLING.

Special to The New York Times.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., Nov. 25.—Edwin Grunewald, 10 years old, of Port Jervis, was arrested today on a charge of assault following the death of Lillian Topper, 9 years old, this morning.

It is alleged that the boy struck the girl in the stomach, causing injuries which resulted in her death. He pleaded not guilty to the charge and was held under bond for examination on Wednesday.

CHOOSING BOOKS MADE EASY.

List of two hundred best books of the year suitable for gifts in the Holiday Number of The New York Times Review of Books next Sunday. Works of fiction, biography, travel, poetry, science, and art. Order well in advance. —Advt.

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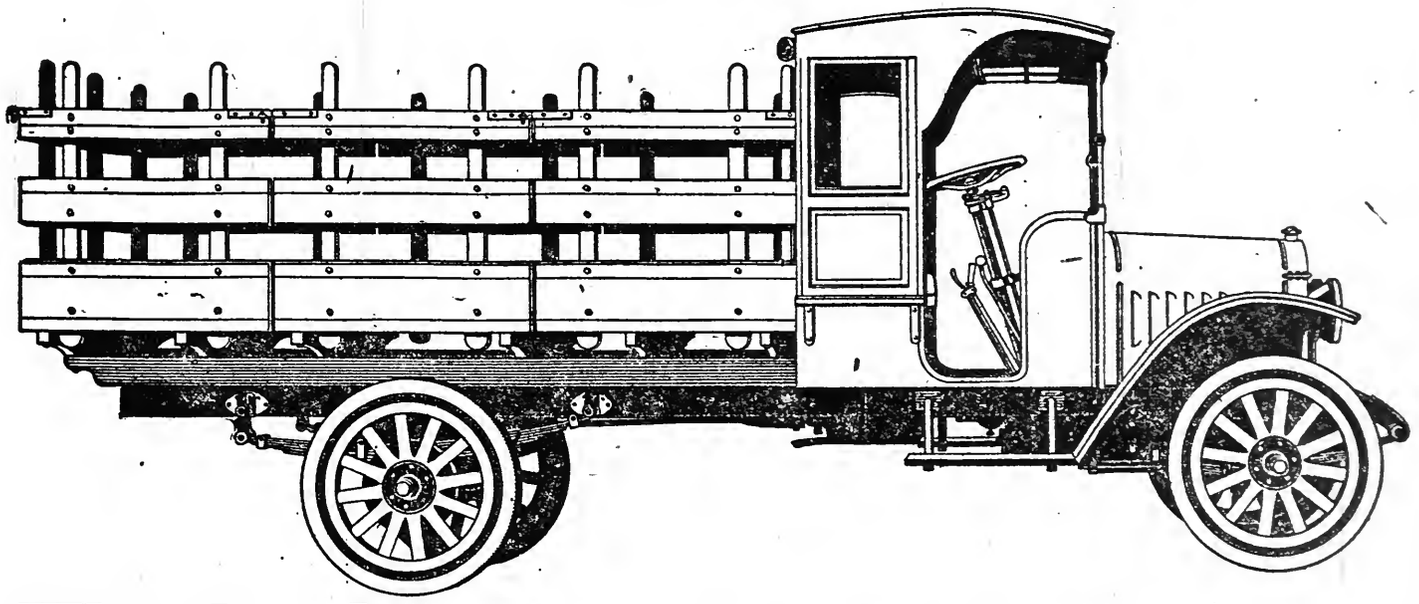

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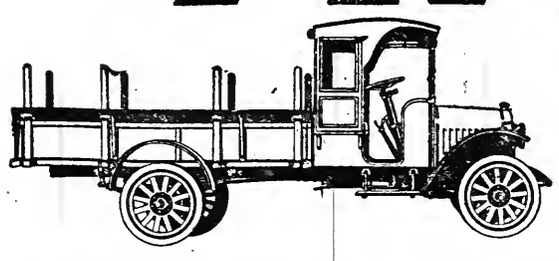
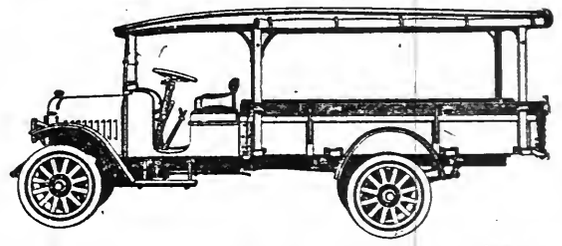
MAXWELL ONE TON TRUCK





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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, cold today; tomorrow warmer, probably snow; northeast winds.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,857. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1917.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

ALLIED ENVOYS READY TO QUIT RUSSIA; SECOND ARMY BACKS ARMISTICE PLAN; BRITISH STILL FIGHT FOR BOURLON

MRS. DE SAULLES TELLS STORY OF HUSBAND'S NEGLECT

Relates on the Stand the Humiliations She Endured Before the Murder.

DOESN'T RECALL SHOOTING

Letters to Her Child's Nurse Describe Her Yearning for Happiness.

WANTED ONLY A QUIET HOME

Justice Waves Lawyer Aside and Tells Accused to Tell Her Story in Her Own Way.

Before an intensely sympathetic audience, which filled the courtroom of Justice Manning at Mineola, Mrs. Blanca De Saulles yesterday told her story of the events leading up to her killing her divorced husband, John Longer De Saulles, Yale athlete and politician, who died after being shot five times by her at his home, The Box, in Westbury, on Aug. 3 of this year.

Mrs. De Saulles testified that on the day of the murder, when she went to Westbury for her boy, De Saulles said to her: "You cannot have him now or ever." She said she immediately suffered a "dreadful pain" in her head and recalled nothing more until she arrived at the Mineola Jail.

Spectators who had swept court attendants off their feet and rushed into the courtroom until Justice Manning came out of his chambers to check them listened in profound quiet in order to catch every word, while the young woman in a low voice replied to the questions of her lawyers.

Her answers were reticent. She said as few words as possible, and occasionally avoided the questions of her lawyer when they meant to bring out her comment on the kind of a man her former husband was. As a rule, when she was asked to proceed with her narrative herself, she came to a stop after a few sentences, and could not go on until her lawyer put questions to her.

The eyes of the entire courtroom were on the young woman when court was called. Right behind her was her mother, Mme. Errazuriz-Vergara, of Chile, a middle-aged woman of handsome and distinguished appearance, who made it almost as much a point as does her daughter not to allow the curious public to guess, from any expression of the face, what is passing through her mind. By her were her son, William, and her daughter, Amalia. Around them were Castro Ruiz, the Chilean Consul General at this port, and a number of Chilean and American friends. Across the courtroom to the left of Mrs. De Saulles as she sat on the witness stand sat Charles A. H. De Saulles, a brother of the dead man; his lawyer, Almuth C. Vandiver; Mrs. Caroline Degener, and other sisters and relatives of the slain man, who with compressed lips and incredulous expressions discussed statements which were drawn from Mrs. De Saulles about her husband. The father and mother of the dead man were not in court. The spectators' seats were filled with a crowd composed largely of women, many of them richly dressed, who had come to the trial in the thirty automobiles which lined the curb outside of the courtroom.

Mrs. De Saulles Takes the Stand.

As soon as court was called to order Henry A. Uterhart, the defendant's chief counsel, who is 6 feet 4 inches tall, rose and made a bow to his client without speaking. She stood up and walked around the aisle in the rear of the jury box and reappeared to the audience as she took the witness seat. She was simply dressed in a light brown waist, with a skirt and a large collar of a darker brown. She is below middle height and very slight of build. On the witness chair her feet seemed scarcely to touch the floor, and she looked less than her 23 years.

There was a slight touch of color in her cheeks, evidently put there by excitement. By contrast with her perfect repose and placidity while the prosecution had for a week been trying to prove her a cold-blooded murderess, she was animated and even restless when she first took the stand yesterday. She looked from her lawyer to the Judge and then to the jury, and then gave a glance at the court room, as if she were making some mental measurements regarding the painful ordeal which was before her.

After the first few questions she seemed, however, to answer her lawyer almost mechanically and to use monosyllables when she thought they might answer the purpose. She ceased to respond automatically when Justice Manning put questions to her, which he did frequently, in an encouraging tone, as he became paternal and profoundly sympathetic. She would look at him with a serious expression and answer more freely, as if she had been put at her ease by the manner of the court toward her.

Curiously enough, her smiles, which came now and then throughout the day, although they appeared frank and winning, seemed to reveal more of her suffering that did her serious expression. When something struck her as funny she evidently released for an instant the almost professional facial control which she usually preserved, and allowed her whole mind to be pictured in her face.

Smiles at Her Photograph.

She smiled first when her lawyer caused to be handed to her a photograph taken the day before she was married, showing her at 17 years old in robust health and at the height of her beauty, which has by no means left her in spite of her thinness and pallor. She seemed to think it funny when her lawyer asked her if she could name who it was.

Later she smiled again merrily when her lawyer asked her what kind of a car it was in which she had met the accident which fractured her skull the second time. Her lawyer referred to some special fittings in the car which caused the accident, but she thought he meant to ask the make of the car. When she named the make the audience smiled with her.

But, in spite of the engaging quality

Continued on Page 6.

THANKSGIVING DINNER IMPROVED. by using Dewey's Pure Wines and Grape Juice. 198 Fulton St., N. Y. Phone 3691 Cort.—Advt.

8 German Ships Allotted to Philippine Government

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The United States Shipping Board has allotted to the Philippine Government eight former German ships which were interned in Philippine ports when the war began. They will be used to help maintain Philippine trade during the war.

There were twenty-six German and Austrian vessels interned in Philippine waters when the war began, and, except these eight, all the others, each larger than 2,000 tons, were brought to the United States. The only former German ship larger than 2,000 tons still in the Far East is the former North German Lloyd liner Princess Alice, which is now being overhauled at Olongapo.

ARMY GETS ORDERS TO GUARD PIERS

Will Place Sentries First Over Chelsea and Southern Pacific Properties.

ZONES ARE MARKED OUT

From 72d St., North River, to 39th St., East River, Are Included in Prohibited Areas.

Brig. Gen. Eli Hoyle, commanding the Eastern Department of the Army, with headquarters on Governors Island, it is expected, will issue orders within the next few days placing under military guard those parts of the waterfront from which supplies and troops are sent abroad. The first orders which were sent to New York yesterday by Secretary of War Baker instructed the department commander to organize military guards for service in front of the great Chelsea Piers, south of Twenty-third Street, and the Southern Pacific Piers in the Christopher Street district. These will be the first of the Manhattan waterfront properties to go under Federal guard. It is also expected that a number of the Brooklyn piers from which war supplies are sent will go under army guard in the next few days.

The department headquarters on Governors Island, from which the army patrol will be directed, was one of the busiest places in New York yesterday. To enforce the President's regulations along the New York, Brooklyn, and New Jersey waterfronts, it is said, from 4,000 to 5,000 soldiers will be required, and until a proposed Federal police force, which will have semi-military status, can be organized, equipped, and trained, the harbor guard, it is expected, will be made up almost exclusively of soldiers of the regular army.

General Hoyle said last night that for the present at least he would have no statement to make as to the waterfront situation. The matter, he said, was in the hands of the War Department, and the Eastern Department would act as the orders were received from Secretary Baker. Brig. Gen. Jesse Carter of the Bureau of Militia Affairs of the War Department, who on Sunday conferred with General Hoyle, Federal officials here, and representatives of the city government, carried back to Washington a complete report on conditions on the waterfront. He decided what piers and other harbor properties constituted "vital points," which for that reason should be the first to be placed under military guard.

The United States District Attorneys and Marshals in New York and Brooklyn busied themselves yesterday in issuing final orders to enemy aliens to vacate barred zones, and in preparing to extend the fullest co-operation to the army and the police in the strict enforcement of the new regulations.

Marshal McCarthy, who received his final instructions from Attorney General Gregory on Sunday night, had a large force of Deputy Marshals at work yesterday notifying Germans who have offices or homes in barred zones that they must immediately prepare to vacate their present quarters. In the case of employes the orders were to move out of the zone immediately, and in the case of the heads of firms and other employers to get out within a reasonable time. The time limit set by the Marshal for Germans to vacate the barred zones is 9 o'clock on Thursday morning, except in the cases of certain heads of firms. It is expected that 90 per cent. of the Germans affected by the new regulations will be out of the zone by that time, and that the others will have other places of business and homes by Saturday morning at the latest.

Marshal McCarthy will begin this morning the posting of the barred zones. Huge placards defining the zones have been printed, the warning notices being in English and in German. These placards will be placed on all buildings within the prohibited zones, at the entrance to all piers, and at the 100-yard limit of all crosstown streets leading to barred portions of the New York waterfront. These placards will read as follows:

NOTICE TO ENEMY ALIENS.

Enemy aliens must not under any circumstances pass beyond this line (an arrow will indicate the prohibited direction). Enemy aliens will be immediately arrested if they violate this rule. It is the duty of all good citizens to notify this office of any violation of the foregoing rule.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal,
Southern District of New York.

Boundaries of Zones.

Marshal McCarthy made public last night the boundaries of the new waterfront zones which no enemy alien will be permitted to enter. The main Manhattan zone begins at Seventy-second Street on the North River and extends to the Battery and around the Battery and north on the East River to Thirty-ninth Street. It had been reported that the North River zone would end at Forty-fourth Street and the East River zone at Twenty-fourth Street. In addition smaller zone on the North River are created, the centres of which are

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Army, Navy and Marine Officers have known since 1847 that uniforms of Ridabock standard and dependable quality give absolute satisfaction. Ridabock & Co., 151 West 36th St., near Broadway, invite all new officers to inspect their wonderfully complete stock of hats, caps, blankets, map cases, pistol belts and other equipment.—Advt.

RADICAL LAWS PROPOSED TO LET RAILROADS POOL

Federal Incorporation by Congress to Escape State Interference Demanded.

REVENUE IN COMMON FUND

Bills to Abolish Private Routing and Create Traffic Controller Also Contemplated.

MANAGERS DISCUSS REFORM

Committee of Seven Appointed to Carry Out Plans for Pooling Equipment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Railroad operating Vice Presidents representing the Eastern lines, meeting today to work out a pooling system to relieve the railroads of congestion, found themselves confronted by many obstacles, legal and physical, to the quick carrying out of the plans outlined by the Railroads' War Board Saturday. It is recognized that some of these, such as the possible pooling of revenues, will require legislation. Other features of the proposed revolution of the railroad system already have encountered opposition from State commissions.

As the conference proceeded it became evident that if anything approaching permanent reform was to be accomplished the hand of the Federal Government would be required to force compliance of State Railroad Commissions with the radical changes proposed. Some of the officials present declared that the proper step in this pressing emergency was Federal incorporation of the railroads without delay by Congress, which will reassemble on Dec. 8.

The problems, it was seen, must be solved by the railroad Presidents in co-operation with the Government. So, after considering the immediate thing before them, a resolution directing that all available facilities of all railroads east of Chicago be pooled to furnish the maximum freight movement, the Vice Presidents created a committee of seven to be in full charge of the operation of the railway pool; and then adjourned.

A. W. Thompson, Vice President of the Baltimore & Ohio, was made Chairman of the committee. The other members are C. R. Gray, President of the Western Maryland; A. T. Dice, President of the Philadelphia & Reading; P. E. Crowley, Vice President of the New York Central; Elisha Lee, acting Vice President of the Pennsylvania Lines East; G. L. Peck, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Lines West, and A. J. Stone, Vice President of the Erie.

This committee will establish headquarters in Pittsburgh and will sit continuously until the traffic problem produced by abnormal war business in eastern territory has been solved. The next meeting will be held Wednesday in Pittsburgh and will be attended by some of the leading railroad chiefs.

Pressing Problems.

Matters that must be settled before the problem can be clarified and anything like adequate railroad conditions established, as discussed by the officials today, were these:

There must be a Controller of Government Traffic.

Private routing must be abolished.

Laws must be amended permitting pooling of revenues and abolishing of private routing.

State railroad commissions must be made subservient to Federal laws by the possible Federal incorporation of carriers.

In the greatest emergency the railroads have faced in their history, with the Government requiring better facilities than ever before, the railroads are incessantly annoyed and hindered in making needed changes because radical measures taken and others suggested in the revolutionary program conflict with State laws, as they do with national laws. The Federal authorities have recognized in most instances that statutes which prohibit carriers from doing certain things in normal times must be set aside during the war period.

The railroads, however, have not been aided so generously by the State commissions. It was pointed out that the State commissions had it in their power to nullify anything that might be attempted in a sweeping and effective way by the railroads.

In order to impress the necessity upon the State commissions of co-operation at this time Charles E. Elimquist, Chairman of the Association of State Railroad Commissions, was before the operating Vice Presidents today and was informed of the situation. He was requested to use his good offices to arrange to have the State commissions agree to uphold any remedies approved by the Federal authorities for the period of the war. That his efforts might meet with success unless President Wilson got behind the appeal was feared by some of the railroad men.

Confusion of Preferred Freight.

As to the necessity for a controller of Government traffic it was pointed out by the traffic managers that much of the trouble experienced by the carriers originated in the failure of the Government to indicate priority freight. Two-thirds of the freight is now carried for the Government in Eastern territory, and nearly all of this is marked with "preference tags." All Government departments use these tags, with the result that the railroads are not able to determine what should have preference, and confusion and congestion exist. That there should be a Government controller who would have charge of all the freight for the Government and co-operate with the Priority Committee of the War Industries Board was suggested.

Congestion cannot be relieved in any appreciable degree, these railroad experts said, unless the law permitting shippers to determine the routing is amended or ignored. As the present law operates, a shipper at any point may designate the road over which his freight shall be routed. This work adds to the congestion, as most shippers select one or two roads which lead directly from the West and the seaboard. These

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EXECUTIVES AND OFFICE MANAGERS The Dictaphone advertisement on page 9 deals with a wartime problem of vital interest to you—the prevention of office waste. Find it and read it.—Advt.

See German Plotters in Institute of Agriculture

ROME, Nov. 26.—The Italian Government has recently taken under special consideration the International Institute of Agriculture in the belief that in a measure it is being used as an agency for the Central Empires. The Government has been discussing the most appropriate measures to end any such abuse, but has not yet determined whether to suspend the work of the institute until after the war or place it under the management of a royal commission. Rome is the headquarters of this organization.

The undertaking is somewhat difficult, as the institute has an international character, having been founded by the King in June, 1905, with the participation of fifty-five countries. When Italy entered the war the representatives of the enemy countries left Rome, but the institute continued its work, with the allied and neutral delegates, including David Lubin of California in attendance.

Mr. Lubin was the originator of the idea of the organization, and has been a strong supporter of the Allies in the war from the beginning, and most sympathetic toward Italy, interesting himself in all the plans for her welfare. The institute is presided over by Marquis Capelli, one of the Vice Presidents of the Chamber of Deputies, who has been charged with having German leanings.

SENATORS WANT WAR ON AUSTRIA

Lewis, Democratic Whip, and Stone, Foreign Relations Chairman, Favor It.

FORMAL ACTION EXPECTED

Illinois Senator Would Annul Citizenship of Lukewarm Aliens and Court-Martial Plotters.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Senator J. Hamilton Lewis of Illinois, Democratic whip of the Senate, and Senator Stone of Missouri, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, made it known todsy on their return to Washington for the coming session of Congress that they favored a declaration of war upon Germany's allies, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria, and Turkey.

Senator Lewis spoke of sentiment in the Middle West as favoring a declaration of war so as to make the issue clear-cut between the United States and the Central Powers.

"At the same time," said the Senator, "in declaring war upon Austria I have no doubt that a distinction will be made between the Austrians and the Hungarians and Bohemians. The Hungarians and the Bohemians are anxious, and have for a long time been anxious, to establish democratic forms of government. Also we must distinguish between the Austrians and the Poles.

"I do not think that we can in any way be considered as favoring any plans which Italy may have for taking territory from Austria. The President and the Congress have made it clear that the United States is not in this war for any territorial aggrandizement or to aid any other nation to take territory.

For Drastic War Measure.

Senator Lewis stated further that he intended to urge two drastic war measures—one to deprive naturalized citizens of their citizenship if they failed to support the Government in its war crisis and the other to put the prosecution of persons who destroy food, blow up bridges, place bombs to destroy life or property and commit acts of sabotage, in the hands of the military, instead of the civil courts. On these points he says:

"It is high time that some steps be taken whereby it will be possible for the United States to take away from naturalized citizens the rights and privileges of United States citizenship and the protection it gives from those who will not support the Government. If they will not support the Government, will not fight for it when necessary, then I say take away their citizenship and send them back to the land to which their sympathies turn.

"In the case of American citizens who are born here and in whom citizenship is inherent, and who refuse to support the Government, a law should be passed which would take away from them suffrage, the right to hold office, and other similar privileges which they now have.

"Any persons who destroy food intended for the army, place bombs, commit sabotage, or destroy bridges, should not be given the benefis of civil prosecution, with the endless appeals and delays attendant thereon. They should be handed over to military courts-martial. After a few of them have been hanged or shot we should cease to have so much trouble with these outrages as we now have."

Senator Stone's statement in favor of a declaration of war against Germany's allies has special significance, because he was one of the "little group of willful men" who in March, at the close of the Sixty-fifth Congress, defeated the President's bill to authorize the arming of merchant vessels. Many members of the Foreign Relations Committee are in favor of war on Germany's allies, and the support of the Chairman seems to insure that any recommendation of the President that action be taken will be reported favorably.

In his statement Senator Stone said:

"There should be an understanding, of course, between the two branches of the Government before any action is taken. But we are, in fact, now at war with Germany's allies. The situation is anomalous, it would, in my opinion, simplify matters greatly if we should informally declare war against Germany's allies. It seems to me exceed-

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SPECIAL SHORE PLATE DINNER, $1.00. Gessler's Campus, 134th St. & Columbus Av.—Advt.

RUSSIANS REMOVE OFFICERS

Congress of Second Army Transfers Command to Elective Bodies.

WILL SUPPORT BOLSHEVIKI

Ready to Advance "as One Man" Against Counter-Revolutionaries, It Is Declared.

TROOPS DESERT TRENCHES

Starvation Said to be Decimating Northern Forces—Outbreak of Hungry Feared.

Michael, Brother of ex-Czar, Is Arrested in Petrograd

LONDON, Tuesday, Nov. 27.—Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, brother of the former Emperor, according to a Petrograd dispatch to The Times, has been arrested and imprisoned in Smolny Institute, the headquarters of the Bolsheviki.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 26.—If Russia enters into separate peace negotiations the Ministers of the allied powers at Petrograd will demand their passports, according to a dispatch from Haparanda.

LONDON, Tuesday, Nov. 27.—The Times's Petrograd correspondent says he has learned from an authentic source that there was a meeting of the foreign Ambassadors at the American Embassy Friday night, at which it was decided to ignore the note of Leon Trotsky, the Bolsheviki Foreign Minister, demanding an armistice. It was decided, the correspondent adds, to treat the note as if it had not been received.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Word from Copenhagen that the allied Ambassadors at Petrograd had decided to demand passports from that country if Russia entered into separate peace negotiations with Germany was interpreted here tonight as meaning that the Ambassadors would regard any such action on the part of Russia as tantamount to a declaration of war against their own countries. Russia, it was pointed out, could not be regarded as neutral if she entered into peace with Germany. If not neutral and not an ally, it was argued, she must be ranked as an enemy.

It was pointed out that the allied countries have not entered into any negotiations with the Bolsheviki and that their Ambassadors have borne no active relations to Russian affairs since the revolution that swept the Bolsheviki into power.

PETROGRAD, Saturday, Nov. 24.—A congress of the Second Army, with one dissenting vote, has passed a resolution approving all the measures promulgated by the Council of National Commissioners, including the decree for an immediate armistice and peace and favoring the government of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates.

The resolution appeals to all soldiers not to support Premier Kerensky and the Provisional Government Generals, "against the people." The most striking passage in the resolution follows:

"The Second Army, with arms in its hands, will defend the authority of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates and the National Committee. At the first order of the Military Revolutionary Committee of the Second Army, which is clothed with full power, we will advance as one man against counter-revolutionists in the rear, as well as at the front.

"On our part we are taking all measures for the removal of counter-revolutionary elements from the commanding personnel of the army, for the immediate democratization of the army and in particular for the transfer of the higher authority in the army to elective bodies."

Rear Admiral Verdervski, in announcing his resignation as Minister of Marine, gives as his reason lack of sympathy with the course of the Government of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates relative to an armistice. He, however, exhorts his subordinates to continue to carry on the work of the department.

Report Soldiers Dying of Hunger.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—A dispatch to Reuter's Limited from Petrograd dated Nov. 21 says:

"The commanders at the front continue to send in most ominous dispatches concerning the exhaustion of supplies, and reports of forthcoming hungry hordes of soldiers invading the centres of population."

A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen gives similar reports. It says advices received from Russia describe the situation as more desperate than ever and assert that the coun-

Continued on Page 3.

Why Deerfoot Sausages Cost More: Because never made from storage pork, but from the choicest parts of young pigs. Killed daily at the Farm in Southboro.—Advt.

Bolsheviki Demand All Corporate Property; Abolish Class Distinctions and Privileges

PETROGRAD, Nov. 26.—The Maximalist Commissioners have proclaimed the abolition of class titles, distinctions, and privileges. All persons henceforth are "citizens of the Russian Republic." The corporate property of nobles, merchants, and burgesses, according to the proclamation, must be handed over to the State.

The Peasant Congress of the Tomsk Government (West Siberia) has sent a message to the All-Russian Conference of the Peasant Council at Petrograd expressing disapproval of Premier Lenine's land decree. The congress declares that supervision of land affairs must be left in the hands of the Peasant Congress until the Constituent Assembly meets.

The Maximalist Commissioners, who are identical with the Bolsheviki—the men who want more—have put into specific form certain phases of their program, which, in a word, is to make all men and women equal, not only before the law but in their social, educational, and industrial environment. The program not only includes the abolition of all class and ownership distinction, as did that of the French Revolution, but at the death of each "citizen" and "citizeness" his or her property, with certain reservation for the bringing up of their offspring, is to be absorbed by the State and again divided among those who need it.

ITALIANS CRUSH ATTACKS IN NORTH

Repulse Massed Assaults on Positions Between the Brenta and Piave.

ALLIES ARE COMING UP

Heavy Anglo-French Reinforcements Within Hearing of the Guns on the Battle Front.

ROME, Nov. 26.—Strong Austro-German attacks on the northern mountain front, between the Brenta and Piave Rivers, were repulsed yesterday, it is announced officially.

The War Office statement follows:

Yesterday enemy masses, supported by heavy artillery, again attempted to attack our positions between the Brenta and Piave Rivers. On our left wing the enemy's efforts were directed against the Monte Pertica area. They were crushed promptly, and a deadly and well-executed counterattack on our part was made in answer to every fresh attempt by the enemy. At Tasson the Monte Rosa battalion of Alpini annihilated its assailants.

At our centre, where the enemy's pressure was strongest, the Fifty-sixth Division lived up to its enviable reputation. Enemy columns which with stubborn fury attacked from the northwest and north in the direction of Monte Casonet, Col dell'Orso, Monte San Larolo, and Monte Spinoncia, were mowed down by our fire, repeatedly met by furious counter-attacks and definitely repulsed, leaving more than 200 prisoners in our hands.

On our right the enemy attack started from the eastern slopes of Monte Monfenera. The assaulting waves were first checked by our artillery fire and afterward counter-attacked several times and repulsed by our gallant Alpini. A few score of prisoners were taken.

BERLIN, Nov. 26, (via London.)—Only local engagements on the Italian front are reported in today's afternoon statement from Army Headquarters. The Germans are said to have achieved successes in these operations.

The text of the afternoon announcement follows:

In local mountain fighting we achieved successes and maintained them against Italian counterattacks.

Anglo-French Forces Near the Front.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 25, (Delayed)—(Associated Press.)—Solid ranks of Franco-British infantry, with artillery and supply trains, were seen by The Associated Press correspondent today within sound of the battle on the Italian northern line. They had been on an eight-day march.

The correspondent was on a tour of the northern fighting front, where the great battle is continuing with unexampled violence. Major General di Giorgio was found commanding the extreme left of the Fourth Army at the point where the fighting was heaviest.

Throughout yesterday and today the battle in the mountains has developed in a steady succession of heavy attacks and counterattacks, with occasional brief intervals for reforming the lines and reorganizing new positions. Twelve different enemy assaults had been made within a few hours preceding the correspondent's visit to headquarters on the field, but the Italian lines had not yielded a foot of ground, and General di Giorgio, while grave because of the terrific struggle his men were making against tremendous odds, was calm and confident that the defensive line would hold until reinforcements were swung into the fighting line.

Staff officers from headquarters were taking the trip along the line, and the route lay straight north into the fighting zone. Soon there were evidences of a bitter struggle just ahead, for along the route long lines of Italian infantry, decimated in the last few days, were reforming to return to the fight. They showed the fearful strain they had been

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Cold Weather Means Ice Skating. St. Nicholas Rink, 66 W. 66th. 8 Sessions Daily.—Advt.

FRENCH DECORATE 15 OF OUR TROOPS

War Crosses Conferred on Men Who Met German Trench Raid on Nov. 2.

TOLD NOT TO WEAR MEDALS

Recipients Must Wait Until Congress Authorizes Them to Accept Honors.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 26, (Associated Press.)—The French War Cross has been conferred on the fifteen American officers and men who were cited with their company by the French General commanding the sector in which the Americans were stationed at the time of the first German raid on the night of Nov. 2-3.

The men were decorated today, and were informed that they must keep the medals in their possession, but must not wear them until Congress gives its authorization. The ceremony was an impressive one. An American Major General presented the decorations and citations, giving the regimental Colonel those for the men who were killed. They will be sent to their next of kin.

The French General, in referring to the action of this American company, said:

"On the night of Nov. 2-3 this company, which was in the line for the first time, met an extremely violent bombardment, despite which it seized arms and offered such stubborn resistance that the enemy, though numerically superior, was obliged to retire."

The General specially cited in the order of the day Corporal James D. Gresham and Privates Merle D. Hay and Thomas F. Enright, "who died bravely in hand-to-hand fighting with the enemy, who had penetrated the first line."

The others cited were Lieutenant William H. McLaughlin, Lieutenant R. O. Patterson, Lieutenant E. F. Erickson, Sergeant John Arrowwood, Corporals David M. Knowles and Homer Givens, and Privates Charles Massa, William B. Thomas, George Hurd, Boyce Wade, Robert Winkler, and John J. Jarvis.

A recent offer by the British Admiralty to decorate certain officers and men of two American destroyers for their services in combating German submarines was declined, according to the announcement of Secretary Daniels, because the laws of this country prevent soldiers and sailors from receiving decorations from foreign Governments.

PUT YEAR'S WAR COST AT TWELVE BILLIONS

Estimate for Period Ending June 30 Next Is Exclusive of Loans to Allies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—It is costing the Government, according to the latest estimates $33,740,000 a day, or $12,316,000,000 a year to carry on its business and meet the ordinary disbursements, including war expenditures and interest on bonds and Treasury certificates of indebtedness already authorized. These are the estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918:

The estimates from all the executive departments of the Government for the next fiscal year, which will begin July 1, 1918, aggregate $12,701,000,000, or a daily expenditure of $34,797,000.

The estimates, which Secretary McAdoo will present to Congress in the annual budget next Monday, when Congress assembles, are exclusive of all amounts to be lent to the Allies, and represent the actual cost of running the Government, normal and war activities included. A comparison of these amounts with the normal expenditures prior to the election of President Wilson in 1912 is marked. The grand total of appropriations for the fiscal year 1912 was $1,040,000,000. We are now spending in a month what we then spent in a year.

The estimates for the present fiscal year and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919, assume interest on bonds of the first and second Liberty Loan issues and for treasury certificates above whatever amount we may advance to the Allies, on which, of course, they are expected to pay the same interest that the United States pays on its bonds sold to obtain the funds to advance to Great Britain, France, Russia, Belgium, Italy, Serbia, and other allies that may participate in our advances of money.

There are now authorized $9,500,000,000 of bonds and treasury certificates. The interest account is running on something over one-half of this aggregate and will be increased by a third issue within the present fiscal year. The estimates include no amount to anticipate payment of interest on the present worth of war savings cedtificates to the amount of $2,000,000,000 yet to be issued. These will not become due until 1923. They will be taken care of either by the creation of a sinking fund or be refunded in new war bonds.

BOTH SIDES GRIP VILLAGE

British Reported to Have Upper Hand in the Desperate Combat.

GERMANS ARE REINFORCED

Great Quantities of Artillery Are Rushed Up to Regain Lost Heights.

THEY LOSE AT BULLECOURT

Haig's Men Have Carried More Trench Sections in Important Area to the West.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Nov. 26—After heavy counterattacks, following the fighting around Bourlon Wood, the enemy succeeded in entering Bourlon Village again yesterday morning, and seems to hold his ground there up to the present hour.

This morning the battle was renewed and our troops are heavily engaged, not only on the outskirts of Bourlon Village, but also in the neighborhood of Fontaine Notre Dame, east of the forest, which, as I have previously told, was partially destroyed by fire after having changed hands more than once.

The enemy has brought up strong reinforcements and is now well provided with artillery, which has been sent up with great rapidity from the other sections of his front, and when I was in the neighborhood of Havrincourt this morning there was a violent bombardment in progress on both sides.

There is no doubt in my mind that the German command will make powerful attempts to regain Bourlon Wood and the country about it in order to relieve the command we now have over his Cambral line, which is one of his main lines of supply. If we make the railway untenable he is very seriously menaced in his communications.

One effect of the battle is already evident further north, where his troops have been compelled to abandon small parts of their trench system on both side on Bullecourt after the capture of the Hindenburg tunnel trench by the Irish brigades and the trenches behind Bullecourt by the West Yorkshire and Northumberland Fusiliers.

The Cavalry in Hard Luck.

The capture of Bourlon Wood and the resistance by our troops against formidable counterattacks all through Friday and Saturday was aided by the great gallantry of the cavalry—some of our Hussars—who fought dismounted in co-operation with the infantry and the tanks. It was due to them that the northeast corner of the wood was held when seriously menaced by repeated attacks, and if this had been lost the whole of the wood might have been in jeopardy.

Since the break through on the first morning of the battle the cavalry have had a hard time without much luck. Their own hopes of a big drive were spoiled by several unfortunate incidents. One of these incidents was the defense of Flesquieres village by a garrison of Germans, who put up a long struggle before yielding to our pressure, and so held a wedge in our line which made it dangerous for the cavalry to sweep around on either side.

Another unlucky thing was the breaking of a bridge over the canal at Masnieres by the weight of a tank which was the first to cross. One squadron of Canadian cavalry succeeded in repairing the broken bridge over the canal, with the aid of civilians from Masnieres who came out to meet them, and at about 3:30 o'clock crossed, under machine gun and rifle fire from the banks, with only half a dozen casualties. They only numbered 123 men, and orders had been sent after them to retire, as it was so late in the day, but their Colonel lamed his horse in a sunken road, and the order did not reach the squadron commander in time.

So they rode on and had some remarkable adventures. They moved north and made their way through a gap in the wire cut by the troopers, where they were again under rifle and machine gun fire which wounded the Captain and two men. The command was carried on by a young Lieutenant, who rode with his men until they reached a camouflaged road southeast of the village of Rumilly, where they went through in sections under fire of the enemy hidden on the banks. Here they came up against a battery of field guns, one of which fired point black at them. They charged the battery, putting the guns out of action and killing some of the gunners. Those who were not destroyed surrendered, and the prisoners were left to be sent back by supports.

One squadron then dealt with the German infantry in the neighborhood, some of whom fled, while some were killed or surrendered. All this operation was done at a gallop under fire from flanking block houses. The squadron then slowed down to a walk, and took up a position in a sunken road, one kilometer east of Rumilly. Darkness crept down upon them, and gradually they

were surrounded by German infantry with machine guns, so that they were in great danger of capture or destruction. Only five of their horses remained unhit, and the Lieutenant in command decided they must endeavor to cut their way through and get back.

The horses were stampeded in the direction of the enemy in order to draw the machine gun fire, and while these riderless horses galloped wildly out of one end of the sunken road the officer and his surviving troopers escaped from the other end. On the way back they encountered four bodies of enemy whom they attacked and routed.

Artillery Busy at Night.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Nov. 26, (Associated Press.)—Hard fighting still continues in the Cambrai area for the possession of Bourlon village, with the British holding the upper hand.

There was considerable artillery activity during the night, but, generally speaking, things were quiet. Despite the heavy rainfall of the past week the ground is firm and favorable for operations.

The British today were in possession of still more enemy trench defenses in the region of Bullecourt, the Germans having been forced to withdraw somewhat at several points to rearrange their positions. A considerable number of German communication trenches had become untenable as a result of the British drive into the enemy front lines last week, and the Germans abandoned these for more favorable ground.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—No essential change in the situation on the Cambrai front was reported in the official statement of the War Office today. The bulletin reads:

On the Cambrai battle front the enemy has not repeated his attacks on the Bourlon position since the failure of his attempt at midday yesterday, and the situation is unchanged.

Northeast of Ypres there was considerable artillery activity on both sides early last night in the Passchendaele sector, but no infantry action developed.

The official communication issued this evening said:

On the southern battlefront there has been no further infantry action.

On the Ypres front we have captured a few prisoners in patrol encounters. The hostile artillery again has shown considerable activity during the day east and northeast of Ypres, particularly in the neighborhood of Passchendaele, where certain of our positions at times were heavily bombarded.

BERLIN, Nov. 26, (via London.)—According to today's official announcement, the town of Bourlon, in the Cambrai area, is still in German hands.

The repulse of minor infantry forces which advanced against the village is reported, and nests of British behind the German lines near Bourlon are said to have been cleared up. On the southwestern end of Bourlon Wood and west of Fontaine the Germans gained ground, the statement says, as a result of hand grenade encounters in the night.

The statement goes on:

The bulletin reads:

Army of Crown Prince Rupprecht: In Flanders there has been only an increase in the artillery activity at times between Poelcapelle and Gheluvelt. There have been foretied engagements with the results favorable to us. Prisoners were brought in northeast of Paschendaele. An attack by an English battalion failed.

On the battlefield southwest of Cambrai the enemy obstinately repeated his attacks on incty. Our troops, who had been tested before in defense and attack during previous days, completely repulsed the enemy again yesterday. Our destructive fire beat upon assemblies of enemy troops and also on the position where numerous tanks were being prepared for action south of Graincourt.

Minor infantry forces advanced against Bourlon, but were repulsed. English nests which remained after the recent fighting behind our lines near Bourlon were cleared in sanguinary hand-to-hand fighting. Eight officers and more than 200 men and twenty machine guns were captured.

On the southwest edge of the Bourlon Wood and west of Fontaine very violent hand-grenade encounters at night brought us a desired gain of ground.

North of Hanteux the enemy attacked after violent drumfire, but was repulsed. An English attack east of Graincourt collapsed before our entanglements.

Our infantry, and battle and pursuing aviators, in spite of a violent rainstorm, successfully intervened in the fighting on the battlefield near Cambrai.

FRENCH HOLD GAINS IN THE VERDUN SECTOR

Germans Open Strong Fire on the Conquered Positions, But Fail to Advance.

By G. H. PERRIS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Nov. 26.—The difference between French and German methods was well illustrated yesterday by a smart operation of the French troops on the Verdun hills.

For some time past the enemy had been mucking at the front established by the last French attack against the north slope of Hill 344, an observatory and buttress of capital importance on the east of the Meuse. Constant small attacks had been made, with little result and at a cost which the French command might have regarded as sufficient compensation, if, however, understood even more proudly before Verdun than elsewhere that ground is not to be lost, and it was decided to recover at one stroke the short pieces of trench in which the Germans had obtained a footing.

At 6:30 o'clock yesterday morning a bombardment began, and at 10:30 the troops of assault went forward on a front of a little more than two miles to the east of Samogneux Village. In a few minutes two lines of the enemy trenches were overrun and a number of deep dugouts in the ravine between Hill 344 and Caures Wood were cleared out by supporting groups.

The French losses were insignificant, while along with the fruit of two months' effort the enemy lost 800 prisoners.

The advance brings us near to Haumont Village and Caures Wood and strengthens the line generally on the right bank of the Meuse.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Spirited artillery activity continues in the Verdun region, east of the Meuse, where the French troops are organizing the ground they captured yesterday to the north of Hill 344. The day statement reads:

On the right bank of the Meuse there was lively activity by the artillery in the region north of Hill 344, where our troops are organizing the positions which they had captured.

An enemy raid upon our small posts in the region of Bezonvaux was repulsed by our fire.

The night was quiet everywhere else.

The War Office announcement tonight says:

Quite violent artillery actions occurred in Belgium and north of the Chemin-des-Dames.

On the right bank of the Meuse our batteries caught under their fire and dispersed enemy concentrations north of the positions captured yesterday. The artillery fighting continued very spirited in this sector.

BERLIN, Nov. 26, (via London.)—Today's Headquarters statement says that on the Verdun front, between Samogneux and Beaumont, the French attacked yesterday on a front of four kilometers, but that the attack broke down in the German defense zone.

The bulletin reads:

Army of the German Crown Prince: After a very strong increase in the artillery firing the French attacked on a width of four kilometers, between Samogneux and Beaumont. The first waves of the attack were dispersed by our infantry and artillery fire and the enemy retreated to their point of departure. Many assaults by newly brought up forces collapsed in our defense zone. Numerous Turcos, Zouaves, and other French troops were made prisoner.

Strong firing extended from the battlefield to the neighboring sectors and continued throughout the day with great intensity, especially on both sides of Ornes.

TANKS FELL TREES IN BOURLON FIGHT

Crush Down All Undergrowth as They Mow a Path for British Infantry.

AIRMEN SHOW AUDACITY

Attack Foe's Troops Without Ceasing, Flying On and Using Machine Guns.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sunday, Nov. 25.—It was early in the morning that I went out again over the newly captured ground to see this battlefield.

Every yard of it across the Hindenburg lines, those great, wide trenches now empty of all life, was strewn with the evidences of the enemy's panic-stricken flight and capture in the beginning of the battle.

The way up to Havrincourt Village on the ridge to the west of Flesquières (by a stone cross, five centuries old, dedicated to St. Hubert, the patron saint of huntsmen before the tanks went ahunting on a fine November morning, then up the slope where the Scottish had to fight their way to a strong high wall of red brick surrounding the château grounds) was littered with things the Germans had left behind—field-gray overcoats, shrapnel helmets, innumerable pairs of boots, goatskin pouches, rifles, bayonets, bandoliers, tunics, gasmasks. It was as if great numbers of men had thrown everything away from them in a moment of great terror and had fled naked from their fear.

In their dugouts were all the little comforts of life which men gather to make life endurable in such dark holes, with wooden chairs and tables from French houses, mirrors, water jugs, and other furniture. Those who had been masters of these houses had gone away, and others had entered into possession. The "moppers up" while the battle was flaming over the countryside not many thousand yards away were settling down and searching for souvenirs in these new quarters.

Left Kilts On the Wires.

I followed the track of the tanks, went through the great gaps they had made in the barbed wire, acres of barbed wire, and went along the route of the Scottish soldiers when they surged after the tanks on that grea morning of the surprise.

Some of them had left their kilts behind caught on the barbed wire. With no time to mind rents in the tartan of the Seaforths they had gone on in steel hats and very little else.

All this way to the battle was littered with letters in German and English as if there had been a paper chase instead of a hunting of men. They were intimate letters which men wear close to their hearts until war snatches them away and tosses them to a breeze. "Mein lieber Bruder," I read as I picked up one of them. "My darling hubby," began a letter to a London boy who is now away by Bourlon Wood.

I went out into the open country. Outstretched before me was the whole panorama of this battle. I went up to the edge of it as close as one could go without getting into the furnace fires. All around me were the swirl and turmoil of the battlefield. Everywhere tanks were crawling over the ground, some of them moving forward into action, some of them out of action, mortally wounded, some of them like battle cruisers of the land going forward in reconnoissance.

Across the field guns were moving up, the drivers of gun limbers urging their horses forward over the muddy slopes with new supplies of ammunition for the forward batteries.

Small bodies of cavalry rode about and put their horses to the gallop when black shrapnel burst overhead, with its high snarling menace. Gunner officers and observers were out in the open watching the enemy fire. Their own signalers were flag wagging as if in Battersea Park on a Saturday morning in the old days of peace, though the hostile shellfire was creeping near to them. Odd shells were scattered over the countryside searching for the like of them, as they would say.

It was a fantastic, unimaginable scene. The battlefield conversation would be unbelievable if I were to put down all the remarks I heard from officers and men about me on the ridge of battle and within the zone of fire.

Less than 2,000 yards away from us was a town on fire. It was Graincourt, and the enemy was "knocking hell out of it," in revenge for its capture. It had been my intention to go there, but I stopped short of it and was glad I had gone no further.

Shell after shell burst among its roofs and walls without ceasing for several hours. Red brick cottages went up in clouds of rosy smoke with flames in the heart of it. The enemy's shells burst in Graincourt with so many colors, green, purple, orange, rose, and pink, that it was a wonderful poem in color, but as tragic as the death that was there.

On a slope of ground above this village, but not so far away that at any moment the slope itself might not be swept with high explosives, three English soldiers watched the battle while they sat at their ease on a garden seat taken from a neighboring park. Near by two officers, sitting on an upturned tub and a petrol tin, were munching sandwiches and watching the progress of the attack on Bourlon Wood, which stood up in front of us, black and big, with the sun on its southern edge, while the British troops were fighting inside with tanks and where the enemy was flinging down a heavy barrage.

Officers came galloping up, leaned down over their saddles, and asked: "Have you got any news? How are things going? How about Bourlon Village and Moeuvres and Inchy?"

"I don't like those 5.9s," said a little tank officer who was standing by the side of his monster. He pointed to a road upon which a great number of shells were bursting, and said "That's where I have to go. I think I'll have lunch first."

He began to munch some bread and cheese, and with only half an eye on the battle told me how he had got a bottle of whisky out of divisional headquarters in return for a ride in his tank to an excellent Major and how jolly glad he was of the prize, because "you couldn't get a drink for love or money on this side of the battlefield."

"Do you know where my battalion is?" asked a lonely officer coming up. He had just come back from leave, and was hunting for his men somewhere on the south side of Bourlon Wood.

Overhead came flying men perilously low. They went fluttering over German lines, and we were glad when they flew a little further off, as the enemy flung back shrapnel at them which might hit us if it didn't hit them.

A column of cavalry came down a sunken road and then out on to the sky line above one of the tanks. "They will be drawing fire on me next," said the tank pilot, and with that desire of life which is strong in man everybody hoped he was in a safer place than the other fellow.

Germans Start Heavy Barrage.

At 2:30, or a little later, the enemy began to fire intensely along the whole line of the front below Moeuvres and Inchy.

"Another counterattack, curse them!" said an officer. "That is about the seventh today."

The German gunners were putting down their barrage line dead straight for miles, and revealed a new strength in artillery. The barrage lines swept forward, with white smoke clouds rising after the flash of bursting shells from the field guns and big, black, sinister clouds, with a vomit of earth in them, where the German heavies were crashing, but it was not a counterattack. It was a barrage laid down to kill the British attack on the two villages to the west of Bourlon Wood, which was very quiet and still because no gunners were shooting into it, while men were fighting at close quarters within those glades.

Light signals went up from the enemy's lines. The British infantry was advancing again. Though I could not see, I am sure the moment of the new attack came when the British batteries, which had not been shooting very hard for some time and with only irregular rounds from isolated guns, suddenly burst out in to a great roar of drumfire. All the British field batteries were revealed by their flashes for miles along the front, and there were many of them, and they were very close to the enemy.

I stood in the centre of their fire, with a heavier gun beyond me, and the air seemed to rock and sway with the rhythm of their fire. Below the slopes the grass was alive with little rush-lights, and as the afternoon became darkened and dusk crept over the battlefields and the shadows lengthened and deepened round Bourlon Wood these gunflashes became more vivid.

There were five heavy counterattacks on the British line yesterday afternoon, and by 4 o'clock the enemy was still in Bourlon village, and with a last strong and desperate effort succeeded in driving the British partly back in the forest and off the high ground at the northern end. It was the only success he had had in the day, although he had held the British back from the ground around Inchy and halfway through Moeuvres village, to which he had been driven.

He could not hold the high ground in Bourlon Wood. As the sun was setting on this day of battle with a glorious bar of shining gold below the clouds a final attack was made by the British infantry and cavalry working together. The enemy was again routed from the greater part of the wood, and the British troops entered the village of Bourlon itself, fought through the streets, hotly defended by rifle and machine-gun fire, and mopped up most of the main defenses, although odd groups of men are still fighting there.

When I went away last evening there was still a great gunfire and above a great glory in the sky where mountainous clouds were on fire in the sunset, and over Graincourt, still in the fury of shellfire, was a quiet patch of heaven which had been all blue until suddenly it was filled with little flames as wisps of clouds were caught by the splendor of the day's last light.

After that it was very dark, and as I went back through the woods the only light was where the white rays of the moon filtered through the branches, and all the tree trunks were black and sharp against the glare of bursting shells, with darkness in between them. Behind the lines campfires were being lighted in the hiding places of the tanks.

Beginning of Day's Fight.

On the left the British troops advanced toward Inchy about 8:30 in the morning, and for a time were held up by a fierce machine gun fire which swept down on their left from the east side of the Inchy road, although on the right they made good their advance without serious trouble.

A little patrol of Londoners crept out ahead of the main body and worked their way into a sap on the west side on the way to Proville, to feel the enemy's strength. They were fired at hotly by rifle volleys and came back with their report.

While this was happening the airmen, who were all over the battleground flying very low and behaving with amazing light-hearted audacity, reported that two battalions of the enemy's troops were advancing southward on Moeuvres for a counterattack. The British guns directed their fire on these columns, and so shattered them that they do not seem to have come further, although it is probable that their survivors joined later attacks.

Later in the morning the Germans were seen retiring southeast of Fontaine Notre Dame, by La Folie Wood. They were also seen moving back onto Proniville, on the extreme left. They had abandoned five field guns, with plenty of ammunition.

After midday the British troops were moving on the quarry west of the forest of Bourlon. North Country troops had captured the southern side of the forest. Four tanks went ahead of the infantry and entered the forest, crashing down its undergrowth and small trees and sweeping German machine guns and emplacements with their guns. With the North Country troops following them, they took the crucifix in the wood and went across a sunken road in which the enemy had been in strength. Here the Germans fought with great valor and small parties put up a most desperate resistance.

Tanks forced their way into the village in spite of the fire, cleared out some of the enemy's snipers, who used their rifles from windows and loopholes in the walls, and early in the afternoon news came back that the British line ran halfway through Bourlon Wood down to the centre of La Folie Wood on the right, going across the Cambrai road south of Fontaine.

Hand to Hand in the Wood.

In the wood itself there was close fighting all day long and gunfire ceased in this great belt of trees because the infantry on both sides were within a few yards of each other, fighting with rifles and machine guns from glade to glade and across barricades of tree trunks, while the tanks climbed over fallen logs, crashed through undergrowth, and trampled down stockades and emplacements.

Before dusk the enemy made a desperate attempt to beat the British back by violent counterattacks from La Folie Wood over the ridge northeast of Fontaine Notre Dame. These were beaten off, and more tanks moved up to make a final attack on the forest.

The enemy had been driven back to the northeast corner, which was his last stand among the trees, although he was still defending the village of Bourlon, on the edge of the wood. This the British did not capture until last night, when in the village there were still snipers and small groups of Germans in the cellars and houses.

Tanks, advancing to the northeast corner of the wood, were held up by strong bodies of riflemen and granadiers, who swarmed around them and tried to put them out of action.

It was then that one of the British flying men went up and did an astounding feat, although it was not more wonderful than many other exploits performed by the aviators, who were flying so low that they seemed as if they would trim one's hair with their planes. This airman saw the German troops swarming round the tanks. He pounced on them, flying like a bat about them and straffing them with his Lewis gun. They fled from the roar of his engine, the beating of his wings, and the bullets which came about them like raindrops. Many who could not escape lay dead and wounded in the undergrowth. The tanks went on and gained nearly all the wood with the help of the infantry.

Outside of Bourlon Forest on the east side the Highlanders with the tanks made another attack on Fontaine Notre Dame, but they could not rout out all the nests of men, who kept up a vicious fire from the walls and windows of the ruined houses. Some of the buildings that were on fire glowed red and hot.

So on Friday night the situation was all in favor of the British. They had gained almost the entire Forest of Bourlon, but the enemy still held the village at its northwest edge. He had maintained his line precariously outside Inchy and Moeuvres.

All Day Fight at Bourlon.

All through the night there was heavy gunfire from the enemy batteries. Yesterday the battle was resumed with further attacks on Bourlon and repeated counterattacks from the enemy throughout the morning and afternoon. Last evening the British had cleared the last German out of the forest, had taken the village of Bourlon, forced the enemy half way out of Mouevres, and repulsed all his counterattacks with most bloody losses.

It was a day of great drama, and many hours of it were filled with strange and terrible interest, because seldom, if ever before, have I seen so great a picture of open warfare or so great a movement of men in the fields of war.

SLEEP ON TANK BEFORE FIGHT.

Crew, Except Pilot and Two Men, Torpid from Exhaustion.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Sunday, Nov. 25.—Battle opened Friday morning on all sides of the forest of Bourlon. It was an attack in which all arms worked together in a most spectacular union.

The British guns opened a terrific drumfire, and it was the greatest demonstration so far in this battle by those field guns which after the first advance had galloped far forward over the captured ground and taken up new positions astoundingly close to the enemy's line of retreat.

All the heavy and light batteries which I had seen streaming up through the day and night, choking the roads with their long columns, silhouetted against the pale dawn as they wound over hillsides, surged in a wild turmoil of horses and mules and guns and wagons into the ruined villages behind the lines, and got into action a few minutes after their journey's end.

Many of the men had fought on other battlefields in this year of terrible fighting. For months they had had but little rest and no kind of peace, and had lived in shellfire until they were haggard and worn and weary; but now they came to these new battlefields with as much enthusiasm as if they were going into action for the first time, because of the new promise of victory; and they did not spare an ounce of their strength, but went to almost superhuman exertions to get up their guns and their shells.

They were first to start the battle of Bourlon Wood, but the first to advance were the tanks, more than two score of them with single scouts ahead, followed by others in echelon formation. Many of them had already been fighting since Tuesday morning. All of them had been working day and night for many days before that.

Standing on the battlefield yesterday with one of them going to join his brothers who were around Bourlon Wood, I heard from a young pilot a tale of his adventure in this battle, and all through his tale ran one refrain, it was his need of sleep. He spoke the word "sleep" as if it were some spell word, holding all the beauty of life. For nine days and nights before the surprise at dawn he had been working to get his engine right, to get his guns right, to fix things up, as he said, speaking with a grim, worn look at the box of tricks by his side. Half an hour before he went over he was seen by the enemy in Havrincourt Château away on a hill in front of him by the white glare of their Verey lights. He had tried to stop every time the light went up, but they saw his movement and instantly a field gun opened on him. Its shooting was marvelous, and I saw how near the shells had fallen to the track of that tank. The young pilot was sitting outside his tank with his Sergeant, but presently he said: "I guess we'll get inside. This is getting too hot."

As they advanced to battle the pilot and Sergeant and one other man were the only ones awake, all the rest were fast asleep, dead and drugged by sleep after their long ordeal.

That seems to me the queerest thing I have heard in this battle—that and the experience of a tank which was hit twice by direct hits. The first shell burst inside the tank after passing between the arm and body of the pilot and by an amazing chance did not wound a soul. Another shell came inside and again no one was hit.

Later the officers and crew got out to deal with their tank, which had become stuck between two banks up by Havrincourt Village, while the enemy was still fighting there. Machine gun bullets whipped round them like a swarm of wasps, but only one man was hit and he was only slightly touched.

"It was a million to one chance each time," said the pilot, "a miracle which you can't count on again."

AMERICAN OFFICERS BACK FROM FRANCE

General Treat Expects End of War Next Year—O'Ryan and Fletcher in Party.

Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan and his staff, Major Gen. Charles G. Treat, and five other field officers in the United States Army with their staffs returned yesterday to an Atlantic port from France on a French liner, and left for Washington to report to the War Department.

Major Gen. Treat said that he was an optimist in regard to the probable end of the war, but felt confident that it would be some time next year.

"We are going to take our time about getting into the thick of the fight," he continued, "but after we get a really good start we'll clean it up. The health of the American troops is good, and they are taking pams with their drill in bayonet fighting and grenade throwing in order to qualify for the firing lines as soon as possible.

"The liquid mud along the battle front caused by the almost continuous rain at this season is cold and very trying to the nerves of the men. The British troops have suffered a great deal in the past winters from what the surgeons call 'trench feet,' which is brought on by standing in the cold mud for hours at a time. To combat this trying complaint, which renders the men useless for a time, every soldier should have at least three pairs of knitted woolen socks and also thick woolen underwear.

DECLARES AMERICA MUST UNITE ALLIES

Winston Churchill, Author, Believes Our Leadership Is Essential to Win.

Winston Churchill, the American author, returned yesterday from a two-month visit to the British and French fronts at the invitation of the Allies, with the firm conviction that the war could only be won by the aid of the United States, which must supply material, leadership, and democratic coordination among the Allies.

Unless this was accomplished, Mr. Churchill asserted, the war would end in chaos, and the revolution which began in Russia would spread to France, Italy, and Great Britain, through the evolution of syndicalism, which had been going on in those countries gradually for some time. Germany, too, would have a revolution, he said, but in her case it would be a bloody one, as the Junkers would die hard and fight for their privileges to the last ditch.

"The situation is a critical one," Mr. Churchill said in an interview at the Ritz-Carlton, "and the question for Washington is the backing up and supplying of the whole thing, which must be done if a sane democratic solution of the war is to be arrived at. Germany is beaten on the Western front now, and if that was all there was to the war the victory would be won; but there is far more than that to be done before peace can be secured.

"After studying conditions carefully, I have arrived at the conclusion that the German submarine is still the chief factor in the war, because the Allies will depend on American troops and stores, ammunition and equipment, which must be carried safely across 3,000 miles or more of water.

"America stands for disinterestedness with the Allies, and it is in her power to establish democratic co-ordination, and it must be done immediately if Germany is to be beaten. The Allies in Europe have had too many internal adjustments to make, and could not give the time they ought to have given to establish a combined offensive. The revolution in Russia is the keynote of an advance of labor in Europe, which, if not guided, will be a very serious thing. Great Britain and France can hold the lines until the United States is ready to go into the front line of trenches in divisions."

CANADIAN CAVALRY ON WAR ADVENTURE

Roam 2 Miles Behind German Line and Charge Batteries, Once by Plunging Over a Hill.

ESCAPE SLAUGHTER BY RUSE

Then Return Afoot, Cutting Their Way Through Four Detachments to Reach Masnieres.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sunday, Nov. 25, (Associated Press.)—British cavalrymen have had many thrilling experiences since battle began in the Cambrai sector Tuesday and opened a way for them into a great territory, over which they have roamed almost at will, like cavaliers of old seeking combats with those who would accept their gage.

Stories of their charges with drawn sabres against batteries and strong infantry positions have been innumerable. But perhaps none of them had a more exciting time than a squadron of Canadian horsemen, who took their way in a northeasterly direction from Masnières after the smashing of the Hindenburg line.

They swept out of Masnières on their chargers, with their sabres making music against their trappings. They returned afoot, and thereby hangs a tale of bravery and strategy.

For a considerable distance the horsemen cantered along over the rolling land without encountering any enemy. East of Rumilly, however, they came upon several tanks which had run almost into a German position and were being fired at point blank by heavy guns.

The tanks were in a tight place and needed assistance badly. They got it. The cavalry came up in columns of four and their leader, sizing up the situation, sent them in on either side of the battery. Then they charged in straight among the gun crews, their sabres flashing. It was over in a moment, and the last enemy lay trampled upon.

This incident finished, the cavalry trotted off in search of other adventures. Not far away was a sunken road, which concealed considerable German forces armed with machine guns. Scouts discovered this trap, and, dashing back, gave the word to the commander. The latter snapped out a command and the squad, most of whom were unaware of the presence of the sunken road, divided into two bodies, one of which deployed to the right toward a break in the wall of the road, while the other drew their sabres and charged straight ahead.

The Germans, not knowing that British cavalry was in operation in that section, remained in the ditch, and the Canadians reached the edge of the miniature precipice without seeing the enemy. They saw them then, in numbers, and realized for the first time that they were headed for a drop of several feet to the level of the road.

Not a horseman hesitated. They took the flying leap straight down among the surprised Germans and began their work of death. Half a hundred of the enemy lay dead when the rest took to their heels and fled toward Rumilly.

The cavalry commander was then out of touch with the rest of the advancing British forces and decided to remain in the sunken road for a time until he could get orders. Accordingly he sent back a courier to give information as to the location of the squad.

It developed quickly, however, that another force of German machine gunners was stationed in a commanding position nearby. These opened a grilling fire on the cavalry and succeeded in killing several horses within a short time.

It became apparent that the men and the rest of the horses must suffer the same fate if they remained where they were. The commander knew it would be suicide to ride out into the open, and he seized upon an ingenious plan to outwit the Germans. The horses were gathered together and stampeded, with their empty saddles, in the direction of Cambrai. The ruse worked, for the Germans, peering through the mist, thought the horsemen were escaping.

The machine guns came into action against the galloping horses, and the troopers meantime made good their escape from the road. They started back, but, losing their way, were at one time in the outskirts of Rumilly. This may have given rise to a report which became current that the British had occupied the village.

The Canadians continued their journey toward what they thought were the British lines. As they were proceeding they were challenged by a German officer with nine men. Among the troopers was a little chap who spoke German fluently. He was sent forward, with orders to engage the officer in conversation until the rest of the troopers could close in with their sabres.

The emissary fulfilled his mission by engrossing the attention of the officer with a cock-and-bull story, to which the German listened because he did not know that the British cavalry were in his zone. He listened a moment too long, however, for the Canadians rushed forward and killed the men accompanying the officer. The latter was taken prisoner and compelled to conduct the horsemen back to their lines.

A dispatch from Canadian Army Headquarters in France to the Canadian Press, Limited, telling of this same adventure of Canadian cavalrymen, spoke of them as "'Hell for Leather' Port Garrys."

It says that the little force penetrated two miles inside the enemy's territory under command of a Lieutenant. Of the return on foot the dispatch says:

"The retirement was a succession of hand-to-hand struggles. Four times the little party met enemy working parties with the bayonet and dispersed them. Midnight had passed when they reached Masnières again and fought their way through the enemy infantry in the town to a wrecked bridge, where they crossed to safety.

"Forty-three of the men came through unwounded, and they brought back their wounded and over a dozen prisoners."

GREAT DEEDS DONE ON BOURLON HEIGHTS

Fight in Wood One of the Most Spectacular of the War—Airmen's Remarkable Exploits.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sunday, Nov. 25, (Associated Press.)—This morning found the line of battle of the weary but determined British troops stretched in a semicircle about Bourlon Wood and Bourlon Village.

All day yesterday the opposing forces struggled at close quarters for possession of the village, from which the British were forced Friday after gaining a footing in the rush that took them through Bourlon Wood. Nightfall still found waves of infantry surging back and forth through the streets of the hamlet and among the houses, their crimson bayonets telling the story of the terrible conflict. Gradually the Germans fell back, the British pressing forward with persistence which the enemy could not withstand, and the hamlet was finally cleared of most of the German troops.

Today a few of the enemy still remained in Bourlon to be mopped up, but all the main streets had been cleared, and it was surrounded by a strong force of British soldiers.

While the Bourlon position overlooks Cambrai, that city may be a hard nut to crack, because the central part is walled, and many suburbs radiate from it, forming natural barriers against an advance from the west. It seems likely that Cambrai might ultimately become a sort of No Man's Land, dominated by the big guns of both sides, and that this ancient town with its fine old cathedral and picturesque walls will go the way of so many other places which come under artillery fire.

That the Germans attached the greatest importance to Bourlon Wood and Village was evidenced by their stout resistance and the intense counterattacks buried against the British lines.

The fighting over the wooded slopes of the elevation has been among the most spectacular of the war, for the occupation of the forest was due largely to the work of tanks and airmen, who paved the way for onrushing infantry. Several iron monitors led the advance to Bourlon Wood Friday with British planes circling over the enemy at a height of thirty to fifty feet, and carrying on vigorous warfare with their machine guns and bombs. It was hard fighting, but the advance was continued successfully until the northeast corner of the wood was reached, where the tanks were held up by a strong force of the enemy. British airmen, who had been fighting close to the ground, deliberately charged on the foe, with machine guns pumping a stream of bullets into the German ranks. The battle was short and decisive. The airplanes wheeled and rewheeled over the heads of the Germans and maintained such an intensive fire that the defenders were forced to retire, after suffering considerable losses. The tanks then pushed on, the conquest of the wood was completed, and an entering wedge was driven into the village.

Almost immediately the Germans delivered a heavy counterattack on the troops who had penetrated the hamlet, and after a stiff engagement forced them to withdraw again to the edge of the wood. Then they threw themselves on the British line at the edge of the wood. A sanguinary struggle followed, and the British, unable to withstand the fury of the German attack without too great a loss of life, withdrew slightly, and the Germans gained a footing in the northern edge of the forest. But the British were not to let the matter rest, and they surged forward again. This time dismounted cavalrymen advanced with the infantry, and between them they re-established themselves on the old line.

Little by little the Germans were forced to give ground at the edge of the wood about Bourlon Village until the British infantry reached the bloodstained streets of the hamlet once more. Dusk settled down about the contending forces, but they continued to shoot and thrust at one another in the gathering darkness. Finally the German forces were driven outside the village, but were still full of determination. Several times through the night they reformed and swept forward against the village, but each time they were hurled back with heavy losses.

The work of British airplanes in the present offensive forms a graphic chapter in itself. Despite the bad weather, which compelled them to operate within a few feet of the ground, they kept at their task and rendered invaluable assistance in reconnoissance and offensive operations.

There have been almost continual battles between German infantry and British airmen, flying as low as thirty feet above the ground. Never before has this kind of warfare been carried out on such a large scale. Pilots have attacked infantry and gun crews indiscriminately wherever they encountered them and inflicted heavy casualties on the enemy with bombs and machine guns.

One British pilot had his machine literally shot to pieces by rifle and machine-gun fire, and crashed down behind his own lines with ten bullet holes through his clothing, although he himself was unhurt.

Another young airman presented himself at headquarters after having been shot down for the third time in two days. He was delighted with his experience, and applied for another machine so that he might go out again.

One aviator attacked a column of German infantry marching in close formation and hurled two high-power bombs among them. The troops scattered, and as the airman whirled away he saw two heaps of dead about huge craters which the bombs had torn in the road.

There were many cases of airmen successfully bombing airdromes, troop transports, and gun crews. A large number of artillery crews have been wiped out by machine-gun fire at close range or by bombs.

Many of the airmen had miraculous escapes from death. An aviator had his machine torn to pieces while fighting infantry with his machine gun. He was caught in the shellfire and the wings of his machine were shot away. Fortunately he was flying only twenty or thirty feet above the ground and close to his own lines. He crashed down in No Man's Land and found himself unhurt. He immediately came under rifle and machine gun fire, but found a German rifle with some ammunition and engaged the enemy single-handed. As he fired he worked his way back until he reached one of his own patrols.

There is not much humor in fighting of this nature, but one incident occurred which is making the air service laugh today. One of the youngest British airmen was flying at a low altitude when four enemy machine guns opened on him. He swooped down and shot three of his opponents as he swept by. The fourth machine gun kept firing, and the aviator in a spirit of boyish mischief leaned over the side of his car and wriggled his fingers in joyous derision at the Germans.

Just as he was in the midst of this performance his opponent put a bullet through the palm of the airman's open hand. The aviator presented himself at a dressing station, and when queried, admitted the truth with crestfallen face.

DIED WITH THE CANADIANS.

Several Americans in the Ottawa Casualty Lists.

OTTAWA, Nov. 26.—Among the Americans named in today's list of casualties were these:

Killed in action: G. B. Madden, Hayward, Wis.; C. J. McNamee, San Francisco; G. S. Colpitts, Chelmsford, Mass.

Died: W. R. Metcalfe, Palms, Mich.

Missing: Sergeant John Sutherland Wood, Ravenna, Ohio; John Rodgers, Massena Centre, N. Y.

RUSSIANS REPEL TURKS.

More Fraternization with Teutons Observed in North.

PETROGRAD, Sunday, Nov. 25, (British Admiralty per Wireless Press.)—Russian forces in Turkish Armenia made a successful defense to an attack by strong Turkish columns near the coast in the Gumishkhane region, says today's War Office announcement. Several successful operations by Russian aviators are reported. Some additional cases of fraternization on the front are announced. The statement reads:

Northern Front.—The fighting was limited to fusillades and scouting engagements.

Western Front.—There were fusillades. South of Lake Narocz, near the villages of Skrobova and Obokhvatchina, fraternizations were observed.

Southwestern and Rumanian Fronts. —There were fusillades.

Caucasus Front.—In the seacoast region, southwest of Gumishkhane, our forces repulsed attacks by strong Turkish parties.

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PLEADED FOR DEATH IN ROCHESTER'S BOAT

Seven Survivors, Arriving Home, Tell of Suffering at Sea After Torpedoing.

THIRSTED IN BITTER COLD

Forty-five of Antilles Men Arrive—One Says Mates Neglected Their Life Belts.

First-hand details of the torpedoing of the American steamship Rochester on Nov. 2 were brought to an Atlantic port yesterday by seven of the survivors who were still suffering from frost bite through exposure in the lifeboat. The men, who arrived on an American liner, limped down the gangway to the pier. Warren B. Thompson, Quartermaster, and two others had split open the tops of their shoes from the soles because they could not bear any pressure on their feet.

"We were steaming along quietly at 4:40 P. M. on Nov. 2, about 400 miles from port," Thompson said, "when the ship was torpedoed by a German submarine which killed Second Engineer Sandot and one of the oilers. Three boats were lowered and filled with the crew of the Rochester and the gun crew. All we had was the clothing we were wearing when the ship was struck. There was no time to collect anything.

"One boat was never heard from, I was told, and two landed at Moville on the northeast coast of Ireland. I was in the Captain's boat with six other men besides five of the naval gun crew.

"There was plenty of biscuit in the lifeboat, but they got soaked with sale water. We managed to eat them because that was the only food we had. But the hardtack made us so thirsty that we drank more than our daily ration of fresh water, which was stored in two wooden beakers kept in the stern sheets, where the Captain sat at the tiller.

Without Water for Seventeen Hours.

"The cold was intense and the salt water which slapped over the boat fore and aft was so cold that it penetrated us through to the very marrow. After the fourth day the fresh water gave out and for seventeen hours there was nothing to drink. Some of the men suffered so much from thirst and exposure that they cried out that they wanted to die and threatened to jump out of the lifeboat. They were held back by their shipmates.

"One young sailor, who did not come back with us, as he was not out of the hospital, was in such agony that he crawled aft to the Captain and begged him to shoot him, because he could stand no more and would not take his own life. In the meantime the boat was drifting along the coast with her fore and aft sail. Occasionally we pulled on the oars to keep ourselves warm, but we were too weak from exposure and lack of nourishment to do much.

"Finally, when we were almost all in, a British trawler picked us up, and it transferred us three hours later to a Red Cross steamship, which landed us at Moville. Shortly afterward the second boat arrived, with seven of her crew dead from exposure. Three of them had died, we were told, when they were in sight of the port."

The others returning with Quartermaster Thompson were David Caldwell, William C. Eisenhardt, Thaddeus Fellowes, William Foulin, Oscar Garlas, and Edward McCauseland.

Another party, comprising forty-five survivors of the American transport Antilles, which was torpedoed in October off the French coast, landed at an Atlantic port yesterday from a French steamship. Second Officer John Christiansen was in charge of the group. The men had been torpedoed a second time on the transport Finland, and two of them had been on the American steamship Vacuum when she was sunk by a German submarine last April.

Overconfidence on Antilles.

William Harrison, one of the crew, said that when the torpedo struck the Antilles the men did not have their lifebelts on because it was the third trip westward and they had become overconfident in the speed of the ship and the ability of the Captain and officers to avoid submarines. The Antilles' boats were swung over the side on the davits, but there was such a scramble for them as the vessel was sinking that some of them were let go by the run, and the men in them were thrown into the sea and drowned.

"We were picked up by the converted yachts Alcedo and Corsair and landed at a French port," Harrison said. "Then we started for home on the Finland, and were only a day out of port when she was banged at by a torpedo. Let me tell you that our chaps, numbering eighty-seven, who were on board, did not need any bugle call to man the boats. Directly after the torpedo exploded we were on deck with belts on in less than two shakes of a dead lamb's tail. So far as I knew every one left the Finland—officers as well as crew—but returned when it was seen that the vessel was not likely to sink, and we landed in France that night."

Two American naval officers of senior rank who returned on the same vessel from France said that the German submarine was still a very elusive quantity to handle. The latest type of periscopes, they said, were not more than two inches in circumference, and when seen at close range they resembled a black broomstick bobbing up and down on the water. With a choppy sea and an overcast sky it was practically impossible to see them at all.

The naval officers explained that the German commanders saw convoyed vessels some distance away and made their plans to attack any steamship that appeared to be out of the proper line. It was a matter of the highest importance that Captains should obey the signals of the convoy master at all times.

SHOUTED 'KAMERAD' ON CAPTURED U-BOAT

Terror Stricken Germans Were Forced to Rise—Americans Fed and Clothed Them.

BASE OF THE AMERICAN FLOTILLA IN BRITISH WATERS, Nov. 26, (Associated Press.)—It is now permissible to give the details of the capture by Americans of the entire crew of a U-boat sunk by depth charges. The explosives had disabled the U-boat and forced it down, bumping along the bottom of the sea and striking terror in the hearts of the crew, when the commander, in order to lighten her, emptied the tanks.

To the great relief of the crew, the U-boat responded, and rose to the surface with such a rush that some of the Germans were thrown about and injured. The U-boat appeared on the surface within several hundred feet of an American destroyer. The submarine's hatch flew open, and the Germans scrambled out of the conning tower, coatless and shoeless, ready to swim for it. They lined up along the narrow deck with hands in the air, shouting "Kamerad!"

The U-boat remained stationary, and the destroyer moved close up and heaved a line, which the Germans made fast. This was no sooner done than it became apparent that the crew had succeeded in opening the seacocks, for the submarine began to settle, at first slowly, then more rapidly. As she did so the Germans leaped into the water and swam toward the destroyer. Some of the American bluejackets jumped into the sea to rescue the injured.

As the last German was lifted aboard the destroyer the hawser attached to the U-boat parted under the strain and the U-boat disappeared.

All the Germans received steaming hot coffee and dry clothing and were otherwise made comfortable for the run to the base, but one of their number, a machinist, had suffered greatly from shock and exposure and died on the way. He was buried with full military honors from the deck of the destroyer, the American commander officiating at what was the first funeral service so far held in this war on an American destroyer.

When the destroyer reached her base the prisoners were almost wholly clad in American bluejacket outfits. They appeared especially fond of the American shoes, which were the first they had ever worn.

INGRAM GAVE HIS LIFE TO SAVE THE CASSIN

Threw Explosives Overboard Instead of Going Forward as Torpedo Sped Toward Destroyer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Osmond Kelly Ingram of Pratt City, Ala., who perished when the American destroyer Cassin was torpedoed by a German submarine in European waters on Oct. 16, deliberately risked his life to save the vessel. After Secretary Daniels received details from Vice Admiral Sims, he made public the following announcement today:

The Navy Department announces that Osmond K. Ingram, gunner's mate, first class, the only man to lose his life when the U. S. S. Cassin was struck by a torpedo on Oct. 1, 1917, had the opportunity of saving himself as he saw the torpedo coming toward the stern of the ship where his gun was located. Ingram, however, with exceptional presence of mind, realized the additional danger if the torpedo struck the stern of the ship, where certain high explosives were placed, and, instead of going forward and saving himself, he deliberately went aft to throw these charges overboard before the torpedo struck.

The department considers that Ingram sacrificed his life in performing a duty which he believed would save his ship and the lives of the officers and men on board.

Ingram's mother, Mrs. Bettie Ingram, lives at 504 Third Street, Pratt City, Ala. He was blown overboard and his body was not recovered. Five other members of the Cassin's crew were injured. The Cassin got into port under her own steam and the gallantry of her crew in effecting temporary repairs was commended by Admiral Sims in a special report.

ENVOYS OF ALLIES MAY QUIT RUSSIA

Continued from Page 1.

try is on the verge of a bloody civil war.

According to this dispatch, the Russian newspaper Volka Narodna asserts that the Russian armies on the northern front have for several days been without food and that soldiers daily are leaving the front in hundreds or are dying in the trenches from cold and hunger. The newspaper adds that mutinies due to hunger have broken out on several parts of the line.

With reference to the order of the Military Revolutionary Committee for the dissolution of the Committee for the Salvation of the Country and the Revolution, the Secretary of the Salvation Committee, a mild-mannered woman, who declined to permit the use of her name, said:

"We refuse to dissolve under any circumstances. They did not elect us and cannot dissolve us. They may arrest and confine us in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, but that will only prevent us from performing our duties and not deprive us of the right to represent those who elected us."

General Kaledines, Hetman of Don Cossacks, according to the Petrograd correspondent of The Morning Post, is the master of the Russian situation. With a trustworthy and disciplined army, he is reported to control the bulk of the grain-growing territory, and is rapidly capturing the remainder.

The Russian gold reserve, which the correspondent says was removed to the interior of Russia in 1913, is now held by General Kaledines.

PETROGRAD AND BERLIN TALK BY WIRELESS

President Has Bolsheviki Peace Proposals and Will Decide This Country's Attitude.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Advices today from David R. Francis, the American Ambassador to Russia, brought information to the State Department that Petrograd and Berlin are in wireless communication. The unofficial interpretation placed on this information is that the radio is being used as a means for the exchange of communications between the Lenine-Trotzky - Bolsheviki Government and Berlin regarding the Maximalist peace proposal. Officials declined to comment on this significant feature of the report from Ambassador Francis.

The State Department earlier in the day received the text of the peace proposal made by the Bolsheviki, and a copy of this document is now in the hands of President Wilson for consideration and such reply as he cares to make. The text was forwarded by Ambassador Francis by way of Stockholm. At the State Department no comment was obtainable regarding the attitude of the United States Government, but there is not the slightest chance that these peace overtures will be considered in any favorable light in view of the recent rejection of those made by the Vatican and the known desire of the Washington Government that the United States and the Entente Powers bend every effort toward unity and co-ordination of action with a view to the most vigorous prosecution of the war to a successful end.

President Wilson will himself determine the character of the decision to be reached. This Government has not recognized the Bolsheviki form of government and one of the points to be carefully considered will be whether the dispatch of an answer to the note is to be construed as a recognition of the Bolsheviki Government.

In Entente diplomatic circles the belief was expressed today that the opportunity rests with the United States more than with any other power at war with the Central Empires to win Russia back to the Entente alliance, and it was declared that the greatest elements of skill in diplomacy and statesmanship must be employed toward this end.

It has been suggested that care and tact should be taken not to flatly ignore the Bolsheviki and drive them to further excesses, and that German agents in Russia would seek to make the most of an American refusal to reply to the note by claiming that this country was aligned with reactionary elements. On the other hand, it is being urged that if the United States should recognize the Bolsheviki element it might strengthen their influence and further their efforts toward the negotiation of a separate peace with Germany.

In well-informed quarters here the belief is entertained that the Bolsheviki will not be able to dictate to the Russian armies, and that the military elements have not yet definitely determined their attitude toward the Maximalist rule. The armies of Russia have not been wholly deceived by the Bolsheviki. They distrust them and are expected to follow a strong leader should a master personally appear.

It is not definitely know here whether General Korniloff, former Commander in Chief, is still in prison, but it is strongly suspected that the Kerensky adherents refused to permit his release immediately after the Premier's loss of power. The prestige of Korniloff has been considerably increased here since the advent of the Bolsheviki, especially since he forecast the present situation and desired to take measures to prevent it, but was overruled by Kerensky and arrested on charges of treasonable conduct.

The text of the proclamation issued by General Korniloff early in September, and which may become the rallying cry of many of the military forces opposed to the Bolsheviki should he be released, was obtained here today.

"Russian men," said this proclamation, "our great fatherland is perishing. The Government, under pressure of the Bolsheviki majority of the councils, is acting in full accord with the plans of the German General Staff. Overwhelming consciousness of the impending ruin of the fatherland compels me in this menacing moment to summon all Russian men to save perishing Russia.

"All in whose breasts beat Russian hearts, all who believe in God, let them flock to the temple and pray God to perform a great miracle—a miracle of saving the fatherland.

"I, General Korniloff, son of a peasant and Cossack, declare to all that I require nothing personally—nothing except the salvation of mighty Russia—and I swear to lead the nation by the road of victory over the foe to the Constituent Assembly, through which the nation will decide its own fate and choose the organization of its political life.

"But I shall never betray Russia into the hands of its traditional foe—the German race—or make the Russian people the slaves of Germany. I prefer to die on the field of honor and battle rather than to witness the shame and infamy of the Russian land.

"Russian people, in your own hands rests the fate of your country."

In a second proclamation Korniloff denounced Kerensky for incapacity, indecision, and weakness, and declared that, in order to veil the unfitness of itself, the Government was creating the chimera of a non-existent counter-revolution.

The Russian Embassy has received no telegraphic dispatches from Petrograd since last Friday. In the dispatch received today from Ambassador Francis he notified the State Department that the Russian Northern Army was short of food. Unless this food shortage is supplied, it is believed it will result in a dangerous situation, the result of which no one can safely predict. Word also reached the State Department today, in an unconfirmed report forwarded by Ambassador Francis, that a new Socialist Government had been set up near Petrograd.

REVOLT NOW STARTS IN UKRAINE REPUBLIC

Agrarian Riots in South—Pogrom at Skivira—Cossacks Plan to Reconstruct Russia.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Sunday, Nov. 25.—In Kiev the power is now in the hands of the Ukrainian Rada, which has proclaimed a Ukrainian Republic federated with Russia and including the Governments of Kiev, Podolia, Volhynia, Chernigoff, Poltava, Kharkov, Ekaterinoslav, Kherson, and Tavrida. In Kiev the staff made an energetic resistance, but the Ukrainians have joined the Bolsheviki and, summoned troops from the front, and with the help of the Railway Union, which admitted Ukrainian but excluded Government troops, gained the victory.

The Cossack Congress which was sitting at Kiev first declared strongly in favor of the Provisional Government, but later assumed a neutral attitude and moved to Nevo Cherkosk. Czech-Slovak regiments began by fighting the Bolsheviki, but when the Ukrainians joined the insurgents they refused to employ arms against Ukrainian independence, and demanded to be sent back to the front. All the Government institutions in Kiev are in the hands of the Ukrainians, and Russian papers have been confiscated.

On Nov. 20 the Ukrainian Rada issued a manifesto proclaiming a republic, the nationalization of all private estates and monastery land and domains in Ukrainian territory and the convocation of an Ukrainian Constitutent Assembly on Jan. 9. Ukrainians as temporary allies of the Bolsheviki are now revolting against Ukrainian rule and protesting that all power in Ukraine belongs to the Soviets.

The Caucasus has formed its own Socialist parliament, excluding all Bolsheviki. The province demands its independence. At Kishinev the autonomy of Besarabia has been proclaimed. The Cossacks in Orenburg have decided to support the Provisional Government.

In the Government of Kiev and in other southern Governments near the front there is an epidemic of violent agrarian disorders, with wholesale destruction of buildings and livestock. In the town of Skivira there has been a Jewish pogrom.

In Orenburg the power is in the hands of the Orenburg Cossacks.

In Siberia various local revolutionary organizations have concluded a treaty of neutrality and order is undisturbed. It is expected that the elections to the Constituent Assembly will not be hindered.

The news from Kazan, where fighting seems to have been particularly violent, is fragmentary, owing to the interruption of telegraphic communication.

In Trans-Caucasia a Moderate Socialist Territorial Council has provisionally assumed power, and is negotiating with the Cossack territories north of the Caucasus. Here order has not been disturbed.

The Cossack Federation in North Caucasus is at present maintaining a neutral attitude to the rest of Russia, organizing the administration of its own territories and forming a nucleus for the reconstruction of Russia.

General Dukhonin has issued an order to the army explaining his reasons for refusing to negotiate an armistice.

Elections to the Constituent Assembly begin in Petrograd today and last for three days. All parties are vigorously agitating and the Cadets, in particular, have held a large number of successful meetings throughout the week. One effect of the Bolsheviki methods of government has been to increase sympathy for the Cadets, and this probably explains the persistent efforts of the party in power to suppress the Cadet agitation.

An attempt which was made the other evening to print a paper in the office of the Rech was checked by the arrival of Red Guards with bombs. A small evening paper issued by the Cadets yesterday reached a second number, but in the evening Red Guards appeared and confiscated the issue, scattered the type, and seized a quantity of electoral literature. Similar treatment is intermittently extended to the Moderate Socialist parties.

In Petrograd there are nineteen lists of candidates. Thirteen members are to be elected, and the representation is proportionate to the percentage of votes polled by each party. Suffrage is universal, in that it extends to all adults, male and female, over 20, and to all soldiers on active service over 18. The elections will be conducted in the towns by the municipal authorities, and in the country by the rural Councils. In many constituencies preparations for the elections have been interrupted by civil war and the elections accordingly postponed, but it is estimated that within the next three days 40 members out of a total of 653 will be elected.

The Bolsheviki are confident of victory, but it is wholly impossible to forecast the issue, in view of the variety of electoral conditions and the enigmatic attitude of the peasantry.

ANNOYED BY SECRET PAPERS.

French Press Accuses Bolsheviki of Favoring Germany.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Considerable irritation is shown by the newspapers over the publication of Russian State secret documents by the Maximalists, who are accused of collecting those which they think most likely to embarrass the Allies and supply Germany with arguments.

The note of Oct. 9, written by M. Tereschenko, then Russian Foreign Minister, to Secretary of State Lansing, thanking the Secretary for not having had David R. Francis, the American Ambassador to Russia, associate himself on behalf of his Government with the step taken by the Italian, French, and British Ambassadors in demanding the construction of a firm power to reorganize the Russian Army, is considered amusing by the Journal des Débats. "If Mr. Francis did not visit Premier Kerensky with his three colleagues," says the newspaper, "it was only because he received his Government's authorization to do so too late." The Temps refers to the same incident as "seeming but falsely however, to put the United States in contradition with the other allies."

BRITISH THREE MILES FROM JERUSALEM

Allenby's Cavalry Captures Villages to the West and Southwest of the City.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—British cavalry have captured Bitur [Baither] Station, about six miles southwest, and Ain Karun, three and a half miles west, of Jerusalem, according to a British official communication issued this evening.

The text of the statement follows:

Our mounted troops have captured Bitur Station and Ain Karun, three and a half miles west of Jerusalem. Strong bodies of Turks are holding the high ground west of Jerusalem and covering the Jerusalem-Shechem road to the north.

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Lining $15.00 extra.

Stetson Service Hats $6.00
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"Turner for Concrete"

The things that are written in a contract—dependability, experience, judgment, know-how, and the sixth sense of what building ought to be.

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High Distinction At A Low Price: Evening Suits, $35

IN this season of sly cheapening, a nameless Tailed or Tuxedo Suit at $35 is a blank (maybe, a blankety-blank), but a *Stein-Bloch* Tailed or Tuxedo Suit at $35 gives high distinction to a low price.

Quite aside from the soft, sleek smartness and exemplary tailoring of the clothes, which make them the ultimate ultra for "life's finer moments," the mere *Woolens* and *Labor* alone cannot be renewed at $35.

Evening Waistcoats of flattering fit and sprucest style, *Carlton*, $5; *Regent*, $7.50; *Plaza*, $10.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

ITALIANS CRUSH ATTACKS IN NORTH

Continued from Page 1.

under, but there was no trace of wavering, and the long lines breathed a spirit of eagerness.

In another zone a sight which stirred the blood was that of solid ranks of allied reinforcements crowding the roads. Already they were within sound of the rumble of the guns, and the "Boom! Boom!" from the battle in the distance could be heard above the gallop of the cavalry, the tramp of the infantry, and the clamor of the batteries and supply trains.

It was a dark day, with a gray sky, but the whole scene seemed to lighten up as the color of the Italian gray was tinted everywhere with British khaki and French blue. The allied troops had been on the march eight days, making more than fifteen miles a day.

Allied Troops "in the Pink."

The French reinforcements were first seen in force. They were splendid looking young men. One of their officers with whom the correspondent talked and who wore stripes earned by gallantry, said that they had just arrived after a hard forced march, with others following.

Soon these others came in view, and for two miles the party passed through endless lines of French. There were squadrons of cavalry in the road and in the nearby fields, and long lines of troops with artillery trains and supplies. Field kitchens had been set up at one point, and the midday meal was being served. The men looked in the best of condition, and did not show a trace of fatigue from their long march.

Just beyond here the color turned from blue to khaki, as long lines of the British came into sight. In the lead were cyclists, and then came engineer trains. Following were long ranks of infantry, cavalry, and artillery. At one point headquarters had been temporarily established along the road, and guards were at the gate as the officers went and came. Further on a British General and his staff, all finely mounted, were cantering forward.

The artillery horses were especially marked for their sleek, well-fed condition, and the observers noted how all the brass work of the guns and equipment glinted with the thorough care it had had. One Engineer Corps was rumbling to the rear with huge pontoons on camions, as it had been found these were not needed, but all the rest of the force was moving forward.

The men looked as hard as nails despite their steady marches. Both officers and men were eager to hear how the fight was going and were anxious to get forward.

Talks with these men along the road gave an idea of what they had been doing. They had been marching steadily for several days. The start was made every day at 3 A. M., with an early breakfast, and with rations subsequently served at 11 A. M. and 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Along the route their headquarters were in village schools, houses, barns, and public buildings. The men carried loads of about seventy pounds, including rifles, blankets, kits, and the day's rations. This looked like a heavy load as the long ranks ranged along the roads, but the men did not mind it, although they said the long marches had been hard on the feet. The regimental bands were in line, and Italy may hear music again if things go right. All the Italian bands have disappeared in the fierce carnage of recent days, and the bandsmen are charging with bayonets.

The whole appearance of the British and French gave a feeling of great power because of the perfect organization and ardor of all ranks, accentuated by the timeliness with which they were arriving in the vicinity of the battle front.

TOMBA THE CRITICAL POINT.

German Success There Would Threaten the Southern Plain.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Telegraphing under date of Sunday, Ward Price, British press representative at Italian Headquarters, says:

"The first encounters in what is likely to be an important battle have been taking place during the last three days at the point where the right wing of the Italian front forms a curious angle. The river on one saide and the mountains on the other form its two sides, and at the apex the enemy at present is making the most determined effort to break through. Within this angle is a dead, flat plain, whose only irregular feature is a mile-long mound whose sodded top rises into a number of small peaks.

"This last outlying foothill of the mountains is called Montello, [on the west bank of the lower Piave,] and should be remembered as a feature of importance in the situation that is developing. Except where Montello masks the nearer view, the rich, well-watered, level plain stretches monotonously away as far as the eye can carry, and the Germans who are now on part of the top of Monte Tomba, to the northwest, can see, on a clear day, to where Venice stands, in the middle of her glittering lagoon.

"If the enemy could come down from Monte Tomba into the plain immediately below he would seriously threaten the defenses of the Piave, since would be cutting across the line of supply and retreat for the Italian troops holding the river bank."

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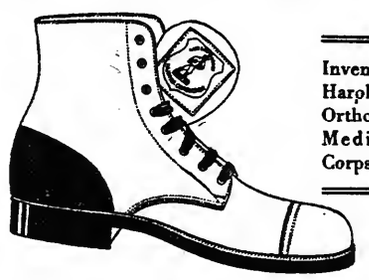

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Is cut high in the Upper and has no backstay to injure the Achille's tendon.

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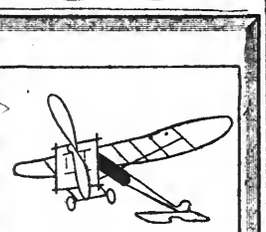

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NEWS PRINT PRICES AGREED ON FOR WAR

Manufacturers Reach Settlement with Government After Leaders Are Fined.

ASSOCIATION IS DISSOLVED

Publishers of Country Will Avoid Increase of $30,000,000 to $40,000,000 in Paper Cost Next Year.

By an agreement concluded yesterday in the Federal District Court between the United States Government, acting through the Department of Justice, and news print paper manufacturers dominating their industry in this country and Canada, the news print paper situation, which had been uncertain and menacing for more than a year, was brought to an adjustment by which all interests were guaranteed safety and security for the duration of the war. The agreement, which is universally regarded as one of the most far-reaching and adequately devised war measures yet effected, provides for the fixing by the Government of manufacturers' maximum prices, and compels the dissolution of the News Print Manufacturers' Association, the so-called "Paper Trust."

As a prerequisite for the agreement demanded by the Government five of the six manufacturers indicted for criminal violation of the Sherman anti-trust law came into court, and pleaded nolo contendere to the charge against them, and paid fines imposed by Judge Mayer of $2,500 each in the case of four and $1,000 in the case of the fifth. The agreement means that the newspaper publishers of the country will avoid increases in the price of paper amounting to between $30,000,000 and $40,000,000 next year, in the opinion of an expert in the paper market identified with the publishing interests.

According to the agreement, the maximum price of news print paper at the mills, bought in rolls in carload lots, is to be $3 a hundred pounds for the first three months of 1918, after which period a maximum price to be determined by the Federal Trade Commission and subject to review by the three Judges of the United States Circuit Court of this district, is to prevail for the duration of the war and for three months thereafter, unless it is altered by the commission and the court. The maximum prices for paper bought in sheets and in less than carload lots are fixed tentatively at from $3.25 to $3.75 a hundred pounds, and will be finally determined by the same procedure.

The $3 price will affect the larger publishers of the country, and is approximately what most of them are paying at present, although it is less than some have been forced to pay. Present prices represent a large increase over the prices paid before 1917. In the future, by a clause in the agreement, the middleman's price will be limited to a reasonable increase over the manufacturer's price. Thus the saving to the hundreds of smaller publishers throughout the country is expected to be one of the chief benefits of the agreement.

Fines for Officials.

Those who paid the larger fine were George H. Mead, President of the Spanish River Pulp and Paper Mills and other paper manufacturing corporations, as well as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the News Print Manufacturers' Association; Philip T. Dodge, President of the International Paper Company; Edward W. Backus, President of the Minnesota and Ontario Power Company and other corporations, and George Chahoon, Jr., President of the Laurentide Company and other corporations. All were members of the Executive Committee of the News Print Manufacturers' Association. Frank J. Sensenbrenner, Vice President of the Kimberly-Clark Company, and formerly Western adviser for the manufacturers' association, was fined only $1,000 because he had not been connected with the newsprint paper business and manipulation for more than a year. The indictment of Gordias H. P. Gould, President of the Donnaconna Paper Company, and also a member of the Executive Committee of the manufacturers' association, was dismissed because the Government admitted that its evidence against him was not so strong as that against the other defendants. Action on the indictment against Alexander Smith, a Chicago banker, said to have been a financial party to the activities of the manufacturers' association, and the only other defendant in the criminal proceedings, was deferred because Mr. Smith is doing Red Cross work in France, and his lawyer had no authority to enter a plea for him.

While pleading nolo contedere, the five defendants who were fined insisted, through their counsel, that they were innocent of criminal action and were inspired purely by patriotic motives in not contending against the Government's charge at this time. John B. Stanchfield, one of the counsel, quoted a court decision to show that one pleading nolo contendere, which means simply that a defendant does not fight a case, is not tantamount to a plea of guilty. He and his associates said that their clients were not agraid of a trial, that they felt confident of winning in a trial, but that they did not wish to continue a controversy with their Government while it was at war.

Herbert C. Smyth, special assistant to the Attorney General in the case, made light of the defendant's excuse of patriotism and said that it was singular that they had become so patriotic only after the Federal Trade Commission, Congress, and the Department of Justice had marshaled their forces to prevent their profiteering.

The importance of the agreement and all that went with it extends far beyond the field of the news print industry, in the opinion of the authorities. Mr. Hyman pointed out yesterday that the dissolution of the News Print Manufacturers' Association set a precedent for Government action against any other of the hundreds of "co-operative" business associations in the country detected violating the Sherman Anti-Trust law. As is the case with numbers of such associations, the News Print Manufacturers' Association was not admittedly a price-fixing body. It differed from the old-fashioned trust or combination, in that it was not incorporated, its members were supposed to retain their individuality and fredom of action, and its avowed purpose was to bring co-operation among competitors.

Another important feature of yesterday's proceedings, pointed out by Mr. Smyth, was that for the first time the Federal Trade Commission was recognized in court as a price-fixing body. The action of the court was considered as establishing a precedent that will almost certainly have important developments.

In four particulars, according to Mr. Hyman, the agreement has advantages over that attempted last Spring by the Federal Trade Commission in conference with the paper manufacturers and over contemplated action by Congress. In the first place, a sufficient number of Canadian companies to insure the American maximum prices in the Canadian market were brought into the agreement, and, furthermore, Gordias H. P. Gould and Edward W. Backus, whose refusal to sign the former agreement was largely responsible for its failure, became parties to yesterday's settlement. Also, the former agreement was drawn up to continue only for six months, whereas the present agreement will be in force until three months after the end of the war.

The principal price of 3 cents a pound, or $3 a hundred pounds, is half a cent more a pound than that stipulated by the Federal Trade Commission in the earlier agreement, but the commission was consulted before the present agreement was drawn up and gave the opinion that the increased cost of manufacture made the three-cent price fair and equitable, as the two and one-half cent one had been last Spring.

Named Eight Defeadants.

The petition named eight men and forty-four companies as defendants in the dissolution suit. The men were the seven indicted for criminal offense, and George F. Steele, Secretary-Manager of the News Print Manufacturers' Association, who escaped indictment because of his testimony before the Grand Jury. The companies named as defendants, with their location and daily output in tons of paper, were as follows:

Name and Location of Mills.	Daily Tonnage.
Abitibi Power and Paper Co., Ltd., Iroquois Falls, Ontario	225
Belgo-Canadian Pulp and Paper Co., Ltd., Shawinigan Falls, Quebec	160
Berlin Mills Co., Berlin, N. H.	160
J. R. Booth, Ottawa, Ontario	135
Brompton Pulp and Paper Co., East Angus, Quebec	55
Crown-Willamette Paper Co., West Linn, Oregon; Camas, Washington	300
Canada Paper Co., Ltd., Windsor Mills, Quebec	40
Cliff Paper Co., Niagara Falls, N. Y.	39
E. Crabtree & Sons, Ltd., Crabtree Mills, Quebec	22
Champion Paper Co., Carthage, N. Y.	37
Cleveland Paper Co., Cleveland, Ohio	14
Cheboygan Paper Co., Cheboygan, Mich.	20
Consolidated Water Power and Paper Co., Grand Rapids, Wis.	120
Donnacona Paper Co., Ltd., Donnacona, Quebec	100
Delis Paper and Pulp Co., Eau Claire, Wis.	32
E. B. Eddy Co., Ltd., Hull, Quebec	55
Fitzdale Paper Co., Fitzdale, Vt.	39
Finch, Pruyn & Co., Glens Falls, N. Y.	106
Flambeau Paper Co., Park Falls, Wis.	20
Gould Paper Co., Lyons Falls, N. Y.	84
Grandfather Falls Co., Merrill, Wis.	35
Hennepin Paper Co., Little Falls, Minn.	30
International Paper Co., Glens Falls, Port Edward, Palmer, Niagara Falls, Ticonderoga, and Watertown, State of New York; Chisholm, Orono, Maine; Berlin, N. H., and Bellows Falls and Wilder, Vt.	1,289
Itasca Paper Co., Grand Rapids, Minn.	25
Kimberly Clark Co., Appleton, Kimberly, Neenah, and Niagara, Wis.	81
Laurentide Co., Ltd., Grand Mere, Que.	200
Minnesota and Ontario Power Co., International Falls, Minn., and Fort Frances, Ontario	350
Nekoosa-Edwards Paper Co., Port Edwards, Wis.	30
Northwest Paper Co., Cloquet and Brainerd, Minn.	100
Oswego Falls Pulp and Paper Co., Fulton, N. Y.	28
W. H. Parsons Co., Brunswick and Lisbon Falls, Me.	132
Pettebone-Cataract Paper Co., Niagara Falls, N. Y.	25
Powell River Co., Ltd., Powell River, British Columbia	225
Price Brothers & Co., Ltd., Jonquieres and Kenogami, Quebec	220
Remington Paper and Power Co., Raymondville, Norfolk, and Norwood, N. Y.	158
Rhinelander Paper Co., Rhinelander, Wis.	34
St. Croix Paper Co., Woodland, Me.	131
St. George Pulp and Paper Co., Norwalk, Conn., and St. George, Quebec	25
St. Maurice Paper Co., Ltd., Three Rivers, Quebec	109
St. Regis Paper Co., De Ferict, N. Y.	143
Spanish River Pulp and Paper Mills, Ltd., Espanola, Sault Ste. Marie, and Sturgeon Falls, Ontario	444
Taggarts Paper Co., Felts Mills, N. Y.	30
West End Paper Co., Carthage, N. Y.	33
Web Pulp and Paper Co., Sartell, Minn.	45
Wisconsin River Pulp and Paper Co., Stevens Point, Wis.	55
Total	5,755

To emphasize the extent to which the defendant companies controlled the market, the petition stated that the total daily output of news print paper in the United States and Canada was 6,300 tons, with an approximate value of $250,000. The approximate value of the output of the defendant companies was estimated at $225,000. Mr. Smyth then said that the defendants would not fight the suit as a decree abolishing the News Print Manufacturers' Association had been drawn up with the consent of defendants George H. Mead, Philip T. Dodge, George Chahoon, Jr., Gordias H. P. Gould, Edward W. Backus, Alexander Smith, Frank J. Sensenbranner, Abitibi Power and Paper Company, Ltd., Belgo-Canadian Pulp and Paper Company, Ltd., Brompton Pulp and Paper Company, Donnaconna Paper Company, Ltd., Gould Paper Company, International Paper Company, Kimberly-Clark Company, Laurentide Company, Ltd., Minnesota and Ontario Power Company, Price Bros. & Co., Ltd., and Spanish River Pulp and Paper Mills, Ltd.; and upon the unanimous resolution of the Executive Committee of the News Print Manufacturers' Association.

Mr. Smyth added that the overwhelming interests and influence of those defendants agreeing to the decree justified it as against all the defendants, and pointed out that the court could proceed against any defendants who had not yet signified agreement to the decree. Judge Mayer then signed the decree, which was as follows:

1. Defendants by becoming and acting as members of the News Print Manufacturers' Association have entered into and engaged in an unlawful combination in restraint of trade and commerce in news print paper among the several States and with foreign nations in violation of the act of July 2, 1890, entitled "An act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies."

2. The News Print Manufacturers' Association is an unlawful combination of the defendants in restraint of the trade and commerce in news print paper among the several States and with foreign nations, in violation of said act of July 2, 1890; and said News Print Manufacturers' Association shall be and it hereby is, dissolved.

3. Each corporate defendant is hereby perpetually enjoined from carrying into further effect the combination hereby dissolved and from entering into or engaging in any like combination having for purpose or effect (a) the elimination or restriction by concert of action of competition in news print paper, or (b) the concerted working for materially higher prices for news print paper, or (c) the establishment by concert of action of uniform prices, terms, or conditions for the sale of news print paper, or (d) the concerted working to discourage others from manufacturing news print paper.

4. Each corporate defendant is hereby perpetually enjoined from entering into any combination, agreement, understanding or concert of action with any other corporate defendant or with any other manufacturer of news print paper, having for purpose or effect (a) to limit or restrict itself as to the customers to whom it should sell or offer to sell news print paper; (b) to limit or restrict itself as to the quality or quantity of news print paper it should make or sell; (c) to limit or restrict itself as to the service it should render to its customers or the prices, terms, or conditions upon which it should sell or offer to sell news print paper.

5. The injunctions herein contained against the corporate defendants shall apply to and be binding upon such corporations and their respective officers, Directors, agents and employes, and all other persons, firms, or corporations acting under, for, or in behalf of them or any of them, or claiming so to act.

6. Each individual defendant is hereby perpetually enjoined from entering into, engaging in, or carrying into further effect, any contract, combination, or conspiracy having for purpose or effect to regulate, dominate, or restrict the trade or commerce in news print paper of any person, firm, or corporation other than the firms or corporations with which such individual defendant is or may be connected as an officer, agent, or employe.

7. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the defendants from entering into and performing a certain contract of even date with the Attorney General of the United States, as Trustee, made for the purpose of meeting the existing conditions, and by the present state of war in the United States. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed an adjudication for or against the exercise of control by any corporate defendant of any of its subsidiaries as set forth in the petition, nor for or against the right of certain of the defendants or their subsidiaries to avail themselves of the services of the Canadian Export Paper Company, Ltd., or the G. H. Mead Company, or the Minnesota & Ontario Power Company in the manner and to the extent now being availed of, as set forth in the petition herein.

8. The court retains jurisdiction to proceed against the defendants not hereby consenting to this decree, and to enforce this decree, and to enable any of the parties to apply to the court for modification hereof, if it be hereafter shown to the satisfaction of the court that by reason of changed conditions or changes in the statute law of the United States the provisions hereof have become inappropriate or inadequate to maintain competitive conditions in the interstate or foreign trade or commerce of the United States in news print paper, or have become unduly oppressive to defendants or any of them and are no longer necessary to secure or maintain competitive conditions in such trade or commerce.

The agreement by which the maximum prices of news print paper are to be fixed was acknowledged in open court by counsel for all of the defendants in the criminal suit, who individually control 55 per cent. of the news print paper output of Canada and the United States, and Mr. Smyth stated that its adoption by the trade was assured. It is as follows:

This agreement, made this 26th day of November, 1917, between Thomas W. Gregory, the Attorney General of the United States, and his successor, or successors in office, as trustee, acting herein in behalf of each and every individual, firm, or corporation publishing a newspaper and using news print paper in his or its business in the United States that now is, or during the life of this agreement shall become a customer of any of the parties of the second part to this agreement, party of the first part, and the undersigned engaged in the manufacture and sale of news print paper, parties of the second part: Witnesseth:

Whereas, Heretofore differences have arisen between the manufacturers and users of news print paper as to the price and terms at which such paper should be sold, and such differences have heretofore been brought to the attention of the Federal Trade Commission; and

Whereas, The Department of Justice of the United States has instituted, or is about to institute, proceedings in equity under Section 4 of the act of July 2, 1890, entitled an act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies; and

Whereas, It is desirable in the present condition of affairs in the United States that some adjustment of the should be had, it is news print paper should be had, it is agreed between the parties hereto as follows:

First—The United States may file a petition in equity to enjoin any operations of the News Print Paper Manufacturers' Association and of the manufacturers who are members of that association, in so far as such operations are claimed to constitute a restraint of trade. In such proceeding the parties of the second part will consent to a decree as prayed for, reserving the right, at the time such consent to a decree is presented to the court, to make such statements, oral or written, not impairing the binding force of the decree as they are advised may be necessary to protect their interests. The petition may also pray for the dissolution of the News Print Manufacturers' Association, and if a request be made to that end, the parties of the second part will consent thereto.

Second—The price of news print paper on the basis of 24 by 36 inches in size weighing approximately thirty-two pounds per 500 sheets, on all new contracts from now to Jan. 1, 1918, and on all contracts in existence on Jan. 1, 1918, or made thereafter, and on all sales and deliveries, in the United States, shall not exceed the following amounts:

(a) From Jan. 1, 1918, until April 1, 1918, for such newsprint paper in rolls, $3 per 100 pounds, free on board at the mill in carload lots, and $3.25 per 100 pounds, free on board at the mill in less than carload lots, and for such newsprint paper in sheets, $3.50 per 100 pounds, free on board at the mill in carload lots, and $3.75 per 100 pounds, free on board at the mill in less than carload lots. The foregoing subdivision (2-a) shall not apply to the Minnesota and Ontario Power Company nor the Fort Frances Pulp and Paper Company, Ltd.; but as said two companies, the Federal Trade Commission, after due hearing and investigation and subject to review as provided in subdivision 2-b, shall fix the just and reasonable maximum prices and terms of contract for said two companies from Jan. 1, 1918, until April 1, 1918, effective Jan. 1, 1918.

(b) After April 1, 1918, the just and reasonable maximum prices and terms of contracts for the sale of all or any newsprint paper shall be determined and fixed by the Federal Trade Commission, after due hearing and investigation, subject to review by the Circuit Judges of the Second Circuit, who, if of opinion that the prices or terms of contract fixed by the commission are unjust or unreasonable, shall determine what are just and reasonable. Such Judges shall have the right to hear any pertinent matter considered by the Federal Trade Commission, and additional evidence or matter if it shall be shown to their satisfaction that such additional evidence or matter is material, and that there were reasonable grounds for the failure to adduce the same in the proceedings before the commission. The maximum prices and terms of contract so determined shall continue during the war and for three months thereafter, with the right to any of the parties of the second part or to the Department of Justice to ask the Federal Trade Commission for an investigation and determination of new prices or terms of contract for such period conditions arise which in the opinion of either make it desirable to ask for any change in price or terms of contract, subject to the same right of review. In determining the prices to be effective April 1, 1918, the Federal Trade Commission shall consider all pertinent conditions, including those prevailing during the months of January, February, and March, 1918, to the end that the prices when announced shall cover the facts as near the time of the effective date of the new prices as is possible.

Third—The parties of the second part, during the life of this agreement, shall offer their news print paper for sale in accordance with the provision of this agreement. In case of sale by written contract said paragraph shall be embodied therein, either wholly or by sufficient reference thereto; but if any customer of any of the parties of the second part, who is offered paper in accordance with the provision of this agreement, prefers to make or retain a contract for a fixed price for a definite period, and any one of the parties of the second part, after duly notifying the Attorney General of his or its intention in the matter, shal make or retain such contract soley in deference to the wishes of the consumer, such agreement so made shall not be construed as a violation of this agreement, even though the price which the consumer pays in furtherance of his own interest is in excess of the prices fixed in this agreement.

Fourth—The parties of the second part agree that to the extent of their power they will cause such of their news print paper as is ordinarily purchased by the so-called small publishers through the intervention of jobbers, dealers, or other middlemen to be delivered to such small publishers at not to exceed reasonable and just prices and terms of sale to be established by the Federal Trade Commission, subject to review by the circuit judges in the manner aforesaid.)

Fifth—The party of the first part, or his successor in office, as trustee of an express trust, may bring any appropriate action, suit or proceeding in law or in equity to enforce this agreement on behalf of any person, firm, or corporation injured or damaged by a violation of the terms thereof, and may proceed by preliminary injunction or otherwise to restrain violations of the terms hereof.

Sixth—Books of account and records of parties of the second part and of all corporations or other instrumentalities owned or controlled by them shall be open to inspection of the Department of Justice and the Federal Trade Commission during the life of this agreement, upon reasonable notice, in so far as said books and records relate to the manufacture and sale of newsprint paper.

Seventh—The liability of the parties of the second part hereunder is several and not joint. Any manufacturer of newsprint paper may become a party to this agreement by signing the same or a counterpart hereof; all counterparts hereof shall be deemed one and the same instrument.

In witness weherof, each of the parties of the second part has caused its corporate name and seal to be hereunto affixed by its proper officers thereunto duly authorized, and has set after its name the approximate present daily tonnage of newsprint paper which it is subjecting to the terms of this agreement.

In accepting the plea of nolo contendere and entering into the agreement with the indicted manufacturers, the Government agreed that none of the defendants in the criminal action should be sent to prison, but Mr. Smyth urged the court to impose the maximum fine of $5,000 on each. He went into the history of the News Print Manufacturers' Association an dsought to show by letters exchanged among its members that it was seeking to throttle the publishers as a power in the market and control output and prices.

Defendans Pay Their Fines.

All of the defendants paid their fines in cash. Their counsel filed answers to the civil petition and criminal suit in which their patriotism and other reasons for consenting to the proceedings were affirmed, while their innocence of wrongdoing was reasserted.

Frank P. Glass, Chairman of the Committee on Paper of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, gave out a statement, in which he said:

The Department of Justice has shown great firmness and sagacity in its attitude of willingness to accept a distinct vindication of the majesty of the law without abnormal rigidity or desire to administer extreme punishment. The department has obtained a satisfactory plea from the defendants, and also an admirable agreement for the relief of the newspapers, which have been so seriously affected by the law's violation. And relief is the chief end of law.

The manufacturers have shown their respect for law by making terms instead of fighting to a finish. The plea of nolle contendere entered by most of those indicted is the moral equivalent of admission of guilt; the difference between it and the general plea of guilt largely relates to the punishment meted out. The consent of the manufacturers to the Federal decree involves a specific admission of past disobedience of law, and includes a solemn promise of law abiding in the future. They have laid the foundation for permanent co-operation with their customers. This course of enlightened selfishness is one they might have had the vision long ago to have adopted in place of one of unreasonable and oppressive profiteering. It is to be hoped that they have finally caught the national pace of big business in patriotic co-operation throughout the war with the Government.

The publishers of the country will thoroughly appreciate the attainment of the two outstanding purposes the Paper Committee of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association has kept in view for eighteen months, namely, the establishment of the fact that there has been an illegal combination in the restraint of the print paper trade, and the concession of the necessity of Government fixation of prices.

Mr. Hyman announced that the Government was prepared to prosecute the case against Mr. Smith if he should stand on his plea of not guilty, refusing to plead nolo contendere. As soon as his counsel, former Judge John Barton Payne of Chicago, hears from him, this part of the case will be decided. Whatever results, the agreeement with the manufacturere will not be affected, Mr. Hyman said.

MEANS PUT ON TRIAL; HARD TO GET A JURY

Most of the Inhabitants of Cabarrus County Have Formed an Opinion in the Case.

Special to The New York Times.

CONCORD, N. C., Nov. 26.—It is regarded as extremely doubtful that the taking of testimony in the trial of Gaston B. Means, which started in the Cabarrus County Court here today, can begin before Judge Cline orders the Thanksgiving recess. Indeed, it is going to be exceedingly difficult to get a jury at all, of which circumstance judicial cognizance was taken today when, after a brief session, Judge Cline ordered a recess until tomorrow morning to allow the summoning of an additional venire of 150, men, from which court officials hope to select twelve jurors who will decide whether the defendant shot and killed Mrs. Maude A. King, the wealthy New York widow, at Blackwelder Springs, near here, on the night of Aug. 20.

There is a widespread opinion among those familiar with court affairs in Cabarrus County that it is going to prove a hard task to find in Cabarrus County twelve men who are not prejudiced, or who have not formed an opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the defendant. It was for this reason that the State unsuccessfully sought to obtain a change of venue.

The three hours' session this morning was devoted to Judge Cline's charge to the Grand Jury and to the questioning of talesmen, whose names already were in the jury box. Most of the talesmen summoned are from remote sections of the county and were unable to appear until tomorrow.

When brought from the county jail this morning Means faced a crowd that filled the courtroom. Few women were present. As he passed to his seat beside his half dozen lawyers Means smiled, and he appeared calm throughout the session. His wife joined him and apparently was as composed as her husband. Sitting with Solicitor Hayden Clement were Assistant District Attorney Dooling of New York and other officials from his office, and also officials and witnesses from Chicago.

Next to the difficulty of obtaining a jury, the greatest interest of the day was developed when it was announced that Mrs. Anna L. Robinson of Asheville, the aged mother of the dead woman, would appear as a witness for the prosecution.

Just what line the defense will adopt has not yet been disclosed. A plea of "not guilty" was entered this morning, but from intimations that have been dropped the attorneys for Means will await the closing of the State's case before adopting any particular line of defense.

An agent of the Federal Department of Justice was present again today. The Government's interest in the case has not been disclosed, but New York officials have said that papers taken in a raid on Means's New York apartment connected him with German propaganda in this country.

When court adjourned today Means was again locked up in the county jail.

Navigation Classes Free.

Announcement was made yesterday that the United States Shipping Board, in order to prepare for the commissioning of the ships which are under construction in this country, will conduct two free classes in navigation throughout the Winter for the training of officers for positions in the new United States merchant marine.

BRING CLEMENCEAU INTO MALVY AFFAIR

New French Premier Was First to Accuse Ex-Minister Now Under Charges.

MAY HAVE TO FACE ISSUE

His Action in Chamber Today Likely to Have Lasting Effect on His Administration.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Not the least of the difficulties confronting the Supreme Allied War Council is the political uncertainty that for the last six months has clouded the French national horizon. For instance, it is now understood that Premier Clemenceau and General Foch are to be the French representatives in the council of allied chiefs, constituted with practically supreme powers, although only meeting from time to time to discuss and co-ordinate plans proposed by military, diplomatic, and economic advisers.

But when the idea of this council first took shape four weeks ago at Rapallo, it was Painlevé, instead of Clemenceau, who was the senior French representative. A month or two before that it would have been Ribot. A month or two hence it may no longer be Clemenceau.

Although Clemenceau has been in power only one week, although he was raised to that power by the loud, insistent demand of a great majority of the French nation, it already is a fact that a resolute attempt is being made in the Chamber of Deputies to undermine him—an attempt no less real or less dangerous because it is ostensibly not directed against him at all. The matter in question is the "affaire Malvy," which contributed very greatly to Painlevé's downfall, and which, unless settled one way or the other, threatens to vitiate the whole political atmosphere interminably.

Last Thursday the attacks against Malvy culminated in a Phillipic by Daudet in Le Action Française, which accused him definitely of treason. Malvy thereupon demanded in the Chamber that as an ex-Minister his case should be judged by the Senate sitting as a high court. A committee of thirty-three members of the Chamber was chosen to decide whether his case should be submitted to the Senate, but unfortunately the correct procedure in such a case is so vague and precedent so uncertain that it is now very much of a question what would be the Senate's powers and how the investigation could be conducted. The confusion appears inextricable, and it seems likely that the Government will be forced to intervene.

That is the crux of the question as regards Clemenceau, for it was the new Premier himself who initiated the attacks on Malvy in person by a phrase in his famous Senate speech three months ago: "I accuse you, Mr. Malvy, of betraying France's interests."

On the other hand, it has always been a political axiom in France that the Minister of the interior controls the elections, because it is his prerogative to nominate the departmental prefects and local authorities generally, so that the Figaro was able to say yesterday: "It is not to be expected that Malvy will fail to find supporters in the Chamber, whereof fully two hundred Deputies owe him their election."

Back of Malvy and his friends are the Socialists who refused to join Clemenceau's Government, and are unwearied in their efforts to bring about the downfall of the man whom they regard as hostile to organized labor and its aspirations. Hitherto Clemenceau has been able to refrain from committing himself on the whole question—his policy has been to leave the Chamber to decide the matter for itself. But it is not unlikely that tomorrow he may be forced to face the issue in the midst of an excited and overheated political atmosphere. On the result of his decision may depend the future of his government.

Surgeon of American Hospital Dead.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Dr. Ami Jacques Magnin, chief surgeon of the American hospital at Neuilly, died suddenly last night.

Might as well blend your own smoking tobacco as bother to mix cocktails.

Club Cocktails

are mixed by experts of best liquors, and aged to the smoothness of liquid sunshine.

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UNIFORMS

The lists of young men graduating from our officers' training camps show that a great number of these officers were recently students or are of the graduate body of our leading colleges and universities.

It is also to be noted that our best known Preparatory Schools, Colleges and Universities are offering courses in military instruction.

De Pinna has enjoyed for years the privilege of furnishing clothing to these young men in their civilian life, hence there has been an insistent demand on their part to provide them with their military uniforms.

We are fully equipped to furnish, ready for immediate wear, the correct uniforms and overcoats for officers in every branch of the service together with the regulation uniforms worn by privates.

We are also prepared to execute to order uniforms in our custom tailoring department.

Officers' uniforms, $48 and upward.
Officers' overcoats, $55 and upward.

DE PINNA
5th Avenue at 50th Street

ELECTION OF HYLAN COST MURPHY $3,000

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 26.—The New York Democratic Party spent $122,824 and received $125,688 in its successful campaign for the election of Judge John F. Hylan. Among the contributors of large amounts was Samuel Untermyer, $5,000; James W. Gerard, ex-Ambassador to Germany, $3,000, and Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, $3,000. Most of the other contributions were for comparatively small amounts, all below $2,000 except that of George H. Ehret, brewer, who gave $2,500.

The William M. Bennett committee received $5,294 and spent $6,087. The committee of Alfred E. Smith reported receipts of $5,960 and expenditures of $12,604.

The report of the New York City Democracy Committee, which sponsored the defeated Fusion ticket, showed receipts of $76,711 and expenditures of $75,730. The New York Socialist Party Committee filed detailed receipts of $8,432 and expenditures of $8,038.

5%
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

Amount	Appraisal
$2,700	$4,500
3,000	5,000
4,000	7,000
7,500	11,500
14,000	21,000

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RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
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A Selection of Women's Fine Dresses

will be offered today (Tuesday)

at the very attractive price of

$42.00

Women's Ready-to-wear Dresses
(Third Floor)

Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue,
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Saks & Company
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Announce a Most Extraordinary offering of

Men's Mink-Marmot Fur-Lined Coats, $95.50

¶ Large, roomy, double-breasted model, tailored as only the very finest of garments are made, in lustrous

Oxford Grey or Black Broadcloth

¶ Lined with selected Mink-Marmot. Large shawl collar may be had in Otter, Persian Lamb, or Hudson Seal.

¶ Seldom have coats of this grade ever been offered at this price, and we do not expect to be able to duplicate such a value this season.

Army & Navy Equipment Co., Inc.
224 West 42d St.
Telephone 5671 Bryant. Candler Building.
Open Evenings Until 11.30 P. M.

Welcome Officers from Plattsburg Fort Niagara

Things You Will Need.

Bed Rolls,	$9.50	Rain Capes,	$6.50
Collapsible Buckets,	$2.50	O. D. Serge Uniforms,	$30.00
Herman's Cadet Shoes,	$6.50	O. D. Wool Uniforms,	$26.50
Officer's Caps,	$3.50	O. D. Wool Overcoats,	$30.00
Officer's Trunks,	$9.50	Mattresses,	$6.00
Hat Cords,	$1.00 & $1.75	Army Cots,	$4.00
Insignias and Bars.		Air Pillows,	$1.50
Cordovan Puttees,	$9.00	Wool Shirts,	$3.00
Rain Coats,	$6.50	Same Browne Belts,	$7.50

Do not confuse our Store with others who use similar names.

BRANCHES AT
CAMP UPTON CAMP MEADE
CAMP DIX CAMP MERRITT
WASHINGTON

URGES SUFFRAGISTS TO MEET WAR ISSUE

"Quit Pussyfooting!" Cries Mrs. Street, Demanding Open Declaration Against Pacifists.

FEARS EAST SIDE VOTERS

Mrs. Whitehouse Announces Plan to Co-ordinate the Campaign for the Education of Women Voters.

For the first time since election the pro-German-pacifist issue was brought squarely to the attention of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party yesterday at one of its own meetings. A woman's demand that the women, now that they had won the vote, "quit pussyfooting" and meet the issue, coupled with her assertion that Ritz-Carlton and Metropolitan Opera House gatherings of suffragists were not representative of women of the State, caused something like consternation among the women present, many of them leading suffragists.

Although the attack made by Mrs. E. L. Street aroused much argument among those present it was not handled directly on the floor of the meeting. Other speakers quickly turned the discussion to the alloted topic of educating women voters, and the incident officially was ignored.

Privately, however, the women who had gathered in the Lenox Theatre quickly aligned themselves on one side or the other. Some insisted that Mrs. Street's speech was an accident and an incident; others sided with her and praised her courage in turning the light on the pacifist issue.

These women felt that so long as the Socialists themselves were proclaiming loudly that they alone had brought about the suffrage victory, with every indication that they would demand reward for their support, the party leaders might as well face the challenge, deal with an element of the party which they are satisfied is but a minority, and end all possibility of anti-war scandal.

In this belief they were fortified by their realization that there have been increasing rumblings of Socialist discontent ever since the Socialists failed to get representation at the Metropolitan Opera House victory celebration, discontent which culminated on Sunday night in Morris Hillquit's open declaration at his own "victory celebration" that rich women who denied that the Socialists were responsible for the suffrage victory were to be laughed at.

It was the educational section of the Suffragist Party, formerly the Equal Franchise Society, which met to discuss the party's share in getting women ready for the new responsibility of voting. Earnest discussion along that line had proceeded quietly for some time and Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, State Chairman, had spoken and departed, when Mrs. Street arose and said:

"Madame, Chairman, I feel that this case for preparedness is the most vital thing before any of us, and the thing we ought to discuss. I think we need to answer the call to make America safe for woman suffrage. Ever since our victory at the polls I have been hoping that there would come forth a real leader of the women, a real stateswoman.

"We need such a woman; all the women of the State need her, as I imagine the Russian people today want a leader. We want her to draw together all the various factions of women. We must meet this question of what are the women going to do. Are we going to allow the emotional, unthinking women of the east side, the pacifist, Socialist women, to use our wonderful new power? Are we going to let our own Lenines and Trotzkys make a tool of the woman's party? Are we going to let them exercise the right of suffrage and use the influence of the vote for their own designs and participate in public affairs with even more enthusiasm and positiveness than do the women who stand with the country for the things that are right?

Demands End of "Pussyfooting."

"We must be the very first to take the upholding of our liberties into our own hands, and we must draw together all loyal factions of women that we may stand solidly against the disloyal. I think the time to stop pussyfooting has come. I have realized that we have been quietly catering to the men voters, but being now free, being voters ourselves, let us come out boldly on this thing. Where do we stand?

"If the country stood where it did last April, if there was to be a vote or a casting of influence on the question of entering the war and on the question of conscription, where would the women stand?"

Every woman in the auditorium was gazing at Mrs. Street, and all over the hall there was a hum of excited whispers when Mrs. Howard Mansfield, who presided, interrupted her to say:

"I am sure we are all loyal and patriotic."

"I hope the great majority of women are," Mrs. Street answered. Then as further protests of patriotism arose from various parts of the room, she went on:

"Yes, you women are loyal, but the suffrage party that has been meeting in the Metropolitan Opera House and the Ritz-Carlton Hotel is not representative of the women of the State. I can't help fearing that the uneducated, unthinking women are apt to be led astray by pacifism and socialism. I may be wrong."

"I hope you are," Mrs. Mansfield told her, and the public side of the incident was over.

The suffrage campaign has created a tremendous demand for political education, and the party hoped through its efforts to raise the whole average of voters, men and women. This the Chairman said without "any feeling of sex antagonism." The party needed, too, she explained, to undertake a large legislative program that little intricacies of the laws might not prevent women from voting.

Mrs. Frederick Nathan wondered whether the antis were to be invited to join in the educational work and, when assured they would be, expressed a belief that "paid courses may be all right, but we ought to have courses for those who don't want to pay." Mrs. Cosgrove urged that a real normal school be established, with six weeks' intensive Summer courses, that women might be qualified to teach civics and politics.

The Educational Section voted to disband, those women who so desire affiliating with the State Committee on Education.

SUFFRAGISTS LOST UP-STATE BY 3,856

Figures of Republican Chairman Show That City Won for Women.

ANTIS BLAME SOCIALISTS

Mrs. James W. Wadsworth Says German-Born Voters Swayed Result in Election.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Anti-suffrage carried up-State in the recent New York elections by 3,856, and the great majority in New York City alone brought victory to the champions of votes for women, according to the recapitulation of election figures made public by New York Republican State Chairman George A. Glynn. Mrs. James W. Wadsworth, Jr., President of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, in calling attention today to the up-State result, as disclosed by the Glynn figures, repeated and emphasized her charge that "the increased pro-German, pacifist, Socialist vote of 110,000 which went to Morris Hillquit and suffrage in New York City caused the adoption of suffrage by the State as a whole."

Mrs. Wadsworth declared Mr. Glynn, if his figures are correct, should have called attention to the fact that the antis won up-State, and continued:

"In fact, The Suffragist, the official organ of the National Woman's Party, declares that 'this vote in New York City alone would have been enough to swing the majority to the side of suffrage.' Had it not been for these 110,000 German-born voters in New York City who want peace at any price, the anti-suffragists would have carried New York again in 1917, as they carried it in 1915, and as they carried Ohio three times, Michigan twice, and Maine, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, West Virginia, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa, and Wisconsin. The majority of the American people, men and women, are opposed to woman suffrage. It is never adopted at the polls except on a wave of socialism or through popular indifference."

The Glynn figures showed that the total State vote for suffrage was 673,389 and the total against 584,549, the combined vote being 257,938 and the suffrage majority 88,840. In the city, Mrs. Wadsworth pointed out, the total vote was 575,226, of which 334,011 was for and 241,315 against suffrage, a majority in the city of 92,696. The city majority, therefore, was 3,856 greater than the total majority.

Mrs. Norman De R. Whitehouse, Chairman of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party, refused last night to comment on Republican State Chairman Glynn's election recapitulation, which indicates that suffrage failed to carry up-State by 3,856 votes, being saved by the huge majority in the city. She pointed out that the Glynn figures were not official.

Suffrage leaders have attempted ever since election to refute charges that the socialist-pacifist-suffrage vote in New York City won for suffrage by pointing to a slight majority up State which unofficial figures indicated. They said last night that their total majority, according to their own tabulations, would be larger than the Glynn total of 88,840, and sufficiently larger than the city majority of 92,696 to show a small majority up State on top of the local majority. Asked how they would seek to refute the charge of having won by a pro-German vote in the city, should the Glynn figures prove correct, suffrage leaders again pointed to the fact that they had won in Fusion election districts—a fact which they said refuted the charge that their strongholds lay in the pacifist districts, where Hillquit polled great numbers of radical votes, which the radicals themselves assert all went for suffrage.

HOUSE ENTERTAINED BY GABRIEL HANOTAUX

Head of Mission Later Confers with French Finance Minister —Economic Council Plans.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—The Marquis de Chambrun, who was a member of the French Mission to the United States, today visited Colonel Edward M. House, head of the American Mission. Later Colonel House, William Graves Sharp, the American Ambassador, and Henri Bergson, member of the French Academy were guests at luncheon of Gabriel Hanotaux, President of the Franco-American Commission for the development of political, economic, literary, and art relations.

Colonel House this afternoon saw M. Klotz, the French Minister of Finance, with whom he discussed financial affairs. This conference, in effect, was a continuation of that held with M. Klotz at the time of his recent visit to London.

Admiral Benson conferred with Vice Admiral de Bon, Chief of the French Naval General Staff, with reference to the general naval situation, but particularly concerning the disembarkation of troops and supplies at French ports. Admiral Benson and Commander Carter later visited the aviation camp and witnessed tests and flights of various types of naval aircraft.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—In connection with information obtained today that the Inter-Allied War Council would meet in Versailles, it became known that the proposal to create in addition an Inter-Allied Council which would devote its activities to political and economic features was receiving serious attention. The chief function of this body would be to determine the needs of the various Allies and to distribute money and supplies to them in accordance with their requirements.

Lack of authority in such matters has caused confusion in the past, and the United States Government has had its share of embarrassment in this connection in being unable to determine the proportionate measure of help to be accorded to each of its European partners in hostilities. This Government has been unwilling to assume responsibility for decisions on account of its lack of information.

It is intimated that Lord Northcliffe, head of the British mission in this country; André Tardieu, Chief of the French mission, and Colonel E. M. House, President Wilson's special representative abroad, are agreed that the economic and political council must be created.

The political functions of such a council, it is pointed out, would relate not alone to the Allied countries, but also to neutral countries and the world situation in general as it might affect the conduct of the war.

The formation of the economic council is expected by Entente diplomats here to result from the Paris conference, which will open next Thursday. This body would pass upon every question relating to the assignment of ships for the transportation of war supplies, and also direct the filling of orders in concordance with military requirements in particular countries.

DR. KUNITZER DIVORCED.

Details Withheld in Case of Former Hospital Director.

Announcement was made yesterday that Dr. Robert Kunitzer, formerly managing director of Sydenham Hospital, had been divorced in the Supreme Court by Mrs. Cora Kunitzer. They had been married more than twenty years. Counsel in the case declined to make public any of the details of the case, which have been sealed, but it was learned that the suit was not heard in New York County.

Dr. Kunitzer gained publicity when charges were made against him in 1910 before the County Medical Society that he had connived at the falsification of records of Sydenham Hospital to support the claim of Dr. Louis Anton Ewald that the latter had performed a rare operation. The medical society had Dr. Kunitzer's case before it for several years, and then permitted him to resign in 1913.

260,479 HAVE JOINED ARMY.

Enlistments on Saturday Totaled 1,320—New York Furnished 130.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—By taking in 1,320 recruits for the regular army on Saturday the recruiting officers raised to 260,479 men the total number of recruits obtained since April. The daily statement on recruiting in the Eastern States follows:

State.	Obtained Nov. 24.	Total Since Apr. 1.	State.	Obtained Nov. 24.	Total Since Apr. 1.
*Conn.	15	3,185	*New Jer.	16	7,523
*Delaware.	1	592	*New York	130	25,818
Maine	14	1,149	*Penn.	143	30,944
*Mass.	37	12,637	*Rhode Isl.	2	1,378
New Hamp.	2	325	Vermont	..	187

*Quota obtained.

Robert S. Towne Left $2,419,991.

The estate of Robert Safford Towne, well-known mining engineer, who was active in the development of Mexico and was President of the Mexico Northern Railway, was appraised yesterday at $2,419,991. He gave his entire estate to his mother, Mrs. Harriet Nye Towne of Chillicothe, Ohio. He had $562,834 in cash, and stocks and bonds valued at $1,700,935.

Stern Brothers

WEST FORTY-SECOND AND FORTY-THIRD STREETS

Uniforms and Overcoats for Officers at Cost

Uniforms of Fine Olive Drab Serge, at $27.00

Overcoats of Heavy Weight Melton, at $30.00

THESE garments are tailored for us in the Kirschbaum shops, and embody workmanship and materials of the highest quality. For the duration of the war, purely as a manifestation of patriotism, we are offering them at the actual cost price to us.

Young Men's and Men's Clothes, Third Floor—Elevators Convenient.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

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Get into a new overcoat to-day—in time for the coming holidays—Select it from a collection of Overcoats with sharp, smart lines—of materials that keep out cold and wind—Overcoats tailored with the care that insures good fit and long wear—Overcoats that would cost you much more elsewhere.

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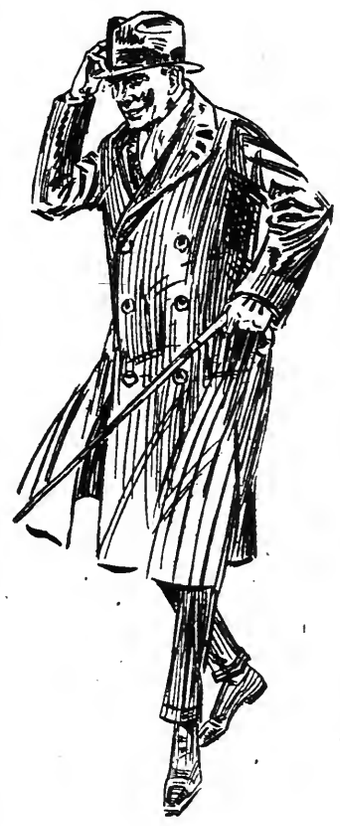
All well tailored of dependable overcoatings in colorings that will look well and give good service.



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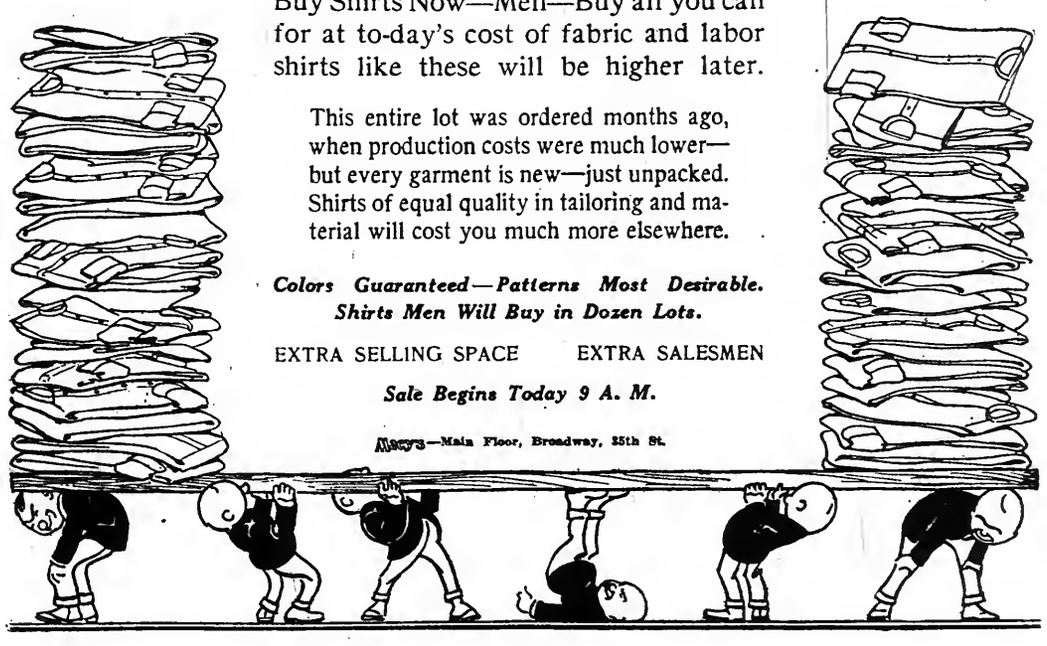

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Of heavy material with double brass lever locks, reinforced sewn-on corners, fold in top, linen lined. Size 24 inches.

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Of smooth brown or russet, or long grain black cowhide, with reinforced sewn-on corners, brassed slides, rubberized lining and full length pocket. With removable, adjustable holder for your own toilet fittings. Sizes 16 and 18 inches.

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Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St., Broadway.

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Leggings, in all leathers, strap or spring-front fastening, from....$10.00 to $20.00

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"Roll-up" case, water-proof army-cloth, 9¾x6¾ inches closed, with 8 standard toilet articles.....$12.00

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Holster, tan hide, leg straps, top-swivel, for Colt revolver.....$6.00

Spur, Officers' regulation, solid nickel, per pair.....$3.00

Leather covered, per pair.....$4.25

"Trench" Cigarette Case

"Trench" cigarette case, black pin morocco leather, taking 30 cigarettes, completely protected from breakage and rough weather; compact and durable; 5¼ x 3¼ inches closed.....$4.75
Initials stamped 25c extra.

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MRS. DE SAULLES AS WITNESS IN TRIAL

Continued from Page 1.

of the shadows of smiles that appeared on her lips from time to time, her remarkable composure would probably have left on those who heard her testify the impression that her apparent icy calm was deeply rooted, had it not been for a remarkable series of letters which were introduced by her. Of all the persons about her during her married life, she confided only in one, a nursemaid, Ethel Whitesides, later Mrs. John O'Neill.

She gave no hint of her troubles to her mother or to her sister and brother in Chile. Her reproaches to her husband were so gently voiced in the letters to him which are on record that they are in reality excuses for him. She said nothing to her husband's friends and relatives. Evidently pride made it impossible for her to admit to any one, even to her own mother, that there was the slightest cloud to her married life. But to her baby's nurse she confided her woes without reserve. Several years after the nurse had left her and married, she was still the only human being to whom Mrs. De Saulles was willing to make known her sorrows.

Early in her testimony yesterday Mrs. De Saulles identified a letter which she had written to her nurse in 1913, shortly after her child had been born. One paragraph of this letter was almost like a keynote or a text for the rest of her testimony. Written when she had been left alone by her husband at the home of his parents in South Bethlehem, Penn., it was the first time she had allowed herself to put on paper what she felt of the manner in which De Saulles had treated her. It was as follows:

She Craved Happiness.

"I don't know why I write all this to you, I, who never talk to any one about myself; but I think it will make little difference to you, who are in the habit of listening to other people's confidences, while it does make a difference to me. When one keeps one's feelings pent up so long one gets bitter, oh, so bitter, that it frightens me. I have fought against this, and keep on fighting. I am so young, and I want to be happy; I try to think of the future, of more cheerful days, making imaginary plans for a little home, beautiful and refined, peaceful and sweet, for my baby boy to grow up in, but something in me keeps on crying: What's the use of hoping that way? Who was ever known to be happy in this world? Oh, how much I want to be happy!"

The letters between these two friends continued from time to time up to the present. One written by Mrs. De Saulles to her confidant, just after she had commenced proceedings for a divorce and before a trip to Europe which her brother and sister had compelled her to take for the sake of her health, indicates how the unhappy young woman continued to find relief for her feelings in confidences to the nurse, which she felt debarred from making to others. In this she speaks of the dread, which later, she said, became intolerable, that her divorced husband in every way possible was poisoning the mind of their child against her and paving the way for a court action in which he might later gain complete possession of the boy by persuading the child to choose him instead of her. In this letter, written in August, 1916, she said, after telling of her plans to go to London:

"The boy will remain here. His father, in every visit he makes to him, influences him so against me that he is now very hard to manage, and now Mrs. Mooney has adopted an extraordinary attitude, as though the child belonged to her, and it were a great condescension for her to allow the child to talk to me, and when he does it's only to tell me that his Boobie (a pet name for Mrs. Mooney) loves him more than I do, because she has told him that, and he says he would rather be with her. So, you see, the whole atmosphere is an impossible one, and while Mrs. Mooney is with the child I just simply can't stand it being there, too.

"So long as the father is allowed to have the child part of the time I can't let a strange nurse look after Toodles, so, for his good, I'm willing to make the sacrifice of being without him, but, Miss Ethel, I'm just eating my heart out, and, of course, every one thinks I don't care."

In another letter to the nurse a little later Mrs. De Saulles wrote:

"I have thought of you so often and wished for you so much in the horrible nightmare I have been going through. * * * Do you still love me? It is such a relief to feel that some one does."

Tells of Heartaches.

These paragraphs are only samples from a series of letters which made extremely poignant reading to the audience, of which a large part had come prepared to weep at the slightest provocation. Justice Manning sternly repressed open exhibitions of sorrow or sympathy, but handkerchiefs made their appearance all over the courtroom. While the letters of Mrs. De Saulles to the nurse were probably more important as character revelation, those which she wrote to her husband seemed to have the greatest popular effect on the audience. This one, written to De Saulles from South Bethlehem, Penn., on July 25, 1913, was one of the most telling:

"Darling Dad: I have had a great big heartache ever since you told me to 'go to your room,' and I have made up my mind that I would not write to you until you wrote to me, or else spoke one sweet word through the phone, but I have relented, and insteam as going to tell you how barrah and unkind you were. I did not think that ever in your lifetime if you were to live for a hundred years, would you have ordered me out of the room, much less gone away without saying good-bye or where you were going to stay. That—after a thousand and one professions of love! Well, I suppose every one's ideals are shattered, and yours probably also, although I have tried not to shatter yours, even when things did seem so hard. I hope you are having a good time in New York, it must be such fun to play bachelor again; in fact, it must seem quite natural, and the last two years surely are but a horrible nightmare—then so inopportunely the wife's letter comes. Why don't you race with Maurice and enjoy yourself? You will only get nervous and bored in Bethlehem and lose your appetite. Devotedly,

"BLANQUITA."

One letter which caused many tears when it was read in court was written by Mrs. De Saulles in the pretended person of her son from South Bethlehem to the nurse, Mrs. O'Neill, who was away at the time, which was June 17, 1913. This was as foldws:

Toodles Writes to "Nursie."

"Dear Nursie: I was so glad to get your nice letter this morning. Mother told me she had also heard from you, and we are all very glad to see that you have not forgotten us. The weather has been quite delightful up to the last three days, and these have been bad enough to cancel the pleasantness of the former ones.

"I am sorry your 'new baby' has given you so much trouble, but you see, not all babies are such good little boys as I am. I am getting a tooth right in the middle of the upper gum, and I was so glad that no one had noticed it, because I wanted to give them all a surprise, but yesterday, playing 'patty cakes' with mother, I laughed—and—she saw it, and shrieked with glee. It isn't quite out yet, but you can see the little bump and it feels quite sharp. Mother wanted to keep it to herself, but Bessie found out, too. Mother has told her not to say a word, so that when grandfather comes back, I shall laugh, and he will see it and give me a new dress.

"Grandpa has been away since Friday in Atlantic City; father was away all last week and came back on Sunday, and left again Monday morning, and won't be back till next Friday.

"I am sending you a little package, which I hope you will like. I don't mean the package itself, but what's inside.

"I surprise the whole family now, but I'll surprise them more still. I can roll on my back when I'm lying on my tummy, and on to my tummy when I'm on my back. I've sat up of my own accord three times, and now I can put my toes in my mouth whenever I feel like it. Mother is looking for some cool place without mosquitos, as she has been feeling quite sick in this heat, and as soon as she finds one we'll move. I miss you fearfully, but Bessie says that now I am her boy. She is very fond of me and thinks me wonderful. She is quite nice, and I suppose, by and by, when we know each other better, things will run as smoothly as before. She is very willing and does things as mother tells her.

"I hope we shall see you again before long. With much love, ever your little "TOODLES."

The letters were read from time to time during the day as they illustrated phases of the life of the young woman which she was discussing in her testimony. She gave little sign that she was undergoing a severe trial until the lawyer had led her up to the events which occurred immediately before the shooting. Suddenly, as her two lawyers were consulting, she turned toward the Justice, with her hands slightly extended in a pathetic gesture, and said:

"Please, I'm tired!"

"Tell Things in Your Own Way."

Justice Manning said that he was willing to adjourn court at once if she felt that she not endure it further. He asked her counsel if he had many more questions to ask. Mr. Uterhart said that he had a good deal of ground still to cover.

"Would you rather not go on?" asked Justice Manning.

"I will, if it is not too long," she replied.

"Don't you think it would be easier if you would tell things in your own way, instead of answering questions? It would not take so long," said Justice Manning.

"I think it would be just the same," she said after a pause.

Mr. Uterhart continued to ask questions until he had taken the young woman up to the events of the day of the shooting. Justice Manning pressed the lawyer to let Mrs. De Saulles tell of the event itself and what occurred immediately before and after. After describing how she had been told over the telephone that the boy, for whom she had been waiting at her home at Roslyn, was being put to bed at her divorced husband's house, The Box, at Westbury, she continued:

"Then I was awfully excited and I asked to speak to Mr. De Saulles. I was told that he had gone to the Meadow Brook Club for dinner and would be gone for an hour. I told Julius [the valet who had answered the telephone] to bring the baby over to me quickly, but he said that he could not do it. I made up my mind then that I would go and fetch the baby."

She stopped. Mr. Uterhart started to ask a question, but Justice Manning said:

"No, please don't interrupt the witness."

Mrs. De Saulles was silent, as if she was not able to recall what happened next, and Mr. Uterhart asked if she had called up D. Stewart Iglehart, a neighbor, who had married a Chilean, a childhood friend of Mrs. De Saulles.

"Oh yes," she said, "I telephoned to him and told him they were keeping my baby, and asked him to go with me. I told him that I was afraid to go alone."

"Were you afraid to go alone?" asked Justice Manning.

"Yes," replied Mrs. De Saulles. "Mr. Iglehart said that it was too delicate to interfere in a thing of that kind, but that he would send his car. But I had already called for a taxi."

In reply to a question she said she did not remember whether she had called for the taxi once or more than once. The next question was:

"Who were with you?"

"My maid, Suzanne Monteau, and 'Sandy.'"

"Who was 'Sandy?'" asked the Judge.

"My dog."

"Now continue with your story," said Justice Manning. "Tell just what happened in your own way. I will give you plenty of time and allow no one to interrupt you."

Saw Her Baby on the Stairs.

"After we got there," she said, "I told the driver to stop some distance away, because I did not want to be seen driving up. I wanted to take the baby away and not be seen. I walked across a space toward the house, but in front of the door I saw Mr. De Saulles's car. I was awfully surprised to see it there.

"When we went in, I saw the baby coming down the stairs with his aunt. I wanted to take the baby and run away, but Mr. De Saulles appeared in the door."

She paused for a long period. Intense silence prevailed in the courtroom, which was broken by the occasional rumbling of a radiator, which in the circumstances seemed to reverberate like thunder.

"Oh, yes; I think I asked for Mr. De Saulles. He came and asked me what I wanted. I said:

"'I think it is mean of you to keep the baby from me this way. I want him.'"

There was a long pause during which Mrs. De Saulles seemed to be striving painfully to call the scene to mind.

"He said something to me. I don't remember just what it was. I said:

"'I have come to take him away.'"

Another pause which seemed to last minutes amid a stillness which would have been deathlike except for the radiator, which had been quiescent through the proceedings until the climax was approaching.

"Then he looked at me." She emphasized the word "looked" in such a way as seemed to support the statement of her lawyers that such a look had been on the face of De Saulles every time before he did something to her which she considered mean and cruel.

"Then," she continued after another pause, "he said, 'You cannot have him now or ever.'"

Justice Manning had turned to face her. The jurymen had their eyes riveted on her, and the entire courtroom was gazing at her in intense suspense. She closed her eyes and a look of suffering passed over her face. Then she resumed, in a low, easy voice, with a quaint trace of a mixture of Spanish and English accents:

"I felt as if I had been stunned. I felt a dreadful pain in the head."

She waited again and said:

Doesn't Recall Shooting.

"I still think I hear those words in my ears."

"You think you hear those words now?" asked Justice Manning.

"Yes."

"That is all that I remember," she concluded. Justice Manning, who addressed her in a courteous and protecting manner, asked her to try to remember more.

"Where were you when the next thing occurred which you remember?" he asked.

"I think I was in the Mineola Jail," she said. She thought a long time, and could not add anything. Justice Manning asked her lawyer if he had any questions.

"None, your Honor."

"You may leave the stand," he said to Mrs. De Saulles.

In his eagerness not to spoil the impressiveness of the conclusion of her story, told in her own words or in answer to questions by the Justice, Mr. Uterhart omitted a number of other questions which he had intended to ask her. She made no direct explanation, for instance, of why she had carried the revolver.

Reviews Her Early Life.

Before she reached the events of the day of the shooting, the young woman had reviewed minutely her life for the past six years and had touched briefly on her life for the seventeen preceding years. She began with the story of falling, as a child, against an andiron knob and hurting her head. From this she jumped to the courtship by De Saulles, followed by their marriage in Paris. The first blow she received from her husband, according to her story, was a remark to her, after he had examined the papers showing her share in her father's estate. Although she came of a family which was worth many millions at one time, its fortunes had declined, and her share, she said, was about 100,000. Asked what De Saulles had said about this sum, she replied:

"He said it was practically nothing."

Mrs. De Saulles said that she had, at her husband's request, written to her mother in Paris asking her to send money to them to buy an estate. Shortly after this, they went to Paris, and De Saulles, in an interview with her mother, "made a scene," she said.

One of the next incidents told by Mrs. De Saulles was the discovery, after they had returned to the United States and taken a home in Larchmont, of an actress' picture in her husband's room on which was written "To Jack, with love, from ——."

At the suggestion of Mr. Uterhart, the name of this actress was not told. Mrs. De Saulles was asked what she said about it. She replied:

"I said that it was not nice for him to have an actress' picture with her name on it in a house where I was."

"What did he say?"

"He said there was nothing wrong about it. That she was a nice girl."

Mrs. De Saulles told of the sale by her husband of $6,000 worth of her stock to pay for the trip which they made to Paris and of another $4,000 worth of stock sold later to supply him with money. It was during their stay at Larchmont, she said, that he presented her with the revolver with which she finally shot him.

"It was one day when we were in New York City together," she said. "We went into a pawnshop and he bought it for me."

It was sent home several days later, she said, because the pawnbroker had refused to deliver it until assured that De Saulles would take out a license for it. He gave her this because she was left alone frequently at Larchment, and he told her to carry it for her protection, she said. Mrs. De Saulles said that during the Spring and Summer of 1912, while De Saulles was busy in the campaign as President of the Woodrow Wilson College Men's League, they lived at Larchmont, but she saw very little of him. After that he took her to the home of his parents at South Bethlehem, Penn.

"Did you know many people here?" she was asked.

"I knew no one outside of his family."

"Were you happy there?"

"It wasn't very nice."

Mrs. De Saulles said that her husband very seldom visited her there. Her baby was born there on Christmas Day. It was some time after the child was born there her letters begin.

Looked Eagerly for De Saulles.

On June 22, 1913, she wrote him the following letter:

Darling, Precious Dadz: I feel so sad tonight, as I had been looking forward with so much eagerness to your coming. It is ages since you left, and I am wondering whether you have forgotten your little wife who awaits you anxiously, and your darling baby boy. I had ordered the runabout for this evening, thinking we would have a delightfully quiet and old fashioned drive during which we could tell each other all the many things we have to say. But, however much I was longing to see you, it is much better that you save yourself this unpleasant trip which in the end would only allow us a couple of hours together.

I do hope you are well—I am so afraid that you don't take the proper amount of rest. You must not worry about Toodles or me. We are both doing remarkably well. He has taken to the bottle like a duck to water, and I am not having any trouble as we had anticipated. If we are having a hard pull, we have still a great many things to be thankful for, it is really wonderful how well Toodles is doing and how little cause for anxiety he has given us. It is a great thing that he has withstood the change of food so remarkably well. He liked even the first bottle I gave him—did not even mind my giving it to him, knowing as he does that I gave him dindin; I, thank God, have not felt any pain nor feeling of uncomfort.

So, Dada, I am very happy that everything has gone so well, and may it continue so. The weather has been quite delightful. Your mother and I are alone, your father having gone to Atlantic City, in order to take Nellie to Louise, to look after her children, since she had nobody to do so. I inclose the three trolley car tickets which have been knocking about; you may have occasion to use them, in case you have no change in your pockets, besides saving 15 cents. "Count the pence, and the pounds will take care of themselves," Fraulein used to say.

Don't disappoint me again, darling, and please come Tuesday without fail. It's so

Continued on Page 7.

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Announce for Tuesday and Wednesday an Extraordinary

Sale of Women's Evening Wraps

Regularly $75 to $250

Special at $45, $65, $75, $95, $125

Original importations; others by America's most noted designers, and a wonderful collection of wraps that are exact reproductions of the most exquisite models shown in Paris ateliers. Fashioned of Satin and Velvet Brocades, Satin and Velvet combinations, Metallic Brocades, Chiffon Velvet, Satin, Kitten's Ear or Fancy Plush, trimmed with

Taupe Fox, Taupe Wolf, Chinchilla, Squirrel,
Black Lynx, Skunk, Mink, Australian
Opossum, Natural Raccoon or Moufflon

None C. O. D., Exchanged or on Approval. *Fourth Floor*

For Tuesday and Wednesday Only

500 Pairs Women's Evening Slippers
REDUCED TO $5.50

Regularly $8. Beautiful Gold and Silver Brocaded Cloth slippers, hand-made over very slender and graceful lasts. All sizes and widths.

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Handsome Fur-trimmed Coats

Of cashmere velour—duvetyn—vicuna and other high-quality materials, generously trimmed with Kolinsky—Skunk—Beaver—Seal and Mole—especially priced—**$45—$65—$95—$125.**

Street & Calling Suits

Smart models in all the new shades and materials—handsomely fur trimmed—especially priced—**$65—$95—$125.**

Exquisite Wraps

Of velveteen and chiffon velvet, richly trimmed with luxurious furs—especially priced—**$95—$125—$145.**

Dinner & Evening Gowns

For the various social functions—of velvet—satin—tulle—metal cloths and brocaded materials of the most luxurious character—especially priced—**$95—$125—$145.**

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Of velvet—serge—satin and Georgette crepe—especially priced—**$45—$65—$95.**

Costume Blouses

Attractive models in lace—chiffon and Georgette—very unusual values—especially priced—**$15.**

Important Values in Luxurious Furs

Smart Street and Semi-Dress Hats
Especially Priced— $10 and $15

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Military Trench Coats for Officers

Embodying all the features that war conditions dictate and severe weather and hard service demand.

They are lined with lambs' wool and interlined with oil silk, providing the utmost protection against cold and wet.

Trench Coats . . at $48.50
Five different models.

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Four distinct models.

These Coats also enjoy great vogue among civilians abroad

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CLEARANCE

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Cloth Coats silk lined
***Now* $50 to $200**
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Evening Wraps, fur trimmed
***Now* $95 to $235**
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The sale includes imported models and attractive adaptations
No C. O. D.'s or approvals

Paris *5th Avenue at 53d Street, New York* *London*

MRS. DE SAULLES AS WITNESS IN TRIAL

Continued from Page 6.

lonesome without you, and quite discouraging at times.

May God bless you and grant you success.

All the love in the world from Babybey and me.

Devotedly, DADA GIRL.

In another letter a little later she wrote:

"I missed you very much. I feel so lonely now I don't know what to do. Could you find out from some one of some nice, cool place, with no mosquitos, and nice drives where I could take you in a buggy? Darling, I don't wish to complain, because you are already having a hard time, but, precious, I'm afraid this heat will really make me sick, and dada, dear, I'm doing my best. Little hot water bag is all right—a regular little stove."

One of the letters was written this Summer, while De Saulles, in return for his work in the political campaign of 1912, was seeking the post of Minister to Uruguay, which he eventually obtained. This letter told of Secretary Tumulty telephoning to him, presumably in this regard. In this letter she said:

"I have tried to get you on the phone this afternoon, but when I called up, you were absent from the club. Lester Jones called up and he said everything looked most cheerful and that Tumulty wanted to see you either Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday in the morning; he told Tumulty to wire you, which he did, and I am inclosing the wire; also a letter from L. J. which came this morning just after you phoned. I opened it, thinking there might be something of importance in it, but did not think it worth while to phone it to you. You can judge for yourself.

"I hope you are well and are taking good care of yourself. I am ever so much better and am looking forward with great pleasure to your return.

"We might go to N. Y. together on Monday and then you go on to Washington either that night or Tuesday, and I return here, tho I should simply love to go with you except I might be in your way.

"Toodles is very well and everything is as it has been."

On the margin of this letter she wrote: "Where were you???? "

Of the life she was leading at this time she wrote as follows on Aug 2, 1913, to her confidante, Mrs. O'Neill:

"Have Stood Everything."

Dear Ethel: This letter is the bearer of great news. Toodles has cut a tooth today!!! The darlingest, weeniest, sharpest, whitest little tooth you ever saw. It's one of the middle ones in the lower jaw. You have no idea how excited I got when I saw it. I haven't told his grandparents because I want them to think they've found it and so give him a new dress.

Father is in New York as usual, and this last week has been purgatory in the worst form. If I were a man I should say "h——" a million times over.

Father phoned me from New York to go and meet him there tomorrow, and now Dr. Butler tells me it would be foolish to go before I am better. I am so mad; just the one opportunity of distracting myself is barred me. Mrs. Heckscher has asked me to spend two weeks with her; her invitation includes Toodles. We are both crazy to go, but I don't think Bessie would be equal to the task of traveling with infant's bottles to be prepared on the train. Also she is not quite tidy enough with Toodles's things to go a-visiting.

Mrs. De Saulles has almost got me frantic. I have to use the utmost strength of mind not to pull her hair; really I've been so patient and put up with so much that now my patience has turned into hate. Isn't that perfectly frightful? She is worse and worse from day to day. Now she wants to know why I don't go away, and keeps on asking me how much longer I'm going to stay—as if it were a pleasure for me to stay in a place which is exactly opposite in every way to the home I was brought up in. She ought to be thankful that her son has married a woman who has stood everything without saying a word, just for his sake, and for their sakes has never mentioned the immeasurable distance which separates them from her!

I don't know why I write all this to you, I, who never talk to any one about myself; but I think it will make little difference to you, as you are in the habit of listening to people's confidence, while to me it does make a difference. When one keeps one's feelings pent up so long one gets bitter, oh, so bitter, that it frightens one. I have fought against this, and keep on fighting. I am so young and I want to be happy. I try to think of the future, of more cheerful days, making imaginary plans for a little home, beautiful and refined, peaceful and sweet, for my baby boy to grow up in, but something in me keeps on crying: What's the use of hoping that way; who was ever known to be happy in this world! Oh, how much I want to be happy.

I had just meant to write you about Toodles's tooth, but my pen has taken down all my thoughts—no, not all of them, there would not be enough paper for that—but some of them, thus adding one more woeful story to all the ones you already have to bear.

Toodles is very well, thank God. He has jabbered away today like never in his life before; he keeps on saying, "Bo, bo, bo" most distinctly, and when I try to teach him to say Mama he looks at me very seriously, then bursts out laughing. If I only had a home for him. Even he, the little darling, seems sometimes to be in my way. You must think I don't deserve him—perhaps I don't, but God is the best judge of that.

I hope your little baby is doing well and isn't suffering.

By the way, how is that poor girl who was expecting one, and whose mother died? I have thought so much of her.

I hope you are keeping well and have made up your mind to return to Toodles, anyway for the time being. Come to take care of Toodles and to cheer me up.

Looking forward to seeing you soon again, believe me, most sincerely,

BLANQUITA DE SAULLES.

In August, 1913, De Saulles took her to a cottage at Deal Beah, where, she said, he would spend week-ends with Marshall Ward. She suffered a collapse from the heat in this city and was taken to the Sloane Maternity Hospital. When De Saulles saw her as she was recovered from her illness, he said, according to her story:

"Oh, you're all right, the trouble is you are 'hipped' on yourself."

Gave Him More Money.

Shortly after her illness he got her, she said, to sign two checks, one for $15,000 and one for $5,000. It was shortly after that, she said, that he obtained the appointment to the post of Minister to Uruguay. It was arranged that she should go to London and from there to Uruguay, where she was to meet him, but she had hardly reached London when she got a cable message from him telling her to come back because he had resigned the post, since he could make more money in New York.

She came back and stopped at a house he had taken in Huntington, L. I. While she was here, she said, the mother of De Saulles had written, asking her to try and break off the connection between De Saulles and the Duke of Manchester, who was growing notorious. She said that her mother-in-law had called to her attention an article in Town Topics about them. This said that the residents of Premium Point, New Rochelle, were indignant because of "the heterogenous horde" of "weird males and females" that the "fat and amiable Duke," aided by Jack De Saulles, had collected at the Duke's place here. The piece told of parties with many well-known actresses present, in one of which a young woman had fallen or dived overboard and been rescued with difficulty.

"What did you think when you read this?" she was asked.

"I was terribly scandalized."

"Can you be more particular as to its effect on you?"

"It was a great mental shock."

She went on to tell how at a luncheon party at August Heckscher's home, the Duke had sent a messenger for De Saulles, who departed with him the same day. Later that afternoon, while out on the Sound in Heckscher's motor boat, they passed the Duke of Manchester's yacht, and she saw the Duke and her husband together.

"Who were with them?"

"A lot of funny-looking people."

"Were they men or women?" asked Justice Manning.

"Girls."

Several weeks later De Saulles went to England and eventually cabled her to follow, which she did. There De Saulles, on various pretexts, she said, put her up at one or another hotel where she lived. He went to Paris and she went back to America, she said, because she never saw him and wanted to see her baby. She told of receiving three cables to come to Paris and after each another cable telling her not to come. After the third cable she had bought passage on the Lusitania and had her trunks on board.

"It was her last trip, wasn't it?"

"Yes."

"How did you feel at this time?"

"I was sorry I wasn't on it when it went down."

After his return in the Summer of 1915, De Saulles drank, neglected her, and was rude and brutal toward her, she said, until she decided to leave him. This she finally did, she said, after an interview in which he concurred heartily with her plan to separate, and suggested a divorce. She went to Chile with her boy. She said she was wonderfully happy there. She was about to start on a trip for China, she said, when she got a letter from him, asking her to come back for the boy's sake, and she replied that for the boy's sake she would come back.

She told of a fresh humiliation on her return, the incident on Easter Day, when she discovered that her husband had taken Joan Sawyer with their boy on a walk to the Central Park Zoo.

The morning session of court ended here. The attendants had decided to allow those disappointed in the morning to attend the afternoon session and to exclude those who had seen the morning's proceedings. They let the morning crowd out by one exit and were letting the afternoon in by another, but the two tides of humanity became mixed and bowled the court officers and Sheriff's deputies over in a mad rush for the courtroom. In their scramble for places they made so much noise that Justice Manning left his chambers, and, rapping with his gavel, said:

"This conduct is disgraceful on the part of human beings—on the part of those who call themselves human beings. A repetition of this and I will clear the courtroom out altogether. Take off your hat there, or I'll send you to jail. This is not a performance. This is a solemn trial."

She told of various ways in which she thought her husband was poisoning the mind of the child against her. She said she found the boy coarsened each time on his return to her from his stay with De Saulles. She said that she found he had been fed candy and other things bad for him, kept up late at parties, and spoiled in other ways. She said that the boy had told her of being taken into the barrooms of the Waldorf-Astoria and Plaza Hotels.

Mr. Uterhart introduced as evidence certified charts of the Weather Bureau that the five days preceding Aug. 3 were the hottest of the year, and during a discussion of this Justice Manning said:

"I know it. I was holding court at the time."

The trial will be resumed at 10 o'clock this morning when Mrs. De Saulles will be cross-examined by the District Attorney.

STATE FARMERS FORM NONPARTISAN LEAGUE

Will Co-operate with Trades Unions in Plan to Benefit Producer and Wage Earner.

The Farmers' Nonpartisan League of the State of New York was organized yesterday at a meeting of farmers from many counties and farmers' associations held at the Hotel McAlpin. The farmers came to New York City at the request of John J. Dillon, Chief of the State Bureau of Foods and Markets.

Pledged to co-operate with the league in the formation of a legislative program that will benefit the producer and the wage earner are the representatives of various trades unions, who met with the farmers at the call of the Labor Food Conference, or which John C. Hilsdorf is Chairman and Carl Beck the Secretary.

The work of arranging a basis of harmony and a legislative program was finally left to a committee of ten equally divided between farmers and labor representatives. Labor will be represented by a member of the American Federation of Labor, two from the New York State Federation of Labor, and two from the Labor Food Conference. For the farmers the committee will be made up of representatives of the State Grange, the Dairymen's League, the New York State Fruit Growers' Association, the State Vegetable Growers' Association, and the State Agricultural Society.

Among those who spoke were Mr. Dillon, and A. C. Townley, apostle of the Nonpartisan League of North Dakota. The following resolution was adopted:

That the producers and consumers of this conference who in the past have been kept apart by cunning middlemen, politicians, and their agents, bring their influence to bear on all citizens' food councils in which they participate toward representation of some kind from both the producers and consumers.

ALCOHOL IN BEER CUT TO MAXIMUM OF 3%

Grain Used in Brewing Is Reduced 30 Per Cent.—Fear to Put the Country on a 'Whisky Diet.'

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Brewers must cut down the alcohol in beer to 3 per cent. maximum and use 30 per cent. less grain in its manufacture, under the provisions of an order approved today by President Wilson, upon recommendation of Food Administrator Hoover. The average at present is about 4 per cent.

The step was taken as a food conservation measure. An effort also will be made to increase the output of cattle feed from brewing establishments.

The production of whisky and other distilled liquors was stopped on Sept. 8 by direction of the President, but there is apparently no intention on the part of the Food Administration to give beer a knock-out blow. In fact, a statement tonight by the Food Administration called attention to the fact that while the manufacture of whisky and other distilled liquors was stopped Sept. 8, there was from two to three years' supply of whisky, brandy, gin, and other liquors in the country and that the elimination of beer would enforce a "whisky diet" with questionable results.

"The Food bill provides that these liquors can be commandeered by the Government if required for purposes of manufacture of alcohol for munitions," the statement read. "On the other hand, the requirements for industrial alcohol in addition to the normal output from sawdust and other waste products are at present negligible.

"Those who wish brewing entirely suppressed should therefore bear in mind that if such a course were pursued the country would be placed on a whisky basis entirely, and the amount of alcobol consumed would most probably increase. The desirability of saving all the grain used in brewing from the point of view of food conservation is therefore limited by the social question involved in the exclusive use of whisky."

There will be no effort, it is understood, to reduce the volume of beer brewed, but the rules to prevent extravagant use of grain in its manufacture will be rigid.

WATCHES of WORLD-FAMOUS MAKES

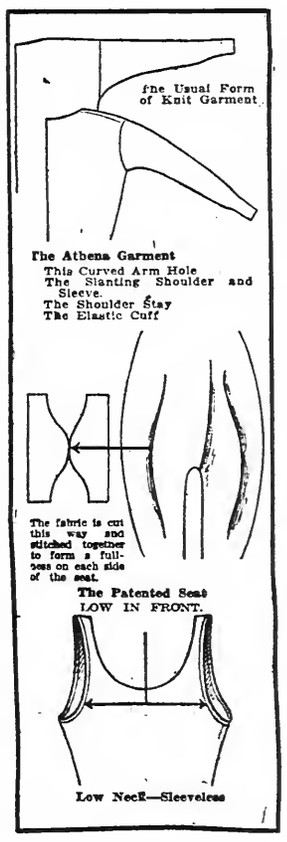
REED & BARTON

ESTABLISHED 1824
JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS
FIFTH AVENUE AT 32nd STREET
4 MAIDEN LANE

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th St.

Athena Underwear

For Women and Children



Correct tailoring gives Athena underwear comfort and daintiness that you will appreciate.

Instead of hanging like a bag, it fits snugly all over without stretching or binding anywhere.

Athena underwear is cut to match the lines of your figure. It is the only underwear that is made in this way.

When you put on a suit of Athena underwear you will find that you can raise and bend your arms without hindrance.

You can stoop in Athena underwear without causing a strain on any part of the garment.

Athena underwear fits your figure as a glove fits your hand, and may be had with either high or low neck.

For daintiness, comfort and wear, Athena Underwear is matchless.

Prices:

Vests and Tights..... Reg. Sizes 65c to $1.85
Extra Sizes 75c to $2

Union Suits..... Reg. Sizes $1.25 to $3.75
Extra Sizes $1.50 to $4.25

For Boys and Girls

Separate Garments.....50c to $1.50
Union Suits.....95c to $2.65

Marshall Field & Co., Makers—Saks & Co., Sole New York Distributers

Gimbel Brothers
33rd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Coal Savers

Uncle Sam needs coal to make munitions, to haul munitions by rail and water, to keep battleships, transports and food ships moving. GIMBELS foresight has ready now

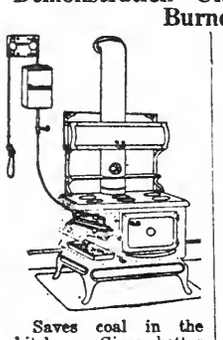
THREE Carloads of Oil, Gas and Electric Heaters

—with carload after carload in reserve!

True patriots will live in fewer rooms, warming them only as needed, saving coal (and coal bills) at every turn.

GIMBELS offer real, practical help now.

Demonstration Universal Kerodox Burners



Saves coal in the kitchen. Gives better results than coal at half the cost. 2-burner size, $15.00
Other sizes, $12.50 to $16.00

Model Gas Heater
A blue flame cylinder heater, nickel top and base. 18 inches high, $2.65
Other sizes, $3.35 to $4.65

Gas Radiator
Four-tube; aluminum finished top and base; jewel front; 18 inches high, $3.40; 23 inches, $3.65; 6 tube, 23 inches, $5.15

The Easy Oil Heater
Smokeless and odorless; much heat at little cost; four-quart oil fount with indicator.
Black Japanned trimmed, $4.95

Reflector Gas Heater
Copper corrugated reflector, nickel trimmed. 22¾ inches high, $5.25
Larger sizes, $6.50 and $7.75

Asbestos Gas Heaters
Blue flame; suitable for fireplace; 32¾ inches high, $5.75
Larger sizes, $7.00 and $8.00

Combusto Coal Saving Devices

Nickel trimmed, with tray, as illustrated, $7.50
Blue enameled, with tray to match, $8.50

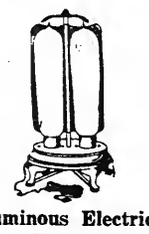
Perfection Oil Heaters
Blue enameled body, 4 quart oil fountain, $7.50 and $8.50

Theroz Fuel Cubes
The new economical solidified alcohol fuel. Can of 25 cubes and alcohol stove, all for 35c. Value 60c.

Duplex Fireless Cookers
Cooks entire meal without fuel by simply heating soapstone discs before placing in cooker. $7.00 to $29.00

Electric Radiator
Just attach to lamp socket for quick, clean heat, $7.50

Used in large industrial plants and on U. S. Warships. A real coal saver attached to ranges and furnaces, $7.00 and upwards.
Bring size of grate and feed door.



Luminous Electric Heater
A glowing heat in quick time for chilly bathroom or bedroom, $7.50

Kost Gas Jet Heater, $1.50
Blue flame heat from gas jet at little cost. Other gas jet heaters, 75c to $2.00

GIMBELS New Kind of Housefurnishing Store—Fifth Floor

Blankets and Comfortables

of Winter Weights for the Coming Cold Weather

Plaid Woolen Blankets, $5.00 a Pair
Wool and cotton mixed; heavy weight. Size 70x80 inches.

White Woolen Blankets, $6.50 a Pair
Fine, warm quality; pretty pink, blue or gold borders. 72x90 inches.

Heavy White Woolen Blankets, $7.50 a Pair
Our famous "Family Favorite;" known for its warmth and durability. Size 72x90 inches.

Full Size Comforters, $2.95 a Pair
Extra fine Silkoline. In various dainty designs. Some with Sateen Borders, others with Brocaded Silk Mull insertion borders; good heavy weight.

GIMBELS—Second Floor

B. Altman & Co.

Army Officers' Uniforms, Overcoats and Trench Coats

(Ready-to-wear)

together with the essential accessories of the Service Outfit, are assembled in large and comprehensive assortments on the Sixth Floor.

Special attention has been given to the selection of materials, and to the important details of cut and tailoring.

UNIFORMS

Of O. D. serge . . . . . $37.50 & 45.00
Of O. D. unfinished worsteds 35.00
Of O. D. whipcord 48.00

OVERCOATS

Of O. D. melton . . $50.00
Of O. D. kersey of superior quality; satin-lined throughout, at $85.00

TRENCH COATS

Of O. D. waterproof gabardine, with detachable fleece lining and an interlining of oil silk; an imported model . $60.00

Other models at $28.00, 35.00, 45.00, 55.00

HATS

Campaign Hats, of extra quality felt . . $5.00 to 6.50
Fatigue Caps, including insignia, at . . $5.00 & 6.50

BOOTS, SHOES & PUTTEES

Dress Boots of cordovan per pair . . . $30.00
Cordovan Shoes (dark brown) per pair . . . $10.00
Cordovan Puttees (dark brown) per pair . . . $15.00

ACCESSORIES

Army Sweaters, of O. D. worsted:
With sleeves, $8.50 to 12.00
Without sleeves, 5.00, 8.50
Helmets of O. D. woolen yarn, at . . $2.50 & 3.50
Mufflers of O. D. woolen yarn, at . . $2.00 to 5.00
Regulation Army Flannel Shirts, at $4.50

(Official insignia for the different ranks can also be supplied)

Also

"Gieve" Life-saving Waistcoats, Sheep-lined Coats, Leather Coats, Bedding Rolls, Money Belts, Leather Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, etc.

Experienced Salesmen will, upon request, be detailed to accompany officers to the various sections.

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Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

McGIBBON & CO.

Table Linens—for Family and Guests.
Towels—many in Style for every Use.
Linen Sheets and Pillow Cases—All Sizes.
Pure Linen Handkerchiefs—Ladies and Gentlemen.
Lace Draperies and Dainty Bed Sets.
Easy Chairs, Library Tables and Novelty Lamps.
American Made Rugs and Choice Oriental.

Full Stocks and advantageous Prices with added Benefit to every Buyer.

10% Discount in November

37th St. West, Near Fifth Ave.

U. S. ARMY OFFICERS'

Uniforms & Equipments

Complete Outfits. Quick Deliveries.

NOTE: This firm have been makers of Army and Navy Officers' Uniforms and Equipments for past 20 years, and under present conditions we do not ask fictitious prices.
If it's quality combined with honest prices you want we can serve you.

UNIFORMS MADE & DELIVERED IN 5 DAYS
All other articles of equipment ready for immediate delivery.
SPECIAL FOR PLATTSBURG OFFICERS
Bedding Rolls (waterproof).....$8.50
Pistol Belts 5.00
Leather Hograin Puttees..... 6.50

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Largest Uniform & Equipment Makers
1600 Broadway, Cor. 48th St., N. Y. C., 8th Floor.
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"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard."

Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street

Our Thanksgiving Guest

This Thanksgiving has a new significance in America.

It is to be shown by the gratitude of the nation to the men who are going abroad to protect the sanctity of home hearthstones.

In town and country let us honor our guests!

With cider and apples, pumpkin pie and turkey, in our best bib and tucker, let us give them the cheer of our home love which will go with them to the other side!

Abercrombie & Fitch Thanksgiving Favors for Our Soldier Boys

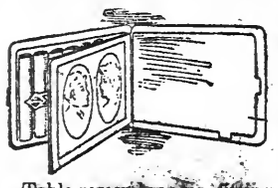


Table remembrances—fitting mementos of the occasion—which will be carried abroad and treasured.

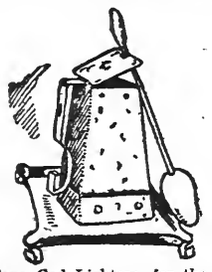
Each with a use that fits in with a soldier's life:—

Officer's Silver Cigarette and Photograph Case; very thin design—satin stripe pattern. Space for ample supply of cigarettes. Secret panel in lid has space for two photographs—shown above. Sterling silver, gold lined, $25; silver plated, $9.

Army and Navy Knives.
Soldiers' Lockets.
Wrist Watches and Compasses.
Waterproof Match Boxes.
Flint and Steel Lighters.
Money Belts.
Vest Pocket Cameras.
War Maps of Fighting Fronts.
Unbreakable Hello Mirrors.
Toilet Rolls—Sewing Kits.
Trench Cigarette Cases.
Tobacco and Pipe Pouches.
Books on Military Subjects.

And many other appropriate articles.

Country House Articles for Thanksgiving



Cape Cod Lighters, for the old-fashion mantel shelf—used instead of kindling to kindle fire.

Copper pot to be filled with oil and torch of porous stone.

Price, $5, $7.50 and $10.

Fine Sheffield Carving Sets with silver-mounted staghorn and ivory handles.

Poultry Shears, sporting Corkscrews, Cocktail Shakers, Tantalus Sets, Lock Spirit Bottles, Cigar and Cigarette Humidors, Smoking Sets and Stands, Poker Tables, Roulette Wheels and Games of all descriptions.

Motoring and Country Topcoats

Big, warm, English duffle fleece ulsters, $75.

Tweeds, tweeds with leather lining, all-leather coats—for both men and women.

Women's topcoats, $19.50 up; men's, $25 up.

Write for Illustrated Booklet of Christmas Gifts for Military and Naval Men. Also Booklet of Equipment for Military Men.

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.
Ezra H. Fitch, President
Madison Avenue and 45th St.
The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

BEGINS MILK INQUIRY TO DETERMINE PRICE

Hoover's Commission Hears Dairymen's League Head Tell of Production Cost.

SUGAR RELIEF SEEN HERE

Conference with Cuban Planters Expected to Determine the Price of Raw Material.

The commission appointed by Herbert C. Hoover, National Food Administrator, to investigate milk conditions in New York State and to fix the price at which it shall be sold to the consumers, held its first meeting yesterday in the City Hall. The inquiry was preceded by a public meeting in the morning, which Dr. W. H. Jordan, the Chairman, said was for the purpose of giving the commission a line on the situation that would enable it to form its program and a plan of procedure. For this reason when R. D. Cooper, President of the Dairymen's League took the stand, he was not required to take an oath.

The commission to investigate the milk situation is composed of Dr. W. H. Jordan, Director of the State Experiment Station at Geneva, Chairman; John Mitchell, head of the State Food Commission; John T. Gavin of the Water Department; Mortimer Schiff, banker; Eugene Schoen, architect; Miss Mabel Kittredge, Chairman of the Woman's Food Committee of the Mayor's Committee on Defense; Charles M. Dow, of Jamestown, N. Y., farmer and capitalist; C. S. Shedrick, President of the New York Milk Conference Board and head of the Queen City Diary Company, of Buffalo; Lucius P. Crown, Director of the Bureau of Foods and Drugs of the Health Department; and Bradley Fuller of Utica, an attorney whose name was presented to Mr. Hoover by the Dairymen's League. Frank M. Stevens, former head of the Public Service Commission for the Second District, is counsel for the commission.

Mr. Cooper in his testimony said that the Dairymen's League embraces territory in New York, Connecticut, Vermont, Massachusetts, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. It has about 900 branch distribution points, he said.

Mr. Stevens asked the witness about the cost of milk production, and the replies of Mr. Cooper were practically the same as the testimony he had previously given before the Mayor's Milk Committee. He said that the cost could not be determined by any one month. He said that he was unable to tell how to equalise prices the year around, and suggested that Professor George F. Warner, an expert on the subject, be called as a witness. The commission decided to call Professor Warner later. Mr. Cooper added that approximately one-third of the city's milk supply came from league territory.

Car Shortage Is Felt.

When Mr. Cooper was asked if it would help the commission were hearings to be held outside the city, he replied that it would help the up-State farmers, but would not alter the facts. The witness quoted Arthur Williams, City Food Administrator, as authority for the statement that the corn crop was larger than last year, and that there would be a drop in milk prices. The crop is available now, said Mr. Cooper, but it contains so much moisture that dairymen will not feed the fodder to the cows. He added that contrary to the opinion of the Food Administrator, prices advanced last week. The car shortage, he said, also is complicating the situation.

John Mitchell said he understood that the Government would control foodstuffs and fix prices, and his acceptance of a place on the commission had been predicated on that condition. He had no doubt, he said, that these matters would be adjusted so as to afford relief to all concerned. When the question of costs was up Mr. Stevens called the attention of Mr. Cooper to the fact that the commission must ascertain the costs of production of milk if it is to fix prices for January, February, and March.

Figures showing the amounts of milk received in New York on certain days were submitted by James E. Thompson, Chief of the Division of Milk Inspection of the Health Department.

Cuban Sugar Commissioners selected by President Menocal are expected to arrive here on Friday. George M. Rolph, Chairman of the International Sugar Committee, said yesterday that he believed a satisfactory agreement would be reached at a conference to be held soon after the commission arrived. Tentatively the price to be offered as a basis has been considered by the International Committee at $4.60 a hundred pounds, free on board, Cuban ports. This, it is said, will adjust readily to the $8.40 wholesale rate for refined sugar now in effect here. It is believed that an agreement with the Cuban planters will go far to relieve the sugar situation in America. The only matters to be finally agreed upon are the price for the raw stuff and details of shipment.

The Russian sugar recently released in New York will be ready for distribution early next week, according to Mr. Rolph. From 10,000 to 15,000 tons will materially lessen the shortage here. It is believed there will be almost a normal amount in the local markets after the holidays.

Fresh Turkeys Scarce.

P. Q. Foy, price expert of The Daily Market Report, said yesterday that fresh-killed turkeys are scarce. Less than five carloads were received here last week, he said. Mr. Foy quoted the following prices: Dry-picked, iced, 36 to 38 cents a pound; thinnish, not exceeding 35 cents; dry-picked and Westerns, 37 to 38 cents; Virginias, 35 to 38 cents; fancies, 40 to 45 cents.

Fresh eggs were selling at 50 cents a dozen yesterday, and distinctly fresh eggs at 58 cents. Long Island eggs sold at 60 cents and Leghorns at 70 cents. Fresh-killed broilers were quoted at 25, 30, and 35 cents and ducks at 25 cents. Butter was quoted at 52 cents a pound.

George K. Moon, Chairman of the Fish Committee of the Fish Dealers' Association, told Arthur Williams, Federal Food Administrator, that the following wholesale prices are now prevailing: Medium bluefish, 33 to 35 cents; fresh butterfish, 14 to 20 cents; small flounders, 4 to 7 cents; large flounders, 8 to 10 cents; haddock, 8 to 12 cents; Spanish mackerel, 17 to 20 cents; Boston mackerel, 26 to 28 cents; steak codfish, 10 to 12½ cents; market codfish, 8 cents; small codfish, 5 cents; Western salmon, 15 to 20 cents.

Food Board Appoints Grain Man.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—John J. Stream, Vice President of the Chicago Board of Trade, has been appointed head of the coarse grain division of the Federal Food Administration. His province includes all grains except wheat and barley. Mr. Stream's office will be in New York.

FREES DR. P. A. BARRETT.

Queens County Court Action in Case of Alleged Medical Negligence.

A charge of manslaughter in the second degree, brought against Dr. Paul A. Barrett of Forest Hills, L. I., was dismissed on Saturday when it came to a hearing before Judge Humphreys in the County Court of Queens.

The allegation upon which the charge was founded was that Dr. Barrett had been guilty of negligence in the treatment last June of 2-year-old Joseph Charles Halle, son of Louis J. Halle of Kew Gardens, thereby causing the child's death. It was alleged that the doctor had caused to be administered to the child one-half a grain of codeine, an overdosage.

Judge Humphreys, on motion of counsel for the defendant, dismissed the case, stating that as there had not been an autopsy before the body was cremated it was the only action he could take.

Great Western Champagne

BRUT SPECIAL (Absolutely Brut)
SPECIAL RESERVE (Very Dry)
EXTRA DRY (Medium)

Only American Champagne ever awarded Gold Medals at Foreign Expositions

Produced by the old French slow method of fermentation in the bottle, taking from six to seven years of time.

Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Rheims, N. Y.

AMERICA'S OLDEST & LARGEST PRODUCERS

ALL CHARGE PURCHASES Made During the Remainder of This Month Will Be Entered on Bills Rendered January 1st.

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE" *"Meet me at the Fountain"*

SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

A Small Preachment on "Reasons for Thanksgiving"

The multitudes who make Greenhut's their shopping center have much reason for Thanksgiving, in a day when such reasons may be obscure to the unthinking.

For here is a Store which, in the most strenuous times which the country has ever known, stands between the great public and the demons of high prices and the rising cost of every necessity.

Consider Greenhut's Grocery

Regard its stocks. Note its perfect service arrangement. That which is staple and that which is regarded as "fancy"—here it is in variety and in volume.

No Better Store Exists in Which You May Supply Your Thanksgiving Needs

To Better Advantage, and With Due Regard to Economy. This Is the Time of All Times to Test It.

TODAY IS "DOLLAR DAY." People of all classes seize this monthly opportunity to invest their dollars where they will do the best service to themselves. Consider yourself as invited to share the bargains offered throughout the entire store.

Men's Winter Suits and Overcoats A War-Time Sale Today at $20

Based on Today's Wholesale Prices of High-Class Clothing, the Values in This Sale Range up to $35

All of these Suits and Overcoats are of the "better kind"—high-class in material, workmanship, trimmings and in a range of styles so complete that practically all the new models produced by leading makers of ready-to-wear clothes are represented.

1,200 Suits and Overcoats Are in This War-Time Sale Today

All of these garments were purchased months ago—long before the recent enormous advances in the prices of clothing became effective. Otherwise, an offering of this kind would simply be out of the question today. This is another instance where we share a fortunate purchase with the public.

The Garments Have Just Arrived

In fact, they have been in the store only a few days, and they will doubtless make a hurried departure in this very extraordinary sale, beginning today. Here are suits of class and character—the products of leading makers.

All the New Styles and Fabrics Are Represented

The Suits at $20 Values to $35

The Overcoats at $20 Values to $35

We do not summarize the materials and styles here, because the collection offered for your choice in this Sale is complete and embraces so great a variety of fabrics that to enumerate them would consume too much space. However, be it understood that men and youths of all tastes can be "suited" and "overcoated" in this sale today.

Additional to the Above We Announce a Sale of 300 Pairs of Highest Grade of "Kingly" Trousers

Chiefly samples and small lots, direct from the workrooms of the makers of the famous "Kingly" trousers.

Values range to $12—Sale Today $7.

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in any Department, or for $2 in Cash at the 2¢ Office on the Fifth Floor. We give 2¢ Green Trading Stamps as Usual. Ask for them. Double 2¢ Stamps Till 12 o'Clock. Single 2¢ Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

POSTUM POSTUM

How Excellent!

Try using Instant Postum on the family table—serve it to your guests, and note their remarks.

It's a fact many times demonstrated that a cup of Postum well made is often mistaken for coffee and very frequently pleases better than the cup one has been accustomed to.

You can make Instant Postum, rich or mild, to suit individual preference by varying amount used per cup. And always you get a beautiful seal brown drink of delightful aroma and a full-bodied, snappy flavor that amply satisfies in every regard.

For coffee drinkers who find it necessary to abstain from coffee, and for children and others who delight in a strengthening, hot, meal-time cup on a cold day, there's nothing quite like

INSTANT POSTUM

Let your grocer introduce you to this pleasant beverage by ordering a tin from him now.

Thoroughly Modern—Convenient—No Boiling Required.

Made in America—Sold by Grocers—No Raise in Price.

"There's a Reason"

POSTUM POSTUM

Jerusalem Almost in Christian Hands

Beautiful Photos of Palestine Where the British Army is Advancing

General Byng's Smashing Blow at the Hindenburg Line

WITH MAP

DRIVE AGAINST ITALY—MENACE TO FRANCE?

Double Page Picture Map Visualizing the Strategic Situation

Moscow's Historic Churches

French "Tanks" In Action

New Photo of U. S. Dreadnoughts at Sea

National Training Camp

SOME SPECIAL FEATURES
THE NEW YORK TIMES

Mid-Week Pictorial

ISSUE OF NOVEMBER 29
[ON SALE NOV. 28]

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PRINTED IN ROTOGRAVURE
AUTHENTIC PHOTOS—SPECIAL MAPS

10 CENTS A COPY—$5.00 A YEAR—AT ALL NEWSSTANDS
ON SALE ALL NEWSSTANDS NOV. 28

" EMENT.

What District Attorney SWANN Says of Hero Land

" It is most unfortunate that the Army and Navy Bazaar scandal should have come just before the opening of ' Hero Land,' which is a totally different sort of undertaking, and which I am confident is for worthy causes, and is being responsibly and honestly conducted. Mr. Moffat, executive chairman, informs me that no commissions are being paid to any one in connection with ' Hero Land.' This was one of the most objectionable features of the Army and Navy Bazaar. In prosecuting those who have been guilty of a breach of trust in connection with the Army and Navy Bazaar, this office has no desire to in any way deter people from visiting and from contributing to ' Hero Land.' I believe ' Hero Land ' comes under the category of those charitable enterprises deserving of the public support."

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Welsbach

GAS MANTLES

Upright or Inverted

Best for LIGHT-STRENGTH-ECONOMY

"REFLEX" BRAND 18¢-two for 35¢

"No4 WELSBACH" 13¢ two for 25¢

EXHIBITION

DRAWINGS and POSTERS by NORMAN JACOBSEN

Afternoon and Evening, November 24-December 1.

GREENWICH VILLAGE INN

No. 5 Sheridan Square

(Fourth St., between 5th and 7th Aves.)

ASK FOR and GET

Horlick's

The Original Malted Milk

Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

Help Clear Your Complexion While You Sleep

On retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and *hot* water, using plenty of Soap and continue bathing a few mintues with Soap. Rinse with tepid water. The cleansing soothing influence of this treatment on the pores extends through the night. It may be repeated on rising. No beauty doctor can do more for your skin and complexion than Cuticura Soap, especially when assisted by touches of Cuticura Ointment now and then. They are really ideal because so delicate, so creamy and so fragrant. Nothing better for every-day toilet uses. You can buy them anywhere or can have samples free by return mail for the asking. Address post-card **"Cuticura, Dept. 6M, Boston."**

Key to Events of the Day

The New York Times Index is a perfect digest of the year's events—a comprehensive reference to all newspapers. The Index is acknowledged to be as necessary in every library as an almanac, and it is the more valuable in that it has a permanent value as a work of reference. The Index points the way to the source of all information—the newspapers—and saves time, trouble and expense for those to whom research is a part of every day's activities. The Times Index is issued in quarterly volumes of more than 400 pages of alphabetically arranged references and cross references to the skeletons of over one hundred thousand of the year's events. Testimonials from bank Presidents, editors, lawyers, librarians, teachers, trade associations, insurance and steamship companies and hundreds of others.

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KREISLER CALLS ON HILLIS TO RETRACT

Demands That Minister Withdraw Charge That He Secretly Aids Austria.

SAYS ATTACK IS COWARDLY

Violinist Asserts Vouchers for Money He Sent Abroad Were Approved at Washington.

Fritz Kreisler, the violinist, made public last night a reply to the Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis concerning statements printed yesterday, in which the Brooklyn clergyman in a sermon preached Sunday morning at Plymouth Church had sharply attacked the Austrian artist a few hours before Kreisler canceled his American tour. The preacher had charged Mr. Kreisler, in effect, with giving aid to enemy arms, and had said that Americans who paid to hear Kreisler play were virtually sending money, every $1,000 of which "would buy fifty rifles to be used against American soldiers."

The violinist demanded that Dr. Hillis should withdraw these charges publicly from the pulpit where he made them, or else give Kreisler the opportunity to confront him as man to man. Kreisler's earnestness in making the demand recalled to his interviewers an old story to the effect that the Austrian had in his time fought three duels in Europe and that he bore on his face the scar of one such encounter. Mr. Kreisler wrote out and signed his reply to the preacher as follows:

"In his cowardly, irresponsible, and unethical attack upon me, Dr. Hillis said: 'It is well known that Kreisler is an Austrian Captain, and to obtain his release from the army he promised to send a large percentage of his income back to the home Government.' This is a baseless and malicious lie. Knowing Dr. Hillis to be a minister of the Gospel, I refuse to believe that he uttered this lie in full cognizance of its falsity and import. I expect him to retract his misstatement publicly and without delay."

Dr. Hillis was absent last evening from his home at 23 Monroe Place, Brooklyn, where Mrs. Hillis said that her husband was lecturing in New Jersey and was not expected to return until a late hour.

In the sermon in which Dr. Hillis made his charges as to Kreisler's conduct while in America during the war, he said:

"Our Government forbids trade with States at war with us. Would a merchant enter into a contract to buy goods from a German he would straightway be arrested; but what shall be said about men who enter into business contracts with Muck and Kreisler? It is well known that Kreisler is an Austrian Captain; that to obtain his release from the army he entered into an agreement to send back to the home Government a large percentage of his income. An Austrian gun costs approximately $20. Every night that Kreisler is paid $1,000 Austria can buy fifty rifles with which Germany can kill our American boys.

"Young Albert Spalding obeyed the call of his country and is serving in France for $30 a month. To do this he canceled contracts for $45,000 for his Winter's work. Last night over in New York, men and women who claim to be patriots bought from an enemy State some thousands of dollars' worth of pleasure, and with the receipts Kreisler can send enough money home to buy fifty rifles with which to kill Albert Spalding.

"It is a duty of jurists to consider this whole matter. Even though we are not at open war with Austria there must be some law under which an injunction can be taken out against directors of theatres and music halls that will enjoin them from doing business with an enemy State, or lending aid and comfort to the enemy.

"If no other citizen will undertake this task, and a law can be found under which action can be taken, I will myself take those steps that are necessary to end this outrage against American soldiers and sailors.

"Kreisler states that he has been sending his money home to support musicians, wounded, of course, in fighting against England and France and Italy. He thinks that the American people lack lack so little logic and sound sense as to be unable to perceive that in relieving the Austrian Government of the necessity of supporting these enemies of France they can take their money, thus set free, and buy guns against our allies and ourselves. He tells us that he could not have sent any money to Austria because for eight months there have been no mails. But there was a Red Cross work here in the United States! Does not this Government need money with which to buy rifles?"

NATIONAL COAL POOL IS NOW ADVOCATED

Agitation Begins for Extension of Voluntary Plan Tried in the West.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The pooling of the nation's entire coal output under Government control may be put into effect before many weeks as a war measure. In some quarters agitation has been started to bring about this result. It is believed by advocates of the plan that the maximum of service to the consumer would be obtained by taking such a step and also by placing the railroads under Government direction for the period of the war.

The scheme under contemplation calls for the establishment of large regional pools which would make possible the greatest degree of efficiency in the distribution of coal to all sections of the country. The power to adopt this course is given in the Food Control act which makes it possible for the Government, through the Fuel Administration, either to commandeer mines and operate them or to purchase all output, pool resell and distribute it.

The last named phase is the one which is being given consideration at this time, as the Government is satisfied that the operators will provide maximum output if the cars and other transportation facilities are supplied. The question of sales and proper distribution remains.

At present operators in the bituminous fields of the Central District have adopted regulations for a voluntary pooling system which it is believed will give immediate relief, and this has the sanction of the Fuel Administration. A Government pool, on the other hand, would relieve the operators of all chance of being faced with a violation of the anti-trust law. It would also safeguard operators against damages where it was found necessary to abrogate contracts to bring about a proper distribution of the output.

It is stated that the problem has been given attention by President Wilson and members of the Interstate Commerce Commission because of the danger of an actual coal famine. With the pooling system in effect the Government would have absolute control of all coal mines, and would be able to direct sale and distribution.

Men who are in favor of this drastic step are definite in their statements that such a course will have to be followed, along with Government direction of railroads, if the war continues over another year, and hold that the greatest good will be accomplished if action is taken without further delay.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 24th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 14.39 cents per pound.—Advt.

ARMY GETS ORDERS TO GUARD PIERS

Continued from Page 1.

Seventy-ninth Street, Ninety-ninth Street and 129th Street. That part of the Yonkers River front which faces the New York Central yards and station is also made a barred zone, while all piers, not included in these zones, at which vessels of 500 tons or more dock are separate zones, no matter where situated.

It was pointed out by the Marshal that the 100-yard limit set by the President was to be measured from the entrance to the piers, which means a zone of about one block in width from Seventy-second Street to the Battery and from the Battery to Thirty-ninth Street on the East River.

"These zones," said Marshal McCarthy last night, "are for the present, and until the army takes charge, military zones under civil control, and until further notice the police and the Federal authorities will co-operate in the enforcement of the President's regulations, and this enforcement will be to the very letter of those regulations. No exceptions will be made in any case. Every German subject must move, and they should move without a moment's delay. By so doing they may save themselves, as well as the Government, from doing anything unpleasant. A failure to obey means just one thing, and that is internment."

Marshal's Office Besieged.

Hundreds of enemy aliens called at Marshal McCarthy's office in the Federal Building yesterday in the hope of obtaining permission to remain in their present homes or places of employment. These persons said they were willing to give bonds if the Government would make an exception in their cases. All received the same answer, which was, "No exceptions all must go." One man who called said he was 72 years old, and that if he was compelled to move he would lose his employment, with little hope of getting another job.

"I wish you would intern me; that, at least, will mean a home and plenty to eat," he said.

"I am sorry for you, but there is nothing I can do," the Marshal said. "You should have taken out citizenship papers years ago and have become a loyal American citizen. I will see what I can do to get you another job, but you must get out of the zone immediately."

Another man, who called, was the head of a firm which had several German subjects on its payroll. This man, who is an American citizen, said the enemy aliens were absolutely necessary to the proper conduct of his business. He was told that if he wanted to keep the Germans in his employ he would have to move.

In one of the New York barred zones is a hotel, in the dining room of which is a steel engraving of the monument which commemorates the German victory over the French in 1870. The owner of this hotel has a number of Germans in his employ. He wanted to keep them and was said to be very reluctant to comply with the Federal regulations, but he promised Marshal McCarthy yesterday that all of his German employes would go before the expiration of the time limit.

Brooklyn Situation Explained.

United States District Attorney Melville J. France and United States Marshal James M. Power of Brooklyn issued a joint statement last night in which they said:

"In view of the many conflicting statements which have been made in the last few days with regard to the enforcement of the enemy alien regulations, recently promulgated by President Wilson, the United States District Attorney and the Marshal of the Eastern District of New York issue this joint statement in order to make clear, so far as possible, the situation in this district.

"1. A list of the piers from which overseas shipments are made to the American expeditionary forces in Europe, and to the Allies are made, has been furnished by the United States District Attorney to Brig. Gen. Hoyle, commanding the Eastern Department, who has been intrusted with the duty of furnishing a military guard for such piers. Such guards, composed of Federal troops, will be established. It may be that all such piers may not be guarded at once. The more important piers will be first placed under military guards and the others in the order of their importance.

"2. The United States Marshal, in accordance with his instructions received from the Attorney General of the United States, has directed every pier owner or lessee in this district to place private inspectors and guards upon the piers, who will require the identification of all persons who seek to enter upon such piers. They are also instructed to cooperate with the military guards when those guards are established. In most instances these inspectors and guards have already been placed on the piers and the Marshal has been furnished with a list of such guards. The Marshal will check up the work of these guards daily.

"3. The Police Department has undertaken to place a policeman on duty, night and day, on every pier in this district, where the situation is such as to demand such protection.

"4. So far as alien enemies now in the 100-yard barred zone limits are concerned, they will be compelled to move immediately. The guards and inspectors are instructed to arrest any enemy alien who enters the 100-yard zone. Violators will be summarily arrested and interned. The practical enforcement of the regulations will rest in the hands of the military authorities, the Naval Intelligence Service, the Army Intelligence Service, such Deputy Marshals as are assigned to waterfront duties, the private guards, and the police."

Marshal Power made a tour of the Brooklyn waterfront yesterday afternoon, and found that on all piers except four his orders had been carried out. The four delinquent owners promised to have their guards on duty by 8 o'clock this morning.

Whether or not the soldiers who will be placed on waterfront duty will wear blue uniforms to distinguish them from the khaki-clad men of the overseas forces, was a question that Governors Island did not answer yesterday. The instructions issued by Attorney General Gregory on Saturday night stipulated that the soldier guards must wear blue uniforms. There is an impression that the Attorney General will not have the last word so far as the uniforming of the soldiers is concerned. The War Department, it was intimated yesterday, would decide that matter, and there was reason to believe that the men would wear the regulation war-time khaki.

PLAN TO GUARD MANY CITIES.

War Department Will Assign Regulars for Pier Duty.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Regular soldiers will be used to guard the piers in New York City, and the alien enemy regulations promulgated by the Department of Justice last Saturday will be carried into effect in all seacoast cities, according to an announcement made here today.

The failure of the army authorities to comply with the order in New York City on Sunday night, it was explained, was the fault of the War Department. Another reason for the delay was the inability to issue the passes and make a registration of those who should have access to the piers.

As soon as the public becomes acquainted with the system and learns that the regular soldiers must be obeyed implicitly, the soldiers will be replaced by Home Guards and other non-regular military patrols. For the present it is not the intention of the Government to abandon in any degree the proposed guard by regular soldiers armed with loaded guns and bayonets and instructed to prevent all persons without passes from reaching the piers and wharves.

Within a very few weeks the War Department will be ready to furnish sufficient soldiers to patrol the piers in all the cities where the Department of Justice may deem that extra precautions are necessary.

Rebuild Your Health on a Sure Foundation

Pepto-Mangan restores strength and vitality by reinforcing the source of all vigor and health—the blood.

Thin, impoverished blood should be suspected if you have to whip yourself to your daily tasks, if your "off-days" are many, if you are pale and listless and if you are losing weight.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

is the tonic that charges the blood with iron and creates millions of new, strong red blood cells.

Study this picture so you will know how genuine Pepto-Mangan looks.

Thin, weak blood permits vitality-sapping poisons to develop and to clog the system. Blood that is strong in iron and red cells drives out these poisons and keeps them out.

Thus Pepto-Mangan paves the way for the return of the full joy of living.

If you are run down from overwork or worry—if you have been weakened by illness take a course of Pepto-Mangan; you will soon be feeling better unless you have a serious organic disease.

Pepto-Mangan is pleasant to the taste and cannot disturb the weakest stomach. For sale at all drug stores.

Friendly Warning: Gude's is the only genuine Pepto-Mangan. Resist counterfeits.

Pepto-Mangan is made by

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Keep your feet dry and warm.

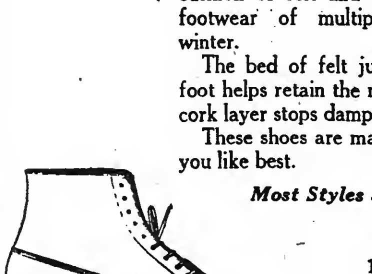
If you accomplish that your health through the winter will almost take care of itself.

During the bad weather wear DR. A. REED CUSHION SHOES. The cushion of felt and cork makes this footwear of multiplied value for winter.

The bed of felt just beneath your foot helps retain the natural heat. The cork layer stops dampness from below.

These shoes are made in the shapes you like best.

Most Styles $7 to $9



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Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES

For Men Made by J.P. SMITH SHOE CO. For Women Made by JOHN EBBERTS SHOE CO.

SAYS SHE WAS ASKED TO POSE AS TATIANA

Russian Dancer Here May Have Explanation of ex-Grand Duchess's 'Escape.'

Further light was thrown yesterday on the report which was circulated on Sunday that Tatiana Nikolaievna Romanoff, daughter of the former Czar of Russia, was coming to the United States to dance, lecture to women's clubs, and tell fairy tales for a Russian relief organization, by the statement made by a Russian dancer now appearing in a New York theatre that she had received an offer to $500 a week to impersonate the former Grand Duchess in this capacity.

The original story, which related the escape of Tatiana from Tobolsk through a fictitious marriage with the son of a former Chamberlain at the imperial court, was capped by the statement of one of the officials of the Russian relief society in question that "these are strange times in Russia."

The dancer, who says she has had an opportunity to impersonate the ex-Grand Duchess, is Mlle. Ekaterina Galanta. Here is her statement verbatim through a Russo-English interpreter:

"About two weeks ago an automobile called at the stage door of the theatre where I am appearing. A middle-aged man, whose name was scribbled in pencil 'Mr. Jacobs,' asked if he could see me. He waited until after the performance; then, speaking very bad Russian, he asked me if I was Galanta from Petrograd. I said yes. He asked me if I had danced in Petrograd. I said yes, since I was 7 years old. He asked me if I had ever seen the Grand Duchess Tatiana. I said yes. I had danced before her and the Czar and the Czarine in the Imperial Opera House at Petrograd.

"He asked, did I want to make much money? I said how much money? He replied, 'Five hundred dollars a week, and you live like a Princess.' I said, How?

"He said, 'You leave this show; you come with me to San Francisco; you disappear as Galanta, you become the Grand Duchess Tatiana. We say you have just arrived on the steamer at San Francisco from Japan; you have escaped from Siberia.' I say, why, and he say, 'For the moving pictures. We must have Russian girl to play the part, you know the Russian Court, you look like the Grand Duchess, anyhow. Will you go?'

"I said, you must see my manager. Then Mr. Jacobs said no, he will do no business with any manager. This must be secret between us if I become the Grand Duchess Tatiana. So I refuse and he go away."

N. A. Volgar, Secretary and Treasurer of the Russian-American-Asiatic Corporation, 61 Broadway, speaking yesterday as the representative of Ivan Narodny, who, he said, was out of town, insisted that the Grand Duchess Tatiana would arrive in San Francisco before the end of the present week. He said that the vessel on which M. Narodny declared she was traveling already had left Honolulu.

"There are a great many reports going around," said Mr. Volgar, "which are intended to discredit us. These reports are inspired by enemies in Washington. I don't say who those enemies are, but we know. Why, they are even spreading the story that Mrs. Carver, who is on the way to meet the Grand Duchess, is or has been a German spy. Just imagine such a report as that being circulated! Mrs. Carver is a wonderful and a noble woman who loves the Russian people, and it is because of her devotion to them that she has visited Russia several times since the war began. Now I ask you if any one should be surprised if a woman who loves Russia as does Mrs. Carver should be engaged in a work to lessen the suffering of the poor Russians in Europe?"

"Are you absolutely sure that the Grand Duchess is coming to America, for you know many people think that a mistake has been made?" Mr. Volgar was asked.

"Of course we are certain she is coming. Has not M. Narodny said so? Do you think that he would make such an announcement if he did not know what he was talking about? Yes, she is coming and we shall all see her, you and I and everybody else."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The report that a daughter of the former Czar of Russia soon would visit the United States was completely discredited in Russian official circles here today. It was learned also that Russian officials here did not recognize certain self-styled Russian relief organizations in the United States and that discussion had taken place between the Embassy and the American Red Cross with respect to them and the latter had been asked to denounce such unrecognized societies.

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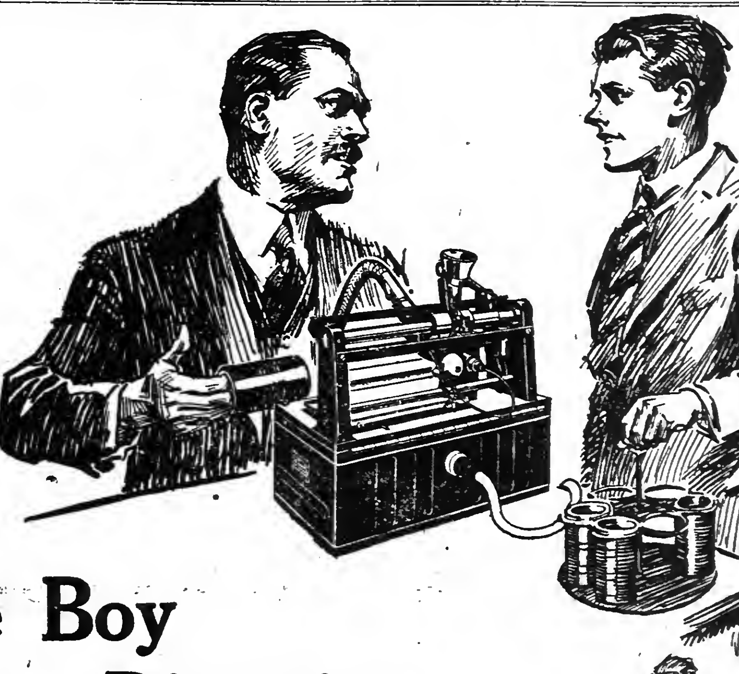

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If your business requires only one stenographer, the saving of time, labor, and money and the facilitation of your correspondence are marked. If you employ a large stenographic force, the all-round savings which are effected by The Dictaphone truly amaze you.

Whenever you make up your mind to take these facts into serious consideration, telephone for a demonstration. Or write to THE DICTAPHONE.

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Write for booklet, "The Man at the Desk" Room 300-1, 55 Warren Street, New York

Join the Red Cross today. "10 Million New Members by Christmas." All you need is a heart and a dollar.

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Loss of Hair and the Quarts lamp treatment. Wm. R. Jenkins, 853 6th Av., Pubs.
Hygiene of the Face and Cosmetic Oxide. Fully illus., 250 pages.
Baldness, its causes, its prevention and its treatment. Illustrated. 250 pages, now in press. E. P. DUTTON, 681 5th Av., Pubs.

BELL CATCHES AIDS OF MRS. HUMISTON

Man and Girl, Sent to Entrap Upton Officials, Are Driven from the Camp.

WENT TO THE POST HOTEL

Man, Examined, Admits He Told Employer of Rumor That Dead Girl Had Been Found.

Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commanding the division of the national army training at Camp Upton, Yaphank, Long Island, yesterday announced that a man of about 40 and a girl who did not apear to be more than 16 had been arrested the night before at the hotel on the military reservation, where they had registered as man and wife, and that the man had admitted that they had been sent down to get information as to moral conditions around the camp by Mrs. Grace Humiston. About two weeks ago Mrs. Humiston stated at a meeting of women lawyers that "seven girls who were about to become mothers, who had no husbands, were dead, according to reports which she had received, and that she "had proved the facts in the cases of two of them."

Upon being questioned by a Secret Service agent at Camp Upton yesterday the man in the case, who gave his name as James C. Adkins, admitted that he had told Mrs. Humiston the story of the two girls, and that he had "heard it from some of the carpenters he was working with" during the building of the camp, before any soldiers were in it.

After General Bell had divulged the matter, Mrs. Humiston last night admitted that she had sent the couple to Camp Upton "to prove that a girl of her age and a man of 40 could register as man and wife."

The girl, who said her name was "Flossie or Adeline Francis—they generally call me Adeline," and that she had been living with Mrs. Humiston, refused to answer further questions of the Secret Service officials. The pair registered as "Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pendleton of Kansas City," and said they had come to see a friend at the camp.

When Mrs. Humiston made her statement concerning what she regarded as the conditions at Camp Upton, General Bell asked her to furnish the names of the two dead girls, so he might make a thorough examination, and officials connected with the army camp recreation and social service also asked her to give any information that she had which might aid in improving conditions. She refused the request of Washington officials, asserting that she would only give out her information if Secretary of War Baker should himself request her to head the investigation of conditions in army camps, or "if some reputable newspaper should empower me to investigate, and should be willing to furnish all the funds required for the inquiry and to stand the gaff for anything I found out."

To General Bell's letter she responded that she "would take pleasure in talking with him at an early date" on the matter. But Mrs. Humiston, so far as known, has not been in or near Camp Upton. What she did is told in her own statement over the telephone last night:

"A man about 40 years old and a girl 16 years old, under my instructions, left the Long Island station late Sunday afternoon and arrived at Camp Upton that evening. They did not carry baggage. Following my instructions they went to the camp hotel and registered as man and wife. Despite the difference in their ages the clerk asked no questions.

"On a night prior to their going to the hotel, I gave a dance to working girls, and this girl attended. Several soldiers had also been invited, and one of them was in the hotel when the couple registered, and recognized the girl. This soldier then tipped off the military police of the camp. The police entered the room and asked the girl whether she intended to stay in that room all night.

Carrying Out Instructions.

"She responded that she had come to the room to get information. At the time the camp police entered she was taking down a list of articles in the room, as instructed by me, to be used later, if necessary, to prove that she and the man with her had gained entrance to the place. The girl was arraigned before a Police Chief and questioned, but she held steadfast and did not say that she had been instructed to go there under my instruction. The man admitted to questions that he had come to the hotel at his own suggestion to get information.

"Today, while two high officials from Governor's Island were in my office to confer regarding the supposed conditions at Camp Upton, the girl entered and made her statement in the officers' presence. Following the hearing of her story the officers agreed that the girl and man go to Camp Upton on Tuesday to prove that a girl of her age and a man of forty can register as man and wife.

The man in the affair, James C. Adkins, whom Mrs. Humiston referred to as "a reputable, patriotic man," was employed as a carpenter during the construction of the camp. During this period, as he admitted to a Secret Service agent after being taken into custody at the hotel, he heard "that there was two girls found dead."

Q.—Where did you say they were found dead? A.—It was when was working on the ice plant that hear it. They didn't say where they found dead, only they said on the edge of the camp.

Q.—Whom did you hear that from? A.—From some of the carpenters that was working with.

Q.—Had they seen those two girls? A.—Not to my knowledge. They said it was what they had heard. It was an evident fact that they had heard it and did not know for sure themselves.

Q.—And you told this to Mrs. Humiston? A.—I told Mrs. Humiston that I had heard this from them. I saw her two days later, when I had been trying to find out about the crimes being done.

Q.—How did you go about trying to find out? A.—I wrote to a friend of mine out here.

At their next meeting, Adkins said, he told her he had nothing further to report. Then Mrs. Humiston told him "that she had heard about the girls and who had taken their bodies away when she was going to investigate."

Adkins further told her, he said, that he had heard of men and women going to the camp and registering as brother and sister or man and wife, on the pretense of seeing friends. Then, he said, Mrs. Humiston said something to him about going there, and that "she had a girl she could trust." "She said," Adkins told the Secret Service officials, "that she would like to know the true conditions of the camp, and as a citizen I was willing. I paid my own expenses. I done this as a citizen of the country to find out if the things here was true." But he later admitted that if he would give her a statement regarding this possibility she would consider it worth $5. "She didn't want me to let General Bell know it," he said, "but I intended personally to let General Bell know it and also let Mrs. Humiston know."

Adkins had previously written to Sergeant C. W. Penland of the Cooks and Bakers' School at Camp Upton as follows:

Dear Friend: Will now try to write you a few lines to ask a favor of you, as well as to tell you what to do in order to get tickets to the dance free. I am helping Mrs. Humiston by doing (keep this to yourself) some detective work in regards to girls under 17 years of age being enticed from their homes to white slavery, and I have told her about two girls being found dead near the camp while I was working there, and now she wants as many of our Sgts 1st Class as she can get to do so to come over to her office and tell her what you know about the conditions of the camp and how the girls stay overnight there, and she told me to tell you she would not use your name in any way when she goes to Washington to see the Secretary of War about same, and for you telling her what you know and think would be best to do she will give you free tickets to the show.

Hoping to see you at noon Wed. and with my best wishes to all the boys I am,
Your friend, JAS. C. ADKINS,
435 East Fifteenth Street.

Penland had met Adkins while the latter was employed at the camp. He attended the dance, which was the one given by Mrs. Humiston, above referred to, and with another Sergeant met the girl known as Miss Francis. At 4 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, according to Adkins, he met Mrs. Humiston at the Pennsylvania station and was introduced by her to Miss Francis. The pair then went to Camp Upton and registered at the hotel, telling the clerk that they had come to see a friend and had expected to get back to Brooklyn that night, but found that the last train had gone. Adkins told the secret service operator he had intended to go back to town that night, leaving the girl in the room alone, so as not to injure her reputation. But he missed the train, and then made other plans, the nature of which was not disclosed. Before going to the hotel, however, he had called at the cooks and bakers' school and asked for Penland. Remarks made there led to the secret service officials going to the hotel and finding Adkins and Miss Francis in the room.

Officers at Camp Upton said last night that if these investigators were fair samples of Mrs. Humiston's staff it was not surprising that she has been misled by unfounded rumors, and that no pro-German activity could be more harmful to the efficiency and good name of the national army than the circulation of unwarranted accusations against the troops in camp.

MRS. CRANE LEFT $1,003,551

Nearly Half Is In 61 Mortgages in Westchester and This City.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 26.—Charles C. Fenno, as special attorney for the State Controller, today filed an appraisal of the estate of the late Mrs. Laura C. Crane of Scarsdale with Surrogate Sawyer of Westchester County, which shows that she left property valued at $1,003,551. An unusual feature of the personal estate left by Mrs. Crane is that it is made up of sixty-one mortgages on real estate in Westchester County and New York City valued at close to $500,000. Mrs. Crane's personalty is appraised at $723,951.75, while her real estate is valued at $279,600.

At the time of her death she had $52,080 cash on deposit and owned the following stocks and bonds: 200 shares Standard Oil Company of New Jersey valued at $157,600, 184 shares Illinois Central R. R. valued at $19,504, and ten $1,000 bonds of the Gulf & Ship Island Railroad Company valued at $8,450.

Under the will Alexander B. Crane, husband of the decedent, inherits $191,843.58, while Elizabeth G., Caroline E., Helen C., Aurelia B. Crane, and Laura C. Burgess, daughters, and Alexander M. Crane, a son, receive bequests averaging $124,487.64 each. The White Plains Hospital receives $500, the Church of St. James the Less at Scarsdale gets $1,000, while the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute is left $400.

WILL DINE NEGRO SOLDIERS.

Nathan Straus Will Entertain Fifty on Thanksgiving Day.

H. Wall, Secretary of the Rocky Mountain Club, announced last night he had received the following letter from Nathan Straus:

"My Dear Mr. Wall:

"Already before receipt of your first communication I had made up my mind to entertain some of 'our boys' at my home Thanksgiving.

"As I suspect that the colored soldiers and sailors may not be so well remembered for this occasion, I choose them as my proffered guests. The bravery they displayed whenever our democracy was imperiled entitles them to the highest degree of respect and admiration.

"Will you assign to me not more than fifty nor less than forty for this our national Thanksgiving Day, to be at my residence, 27 West Seventy-second Street, at 1 o'clock?"

RADICAL LAWS PROPOSED FOR POOL

Continued from Page 1.

roads are now overburdened in transporting steel, iron ore, and other commodities for war purposes. Their congested condition is intensified by the operation of this law, while the congestion might be relieved somewhat by using roads not so busy with Government work.

It is proposed that this law be amended and a subcommittee on traffic named, whose duty it would be to direct traffic over lines best situated to receive it. Agencies would be established at all the big shipping centres, which would designate the routes freight must take. If this cannot be done the railroads will be confronted by the alternative of an embargo. And if an embargo is raised, the railroads will pick out a long list of non-essentials and absolutely refuse to accept freight so classified. One of the classes that would be hardest hit would be the florists, who would be unable to get coal for heating their greenhouses. The railroad experts have ascertained that 750,000 tons of coal are used every year by nurserymen.

Pooling of Revenues.

The railroad officials made it plain that the present plans did not contemplate a pooling of revenues, although many of the resourceful and far-seeing managers are strongly in favor of such a course. They say that the problem can be settled properly by pooling the revenues and the carriers obtaining their pro rata of the receipts as determined upon their haul. This would place the railroads completely under the direction of a board which would have undisputed control of the railroad situation in the country. The reforms now under consideration merely contemplate the pooling of facilities, cars, locomotives, and terminals. The radical steps of combining the revenues may come if the pooling of equipment should fail of its purpose.

The pooling of equipment has not as yet taken into consideration the New England lines. Their representatives will be asked to meet the Committee of Seven shortly and enter the proposed combination, now including all the roads in Eastern territory except those of New England.

Curtailment of passenger trains, which is being gradually effected by all the roads, will be carried out as far as practicable. The Baltimore & Ohio yesterday announced the discontinuance of some trains between Philadelphia and Washington, and this road and the Pennsylvania, both of which are bearing the greatest burden of freight business, will remove other passenger trains. The taking off of fast trains to the West is contemplated.

The experience of the roads in reducing the number of trains has not worked out well in several instances. Travel is so heavy now that the few trains left on the schedule cannot carry it, and as many as four sections have to be put on in some cases to take care of the demand.

The charging of greater rates for passenger travel, adopted by the British Government in order to discourage pleasure travel, is now seriously considered as a means of reducing travel. Travel was reduced by 50 per cent. in the British Isles after the increased rates went into effect. Excursions and all other unnecessary gatherings which increase passenger travel will be discouraged in the hope of subordinating travel to actual business and military necessity.

Before the plans now under way are actually consummated the Government, it was predicted today, will come to the rescue of the carriers and force the enactment of necessary legislation by Congress. Legislation to permit pooling of revenues, the abolishment of private routing, and perhaps Federal incorporation of the roads may come in the early days of the next Congress session.

Free Time for Freight Reduced

To reduce congestion at seaport terminals the Interstate Commerce Commission today authorized railroads to modify their rules, reducing from fifteen to ten days the free time for freight at North Atlantic ports and a reduction from ten to seven days at Gulf ports. The commission also approved a reduction from five to two days in free time allowed for domestic freight confined to New York lighterage, and declared reasonable the railroads' proposed doubling of storage charge on both export and domestic shipments.

The commission found proposed reductions from ten to five days in free time applicable to bunker coal at New Orleans, Mobile, and Pensacola justified.

The Lehigh Valley Transportation Company and the Ontario & Western Railroad asked the commission for authority to increase water rates on anthracite to New England by varying amounts ranging from 25 to 50 cents per gross ton.

POOL RECEIPTS A PUZZLE.

Railroads Face Problem of Just Division of Their Revenues.

While the Railroads' War Board is busy in Washington planning with the Government authorities for the operation of the Eastern carriers in a pool, transportation financiers and Presidents are facing the problem of working out a method for the distribution of receipts, so as to insure an adequate and continuing supply of funds for current expenses.

The operating Vice Presidents of the Eastern roads, who have been in conference with the War Board in Washington, are expected to return to their individual roads today and report on tentative drafts of plans for the pooling. Railroad executives in New York said yesterday that until they received these reports they could make no estimate of the practical effects.

For several months the War Board, with the co-operation of the Commission on Car Service, has been pooling freight cars and, without regard to ownership, ordering them to localities where most needed. The extension of this practice to include locomotives, and perhaps crews, would not be a complicated matter. But the common use of terminals, yards, bridges, stations, and other equipment opens a new and untried field and a problem of accounting of formidable proportions. The per diem freight-car charge is used in checking up the use of transferred freight cars, and some such plan could be worked out for the use of locomotives, but an entirely new basis of computation for the use of the terminals of one road by another would have to be worked out.

Pooling of Traffic.

But even these circumstances are small in consideration of the plan to pool traffic—in other words, to use some roads or routes, for instance, entirely for coal, a low-grade traffic, taking away the high-grade traffic such roads might have. Under the existing system a shipper routes his consignment over the road he chooses. If the War Board is to take that shipment and send it over another road, which perhaps might use some equipment from a third road, to a terminal of a fourth road, the problem becomes complicated. No one of these roads may be allowed to keep all of the receipts. Just how the receipts are to be divided is the problem facing traffic financiers.

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STECK	675	395
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ARMSTRONG Baby	600	485
HAINES BROS. Miniature	650	515
STEINWAY Miniature	900	635
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ENEMY INSURANCE BUSINESS BANNED

Marine, Fire, and Casualty Companies Ordered Liquidated by Secretary McAdoo.

LIFE CONTRACTS CONTINUE

Concession to Policy Holders—Order Applies to Ally-of-Enemy as Well as German Concerns.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Under a decision announced by Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo today all enemy and ally-of-enemy insurance companies, excepting those dealing in life insurance, are prohibited from doing further business in this country. Such life insurance companies may carry out existing contracts, but not write new business. The Secretary announced that all companies coming under the prohibition would be liquidated.

The decision, made under the Trading With the Enemy act, followed a hearing before Assistant Secretary Rowe, at which arguments against permitting the German and ally-of-enemy insurance companies to do business were submitted by the American Defense Society, of which Richard M. Hurd is Chairman, and others. The point was made at the hearing that it was "unsafe, unsound, unpatriotic, and unnecessary" to allow enemy or ally-of-enemy concerns to operate in this country during the war.

Text of the Decision.

Secretary McAdoo's decision follows:

"By virtue of the authority vested in me by the President under the Trading With the Enemy act, to grant or withhold licenses to enemy or ally-of-enemy insurance companies, a hearing was called of the various parties interested, including the State Superintendents of Insurance. The hearing was largely attended, and after full discussion briefs were filed.

"Upon careful weighing of the evidence submitted, I have reached the conclusion that the safety of the United States requires that enemy and ally-of-enemy marine, fire, and casualty insurance companies shall not be allowed to do business as going concerns. The consideration of safety is so important as to render it unnecessary to determine at this time whether this action is also demanded by other considerations incident to the successful prosecution of the war.

"In these circumstances I am convinced that the best interests of the country will be served by the liquidation of these companies under the direction of their American management and subject to such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may from time to time prescribe.

"As the liquidation of the life insurance companies involved may work an injustice to policy holders, and as the information accessible to such companies cannot benefit the enemy, because of the character of the business and its inconsiderable proportions, these companies for the present will be allowed to continue existing contracts."

Facilities for Spy Work.

In the arguments offered before Assistant Secretary Rowe, it was stated that the German and enemy-ally insurance firms had access to the work of engineers and inspectors of the National or State Boards of Underwriters, and that they were able to send their inspectors through properties, including munitions plants, flour mills, storage warehouses, docks, wire factories, and other industrial establishments related to the war industries of the country. Information obtainable in this way, it was suggested, might be of advantage to enemy aliens in finding the easiest way to start fires, turn off sprinkler systems, and arrange for explosions.

Another point raised was that, by permitting German or allied concerns to operate, the way would be opened for the spread by German propagandists of sentiment favorable to Germany, on the theory that since Americans patronized German concerns they could be regarded as not ill-disposed toward the German nation.

Still another argument was advanced that no American ought to accept fire, marine or other insurance with a German or allied German firm while this country was at war with Germany, as to do so would merely put American money into German hands. It was pointed out that Americans, becoming awakened to the situation, already had canceled approximately two-thirds of the $3,500,000 of risks held Jan. 1, 1917, by enemy or ally-of-enemy insurance companies in the United States. The American fire insurance companies, it was stated, had canceled all their reinsurance treaties with German companies, but a few American firms still had reinsurance with Austrian or Bulgarian concerns. It was urged that to permit German ally concerns to operate would merely mean that German reinsurance would be kept up through their agency.

Companies None Too Strong.

The condition of German and allied fire insurance firms was also urged, figures being offered to show that they had assets of only $27,772,000 as against risks of $2,853,370,000. Danger existed, the Secretary was urged, in event of a large conflagration, of these concerns going bankrupt and evading payment of the policies. The experience after the San Francisco fire was cited, in which some German concerns denied liability, others paid 75 per cent. of the policies, and one or two a little more. That Germany was bankrupt and would not back the German concerns was offered in argument.

The work of liquidating the German and ally concerns is to be expedited, so that all of them will be wound up within a few weeks.

AUSTIN, Texas, Nov. 26.—Fourteen alien insurance companies doing business in Texas will be affected by the order of Secretary McAdoo. The license of the Cologne Reinsurance Company of Cologne, Germany, was revoked a few days ago by Commissioner of Insurance and Banking C. O. Austin for failure to comply with the Trading with the Enemy act.

INTERN A GERMAN WHO FOOLED BRITISH

Steinforth, ex-Artillery Officer, Sent to Ellis Island—Rintelen Is Sentenced Again.

Wilhelm Steinforth, known also as Peter Stevenson, who during the first year of the European war was an officer of artillery in the German Army, and was captured by the French during the 1915 Champagne drive, was interned on Ellis Island by order of the Department of Justice yesterday. For some months past Steinforth, under the name of Peterson, has been employed as a teacher of German in the Franklin School, a private school for boys at 18 West Eighty-ninth Street.

Before his internment Steinforth said he was 27 years old. He speaks English like a native and has a knowledge of the Scandinavian tongues, by which he was able to pass as a Norwegian when he fell into the hands of the British, after his escape from the French prison camp near Rochelle, France.

Steinforth was in this camp for only a few weeks before he escaped. He tunneled under the electrified barbed wires and managed to get to a French port, where he stowed away on the British freighter Portland, then about to sail for New York via Bermuda. For six days out the German lived on chocolate cake. Not once during these days did he have a drop of water, and he was on the verge of collapse when his presence on board was discovered. At Bermuda the Captain of the Portland turned the stowaway over to the British authorities. To them Steinforth said he was a Norwegian, and added a pathetic yarn to account for his action in trying to make America as a stowaway. He was believed, and a few days later sailed for New York. He met friends who provided him with funds to refit himself with good clothes, and hearing that a teacher of German was needed by the Franklin School, applied for and was given the position.

Captain Franz Rintelen, the German naval officer, who in 1915 came to the United States to instigate strikes in munition plants, and who is now serving a sentence for his part in that conspiracy, was arraigned in the Federal Court yesterday to answer an indictment charging a conspiracy to defraud the United States by fraudulently obtaining a State Department passport in the Summer of 1915, just before he sailed for Europe under the name of "Gasche." He was captured by the British and sent back to answer the charges against him. When arraigned before Judge Mayer yesterday Rintelen, through his attorney, George Gordon Battle, entered a plea of guilty. Judge Mayer sentenced him to serve one year and one day in the Atlanta Penitentiary, the sentence to begin as soon as the present one is finished.

DEFERS HEARING ON LA FOLLETTE

Chairman Pomerene Is Awaiting Return of Absent Senators.

DEFENSE SOCIETY ACTIVE

Will Present a Brief Calling for Expulsion for Giving "Aid to the Public Enemy."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The hearing by a sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections into the charge of disloyal utterances against Senator La Follette of Wisconsin went over today because of the absence of Senator Walsh of Montana, who is ill, and Senator Fall of New Mexico. Senator Pomerene, chairman of the committee, in putting off the hearings, announced that he wished to have all the five members present before proceeding. Senator James and Dillingham, the other members of the committee, were ready to go ahead, but deferred to Senator Pomerene.

William J. Bryan, who has announced his willingness to appear before the committee, to controvert a statement made by Senator La Follette that Mr. Bryan told him he had advised the President that the sinking of the Lusitania was justifiable, has an engagement in Washington next Sunday, and the committee will probably defer its hearings to accommodate itself to his convenience. That may mean that the hearing will not be resumed until next week.

Announcement was made here today that the American Defense Society of New York was prepared to aid in pressing the case against Senator La Follette. Attorneys for the society, it was said, were preparing their evidence in the form of a brief. The society urges the expulsion of Senator La Follette.

At the next meeting of the subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, which is to consider the question of expelling Senator La Follette from Congress, the American Defense Society, of which Richard M. Hurd is Chairman, and which includes in its membership some of the most prominent men of the country, will present a brief showing that the expulsion of La Follette is entirely within the legal rights of the Senate, and demanding his expulsion because the "Senator from Wisconsin has given aid and comfort to the public enemy."

The brief will deal most emphatically with the question of La Follette's sending out over his mail frank propaganda the like of which has been seen used by the Germans in Russia and Italy. The Defense Society's Anti-Disloyalty Committee, of which James M. Beck was at one time Chairman, and which is now headed by W. H. Gardiner of 2 Rector Street, has been collecting evidence against La Follette. The brief itself has been prepared by New York lawyers of high standing.

It was after his speech in St. Paul last September, in which he defended the sinking of the Lusitania, that the American Defense Society first began to investigate the activities of Senator La Follette, of which thousands of complaints were received by the society.

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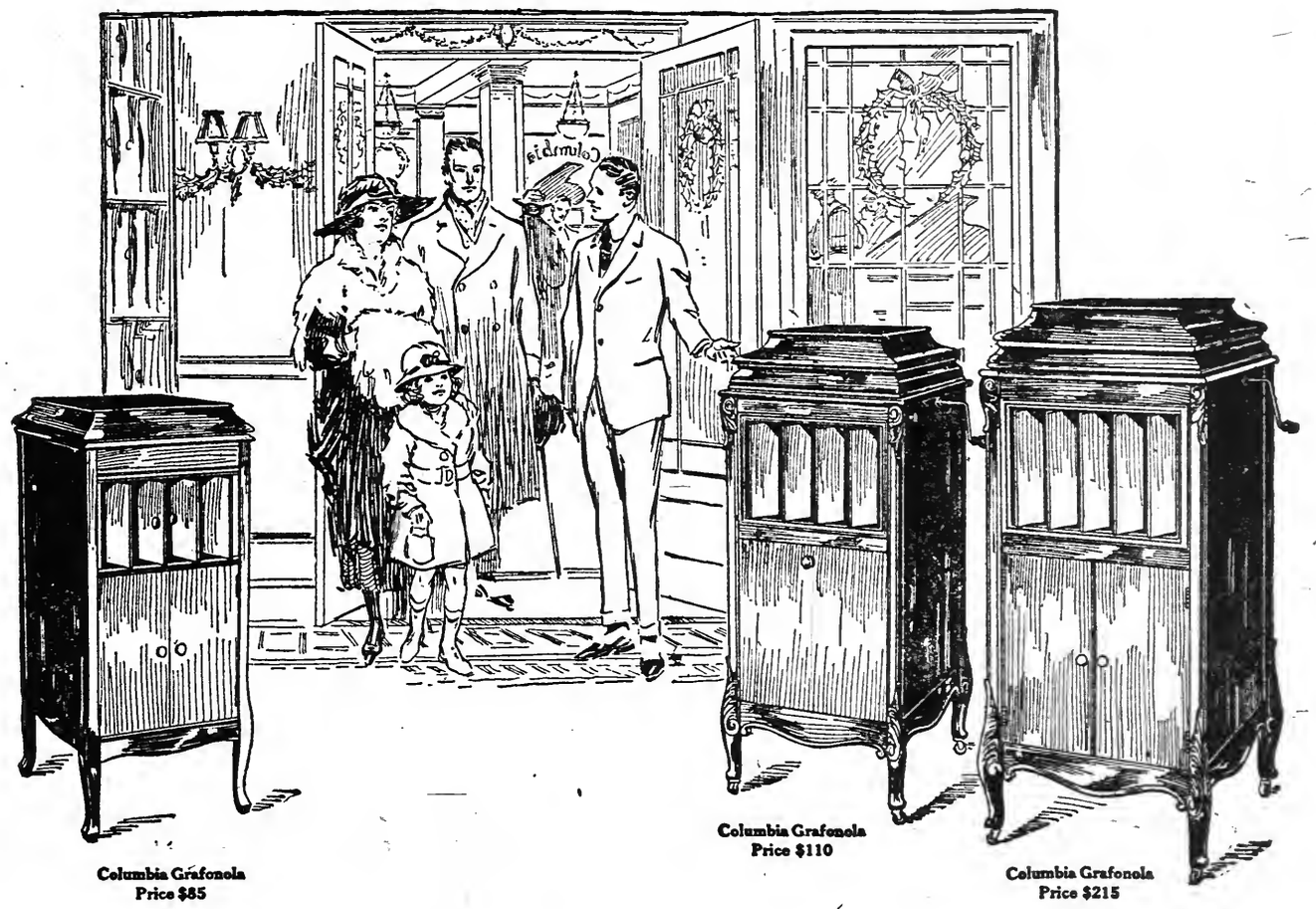

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOV. 27, 1917.

DESPOTISM, NOT LIBERTY.

The new despotism in Russia moves fast. The other day it was merely beginning, by suppressing all newspapers except Socialist ones and by ordering the well-to-do classes to furnish the army with supplies. Such first steps inevitably presage new and longer ones. Now comes an order directing the Kronstadt soldiers to break up all organizations opposed to the Bolsheviki and arrest the members. Simultaneously comes a proclamation declaring that the bourgeoisie are "blocking efforts to provision the army," which evidently means that they are not coming forward with the supplies they have been ordered to furnish, and this proclamation is a preparation for confiscation. Along with orders to private citizens to support the army come orders to banks to turn over money to the "Government." The Moscow branch of the State Bank is seized, its manager arrested, and the gold deposit confiscated. On the eve of the elections to the Constituent Assembly the opposition posters are torn down, their campaign literature seized, and the Bolsheviki soldiers announce that if the elections are against the Bolsheviki they will disperse the Constituent Assembly with their bayonets.

These first fruits of the new tyranny have all been garnered within the last three days. As time passes, the pace will accelerate. This is certain, because it is impossible to conduct a nation's affairs by seizing banks and despoiling the rich; poverty and distress will merely increase, the demand for relief will be irresistible, and the ignorant zealots at the top will know no way to satisfy it except by increasing robbery, increasing tyranny, increasing spoliation. The more such measures are adopted, the more the general distress will grow and the faster will come the vain attempts to stop it by new outrages.

There is no indication anywhere of an attempt on the part of any influential party or faction to make Russia a land of liberty. The attempt is to substitute the despotism of the Socialist proletariat for the overthrown despotism of the Czardom. In lands which have long known liberty it has come to be recognized that liberty cannot be had by giving any class, whether majority or minority, the power of ruling over other classes, for human selfishness makes it impossible that a class so empowered will give just or fair treatment to the classes at its mercy. Perfect liberty is impossible. In free countries the condition which we call liberty has been reached by the abandonment of rule by any one class, and the substitution of a state of compromise, in which all give up a certain part of their liberty, that part at which it begins to infringe on the liberty of others, and all classes are equal before the law. This liberty was slowly won. It took many centuries to bring about a recognition of the fact that it, and it alone, was true liberty. It is seven hundred years since the Barons confronted King JOHN and won from him the first concession toward it. Through all those centuries "freedom "slowly broadened down from prec-"edent to precedent." We did not come upon our priceless possession suddenly, overnight. It is still imperfect, even now.

But Russia, with her old standards overthrown and lost, stands not even where the Barons did at Runnymede, but a century or two before that; and she has all the long way to go that we have gone before she will learn what liberty is. To her today it represents only the opportunity for the under dog to get on top and to bite the upper dog. LENINE, with his seemingly ultra-modern jargon of bourgeoisie and capitalism, is intellectually and politically considerably further back than WAT TYLER. It is five hundred years since he raised the Bolsheviki standard, making the demands which SHAKESPEARE has transferred to the mouth of Jack Cade, burning title-deeds, hanging lawyers, laying the rich under contribution, and making it illegal to read, write, or own property; and yet there was even in him a dim recognition of the fact that other people had rights as well as the working classes, to which his Russian imitators may not attain for a century or so.

IN SOUTH AMERICA.

When the arrest of a well-known resident of Brazil's capital was followed by the discovery in his house of elaborate plans for the operation and maintenance of German submarines along the coast, the Government gave some weight to the assertions of fishermen and steamship passengers who said they had seen a submarine near the southern provinces, where a revolt of German immigrants has been suppressed. It was recalled that LUXBURG, Germany's Minister at Buenos Aires, suggested in July to the Berlin Government that a squadron of submarines be sent to South America. Lighthouses have been darkened and Brazilian vessels move with care. Probably there are no submarines in the southern waters, but Brazil does well to be on guard. If they should appear, they would be found in the vicinity of those provinces where the entire army is now stationed to restrain the foreign settlers whose purpose has been to set up there a German State. LUXBURG said this was one of the Berlin Government's "principal aims" in South America. Brazil is solving her war problems. All German subjects are to be interned, and the Government has assumed control of their banks and commercial houses.

Argentina's President is asking for a conference of all the southern republics. The attitude of his country's people toward Germany has been clearly shown by Congress votes and in other ways. Some have thought that he was not in agreement with the majority. So far as can be learned, however, he is in sympathy with Germany's foes, but has opposed an open national expression of such sympathy because he fears it would cause great commercial loss and largely increase the republic's debt. Those whom LUXBURG called the "veneered Indians" of South America should unite in expressing to the world their opinion about the issues of the war and the conduct of belligerents. South America could co-operate in many ways for the benefit of those whom a great majority of the southern people are now willing to assist.

"ON TO WASHINGTON!"

"On to Washington!" cries Mr. MORRIS HILLQUIT at a meeting celebrating the great Socialist vote and woman suffrage given by it to New York. "The 150,000 votes which we gained in the State," he says, "turned "the [suffrage] defeat of two years "ago into a decisive victory this year, "and these votes have come in decisively numbers and heaviest from precisely the same districts which have "given us the heaviest Socialistic pluralities." Mr. HILLQUIT rejoices in "the 150,000 female Socialists" added to his party. The twin victories of socialism and feminism in New York must bear fruit at Washington. There must be "an imposing" Socialist delegation in the next Congress. "Socialism works for peace." Whereat there is tumultuous, ecstatic cheering. Socialism works for the obstruction of the war, for a German peace. We all know that. A large number of German pacifists has been added to the New York electorate.

"On to Washington!" is the cry of the National American Woman Suffrage Association also. Mrs. CATT, President of the association, is to head the campaign for the Federal suffrage amendment:

> She and the other leaders of the association assert that, with the new leverage of women's votes in New York, and the approaching election of forty-three members of Congress from that State, the National Woman Suffrage Association is confident of "putting through real business" early in the coming session.

The supreme business of the country and the world, the prosecution of the war, momentous legislation and revision of legislation, must be neglected. The suffrage amendment is "the real business" which Congress must agree to, under constant pestering and threat. The suffrage workers will be on hand next week when Congress meets. Delegates of every State suffrage association will be present. The name of each Representative will go on the black list or the white, according to his views, ascertained since adjournment by the indefatigable agitators. In the second week of December the National Association will meet in Washington. In that crowded city, full today of all the engrossing tasks, military, naval, economic, industrial, financial, transportation, a multitudinous nexus of the gravest responsibilities which the Government has ever had to bear, the national suffrage convention will be held for the purpose of personally bothering, persuading, or bulldozing Congress to pass the Federal amendment at once. There will be some 1,000 delegates. They will be there to filch the time which Congressmen owe to the country and the war, to distract their attention, to cajole or menace, to interfere with the vital work of the nation at the gravest hour of its history.

Plain speaking is best. It is but a disguised, more dangerous form of picketing which these sorely misguided women are about to undertake. The easy good nature, the weakness of the political man is but too often evident, yet surely the common sense, the personal dignity, most of all, the sober patriotism of Congress will rebel at this untimely and at any time inexcusable, concerted scheme of dictation. It is utterly unrepresentative of the majority of the woman voters in this State, and, we believe, in all States. It is, in its way, an attempt to obstruct the progress of the war, to divide the energies of the Government and the people. What new friends do the woman suffragists expect to make for their cause by this exhibition of the unwisdom, the lack of proportion, and the unconscious lack of patriotism of so many of its leaders and advocates? Female suffrage is more important than the winning of the war—that is all that can be made out of their conduct. Power brings them no sense of responsibility. They win this State only to browbeat Congress and to seek to impose suffrage on unwilling States.

To the Southern Congressmen, familiar with the melancholy history of negro suffrage, does suffrage by Federal amendment seem safe or desirable? To the prohibitionists of the South, where prohibition has come by the votes of white men, on account of and to the regret of the negroes, does Federal suffrage look desirable or safe? To Congressmen of whatever part of the country, does it seem wise to yield to women who prefer their whim to the vital necessities of the country, to set a precedent for interference in the domestic legislation of the several States?

PRICES, PROFITS, AND PRODUCTION.

The National Foreign Trade Council includes men inferior to none in times of peace in authority upon the subject on which they issue a statement designed to influence action by Congress at the approaching session. Probably none will dispute that it is a general principle that the price necessary to produce the goods must be paid, including a fair profit to the producer. Otherwise producers will not produce. But these are times when the customary laws of economics are not operative. We have recently seen such buying that even extraordinary profits failed to stimulate production. In the iron, copper, and coal trades, to name no others, profits inconsistent with public interest had no other effect than to raise prices to a level that drove out of trade all except the Governments that were spending tax money. They would spend soon all the money in the world if that policy persisted. We have also seen such excessive wages in some trades that labor was demoralized instead of stimulated. There have been published cases in which manual ironworkers have earned at the rate of $10,000 a year, and coal miners $5,000. In the coal trade at least the effect was that the men took holidays to such an extent that the production of coal was reduced. The general movement for shortening hours and limiting employment to favored classes of labor is known to all.

The time will come again when all will agree with the council that profits necessary to sustain production should and must be allowed. But the world is agreed that there should be a limit to war profits. For example, there appears on the same day with the council's statement a declaration by the Government manager of the trust of the meat trusts. The five concerns have named to them the profits which will be allowed as sufficient in the public interest. Their services are declared "vital" to the Government. Needless to say, the allowed profits are not niggardly. They would be ample in peace and could be exceeded in war. But they are restricted, and it is not expected that production will be restricted. The same thing is true of the railways. Their profits have been restricted, and their production has increased, at the same time that their costs are regulated upward by influences beyond their control.

It cannot be supposed that the council disputes the Government policy of restricting profits and prices. The council merely overlooked it because it has seen and had in mind such evil results from the policy of limiting fair profits through undiscriminating hatred of capital. There is no such motive in the Government's restriction of profits to prevent prices reaching an explosive tension. The present regulations lay least weight on prices asked by retailers. They lay greatest weight upon prices and profits by primary producers. In the flour trade each step in the entire series of processes is regulated, from the farm to the eater. In the steel trade the organization daily approaches that ideal. In the packing trade there is nothing left unregulated. There could not be a more complete suspension of the rule that producers are the judges of the profits which will bring production. The singular thing about it is that approval drowns dissent. The current number of the Bakers' Weekly says:

> Every baker is glad to be an agent of the United States and to do whatever work may be required of him by those who are being held responsible for the conservation of the food supply.

Judge GARY has expressed similar sentiments on behalf of the iron industry. The prices accepted by the copper trade actually had to be raised. The Government had to raise coal prices because it put them too low.

The moral is not that peace economics should control war policies, but that everything must yield to the most uneconomic and irresistible of economic influences. Our economic organization can never be the same after the war. The combinations now forming are more permanent than is appreciated. The anthracite coal trade has never reverted to the conditions which preceded the Roosevelt settlement. The Government warred upon its "trust" in vain, and in the nation's need the organized coal industry has been a most efficient servant of the nation. The war has produced a combination in the bituminous industry, which had theretofore resisted all attempts in that direction. There never was such a combination in the packing industry as the one now managed by the Government. The railway pool is an example of what the railways long wanted, which the law forbade in vain and which can never be altogether undone. When peace returns, the policies advocated by the Foreign Trade Council will revive in considerable degree, no doubt, and with hearty support. The thing to do now is to support the Government, for every one knows the alternative.

BUILDING THE SHIPS TO WIN THE WAR.

The program of the Emergency Fleet Corporation is all that could be desired on paper. Performance will depend upon complete co-ordination between officers of the corporation, the shipbuilders, and the army of labor. The labor forces must be so large that three shifts can be employed on every working day of twenty-four hours. Americans will be living in a fools' paradise if they think that any other arrangement will produce the promised 6,000,000 gross tons. It will be necessary to beat previous records in shipbuilding. Japan has set a high mark recently, according to the shipping journals. It is said that the Kawasaki Dockyard Company of Kobe has launched a 9,000-ton steamer with engines on board two months and twenty-seven days after laying the keel. In the building of small freighters the Japanese also had a fine achievement to their credit in the month of August, when twenty-six vessels, each exceeding 1,000 tons, with a total of 109,621 tons, were launched from their yards. May it not be expected that when the American builders get their machinery of construction running smoothly records will be made?

The preliminary work was on a colossal scale. Organization took more time than could well be spared, and discussion about designs and material was so long continued as to be obstructive. The wooden ship and steel ship partisans are still at loggerheads. Getting out the timber from the forests and transporting it presented other problems. And there was the rivalry of the Atlantic and the Pacific yards, some in existence and others to be fitted out. There were so many people getting in the way of one another it seemed as if a real start would never be made. But at last the wheels began to move. Today forty-three shipyards on the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts are "humming with industry," and on the Pacific Coast from twenty-five to thirty yards are in operation. It has been estimated that it will take forty to sixty days to finish the wooden ships after launching. Calculations about the steel ships show variation. If at first American builders do not quite keep pace with the British and Japanese, it must be remembered that many of our yards have been literally created out of nothing. Consider that only a year or so ago there were but two yards in the East turning out wooden ships. The production of steel vessels was fair, but no more.

The American builders are already gathering speed. By Nov. 20 thirty-three requisitioned vessels had been completed and released; they were commandeered in an unfinished state in private yards. A good many ships of this class will soon be available. Long before Spring the new program, as distinguished from commandeered resources, should be well advanced. Mistakes too many to count were originally made, but what else could be expected in the multitude of counselors? If all is not order and economy of effort yet, the saw and the riveter's hammer are heard on every hand.

The figures given out by the Emergency Fleet Corporation, contracts let for 884 new vessels, 426 building vessels requisitioned, and 1,409 of all types to be ready and in service by the end of 1918, including 278 big cargo carriers of 7,500 tons and over and 70 transports, are full of encouragement when the warning of Sir JOSEPH MACLAY, the British Controller of shipping, is remembered: that unless the United States constructs 6,000,000 tons annually its military efforts will be crippled. It can be done, but only if there is a steady pull, a strong pull, and a pull all together, with a full realization that speed is essential to success in the vast undertaking. The manning of the fleet is another problem. That also calls for organization, mobilization, and the hardest kind of practical effort. No time should be lost in finding the solution and accelerating the ways and means.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

An Artist Shows His Sense.

Much lamentation over the determination of FRITZ KREISLER to retire from the concert stage till the war is over can confidently be expected from the superior persons who claim that Art is a thing without relation to anything else, especially frontiers. They can say, truly enough, that Mr. KREISLER does not play the violin the worse for having been an Austrian officer in active service, and they have a colorable excuse for saying that what he does with the American money honestly earned is, on general principles, nobody's business except his own.

They—and some people who do not claim to be very superior—can go further and say that Mr. KREISLER, being an Austrian, is not an "enemy alien" at all, at least in the technical sense of that phrase, and that, while he can hardly be called our friend, since his sympathies are confessedly with our foes, he, unlike a good many others in the same or an analogous position, has carefully and consistently observed, so far as the public knows, the excellent advice of the Attorney General—"Keep your mouth shut and obey the law."

None the less is it true that, in taking the action he has, Mr. KREISLER has acted wisely. His retirement is a recognition of facts and conditions as they are. Had he obstinately stood on his legal rights, he would have continued to offend no inconsiderable part of the American public, and though in almost any of our larger cities he could have attracted large and enthusiastic audiences, they would have been made up mainly, as they have been here, of people who applauded him as a Teuton rather than as a violinist, and who took the opportunity he provided to demonstrate that they, too, were in mind antagonistic to our national policies. Sooner or later this would have resulted in disturbances that might easily have developed into violence.

As it is, Mr. KREISLER can withdraw temporarily from view, and he will take with him an amount of approval as a good musician who was a good soldier and who has a sense of propriety and expediency that not all artists possess. This appreciation will be of value to him and to his country when come the better days for which we are all hoping.

A Failure That Was a Triumph.

In THE TIMES of Sunday last there was a remarkable narrative of experiences and achievements at Plattsburg, written by a man who, had he been less of a man, might easily have claimed a serious grievance against the training camp. For to go there he gave up, he said, a position that paid him $12,000 a year, which is a good deal of money. That position he cannot recover, as it is competently filled by a man whom it would be unjust to turn out, and, after doing for three months the hardest kind of work, the writer of the article has been sent back to civilian life as unqualified for holding the commission to which he aspired.

Here is heavy loss—a disappointment in which there lies something of humiliation—enough, surely, to serve not a few as basis for bitter complaint. Instead, there was in the article not even a word of regret. Its author declared that he had received at Plattsburg so much and so many benefits, physical, mental, and moral, that he counted his stay there quite the most profitable employment of time that he had made in his whole life, and with almost lyrical enthusiasm he praised the camp, its surroundings, and all its occupants.

What he wrote should be read with care by the opponents of military training—by those who in all the confidence of ignorant assumption assert that the effects of such training are invariably and entirely brutalizing and degrading. Conversions in that class, however, will be few, as its members scorn facts and are incapable of logic. From the article readers of another sort will get a different lesson, and they will be moved to ask why, if three months in the Plattsburg school do so much for a man, and so much that is as good preparation for peace as for war, exactly such training should not be made available all the time and for all.

To that question there is only one answer, and the answer is universal military training, for peace not less than for war.

Needlessly Starting a Quarrel.

There will be taken up tomorrow at the meeting of the Board of Education's Committee on the Course of Study a question sure to be discussed with bitterness, and sure, no matter how it may be answered, to excite bitter comment. It is the question whether or not the teaching of the German language should continue in the elementary and intermediate grades of the public schools of this city.

It is a great pity that the inquiry is so narrow. As compared with other foreign languages, much that is true can be said as to the value of German, and its equal or superior utility can be maintained by not a few sound arguments. On the other hand, they have a weak case who demand that German should be excluded from our schools because the United States, for many and good reasons, is at war with the German Government. But the Committee on the Course of Study would have avoided, if not all troubles, difficulties, and embarrassments, at least all connected with racial animosities and prejudices, and would have encountered only those that can be discussed calmly, if it had set out to decide, not the fate of German in the public schools, but that of all languages except English.

Even that question is not easy to answer, or rather it is to be answered only by answering another—Can any foreign language be taught in the lower schools efficiently enough to make the instruction profitable to anything like a majority of the pupils?

Opinions on that point will probably differ till the end of time, but it is a significant fact that the demand for the teaching of a foreign language in the public schools, no matter what language, invariably comes from parents who are themselves competent to give their children better training in the one language that interests them than those children can possibly get outside of their own homes. Germans never ask that French be taught, Italians do not yearn for Spanish. All that any of them really desires is "recognition"—recognition of their own racial importance—and for it they are willing that the time of their children should be wasted in the acquisition of what in at least ninety-nine cases out of a hundred is merely a worthless smattering, forgotten within a month after quitting school.

This larger question is the one which the members of the committee should take up.

A SONG FOR AUTUMN PASSING.

Adown the aisles of morning light,
Across the brooding depths of day,
And through the dark defiles of night,
Ye pealing pipes of Autumn, play!

Play the clear anthem of our praise
For harvests reaped and harvests stored;
A ringing jubilate raise
For all the granary's garnered hoard!

Let hill make echo unto hill,
Vale sound antiphonal to vale,
For the rich guerdon of His will
Whose tender mercy shall not fail!

Crowd bars upon melodious bars;
"Thanksgiving!" be the word they say!—
Until thy music touch the stars,
Ye pealing pipes of Autumn, play!

CLINTON SCOLLARD.

ART NOTES.

Sargent's Portrait of John D. Rockefeller and a Miniature of Bernhardt.

The portrait of John D. Rockefeller by John S. Sargent is now on view at the Knoedler Galleries. Mr. Rockefeller's fresh pink complexion is that of an outdoor man, a player of golf. The color blooms flower-like under the artist's agile brush, the shadows are translucent, and the beautiful half-tones about the eye sockets and the mouth are as ingratiating as only Sargent or Rubens could make them. The painting of the hands, too, is brilliant. The head seems to have been somewhat cut down in scale from a first plan, and the line where the background meets it is somewhat sharp. That Mr. Sargent is again painting portraits and painting them in this country is matter for congratulation.

Miniature of Bernhardt.

In the Knoedler Galleries is also an ivory miniature portrait of Sarah Bernhardt, painted from life at Long Beach last July by Alyn Williams, President of the Royal Society of Miniature Painters of London, who donates the miniature, which Mme. Bernhardt has signed, to be sold for the benefit of her special charity, the "Union des Arts Pour les Enfants des Artistes Tués à l'Ennemi." A facsimile of the same size as the original has been published by Manzi, Joyant et Cie., to be sold at $1 each for the same charity. The portrait represents an indomitable Bernhardt, practically untouched by time, slim and blond and fair as when twenty years ago she played in "Camille."

Demuth and Fisk.

At the Daniel Galleries Charles Demuth's charming color and original composition are on view in a number of beautiful little schematic designs over which something of joy in the visible world has played. This spirit of delight in colored visions is what they express and communicate. St. George's, Bermuda, is the scene in which the lively action takes place, and the interpretations of laughing sea and gleaming shore are more or less cryptic to the observer on the lookout for objective reality. It is worthy of note that the one picture in which a conventional statement of the thing seen is made is the least interesting of the group. There is some sort of a monument and the British flag. The latter is capitally painted, a triumph of difficult flag color, but the former is absolutely without artistic significance, a vacant spot in the composition that looks like a monument, to be sure, but has no relation to its surroundings in the matter of design; no relation whatever to the delicate shifting movements of color and rhythms of line about it. Perhaps it does more good by thus demonstrating the possibility of looking like something and having no artistic value than it could do in any other way. And the other notes of aesthetic adventure are lovely enough to make the lapse unimportant from the exhibition point of view.

In the smaller room are several landscapes and still-life subjects by Edward Fisk. The landscapes are rich in color and free in line, but are lacking in planar quality. The still life is admirable; the commonest objects, a glass fruit dish with scalloped edge, a cheap vase, a couple of books in ordinary binding, are given their full significance in the artistic scheme and gain distinction by their beautifully subordinated contribution to the whole.

LOOKS TO THE PATRIARCH.

Hope That Head of the Church May Save Russia.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

How to save Russia? That is the question nowadays repeated by millions and millions of people all over the world. Who will answer? Three centuries ago Russia was in a similar state of anarchy, helplessness and disorganization. There had been then an interregnum, Rurik's family having been extinguished. There were many pretenders to the Czar's throne, and the boyards had broken into several inimical factions. The Poles, mighty then, like the Germans of today, were supreme masters in the western provinces and, indeed, in Moscow itself. The Swedes were pressing from the north and the Cossacks dominated the south. Treason was rampant everywhere. Plunder, violence, and murder were going on unpunished. Then Patriarch Hermogen sent out his earnest appeals, calling up all true patriots. Whereupon Minin, citizen of Nijny-Novgorod, gathered plenty of money for the army, and Prince Pojarsky was made the chief commander. All the foreign enemies were driven out of Russia, order was established, and the Constituent Assembly selected young Michael Romanoff to the throne. Thus Russia was saved.

Today important news came from Moscow to the effect that the Patriarchate had just been re-established in Russia and that Metropolitan Tikhon has been elected to that post. It is certain that all Russians now are ardently hoping that the new Patriarch will imitate Patriarch Hermogen's glorious example. What a momentous opportunity for him to show to the world that his country was not called in vain "Holy Russia," that faith has not disappeared from the Russian soul, and that free Russians are able to sacrifice themselves for their country no less than formerly did the subjects of the Czar. Russia needs but a moral shakeup in order to re-establish unity, order, and the will to drive the foes from her soil.

Baron Rosen sends me word that the fifteen million Russian soldiers now with the colors do not want to fight, for since the Czar's abdication they see no reason for war. The new Patriarch may show them the reason: Russia must be cleared of the external and internal foes, order established, and the Constituent Assembly elected. Supreme efforts are yet needed in order that the Russian Republic may live.

PETER J. POPOFF.

Flushing, N. Y., Nov. 25, 1917.

Allies' Medals for Americans.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The editorial article in your paper of Nov. 21, calling attention to the fact that American soldiers, having served with the allied armies, could not, upon joining the American Army, wear any medals of honor received for acts of bravery or deeds of valor while fighting against Germany, failed to mention the fact that Willard Saulsbury, Senator from Delaware, President pro tempore of the United States Senate, and a distinguished member of the Foreign Relations Committee, had foreseen the situation and had offered an amendment to Senate Bill 2796, providing for just such a contingency. This bill, with Senator Saulsbury's amendment attached, passed the Senate and was sent to the House, where it was favorably reported by the Committee on Military Affairs, and is now upon the House calendar, ready for action in the coming session of Congress.

EDWIN A. HALSEY.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 23, 1917.

FALSE RUMORS ABOUT THE CAMPS.

A Close Study of Life at Ayer Shows That Conditions Are the Very Best.

By HENRY ROOD.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Some of today's newspapers publish a dispatch from Ayer, Mass., stating that an officer has been appointed at Camp Devens to inspect and sample each meal served to soldiers of the Seventy-sixth Division of the National Army, now undergoing training there, and that "the step was taken as a result of rumors, thought to be part of German propaganda to spread discontent, that sour and stale food, poor meat, and cold coffee had been served the men."

For the sake of all concerned I desire to nail such rumors to the already overburdened mast of despicable falsehood and malicious intrigue whereupon so many other lies made in Germany, or by order of Germany, now are fluttering, exploded, tattered, utterly disproved.

About a month ago the Century Magazine commissioned me to go to one of the national army cantonments and there make an intensive study of the soldiers in training, paying particular attention to their living quarters, food, clothing, general health, and welfare as a whole. After calling at the office of the Secretary of War, after calling upon Provost Marshal General Crowder and Adjutant General McCain and Raymond B. Fosdick, Chairman of the War Department's Commission on Training Camp Activities, I decided that Camp Devens was representative of all the sixteen national army cantonments, and proceeded there. In response to a request from Washington the Divisional Adjutant of Major Gen. Hodges, commanding Camp Devens, willingly granted me a blanket permit to visit any and every part of the cantonment, freely to enter the 1,490 buildings, to talk with the men when off duty, to be with them at mess and in barracks, and everywhere else. There was absolutely no restriction, and you may be sure that the opportunity was fully availed of.

During the next fortnight I visited practically every part of that enormous military establishment; I was present over and over again at mess of both men and officers; I lounged around barracks and repeatedly talked with scores and scores of privates and noncoms. And I wish to say with all possible emphasis that the men at Camp Devens are getting better food and more of it than most of them ever had in their own homes. Six or eight weeks of the superb physical training they have received has worked a transformation. Most of the men arrived at Camp Devens as we see men on the streets of any city or town—civilians who have never been taught how to stand, how to walk; usually pale of face, with rounded or stooping shoulders. Some were fat, others of slight build, when they arrived. Today that body of soldiers in the making are husky, alert men, hard as nails, and working with intensity born of enthusiasm to get ready for the big job ahead of them on the other side of the Atlantic. No person can visit Camp Devens for half a day and have any possible doubt as to the quality and quantity of food being provided. The splendid physical appearance and the high spirit of those men eloquently give the lie, absolute and uncompromising, to any such wild stories as the propaganda rumor.

For a short time after Camp Devens was opened, I have been told, a company mess here or there did complain that the food was not always properly cooked; and it may be that in a few instances this was true. It is as difficult to obtain good army cooks as cooks for hotels, clubs, and other large groups which must be fed. But the difficulty which occasionally was encountered at the very beginning has been largely, if not entirely, done away with. Camp Devens had barely started its military training when an extensive school for cooks and bakers was opened, and there carefully chosen and exceptionally intelligent men have been taking a thorough and scientific course of cookery. As each week passes more and more of them finish this course of instruction and go back to the mess kitchens. This, I understand, is true of all of the other fifteen national army cantonments.

Let no father or mother, wife or sweetheart, of the men in training have the slightest anxiety as to the welfare of their loved ones. Those men are being better fed, better housed, better looked after physically—from every standpoint—than when they were at home. And they show it plainly to any one who has opportunity to visit a cantonment. If their food were poor or inadequate, their sick rate would not be so small as to be well-nigh unbelievable. The men wouldn't gain from ten to twenty pounds of solid beef and muscle in two months' time; they wouldn't be ruddy, upstanding, eager and determined to get ready for that hell-on-earth, (also made-in-Germany,) where soldiers of the United States Army, in co-operation with soldiers of the Grand Alliance, now are fighting a nation gone mad with blood-lust, a nation whose horrible excesses proclaim it a military degenerate—perpetrators of the most colossal crime in all human history.

HENRY ROOD.

New York, Nov. 26, 1917.

HYLAN BOARD SEEKS ADVICE ON SCHOOLS

Wants Superintendents to Share with Them the Responsibility of New Policies.

GARY SUBSTITUTE NEEDED

Incoming Administrators Take Up the Coal Situation, Fearing Public Institutions May Be Hampered.

Mayor-elect John F. Hylan and his associates of the incoming Board of Estimate will proceed cautiously in abolishing the so-called Gary system in the public schools. The "study-work-play" plan is doomed, as the Mayor-elect and his colleagues are pledged to its abolition both through the platform on which they were elected and emphatic utterances on the stump by Judge Hylan himself, but in order to silence any cry of "politics" they are determined that the teaching staff shall share with them the responsibility for abolishing it.

The question was before the new Board of Estimate at a secret conference held in Judge Hylan's private room at the headquarters of the Business Men's League, 50 East Forty-second Street, yesterday afternoon and evening. At this meeting it was determined to call into conference members of the Associate Board of District Superintendents and some of the District Superintendents themselves. The conference will be held on Saturday forenoon. The board was notified of the fact in a letter sent to Gustave Straubenmuller, Associate City Superintendent of Public Schools, who is in active charge of the work in the public schools during the illness of Supt. William Maxwell.

Will Consult Educators.

"A majority of the members of the incoming Board of Estimate, including Mayor-elect Hylan, agreed that the expert educators in the city service should have a say in the organization of the school work," said Borough President Maurice E. Connolly of Queens, who acted as spokesman for the new board. "For that reason we have determined to get in touch as quickly as possible with the District Superintendents and the Board of Associate District Superintendents with a view of obtaining their views on education to aid us in framing our new policy. We particularly wish to consult them about ways and means of eliminating the Gary system from schools where it has been established, without any inconvenience to the schools and any setback to the pupils. The Gary system is to go, for we consider ourselves pledged to its abolition; the question is what to put in its place."

The Mitchel administration, with the aid of William Wirt, who established the Gary schools in the Indiana city from which the system took its name, has been making plans to establish the Gary system generally throughout the city, and it is already in operation in about 100 schools. It was predicted yesterday that in all probability the so-called Ettinger plan, which involves a modification of the Gary system, temporarily would be substituted wherever necessary in order to give all children of school age in the district the educational opportunity to which they are entitled. Under the Ettinger plan pupils in the lower grades devote all their time to study.

"At the conference today," said Mr. Connolly, "we did not reach any conclusion as to what method should be substituted temporarily. I say 'temporarily,' because the incoming administration will proceed as rapidly as circumstances will permit to the construction of new school buildings in neighborhoods where they are needed."

Coal Shortage Discussed.

The members of the incoming Board of Estimate at the meeting last night took notice of recent alarming rumors that the city would be hampered after Jan. 1 by a shortage in its coal supply.

"We have instituted an investigation with a view of ascertaining just what the prospects are," President Connolly said. "We want to know where we stand so that we may make sure that public institutions and the work in the city departments and Borough Bureaus shall not be hampered for the lack of an adequate supply of fuel. Especially in the public schools, a shortage would be very serious. We expect to have a full report in a few days."

When questioned regarding prospective cuts in the budget, President Connolly said that the subject had not been discussed at the meeting yesterday.

"But it goes without saying," Mr. Connolly asserted, "that we will hold the Board of Aldermen to compliance with out recommendations that unnecessary new positions and unnecessary salary increases should be eliminated from the budget. In any event, the fact that money has been appropriated for certain men or for certain projects does not mean that the incoming administration will feel itself bound either to make the appointments or carry onward the projects."

Controller-elect Charles L. Craig and Sheriff Alfred E. Smith, President-elect of the Board of Aldermen, did not attend yesterday's meeting. Mr. Craig is in Florida, and Sheriff Smith sent word that he had missed a train at Good Ground, where he had been spending the week-end at his new country home. Sheriff Smith did not return to the city until after the meeting had adjourned.

Leader Charles F. Murphy, who had been at his home in Good Ground over Sunday, did not appear either at Tammany Hall or Delmonico's yesterday. It was said that he would be at his desk in Tammany Hall today.

MEETS PORT'S WAR BOARD.

Secretary McAdoo Makes Brief Visit Here.

Secretary William G. McAdoo of the Treasury yesterday made his first visit to New York since the first Liberty Loan campaign. He was accompanied by Mrs. McAdoo. Secretary McAdoo spent most of the morning in conference at the Custom House with members of the War Board of the Port of New York. Collector Byron Newton, Irving T. Bush, and Julius Henry Cohen, members of the board, outlined to the Secretary the magnitude of their task.

Following this conference Secretary McAdoo went to the Federal Reserve Bank, where he spent some time in going over details of the second Liberty Loan campaign. At noon the Secretary went to the Hudson Terminal Building, built above the Hudson tubes, which he constructed. The Secretary received a hearty welcome at an informal luncheon of 200 employes of the Hudson and Manhattan Railroad Company, held in the clubrooms on the top floor of the building. There were no speeches, but the Secretary greeted many old friends who were associated with him in building the tubes under the Hudson.

In the afternoon the Secretary and Mrs. McAdoo visited Hero Land at the Grand Central Palace. Returning to the Hotel Vanderbilt after the visit to Hero Land, the Secretary stopped for a few minutes to discuss the War Savings Campaign, which begins next Monday.

"People will be able to buy savings stamps for as low as 25 cents," the Secretary said. "They may paste sixteen of these in a book and with the addition of 12 cents at any post office, making $4.12 in all. They may purchase a savings certificate that at the end of five years will be worth $5, the interest at 4 per cent. compounded quarterly.

"The war savings folder will be much the same. The folder will have twenty spaces, each one representing a $5 stamp. If these are purchased in January at $4.12 each, or $82.40 in all, the interest accruing at 4 per cent., compounded quarterly, will make them worth $100 in five years. Stamps and certificates will be sold at hundreds of thousands of places in the country. These will include post offices, banks, department stores, and institutions of all kinds.

"The people of the country ought to know what it means to save in small quantities. If they only would stop to realize that they may buy a stamp for a quarter, and in that act perhaps send food to a soldier who needs it, they will begin to see how necessary it is to begin saving now. This campaign will start a habit that will outlast the war and will do the country good."

Secretary and Mrs. McAdoo will return to Washington today.

JAPANESE MISSION HOME.

Ishii's Party Tells of Vast War Work in United States.

TOKIO, Nov. 26.—Viscount Kikujiro Ishii and the members of the Japanese mission to the United States which he headed, arrived home today after an uneventful trip.

No formal reception was given the returning mission, in accordance with the wishes of Viscount Ishii. The special train bearing the members was met at Tokio by Premier Terauchi and Foreign Minister Motono, with other Cabinet members, friends of the members of the party, and the chiefs of staff of the army and the navy.

The newspapers give much space to a statement by the mission regarding the vast war work of the United States. Viscount Ishii has made no statement regarding the work of the mission itself.

HERO LAND GREETS FRENCH AMBASSADOR

Jusserand Says He Hopes for Early Peace, but Only with Victory.

BIG NIGHT AT BAZAAR

Women Prominent in Society Preside Over Booths—British Envoy Expected Today.

Jules J. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, guest of honor at Hero Land, brought the "French Day" of the big war benefit bazaar to a climax last night when he said in an address in the great ballroom that America and France were in the war to win, no matter how long it took, and that they would fight on until the dawn of the day that would bring a better world, a world free from the threat of Prussianism.

The Ambassador and his party reached Grand Central Palace about 9 o'clock. They were taken over all of the four floors of the big show. The Ambassador carried a large envelope filled with dollar bills and stopped at every booth. He couldn't conceal a slight surprise when, after he had shaken the hand of "General Pershing," America's military leader, held out his hand until it received one of the dollar bills.

M. Jusserand inspected the official exhibit of the French Government, which was opened last night, the exhibits not having arrived in this country until Sunday. In his address later, he said in part:

"I give my thanks and the thanks of France for what you are doing; for your generosity which has taken every shape, which has manifested itself from the first days—from the time when you were officially neutral, for then your heart was not neutral, your heart was with us and your friendship was for us a token of victory.

"I have been around your splendid bazaar and I compliment you heartily—those who have devised this admirable piece of wonder. I have seen the names of a number of nations, all those nations suffering and bleeding, great nations and small ones, all suffering from the criminal tyranny of one set of men whose system has to be swept off the face of the world.

"And now is our chance, and your chance, and we shall not let it escape. The war may last long or it may not last long—I hope it will not last long—but so long as it may last we shall be in it, and you shall be in it, and we shall not lay down our arms until the smallest of these suffering nations is free.

"America has never been defeated, America, once more the ally of France, once more, as at the time when we were fighting with you for your independence. America and our allies will win today and then we shall meet again in triumph and shall once more exchange congratulations and our children and our children's children will be happy to praise the heroes of now who fought and bled. A better world is ahead of us and all of you will be proud to think that each one has done his bit in person or through his children.

"Long live the generous United States, the friend of France!"

Captain Richard Haigh of the British Army, in command of the tank on exhibition at the bazaar, said in an address that the British were perfecting a new-style tank which when put on the firing line next Spring would create a marked change in whatever situation then existed. He drew a picture of three lines of tanks, a thousand in a line, proceeding against the enemy and asked them to imagine what would happen.

"The enemy cannot stop such a line of armored British tanks," he said. "Once a British tank goes over the top and penetrates the enemy's defenses there is nothing more to it."

District Attorney Swann issued a statement last night with regard to Hero Land, in which he said:

"It is most unfortunate that the Army and Navy Bazaar scandal should have come just before the opening of Hero Land, which is a totally different sort of undertaking, and which I am confident is for worthy causes, and is being responsibly and honestly conducted. Mr. Moffatt, Executive Chairman, informs me that no commissions are being paid to any one connected with Hero Land. In prosecuting those who have been accused of breach of trust in connection with the Army and Navy Bazaar, this office has no desire to in any way deter people from visiting and contributing to Hero Land. I believe Hero Land comes under the category of those charitable enterprises deserving of public support."

The funds of Hero Land are being handled exclusively by employes of the Guaranty Trust Company, who make periodical collections from the various booths.

"The Daily Tank" is the name of a daily newspaper published at the bazaar containing notes of the affair. Charles Hanson Towne was the editor of yesterday's issue. Wallace Irwin will edit today's issue.

The management of the Bazaar yesterday received this cablegram from Miss Anne Morgan, addressed to the American Fund for French Wounded:

"Am arranging Xmas tree for French children. Please send stockings."

The stockings will be sent.

The official French exhibit attracted large crowds last night, although many of the exhibits were not in place. One feature that attracted much attention was a field gun, which has been nicked by shell and bullets in hundreds of places. Several gun crews were wiped out while this gun was in one battle.

The British official exhibit continued to draw a large number of visitors, as did the exhibition of official Canadian war pictures.

The favorite floor is that holding "Bagdad," in charge of which is Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney. This is by far the gayest part of the bazaar, and has at the entrance the best "bally-hoo" artists in the place, two big parrots, which screech continuously.

"Smileage books," which were on sale for the first time at the Stage Women's War Relief booth, attracted great interest. These books are coupons made up in mileage form, admitting soldiers to theatrical performances arranged at every United States camp by the stage women.

This will be British Day at Hero Land. It is hoped that the British Ambassador will be able to come over from Washington. The official British exhibition room will be headquarters for a large number of distinguished British visitors. Lieut. Col. Rees and Arthur Pollen, the English naval expert, will be among the speakers. Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sothern will give a performance in the afternoon at the Little Theatre. There will be a carnival at night, a feature of which will be an exhibition of bayonet fighting by British soldiers.

Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff has arranged the program for tomorrow, Jewish War Relief Day. Aiding Mrs. Schiff are Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Mrs. S. R. Guggenheim, Mrs. I. N. Spiegelberg, Mrs. Felix M. Warburg, Miss Harriet McB. Lowenstein. A large number of theatrical stars have given their talent to aid tomorrow's program. The feature of the day will be a pageant in the evening, "On the Road to Victory," arranged by Margaret S. Crawford, in which more than 200 persons will take part.

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MISS LA FARGE WED TO LIEUT. OSBORN

Architect's Daughter Married in Grace Church Amid Evergreens and Chrysanthemums.

The wedding of William H. Osborn, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. William Church Osborn and a grandson of the late William Earl Dodge, and Miss Margaret La Farge, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Grant C. La Farge and a granddaughter of the late John La Farge, was solemnized at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon in Grace Church. The ceremony was performed by the rector, the Rev. Dr. Charles L. Slattery, and the Rev. Edward C. Chorley of St. Philip's in the Highlands.

The nave pews were entirely cut off from the side seats by a tall hedge of evergreens and tall box trees terminating in circular leafage were arranged in straight lines. Boxwood and white chrysanthemums were arranged at the chancel entrance to carry out the garden idea.

Miss La Farge, who walked with her father, wore a simple white satin gown cut on long straight lines with a plain train and her tulle veil was held in a flat cap effect with orange blossoms. She carried lilies and orchids and wore a platinum and diamond chain having two large emerald pendants. The bride's only attendants were her two cousins, the Misses Mary I. and Florence B. Lockwood, who wore apricot-colored taffeta frocks with lace collars that extended into cape jackets, sashes of pale hydrangea blue and poke bonnets of the same hydrangea-blue satin with flat bows at the back and knots of pink rosebuds at one side. They carried long-stemmed Adam Ward roses.

Mr. Osborn's best man was his brother, Earl D. Osborn, recently invalided home from France, and the ushers were Christopher La Farge, a brother of the bride; Frederick H. Osborn, another brother, who married Miss Margaret Schieffelin; Henry Fairfield Osborn, Jr., a cousin, and Hamilton Fish Armstrong. A small reception followed at the home of the bride's parents, 124 East Twenty-second Street.

Mr. Osborn, who was graduated from Princeton in 1916, is a Lieutenant of the Officers' Reserve Corps and is stationed at Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C. Mrs. Osborn's grandfather, the late John La Farge, was a famous artist, and her father is an architect of this city. Among the guests at the church were J. Pierpont Morgan and his sister, Mrs. W. Pierson Hamilton, with her daughter, Mrs. Arthur Woods; also Henry G. Marquand, Mrs. William J. Schieffelin, Mrs. Arthur Murray Dodge, and others of the large family connections on both sides.

CAPT. PHILIP D. HOYT WEDS.

U. S. Reserve Officer Marries Miss Florence Yale at Brewster.

Miss Florence Yale, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John R. Yale of Brewster, N. Y., and Captain Philip D. Hoyt, U. S. R., were married yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents in Brewster. It was a quiet home wedding, with only the immediate relatives of the bridal pair in attendance. The Rev. Murray H. Gardiner officiated.

The bride wore a gown of white, with a veil of tulle, and carried a bouquet of roses and lilies of the valley.

Captain Hoyt is attached to the division staff at Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J. He was graduated from Princeton, class of '11, and his bride is a graduate of Smith College, class of '12. For five years Captain Hoyt was a member of the staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Their engagement was announced about a fortnight ago, and the arrangements for the wedding were hastened, as Captain Hoyt has leave of absence for only a few days.

MISS WYETH'S BRIDAL PARTY.

Her Marriage to Lieut. Cass Gilbert, Jr., in St. Bartholomew's Saturday.

The wedding of Miss Elizabeth Javis Wyeth, youngest daughter of Mrs. Stephen G. Williams, by her first husband, and Cass Gilbert, Jr., the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Cass Gilbert, will take place at 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon in St. Bartholomew's Church, and the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks, rector of the church, and Bishop Frederick Courtney of St. James's Church will officiate.

Miss Wyeth will have her sister, Miss Caroline L. Wyeth, as her maid of honor, and her bridesmaids will be the Misses Elsie Croll, a schoolmate; Julia Talcott, Emily Delafield, and Emily Gilbert, a sister of the bridegroom.

Mr. Gilbert, who was in both the first and second Plattsburg camps, has just received his commission as a Second Lieutenant in the Field Artillery of the regular army, and returned to New York yesterday, to remain until after the marriage. He will have J. Sanford Saltus as his best man, but the ushers are not yet decided upon.

A small reception will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Williams, 9 East Seventy-fifth Street.

BRIDE OF CAPT. A. RENSHAW.

Miss Jeannette E. Whitlock Wed to Engineer in Calvary Church.

The marriage has been announced of Miss Jeannette E. Whitlock, daughter of the late Bache McEvers Whitlock and Mrs. Whitlock of 24 Gramercy Park, to Captain Alfred Renshaw of the 302d Engineers, U. S. N. A., which took place at 4 o'clock last Saturday afternoon in Calvary Church. The Rev. Theodore Sedgwick, rector of the church officiated. Only a few relatives and friends attended the ceremony.

Miss Elizabeth P. Renshaw, sister of the bridegroom, was the maid of honor and only attendant of the bride. Lieutenant Paul Renshaw, U. S. R., was his brother's best man. Captain Renshaw and his bride are spending their honeymoon in the South, after which he will return to Camp Upton, where he has been stationed.

Miss Helen Steele's Wedding.

Miss Helen Lile Steele, daughter of Captain Theophilus Steele, U. S. A., and Second Lieutenant Ben Johnson Breckinridge, U. S. R. C., will be married tomorrow at the Fourth Presbyterian Church, in West End Avenue.

Miss Steele is a granddaughter of the late Dr. Theophilus Steele, who was a Colonel in the Confederate Army, and a great-granddaughter of the Rev. Dr. Robert J. Breckinridge, who was one of President Lincoln's close friends and advisers.

Mr. Breckinridge is a son of J. Cabell Breckinridge, a Major in the Confederate Army, and a grandson of John C. Breckinridge, who was Vice President during the Buchanan Administration, but who afterward resigned from the Senate to join the Confederacy, in which he became Secretary of War.

Arthur-Filmer Engagement.

The engagement of Miss Beatrice Arthur, daughter of Mrs. Paul M. Filmer of 333 West Fifty-seventh Street, to A. Weslake Filmer, U. S. N., has been announced. Miss Arthur is a stepdaughter of Captain Paul M. Filmer of the Adjutant General's Department, N. A., and her fiancé is his nephew. No date has been set for the wedding.

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SIR STARR JAMESON, RAIDER, DIES AT 64

Leader of Famous Invasion of Transvaal in 1895, Just Before Boer War.

JAILED; THEN KNIGHTED

Former Premier of Cape Colony Was Ally of Cecil Rhodes in the Upbuilding of Rhodesia.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Sir Leander Starr Jameson died today in London.

Sir Starr Jameson, known in his early life to thousands of British Afrikanders as "Dr. Jim," was, next to Cecil Rhodes, the chief of the band of gentlemen adventurers whose fights against first the native and then the Boer led to the foundation of the Union of South Africa. As a token of his confidence and personal friendship, Rhodes made Jameson one of the trustees of his fortune.

Jameson's own career is marked for most people by its most dramatic and least successful incident—the raid on the Transvaal around New Year's, 1896. But it was only an incident—Jameson himself in later life called it "a bad blunder"—in a career which did much to promote the interests, not only of the British Empire but of every resident of South Africa. Jameson, who began life as a venturesome frontiersman, ended it as a statesman of repute. But he was the adventurer all the way through, from the beginning, when he was one of the group, with Rhodes, Burnham, Selous, John Hays Hammond, Carrington, and the rest, which made a civilized country out of the waste that was Mashonaland and is now Rhodesia, to the time when, as Premier of Cape Colony after the Boer war, he used his personality to promote the consolidation of the British and Dutch races into one nationality which had at heart the best interests of South Africa.

The man who died as the Right Honorable Sir Leander Starr Jameson, C. B., was born in Edinburgh, in 1853, and got his M. D. at the University of London in 1877. After a year or so of experience in a London hospital he found his health weakening, and partly for recuperation and partly for adventure he settled himself at Kimberley, then just emerging from the stage of the wild West mining camp.

In the course of a few years Jameson became the leading physician of the South African gold fields, and had acquired a practice whose value was estimated at $50,000 a year. But about 1887 he became well acquainted with Cecil John Rhodes, and from that time on the two men worked together toward the idea of a united South Africa, with a place for both the British and the Dutch races, inside the British Empire.

It was Jameson's intercessions with Lobengula, King of the Matabele, which led that chief to let the first British colonists go through in 1889 and 1890 to found what later became the settlements of Salisbury and Victoria, the nucleus of Rhodesia.

In 1891, after adventures that would have furnished a lifetime's excitement to most men, he was named administrator of Rhodesia. He served in this capacity for four years, during which time he saw the colony get itself established on something like a firm basis. In this period the principal event was the first Matabele war, in 1893, in which Jameson as Commander in Chief of the white forces won an easy and comparatively inexpensive victory. In 1895, at the close of this period, he predicted at a dinner of South African business men the eventual commercial federation of the South African States, in which even the Transvaal would join.

Meanwhile, however, Oom Paul Kruger's Government in the Transvaal had become fearful of British expansion, had encroached on Rhodesia, and was refusing rights to the non-Dutch settlers in the Transvaal. It is as well established as any historical fact can be, after only twenty years' time, that Jameson was made the "goat" of the unfortunate enterprise of Dec. 29, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1896, which had for its object the overthrow of the Kruger Government in the Transvaal. The British population of Johannesburg, including most of the financial elements of the Boer Republic, had promised to support it not only with money, but with arms; Cecil Rhodes, then Premier of Cape Colony, had had a large part in planning it, and though he later became convinced that it was unwise, would undoubtedly have given it every aid possible; and no effectual denial has been made of the general belief that Joseph Chamberlain, then British Colonial Secretary, was a party to the plot. At any rate, Jameson enlisted a column of adventurers who were followers of his name and of the recently disbanded Bechuanaland Mounted Police and entered the Transvaal on Dec. 29, 1895. The Johannesburg British failed to rise, the Boers mobilized quickly, and on Jan. 2, after heavy losses, Jameson was forced to surrender.

Because he had failed, Jameson, when turned over to the British authorities, was sentenced to ten months' imprisonment.

He had not only failed, but failed very unhappily. At the moment England was engaged in the Venezuela controversy with the United States; France and Russia were allied and still traditionally hostile, and William II. had seized the occasion for his famous congratulatory telegram to Kruger, which was the real beginning of modern Anglo-German antipathy. And so Chamberlain, and some of the others, sacrificed Jameson to save England's face.

Jameson served only six months of his ten months' sentence. During that six months, however, had occurred the second Matabele war. Jameson served in the South African war in 1899 and 1900, and in the last named year was elected member of the Cape Colony Parliament from Kimberley. Then came peace—an unsatisfactory peace to the Boers—and several years of tension. During this period, in 1904, Jameson became Premier of Cape Colony, and held that position till 1908.

Jameson was the Unionist candidate against General Botha for Premier of the Union in 1910, and, though defeated, with the approval of Edward VII., his personal popularity and reputation remained one of the strongest factors in establishing and maintaining the unity of the South African nation. He was a Director of the De Beers Consolidated Company from 1900, of the British South African Company from 1902, and member of the British Parliament from Capetown from 1910 to 1912.

ADMIRAL W. C. COWLES DIES.

Retired Veteran Was Former Commander of Pacific Fleet.

REDLANDS, Cal., Nov. 26.—Rear Admiral Walter Cleveland Cowles, retired, died at his home here today, after an illness of a week.

Admiral Cowles was 64 years old and a native of Connecticut. He was graduated from the Unitd States Naval Academy in 1873 and rose through the grades until he was made Rear Admiral on Jan. 14, 1911.

His last active duty was as commander of the Pacific fleet, retiring in July, 1915, after filling this position a year. Previously Admiral Cowles had been commander of the United States naval station in Havana, and also at the head of the Asiatic fleet.

Admiral Cowles was a brother of Rear Admiral William Sheffield Cowles, retired, of Farmington, Conn.

Dr. Ami J. Magnin, Noted Surgeon.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Dr. Ami Jacques Magnin, chief surgeon of the American Hospital at Neuilly, died suddenly last night. He was one of the foremost French surgeons and was appointed an officer of the Legion of Honor in 1910 in recognition of his skill. He lived in Paris and was a member of the Travelers' Club.

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CONCERTS OF A DAY.

Bauer and Thibaud, Bonnet, Clara Clemens, and Oscar Seagle.

Harold Bauer and Jacques Thibaud finished yesterday afternoon the series of performances they have been giving in the Punch and Judy Theatre of Beethoven's ten sonatas for piano and violin. It was the third concert, and the program comprised the sonatas in A, op. 12; in F, op. 24, and A, op. 47, dedicated to Kreutzer. The audience was the largest that has been to any of these concerts, and obviously enjoyed the finished and refined interpretations of the two artists.

Joseph Bonnet, the French organist, had another large audience in the ballroom of the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon at the third in his series of historical organ recitals. His program for this one was devoted to Handel, represented by a prelude and fugue in F minor and the tenth organ concerto, and pieces by d'Aquin, Padre Martini, Krebs, Mozart, Samuel Wesley, and Boely; of the last four pieces were given.

Clara Clemens opened with "The Star-Spangled Banner," sung by Mark Twain's own daughter, her recital at Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon, when she was assisted at the piano by her husband, Ossip Gabrilowitsch, who also composed one of her contralto songs, "Goodbye." Mrs. Gabrilowitsch gave a place to German composers, including Richard Strauss, and to early Italians, one Leonardo Vinci, differing from the famous painter by two letters and 200 years. The singer made her best effect in Debussy's "C'est l'Extase," sung mezzo voce in contrast with much louder declamation yesterday, and repeated a second time, as were Bizet's "April" and Moussorgsky's "Hopak," to which last the accompanist added true Russian fervor.

Oscar Seagle, an admired baritone, put his wealth of voice at the service of patriotic airs in his Aeolian recital last evening, not alone American's anthem, which he sang first, but also a stirring martial song from Paladilhe's "Patrie," and a more descriptive "La-Bas" of Fourdrain, in which these French composers gave something of the war feeling of the present-day Belgium and Alsace. Mr. Seagle had rough, rollicking tunes like the "Vive Henri IV.," encored with the old French "L'Amour de Moi"; some Dvorak gypsy pieces, the last one repeated, and Fourdrain's "Carnaval," also done twice.

There were tenderer moments, and for variety there might have been more of these, such as Dvorak's "The Old Mother," a Swedish folksong of "The Dove and the Lily," and a group of negro spirituals, "camp meeting songs," that Mr. Seagle gave with a Southern relish. He encored "I Want to Be Ready" among the American melodies, adding at the close the beautiful "Swing Low, Sweet Chariot," twice ever, and "Brother Andrew, Where You Been?" songs that lay on the borderland between smiles and tears, and were much applauded.

W. H. CRANE IN VAUDEVILLE.

He Appears in a Playlet at the Palace—Bessie Clayton Back.

William H. Crane made his vaudeville appearance yesterday afternoon in a sketch apparently made to order for the purpose and suffering from the weaknesses which commonly attach to a work evolved under those conditions. Despite its crudeness, however, the piece gives Mr. Crane certain opportunities, and it is possible that the popularity and distinguished service of the actor will supply the vital spark. The piece is a true-to-vaudeville playlet entitled "Winter and Spring," the work of Thomas F. Fallon.

Bessie Clayton returns to the Palace with a new and imposing dance production, and May Wirth, whose talent as an equestrienne has been amply demonstrated in other fields, proves no less amazing as a vaudeville artist. Adele Rowland, with several new songs and some of the old ones, is also present.

GEORGE P. POPE DEAD.

Brooklyn Art Collector Was Noted for His Catholic Benevolences.

George P. Pope, a Brooklyn millionaire, art collector, and long prominent in the charities of the Catholic Church, died on Sunday at his Winter residence in Atlantic City, N. J. He was 48 years old.

Mr. Pope had given much of his wealth to charity and for church decoration. One of his gifts was the marble altar in the Church of St. John the Baptist, Brooklyn, and he also gave the organ in the Roman Catholic Church of St. Barbara. He was made a Knight of the Order of St. Gregory by the late Pope Leo XIII. in 1902.

Mr. Pope was a brother of the late John Pope, who made a fortune in the tobacco business in Virginia, and after his death in 1896, George Pope, together with his three sisters, came into the estate. George Pope received more than $1,313,870 and the home at 871 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, which is one of the show places of Brooklyn, and which contained bric-a-brac and art works worth $750,000. Mr. Pope had many business interests, the main one being the manufacture of bricks.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM EDWARD CLARK, 50 years old, a fashion artist employed by the Butterick Publishing Company, died at his home, 875 East Twelfth Street, Flatbush, on Sunday. He was a member of De Long Council, 725, Royal Arcanum.

Mrs. MARGARET A. DWYER, wife of Thomas F. Dwyer, who is a member of the transportation firm of Dwyer Brothers, died on Sunday at her home, 435 Forty-third Street, South Brooklyn, aged 38 years.

WILLIAM B. SPENCER, 60 years old, a retired dairyman, died on Saturday at his home, 627 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn. He was unmarried.

FREDERICK AUGUST HERMAN CORDES, a retired merchant tailor, died at his home, 151 Union Street, Union Course, L. I., on Sunday. Mr. Cordes was 69 years old.

Mrs. FRANCES AGNES BARNES, 51 years old, wife of Police Sergeant John J. Barnes, died on Saturday at her home, 42 Freedom Avenue, Richmond Hill, L. I.

JOHN S. RIDLEY, a retired ship carpenter, formerly for fifty years employed in the Brooklyn Navy Yard, died on Saturday at his home, 169 Prospect Street, Brooklyn.

WATSON WEBSTER CASE, recording officer for the Lawyers' Title and Trust Company, died on Saturday of pneumonia at his home, 304 West One Hundred and Twelfth Street, in his sixty-sixth year.

Lieutenant ISADORE LAZARD, for many years a Justice and a Councilman of the Borough of Woodridge, N. J., died in this city. He was born in Luxembourg, eighty-five years ago.

AUGUST BRAUN, who for fifty-eight years had the privilege of supplying chairs for skaters on the lake in Central Park, died yesterday at his home in this city in his eighty-sixth year.

Major JAMES D. FERGUSON, former President of the First National Bank of Baltimore and Chief of Staff of General Fitzhugh Lee in the civil war, died in Baltimore last night. He was a native of Charleston, S. C., and was 80 years old.

NORVAL GREEN, veteran of the civil war, who was wounded at Drury's Bluff, died yesterday at his home in Greenwich, Conn. He was a Freemason.

DAVID BRYAN WATKINS, a Corporal in the Fifth Company, Coast Artillery, at Fort Totten, died on Sunday in the Post Hospital. He enlisted in Kansas, his native State.

The Rev. FRANCIS WARD CARROLL, son of B. Hobson Carroll, died on Sunday at Silver City, N. M., in his forty-second year. He was born at Belfast, Ireland, and graduated from Bishop's College, Quebec, and for a time was a member of the clergy at the Episcopal Cathedral in that city. He left two brothers, the Rev. Marcus H. Carroll and R. Ward Carroll of West New Brighton, S. I.

The Rev. A. HINCKLEY, for the last ten years pastor of the First Unitarian Church at Wilmington, Del., is dead at his home in that city, in his seventy-third year. He was the father of Allen Hinckley, who sang bass roles at the Metropolitan Opera House.

GEORGE R. GIBSON, for forty years in the brush importing business in this city, died on Sunday at his home, 109 South Munn Avenue, East Orange, N. J. He was also interested in brush factories in France and Japan.

Mrs. MARY B. LAUGHLIN, wife of Henry A. Laughlin, the retired Pittsburgh steel manufacturer, died at her home in Philadelphia yesterday. Before her marriage Mrs. Laughlin was Miss Mary B. Reed of Washington, Penn.

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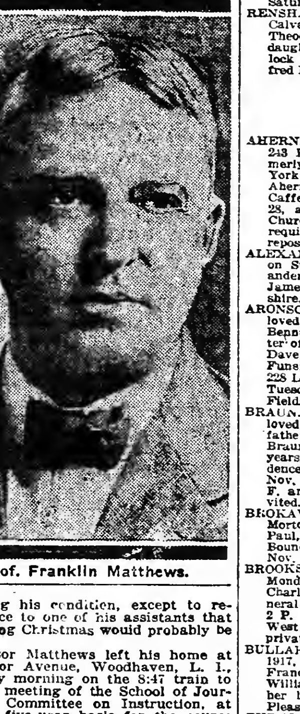
F. MATTHEWS DIES IN RAILROAD STATION

School of Journalism Instructor Succumbs While on His Way to His Classes.

LONG IN NEWSPAPER WORK

Trustee of Cornell University and Historian of World Cruise of Our Navy.

Franklin Matthews, Associate Professor at the Pulitzer School of Journalism of Columbia University, was stricken with heart failure yesterday morning while passing through the Pennsylvania Station, and died within fifteen minutes. Although Professor Matthews had only missed two lectures at the School of Journalism in the last two years, he had been suffering from diabetes and hardening of the arteries. Hoping to stay the advance of these maladies and also to reduce his weight, he adopted a rigorous diet last September, losing twenty-six pounds in thirty days. He had a severe heart attack a week ago Sunday, but although weakened by suffering he continued his work at the School of Journalism, without



Prof. Franklin Matthews.

discussing his condition, except to remark once to one of his assistants that the coming Christmas would probably be his last.

Professor Matthews left his home at 427 Manor Avenue, Woodhaven, L. I., yesterday morning on the 8:47 train to attend a meeting of the School of Journalism's Committee on Instruction, at which a five-year basis for the course was to be discussed. He had amused himself at breakfast by reading an article in a morning newspaper describing the easy familiarity with which he conducted his courses at the school. At about 9:30 o'clock an attendant in the Pennsylvania Station found him sitting partly conscious on a bench.

"Send for my son Crosby. He is upstairs in the Y. M. C. A. department," Professor Matthews managed to gasp. Dr. O. M. Radin, assistant physician of the station emergency hospital, and Crosby Matthews, who is physical instructor of the station's Y. M. C. A. department, were summoned, but when they reached Professor Matthews he was unconscious, and a few minutes later died. The body was taken to an undertaker's and will be removed to his home today. The funeral services will take place tomorrow night at 8 o'clock at his home in Woodhaven. In obedience to Professor Matthews' long expressed wish his body will be cremated.

Professor Matthews was born in St. Joseph, Mich., in 1858. He received his college education at Cornell University, graduating with the degree of B. A. in 1883 and remaining for a year of post-graduate work. He then became one of the assistant managers of the late Major J. B. Pond's lecture bureau, traveling with Henry Ward Beecher, Mark Twain, Carl Schurz, and Clara Louise Kellogg, the singer, whose cousin, in 1886, he married. In the same year he met Dr. Talcott Williams, who is now director of the School of Journalism, but who was then managing editor of The Philadelphia Press. Dr. Williams engaged him as a reporter and an editor of The Press, with which publication he remained until 1890. He then came to this city, and was at first employed by The World. From The World in the same year he went to The Sun, where he remained until 1912.

While he was in the service of The Sun Professor Matthews acted as a reporter-correspondent and as an editor. He represented The Sun on the historic cruise around the world of the United States Battleship Fleet in 1907-1909, going on the lecture platform for some months after his return, and writing for Harper's Weekly, Harper's Monthly, and other publications, and also publishing several books about the cruise.

Professor Matthews became a member of the staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES in 1912, remaining for two years, first as assistant Sunday editor and later as night city editor. It was also in 1912 that he became associate in journalism at the then newly established School of Journalism at Columbia. He was made an associate professor in 1914. Cornell University in 1913 elected him a trustee of the university.

In commenting on the death of his associate, Dr. Talcott Williams said yesterday:

"Professor Matthews's death will, temporarily at least, take away a very important side of our work in the School of Journalism. He had an extraordinary knowledge of the details of practical newspaper technique, having learned these details under the great newspaper men of the last generation of The Sun—Charles A. Dana and S. Merrill Clarke. The teaching of practical newspaper technique was his specialty in the School of Journalism. He also had a most winning personality. All his pupils called him 'boss.'"

The fourth and third year classes of the School of Journalism met at noon yesterday in the classroom where Professor Matthews taught to draw up this appreciation of what he had been to them:

Franklin Matthews was our friend, our comrade, and our "Boss," as he loved to be called. He often said, "My ideal of teaching is that it should be by personal contact rather than by rules of pedagogy." He was always willing to help, advise, and encourage. His work here will remain both for us and for the school a lasting influence.

The classes which Professor Matthews taught at the School of Journalism have been suspended until Dec. 4.

Tribute from a Former Pupil.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Great is the loss and sorrow that the death of Franklin Matthews, Associate Professor in the Pulitzer School of Journalism, brings to those who knew him in his academic life. Mr. Matthews has been an exponent of all that is best and most disinterested in journalism. His courses in the School of Journalism were catalogued as technical ones, essentials of newspaper technique, reporting, copy-reading, and editing. This was the smallest part of his work. Of far greater value was the love and appreciation of the profession that he instilled into each of his pupils. He loved journalism and he made every one with whom he came in contact love it.

In the outline he made of one of his courses was a list of "Dont's" for newspaper men. His pupils knew this lesson by heart before he taught it, for from the beginning he had been living out these principles for them. He gave technical explanations of the value of confidence, honesty, and kindness in journalism, but his every action showed the human working out of these principles.

"Never do as a newspaper man what you would not do as a gentleman," was one of his favorite maxims in his professional and private life. And in both branches he is equally worthy of the respect and praise of his associates and pupils.

A FORMER PUPIL.

New Rochelle, Nov. 26, 1917.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Anniversaries.

LEVY.—Mr. and Mrs. Julius Levy announce the 25th anniversary of their marriage today. At home after 8 P. M., Manhattan Square Hotel.

Born.

FRANK.—On Nov. 25, Beth Israel Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Frank, a son.

Engaged.

GOODRICH—HALSTEAD.—Mrs. Mabel Halstead, 213 West 140th St., New York City, announces the engagement of her daughter, Edna Florence, to Mr. Julian Shepard Goodrich of Hasbrouck Heights, N. J., Nov. 24, 1917.

EKLUND—JOHNSON.—Karin Johnson to Gustave Eklund.

Married.

BEACH—WEED.—At Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on Saturday, Nov. 24, by the Rev. John McNab, Orlena, daughter of Mrs. Laura Kelsey Weed, to Brewster Sperry Beach, Ensign U. S. Naval Reserve, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Brewster Beach.

DAFT—ROSENGARTEN.—Mr. and Mrs. P. Rosengarten announce the wedding of their daughter, Madeline, to Mr. Max Daft on Sunday, Nov. 25.

KELLEY—WEBSTER.—Nov. 20, by Rev. W. John Murray, Virginia Langley Webster to Carroll Boyce Kelley.

LA FARGE—OSBORN.—On Nov. 26, at Grace Church, New York City, Margaret Grant, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Grant La Farge, to Lieut. William Henry Osborn, Rev. Dr. Charles L. Slattery and Rev. Dr. E. Clowes Chorley officiating.

MALLORY—WISKE.—Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Wiske announce the marriage of their daughter, Mabel Louise Wiske, to First Lieutenant John H. Mallory, U. S. R., on Saturday, Nov. 24, 1917, in New York.

RENSHAW—WHITLOCK.—Nov. 24, 1917, at Calvary Church, by the rector, Rev. Theodore Sedgwick, Jeannette Emmet, daughter of the late Bache McEvers Whitlock and Mrs. Whitlock, to Captain Alfred Renshaw, 302d Engineers, U. S. N. A.

Died.

AHERN.—On Nov. 26, 1917, at her residence, 243 East 116th St., Ellen T. Ahern, formerly Principal of Public School 130, New York City; beloved sister of Sarah A. Ahern and the late Mrs. James McCafferty. Funeral on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Paul's Church, East 117th St., where solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment Calvary.

ALEXANDER.—At the New York Hospital, on Sunday, Nov. 25, Walter Scott Alexander, sixth son of the late Charles Jameson Alexander of Hawick, Roxburghshire, Scotland. Funeral private.

ARONSON.—Rachael, at Harrison, N. J., beloved wife of Jacob Aronson, daughter of Bennett and the late Dora Bernstein, sister of Ida Gottlieb and Annie, Bessie, and Dave Bernstein, on Monday, 1:15 A. M. Funeral from chapel of Meyers & Co., 228 Lenox Av., New York City, at 1 P. M. Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917. Burial at Union Fields, Kehillah Jeshurum.

BRAUN.—August, suddenly, on Nov. 26, beloved husband of Josephine Braun and father of August Braun, Jr., Herman P. Braun, and Josephine Hinzel, aged 85 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 316 East 67th St., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 8 P. M. Amity Lodge, 323, F. and A. M., and Arion Society are invited.

BROKAW.—Elizabeth Bacon, daughter of Morton V. and Sophia B., Nov. 23, at St. Paul, Minn. Funeral at her late residence, Bound Brook, N. J., Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 27, at 2:30 o'clock.

BROOKS.—Suddenly, at Red Bank, N. J., on Monday, Nov. 26, Mary E., widow of Charles H. Brooks, in her 76th year. Funeral services on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 2 P. M., at the residence of her son, 340 West 86th St., New York City. Interment private.

BULLARD.—On Sunday afternoon, Nov. 25, 1917, at Larchmont Manor, N. Y., Frances Atwood, beloved wife of Dr. William E. Bullard. Funeral services at her late residence today at 2:30 P. M. Please omit flowers.

BURKE.—Nov. 25, 1917, at his home, 2,103 Ocean Av., Brooklyn, William, beloved husband of Cathrine Werkmeister Burke. Funeral from 2,103 Ocean Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 9 A. M. Requiem mass at 9:30 A. M. at the St. Teresa's Church, Classon Av. and Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

CARROLL.—On Sunday, Nov. 25, 1917, at Silver City, N. M., Rev. Francis Ward Carroll, son of B. Hobson Carroll, Mus. Doc., and brother of R. Ward Carroll and Rev. Marcus H. Carroll, aged 41 years. Burial at Silver City, N. M.

DRYPOLCHER.—Esther, Nov. 26, 1917. Funeral service Wednesday evening, 8:30 o'clock, at her late residence, 1,125 Woodycrest Av.

FERDON.—At Damascus, Va., Nov. 25, Arthur Irving Ferdon, beloved son of Rachel and Henry S., of Leonia, N. J. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FIELD.—At Milton, Mass., Nov. 25, James Bates Field, son of William L. W. and Rebecca Swift (Gill) Field, aged 14 years; burial private. Memorial service in the First Congregational (Unitarian) Church, Milton, on Monday, Dec. 3, at 3 P. M. In view of the great causes needing support at the present time, it is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent to the service.

FRASER.—Graduate of Northwestern University, suddenly, on Nov. 25, Florence E., daughter of Annie W. and John W. Fraser, Sergeant of Second Branch Detective Bureau. Funeral from her late residence, 1,187 Clay Av., Bronx, Wednesday, 10 A. M. Services at St. George's Episcopal Church, 219th St. and White Plains Av., Williamsbridge. Interment Woodlawn. Chicago and Evanston papers please copy.

GIBSON.—Suddenly, at East Orange, N. J., on Sunday, Nov. 25, 1917, George Rodney, husband of Mary V. Gibson. Funeral services at his late home, 109 South Munn Av., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 3 P. M., on arrival of train leaving Hoboken, D., L. & W. R. R., at 1:51. Kindly omit flowers.

GUERTIN.—Lucy Henry, widow of Pierre A. Guertin, in her 80th year. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. George D. Provost, The Wyoming, 7th Av. and 55th St., New York, on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

HINE.—Roger Williams, in his second year, son of Katherine T. and William Stuart Hine, at Tenafly, N. J., after a lingering illness. Funeral private.

HOFFMAN.—Elsa, (nee Weber,) beloved wife of Charles F., passed away Saturday, Nov. 24, 2 P. M., at Cleveland, Ohio. Funeral services Tuesday evening at 336 East 15th St., New York. Burial Wednesday.

HOVELL.—On Nov. 25, 1917, John S. Hovell, father of Margaret, Brinsley, Albert A., George B., Harry P. Hovell. Funeral services at the funeral parlors of Harry T. Pyle, 882 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday, at 8 P. M.

HOWLAND.—At Murray Hill, Flushing, N. Y., on Sunday, Nov. 25, 1917, Esther Elizabeth, daughter of Arthur and Beatrice F. Howland, in the 2d year of her age. Funeral services at the residence of her parents, 168 Murray Street, Murray Hill, on Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 4 P. M.

JACOB.—Heiman, after brief illness, beloved husband of Rosalia Jacob and devoted father of Moses, Ike, Emanuel, and Ben, Eva Phillips, Tillie Washer, and Jennie Bleyer. Funeral notice hereafter.

JACOB.—On Nov. 25, at Montefiore Hospital, Jack Jacob, aged 44 years. Funeral from his late residence, 1,726 Wallace Av., Bronx, Tuesday, Nov. 27, 10 A. M.

LAW.—At Montclair, N. J., on Sunday evening, Nov. 25, 1917, Adeline P. Law, widow of Henry W. Law, in her 91st year. Services at her late residence, 13 James St., Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 8 P. M.

McCARTY.—On Nov. 25, Margaret, widow of Edwin R. McCarty, in her 82d year. Funeral services at the chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 11 A. M.

McCORMICK.—At Brooklyn, N. Y., on Monday, Nov. 26, Mary Louise, daughter of the late Richard C. and Sarah McCormick, in the 77th year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence, 221 Clermont Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 2 P. M. Interment in Grace Church Yard, Jamaica, N. Y., at 4 P. M.

McENERY.—At Riverside, Cal., on Nov. 21, 1917, James McEnery of East Barrington, Mass. Funeral services at St. Peter's Church, Great Barrington, on Wednesday morning.

McKUNE.—At Stamford, Conn., on Sunday, Nov. 25, 1917, Annie A., widow of the late James McKune, aged 77 years. Funeral services will be held at the Universalist Church Tuesday, at 2 P. M. Automobile will meet train leaving New York at 12:03.

MATTHEWS.—Suddenly, on Monday, Nov. 26, 1917, Professor Franklin Matthews. Funeral services at his late residence, 427 Manor Av., Brooklyn Manor, Woodhaven, L. I., Wednesday evening, Nov. 28, at 8 P. M.

MORRISON.—Sarah, widow of Joseph Morrison, on Nov. 25, at the home of her son, Lewis J. Morrison, 1,227 81st St., Brooklyn. Funeral private. Mobile (Ala.) papers please copy.

OLENA.—Nov. 24, Carrie Gardner. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Tuesday, 11 o'clock.

PHILLIPS.—Suddenly on Monday, Nov. 26, Ward Phillips, in his 65th year. Funeral service at his late residence, 810 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, 8 P. M.

RHODES.—At Quaker Ridge, Mamaroneck, N. Y., Saturday afternoon, Nov. 24, 1917, Caroline Augusta, wife of Bradford Rhodes. Funeral service at the residence, Quaker Ridge, Tuesday morning, Nov. 27, at 11 o'clock. Conveyances will meet train at Mamaroneck on arrival of New Haven train leaving Grand Central Terminal at 10:06 A. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

Died.

RYAN.—At his home, 30 Maple Av., Stamford, Conn., Nov. 26, 1917, Edmund, son of the late John and Catherine Ryan. Solemn high funeral mass at St. Mary's Church, Stamford, Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 10 A. M. Interment Springdale Cemetery.

TEITLER.—Suddenly, Sarah T. A., beloved mother of Rosemary and Louise. Funeral service at 8 P. M. Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 87 West 163d St., near Ogden Av., Bronx. Saugerties papers please copy.

THOMAS.—On Monday, Nov. 26, Elizabeth Thomas. Funeral services at the residence of her son-in-law, Frederick A. Sprock, 462 West 151st St., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 8 P. M.

VOGEL.—Herman Vogel, suddenly on Nov. 27, at his residence, Tuxedo Park, N. Y. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WURSTER.—Catharina, on Nov. 26, 1917, after a short illness. Services Tuesday evening at 8:30, Balmford Funeral Parlor, 1,893 Amsterdam Av. Interment at convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

BLAKE.—Matilda, 1,708 Amsterdam Av., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

BOYLE.—Jane, 408 East 119th St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 11 A. M.

BREMMAN.—Elizabeth, 520 Greenwich St., Nov. 24. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

CLARK.—Mary, 335 East 58th St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

COUGHLIN.—John, 72 West 98th St., Nov. 25. Funeral notice later.

COWDRICK.—Charles P., 2,086 Valentine Av., Bronx, Nov. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

COYLE.—Hugh P., 158 East 88th St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

CUNNINGHAM.—Thomas J., 525 West 51st St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 9:15 A. M.

DE RAD.—Annie, 370 Lafayette Av., Nov. 24. Funeral today.

FEEHAN.—John, 2,035 3d Av., Nov. 24, aged 70. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

FOCH.—Marie, 558 West 181st St., Nov. 24.

FRIEDMAN.—Hannah, Nov. 25. Funeral 228 Lenox Av., today, 10 A. M.

GIBNEY.—William J., 311 East 83d St., Nov. 24. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

GOODWIN.—Bernard, 224 West 142d St., Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

GREIMEL.—Frank, 631 3d Av., Nov. 25, aged 64. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

JACOBS.—Myer, 291 Edgecombe Av., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

KETZ.—Elizabeth, 253 West 13th St., Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

LEDERER.—Benjamin, Nov. 24, aged 51. Funeral 120 East 116th St.

LYNCH.—Bridget, 500 West 150th St., Nov. 24. Funeral today.

McCARTHY.—Thomas, 1,259 Park Av., Nov. 24. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

McEVENEY.—Ann, Nov. 25. Funeral 408 West 35th St.

McKENNA.—Owen, 1,910 Morris Av., Bronx, Nov. 25. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

O'CONNELL.—Catherine, 2,164 Lexington Av., Nov. 25. Funeral notice later.

SCHOEN.—Catherine, 3,647 Broadway, Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 8 A. M.

SPENCER.—Mary U., 303 West 21st St., Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

STARK.—William L., Nov. 25, aged 44. Funeral 329 Willis Av., Bronx, tomorrow, 2 P. M.

VREELAND.—David, Jr., 415 West 35th St., Nov. 25. Funeral today.

Brooklyn.

BARLOW.—George H., 2 Eldert St., Nov. 25. Funeral service today.

BEYLICH.—Mary, 815 Anthon Av., Nov. 24.

BROWNE.—Edmund C., 503 Atlantic Av., Nov. 26, aged 49. Funeral tomorrow.

CARROLL.—Maria, 1,475 Bedford Av., Nov. 24. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

CLARK.—William E., 875 East 12th St., Nov. 25. Funeral private.

COLER.—Barbara, 313 Van Buren St., Nov. 24.

COOK.—John, 1,435 59th St., Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

DOWLING.—Richard, 143 Centre St., Nov. 24. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DUCEY.—Thomas, 174½ Garfield Place, Nov. 24. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

DWYER.—Margaret A., 435 43d St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 8:15 A. M.

FAIRCHILD.—Mary, 100 Heyward St., Nov. 24, aged 71.

FOWLER.—Jane S., 2,107 Regent Place, Nov. 25. Funeral service today.

HERZOG.—Louise, 39 Grove St., Nov. 25, aged 87. Funeral service today.

HICKEY.—Timothy, 415 86th St., Nov. 24, aged 12. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

JOHNSON.—Ernest A., 1,190 St. Mark's Av., Nov. 26, aged 29.

KILLBRIDE.—Mary A., 66 Clermont Av., Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

KLUDT.—Doris, 1,242 Prospect Av., Nov. 25, aged 68. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

LA FIURA.—Joseph E., 34 Downey St., Nov. 25, aged 26. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

LEE.—William, German Hospital, Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

LOGAN.—Jane W., 627 53d St., Nov. 25, aged 53. Funeral tomorrow, 3 P. M.

McAVOY.—Frank J., 53 East 3d St., Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

McKNIGHT.—James J., Ford St. and Avenue Z, Nov. 24. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

MILLS.—Jane, 1,075 East 17th St., Nov. 26, aged 80. Funeral notice later.

MULLEADY.—Edward, 983 St. Mark's Av., Nov. 24. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

NACHMANN.—Frieda, 600 Bainbridge St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

NUSSBERGER.—Elisabeth, St. Catharine's Hospital, Nov. 24, aged 73. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

ORTH.—Philip C., 180 Weirfield St., Nov. 25, aged 60. Funeral service today.

RAE.—Sarah F., 54 Forest Av., Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

SHIERBAUM.—Wilhelmina, 1,729 Bleecker St., Nov. 24. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SNEDECKER.—Adelaide J. B., 1,065 49th St., Nov. 25. Funeral private.

STORM.—Elizabeth J., 222 Elmwood Av., Nov. 25, aged 53. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Jersey City and Newark.

AUSTIN.—Lillie B., 54 Jefferson St., Jersey City, Nov. 25. Funeral today.

BUTLER.—Catherine, 145 Norfolk St., Newark, Nov. 25. Funeral today.

CURRY.—Susan, 215 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Nov. 24. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

DOOLEY.—Joseph F., 239 Mercer St., Jersey City, Nov. 24.

HEALY.—Elizabeth, 280 6th St., Jersey City, Nov. 25. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HUBER.—Margarite E., Christ Hospital, Jersey City, Nov. 29, aged 27.

HURLBUT.—Frederick, Newark, Nov. 25, aged 59. Funeral today.

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Originators and largest makers of
MATERNITY-WEAR
Offer the mother-to-be as large an assortment of smart clothes as can be found in the most exclusive shops for NORMAL wear. Clothes you would enjoy wearing at any time.

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Coats	19.85 to 135.00	Skirts	3.95 to 25.00
Suits	25.00 to 97.50	Corsets	3.85 to 10.00

Negligees and Underwear
"The Loveliest Baby Shop"
All who have seen it declare our new baby shop to be the most beautiful and complete in town.
Lane Bryant, 21-23 W. 38th St.

Died.

JOHNSON.—Mary F., 96 Ridgewood Av., Newark, Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow.

JOYCE.—James J., 375 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Nov. 24. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

KEARNEY.—Catherine, 162 Ferry St., Newark, Nov. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 8 A. M.

KRAUS.—Theresa, 360 Central Av., Newark, Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 3:30 A. M.

LOCKWOOD.—Philip M., 161 Congress St., Jersey City, Nov. 25, aged 43. Funeral tomorrow.

NIEBANK.—Frederick, 116 Booraem Av., Jersey City, Nov. 25, aged 39.

ROBBINS.—Richard H., 92 Oak St., Jersey City, Nov. 24, aged 53.

ROSSMAN.—Edward, 178 13th Av., Newark, Nov. 24, aged 49. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCOTT.—Caroline, 90 Clifton Place, Jersey City, Nov. 24.

SERGEL.—Mary, 92 New St., Newark, Nov. 26, aged 8 months.

SHAW.—Lucy A., 60 Bruen St., Newark, Nov. 25.

TURTON.—Walter, 70 Laurel Av., Newark, Nov. 25.

WALLACE.—John, 22 Corbin Av., Jersey City, Nov. 25.

WALSH.—William J., 51 Clinton Av., Jersey City, Nov. 24.

WARD.—Michael, 337 Woodward St., Jersey City, Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

Long Island.

PURTEN.—Max A., Richmond Hill, Nov. 25, aged 57. Funeral Nov. 29, 2 P. M.

REYNOLDS.—Celia, 551 2d Av., Astoria, Nov. 25, aged 48. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

ROBINSON.—Edward S., Kew Gardens, Nov. 25. Funeral notice later.

ROCK.—Patrick, Whitestone, Nov. 25. Funeral today, 9:15 A. M.

SEELY.—Mollie T., Flushing, Nov. 25, aged 84. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

TATTERSALL.—William H., Woodhaven, Nov. 25. Funeral private.

WERNER.—Mary E., Woodhaven, Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

WHEELEHAN.—Mary, Lynbrook, Nov. 25. Funeral today, 8 A. M.

In Memoriam.

ADELSON.—In loving memory of Fannye Klein Adelson, beloved wife of Louis S. and mother of Norman H. and Miriam L. Adelson. We remember this day as the second anniversary of her passing on to eternal peace and rest.

SPINGARN.—In memory of my dear beloved husband, Samuel H. Spingarn, who departed this life Nov. 27, 1913.

CASEY.—Sarah A., mass Assumption Church, Brooklyn, tomorrow, 9 A. M.

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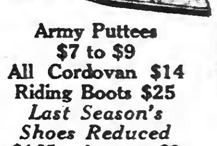

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$4.35 pair, were $6
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THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY
Times Square, New York City

ELEANOR PAINTER IN LIGHT COMEDY

"Art and Opportunity" a Charming Romance of Feminine Character.

MISS PAINTER SINGS TWICE

A Masterly Little Play by an American Boy Who Fell at Loos.

ART AND OPPORTUNITY, a comedy in three acts, by Harold Chapin. At the Knickerbocker Theatre.
Tenby ....Martin Haydon
George Frederick Gossamore..Grant Stewart
Algernon George Frederick Gossamore, Edward Douglas
Pauline Cheverelle..........Eleanor Painter
Lady O'Hoyle............Katharine Stewart
Algernon Horatio Gossamore......Cecil Yapp
Henry Bently.................Frank Mills

That rarest of all things came to the Knickerbocker last night, a light comedy written with a masterly touch and sustained with workmanlike skill and vigor from the first word to the final curtain. There were those in the audience who seemed to wonder for a time what the Eleanor Painter of musical comedy was doing in this gallery of high art; and there were those who were baffled by the leisurely development and the subtle rhythms of the little play. But attention never for a moment wandered; and when the true scope and method were manifest the audience as a whole gave way to the freshest delight, the heartiest laughter. The end was a triumph of delicate inspiration and exquisite comedy.

One was reminded at first of "The Mollusc," that eerily clever study in selfish femininity with which Mary Moore and others delighted us. This Pauline is a young American widow, with slender income and mounting debts. She has captured a young English nobleman, and comes to be looked over by his family, who are bent on breaking off the match. She gives no evidence of loving the young man, and it presently appears that she does not love him. Half frankly and half with arch guile she owns that she is an adventuress. But she plays her little game with such resources in clever mystification, with such a fund of inspiration in guile, that she ends by charming the whole household—the boy's father, Lord Worplesdon, a dowager aunt, and Uncle Horatio, the Duke.

And very early in the evening a note is struck which sharply distinguishes the play from "The Mollusc," the heroine of which was the clever intriguer throughout, the sybarite of selfish ease. Quasi "adventuress" though Pauline is, and pushed by her needs to desperate simulations, there is a strong substratum of normal womanhood in her character, of bewitching amiability, and of tremulous, half-unconscious emotion.

Divining that the boy does not really love her, and that his father does, she shifts to the match which is more suitable in point of years. There even comes a moment when it seems that she may be setting her cap for the Duke, a dry and ridiculous old party, who in his way is also charmed. But her eye has ceased to be bent on fortune and social position. It rests, in fact, on the Duke's secretary, the only member of the household who is her equal in cleverness, in subtlety of address, and in native honesty and sense.

In fact, Pauline really proposes. Left alone with him, she sits at the piano and sings a song of Spring and love. It is a haunting, compelling melody, and with Miss Painter's fresh young voice and witching coquetry it lifts the play to a mood of essential poetry and romance. Only the man to whom the song was addressed failed to sense what it signified. The audience applauded to the echo. And once again, in the last act, Miss Painter sang—when she was sending her man the note that brought him to her side and to his senses. It was he who did the final proposing—trust Pauline for that!

The gradations by which the charming "adventuress" of the first act developed into the full-hearted, though still adroit, young woman in love are subtle in the extreme, exquisitely felt by the playwright and denoted with unerring art. On the whole, one is inclined to rate the play even above "The Mollusc," and that would make it the most masterly high comedy ever written by an American. For, like Hubert Henry Davies, who also lived in England and wrote of English life, Harold Chapin was an American. He was one of our young men who entered the English army at the outbreak of the war. He was killed at Loos, and in his death we have lost, among other things, the most promising of our playwrights.

For Miss Painter also the evening was a triumph. In youth and good looks, as in voice, she is thoroughly suited to the part. Histrionically she may be less expert than Marie Tempest, who played it in London, but she acts throughout with high intelligence and rare skill. It must be said that she used her eyes rather obviously, and emphasized her effects with many a moue. That was perhaps a trick she brought with her from the musical stage—or perhaps it was the result of an effort to make her effects register in an auditorium far too big for this type of play. But these are venial faults, which will doubtless be toned down. Potentially the performance was in every way worthy of the play.

The cast as a whole was admirable, and the stage management reflects high credit on Clifford Brooke. Unfortunately the success of the production is jeopardized by the slenderness of the play and the size of the theatre. "The Mollusc" itself on its first production failed for similar reasons, though this was by far the most successful artistically. Fortunately Miss Painter is one of us, and, whatever the present outcome, the time will arrive when play and performance come into their own.

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TUNEFUL AIRS AID 'THE STAR GAZER'

Franz Lehar's Music Feature of Romantic Costume Comedy of England of 1830.

LYRICS OUTSHINE THE BOOK

John Charles Thomas, Carolyn Thomson, and John T. Murry Brightest Spots of Cast.

THE STAR GAZER, a musical comedy in three acts. Book by Cosmo Hamilton; lyrics by Matthew C. Woodward; music by Franz Lehar. At the Plymouth Theatre.
Peter Blunt...............John T. Murray
Kitty ....Carolyn Thomson
Peckham ....John Harwood
Arthur Howard........John Charles Thomas
Sir Joshua Puddifant.......Alfred Hemming
Lady Puddifant...............Jeanne Belyea
Rebecca Puddifant...............Edna Temple
Elizabeth Puddifant............Carolyn Duffy
Alderman Hornblower......George Harcourt
Martha Hornblower..............Wanda Lyon
Mrs. Hornblower.........Catherine Manning
Squire Trendlecombe...Theodore F. Reynolds
Mrs. Trendlecombe........Elizabeth Goodall
Anne ....Sidonie Espere
Lieutenant Claydown..........Arthur Geary
Horace Bowyer...................Billy Lynn
Nicholas Finchley..............Jack Paulton
Miss Honora Titterton.........Isabel Vernon
Percy Ebblewhite...............Paul Irving
Mr. Ollyffe................Herbert Salinger
Footman ....Owen Hervey

A first-rate score by Franz Lehar is combined with a listless book and an ill-advised setting in "The Star Gazer," presented here for the first time last night at the Plymouth Theatre. The piece is a romantic costume play of the England of 1830, peopled with about a score of folk who dress in the bright colors of the period, but who are themselves rather dull. As a result the piece is really diverting only when the orchestra plays.

In at least two respects, however, the new piece is a novelty. In the first place, it is devoid of a chorus; secondly, it contains no person deliberately inserted for comedy purposes. These omissions are explained in part by the program, which describes the piece as a comedy with music instead of a musical comedy. Its three acts, however, contain twenty numbers, and the music is the most important factor throughout.

The story concerns itself with a pair of romances, one of which has the star gazer as its central figure, and is reported to be an original work by Cosmo Hamilton, related in no way to the libretto which accompanied Lehar's music when it was heard abroad. As a story it is altogether unimportant, but from the historical standpoint it possesses a certain value in demonstrating the overwhelming superiority of the present times. It proves, among other things, that there is nothing quite so brazen as an English maiden of 1830.

The cast is chiefly noteworthy by reason of the presence of John Charles Thomas, whose splendid voice is heard to greater advantage than ever before. In addition to singing well he also wears the clothes of the period with grace and distinction, an accomplishment not shared by the entire company. John T. Murray, hitherto identified more or less with the Winter Garden, gives a surprisingly good performance in the title rôle, and a young woman named Carolyn Thomson, called upon suddenly last Thursday to replace Beth Lydy, also distinguished herself. Miss Thomson's performance, regarded purely as a feat of memory, was a considerable achievement, but it had other merits as well.

Wanda Lyon, also erstwhile of the Winter Garden, was at all times a pretty picture, and Jennetta Methven sang some high notes which appeared to satisfy the audience. The lyrics, by Matthew C. Woodward, are considerably above the average.

MUSIC NOTES.

Jean Bol, a Belgian tenor and recent war refugee, sang yesterday before the Women's Oriental Club, at 2 West Eighty-sixth Street, the home of Mrs. Yada, wife of the Japanese Consul General in New York.

Frieda Hempel will tonight visit Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., to sing for the 4,000 boys in khaki a request program, including "Last Rose of Summer" and "Annie Laurie."

Johanna Gadski has been engaged as soloist for a concert of the Arion Society of New York at the Hotel Astor on Dec. 8, under the direction of Carl Hahn.

HERO LAND
Grand Central Palace
50c—Admission—50c

BRITISH DAY—TO-DAY

There is no selling in the aisles.

THIS AFTERNOON
1 P. M.-6 P. M.—General Dancing and Band Concert at the British War Relics Exhibits.
The following will speak:
4:30 P. M.—Arthur Pollen.
5:00 P. M.—Lieut. Col. Rees.
9:30 P. M.—Frank Bohm.
10:00 P. M.—Captain Dugmore
Sir Cecil Spring-Rice will be here.

DON'T FORGET
The Italian Section—The French Exhibits.
The Jewish Relief Exhibition.
Five Restaurants.
Luncheons, Teas, Dinners, Suppers for All Purses.

THE EVENING
9-12—Carnival of Sports.
Cartoonists:
R. M. Outcault—George McManus—Clare Briggs—Tom Powers—Tom McNamara—Harry Hirschfield—Winsor McCay—Rube Goldberg, whose drawings will be sold at auction.

AND ALL THE TIME
The British Tank Britannia in Battle.
The Streets in Bagdad—Hindenburg Trenches.
Ice Skating Rink—Dancing, Grand Hall and Ballroom—Submarine Divers.
GAMES FOR THE KIDDIES.

Every Week Day from 11 A. M. to 12 P. M. until Dec. 12.

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Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15. "THE RED HEADS," WITH WM. K. SAXTON, HOPKINS, AXTELL & CO., and 7 Others. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

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PRINCESS Theatre Beg's Thurs. Eve. 8:30. Nights, $2. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50. Seats Now. DOROTHY DONNELLY Presents
SIX MONTHS OPTION
New Comedy of Love and Marriage.

PLYMOUTH 45 St., W. of B'way. PHONE 40 BRYANT. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Thanksgiving & Sat. The Musical Hit of the Year! THE STAR GAZER Comedy With Music—With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS John T. Murray, Carolyn Thomson.

44TH STREET —ROOF— THEATRE Phone Bryant 81. Mat. Sat. only. Prices $1 to $2.50. Opening POSTPONED Till SAT. Dec. 1 at 8. Lee & J. J. Shubert Musical Production
Over the Top T. Roy Barnes Justine Johnstone Craig Campbell
50 Pretty Justine Johnstone Girls. Regular Theatrical Performance. No Restaurant No Smoking.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Thanksgiving & Sat.
Odds and Ends OF 1917 Harry Watson, Jr. Lillian Lorraine and Jack Norworth

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Evs. 8:30 sharp. Mats. Tom'w Thanksgiving & Sat.
Grace George in HENRY BERNSTEIN'S GREAT PLAY
"L'ELEVATION" (THE HEIGHTS)

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Thanksgiving & Sat. Smartest of Musical Comedies
"Oh, Boy"
PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2. POP. MAT. TO-M'W. REG. MAT. SAT. EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Eves. 8. Mats Tom'w, Thanks'g & Sat. 2. LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION
MAYTIME Tingling Music. Charming Story. 100% Talent.
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris. "A Credit to Our Country is Maytime," says Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation."

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MAT. TODAY, THURS., SAT.

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Thanksgiv'g & Sat. 2:15. "THE PULSE THRILLS TO IT."—Times.
JOHN MARGARET
Drew - Illington
IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex

39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w, Thanksg'g, Sat. 2:20. George V. Hobart's Farce with Hale Hamilton WHAT'S YOUR HUSBAND DOING?

MOROSCO 45 St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w. Thur. & Sat. 2:20. EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY. OLIVER MOROSCO'S LAUGHING SENSATION
LOMBARDI, Ltd. with LEO CARRILLO

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Thurs. & Sat. DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY
LEAVE IT TO JANE
EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY.

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:25. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:25. EXTRA MATINEE FRIDAY (Day After Thanksgiving.)
GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w, Thank'g, Sat.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w, Thanksgiving, Sat.
The Very Idea
Ernest TRUEX, Richard BENNETT. Extra Mat. Thanksgiving Day.

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44th ST. THEATRE Tonight 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Thanksgiving Day & Sat. 2:15.
LAST TWO WEEKS
New Songs, New Dances, New Specialties.
HITCHY-KOO
with RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, ROCK AND WHITE, LEON ERROL, IRENE BORDONI

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:45. Mts. Thanks'g & Sat. WASH'GTON SQ. PLAYERS LAST 7 TIMES of "IN THE ZONE" and 3 Other Plays. Mon., Dec. 3—Entire Change of Bill. Seats Now.

CORT West 48 St. Eves. at 8:20. Mts. Tom'w, Thur. & Sat. 2:20. LAST 8 TIMES. EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY
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STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat Today, 25c and 50c. EVERYWOMAN HER PILGRIMAGE IN QUEST OF LOVE.

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Chu Chin Chow
Now In Its 2nd Year In London. Co. of 300.
Prices: Evs. & Sat. Mt. 25c-$2. Wed. Mt. 25c-$1. EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING. Always 300 Seats in the Orchestra at $1.50. (Except Saturday Night & Thanksgiving.) SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE

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MAT. TO-DAY BEST SEATS $1.00 EVES. at 8:15 At the HIPPODROME

YORKVILLE THEATRE, 86th STREET, nr. Lex. Av. Tel. Lenox 8888. Evg. 8:15. Thurs. & Sat. Mat. 2:15. ADOLF PHILIPP presents Jean Gilbert's Operetta with MIZI GIZI and Excellent Company. AUTO LOVE

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NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Eves. 8:15. MATS. TOM'W, Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. All Orch. Seats $2, incl. Saturday Nights. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy Triumph.
THE RIVIERA GIRL
EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY.
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. "A COMPLETE TRIUMPH."—Herald. "QUAINT, FANTASTIC, APPEALING, HUMAN, AMUSING."—Alan Dale.
ANN MURDOCK | THE 3 BEARS
"The most amusing light comedy I have seen this season."—Louis Sherwin, Globe.

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. "GREATEST TRIUMPH IN YEARS." MR. LEO
DITRICHSTEIN
in a new Comedy THE KING By Caillavet, de Flers & Arene.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w, Thur. & Sat. 2:30. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2.
MRS. FISKE
in Philip Moeller's New Comedy, MADAME SAND
"An Evening of Pure Delight."—Mail.

HUDSON W. 44 St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. THE "FIRST CALL TO LOVE"
Pipes of Pan
by the author of "The Cinderella Man." with Norman Trevor & Janet Beecher.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'WAY & 38TH ST. Eves. 8:25. Mats. Tom'w, Thurs. & Sat. NO ADVANCE IN PRICES. BEST SEATS $2.
Eleanor Painter
in Harold Chapin's Comedy, "ART AND OPPORTUNITY"

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2.
Alexandra Carlisle in THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY,
The Country Cousin

LIBERTY W. 42 ST. EVS. 8:25. Mts. Tom'w, Thur., Sat. LAST 8 TIMES. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2.
LAURETTE TAYLOR
in J. Hartley Manners' New Comedy, "THE WOOING OF EVE"
Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON.
NEXT W'K—SEAT SALE THURS.
A New Musical Comedy The GRASS WIDOW

HARRIS W. 42 St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
WE PAY THE WAR TAX
SEE
LOSING ELOISE (The Naughty Wife)
AND FORGET YOUR TROUBLES.
SPECIAL MAT. THURS. (Thanksgiving).

FULTON W. 46th ST. EVES. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w, Thur., Sat. LAST 8 TIMES. "BROKEN THREADS"

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Tom'w, Thurs. & Sat. Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years.
A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

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Mats. Wed., Thurs., Sat.—Reduced Prices. SUNDAY NIGHT POPULAR CONCERT.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO presents
Tiger Rose

PARK B'way & 59th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. THE THEATRE THAT NEVER HAS CHARGED THE WAR TAX. Quinito Valverde's Fantastic Review
THE Land of Joy
EVERYTHING NEW EXCEPT THE SPANISH DANCING

BELASCO West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY, 2:30
DAVID BELASCO Presents
Polly With a Past

ELTINGE W. 42d St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
Business Before Pleasure
With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

REPUBLIC W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w, Thur. & Sat. 2:30. LAST 8 TIMES
On With the Dance
WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.

Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN | GLOBE B'way 46 St. Evs. 8:20. Mts. T'm'w Thurs. & Sat. 2:20.

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Aeolian Hall, Sat., Dec. 1, at 11 A. M.
SECOND SYMPHONY CONCERT FOR CHILDREN
Mr. Damrosch will explain and illustrate the wood-wind instruments.
Tickets 50c to $1.50, at Box Office.
Carnegie Hall, Sat. Eve., Dec. 1, at 8:15
TSCHAIKOWSKY PROGRAM
PATHETIQUE SYMPHONY
and Concerto for Piano in B flat.
100 Musicians at both Concerts.
Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Dec. 2, at 3.
Pathetique Symphony
Also Beethoven's Emperor Concerto.
RUDOLPH GANZ
Soloist at Both Concerts.
Tickets at Box Offices. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

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Wed. at 8:15, La Traviata. Hempel; Carpi, De Luca, Bada, Rossi. Cond., Moranzoni.
THANKSGIVING DAY MAT. at 2 ($1 to $5). CARMEN. Farrar, Peterson (debut); Martinelli, Whitehill, Segurola. Cond., Monteux.
EVE. at 8:15, La Boheme. Muzio, Miller; Martin, Scotti, Chalmers, Mardones. Cond., Papi.
Fri. at 8, Prince Igor. Alda, Delaunois, Perini; Amato, Althouse, Didur, Segurola. Cond., Bodanzky.
Sat. Mat. at 2, L'Elisir d'Amore. Hempel, Sparkes; Caruso, Scotti, Didur. Cond., Papi.
Sat. Eve. at 8, (75c. to $3). Il Trovatore. Muzio, Matzenauer, Mattfeld; Kingston (debut), De Luca, Rothier. Cond., Papi.
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Aeolian Hall, Fri., Aft., Nov. 30. Another Recital by the brilliant French Soprano Mme. GABRIELLE GILLS. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano.

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JOSEF STRANSKY......CONDUCTOR
Carnegie Hall, Next Friday Aft. at 2:30.
Soloists Rose & Ottilie SUTRO
Programme includes BRUCH Concerto for Two Pianos & Orchestra. (First time in New York.)
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NEXT SUNDAY EVE., DEC. 2d, at 8:15.
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Beethoven, Ippolitow, Iwanow, and Mascagni Program.
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TINA LERNER
RUSSIAN PIANISTE.
M'g't A. Friedberg. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

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KITTY CHEATHAM Assisted by SOLLER and her Male Symphony Orch.
Tickets 50c to $2. Boxes $15-$18 at Box Office.

Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow (Wed.) Aft. at 3. PIANO RECITAL—RUDOLPH
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Mgment. Haensel & Jones. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

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Old Dominion Beefsteak Dinner, $1.50.
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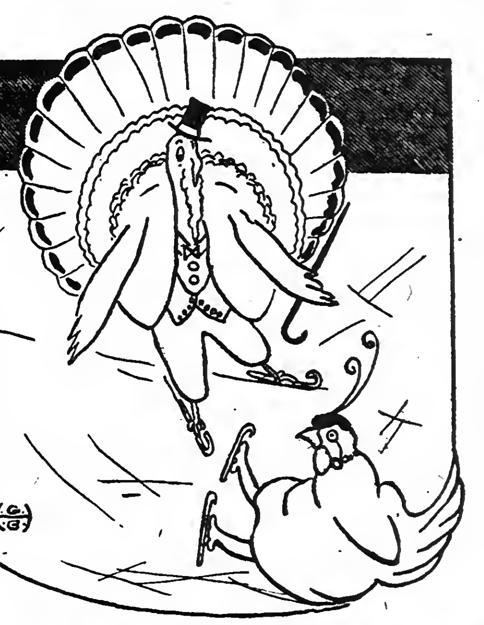

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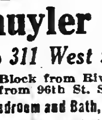

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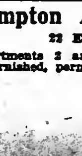

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BASEBALL NOT TO BE HIT UNDULY HARD BY WAR TAXES

TRAVELING TAX NO BAR TO BASEBALL

John B. Foster Says Clubs Can Easily Meet Railroad and Pullman Burden.

EACH TEAM TO PAY $1,100

Secretary of Giants Suggests That Lower Player Limit Would Meet New Costs.

Secretary John B. Foster of the Giants compiled a few statistics yesterday to show that the war tax on railroad and Pullman fares is not going to be so great a burden as some of the baseball club owners have tried to make out. Mr. Foster points out that much of the talk of the calamity howlers is groundless, and that the war taxes on each club will not be so large as to make it difficult for each team to shoulder the burden.

The average mileage of a major league baseball club during the season is about 11,000 miles. Pittsburgh usually has the greatest mileage because it makes more trips to the Western cities for Sunday games than any of the other clubs, and the Pirates' figures usually go above 13,000 miles. Secretary Foster figures that the 8 per cent. tax on railroad fares and the 10 per cent. on Pullman tickets will mean a cost of about $1,100 a season for each club. So Uncle Sam's tax on the sixteen traveling baseball clubs of both major leagues next season will amount to about $18,000.

An additional cost of more than $1,000 a club for the season is, according to Mr. Foster, nothing for the club owners to sit up nights worrying about. As for additional costs at hotels, Mr. Foster doubts if the prices will be much higher than they were last season. The additional cost of baseball through war taxes and the advanced cost of living, Mr. Foster believes, can be met easily by cutting the player limit to eighteen or twenty players. Mr. Foster is an optimist concerning the conditions in baseball, and although the clubs will be hit hard through the draft, he sees no reason why the clubs cannot go right along with the players who are available.

President Edward G. Barrow of the International League got back to his office yesterday for the first time since the minor league pow-wow in Louisville a few weeks ago, when the pet scheme of Mr. Barrow and Ban Johnson for a new major league was voted down by the National Association.

If the promoters of the new circuit had money enough the plan would have been adopted. According to the rules of the National Agreement, provision is made for compulsory compensation to clubs which are dropped by a league for the purpose of including its territory into another organization of higher class. This is one of the fundamental principles of organized baseball, and it would have been necessary for the promoters of the new circuit to compensate four International League clubs and four of the American Association. A proposition of this sort to satisfy the injured feelings of the four clubs in each circuit, which were to have been left out in the cold, would have entailed an outlay of a large amount of money.

Another barrier which stood in the way and which was pointed out by Chairman Herrmann of the National Commission makes it plain that no club in any circuit can be dropped if the club has fulfilled all its contractual obligations except that adequate compensation be made for its privilege and territory. While unanimous consent of all the clubs in both the International League and American Association was necessary to put through this scheme there was not even a majority of clubs on either circuit willing to vote for it. So the Union League or the Continental League, or whatever they were going to call it, perished. If leagues were permitted to reorganize in this way to eliminate the weaker clubs, baseball would defeat its own ends, according to the opinion of baseball officials.

President Johnson continues to explain his suggestion about the exemption of players to keep the major leagues up to their high standard next season. In a statement given out in Chicago Sunday the American League head, among other things, admitted: "Fully 90 per cent. of the players in the major leagues will meet the draft requirements, and with the tremendous demand for men, it can be readily understood how great will be the drain upon the profession. The patriotism of the players is unquestioned, and I am confident that they will all cheerfully respond when the call summons them to the colors."

"In this trying period," continued Mr. Johnson, "the Government can wait on the convenience of none, and men must report when notified. Such conditions will arise in 1918 and must result in endless confusion in the great baseball family. The matter of maintaining a contest of keen interest that would appeal to the public seems impossible of accomplishment."

Most of the baseball men do not agree with this pessimistic view which Johnson draws of next season's possibilities. There will be minor leaguers to fill up the gaps. President Tener of the National League declared yesterday that it would be possible to call back the scores of veterans who have retired from the game during the past few seasons. Many of the old timers, who had to give way to youth, could still hold their own if it was necessary. When players like Chief Bender can come back and pitch the kind of ball that he did last year, it should be possible for many other veterans to achieve success. The draft will deplete the ranks of the major leagues, and while the standard may not be as high as with the youthful players, there is no doubt that the clubs can find enough players to make interesting the championship races in both circuits.

The American League yesterday filed its answer to the Baltimore Federal League Club's $900,000 damage suit in the District of Columbia Supreme Court in Washington. A general denial of all allegations was made.

Tris Speaker, the star centre fielder of the Cleveland American League club, commenting on the drafting of baseball players, says: "The players want to do what the Government most needs them to do. We have been given to understand, unofficially, of course, that the Government believes we can be of great service in entertaining the soldiers before they go to war and the wounded when they return. I am of military age and anxious to get into the service. I know the other players want to serve the country where needed."

C. C. N. Y. TO MEET COLUMBIA

Swimming Season to Open with Dual Meet Dec. 7.

The swimming team of the College of the City of New York opens its season with a meet in the local pool with Columbia Dec. 7. The schedule contains five home and home meets. Besides Columbia, Yale, Princeton, Penn, and Rutgers are to be met.

With a number of veterans still in college, City College is confident of making a good showing. The team lost William Karsten, the 2:20 star, through his enlistment. The water poloists have lost Gerstenfeld, who has become an instructor, and is ineligible.

The eligibles are: Baehr, Shenberg, Schreiber, Boones, Auslander, Hodes, Grasheim, Pepys, Thuor, Weis, Meyer, Sutta, Parker, Karsten, Leiter, and Auerbach.

The individual championships will be held this year in the New York Athletic Club pool. The schedule follows:

Dec. 7, Columbia at City College; 14, Pennsylvania at Philadelphia; 21, Rutgers at New Brunswick; Jan. 4, Princeton at Princeton; 11, Yale at City College; Feb. 8, Yale at New Haven; 15, Princeton at City College; 22, Pennsylvania at City College; March 1, Columbia at City College.

TEST FOR GEORGIA TECH.

Auburn May Give Line on Strength of Yellow Jackets.

Three football elevens in different sections of the country stand out as the strongest teams of the present season, Pittsburgh in the East, Ohio State in the West, and Georgia Tech. in the South, but the question of which one of the three is the most powerful football machine will have to be passed up without satisfactory solution.

When Georgia Tech. plays Auburn Thursday, a comparison may be drawn between the Southern and Western champions, because on last Saturday Auburn surprised the football world by holding Ohio State to a scoreless tie. It was believed that the Southerners would be easy for the strong Ohio eleven, but Auburn showed unexpected strength. The Thanksgiving Day game in the South should give a line on the relative strength of Georgia and Ohio.

Pittsburgh ends its regular schedule on Thursday with Penn State, but State is not up to the usual standard this year, and Warner's Panther eleven should have no trouble in this contest. Pitt will play a post-season game on Dec. 1 at Pittsburgh with Camp Lee.

Warner's eleven again stands out as the strongest team of the East, as it did last season. An array of victories over Pennsylvania, Syracuse, West Virginia, and Washington and Jefferson forms a more impressive record than that of any other Eastern eleven.

Coach Warner has developed a wonderful lot of material at Pitt during the last three years, but graduation will take many of his stars next Spring, while it is likely that some of them will enlist before that time. Among the players that Pitt will lose are Captain Carlson, Sies Sutherland, Miller, Seidel, and McClelland.

CORNELL DRIVEN INDOORS.

Cold Weather Forces Change in Practice of Football Team.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 26.—An unusually severe cold spell has caused a change in the plans of Cornell's final football practice before the Penn game. With the mercury below 20 degrees and the gridiron hard and slippery, further scrimmages have been halted and the men will work outdoors no longer except for daily drills in punting and handling the ball in passes. Secret signal drills, in which forward passes and a series of trick plays are being perfected, will constitute the program up to Wednesday, when the squad will leave for Philadelphia.

It is unlikely that any changes will be made in the lineup, although the improvement of Carry may cause Dr. Sharpe to give him a chance in the backfield at some stage of the game. Spiegelberg, right end, who was nursing a bruised leg last week, has rounded to good shape, while Nethercotte, Herriman, Strauss, and Harris, who had been ordered to take things easy, are now in fine fettle.

There is practically no hope among the undergraduates that Cornell can win, but there is a good deal of confidence that the Ithacans are due for a fighting comeback.

SERVICE TEAMS TO CLASH.

Naval Reserves and Aviators to Meet on Gridiron Thanksgiving Day.

Football teams from the Naval Reserve Training Station at Pelham Bay Park and the Aviation Training Station at Mineola, L. I., which will clash in a championship game of the Army-Navy Posts League at the Polo Grounds will offer one of the chief gridiron attractions locally on Thanksgiving Day. The two elevens are among the strongest in the league, and the entire receipts will be divided equally between the associations of the stations for the purpose of purchasing additional athletic equipment.

Captain Arthur McAleenan and Matthew P. Halpin, Chairman of the Athletic Committee of the New York Athletic Club, under whose auspices the present Army-Navy Posts Football League championship games have been conducted, are endeavoring to make the event a banner display of military sport in the metropolitan district. They have arranged with the authorities at both posts to send to the Polo Grounds their entire corps.

The Naval Reserves will march in a body from their barracks at Pelham Bay Park to the Polo Grounds, while the aviators from Mineola will invade the Harlem gridiron in their full war strength. A full squadron of Uncle Sam's latest war airplanes will accompany the aviator players. There will be a war game also. The Naval Reserves will attempt to defend their territory against the invasion of Uncle Sam's air fighters. Following this minature battle each corps will give an exhibition drill. This will be staged an hour before the start of the championship struggle.

HUNT RACE FOR OFFICERS.

Meadow Brook Feature Closed to Army Riders.

There will be a military innovation in the annual point-to-point steeplechase of the Meadow Brook Club this year when the event is held on Thanksgiving Day. Officials in charge have decided to close the event to officers in any branch of the national service. Since many of the polo players and Hunt Club members are enlisted now in either the Aviation Corps or else at some one of the nearby camps it is thought that there will be no dearth of riders.

The race this year is to be over Wheatley Hills country, a course picturesque and hazardous and about three miles in length. The race, open to two classes, heavyweight and lightweight hunters, will start on the Beekman-Winthrop estate, go through the Devereux Milburn and F. S. von Stade estates, and finish on the lawn near the home of F. Ambrose Clark. Captain Thomas Hitchcock will judge the race, and James Cooley of the Pacific Coast Polo Association will be clerk of the scales. Mrs. Charles Steele and W. Russell Grace have offered cups for the winners in the two classes.

An attempt is being made to arrange a half-mile race for officers, to be held at the same time. Invitations have been sent to the leading army officials, including General Henry Jerve of Camp Mills, to attend the race. All men in uniform are invited. Most of the Meadow Brook colony are to have Camp Mills soldiers for dinner on Thanksgiving Day, and these men will be taken to the race, too. Mrs. Robert Bacon is to have 200 guests at the turkey day dinner.

RICKARD TO REFEREE RACE.

Chosen Unanimously as Arbiter for Six-Day Cycle Contest.

Tex Rickard was chosen last night as referee for the six-day cycle race, which starts in Madison Suare Garden next Sunday night. The selection was unanimous, all the riders and Promoter William H. Wellman agreeing that Rickard was a most prominent figure in the sporting game and well equipped for the arduous task.

Oscar Egg, winner of the 1916 race, and Paul Suter, the European motor pace champion, reached New York yesterday. They will compete in next week's grind, Egg being teamed with Frank Kramer and Suter having Bobby Walthour as a partner. Egg expressed his confidence of repeating last year's triumph, when, practically unaided, he stole the lap that gave his team the victory.

Changes were made in the personnel of two teams last night. Alfred Goullet will ride with Jake Magin, instead of with Fred Hill, while the latter will have Willie Hanley as a riding mate. Magin and Hanley were originally paired. The riders and Wellman will meet today at the Newark Velodrome to reach an understanding on the new scoring system to prevail in the daily hour sprint in the afternoon and two-hour sprint at night.

BATHILDE AT LAST IN WINNERS' CLASS

David Gedeon's Two-Year-Old Takes Maiden Race from Big Field at Bowie.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 26.—The dark blue colors of David Gedeon, seldom seen in the van these days, flashed to the front in the opening race today when his homebred filly Bathilde, by Astronomer-Helen O'C, won the maiden race for two-year-olds. Bathilde was ridden by T. Rice, and was well played in the mutuels. She had little difficulty in defeating the large field, with J. Arthur's Juanita III. taking the place.

The best field of the day started in the fourth race, in which W. R. Mizell's Dan caused something of an upset by winning from Kebo, another outsider. The beaten horses included the well played Feluca and Zouave. Troise and Walls each rode two winners.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; purse, $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:08 3-5.

Bathilde, D. Gideon's b. f., 111 pounds, by Astronomer-Helen O'C., $9.10, $6.80, and $5.50, (T. Rice)....1

Juanita III., J. Arthur's ch. c., 114, by Sweeper-Santa Anita, $23.60 and $12, (A. Rodriguez)....2

Tolerence, L. Blaschek's br. f., 111, by Ildrim-Sufferance, $12 third, (R. Troise)....3

Jack of Spades, Fire Test, Mayhew, Dairyman, Sun Kiss, Frank Macklin, Water Toast, Simon Pure, and Flapper also ran. Golden Soldier, Top Boots, Matoaka, Will Soon, Ormlos, and Thamar scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Time—1:14.

Moosehead, Calumet Stable's ch. c., 103 pounds, by Star Shoot-Miss Kearney, $11.90, $6.40 and $3.70, (C. Mergler)....1

African Arrow, G. H. Browne's b. c., 106, by Javelin-African Slave, $4.10 and $3.20, (C. Kummer)....2

Babette, F. R. Doctor's b. f., 100, by Heno-La Primera, $4.20 third, (R. Troise)....3

Nominee, Umatella, Little Boy, Flying Dart, Tumble In, Vocabulary, and Senator Broderick also ran. Lady Gertrude, Wood Violet, Celtiva, Phalerian, Heather Belle, and Corydon scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $600; six furlongs. Time—1:14 1-5.

Onwa, J. J. Fitzgerald's ch. c., 3 years, 104 pounds, by Dalhousie-Thistledown, $5.10, $3.10, and $2.50 (G. Walls)....1

Owaja, J. H. McDonald's br. f., 3, 101, by Jack Atkin-Divonne, $3.10 and $2.50 (C. Kummer)....2

Preston Lynn, J. M. Zimmer's ch. g., 6, 114, by Dick Welles-Animosity, $3.40 third, (A. Collins)....3

Viley, Birdman, Cardome, Salon, Hops, Anxiety, Scylla, Tinsel, and Leonelda also ran. Parlor Boy, Uncle Jimmie, Costumer, Little Nephew, The Decision, and Lohengrin scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; selling; purse $600; one mile and twenty yards. Time—1:44 1-5.

Dan, W. R. Mizell's b. g., 105 pounds, by Bryn Mawr-Margaret T., $24.90, $15.20, and $7.90, (R. Troise)....1

Kebo, W. Cahill's b. g., 106, by Ogden-Cremorne, $28 and $11.20, (W. Abert)....2

Master Karma, R. Hedley's br. g., 107, by Burgomaster-Lady Kanna, $6.90 third, (M. Rowan)....3

Feluca, Zouave, Merchant, Jessie D., and Woodtrip also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and an eighth. Time—1:58 4-5.

Brother Jonathan, Mrs. E. Arlington's br. c., 3 years, 101 pounds, by Yankee-Sister Stella, $4.70, $2.90, and $2.50, (G. Walls)..1

Rose Water, W. B. Mitchell's ch. f., 4, 99, by The Picket-Rosecrest, $4.10 and $3.20, (C. Kummer)....2

Malheur, L. G. Miller's ch. g., 5, 110, by St. Simonian II.-Fleur de Marie, $4 third, (A. Sterling)....3

G. M. Miller, Jabot, Stalwart Helen, Milton Campbell, Handful, and Buzz Around also ran. Amphion, Baby Sister, Easter Lily, Rakeoff, and Miss Represent scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $600; one mile and an eighth. Time—1:58.

Battle Abbey, Kentucky Stable's b. g., 3 years, 96 pounds, by Hastings-Busy Lass, $12, $5.10, and $3.10, (R. Troise)....1

Sam Slick, J. F. Sweeney's ch. g., 5, 105, by Rock Sand-Artful, $4.30 and $3.30, (M. Rowan)....2

Enterpe, R. Hanley's b. m., 7, 104, by Art Wells-Halveon, $3 third, (C. Mergler)....3

Saturn, Thorn Bloom, and The Busybody also ran. Pierrot, Harry Lauder, Billy Oliver, Ella Ryan, Cousin Dan, Goodwood, and Lynn scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward, selling, purse $600, one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:49 1-5.

Tie Pin, J. S. Ownbey's b. g., 5 years, 111 pounds, by Armeath II.-Toi San, $6.90, $4.40, and $2.60, (C. Kummer)....1

Sea Beach, J. E. Griffith's b. g., 4, 101, by Marta Santa-Sea Spray, $5.70 and $3.20, (G. Walls)....2

Christie, E. T. Zollicoffer's b. g., 5, 106, by Star Shoot-Chulita, $2.80, third, (T. Rice.)....3

Ellison, Kilmer, and Silk Bird also ran. Nigel and Edith Baumann scratched.

Weather, clear; track fast.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Starwort, 114 pounds; Ruthie M., 108; Flapper, 106; *Heather Belle, 103; Ormlos, 109; Matoaka, 106; *Pinafore II., 108; *Jane Mary, 101; Will Soon, 109; Lady Small, 106; *Wheat Cakes, 103; *Thamar, 101. Also eligible: Celtiva, 108; Candidate II., 104; *Sabretash, 104; Sun Kiss, 106; Poor Joe, 111; *Boy Blue, 106. Note—Twenty excluded.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Bringhurst, 118 pounds; Meliora, 106; *Between Us, 103; *Josefina Zarate, 100; River Pirate, 110; Scarpia II., 95; *Kilts, 102; *Corn Broom, 99; Peter Jay, 107; *Milkman, 109; *Incog, 104; *Progressive, 99.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Little England, 114 pounds; Maxim's Choice, 110; Ella Ryan, 105; *Blue Thistle, 109; *Billy Oliver, 105; Richard Langdon, 110; Old Pop, 110; Wild Thyme, 103; *Harry Lauder, 109; *Batwa, 105; King Hamburg, 110; Tinkle Bell, 110; Hickorynut, 101; *Kingling II., 105; *Onwa, 99. Also eligible: Resistible, 107; Frea, 101; Minda, 107; Preston Lynn, 110.

FOURTH RACE.—The Autumn Consolation Handicap, for all ages; one mile. Fenmouse, 113 pounds; Barry Shannon, 104; Sandale, 96; Sweep Up II., 92; Jullaleon, 112; Woodstone, 102; Game Cock, 94; Shooting Star, 109; Wild Thyme, 104; Sixteen to One, 92.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Dartworth, 114 pounds; *Handful, 105; *Lady Little, 102; *Cousin Dan, 99; *Miss Represent, 96; Goodwood, 110; *Smithfield, 105; *Edith Baumann, 102; *Tioga, 99; *Golden Bantam, 96; Milton Campbell, 110; *Cuddle Up, 102; *Flora Finch, 100; *Easter Lily, 96; *Margaret L., 96. Also eligible: Mary Warren, 107; Dr. Charcot, 110; *Ed Weiss, 105; Lynn, 110.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a furlong. Malheur, 113 pounds; *Harry Lauder, 105; *Mirza, 100; *Crepuscule, 94; Captain Ray, 108; *Greetings, 102; *N. K. Beal, 100; *Hesse, 94; Loneland, 102; *Stalwart Helen, 102; *Muckross, 97.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and twenty yards. Airman, 113 pounds; Fountain Fay, 108; *Vermont, 110; *Kilts, 101; Bond, 109; Dan, 106; *Judge Wingfield, 104; *Widow Bedotte, 94; Kilmer, 108; Water Witch, 105; *Hulda's Brother, 103.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

BOXING REACHES PALESTINE

British Soldiers Conduct Bouts in the Holy Land.

Civilization came from the East, and from one point of view seems to be finding its way back there again. Just as the manly art of self-defense died a legal death in New York news came that Palestine is seeing its first boxing bouts, at least the first bouts after the Occidental manner and rules.

Boxing follows the British Army, and reports reaching here tell that the Holy Land has seen one tournament—and probably more by this time—during the present invasion. The London battalion, members of which appeared in the ring "somewhere in Palestine," has furthermore held an athletic tournament, with cross-country running and soccer.

C. C. N. Y. Soccer Team Busy.

Today at 3:15 the City College soccer team will play the Naval Reserves, Base Section, No. 6, on the C. C. N. Y field. On Saturday the college eleven will meet the Crescent A. C. at the latter's Bay Ridge field.

Small Re-elected at Bowdoin.

BRUNSWICK, Me., Nov. 26.—Reginald T. Small of Westbrook today was re-elected captain of Bowdoin College football eleven. He has played centre two seasons.

STARS IN GOLF TOURNEY.

Norman Maxwell Among Those Who Will Play Thanksgiving Day.

Few of the golfers who twice a year make merry, starting and closing the metropolitan season with a tournament at the Country Club of Lakewood, will be missing when the annual Fall competition begins on Thanksgiving Day. Norman H. Maxwell, the United North and South amateur champion, is already at Lakewood with George W. Statzell of Aronimink, practicing for the event. Maxwell played around the course yesterday and seemed entirely satisfied when he made a 77. Mr. Statzell played with his young protege and was even more satisfied when his card was under 100.

Up to date nearly forty golfers have entered for the even and it is confidently believed that there will be enough for four or five sixteens for the match play which is to take place Friday and Saturday. Gardiner W. White of Flushing, who was defeated in the final round by Norman Maxwell at Lakewood a year ago, in all probability will take part again, if only to get another chance to regain some of his lost laureis. Percy Kendall of Deal, W. M. Reekie of Upper Montclair, J. S. Worthington of Sunningdale, England, and L. G. Spindled of Fox Hills are others who have entered for the affair. C. E. Van Vleck of Baltusrol is expected to be on hand.

There will be no silver cups this year, for the first time since the tournaments were started. Only gun metal trophies are to go to the winners and all of the proceeds of the tourney are to be turned over to the Young Men's Christian Association fund. Each participant will be assessed $10, which will pay for the tournament proper and for the handicap to be played on Saturday, which will be open to all players except these who reach the final in each division.

Although it has not been definitely decided upon, reports from Philadelphia have it that the annual meeting of the United States Golf Association is to be held at the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel on Friday, Jan. 11. There is to be no dinner this year, as has been the custom in the past, and the Executive Committee of the U. S. G. A. suggests that only urgent business will be taken up. Under these circumstances it is possible that few delegates will attend and that much of the voting will be done by proxy. The election of officers, only recently selected by the Nominating Committee, takes but little time, as a vote usually disposes of balloting excepting by the one ballot ordered by the Secretary.

Several clubs about Long Island have offered their links for the use of soldiers stationed at nearby camps on Thanksgiving Day, and at many banquets will be provided for the players. The North Shore Country Club was a pioneer in this respect, offering to take care of 100 soldiers on that day.

COCHRAN OFF IN LEAD.

Beats Mayer, 300 to 219, on First Night of 2,500-Point Match.

Welker Cochran, the Chicago billiard expert, defeated Joseph Mayer of Philadelphia, one-time holder of the amateur billiard championship but now of the professional ranks, in the first block of a 2,500-point match at Maurice Daly's Academy last night. The score was 300 to 219, Cochran running out his string in seventeen innings for an average of 17 11-17. Mayer's average was 13 11-16.

Cochran again exhibited his recently acquired habit of playing open-table billiards, as compared with the close nurse game which he was developing a year or two ago. As a result his work with respect to average and interest as well was in a measure disappointing, even though he did achieve the victory in the opening clash. Mayer led at the outset and maintained the advantage for six innings, when Cochran broke loose with a neatly gathered run of 85 which demonstrated the better qualities of his billiard play. When he followed this two innings later with a run of 74 Mayer was left hopelessly behind, and, while the Chicago player's skill waned in the closing innings, he was never in danger from the plodding Mayer.

Mayer did some nice nursing, but consistency was lacking in his work. Several times he failed lamentably on easy shots when the ivories were, so to speak, "under a hat." These lapses cut short promising opportunities. Mayer's high run of the game was 42, and this he made in the first inning. Thereafter his counts were more often in single figures than otherwise.

The scores:

Cochran—3 10 1 0 0 85 17 74 31 38 1 0 0 3 20 13 4. Total—300. Average—17 11-17. High runs—85 and 74.

Mayer—4 2 8 0 2 6 31 1 0 6 2 31 1 6 28 18 0 28. Total—219. Average—13 11-16. High runs—42 and 31.

RALLY TO BILLIARD FUND.

Roomkeepers and Players Get Ready to Raise Huge Sum.

Billiard players throughout the country are rallying to the support of the plan announced several weeks ago, to raise an ambulance fund of $500,000. This was made clear at a meeting held yesterday at Joseph Thum's Academy, at which there were present a number of roomkeepers of this city as well as interested amateur and professional players from New York and elsewhere. The project was discussed from every angle, and a determined effort will be made to raise a large part of the billiard fund in this city.

Outside of Thum's Academy was tangible evidence of the preliminary success of the campaign, for on Broadway was the first ambulance of the many which it is hoped will be obtained for service overseas. This ambulance will be used to further the project in this city. It will tour from billiard academy to billiard academy in the interests of the ambulance fund, with David Kreuter, a brother of Louis Kreuter, the pocket billiard expert, driving, and posters, collection boxes, and the like will be distributed.

Several prominent professional billiardists have offered their services to the cause, among them Alfredo De Oro, the world's three-cushion carom champion; Louis Kreuter, and Frank Taberski, the pocket billiard champion. A committee to have charge of arrangements was appointed at yesterday's meeting. It is composed of the following men:

John T. Doyle, Joseph Thum, Maurice Daly, Sr., George Beaver, W. S. Farnsworth, E. L. Demmon, W. St. Denis, A. F. Steimer, Walter Trumbull, J. P. Sinnott, B. Bergman, Arthur Phillips, Maurice Steirer, W. J. Douglas, F. K. Sprague, A. Ravinowitz, P. T. Knox, W. C. Cranfield, Edward Lawlor, J. Klugman, W. C. Schneer, and Louis Servatius.

The first contributions from the billiard rooms were received yesterday. The Legrande Academy turned in $10 and John Doyle's room contributed $51. A tour of Maurice Daly's room last night netted a contribution of more than $25 for the ambulance fund.

MALTESE SHOW FRIDAY.

Classifications Made to Admit Exhibition of Dog Without Pedigree.

Thirty-six classifications of Maltese dogs have been made for the show of the National Maltese Dog Club, which will be held at the Waldorf on Friday. These have been divided so that all those who own dogs of that breed may exhibit them, even if they are pedigreed. Gold money prizes have been offered for the best of the twelve regular classes by Elbridge Gerry Snow and silver money prizes by Mrs. James Gardner Rossman for the second best. Nearly 150 unclassified special prizes have also been offered.

The National Maltese Dog Club was organized only last May, but since that time has met with encouraging success in bringing together fanciers and owners in the various parts of the country.

REACH SEMI-FINALS IN SQUASH TOURNEY

Hyde, Appel, Onatavia, and Riley Survive in Competition for Fall Honors.

Play in the annual Fall squash tournament advanced to the semi-final round at the Squash Club yesterday. Those who came through to the advanced brackets were Fillmore van S. Hyde of the Harvard Club, J. W. Appel of the Harvard Club, J. Onatavia of the Harvard Club, and A. W. Riley of the Squash Club. This leaves four of the strongest players in the metropolitan district to strive for the honors. When the semi-final round is played today Riley and Appel will be the contestants in the upper half of the draw and in the lower half Hyde will pit his strength against Onatavia.

In yesterday's competition there were two keenly waged matches. Probably the best contested, even though the score was onesided, was the match between Riley and Sterling Martin of the Greenwich Field Club. Riley displayed a well-balanced game which rose to real heights of brilliancy at times, and Martin, although he was putting forth a fine bit of play, was forced to bow in defeat to a score of 15—5, 15—6.

Onatavia made his advance at the expense of A. Baxter of the Crescent A. C., the score in this contest being 15—12, 15—11. Hyde met with little opposition from R. C. Coburn of the Harvard Club after the first game. Hyde was pressed to a 15—11 score in the opening clash, but after then swept with the full power of his finished play at his command and romped away with the final game at 15—1. Appel got into the semi-final round without even having to play for the bracket. His opponent, G. W. Mead of the Squash Club, defaulted to his Harvard Club rival.

With Hyde, Riley, Onatavia, and Appel in the round which will be played today, two stirring matches are anticipated, and there was considerable speculation as to the outcome among the squash tennis enthusiasts yesterday. The fact that none of the players has had much competitive experience thus far this season lends an element of even greater uncertainty than would ordinarily prevail.

MANY NAMED FOR MARATHON

Annual Yonkers Event Will Be Held on Thanksgiving Day.

Despite the unusual circumstances under which the event will be run in comparison with those of former years, the officials of the Mercury A. C. of Yonkers are enthusiastic over the large number of entries received for the annual Yonkers Marathon. This race, being held for the tenth year, will be run through the streets and roads of Yonkers on Thanksgiving Day.

The war will make itself felt on the event this year through lack of entries which have in the past given the race more than ordinary import. Among the absentees will be Sidney Hatch, the Chicago distance runner, who is now in some branch of the service. Entries of athletes from Canada will also be markedly absent this year, especially so since the long-distance runners of Canada in the past have made it a point of coming down annually for the race.

Up to yesterday a total of twenty-eight athletes had sent in their names to start in the event, and it is expected that before the entry lists are closed this number will be increased to thirty-five. Following is a list of those whose entries have been received:

B. Moore, unattached; S. Silverstein, Glencoe A. C.; L. Rado, unattached; F. Gillespie, Chicago; D. Dunn, Walkers Club of America; Roy Malary, Mohawk A. C.; Michael J. Dwyer, Mohawk A. C.; William Boak, Mohawk A. C.; W. Franz, Mohawk A. C.; James Brooks, unattached; C. J. Jordan, unattached; O. S. Weeks, Hollywood Inn A. A.; A. Hoffman, Glencoe A. C.; R. Hug, Ozanam Association No. 3; Charles J. Murphy, St. John's Club; George Kirkwood, Paulist A. C.; M. Seinfeld, Kings County A. A.; J. Silverdollar, Glencoe A. C.; I. Berjensky, unattached; James W. Hocking, Walkers Club of America; T. Ruffino, Ozanam Association No. 3; A. J. Bodlas, Jersey Harriers A. A.; A. A. Ince, Jersey Harriers A. A.; S. Arniotlo, Millrose A. A.; George Efante, Greek-American A. C.; P. Trivoulidas, unattached; P. I. Abhil, Pastime A. C., and F. Deatato, Italian-American A. C., Schenectady.

ATHLETES TO BE OFFICERS.

Higgins and Kelly Among Those Recommended for Commissions.

A number of athletes well known to local followers of track and field sports were included in the recent list of those recommended for commissions from the Officers' Training Camp at Plattsburg. Prominent among these are Joe Higgins and Andy B. Kelly, both of whom gained athletic prominence as wearers of the emblem of Holy Cross College. Both are New York products and had enviable reputations in the athletic world. They have been recommended for commissions as First Lieutenants.

Higgins's best local performance before entering the service was his victory in the 1,000 yard event at the last Metropolitan A. A. U. championships indoors. He was also the New England champion at this distance while he was attending Holy Cross. Kelly captured the senior national A. A. U. indoor championship title last March, and in doing so set a new record for the event. He, too, while attending Holy Cross College was New England champion at this, his favorite distance.

Others who have been recommended for commissions are James Stacey Sullivan, as Second Lieutenant, and Charles Reinerth, as First Lieutenant. Sullivan is the son of the late James E. Sullivan, recognized during his connection in the late years of his life with the A. A. U. as the foremost figure in that association. Reinerth formerly competed locally for the Long Island A. C. and was a creditable middle distance runner who occasionally took a fling at going over the hurdles. He performed with varying success.

RHODE ISLAND Y. C. ELECTS.

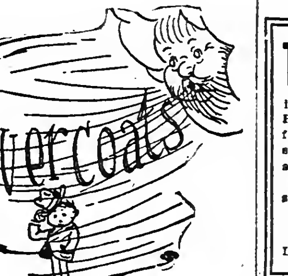
William B. Streeter Again Named to Serve as Commodore.

The Rhode Island Yacht Club has again selected William B. Streeter to serve as Commodore of the organization. Mr. Streeter has twice previously been elected to that office for terms of one year each. In the discussion of plans for next season at the annual meeting it was advocated that any work during the Winter should be directed toward the promotion of sailing races.

The associates of Mr. Streeter on the official board of the organization and the committees for the ensuing year are as follows: Vice Commodore—Louis D. Pierce; Rear Commodore—George G. Wheeler; Secretary and Treasurer—F. A. Barnes; Measurer—Scott C. Burlingame; House Committee—Fred L. Davenport, Edward C. Stickney and Ernest Cordin; Social Committee—Crawford Allen and Richard E. Wildprett; Sub-Station Committee—George F. Brownell; Race Committee—Bradbury L. Barnes; Directors-at-large—William H. Draper and Charles A. Stone; Delegates to Narraganset Bay Yacht Racing Association—Bradbury L. Barnes, Richard P. Jenks and William B. Streeter.

Clubs Raise Service Flags.

Officials of the Morningside A. C. and Brooklyn A. A. yesterday hung out their service flags after short ceremonies. The Morningside flag shows thirty-five stars, one for each athlete from the club who has entered the service, while that of the Brooklyn organization shows twenty-nine stars. This is 50 per cent. of the membership of the Brooklyn A. A. The flag was presented to the club by Sheriff-elect Daniel J. Griffen of Brooklyn.



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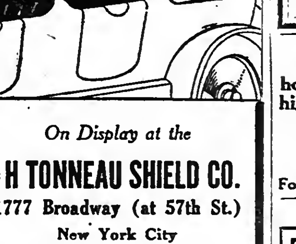

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is now open; first-class American Plan Hotel with many attractive features, including the recently installed Hydrotherapy Baths for men and women.
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THE CAMBRIDGE.
A select modern hotel; rooms with bath; single or en suite; 6th and Monmouth Avs., Lakewood, N. J. Sig. Fleishmann.

Brown Villa, 603 Monmouth Av., Lakewood, N. J., large airy rooms, sun parlors, near church, lake, pines; excellent table. Mrs. C. Brown.

GRAND UNION, Lakewood, N. J.—Homelike, cheerful surroundings; attractions nearby; superior table; reasonable; booklet. L. TIEDEMAN.

THE ARDMORE Lakewood, N. J.—Convenient to attractions; cozy, homelike; superior table; moderate rates. J. P. CONOVER.

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U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 100 cases of Tomato Pulp. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on December 8, 1917, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated November 20, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.—I WILL SELL at public auction on Friday, November 30th, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, 1,930 logs of Lignum Vitae. Said logs to be sold on the pier, foot of West 131st Street, New York City, N. Y., where they can now be seen and inspected.
Dated New York, November 23d, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, BRONX COUNTY.—In the matter of the general assignment for the benefit of creditors of GEORGE A. KENAS to BENJAMIN MEYERS, Assignee. Morris Jaffe, auctioneer, sells Friday, Nov. 30, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., by order of the Court, at 3,970 3d Av., Borough of Bronx, assets of above named, consisting of a large assorted stock of groceries, &c.
BENJAMIN MEYERS, Assignee.
LEON DASHEW,
Attorney for Assignee,
320 Broadway, N. Y. City.

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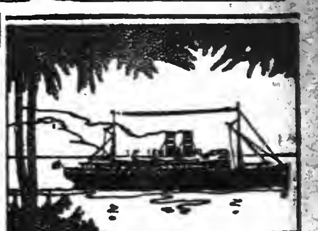

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NEW LONDON (NORWICH) LINE. Str. lvs. Pier 40, N. R., Houston St., wk. days, 5:30 P. M. Lvs. Pier 70, E. R., E. 22nd St., 6 P. M.
NEW HAVEN LINE. Str. lvs. Pier 28, E. R., near Catharine St., wk. days, 2 P. M. Lv. Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22nd St., 3:15 P. M.
CATSKILL EVENING LINE. Freight Steamers in Operation. Telephone Spring 1667.
HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Discontinued for the Season.

EXCESS PROFITS

Our Statistical Department has made a compilation showing the effect of the new Excess Profits Tax on various industrial companies, which will be sent to investors on request.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Undergo Wide Fluctuations on Limited Dealings—Puzzling Railroad Situation.

Prices moved in a very irregular manner yesterday, with only a moderate turnover in stocks. The close saw advances running up to 4 or 5 points in a number of issues, most of them the less active industrials, but with declines of equal size in other shares. The rails were no more active, despite the highly important developments under way in the transportation situation, and the Street reflected its inability to measure the effect on them of the new conditions by fractional price changes.

What is to come out of the initial steps for the pooling of railway facilities is not clear even to the railway executives who are at work on the problem, but changes of far-reaching importance are likely to be decided upon within the next thirty days. The situation is one that may very likely call for a complete overturning of all settled ideas as to the essentially competitive nature of railroad service. Already a start has been made in this direction by throwing the Western Maryland into a three-track system with the Baltimore & Ohio's parallel line. The executives believe that it will be necessary before the Winter is far advanced to route freight and passengers without regard to the effect of changes on the earnings of the roads concerned. This will inevitably lead to some kind of a pooling arrangement for earnings as well. It may become necessary for certain roads to give up their best passenger trains because such service competes with equally good trains over another line, and for others to refuse some classes of freight in order to keep their cars free to handle other offerings. Whether such a pooling arrangement can be made or would be advisable for the whole country it is too early to say, but leading officials are convinced that it must be adopted at an early date for the Eastern lines. A proposal is put forward in some quarters that the Government adopt a plan somewhat along the lines of that followed in Great Britain, guaranteeing to the roads the same earnings reported before the war in return for their surrender of all rights over control of their traffic. In the light of the new problem the Street has almost lost interest in the forthcoming freight decision, which is looked for soon after the first of next month.

Throwing all the mileage and rolling stock of the carriers into one great system would put off for some time the imperative necessity for financing which some of the weaker companies now face by relieving them of pressure in some directions, while supplying them with cars for freight allotted to them under the new scheme. The great difficulty of evolving a method under which the Federal Government can finance the carriers lies in the fact that it is the weaker roads which need aid, and they are the companies which have not the collateral which would be required to cover advances. The transportation managers are being summoned to Washington for a series of meetings which may be productive of a solution of the existing difficulties, provided that Congress can be induced to authorize the necessary enabling legislation. Under Government regulation the idea that there must be keen competition among the railroads is being outgrown.

LONDON TRADING IS ACTIVE.

War News Stimulates Transactions on the Stock Exchange.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—The war news stimulated business in most directions on the Stock Exchange today, and the market commenced the week distinctly strong and cheerful, oil, shipping, and Peruvian shares leading the improvement. Argentine rails were buoyant on the proposed purchase of Argentine grain by the Allies; gilt-edged securities were benefited by an accumulation of week-end orders and the prospects of the reinvestment of dividends at the end of the month. American securities were quiet.

Money was in increased request. Discount rates were quiet.

Trading Active on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Trading was active on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 59 francs 75 centimes for cash. Exchange on London (unofficial) 27 francs 25¼ centimes. Five per cent. loan 87 francs 80 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	3½	Last	3½
Low	3	Renewals	3½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATERAL.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5¼@5½	Sixty days	5¾@6
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5¾@6
Four months	5½@5¾	Four months	5¾@6
Five months	5½@5¾	Five months	5¾@6
Six months	5½@5¾	Six months	5¾@6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ..... 3¾@3½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 3¾@3⅞
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 4⅜@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.
30 to 90 days 5
4 to 6 months ..... 5¼@5½
Other Names.
4 to 6 months 5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—Demand	$4.75 7/16	$4.75 7/16	$4.75 7/16	..
Cables	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	..
Francs—Demand	5.74⅝	5.74⅝	5.74⅝	—.00⅝
Cables	5.72¼	5.72¼	5.72¼	—.00½
Rubles—Demand	13.10	13.10	13.10	—.45
Cables	13.35	13.35	13.35	—.45

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75 7/16	$4.76 7/16
5.1826	Paris	5.74⅝	5.72¼
	China—Hongkong	71.00	71.25
	Peking	107.00	107.25
	Shanghai	100.00	100.25
19.295	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.19	Holland	44.00	44.50
32.44	India—Bombay	34.50	34.75
	Calcutta	34.50	34.75
5.1823	Italy	8.70	8.69
49.84	Japan—Kobe	52.00	52.25
	Yokohama	52.00	52.25
50.00	Philippine Islands—Manila	50.125	50.25
51.50	Russia	13.10	13.35
26.79	Scandinavia—Stockholm	36.00%	37.00%
	Copenhagen	33.50	34.00
	Christiania	34.00	34.50
19.295	Spain	23.65	23.72
	South America—Rio	26.22	26.32
32.42			
42.44	Buenos Aires	46.71	46.81
5.1826	Switzerland	4.36	4.33

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71½	$4.69¾	$4.70½	$4.68½

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $407,171,594; balance, $48,043,315; Sub Treasury debit balance, $6,914,239; Federal Reserve credit balance, $37,392,951.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .3125 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 42⅝d, off 3-16d; in New York, 84¼c, off ⅝c; Mexican dollars, 64½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$10,241,594	$70,798,814
Ord. internal rev.	70,412,651	256,815,017
Income tax	6,015,675	31,757,031
Miscellaneous	36,273,260	86,981,530
Total receipts	$122,943,184	$446,351,394
Exc. of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	305,962,640	1,286,442,627
Exc. of total disb. over total receipts	312,996,331	706,224,039
Expenditures	439,906,334	1,732,709,021

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, NOV. 26, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	441,126	1,278,553	463,477
Year to date	170,537,883	200,826,619	159,263,511

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
70	80	60	Adams Express	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	...
2½	2¾	1,100	Alaska Gold Mines	2½	2¼	2	2¼	...
2⅝	3	400	Alaska Juneau	2⅞	3	2⅞	3	...
18½	18¾	800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	18½	18¾	18½	18¾	+¼
78	82	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	78	78	78	78	...
74½	75	300	Am. Beet Sugar	74¾	75	74¾	75	+1
37	37¼	14,500	Am. Can	36¾	37½	36¾	37¼	+¾
95	97	200	Am. Can pf.	96	96	96	96	+3
65⅞	66	1,000	Am. Car & Fdry	64⅞	66⅛	64⅞	66¼	+1
25	25½	700	Am. Cotton Oil	24½	25¼	24½	25¼	+¼
58	59	200	Am. H. & Leath. pf.	58¼	58¼	58	58	−¼
58	59	54	Do., odd lot	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	...
10⅝	11	100	Am. Ice	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	−¼
39	40	400	Am. Ice pf.	38⅞	39	38⅞	39	...
55	55½	100	Am. International	56	56	56	56	+2
25⅝	25¾	1,500	Am. Linseed	25⅜	26¼	25⅜	25⅞	...
55¼	55½	2,800	Am. Locomotive	55	56	54½	55½	+1
12	14	600	Am. Malting	15	15	15	15	+3
55	58	400	Am. Malting 1st pf.	58¼	58¼	57⅞	57⅞	+¼
55	58	55	Do., odd lot	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	...
77¼	77½	4,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	76½	77¾	76	77⅞	+1⅜
102½	103½	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	103½	103½	103	103	−½
91	92	100	Am. Shipbuilding	91	91	91	91	+3
57	57¼	900	Am. Steel F'dries	56⅞	57½	56¼	57¼	+1¼
98½	99	600	Am. Sugar Ref.	98	99	97⅞	99	−⅛
58¼	58½	2,500	Am. Sumatra Tob.	58	58⅞	58	58¾	...
108	108½	1,900	Am. Tel. & Tel.	109½	109½	107⅞	107⅞	−1⅝
171	172½	500	Am. Tobacco	172⅞	172⅞	172	172	−1
43½	44	100	Am. Woolen	43	43	43	43	−½
88	95	100	Am. Woolen pf.	88¼	88¼	88¼	88¼	...
26½	31	100	Am. Writing P. pf.	25	25	25	25	+½
58⅝	59	3,500	Anaconda Copper	58¼	59¼	58	58⅞	+⅝
85	85½	1,400	Atch., Top. & S. F.	86¼	86¼	85	85	−1½
82½	83¼	800	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼	−¼
8½	9	100	At., Birm. & At.	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	+¼
94½	95⅞	200	Atlantic Coast Line	96	96	96	96	...
90	100	3,600	At., Gulf & West I.	90⅞	100⅞	99½	99½	...
55¾	56	8,400	Baldwin Loco	54⅝	57	54	55⅝	+⅝
51⅞	52	1,200	Baltimore & Ohio	52⅛	52⅛	51⅞	52⅛	...
58⅞	60	600	Baltimore & O. pf.	59	59	59	59	−1
91	92	100	Barrett Co	91½	91½	91½	91½	...
1	1¼	100	Batopilas Mining	1	1	1	1	...
82¼	82⅝	24,200	Beth. Steel cl. B t.o.	82	83¼	81½	82⅝	+1⅝
97½	98	1,300	Beth. S. pf.sub.r.f.p.	98⅛	98½	98	98	...
45¼	46½	2,200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	44⅝	46	44⅝	46	+2¼
6	7¼	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+⅝
115¼	116	2,900	Burns Brothers	114	116	114	115⅞	+2¼
17¼	17⅝	300	Butte & Superior	17½	17⅝	17½	17⅝	...
13¼	13½	200	California Petrol	13	13⅜	13	13⅜	+⅜
37½	38⅝	100	California Pet. pf	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼	+¼
135½	136	6,400	Canadian Pacific	136⅜	136⅜	135½	135⅞	−1
30½	31	100	Central Foundry	31½	31½	31½	31½	+½
41½	42¼	200	Central Foundry pf	41½	41½	41½	41½	−1
67½	67⅞	9,100	Central Leather Co	66⅞	68¼	66⅞	67½	+1⅜
99	101⅞	200	Central Leather pf	101½	101½	101	101	+2
78	78	200	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	78	78	78	78	...
30¼	30⅝	200	Cerro de Pasco	30¼	30¼	30	30	−½
64	64¼	300	Chandler Motor	64	64	64	64	−⅞
47½	48¼	1,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	48½	48⅝	47⅞	47⅞	−⅝
37½	38	2,200	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	37½	38	37	37½	...
74	75	900	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	75	75⅜	74⅞	74⅞	−⅜
95	96	1,000	Chi. & Northwest	95¼	95½	95	95	−¼
18⅜	18⅝	2,100	Chi., R. I. & P. t.c.	18⅜	19	18¼	18⅝	+⅛
52	52¾	100	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c.	52½	52½	52½	52½	+½
43¼	43¾	500	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	42⅞	43	42½	43	...
15⅞	16¼	2,250	Chile Copper	15⅞	16⅛	15⅝	16	+⅛
42	42½	400	Chino Copper	41⅞	42½	41⅞	42⅝	+¾
36	36½	800	Col. Fuel & Iron	36	36¼	36	36	+½
32	32¼	1,000	Columbia Gas & El.	31¾	32¼	31¾	32	+½
22	30	100	Comput. Tab Rec.	28	28	28	28	...
85	86	100	Consolidated Gas	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛	−1
90	95½	600	Continental Can	96	96	94	95	−½
29⅝	29¾	5,700	Corn Products Ref.	30	30⅛	29⅞	29⅞	+⅛
90¼	91½	100	Corn Prod Ref. pf.	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	−⅜
56	56½	5,500	Crucible Steel	56⅞	57	55	56	+¼
29½	29⅝	3,500	Cuba Cane Sugar	30	30¼	29½	30	+⅝
78½	78⅞	200	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞	...
96	96½	700	Deere & Co. pf.	96	96	96	96	...
94½	95	2,400	Del. & Hudson	93½	95	93½	94½	+1¼
187	192	200	Del., Lack. & West.	190½	192	190½	192	+2
12½	14	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	12½	12½	12½	12½	−⅝
86½	86⅝	1,200	Distillers' Secur.	86¼	87	86¼	86½	+¼
6⅝	6¾	1,771	Dome Mines	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	−¼
15	15½	1,800	Erie	14⅞	15⅛	14⅞	15	+½
23	23¼	1,500	Erie 1st pf.	23	23¼	23	23	...
12	14	100	Federal M. & S.	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	+1¼
33½	36	200	Gaston, W. & W.	33½	33½	33½	33½	−2⅜
128	128¼	12,400	General Electric	129	129	126⅞	128⅛	−1¼
91¼	92	5,700	General Motors	92	92¼	90¼	91½	−1⅝
36	36½	200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	36	36	36	36	−½
91½	92	300	Great Northern pf.	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	−¼
27⅛	27½	1,600	G. N. ctfs. for o. p.	27⅛	27⅛	27	27⅛	...
87½	90	100	Gulf States Steel	89	89	89	89	+2
28¼	30	200	Haskell & Barker	28¾	28⅞	28⅝	28⅞	+⅝
44	44½	1,100	Inspiration Copper	43¾	44¼	43¾	44	+¼
7¼	7⅜	300	Interboro Consol	7¼	7½	7¼	7¼	...
45½	46	100	Interboro Con. pf.	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	+⅝
38	40	500	Int. Agricultural pf.	37½	38	37½	38	..
..	..	50	Do., odd lot	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	...
52	54	100	Int. Harvester Corp.	53	53	53	53	−1⅜
25⅞	26	7,800	Int. Mer. Marine	26	26⅜	25⅝	25⅞	−⅛
97½	97⅝	40,100	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	96⅞	99¼	96⅞	97¼	+1½
27¼	27½	1,400	Int. Nickel	26⅞	27⅞	26⅞	27⅞	+½
27⅛	27½	9,300	Int. Paper	24	27½	24	27⅛	+4
75	95	100	Int. Paper pf.	75	75	75	75	−19⅝
59	61	930	Int. Paper pf. sta.	58	58¾	57½	58⅝	+2⅝
17½	18⅛	1,100	Kansas City South.	17⅞	18¼	17⅞	18⅛	+¾
..	..	100	Kayser (J.) & Co.	100	100	100	100	+5
33⅜	35⅝	900	Kennecott Copper	33⅝	33¾	33⅝	33¾	+⅝
81	82	8,100	Lackawanna Steel	81⅝	82⅛	81⅛	81⅞	+¾
55	55½	200	Lehigh Valley	55⅞	55⅞	55	55	...
101½	102	480	Liggett & Myers pf.	101⅞	101⅞	101	101	+¼
75	80	500	Mackay Cos.	80¼	80¼	79⅜	79⅞	+9⅜
63	65½	500	Mackay Cos. pf.	63	65	63	65	+7
14	15	100	Max. Motors 2d pf.	14½	14½	14½	14½	−1⅜
81½	81¾	6,200	Mexican Petroleum	79½	81½	78⅞	81½	+2½
28½	28⅝	200	Miami Copper	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	−⅛
44½	44¾	2,900	Midvale Steel	44⅝	45	44	44½	−¼
9½	10½	100	Minn. & St. L. new	10	10	10	10	+½
23⅝	24¼	1,000	Missouri Pacific	23½	24¼	23½	24¼	+½
88	95	100	Nat. Biscuit Co.	90	90	90	90	+8
105	107½	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	107	107	107	107	...
24½	25	5,500	Nat. Cond. & Cable	24½	25⅝	24½	24½	+½
38½	38⅞	1,800	Nat. Enam. & St.	37⅞	38⅝	37⅞	38⅝	+1
17½	17½	300	Nevada Con. Cop.	17½	17⅝	17½	17½	...
111	111¾	100	N. Y. Air Brake	110	110	110	110	−1½
70½	70⅝	800	N. Y. Central	71	71	70½	70⅝	−¼
28	28½	1,776	N. Y., N. H. & H.	27⅞	28¾	27⅞	28½	+⅝
19⅞	20	200	N. Y., Ont. & West.	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	+¾
104½	105½	200	Norfolk & Western	105	105	105	105	−1
86¼	86¾	1,600	Northern Pacific	87⅛	87½	85¾	86½	−⅝
65	66	200	Nova Scotia S. & C.	66	66	66	66	+1
36⅝	36¾	2,400	Ohio Cities Gas	36	36⅞	35¾	36¾	+1
60	64½	200	Owens Bottle Mach.	64⅜	64⅜	64¼	64¼	−2⅜
47	47⅜	3,300	Penn. R. R.	47⅛	47⅛	46⅞	47⅛	−½
38⅞	39½	100	People's Gas, Chi.	39½	39½	39½	39½	−¼
14	15	100	Pere Marquette	25½	25½	25½	25½	+1¼
25	..	100	Pettibone, M. & Co.	25½	25½	25½	25½	+½
27½	28½	100	Philadelphia Co.	27½	27½	27½	27½	−⅝
32	36	100	Pierce-Arrow	32	32	32	32	+1
44	45	800	Pittsburgh Coal	45⅛	45⅝	45	45	−1¼
23	23½	400	Pitts. & West Va.	23	23½	23	23½	+¼
56	57	300	Pressed Steel Car	56	56⅝	56	56⅝	+¾
125	127	1,400	Pullman Co.	126	126	123½	125	−2
½	⅝	100	Quicksilver	½	½	½	½	...
⅝	½	300	Quicksilver pf.	½	½	½	½	−⅛
44	45	500	Railway Steel Sp.	44⅝	44¾	44½	44¾	−¼
22½	22⅝	500	Ray Con. Copper	22⅝	22⅝	22¼	22⅝	−⅛
71¼	71⅜	5,400	Reading	71½	72⅜	70⅝	71½	+⅜
79⅝	79¾	20,300	Rep. Iron & Steel	79	80⅝	78⅜	79⅝	+1¼
95	96	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	94⅞	95	94⅞	95	+1
69½	70½	400	Royal Dutch t r	69	70½	69	70½	+½
24	26	400	St. Louis Southw.	25⅞	25⅞	24½	24½	−1¼
5	5¼	100	Saxon Motor	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	...
8⅝	9	600	Seaboard Air Line	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8⅝	−¼
19	19½	400	Seab. Air Line pf.	19½	19½	19½	19½	...
140	142½	100	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	143	143	143	143	+2
19½	20	800	Shattuck-Arizona	19	19½	19	19½	−⅜
30¾	31⅜	500	Sinclair Oil & Ref.	31	31⅜	30⅞	31⅜	+½
39	39¼	600	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	39¼	39¼	39	39¼	+¼
83½	83¾	800	Southern Pacific	83⅝	83⅞	83½	83½	+¼
24⅞	25¼	900	Southern Railway	24⅞	25¼	24⅞	24⅞	...
57⅝	57½	200	Southern Ry. pf.	58	58	58	58	+½
40⅝	40⅞	8,100	Studebaker Co.	40⅝	41	40	40⅝	+⅝
36	37¼	2,000	Superior Steel	37¼	37⅜	36	36	−1
12⅜	12⅝	400	Tenn. C. & C.	12⅝	12½	12⅜	12½	−⅛
144½	145	2,500	Texas Co.	142	146	142	144½	+1¼
17	18½	100	Third Avenue	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	+1¼
53	53¾	10,300	Tobacco Products	52	53½	51⅝	53¼	+2
115⅞	116¼	2,200	Union Pacific	116¼	116½	115⅞	116	+⅝
36⅝	37½	100	United Alloy Steel	37	37	37	37	...
92½	93	6,300	United Cigar Stores	91¼	93	91	92⅝	+2¼
108½	119	100	United Fruit	117⅞	117⅞	117⅞	117⅞	−⅛
6½	7	200	United Rys. Invest.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	−⅛
113½	114½	100	U. S. Indus. Alco.	113	113	113	113	+⅝
91	96	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf.	93	93	93	93	−2
12½	15	300	U. S. R. & Imp. Co.	11½	14½	11½	14½	+4½
51½	51⅝	200	U. S. Rubber	51⅜	51⅝	51½	51⅝	+⅝
97	98	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	97	97	97	97	+1
45½	46½	200	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	45½	46	45½	46	+⅛
98½	98⅝	103,100	U. S. Steel	97½	99⅛	96⅞	98⅝	+1⅜
109¼	109¾	1,100	U. S. Steel pf.	109	109½	109	109½	...
78½	79	600	Utah Copper	78	79	78	79	+⅜
82	83	800	Va.-Car. Chemical	81⅝	83	81⅝	83	+2¼
41½	41⅞	800	Wabash pf. A	41⅝	41⅞	41½	41⅞	+½
21¼	21½	200	Wabash pf. B	21½	21½	21¼	21½	−¼
14¼	14½	1,400	Western Maryland	14¼	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝	+⅜
25⅝	26½	300	Western Md. 2d pf.	25⅝	26	25⅝	26	+½
83	83½	600	Western Union Tel.	83¼	83⅜	83	83	−⅛
38⅜	39	3,100	Westingh. E. & M.	39	39⅜	38⅜	38⅝	−¼
10⅛	10¼	600	Wheeling & L. E.	10	10⅛	10	10⅛	−¼
45½	47	1,400	Wilson & Co.	46	46	45⅛	45½	−1
19¼	19⅜	3,900	Willys-Overland	19⅝	19⅝	19	19⅝	+¼
110	110½	400	Woolw., (F.W.) Co.	111	111	110	110	−⅝
34¼	35	500	Worthington Pump	32½	33¼	32½	33¼	+1¼
55½	57	100	Worth. Pump pf. B	55	55	55	55	+1

FINANCIAL OPERATIONS OF THE CITY.

Chamberlain's Statement, Nov. 24, 1917.

CITY TREASURY.

Balance Nov. 17			$10,997,072.88	
Receipts—Revenues	$6,458,436.89			
Miscellaneous	40,359.05			
Loans: Corp. stock notes	$1,550,000.00			
Special revenue bonds	1,010,000.00			
Tax notes	250,000.00			
Assessment bonds	250,000.00			
		3,060,000.00		
			9,553,795.94	
			$20,550,868.82	
Payments—General administration		$2,151,667.58		
Repayment of temporary loans: Revenue bonds and bills		2,000.00		
Redemption of city debt		26,720.00		
Interest on city debt		7,561.64		
			2,187,949.22	
Balance Nov. 24				$18,362,419.60

SINKING FUNDS.

Balance uninvested Nov. 17	$8,469,903.41	
Receipts	374,324.36	
	$8,844,227.77	
Payments	3,891,858.90	
Balance uninvested Nov. 24		4,952,368.87
Aggregate balance Nov. 24		$23,320,788.47

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	59.26	58.78	59.03	+.03
25 industrials	72.54	71.29	72.32	+.75
50 stocks	65.90	65.08	65.67	+.39

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 26	65.90	65.08	65.67	+.39
Nov. 24	65.81	65.13	65.28	−.51
Nov. 23	66.16	64.91	65.79	+.70
Nov. 22	65.86	64.85	65.39	−.31
Nov. 21	65.89	64.39	65.40	+.65
Nov. 20	65.18	63.81	64.75	+.98
Nov. 19	63.89	62.77	63.77	+1.02

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Nov.	High.		Low.		Last.
1917	66.16	Nov. 23	60.42	Nov. 8	65.67
1916	101.61	Nov. 20	97.77	Nov. 1	97.55
1915	93.51	Nov. 1	85.76	Nov. 10	90.39
1914	Exchange closed.				
1913	67.80	Nov. 1	65.50	Nov. 10	66.51
1912	84.12	Nov. 7	81.10	Nov. 12	82.37
1911	76.98	Nov. 24	74.14	Nov. 1	77.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	90.46	Jan. 4	60.42	Nov. 8	65.67
†1916	101.51	Nov. 20	90.91	Sep. 22	98.61
Full Years.					
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80	Jan. 31	67.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.06
1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Nov. 26...77.44	+.13	Nov. 23...77.15	+.02
Nov. 24...77.31	+.16	Nov. 16...76.89	−.16
Nov. 22...77.13	+.07	Nov. 15...77.05	−.06
Nov. 21...77.06	+.19	Nov. 14...77.11	−.20
Nov. 20...76.87	+.14	Nov. 13...77.31	−.09
Nov. 19...76.73	+.01	Nov. 12...77.40	−..
Nov. 17...76.72	−.18	Nov. 10...77.40	−.03

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	88.48	Jan. 26	76.72	Nov. 17	77.44
†1916	89.17	Nov. 25	86.19	Apr. 23	89.18
Full Years.					
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 23	88.64
1915	87.62	Nov. 24	81.51	Jan. 2	86.07
1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Almost All Settled.

The spirit with which the old order of handling railroad business is being relegated to the scrap heap of obsolete customs has allowed little opportunity for the consideration of the rights of the holders of railroad stocks. Those men at Washington who have been adopting the most radical suggestions offered to produce a greater stream of necessary commodities have so far said nothing about the effect of their plans upon net earnings. The situation recalled to the mind of a prominent railroad President yesterday an experience of his many years ago when he occupied a less important position on a Western road. His company had sent a traffic man to Chicago to settle a vexing question of rates on a number of leading commodities. The traffic man became interested in a poker game at his hotel and for three days and nights was hardly away from the table except to snatch a few moments' sleep. When the game broke up he wired his home office: "Please send $300 for expenses. Everything fixed but the rates."

A Good Day for Coal.

In the old days, when that issue was a speculative favorite, Brooklyn Rapid Transit used to sell higher on Monday following a record crowd at the beaches on the day previous. American Ice had strong days when the thermometer made new high records. The icy blasts which brought the first hint of Winter may have turned traders' thoughts to the demand for coal which has sprung up in all parts of the city. At any rate, Burns Brothers stock sold up to 116 yesterday, closing with an advance of 2¼ points. The Street had been prepared for the advance by the circulation of reports of a forthcoming extra dividend.

Advance in Price of Oil for Export.

The Standard Oil Company of New York has advanced the price of kerosene for export one cent a gallon and the price of naphtha and gasoline in ten-gallon drums 7½ cents.

War Loans and the Banks.

The changes in the condition of banks brought about by their co-operation with the Government in financing the war are indicated in the reports that are being published in connection with the Controller's call. One of the most interesting thus far printed is that of the National Bank of Commerce, which shows a tremendous increase in deposits, its total for general and Government deposits being given as $562,566,000. The bank's investments in Liberty Loan bonds and in Treasury certificates of indebtedness amount to more than $217,000,000, which is in excess of four and a half times its capital, surplus, and undivided profits. The fact that the Commerce, along with the other institutions, is availing itself of the facilities of the Federal Reserve Bank is indicated by the item of $27,000,000 for "bills payable" at the Reserve Bank.

Record Prices for Cotton.

December cotton contracts crossed the thirty-cent level yesterday and sold up as high as 30½ cents, the highest price reached since the establishment of the New York Cotton Exchange. The top figure represented an advance of more than $4 a bale from Saturday's closing figure. The lowest price for December contracts this season was 13.77. The price of spot cotton yesterday also made a new high record by selling at 31¼, the highest figure recorded since 1869, when 35 cents a pound was paid. A month ago spot cotton in New York was quoted at 28.65 and a year ago at 20.45 cents. Yesterday's rise was not a surprise, for traders had predicted that the price for futures, as well as for spots, would go above 30 cents.

Aiming at the Shining Marks.

No other reason is needed for the slump which has taken place in a number of high-class issues than the fact that they have been selling at high prices. In a bear market the time comes when even the highest classes of stocks occupy untenable positions because of their limited field among buyers. Traders sell a stock quoted at $150 a share on the theory that the large holders will not care to add to their investment and that the bargain hunters will not be interested in an issue which calls for such a large outlay of capital, or wide margins if carried by the broker. The weakness in some of these stocks has been intensified by selling of fairly large blocks by wealthy men who are shifting part of their funds into tax exempt securities.

Bonus for Quicksilver Production.

The New Zealand Government has offered a bonus of 8 cents per pound for the first 100,000 pounds of retorted quicksilver that the mines in New Zealand produce, under the condition that at least one-half of the quantity is produced on or before March 31, 1920, and the remaining half before March 31, 1921. It is reported that there are several rich deposits in the Dominion, but that little has been done as yet for lack of sufficient capital.

Form of Notes Changed.

The syndicate which sold recently $25,000,000 of ninety-day 6 per cent. notes of the American Tobacco Company under a renewal agreement extending the final maturity for two years has rearranged the financing in view of the Federal Reserve Board's statement that the notes were "undesirable as investments for Federal Reserve Banks." It is understood that the notes will be subject to three, instead of seven, renewals, and that their form will be such as to make them available for rediscount. It appears that the bankers who have charge of the financing had consulted with officials of the local Federal Reserve Bank and had obtained an informal ruling regarding the notes, which was subsequently upset by the Reserve Board's public announcement. The bankers acted in good faith, and when they learned that the Tobacco notes would not be accepted for rediscount promptly advised the purchasers that they were prepared to take the notes back or to change the character of the securities sold.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, NOV. 26, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$3,483,000	$5,856,500	$4,012,000
Year to date	927,804,450	1,045,220,500	831,155,200

U S Liberty 3½s, int ctfs, f p: $12000 98.90; 26000 98.92; 4000 98.94; 1000 98.90; 10000 98.92; 5000 98.94; 5000 98.96; 2000 98.94; 2000 98.96; 28000 99; 38000 99.02; 5000 99.04; 13000 99; 16000 99.02; 32000 99; 4000 98.98; 6000 99; 4000 98.98; 2000 99; 30000 98.98; 1000 99; 15000 98.98; 3000 98.96; 20000 99; 53000 99.02; 49000 99; 5000 98.98; 1000 99.02; 2000 99; 3000 99.02; 23000 99; 1000 98.96; 1500 99; 118000 99.

U S Liberty 4s: 10000 97.92; 10000 97.90; 2000 97.88; 500 97.90; 48000 97.88; 8000 97.90; 2000 97.92; 19000 97.90; 34000 97.94; 3000 97.98; 21000 97.94; 1000 c. 98; 2000 97.96; 3000 97.98; 13000 97.94; 9000 97.96; 14000 97.98; 16000 97.96; 15000 97.98; 90000 97.96; 14000 97.98; 107000 97.96; 500 98.30; 25000 97.96; 1000 97.98; 2000 97.96; 137000 97.92; 26000 98; 30000 98.02; 1000 98; 65000 98.02; 4000 97.94; 20000 97.98; 5000 98; 12000 97.96; 27000 98; 2000 97.98; 1000 97.98; 150000 97.96; 2000 98; 301000 97.96; 8000 97.98; 5000 98; 1000 97.98; 20000 97.96; 21000 97.98; 25000 97.96; 6000 98.

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Am For Sec 5s: 2.....94¼; 1.....94⅛; 10.....94; 9.....93⅞; 6.....94.
Anglo-Fr 5s: 2.....94¼; 3.....94; 1.....90⅞; 2.....90⅞; 4.....90⅞.

3.....90¾; ½.....90⅝; 9.....90¾; 5.....90⅝; 7.....90½; 2.....90⅝; 12½.....90⅝; 1.....90⅝; 3.....90⅝.
CityofBord6s: 26.....83¼; 6.....83; 1.....82⅝.
CityofLyons6s: 12.....83⅛; 14.....83; 1.....82⅝.
CityofMars6s: 1.....83⅛; 4.....83; 1.....82⅝.
CityofParis6s: 7.....83⅛.
DomofCan5s, 1921: 8.....93. 1926: 4.....90½. 1931: 1.....90⅛; 2.....90½.
French Govt temp 5½s: 7.....94¼; 1.....94½; 3.....94¼; 13.....94⅛.
JapGovt4½s, stl ln, English stamp: 7.....87½. 2d Se., German stamp: 1.....75.
UnKingofGt Br & Ire 5s: 1.....97⅜; 68.....97⅛; 11.....97⅝. 5½s, 1918: 12.....99⅝. 5½s, 1919: 33.....96; 1.....96⅛; 22.....96; 12.....95⅞; 16.....95¾; 1.....95¾. new: 2.....98⅛; 15.....98⅛; 2.....98⅛; 14.....98⅛; 35.....98⅛; 1.....98⅛; 5.....98⅛. 5½s, 1921: 3.....92¼; 1.....92⅛; 7.....92¼; 67.....92¼.
NYCity4s,1958: 1.....89. 4½s,Nov,1957: 8.....98⅞. 1963: 2.....98¼.
AmHide&L6s: 2.....99.
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s: 10.....87; 1.....86⅝; 1.....86⅞.
AmT&Tcol 4s: 1.....82⅜; 1.....83. col tr 5s: 2.....93; 2.....93¼; 4.....93¼.
AmWrPap5s.

1.....79½.
AnnArbist4s: 1.....52.
Arm'r&Co4½s: 3.....84½.
A,T&SFgen4s: 18.....83⅛; 6.....83⅝. adjust4s,stpd: 3.....73¼; 10.....74.
AtlCstLlst4s: 3.....82½; 1.....83.
B&Oprlien3½s: 8.....87. gold 4s: 4.....79; 13.....80. conv 4½s: 3.....79⅜; 2.....79⅝. ref 5s: 10.....83.
Beth Steel pur money 5s: 1.....80; 4.....79.
BradenCopsf6s: 1.....89.
BRT5s,1918: 10.....93; 16.....92½.
CentLeath5s: 3.....95½.
CofNJgen5s: 2.....101⅞.
CentPacgtd4s: 1.....81.
C&Ogen4½s: 1.....74½. conv 5s: 7.....73⅝; 18.....74; 7.....74⅛; 2.....74; 1.....74½; 9.....74½. conv 4½s: 1.....70.
C,B&Qgen4s: 1.....82⅝; 4.....83. joint 4s: 5.....93⅝; 2.....93⅛.
ChiGtWestn4s: 3.....55½.
Chi,Mil&StP 4s, 1925: 7.....78. conv 4½s: 9.....72. ref 4½s: 1.....67¼; 6.....66½; 2.....66⅝; 2.....67.
C,RI&Pgen4s: 4.....75.
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s: 5.....62¼; 2.....62¼; 17.....62¼; 4.....62⅛; 8.....62⅛; 8.....62½.
C&WIcon4s: 19.....65.
ChileCopper7s: 6.....101⅛. 6s,rcts,partpd: 2.....78¼.
ColoIndust5s: 1.....76.
Col & So ref & ext 4½s: 6.....72½.
ConGascv6s: 1.....100⅜.
D & H cv 5s: 3.....93½.

1st&ref4s: 1.....85⅝.
D&RGcon4s: 3.....63.
DetURycon4½s: 2.....74.
Eriecv4s,SerD: 10.....44; 1.....44½. cv4s,SerB: 1.....40½.
GenElecdeb5s: 2.....97.
H&MadJinc5s: 1.....13.
IllCentref4s: 26.....80. 4s, 1953: 3.....73.
IllCent&Chi,St L&NOjt5s,A: 1.....92¼.
IndianaSteel5s: 2.....96¼.
Int-Met 4½s: 1.....55; 1.....55⅛; 5.....55½.
IRT1st&ref5s: 16.....82.
IntAgrCcoltr5s: 1.....71.
IntMerMarsf6s: 18.....92½; 72.....93; 4.....93⅛; 5.....93; 2.....93¼; 2.....92⅝.
Int Paper 6s: 6.....100.
L&Nunified4s: 1.....87.
Lou&N, StL Div 3s: 1.....59⅝.
MichStTel5s: 1.....86.
Midvale Steel col tr 5s: 1.....84.
Mo,K&Olst5s: 1.....58.
Mo,K&T1st4s: 5.....57.
MoPacgen4s: 9.....54¼; 1.....54¼; 38.....54¼; 3.....54⅛; 7.....54⅛.
MontPow5s,A: 1.....89.
NYCentdeb6s: 4.....93⅝; 1.....93½; 2.....93⅝; 5.....93¼; 10.....93⅛; 6.....94½. deb4s,1934: 10.....78. ref&imp4½s, Ser A: 1.....86⅛; 3.....87.
NY,NH&H non-cv deb 3½s, 1954: ½.....45.
NYRysadj5s: 12.....20.
N Y Tel 4½s: 1.....90; 4.....89⅞; 2.....89⅝.
Norf&Wcon4s: 15.....85¼.
PocC&C4s: 1.....85.
Nor Pac 4s: 1.....84.

OregSLlst6s: 1.....102½. gtd ref 4s: 10.....83½; 2.....84.
PacGas&El5s: 5.....81¼; 1.....81⅜.
Penn 4s, 1948: 4.....90.
PaRRcon4½s: 1.....99. gen 4½s: 1.....91¼; 28.....91⅜; 2.....91½.
PereMarlst5s: 7.....51½.
P,C,C&StL gtd 4½s, A: 1.....92; 3.....80.
Read gen 4s: 5.....85¾.
StL&SFprior lien4s,SerA: 1.....55½; 5.....55⅝; 2.....55½; 2.....55⅝; 2.....55½; 9.....55⅝. priorlien5s,B: 5.....71. adj 6s: 24.....59. income 6s: 10.....44½.
SALgol64s,stp: 5.....71¼. adj 5s: 2.....44½; 7.....44⅜; 1.....44; 2.....44½.
SinclairOil&R 1stsf7s,withw: 1.....92⅝.
So Pac cv 4s: 17.....76⅛. conv 5s: 1.....90. 1st ref 4s: 9.....79¼.
SouthnRy1st5s: 1.....92⅜. gen 4s: 1.....59⅝; 2.....58⅝; 10.....58⅝; 10.....58⅝; 3.....58⅝; 25.....58⅝.
TexasCodeb6s: 1.....98.
Ulster&Del5s: 1.....90.
Un Pac cv 4s: 1.....84⅝; 5.....84⅝. 1st&ref4s: 4.....78.
U S Rubber 1st&ref5s: 27.....76¼; 149.....76⅞.
USSteelCsf5s: 3.....99⅝; 8.....99¼; 5.....99⅜; 2.....99⅝.
VirgnRy1st5s: 2.....91¼.
Wabash1st5s: 1.....94.
WestnElec5s: 2.....97.
WUfd&re4½s: 4.....90.
Wilson & Co 1st 6s: 1.....95¼.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96½	..
2s, c, 1930	96½	..
3s, r, 1918	99	..
3s, c, 1918	99	..
3s, r, 1946	84	..
3s, c, 1946	85	..
4s, r, 1925	104	..
4s, c, 1925	104	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	96	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	80	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea 1st pf	80	82
Ad Rumely	8⅜	9
Do pf	20	21½
Alls & W	91⅝	..
Allis-Ch M pf	72	74¾
Am Ag Ch pf	91½	95
Am B N	30	37
Do pf	40	46
Am B Sug pf	89	92
Am B S & Fdy	..	97
Do pf	155	186
Am C & F pf	104½	109½
Am C pf	..	20
Am Coal	33	..
Am Cot O pf	70	80
Am Exp	80	90
Am H & L	13	13⅝
Am Lin pf	71½	72⅝
Am Lo pf	96	100
Am Sm pf A	83⅛	94⅝
Am Snuff	100⅝	103½
Do pf	..	95
Am Shipb pf	..	93½
Am Sug R pf	108	109
Am Sum T pf	75	85
Am T & C	54	60
Am Tob pf	90	98
Am Zinc	14	15
Do pf	42	47
Assets R	1	1⅝
Asso D G	5	12
Do 1st pf	47⅛	55½
Do 2d pf	36	54⅞
Assoc Oil	55⅝	57⅞
A, G & W I pf	60	62
Bald L pf	96	101
Barrett Co pf	98	100
Beth Steel	81	83
Do pf	85	90
B Un Gas	85	100
Brown Sh	63	67
Do pf	88⅛	100
B, R & P	70	89⅞
Do pf	100	..
Burns Bros pf	118	120
Bush Ter	..	100
But'k Co	10	10½
Cal Pack	35½	..
Cal & Ariz	64	66½
Can So	..	54
C, C & O	..	22
Do pf	..	50
C R R of N J	210	231
C & S A T	98	102
Chi & Alt	6	10
Do pf	10	20
Chi Gt W	7	7⅛
Do pf	20	21
C & N W pf	140½	145
Chi, St P, M & Om	70	80
Do pf	100	130
C, C, C & St L	26	28
Do pf	..	76
Cl & Pitts	..	83⅝
Clu-Peab	47½	53
Do pf	92	100
Col & So	19	22
Do 1st pf	46	48
Do 2d pf	40	50
Con G, B	96	100
Con I O M	11	12½
Cont C pf	87	110
Cont Ins	42	45
Crex Carp	38	45
Crip C C	..	32
Do pf	..	82
Cruc S pf	87	91½
C-Am Sug	140	160
Do pf	90	100
D & R G	5	9
Det Ed	104	109
Det U Ry	90	95
D, S S & A	2⅝	3½
Do pf	5⅛	7
Elec S B	50	51
Elk H Coal	21	25
Do pf	..	43
Erie 2d pf	17	18
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S pf ex d	33¼	34½
Fisher Bdy	20	34
Do pf	75	85
Gen Chem	165	175
Do pf	95	105
Gen Cigar	30	34
Do pf	90	100
Gen M pf	75	76
G'drich pf	93¼	94½
Granby Con	65⅝	66
Greene-Can	37½	38
Gulf S S 1st pf	100	102
Do 2d pf	82⅛	160
G, M & N	11	13
Do pf	30	43
Hartman	42	43
Homestake	95	99⅛
Ill Cent	94¼	95⅛
Int Agric	11	13¼
I H, N J	106	108
Do pf	109	118
Int H Cor pf	97	100
Int N pf	90	99
Int Salt	62	65
Iowa Cent	2	4
Isl C Coal	..	75
Jewel Tea	32	35
Do pf	90	95
K C, Ft S & M pf	..	68
Kan C So pf	46	49
Kelly S T	41	42
Do pf	75	85
Kelsey Wh	16	30
Do pf	70	85
K & D M	2⅜	7
Do pf	..	50
K'gs Co El L & P	96	100
Kress (S H)	46	55
Do pf	98	105⅝
Laci Gas	81	90
L E & W	9⅛	9⅞
Do pf	17	25
L R K T	11⅝	12½
Ligg & M	172	200
L Isl ctfs	34	35
L-W Bisc	13⅝	15
Do 1st pf	..	84
Do 2d pf	50	64
Lorill'd Co	170	185
Do pf	100	120
Louis & N	116⅝	118½
Mah O R	350	..
Man B'ch	⅜	4
Man Elec S	..	43
Do 1st pf	..	96⅝
Man Elev	99⅞	100
Max Mot	24⅛	24½
Do 1st pf	54	57½
May Dep S	47¼	51⅜
Do pf	90	103
Mich Cent	..	109
M, St P & S S M	80	84
Do pf	100	115
Do l l	60	70
M, K & T	4	5
Do pf	7½	8
Mou V Tr	..	18
Mon Pow	66	67
Do pf	95	..
Mor & Es	..	80
N, C & St L	116	122
Nat Acme	25¼	27
N C & S	58⅝	62½
Do pf	82	100
Nat En pf	93	100
Nat Lead	43⅛	46
Do pf	99	102
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	..	21
Do 2d pf	5	7
N O T & Mex	..	20
N Y C & St L	14	15
Do 1st pf	..	79
Do 2d pf	40	49
N Y Dock	12	15
Do pf	37	48
N Y, L & West	100	123
Norf South	21	22
Norf & Wn pf	75	80
North Am	45	47
N W Tel	..	60
Ont Mining	4½	4⅝
Owens B M pf	108	..
Pac Coast	43	50
Do 1st pf	68	90
Do 2d pf	58	80
Pac Mail	23½	25
Do pf	90	107
P T & Tel	16	19½
Do pf	..	85
Peo & E	4½	7
Pere M pr pf	48	55
Do pf	30	35
Pett-M 1st pf	90	98
PierceAr pf	89	95
P, C, C & St L	55	65
Pitts C pf	78	80
P, Ft W & C	..	150
Pitts S pf	85	94
P & W Va pf	57¼	59
Pond C C	17½	20
Pr Stl Car pf	93	99
P S, N J	107	110
Ry Stl Spr pf	90	93
Rdg 1st pf	34½	40
Do 2d pf	36	37¼
St L S F	15⅛	15⅛
Do pf	26	29
St L S W pf	33	34
Sav Arms	60	70
Sears-R pf	116	122
S-S S & I pf	90	100
So P R S	155	170
Do pf	100	108
St'd Mill	75	85
Do pf	79	82½
Studeb Co pf	..	95
Stutz Mtr	35⅝	36
Sup Stl 1st pf	96⅝	100
Tex Pac	12⅝	14⅝
T P L Tr	130	..
Tide W O	166	175
Tob P pf	88	90⅝
T, St L & West	..	10
Do ctfs	4	6
Do pf	5	15
Do pf c	8	15
Tran & W	36¼	40
T C R T	73	74
Do pf	100	125
Und Type	88	..
Do pf	110½	113⅞
U B & P	8⅛	10¼
Do new	60	70
Un P pf	70	74
Un Cig Sts pf	102¼	115
Un Drug	68¼	70
Do 1st pf	45	50
Do 2d pf	75	80
Un P'board	17½	20
U Rys Inv pf	13½	15
U S C I P	12	13
Do pf	46⅝	48
U S Exp	16	18
U S Sm pf	45	47½
Utah Sec	12	12⅝
Va-Car Ch pf	98¼	102
Va I C & Coke	52½	55
Wabash	8⅛	8½
W F Exp	75	78
West Pac	12⅝	13¼
Do pf	38	..
W E & M 1st pf	57	64
W & L E pf	20	22
White Mtr	36⅝	38
W-Over pf	68⅝	69½
W & Co pf	92	98
Wis Cent	36½	37¼
W'w'th (F W) pf	116	118
Wor Pump pf A	86	90

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	93⅝	94¼	8.60
Argen.Gv.dis.	6	Dec. 15,'17	99	100	6.00
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15,'20	90	93	9.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.00
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	98	99	7.00
City of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	94⅝	95	7.70
Fr'ch Gov.con.	5½	Apr., 1919	94	94½	9.20
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	90	96	7.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100	104	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	92	96	5.80
Russian Gov.	6½	July, 1919	58	61	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	48	50	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14,'26	112	115	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1918	99	99⅝	7.00
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99⅝	100¾	4.90

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	94	96½	6.50
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	99⅝	100	4.50
Am. Thread	4	Jan., 1919	96	96½	7.25
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	97	99⅝	6.25
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1918	99½	99⅝	5.65
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	96⅝	97½	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb.15,'19	97⅛	97½	6.85
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	92	93	..
C., B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	92⅝	93¼	6.15
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	97	97⅝	9.15
Canada Nor.	6	Sep. 2,'18	97	98⅛	7.80
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2,'24	97⅛	98⅛	6.25
Cub.-Am.Sug.	6	Apr., 1918	99⅝	100⅛	5.35
Curt. A. & M.	6	Serial	90	96	..
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	97	97⅞	5.95
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1,'18	96½	99⅛	5.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	89	91½	..
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	93	96	7.10
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	Dec., 1919	99	99⅞	6.40
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	July, 1920	99¼	99⅞	6.10
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	97⅝	97⅞	7.25
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	96	99	6.20
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97	97⅝	5.95
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	97⅝	98⅞	7.35
Int. Harvest.		Feb. 15,'18	99⅞	100¼	4.15
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July, 1918	95	98	8.15
K. C. Ter.Ry.	4½	Nov.16,'18	97	98⅝	5.30
K. C. Ter.Ry.	4½	July 19,'21	85	98	5.00
Mich. C. R.R.	5	May, 1918	99	99⅛	6.10
Louis.G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	88	98	11.00
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	98½	101	4.10
N. Y. C. R. R.	5	Sep. 15,'17	96	96⅝	6.80
N.Y.N.H.& H.	5	Apr.15,'18	87	88½	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	96¼	97⅛	5.25
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	97	99	..
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1,'19	90	91	..
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	95⅝	96⅝	7.15
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	99⅝	100	6.00
Utah Sec. Cor.		Sep. 15,'22	84	88	9.05
Win. R. Arms.	5	May, 1918	96	97½	..
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	97	98⅝	6.75
W. S. G. & E.	6	June, 1927	97	98	6.25
Win. E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15,'18	99	100	6.00

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian North.	1917-'28	4½@5	7.00	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1918-'23	4½	6.50	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.50	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.60	5.00
Chi., R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.75	5.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.75	5.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.50	5.50
Cuba R. R.	1917-'26	5	7.00	5.70
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.75	5.30
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.75
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.50	5.75
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.60	5.00
Louis. & Nash	1917-'23	5	5.50	5.00
Michigan Cent	1917-'30	5	5.75	5.25
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1917-'23	5	6.75	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.75	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.75
N. Y. Cent. L.	1917-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.50	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	6.75	5.75
Penn. Gen. Fr'ght	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.50	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.75
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.75	5.75
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.65	5.00
Southern Ry	1917-'24	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Union Tank Line	1918-'30	5	6.75	5.75

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Bklyn. R. T.	1½	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 17
Equit. Ill. Gas L.	3	SA	Dec. 15	Dec. 8
Heyw. Bros. & W.	4	SA	Dec. 1	Nov. 27
Packard Mot. C. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. 30

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
Lead	6.37½	..	6.37½	..
Spelter	8.00	8.12½	8.00	8.25
Antimony	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Quicksilver	$110.00	..	$105.00	..
Aluminium	*36.00	38.00	*36.00	38.00
Iron, No. 2 X fdy.	..	34.25	..	34.25

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c. per pound bid. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Saturday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	283	0	0	282	15	0
Tin, futures	281	15	0	281	15	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

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will probably be interested in reading the Comparative Table which we have in preparation.

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Bronxville, N. Y.	4.75%	1921-47	4.50%
Lockport, N. Y.	5.00%	1919-28	4.50%

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STAMP ACT COSTLY TO BORROWING BANKS

War Revenue Provisions Will Lay Heavy Burden on Promissory Notes Beginning Saturday.

Beginning Saturday, the day the stamp provisions of the new War Revenue act become effective, it will be costly for banks and trust companies to borrow from the Federal Reserve Bank on their promissory notes, secured by collateral. A great many institutions have been availing themselves of the special 3 per cent. rate for loans made by the Reserve Bank for periods of fifteen days or less. Frequently large banks find it convenient to borrow for only one or two days, and in many cases loans of this character have been secured by the deposit of Liberty Loan bonds or Treasury certificates, while the regulations permit of the deposit of eligible commercial paper as collateral for the bank's promissory notes.

The Revenue act provides for a tax of 2 cents for notes not exceeding $100, and an additional 2 cents for each $100 or fraction thereof. It was figured out yesterday that if a member bank borrowed from the Federal Reserve Bank for the period of one day, the cost of the use of the money would be 10 per cent., instead of 3 per cent., the charge made by the Reserve Bank. For a period of fifteen days the cost would be 3½ per cent., compared with 3 per cent.

The extent to which the banks are taking advantage of the special 3 per cent. rate for fifteen day advances is seen from the weekly statement of the Federal Reserve Board, which shows that $449,500,000 of $656,000,000 of discounts consist of these collateral notes. Over 80 per cent. of them are secured by Liberty bonds or certificates of indebtedness. In the case of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, about $300,000,000 of the $351,000,000 of discounts consist of "advances" made to member banks on their promissory notes.

In view of the fact that through these advances member banks have been able to facilitate Liberty Loan payments without disturbing the money market, efforts will be made to secure an amendment to the Revenue act, providing for the exemption from taxation of promissory notes negotiated with the Federal Reserve Banks, especially those notes specifically created for the purpose of financing Liberty Loan payments.

It is understood that no additional stamps will be required in the case where a bank rediscounts a customer's note with the Federal Reserve Bank, the stamp placed by the maker of the instrument being regarded as sufficient.

Bankers are waiting for the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to issue his rulings. In some banking quarters the view is held that call loans will not be subject to taxation by reason of the fact that accommodations are extended by banks to brokers under a general agreement, and new notes are not issued from day to day. It is not unlikely, however, that these loans will be taxable.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	96½	97	4s, registered, 1925	104¼	105½
2s, coupon, 1930	..	97½	4s, coupon, 1925	104¼	105½
3s, registered, 1918	99	100	2s, coupon, '38, reg	96	97
3s, coupon, 1918	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	97
3s, registered, 1956	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg	84	88
3s, coupon, 1946	84	88	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	88
3s, conversion, 1947	84	88			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.
4½s July, 1967	97⅞	98¾	97⅝	4s Nov., 1918	90¼	..	99½
4½s June, 1965	97⅞	98¾	97¾	3½s Nov., 1954	79	..	80
4½s Mar., 1963	97⅞	98¾	97⅝	3½s May, 1954	80	..	81
4½s Nov., 1957	97⅞	98¾	97½	3½s Nov., 1955	79	81	79½
4½s May, 1957	97⅞	98¾	97½	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s Nov., 1917	97⅞	..	97½	4½s 1918-1923	4.65	4.50	4.65
4¼s April, 1960	92	93¼	91¾	4½s 1924-1931	4.75	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	92½	94	92	4½s 1921-1923	4.75	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1964	92	93¼	91¾	4¼s April, 1920	4.75	..	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1962	92	93¼	91¾	4¼s 1918-1919	5.00	..	4.75
4¼s Sept., 1960	92	93¼	91¾	3½s 1940-1953	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s May, 1959	89¼	91	89½	3½s 1930-1939	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1958	89¼	91	89½	3½s 1922-1929	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s May, 1957	89½	..	89½	3½s 1919-1921	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1956	88	..	89½	3s 1940-1953	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s Nov., 1955	88	..	89½	3s 1926-1930	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s Nov., 1936	90½	..	91	3s 1918-1925	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s May, 1919	98½	99¼	98¾				

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
325	Republic Ry. & Light	24½	23½	23¼	24¼

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	16	17	Interstate Electric pf.	90	95
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	70	75	Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Am. Gas & Electric	88	92	Miss. River Power	7	9
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	41	44	Miss. River Power pf.	34	38
Am. Light & Traction	221	225	Northern Ohio Electric	27	32
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	92	95	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	68	72
Am. Power & Light	40	45	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Am. Power & Light pf.	71	75	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf.	52	56
Am. Public Utilities	30	35	Northern States Power	56	58
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	59	63	Northern States P. pf.	85	88
Am. Water W. & Elec.	4	6	Northern Texas Electric	50	54
Am. W. W. & E.partic.	9	13	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	68	74
Am. W. W. & E.1st pf.	57	62	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Carolina Power & Light	30	31	Pacific Gas & Elec.	35½	36
Carolina P. & L. pf.	90	94	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	80¾	81¼
Cities Service	208	209	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf.	96	98
Cities Service pf.	72¾	73	Pub. Serv. Secur. pf.	13½	18½
Colorado Power	21	23	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	13	16
Colorado Power pf.	95	98	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf.	48	53
Columbus Electric pf.	78	82	Ry. & Lt. Secur. pf.	88	90
Commonwealth P. & L.	35	37	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	54	57
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	62	65	Sierra Pac. El. pf.	62½	67½
Conn. Power pf.	85	90	Southern Cal. Edison	80	83
Consumers' Power pf.	89	92	South. Cal. Edison pf.	94	97
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	79	82	Standard Gas & Elec.	4½	6
Duluth Edison	75	80	Stand. Gas & Elec. pf.	19	22
Eastern Texas Electric	50	55	Tampa Electric	102	..
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	79	84	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Power	2	4
El Paso Electric	100	104	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	10	12
El Paso Electric pf.	89	93	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Electric B. & S. pf.	94	97*	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf.	86	88
Electric Properties	50	73	United Gas Improve.	80	89½
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	84	89	United Light & Rys.	28	29
Federal Light & Trac.	..	9	United Lt. & Rys. pf.	64	66
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf.	..	38	Wash. I. W. L. & P. pf.	82	84
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	16	..	West. P. Ter. & W. P.	10	15
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	..	68	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	50	65
Gas & Elec. Securities	290	300	West. Penn. P. pf.	95	100
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf.	93	98	Western Power	9	10
Idaho Power 7% pf.	98	100	Western Power pf.	40	45
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98	Wisconsin Edison	25	40
Interstate Electric	38	42	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	106

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98¼	Middle West U. 6s, '25	95	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	63	66	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99¼	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	70	75	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	70
Carolina P. & L. 5s	89	82	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	80	85
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	95	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	77	82
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	..	97¼	Nor. States P. 6s, 1926	90	94
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	70	75	Nor. States P. 5s, 1911	87	87½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963	90	95	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100½	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	85	90	Omaha & C. B. 5s	89	93
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	90	98	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '34	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½	Portland Gen. Elec. 6s	99	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	90	93	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96	96½
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	88	91	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s, '45	94	96
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	95	100	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39	89	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	85	90	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	87	92
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	87	92	U. S. R., R. & M. 6s, '25	111	113
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	Union L. & R. 1st 5s, '32	80	87
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	75	80	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26	93	99
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	85	95	United Util. cv. 6s, '43	93	98
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	96¼	100	Utah Securities 6s	86	87
Kan. Pub. Serv. 6s, '44	93	96	Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	95	98
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	90	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
L., G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, '41	85	90	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91¼	93¼
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97¼	99	West P. P. 1st 5s, '46	89	92
			Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	90	93

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125	Atlantic Pet.	4	4	4	50	Davis. Chem.	24	24	24
3	Atl.C.L.of C.	86	86	86	1,750	Houston Oil.	24	23¾	24
135	Con. Coal	89	89	89	100	M.& M.Tran.	60	60	60
37	Con. Power.	95½	97½	98⅛	125	Pa.Wat.Pow.	63	63	63
635	Cosden	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	50	United Rys.	24	23¾	23¾
300	Do pf.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	305	Wayland	3¼	3⅛	3⅛

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	C.Coal ref.5s.	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛	$3,000	United Rys. inc. 4s	55	55	55
3,000	Fair.& Clark. Trac. 5s	93½	93½	93½	2,000	United Rys. 1st 4s	76	76	76
1,000	Houston Oil. div. ctfs.	85½	85½	85½					

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Am. Zinc	14	14	14	50	Mohawk	63	62	62
70	Ahmeek	84	83	83	75	Nipissing	8	8	8
290	Alaska Gold.	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	100	North Butte.	14	13½	13½
10	Allouez	51½	51½	51½	5	Ojibway	1	1	1
205	Anaconda	59	58¾	59	85	Old Dom'n	40	39½	39½
520	Ariz. Com'l	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	5	Osceola	61	61	61
750	Butte-Balak.	60c	60c	60c	105	Pond Creek	18½	18½	18½
355	Cal. & Ariz.	67	66	67	145	Quincy	66	65	65
19	Cal. & H.	430	425	430	100	Santa Fe	80c	75c	75c
70	Cop. Range	45⅞	45¼	45⅝	60	Shannon	6	5⅞	6
150	Daly-West	2	2	2	10	St. M. Land.	55½	55½	55¼
925	Davis-Daly	5	4¾	5	40	Sup. Copper.	5¼	5	5¼
100	East Butte.	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	20	Trinity	4½	4½	4¼
20	Franklin	5	5	5	98	U. S. Smelt.	46	45¼	45⅛
5	Island Creek.	55	55	55	52	Do pf.	46	45¼	45⅛
2	Do pf.	83	83	83	200	Utah Apex	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
35	Isle Royale	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	105	Utah Con	12½	12½	12¼
4	Keweenaw	1½	1½	1¼	1,200	Utah Metal.	3⅛	3	3⅛
100	Lake	6½	6¼	6¼					

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Atchison	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛	5	Boston & M.	22½	22½	22¼
195	Boston & A.	130¼	130	130	18	Do pf	28	28	28
24	Boston Elev.	34¼	33¼	34¼	305	N. Y., N. H. & H.	28½	27⅞	28½
15	Boston & L.	80	80	80	10	West E. pf.	49	49	49

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
78	Am. Agr. C.	78	78	78	5	1st. Port. C.	6	6	6
7	Do pf.	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	62	Mass. Gas	79½	79	79¼
30	Am. P. Serv.	1¼	1¼	1¼	15	N. E. Tel.	101	101	101
5	Am. Sugar	99	99	99	15	Pullman	125½	125	125
5	Do pf.	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	387	Swift & Co.	128	123⅝	128
335	Am. T. & T.	109¼	108	108	30	Torrington	48	48	48
81	Am. Wool. pf	89	89	89	5	United Drug.	70	70	70
4	Art Metal	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	124	Do 1st pf.	50	50	60
80	A. G. & W.I.	101	100	100	125	United Fruit.	118¼	117¼	118¼
50	Cuban P. C.	12	12	12	264	United Shoe.	43¼	42¼	43¼
5	Edison	158	158	158	6	Do pf.	25⅜	25¼	25⅜
41	Gen. Elec.	129	126¼	128	870	Ventura	5¼	5¼	5¼

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	N. E. Tel. 5s	91	91	91	$9,500	U. S. Liberty 3½s	99.00	98.82	98.84
6,000	New Riv. 5s.	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞	16,000	Do 4s	98.50	97.70	98.00
1,000	Swift 5s.	93	93	93					

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
115	Am. Shipb'g.	92	91	92	82	M. Ward pf.	110½	110	110
100	Do pf.	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	129	People's Gas.	39⅞	38½	39½
1,490	Booth. Fish.	18⅞	17⅞	18⅞	4	Q. Oats pf.	98⅛	98½	98½
390	C. C. & C. pf	18⅞	17½	17½	30	Sears-Roe	144	142½	144
85	Chi. P. Tool.	49	49	49	280	S. Warner	48⅞	47½	48
275	Chi. Ry., S.2	10¼	10	10¼	1,242	Swift	128	124	128
365	Cudahy	112	110	112	1,528	Un. Car's C.	54½	51½	54⅞
118	Com. Edison.	108	107	107½	387	Wilson	47	45	46
80	Dia. Match.	108	108	108	10	Do pf.	95	95	95
20	Hartman	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Chi. City Ry. 1st 5s	88¾	88¾	88¾	$4,000	C. Ed. 1st 5s	93	93	93
1,000	C. Ry. 1st 5s	81⅛	81⅛	81⅛	3,150	Liberty 3½s	98.90	98.80	98.90
					1,000	Do 4s	98.00	98.00	98.00

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
8	Buf.& Sus.pf.	59	59	59	159	Ph.Co.cum.pf	30¼	30¼	30¼
10	Con.Trac.N.J.	67	67	67	150	Phila. Elec.	35¼	35¼	35¼
400	Elec. Stor.	67	67	67	100	Phila. R. T.	26¼	26¼	26¼
8	Ins.Co.N.A.	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	178	Ton. Belm't.	4	3⅞	3⅞
245	Lk. Superior	12¼	12	12¼	2	Ton. Mining.	5	5	6
220	Lehigh Nav.	57	55¼	55¼	182	Un. Gas Im.	68⅝	68	68⅜
685	Do war'nts.	6⅞	6¼	6⅞	10	War'k Iron.	8⅛	6⅛	8⅛
70	Lehigh Val.	55⅜	55¼	55¼	97	West. Coal.	77⅛	77	77
6	Penna. Salt.	88	88	88	95	W.Cramp&S.	68⅜	68⅜	68⅜

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Pstate Rys.4s	45¼	45¼	45¼	$9,000	Rdg. gen. 4s	85¼	85¼	85¼
1,000	L.V.con.4½s.	95	95	95	5,000	W.N.Y.& Pa. 1st 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Do gen. 4s.	80½	80½	80½					
5,200	Phil.El.1st 5s	95¼	95	95					

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.
American Cigar	85	95	90	MacAndrews & F.	190	200	180
Do pf.	85	93	90	Do pf.	95	100	98
Conley Foil	200	250	200	P. R.-Am. Tob.	165	185	170
J. S. Young	130	150	150	Do scrip	120	130	115
Do pf.	100	106	105	R. J. Reynolds	440	480	450
				Do pf.	100	104	102

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Although prices showed considerable advances during the day the recessions in the last hour of trading on the Consolidated Stock Exchange did not rob the list of more than one-third of the day's gain. The final tone was steady, and the final reaction appeared to be principally due to profit taking by professional and commission-house traders.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am.BeetSug.	74¾	74¾	74¾	40	Midvale Steel	44⅛	44⅛	44½
1,270	Am. Can	37¾	36⅞	37⅜	90	Mo. Pacific	24½	24¼	24⅜
50	Am.Car & F.	64¾	64¾	64¾	10	Nat. Conduit	25¼	25¼	25¼
150	Am. Locomo.	56	54¼	55⅜	70	Nat. En.& S.	38⅝	38	38⅝
720	Am.Sm.& R.	77⅞	76	77⅝	70	N. Y. Cent.	71½	71	71
10	Am. Sugar	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	30	N. Y., N. H. & H.	28⅝	28	28⅝
90	Am.Sum.Tob.	58⅞	58¼	58⅞	10	Pennsylvania	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜
920	Anaconda	59⅛	58⅞	59	1,450	Reading	72⅜	70⅝	71⅜
340	B'dwin Loco.	56½	54¾	56	500	Rep. I. & S.	80⅝	78⅝	79⅝
60	Balt. & Ohio.	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞	80	SouthernPac.	84½	83¼	84
3,640	Beth. Steel,B	83⅛	81¼	82½	50	Southern Ry.	25	25	25
180	B'klyn R. T.	46¼	45¼	46¼	300	Studebaker	40⅝	40¼	40⅝
130	Can. Pac	136⅝	135⅝	136¾	290	TobaccoProd.	53⅝	52	53⅝
560	Cent. Leath.	68¼	66⅞	68	310	Union Pac.	116½	115¾	116½
50	Ches. & Ohio	48¼	47⅜	48⅜	120	U. C. Stores.	92	91⅝	92
300	C.,M.& St.P.	38¼	36⅜	37⅜	50	U.S.Ind.Alco.	112⅝	112⅛	112⅜
10	Chile Cop	15¾	15⅜	15⅜	50	U. S. Rub.	51	51	51
50	Chino Cop	41½	41⅝	41¼	26,110	U. S. Steel	99⅛	96⅞	98⅝
30	Col.Fuel & I.	36¼	36	36¼	200	Utah Copper	79	78⅞	79
229	Corn Prod	30⅛	29⅝	30	160	W'houseElec.	39	38¼	39
920	Cruc. Steel	57	55⅛	56¼	470	Willys-Over.	19½	19	19¼
250	Cuba C. Sug.	30¼	29⅞	30		BONDS.			
10	Del. & Hud.	94½	94½	94½	$2,200	Lib. 3½s	98.90	98.90	98.90
100	Dist. Secur.	36⅝	36⅜	36⅜	3,150	Do 4s	97.96	97.94	97.94
340	Erie	15¼	14⅝	15¼	15,000	Brooklyn R. T. 5s, '18	93	92¼	92⅜
90	Gen. Elec	127⅜	126⅝	127⅜		MINING STOCKS.			
320	Gen. Motors	92⅝	90	91½					
16	Gt. Nor. pf.	92	92	92					
90	Gt. Nor. Ore	28	27	28	1,500	Atlanta	.09½	.09	.09½
50	Insp. Copper	43½	43⅛	43⅜	500	G'ld'dCon.	.42	.42	.42
490	Int.Mer.Mar.	26½	26	26	200	Iron Blos.	.50	.50	.50
5,230	Do pf	99	96⅝	97⅝	1,000	Isabella	.08	.08	.08
20	Kan.City So.	18⅝	18	18	500	McNamara	.20	.20	.20
10	Kennec'tCop.	33¼	33⅛	33¼	500	Man. Con.	.18	.18	.18
170	Lack Steel	82	81⅝	82	300	West End.	.66	.66	.66
460	Mex. Petrol.	81¼	79¼	81¼	300	WhiteCaps	.87½	.87½	.87½

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
11,000	†Aetna Exp.	9	7¾	9	1,500	N. A. P. & P	3¼	2¾	3⅛
25	†Do pf.	47	47	47	100	Peerless T. & Mot. Corp.	14	14	14
50	†Air Red'n.	70	70	70	900	†P.-L. C. Co.	3⅛	3⅜	3½
500	†Car L. & P.	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	670	†Prud. Pict.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
100	Carwen S'l.	9	9	9	300	†Pyrene Mfg.	9⅝	9¼	9⅝
2,500	Chev. Motor.	68	65	68	3,500	Smith M. T.	1	⅞	⅞
320	†Cities S. C. (old)	212	209	212	200	†Stand. Mot.	10½	10¼	10½
2,000	†Do pf.	74	72¾	73⅛	500	Sub. Boat v. t. ctfs.	14	14	14
1,000	Curtiss Aero.	29	28	29					
100	Emerson P.	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	1,800	Tri'e Film v. t. ctfs.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
100	Ev. H., Inc.	21	21	21					
100	Int. Rubber.	8½	8½	8½	1,700	U. S. S'p Co.	3⅞	3¾	3⅞
1,000	†Int. Lube C.	3¼	3	3¼	900	†Un. Motors.	16¾	16½	16¾
300	†S. S. Kresge	72	68	68	900	†W.-M.A. Co	7⅝	7⅜	7½
9,000	†Maxim Mun	⅞	¾	⅞					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
130	Ohio Oil	306	300	306	40	St.O.of N.J.	523	518	523
40	So. Pa. Oil	285	275	285	80	St.O.of N.Y.	264	258	264

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	††Allen Oil.	11-16	⅝	11-16	1,500	†Merritt Oil.	25½	24½	25¼
900	†Barn.O.& G.	1⅝	1¼	1⅝	2,500	Met. Petrol.	13-16	⅞	¾
400	†Beth.O.& G.	10¼	10	10	2,000	††Midw. Oil.	120	118	119
5,000	††Bost.-Wyo.	29	28	.29	500	†Do pf.	1¼	1¼	1¼
6,000	†Cosden Oil.	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	800	†Midw. Ref.	123	120	122
2,600	†Crown Oil.	15-16	⅞	⅞	500	†N. Y.-Okla.	⅝	⅝	⅝
3,250	Cumb.P.& R.	1⅝	1¼	1¼	15,000	††Okla. Oil.	6	5	5½
1,000	†Elk B. Pet.	7⅛	7	7⅛	2,000	†† Do pf.	15	15	15
400	†Elk.O.& G. (a pros.)	⅛	⅛	⅛	5,000	Okla.P.& R.	7½	7	7⅜
					1,000	†Omar O.&G.	30	28	30
1,500	†Esmer. Oil.	7-16	⅜	⅜	1,590	Osage-H. Oil	7½	7	7⅜
1,000	†Federal Oil.	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	700	†Pa.-Ky. Oil.	5½	5¼	5½
1,700	†Friar Oil.	⅜	¼	⅜	1,700	†Pa.-O.O.&G.	12¼	12⅛	12¼
2,200	†Glenrock Oil	15	14⅝	15	2,000	Pa. Gasoline.	7-16	⅜	⅜
2,500	†Han.O.& R.	2 3-16	2	2 3-16	35,000	††R.R.O.& G.	1 1-16	.95	1
2,500	†Houston Oil	24	23¼	24	10,000	†Rice Oil.	3-16	⅛	3-16
850	†Hum.G.C.O. & R.	4¼	4	4¼	200	†Sap.O.& R.	8⅞	8¾	8⅞
					12,200	†Seq.O.& R.	13-16	¾	¾
1,200	†Inter. Pet.	12½	12¼	12½	2,000	†Somer. Oil.	7-16	⅜	7-16
2,300	Kenova Oil, (a pros.)	3-16	⅛	3-16	500	†Un.West.Oil	1-16	1-16	1-16
					600	†Victoria Oil, new stock.	4	4	4
950	†Lost C. Oil.	5-16	¼	5-16					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
600	Acme Cop.H.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	500	††Jim Butler	77	77	77
2,700	Alaska-Brit. Col. Metals	¾	..	¾	1,500	†Jumbo Ext.	17	16	17
					500	††Kowanas	6	6	6
2,300	††Atlanta	9½	9	9½	1,200	†Kirk. P. G. M., Ltd.	50	50	50
4,000	Big Ledge	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	500	La Rose Con	⅜	⅜	⅜
3,600	†BitterCreek, (a pros.)	22	21	22	700	Louisi'a Con.	⅜	⅜	⅜
2,000	††Booth	6	5	5	5,600	Magma Cop.	48	44½	47¾
4,000	†Bos. & Mon.	52	51	51	800	†Mag'e Cop.	1-16	45	45
900	†B'dshawCop.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	2,500	†Marsh M'g.	7½	7½	7½
600	ButteCop.&Z. v. t. ctfs.	7	6⅞	7	100	Mason Val.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
					5,000	†Monster C'f.	3-16		
2,000	Butte-Det	¼			2,000	††Mother L.	31	30	30
300	Butte-N. Y.	1½	1⅛	1⅛	46,000	††Nat. Leas.	8	6	8
2,500	††Caledonia	46	45	46	8,000	††N. L.-& Z.	35	30	33
8,000	†Caln. & Jer.	1⅞	1⅞	1½	400	†New Corn'a.	15⅜	15⅛	15⅜
900	Canada Cop.	2⅛	2	2⅛	2,500	Nip. M. Co.	8½	8	8⅛
5,000	†Cashboy	4	4	4	24,000	††Nixon Nev.	1⅛	1	1⅛
1,000	†CerbatSil.M. &M., (pros.)	43	43	43	6,000	†Ohio Copper	1	1	1
					2,500	†Port. C. C.	24	23	23
100	†Coco River.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	2,000	Prov. M. Co.	39	38	38
1,500	Con.Ariz.Sm.	1⅞	1⅜	1⅜	10,000	†Rex Con. M.	13	12½	13
1,000	Con. Copper.	8¼	8⅛	8⅛	2,000	†Roch. Mines	40	40	40
2,900	†Con.-H'st'd.	19	18	19	500	†San Toy	11	11	11
4,800	†Copper Val.	1⅛		1½	2,500	S. K. of A.	⅛	1-16	1-16
200	Cresson Con.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	100	S. K.C.of U.	3½	3½	3½
3,900	†Emma Con.	⅛	1-16	1-16	200	Stand. S.-L.	1-16	1-16	1-16
500	††Fortu.Con.	40	40	40	4,500	Stewart	3-16	3-16	3-16
5,700	†Gibson Cop.	2⅛	2¼	2⅛	1,000	†Success M'g.	13	13	13
500	†Gila Copper	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	200	Sup. Cop., (a pros)	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1,000	†Goldf'dCon.	43	43	43					
700	†Goldf'd Mer.	3¼	3½	3½	100	†Ton. Belm't.	3¼	3¼	3¼
1,200	†Gt.VerdeEx.	1⅛	1¼	1¼	1,500	Ton. Ext.	1 11-16	1⅝	1 11-16
1,000	†GreenMonst.	⅞	13-16	⅞	700	Tri-Bullion	¼	¼	¼
1,570	Hecla Mining	4 11-16	4 11-16	4⅞	3,000	††Trov-A	17	17	17
9,200	††Int. Mines.	10	10	10	45	Un. Eastern.	3¾	3¾	3¾
300	†Iron Blos.	11-16	11-16	11-16	810	U. G. M. Co.	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
25,000	†Jer. Verde, (a pros.)	15-16	¾	¾	1,200	††Utica M.	12	11	12
					1,500	W. C. M. Co	⅞	⅞	⅞
5,100	†Jer.-Presc't	4½	4	4½	1,200	†Wilbert M'g	15	14	15

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$20,000	†Can. G. 5s.	95	94⅝	94⅞	$20,000	†Gt. N. 3-y. 5% n., w. i	97⅝	97¼	97½
6,000	†G. El. 6s n	99¼	99⅝	99½	10,000	†Rus. Gov't new 5½s.	80	80	50
35,000	†Gen. El. 6s 2-y. n., '19	99¼	99	99⅛					
50,000	Do rights.	2¼	2	2¼	10,000	†Do 6½s.	62½	60	60

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note.—Saturday 5,000 Nixon-Nevada sold at 1⅝.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Sat'rday Bid.	Sat'rday Ask.
Am.-Brit.Mfg.	3	6	3	6
Am.-B. M. pf.	20	40	20	40
Am. Writ. P.	1⅜	2½	1⅜	2½
Br.-Am. Tob., registered	15	15½	15	15½
Br.-Am. Tob., coupon	15½	16¼	15½	16¼
Can. N. Gas	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Carbon Steel.	80	85	80	85
Chalmers Mot.	2	4	2	4
Do pf.	..	50	..	50
Charcoal Iron.	6⅞	7	6⅞	7
Do pf.	5⅝	6¼	5⅝	6¼
Cramp Ship.	71	74	71	74
Curtiss A. pf.	50	75	50	75
Free. Texas	35	40	37	40
Hall Signal	1	5	1	5
Do pf.	10	20	10	20
Havana Tob.	½	1¼	½	1½
Do pf.	2	5	2	5
Holly Sugar	40	50	40	50
Do pf.	98	101	98	101
Hupp M. Car	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
Int. Motors	10	12	10	12
Int. Mo. 2d pf	15	20	15	20
Int. Tr. Cp.pf.	55	75	55	75
Key. T. & R.	11	11¼	11	11¼
Do pf.	11½	13½	11½	13½
Kresge pf.	92	98	92	98
Lake T. Boat.	3⅞	4¼	3⅞	4¼
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf.	6	7	6	7
L. Val. C. S.	65	70	65	70
Lukens Steel.	35	44	35	44
Do 1st pf.	100	102	100	102

INDUSTRIALS.—Continued.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Sat'rday Bid.	Sat'rday Ask.
Man. Transit.	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
Mar. of Am.	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
Marlin Arms.	84	87	84	87
N. Y. Ship	30½	32	30½	32
N. Y. Trans.	15½	19¼	15½	19¼
Poole E. & M.	60	80	60	80
St. Jos. Lead.	16	16½	16	16½
A.O.Smith.Cp.	..	30	..	30
Do pf.	88	93	88	93
St.L.,R.M.&P.	28	35	28	35
U. S. L. & H.	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Un. Zinc S.	1½	2	1½	2
World Film	⅜	⅝	⅜	⅝
OIL STOCKS.				
Cosden Oil pf.	3⅞	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛
N. W. Oil	74	77	74	77
Pierce Oil	10	10½	9⅞	10¼
Savoy Oil	7	9	7	9
Tuxpam Star.	⅛	3-16	⅛	3-16
Vac. G. & O.	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
West S. Pet.	⅜	½	⅜	½
MINING STOCKS.				
Alaska Std.	24	27	24	27
Big Jim	½	¾	½	¾
Bingham M.	11	12	11	12
Brant Mines	58	60	58	60
Butte R. Cop.	5⅝	6	5⅝	6
Calaveras Cp.	1½	2	1½	2
Cerro Gordo	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
Un. Ver. Ext.	32	34	32	34
W. Caps Ext.	11	13	11	13
BOND.				
Pierce Oil 6s.	73	78	73	78

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	18¼	19	18	Prairie Oil & Gas	420	430	410
Atlantic Refining	850	875	835	Prairie Pipe Line	240	245	238
Borne-Scrymser	400	425	400	Solar Refining	330	340	330
Buckeye Pipe Line.	88	92	89	Southern P. Line	190	200	190
Chesebrough Mfg.	325	350	325	South. Penn. Oil	285	300	270
Colonial Oil	10	40*	50	S. W. Penn.	100	105	100
Continental Oil	460	485	460	Stand. Oil of Cal.	225	230	222
Crescent Pipe Line.	33	35	33	Stand. Oil of Ind.	615	625	610
Cumberland P. L.	135	145	135	Stand. Oil of Kan.	445	465	450
Eureka Pipe Line	195	205	195	Stand. Oil of Ky.	335	350	330
Galena Sig. Oil	130	135	130	Stand. Oil of Neb.	475	500	475
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	125	135	125	Stand. Oil of N. J.	520	525	517
Illinois Pipe Line	198	205	195	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	260	265	256
Indiana Pipe Line.	88	93	85	Stand. Oil of Ohio.	450	465	435
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	12¼	12⅝	12¼	Swan & Finch	95	105	95
National Transit	13	14	12½	Union Tank	85	88	85
N. Y. Transit	185	195	185	Vacuum Oil	330	340	330
Northern Pipe L.	100	105	100	Washington Oil	30	35	30
Ohio Oil	302	307	298	*Ex dividend.			
Penn.-Mex. Fuel	35	38	35				

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.
Aetna pf.	41	44	38	Can. Found's F.	140	150	..
American Brass	213	217	211	Colt's Arms	60	63	57
Atlas Powder	156	160	156	Du Pont	276	280	275
Do pf.	94	98	92	Hercules	247	249	247
Babcock & Wilcox	109	110	108	Do pf.	111	114	112
Bliss	375	425	400	Niles-Bem't-Pond	117	118	115
Do pf	73	83	73	Scovill Mfg.	415	420	410
Canadian Explos.	235	335	350	Winchester Arms	700	..	700
Do pf.	104	110	104				

AMERICAN CAN DIVIDEND.

Preferred Stock Goes Up 3 Points, to 96.

The American Can Company declared yesterday a dividend of 3.7157 per cent. on the preferred stock, the same being the final payment on accumulated dividends on the preferred stock. The dividend is payable Dec. 20 to shareholders of record on Dec. 11. The Directors also declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred, payable Jan. 2 to holders of record Dec. 18.

In response to the dividend declaration, the preferred stock advanced yesterday 3 points, to 96, while the common closed at 37⅞, up ¾ for the day.

FRUIT COMPANY REPORT.

Increase of More Than a Million in Net Income.

The annual report of the United Fruit Company for the year ended Sept. 30, 1917, issued yesterday, shows net income of $13,037,955, an increase of $1,094,804 compared with last year. This is equivalent to $26.72 a share on $48,792,400 of capital stock, as compared with $24.47 a share in 1916. The surplus for the year was computed after allowing $3,686,869 for war profits tax, which is subject to change, depending upon rulings made by the Treasury Department.

The total income for the year amounted to $17,592,391, compared with $14,032,133 in 1916.

LIQUIDATING OIL STOCK.

Colonial Company Trustees Order Payment of $50 a Share.

Trustees in liquidation of the Colonial Oil Company, a Standard Oil marketing company in South America, have ordered the payment of $50 a share on the outstanding $250,000 capital stock of the company. Payments will be made upon presentation of stock certificates at the company's offices, 17 Battery Place. The stock transfer books have been permanently closed, and no further transfers will be made. Registered shareholders, however, may authorize payment of the distribution to other persons by filing with the company a formal assignment. This is the second payment in liquidation, $100 a share having been paid on May 1, 1916.

More State Banks Join Reserve.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Seventeen new State banks and trust companies, admitted to the Federal Reserve system within the last week, raised the total State institution members to 162. Among the larger banks whose admission was announced today, and their individual resources, were: Utica (N. Y.) Trust and Deposit Company, $11,850,000; Citizens Trust Company of Utica, $10,641,000; Central Bank and Trust Corporation, Atlanta, $9,620,000; Kent State Bank, Grand Rapids, Mich., $9,419,000; Germania Bank of the City of New York, $8,731,000; Passaic Trust and Safe Deposit Company, Passaic, N. J., $7,150,000; Bridgeport Trust Company, Bridgeport, Conn., $7,866,000; Kaspar State Bank, Chicago, $6,476,000.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Hale & Norcross	.02
Alta	.03	Jacket	.08
Andes	.12	Mexican	.14
Best & Belcher	.03	Occidental	.60
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.11
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.04
Challenge Con.	.04	Potosi	.03
Chollar	.03	Savage	.03
Confidence	.02	Sierra Nevada	.06
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	1.20
Con. Virginia	.01	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.64

TONOPAH.		Goldfield Con.	.42
Belmont	3.50	Goldfield Merger	.01
Halifax	.10	Great Bend	.05
Jim Butler	.75	Jumbo Extension	.16
McNamara	.18	Kewanas	.06
Midway	.07	Silver Pick	.08
Mizpah	.04	Spearhead	.04
Monarch Pitts.	.04	**MANHATTAN.**	
Montana	.10	Consolidated	.17
North Star	.05	Morning Glory	.15
Rescue	.10	Sunset	.05
Tonopah Ext.	1.55	Union Amal.	.08
Tonopah Nevada	4.00	White Caps	.84
West End	.83	**OTHER DISTRICTS.**	
West Tonopah	.10	Nevada Hills	.07
GOLDFIELD.		Packard	.23
Atlanta	.09	Rochester	.37
Booth	.04	Round Mountain	.20
Florence	.12	United Eastern	3.90

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5	5¼	Granite	38½	40
Dr. Jackpot	3⅝	3⅞	Isabella	8	8½
Elkton	3⅜	3⅞	McKinney	6	10
El Paso	15	25	Portland	110	120
Fanny R.	3⅜	5	U. Gold M.	15¼	16½
Golden C.	170	175	Vindicator	33	38
Gold Sov.	2½	3			

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. Oil	22	23	Iron Bloss.	50	55
B. St. Gas.	9	10	Iron Cap.	14½	15
Begola	50	75	Jerome V.	90	1.00
Bohemia	80	90	La Rose	30	40
Bing. Min.	9⅝	9⅞	Majestic	36	39
Bost. Ely	70	80	Mex. Metals.	27	29
Bost. & M.	50	52	Moj. Tung.	30	32
Butte & L.	14	17	N. Baltic	75	1¼
Butte & D.	18	30	Nev. Doug.	1⅛	1⅛
Bost. & Ar.	1	2	N. U. Bing.	..	50
Calaveras	1½	2⅛	Nixon	1⅝	1⅛
Crown Res.	20	30	N. Cornelia.	14⅝	15¼
Con. Ariz.	1⅝	2	Nat. Z. & L.	28	32
Cortez	10	20	Oneco	25	35
Cham. Cop.	4	6	Onondaga	15	25
Chief Con.	1½	2	Ray Herc.	3	3¼
E. & B. B.	2	2¼	Rilla	1	2¼
Earl-Eagle	15	17	S.W. Miami, part paid.	75	1½
Fortuna	5	6			
Gold Lake	2	4	S.W. Miami, full paid.	1	1½
Gila Cop. S.	17⅜	17⅞			
Houghton	60	80	U. V. Ext.	33	35
Homa Oil	1	1¼	Victoria M.	1⅛	1⅛
Humboldt	60	75	Yukon Gold.	1⅝	2

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 26.—The Boston bank statement this week compares as follows with that of last week:

	Nov. 24, '17.	Dec. from Last Wk.
Circulation	$5,458,000	$17,000
Loans, discounts, and investments	520,693,000	*18,819,000
Individual deposits, including United States	456,261,000	*7,446,000
Due to banks	129,423,000	24,006,000
Time deposits	23,940,000	2,620,000
Exchange clearances	16,989,000	7,828,000
Due from banks	88,756,000	18,561,000
Cash in banks and in Federal Reserve Bank	58,803,000	9,228,000
Cash excess and with Federal Reserve Bank	10,086,000	10,232,000

*Increase.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The National City Bank announced yesterday an additional shipment of $700,000 in gold bars to Chile.

The R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company filed yesterday with the Secretary of State of New Jersey a certificate increasing its capital stock from $20,000,000 to $40,000,000.

The Edison Storage Battery Company of West Orange also filed a certificate increasing its capital from $3,500,000 to $5,000,000.

Frederick S. Dudley & Co. have placed an issue of $73,400 of equipment trust notes of the General Refining and Producing Company, the proceeds from the sale of which have been used in purchasing twenty standard steel tank cars.

Samuel L. Fuller of Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co., will soon leave for Italy in connection with war work. Major R. L. Bacon, a member of the firm, has been in active service for some time past.

The City Treasurer of Worcester, Mass., announced yesterday that the $250,000 of 4½ per cent. bonds for which no bids were received when offered on Friday had been disposed of. Of the total issue, $100,000 of bonds were sold to Curtis & Sanger at par and interest; and $150,000 were sold over the counter to private investors and institutions.

BUY—SELL
MIDWEST REFINING CO.
MERRITT OIL CORPORATION
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
LOBITOS OILFIELDS, LTD.
SAPULPA REFINING CO.
HOUSTON OIL CO.
PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM
NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO.
NORTHWEST OIL CO.
COSDEN AND CO.
BONDS & STOCK

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Public Utility Stocks and Bonds
Unlisted Department
Josephthal & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
120 Broadway, New York
Phone Rector 5000
Private Wires to Principal Cities

For the formation and registration of Delaware corporations lawyers are referred to the U. S. Corporation Co., 65 Cedar St., N. Y.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

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Stock and Rights
Pouch & Co. Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 14 Wall St., N. Y.

SAVE AND INVEST
a little money each month on
OUR PARTIAL PAYMENT PLAN
and watch your income grow.
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Its Position and Prospects
Special letter sent on request.
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215 MONTAGUE ST., BROOKLYN, N.Y.
777 BROAD STREET, NEWARK, N.J.

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Guaranty Trust Bond & Mtge. Guar.
Chase Nat'l B'k Bankers Trust
Telephone 1111 Broad

S. S. KRESGE
Preferred and Common
MERRILL, LYNCH & CO.

SHORT TIME INVESTMENTS
Bankers and other investors should familiarize themselves with the facts about the Collateral Trust Securities issued by this Corporation. $31,353,500 issued. $26,494,000 matured and paid. New booklet "Collateral Trust Securities," giving full data will be sent promptly on mail or telephone request. GUARANTY SECURITIES CORPORATION, 244 Madison Ave., New York City.

Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York
is now a member of
Federal Reserve System

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately existing between ALMONT M. HART and CLIFTON K. BAUMANN under the firm name of A. M. HART & CO. has been terminated and dissolved as of the close of business on Sept. 30, 1917. Mr. ALMONT M. HART has purchased and taken over all the Assets and assumed all the liabilities of the former partnership and is continuing under the name of A. M. HART the business heretofore carried on by said partnership of A. M. HART & CO.

ALMONT M. HART,
CLIFTON K. BAUMANN.

OXFORD CLOAK COMPANY, INC., 142 West 24th St., was dissolved on Nov. 15th, 1917. The stockholders will not be responsible for any debts incurred in the firm's name after that date.

PROPOSALS.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, Room 710, Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y.—Sealed proposals for dredging and rock removal in East River, N. Y., will be received here until 12 M., November 30, 1917, and then opened. Further information on application.

A DIRECT OBLIGATION MUNICIPAL BOND EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES (NORMAL AND SURTAXES)
TO YIELD 5%

$600,000
CITY OF MOBILE
ALABAMA
5% GOLD BONDS
Dated November 1, 1917 Due November 1, 1947
Principal and semi-annual interest, May 1st and November 1st, payable in New York City
Coupon bonds with privilege of registration. Denomination $1,000
Eligible to Secure Postal Savings Deposits at 90%

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation 1916-1917		$35,911,654
Total Bonded Debt	$3,592,500	
Water Bonds	790,000	
Net Debt		2,802,500
Population 1910 (U. S. Census)		51,521
" 1917 (Estimated)		60,000

These bonds, in addition to being a direct and general obligation of the entire city, payable from taxes levied upon all of the taxable property, are by city ordinance secured by a first lien upon the net earnings of the wharf and terminal properties, which further ensures the prompt payment of principal and interest. This ordinance provides for the establishment and maintenance of a cumulative sinking fund sufficient to retire the loan at maturity.

PRICE 100
R. M. GRANT & CO.
31 Nassau St., New York
BOSTON CHICAGO

Latin-American Trade

For the purpose of assisting Americans to enter Latin-American markets on favorable terms, The Mercantile Bank of the Americas, Inc., maintains its own local subsidiary banks, agencies or affiliated institutions in Peru, Ecuador, Colombia, Venezuela, Nicaragua, Salvador, Guatemala, and is represented in other countries in South and Central America.

MERCANTILE BANK of the AMERICAS, Inc.
An American Bank for Foreign Trade
Capital and Surplus, $2,500,000 — Incorporated 1915
NEW YORK OFFICE: 38 Pine Street — PARIS OFFICE: 11 Boulevard Haussmann

Banking Facilities for Americans Serving Abroad

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
16-22 William Street, New York
Branch Office: 475 Fifth Avenue
LONDON: 16 Pall Mall East, S. W. 1; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2
PARIS: 41 Boulevard Haussmann
and
Two Special Agencies in the War Zone Convenient to the United States Army Camps

This Company offers its services for all banking transactions to American officers and enlisted men serving here or in France.

The Company has been designated as Depositary of Public Moneys both in New York and Paris by the United States Treasury Department.

Commercial Trust Company of New Jersey
Main Office (Opposite Pennsylvania R. R. Ferries, Exchange Place Station, Hudson Tubes) Jersey City

The new INHERITANCE TAX LAWS of New Jersey do not tax non-residents for money, stocks, bonds and mortgages (except stock of New Jersey corporations) when such property is kept in New Jersey. Send for Booklet T.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS

Largest Banking Institution in Jersey City

Carbon Steel
Otis Elevator Pfd.
Poole Engineering
Keyes, Haviland & Co.
Tel. Rector 7961 66 Broadway

National Fuel Gas
New Stock and Fractions
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that interest coupons, due July 1, 1917, pertaining to the Five Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Loan Bonds of the Republic of Liberia, due July 1, 1952, will be paid at their face value upon presentation and surrender thereof at The National City Bank of New York on or after November 15, 1917.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,
Fiscal Agents of the Loan,
55 Wall Street,
New York City.

DIVIDENDS.

THE TEXAS COMPANY
Houston, Texas.

A dividend of $2.50 per share on the outstanding capital stock of this company has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable December 31st to stockholders of record December 18, 1917.

GUY CARROLL, Assistant Treasurer.
November 23, 1917.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED, FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.60. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

E. G. CRAWFORD, President.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

10 Aluminum Co. of America
100 American Cyanamid Com.
50 Celluloid Co.
25 E. W. Bliss Com.
50 Famous-Players-Lasky
10 Fidelity & Casualty
50 Guantanamo Sugar
100 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
50 Milliken Bros. Pfd.
100 National Fuel Gas
25 Scoville Manufacturing
50 Thompson-Starrett Com.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

25 Aluminum Co. of America
25 Coal Run Land Co.
25 Celluloid Co.
40 Del., Lack. & Western Coal
50 Famous-Players-Lasky
15 Fidelity-Phenix Insurance
50 Horn & Hardhart Com. & Pfd.
100 Nat. Aniline & Chem. Co.
50 Pacific Coast 1st Pfd.
25 Rush Creek Land Co.
25 Thurmond Land Co.
25 Victor Talking Machine

J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

WANTED
United States Worsted
Gray & Davis Com. & Pfd.
Easte n Steamship Com.
Chicago & East. Ill. Coal 5s

WE OFFER
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Incorporated
54 Pine St., N. Y. 53 State St., Boston.
Phone 4161 John. Private Phone to Boston.

Unlisted Securities Department

American Power & Light Stocks.
Colorado Power Common
Curtiss Aeroplane Pfd.
Int'L Motor Truck 1st & 2nd Pfds.
Mallory Steamship 5s, 1932.
N. Y. & Cuba Mail Steamship 5s
Ocean Steamship 5s, 1920.
Penn Seaboard Steel
Pierce, Butler & Pierce Stocks & Bonds.
Santa Cecilia Sugar
Texas & Pacific Coal

Chas. H. Jones & Co.
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
20 Broad St. New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

U S STEAMSHIP COMPANY — UEC SAO MMM SPH AIN PY
Full Information on Request
THE BOUGHTON COMPANY, INC.
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NEW YORK.

For Sale
100 Shares
LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST CO.
at 100
Book Value 230
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WE DEAL IN
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Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, N. Y.

Utah Securities Corp.
6% Notes Due 1922

Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston.

Chic. & East. Ill. Ry. Coal 5s
Huntington Land & Improve. 6s
Otis Elevator 5s
Rockford Electric 5s
GEO. REITH & CO
40 WALL ST., N. Y. 'Phone John 3000

Amer. Power & Light Com. & Pfd.
Amer. Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
Central States Elec. Com.
Western Power Common
Kiely & Horton
30 Broad St., N. Y. Phone Broad 6911

H. W. Johns-Manville
Bordens Cond. Milk Com.
Mich. State Telephone Pfd.
Utah Power & Light Pfd.
John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
115 Broadway. Tel. Rector 9876. New York.

Texas & Pacific Coal
Hocking Valley Prod.
Royal Baking Powder
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Broad 5140. 30 Broad St., New York
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

AMER. LT. & TRACT. COM. & PFD.
CITIES SERVICE COM. & PFD.
PACIFIC GAS & ELEC. COM. & PFD.
NORTHERN STATES POWER
H.F. McConnell & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
25 Pine St. Tel. 6064 John. New York

Union Bag & Paper 1st 5s, 1930
New Orleans Gt. Northern 1st 5s, 1955
Denver & Salt Lake 5% Equip., 1920
Gulf Mobile & Northern Preferred
Wolff & Stanley
Tel. 2360 or 6557 Broad 27 William St.

COTTON AT 30 CENTS

New High Record in the Market Here—Strong Competition in December.

The bullish predictions of a week ago that cotton contracts would sell above the 30-cent level were realized yesterday, when contracts for December delivery opened up at 30 cents and advanced to 30½ cents. Thus there was established a new high record in the history of the New York cotton trade, which was accompanied by the quotation of 31¼ cents for spot cotton, a new record since 1869.

Throughout yesterday's session trading was active and excited. The sharp advance was due to a renewal of trade buying, a broadening outside demand, and covering, while there was evidently strong competition for the few notices which were issued against December contracts. At 30½ cents, December showed an advance of more than $4 per bale from the final quotation of Saturday, and it closed at 30.28, with the general list closing steady at a net gain of 46 to 65 points.

According to estimates around the ring, the December notices issued amounted to only 500 bales, and no less than eleven local and Southern houses were said to be in the market for deliveries. The strength of the near position naturally exercised a sympathetic influence on later months. Beyond that the market was dominated by reports that manufacturers were still able to sell goods for forward delivery at advancing prices, reports of an active spot demand in the South, and the circulation of small crop estimates.

The opening was firm at an advance of 15 to 28 points. The appearance of the predicted 30-cent level brought out considerable realizing, but offerings were readily absorbed. Brokers with both Liverpool and domestic trade connections were good buyers, the demand of this sort serving to increase the uneasiness of recent sellers, and during the early afternoon there were rumors of further British successes. January sold up to 29.73, with active months generally showing a net advance of about 71 to 88 points. Realizing then became more active and closing prices were several points off from the best.

Aside from realizing there appeared to be very little pressure against prices at any time during the day, notwithstanding the new high levels and the realization of old bullish predictions. Thirty cents has been the price most talked of in connection with Southern holding, but many of the advices received here yesterday suggested that the views of Southern holders had been advanced by the factors responsible for the recent upward movement in futures. Exports yesterday were 21,298 bales, making 1,641,565 so far this season.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Saturday.
Dec.	30.00	30.50	29.90	30.28@30.29	29.67
Jan.	29.00	29.73	28.94	29.50@29.54	28.85
Feb.	..	..	..	29.13 bid	28.60
March	28.70	29.28	28.65	29.08@29.10	28.55
April	28.62	28.62	28.62	28.90 bid	28.37
May	28.50	29.07	28.44	28.85@28.88	28.32
June	..	..	..	28.68 bid	28.22
July	28.32	28.87	28.22	28.62@28.63	28.16
Aug.	28.12	28.12	28.12	28.37 bid	27.90
Oct.	..	..	..	27.00@27.50	..

The local market for spot cotton was steady and 95 points higher, at 31.25c for middling upland; sales, 1,350 bales.

Southern spot markets follow: Galveston, 29.50c; New Orleans, 29c; Savannah, 29c; Augusta, 29.50c; Memphis, 29½c; Houston, 28.90c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics follow:

	Monday.	Last W'k.	Last Y'r.
Port receipts	28,615	28,273	58,852
Exports	21,298	40,687	49,999
Exports, season	1,641,535	1,556,017	2,236,204
Port stocks	1,166,256	1,126,301	1,470,132
Interior receipts	46,518	47,902	50,828
Interior shipme's	35,382	29,244	42,892
N. Y. arrivals	9,008	12,722	7,251
New York stocks	115,387	103,749	126,965

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton moderate demand; sales, 4,000 bales; American, 2,000 bales. Imports, nil. Middling unchanged, at 22.16d; good middling unchanged, at 21.60d. Futures opened steady 50 to 55 points higher. Closed quiet 38 to 46 points higher.

EARNINGS.

Railroad.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oct. gross	$15,304,554	$13,591,999	$11,384,903
Net aft. tax	4,660,004	5,515,442	3,755,113
10 mos. gross	133,204,204	118,087,158	100,068,450
Net aft. tax	40,186,347	40,612,152	30,659,075

Public Utilities.

AMERICAN POWER & LIGHT CO., all subsidiaries—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
October gross	$1,004,972	$892,972	$112,000
Net earnings	423,643	417,696	5,947
12 mos. gross	11,176,141	10,137,148	1,038,993
Net earnings	4,772,565	4,689,534	83,031

COMMONWEALTH POWER, RAILWAY & LIGHT—

October gross	1,763,894	1,458,380	305,514
Net earnings	732,442	731,381	21,061
Sur. after tax. and charges	196,749	231,858	*35,109
Bal. after pf. dividends	106,984	143,898	*36,914
10 mos. gross	15,905,165	13,718,662	2,186,503
Net earnings	7,065,472	7,026,809	38,663
Sur. after tax. and charges	1,775,721	2,087,249	*311,528
Bal. after pf. dividends	878,241	1,246,254	*368,013
12 mos. gross	19,149,109	16,518,224	2,630,885
Net earnings	8,626,649	8,565,523	61,126
Sur. after tax. and charges	2,340,214	2,641,290	*301,076
Bal. after pf. dividends	†1,264,559	1,640,295	*375,736

REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT CO. and subsidiary companies, eliminating inter-company items, for October—

Gross earnings	452,968	338,613	114,355
Net earnings	136,702	149,691	*12,989
Gross income	143,132	150,844	*7,711
Net income	55,617	81,773	*26,156
Preferred div	25,957	25,957	....
Balance	29,660	55,816	*26,156
12 months ended Oct. 31:			
Gross earnings	4,650,883	3,879,282	771,601
Net earnings	1,578,605	1,636,529	*57,924
Gross income	1,633,259	1,652,680	*19,421
Net income	657,206	849,722	*192,516
Balance	345,722	538,238	*192,516

*Decrease. †Equal to $16.80 on the common stock.

Miscellaneous.

CONSOLIDATED INTERSTATE-CALLAHAN MINING CO. for the quarter ended Sept. 30—

	Sept. 30.	June 30.	March 31.
Net val. ship'ts	$653,027	$733,500	$614,272
Oper. costs	283,821	324,513	236,697
Improvements	66,090	69,531	33,418
Surplus	303,106	339,456	344,157

Total surplus for the nine months ended Sept. 30, 1917, amounted to $986,719, compared with $1,932,187 for the corresponding period of 1916, a decrease of $945,468.

UNITED FRUIT CO. for the fiscal year ended Sept. 30—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Total income	17,592,391	14,032,133	7,614,570
Interest	867,567	1,399,835	1,714,048
Taxes	*3,686,869	689,146	....
Net income	13,037,955	11,943,151	5,900,522
Dividends	3,903,392	3,415,468	2,927,544
Surp. for year	9,134,563	8,527,683	2,972,978

*Subject to the interpretation of the War Revenue act.

NIPE BAY CO. for the year ended Sept. 30—

	12 Mos. Ended Sept. 30, 1917.	15 Mos. Ended Sept. 30, 1916.
Net earnings	1,897,608	2,729,983
Other income	266,376	40,742
Total income	2,163,984	2,770,726
Interest	301,565	444,271
Taxes	*205,662	41,120
Net income	1,656,756	2,285,335
Dividends	360,168	383,034
Surplus	1,296,588	1,902,301

*Subject to final interpretation of the War Revenue act.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair Tues.; cloudy and warmer Wed.
S. C.—Fair and warmer Tuesday; cloudy Wed.
Ga.—Fair and warmer Tuesday; cloudy Wed.
Fla.—Rain and warmer Tues; fair Wed.
Ala.—Fair and warmer Tues; fair Wed.
Miss.—Cloudy and warmer Tues.; fair Wed.
Tenn.—Rains Tuesday; fair Wed.
Ky. and Ind.—Rain or snow Tues.; fair Wed.
Mich.—Snow and warmer Tues.; cloudy Wed.
Ohio—Snow or rain Tues.; cloudy Wed.
La.—Rain Tues. and Wed.
Ark.—Rain and colder Tues.; cloudy Wed.
Okla.—Rains and colder Tues.; fair Wed.
Tex.—Rains Tues.; fair Wed.
Ill.—Rain or snow Tues.; cloudy Wed.
Mo.—Rain and warmer Tues.; fair Wed.
Wis.—Snow or rain Tues.; cloudy Wed.
Minn.—Snow Tues.; fair and warmer Wed.
Ia.—Rain or snow Tues.; fair Wed.
N. and S. Dak.—Fair Tues and Wed.
Neb.—Cloudy Tues.; fair Wed.
Kan.—Cloudy Tues.; fair Wed.

PENNIES BY THE BILLION.

National City Bank Cannot Understand Reported Shortage.

In a statement issued yesterday the National City Bank said the scarcity of pennies reported from various parts of the country was the more surprising in view of the fact that the Government coinage of one-cent pieces had been much larger in recent years than in any earlier period of the history of the country. The bank's compilation showed that more than one billion one-cent coins had been manufactured by the Government and distributed to the people during the last dozen years.

According to the bank's compilation, the number of one-cent coins manufactured by the mints of the United States from 1793 to the end of the fiscal year 1916 was 2,804,000,000, while the number issued in the last decade alone was, in round numbers, one billion. Even in the single fiscal year 1916 the number of one-cent pieces was 101,230,317, while in the high record year, 1910, the total number turned out was 152,846,218. The number of pieces coined never touched the 100,000,000 line prior to 1907, the total for that year being 108,138,618, the annual average since that time having been nearly 100,000,000 per year.

The bank estimates that the number of one-cent pieces coined from the beginning of the Government to date would, even if all were in existence and circulation, allow for each individual about 27 one-cent pieces. Of course, the number actually available is far less than this, for it is quite probable that out of the two and three-quarter billion one-cent pieces coined by the Government not more than about two billions are now in existence, or at least in circulation, making the present average per capita for all the people of the United States of about 20 one-cent pieces.

"The face value of the 'token coins' issued by the Government (the one-cent pieces and the five-cent nickels) is, of course, much greater than the value of the metal which they contain," the bank's statement said. "In fact, the profit on the manufacture of these coins, together with a slight profit on the manufacture of the minor silver coins (ten, twenty-five, and fifty cent pieces) is more than enough to pay the running expenses of the mint."

RED CROSS SHIPMENTS.

35,000 Cubic Tons Sent to Allies Since Oct. 1.

The American Red Cross announced last night that since Oct. 1 last steamships plying between American and allied ports in Europe have transported approximately 33,000 cubic tons of war relief materials to the Allies. The shipments were valued at about $1,736,316. The statement points out that at the present time the Red Cross is not only supplying war hospitals, but also infirmaries, canteens, recuperating stations, homes or nurses, and various other establishments in France and the other countries of the Allies.

Since Oct. 1 the following foodstuff was despatched to Europe: Flour, 602 tons; beans, 431 tons; condensed milk, 320 tons; beef, 158 tons, and coffee, 55 tons. Seven hundred and eighteen cases of cigarettes and tobacco, weighing 100 tons, were included in the Red Cross shipments.

In addition to the shipments listed in the report of the Supply Service, the Red Cross has made arrangements to forward seventy-five tons of foodstuffs to American prisoners in Germany. Two thousand tons of foodstuffs are to be purchased for Rumania at a cost of about $1,000,000. Shoes, medical supplies, and other materials costing about $250,000 will be shipped as soon as possible to Rumania.

The Red Cross will shortly extend to Japan its activities in war relief work, announcement having been made here that the organization has accepted an offer to take over St. Luke's International Hospital in Tokio in case of need arising for its use by the military or naval forces of the United States. In making this announcement Dr. R. B. Teusler, director of the Board of Missions of the Episcopal Church, said the hospital would become the centre of Red Cross activities in Japan.

B. R. T. Declares Dividend.

Directors of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company at their meeting yesterday declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent., payable Jan. 1 to stockholders of record Dec. 17. The stock of the B. R. T. advanced yesterday 2¼ points, closing at 46. The company's 5 per cent. notes, due July 1, 1918, sold at 93 and closed at 92½.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BRONX BOROUGH BANK

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$67,490.00
Private securities		474,636.25
Real estate owned		262,417.11
Mortgages owned		206,750.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		27,743.09
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		128,523.71
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		951,908.39
Overdrafts		1,097.64
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$87,737.34	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	37,833.31	
		125,570.65
Specie		17,615.78
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		176,365.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$94,922.58	
Other cash items	5,200.74	
		100,123.32
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		2,108.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$10,650.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	6,059.50	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	22,013.31	
		38,722.81
Total		$2,581,071.75

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$150,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$50,000.00	
Undivided profits	13,811.12	
		63,811.12
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$73,860.36	
Deposits by the State of New York	162,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets, N. Y. City	10,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	1,696,185.21	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of pass-books	167,233.50	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	13,328.30	
Certified checks	65,975.32	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	17,446.73	
		2,211,029.42
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned	$106,100.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	6,395.10	
Estimated unearned discounts	5,168.11	
		117,663.21
Subscription account Liberty Loan No. 2		38,568.00
Total		$2,581,071.75

NASSAU NATIONAL BANK OF BROOKLYN.

Brooklyn, Nov. 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$10,077,681.45
Bonds and investments		4,869,319.50
Exchanges	$703,678.05	
Cash and reserve	1,374,628.41	
Due from banks	547,865.29	
		2,626,171.75
Total		$17,573,172.70

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	1,121,191.78
Reserve for unearned discounts	72,000.00
Reserve for taxes	21,295.86
Circulation	50,000.00
Deposits	11,073,685.06
U. S. deposits	4,235,000.00
Total	$17,573,172.70

OFFICERS:
G. FOSTER SMITH, President.
T. SCHENCK REMSEN, Vice President.
H. P. SCHOENBERNER, Cashier.
A. J. RYDER, Asst. Cashier.

Partner Wanted with $30,000

To export tractors and plows to Peru, South America. I have orders for 20 tractors and plows on which I can make a net profit of $10,000. Address F. McCann, Room 748, Hotel Martinique.

We Maintain a Reliable Market in
Aetna Explosives Pref. Stock
DUNHAM & Co
SPECIALISTS
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 4501-2-3 Hanover.

RESULT PRODUCING SECURITY SALESMEN

HAVING AN ESTABLISHED CLIENTELE ARE OFFERED AN OPPORTUNITY TO REPRESENT A HIGH-GRADE NEW YORK BOND HOUSE IN THE SALE OF A MOST ATTRACTIVE DIVIDEND PAYING INDUSTRIAL SECURITY AT A PRICE TO YIELD 9⅛% ON A LIBERAL COMMISSION BASIS. WE WANT TO CHOOSE MEN FOR A PERMANENT CONNECTION. ADDRESS RESULTS S. S., P. O. BOX 1936, N. Y.

[Charter No. 1370.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Merchants National Bank of the City of New York

FOUNDED 1803

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$20,576,530.85	
Acceptances of other banks discounted	741,180.15	
Customers' liability account of acceptance of this bank purchased or discounted by it	50,000.00	
Total loans	$21,367,711.00	
Deduct:		
Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold)	1,903,835.74	
Acceptances of other banks payable at future date guaranteed by this bank, by indorsement or otherwise	741,180.15	
		$18,722,695.11
Customers' liability under Letters of Credit actually used and for which this bank has not been reimbursed		11,680.49
Customers' liability account of "acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding		580,182.62
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$1,900,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	200,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure postal savings deposits (par value)	300,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	50,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged for bills payable	300,000.00	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness		2,750,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.	$13,750.00	
Liberty Loan Bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.	610,000.00	
		623,750.00
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits	$198,832.50	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	240,178.80	
Total bonds, securities, &c.		439,011.30
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		7,841.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		120,000.00
Value of banking house		995,257.34
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		2,017,471.56
Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		85,733.78
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		1,160,867.31
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies		318,283.98
Exchanges for Clearing House		611,129.91
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		25,329.84
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		1,084.25
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		95,000.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		28,000.00
Other assets—Amount due on account subscriptions to Liberty Loan Bonds secured by Liberty Bonds		167.94
Total		$28,533,386.48

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$2,000,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$727,734.07	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	218,536.39	
		509,197.68
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate)		147,000.00
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		50,508.92
Amount reserved for all interest accrued		12,665.24
Circulating notes outstanding		1,847,000.00
Net amounts due to national banks		2,623,832.13
Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies		2,805,426.57
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
Individual deposits subject to check		9,368,627.53
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		280,587.89
Certified checks		195,567.22
Cashier's checks outstanding		205,927.39
Dividends unpaid		28.00
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		762,060.00
Postal savings deposits		194,279.86
United States deposits (other than postal savings):		
War loan deposit account		2,379,016.00
Bills payable, with Federal Reserve Bank		1,000,000.00
Customers' letters of credit drawn against		11,680.49
Acceptances executed for customers	$733,941.32	
Less acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted	50,000.00	
		683,941.32
Total		$28,533,386.43
55. a Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank		$1,903,835.74
b Acceptances of other banks payable at future date guaranteed by this bank, by indorsement or otherwise		741,180.15
Total contingent liabilities (55 a and b)		$2,645,015.89

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of November, 1917.
[Seal.] HENRY D. HOLLOWAY, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
WILLIAM F. NEU, ARTHUR G. MEYER, R. H. JONES, } Directors.

Amer. Light & Tract.
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Hoit & McWilliam
71 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone 3109 Rector

ESTABLISHED 1810

The Mechanics and Metals National Bank

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
20 NASSAU STREET

Condensed Report of Condition, November 20, 1917

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$120,810,432.50	Capital Stock, paid in	$6,000,000.00
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit and Acceptances	6,085,875.68	Surplus and Undivided Profits	11,046,767.37
Bonds, Securities, etc.	28,163,039.34	National Bank Notes Outstanding	3,764,800.00
Banking House and other Real Estate	4,400,000.00	Letters of Credit and Time Acceptances (Foreign Dept.)	6,411,318.18
Cash and Due from Banks	81,575,391.70	Deposits	213,811,853.67
	$241,034,739.22		$241,034,739.22

DIRECTORS

DANIEL BARNES, JAMES M. BECK, WILLIAM E. CORRY, W. R. CRAIG, WM. E. S. GRISWOLD, H. O. HAVEMEYER, H. H. HEWITT, WILLIAM A. JAMISON, L. F. LOREE, V. EVERIT MACY, HENRY R. MALLORY, T. FRANK MANVILLE, GATES W. McGARRAH, JOHN McHUGH, S. T. MORGAN, WILLIAM A. PAINE, CHARLES M. PRATT, ROBERT C. PRUYN, SAMUEL F. PRYOR, FERDINAND W. ROEBLING, Jr., HENRY H. ROGERS, JOHN D. RYAN, GEORGE E. SHELDON, F. de C. SULLIVAN

The National Bank of Commerce in Saint Louis

November 20, 1917

Cash and Exchange	$30,018,230.24
Loans and Discounts	37,224,763.02
TOTAL RESOURCES	**$81,301,421.16**
CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND PROFITS	**13,376,865.36**

Tom Randolph, *Chairman of the Board.* — John G. Lonsdale, *President.*
J. A. Lewis, *Vice President and Cashier.*

The Seaboard National Bank

18 Broadway and 5 Beaver Street, New York

Condensed Statement, November 20, 1917

Resources		Liabilities	
Loans and Discounts	$39,492,282.22	Capital	$1,000,000.00
Overdrafts	55.36	Surplus and Profits (earned)	3,424,026.82
U. S. Bonds	5,894,000.00	Circulation	69,997.50
Bonds, Securities, etc.	2,315,344.97	Reserved for Taxes	90,479.07
Due from Banks (net)	524,152.00	Deposits	63,838,232.96
Due from Federal Reserve Bank of New York	13,121,239.01	Acceptances Executed for Customers	150,000.00
Cash, Exchanges and Due from U. S. Treas.	7,375,662.79	U. S. Bonds Borrowed	300,000.00
Customers' Liability Account of Acceptances executed by this Bank	150,000.00		
	$68,872,736.35		$68,872,736.35

DIRECTORS

Samuel G. Bayne, William K. Cleverley, Edward J. Cornish, Joseph Seep, Michael J. Dady, Henry C. Folger, Bennett L. Gill, Charles C. Thompson, Edw. H. R. Green, Peter McDonnell, Stuart G. Nelson, William H. Woodin

NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE BANK

CONDENSED QUARTERLY REPORT
At close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$15,137,248.58	Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00
Securities	5,500,706.00	Surplus & Undivided Profits	1,014,144.97
Banking House and Lot	625,000.00	Unearned Discounts	42,236.39
Safe Deposit Vaults, Furniture and Fixtures, Head Office and Branches	120,000.00	Reserved for Taxes	57,978.67
Accrued Interest (Net)	67,767.82	Deposits	27,830,707.76
Due from Banks	2,715,935.18		
Cash and Cash Items	5,768,415.21		
	$29,945,067.79		$29,945,067.79

OFFICERS

GATES W. McGARRAH, President — THOMAS B. NICHOLS, Cashier
JOHN R. WOOD, Vice-President — CHARLES H. TOMPKINS, Asst. Cashier
HENRY W. MACOMBER, Asst. Cashier

DIRECTORS

JOHN E. BERWIND, Vice-Pres. Berwind-White Coal Mining Co.
WILLIAM H. CHILDS, President The Barrett Company
JOS. S. HOUSE, Cashier Mechanics & Metals Nat'l Bank
WALTER C. HUBBARD, Hubbard Bros. & Company
GATES W. McGARRAH, President
JOHN McHUGH, Vice-Pres. Mechanics & Metals Nat'l Bank
CHAS. S. SARGENT, Jr., Kidder, Peabody & Company
AMBROSE G. TODD, Reeves & Todd, Attorneys
JOHN R. WOOD, Vice-President

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF AN ASSOciation for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York, for the election of a Board of Trustees and officers for the ensuing year, will be held at the home, One Hundred and Fourth Street and Amsterdam Avenue, on Tuesday the 4th day of December, 1917, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

Chartered 1799.
BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY.
New York, November 2, 1917.
Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their Banking House, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the fourth day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
By order of the Directors.
D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

Middletown & Crawford R. R. Co.
Stockholders' Meeting.
The annual meeting of stockholders of the Middletown & Crawford Railroad Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company at No. 50 Church Street, New York, on Tuesday, December 4th, 1917, at 1 o'clock P. M.
DAVID BOSMAN, Secretary.
Dated New York, Nov. 14, 1917.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

ST. ANTHONY ASSOCIATION.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the ST. ANTHONY ASSOCIATION will be held at 17 West 50th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of December, 1917, at 9 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing seven Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Meeting and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
New York City, N. Y., November 26, 1917.
PERRY D. BOGUE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

REPUBLIC IRON & STEEL COMPANY.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 57.
At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, held November 16th, 1917, the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred stock was declared, payable January 2nd, 1918, to stockholders of record December 15th, 1917. Books remain open.
COMMON DIVIDEND NO. 5.
At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, held November 16th, 1917, a dividend of 1½% on the Common stock was declared, payable February 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record January 15th, 1918. Books remain open.
R. JONES, JR., Secretary.

ESTABLISHED 1784.

[No. 1393.]
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

The Bank of New York

National Banking Association

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business on Nov. 20th, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$29,654,028.48	
Acceptances of other banks discounted	165,000.00	
Customers' liability account of acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted by it	80,000.00	
Total loans	$29,899,028.48	
Deduct:		
Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold)	615,000.00	
		$29,284,028.48
Customers' liability under Letters of Credit actually used and for which this bank has not been reimbursed		393,515.00
Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding		4,539,250.74
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds of 1917):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$800,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,620,000.00	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds) and certificates of indebtedness		2,420,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.	$13,640.00	
Liberty Loan bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.	3,755,000.00	
		3,768,640.00
Bonds, securities, &c. (other than U. S.):		
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits	$5,262,585.88	
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits	758,572.51	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	2,165,334.80	
Total bonds, securities, &c.		8,186,493.24
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		8,386.10
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		180,000.00
Value of banking house		250,000.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		6,273,959.00
Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		680,966.25
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		790,255.00
Net amounts due from banks, bankers and trust companies		2,482,672.39
Exchanges for clearing house		13,064,914.24
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		320,791.90
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		70,000.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		57,141.95
Other assets, if any: Bills receivable to secure United States deposits		3,412,000.00
Total		$76,182,684.47

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$2,000,000.00
Surplus fund		4,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$1,600,993.72	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	194,006.67	
		1,406,987.05
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate)		82,760.41
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		52,740.15
Circulating notes outstanding		[illegible]
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
Net amounts due to national banks	$5,457,235.62	
Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies	7,982,128.16	
Individual deposits subject to check	27,233,891.67	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	1,068,464.90	
Certified checks	6,771,727.79	
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,321,022.75	
Dividends unpaid	1,179.00	
Total demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve		50,785,749.96
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	$70,743.49	
Postal savings deposits	[illegible]	
Other time deposits	93,499.00	
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve		1,127,042.49
United States deposits (other than postal savings):		
War loan deposit account		[illegible]
U. S. bonds borrowed without furnishing collateral security for same		[illegible]
Customers' letters of credit drawn against		[illegible]
Acceptances executed for customers	[illegible]	
Less acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted	80,000.00	
		[illegible]
Total		[illegible]
Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank		[illegible]

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, JOSEPH ANDREWS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOSEPH ANDREWS, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of November, 1917.
[Seal] THOMAS J. MOONEY, Notary Public, New York County.
Correct—Attest: S. T. HUBBARD, JAMES B. MABON, HERBERT L. GRIGGS, } Directors

1829

Condensed Statement

At the Close of Business Nov. 20, 1917

The Bank owes to Depositors		$21,009,726.98
The Bank owes to Holders of our National Bank Notes (Circulation)		149,800.00
Reserved for Taxes		15,240.00
Letters of Credit		203,455.67
		$21,378,222.65
To meet the above, the Bank has:		
Cash and exchange	$6,101,977.97	
Loans and Discounts	13,929,985.37	
U. S. and Other Bonds	3,057,579.60	
Furniture and Fixtures	11,740.78	
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit	192,705.64	
Total to meet Indebtedness		$23,293,989.36
This leaves Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits		$1,915,766.71

Commercial and Travelers' Credits issued but not drawn against, $1,213,107.55.

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Founded 1829 — Nationalized 1865

INCOME TAX AND INVESTMENTS. Relation of taxable securities to tax exempt bonds discussed in an article in this week's Annalist: 10 cents on all news stands, $4 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

WANTED
Man to act as bookkeeper and cashier for unlisted securities house. Answer in own handwriting, giving age, references, experience and salary expected. Address Box E 233 Times Downtown.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN CAN CO.

A dividend of 8.7157 per cent. has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, this being final payment of accumulated deferred dividends, payable December 20th, 1917, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 11th, 1917. Transfer Books will remain open. Checks mailed.
R. H. ISMON, Secretary and Treasurer.

AMERICAN CAN CO.

A quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable January 2d, 1918, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 18th, 1917. Transfer Books will remain open. Checks mailed.
R. H. ISMON, Secretary and Treasurer.

BARCELONA TRACTION, LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY, LIMITED. (Incorporated Under the Laws of the Dominion of Canada.)
To the Holders of the 7% Prior Lien "A" Bonds:
Notice is hereby given that the Coupon Number 5 in respect of the interest due and payable on the 1st of December, 1917, on the 7% Prior Lien "A" Bonds of the Company will be paid on and after the 1st of December, 1917, at the Bank of Scotland, 30 Bishopsgate, London, England, and as their agents, at the Canadian Bank of Commerce, 23 King St. West, Toronto, and at the agency of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, 16 Exchange Place, New York.
Dated this 24th day of November, 1917.
For BARCELONA TRACTION, LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY, LIMITED,
R. H. MERRY, Secretary.

Continental Refining Co.

A monthly dividend of 1% will be paid on the common stock of the Continental Refining Company, payable December 10, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 30, 1917. Transfer books will not be closed.
A. A. ROLLESTONE, President.

REALTY ASSOCIATES, 162 Remsen Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Dividend No. 30. November 26th, 1917.
The Board of Directors has this day declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3% on the capital stock of the Company, payable January 15th, 1918, out of the earnings for the fiscal year to stockholders of record at the close of business 12 M. Saturday, January 5th, 1918.
(Signed) AUGUSTUS HARPER, Treasurer.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRI LESCHZINER, doing business under the trade name of MAISON HENRI, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, Dec. 3, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 2,489 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Dresses, Waists, Fixtures, including Wall Cases, Cashier's Office, Balcony for workroom, etc. Inspection Friday, November 30, and Saturday, December 1, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
MORRIS B. ARNOLD, Assignee.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors, 120 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY MERKLE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 629 Park Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Butchers' Fixtures, Marble Counters, Ice Box, Office Fixtures, Salt, 1 Ford Auto Delivery Wagon.
IRVING L. ERNST, Receiver.
VINCENT LIPPE, Attorney for Receiver, 150 Nassau St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX MINTZ, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Pants, Coats, Trimmings, Buttons, Piece Goods, etc.
MAX E. SANDERS, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—To the Creditors of the GRAPE OLA CORPORATION, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 25061.
A meeting of creditors is called to be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on November 28th, 1917, at 2 P. M., to consider and vote upon an offer made by Johnston Dryden & Co., Inc., to pay the creditors 100% on the dollar on the amount of their respective claims as such claims may be proved and allowed payable by five notes, made by the Johnston Dryden & Co., Inc., 20% each maturing respectively on March 1st, 1918; June 1st, 1918; September 1st, 1918; December 1st, 1918, and March 1st, 1919, and bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. (6%) per annum. Said notes to be secured by Syndicate Certificates of Preferred Stock of a Corporation to be formed and known as the Grape Ola Products Corporation, to which all of the assets of the bankrupt herein will be transferred.
Dated New York, November 15th, 1917.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Marcus Helfand, Esq., Trustee. Office and P. O. Address, 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
William Solomon, Attorney for Trustee. Office and P. O. Address, 35 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,538.—In Bankruptcy.—CARROLL FELTER and EROLD MARTIN, Bankrupts.
Carroll Felter and Erold Martin, individually and as copartners doing business as Carroll Felter & Co., were duly adjudicated bankrupt on May 18th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on December 13th, 1917, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,161.—In Bankruptcy.—SELMA COHEN and IRENE ROSENGARD, individually and trading as SEDONIE HAT CO., Bankrupt.
Selma Cohen and Irene Rosengard were duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 7th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City of New York, on December 7th, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24,903.—In Bankruptcy.—J. GOLD & CO., INC., Bankrupt.
J. Gold & Co., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on September 25th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on December 7th, 1917, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

SUNDAY ADVERTISING

The United States Government has announced that the early morning newspaper mail and express trains leaving New York, for military reasons, now depart one hour earlier than formerly.

Therefore, advertising copy for which proofs are required for the supplemental sections of the Sunday edition, excepting Rotogravure, Magazine and Book Review Sections, must be received in The Times Building before Thursday night, and proof must be released before Friday night.

Advertising copy for the Main News Section of the Sunday edition must be released in The Times Building before noon on Saturday.

The Times will be obliged to omit, without notice, all advertisements which do not conform to these regulations.

THE NEW YORK TIMES

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

Notwithstanding the small receipts of wheat at Western points last week, the visible supply of domestic and Canadian wheat in the United States increased 1,649,000 bushels, bringing the total to 21,213,000, against 72,090,000 last year. Advices from Argentina said that prices there were strong on reports of negotiations pending for the purchase of the entire surplus of wheat as well as linseed and oats by the Allies. It was also said that the Argentine crop had been severely damaged by frost, and Broomhall's agent now estimates the exportable surplus at 138,000,000, compared with earlier estimates of 176,000,000 bushels.

RYE.—Market steady. No. 2 Western, $1.89, cost and freight, New York.

CORN.

The corn market was feverish and irregular, closing ⅜c net lower to ⅜c higher. At best the market is a narrow one, owing to the restrictions placed on aggressive operations, and consequently prices are subject to quick changes both ways, as operations are mostly in small lots and traders are disposed to take small profits. There was further talk of prospective large receipts, and on this account some operators were disposed to look for lower prices. As a matter of fact, receipts are increasing, and the visible supply showed an increase for the week of 661,000 bushels, compared with an increase of 328,000 last year. In the local cash market new yellow corn was quoted at $2.02, cost and freight, New York, ten days shipment; Argentine corn at $2.06 to $2.10, free on board cars New York, to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.24⅝	1.23¼	1.24	1.24⅜	90
January	1.22⅛	1.20⅝	1.21⅜	1.21¼	95⅞
May	1.19⅞	1.18⅝	1.19⅜	1.19	93⅞

OATS.

The oats market was slightly lower early under selling for a reaction after last week's advance. A sharp upturn in Winnipeg, however, again stimulated buying, and this, supplemented by export sales of about 300,000 bushels, caused a sharp rally. Final prices were 1¼@1½c net higher. The visible supply decreased 575,000 bushels for the week, and the total is now about 30,000,000 less than last year, despite the large crop. The local cash market was firmer. Standard quoted at 79@79½c; No. 2 white, 79¾c; No. 3 white, 78½@79c; No. 4 white, 76@78½c; fancy clipped white, 79@81c; ordinary clipped white, 78@79c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	71⅞	69¾	71½	70	55
May	70⅝	68⅞	70¼	69¾	59⅛
July	..	..	..	..	55

PROVISIONS.

Larger receipts of hogs than expected in the West, and a decline of 10 points in the hog market, brought about an easier opening to the provision list, with more or less scattered selling. The firmness in grains, however, and buying which was thought to be by packers, caused a rally, and the close was firm and generally higher. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 55,000; estimated for Tuesday, 33,000. Kansas City received 9,000 and Omaha 12,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
November	27.25	27.25	27.25	27.37	16.55
January	24.90	24.65	24.37	24.80	16.45
Ribs—					
January	25.10	24.75	25.10	24.80	14.65
May	24.92	24.60	24.92	24.65	14.80
Pork—					
January	46.77	46.35	46.72	46.50	27.65

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was irregular early, closing easy, with final prices 5 to 83 points net lower. Total sales were 4,600 barrels. The November position advanced 21 points on covering, but closed weak. Total tenders on November contracts during the month were 19,000 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	18.25@19.00	18.40
November	18.71	18.50	18.25@18.75	18.50
December	18.49	18.20	18.15@18.20	18.43
January	18.40	18.30	18.30@18.40	18.35
February	..	..	18.25@18.36	18.30
March	18.48	18.45	18.30@18.40	18.40
May	..	..	19.00	..

COFFEE.

The circulation of December notices, estimated at slightly over 20,000 bags, caused a renewal of liquidation and a good deal of switching from December to later months in the coffee market yesterday. These offerings seemed to have been pretty well absorbed on an early decline of about 8 to 12 points, however, and rallies followed on covering, while there also seemed to be some scattered trade buying during the afternoon. The close showed a net decline of 1 to 5 points. The local spot market was quiet and unchanged at 7½c for Rio 7s and 9¼c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.91@6.92	6.92
December	6.92	6.82	6.91@6.92	6.94
January	6.99	6.90	7.00@7.01	7.03
February	..	..	7.08@7.09	7.11
March	7.18	7.11	7.16@7.18	7.19
April	..	..	7.24@7.25	7.28
May	7.34	7.26	7.32@7.34	7.36
June	7.34	7.34	7.41@7.43	7.45
July	7.51	7.50	7.50@7.51	7.53
August	..	..	7.58@7.60	7.62
September	7.68	7.60	7.66@7.68	7.71
October	..	..	7.72@7.74	..

SUGAR.

There were no fresh developments in sugar. It is reported that the Russian sugar recently released has not as yet been distributed, but the committee is working out details, and it is expected that distribution will be made later in the week. It is now reported that no final agreement has yet been reached on a price for the new Cuban crop, and that the Cuban officials are returning to New York for a final conference here on Friday of this week. Practically all the Western beet sugar factories are working full time and turning out about 10,000 tons of sugar daily, but a good deal of this is going into warehouses owing to the shortage of cars. Spot prices follow: Centrifugal, 6.90c; molasses, 6.02c, and cost and freight, 5⅝c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER. — Receipts yesterday, 2,880 packages. Market still short of high grades of fresh creamery. Prices were further advanced, with a strong feeling at the close. Medium qualities are attracting rather more attention and are stiffening a little and there is a better movement in storage creamery. Most of the large chain stores are now running on the held goods. Fine renovated doing a little better. Ladles and Packing stock very quiet. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 47½@48c; extras, (92 score,) 47c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 43@46½c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 40@42½c; thirds, 38@39c; Creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 48½@49c; extras, 47½c@48c; firsts, 44@47c; seconds, 41@43½c; Creamery, held, higher scoring than extras, 43½@44c; extras, 42½@43c; firsts, 41@42c; seconds, 39¼@40½c; thirds, 38@39c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 45@46c; good to prime, 41½@44c; common to fair, 35@41c; Renovated, extras, 41@41½c; firsts, 39½@40c; lower grades, 35@38c; Ladles, current make, firsts, 33¼@34c; seconds, 32½@33c; lower grades, 31@32c; Packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@31¼c.

EGGS.—Receipts, 4,883 cases. Fresh gathered eggs continue in extremely small supply, and there is a great scarcity of new-laid qualities. The needs of the trade are increasing as a result of the recent advance in prices, but dealers are still having difficulty in obtaining enough for urgent requirements, and the market is fully sustained, with a firm tone on all desirable qualities. The range of prices is still very wide, owing to the irregular quality of the receipts. Storage eggs are meeting a moderate demand and show a steady tone at unchanged prices. Nearby white eggs are a little more plentiful. Trading is quiet and selective and prices tend in buyers' favor. Most of the receipts are of mixed and irregular qualities, and comparatively few are now found to reach our top quotation. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 57@58c; extra firsts, 55@56c; firsts, 52@54c; seconds, 45@50c; thirds and poorer, 36@44c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 35c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@34c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice dry, 32@33c; under grades, 25@31c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34@34½c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 32½@33½c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 30@32c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 24@30c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 72@76c; ordinary to good, 60@70c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 58@72c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets, 55@60c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 55@65c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 58@62c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 48@58c.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sections 3,082 U. S. R. S. & 347, Tariff Act of Oct. 3, 1913, I have seized and hold One bag containing seven packages of Paradise and Goura Feathers; One package containing 150 feathers of the Bird of Paradise and 150 Quills; and forty-three boxes containing heads and feathers of Birds of Paradise and Goura Heads.
Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on 10th day of December, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated November 17th, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

INTERNED GERMANS INJURED

Three Hurt in Garden in Cuba When Old Grenade Explodes.

HAVANA, Nov. 26.—Frederick Gunning and Otto Rosahl, former members of the crew of a German ship seized when Cuba declared war, and Kort French, under confinement as a German spy, all of whom were interned in Cabanas fortress, were injured this morning by the explosion of one of several old grenades which they were placing about a small garden patch.

Gunning's hands were mangled. The others were less seriously injured.

Coin Shortage in Philippines.

MANILA, Nov. 26.—There is a shortage of coins throughout the Philippine Islands. The Philippine National Bank is issuing paper bills of the denomination of 10 and 20 centavos as a temporary relief.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 26.—Seventy-four new corporations, with an aggregate capital stock of $2,918,600, were chartered today. They include:

Holmes Music House, Middletown, $50,000; F. R. Alford, F. E. Hall, A. J. Holmes, Middletown.
Brooks & Co., Manhattan, metal boxes for vaults, $12,000; S. E. Ferris, E. J. and C. C. Jenkins, 631 Quincy St., Brooklyn.
The New-Worth Co., Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $10,000; S. Savier, P. Newirth, J. L. Schwartz, 134 West 113th St.
Beck-Hazzard Store, 2, Manhattan, shoe store, 100 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $500. There are thirty-three similar companies formed, each bearing a number, to conduct shoe stores in Greater New York. Directors, M. L. Davis, R. P. Hazzard, A. A. Brown, 326 Lafayette St.
Margaret Holding Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. Tobin, A. Hyman, A. H. Mittleman, 46 West 83d St.
Beekman Storage Warehouse, Manhattan, $150,000; P. V. L. Bouton, L. M. Tafford, C. E. Thorall, 50 Church St.
Euclid Avenue Realty Corp., Kenmore, Erie County, $16,000; F. B., R. L. and L. K. Everhardt, Kenmore.
Samuel Bruck, Manhattan, commission merchants in food, $10,000; G. C. Menacci, M. Ladiana, M. Pickholtz, 320 Manhattan Av.
11 Commercio Publishing Co., Manhattan, $10,000; F. Del Gaizo, G. A. Quino, F. Albano, 113 East 28th St.
J. F. McCarthy Shoe Co., Manhattan, $100,000; P. G. Fourman, L. W. Simmons, J. F. McCarthy, 70 Post Av.
The Ever Ready Auto Service, Manhattan, $10,000; J. H. Bacon, F. S. Welsington, W. H. Willis, 125 West 132d St.
Niagara River Realty Corp., Buffalo, $50,000; J. T. Coonan, C. A. Criqui, J. W. Gunnell, Buffalo.
S. B. Trading Co., Manhattan, exporters, $50,000; M. Schenkman, S. and F. Frank, 132 West 121st St.
L. Hemmerdinger & Co., Manhattan, paints and painters' supplies, $50,000; L. and B. and L. Hemmerdinger, 436 East 123d St.
Breeze Air Craft Co., Manhattan, 2,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $10,000; J. A. Preville, A. Sutherland, A. D. Weekes, Jr., 52 William St.
Connecticut Owning Co., Manhattan, hotels, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $5,000; J. A. Coslos, E. P. Shell, A. R. Fritz, 56 West 45th St.
Beuret & Co., Mt. Vernon, commission merchants in dry goods, $100,000; H. N. Luhrs, E. J. Beuret, W. Grpel, 356 4th Av.
Otto P. Weisswange, Inc., Mt. Vernon, precision thermometers and scientific glass apparatus, $50,000; M. Hertz, H. Weismann, E. K. Noll, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.
Gerwig & Agan Co., Herkimer, coal and builders' supplies, $50,000; B. W. Gerwig, G. W. Agan, G. P. Trace, Herkimer.
Port Ewen Commerce and Realty Corp., Port Ewen, $25,000; A. C. Weppler, D. B. R. Chapman, A. B. Patton, 251 West 42d St.
Candy Forwarding Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. A. McNamara, F. Holman, J. J. Reilly, 115 West 43d St.
Oakdale Cent. Co., Manhattan, $50,000; H. S. Mack, W. Kaufman, R. Meyers, 7 Beekman St.
Decoration Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $3,000; J. J. Hegt, D. J. Mitnick, J. E. Hume, 529 Courtlandt Av.
Frank Eberhart, Inc., Manhattan, plumbing and steamfitting, $5,000; E. Cladell, B. A. Buge, M. Eberhart, 962 Whitlock Av.
Elwood Express Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. W. Heinrich, P. and W. F. Heiserman, 868 Third Av.
Wearstrong Clothing Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $150,000; L. Fish, E. and A. Goldman, 28 Lenox Av.
General Oil Industry Improvement Co., Manhattan; $1,500,000; J. H. Rieger, A. Silver, J. A. Fagnant, 51 Chambers St.
Mason & Moore, Manhattan, make printing and bookbinding machinery, $100,000; G. Chapman, W. A. Moore, W. O. Mason, 51 Chambers St.
Porto Rally Co., Manhattan, $6,000; J. H. and H. and G. Neuschafer, 521 East 77th St.
Thormo Dairy Can Co., Albany, $300,000; W. E. Taylor, J. C. Watson, A. E. Pratt, Albany.

CAPITAL INCREASES.
Micropho-Detector Co., Manhattan, $150,000 to $1,190,000.
E. F. Coombs & Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.
8 West 40th Street Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $500,000.
The E. and H. Silk Co., Manhattan, $160,000 to $300,000.
Edwin Wasser, Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

REVOCATION AND NEW DESIGNATION.
Frick Co., Penn.; new representative, A. C. Olp, Rochester.

DISSOLUTIONS.
Cohen-Chelsea, Inc., Manhattan.
Walker's Restaurants, Inc., Buffalo.
Abramson Drug Co., Brooklyn.
Albany Storage Battery Co., Albany.
Rubes Electric Devices, Brooklyn.
Tiger Silk Co., Manhattan.
Eagel Hosiery and Glove Co., Manhattan.
Flinn-O'Rourke Co., Manhattan.
Hewitt Bros., Cortland.
S. Ostrin, Manhattan.
244 Delancey Street Corp., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 26.—Charters filed:
Uesco Oil and Refining Corp., $3,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, C. M. Egner, Wilmington.
Federal Oil Refining Co., $1,000,000; J. J. Jolls, M. L. Grubb, K. E. Longfield of Wilmington.
Liberty Systems Corp., accounting machines, $1,000,000; L. A. Watters, S. F. Lloyd, E. L. Reel, all of Edwardsville, Ill.
Fullard Drying Products Corp., $1,000,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Irwin Pimm, S. C. Seymour of Philadelphia.
Independent Aetna Sprinkler Co., $1,000,000; R. H. Anderson, E. W. Shaw, all of New York; J. W. Husley, Jr., of Wilmington.
Catlin Shale Products Co., $300,000; J. F. Charlton, L. Nillet, M. M. Manning, all of New York.

Increases in Capital.

Myando Pulp and Paper Corp., Rochester, N. Y., from $7,000,000 to $11,000,000.
The Page-Lewis Oil Co., Olean, N. Y., from $100,000 to $500,000.
Standard Car Construction Co., from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.
Penn Leather Co., from $100,000 to $1,000,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 26.—Premier Rubber Corp., Jersey City, $100,000; C. L. Williams, A. M. Lowenthal, and William Lowenthal, all of New York.
Universal Service and Auto Sales Service, Newark, $10,000; J. A. Mandeville of South Orange, John H. Knox and Thomas H. Warren of Newark.
Passaic Valley Chronicle, Morristown, $25,000; A. Vance Pierson, Joseph Weiner, and Viva Cordon, all of Morristown.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

RALPH SAMUELS, manufacturer of cloaks and suits, at 32 East Thirty-first Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by these creditors: K. L. Abbott, $500; A. L. Sanders, $50, and M. H. Doody, $50. Liabilities are reputed to be $24,000, and assets, $14,000.

ISRAEL TEICH, manufacturer of furs, at 47 East Eighth Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by these creditors: Issie Goldstein, $490; Sam Goldman, $400, and Gustave Licht. Liabilities are stated to be $20,000, and assets, $3,000.

AARON SILVERSTEIN, manufacturer of dresses, at 36 West Twenty-fifth Street and 109 West Houston Street.—A petition in bankruptcy against him has been filed by these creditors: Schlansky, Kapfer Co., Inc., $75; Philip Schlansky, $212; M. Schlansky & Co., Inc., $10, and Adelson Weisberg, Inc., $173. Liabilities are $7,000, and assets, $2,000.

HYMAN KROTMAN, dealer in furniture, at 3,896 Third Avenue.—A petition in bankruptcy against him has been filed by these creditors: H. Sussman, Inc., $78; Pauline Connor, $350, and Bassett Furniture Co., $113. It is alleged that he made an assignment to Rubin Mayersohn.

MICHAEL GROSSMAN of 1,220 College Av. has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $20,875, and no assets. Among the creditors are the Phoenix Trading Co., $3,900; Simon Russek, $3,900, and Elias Silverstein, $3,900.

DAVIS M. LENTIN of 32 West 113th Street, builder and real estate, formerly President of the Washington Place Building Company, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $7,094, and no assets, except some stock in the company of no value.

JOSEPH FLEISCHER, cupmaker of 740 Jennings Street, formerly in business at 129 Wooster Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $3,365, and no assets.

ALEXANDER BACKER, a salesman, of 3,905 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $13,100, and no assets. Among the creditors are Hudson Trust Company, $10,000; William A. Wood Mowing and Reaping Machine Company, $3,000. The debts are all indorsements in notes.

H. TOWNSEND AHERN, actor, of 3,647 Broadway, has filed a petition, individually and as surviving partner in F. F. Ahren & Son, with liabilities of $6,881, and no assets. There is $272 in the hands of the public administrator. Among the creditors are Elizabeth Remsen, $4,000; S. Smith & Jones, $500.

TESSIE ZITENFIELD, dealer in paper, at 426 Sixth Avenue, has filed schedules, showing liabilities of $9,747, and assets of $2,976, consisting of stock, $2,000; fixtures, $350; accounts, $625, and cash, $1.

JOSEPH Finkenthal, wholesale dealer in millinery, at 653 Broadway, has filed schedules, showing liabilities of $12,135, and assets of $4,311, consisting of stock, $1,500; accounts, $2,574, and cash in bank, $237.

LILLIAN P. HEATON LONO, dealer in women's apparel, at 734 Fifth Avenue, has filed schedules, showing liabilities of $6,139, and assets of $472.

FEUER & SOLOMON, trading as the Eclipse Clothing Company at 1,591 Broadway, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $9,674 and assets of $3,131, consisting of stock, $2,000; fixtures, $900; accounts, $221, and cash, $30.

WILLIAM B. RICHMOND, druggist at Peekskill, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $9,308 and assets of $3,244. Judge Hand appointed J. Wesley Barker receiver.

MAX ZEISLER.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of Max Zeisler, doing business as the Crescent Tire Company at 1,771 Broadway, and as the Independent Auto Supply Company at 55 Chambers Street, with creditors at 30 cents on the dollar, cash. Liabilities were $146,570.

HAUSEN BROTHERS.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of Hausen Brothers, manufacturers of women's hats at 650 Broadway, with creditors at 33 1-3 cents on the dollar. Liabilities were $70,099.

Judge Hand in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to the following bankrupts:
MARTIN DEGNAN, cigars, East Chatham, N. Y.
JOSEPH F. RYAN, clerk, Newburg.
SOLOMON and ROSALIE LUCHMAN, 1,838 Madison Avenue.
HENRY ROSENBERG, formerly jeweler, now manager of junk shop, 45 John Street.
EDWARD A. CHITTENDEN, manager express, 229 West 124th Street.
HERBERT S. COLE, 647 West 172d Street.
MARTIN SEIDLER, 230 Grand Street.
MAX E. ROSEN, confectioner, 252 Broome Street.
SAMUEL KOTLER, 316 West 111th Street.
S. BOLIVAR, S. ROMERO, 50 Church Street.

DAVID TOBIAS of 994 Sutter Av., Brooklyn.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by the following creditors: Weinberger Brothers, $194; Paull & Wainbaum, Inc., $143; Harry Sacks, $359.

MORRIS MENDES, a salesman, 384 Keap St., Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,888 and assets of $4,938.

OTTO L. SPEISS, 324 Van Brunt St., Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,654 and assets of $530.

LOUIS RUBINSKY of 46 Blake Av., Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,684 and no assets.

H. M. AUTO SUPPLY CO. of 718 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by the following creditors: Henry Hoffman, $12.76; W. E. Spencer Co., $22.36; Albert Block & Sons, $11.30; Jacob Hanauer, $137; Phillip Allen, $75.75.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and Over.

American Sodding Machine Corp.—L. Babini $657.92
American Phonograph Co.—Doehler Die Casting Co. $191.45
Andre Jacques Restaurant—New York Telephone Co. 106.10
Bradhurst Automobile Co.—F. Jerlsben 576.43
Bastone, John—Sykes Realty Corp. 238.05
Brady-Oltarsh Const. Co.—Universal Road Machinery Co., costs 150.59
Blank, William—J. Grossmann 121.95
Burland, Wolf; Mathias Rapaport, and Sophia Burland—Kobre Assets Corp. 382.19
Bigall, William—O. J. Gude Co., New York 132.30
Baldwin, John F.—J. H. Naughtin 103.94
Choguet, Arthur—Encyclopedia Britannica Corp. 158.22
Carabesa, Inc.—C. S. Pinkney et al. 416.69
Cohen, Louis—W. Menke et al. 173.03
Coney Island & Brooklyn R. R. Co.—R. Goldberg 1,637.41
City of New York—W. A. Gilbert 419.35
Catino, Raffaelo—State Industrial Commission of the State of New York 143.88
Clements, Dorothy N.—A. B. Clements, costs 898.84
Chester Dry and Wet Wash Laundry—J. M. Thomson & Co. 380.11
Cushing-Perine Co.—J. R. Shelton 2,529.50
Same—Same 429.50
Dryfuss, Bernard J.—L. Livingston 210.79
Le Solding, Joel S.—F. M. Wallace 960.88
Daly, Alice—New York Title and Mortgage Co. 160.90
Du Chong Leong—W. D. Chung 1,198.20
Dunn, Louise S.—Barry Realty Co. 259.41
Donovan, Andrew—K. T. Potthoff, costs 109.61
E. W. Minter Co.—S. L. Newman 270.45
Eagle Products Corp.—Marden, Orth & Hastings Co. 297.62
Edwards, Chancellor W.—S. M. Meyer 144.60
Freund, Edw. and Sidney—E. C. Strifler 2,150.80
Globe Wholesale Drug Co.—A. H. Jadwin & Sons 122.33
Guma, Daniel F.—Consumers Brewing Co. 278.63
Gibbs, Louis and Israel (Gibbs Bros.)—J. Leifer 826.33
Graham, Thomas A.—Davison & Schwab 246.30
Same—Same 246.30
Howard, Ray L.—H. M. Baer 735.45
Goss, Vence A.—W. F. Russell 199.81
Herx, Leah, or Leah Harding—M. Lydon 216.01
Howard, Ray L.—H. M. Baer 735.45
Horter, Earl B.—E. Horter, costs 153.38
Hurst & Hurst—J. J. Katz 124.82
Harrigan, William—O. J. Gude Co., New York 241.80
Imrie, Malcolm G.—Motor Car Equipment Co. 552.84
Juno Realty Corp.—New York Telephone Co. 128.72
Judson, Jacob—D. Merkel 565.91
Koller, Samuel—S. Garcia et al. 327.96
Kittel, Russell H., and David F. Garton—E. Smolka Plumbing Supply Co. 453.45
Kelly, Lawrence—J. Dunn 119.91
Kennedy, Hannah—E. Glennin 475.85
Lee, William J., Jr.—Interstate Shade Cloth Co. 397.40
Levy, Ethel—E. Glandolfi 119.91
Miller, George—H. De Martine 329.72
Normandie Shirt Co.—Singer Sewing Machine Co. 1,169.79
New York Railways Co.—A. J. Durkin 850.00
New York Builders' Supply Co. and Robert T. Norton—Albert A. Volk Co. 755.80
Phillips, William R.—First National Bank of Omaha 11,811.08
Power, E. H.—Hotels Statler Co. 4,810.38
Reichhard, Jacob, and John Reston, (Capitol Chemical Co.)—Bush, Beach & Gent 86,957.83
Roce, Frank—Sreinhart Bros. & Co. 258.77
Roberts Cont. Co.—M. I. Lent et al. 200.11
Re Inker Mfg. Co.—J. Blum 178.10
Rostolder, Max—A. Mannare 905.20
Simmons, John L.—B. Weingart 118.91
Stuart, Edith B.—Gimbel Bros., N. Y. 133.23
Silverman, Max—J. Newmark 540.11
Sprague, Henry L., and David Liebmann—V. S. Powers 5,098.85
Smith, Charles E.—Kroll & Horrowitz 166.75
Stienen, Ernest A.—S. M. Stienen, costs 117.75
Sargent & Co.—R. J. Caldwell Co. 425.20
Trondel, Adolph—S. Bonagura 229.41
Thomas F. Penders Co.—Hay Walker Brick Co. 573.50
Williams, Herbert E., and David Martin—Metropolitan Trust Co. of City of New York 8,070.39
Wise, Fred—P. Sohn 5,164.60
Williams, Arthur D., adm.—E. A. Philbin et al. 109.98
Young, W. H.—G. A. Forman, costs 116.63

In Bronx County.

Foley, Mary—A. J. Foley, as admx. $21.25
Same—same 102.60
Hamlin, Frank H.—L. W. Sweey & Co. 388.80
Heaney, Patrick J.—D. McGrath, et al. 1,434.84
Mushkat, Morris—A. Hurewitz 344.98
Rose, Armin—J. Goldston 237.83
Willard, Louis H.—H. Fitzmaurice 500.00
Wishnevsky, Frederick, and Meyer Lubelsky—L. Lan 788.55

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Greene, Maude M.—Brentwood Realty Co., June 8, 1917 ....$117.39
Studebaker Bros. Co. of N. Y.—W. McLean, Oct. 23, 1914, canceled 1,144.90
Baturin, Sam—Depositors' Assets Corp., Dec. 2, 1916 ....344.41
Fries, Anna C.—Hayden & Westcott Lumber Co., Sept. 18, 1912 ....146.01
Bello, Antonio, William Spiegel, Louis Spiegel, and Mary A. McGowan—J. Wieseithier, March 20, 1917 ....230.05
Appleton, William W., and Daniel Appleton—City of New York, Jan. 13, 1915 ....425.74
Same—Same, Oct. 30, 1917 ....196.50
Longchester Realty Co.—Louis Fine et al., Nov. 2, 1917 ....3,222.80
Massa, Vincent—Lustig Bros., June 8, 1915 ....141.28
Celbaum, Sidney S.—Herbert A. Weeks Co., May 5, 1913 ....1,364.47
Knopp, Harry—M. Schwarz, Nov. 14, 1917 ....577.34
Levin, Barnet—L. Tanenbaum, Aug. 25, 1911 ....875.02
McCourt, Alfred—Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp., March 10, 1915 ....1,626.68
Marietta Carter Co.—Twenty-ninth St. Construction Co., Sept. 20, 1917 ....233.24
Saucy Light Corp.—C. W. Vernon et al., Nov. 17, 1917 ....1,561.66
Humbert, William C., and Frank J. Couhe—Consolidated Safety Pin Co., Dec. 31, 1910, reversed 858.80
H. M. Goldstein Co., Inc.—P. Crown, Dec. 9, 1916, reversed 1,198.88

In Bronx County.

Fox, Minnie and Annie—T. H. Cooke et al., Feb. 14, 1917 ....$80.37

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—464—Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company, plain., v. J. Gilbert.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.
30—N. S. Wear, impleaded sub. nom. the Wear Sand Co., and F. D. Fowler, plain., v. the State of Kansas ex rel. S. M. Brewster, Attorney General.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
43—J. G. Day et al., &c., applts., v. the U. S.—Judgment affirmed.

The Chief Justice announced the following orders of the court:
57—Cinti., Hamilton & Dayton Ry. Co., plain., v. J. M. McCollum, admr. of the estate of J. M. Roebuck Per curiam.—Judgement affirmed, with costs.
...—H. Beaumont, assignee of W. Borck, applt. and plain., v. M. Pristo et al., &c.—Motion to docket and dismiss denied.
521—Southern Oregon Co., applt., v. the U. S.—Motion to permit applt. to file petition in Dist. Court granted.
534—The people of Porto Rico et al., applts., v. C. Tapia.—Motion to reassign for Jan. 7 granted.
6?7—Same plain. and pet., v. J. Murrati.—Motion to advance for hearing, with No. 534 granted.
685—E. J. McCurdy, co-Treasurer, &c., et al., applts., v. the U. S.—Motion to advance granted, and cause assigned for argument, Jan. 7.
435—A. A. Weiland, as State Eng., &c., et al., applts., v. the Pioneer Irrigation Co.—Further consideration of motion to dismiss or affirm postponed to the hearing on the merits.
88—G. W. Egan, plain., v. C. S. McDonald.—Consideration of motion to continue this cause postponed to Dec. 6, in order to afford time to plain. to make necessary deposit to cover the cost of printing the record, and the consideration of the suggestion of defendant to dismiss also postponed to that day.
744—Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. Co., pet., v. the U. S.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit denied.
755—Hargadine-McKittrick Dry Goods Co., pet., v. C. J. Zeitinger et al.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit denied.
623—Union Pacific R. R. Co., plain., v. L. A. Laughlin.—Motion to dismiss or affirm or transfer to the summary docket submitted for defendant in support of the motion, and for plain. in opposition thereto.
...—Original. Ex parte in the matter of Southwestern Surety Ins. Co., pet.—Motion for leave to file petition for a writ of prohibition submitted for pet.
753—J. A. Jesson et al., pet., v. F. G. Noyes, as receiver, &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Ninth Circuit submitted for petitioners and for respondent.
762—J. B. Simpson, indicted as J. B. Miller, pet., v. the U. S.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Ninth Circuit submitted for pet.
163—J. E. Roller, plain., v. C. Catlett, Trustee.—Motion to dismiss submitted for defendant in support of motion, and by Mr. Roller pro se in opposition thereto.
Adjourned until Dec. 10.
Call for Monday, Dec. 10—Nos. 234, 7 original, 563, 365, (and 438,) 523, 626, 656, 663, 664, 665, 666, 680, 681, 702, and 738.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.
Commercial Cable Co<Geo F Randolph, (on trial.)
Wright & Cobb<Aurora.
McWilliams<Leonard J. Bushey et al.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Fetzer<Sorg.
DISTRICT COURT—Hazel, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg, 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.
Moran Tow & T Co<Tug Perth Amboy.
Hud Riv Lighter Co<Tug A B Ackerman.
Berwind-White Coal<Lighter New York.
Lee<Tug Industry.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Jackson<Strong.
O'Rourke<Cunard Steamship Co, Ltd.
Guirizinski<American Radiator Co.
Gregson<Int Ry Co et al.
Empire Trust Co<Coleman et al.
Meighen<Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank.
First Bank of Notasulga<Jones et al.
Schoneberger<Fey.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Re Thomas.
Re State Industrial Comm<Johanson.
Rosenthal<Rosenthal.
Posner<Posner.
Max Arms, Inc<Williams.
Thorburn<Gates.
Pakross<Spinner.
Magoffin<Patterson.
Lauricella<Pendleton.
Bien<All.
Suspension Bed Spring Mfg<Gasau-T Co.
Panne<Soler.
Stevenson<Ennis.
Fleming<Fleming.
Lippe<Lippe.
Brown<Cleve Tr Co.
Schwartz<Weiss.
Smyth<Hammond.
People ex rel Sparaco<Mutual Art Socy.
Zummo<Home Assoc.
Bagge<Am Druggist Syndicate.
Hoffman<D'Alessandro.
Goodman<Columbia Trust Co.
Welter<Liato. Lowenberg & Schlegel.
Standard Aniline Products<Karten (3)
O'Connor<Quackenbush.
McKeon<McKeon.
Rittenberg<Climax Rty, &c, Co.
Sandford<Baker.
Weissman<Rosenberg.
Rothstein<Claflin, Thayer & Co.
Donohue<Sorid.
Devaney<Boland.
Spring<Vollmers.
McIntee<same.
Mostil<Anchor Bohemian R E Co.
Schneider<Rosenthal.
Lazicky<Masner.
Abrahams<Papin.
McDonough<Nagle (2)
Grimmelbein<Middendorf.
Deutscn<Dougherty (2.)
Dowd<Weill.
Gill<Kahrs.
Lippmann<Lippmann.
Re Sherwood.
Mulligan<Etzel Co.
Samorelli<Samorelli.
Guglielmi<Town Topics Pub Co.
Ludwig<Hermann (3.)
Gasner<Gasner.
Re Silicocks.
Vanderpool<Loew.
Fring<Blauvelt (2.)
Negler<Cornell University.
Emigrant Ind Sav Bk<Lynch.
Seydel Mfg Co<Doggett.
Hecker<Goldberg.
Elmont Dovel Co<Coward.
Spence<Volpi.
Sherman<Unger (2.)
Vail<Bernstein.
Devlin<Rosenbluth.
Chapman<Muttart.
Goldman<Conway.
Weene<Levine.
D'Antonio<NY Cen RR.
Alpha SS Co<NY Trust Co.
Goldsmith<Roth.
De Angeli<Dizey.
Stern<Stern.
Am Exch Nat Bank<Equit Office Bldg.
Kissen<Kissen.
Barcus<Cooper.
Shultz<Shultz.
London<Bernesser.
Re Siegel Bldg Co.
La Grane<Turner.
Feinstein<Feinstein.
CNY<Pend & Co.
Kamber<Stumpf.
Laxer<Keystone Tire, &c, Co.
O'Brien<CNY.
Simon<Ropelk.
Currier<Stern.
Steinbach<Kanovitz.
Stromberg Export, &c, Co<Stromberg.
Re Cont Supply Co.
Gen Invest Co<Bethlehem Steel Co.
Jackson<same.
Fischman<Fischman.
Kingsland<Beckman.
Burras<Burras.
Berner<Collier Co.
Rice<Rice.
Friedman<Schindel.
Re Van Vleet.
Pfeffer<Wechsler.
Germino<Thurnauer.
Doti<Henderson.
Jaffe<Ridley.
Spinelli<Kalbach.
Feaney<Smith.
Re B & L Bakery & Lunch Room.
Mullaney<Century Stl.
Greutert<Rumsey.
Re Van Ness.
Vanderpoel<Loew.
Schaffer<Schaffor.
Crezier<Crezier.
Silverstein<Chertoff.
King<Burnett.
Bank for Sav<Jantzer
Levinson<Finkenberg.
Powell<Greenberg.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.
Sprague<Reo Motor Car Co.
Herman<Herman.
Vernon<Vernon.
Herbert<Herbert.
Ginsberg<Brackenfeld.
Cromarty Law Book Co<Phemister.
Campbell<Campbell.
Duryea<Tappin.
O'Donnell<O'Donnell.
Blalock<Blalock.
Harsley<Harsley.
Undefended divorces:
Peake<Peake.
Cotton<Cotton.
Twomey<Twomey.
Clark<Clark.
Zyskind<Zyskind.
Cohn<Cohn.
Hermes<Hermes.
General calendar:
Rawl<Baker-V Co.
Friedman<Friedman.
Shorey<Brewster.
Schwoerer<Hudson Tr.
Warheit Pub Co<Day Pub Co.
Stern<Stern.
Josephowitz<Josephowitz.
Kahn<Saperstein (2.)
Loucks<Silver Motor.
Am Wet Wash Laundry Co<Richter.
Lewis<Portable.
Victoria Bldg, &c, Co<O'Conner.
Zobel<same.
Levine & Posner<Davis Const Co.
Sederquist<Williston.
Man L I Co<Hammerstein Opera Co.
Wetter<Russell.
Forelle<Forelle.
Capes<Capes.
Turner<Turner.
Quaid<Rathkowsky.
Feldstein<Col Ice Box.
Mori<M Hampton Co.
Clear.

PART IV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Not in session.
PART VI.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
Lehman<Neighborhood Amus.
Borchardt<C D Norton
Oudin<Tracy.
Goldenweiser<Durbin.
Adams<Rockwood.
Trumpbour, Witehead Brass & Copper Co<Rosenwasser Bros.
Prior<Am Union Line.
Clear.

PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M.
Ing—Bellinger<Storms.
Inq—Grassfeld<Seidman.
Moore<T Hogan & Sons, Inc.
Shields<Cons Gas Co of NY.
Wasserstein<B H RR.
Smith<Hirsch.
Riley<Dulany, T & S.
A Bauer<NY Rys.
G Bauer<same.
McLoughlin<N Y Tel.
Carroll<Surut.
Kiernan<Int R T Co.
Hoffman<H S Realty.
Welser<M & L Hess.
Conney, Jr<NY Rys.
Giordana<Rosenthal.
D Gertler<Lucas.
A Gertler<same.
Haupter<N Y Rys.
McFarland<42 St, &c, Ry.
White<Cent Un Gas.
Young<Manetta Rty.
Zack<Powers.
Loracomo<Barrett.
Dulka<Con Gas, NY.
Zuckerman<Shapiro.
Koch<Bradley Con Co.
Versi<Tywacana Farms Poultry Co.
Vescuso<Travers.
Leventhal<Hoffstein.
Crowley<Bentham.
Jeffries<Nassau Elec RR.
Reiss<Feraca.
Buchman<Eagle Fish.
Levinson<Deitz.
Weinberg<Int R T (2).
Goldstein<Rosenbaum.
Pue<Parsons.
Lane<Int R T Co.
Kennelly<42 St &c Ry.
McQuade<3d Av RR.
Megdalia<Aztec Asphalt Co.
De Gennaro<Armstrong.
Ruskin<Managerial.
Quartarras<Tomasselo.
Blatt<Stanley & Patterson, Inc.
Grossman<Cornwall, Jr.
Eustice<O'Brien.
Hess<Nas Elec RR.
Curley<B H R R.
Schneider<Walfish.
Di Martini<J M Horton Ice Cream Co.
Feldman<Schemel.
Fleischman<Weil et al.
Silberbauer<Wisconsin Cond Milk.
W. Fleischman<Raskin.
B. Fleischman<same.
Rosenstein<Levy.
Cermino<Thurnauer.
Cafisan<Schneider.
Collander<3d Av RR.
Rushkin<Levin.
Browne<Forward Association.
Weissman<Engelhardt.
Hudson<Int R T Co.
Doyle<Pfachler.
Progano<Alpha Portland Cement Co.
Goldstein<Lanby.
Leff<Freeman and Hoe Sts Realty.
Erlanger<Erlanger.
Travelers Ins Co<Herman Brand, Inc.
Carnabuci<Jefferson & Clearfield Coal and Iron Co.
Anstie<Levy.
Flannery<N Y Rys.
Hogan<Cammeyer.
Browa<Int R T Co.
M Greenwald<Naidenberg.
L. Greenwald<same.
Meere<Goldwater Drug Store.
Liberson<Michaels.
Hannevig<Taylor.
Babcock<McEnroe.
Pechikauski<Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Coal.
Tobias<Int R T Co.
Seftel<Polak.
Schulder<Forsch.
Bernstein<Steinberg.
Schechter<Gottlieb.
Vicera<Dieterle.
Schwartz<C I & B H RR.
Zissman<same.
Meltzner<N Y Rys.
Kahn<Int Munition & Supply Co.
Schoss<Robbins.
Quail<Chavkin.
Plesser<Meyer.
Costello<Volker.
Goldberg<Lenox Arcade, Inc.
Orme<Int R T Co.
Redmond<H C Stowe Const Co.
E Cetro<Int R T Co.
G Cetro<same.
W Corker<Witkin.
T Corker<same.
Moore<B H RR.
Rabitsky<Weinberg.
Zucker<Gold.
Kirschenbaum<Beaver
Koppelman<Thanhauser Film Corp'n.
Watson<N Y Rys.
Vitnnas<N Y, G & W RR.
Fabrizio<M George Tigar Bearings Co, Inc.
Busch<Colt-Stratton Co.

PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.
Helvitz<Balshofer.
Rochelle<Adler.
Brennan<Edison Portland Cement Co.
Merchants Fire Assur Corp<General Fire Extinguisher.
E H Dick Chemical<Herman & Herman.
Bassman<H J Rich Dev Co.
Bolardi<Marden, Orth & Hastings, Inc.
Sisson<Wellbrock.
Same<Garthe.
Orlans<Schinasi.
CNY<Matatesta.
Weinrib<Cohen.
Thompson<Bailey.
Pahl<Gerstenhaber.
Neiulinger<Miles Tighe Cont.
La Vin<Copley Plaza Operating.
Frankenberg<Spiegel.
Well Corset<Munter.
Stutz<Diamond Silk.
Thornton<North'n Bk.
Potter<Pulsifer.
Plock<Emmer.
Same<Balsam.
Cavinato<Piocirilli.
Newmark<Goldwater.
Howlett<Buck.
Langyon & Morant, Inc<De Koven.
Davis<Morris.
CNY<Blythebourne Water Co.
Rochelle<Stand Mail Order Co.
Ferguson & W Land<Perry.
Abraham<Amer Exch Nat Bank.
Selwyn<Walker.
Wolff<La Porcelaine Limousine.
Kassan<Kassan.
Burns<Goodman.
Maurer Co, Inc<Am Dyewood Co.
Thompson<Fairbanks Co.
Frost<Swift.
Brand<Brand.

TRIAL TERM.—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule 7, amended Trial Term rules.
PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A.M. Clear.
PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A.M. Case on.
PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Fort, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Rocco<Metrini. Brace & Co.
Barberich<Fraser,
PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.
Frank<CNY.
PART XII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIII.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XV.—Ordway, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Guy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
Frend<London Feather Nov Co.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar.
Orange M. Paschal, Miles S. Viokery, Elizabeth Mesler, Cornelius O'Leary, Frederick W. French, Mary A. McPartland, Charles Sooysmith, Julia Leibholz, Annie J. Dade, Carl Graff, Mary F. Tone, inf, V. Van Schaick, inf, Ferd. A. Sieghardt, Elizabeth Smith, inf, M. Herrman, &c., Annie Lee, Selmar Hess, Caroline A. Sims, Henry McK. Ferriday, James J. Gilmartin, Alice Kelly, Milton Sacks, Edward R. Holden, John W. Healy, inf, Eva Fussinger, Michael Brennan, Israel Rogin, Marie O'Brien, Michael Quirk, Margaret Price, Ella Gavin, Gilbert Foster, Margaret Domarest, Constantino Maimone, Sidney Meyer, John O. Grace, John Keenan, Julia Henschel, Ruth L. Hartley, James McManus, James F. Milliken, Mary E. O'Rouck, Frank A. Tildord, Catherine Paris, Giovanni Esposito, O. G. Brinckerhoff, George Arms, Mary Van Nest, Lucy A. Kempton, Dutton O. Wright, Charles J. Perry, Jean W. Swope, Richard Delamer, Julia A. Bell, Emilie y de la Torri Belari, Michele Catoggio.
Wills for probate: Sibylla Breyer, John M. Eastman, Helena A. Carroll, Bernard Frank, Paul Kopecky, Thomas J. Humphry, Charles J. Bromley, Jose de Castro, Fannie E. Morgenthau, Walter R. Baron, Henry Hoeningsbuger, Sarah Kearney, Annie Speiser.
TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Strasbourger, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.
Kraus<Nat Surety Co.
Russell Rlty Mtg Co<Reiss.
Smith<Salomon.
Marks<Pac Emb Co.
Miller<O'Connell.
Goldberg<Spatz.
Lawlor<Kieley.
Burns<Smokeless Loco, &c, Co.
Cardile<Scopelliti.
Brunner<Kahn.
So Bklyn, &c, Co<F A Munsey Co.
Market Hotel<Hynes.
Latoer<Krentz.
Schwartzman<Borovsky.
Weinberg<Perlstein & Rosenthal.
Langsam<Moore.
Riegerman<Levy.
White<Bradley Con Co.
Balcom<Cooper & G.
Newark Rubber Co<Rosenfield.
Russell<Arbuckle Bros
Loring Con Co<Fox.
Holzer<House.
Hochlerner<Rifkin.
Eve Post Job Printing Office<Sire.
McArdle<Christal.
Manheim<Friedman.
Moyer<Seril.
Birnberg<Spielman.
Davis<Mayer.
Berger<Reinhardt Bros.
Groz<Stern Bros.
Gennaro<Cent Trust.
Severin<Isler.
Simenovitz<Zuckerman.
Giglio<Otis Elev Co.
Jolkower<US Rty, &c.
Shear<Ottenberg.
Lieberman<Gardner.
Teller<Sparks.
McCarthy<Froment.
Nirenberg<Hellinger.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Keppler<Jacobs.
Nauss<Ridley.
Siegel<Jonas Rlty. Co.
Hechtkopf<Marell Chem Co (2.)
Sullivan<Van Beuren.
Rovetto<NY Rys.
Weiss<Bandler.
Greenbaum<De Jong.
Marafioti<Willets.
Stevens & Co<Alland Bros & Co.
Crystal<Midas Amus.
Miners<Susfreser.
Becker<Pacher.
Scharf<Huff.
Miles<Richard.
Krantwald<Pugh.
Moore<German Artistic Weaving Co.
Stolz<Levjon.
Bongeno<Barleer.
Byrne<NY Rys.
Grennon<same.
Schneider<Aschley.
Kaulbach<A Walker & Co.
Ronzino<Reliable Clean, &c, Co, (2.)
Braunstein<Andre Rty
Costello<Faherty.
Goeller<Int R T.
Mortimer<Godwin Con.
Welser<Robbins.
Stein<Schulman.
Hecht<Lebowitz.
Brophy<Int R T.
Halperin<Federbusch.
Eaton<G P Schinzel & Son.
Judkins & McCormick Co<New Toy Mfg Co.
Mahler<Yeska.
Lodaro<NY Rys.
Falk<Prospect Rty.
Schneider<Kaufman.
Tannenbaum<Breus.
Grant<Federman.
Zager<Mesinger.
Langer<Fiering.
Feldman<Cohen.
Tsikulas<NY Rys.
Zilberman Rothschild Furn Co<J M Deutsch Co.
Forman<Hano.
La Rocco<NY Rys.
Fay<42d St, &c, Ry.
Koehler<Pfister.
Perlmutter<Postal Transfer Service.
Lefkowitz<Gordon.
Ferguson<Washington Engine Works.
Wilson<Moore.
Wilson<Shenk Rty Con
Brown<Black & White Cab Co.
Slominsky<NY Rys.
Greenspan<Heranios.
Fishbein<Salz.
Clear.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial. No day calendar.
PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
Part III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Warshow<Nussman.
The Ansonia<Seidell.
Fuenberg<Aldebaran Co.
Miller<NY Life Ins.
Bruner<Fisher.
Leo<Starisky.
Hudson Brass Works<Minskoff.
Claremont Iron Wks<Montrose Rty C.
Wormser<Kenn-Well Cont Co.
Case on.
PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A.M.—Case on.
PART V.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Phillips<Alexander—Francis S McAvoy. Katz<Lasky—Adolph Stern.
SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Fitts<Weisberg—Francis W Pollock. Cohen<Mainthon—Wm P Scheen.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Howard Huntington<Robt P Golightly—George Gascoigne. Louis Slominsky<David Levin—Raphael Danziger.
SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Annie Sheingold<Joseph Haber—Henry Brady.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J. At 10 A. M.
The people of the State of New York v. Thomas Comisky, Martin Comisky, and James Comisky. (Case on.) Murder in the first degree.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2015.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.
Farmers Loan & Trust<T Cunningham Co.
Lynch<Knight.
Badenhausen<Marks.
Rosner<Goldstein.
Blauer<same.
Feld<same.
Mugler<Murgler.
Horn<De Blasi.
Ford<Burbage.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.
Kipust<Gordon.
Brenner<Goldstein.
Pollini<West El RR.
Cahill<same.
Kanter<R Carvel Co.
Tiplady<Kehn.
Alexander<Wager.
Penfield<Haas.
Zink<Scott, (2.)
Fisk<Schmuck.
Korber<Union Rway.
Berkins<Naughton.
Milazzo<Plunkett.
Dow<Inter R T Co, (2.)
Dunne<Lynch.
Faulhaber<Volk.
Sanford<Kapstein.
Stretch<Purchase Hld.
Storm<Se Blvd RR.
Wester<Ruppert.
Chirico<Mercurio.
Horsford<Union Rway.
Bowron<Chapman.
Whiteacre<Fananda.
Loox<Silverman.
Roth<Winnis Realty & Const Co. (2.)
Ardone<White Coal.
Barnarinardo<same.
Kluetz<Union Ry.
Lynch<Union Ry.
Berger<Yonkers RR.
Klein<Penn RR.
Petrone<Delfendorf, (2.)
Meyer<F W Woolworth Co.
Motta<Murray.
Walsh<Rodgers & Hagerty Co.
Schramek<Coleburn.
Highest number reached in regular order, 1167.
PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—...... J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
People<Chiafalo.
Murphy<Potter.
Inq—Kiernan<Mager & Athorne.
Auerbach<Rosenbaum.
Scheerer<Int R T.
Murray<Schlitt.
Kitman<Hewala Const
TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.
Tansillo<Un Ry.
Lenoff<Int R T Co.
Smith<Union Ry.
Hildebrand<I B T.
Barone<I R T.
Mascaro<Union Ry.
Ludwig<Munves.
Bonanyne<Union Ry.
Handler<Kruger.
Segal<Int R T.
Moen<Union Ry.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT — Tierney, J.—Mamlock<Albert et al—Orson A Raynor. Bridgman and ano, trustees, &c<Empire Development Co.—Charles M. O'Keefe. 135 Broadway Holding Corp<Ensign Improvement Co.—Joseph P Hennessy.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT — Tierney, J.—Laura B Hammond<Jacob Wexler et al—Henry Brady.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.
Stile & Sons<Kraemer.
Wittenstein<Star Fish.
Newman, H<Thornton.
Newman, L<same.
Rothenberg<Alpert.
Napolitano<Napolitano.
Donigan & Nielson<The Lansden Co.
Obermeyer & Liebmann<McKenna.
Re Kings Co Trust Co, (Brower.)
Dearborn<Un Dealers' Cooper Assn.
Shiess<Shiess.
Re North 12th St.
Beck<Morell.
MacNeil<Lowenthal.
Carbvaglia<Essex Shirt Co.
Bradley<Drapery Hardware Mfg Co.
Re 64th St, (NY Title & Mtg Co.)
Taylor<Taylor.
Stiles & Co<Percy.
Makowsky<Koch & Droge Piano Co (2.)
Re Troy Av.
Conloy<Allen Holding.
Schimmel<Yappelli.
Re Ziegler Av, (Queens.)
Re Yellowstone Av. (Queens.)
Grace, J F<Senn.
Grace, W<same.
Scholkowsky<Rickers.
Lynwood Rty Co<Hanrahan.
Weinstein<Rubien.
Gibbon<Andrews.
Abramson<Abramson.
Baird<Silverstone.
Howard<Howard.
Kraemer<Kraemer.
Mayer<Tevlin.
Herman Vosenack, Jr, Inc<Bonfello.
Graichen<Hauser.
Re People's Surety Co, NY.
Metropolitan Cas Ins Co<Edwards.
PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Callaghan, J.; Part III., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.
Weisman<NY Con RR
Birkett<Cuendet.
Curtis<Cohn.
Klevenz<Blank.
Sullivan<Coney I & Gravesend Ry.
Ward<Horton's Ice Cream Co.
Morris<McKee et al.
Blaksberg<Nassau RR.
Schein<Int R T.
Nielson<Nassau RR.
Linekin<Cramblitt.
Ullman<Kantor.
Quinn<B H RR.
Rosenzweig<Hollander
Auerbahn, Greenspan, Werblow<Broker.
Henninger<Brussell.
Cascio<CNY.
Holwell<Burden & Co.
De Stefano<NY Cons RR.
Larty<Mangin.
Davidson<Klapper.
Ballantine<Huemrich.
Emmel<Jones.
Fagan<B H RR.
Dahlin<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Goldberg<Borden's Cond Milk Co.
Close<Gussinski.
Eisenberg<Lehrfeld.
Galli<Carpenter, Bexley & Herrick.
McCarthy<So Bklyn Ry.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:
Van Wicklen<Springdale Realty Co.
Emmens<N Y Mun Ry & ano.
Morgan<Cunningham.
Massa<Geaneas.
Sinram<Griesman.
Wahl<B H RR.
Pease Piano Co<O'Connor.
Maley<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Mortimore<Nas RR.
Vesolie<Felix.
Brown<Juet Co.
Wilkens<Nassau RR.
Jeffreys<Bush Terminal Bldg Co.
Glasser<B H RR.
Church<CNY & ano.
Leiser<CNY.
Hodge<Rottenberg.
Starkman<Nassau RR.
Emeigh<N Y Con RR.
Gordon<Grady.
Kent<Fraser.
Thomas<B H RR.
Kramer<N Y Rys.
Tischler<same.
Fleming<same.
Cahill<same.
Lieberman<same.
Heller<Bogart & ano.
Warner<N Y Rys.
Robinson<same.
Wood<Riker & Hegeman Co.
Merline<N Y Consol RR.
Pollack<C I & B RR.
Dempsey<B H RR.
O'Donnell<Nas RR.
Marcoux<B, Q Co & S RR.
Goloff<Specialty Baking Co.
Cassella<B H RR.
Murphy<Albert,
Beckman<Int R T.
B H RR<N Y Mun Ry and another.
Highest number reached on regular call, 3020.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of: Meta C Hedenkamp, Leonie Furlong, Charles J Plunkett. Administration of: Sarah Franke. Accounting of: Matilda Sinclaire, Charles Zeiser, Richard McNerney, Charles D Vogeley, Maria R Bradley, John G Budke, James Crombie, Mary Brancaloni, Julius Tillinger, James Redwell. Estates of: Dominico Buttafuco, McGuire, infants, Giuseppe Vitale, Charles Franks.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Platt, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Duffy<West S RR.
McKeever<NY C RR.
Johnson<Yonkers R R.
Abrahams<N Y C RR.
Wells<Niehaus.
Claggett<N Y C RR.
Jackson<McGuire.
Hinspeter<West Elec RR Co.
Lefkoff<Pitifsky.
White<Rea.
Auer<Teschner.
Merone<West Elec R R Co.
David<Capehart (2).
Clarke<Union Ry Co.
O'Reilly<Union Ry Co.
Parkyn<Leavitt.
Murphy<Yonkers RR.
Stoner<NY NH & HR.
Rich<Barlow & Co.
Ahearn<NYC & H R.
Cuthbert<same (2).
Reilly<same.
O'Connor<Webber.
The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:
Law<Barrett.
Pederson<Un Ry (2.)
Cohen<Barry.
Henne<Welch.
Gibbons<NY & Stamford RR.
Ugovitch<Ohio Farmers' Ins Co.
Schaffhauser<Un Ry.
Delfino<Gross.
Croker<Aylea.
Grindrod<West Co Brew Co.
Brickman<West St RR.
Woolf<N Y C RR.
Bell<same.
Niedzwelcka<West St RR.
Will<Purcell & G.
Highest number reached on call, 616.
PART II.—Special calendar—Keogh, J.
Medlar<Masters & Co.
Steel Furniture Co<Morgan & Schweirs.
Dow & Smith<City Mt Vernon.
Peck<Woodward.
Wueslenhoefer<Martens.
Blue Bird Motor Co<Starkman.
Burns<Furthman.
Garafano<Gilbert.
SPECIAL TERM—Morschauser, J.—At 10 A. M.
Fishbaugh<Brian.
Winkler<Gainsborg.
Paessler<Corry.
Goldovsky<Minchelli.
Crosson<Barnes.
Corporate Invest<Pope
Dickie<Horton.
Highest number reached on call 515. Also for the hearing of motions.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Sawyer, S.—At White Plains.
Wills for probate: William Malbney, Hannah A Lyon, Charles S Ware, Henry Willy, Nellie Loutblan, Philip C Bellatoni, Evelyn Strang, John de Yongh. Trust accounting: Cornelia Sterra. Admr's accounting: Guivanni Cassetti. In re estate: G A Reusens.
Order to show cause: G A Reussens, Theodore A Lord. To revoke probate: Thomas J Morrow. Executor's accounting: Henry Ungrich, Jr, Lewis W Spaulding, Emily G Smith, Louise Schilling, Hewell Dobbs, Max Ams. Compulsory acctg: John Carroll.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25287.—In Bankruptcy.—SAM SCHULMAN and AARON GREENBERG, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the firm name of SCHULMAN & GREENBERG, Bankrupt.
Sam Schulman and Aaron Greenberg, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the firm name of Schulman & Greenberg, were duly adjudicated bankrupts on November 20, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, City of New York, on December 7, 1917, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

WEST BROADWAY, s e corner Houston St., runs e 7x s 95x w 23x s 20x w 50 to street x n 65 to beginning, Nov. 26; Edith W. Provost and another to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Lachman & G., 35 Nassau St. $30,000
29TH ST., s s, 160.6 ft e of 5th Av., 40x98.9x irregular, Nov. 26; Stonewall Realty Co. to Brooklyn Trust Co., 177 Montague St., Brooklyn, due Nov. 1, 1920; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $85,000
56TH ST., 411-13 East, n s, 174 ft e of 1st Av, 40x94.7; May 14; Rebago Corporation to Virginia K. White, 1,080 Delaware Av., Buffalo, N. Y., due April 1, 1920; attorney, Francis F. Reed, 2 Rector St. $26,500
101ST ST., 433-7 East, leasehold, Nov. 14; Spotless Garage and Automobile Supply Co. to Fannie G. Grey, 9 East 120th St., 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Samuel Cherkos, 116 Nassau St. $3,000
106TH ST., 402 East, leasehold, Nov. 23; Abr. Bendelstein to Markus Schnurmacher, 176 East 111th St., installments, 150 months, 6 p. c., notes $4,000
119TH ST., n s, 128 ft w Manhattan Av., 19x100.11, Nov. 21; Ines K. Cushman to Amanda Marcus, 1,187 Lexington Av., 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Moss, M. & Wels, 233 Broadway $5,000
160TH ST., 652-4 West, s s, 641.8 ft w of Broadway, 66.8x100, Nov. 26; Ladem Realty Co. to Union Dime Savings Bank, 701 6th Av., due Nov. 1, 1920, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Butcher, T. & T., 1 Madison Av. $57,500
SAME PROPERTY, Nov. 26; same to Areco Realty Co., 299 Broadway, due April 1, 1920, 6 p. c.; prior mtg $57,500; attorney, H. Gottlieb, 299 Broadway $12,500
160TH ST., s s, 278.4 ft w of Fort Washington Av., 66.8x100, Nov. 26; same to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St., due and interest as per bond $57,500

Bronx.

AQUEDUCT AV., e s, 225 ft s of 183d St., 37.6x101.3 to Macomb's Dam Road x 37.9x101.11; Sarah D. O'Leary to Julia A. Keegan, 2,253 Loring Place, Nov. 24, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, T. H. Kelly, 158 East 188th St. $10,000
BRYANT AV., 1,447, w s, 20x100; Dora Grubel to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St., Nov. 24, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $6,000
BRYANT AV., e s, 133.6 ft n of Boston Road, 25.1x147.7; Howard Pierce et al to William V. Graff, 612 West 115th St., Nov. 24, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,500
COLLEGE AV., w s, 240.5 ft n of 169th St., runs w 185x n 50x e 92.6x n 25x e 92.6x s 75; also Sedgwick Av, 2,635 to 2,639, w s, 75x137.6; Robert Podgur, Inc., to Aurora Operating Co., 66 Broadway, Nov. 23, due Nov. 1, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. B. Rich, 66 Liberty St. $5,000
HULL AV., w s, 300 ft s of 204th St., 50x110; Sophia Mink et al. to Peter Otten, 1,821 Clinton Av., and another, Nov. 24, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,000
KELLY ST., 1,038, e s, 19.8x100; Albert Pfost to Fabian Markwitz, 46 Hampton Place, Brooklyn, prior mtg $6,000, Nov. 9, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. Reichard, 276 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn $2,500
LOT 31, map made by R. L. Waters; also Lots 34 to 38, same map; Louis Weydans to H. Herrman & Sons, 1,451 1st Av., Nov. 19, demand 6 p. c.; attorneys, H. Herrman & Sons, 1,451 1st Av. $800
MORRIS AV., 582, n e corner of 150th St., 43.5x70.3; Giacomo Ricci to David Mayer Brewing Co., 3,588 3d Av., Nov. 26, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $14,000
PAULDING AV., 3,714, e s, 59.4 ft s of [illegible] St., 50x100; Pauline Greenberg to Joseph Gertner, 1,661 Findlay Av., prior mtg $2,000, Nov. 23, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph E. Greenberg, 299 Broadway $1,000
RODMAN PLACE, 1,296-5; Helene Warnecke to Millbrook Co., 180th St and Morris Park Av., July 2, due as per bond; attorney, Millbrook Co., 37 Lawton St, New Rochelle, N. Y. $3,500
180TH ST., s s, 100 ft w of Honeywell Av., 50x133; Chas. J. F. Bohlen to Jacob Jensen, 876 East 180th St., Nov. 26, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $12,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BURLING SLIP, 2 to 6, and Water St., 172 to 180; Thompson-Starrett Co. against Kenneth Stevenson and New York City District Realty Corp., owners and contractors $30,517
20TH ST., 148 and 150 West; Morris Greenberg against Henry White and S. & T. Garage, Inc., owners and contractors ....$[illegible]
75TH ST., 317 East; Schwelbish Bros. against John W. Whitten, owner and contractor ....$[illegible]
142D ST., 474 West; Eugene Glucksman against Mrs. Christine Dammann, owner and contractor ....$[illegible]
146TH ST., 207 West; Joseph Elias & Co. against Open Air Dwelling Co., Inc., owner; Joseph Rosenblum, contractor ....$[illegible]

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

DUTCH ST., 9 and 11; Arthur Apfelbaum against Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of City of New York et al., Nov. 23, 1917, by deposit ....$[illegible]
94TH ST., n s, 136 ft e of Amsterdam Av.; Alex. Kweller against Edw. E. Pearce et al., Nov. 1, 1917 ....$[illegible]

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

MANHATTAN AV., w s, 73.11 ft n of 104th St., 18x50; Clara Collard et al. against Lillian S. Shaver et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.
NORTH MOORE ST., 17; Mary C. Taylor against Peter H. McArdle et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.
RIDGE ST., w s, 72.11 ft n of Rivington St., 30x50.7; Caroline T. Kiesel against Improved Smoking Process Co. et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. L. Crocker.
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, n s, 288.2 ft n of 158th St., 54.2x147.2x irregular; Van Dyck Estate against Gustavius Construction Co., Inc., notice of attachment, &c.; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland.
27TH ST., 242 West; Mary F. Ritzer against Ropert J. Strout et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. D. Holden.
31ST ST., 137 East; W. Forbes Morgan, Jr., trustee, against Jusia Realty Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. G. Whaley.
40TH ST., 104 and 106 West; Daniel W. Steele, Jr., against Martin V. Cook et al., action to set aside conveyance; attorney, I. Schorr.
45TH ST., 304, 306, 310 to 316 East; Louis Velotta against B. U. D. Realty Co., Inc., action to impress lien; attorney, W. J. Miller.
102D ST., s s, 212.6 ft w of 1st Av., 37.6x100.11; Henry F. Schwartz, trustee, against Selma Alexander et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Rounds, Hatch, Dillingham & Debevoise.
123D ST., n s, 174.8 ft e of Lenox Av., 50.4x100.11; Theodore C. Wood against 15 West 123d St. Co., Inc., et al., action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorneys, Phillips & Avery.
144TH ST., s s, 193 ft e of Boulevard, 16.4x99.11; Metropolitan Trust Co. against Mary E. Calder et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Carter, Ledyard & Milburn.

Bronx.

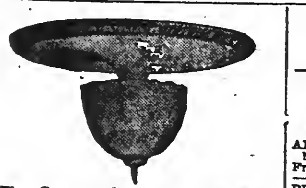
PARKER AV., e s, 162.7 ft s of Glebe Av., 75x100; Annie Beaman against Monica T. Flanagan, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. G. Stein.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MAX MINTZ, Bankrupt.
It appearing to my satisfaction by the petition of Maurice L. Shaine, verified the 24th day of November, 1917, that a petition was filed in this Court on the 17th day of October, 1917, praying that the above-named Max Mintz be adjudged a bankrupt and that a subpoena directed to said alleged bankrupt was duly issued out of this Court to the Marshal of this District, and that the said Marshal has been unable to serve the same, and that said alleged bankrupt is now not within this District, so that personal service may be made upon him, and that diligent efforts have since been made to ascertain the whereabouts of the said alleged bankrupt, but that he is now not within the jurisdiction of this Court, it is now, on motion of Maurice L. Shaine, attorney for the petitioning creditors,
Ordered that the above-named alleged bankrupt plead, answer, or demur on or before the 21st day of December, 1917, to the petition herein filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court, and in case of his failure to plead, answer, or demur thereto, adjudication shall be made, granting the prayer of said petition; and it is further
Ordered that this order be published in The New York Times once a week for two successive weeks, said publication to commence not later than the 27th day of November, 1917, and that a copy of this order be mailed to the said alleged bankrupt at his last known residence in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the day of the first publication.
Dated New York, November 24, 1917.
AUGUSTUS N. HAND, U. S. D. J.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 2521[illegible].—In Bankruptcy.—MORRIS OLARSKY, (QUEEN SKIRT COMPANY,) Bankrupt.
Morris Olarsky was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on November 15th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City of New York, on December 7th, 1917, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. [illegible].—In Bankruptcy.—LOUIS SCHONFELD, Bankrupt.
Louis Schonfeld was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 21st, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City of New York, on December 7, 1917, at 12 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.



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Auctions.

NOW ON VIEW IN SILO'S Fifth Ave. Art Galleries, "Silo Building," 546 Fifth Av., N. Y. and 1 West 45th St.

A Most Important Sale,
Friday & Saturday,
Nov. 30 & Dec. 1 at 2:30 o'Clock
The estate of the Late
John Martin Crawford,
Consul General to St. Petersburg.
Also by order of
R. J. Bell and W. E. Speers,
Committee of the person and property of
Thomas Bell
and others.
Magnificent French, English and Italian FURNITURE
of the 17th and 18th Centuries.
Objects of Art and other Bijouterie, Fine Paintings, Rugs, Chinese Porcelains, Textiles and other Hangings.
THE PAINTINGS.
Among which are works by the following artists:—
Geo. Inness, James M. Hart, H. O. Tanner, Sanchez-Perrier, Piot, Bierstadt, Asti, Osthaus, &c.
To Be Sold on Friday Evening, November 30th, at 8:15
JAMES P. SILO & SON, Auctioneers.
CATALOGUE ON REQUEST.

Executor's Sale To-Day
at 10:30 A. M.
at 125 West 72d Street.
Estate of the late
FANNY M. ARONSTEIN,
By order of SIDNEY ARONSTEIN, Esq., Executor. Modern Furniture, Steinway & Sons' Grand Piano, Victrola and Records, Sterling Silver Tea Set, Hot Water Kettle, Knives, Forks and Spoons, &c., Books, collection of Oil Paintings and Water Colors; a Masterpiece in Carrara Marble by A. R. Ceri, Rome, "The Bather"; Bronzes, Clock Sets, Porcelains, Table Glass and China, Oriental Rugs, Lace Curtains, Linens, Down Quilts, two Fur Coats and Muff and other personal property in variety.
The sale will be conducted by
MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE
Clarke's Art Rooms, 5 West 44th St.
Telephone 4029—Vanderbilt.

A Tremendous Stock of High Grade
Uniform Clothing
as sailors, shipmen, yachtsmen, fishermen, naval officers, conductors, and others, comprising in part as follows: 1,000 blue heavy uniform suits; 4,000 pairs pants in blue flannels; 8,000 pairs white duck overalls and coats; 1,000 blue serge suits and pants; 1,500 single coats in blue flannel and serges; 2,000 men's white aprons; 4,000 white duck coats and pants; 500 sailor blouses, 800 heavy wool sweaters; 200 dozen caps for sailors, conductors, etc. Also raincoats, fisherman coats, sheepskin coats, etc.
Will Be Sold By
H. KARP, Auctioneer,
Friday, Nov. 30, 10:30 A. M.,
At Salesrooms, 477 BROADWAY.
1,000 Men's & Youths' Overcoats,
100 Men's & Young Men's Suits.
The goods are now ready for your inspection. Telephone Canal 9524.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

BANKRUPTCY SALE

BALDWIN & GRIMES. November 30th, 1917, at 11 A. M. A complete line of
AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORIES
At 119 Washington Street, BOONTON, N. J.
and property generally found in and about the automobile accessory business.
SAMUEL VAN POZNAK, Auctioneer, 42 So. Orange Ave., Newark, N. J.
CLAUDE GARRISON, Receiver, Boonton, N. J.
William Harris, Attorney for Receiver, Kinney Bldg., Newark, N. J.

BANKRUPTCY SALE

ALBERT VARNDELL, BANKRUPT.
November 27th, 1917, at 10 A. M..
Complete Butcher Establishment
at 10 Centre Street, Orange, N. J.
Consisting of five horses, wagons, fixtures and property generally found in and about the wholesale and retail butcher business.
SAMUEL VAN POZNAK, Auctioneer, 42 So. Orange Ave., Newark, N. J.
SAMUEL I. KESSLER, Trustee, 9 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.
William Harris, Attorney for Trustee, 790 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash, surplus stock, better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

BIRCH Wanted.—71, all colors. Address S 165 Times.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Spot cash; will buy any quantity, all colors, F. & H. or botany. Mr. Bobrick, Farragut 2369.

BROADCLOTH AND VELOURS Wanted.—American Woolen Co.'s 11050, 544, 13046. Farragut 3454.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany or F. & H., all colors; spot cash. Phone Farragut 5035.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open for a quantity Juilliard's 110-2002. Chelsea 9867.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open for all shades, spot cash. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th.

BURRELLA Wanted.—American 0310, Pekin and burgundy. Madison Square 2740.

CLOTHING Wanted.—The Golden Rule, St. Paul, Minn., are open for jobs in men's and young men's Fall and Winter suits and overcoats; must be well tailored garments. Call New York office, 1,261 Broadway.

COATS AND DRESSES Wanted.—Out of town jobbers looking at Spring samples all week, ladies', misses', and junior coats; also better and medium grade dresses in serges, taffeta, and foulard. Lesser & Kasindorg Co., 1,170 Broadway.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models, all week; ladies', misses', and juniors'; call between 9 and 12, 3 and 5. 6 West 18th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits; also jobs in Winter suits and coats. Call, rear elevator, 4th floor, 151 West 26th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at ladies' Spring suits and coats; call in the mornings, third loft. 30 West 32d St.

COATS Wanted.—Big jobber open for Spring goods. Call, with samples, 9 to 11, or 3 to 5, all week, fourth floor, 16 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing order Spring coats and suits. Call with samples, 9th floor. 34 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Looking at Spring line ladies' and misses' sizes. W. & H. Walker, 116 West 29th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring sample coats, suits, and dresses. 43 West 24th, 5th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade Spring coats. Call all day 10th floor, 134 West 29th St.

COATS Wanted.—Looking at Spring samples, all grades of merchandise. 4th floor, 12 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber now placing order on Spring coats. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring coats and suits, 8th floor, 40 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Spring goods. 129 West 22d, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber ordering Spring children's, juniors'. Room 1808, 15 E. 26th.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples. 7th floor, 35 West 31st St.

COATS Wanted for Spring lines. Call mornings. Eisen & Sons, 122 West 26th St.

COATS Wanted.—Placing orders on children's Spring coats, 11th floor, 158 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Buying Spring samples, snappy styles; 1st floor, 3 E. 28th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing immediate orders. Rubin, 50 West 17th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Snappy Spring styles; 1st floor, 15 West 26th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats. 1,183 Broadway. Room 804.

COATINGS Wanted.—Stevens 1040 range. L. Finkelstein & Sons, Spring 6311.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—We are open for a quantity of cotton messalines, black, white, and colors. Telephone Farragut 5323.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Open to buy any kind of close outs; cash no object. Box Y 217 Times Annex.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—All kinds, for cash. Spring 253.

CREPE DE CHINE AND GEORGETTE CREPE Wanted.—Open for 200 pieces, flesh and white; submit samples. F 181 Times.

DICE Wanted.—Can use large quantity. G 12 Times.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing orders on better dresses, taffetas, crepe de meteors, and crepe de chines; call with samples immediately. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring styles of good silk, serge, and ginghams. Call all week. 244 5th Av., 4th floor. Madison Square 1666.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber will buy for cash any quantity serge dresses; samples daily. Wiener, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders for Spring silk and serges of better grade. 147 West 25th, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders on Spring dresses of the better kind. 44 East 32d, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at tailor made dresses, in serges and taffetas, 14th floor. 12 West 27th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Ready to place large orders on Spring dresses. Spiro & Kutner, 279 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Job good quality silk georgette dresses. Simon, 44 East 32d St.

DRESSES, VELVET, Wanted.—Jobs for basement sales. The Fair, 225 4th Av.

FANCY GOODS and toys wanted immediately by responsible party on consignment; bank references. J 128 Times.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Mais, white, flesh, &c.; also crepe de chine, 3-thread, 72 pick, spot cash, spot delivery; also future orders. Columbia Ladies' Waist Co., 149 Spring St. Spring 5390.

GRAY GOODS Wanted.—All kinds, short and seconds, for cash. J 147 Times.

KERAMI Wanted.—Blumenthal's black and mole, cheap. J 153 Times.

KERSEYS AND VELOURS Wanted.—American 544, 11050, 13009, 15020, A. D. Juilliards 2002, 2060; quantities no object; for cash. Greeley 5290.

KERSEYS AND VELOURS Wanted.—All shades, K 544, 11050, 15020, 0359; quantities no object for cash. Farragut 9090; Phillip.

KERSEYS Wanted.—15020, all shades; 544, 11050; also serges, American poplins and pompom. Spring 2571.

KERSEYS AND VELOURS Wanted.—K 544, 11050, 15020, 0359; quantities no object for cash. Farragut 9093.

KERSEY Wanted.—Blacks; submit samples. F 182 Times.

LININGS Wanted.—Open for Paisley, fancy pongee lining, at a price; jobs only. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

PACIFIC GOODS Wanted.—V. S. L., M. S. L., W. S. X., P. P. L., D. P. N. L.; also some of their other numbers. Phone Gramercy 1283.

POPLINS Wanted.—Spot cash; will buy any quantity, any mill, all colors. Mr. Bobrick, Farragut 2369.

POPLIN Wanted.—Pay cash for American 60791/4 or similar. Hauptman, 130 W. 28th.

POPLIN Wanted.—90610, 06077, or similar in mannish serge. Zipkin, 1,133 Broadway.

SATEEN Wanted.—White and black; cash if cheap. Phone Spring 368.

SATIN Wanted.—Black yarn dye cotton back; 50 to 100 pieces; good quality only; cash. Henry J. Jackson, 17 Madison Av. Tel. Madison Square 7598.

SERGES Wanted.—Any number of Whitman's serge or any number of Amoskeag's serge. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 17 West 3d. Spring 6311.

SERGES, POPLINS wanted for cash; Whitman's, Juilliard's, Amoskeags, Andrews, Botany, Dunmore, Pacifics. Nemo, Room 1209, 96 Madison Av.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity navy, Botany 809-813, Walworth 3703, Juilliard 54249, 54289. F 183 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—7002, 7120, 54289; also men's wear serges and broadcloth. London Mills, Gramercy 5625.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag serges 6301, 7301, and 7614, in navy, copen., and tan. Phone Farragut 2770.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 838, 235; Dunmore 0420, 0422, 0351, 0361, 0310; spot cash. Madison Square 3121.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash; all kinds; send samples and full particulars. Wm. Cerf & Co., Chicago, Ill.

SERGES Wanted.—Spot cash; will buy any quantity, any mill, all colors. Mr. Bobrick, Farragut 2369.

SERGE Wanted.—Can use large quantity of tan. International Dress and Skirt, 138 West 25th.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for style W. F. X. brown, and lowest price. J 52 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use quantity Juilliard 54289 at a price. Mad. Sq. 6863.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 7120, 1464, and 4632. Stuyvesant 3325.

SHANTUNGS Wanted for trimmings. Madison Square 6375.

SILK UNDERWEAR CONTRACTORS wanted. Call between 9 and 12 and 4 and 6, bring samples. Colonial Underwear Co., 27 East 22d St., Room 86.

SILK Wanted.—Open for silks of any description up to 80c per yard. Madison Square 3867.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobbers will look at sample silk skirts Tuesday and Wednesday, from 2 to 4. 8 West 29th St., Room 407.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples all week. 12 West 32d St., ninth floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples, better grades, 14th floor. 12 West 27th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at suits from $9.75 to $25. 105 Madison Av., 18th floor. See George Cohen.

SUITS Wanted.—Large jobber now placing orders on smart Spring suits. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber looking at Spring coats and suits. 12 West 27th St., 8th floor.

TRICOTINE AND POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Spot cash, Garfield 4718, 4978, 4976; state quantity, colors and price. G 11 Times.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS Wanted.—Heavyweight American or similar; any quantity, all colors; will pay cash. Farragut 3139.

VELOURS Wanted.—American, heavy weight, 3/4 cheviot, all Meltons; any quantity, for cash. Harris Pankin, 36 West 24th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Three-quarter goods, all colors, any quantity, spot cash. Rothstein & Nelson, 129 West 29th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavyweight, all colors. Colonial Cloak and Suit Co., 34 E. 12th.

VELOURS Wanted.—0359, 544, 11050; Juilliard's 2002; spot cash. Madison Sq. 3121.

VELOURS Wanted.—11050, 13046, also 0359, 15020, any quantity. Merit, 22 W. 27th.

VELOURS Wanted.—All kinds of heavyweight velours at a price. Chelsea 6018.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BAFFIN SEAL.—Hind & Harrison; reasonable; also quilted sateen linings. Greeley 4377.

BATH ROBES for men, ladies, and children for immediate delivery. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th St.

BLANKETS.—For immediate delivery; in case lots only. J 156 Times.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany, 343, white, 50 inches, $2.10 net, cash. J 152 Times.

BURELLA.—American 09057; also 0310, all colors; pom poms, brown, claret. Far. 2731.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—To close out. J. Dunn Co., 127 West 25th St.

CLOAKINGS.—Am. W. C., 033-21, navy, brown, and green; opening price. Tel. Madison Square 9348.

COATS.—A group of low priced coats for immediate delivery with a "special sales" plan. Developed for December and January retailing. Room 1210, 5th Avenue Building. The Printz-Biederman Co. These are Printzess coats.

COATS.—Pom poms, bolivias, silvertones, velour du Nord, broadcloth, velours, dracords, &c., plain, fur-trimmed, $16.50 to $50; immediate delivery. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS, Children's.—Will close out at cost job lot of coats, sizes ranging from 2 to 6 and 8 to 14, in velour, plushes, corduroys, and zibelines. Consolidated Girls' Coat Company, 1,265 Broadway.

COATS.—Pom poms, bolivias, silvertone, velour du Nord, broadcloth, velours, dracords, &c., plain, fur-trimmed, $16.50 to $50; immediate delivery. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS.—1,000 high-class ladies' and juniors' velour coats; kit coney collar and cuff; close out at a price to make room for our Spring line. The Ultan Cloak Co., 113 University Place.

COATS.—5,000 Fall coats, ladies' and misses'; high-class models; finest materials; fur trimmed; popular colors; at sacrificing prices. Kaplan Bros., 22 West 32d St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Exceptional values pom poms, plush, velour, broadcloth, self and fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

COATS.—95 large Kit Coney collars at $9.90 net; better coats at $11.90 net; 85 splendid coats at $12.90 net; few suits to close out. 3d floor, 22 West 32d St.

COATS.—200 of American wool velous, all colors, and Burgundy; fur and plush trimmed; for immediate delivery. S. Sragow Co., 142 West 24th.

COATS.—5,000 Fall coats; ladies' and misses' high-class models; finest materials; fur trimmed, popular colors, at sacrificing prices. Kaplan Bros., 22 West 32d St.

COATS.—1,000 for immediate delivery; plushes, velours, kerseys, and broadcloths, to close out, at a price. Benjamin Martin, 22 West 27th.

COATS, Coats, Coats.—Hundreds of them on the racks; all lined velours, fur collars; exceptionally priced. Greenberg, Frechtman, 33 East 9th.

COATS.—Exceptional values in velour fur-trimmed coats; very desirable merchandise, to close out. Fensterstock & Rosen, 35 West 31st St.

COATS.—100 American velour coats, fur-trimmed, all shades, half lined; close out at a special price. A. Zimmerman, 55 East 11th.

COATS.—Silks, mercerized, and cotton plushes, broadcloths, and velours; close out to make room. Ulin Bros., 55 East 11th St.

COATS.—A job of ladies' and juniors' coats in velours and broadcloth to close out. J. D., 51 West 13th St., near 6th Av.

COATS for immediate delivery; taupe and Burgundy fur-trimmed; broadcloth and velour coats. I. Novick, 40 West 28th.

COATS.—Kerseys and velours, fur-trimmed, to close out cheap; also other good values. F. J. Gelfond, 141 West 28th St.

COATS.—350 infants' American velour coats with fur collars to close out cheap; sizes 2 to 6. A. Bender, 7 West 22d.

COATS.—650 coats in velour and broadcloth, mostly fur collars, to close out. M. Roseman & Co., 40-42 West 27th.

COATS.—1,000 coats on the racks to be disposed of at once. Ettenson & Goldstein, 29 West 30th St.

COATS.—Have 400 fur-trimmed coats at mark-down prices. I. Zelikow & Son, 19 West 24th.

COATS.—Children's 8-14 cloth mixtures; immediate delivery. Klein & Zimmerman, 20 East 12th.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed velour coats to close out at a price. The Aero Coat House, 51 West 24th.

COATS.—Fur trimmed; immediate delivery; reasonable prices. Charles Cohen, 113 West 17th St.

COATS.—Cloth, $5.75 up; plushes, $12.75; also jobs. Schoen, Weissman, 53 West 24th.

COATS.—100 fur trimmed coats, to close out. Levine & Ehrenpreis, 142 West 24th.

COATS.—Ladies'; ask for special $8.75 net; fur-trimmed. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS.—Jobs children's, cloth and plush, selling below cost. Schwartz, 31 West 15th.

COATS.—Closing out wool velours, fur trimmed. Isadore Feldman, 54 E. 13th St.

COATS.—Plush, immediate delivery; also fur-trimmed coats. Wechsler, 170 5th Av.

COATS.—1,000 ladies', misses' fur-trimmed; big values. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS.—Infants' and children's; close-out prices. Tannenbaum-May, 19 West 24th.

COATS.—Infants', children's, juniors', close out. Cass & Rosenthal, 153 West 27th.

COATS.—Juniors', misses' fur-trimmed; to close out. Chas. Feller, 41 West 25th.

COATS.—100 fur trimmed, assorted, close out. Glantz & Schreiber, 9 West 20th.

COATS.—100 pom pom; 30 serge coat dresses, fur trimmed. Kahn, 1,123 Broadway.

COATS.—150 ladies' and misses'; sacrifice price. Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—Job of fur-trimmed coats to close out cheap. M. Lessner, 159 West 25th.

COATS.—85 to close out, $18 net; regular, $16.50 to $33.50. Etkin, 106 W. 32d.

COATS.—Jobs velours, meltons; 1,000, $5 up. United Cloak Co., 27 W. 20th.

COATS.—500, all materials, to close out. Harry Gelfond, 122 West 27th St.

COATS.—Better kind; immediate delivery. L. Baumann & Co., 12 East 32d St.

COATS.—Job to close out, low price. Goldberg & Shulman, 85 East 10th.

COATS.—2,000; 2-6, 8-14, sacrifice price. Rosh & Mayers, 1,178 Broadway.

COATS.—Better grade; immediate delivery. Fine & Cohen, 12 West 27th St.

COATS.—To close out, ladies', juniors', and children's. Neumann, 15 West 29th.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

COATS.—Closing out 1,000 coats from $6.50 up. H. Rudinsky, 159 West 25th.

COATS.—100 fur trimmed; off price. H. Mahler & Bros., 32 West 20th.

COATS.—500, to close out; all fur trimmed. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—100 fur trimmed, to close out. Mardoff & Siegel, 78 5th Av.

COATS, closing out, $3 and higher. Rineberg, 41 West 25th St.

COATS, children's sizes, 6 to 16, to close out. Silverman, 15 East 26th.

COATS.—Job to close out, low price. Goldberg Shulman, 85 E. 10th.

COATS.—Job 250 coats to close out. Myer Cohen, 11 West 25th.

CORDUROY, 32-inch, black, navy, brown, green, garnet. Republic Novelty, 244 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Ladies'; will sacrifice 600 silk and serge dresses, sizes 16 to 42, at a very low price. Militant Dress Co., 134 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Silk, serge, and evening dresses; close out entire stock account of moving. Greenberg-Weiner Co., 133 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Manufacturer has an accumulation of fine serge and satin dresses to close out. Engel, 143 West 20th.

DRESSES.—50 afternoon and party dresses for girls and juniors, to close out, cheap. L. Bogen, 15 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Serges, velveteens, satins, close out; finest assortments; reasonable. Welfert, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—1,000 silk and serge dresses to sell at a sacrifice. Pan-American Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st St.

DRESSES.—Tailored velour and broadcloth, also ladies' vests to close at a price. Phone Stuyvesant 3352.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, silks, velvet evening dresses; special values. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serge and satin dresses; close out at a sacrifice. Phone 8415 Chelsea.

DRESSES.—Job to close out at a sacrifice. Lentz Bros. & Co., 138 West 21st St.

FLEECE UNDERWEAR.—Delivery immediately; mostly shirts, Silver and Jagger wool and cotton hosiery; also notions for export. Henry Isaacs, 114 East 16th. Stuyvesant 4945.

FOXES' SCARFS, Muffs.—Red, taupe, poiret; sacrifice. Barnett Fur Co., 401 6th Av.

KERAMI CAPES and muffs to close out reasonable. Rikian, 74 5th Av.

KERAMI.—For sale, at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

KERAMI.—Sidney Blumenthal, $7 per yard. Far. 2248.

LACES, EMBROIDERIES, &c.—Large lot to close out. B. Stern, 392 5th Av.

LACES.—Excellent sample pieces, must be sold at once. Israel, 38 Lispenard.

MIDDYS.—Spring line of 3 in 1 middy blouses and new smocks ready. Freedman, 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

MOHAIR.—50 each, black and navy; 200 pieces for low market price. J 146 Times.

MOLE STRIPS.—3-inch Blumenthal's; will sell at a price. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

NECKWEAR, odd lots, 25c., 50c., $1; close out, cheap. Gumport, 708 Broadway.

PANTS.—Contractor desires work on khaki and corduroy pants; cut, make, and trim. K 231 Times Downtown.

PLUSHES.—10 pieces Hind & Harrison, quality 200, $3.35 net. I. Grossman & Son, 38 East 30th.

PLUSHES.—F. & H. Baffin seal, guaranteed; sealette, Salt's, velours du Nord. Madison 3121.

PLUSHES.—Esquimette, Peco, Peerless, 3/4 Cheviot, very cheap. Farragut 9812.

PLUSH.—Peco plush, $3.25; broadcloth, Burrells, tweed, for sale cheap. Farragut 2648.

PLUSHES.—Behring seal, 5 pieces, at $4.85. Phone Madison Square 8272.

PLUSHES.—Lapinex, $3.40 net; also Kerami, $6.75 net. Farragut 4868.

PLUSH.—Pico and Esquimette, at a low price. Farragut 3264.

PLUSH.—Will sell esquimette plush reasonable. Chelsea 5617.

POM POMS.—0816; best colors. For particulars phone Far. 9732.

POM POM.—Metalamb and Chase's mole. 3678 Farragut.

POM-POM taupe for sale. Call Farragut 9872.

RAINCOATS, all kinds; entire stock selling out below cost. Schwartz, 31 West 15th.

SERGES.—American 0936, 234, Garfield 519, 528, U. S. 235, Gilberts 8200, Whitman's 106, 94, 2175, Wallworth 3817, Cleveland 9058, Loraine 3676, Juilliard 54221, 54249, 54289, 54262; quantities in desirable shares; poplins, all shades; immediate delivery. Levensohn-Satz, Madison Square 1265.

SERGES.—Arlington 99, 104, 10; Lorraine 2,678, Pacific G. B. L. Stegens 3850, 3020, U. S. 820. Madison Square 3121.

SERGES.—Amoskeag 7614, about 6,000 yards, navy. Levensohn-Satz, Madison Square 1265.

SERGES.—American, 09050; 25 pieces; navy and black. 9090 Farragut; Mr. Phillip.

SERGES.—54292, 54,268; black, 3670; Whitman, 1210, Gram. 3001.

SERGES.—104, 7120, 6120, and 54289; navy, poplins. Gramercy 5143.

SHIRTS.—Jobs to close out, all kinds, large quantities, cheap. Bachrack, 584 Broadway. Spring 3265.

SILKS.—All kinds, special values, for immediate delivery for manufacturing trade; call at our show rooms. M. Marks Co., formerly Marks-Senner, 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILK.—1,000 pieces all Tokio silk for linings; solid colors and fancy patterns. D. & S. Woolen Exchange, 1,265 B'way. M. S. 1870.

SKIRTS.—Contractor wants work on silk skirts, dresses, or Government work. Madison Square 2311.

SKIRTS.—Serges only; will close out at price. 1,133 Broadway, Room 1123.

SKIRTS.—Job poplin serges and mixtures, $1.50 each. Chauser, 19 West 21st.

SNAP FASTENERS, highest quality, lowest prices, white or black, carded or bulk, for exporters or dealers only; special inducements for large quantity orders. Bethlehem Snap Fastener Mfg. Co., 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1807 Williamsburg.

STOLES, Capes, plush and kerami, muffs to match in fur effects, headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Belle Cloak & Suit Co., 159 West 25th.

SUITS.—For immediate delivery, $12.50; coats, $9.75-$25. Pisger, 48 West 27th.

VELOUR.—Two green, one brown, one burgundy; all-wool heavyweights; no reasonable offer refused. Farragut 2917.

VELOURS.—Garfield, style 136, brown, green, reindeer, navy, black, $2.05 net. Madison Square 9259.

VELOURS.—544, 13046, 0359, 11050, 15020 pom pom, American serge 09050. Spring 2571.

VELOURS, light and heavy weight, all colors, 0310, all shades. Madison Square 2426.

VELVETEENS.—Plain and twill back, all colors, all widths; corduroy in narrow and wide wale, all colors; also clothing corduroy. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 31st St. Madison Square 9760.

VELVETEEN remnants, 5 to 20, black and colors. Clejam, 640 B'way. Spring 5010.

VESTS.—We have quilted ladies' vests and crib pads in stock for immediate delivery at low prices. Wilson Quilting and Novelty Co., 133 West 24th.

WAISTS.—Georgette waists to close out cheap. Deutschman, 15 West 20th St.

WAISTS.—$18 cotton; close out cheap. Shapiro & Kunin, 20 East 12th.

Help Wanted.

ASSISTANT DESIGNER.—Lady, must have experience on medium priced line of stout dresses. L. Rubin, 159 West 25th.

BUYERS Wanted.—Two young men wanted; housefurnishings, toys, and rugs; drapery buyers for large popular price department store; must be live wires, and only experienced buyers or head assistants to a big house; furnishing or rug buyer will be considered; others need not apply; big opportunity; permanent positions to right men. Call today, Mr. Weisberger, Martinique Hotel.

KNIT GOODS.—Sales agency desires communication with manufacturers or contractors with view to handling factory output. G 7 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced, selling corrugated boxes, salary and commission; apply between 12 and 1. Elliott Novelty Co., 153 Greene St.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

Help Wanted.

STOCK CLERK Wanted.—Experienced in silk house, one that can take complete charge of stock book, charging and wait on inside customers. Pressman, 423 4th Av.

Situations Wanted.

BUYER OR SALESMAN, energetic, capable young man, excellent recommendations, ten years' experience as buyer and salesman for wholesale furnishing goods and clothing firm, large Southern trade acquaintance, seeks position. R 43 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...51/4@51/2 p. c. for the best names.
Saturday....51/4@51/2 " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Tie Business Up with Last Year.

Though there have been isolated cases in the men's neckwear trade of business falling behind the record of a year ago, there seems no indication that this condition is general throughout the industry. Reports from some of the largest factors in the local trade indicate that while business has not gone ahead of last year to any extent, it has not fallen behind. With the better grade of merchandise which is now being purchased, and with higher prices for nearly every grade, the year's business will amount to more, in dollars and cents, it is said, than the orders of the previous year.

Children's Sweaters Selling.

The cold weather of the past few days has been a great stimulant to business in the children's knit goods departments of the local retail stores. Sweater suits for small children and separate sweaters for larger boys and girls are said to have been very actively sought. Angora and Shetland weaves have been popular in these lines all Fall, though moderate weather during most of the season has to some extent held trade back. Blue, gray, and khaki shades have been the leaders, though it seems that red and green, the old standbys, are still in demand. The increased buying yesterday is said to have been largely in the better grades.

Men Buying Heavy Woolen Socks.

One of the striking developments of the Fall season in the men's wear trade is said to be the unusually large call for heavy woolen half hose. It is reported that the demand is felt both in and outside of the metropolitan district. Though, ordinarily, black and white were the most favored in these lines, this season a wide variety of colors in the darker shades is sought. Mixtures of green and brown, forming a dark olive drab, have been the best sellers so far. Plain weaves are popular, though ribbed and pearled goods in the better grades are said to be well taken.

Staple Dress Goods Doing Well.

Staple dress goods are having all the better of it at the present time, both for Spring and immediate delivery. While plaids are doing well for immediate shipment on French serge grounds, fancies as a whole are not as active as they might be. In the last couple of weeks, in particular, there has been an increasing demand for cotton-warp and all-wool storm serges, which had been having a rather marked rest. It is predicted that they will continue to get better as time goes on. French serges are selling well in cases where buyers feel their trade can absorb them at present price levels.

Good Outlook for Spring Trade.

Men's clothing manufacturers of this city, who have already sent their road men out with Spring lines, are said to be receiving glowing reports as to trade prospects for the approaching 1918 season. Retailers in all sections seem to have lost the gloom of last Summer, when so many fears were expressed as to the effect of the draft on business. A good Fall season at retail is said to be among the chief factors which brought about this general rejuvenation. As a result a healthy eagerness is shown for good merchandise, and in a number of cases good orders have already been placed. One house, whose salesmen have been out six weeks, reports orders in excess of the same period a year ago.

Spongers Make New Ruling.

An important step has been taken by the Textile Finishers' Association of New York looking toward more friendly business relations between the members and the garment manufacturers who are their customers. It has assumed the form of a kind of court of first resort, to which any garment manufacturer who feels that he has been unfairly treated by any member may present his case directly to the association. It will then be judged on its merits by that body, and if the sponger is adjudged at fault, he will have to make the necessary amends or lose his membership in the organization. It is expected that this will do away with many of the disputes that have arisen between the spongers and the manufacturers, and tend to place the business on a generally better footing.

New Hemmed-Top Hose.

Some misapprehensions as to the kind of hemmed tops now put on men's hose were called attention to yesterday by a man in the business. The goods that are now coming out with hem tops, he pointed out, are made on special machines, which knit the sock, the top and the welt all in one operation. This not only makes the hemmed socks cheaper to produce than ribbed tops, but gives them even more "stretch" than the latter have. Tests made yesterday proved this claim. It is said of the new process of manufacture, which is also being used in making women's hose, that it turns out socks that will not bind, will not break in coming on or off, and which will fit better at the top than ribbed goods. They are made with a four-inch hem, and it is claimed that garter "pull" will not tear them.

Warehouses Are Filling Up.

If investigators go hunting out alleged cases of hoarded dry goods they will not have much trouble in finding what looks like evidence. They would find, however, that this merchandise is not being tucked away against the coming of higher prices, but against the coming of ships to take it where it belongs. It was said yesterday, for instance, that there is one big warehouse here which is almost entirely filled with goods waiting shipment to the Eastern countries alone. Much of them are due buyers in India. Merchandise bought for other markets also is being held up for lack of tonnage, but with deposits of 25 to 50 per cent. in cash already having been paid on it, and other payments being made from time to time, the shippers of the goods are not being hit so hard by the shipping delays as the consignees.

Some Printcloths Withdrawn.

Things got so hot in the local gray goods market yesterday, due to the wild rise in cotton, that some lines of printcloths were withdrawn until the temperature, speaking figuratively, has a chance to drop a little. A large business was done, however. This year's deliveries of 39-inch 68-72s were sold at 131/2 cents, and spot business was reported on 381/2-inch 64-60s both at 113/4 and 117/8 cents. The same goods sold through the first quarter of next year at 111/2 cents. Ten cents was paid for deliveries of 381/2-inch 60-48s running to May, and 39-inch 56-44s sold for similar shipment at 93/4 cents. In the coarser goods 40-inch 4.25-yard sheetings sold at 131/2 cents to May, with nearby business done on four-yard 56-60s at 141/2 cents. Nearly 5.50 sheetings brought 101/2 cents. Sateens and twills continue to move freely. Printcloth prices, spot, averaged about this way:

39-inch,	80-80s...151/2c	381/2-inch,	64-60s..113/4c
39-inch,	72-76s...141/2c	381/2-inch,	64-56s..111/2c
39-inch,	68-72s...131/2c	381/2-inch,	60-52s..101/2c
39-inch,	56-44s... 91/2c	381/2-inch,	60-48s..10c
381/2-inch,	64-64s..121/2c	27-inch,	64-60s..4 81/2c

BUSINESS NOTES.

The account of the H. & S. Pogue Company, Cincinnati, is now being handled in this market by Alfred Fantl, resident buyer, 116 West Thirty-second Street.

E. J. Alexandre has been elected Vice President of John Stember & Co., manufacturers of leather goods, 821 Broadway.

W. Smith, formerly buyer of gloves and leather goods for Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, is now buying these lines for Gimbel Brothers' New York store.

Miss M. L. Carlos, who for several years was buyer of waists for Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass., is now associated with the M. O'Neill Company, Akron, Ohio, in the same capacity.

ADDS TO EMBARGO LIST.

Tobacco and Drugs Among New Articles to be Held in Australia.

Ernest T. Hall, the official representative in this city of the Commonwealth of Australia, announced yesterday that the following articles had been placed on the embargo list by the Australian Government: Crown seals, bird cages, tin or other metal toys, metal advertising hoardings, signs, and plates; fancy canisters, letter boxes, stoves, phonograph horns, kerosene pumps, tobacco, cigarettes, boot polish, confectionery, powders of all kinds, soaps, (except liquid soaps,) spices, dry pharmaceutical preparations, linoleum polishes, metal polishes, dry foodstuffs, except the following: Biscuits, infants' and invalids' foods, dried-milk foods.

Any of the above goods, will be admitted, however, for which a firm order was placed with the manufacturer before Nov. 10 and which were in course of manufacture on that date and for which the importer is committed to payment.

Authorizes Credit to Belgium.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Secretary McAdoo today authorized another credit to Belgium of $7,500,000, making the total credits to Belgium already $85,900,000 and the total to all the Allies $3,883,900,000.

OLD CLOTHES FOR FRANCE.

Club Gathering Material to Rehabilitate Stricken District.

An old clothes club to obtain discarded clothing and linen to be used for the inhabitants of the villages recently liberated from German control, is being organized by the Secrétariat Français des Villages Libérés, the headquarters of which are in Paris, but which has a depot here at 120 West Twenty-fourth Street, care of the Parish House of St. Vincent de Paul.

The Secrétariat Français des Villages Libérées is composed of French women who are undertaking to rehabilitate the stricken people in the newly recovered French villages. Among the things which are needed are clothes, shoes, linen, tools, kitchen utensils, threads, cotton, wool, and embroidery silks. The delegate of the Secretariat who is in the United States is Marie-Louise Antoinette.

Clarks Buy New Thread Mill.

The Clark Thread Company yesterday assumed ownership of the Jersey City thread mill of James Chadwick & Brother, Ltd., of Manchester, England. The Clark company owns two mills in Newark and East Newark. The purchase price of the new mill is said to have been $200,000.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, O.—M. O'Neill Co.; F. B. Goodman, leather goods, umbrellas; Miss M. L. Carlos, blouses, sweaters, house dresses; 37 West 26th.

ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Adams Co.; R. E. Hallenbeck, coats, suits; Imperial.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Keely Co.; M. W. Meyer, coats, suits, waists; 1,170 Broadway; Breztell.

AUGUSTA, Ga.—H. Masur, Spring coats; 131 W. 35th.

BALTIMORE—Strauss Manufacturing Co.; L. Strauss, trousers materials; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; A. J. Fry, coats, suits, dresses; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; L. K. Gutman, dress goods, silks; 200 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss J. M. Armstrong, waists; L. Langfeld, leather goods; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Goldsmith-Stern Co.; Miss H. Lowenstein, gowns, suits, skirts; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—M. Stern & Co.; M. Stern, piece goods; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. M. German, neckwear, umbrellas; 354 4th Av.

BIDDEFORD, Me.—Wendell & Ross; J. Wendell, clothing, furn. goods; B'way Central.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Pizitz Carpet Co.; L. Pizitz, carpets; 1,161 B'way.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss Hahn, jobs silk, cotton waists; Mrs. Hasenfess, women's hosiery; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—Frost & Adams; A. Frost, art goods; Flanders.

BOSTON—J. Solomon & Co.; J. Cohen, laces, ribbons, silks, dress trimmings; B'way Central.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss H. B. Cobham, women's coats, suits; 470 4th Av.; Breslin.

BOSTON—Farley, Harvey & Co.; J. F. Johnston, dress goods; 103 Franklin.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss C. E. Kane, misses' wear; Miss E. M. Kennedy, muslin underwear, negligees, infants' wear; Miss L. Schlager, coats, skirts; 25 W. 33d.

BOSTON—Butler's; J. Griffith, ready-to-wear; H. McLeod, boys' wear; D. Donovan, men's knit underwear, hosiery; 1,150 B'way.

BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.; W. F. Maher, boys' clothing; Prince George.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Miss M. Cronin, infants' wear; Mr. Tufts, laces; F. Kemball, costumes; E. J. Pendergast, silks; G. Guest, kitchen goods; Mr. Watson, representing; Miss McHugh, misses' suits; W. London, trunks, leather goods; E. A. Crawford, flannels; Miss A. Chaloux, corsets; B. E. Taylor, general mdse.; 432 4th Av.

BUFFALO—Mrs. A. M. Richardson, coats, suits, waists, gowns; Vanderbilt.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; B. Karasick, hats; L. J. Mead, furs; Mr. Felsenthal, representing; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss Tarrson, waists, house dresses; 13 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; G. Hill, cotton dress goods; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; B. W. Van Syckle, men's, boy's clothing; 470 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Consolidated Millinery Co.; F. Hergesch, millinery; 621 Broadway.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; E. H. Powell, knit goods; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—H. Ostrowsky Co.; S. Feldstein, furn. goods; Longacre.

CHICAGO—E. Mendelsohn; hats, caps, gloves; Wallick.

CHICAGO—Mayer Bros.; J. Mayer, men's, boys' clothing; Hargrave.

CHICAGO—H. Salzberg, clothing; Breslin.

CHICAGO—Worm & Loeb; Mr. Kiseman, ladies' handbags, neckwear, auto caps, fancy goods, novelties; Claridge.

CHICAGO—Phil Klaster & Co.; Herman Klaster, Spring dresses; 1,170 Broadway, Room 610.

CHICAGO—The Fair; W. H. Lowrie, jobs velvet dresses; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; M. C. Goldman, silk, cotton waists, middies; 368 6th Av.

CHICAGO—Bauman & Co.; H. Bauman, jobs coats, suits, Spring coats, suits; 12 East 32d.

CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward Co.; H. J. Smith, dry goods; 43 West 23d.

CHICAGO—Opoznauer Co.; J. Opoznauer, silk waists, dress materials; Holland House.

CHICAGO—Royal Neckwear Co.; A. Miller, silks, mercerized cottons; Broztell.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; H. M. Kelso, cotton convertings; L. H. Crawford, hosiery, underwear; 115 5th Av.

CINCINNATI—J. H. Hibben D. G. Co.; R. Owen, hosiery, gloves; 1,170 Broadway.

CINCINNATI—Louis, Stix & Co.; W. Reiss, furnishing goods, underwear, sweaters; 377 Broadway.

CINCINNATI—Lauterbach Cloak and Suit Co.; I. Lauterbach, Spring suits, coats; 1,133 B'way, Room 1123.

CINCINNATI—Rosenthaler Bros. & Swillinger; Mr. Rosenthaler, Spring coats, suits; 118 W. 27th.

CLEVELAND—Root & McBride Co.; J. R. Callow, prints, wash fabrics; F. H. Theis, silks, dress goods; G. F. Smith, domestics, flannels; J. S. Littlefield, white goods, linings, linens; 72 Leonard.

CLEVELAND—Krause, Biederman & Co.; H. H. Krause, piece goods; Herald Square.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Miss M. Coben, hosiery, muslin underwear, kimonos; 72 Madison Av.

CLEVELAND—Holle Bros. Co.; D. C. Ross, millinery; 220 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Sunshine Cloak & Suit Co.; A. D. Kramer, piece goods; 1,133 B'way.

CLEVELAND—E. Sperling Co.; E. Sperling, cloths, silks, trimmings; Holland House.

CLEVELAND—Pollack-Selman Co.; A. Pollock, cloakings; Cumberland.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; Miss A. K. Smith, dresses, waists; 220 5th Av.; Collingwood.

DALLAS, Texas—Neiman, Marcus Co.; T. Marcus, dry goods; 1,140 B'way.

DENVER—Golden Eagle Dry Goods Co.; Mr. Bauman, jobs ready-to-wear, dry goods, holiday goods; 44 East 23d.

DES MOINES—Harris-Emery Co.; S. K. Skillings, hosiery, men's furn. goods; 361 4th Av.

DETROIT—Kline Garment Co.; Miss Buell, dresses; Mr. Strider, coats; 404 4th Av.

DETROIT—Stylecraft Store; J. D. Peterson, women's furn. goods, corsets, muslin underwear; 354 4th Av.; Grand.

DETROIT—J. Alexander, millinery; 621 B'way.

DETROIT—Burnham-Stoepel Co.; A. H. MacMillan, domestics; 43 Leonard.

ELMIRA, N. Y.—Scotch Woolen Mills Co.; S. Siskin, clothing; B'way Central.

FORT SMITH, Ark.—J. Langfelder; dry goods; New Strand.

GALVESTON, Tex.—Moore Bros.; T. Moore, general mdse.; Wallick.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—S. K. Siegel Co.; M. Baer, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

GRAND RAPIDS—Chas. Trankla & Co.; F. W. Wendland, serge dresses, plush coats, jobs waists; 432 4th Av.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann's Underselling Store; J. E. Gutman, furn. goods, hosiery; F. Zng, dry goods; 72 Madison Av.

HONESDALE, Penn.—Birdsall Brothers; W. J. Birdsall, working shirts; Park Avenue.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Covington Co.; T. W. Burnett, men's furn. goods; 60 Worth; Latham.

KANSAS CITY—Smith, McCord, Townsend D. G. Co.; W. Geissler, ready-to-wear; 72 Leonard.

KANSAS CITY—Spalding Cloak Co.; Mr. Fink, jobs coats, suits; 303 5th Av.

KANSAS CITY—Kline Cloak & Suit Co.; Mr. Raphel, waists; 404 4th Av.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Frankel, Frank & Co.; D. Frankel, flowers, feathers; D. Lyons, hats; 581 Broadway.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Leinbach & Co.; Miss B. Pickel, hosiery, underwear, gloves, notions; W. S. Leinbach, dry goods; 44 E. 23d.

LAPORTE, Ind.—"Fox's"; M. Fox, dress goods; Vanderbilt.

LOS ANGELES—Jacoby Brothers; Arthur J. Kollins, ready-to-wear, general merchandise; 1,182 Broadway.

LOS ANGELES—J. W. Robinson Co.; R. O. Durrell, cloaks, suits; 111 5th Av.

LOUISVILLE—Gibson Cloak and Suit Co.; M. Shapiro, jobs suits; 1,170 B'way, Room 500.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—Guggenheimer & Co.; F. W. Chapman, notions, furn. goods; 60 Worth.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—Finkel & Schewel; J. M. Finkel, ready-to-wear; 33 W. 33d; Aberdeen.

MASSILLON, Ohio—The National Garment Co.; J. L. Howenstein, piece goods; McAlpin.

MEMPHIS—Bry, Block Mercantile Co.; E. B. Weisener, jobs coats, suits, dresses, waists, underwear, petticoats, basement; 470 4th Av.

MEMPHIS—J. Levy Sons & Co.; L. S. Levy, men's furn. goods; 256 Church.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; Miss E. E. Murray, hosiery, underwear; 404 4th Av.; Latham.

MILWAUKEE—Herzfeld-Phillipson Co.; A. Miller, jobs petticoats, house, children's dresses; 31 Union Square.

MOBILE, Ala.—D. R. Dunlap Mercantile Co.; J. P. Moreland, furn. goods, underwear, jewelry; 350 B'way.

MUSKOGEE, Okla.—B. E. Spivy, general merchandise; Imperial.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; T. F. O'Neill, linens, white goods, domestics; 404 4th Av.; Prince George.

NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; W. H. Flack, silks, dress goods; 404 4th Av.

NEW ORLEANS—Haspel Bros.; J. Haspel, pants materials; 15 E. 26th; Collingwood.

NORFOLK—Miller, Rhoades & Swartz; Miss M. L. Brown, art embroideries; 1,239 B'way.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass.—McGraw & Tatro; W. J. Tatro, coats, suits; Imperial.

OAK HILL, Ohio—Mrs. S. Pastor, general merchandise; 1,576 44th St., Brooklyn.

OMAHA—M. Spiesberger & Sons Co.; N. A. Spiesberger, ribbons, gloves; 581 B'way.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va.—J. Lasky, dry goods; Gerard.

PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; A. B. Cote, dress goods, silks; 404 4th Av.; Wallick.

PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Miss Sneidman, trimmed hats; McAlpin; Miss Weiss, jobs cotton waists, petticoats; I. Blauner, jobs silk waists; Miss Ransford, dresses; 15 E. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—I. Stern & Sons; H. Stern, flowers, feathers; New Strand.

PHILADELPHIA—Miller Clothing Co.; J. Moran, men's, women's, children's clothing; Bristol.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; E. Rohn, leather goods, trunks; Broadway and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Kohn, Tickner, Myers & Co.; H. I. Tickner, woolens; Albert.

PHILADELPHIA—Greenebaum Bros. & Co.; S. Greenebaum, cotton piece goods; Room 322, 200 5th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—L. Harris & Co.; L. Harris, piece goods; Aberdeen.

PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; M. Michel, millinery; McAlpin.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Bernstein & Co.; Mr. Segal, Spring dresses; Room 615, 33 West 34th.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; J. H. Frank, waists; 364 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; I. S. Bickert, men's furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; 116 W. 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Rose Co.; D. Rose, piece goods; Herald Square.

PITTSBURGH—M. Lando & Son; M. Lando, jobs woolens; Martinique.

PITTSBURGH—Smit-Lewis Co.; Miss F. Lavine, dresses; Miss E. B. Tuck, suits; E. M. Smith, coats; 1,133 B'way; Breslin.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Departm't Stores; J. H. Harris, crockery, china, glassware; 1,281 Broadway.

PITTSFIELD, Mass.—J. R. Newman & Sons; J. R. Newman, men's, boys' clothing; 31 Union Square.

PORTLAND, Me.—Coronet Mfg. Co.; M. Malman, cotton piece goods; Aberdeen.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Harris & Jagner; Mr. Harris, dry goods; Wallick.

READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; D. C. Drease, men's, boys' clothing; 230 5th Av.; Breslin.

RICHMOND, Va.—Kaufmann & Co.; E. J. Kaufmann, coats, suits; 353 5th Av.

RICHMOND, Va.—Miller & Rhoads; W. R. Scott, dress goods, silks, trimmings; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; H. A. Dutton, silks, velvets; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Baer Bros.; J. Baer, ready-to-wear; Bretton Hall.

SAN FRANCISCO—Reich & Lievre; Mr. Reich, jobs coats, suits; J. Gerstenfeld, jobs shirtwaists; 116 W. 32d.

SAN FRANCISCO—Weingarten, Frederick Co.; A. Weingarten, general mdse.; Claridge.

SEATTLE—Western D. G. Co.; W. H. Greeley, underwear, hosiery, shirts; 60 Worth.

SELMA, Ala.—Central Alabama D. G. Co.; M. F. Gusdorf, dry goods, notions, women's ready-to-wear, men's furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 43 Leonard.

ST. LOUIS—Kline Apparel Co.; C. L. Marks, coats, dresses; 404 4th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Levis, Zokoski Mercantile Co.; S. Levis, ladies' hats; 303 5th Av.

ST. PAUL—Schuneman & Evans; W. Lyttle, domestics, blankets; 220 5th Av.; Longacre.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; A. Alexander, domestics; 230 5th Av.; Murray Hill.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Netter-Ullman Mercantile Co.; M. Netter, notions, women's ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; A. B. Wallace, representing; 230 5th Av.

TACOMA—Love-Warren-Monroe Co.; L. G. Smallridge, men's furn. goods, gloves, hosiery, women's waists, muslin, knit underwear; 43 Leonard.

TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; J. M. Walker, silks; 23 E. 26th.

TOLEDO—Neuhansel Bros.; M. J. Gilsdorf, cloaks, suits; Wallick.

TORONTO—Boyd Brummell Co.; J. C. Boyd, wool, knit goods; Imperial.

UTICA, N. Y.—Rathbun & Co.; V. J. Crowner, hosiery, underwear, yarns; 60 Worth.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; J. MacFarquhar, toys, pictures; 432 4th Av.; Cumberland.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; H. Grunebaum, wash goods, dress goods, silks; Wallick.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; F. E. Woodward, books; 334 4th Av.; Continental.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Palais Royal; Mrs. H. Gold, waists; Miss C. M. Hirsch, undermuslins, kimonas, children's garments; 230 5th Av.

WATERBURY, Conn.—Scott's Cloak House; W. D. Scott, coats, suits; Grand.

WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Murray-Smith Co.; J. A. Williams, rugs; Latham.

WILMINGTON, Del.—McMahon Bros.; G. A. McMahon, carpets; Herald Square.

WILMINGTON, Del.—R. Topkis Sons; C. Topkis, coats; 1,270 B'way.

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.—O. S. Engledove, dry goods; Wallick.

WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; Mr. Jackson, jobs ready-to-wear, basement; 230 5th Av.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Youngstown Dry Goods Co.; J. Bowmaster, men's furnishing goods, shirts; 72 Leonard.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio—Black & Grant Co.; W. V. H. Block, domestics; 377 B'way.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio—H. Weber Sons & Co.; S. Weber, dry goods; 44 East 23d; Imperial.

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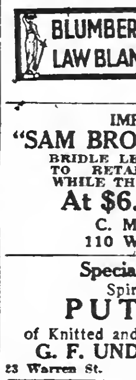

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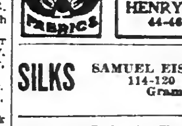

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Silk Merchant Honorably Discharged.

After a trial lasting several hours, the indictment of Louis Schwartz of the firm of Schwartz & Birnbaum, dealers in silks at 450 5th Ave., was dismissed by Judge Malone in the Court of General Sessions Monday, November 19. The indictment grew out of a charge preferred against Mr. Schwartz several months ago, for his having purchased property, claimed to have been stolen. It appears that Mr. Schwartz had no knowledge that the merchandise in question had been stolen, particularly in view of the fact that the man from whom the merchandise was purchased was known to the trade to be in the same line. The dismissal of the indictment is an absolute vindication of Mr. Schwartz, his reputation in the trade having always been irreproachable.
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FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
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REAL ESTATE FIELD

Midtown properties were features of an active real estate market yesterday, two important transactions being closed affecting holdings in that section. The Stonewall Realty Company, Robert P. Zobel, President, bought from Elbridge T. Gary the buildings at 8 to 10 East Twenty-ninth Street, on a plot 40 by 98.9, and the abutting property at 7 East Twenty-eighth Street, on a lot 25 by 98.9. The combined properties are assessed at $182,000.

Mr. Zobel stated that he had no immediate plans for the improvement of the site, although he expected eventually to build either a business building or an apartment hotel.

The site lends itself for reimprovement since it faces on Twenty-ninth Street the Little Church Around the Corner and adjoins on Twenty-eighth Street the edifice of St. Leo's Roman Catholic Church, assuring permanent light and air.

Another transaction in the immediate neighborhood concerned a modern store and loft building. Harry J. Luce, President of Acker, Merrall & Condit, sold the five-story building at 37 West Thirty-second Street, on a lot 25 by 98.9, just east of Broadway, which is assessed at $105,000. William B. May & Co. were the brokers in the transaction.

The property was acquired by the seller about four years ago from Mrs. Jennie K. Stafford in an exchange involving the Sherwood Studio Buildings, at the southeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street.

The Parkway in Deal.

The United States Savings Bank has sold to an investor, for cash, the Parkway, a six-story elevator apartment house, at the southwest corner of Cathedral Parkway and Manhattan Avenue, on a plot 72.11 by 100.

The bank acquired the property recently at foreclosure. It was held at $150,000. Edward N. Crosby & Co. negotiated the sale.

East Side Tenement Sold.

Isadore Shapiro bought, through the Charles F. Noyes Company, 244 Delancey Street, a five-story tenement, on lot 25 by 75. The property was taken from Selg Goldstein in a recent trade at a $30,000 valuation.

Resale in East Harlem.

An investing client of Bernard Smyth & Sons purchased from Ennis & Sinnott, operators, 76 East 115th Street, a five-story tenement, on a lot 25 by 100. The sellers bought the property last week.

Buyer for West Side Dwelling.

Mrs. Emily D. Way sold to a client of Slawson & Hobbs 5 West Seventy-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 23 by 102. The property, which is located about 163 feet west of Central Park West, was held at $45,000.

Bronx Sales.

J. H. Bohlen purchased for investment from Jacob Jensen 878 East 180th Street, a five-story new law apartment house with three stores on a lot 50 by 108 by 118. In addition to cash the buyer gave the two-family house, 2,876 Briggs Avenue, on a lot 25 by 125. John A. Steinmetz negotiated the sale.

Max J. Klein purchased from George J. Shapiro 851 Hornaday Place, a five-story twenty-five-family new law tenement, on a plot 50 by 100. S. Rosen negotiated the sale.

The Henry Morgenthau Company sold to an investor for cash 522 Southern Boulevard, a five-story tenment with stores. The building occupies a lot 25 by 75 on the southwest corner. W. Selkir negotiated the sale.

Brooklyn.

The McInerney Klinck Realty Company sold the three-story brick store and apartment building located on the north side of Church Avenue, 44 feet and 4 inches west of East Second Street, with a frontage of 20 feet and 10 inches on Church Avenue, and a depth of 93 feet and 8 inches on both sides, for Arthur H. Bull to a client for investment.

Queens Borough Sales.

F. F. De Rahm, as referee, sold to J. Seeman of Manhattan the property, 100 by 200 feet, on the southeast corner of Eighth Avenue and Eleventh Street, Whitestone, and 50 by 150 feet on the northeast corner of Kissam Avenue and Broadway, Whitestone.

B. Du Bosch sold to K. Goetz the property, 104 by 119 feet, on the southwest corner of Highland Avenue and Hillcrest Avenue, Jamaica.

The Kew Gardens Corporation sold to H. J. Arnold of Richmond Hill the dwelling and plot, 60 by 100 feet, on the south side of Pembroke Place, 460 feet east of Austin Street, Kew Gardens.

Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff sold for Carl F. Grieshaber a three-story building, occupying a plot 97 by 99, on the northeast corner of Swan Street and St. Paul's Avenue, Tompkinsville, to Jiacom Mazzairella.

New Jersey.

The Edgewater Realty Company sold to Allen M. Clark of Watertown, N. Y., a frame cottage on Browne's Terrace, Englewood. The Englewood Real Estate Company was the broker in the transaction.

Godwin Auction Sale Today.

Interest will centre today on the auction sale of the holdings of the Godwin estate by Joseph P. Day and J. Clarence Davies in the Vesey Street Exchange Salesroom, commencing at noon. As a result of the partition suit instituted in the Supreme Court, 234 lots in the vicinity of the West 231st Street subway station will be offered at absolute sale.

The lots are located on both sides of Broadway, on Kingsbridge Avenue, on 230th and 231st Streets and on adjacent streets. The section is practically fully developed, the streets being improved, curbed, graded, and flagged.

Title Transferred to International Motor Company.

Title to the property 253 to 257 West Sixty-fourth Street, 75 by 100.5, purchased in December, 1911, by the Hewitt Motor Company, was transferred yesterday to the International Motor Company, which occupies the block front on West End Avenue from Sixty-third to Sixty-fourth Street.

New Standard Oil Company Garage.

Plans have been filed for the improvement of the plot, 150 by 160.11, at 523 to 533 East 119th Street with a three-story garage by the Standard Oil Company. The architect, C. A. Ellis, estimates the cost at $26,000. The company controls the entire frontage on the East River, between 119th and 120th Streets.

Recent Buyers.

Edward J. O'Gorman is the buyer of the apartment house 530 West 115th Street sold by the Oothout Realty Company.

Julius M. Rosenmann and Bernard Krausman are the buyers of the five-story apartment houses 1,532 to 1,540 Seabury Place, adjoining the southwest corner of Boston Road in the Bronx.

Dora Grubel is the buyer of the dwelling 1,447 Bryant Avenue sold by the Lawyers Mortgage Company.

Moves to Midtown Location.

J. B. Williams, display fixtures, for the last twenty-five years at 31 West Fourth Street, has leased the store and basement at 1,133 Broadway, in the Johnson Building, for a long term of years. The W. Rosenthal Company negotiated the lease.

Commercial Lease.

Pope & Brother sublet for John and Louis Boiardi the three-story building at 68 Perry Street, to Ralph Alberton, for a term of years.

Realty Notes.

The New York Fire Insurance Exchange has placed in effect a 10 per cent. increase on all future premiums. General increase of upkeep and overhead costs due to war and other abnormal conditions is given as the cause for the additional rate.

The Brett & Goode Company announced yesterday the leasing of all loft and office space in the twenty-two-story Printing Crafts Building, 461 to 479 Eighth Avenue.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

20TH St, 313 East, n s, 225 ft e of 2d Av, 25x76.10, five-story tenement and store; Citizens' Savings Bank against A. J. Dworsky et al.; Beall & R., attorneys; due, $12,906.28; taxes, &c., $615.69; to the plaintiff for $4,000.

By Henry Brady.

1st Av, 426, e s, 20.8 ft s of 25th St, 17.9x 61.4x irregular, three-story tenement and store; W. H. Reid and another, trustees, against Isaac Stairerwald et al.; Middlebrook & B., attorneys; due, $5,584.76; taxes, &c., $162.80; to the plaintiff for $4,800.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

[illegible] St., 525 to 533 East, for a three-story garage and [illegible], 150x160.11; Standard Oil Co. of N. Y., 26 Broadway; owner, C. A. Ellis, 26 Broadway, architect; cost, $26,000.

Sheridan Av, s w corner 165th St, a one-story stone church, 33.8x76; St. Simeon's Church, Rev. Ralph J. Walker, 165th St. and Sheridan Av., rector, owner; Bronx Architect Co., 109 Highland Av., Yonkers, architect; cost, $20,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Wall St., 37 to 43, to a twenty-five-story bank and offices; Equitable Trust Co., owner; Paine & Trapp, 17 Thames St., architects; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, NOV. 26.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

EAST BROADWAY, 100, n s, 185.2 ft w of Pike St, 25x65.5; Leona Holding Corporation to 54 West 21st St. Corp., 54 West 21st St., all liens, July 31; attorney, J. H. Zieser, 217 Broadway....$100

KENMORE ST, n s, 94 ft w of Elizabeth St, runs n 23.1x e 24x s --x w 12 to Kenmore St x w 12 to beginning; Dominick Abbate, Jr., to Abbate Realty Co., 226 Lafayette St, all liens, July 19....$1

MADISON AV, 76-78, s w corner of 28th St, 49.7x95; Otto Horwitz to 76 Madison Av. Realty Co., 115 Broadway, mtg. $225,000, Nov. 23; attorneys, Horwitz & R., 115 Broadway....$1

2D AV, 672, e s, 79 ft n of 36th St, 19.9x 52.10; Charles H. McDowell to Sidney M. McDowell, 320 West 14th St, ¼ part, and Lawrence McDowell, St. Louis, Mo., 1-3 part, so that each of parties second shall own ½ part, Aug. 15; attorney, Oscar W. Ehrhorn, 15 William St....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Lawrence McDowell to Sidney M. McDowell, 320 West 14th St, ½ part, all title, Sept. 15; attorney, same....$1

25TH ST, 45-51 West, n e, 125 ft e of 6th Av, 100x98.9, foreclosure Nov. 20; Charles M. Russell, referee, to K. Frances Coleman, 50 West 51st St., Nov. 23; attorneys, Alexander & G., 120 Broadway....$100,000

28TH ST, 7 East, n s, 173 ft e of 5th Av, 25x178.9x37.6x157.11; 29th St, 8 East, s s, 160.6 ft e of 5th Av, 98.9x20xirreg.; 29th St, 10 East, s e, 180.6 ft e of 5th Av, runs e 20xs 98.9xw 0.6xn --x s w--xn--, to beginning; Elbridge T. Gerry to Stonewall Realty Co., 35 West 39th St., b. and s. and c. a. g., all liens, Nov. 23; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

43D ST, 309 West, n s, 125 ft w of 8th Av, 25x100.4; Eliz. Shaw to Anna M. Beeker, 145 West 80th St, q. c. and correction deed, Oct. 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

52D ST, s e, 237 ft e of 2d Av, 57x100.5; Rachel Cohn to East 2d Street Holding Co., 350 Broadway, mtg $66,000, all liens, Nov. 24; attorney, M. E. Goldberg, 350 Broadway....$100

56TH ST, 411-413 East, n e, 174 ft e of 1st Av, 40x94.7; Virginia K. White to the Rebago Corporation, 2 Rector St, mtg $36,500; attorney, Louis F. Reed, 2 Rector St....$1

64TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of West End Av, 75x 100.5; Hewitt Motor Co. to International Motor Co., 252 West 64th St, b. and s., c. a. g., Nov. 22; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

88TH ST, s s, 157 ft w of Av. A, 50x100.8; Fanny Henne to Jennie and Isabella Henne, Lynbrook, L. I., Nov. 24; attorneys, Felner & Maass, 100 Broadway....$1

88TH ST, 37 West, n s, 205 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x100.8; Felix H. Levy to Helen B. Levy, 263 West 94th St. b. and s., all liens, June 20; address 128 Broadway....Gift

106TH ST, 318 West, s s, 123 ft e of Riverside Drive, 22x100.11; Edmond F. Bonaventure to Genevieve M. Bonaventure, 318 West 106th St, mtg $17,000, b. and s., also lien of trust agreement for $10,000; attorneys, King & Wilkinson, 27 Cedar St....$1

109TH ST, n s, 132.6 ft w of 3d Av, 37.6x 100.11; Fanny Henne and Jennie and Isabella Henne, at Lynbrook, L. I., ½ part, all liens; attorneys, Felner & M., 100 Broadway....$1

109TH ST, n s, 390.11 ft e of 3d Av, 18.9x 91.8, mtg $2,500; 109th St, 237 East, n s, 180 ft w of 2d Av, 20x100.10, mtg $4,700; German Evangelical Reformed Bethany Church to Louise Pape, 3,849 Amundson Av; attorney, H. C. Goebel, 38 Park Row....$896.02

113TH ST, s s, 400 ft e of Broadway, 50x 88.8x--x113.2; Pothout Realty Co. to E. J. O'Gorman, 411 West End Av., b. and s., Nov. 23; address, 51 Chambers St....$100

116TH, 75 East, n s, 110 ft e of Madison Av, 16.8x100.11; 116th St, 77 East, n s, 126.8 ft e of Madison Av, 16.8x100.11; 116th St, 79 East, n s, 143.4 ft e of Madison Av, 16.8x100.11; Mary L. Bell, widow, to Thaddeus R., Alonzo C., and Eleanor L. Bell, Westfield, N. J., and Charles T. and Alice L. Bell, Roselle, N. J., Nov. 21, mtg $30,000; address E. A. Merrill, Westfield, N. J....$1

116TH ST, 112 West, s s, 185 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100.11; Wellworth Property Co. to Institutional Synagogue, 112 West 116th St, mtg $27,000, Sept. 28; attorney, Joseph A. Seldman, 61 Park Row....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Charles T. Bell et al. to Alonzo C. and Thaddeus R. Bell, Westfield N. J., as trustees for parties first part, mtg $30,000, all liens, Nov. 21; address same....$1

118TH ST, 119 West, n s, 265 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100.11; Mary T. Wilson and George H. Striker, heirs of G. W. Striker, to Annie I. Striker, 772 St. Nicholas Av., 2-3 parts, all title, b. and s., all liens, April 9; attorneys, Thompson, Koss & W., 256 Broadway....$1

147TH ST, 417 West, n s, 640.3 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 14.9x99.11; Isaac C. Hotaling to Christina A. Martin, 64 Branton Av., Jamaica, L. I., g. c., mtg. $11,000, all liens, Dec. 2, 1916; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Company, 59 Liberty Street....$1

Bronx.

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 225 ft s of 183d St, 37.6x102.3 to Macombs Dam Road x37.6x 101.11; Julia A. Keegan to Sarah D. O'Leary, 991 East 167th St, mtg $10,000; attorney, T. H. Kelley, 158 East 188th St....$100

BRIGGS AV, 2,876, s e s, 328.8 ft n e of 198th St, 25x125; Charles J. F. Bohlen to Jacob Jensen and 78 East 180th St. and another, mtg $7,000, Nov. 24; attorney, J. A. Steinmetz, 1,005 East 180th St....$1

BRONX PARK AV, n e corner of Lebanon St, 50x100; also Lot 83, map of L. G. Hunt Estate; New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Co. to Millbrook Co., 481 Morris Park Av, Oct. 3; attorney, Millbrook Co., 37 Lawton St., New Rochelle, N. Y....1

BRYANT AV, w s, 60 ft s of Jennings St, 20x100; Elemco Realty Co., Inc., to Dora Grubel, 837 Beck St, Nov. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

HORNADAY PLACE, 851, n s, 50x100; George J. Shapiro to Max J. Klein, 22 Mount Morris Park West, mtg $38,200, Nov. 26; attorney, Frederick Lese, 35 Nassau St....$100

LOT 72, map of Monatiquot Real Estate Co.; Bronx Board of Brokers to Leopoldo Tremonte, 219 South 7th St, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Nov. 26; attorney, Leopoldo Tremonte, 219 South 7th St, Mount Vernon, N. Y....$100

LOT 13, Block 63, map of Morris Park; Albert Negrin to Rebecca Capsuto, 1,361 5th Av, and another; attorney, J. Capsuto, 1,361 5th Av....$850

LOTS 27, 28, 33, and 34, Block 38; Lots 1, 5, and 8, Block 62; Lots 41 and 42, Block 65, map of Morris Park; Michael Leome et al to Consolidated Wafer Co., 515 Kent Av, Brooklyn, Oct. 31; attorney, I. Rosenberg, 203 Broadway....$100

MORRIS AV, 582, n e corner of 150th St, 43.5x70.3; Charles L. Hoffman, referee, to Giacomo Rieci, 297 East 151st St, Nov. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$24,350

OLD EASTCHESTER ROAD, w s, at right of way of New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Co., runs s w 390.2 x n w 10 x n e 397.10 x s w 12.7; Eastchester Syndicate Co. to New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Co., 481 Morris Park Av, May 28; attorney, New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Co., 37 Lawton St, New Rochelle, N. Y....$900

PART LOT 228, map of L. G. Hunt Estate, Millbrook Co. to New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Co., 481 Morris Park Av, July 17; attorney, N. Y., W. & B. R. Co., 37 Lawton St, New Rochelle, N. Y....1

PROSPECT AV, e s, 188.11 ft n of Westchester Av, 20x72.1x21.1x65.4; Babetta Beck to Frieda Beck and ano, 884 Prospect Av, mtg $7,500, Nov. 22; attorneys, Hirleman & V., 391 East 149th St....$100

PUBLIC HIGHWAY leading from Fordham to Yonkers, e s, at s s of lane or street, 100x200 to land of P. Cheevers; Richard B. Parsons, individually and as executor, to Earl P. Lasher, 326 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y., Nov. 5; attorney, E. P. Lasher, 326 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y....$1

SPUYTEN DUYVIL PARKWAY, s s, at n s of Independence Av., runs w 144.7x s e -- x e 114.9; Riverdale Presbyterian Church to Edgehill Church at Spuyten Duyvil, Oct. 30; attorney, J. J. McKelvey, 43 Cedar St.$1

3D AV, e s, 156.7 ft n of 170th St, 52x100; Thomas D. Malcolm Construction Co. to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Oct. 17; attorneys, Amend & A., 110 Nassau St..$1

180TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Honeywell Av, 50x133; Jacob Jensen et al to Charles J. F. Bohlen, 296 3d Av, mtg $38,000, Nov. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Jacob Jensen Co. et al to same; mtg. $38,000, Nov. 26; same attorney....$1

236TH ST, n s, 185 ft w of Katonah Av, 25x100; Peter B. Seib to Mary A. Tower, 151 West 79th St, Nov. 6; attorney, E. S. Church, 41 Park Row....$1

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

13TH ST, 646 and 648 East, all; Joseph G. Engel to Louis Lasskow, 118 East 111th St, and another, 3 years, from Feb. 1, 1917; attorney, Philip D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St....$3,900

21ST ST, 141 East, all; Albert Rathbone et al., executors, to Antonia Urban, 24 Cottage St, Jersey City, N. J., 20 years, from Oct. 1, 1917, party 2d part to alter at cost of $18,000, party 1st part to advance $10,000, Oct. 1, 1923; attorneys, Townley, F. & Chambers, 149 Broadway....$40,000

38TH ST, 107 and 109 West, all; Remainder Realty Co. to Gustav Edwards, 107 West 38th St, and another, 5 years, from Dec. 1, 1919, 5 years, renewal, at $8,000 and excess taxes over $2,383.60, and total for term $38,000; attorneys, Fitch & G., 32 Nassau St....$6,000 & $8,000

125TH ST, 135 and 137 East, stores and part of basement; Dennis G. Brussel and another, trustees, to Joseph Viold, 79 Martine Av, White Plains, N. Y., 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1917; attorneys, Fitch & G., 32 Nassau St....$5,000

Bronx.

180TH ST, 935, store, 931-941 East 180th St. Corporation to Moses Rosenman, 927 East 180th St, 13 years, from Sept. 1, 1917; attorney, Moses Rosenman, 927 East 180th St....$1,800 to $2,280

BUILDING MATERIAL.

REINFORCED PLASTERING

A firmer bond is made with "PENCO" Metal Lath due to the special slanting strand, of truss formation, that imbeds into the plaster. "PENCO" Metal Lath insures reinforced plastering—more than a mere background.

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makes for permanent, durable construction. The plastering holds tight; entirely surrounds the metal and prevents rust. All U. S. Standard gauges. Ask for "PENCO" always when you want the best Metal Lath, Metal Corner Bead, Metal Stud, Metal Ceiling, and all forms of stamped Steel No. 10 gauge or lighter, acetylene or spot welded. Prompt deliveries. Wire or phone for prices, etc. Sole distributors of HAMPTON METAL

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OWNERS!

Have you any properties that do not pay? We can exchange them for modern buildings producing good incomes and located in sections where values are increasing. Send us details of your holdings and state your desires.

BYRNE & BAUMANN,
30 EAST 42ND ST.

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LAFAYETTE ST. BARGAIN
4,650 Sq. Ft. at $10 Per Foot.
Wm. H. Whiting & Co.,
41 PARK ROW.

Fifth Avenue Corner.
Above 42d Street, an unusual investment yielding 15% net income.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 148 West 72d St.

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Pretty Brick Houses
$35—For Rent—$35

Seven rooms. Beautifully decorated, all ready to occupy; New Subway, Brooklyn. B. Silshy, 217 B'way, New York; Barclay 4585.

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Water Front Manufact'g Shipping Storage

185 feet on East River, deep water. 690 feet upland, extending along 2 streets. Dock, trestled-track, large brick factory, sheds, etc. 200 H. P. engine and boiler. Long Island City, near Queensboro Bridge. Price and terms attractive. Possession immediately.

Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co.
14 Wall St., New York.

Forest Hills Gardens

"A Forward Movement in Suburban Development."
15 minutes from Penn. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots for Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 West 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.
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MOVE RIGHT IN

and own your own home; 30 minutes via electric trains New York or Brooklyn; house has all modern improvements, heat, etc.; ground enough for poultry and vegetables; near stores, schools; can be bought for less than city rent; $150 cash, balance $18 per month. LANE, Box 275 Times Downtown.

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SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES.
INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
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A COZY HOME

For rent or sale; all-year-round residence; steam heat, open grates, electricity and gas; heated garage; large grounds; 30 minutes from Grand Central; near transportations; restricted colony; special rental for Winter months. Apply to owner, H. E. Wilson, Hotel St. George, Brooklyn.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Rent at Kew Gardens

Beautiful house, twelve large, newly decorated rooms; hot-water heat, electricity and gas; large garage; half acre of ground, with garden, trees, flowers and shrubs. One of the most attractive homes in all suburban New York; 15 minutes from New York. Rent $2,000. Immediate possession. Coal supply in the bins. B. J. Beardsley, owner, 1 Main St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Main 7303.

HUNTINGTON LOTS
$30 Best location, home or investment; high and dry; near harbor, trolley and town; school, stores, churches.
$2 DOWN. $1 MONTHLY.
Call or write for free R. R. Tickets.
B. SEYMAN, 106 Flatbush Ave., B'klyn.

FINE CHICKEN FARM

Owner must sell dandy farm, consisting of good 6-room house and large grounds; also chicken coops, incubator, chicken-run fenced in; beautiful large shade trees. Located in Huntington, near station and town; short distance to harbor. Will dispose of to a reliable family on easy terms. Further particulars to ABERG, Box 286 Times Downtown.

NEW BUNGALOW at Laurelton, L. I., 5 rooms and bath, charmingly arranged, plenty of land; easy commuting distance; close to stores, school, etc. $4900, very easy terms. Laurelton Development Co., Suite 509, No. 1 West 34th Street, N. Y. C. Phones, Greeley 2741; on property, Springfield 1984-R.

FINE SMALL FARM.

House and ½ acre good farming land; just the place for small family to raise chickens and vegetables; in large town, near depot and trolley; will make price right to party wanting this place on terms of $100 cash and $12 monthly. Small Farm, box 289 Times Downtown.

DISTINCTIVE HOME.

Built to order; owner moved to California; a sacrifice for a fine semi-bungalow, 7 rooms and bath; all up-to-date improvements; fully decorated; restricted; 30 minutes out; near express station; a wonderful bargain for $5,900. M. B., 200 Broadway, New York, Room 506.

Stucco House—$20 Monthly

Buys it, everything new, 6 rooms, handsome bath, open fireplace, hardwood floors, decorations in ivory, electric lights, steam heat, fine plot, hedge, lawn, flowers; easy commuting, owner must sell at once, sacrifice for $3,500, $350 cash needed, title guaranteed. M. H., 47 West 34th St., Room 424.

TO-DAY

"Needs Must When the Devil Drives."

By a decree of the Supreme Court

We must sell 234 lots

without reservation or protection,

If we have to give them away

On BROADWAY, 230th-231st Streets, and vicinity.

Go down to the auction sale and pick up a few lots

For whatever you choose to pay.

At 14 Vesey Street, at 12 o'clock.

70% can Remain on Mortgage.

Titles Insured Free by N. Y. Title & Mortgage Co.

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Joseph P. Day, 31 Nassau Street
J. Clarence Davies, 149th St. & 3rd Ave.
Agents and Auctioneers Appointed by the Referee.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IDEAL SEMI-BUNGALOW

overlooking the ocean; 6 rooms and all modern improvements; steam heat, etc.; large garden plot; select neighborhood; 3 minutes' walk to bathing beach; 40 minutes out; will sell cheap to responsible party for $300 cash, balance very easy terms. B. BUNGALOW, 243 West 84th St., N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MOUNTAIN SIDE HOUSE,
2 MACHINE GARAGE.
Plot 150 ft. x 190 ft., on corner.
ALL FOR $11,000.

Wonderfully situated 800 ft. elevation in most alluring real country, near N. Y. C., Morristown-Montclair section. Unsurpassed commutation on D., L. & W. Thirteen big rooms, three tiled baths, tiled washroom; arrangement includes solarium, open balcony, pool and billiard room, immense stone cellar, fine veranda, steam heat, parquet floors, electric light, open fireplace, panelled walls and hardwood trim first floor, white enameled trim with mahogany doors second floor, chestnut third floor; beautifully decorated inside and out; overlooks picturesque lake and wooded mountains, vistas for 20 miles; near markets, schools, churches and golf and country club. This property is worth $17,000 today and can be bought for $11,000, on easy terms. There is a reason. Tel. 6634 Audubon. Geo. R. Peare, 640 Riverside Drive, N. Y. City.

Your Own Home and Garage.

Will sacrifice; $3,000 on easy terms, almost like rent, buys it; balance of $5,500 can remain on mortgage; has ten large rooms, kitchen, pantry, laundry, sleeping porch, tiled bath, steam heat, parquet floors, running water, every convenience; beautifully situated on plot 100x180 feet; fine garden, shrubs and flowers in profusion; within stone's throw of pretty lake stocked with fish; select, congenial neighbors; good markets; schools and churches near by. This is a chance of a lifetime to obtain a home and garage at a traction of real worth; could not be duplicated at less than $11,000; ideal commutation to N. Y. City. Address OWNER, Box 410 Times Downtown.

IDEAL HOME WITH GARAGE

Price, $5,500. Cash Required, $500.

House has seven large, airy rooms, cozy inglenook, with open fireplace; tiled floor; sanitary gas kitchen; handsomely finished living room, beamed ceiling; dining room; spacious piazza; plenty of closet room; tiled bath; steam heat; convenient to schools, clubs, churches; good transportation; 35 minutes out; large plot; all conveniences; owing to business changes must sell; this house was built by day's work by owner for his own occupancy and no expense was spared. Full particulars. G. A. Roff, Room 518, 47 West 34th St., N. Y.

N. Y. Private Dwelling Wanted

between 70th and 90th Sts., Columbus and Amsterdam Av., in EXCHANGE for delightful, nearby suburban home, 12 rooms, 2 baths; garage; large, well-shaded plot. S. S. WALSTRUM, 120 B'way, Rector 7718.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LOFTS TO LET
From Feb. 1st
72-74 MADISON AVE.,
near 28th St.
50x100; 3 Elevators; Sprinkler.
Apply on Premises or Your Broker.

45 EAST 34TH ST.
Store Floor, 25x75. Suitable for showrooms, offices or retail business.
Studio Apmt. top floor Studio, also third floor living Apartment.
WM. H. WHITING & CO.,
41 Park Row. Tel. 5900 Cort.

LOFTS FLOORS OFFICES BASEMENTS COLUMBUS CIRCLE
1845-1847 BROADWAY, NEAR 60TH ST.
Elevators, steam heat, hot water, etc.; moderate rent.
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SMALL FURNISHED OFFICES
with Service
for New York Agencies of Responsible Out-of-Town Concerns.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
51 E. 42D ST.

LOFTS
Modern, Light, Low Rent.
12-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING.
106 EAST 19TH ST.,
Adjoining Fourth Ave.

TO SUB-LET
Desirable Connecting Offices
SEPARATELY OR TOGETHER.
Brunswick Building, 5th Av., 26th St.
Sacrifice to party taking possession immediately; Room 1015. Phone Mad. Sq. 784.

133 WEST 72D STREET,
MODERN BUILDING FOR
PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS
One large double suite
INQUIRE SUPERINTENDENT

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

61 and 118 West 48th St.
ALSO 429 4TH AVENUE.
BACHELOR apartments, two rooms and bath; meals and service if desired. $30 up. Apply to housekeeper on premises, or
PAUL A. McGOLRICK,
1,476 Broadway. Tel. Bryant 7835.

CHOICE APARTMENT
9 ROOMS & BATH
LOW RENTAL
265 WEST 81ST ST.
NEAR WEST END AV.

Adjoining Black, Starr & Frost

6 AND 8 WEST 48TH ST.
LOFTS
For HIGH GRADE MANUFACTURING
It will pay you to inspect these lofts. The modern arrangements, the service, the location—all will greatly please you.
For further particulars apply
BRETT & GOODE COMPANY
Telephone Greeley 5750
MODERATE RENTALS

1 West 67th St.
At the Hotel Des Artistes. The first building to combine privacy of home with conveniences of hotel.

STUDIO Duplex Apartments, 2 to 6 rooms and bath, with large north lights for artists, and similar apartments facing south for non-professionals. Unfurnished only. Rents from $1,600 to $3,000.

Ball Room, Exhibition Room, Swimming Pool, Squash Courts and Roof Playground for children.

MEALS served from restaurant in apartments without charge for service. Raw materials converted into food by best chefs obtainable and brought to apartments by specially constructed electric dumbwaiters without charge for cooking. Refrigeration free.

The famous Gustave Becker, chief chef Hotel Blackstone, Chicago, conducts restaurants.

Apply on premises. Telephone * Columbus 4204.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

A FEW REMAINING SUITES of
2-3-4 & 6 Rooms 1 & 3 Baths
New 13-Story Fireproof
Colonial Parkway Apartments
409 Edgecombe Ave., nr. 155th St.
Convenient to "L" Station
SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents
162 WEST 72D.
Representative on premises.

OWING TO WAR CONDITIONS preventing the fulfillment of orders placed several months ago for Furniture and Room Furnishings
WE WILL RENT UNFURNISHED
Apartments of one and two rooms with bath and three rooms with 2 baths
FOR TEN MONTHS AT
A GREAT CONCESSION
from regular rates for these particular suites.
HOTEL ALEXANDRIA
JUST OPENED
250 WEST 103D STREET,
Between Broadway and West End Ave.
Subway Express Station at Corner.

THE CAMBRIA
347-355 WEST 85TH ST.
1 & 2 Rooms, Bath
AND KITCHENETTE
West of Broadway—Strictly Fireproof.
At Very Attractive Rentals.
PHONE 8466—COLUMBUS.

150 WEST 79 ST.
9 Rooms—3 Baths $2,800
EDGAR A. LEVY LEASING CO.
505 Fifth Avenue
Phone Murray Hill 6960

14th St., 335 West
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4-5-6 ROOMS
Extra large, especially well arranged; abundant closet space; beautifully decorated; conveniently located.
RENTS $33 UP.

HIGHLAND COURT
600 WEST 192ND STREET
at St. Nicholas Ave. Subway station.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS—5 ROOMS.
REDUCED RENTS.

WILBRAHAM, N. W. Corner 5th Ave., at 30th St.—Choice Apartments, two rooms and bath each; rent $65.00 and $70.00 per month, including maid's services. Superintendent on premises or FRED'K FOX & CO., 14 West 40th St., Vanderbilt 540.

6 ROOMS
565 West 148th Street,
Corner Broadway.
All outside rooms, facing south.
View of river.
W. D. Morgan, Agent, 3573 B'way (147th).

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

JUST COMPLETED
370 Central Park West
The Apartment House Unique.
S. W. Corner of 97th Street.
An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness.
Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.
Suites of 3 to 7 Rooms,
Rentals $700 to $1,800.
Special 5-Room Suites, with Huge Living Room and Open Fireplace.
For booklet, floor plan, etc.,
See Renting Agent on premises, or
FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORP.
290 Madison Ave., corner 41st St.
'Phone Vanderbilt 3227.

Corner Apartments
HARTLEY HALL
485 Central Park West, cor. 109th St.
5th Floor, 8 Rooms. $1,200.00.
Every room facing Central Park or Street.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

815 PARK AVE.
S. E. CORNER 75TH ST.
New Magnificent 14-Story Structure
EXQUISITE APARTMENT DWELLINGS OF
6-7-8 ROOMS
3 BATHS, RENTS $2500 TO $3800
1 3 & 4 Rooms On Main Floor. $750-$1,350-$1,800
Agent on Premises. Phone Rhinelander 499

993 PARK AVE. AT 84TH STREET.
Apartment, 10 rooms, 3 baths, third floor; south and west exposure. Unfurnished, $3,900. Apply Superintendent, or telephone Lenox 9778.

QUEENS.

JACKSON HEIGHTS
GARDEN APARTMENTS
THE MAXIMUM OF SUNLIGHT AND AIR AND A BEAUTIFUL OUTLOOK FROM EVERY WINDOW.
3 & 4
LARGE ROOMS & BATH,
$34 to $50
TAKE THE SUBWAY and transfer at Grand Central Station to Queensboro Subway, direct to 25th St. Station. (Free Transfers.) Time 20 Min.
Booklet, etc., on request.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
Renting Office at Jackson Heights. Opposite 25th St. Subway Station.
Telephone Newtown 708.

NEW JERSEY.

South Orange New steam heat apart's. Most beautiful, convenient location; living room 11¼x23; dining room 13x15; large bedrooms; appointments such as found only in high-grade homes; rent $72.50 to $83.33; possession at once. Raymond Connelly Co., So. Orange, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

NOW OPEN—THE NEW
Parkside Hotel
31 West 71st Street
New York's Finest Residential Section
Just off Central Park West. Near all transit lines. Building absolutely fireproof, with every modern feature. Appointments and service of the highest character.
1, 2, 3, and 4 Rooms, With Baths and Showers
Very attractive suites, furnished or unfurnished. Unexcelled light and air. Unobstructed view.
$40 up a month per room, unfurnished.
$45 up a month per room, furnished.
Exceptional Doctor's Apartment
2 rooms & bath—First Floor.
Superior Restaurant.
Tel. Col. 9780. Wm. R. Fletcher, Mgr.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

14-ROOM, RICHLY FURNISHED, MODERN PRIVATE HOUSE. Facing park, west side; electricity, heat, latest improvements; refined surroundings; home of substantial business man leaving town; $250 monthly. For further particulars write X 317 Times Annex.

322 WEST 71ST STREET. Modern 3-story dwelling, 10 rooms and 3 baths, electricity, hardwood floors, white enamel woodwork; handsomely furnished; rent $2,000 for season. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

Westchester.

For rent, furnished, at Colonial Heights, attractive, 7-room cottage, with all improvements; near station; price reasonable. Charles Blauvelt, Room 4607, Woolworth Building.

New Jersey.

Furnished six-room modern house for rent; steam heat, electric lights, gas, and bath; $30 per month. Mrs. Garner, 60 Donaldson Av., Rutherford, N. J.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Manhattan.

73D ST., EAST.—Park Av.; beautiful house, extra large rooms. Phone Schuyler 2989.

Long Island.

NEW BUNGALOW at Laurelton, L. I., 5 rooms and bath, charmingly arranged; plenty of land; easy commuting distance; close to stores, schools, &c.; $4,900; very easy terms. Laurelton Development Co., Suite 509, No. 1 West 34th St., New York. Phones, Greeley 2741; on property, Springfield 1084R.

$17 monthly and small amount down for a handsome cottage with all modern improvements; nice location, near trolley, stores, &c.; easy to commute; will decorate to suit. Write or call to B. Owner, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

$100 cash buys six-room house and large plot of good garden soil; suitable location for poultry; near big town, one hour from city; balance can be paid off $12 per month. Poultry, Box 285 Times Downtown.

New Jersey.

Montclair.—$7,500 to close estate; new residence; large living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, sun porch, sleeping porch; excellent location. Murdoch, opp. Lackawanna, Montclair.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Brooklyn.

SEMI-DETACHED brick, seven-room house, three minutes to subway station, thirty minutes to Union Square; on parked street; every modern improvement; inclosed porch with hardwood floor; parquet floor throughout; tiled bathroom, with shower; modern plumbing; Dutch shelves and beamed ceiling in dining room; light, dry cellar, with laundry and storerooms; fully equipped dark room for amateur photographer; solarium; screens, awnings, and storm windows; electric lights, steam; price $6,500; $1,200 cash, balance as rent. Sea Beach subway at Union Square to Twentieth Av. station, 1,930 65th St.

Queens.

$1,100 for cozy house and garden plot, good location, ½ block from trolley; $100 down and $10 monthly. Write for further particulars. Fox, Box 270 Times Downtown.

New York State.

Riverview Manor, Hastings-on-Hudson. — 7 rooms, English cottage type house, on beautifully planted corner plot; full view of Hudson River; modern improvements, hot water, heat, electric light; convenient to station; home of professional man leaving for military service; for sale or lease, unfurnished for four, ten, or sixteen months; for further particulars phone Hastings 791, or write Y 219 Times Annex.

New Jersey.

Dainty, year-round, 6-room home; 18 minutes by train; fine service; house is newly and tastily decorated; select locality; high land; fine lawn; a few hundred cash takes it; price $4,500; very easy terms. Trustee, Post Office Box 529, New York City.

FOR SALE, 6-room house, all conveniences, forty-five minutes from New York, fifteen from Newark; two railroads, ten minutes to station. Y 220 Times Annex.

Up-to-date six-room house; best location to Rutherford; with or without large plot of land; cheap. W. H., Tel. 2750 Chelsea.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Five light floors in loft building, (will rent one or all,) size 25x90; elevator; suitable for woodworking, brass finishers, metal-workers, &c.; rent reasonable; Fulton St., near Church. Apply Wolins & Bull, Inc., 45 John St.

TO LEASE.—Garage, 235 West 69th St., accommodating 17 to 20 cars; hot water supply, steam heat, and gasoline tank in building.

Store, 28 East 33d St., near Madison Av.; large display window; steam heat, hot water.
WILLIAM F. FUERST, INC.,
Agent, 87 Nassau St.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES. —Every facility, $16.50 and $40.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway, Room 801.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE.— Large and small, uptown and downtown; most prominent buildings. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 115 Broadway. Phone 5664 Rector.

For rent, two fireproof lofts, building 50x 100, choice location, Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, N. Y. City.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, brokers' store, 25x50; $65. Mr. Ashley, Rector 9040.

DOCTOR OR DENTIST.
Desirable parlor floor. 58 West 54th St.

Office space and desk room to rent. Apply B. S. Co., 233 5th Av.

Desk room or part of light office. Room 1602, 31 Union Square.

Store, parlor floor; also skylight studios. 5 West 16th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted to buy or lease, a fully equipped woodworking plant by maker of wooden toys; state location; give list of equipment and all particulars in first letter. J 73 Times.

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

REAL FARM FOR SALE CHEAP.
Near Huntington, 60 acres land, good soil, suitable potatoes, cabbage, pickles, hogs, chickens; lots fruit; good out buildings; price $12,000; terms; cheapest farm Huntington township; fine opportunity for farm. Daniel Gerard, 1,270 Broadway, (33d,) N. Y.

FARM AND COUNTRY HOME.
8 acres, fenced, 7-room house, bath, heater, driven well, barns, chicken house, near Northport Station, $5,500; owner will rent $30 monthly with option.
Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, L. I.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

NORTH CAROLINA ESTATE—FOR SALE.

Fine estate, "Lakewood," 6 miles from Fayetteville, N. C., containing 100 acre lake well stocked with bass. On good road leading to Over Hills resort. Good buildings. Railroad flag station on property. 1,275 acres at $20 if taken within 30 days. Good soil and will grow cotton, tobacco, &c. A bargain at this price. L. J. Duffy, Greensboro, N. C.

For sale, stock farm, part fenced; well located. Box 32, Durham, N. C.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Second mortgage of $15,000, on which there is still due $9,000, 5 per cent., payable $3,000 March, 1918, $3,000 September, 1918, $3,000 March, 1919; bond rated $100,000; first mortgage held by insurance company, due in 2½ years; for sale at discount. A. L. C., W 280 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan Beach lots, swept by ocean breezes, with all improvements in and paid for, can be bought now at $850 each; this is a war-time price. Joseph P. Day, sales agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For sale or rent.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOU are looking for a small country home, with 2 full acres of fine farm land, located not far from railroad town and beautiful lake, complete for $1,325, on easy terms, call or write at once to B. STORE, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

$75 cash buys small old house needing a few repairs and farming plot; $10 monthly; full price $1,400; make fine year-round home; write to Barshad, box 219 Times Downtown.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

A REAL HOME.—Bargain, very large plot, 9,500 square feet; beautiful shade trees, wonderful lawns; seven large rooms; every convenience; newly and beautifully decorated; parquet floors and hardwood trim; restricted neighborhood; improved street, sewer, water, gas, electricity, stores, school, church, golf, tennis; 3 min. to station; 30 min. to N. Y.; 40 trains daily; price $5,800, small amount of cash, balance to suit. Call, write, or telephone owner, M. D. Ayers, 146 West 36th St. Phone Greeley 4535.

TELEPHONE ME NOW—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 90 Maiden Lane, John 5047.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

INDUSTRIAL SITES WITH RAILROAD FACILITIES in best part of Philadelphia; good labor market and easy hauling to all parts of the city. MAURAN, DOLMAN & CO., northeast corner Broad and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., (Shopping Centre.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, maid service; immense living room, dining room, kitchen, two bedrooms, bath; six months, $273 monthly. Phone Madison Square 7894. J 144 Times.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH ST., off 5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished apartment; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; all conveniences. Phone 5780 Vanderbilt. Kahn & McCormick, Aeolian Hall.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Magnificently furnished two rooms, bath; every convenience. Murray Hill 9281. Merritt.

57TH, 24 EAST.—Bachelor apartment; two well furnished large rooms and bath.

60TH, 18 EAST.—Exclusive, well-appointed two-room apartment; telephone; elevator; maid; meal service. Apt. 1d. Redmond.

61ST ST., 75, Corner Park Av.—Seven sunny rooms, elegantly furnished; service unexcelled.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED. Choice localities; long, short leases. 4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side. CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1486.

APARTMENT, furnished, 3 rooms, kitchen, bath, Washington Square district. Phone for appointment, 10-5, Murray Hill 1244.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

Attractive APARTMENTS, furnished. Murray Hill 4383. THE FALCO, 505 5th Av.

Gramercy District.—Charming 8-room apartment, furnished, antique mahogany, wicker, chintz; steam heat, 4 open fireplaces, fine library, 21-foot living and dining rooms, 3 master bedrooms; fine French cook remains. Phone 4426 Stuyvesant for appointment.

HANDSOME 6-room apartment, Murray Hill district; moderate. Apply 144 East 40th St.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST.
Sublet handsomely furnished 2 or 3 room corner apartment. Also single room.

TO SUBLET—Small furnished apartment; very attractive. THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

60S, (Near Park.)—Attractively furnished ten rooms, 3 baths, sunshine, open fires; rent, $450; references exchanged. Plaza 1422.

Furnished—West Side.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.) — Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths, single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets, refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

42D, 253 WEST.—Beautifully furnished bachelor apt., two rooms and bath, centrally located; $75; elevator and maid service. Long.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just off Broadway.)— New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6165.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Completely furnished bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80-$100; service. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.

47 WEST 49TH STREET.
Two and one-room suites; private baths; also single rooms; well furnished; electricity, elevator.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; handsomely furnished. Dwyer.

54TH ST., 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsomely furnished apartments, 1 and 3 rooms and bath and 2 rooms with 2 baths; sunny rooms; steam heat.

56TH, 252 WEST.—Two elegant rooms; all improvements; bath; kitchen. See Superintendent.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Seven sunny outside rooms; all Colonial furniture. Columbus 1377.

58TH, 30 WEST.—Living room, bedroom and bath; maid service, breakfast. Phone Plaza 6358.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (the New West End.)— Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $55 to $90, completely furnished; satisfactory references necessary; open evenings.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Apartments, furnished; entire floor, 2 and 3 connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity; $125 and $185.

69TH ST., 19 WEST, Overlooking Central Park.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath; maid service; restaurant; finest in the city. Mrs. Deane, on premises.

70TH, 10 WEST.—Three elegantly furnished rooms, suitable for physician, also others; single or en suite.

72D, 42 WEST.—Two of the most delightfully furnished small apartments in New York; two rooms, with tiled baths; new building; 7 windows in each suite; moderate priced restaurant, with service in apartments; overlooking Central Park; convenient to subway express, elevated, and surface; $85-$100 monthly; leases only.

73D, 131 WEST.—Large and small rooms; beautifully furnished; running water.

74TH, 108 WEST.—Suite, one, two rooms, also studio; private baths; $55, $150.

85TH, 101 WEST.—Attractive, high-class elevator apartment, 8 exceptionally large rooms; piano; completely furnished; $150. Schuyler 4774. Lisner.

86TH ST., 302 WEST.—Circumstances occurring which leave me quite alone, I wish to sublet my apartment of four large, sunny rooms, either furnished or unfurnished. Inquire Superintendent or phone Morningside 5138. Apt. 62.

89TH, 215 WEST.—Two handsome front rooms, bath, kitchenette, in high-class building; Apt. 1B; $110 monthly. Columbus 3957.

97TH, (759 West End Av.)—High-class front room and kitchen; southern exposure; immediate possession; $55. Phone 5846 Riverside.

97TH, (West End Av.)—High-class two rooms bath, and kitchen. River. 5846.

98TH ST., (385 Central Park West.)—Apartment, well furnished, eight rooms, two baths, to rent at once. White.

112TH, 535 WEST, Hotel Royal, (near Broadway.)—3-room suite and single rooms, with private baths; references required.

115TH, 606 WEST.—Seven large, light rooms, elevator; immediate possession. Jacobs.

116TH ST., Near Riverside Drive.—7-room apartment, well furnished, light and airy; possession Jan. 1 or earlier; lease runs to Oct. 1; seen by appointment only. Address G 10 Times.

145TH, 356 WEST, Apt. 3 W.—Ideal corner apartment, seven rooms; share with couple or lease to adult; references exchanged.

146TH, 604 WEST.—Five rooms; view of Hudson every window; till October; $50; to be seen afternoons. Sage.

160TH ST., (corner Edgecombe Av.)—To sublet, apartment, 4 large, sunny, outside rooms, 10th floor, Roger Morris elevator apartment; near subway, "L," 5th Av. bus.

APARTMENT Hunting Unnecessary; consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 164 West 73d. Col. 836.

TENANT WAS OBTAINED PROMPTLY

The New York Times:

I find it will not be necessary to repeat my advertisement in next Sunday's edition of The New York Times. I have just obtained a most satisfactory tenant for my room in response to the first advertisement.

HELEN GREEN,
The Majestic,
106 W. 13th St., New York.

If you have a room to rent, advertise it in

THE NEW YORK TIMES

Telephone Bryant 1000.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts. THE WILSONIA, 225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway. Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $65-$75 monthly; 3 rooms, 2 baths, and kitchenette, $85 monthly; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

ATTRACTIVE corner 7-room apartment, modern fireproof building on Riverside Drive. Rent, $275. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d St. Col. 1077.

ATTRACTIVE 2-room suite, every convenience; southern exposure; new apartment. Circle 273.

BEVERWYCK, 39 WEST 27TH ST. TWO AND THREE ROOM APARTMENTS.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—just opened—250 West 193d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. VAN WINKLE, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS A SPECIALTY. Town-Country Renting Agency, 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5563.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to rent, very reasonable; season or longer. Apply SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

HIGH-CLASS apartments. Consult Katharine Martin, 249 West 73th St. Schuyler 8522.

MANHATTAN AV., 320, (Cor. 114th St.)—Attractively furnished seven-room corner apartment, overlooking Morningside Park; rent, $100 per month.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.)—Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 3 rooms facing drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440. HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SIX ROOMS, OVERLOOKING HUDSON; $175 MONTHLY; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. APT. 103.

RIVERSIDE, (341 West 77th.)—Room, adjoining bath; also teacher's or doctor's studio.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

TWO [illegible]TRACTIVE 6 ROOM HOUSE[illegible]EPING APARTMENTS WITH HOTEL CONVENIENCES. Completely furnished. Hotel and maid service if desired. $150 PER MONTH FOR WINTER SEASON. Southern exposure. References required. 204 WEST 55TH STREET. (Hotel Woodward Annex.) Telephone 2000 Circle.

WEST END AV., 611.—Large, well-furnished front room; dressing room; electric light; references; breakfast optional.

Unfurnished—East Side.

PARK AV., 446, (just off 57th.)—Small apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; can be leased for one year or longer at $1,000 per year. Apply premises or Plaza 6143.

Unfurnished—West Side.

12TH, 51 WEST.—Studio, north and skylight, dressing room, bath; $60. Duross.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 3106.

70TH ST., 236 WEST.—TO SUBLET, A FINE, FIVE-ROOM APARTMENT IN A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE; ELEVATOR; BEST SERVICE.

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2028.

82D ST., 41 WEST.—Sublet 6-room and 2 baths; new fireproof building; southern exposure. Apply on premises.

[illegible]TH, 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms with kitchenette and bath.

83RD ST. AND CENTRAL PARK WEST, "THE TURIN." EIGHT-ROOM CORNER APARTMENT. LEWIS B. PRESTON, INC., 165 Broadway.

110TH, 225 WEST—DAWSON ARMS. High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms; facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

111TH, 518 WEST—TRINITY COURT. High-class elevator apartment, 7 rooms; parquet flooring throughout; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

138TH, 501 WEST.—Sublet beautiful apartment, six rooms, maid's room, and bath; elevator; one block from subway; opposite City College; leaving city, will sacrifice for $47.50. Call Sunday, third floor.

CENTRAL PARK SOUTH, 230.—Duplex apartment, 9 rooms, 2 baths; electric lights, steam heat, fireplaces; just completely renovated; very large living room; north light; suitable for studio. Can be seen Tuesday and Wednesday between 10:30 and 1, or by appointment. Telephone Columbus 4377.

CORNER APARTMENT, 9 ROOMS, also 8-room apartment, to sublet; modern, refined, high class; elevator. WESTWOOD COURT, 435 Fort Washington Av., West 179th and 180th Sts. Apply on premises. Phone St. Nicholas 9843.

HIGH CLASS. Elevator apartment, 5, 6, 8 rooms, rent reasonable. 41 Convent Av., office.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 37, Near 118th, (Facing Park.)—Five rooms, all improvements, $32.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745, (152d.)—Seven outside rooms, sublet; exceptionally large chambers; $100.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

STEAM HEAT GUARANTEED. 5 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, $65. 40 MORNINGSIDE AV., N. E. Cor. West 116th St., Facing Park. HENRY C. COLEMAN.

126 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NEAR 85TH ST.—Only 1 nine-room apartment left; light; choice location.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Business couple want modern furnished housekeeping apartment, 4 or 5 rooms, within 45 minutes from Wall St.; best of care; assured price $75 monthly. Y 228 Times Annex.

RESPONSIBLE couple desire small apartment, nicely furnished, absolute care taken, owner's home preferred; reasonable. Mohen. Phone Morningside 8450.

Furnished three or four-room housekeeping apartment; Winter or longer; select neighborhood; below 100th St.; references exchanged. S 94 Times.

COUPLE wants handsomely furnished apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths, below 90th; $225, 7 months lease, or $200 to Oct. 1. Telephone particulars Vanderbilt 1453.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT, large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

FOUR or five rooms, for family of three adults; give location, price and telephone number. Room 1656, Hotel McAlpin.

REFINED married couple desire furnished 2 rooms, kitchen, bath; Dec. 1 to May; $40 to $50; describe; immediate. G 9 Times.

I CAN RENT your apartment furnished. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; all improvements; convenient; gentlemen; references; private residence.

21ST, 143 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished rooms; private bath, steam heat, electric light; board optional; references.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service, $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

30TH, 39 EAST; 31ST, 114 EAST.—All newly furnished; private baths; electricity.

34TH, 120 EAST.—Attractive room in elevator apartment; business woman preferred. Apt. 9.

34TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant room; electricity; bath; $8.

46TH, 16 EAST.—Sunny room, running water; single room; breakfast optional; references.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

56TH ST., 83 EAST.—Beautiful large room for gentlemen only; respectable French family.

61ST, 27 EAST.—Suite of rooms, bath, suitable for one or two gentlemen.

62D, 24 EAST.—Room and bath for bachelor in fine, private residence; $49 monthly.

65TH, 122 EAST.—Large room above parlor in own modern private house, furnished or unfurnished. Lenox 8156.

GRAMERCY PARK, 42.—$5-$6.50; running water, $7-$8; private bath, $8.50.

IRVING PLACE, 14—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; musical studios rented by day or hour.

MADISON AV., 174, (33D.)—Vanderbilt Studios; furnished and unfurnished; $25 up. Murray Hill 9286.

West Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Private family; comfortably furnished, warm, single room in large, quiet apartment; breakfast; references. Boyd.

9TH, 30 WEST.—Large, small rooms; 2 connecting rooms; newly furnished; decorated.

16TH ST., 51 WEST.—Rooms; suite with bath. Tea room. Chelsea 2234.

23D, 258 WEST.—Single room; $3.50; steam heat; running water; gentlemen.

40TH, 6[illegible] WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

50TH, 79 WEST.—Large, sunny, front rooms, bath, connecting; electricity; references.

51ST, 63 WEST.—Attractive, well kept, quiet room, bath adjoining; high-class house.

54TH, 53 WEST.—Comfortable rooms adjoining bath; running water, electricity, telephone; references.

57TH ST., 349 WEST.—Large and small rooms, also parlor, unfurnished.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Two comfortable single rooms; gentlemen; all conveniences; references; private home.

65TH, 63 WEST.—Large and small beautifully furnished; private house; gentlemen. Columbus 8749.

68TH, 105 WEST.—Two or three gentlemen; living room, bedrooms, bath, every convenience, private entrance; one flight. Columbus 8218.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Just opened; everything brand new; furnished rooms, single or en suite; electricity; refined surroundings; investigate.

69TH, 143 WEST, (Broadway.)—Medium, sunny room, charming apartment, exclusive neighborhood; references. Rouza.

69TH ST., 68 WEST.—Exceptionally handsome large room; all conveniences; private telephone; refined home.

70TH, 145 WEST.—Cheerful large room, running water, private bath, electricity; exclusive home; gentlemen; references; phone apartment 6776 Columbus.

70TH, 219 WEST.—Front double room; electric lights and telephone service; adjoining bath; can be arranged for studio if required; $10. Phone Columbus 2721.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen, business couple.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive suite, private bath, or will divided for gentlemen.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable two, three bachelors; private bath; select residence.

71ST, 118 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large, front room; electricity, steam; for two.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

302 WEST 72D ST. Attractive front room; electricity; private family.

[illegible], 118 WEST.—Large and single rooms; running water; southern exposure; "L," subway.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room; private bath; telephone; southern exposure.

112 WEST 73D ST. Desirable rooms; near subway, elevated; references.

74TH ST., 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS. PRIVATE BATH, ELECTRICITY, STEAM HEAT; BREAKFAST; REFERENCES.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms; exclusive house; heat; southern exposure; electricity; subway; references.

74TH, 104 WEST.—Two elegantly furnished front rooms; also smaller; all conveniences.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with breakfast.

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, electricity; $10-$12.

75TH, 126 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; electricity; newly furnished. 8265 Columbus.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable single, also large heated rooms, electricity, parquetry, $4.50 up.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, with dressing rooms; also small rooms; reasonable.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive, large room; hot and cold running water; exclusive house.

75TH ST., West End Av.—Northeast corner; suite with bath; large sunny rooms with or without baths; reasonable.

75TH, (322 West End Av.)—Large, comfortably furnished connecting rooms; modern conveniences; reasonable.

75TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; all conveniences.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, private baths; twin beds; also single rooms.

77TH, 113 WEST.—Elegant parlor suite; also large and small rooms; adjoining and private baths; electricity; phone; subway, "L"; reasonable; private house.

77TH ST., 313 WEST.—Lady with refined home will sublet as studio large front parlor; southern exposure; electricity.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, sunny, warm rooms; running water; excellent cuisine optional; references.

77TH, 314 WEST.—Large room, private bath, electricity, single room; near subway; reference.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house, two large rooms, connecting bath; single, en suite.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms, with or without bath; electricity; phone; references.

78TH, 208 WEST.—Attractive, large front room, dressing room attached; electricity; near subway.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large front parlor, twin beds, private bath, lavatory, steam, electricity.

78TH, 169 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

80TH, 182 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, also single; steam heat, electricity; $4.50-$10.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; private baths, steam heat, electricity; $4.50, $12.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished, sunny rooms; all conveniences; reference.

80TH, 136 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, second-floor room; southern exposure; reference.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptional room; private, modern home, facing Park; steam heat, electricity; $12; breakfast; subway, "L." Schuyler 7332.

81ST ST., 155 WEST.—Immaculate, sunny, large, warm rooms; private bath, lavatory; electricity, continuous hot water; $8 upward. Schuyler 2982.

81ST, 110 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large, medium; private baths; electricity; $6.50, $10, $12.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large, small, well furnished rooms; electricity, private bath; reference.

82D, 13 WEST.—Beautiful large and smaller rooms; electricity; parquet floors; board optional; moderate. Schuyler 3955.

82D, 33 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated bedrooms, bath; references.

82D, 24 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, suites; private bath; electricity; refined house; references.

84TH, 33 WEST.—Large, comfortable room adjoining bath; also small rooms; refined surroundings.

85TH, 136 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front room; electricity, telephone; all conveniences.

85TH, 200 WEST.—Parlor suite, on corner, one flight up; reasonable. Collins, Apt. 5, telephone 3940 Schuyler.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

85TH, 30 WEST.—Parlor, suite, suitable physician; electricity, well heated; other rooms.

85TH, 203 WEST.—Large, bright, furnished rooms, single or en suite. Hume.

86TH, 337 WEST.—Elegant, large room, second floor; private bath; near Drive; references.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Exclusive house; exceptionally beautiful room; twin beds; southern exposure.

87TH, 340 WEST.—Newly renovated residence; exceptional second floor, private bath; large single, good-sized back room; southern exposure; also 203 West 78th St.

87TH, 307 WEST.—Private house; large back parlor, bath, kitchenette; couple, bachelor; $50.

90TH, 53 WEST.—Private house, apartment 2 large, nicely furnished rooms, with private bath; also 2 smaller rooms; $2 and $3.50.

90TH, 54 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, private bath, steam, electricity, continuous hot water; other rooms; maid service.

93D, 157 WEST.—Large and small rooms; southern exposure; running water; private.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive, light, well-heated rooms; running water; board optional; conveniences.

95TH, 171 WEST.—Desirable furnished room, suitable two; conveniences. Apt. 4N.

95TH, 316 WEST, (Apt. 41.)—Small private family, single room, bath adjoining.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Attractive, well furnished single room, bath, telephone; gentlemen; $3.50.

97TH, (759 West End Av.)—High-class large front room, three windows, southern exposure; also small room, $5. River. 5846.

97TH, (743 West End Av.)—High-class two rooms, bath, and kitchen. River. 5846.

101ST, 309 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Sunny front suite, or three connecting; every convenience; very desirable; business people; breakfast; home, not a furnished room. Apt. 3.

105TH, 170 WEST.—Private house, front room, lavatory; electricity; "L," subway. Academy 2667.

106TH, WEST.—Nicely furnished room; running water, electricity; $4 a week; gentleman only. Phone Academy 1936.

106TH, 237 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive two-room suite; modern elevator apartment, to refined people. Phone Academy 790. Apt. 56.

105TH, 256 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Front room, bath, phone; $4.50; gentleman. Rogers.

116TH ST., 616 WEST, (Apt. 62.)—Attractive room in high-class apartment for gentleman; $5.

118TH, 400 WEST, (Morningside Drive.)—Connecting sunny rooms; desirable corner. Apt. 42.

119TH, 422 WEST, (Iradell.)—Accommodations for transients, over Thanksgiving. Apt. 41.

119TH, 422 WEST.—Clean, quiet, sunshiny, outside, double and single rooms. Apt. 41.

121ST ST., 501 AND 519 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Attractive all-year location; near parks, dining rooms, restaurants and Columbia University; large artistically furnished rooms, suitable for one or two persons; southern front, overlooking campus, $7, $8 weekly; eastern front, $7, $8; rear room with three windows, $6, $7; southern front (at 519), with kitchen privilege, $7.50; single room, southern front, $5; single rooms, rear, $4.50, $4; showers; parlors; room for dancing week days and evenings; board strictly optional, at cost, in co-operative dining room; Broadway subway, elevated, Riverside bus. Chaperons: at 501, Mrs. Young and Mrs. von Siller, telephone Morningside 4886; at 519, Mrs. King and Miss Williams, telephone Morningside 8790.

121ST, 523 WEST.—Double room, nicely furnished; exclusive use, well-equipped kitchen. Apt. 41.

123D, 439 WEST.—Attractive, two-room suite; kitchen; electricity; conveniences. Apt. 16.

124TH, 500 WEST.—Room, with kitchen privileges; block from subway; reasonable. Devine.

141ST, (3,456 Broadway.)—Sunny room, facing Broadway; private family. Rockclyffe, Apt 12.

143D, 561 WEST (Corner Broadway.)—Newly decorated room; business gentleman; references. Apartment 55.

143D, 527 WEST.—Bedroom and sitting room, or will divide modern apartment. Mendeza.

143D, 501 WEST.—2 front rooms, adjoining bath, southern exposure. Apt. 27.

149TH, 567 WEST.—Large, outside room; running water; board optional; gentleman. Apartment 42.

163D ST., 561 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; elevator apartment; no other roomer; desirable neighborhood; exceptional; $6. Berg.

169TH, 600 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, facing Broadway; use of kitchen; subway entrance.

183D, 558 WEST.—For rent, two beautifully furnished bedrooms, with private bath, telephone; all conveniences; reasonable, 181st St. subway.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS, 302 West 22d St. Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly; rooms for two, $8.50 weekly each.

ATTRACTIVE front room in high-class apartment on Riverside Drive, near 116th, for refined single gentlemen. Telephone Morningside 4120.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (112th.)—Desirable, well-furnished room; high-class apartment. Apartment 8.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Newly furnished rooms, en suite, cozy and attractive; all conveniences. Fryer.

CHARMING, comfortable front room, overlooking park and Morningside Drive; desirable surroundings and conveniences; references; reasonable. Please phone Morningside 9035.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 90, (Apt. 5 J.)—Attractive room or suite; exclusive home.

OUTSIDE ROOM in cultivated Christian home; gentleman; references. Phone 154 Academy.

PHONE MARTIN, Times Building, 3233 Bryant; choice inspected rooms, suites; any section.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 809, at 157th St., Near Subway.—Large room, nicely furnished, adjoining bath; no other roomers. Call or telephone Audubon 5520, Apartment 4C.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (corner 80th.)—Magnificently furnished suite of 2 large rooms with bath, steam heat; private house service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452, (116th St.)—Room of highest type; refined; references. Apt. 41. Kelley.

Unusually attractive, small room and bath, for business lady; $8 weekly. Schuyler 7687.

WEST END AVE., 672.—Large, handsomely furnished, private bath, business people. Riverside 9942.

WEST END AV., 936, (Subway, 103d.)—Spacious corner room; conveniences; refined home; gentlemen. Apartment 5 west.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

WEST END AV., 911.—Elegant room, private bath, electricity, telephone.

WEST END AV., 896, (103d.)—Private bath, large room; also single room; $4.

Brooklyn.

A NICE ROOM, electricity, business man preferred; private family, exclusive neighborhood, walking distance of subway. Telephone 333 Prospect.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Responsible business man desires room, bath, with small, refined family, elevator apartment, near 72d St., West; state how many in family; if any roomers, state how many, with details; highest references given and expected. G 13 Times.

Elderly gentleman desires homelike, large room; possibly optional board, with private family; moderate; near subway, between 30th and 72d Sts.; state particulars. Write L. A., 125 East 34th St.

Gentleman desires nice, comfortable suite of rooms consisting of parlor, bedroom, and private bath, or large single room, with breakfast, between 40th and 80th Sts.; congenial surroundings. E. B., 851 Broadway.

Two inexpensive furnished rooms, steam heat, kitchen privileges; west side. R 55 Times.

ROOMS LISTED, $2; 20-30 calls daily. Phone Martin, Times Bldg., 3233 Bryant.

Spaniard desires $4 room, modern apartment; American family. S. P., Times Harlem.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

53D, 37 EAST.—Rooms, with board; references; table board.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

65TH ST., EAST.—Exceptional opportunity to enjoy the comforts of a private and refined home near Park Av. Plaza 6631.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly up.

West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms; excellent board; all improvements.

6TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity, switchboard; refined service.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

54 WEST 54TH ST. Large and small rooms; table guests.

16 WEST 55TH ST. Rooms with bath; table board; references.

57TH, 331 WEST.—First-class large, small; excellent table; electricity; telephone.

58TH ST., 41, 43, 45 WEST—Elevator. MADISON ARMS.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Suit particular people, large room, steam heat, private bath, electric light, Southern cooking; also smaller room.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 318 WEST. — Exclusive Pension, two large connecting rooms, with private baths; singly or en suite; excellent table.

72D, 261-263.—Handsomely furnished, sunny second floor front rooms; private bath.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; with board; table guests accommodated.

73D, 181 WEST, (Broadway.)—Desirable warm room, running water, American family; subway.

75TH, 155 WEST.—Desirable double room with board.

75TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive, large room; excellent table; Southern cooking; table guests.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select accommodation, steam, electricity, modern furnished double, single rooms; private bath; cleanliness; test home table.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive, large, well-heated room, second floor; excellent table.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Attractive room; parlor dining; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

80TH, 143 WEST.—One large, one medium room; electricity; homelike surroundings; references.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; private baths; excellent cuisine; phone.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 128-136 WEST.—very desirable, large room, private bath, with board.

83D, 25 WEST.—Large, sunny, connecting rooms, second floor, private bath, steam, electricity; homelike surroundings; family, few adults; Vienna cooking; table guests accommodated. Schuyler 8227.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms, southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Attractive double front rooms, splendid location, excellent table; homelike.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive, large room, private bath; other rooms; conveniences; excellent table.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, newly furnished, bath adjoining; unexcelled Jewish table; reasonable table guests accommodated. Riverside 9793.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Very desirable double and single rooms, with adjoining bath, for 2, 3, or 4 people; newly furnished; refined Jewish family; excellent table; reasonable rates. Tel. Riverside 6926.

91ST, 66 WEST.—Desirable rooms; excellent home cooking; table guests; reasonable rates.

93D, 21 WEST.—Front rooms; Park, "L"; business people desired; excellent cuisine.

102D, 305 WEST, (Between West End-Riverside.)—One, two rooms, private bath, second floor; southern exposure; owner's home; references.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Unusually large room, private bath, suitable for 2 or 3 people; service and surroundings unequalled.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-B'way.)—Luxurious; private residence offers large suite; 2 rooms, bath; really exceptional table; every convenience; beautifully furnished; moderate terms.

108TH ST, 301 WEST.—A1 rooms, private bath, private family; gentlemen only; references. Call 5 to 7.

120TH 110 WEST.—Large parlor; small, refined Jewish boarding house; German cooking; conveniences.

126TH, 162 WEST.—Suite, single, private baths, steam heat, telephone; excellent cuisine.

THE EVELYN LODGE. Ocean Traffic Passing Windows. Charming Winter House of Highest Standard. 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c. Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished. Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables. Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness. Social Parlors. Smoking Rooms. Comforts. Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV., 174 West 126th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking, convenient.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Large, sunny rooms; excellent table; house thoroughly appointed; references.

BOARD WANTED.

Lady with infant requires independent furnished room with meals in private family; must be first-class and worth $80 to $100 per month; state full particulars. S 113 Times.

Room and board for quiet, respectable man; reasonable; references exchanged. R 227 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York City.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

Long Island.

Forest Hills.—Large and small rooms, desirable surroundings, business people; breakfast if desired. Forest Hills 6770.

New York State.

At Highland, N. Y., a widowed lady, owner of high and beautifully located new home with all modern comforts, will take one or two semi-invalids in board at reasonable rate. Address Mrs. Mae Van Wagner, Highland, N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK 7-passenger 6-cylinder, 1916 model; good running order. Call J. Fensterstock, from 9 to 12, 826 Broadway.

BUICKS, 1917-1918. Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET. Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK TOURING, LIKE NEW 1917. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

BUICK little six runabout; first real cash offer takes it. 1,930 Broadway.

A CADILLAC SPECIAL.
1917 COUPE, 8-cyl., 4-pass.; inside drive.
1917 TOURING, Model 55, 8-cyl., 7-pass.; overhauled and repainted a beautiful maroon.
1916 TOURING, Model 53, 8-cyl., 7-pass.; overhauled and repainted.
1915 RUNABOUT, beautiful mechanical condition.
Telephone Mulberry 3240.

CADILLAC.—Private party will sacrifice 1917 special Cadillac coupe, in first-class condition, special paint and upholstery, 4-passenger, all new tires; cost $3,500; will accept $2,350. K 209 Times Downtown.

Cadillac 1917 Convertible Sedan; 3,900 miles. CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER. CADILLAC 1916 TOURING. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 limousine; excellent condition; sacrifice; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC 1917 landaulet, also touring and phaeton bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

CADILLAC, eight-cylinder touring; like new; $750. 1,930 Broadway.

CHALMERS Limousine, 7 pass., Model "18"; motor, tires, and general condition excellent; painted dark blue; car very suitable for private, funeral or renting purposes; price very reasonable; must sell at once. THE LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA, West 61st Street, near Broadway. Telephone Columbus 7750.

CHALMERS, 1918; absolutely new seven-seated sedan, to be delivered within four weeks from date; absence from city necessitates my disposing of same; will sell contract at reduction from list price. Apply Mr. L. Riegelman, 1,237 Broadway, between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M.

CHALMERS, BRAND NEW, LATE MODEL, 5-PASSENGER CAR; $1,250, COST $1,566. TEL. 971 WILLIAMSBRIDGE.

COLE 1917 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

COLE, semi-roadster; perfect condition; must have cash. 1,930 Broadway.

DELAUNAY Belleville brougham, 6 cylinder, 19 h. p.; beautiful, ideal town car; newly painted; perfect condition; electric lights, &c.; bargain. Bord, 114 West 50th St.

FIAT limousine, handsomely appointed; good condition; new tires; cost $5,000; price $700. 31 West 94th. Riverside 3744.

FIAT Baby Limousine Town Car.—Nice condition; make offer. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

FIAT "30" Fleetwood Touring; latest importation. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

FORD touring car, fully equipped, plenty extras, $200; a five-passenger Maxwell touring, $225; also Overland touring, self-starter, price $275; a Hudson 6-cylinder touring, self-starter, big bargain, $825; a 5-passenger Pope Hartford touring, self-starter, $300. Can be seen. Eastern Brewery, 205 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 3454 Stagg.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

FRANKLIN 1916 Touring; repainted; exceptional bargain, $1,000. Gage, 1,834 Broadway. Columbus 6582.

FRANKLIN 1917 Touring; recently overhauled, $1,450; (enlistment compels sale.) Gage, 1,834 Broadway.

FRANKLIN 1916 Sedan; excellent condition, recently overhauled, repainted; $1,600. Gage, 1,834 Broadway.

FRANKLINS, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, touring cars; special values. Gage, 1,834 B'way.

HUDSON super-six 1917, 7-passenger touring car, must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Co., Broadway, at 70th St.

HUDSON Super Six Sedan like new. Auto Electric Service, 245 West 55th.

HUDSON 1917 Super-Six Special Speedster. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

HUDSON, latest model, Super Six limousine; condition like new. Phone Columbus 8963.

HUPMOBILE Sedan; 5,000 miles; 1917 late. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

KISSEL sedan, six, forty-two, Springfield body, Westinghouse shock absorbers, wire wheels, mechanical condition perfect; used very little. R 217 Times Downtown.

KISSEL 1917 SEDAN. Beautiful seven passenger; can't be told from new car; full electric equipment; condition guaranteed. 150 West 55th St.

LANCIA Raceabout. — Late model; very snappy; $650. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

LIMOUSINE BODY.—Latest model; almost new; fits any standard car; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

LOCOMOBILE 1917 TOURING, 38 H. P. Perfect condition; fully equipped. B. F. O'Neill, 123 W. 70th. Call between 12-1 or 6-7 P. M.

MARMON landaulet, 1917, cost $4,800; has run in town about 4,000 miles; new steering knuckles have been adjusted; has been entirely overhauled and put in perfect order. Inquire Miss Mabel Choate, 8 East 63d St. Telephone Plaza 5259.

MARMON 1917 landaulet, overhauled and newly painted dark blue. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1917 landaulet, also touring and roadster; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1916 five-passenger sedan. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MERCEDES, 1914 MODEL. Beautiful touring car, in perfect condition; cost $8,500; cheap for cash. Phone owner for demonstration, Columbus 8599, or call 1,926 Broadway, Room 609; real bargain.

MERCER raceabout, 1914; self-starter; wonderful condition. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

MERCEDES.—Latest model, run but little; Winter and Summer body; moderate price. Healey's, Broadway and 51st St.

NATIONAL twin six Clover Leaf, practically new; half price. 20th Century, 1,700 B'way.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 Four-Cylinder Model 43 Landaulet Town Car.—Like new; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917, five-passenger touring; leaving city. 1,930 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 COUPE. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

OVERLANDS, WILLYS KNIGHTS. OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED CARS. SOLD BY THE MANUFACTURER. ALL MODELS, CLOSED AND OPEN. Priced exceptionally low for quick sales. Also some good bargains in other makes. CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St. Open evenings. Write for Used Car Bulletin.

OWEN Magnetic 1917 brougham-landaulet; like new. H. H., 50 Times.

PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Limousine.—Also landaulet car, 2-38; very good condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Runabout, 5-48.—Finest condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

PACKARD chummy roadster, twin six, 4-passenger, 1917 model; run less than 5,000 miles. G. J. L., 48 Times.

PEERLESS 8-cylinder foredoor touring Sedan, 1917 model, like new; this is an investment at the price asked. Geo. J. Donahue, Hotel Majestic, 72d St. & Central Park West.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) Limousine, 38 H. P. CADILLAC (1916) Sedan. LOCOMOBILE (1917) Touring, 38 H. P. F. TURNER, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PIERCE-ARROW "38" Limousine.—Electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW 1914, "38," landaulet; perfect condition; bargain. Telephone Hanson, 348 Rector.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916. Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe, month old; 500 mileage; paid $1,485; sold highest bidder. Phone Rector 672.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, four-passenger roadster, $750. Brenner, 1,776 Broadway. 351 Columbus.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1916 ROADSTER. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

SCRIPPS 1917 Coupe; like new; bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1915; make offer. 1,930 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1917; large type; sell reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

SEDAN.—Embargo has prevented shipment abroad of brand-new 7-passenger sedan, made by well-known motor car manufacturer; this car can be bought at $600 under present list from manufacturer with usual guarantee. Address X 376 Times Annex.

S. G. V. COUPE AND BROUGHAM. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

SIMPLEX.—A classy late Simplex raceabout, 38-50 H. P., perfect condition; very fast; no dealers need apply. Mr. Carl Nim, Craigie Co., 1 Wall St., N. Y.

SIMPLEX, 38, shaft drive, seven-passenger; Holbrook touring body; must sell this fine car at once. 1,930 Broadway.

STEARNS-KNIGHT brougham landaulet; "8 cylinder"; 1916 model, with all 1917 improvements installed; imported linings, bronze fixtures and vanity cases, Circassian walnut paneling; interior renovated; newly painted royal blue and black; has the appearance of a new car; sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE. Stearns Used Car Department, (J. H. Driscoll, Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS 1917 LIMOUSINE. Has been used so little, can't be told from new; full electric equipment; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

STEARNS 1916 8-cylinder limousine, landaulet; newly painted; reasonable. J 8 Times.

STUTZ 1917 Speedster, 2 pass.; 16-valve motor, excellent wire wheels, tire 32x4½, fine condition; 1 extra wire wheel with mounted tire and cover; painted yellow; very attractive car; right price. THE LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA, West 61st Street, near Broadway. Telephone Columbus 7750.

STUTZ 1918 TOURING. STUTZ 1917 TOURING. STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER. STUTZ 1915 H. C. S. SPEEDSTER. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1916 BULLDOG SPECIAL. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

WILLYS-KNIGHT roughan; will sacrifice this elegant car for $700. 1,930 Broadway.

Miscellaneous.

AUCTION SALE OF AUTOMOBILES TODAY at 12 o'clock noon, Van Tassell & Kearney's Mart, 126-128 East 13th St.; several first-class cars, different makes and models, to be sold to the highest bidders; if you are looking to buy a good car reasonably, attend this sale; IF YOU HAVE A CAR TO SELL, THESE AUCTION SALES, HELD EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, ARE THE BEST MEDIUM FOR QUICK AND SATISFACTORY RETURNS. AUTOMOBILES TAKEN ON DEAD STORAGE AT REASONABLE RATES.

AUTOMOBILES AT PUBLIC AUCTION today, 12 o'clock noon, at VAN TASSELL & KEARNEY'S, East 13th St., near 3d Av. CHALMERS Taxicab, perfect condition. CADILLAC Seven-Pass. Touring. WINTON Six, 7-Pass. Limousine. PACKARD 4-30 Limousine.

"WHITE" USED CARS, Also other well-known makes touring cars and taxicabs. THE WHITE COMPANY, Park Av. and 57th St. Used Car Dept., M. R. Greene, Mgr.

AUTOMOBILE Painting, Trimming; all kinds of repairing, such as body remodeling and remounting, making demountable tops; best prices and workmanship. American Auto Painting and Trimming Co., 551 W. 52d. Columbus 9307.

AT PUBLIC AUCTION, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 28, 10:30 A. M. at 1,579-1,583 Dean St., Brooklyn, fifteen FIRST-CLASS MOTOR TRUCKS, up to 5-ton, also RUNABOUTS, TOURING CARS, &c. B. Waller, auctioneer.

WINTER INCLOSURE for a Packard touring car; beveled glass; excellent condition; $150; makes a most comfortable and economical body; can be seen at J. Palmer's, Clinton and State Sts., Brooklyn.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars. Limousine bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

BODY FOR LIMOUSINE.—Will fit a Stearns or any standard chassis. ELITE, 124 West 52d St. Circle 4111.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Brougham Sedan.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
HUDSON LIMOUSINE.
LOCOMOBILE 6-38 LIMOUSINE.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 REO "6" SEDAN.
1917 BUICK TOURING.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1917 BUICK ROADSTER.
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "6" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

"RIGHT PRICES."
1917 CADILLAC "8" Seven-Passenger.
1917 HUDSON Super-Six Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Runabout.
1916 LEXINGTON Seven-Passenger Touring.
1916 CHANDLER Touring, Model 17.
1916 CADILLAC Touring; very extra.
1916 OVERLAND 83B Touring.
1916 REO Seven-Passenger.
1916 REO Three-Passenger Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Touring; exceptional.
1916 NATIONAL Seven-Passenger.
1915 CADILLAC Brougham Town Car.
1914 PACKARD 3-48 Seven-Passenger.
Open evenings and Sundays till 1 P. M. All cars open to mechanical inspection and demonstration at any time.
THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC., Appraisers to the Trade, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Cor. Franklin Av., BROOKLYN.

BROUGHAM TOWN CAR, 1917, six-cylinder, Continental motor, wire wheels; newly painted and overhauled; guaranteed same as new car; finely appointed; worth special attention. Call at Lexington Used Car Department, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor. Circle 1872.

Automobiles Wanted.

PIERCE-ARROW 38 wanted, perfect condition; reasonable figures. Cowan, 306 West 89th.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Automobiles for Rent.

Attractive rental service. — Pierce-Arrow Packards. Special rates monthly. Polite liveried chauffeurs. Egidi, 123 W. 52d. Circle 774.

CADILLAC Limousine for hire; bargain rates; excellent service; anywhere. Telephone 6301 Morningside.

CADILLAC limousine, very stylish, hourly; monthly preferred; very reasonable. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

CLASSY limousine, 1917, $2.50 hourly, visiting, shopping; experienced chauffeur. Nolan, Bryant 3916.

LADY going South would rent beautiful Packard or Chalmers limousine, excellent chauffeur; responsible party; reasonable. Phone Riverside 3617.

LANCIA.—Beautiful S. G. V. Lancia limousines, landaulets; ideal town cars; moderate rates. Kline Bros., 425 West 54th St. Columbus 398.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 64 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS. — Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARDS, sixes, limousines, landaulets, for monthly hire; reasonable rates. Phone Morningside 3300.

PACKARDS and sixes, limousine, landaulets, for monthly hire; reasonable rates. Phone Morningside 3300.

PACKARD limousine sixes, brougham styles, shopping, $2.50; monthly, $350. Telephone 1585 Plaza.

PACKARD Landaulette for rent, any way you desire. Phone "Micker," Columbus 2289.

PIERCE-ARROW, PACKARD limousine, splendid shape, late models; $2.50 hourly. Circle 4215.

Motor Trucks.

PACKARD 2-ton trucks, with 12-foot express bodies, for sale; good condition and terms to responsible buyers. Interborough Transfer Company, 406 West 45th St. Bryant 8930.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

DEAD STORAGE for automobiles and bodies; rates reasonable. Ansonia Storage Warehouse, 137 West 99th St.

DEAD STORAGE.—AUTOMOBILES, $10-$12 WEST 143D ST. AUDUBON 3575.

Automobile Supplies.

HANDSOME pair bear robes; also two beautiful plush robes, gentleman's fur-lined overcoat; also chauffeur's fur coat; perfect condition; no cash offers refused. Private Stable, 148 East 39th, near Lexington Av.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATOR and experienced filing specialist desires connection with progressive concern; salary $18. J 139 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—High school graduate, 18, desires position; experienced; neat. S 109 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, cost accountant, experienced corporation, controlling accounts; seven years one concern; $22, highest credentials. W 398 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience, wishes connection; commercial high school graduate. Address L. K., 180 Hart St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, desires connection with reliable house; double entry and charge of entire office. G 236 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Correspondent.—Thoroughly experienced; high school graduate; controlling accounts, trial balance; highest credentials; $17. K 238 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly experienced, accurate; controlling accounts, trial balance; references. A 263 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge stenography, seven years' experience; best references; $16. T. K., 2,250 7th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, six years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balance. G 4 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; 5 years' experience; thoroughly competent; Christian; $15. A 273 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry and stenographer; 5 years' experience; salary $15. S 125 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, controlling accounts, trial balances; entire charge; capable; $22. S 107 Times.

CLERICAL WORKER AND TYPIST.—Reasonable salary; knowledge of stenography. A 246 Times Downtown.

COOK, first class, used to big houses, wishes to go out by week or day, dinners and luncheons. Sigrid Nilsson, 674 Degraw St., Brooklyn.

COOK.—First-class, Swedish, private or hotel; city or country; references; letters only. A. S., 212 East 62d St.

COOK.—Experienced; best references. Call 15 West 52d.

DRESSMAKER.—Dresses, evening, coats; remodelling specialty; $2.50 daily. Phone Hensley, 3345 Morningside.

DRESSMAKER; $4 day; perfect cut and trim; quick worker; no lunch. Martin, phone 2652 St. Nicholas.

DRESSMAKER. — Competent, perfect fit, style, $3 day. Matlock, 208 West 131st St.

FURRIER.—Artistic expert lady furrier remodels fur coats and sets to prevailing styles; half store prices. Apt. 1A, 1,071 St. Nicholas Av., corner 164th St.

GOVERNESS.—Refined, educated American young woman desires position; music. Y 225 Times Annex.

HIGH SCHOOL graduate, competent, desires permanent position; salary $12. Phone Rhinelander 2473.

HOUSEKEEPER with 2 little girls; French-American; thorough, refined; city, country; references. Call evenings, 5:30, 236 West 127th.

NURSE and GOVERNESS.—Visiting; refined, middle-aged woman; tutor and entertain children or semi-invalid; day or hour, evenings. S 112 Times.

NURSE.—Competent, middle-aged, baby's nurse; French; good references; South or country. M. L., 252 West 24th St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Accurate, thoroughly efficient; four years' experience; familiar office details; references. A 249 Times Downtown.

REFINED, Christian widow, take full charge of house; thoroughly qualified; economical; references exchanged. Write Reliable, 494 Columbus Av.

SALESWOMAN. — Wants ladies', misses' trimmed hat line; acquainted best trade throughout country. B., 1,722 Bayridge Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER WITH BRAINS, executive ability, commanding appearance, age 23; 6 years' practical experience; transcribes accurately, quickly, neatly; excellent references; $18. W 349 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHY, &c.—Woman desires position; stenography, typewriting, secretarial, and executive ability; salary not less than $25. R 231 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with 4 years' experience seeks position where neat, quick, and accurate work can be appreciated, also capable office assistant; excellent references. S. C., 1,465 45th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, intelligent young lady, experienced, desires position with reliable firm; salary $12. Gersim, 119 Fountain Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, refined; college graduate; familiar secretary's duties; capable of taking difficult dictation; $20. A 216 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; thorough mercantile experience; refined, capable, clean-cut, competent. A. D., 94 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; good education; rapid, accurate; willing worker; $12. Miss G., 220 West 42d St. Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; reliable; American; excellent references; $15. A 252 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Well educated, neat, rapid, accurate; willing worker; $10. Miss N., 1695 Candler Bldg. Bryant 1319.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Refined thoroughly competent, having ten years' business experience. A 243 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' practical experience; rapid worker; references; $12. A 248 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, competent, conscientious worker; salary $16. Phone Rhinelander 3718.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST position; beginner; Christian; neat, capable; high school education. A 239 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, experienced, thorough knowledge office work; salary $14. A 231 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND DICTAPHONE OPERATOR; first-class experience; references. P 363 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady desires position as stenographer; efficient, experienced; $15. Tel. Hanover 307.

STENOGRAPHER, Typewriter, Bookkeeper. —Beginner; neat, accurate; moderate salary. Stenographer, 123 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; rapid, accurate, willing; references; salary, $15. A 266 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, CORRESPONDENT. — High school education, seven years' experience; salary $20. G 1 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—3½ years' insurance, technical experience; thoroughly competent; Christian; $14. S 119 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable taking technical dictation; vast experience; understands office work. P 309 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, experienced; operate switchboard; salary $12. B. G., 132 West 112th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' engineering experience; familiar with all office details. F 197 Times.

SUBSCRIPTION MANAGER. Woman having 18 years' experience in a publishing house, supervising all details from opening of mail to mailing of magazines; highly recommended. S 104 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and general office assistant, competent, at present employed, seeks position where strict application to duties will insure promotion. S 89 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant; handle busy board. A 269 Times Downtown.

TEACHER, college graduate; public school methods, all branches; coaching. Expert, Times Harlem.

TUTOR.—Woman, Christian, of mature experience in teaching and training of children, offers her services as private tutor; highest possible references. Address M. P., 3 West 74th St.

TUTOR, graduate, English subjects, Latin, French; school, college preparation. Phone 3679 Bryant.

WOMAN, reliable, to clean apartments; seamstress. 517 West 180th St. St. Nicholas 8541. Apt. 3.

YOUNG LADY, well recommended, to take care of, also teach French to children every afternoon. F 149 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

COOKS, Waitresses, Chambermaids, Nurses, Houseworkers. — Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Agency, 329 West 59th.

BERTA CARLSON SWEDISH AGENCY.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9463.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT AUDITOR and office manager, (29,) exempt, lately manager of accounting department, supervising over seven subsidiary companies' accounting work; 30 employes and 10,000 accounts personally handled; general ledger financial statements, &c.; knowledge systematizing organization foreign exchange; good correspondent; well versed on ledger card systems; machine bookkeeping; ten years' practical experience; salary, $2,500. P 351 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT. Executive, 29, thoroughly experienced systematizer, open for permanent engagement; many years with certified accountants and executive with commercial firms; aggressive, reliable man; university graduate; draft exempt; record clean. A 253 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, college and university training, experienced, thorough executive, exempt, desires change; only answers requesting interview will be considered. A 259 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 104. Cortlandt 6688.

ACCOUNTANT — Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT—Opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; charges moderate; personal service. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Telephone 2141 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, office manager; thoroughly experienced, clean-cut, American. Executive, 49 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Expert; books audited, trial balance, monthly audits $5 up. A 267 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Junior, some experience in C. P. A. office, seeks permanent connection with C. P. A. A 260 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, public; experienced; $40 week; age 31. R 204 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISEMENT WRITER, several years' copy experience; no detail man, but original, energetic idea hunter, with imagination; want agency start, or ad. mgr.'s assistant; age 28, married; N. Y. City only. S 97 Times.

AMERICAN, (42,) 24 years with present firm as executive, general manager, proficient accountant, systematizer, linguist, thoroughly versed in finance and corporation practices, desires situation Jan. 1; salary, $4,000. Tactful. A 242 Times Downtown.

AN ACTIVE, ENERGETIC, MIDDLE-AGED, RESPONSIBLE BUSINESS MAN, WELL CONNECTED, WITH THOROUGH BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, ANXIOUS TO OCCUPY HIS TIME, WILL GIVE HIS SERVICES AT NOMINAL COMPENSATION TO A REPUTABLE BUSINESS HOUSE. P 272 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced; one familiar with controlling accounts, trial balance, working sheet, &c.; capable of taking charge of double-entry set of books for small firm. F 194 Times.

ASSISTANT PURCHASING AGENT. A young man, twenty-five years of age; eight years' experience; married; $1,500 per year. A 265 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO BUSY EXECUTIVE.—Can handle all details; bookkeeper, correspondent, typist; open for engagement Dec. 1. G 2 Times.

ATTENTION! Executive, married man, (45,) educated, own business, banking experience, desires evening employment. S 110 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, general executive, wishes connection with progressive concern; highly educated; knowledge credits collections, correspondence. A 238 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, (19,) two years' experience, double entry, references, wishes to locate with large concern; $12. R 214 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, 19, ledger clerk, good penman, 5 years with wholesale house, desires position with advancement. A 274 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (34,) thoroughly experienced in modern methods; capable taking charge of office; sober, reliable; excellent references; $35 per week. R 225 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; trial balance; controlling accounts; wants to take charge books small firm; $15. Mark Atkin, 316 East 8th.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER.—College man, thoroughly experienced, part time; references; moderate salary. A 229 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—German, 32; speaks Spanish, Portuguese; fully versed bookkeeping, correspondence; $25. S 120 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Saturday afternoon, Sunday, and evenings; moderate compensation. R 222 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Cashier, Buyer, Salesman.—Man, 36, executive ability, desires position. A 227 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, familiar with modern methods; highest credentials; accountancy student. S 126 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, FIRST CLASS; EXEMPT; $30-$35. F 199 TIMES.

BUTLER, valet wanted; also experienced chauffeur; wants position, country. Box 51, 1,563 3d Av.

BUTLER, useful man, Japanese; could drive automobile. 330 East 57th. Giro.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman giving up car for Winter, wishes to place his chauffeur, whom he can highly recommend; excellent driver; mechanic; always prompt and willing. Apply present employer, G. A. Crocker, Jr., 30 East 42d.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR, (37,) married; 16 years' experience; expert driver, mechanic; excellent references. Man, 56 West 93d. Riverside 1880-J.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family, American, white; single; long experience in city driving high-class cars; careful, sober, polite; good machinist. S 114 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes private position on twin-six Packard, Cadillac, Marmon; 5 years' shop experience, 4 years driving; best references. J. Berger, 354 East 55th St.

CHAUFFEUR!—EMPLOYER SEEKS POSITION FOR HIS CHAUFFEUR; VERY INDUSTRIOUS AND TRUSTWORTHY; CAREFUL DRIVER; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. L. L. WARSHAUER, 48 W. 38TH.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 28; married; competent, reliable; A1 references. Telephone Rhinelander 2745.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; married; long experience; best reference. J. Hermah, 225 West 145th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Useful, careful driver; good mechanic; references. Leppanen, 2,010 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, private, 20, experience; good mechanic, driver; good references. Y 218 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR, single, at present employed, careful driver, wishes private position. 125 East 101st St., care Reynolds.

CHAUFFEUR.—Competent, reliable driver; no habits; go anywhere; best references. S 108 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, expert mechanic and driver; 12 years on high-grade automobiles. S 115 Times.

CLERK.—Young man, 21 years, desires clerical position; factory and commercial experience; recommendations. R. C. Maaloe, 43 Van Wagner Av., Jersey City.

CLERK.—Young man, 19, desires clerical or other position with advancement. R 221 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR, Christian, 31; experienced; salary or commission basis; bond and references. Eichner, 528 East 84th St.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, married, desires responsible position in reputable business corporation. A 240 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE student wishes position with drafting, engineering experience; reference. Silverman, 1,361 5th Av.

CORRESPONDENT, long experience transportation companies, claim adjustment traffic, general clerk, American, desires position. Address C. M., 90 8th Av.

COUPLE, man butler, wife good cook, take charge of entire work in apartment or private house, country. 227 E. 49th. Kohler.

DRAFTSMAN.—Young man with five years' general experience, mechanical and architectural work, desires connection where advancement will follow effort; Government work preferably. Care Joseph G. Dolby, Hotel Woodstock, West 43d St., city.

DRAFTSMAN.—14 years' experience general machinery, gasoline engine design, and automobile layout. F 145 Times.

EDITOR. — Experienced, reliable; available for trade publication or otherwise; thorough knowledge makeup, printing engraving, paper, &c. R 53 Times.

EXECUTIVE-MANAGER, STRICTLY HIGH-GRADE MAN. Assume full charge; manage department; thoroughly alive; excellent salesman; educated, resourceful; financial and business connections; Christian; 38 years old; married. A 254 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—High-grade executive and detail man, accustomed to handling large business both as buyer and seller. G 3 Times.

EXPORT TRADE.—Young man, best references, considerable experience as correspondent and buyer, thorough knowledge Spanish, English, and German, good superficial knowledge French and Portuguese, seeks position; forced leave present employment by new zone rules. K. Lundt, 56 North 9th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

EXPORT MAN, buyer, French, Spanish, exempt from service, desires position. R 223 Times Downtown.

FRENCHMAN (31) with good business and social connections, experience and prestige, honorably discharged after active service, returning to France on business voyage, would undertake any industrial or commercial mission; references. For interview write to Grange, 114 Times.

JAPANESE, excellent cook, desires position to take entire charge bachelor's apartment, best references. 330 E. 57th. Plaza 6752. Ichi.

MY SERVICES and Ford delivery; what proposition have you? F 195 Times.

NURSE.—Lady recommends English nurse to take full charge of children not over 5 years; country preferred; $45. Write E. Wilson, 135 Central Park West.

OFFICE MANAGER, &c.—Young man, (22,) exempt, college education, experienced office manager, bookkeeper, best references, desires position. A 232 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, cost accountant, and purchasing; 14 years' practical experience. R 224 Times Downtown.

PRINTING and stationery, thoroughly experienced man, some following, desires to connect reliable house; willing take charge established customers and solicit business. P 378 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, looking for untrimmed and readyto-wear straw line for Spring, can sell output of medium-size factory; no drawing or traveling expense required; can furnish references. Address Box 94, Room 200, 621 Broadway.

SALESMAN or sales manager; 6 years' successful experience; good education. S 24 Times.

SECRETARY, social or business, young educated man, seeks evening engagement; advertising manager prominent Broadway concern, ex-journalist, press agent; references. Willing, Box 272 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 24, exempt, 7 years' experience, initiative, executive ability, desires position with prospects; salary $25. A 208 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Educated; bank experience; good correspondent; fine appearance; expert stenographer. A 237 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING EXECUTIVE, exempt from draft; can also direct stock, do corresponding, and handle claims. R 54 Times.

SHOE SALESMAN, experience wholesale and retail; A1 references. A. S., 1,794 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER-typist-correspondent, first class; 10 years' all-around business experience, highest references, desires position, afternoons or evenings, or both; reasonable salary. G 239 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — 7 years' experience; high school education; rapid, accurate, energetic, industrious; opportunity desired; salary $22. S 121 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Very capable, energetic, and ambitious; rapid touch typist; $18. R 230 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, also assistant bookkeeper; bright, energetic young man; Christian. A 241 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (30.)—Ten years' experience; exempt; permanent position; $25. R 213 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST — Experienced young man desires morning or afternoon work. S 118 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, offers his services to any progressive concern; in the office, stock, or sales department; high and business school training; business experience; excellent references. F 200 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, well educated; business experience, A1 reference, wishes position with advancement; knowledge of Spanish. A 278 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, draft exempt, 4 years' selling experience, wishes connection with progressive concern; best references. A 233 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school graduate, wants responsible position; four years' business experience; knowledge of bookkeeping. A 234 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, intelligent, ambitious, desires position with reliable concern, with chance for advancement; salary moderate. S 105 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, experienced as stenographer and real estate management, desires position with advancement. Box 113, 852 Columbus Av.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) 3 years' college training, presentable, adaptable, wants position as correspondent or executive assistant. Max Spiegler, 1,292 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) hustler; experienced with cloak and suit jobbers' methods; take care contractors; recommended selling ability. F 196 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, wide business experience, wishes permanent position with advancement; knowledge of bookkeeping; A1 references. S 122 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) well educated, seeks permanent position of any kind with reliable firm; has sales experience, but prefers other work. A 244 Times Downtown.

Classified Advertising Rates
The New York Times

Telephone Bryant 1000	Per Agate Line
Agents Wanted	50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	40c
Automobile Exchange	40c
Boarders and Board Wanted	30c
Business Opportunities	50c
Country Board	40c
Employment Agencies	50c
Farms	40c
For Sale	50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	30c
Help Wanted	30c
Lost and Found	50c
Mortgage Loans	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	40c
Situations Wanted	25c

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, twenty-five, aggressive; eight years' stock order sales and credit experience, desires position with progressive concern where ability is recognized. G 240 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (25.)—Good address; willing, ambitious; able to handle correspondence; ten years' experience buying, selling. R 215 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 27, energetic and capable, seeks opportunity; permanently exempted. A 235 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, having five years' experience, desires position in office. A 226 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, reliable, desires position with advancement; best references. A 250 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position with opportunity for advancement; reference. R 220 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge of stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping. Reilly, 809 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, (18,) desires position; advancement. Box 58, 2,127 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes clerical position in wholesale house; references. A 251 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, four years' general office experience, desires position. A 217 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position mercantile house with chance for advancement; best of reference. Address S. S., 829 East 167th St.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, stock, clerical, sales experience, desires connection. S 103 Times.

YOUNG MAN, exempt, college education, wishes responsible position, anything; experienced. A 257 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN with knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting desires work after 5 P. M. A 271 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, Christian, general clerk, with experience in purchasing, desirous of connecting with reliable firm. G 15 Times.

YOUNG MAN, eighteen, excellent education; position with advancement; alert, conscientious. R 218 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, college graduate, wishes position. R 212 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
SALESWOMEN.

We require saleswomen for our art embroidery, camera, candy, and umbrella departments, and can also place saleswomen in all departments throughout the store, presenting an opportunity to women without experience to learn salesmanship and be paid to become part of our regular staff. Apply to Superintendent.

ALSO
DEPARTMENT OF WRAPPING

Require several young girls to wrap parcels; experience not necessary. Apply to Superintendent department of wrapping, subway floor, Central Building.

ASSISTANT DESIGNER.—Lady, must have experience on medium priced line of stout dresses. L. Rubin, 150 West 25th.

BOOKKEEPER.

Accurate and quick, experienced on Ellis adding typewriter, for retail ledger in high-class specialty shop. Apply, stating references and salary expected, S. J., 114 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, to take full charge of large and busy office; good penman and accurate at figures; state age, nationality, citizenship, schooling, experience, reference, and salary expected; apply in own handwriting; office closed Saturdays, open Sundays. J 151 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent double entry, capable of handling 1,000 or more active accounts; must be able to produce clean record for honesty, accuracy, and faithful service. K 234 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT —. EXPERIENCED; REFERENCES REQUIRED. S. H. KAHN & CO., 225 5TH AV.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; must be experienced in import and export detail; state salary and references. J 59 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, must know stenography and typewriting; $14 to start. Elliott Novelty Co., 153 Greene St.

COOK and laundress for private family, wages $35; also chambermaid and waitress, wages $3.. white only desired. Apply 1,067 Madison Av., Tuesday morning, 9 to 12.

CLERKS.

Large wholesale house requires the services of several clerks for their sales analysis department; must be quick and accurate at figures. J 150 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS.—Two dictaphone operators, touch typists, Underwood machines; high school girls preferred, short dictaphone experience necessary; salary $13. J 145 Times.

DRESSMAKER, first-class. The Grey Tone Shop, 2,464 Broadway.

GIRLS, 15-20 years of age, for stock work and order filling; large mail order house; experience unnecessary. Bellas Hess & Co., 96 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

GIRL, 16 YEARS OR OVER, AS ASSISTANT IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS CONCERN. K 216 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GIRLS, familiar with printing, wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., at their Bronx plant.

GIRLS to address envelopes; rapid penman wanted. Review of Reviews, 30 Irving Pl.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl for general housework; basement floor only. Address or call 146 West 70th St.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT,
(BACTERIOLOGICAL.)
SALARY $600.

Candidates must be at least 18 years of age, who have acquaintance with routine work of bacteriological laboratories and familiar with making of slides, preparation of vaccines, the preparation of media, and the care of various laboratory equipment. Subjects and weights: Duties, 6; experience, 4. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, until Dec. 6, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT, (CHEMICAL.) SALARY $600.

Candidates at least 18 years of age who have had acquaintance with the routine work of an assistant in a chemical laboratory. Subjects and weights: Duties, 6; experience, 4. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Dec. 6, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

MAID wanted for general housework, two adults, nurse for baby; $8 per week and laundry. Telephone Morningside 3677, or call 520 West 122d St.

OFFICE and CLERICAL WORK — Large mail order house requires a number of young ladies, 15-20 years of age, for office; steady position; excellent opportunity for advancement; public, parochial or high school graduate preferred. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

OFFICE ASSISTANTS.
WE REQUIRE EXPERIENCED GIRLS FOR OUR AUDITING DEPARTMENT; ALSO FOR GENERAL OFFICE; PERMANENT POSITIONS; GOOD OPPORTUNITY; NO SATURDAY NIGHT WORK. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT,
BARNETT BROS., Columbus Av. & 74th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Must be good penman, accurate at figures; salary $9-$10; state age and experience. J 143 Times.

SALESWOMEN WANTED.

Wanted, several women of refinement and ability to cover the Wall Street and other sections of city and take orders for article relating to knitting; exceedingly attractive and useful Christmas gift; liberal salary or commission; also saleswomen in all towns wanted. B. Marston Smith, 165 South St., Morristown, N. J.

HELP WANTED—Female.

SALESWOMAN, with following, one familiar with exclusive trade; gowns; salary and commission. "Exclusive," Y 216 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.

We have an opening in one of our private offices for an intelligent, clean-cut, ambitious young woman who can make herself generally useful.

The work consists of stenography, typing, and general office work and affords a splendid opportunity to advance with a liberal starting salary.

Experience on the Oliver machine is necessary.

APPLY TO MISS LONGNECKER, NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO., 207 WEST 24TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady about 25 years old, as secretary to President of a large Newark corporation; must be rapid stenographer and neat and accurate typist; replies must state age, experience, salary desired, religion, and nationality. Address Secretary, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in purchasing department of a large corporation; salary to start, $12 a week; when applying please state experience. K 236 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and accurate, with good schooling, age 20, wanted by large corporation, good surroundings, hours, and advancement. J. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Large wholesale house requires the services of several stenographers for purchase department; must be good at figures; state age, experience nationality, and salary. J 149 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, to assist in sales room; must understand furs. Address, stating references and salary desired, J 151 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good at figures; beginner not objected to if smart and willing; salary $10 to $14, according to experience. Hardy, 25 West 45th St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.—With some office experience; state salary wanted. Box 33, 206 East 34th.

STENOGRAPHER and bill clerk, experienced; permanent position, good salary. Ficks Reed Co., 535 East 79th St.

STENOGRAPHER, refined, experienced, good education, wanted at once; permanent; advancement. Room 62, 174 Fulton St.

STENOGRAPHER, accurate in taking notes, fair speed, in office; pleasant surroundings; salary $12. A 262 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in busy law office. K 233 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, experienced, for immediate employment. G 8 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; public work in hotel; $15 week. R 52 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR. — Young woman in factory office; state salary and experience. Box 33, 206 East 34th.

TABULATING MACHINE OPERATOR.
SALARY $2 A DAY.

Candidates must be at least 21 years of age, who can punch, sort, and tabulate cards of the Powers accounting machine, and assist with clerical work. Subjects and weights: Practical test, 5; experience, 3; arithmetic, 2. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Dec. 4, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

TEACHERS.—An exceptional opportunity for normal school or college trained women in high-class traveling position; must be 25 to 40 years of age, good personality, and able to demonstrate the fundamental principles of pedagogy; salary and commission; $1,500 to $2,500 per year. M. C. McReynolds, 347 5th Av., New York, Vanderbilt 4835, afternoons, 2 to 5.

TEACHER, competent, of Russian language; send applications and references to Export, care Box 2162, P. O.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—We desire a refined and courteous young lady; knowledge of typewriting preferred, but not essential; in reply state age, experience, religion, and salary expected. A 264 Times Downtown.

TOUCH TYPIST for entry clerk in large organization; hours, 5 P. M. to 12:30; $12 a week to start. Y 224 Times Annex.

TYPISTS.

Rapid, accurate typists wanted, with some business experience and knowledge of stenography preferred; salary, $12 to start; good opportunity for promotion to live workers. Apply Room 1860, 120 Broadway.

TYPISTS.—Large mail order house requires a number of typists; steady position; good opportunity for advancement; excellent chance for beginners. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

TYPISTS.—We need five typists who have had circularizing experience; pay is $9 a week, with chance to earn up to $13. Apply promptly to 130 West 32d St., sixth floor.

TYPIST.—Must be accurate and have knowledge of stenography; state salary and references. J 60 Times.

WAITRESS.—Wanted in tea room department. Rumble Health Food Co., 864 6th Av. Apply early.

WOMEN—We desire the services of four classes of women: 1, self-supporting; 2, main family support; 3, part earner of living expenses; 4, willing to help improve materially family conditions; ages 25 to 40; fair education, personality, talking ability; limited hours, 10 to 4; yearly earning capacity $1,000 to $2,500; state address, experience; appointment for interview will be granted by mail. P 888 Times Downtown granted by mail; commission basis. P 388 Times Downtown.

WOMAN wanted to interview prospective customers for high-class necessities; experience unnecessary, personality essential; commission basis. Call 11 to 1, Room 1405, 1,131 Broadway.

YOUNG GIRLS to inclose circulars; experience not necessary. Review of Reviews, 30 Irving Place.

Employment Agencies.

TYPISTS.—Experienced; $15 week. Apply early, Law Commercial Employment Agency, 261 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, $15, $12; beginners, steno.-bookkeepers, $18, $15, $14; law, $15; typists, $12; clerks. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau.

GOOD OPPORTUNITIES. — Stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, clerks, (statistical.) Investigate. Mighill Agency, Flatiron Bldg.

STENOGRAPHERS. — High class; excellent positions; law, export, commercial; typists. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

STENOGRAPHERS. — Numerous positions; register free, 10:30-4. Co-operative Agency, 25 Beaver.

EFFICIENCY BUREAU, INC., (Agency,) 30 East 42d.—Immediate openings; first-class positions.

F. X. Goggin Agency, 200 Broadway. Register free. Many superior office positions.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllab-ic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES. Instruction in day and evening classes. NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, Singer Building, New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING, PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT wanted, first-class, to take complete charge of bookkeeping department; only one with experience need apply. Mr. Rubel, Room 505, 13 Park Row.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS for hustling agency; live wires with active accounts and ability to get more; make advantageous commission connections. J 140 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS.—Experienced programs; references necessary; commission. Apply all week, 10 to 12 A. M., Mr. Pitel, 44 East 23d St., 4th floor.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR on high-grade women's magazine; salary and commission. Call between 9 and 10 A. M., Room 904, 25 West 45th St.

ASH HANDLERS wanted. Apply timekeeper's office, 405 East 43d St.

ASSISTANT TO CREDIT MAN.

Must have had department store experience; preferably as authorizer and desk clerk; good starting salary; opportunity for advancement. Call or write, stating experience and salary expected. Application confidential.

BLOOMINGDALE BROS.,
Lex. to 3d Av., 59th to 60th St.

BOOKKEEPER capable of taking charge of entire set of books and to act as assistant to auditor; state age, experience, and salary desired. P 332 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, to take full charge of large and busy office; good penman and accurate at figures; state age, nationality, citizenship, schooling, experience, references, and salary expected; apply in own handwriting; office closed Saturdays, open Sundays. J 150 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted, a first-class bookkeeper; must be thoroughly familiar with factory accounting. Apply, stating salary expected and references, to H. V., box 368, Yonkers, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, ineligible for draft, competent double entry, capable of handling 1,000 or more active accounts; must produce clean record for honesty, accuracy, and faithful service. K 235 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER on statements and customers' ledgers; exempt draft; salary $18. G 6 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent; sales ledgers; cashbook trial; balances; permanent. Babcock & Co., 116 West 14th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—In builders' office; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

BOYS.

Must be 16, for mail and messenger service; $7 to start; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th.

BOYS wanted; a large concern dealing in iron and steel products have several openings for boys between 16 and 19 years of age; excellent opportunity to learn the steel business and work up in old established house, experience unnecessary, but only boys with good school records considered; high school graduates preferred; state age, education, give references. J 391 Times Downtown.

BOYS—BOYS.
Office boys, over 16; bright, intelligent. SWIFT & CO., 32 10TH AV.

BOY not over 19 years to learn commercial photography; one who has had some experience in amateur photography preferred; good salary; quick advancement. Wyanoak Publishing Co., 136 West 52d St.

BOY.—OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; MUST BE WELL RECOMMENDED; EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE SALARY. ADDRESS R. S., 291 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY wanted in publisher's office for shipping and mailing department; salary to begin, $8 a week; state previous business experience, if any. Address Opportunity, Box 654, P. O., New York City.

BOY, high school or equivalent education preferred but not essential; splendid opportunity for advancement in large manufacturing concern; state age, salary, and education. Y 214 Times Annex.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE AND EDUCATION. K 217 TIMES DOWNTOWN

BOY.—Position with corporation offering excellent chance for advancement for boy with intelligence and ambition; initial salary $7 a week. Y 222 Times Annex.

BOY, 16 years old, general office work; good opportunity. Address, own handwriting, stating age, references; chemicals. R 228 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16 years, to run errands and do general office work, downtown commercial house; experience unnecessary, but must have good references. A 270 Times Downtown.

BOYS WANTED IN STOCK DEPARTMENT OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL 8 EAST 22D.

BOY—For office work, with large corporation; splendid opportunity for advancement. A 245 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted by wholesale woolen house; good opportunity for one who is bright and active. Address S 123 Times.

BOY as messenger in large organization; good chance to advance; $7 a week to start. Y 221 Times Annex.

BOY wanted, about 17 years; good writing, figuring; Christian firm; good opportunity; salary $8 to $10. R 216 Times Downtown.

BOY to learn advertising business; salary $7; fine chance for advancement. Apply Hoyt, 116 West 32d.

BURROUGHS ADDING MACHINE REPAIRMAN WANTED. CALL AT ONCE. JOHN E. RANSON, 30 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

BUYERS Wanted.—Two young men wanted, housefurnishings, toys, and rugs; drapery buyers for large popular price department store; must be live wires, and only experienced buyers or head assistants to a big house; furnishing or rug buyer will be considered; others need not apply; big opportunity; permanent positions to right men. Call today, Mr. Weisberger, Martinique Hotel.

BUYER, seller, and correspondent wanted by chemical works in their office; must have many years' experience in technical chemicals; give particulars, including salary and commission expected. John C. Wiarda & Co., 273 Green St., Brooklyn. Residence, 875 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

CARPENTER FOREMAN.—On new buildings; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

CLERK. — Sturdy young man to work in stock room large manufacturing organization; state age, experience, and salary received in last position. X 371 Times Annex.

CLERKS OF WORKS.—On new buildings; state experience, salary expected. F 190 Times.

CLOTHING MANUFACTURER.—A large concern in Chicago, manufacturers of clothing, has an opening for a Superintendent of manufacturing; applicant must combine a thorough technical knowledge and executive ability; must be progressive and thoroughly conversant with modern methods and labor problems; a position for a man of the highest class; state qualifications fully and salary expected. Y 231 Times Annex.

COLLECTORS.—We have two vacancies for installment collectors; salary $2.25 per day to start. If you want a permanent position with a good concern for advancement call between 10 and 12 A. M., 3 West 29th St., Room 501.

COLLEGE MEN wanted, or men who have equivalent of college education, for special financial work; this is no book proposition; we will train several such men in our business, paying them a salary and commission; we want only clean-cut, aggressive young fellows, who can furnish gilt-edged references; your letter of application must convince us that you measure up to our requirements. Chas. Young, 6 Wall St., New York.

COTTON BUYER.—Competent; one who knows European markets preferred; state full particulars, experience, and positions held. K 203 Times Downtown.

DESIGNERS AND DRAFTSMEN, FAMILIAR WITH REINFORCED CONCRETE AND STRUCURAL STEEL DESIGNS OF INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. ROOM 210, 217 BROADWAY. AUSTIN CO.

DIE MAKERS.—Several strictly high-grade die makers for special work; 48-hour week; high rates to good men; state age and experience by letter only. K 228 Times Downtown.

DRAUGHTSMEN.

HIGH-CLASS MEN EXPERIENCED IN THE DESIGNING AND DRAUGHTING OF SMALL MACHINES AND APPARATUS; STEADY POSITION AND EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT ALONG ENGINEERING LINES. CALL OR WRITE, WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., NEAR WEST ST., SIX BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH ST.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to productions of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. A. S. S., 136 Times.

DRAFTSMAN FOR SPECIAL MACHINE DESIGN; ALSO ONE FOR FIXTURES, PUNCHES, AND DIES; ONLY THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; STATE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 11, ELIZABETH, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRUG CLERK.—PHARMACEUTICAL FIRM NOW LOCATING IN NEW YORK REQUIRES A FEW YOUNG MEN TO ASSIST IN PHARMACEUTICAL LABORATORY; PERMANENT POSITION. CALL TUESDAY MORNING, 113 WEST 18TH ST., 4TH FLOOR. WM. R. WARNER &/CO.

EXPERIENCED CHINA PACKERS. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT, A. A. VANTINE & CO., INC., 5TH AV. AND 39TH ST.

FIRST-CLASS TOOL AND DIE MAKERS, TOOL DESIGNERS, AND GRINDER OPERATORS, EXPERIENCED ON TOOL WORK; GUARANTEE STEADY EMPLOYMENT; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 1395 COLUMBUS, OHIO.

HELP WANTED—Male.

FIREMEN wanted. Apply timekeeper's office, 405 East 43d St.

GAUGE MAKERS.
Men experienced in making and checking gauges. Apply West 95th St. dock.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, industrious and competent, for bulb blowing and stem making; right men can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $50 a week. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

JOURNEYMAN ELECTRICIANS WANTED. The Electrical Contractors Corporation. Waterbury, Conn.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT, (BACTERIOLOGICAL.)
SALARY $600.

Candidates must be at least 18 years of age, who have acquaintance with routine work of bacteriological laboratories and familiar with making of slides, preparation of vaccines, the preparation of media, and the care of various laboratory equipment; subjects and weights: duties, 6; experience, 4; applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, until Dec. 6, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT, (CHEMICAL.) SALARY $600.

Candidates at least 18 years of age, who have had acquaintance with the routine work of an assistant in a chemical laboratory; subjects and weights; duties, 6; experience, 4; applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Dec. 6, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

MAN, knowing bookkeeping and accounting, with executive ability, for export and import house; taking charge of branch accounts and preparing for South America; state full details, nationality, positions held, age, and salary. A 236 Times Downtown.

MAN and wife, competent to take entire charge of studio apartment house; wife must be good cook. Apply store, 64 East 34th St., from 9 to 10 A. M.

MASSEUR.
Young man of good appearance, some experience; must have or filed application for license; an opportunity for the right man. Call 9:30 A. M. Simon Health System, Room 701, 50 Broadway.

MATERIAL CLERKS.—On new buildings; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

MIDDLE-AGED MAN, American, familiar with handling of outgoing mail; steady position. Apply, own handwriting, A 256 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN WANTED.—SEVERAL DESIGNERS AND FIRST-CLASS DRAFTSMEN ON GENERAL MACHINERY, ROLLING MILL MACHINERY INCLUDED: NONE BUT EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE IN FULL, AND SALARY EXPECTED; ALSO GIVE REFERENCES. TREADWELL ENGINEERING CO., EASTON, PENN.

MEN.—Wanted, for guard duty, men with military or similar experience preferred, between the ages of 21 and 45, who can furnish highest references from employers; salary $75 per month to start; furnished quarters, fuel, and light free; men may transfer into production after three months satisfactory service on the guard. Write for application blank to H. H. Alcock, New England Westinghouse Co., Chicopee Falls, Mass.

MILLWRIGHT for light machinery wanted at once. F 193 Times.

MOTOR TRUCK SALESMAN; one with several years' experience and good record only considered; salary, expenses, and commission. Y 227 Times Annex.

NEWSMAN, experienced, with ability to condense facts for inside and reportorial work; state salary and qualifications to handle trade news. Address N. O., 274 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Must be quick and accurate at figures; salary $12; apply letter only, stating age, references, and how long and between what dates applicant was in each position. Heidelberg & Wolff Co., 644 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY wanted; bright young boy in large electrical contractor's office; exceptional opportunity to advance and learn the business. Reply, stating age, salary expected, R 56 Times.

OFFICE BOY wanted, age 16-17, for manufacturing concern. Address R 229 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN WANTED.
Bright, intelligent, wide-awake, well-posted young men of good personality, from 25-30 years old; must be able to furnish references; salary and commission. Phone Barclay 7315 for appointment; sales department.

SALESMEN.—We want men whose salesmanship ability will qualify them for promotion in the various branches of our organization; if you are a man of character and education and believe you can help us organize a productive and permanent sales force, call and see us; all possible co-operation given; commission basis. J. S. Thomas, 129 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESMEN.
Two high-class men wanted by company doing over $18,000,000 annually; our men making from $250 to $1,500 monthly; increasing, permanent income; salary, commissions, or both. Apply Mr. Hume, 111 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—A corporation unquestionably at the head in its particular field need capable men to carry out an aggressive Winter campaign; must be men of mature age, absolute integrity, and come well recommended; all possible co-operation given; leads and transportation furnished; drawing account against commission. E. K., 50 Times.

SALESMAN FOR LARGE, REPUTABLE HOUSE, MANUFACTURING EXTENSIVE LEATHER GOODS LINE; DESIRE REPRESENTATION FROM CHICAGO TO PACIFIC COAST; EXPERIENCED ONLY; COMMISSION BASIS; CONFIDENTIAL. J 137 TIMES.

SALESMEN.—Three sales managers or experienced salesmen to interview during evenings big men who have made inquiries; large earnings in commission; slight tutoring experience essential; state age, experience. R 57 Times.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, by an importing firm, an experienced salesman in Japanese and Chinese silk piece goods, to handle spot stocks and bring import orders; on commission basis only. Apply with full particulars to Box R 219 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Two experienced stock salesmen who can furnish references to sell stock of a dividend-paying oil company, managed by expert oil men and successful financiers; commission basis only; no advances. Apply Room 1415, 50 Broad St.

Salesmen wanted to carry about a dozen snappy numbers of children's dresses as a side line; only those acquainted with department store buyers considered; strictly commission basis of 10 per cent. H. J. Bloomer, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

SALESMEN.—We have an opening for three energetic men accustomed to earning big money; something absolutely new. Call 9 to 10:30 and after 2; commission. Room 707, 507 5th Av.

SALESMAN to represent cloth puttee legging concern; must have large following among wholesale and retail sporting goods firms; commission basis. J. Widder, 55 East 11th St.

SALESMEN.—To handle new nine-volume business man's encyclopedia in connection with System the Magazine of Business, on liberal commission. Call 15 Park Row.

SALESMAN.—A live wire man to handle a good article as a side line to hardware and department stores on commission. Answer J. A. Hoegger, 20 Hutton St., Jersey City.

SALESMAN.—Will pay high-class stock salesman good commission to sell stock in big paying manufacturing business. S 117 Times.

SALESMEN, high-powered, accustomed to earning $100 weekly; no books, no real estate; honest proposition; commission. Shapiro, 217 Broadway, Room 412.

SALESMAN.—Our advertising gets live leads; we offer excellent proposition to first-class closer; commission basis. Suite 1002, 45 West 34th St.

SALESMAN.—Experienced, selling corrugated boxes, salary and commission; apply between 12 and 1; Elliott Novelty Co., 153 Greene St.

SAMPLE CLERK EXPERIENCED IN WHITE GOODS HOUSE; A1 REFERENCES REQUIRED. S. H. KAHN & CO., 225 5TH AV.

SHIPPING CLERK in stock department of large hardware concern; one familiar with work in department of this character; salary $12 a week to start, with plenty of opportunity for advancement. Write, stating age, nationality, and experience, to L. E. B., P. O. Box 6, Station F, New York City.

SHOE BUYER
AND MANAGER
FOR A PROSPEROUS AND GROWING RETAIL SHOE STORE IN A SUBURB OF GREATER NEW YORK. THIS IS AN OPPORTUNITY FOR A MAN WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE AND CAN MEASURE UP TO REQUIREMENTS. NONE OTHER WILL BE CONSIDERED. SALARY AND PERCENTAGE OF PROFITS. THIS VACANCY IS TO BE FILLED AT ONCE. REPLIES TO BE CONSIDERED MUST STATE PREVIOUS POSITIONS AND REFERENCES, EXPERIENCE. Y 230 TIMES ANNEX.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Rheumatism sufferers showing visible signs of the effect of the malady apply to have photograph taken to Underwood & Underwood, 6 East 39th St.

ANY ONE knowing the address of Herman Zimmerman, chauffeur, formerly of Chicago, please communicate with X 327 Times Annex.

FRANK.—Telephone me at once. Virginia seriously sick. WILL.

HELP WANTED—Male.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, American, understanding Graham shorthand and double-entry bookkeeping; hours, 9-5:30; state experience, age, and salary expected; references required. G 5 Times.

STENOGRAPHER in a national bank; must be rapid, neat, careful, accurate, and willing; apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired. A 272 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, junior, about 18; we offer position with unusual development; write frankly about yourself. Automobile, J 148 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, preferably with real estate experience. Apply, stating age, salary, and experience. C. J. B., P. O. Box 822, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man, preferably with real estate experience. Apply, stating age, salary and experience. C. J. B., P. O. Box 822, N. Y. City.

STENOGRAPHER, with some tutoring experience, to develop into executive, with permanent career; moderate salary at start; state age, experience. R 58 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, 24 years of age; steady position. Hercules Powder Co., 86 Park Place, Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, young man; chance for advancement; $12. Call 47 Jay St.

STENOGRAPHER.—In builders' office; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

STOCK CLERK Wanted.—Experienced in silk house, one that can take complete charge of stock book, charging, and wait on inside customers. Pressman, 423 4th Av.

STOCK SALESMAN.—An exceptional Canadian proposition for a high-class salesman. Tel. Broad 5652 for appointment.

SUPERINTENDENTS.—To construct frame buildings; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

TABULATING MACHINE OPERATOR.
Salary $2.00 a day.

Candidates must be at least 21 years of age, who can punch, sort, and tabulate cards of the Powers accounting machine and assist with clerical work; subject and weights: practical test, 5; experience, 3; arithmetic, 2; applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Dec. 4, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

TEACHER, competent, of Russian language. Send applications and references to Export, P. O. Box 2,162.

TIMEKEEPERS.—In builders' office; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

TRACERS

with department store experience; good salary to those who qualify; wanted at Wanamaker's. Apply Bureau of Adjustment, Fourth Gallery, New Building.

TYPEWRITER REPAIR MAN on all makes; state salary, references; confidential. A 261 Times Downtown.

TYPIST and bill clerk, young man; must have had some bookkeeping experience; state age, references, salary expected; good opportunity for bright man. A 268 Times Downtown.

TOUCH TYPIST for entry clerk in large organization; hours, 5 P. M. to 12:30; $12 a week to start. Y 223 Times Annex.

UMBRELLA SALESMAN; ONE FAMILIAR WITH HIGH-CLASS TRADE; STATE EXPERIENCE, TERRITORY, AND SALARY EXPECTED; REPRESENTATIVE HOUSE; CORRESPONDENCE CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS W. R., 216 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WANTED—SALES MANAGER.
MATTHEWS BROTHERS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, MILWAUKEE., WIS., MANUFACTURERS OF INTERIOR WOOD FINISH, CABINET WORK, AND SPECIAL FURNITURE OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY, SEEK A CAPABLE SALES MANAGER.
APPLY BY LETTER, GIVING ESSENTIAL INFORMATION AS TO EXPERIENCE, PREVIOUS BUSINESS CONNECTIONS, REFERENCES, AND STATE COMPENSATION DESIRED.

YOUNG MAN, bright, 18 to 20 years of age, for clerical work; must be quick and accurate at figures, also good penman; excellent chance for advancement; salary to start $40 per month. Apply in own handwriting. K 237 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, exempt from draft, familiar with office work; good horse sense; good personality and pep necessary qualifications; mail only. G. S. M., 725 Broadway.

YOUNG MEN, (14 to 17.)—Light work; surroundings and opportunities exceptional; permanent; short hours, enabling evening schooling. P 254 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN in builder's office; state experience and salary expected. F 190 Times.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

C. P. HASSON, J. J. McLAUGHLIN.

WE NEED IMMEDIATELY SEVERAL EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANTS AND OFFICE MANAGERS, $1,800-$3,000; TWO COST ACCOUNTANTS, $2,600; A SALES CORRESPONDENT AT $2,400; AN ASSISTANT AT $1,400; TRAFFIC MANAGER, $2,000; SIX SALESMEN, $1,500-$1,800; AND A NUMBER OF EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPERS AT $1,300 TO $1,500. ALSO A GREAT MANY ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPERS AND CLERKS, SOME WITHOUT EXPERIENCE. CALL 9 TO 2.

F. X. Goggin Agency, 200 Broadway. Register free; electrical designers, engineers, inspectors, draftsmen, stenographers, ledger clerks, clerks, boys.

FINE immediate openings; accountants, bookkeepers, clerks, stenographers, miscellaneous others. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

LAW CLERKS, excellent positions, large law firms; $20, $10. Federal Agency, 309 Broadway.

HIGH-CLASS young men; excellent positions; bookkeepers, stenographers; immediate. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

Instruction.

MEN—AGE IS NO BARRIER.
Here is a professional trade that will raise you to a higher level in life. Agreeable work, excellent pay. Big demand for dental mechanics. We train you in a remarkably short time at practical work, individually; day or evening; no book study. Easy payments. Investigate! Write for free Booklet 50. Dentists' Laboratories School, 25 West 45th St. (Finest and most authoritative in America.)

MEN—EARN $25 to $75 A WEEK.

8 months' course	Easy payments
MECHANICAL	START ANY TIME
DENTISTRY	DAY OR NIGHT
No book study.	Write for Booklet 19.

BODEE School of Mechanical DENTISTRY, NEW YORK: (Est. 25 yrs.) BROOKLYN: 15 W. 44th St. 15-17 Flatbush Av.

EARN $25 to $100 a week as Motion Picture, Studio, Commercial Photographer. Easy, fascinating profession. Three months' course covers all branches. Day or evening classes, easy terms. New studios. Call or write for free booklet. N. Y. Inst. of Photography, (11-T,) 141 West 36th St., N. Y.

SALESMEN, city or travelling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them; hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1803-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARY course,
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY as Drugless Practitioners, both sexes; day and evening classes now forming; moderate tuition terms. Particulars on request. American Institute of Chiropractic, Suite 1022, 45 West 34th St., New York. Phone Greeley 1160.

BIG DEMAND—RADIO OPERATORS. Splendid profession; individual instruction; best radio course in city; write or call today for booklet. Radio School, [illegible] East 38th Street.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The War Department issued the following army orders today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Topmoeller, 1st Lt. W. J., to Ft. Riley for inst.
Booth, 1st Lt. G. B., to Camp Jackson.
Gosline, 1st Lt. H. I., to Univ. of Chicago for inst., then to his station.
Wiggin, Capt. R. C., and Schriver, 1st Lt. L. H., to their homes.
MacStevens, 1st Lt. A., to Camp Greene.
Wintsch, Capt. C. H., hon. discharged.
Curran, Capt. T. B., to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 1, N. Y. C., for temp. duty pending mobilization of Base Hosp. No. 116.
Sattler, 1st Lt. R. R., to Camp Dodge.
Scott, 1st Lt. G. D., hon. discharged.
Fitzgerald, 1st Lt. L. H., to Camp Sherman.
Sprague, Maj. J. T., to Camp Greene.
Douglas, 1st Lt. H. E., to Ft. Riley.
Nichols, 1st Lt. A., 3d., to Camp Devens.
Stookey, Capt. B. P., to duty in Base Hosp. at Camp Kearny.
Baldwin, 1st Lt. A. G.; Ings, 1st Lt. F. M., and Rumbaugh, 1st Lt. M. C., to Neuro-Surgical School, N. Y. C., for training.
Fuller, Capt. W.; Leighton, Major W. E., and Tinker, Major M. B., to neuro-surgical school for training in brain surgery.
Pfaff, Maj. O. G., hon. discharged.
Hohman, 1st Lt. L. B., previous orders revoked.
Wintsch, Capt. C. H., to home.
Bradford, 1st Lt. D. C., to Ft. Riley for inst.
Phipps, Capt. C., hon. discharged.
Prior, 1st Lt. L. H., to Camp Cody.
Rummels, Capt. S. C., to Camp Sherman.
De Costa, Capt. J. C., hon. discharged.
Low, 1st Lt. G. E., to Ft. Riley for inst.
Collins, Maj. J., to Camp Mills.
Fardelmann, 1st Lt. A. V. P., to Univ. Hosp., Phila. for inst., then to Camp Greene.
Faucett, 1st Lt. P. H., to Charity Hosp., New Orleans, for inst., then to Camp Bowie.
Walsh, 1st Lt. R. E., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst.
Stevens, Capt. C., to Camp McClellan.
Kuck, 1st Lt. E., and Styers, 1st Lt. R. P., to Ft. Riley.
Sheehan, 1st Lt. D. J., to Camp Greenleaf for inst.

Following appointed Captains in M. R. C.:

Banner, C. W.	Bateman, S. E.
Brown, C. E.	Campbell, E. A.
Cody, C. C., Jr.	Eaton, D. H.
Edgerly, E. T.	Eisenman, F. J.
Fowler, R. H.	Hamilton, R. G.
Holmes, T. G.	Kilpatrick, G. C.
La Croix, P. G.	Lander, J. H.
Leir, C. N. O.	Leopold, S.
Logan, H. L.	McKay, W. G.
McPheeters, J. D. L.	Meacham, W. C.
Moss, W. C.	Munson, C. L.
Murphy, G. S.	Newcomet, W. S.
Newton, R. S.	Norris, P.
Parker, R. B.	Perkins, L. J.
Stern, S.	Turner, K. B.
Truitt, R. C. P.	Wilson, R. S.
Wilkinson, J. C.	Gaffney, E. C.
Allen, R. A.	Atkinson, C.
Wynehen, H. O.	

Ordnance Reserve Corps.

Nowill, Capt. W. H., previous orders revoked.
Giebel, 2d Lt. R. L., and Carmichael, 1st Lt. D. A., will report to Chief of Ord.
Whitsitt, Capt. H. W., to Rock Island Arsenal.
Mainsinger, 1st Lt. H. O.; Marston, 1st Lt. E. J., and Elder, Maj. E. H., will report to Chief of Ord.
Washburn, 1st Lt. E. F., to Watertown Arsenal.
Beddingfield, 1st Lt. J. B., Charlotte, N. C., at the Mint Building.
Veblen, Capt. O., to Sandy Hook Proving Ground.
Lathbury, Maj. B. B., and Shapiro, 2d Lt L., will report to Chief of Ord.
Soderberg, 1st Lt. R. S., to Waterbury, Conn.
Steuart, 1st Lt. F. R.; Strand, Capt. C. A., and Swinburne, 1st Lt. J. G., will report to Chief of Ord.

Sanitary Corps.

Eldredge, 1st Lt. O. S., to Williamsport, Penn., for temp. duty at Lycoming Rubber Co., thence to his station.
Calver, 1st Lt. H. N., to Camp Funston.

Quartermaster Corps.

Finkenstaedt, 2d Lt. E. R., previous orders amended to read Finkenstaedt, 1st Lt. E. R.
Davidson, 1st Lt. J. C., and Oslin, 1st Lt. J. C., will report to Qm.Gen., with Mechanical Repair Shop Unit 303.
Spink, 2d Lt. E. F., to Camp Joseph E. Johnston.

Heizmann, 2d Lt. T., to Camp Meade, in command of Motor Truck Co. 63.

Following to Camp Devens as assts. to the Camp Qm.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Robertson, G. O.	Abbott, H. M.
Whiting, L. C.	Chant, F. H.
Longmoore, J. A.	Hill, F. W.
Gately, T. L.	Blanchard, A. B.
Edwards, E. C.	Sawyer, R. E.
Tenney, R. C.	Brown, W. E.
Cedarstrom, A. F. O.	Case, K. P.
Hamilton, R. M.	Donahue, F. A.
Van Duesen, C. K.	

Hoch, 2d Lt. W. H. to Cambridge, Mass., as asst. to Depot Qm.
Howland, 1st Lt. J. A., and Parish, 2d Lt. P. P., will report to Qm. Gen.

Following to New York, reporting to Depot Qm. as his assts.:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Rahielly, D. A.	Darragh, A. D.
Boling, N. W.	Hull, R. E.
Guy, A. S.	Endicott, J. G.
Lightner, M. C.	Van Home, F. M.
Guillemet, E. A.	

Signal Reserve Corps.

Place, 1st Lt. F., will report to Chief Sig. Off.
Gibson, 1st Lt. A. E., to Garden City.
Kemp, 1st Lt. P. G., and Marcus, 1st Lt. H., will report to C. O. Chanute Field.
Rice, Maj. C. A., to Garden City.
Pinter, 1st Lt. J. H., to New York with 413th Telegraph Bat.
Uppington, Capt. C. D., to Love Field.
Gibbons, 1st Lt. J. T., to Eastern Dept.
Shelby, 1st Lt. R. D., and Warde, 1st Lt. H. A., to Garden City.

Following assigned to active duty and will report to C.O.Army Balloon School:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Doman, O.	Ryan, H. W.
Keefe, R. J.	Yeager, E. A.
Phillips, E. P.	Zipf, J. H.

Jacobs, 1st Lt. O. B., to New York, reporting to Dept. Sig. Off., Army Bldg.
Merrick, 1st Lt. J. F., announced as on duty requiring regular and frequent aerial flights.
Dickman, 1st Lt. F. A., and Murphy, 1st Lt. F. M., to make regular and frequent aerial flights.
Murray, 2d Lt. F. B., to Garden City.
Halle, 1st Lt. S. J., will report to Chief Sig. Off.
Wilson, 1st Lt. T. A., will report to Chief Sig. Off.
McCloskey, 2d Lt. E. K., to New York, reporting to Dept. Sig. Off., Army Bldg., for duty with 413th Tel. Bat.
Cobb, Capt. C. W., and Mayer, Capt. C., Jr., will report to Chief Sig. Off.
Bixler, 2d Lt. D. S., to New York for duty with 413th Tel. Bat.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

Snow, 1st Lt. F. J., to Camp Grant with 35th Engs.
Hodges, 2d Lt. M. B., assigned to 315th Engs.
Hays, Capt. D. S., to Washington, reporting to officer in charge Gen. Eng. Depot.
King, Capt. C. F., to Camp Grant with 35th Eng., (railway.)

Miscellaneous.

Lockwood, Maj. C. D., Amb. Ser., to duty with Base Hosp. No. 34.
Matthews, Maj. H. T., C. A. C., temp. promoted to be a Lt. Col.
Murray, 1st Lt. W. S., Corps of Int., to Camp Mills.
Westervelt, Col. W. L. F. A., assigned to 71st Div.
Milke, Temp. 2d Lt. J., physically disqualified.
Wulsin, 1st Lt. F. R., Corps of Int., to Camp Mills.
Noyes, 1st Lt. N., Corps of Int., will report to Chief, Army War College Div., office of Chief of Staff.
Crane, Capt. D. H., Qm. R. C., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Dykman, Maj. J. A., Judge Adv. Gens. R. C., will report to Cmdg. Gen., Eastern Dept., in office of Dept. Judge Advocate.
Crawford, Capt. H. W.; Finney, 1st Lt. R. A., and Dinglestadt, 2d Lt. O. E., Kan.; they will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Camp Doniphan.
Decker, 1st Lt. P. W., promoted to Captain, N. Y. N. G., and assigned to Camp Wadsworth.
Butka, 1st Lt. L. J., Hull, F. M., and Smart, 1st Lt. E. P., Cal. N. G., to Camp Kearny.
Harris, Maj. E. T., Adjt. Gen., Neb. N. G., to Camp Cody.
Gilchrist, 1st Lt. W. R., Neb. N. G., to Camp Cody.
Levertue, 1st Lt. J., and Cheney, 2d Lt. T. P., C. A. C., N. H. N. G., will report to Cmdg. Gen. Northeastern Dept.
Ransler, 2d Lt. N., F. A., N. Y. N. G., to Camp Wadsworth.
Davis, 1st Lt. J. H., and Flanagan, 1st Lt. C. A., Dent. R. C., to Camp Kearny.
Fechet, Lt. Col. J. E., Sig.C., will make regular and frequent flights.
Tucker, 2d Lt. G. A., to the Philippines.
Hastings, Cont. Surg. W. E., and Gifford, Cont. Surg. H. S., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Resignations.

Flack, 2d Lt. L. B., 138th Machine Gun Bat., N. Y. N.G.
Adam, 2d Lt. G. J., 120th Machine Gun Bat., Mich. N. G.
Hoagland, Temp. 2d Lt. E., Cav.
Wollmuth, Capt. R. O., Qm.R.C.
Durrant, 1st Lt. R., 108th Inft., N. Y. N.G.
Davis, Capt. G. R., 314th Inft.

Leaves.

Paterson, Maj. W., F.A., 7 days.
Haraway, Maj. R. M., M.C., 8 days.
Clark, Col. E. W., 364th Inft., 6 months.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes, send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

QUALIFY AS INSPECTORS, construction superintendents; free night course. Apply 7:30, Harlem Trade School, 138th and 5th.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Manufacturing business, whose product is in great demand, due to governmental pressure; stock is largely held by actual users of its product. The active head of the business has been called to camp, and his family, holding a majority of the stock and realizing the necessity of interesting some one to take over the active management of the business, will sell the controlling interest at a great sacrifice; investigate thoroughly. S 116 Times.

For reasons other than business I offer for sale my one-half interest in a going chemical manufacturing company works located near New York City; now manufacturing a product in great demand; output sold for weeks in advance at excellent profit; partner is a fine chemist, with a number of other products in process; selling facilities and working capital provided for. Every opportunity given for fullest investigation; references given and required. Y 226 Times Annex.

BIG PLANT
for sale of 100 machines in the heart of the manufacturing district; snowroom and all fixtures suitable for dress or waist manufacturer; must take over lease; immediate possession. Address by mail only, B. B., 133 E. 17th St.

PARTNER WANTED WITH $30,000 to export tractors and plows to Peru, South America. I have orders for 20 tractors and plows, on which can make net profit of $10,000. Address F. McCann, Room 748, Hotel Martinique.

HOG RANCH, 240 acres, Selden, L. I.; absolutely safe investment that will more than double in value. Fisk, 140 Nassau, New York.

National mail-order list, 11,000 women's names, for sale; high grade. Room 607A, 95 Madison Av., New York.

Complete cloak factory; also showroom and office fixtures; very low price. Fred Hall Corp., 28 West 27th St.

Manufacturer's representative is open for two or three good connections. H. C., 111 Times.

ENGINEER wishes to hear from party able to finance plant to manufacture surgical instruments, &c. Big profits. S 102 Times.

South American representative desires connections with live concerns. M. R., 106 Times.

Fac-simile letter business, modern equipment; net profits $3,500 year. P 18 Times.

Beautiful $750 Steinway upright for $300; perfect condition. Brown, 175 East 82d St.

Business Notices.

DEAFNESS.—Those wishing to know about the Anderfone, which improves hearing marvelously, may obtain information by writing or calling Anderson Electric Corporation, 145 West 36th St., 1E, New York.

FOR SALE.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

IMPORTED RUG.
For Sale.—Meshed 15 ft. 2 in. by 10 ft. 1 in. Can be seen in Room 206, 1,737 Broadway, corner 55th St.

FIRST-CLASS fancy work at once, for Christmas sale. Robinson, 7 Euclid Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio.

12 Robins & Myers individual motors and motor stands for sale, cheap; A1 condition. Mark Perlman, 25 West 31st.

Highest prices paid, men's discarded clothing, shoes. Solomon's, 1,173 2d Av.; 6445 Plaza.

Purchase and Exchange.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, for cash; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 Broadway.

Typewriters.

BRAND-NEW, LATEST MODEL OLIVER 9, $49.
Fully guaranteed, standard keyboard, exactly the same machine used by largest industries, direct from factory; former price $100. Before getting even a second-hand, rebuilt or rental machine investigate latest Oliver plan to save $51; easy payments if you wish. Telephone or call Oliver Typewriter. Mr. Price, 310 Broadway. Worth 1780-1-2-3-4.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Nonvisible, 3 months, $5; visible, 3 months, $7.50. Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
339 Broadway, at Worth St. | TEL.
80 E. 23d St., opp Madison Av. | 5408
149 W. 42d St., at Times Sq. | FRANKLIN.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
3 months, $5; non-visibles.
3 months, $7.50; visibles.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
[illegible]

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, to take effect 8 A. M., Nov. 27: Patrol.—From precincts indicated to 6th: D. V. Lambert, 1; C. F. Charlton, 1; J. B. Jensen, 7; J. E. Hahn, 7; H. A. Erickson, 7; F. B. Cannon, 7. From precincts indicated to 16: A. A. Dooley, 5; C. Blaisch, 13; E. P. McGuire, 15; J. P. Clausen, 15; D. Buckley, 15; H. Hepner, 17. From 17 to 14: P. O'Connor, J. W. Nickerson, S. J. Thompson. From precincts indicated to C. O. Squad, to be carried on special war payroll: L. J. Bennett, 14; J. P. Dowling, 16; W. F. Spengler, 18; W. C. Schwartz, 22.

Temporary assignments: Borough Inspector John O'Brien, Manhattan and Bronx, to command Borough of Richmond and Training School, in addition to his other duties, for 7 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; Inspector J. F. Dwyer, 2d Insp. Dist., to command 1st Insp. Dist., in addition to his own, for 6 days, from 12:01 A. M., Dec. 26; Surgeon G. F. Boehme, 4th Surg. Dist., in charge of 7th Surg. Dist., in addition to his own, for 4 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; Patrol. Louis Fitzgerald, 26; W. D. Beulah, 37, and J. J. McKenna, 61, to 6th Insp. Dist. for 30 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 30. To 3d Insp. Dist. from precincts indicated for 30 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 28: A. Cassidy, 14; R. Enright, 26; J. McCormack, 37; T. Callan, 39; W. H. Cowley, 17; W. Wust, 31; P. Regan, 38; T. Horgan, 39.

Leave of absence to take effect on date of entrance into military service: Patrol. L. J. Bennett, 14th.

Leaves of absence, with full pay: Borough Inspector C. F. Cahalane, Borough of Richmond and Training School, for 7 days from 8 A. M., Nov. 29, to be deducted from vacation; Inspector T. J. Kelly, 1st Insp. Dist., for 6 days from 12:01 A. M., Dec. 26, balance of vacation; Surgeon F. J. Murray, 7th Surg. Dist., for 4 days from 8 A. M., Nov. 29, balance of vacation. Without pay: Patrol. D. J. McArdle, 29, for 1 day from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; F. A. Sass, 35, for 1 day from 12:01 A. M., Dec. 16.

Fire Department.

Owing to the difficulty of obtaining coal, particularly in various sections of the city, buckwheat coal will be furnished. In order that there be no confusion in making out fuel reports, company commanders shall write in "buckwheat" over some unused coal columns on the fuel report and carry the record thereunder while this coal lasts. It is not expected, of course, that buckwheat will equal egg in all respects. For this reason 125 pounds of buckwheat will be considered equal to 90 pounds of egg coal. In round figures, five gross tons of buckwheat, 11,200 pounds, will be considered equal to 8,100 pounds of egg.

Advancements in grade, to take effect at 8 A. M., Dec. 24, 4th to 3d grade: Jos. M. A. Denison, Eng. 3; John P. Hill, Eng. 13; Timothy J. Gannon, Eng. 23; William E. Schilling, Eng. 31; Patrick Donovan, Eng. 33; Michael Lavin, Eng. 35; Henry C. Laboda, Eng. 65; Robert A. Tierney, Eng. 72; Geo. W. Sandberg, Eng. 226; James J. Lally, H. & L. 2; Edward P. Yockers, H. & L. 5; Henry J. Straube, H. & L. 21; Thomas A. Fitzpatrick, H. & L. 35; George P. Fowler, H. & L. 40; Louis J. Ledogar, H. & L. 44; Harrison G. Flegel, H. & L. 120.

Revocation of suspensions, to take effect 8 A. M., Nov. 28: Fireman, 1st grade, John J. Quirk, Eng. 205; fireman, 1st grade, Charles A. Bross, H. & L. 49.

Retired: Pilot Robert M. Herber of Eng. 66, on an annual pension of $750, to take effect 8 A. M., Dec. 1, 1917.

Special leaves of absence: J. A. Molloy, Eng. Co. 4, for 24 hours, from 8 A. M., Nov. 27; fireman, 1st grade, J. F. Kelly, H. & L. Co. 9, for 24 hours, from 8 A. M., Nov. 28; fireman, 4th grade, J. P. Nevin, Engine Co. 216, for 12 hours, from 8 P. M., Nov. 28.

Estates Appraised.

FALK, MILTON J., (Nov. 20, 1916;) total assets, $195,184; beneficiaries: His wife, Amy Plaut Falk, $50,898; sisters, Sophie Gershel and Julia F. Falk, each receive one-half the income for life from $100,000. The survivor to have all; sister-in-law, Constance Plaut, $10,000. Assets: Personal, $107,781, third interest in G. Falk and Brother, tobacco leaf, $87,027.

HEIDGERD, ANNA M. W., (April 7, 1917;) total assets $67,557. Beneficiaries: Husband, John H. Heidgerd, $22,171; sons, Gustav H., Hugo D., Herman W., and daughter, Hermine A. Heidgerd, $10,827 each. Assets: Real estate, $14,000; cash, $15,142; personal, $38,415.

MILLARD, GEORGE H., (April 9, 1917;) total assets, $134,772; the chief deduction being $31,629, due to William C. Sheldon and co-stock brokers. The entire estate goes to his daughter, Ethel Grace, of Warrenton, Va. Assets: Real estate in Delhi, Delaware County, [illegible]; personal, [illegible]; stock and bonds, [illegible].

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Pressure is generally higher, decidedly so east of the Mississippi River, although there was a considerable fall during Monday in the upper Mississippi Valley, resulting in quite general, though light, snows and rains in the Missouri and upper Mississippi Valleys and Indiana.

Light scattered snows also fell in New York and Northern New England, the Northwestern States, and Wyoming. Elsewhere the weather was fair.

Low temperatures continue over the Eastern half of the country, while over the Western half they are as a rule slightly above the seasonal average.

Snow or rain will fall Tuesday from Tennessee northward and northeastward, continuing Wednesday in the Eastern lower lake region and extending into New England, the Middle Atlantic States, and North Carolina.

The weather will be fair Tuesday in the Atlantic and East Gulf States and on Wednesday in the upper lake region, the Ohio Valley, and the South.

It will be somewhat warmer Tuesday in the lake region, the upper Ohio Valley, and the South Atlantic States, and warmer Wednesday in the Middle Atlantic States and New England.

Winds for Tuesday and Wednesday along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh north with fair weather; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate north and northeast, fair; South Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast, fair.

FORECASTS TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Fair, continued cold Tuesday. Wednesday, cloudy and somewhat warmer; probably snow.

New Jersey — Fair Tuesday. Wednesday, snow or rain and somewhat warmer.

Western New York—Increasing cloudiness Tuesday, followed by snow; warmer in the west portion. Wednesday, local snows.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair, continued cold Tuesday. Wednesday, snow or rain and somewhat warmer.

Northern New England — Fair, continued cold Tuesday. Wednesday, cloudy, probably snow in New Hampshire and Vermont; slightly warmer.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	26	21	4 P. M.	36	[illegible]
6 A. M.	25	22	6 P. M.	33	[illegible]
9 A. M.	27	25	9 P. M.	34	[illegible]
12 M.	34	30	11 P. M.	34	[illegible]

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 26; for the corresponding date last year it was 30; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 40. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 23; at 8 P. M. it was 23. Maximum temperature, 31 degrees at 2:15 P. M.; minimum, 20 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity, [illegible] per cent. at 8 A. M.; 47 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.40 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.55 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:55 | Sun sets..4:31 | Moon sets..5:[illegible]

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:01	6:31	12:00	12:36
Governors Island	6:32	6:59	12:18	1:05
Hell Gate	8:55	8:13	2:34	3:25

Official Shipping List.

Arrival of vessels from foreign countries at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports in the forty-eight hours ending Nov. 25:

STEAMSHIPS.

America, (Am.)	Northland, (Am.)
Algorteno, (Sp.)	Norman Bridge, (Am.)
Bayway, Am.)	Noruega, (Nor.)
Benarty, (Br.)	Nordanger, (Nor.)
British Sovereign, (Br.)	Northumberland, (Br.)
Belos, (Swed.)	Novian, (Br.)
City of Vienna, (Br.)	Olean, (Am.)
Carrillo, (Am.)	Pannonia, (Br.)
Carolina, (Am.)	Pytheas, (Nor.)
Eurain, (Br.)	Palmont, (Br.)
Earl Grey, (Br.)	Port Alban, (Br.)
Eleni Stathatus, (Gr.)	Polish Monarch, (Br.)
Euriades, (Br.)	Peninsular, (Port.)
Florizel, (Br.)	Pleate, (Gr.)
Frieda.	Rosr, (Nor.)
Falls City, (Br.)	Rochambeau, (Fr.)
Glenpool, (Am.)	Rancagua, (Chil.)
Gulfaxe, (Dan.)	Ricardo A. Mestres, (Br.)
Geronimo, (Sp.)	San Silvestre, (Br.)
Gulflight, (Am.)	St. Paul, (Am.)
Havur, (Nor.)	Serrire, (Braz.)
Henry Tegner, (Den.)	Sclarino, (Am.)
Harold Walker, (Am.)	San Mateo, (Am.)
Harold, (Nor.)	St. Dede, (Br.)
Keewatin, (Nic.)	Suerssa, (Am.)
L P Holmblad, (Dan.)	Santicello, (Br.)
Lexington, (Am.)	Sarmatia, (Dan.)
Labicum, (Br.)	Sandefjord, (Nor.)
Lime Branch, (Br.)	Trecarne, (Br.)
Lanagua, (Nic.)	Tyler, (Am.)
Mahoning, (Am.)	Tordenskjold, (Nor.)
Medlan, (Br.)	Vancalia, (Br.)
Medocino, (Br.)	Vestnorge, (Nor.)
Mount Vernon, (Nor.)	Yarmouth, (Br.)
Moyune, (Br.)	
Massasoit, (Br.)	

SAILING VESSELS.

W. S. M. Bentley, (Br.)	Pendleton Sisters, (Am.)
Ariadne, (Br.)	Percival Parks, (Am.)
Owse, (Br.)	Rostellan, (Am.)
General Gordon, (Nor.)	Richard Linthicum, (Am.)
Judique, (Am.)	Esther Ann, (Am.)
Kenwood, (Am.)	

Fire Record.

A.M.	Loss.
1:45—15-17 W. 44 St.; Vogue Hat Co.	Slight
1:05—Tibbett Av. & 245 St.; not given.	None
2:00—E. Riv. & 12 St.; Booker Contracting Co.	Slight
6:40—Jerome Av. & 162 St.; Battery Construction Co.	Slight
7:10—110 W. 38 St.; Dailey Brothers.	Not given
8:35—1,239 Beach Av.; Henry Schmidt.	[illegible]
8:55—12 White St.; F. Dupense	Slight
10:40—46 Manhattan St.; Mrs. Howell.	Slight
10:40—150 W. 74 St.; Henry Baton	$10
10:40—13-15 W. 28 St.; I. Miller & Co.	$2,500
P.M.	
1:15—232 E. 103 St.; Emma Kahn	Slight
2:10—165 Lafayette St.; J. A. Weeks.	Slight
3:20—1,570 Madison Av.; J. Mascato.	Slight
3:35—104 Bedford St.; J. Mallinazi.	Slight
3:55—560 Boston Road; Margaret Guthrie	Slight
5:00—49 W. 125 St.; E. Joyce	Slight
5:05—56 W. 86 St.; C. Moran	Slight
5.15—697 Greenwich St.; Louis Hat Co. and others	$75,000
6:00—328 W. 23 St.; Mary Destion	Slight
6:10—934 Longwood Av.; J. Rosenzweig.	Slight
6:55—2,263 7 Av.; J. Schmeittachep	Slight
7:05—211 W. 148 St.; E. Aldrize	$5,000
7:30—Queensboro Bridge, (auto;) Roulston & Beckert	$5,000
7:55—3 to 5 164 St.; Interb. R. R.	Slight
8:40—135 W. 100th St.; Max Shreiner.	Slight
9:25—2,027 2 Av.; A. Spralt	Slight
10:50—Boston Road & Burke St., (shed;) Henry Becker	Not given

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications will be received until 4 P. M. on Dec. 6, for laboratory assistant, male and female. The subjects and weights of the examination are: Duties, 6; experience, 4. A qualifying physical examination will be given. Candidates must be at least 18 years of age on or before the closing day for the receipt of applications. The annual salary is $600 a year. Vacancies occur frequently in the Health Department.

United States.

The commission announces an examination for schedule clerk, for men and women. Vacancies in the office of the Chief of Ordnance, War Department, at $1,400 to $1,600 a year, will be filled from this examination. The duties of this position consist of making graphical charts of production and other records. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education and experience. Applicants must have graduated from a high school of recognized standing or have had four full years of study in a school offering a course equivalent to that of a high school, and have been employed for at least three months in manufacturing plants or elsewhere in keeping graphical schedules. They must have reached their twenty-first birthday on the date of making oath to the application. Until further notice, and on account of the urgent needs of the service, applications will be received at any time. Paper will be rated promptly and certification made as the needs of the service require. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

Education Notes.

The Morris Evening High School Alumni will give an entertainment and dance on Dec. 1, at Hunt's Palace, 163d Street and Southern Boulevard, the Bronx.

A Thanksgiving dance will be held by Evening Community Centre, P. S. 158, Avenue A and Seventy-first Street, on the evening of Nov. 28.

The Board of Superintendents has granted thus far this term the two-year leave of absence for maternity to eighty-five women teachers.

The National Security League has requested that the Board of Education put into the school curriculum the facts of why we are at war and the duty of every American to support it.

The Committee on Studies is considering whether to drop the study of German in the grammar and high schools for the period of the war.

A service flag, bearing the stars for the former pupils of P. S. 5, who are in the service, will be unfurled at 9:30 A. M. today.

Circular letters have been sent to persons on the [illegible] eligible list notifying them of vacancies to be filled on Dec. [illegible]

TELLS NEW OFFICERS TO BE CONSIDERATE

Colonel Wolf Warns Plattsburg Graduates That Otherwise They Will Demoralize Army.

SECOND CAMP BREAKS UP

Only 5 Per Cent. of the 2,743 Men Enrolled Failed to Win Commissions.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Nov. 26.—The second Plattsburg training camp is a thing of the past, the graduates finally being set down on the official records as being 95 per cent. of the camp strength of 2,743 men. About 200 of the former student soldiers were left here tonight after the last special pulled out at the camp siding at 9 o'clock, and Plattsburg now falls back into its four months of Winter quietude. To celebrate the event the Cole Gas and Electric Company put the city in darkness until after 10 o'clock, destroying what business the lunch rooms, hotels, and shops might have done. This was not on the schedule, but was due to an accident in the power house.

It was a busy morning at the camp, the Quartermaster, with all his assistants, paying off the students for the month of November, and at 11 o'clock the men were assembled at the camp theatre, where they were addressed by Colonel Wolf, commander of the camp. At the end of his talk representatives from each company and battery were called to the stage and received the parchment certificates of ranks for the men.

This graduation exercise lasted only three-quarters of an hour. Colonel Wolf in his address laid particular stress upon the fact that the graduates must not be carried away by the fact that they were to wear the insignia of an officer, but to retain that Plattsburg courtesy which they have been taught.

"And when you go among the men of the national army," he continued, "the men who are giving their lives for the protection of the country and the upholding of democracy, you must remember that these men come from all walks of life, and that they are human, just as you and I, and must be treated as humans, and on that point I have not the least doubt that you men of education and the training given here will understand that unless they are treated as humans you start a demoralization at once.

"I have personally talked with almost every man who is to be given a commission at the conclusion of my remarks, and I have sized each individual closely and have not the least doubt that the human feeling side of this great war undertaking is impressed in the breast of every man now holding rank. But before closing I want to repeat a few lines from an address made by the late Major Gen. John M. Scofield to the United States Corps of Cadets on Aug. 11, 1879. He said the discipline which makes the soldier of a free country reliable in battle is not to be gained by harsh or tyrannical treatment. On the contrary such treatment is far more likely to destroy than to make an army. Just remember that, please.

"I want officers to say of you 'That man must be from Plattsburg—he is so correct, so soldierly, so respectful of his superior officers.' Here you have been so careful as candidates to observe military courtesy. Carry this with you everywhere. When you go on duty with your companies, don't be stiff-necked and harsh with your men. Keep the fact that they are human in mind. Be sympathetic, be adviser, as well as leader.

"Study each man and try and get his point of view. Gain his confidence and respect, so that at the supreme moment he will not fail you. Don't stand on your dignity. Be natural; never bluff. Don't fear familiarity. There will be line enough between you and enlisted men—you, because of your superior education, your military assets. If you cannot get team work with your men you will not be a military success. Always keep in mind the Plattsburg spirit. There is nothing like it."

The headquarters staff announced tonight that there would be no more names of commissioned men given out here. All names of men who are not on the discharged list, and who have not appeared in the list issued here, are on record in the office of the Adjutant General at Washington, and these men will hear from that department within ten days of the rank given and their assignment.

James W. Burrows, whose name did not appear in the list issued Saturday, notifies THE TIMES that he has been commissioned a First Lieutenant of Infantry in the National Army and assigned to duty at Camp Devens.

PRESIDENT AT FORT MYER.

Reviews and Inspects the 940 Graduates of the Training Camp.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—President Wilson reviewed and inspected the 940 successful candidates at the officers' training camp at Fort Myer today, and Secretary Baker told them of the hopes officials and the country are building on their ability to help train the national army.

Mr. Baker said he wanted the American Army not only to bring back victory, but to leave in Europe memories of American chivalry and high moral standards. Just before Secretary Baker delivered the diplomas the new officers sang several songs which have become popular since the United States entered the war.

SENATORS WANT WAR ON AUSTRIA

Continued from Page 1.

ingly advisable and would greatly simplify the situation.

"I have understood that some, if not a large number, of Austrian troops have been on the western front. They may now, or soon, be actually fighting against the American forces, the two forces firing at each other. Anyway, the Austrians are desperately engaged with Italy, which is one of our allies just as much as France or England."

Reasons for Speedy Action.

No authoritative statement has come from the Government as to its position on the question of making war on Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria, and Turkey. War Department officials are said to be preparing estimates for possible hostilities against those countries, and there is a widespread feeling that the situation of the United States would be simplified if a state of war betwen this Government and the remaining Central Powers were declared. It is felt that the operations of Austrian submarines against American merchant vessels, the use of Austrian ports by German submarines which menace American ships, and the employment of German troops to assist Austria in the Italian campaign would justify the step. It would also enable this Government to take measures against Austrian, Bulgarian, and Turkish spies and dynamiters in the United States.

Nevertheless some persons contend that it would be a mistake to engage in hostilities with Austria-Hungary. They argue that Austria is the weak sister of the Central Powers combination. Her people are weary of war, and her new Emperor and his Government, it is believed, would seek peace now if they were not afraid of the vengeance of Germany. Therefore, it is contended, it would be well for the United States to refrain from war with Austria in order to be free to act as mediator in any negotiations on Austria's initiative for an ending of hostilities with Great Britain, France, Italy, and Russia.

Despite this view, however, the general impression here is that a state of war between the United States and Germany's allies will be declared by the next Congress at the instance of President Wilson.

ORDER INQUIRY INTO SINKING

State Department Anxious to Know If Austrians Sank the Schuylkill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Instructions have been sent by the State Department to the American Consul at a Mediterranean port to investigate the sinking by a submarine of undetermined nationality of the American steamer Schuylkill last week. Advices to the Navy Department stated that forty members of the Schuylkill's crew had been landed.

Administration officials are anxious to determine whether the submarine was Austrian or German. Advices received by the State Department say that there was a black and white spiral mark on its periscope.

It is altogether probable that if the evidence shows the Schuylkill was sunk by an Austrian submarine, it will be utilized as another count in the indictment to be made against Austria when Congress is urged, as it will be next week, to declare war on Austria-Hungary.

It is argued here that it is not necessary to complete the evidence in the Schuylkill case in order to strengthen this Government's indictment against Austria-Hungary, and that there was sufficient evidence to warrant a declaration of war against Austria last April when diplomatic relations with that nation were severed. An Austrian submarine, on Nov. 7, 1915, sank the Italian liner Ancona in the Mediterranean without warning and with severe loss of life.

On Dec. 6 following, the United States called the Austrian Government's attention to the fact that that Government had been advised, through the correspondence between the United States and Germany, of the attitude of this Government as to the use of submarines in attacking vessels of commerce.

The Austrian Government was then warned that despite this knowledge the commander of the submarine flying the Austro-Hungarian flag which attacked the Ancona failed to provide for the safety of the crew and passengers of the vessel. Austria was warned that the United States considered this submarine commander's act a violation of international law principles, and the code of humanity, and we demanded an apology, the punishment of the commander, and guarantees as to the future.

Relations between the United States and Austria were very much strained by the Ancona case, and it was not until Dec. 31, 1915, that they were eased by Count Burian's reply, in which Austria offered compliance with our demands. Germany at that time did not want a break with the United States and used influence at Vienna in favor of a conciliatory answer.

Early in 1916, when Germany threw her solemn pledges in the Sussex and Lusitania cases to the winds, notifying the world that she intended to sink any ships that entered the barred zones, Austria did likewise. Under date of Jan. 31, 1917, Austria delivered a note to the United States, as to other neutral powers, declaring almost the same submarine danger zone as was delared by Germany. This notification was received on the same day that Count Tarnowski arrived in Washington.

It was explained to Count Tarnowski that the United States Government could not possibly receive an Ambassador from Austria and at the same time dismiss the German Ambassador, unless the Austro-Hungarian Government could recede from the position taken in its submarine note. Count Tarnowski was not accepted as Ambassador from Austria-Hungary, and a delicate situation between this country and the Vienna Government drifted until April 9, when the Austrian Chargé d'Affaires here, Baron Zwiedinek, called at the State Department and stated that he had received instructions to the effect that his Government had severed relations with the United States.

The Vienna Government based its action on the fact that the United States had declared war on Germany. We had been advised previously by Ambassador Penfield that, on April 1, he had been informed by the Austrian Minister for Foreign Affairs that Austria would break relations with the United States if we declared war against Germany.

The Austrian Government gave the United States the same solemn pledges that Germany did with respect to submarine warfare. This pledge was given in the Ancona case. It was broken Jan. 31, 1917, when Austria declared the same submarine danger zone as Germany.

ROOSEVELT EXTOLS CANADIANS IN WAR

Greeted by Cheering Crowds at Toronto, Where He Speaks for Victory Loan.

DOUBTS VALUE OF TREATIES

Colonel Mistrusts the Pledges of Some Nations—Advocates Universal Service.

TORONTO, Ontario, Nov. 26.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt received a tremendous ovation here tonight when he spoke in support of Canada's Victory Loan. Thousands of Canadians, waving Union Jacks and American flags, filled the hall, and when Colonel Roosevelt appeared on the platform the crowd arose and sang "The Star-Spangled Banner" and "God Save the King."

"Colonel Roosevelt," declared Sir Thomas White, the Chairman, "has been of incalculable service in mobilizing the moral forces of the world against Germany and its iniquities. We welcome him as a statesman, a gallant soldier, as a humanitarian, and, above all, as a man, for he is every inch a man."

Praises British Colonies.

"In all its great history," Colonel Roosevelt said, "the British Empire has accomplished no task quite as great, and none fraught with more lasting benefit to her own people, and to the cause of orderly liberty throughout the world, than the task of the last three and a quarter years. In doing this task, a part of extraordinary significance has been played by the free overseas commonwealths of the empire: by Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and the Ocean Islands.

"I speak the literal truth when I say that what has been accomplished by you Canadians and by your brothers of the continents and islands which lie under the Southern Cross, is without a parallel in history. You and they have sent your stalwart sons in hundreds of thousands across the vast oceans, down beyond the rim of the world, to fight on fields of ancient fame which their deeds have rendered still more famous.

"This action was the supreme justification of the liberty-loving, self-respecting, and respectful of the rights of others—which your several commonwealths have enjoyed. Furthermore, it has been a proof of the vision, of the power to look ahead, and to sacrifice present ease for large future interest, which is possessed only by peoples that are mighty of soul. You have chosen to walk on the hard and glorious road of service and sacrifice and high achievement. You have made your bodies the servants of your souls' desire.

"A short-sighted or small-souled people, dwelling either across the Atlantic or south of the equator, would have shown only a tepid interest in the European war. Such a people would have easily devised a sentimental camouflage for action that would really have been due to self-indulgent materialism. Nothing would have been easier than to say that you felt such horror of bloodshed as to be unwilling to send your sons to slaughter that you wished to reserve them to fight on your own shores if you were invaded, or even that by refusing to be active in the war you hoped to be more useful when peace came—I have listened to plenty of such talk in my own country in the days before our people waked to their duty.

Spurned Counsels of Timidity.

"But, thank heaven, you men and women of the north, like the men and women of the continents far to the south, spurned the counsels of a mean and blind timidity. You have played your part in such fashion that your children's children, for generation after generation, shall hold their heads high and look all the world in the face without flinching. You have spent your wealth and your blood with a wise lavishness that is beyond praise.

"I did not accept any invitation to speak formally in Canada until the entry of my own beloved country into the war gave me the right to come here with pride, as an equal speaking to equals; for now, friends, your countrymen and mine have a common duty and the same single purpose. The duty incumbent on both of our nations is to fight this war through to a finish, no matter how long it takes and at no matter what cost of life and treasure, until we win the peace of overwhelming victory. Our common purpose is to break the offensive strength of the Prussianized Germany of the Hohenzollerns, so as to redeem Belgium and secure ample atonement for her wrongs, so as to restore to France what Germany took from her, so as to free every people now tyrannized over by Germany or by her vassal allies, Austria, Turkey, and Bulgaria.

"When the world is safe for orderly freedom, for all the free peoples, great or small, who live justly under the Governments of their choice, then, and not until then, our purpose in this war will have been achieved. Then, when peace comes, we must endeavor to make it lasting; and in order that we may be even measurably successful in this endeavor, we must show both sincere desire to realize an ideal and also sound common sense in the course we follow to that end.

"As regards certain nations, I am sure that it will prove entirely possible both to provide for permanent peace among them, and also to provide for common and disinterested action along certain lines and within definite limits, to secure a betterment of general international conditions, diminish the likelihood of future wars, and to restrict their limits if they break out. As regards Canada and the United States, I think the time has come when we should declare that no possible question can arise which cannot be determined substantially as questions between the various States or provinces are determined, at Washington or Ottawa.

Mistrusts Some Nations.

"As regards some nations, I question whether as yet we can trust the future safely to even the most carefully devised treaties—lest in any real emergency we suddenly discover that they are regarded merely as scraps of paper. Therefore, on the general matter of securing lasting international peace, I feel that probably our action ought to be twofold. We ought, with entire sincerity, to take every step which makes it likely that thereby the chance of future war will be minimized. But we should treat this action as an addition to, and not as a substitute for, preparing in advance to guard our safety by our trained strength. Let us in good faith enter into all reasonable treaties which will render it less likely in the future that the peace of the world will be broken. But let us not trust too much to paper guarantees.

"Let us, ourselves, make no agreements we cannot keep, and observe every agreement into which we enter. In addition, let us, as a matter of permanent policy, keep our strength prepared for our own defense. In order to do this let us insist that every right enjoyed shall carry with it the obligation to perform the corresponding duty. Inasmuch as the first duty of a nation is self-defense, let us insist that in our democracies universal suffrage shall go hand in hand with universal service, and therefore with obligatory universal training of our young men in time of peace so that they may be fit and ready to defend the hearthstones of the nation in time of war."

Tremendous enthusiasm greeted Colonel Roosevelt on his arrival here shortly after noon today. Sir Robert Borden, Canadian Premier, who was leaving for a political meeting at Uxbridge, had his train held so that he might shake hands with the former President. Among others who welcomed the Colonel were Sir William Hendrie, Lieutenant Governor of Ontario; Sir William Hearst, Provincial Premier; Mayor Church, and army officers.

On leaving the car the Colonel was greeted with three rousing cheers. When he reached the street, thronged with people, he received an ovation. The Military Headquarters Band played "The Star-Spangled Banner" and the guard of honor from the Canadian Officers' Training Corps presented arms.

Cheering crowds lined the streets all along the route to the Government House, whither the Colonel and his party proceeded in automobiles under the escort of a contingent of the Royal Flying Corps mounted on motorcycles. A luncheon followed at the York Club.

SEES OFFICERS DUPES OF CHARITY BAZAARS

District Attorney Swann Says Agents for War Relief Work Are Pocketing Bulk of Receipts.

District Attorney Swann said the continued investigation yesterday of the methods of profiteers who conducted bazaars in the name of patriotism or charity, and ostensibly for the benefit of soldiers and sailors, had disclosed information that indicated military and naval officers had been duped in certain instances. He said that some one had impersonated Colonel John J. Byrne of the 9th Regiment, Coast Defense, in making collections for a bazaar in the Manhattan Opera House to provide for dependents of the command.

A naval benefit bazaar also was a subject of inquiry at the District Attorney's office, and the Prosecutor appealed to Rear Admiral Usher at the Brooklyn Navy Yard to have his officers give such information as might be in their possession concerning this case or of others. In a talk over the telephone Admiral Usher said he had no personal knowledge of the subject, but said he would co-operate in the inquiry by assigning Captain Kellogg to assist the District Attorney's office. In reference to the methods employed in behalf of the Coast Defense benefit, the District Attorney said:

"The general scheme is this: A person representing himself to be Colonel John J. Byrne of the Ninth Regiment would telephone ostensibly from the armory in West Fourteenth Street and plead for contributions. On receiving a favorable reply from the person at the other end of the telephone wire the man impersonating the commander would announce: 'Then I will send my personal orderly to see you.' The contributor would later receive a personal call from a man representing himself as the orderly and attached to the 16th Company, who would get the money and sign a receipt reading: 'For the fund of dependent families of the 9th Regiment.'"

Mr. Swann asserted that of $14,521 thus far collected, it appeared that not more than $4,000 would ultimately get to the regimental fund. Most of the contributions go to the persons making the collections, he said. Mr. Swann has obtained the name of the chief agent, who has an office with a firm in Fifth Avenue, and while no direct charge has been made pending completion of the inquiry, the District Attorney says the profiteers appear to be benefiting far more than the real charity.

Colonel Bryne, who was reached at his military post last night by a telephone call, said he had heard from friends that his name was being used to further the benefit, and when he had called the agent to account for it the latter had replied he had not represented himself as the commander but simply as "speaking for the head of the regiment."

"I told the agent that under no circumstances was he to be permitted to use the name of any officer in furthering the objects of the benefit," declared Colonel Bryne. "The contract was made by a representative of the regiment on the recommendation of some one who had been interested in the benefit of the Twelfth Regiment, which was conducted by the same agent. As I am assured that the Ninth Regiment will receive some 75 to 80 per cent. of all the moneys taken in and that the agent is to get no part of the benefit proceeds, I thought it best to continue the work is arranged, although I asked Mr. Swann if he would suggest breaking the contract. He agreed with my view of the matter."

Mr. Swann also extended his inquiry to the hired agents who are engaged in promoting the collections for the benefits of the Amateur Comedy Club of America, 24 East Fortieth Street, and The Minute Men, who have an office donated to them by the Astor Estate, at Broadway and Vesey Street.

Several witnesses were heard by the Grand Jury yesterday in the inquiry concerning the Army and Navy Bazaar. Eugene Jess, an advertising solicitor of 639 St. Ann's Avenue, Bronx, was convicted by a jury in General Sessions yesterday on a charge of fraudulently collecting funds for a charity. It was alleged that Jess obtained donations and advertisements for a concert he said was to be given at the Manhattan Opera House for the benefit of the American Red Cross.

A "dummy" program for which Jess sought advertisements, it is said, contained the names of Mrs. Robert Bacon, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Mrs. Henry Clews, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney and others, who had not authorized the use of their names.

THE Core of Clothes is the Cloth. If there is a worm at the core, the most gifted cutter can't make a cottony counterfeit look like anything but a ragbag. In my Suits and Overcoats to your individual measure, at **$20 to $45,** I use only full-ounce, unadulterated wool.

The same squeamish care I take about Cloth pervades every part and particle of my Tailoring. Top-quality, Linings and Trimmings; Journeyman Hand Benchwork; Silk Sewing Thread; my body-gracing fit; my thoroughbred style; my personal (not proxy) attention. Come to be measured, or send for Cloth Clippings!

U. S. Army Officers' Uniforms, **$36** *to individual measure*

Clemons
Civilian and Military Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
19 Years On This Corner

Army Officers' Uniforms

Ready-to-Wear-Away Department

O. D. Serge uniforms made from 12, 15 and 18 oz. materials, also khaki uniforms and overcoats made from 30 oz. O. D. meltons.

Our Made-to-Measure Department

Can supply in 24 hours if desired uniforms and overcoats from any of the accepted materials in any desired weight.

Officers' equipment booklet and samples of materials will be sent at once upon request

PRICES ARE REASONABLE

Arnheim
TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
39 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

Arnheim Service Stations at 28 Camps and Cantonments.

Seeing America First

has been a delightful revelation to many Americans who used to think that they could attain travel enjoyment only by means of an ocean liner.

Seeing the American label first has been just as pleasant a surprise to many who used to think that superior champagne could reach them only via an ocean freighter.

So, all 'round, America has come into her own, and hereafter, war or no war, people will see this American wine first.

Sold *Everywhere*—Served *Everywhere.*

American Wine Company
St. Louis, U. S. A.

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Hart Schaffner & Marx Officers' Uniforms

Coats and Breeches, $42, $55
Overcoats, $48, $60

At our Broadway, cor. 29th Street Store, you will find a complete showing of Hart Schaffner & Marx Army Officers' Uniforms that are characterized by every distinguishment of fine tailoring. At all Wallach Stores you will find Caps, Haberdashery, Insignia and a complete line of Officers' Outfittings.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th } Open
3d Ave., cor. 122nd } Evenings

JACK TAR IS HERE IN Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
The figures are signalling "J. T."
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N. Y., MAKERS OF LION SHIRTS

THE THREE TESTS OF A GOOD GASOLINE

1. Will it take you spinning up that "bug-bear" hill on high?
2. Will it give you that eager pick-up on level stretches?
3. At the end of a long run will you find a gallon or two more gasoline in the tank than you expected?

Tydol, "the new economy gasoline" that *vaporizes fast,* meets these three tests. Try it and you will realize how much a really superior gasoline will add to the pleasure of motoring.

Tydol means maximum power and maximum mileage. *Yet it costs no more than low-grade gasoline.*

Look for the orange and black sign of the Tydol dealer and try Tydol today.

To reduce friction and wear, use Veedol, the automobile lubricant that resists heat. Reduces sediment by 80% and increases power and gasoline mileage.

Manufactured by
TIDE WATER OIL COMPANY
11 Broadway, New York
Tel. Bowling Green 8600

LOOK FOR THE SIGN
TYDOL
THE NEW
ECONOMY GASOLINE

Distributed by
PLATT & WASHBURN REFG. CO.
11 Broadway, New York
Tel. Bowling Green 8600

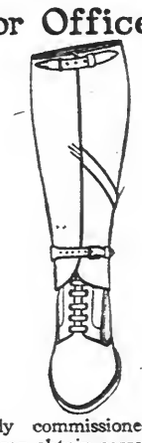
Drink it today

French & Foremost

NATURAL SPARKLING

Perrier
The Champagne of Table Waters

Alexander
Footwear for Officers



Newly commissioned officers can obtain correct footwear here at the least expenditure of time and with the assurance that all models are based on an exact knowledge of army requirements.

For over 40 years we have been supplying footwear to men at West Point and army officers in all parts of the world.

Andrew Alexander
548 Fifth Avenue, at 45th St.
Sixth Avenue, corner 19th St.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

FOUND.—A traveling bag on Boston Post Road. J 142 Times.

LOST.—On Sunday last, between West 104th St. and 86th St. and Broadway, small black velvet wrist bag, containing leather purse with small amount of money and handkerchief; reward if returned to 11 West 81st St. Telephone Schuyler 7342

LOST.—Saturday, at Ritz-Carlton, between the 46th St. entrance and the room off main dining room, or ladies' dressing room, flexible diamond bracelet, small black stones on either side; liberal reward. Mrs. A. L. Lowenstein, 260 West 72d.

LOST.—Diamond rings, night, Oct. 16, entrance Morningside Park, 122d St., Amsterdam Av.; liberal reward, no questions asked, return of same. Sulzer, 301 St. Nicholas Av.

LOST.—On 14th St., Friday afternoon, between 5th Av. and Union Square, Irish terrier puppy; reward. Francis F. Fulton, 39 East 14th St.

LOST.—Diamond rings, night, Oct. 16, entrance Morningside Park, 122d St., Amsterdam Av.; liberal reward, no questions asked, return of same. Sulzer, 301 St. Nicholas Av.

LOST.—Saturday night, at Hero Land, one bloodstone seal ring; suitable reward if returned to Philip Harrison, 116 Broad St., phone 882W Bowling Green.

LOST.—Nov. 23, gold brooch, size of half dollar, woman's head in relief, one diamond; $25 reward, on returning to 25 West 11th St.

LOST.—At Strand Theatre, Nov. 25, a taupe fox stole, marked B. Altman & Co.; reward; no questions asked. Hearn, 421 W. 117th.

LOST.—Black marten muff, (Nov. 26,) in Post Office Department of Bloomingdale's. Reward if returned to 25 West 52d St. No questions asked.

LOST.—Seal muff on West 86th or Riverside Drive to 72d St.; liberal reward. Return apartment 8, 309 West 86th St., phone Schuyler 8290.

LOST—Monday, head of diamond scarfpin. Liberal reward. Harry Herman, 972 Hoe Av., Bronx.

LOST.—Green-beaded bag, Sunday night, Broadway, corner 112th St.; keep money, return bag. Myer, 601 West 112th St.

LOST.—Purse, $250, Liberty certificates, cash, bond transfer stock; reward. Advise 40 Exchange Place, room 502.

LOST.—Watch, initials R. H., between 42d St. and Strand Theatre, Sunday night. Grammercy 3266.

LOST.—A platinum bar pin, set with diamonds and pearls; reward. Box 707, Rye, N. Y.

LOST at Hero Land, Monday afternoon, pointed fox neckpiece; liberal reward. Burritt, 449 West 123d. Morningside 953.

LOST.—Sunday afternoon, near Third Av. or Lexington Av., light green pendant earring; reward. 18 East 45th.

LOST.—Platinum bracelet, about 19 diamonds; liberal reward. 2.5 West 91st, Apartment 13B.

LOST.—Lady's diamond and emerald wreath pin, Saturday; liberal reward for return. Brey, 253 West 50th. River, 1055.

LOST—Bank book, West Side Savings Bank. Return to R. H., care bank.

LOST—Diamond lavalliere, in chamois bag; reward. Phone Flatbush 6418.

LOST.—Bag, containing glasses, probably West 77th; reward. B., 101 West 78th.

REWARD.—Velvet bag containing money, bank check, key, Friday. Brodhead, 105 West 55th.

REWARD—Moleskin scarf, Sunday night. Return to Telephone Operator, 409 Edgecombe Av.

$100 REWARD for diamond link bracelet, Justine Johnstone's Club or Joan Sawyer's. Communicate Columbus 5788 for reward.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—For sake of pet, party will give $200 reward for Boston bull, lost Saturday night; Hoboken License 112. Return 600 West 140th St., Apt. 12.

LOST.—$5 reward for brindle bull terrier; female, white breast, short tail; Saturday, 52d St., 2d Av. 345 3d Av.

LOST.—Brown, white Spaniel, Saturday; reward, no questions asked. Carroll, 3,133 Broadway.

LOST.—Toy terrier, silvered, with yellow head; reward for return to owner, 50 West 91st St.

TAPS
Relieves
Auto-Intoxication
TRY A BOX—10c.—ALL DRUG STORES

To Relieve a Cold in One Day take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 30c.—Advt.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Snow or rain, warmer today; Thursday probably fair; wind south.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,858. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1917.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

I DANCED, BUT NOT IN MY HEART, SAYS MRS. DE SAULLES

Wrote Gay Letters and Flattered Her Husband to Keep Him, She Testifies.

STROVE TO HIDE DISTRESS

State Reads Letters to Prove She Was Not Low Spirited When De Saulles Was Away.

CROSS-EXAMINATION ENDS

Story of $20,000 Ring for Mme. Errazuriz Brought Out—Nurses Take the Stand.

Mrs. Blanca De Saulles underwent an exhaustive cross-examination yesterday at the hands of District Attorney Charles R. Weeks. She was confronted with letters she had written which apparently contradicted her direct story on the witness stand, because the letters were bright, cheerful, and gossipy, although written at times when she said her heart was broken by the treatment she had received at the hands of her husband. She was apparently trapped again and again by gay letters written when she said she was suffering most, but she explained that they were written to seem cheerful, to please her husband, and to flatter him in order to hold him.

The mentality of the young woman appeared to be roused by the questions of the prosecutor. She had answered her own counsel almost automatically, but she used her wits to fashion answers to questions from a hostile source. When her attention was called to a letter written in 1914 to De Saulles, in which she said she had danced her "heels off," and was asked how she reconciled it with the statement that she was depressed and suffering at that time, she answered: "We don't dance with our hearts."

At another time, when she was questioned regarding the cheerful tone of letters to her husband, though she said she had been pained by his affronts or by discovering his mode of life, she said: "I meant the letters to show that I was anything but unhappy."

"Whether you were unhappy or not?" asked Justice Manning.

"Yes," she replied.

Made Use of Woman's Wiles.

Some of the letters introduced yesterday and some of the replies she made on the witness stand threw light on the social and mental attitude of the young woman, which had not appeared before. Her character as a devoted wife and mother did not suffer, but it was shown that she was thoroughly human. Her gay letters, read yesterday, showed her enough to sneer at those she considered below her. One paragraph in a letter described how she had flattered and cajoled a customs official who met her at the pier on the arrival of the Lusitania, which brought her back to this country from England in December, 1914. This official accompanied Dudley Field Malone, then Collector of the port, who met her at the dock. Of this subordinate official, she wrote:

"He said, 'It isn't always we have such a passenger as you, and although we all know who Mrs. De Saulles is, we have not the honor of knowing you.' So I told him that he was perfectly splendid. It would bitterly cold and we had to wait some time for my case of silver to come out of the hold. So I said it was a shame he had to wait so much, and he answered that he would not mind waiting every day of his life, if he were to see me. So I said I would not mind arriving every day, if I could see him. The result was that everything was expedited—no questions asked, I shook hands when I said good-bye. I told him he must come to see us, &c., &c., &c. Of course he was in the seventh heaven of delight. You know better than any one what saying that means to people of that class. It was all very amusing and very useful."

Later in her examination, District Attorney Weeks suddenly asked:

"This is not the first time you have been in a courtroom, is it?"

She replied that it was not, and he asked her if she had ever attended the Carman trial.

"Yes," she said, "one afternoon I drove Mrs. Degener over to the trial." This was Mrs. Caroline Degener, a sister of De Saulles.

"Did you hear any of the proceedings?"

"Yes, I heard a black thing testify."

"Did you say you heard a black thing testify?" asked Justice Manning.

"Yes."

"What did you mean?"

"A nigger."

"Is that the way you refer to colored people in the country you come from?"

"We don't have any of them."

Turns to British Slang.

In her gayer letters Mrs. De Saulles frequently fell into the slang she had picked up while she was being educated in England, and many things were "beastly" or "rotten." In her letters to her husband she occasionally spoke in a manner that appeared disrespectful of her own mother, possibly because she knew that De Saulles had had a violent quarrel with his mother-in-law. In a letter written from London in June, 1914, when she was preparing to go to Uruguay, where her husband had been appointed Minister, she said:

"I got another beastly letter from my mother, so that I have given up trying to bridge the gulf. She is out of her mind. Shall tell you about it later."

Mme. Vergara-Errazwiz, the girl's mother, did not seem to hear this when it was read, but later during the cross-examination she began to cry, her first display of emotion since the trial began. A little later she left the courtroom. In a letter written from London at about the same period, she told frankly of her love of luxury and of her high social ambitions. Later she reproached herself for spending money too extravagantly on dress. She wrote:

"Dinky, London is delightful, and you must get named Minister here just as soon as you've made money enough to live comfortably, (or in other words luxuriously.) It's nicer to be Minister here, because there's the court and all that which makes it very interesting and amusing."

Mrs. De Saulles spoke without emphasis and with no marked change of expression, but her eyes, which had been half closed throughout the trial, became wide and bright and her manner vivacious by contrast with her previous attitude. When she finally left the stand, her cheeks were flushed and she looked a little like the pictures taken before or shortly after her marriage.

Finds Excuse for Juror.

The only time she volunteered an impertinent remark was after a juror had

Continued on Page 3.

THANKSGIVING DINNER IMPROVED by using Dewar's Pure Wines and Grape Juice. The Fulton St., N. Y. Phone 3000 Cort.—Advt.

Americans Killed Must Lie in France Until War Ends

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 27.—The Commissioners of Allegheny County today were informed by the War Department of the refusal of their request that the body of Thomas F. Enright, a private with the American forces in France, who was one of the three men killed in the Americans' first action, be sent to his home in Pittsburgh for burial.

The War Department announced that on recommendation of General Pershing no bodies of deceased officers and soldiers would be sent to this country until after the close of the war.

MURPHY CALLS ON JUDGE HYLAN

Tammany Leader and Mayor-Elect Hold a Long, Secret Conference.

PATRONAGE TALK DENIED

"General Topics" Only Discussed, Judge Hylan Announces.

For the first time since Tammany won its great victory on Election Day, Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, yesterday afternoon visited Mayor-elect John F. Hylan at the headquarters of the Business Men's League, 50 East Forty-second Street. Mr. Murphy and the Mayor-elect came up in the elevator and entered the room together. According to Judge Hylan, Mr. Murphy and he met in the elevator. According to the Hylan version the meeting was accidental so far as the Mayor-elect was concerned, although Mr. Murphy may have come there for the avowed purpose of seeing him. According to some other persons Mr. Murphy and the Mayor-elect entered the building together. With Mr. Murphy was John A. McCarthy, a contractor, who is Treasurer of the Democratic Fusion Committee. Mr. McCarthy did not sit in at the conference however.

In any event, the Tammany chieftain and Mayor-elect Hylan remained in secret conference for fully an hour and a half. When Mr. Murphy emerged he was happy and smiling. Judge Hylan, when he appeared in the ante-room where a score or more office-seekers had been waiting, seemed in a happy mood, too. Mr. Murphy did not have a great deal to say to the reporters who were awaiting him as he came from his meeting with the Mayor-elect.

"The man inside will do all the talking," said the Tammany chief, when the reporters asked him if he had anything to say.

"Does that mean that you are willing to leave it all to Judge Hylan?" asked one of the reporters.

"Yes, sure," said the Tammany leader as he entered an elevator.

Mr. Murphy had not been out of the building long when a telephone call came for one of the newspaper men. It was from Mr. Murphy. The Tammany leader, prompted possibly by fear that his allusion to Mayor-elect Hylan as "the man inside" might be regarded as disrespectful or informal, in the case of a man with much patronage to bestow, urged that "the Mayor" be substituted for the phrase used on the spur of the moment.

It was fully half an hour later when Judge Hylan emerged. Last week Judge Hylan, in an interview, denied that he had any appointment with Leader Murphy or "anybody else," but he added that he was at his headquarters every afternoon, that the door to his private room always was open, and that Mr. Murphy, John H. McCooey, Democratic leader of Kings, the Republican leaders, or anybody who had supported him or honestly opposed him and who had aid or suggestions to offer, would be made welcome.

"Mr. Murphy referred us to you as the man who was to do all the talking about your conference. What can you tell us?" the Mayor-elect was asked.

"There isn't much to tell," was his reply. "Mr. Murphy told me that he wanted to be of help to me and my administration in every way possible. He told me to call upon him for any help it was in his power to give. Of course, I want the help of everybody in what I am trying to do for the people of this city. That includes Democrats, Republicans, and the press."

"And the suffragists?" one of the reporters suggested.

"Yes," said the Judge, with a laugh, "and the ladies."

Talked on General Topics.

"Did Mr. Murphy make any recommendations regarding appointments?" the Mayor-elect was asked.

"No, no," said Judge Hylan. "We just talked on general topics."

"Did not Mr. Murphy manifest any curiosity as to the amount of patronage the organization is to receive?" he then was asked.

"No, no," said the Mayor-elect. "We just talked in a general way."

Judge Hylan was asked whether during the hour and a half that Leader Murphy remained in conference with him prospective budget cuts had been discussed. He answered this question in the negative, as he did another question as to whether the proposed municipal ownership program of the incoming administration had been taken up at the conference.

Before his conference with Judge Hylan, Mr. Murphy was interviewed at Tammany Hall, where he seemed in a very happy frame of mind. Many politicians were waiting to see him after his absence from the city of two weeks.

"Who are all these people around here—are they job hunters?" Mr. Murphy was asked. The Tammany leader smiled broadly.

"Not at all," he replied. "There isn't a man in the crowd that would take a job. They're all patriots."

"Then, don't you want a job for yourself?" asked one of the reporters.

"I've got one right here," said the Tammany Chief with a comprehensive

Continued on Page 4.

Army, Navy, Officers' Uniforms and equipment means absolute satisfaction at Ridabock & Co., 151 W. 38th St., because dependable service since 1887.—Advt.

RUSSIAN LEADERS MEET TO OPPOSE THE BOLSHEVIKI

Milukoff and Tchernoff in Group That Plans to Organize New Government.

GATHER AT HEADQUARTERS

Meanwhile London Hears German Officers Have Reached Petrograd to Advise Lenine.

"WARNING" BY DUKHONIN

Vienna Says He Told Army We Would Stop Sending Supplies —Allies Likely to Act.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 28.—A conference of Russian political leaders has assembled at army headquarters for the purpose of forming a Government representing all parties, according to a Petrograd dispatch to The Times.

The leaders have been joined by M. Tchernoff, M. Avksentieff, Professor Milukoff, and Generals Verkhovski, Ivanoff, and others.

Professor Paul H. Milukoff was Minister of Foreign Affairs in the first revolutionary Cabinet and is leader of the Constitutional Democratic Party. M. Tchernoff was Minister of Agriculture in the Kerensky Cabinets of July 24 and Aug. 7. M. Avksentieff was Minister of the Interior in the Kerensky Cabinet of Aug. 7. Both he and Tchernoff are Socialists. General Verkhovski was Minister of War in the recent Kerensky Cabinet and resigned before the recent Bolsheviki revolt. He favored using strong measures in the army. General Ivanoff was formerly commander on the Volhinian and Galician fronts.

German Officers Advising Lenine.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Information was received here today from Petrograd that a number of German staff officers have arrived there and are acting in an advisory capacity to Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevist Premier.

A dispatch from Copenhagen today reads:

"General Dukhonin, the Russian Commander in Chief, has sent an order to the Russian Army pointing out that the Entente had protested to the Russian supreme command against any breach of the treaty of Sept. 5, 1915, (the treaty of London pledging the Entente Powers not to make separate peace,) and threatening that any breach from the Russian side, especially the calling of a separate truce, would be fraught with serious danger, according to the semi-official Austrian Correspondence Bureau, says a Vienna dispatch.

"The Russian supreme command has further announced, according to the same authority, that the United States had stopped the transportation of supplies to Russia until the situation cleared, and that should the Bolsheviki retain power and make peace with Germany this prohibition would be maintained."

All Government officials who decline to recognize the Leninite Government, according to a Petrograd dispatch to The Times, will be dismissed from office, as were the employes of the Ministry of Finance who declined to work for the Bolsheviki.

The Central Committee of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates announces its firm intention to crush the opposition in the Ministry of Finance and among bank officials and to undertake to control the State expenses itself.

Judson Warns Chief of Staff.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 27.—Lieut. Col. William V. Judson, Chief of the American Military Mission to Russia, has addressed to the Chief of the General Staff at Petrograd a declaration concerning the alleged embargo on shipments to Russia. He disclaims knowledge of such embargo, but asserts that such a measure would be the logical result of Russia's persistent efforts for an armistice and peace.

Reviewing the press statement about the embargo, Colonel Judson says:

"It seems only just to inform your Excellency that neither I nor the American Ambassador has received from America instructions or information regarding the alleged facts given above. Nevertheless, justice demands that I should inform your Excellency that the declarations of the press correctly express the point of view of the United

Continued on Page 2.

Austria and Germany Close the Last Swiss Frontiers

GENEVA, Nov. 27.—The Austrian and German frontiers were closed last night.

Both the French and Italian frontiers had already been closed for an indefinite period.

Thus Switzerland's four frontiers are now sealed for the first time since the outbreak of the war.

100 ITALIANS TAKEN IN ANARCHIST PLOT

Federal Agents in Northwest Charge a World-Wide Pro-Teuton Conspiracy.

PRESIDENT'S LIFE SOUGHT

200,000 in a Secret Society Alleged to Have Planned to Foment Uprisings.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 27.—More than 100 Italians, most of them miners and shipyard employes, said to belong to the Corcola Studi Sociali, an alleged anarchistic society, were arrested in Seattle, Portland, Spokane, Tacoma, and other Northwest cities by Federal agents in raids which ended today, according to announcement by H. M. White, Federal Immigration Commissioner.

The society is said to have a membership of 200,000 in the United States and is alleged to have plotted bloody disturbances in this country as part of the world-wide propaganda for Teutonic victory in the war. The ruining of the morale of the Italian armies also was planned.

According to Federal agents, the Italians plotted to help Germany in the war by fomenting revolution in Italy to overthrow King Victor Emmanuel. Federal officers in disguise, it was announced, attended some of the society's recent meetings, at which calls were issued for volunteers to cause disturbances in this country. It is alleged that some of the prisoners had plotted to kill President Wilson.

The roundup was carried through to a finish by thirty-five Secret Service and other Federal agents working quietly in the Northwest, particularly among the mines and shipyards of the Puget Sound country. The first arrests were made Saturday night when several meetings had been planned and others were being held in attics and basements known only to "faithful" members of the society, whose books show members from all parts of the Pacific Northwest.

Plot to Kill President.

It was two weeks ago that a plot to murder President Wilson was being hatched, where Secret Service men in disguise attended a meeting of the society.

The books and literature seized here and at other places, including Spokane, Portland, and Tacoma, show that the plotting has been going on for some months, and has been especially active since the Austro-German drive on the Italian front. The literature which has been sent broadcast from this city, the headquarters of the conspirators, asked for volunteers to carry out the plans to kill President Wilson and King Victor.

The Federal Immigration Inspector at Spokane, Wash., received word to arrest six Italians said to belong to an anarchist society, and today reported that he had arrested one at Walla Walla and another at Lind, and that four others would be arrested at or near Spokane.

Officials plan to gather all the prisoners together in one camp, where they probably will be interned for the duration of the war. Nineteen Italians arrested in the raid in Cleelum, Roslyn, and Easton, in Kittitas County, Washington, were brought here today in a special car and lodged in cells at the Federal Immigration Station. Fifteen armed Government agents accompanied the prisoners.

Incited Italians to Revolt.

Pamphlets entitled "Buttale il Fucile" were among the papers Federal agents said they seized at the society's headquarters here. According to the officers, the title, when translated, means "Throw down your arms." The propaganda, it was said, urged Italians everywhere to rise against their Governments and resist all military service. The officers said the literature was printed by the society's newspaper, Cronaca Sowersiva of Lynn, Mass.

Federal officials recently raided rooms in Weir street here, which are said to be the Pacific Coast headquarters of the society. Industrial Workers of the World posters, red flags, and pictures of notorious anarchists hung on the walls, they said.

In a glass case near the door, officers said, they found framed photographs of some of the Industrial Workers of the World killed in a riot at Everett, Wash., Nov. 5, 1916.

Berlin Says Americans Fought Desperately; Calls Prisoners 'Sturdy and Sportsmanlike'

BERLIN, Sunday, Nov. 25, (via London, Nov. 27.)—A report received from the western front, describing the American troops in action, says:

"Independent American units have been thrown into the trench line. The felt hat has given way to the English-fashioned steel helmet, and the whistling and bursting of the shells have become familiar sounds to American ears.

"For the first time since they have been participating as independent contingents the Americans have tasted the real earnestness of war, even though it was but a minor hand-to-hand scuffle. But this time the shells did not merely fly over their heads, but into the very trenches they had selected, and presently, with an infernal noise, these things which the young soldiers believed to be a firm protection began to quake and burst.

"And hard on the heels of this a firm attack by our onrushing Bavarian reserves forced the way into the American trenches, and musket shots and bursting hand grenades relieved the artillery fire.

"Our new opponents made a most determined defense, and desperate hand-to-hand fighting set in. Fists, and hand grenades were freely brought into play, and many men fell to the ground before the rest gave up resistance and surrendered. After a bare hour the German storming troops were back in their own trenches with booty and prisoners.

"There they stood before us—these young men from the land of liberty. They were sturdy and sportsmanlike in build. Good-natured smiles radiated from their blue eyes, and they were quite surprised that we did not propose to shoot them down, as they had been led in the French training camp to believe we would do.

"And in reply to no reply to our query, 'Why does the United States carry on war against Germany?' The sinking of American ships by U-boats, which was the favorite pretext, sounds a trifle stale. One prisoner expressed the opinion that we had treated Belgium rather badly. Another asserted that it was Lafayette who brought America French aid in the war of independence, and because of this the United States would now stand by France."

Your family will be safe at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C. Finest resort hotel in the world. Not a cure, sick guests not accepted.—Advt.

GERMAN THREAT TO SEIZE DENMARK IF NORWAY LETS ALLIES GET A BASE; BRITISH RETAKE PART OF FONTAINE

BERLIN FEARS ANOTHER FOE

Inspired Christiania Conference, Hoping to Keep Scandinavia Neutral.

THREE MONARCHS TO MEET

Danish Belief Is That Norway's U-Boat Grievances Will Not Drive Her to War.

HOPES TO COMBAT EMBARGO

Germany's Plan Evidently to Frighten Northern Kingdoms Into Ignoring Our Demands.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 27.—Behind the meeting of the Scandinavian monarchs and Ministers at Christiania this week lies the fear, unfounded though it may be, of Norway's entry into the war and of the German threat that, in such a case, she would feel called upon to occupy Denmark as a countermeasure.

The Associated Press learns from a responsible source that the proceedings of the conference, which was arranged in consequence of an intimation from Germany that the growth of anti-German sentiment in Norway, particularly after the sinking of convoys in the North Sea by German cruisers, are being followed with concern by Germany, and that it is feared that Norway may be impelled, either by excited public opinion or pressure from the Allies, to enter the struggle at least to the point of granting a naval base to England and the United States, in which event Germany would hold it imperative to seize a corresponding base in Deamark.

Hurried to Berlin.

On the receipt of this information at Copenhagen word was hurriedly sent to King Gustaf of Sweden, and Denmark's most prominent citizen, President Andersen of the Danish East Asiatic Company, who is high in the confidence of Berlin, as well as London, was dispatched to Berlin to verify the report and, if possible, to change the German attitude.

Mr. Andersen conferred with Dr. van Kühlmann, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and the former has confirmed the report, adding that, in consequence of the Italian and Russian developments, the militarist and Pan German elements are again in the saddle in Germany and exerting influence against which the Foreign Office, with its more moderate views, has found it most difficult to contend.

King Gustaf came to Copenhagen and spent a day in conference with King Christian, President Anderson, and the Danish Ministers, the subject matter of the conferences being covered by a display of gala performances, an opera ballet, a ceremonial banquet, and the conventional interchange of speeches.

As a result of the conference a decision was reached to make every possible effort to moderate the excited Norwegian sentiment and hold the three Scandinavian kingdoms to the path of joint neutrality.

King Gustaf returned to Stockholm and launched the suggestion of a conference of the three Kings, accompanied by the Premiers and Foreign Ministers, at Christiania, which was accepted, the Norwegians being flattered at the idea of a visit from a Swedish monarch for the first time since the separation of the two countries.

Part of Pan German Policy.

It is difficult to judge how far Germany was actuated in its step by genuine fear of Norwegian action, and how far by a desire to force Norway into toning down its strongly anti-German sentiment, and to wave the "big stick" over the three countries during the pending negotiations with the United States and the Entente regarding the embargo, and thereby get as good a bargain as possible for Germany.

On the one hand, a Dane in high position with whom the correspondent discussed the subject considered it utterly out of the question that Norway, of her own accord, should abandon neutrality, and said he attached no importance to the sporadic reports of an intention on the part of England or America to seize a base in Norway the better to combat submarines. Prominent Norwegians assert that war sentiment in their country is negligible. The same view has been expressed in statements in the Norwegian Parliament, probably inspired by the German warning.

Berlin Has Fears of Norway.

On the other hand, Germany is evidently perturbed by the state of Norwegian public opinion. The German Minister to Norway, Admiral von Hintze, who, it is reported, had been sent to that country as the apostle of the strong hand, has been visiting Berlin to report on the situation. A Danish member of the German Reichstag has just visited Norway on what may undoubtedly be described as a pacifying mission, and a mass of inspired editorial matter is being telegraphed from the German press by the correspondents in Berlin in an endeavor to convince Norwegians of the unwisdom of extreme anti-German feeling and of the benevolence of German intentions as respects them.

Thanksgiving Dinner at the Clendening, 1024 St., from 12 to 8:30 P. M. Courses, $1, each extra in Telegram.—Advt.

Many Peace Demonstrations in Berlin Sunday; Vorwaerts Wishes for Them in Allied Capitals

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 27.—Vorwärts reports numerous peace demonstrations in Berlin on Sunday. Especially in the northern part of the city did they assume considerable proportions.

In going through the streets the demonstrators called for cheers for peace, and the name of Karl Liebknecht was loudly applauded. At one point there was a struggle with the police, and several arrests were made.

The German Socialist organ says that the police authorities ought not to regard such gatherings as dangerous, "because the whole people are at one with the demonstrators in their aim of bringing about peace and because this effort calls forth no serious opposition throughout the country." Vorwärts wishes that such demonstrations would take place in Paris and London, for then "we would not be far from peace."

PREMIERS GATHER FOR PARIS COUNCIL

Plan Direct and Businesslike Discussion of War Unity Problems.

BRITISH OFFICIALS ARRIVE

Sonnino and Venizelos Also There for Meeting—House Holds Conferences.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The clans are assembling rather slowly for the inter-allied meetings. The English delegates were delayed by the weather, which interfered with the Channel crossings.

It is understood that an effort is being made to cut out oratory in the conference and get right down to business.

One of the Premiers is expected to open the proceedings with a statement in one sentence, to the effect that "we are here to transact war business; what is the pleasure of the meeting?" This brief opening will strike the keynote of short, sharp, decisive methods.

The members of the American mission are less busy here than they were in London owing to the fact that much detail of the relationship of the French Government has been disposed of by the Tardieu mission in Washington and the special representatives who met the mission in London. There remain considerable negotiations with Spain and Switzerland, which are now proceeding here.

Ambassador Willard, who left Madrid a few weeks ago on his doctor's orders for rest, is here, very opportunely, to help the mission.

One of the biggest obstacles in the way of reducing unity of control to the concrete is national pride, and it is on this rock that any effort to have a single military head may split. As a member of the mission put it: "There is an irreducible minimum of indestructible individualism in every country, and no mere academic principle, however sound, can be carried too far in face of this condition."

The more closely the scheme of a Supreme War Council is studied, the more shrewdly it seems to have been contrived to avoid the obstacle mentioned, and still reach the goal of unity. The Supreme War Council practically consolidates in one group the civil power of the European allies, thus fixing the gravamen for the various national war authorities. It is probable that the decision of all large inter-allied policy will naturally gravitate toward the Supreme War Council. While this body would not concern itself with the strategy on any single front, it might settle all overlapping questions.

For example, the matter of whether and how to help Cadorna, which hung on the horns of indecision all Summer and Autumn, could have been promptly settled if the Supreme War Council had existed. It is also fair to assume that the council could and would have supported efficient measures for steadying Russia at the time when Kerensky made and broke his agreement with Korniloff, the carrying out of which might have composed the Russian situation on a basis of a temporary military dictatorship, and thus prevented the subsequent catastrophes.

All these possibilities are discussed among Americans and others now in Paris as fortifying the argument for maintaining a Supreme War Council and allowing it the fullest power in action.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The members of the Interallied Conference, which is to open its sessions here on Thursday, are beginning to gather.

Premier Lloyd George arrived tonight accompanied by Foreign Secretary Balfour. Sir Eric Campbell Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty; Admiral Sir John Jellicoe, Chief of the Naval Staff; Earl Reading, the Lord Chief Justice, and General Sir William Robertson, Chief of the Imperial Staff at British Army Headquarters. They were met at the station by Premier Clemenceau, former Premier Painlevé, and Stephen Pichon, French Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Lloyd George has a suite of rooms across the corridor from the apartment occupied by Colonel House. Premier

Continued on Page 2.

SPECIAL SHORE PLATE DINNER, $1.00. Gunter's Cameron, 104th St. & Columbus Av.—Advt.

ITALIANS SHATTER BRENTA ATTACK

Reinforcements Drive Back an Entire Teuton Division and Take Prisoners.

HOLDING HILL POSITIONS

Fourth Italian Army Repulses Five Assaults on Its Lines Near Monte Pertica.

ROME, Nov. 27.—An entire division of the enemy made an attack yesterday in the Branta Valley in an effort to break through the Italian northern front. Today's official statement says that these troops, which attacked in massed formation, were driven back.

The text of the announcement follows:

Yesterday afternoon the enemy, after bombarding furiously our positions on Col della Berretta, to the east of the Brenta Valley, launched against it a massed attack of an entire division of infantry. The ensuing struggle was very fierce, and the defenders, isolated by a violent barrage fire, would perhaps have been compelled to give way, in view of the size of the attacking force and the violence of its assault, had not their support, composed of splendid Sicilians of the ancient and glorious Aosta Brigade, with parties of the 94th Infantry and the Brenta Valley battalion of Alpini, arrived in time.

Having crossed the death zone with élan, our gallant troops rushed against the enemy with irresistible impetus, carrying all before them and compelling him to retire with very severe losses, leaving prisoners in our hands.

BERLIN, Nov. 27, (via London.)—The situation on the Italian front is unchanged, Army Headquarters announces.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 27, (Associated Press.)—The reports from the Italian line on the northern front were favorable today. The heavy fighting is continuing, with the Italians holding in the main.

Five Austro-German Attacks Fail.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 26, (Delayed.)—(Associated Press.)—Five determined attacks by Austro-German forces on the left wing of the Italian Fourth Army, near Monte Pertica, between the Brenta and the Piave, were delivered today. The enemy rushes were broken by the defensive troops with heavy losses to the attackers.

Not only the left but the right wing and the centre of the army holding this sector were subjected to attack, the enemy effort now attaining its full force here. On the right and the centre the struggle raged from Monte Monfenera westward, with the Italians holding their lines at all points.

The fluctuations of the great battle have now developed to a stage where the resisting power of the Italian army has been demonstrated to be sufficient to retard, if not to prevent any sudden rush through the passes leading to the Venetian plains. This was regarded as a serious menace six days ago, but as each day has shown the Italian lines holding solid against repeated attacks and their defenders ready even to take the aggressive against heavy odds, the feeling of apprehension that then prevailed is changing to one of restored confidence and unwavering determination, coupled with a spirit of buoyancy which pervades all ranks of the army and civilian life.

There is also the feeling that allied support is near at a timely moment, and that the mingled ranks of gray, blue and khaki will combine to offer the resistance that Italy has maintained alone until now.

Many British officers were at headquarters today, and the streets showed almost as much khaki as gray. The Prince of Wales renewed his earlier visit, going about the streets and mingling with the officers at public restaurants in the most democratic fashion.

It is reported from the Friuli region occupied by the enemy that the civil population has been required to turn over all copper articles, grease and oils in its possession within five days. Emperor Charles is said to have made

Continued on Page 2.

"YOUR SOUTH WATER at the more anticipation of Home Made Pie.—Advt. See last line of Page 24.—Advt.

RENEW FIGHT FOR CAMBRAI

Byng's Men Advance Both Their Fontaine and Bourlon Lines.

CAPTURE MORE THAN 500

Daring Drive Rescues English Troops Isolated in the Thick of the Conflict.

GERMANS ARE REINFORCED

Attempt to Restore the Hindenburg Line West of Moeuvres Fails.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Nov. 27, (Associated Press.)—The British have made another advance in the Cambrai area, and, according to the latest reports, have worked their way forward though the northwestern part of Fontaine Notre Dame, which they captured at the beginning of the attack last week, but subsequently lost.

They are now said to have advanced almost to the main street, which runs east and west through the centre of the village, and are pressing their attack in the face of strong resistance.

A new assault was made at Fontaine at dawn after a comparatively quiet night. Hot fighting developed immediately. The Germans poured a heavy machine gun fire against the British from the windows and roofs of buildings. A large concentration of enemy machine guns in La Folie Wood, southeast of Fontaine, was also brought into action against the attacking troops. This machine gun fire presented the main difficulty to the advance, for the Germans in the hamlet were working behind walls and other cover, while it was necessary for the British to charge across more or less open stretches, giving the Germans a good chance to sweep their ranks with an intense fire.

British Rescue Isolated Comrades.

The battle on the southern edge of Bourlon Village continued last night. As a result of a determined drive against the German line the British were enabled to break through at one point and bring back a party of English troops that had been holding out in the southern part of the hamlet and had been isolated for some time. No attempt was made to remain in the village after this body of men had been rescued and gotten back through the gap in the German line.

It was reported this morning that another body of British troops was holding a position in the northern section of the village with Germans all about them. But this is uncertain.

The Germans delivered a counterattack against the northeast corner of Bourlon Wood about 10 o'clock last night, but were repulsed. The British line this morning is holding firm along the northern fringe of the wood and up to the edge of Bourlon Village.

Outside of the operations about Fontaine and Bourlon, there was little infantry action on the rest of the front last night. The British artillery has been hammering the Germans heavily at various points, and during the night projected a considerable quantity of gas into Queant.

The weather changed late yesterday and heavy storms set in. It rained torrents most of the night, and for a time this turned to snow, small patches of which are still to be seen about the countryside. The rain continued today, making the position of the troops operating in the new territory most uncomfortable.

The air service was active yesterday. A party of British machines destroyed one enemy machine and brought down two others out of control in a fight.

Haig Reports Advancing His Line.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Field Marshal Haig reports an advance of the British line in the neighborhood of Fontaine Notre Dame and Bourlon and the capture of more than 500 prisoners. The official statement tonight says:

At dawn today our local attacks in the neighborhood of the villages of Fontaine Notre Dame and Bourlon led to severe fighting. The enemy, strongly reinforced, contested our advance with great stubbornness, and the fight swayed backward and forward during the day.

We have advanced our line and taken over 500 prisoners.

During the afternoon the enemy attempted to attack the position we hold in the Hindenburg line on the spur west of Moeuvres, but was driven off by our fire.

The enemy's artillery has again shown great activity east and northeast of Ypres.

The afternoon official statement reads: During the night the Germans undertook another counterattack against our position in the northeast corner of Bourlon Wood. The attack was repulsed.

There is nothing of special interest to report on the remainder of the front. The weather is stormy and wet.

The Belgian communication issued at Havre says:

During the course of yesterday we bombarded various German works in the region of Dixmude. The German artillery has for the most part directed its fire against our organizations at Steenstraete and Dixmude. In reprisal for the enemy bombardment near Furnes and Avecapelle we shelled St. Pierre Capelle and encampments at Leke.

The night of Sept. 26-27 was marked by great activity. Enemy patrols near Kippe, south of Dixmude, were driven back by our fire.

South of Stuyvekenskerke an encounter took place between one of our patrols and an enemy patrol, the latter being forced to retire with considerable losses.

Today our works south of Stuyvekenskerke, around Pervyse, Caeskerke, Dixmude, Oestkerke and Kippe were bombarded. Our batteries replied energetically against the German trenches.

BERLIN, Nov. 27, (via London.)—The repulse of a British attack on Bourlon Wood and Village, in the Cambrai area, is announced in today's official communication from Army Headquarters.

The text of the communication reads:

Western theatre, front of Crown Prince Rupprecht: In Flanders the artillery activity again assumed great violence in the afternoon between Houthoist Wood and Zandvoorde.

In some sectors of the battlefield southwest of Cambrai there was an intense firing duel throughout the day. British infantry, which had been drawn up ready, attacked in the evening under the cover of darkness the village and wood of Bourlon, but were repulsed in heavy hand-to-hand fighting. Forefield activity continued lively on the whole battlefront.

FRENCH ROUND OUT GAINS.

Complete the Possession of Verdun Field Won on Sunday.

PARIS, Nov. 27. — The French last night overcame the resistance of Germans still holding out on the field of operations of the French attack on the Verdun front Sunday, says today's official report. Prisoners were taken in raids elsewhere on the battle line. The communication follows:

Active artillery fighting is under way north of the Aisne, in the sector between Filain and Pinon.

In Champagne one of our detachments last night penetrated German trenches north of Prunay. After having explored the positions, destroyed shelters, and captured materials our men returned to their own lines without losses. This morning we made a successful raid west of Tahure.

On the right bank of the Meuse (Verdun front) we carried out with success last night an operation in detail north of Hill 344. We reduced a point of resistance, rounding out the gains obtained on Sunday afternoon. On the left bank of the river a patrol action near Bethincourt enabled us to take prisoners, including an officer.

In Lorraine, northeast of Nomeny, we made a raid and brought back prisoners.

The communication from the War Office tonight reads:

Quite spirited artillery actions occurred in Belgium, in the region of Juvincourt and on the front of the Chaume Wood. There was no infantry action.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—The official statement issued at Army Headquarters today says of the fighting on the French front:

Front of the German Crown Prince.—North of Prunay a French attack was repulsed as a result of trench fighting. On the eastern bank of the Meuse the fighting activity was moderate throughout the day. In the evening there was a considerable increase in the fighting between Samogneux and Beaumont. Between St. Mihiel and Pont-à-Mousson the firing at times revived.

FIERCE HAND-TO-HAND FIGHTS.

Struggle Before Cambrai Inspires American Officers' Ardor.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Monday, Nov. 26, (Associated Press.)—British troops, including some from London, continued last night to bore their way forward through the Hindenburg support line west of Moeuvres. There was vigorous fighting at close quarters in this region, and, as a result, the British today were in possession of a further section of support trenches 2,000 yards long running east and west, just south of Pronville and Inchy-en-Artois.

The British advance to the last few days had made this section of the line virtually untenable, and the Germans were forced to withdraw when pressed by a new attack.

Fighting was renewed today between Bourlon Wood and Cambrai about Fontaine Notre Dame, where the Germans were still installed and continued to work machine guns from roofs and windows. At Bourlon Wood and Bourlon Village the situation remained much as it was last night after the Germans had forced the British out of most of the village in a fierce counterattack which involved still more furious hand-to-hand fighting through the streets. The battle continued here today.

The fight for Bourlon Wood and village will long be remembered as one of the most bitterly contested and sanguinary yet fought along the British front in France. American officers visiting the Cambrai sector have been thrilled at this renewal of old-type warfare, and with one accord say:

"That's the kind of fighting American troops would like to be in, for you are in the open, where you can get at the enemy with cold steel."

The Germans have been concentrating all efforts in the attempt to oust the British from this elevation, which is vital for the enemy to hold if he is to maintain himself in the present positions further north.

The British have clung tenaciously to Bourlon Wood, defended partly by tanks, which have taken positions at advantageous locations from which they can work their guns. Fontaine Notre Dame was being hard pressed by the British at latest reports. Throughout yesterday this hamlet remained unmolested, for it in no way hampered the operations about Bourlon Wood.

In a certain British casualty clearing station on the Cambrai front there has been working for several days a well-known New York surgeon, who belongs to the American Medical Corps and who volunteered his services for the present battle. Most of his work has been done among the German prisoners, who have come to look upon this big, cheerful officer as almost superhuman because of several remarkable operations he has performed. The Germans all swear by the "big American" and treat him with utmost deference.

It fell to the lot of this surgeon to operate upon a German who had left the Russian front only thirty-six hours before. He was among the reinforcements rushed from the east. It took him twenty-four hours to get into the battle before Cambrai and twelve hours later he was a prisoner in a British clearing station.

CAMBRAI RAILROAD BOMBED.

British Airmen Also Raid Douai Station at Night.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The official communication issued this evening dealing with aviation, says:

The weather Monday was slightly better for flying, but low clouds and a strong wind again hindered work in the air. Some successful artillery work was done by our airplanes and many photographs were taken.

Enemy troops, batteries, and transports were constantly attacked by our low-flying machines. During the day bombs were dropped on the crossings over the River Sensee and the railheads near Cambrai and north of Douai. At night the Douai Station was attacked. Bombs also were dropped on the Souain Station and aldings. In all, over three tons of bombs were dropped.

A few fights in the air occurred in which one hostile machine was downed and four were driven down out of control. Another hostile machine was shot down by our fire from the ground. None of our machines is missing.

Succeeds Judge of Bolo Notoriety.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—Paul André has been appointed by the Government to replace Fernand Monier as First President of the Court of Appeals in Paris. Monier was recently dismissed from office because of his connection with the Bolo case.

BRITISH HAMMERING TO GO ON STEADILY

Midwinter Campaign on West Front Is Expected to Set New Precedent.

BYNG IN CIRCLING MOVE

If Present Operations Succeed Germans May Be Forced to Retreat on a Large Front.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The British drive on Cambrai will be followed up relentlessly by similar offensives along the western front, in the opinion of officers familiar with what is in prospect in France. Authoritative announcement has been made abroad already that this Winter would see no halt in operations, and with the return of American divisional commanders from observation tours in France it has become certain that the French and British armies will prosecute midwinter campaigns such as were never before attempted.

Secretary Baker said today that the returning officers would proceed to their divisional camps and resume the personal direction of the training of their men. So far as known, there will be no general conference of the officers here, but it is likely that they will call on Mr. Baker and General Staff officials while on the way to their posts.

Already the allied troops have forced their way forward against more serious obstacles than they will encounter later when the cold has hardened the ground for the passage of troops and artillery. The mud of Flanders has been the greatest barrier to major operations during the last few weeks, but the Cambrai attack was forced home despite it.

Meagre official reports of the progress of the drive on Cambrai indicate clearly that General Byng's forces are aiming at a great encircling movement. With a wide wedge driven into the Cambrai front, the British commander apparently is working his way behind the German lines on his left flank. If he succeeds in penetrating deeply in that direction many officers here believe he will force a retirement by the Germans on a wide front.

Meanwhile the British and French pressure further toward the Belgian coast is unceasing. A new offensive effort there is expected as a part of the whole plan on which the Allies are engaged of forcing the Germans back from a long section of the coast, where submarine bases are situated. The Cambrai successes have an important bearing, in the opinion of officers here, on this general plan of accomplishing during the Winter a decisive result in the coastal region as the foundation upon which next year's offensive campaign can be laid.

POPE'S APPEAL FAILS.

Baron de la Grange Remains in a German Prison in Spite of It.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 27.—After Pope Benedict, at the request of Cardinal Gibbons, had made intercession with the German officials, word came here today that Baron Louis de la Grange, whose wife was Miss Anita Carroll, daughter of the former Governor of Maryland, John Lee Carroll, would not be released from a detention camp, where he has been for some time. The German officials announced that for military reasons the Baron, who is over 60 and said to be in feeble health, must remain a prisoner indefinitely.

Cardinal Gibbons, who is a close friend of the Carroll family, made the appeal to the Pope. Cablegrams have passed between the Pope, the Cardinal, and the German Foreign Office, but the Cardinal said tonight that his efforts appeared fruitless.

In another German prison camp is Bertrand Kergolay, son of Countess Jean Kergolay of Paris, who was Miss Louisa Carroll, sister of Baroness de la Grange.

AMERICAN AMBITION BLAMED FOR THE WAR

German Paper Says Wilson Seeks World Leadership and People Covet Trade.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 27.—The German press continues in the field of editorial exploration as to why America declared war. Every organ brings some new discovery. The Catholic-Annexationist Cologne Volkszeitung says that any one who knows President Wilson and his vanity realizes that his reasons were personal, and that when future world history is written he aspires to figure as the great man of insight, energy, and power, who brought the war to a happy ending.

"He wishes to be President of the supreme court of the world and judge of the highest court of justice and humanity," says this paper.

The Volkszeitung comments on the statement that "America now is to be an official Entente ally" and is to send representatives to the coming Paris conference, saying that up to the present time America has been unwilling to become involved in European politics and so has declined to take part in conferences, but that Wilson is now advocating a less independent attitude in order to assume a more important rôle in the peace negotiations. Washington, says the paper, has decided to become a more demonstrative ally of the Entente.

It asserts that President Wilson once stated in an unguarded moment that England and America must share the world's commerce, and that "this is another of Uncle Sam's war aims, even if he talks of freedom." America, says the Volkszeitung, would never have entered the war if she had not already lent so much money and if she did not regard the war as big business.

The paper quotes the American banker, Henry Clews, as saying that the war would bring tremendous prosperity to American industry, which otherwise would require a century to build up, that she would become the second greatest world power and that every conceivable industry would be swamped with orders for Europe. This may be correct, says the Volkszeitung, but there is no reason why America shouiud have all the benefit, for the same thing would apply in other countries and in Germany trades and industries would likewise be busuyu, although the lack of workmen would be felt much more in Europe than America so that high wages would be required.

Mr. Clews's statement about America's tremendous development in foreign trade and shipping is correct, the Volkszeitung says. It continues:

"From now on America may be considered a seafaring nation. Before the war shipping was in European hands, and this weakness was long a thorn to American national pride, but the United States will now compare with England as a sea power."

The paper asserts that Americans are too good business men not to rejoice over the war, and that if they pray for peace on Sundays they work in munition factories all the week for the Entente, and they are now dreaming of untold wealth after whe war, though hiding their joy behind the idea that they are bringing peace on earth.

RUSSIAN LEADERS OPPOSE RADICALS

Continued from Page 1.

States of America. We daily expect to receive instructions in line with these facts. Before sending this I submitted it to the Ambassador, who fully agrees."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Official confirmation of the news from London that German Staff officers are in Petrograd acting as military advisers of the Lenine faction probably will be followed promptly by action on the part of the United States and the Allies definitely to place the Bolsheviki régime in the list of Germany's allies.

If the Germans are there all doubt as to the purpose of the Bolsheviki is removed, and the diplomats will be obliged to withdraw to a neutral capital, probably Stockholm, to await instructions from their Governments. Such a development undoubtedly would be followed by immediate cancellation of all orders now in process of execution for military and other supplies for Russia both in the United States and Japan. Several cargoes from the United States are now on the way to Vladivostok, but these can be diverted by wireless orders, and it has been understood that their delivery would be contingent upon evidence that they would not fall into unfriendly hands.

Reports that come from the Don Cossack county that the Hetman, General Kaledines, may be the master of the situation through his control of the food which is necessary to maintain any military force in the North of Russia, have encouraged military experts here to believe that in spite of the aid of his German advisers, Lenine and his faction may be brought to terms.

The Viennese reports crediting General Dukhonin, the Russian Commander in Chief, previously reported to have been deposed by the Bolsheviki, with having received a communication from the Entente Powers threatening grave dangers if Russia should make separate peace with Germany are accepted in Washington with a large grain of salt. It is believed to be part of the German game of propaganda being played for purpose of throwing dust in the eyes of the outside world and stirring up trouble in Russia against the Allies. Officials of the Washington Government have insisted during the past week that there was no foundation for the report that this country was cutting off Russian supplies.

From private conversations in Russian circles here it is gathered that Russian diplomats feel that the withdrawal of the allied, or of American, diplomatic officers from Petrograd or the treatment of Russia, while in the grasp of the Bolsheviki, as a semi-hostile country, might tend to drive Russia into the hands of the enemy, whereas statesmanship, guided by forbearance and sympathetic consideration, might ultimately result in saving Russia not only from her enemies in Berlin and Vienna, but also from her present internal political perils and restore Russia to her proper place in the Entente Alliance.

MOVE AGAINST BOLSHEVIKI.

Committee of Safety Socialists Appeals to the Army.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAPARANDA, Sweden, Nov. 27.—A counterproclamation to the army has been made in reply to the Bolshevist peace decree by the non-Bolshevist Socialists and Moderates of the Committee of Safety. The proclamation states that the step taken by the Bolsheviki means the definite destruction of Russia. The Bolshevist Government is recognized by no allied State nor by Germany. When the Bolsheviki, however, have brought about a truce with the German Generals the Allies, it says, will regard Russia as a traitor and will refuse help and support after the war.

This, the proclamation goes on, will rapidly weaken Russia, which has not an effective army or money or food, with the result that it will fall an easy prey to those who intend to plunder and divide it. Repudiated in every quarter, Russia will have to pray the Kaiser on its knees for peace, and pay in territory and money whatever he claims.

According to the Novaya Zhiza, Lenine and Trotzky sent letters to all army organizations and revolutionary committees at the front pointing out that Admiral Verkhovsky, M. Auksentieff or Tchernoff, M Tseretelli and others had been summoned to the headquarters of the ex-Commander in Chief for the purpose of forming a new Government. Lenine and Trotzky appeal to the army committees to arrest these "enemies of the people" if they refuse to leave military headquarters.

NORTH CUT OFF FROM SOUTH.

Official Messages Reaching Odessa by Way of Persia.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—All communication has been broken between North and South Russia. The Foreign Embassies at Petrograd are unable to establish any touch with Odessa and other points in Southern Russia. Official messages, however, are reaching Odessa by way of Persia.

The Russian Army on the northern front has had no bread for several days, according to reports received in Petrograd and transmitted by the correspondent of The Daily Express, and only two or three days' supply of army biscuit is on hand. The army delegates are reported to have recommended the withdrawal of the troops in order to prevent a general flight with its consequent excesses. Instead of a hundred cars of food arriving daily at the Dvinsk front, only twenty have been received.

Large numbers of troops being moved to different places have been stopped by the removal of sections of railroad track to prevent their reaching Petrograd. They were stopped at towns where food could not be obtained.

The Russian revolutionists have made a "ghastly failure" of their attempt at administration, according to the Petrograd correspondent of The Morning Post, writing under date of Saturday. He adds:

"But behind or beyond all this apparently hopeless chaos, the forces which made Russia an empire are not idle, and those who know Russian history understand perfectly well how matters will end.

"Even as I write the situation is becoming clear. The elections to the Constituent Assembly will take place, but the Constituent Assembly will not meet with success. The Bolshevist movement, whatever that movement may really mean, already has damned the Constituent Assembly.

"Meantime I would call attention to the following facts:

"The vast gold reserve of the Russian Empire, which was removed from Petrograd to the Kremlin in 1913, was later carried still further into the interior. It is in safe hands.

"General Kaledines, Hetman of United Cossackdom, is in secure possession, with trustworthy and disciplined troops of all arms of all those regions of European Russia that produced a harvest this year, and is rapidly capturing those remaining territories upon which Russia relies for its daily bread.

"A vast union, under the name of the Southeastern Union has been formed. It includes the Don territory, a great part of Little Russia, the lower Volga provinces and Turkestan — the area which feeds all Russia. This union is extending and promises to cover the Siberian corn land.

"General Kaledines, holding the gold reserve and the bread supplies, is master of the situation and those he serves will accept dictation neither from Kerensky, Lenine, nor anybody else, least of all from Germany.

"The Allies may safely admit a bowing acquaintance with the curious individualities thrown up from the depths by internal disturbances, but for intimate friendship and future partnership they must look elsewhere, and in the meantime they must wait unconcernedly until their old friends reappear above the present turmoil."

The Council of People's Commissaries, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Petrograd dated Sunday, has declared a two months' moratorium from the day of the beginning of the recent revolt.

A decree issued by the council creates a special State Education Commission to replace the Ministry of Education. All schools are placed under the control of the municipalities.

The Petrograd authorities yesterday published a long list of employes of the Ministry of Finance who have been declared dismissed for failure to resume their posts. They include M. Shipoff, manager of the State Bank, which is still under control nominally of the old authority.

Efforts to force a resumption of work under a Commissioner failed. The final effort was made Saturday, when it was demanded that the employes of the bank and Ministry should line up for or against the Bolshevist Government. They all walked out.

MORE SECRET DOCUMENTS.

Show Germany Sought a Separate Peace with Russia and Japan.

PETROGRAD, Sunday, Nov. 25.—The Bolshevik Government continued today the publication of secret documents of the old Government. Among the documents printed today was a telegram from Sergius Sazonoff, former Foreign Minister, to the allied countries dealing with the efforts of Germany to make peace between Germany, Russia, and Japan through the German Embassy at Stockholm.

In reply to Germany, M. Sazonoff is quoted as having said that he advised the Japanese Ambassador that Russia was willing to listen to a peace proposal, provided the proposal was made to Russia, Great Britain, France, and Japan, in which event he would notify Italy, which then was not in the alliance.

Another telegram, sent by the Russian Ambassador at Rome Oct. 31, 1917, told of a desire of the Italians to have Russia make an attack on or a demonstration against the Austro-Germans to relieve the pressure on Italy.

WANTS FINLAND RESCUED.

Stockholm Paper Advises Swedish or Joint Scandinavian Intervention.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen quotes the Stockholm Aftenbladet as advising Swedish or Joint Scandinavian interference for the salvation of Finland, for humanitarian, rather than political reasons.

The Aftenbladet says Sweden has sufficient means to carry out intervention in the interest of culture and humanity and for the protection of Swedes and of Swedish property in Finland.

TROTZKY PRESENTS DEMAND ON BRITAIN

Calls for Release of "Heroes of Revolution" Under Arrest in England.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—A Reuter dispatch from Petrograd says that Leon Trotzky, Bolshevist Foreign Minister, has written to Sir George W. Buchanan, the British Ambassador, demanding the release of two Russian citizens—Chichirin and Petroff—under arrest in England, characterizing them as "stainless and self-sacrificing men of high ideals." He demands also the release of others under arrest.

Trotzky alleges that many Englishmen living in Russia are openly engaged in political activities with the counter-revolutionary Russian bourgeoisie, and adds:

"The revolutionary democracy cannot accept the position that worthy heroes of the Russian revolution languish in concentration camps in England while counter-revolutionary British citizens suffer no restraint in Russian revolutionary territory."

DEPLORES TATIANA STORY.

Russian Relief Association's Head Calls It Most Unfortunate.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—In behalf of the Russian Civilian Relief Association, C. C. Calhoun, President of the organization, today disclaimed all responsibility for the published story that Tatiana Nicolaevna Romanoff, a daughter of the deposed Czar of Russia, had escaped from Siberia and would sing, dance, and write in this country for the benefit of the society.

The society, organized to gather funds for the relief of the civilian population in Russia, Mr. Calhoun declared, aimed to conduct its propaganda in a dignified manner, and he considered such an appearance of the former Grand Duchess as most improbable and publication of such a story as most unfortunate.

The story of her escape through a mock marriage, accredited to Ivan Narodny, one of the members of the New York office of the society, now is regarded by most Russians in the United States and many others as somebody's idea of a practical joke.

CHECK AUSTRIANS IN ALBANIA.

Italians Rout Assaults That Gained Initial Success.

ROME, Nov. 27.—Austrian troops made another attack on the Italian lines in Albania on Sunday, in which they scored an initial success, the War Office announced today. Regulars came to the assistance of the Albanian bands that had been driven back in the region southeast of Berat, and the Austrians were forced to retreat with heavy casualties.

The text of the statement follows:

In Albania on Sunday night the enemy forced a passage of the Osum River between Cipan and Kobkara, southeast of Berat, attacking our Albanian bands there. The prompt intervention of regular troops drove the enemy back with the infliction of heavy losses upon him.

PREMIERS GATHER FOR PARIS COUNCIL

Continued from Page 1.

Clemenceau will confer with Mr. Lloyd George tomorrow morning.

Premier Venizelos of Greece also arrived tonight. Admiral Sims is also here.

Baron Sonnino, the Italian Foreign Minister, came this morning. The Italian Premier, Vittorio Orlando, Minister of the Treasury Francisco Nitti, Minister of Munitions Alfredo Dallolio, Minister of Transport Bianchi, and Aviation Commissioner Chiosa left Rome for Paris last night.

General Bliss and Admiral Benson, each accompanied by two members of his staff, motored to French Army Headquarters today. They were the guests at luncheon of General Pétain, the French Commander in Chief. Marquis de Chambrun, who was a member of the French mission to the United States, went with the party.

Colonel House and the other members of the American mission to the conference spent the day in conferences here.

Captain André Tardieu, High Commissioner to the United States; Etienne Clementel, Minister of Commerce, and Albert Thomas, former Minister of Munitions, called on Colonel House at his headquarters this afternoon. In the evening Colonel House was a dinner guest of William Graves Sharp, the American Ambassador.

ITALIANS SHATTER BRENTA ATTACK

Continued from Page 1.

another visit to the invaded region, going to the coast cities of Grado and Monfalcone.

ITALIAN LOSSES ARE HEAVY.

Outnumbered 4 or 5 to 1, Mountain Troops Are Fighting Heroically.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 26, (Delayed,) (Associated Press.)—In the course of a trip of 100 miles today through the fighting zone in the north, The Associated Press correspondent met the Major General in command of the most exposed front between the Brenta and Piave Rivers, where the pressure has been greatest and the losses heaviest, and obtained from him details of the situation. As the General spoke a heavy cannonading resounded through his field headquarters, and he looked out upon a great stretch of the Brenta Valley, where the enemy was concentrating his forces in an effort to break through to Bassano and the Venetian Plains.

Staff officers and orderlies were arriving with reports from all vital points and hurrying off with orders for the manoeuvring of troops. It was a stirring scene, but the General paused long enough to give a good general idea of the situation, and details of the condition of the troops and the splendid fight they were making against heavy odds.

He estimated these odds at four or five to one; but even against such odds, he said, his men were fighting with a power of resistance, courage, and dash beyond all praise. Attacks were almost continuous at one point or another, but the Italians were always ready to respond, and had not only repulsed attacks, but driven the enemy back after a series of heroic charges.

The General summed up the physical conditions of the battle ground which made the struggle particularly trying to the troops. First, he said, there was that terrible strain and natural fatigue accompanying nights and days of ceaseless fighting with the relentless foe. Then there was the extreme cold, with the temperature at nights at about 14 degrees above zero, Fahrenheit. This extreme cold was made worse, he said, because the men were without any kind of shelter, everything having been swept away in the terrific artillery action, and the constant shifting of position.

There were no trenches or dugouts, and there was no water from unfailing sources, such as soldiers should have when going through such an ordeal. The troops were on the barren foothills, covered with rocks and stones. This ground was without habitation and the slightest natural facilities usually required by fighting troops.

After summing up the physical hardships, the General added that there was the still more serious condition of many commands being with very few officers, as the continuous fighting had told terribly on officers. As a result, new men were suddenly called upon to lead forces far exceeding those they had been accustomed to command, and sub-officers as well as junior officers were directing superior commands in many instances.

The General said that there had been fearful losses among the troops, which required a constant re-forming of companies, regiments, brigades, and divisions. But, with all these terrible conditions, the spirit of the men was unabated in the determination to hold at any cost.

The rumble of heavy artillery fire continued throughout the General's talk, while through a dense mist over the valley was seen a faint outline of the rising hills where one attack was following another in this fateful battle.

Enemy's Losses Enormous.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 26, (Delayed.)—It is now a month since the Austro-German offensive started, and more than a fortnight since the Italians checked the enemy on the Piave line. The whole campaign is made up of episodes of heroism too numerous to be catalogued. The battle still rages in the mountain region. One brigade fought for eight days together, stopping neither day nor night—all this in terrible cold, ten degrees below the freezing point, in a region covered with snow, where the soldiers are compelled to remain for a long time motionless, lest they be discovered against the whiteness of the snow, before they pounce in surprise attacks upon the enemy.

The Alpini and Bersaglieri who defend the strongholds on the Asiago Plateau are troops taken from the Carnia and Cadore fronts, where they have passed their lives in the mountains. They dig trenches in the solid rock during the battle, build shelters for the wounded, hide machine guns under ground and suffer hardships which are aggravated by the Winter season. A battalion of Alpini which were attacked by great enemy masses near Meletta di Gallio lost two-thirds of its effectives without yielding an inch of ground.

The enemy's losses are enormous. Three divisions on a front of ten miles, between San Marino and Fener, have been withdrawn because they were decimated.

One group of Alpini, fighting against Prussian Jägers, seeing one of their officers wounded by an explosive bullet, flung themselves furiously against the enemy, charging with the bayonet. The Germans tried to escape, but got entangled in barbed wire, where they were all caught and killed with the exception of one who fled crying: "I am an Alsatian!"

One of the Alpini after the battle remarked with satisfaction: "I have discovered that the Prussians are made of flesh and blood, like us."

Another division of Alpini charged over unprotected ground against opponents who were the best troops the Austro-Germans could muster, having been fighting in the Vosges, and drove them from their higher positions.

The sacrifices which they are undergoing have not for an instant shaken the determination of the Italian soldiers, who understand the momentous character of this mounting fighting.

Teutons Used Up Six Divisions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Semi-official advices from Rome received today indicated that the Italian Army had withstood successfully all attempts of the Austro-German forces to break the solidarity of the Italian line along the lower Piave and in the mountain sectors. According to this dispatch, the Italians have vigorously resisted and repulsed the enemy attacks and inflicted severe losses upon the invaders.

"Some enemy outposts," it says, "in the confusion of the struggle, fought among themselves. So the 31st Landsturm, during an action near Monte Tomba, fought from the evening until dawn against other Austro-German troops, which were decimated.

"From the Asiago Plateau to the Piave the enemy has suffered appalling losses without gaining any advantage. Between the Piave and the Brenta the enemy has already worn out six divisions."

FORMER GERMAN LINER SUNK BY A U-BOAT

The Actaeon, Flying American Flag, Is Destroyed in Mediterranean—Many of Crew Missing.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The American steamship Actaeon was torpedoed on Sunday, a dispatch from Corunna, Spain, reports. Twenty-one survivors have arrived at Port Camarinas. Three boats with the remainder of the crew are missing.

The crew of the American steamship Actaeon was composed of fifty-eight men, including twenty-six American citizens and five naturalized Americans. The vessel also is believed to have had on board a crew of United States naval gunners, inasmuch as the vessel was controlled by the United States Shipping Board.

Formerly the German steamship Adamsturm, of 5,000 tons, the Actaeon left New York early in October, carrying Government supplies for Bordeaux. It is believed she was on the return voyage when sunk. She was commanded by W. J. Johnson. The vessel was built in Germany in 1909, and was seized by this Government after war was declared.

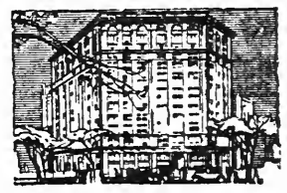
The American citizens on board were C. H. Hurley, second mate, Gardner, Mass.; A. B. Bradley, third mate, 616 West 172d Street, New York City; G. A Jensen of Ferndale, Cal., and J. A. Atkins, Hood, Cal., wireless operators; Louis R. Carson, cadet officer, Los Angeles; H. B. Smith, boatswain, Baltimore; Peter Sullivan, seaman, Fall River, Mass.; F. B. Atwood, seaman, Nantucket, Mass.; H. Wotton, seaman, St. Paul, Minn.; I. F. Wildey, second assistant engineer, Woodycrest, N. Y.; James R. Healey, third assistant engineer, New Orleans; B. Ford, cadet engineer, Algiers, La.; J. Moriarty, oiler, Asbury Park, N. J.; R. Marsden, coal passer, Philadelphia; W. B. Crada, coal passer, Bellhaven, N. C.; F. Roiman, second cook, 496 East 162d Street, New York City; John O'Connell, messman, Lowell, Mass.; J. McCaffrey, messman, Haverhill, Mass.; E. C. Wallace, messman, Philadelphia; Henry Fallon, deck boy, Steubenville, Ohio; Thomas R. Correro, seaman, no address, born in California; W. M. Gilvey, cadet engineer, home in England; J. H. Jennings, oiler, no address, born in Massachusetts; Arthur J. Lyon, coal passer, Bristol, Conn.; Benjamin Paul, seaman, Philadelphia.

NOTED AMERICAN FLIER KILLED BY A HORSE

Paul Pavelka of Foreign Legion and Lafayette Squadron Dies Near Monastir.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—Advices have been received here from Saloniki to the effect that Sergeant Paul Pavelka of the French Flying Squadron was killed recently by being thrown from a horse near Monastir. He was buried at Saloniki.

Pavelka was the first American fighter killed on the Macedonian front. His home was Madison, Conn. He enlisted in the Foreign Legion at the outbreak of the war but was transferred to the aviation branch in November, 1915. He served with the Lafayette Squadron before Verdun and in the Somme battle and later volunteered for service at Saloniki, where he was decorated with the War Cross for his bombing and fighting exploits.



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TO walk through the corridors of the Fifth Avenue Building, and glance at the names on the doors, is like turning over the advertising pages of a modern magazine.

Rental information on request.

MANY OF OUR SAILORS WON BRIDES IN IRELAND

Nearly a Hundred Said to Have Married Since the Flotillas Went Abroad.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF AN AMERICAN NAVAL BASE, Nov. 27.—Although I have no exact figures, I am told that the number of marriages among American sailors since their arrival here is very great and that in the flotillas stationed in Ireland the marriages now number nearly a hundred since they first made their headquarters here, about six months ago.

The Irish girls and the men of the American fleet get on very well together, and the smiling blue eyes of the Irish colleens capitivate the strangers. A large percentage of the American sailors are Irishmen, and they have married girls whom they knew before they went to the United States.

Uncle Sam is looking well after his sailor men and an ordinary day's menu on an American ship is good enough for a first-class hotel. When the fleet arrived here first, whole herds of cattle were bought up for their use and killed as required, but now the meat is brought direct from the United States. Of all the forces fighting in the world war the Americans are the best fed.

WOODS TELLS SECRET OF STEAMSHIP FIRES

Commissioner Says White Liquid Timed to Burst Into Flame Was the Cause.

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—An innocent-looking white liquid, timed to burst into flame by the solution or weakness of the solution, has been the source of fires with which American shipping has been menaced ever since the war began, according to Arthur Woods, Police Commissioner of New York, who delivered an address here tonight on chemical warfare. Mr. Woods said, was the cause of ruinous fires aboard sugar ships at sea some months ago.

"For a long time," he said, "we couldn't find out how the inflammable material which caused these fires was put aboard ship. But we think we have it now—at least, no more ships are being burned."

STIRS ZEAL FOR COLONIES.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 27.—Germany is trying to educate its people on the subject of colonies. With this end in view the Duke of Mecklenburg has just formed a new committee, with headquarters in Dresden, with the idea of awakening more enthusiasm for colonial politics.

The committee is to form a traveling exhibition of colonial products, to be sent all over Germany.

Weather Forecast: Frost On The Panes, Steam On The Pudding, OVERCOATS!

LOOKS like a snowed-in-on-the-farm, sing-the-old-songs, gather-round-the-fire-messmates sort of Thanksgiving, with, maybe, a flash of Blue or Khaki to temper gayety with reality.

Splendid, shaggy, all-enveloping Overcoats of *pure wool* that you can bury yourself in clear up to ears and eye-brows.

Dozens of other style-models from Stein-Bloch at $25 to $65.

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Broadway at 32nd Street

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Condensed Statement, November 14, 1917

RESOURCES

Real Estate	$2,954,887 11
Bonds and Mortgages	1,653,400 00
U. S. Government Certificates of Indebtedness	80,488,709 50
Liberty Bonds	18,439,640 00
Public Securities	29,159,646 94
Other Securities	67,623,769 76
Loans and Bills Purchased	287,228,937 18
Cash—on Hand and in Banks	60,653,691 72
Exchanges for Clearing House	11,909,223 30
Foreign Exchange	90,090,632 03
Credits Granted on Domestic and Foreign Acceptances	48,959,689 45
Accrued Interest and Accounts Receivable	1,956,749 38
	$701,118,976 37

LIABILITIES

Capital		$25,000,000 00
Surplus Fund—required by law $5,000,000		
Additional Surplus—not required by law	20,000,000	25,000,000 00
Undivided Profits		1,125,432 11
Accrued Dividend		625,000 00
Outstanding Treasurer's Checks		11,154,060 28
Accrued Interest Payable		3,502,563 95
Reserve for Taxes and Expenses		810,015 68
Foreign Accounts		5,744,478 11
Domestic and Foreign Acceptances		48,959,689 45
Notes and Bills Rediscounted with Federal Reserve Bank		17,842,456 22
Bills Payable with Federal Reserve Bank		49,000,000 00
Deposits		512,355,280 57
		$701,118,976 37

Deposits December 31, 1915	$418,549,861
Deposits November 29, 1916	458,893,942
Deposits November 14, 1917	512,355,280

running a hardware store

Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Company of Chicago sell hardware wholesale to an immense number of stores. The company has systematically distributed among these, at its own expense, reprints of SYSTEM'S figures on safe expense for rent, salaries, delivery, heat and other retailing items. Mr. Macomber, the credit manager, says these reprints have benefited the hardware trade generally. In addition his company uses them constantly to educate storekeepers who fall behind in payments.

SYSTEM, the Magazine of Business, is not academic. It gets right down into the dust and heat of trade. It is an institution like the corner bank—familiar, indispensable, trusted.

Advertising in SYSTEM assures a respectful hearing

MARTIAL LAW RULES CITY'S WATERFRONT

First Detachment of Soldiers Ordered to Take Up Patrol Duty at Atlantic Piers.

MORE WILL FOLLOW SOON

Barbed-Wire Fences Will Be Erected at Barred Zones Today, and No Enemy Alien May Pass.

Coast artillerymen drawn from the fortifications on and near New York City, under command of Captain W. A. Heath, U. S. A., have been ordered to guard great Atlantic piers which are included in what is known as the Chelsea Docks, south of Twenty-third Street, and the Southern Pacific piers, in the Christopher Street section of the North River river front. These are the first Federal troops assigned to duty on the New York waterfront. Barbed-wire fences will be erected in front of these piers this morning, and from now on no person will be permitted in the reservation who fails to prove he has business there and is a loyal citizen or a friendly alien.

The artillerymen will probably go on duty today or tonight, the patrol beats in West Street being about ten feet beyond the pier entrances. Other piers will be taken over as speedily as possible, and soon every pier in the waterfront zone will be in charge of the army.

It is probable that troops will be ordered to duty today at the more important points, such as the Bush Terminal reservation, the India Wharves section, and certain of the South American docks in Brooklyn.

The decision to place barbed-wire fences in front of the more important piers was arrived at yesterday afternoon at a conference attended by Brig. Gen. Eli Hoyle, commanding the Eastern Department, on Governors Island; Chief Inspector James E. Dillon of the Police Department, Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith, United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy, Assistant United States District Attorney John C. Knox, and representatives of the various transatlantic lines. Following this conference it was stated that, in addition to the soldiers who will be in charge outside the piers, police will continue on duty at the entrances.

In addition to the registration of all enemy aliens, resident in New York, which will probably begin the latter part of this week, it has been decided to make a census of all persons living in or doing business within the limits of the 100-yard zone. The taking of this census will probably begin within twenty-four hours and when it is completed the guard commanders will be given the names of all persons entitled to reside or do business in their section of the zone. All these persons will get identification cards which they must show on entering the zone.

Marshal McCarthy delivered to the police last night several thousand placards, to be posted on all buildings in the barred zones and at the foot of all crosstown streets at a point 100 yards from the waterfront. These cards are printed in English and German, and will be put in place today.

"All Germans, if they heed my advice," said Marshal McCarthy, "will strictly live up to the warning on the placards. When a German arrives at a point opposite one of these placards he had better execute an about face, for if he keeps on going it means his arrest and internment. The soldier guards will be on duty just outside the barbed wire, which will be stretched about twenty yards from the street car tracks, on the river side. It should be made plain that the Government intends to be absolutely just in this matter. The orders cannot possibly be misunderstood by any person who reads them."

As soon as the waterfront guard situation is cleared up the Federal authorities will arrange for the registration of enemy aliens throughout the city. This registration will probably be handled by the police, and will mean the grouping of enemy aliens by police precincts and the reporting by them at stipulated periods to the Police Captains.

Several hundred German subjects visited the Federal Building yesterday to find out what was the last day of grace, so far as the order to move out of the waterfront zones is concerned. They were informed that the orders were to move immediately, and that the period during which they are expected to get out of the zone ends at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. A delegation from the Gansevoort Market section called on the Marshal to plead for several Germans employed within the barred zone at that point.

"Who are these Germans!" the Marshal asked.

"They are Gansevoort Market butchers and we can't get along without them," the spokesman said.

"Well, if they are in the zone you will have to get along without them, and I hereby order you to direct them to move at once," replied the Marshal.

Another man, head of the company which does the largest business in hops in the United States, pleaded for several German employes. He finally gave in and said that he would move his business out of the zone. "I can't do business without those Teutons," he added.

Another request came from a woman who owns a restaurant on West Street and who employs a German cook. She said that her kitchen is exactly 264 feet from the pier, that the German cook enters the building from the rear, and that he could not see out of any door or window, and that she had a chalk line drawn on the floor beyond which he had been instructed not to pass. For him she asked special consideration, but was told that the rule could not be altered to suit her cook, and that if he went within 100 yards of any pier he would be arrested and interned.

So rigid have become the regulations that persons wishing to use public telephones within the restricted area are forbidden to enter unless they display identification cards, and the telephones on piers are forbidden to all who are not personally known to the watchmen on duty.

Special Inspectors and guards provided by the owners and leasees of piers were on duty on all piers in Brooklyn and Staten Island yesterday and will be continued until they are replaced by troops. In addition a policeman is assigned to duty on all of the more important piers. Inspectors and guards are also on duty on piers north of Seventy-second Street in the North River, and at certain of the piers in Yonkers. The same is true of all piers on the New Jersey shore.

TRIPLEX GLASS FOR WAR.

British Patents Acquired for Its Manufacture in This Country.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—A group of New York financiers has acquired the patent rights for manufacturing a triplex safety glass for war purposes, including its use in automobile wind screens, ships port-lights, chart table tops, bridge screens, aviation goggles, airplane wind screens and observation panels.

W. J. Finlay, a member of the syndicate, who is at present in London, says that a factory is in course of construction in America for the manufacture of this glass, and that it will soon be in operation.

RECORD MEAT ORDER GIVEN.

Largest in World's History Placed with Packers in Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—A group of about fifteen packers sat around a table in the food administration offices today. At its head was Joseph P. Cotton, Chief of the Government Meat Division. Before him was a long list specifying the meat needs of the Allies, the Red Cross, and the Belgian relief organizations. For about two hours the group conferred, and when the session broke up the greatest meat order in the history of the world had been placed.

A large order, covering meat for the American Aarmy, failed to arrive in time and will be divided later. The greater part of the meat will go forward early next year. Cured meats and lard make up no inconsiderable portion of the total.

Danes Cut U-Boat Insurance.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 27.—The Danish War Insurance Company has lowered its premium on cargoes between England and Denmark from 9 to 7 per cent.

FOOD BOARD NAMED TO EXPEDITE WORK

New Plan Worked Out by Hoover to Prevent Confusion in New York State.

MITCHELL NAMED CHAIRMAN

National Administrator Will Define Policies of the Body and Superintend Price Fixing.

In order to prevent further duplication of work and confusion between the State Food Commission, of which John Mitchell is the Chairman, and Arthur Williams, City Food Administrator of the National Food Administration, a Federal Food Board for New York State was created yesterday. The plan was worked out by Herbert C. Hoover, National Food Administrator. It was brought from Washington by his personal representative, F. C. Walcott, and accepted at a joint meeting of State and city food administrators.

The new Federal Food Board consists of five members, as follows: John Mitchell, Chairman; Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman, and Charles A. Wieting, State Food Commissioners; Arthur Williams, City Food Administrator, and Charles E. Treman of Utica, Food Administrator for the State outside of New York City. Mr. Treman is a banker and a Trustee of Cornell University. He was Superintendent of Public Works under Governor Dix.

The agreement signed by the members of the new board states specifically that the National Food Administration and not the State will define policies and superintend the carrying out of the food conservation and price-fixing campaign. A statement given out after the meeting reads:

"The Food Administration at Washington must determine the broad national policies, but the administration of these policies must be carried out largely by organizations within the State." John Mitchell called the agreement a happy solution of the problem of conflicting authority.

Under the terms of agreement the general policy to be maintained during the war in food matters must be national and will be directed from Washington. Enforcement of regulations of retail distribution, including milk, will be directed by State authority, and while the Federal Board will have supervision, it will not interfere with the work of the Federal Milk Commission.

While it is recognized that at certain points Federal and State authority overlaps, it is understood that the State Commission possesses much wider authority over retailers, control of public selling places, established public markets, collection of information, control of transportation, established markets, the stimulation of production, and the purchase and sale of foods by the municipality.

The authority of the Federal Administration extends in the main to interstate transportation and distribution of food through the manufacturers, wholesale and commission men, which can only be administered from Washington. It was decided that the control of transportation and distribution, the regulation of manufacturers, wholesalers, storage and commission men, and enforcement of the law against hoarding, being in a large degree interstate trading, shall be under Federal direction.

State and Federal authorities will cooperate in investigating complaints. For expedition in administration, Mr. Williams is to act as the direct representative of Washington in New York City, and Mr. Treman outside of the city.

The board may be dissolved without notice by the National Food Administration.

Mr. Hoover will be in New York Monday to attend the first meeting of the new board.

While the Federal Board was being formed Henry Moskowitz, City Commissioner of Markets, was conferring with a committee of civic bodies appointed last week to organize a Citizens' Food Council for New York City. This committee will have organizations in all the election districts. Its objects, according to the commissioner, are:

That this Food Council is to act as the co-operating agency for all three commissions, the Federal Food Administration, State Food Commission, and Department of Public Markets.

To act as a Citizens' Food Agency for the three food administrations in connection with complaints. This council will have representatives in all parts of the city who can check up abuses in retail stores, send in complaints to the Commissioner of Markets, check up any complaints which the Commissioner may receive through other channels. The council will also exercise local influence in every part of the city in obtaining the enforcement of regulations.

To act as an organization for the distribution of literature on food matters for the food administrations and to organize meetings in local districts.

To promote wherever possible the co-operative movement, such as the organization of co-operative purchasing through co-operative stores and buying clubs.

To aid in the formulation of such a comprehensive market and food program for the city by the food administrations as will merit the support of public opinion.

To co-ordinate the work of all existing organizations to the end that duplication and overlapping in their respective activities may be eliminated.

The meeting of the Federal Milk Commission was abandoned for the day after the Commissioners had waited more than an hour for the milk producers to appear. Dr. W. H. Jordan, the Chairman, said the Commission would resume the inquiry Monday morning.

Cyrus C. Miller, Fuel Administrator for the Bronx, and Joseph A. Hall, Controller of Peddlers' Supplies, said yesterday that there is not much suffering in the city because of the scarcity of coal. Ninety per cent. of the cases investigated, Mr. Hall said, showed that the complainants have from two to three tons of coal in their cellars and wanted to get more because of a fear that prices might increase.

Mr. Miller said that the Fuel Administrator had obtained 20,000 tons of coal from barges moored in the harbor and of this amount 9,000 tons are going to Manhattan, 7,000 tons to Brooklyn, and 4,000 tons to the Bronx.

Patrick Jones, Superintendent of Supplies of the Board of Education, said that there was coal enough on hand to keep the schools running.

CALLS ON JEWS TO HELP.

Jacob H. Schiff Urges That $5,000,000 Be Raised for War Work.

Jacob H. Schiff, as General Chairman, has issued a circular from 500 Fifth Avenue calling attention to the joint campaign for the Jewish War Sufferers' Fund and the Jewish Board for Welfare Work in the United States Army and Navy, which will continue from Dec. 3 to Dec. 16. It is proposed to raise $5,000,000.

"It was deemed advisable to join these causes," Mr. Schiff says, "rather than have separate campaigns so that there be no waste of time and energy on the part of our splendid corps of workers.

"It is solely from a feeling of duty that in these serious times I must not avoid responsibilities that I have accepted the Chairmanship of the local campaign to obtain funds for both these worthy causes.

"We shall need the combined goodwill and the generosity of New York Jewry to be able to secure the $5,000,000 which we must raise before the end of the campaign.

"Become a soldier in the cause of humanity and start serving today by talking to your Jewish neighbors, to your fellow-workmen, to your business associates, to men with whom you buy and sell. Arouse them to a sense of their Jewish duty and you will have played no small part in this great work."

The Campaign Committee includes Charles L. Bernheimer, Edward C. Blum, Abram I. Elkus, Lee K. Frankel, Daniel Guggenheim, Justice Irving Lehman, Louis Marshall, Henry Morgenthau, Mortimer L. Schiff, Nathan Straus, Felix M. Warburg, Dr. Stephen Wise, Bernard M. Baruch, George Blumenthal, Joseph B. Greenhut, Adolph Lewisohn, James Speyer, Oscar S. Straus, and William J. Wollman.

BRITISH LOSSES FEWER.

Falling Off Despite Cambral Fight —Week's Total, 30,314.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—British casualties officially reported for the week ending today aggregated 30,314. They were divided as follows:

Killed or Died of Wounds—Officers, 269; men, 5,947; total, 6,216.

Wounded or Missing—Officers, 896; men, 23,202; total, 24,098.

NEW WAR COUNCIL TO UNIFY OUR WORK

Closer Co-ordination on Food, Fuel, Finance, and Shipping Provided in Washington.

SIX OF CABINET INCLUDED

Hoover Board Creates a Division for Buying for Army, Navy, and Other Nations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—President Wilson's advocacy of an Inter-Allied War Council to develop greater unity of action and co-ordination of the war energies of the United States in association with the Entente Powers has been followed by steps to unify the American end of the war machinery.

The Council of National Defense today announced a new and larger "co-ordinating body," which will include six members of the Cabinet—Messrs. Baker, Daniels, Lane, Houston, Redfield, and W. B. Wilson. Finance, shipping, food, and fuel, which are vital factors in the war proposition, are not fully represented in the Council of National Defense. These four lines of attack upon the war problems have been incorporated into the new body. The Defense Council issued the following explanatory statement:

"At a special meeting of the Council of National Defense this morning, action was taken to bring about a closer coordination of the war-making activities of the Government. It was determined to hold a joint weekly conference of the Council of National Defense, Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board, Food Administrator Hoover, Fuel Administrator Garfield, and Chairman Willard, of the War Industries Board of the council. Director Gifford of the council will be present at these meetings as heretofore.

"Since the Council of National Defense, composed of Secretary of War Baker, Secretary of the Navy Daniels, Secretary of the Interior Lane, Secretary of Agriculture Houston, Secretary of Commerce Redfield, and Secretary of Labor Wilson, represents the military alms of the Government, as well as those Federal executive departments dealing most directly with the vital resources of the nation, this larger coordinating body will work toward unification of the machinery necessary in the prosecution of the war."

A preliminary conference of the new "council" was held today. It is understood that President Wilson will attend some of the sessions. A Cabinet member of the Council of National Defense said tonight that the creation of the new body was considered in Administration circles as a step of the highest importance. It was expected to bring about not only unification and co-ordination, but prevent duplication and produce better team work all along the line. It was pointed out, for example, that as national coal administrator, Dr. Garfield might think that coal should be supplied to certain industries on the theory that these were essential, when members of the War Trade Board might think other industries more essential.

The Food Administration announced tonight that it had completed the coordination of purchases for the army, navy, and allied and neutral countries, in food staples, embracing grains, flour, meat products, and canned goods. The purchases have been put under control of a division of co-ordination of purchases.

"The necessity for such an organization," says the administration announcement, "grows out of the Governmental consolidation all over the world of buying of certain commodities into such large orders as to extend beyond the ability of any one manufacturer to supply, and the failure to co-ordinate which may effect price level and supplies to the civil population.

"The army and navy supplies of such commodities are handled by an Inter-Department Committee representing the army, navy, Food Administration and Federal Trade Commission. The allied supplies are handled by the various allied purchasing agencies co-ordinating through the Food Administration, which in this case acts under a delegation of powers, set up by contracts between the United States Treasury and the various allies. The co-ordination of neutral buying is obtained through the conditions laid down in export licenses by the War Trade Board."

ADVERTISEMENT.

Get some Bell-ans from your druggist today and don't let any discomfort or distress spoil the pleasure of your Thanksgiving Dinner.

6 BELL-ANS
Hot Water
Quick Relief

BELL-ANS
FOR INDIGESTION
Contains no harmful or deleterious substance.

7 ARTILLERYMEN LOST, PERSHING REPORTS

Two Killed and Five Severely Wounded in an Action on Nov. 20.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—General Pershing late this afternoon notified the War Department that two more American soldiers had been killed in action and that five others, two of them Sergeants, had been severely wounded in the same action. All were members of a field artillery unit, but the identity of this unit is withheld by the War Department in accordance with its policy.

The official announcement says:

The War Department has received a report from the commanding General of the American expeditionary forces of the following casualties:

Action, Nov. 20.

KILLED.

Private Harry L. Miller, Field Artillery; emergency address, Mrs. L. Copeland, 1,603 Centre Street, Baker, Ore.

Private Charles Rissmiller, Field Artillery; emergency address, Mrs. Clara Rissmiller, (mother,) 1,371 Moss Street, Reading, Penn.

SEVERELY WOUNDED.

Sergeant Julian M. Peek, Field Artillery; emergency address, Z. B. Peek, Hartwell, Ga.

Sergeant Andrew Engstrom, Field Artillery; emergency address, Mrs. O. Engstrom, (wife,) Fort Sill, Okla.

Private Harry C. Watkins, Field Artillery; emergency address, Mrs. Fannie B. Watkins, (mother,) North Bend, Ore.

Private Oscar F. Jones, Field Artillery; emergency address, Mrs. Maria Jones, (mother,) Lucas, Ohio.

Private Joseph Lewitt, Field Artillery, emergency address, Roy Woodside, (friend,) Mount Holly, N. J.

General Pershing today reported two deaths due to pneumonia complicated with other diseases. They were:

Private William J. Logan, Engineers; sister, Rosie Windham, Atkins, S. C. Died Nov. 21.

Private Harry J. Morrison, Headquarters Troop; mother, Mrs. Minerva Morrison, Punxsutawney, Penn. Died Nov. 22.

Private Raymond H. Runner, attached to the Provisional Aero Squadron of the Signal Corps, died Nov. 24 from injuries received in the accidental fall of an airplane, the War Department was advised today by General Pershing. No details were given. The private's mother, Mrs. Mary Runner, lives at 2,920 North Gale Street, Indianapolis.

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We will be glad to write you in detail just *how* we settle estates.

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You don't have to wait for
FRANKLIN SIMON OFFICERS'
Military Requisites
They are waiting for you!

THE Franklin Simon assortments of military requisites comprehend everything the American soldier wants—including the military requisite of being ready for immediate service. No waiting. Our stocks are liberal enough to ensure your getting what you want when you want it.

O.D. Viyella Flannel Shirts	6.50 and 6.75
Flannel Army Shirts	4.00
Regulation Army Sweaters	7.50
O.D. Wool Sleeveless Sweaters	7.50
O.D. Jersey Sleeveless Sweaters	4.00
O.D. Army Blankets	6.50 and 14.00
Army Bedding Roll	12.00
Sam Brown Belt	14.00
O.D. Blanket Bath Robes	6.50
Officers' Caps	3.50
Campaign Hats	3.00 and 6.00
Gillette's Service Safety Razor	5.00
Auto Strop Safety Razor	5.00
Officers' Field Trunk	10.00
Comfort Field Kit (complete)	5.00
O.D. Wool Muffler	2.50
Officers' Hat Cords	1.00
Army Money Belt	1.25
Natural Wool Socks	.60 and .75
O. D. Silk Handkerchiefs	.50 and 1.50
O. D. Cotton Handkerchiefs	.25
Military Stock Ties	.25
Regulation Army Four-in-Hands	.50
Wrist Watches	7.00 to 45.00
Aquascutum Combination Sleeping Bag and Kit-Karrier	50.00
Gieve Life-Saving Waistcoat	35.00

Men's Furnishings Shop—4 West 38th Street
A Separate Shop on the Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

DANCE NOT IN HEART, MRS. DE SAULLES SAYS

Continued from Page 1.

yawned rather noisily during the cross-examination.

District Attorney Weeks turned about and gazed at the juror angrily for a second, but said nothing. When he turned back to Mrs. De Saulles, she said:

"Any one would be tired."

"You mean that I am tiresome?" asked District Attorney Weeks.

"Yes."

"Do you mean that you did not expect me to question you?"

"No, I knew that you would."

"Did you mean to be disrespectful?"

"No."

District Attorney Weeks, although he did not leave any question unasked, was polite and pleasant to the witness. He never raised his voice. He never spoke sarcastically, though he occasionally let a note of incredulity into his questions, especially when he was interrogating Mrs. De Saulles about the period between the time she shot her husband on the night of Aug. 3 and Aug. 13. Her memory, she insisted, was an absolute blank for that time.

One of the letters which the prosecution made a good deal of was written by her on the steamer Calamares in the Summer of 1915, after she had left this country for Chile, following her break with her husband. In it she said:

Dear Jack: Just before leaving I want to tell you that I am really sorry for having made you so unhappy, and I want you to please forgive me, and realize that if I hurt you it was always unconsciously. I know, though, that no excuse makes it any better; a hurt is a hurt.

But want you to know that I have always been fond of you and admired you as a man among men, and nothing will ever change that. That I was not able to make a good wife will ever be a regret to me and a source of reproach. Circumstances and people change so much that who knows that some day, if you wanted still, we might be happy. However, I feel as though you do not like me, and will never want to see me again, and, though I justly deserve it, it does hurt, because, as I say, I am very fond of you and shall always be tremendously interested in all your doings, and hope from the bottom of my heart that you will find the happiness which is your due. As long as I have Toodie I shall make a good mother to him, and make him look forward to the time he will see you again. BLANQUITA.

Always Taking the Blame.

Mrs. De Saulles was asked what she meant by saying that she had not been a good wife. She said:

"I was always taking the blame for everything."

She was asked if she meant that she admired him as a man among men.

"It was flattery," she said.

"Do you mean that it was not sincere?"

"In a way it was."

In another letter, written by her after her arrival in Chile, which was introduced by the prosecution to show that she still thought much of De Saulles, in spite of what she had told of suffering at his hands, the young woman sent snapshot pictures of the child to De Saulles and told how well he was. She suggested in this letter, in the Summer of 1915, that the boy often said he wished he could be with his father at the Yale Club. In this letter she asked that the boy should be "inscribed" for school, and he later was registered as a student at an exclusive boys' school at Groton, Conn.

She was questioned at length regarding one of her earlier letters from London on June 29, 1914, in which she addressed her husband as "Dearest, Darling Dinky," and said:

You have no idea how I enjoyed your perfectly wonderful letters. One of them specially has made me so glad that I took forward immensely to returning to my home which is you, Dinky, you need not be afraid that I shall regret having married you. On the contrary, the more I go out and meet more men I meet, the greater is my thankfulness that I belong to you, Dinky. I knew I'm horribly selfish to be off by myself having a good time, and to have taken Toodie away from you, but you will forgive me, won't you, and think that I'm very young, and that all my friends in New York were so old, the youngest being dear old Louise, who was a woman of 30 when your wife was only 19. Here I have been mostly with girls and boys of my own age, people to whom life is still a rosy dream, and not so frightfully real and earnest as it becomes to those who have passed their first youth.

The Joy of Living.

I am playing in the sunshine, forgetful of everything save the joy of living. I feel so young and cheerful, and I have such a wonderful feeling in my heart, that at the slightest sign of weariness, or should any clouds disturb my sunshine, I have you to go back to and your strong arms to hold me. Oh, Dinky, it will be such a wonderful homecoming for me, and I'm so glad I came away, because I've learned to appreciate you and your goodness. I shall be so glad to settle down in our little home, and won't we be happy in it! Dinky, it will be too wonderful!

You wrote an awfully sweet letter to Auntie, but it has upset me frightfully to think you are worried about me—don't you trust me any more? You seem to be afraid suddenly that some one will run away with me. Jack, if you don't believe me loyal, at least give me the credit of having a very good head on my shoulders, and a good insight into characters, and I am exceedingly careful as to whose invitations I accept and whose I refuse, and I always know when I can go out with a man.

By the way, I saw Elsie Janis at the Palace. She is scoring an immense success. You will be glad to hear Ostend appeals to me strongly—the bathing, the Casino, lots of dancing, the races, &c. They still gamble there, but that doesn't make any difference to me. I have vague ambitions to run down to Biarritz for one week. There are crowds of people going that I know, and several people have begged me to go. That would be in August, before going back. I shall try to persuade Billy and Maria to go as chaperons, if I have any money left by that time.

Mooney is over in Ireland for her holiday, which lasts two weeks. She does not come back until the 11th of July. I miss her most frightfully, as she did everything for me. I've got a beastly English trained nurse meantime, which I loathe, she's as fat as that old German thing.

Believed in Flattery.

"Did you think all those things about your husband—that he was manly and so forth, when you wrote that letter?" she was asked.

"I thought the best way to keep a husband was to flatter him to death."

Mr. Weeks asked that the answer be stricken out.

"Yes, strike it out," said Justice Manning. "Your answer is not very responsive. Do you wish the jury to understand that you were not sincere in those statements?"

"I flattered him in order to hold him."

"But were you sincere?"

"I think I was."

"Were you unhappy when you wrote that letter?"

"I was."

"Were you unhappy at Ostend where you said you were having such a good time."

"I was bored to death."

After she had got home from her second visit to England in 1914, during which the hotel clerk had asked her which Mrs. De Saulles she was and her husband, according to her story, had practically deserted her, she wrote a cheerful letter and insisted yesterday that she was undergoing intense mental suffering at the time. In this she wrote:

New York seemed so bright and cheerful coming up, the streets so lighted, and when I got home to my Toodie boy my heart almost burst with joy. He threw his arms around my neck and hugged me and kissed me till it thrilled me so it almost made me cry. It was the first home-coming I ever really had to my own little home. Dinkie, if you had been there I should have died, my happiness would have been so complete. That God-loved child—he is too wonderful—he called Bombom to go to France to bring daddy home. I said daddy couldn't come back. Then he looked so sad and said: "Poor Toodie." He runs to your door and knocks and says: "Daddy, may I come in?" He talks and talks about everything. He won't leave me for a minute and says: "I love you, my little Bombom," and kisses me and hugs me. He is too sweet. He looks splendidly, and Louise says he has been happy and well all the time. I know you long to see him.

Even when she wrote this letter, she said she was unhappy, and Mr. Weeks asked:

"In view of these letters, whose expressions are invariably affectionate, when would you say that you were unhappy with your husband; what period does your unhappiness cover?"

"I can't say. Those things came gradually."

First Letter of the New Year.

The following letter from her, written on Jan. 3, 1915, was then read:

My Darling Dink: This is the first letter I write this year, and the first wish is for your welfare and your success. I think of you all the time, and am so anxious to know how you are getting on. You are a lazy Dink—you ought to write to your wife.

New Year's night we went to the first Friday evening dance, and we missed you dreadfully. Maurice was feeling splendidly. He came off the wagon for the occasion. Louise and I had every one at our feet, and we danced till we had none left to stand on. Fowler went with us.

Maurice called for those funny punches that you liked—those Southern things that taste like dirty water and look like diluted milk—and we drank them to your health. I tried to drink mine, but all I could do was to taste it. Charlie came to say goodbye this afternoon; he is going out West again. I am enclosing a letter that I opened thinking it was a bill, the envelope looked so formidable. I am sorry. Jack gets more wonderful every day, but he needs his daddy very badly, so as to keep him from being a molly-coddle. He is a beautiful fat lazy thing, and he likes to have me pet and love him. Who does he take after? Please write, Dinkie, even if it's a card. Send us cards with soldiers.

Lots and lots of love and many wishes for a wonderful year, from your little wife, BLANQUITA.

It was this letter that brought out the remark that she did not dance with her heart.

"Did you think at the time when you went to Chile on board the Calamares that your married life was ended?" asked Mr. Weeks.

"I thought it was morally at an end."

"Do you mean that you intended that you would never live together again as man and wife?"

"I thought that if I was leaving him, I wouldn't."

"My duty demands that I ask this question. Is it not a fact that after the birth of your son you did not live with John De Saulles as man and wife?"

"No."

"Did you make that statement to Mrs. Heckscher?"

"I did."

"And it was untrue?"

"She was always trying to pry into my family affairs."

"Did you not tell a woman that you did not care what women De Saulles went with, so long as he left you alone?"

"That is a lie."

Mr. Weeks showed her a letter written by De Saulles to her, and asked her if she remembered it.

"I remember it well," she said.

Thought Letter Rude.

It was read to the jury. This letter, written in 1916, said that he had taken "The Box" for her because he liked the place. In it he wrote:

For the last four years you have refused to live with me as my wife. You have shown me no consideration whatever, and have been disrespectful and rude. In no way have you been playing the game for my sake, that's sure. If you won't play it for Jack's, I don't know what will appeal to you. In entering the new house I am getting for you, you must turn over a new leaf.

"You remember that letter?"

"Yes, very well. I thought it was very rude."

"Since the birth of your boy, were you a real wife to De Saulles."

"Yes."

Mr. Weeks questioned the defendant about her expenditures on clothes, after reading the following letter, the date of which was not fixed:

My Own Dar: It was so nice to hear your voice today. It made me think you were not so far away. Did you have a nice trip? I thought of you all the time and tried to imagine how far you were on your way. You will laugh and think I am telling stories. I am not.

Johnel kept us awake all night. He started in at 1 o'clock. The minute the light was turned on he would stop crying. When turned off he would resume a voice that must have been heard a block away from here. He was purely naughty, and he kept that up until 5 in the morning. Imagine. When the room would be lighted he would start to talk and coo and blow kisses.

I do hope everything will turn out well, my Dadda; you of all people deserve it, you have worked and waited so much. I feel so badly spending so absurdly on clothes when you are denying yourself so many things you like. Never mind, Dadda, I won't do it again, and please forgive me. They were so pretty that I stopped not to think. I feel lost without you. Please come back just as soon as you can. Johnel and I kiss you tenderly. BLANQUITA.

But She Liked the Clothes.

She said that she felt that she should not have paid so much for the clothes, but that she liked them very much and was spending her own money very largely. It had been shown on the previous day that De Saulles had obtained nearly $40,000 from her in checks out of her estate of $100,000.

Mr. Weeks questioned the young woman closely as to the events of the period after the shooting of her husband. He referred to accounts in the newspapers two days after the shooting in which her life with De Saulles was told in detail almost as full as it has been brought out on this trial. He said:

"Do you remember the story of your life printed in newspapers of Aug. 6?"

"I saw it afterward."

"Did you give Mr. Uterhart the information from which these accounts were written?"

"I do not remember. I think he got it from Mrs. Iglehart and Mrs. Flint."

"Did you read how he said, 'If I don't get a jury to acquit this girl on the story she has told me, I'll hand my certificate to practice law to the Judge'"

"I don't remember reading that."

Mr. Weeks began to go in great detail into the financial affairs of the De Saulles household, showing how many of the bills De Saulles had paid. After a great many transactions had been gone into particularly, Justice Manning said:

"I don't see the reason for this. The husband is obligated to support the wife."

Mr. Weeks said the testimony was intended to contradict the contention of the defense that Mrs. De Saulles had paid all the bills. To shorten the matter, Justice Manning asked Mrs. De Saulles if her husband had paid part of the household expenses. She said:

"Yes, he did."

"Most of them?"

"No, I think I paid most of them."

Further questions brought from Mrs. De Saulles the information that they had lived in style in their home in East Seventy-eighth Street with three servants, and that her share of the expense in the parts of 1915 and 1916, when she lived there, was about $12,000.

Mr. Weeks questioned her about a ring given to her by August Heckscher, who had been greatly pleased by the work of De Saulles in finding a purchaser for the Manhattan Hotel property. Mr. Weeks asked her if she had not later turned in the ring to Charlton's for $8,000 and purchased a still more expensive ring. She said:

"When I got the divorce I offered the ring back to Mr. Heckscher, and he refused to accept it."

"Then you kept it?"

"Yes."

"And you later turned it in to Charlton's for a still more expensive ring?"

"Yes."

"How much did that one cost?"

"Twenty thousand dollars," Mrs. De Saulles answered.

The Ring for Mother.

The courtroom gasped. Mr. Uterhart said his client had evidently misunderstood the questions. Justice Manning then questioned her and brought out that the ring she had received from Heckscher was worth between $400 and $500; that she had turned it in with other money and property to make up $10,000; that her brother William had added another $10,000; and that they had bought a $20,000 ring for her mother for a birthday present.

Mr. Weeks pursued financial transactions for a while longer and then suddenly asked in a different tone:

"Mrs. De Saulles, when did you first learn that you had killed your husband?"

"When Dr. Wright told me about it in the Mineola Jail."

"Did he tell you that you had shot your husband in the back?"

"Did I?"

"I am asking you."

Mrs. De Saulles said that she did not know it was the fact. She said the doctor had not told her so.

"What part of your husband's body is the last you remember seeing?"

"His eyes."

"Not his back?"

"No."

Mrs. De Saulles was asked who was the first person she saw when she entered "The Box."

"The baby," she said.

"Did you speak to him?"

"I do not remember."

"Did he speak to you?"

"I do not remember."

"You made no effort to run off with him?"

"I do not remember."

"Did your husband come with outstretched hand?"

"I could not possibly say."

Mrs. De Saulles was asked, incident by incident, of the events following the shooting, but each time she answered that she did not remember. Finally the District Attorney said: "Don't you think it is strange that you cannot remember what occurred during those ten days?"

"I think it very strange," she replied.

Mrs. De Saulles could not remember hiring her lawyer, getting bail for her maid, telling the story of her life, or doing any of the innumerable things that occurred in the busy time following the shooting. To her great relief Mrs. De Saulles was finally allowed to leave the stand. The defense then called her son's nurse, Mrs. Ethel Whitesides O'Neill. She said that she remembered, during the second year of the couple's married life, when De Saulles opened a large envelope with a photograph of an actress in it, autographed to him. He handed it to Mrs. De Saulles, she said, with the words:

The Actress's Picture.

"Look, Blanca, at this picture this actress has sent me."

"What right has a woman to send you her picture when she knows you are married?" exclaimed Mrs. De Saulles, according to the nurse. She told how Mrs. De Saulles, when she was in South Bethlehem, Penn., after waiting in vain at the railroad station for her husband, who had promised to come, had been greatly distressed.

"I saw her kneel by the bed where the baby was lying," Mrs. O'Neill said, "place both her hands on its breast, and say: 'Oh, Toodles, father doesn't love us!'"

Mrs. O'Neill said that Mrs. De Saulles was plump and rosy when she first knew her. She was asked if Mrs. De Saulles had changed much when she saw her in the Mineola Jail. She said:

"I did not know her. I walked right past her without recognizing her."

"How had she changed?"

"She was very much paler and thinner."

Miss Isabel Flaherty, a graduate nurse, said she had been with Mrs. De Saulles when the child was born. She was asked as to Mrs. De Saulles's physical condition when she knew her. She said:

"She was in very good physical health."

"How about her coloring?"

"She had color in her cheeks all the time and sometimes her color was high. I considered her extremely pretty."

An affidavit was read from Felipe Cortez telling of the automobile accident in which Mrs. De Saulles had suffered the second fracture of the skull.

Mrs. Maude Cowan, a graduate nurse, who attended the baby at the Hotel Gotham after the couple had been divorced, said that she asked for $28 a week, but that Mrs. De Saulles insisted on paying $35 a week, saying that the "position was one of terrible responsibility." Mrs. Cowan said that when the boy returned from the father, who had the privilege of being with him three hours a day in the afternoon, he was disagreeable, dirty, defiant, usually had his pockets full of candy, and was sometimes sick afterwards. Miss Amalia Errazuriz, a sister of the defendant, was called as the next witness, but court was adjourned before she reached the stand. The trial will be resumed at 10 o'clock this morning.

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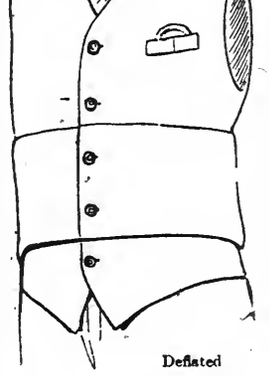
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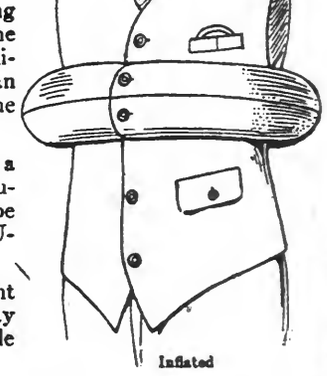
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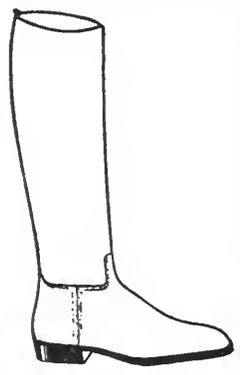

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GARY SEES MONROE DOCTRINE IN EAST

Japan's Rights in China, He Says, Like Those of United States in Latin America.

JOINT ACTION IS NEEDED

Commission from Tokio Declares China Must Be Saved for Good of the World.

Japan, speaking through her Special Finance Commission to the United States, at a dinner given to its members at the Hotel Plaza last night by American financiers, urged the participation of America in a joint plan for the development of China, with due respect to the terms of the Lansing-Ishii agreement, "for the good of China, of Japan, of American and of the world." The Lansing-Ishii agreement, against which China has filed protest, was defended by spokesmen of both Japanese and American interests. On behalf of the Japanese Mission, Y. Yamashita, General Manager of the Sumitomo Firm of Osaka, said that Japan did not intend the exploitation of China against her wishes, "any more than you here in the United States intend such a thing," but that all that Japan said to China was that she must become prosperous and self-governing.

E. H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, defended the Lansing-Ishii agreement and declared that, in setting forth that because of the propinquity of position Japan had certain interests in China recognized by the United States, no more was said than was set forth in the Monroe Doctrine as the special interests, because of propinquity, of the United States in the Latin-American countries. Judge Gary said that he considered that China had no just cause for protesting the agreement, and that her action in doing so was based upon a misunderstanding.

"I conceive it to be of the highest importance," said Judge Gary, "that all questions between the United States and China, the United States and Japan, and Japan and China, be settled on a fair and permanent basis. China has filed a note of protest against the Lansing-Ishii agreement, and that has created temporarily a stir in official circles.

"I think the protest was based upon a misunderstanding. Not being a party to it, China was not bound by it, and I believe that her action was not so much a formal protest as a reservation of the right of protest if at any future time she wished to do so. The part of the Lansing-Ishii agreement to which China is said to have taken exception is that part which says that the United States recognizes that, due to propinquity, Japan has certain interests in China. Those terms can be no more objectionable than the terms of the Monroe Doctrine as to our interests, because of propinquity, in the Latin-American countries."

Baron Tanetaro Megata, head of the commission, devoted a large part of his address to a discussion of the Chinese problem. He told the American financiers that New York had become the money market of the world, and said:

"I might suggest the possibilities of profitable investment of American capital in China. China, with her huge latent resources, offers a very inviting field for development. The recent exchange of notes between Secretary Lansing and Viscount Ishii makes clear the position of America and Japan toward China, and should put at rest auspicions regarding Japan's attitude toward that nation. I earnestly hope that, when the time seems ripe, plans may be formulated for joint participation of the financial and industrial interests of the United States and Japan in the development of the resources of China. We would rely on your confidence in our honest intention to make such participation a mutual affair, and would invite your capital and your brains to join with ours on a basis of equality and fairness. I cannot help but feel that such joint endeavors would be not only profitable to our two countries, but of the greatest possible good to China. By dealing with her fairly we could be of the utmost assistance to her material prosperity. If China was prosperous industrially and commercially many of her present troubles would disappear."

In outlining the purposes of the mission Baron Megata emphasized the necessity of the establishment in the Far East of more co-operative business enterprises.

"Touching upon this suggestion," he said, "I may say that there are already in Japan a number of successful combinations of American-Japanese capital, technical skill, management, and marketing, conspicuous examples being the General Electric Company with the Tokyo Electric Company, Western Electric Company with the Nippon Electric Company, and the Brady interests of the People's Power and Light Company with the Osaka Gas Company.

"I wash to call attention to the great recent increase of trade between America and Japan. Before the war, exports to the United States amounted annually to about $92,000,000; imports from the United States to about $21,000,000. 1916 exports had risen to $170,000,000, imports from the United States to $52,000,000.

"New York is now the money market of the world. Nations from every quarter of the globe will look to you for financial aid. It is but natural that we of Japan should come to you on a mission such as our present one; we want to know the actual conditions from personal study, and we want to find the means of making Japan's name a familiar one in your international bookkeeping. America, with the far-reaching preparation it has been making in recent months for its active and vigorous military participation in the present world struggle, with its unlimited energy and firm determination at this momentous time, has given Japan a great stimulus toward increased co-operative action for an early termination of the war.

"I wonder if my American friends realize that, at the beginning of the war in Europe, scarcely two years had elapsed since the Imperial succession in Japan. There was no hesitation, and eight days after Germany had violated Belgium Japan declared war. Since that time she has been carrying on her part; she has, practically alone, cleared enemy naval bases from the Pacific and Indian Oceans, and has kept and is keeping those seas open to the commerce of the Allies; she has convoyed Australian contingents from Sydney and Melbourne to the Suez Canal; her destroyers, along with those of the Allies, are guarding the Mediterranean. As to financial aid, we have already furnished 1,100,000,000 yen, in spite of the fact that this amount considerably exceeds the specie which Japan has obtained since the beginning of the war. Many of our merchant vessels have been sold or chartered to allied countries, others have been and are carrying munitions and other supplies for them."

Mr. Yamashita said that Judge Gary had admirably expressed the situation.

"We do not mean to exploit China against her intrests," he added. "We have no more designs against China than you here in the United States have. All that we ask of China is to become prosperous and self-governing. It is with these ideas that we ask your co-operation in the development of China. And not only in China. It is an industrial marriage between the United States and Japan, with nothing but love and good feeling between us, that we suggest."

The menu served was meatless and wheatless. The following, members of the Japanese Special Finance Commission were the guests of honor: Baron T. Megata, O. Matsumoto, T. Sakatchi, Baron B. Ito, Dr. S. Hishida, U. Yonevama, Y. Yamashita, C. Koike, and K. Matsumoto, representative of Yasukawa Mining Company.

Holiday Tomorrow! Take home a bottle of

Club Cocktails

and celebrate at one time the day and your own good taste.

WILL USE LESS WOOL IN WOMEN'S CLOTHING

Makers, Designers, and Dealers Accept Suggestions of Federal Economy Board.

More than 350 manufacturers, style creators, and retailers of women's apparel from many sections of the country met yesterday at the Waldorf and formally approved the plan of the Commercial Economy Board of the Council of National Defense, for the elimination of non-essentials in feminine attire. Yesterday's meeting was part of the nationwide program launched by the Government, looking to the conservation of the country's wool, large quantities of which will be required for the men of the army and navy.

The designers, makers, and sellers of wool clothing gave their approval to the recommendations that they effect a minimum saving of 25 per cent. in materials used in all classes of women's, misses' and children's outer garments. It also was the sentiment of the meeting that garment manufacturers should advocate the freer use of other materials, such as silk and cotton. Advertising and exhibitions to popularize the use of other materials were advocated. The trade interests also made it plain that the reforms asked by the Government a Economy Board would be featured in the Spring and Fall styles of 1918.

On motion of Ancell H. Ball of Best & Co., and seconded by Michael Freidsam of B. Altman & Co., a resolution was adopted unanimously indorsing all the recommendations outlined above. While the meeting was called primarily to deal with the future course of the women's garment industry, there were strong intimations that masculine attire would shortly feel the pinch of the wool shortage.

Franklin Simon acted as Chairman, and the principal speaker was Henry S. Dennison of the Commercial Ecopomy Board.

"Our main purpose," Mr. Dennison said, "is to cut out non-essentials. We have no legal authority. It is only through co-operation that we can work, and if we are successful, as we have been so far, we shall want no authority. The United States is in competition with an autocratic Government that makes efficiency its creed, and it is incumbent upon us to meet that efficiency.

"Our question has to do with the Spring and Fall of 1918, and the goods now being made must be used. The reduction of yardage is a vital necessity. The stock of wool on hand today is our starting point. If we have just enough to last us to 1918 that does not interest us in the least; we must figure on the supply for the duration of the war. If there is wool in Australia or elsewhere, it makes no difference to us.

"With the constant stream of troops going abroad we will have to have cargo space to supply those boys, and it is cargo space that means wool to you, and because of necessity you cannot get the Australian or other foreign wool."

MURPHY PAYS CALL ON JUDGE HYLAN

Continued from Page 1.

sweep of his hand. "All I want just now is fresh air."

Despite the declaration of Mr. Murphy that none of his visitors was interested in patronage, there was a buzz of excitement as a proposal pending before the State Civil Service Commission, to be considered at a meeting in Albany today, was being discussed. This proposal, if agreed to, would place three Tenement House Superintendents, now on the exempt list and removable by the incoming administration, in the competitive class.

Hylan Protests to Whitman.

This excitement somehow had communicated itself to the Hylan headquarters, where copies of urgent messages from Judge Hylan to Governor Whitman and the three members of the State Civil Service Commission, protesting against the plan, were made public. Judge Hylan said that the messages had not been sent at the instance of Mr. Murphy, but had been dispatched by the Mayor-elect from Brooklyn before he reached his headquarters or saw the Tammany chieftain at all. Here is the message to Governor Whitman:

Hon. Charles S. Whitman, Albany N. Y.:

There has been an application made to the State Civil Service Commission, which comes up on Nov. 28, placing the Superintendents of the Tenement House Department of New York City in the competitive class by the Municipal Civil Service Commission, and which permits present incumbents to continue without qualifying examination, which is grossly unjust and unfair. I wish you would use your good offices in the matter to the end that the new administration may have an opportunity to officially investigate.

JOHN F. HYLAN.

This message was sent by the Mayor-elect to the members of the State Civil Service Commission:

Concerning application coming before your commission placing the Superintendents of the Tenement House Department of New York City in the competitive class, and permitting present incumbents to continue without qualifying examination, is grossly unjust and unfair. I vehemently protest against its adoption, and request an adjournment until the new administration has an opportunity to officially investigate.

JOHN F. HYLAN.

Wagner Discusses Municipal Ownership.

Senator Robert F. Wagner, leader of the Democratic minority in the upper house, who has been intrusted with the task of framing the legislation necessary to carry out the municipal ownership program of the incoming administration and to abolish the Water Supply, Court House Site and Parole Boards, had a conference yesterday with Judge Hylan after the latter's talk with the Tammany Chief. Senator Wagner intimated that the municipal ownership legislation to be sought would be merely permissive. When he was asked whether the financial condition of the city would not prevent the new administration from entering upon any public ownership venture, Senator Wagner said:

"No, in my opinion the beginning can be made in a small way. I am not prepared to state just how. If certain funds appropriated for purposes which cannot now be carried out are made available by act of the Board of Estimate for other purposes, it has been calculated that there would be a margin of approximately $30,000,000 before the debt limit is reached. And, of course, any municipal ownership undertaking would yield an income almost at once, so that it could be taken out of the debt limit, thus creating a new margin for future needs."

Senator Wagner intimated that legislation to abolish the pay-as-you-go policy, at least as far as the public schools are concerned, in order to enable the Hylan administration to issue bonds for the construction of new public school buildings, would be submitted to the Legislature.

Thomas W. Churchill, former President of the Board of Education, had a conference with Judge Hylan yesterday regarding a proposal to amend the statute creating a new Board of Education composed of seven non-salaried members, so as to increase the membership either to fourteen or twenty-one, or to provide for a salaried board of seven. It is the opinion of Mr. Churchill that the work of the Board of Education cannot be performed by seven members unless they are paid to devote all their time to its affairs.

Judge Hylan said later that he had reached no conclusion on the subject, but would discuss the matter with members of the Board of District Superintendents when that board has its conference with the new Board of Estimate on Saturday.

KAROLYI SEEKS PARLEYS.

Says He Intends to Get in Touch with British and French.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 27.—Count Michael Karolyi, the Hungarian Opposition leader, has informed the Berne correspondent of Budapest Az Est that the main object of his visit to Berne was to get information regarding the feeling among the enemies of the Central Powers.

"I openly declare," he said, "that I intend to get in touch with the British and French, in order to explain to them that we are neither conquerors nor oppressors."

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Of Silk or Serge

Afternoon gowns of satin or crepe meteor, many combined with Georgette; also tailored navy serge dresses.

18.50

Heretofore $29.50 to $39.50

Women's High Class Suits

Trimmed With Rich Furs or Plain Tailored

Of duvet de laine, wool velour, silvertone, Rayonnier broadcloth or velveteen; also long line suits for full figures. 38 to 48 bust.

35.00

Heretofore $49.50 to $79.50

Women's Gowns

High Class Models and Fabrics

Afternoon gowns of Georgette crepe or French satin; also of Georgette crepe combined with satin; elaborately embroidered or beaded.

29.50

Heretofore $39.50 to $59.50

Silk Boudoir Gowns

For Women and Misses

Fitted, draped or coat models, of crepe de chine or satin charmeuse, hand-embroidered or lace-trimmed.

6.50

Heretofore $9.75 to $18.50

Women's Sweaters

Of Pure Silk, Milanese or Fibre Silk

In the season's most desirable colors; included are a number of imported pure silk and fibre silk sweaters.

10.00

Heretofore $15.00 to $39.50

Store Will Be Closed Tomorrow—(Thanksgiving Day)

Specials in seasonable merchandise needed for the great national festive holiday are offered in all departments of Greenhut's "Big Store."

Come—Save While You Spend!

Usual Complimentary Green Trading Stamps Free Today

Distribution in Premium Parlor, 5th Floor

As many sets of the "S. & H." Green Stamps as are reasonably required for books unfilled will be given, but only one set of any date good in one book. Only 100 Complimentary Stamps good in any one book, but you may start as many books as you please.

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE"

Meet me at the Fountain

SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

War Declared Between Income and Expenditure

It is a fight to the finish, and the laurels of victory go to those who can bring up reserves at the critical period of the battle.

These reserves MUST come from the outside, from sympathizers in a righteous cause, with supporters of the oppressed.

GREENHUT'S SYMPATHIZE WITH THOSE WHOSE INCOME IS DIMINISHING AND WHO FIND THEMSELVES AT A LOSS IN THESE CRITICAL TIMES. To all such, this universal provider among stores is literally a boon and a blessing.

BUY EVERYTHING THAT YOU NEED AT GREENHUT'S. That's the most practical solution of your difficulties.

GREENHUT'S.

All Charge Purchases

Made During the Remainder of This Month Will Be Entered on Bills Rendered January 1.

Everything for Thanksgiving Including *THE Turkey*

There isn't an article which will contribute to the appearance of your Thanksgiving table that cannot be found here, and at a price which you can afford to pay.

Silverware, Glassware, China, Napery,—Table Decorations

—In a word,—EVERYTHING THAT WILL SEND YOUR GUESTS ON THEIR WAY REJOICING, AND SATISFY EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY CIRCLE.

Greenhut's Is Your Thanksgiving Store

Buy All Thanksgiving Table Supplies in Our Mammoth Pure Food Market

Specials for Today. Mail and telephone orders filled. Telephone Chelsea 4000.
"The American Home and Table," our latest Grocery Catalogue, free on request.

Young Turkeys and Fresh Meats

Delivered to any address in the city and suburbs reached by our Delivery Wagons.

Fancy dry-picked Turkeys, Fancy Wisconsin Geese and Ducks, Philadelphia Capons, Roasting Chickens and fancy poultry for the Thanksgiving feast. Sale today at lowest market prices. All Turkeys, Meats, etc., are re-weighed and re-checked, guaranteeing the purchaser full weight and perfect condition. None sent C. O. D.

Thanksgiving Dinner Baskets

They save your time and cost less than you would pay if you personally select each of the items included in the baskets.

CAN CONDENSED SOUP
DRY-PACKED CHICKENS
PACKAGE POULTRY SEASONING
TWO QUARTS WHITE POTATOES
NEW YELLOW TURNIP
QUART NEW ONIONS
PACKAGE NEW MACARONI
CAN BAKED BEANS—NO. 2 SIZE
PACKAGE CRISP SODA BISCUITS
FOUR RIPE, SWEET ORANGES
POUND NEW MIXED NUTS
HALF POUND GROUND COFFEE.

All packed in basket for **$2.50**

None sent C. O. D.

Thanksgiving Cakes

Made in our Daylight Bakery

THANKSGIVING CAKES—made and decorated to order; each, $5 $3.50, $2.50 and..... $1.50
RICH FRUIT CAKE—lb..... 40c
MERRY WIDOW POUND CAKES—2 lbs..... 60c
FRESH CHARLOTTE RUSSE—doren, 70c; each..... 6c
BEST POUND CAKE—2 lbs..... 80c
HOME-MADE POTATO BREAD—large loaf..... 15c
THANKSGIVING MINCE PIES AND PUMPKIN PIES—each, 15c, 34c, 60c and..... 75c
SEEDED RAISIN BREAD—large loaf..... 15c
TUTTI FRUTTI LAYER CAKES—each..... 60c

Fresh Fish

None delivered.

MARKET COD—fresh caught; lb... 10c
HADDOCK—fresh caught; lb... 10c
FLOUNDERS—fresh caught; lb... 10c
WHITING—fresh caught; lb..... 8c
HERRING—selected quality; lb..... 8c
OYSTERS—solid meat; quart, 75c; pint..... 40c

New Yellow Onions

Special, 3 quarts..... 35c

White Potatoes

Selected stock; special, peck..... 48c

Fresh Fruits

GRAPEFRUIT—large, bright, juicy fruit; 4 for..... 25c
CALIFORNIA PEARS—selected table fruit; dozen..... 70c
FANCY TABLE APPLES—large, red, juicy fruit; dozen..... 35c
MALAGA GRAPES—selected, large clusters; lb..... 25c
SWEET ORANGES—large size, thin skin, full of delicious juice; 1 to..... 35c

Sweet Apple Cider

Gallon jug, 69c; large bottle..... 20c

Selected Eggs

Dozen in carton..... 47c
None delivered

Vegetables

CAULIFLOWER—large heads, Long Island, snow-flaked crop; each..... 30c
CRANBERRIES—Cape Cod; selected stock; 3 quarts, 70c; quart..... 15c
TABLE CELERY—large white hearts; bunch..... 10c
FRESH MUSHROOMS—lb..... 70c

Mincemeat

Fountain quality seedless mincemeat; 5-lb. pail, $1.35; jar..... 35c

Fresh Butter

Fountain quality; the most delicious fresh butter obtainable; 1-lb. print..... 52c

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department, or for $2 in Cash at the 2¼ Office on the Fifth Floor. We Give 2¼ Green Trading Stamps as Usual. Ask for Them. Double 2¼ Stamps till 12 o'Clock. Single 2¼ Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

SAP GERMAN FORCES BY THRUSTS IN WEST

Secretary Baker Sees Effective Method in Relentless Attacks Which Wear Down the Foe.

EXPLAINS DRIVE IN ITALY

Declares Germans Thought to Divert Enough British and French Forces to Extricate Themselves.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—"The week just closed has been one very favorable to the allied arms," says the War Department's official communiqué issued today, reviewing military operations for the week ended Saturday.

"The success of the British offensive in the region of Cambrai and the steady resistance of the Italians in the face of the repeated attacks of the Austro-German forces are two factors which may be considered as correlative elements of one and the same movement.

"It is evident that the enemy took the offensive in Italy hoping thereby to extricate himself from the increasingly difficult position in which his forces find themselves in the west. The German higher command were apparently confident that, in order to save Italy from invasion, such important contingents of French and British troops would be detached from the western front as to render any further allied offensives in this theatre impossible. Though the French and British have both dispatched large contingents to Italy, this has in no way hampered the continuance of their offensive operations.

"It is the wastage of the enemy forces, the slow, yet relentless sapping of his man power by continued and sudden offensive thrusts, which must eventually result in the softening of his line in the west. This is the ultimate objective of the series of intensive offensives so successfully pursued by the Allies during the last six months, and is even more important than the gain of terrain.

"The military situation is dominated by the spectacular success gained by the British forces in their thrust toward Cambrai. By adopting new tactical methods, by evolving a strategy daringly conceived and brilliantly executed, the British forces have been able to record a greater success, when measured by captured terrain, than any hitherto achieved by either belligerent in the same space of time along the western front. While seemingly continuing his offensive engagements in Flanders by an intense artillery bombardment in the sector stretching from Ypres to the North Sea, Field Marshal Haig was able to mask successfully his plans for an offensive thrust between the Scarpe River and St. Quentin.

British Casualties Light.

"The usual preliminary artillery preparation was dispensed with. The elements of surprise so essential to victory played a large part in the successes gained. The British, by a preponderant numerical superiority in men and mobile material, by improvising the skillful tactical manoeuvring of an unusual number of tanks, and by co-ordinating with precision the deployment of cavalry, made use of these two arms to bear the brunt of the encounter. Infantry then was called upon to hold and consolidate the terrain gained. Thus the British were able to record a decided success with very great economy of munitions and slight casualties. Three successive German lines of defense on a frontage of six miles astride the Cambrai-Bapaume road were captured, and the Scheldt Canal in front of Cambrai was crossed.

"During the first day of the battle dull, dry weather greatly facilitated operations, which began at dawn on Nov. 20. Later bad weather set in, and torrential rains, accompanied by flurries of snow, held up the attack. The capture of the village of Fontaine Notre Dame, two and three-quarters miles west of Cambrai, marks the present limit of the advance. The British forces, while still pressing forward, are meeting with increased resistance. Severe fighting continues, and we may expect desperate attempts on the part of the enemy not merely to prevent any further British advance, but to regain, if possible, some of the lost ground.

"Cambrai, the centre of very important rail, road, and canal lines of communication, now comes under the immediate fire of British field guns, while the large calibre high velocity and naval guns can readily search out the country side for miles in the rear, harassing hostile territory and rendering the continued tenure of the city by the enemy difficult. To the right and left of the scene of the major operations on a front extending approximately to thirty-two miles the attacking forces have penetrated various strong points.

"The number of prisoners enumerated hitherto is over ten thousand, which exceeds the total British casualties.

"While the battle of Cambrai has resulted in so rapid and sweeping an advantage for the British forces, apparently without extensive preliminary preparation, it must not be forgotten that it was only made possible by the continued pounding of the German lines in Flanders. In the meantime the British have not ceased to keep the enemy busy in the Ypres salient, and gains of terrain are noted to the southeast.

Successful Coup by French.

"Along the front held by the French forces the latter have achieved a successful coup de main south of Juvincourt, in Champagne, resulting in the capture of some elements of enemy trenches and the taking of numerous prisoners. Lively artillery duels took place north of the Chemin des Dames and in the Verdun sector, where, as for several weeks past, the enemy continued to bombard the French positions in Chaume Wood.

"In the sector where our troops are training increased artillery activity is noted. Small detachments, while on patrol duty, have gained some useful experience.

"The Italian armies, now completing their reorganization, have been able to withstand the assaults of the numerically superior forces of the Austro-German divisions engaged against them. They have hitherto prevented any further invasion of the Italian plain. The enemy is continuing his efforts to break through. The line of the Piave has held firm. Along the lower Piave, where hostile forces gained a temporary foothold on the right bank of the river, they were driven off with great loss, thus rendering the Italian positions more secure.

"Along the plateau of the Sette Communi heavy fighting is going on. In the mountain regions, between the headwaters of the Brenta and the Piave, defensive operations have been well conducted, and the enemy has been unable to make any further progress. Strategic reserves, strengthened by allied contingents, have been constituted. The morale of the Italian forces is improving daily, and, while the situation is not wholly free from critical aspects, the defensive measures appear adequate to meet the situation.

"In Palestine the British forces under General Allenby are advancing rapidly on Jerusalem. They have now reached a point on the Ramaleh road approximately seven miles west of the city, while another force is bearing down from the north."

MANY LARGE GIFTS TO FUSION FUND

ALBANY, Nov. 27.—The election expense statement of the New York Publicity Committee, which advocated the election of the Fusion ticket in the New York Mayoralty campaign, filed today with the Secretary of State, showed receipts of $422,795 and disbursements of $415,165. According to the statement, however, loans from William Hamlin Childs, credited as receipts, left a deficit of $46,870.

Among the larger contributors were George F. Baker, $30,000; A. C. James, F. C. Converse, Henry C. Frick, W. R. Thompson, $25,000; T. C. du Pont, $22,500; Ogden Mills, Robert W. Goelet, George W. Perkins, $20,000; J. D. Rockefeller, $15,000; Charles H. Sabin, $12,500; William C. Morse, J. P. Morgan, William P. Hamilton, $10,000; J. D. Rockefeller, Jr., C. H. Mackay, $5,000.

The New York City and County Public Welfare Committee, which advocated the election of the Fusion ticket, reported receipts of $57,664 and expenditures of $57,590. The contributors included Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, $10,000; E. M. Anderson, $5,000; Helen Hartley Jenkins, $4,000; J. P. Morgan, F. W. Lamont, D. W. Morrow, Thomas Cochran, $2,500; Jacob H. Schiff, George F. Baker, Adolph Lewisohn, Mrs. E. M. Anderson, $1,000.

Election expense statements of the State Women Suffrage Party, showing expenditures of $279,174, and of the State party opposed to woman suffrage, showing receipts and disbursements of $25,931, were filed with the Secretary of State today. The suffrage party statement recorded receipts of $304,439. Consequently, there was an apparent balance of more than $25,000. This was offset, however, by the statement that outstanding bills totaling $90,000 for billboard and other advertising purposes, remained unpaid. The largest contributor was Mrs. Imogene Thomas, $5,500. Other contributions included: Mrs. Thomas W. Lamont, $2,500; John J. Lapham, $2,000; Herbert Parsons and Conservation Commissioner George D. Pratt, $1,000.

ESTABLISHED 1847
PARIS - 13 Rue de la Paix
LONDON 175 New Bond St.

PEARL NECKLACES

Oriental pearls in graduated rows matched for quality, size and tone of Orient.

Cartier
653 Fifth Ave.
at 52nd St.

Funds temporarily idle may be deposited with us on certificate for a fixed time or subject to demand. They will earn interest during the entire interval.

Lawyers Title and Trust Co.
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

Stern Brothers
WEST FORTY-SECOND AND FORTY-THIRD STREETS

Uniforms and Overcoats for Officers at Cost

Uniforms of Fine Olive Drab Serge, at $27.00

Overcoats of Heavy Weight Melton, at $30.00

THESE garments are tailored for us in the Kirschbaum shops, and embody workmanship and materials of the highest quality. For the duration of the war, purely as a manifestation of patriotism, we are offering them at the actual cost price to us.

Young Men's and Men's Clothes, Third Floor—Elevators Convenient.

B. Altman & Co.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES
will be offered to-day (Wednesday) in
Men's Fur-lined Overcoats
at $87.50

These Coats are made of soft-finished materials in Oxford gray and heather mixtures, and are lined with carefully selected muskrat skins of the coveted dark color. A beaver collar completes the coat, which is in every respect the type of coat to appeal to the smart dresser.

(Men's Overcoat Section, Sixth Floor)

Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

Gidding
PARIS — 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST — NEW YORK
Emphasize their splendid values in
Fashionable Apparel
For Thanksgiving Festivities
the Opera-Theatre
Receptions-Dinners and other social functions
Gowns · Wraps · Manteaux
Tailleurs · Coats
Hats Blouses
and
Luxurious Furs

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.
THIS SALE OF
Beaded Bags
Will Solve Many Christmas Questions
$4.96 to $59.50
Bags That Were $7.49 to $79.50

Mostly domestic, many imported. Most of them are all-over beaded frame bags, several drawstring bags included. Just 246 of them, any and all well worth having. All from regular stocks. Opportunity here!

The Draw-String Bags

Quantity	Formerly Priced	Sale Price
5	$67.50 to $79.50	$59.50
7	58.50 to 62.50	47.50
5	42.50 to 47.50	34.50
8	33.50 to 39.50	27.50
13	27.50 to 32.50	22.89
11	22.49 to 24.89	17.89
7	14.89 to 19.89	11.89
6	8.94 to 9.94	6.94
20	5.94 to 7.94	4.96

The Frame Bags

Quantity	Formerly Priced	Sale Price
4	$46.50 to $49.50	$39.50
29	41.50 to 43.50	34.50
30	33.50 to 38.50	29.75
15	28.50 to 32.50	24.89
22	24.89 to 27.50	19.89
6	16.89 to 19.89	14.89
6	13.89 to 14.89	10.89
8	11.89	8.94
36	9.94	7.94
10	7.49 to 8.94	6.94

Sale Begins Today, 9 A. M.
Macy's—Main Floor, 34th Street.

Thurn
15 East 52d Street
Absolute Clearance Sale
of
Model Gowns, Wraps, Tailored Suits, Negligees & Blouses
Sale Prices
$25 up to $125
Formerly $135 to $385
Also
Extraordinary Reductions
in
HATS
Prices Formerly $25 to $75
Now $7 to $15

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th St.
Will Continue To-day the Important
Sale of 15,000 Men's Shirts
Regularly $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3
Special at $1.20 and $1.85

¶ This event differs from most shirt sales in that the selections at each price are not averaged up, but consist of carefully selected shirts that measure up in every particular to the regular Saks standard—the highest. Stiff and soft cuff negligee and pleated models, but mostly with soft cuffs, are included in the following weaves:

Loraine Fine Count Madras; Gayley & Lord's Silk Striped Shirtings; Wright & Graham's Scotch Madras; D. & J. Anderson's Imported Madras and Fine Fibre Silks

We Shall Also Continue To-day the
Sale of Men's Cravats
which began with 30,000 Scarves

¶ English Squares, Large open-end Four-in-hands, and regulation military cravats, each and every one 47 inches long. The Silks are the most exquisite ever presented to the men of New York at these prices:

39c 55c 75c $1 $1.35 $1.65

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

High Lights of The Gentleman's Evening Togs
Accessories in harmony with the refinement of his dinner jacket or dress coat. Accessories that complete his attire for dinner, opera or club at prices much less than elsewhere.*

Men's Silk Hats $5.94 and $9.74
To top off the entire evening outfit you can select your hat here from the season's new blocks—made and finished with the same care used in higher priced hats elsewhere.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Dress Reefers $2.97 to $10.89
Some men call them "mufflers." Silk knitted, in crochet, accordion and Swiss weaves, in white, gray and black. Some imported, others made in America.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Dress Vests $3.75 to $6.75
You can surely find one that will meet with your favor in this collection. Well tailored of mercerized fabrics, corded silks and piques in self striped as well as figured effects. All sizes.
Macy's—Fifth Floor, 35th St., B'way.

Men's Imported White Glace Gloves, $1.94
Cadet and regular sizes, with full pique seams and Paris point backs, some with heavy black embroidery on backs.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., B'way.

Men's Dress Wear Button Sets
Neat, attractively designed sets of mother of pearl, trimmed with 14 kt. gold or platinum.
$13.49 to $59.25
Macy's—Main Floor, Broadway, 34th St.

"Custom Stock" Shirts at $1.98

Just what the name implies—made in our custom shirt workrooms—carried in stock ready to put on. Sizes 14 to 17, sleeves 34, 35 and 36. Bosoms, cuffs and neckbands of fine linen, body of fine, soft cambric.

Other Dress Shirts, $2.24 to $3.29
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Shoes for Evening Wear
A good assortment in all sizes—high and low styles—but all low prices.
Patent Leather Vamps with cloth button tops, plain toes $5.94, cap toes $6.94; Patent Leather Vamps with calf button tops, $7.89.
Also Gunmetal Calf and Patent Leather Pumps with Goodyear welted soles, $5.94; with turned soles, $3.49.
*N. B.—And we have the smart suits and dinner jackets to contrast with the high-lights.
Macy's—Main Floor, Balcony, 35th St., Rear.

Established 1723
CLEARANCE
COATS and WRAPS
CLOTH SILK VELVET
Revillon Frères
5th Avenue at 53d Street

"Onyx" Hosiery
for
Christmas

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

A GIFT of "Onyx" Silk Hosiery is sure to please.

No one can have too many pairs of "Onyx". Beautiful, sensible, practical, the "Onyx" showing includes every desirable quality whether the newest colors in Plain Silks or the most effective and original designs in Clocked, Hand Embroidered, Lace or Novelty effects.

To be had at good shops everywhere. This trade-mark identifies them.

Emery-Beers Company, Inc.
Wholesale Distributers.

ATTACK DISLOYALTY AT TEACHERS' RALLY

Educators and Others Begin Campaign to Eradicate Unpatriotic Instructors.

CHEER ROOSEVELT LETTER

Colonel Approves Efforts to Dismiss All from Schools Who Refuse to Sign Loyalty Pledge.

The beginning of an active campaign to eradicate disloyalty from the schools of New York drew 2,000 teachers last night to the De Witt Clinton High School, where they heard patriotic addresses by William G. Willcox, President of the Board of Education; Dr. William T. Hornaday, Dr. C. Ward Crampton, Thomas W. Churchill and Cleveland Moffett, who denounced disloyal teachers in unmeasured terms. Attacks on disloyalists, pacifists and alien Socialists were greeted with applause. When Dr. Hornaday read a letter from Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, approving the effort to obtain the dismissal of all teachers who refuse to sign the loyalty pledge, the audience cheered loudly.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the American Defense Society and brought together teachers from all parts of the city who desired to express their patriotism.

Cleveland Moffett declared that he had been informed that of the 18,000 teachers in the school system there are about 1,000 whose loyalty is not 100 per cent pure. He told of a teacher who, he said he had been informed, had made numerous disloyal statements both before and after this country entered the war.

"This teacher boasted to a man I can name that when he heard the Lusitania had been sunk he went out and got drunk to celebrate the German victory," said Mr. Moffett. The speaker also said he received a letter from a school teacher saying that twenty-seven teachers in a certain unnamed school heard the Principal of the school make disloyal statements in a conference.

"I tell you that before we get through with these disloyal teachers there is going to be use for a special, well lighted and well ventilated concentration camp," asserted Mr. Moffett.

Dr. Hornaday said that to his mind the 750,000 school children are in great danger.

"I feel as if they were threatened by a den of rattlesnakes," he said. "And I want to tell you why I feel that way. I feel that the ideas of alien Socialism instilled into the mind of an impressionable boy or girl at the wrong time for it to find permanent lodgment there is worse for the child than being bitten by a rattlesnake. A child bitten by a poisonous snake can be cured, but you put into the mind of a boy a set of totally wrong and pernicious ideas and keep them there until he grows up to manhood, and the chances are ten to one they will stay with him.

"The real dyed-in-the-wool Socialist is never happy. He is always knocking on something. Wherever he is, he is an iconoclast, a smasher of idols. Just now it happens to be the pet idea to curse the rich, as they are called, and the capitalists, and to say that this is a capitalists' war, which is an absolute falsehood. It is a war of the poor man much more than it is the war of the rich man."

Dr. Hornaday declared that the people of America have been far too lenient with the alien Socialist, and predicted that four years from now, "the Republicans and the Democrats of New York will have to bury all their hatchets and unite to beat the Socialists."

Mr. Hornaday attacked Henry R. Linville, President of the Teachers' Union, who, he said, sent to the Board of Education a document signed by eighty-six teachers, declining to sign a loyalty pledge.

The following letter from Colonel Roosevelt was then read by the speaker:

Sagamore Hill, Nov. 25, 1917.

Dear Mr. Hornady: I heartily approve the effort to secure the dismissal of all teachers who refuse to sign the loyalty pledge, or who in any way have shown the slightest symptoms of disloyalty to this nation, or of sympathy with Germany and the other foes of this nation at this time. A public school teacher should stand in loyalty and Americanism precisely where we expect an officer of the army or navy to stand, and should be held to an equally rigid accountability for the slightest symptom of disloyalty, or of failure in thoroughgoing Americanism. Sincerely yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Mr. Willcox's arraignment of disloyalists was received with applause. "There is no room for disloyalty here," he declared. "There is no room for jealous regard of individual rights and individual opinions. The great cause of human liberty and justice must sweep all before it and unite all our efforts, all our sacrifice and devotion in loyalty to humanity, loyalty and justice, loyalty to the fight, and loyalty to God. There can be no room for neutrality today."

Mr. Churchill said he took serious exception to those who talked of a large number of disloyal teachers in the school system unless those who uttered the charges could prove them.

CONFESSION MAY CLEAR 23 FEUD MURDERS

Gangster Admits Part in Killings and Implicates Groups in Manhattan and Brooklyn.

As a result of an Italian gangster's desire for revenge against members of his old group, who refused to befriend him in his hour of need, the District Attorneys' offices here and in Brooklyn have come into possession of information which, it is said, will lead to clearing up twenty-three murder mysteries and a number of other crimes which have been committed in New York, Brooklyn, Yonkers, and Philadelphia. The information was divulged in a confession made yesterday by Ralph Daniello, known as Ralph the Barber.

Daniello, who is under indictment by a Kings County Grand Jury for a murder a year ago last May, was brought here from Reno, Nev., several weeks ago by Brooklyn detectives. He came back with one thought in his mind—to get revenge on his old comrades.

According to the story Daniello told in the presence of Assistant District Attorney Ranaud, representing Mr. Swann, and Assistant District Attorney Warbasse, representing the Kings County office, he was a member of a gang which established a reign of terror in Brooklyn, and which through affiliations with gangs in New York and Philadelphia was even able to reach out and strike its enemies far off.

District Attorney Lewis, in commenting on the confession, characterized it as one of the most remarkable in the history of the police here. It is a revelation unequaled, he declared, in conditions in the underworld. In May, 1917, Daniello disappeared, shortly after a trial which found him innocent of the charge of robbery and abduction. About two months later, the police obtained evidence connecting Daniello with the murder of Louis Demaro, shot and killed May 7, in front of 123 Navy Street, Brooklyn. Then began a country-wide search for Daniello.

In the meanwhile the hunted man was in Reno. He was without funds, so he wrote to his comrades in Brooklyn, the members of the gang known as the Neopolitans. There was no response. Again he wrote and again there was no response. Then Daniello, not yet ready to believe his friends had forgotten him, wrote once more, this time begging help for his wife and his four children in Italy. When a communication from his wife made known to him the fact that the gang was deaf to appeals, he grew angry. In an incautious letter which was obtained by the police he made threats. Through it two Brooklyn officers who knew Daniello went to Reno and found Daniello. Once in the Raymond Street Jail in Brooklyn, it was not a hard matter to persuade him to talk. He made such startling disclosures that the Manhattan District Attorney was notified and Daniello was brought across the bridge. There he made a full confession.

According to Daniello, the "Neapolitans," together with a gang in Manhattan known on the lower east side as the "Sicilians," had combined for the purpose of controlling certain forms of gambling in the two boroughs. The men who were murdered by the gangs, he declared, were those who had incurred the wrath of proprietors of the gambling houses.

London Tailored Overcoats

At Saks

ACCORDING to the English a real Londoner is he who happens to be born within hearing of the chimes of Bow Bells. If this be so, these London-made overcoats are English to the very core, for they were all tailored within "earshot" of Bow Bells by London's best known tailors.

¶ Large, roomy, typically English models, reflecting the earmarks of Piccadilly and Regent Street, and exhibiting a wealth of novel treatment in pockets, belts and cuffs.

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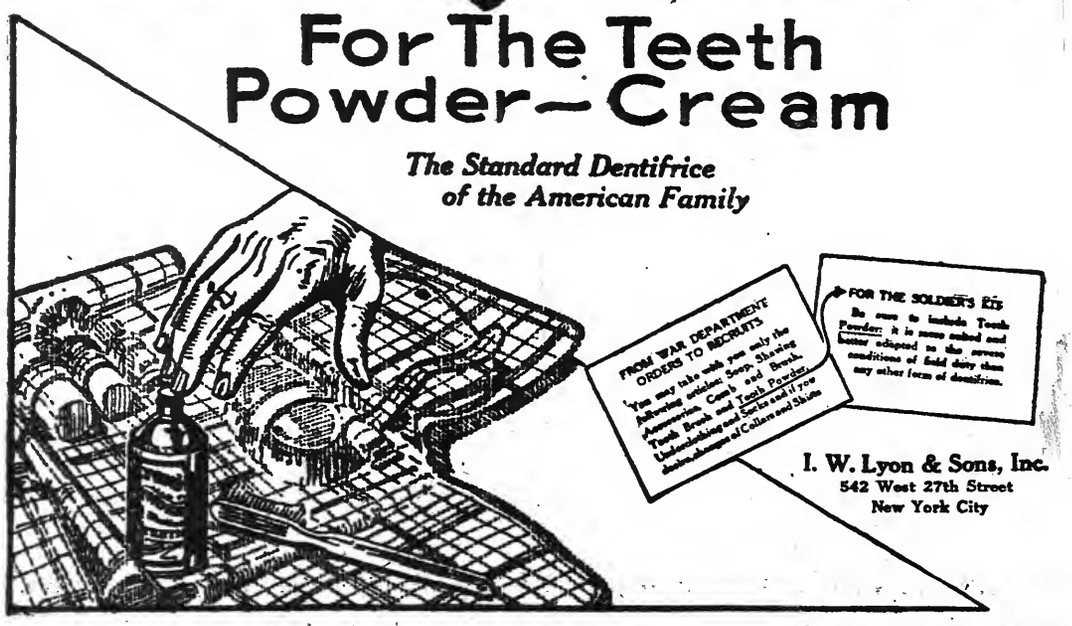

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POSTUM

If Coffee Disagrees

Most of us at some time or another find it advisable to use some other drink than coffee as a table beverage. This is especially true when children are in the family.

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INSTANT POSTUM

meets the situation perfectly.

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Thoroughly Modern—Convenient—No Boiling Required

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"There's a Reason"

ARMY ORDERED TO AID MRS. HUMISTON

Officer Is Detailed to Co-operate in Her Investigations of Camp Surroundings.

DENIES DETECTIVES 'SPIED'

Woman Lawyer Says She Sent Couple to Learn Truth of Reports Concerning the Hotel at Upton.

Mrs. Grace Humiston, whose agents, James C. Atkins and the so-called Adeline Francis, were examined at Camp Upton last Sunday night after they had been found in a hotel where, they said, they were investigating allegations of the conditions at the camp, declared yesterday that in bringing out the facts regarding conditions around the camps, she was acting in co-operation with the commanding officer of the Department of the East on Governors Island. She said that the War Department, shortly after her public statements against the morals of some of the men in the military camps, had ordered Governors Island to co-operate with her in an effort to learn the truth.

"I sent Mr. Atkins and Miss Francis to Camp Upton to learn certain things I had been told concerning conditions at the hotel inside the camp lines not far from the division headquarters," Mrs. Humiston declared. "The testimoney of my agents has been given in full to officers representing the commanding officer of the Department of the East."

Mrs. Humiston declared she had not wished to give out a word regarding her investigations to the newspapers at present, but in view of statements made concerning the arrest of Atkins and his companion at Camp Upton she thought that in fairness to all concerned she felt a clear exposition of the facts in the case should be made at once.

Some of the facts which the affidavits of both Atkins, who was formerly a soldier under Major Gen. Bell in the Philippines, and Miss Francis, whose real name Mrs. Humiston has asked to be withheld, show that the couple went to the hotel inside the camp lines. They had no baggage. Miss Francis, who says she is 16 years old, was passed readily as the wife of the middle-aged Atkins. Atkins, in his affidavit, declares that the clerk asked him when he entered the hotel if the woman accompanying him was his wife. They went to a room, and were arrested later on the report which Sergeant Klein had made regarding their true identity.

In answering the questions of army officers from Governors Island, it is said the couple were positive that when arrested they were told they were being taken because they "were agents of Mrs. Humiston sent to spy on the camp." They were released after being questioned at headquarters, and came to New York the following morning.

"This is the fifth investigation where I have co-operated with officers from Governors Island," said Mrs. Humiston yesterday. "Governors Island was instructed by the War Department to help me investigate conditions around military camps, especially Camp Upton, as a direct result of charges which Mr. Fosdick, Chairman of the Committee on Morals for Military Camps, made against me, and after Secretary of War Baker had stated he did not regard my statements as charges against the army. I have co-operated in investigations with three different army officers from Governors Island already.

"The facts concerning the visit of Atkins and Miss Francis to the hotel would not have been given out by me to the press until the close of the investigation begun yesterday by army officers, except for the report of the affair which came from the camp. The report alleged that detectives from my office had attempted to spy on the camp, and had been arrested.

Investigation of Report.

"That is not true. No detective from my office went to the camp last Sunday night. But persons who had volunteered to get the truth as to certain alleged conditions at Camp Upton did go. They went to investigate the report that it was possible for men to take young girls to the hotel within the camp lines. The report I had was that if the girl looked 18 the man registered her as his wife; if she looked under that age they registered as brother and sister. The investigation succeeded in establishing the proof of the report.

"This man Atkins and the girl represented themselves as man and wife. They had no baggage, and were assigned to a room and no questions asked. Had it not been for the fact that they were recognized by a soldier who met Miss Francis while at a dance I gave a week ago, they would have been permitted to remain over night.

"Atkins went there solely because he considered it a duty and without compensation. He formerly was a soldier in the army. Some time ago he told me that he had a young daughter, and was interested in my work of saving young women. He told me conditions he knew of in Camp Upton which he said he had seen when he worked there as a carpenter. He was not the one who told me of the death of the two young girls at Upton. I had already gathered certain information which Mr. Atkins verified, and then he offered to prove that immoral conditions existed in the hotel at Camp Upton.

"'If you will select a girl you can trust and whom you will trust to me to take down to Camp Upton,' he said, 'I will go to the hotel, register as man and wife, and show you that it can be done.'

"I did not decide on a girl until half an hour before train time, then I called Miss Francis. Mr. Atkins had only seen Miss Francis once, and then had not talked to her. I told Miss Francis to go to Camp Upton with him, to allow him to register her as his wife, to take note of the room they were assigned to, and then to return at once to New York, where I would meet her. I told her not to say that she came from me, and that is why she evaded the questions asked.

"Atkins and Miss Francis went to the hotel. There, Mr. Atkins, as he says in his affidavit, was hesitating whether he should register her as his sister or his wife, when the clerk said, 'You want a room for yourself and your wife.'

Inquired for Taxicab.

"They went upstairs after conversing, in the course of which the clerk made the statement that 'this is a camp, not a hotel.' Afterward they came down again and inquired for a taxicab to take them back to New York. They had been recognized in the meantime by Sergeant Klein of the Cooks' and Bakers' Division, who reported them. When they were told that there was no other train, that they would have to hire a machine to go to another station where they could catch a late train, they went up to the room to discuss matters, and it was then they were arrested.

"When the military police came in Atkins asked the reasons for the arrest. He was told that 'You are spies for Mrs. Humiston sent to spy on the camp.' Then they were taken separately to headquarters, where a Lieutenant Brown and a Major questioned them. At no time did they see or talk to General Bell.

"They were released after being questioned. Miss Francis was taken back to the hotel where she was allowed to register under her own name and was given a room next to the one she and Mr. Atkins had taken. The next morning both of them returned to New York where they have told their story to me and to officers from Governors Island."

Mrs. Humiston said she had known the Francis girl for about two weeks and she was taking care of her.

At Camp Upton last night Mrs. Humiston's charges were characterized as but a part of the allegations she has been making against the soldiers for several weeks. It was pointed out that at the hotel it was a simple matter for persons without baggage to be given a room without being questioned. It was pointed out that frequently many visitors to the camp had missed their trains and it was necessary to seek accommodations for the night at the hotel.

SIX NEW SHIPS TURNED OUT.

Vessels Were Seized in Course of Construction and Are Now Complete

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Completion of six commandeered merchant ships during the week ended Nov. 24 was announced today by the Shipping Board. These vessels were seized by the Government on the ways on Sept. 4, when it took over all merchant ships then building. The place of building and the tonnages are given as follows:

At Chicago, one ship of 3,100 tons; at Duluth, one of 3,000 tons; at Ecorse, Mich., one of 4,000; at Detroit, one of 3,100; at Cleveland, one of 3,100, and at Manitowoc, Wis., one of 3,500 tons.

This brings the total of commandeered ships completed to date to 34, of an aggregate of 179,399 tons.

KING JURY SELECTED, JUDGE RUSHES TRIAL

Testimony in North Carolina Case to Begin Today—Victim's Mother to be Witness.

Special to The New York Times.

CONCORD, N. C., Nov. 27.—The first surprise in the progress of the trial of Gaston B. Means, under indictment charged with the murder of Mrs. Maude A. King in Cabarrus County last August, came with the unexpected completion of the jury a little before 7 o'clock tonight, after a court session of eight hours, and just as the list of names in the jury box was about to be exhausted.

Further indication that the trial is to be rushed as rapidly as Judge E. B. Cline of the Superior Court feels is consistent with justice was shown this afternoon when he informed E. C. Cansler, leading counsel for the defense, that there would be no Thanksgiving recess and that night sessions might be held; that he was due to convene a term of his court at Asheboro next Monday and would, if possible, complete the Means trial this week. This, however, is regarded as extremely doubtful if all the alienists and expert witnesses now present are placed on the stand.

The jury was selected from 144 names drawn from a hat, and but one remained when the last talesman, J. H. Reader, was passed. Most of the jurors are young men, but all are married except one. Eight are farmers, three are cotton-mill men, and one, J. Frank Goodman, is a member of the Board of County Commissioners.

In the process of selecting the jury, it developed that sixty-one of the men examined were prepared to say under oath that they had formed and expressed an opinion in the case; forty-eight of them were of the opinion, and had so stated, that Means was not guilty of the crime charged, and the remaining thirteen held the opposite view. This ratio of approximately four to one is said to represent the public opinion of the entire county.

Among the witnesses who have already arrived or are expected in the morning are the following: William C. Miller of the Northern Trust Company, William B. Gubbins, former private secretary to James C. King; Dr. William H. Burmeister, Coroner's physician of Chicago; A. L. Johnson, Secretary of the Merchants' Loan and Trust Company; William Rockefeller, manager of the Chicago Beach Hotel; Hugh M. Garretson, assistant cashier of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank; James I. Ewing, handwriting expert, and A. B. Melville, an attorney. All those named are from Chicago.

Mrs. Anna Robinson, the aged mother of Mrs. King, did not appear today, but her attorney, P. C. McDuffy, who has represented her in civil actions and is now appearing with counsel for the prosecution, said that she would testify. Mrs. Mary C. Melvin, sister of Mrs. King, may testify in Means's behalf. In one of the civil actions brought against Means by Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. Melvin appeared with Means and asked the court to make her a party to the suit. Again, she asked to have the court dissolve one of the civil actions her mother brought against Means.

The testimony of C. B. Ambrose of the Bureau of Investigation of the Federal Department of Justice may furnish a surprise at the trial. The nature of his testimony has not been disclosed.

The taking of testimony will begin at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

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Genuine HOLLAND RUSK, made according to a Dutch recipe by Dutch bakers, is produced in Holland, Michigan, and the very first taste tells you why this delightful golden-brown toast appeals to every appetite for every meal.

Wonderfully crisp, flaky and light. It is the easiest digested food of all—even convalescents thrive on it—and children and grown-ups alike always "*want more.*"

Made of the finest flour, fresh eggs and rich, sweet milk, this crisp, feather-light toasted disk is a revelation in toothsomeness.

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H. Cracovaner, 698 10th Ave.
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D. Blumenfeld, 1,583 2d Ave.
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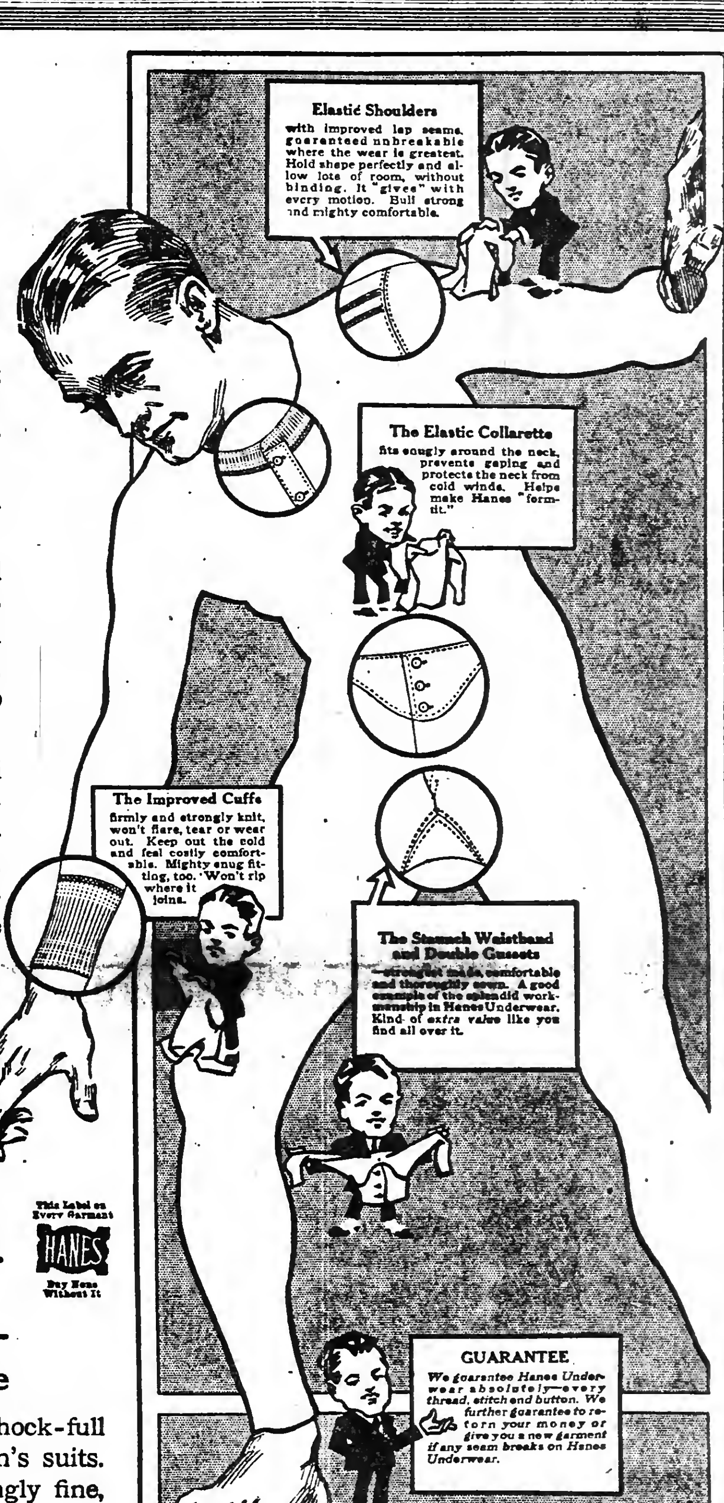

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L. Weiss, 350 16th Ave.
B. Levine, 83 Prince St.
M. Hass, 862 15th Ave.
D. Hass, 66 Pacific St.
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N. Horowitz, 558 Orange St.
Chas. J. Riche, 236 Market St.
Samuel Levine, 552 Springfield Ave.
Sig Schepps, 572 Springfield Ave.
Otto J. Aaron, 53 Belleville Ave.
Franklin's Haberdashery, 494 Orange St.
I. D. Hertzberg, 471 Orange St.
L. Berger, 218 Springfield Ave.
Max Waxman, 170 Springfield Ave.
Henry Green, 157 Springfield Ave.
M. Gelbel & Sons, 64 Belleville Ave.
Popper Bros., 376 Springfield Ave.
J. P. Nelson, 438 Warren St.
H. Lustig, 199 Ferry St.
D. Meyer, 398 Springfield Ave.
Chas. J. Rich, 236 Market St.
L. Wellberg, 104 Springfield Ave.
M. Brown, 165 S. Orange Ave.
J. Horwitz, 86 16th Ave.
L. Sherman, 432 Springfield Ave.
J. Sobel, 640 Springfield Ave.
I. Brody, 241 S. Orange St.
M. Wagner, 294 Orange St.
W. Oppenheimer, Hamburg Pl., cor. Ann St.
G. Altman, 543 Orange St.
E. Ern, 130 Elm St.
W. Wilderotter & Son, 55 Montgomery St.
J. Jackensky, 435 Orange St.
J. Greenwald, 510 Orange St.
Wm. M. Smith, 438 Broad St.
J. Lowitz, 265 Broad St.
Philip Rosenthal, 455 Broad St.
R. Epstein, 258 Market St.
Beardslee & Hildebrandt, 232 Market St.
A. H. Kellner, 268 Market St.
L. J. Rosenstrauch, 112 Market St.
Krueger & Reitman, 169 Springfield Ave.
Susskind & Son, 229 Springfield Ave.
M. & D. Blum, 549 Springfield Ave.
J. H. Beget, 377 Springfield Ave.
S. Altuch, 748 Bloomfield Ave.
M. Valentino, 210 Bloomfield Ave.
Geo. Schmitt, 547 Mt. Prospect Ave.
Fred Knoth, 1,037 S. Orange Ave.
M. Totams, 596 S. Orange Ave.
M. J. Bernstein & Son, 177 S. Orange Ave.
M. Seidler, 204 Hawthorne Ave.
C. H. Herrick, 171 Clinton Ave.
Bowlby & Kessel, 513 Clinton Ave.
J. Marx, 325 Bank St.
R. Strauss, Nye Ave. & Leslie St.
Geo. Kaye, 49 Pacific St.
J. Geo. Faatz, 422 Lafayette St.
S. Weinhouse, 181 Verona Ave.
G. Matonte, 107 7th Ave.
L. V. Tonero, 387 Warren St.
J. Albani, 279 Van Buren St.
A. Schorck, 169 Hamburg Place.
S. Fener, 377 15th Ave.
P. Lienau, 388 15th Ave.
H. Hardwick, 699 Summer Ave.
B. App, 287 Mulberry St.

Irvington.
S. Gray, 759 Springfield Ave.
G. Azzara, 863 Springfield Ave.
A. C. Ern, 1,406 Springfield Ave.
Otto Ern, Jr., 1,177 Springfield Ave.

New Brunswick.
M. J. Loewenstein, 83 Church St.

Millburn.
J. Rosenthal.

Cranford.
A. M. Shapiro.

Rahway.
S. P. Haliday, 123 Main St.
B. Engelman, 130 Main St.
M. Davis, 9 Cherry St.

West New York.
J. K. Fenster, 664 Bergenline Ave.
L. A. Pascale, 402 Bergenline Ave.

Kearny.
Goldstein & Samson, 12 Kearny Ave.
J. E. Higgins, 78 Johnston Ave.

Arlington.
I. Goldstein, 146 Midland Ave.
T. E. Smith, 584 Forrest St.

Belleville.
J. E. Lay, 256 Stephens St.
S. Fauer, 78 Washington Ave.

Vauxhall.
R. Blumenscheit, 5 Springfield Ave.

Lyndhurst.
M. Higgings, 109 Stuyvesant Ave.

Silver Lake.
S. Vicarisi, 11 Belmont Ave.

Orange.
Max Cohn, 236 Main St.
J. Block, 312 Main St.

East Orange.
A. W. Bodwell, 399 Main St.

Guttenberg.
Wm. Klein, 26 Bergenline Ave.

West New York.
M. Zwain, 682 Bergenline Ave.

Union Hill.
H. Edelstein, 934 Bergenline Ave.

Bloomfield.
Thorman & Greenstein, 43 Dodd St.

Perth Amboy.
Renolds Bros.

Plainfield.
Rosenbaum Bros.

Red Bank.
H. H. Supp.

Paterson.
J. Spitz & Son.
B. Miller, 377 Main St.

Tenafly.
I. Salbin.

Englewood.
M. W. Hecht. A. Romanow.

LIST OF HANES DEALERS.

New York City—*Continued.*
S. Weisskoff, 39 Manhattan St.
Wettenberg Bros., 1,570 Bathgate Ave.
Zuckerdel, 785 9th Ave.
D. G. Belmont Co., 652 E. 187th St.
I. Cohn, 4,249 3d Ave.
J. Jacobs, 1,340 Brook Ave.
L. Kanner, 3,369 3d Ave.
M. Lisa, 636 Morris Ave.
N. Shalet, 192 Norman Ave.
L. Silver, 595 Crescent St.
L. Dantzig, 1,787 Madison Ave.
B. Markowitz, 1,448 5th Ave.
M. E. Scott, 216 10th Ave.
B. Burechson, 1,001 2d Ave.
L. Halpern, 1,054 1st Ave.
D. G. Straus Co., 1,494 1st Ave.
B. Siegfried, 1,332 1st Ave.
R. & W. Green, 263 Avenue A.
M. Weiselberg, 865 1st Ave.
B. Rosansky, 1,491 Brook Ave.
C. Nelson, 1,479 Washington Ave.
J. Caputo, 2,885 Hoffman St.

BROOKLYN.
K. Turoff, 65 Graham Ave.
B. Cohn, 364 De Kalb Ave.
D. Brown, 449 De Kalb Ave.
Sam Gold, 90 Moore St.
B. Schachger, 29 Reed Ave.
Genatt & Sachs, 63 Moore St.
I. Meyers, 1,821 Pitkin Ave.
C. Woll, 399 Knickerbocker Ave.
K. Turoff, 65 Graham Ave.
S. Posner, 104 Graham Ave.
P. Berlyn, 230 Franklin St.
S. Barsky, 176 Greene St.
Gensloff & Hoffman, 893 3d Ave.
M. & H. Goldman, 675 3d Ave.
M. Kassdam, 31 Hamilton Ave.
D. & C. Meyerson, 1,633½ De Kalb Ave.
A. Rosenstein, 137 3d Ave.
D. Solomon, 307 Wyckoff Ave.
H. Swardloff, 17 Hamilton Ave.
M. Sole, 29 Flatbush Ave.
S. J. Schreiber & Son, 2,601 Atlantic Ave.
Chil Cohen, 277 Sumner Ave.
D. Benjamin, New Utrecht Ave. & 69th St.
Wesserman Bros., 375 Grand St.
J. C. Mendlowitz, 591 Grand St.
Max Nadelbach, Grand & Olive Sts.
D. Weiner, 436 Graham Ave.
M. Ponemone, 458 Graham Ave.
M. Seidner, 1,048 Manhattan Ave.
S. Nehner, 1,103 Manhattan Ave.
M. Miller, 1,665 Manhattan Ave.
Goodman & Heinrich, 919 Manhattan Ave.
J. Greenfield, 389 Knickerbocker Ave.
S. Rothe, 393 Knickerbocker Ave.
L. Kesselman, 385 Knickerbocker Ave.
J. Nurnberg, 369 Knickerbocker Ave.

Brooklyn—*Continued.*
I. Freiman, 2,158 Fulton St.
H. Schoem, 353 Van Brunt St.
M. Allison, 70 5th Ave.
M. Allison, 5,314 3d Ave.
J. Danto, 1,834 Fulton St.
M. Ellentuck, Gates Ave.
W. Greenwald, Sumner Ave.
M. Iseral, 354 5th Ave.
S. Kramer, 291 Knickerbocker Ave.
J. Sterns' Sons, 765 Manhattan Ave.
W. J. Nutting, Fulton St.
Moore Street Bargain House, 65 Moore St.
S. Kaminsky, 150 Sutter Ave.
J. Rosenthall, 451 Christopher Ave.
D. Friedman, 151 Havemeyer St.
J. Kaminsky, 85 Moore St.
H. Schoen, 353 Van Brunt St.
A. Cohen, 1,669 Pitkin Ave.
J. J. Marcus, 663 Classon Ave.
William Rainer, 67 4th Ave.
M. Kamengisser, 279 Grand St.
Spero & Cooper, 2,203 Fulton St.
Leon Nadel, 2,046 Fulton St.
S. Nitnick, 1,988 Fulton St.
H. Rosenbloom, 35 Tompkins Ave.
J. Hellman, 86 Siegel St.
N. K. Buchwald, 3,155 Fulton St.
J. Salaney, 597 De Kalb Ave.
W. Levy, 414 7th Ave.
Jos. Tortorici, 145 Hamburg Ave.
A. Gottlieb, 1,485 Myrtle Ave.
J. Goldburg, 36 Seigle St.
N. Kleinman, 804 Nostrand Ave.
B. F. Kane & Bros., 51 Columbia Ave.
C. A. Buros, 156 5th Ave.
Lurie & Rosnmoff, 4,909 12th Ave.
Joe Kaiser, 185 Flatbush Ave.
William Peiser, 124 Smith St.
D. Starobin, 1,726 Bath Ave.
Joe Stein, 1,242 Flatbush Ave.
Samuel Herrick, 183 Smith St.
M. Speishandler, 987 Flushing Ave.
Charles S. Rosenblatt, 223 9th Ave.
M. H. Ramsey, 923 Manhattan Ave.
Hines & Letzeisen, 1,603 Broadway.
Gussie Resnnicoff, 48 Manhattan Ave.
F. J. Stander, 893 Knickerbocker Ave.
F. Land, 83 Cedar St.
Susie L. Pillinor, 1,247 Flatbush Ave.
J. Simon, 541 5th Ave.
S. Waldman, 1,605 Flushing Ave.
J. J. Marcus, 663 Classon Ave.
M. Blumenkopf, 334 Franklin Ave.
Cooper & Rappaport, 1,901 Bath Ave.
Sam Engelke, 173 Wythe Ave.
J. Jacobs, 331 Grand St.
Kurber & Ferris, 2,026 Bath Ave.
A. Shoan, 953 3d Ave.
D. Starobin, 1,720 Bath Ave.
I. Stein, 413 Grand St.
S. Stein, 645 Grand St.

Brooklyn—*Continued.*
M. Tauber, 192 Bedford Ave.
E. Pollock, Inc., 391 Columbia Ave.
B. Waldman, 526 Court St.
S. Firestein, 138 5th Ave.
H. Setomer, 573 3d Ave.
I. Friedman, 3,920 3d Ave.
J. Neckritz, 7,519 13th Ave.
V. Levy, 8 Sumner Ave.
S. J. Schrieber & Son, 2,603 Atlantic Ave.
D. Rosen, 1,617 Pitkin Ave.
M. Leiberman, 1,526 Pitkin Ave.
M. Gersnowitz, 1,492 Pitkin Ave.
Ress & Klein, 1,452 Pitkin Ave.
M. Derz, 693 Broadway.
A. Patt, 114 43d St.
I. Coleman, 4,403 3d Ave.
B. Baehr, 7,412 New Utrecht Ave.
R. Cooper, 76 Hamburg Ave.
I. Auerbacher, 277 Central Ave.
N. Vogel, 183 Wyckoff Ave.
H. Muhlenstedt, 2,795 Myrtle Ave.
C. Steuer, 554 Knickerbocker Ave.
N. K. Buchwald, 3,155 Fulton St.
I. Buchwald, 2,943 Fulton St.
I. Riner, 3,395 Fulton St.
A. Kesselman, 2,020 Fulton St.
F. Silver, 1,179 Liberty St.
H. Nevin, 449 Ralph Ave.
G. Abraham, 1,503 Broadway.
John Schneider, 240 Grandview Ave.
H. Geller, 566 Woodward Ave.
I. Goodfriend, 582 Woodward Ave.
B. Seeman, 657-658 Woodward Ave.
I. Tessler, 684 Woodward Ave.
N. Gozan, 634 Covert St.
J. Goodman, 1,855 Myrtle Ave.
E. Morris & Bro., 143 Smith St.
S. Herrick, 163 Smith St.
M. Sann, 312 5th Ave.
P. A. Wakefield, 600 3d Ave.
M. K. Benimowitz, 4,004 8th Ave.
M. Cantor, 1,427 Nostrand Ave.
D. Kuntz, 531 Marcy Ave.
H. Avenius, 101 Manhattan Ave.
G. Henry, 606 5th Ave.
H. Cohen, 225 Columbia Ave.
H. Hersog, 4,624 3d Ave.
C. A. Goldstein, 248 Driggs Ave.
Wm. Goebel, 122 Nassau St.
S. Goldstoff, 187 Manhattan Ave.
Prensky & Fau, 80 Graham Ave.
J. Bag, 1,027 Flushing Ave.
H. Muhlenstedt, 2,786 Myrtle Ave.

Bath Beach, Brooklyn, N. Y.
H. Perkins, 1,802 Bath Ave.

NEW YORK.

New Rochelle.
A. Jacobson, North Ave.
S. Baum & Son, Huguenot St.
F. Tornay, 99 Union Ave.
H. & J. Ginsburg.

NEW YORK.

Van Nest.
M. & S. Hillis, 675 Morris Park Ave.
Sahpero & Co., 659 Morris Park Ave.

Williamsbridge.
L. Hnlnick, 3,857 White Plains Ave.

Port Richmond, S. I.
J. Silk, 1,924 Richmond Terrace.

Staten Island.
S. Neisner, Tompkinsville.
Est. of I. Kutscher, Stapleton.
S. Schmolka, Stapleton.
H. J. Weisburg, Port Richmond.

W. New Brighton, S. I.
C. Gottenberg, 1,067 Castleton Ave.

Yonkers.
A. M. Goldstein, 209 Nepperhan.
J. Kaplan, 178 Riverdale Ave.

Long Island City, L. I.
Edward Laherty, 71 Jackson Ave.
H. Loeb, 169 Academy St.

Long Island.
J. G. Pineau, Woodhaven.
J. Rubin, Ozone Park.

Jamaica, L. I.
N. Lowenberg, 449 Fulton St.
J. Avenia, 101 Smith St.

Long Island.
J. A. Deakin, College Point.
A. Jaffe, Port Washington.
J. Kransler, Farmingdale.
H. Wolf, Front St., Hempstead.
J. W. Hirschfeld, Huntington.
F. Gerber, Sayville.

Astoria, L. I.
J. F. Zevre, 447 Steinway Ave.
S. Feinman, 575 Broadway.
H. Blum, 323 Flushing Ave.

Winfield, L. I.
J. Wirth, 35 Fisk Ave.

Elmhurst, L. I.
S. & H. Wolters, Broadway.

Maspeth, L. I.
S. Salcinski, 129 Clinton Ave.

Rockville Centre, L. I.
H. Widlitz, 195 Merrick Road.

Glen Cove, L. I.
W. Bernstein.

Lindenhurst, L. I.
H. Salomon.

Winfield, L. I.
F. Krepels, 31 Woodside Ave.

Glendale, L. I.
M. Shaffran, 1,961 Myrtle Ave.
J. G. Theise, 2,516 Myrtle Ave.

Union Course, L. I.
E. Rosenbaum, 1,179 Jamaica Ave.

Woodhaven, L. I.
L. Shaffran, 4,057 Jamaica Ave.

Richmond Hill, L. I.
M. Lichtenberg, 2,621 Jamaica Ave.
H. Gottlieb, 3,007 Jamaica Ave.

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Try Sloan's Liniment and see how quickly the swelling is reduced and the pain disappears. No need to rub; it penetrates quickly and brings relief. Have a bottle handy for rheumatic pains, neuralgia, back ache and all muscle soreness.

Generous sized bottles, at your druggist, 25c., 50c., $1.00.

Sloan's The World's Liniment

Scenes in Palestine.

In view of the change in the government of Palestine, the pictures of the advance of the British Army in the Holy Land possess great significance. There are four pages of them in The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial this week. 24 pages rotogravure. On all newsstands—10 cents —$5 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

OVER $600,000,000 IN ALIEN PROPERTY

Estimates Received Indicate the Total to be Taken May Reach a Billion.

MORITZ ROSENTHAL NAMED

Appointed General Counsel to Custodian—F. P. Garvan Is Among Others Appointed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Estimates, based on scattering returns received from corporations, banks, and warehouses, indicate that the money and property in this country belonging to Germans and subject to sequestration by A. Mitchell Palmer, as Alien Property Custodian, will exceed $600,000,000, and may approach a billion. Under the terms of the law reports of property and money held by German citizens living abroad must be reported to the Alien Property Custodian by Dec. 5, after which time the property and money will be taken over by the Government.

Mr. Palmer has completely organized his office to take charge of the enormous business which will flow through it in the next year. At present there are 250 persons employed, and the number will be increased to 400 by the middle of December.

Some of the important appointments were announced today. Many of the men holding responsible places, especially in the legal departments, are serving without pay.

Moritz Rosenthal of New York was appointed general counsel today. Mr. Rosenthal was for many years a member of the Chicago bar. He was counsel for the packers in the immunity case, and also counsel for the Standard Oil Company in the $29,000,000 fine case, and in the equity suit brought by the Government to dissolve that company. He moved to New York several years ago to become a partner of the banking firm of Ladenburg, Thalman & Co. He will be in charge of the legal department of the Alien Property Custodian, and will have associated with him a number of lawyers from various parts of the country who have volunteered their services.

Among the lawyers already working with Mr. Rosenthal are James E. MacCloskey, Jr., of Pittsburgh, Penn., general counsel for the Harbison-Walker Refractories Company and other Pittsburgh corporations, and W. C. Coleman, of Baltimore, Md.

Francis P. Garvan of New York is named Director of the Bureau of Investigation. Mr. Garvan was Assistant District Attorney of New York under District Attorney Philbin, and for eight years was chief of the Homicide Insurance, and Business Division under District Attorney Jerome. He tried the Patrick and Molineaux cases. He will supervise the investigation leading to the discovery of al lenemy property in this country, and in conjunction with the Department of Justice will have charge of the prosecution of offenders under the Trading with the Enemy act.

Other appointments are:

Scott, Robert T., attorney, formerly with Senator Underwood, secretary to the Alien Property Custodian.

Peter, Julius C., of Detroit, assistant to President of Detroit Trust Company, secretary to Director, Bureau of Trusts.

Stearns, Robert E., with J. J. Danzig & Co., New York, bankers and brokers, acting chief, Division of Pledged Property.

Krauthoff, Edwin A., attorney, of Kansas City, Mo., acting chief, Division of Court and Private Trusts.

Wiener, Edward, attorney, of Philadelphia, assisting in Division of Court and Private Trusts.

Smith, Howard W., attorney, of Alexandria, Va., assisting in Division of Court and Private Trusts.

King, J. Berry, attorney, of Muskogee, Ala., assisting, Division of Corporations.

Bower, Joseph A., Vice President Liberty National Bank, New York, President, manager of General Business Department.

Fitzpatrick, W. G., attorney, of Detroit, assisting in Bureau of Investigation.

Morgan, H. M., of St. Louis, Mo., Secretary of American Trust Company, manager of Mortgage Department.

Shrigley, L. H., with Stinson & Co., Philadelphia, bankers and brokers, assisting in Division of Individual Property.

McClintock, C. S., attorney, of Wilkes-Barre, Penn., assisting in Division of Corporations.

Green, H. D., who is working on an organization of foreign and insular affairs, having L. M. Snowden as his assistant.

Cooper, Leon F., assisting Judge Brodhead, is an attorney in Washington.

Bensinger, Allan R.; R. M. Small, and R. G. Rodos, assisting the chief, Division of Insurance.

Morgan, Shirley C., and George Russell Peabody, working on organization in Stock and Bond Department.

Newberry, Edgar A., acting manager Inventory and Appraisal Department.

Morrill, Amos, and R. C. Goldstein, working on an organization of the License Department.

Hunter, C. E., assisting Mr. Bower in the General Business Department.

Norman Dreher, who has been associated with Mr. Palmer in a confidential capacity for twent yyears, is Director of Administration.

NEW MAIL REGULATIONS.

Government Soon to Issue Rules Governing Foreign Communications.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Regulations to govern the transmission to or from the United States of communications not in the regular course of the mails will be issued within a few days under the Trading with the Enemy act.

Ship and consignees' mail consisting of bills of lading and similar business documents probably will not be forbidden when destined to neutral countries, and considerable latitude will be allowed commercial travelers and other representatives of business concerns to carry in luggage letters relating strictly to their business. Most other communications will be forced into mail channels to be subjected to censorship. Communications to enemy or ally of enemy countries are prohibited except by license of the War Trade Board.

The customs division of the Treasury will have charge of the administration of the regulations.

BIG ARMY HOSPITAL FOR STATEN ISLAND

Fox Hills to be the Site of Receiving Station for Men Wounded in France.

CAPACITY 1,500 TO 2,500

Convalescents to be Distributed Thence to Rehabilitation Depots, General Gorgas Explains.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Surgeon Gen. Gorgas announced tonight the selection of Fox Hills, Staten Island, N. Y., as the site of a military receiving hospital from which wounded American soldiers will be distributed to the reconstruction and rehabilitation hospitals which are soon to be established.

The Staten Island institution, which will have a capacity of from 1,500 to 2,500 beds, will be situated on an elevation overlooking the entrance to New York Harbor, near enough to the Quarantine Station to make possible the transfer of the wounded with a minimum of delay.

"The establishment of the receiving hospital," said the Surgeon General's statement, "marks the beginning of a comprehensive plan that is being worked out for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of our soldiers who are disabled in the line of duty. The Staten Island hospital will be used only for purposes of distribution. As the men are received there, they will undergo thorough physical and mental examinations by medical officers, a complete history will be made of each case, and requirements of the individual cases studied. Then, as soon as this is completed, the man will be transferred to a general or special treatment hospital.

"During his stay in the hospital the soldier will be given light work, which will aid in his convalescence, and, where necessary because of his disability, he will be given special training for new occupations, under the direction of vocational experts. He will be fitted for a trade for which he is peculiarly adapted, and at the time of his discharge it will be the duty of the Government to assist him in returning to his proper place in industry, and of various civil organizations further to supervise him until he has been completely rehabilitated—that is, placed once more on a firm economic foundation in society.

"The general and special hospitals are now being selected in various parts of the United States. So far as possible, the soldiers will be sent to places near their own homes. As the additional sites are decided upon they will be announced by the Surgeon General."

The Quinine That Does Not Affect Head

Because of its tonic and laxative effect. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE can be taken without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on box, 30c.—Advt.

FEFS

A contractor who submits an absurdly low fee has not a very exalted opinion of his services—but he probably knows what his services are worth!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

Chicago Limited

Leave New York 2 P. M. (D., L. & W. R. R.)
Ar. Chicago 3 P. M. (M. C. R. R.).
Ar. Chicago 4:55 P. M. (Nickel Plate)

Lackawanna Railroad

TICKET OFFICES.

Broadway	Cor.	Wall	St.
"	"	Park	St.
"	"	28th	St.
"	"	42d	St.
Brooklyn	595	Fulton	St.

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Your surprise at the moderate price of Munsingwear increases as time proves its splendid wearing qualities.

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You need a strong, quiet friend, if you ever feel like shouting this:—

"Great Scott, how can a man do any thinking with such infernal noise all 'round him!" Your nerves snap—that's all. The everlasting, piercing click, click, click of typewriters makes your nerves snap quicker than a Black Tom explosion; the explosion gives you a minute's shock—but the vicious click of typewriters goes ever on and on and on.

You need the "Noiseless"—whether for your secretary's desk or for a staff of stenographers in the open office. The "Noiseless" doesn't simply *lessen* noise—it kills noise. It actually writes in a whisper.

You'll appreciate it at once: the "Noiseless" in full, swift action—and not a click to be heard. Right at your elbow it's going top-speed ahead—and you can confer in subdued tones, you can hear and speak over the 'phone—you can *think*.

Get a demonstration in your own office today. Or let us send you our illustrated catalog and a really impressive list of users.

Stenographers: Let us send you "First-hand Experiences" and other literature which has been prepared specially for you.

The

NOISELESS

The Noiseless Typewriter Company, 253 Broadway, 'Phone Barclay 7442

Put Your Motoring on a War Basis With the Franklin Car

SOME people think they can solve the thrift question by talking about it. The War situation is actual and real. Every man feels it is his duty to help the country, but he tells you what the Government ought to do instead of taking the first practical step—meeting the plain facts in the things close at hand; things he buys and uses and pays to maintain.

Gasoline and rubber are prime necessities of War. Yet many a car owner who talks thrift is actually destroying *fifty percent more* of these commodities than his motoring should require.

War Time Activity Demands Economy in Motor Car Operation

Ask the man who gets eight, ten or twelve miles to the gallon of gasoline and five or six thousand miles to the set of tires. He probably has the feeling—almost the conviction—that he can do better with the Franklin, but it is easier to close his eyes to the facts and wonder whether the Franklin's record for gasoline and tire saving is really and actually true.

He does not *investigate*—he takes refuge in a general doubt.

Another way he has of side stepping the issue is to argue that in these days it is better economy to hang on to his old car. He knows how wasteful it is to run, yet he overlooks the fact that the Franklin saving in gasoline, tires and oil would more than carry his *investment* in a Franklin Car. Perhaps he says he will meet conditions by using his car less. He forgets that while the average car is standing idle its *depreciation* offsets any reduction in running expense he could make.

He ought to see that it is true conservation for him to put his motoring on a War basis *now;* clean up his old car proposition; take a fresh start and get an automobile that actually fits conditions as they are *today*.

War time thrift and economy are possible to every motorist without reducing his mileage or curtailing the use of his car.

War time activity makes this fact of vital interest. Thousands of men are finding increased demands upon their time and more work for their automobile.

Franklin Holds World's Records for Thrift and Efficiency

The Thrift and Efficiency Standards of the Franklin Car are matters of public record.

On May 1st, 1914, 94 Franklin Cars in all parts of the country averaged 32.8 miles to the gallon of gasoline.

On May 1st, 1915, 137 Franklin Cars averaged 32.1 miles to the gallon.

On July 13th, 1917, 179 Franklin Cars established the remarkable average of *40.3 miles to the single gallon of gasoline.*

All records under Standard Efficiency Test Rules.

In the Yale University Fuel Economy Test, Professor Lockwood and Arthur B. Browne, M. E., established the fact that the Franklin Car uses *less* gasoline per mile than any other car with six or more cylinders.

On November 17th, 1915, a Franklin Car covered 1046 miles on a single gallon of oil—a run from New York to Chicago.

Right Now Is the Time for All Motorists to Investigate the Franklin

Franklin Economy and Efficiency, as demonstrated by these records of low gasoline consumption, continue throughout the car. Franklin owners' individual *tire mileage reports,* for instance, over a period of five years, give a national average of 10,203 miles to the set.

The *value of the Franklin Car as an investment* is clearly shown every time you find a used Franklin for sale. It brings a 20% higher price than any other fine car in proportion to its first cost and the use it had.

The time is close at hand when the motorist must choose between a restricted use of his car or meeting conditions in a *constructive way* with the economical Franklin.

Touring Car	2280 lbs.	$2050.00	Runabout	2160 lbs.	$2000.00	Limousine	2620 lbs.	$3200.00
Cabriolet	2485 lbs.	2850.00	Sedan	2610 lbs.	2950.00	Four-pass. Roadster	2280 lbs.	2050.00
Town Car	2610 lbs.	3200.00	*All Prices F. O. B. Syracuse*			Brougham	2575 lbs.	2900.00

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR COMPANY

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REX BEACH SAYS:—

"'The Winds of Chance' is an Alaskan story written by request. It is easy enough to write about the North Country, for I know it pretty well. A romantic glamour attaches to it, and it has a lure peculiar to itself. When I first took up writing I was a young man just back from the North, and naturally I wrote about the life that most vividly impressed me. But all the time I was thinking about a moving drama that was enacted during the early days of the Klondike—one upon which I never touched—and finally I saw a story in it—'The Winds of Chance'. I saw that it offered something more than a tale of adventure and that the background was a cross-section of real Alaskan life. Then I recognized the figure of 'Poleon Doret' in the cast. He wouldn't stay put in 'The Barrier'. You see now why I say the story was written by request."

Rex Beach

"The Winds of Chance," by Rex Beach, appears in Hearst's Magazine for December—Out today. It is another great story of Alaska, vibrant with adventure, intrigue and love. Be sure to read this thrilling tale.

SEES HUGE PROFITS IN SUBWAY DELAY

Service Board Counsel Says Interborough Halts New Lines for Dividends.

THREATENS DRASTIC ACTION

Commission Will Inquire Into Setbacks of Lexington Avenue and Seventh Avenue Branches.

A statement made public yesterday by William L. Ransom, counsel for the Public Service Commission, practically accused the Interborough Rapid Transit Company of deliberately delaying the completion of the Lexington Avenue and Seventh Avenue subways, so that the company may continue to reap enormous profits. The statement says in effect that the Interborough Company, regardless of the discomforts of the public because of the increasing congestion on the rapid transit lines, has made no proper effort to place the new lines in operation, and that the delay would probably continue unless drastic action was taken by the commission.

That such action is to be taken was made a part of the statement. At 2:30 o'clock today the commission will proceed to examine officials of the company, and will try to wring from them the true reasons why the two lines, that ought to have been in operation before Christmas, have been delayed to Jan. 15 at the earliest. "The inquiry," says the commission, "is expected to develop the extent, if any, to which the company is responsible for the delay."

Judge Ransom's statement reads:

"The commission has directed these hearings to ascertain whether the Interborough Rapid Transit Company is using all practicable diligence in completing the new lines and placing them in operation. The beginning of operation will put into effect the financial terms of the dual contracts, and tomorrow the investigation will seek the facts as to any disposition to delay that time.

"Last year the Interborough Rapid Transit Company earned $9,100,000 profits on $35,000,000 of outstanding capital stock—a profit of 25 per cent. Another Winter of congestion means another year of big profits for the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, and all of it will go to the company, as the financial terms of the dual contracts do not go into effect until the operation of new lines is under way. Then the Interborough Rapid Transit Company's profits will drop back to the $6,335,000 preferential, a marked decrease from last year's profits. The commission desires to ascertain whether the company is diligent in bringing about the commencement of the pool.

"Inquiries will be made as to the dates of orders, purchases, delivery, &c.; the efforts, if any, to obtain priorities on manufacture and shipment; and the prospective dates of operation for portions of the new lines."

The order calling for the inquiry does not limit the extent of it. Under its terms the commission may wander as it pleases into any by-road of the transit question, and it is expected that everything relating to the frequent delays in work on all of the uncompleted lines will be minutely inquired into.

It is certain that one part of the inquiry will be devoted to asking the Interborough officials about the number of passengers on the company's lines who have not been accommodated with seats during the non-rush hours, and whether this number has not been increasing steadily. It was said at the office of the commission yesterday that the hearing was regarded as of the utmost importance. It may lead to a quickening of the work on all of the lines now in course of building.

Frank Hedley, Vice President and General Manager of the Interborough, said last night that while he was unable to reply to "what Judge Ransom may try to bring out" at the hearing, he knew certainly that it could not be shown that the Interborough purposely had delayed completing new subway lines in order that the city might not share in transit profits through the dual contracts.

"The fact that the city has been able to complete its rough construction work before we have been able to finish our highly technical end, requiring the services of many skilled engineers and expert mechanics," Mr. Hedley said, "is no reflection upon us. We are just as anxious as anyone to put these huge new properties into operation, but the extent to which manufacturers of cables, interlocking signal devices and other technical equipment have sidetracked our work—very properly—to give Government needs the right of way has entailed delay for which we are not responsible. In addition, there have entered directly into the nation's service not only thousands of skilled mechanics, but a very large proportion of the expert engineers necessary to the completion of our part of the work."

Macy Employes Give Ambulance.

Employes of R. H. Macy & Co. paraded with martial music and flying banners from Fifty-first Street and Broadway yesterday morning to Madison Avenue, thence to Thirty-fourth Street, and across town to the store, at Thirty-fourth Street and Broadway, escorting a splendidly equipped ambulance, which the employes purchased by subscription among themselves and have presented to the Government for the use of the Red Cross on the battle fronts of Europe.

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AMSTERDAM AVE.
133, Amsterdam Garage.
AVENUE A.
?70, Interboro Delivery Company.
AVENUE B.
300, Arc Garage.
BAINBRIDGE AVE.
3619, Bahrenberg's Gasoline & Service Station.
BEACH TERRACE.
60?, Emperial Taxi Service.
BAILEY AVE.
3400, Van Cortlandt Garage.
3129, J. Whelan's Garage.
BELMONT AVE.
1827, Lion Garage, Inc.
BERGEN AVE.
607, Bronx County Auto Company.
BOONE AVE.
1443, Zarracvo's Garage.
BOSTON ROAD.
1015, The Speler Garage, Inc.
1262, Ross Garage & Taxi Co.
1365, McKinley Sq. Garage Co., Inc.
BROADWAY.
1910, Michael T. Watts.
2322, B'way Garage, Inc.
2444, Kesbec Sales Company.
2606, Cimiotti Garage Company.
3251, Claremont Garage.
4342, Greater New York Garage.
4816, Dyckman Auto & Repair Co.
4350, The Arthur Garage, Inc.
5015, Brickner's Auto Supply Company, Inc.
BROADWAY AND 65TH ST.
Lincoln Sq. Garage.
BROADWAY AND 70TH ST.
Winton Company.
BROADWAY AND 83D ST.
Savoy Gas Station.
BROADWAY AND 135TH ST.
135th Street Garage Corporation.
BROADWAY AND 218TH ST.
Buffo's Gas Station.
BAILEY AVE.
3131, Whelan's Garage.
BROOK AVE.
1094, Wm. & Thos. Witters Garage.
BROOME ST.
23, Broome Street Garage.
BROWN PLACE.
144, Dieterich-Edwards Company.
CASTLE HILL AVE.
1166, Estling's Garage, B.
CATHARINE ST.
38, Catharine Street Garage.
COURTLANDT AVE.
869, Courtlandt Garage.
CROTONA AVE.
1967, Crotona Garage.
CROTONA PARKWAY.
1982, Fairmont Garage Corp.
DALY AVE.
2070, Individual Garage, Inc.
DIVISION ST.
135, H. Witkins.
DOWNING ST.
45, R. Tassi Sons Garage.
DYCKMAN ST.
244, Inwood Garage.
EAST 2D ST.
79, Asens Garage.
EAST 7TH ST.
Cor. Lewis St., 7th Street Garage.
EAST 9TH ST.
216, New Royal Garage.
224, Stuyvesant Auto Trading Company, and 9th St. Garage.
366, S. F. Collins.
EAST 11TH ST.
732, Dry Dock Garage.
810, Dochtermann Van Company
EAST 12TH ST.
18, Cleric and Bambi.
EAST 17TH ST.
515, N. Y. Contracting & Trucking Co.
EAST 23D ST.
141, Hoffman Taxicab Company.
EAST 31ST ST.
139, Blue Sprocket Garage.
411, Express Garage.
EAST 37TH ST.
238, 37th Street Garage, McCook & Co.
EAST 39TH ST.
150, Lexington Auto Garage.
EAST 40TH ST.
27, Murray Hill Garage.
32, McDermott Garage.
EAST 41ST ST.
Commonwealth Garage.
142, Boylston Garage.
144, [illegible] Garage.
EAST 47TH ST.
Biltmore Garage, Inc., 205 to 213.
EAST 54TH ST.
218, Mercedes Garage.
415, Knickerbocker Garage.
EAST 55TH ST.
418, C. W. Cavenagh.
EAST 57TH ST.
156, 57th Street Garage, J. J. O'Hara.
EAST 59TH ST.
416, Oleger's Garage, C. A. Oleger.
EAST 62D ST.
418, Central Garage.
EAST 63D ST.
H. S. Black Garage Co., Inc., 63d St. and 2nd Ave.
EAST 64TH ST.
209, Ritz Garage.
235, Terrace Garage, Inc.
EAST 65TH ST.
226, Halcyon Garage, Inc.
242, Tuxedo Park Garage.
EAST 66TH ST.
118, 66th St. Garage.
EAST 70TH ST.
184, Cor. 3d Ave., Pinehurst Garage.
EAST 72D ST.
E. River Auto Club of America.
EAST 73D ST.
182, Brooks Garage.
EAST 75TH ST.
112, Urban Garage.
115, Spengler Auto Company.
EAST 76TH ST.
51, [illegible] See Garage Co.
423, Lind & Co., Gus.
61, J. McEwen.
EAST 77TH ST.
159, Ardsley Garage.
EAST 81ST ST.
208, Avon Garage.
EAST 84TH ST.
115, Belmont Garage.
157, 84th St. Garage Corp.
327, Yorkville Garage.
EAST 86TH ST.
205, Yorkville Central Garage.
EAST 88TH ST.
58, Watson Club Garage, Inc.
EAST 89TH ST.
57, Niagara Garage.
EAST 90TH ST.
431, Arfman's Garage.
EAST 94TH ST.
306, Ninety-fourth St. Garage Co., Inc.
EAST 98TH ST.
Cor. 5th Ave., Parkview Garage.
EAST 99TH ST.
51, Realy's Taxi Company.
EAST 101ST ST.
432-437, Spotless Garage.
EAST 102D ST.
406, Wicke's Garage, A. C.
EAST 104TH ST.
437, Market Auto Garage.
EAST 105TH ST.
Cor. 5th Ave., Michael T. Watts.
EAST 108TH ST.
55, Lyons' Garage, M.
402, Saratoga Garage Co.
EAST 112TH ST.
159, M. Buda & Son's Garage.
EAST 120TH ST.
15[illegible], [illegible]ratmann Auto Company.
16[illegible], Corinthian Garage
[illegible]-172, Araneil Garage, Inc.
EAST 122D ST.
410, The Excelsior Garage.
EAST 125TH ST.
213-223, 125th St. Garage, Inc.
327, Phenix Garage.
EAST 126TH ST.
104, Akron Garage.
153-155, New York & Saratoga Garage.
EAST 127TH ST.
207, Hayes Garage, Inc.
EAST 130TH ST.
110, Harlem Garage.
EAST 133D ST.
447, Byrnes Garage.
EAST 137TH ST.
252, 137th St. Garage Corp.
EAST 144TH ST.
2?5, Triangle Garage.
EAST 149TH ST.
437, Hub Gasoline Station.
EAST 152D ST.
Cor. Bergen Ave., Bronx Centre Garage
EAST 158TH ST.
770, Woodstock Garage.
EAST 163D ST.
490, Melrose Garage.
EAST 172D ST.
536, Supreme Garage.
EAST 176TH ST.
412, Hewson's Garage.
941, Coryell Garage.
EAST 200TH ST.
Cor. Park Ave., Bedford Park Garage.
EAST 215TH ST.
Cor. White Plains Ave., Ruff's Garage.
EASTCHESTER ROAD
And Boston Road, Joseph McCrain.
EAST TREMONT AVE.
1876, M. Geser's Gasoline Service Sta.
2645, Bentley's Garage.
ELEVENTH AVE.
440, New York Herald Garage.
FIFTH AVE.
Circle Gasoline Station at 110th St.
FIRST AVE.
1108, Flynn Garage.
1292, Janovic, Emil.
1834, First Avenue Auto Garage, Inc.
FORDHAM ROAD.
164, Yerdes Garage.
561, Fordham Garage, Inc.
565, Bronx Chalmers.
FOREST AVE.
1038, Keller's Garage.
FOX ST.
1107, Simpson Garage.
GERARD AVE.
Reo Motor Car Co., Gerard Ave. & 150th St.
GRAND CONCOURSE.
1526, Reya Motor Co.
1852, Wm. Moller's Gasoline Sta.
2194, Mazim Garage.
2408, Holland's Gasoline Station.
2431, Concourse Garage.
Cor. 176th St., Moller's Gas Sta., Wm.
Bergen Garage, Cor. Echo Pl.
R. J. Reville, Cor. 181st St.
HAMILTON PLACE.
17, Kesbec Sales Company, No.
HUDSON ST.
651, Sullivan & Dempsey.
IRVING PLACE.
59, Gramercy Park Garage.
JEROME AVE.
1934, Jerome Ave. Garage.
Cor. 167th St., Jerome Ave. Gas Sta.
LAFAYETTE ST.
363, Michael T. Watts.
14, Victor Ragiero.
LEWIS ST.
60, Lewis Street Garage.
MERRIAM AVE.
1301, Heights Garage.
MORRIS AVE.
396, Murphy's Garage.
1005, Levine Garage Corp.
Cor. 143d St., Munich and Medell.
MORRIS PARK AVE.
Cor. Muliner Ave., Morris Park Garage
MOTT AVE.
& 153d St., Longview Garage.
PARK AVE.
481, Sanford Auto Company.
485, Willett & Co.
583, Cryder & Co.
587, Park Ave. Garage.
1691, Gus Rothols.
4506, Aetna Garage Co., Inc.
PEARL ST.
255, J. T. Kelly.
PELHAM PARKWAY.
Cor. Williamsbridge road. Gasoline Stations, Inc.
PLIMPTON AVE.
Cor. 172nd St., Conway's Garage
PROSPECT AVE.
966, Paramount Garage Co., Inc.
SAINT GEORGE CRESCENT.
Cor. Van Cortlandt Ave., Lord's Gasoline Station.
ST. NICHOLAS AVE.
231, Hurlberg Garage.
235, Eureka Automobile Station.
641, College Garage.
6?7, St. Nicholas Garage.
1006, Dorsma Garage.
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD.
11?3, Peerless Boulevard Garage.
1161, Aaron Garage.
1982, Fairmont Garage Corp.
2073, Boulevard Auto Company
THIRD AVE.
66, Brown's Garage.
4199, Reliance Garage.
Cor. 133d St., California Oil Works.
THOMPSON ST.
242, De Pola Garage.
TIEBOUT AVE.
2244, Overlook Garage.
TOMPKINS ST.
43, Heipenhauser Bros.
TREMONT AVE.
& Watson Ave., Valentine Garage.
90, West Farms Garage.
TRINITY AVE.
917, Trinity Garage.
UNIVERSITY AVE.
2614, Kingsbridge Garage.
University Ave. Garage, University Ave and 176th St.
VESTRY ST.
66, Miller's Auto Express Co.
WASHINGTON AVE.
962, Yockel Bros. Corp.
WASHINGTON SQ. SOUTH.
73, Washington Square Garage.
WATER ST.
662, Cirkers, Sol.
WATTS ST.
155, Casino Garage.
WALKER AVE.
1780, Kolbe, A.
WEBSTER AVE.
1139, Fleetwood Garage.
1360, Kindermann & Sons Garage.
1818, Reliable Garage.
1826, Duggan's Webster Ave. Garage.
2669, Tyrrell & Co., Inc., Geo. H.
3134, McGee Garage, W. C.
WEST END AVE.
70, Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.
83, Kelly Springfield Motor Truck.
91, West End Garage.
102, United Garage.
112, Palestie Garage.
WEST 3D ST.
106, Third Street Garage.
112, West 3rd St. Garage.
WEST 11TH ST.
356, Donovan Trucking Co.
WEST 15TH ST.
420, Fifteenth St. Garage.
422, Piercy Contracting Company.
WEST 18TH ST.
157, Greenwich Garage.
130, P. Hein.
245, Empire Garage.
339, Fred Trinca Garage.
WEST 19TH ST.
428, Rich. Fitzpatrick.
WEST 20TH ST.
148, S. & T. Garage, Inc.
WEST 27TH ST.
242, J. Strout Garage.
WEST 28TH ST.
532-536, 27th and 28th St. Garage Co.
249, Martinique Garage.
WEST 31ST ST.
154, Penn Garage.
WEST 35TH ST.
513, National Garage.
WEST 36TH ST.
205, Garland Service Co.
256, 36th St. Garage.
524, N. Y. Automobile Garage.
WEST 37TH ST.
512, Peter White Garage.
WEST 39TH ST.
146, Opera House Garage.
WEST 40TH ST.
252, International Garage.
WEST 41ST ST.
220, Hudson Garage.
236, Packard Transp. & Repair Co.
WEST 42D ST.
348, 42d Street Garage.
621, N. Y. Auto Packard Renting Co.
WEST 45TH ST.
406, Interboro News.
502, 45th St. Garage.
WEST 47TH ST.
228, Carlened Co.
WEST 48TH ST.
215, Forty-eighth Street Garage
WEST 49TH ST.
147, Forty-ninth Street Garage.
225, Bowman Auto Company.
301, Equitable Auto Company.
327, Sally Wiesbader, Inc.
WEST 50TH ST.
218, Mason Bros., Inc.
235, People's Garage.
348, Caron Garage.
WEST 51ST ST.
139, O'Toole's Garage.
218, J. A. Ryan
222-224, Postal Garage.
WEST 52D ST.
112, Joscelyn Garage.
115-117, Franklin J. Phillips.
146, M. W. Smith Co.
551, McNulty Bros.
630, Buick Motor Co., Thos. A. Cowan.
WEST 60TH ST.
20, Lewis, S. H.
25, Locomobile Co. of America
40, St. Paul Garage.
WEST 54TH ST.
114, Proud Taylor Elec. Co.
124, The Corvan Garage.
147, Webb's Garage.
155, S. S. Garage, Inc.
238, Norman Garage.
247, Auto Club of America.
Cor. B'way, Reo Motor Car Company.
WEST 55TH ST.
139, Aero Garage.
411, Hotel Rental Service.
417, Stearns Co., F. B., of N. Y.
419, Mitchell Motor Car Company.
WEST 56TH ST.
107, Park Garage.
114, Great Northern Garage.
122, Lotos Garage.
132, Gem Garage.
152, Newport Transfer Co., M. Buckley.
155, Flint Garage, L. H. Cornish.
160, Day and Night Garage.
Cor. 8th Ave., Columbus Circle Gas & Oil Co.
WEST 57TH ST.
?3, Larr-Wel Co.
515, Clinton Garage.
518, Eagle Garage.
631, White Company.
Cor. B'way, Colt-Stratton Company.
WEST FORDHAM ROAD.
148, R. A. Myer's Gas Station.
WEST 62D ST.
8, Detroit Cadillac Motor Company.
42, Marmon, N. Y. Company.
WEST 64TH ST.
203, Grand Garage, Inc., L. J. Kelly.
205, Colonial Garage.
Cor. West End Ave., International Motor Company.
302, Acme Garage.
WEST 65TH ST.
39, Kesbec Sales Co.
202, Riverside Garage.
214, Long Acre Motor Company
218, Pyramid Garage.
306, New York Auto Garage.
WEST 66TH ST.
225, Alder's Garage & Repair Co.
WEST 67TH ST.
52, West 67th St. Garage.
WEST 68TH ST.
142, Joseph A. Ryan.
241, Thomey Auto Service.
WEST 69TH ST.
244, B. & B. Garage.
246, Hetzer Bros.
263, Continental Garage.
WEST 70TH ST.
320, W. B. Thom.
340, Edson Garage, M. Edson.
WEST 75TH ST.
207, 75th St. Garage.
WEST 76TH ST.
Cor. B'way, Aeon Garage.
210, Superior Motors Garage
WEST 77TH ST.
200, D. F. D. Garage.
WEST 80TH ST.
214, Apthorp Garage, Depalina & Wilson.
WEST 8[illegible] ST.
211, Burghardt Mills Co.
WEST 83D ST.
150, Bretton Hall Garage.
220 to 230, Savoy Service Station.
WEST 8[illegible]TH ST.
211, Up-to-Date Garage.
252, Reinord Garage.
WEST 89TH ST.
123, The Bailey Stable & Garage Corp.
171, Champion Garage.
210, West End Auto Palace.
WEST 90TH ST.
2, Kingston Garage.
[illegible]
WEST 93RD ST.
[illegible] Garage & Supply Co., Inc.
WEST 95TH ST.
215, Royal Garage.
WEST 96TH ST.
315, Thedford's Garage, Inc.
WEST 100TH ST.
9-11, Century Garage.
146, Eureka Garage Corp.
WEST 101ST ST.
160, Bonair Garage and Supply Co.
WEST 102D ST.
204, Miller's Garage, J.
WEST 105TH ST.
112, Consolidated Garage & Taxi Co.
WEST 107TH ST.
102, Royal Garage, Branch B.
241, Klite Garage.
WEST 108TH ST.
234, Manchester Garage Co.
WEST 109TH ST.
254, Bona Vista Garage Co.
WEST 110TH ST.
145, Cathedral Park Garage, Inc.
WEST 118TH ST.
65, Alhambra Garage Co.
WEST 12?D ST.
5?, University Garage.
WEST 124TH ST.
208, Normal Automobile Station.
WEST 125TH ST.
523, Martin Taxi Service Co.
WEST 127TH ST.
552, Olympic Garage.
WEST 129TH ST.
303, Security Garage.
WEST 132D ST.
143, Kingwood Garage.
WEST 133D ST.
Cor. St. Nicholas Ave., Daly Bros. Gasoline Station.
WEST 135TH ST.
206, Ideal Garage Co.
?2?, 135th St. Garage Corp'n.
WEST 141ST ST.
50-52, Reavis Garage.
207, Strand Auto Co.
WEST 142D ST.
Cor. 5th Ave., Baker, R. & D. Co.
WEST 144TH ST.
22, West 144th St. Garage, Inc.
30, Dolphin Garage.
[illegible]
WEST 154TH ST.
434, Fort Washington Garage.
WEST 161ST ST.
512, The Ansonia Garage.
519, Kay Bee Garage, Inc.
WEST 168TH ST.
554, Washington Heights Garage.
WEST 170TH ST.
Cor. Broadway, Kesbec Sales Co., No. 3
Cor. Haven Ave., Haven Ave. Garage.
WEST 181ST. ST., BRONX.
14, Mount Hope Service Station.
WEST 208TH ST.
442, Black's Inwood Garage.
WEST 234TH ST.
Cor. Broadway, McPartland's Gasoline Station P.
WHITE PLAINS AVE.
3445, Geo. W. Benjamin.
WHITE PLAINS ROAD.
2221, Gasoline Station.
3445, Benjamin, Geo. W.
WILLIAMSBRIDGE ROAD.
1483, Thompson's Garage, J.
NEAR PELHAM PARKWAY.
R. Manson & Son.

BROOKLYN

ABERDEEN ST.
F. Slegman, cor. Bushwick Ave.
ALBANY AVENUE.
Albany Garage.
ATLANTIC AVENUE.
Ajax Garage 1569.
E. H. Dunn, 2762.
Van Sicien Garage, 2314.
C. J. Williams, 2783.
W. S. Bridjette, 359.
Diuguid Bros., 975.
Mohawk Garage, 1348.
Moll's Garage, 430.
United States Garage, 1620-1630.
Warwick Auto Supply Co., Atlantic Ave. & Warwick St.
L. J. Pfeuffer, 3018.
AVE. Q.
Irving Garage, 1007.
K. Vendell, Atlantic Ave. & Linwood St.
BAY RIDGE AVE.
Island Garage, 245.
Mittnight Bros., 246.
BEDFORD AVE.
Bedford Ave Auto Taxi Co., 639
Bedford Auto Garage, 943.
I. C. Kirkham, 1365.
Parkside Gaso Station, 2006.
Powell Garage, 2038.
Martin's Garage, 2460.
Slocum Motor Service, Inc., 1545.
Martin's Garage, 2460.
BERGEN ST.
Elmwood Garage, 603.
BERRIMAN ST.
Coddington Garage, Berriman St. and Dumont Ave., Brooklyn.
BOERUM PLACE.
Boerum Place Garage, 27.
BUSHWICK AVE.
Alvyn Garage, 262. David Parkin
SIEGEL ST.
186-192, Bushwick Terminal Garage
BUTLER ST.
Buick Motor Co., 324.
CARROLL ST.
Star Garage, 119.
CHAUNCEY ST.
Marquis Garage, cor. Patchen Ave.
CHURCH AVE.
Church & Bedford Ave., J. J. Bollinger.
Premier Garage, 1616.
CLARK ST.
St. George Garage, 53.
CLARKSON ST.
C. E. Dennis Garage, 313.
CLERMONT AVE.
M. S. Marlborough Sons, 470.
Clermont Ave. Garage, 482.
COLLEGE PLACE.
Zerega Garage, 22.
Brooklyn Heights Motor Cabs, 10.
Little Garage, 12.
COMMERCIAL ST.
E. G. Stache's Sons, 70.
CONEY ISLAND AVE.
Howard G. Rolston, cor. Foster Ave.
Kensington Garage, 712.
Cortelyou Garage, 736.
Nonpareil Garage, 794.
Prospect Park South Garage, 483.
Oakcrest, 1201.
COOK ST.
Cook Garage, Inc., 168.
COOPER ST.
Cooper Garage, 288.
Cypress Garage and Repair Co., 1714.
CORNELIA ST.
Cornelia Garage & Repair Corp., 2319.
CRANBERRY ST.
Pioneer Garage, 23.
CRESCENT ST.
Foot of, C. J. Wellman.
Adelphi Garage, 200.
CROPSEY AVE.
Bath Beach Garage & Machine Co., 1907.
United Auto Repair & Vulcanizing Co., 2533.
CUMBERLAND ST.
Hill Garage, 370.
DE KALB AVE.
De Kalb Garage, 796.
Star Garage & Machine Shop, 886-890.
DOBBINS ST.
Ormond Garage, W. L. Russel, Prop.
DRIGGS AVE.
Eastern District Garage, Inc., cor. South 5th St.
DUFFIELD ST.
Duffield Garage, 160.
Extension Garage, 60.
EASTERN PARKWAY.
I Goodman, 1700.
Intern'l Parkway Taxi Co., 1876 Eastern Parkway.
The Silverman Garage, cor. Sterling Pl.
H. Tarnow, 1971.
Waltmon Garage, Eastern Parkway & Sterling Place.
EAST NEW YORK AVE.
B. E. Stewart, 1730.
EAST 21ST ST. & FOSTER AVE.
Chas. Froberg.
EAST 21ST STREET.
C. Frauberg, East 21st and Foster Ave
EAST 28TH ST.
Glenwood Garage, W. C. Baur, 635.
EAST 29TH ST.
Clarendon Garage, 253.
Goodwin's Garage, cor. Tilden Ave.
EAST 92D ST.
and Flatlands Ave., Canarsie, Geo. Krier.
ECKFORD ST.
Eckford Garage, 75.
EUCLID AVE.
Euclid Garage, 257.
18TH AVE.
Garage Colony, Inc., 8226.
Kenmore Garage, 4440.
11TH ST.
Thomas Pitbladdo, 478.
52D ST.
John F. Diskin, 1061.
54TH ST.
Bee & See Garage, 268.
Sunset Garage, 314.
55TH ST.
Bay Ridge Garage, 359.
59TH ST.
Blythebourne Garage, 1339.
FLATBUSH AVE.
Supreme Gas Station, Flatbush Ave. Extension, cor. Lafayette St.
Bklyn Riding & Dri. Club, cor. Plaza St.
Supreme Gas Station, Flatbush Ave. Extension and Prince St.
Extension Garage, 81 Flatbush Ave. Extension.
Victor Selling Co., 103 Flatbush Ave. Extension, cor. Tillary St.
Michael T. Watts, Flatbush Ave. Extension.
Supreme Gasoline Station, Flatbush Ave. Ext. and Chapel St.
H. F. Stephen's, Flatbush Ave. and Stephen's Court.
FOREST AVE.
F. J. Reiss, 47.
Plats Bros., 67.
FORT HAMILTON AVE.
R. A. Hill, 6250.
James Quigley, 6520.
FOSTER AVE.
Liptrott & Allen, 902.
14TH AVE.
14th Ave. Garage, cor. 39th St.
FOURTH AVE.
Fischer & Fischer, Fourth Ave. & 39th St.
Ernest Bosson, 581.
Salvatore Lombardi, 653.
Supreme Gas. Station, Fourth Ave. and Douglas St.
Crescent Garage, 6317.
G Ferrigne, 280.
FOURTH ST.
Cross Garage, 331.
44TH ST.
West End Garage & Auto Co., 1342.
FROST ST.
Reliable Garage, 108.
FULTON ST.
Geo. Pool & Son, 72.
Fulton Park Garage, opposite Lewis Av.
GATES AVENUE.
Elbram Garage, 561.
Kaufman's Garage, 614.
GREENE AVENUE.
Royal Garage & Machine Co., 1005.
HAMILTON AVENUE.
Frank Sessa, 128.
McKay Bros., 485.
HANCOCK STREET.
Pupki Auto. Co., 488.
Saratoga Garage, 940.
HARMON ST.
Irving Garage, 379.
HENRY ST.
Henry Garage, 546.
HERKIMER PL.
S. & S. Motors Co., 7.
HERKIMER STREET
A. J. Culliford, 236.
Herkimer Garage, 240.
Eureka Garage, 542.
American Auto Service, 681.
HIGHLAND BOULEVARD.
F. Slegman, Cor. Bushwick Ave.
HOPE ST.
Nassau Garage, 120.
HOWARD AVENUE.
Howard Garage, Cor. Eastern Pkway.
HUMBOLDT STREET.
Lasky Motor Car Co., Inc., 58.
HURON STREET.
Oakland Garage, 183.
IRVING AVENUE.
Irving Ave. Garage, 25.
JEFFERSON AVENUE.
P. M. Marko, 102.
JAMAICA AVE.
East New York Taxi Co., Inc., 77.
JUNIUS ST.
Junius Garage, 238-242.
KINGS HIGHWAY.
Geo. Doyle, 33.
Fred. Hommel Garage, Cor. Snyder Av.
KNICKERBOCKER AVE.
Campbell's Garage, Cor. Moffat St.
Knickerbocker Garage, 118.
KOSCIUSKO ST.
Mitchell Garage, 29.
LAFAYETTE AVENUE.
Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co. &
Knowlton Garage, 428.
S. & M. Garage, 431.
LEXINGTON AVE.
L. A. Dishrow, 259.
Lexington Garage, 411.
Quincy Garage, 334.
LIBERTY AVE.
L. Milchman, 1103.
LOTT STREET.
Beverley Garage, 140.
F. M. Pilzer, Lott Ave. & Watkins St.
MADISON STREET.
Sylvan Garage, 623.
MANHATTAN AVE.
Manhattan Ave. Garage, 583.
MARCY AVE.
I. Blumenthal, 633.
MAUJER STREET.
Maujer Garage, 264.
McDONOUGH STREET.
McDonough Garage, 406.
MEEKER AVE.
Speltz's Gasoline Stat'n, cor. Van Dam St
METROPOLITAN AVE.
Richard Schnibbe, 109.
A. Runkel, 761.
Neuman's Metropolitan Garage, 1439.
MONROE STREET.
C. B. Crossman Garage, 107.
MORGAN AVE.
Morgan Ave. Garage, Cor. Meserole St.
MYRTLE AVE.
Cor. New Fresh Pond Road, Ridgewood. Auto Garage.
NEW UTRECHT AVE.
H. M. Dickover & Son, 5905
NOSTRAND AVE.
Hawthorne Garage, 1187.
NORTH 8TH ST.
Yacenda's Garage, 127.
NORTH 9TH ST.
Roebling Auto Supply Co., 235.
OCEAN AVE.
Ocean Ave. Garage, 2042.
OCEAN PARKWAY.
Shelbourne Garage, foot of Ocean Pkwy.
Circle Garage, 4.
Morris Levy, Ocean Parkway & Neptune Ave.
Sheepshead Bay Garage, 3156.
Cor. Prospect Ave., F. R. Welch.
PACIFIC ST.
Portland Garage, 670.
W. C. Quinn, 161.
PARK AVE.
Park Ave. Garage, 804.
Tompkins Garage, 756.
Park Ave. Garage, Park & Clinton Aves
PARK PLACE.
Elanel Garage, 500.
PENNSYLVANIA AVE.
East New York Garage, 65.
POWELL ST.
Cor. Sutter Ave., Sapir's Garage
PROSPECT PLACE.
Healy, Prospect Garage, 731.
PUTNAM AVE.
United Motor Co., 100.
Kohlmeyer's Garage, 1726.
Brooklyn Auto Delivery Co., 101.
PRESIDENT ST.
Joseph D'Esterre, 1229.
RALPH AVE.
Ralph Garage, 199.
RIDGEWOOD AVE.
Ridgewood Ave. Garage, 295
REID AVE.
Putnam Garage, 200.
ROEBLING ST.
Quick Service Garage, cor. Division Ave.
ROGERS AVE.
Empire Garage, 1313.
Flatbush Auto Service Co., 1345.
ROCKAWAY AVE.
Rockaway Garage, 536.
SCHOLES ST.
Graham Garage, 163.
17TH ST.
Frank De Vito, 158.
SKILLMAN ST.
Everready Garage & Service Co., 61
ST. JOHN'S PL. & RALPH AV.
Miller Garage.
ST. MARK'S AVE.
Armstrong Garage Co., Inc., 201
Court Garage, 233
Pratt, Hendricks Co., 239.
Portier & Strickland, 532.
60TH ST.
STARR ST.
Starr Garage, 214.
Sunset Garage, Inc., 1535.
STAGG ST.
Stagg Garage, 130.
STATE ST.
Daniel F. E. Leary, 203.
75TH ST.
Shore Road Garage, 316.
SHEEPSHEAD BAY ROAD.
Bayside Garage, 1787.
SIXTH AVE.
Sixth Ave. Garage, 5616.
60TH ST.
Louis Balestine, 1302.
68TH ST.
Louis Stackleroth, 465.
16TH ST.
Unique Garage, 543.
SNYDER AVE.
Brooklyn Motor Car Co., 44.
J. J. Snyder & Sons, 55.
Snyder Ave. Garage, 34.
STERLING PLACE.
Voll's Garage, 109.
Crocker Garage, 500.
Eagle Garage, Eastern Parkway & Sterling Place.
STONE AVE.
Lux Garage, 34, near B'way.
STUYVESANT AVE.
Stuyvesant Heights Garage, 93.
TILDEN AVE.
Flatbush Auto Co., 2222.
13TH AVE.
John F. Diskin, 4420.
20TH ST.
Hollander Garden Garage, 20th St. and Railroad Ave.
Hosch Bros. Co., 231.
24TH AVE.
T. H. Joyce, 8827.
24TH ST.
American Garage & Machine Wks., 237.
UNDERHILL AVE.
Standard Garage Service Co., 105.
UNION ST.
Hurwitz Garage, Cor. Sutter Ave.
McIntosh Bros., 811.
Park Plaza Garage, 930.
Union Garage, 784.
Academy Garage, 839.
VANDERBILT AVE.
Vanderbilt Garage, 267.
VERNON AVE.
M. Reichelsohn's Garage, 220.
Hohweisner & Son, 378.
Keystone Garage, 301.
WASHINGTON AVE.
Consumers Park Gasoline Station, Montgomery St.
WATKINS ST.
Fischer Auto Co., 134.
Watkins St. Garage, 352.
WAVERLY AV.
J. J. Hillis, 22.
Waverly Garage, 334.
St. James Garage, 349.
WEIRFIELD ST.
Fred Brugel's Garage, 398.
WEST 8TH ST.
F. A. Kelsey, 2862.
WEST 37TH ST.
Seagate Garage, W. 37th St. & Mermaid Ave.
WILLOUGHBY GARAGE
Willoughby & Knickerbocker Aves.

LONG ISLAND

ASTORIA.
Astoria Garage, Willow & Franklin Sts.
Charles Amann, 79 Fulton Av.
Brust Bros Garage, 288 8th Ave.
Falconer Garage Co., 183 Jamaica Ave.
Private Auto Rental Service Co., 22 Grand Ave.
Sachse & Marks, 177 Vandeventer Ave.
Uhl & Metz, 383 Lockwood St.
Michael T. Watts, Queensboro Bridge Plaza.
BAYSIDE.
Auto Repair & Machine Works.
Otto's Gasoline Station.
COLLEGE POINT.
Geo. Duer.
Born & McCracken.
Kraemer's Express Co., College Point, L. I.
CONEY ISLAND.
West End Garage, Cook's Lane and Railroad Ave.
CORONA.
Palace Garage, 10-12 Jackson Ave.
Chatfield Garage, Jackson Ave. nr. 41st St.
Corona Motor Car Co.
Baines Gaso. Station, J. W. Baines, Prop., Jackson Ave.
Cornell Garage, 90 East Jackson Ave.
ELMHURST.
Elmhurst Bridge Garage, Kingsland Ave.
W. A. Pullis Garage, Jackson Ave & 25th St.
FLUSHING.
Flushing Auto Garage, 110 Broadway.
John Geddes.
Mold's Garage.
Queensboro Garage, 69 Broadway.
Dunn's Gaso. Station, B'way & 23d St.
Upper Flushing Garage, 49 Murray St.
New Broadway Flushing Garage, Sanford Ave. & Broadway.
FOREST HILLS.
Continental Garage, Continental Ave.
Forest Hills Garage, Queens Blvd.
Fred Frey, Metropolitan & Cooper Aves.
GLENDALE.
A. Geier, 2904 Myrtle Ave.
Wm. Rupp, Cooper Ave.
F. Schoenseigel, & Co., Cooper Ave.
Myrtle Garage, Cooper & Myrtle Aves.
HOLLIS.
Hollis Gaso. Station, Fulton St., Russell Yeapie, Prop.
HOWARD BEACH.
Anderson & Sierk.
H. Paulson.
JAMAICA.
Baker Bros. Garage Co., Inc., 19 No. Washington St.
Frank Berman, 134 Rockaway Rd.
Dishrow Bros., Hillside Ave.
Franklin Garage, 5 Franklin St.
International Garage, Smith St.
D. Koster & Son, Hillside Ave.
Mott Bros., Hillside Ave.
Palm Garage, Hillside & Flushing Aves.
Wiegel's Garage, Union Hill St.
Strang Auto Garage Co., Inc., Fulton at Smith St.
Mrs. Schmidt, Hillside & Columbus Aves.
Unity Garage, Queens Boulevard.
John Valentine, Hillside Av. & Hoffman Bld.
Graef's Garage, Rockaway Road and Chichester Ave.
LITTLE NECK.
Cornell's Garage.
LONG ISLAND CITY.
C. J. Brown, Bridge Plaza.
Burke's Gaso. Station, Thompson Ave. & Hulst St.
Crescent Garage, 324 Jackson Ave.
Dumpert, John, 191 Crescent St.
Ford Motor Co., Jackson Ave.
Gotham, Inc., 207 1st Ave., L. I. City.
Model Garage, 95 Payntor Ave.
Richensteen Bros., Bridge Plaza.
Taft's City Garage, 110 First Ave.
Watt's Gasoline Station Bridge Plaza.
Webster Ave. Garage, 4th & Webster Aves.
Long Island City Supply and Repair Co., 132 Bridge Plaza
MIDDLE VILLAGE.
Hirsch, Jacob.
NORTH BEACH.
Wiener Motor Works.
OZONE PARK.
L. F. Meliere, Jerome Ave.
August Schrempp, Rockaway Road.
QUEENS.
Queens Auto Repair Shop, Hempstead Road.
Mrs. C. Kammerer, Hempstead Rd.
RICHMOND HILL.
Apex Garage, Lefferts, nr. Jamaica Ave.
Kew Gardens Garage, Metropolitan Ave.
K. & S. Garage & Repair Co., Lefferts Av.
J. J. Lake & Son, 3313 Jamaica Ave.
Park Garage Lefferts & Jamaica Aves.
Richmond Hill Garage & Machine Co., Hillside Ave. & Vine St.
Jerome Garage, Jerome & Greenwood Aves.
Greenwood Garage, 2804 Jamaica Ave.
SOUTH OZONE PARK.
Connell, John, Rockaway Rd. & Lincoln Ave.
SPRINGFIELD.
E. B. Ahrams, Merrick Rd. nr. Springfield Ave.
W. B. Jones, Merrick Rd. & Springfield Ave.
Henry Karkheck, Merrick Rd.
WHITESTONE.
Beechurst Garage.
O'Fee's Garage.
WINFIELD.
A. Loscalzo & Son, Queens Boulevard and Rowan Ave.
WOODHAVEN.
K. Keller, Rockway Rd. & Ferry St.
Forest Park Garage, 1077 Jamaica Ave.
A. E. Louvet, Jerome Ave.
Manor Garage, 1998 Jamaica Ave.
Walker's Garage, 1166 Jamaica Ave.
Woodhaven Garage, 6 Bigelow Pl.
Woodhaven Garage, Jamaica Ave.
WOODSIDE.
Kunar's Garage, Flushing Rd.
H. Migge, Jackson Ave. & 6th St.
Woodside Garage, 4th St. & Jackson Ave

LAUNCH NAPHTHA POINTS IN GREATER NEW YORK

Jacobs, Robt., City Island.
Lechler, C. J., City Island.
Malakoff, A., City Island.
Quinn, C. F., Clason Point.
Rehm, Jno., Bronx Kills Boat House, Ft. Walnut Ave.
The Anna Service, N. Y. Yacht Club Anchorage, Ft. East 23rd St., N. Y. C.
Wood & McClure, City Island.
Welsh, F. R., Ft. West 140th St. Ft. West 90th St.
Woodside Garage, 4th and Jackson Aves., Woodside, L. I.

LONG ISLAND

BROOKLYN.
Anderson, A. L., Ulmer Park Pier.
Poling, C., Ft. 60th St.
CANARSIE.
Sutter Marine Eng. Co.
COLLEGE POINT.
Kraemer, Herman.
Needham, Wm.
CORONA.
Mulcahy, Jno.
P. Herbst, Jackson Ave. & Shell Rd.
NORTH BEACH.
Wiener Motor Works.
ROCKAWAY POINT.
Reid, P. H.
SHEEPSHEAD BAY.
Burgland, Edw.

BOROUGH OF RICHMOND

CLIFTON.
Schick's Garage, 951 Bay St.
RICHMOND.
Cattermole, Capt. Sch Lawrence: off Stapleton.
Solheim, C. N., Great Kills.
Wincapaw, C. C., & Sons, Princes Bay.
GREAT KILLS.
Amboy Garage, 3941 Amboy Road.
Brower, H. S., 3987 Amboy Road.
Solheim, C. N., Ft. Hillside Ave.
NEW DORP.
Atlantic Garage, 2062 Richmond Road.
Wilcox & Taylor Auto Co., 2415 Richmond Road.
PLEASANT PLAINS.
Pleasant Plains Garage, 6449 Amboy Rd.
PORT RICHMOND.
Port Richmond Garage 88 Ann St.
Richmond Garage, 159 Richmond Ave.
PRINCES BAY.
Wincapaw, C. C., & Sons, Ft. Princes Bay Road.
RICHMOND.
Danker, John, 602 Richmond St.
Dobler, Julius, 320 Centre St.
ST. GEORGE.
Castleton Park Garage, Castleton Park.
STAPLETON.
Cattermole, C. M., Sch. "Lawrence," ft. of Vanderbilt Ave.
J. D. Killian Auto Co., Inc., 388 Bay St.
Neuman's Garage, 30 Roff St.
Schenck's Garage, 1525 Clove Road.
Stapleton Garage, Bay & Congress Sts.
Staten Island Garage, 361 Van Duser St.
United Tire Co., 146 Canal St.
Wagner's Garage, Gordon St.
TOMPKINSVILLE.
Block's Garage, Bay and Hannah Sts.
Evans, Edw. I., & Co., 36 Griffin St.
St. George Garage, Stuyvesant Pl.
TOTTENVILLE.
Beto & Boyd, 240 Main St.
Tottenville Garage, 21 Bentley Ave.
WEST NEW BRIGHTON.
Castleton Motor Car Co., 1022 Castleton Ave.
Interborough Auto Repair & Supply Co., Elm St. & Richmond Terrace.
Albert Sommers, 1736 Richmond Turnpike.
Shortt & Wisely Garage, 1784 Richmond Terrace.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY *of* NEW YORK

PRINCIPAL OFFICES: *NEW YORK* *BUFFALO* *ALBANY* *BOSTON*

FRENCH COMPANY IN MOLIERE FARCE

"Theatre du Vieux Colombier" Successfully Installed in Remodeled Garrick.

JACQUES COPEAU AS SCAPIN

Highly Intelligent and Successful Innovations That Will Be Much Discussed.

LES FOURBERIES DE SCAPIN, Molière's comedy, in French. At the Theatre du Vieux Colombier.

Argante	Francois Gournac
Geronte	Louis Jouvet
Octave	Marcel Millet
Leandre	Jean Sarment
Zerbinette	Jane Lory
Hyacinte	Madeleine Geoffroy
Scapin	Jacques Copeau
Sylvestre	Marcel Vallee
Nerine	Eugenie Nau
Un porteur	Robert Casa
Un porteur	George van Muyden

The "Impromptu du Vieux Colombier," with which M. Jacques Copeau opens his first bill at the remodeled and renamed Garrick Theatre, is inspired by Molière's famous "Impromptu de Versailles," and contains not a few passages relative to theatric art which are taken verbatim from its original. But the ideas which this little skit promulgates are mainly those of M. Copeau. The duty of the actor is to realize his part, heedless of his personal success. That of the producer is to develop the inward beauty and force of the masterpiece in hand, ignoring public clamor for superficial or irrelevant entertainment. And when the play is thus worthily interpreted scenery is generally superfluous.

These ideas are all in the current of our general progress in theatric art; but the manner in which M. Copeau presents them is thoroughly original and stimulating to discussion. Before many weeks have passed the tenets of this "Impromptu" will be familiar topics in the fashionable and artistic life of the city. For the present the best point of approach to them is in what M. Copeau has actually accomplished in the Molière farce, which is the main portion of his first bill.

"Les Fourberies de Scapin" is a product of Molière's artistic maturity, having been written while his mind was more seriously occupied with one of his chief masterpieces, "Les Femmes Savantes"; but in its substance and treatment it harks back to the farces of his youth. These were modeled on the Italian comedy of masques with its conventional characters of Harlequin, Columbine, and the rest, and their plots were largely derived from the ancient Latin comedy. This arch rogue Scapin is in reality our old friend Harlequin, and the love affairs of his young masters read like scenes from Terence. In a word, we have here the farce of situation as opposed to the farce of character. Of dramatic development there is none, but there is plenty of theatric movement, which leaps with lightning rapidity from one ridiculous encounter to another, from surprise to surprise. The people of the play are incessantly off again, on again, and the climax is a hailstorm of blows from a cudgel.

In one sense Scapin has character. He loves mischief for its own sake, and deception for the sheer joy of inventing and practicing it. Evil inventions swarm in his brain like maggots in cheese. He is a veritable Iago of farce. But like the "taste" of a young friend of Henry James, his character is all bad. He lacks the light and shade of human nature, the interplay of reasoned motive, and genuine impulse. Active and richly fertile as are his inventions, they are wholly of the theatre. He has nothing whatever in common with comedy character as Molière elsewhere invented it.

M. Copeau deals honestly with his materials. Being a Frenchman nourished on the Comédie Française, (though sometimes poisoned by it,) he could not do otherwise than take this piece in the tempo of extreme farce. But on two points he betters his instruction.

In recent years, which the outer world is tending to simplify and to conventionalize mise en scene, the Théâtre Français has finally capitulated to scenic realism. Molière, whose stage was in many ways more bare of scenic appurtenances than Shakespeare's, is now enveloped in highly detailed sets. For the play in hand, the original scene was probably a simple stock piece—a public square. To reproduce it today would be to strike a note of crudity, needlessly disillusioning. M. Copeau has draped his stage with curtains in the manner long familiar on the Continent, and not unknown here. He thus achieves the essential simplicity and freedom of the master's stage with no jarring note.

Again, the actors of the Italian comedy of masques were also jugglers and acrobats, which is to say that they were lithe and graceful. M. Copeau, as he told us last year in his lectures, has made physical training basic in the development of his company. The contrast here with the ordinary actors of France (and of America) is extreme. In "Les Fourberies de Scapin" dexterity and lithe vigor are of the utmost importance, contributing largely to the smoothness, as to the swiftness, of the performance. It was by such innovations as these that the Théâtre du Vieux Colombier in Paris became recognized as a pioneer in classic and imaginative drama, much as the Théâtre Antoine was in modern and realistic drama.

M. Copeau, who plays Scapin, is really a marvel of agility and grace. There were times indeed when it seemed that his performance was all too rapid and rhythmical—too even and unbroken in tempo. The essence of the character, such as it is, is mentality. The thought ever precedes the act, and there are crises in which the best laid plans gang aft a-gley and have to be reconstructed on the spot. To sustain the physical rhythms is to belie the dominant mentality of this rascal, and so rob the situations of their best element of humor. Yet, on the whole, the performance is vigorously humorous, and everywhere it reveals a virtuosity in broad farce which, in a man of such high intelligence and delicate sensibility, is astonishing.

The performance of M. Louis Jouvet as one of the old men was in striking contrast. Physically decrepit as he was, and frequent victim to contending emotions of avarice, terror, rage, and humiliation, the psychology of the part had full scope and was admirably rendered. The recurrent cry, "Que diable allait-il faire dans cette galère!"—a phrase as common in French as "To be or not to be" in English—was delivered with remarkable repression, yet with an infinite variety of comic effect.

The remainder of the company had less scope, but acquitted themselves with credit. As in the case of our Washington Square Players, the dominant note was of intelligent amateur feeling—a very rare and valuable quality in such an endeavor—which was limited at times, perhaps by deficiencies of authority and practical skill. The two ventures have, indeed very much in common, and the development of this company of the Vieux Colombier will be watched with profound interest and respect.

The performance was concluded by a pretty pageant of dancers who crowned a bust of Molière.

FRENCH AMBASSADOR ATTENDS

Women's Council of Theatre Also in Society Throng at Opening.

The social assembly at the opening was an interesting one.

The French Ambassador, Jean J. Jusserand and Mme. Jusserand, were in a box with Mr. and Mrs. James Stillman.

The Consul General of France, Gaston Liebert, Mrs. Philip M. Lydig, who is Chairman of the Women's Council of the Theatre; Mrs. J. West Roosevelt, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mrs. Gertrude Atherton, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, Marquise de Polignac, Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Miss Ida Tarbell, and Mrs. Cadwalader Jones, the other members of the council, were present. Also Mrs. Edmund Baylies, Miss Luisita Leland, Mrs. Percy Turnure, Mrs. Henry R. Winthrop, Mrs. William Crocker, and Miss Mary P. Eno.

The Board of Directors is made of Otto H. Kahn, Chairman; Robert Bacon, James W. Barney, Nicholas Murray Butler, Frederic Coudert, Paul D. Cravath, Andre de Coppet, William A. Delano, Robert Goelet, Arthur Iselin, Thomas Lamont, Clarence H. Mackay, Theodore Roosevelt, Jr.; Augustus Thomas, Colonel Cornelius Vanderbilt, and H. R. Winthrop.

THE FLONZALEY QUARTET.

Opens Season with a New Viola Player—Dohnanyi's Quartet Played.

The Flonzaley Quartet began its series of subscription concerts last evening in Aeolian Hall before a large audience that signified by its numbers how firmly this organization has established itself in the admiration of lovers of chamber music. It may be, also, that it has come into an inheritance from the Kneisel Quartet, now retired. At all events, the fineness of its performance has won and has deserved a constantly widening recognition.

The quartet has suffered the loss of its original viola player, Mr. Ugo Ara, now serving in the military forces of Italy. His place has been taken by Louis Bailly, from France, who adds a fourth nationality to those represented by the players. He showed himself last evening to be a chamber music player of high attainments, evidently skilled in all the routine and detail of ensemble playing, and possessed of all the fine ideals of the Flonzaley Quartet in regard to finish, precision, and tonal balance, and producing an admirable viola tone.

The program comprised Mozart's quartet in A, a quartet by Ernst Dohnanyi in D flat, Opus 15, and Haydn's in D, Opus 20, No. 4. Dohnanyi's work has qualities that interest and please; qualities that commend it on a single hearing—not usually the ones that make for long survival. But the material is more substantial, of more definite musical value than that of some of this Hungarian composer's music heard here; and there is great skill in developing and molding it, as well as in setting it for the instruments. The instrumentation is beautifully made and uncommonly effective in sound. No one who knows Dohnanyi's work will have expected any excursions into the adventurous regions of modern harmonies, nor yet any deliberate reflection of the composer's nationality in any folksong elements. If any expected suggestions of Brahms in idea and treatment, such as appear in other of Dohnanyi's music, they found them only rarely.

The Flonzaley Quartet played this, as well as the works by Haydn and Mozart, with the finest finish and tonal fullness and beauty; and with great spirit. There was much well deserved applause.

OPERA REVIVALS NEXT WEEK

"Manon Lescaut" and "Daughter of the Regiment" Among Others.

Mme. Louise Homer is to return to the Metropolitan stage next Monday, when the famous American contralto will sing her rôle of Marina in "Boris Godunoff," with Didur and others, starting the opera season's fourth week. Familiar revivals are "Manon Lescaut" next Wednesday, with Caruso and Alda, who appeared in that opera last night at Philadelphia, and for Thursday of next week, "Le Nozze di Figaro," which was given recently in Brooklyn, with Hempel, Matzenauer, De Luca and others, the rôle of Cherubino, however, being here resumed by Mme. Farrar.

Florence Easton, in private life Mrs. Frances Maclennan, who once sang the first "Madame Butterfly" in New York, will make her first appearance as Santuzza in "Cavalleria Rusticana" next week Friday, with Perini and Martin, followed by Caruso in "Pagliacci," with Muzio, Amato, Chalmers, and Bada. The first month of opera will be completed Saturday, Dec. 8, in a matinee revival of Donizetti's "Daughter of the Regiment," an elaborate production, with Hempel, Carpi, Scotti, and several more, in famous rôles last sung by Sembrich, Gilibert, and others fifteen years ago.

KITTY CHEATHAM APPEARS.

Wins Applause and Hearty Laughter in a Program Partly New.

Kitty Cheatham, who has made an art of gay little songs for children, especially at Christmas time, appeared at Carnegie Hall last night in a program composite of many familiar parts still new to a grown-up assembly, and other parts new to her own repertory, notably a series of classical arrangements with full orchestra, led by Edla Soeller, a Scandinavian woman conductor, who appeared last Summer in Central Park.

Miss Cheatham opened with "The Star-Spangled Banner," her audience joining in, as it did later in the "New Russian Hymn," and other national airs printed in a program folder. Miss Cheatham, in these "community songs," and in her incidental remarks, as when she quoted Stevenson's nursery rhymes as a prophecy of suffrage now fulfilled, held the attention of a great house and won from it frequent applause and hearty laughter. She gave also, without accompaniment, some American negro "spirituals" from her native Tennessee, with an intuitive touch of communicative sympathy rare in performances of this kind.

Among more elaborate numbers were Haydn's "A New Created World," Tschaikowsky's "Nutcracker Suite," and "The Little Shepherd" of Debussy.

J. R. MANN IN HOSPITAL.

Overwork Said to be Cause of His Illness.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 27.—James R. Mann of Illinois, Republican floor leader of the House of Representatives, is at Johns Hopkins Hospital undergoing medical observation.

It was stated at the hospital that Mr. Mann was in no serious danger and that overwork was the cause of his visit. He is reported to be "resting comfortably."

Tina Lerner's Recital.

Miss Tina Lerner, who for a number of years has been contributing to the sum of pianoforte playing heard in New York, gave a recital yesterday in Aeolian Hall. Her playing disclosed the pleasing musical qualities that have heretofore won her admirers. Her fleet and brilliant technique and nice feeling for tone makes her playing of such pieces as the "Pastorale Variée," attributed to Mozart; Sgambati's gavotte, and Tausig's brilliant arrangement of Schumann's "Contrabandiste" very attractive; and Miss Lerner was wise to include also in her program a group of short pieces by modern Russians and another of brilliant concert études. The greater emotional exactions of Chopin's B minor sonata she did not wholly meet.

Minstrels on Blackwell's Island.

The annual Thanksgiving Day entertainment given at Blackwell's Island under the auspices of A. Paul Keith and E. F. Albee of the Keith circuit, will take the form of a minstrel show this year. The performance will start at 10 o'clock in the morning, and the entertainers will include Sam Bernard, Blossom Seeley, Savoy and Brennan, Felix Adler, Dorothy Jardon, Conroy and Lemaire, and Adele Rowland.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

In conformity with their announced plan of adding new performers from time to time, the management of the Century Theatre announces that Elsie Janis will join "Miss 1917" next Monday night. She will remain at the Century until it comes time for her to depart for London.

Gene Buck is the author of the sixth edition of the Ziegfeld "Midnight Frolic," which will be seen on the New Amsterdam roof some time next month.

"What's Your Husband Doing?" now at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre, will be produced in London at the end of the New York run.

Two hundred soldiers and sailors will be the guests of the City Club at tonight's performance at the Hippodrome.

BRITISH PAPER URGES THE NEED OF SHIPPING

Wants France to Curtail Private Trades and Italy to Use Ships Now Tied Up.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Daily Chronicle in an editorial on the shipping tonnage problem says that the Germans are right in supposing that their least hopeless prospect of victory is that offered by submarine warfare. Pointing out that for the Allies the only one way of safety is to get more ships added than the submarines subtract, the paper says two things are needed—further success in anti-submarine warfare and a much larger supply of mercantile tonnage for essential needs.

To the latter end The Chronicle urges more controlled and serviceable use of all tonnage which the Allies already possess. Declaring that Great Britain so far is alone in having requisitioned the great bulk of her shipping for war purposes, the paper outlines the sacrifices she made in this way, and proceeds:

"We do not mention these facts for recrimination, but solely for the sake of reform Great Britain is as anxious as ever to do her best for her allies, carying wheat and coal for France and Italy and falling in with whatever is found necessary to facilitate transport of the coming American army, but when things have come to such a pass it is surely time that Italian ships lying up in dock at Genoa or elsewhere should take their part in the hazard of the seas, that the French Admiralty should requisition merchantmen and curtail their private trading in the same proportion as the British Admiralty has done, and that the United States, which during the war has developed a most extensive carrying trade in new waters, should recognize the absolute need of concentrating the whole of its resources on the problem of the 'Atlantic ferry.'

"Such changes would involve sacrifices for each of the allies concerned, but what all have to ask themselves is whether the winning or retaining of certain commercial advantages can justify the losing of the war, and the war may be lost unless in this sphere we all use our full resources without reserve."

GERMAN YARNS ABOUT US.

Anti-American Propaganda Started in Sweden and Switzerland.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Information revealing the extent of misrepresentation employed by Germany in an effort to inflame public opinion against the United States in neutral as well as hostile countries is reaching Washington. The propagandists have been especially active in Switzerland and Sweden, and important newspapers in each country have been used for the spread of anti-American doctrine.

One of the principal reports relied upon to stir up feeling in Switzerland is that an American army will pass through that country in the Spring of 1918. This report has appeared in at least one reputable newspaper, and has been circulated generally through the country. Other misrepresentation includes reports of mistreatment of Swiss subjects in the United States, and antagonism in this country against the Swiss.

An entirely different plan, apparently, is used in Sweden. There German agents give the widest possible publicity to letters purporting to have been written by persons in the United States. These represent the American people as indifferent to the war, with the Government sternly suppressing "uncomplimentary newspapers and peace orators."

Vienna apparently has become a fertile field for the propagandists. There the newspapers are open to them without question, and published reports tell of the "artificial cultivation" of war enthusiasm in the United States, of mistreatment of German subjects, of a panic seizing American Government officials when the results of Germany's submarine campaign became known, and other such statements.

OUST DISLOYAL PROFESSOR.

Leonidas R. Whipple Dropped by Board of University of Virginia.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Nov. 27.—The appointment of Leonidas R. Whipple as Professor of Journalism at the University of Virginia was rescinded today by the Board of Visitors after an investigation of alleged disloyal sentiments expressed by Whipple in an address last week at Sweet Briar College, Va. No action was taken on the appointment of a successor.

HERO LAND

Grand Central Palace

50c—Admission—50c

Joint Distribution Day—Today (Under the Direction of Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff.)

There is no selling in the aisles.

2 P. M.—Special Matinee with these famous artists:

"THE GREAT HOUDINI,"
Irving Berlin, Harry Fox, Dan Casey, Harry Tierney.
Camp Upton Band of 50 Pieces, led by David Hochstein.
Followed by General Dancing.

Five Restaurants—Luncheons, Teas, Dinners, Suppers—For All Purses.
Cafe De Paris, (Direction Delmonico.)
Golden West Cabaret, (Direction of J. B. Regan.)
The Bersagliere, Famous Italian Restaurant. (Direction of Joe Pani.)

THIS EVENING

8:30—Pageant and Dances of the Allied Nations, (Direction of Margaret S. Crawford.)

Dr. Hugo Reisenfeld will personally conduct THE RIALTO SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.

Prominent Society Women will be the leaders of the different pageant groups. The Professional Artists include
MME. GERMAINE CLERGET,
MME. YORSKA,
MME. BERTHA KALISH.
The Groups will be introduced by DAN CASEY,
Followed by another appearance of "THE GREAT HOUDINI."

Appearing Today for the Stage Women's War Relief: Elsie Janis, Cosmo Hamilton, Hilda Spong, Olive Wyndham, Mrs. Thomas Wise, Laura Hope Crews, Charles Cherry, Holbrook Blinn, Eva LeGallienne, Augusta Glose, Helen Grey.

AND ALL THE TIME

The British Tank Britannia in Action, Streets in Bagdad, Hindenburg Trenches, Ice Skating Rink, Dancing in the Grand Hall and Ballroom, Submarine Divers.
GAMES FOR THE KIDDIES.

Every Week Day from 11 A. M. to 12 P. M. until Dec. 12.

Hero Land has been publicly endorsed by Gov. Whitman and Dist. Attorney Swann.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today, To-mor'w & Sat. 2:15 | All Orch. Seats $2, incl. Saturday Nights. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy Triumph. THE RIVIERA GIRL. EXTRA HOLIDAY MAT. TOMORROW.

AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD. ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:20. "A COMPLETE TRIUMPH."—Herald. ANN MURDOCK | THE 3 BEARS. "QUAINT, FANTASTIC, APPEALING, HUMAN, AMUSING."—Alan Dale.

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. "GREATEST TRIUMPH IN YEARS." MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in a new Comedy THE KING By Caillavet, de Flers & Arene.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Eve. 8:30. Mts. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2. MRS. FISKE in Philip Moeller's New Comedy, MADAME SAND. "An Evening of Pure Delight."—Mail.

HUDSON West 44 St. Eves 8:30. Mats. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. 2:30. The Pipes of Pan with Norman Trevor & Janet Beecher.

KNICKERBOCKER B'y & 38 St. Eves. at 8:25. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:25. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats, $2. FIRST MATINEE TODAY 2:25. SPECIAL MATINEE TOMORROW. Season's Supreme Success ELEANOR PAINTER IN HAROLD CHAPIN'S COMEDY ART AND OPPORTUNITY. TIMES—"The most masterly high comedy ever written by an American. For Miss Painter also the evening was a triumph." WORLD—"An unusually fine quality which ought to appeal strongly. Miss Painter sang with great charm." HERALD—"The most charming thing that Miss Painter has given the theatre—deserves a very long life." SUN—"Brilliant dialogue, rapidity of action, perfectly trained company. Miss Painter's performance was not only finished, but pleasing."

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:20. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2. Alexandra Carlisle in THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY, The Country Cousin.

LIBERTY W. 42 St. Evs. 8:25. Mts. Today, Tom'w, Sat. | LAST 7 TIMES. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2. Laurette Taylor in J. Hartley Manners' Comedy "THE WOOING OF EVE." Miss Taylor will appear in New York in a new comedy, "Happiness," early in Jan. Noteworthy Cast. Includes A. E. ANSON. NEXT W'K—SEAT SALE TOM'W. A New Musical Comedy The GRASS WIDOW.

HARRIS W. 42d St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. 2:30. PRICES 50c TO $2.00 AND We Pay War Tax || EXTRA HOLIDAY MAT. TOMOR'W. THE NAUGHTY WIFE (or Losing Eloise) with Charles Cherry, Violet Heming, Lucile Watson, Francis Byrne. A Tonic of Laughs for the Times.

FULTON W 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today, Tom'w, Sat. | LAST 7 TIMES. "BROKEN THREADS"

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat. Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years. A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL.

CENTURY Broadway, 62d St. Nights at 8:20. POP MAT. TODAY. Dillingham-Ziegfeld Revue "MISS 1917." Holiday Mat. Tomorrow—Reduced Prices. SUNDAY NIGHT POPULAR CONCERT.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Sat. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO presents Tiger Rose.

PARK B'way & 59th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. Morning World says: "THERE IS NO ENTERTAINMENT IN NEW YORK SO RICH IN NOVELTY AS THE Land of Joy." Quinto Valverde's Fantastic Review.

BELASCO West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents Polly With a Past.

ELTINGE THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. POPULAR PRICE MAT. TODAY. Orch. Seats $1.50. Bals. $1 & $1.50. 2d Bals. 50 & 75c. BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE. THE COMEDY HIT OF THE YEAR By Montague Glass and Jules Eckert Goodman. With BARNEY BERNARD & ALEXANDER CARR. Special Holiday Mat. Tomorrow.

REPUBLIC W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30 | LAST 7 TIMES. On With the Dance WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.

Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN || GLOBE B'way 46 St. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Today Tom'w & Sat. 2:20.

Outdoor SHOOTING Indoors. 47th St. off Broadway. Broadway at 103rd St. 136 East 42nd St. 216 West 34th St. NEWARK, 828 Broad St. NOON TILL MIDNIGHT. We take you into the Woods, Mountains and Jungles—within rifle shot of aeroplanes, submarines. Sport and Preparedness for men and women. SIGN OF THE BOUNDING BUCK.

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE. Benefit Amer. Fund French Wounded. 4th St. and 7th Ave. SUN. AFT., DEC. 2, at 3:30. SPIRIT of FRANCE—a PIANO interpretation, by CHARLES ANTHONY.

"Cheer Up" At the HIPPODROME. NO TAX HERE ON LAUGHTER. MAT. TO-DAY BEST SEATS $1.00. EVES. at 8:15.

OPERA TICKETS. Tel. Bryant 7877 7878. Choice centre seats only, Traviata, at box office prices. Thanks'g Mat. Geraldine Farrar in Carmen, Caruso, all Operas. Sub. bought, sold, exch. Conseil, 1438 Broadway, (40-41 St.)

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Eves. at 8. MATINEE TOMORROW (Thanksgiving) at 2. Doing Our Bit. An Extravaganza of Superlative Splendors.

PRINCESS Theatre Beg's Tom'w Eve. 8:30. Nights, $2. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50. Seats Now. DOROTHY DONNELLY Presents SIX MONTHS OPTION. New Comedy of Love and Marriage.

44TH STREET —ROOF— THEATRE. Phone Bryant 61. Mat. Sat. only. Prices $1 to $2.50. Opening POSTPONED Till SAT. Dec. 1 at 9. Tonight's Tickets Good Saturday. Lee & J. J. Shubert Musical Production Over the Top. T. Roy Barnes, Justine Johnstone, Craig Campbell. 50 Pretty Justine Johnstone Girls. Regular Theatrical Performance. No Restaurant. No Smoking.

PLYMOUTH 45th St., W. of B'y. PHONE 40 BRYANT. Evs. 8:15. FIRST MATINEE TODAY, 2:15. SPECIAL MATINEE TOMORROW. Thanks! A Real Thanksgiving Hit! A Gem of Melody a Cameo Comedy.—Herald. THE STAR GAZER. The Best Score in Some Time.—Reamer, Sun. with JOHN CHARLES THOMAS. JOHN F. MURRAY, CAROLYN THOMSON. Thomas made the Metropolitan look like a vaudeville show. —Alan Dale.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Today, Tom'w, Sat. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. Odds and Ends OF 1917. Harry Watson, Jr., Lillian Lorraine and Jack Norworth.

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Evs. 8:30 sharp. Mts. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. Grace George in HENRY BERNSTEIN'S GREAT PLAY "L'ELEVATION" (THE HEIGHTS).

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. Smartest of Musical Comedies "Oh, Boy." PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2. POP. MAT. TO-DAY. REG. MAT. SAT. EXTRA MATINEE TO-MORROW.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Eves. 8. Mats. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. 2. LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION MAYTIME. Tingling Music. Charming Story. 100% Talent. Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris. "A Credit to Our Country is Maytime," says Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation."

BROADHURST 44th, West of B'way. Phone Bryant 64. | Evgs. 8:20. THANKSGIVING MAT. TOMORROW, 2:20. DONALD BRIAN in "Her Regiment." By Wm. Le Baron & Victor Herbert.

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. GREAT COMEDY CAST STARS. JOHN MARGARET Drew - Illington IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex.

39TH ST. Thea., nr. B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Tomorrow, 2:20. GEORGE V. HOBART'S Farce of a Thousand Laughs What's Your Husband Doing. "HAS FUN, SITUATIONS, INTOXICATION, SCREAMING LINES, WELL ACTED," says ALAN DALE. Hale Hamilton—Excellent Company. SEATS SELLING FOR THANKSGIVING, CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S.

MOROSCO 45 St., W of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today, Thur. & Sat. 2:20. EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY. OLIVER MOROSCO'S LAUGHING SENSATION LOMBARDI, Ltd. with LEO CARRILLO.

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. TODAY, Thurs. & Sat. DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY LEAVE IT TO JANE. EXTRA HOLIDAY MAT. TOMORROW.

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:25. EXTRA MATINEE FRIDAY (Day After Thanksgiving.) GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER.

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Today, Tom'w, Sat. The Very Idea. Ernest TRUEX, Richard BENNETT. Extra Mat. Thanksgiving (Tomorrow).

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44th ST. THEATRE Tonight 8:15. Mats. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. LAST TWO WEEKS. New Songs, New Dances, New Specialties. HITCHY-KOO with RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, ROCK AND WHITE, LEON ERROL, IRENE BORDONI.

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:45. M's. Tom'w & Sat. WASH'GTON SQ. PLAYERS. LAST 6 TIMES of "IN THE ZONE" and 3 Other Plays. Mon., Dec. 3—Entire Change of Bill. Seats Now.

CORT West 48 St. Evs. at 8:20. Mts. Today, Thur. & Sat. 2:20 | LAST 7 TIMES. EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY. "DE LUXE ANNIE" with JANE GREY.

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. To-morrow, 25c and 50c. EVERYWOMAN HER PILGRIMAGE IN QUEST OF LOVE.

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 124 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomor'w 25c & 50c. "DAYBREAK" with BLANCHE YURKA.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47TH ST. Daily Mats. 25c-$1. WM. H. CRANE & CO., BESSIE CLAYTON, Misses Lightner & Alexander, May Wirth & Family, & ADELE ROWLAND.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'WAY & 96TH ST. Maurice & Florence Walton, Conroy & Lemaire, Lambert & Ball, Paul Dickey & Co., oths.

THEATRE DU VIEUX COLOMBIER. Directeur General, Jacques Copeau. 65 W. 85th St. Greeley 1522. Eves. 8:30. LES FOURBERIES DE SCAPIN. Next Week: La Navette, Le Carrosse du St. Sacrement and La Jalousie du Barbouille.

IRVING PLACE IRVING PLACE & 15TH STREET. Mat. 2:15 & Eve. 8:15. Last 2 Performances HEDWIG REICHER in "Doctor's Dilemma" By George Bernard Shaw.

ST. NICHOLAS RINK—3 SESSIONS DAILY. Largest Rink in Greater N. Y. 69 W. 66th St. ADM. 50c. Sun. a.m. $1. ICE SKATING. Beginners Taught.

Opera CHOICE SEATS FOR ALL OPERAS SUBSCRIPTIONS Bought, Sold, Exchanged. Broadway Thea. Ticket Co., 218 W. 42d St. (Phone 6505 Bryant. Miss V. Buchanan, Mgr. Op. Dept.

OPERA TICKETS Phone Bryant 4106—9752. Reserved seats, all parts of house, at box office prices tonight. New Theatre Ticket Exchange. 1416 Broadway.

THE Greenwich Village Theatre. 4th St. and 7th Ave. Tel. Spring 6409. Evgs. 8:45. 8 One-Act Plays. Prices $1.50, $1, 50c. Mat. Sat. 2:30.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. | Twice Daily. 2:15 & 8:15 | Popular Prices. BOSTONIANS with Frank Finney.

ICELAND ICE SKATING B'way at 52d St. Morn.—Aft.—Eve.

SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r. Aeolian Hall, Sat., Dec. 1, at 11 A. M. SECOND SYMPHONY CONCERT FOR CHILDREN. Mr. Damrosch will explain and illustrate the wood-wind instruments. Tickets 50c to $1.50, at Box Office. Carnegie Hall, Sat. Eve., Dec. 1, at 8:15 TSCHAIKOWSKY PROGRAM. Pathetique Symphony and Concerto for Piano in B flat. 100 Musicians at both Concerts. Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Dec. 2, at 3. Pathetique Symphony. Also Beethoven's Emperor Concerto. RUDOLPH GANZ Soloist at Both Concerts. Tickets at Box Offices. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE. Tonight at 8:15, La Traviata. Hempel; Carpi, De Luca, Bada, Rossi. Cond., Moranzoni. THANKSGIVING DAY MAT. at 2 ($1 to $5). CARMEN. Farrar, Peterson (debut); Martinelli, Whitehill, Segurola. Cond., Monteux. EVE. at 8:15, La Boheme. Muzio, Miller; Martin, Scotti, Chalmers, Mardones. Cond., Papi. Fri. at 8, Prince Igor. Alda, Delaunois, Perini; Amato, Althouse, Didur, Segurola. Cond., Bodanzky. Sat. Mat. at 2, L'Elisir d'Amore. Hempel. Sparkes; Caruso, Scotti, Didur. Cond., Papi. Sat. Eve. at 8, (75c. to $3). Il Trovatore. Muzio, Matzenauer, Mattfeld; Kingston (debut), De Luca, Rothier. Cond., Papi. Next Mon. at 8, Boris Godunow. Homer, Braslau, Howard; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Bada, Segurola, Reiss. Cond. Papi. Wed. at 8:15, Manon Lescaut. Alda, Perini; Caruso, Amato, Segurola, Bada, Reiss. Cond., Papi. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Dec. 1, at 2:30. SECOND VIOLIN RECITAL. HEIFETZ. Seats Now. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

Carnegie Hall, Tues., Dec. 4, at 8:15. SONG RECITAL. SOPHIE BRASLAU. (Knabe Piano.) Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

Princess Theatre, Tues., Dec. 4, at 3. SONG RECITAL. OLIVE NEVIN. Seats Now. Mgt. Music League of America.

Aeolian Hall, Fri., Aft., Nov. 30. Another Recital by the brilliant French Soprano Mme. GABRIELLE GILLS. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano.

Astor Ball Room, MON. AFT., Dec. 3. 4th Organ Recital of Historical Series by JOSEPH Bonnet. $2, $1.50, 1. Management Loudon Charlton.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY......CONDUCTOR. Carnegie Hall, Next Friday Aft. at 2:30. Soloists Rose & Ottilie SUTRO. Programme includes BRUCH Concerto for Two Pianos & Orchestra. (First time in New York.) Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

THEATRE DU VIEUX COLOMBIER. YVETTE GUILBERT. NEW REPERTOIRE CHANSONS DE PIERROT and OTHERS. NEXT FRIDAY AFT., NOV. 30th, at 3. NEXT SUNDAY EVE., DEC. 2d, at 8:15. TICKETS AT THEATRE, 65 W. 35TH ST. MME. GUILBERT'S SEC. MABEL POILLON, 125 E. 70th. KNABE PIANO.

THIS AFTERNOON at 2:15. Strand SymphonY ORCHESTRA. Beethoven, Ippolitov, Ivanov, and Mascagni Program. STRAND THEATRE, B'way at 47th St. 20c & 30c Incl. War Tax and Reg. Strand Program.

Aeolian Hall, Friday, Dec. 7, 1917, at 8:15. Concert of Russian Church Music by The Russian Cathedral Choir of St. Nicholas Cathedral, New York City. Tickets at Box Office & Room 1100, 70 5th Av.

Owing to a Serious Operation the Frida Benneche RECITAL HAS BEEN POSTPONED. DATE TO BE ANNOUNCED LATER.

AEOLIAN HALL, This Afternoon at 3. PIANO RECITAL—RUDOLPH REUTER. Mgmnt. Haensel & Jones. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Eve., Dec. 1, at 8:15. SONG RECITAL. Graveure. M'g'ment Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

Opera SEATS FOR ALL OPERAS. Subscriptions bought, sold and exchanged. JACOBS, Theatre Ticket Office, Normandie Hotel. B'way, 38 St. Phones 4188-4189-4190-6442 Greeley.

Two Philharmonic Season Tickets; nine Thursdays; second row balcony, centre. S 145 Times.

Metropolitan Opera House, three seats or two, for sale season. S 150 Times.

MOTION PICTURES.

LAST FIVE BIG DAYS. William Fox Presents THEDA BARA in Cleopatra. TODAY MATINEE 25c. & 50c. LYRIC Theatre, W. 42nd St. Twice Daily 2:30 & 8:30. Nights 25c to $1. All reserved.

WM FARNUM in VICTOR HUGO'S Les Miserables. 81st St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980. An Amazing, Startling Picture, "THE PRICE OF A GOOD TIME." Also Greater VAUDEVILLE. MAT. 15-20c. EVG. 20-30-55c.

BROADWAY THEATRE at 41st St. | Continuous Noon to 11:30. Double Feature Program All Week. FRANKLYN FARNUM in "The Scarlet Car." LOUISE LOVELY in "The Wolf and His Mate."

RIALTO B'way, 42d. 20-30-60. WILLIAM S. HART in "The Silent Man." Soloists, Comedy. Incomparable Rialto Orchestra.

STRAND B'way & 47th St. MADGE KENNEDY in "Nearly Married." Comedy, Soloists. Strand Symphony Orchestra.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. 10, 15, 25c. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. BETTY BRICE in "WHO KNOWS."

Old Fashioned Thanksgiving Dinner. A meal with all the appetite stimulating delights that recall the good Old Days Back Home—a dinner that will put the zest of boyhood into the appetite of an epicure—12 to 2.30, 6 to 8.30. Real Music. HOTEL ANSONIA Broadway at 73rd St. George W. Sweeney, Managing Director.

THE LECTURE SENSATION OF A GENERATION. Sergt. Arthur Guy EMPEY.

LECTURE and DEMONSTRATION OF TRENCH WARFARE. THIRD AND FOURTH LECTURES AT CARNEGIE HALL. Tonight, Nov. 28, 8:30 P. M., and Tomorrow Night, Nov. 29, 8:30. Tickets, 50c to $2.00 at Box Office. Management, Lee Keedick, 437 5th Av.

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 28, 1917.

AUSTRIA AND THE UNITED STATES.

If it were a matter of the first order of importance that we should declare the existence of a state of war between Austria and the United States, there would be no hesitation about it and little discussion. We have been nearly eight months at war with Germany, Austria's ally, yet in the legal sense we are at peace with Austria. It is an anomalous condition, in many ways it is absurd. The existence of that condition and the fact that it is under discussion show that it cannot be vitally important either to Austria or to the United States that war should be declared.

There has been provocation, justification might easily be found. Austria is actually at war with Italy, and the Government of the United States has advanced money to Italy to carry on the war. That is one of the anomalies, for it is a flagrant breach of neutrality. The bankers of the United States might advance money to Italy and the Government remain neutral; when the Government advances money it is the same as if it should send guns, munitions, or even soldiers. Italy is our ally and we aid her precisely as if we as well as she, were at war with Austria. Austria might with entire propriety make our advances to Italy the occasion for declaring war on us.

On the other hand, we have good reason to believe that some of our ships have been destroyed by Austrian submarines contrary to the laws of maritime warfare. We have exchanged notes with Austria about it with no very satisfactory result. Austria, in fact, gives her approval and support to the lawless submarine policy of Germany. If we thought that a declaration of war against Austria was essential to the objects we seek to attain by the war, we might readily find justification.

So long as there is only a remote probability that our troops will actually confront Austrian troops in the field, it would appear that neither Government sees any compelling reason for declaring war. There are reasons against it. For us a declaration would add to the already sufficient number of alien enemies in this country the entire Austrian, Hungarian, and Czech unnaturalized population of the United States. This great increment in the number of those we must watch and segregate would augment the cost and labor of enforcing the law relating to enemy aliens and their activities. There is some risk involved, for Austro-Hungarians here are under temptation to join the German allies of their country in plots and conspiracies. Of that risk account has been taken and vigilance to guard against it is exercised. Besides, it is probable that, as the war proceeds, plotters against our Government will before very long be warned by exemplary and deterrent punishments which they will be likely to heed.

Austria will not declare war upon the United States save under German compulsion. She will, to the last extremity, avoid making actual and formal enemies of the Americans. The Austro-Hungarian Empire will be in a bad situation at the Peace Conference and will need friends, at least it will not need more enemies. The danger that the empire will be actually dismembered and broken up has been much diminished by the ravages of German socialism in Russia, which have not merely reduced that country to a state of helpless anarchy, but have brought into play separatist forces that may cause the disappearance of Russia as a great power. But when the Peace Conference assembles after the inevitable defeat of the Teutonic Powers, Serbia will certainly get territorial compensations for what she has suffered, and Austria will be confronted by demands for further sacrifices as a safeguard of European freedom and civilization against Germany's ambitious plans of domination in the southeast. These are questions in which the United States is not directly interested; if interested at all, only as a champion of freedom. We should be very little likely to accept a brief from Austria in these matters, but she knows very well that a declaration of war against us would extinguish whatever feeling of consideration for her future we might entertain.

ITALY'S RESISTANCE.

The Italian resistance which centres around the Piave was apparently doomed to defeat. It was quite impossible for a greatly outnumbered army to defend that position permanently. Therefore the early reports of the fighting were received merely as showing a splendid delaying action, fought with the design of postponing as long as possible the retreat to the next position. But as day has followed day, and each morning we have read nothing of the expected retreat, but only of a furious and sustained resistance, it has begun to seem possible that the Piave is as far as the Germans will get.

The Italians are said to be outnumbered four or five to one. Even if that is an exaggeration, they are outnumbered, and being outnumbered they could not hope to keep up this kind of fighting indefinitely. What they have been fighting for is to hold that line until reinforcements can get there that will change their numerical proportion to the enemy. The reinforcements are getting there. If now they can hold out until they are even with the Germans, the boot will soon be on the other leg, for they can then be reinforced continuously and without limit. When that time comes, the Germans will have to dig in or retreat, and they may not be able to dig in. They will be in a disadvantageous position, because most of their supplies will have to come to them over the mountain passes, and they are a long way from their base.

The Germans, of course, understand this situation, and it explains the unremitting fury of their attacks. They must force a decision before the Italians are sufficiently reinforced to establish an equality of strength, because equality will be followed by superiority. Allied superiority will mean German defeat. German defeat in Italy could not be stayed, once it had begun, and retreating over the Alps would mean disaster, the consequences of which cannot be measured. Everything depends, then, on beating the Italians before the reinforcements arrive. The Germans seem to have made preparations only for victory, and not to have counted on that sudden extension of the western front from Belgium to the Adriatic which has changed the situation; still less on that stubborn resistance which the Italians have shown. It has been German experience that when they begin to roll up an army belonging to one of the weaker Allies it goes on rolling up, and they have counted Italy as one of the weaker Allies in the matter of fighting, in which calculation they seem to have made a mistake. They counted, evidently, on a repetition of the Rumanian and Serbian campaigns, and believed that an enemy once weakened would grow weaker. Instead, Italy, weakened until disaster fell upon her, has been strengthened by disaster; a thing not within the German auspices.

RULE OF REASON FOR RAILWAYS.

The troubles of the railways have been progressive ever since the Supreme Court in the '90s overruled the lower court's decision that railways were not subject to the Sherman law, and that, if they were, the Trans-Missouri Freight Association agreement was a reasonable regulation of trade. Presumably the Supreme Court would now agree that the rule of reason, which the court discovered later, allows much that is nominally forbidden, and forbids much that is as well worthy of reconsideration as the decision which forbade pooling by railways. Certain it is that the Supreme Court would now be sustained by public opinion in allowing not railways alone, but business in general, to do what sound men of business have always approved. Instead of taking that reasonable course, it is suggested, on the one hand, that the Government should operate the railways, and, on the other hand, that there should be a wholesale repeal of the laws which cripple their operation.

There is here a double absurdity. The Government ought to be fitter to legislate than to operate railways. But the proved badness of Government operation of the lawmaking machinery is the basis of the notion that the Government should assume activities for which it is not fit, and in which it is not demonstrating that efficiency which no one can deny that the railways are showing conspicuously. The safe and sane middle course is neither to repeal the law to punish unreasonable restraints of trade, nor to "connive," in Colonel ROOSEVELT's phrase, at the breaking of the law. It is only necessary to administer the law according to the rule of reason to confer great benefits upon trade which is broader than even the great work of the railways.

Regarding the railways, a beginning might be made by the Federal Government enforcing the use of the rule of reason against the States in meddling with what does not concern them in interstate commerce. There is danger of losing the way on an untrodden path, and there is no sense in abandoning an old path to the same destination. Besides, it is strictly a Federal function to oversee the States in their activities in this regard, while it is straying from Federal functions to operate railways. What would become of intrastate traffic if the National Government operated interstate traffic? Would the Government merely neglect State traffic in its care of interstate commerce, or would it obstruct it as ruthlessly as the States meddle with interstate commerce? How could the Government help the railways more than by letting the States know, for instance, that they could impose full train crews upon State commerce, but they could not do so to the detriment of national trade? That is a small but heinous and recent example, which shows the obduracy of the States regarding national welfare of the railways.

Greater financial importance attaches to the manner in which the States, through a term of years, have deliberately maintained rates inconsistent with rates found reasonable by the Interstate Commission. Many times States have discriminated against one another by deliberately making rates that foster State business at the expense of the railways, as well as of the neighbor State. Here is the "connivance" which is contrary to public interest. How idle it would be to authorize the Federal incorporation of railways so long as the Federal Government connives at depriving the railways of their bread and butter. In Central Freight Association territory there are many intrastate rates which have not yet conformed to the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission in 1914. Why expect "the Government" to do any better than the Commission, which is constantly seeking fresh tasks, and which "connives" at the breach of its orders? The temporizing with the principle of the Shreveport case is a threat to the structure of our Government, as well as to the rate structure and the solvency of the railways. Here is the thing to be done and not a seeking out of things which ought to be left undone.

There are signs that this is appreciated, and that saying such things is not a mere crying aloud in the wilderness. The Missouri Commission has granted an increase of fares. That signifies a recovery from the two-cent mania of 1907. In the words of Commissioner BLAIR:

> It is short-sighted policy, indeed, that denies adequate compensation for the services rendered. Unless such earnings are secured as will make railroad stocks and securities attractive investments for capital, the traveling public will suffer from curtailed and inadequate service, the railroad properties will depreciate and the general public will be the ultimate loser thereby.

"That is as clear as sunshine," says The Globe-Democrat. But why was it not clear years ago? Why is it not universally clear now? Why meddle with novelties when it takes years to find out that it is necessary to pay the railways for what they do?

MR. TOWNLEY IN THE EAST.

Do the farmers of this State, do those in particular who have just formed the Farmers' Non-Partisan League of the State of New York, under the patriotic auspices of Mr. A. C. TOWNLEY, the head and front of the North Dakota Non-Partisan League, understand what Mr. TOWNLEY is driving at? Do the representatives of some trades unions, who confabulated with the farmers at the request of the Labor Food Council, whose Chairman is Mr. JOHN C. HILSDORF, and whose Secretary is Mr. CARL BECK, know the past history of the North Dakota mother society?

Ostensibly the New York League is a union of farmers and workmen for the co-operation and good of producer and consumer. Is that what the Non-Partisan League has sought or is seeking to do? It began with a little county society organized to elect to the Legislature men pledged to vote for an appropriation to establish a State grain elevator. Of the "big five," who bossed the concern as it spread and widened, one is an English agitator who had been conspicuous as an I. W. W. One is a Socialist lawyer. Mr. TOWNLEY is himself a Socialist. How it grew and prospered as a political party; in 1916 elected the Governor and other State officers, 81 of 113 members of the State House of Representatives, 18 of 25 State Senators, three members of the State Supreme Court; its program of State-owned terminal elevators, packing and cold storage warehouses, flour mills, of exemption of farm improvements from taxation; its attempt to raise the State debt limit and revise the Constitution by legislative bill—these things are parts of its local life. What is vital to remember is that the Non-Partisan League of North Dakota is a secret society, open only to farmers.

It is a class party. It is pledged to the abolition of political parties. That is, it intends and hopes to carry the Northwest, the country, as the main political party. It took vigorous, early growth in South Dakota, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana. It has now taken root in New York. In the Western States it followed originally the North Dakota program, but a class party of farmers would not be strong enough. So the ingenious Mr. TOWNLEY, the apparent chief, with we know not what veiled figure or figures, contemplating the Presidency, behind him, reaches out for the workmen, an effort begun at St. Paul. The Non-Partisan League is a two-class party of farmers and workmen, shall we say a party of well-to-do farmers and laborers, bourgeois Bolsheviki?

In its national aspects and ambitions the Non-Partisan League deserves a scrutiny more severe than we were at first inclined to give to an attempt "to bring New Zealand to North Dakota." Mr. TOWNLEY is not fond of the press, "men who engineer "the kept press and lie-like-hell men, "who lie by wholesale." He is a patriot, in these latitudes. Last Summer we heard of his saying that "our "young men were going to France to "bleed for the profits of the damned "pirates," and that "the cry for the war came from the trusts." Is it the iniquitous newspapers of his own State that belie him? Did they belie him when they said that he opposed the Liberty Loan and the Red Cross? Well, in September Mr. TOWNLEY's Non-Partisan League got up the St. Paul convention, which was to be a Conference on the High Cost of Living, and was a Convention of Producers and Consumers or what not. There was much patriotic reality or camouflage of patriotism in its resolutions, and there was anti-war economic stuff about paying for the war as it is fought, a sure means of stopping it; but what shall we think of a convention that heard Senator GRONNA cry that "they have conscripted our boys, "the flower of the race, and sent "them to the trenches, from which "you know well ninety-nine in a hun"dred of them will never return"? And it was to this convention that Senator LA FOLLETTE made that Lusitania speech, which patriots all over the country cried out against. Curious loyalists, some of Mr. TOWNLEY's friends, curious admirations his Non-Partisan League has. Mr. LA FOLLETTE has an attentive eye on it.

Pacifism, socialism, confiscatory legislation, a doubtful loyalty may be suspected in this secret order which Mr. TOWNLEY has kindly brought eastward. The President of the Federation of Labor is not the man to be tender to any collaterals of the People's Council. The innocence of some of the New York farmers and trades unions is abused.

THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

Our old friend, the children's old friend, the Children's Aid Society, made its sixty-fifth report yesterday. What new praise is there for a work of ever-widening good? An excursion among these kind figures shows us nearly 10,000 pupils in the industrial schools, more than 300 friendless orphan and deserted children for whom family homes have been found, 2,300 children in families under the society's supervision, 520 children helped to go west with their parents, nearly 5,000 boys and girls sheltered in its lodging houses, nearly 3,000 pairs of shoes given away, 877 runaways sent home, and so on, all varieties of the familiar labor.

More immediate to the heart in this time is the picture of fourteen young men in uniform, "as likely lads as e'er were seen," about a third of the society's graduates in the Delaware National Guard alone. "During the past two years," writes Superintendent BRACE, "I have received many "letters from our boys who went over "with the Canadian troops or who "enlisted in England, and one of our "boys was killed in action as long "ago as November, 1916." Our boys have enlisted "in the National Guard "of almost every State, and by hun"dreds in the regular army and "navy." Two letters from our boys now in France with the American Expeditionary Force are printed in the report. "I am here to do my duty, even though it cost me my life," writes one. High officials, many prosperous and distinguished men of many occupations, have come from the ranks of the society's boys. Four army officers, 7,000 soldiers and sailors, are among the noblest harvests of this great humanity. It is a friend that enriches the national life with brave, honest men and good women.

THE SALUTE.

Saluting an officer is a ceremony that palls on many a soldier of our national army, if he must go through it frequently in the course of a day. In the reservation or cantonment he is seldom allowed to avoid it, never by an officer who understands the significance of the salute as a part of discipline. On leave, the soldier of the national army, whose head may be filled with false notions of the relation of democracy to military usage, sometimes fails to see the officer to whom a salute is due. Particularly is this the case when the soldier, who knew the officer in civil life as an equal, or perhaps as a less important citizen, disapproves of his success in obtaining a commission. It must be admitted, too, that officers do not always return a salute promptly and in the right spirit. They misapprehend the meaning and value of it as much as the ill-disciplined private does. On this subject Lieut. Col. ANDREW J. DOUGHERTY, late of the 30th Infantry, U. S. A., and now of the 357th Infantry, N. A., speaks words of wisdom, which the national army would do well to assimilate:

> When an enlisted man, a Lieutenant, a Captain, a Colonel, a General salutes his superior, he says by that act: "I will obey you," and the smartness with which the salute is made is an exact measure of the way he will obey. When he returns the salute of an inferior in rank, he says "I will strive "to the limit to prepare myself to lead "you to victory." He will fight as he salutes. This act, repeated scores of times daily, forms a habit which neither fear, nor sickness, nor physical weakness can break.

Colonel DOUGHERTY was once an enlisted man himself. At San Juan he fought as a Corporal of the 3d Cavalry. Ten years later he was Governor of the Province of Santiago by appointment of Major Gen. THOMAS H. BARRY, at the time commanding the American Army of the second occupation in Cuba. The civil Governor had been delinquent, and was ordered to turn his office over to Captain DOUGHERTY, the Corporal of San Juan, who had qualified for the new trust by his success in making Regulars of the Rural Guard of Camaguey and Oriente. The point is that Colonel DOUGHERTY rose in the service because he submitted to discipline when he was in the ranks and taught it to the men he commanded as an officer, in other words, because he was always actuated by the spirit of the soldier. He is, therefore, an excellent authority on the salute.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

American Advice to Officers. Colonel WOLF's farewell address to the Plattsburg graduates must be painful reading to all pacifists, including those who are consciously pro-German as well as the others who lend aid to the national enemy in whatever of innocence is conferred by ignorance and unintention. For the Colonel did not talk to the young men before him as he should have done to corroborate the pacifist assumptions as to the ideas common to the military caste.

He did not tell these officers of the gulf supposed to yawn between themselves and the private soldier. He did not warn them that discipline and military efficiency depended on treating the men under them as beings of a different and lower order. In fact, he said none of the things that every pacifist knows as forming the basis of the army officer's code and of his practice. Instead, Colonel WOLF, apparently fearing that some such notions might have crept into the minds of his hearers, earnestly warned them that they should carry into active service the same courtesy and kindliness that had been exhibited in their associations with each other through the months of training.

He asked them to remember that an American army is made up of men differing from themselves only in the possession of less knowledge about military affairs, and that any display of harshness or brutality on their part would result, not in the establishment and maintenance of the will to obey, but in demoralization, disintegration, insubordination, and all the evils that can exist in an army of intelligent, self-respecting, and well-disposed citizens.

Into all this there might be read criticism of German military methods, which are in every way different from those inculcated by Colonel WOLF, but that will have to be endured with such composure as can be attained. The difficulty in doing it will be in direct proportion to the amount of belief entertained by each of us in the possibility of achieving military efficiency otherwise than as the Germans undoubtedly have achieved it. There will be no difficulty at all for those who have not acquired the delusion that a soldier is necessarily a tyrant who delights in torturing and humiliating all who are inferior to him in rank.

Giving New Heart to Knitters. After a delay far too long and more than mysterious, Secretaries DANIELS and BAKER have issued a statement to the effect that, far from wanting to discourage the knitting of woolen garments for the army and navy by "our good women," they highly appreciate what has already been done in this direction and hope that the good work of "providing through the Red Cross comforts for our soldiers and sailors" will earn their further thanks.

There is in this statement no repetition of previous assertions from the same source that the Government had adequately equipped all the men in its service, and that additions by civilian hands to their stock of clothing were to be counted merely as superfluous luxuries. Presumably the Secretaries have been getting, since they made, or allowed to be made in their names, the announcement that so astonished and grieved the women knitters, some of the information as to camp conditions that has constantly been coming to everybody who had a friend or acquaintance either in training or in service. Why they did not have that information before is incomprehensible, but the question is now unimportant.

Nobody imagines for a moment that either Mr. DANIELS or Mr. BAKER would have said what they were quoted as saying if they had known conditions as they were, and nobody suspects in the slightest degree that they begrudge the country's defenders what they need in the way of protection from the Winter weather. Probably it was just that they fell into the error, so common to the occupants of high office, of assuming that an order given is an order obeyed.

It is a pity that the mistake was made in this case, for a brief explanation of the facts—the confession that though the Government was doing its very best to clothe the men properly, the task had proved too great for immediate performance—would have contented everybody, and the men themselves would have been the last to complain of hardships which, while real, are trivial indeed in comparison with others that war inflicts—with others which they, as patriotic Americans, are willing and even glad to endure in their country's behalf.

It was the denial of the existence of hardships known to thousands and thousands of us that caused impatience, and it was the rejection of needed help in a rather disdainful tone that caused deep humiliation and not a little of justified indignation.

This Effect of War Commendable. Thanksgiving Day is to be marked in Rochester, this State, by the holding of a "union service" that will be really remarkable for its inclusiveness. It is to be held, not in a church, for none would be large enough for the congregation that is expected to join in the manifestation of gratitude, but in the Convention Hall of the city, and though the proceedings are to be distinctly religious, many of the most firmly drawn of sectarian lines will be for the time obliterated and forgotten in a display of American solidarity.

The denominations to participate in this first of Rochester's "community Thanksgivings" are these: Advent Christian, Baptist, Christian Science, Congregational, Disciples, Episcopal, Evangelical, Jewish, Methodist, Presbyterian, Salvation Army, Spiritualist, Unitarian, Universalist, and Volunteers of America. About sixty churches will be represented.

A Unitarian clergyman will deliver the invocation, a Jewish rabbi will explain the meaning of the service, a Baptist will read from the Old Testament and a Universalist from the New, and the President of the Chamber of Commerce will speak on the President's Thanksgiving Proclamation. That will be only the beginning of the "exercises," for the program is a long one—long enough to cause some anxiety, perhaps, to the housewife who thinks of her dinner as she reads it.

Dinner, however, will be a less important feature of Thanksgiving Day than usual this year, if the new spirit of the time is in full play, and the indications are that it will be in Rochester.

WAR SAVING CERTIFICATES.

A Christmas Suggestion by George Foster Peabody.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I suggest that it would doubtless be helpful to a great number of your readers and inform their patriotic impulses to real advantage if civilian readers of THE TIMES should have it exceptionally impressed upon their minds that for the coming Christmas season they should include among their presents, certainly to all the members of the family, and so far as possible to those within range who would not otherwise have such a Christmas gift, a war saving certificate; or in the case of the families who are so unfortunate as not to be able to give as much as $4.12 to each of the individuals, a thrift stamp, which can be obtained early in December from any post office and from a vast number of other places throughout the country. No one gift to an individual can accomplish at the same time so many unquestionably good results as such a Christmas gift would do. It would relate itself for a considerable period of time to the giver, of course, and it would relate itself also to the relation of the recipient to the country of which he is a present or coming citizen.

It is, of course, most desirable that at as early a date as possible every man, woman, and child in the United States without exception should become the holder of a war saving certificate; certainly to the extent of one stamp which, during the month of December, will cost $4.12, and which stamp may be redeemed at any time on presentation at any post office of the United States Government and will receive interest at the rate of 4 per cent., compounded quarterly. In this time of continuous employment and higher wages in dollars and cents—although unfortunately in too many cases not in actual values of consumption necessary to the family—it ought to be made possible that these stamps should be widely purchased by the individuals themselves. It would therefore be advantageous in very many cases that the Christmas gift be not made a full paid war saving certificate, or possibly that it be not even a certificate, but one of the thrift stamps, so that the habit of saving and making one's own the thrift idea should be inculcated and strongly encouraged.

If every man, woman, and child in the United States should own one of the certificates to the extent of one stamp, $4.12, it would in itself make over $400,000,000. It is an easy calculation for any school child of 10 years of age to see that a proper presentation of the facts respecting these should result in the sale of the entire $2,000,000,000 authorized by the Congress by the first of January; because they are so desirable for Christmas presents as well as so important in their educational features, to which I have made reference.

GEORGE FOSTER PEABODY.
New York, Nov. 26, 1917.

Barnard's Lincoln a Substitute.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In regard to Barnard's Lincoln: The reply, on Oct. 23, 1917, in the House of Commons by Sir Alfred Mond, First Commissioner of Works, states that Lord Beauchamp, the former Commissioner, "offered a site in the Canning inclosure for a replica of the St. Gaudens statue on a request from the Honorable Member from Plymouth in this House on March 9, 1914." After commenting on the "high artistic merit" of the St. Gaudens statue, he proceeds as follows:

"I now understand that the American Committee for the celebration of 100 years of peace are anxious to send a replica of the statue of President Lincoln recently erected at Cincinnati and executed by Mr. George Grey Barnard, a sculptor of the highest standing, which they consider to be a superior monument, and I do not consider that I should interfere with the selection made by the donors, who, I understand, comprise men of well-known artistic standing."

What legal or moral right had this committee to substitute Barnard's Lincoln for St. Gaudens's, after the site had been granted expressly for the St. Gaudens? Has a fraud been worked on the Honorable Member from Plymouth, and on the House of Commons itself?

This is not a small question. It is a large one, and an international one. Is not our great President being slandered, our people betrayed, our art disgraced and England insulted?

The committee, however great the reputations of its members for artistic standing, should be called to account. What have they got to say for themselves?

HOWARD RUSSELL BUTLER.
Princeton, N. J., Nov. 24, 1917.

REASONS FOR THANKSGIVING—1917.

Not for ripe grain we'll thank Thee,
Lord, in the harvest fields;
Not for the golden and purple
That generous Autumn yields;
Oft in the Past we've praised Thee
For food enough and to spare—
Smiled at our bounteous table,
Nor knew that our brother's was bare.
Safe and aloof from Sorrow,
Careless of any foe,
We gathered our own about us,
And shut out the great world's woe.

But now—it has crept upon us
As soft as a thief in the night;
Distance no more is distance,
Hiding the Truth from our sight;
Winds from the East have brought us
A desperate, heroic cry;
We are made one with the nations
That famish, and struggle, and die.
And the voice of our soul grows stronger,
As sympathy makes us wise—
"This is your Sister who suffers!
This is your Brother who dies!"

Not for a bountiful table,
Will we observe the day;
Shame would crimson our foreheads—
Feasting while others slay;
Not for luxurious trappings—
Not for our hoarded pelf—
Not for the narrow Vision
That saw but the good of Self;
But that, aroused from torpor,
Facing the cannon and sword,
Americans fight for Thy Justice and Right—
For this we'll thank Thee, Lord!

FLORENCE VAN CLEVE.

FIRST TO FIGHT IN FRANCE.

Distinction Claimed by Capt. Basil D. Spalding of Maryland.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The distinction of having led the company of American infantry that struck the first blow in the name of the United States against German autocracy last month in France is claimed by Captain Basil D Spalding, a Marylander, who was formerly a teacher in the Maryland State College.

Miss Alice Erma Cain of this city, a cousin of Captain Spalding, has received word of his having been selected to command the first United States troops on active duty. Word has since been received that he returned safely to the base from the front line trenches.

Captain Spalding is a son of Hargraves Spalding and Mrs. Martha Bissell Spalding, formerly of Churchville, Md., now of Macon, Ga. He is a great grandson of Captain John Adams Webster, a defender of Baltimore at the battle of North Point, in the War of 1812. His mother's father, Captain William Bissell, died on the Confederate side in the battle of Gettysburg.

Only twenty-seven years old, the captain enlisted five years ago in the 16th Infantry in Ohio, where he went after teaching for two years at Maryland State College, from which he graduated in 1909, when it was Maryland Agricultural College. He was promoted to a Second Lieutenancy and went to Europe as an acting Adjutant on General Pershing's staff.

NAVAL MILITIAMEN ACTIVE.

95% of National Guard Volunteers on Actual Sea Duty.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Approximately 95 per cent. of the 852 officers and 17,000 enlisted men of the National Guard Volunteers, composed of the Naval Militia of several States, are on active sea duty.

When war was declared, the Navy Department announced tonight, the Naval Militia was fully equipped and prepared for service, its training at home stations having been supplemented last year by cruises on warships. When called into active service the volunteers had a strength of 666 officers and 9,500 men, but this force has since been almost doubled through recruiting in the Naval Militia.

The Marine Corps branch of the volunteers has a strength of 32 officers and 700 men, taken from the ranks of the Naval Militia when the branch was established at the beginning of hostilities.

CONGRESSMEN RETURNING.

Last Leave England After a Speaking Tour in Scotland.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The last of the American Congressional Delegation—Representatives Frederick C. Hicks of New York, Richard W Parker of New Jersey, and John J. Rogers of Massachusetts—have left for home.

The final stage of their visit was a trip to Scotland, where they made a series of speeches on what the United States is doing and planning. The speeches got great prominence by the press throughout Scotland, and the papers referred editorially to the excellent effect produced by the visit.

On a trip to the naval base the Congressmen inspected the cruiser squadron which participated in the Heligoland fight.

MEXICO OUSTS CLERGYMEN.

Expels Aliens for Alleged Violation of the Constitution.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 27.—The arrest and expulsion of a number of foreign clergymen was announced in a statement issued today by the Governor of the Federal district. The statement says the clergymen already have been sent on their way out of the country, together with other persons classed as undesirable.

The expulsion of the clergymen is said to have resulted from their failure to comply with the provision of the new Constitution, which permits only Mexican-born priests to exercise religious functions. According to the statement, the clergymen who are being deported were warned to cease violation of this article of the Constitution.

The clergymen probably will be taken out of the country by way of Vera Cruz, although no official information has been given out on this point.

There were fourteen of them in the party, of Italian, French, and Spanish nationality. The time limit set by the Governor after which foreign clergymen were notified to cease exercising their functions had expired.

MEXICAN DUTIES INCREASED.

Heavier Impost on Alcoholic Drinks After Jan. 1 Decreed.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 27.—President Carranza has issued a decree increasing the taxes and import duties on all wines and alcoholic liquors, to take effect Jan. 1. All alcoholic liquors produced in Mexico will be subject to a tax of 50 per cent., and wines will be taxed 25 per cent.

Wines and alcoholic beverages of foreign make will have to pay a stamp tax of 70 per cent. above the import duties. Foreign made beer will be taxed 80 per cent. above the import duty.

The decree provides also for a stamp tax of from 5 to 20 centavos on corked bottles sold over counters.

A CALL FOR AMBULANCES.

Poets' Committee Urges Generous Gifts to Help the Italians.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can any one read tonight's account by The Associated Press correspondent of the conditions of the Italian soldiers on the battle line without wishing to do something for these brave men at once?

Exhausted by ceaseless fighting on barren ground in a temperature of 10 degrees above zero, without shelter of trenches or dugouts, and with an insufficient supply of water, they are still stubbornly holding their lines against the picked men of the relentless enemy. They are fighting our fight as really as though the line ran along the Adirondacks instead of the Carnic Alps. Who is not eager to help the common cause by helping Italy?

I will tell your readers how to help. For weeks the American Poets' Committee has offered the public the most prompt and practical means of helping Italy. For weeks it has been raising money to buy by cable Ford chassis in Milan and top and equip them and rush them to the front. Individuals cannot send guns, munitions, or food; others will do that. But through us one can provide ambulances, for they are there in northern Italy, 100 miles from the firing line, and every day men—yes, heroes—are dying for lack of them.

The Poets' Committee stands on its record. We already have placed fifty of these "Chariots of Mercy" on the front; twenty-six more will be there this week. Others are being bought as fast as funds admit. We have cabled $135,700. When all our assurances are realized we shall have $160,000. Our average is about $10,000 a week. This is not enough; we ought to have $100,000 more this week in large subscriptions. For a fortnight we have been trying to awaken the sleepwalkers of Wall Street to help us immediately. I have vainly asked a dozen captains of industries to take hold and complete the work. I have not found one man with imagination enough to see, or enterprise enough to aid. They will give generously to anything else but the most pressing need.

In this emergency we appeal to women, and especially women who love Italy, to aid us at once. We have received nearly sixty checks of $2,000 each—the cost of an ambulance—and these and smaller contributions are welcome, but why should we wait ten weeks to get $100,000 more? Who will be the first to respond, sending to me at 70 Fifth Avenue a check drawn to the order of George A. Plimpton, treasurer, for $10,000 or $20,000?

ROBERT UNDERWOOD JOHNSON,
Chairman.
New York, Nov. 27, 1917.

KHAKI THE DRESS FOR THANKSGIVING

Officers and Men Will Be Dinner Guests of Many Organizations.

TURKEY AT ALL THE CAMPS

New York's Largest Spread Will Be at 12th Regiment Armory for Soldiers from Western States.

In armories, hotels, restaurants, clubs, and private homes thousands of soldiers and sailors will be Thanksgiving dinner guests tomorrow. In addition, the Government will provide an old-time Thanksgiving meal at all camps and cantonments for the soldiers, while on every ship, in port or at sea, the stewards will see that the officers and all on board have no reason to complain.

The largest dinner to be served in New York will probably be that which the National Service Commission will serve to enlisted men from the division at Camp Mills. This dinner will be served in the Twelfth Regiment Armory, and will be for soldiers from Western and Pacific States. Those in charge of the dinner have asked former Westerners now living in New York to come to the dinner and join in the welcome extended to the men from the States from which the division now at Mineola has drawn its men.

The Union League Club announced yesterday that it will have 200 soldiers from Camp Upton as its guests at the clubhouse, Thirty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue. The men have been selected by Brig. Gen. Wittemeyer, and will arrive in New York tomorrow afternoon. The club will also entertain 200 negro soldiers from the 36th infantry, at Camp Upton, at a dinner to be served in Liberty Hall, Seventh Avenue and 139th Street.

Adolph Lorber of Lorber's Restaurant, at Broadway and Fortieth Street, will have as his guests 1,000 Western soldiers from Mineola. Mr. Lorber will bring the men to New York on special trains, and will provide a sightseeing tour on Fifth Avenue buses for them before the dinner. The dinner will be served from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M., and during these hours the restaurant will be closed to the general public.

The Young Men's Hebrew Association, 610 Lexington Avenue, will entertain 102 soldiers at its rooms, the men being, for the most part, from Camp Upton. The Young Women's Christian Association will have 500 soldiers at its clubhouse, 31 West 110th Street, while the Catholic War Work Council will provide a dinner for 1,000 soldiers, entertaining the men at hotels and in private homes. Two hotels will each care for 400 men for the council, while members of the council will entertain the remaining 200 in their homes.

The Broadway Tabernacle will provide a dinner for 300 men; the National Arts Club, Gramercy Park, will give a dinner in honor of forty officers, while St. George's Club, in Stuyvesant Square, will have 120 soldiers and sailors as guests.

THANKSGIVING IN SCHOOLS.

President Willcox Issues Proclamation to be Read to Pupils.

President Willcox of the Board of Education has sent the following appeal to public school children, which will be read by the Principals in all the schools today:

"For nearly three hundred years the American people, in gratitude for their blessings, have celebrated Thanksgiving Day. This year, on the Thanksgiving Day, which our great President has proclaimed for next Thursday, even in the midst of a terrible war we have many things to be thankful for.

"Let us be thankful that we have a country worth fighting for. Let us be thankful that the great soul of America is rising not only to protect the rights of her own people, but also to join in the defense of liberty, justice, and humanity throughout the world. Let us be thankful that all classes of our people, high and low, rich and poor, American born and foreign born, are forgetting selfish interests and joining together in patriotic service and sacrifice for this great cause. Let us be thankful that a new national spirit and common purpose is uniting the American people with mutual appreciation and confidence. Let us be thankful for the hope and promise of a better world to come after the war.

"America is fighting for you. The men and women of America stand ready to sacrifice everything, even life itself, in order that you, as you grow to manhood and womanhood, may enjoy the blessings of liberty and peace. And with America all of the other democracies of the earth are fighting for their children, fighting to overthrow the tyranny of might and bring in its place the rule of justice and right among all nations.

"Let us honor our brave men who are answering their country's call. Let us be proud to do anything we can to help them to win the war. Let us be thankful that we live in America, with the great American nation to protect us, and let us stand first, last, and all the time for the American Government and the American flag.

"I am proud of our pupils and proud of our teachers for their patriotic spirit and service during the last year, and I confidently call upon them all on this Thanksgiving Day to pledge a new devotion to our beloved country for the year which is to come."

SPARTANBURG FEAST PLAN.

Turkey and Entertainment Aplenty to be Provided Tomorrow.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., Nov. 27.—Uncle Sam is going to furnish the mainstay of the Thanksgiving spread of the Twenty-seventh Division, it was learned today, when orders were placed for thousands of turkeys. Authorization has been received for the camp Quartermaster to purchase sufficient to give each of the more than 32,000 men a pound of turkey, which will be the ration served in all camps. Few of the time honored fixings of the Thanksgiving spread will be missing.

The Y. M. C. A. will put a special program of entertainments in all its huts, bringing quartets and big time vaudeville stars all the way from New York, Philadelphia, and Cincinnati. The Fosdick people will run a big bill in their tent theatre.

Besides the good times at the camp, it is said that there will be scarcely a single home in Spartanburg that will not have one or more soldiers as its guests on the holiday.

The week's training includes drilling in methods of concealment formerly employed by the North American Indians. Special squads were out in the woods this afternoon; one detachment, the Reds, being those elected to hide; the other, known as the Blues, being those nominated to find the concealed Reds. The latter covered themselves with fallen leaves, and practically the only time the "camouflage" didn't work was when some heavy Blue foot trod on some recumbent Red.

Privates Harold C. Houghtaling, 107th Infantry, and James V. Blythe, First Company, 102d Supply Train, have been ordered transferred to the Aviation Service. Houghtaling was sent to the Princeton school, while Blythe was ordered to report at Kelly Field, South San Antonio.

General Barry Leaves Camp Grant.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Nov. 27.—Brig. Gen. L. W. L. Kennon took command of the Eighty-sixth Division of the national army at Camp Grant, succeeding Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, who departed on detached service. General Kennon, an Indian fighter, has seen service in Cuba and the Philippines. He entered West Point in 1876 and was made a Captain in 1897.

BRITISH DAY DRAWS MANY TO HERO LAND

English Embassy Counsel Lauds Efforts to Aid Victims of the Hun.

GARBLE DIPLOMATS' TALKS

Wild Tales of Submarine Sinkings Spread After Speeches by Jusserand and British Official.

Much interest was aroused last night by a statement issued by the press department of Hero Land, the bazaar at the Grand Central Palace, that T. B. Hohler counsellor to the British Embassy in Washington, who spoke as the representative of the Ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, had closed his address with this remark: "It may interest you to learn that I have been informed that between Nov. 1 and Nov. 15 thirty-nine submarines had been sunk."

Later, however, Clive Bayley, the British Consul General, who had sat next to Mr. Hohler on the platform, explained that the Counsellor had really said that he had heard rumors in Washington of these sinkings. Secretary Daniels declared when told of the report that he had not heard of any such report.

This is not the only case of misunderstood statements regarding the destruction of submarines. On the previous day J. J. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, visited Hero Land, and it was announced that he had declared that six submarines had been sunk in the last four days.

This, it is now learned, was not the exact statement made by the Ambassador. When referring to the sinking of six submarines within four days he did not mean sinkings previously unannounced, but was coupling together the destruction of five U-boats by the British Navy on Saturday, Nov. 17, which was announced by Premier Lloyd George in his speech of the following Monday, with the announcement made on Sunday last of the sinking of another by two American destroyers.

Statements have recently been made on high authority that more submarines have been sunk in the past four months than in the year before the beginning of that period, but with the exception of Mr. Lloyd George's statement at the conclusion of his speech, which reassured his control of the House of Commons regarding the destruction of five U-boats in a single day, no exact figures as to the work done in particular periods have ever been officially given out.

"British Day" at Hero Land drew large crowds to the big war bazaar yesterday and last night. The attendance in the evening eclipsed that at the opening Saturday night.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, who was to have made an address, was prevented by illness from being present, and in his place, T. B. Hohler, Counsellor to the British Embassy, made an address in the afternoon.

"I am glad to see," he said, "that so many loyal Americans have come forward to help aid the victims of the Hun. I rejoice to learn that Americans are beginning to appreciate that the United States is in the war to win. You Americans should do everything possible to help repair the damage done by the Hun. As we visit these exhibits, I can imagine our men inspired by the news that Hero Land is a great success.

"There has been some criticism of the amount of money that has been spent on Hero Land. That criticism is wrong. Every dollar that has been spent has been spent for a good purpose."

Among the other speakers were C. Clive Bailey, British Consul General at New York; Brigadier General W. A. White, head of the British Recruiting Mission, and Brigadier General James D. McLachlan of the British Army.

The following cablegram from Arthur James Balfour was read:

"Am glad to offer my warm congratulations on the scheme of the bazaar of the allied nations. Those who visit it will see on all sides evidences of great achievements. They will have an opportunity of helping the victims of German barbarism in Europe and in Asia, and they will bear away with them memories of the great war due to the ingenuity and industry of soldier prisoners. I heartily wish it every success."

The British party from Washington watched the British tank in action and inspected the "Hindenburg" trench. The Daughters of the British Empire presented a program on the Novelty Theatre, in which Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sothern, Eugene Cowles, Norman Trevor, and others appeared. In the motion-picture theatre, on the fourth floor, official British war pictures were shown.

Yesterday there was placed on exhibit a German flag captured by the Imperial Light Horse Infantry in German West Africa. Every man's name who took part in the attack in which the flag was captured is written on it.

Last night was given over to a program of sports in the Great Hall, arranged by Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson. There was a feature of a bayonet drill of men from Camp Upton under the direction of British officers.

The Russian Street, which contains at one end a booth bearing the sign "Pour les Gens de Lettres Francais," and of which Mrs. Newbold LeRoy Edgar is the President, is one of the most interesting features of Hero Land. Eugene Brieaux of Paris is Honorary President of the booth, the object of which is to aid the dependents of literary men of France.

Associated with Mrs. Newbold LeRoy Edgar are Mrs. James W. Gerard, Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, Mrs. Charles Clive Bayley, wife of the British Consul General; Miss Janet Scudder, the sculptress, Mrs. William Kinnicutt Draper, Mrs. Francis Burrall Hoffman and Mme. Seygard-Lane, who recently returned from Paris and who at 10 o'clock sang the "Marseillaise."

A new film, entitled "France in Arms," was shown yesterday under the direction of the section presided over by Mrs. Newbold LeRoy Edgar.

This will be Jewish War Relief Day at the bazaar, the program for which has been arranged by Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff. A pageant, "On the Road to Victory," in which 300 persons will take part, and arranged by Margaret S. Crawford, will be the spectacular feature of the day. In the afternoon the 306th Regiment Band, from Camp Upton, will play in the Great Ballroom. Mme. Bertha Kalich, Houdini, Mme. Shomer-Rothenberg, Mme. Clerget, Irving Berlin, Harry Fox, Dan Casey, Harry Tierney, Mary Jordan, Blanche Duffield, and Lydia Locke, are among the theatrical folk who will aid Jewish War Relief Day.

Elsie Janis, Hilda Spong, Olive Wyndam, Mrs. Thomas Wisem, Laura Hope Crews, Charles Cherry, Holbrook Blinn, Eva La Gallienne, Augusta Close, and Helen Grey will take part in a program under the direction of State Women's War Relief Fund Committee. Cosmo Hamilton's play "Soldiers' Daughters" will be presented, as will two acts from "Miss 1917" from the Century Theatre. The members of the committee in charge, headed by Mrs. Schiff, are Mrs. I. N. Spiegelberg, Mrs. Gibson, Mrs. Sidney C. Borg, Daniel Frohman, M. H. Hanson, Mrs. Eugene Lewis, Miss Harriet B. Lowenstein, Miss Irene Lewisohn, Mrs. Otto Lowengard, Mrs. Thomas Seltzer, and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim.

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Send a large bunch of freshly picked Violets with Sweetheart Roses made up in a pretty corsage.... $3

Place Your Order Early

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Call New York's Flower 'Phone Plaza—7341.

Max Schling, Inc., 785 Fifth Avenue, New York.

SWEENEY IS INDICTED.

"Advertising Director" for Army Bazaar Charged with Forgery.

George F. Sweeney, who was "advertising, publicity, and campaign manager" for the Army and Navy Bazaar, was indicted yesterday by the New York County Grand Jury on a charge of forgery. The indictment charges that Sweeney forged the name of Edward S. Moore, Treasurer of the bazaar, without the latter's permission to letters sent out soliciting contributions and advertising for the bazaar.

District Attorney Swann yesterday said he had received information that some solicitors for the bazaar threatened German and German-American residents of New York with internment if they did not contribute to the bazaar. Assistant District Attorney Kilroe is investigating these complaints.

District Attorney Swann in a statement issued last night declared he had investigated the recent collection of money for the "War Babies Cradle" and said that forty-five checks of $10 each had been collected for which he said there had been no accounting. The District Attorney said that he had obtained the money from the solicitors and would forward it at once to the "cradle" fund.

LICENSE FOR ALL BAZAARS.

Aldermen Make Charity Promoters Answerable for Receipts.

The Aldermen yesterday upon recommendation of its Committee on General Welfare unanimously adopted the amendment to the city ordinances, introduced by President Frank L. Dowling, providing that the holders of all fairs, bazaars, or entertainments given in the name of charity hereafter must obtain a license from the Department of Licenses for which they must pay a nominal sum and be under the control of and make a report to the department.

Not only must a license be obtained but financial statements and other safeguards are required. The amount paid to managers or solicitors in salaries or commissions must be made public, so that contributors will be under no misapprehensions as to where the money is going. The ordinance carries a penalty for its violation of six months' imprisonment or a fine of $250 or both.

THANKSGIVING WEDDINGS.

Misses Marion Cleveland and Gertrude F. Dowling to be Brides.

Several weddings are to take place on Thanksgiving Day.

Miss Marion Cleveland, daughter of the late President Grover Cleveland, and William Stanley Dell of this city are to be married tomorrow at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Thomas Jex Preston, at Princeton, N. J. Mr. Dell is a newspaper man, and last Spring returned from France, where he served for a time with the American Ambulance Corps. His father is William Amos Dell, now residing in Switzerland.

The marriage of Miss Gertrude F. Dowling, daughter of Frank L. Dowling, President of the Board of Aldermen, and Mrs. Dowling, and Harold P. Hall, son of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Hall of the Bronx, will be celebrated tomorrow at 12:30 o'clock in the Roman Catholic Church of St. Columba, in West Twenty-fifth Street.

WED TO BRITISH CAPTAIN.

Miss Gladys Conquest Married Longford L. Welman in Paris.

Word has just been received here of the marriage on Nov. 7 at the American Church in Paris, France, of Miss Gladys Conquest, a daughter of Mrs. C. E. W. Conquest of Philadelphia, to Captain Longford L. Welman of the Middlesex Regiment, British Army, the Rev. Dr. Goodrich performing the ceremony.

Miss Conquest, with her mother and her brother, Robert F. W. Conquest, were abroad when the war began and remained there. Miss Conquest has been doing work in a convalescent hospital for the last six months, and her brother served for a year in the American Ambulance Field Service.

MISS HELEN BURROWS WEDS.

The Bride of Alver H. Ives in St. Agnes's Chapel—The Attendants.

The marriage of Miss Helen Hampton Burrows, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Webster Burrows of 360 Riverside Drive, and Alver Homer Ives, took place at 8 o'clock last evening in St. Agnes's Chapel, the Rev. William W. Bellinger officiating.

The bride wore a gown of white satin and net embroidered with pearls, and a court train of satin and silver cloth. She carried a shower bouquet of white orchids and lilies of the valley.

Mrs. Robert Schur was the matron of honor, and the Misses Amelia Lunstedt and Elsie Peckham were the bridesmaids.

Dr. Henry T. Chickering of the Rockefeller Institute Hospital was best man, and William F. Lowe, Edward Crowe, Robert P. Schur, and Caspar F. Black were the ushers.

A large reception followed in the ballroom of the Hotel Gotham.

Wed to the Rev. Henry Macbeth.

The marriage of Miss Adelaide M. Mansfield of Bethel, Conn., to the Rev. Henry Macbeth, rector of St. Paul's Church, Tivoli, N. Y., was celebrated at 1:30 o'clock yesterday in Grace Church. The Right Rev. E. C. Acheson, D. D., Suffragan Bishop of Connecticut, and a friend of the bridegroom, officiated. There were no bridal attendants, and only the nearest relatives and friends attended the wedding. The couple will reside in Tivoli.

Porter-Knox.

E. Erskine Porter of Brooklyn, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Porter, was married yesterday at noon to Miss Eloise Bennett Knox of Savannah, Ga., at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hilton Knox in Savannah. The Rev. W. T. Dakin officiated. Miss Valencia Knox was her sister's maid of honor, and Ira M. Dempsey of Johnstown, Penn., acted as best man.

Today's Weddings.

The marriage of Miss Angeline J. Krech, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin W. Krech, and Oliver Burr James, son of Dr. Walter B. James and Mrs. James, will take place at 4 o'clock in St. Bartholomew's Church.

Miss Julia Swift Gilbert, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cass Gilbert, and Charles Morgan Post, a son of Mrs. Stephen R. Post, are to be married in the Church of the Incarnation, Madison Avenue and Thirty-fifth Street, at 4 o'clock.

Miss Gertrude Channing Livingston, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Duane Livingston, and Henry Crocker Kittredge, son of Professor George L. Kittredge and Mrs. Kittredge of Cambridge, Mass., will be married at 3 o'clock in the Chantry of Grace Church.

Miss Helen L. Steele, daughter of Captain Theophilus Steele, U. S. A., and Ben Johnson Breckinridge, a Second Lieutenant in the United States Army, and a grandson of John C. Breckinridge, Vice President under James Buchanan, will celebrate their wedding in the Fourth Presbyterian Church.

DUTTON'S

A large and unusual assortment of Bibles and Prayer Books

681 Fifth Ave., opp. St. Thomas' Church

ANTIS NOW TO FIGHT NATIONAL SUFFRAGE

State Organization Temporarily Drops Its Plan for a Loyalty League.

MAY SELECT A NEW LEADER

Determines on a More Vigorous Campaign Than Was Made on the State Issue.

Instead of converting themselves into a loyalty league to fight pro-Germanism, the State anti-suffragists yesterday turned their organization into a body to war on the Federal suffrage amendment. The refusal of the suffragists to abandon the whole question and "fight the war," it was explained, had led their opponents to change their plans.

To reinforce the women's organization, which will be known as the "State Committee of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage," there also is to be an organization of men. The Man-Suffrage Association Opposed to Political Suffrage for Women, under the leadership of Everett P. Wheeler, has resolved to convert itself into a body to battle against the national amendment.

In altering their plans for the immediate future, the anti-suffragists, it was said yesterday, had not abandoned their prospective loyalty league, but simply would hold the project in abeyance for the time being. At yesterday's meeting, at 280 Madison Avenue, at which the decision to alter the plans of the organization was reached, a committee of three was appointed to represent the new body at the national convention to be held in Washington on the same days in December as the national gathering of the suffragists. Miss Mary G. Kilbreth, Mrs. John F. Maynard, and Mrs. A. M. Banca were selected as the members of the committee.

The change in the antis' plans probably is to involve a change in leadership. Miss Alice Hill Chittenden, long the head of the State body, it was announced had determined to retire from active participation in the new campaign. Miss Kilbreth was appointed head of the committee to arrange the details of the change, while Miss Chittenden will look after the legal steps incident to changing the corporate name. Miss Chittenden and others prominent in the movement yesterday urged Miss Kilbreth as the logical new leader. Miss Kilbreth, however, said yesterday that she would not head the organization.

In discussing yesterday the lines on which the new body would wage its fight, Miss Kilbreth said she believed the most important task was the education of "the man in the street" to a full understanding of exactly what abandonment of states' right suffrage meant. She felt certain if voters once grasped the full significance of such a surrender of what she called fundamental American government principles, they would reject the suffragists' propaganda for radical constitutional revision. A minor, but none the less a strongly emphasized note in the campaign, she said, would be the inappropriateness of interjecting the suffrage issue into the forthcoming war session of a Congress beset with Government business of unprecedented importance to the nation and to the world.

In addressing the meeting of the Anti Suffragists yesterday Miss Chittenden, in urging the course which subsequently was followed, said:

"In this last appeal which I shall probably ever make to you as a body of women, I beg you not to be slackers, especially in this hour of our country's greatest need, but to live up to the full measure of your responsibility as voting citizens. The Socialist women will vote in large numbers, and the pacifist woman, who did not raise her boy to be a soldier, will vote, and their votes must be offset by the votes of the women who put loyalty to their Government in the prosecution of this war above everything else at the present moment, because they realize that this war is being fought to upbold the same principles of free government for which the 'embattled farmers fired the shot heard around the world!'"

SUFFRAGE PICKETS FREED FROM PRISON

Twenty-two Hunger Strikers Get Out, but Nine Others Stay in Washington Jail.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Twenty-two militant suffrage pickets, most of them hunger-strikers, serving terms varying from fifteen days to seven months, were released from the District Jail late this afternoon. No reason for their release was given by the jail authorities other than that it was by the order of Alexander R. Mullowney, the Police Court Judge who sentenced them.

Miss Alice Paul, leader of the pickets, who was serving seven months, was the first to be released. Mrs. Lawrence Lewis of Philadelphia, Miss Lucy Burns of Washington, Miss Kate Heffelfinger of Shamokin, Penn., and Miss Rose Winslow of New York, all of whom had seven-month sentences, were among those released. Miss Paul, who had been on a hunger strike for twenty-two days, was very pale and thin. When she reached suffrage headquarters at Cameron House she said:

"We are put out of jail as we were put into jail, at the whim of the Government. They tried to terrorize and suppress us. They could not, and so freed us. The Administration has found that it dare not imprison American women for asking a share in the democracy for which we are fighting abroad. Our prisoners in Occoquan were released from that institution last Saturday on the court ruling that they were illegally and lawlessly confined. The action of the Judge in commuting our sentence today acknowledges it was unjust, arbitrary, and a gross discrimination made in an attempt to suppress legitimate propaganda, an attempt which failed.

"Twenty-two of us are out, but nine are unjustly imprisoned. Those of us who hunger-struck were freed. The others were not. These, too, must be released before the Government's conscience is clear."

Asked when they would picket again, Miss Paul said:

"We hope that no more demonstrations will be necessary, that the amendment will run steadily on to passage and ratification, without further suffering. But what we do depends on what the Administration does. We have one aim: The immediate passage of the Federal amendment. As for picketing, we are well pleased at what it has accomplished."

Among the pickets released were:

Miss Agnes Morey, thirty days, Boston.
Miss Cornelia Whitcomb, thirty days, Worcester, Mass.
Miss Julia Emory, Baltimore.
Miss Paula Jacobi, thirty days, New York.
Miss Lou Daniels, fifteen days, Boston.
Mrs. L. H. Hornsby, thirty days, New York.
Miss Catherine Lincoln, thirty days, Philadelphia.
Miss Elizabeth McShane, thirty days, Philadelphia.
Mrs. P. B. Johns, thirty days, New York.
Miss Alice Gram, thirty days, Portland, Ore.
Miss Betty Gram, thirty days, Portland, Ore.
Miss Matilda Young, fifteen days, District of Columbia.
Mrs. Alice Cosu, thirty days, New Orleans.
Miss Hattie Kruger, thirty days, Buffalo.
Mrs. Kate Stafford, thirty days, Oklahoma City.
Miss Belle Sheinberg, thirty days, New York.
Miss Minnie Hennessy, seven months, Hartford, Conn.

The suffrage pickets still in jail include Miss Maude Jamison, seven months, Norfolk, Va.; Mrs. C. T. Robertson, thirty days, Salt Lake City; Mrs. R. B. Quay, thirty days, Salt Lake City; Miss Amy Jungling, thirty days, Buffalo; Mrs. George Scott, thirty days, Montclair, N. J.; Miss Dorothy Day, thirty days, New York; Miss Ella Findelsen, thirty days, Lawrence, Mass., and Miss Hilda Blumborg, fifteen days, New York.

AMERICANS LIONIZE WAR CROSS WINNERS

Ceremony of Presentation Followed by Rush to Congratulate the 15 Men Honored.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Monday, Nov. 26.—(Associated Press.)—An impressive ceremony marked the presentation today of the French War Cross to the fifteen American soldiers who withstood the first German raid on the Americans early this month.

It was late in the afternoon when the regiment, to which the company that suffered the casualties is attached, marched to the top of a big grassy hill. There, under skies threatening rain and with the cold, wintry wind blowing, the men formed three sides of a hollow square. At the base of the square the regimental colors and the Stars and Stripes cracked in the wind.

The regiment was called to attention as the General commanding came up and took his position in the open side of the square. The General first read the citation for the whole company, which was standing near the colors, breaches in the ranks showing where the men now in hospitals or prisoners in Germany had formerly stood. He congratulated the company, saying:

"Occasions arise frequently in war, and will arise frequently again, where clear-headed coolness and courage are necessary. This company behaved on one occasion as it was expected to do and as every other company of American soldiers is expected to do under similar circumstances. The French General commanding the sector considers these men have earned War Crosses and I here deliver them and the citations.

"You must understand that you must not wear them, but must keep them in your possession until Congress authorizes the wearing of them."

The General then presented the company's citation and Cross to the Lieutenant commanding Next the three lieutenants stepped from their positions, saluted and received their individual crosses. The General congratulated each. Next the non-commissioned officers and men marched up, were congratulated on receiving the honor and then returned to their places in the ranks.

The company Lieutenant received the Cross and citation for a corporal who was unable to leave the hospital because of a severe wound. To the regimental Colonel the General entrusted the decorations awarded to the three men killed in the raid, asking him to see that they were sent to the next-of-kin in the United States.

As the regimental band played "The Star-Spangled Banner," the regiment came briskly to the salute, remaining in that position until the last notes had been borne away across the valley by the wind. The regiment then marched back to the nearby town where it is billeted, seemingly with just a little more snap in every step. The men who had in their pockets the coveted French decoration, which is awarded only for heroic deeds in the face of the enemy, wore broad smiles of satisfaction.

If there was any man in the regiment who did not go to the tents of the honored company to shake the hands of the decorated comrades, it was because he had urgent duties elsewhere requiring immediate attention. The soldiers several times tried to evade the congratulations of their comrades and two of the younger ones who got the War Cross actually blushed when the press of admiring friends became too great around them.

Red Cross Supplies Reach Rumania.

PETROGRAD, Sunday, Nov. 25.—The American Red Cross relief train arrived at Jassy, Rumania, on Nov. 18. It consisted of fifty-five cars of hospital supplies and foodstuffs from America.

HOWLAND TRUST ALLOTTED.

Estate of Hetty Green's Aunt to be Divided Among 45 Heirs.

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—The full bench of the Supreme Court ruled that the Silvia Ann Howland trust fund, amounting to $1,000,000, in which Mrs. Hetty Green had a life interest, should be divided into forty-five parts for distribution among the heirs. By his order three grandchildren of Gideon Howland will each receive one part, and the remainder will be divided among the more remote of the 437 claimants.

Arguments in the case were heard recently at Taunton, certain of the heirs contending for a division of the estate into eleven parts, to correspond with the number of Gideon Howland's children. Under the plan as ordered by the court today, it is to be divided on the basis of the number of grandchildren, living and dead. The heirs concerned reside in thirty-three States, Hawaii, Canada, England, and France.

The property constituted the residuary estate of Sylvia Ann Howland of New Bedford, who died in 1865. Mrs. Green was a niece. Mrs. Howland's will provided that after the expiration of Mrs. Green's interest, the estate should pass to the lineal descendants of her grandfather, Gideon Howland of Dartmouth.

GAVIT LEAVES THE POST.

Resigns as Managing Editor to Join Harper & Brothers.

John Palmer Gavit, for four years managing editor of The Evening Post, announced yesterday that on Jan. 1 he would become associated with Harper & Brothers. Mr. Gavit will be a Director of the Harper organization, and will devote his attention both to the magazine and to books.

"I leave the active service of The Evening Post with a reluctance and a regret that it would be impossible to exaggerate," said Mr. Gavit yesterday. "Reasons of a strictly personal character, of interest only to myself and my family, make it imperative for me to retire from the daily newspaper business; otherwise, nothing that I can imagine would have induced me to leave The Evening Post."

Mr. Gavit will continue as a member of the Board of Trustees of The Evening Post.

Dance for Soldiers' Club Canteen.

A dance for the benefit of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home Club Canteen, given under the auspices of the National Special Aid Society, was held last night at Dodworth's, 12 East Forty-ninth Street. There were about 200 present. The patronesses included Mrs. John Purroy Mitchel, Mrs. Junius Morgan, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. J. Stewart Barney, Mrs. Edward R. Stettinius, Mrs. Harold Pratt, Mrs. Henry Sanford, Mrs. J. Nelson Shreve, and Mrs. Devereux Milburn.

"Big Six" Gives a Ball Tonight.

The sixty-eighth annual ball of Typographical Union No. 6, which is known in the printing trade all over the United States as "Big Six," will be held tonight at Sulzer's Harlem Casino. The proceeds, as usual, will be devoted to the hospital fund of the union.

An Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges the receipt of $3 from W. B. Thomas for a poor family for whom the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities appealed.

1,000 GREET BARUCHS AT GOLDEN WEDDING

President Wilson Sends Basket of Chrysanthemums to Dr. and Mrs. Simon Baruch.

GIFTS REFLECT THEIR WORK

Four Sons, with Wives and Children, in Family Group at Sherry's —National Anthem Played.

Dr. and Mrs. Simon Baruch of 51 West Seventieth Street celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding last night with a large reception at Sherry's, more than a thousand guests attending. They stood on a dais on the south side of the large ballroom, in front of a basket of immense golden wedding chrysanthemums, sent by President Wilson, and received their relatives and friends, who began to arrive at 9 o'clock. Mrs. Baruch wore a trailing gown of white and gold brocaded satin and chiffon, with diamond ornaments.

The entire ballroom suite was used, and the ballroom was massed with thousands of yellow chrysanthemums, some of them in huge baskets sent by various organizations, for Mrs. Baruch is prominent in women's clubs.

Receiving with Dr. and Mrs. Baruch were their four sons, with their wives, including Bernard M. Baruch, appointed by the President as a member of the Advisory Committee of the Council of National Defense, and Mrs. Baruch; Dr. and Mrs. Herman B. Baruch, Mr. and Mrs. Hartwig N. Baruch, and Mr. and Mrs. Sailing W. Baruch. Eight of their nine grandchildren were also in the family group.

When the guests had all assembled the orchestra played "The Star-Spangled Banner," after which selections of patriotic and old-time songs were sung by a trio. Later, a buffet collation was served in the rooms adjoining at small tables. On the buffet table a small fountain sparkled in a golden light.

Many gifts were received by Dr. and Mrs. Baruch, which were displayed at their home in West Seventieth Street. Among them was a gold replica of the tablet placed by the municipal authorities a few weeks ago at the Rivington Street bath, commemorating his work in obtaining the bath, which bears his name, he being the first man in the United States to introduce municipal baths. Also a gold loving cup from the Charity Hospital which Bernard M. Baruch presented several years ago to the City of Camden, S. C., in honor of his father, who lived there before the civil war, and an illuminated address from the Directors of the Montefiore Home and Hospital, of which Dr. Baruch was one of the founders.

Mrs. Baruch, as Regent of the Knickerbocker Chapter of the D. A. R. and President of the Southland Club, received many floral offerings. She is also Vice President of the Minerva Club and former Vice President of the Eclectic Club.

Dr. and Mrs. Baruch were married in 1867. Mrs. Baruch was formerly Miss Isabel Wolfe of Winnsboro, S. C. The South has always claimed Dr. Baruch, although he has lived here since 1881, because of his long residence there, and the fact that he served as a surgeon in the field with General Robert E. Lee's army. He was born in Schwersenz, Germany, on July 29, 1840.

He is known widely through his writings and lectures and as a consulting specialist in chronic diseases. In 1888 he diagnosed the first recorded case of perforating appendicitis successfully operated on, and was formerly Professor of Hydrotherapy at the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

Among the guests were Emile de Cartier de Marchienne, the Belgian Minister; Borough President of Manhattan and Mrs. Marcus M. Marks, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Vogel, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Straus, Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Schwab, Mr. and Mrs. Felix M. Warburg, Adolph Lewisohn, the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise, and Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff.

The Rev. Dr. John D. Whitney.

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—The Rev. John D. Whitney, former President of Georgetown University at Washington and prominent in the Jesuit Order, died today at the Faculty House of Boston College. He was on leave of absence from Loyola College, Baltimore, having been in failing health for more than a year. For several years prior to his service at Baltimore, he was Treasurer of Boston College. He was a native of Nantucket.

Herman Vogel.

Herman Vogel of the banking firm of Schefer, Schramm and Vogel died yesterday at his residence, Tuxedo Park. Mr. Vogel was born in Switzerland in 1854 and came to this country as the agent of Swiss silk manufacturers in 1876. In 1888 he became a member of the firm of Schefer, Schramm and Vogel.

Professor Edward Hull, Geologist.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Professor Edward Hull, well-known English geologist, died here, according to an announcement made today. He was born in Ireland in 1829. In 1883 he was the leader of a scientific expedition to Arabia and Palestine.

Jameson to be Buried Beside Rhodes

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The body of Sir Leander Starr Jameson, associate of Cecil Rhodes and leader of the Jameson raid, who died yesterday in London, will be sent to Bulawayo, British South Africa, for interment. It will be buried beside the body of Mr. Rhodes.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. JANE STEVENSON FOWLER, wife of W. G. Fowler and a daughter of Charles F. Stevenson, died on Sunday at her home, 2,107 Regent Place, Brooklyn, aged 67 years.

WARD PHILLIPS, an insurance broker in Manhattan and a resident of Brooklyn for half a century, died in his sixty-fifth year on Monday at his home, 810 Prospect Place, Brooklyn. He was a Mason and Royal Arcanumite and a member of the Invincible Club.

PHILIP L. ORTH, 60 years old, for many years in the employ of Browning, King & Co., died from heart disease on Sunday at his home, 180 Weirfield Street, Brooklyn. He was unmarried.

Mrs. JANE DAVIS MILLS, widow of Daniel D. Mills, who was in the railroad business in the West, died on Monday at the home of her daughter, 1,075 East Seventeenth Street, Flatbush, aged 73 years. She was born in Cornwall, England, and left three sons and a daughter.

Mrs. LUCY FLINT HENRY GUERTIN, widow of Pierre A. Guertin, a retired dry goods merchant of this city, died on Monday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George D. Provost, in The Wyoming, Seventh Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street, in her eightieth year. Mrs. Guertin was a descendant of Patrick Henry and formerly for many years lived in Brooklyn, where she was active in church work. Her husband, who died five years ago, was formerly a member of the firm of Tefft, Weller & Co.

JOHN S. HOVELL, a civil war veteran and retired letter-carrier, died on Sunday. Mr. Hovell was born in Brooklyn seventy-four years ago and during the war served with the 159th Regiment of New York Volunteers. He was a member of Tefft-Odell Post, No. 443, G. A. R., and Crystal Wave Lodge, No. 638, F. and A. M.

EDWARD STANLEY ROBINSON, 50 years old, a manufacturering chemist with a plant in Brooklyn, died at his home in Kew Gardens, L. I., on Sunday.

GEORGE B. McCRACKEN, 77 years old, died suddenly yesterday at his home in Dover, N. J. He had served as Mayor and Postmaster.

Former Postmaster JOHN H. SMITH of Monroe, N. J., died yesterday. He was 79 years old.

The Rev. MARION CROSLEY, retired minister of the Universalist Church, died near Minneapolis yesterday.

WILLIAM FRANCIS LAY, an inventor, of Boston died suddenly in Bridgeport, Conn., yesterday. He was 55 years old.

SOLOMON H. STANGER, former State Senator of New Jersey, died on Monday at his home in Glassboro, N. J. He was born there in 1836.

Miss ELLEN T. AHERN, for many years Principal of Public School 130, and for more than fifty years a public school teacher in this city, died at her home, 243 East 116th Street, on Monday.

JAMES ARTHUR ESLOW, former general manager of the Universal Film Company for the New England States, died in Grand Rapids, Mich., last night.

JOHN R. PILLING, for many years a prominent knit goods manufacturer, died yesterday at his home in Cohoes, N. Y. He was 87 years old.

The Rev. James Avery Skinner.

The Rev. James Avery Skinner, who had devoted sixty-five years in the ministry, died in St. Luke's Hospital on Sunday from pneumonia. He was 82 years old and lived at 796 East 166th Street, the Bronx. Mr. Skinner was born in Oswego County, N. Y., and was graduated from Hamilton College and the Union Theological Seminary. After his ordination in the Presbytery of New York, in 1862, he went to Santa Clara, Cal., where he organized the Westminster Presbyterian Church. In 1888, Mr. Skinner was ordained to the priesthood of the Protestant Episcopal Church and then for several years served as missionary and assistant rector of churches in Long Island and Brooklyn. For the last several years, Mr. Skinner had been missionary in charge of the chapels of the Atonement, the Good Shepherd, and Emmanuel, in the Bronx. Mr. Skinner was a member of Montauk Lodge, No. 286, F. and A. M., of Brooklyn of which he was for several years chaplain.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

DURAR—WATSON.—Mr. and Mrs. Alexander J. Watson, Plainfield, N. J., announce the marriage of their daughter, Dorothy L., to Corporal Leih Huston Durar, U.S.A.

LA FARGE—OSBORN.—On Nov. 26, at Grace Church, New York City, Margaret Grant, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Grant La Farge, to Lieut. William Henry Osborn, Rev. Dr. Charles L. Slattery and Rev. Dr. E. Clowes Chorley officiating.

MACBETH—MANSFIELD.—At Grace Church, New York City, Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, by the Rt. Rev. E. C. Acheson, D. D., Suffragan Bishop of Connecticut, Adelaide M. Mansfield of Bethel, Conn., to the Rev. Henry Macbeth, rector of St. Paul's Church, Tivoli, N. Y.

PARSONS—LOCKWOOD.—On Saturday, Nov. 24, at Holy Trinity Rectory, Philadelphia, Penn., Miss Jane Lockwood of New York City to Captain De Witt H. Parsons, O. R. C., of Binghamton, N. Y.

WATEROUS—BAUER.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Bauer announce the marriage of their daughter, Dorothy Edna, to Mr. Herbert Lake Waterous, Jr., on Nov. 26, 1917, at Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.

WELMAN—CONQUEST.—On Nov. 7, at the American Church, Rue de Berri, Paris, France, by the Rev. Dr. Goodrich, Gladys, daughter of Mrs. C. Westcott Conquest, to Captain Longford L. Welman, Middlesex Regt. Philadelphia papers please copy.

Died.

AHERN.—On Nov. 26, 1917, at her residence, 243 East 116th St., Ellen T. Ahern, formerly Principal of Public School 130, New York City; beloved sister of Sarah A. Ahern and the late Mrs. James McCafferty. Funeral on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Paul's Church, East 117th St., where solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment Calvary.

BAILHACHE.—Tuesday, Nov. 27, Mary Goodwin, beloved wife of Preston H. Bailhache, Surgeon U. S. Public Health Service, at her home, 27 Townsend Av., Clifton. Funeral from St. John's Church, Clifton, S. I., 2.30 P. M. Friday, the 30th inst. Friends will kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

BLUHM.—Ernestine, (nee Herrman,) on Tuesday, Nov. 27, beloved mother of Leo Julius, Philip, and Louis, at her residence, 817 West End Av. Funeral from her late residence, Thursday, Nov. 29, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Salem Fields. Kindly omit flowers.

BOSE.—Herman, Jr., beloved son of Herman Bose, suddenly, at U. S. Naval Aero Station, Pensacola, Fla. Funeral from Funeral Parlor, 874 Lexington Av., near 65th St., on Thursday, Nov. 29, at 10 A. M.

BRAUN.—August, suddenly, on Nov. 26, beloved husband of Josephine Braun and father of August Braun, Jr., Herman P. Braun, and Josephine Hinzel, aged 85 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 316 East 6th St., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 8 P. M. Amity Lodge, 323, F. and A. M., and Arion Society are invited.

BRITT.—On Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, Ellen A. Britt, widow of the late John J. Britt and mother of T. Louis A. Britt and of the late John Gabriel Britt. Funeral from her late residence, 453 East 57th St., New York City, Friday, Nov. 30, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass Church of St. John the Evangelist, 55th St. and 1st Av., New York City, 10 A. M.

BROOKS.—Suddenly, at Red Bank, N. J., on Monday, Nov. 26, Mary E., widow of Charles H. Brooks, in her 76th year. Funeral services on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 2 P. M., at the residence of her son, 340 West 86th St., New York City. Interment private.

BURNS.—Mrs. Cathrine Burns passed away at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Joseph Mitchell, 600 West 186th St. Burial, Binghamton, N. Y., Nov. 30.

DAVIS.—Members of the Hungarian Society of New York will please attend the funeral of Brother Morris Davis. The funeral will be from 522 East 147th St., Thursday, Nov. 29, 10 A. M. Interment Union Field Cemetery.
DAVID FRIEDMANN, President.
J. BIRNBAUM, Secretary.

DEVINE.—On Nov. 27, 1917, Thomas J., beloved husband of Mary Kirk and father of Thomas P. and Stephen J. Funeral from his late residence, 11½ West 63d St., on Thursday at 8:30 A. M. Requiem mass St. Patrick's Cathedral, 9 A. M. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

FARRINGTON.—At Elizabeth, N. J., Nov. 27, 1917, William H. Farrington, aged 79 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,099 Mary St., Elizabeth, N. J., Wednesday evening, Nov. 28, 1917, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

FIELD.—At Milton, Mass., Nov. 25, James Bates Field, son of William L. W. and Rebecca Swift (Gill) Field, aged 14 years; burial private. Memorial service in the First Congregational (Unitarian) Church, Milton, on Monday, Dec. 3, at 3 P. M. In view of the great causes needing support at the present time, it is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent to the service.

FINNEY.—Harriet, at West New Brighton, S. I., Nov. 27. Notice of funeral later.

FRASER.—Graduate of Northwestern University, suddenly, on Nov. 25, Florence E., daughter of Annie W. and John W. Fraser, Sergeant of Second Branch Detective Bureau. Funeral from her late residence, 1,187 Clay Av., Bronx, Wednesday, 10 A. M. Services at St. George's Episcopal Church, 219th St. and White Plains Av., Williamsbridge. Interment Woodlawn. Chicago and Evanston papers please copy.

GIBSON.—Suddenly, at East Orange, N. J., on Sunday, Nov. 25, 1917, George Rodney, husband of Mary V. Gibson. Funeral services at his late home, 109 South Munn Av., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 3 P. M., on arrival of train leaving Hoboken, D., L. & W. R. R., at 1:5L. Kindly omit flowers.

GUERTIN.—Lucy Henry, widow of Pierre A. Guertin, in her 80th year. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. George D. Provost, The Wyoming, 7th Av. and 55th St., New York, on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

GUTHRIE.—Florence Hannah, 433 80th St., Brooklyn, Nov. 27. Funeral Nov. 28, 2:30 P. M.

HAHN.—Katherine A., beloved wife of A. B. W. Hahn, on Nov. 27. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 191 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 8:30 P. M. Interment at Baltimore.

HOFFMAN.—On Nov. 24, at Cleveland, Ohio, Elsa, wife of Charles F. Hoffman of New York. Burial services at 851 Amsterdam Av., near 102d St., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 10:30 A. M.

JACOB.—Himan, after a brief illness, beloved husband of Rosalia Jacob and devoted father of Moses, Ike, Emanuel, and Ben, Eva Phillips, Tillie Warsher, and Jennie Pleyer. Funeral services at Temple Rodeph Sholom, 63d St. and Lexington Av., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, at 1:30 P. M. Interment at Linden Hill Cemetery, Brooklyn, N. Y.

JONES.—On Nov. 27, Mary A., widow of Charles Jones and dearly beloved mother of Mary, Emily, and Frederick Vincent Jones. Funeral from her late residence, 53 West 51st St., Friday, 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Patrick's Cathedral, where mass of requiem will be offered at 10 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

KAISER.—Salli, on Nov. 27, beloved husband of Dora (nee Mayer) and father of Leo Kaiser and Juliette Cahn. Funeral from his late residence, 558 East 158th St., (corner of Brook Av.,) Thursday morning at 10 o'clock sharp.

McDONALD.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, at Brooklyn, N. Y., Tuesday, Nov. 27, Harriet F., widow of James R. McDonald, in her 74th year. Funeral services at the residence of her son, 156 83d St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 8 P. M. Interment in Kensico Cemetery at convenience of family. Seattle papers please copy.

McDOUGALL.—At his home, 187 Buckingham Road, Yonkers, N. Y., on Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, George S. McDougall, in his 55th year. Funeral private, on Wednesday.

MANSFIELD.—On Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, Frank George Mansfield, son of Mrs. Lena Mansfield. Funeral services will be held at the home of his mother, 326 East 186th St., on Thursday, Nov. 29, at 8.15 P. M. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery on Friday, Nov. 30, at 2 P. M.

MATTHEWS.—Suddenly, on Monday, Nov. 26, 1917, Professor Franklin Matthews. Funeral services at his late residence, 427 Manor Av., Brooklyn Manor, Woodhaven, L. I., Wednesday evening, Nov. 28, at 8 P. M.

MORRISON.—Roger, formerly of Kingsbridge, N. Y., Tuesday, Nov. 27. Funeral from residence, 253 Pacific St., Jamaica, Thursday, 10 A. M.

NEWMAN.—Henrietta, (nee Lobenthal,) aged 59, wife of Charles, mother of Sam, Nannie, and Harold, Mrs. Lottie Frank, and Mrs. Rose Krasches. Funeral Thursday morning, Nov. 29, 12 o'clock, from her late residence, 965 Tiffany St., Bronx. Cleveland (Ohio) papers please copy.

RYAN.—At his home, 39 Maple Av., Stamford, Conn., Nov. 26, 1917, Edmund, son of the late John and Catherine Ryan. Solemn high funeral mass at St. Mary's Church, Stamford, Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 10 A. M. Interment Springdale Cemetery.

SALAT.—Max, on Tuesday, Nov. 27. Funeral service Thursday, Nov. 29, at 1 P. M., from late residence, 835 East 179th St.

SEAMAN.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, James A. Seaman. Funeral services at his late residence, 266 Hamilton Av., Richmond Hill, L. I., on Friday, Nov. 30, 1917, at 2:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

SMITH.—In Providence, R. I., on the 27th inst., Emma C., wife of the late Albert Waterman Smith. Funeral services Friday the 30th inst., at 2 P. M., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Harry M. Horten, 138 Angell St., Providence. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

THOMAS.—On Monday, Nov. 26, Elizabeth Thomas. Funeral services at the residence of her son-in-law, Frederick A. Spiock, 462 West 151st St., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 8 P. M.

ULLMAN.—Meyer, members of the Seligman Solomon Society alumni of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, are requested to attend the funeral services at funeral parlors, 127 West 116th St., Thursday, Nov. 29, at 2 P. M.
LOUIS FREUND, President.

VOGEL.—Suddenly, at his residence in Tuxedo Park, on Nov. 27, 1917, in his sixty-fourth year, Herman Vogel, beloved husband of Franc— Salamin Vogel. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WHITNEY.—Rosa Jennings Whitney, beloved wife of William J. Whitney, on Monday evening. Services will be held at 8 o'clock Thursday evening, Nov. 29, at her late residence, 1,092 Prospect Place, Brooklyn. Interment Friday at Woonsocket, R. I.

WIECHERS.—Suddenly, at Pittsburgh, Penn., Albert Cort Wiechers, beloved husband of Marion Wiechers (nee Whalen) and father of Albert Wiechers, Jr., in his 45th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 516 Clarkson Av., Flatbush, on Thursday, Nov. 29, at 8 P. M. Interment Friday morning, private.

WILLIAMS.—On Monday, Nov. 26, 1917, Edwin, beloved husband of Mamie Williams, at his residence, 285 West 150th St. Services Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock. Funeral at convenience of family.

BARDES.—Christian, Stapleton, S. I., Nov. 25. Funeral private.
BAUER.—Mary, 747 10th Av., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
CALDON.—Michael, 454 Grand St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
CARROLL.—Peter, 67 East 130th St., Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 11 A. M.
FANNING.—Catherine, 362 Bronx Park Av., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
FISTER.—Edward, Nov. 26, aged 75. Funeral 310 Willis Av.
GARGAN.—Joseph J., 112 East 122d St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.
GOETZL.—Mary, 206 East 115th St., Nov. 26, aged 64. Funeral today, 1 P. M.
GOODWIN.—Bernard, 224 West 142d St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
KETZ.—Elizabeth, 253 West 13th St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
KOHANL.—Augusta M., 255 West 114th St., Nov. 26.
LOGUE.—Walter J., 4,388 Broadway, Nov. 26. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
McINERNEY.—John, Nov. 26. Funeral 130 Greenwich Av. today, 10 A. M.
McNULTY.—Catherine, 4,535 Park Av., Nov. 26. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
MALLOY.—Anna, 518 West 152d St., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 8:45 A. M.
MULLEN.—Mary, 210 East 47th St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
MURPHY.—Mae, 340 Morris Av., Bronx, Nov. 26. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
PATTERSON.—Wallace C., 25 Abingdon Square, Nov. 26, aged 66. Funeral service today.
RICHARDS.—Catherine, 434 West 38th St., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
RUSSELL.—Margaret, 71 East End Av., Nov. 25, aged 35. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
SCHREIBER.—Mary, 501½ West 43d St., Nov. 26, aged 68. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
SCULLY.—Patrick, 380 East 140th St., Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
SLEATOR.—Mary P., 211 West 102d St., Nov. 26.
SPELLMAN.—Martin T., 405 East 81st St., Nov. 26. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
SULLIVAN.—Jeremiah J., 298 St. Ann's Av., Nov. 26. Funeral notice later.
VAN DUZER.—Mary A. V., Tompkinsville, S. I., Nov. 25. Funeral private.
WINTER.—Mathilda, 200 West 100th St., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
WITTE.—Theodore A., 402 East 25th St., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

Brooklyn.

AHEARN.—John J., 448 Warren St., Nov. 26. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
BARLOW.—George H., 27 Eldert St., Nov. 25.
DAVEY.—John F., 112 4th Av., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
DAVIS.—Nicholas H., 133 Herkimer St., Nov. 26, aged 88. Funeral private.
DE FREEST.—Estella I., 146 Jefferson Av., Nov. 27. Funeral Nov. 30.
HACKETT.—Thomas, 2,330 Tilden Av., Nov. 25, aged 40. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
HAWKINS.—Erastus W., 845 Putnam Av., Nov. 26. Funeral private.
HENKEL.—Otto, 645 Classon Av., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
HOVELL.—John S., Nov. 25. Funeral 882 Flatbush Av.
KOSMINSKY.—Barbetta, 307 Reid Av., Nov. 26. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
LENAHAN.—John, 1,863 67th St., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
MILLS.—Jane D., 1,075 East 7th St., Nov. 26, aged 78. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
ROESSIGER.—Elizabeth, 2,315 Madison St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
ROGERS.—Ellen, 408A Clinton St., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
SAMENFELD.—Julia, 122 Pennsylvania Av., Nov. 26, aged 63. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
SHEVILLE.—J. Benjamin, 238 East 31st St., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
WATERS.—Mary L., 22 Halsey St., Nov. 27, aged 62.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

CONSTERDINE.—Richard, Newark, Nov. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
DICKISSON.—Anna, 38 Walnut St., Newark, Nov. 26. Funeral tomorrow.
GEBAUER.—Oscar, Newark, Nov. 27. Funeral notice later.
GROVER.—Elizabeth B., 25 Osborne Terrace, Newark, Nov. 26. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.
HERHILY.—Hanora, 424 Hoboken St., West Hoboken, Nov. 25, aged 2.
KUNBERGER.—Carrie L., 98 Fleming Av., Newark, Nov. 26, aged 43.
MARKERT.—Regina, 3,434 Boulevard, Jersey City, Nov. 25. Funeral today, 8:45 A. M.
PENNINGTON.—Henrietta R., 32 Spruce St., Newark, Nov. 26.
PIERSON.—Elias, 180 Parker St., Newark, Nov. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
RONZONI.—Frank, 508 Smith St., West Hoboken, Nov. 24, aged 63. Funeral today.
SCHERER.—Katherine, 119 Franklin St., Jersey City, Nov. 25, aged 98.
SEIDENZAHL.—Freiderich, 604 Washington St., Hoboken, Nov. 25. Funeral tomorrow.
TOMPKINS.—Ruth, 46½ Plane St., Newark, Nov. 26.

Long Island.

BAIRD.—Minnie E., Deer Park, Nov. 25. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
BECKER.—Nellie, Woodhaven, Nov. 24, aged 34.
EAGAN.—Fluena, Ridgewood, Nov. 24.
EATON.—Sarah A., 116 Pembroke Place, Nov. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
ENDRESS.—John, Corona, Nov. 24, aged 42.
HAHN.—Ernestine, 744½ 11th Av., Astoria, Nov. 24.
HERMANN.—Frank A., Jamaica, Nov. 24, aged 24.
KARBACH.—Marie, Long Island City, Nov. 25, aged 83. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
MacNAIR.—Margaret M., 54 Hunts Point Av., Long Island City, Nov. 25, aged 68.
MANFIEDONIA.—Ida, 34 7th St., Long Island City, Nov. 24, aged 5.
NAVIN.—Bridget, 147 4th St., Long Island City, Nov. 24. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
WENGLER.—Elizabeth T., Ridgewood, Nov. 24, aged 2.
ZIMMINER.—Lizzie, Glendale, Nov. 24, aged 45.

In Memoriam.

NEW AMSTERDAM COUNCIL, NO. 217, Knights of Columbus.—Memorial mass for deceased members of the council will be held at the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, 60th St. and 9th Av., Nov. 29, 10 A. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

GRAY.—Edward, mass, St. Joseph's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.
MADDEN.—Elizabeth, mass, St. Rose of Lima's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.
STAPLETON.—Bridget, mass, St. Aloysius's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

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INSTRUCTION.

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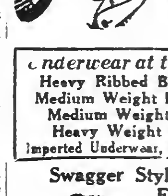

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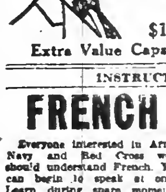

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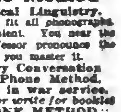

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RILEY AND HYDE EARN FINAL ROUND BRACKETS IN ANNUAL FALL SQUASH TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP

REACH FINAL ROUND OF SQUASH TOURNEY

A. W. Riley Will Meet F. Van S. Hyde Today—Exhibition Between Kinsella and Feron.

A. W. Riley, former Princeton Club squash tennis champion, but now playing from the Squash Club, and Fillmore Van S. Hyde, second in rank among the Harvard Club players, advanced to the final round of the annual Fall tournament at the Squash Club yesterday, the victories of each being registered in straight games. Riley, who was expected to have rather a hard time of it in advancing past the Harvard Club expert, J. W. Appel, succeeded in vanquishing his rival by rather a one-sided score of 15-5, 15-9. Hyde put a fellow Harvard Club player, J. Onatavia, out of the race with the score 15-5, 15-10.

The match between Riley and Appel was the centre of interest, for it was generally conceded that Hyde would have little difficulty in forcing the abdication from the tournament of Onatavia. Riley has for some time been a proficient wielder of the racquet, but he transcended his former skill in yesterday's contest. In his work there was a reflection of the style of play which has made Walter A. Kinsella the world's professional champion. Kinsella has been coaching Riley for some two months and Appel doubtless found his opponent a decidedly stronger rival than he had anticipated.

Appel's game is based largely on speed. He hits with great power at all times, but Riley met this attack without a tremor and made remarkable gets in the early stages of the conflict that presaged what was to be the eventual outcome of the match. Riley could not begin to match pace with his antagonist and fell back on a type of strategy which was finely developed to bring confusion to Appel's game. He changed pace in baffling manner and used the Kinsella passing shot to its full advantage. Then too he was more accurate in his stroking of the ball. He hit low, but seldom into the telltale and his corner shots were elusive.

The Harvard Club player, however, was far from being an easy victim. He fought determinedly for every point and the rallies were often long sustained until Riley's greater steadiness frequently decided the issue.

In the first game Appel was evidently taken by surprise by the swift rush of points that fell to Riley's play. In the second, however, he came more nearly to solving the game of his rival and the closeness of the contest is reflected in the score of 15-9.

Hyde was never pressed to display the full power of his game against Onatavia. Next to Winston, Hyde is probably the most adept and graceful squash tennis player hereabouts and it was evident from the start yesterday that the measure of his superiority over Onatavia was large.

The final round of the tournament will be played this afternoon. Following the match between Hyde and Riley, Walter A. Kinsella, the world's professional squash tennis champion, will play an exhibition match for the Red Cross against his old rival Stephen J. Feron, professional at Harvard, himself a former holder of the professional championships. Kinsella will allow Feron five aces in each game this afternoon.

YALE TRACK MEN REPORT.

Coach Mack Has Squad Preparing for Indoor Meets.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 27.—Yale athletes who are expected to try for places on the track and field team reported for the initial practice of the season yesterday. Coach Mack ordered all interested into the baseball cage and announced to the assembled candidates that there would be training every day excepting Sunday from now on until the mid-Winter holidays.

It is expected that those men who round to condition early will be entered in some of the Amateur Athletic Union indoor meets held in New York and Boston this Winter. It is almost certain that Yale will be represented in the annual meets of the Boston Athletic Association, the Meadowbrook A. C. of Philadelphia, and the New York A. C. games, provided the N. Y. A. C. holds a meet this season.

Coach Mack will give most of his attention to the development of hurdle and sprint men. Few veterans of any ability in these events have returned to the university this year. The coach made it known that the Winter work is important for track men, especially as it fits them for the outdoor season in the Spring and brings them to high efficiency more quickly.

Distance men will report, for the time being, to Coach Queal at the track house on Yale Field. Numerous races for these men will be held every few days.

TRACK MEET FOR SOLDIERS.

Camp Upton Athletes to Compete in N. Y. A. C. Games.

Officials of the New York Athletic Club announced last night that 5,000 soldiers from Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I., will compete in the club's set of track games to be held at the camp next Saturday. In preparation for this large turnout Paul Pilgrim of the Winged Foot organization is now at Yaphank attending to final arrangements for the meet. The day will be officially known as "New York Athletic Club Day," and promises to make one of the greatest days in the history of the camp. Assisting Pilgrim in the preparations for the meet are Frank Glick, the former Princeton athlete, who is civilian aid at the camp; Matthew P. Halpin, Chairman of the New York A. C. Athletic Committee, and Captain Arthur McAleenan of the New York A. C.

Eight events have been arranged, and in addition there will be a series of athletic exhibitions by prominent competitors of the New York A. C. The large number of entries will be decreased by the elimination process through a number of trials to be held before the day of the meet. The events are 100-yard dash, 75-yard equipment race, 60-yard rescue race, 220-yard hurdles and obstacle race, hand-grenade throwing contest, medicine ball race, flag relay race, and a four-mile cross-country run.

SIX-DAY CYCLISTS TRAIN.

Thirty Riders Get Into Condition for Race at Newark Velodrome.

Almost every one of the riders entered in the annual six-day bicycling race to be held in Madison Square Garden, beginning Sunday night at midnight, were training for the long grind over the Newark Velodrome track yesterday. Led by Frank Kramer, former sprint champion, and Oscar Egg, who are paired for the long grind, there were thirty riders busy at the same time. Kramer and Egg are expected to make a formidable team along with such contenders as Alfred Goullet and Jack Magin, Eddie Root and Peter Drobach, and Eddie Madden and Frank Corry.

It was Egg's first workout since his arrival from France Monday. The Swiss champion insists that he is in good condition and well able to stand the long grind. He has ridden in many long races in Europe during the last year. Bobby Walthour and Paul Suter, another foreigner who arrived with Egg, practiced together. They are to team in the race. Walthour rode with Suter over European tracks last Summer, and is well acquainted with his partner.

TENNIS LEAGUE ADVOCATED.

Kings County Members Advance Scheme to Keep Sport Alive.

With the idea of not only keeping alive but of stimulating interest in tennis even during the war period, it was proposed at the annual meeting of the Kings County Tennis Club, held last night at the home of Frank B. Ogilvie, President of the club, that a league of clubs be formed next season for the holding of week-end tournaments. The plan was first suggested by Charles Chambers, H. L. Westfall and Henry Mollenhauer, and was received enthusiastically at last night's meeting.

It was suggested that the following clubs, in addition to Kings County, would enter such a league as that proposed: The West Side Tennis Club, New York Athletic Club, Crescent Athletic Club, Montclair Athletic Club, University Heights Lawn Tennis Club, Terrace Club of Flatbush and Englewood Field Club.

The retiring members of the Board of Directors, Charles Chambers, A. A. Leverich and Jesse Fuller, advocated that the club cultivate the game of tennis among junior members, and that many special tournaments for them be held during the year.

There was no change in the officers of the club, all of the present incumbents being re-elected. The officers are: President, Frank B. Ogilvie; Vice President, Arthur J. Murphy; Secretary, J. W. Anderson, and Treasurer, Augustus R. Platt. Three changes will be made in the Board of Governors. H. L. Westfall, recent winner of the club championship; H. J. Morganthaler and Harry Lewis were elected to fill the places now occupied by A. A. Leverich, Jesse Fuller and Charles Chambers.

SUMMON BOXING OFFICIALS.

Fighters Also Called to Answer for Bouts at New Polo A. A.

Magistrate Ten Eyck, in the Harlem Police Court yesterday, issued seven summonses for the officials of the New Polo A. A. of Harlem and the boxers who took part in bouts at the club last Friday night. It is alleged in the complaint that those for whom summonses were issued promoted and engaged in boxing exhibitions in defiance of the law prohibiting such exhibitions. The summonses were made returnable on Friday. The affidavits on which they were issued were sworn to by Police Lieutenant Butler and four detectives from the Fourth Inspection District, acting under instructions from Inspector Morris.

The bouts last Friday night were the first that the officials of the New Polo A. A. have held since the Frawley law was annulled. They were carried on under the membership plan. The police officers in their complaint say that they were permitted to enter the club and witness the exhibitions after signing application blanks for membership in the organization and paying a nominal initiation fee.

On Friday also the case of the officials of the Broadway Sporting Club of Brooklyn will be called in the Gates Avenue Court before Magistrate Howard Nash. Both cases are similar and upon the decisions in each will depend the future of boxing in this city.

RICH PRIZES FOR BOXERS.

City A. C. to Give Diamond Rings to Amateur Winners.

Some of the best pries ever offered in a local amateur boxing tournament are to be distributed by the officials of the City Athletic Club of West Fifty-fourth Street in the club's nex amateur tournament to be held on Dec. 11 and 13. To the successful boxers and those beaten in the final bouts in each class will go diamond rings, while safety razors will be distributed among the losing contestants in the semi-final bouts. A scarf pin will also go to every non-prize winner who weighs in and competes, and a point trophy has been donated to be presented to the club having the largest number of entries. Competition will be held in five classes.

NEWS OF ATHLETICS.

Hannes Kolehmainen, the veteran Finnish distance runner, is expected to start in the tenth annual Berwick modified marathon race which will be held tomorrow at Berwick, Penn. Kolehmainen has won the event two years in succession, but is promised stiffer opposition this year with Jimmy Henigan, the Boston runner, who recently won the senior national A. A. U. title; Clifton Horne, another Hub athlete; Juan Routzo, the Indian runner of Carlisle; Terry Halping, the local distance runner, and several other stars.

A field of about thirty harriers is expected to start in the tenth annual Yonkers marathon, through streets and roads of Yonkers, tomorrow. Officials of the race are hopeful that Villar Kyronen, the Finnish runner of the Millrose A. A., who won the event last year, will be among the starters. Already twenty-eight names have been received. The race will be twenty-five miles.

The Meadowbrook Club of Philadelphia will conduct its annual five-mile race tomorrow, and indications point to a large number of athletes competing in the run, with a representation of harriers from the metropolitan district. Another event tomorrow which is expected to attract its quota of entries among the local athletes is the Orange County championship. This race will be conducted over a course from Goshen to Middletown.

Officials of the Morningside A. C. are enthusiastic over the prospects of success attending their army and navy road run which will be held Sunday. Already fifteen entries have been received from the soldier athletes of Camp Dix, at Wrightstown, N. J., and there is every indication that the race will attract entries from Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I.; Forts Wadsworth and Hamilton, and the United States Army Ambulance Corps at Allentown, Penn.

Dates have been announced for four sets of indoor games. The Millrose A. A. will hold its annual indoor carnival on Jan. 23, and then will come the John Wanamaker Commercial Institute games, Meadowbrook Club games, and the senior national A. A. U. indoor championships. The latter competitions are usually held on the third Saturday in March, while the Meadowbrook Club holds its carnival on the second Saturday.

The next weekly handicap road run of the Yorkville Athletic League will be held from the Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A. Sunday, and will have representatives of St. John's Club, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., Union Settlement A. C., Hungarian-American A. C., St. Thomas's Club, and East Side House among the starters. Al Feher, the Hungarian-American Club's barrier, will start from scratch.

Entry blanks have been issued by the officials of the Morningside Athletic Club for the club's army and navy road race, which will be held over a course in Harlem, Sunday, starting and finishing at Central Casino, 154th Street, east of Eighth Avenue. The run will be for athletes in the service only and no entrance fee will be charged. The distance of the course mapped out is about five miles. The proceeds from the run will be used in purchasing athletic paraphernalia for the various local army camps.

Officials of the Long Island Athletic League at their first monthly meeting at the Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A. elected Frank J. Ruddy, Brooklyn A. A., President to fill the vacancy made by the resignation of James Clark, who is now an athletic director at Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I. Charles Hicks, Kings County A. A., was elected handicapper for the coming season. Plans for the 1917-18 road-running season were discussed and a decision was reached to inaugurate the season next Sunday with a run from the Swedish-American A. C.'s quarters in Brooklyn.

Bothner to Referee Wrestling.

George Bothner, former wrestling champion, is to referee the series of matches to be held in the catch-as-catch-can tournament which is to start at the Lexington Theatre Dec. 3. Bothner has officiated at most of the wrestling matches held in New York in the last few years.

JULIALEON BEATEN IN RACE AT BOWIE

Promising Filly Fails to Reveal Previous Form and Loses in Slow Race.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 27.—Horses that had not won previously at the meeting came together this afternoon in the Autumn Consolation Handicap at a mile, and although some good performers were among the starters, the cold wind seemed to affect their speed, and the race was won by A. Lezama's Shooting Star in the slow time of 1:42 1-5. Three two-year-olds essayed the competition with older horses, but not one of them finished in the money. Perhaps the greatest disappointment was the comparatively poor showing made by G. W. Loft's Julialeon, a three-year-old filly that established track records at Saratoga. Julialeon appears to have lost the early foot that made her so formidable at the outset of the season, and the best she could do was to finish third, behind Shooting Star and M. Shea's Woodstone.

The best performance of the day was placed to the credit of Paul Powers's Bringhurst in the second race, at six and a half furlongs. This son of Plaudit exhibited the sprinting pace that gained him several victories early in the Maryland season, and at all times had the foot of his field. Buxton hustled him along at such a good pace that he completed the distance in 1:20 1-5, not far behind the track record. Bringhurst was opposed by a fair lot of sprinters, but although he was conceding weight to all the other starters, he was at odds on at the close of the mutuel speculation. The Thorncliffe Stable's Incog ran second and Grant Hugh Browne's Josefina Zarate third.

There were several surprises, the greatest coming when G. L. Goodacre's Golden Bantam won the fifth race, at a mile and a sixteenth. Very few considered the daughter of Star Shoot-Autumn Leaves as a contender, but J. Mooney, who rode her for the first time, appeared to get more out of the filly than had the other boys, and landed her in front of Handfull, another outsider. Golden Bantam paid better than 30 to 1. Billy Oliver scored a popular victory in the last race, when G. Walls managed to get Judge Wingfield home in front of E. K. Bryson's Vermont.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:07 3-5.

Wheat Cakes, H. R. Schaffer's blk. f., 103 pounds, by Hapsburg-Ethel Wheat, $6.20, $3.30, and $3.70, (M. Rowan)....1
Jane Mary, J. Murphy's b. f., 101, by Voorhees-Handsome Florry, $6, and $4.10, (G. Walls)....2
Heather Belle, J. Sandford's b. f., 103, by McDonald II.-La Tosca II., $3, third, (C. Kummer)....3

Starwort, Ruthie M., Ormloe, Matoaka, Pinafore II., Will Soon, Lady Small, Celtera, and Sabretash also ran. Flapper, Thamar, Candidate, Sun Kiss, Poor Joe, and Boy Blue scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $600; six and a half furlongs. Time—1:20 1-5.

Bringhurst, P. Powers's br. g., 6 years, 118 pounds, by Plaudit-Sweet Marjoram, $3.80, $3.40 and $2.80, (M. Buxton)....1
Incog, Thorncliffe Stable's b. f., 3, 101, by Ogden-Mariti, $9.60, and $4.90, (R. Troise)....2
Josephina Zarate, G. H. Browne's ch. m., 5, 100, by Abe Frank-Mioyon, $4.20 third, (C. Kummer)....3

Between Us, River Pirate, Corn Broom, Peter Jay, and Milkman also ran. Meliora, Scarpia II., Kilts, and Progressive scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming; purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50 4-5.

Wild Thyme, H. Shields's b. f., 3 years, 103 pounds, by Ben Trovato-Belle of Ormonde, $16, $10.10, and $6.70, (M. Rowan) 1
Little England, G. C. Benton's b. g., 8, 114, by Stanhope II.-Lizzie Elliott, $23.30 and $17.60, (W. Obert)....2
King Hamburg, S. Louis's b. g., 5, 110, by Waterboy-Hamburg Belle, $5 third, (T. Rice)....3

Maxim's Choice, Blue Thistle, Billy Oliver, Richard Langdon, Old Pop, Tinkle Bell, Hickynut, Kingling II., Frea, Resistible, and Preston Lynn also ran. Ella Ryan, Harry Lauder, Batwa, Onwa, and Mioda scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—The Autumn Consolation Handicap, for all ages; purse $700; one mile. Time—1:42 1-5.

Shooting Star, A. Lessma's ch. g., 4 years, 109 pounds, by Star Shoot-Bonnie Blue II., $8.40, $4.10, and $3, (E. Ambrose....1
Woodstone, M. Shea's ch. g., 4, 102, by Rock Sand-Woodbine, $9.30 and $5.90, (A. Collins)....2
Julialeon, G. W. Loft's br. f., 3, 112, by Helmet-Frances, $4.50, third, (M. Buxton).3

Sandale, Sweep Up II., Game Cock, and Sixteen to One also ran. Fenmouse, Barry Shannon, and Wild Thyme scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:51 3-5.

Golden Bantam, G. L. Goodacre's ch. f., 3 years, 96 pounds, by Star Shoot-Autumn Leaves, $67.10, $19.50, and $13, (J. Mooney)....1
Handfull, Olympus Stable's ch. g., 4, 105, by Royal Flush III.—Modreda, $14.10 and $7.10, (C. Meyler)....2
Lady Little, W. T. Anderson's ch. f., 4, 102, by Trap Rock-Gold Lady, $5 third, (M. Rowan)....3

Dartworth, Goodwood, Miss Represent, Smithfield, Edith Baumann, Lynn, Flora Finch, Eastern Lily, Margaret L and Ed Weiss also ran. Milton Campbell, Cuddle Up, Cousin Dan, Troga, Mary Warren, and Doctor Charcot scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600; one mile and a furlong. Time—1:56.

Crepuscule, G. H. Browne's b. f., 3 years, 94 pounds, by Meddler-Strike-a-Light, $20.30, $10, and $7.20, (H. Erickson).... 1
Greetings, F. J. Coleman's ch. f., 4, 102, by Glorifier-Glad Tidings, $4.90 and $3.10, (J. Mooney).... 2
Captain Ray, J. E. Griffith's b. c., 3, 108, by Sea King-Katriona, $5 third, (A. Collins)....3

Harry Lauder, Mirza, N. K. Beal, Hesse, Lonehand, and Muckross also ran. Stalwart Helen and Malheur scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse, $600; one mile and twenty yards. Time—1:44.

Judge Wingfield, W. L. Oliver's br. g., 3 years, 104 pounds, by Sea King-Glad Tidings, $6.50, $3.20, and $2.70 (G. Walls)....1
Vermont, E. K. Bryson's b. g., 4, 110, by Broomstick-Yankee Girl, $3.10 and $2.40, (M. Rowan)....2
Widow Bedotte, E. Trueman's br. f., 3, 94, by Ildrim-Annus Luctus, $3.30 third, (H. Erickson)....3

Fountain Fay, Dan Kilmer, Water Witch, and Huda's Brother also ran. Kilts, Air Man, and Bond scratched.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling, five and a half furlongs. Garonne, 110 pounds; Dioscoride, 106; Logical, 103; Millrace, 106; *Onico, 98; Poor Joe, 106; Boy Blue, 106; Flame, 103; *Don Jose, 101; Ideal, 106; June Bug, 105; Sister Marjorie, 103; *Little Boy, 101. Also eligible—Umatilla, 105, *Dairyman, 110; *Moosehead, 110; Green Grass, 108. Note—Eight excluded.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, seven furlongs. Short Ballot, 114 pounds; Costumer, 114; Pharoah, 114; Joe Finn, 109; *Miss Gayle, 106; The Decision, 114; Alex Getz, 114; Highway, 107; *Shrapnel, 109; Little Nephew, 114; Refugee, 114; *Encore, 109; *Lolaloha, 106. Also eligible—Early Morn, 114; *Scarpia II., 105; *Preston Lynn, 109; *Onwa, 108; Charmeuse, 111. Note—Twelve excluded.

THIRD RACE.—The Dominion Purse, for two-year-olds, six and a half furlongs. Amackassin, 116 pounds; Orlando of Havana, 109; Babette, 103; Lady Gertrude, 103; Jack of Spades, 102; ‡Nominee, 112; Valerius, 106; Eyelid, 103; Partisan, 102; ‡Dairyman, 102; Bathilde, 103; Tea Party, 103; Golden Soldier, 102. ‡Bresler entry.

FOURTH RACE. — For three-year-olds, claiming, one mile and twenty yards. Comachio, 108 pounds; Crepuscule, 105; Lady Bob, 101; *Onway, 113; *Flare, 99; *Oriana, 96; Boston, 108; Swift Fox, 104; Mother Machree, 101; *Alvord, 103; *Tom Lowery, 99; Wild Thyme, 105; Annie Edgar, 101; Polyanna, 101; *Rose Finn, 100, *Widow Bedotte, 100.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, foaled in Canada, one mile and seventy yards. Garnish Sun, 112 pounds; Akeldama, 104; *Amphion, 103; *Smithfield, 99; *Lady Betty, 92; †Corn Broom, 108; Loneland, 100; †Old Pop, 103; *‡Dorothy Carlin, 96; Hampton Dame, 105; David Campbell, 96; *Last Spark, 103; *‡Gay Life, 88. †Crew entry. ‡Wardell entry.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, one mile and a sixteenth. Sir William Johnson, 114 pounds; Dartworth, 110; King Hamburg, 110; *Batwa, 105; G. M. Miller, 112; Jacklet, 110; Mary Warren, 107; *Lohengrin, 105; Pierrot, 112; Richard Langdon, 110; Wild Thyme, 103; *Marjorie, 102.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, one mile and a sixteenth. Luther, 116 pounds; *Little England, 109; *March Court, 105; *Harry Lauder, 106; Milton Campbell, 110; *Sam Slick, 109; *Kingling II., 105; Rose Water, 102; Ella Ryan, 107; *Booth, 105; *Preston Lynn, 105; *Hickorynut, 98.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

C. C. N. Y. WINS AT SOCCER.

Naval Reserve Team Is Defeated by 2 Goals to 0.

The soccer team of the College of the City of New York kept up its winning streak by taking a game yesterday from the Naval Reserves of Brooklyn, by 2 goals to 0. The sailors put up a strong game, but the collegians proved superior. Coyne and Lehrman made the goals for the Heights boys.

The collegians will travel to Brooklyn Saturday to meet the eleven of the Crescent A. C. Manager Rosenzweig is negotiating with Princeton for a game. The lineup:

C. C. N. Y., (2.)	Position.	Reserves, (0.)
Katz	G.	Carlson
Brummer	R. F. B.	Thornhill
Harsanay	L. F. B.	Monroe
Matthews	R. H. B.	Gresh
McGrath	C. H. B.	Smith
Bandes	L. H. B.	Connolly
Freilich	O. R.	Curtis
Lehrman	I. R.	Potter
Coyne	C.	McCaslyn
Tow	I. L.	Thayer
Taflowitch	O. L.	Williams

Substitutions—Rosenberg for Katz, Katz for Brummer, Roberts for Tow, Tow for Freilich, Friedlander for Taflowitch, Willensky for Friedlander.

RUTGERS' ROLL OF HONOR.

Many Athletes from New Brunswick College in War Service.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 27.—In the Honor Roll of Rutgers College, containing a list of Rutgers men in national service and compiled by the Rutgers War Service Bureau, are to be found the names of many of the best athletes that ever attended here. For the classes from 1913 to 1919, the following athletes are listed:

FOOTBALL.—Herbert M. Bergimini, end, 1913, First Lieutenant, medical, O. R. C.; E. Dudley Chase, half back, 1913, private, national army; Jesse B. Leslie, quarter back, 1913, First Lieutenant, medical, O. R. C.; C. W. T. Overton, half back, 1913, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Edward B. Simmons, half back, 1913, Captain, engineers, O. R. C.; Charles A. Traver, half back, 1913, Inspector, ordnance, U. S. A.; Theodore Van Winkle, guard, 1913, student, Reserve Training Camp; J. Edward Elmendorf, quarter back, 1914, student, medical, O. R. C.; William H. McCallum, guard, 1914, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; C. Raymond Martin, quarter back, 1915, Second Lieutenant, engineers, O. R. C.; Raymond M. Austin, end, 1916, seaman, Naval Reserve; William L. Gay, half back, 1916, student, Reserve Training Camp; Stanley I. Horn, half back, 1916, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Eugene F. Rockafeller, full back, 1916, First Lieutenant, dental, O. R. C.; Harry J. Rockafeller, end, 1916, Second Lieutenant, infantry, U. S. A.; Ralph G. Seiler, end, 1916, student, Reserve Training Camp; Ralph B. White, guard, 1916, student, Reserve Training Camp; Robert O. Bowlby, half back, 1917, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; J. Kingsley Powell, end, 1917, Captain, infantry, O. R. C.; Elmer G. Bracher, half back, 1918, private, Hospital Corps, U. S. A.; Howard F. R. Mason, centre, 1918, student, Reserve Training Camp; Robert H. Bursch, guard, 1919, seaman, Naval Reserve; Laurence Silker, guard, 1919, private, engineers, N. G. U. S.; Merrill H. Thompson, guard, 1919, seaman, U. S. N.; George C. Bingham, half back, 1919, student, aviation, O. R. C.; Robert C. Elliott, half back, 1919, boatswain, U. S. N.; Donald G. Strock, end, 1919, private, Hospital Corps, U. S. A.

BASEBALL.—T. Turner Barr, manager 1913, seaman, Naval Reserve; Clifford E. Dennis, pitcher 1913, student, Reserve Training Camp; Ronald G. Acken, catcher 1916, private, infantry, N. G. U. S.; W. Whitaker Baer, outfielder 1916, seaman, Naval Reserve; Henry C. Berg, catcher 1918, Secretary Army Y. M. C. A.; J. Blanchard Durand, third base 1918, student, Reserve Training Camp; John R. Riker, pitcher 1918, Second Lieutenant, Field Artillery, O. R. C.; J. R. Waterfield, pitcher 1918, seaman, U. S. N.; Norman G. Becker, second base 1919, student, aviation, O. R. C.

TRACK.—Joseph K. Folsom, pole vault, 1913, Secretary, Army Y. M. C. A.; Charles Hambrock, hammer throw, 1913, private, national army; Eric W. Luster, shot put, 1914, Second Lieutenant, engineers, O. R. C.; Neil MacDougal, quarter-mile, 1914, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Frank L. Walton, two-mile, 1914, Second Lieutenant, infantry, U. S. A.; Louis K. Wilkins, mile, 1914, private, national army; Horace V. Cory, broad jump, 1915, Captain, Quartermaster's Department, O. R. C.; Edward J. Crane, half-mile, 1915, private, field artillery, U. S. A.; Stanley U. North, half-mile, 1915, private, national army; J. Paul Taylor, mile, 1915, seaman, Naval Reserve; James M. Coleman, quarter-mile, 1916, private, national army; Dean C. Jenkins, mile, 1916, Second Lieutenant, engineers, O. R. C.; Charles H. Reed, quarter-mile, 1916, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Herbert C. Segur, hurdles, 1916, Second Lieutenant, infantry, U. S. A.; David M. Abt, quarter-mile, 1917, student, Reserve Training Camp; William C. Bowles, sprints, 1917, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Harold I. Faint, two-mile, 1917, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Clifton H. Luster, shot put, 1917, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Irving D. Buttler, high jump, 1918, private, Hospital Corps, U. S. A.

Weinman Has Easy Victory.

Eddie Weinman of the Morningside A. C. romped home with a big lead in the weekly road run of the Clark House A. A. last night, his time for the course of approximately three miles being 15:03. B. Jacobs of Clark House was second in 17:25, and following him came I. Jacobs, also of Clark House, in 18:45, and J. Baum of the Boys' Club in 18:58.

COCHRAN DISPLAYS TOP BILLIARD FORM

Young Player Has Average of 50 in Match at 18.2 Against Mayer.

Welker Cochran showed the true merit of his billiard game yesterday in the second and third blocks of his 2,500-point 18.2 match with Joseph Mayer of Philadelphia at Maurice Daly's Academy. By the excellence of his work he drew rapidly away from his rival, and is now leading by a score of 850 to 413. In the afternoon game Cochran defeated Mayer, 250 to 130, and made a high run of 158 and an average of 35 5-7.

In the evening his superiority was even more pronounced, Mayer being hopelessly outclassed by the brilliancy with which Cochran nursed the ivories. In this block Mayer was defeated by 300 to 64. Cochran averaged an even 50, and again passed beyond the 100 mark with his high run, which was 119. Mayer made his best run in the afternoon, when he clustered a count of 54, and his average was 21 4-6. In the evening his play was only about half as effective as regards high runs and average.

In recent matches in this city Cochran has shown a disposition to play the ivories wide open, but yesterday he demonstrated beyond question that he is still a master of the close-nurse game. His work was a revelation in artistic billiards. He was always master of the ivories, and made them do his bidding with almost mechanical precision. His high run of the day, 158, was a product of the closest kind of play, with a delicate weaving of the spheres across the short table and an occasional use of the line nurse for sizable clusters.

In the afternoon the Chicago expert only failed to count in double figures on two occasions, and in the evening he missed double counts only once. After a run of 4 at the outset of the evening game he gathered in a culster of 119, and followed this with runs of 72, 30, and 42 to run out his 300 points.

Mayer could never get started against such a formidable bit of play as that set forth by Cochran. An average of 35 is far beyond Mayer's ability under any but extraordinary circumstances, and when Cochran cut out an average of 50 in the evening Mayer was forced to sit idly by and witness disaster engulf him. He could not even summon the better quality of his game in an effort to hold down the margin of success for his opponent. There was little opportunity for him to get the ivories under control, and even when he did succeed he could not hold them for a continued run.

The scores:

AFTERNOON GAME.

Cochran—35 14 20 0 20 3 158. Total—250. Average—35 5-7. High runs—158 and 35.
Mayer—22 54 39 1 12 2. Total—130. Average—21 4-6. High runs—54 and 39.

EVENING GAME.

Cochran—4 119 72 30 42 33. Total—300. Average—50. High runs—119 and 72.
Mayer—8 12 9 25 12. Total—64. Average—12 4-5. High runs—25 and 12.

FORDHAM TO PLAY SOLDIERS

Gridiron Contest with Camp Upton Arranged for Tomorrow.

It was announced last night at Fordham University that arrangements had been completed whereby the Fordham eleven would play the Camp Upton team, headed by Franak Glick, tomorrow afternoon at Fordham Field. It was originally intended that Fordham play Fort Slocum, but somehow a conflict arose, and as Camp Upton wanted a game, Fordham agreed to the contest between the elevens.

FULTON KNOCKS OUT SMITH.

Minnesota Heavyweight Disposes of Opponent in Seventh Round.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 27.—Fred Fulton, Minnesota heavyweight, knocked out Gunboat Smith in the seventh round of their scheduled ten-round fight here tonight. Smith's seconds tossed in a sponge to save him from further punishment.

Gillo Is Colgate Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 27.—Henry C. Gillo of Milwaukee today was elected Captain of the Colgate football team for 1918. Gillo is regarded locally as one of the best line plungers in the East. He has played three years as full back on the Colgate 'Varsity.

PENN ERASES ROUGH EDGES.

Quakers Put Finishing Touches on Eleven for Cornell Game.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27.—Coach Bob Folwell put the finishing touches on his Penn football aggregation today for the all-important Thanksgiving Day game with Cornell. The team dispensed with scrimmage drill, but the coach sent it through a hard workout so as to run no chances of his athletes being out of form for the Red and White squad. The entire eleven was on Franklin Field for practice with the exception of Captain Heine Miller.

Buck Wharton and Roy Mercer were on the field aiding Folwell in grooming the men. Mercer devoted his time to the Quaker backfield, and showed Berry and his comrades several finer points of football.

Folwell lined up the scrubs to oppose the 'Varsity. The second string players used the Cornell formations. Only a shadow scrimmage took place, the Penn coaches wishing to play safe and run no risks of injuries before the biggest game of the year. The regulars had no trouble breaking up the attacks launched by the scrub combination.

Captain Milller's damaged hand has shown improvement and Miller stated today he would be in the game.

FINAL GAMES FOR W. AND J.

Will Play W. and L. Tomorrow and Soldier Eleven Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Penn., Nov. 27.—Nineteen Washington and Jefferson football players left here tonight for the final games of the season, one at Richmond, on Thanksgiving Day, with Washington and Lee, and the other on Saturday at Toledo, Ohio, with the Camp Sherman soldiers, the latter a post-season army benefit event. The men making the trip are Captain McCreight, Carroll, Henry, Wilberly, Guy, Straw, Stein, Tressel, Stobbs, Smith, Ruble, Rese, Garbisch, Neal, Bixler, Young, Fiter, Creel, and Lally.

There was no practice today, but Coach Metzger hopes to hold a signal drill at Richmond tomorrow afternoon. Henry and Wilberly, two of the best line men, are suffering from injuries sustained in the Notre Dame game, but it is thought they will be able to play on Thursday. Smith, who has been out of two games, has recovered from his injuries, and will be in the backfield. Washington and Jefferson expects to win from Washington and Lee, but is dubious about the Camp Sherman clash, as it knows nothing of this team except that it is composed of former college stars.

EGAN WILL LEAD N. Y. U.

Quarter Back of Football Team Elected Captain for Next Year.

At a meeting of the Executive Council of the New York University Athletic Association ysterday, the members of this year's football team elected Quarter Back Floyd Egan Captain for next year. Egan, who was the mainstay of the Violet this year, and whose drop kick defeated Columbia last week, is a member of the Class of 1919. He comes from Brooklyn, where he attended Manual Training High School. Besides being a gridiron star Egan has won his letters in basket ball, track, and baseball.

Sidney J. Weinlander of Flatbush, a member of the Class of 1919, was elected Manager for 1918. Letters were awarded to the following: Egan, Finley, Fernandez, Goff, Brin, Goldberg, Sokolower, Gardiner, Christtopher, Gilloon, Ebenfied, Buckley, and Güntzer, Manager. Numerals were awarded to Billo, Covello, Fiedelbaum, Sulzer, Baker, Steilwagen, Wirth, Storch, and Weinlander, Assistant Manager.

Amateurs to Box at Newark.

Amateur boxing bouts at 110, 118, 128, 138, and 148 pounds will be held in the first tournament of the season for the National Turn-Verein of Newark, on the nights of Dec. 1 and 3. The entries will close Thursday.

CORNELL'S LINEUP IS STILL IN DOUBT

Coach Sharpe Not Expected to Pick Eleven for Penn Game Until Last Moment.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 27.—The makeup of the Cornell team in the game against Penn may not be known until after the players reach the clubhouse on Franklin Field Thursday noon. Dr. Al Sharpe, head coach of the teams, said today that he was not yet ready to announce his selections, intimating that much might depend on the condition of the players after the long trip to Philadelphia.

There were reports among the undergraduates today that in the signal drills Sharpe had been experimenting with a number of radical shifts, and that surprises might be forthcoming Thursday, but the head coach was silent on this question. The Ithacans worked for more than an hour in a final practice of the formations on which Nethercott will rely in the game, and it was noticeable that frequent changes were made in the lineup both in the forwards and backfield. Based on the work of the last two days the coaches are certain to place Colvin and Spiegelberg at the ends, and Herriman and probably Harris at tackles with Swanson, Straus, and Trowbridge probable selections for the centre trio, though there is a possibility of unexpected last minute changes.

Nethercott will play quarter back and Acting Captain Hoffman is certain to play in the backfield. Carry has come to the front fast in the last week, and he is likely to replace Cross at left half back for part of the game at least. Coach Sharpe said he would take thirty-seven men to Philadelphia, including all of the 'Varsity squad and fifteen scrubs.

Weeks to Lead Brown.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 27.—Joshua H. Weeks of New Bedford, Mass., was elected Captain of the Brown University football team last night. He has played at end for three years.

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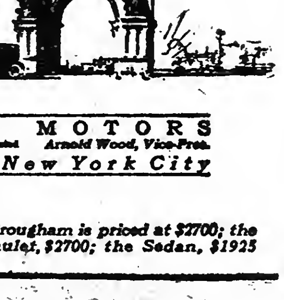

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STOUT HEARTS WILL WIN

Banker Warns Members Not to Be Discouraged by Temporary Military Setbacks.

Dwight W. Morrow of J. P. Morgan & Co., in an address yesterday before several hundred members of the New York Bond Men's Club, 120 Broadway, urged them to take an active part in war economy, by assisting in the sale of war savings certificates.

"The fundamental principle which underlies the war savings movement," said Mr. Morrow, "is to release labor and material for the Government. It is not primarily a bond-selling movement; it is primarily a national thrift movement to conserve materials and labor now utilized for non-essentials. It is the doctrine of releasing services for the Government. It is a doctrine of releasing man power for the Government. And in this war savings campaign if men and women do without goods and services now by lending $4.12 to the Government and getting a bond that pays them $5, five years from now, they are obviously deferring the command of goods and services until a future time when with the proceeds of that bond they will again command goods and services.

"The important thing is that they will at that time be commanding goods and services for which their Government is not in such acute competition with them. It is all summed up in that one expression, that no man ever spends anything without making some one else work for him."

Quoting Lloyd George Mr. Morrow pointed out that the war would have its disasters as well as its successes, its defeats as well as its victories, and that it would be won in the end by the nation with the "stoutest heart."

"The nation that can do without the most for the longest period," said Mr. Morrow, "that will be the nation with the stoutest heart. War means discouragement; war means disappointment. War means the making of plans over and over and over again, and watching the frustration of those plans over and over again. War means a Gallipoli, and perhaps another Gallipoli; another Rumanian and another Italian disaster. War means discouragement until all but the soutest hearts are sick. This war will be won by the nation that can best stand disappointment, by the nation that has the stoutest heart. It is going to depend upon men like you all over the United States whether or no America shall be the nation with the stoutest heart."

George F. Baker, Jr., Vice President of the First National Bank and a member of the Red Cross Mission which recently returned from the Italian front, described some of his impressions of the Italian Army. From what he had seen of Italian soldiery, he said, he had complete confidence in its ability to convert the recent reverses into final success. During the Teuton advance into Northrn Italy, he said, the Italians were forced to abandon hospitals containing 100,000 beds. A good portion of the prisoners taken by the Germans, he said, were undoubtedly wounded Italian soldiers.

"The Italian Army is well fed, well clothed and well able to keep up its end of the fight," said Mr. Baker. "Even though circumstances may force it to yield its position on the Piave, I have no doubt that it will organize its new lines at the Adige to such great advantage that the enemy will finally find its venture into Italy fruitless of results."

OCTOBER IMPORTS DECLINE.

$25,560,485 of Dutiable Merchandise Entered—$32,742,280 in 1916.

A detailed summary of foreign trade in the customs district of New York for October, made public yesterday by Collector Byron R. Newton, showed that dutiable imports in the shape of manufactured goods entered here declined last month when compared with October, 1916. On the other hand, merchandise returned as free of duty, and for the most part consisting of crude or raw materials for use in American industrial plants, last month exceeded similar entries twelve months ago. Last month's transactions in precious metals and merchandise, compared with October, 1916, were as follows:

Gold and Silver.

	October 1916.	October 1917.
Imports.		
Gold, foreign	$1,512,928	$1,225,028
Gold, domestic	1,735	None.
Silver, foreign	1,721,486	884,198
Silver, domestic	856	2,535
Exports.		
Gold, foreign	9,756	9,575
Gold, domestic	1,301,358	7,474,922
Silver, foreign	241,094	9,643
Silver, domestic	5,154,132	1,268,936
Merchandise.		
Imports for consumption, (free)	$49,139,364	$55,705,688
Imports for consumption, (dutiable)	32,742,280	25,560,485
Imports for warehouse	7,523,255	10,053,313
Withdrawn from warehouse for consumption	13,062,844	7,017,150
Exports, domestic	235,979,794	218,377,029
Exports, foreign	2,495,116	1,531,683

October duty collections on direct importations amounted to $6,616,831, against $8,793,351 in the corresponding month last year. Withdrawals from warehouse in October called for duty payments totaling $2,931,197, whereas in October, 1916, such collections had a value of $4,693,808.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Leo L. Doblin, Jackson & Co.
FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
404 Fourth Ave. Tel. Mad. Sq. 7707.

Auctions.

EXECUTOR'S SALE
ENTIRE PLANT AND FIXTURES of the LUCILLE WAIST CO., Inc
CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer
will sell on this day, Wednesday, November 28th, at 11 A. M., at West Garden Street, Stamford, Conn., the entire up-to-date plant of the above, comprising Willcox & Gibbs machines, Hemstitchers, Buttonhole machines, Union Specials, Button sewers, Standards, Singers, and other special machines; Power Tables, Motors, Pressing Plant, Blower and Gas Irons. Also all the Factory Fixtures, comprising Chairs, Forms, Cutting Tables, Hangers, Desks, etc., etc.
I. GAINSBURG, 358 Broadway, and SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, 320 Broadway, ANNIE ROTH and LEON LASKI, Executors.
Attorneys for Executors.
Trains leave Grand Central Station at 8:00, 8:03, 8:31, 8:51, 9:13 and 10:03 A. M.

A Tremendous Stock of High Grade
Uniform Clothing
as sailors, seamen, yachtsmen, fishermen, naval officers, conductors, and others, comprising in part as follows: 1,000 blue heavy uniform suits; 4,000 pairs pants in blue flannels; 8,000 pairs white duck overalls and coats; 1,000 blue serge suits and pants; 1,500 single coats in blue flannel and serges; 2,000 men's white aprons; 4,000 white duck coats and pants; 500 sailor blouses, 300 heavy wool sweaters; 200 dozen caps for sailors, conductors, etc. Also raincoats, fisherman coats, sheepskin coats, etc.
Will Be Sold By H. KARP, Auctioneer, Friday, Nov. 30, 10:30 A. M., At Salesrooms, 477 BROADWAY.
1,000 Men's & Youths' Overcoats, 100 Men's & Young Men's Suits.
The goods are now ready for your inspection. Telephone Canal 9524.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash, surplus stock, better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

APRONS Wanted.—Bungalow and large white aprons; firm going into jobbing business wants a line of popular price goods. Please communicate, giving details as to line make, J 168 Times.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open for large quantity of Botany broadcloth, all shades; please quote lowest price and quantity. Y 234 Times Annex.

BROADCLOTH AND VELOURS Wanted.—American Woolen Co.'s 11050, 544, 13046. Farragut 3454.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open for all shades, spot cash. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Also heavyweight velours, all colors. Farragut 5166.

CHEVIOT Wanted.—Lymansville 33-2, navy only. Gramercy 5174.

CLOAKINGS Wanted.—Heavy weight, all colors; Bachman check suitings; spot cash. Grammercy 7184.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models, all week; ladies', misses', and juniors'; call between 9 and 12, 3 and 5. 6 West 18th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits; also jobs in Winter suits and coats. Call, rear elevator, 4th floor, 151 West 26th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models, better grade, 4 to 6 P. M., all week, 8th floor, 133 West 21st.

COATS Wanted.—Big jobber open for Spring goods. Call, with samples, 9 to 11, or 3 to 5, all week, fourth floor, 18 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber ready to place orders, better grade Spring coats. Phone for appointment, Farragut 9090.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing order Spring coats and suits. Call with samples, 9th floor. 34 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade Spring coats. Call all day 10th floor, 134 West 29th St.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber now placing order on Spring coats. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Buying Spring coats, ladies', juniors', and children's. 13 West 20th, 1st floor.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring coats and suits, 8th floor, 40 West 27th.

COATS Wanted.—Looking at Spring samples, all grades of merchandise, 4th floor, 12 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Spring goods. 129 West 22d, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber ordering Spring children's, juniors'. Room 1808, 15 E. 26th.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples. 7th floor, 35 West 31st St.

COATS Wanted for Spring lines. Call mornings, Eisen & Sons, 122 West 26th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing immediate orders. Rubin, 50 West 17th St.

COATS Wanted.—Infants', children's, juniors' and ladies', for cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—1,000 flannel sport coats, or the material. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats. Call 28 E. 30th, 4th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted for Spring. First floor, 3 East 28th St.

CORDUROYS Wanted.—Narrow wale, dark colors; large quantity; spot cash. S. Rosemman & Co., 18 West 21st St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—For cash, ginghams, flannelettes, and percales, submit samples and lowest prices. K 239 Times Downtown.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing orders on better dresses, taffetas, crepe de meteors, and crepe de chines; call with samples immediately. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractor on silk dresses; only submit sample, 0 to 11 A. M. only; stock orders given. Take freight elevator, fifth floor. 19 West 24th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors with samples, better kind of Georgettes and taffetas; immediate orders. Call all afternoon, ninth floor. 6 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring styles of good silk, serge, and ginghams. Call all week. 244 5th Av., 4th floor. Madison Square 1666.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors wanted on skirts and dresses; bring your own samples; will give big orders at once. 34 West 15th St., top floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for job children's cotton dresses, sizes 6 to 14; open for good lot at cheap prices. 1,140 Broadway, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors on silk, serge, Georgette dresses. Call, with own samples, at 130-132 West 25th, ninth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Boston jobber buying Spring ladies' and juniors' serge dresses and wash dresses. 54 West 21st St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at georgette and silk dresses of the better kind. 39-41 West 29th, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber will buy for cash any quantity serge dresses; samples daily. Wiener, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing order for Spring silks and serges of better grades. Call all week 147 West 25th St., ninth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Silk contractor wants work on silk skirts, dresses, or Government work. Madison Square 231L

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber buying ladies' and misses' serge and silk dresses. 54 West 21st St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Ready to place large orders on Spring dresses. Spiro & Kutner, 279 5th Av.

DRESSES, Waists, and Skirts Wanted.—Will look at samples, all week. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES, COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Open for jobs, spot cash. Handels, 336 6th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors to make serge and silk dresses. Room 1128, 366 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Job good quality silk georgette dresses. Simon, 44 East 32d St.

DRESSES, VELVET, Wanted.—Jobs for basement sales. The Fair, 225 4th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Designer will design exclusive models; piece work. J 171 Times.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking Spring line silks. Room 507, 3 West 29th St.

FURS Wanted.—Will buy collars, cuffs, and bottoms in kid coney at a price. Eisenberg & Waldman, 115 West 30th St.

GRAY GOODS Wanted.—Open for any quantity at a price. Pigio Bros., 115 Worth St.

KERAMI Wanted.—Blumenthal's black and mole; cheap. Madison Square 1503.

KERSEYS AND VELOURS Wanted.—American 544, 11050, 13009, 15020, A. D. Jutlliards 2002, 2060; quantities no object; for cash. Greeley 5290.

KERSEYS Wanted.—15020, all shades; 544, 11050; also serges, American poplins and pom pom. Spring 2571.

NIGHTGOWNS Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for jobs of nightgowns and white petticoats. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

POPLIN Wanted.—90610, 06077, or similar; also mannish serge; cash. Zipkin, 1,133 Broadway.

POPLIN Wanted.—90610, 06077, or similar in mannish serge. Zipkin, 1,133 Broadway.

POPLINS Wanted.—90610 or others; cash. H. S. S., 39 West 21st. Gramercy 440.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will buy 100 pieces for spot cash. 142 West 29th.

SATINS Wanted.—Cotton back, in all colors and quantities. Phone Spring 6103.

SERGES Wanted.—Any number of Whitman's serge or any number of Amoskeag's serge. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 17 West 3d. Spring 6311.

SERGES Wanted.—Any number of Amoskeag or Whitman's or any other men's wear serge; also fancy worsteds, poplins, overcoatings. Spring 6151.

SERGE Wanted.—Any quantity Amoskeag 6301, 7301 Pacific M. F. L., P. G. L. Madison Square 4847.

SERGES Wanted.—7002, 7120, 54289; also men's wear serges and broadcloth. London Mills, Gramercy 5625.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for large quantities 7120, 54289. Chelsea 9867.

SERGES Wanted.—Botany 11483. Chelsea 9864.

SILK Wanted.—Open for silks of any description up to 80c per yard. Madison Square 3867.

SILK VELOURS Wanted.—Quantity. Phone Greeley 940.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Large jobber looking at Spring coats and suits, 8:30 to 10 A. M., 4 to 6 P. M., 127 West 26th, 6th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring suits from $9.75 up to $25; open Thursday morning up to noon. 105 Madison Av., 18th floor.

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

SUITS AND COATS for Spring Wanted.—Call with samples after 9:30 A. M., Room 514 Marbridge Building, entrance on 35th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Large jobber now placing orders on smart Spring suits. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber looking at Spring coats and suits. 12 West 27th St., 8th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Open for 500 Fall suits. M. Shapiro, resident buyer, 1,170 Broadway.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking Spring samples all week. 22 West 26th, twelfth floor.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Jobber with good outlet desires to connect with a mill open for quantities. S 144 Times.

TRICOTINE AND POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Spot cash, Garfield 4718, 4978, 4976; state quantity, colors and price. G 11 Times.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS Wanted.—Heavyweight American or similar; any quantity, all colors; will pay cash. Farragut 8139.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will buy heavyweight coating velours; pay spot cash; any quantity. Phone Spring 9630. Mr. Branch.

VELOURS Wanted.—American, heavy weight, ¾ cheviot, all Meltons; any quantity, for cash. Harris Pankin 38 West 24th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavyweight, all colors. Colonial Cloak and Suit Co., 34 E. 12th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Spot cash. A Grossman & Co., 24 West 30th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—11050, 13046, also 0359, 15020, any quantity. Merritt, 22 West 27th.

WEARING APPAREL Wanted.—Cash for cloaks, suits and dresses. Bargain Cloak Co., 1,170 Broadway. Tel. 7974 Madison Square.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BATH ROBES for men, ladies, and children for immediate delivery. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th St.

BRASSIERES to close out; 1,000 dozen embroidery and lace trimmed, worth $3 to $3.75, at $1.75. Bachrack, 584 Broadway. Spring 3265.

BROADCLOTH.—50 pieces of botany 315 and F. & H. Columbia, assorted colors, $2.25 per yard net. M. S. Scheinman, 29 Division St.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 343, white, 50 inches; $2.10 net cash. Madison Square 1503.

BROADCLOTH, 20 pieces F. & H. and botany, all colors. Orchard 2903.

BROADCLOTH.—Poplin and velours for cash. Call Far. 488.

BRUSHES.—We are prepared to execute large contracts on hair and military brushes. O. Dennin's Sons, 487 Broadway.

BUNTING.—Wool, red, white and blue, 54 inches wide, at $1 per yard. J 172 Times.

BURELLA.—American 09057; also 0310, all colors; pom poms, brown, claret. Far. 2731.

CHIFFONS.—Have for sale large quantity chiffon cloth, chiffon lining; also crepe chiffon, all colors, special price. Farragut 4820.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—To close out. J. Dunn Co., 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—A group of low priced coats for immediate delivery with a "special sales" plan. Developed for December and January retailing. Room 1210, 5th Avenue Building. The Printz-Biederman Co. These are Printzess coats.

COATS.—Pom poms, bolivias, silvertone, velour du Nord, broadcloth, velours, dracerds, &c., plain, fur-trimmed, $18.50 to $50; immediate delivery. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS.—1,000 high-class ladies' and juniors' velour coats; kit coney collar and cuff; close out at a price to make room for our Spring line. The Ultan Cloak Co., 113 University Place.

COATS.—5,000 Fall coats; ladies' and misses' high-class models; finest materials; fur trimmed, popular colors, at sacrificing prices. Kaplan Bros., 22 West 32d St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Exceptional values pom poms, plush, velour, broadcloth, self and fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

COATS.—200 of American wool velous, all colors, and Burgundy; fur and plush trimmed; for immediate delivery. S. Sragow Co., 142 West 24th.

COATS.—1,000 for immediate delivery; plushes, velours, kerseys, and broadcloths, to close out, at a price. Benjamin Martin, 22 West 27th.

COATS.—Sacrificing entire stock of better grade goods, fur-trimmed, at a bargain; call at once for best choice. I. Novick, 40 West 28th.

COATS.—Exceptional values in velour fur-trimmed coats; very desirable merchandise, to close out. Fensterstock & Rosen, 35 West 31st St.

COATS.—Silks, mercerized, and cotton plushes, broadcloths, and velours; close out to make room. Ulm Bros., 55 East 11th St.

COATS.—200 American velour infants' coats, with fur collar, to close out, cheap; sizes 2 to 6. Bender, 7 West 22d. Gramercy 2783.

COATS.—Kerseys and velours, fur-trimmed, to close out cheap; also other good values. F. J. Gelfond, 141 West 28th St.

COATS.—Children's; special close out of 2-6 and 8-14 in plush, corduroy, zibeline, &c. Consolidated, 1,265 Broadway.

COATS.—650 coats in velour and broadcloth, mostly fur collars, to close out. M. Rosenman & Co., 40-42 West 27th.

COATS.—Guaranteed seal plush coats, fur-trimmed, belted, for sale purposes; $10.50-$14.75. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Closing out infants', children's, and ladies' cloth coats cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—1,000 coats on the racks to be disposed of at once. Ettenson & Goldstein, 29 West 30th St.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed velour coats to close out at a price. The Aero Coat House, 51 West 24th.

COATS.—100 high-grade velour coats to close out. Weinstein & Soreto, 164 West 25th; Far. 9805.

COATS.—Have 400 fur-trimmed coats at mark-down prices. L Zelikow & Son, 19 West 24th.

COATS.—Cloth, $5.75 up; plushes, $12.75; also jobs. Schoen, Weissman, 53 West 24th.

COATS.—Ladies', ask for special $8.75 net; fur-trimmed. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS.—Plush, immediate delivery; also fur-trimmed coats. Wechsler, 170 5th Av.

COATS.—750 on the rack for immediate delivery. W. Philips & Co., 145 West 28th St.

COATS.—1,000 ladies', misses'; fur-trimmed; big values. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS.—Infants' and children's; close-out prices. Tannenbaum-May, 19 West 24th.

COATS.—Infants', children's, juniors', close out. Cass & Rosenthal, 153 West 27th.

COATS.—Juniors', misses' fur-trimmed; to close out. Chas. Feller, 41 West 25th.

COATS.—85 to close out, $16 net; regular, $18.50 to $33.50. Etkin, 106 W. 32d.

COATS.—Jobs velours, meltons; 1,000, $5 up. United Cloak Co., 27 W. 20th.

COATS.—Velour and broadcloth to close out. J. B., 51 W. 13th St., near 6th Av.

COATS.—500, all materials, to close out. Harry Gelfond, 122 West 27th St.

COATS.—Better kind; immediate delivery. L. Baumann & Co., 12 East 32d St.

COATS.—2,000; 2-6, 8-14, sacrifice price. Rosh & Mayers, 1,178 Broadway.

COATS.—Job to close out, low prices. Goldberg & Shulman, 85 East 10th.

COATS.—To close out, ladies', juniors', and children's. Neumann, 15 West 20th.

COATS.—500, to close out; all fur trimmed. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—100 fur trimmed, to close out. Mardoff & Siegel, 78 5th Av.

COATS, closing out, $3 and higher. Rineberg, 41 West 25th St.

COATS.—Jobs in coats, to close out. Rubin & Uitus, 50 West 17th.

COATS.—100 fur-trimmed; off price. Mahler Bros., 32 West 20th St.

CONTRACTOR with full equipped plant, 20 machines, wants Government work. J 170 Times.

DRESSES.—Children's serges, corduroys, and ginghams, 2 to 6, 6 to 14, to close out at a price. S. Rosenman & Co., 18 West 21st St.

DRESSES.—Silk, serge, and evening dresses; close out entire stock account of moving. Greenberg-Weiner Co., 133 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Manufacturer has an accumulation of fine serge and satin dresses to close out. Engel, 143 West 20th.

DRESSES.—50 afternoon and party dresses for girls and juniors, to close out, cheap. L. Bogen, 15 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Serges, velveteens, satins, close out; finest assortments; reasonable. Wolfert, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—1,000 silk and serge dresses to sell at a sacrifice. Pan-American Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st St.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, silks, velvet evening dresses; special values. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serge and satin dresses; close out at a sacrifice. Phone 8415 Chelsea.

DRESSES.—150 silk and Georgette to close out. Buchman, 8 West 13th St.

FLANNEL DRESSES AND ROMPERS.—300 dozen, infants' flannel dresses and rompers, to sell, immediate delivery. Schwartz, 41 Greene St.

FURS.—Selling out children's, misses' sets, hats to match. Rosenberg, 151 West 23d.

GEORGETTES.—Domestic, all colors, immediate delivery. S. Bernheimer, phone 9380 Madison Square.

KERAMI CAPES and muffs to close out reasonable. Riklan, 74 5th Av.

KERAMI.—For sale, at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

MIDDYS.—Spring line of 3 in 1 middy blouses and new smocks ready. Freedman, 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

NECKWEAR.—Old lots 25c, 50c., $1; close out cheap. Gumport, 708 Broadway.

PAISLEYS, TUSSAHS.—Close out below market price; also Seco poplin. G 28 Times.

PANTS.—Contractor desires work on khaki and corduroy pants; cut, make, and trim. K 231 Times Downtown.

PLANT FOR SALE.—Two H. P. motor, 1 H. P. motor and generator, five 31-15 Singer machines, 1 seven-needle Junior special for braid trimming, Singer button sewer, Singer buttonhole machine and machine table, one gas blower, and 4 pressing irons; will sell separately or as whole. 840 Broadway, 11th floor.

PLUSH.—Peco, Esquimetta, Behring seal, Hind & Harrison 200, 400 Baffin seal; reasonable. Eagle Textile, 1,133 Broadway. Phone Farragut 2139.

PLUSHES.—Peco and Esquimette; also Chase's mole and tiger trimming; unusually low. Gramercy 7184.

PLUSHES.—Esquimette, Peco, Hind & Harrison, Dodson 1164 ¾ cheviots. Farragut 9612.

PLUSH.—Teddy Bear, fancy silks for bag and box linings. Kinstler & Co., 440 4th Av.

PLUSH.—Will sell Esquimetts plush reasonable. Chelsea 5617.

POPLINS.—90610-4 navy, 2 black, at $2.02½; 544 velour, 7 green, 1 brown, at $2.2[illegible] Igstaedter, Stuy. 3284.

SERGES.—V. S. L., 100 pieces, all colors, $1.25 net; Botany 764, 42-inch, French, 50 pieces, $1.25 net. Charles Barnett, 18 West 27th. Farragut 3148.

SERGES.—Whitman's 104, 108; botanys, 11433, 809; Walworth's 3703, 370; U. S. 381; Gira 10715. Stuyvesant 3240.

SERGES.—Whitman's 78 at $2.25; 0936 American 5 navy and 4 tan at $2.10. Igstaedter, Stuyvesant 3284.

SERGES.—C. S. G. L., 52¼c; Pacific cotton warp, 36 inch; below mill price; also other serges. Gramercy 4787.

SERGE.—J. Gross & Co., Newport serge, navy. Madison Square 1540.

SERGES.—American, 09050; 25 pieces; navy and black. 9090 Farragut; Mr. Phillip.

SERGES.—Juilliard 54249, and botany 11433. Madison Square 6590.

SERGES.—Botanys, French surplus. Chelsea 4976.

SILKS.—All kinds, special values, for immediate delivery for manufacturing trade; call at our show rooms. M. Marks Co., formerly Marks-Senner, 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILK.—1,000 pieces all Tokio for linings; solid colors and fancy patterns; price $.35 per yard net; 70 days. D. & S. Woolen Exchange, 1,265 Broadway. Madison Square 1872.

SILK DRESSES to close out, $5 each. Milton Skirt Co., 450 4th Av.

SKIRTS.—Serges only, will close out at price. 1,133 Broadway, Room 1123.

SNAP FASTENERS, highest quality, lowest prices, white or black, carded or bulk, for exporters or dealers only; special inducements for large quantity orders. Bethlehem Snap Fastener Mfg. Co., 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1807 Williamsburg.

STOLES, Capes, plush and kerami, muffs to match in fur effects, headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Bella Cloak & Suit Co., 139 West 25th.

SUITS.—Broadcloth, serges and poplins. Hirschhorn Brothers, 12 W. 27th St.

SWEATERS.—Novelties, staple, for sale purposes; look them over. Peerless, 1 East 28th.

VELOURS.—Garfield, style 136, brown, green, reindeer, navy, black, $2.05 net. Madison Square 9259.

VELOURS.—544, 13016, 0359, 11050, 15020 pom pom, American serge 09050. Spring 2571.

VELOURS, light and heavy weight, all colors, 0310, all shades. Madison Square 2426.

VELVETEENS.—Plain and twill back, all colors, all widths; corduroy in narrow and wide wale, all colors; also clothing corduroy. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 31st St. Madison Square 9760.

VELVETEEN remnants, 5 to 20, black and colors. Clejam, 640 B'way. Spring 5010.

WAISTS.—Georgette waists to close out cheap. Deutschman, 15 West 20th St.

WAISTS.—$18 cotton; close out cheap. Shapiro & Kunin, 20 East 12th.

WOOLENS, broadcloth, velours, cheviot, burella cloth. Call Greeley 6630.

WOOL PLUSH.—52 inches Priestley navy brown, myrtle, $1.25 net. Stuyvesant 3640.

YARNS.—All wool regulation army gray and khaki knitting yarns at $2.25 net cash per pound; prompt deliveries. Address E. P., 219 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted.

SALESMEN.—Reputable house manufacturing embroidered household lines desires representative for West only; commission basis. R. H 142 Times.

SALESMAN.—Ladies', men's furnishings; window dresser, steady position. Friedman, 273 Columbia St., Brooklyn.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ..5¼@5½ p. c. for the best names
Monday .... " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Want Trade Bureau Cared For.

Believing that upon the success of the efforts of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce will to a considerable degree depend the increasing of American exports of textiles after the war, the National Council of American Cotton Manufacturers has passed resolutions urging Congress to allow liberal appropriations for the support and development of the bureau. It further urges that the men of the ablest business talents be included in the personnel of the bureau. Copies of the resolution have been forwarded to the President, the Senate, and the House.

Crude Rubber Prices Steadier.

A little more active trading, in which big buyers joined only to a limited extent if at all, kept local crude rubber prices from dropping as much as usual in the week just closed. However, they closed generally below the prices current at that time. Up-river fine was quoted at 55 cents, spot, with coarse at 37 and upper Caucho ball at 35. The plantations brought 57 cents for spot first latex, and 56 cents for prompt shipments of smoked sheets. The market is now thought to be "scraping bottom," and higher prices are predicted by sellers in spite of the dilatory buying tactics of the bigger manufacturers.

Cold Weather Hits Coal Trade.

The Coal Trade Journal will say today that the sharp weather which arrived over the week-end found the local retail trade poorly prepared to meet a sudden increase in demand. For a long time past coal has been going out of the yards as fast as received, so there is no reserve to draw upon. From all accounts there has been little, if any, recent increase in the tonnage coming to this market. Trading in the bituminous market remains practically at a standstill. Mining companies and jobbers alike are putting everything on contract. The only exception is an occasional odd lot which, for one reason or another, has to be disposed of at the Government price.

Jobbers Like Hem Tops.

If makers of men's hemmed top hosiery of the new type, in which a double four-inch top is knitted and welted in a single operation, were as sure of a liberal reception of their product by the consumers as has been given it by the jobbing trade, they would have very little to worry about. Not that they are really worrying, for they feel that the advantages of the new sock over the ribbed top can easily be demonstrated by retail sales clerks. That the jobbers favor the new socks is shown by orders for several thousand dozens which have been received in various quarters before the mills are equipped with the special machines to turn them out. While these jobbers are calling mostly for cotton hose, the new tops are also being favorably regarded by them in medium-priced silk goods.

New Bathing Suit Styles.

New bathing suit styles for the Palm Beach trade and for Spring, as shown by a number of local manufacturers, include most of the striking effects that were produced so successfully this Fall in women's dresses. The bustle effect is variously treated, in several cases the designers going so far as to use wire for stiffening purposes. In these creations taffetas and satins are most frequently used, sometimes in black and unadorned, other times in bright solids or in brilliant color combinations. There are also stripes and plaids, both large and small, in all the popular shades of the day. The tunics which proved so popular last Summer are again in evidence this year in many attractive variations.

Holiday Neckwear Selling.

Holiday buying of men's neckwear in the local department stores is said to have started in already with fair activity. Though some small stripes and checks in black and white and other hues are sought, it is reported that the most popular so far have been of large splash designs in the more subdued colors. Brocaded four-in-hands have been unusually popular, the quieter shades in these also being the most in demand. In some of the more expensive lines Persian effects and large jacquard figures have attracted a great deal of attention. The bias as well as the straight-cut type are used, and both seem to be well taken.

Something New Is Badly Needed.

That the cry the retail milliners are sending up for new things is not camouflage is shown by the experience a well-posted millinery man had recently during the luncheon hour at one of the city's smartest hotels. He went there to see if he could come upon something new, and this is what he said afterward: "The styles were what might be called mediocre, with the Russian turban absolutely dominant—the same Russian turban that has been selling for the last year in the better millinery departments. Not a single departure in the way of shapes or trimmings was noted."

Gray Goods Trade in the Air.

With cotton at its highest point since 1869, the lid was torn off in the local gray goods market yesterday by buyers who wanted to cover as far into 1918 as the mills would sell. With some of the latter by no means anxious to take up long contracts, and others refusing outright unless top prices were paid, it can be seen that trading for these positions could have been more active. The scarcity of actual spots of all constructions kept the bulk of the trading confined to deliveries wanted in the next three to four months. Contract business was done on printcloths at these levels: 39-inch 68-72s, 13½ cents; 38½-inch 64-60s, 11¾ cents; 60-52s, 10⅝ cents, and 60-48s, at 10¼ cents. Sheetings, drills, and specialties continued to move where sellers had not put the clamps on, with all prices "top." Spot printcloth prices ranged about this way:

39-inch, 80-80s	16c	39-inch, 64-60s	12c
39-inch, 72-76s	*15c	39-inch, 64-56s	11⅝c
39-inch, 68-72s	*14c	39-inch, 60-52s	10⅞c
29-inch, 56-44s	9¾c	9-inch, 60-48s	10⅜c
38½c-inch, 64-64s	12½c	27-inch, 64-60s	*8⅝c

*Asked.

Coat-Dress for Spring.

The coat-dress, which proved to be so popular this Fall, and which many believe was a big factor in the reduced demand for suits, is very much in evidence in the early Spring styles. It is variously treated and many attractive arrangements of materials are displayed. Wool velour is used extensively, and so is wool jersey cloth. In many of the garments the bustle effect is beautifully worked out, sometimes in modified forms, sometimes quite extreme. The straight silhouette, however, has also been given a good deal of attention and thought by designers, and especially in the "stylish stouts" great ingenuity is shown. Houses with men out on the road are already said to be receiving substantial orders, and everything points, they say, to a prosperous 1918 season.

Some Eastern Underwear Priced.

Buyers who came to this market yesterday in the hope of a general opening of Fall, 1918, lines of ribbed and fleeced underwear were disappointed. Several well-known ribbed lines were opened at prices running from 45 to 60 per cent. above those quoted for 1917 goods a year ago this time, but other lines, it was announced, will probably not be priced before Monday next. Fleeced goods probably will be opened at that time also. Many of the prices made yesterday were tentative, and it is probable that several of them will be withdrawn by today. As for the actual figures, a line of 11-pound ribbed shirts and drawers was opened at $8 a dozen, against $5.50 a dozen last year. Others brought as low as $7.50, while 15 and 16 pound union suits for men were priced anywhere from $4 to $5 a dozen higher than last year. In percentages these advances were practically the same as on separate garments.

CANADIAN WHEAT POURS IN.

Volume Entering United States Greatly Increased with Duty Off.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Canadian wheat is pouring into the United States duty free through every customs district on the northern border in largely increasing volume, the Department of Commerce announced today.

For the nine months ended with last September, this country imported from Canada 21,490,269 bushels, more than 14,000,000 of which came in free after April 16, the date on which Canada removed its import duty on wheat. During these nine months wheat-flour imports totaled 403,270 barrels, of which 297,000 came in free, against a total of 157,289 barrels in the same period of 1916, and hardly more than 90,000 in 1915.

Movement of Canadian flour to the west coast is noticeable.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON.—Federman Dept. Store; A. Lippman, children's, boys' coats, suits; Mr. Griff'th, toys, dolls; 116 W. 32d.
ALBANY, N. Y.—Miss M. Murray, millinery; St. Andrew.
AUSTIN—McKean-Eilers Co.; L. Davis, underwear, piece goods; 72 Leonard.
BALTIMORE—Blumberg Brothers Co.; A. Blumberg, knit underwear, hosiery; 43 Leonard.
BOSTON—D. A. Gordon & Co.; D. A. Gordon, Spring women's, misses' serge, silk dresses; 54 W. 21st.
BOSTON—J. Reiner, women's, juniors' serge dresses; M. Reiner, children's wash dresses; 54 W. 21st.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss Davis, knit underwear; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON, Mass.—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Mr. S. Campbell, handkerchiefs; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—R. H. Stevens & Co.; C. W. Conklin, coats, suits, skirts; 200; 5th Av.
BOSTON—Barron, Anderson & Co.; A. B. Anderson, clothing; Imperial.
BRADDOCK, Penn.—The Famous; Miss Criste, flannelette, nightgowns, bathrobes; 72 Madison Av.
BRIDGEPORT—Howland D. G. Co.; E. J. Godfrey, silks, dress goods; W. H. Howe, sporting goods; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; J. S. Rosenberg, skirts, waists; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—L. Klein; H. Wolff, clothing, furnishing goods; Somerset.
CHICAGO—Phil Klaster & Co.; H. Klaster, dresses; 1,170 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Gage Brothers & Co.; C. L. Nelson, ready-to-wear; 5th Av. and 37th.
CHICAGO—Montgomery, Ward & Co.; H. J. Smith, dry goods; 44 West 23d.
CHICAGO—New Lion Store; M. Kohn, furn. goods; Latham.
CHICAGO—Mitchell & Ridler; M. Ridler, women's, children's Spring coats, suits, infants' wear; 1,133 B'way.
CHICAGO—Leschin & Co.; G. L. Ederheimer, ready-to-wear; 1,140 B'way.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; F. F. Foote, knit underwear; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Bauman & Co.; H. Bauman, Spring coats, suits; 12 E. 32d.
CHICAGO—Miller & Schiller; Mr. Miller, general mdse.; Broztell.
CINCINNATI—Rosenthal Brothers & Swillinger; Mr. Rosenthal, Spring suits; Room 509, 1,170 Broadway.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Miss M. Cohen, flannelette, nightgowns, bathrobes 72 Madison Av.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; A. Moskovitz, basement, house dresses, waists; 37 W. 26th.
COLUMBUS, Ga.—D. Rothschild & Co.; C. P. Mooty, laces, waists, notions, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard.
DALLAS—M. Kelstrom; M. Kelstrom, coats, suits; 45 West 34th.
DETROIT—Schramms; F. Schramme, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d.
DETROIT—Owen & Co.; F. Owen, furniture and carpets; Hermitage.
DETROIT—Taylor, McLeish & Co.; M. Taylor, general merchandise; Herald Square.
DETROIT—Russell Co.; W. A. Miller, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
ELMIRA, N. Y.—L. Freudenheim & Bro.; A. Freudenheim, ready-to-wear; Grand.
GLENS FALLS, N. Y.—Fowler, Curtis Co.; J. I. Fowler, linens; Marlborough.
HARTFORD, Conn.—L. S. Goldschmidt Co.; L. S. Goldschmidt, piece goods, hosiery, underwear; Manhattan.
HOLYOKE, Mass.—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; R. E. Nugent, dry goods; Woodward.
HOLYOKE—Beary Bros.; M. Beary, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
HOLYOKE, Mass.—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; W. B. Wakelin, suits, gloves, laces, ribbons; Navarre.
HOUSTON—Flaxman D. G. and Notion Co.; T. Flaxman, ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.
HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Watts-Ritter Co.; C. W. Watts, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
JACKSON, Miss.—Downing-Locke Co.; A. J. Locke, ready-to-wear; Breslin.
LANCASTER—Donovan Co.; G. H. Mehl, dry goods; 116 West 32d.
LITTLE ROCK—The Pollack Co.; J. Pollack, jobs coats, suits; 339 5th Av.
LOUISVILLE—Gibson Cloak and Suit Co.; M. Shapiro, jobs suits, serge dresses; Room 500, 1,170 B'way.
MEMPHIS—The Fair; M. Alpiren, ladies' suits; 1,161 B'way.
MEMPHIS—Levy Brothers; Mr. Levy, polo coats, suits, dresses; 303 5th Av.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; Miss E. E. Murray, hosiery, underwear; 404 4th Av.; Latham.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile; M. Hood, rugs, carpets, and linoleums; 2 West 37th.
NEWBERN, N. C.—Best, Coplon & Co.; Chas. Coplon; 1,161 Broadway.
NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; M. S Mumma, ready-to-wear; S. Muhlfelder, wash goods, ribbons, umbrellas; Mrs. M. A. Fitts, women's underwear, corsets, infants' wear; A. A. Breton, housefurnishing goods; 404 4th Av.
NEW HAVEN—E. Malley Co.; F. W. Phipps, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
NEW ORLEANS—Marks-Isaacs Co.; B. M. Isaacs, millinery; 1,150 B'way.
OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Baker, Hanna & Blake Co.; F. D. Hardin, piece goods; 395 Broadway.
PADUCAH, Ky.—E. Guthrie Co.; R. R. Guthrie, ready-to-wear; 31 Union Square.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; Miss A. B. Lerner, jobs women's cloth skirts; Broadway and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—L. W. Hirsch Co.; M. Hirsch, silk waists; 470 4th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; Miss E. Perrett, jobs dresses; 1,261 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—"Blauner's"; Miss Lustig, dresses; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—S. Goldberg, coats, suits, Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—I. Manaff, dresses; New Strand.
PHILADELPHIA—H. Fischer & Co.; H Fischer, waists; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Mr. Goldman, bathing suits; B'way and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—E. Loeb, clothing; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA, Penn.—H. Fried & Co.; H. Fried, Spring coats; 1,182 B'way, Room 804.
PHILADELPHIA—The Vogue; Needleman, waists; 1,170 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—A. Rothschild & Co.; Gutman, children's and girl's coats; 1,182 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; E. J. Gattman, basement, ready to wear; H. Herman, Miss Weiler, children's coats; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; B. Neiman, Mrs. Flatow, jobss silk, serge, velvet dresses; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Ogus, Rabinowich & Ogus; M. Petiot, millinery; 621 B'way.
PITTSBURGH, Penn.—Martin M. Singer; Mr. Singer, jobs suits; 1,161 B'way, Room 505.
PITTSBURGH—S. Grosser; S. Grosser, dry goods; Broadway Central.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum & Co.; P. W. Hamilton, shoes; 116 W. 32d.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—New England D. G. Co.; L. Schoenberg, dress goods, silks; B'way Central.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; A. L. Shaw, furs; 432 4th Av.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Decker-Patrick Co.; J. Decker, hosiery, underwear, sweaters; 43 Leonard.
SAN FRANCISCO—L. Strauss & Co.; S. E. Davis, overalls; 377 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—New York Cloak and Suit House; J. Gerstenfed, waists, sweaters, petticoats; 116 West 32d.
SAN FRANCISCO—New York Cloak and Suit House; J. Gerstenfeld, waists, sweaters; 116 West 32d.
SANTA FE.—N. Salmon; N. Salmon, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.
SAVANNAH—I. Epstein & Brother Co.; E. S. Epstein, dry goods, linings, furnishing goods, ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; S. Sincoff, basement, waists, house dresses; 37 W. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Puteles Cloak Co.; S. Pufeles, jobs coats, suits; 339 5th Av.
SHAMOKIN, Penn.—Lark & Lark; H. W. Lark, overalls, shirts; Grand.
STEUBENVILLE, Ohio—The Hub; Mr. Anathan, jobs coats, dresses; 15 E. 26th St.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Woodruff, Goodale & Bull; C. E. Bull, clothing; Vanderbilt.
TOLEDO—F. W. James Co.; F. W. James, silks, ribbons; Breslin.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; C. H. Franke, laces, neckwear, gloves; Herald Square.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; Miss G. M. Liebert, art embroideries; 432 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; E. C. Gatchell, men's furn. goods; 334 4th Av.
WILLIAMSTOWN, Penn.—J. W. Durbin, dry goods; Imperial.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Denholm & McKay Co.; J. Marsden, furn. goods; 230 5th Av.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

ROSEN & SAUER, manufacturers of cloaks and suits at 39 East Broadway. A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this firm by Adeline Fried, $909.

NEW ART LITHOGRAPHIC CO., 318 West 39th St. A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by George E. Loeffler, Walter Scott Company, Henry Lindermeyer & Sons, and R. Hoe & Co. Liabilities are said to be $37,366.

CARL KOEHLER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Carl Koehler, trading as Benson Hat Company, at 15 West 36th St., by Milton Altschuler and Louis Slutzky.

PRUDENTIAL OUTFITTING CO., credit clothing, 243 West 125th Street. A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by Irving Solomon, Joseph Solomon, and Samuel Friedman. Liabilities are said to total $250,000 and assets $200,000.

RICHFIELD FARMS, INC., dairy products, of 905 East 180th Street. R. C. Williams, Charles W. Voght, and Louis Wisansky have filed a petition in bankruptcy against this company.

RICHARD ROTH, an agent of 156 Fifth Avenue, filed schedules yesterday showing liabilities of $31,541 and assets of $25,880.

J. HEICHEL, INC., of 58 New Bowery.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this corporation by Charles Bott. Liabilities are given as $2,000 and assets $500.

SAMUEL LISSAUER, a tailor of 214 East 82d St., has filed a petition in bankruptcy showing liabilities of $811 and assets of $235.

LEOPOLD LEBEL, an employe of the State Board of Elections, of 103 West 141st St., has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,007 and assets $50.

ISRAEL TEICH.—Judge Hand has appointed John L. Lyttle receiver for Israel Teich, fur dealer at 47 E. 8th St.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

TAMPA, Fla., Nov. 27.—The New York creditors of the Dixie Canning and Preserving Company of Winter Haven have filed an involuntary petition in bankruptcy against that firm in the Federal court here. The petitioning creditors and their claims are Wood & Stephens, $4,311; Gustede Brothers, Inc., $63, and Thomas Roulston, $420. The assets of the firm are estimated at $29,000 and liabilities at $40,000.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts of $100 and over.)

American Press Ass'n—Perkins-Goodwin Co $1,784.04
American Carbide Co.—W. Fowler...8,151.47
Blum, Samuel—J. A. Kingsbury....157.20
Benesch, Wm. F.—M. Benesch, costs..130.01
Bennett, Sadie—Apisdorf Co....102.78
Berkowitz, Jane—I. Fader et al....210.40
Benesch, Milton; Harry Rein, and H. Rein & Co.—J. Oppenheim....449.71
Beaber, Dora—L. Schwartz....160.32
Cogan, Sarah M.—Standard Fashion Co 2,419.27
Carpenter, Edw. A.—Chelsea Exchange Bank 10,502.30
Same—American Exchange National Bank 18,731.71
Cohen, Samuel G., and Anna Lewin—S. Tauber et al....418.26
Carpenter, Edw. A.—Columbia Bank..6,391.13
Colouna, James—M. McCabe....111.00
City of N. Y.—D. T. Donohue....540.20
Castellano, Rosario—P. Bercovitz....157.50
Champion, Mary L.—Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, costs....150.54
Dorsey, James E.—W. D. Rockefeller..275.00
Same—G. T. Bagoe....1,325.00
Deuel, Wm. E.—A. N. Levy....170.41
Doscher, John, and Southwestern Surety Co.—H. S. Sosson....1,820.40
Europe, James R.—D. J. McClary....170.06
Gariner, Frederick—F. Spencer....100.20
Goldberg & Greenberg—K. Simon....750.00
Greenfogel, Max—M. Simon....430.86
Greenberg, Harry M.—I. Klein....601.28
Goldberg, Jack—Picture Producing Co..200.00
Hoyt Bros. Co.—Kiel Furniture Co....119.85
Heaney, Patrick J.—Hartwell, Lester & Clitter 7,635.11
Higgins, Willard T.—N. M. Powell et al.392.30
Johnston, Arthur C.—Borden's Farm Products Co 106.50
Josias, Herman—I. H. Weiss....321.41
Kimball, Wallace D.—Old Colony Trust and Savings Bank....869.05
Kanter, Samuel H. and Fannie, (Keystone Silk Underwear Co.)—R. Schreiber 325.91
Kellerman, Gustav—S. Levy....591.43
Kenny, Patrick—W. H. Bishop, costs...108.95
Kehre, Joseph—N. Y. Central R. R. Co.104.81
Lange, William—Z. H. Reakirt....300.07
Liakow, Harris; George Liakow, and Apostolos Margaritas—P. Divitracopulos 616.38
Mason, F. Howard—O. M. Le Gate....585.28
Manning, Henry S.—R. D. Taylor....3,708.00
Melchings, Adelbert R.—S. Koniger....200.98
Maltby, Geo. K.—G. Cornish....1,011.70
Morgan, William E.—M. F. Peck....121.00
Morrall, John W.—P. Freeman et al....225.55
Mucci, Giuseppe and Mazzarell—W. Raskin 126.30
Moskowitz & Kluger and David Moskowits and Jacob C. Kluger—R. Stenzler 227.65
Metz, Eugene—A. Appel et al....4,132.90
Montgomery, Richard M.—C. W. Saacke et al 56,638.40
Palmer, Archibald, trustee—P. Scheftel, costs 108.95
Same—G. A. Risentier, costs....108.85
Same—A. Buehler, costs....108.95
Podlosh, Isaac—A. Simon....140.41
O'Donohue, Mildred T., or Mrs. J. J. O'Donohue—E. Kuhlman et al....412.94
Oppenheimer, Meyer, by guardian—L. W. Smith, costs....110.05
Panagoulopoulos, John—P. Brown....135.20
Prunier, Andrew—I. Schmidt....603.30
Parr, Richard—C. F. G. Leonhardt et al.165.20
Ryanogue Farms—W. J. E. Robin...2,402.00
Same—T. Durkin....455.75
Rowcroft, Walter—F. F. Lang....225.85
Roth, Louis—B. Cohen....220.48
Rosenhouse, Solomon—J. Franken....158.07
Quimby, Adoulrian J.; Silas Palmer Beebe, and James W. Beveridge—Kalish Pharmacy 193.38
Ruotolo, Onorio—Durham Realty Corp..111.32
Shapiro, John H.—Wm. Glucken & Co..561.70
Swift, Lydia A.—N. Y. C. R. R. Co....112.53
Sheinberg, Moe, and Barney Schwartz—S. Klein & Sons....104.77
Sheffer, Joseph; Annie Sheffer, David Reich, Lena Reich, and Gershen Housman—M. Wachsman....333.95
Singer, Jacob—F. W. Bliss....128.08
See, Alfonzo B.—G. Tisdale....875.00
Twin Cities Const. Co.—General Drafting Co 234.66
Varuna Investing Co.—W. Garrity..10,113.88
United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.—M. M. Koster....20,180.93
Weinberg, Oscar—J. H. Ott....117.93
Walker, Joseph, Jr., and Mary R. Washburn, executors—R. C. McCormick, costs 120.30
Weisberg, Solomon—A. J. Weiss....121.15
Washington Heights Hospital—B. Rothfeld et al....3,683.27
Welsh, Frederic S.—L. Schweckert..1,325.00
Williams, John T.—J. B. Whitney....205.85

In Bronx County.

Berger, John W.—W. Schneidermann..$342.22
Cirillo, Ignazio and Tillie—J. W. Bryant.68.72
Carroll, Peter—M. Carroll....229.43
Diminno, Pasquale—E. V. Harman....229.42
Feinberg, Max, and Harry Meyerowitz—J. Ruder 41.97
Gent Const. Co. and John G. Gent—J. D. Johnson Co....181.66
Knight, Harry P.—W. Springer....278.46
Liss, Jacob—Fox Street Properties, Inc..47.72
Massoth, Charles, Jr.—R. C. Allen....66.21
Marino, Gerard—L. W. Greenberg et al.65.69
Murtha, John F.—H. J. Moskowitz....5.72
McCullough, J. Hadley, Edward T. Mulligan, and Agnes K. Mulligan—Seamen's Bank for Savings....100.92
McCullough, J. Hadley, and Agnes K. Mulligan—Same 124.53
Stoltz, Jacob P.—Wayne Oil Tank & Pump Co....1,355.29
Spadaccini, Frank—Travelers Ins. Co....73.88
White, J. Lloyd, and Everett J. White—J. Tannenbaum 47.47

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor, and the date that when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Stilwell, Arthur E.—M. L. B. Owen, Aug. 19, 1913....$20,426.22
Monsanto, Herman J. N.—Damingo Trueba Sues Son C., Dec. 18, 1913..1,534.96
Brown, Willard P. and James—R. S. Stanford, Aug. 3, 1916....317.02
Herring, Paul, Herman, and David M.—P. Mali et al., Oct. 27, 1917....118.55
Leary, Daniel J.—East River National Bank, Nov. 14, 1917....110.96
Levine, Hyman, and Samuel Dickstein—A. Coopersmith, Aug. 3, 1917....112.15
Rosenberg, Nathan, and Joseph Dicker—A. Solomon, April 15, 1912....402.16
Nocka, Chas. A., and Samuel A. Grice—G. Papfayains, Nov. 19, 1917....250.00
Wolper, Bernard C.—A. Davis et al, March 16, 1917....117.57
Gilroy Cont. Co.—G. A. Wood et al., Oct. 30, 1917....145.10
Tull, Samuel P.—Imperator Realty Co., Dec. 27, 1916, reversed....2,143.89
Pettit, Rolando S.—I. N. Williams, July 31, 1914....122.74

In Bronx County.

Bello, Antonio, Louis Spiegel, and Mary A. McGowan—J. Wieselthier, March 21, 1917....$230.05

LOANS AGAINST MERCHANDISE EITHER RAW OR FINISHED
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Commercial Loans.
16 Wall St. Phone Rector 7054.

FINANCING
of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on accounts and on merchandise.
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UNIVERSAL DISCOUNT CO.
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BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.
In the matter of REX DOLL CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Dec. 3, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 110 Greene St., and immediately thereafter at 113 Greene St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of finished and unfinished doll heads, glue, starch, wood pulp, oil, Cummings press machines, dies, motors, compressor tanks, machinery, fixtures, etc.
C. PARKER LATTIN, Receiver.
ARTHUR LEONARD ROSENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 100 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.
In the matter of HUGH J. CAMPBELL, trading as EXCELSIOR CAN WORKS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wed., Dec. 5, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 281 Pearl Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of tin, the cans, machinery for the manufacture of the cans, fixtures, etc.
GEORGE GRAY ZABRISKIE, Receiver.
WEIL & PURVIN, Attorney for Receiver, 291 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.
In the matter of POPULAR CLOAK & SUIT CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Dec. 4, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 14 West 17th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of buttons, thread, lining, safe, typewriter, cutting machine, fixtures, etc.
GEORGE GRAY ZABRISKIE, Receiver.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Attorney for Receiver, 42 Broadway, New York.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Market Shows No Definite Trend—Campaigning for National Economy Begins.

The stock market continues to reflect efforts of traders to take advantage of opportunities for profit through the readjustment of prices following the halting of the long decline. The changes yesterday were again highly irregular and in no way a reaction to the day's news. The railroads lost a little ground, but the Street has not yet made up its mind as to what the revolutionary changes proposed by the War Board will mean when translated into net earnings. The publication yesterday of October results for the Atchison and Union Pacific served to emphasize the extent to which operating costs are outstripping the economies put in force when labor and materials were cheaper. Both companies enjoyed a substantial increase in gross earnings, and both reported decreases in their net earnings after taxes. These roads are among the more fortunate lines. Some of the Eastern carriers have been forced to accept more business than they have facilities for handling, and have lost any measure of control over their operating costs which was possible when they were able to sidetrack equipment for small repairs when needed.

Wall Street's machinery for the distribution of securities is being made ready to aid in the sale of the new war savings thrift stamps, of which it is confidently expected that the full $2,000,000,000 authorized by law will be sold in the next few months. The importance of this supplementary scheme of Government financing lies not so much in the additional revenues which it will bring into the Treasury as in the lesson it will carry in the campaign for national economies. The line of self-denial must be drawn more clearly if the United States is to make good its promises in the way of support both for its own troops abroad and for the Allies. It is doubly hard to press home the new idea of thrift when wages are at unprecedented levels, but the war savings cards proved an important factor in bringing about the concentration of Great Britain's energies upon the speeding up of useful industries, with the result that with more than 10 per cent. of the entire population under arms the output of manufactures has actually increased, and similar results are expected here. With the lesson of the other belligerents' experience before us, more rapid progress should be attained in putting this nation upon a war business basis.

LONDON MARKET CHEERFUL.

Fair Degree of Activity in Gilt-Edged Securities.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The stock market maintained its cheerfulness and strength today. The publication of the prospectus of the French loan did not lessen interest in other allied war loans, and gilt-edged securities in which there was a fair degree of activity.

Argentine rails were dearer and shipping shares buoyant, while oil, iron and steel stocks were active and strong features, speculators as well as investors buying them. Brazilian bonds were better. Money was tighter and discount rates were steady.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	3	Last	2¾
Low	2¾	Renewals	3

Time Loans.

Mixed Collateral		All Industrial	
Sixty days	5¼@5½	Sixty days	5½@5¾
Ninety days	5½@5¾	Ninety days	5¾@6
Four months	5½@5¾	Four months	5¾@6
Five months	5½@5¾	Five months	5¾@6
Six months	5½@5¾	Six months	5¾@6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ... 3½@3¾
Non member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ... 3⅞@3⅞
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ... 4 @5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.
30 to 60 days ... 5
4 to 6 months ... 5¼@5½

Other Names.
4 to 6 months ... 5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75⅞	$4.75⅞	$4.75⅞	..
Cables	4.76⅞	4.76⅞	4.76⅞	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.71⅛	5.74⅛	5.74⅛	+.00¼
Cables	5.71⅛	5.71⅛	5.71⅛	+.00⅛
Rubles—				
Demand	13.35	13.25	13.35	+.25
Cables	13.60	13.50	13.60	+.25

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75⅞	$4.76⅞
5.1826	Paris	5.71⅛	5.71⅛
	China—		
	Hongkong	71.00	71.25
	Peking	107.00	107.25
	Shanghai	100.00	100.25
19.295	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.19	Holland	44.00	44.50
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	34.50	34.75
	Calcutta	34.50	34.75
5.1823	Italy	8.06	8.05
49.84	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.75	52.00
	Yokohama	32.00	52.25
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	50.00	50.125
51.50	Russia	13.35	13.60
26.79	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	36.25	36.75
	Copenhagen	32.50	33.50
	Christiania	33.00	33.50
19.295	Spain	23.60	23.68
	South America—		
32.42	Rio	25.67	25.77
42.44	Buenos Aires	47.01	47.11
5.1826	Switzerland	4.37	4.35

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71¼	$4.69¼	$4.70½	$4.68½

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $608,104,830; balance, $41,685,791; Sub Treasury debit balance, $882,523; Federal Reserve credit balance, $11,051,283.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .3125 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 42¾d, unchanged; in New York, 84⅜c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 64½c.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 59 francs 75 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 27 francs 29½ centimes. Five per cent. loan 87 francs 85 centimes.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$10,692,710	$71,249,431
Ord. internal rev	73,180,908	259,583,334
Income tax	6,137,731	31,879,086
Miscellaneous	37,348,545	87,957,816
Total receipts	$127,359,958	$450,669,668
Exc. of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	326,913,404	1,300,399,391
Exc. of total disburse. over total receipts	820,334,069	723,631,797
Expenditures	454,273,363	1,751,069,060

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Lead	6.37½	..	6.37½	..
Spelter	7.87½	8.12½	8.00	8.12½
Antimony	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Quicksilver	$110.00	..	$110.00	..
Aluminium	*36.00	38.00	*36.00	38.00
Iron, No. 2 X fdy.	..	34.25	..	34.25

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c. per pound bid. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	284	0	0	283	0	0
Tin, futures	282	5	0	281	15	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, NOV. 27, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	524,005	1,164,556	435,823
Year to date	171,061,888	201,991,175	159,699,334

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
68	75	100	Adams Express	71	71	71	71	+1
8⅝	11	100	Advance Rumely	9	9	9	9	...
..	..	100	Ajax Rubber	50	50	50	50	+¾
2¼	2¾	900	Alaska Gold Mines	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2¼	...
2⅝	3	200	Alaska Juneau	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	−⅛
18⅝	18¾	2,100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	18½	19¼	18⅝	18¾	...
71	73	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	72	72	72	72	...
74	75¼	1,200	Am. Beet Sugar	74½	75⅜	74½	75¼	+⅛
36¾	36⅞	8,200	Am. Can	37½	37⅜	36⅝	36⅝	−⅝
93	96	400	Am. Can pf	93½	96¼	96	96¼	+¼
65½	66¼	1,400	Am. Car & Fdry	66½	66⅝	66	66	−¼
25	25½	1,000	Am. Cotton Oil	25⅜	25½	25	25	−¼
13	13½	1,800	Am. H. & Leather	13¼	14¼	13½	14	+⅛
58	58¼	1,100	Am. H. & Leath. pf	59⅛	59⅞	58	58	...
10¾	11	175	Am. Ice	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	...
25¼	25¾	600	Am. Linseed	25¾	25⅜	25¼	25¼	−⅝
54¼	54½	1,300	Am. Locomotive	55½	55¾	54½	54½	−1
91	92	200	Am. Shipbuilding	91	91	91	91	...
78	78⅛	15,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	78	79½	77⅞	78	+⅝
102	103	800	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	102⅝	102⅝	102	102	−1
92	94	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜	+⅜
56½	57¼	400	Am. Steel F'dries	58	58	57¾	58	+⅜
97	98	200	Am. Sugar Ref	98½	98¼	98	98	−1
59¾	60	9,700	Am. Sumatra Tob	58½	60½	58¼	59¾	+1¼
106⅝	107	3,200	Am. Tel. & Tel	108	108	106⅝	106⅝	−1⅛
88	95	100	Am. Woolen pf	89	89	89	89	+⅜
24	26	300	Am. Writing P. pf	28¾	28⅜	26¼	26¼	+1¼
13¾	14	200	Am. Zinc L. & S	14½	14½	14	14	...
58½	58⅝	18,000	Anaconda Copper	59½	60⅛	58⅝	58⅝	−¾
84	85	1,700	Atch., Top. & S. F	85	85	83¾	84	−1
80	84	200	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	82½	82½	82½	82½	−¾
98	99	2,200	At., Gulf & West I	99½	100	98¾	98½	−1½
55½	56¼	3,400	Baldwin Loco	57½	57½	55¼	55¼	−¾
50⅝	51½	1,900	Baltimore & Ohio	51½	51½	50⅜	50⅜	−1⅜
58	59½	200	Baltimore & O. pf	59	59	59	59	...
91⅛	91½	100	Barrett Co	91½	91½	91½	91½	...
81	84	200	Bethlehem Steel	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	+¼
81¼	81½	13,400	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c	82⅜	83⅛	81¼	81¼	−1⅜
97¾	98	900	Beth. S. pf.sub.r.f.p	98⅛	98⅛	97¾	97¾	−⅜
44½	45	1,600	Bklyn Rapid Tran	46	46⅝	44⅞	44⅞	−1¼
115	115¾	2,300	Burns Brothers	116	116	114½	115⅛	+⅛
10	12	100	Butterick Co	10½	10½	10½	10½	+½
17½	17⅞	500	Butte & Superior	17½	17½	17¼	17½	−⅛
36	..	200	California Packing	35⅝	36	35¾	36	+1¾
12½	13¼	200	California Petrol	12¾	13	12¾	13	−⅜
37	40	200	California Pet. pf	39	39	39	39	+¾
134½	135¼	3,500	Canadian Pacific	136	136	134½	134½	−1¼
30	32	100	Central Foundry	31	31	31	31	−½
67	67½	10,900	Central Leather Co	68	68⅞	66⅞	67	−½
30½	32	100	Cerro de Pasco	30	30	30	30	...
65	66	600	Chandler Motor	64½	65¾	64½	65¾	+1¾
47¾	48⅝	400	Chesapeake & Ohio	47⅝	48	47⅝	48	+⅛
7	7½	1,000	Chi. Great Western	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	−⅛
20	20¾	200	Chi. Great West. pf	21½	21½	20½	20½	+½
37½	37¾	2,500	Chi., Mil. & St. P	37¼	37¾	37⅛	37⅛	−⅝
18¾	18½	800	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c	18¾	18¾	18¼	18¾	−⅝
52	52½	200	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾	+¼
42	42¾	1,000	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c	43¼	43¼	42¼	42¾	−¾
15½	15⅝	2,300	Chile Copper	16¼	16⅜	15½	15⅝	−⅝
42	42⅛	2,200	Chino Copper	42½	43	42	42⅛	−⅛
90	100	100	Cluett, Peabody pf	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	+2¾
35½	38	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	36	36	36	36	...
31¾	32¼	400	Columbia Gas & El	32⅞	32⅞	32¼	32¼	+¼
86	87	100	Consolidated Gas	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	+⅝
90	96	2,100	Continental Can	95	97½	95	97	+2
29	29¼	7,300	Corn Products Ref	29⅜	30	29	29	−⅞
90	90¾	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	+½
55½	56	4,700	Crucible Steel	56¼	57¼	55½	55½	−½
29½	29¾	7,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	29⅝	30⅜	29¼	29½	−½
78⅜	79	800	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	78⅞	79	78⅞	79	+⅛
90½	91¼	1,400	Del. & Hudson x d	92	92	90½	91	−1¼
189	190	300	Del., Lack. & West	190	190	190	190	−2
35½	35¾	2,000	Distillers' Secur	36⅜	36½	35½	35¾	−⅝
6⅝	6¾	800	Dome Mines	6⅝	6⅝	6¾	6¾	+⅛
14¾	15	2,100	Erie	15⅛	15¼	14⅞	14⅞	−⅛
22¾	23	500	Erie 1st pf	23	23	23	23	...
17½	18	300	Erie 2d pf	18	18½	18	18½	+½
11	15	100	Federal Min. & S	12	12	12	12	−1¼
30	33	100	Federal M. & S. pf	33¼	33¼	33¼	33¼	−1¾
33½	35¾	200	Gaston, W. & W	35	35	33½	33½	+¼
126½	126¾	1,400	General Electric	128¼	128¼	126	126½	−1¾
90⅞	91	4,300	General Motors	90⅞	93	90⅞	90⅞	−⅝
36½	37	1,300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	36½	37½	36½	37	+1
66	70	200	Granby Consol	66	68	66	68	+2
90	91	600	Great Northern	90¼	90⅝	90¼	90⅝	−1
27½	27⅝	1,800	G. N. ctfs. for o. p	28	28	27½	27⅞	+⅛
38	38½	600	Greene-Cananea	37½	38	37½	38	+½
42	43	200	Hartman Corp	42	42	42	42	−1⅞
42	43	50	Do., odd lot	43	43	43	43	...
28¾	29	200	Haskell & Barker	29⅜	29⅜	29	29	+¼
94⅛	95	100	Illinois Central	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜	−⅜
44	44¼	3,800	Inspiration Copper	44½	44⅞	44	44⅛	+⅛
7	7¼	1,400	Interboro Consol	7½	7½	7¼	7¼	−¼
45	45½	100	Interboro Con. pf	45½	45½	45½	45½	−¼
108	109	300	Int. Harvester, N. J	108	108½	108	108¼	+1¼
..	96½	100	Int. Harv. Corp. pf	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼	−¾
24	24¼	16,900	Int. Mer. Marine	25⅛	25⅜	24	24	−1⅝
95⅝	96	46,000	Int. Mer. Marine pf	98	98¼	95⅜	95⅜	−1⅝
27	27¼	1,200	Int. Nickel	27½	27½	27⅜	27⅜	...
27¼	28	8,800	Int. Paper	27½	29¼	27½	27⅝	+¼
58½	59½	200	Int. Paper pf. sta	60	60	60	60	+1¼
17½	18	500	Kansas City South	18	18	17½	18	−¼
46	49	100	Kan. City South. pf	47½	47½	47½	47½	+½
33⅝	33¾	5,700	Kennecott Copper	33⅞	34⅛	33½	33⅞	+¼
81¼	81⅞	3,500	Lackawanna Steel	81½	82	81	81⅝	+⅛
9	9½	500	Lake Erie & West	9	9	9	9	...
12¼	12⅝	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	12½	12⅝	12½	12⅝	+⅝
54½	54⅝	500	Lehigh Valley	55	55	54¾	54¾	−¼
101	102	300	Liggett & Myers pf	101	101	101	101	...
24¼	24¾	1,400	Maxwell Motors	25½	26	24½	24¾	+1
16½	16¾	2,000	Max. Motors 2d pf	15	17	15	16¾	+2¼
79½	81	5,300	Mexican Petroleum	81½	82½	79⅞	79⅞	−1⅜
28½	28¾	900	Miami Copper	28⅜	28⅝	28⅜	28¾	+⅛
43¾	44	500	Midvale Steel	44⅝	44⅝	44	44	−¼
9½	10	100	Minn. & St. L. new	10	10	10	10	...
82	85	150	M., St. P. & S. S. M	85	85	85	85	+¼
23½	24	100	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs	24	24	24	24	−¼
40¼	41	300	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs	40½	40⅞	40¼	40¼	−1
65	66½	100	Montana Power	66	66	66	66	−¾
90	95	100	Nat. Biscuit Co	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	+3⅞
24¼	24¾	2,600	Nat. Cond. & Cable	24⅝	25⅛	24½	24½	...
37½	38½	300	Nat. Enam. & St	38⅛	38⅝	38⅛	38⅛	−⅛
43⅝	45½	100	Nat. Lead	44	44	44	44	+½
17¼	17⅝	1,900	Nevada Con. Cop	17½	17½	17⅛	17½	...
112	113	100	N. Y. Air Brake	111	111	111	111	+1
69⅝	70¼	4,400	N. Y. Central	70¼	70¼	69⅝	69⅞	−⅞
27½	28	400	N. Y., N. H. & H	28½	28½	27⅞	27⅞	−⅝
19⅝	20	400	N. Y., Ont. & West	20½	20⅝	20	20	+¼
104½	105	200	Norfolk & Western	105	105	104⅝	104⅝	−⅝
45	48	100	North American	46½	46½	46½	46½	+⅛
84⅛	84⅝	2,400	Northern Pacific	85⅝	85⅝	83⅞	84¼	−2¼
65	67	200	Nova Scotia S. & C	66	66	66	66	...
36	36¼	1,500	Ohio Cities Gas	36¼	36⅜	36	36	−½
4¼	4¾	100	Ontario Mining	4½	4½	4½	4½	...
60	63	600	Owens Bottle Mach	64	64	60½	60½	−4
23½	25	100	Pacific Mail	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	−1½
46½	46¾	6,100	Penn. R. R	47	47	46⅛	46⅛	−⅞
39	40	400	People's Gas, Chi	39	39⅞	39	39⅞	+⅝
14¼	15	400	Pere Marquette	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	−1⅛
55	65	100	P., C., C. & St. L	60	60	60	60	...
44	45	100	Pittsburgh Coal	44⅝	44⅝	44⅜	44⅝	−⅜
78	80	100	Pitts. Coal pf	80	80	80	80	...
22½	23½	100	Pitts. & West Va	23	23	23	23	−½
57⅛	58½	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	57½	57½	57½	57½	+⅝
107	110	440	Public Service N. J	107	109	107	109	−1
125	126	300	Pullman Co	125	126	125	126	+1
½	⅝	200	Quicksilver pf	½	½	½	½	...
42	44½	200	Railway Steel Sp	44½	44½	44	44	−¾
22½	22¾	5,000	Ray Con. Copper	22⅝	22⅞	22½	22¾	+⅛
69⅞	70⅛	10,100	Reading	71½	71½	69⅝	70	−1⅛
78⅝	78¾	16,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	79⅝	80¼	78½	78⅝	−1
95¼	96	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf	95½	95½	95½	95½	+¼
70	71	200	Royal Dutch t r	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝	+¼
15⅛	15⅝	100	St. Louis-San Fran	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	...
25	30	100	St. L.-San Fran. pf	26½	26½	26½	26½	+½
22	24	100	St. Louis Southw	24	24	24	24	−½
5¼	6	100	Saxon Motor	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	...
18½	19¼	100	Seab. Air Line pf	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	−⅛
19¾	20	500	Shattuck-Arizona	19¼	19¼	19	19	−½
31¾	31½	1,100	Sinclair Oil & Ref	31¾	32	31¼	31¼	−⅛
38	39	150	Sloss-S. Steel & I	38⅜	38⅝	38⅜	38⅜	−⅝
82½	82¾	3,200	Southern Pacific	83⅞	83⅞	82½	82⅞	−1
150	160	100	So. Porto Rico Sug	155	155	155	155	−3
24⅝	24¾	2,000	Southern Railway	25	25¼	24⅝	24¾	−⅛
42⅝	43	21,900	Studebaker Co	41⅛	44⅛	41⅛	42¾	+2¼
36	37	600	Superior Steel	37	37	36¼	36¼	+¼
12¼	12¾	2,500	Tenn. C. & C	12⅝	13¾	12⅝	12¾	+
143½	144	1,500	Texas Co	144⅝	144⅝	143¾	144	−½
52	52½	10,200	Tobacco Products	53½	54¼	52¼	52¼	−⅞
88	92	100	Tobacco Prod. pf	91	91	91	91	+⅞
70	73	300	Twin City R. T	73	73	70½	70½	−2¾
114½	115	2,700	Union Pacific	116	116	114⅜	114⅜	−1⅜
36½	37½	100	United Alloy Steel	36⅜	36⅜	36⅜	36⅜	−¼
91⅞	92¼	5,693	United Cigar Stores	93	94	91¾	92	−¾
117½	119	100	United Fruit	119	119	119	119	+1¼
112¾	113	1,400	U. S. Indus. Alco	114	114½	112¼	112¼	−¾
14	15	200	U. S. R. & Imp. Co	14⅝	14⅝	14¼	14¼	...
52	53	4,300	U. S. Rubber	51⅜	54	51⅜	52⅜	+1⅜
96	96½	150	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	−¾
46¾	47	400	U. S. Sm., R. & M	46	47½	46	47	+1
97¼	97⅜	107,600	U. S. Steel	98⅛	99	97	97⅜	+1⅛
109	109¾	700	U. S. Steel pf	109½	109⅝	109½	109½	...
78½	79	5,600	Utah Copper	79	80	78	78¾	−¼
11¼	12⅝	100	Utah Securities	12	12	12	12	...
33¾	34	500	Va.-Car. Chemical	34	34	34	34	+1
50½	55	156	Va. Iron, Coal & C	50½	50½	50½	50½	−2
8	8¾	100	Wabash	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	−⅜
40¾	41	800	Wabash pf. A	41⅜	41⅜	41	41	−⅜
20¾	21¼	400	Wabash pf. B	21	21	21	21	−½
75	79	116	Wells Fargo Exp	75¼	75¼	75¼	75¼	...
12¼	13¼	100	Western Pacific	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	−⅛
83¼	83½	100	Western Union Tel	83½	83½	83¼	83½	+½
38½	39	1,000	Westingh. E. & M	38⅜	39	38⅜	38⅜	...
10	10¼	200	Wheeling & L. E	10	10	10	10	−½
20	21½	100	Wheel. & L. E. pf	21¼	21½	21¼	21½	−½
36½	38	200	White Motors	36¼	36¼	36½	36½	+1½
46	46½	400	Wilson & Co	45¾	46⅛	45¾	46	+½
19⅜	19⅝	15,800	Willys-Overland	19½	20¼	19¼	19½	...
70	75	500	Willys-Overand pf	69½	70	69½	70	+1
108	109	700	Woolw., (F.W.) Co	110	110	108½	108¼	−1½
36½	37	2,000	Worthington Pump	34¼	36¾	34¼	36½	+3
87	89	125	Worth. Pump pf. A	88	88	88	88	−3
57	59	400	Worth. Pump pf. B	55¾	57½	55¾	57½	+2½

DETAILS OF GOLD EXPORTS.

Japan Alone Took $155,467,726 in 9 Months—Spain $99,337,400.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Details of the country's commerce for the first nine months of the year, made public today by the Department of Commerce, showed that the enormous increase in gold exports was absorbed largely by Japan and Spain. Japan took $155,467,726 in gold from the United States from January through September, as compared with $9,300,630 in the same period of 1916, and was virtually the only one of the allied countries to receive precious metal from America in September. Spain imported $99,337,400 for nine months, against $29,601,520 in the same period of the preceding year.

Mexico got $8,712,279 in gold up to Sept. 30, as compared with less than a million dollars in the corresponding period of 1916. Total gold exports for nine months amounted to $348,968,514 in 1917, compared with $94,430,462 last year.

Silver exports increased from $47,723,604 in 1916 to $62,236,862 so far this year. Imports of gold almost ceased in September, being less than $5,000,000, due to the fact that the Government now is financing the Allies' purchases here by credits. Silver, however, attracted by record high prices, was imported in unusual quantities, amounting to $5,796,320 for the month, or more than 100 per cent. greater than the quantity brought in during September, 1916. Mexico sent the bulk of the metal, with other large quantities coming from Peru.

Importations of merchandise for September included $1,153 worth of German goods bought before diplomatic relations were severed and held in transit by the Allies' blockade.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	58.93	58.19	58.42	−.61
25 industrials	73.00	71.69	71.91	−.41
50 stocks	65.96	64.94	65.16	−.51

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 27	65.96	64.94	65.16	−.51
Nov. 26	65.90	65.03	65.67	+.39
Nov. 24	65.51	65.18	65.28	−.51
Nov. 23	66.16	64.81	65.79	+.70
Nov. 22	65.86	64.85	65.09	−.31
Nov. 21	65.89	64.39	65.40	+.65
Nov. 20	65.18	63.81	64.75	+.98

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Nov.	High	Low	Last.
1917	66.16 Nov. 23	60.42 Nov. 8	65.16
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	97.77 Nov. 1	97.53
1915	93.51 Nov. 1	85.76 Nov. 10	90.39
1914	Exchange closed.		
1913	67.80 Nov. 1	65.50 Nov. 10	66.51
1912	84.12 Nov. 7	81.10 Nov. 12	82.37
1911	78.93 Nov. 24	74.14 Nov. 1	77.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High	Low	Last.
*1917	90.46 Jan. 4	60.42 Nov. 8	65.16
†1916	101.51 Nov. 20	90.91 Sep. 22	97.42
Full Years.			
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80 Jan. 31	67.41 July 30	60.20
1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10	68.06
1912	85.52 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41 June 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Nov. 27...77.44 — ..	Nov. 19...76.73 +.01
Nov. 26...77.44 +.13	Nov. 17...76.72 −.17
Nov. 24...77.31 +.16	Nov. 16...76.89 −.16
Nov. 23...77.15 +.02	Nov. 15...77.05 −.06
Nov. 22...77.13 +.01	Nov. 14...77.11 −.20
Nov. 21...77.00 +.19	Nov. 13...77.31 −.09
Nov. 20...76.87 +.14	Nov. 12...77.40 — ..

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	High	Low	Last.
*1917	88.48 Jan. 26	76.72 Nov. 17	77.44
†1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 23	89.10
Full Years.			
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 23	88.61
1915	87.62 Nov. 24	81.51 Jan. 2	86.07
1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Cotton Fluctuations.

Apropos of yesterday's slight reaction in the cotton market, which carried prices back somewhat from Monday's high level, an old trader remarked that in his opinion the significant feature of recent market movements is not the strength of the advances, but the feebleness of the reactions. In ordinary markets the speculative pendulum swings back and forth with about equal vigor, but now there is a strong and steady undercurrent which is constantly upward, and consequently neutralizes the down swing almost completely. The result is that not only are the reactions of the market relatively slight, but the volume of business on down days is much smaller. A close observer of the cotton trade, who has just returned from a business trip through the South, reports that the advance in prices has, as might have been expected, failed to keep pace with the desires of the producers. A short time ago they declared that nothing short of thirty-cent cotton would be reasonable. Then their ambitions advanced to forty cents, he said, and now, with prices well over the thirty-cent level, some of them are already beginning to talk about fifty-cent cotton. As a matter of fact, some cotton is selling for fifty cents a pound already—the best quality of long staple, which, it is rumored, is much in demand for airplane cloth.

Christmas Gift Suggestions.

The substitution of United States Thrift Cards, War Savings Certificates, and Liberty Loan bonds for money as Christmas gifts is being actively encouraged by the American Exchange National Bank. A sign was placed over its doors yesterday calling attention to this unusual opportunity to please friends and serve the Government at the same time.

Bank's Letter Effective.

It was reported last week that a large New York City bank had written a letter to one of its Southern correspondents in regard to the sale of Liberty Loan bonds, in which attention was called to the unpatriotic action of subscribing to bonds merely for the purpose of "making a showing" and selling the same immediately after the closing of subscription books. It was learned yesterday that the Southern institution was enlightened by the letter, repented its proposed move, and immediately canceled the order for the sale of the bonds. The bank further advised that it had decided to join the Federal Reserve System.

Interest on Russian Bonds.

A semi-annual interest payment on the $25,000,000 five-year 5½ per cent. bonds of the Imperial Russian Government is due Saturday and will be paid at the National City Bank. Payments will amount to $687,500. The bonds are not due until Dec. 1, 1921, and they are redeemable either in dollars in New York or in rubles at the Imperial State Bank of Russia at the current commercial rates of exchange in Petrograd at sight in New York. Yesterday the bonds sold up to 49, closing at 47¾, with a bid of 47. The issue price was 94¾, or just about double the present selling price. At current quotations the Russian bonds yield between 13 and 14 per cent.

Not a New Contract.

There was gossip in Wall Street yesterday to the effect that the Wright-Martin Aircraft Corporation had obtained a big contract from the Government. Apparently, however, this was founded upon the fact that the Aircraft Production Board recently altered some of the terms and the specifications of the existing contract under which the corporation is now working on Hispano-Suiza motors, providing for more power in the motors, and also looking to increased production. The latest advices from the Wright-Martin plant are that production is now close to eight complete Hispano-Suizas a day.

HUFF SUCCEEDS MAHER.

Elected President of the Third Avenue Railway Company.

Slaughter W. Huff, Vice President of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, was yesterday elected President of the Third Avenue Railway Company. He succeeds Edward A. Maher, who tendered his resignation last August, the same to take effect Dec. 31.

Mr. Huff is a native of Virginia, and a graduate of Cornell University. The first position he held was with the Baxter Electric Motor Company of Baltimore, one of the pioneer manufacturers of electric street railway motors and equipment, of which company he ultimately became the General Superintendent. He later became Electrical Engineer of the Columbia & Maryland Railroad, Master Mechanic, and Electrical and Mechanical Engineer of the United Railways of Baltimore. In 1902 Mr. Huff accepted the position of General Manager of the Virginia Railway and Power Company of Richmond, Va., and spent six years in rebuilding and reorganizing the various properties. In 1908 he came to Brooklyn to assume the Presidency of the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company. When the stock of the company was acquired by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, Mr. Huff was continued as President, and in addition was made Vice President of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit and its subsidiaries.

Union Pacific Report for October.

The October report of earnings of the Union Pacific Railway Company shows an increase of $1,439,004 in gross revenue and a decrease of $388,000 in net earnings. This discrepancy was due to an increase of $365,022 in maintenance expenses, $768,362 in operating expenses, and $580,506 in taxes. For the ten months ended Oct. 31, the net earnings amounted to $35,734,325, or $1,644,890 less than in the corresponding period of 1916. In this case, however, the difference was almost entirely accounted for by the increased taxes due to the Federal War Tax.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, NOV. 27, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$4,443,000	$4,793,500	$4,434,000
Year to date	932,247,450	1,050,014,000	835,589,200

U S Liberty 3½s, int ctfs, f p
$226,000 ... 99
7000 ... 99.02
1000 ... 99
1000 ... 99.04
2000 ... 99.06
3000 ... 99.02
79000 ... 99.06
1000 ... 99
3000 ... 99.06
25000 ... 99.08
1000 ... 99.06
81000 ... 99.08
9000 ... 99.10
100000 ... 99.12
71000 ... 99.10
1000 ... 99.12
9000 ... 99.14
10000 ... 99.10
55000 ... 99.06
5000 ... 99.04
1000 ... 99.02
20000 ... 99.04
2000 ... 99.02
12000 ... 99
93000 ... 99.04
10000 ... 99.02
228000 ... 99
U S Liberty 4s
279000 ... 98
3000 ... 98.02
58000 ... 98
14000 ... 97.98
1000 ... 98
2000 ... 97.98
5000 ... 97.96
92000 ... 97.96
39000 ... 97.98
12000 ... 97.96
11000 ... 97.94
3000 ... 97.96
1000 ... 97.94
1000 ... 97.96
2000 ... 97.94
6000 ... 97.96
15000 ... 97.94
9000 ... 97.90
20000 ... 97.91
2000 ... 97.90
30000 ... 97.92
2000 ... 97.92
1000 ... 97.96
37000 ... 97.91
1000 ... 97.9
7000 ... 97.9
10000 ... 97.90
99000 ... 97.[illegible]
1000 ... 98
9000 ... 97.9[illegible]
81000 ... 98
1000 ... 97.98
3000 ... 98
20000 ... 97.98
6000 ... 98
5000 ... 97.98
25000 ... 98
4000 ... 97.98
1000 ... 97.96
11000 ... 97.98
4000 ... 97.96
5000 ... 98
5000 ... 97.98
27000 ... 97.96
10000 ... 97.94
23000 ... 98
500 ... 98.30
500 ... 98.30

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:
Am For Sec 5s
1 ... 94¼
½ ... 94½
1 ... 94¼
Anglo-Fr 5s
3 ... 90⅝
5 ... 90½
1 ... 90¼
21 ... 90⅜
28 ... 90½
3 ... 90⅜
CityofBord6s
55 ... 83
20 ... 83⅛
2 ... 83
CityofLyons6s
39 ... 83
20 ... 83½
2 ... 83⅜
2 ... 83
CityofMars6s
28 ... 83
4 ... 83¼
3 ... 83
CityofParis6s
7 ... 83⅝
1 ... 83⅜
18 ... 83¾
1 ... 83½
DomofCan5s, 1926
2 ... 90¼
5 ... 90⅛
1931
1 ... 90½
1 ... 91
French Govt temp 5½s
18 ... 94¼
1 ... 94⅝
11 ... 94½
JapGovt4½s, sterl loan
28 ... 88½
2d Ser
2 ... 88⅝
UnKingofGt Br & Ire 5s
32 ... 97⅜
5½s, 1918
30 ... 99⅝
10 ... 99⅞
6 ... 99½
5½s, 1919
4 ... 95¾
new
20 ... 98¼
15 ... 98½
48 ... 98
2 ... 98¼
19 ... 98
2 ... 97¼
18 ... 98
16 ... 97⅝
5½s, 1921
3 ... 92¼
13 ... 92⅜
NYCity4s,1959
1 ... 89¼
4¼s, 1960
2 ... 93¼
2 ... 93
4¼s, 1964
6 ... 93
4½s, 1963
2 ... 98¾
Adams Expr 4s
1 ... 66
AmSmelt&Ref temp 1st 5s
3 ... 87
2 ... 86¾
AmT&Tcv4½s
17 ... 91
8 ... 90½
col tr 5s
1 ... 93¼
1 ... 93¼
3 ... 93¼
1 ... 93
9 ... 93¼
Arm&Co4½s
10 ... 85
At.Top&SFe gen 4s
2 ... 83¾
2 ... 83⅜
1 ... 83½
adj4s,stpd
1 ... 74
AtlCLine1st4s
2 ... 82⅜
B&Oprllen3½s
1 ... 87
gold 4s
1 ... 80
conv 4½s
27 ... 79⅞
3 ... 80
2 ... 79⅞
Beth Steel 1st&ref5s
2 ... 89
pur money 5s
3 ... 79⅜
BRT5s,1918
7 ... 92¼
CalGas&El5s
1 ... 92¾
CofGaRy1st5s
1 ... 100
Cent Leath 5s
3 ... 95¼
CofNJgen5s
2 ... 102
CentPacgtd4s
1 ... 79½
6 ... 80
1 ... 79½
C & O cv 5s
2 ... 74⅝
2 ... 74⅝
1 ... 75
10 ... 74⅝
1 ... 74⅞
5 ... 74⅝
1 ... 74⅞
6 ... 75
8 ... 74⅝
Chi&Alton3½s
2 ... 38⅝
2 ... 40⅛
C,B&Qjoint4s
3 ... 93¼
10 ... 93⅝
20 ... 93¼
22 ... 93½
2 ... 93¾
Chi,Mil&StP conv 4½s
1 ... 72
1 ... 72½
2 ... 73
ref 4½s
5 ... 66⅝
1 ... 67
5 ... 66⅝
2 ... 66¼
8 ... 66
C&PWn5s
1 ... 98
C&NWgen3½s
5 ... 72
C,RI&Pgen4s
2 ... 75
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s
35 ... 62¼
22 ... 62⅛
5 ... 62⅛
2 ... 62
5 ... 61⅞
ChileCopper7s
5 ... 101½
1 ... 101⅝
6 ... 102
1 ... 102⅛
2 ... 103
5 ... 103½
10 ... 104
1 ... 103
6s,rcts,ptpd
35 ... 78⅞
ColF&Igen5s
1 ... 84
Col&Sol5t4s
1 ... 82½
5 ... 83
ref&ext4½s
1 ... 72½
ConGascv6s
1 ... 100¼
1 ... 100⅜
D & H cv 5s
5 ... 91½
D&RGcon4s
1 ... 63
DistSecCorp5s
11 ... 75½
ET,Va&Gdiv5s
1 ... 95
Erie1stgen4s
7 ... 49¾
1 ... 49
1 ... 49⅛
6 ... 49
cv4s,SerB
10 ... 40⅝
10 ... 41
GenElecdeb5s
7 ... 97
H&MadjInc5s
10 ... 13¼
Ill Cent ref 4s
4 ... 80
Int-Met 4½s
1 ... 55¾
12 ... 56
15 ... 56⅛
9 ... 58
I R T 1st & ref 5s
19 ... 82
IntMerMsf6s
1 ... 92⅜
1 ... 93
23 ... 92½
23 ... 92⅝
2 ... 92⅝
10 ... 92⅝
79 ... 93
7 ... 93¼
12 ... 93¼
11 ... 93⅝
17 ... 94
15 ... 94⅛
7 ... 94½
12 ... 94⅝
38 ... 95
160 ... 94⅝
55 ... 94⅛
10 ... 94⅜
61 ... 94
6 ... 94¼
100 ... 94
10 ... 94⅛
10 ... 94
4 ... 93⅞
11 ... 94
3 ... 93⅞
18 ... 94
3 ... 93¾
IowaCenref4s
3 ... 39⅝
LacledeGasLt ofStL1st5s
1 ... 98
LS&MSo4s, 1928
1 ... 85
1931 reg
1 ... 83½
Louis&Nash, St L div 3s
1 ... 99¾
Midvale Steel col tr 5s
3 ... 84½
Mo,K&T2d4s
2 ... 30¼
Mo Pac 1st 6s
1 ... 99½
gen 4s
6 ... 54⅝
16 ... 54⅜
½ ... 54⅜
1 ... 54⅛
2 ... 54⅝
6 ... 54⅛
7 ... 54⅝
NYCentdeb6s
13 ... 93¼
4 ... 93⅝
14 ... 93½
gen 3½s
8 ... 71
deb 4s, 1934
2 ... 78
NY,Chi&StL 1st 4s
1 ... 83
NYRysadj5s
10 ... 19⅞
1 ... 19½
N Y Tel 4½s
3 ... 88
Norf&Wdiv4s
5 ... 80½
PocahC&C4s
1 ... 85
Nor Pac 4s
½ ... 84¼
2 ... 83¾
5 ... 84
Oreg Sh Line 1st con 5s
1 ... 96½
Penn gtd 4½s
4 ... 95⅝
PRRgen4½s
5 ... 91⅛
5 ... 91⅜
28 ... 91¼
2 ... 91
PereMarlst5s
1 ... 81¼
1 ... 81⅝
PubServCorp sink fund 5s
3 ... 80
Rdg gen 4s
5 ... 85⅝
StLIrMt&So gen 5s
1 ... 92
unify&ref4s
1 ... 71½
StL&SFrprlines, Ser A
3 ... 55¾
5 ... 55⅝
13 ... 55⅜
6 ... 55½
prin5s,SerB
2 ... 71½
adjust 6s
½ ... 58⅛
3 ... 58⅝
2 ... 58⅝
income 6s
4 ... 44¼
SeabAirLgold 4s, stamped
1 ... 71
adj 5s
1 ... 45¼
15 ... 47
SinclairO&R 1st s f 7s
1 ... 90
SoCar&Ga1st5s
2 ... 97
So Bell T & T 1st 5s
1 ... 93¾
So Pac cv 4s
7 ... 76⅝
conv 5s
2 ... 90½
27 ... 90
1st ref 4s
1 ... 79⅝
1 ... 80
So Ry 1st 5s
4 ... 94
gen 4s
15 ... 58⅝
10 ... 58⅝
4 ... 59
7 ... 59½
8 ... 59½
TexCodeb6s
5 ... 97
2 ... 98
ThirdAvadj5s
1 ... 27½
1 ... 27½
UnPac1st4s
3 ... 88½
1 ... 88⅝
11 ... 88⅝
conv 4s
3 ... 84½
1st & ref 4s
10 ... 79½
USR&Imp5s
4 ... 49
1 ... 50
USRubber6s
3 ... 100
1st & ref 5s
5 ... 76⅝
37 ... 77
1 ... 77⅛
2 ... 77
30 ... 77⅛
USSteelCorp s f 5s
21 ... 99
2 ... 98⅞
20 ... 99
3 ... 98⅞
9 ... 98⅝
4 ... 98⅝
6 ... 98⅝
5 ... 98¾
9 ... 98⅝
ValIron,C&C5s
5 ... 88
1 ... 89
2 ... 89½
4 ... 89⅝
VirgnRy1st5s
1 ... 91⅛
Wabash1st5s
1 ... 94
1 ... 93¼
West Pac 5s
1 ... 79⅞
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
2 ... 95⅝

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96½	..	Pan 2s, r, 1936	96	..
2s, c, 1930	96½	..	Pan 2s, r, 1938	96	..
3s, r, 1918	99	..	Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
3s, c, 1918	99	..	Pan 3s, c, 1961	80	..
3s, r, 1946	84	..			
3s, c, 1946	85	..			
4s, r, 1925	104	..			
4s, c, 1925	104	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea 1st pf	80	92
Ad Rumely pf	20	21
Alle & W	91½	..
Am Ag Ch	78	82
Do pf	91½	94
Am B N	30	37
Do pf	40	46
Am B Sug pf	80	92
Am B S & Fdy	..	97
Do pf	155	180
Am C & F pf	104½	108¼
Am Cit pf	..	20
Am Coal	38	..
Am Cot Oil pf	70	80
Am Exp	80	90
Am Intern	54½	55½
Am Ice pf	38	40
Am Lin pf	68	72
Am Lo pf	96	100
Am Malt	12	13½
Do 1st pf	55	57½
Am Snuff	95	101
Do pf	85	95
Am Shipb pf	..	93
Am Sug R pf	108	109½
Am S Tob pf	75	85
Am T & C	54	60
Am Tob	169	172
Do pf	90	98
Am Wool	42½	44
Am Z pf	42½	46¾
Assets R	1	1⅜
Asso D G	8	15
Do 1st pf	47½	55¼
Do 2d pf	36	54½
Assoc Oil	58	60
A, B & A	8¾	9
Atl C L	94	96
A, G & W I pf	60	[illegible]
Bald L pf	96	101
Barrett Co pf	97½	100
Batop Min	1	1¼
Beth Steel pf	87	90
B Un Gas	86	100
Brown Sh	63	65
Do pf	88¼	100
Bruns Ter	6½	7
B, R & P	70	89¾
Do pf	100	..
Burns Bros pf	110	120
Bush Ter	..	100
Cal & Ariz	64	67
Can So	..	54
C C & O	..	22
Do pf	..	50
Case (J I) pf	..	78
Cent F pf	41	42½
Cent L pf	100	105
C R R of N J	210	231
C & S A T	98	102
Chi & Alt	8	10
Do pf	10	20
C, M & St Paul pf	73	75
C & N W	94	95
Do pf	142	145
Chi, St P, M & Om	70	80
Do pf	100	130
C, C, C & St L	26	28
Do pf	..	76
Cl & Pitts	..	83¾
Clu-Peab	..	53
Col & So	20	23
Do 1st pf	46	48
Do 2d pf	40	50
Comp T R	26	29
Con G, B	96	100
C I C M	11	12½
Cont C pf	90	100
Cont Ins	40	45
Crex Carp	38	45
Crip C C	..	32
Do pf	..	31
Cruc S pf	87	91⅜
C-Am Sug	141	180
Do pf	96	100
D & C Co pf	95½	96½
D & R G	5	9
Do pf	12½	14
Det Ed	104	109
Det U Ry	90	95
D, S S & A	2⅝	3½
Do pf	5½	7
Elec S B	48	53
Elk H C	21	26
Do pf	..	43
Erie & P	..	70
Fisher Bdy	20	34
Do pf	75	80
Gen Chem	165	175
Do pf	95	105
Gen Cigar	32¼	34
Do pf	90	100
Gen M pf	75	75½
G'drich pf	93¼	95
Gulf S S	88	90
Do 1st pf	95	102
Do 2d pf	83	160
G, M & N	11	13
Do pf	32	43
Hav Elec	96	..
Do pf	103	..
Homestake	95	99½
Int Agric	10	13
Do pf	35	38
I H, N J, pf	119	118
Int H Cor	50	60
Int N pf	90	99
Int Pa pf	75	95
Int Salt	62	65
Iowa Cent	2	4
Isl C C	..	75
Jewel Tea	32	35
Do pf	90	93
K C, Ft S & M pf	..	65
Kelly S T	40	42
Do pf	75	85
Kelsey Wh	16	30
Do pf	70	85
K & D M	2¾	7
Do pf	..	50
K'gs Co El L & P	96	100
Kress (S H)	46	55
Do pf	98	105¾
Lacl Gas	80	90
L E & W pf	17	25
Ligg & M	172	200
L Isl ctfs	34	45
L-W Bisc	13¾	15
Do 1st pf	..	84
Do 2d pf	50	64
Lorill'd Co	170	185
Do pf	100	120
Louis & N	116½	117½
M'kay Cos	75	78
Do pf	59	63
Mah C R	350	..
Man B'ch	¾	4
Man El S	..	43
Do 1st pf	..	96¾
Man Elev	99¾	100¼
Max M 1st pf	53	55
M Dep Sta	47½	52½
Do pf	90	103
Mex P pf	85	88
Mich Cent	..	109
M, St P & S S M pf	100	117
Do l l	60	70
M, K & T	4	4⅝
Do pf	7⅛	8
Mon V Tr	..	18
Mon P pf	97	..
Mer & Ex	..	80
N, C & St L	110	122
Nat Acme	25½	27
Nat B pf	104¼	107½
N C & S	59½	62
Do pf	92	100
Nat En pf	93	100
Nat L pf	99½	100
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	..	21
Do 2d pf	5	7½
N O, T & Mex	20	22
N Y, C & St L	14	16
Do 1st pf	..	70
Do 2d pf	40	45
N Y Dock	12	15
Do pf	37	48
N Y, L & West	100	123
Norf South	21	22
Norf & Wn pf	75	83
N W Tel	..	60
Ohio F S	..	43
Owens B M pf	108	..
Pac Coast	43	50
Do 1st pf	65	90
Do 2d pf	58	80
Pac M pf	90	107
P T & Tel	16	19½
Do pf	..	96
Peo & E	4½	7
Pere M pr pf	45	55
Do pf	30	39
Pett-Mull	25	..
Do 1st pf	90	98
Phila Co	27½	28½
Pierce-Ar	32	36
Do pf	89	95
P, Ft W & C	..	150
Pitts S pf	..	94
Pond C C	17½	24½
Pr Stl Car	56	57
Do pf	93	100
Quicksilver	½	⅝
Ry Stl Spr pf	90	98
Rdg 1st pf, ex div	35½	38
Do 2d pf	36	38
St L S W pf	34	44
Savage A	60	70
Seab A L	8½	9
Sears-R	139½	141½
Do pf	116	122
S-S S & I pf	80	100
So P R S pf	100	108
So Ry pf	57	57½
St'd Mill	75	85
Do pf	79	82
Studeb Co pf	..	95
Stutz Mtr	35¾	..
Sup Stl 1st pf	97½	100
Tex Pac	12⅝	14¼
T P L Tr	130	..
Third Av	17	18¼
Tide W O	168	175
T, St L & West	..	10
Do ctfs	3	6
Do pf	5	15
Do pf ctfs	8	15
Tran & W	36½	40
T C R T pf	100	125
Und Type	90½	105
Do pf	110½	113¾
U B & P	8½	10¼
Do new	63	70
Un Pac pf	70	74⅝
Un Cig Sts pf	102½	115
Un Drug	70	75
Do 1st pf	45	51¼
Do 2d pf	75	79⅝
Un P'board	17¼	22
U Rys Inv	6¾	7
Do pf	13⅛	16
U S C I P	12	12¼
Do pf	46⅝	50
U S Exp	16	18
U S Ind A pf	91	96
U S Sm pf	45½	47⅝
Va-Car Ch pf	98¼	102
West Md	14	14⅝
Do 2d pf	25½	26¼
W Pac pf	35	..
W E & M 1st pf	57	64
W & Co pf	95	98
Wie Cent	36¼	37¼
Wi'w'th (F W) pf	116	117½

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security. Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.5	Aug., 1919	93¾	94½	8.60
Argen.Gv.dis.6	Dec. 15,'17	99	100	6.00
Argen. Gov...6	May 15,'20	90	93	9.25
City of Mont.5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.00
City of Mont.5	May, 1918	98	99	7.00
City of Que..5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.75
Dom. of Can.5	Aug., 1919	94⅞	95	7.70
Fr'ch Gov.con.5½	Apr., 1919	94	94½	9.20
Gov. of N. F...5	July, 1919	90	96	7.00
Norweg. Gov.6	Feb., 1923	100	104	4.00
Prov. of Que.5	Apr., 1920	92	96	5.80
Russian Gov..6½	July, 1919	58	60	..
Russian Gov..5½	Dec., 1921	46	49	..
Do rubles...5½	Feb.14,'26	112	115	..
Swiss Gov....5	Mar., 1918	99	99⅞	7.00
Swiss Gov....5	Mar., 1920	99½	100¼	4.90

Company Issues.

Security. Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. P. & L..6	Aug., 1921	94	95½	8.50
Am. T. & T...4½	Feb., 1918	99⅝	100	4.50
Am. Thread..4	Jan., 1919	96	98½	7.25
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P......6	July, 1919	97	99½	6.25
B. & O. R. R.5	July, 1918	99⅛	99⅜	5.65
B. & O. R. R.5	July, 1919	96⅞	97⅛	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.5	Feb.15,'19	97⅛	97⅜	6.85
B'klyn R. T...5	July, 1918	92	93	..
C., B. & Q....4	July, 1921	92⅝	93¼	6.15
C. & W. Ind..6	Sep., 1918	97	97⅛	0.15
Canada Nor..6	Sep. 2,'18	97	[illegible]	7.80
Can. Pac. R..6	Mar. 2,'24	97	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cub.-Am.Sug.6	Apr., 1918	99⅝	100¼	5.35
Curt. A. & M.6	Serial	90	96	..
Del. & Hud..5	Aug., 1920	97	97¾	5.95
East. P. & L.5	Mar. 1,'18	98½	99⅛	5.50
Erie R. R....5	Apr., 1919	89	91½	..
Fed. Sug. R..5	Jan., 1920	93	94	7.10
Gen. Elec. Co.6	Dec., 1919	99	99¼	6.40
Gen. Elec. Co.6	July, 1920	99	99⅝	6.10
Gen. Rubber..5	Dec., 1918	97¼	97¾	7.25
G. T. of Can.5	Aug., 1918	96	99	6.20
Gt. Nor. Ry..5	Sep., 1920	97	97⅞	5.95
Hocking Val..6	Nov., 1918	97¾	98⅜	7.35
Int. Harvest..	Feb.15,'18	99⅞	100¼	4.15
Kan. C. Ry..5½	July, 1918	95	98	8.15
K. C. Ter.Ry.4½	Nov.15,'18	97	98⅝	5.50
K. C. Ter.Ry.4½	July 10,'21	95	98	5.00
Mich. C. R.R.5	May, 1918	99	99½	6.10
Louis.G. & E.6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.01
Mont. T. & P.6	Apr., 1910	88	93	11.00
Morgan & W.5	Dec., 1918	98½	101	4.10
N. Y. C. R. R.5	Sep. 15,'17	96¼	96⅝	6.80
N.Y.N.H.& H.5	Apr.15,'18	87	88½	..
Penn. Co.....4½	June15,'21	96¼	97¼	5.25
P. S. C., N. J.5	Mar., 1919	97	99	..
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co...5	Feb. 1,'19	89½	91	..
Southern Ry..5	Mar.2,'19	95⅜	96⅝	7.15
United Fruit..5	May, 1918	99⅝	100	6.00
Utah Sec. Cor.	Sep. 15,'22	81	88	9.05
Win. R. Arms.5	May, 1918	96	97½	..
W. V. T. & E.6	May, 1919	97	98½	6.75
W. S. G. & E.8	June, 1927	97	98	6.25
Win. E. Ry..6	Jan. 15,'18	99	100	6.00

TELLS STOCK INCREASE NEED

General Electric Co. Issues Statement for Voting Stockholders.

The General Electric Company, which has called a meeting of its stockholders for Jan. 3 next at Schenectady to vote on a proposition to increase the authorized capital stock of the company from $105,000,000 to $125,000,000, has issued, for the information of voting stockholders, a statement of its financial position and of the reasons for this action.

It is explained that the proceeds of the $15,000,000 of three-year notes sold by the company last July, and of the $10,000,000 of two-year notes sold last week, are needed to tide over the emergency need for more capital, resulting from the increase, under war conditions, of the company's business from the 1915 total of $133,000,000 to the estimated total for the present year of $230,000,000. The company has already expended $36,000,000 in extensions of its manufacturing facilities, with an increase of $70,000,000 in inventories and customers' notes and accounts outstanding.

As normal business conditions are restored, the statement continues, "it is expected that sufficient capital will be released by the reduction of inventories and notes and accounts receivable to meet the $25,000,000 notes at their maturity. The $10,000,000 capital stock which it is now proposed to offer to the stockholders at par will supply all the permanent capital which it appears necessary to provide at present."

A brief statement is appended showing the orders, sales, net income and surplus of the company for 1915 and 1916 and an estimate, based on the business so far done, for 1917. The net income is estimated at $27,000,000, against $19,160,975 in 1916, and the surplus at $50,000,000, against $34,[illegible] in 1916. The policy of semi-annual stock dividends was adopted, it is explained, because of the large surplus account which represents earnings invested in additional manufacturing facilities and working capital.

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COTTON MARKET DULL

Reaction Follows Three Bull Sessions—Closing Prices Off 3 to 23 Points.

Th cotton market rested yesterday after three successive exciting bull sessions, the last of which had carried the list above the 30-cent level. The market, accordingly, was rather dull, and trading was narrow in scope. Such fluctuations as took place seemed due to the efforts of some traders to even up their commitments over Thanksgiving, even at less than top profits. As a result, the market, after an abbreviated imitation of recent rallies in the morning hours, sagged off later and closed barely steady, off from 3 to 23 points.

The opening was from 2 points down to 3 points up. Early trading was more brisk than at any other time during the day, Liverpool and domestic trade buying continuing to supply the impetus. Presently, however, immediate demands seemed to be met, and profit taking became evident, with the result that prices went down almost as rapidly as they had gone up. The bottom was found between 20 and 30 points below the opening, before the short interest had had a chance to develop much strength. The result was the best upward swing of the day, but on a small volume of trading, and realizing at the close brought prices down once more.

Southern spot advices varied, there being reports of continued demand east of the Mississippi, but easier trading in the Southwest. There was some Southern selling on the local market.

No improvement was reported in the ocean freight situation so far as immediate room was concerned, and cotton sold for shipment abroad is said to be accumulating in the warehouses. Exports yesterday were 12,836 bales, making 1,654,401 so far this season. Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were 13 points lower to 13 points higher; generally unchanged.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	30.35	30.05	30.25@30.30	30.28
January	29.70	29.28	29.39@29.42	29.50
February	..	..	29.00 Bid.	29.13
March	29.27	28.81	28.95@28.97	29.08
April	..	..	28.70 Bid.	28.90
May	29.01	28.57	28.65@28.68	28.85
June	..	..	28.46 Bid.	28.68
July	28.73	28.37	28.40@28.42	28.62
August	28.38	28.15	28.14 Bid.	28.37
October	27.01	26.90	26.95 Bid.	27.00

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 5 points lower, at 31.20c for middling upland, with no sales.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 29.50c; New Orleans, 29.13c; Savannah, 29c; Augusta, 29.63c; Memphis, 29.50c; Houston, 28.80c; Little Rock, 29.38c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics follow:

	Tuesday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	35,284	39,672	77,402
Exports	12,836	19,513	39,596
Season's exports	1,654,401	1,575,530	2,365,802
Port stocks	1,196,480	1,136,286	1,507,173
Interior receipts	180,800	43,848	47,580
Interior shipm'ts	103,700	32,828	42,736
N. Y. arrivals	14,555	4,508	11,068
N. Y. stocks	117,512	87,682	131,348

Liverpool Cables—Spot cotton quiet at 30 points advance for good middling new contract, at 21.90d; middling old contract, 31 points higher, at 22.47d. Sales, 4,000 bales; American, 2,000; imports, 3,000, none American. Futures opened steady, 6 to 10 points higher. Closed quiet, 6 to 10 points net higher. January, 22.53d; February, 22.51d; March, 22.47d; April, 22.47d; May, 22.47d.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Forecast:
N. C.—Cloudy and warmer Wed. Cloudy Thurs.
S. C.—Fair and warmer Wed. Cloudy Thurs.
Ga.—Fair and warmer Wed. Cloudy Thurs.
Ala.—Cloudy Wed. Rain Thursday.
Fla.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Miss.—Rains Wed. Fair Thurs.
Tenn.—Rains and cooler Wed. Fair Thurs.
Ky.—Rain Wed. Fair Thurs.
Ind.—Rain Wed. Fair Thurs.
Mich.—Cloudy Wed. Fair and warmer Thurs.
Ohio—Cloudy Wed. Fair Thurs.
La.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.
Ark.—Rain and cooler Wed. Fair Thurs.
Okla.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Tex.—Unsettled Wed. Fair Thurs.
Ill.—Cloudy Wed. Fair Thurs.
Mo.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Wiss and Minn.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Ia., N. and S. Dak.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Neb. and Kan.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

A report of Gaston, Williams & Wigmore, Inc., for the six months ended Oct. 31, shows a total net income of $2,710,792, equivalent to $9.03 a share on the 300,000 shares of stock outstanding.

The first annual meeting of the Connecticut Brass & Manufacturing Corporation was held yesterday. J. E. Liggett was elected President; H. W. Goddard, Vice President; C. P. Lyman, Vice President and General Manager, and A. S. Hichborn, Treasurer.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company has issued a table showing the incidence of the new railroad and corporation war taxes and other conditions upon the earnings and expenses of the leading railroads of the United States.

The monthly dividend on the common stock of the Continental Refining Company has been increased from two-thirds to one per cent.

The senior section of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Banking will give a dinner tonight at the Hotel McAlpin in honor of Charles A. Hinsch of Cincinnati, President of the American Bankers Association. R. A. Philpot of Lazard Freres will preside.

W. H. Truesdale, President of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, has been elected a Director of the Bank of New York, National Banking Association.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.60
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian North	1917-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.60	5.60
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.50	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.50	5.00
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.80	5.90
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.75	5.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.60	5.50
Cuba R. R.	1917-'26	5	7.00	5.50
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.80	5.30
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.75
Grand Grunk	1917-'24	4½	6.50	5.75
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	5.50	5.00
Michigan Cent.	1917-'30	5	5.80	5.20
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1917-'23	5	6.75	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.75	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	6.60	5.80
N. Y. Cent. L.	1917-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.30
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.50	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	6.75	5.75
Penn. Gen. F'ght	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.40	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.75
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.80	5.75
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.65	5.00
Southern Ry.	1917-'24	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.75	5.75

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
American Can pf.	1¾	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Do	3.7157%	Accu.	Dec. 20	Dec. 11
At., Top. & S. F. pf.	2½	S. A.	Feb. 1	Dec. 31
Booth Fisheries	50c	..	Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Do pf.	$1.75	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 30
Buffalo & Susq.	1¼	Q.	Dec. 29	Dec. 15
Do	2	Ex.	Dec. 29	Dec. 15
Do pf.	2	S. A.	Dec. 29	Dec. 15
Cent. Leather pf.	1¾	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 10
Continental Motors	2	..	Dec. 5	Nov. 26
Fisk Rubber 2d pf.	1¾	Q.	Dec. 15	Nov. 5
Interborough R. T.	5	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Interborough Con. pf.	1¼	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 10
Mackay Cos.	1½	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 8
Do	1	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 8
Nat. Sugar Ref. pf.	1¾	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 10
New York Edison	$1.75	Q.	Dec. 14	....
Petti-Mul. 1st & 2d pf.	1¾	Q.	Jan. 1	Dec. 20
Quincy Mining	$3	Q.	Dec. 24	Dec. 1
Realty Associates	3	S. A.	Jan. 15	Jan. 5
Subway Realty	1¼	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 20
U. S. Steamship	1	M.	Jan. 2	Dec. 17
Do	½	Ex.	Jan. 2	Dec. 17

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Amer Oil	22	23	Iron Blos.	56	58
B S Gas	9	10	Iron Cap.	14	16
Begole	50	75	Jer Verde	90	1
Bohemia	80	90	La Rose	30	40
Bing Min.	9⅝	9⅞	Majestic	32	35
Bost. Ely	50	9⅞	Mex Mets.	26	29
Bost & M.	50	52	Moj Tung.	29	30
Butte & L.	15	17	New Baltic	75	1¼
Butte & D.	18	20	Nev Doug.	1⅜	1½
Bost & Ar.	1	2	New Ut B.	..	50
Calaveras	1½	2½	Nixon	1¼	1½
Crown Res.	20	25	New Corn.	14⅝	15¼
Con Ariz.	1⅜	2	Nat Z & L.	28	32
Cortes	10	15	Oneco	25	35
Cham Cop.	4	5	Onondaga	15	25
Chief Cons.	1⅞	2	Pio Con.	50	1
Eagle & B.	2	2½	Bay Herc.	3	3½
Earl-Eagle	15	18	Rilla	1	2½
Fortuna	5	6	S W M p p	75	101½
Gold Lake	1	3	S W M f p.	1	1½
Gila C Sul.	17½	17¾	Un V Ext.	33	35
Houghton	75	80	Vic Min.	1⅜	2
Homa Oil	1	1½	Yuk Gold.	1⅜	2
Humboldt	60	75			

RAPID TRANSIT REVENUES.

October Gross Report of Interborough Gains Over Last Year.

The monthly report of earnings of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for October shows a gross operating revenue of $3,563,592, an increase of $16,658 over the figures for October, 1916. The net operating revenue, however, owing to an increase of $233,068 in operating expenses, decreased from $2,211,543 to $1,995,134. Owing to heavy increases in interest and rental charges and taxes, the reduction in net corporate income dropped from $1,032,940 for October, 1916, to $724,570. For the four months' period ended Oct. 31, the net corporate income was $2,080,763, a decrease of $246,780.

The monthly report of the Third Avenue Railway shows a total operating revenue for October of $896,965, an increase of $506,943 over the figures of October, 1916, when the lines were still affected by the strike. Operating expenses were slightly decreased, and as a result the Third Avenue, which for the month of October, 1916, showed an operating deficit of $238,442, last October showed an operating income of $276,516. The net income for the month still shows a deficit, but of only $5,870, against $505,508 for the previous year.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
October gross	$1,478,739	$1,157,011	$1,052,239
Net after tax	305,777	247,424	306,791
Sur. aft. chgs.	219,503	155,531	205,042
10 mos. gross	12,466,381	10,656,089	8,385,569
Net after tax	2,373,938	2,700,985	2,135,561
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,617,079	1,853,450	952,359

UNION PACIFIC for October and ten months compares as follows:

Mileage	7,989	7,930	7,904
Total op. rev.	13,426,874	11,984,870	10,276,489
Total op. exp.	6,979,793	5,712,540	5,159,518
Oper. income	5,408,025	5,796,780	4,669,190
Ten months ended Oct. 31:			
Total op. rev.	106,013,479	93,688,243	73,653,098
Total op. exp.	62,070,508	51,460,418	43,274,684
Oper. income	35,734,328	37,378,718	25,861,153

Public Utilities.

AUGUSTA-AIKEN RAILWAY & ELECTRIC CORP.—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Sept. gross	85,770	62,290	23,480
Net after tax	39,954	27,832	12,122
Sur. aft. chgs.	12,157	3,332	8,825
12 mos. gross	852,164	746,757	105,407
Net after tax	372,976	344,864	28,112
Sur. aft. chgs.	55,732	33,102	22,630

CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING for October—

Gross earnings	†614,951	†443,956	170,994
Inc. over oper. exp. & taxes	193,887	161,087	32,800
Int. chgs., pf. stock div., & amort. of bd. discount	57,092	40,830	16,252
Depreciation	30,752	44,395	*13,643
Applic. to com. stock div.	106,051	75,861	30,180
Ten months ended Oct. 31:			
Gross earnings	†5,364,290	†4,074,864	1,300,925
Inc. over oper. exp. & taxes	1,580,566	1,861,663	*281,097
Int. chgs., pf. stock div., & amort. of bd. discount	511,664	381,163	130,500
Depreciation	423,820	407,434	16,385
Applic. to com. stock div.	645,082	1,073,065	*427,983
Twelve months ended Oct. 31:			
Gross earnings	†6,419,663	†4,917,366	1,502,296
Inc. over oper. exp. & taxes	1,845,587	2,156,599	*311,012
Int. chgs., pf. stock div., & amort. of bd. discount	594,602	452,043	142,559
Depreciation	527,359	587,732	*60,373
Applic. to com. stock div.	723,625	1,116,823	*393,197

†Earnings subsequent to April 25, 1914, are subject to adjustment after decision in pending rate proceedings, the exact result of which cannot now be determined. *Decrease.

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAYS CO.

	1917.	1916.	Decrease.
Sept. gross	83,280	74,445	*8,835
Net aft. taxes	21,697	25,899	4,202
Sur. aft. chgs.	96	4,792	4,696
12 mos. gross	960,679	914,415	*46,264
Net aft. taxes	315,461	342,564	27,103
Sur. aft. chgs.	63,765	105,962	42,197

SOUTHERN UTILITIES CO.—

Sept. gross	102,732	98,924	*3,808
Net aft. taxes	28,034	33,934	5,900
Sur. aft. chgs.	16,531	23,783	7,252
Bal. aft. pf div	7,664	14,916	7,252
12 mos. gross	1,246,540	1,143,215	*103,325
Net aft. taxes	357,066	380,684	23,618
Sur. aft. chgs.	222,303	264,698	42,395
Bal. aft. pf div	115,903	158,298	42,395

*Increase.

THIRD AVENUE RAILWAY—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oct. gross	896,965	390,022	988,649
Net aft. taxes	204,048	*298,264	285,314
Def. aft. chgs.	5,870	505,508	†78,160
4 mos. gross	3,743,885	2,398,661	3,832,683
Net aft. taxes	921,055	*47,425	1,227,527
Sur. aft. chgs.	80,337	*877,980	404,175

*Deficit. †Surplus.

UNITED TRACTION CO. OF ALBANY for the quarter ended Sept. 30 as reported to the Public Service Commission, Second District, New York—

	1917.	1916.	Decrease.
Gross revenue	609,356	616,786	7,430
Net aft. taxes	59,884	33,761	*26,123
Total income	103,364	72,244	*31,120
Def. aft. chgs.	14,020	39,747	25,727

*Increase.

FEDERAL MINING AND SMELTING CO. for October, net earnings of $31,076 after all deductions, including depreciation. Compared with September, this represents a decrease of $81,346.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 27.—Twenty-two new corporations, with an aggregate capital stock of $1,857,000, were chartered today. They include:

Southall Trusbilsed Co., Manhattan, window cribs, baby carriages, $10,000; W. D. Trueblood, F. B. Dobbin, C. D. Robinson, 63 Park Row.

Camp Winnahkee Corp., Manhattan, Summer camps, $10,000; A. G. Anderson, L. J. Isaacs, W. H. Brown, 46 Cedar St.

Manowitz, Miller & Lowe, Manhattan, canvas coat fronts, $24,000; J. Manowitz, J. Miller, H. D. Lowe, 1,220 Grand Concourse.

New Chang Trading Co., Manhattan, fur business, $21,500; S. Sack, H. Lang, J. M. Marcuson, 2,170 Madison Av.

Trebert Airplane Motor Co., Rochester, $25,000; E. W. Cummings, J. S. Poyen, H. L. F. Trebert, Rochester.

Stern & Slutzky, Brooklyn, tailors, dressmakers, and milliners, $5,000; R. Stern, G. Slutzky, J. W. Einstein, 596 Schenck Av.

Movette, Inc., Rochester, $1,250,000; A. P. Whipple, W. F. Strang, C. R. Wright, Rochester.

Hebron Restaurant Co., Manhattan, $15,000; J. and J. Hebron, P. Bravy, 948 Trinity Av.

E. D. Giberson & Co., Manhattan, iron and steel products, $50,000; E. D. and M. F. Giberson, R. D. Whiting, 370 Wadsworth Av.

Preston Shirt Co., Manhattan, $25,000; A. P., T. S., and M. E. Watts, 645 West End Av.

Hungerford Securities Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; E. H. Madison, C. H. Krueger, G. C. St. John, 378 Park Place, Brooklyn.

Hollingshurst & Co., Manhattan, fertilizers, 2,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $10,000; B. O. Graves, J. K. Byard, M. Spalletta, 120 Broadway.

Niagasalle, Inc., Buffalo, real estate, $125,000; B. E. Strong, F. Rider, E. W. Briggs, Medina.

Manevetz & Eill, Manhattan, fur business, $10,000; W. F. Sachs, H. J. Moskowitz, H. M. Schiffer, 907 Tinton Av.

Land & Cox, Manhattan, importing and exporting business, $25,000; D. and B. Land, B. J. B. Berustein, 214 Audubon Av.

Three Star Garage, Brooklyn, $10,000; E. Cahn, C. W. Bliss, E. A. Pirscher, 123 Liberty St.

Mounds, Inc., Bronx, men's furnishing goods, $5,000; A. Schapiro, M. and J. H. Mounds, 560 Eagle Av., Bronx.

Netrom Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; M. S. Schlesa, J. B. and J. B. Hand, Jr., 55 St. Nicholas Place.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Eclipse Box and Lumber Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $200,000.

American Varnish Works, Brooklyn, $10,000 to $35,000.

S. M. Bixby & Co., Manhattan, $1,500 to $251,500.

Rex Window Advertising Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $40,000.

Heavy Haulage Co., Manhattan, $2,000 to $250,000.

New York Piebaking Co., Manhattan, $300,000 to $400,000.

Keeler Mechanical Engraving Co., Manhattan, $350,000 to $420,000.

Virginia Carolina Navigation Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $150,000.

The Regal Silk Co., Manhattan, $75,000 to $125,000.

Sealright Co., Fulton, $30,000 to $50,000.

Eclipse Oil Works, Brooklyn, $5,000 to $7,500.

Hart Trading Co., Manhattan, $60,000 to $100,000.

Eled Land Corp., Manhattan, $5,000 to $120,000.

Water Pine Corp., Manhattan, $1,000 to $30,000.

REORGANIZATION.

Astoria Veneer Mills and Dock Co., Manhattan, certificate filed showing reorganization to carry on business with $1,400,000.

DISSOLUTIONS.

John R. Davis Co., Brockport.
Ameco Motor and Electric Co., Manhattan.
Bicycling World Corp., Manhattan.
Roosevelt & Schuyler, Manhattan.
Becker & Heine Mfg. Co., Manhattan.
Port and Concrete Const. Co., Manhattan.
The Broadway Productions Co., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 27.—Charters filed:

Kelly's Garage, Jersey City, $25,000; William J. Kelly, Mary E. Kelly, and James J. Kelly, all of Jersey City.

L. M. Simmonds Co., Newark, jewelry, $25,000; S. D. MacPherson, D. F. Sherman, and James F. Dempster, all of Providence.

Yanlio Corp., Jersey City, real estate, $50,000; M. T. Waterman of Glenridge, L. R. Francis of New York, and Frances Peterson of Rosebank.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 27.—Charters filed:

Arizona-California Consolidated, $10,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, C. M. Egner, of Wilmington.

Redondo Hermosa Harbor and Terminal Corp., $5,000,000; P. E. Britsoh, Brooklyn; A. R. Oakley, Pearl River, N. J.; C. A. Cole, Hackensack, N. J.

Automatic Safety Car Step Co., $5,000,000; J. J. Jolls, M. A. Horty, K. E. Longfield, of Wilmington.

United Sulphur and Development Co., $3,000,000; J. J. Depreslin, M. C. Depreslin, Lake Charles, La.; J. B. Bailey, of Dover.

Tennessee Oil and Gas Co., $2,000,000; T. W. Cole, Chicago; J. S. Wilson, M. Luce, Oak Park, Ill.

Apex Petroleum Corp., $1,000,000; Paul E. Britsch, Brooklyn; A. R. Oakley, Pearl River, N. J.; O. A. Cole, Hackensack, N. J.

Kentenua Carton Corp., $100,000; S. B. Howard, A. W. Britten, L. H. Gunther, all of New York.

The Premiums Service Co., $50,000; A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, G. V. Reilly, of New York.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL STOCK.

Southern Carbon Co., New York, from $150,000 to $1,000,000.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

It remains to be seen whether the new departure of the Food Administration, which will no longer give entire preference to the moving of wheat but will also control corn and oats, is going to seriously affect the movement of wheat to the mills. Some authorities complain that if the receipts are materially curtailed, mills in all parts of the country will be clamoring for wheat within a very short time, as the movement at best has been moderate, at least as it appears in the daily statistical reports. A break of 4 cents a bushel occurred in the Argentine market yesterday, which was thought to reflect larger offers and possibly less favorable conditions regarding tonnage.

RYE.—Market firmer; No. 2 Western, $1.91, cost and freight, New York.

CORN.

The corn market was easy at the close owing to the promise of larger receipts in the near future. The Food Administration has taken up the question of moving the corn crop, and it was said that in the future preference will not be given to wheat, but that corn and oats will also receive attention. John J. Stream, Vice President of the Chicago Board of Trade, has been appointed head of the coarse grain division of the Food Administration and will have charge of the transportation and movement of coarse grain. The local cash market was easier, new yellow corn being quoted at $1.89, cost, insurance, and freight, New York, ten days shipment; Argentine, $2.05 to $2.10, free on board, New York, to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.25	1.23⅜	1.24⅛	1.24	87⅞
January	1.22½	1.20⅛	1.20⅛	1.21⅞	91⅛
May	1.20⅛	1.18⅛	1.18⅜	1.19⅝	90⅝

OATS.

Another sharp advance in the oats market sent that market to new high records, but prices reacted at the close on the promise of increased transportation facilities, and final prices were ½c net higher to ⅝c lower. A further sharp advance in Winnipeg and reports that Government buying, both in Canadian and American markets, was absorbing offers proved the potent bull factor. The local cash market was firm, standard quoted at 80c; No. 2 white, 80c; No. 3 white, 79½c; No. 4 white, 79c; fancy clipped white, 79½@81½c; ordinary clipped white, 78½@79½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	73½	71¼	72	71¼	52⅝
May	71⅝	69⅞	69⅞	70½	56⅝

PROVISIONS.

A more liberal hog movement, with the hogs coming in heavier, and a decline in the hog market exerted only a temporarily bearish influence on the provision list. Prices were influenced more particularly by the action of grain, at one time showing a sharp upward movement and closing with a partial reaction, although considerably above the previous close. The cash demand was active, and there was said to be a good export business doing. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 32,000; estimated for Wednesday, 35,000. Kansas City received 10,000 and Omaha 8,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	25.17	24.80	24.90	24.87	16.42
May	25.17	24.90	24.90	24.70	16.82
Ribs—					
January	25.75	25.05	25.55	25.10	14.50
May	25.70	24.95	25.52	24.92	14.75
Pork—					
January	47.95	47.00	47.45	46.72	27.35

COTTONSEED OIL.

A firmer tone prevailed in the market for cottonseed oil owing to an absence of selling pressure and due to the pronounced firmness in hog products, as well as other fats and greases. The volume of business was small, however, consisting of 1,000 barrels, and net price changes were not important, the close being unchanged to 10 points higher. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	18.20@19.00	18.25
December	18.37	18.37	18.25@18.37	18.15
January	18.39	18.38	18.30@18.40	18.30
February	..	..	18.25@ ..	18.25
March	18.47	18.40	18.35@18.47	18.30
April	..	..	18.30@ ..	..
May	..	..	18.60@ ..	..

COFFEE.

The coffee market was steadier yesterday. It seemed that recent liquidation had left a firmer technical position, while there was trade buying as well as scattered covering, accompanied by reports of a steadier tone in Brazil. March contracts sold at 7.24c and May at 7.36c, or about 4 to 8 points net higher, with the general list closing at a net advance of 5@7 points. The business included further exchanges of December for September at 77 and 78 points, and of December for March at 25 points. The local spot market was steady on the basis of 7½c for Rio 7s and 9¼c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.96@6.99	6.91
December	6.94	6.93	6.96@6.99	6.91
January	..	..	7.05@7.06	7.00
February	..	..	7.14@7.15	7.08
March	7.24	7.24	7.23@7.24	7.16
April	..	..	7.31@7.32	7.21
May	7.36	7.34	7.38@7.39	7.32
June	..	..	7.46@7.47	7.41
July	7.52	7.52	7.55@7.58	7.50
August	..	..	7.65@7.65	7.58
September	7.74	7.66	7.73@7.74	7.66
October	..	..	7.79@7.81	7.72

SUGAR.

Cuban officials are expected to meet here Friday and again start negotiations looking toward a maximum price on new-crop sugars. It is believed that, before the conference is ended a price will be fixed, and that the International Sugar Committee will at once make purchases of new crop, to come forward as rapidly as possible. In the meantime the situation here is acute, and the Russian sugar recently released has not been distributed, but it is believed that details will be settled upon so the sugar may be widely distributed the last of this week. Old crop Cubas remained nominally unchanged at the fixed price of 6.90c, duty paid. Spot prices follow: Centrifugal, 6.90c; molasses, 6.02c; cost and freight, 5⅛c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 8,074 packages. The market was higher and excited. There was a very marked shortage of fine and fancy fresh creamery, and prices on these grades jumped 1c a pound, but the secondary qualities moved upward a little and did not show the same improvement as the finer qualities. More done in storage creamery, but values advanced about ½c. Ladies and packing stock remained slow. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 48½@49c; extras, (92 score,) 47½@48c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 43½@47c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 40½@43c; thirds, 38½@39½c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 49½@50c; extras, 48½@49c; firsts, 44½@47½c; seconds, 41½@44c; creamery, held, higher scoring than extras, 44@44½c; extras, 43@43½c; firsts, 41½@42½c; seconds, 40@41c; thirds, 38@38½c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 46@47c; good to prime, 42@45c; common to fair, 36@41½c; renovated, extras, 41@42c; firsts, 39½@40½c; lower grades, 35@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 35½@34c; seconds, 32½@33c; lower grades, 31@32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@31½c.

EGGS.—Receipts, 4,072 cases, not including 400 cases in transit for export. The scarcity of new-laid qualities continues, and dealers are short of any new-laid stock to supply urgent needs of the trade. Prices show further improvement under the competition to secure the few lots arriving which show desirable quality. Storage eggs more active, and the tone firmer, with sales reported showing some improvement in prices. Nearby white eggs are in comparatively light supply, the demand is quiet and selective, and values very irregular. Few of the receipts show uniformly good size and freshness, and only such reach top quotation. The greater part of the business ranges from about 72c downward. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 58@60c; extra firsts, 56@57c; firsts, 54@55c; seconds, 47@53c; thirds and poorer, 40@45c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34½@35c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 33@34c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 30½@32½c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 24@30c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 72@76c; ordinary to good, 60@70c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 60@72c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets, 55@60c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 56@65c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 60@68c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 56@60c.

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ESPECIALLY in times like these, investors should rigorously apply the standard rule to confine their investments to securities founded on *necessities*.

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STANDARD OIL ISSUES

WEEKLY SUMMARY ON STANDARD OIL ISSUES

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The investment position of

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$3,000,000

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Two Year 6% Gold Notes

Dated December 1, 1917. Due December 1, 1919.

Issue provides funds for completion of company's present construction program.

Net income 1917 more than 4½ times interest on present funded debt including this issue.

Price 98¾ and Interest, to yield about 6.65%.

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5% GOLD BONDS

Dated November 1, 1917 Due November 1, 1947

Principal and semi-annual interest, May 1st and November 1st, payable in New York City

Coupon bonds with privilege of registration. Denomination $1,000

Eligible to Secure Postal Savings Deposits at 90%

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation 1916-1917 .... $35,911,654

Population 1910 (U. S. Census) 51,521

These bonds, in addition to being a direct and general obligation of the entire city, payable from taxes levied upon all of the taxable property, are by city ordinance secured by a first lien upon the net earnings of the wharf and terminal properties, which further ensures the prompt payment of principal and interest. This ordinance provides for the establishment and maintenance of a cumulative sinking fund sufficient to retire the loan at maturity.

WE HAVE SOLD OVER HALF OF THIS ISSUE AND OFFER THE REMAINING BONDS

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BOSTON CHICAGO

TO THE HOLDERS OF RAILWAY STEEL-SPRING COMPANY

(Latrobe Plant) First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds dated January 1, 1906.

REDEMPTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, as provided by Article IV. of the Mortgage dated Jan. 1, 1906, made by the Railway Steel-Spring Company to the Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, successor, that the Railway Steel-Spring Company will redeem all of its outstanding First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds (Latrobe Plant), issued under said Mortgage on Jan. 1, 1918, at One Hundred and Five Per Cent. (105%) of the face value thereof, with accrued interest thereon to Jan. 1, 1918. Said bonds will be redeemed at the Coupon Department of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, and should have attached coupons due Jan. 1, 1918, after which date interest will cease.

RAILWAY STEEL-SPRING COMPANY,
By F. F. FITZPATRICK, President.
Dated New York City, Nov. 15, 1917.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED. FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1917, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $35,940.60. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1917.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

ESTABLISHED 1784

The Bank of New York

National Banking Association

New York, Nov. 27th, 1917.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day Mr. William H. Truesdale was elected a Director of the Bank.

JOSEPH ANDREWS, Cashier.

CENTRAL SUGAR CORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the CENTRAL SUGAR CORPORATION will be held at the office of the Corporation, 43 Exchange Place, New York City, New York, on Wednesday, December 5th, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

T. W. MOFFAT, Secretary.
New York, N. Y., November 12th, 1917.

The Germania Life Insurance Company.

The annual election of Directors of the Germania Life Insurance Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 50 Union Square, in the City of New York, on Wednesday, the 12th day of December, 1917, from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M.

CARL HEYE, Secretary.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 5% 50-YEAR SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF BUSH TERMINAL BUILDINGS COMPANY

Due April 1st, 1960.

The undersigned, trustee under the Mortgage given to secure the above described issue of bonds, desires under authority of said mortgage to expend the sum of Ninety-Five Thousand Eight Hundred Fifty-Two Dollars Forty-Eight Cents ($95,852.48) in the purchase of bonds of said issue for the Sinking Fund, provided such purchase can, in its opinion, be now made advantageously. Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to the office of the undersigned, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before December 19th, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon.

Bonds accepted must be delivered on December 20th, or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days. The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN, Vice President.
Dated, New York, December 19th, 1917

THE SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER COMPANY.

PURCHASE OF BONDS FOR SINKING FUND.

The Shawinigan Water & Power Company will receive tenders for the sale to the Company of a maximum of Seventy-seven Thousand Dollars ($77,000) par value of the Company's issue of FIVE PER CENT THIRTY-YEAR CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE BONDS, due 1934.

OFFERINGS SHOULD BE MADE for delivery in Montreal on or before December 31st, 1917.

THE SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER CO.
W. S. HART, Treasurer.
Montreal, November 1st, 1917.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY

First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds, Due October 1st, 1937.

The Central Trust Company of New York, Trustee, gives notice that it will receive sealed proposals to sell the above described bonds, the total offer not to consume more than the amount of One Hundred Thousand Dollars ($100,000). Sealed proposals will be opened at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York at 11 o'clock noon on November 30, 1917. The right is reserved to reject any and all tenders.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By GEO. W. DAVISON, Vice-President.

HOCKING COAL COMPANY

1st Mtge. 6 Per Cent. 20-Yr. S.-F. Gold Bonds issued under Indenture dated July 1, 1912, between HOCKING COAL COMPANY, THE MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS R. R. CO., and EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the above-mentioned indenture and supplemental indenture dated January 28th, 1913, bonds now outstanding, bearing the following distinctive numbers, have been drawn by lot by the undersigned, as Trustee under said indenture, for redemption on January 1st, 1918, out of the moneys in the Sinking Fund, to wit: 61, 66, 68, 78, 86, 98, 104, 132, 134, 135, 216.

Said bonds so drawn for redemption will be paid on and after January 2nd, 1918, at the 120 Broadway Office of the undersigned Trustee, N. Y. City, upon presentation and surrender of said bonds with all coupons thereto unmatured at 105 per cent. of their par value.

Interest on said bonds will cease on January 1st, 1918.

EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By BOYD G. CURTS, Trust Officer.
Dated N. Y. City, November 1, 1917.

Out-of-Town Bank Statements will be published in The New York Times Friday, November 30th. The New York Times publishes more bank statements than any other newspaper.

The New York Times

"All the news that's fit to print."

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25 Rush Creek Land Co.
25 Thurmond Land Co.
10 Title Guar. & Trust Stock
100 Weyman-Bruton Com.

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25 E. W. Bliss Com.
50 Famous Players-Lasky Film
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DISCUSS EFFECTS OF PAPER DECREE

Government's Lawyers See in It an End of General Combinations.

AID TO PRICE REGULATION

Federal Trade Commission Now Recognized by Court as Body to Fix the Maximum Figure.

While members and employes of the News Print Manufacturers' Association, which was dissolved by court decree on Monday, were preparing yesterday for a wind-up of the business of the association, lawyers and corporation heads were discussing the significance and probable ultimate effects of the agreement between the Government and the news print manufacturers by which the paper situation was settled.

Two features of the agreement and court action based upon it were generally considered as especially important to the country at large, as distinguished from the news print paper industry. These were the establishment in law of the illegality of the so-called open competition associations when they have the effect of restraining trade and the court recognition of the Federal Trade Commission as a maximum price-fixing body for manufacturers and their customers.

Mark Hyman of 61 Broadway, one of the special assistance to the Attorney General who represented the Government in the action against the news print manufacturers and in the agreement, said yesterday that, in his opinion, the court decree abolishing the News Print Manufacturers' Association would have the effect of causing Directors to modify many other open competition associations now acting to restrain trade, and would, in addition, give the Government a sound basis of action against any such associations which continued to operate illegally. He pointed out that the decree had been admitted as having a foundation in law by several of the leading corporation lawyers of the city, and this gave it a standing among the members of the bar which would be generally recognized.

The News Print Manufacturers' Association, as do similar organizations in various industries, represented the latest method adopted by manufacturers to control their market, according to the Government's contention. When the first "trust busting" activities of the Government directed against the great corporations were successful, manufacturers seeking a new way to do an old thing, made formal agreements among each other as to prices, output, and distribution of products, Mr. Hyman said. The Government broke up these formal agreements as illegal, he went on, and then pooling agreements, according to which manufacturers paid certain sums of money into a pool and forfeited their stake if they became independent as to prices, &c., began to be heard of.

The Government put an end to the pooling agreements, and then came arbitration agreements, under which a man employed by manufacturers went from place to place to investigate and determine the prices and conditions that should govern the selling of products. When the arbitration agreements had been declared illegal, some manufacturers devised the system of selling their products through an agent who would apportion his sales among them.

Such selling schemes had their short day before falling below the law, and the next and latest development was the informal agreement among manufacturers which in the popular mind is represented by the famous "Gary Dinner," although Judge Gary has denied without successful contradiction by the Government that the dinner over which he presided was a price-fixing occasion. The News Print Manufacturers' Association, according to the Government, was a "Gary dinner" kind of an organization. The allegation upon which the decree for its dissolution was based was that the Executive Committee of the association held secret and informal meetings at which no minutes were kept but at which a small group of men who knew each other well discussed their industry and verbally agreed as to how it should be controlled in the interests of the manufacturers. The results of these agreements, the Government charged, were distributed among the members of the association who, though under no stated compulsion to abide by the decisions as to prices, production, and distribution, acted in what they considered their own best interest and did so.

The dissolution of the association was the first instance of Government success against this particular kind of "open competition association," and so established a precedent of importance. Mr. Hyman pointed out, however, that many industrial associations of manufacturers and others, formed for the purpose of advertising, research work, and mutual co-operation in such things as patents, were perfectly legal and distinctly beneficial. The only associations which need fear the law, he said, were those which had the effect of restraining trade, whether this was their expressed purpose or not.

Herbert C. Smyth of 15 Wall Street, who was also a special assistant to the Attorney General in the case against the paper manufacturers, emphasized yesterday the importance of the court recognition of the Federal Trade Commission as a price-fixing body. He said that the commission appeared for the first time as the fixer of a maximum price to govern an open market. The first price regulation by the commission came when it advised purchasing war boards what prices they should pay for products. Now the commission has been empowered to fix maximum prices for news print paper as between manufacturers and customers in general. This granting of authority to the commission was by agreement, but, Mr. Smyth said, if the public came to look upon the commission as a price-fixing body, the time when the commission would be authorized by Congress to fix maximum prices in any industry would be brought nearer. Mr. Hyman yesterday presented the most important features of the news print agreement as follows:

1. The agreement provides for determining maximum prices and does not fix prices; thus it leaves competition open up to the point of the maximum price, and assures the publishers that they will not have to pay more than the maximum.

2. The agreement will bring before the Federal Trade Commission considerably over one-half of the total consumption of news print paper within the United States and over three-fifths of the total consumption east of the Rocky Mountains. It brings in practically all of the Canadian manufacturers, including the tonnage represented by the Canadian Export Paper Company, Limited, which tonnage would not be subject to the jurisdiction of the United States except for the making of this agreement.

3. It is expected that steps will be taken to request the consent of the other manufacturers so that the great bulk of the tonnage, at least east of the Rocky Mountains, may be brought before the Federal Trade Commission, with the exception of the two companies that have never been in any combination and have always made just and reasonable prices without Governmental coercion.

4. The agreement brings in the tonnage represented by Mr. Gould and Mr. Backus, both of whom had declined to come into the previous arbitration agreement.

5. The agreement provides that each manufacturer shall insert in his contracts with his customers the arbitration provision as to prices and terms of contract, so that each publisher will have a legal cause of action in case of a violation of the agreement. In addition, the right is reserved to the Attorney General, representing all the publishers, to take steps to have the agreement carried out. The agreement is also recognized in the court decree.

6. The previous arbitration agreement provided for merely a six months' duration of fair prices, leaving the publishers at the mercy of the combination when the six months was up. The present agreement is complete, and covers the entire duration of the war and three months thereafter.

7. The defendants are put under broad injunctions preventing any form of general combination in the future, and preventing any of the manufacturers or their agents from entering into agreements, understandings, or concerts of action to limit or restrict them in their competition or to deter others from entering the field.

8. The Government's view that these open competition associations are illegal, is recognized in the most sweeping way, first, by the imposition of very substantial fines upon the indicted defendants, and, second, by the broad provisions of the decree enjoining the defendants from entering into any general combination which involves a concerted working to control or raise prices.

9. The agreement provides for regulation of just and reasonable terms of sale, instead of the arbitrary uniform contracts which were sprung on the publishers last Fall.

It was said yesterday at the offices of the News Print Manufacturers' Association, 18 East Forty-first Street, that a meeting of the members of the association would be held here about the middle of December so that they might take formal action dissolving their organization in accordance with the court decree.

JACOB H. SCHIFF RESIGNS.

To be Succeeded on Federal Milk Commission by His Son.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Because of pressure of other affairs, Jacob H. Schiff, the New York banker, has resigned from the Federal Milk Commission of New York. The Food Administration announced the fact in the following communication:

"To the great regret of the United States Food Administration and of those who would have been associated with him, Mr. Jacob Schiff of New York finds it necessary to resign from the Federal Milk Commission for New York City.

"Mr. Schiff's wide experience, both in business and in philanthropic projects, would have made his judgment of very great value to the Commission, but the pressure of other affairs prevents his giving the time required for the comprehensive and extended hearings planned by the Commission. Mr. Schiff will be succeeded by Mr. Mortimer L. Schiff."

WAYS TO WIND UP ENEMY INSURANCE

State Official Suggests That They May Return Premiums or Reinsure.

It will be easy to liquidate the German insurance companies doing business under the laws of New York State, according to Daniel F. Gordon of the Insurance Department, who has supervision over the German insurance situation in New York.

"There are two things they can do," he said. "One is to cancel contracts and pay back the unearned premiums, and the other is to reinsure. Either course will take time, and needs careful administration."

The latest order of Secretary McAdoo, which calls upon German life insurance companies and companies of countries allied to Germany to stop writing new business, and to liquidate, was unexpected by several companies whose business here totals hundreds of millions.

D. H. Quackenbush of the Aachen and Munich Company, which writes direct fire insurance, said yesterday that his company had received no order from the Government. "We have just seen in the newspapers," he said, "what we are called upon to do. They say to liquidate, but, of course, that in itself means nothing. We can tell more about where we stand when we learn what plan the Secretary proposes. If they ask us to liquidate within a month, it can't be done, that's all."

H. N. Kelsey of the Hamburg-Bremen, another direct fire insurance company, said his company would need months to close up its business.

"It will be no easy matter to liquidate the German companies," he said. "I am afraid it will be like the small boy with the big meal; easy to swallow but bad in after effects. We can only wait until the Government tells us how to proceed and then do the best we can for the country and our policy holders."

The German companies all reported, in answer to inquiries, that their business had suffered tremendously since the entrance of the United States into the war. Before that, while the Allies were fighting alone, it was declared that business went on as usual, with the exception of a few anxious queries as to the prospects of loss due to the possible bankruptcy of the home offices.

The companies doing business in New York affected by the Secretary's order, are the Aachen and Munich, Agent J. A. Kelsey, 80 Maiden Lane; Francona Reinsurance Company, (Fire,) Agent C. H. Franklin, 123 William Street; Hamburg-Bremen, Agent H. N. Kelsey, 123 William Street; Nord Deutsche, (Fire,) Agent J. A. Lenahan, 123 William Street; Frankfort General, (Liability,) 123 William Street; First Bulgarian Insurance Company, Agents Snow & Theime, 80 Maiden Lane.

A number of German companies have already suspended business because of war conditions and the order issued several weeks ago directing German insurance companies writing marine insurance to close. One German life insurance company, the Mercury Reinsurance Company, Agent M. W. Torrey at 1 Liberty Street, remains open.

DECLARE SUGAR DIVIDENDS.

Two Companies Make Disbursements Besides Regular Payments.

Three sugar-producing companies declared dividends yesterday, two of them making disbursements in addition to the regular payments.

The Great Western Sugar Company declared an extra dividend of $10 a share on its common stock, in addition to the regular quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred and common stocks, all payable Jan. 2 to shareholders of record Dec. 15. Three months ago an extra dividend of the same amount was declared on the common stock.

The National Sugar Refining Company declared yesterday a quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent., payable Jan. 2 to holders of record on Dec. 10. This places the stock on a 7 per cent. basis. Previously the dividends have been at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, or 1½ per cent. quarterly.

The Federal Sugar Refining Company declared its regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the common stock, the same being payable Dec. 15 to sharholders of rcord Dc. 5.

National Bank Call Modified.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—To facilitate the reports of national banks in response to the call for conditions as of Nov. 20, Controller Williams tonight waived the requirement that the reports must include items of "interest accrued, but not yet collected," and "interest collected, but not yet accrued." Banks must keep their records of loans, however, so that these items may be reported in future calls.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Hale & Norcross	.02
Alta	.03	Jacket	.08
Andes	.10	Mexican	.13
Best & Belcher	.03	Occidental	.60
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.10
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.04
Challenge Con.	.05	Potosi	.05
Chollar	.03	Savage	.03
Confidence	.01	Sierra Nevada	.04
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	1.20
Con. Virginia	.01	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.64
TONOPAH.		Goldfield Con.	.43
Belmont	3.50	Goldfield Merger	.03
Halifax	.10	Great Bend	.05
Jim Butler	.77	Jumbo Ext.	.16
McNamara	.15	Kewanas	.06
Midway	.07	Silver Pick	.08
Mizpah	.04	Spearhead	.04
Monarch Pitts	.04	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.08	Consolidated	.18
North Star	.05	Morning Glory	.15
Rescue	.09	Sunset	.05
Tonopah Ext.	1.55	Union Amal.	.08
Tonopah Nevada	4.00	White Caps	.80
West End	.63	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West. Tonopah	.10	Nevada Hills	.05
GOLDFIELD.		Packard	.20
Atlanta	.09	Rochester	.37
Booth	.04	Round Mountain	.20
Florence	.12	United Eastern	3.60

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5	5¼	Granite	39¼	45
Dr. Jackpot	3¼	3¾	Isabella	8¼	8¾
Elkton	3½	4	McKinney	6⅝	10
El Paso	15	25	Portland	110	120
Fanny R.	2	4	U. Gold M.	15¾	17
Golden C.	169½	173	Vindicator	32	36
Gold Sov.	2½	3			

5-CENT MATINEES EXEMPT.

New Government Ruling on Application of War Tax on Theatres.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—A ruling has been made by Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper to the effect that where the admission to a theatre at a matinee performance is only 5 cents the charge is not to be regarded as a fraction of the 10 cents admission which is taxable under the War Tax act. The law imposes a tax of 1 cent on each 10 cent admission or fraction thereof, and the tax is to be paid by the person buying such admission. It is now held that where the maximum charge for admission to a matinee is but 5 cents and to an evening performance more than 5 cents, the tax is due only on the evening performance. The text of the decision follows:

"The rule has been established that where the charge for admission to any part of a theatre during a matinee performance does not exceed 5 cents and a charge exceeding 5 cents is made for the evening performance, tax will be due only on admissions to the evening performance. However, all admissions for the evening performance, including those not over 5 cents, will cause liability to tax to accrue.

"The same rule applies where the performance is continuous and the maximum charge up to a certain hour is not in excess of 5 cents, and the maximum charge after such time does exceed 5 cents. In such case tax is due only on admissions paid after the time when the increased charge takes effect, but is due on all admissions paid after such time, including admissions not exceeding 5 cents.

"Bona fide employes of the theatre, municipal officers on official business and children under twelve years of age are exempt from such tax when admitted free. All other persons admitted free are subject to tax the same as parties paying for admission."

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	96½	97	4s, registered, 1925	104½	105½
2s, coupon, 1930	..	97½	4s, coupon, 1925	104½	105½
3s, registered, 1918	99	100	2s, coupon, '38, reg.	96	97
3s, coupon, 1918	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	97
3s, registered, 1956	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg.	84	88
3s, coupon, 1940	84	85	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	88
3s, conversion, 1947	84	88			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.
4½s July, 1967	97⅞	98½	97¾	4s Nov., 1918	99⅛	..	99¼
4½s June, 1965	97⅞	98⅛	97¾	3½s Nov., 1954	79	..	80
4½s Mar., 1963	97⅞	98½	97½	3½s May, 1954	80	..	81
4½s Nov., 1957	97⅞	98¾	97½	3½s Nov., 1955	79	81	79¾
4½s May, 1957	97⅞	98¾	97½	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s Nov., 1917	97¾	..	97½	4½s 1918-1923	4.65	4.50	4.65
4¼s April, 1960	92	93¼	91¾	4½s 1924-1931	4.75	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	92½	94	92	4½s 1921-1923	4.75	4.40	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1964	92	93¾	91¾	4¼s April, 1920	4.75	..	4.65
4¼s Mar., 1962	92	93	92	4¼s 1918-1919	5.00	..	4.75
4¼s Sept., 1960	92	93¼	91¾	3½s 1940-1953	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s May, 1959	89½	91	89¾	3½s 1930-1939	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1958	89½	91	89¾	3½s 1922-1929	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s May, 1957	89½	..	89¾	3½s 1919-1921	4.80	4.50	4.70
4s Nov., 1956	88	..	89½	3s 1940-1953	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s Nov., 1955	88	..	89¼	3s 1926-1930	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s Nov., 1936	90½	..	91	3s 1918-1925	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s May, 1919	98½	99½	98¾				

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
40	Am. Light & Traction	226	225	225	228
90	Northern States Power	62	58	59	60
200	Pacific Gas & Electric	36¾	36	36½	37¼

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	16	18	Interstate Electric pf.	90	95
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	70	75	Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Am. Gas & Electric	90	92	Miss. River Power	7	8
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	43	44	Miss. River Power pf.	34	36
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	94	95	Northern Ohio Electric	27	32
Am. Power & Light	40	45	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	68	72
Am. Power & Light pf.	77	80	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Am. Public Utilities	30	35	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf.	52	56
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	59	63	Northern States P. pf.	85	88
Am. Water W. & Elec.	4½	5½	Northern Texas Electric	50	54
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	9	15	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	68	74
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf	58	62	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Carolina Power & Light	30	31	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	80½	81¼
Carolina P. & L. pf.	93	94	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf.	96	98
Cities Service	213	215	Pub. Serv. Secur. pf.	73½	78½
Cities Service pf.	74½	75	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	13	16
Colorado Power	20	23	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf.	48	53
Colorado Power pf.	95	98	Ry. & Lt. Secur. pf.	86	90
Columbus Electric pf.	78	82	Republic Ry. & Light	23	25
Commonwealth P. & L.	35	36	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	55	58
Com'wealth P. & L. pt.	63	66	Sierra Pac. El. pf.	62½	67½
Conn. Power pf.	85	90	Southern Cal. Edison	80	83
Consumers' Power pf.	89	92	South. Cal. Edison pf.	94	97
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	79¼	81	Standard Gas & Elec.	4½	6
Duluth Edison	75	80	Stand. Gas & Elec. pf.	21	23
Eastern Texas Electric	50	55	Tampa Electric	102	..
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	79	84	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Power	2	4
El Paso Electric	100	104	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	10	12
El Paso Electric pf.	89	93	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Electric B. & S. pf.	94	97	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf.	86	88
Electric Properties	50	55	United Gas Improve.	80	89½
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	84	89	United Light & Rys.	28	29
Federal Light & Trac.	..	9	United Lt. & Rys. pf.	63	66
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf.	..	38	Wash. I. W. L. & P. pf.	82	84
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	16	..	West. P. Ter. & W. P.	10	15
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	..	68	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	50	65
Gas & Elec. Securities	280	300	West. Penn. P. pf.	95	100
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf.	93	98	Western Power	10	12
Idaho Power 7% pf.	98	100	Western Power pf.	40	45
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98	Wisconsin Edison	35	40
Interstate Electric	36	42	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	100

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98¼	Middle West U. 6s, '25	95	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	63	66	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99½	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	70	75	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	70
Carolina P. & L. 5s	89	92	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	80	85
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	95	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	77	82
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	93	97½	Nor. States P. 6s, 1926	90	94
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	70	75	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	87	87½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963	90	95	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100½	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	Omaha & C. B. 5s	89	93
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	90	93	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '34	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	90	93	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96	96½
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	86	90	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s, '45	94	96
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	95	100	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39	89	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	85	90	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	87	92
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	87	92	U. S. R., R. & M., 6s, '25	111	113
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	Un. L. & R. 1st 5s, '32	80	87
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	75	80	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26	93	99
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	85	95	United Util. cv. 6s, '43	93	98
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	96½	100	Utah Securities 6s	85½	86¼
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44	93	96	Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	95	98
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	90	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
L., G. & E. Co. 1st 5s '41	85	90	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	West P. P. 1st 5s, '46	89	92
			Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	90	93

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Alabama Co.	51	51	51	1,015	Houston Oil	24¼	24	24¼
100	Con. Power	98	97½	97½	90	Do pf.	60¼	60	60
1,360	Cosden	7½	7⅛	7¼	25	Md. Casualty	75	75	75
115	Davidson	25	24	25	35	United Ry.	24	24	24

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,500	Balt. City 4s, 1958	94	94	94	$1,000	Elkhorn 5s	99½	99½	99½
1,000	B. Tr. 5s, N.B	99	99	99	2,000	Do 6s	96¾	96¾	96¾
2,000	City & Sub.	98¾	98¾	98¾	8,000	H. Oil dv. ctf	86	85½	86
2,000	Con. Coal 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼	3,000	N. & Ports. Trac. 5s	80	80	80
9,000	C. & Co. 6s, B	79½	79	79	1,000	Un. R. inc. 4s	54½	54½	54½
4,000	C. Gas 6s, '19	91¼	91¼	91¼	3,000	Do 4s	74½	74½	74½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
85	Am. Zinc	14½	14	14	100	New Arc.	2	2	2
10	Adventure	1	1	1	120	North Butte	14	14	14
40	Ahmeek	83¾	83	83	10	Ojibway	1	1	1
150	Alaska Gold	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	185	Old Dom.	40	39⅞	40
5	Allouez	52½	52½	52½	20	Osceola	61	60½	60½
100	Anaconda	60	60	60	40	Pond Creek	18½	18	18
1,130	Ariz. Com'l.	12⅜	10⅞	11¼	28	Quincy	65½	65	65½
100	Butte & B.	52c	52c	52c	10	Shannon	6	6	6
8	Cal. & Ariz.	87¼	66	66½	30	South Lake	1½	1½	1½
18	Cal. & Hecla	435	430	430	5	St. Mary's	55½	55½	55½
5	Chino	42¼	42¼	42¼	2,315	Sup. & Bos.	3¾	3½	3½
95	Cop. Range	45⅝	45½	45½	10	Trinity	4¼	4¼	4¼
100	Daly West	2	2	2	20	U. S. Smelt.	48	46	46
208	East Butte	10⅞	10⅝	10⅞	15	Do pf.	46	45½	46
45	Isle Royale	23½	23½	23½	215	Utah Con.	12¾	12½	12¾
120	Lake	6½	6½	6½	150	Utah Metal	3	3	3
845	Mohawk	61½	60	81	43	Wolverine	34	33	33½

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Boston & A.	131	131	131	150	New Haven	28	28	28
100	Boston Elev.	34¼	34	34	5	Old Colony	95	95	95
5	Boston & L.	80	80	80	16	Union Pac.	115	115	115
75	Fitch pf.	49	49	49	10	West End	37¼	37¼	37¼
85	Mass. Elec.	3	2½	2½	36	Do pf.	49	44½	49

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Am. Ag. Ch.	79½	79	79	28	Mergenthaler	137½	137	137
5	Am. Sugar	99	98½	98½	17	N.E.C. Yarn	88	88	88
6	Am. Sug. pf.	110	109	109	2	N. E. Tel.	101½	101	101½
857	Am. T. & T.	100	106½	107	10	N. S. Steel	67	67	67
26	Am. Wool. pf.	89½	88½	88½	46	Swift	127	126½	126½
50	Art Metal	9½	9½	9½	40	Torrington	48	48	48
165	A., G. & W. I.	100	98½	98¾	377	Un. Fruit	118¾	117½	117½
10	Edison Elec.	157	157	157	26	Un. Shoe M.	43¼	43	43¼
10	Ga. Elec.	118¼	118¼	118¼	5	Do pf.	25¾	25¾	25¾
27	Gen. Elec.	128¼	127	127	545	Ventura Oil	5¾	5¼	5⅝
6	Mass. Gas	80	80	80	20	Western Un.	83¾	83¾	83¾

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A. A. Ch. 5s	92¼	92¼	92¼	$2,000	U. S. Sm. 6s	100	100	100
2,000	A. T. & T. 4s	82¼	82¼	82¼	18,000	U.S.Lib. 3½s	99.50	98.86	99
10,000	Mass. G. 4½s	83	83	83	9,000	Do 4s	98	97.70	98

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
70	Am. Rad'r.	260	260	260	115	Hartman	42	42	42
120	Booth Fish.	19	19	19	5	M. Ward pf.	110	110	110
50	Chi. C. & C. pf	17¼	17¼	17¼	4	Pub. Service	72½	72½	72½
10	Chi. R., S. 1	45	45	45	80	People's Gas	39	39	39
320	Chi. R., S. 2	10	10	10	70	Seare-Roe	143	142¾	143
25	Chi. T. & T.	175	175	175	195	S. Warner	49½	48	49
67	Cudahy	114	112	112	285	Swift	128	125½	125½
304	Com. Edison	107½	105	105	2,079	Union Car'e.	56	54	54½
30	Deere pf.	96	96	96	20	Wilson	46	45¾	46
30	Dia. Match	108	107½	107½	6	Do pf.	95	95	95

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Chi. City Ry. 1st 5s	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞	$1,000	Peo. Gas ref. 5s	80	80	80
3,000	Chi. Tel. 5s	96½	96¼	96½	1,500	Swift 1st 5s	93¾	93½	93½
3,000	C. Ed. 1st 5s	93	93	93	450	Liberty 3½s	98.80	98.80	98.80
3,000	C. El. 1st 5s	90½	90½	90¼	1,300	Do 4s	98.00	98.00	98.00

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Buff. & S. pf	60½	60½	60½	30	Do cum. pf.	30½	30½	30½
20	Brill	16	16	16	380	P. R. T. t. c.	26⅜	26⅜	26½
100	Elec. Stor.	50	50	50	11	Phil. Trac.	68	68	68
16	Ins. Co., N.A	24¾	24½	24¾	300	Ton. Belm't.	3¾	3¾	3¾
1,017	Lake S. Cp.	12⅜	12	12	55	Union Trac.	41	41	41
627	Lehigh Nav.	57¼	56¾	56¾	655	U. G. Imp.	68⅜	67½	67¾
1,313	Do war'nts.	7	6⅝	6¾	50	War. I. & S.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
72	Lehigh Val.	55½	55	55	4	West. Coal	77	77	77
30	Phil. Co.	28	28	28					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,500	City 4s, 1941	98	97⅞	97⅞	$1,000	Reading 4s	85¼	85¼	85¼
2,700	Elec. & Peo. Trac. 4s	74	72½	72½	1,000	Span.-A. Iron 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾
4,000	Phil. El. 1st mtg. 5s	96¼	95	95	7,000	Lib. L. 3½s	99.20	98.20	98.20
					10,450	Do 4s	98.20	97.80	98.20

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.
American Cigar	85	95	90	MacAndrews & F.	190	200	180
Do pf.	85	93	90	Do pf.	95	100	98
Conley Foil	200	250	200	P. R.-Am. Tob.	165	185	170
J. S. Young	130	150	150	Do scrip	120	130	115
Do pf.	100	106	105	R. J. Reynolds	440	480	450
				Do pf.	100	104	102

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Profit taking, stimulated by the approaching holiday, caused prices on the Consolidated Stock Exchange to recede in the last half hour of trading. In practically all of the active issues the early gains were not only wiped out but were replaced by net losses. In the early morning the market advanced vigorously and sentiment was optimistic, although based upon little that was definite beyond the improvement in Italian exchange, the ease of call money rates and the success of the British and French in maintaining their gains against counterattacks by the German allies. After the first hour the market was dull and reactionary following a selling movement in the rails.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Allis-Chalm.	19	18⅞	19	310	Kennec'tCop.	33¾	33¾	33¾
50	Am.BeetSug.	75½	74¾	75½	270	Lack. Steel	81¼	81	81
970	Am. Can	37¾	36¾	36¾	10	Lehigh Val.	55¼	55¼	55¼
50	Am.Car & F.	66⅛	60	66	260	Mex. Petrol.	81¾	79¾	79¾
50	Am. H. & L.	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	20	Midvale Steel	44⅜	44⅜	44⅜
570	Am. Locomo.	55⅜	54⅜	54⅜	210	Mo. Pacific	24⅛	24	24
1,450	Am. Sm. & R.	79¾	78	78¼	240	N. Y. Cent.	70¼	69⅜	69⅜
270	Am.Sum.Tob.	60⅝	58⅝	60⅝	50	North. Pac.	84¼	84¼	84¼
40	Am. Sugar	98	98	98	110	Pennsylvania	47¼	46	46½
1,760	Anaconda	60⅛	58⅜	59	20	Ray. Copper	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜
340	B'dwin Loco.	57	55¼	55¼	1,910	Reading	71⅜	69⅜	70¼
40	Balt. & Ohio	51⅜	51⅜	51⅜	720	Rep. I. & S.	80	78⅝	78⅝
1,800	Beth. Steel, B	83	81⅝	81⅝	10	Sinclair Oil	31½	31½	31½
130	B'klyn R. T.	45⅞	45	45	50	SouthernPac.	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
50	Cal. Petrol.	13	13	13	40	Southern Ry.	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝
240	Can. Pacific	136	134¾	135½	2,550	Studebaker	44	41⅝	43
560	Cent. Leath.	68⅞	67¼	67¼	10	Tenn. Cop.	13	13	13
30	Ches. & Ohio	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	360	TobaccoProd.	54¼	52¼	52¼
10	Chi.Gt.West.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	930	Union Pac.	116⅛	114¾	114¾
90	C., M. & St.P.	37⅝	37⅛	37⅛	50	U. C. Stores	93¼	92⅜	92⅜
50	C., R. I. & P.	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜	140	U.S.Ind.Alco.	113	112¼	112¼
20	Chile Copper	16⅜	16⅛	16⅜	710	U. S. Rubber	53⅜	51⅜	52⅜
70	Chino Cop.	42½	42½	42½	21,730	U. S. Steel	99	97⅛	97⅛
90	Col.Fuel & I.	36	35⅞	36	410	Utah Copper	80	78⅛	78⅛
150	Corn Prod.	29⅞	29⅛	29⅛	750	Willys-Over.	20⅜	19⅛	19⅛
1,450	Cruc. Steel	57⅛	55⅜	55⅜	10	Woolworth	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞
150	Cuba C. Sug.	30⅛	29⅞	30		BONDS.			
250	Dist. Secur.	38	38	38	$3,550	U. S. Lib. 4s	98	98	98
80	Erie	15⅛	14⅞	14⅞	150	Do 3½s	99	99	99
10	Do 1st pf.	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	5,000	Read. gen. 4s	85½	85½	85½
20	Gen. Elec	127¼	126½	126⅝		MINING STOCKS.			
350	Gen. Motors	92⅝	90½	90⅝	50	Belmont	3.65	3.65	3.65
30	Goodrich Co.	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	100	Daly	1.20	1.20	1.20
40	Gt. Nor. Ore.	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	500	Florence	.12	.12	.12
220	Insp. Copper	44⅞	44⅛	44⅛	375	G'ld'dCon.	.43	.43	.43
410	Int.Mer.Mar.	25⅛	24⅛	24⅛	450	Jim Butler	.76	.76	.76
5,930	Do pf	98⅛	95⅜	96⅛	400	Portland	1.10	1.10	1.10
25	Int. Nickel	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	200	Tono. Ext.	1.60	1.60	1.60
40	Int. Paper	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	200	Union Con.	1.07½	1.07½	1.07½

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25,000	‡AetnaExplo.	10	9	9½	500	MarconiofAm.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
100	Am.-Br.Mfg.	4½	4½	4½	58,600	‡MaximMuni.	1⅛	15-16	1
3,100	Am. T. & T.	⅝	⅝	⅝	800	N.Am.P.& P.	3¼	3⅛	3¼
500	‡Am.W.Paper	2½	2½	2½	100	N. Y.Transp.	17	17	17
100	Br.-Am.Tob., coupon	16½	16½	16½	920	‡Pruden.Pict.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
800	‡Car Lt. & P.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	200	‡Pyrene Mfg.	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜
100	Carwen Steel	9	9	9	2,200	SmithMot.T.	1	⅞	1
600	Chev. Motor.	68	67	68	300	Submar.Boat v. t. ctfs.	14½	14	14
715	‡Cit.Ser., old	215	209½	215	200	‡Todd Ship.	71	71	71
1,800	‡ Do pf	75	73	75	1,800	TriangleFilm v. t. ctfs.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
300	Curtiss Aero.	29½	28½	28½	4,100	U. S. SS. Co.	4⅝	3⅞	4⅝
100	Em'sonPhon.	5¼	5¼	5¼	2,000	‡Unit.Motors	17½	16⅜	16⅜
200	Int'cont.Rub.	8½	8¼	8½	100	World Film v. t. ctfs.	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,100	‡Int.LubeCh.	3⅛	2⅞	3	1,200	‡Wr.-M. Air.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
100	‡S. S. Kresge	70	70	70					
10	Lake Tor.Bt.	4¼	4¼	4¼					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
600	A.-Am. Oil, r	3½	3¼	3½	50	Std.Oil, N.J.	525	520	520
60	Std. Oil, Cal.	230	227	228	75	Std.Oil, N.Y.	266	262	262

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	†‡Allen Oil	11-16	11-16	11-16	3,000	Metro. Pet.	11-16	⅝	⅝
2,000	‡B'nett O.&G	1⅜	1¼	1¼	4,000	†‡Midw. Oil	121	118	120
200	‡Beth. O.&G.	10⅛	10	10⅛	752	‡Midw. Ref.	122	120	121
8,000	†‡B.-Wyo. O.	29	28	28	700	‡N.Y.-Ok. O.	⅝	⅝	⅝
10,000	‡Cosden Oil	7½	7¼	7⅜	2,500	†‡N. W. Oil	77	73	75
2,700	‡Crown Oil	15-16	15-16	⅞	5,000	†‡Okla. Oil	6	5½	6
6,000	Cum. P.&R.	1¼	1 3-16	1 3-16	500	†‡Ok. Oil pf.	15	15	15
1,500	‡Elk Basin P.	7½	7	7	5,000	Okla. P.&R.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
2,700	‡Elk. O.&G. (a pros.)	⅛	⅛	⅛	3,000	†Omar O.&G.	33	30	31
500	‡Federal Oil	3¼	3	3	2,500	Osage-H. Oil	7½	7⅜	7⅜
2,600	‡Friar Oil	⅜	¼	⅜	600	‡Penn-K. Oil	5½	5½	5½
1,200	‡Glenrock O.	15	15	15	2,000	‡Penn.-Ohio Oil & Gas	12¼	12⅛	12¼
2,700	‡Han. O.&R.	2⅜	2 1-16	2⅜	50,000	‡Red Rock Oil & Gas	1 1-16	1	1⅛
400	‡Houston Oil	24⅜	24½	24½	7,500	‡Rice Oil	5-16	¼	5-16
935	‡Humble G. C. O. & R.	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝	100	‡Sap. O.&R.	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜
100	‡Intern. Pet.	12½	12½	12½	7,900	‡Seq. O.&R.	⅞	13-16	⅞
2,000	Kenova Oil, (a pros.)	3-32	⅛	3-32	1,500	‡Somerset O.	7-16	⅜	7-16
740	‡Lost C. Oil	1-16	⅛	1-16	1,500	‡Un.West. O.	7-16	⅜	7-16
300	‡Mer. O. Cp.	25¼	25	25	450	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	4	*3¾	4

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	Acme C. H.	1⅞	1¾	1⅞	600	†‡Jim Butler	79	77	77
2,700	A.-B. Col. M.	¾	⅝	11-16	1,225	Josvig-K., (a pros)	3-16	3-16	3-16
2,500	†‡Atlanta	10	9½	10	1,600	†Jumbo Ext.	16	15	16
2,500	B. L. C. Co.	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	1,800	‡Kirk. P. G. M., Ltd.	50	50	50
3,500	‡Bit'r Creek, (a pros)	25	20	25	1,000	‡MagmaChief	½	½	½
4,100	†Boston & M	55	52	55	3,600	Magma Cop.	48	45½	45½
900	‡Brad. C. M.	1¾	1⅝	1¾	5,000	†Marsh Min.	8	7½	7½
1,000	Butte C. & Z. v. t. ctfs.	7½	7	7	900	Mason Val.	5⅞	5¾	5¾
1,600	Butte Det't.	¼	¼	¼	500	†Mogul Min.	37	37	37
1,000	Butte-N. Y.	1 3-16	1⅛	1⅛	6,000	‡Monst.Chief	3-16	3-16	3-16
2,550	†‡Caledonia	47	45	46	4,000	†‡Moth. Lode	30	30	30
1,800	‡Cal. & Jer.	1⅝	1½	1 9-16	46,000	†‡Nat. Leas.	8	6	8
3,500	†Cashboy	4½	4	4½	7,500	†‡Nat.Z.& L.	34	30	33
1,500	†‡C. S. M. & M., (a pros)	44	42	43	650	‡New Cornel.	15⅝	15¼	15⅝
600	Cerro G. M.	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	500	Nipissing	8⅜	8½	8⅜
450	‡Coco R. M.	4¾	4¾	4¾	18,000	‡Nixon Nev.	1⅜	1 7-16	1 5-16
700	Con. Ariz. S.	1¾	1¾	1¾	2,500	†Portl'd Con.	29	26	29
1,000	Con. Cop. M.	8⅜	8⅛	8¼	4,000	Provincial	42	40	42
800	‡Con.-Home.	20	19	20	500	‡Red Warrior	½	½	½
2,300	‡Copper Val.	1½	1¼	1½	6,000	†Rex Con	12½	11½	11½
2,200	D'e-Ariz. C., (a pros)	⅝	⅝	⅝	700	†Roch. Mines	40	39	39
13,000	‡Emma Con.	½	7-16	½	7,400	Sil.Kg.ofAriz.	7-16	7-16	7-16
600	First Nat. C.	2½	2	2	300	Std.Sil.-Lead	7-16	7-16	7-16
4,570	‡Gibson Cop.	2 3-16	2 3-16	2 3-16	2,000	Stewart	3-16	3-16	3-16
5,000	‡Globe D. C.	¾	⅝	11-16	1,200	†Success	13½	13	13½
500	†Gold. Con.	43	43	43	200	SuperiorCop., (a pros.)	2	1⅞	2
2,900	‡G. Verde E. Copper Co.	1 5-16	1 7-16	1 5-16	1,500	Tono. Ext.	1 11-16	1⅝	1⅝
1,000	‡Green M. M	⅞	13-16	13-16	2,500	†‡Troy-Ariz.	17	18	17
1,570	Hecla Min'g.	4⅞	4¾	4⅞	100	Unit. East'n.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
18,000	†‡Int. Mines	10	10	10	900	Unity Gold	3⅜	3⅜	3¾
660	‡Iron Blos'm	⅝	9-16	9-16	4,800	†‡UticaMines	12	11	12
25,000	‡J.-Verde, (a pros)	11-16	11-16	⅞	700	†W.End Con.	66	65	60
3,937	‡J.-Pres. C.	4½	4⅜	4½	500	White Caps.	11-16	11-16	11-16
					350	†White Caps Ex., (pros.)	*20	18	20
					2,500	†WilbertMin.	15½	15½	15½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$15,000	‡Beth. Stl. 5s 2-yr. notes	97½	97⅜	97½	$5,000	Gen. El. rts.	2⅛	1⅞	2
10,000	‡Can.Gov.5s	95	95	95	12,000	‡Rus. Govt. new 5½s	49	47⅞	47⅞
110,000	‡Gen. Elec. 6s notes	99⅜	99⅛	99¼	2,000	‡Rus. Govt. 6½s	60	60	60
15,000	‡Gen.El.6s 2-yr.nts., '19	99½	99⅜	99⅜					

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.	Monday Ask.	INDUSTRIALS.—Continued.	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.	Monday Ask.
Am.-B. M. pf.	20	40	20	40	Peer. T. & M.	13½	14½	13½	14½
Br.-Am. Tob., registered	15	15½	15	15½	P.-Logan Coal	3⅜	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝
Can. N. Gas.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜	Poole E. & M.	60	80	60	80
Carbon Steel.	80	85	80	85	St. Jos. Lead.	16⅜	16⅜	16	16½
Chalmers Mot.	2	4	2	4	A.O.Smith.Cp.	..	30	..	30
Do pf.	..	50	..	50	Do pf.	88	93	88	93
Charcoal Iron.	6⅞	7	6⅞	7	Stand. Motors	9⅝	10½	9⅝	10½
Do pf.	5¾	6¼	5¾	6¼	St.L., R.M.&P.	28	35	28	35
Cramp Ship.	71	74	71	74	U. S. L. & H.	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Curtiss A. pf.	50	75	50	75	Un. Zinc S.	1½	2	1½	2
Everett H.	20½	21½	20½	21½	OIL STOCKS.				
Free. Texas.	35	40	35	40	Cosden Oil pf.	3⅞	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛
Ball Signal	1	5	1	5	Esmeralda	⅛	½	⅛	½
Do pf.	10	20	10	20	Mid. Oil pf.	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
Havana Tob.	½	1¼	½	1½	N. W. Oil	74	77	74	77
Do pf.	2	5	2	5	Pierce Oil	10	10½	10	10½
Holly Sugar.	40	50	40	50	Savoy Oil	7	9	7	9
Do pf.	98	101	98	101	Tuxpam Star.	½	1-16	⅛	1-16
Hupp M. Car	2¼	2½	2¼	2½	Vac. G. & O.	1-16	1-16	1-16	1-16
Int. Motors	10	12	10	12	West S. Pet.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Int. Mo. 2d pf	15	20	15	20	MINING STOCKS.				
Int. Tr. Cp. pf.	55	75	55	75	Alaska Std.	24	27	24	27
Key. T. & R.	11	11¼	11	11¼	Big Jim	½	¾	½	¾
Do pf.	11½	13½	11½	13½	Bingham M.	11	12	11	12
Kresge pf.	92	98	92	98	Brant Mines	58	60	58	60
Lake T. Boat.	3⅞	4¼	3⅞	4¼	Butte R. Cop.	5⅜	6	5⅜	6
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf.	6	7	6	7	Canada Cop.	2	2⅜	2 1-16	2 1-16
L. Val. C. S.	65	70	65	70	Calaveras Cp.	1½	2	1½	2
Lukens Steel.	35	44	35	44	La Rose Con.	⅜	7-16	⅜	7-16
Do 1st pf.	100	102	100	102	Louisi'a Con.	½	⅝	½	⅝
Man. Transit.	7-16	9-16	7-16	9-16	Magnate Cop.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Marlin Arms.	84	87	84	87	Un. Ver. Ext.	32	34	32	34
N. Y. Ship.	30½	32	30½	32	BOND.				
					Pierce Oil 6s.	74	78	73	78

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.
Anglo-Amer. Oil	18¼	18¾	18¼	Penn.-Mex. Fuel	35	38	35
Atlantic Refining	850	875	850	Prairie Oil & Gas	435	445	420
Borne-Scrymser	420	445	400	Prairie Pipe Line	240	245	240
Buckeye Pipe Line	88	92	88	Solar Refining	330	340	330
Chesebrough Mfg.	325	350	325	Southern P. Line	190	200	190
Colonial Oil	10	40	10	South. Penn. Oil	285	300	285
Continental Oil	460	485	460	S. W. Penn.	103	108	100
Crescent Pipe Line	33	35	33	Stand. Oil of Cal.	226	230	225
Cumberland P. L.	135	145	135	Stand. Oil of Ind.	635	650	615
Eureka Pipe Line	198	205	195	Stand. Oil of Kan.	445	*460	445
Galena Sig. Oil	130	135	130	Stand. Oil of Ky.	335	350	335
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	125	135	125	Stand. Oil of Neb.	475	500	475
Illinois Pipe Line	198	205	198	Stand. Oil of N. J.	520	525	520
Indiana Pipe Line	87	90	88	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	260	265	260
In. Pet. Co., Ltd.	12¼	12⅜	12¼	Stand. Oil of Ohio	450	465	450
National Transit	13	14	13	Swan & Finch	95	105	95
N. Y. Transit	185	195	185	Union Tank	85	88	85
Northern Pipe L.	100	105	100	Vacuum Oil	330	340	330
Ohio Oil	302	306	302	Washington Oil	30	35	30

*Ex dividend.

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.
Aetna pf.	46	49	41	Can. Found's F.	140	150	..
American Brass	219	224	213	Colt's Arms	60	63	57
Atlas Powder	160	166	156	Du Pont	276	280	275
Do pf.	94	98	92	Hercules	247	249	247
Babcock & Wilcox	109	110	108	Do pf.	111	114	112
Bliss	375	425	400	Niles-Bem't-Pond	119	123	117
Do pf	75	83	73	Scovill Mfg.	420	425	415
Canadian Explos.	235	335	330	Winchester Arms	700	..	700
Do pf.	104	110	104				

Cordial Relations

The business man who brings his financial problems to this Trust Company may or may not receive the assistance he wants, but he will receive courteous and respectful treatment. No institutional aloofness will cause him embarrassment. The spirit of courtesy permeates every department and the easy accessibility of its officers makes a pleasure of dealing with business problems. It is seldom, however, that its officers are unable to be of real service to a customer.

Inquiries invited as to the various forms of service rendered.

Brooklyn Trust Company
Chartered April 14, 1866
Member of the New York Clearing House Association.
177 Montague Street, Brooklyn
Bedford Branch — Fulton St. and Bedford Ave. Manhattan Office — Wall Street and Broadway

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for you to do your banking business with a Trust Company?

Such a company not only can look after your money while you are alive but, if you wish, can act as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Receiver or Trustee. It is a legal Depository for funds of every description.

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Union Trust Company of New York
BRANCH 425 Fifth Ave. — 80 Broadway — BRANCH 786 Fifth Ave.
Capital and Surplus $8,500,000

Gaston, Williams & Wigmore, Inc. and Gaston, Williams & Wigmore Steamship Corporation

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET, OCTOBER 31, 1917

ASSETS.

Invested Assets:			
Stock of Associated Companies		$1,755,661.73	
Invested in Securities of other companies		218,910.25	
Investment in Ships, including advance payments on purchase of Ships		1,508,444.33	
Advances to other companies		648,157.02	
Furniture and Fixtures, etc.		33,494.56	
			$4,159,667.93
Current Assets:			
Cash		$2,868,121.82	
Notes Receivable		196,461.24	
Accounts Receivable—Customers	$7,481,030.48		
Accounts Receivable—Associated Companies	5,007,938.57		
	$12,488,969.05		
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	258,398.33		
		12,230,570.72	
Merchandise—purchased, sold, and in process of delivery		3,660,362.85	
Securities		184,800.00	
Insurance and other claims		354,055.30	
			19,494,361.93
Deferred Charges:			
Prepaid Interest, Insurance, etc.			28,964.62
Other Assets:			
Miscellaneous accounts			4,143.50
Total Assets			$23,682,137.98

LIABILITIES.

Declared Capital:			
300,000 Shares without par value			$12,000,000.00
Six Per Cent. Serial Gold Notes:			
Due April 15, 1918, to 1921			4,000,000.00
Current Liabilities:			
Accepted Merchandise Drafts		$605,190.79	
Accounts Payable		1,760,336.19	
Commission, etc., accrued		459,097.51	
Dividend Payable November 15, 1917		300,000.00	
			3,124,624.49
Deferred:			
Reserve for Taxes, etc.		$1,021,527.19	
Deferred Credits to Profit and Loss		293,178.56	
Reserve for Contingencies		504,695.26	
			1,819,401.01
Surplus			2,738,112.48
Total Liabilities			$23,682,137.98
Contingent Liabilities:			
Drafts discounted against customers for merchandise sold and shipped		$7,340,993.16	
Sundry guarantees on Bonds and Contracts		703,224.00	

CONSOLIDATED INCOME and PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT
May 1, 1917, to October 31, 1917.

Net Income from Operations			$2,691,299.50
Other Income:			
Interest, Discount, etc., Received	$339,495.27		
Less: Interest Paid	333,776.06		
		$5,719.21	
Dividends, etc., from Associated Companies		102,604.81	
Profit on Sale of Stock		45,000.00	
Dividends from other Companies		4,900.00	
		$158,424.02	
Less:			
Amortization of Discount on Serial Gold Notes		138,930.63	
Total Other Income			19,493.39
Total Net Income for Period			$2,710,792.89
Deduct:			
Dividends Declared		$675,000.00	
Accounts Written Off		401,915.80	
Reserve for Contingencies		304,695.26	
			1,381,611.06
Surplus for Period			$1,329,181.83
Surplus, April 30, 1917			1,408,930.65
SURPLUS, PER BALANCE SHEET			$2,738,112.48

RESULT PRODUCING SECURITY SALESMEN

HAVING AN ESTABLISHED CLIENTELE ARE OFFERED AN OPPORTUNITY TO REPRESENT A HIGH-GRADE NEW YORK BOND HOUSE IN THE SALE OF A MOST ATTRACTIVE DIVIDEND PAYING INDUSTRIAL SECURITY AT A PRICE TO YIELD 9½% ON A LIBERAL COMMISSION BASIS. WE WANT TO CHOOSE MEN FOR A PERMANENT CONNECTION. ADDRESS RESULTS S. S., P. O. BOX 1936, N. Y.

BUY STOCKS?

Babson clients will be definitely advised WHAT and WHEN to buy when we reach the fast approaching "buy" point. Details of Babson's Investment Service sent gratis.

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Largest Organization of its Character in the World.

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

E. G. CRAWFORD, President.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership lately subsisting between HARRY W. SPIEGEL and MORRIS KANTOR under the trade name and style of NEWARK NECKWEAR CO., at No. 429 Broome Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, has been dissolved by mutual consent as of November 14th, 1917, the said HARRY W. SPIEGEL continuing the said business and the said MORRIS KANTOR retiring therefrom. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to the said HARRY W. SPIEGEL, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.

HARRY W. SPIEGEL.
MORRIS KANTOR.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the co-partnership firm composed of MEYER H. COHEN and HARRY HOROWITZ, successor to WM. E. HOROWITZ, trading as COHEN & HOROWITZ, at No. 8 E. 12th St., New York City, hereby is dissolved from and on the 24th day of Nov., 1917, and that MEYER H. COHEN will continue business at the same address under the firm name of M. H. COHEN.

MEYER H. COHEN.
HARRY HOROWITZ.
Witness, B. RICHMAN.

PARTNERSHIP composed of the undersigned and trading as COHEN & HOROWITZ, at 8 East 12th St., N. Y. City, was dissolved Nov. 24, 1917.

Signed, WM. E. HOROWITZ.
Signed, MEYER COHEN.
Witness, H. BARASH.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT LOWENTHAL, POLASKY & CO., INC., have been dissolved. ABRAHAM DAVIDSON, Secretary and Treasurer.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW YORK

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

NOVEMBER 20, 1917

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$164,296,430.43	Capital	$5,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds and Certificates to secure Deposits	15,007,000.00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	17,063,881.18
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation	3,580,000.00	Discount Collected but not earned	1,098,698.70
U. S. Bonds and Certificates on hand	2,106,500.00	Reserved for Interest and Taxes	399,253.22
Other Bonds to secure Deposits	7,480,706.68	Circulation	3,553,197.50
Other Bonds and Securities	3,621,100.76	Acceptances and Letters of Credit	3,819,689.08
Banking House	2,279,598.82	Rediscounts	6,153,302.60
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	22,269,736.66	Bonds Borrowed	3,030,000.00
Exchanges for Clearing House	12,853,198.90	Deposits: Banks $87,976,518.67	
Cash and due from Banks	4,434,628.05	Individuals 82,621,528.18	
Due from U. S. Treasurer	400,005.00	U. S. Gov't 31,263,745.63	201,861,792.48
Customer's Liability Account of Acceptances and Letters of Credit	3,202,120.34		
Interest earned but not collected	448,789.12		
	$241,979,814.76		$241,979,814.76

PRESIDENT
RICHARD DELAFIELD

VICE-PRESIDENTS
GILBERT G. THORNE
JOHN C. VAN CLEAF
WILLIAM O. JONES
MAURICE H. EWER
GEORGE H. KRETZ
SYLVESTER W. LABROT

CASHIER
ERNEST V. CONNOLLY

ASSISTANT CASHIERS
WILLIAM A. MAIN
FRED'K O. FOXCROFT
J. E. PROVINE
WILLIAM E. DOUGLAS
PERCY J. EBBOTT
HENRY L. SPARKS
BYRON P. ROBBINS

DIRECTORS
STUYVESANT FISH
CHARLES SCRIBNER
EDWARD C. HOYT
W. ROCKHILL POTTS
RICHARD DELAFIELD
FRANCIS R. APPLETON
CORNELIUS VANDERBILT
GILBERT G. THORNE
RICHARD H. WILLIAMS
THOMAS F. VIETOR
JOHN G. MILBURN
WILLIAM VINCENT ASTOR
JOSEPH D. OLIVER
ROBERT P. PERKINS
JOHN J. PIERREPONT
LEWIS CASS LEDYARD, JR.
HORACE C. STEBBINS

The Second National Bank

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Fifth Avenue and 28th Street

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

November 20, 1917.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans, discounts and investments	$17,713,613.08	Capital	$1,000,000.00
United States bonds and certificates of indebtedness	1,692,150.00	Surplus and undivided profits	3,758,022.92
United States bonds to secure circulation	950,000.00	Reserved for taxes	56,988.91
Banking house	1,171,950.99	Circulation	896,797.50
Checks and other cash items	203,033.48	Deposits	17,011,113.11
5% redemption fund, and due from United States Treasurer	61,500.00	United States deposits	2,981,410.00
Reserve in Federal Reserve Bank	2,240,622.36	United States bond account	810,000.00
Cash, exchanges for Clearing House, and net amount due from national banks	2,532,192.70	Unearned discount	108,000.00
Interest accrued	58,000.00	Other liabilities	730.17
	$26,623,062.61		$26,623,062.61

DIRECTORS

John Aitken, H. Blanchard Dominick, Thomas A. Howell, F. Colt Johnson, Edward H. Peaslee, Dwight S. Richardson, Percy A. Rockefeller, William A. Simonson, Louis M. Starr, James A. Stillman, Percy S. Straus

The Market and Fulton National Bank
of NEW YORK

Statement November 20, 1917

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, $3,169,487

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts		$8,672,830.25
U. S. Bonds		1,533,520.00
Other Bonds and Stocks		1,356,602.75
Banking House		550,000.00
Other Real Estate		15,500.00
Customers' Liability, Account Acceptances		44,856.35
Uncollected Interest		8,400.00
Cash Items: Cash and Reserve	$3,771,144.00	
Exchanges for Clearing House	947,431.77	
Due from Banks	782,811.92	5,501,387.69
		$17,683,097.04

LIABILITIES

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and Profits	2,102,487.96
Unearned Interest	67,000.00
Reserved for Taxes	26,000.00
Circulation	95,190.00
Acceptances	44,856.35
Deposits	14,347,562.73
	$17,683,097.04

ALEXANDER GILBERT, Chairman of the Board
ROBERT A. PARKER, President
WILLIAM M. ROSENDALE, Cashier
ALBERT D. BERRY, Asst. Cashier

(Charter No. 1290.)
REPORT OF CONDITION OF
THE CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts ... $32,100,479.86
Acceptances of other banks discounted ... 583,631.87
Total loans ... $32,684,111.73
Deduct: Notes and bills rediscounted, $1,255,000.00; acceptances of other banks payable at future date, guaranteed by this bank by endorsement or otherwise, $73,060.12 ... 1,328,060.12
$31,356,051.61
Overdrafts, unsecured ... 3,472.35
Customers' liability under letters of credit actually used ... 89,715.00
Customers' liability account of "acceptances" ... 1,638,336.76
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value) $1,026,100.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value) 390,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged ... 1,010,000.00
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness ... 2,426,100.00
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent. ... $177,650.00
Liberty Loan bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent. ... 500,000.00 ... 677,650.00
Bonds, other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits ... $302,285.50
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged ... 135,820.00
Total bonds, securities, &c. ... 438,105.50
Stocks other than Federal Reserve Bank stock ... 23,500.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription) ... 136,500.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank ... 4,390,970.41
Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve) ... 957,558.81
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks ... 1,443,880.75
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies ... 856,299.03
Exchanges for Clearing House ... 1,821,101.46
Checks on other banks in the same city ... 215,605.26
Checks on banks located outside of city and other cash items ... 331,860.07
Redemption fund and due from U. S. Treasurer ... 80,305.00
Interest earned but not collected ... 12,859.42
Total ... $46,899,880.43

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in ... $2,550,000.00
Surplus fund ... 2,000,000.00
Undivided profits ... $900,837.97
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid ... 139,143.03 ... 761,694.94
Interest and discount collected but not earned ... 273,293.96
Amount reserved for taxes accrued ... 44,065.90
Amount reserved for all interest accrued ... 36,972.43
Circulating notes outstanding ... 1,015,897.50
Demand deposits:
Net amounts due to national banks ... 1,357,644.26
Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies ... 2,071,990.08
Individual deposits subject to check ... 27,670,411.30
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days ... 7,791.95
Certified checks ... 354,582.48
Cashier's checks outstanding ... 218,650.96
Dividends unpaid ... 1,108.00
Time deposits:
Certificates of deposits ... 246,800.00
Other time deposits ... 26,550.00
United States deposits ... 5,000,000.00
Bills payable, with Federal Reserve Bank ... 1,000,000.00
Cash letters of credit and travelers' checks outstanding ... 4,214.15
Customers' letters of credit drawn against ... 89,715.00
Acceptances executed for customers ... 1,663,497.52
Total ... $46,899,880.43

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, ALBION K. CHAPMAN, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. K. CHAPMAN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of November, 1917.
[Seal.] C. MORRISON, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
DARWIN P. KINGSLEY,
CHARLES A. MUNN,
WM. FELLOWES MORGAN, } Directors.

[No. 7,447.]
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE
Battery Park National Bank

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20, 1917:

RESOURCES.

a Loans and discounts (except those shown on b and c) ... $5,453,352.24
b Acceptances of other banks discounted ... 34,290.20
c Customers' liability account of acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted by it ... 66,586.30
Total loans ... $5,554,228.74
Deduct:
Foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank ... 376,513.37 ... $5,177,715.37
Overdrafts, secured ... 4,510.56
Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding ... 139,362.55
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value) ... 300,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value) ... 250,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent ... 26,410.00
Bonds, securities, &c. (other than U. S.):
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits ... $25,000.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged ... 122,881.53
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock ... 12,708.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription) ... 18,000.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank ... 876,539.93
Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve) ... 118,353.52
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks ... 569,143.46
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies ... 230,744.05
Exchanges for Clearing House ... 1,093,739.11
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items ... 1,218.34
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer ... 10,000.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate) ... 7,300.00
Payment made on account of subscriptions 2nd Liberty Loan ... 61,354.00 ... 3,146,951.89
Total ... $8,944,980.37

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in ... $400,000.00
Surplus fund ... 200,000.00
Undivided profits ... $362,190.27
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid ... 67,533.83 ... $294,656.44
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate) ... 15,600.00
Amount reserved for taxes accrued ... 6,727.50
Amount reserved for all interest accrued ... 3,488.34 ... $320,472.18
Circulating notes outstanding ... 190,000.00
Net amounts due to national banks ... $35,579.95
Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies ... 10,336.35
Individual deposits subject to check ... 6,461,093.49
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed) ... 79,311.52
Certified checks ... 578,478.47
Cashier's checks outstanding ... 255,142.28
Dividends unpaid ... 60.00
Other demand deposits ... 3,536.80
Time certificates of deposit ... 6,986.78
Postal savings deposits ... 25,000.00
Other time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days' or more notice) ... 28,594.57
War loan deposit account ... 200,000.00 ... 7,674,109.02
Acceptances executed for customers ... 139,362.55
Liabilities other than those above stated (anticipated acceptances) ... 21,045.62
Total ... $8,944,980.37
Contingent liabilities:
Foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank ... $376,513.37

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, EDWIN B. DAY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
EDWIN B. DAY, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of November, 1917.
[Seal.] EDMUND J. LIEPMANN, Notary Public New York County, No. 149.
Correct—Attest:
R. C. CORNER,
ALFRED ROMER,
GEO. T. HAY, } Directors.

[Charter No. 1231.]
REPORT OF CONDITION OF
THE IMPORTERS & TRADERS NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on Nov. 20th, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts ... $30,900,447.36
Deduct: Bills discounted, pledged to secure U. S. deposits ... 2,897,728.00 ... $28,002,719.36
Overdrafts, unsecured ... 1,390.43
Customers' liability account of "acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding ... 867,627.90
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds of 1917):
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value) ... $51,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value) ... 2,200,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged ... 680,000.00
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds) and certificates of indebtedness ... 2,931,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent and 4 per cent ... 1,964,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c., (other than U. S.):
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits ... $252,568.74
Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable ... 99,500.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged ... 464,801.00
Total bonds, securities, &c. ... 816,869.74
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription) ... 225,000.00
Value of banking house ... 700,000.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank ... 3,753,786.54
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve) ... 625,655.76
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks ... 2,089,785.93
16. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15 ... 538,879.91
17. Exchanges for Clearing House ... 1,704,414.19
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17) ... 29,463.85
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, $4,988,199.64.
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items ... 110,727.04
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer ... 54,550.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate) ... 43,719.60
Other assets, if any ... 8,397,728.00
Total ... $47,857,318.25

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in ... $1,500,000.00
Surplus fund ... 6,000,000.00
Undivided profits ... $1,959,463.92
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid ... 286,109.77 ... 1,673,354.15
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate) ... 203,867.00
Amount reserved for taxes accrued ... 104,461.94
Amount reserved for all interest accrued ... 24,216.81
Circulating notes outstanding ... 51,000.00
31. Net amounts due to national banks ... 7,091,386.05
32. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in 31) ... 5,732,283.57
Total of Items 31 and 32, $12,823,669.62.
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):
33. Individual deposits subject to check ... 16,447,429.94
34. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed) ... 558,150.00
35. Certified checks ... 287,705.43
36. Cashier's checks outstanding ... 182,800.43
37. State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank ... 50,968.03
39. Dividends unpaid ... 5,017.00
Total demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, and 39, $17,532,040.83.
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice):
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed) ... 400,000.00
United States deposits (other than postal savings):
War loan deposit account ... 6,177,080.00
Bills payable, with Federal Reserve Bank ... 800,000.00
Acceptances executed for customers ... 867,627.90
Total ... $47,857,318.25

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, E. P. TOWNSEND, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. P. TOWNSEND, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of November, 1917.
[Seal.] CHAS. E. McCARTHY, Notary Public 22, N. Y. Co.
Correct—Attest:
H. H. POWELL,
JOHN J. WALTON,
J. W. SPALDING, } Directors.

[Charter No. 8922, Reserve District No. 2.]
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE
SHERMAN NATIONAL BANK

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20th, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts ... $3,984,222.18
Deduct:
1. (d) Notes and bills rediscounted, other than bank acceptances sold, (see Item 55a) ... 34,025.00 ... $3,950,197.18
Overdrafts—Unsecured ... 1,456.78
Customers' liability under Letters of Credit actually used and for which this bank has not been reimbursed ... 11,750.00
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds of 1917):
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value) ... 176,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent ... 127,014.00
Bonds, securities, etc. (other than U. S.):
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits ... $25,000.00
Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable ... 20,000.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged ... 92,368.75
Total bonds, securities, etc. ... 137,368.75
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock ... 825.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription) ... 12,000.00
Furniture and fixtures ... 8,242.00
Real estate owned other than banking house ... 5,000.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank ... 624,044.45
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve) ... 451,894.83
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks ... 375,968.80
16. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15 ... 11,734.23
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank ... 6,203.50
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, and 18, $845,801.36.
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items ... 19,295.20
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer ... 11,350.00
Interest earned but not collected, (approximate) ... 956.47
Total ... $5,931,401.29

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in ... $500,000.00
Surplus fund ... 150,000.00
Undivided profits ... $26,031.50
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid ... 21,145.27 ... 4,886.23
Interest and discount collected but not earned, (approximate) ... 22,885.23
Amount reserved for taxes accrued ... 3,100.00
Circulating notes outstanding ... 174,400.00
31. Net amounts due to national banks ... 3,172.24
32. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in 31) ... 60,278.61
Total of Items 31 and 32, $63,550.65.
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):
33. Individual deposits subject to check ... 4,877,454.29
34. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed) ... 67,626.00
36. Cashier's checks outstanding ... 6,109.01
37. State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank ... 20,000.00
39. Dividends unpaid ... 90.00
Total demand deposits subject to reserve, Items 33, 34, 36, 37, and 39, $4,971,278.30.
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days' or more notice, and postal savings):
Postal savings deposits ... 24,550.68
Customers' letters of credit drawn against ... 11,750.00
Total ... $5,931,401.29
55. (a) Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank, (see Item 1d) ... $34,025.00

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, CHAS. W. HODSON, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
CHAS. W. HODSON, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of November, 1917.
MARTIN A. NEGGESMITH, Notary Public.
Certificate filed in New York County. County Clerk's No. 31. Register's No. 9027.
Correct—Attest:
W. EITINGON,
WILLIAM J. TAYLOR,
CHARLES G. COLYER, } Directors.

[Charter No. 9,717.]
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE
GOTHAM NATIONAL BANK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on Nov. 20, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts ... $3,738,294.70
Overdrafts, unsecured ... 3,050.02
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds of 1917):
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation, (par value) ... $200,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged ... 25,110.00
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds) and certificates of indebtedness ... 225,110.00
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent. ... $114,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent. ... 50,000.00 ... 164,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c.:
Bonds other than U. S. pledged to secure postal savings deposits ... $147,000.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged ... 461,374.88
Total bonds, securities, &c. ... 608,374.88
Stocks other than Federal Reserve Bank stock ... 23,261.41
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription) ... 12,000.00
Equity in banking house ... 28,500.00
Furniture and fixtures ... 14,000.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank ... 616,965.34
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve) ... 174,394.79
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks ... 492,440.18
16. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15 ... 12,825.40
17. Exchanges for Clearing House ... 191,892.20
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17) ... 109,333.24
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, $980,385.81.
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items ... 75,209.53
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer ... 26,276.16
Total ... $6,525,447.85

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in ... $200,000.00
Surplus fund ... 200,000.00
Undivided profits ... $78,177.01
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid ... 31,323.64 ... 46,853.37
Amount reserved for taxes accrued ... 1,556.77
Circulating notes outstanding ... 200,000.00
31. Net amounts due to national banks ... 13,028.51
32. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in 31) ... 18,000.28
Total of items 31 and 32, $31,028.79.
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within thirty days):
33. Individual deposits subject to check ... 4,910,961.16
34. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed) ... 170,869.85
35. Certified checks ... 109,702.21
36. Cashier's checks outstanding ... 43,939.74
39. Dividends unpaid ... 16.00
Total demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, and 39, $5,235,478.96.
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days' or more notice, and postal savings):
41. Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed) ... 43,200.00
43. Postal savings deposits ... 146,000.48
Total of time deposits subject to reserve, Items 41 and 43, $189,200.48.
United States deposits (other than postal savings):
War loan deposit account ... 176,630.00
Bills payable, with Federal Reserve Bank ... 250,000.00
Cash letters of credit and travelers' checks outstanding ... 682.42
Liabilities other than those above stated:
Income tax withheld ... 17.06
Total ... $6,525,447.85

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, C. A. CORNELL, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
C. A. CORNELL, Cashier.
Correct—Attest:
H. H. BIZALLION,
CHARLES A. FRANK,
WILLIAM R. WILDER, } Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of November, 1917.
[Seal.] ALEX. FORSTEIN, Notary Public 93, N. Y. Co.

[No. 3,415.]
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE
SEABOARD NATIONAL BANK,

at New York in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts ... $39,507,565.14
1-f. Foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank (see Item 55-c) ... 15,282.92 ... $39,492,282.22
Overdrafts, unsecured ... 55.36
Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding ... 150,000.00
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds of 1917):
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value) ... $70,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value) ... 2,515,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged ... 2,079,000.00
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness ... 4,664,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent. ... $930,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent. ... 300,000.00 ... 1,230,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc., (other than U. S.):
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged ... 2,219,432.72
Stocks other than Federal Reserve Bank stock ... 5,912.25
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription) ... 90,000.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank ... 12,461,064.45
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve) ... 660,174.56
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks ... 2,203,626.52
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15 ... 291,169.53
17. Exchanges for clearing house ... 5,218,708.43
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17) ... 123,203.22
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items ... 25,507.09
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer ... 37,500.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate) ... 52,396.77
Other assets: unearned discount ... 175,440.82
Total ... $69,100,573.94

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in ... $1,000,000.00
Surplus fund ... 2,000,000.00
Undivided profits ... $1,565,049.91
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid ... 141,023.09 ... 1,424,026.82
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate) ... 175,440.82
Amount reserved for taxes accrued ... 90,479.07
Circulating notes outstanding ... 69,997.50
31. Net amounts due to national banks ... 13,779,790.54
Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in 31) ... 10,524,840.40
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):
Individual deposits subject to check ... 27,530,672.42
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed) ... 351,684.17
Deposits held for acceptances ... 2,246,552.17
Cashier's checks outstanding ... 1,885,563.26
Dividends unpaid ... 130.00
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed) ... 16,000.00
United States deposits (other than postal savings):
War loan deposit account ... 7,500,000.00
U. S. bonds borrowed without furnishing collateral security for same ... 300,000.00
Acceptances executed for customers ... 150,000.00
Liabilities other than those above stated, interest earned but not collected ... 52,396.77
Total ... $69,100,573.94
55-c. Foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank (see Item 1f) ... $15,282.92
Total contingent liabilities (55-c) ... $15,282.92

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, H. W. DONOVAN, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
H. W. DONOVAN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of November, 1917.
W. L. SAMSON, Jr., Notary Public.
[Seal.] Notary Public Kings County, No. 410; certificate filed in New York County, No. 443.
Correct—Attest:
EDWARD J. CORNISH,
H. C. FOLGER,
PETER McDONNELL, } Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
CORPORATION TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities ... $502,356.40
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets ... 6,320.41
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date. $2,183.39
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date ... 3,663.27 ... 5,846.66
Total ... $514,523.47

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock ... $500,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund ... $10,000.00
Undivided profits ... 4,523.47 ... 14,523.47
Total ... $514,523.47

[No. 8,360.]
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE
Union Exchange National Bank of New York,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on Nov. 20th, 1917:

RESOURCES.

1. Loans and discounts, (except those shown on c) ... $11,772,773.56
c Customers' liability account of acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted by it ... 50,000.00
Total loans ... $11,822,773.56
Deduct:
d Notes and bills rediscounted, (other than bank acceptances sold.) (see Item 55a) ... 987,874.36 ... $10,834,899.20
Overdrafts, unsecured ... 4,635.42
Customers' liability account of "acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding ... 43,500.00
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value) ... 400,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent. $196,828.00
Liberty Loan bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent. ... 150,000.00 ... 346,828.00
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits ... 459,342.89
Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State, or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable ... 15,000.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged ... 496,920.93
Total bonds, securities, etc. ... 971,263.82
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock ... 1,500.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription) ... 51,000.00
Real estate owned other than banking house ... 56,654.04
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank ... 1,698,956.40
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection, (not available as reserve) ... 341,337.53
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks ... 2,382,879.94
16. Net amounts due from banks and bankers and trust companies, (other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15) ... 250,912.49
17. Exchanges for clearing house ... 558,189.58
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank, (other than Item 17) ... 101,721.32
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, $3,635,041.46.
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items ... 103,834.35
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer ... 20,000.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate) ... 15,400.01
Total ... $18,183,515.70

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in ... $1,000,000.00
Surplus fund ... 700,000.00
Undivided profits ... $608,715.48
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid ... 120,413.67 ... 488,301.81
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate) ... 47,000.00
Amount reserved for taxes accrued ... 10,000.00
Circulating notes outstanding ... 396,900.00
31. Net amounts due to national banks ... 800,122.79
32. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in 31) ... 469,881.42
Total of Items 31 and 32, $1,330,004.21.
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, (deposits payable within 30 days):
33. Individual deposits subject to check ... 12,229,897.25
34. Certificates of deposits due in less than 30 days, (other than for money borrowed) ... 29,918.78
35. Certified checks ... 74,365.04
36. Cashier's checks outstanding ... 118,683.06
37. State county or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank ... 6,590.43
Total demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, and 37, $12,459,454.58.
Time deposits subject to Reserve, (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice):
Certificates of deposit, (other than for money borrowed) ... 20,995.10
Postal savings deposits ... 424,660.00
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 41 and 43, $445,655.10.
War loan deposit account ... 1,263,700.00
Acceptances executed for customers ... $93,500.00
Less acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted. (See Item 1c) ... 50,000.00 ... 43,500.00
Total ... $18,183,515.70
55. a Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank, (See Item 1d) ... 987,874.36

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, DAVID NEVIUS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
DAVID NEVIUS, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of November, 1917.
[Seal.] SAMUEL HEYMAN, Notary Public Bronx County. Certificate filed in New York Co. New York County Clerk's No. 10. New York Register's No. 8033. Term expires March 30, 1918.
Correct—Attest:
H. H. VREELAND,
FRANK PRESBREY,
BYRON L. STRASBURGER, } Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
Franklin Trust Company

166 Montague Street, Brooklyn, at the close of business on the fourteenth day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities ... $14,494,[illegible]
Private securities ... 4,220,781.79
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank ... 60,000.00
Real estate owned ... 553,120.00
Mortgages owned ... 806,450.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral ... [illegible]
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral ... 5,673,962.10
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral ... 2,514,209.95
Overdrafts ... 2,323.83
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets ... $492,558.96
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item ... 1,271,292.15 ... 1,764,[illegible]
Specie ... 226,449.43
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States ... 461,276.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings ... $868,538.54
Other cash items ... 103,160.89 ... 971,[illegible]
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets ... 2,212,[illegible]
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra) ... 1,039,507.98
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date ... 160,[illegible]
Total ... $35,397,[illegible]

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock ... $1,000,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund ... $1,000,000.00
Undivided profits ... 168,655.41 ... 1,168,655.41
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State savings banks ... $1,566,333.55
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions ... 808.75
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary ... 311,740.98
Deposits by the State of New York ... 675,000.00
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets ... 672,850.00
Deposits otherwise preferred, if any ... 10,768,049.06
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check ... 13,792,615.46
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days ... 1,834,082.21
Demand certificates of deposit ... 553,893.22
Other certificates of deposit ... 690,894.06
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of pass-books ... 6,178.07
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers ... 309,718.52
Certified checks ... 74,828.68
Unpaid dividends ... 18.00
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers ... 1,391,835.12
Total deposits ... $32,647,793.75
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit ... 1,080,396.90
Other liabilities, viz.:
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c. ... $10,661.85
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date ... 60,752.12
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date ... 29,644.99
Estimated unearned discounts ... 9,400.00 ... 100,399.46
Total ... $35,397,147.55

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:
Public securities ... $11,507,257.08
Private securities ... 8,789,710.48
Real estate owned ... 318,665.51
Mortgages owned ... 2,742,300.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral ... 608,026.30
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral ... 39,436,606.40
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral ... 9,107,245.75
Overdrafts ... 2,071.54
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets ... $1,077,028.62
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item ... 681,196.06 ... 1,758,224.68
Specie ... 71,717.25
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States ... 274,851.00
Cash items, viz.:
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings ... [illegible]
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets ... [illegible]
Customers' liability on acceptances, (see liabilities, per contra) ... [illegible]
Other assets, viz.:
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date ... [illegible]
Total ... [illegible]

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock ... $3,000,000.00
Surplus:
Surplus fund ... $10,000,000.00
Undivided profits ... 1,032,740.41 ... 11,032,740.41
Deposits:
Preferred, as follows:
Due New York State Savings Banks ... $2,651,916.96
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary ... 4,847,258.58
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets ... 462,342.60
Deposits otherwise preferred, if any ... 1,094,[illegible]
Not preferred, as follows:
Deposits subject to check ... 40,[illegible]
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days ... 10,977,[illegible]
Demand certificates of deposit ... 865,636.34
Other certificates of deposit ... 308,000.00
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers ... 877,061.76
Certified checks ... 362,017.80
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers ... 6,260,358.06
Total deposits ... [illegible]
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit, or otherwise ... [illegible]
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit ... [illegible]
Other liabilities, viz.:
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc. ... $100,942.74
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date ... 17,917.68
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date ... 555,526.00
Estimated unearned discounts ... 54,761.29 ... 729,152.51
Total ... [illegible]

DIVIDENDS.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

The regular Quarterly Dividend of $2.00 per share on the Common Stock, and an extra Dividend of Fifty cents per share on the Common Stock of this Company have this day been declared, payable on Wednesday, January 2, 1918, to Stockholders of record at 12 Noon, on Saturday, December 1, 1917.

Stockholders who have not already done so are urgently requested to file dividend mailing orders with the undersigned from whom blank forms may be had upon application.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
November 8, 1917.

OFFICE OF
THE NIAGARA FALLS POWER CO.
15 Broad St., New York, Nov. 27, 1917.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, held on the 27th day of November, 1917, a dividend of $2.00 per share on the capital stock of this company was declared from and out of its surplus income for the ten months ended October 31, 1917, payable on the 15th day of January, 1918, to stockholders of record on the 31st day of December, 1917.

R. L. LOVELACE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

NEW YORK TRANSIT COMPANY.
26 Broadway, New York, November 28, 1917.

A dividend of Four Dollars per share, and an extra dividend of Two Dollars per share, has been declared on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable January 15, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 22, 1917.

All communications regarding payment or change of address should be sent to the undersigned not later than January 3, 1918.

GEORGE CHESEBRO, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

PREMIUM POINT COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Premium Point Company will be held at the office of the President, Room No. 1,311, at No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon of Wednesday, the 12th day of December, 1917, for the purpose of electing a Board of Trustees for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

THEODORE C. MARCEAU, Secretary.
Dated New York City, November 28, 1917.

DIVIDENDS.

Everett, Heaney & Co., Inc.

The Board of Directors of Everett, Heaney & Co., Inc., beg to announce that a dividend of 2¼ per cent. per share has been declared, payable January 2, 1918, to stockholders of record December 21, 1917.

FRANK J. HEANEY, President.
SILAS K. EVERETT, Treasurer.
New York, November 28, 1917.

DIVIDENDS.

Consolidated Interstate-Callahan Mining Co.
61 Broadway,
New York City.

The Board of Directors of the Consolidated Interstate-Callahan Mining Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of fifty cents (50c.) per share, payable Jan. 2, 1918, to stockholders of record on Dec. 20, 1917.

JULIAN B. BEATY, Secretary.
New York, Nov. 19, 1917.

AMERICAN CHICLE COMPANY.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.
New York, N. Y., November 27, 1917.

The Board of Directors has this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent., (1½%,) payable January 2d next to stockholders of record at 3 P. M. on December 20, 1917.

M. D. BROMBERG, Secretary.

Scott Paper Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Scott Paper Co., held on November 2d, 1917, there was declared a dividend of 1%, payable on December 1st, 1917, on the outstanding common stock of the company.

WM. S. ROGERS, Treasurer.

ROOM RENTED PROMPTLY

After running my advertisement only two days in The New York Times I succeeded in renting my room to a very satisfactory person.

If I have occasion to advertise again, it will be through your paper.

LOUISE M. UNDERWAY,
44 Morningside Drive,
New York.

If you have a room to rent, advertise it in

THE NEW YORK TIMES

Telephone Bryant 1000

DIVIDENDS.

THE CRESSON CONSOLIDATED GOLD MINING & MILLING CO.
Distribution No. 62.

Amount $122,000.00.
Total amount to date, $5,685,162.50.

Notice is hereby given that a distribution of ten (10) cents per share has been ordered from funds received from the sale of ore reserves acquired prior to March 1st, 1913, upon all outstanding stock of The Cresson Consolidated Gold Mining & Milling Co.

Payable December 10th, 1917, to stockholders of record November 30th, 1917.

By order of Board of Directors.
ADOLPH F. ZANG, Secretary.

November 27th, 1917.

United States Steamship Company

A regular dividend of one per cent. and an extra dividend of one-half of one per cent. has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable January 2d, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 17th, 1917.

N. H. CAMPBELL, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF
DAY & ZIMMERMANN,
Engineers—Managers.
611-613 CHESTNUT STREET,
Philadelphia, Pa.

The Board of Directors of the Eastern Shore Gas and Electric Company has declared a dividend of one and one-half (1½%) per cent. on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable December 3d, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 26th, 1917.

JOHN E. ZIMMERMANN, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
THE AMERICAN GAS COMPANY.
104 Market Street,
Camden, N. J., Nov. 20, 1917.

A quarterly dividend of 2%, or $2 per share, has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable Dec. 1st, 1917, to the stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. Nov. 21st, 1917. Checks will be mailed.

J. B. TOWNSEND, 3d, Treasurer.

THE NATIONAL SUGAR REFINING COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.
New York, November 27, 1917.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable January 2, 1918, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 10, 1917.

H. F. MOLLENHAUER, Treasurer.

LUDLOW MANUFACTURING ASSOCIATES
Boston, Mass.
DIVIDENDS NOS. 80 AND 81.

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share and a special dividend of $1.00 per share have been declared payable on December 1, 1917, to shareholders of record November 1, 1917.

MALCOLM B. STONE, Treasurer.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY.

A dividend of $1.75 per share on its Preferred Stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Company, payable January 2d, 1918, to stockholders of record December 10th, 1917.

H. W. Hill, Treasurer.
New York, Nov. 27th, 1917.

FEDERAL SUGAR REFINING CO.
November 27, 1917.

A quarterly dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Common Stock of this Company was declared this date, payable December 15th to stockholders of record at the close of business December 5th, 1917.

PIERRE J. SMITH, Treasurer.

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

HYLAN WARNS BOARD AGAINST BUS GRANT

Urges Estimate Members to Hold Up Contract with Fifth Avenue Company.

POINTS TO ITS EARNINGS

Judge Says Corporation Made 1,100 Per Cent. in Year—Prendergast Calls Letter "Nonsense."

Mayor-elect John F. Hylan sent a letter to the Board of Estimate last night protesting against any grant to the Fifth Avenue Coach Company of rights to operate in streets, not covered by the company's present franchise. The Mayor-elect declared he had been credibly informed the Board of Estimate had called a special meeting today to take steps toward "granting to the Fifth Avenue Coach Company, a subsidiary of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, sweeping rights to operate motor omnibuses upon certain most important streets of the Borough of Manhattan." Controller Prendergast last night pronounced Judge Hylan's letter the "veriest nonsense," and declared that a glance at the City Charter would convince Judge Hylan that the Board of Estimate could not if it would do what Judge Hylan said it intended to do.

In his letter Judge Hylan urged that any new grant to the company be deferred for at least ten days to enable the incoming administration to investigate, and that nothing be done until there had been adequate publicity regarding the terms on which the grant was to be made.

"This matter," Judge Hylan wrote, "together with the application of rival companies, has been before your board during the entire term of its existence. The last active step in connection therewith, I am informed, took place in the Spring of this year; after that time, I am informed, despite the frantic efforts of the chief competitor of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company for this franchise to obtain some action at your hands, nothing was done by your Franchise Committee or by your board. So passed the Spring, the Summer, the Fall, and the campaign period; the time when the important public acts of an administration are under close scrutiny. Now, within just about a month from the finish of your administrative life, after conferences with the Interborough interests, a proposed form of contract has been determined upon, and, I am credibly informed, you are seriously contemplating turning over to the Interborough interests the last rights in the surface of the important streets of New York that this outfit does not already control.

"At this time," the Judge continued, "I will call your attention to the opinion of your own Corporation Counsel, embodied in the minutes of your board of March 16, 1917, to the effect, briefly, that the operation of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company's vehicles upon the streets of New York, other than upon Fifth Avenue, between Eighty-ninth Street and Washington Park, is absolutely without authority of law, and to the further fact that the Public Service Commission of this district, in a short memorandum handed down on the 29th day of June, 1917, stated, in reference to the 'permits' for operation that your board saw fit, in the goodness of your generous hearts, to grant to the Fifth Avenue Coach Company, without going through the formalities prescribed by law for the granting of rights in the streets of this city, that such 'licenses' were of no value or legal force.

"The incoming administration, which I shall represent as Mayor, was elected upon a platform of municipal ownership and operation of public utilities. This principle was advanced by me in the campaign as one of the leading issues on which I solicited the judgment of the public, as evidenced by its votes. The citizens answered the question emphatically on Nov. 6 last. Their verdict is made no less positive by the fact that the present incumbent in the office of Mayor was elected on a like platform."

On the subject of the Fifth Avenue Company's earnings the Judge wrote:

"The official figures seem to show that for the year 1916 the Fifth Avenue Coach Company earned, net, the sum of $458,672.90, over 900 per cent. upon the company's capital stock. For the year ending June 30, 1917, the Fifth Avenue Coach Company seems to have earned, net, $582,535.69, over 1,100 per cent. on the stock.

"The 1917 statement shows that the company has a total earned surplus of $1,785,474.32. Taking the figures for the last three years, since June 30, 1914, this seems to show that the company's surplus earnings on its capital stock have increased over 3,500 per cent. in three years. Why should rights that have shown such an amazing earning power be given away to this private corporation for a miserable 5 per cent., or 10 per cent., or 15 per cent., of its earnings, inclusive of the State taxes? Is this city so prosperous? Have these gentlemen in their past dealings with the city shown such fairness, such bigheartedness, as to entitle them to this fabulously rich Christmas gift to it in the last few days of your official life?

"The figures before me show that these rights, for the period of 15 years covered by the proposed franchise, are worth not less than $45,000,000, in place of the miserable few hundred thousands of dollars per annum for which it is contemplated to hand them over to the Interborough crowd. In the 1917 statement of this company, there is shown an expenditure of over $150,000 under an item explained as being, among other things, in connection with 'New Franchises.' Why should any one spend any such money in an application to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of this city for a franchise?

"It is my intention, as Mayor of the city, not only to see to it that no further such rights are given away to any one as a gift, a favor, or as a poor bargain, but that operations by public utilities corporations, be they motor bus companies, street surface railways, telephone companies, or electrical or gas companies, be promptly stopped where such operations are not founded upon legal rights. I ask that this matter be laid over for 10 days and that the terms of the franchise be published in full, (at the expense of the applicant for the franchise,) in The City Record."

Controller Prendergast said last night that the principal competitor for the franchise sought by the Fifth Avenue Coach Company was the New York Motor Bus Company.

"The statement at the beginning of Judge Hylan's letter is quite as incorrect as everything else he says," said the Controller. "The simple fact is that the Fifth Avenue Coach Company has submitted what virtually amounts to a new offer to the city. The New York Motor Bus Company has been invited to do likewise. We have been informed that it will have an offer ready by 10:30 tomorrow forenoon. If this offer is ready then, the Board of Estimate will go ahead with the advertising and arrange so that public hearings may be held in three weeks.

"It would not be legally possible for the Board of Estimate to do what Judge Hylan says the board is going to do. Mr. Hylan not only shows his arrant ignorance, but doesn't even take the trouble to look at the charter and convince himself as to what the board can or can not legally do. Nothing can be done under any circumstances before three weeks have elapsed, and then only after fullest publicity, including advertising of the form of contract and public hearing. Tomorrow's meeting was called merely to arrange for the advertising of the contract."

GOLD SEAL Champagne
Urbana Wine Company Urbana, N. Y.
Edward S. McGrath, Local Representative, 45 B'dway. Phone Rector 4745.

WANTS NEW LAWS FOR DRUG TRAFFIC

Investigators Fear Many Soldiers Will Return From War Under Thraldom of Narcotics.

Fearing that thousands of soldiers will come back from the front addicted to the use of drugs originally administered to them in field hospitals to relieve suffering, two committees on drug evils met in this city yesterday to consider measures that would put the use of narcotics under more stringent State or Federal control. One committee was the Whitney Legislative Committee, of which Senator G. H. Whitney is Chairman, and the other was the New York City Committee on Drug Evils, of which Justice Cornelius F. Collins is Chairman. Both committees worked on the subject of drug evils last year, and were more or less instrumental in bringing about certain restrictions which prevail under the present laws.

In its conference at the Murray Hill Hotel, the Whitney Committee, consisting of Senator Whitney, Senator John J. Boylan and Assemblymen Morris Bloch, George R. Brennan, and R. M. Prangen, decided to make a thorough investigation of the drug evil as it exists in this city at the present time. Beginning next Wednesday, the committee will hold a series of hearings at the City Hall, where it will take testimony regarding various phases of the drug traffic. According to Senator Whitney, a special effort will be made to have drug victims themselves appear before the board to tell how they manage to obtain their supplies.

"We desire to have addicts before us," said Senator Whitney, "and also wish to learn what treatment, if any, they have ever received to cure them. Contrary to the position taken by physicians, it is the contention of this committee that the addiction to drugs is not a habit but a disease, and should therefore be treated as a disease. The aim of this committee is primarily to provide a method of treatment that will make it possible to deprive a victim of his drug without demoralizing him so completely that he merely hungers for it and seeks to obtain it in any way he can. The solution of the whole drug evil problem lies in a proper method of treatment, such as will help to bring the victim back to his feet, after the drug which sustains him has been taken away. Once this method has been ascertained the entire situation will clear up."

Aside from addicts to the drug, witnesses before the committee will include physicians, pharmacists, members of the Police Department, and attachés of the Magistrates' Courts, who will be called to testify to the effect of the present laws upon the use of drugs. Senator Whitney said that there was much opposition to the provision in the present law which requires every physician to file his list of drug addicts with the State Department of Healty, whereby the name of the victim was open to inspection. In many cases, according to Senator Whitney, this requirement tended to discourage victims who were honestly endeavoring to overcome their weakness from submitting to treatment.

At the meeting of the New York City Committee on Drug Evils in the Criminal Court Building the same situation was discussed. The members of this committee, however, agreed that what was most needed was Federal control of a definite and comprehensive sort.

Mark P. Andrews, solicitor in charge of collection of customs in New York, submitted to the consideration of the committee a bill which he had drafted to meet the problem. This bill provides that the Government shall restrict the sale and manufacture of narcotics through the imposition of a tax which would tend to make the distribution of drugs for any but legitimate purposes prohibitive. The bill will be brought to the attention of Government officials at Washington.

MONEY TO RUSSIAN POLAND.

American Express Co. Authorized to Send Remittances.

Under special authorization arranged for by the United States Government War Trade Board, the peoples of that portion of Russia and Russian Poland controlled by Austrian and German forces can now receive money remittances from this country by means of the American Express Company.

The American Express Company can now handle these remittances by foreign money orders sent through their Rotterdam office for reforwarding to destination, and its officers have every reason to believe that delivery to the payees can be effected with reasonable promptness.

The War Trade Board has, however, imposed the following conditions, and the company is allowed to accept remittances only on the understanding that remitters and sellers have complied with them:

1. Remittance may be sent to individuals only.
2. Payee must be a Russian or allied subject.
3. Payee must be in need of funds for daily necessaries of life.
4. Remittances for any one individual must not total in excess of $75 to an adult or $25 to a minor during any one period of thirty days, (not more than $125 to a family.)
5. Remitter must furnish an agreement and guaranty signed by him (or her) witnessed by selling agent or banker, and sworn to by remitter before a notary public.
6. Remittances must be in United States dollars only.
7. Payments will be made in Polish money by means of money orders.

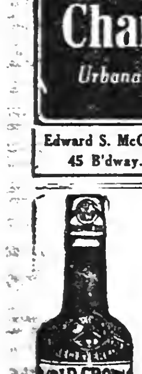
Arrangements have further been made for the return of payees' receipts, but upset mail conditions make it impossible to set a time limit on that feature.

SEIZE NEGRO McCALL FREED

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—John Johnson, the West Virginia negro whom Governor McCall last week declined to surrender to the authorities of that State on extradition papers, gave himself up to the Federal authorities here today and was held for a hearing Dec. 5 on a complaint charging him with being a fugitive from justice.

His counsel, William H. Lewis, formerly Assistant United States Attorney General, announced that the defense had the backing of the negroes of Massachusetts and that the case would be fought to a finish. Bail of $2,000 was furnished by the pastor and Treasurer of a Cambridge church.

The indictment against Johnson returned by a Federal Grand Jury in West Virginia charges violation of the Mann "White Slave" act through the transportation of Edith Godbey, a white girl, from Charleston, W. Va., to Catlettsburg, Ky., in November, 1916. In the extradition proceedings on which the Governor acted last week Johnson was charged with an attack on a child.

OLD CROW RYE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
America's Finest RYE
WHISKEY
HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE
MADE IN KENTUCKY, U. S. A.
SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS
H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Fetser<Sorg. | Peraino<D & H Co.
DISTRICT COURT—Hazel, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg, 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.
Berwind-White Coal<Lighter New York. | Willis<Barnes Amuse.
Ingalls<Tug Ganoga. | Kuhnhold<Comp Gen Trans.
Burns<SS Pannonia.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 2 P. M. in Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.
Fuller<SS Ellerdale. | Re application of Karl Albert Lindner for writ of mandamus.
Same<SS Benclough.
Weehawken DD Co<Tug Charles P Crawford, &c. | US ex rel Omero Bartalmi<Bell.
O'Connor<Coastwise Dredging Co. | Same ex rel Max Hyman<same.
Girialdis<Charles C Perpall. | 3 P. M.:
Corrugated Fibre Co<Paper Working Machines Co et al. | Same ex rel Warm<same.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

Brokaw, respt., v. Brokaw, aplt.—Motion for leave to appeal denied, with $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Sasse, aplt., v. Order of United Commercial Travelers of America, respt.—Motion for leave to appeal granted.

Robinson, aplt., v. Hamilton and Chambers Co., respt.—Motion for leave to discontinue appeal granted on payment of costs of appeal and $10 costs of motion within ten days, otherwise denied, with $10 costs.

Livingston, respt., v. Livingston, aplt.; re estate of Heinze, decd.—Appeals dismissed, with costs.

Lebaudy, respt., v. Carnegie Trust Co. and another, dfts.; Olcott, aplt.; re will of Van Woert, decd., Stoddard, aplt., Soles, aplt.; Re application of Lawrence and ano., aplts., for appointment of Commrs., &c., Ocean Av., Village Lawrence, respt.; Re application of Reed, respt., for writ of mandamus to National Order, Daughters of Isabella, aplt., Wankel and others, respts.; Robertson, pltf., v. Robertson, deft; Robertson, respt., v. Lange, Jr., aplt.—Orders affirmed, with costs.

Morgan, aplt., v. Bon Bon Co., respt.—Judgment reversed and judgment of trial court affirmed, with costs.

Re judicial settlement of account of Schaeffer and another, exrs., respts., v. Schaeffer and ano., trustees, aplts.—Order affirmed, with costs to respondents payable out of the corpus of the trust fund and question certified answered in the affirmative.

Dormin, an infant, &c., aplt., v. Dormin, Jr., ind., &c., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Alsen American Portland Cement Works, aplt., v. Degnon Cont. Co., respt.—Judgment reversed, new trial granted, costs to abide event.

Levy, respt., v. Louvre Realty Co., impld., with ors., defts., Kellner, aplt.—Judgment modified so as to read and provide "Judgment reversed, new trial granted, costs to abide events" and as so modified affirmed, with costs to appellant.

Re Transfer Tax, estate of Buoce, decd., Controller of State, aplt., Patrick, exr., &c., respt.—Order reversed and proceeding remitted to Surrogate's Court to fix tax in accordance with opinion with costs in this court and in Appellate Division.

DAY CALENDAR.
Meighan<The Emigrant Industrial Savs Bk.
First Nat Bank of Notasulga<Jones et al.
Chasen<Astoria Light, Heat & Power Co.
Foster<CNY.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Cass<Wood. | Hagopian<Hagopian.
Mulqueen<Mulqueen. | Benniamino<Egan & Co.
Wolf<NY Cons RR (2) | York<McKeevar Co.
Re Varley<Cornell. | Schott<King Motor Car Co (3.)
Harang<Tropical Timber Co. | Hyman<Rosenstein.
De Nell<Rosenberg. | Lowenthal<Lowenthal.
Pennell<Nevin (2.) | Steinberg<Stein.
Hill<Cinfue. | Nord Deutsche Ins Co<Dudley.
Peaty<Bradley.
Connelly<Man Produce | Du Mahant<Du Mahant.
Allen<Hunter Arms.
Riccardi<C I & B RR. | Wells<Taylor.
Conn Alloyed Metal<Earle. | Van de Wiele<Wakefield.
Knapp<Knapp & F. | Thomas<Garnar.
Bowle<Bowle. | Ward<Tracy & Co.
Wasilewski<Sinkerzyckt. | Jones<Post.
Taylor<Coles. | Glowka<Epstein.
Crandi<Zuckerman. | Weekes<Bell Inv Co.
Pressrich<Qual. | Re Jacobson.
Hollinger<Palmer. | Baker<Baker.
Kanya<Penn RR. | NY Title & Mtg Co<District Holding Co.
Saslofsky<Sasjofsky.
Planten<Nat Nass Bk. | Higgins<Applebaum.
Re People ex rel Gross Sons<Phillips. | Lamont<Mowry.
Nolan<Green. | Orlans<Schinasi.
Wattler<Bird. | Fanara<Fortuna.
Duplan Silk Co<Coben. | Orlans<Schinasi (2.)
Janes<Gorham Mfg Co | Wahrhaftig<New Geisha Waist House.
Mackey<Brett.
Re McShane. | Chiamese<House of St Giles the Cripple.
Everett<Everett.
Nealis<Nealis. | Re Cont Supply Co.
Young<Corning. | Dry Dock Sav Inst<Schonefeldt.
Schneider<Wyeth Chem Co. | Re Greenstein.
Flaumenbaum<Fedanzo. | Re Beban.
Nat Soc of Music<Bailey. | Re Grabow.
 | Re McWaters.
Schwartz<Harris. | Re McCarthy.
Weisensee<Whitridge | Re Mordell.
Leff<Bradley & Weed. | Re Murphy.
Sternlieb<Palmer-Herring Motor Co. | Battery Place Comm'l Co<De Willis.
Myron<Smul. | Murray<Murray.
Draudt<Draudt. | Sherman<Unger.
Rose<Rose. | Unger<Sherman.
Berger<Berger. | D'Antonio<NY Consol RR.
Interocean Forwarding Co<McCormack. | Re Siegel Bldg Co.
Seidlitz<Auerbach. | Jaffe<Ridley.
Simpson<Dowa. | Re B & L Bakery & Lunch Room.
Terwilliger<Blegood. | Cincinnati Lathe, &c Co<Burdett.
De Nisco<Horn.
Levy<Levy. | Re State Industrial Comm<Johansen.
Tucker, Speyer & Co<Charter Const Co. | Rolson<Rumb.
 | McNamara<Burne Bros.
Ziesse<Ward Bak'g Co
Guar Trust Co<3d Av RR (Rolger<Beaver.) | Landerman<Beardsley.
 | Kessler<Stern (2.)
Tsihikas<George. | Given<Richard Fitzpatrick, Inc.
Barbiddes<George.
Silverstein<Noveck. | Compagnino<Terrence.
Harlem Sav Bank<Hensle Const Co. | Shine<Cholet.
 | Risi<Schoenheir.
Vasilopulo<Brady. | Tomaseski<Prod Mfg.
Kinpland<Gets. | Borowsky<Schoenfeld Realty Co.
Buckley<Delaware Club. | Risi<Schoenheer.
Degen<Steinbrink. | Tomaseski<Prod Mfg.
Kearney<Caggiano. | Sacks<Rosenberg.
Suydam<Roth. | Bletzer<Shapiro.
Re US Fid, &c Co, (Martin) (2.) | Helvitz<Balshover.
 | Wiegand<NY Tel Co.
Arbus<Am-Hawaiian SS Co. | Re Ehret.
 | Dickoff<Dickoff.
Schlussel<Maier. | Re Pellet (Anderson.)
Tuchfeld<Loew's Theatrical Ent (2.) | Re Guidone & Sons.
 | Re Schwalb.
Boro Oper Co<Fid & Cas Co. | Re Schindler.
 | Bunnell<Stern.
Re Hetchner. | May<May.
Levy<Levy. | Ratkowsky<A Ratkowsky, Inc.
Coulson<Butler.
Darcy & Wolford<Bluebird Photo Plays | Re Hurry.
PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.
Cromarty Law Book Co<Phemister. | Kahn<Saperstein (2.)
Linkins<Ochs. | Loucks<Silver Motor.
Jezek<Fixman. | Am Wet Wash Laundry Co<Richter.
Blair<Lyon. | Lewis<Portable.
Voigt<Johnson. | Victoria Bldg, &c, Co<O'Conner.
Re Man Ry<Stocky.
Erlanger<Erlanger. | Zobel<same.
Undefended divorces: | Levine & Posner<Davis Const Co.
Sapienza<Sapienza.
Carter<Carter. | Man L I Co<Hammerstein Opera Co.
Beznitz<Beznitz.
Linardakis<Linardakis | Wetter<Russell.
Trachinsky<Trachinsky. | Forelle<Forelle.
 | Capes<Capes.
Berckerman<Berckerman. | Turner<Turner.
 | Quaid<Rathkowsky.
Leibovitz<Leibovitz. | Feldstein<Col Ice Box
Hanau<Hanau. | Mori<M Hampton Co.
General calendar: | Clear.
Schwoerer<Hudson Tr.
PART IV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Not in session.
PART VI.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M.
Anderson<Fox. | Bauerdorf<North Am Wall Paper.
Fox<Anderson.
Prior<Am Union Lins. | Gilbert<Stephen.
Smith & Terry<Harris | Bonfield<Buss.
Silver<Seidel. | Case on.
PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M.
Inq—Feldman<Schemel. | Weissman<Engelhardt.
Inq—Matewetsky<Fischer. | Erlanger<Erlanger.
 | Travelers Ins Co<Herman Brand, Inc.
Clark<McDonald.
Jacovinoqus<Wright. | Flannery<N Y Rys.
Riley<Dulany, T & S. | Hogan<Cammeyer.
A Bauer<NY Rys. | Liberson<Michaels.
G Bauer<same. | Babcock<McEnroe.
McLoughlin<N Y Tel. | Tobias<Int R T Co.
Hoffman<H S Realty. | Seftel<Polak.
Giordana<Rosenthal. | Schulder<Forsch.
D Gertler<Lucas. | Schechter<Gottlieb.
A Gertler<same. | Vicers<Dieterle.
White<Cent Un Gas. | Meltzner<N Y Rys.
Zack<Powers. | Quail<Chavkin.
Dulka<Con Gas, NY. | Goldberg<Lenox Arcade, Inc.
Versi<Tywacana Farms Poultry Co. | Redmond<H C Stowe Const Co.
Crowley<Bentham.
Reiss<Feraca. | E Cetro<Int R T Co.
Buchman<Eagle Fish | G Cetro<same.
Weinberg<Int R T (2). | W Corker<Witkin.
Goldstein<Rosenbaum. | T Corker<same.
Lang<Int R T Co. | Moore<B H RR.
Kennelly<42 St &c Ry | Kirschenbaum<Beaver
McQuade<3d Av RR. | Fabrizio<M George Tigar Bearings Co, Inc.
Megdalia<Astec Asphalt Co.
Grossman<Cornwall, Jr. | Barth<Koenig.
 | Bordi<Beaver.
Schneider<Walfish. | Cuomo<same.
Di Martini<J M Horton Ice Cream Co. | Dillon<Schumacher.
 | Kruger<Kruger.
Fleischman<Weil et al | Michell<Pitts Plate Glass.
Silberbauer<Wisconsin Cond Milk.
 | Farranto<Canepa.
Carlson<Schneider. | Brochin<Belt Line Ry.
Collander<3d Av RR. | Constantas<Constantinidis.
Browne<Forward Association.

White<CNY. | L Grannantonio<same.
Simons<N Y Rys. | Sweeny<Monahan Express Co.
Weigert<Stark.
Rosenblatt<Nassau-Beekman Investing. | Botta<N Y Rys.
 | Dohrmann<Fleischman
Pepperman<B H RR. | Warner<Rosenberg.
Wiener<Interstate Transportation & Forwarding Co. | Moran<Hall-Lary-Cooke Realty Co.
 | Glynn<Empire Carrying Corp.
E Greenberg<Sobel.
I Greenberg<same. | Stayskell<Yonkers RR
Czaplinsky<N Y & Western Ry. | Kowalsky<New Process Electro Corp.
Kafka<Transit Development Co. | Pontecorvo<Union Ry of NYC.
Hottenstein<Doyle. | Eaton<Machson.
Bernstein<F D Realty (2.) | Zaccaria<Upjohn.
 | Brown<Neuman.
Neonburg<Daly. | Sparberg<Shetland Co.
A Ferriolo<V D Rty. | Klein<Marks.
M Ferriolo<same. | Melnick<N Y Rys.
J Bartone<Barrett. | Melgino<Northern Grain Co.
A Bartone<same.
Cohen<Brazil. | Farley<Hawkins.
Fray<N Y & L I Trac Co. | La Motta<Rothman.
 | B Naclerio<Niedal.
Marchi<Kashman. | J Naclerio<same.
N Grannantonio<Fried | Blor<Cohen Bros, Inc.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.
Fanl<Gerstenhaber. | Same<Balsam.
North Eastern Const<CNY. | Cavinato<Piccirilli.
 | Newmark<Goldwater.
Atlas Nitrated Prod<Cont Process. | Lanygon & Morant, Inc<De Koven.
Helvitz<Balshofer. | CNY<Blythebourne Water Co.
Rochelle<Adler.
Merchants Fire Assur Corp<General Fire Extinguisher. | Rochelle<Stand Mail Order Co.
 | Ferguson & W Land<Perry.
Bassman<H J Rich Dev Co. | Abraham<Amer Exch Nat Bank.
Bolardi<Marden, Orts & Hastings, Inc. | Selwyn<Walker.
 | Wolff<La Porcelaine Limousine.
Sisson<Wellbrock.
Orlans<Schinasi. | Burns<Goodman.
CNY<Matatesta. | Brand<Brand.
Weinrib<Cohen. | Dixon<Bronson Bros & Co. Inc.
Thompson<Bailey.
Neidlinger<Miles Tighe Cont. | McGovern<CNY.
 | MacAvoy<Tide W Oil.
La Vin<Copley Plaza Operating. | Sisson<Pope & Schaar Corp.
Frankenberg<Spiegel. | Same<Harvey.
Well Corset<Munter. | Same<Shea.
Stutz<Diamond Silk. | Griggs<Renault Selling Branch.
Thornton<North'n Bk.
Potter<Pulsifer. | Ulman<Hudson.
Flock<Emmer.
TRIAL TERM.—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule 7, amended Trial Term rules.
PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIII.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XV.—Ordway, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Guy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Estate T. McCombs.
Wills for probate: | William Dewey,
Mary Dowling, | Ellen M. Murphy,
A. H. Holmes, | Philip Daley,
John Herbert, | Isaac Kern,
Jacob Cohn, | Anne Lynch,
Karl Krauth, | Helene T. Tumble,
Gustave Keaske, | Pauline Rosinsky,
Annie Brown, | Thomas Jones.
TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Strasbourger, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.
Empire Door, &c, Co<Horner. | Jenkins<Am Central Ins Co.
Lawyer<Dinkelspiel. | Same<Glens Falls Ins Co.
Kronick<Cohen.
Roth<Friedman. | Rottenberg<Madero Brothers.
Crane & Mahoney<Litchfield. | Weinberger<Grossman.
Edelstein<Met L I Co. | Bacon<Driggs Ordnance Co.
Kemak<D Stevenson Brew Co. | Empire Door, &c, Co<Horner.
Krapes<E Gussaroff R & C Co. | Benegio<Sommer.
Follo<Met Elec Mfg Co, (2.) | Hersky<Rothkopf.
 | Pittsburg<Chase.
Zackel<Werner. | Braaf<Frankfater.
Simons<Well. | McArdle<Christal.
H & T Const Co<One-Seventy Bldg Co. | Helmes<Gas Engine, &c, Co.
Domestic Lace, &c, Co<Boucek. | Masters<Klein.
 | Gimbel Brothers<Levy.
Medwick<McCann.
Kaplan<Rosenberg. | Doolittle<Georger.
MacLennan<Roeber. | Wiley<Bishop.
PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Siegel<Jonas Rlty. Co. | Lefkowitz<Gordon.
Weiss<Bandler. | Wilson<Moore.
Greenbaum<De Jong. | Wilson<Shenk Rty Con
Marafioti<Willets. | Slominsky<NY Rys.
Stevens & Co<Alland Bros & Co. | Fishbein<Salz.
 | Landes<Kuteokean.
Miners<Susfreser. | Kinsey<North Western Theat Assn.
Becker<Pacher.
Miles<Richard. | Syndicate Pub Co<Journal Pub Co.
Krantwald<Pugh.
Stolz<Levien. | Zittel<Tull.
Schneider<Ashley. | Spring<Newman Merc.
Brownstein<Unde Rty. | Harvey<McCahill.
Ronzino<Reliable Clean, &c, Co, (2.) | Delaney<Wm Necker, Inc.
Costello<Faherty. | Morgan<same.
Goeller<Int R T. | Germain Co<Apex Equip Co.
Mortimer<Godwin Con.
Welser<Robbins. | NY Master Printers' Assn<Morris.
Stein<Schulman.
Hecht<Lebowitz. | Korostoff<Timme.
Brophy<Int R T. | Lack<Holzner.
Judkins & McCormick Co<New Toy Mfg Co. | Elias<Balik.
 | Coral<Int R T.
Mahler<Yeska. | Oppenheimer<Wolf.
Lodaro<NY Rys. | Nieberg<Adrian.
Schneider<Kaufman. | Lembach<NY Rys.
Tannenbaum<Brous. | Triangle Waist Co<Goodstein Rlty Co.
Zager<Mesinger.
Langer<Fiering. | Goodstein<NY Rys.
Feldman<Cohen. | Riley<Beaver.
Tsikulas<NY Rys. | Cohn<5th Av Coach.
Zilberman Rothschild Furn Co<J M Deutsch Co. | Winograd<Friend.
 | Blauner<Davis.
 | Romashkann<NY Elec
La Rocco<NY Rys. | Abelson<Kaplan.
Fay<42d St &c, Ry. | White<Bradley Con.
Koehler<Prister. | Schetarz<Wloter.
Perlmutter<Postal Transfer Service. | Lynch<Ginsberg.
SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Meltzer<Rosenberg. | Rao<Krohnberg. Clear.
PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
Part III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Davidow<Perlman, (4.) | Cohen<Schecket.
Lemkin<Albert. | Alenick<Goldberg, (2.)
Internat'l Fixture Corp<Freeman. | Am Gas Gov Works<Hoelscher.
Elost<Burger. | Case on.
PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A.M.—Case on.
PART V.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich J.—Bank for Savings<Jantzer—Charles L. Hoffman. Re Schwartz Art Leather Co.—George W. Clune. Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank<Lynch—Edward D. Dowling.
SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Bonner<Elliott—John H. Rogan.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Paul R. Doti<Robert I. Henderson—Harold L. Kunstler.
SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Leo Cahn<Mary Munro.—George Gascoigne.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.
Emig Ind Sav Bank<Koenig, (2.) | Kahn<State Silk Co.
 | Bernstein<Hartogensis.
Baker<Baker. | Brender<N Y, O & W RR.
N Y Title & Mtg Co<Hipkiss.
 | Bier<Mangenheim.
Berger<Schofield. | Noble<Noble, (2.)
Hartmann<Beerli. | Mitchel<Hogan, (2.)
Henning<Camacho.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J.
Hirchfield<Hirchfield. | Bishop<Bishop.
Zambrofsky<Zambrofsky. | Kessler<Kessler.
 | Stern<Bruce-Brown Land Co.
Corn<Corn.
Neuling<Neuling.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.
Kipust<Gordon. | Whiteacre<Fananda.
Brenner<Goldstein. | Loox<Silverman.
Kanter<R Carvel Co. | Roth<Winnie Realty & Const Co, (2.)
Tiplady<Kohn.
Alexander<Wager. | Ardone<White Coal.
Penfield<Haas. | Barnarinardo<same.
Zink<Scott, (2.) | Kluetz<Union Ry.
Korber<Union Rway. | Lynch<Union Ry.
Berkins<Naughton. | Berger<Yonkers RR.
Dow<Inter R T Co, (2.) | Klein<Penn RR.
Dunne<Lynch. | Petrone<Deifendorf, (2.)
Faulhaber<Volk.
Sanford<Kapstein. | Meyer<F W Woolworth Co.
Stretch<Purchase Hld.
Storm<So Blvd RR. | Motta<Murray.
Wester<Ruppert. | Walsh<Rodgers & Hagerty Co.
Chirico<Mercurio.
Horsford<Union Rway. | Schramek<Coleburn.
Bowron<Chapman.
Highest number reached in regular order, 1167.
PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—....... J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
Wills for probate: | David Fishkin.
Timothy Higgins, | Accountings—
D. W. Rosenfeld, | Estates of:
Malca Weiningher, | James Gaffney,
John E. Helms, | Elizabeth Gunther or
Carrie Becker, | Lizzie Gunther,
Paul Weber, | August F. Gunther,
John Bergonzi, | A. A. Stoddard.
Adam A. Koenig, | Adoptions:
Henry Kopf, | Alice de Camp by F. and Alice de Camp,
Eva S. Chamberlin,
Motions— | Rachel Sprowde by H. Otman,
Estates of:
Henry Kover, | C. Martinsky by Frank McGinn.
S. A. Bossert, (Nos. 1 and 2.)
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.
Inq.—Handler<Kruger. | Reinstein<Weiss.
Day calendar: | Stern<Goldberg.
Brennan<Black & Co. | Malkin<Damorbs.
Barone<I R T Co. | Hitter<Becker.
Albon<Kindermann. | Sorisen Co, Inc<Rowan.
Forsnner<3d Av RR.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Franklin Savings Bank<Haft—Charles A. Hickey.
COUNTY COURT—Gibbs, J.—Morgenthau Co.<173d St. Improvement Co. et al.—Samuel Cowan.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
Re Rockaway Turnpike, (Hook Creek.) | Re Bayreuth St, (Queens.)
Balteransky<Baron. | Kraft<Kraft.
Re Baczel, (J F Ryerson & Son.) | Lawyers Mtg Co<Evarts (Act. 2.)
Same, (Weinert.) | Mertz<Raczek.
Same (Amer Metal C.) | Edelman<Edelman.
Same, (Rosenweig.) | Re Broad St, (Queens.)
Same, (Const C & R.) | Nosner<B H RR.
Same, (Doherty.) | Wright<Wright.
Same, (Thomas.) | People State N Y, (Hart)<Purdy.
Re Sondheimer.
Goldstein<Cropsey. | Dewey<Dewey.
Sand<Title, (2.) | Kenyon<Komp.
Lesser<NY Munic Ry. | Same<The Lansden Co
Radack<Grossman. | Re Bay 20th St, (Rothschilds.)
People ex rel McCadden<Woods, Police Commr. | Rogers<Duffield.
 | Reno<Reno.
People ex rel Hart<Purdy et al. | Stone<Josephson.
 | Rosenberg<Munsky.
Silverman<Penn RR. | Nadal<Franzblau.
Telsey<Amer Star Line, (2.) | Re Davidoff.
 | Re Ave P (Hellebrand)
Napolitano<Falco. | Seeman<Cagney.
Re Meakin. | Trzoskowa<McCarthy, (3.)
Re Avenue Q.
Re Gravesend Neck Road. | Hanson<Hanson.
 | Johanson<Parsheisky Bros.
Conley<Allen Holding.
Hill<Hill. | Kennedy<Kennedy.
Re G S Cary. | Peres<Auditore Stevedoring Co.
Re M W Cary.
Rudolph<Kelly. | Marsh<Consumers Park Brewing Co.
People of State (Fiscina)<St Vito Socy. | Atlantic Marconi Co<Lagomarsino.
De Rubeloff<Nassau Elec RR. | Weinstein<Rublen.
H Rubeloff<same. | Osborne<Osborne.
S Pearlman<The Ironmount Corp. | Springfield Nat Bank<Breiting.
D Pearlman<same. | James<James.
Martinez<Martinez.
PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
Undefended divorces:
Asher, | Lamb,
Lo Presti, | Askenase,
Shenkman, | Carlson,
Gullotti, | Rothstein,
Weinberger, | Dalle,
Salerno, | Iversen,
Greenidge, | Tice,
Drankwalter, | Hamer,
Falkowsky, | Hollander,
Pellicane, | Fowler,
Barbera, | Fox,
Loreto, | Feinstein,
Lewis, | Christmann, Robinson.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Callaghan, J.; Part III., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.
Weisman<NY Con RR | Dahlin<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Quinn<B H RR.
Henniriger<Brussell. | Goldberg<Borden's Cond Milk Co.
Cascio<CNY.
Davidson<Klapper. | McCarthy<So Bkl Ry.
Emmel<Jones.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:
Van Wicklen<Springdale Realty Co. | Cahill<same.
 | Lieberman<same.
Emmens<N Y Mun Ry & ano. | Heller<Bogart & ano.
 | Warner<N Y Rys.
Morgan<Cunningham. | Robinson<same.
Massa<Geaneas. | Merlino<N Y Consol RR.
Sinram<Griesman.
Wabl<B H RR. | Pollack<C I & B RR.
Pease Piano Co<O'Connor. | Dempsey<B H RR.
 | Goloff<Specialty Baking Co.
Maley<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
 | Murphy<Albert.
Mortimore<Nas RR. | Beckman<Int R T.
Vesolie<Felix. | B H RR<N Y Mun Ry and another.
Brown<Just Co.
Wilkens<Nassau RR. | McLellan<Wood.
Jeffreys<Bush Terminal Bldg Co. | Marcley<Fitzgerald & ano.
Glasser<B H RR. | Donegan<C I & B RR.
Leiser<CNY. | Cassidy<same.
Hodge<Rottenberg. | McGuirk<Ruppert.
Emeigh<N Y Con RR. | Gately<Bene.
Gordon<Grady. | Languato<B H RR.
Thomas<B H RR. | Bendykowski<Schwartz.
Kramer<N Y Rys.
Tischler<same. | Sommer<Harrington et al.
Fleming<same.
Highest number reached on regular call, 3,039.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of: | Ellen Brackett,
William Moore, | James McNulty,
F D Hillermann, | Catherine Brenner,
Elizabeth Tenfel, | Eleanor Clayton,
Henrietta S Yeoman, | Sarah Furst,
Mary E Walsh, | Samuel Ellce,
Adelaide Auerbach, | August Kreamer,
Daniel J Lynch, | Mary E Amerman,
Honora Sullivan, | Victorine Couperwalt,
S W Sherman. | Martin Will,
Administration of: | Bernard Barling.
Sarah Franks | Estates of:
Accounting of: | Fitzpatrick Infants,
Joseph Lasasso, | Charles Franks,
J Frank Dunham, | Sarah Shermhauer,
John Knowenhoven, | Dominico Buttafuco,
Joel Aronson, | David K Case,
Michael Coffey, | Eugene Bissell,
Frank G Russell, | Ray Ringel,
Hubbard C Farrar, | Thomas Mackay,
Susan R Farrar, | Theresa Sommers,
Sidney De Caballero, | Margaret Coffey,
John J Houer, | Patrick Bohen.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

QUEENS.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M. The people of the State of New York against Thomas Comisky, Martin Comisky, and James Comisky. (Case on.) Murder in the first degree.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2015.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Platt, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Parkyn<Leavitt. | Pederson<Union Ry Co of NY, (2.)
Law<Barrett.
The remainder of the calendar goes over to December Term.
SPECIAL TERM—Morschauser, J.—At 10 A. M.
People ex rel Goldowsky<Cong Kneses Is.
Also for the hearing of motions.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Young, J.
Bitz<Dorrance, (2.) | Prisk<West Elec RR.
New Rochelle Trust Co<NY Tel Co. | Zampana<Wein.
 | Hoey<Linehan.
Gorelich<Blumberg. | Haller<Schmidt.
Wildey<Carpenter. | Murray<Peekskill Emery Co.
Serra<Nisner.
Sabshein<Sinclair. | Rocher<Village of No Tarrytown.
Watson<Gardella.
Lion Brewery Co of NY<Lechner. | Bucci<Jacobs.
 | Hamilton<Jackson.
Smith<Keables. | O'Leary<City of Yonk.
Ulman<Lowtnian. | US Casualty Co<Osborn.
Core<De Fano.
Ahearn<same. | McIntyre<NY C RR.
Campbell<Wales. | Flinn<Springsteel.
The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:
Hubbell Hardwood Door Co<Zibelli. | Barduz<City of New Rochelle.
Fassig<Yonkers RR. | Steinberg<Merighano.
Clark<Preuss. | Furnaro<Cremin.
Herrnstadt<Mt Vernon Taxicab Co. | Casserelle<Vogt.
 | Blasenstein<Sheets.
Wilson & Co, Inc<Koslowsky. | Brady<Fitzgerald.
 | Wood<Hiler.
Laccone<Van Horn. | A Hupfel's Sons<Di Yeso.
Pray<Gaddis.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24,664.—In Bankruptcy.—LORETTA CORPORATION, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Loretta Corporation, are hereby given notice that on August 7, 1917, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held in the U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, (Room 323, third floor,) in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of December, 1917, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City. Dated, New York, November 27, 1917.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—23,499.

Notice is given that JOSEPH COOPER & DANIEL LIPCHANSKY and the firm of COOPER & LIPCHANSKY, bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 31st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—25,137.

Notice is given that HYMAN SUSSMAN, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 31st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24,991.

Notice is given that ELLA M. ALBIN, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all her debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 31st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

$20,000 OF DIAMONDS GONE.

Package Stolen from Clerk's Desk in a Cleveland Hotel.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 27.—Cleveland police and detectives today were working on the theft from the crowded lobby of a prominent hotel of a registered mail package containing diamonds valued at $20,000. Although the theft was committed last Friday evening, no word of it became public until today, and then every effort was made by the police to keep the facts quiet.

It was learned, however, that the diamonds, said to be sixty-five in number and unset, were the property of the Yankhauer, Newitter & Platt Jewelry Company, New York.

The mail package containing the diamonds was sent to Theodore Yankhauer, in this city, by one of his partners, M. R. Newitter, in Detroit. The package reached the hotel Friday. A boy was sent to page Yankhauer. Failing to find him, the boy returned the package to the mail clerk's desk. Before the girl in charge of the desk turned to take up the package, some one had stolen it.

Celebrate John Harvard's Birthday.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 27.—Harvard today celebrated the 310th anniversary of the birth of John Harvard, founder of the university. For the first time in Harvard's history the observance was marked with military ceremonies. Eight companies of the Harvard regiment numbering 900 men drew up around the statue of John Harvard outside Memorial Hall. A huge wreath was placed on the statue.

For Initiative and Referendum.

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—The State Constitutional convention by a vote of 163 to 125 late today passed to be engrossed the initiative and referendum amendment to the State constitution. Tomorrow the convention will vote on the question of submitting the amendment to the people. Those supporting the measure say that the vote today indicates that it will pass successfully the final stage tomorrow.

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 53; Herzig Holdings, Inc., against Pfaff, Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Eble & Kirkpatrick.

10TH AV, s w corner of 15th St, 159.5x221.4x irregular; Margaret L. Aldrich et al. against Winthrop A. Chandler et al., partition; attorneys, Morris & McVeigh.

27TH ST, 154 East, and 7 Broadway Alley; Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York against George W. Eccles et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. L. Allen.

71ST ST, n s, 350.6 ft w of 8th Av, 25x102.2; Thomas Galligan, Inc., against Edward W. Browning et al., action to foreclose mechanics' lien; attorney, E. D. Loughman.

92D ST, n s, 80 ft e of West End Av, 40x100.8; Henry Kreger against Andrew Brose et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, G. Lange, Jr.

113TH ST, n s, 275 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.10; Joseph F. Park against Nicholas R. Heyer et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer.

120TH ST, n s, 205 ft e of 4th Av, 20x100.11; Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York against Annie L. Phelan et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. L. Allen.

142D ST, 231 West; William W. Johnson et al. against Elias D. Springer et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Merrill, Rogers & Terry.

Bronx.

LOT 13, Block 4,623, tax map, Barker Av, e s, 250 ft n of Rosewood St; Municipal Lien Co. against George E. Wood, action to foreclose transfer of tax lien; attorney, E. C. Smith.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

172ND ST., s. s., whole front between Ft. Washington and Haven Ave.— x —; Superior Seating Co. agt. Van Dyck Estate, owner; Regnis Construction Co., contractor $211.00

51ST ST., No. 29 West; Samuel J. McKelvey, agt. Trustees of Columbia College, owner, Harry G. Walker, contractor $156.43

125TH ST., No. 211 West; L. A. Adler Co., agt. B. Lichtenstein Estate, owner; Joseph Freiman, contractor (renewal) $285.00

107TH ST., Nos. 10 and 12 West; Theodor Thylstrup, agt. Chas. W. Wilmar, owner and contractor $30.00

BOWERY, No. 20; Mechanics' Fire Proof Sash & Door Co., Inc., agt. Canton Realty Co., owner (renewal) $200.00

57TH ST., Nos. 156 and 158 East; Peelle Co. agt. Edw. C. Burns, Ess Eff Realty Co., and Isaac Heller, owners; Thomas J. Brady, contractor (renewal) $570.00

108TH ST., Nos. 2— and 236 West; Berger Mfg. Co. (Acme Metal Ceiling Co.) agt. Manchester Garage Co., lessee and contractor; Adrian L. Henry, owner $100.00

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

LEXINGTON AV., No. 1018; Max Kenig, agt. Beneficial Holding Co. et al.; Jan. 24, 1917 .... $76.85

LEXINGTON AV., n. w. cor. 20th St.; Joseph Lagana agt. Rutledge Hotel Co., Inc., et al.; Sept. 26, 1917 .... $60.00

Bronx.

JEROME AVE., s. e. corner of 181 st St., 90x150; Charles J. Weinert agt. S. M. & K. Realty Co., et al.; Nov. 16th, 1917. $309.00

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

ELIZABETH ST, 163, vacant plot; Abbate Realty Co. to J. Sevin, 3 years from Nov. 1, 1917; attorney, Joseph Komito, 80 Maiden Lane $420

3D AV, 664, all; Otto F. Struse, trustee, to Lena Labes, on the premises, 7 5-12 years from Dec. 1, 1917; attorney, Leon Forst, 135 Broadway $2,520

5TH AV, 98-100, store, basement, and second floor; Rothschild Realty Co. to Salvator Bonan, 151 Cedar St, 3 years from Feb. 1, 1918, 2 years' rental at $15,750 .... $15,000

88TH ST, 440-42 East, all; also Fowler Av, s w corner Grove St, Lynbrook, 100x150, all; Jennie and Isabella Henne to Fannie Henne, Lynbrook, L. I., life lease, subject to all liens; attorneys, Felner & Maass, 100 Broadway $1

109TH ST, 177 East, n s, 132.6 ft w of 3d Av, 37.6x100.11, all; Jennie and Gabella Henne, owners of ¼ part, to Fanny Henne, Lynbrook, L. I., life lease; attorneys, Felner & Maass, 100 Broadway $1

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Information of General Office, Pinehurst, N. C.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Considering the present state of the realty market, the sale at auction yesterday of 234 Bronx lots by Joseph P. Day and J. Clarence Davies was one of the most remarkable ever conducted in the Vesey Street Exchange salesroom.

A total of $415,400, or an average of $1,775 a lot was realized for the holdings of the Joseph Godwin Estate, as the result of a Supreme Court order directing the partition sale.

In spite of the general opinion prevailing that vacant land could not be sold at the present time, one of the largest crowds in the history of the salesroom attended and filled it to capacity. At one time the attendance was estimated at 1,000 persons.

The first lot offered, at the southwest corner of Bailey Avenue and 230th Street, 32 by 105, went to Simon & Polsky, Bronx builders, for $3,300. The same buyers took the adjoining lot, 25 by 100, on Bailey Avenue, for $1,550.

The lot, 25 by 125, on West 230th Street, opposite the Kingsbridge station of the New York Central Railroad, and containing a small saloon building renting at $35 a month, was sold to H. Canning for $3,000.

Emil Fred of Bayhead, L. I., took the eight adjoining lots, including the northwest corner of Bailey Avenue and 230th Street, for $16,350.

Other lots sold were on Broadway, Albany Crescent, Ver Veelen Place, Exterior Street, Kingsbridge Avenue, West 231st Street, Goodwin Terrace, and Kimberly Place. The prices ranged from $16,000 for the corner of Broadway and 230th Street to $750 for inside lots on the side streets.

Among the buyers were Alexander McLean, Charles E. Gremmels, Patrick J. Hanley, Hugh E. Smyth, William L. Thompson, C. F. Keyes, L. Lessner, William G. Fitzgerald, and James Keane.

Messrs. Day and Davies announced at the close of the sale that it could be adjudged a successful undertaking from all angles, especially in view of the fact that the advertising commenced after the flotation of the second Liberty Loan of $5,000,000,000. They said: "This loan absorbed almost entirely the available cash in the hands of the public, but this condition was somewhat relieved by the acceptance of Liberty bonds in payment as deposit for the lots.

"The Godwin estate is to be congratulated at the successful disposition, in these times, of their unimproved property for $415,400, irrespective of the fact that it represented about one-half of the assessed valuation. The purchasers are also to be congratulated on their foresight and good judgment in buying at these prices.

"The agents and auctioneers feel happy at the successful marketing of so large and important an offering in war times, and predict that as soon as the war is ended, the section will develop into a substantial apartment house community that will double and even treble the lot prices that prevailed at this sale."

$120,000 Bronx Exchange.

The Morgenstern Brothers Syndicate, which has been active lately in the Bronx realty market, figured in another transaction yesterday involving properties in that borough. The syndicate bought from the Henry Morgenthau Company the five-story new law apartment house at 906 Simpson Street, on a plot 75 by 105, containing thirty apartments. The property has been held at $100,000.

In part payment the purchaser gave the taxpayer at 511 to 517 East 136th Street, on a plot 75 by 100 by irregular, held at $20,000. Solomon Gerlich & Co., were the brokers in the deal.

Buyers for Private Dwellings.

The two three-story dwellings 235 and 237 West 120th Street, each occupying a lot 16.9 by 100 have been sold to an investor by the Lawyers Mortgage Company.

Bronx Sales.

L. A. Adams sold to an investing client of Samuel Cower, 829 Jackson Avenue, a five-story new law apartment on a plot 42 by 90.

The Howard Realty and Development Company purchased from Lillian B. Taylor, 639 East 137th Street, a five-story tenement on a plot 37.6 by 100.

An investor purchased from the Day McDonald Company, the five-story tenement with a garage in the rear, occupying a lot 25 by 100 on the northwest corner of Lincoln Avenue and 135th Street.

In the Unionport section of the Bronx Joseph Connelly has sold to Matthew Gaskin a plot 50 by 100 on the east side of Westchester Avenue, 25 feet west of Purdy Street.

Long Island.

John Greer has sold for Mrs. K. Anderson a four-story tenement house in Academy Street, 275 feet south of Broadway, Long Island City, to John Euigem, as an investment.

Brooklyn.

The Meister Builders, Incorporated, have purchased the northeast corner of Bath and Twenty-third Avenues, a three-story private dwelling, on a plot 96.9 by 97.3.

The Good Homes Building Company, Incorporated, has purchased through M. Wiley & Son the apartment house known as the Court Royale, Beverly Road, corner of East Nineteenth Street, at a consideration of $80,000.

Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold for Carl F. Grieshaber the stucco dwelling just erected on Washington Place, Westerleigh, to William M. Decker of Port Richmond.

New Yorker Buys $35,000 Scarsdale Estate.

Fish & Marvin have sold the Shreve residence at Scarsdale, Westchester County, to a New York client. The property adjoins the estate of John Carstensen, Vice President of the New York Central Railroad, and consists of a residence, several acres of land, and outbuildings. It was held at $35,000.

Westchester.

The Scarsdale Estates has sold a plot on Walworth Avenue, in the Greenacres section of Scarsdale, to F. Albert Hunt of New York, who plans to erect a Colonial dwelling.

Commercial Leases.

Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd have leased the building at 167 Front Street to L. H. Waterman & Co., to be occupied in conjunction with their Factory 4 at 163 Front and 40-44 Fletcher Streets. This is the fifth building that the same brokers have leased on Front and Water Streets in the last few weeks, all at increased rentals.

The American Jewelry Company, for twenty years located in the Church and Walker Street district, has leased for a term of years the entire store, basement and sub-basement, containing over 22,000 square feet at 677 Broadway. This is part of the old Broadway Central Hotel, and formerly occupied by a millinery concern. White & Goodman negotiated the lease.

The Cross & Brown Company leased the building, 100 by 100, at 829-835 Eleventh Avenue, to the Wire Wheel Corporation of America for a long term of years.

The Duross Company leased the P. G. Kemp Coal Yars at 790 to 794 Greenwich Street to William Farrell & Son for a term of ten years for Dr. Sylvester F. Morris.

Complete Hotel Plans.

Final plans for the Hamilton Apartment Hotel, to be erected at 141 to 153 West Seventy-third Street by L. K. Comstock, Edgar Ellinger, and Harry B. Davis were announced yesterday. The building has been considerably enlarged and modified from the original plans at an additional cost of about $200,000. As a result, the amount of the loan underwritten by S. W. Straus & Co. has been changed to $775,000.

$85,000 East Side Loan.

William H. Archibald, in conjunction with Lloyd N. Worth and John F. Bottomley, has placed a loan of $85,000 at 5 per cent. for three years on the two and four-story store and dwellings at 7 East Twenty-eighth Street and 8 and 10 East Twenty-ninth Street. The property runs through the block, and is twenty-five feet on Twenty-eighth Street and forty feet on Twenty-ninth Street, and adjoins St. Leo's Church.

Realty Notes.

Louis Pape is the buyer of the German Evangelical Reformed Bethany Church and dwelling at 235 and 237 East 109th Street, on a plot 38.9 by 100.

The Institutional Synagogue, tenants, have purchased from the Wellworth Property Company, 112 West 116th Street, a four-story building, 20 by 100.11, near Lenox Avenue.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

2d Av, 2,047, n w corner of 105th St, 24.5x94, five-story tenement and stores; A. V. De Goicouria against Bertha Krieger et al.; Phelps, E. & W., attorneys; due, $26,808.44; taxes, &c., $722.63; to the plaintiff for $21,000.

West Farms Road, n e corner of 176th St, extending to Bronx River, 106.8x54.9x irregular 145.1x irregular; Chandler Smith, trustee, against estate of Christian Erdenbrecher, Inc., and another; Reeves & T., attorneys; due, $16,038.43; taxes, &c., $1,219.62; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Ludlow St, 145 and 147, w s, 175.6 ft s of Stanton St, 37.6x87.6, two five-story tenements and stores; M. O. Richardson against R. L. Pasinsky et al.; W. C. Orr, attorney; due, $31,759.90; taxes, &c., $1,008.37; to the plaintiff for $25,000.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

82d St, 414 East, s s, 256.6 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.2, four-story tenement; Cora Kennard against Louis Lese et al.; Emmet & P., attorneys; due, $11,887.86; taxes, &c., $892.80; to the plaintiff for $10,000.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

131st St, 112 West, s s, 175 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story dwelling; Edward Ridley and others, trustees, against M. J. Ellis et al.; Uterhart & G., attorneys; due, $9,023.52; taxes, &c., $208.64; to the plaintiff for $8,500.

Blackrock Av, 2,024, Unionport, 75x108; Thomas F. White Co. against A. J. White et al.; A. J. Talley, attorney; due, $2,253.40; taxes, &c., $960.36; to the plaintiff for $2,500.

By Henry Brady.

163d St, 655 East, n s, 168.9 ft w of Trinity Av, 18.9x100, two-story dwelling; F. S. Phraner, executor, against Lotty Braund and another; F. D. Arthur, attorney; due, $4,314.57; taxes, &c., $103.45; to the plaintiff for $4,000.

By Joseph & Co.

Teller Av, 1,051, w s, 99.6 ft n of 165th St, 20x100.1, three-story tenement; A. G. Gerster against Rose Robinson et al; Wayland & B., attorneys; due, $7,773.64; taxes, &c., $271.13; to the plaintiff for $7,500.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

4th Av, 215 to 219, to a twenty-story store, lofts, and offices; Aguilar Corporation, 221 4th Av., owner; R. Rohl, 42 East 23d St., architect; cost, $9,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, NOV. 27.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE C, w s, 21.10 ft n of 16th St, 24.2x63; Jacob Blumberg to Irving W. Simelow, 191 Pennsylvania Av, Freeport, L. I., Nov. 23; attorney, Speir & B., 52 Wall St......$1

BROADWAY, 274 to 288, n e corner of Chambers St, (53 to 63,) runs n 151.3 to Reade St x e 225.4x s 50x e 2x s 101.3x w 228.2 to beginning; Stewart Building, foreclosed May 1, 1917; Henry Smith, referee, to Edw. D. Harris, Yonkers, N. Y., and Central Trust Co. of New York, 54 Wall St, trustees under the will of Henry Hilton, subject to taxes and interest, Nov. 23; attorney, James S. Darcy, 280 Broadway....$3,000,000

CLINTON ST, 43 w s, 100 ft s of Stanton St, 25x100; Abraham Leipziger to Pauline Goldstein, ½ part, mtg. $25,000, Nov. 19, 1908; attorneys, Cohn & C., 2 Rector St.$100

DIVISION ST, n s, at s e corner of land of Charles Elliot, runs n 76 to side of lot fronting on Attorney St x e 25x s 64 to street x w — to beginning; Charles G. Koss and another, trustees of Francis A. Robinson, to Joseph H. Robinson, 118 Prospect St, East Orange, N. J., all title, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Nov. 1; attorneys, Thompson, Koss & Warren, 256 Broadway...$3,500

EDGECOMBE AV, e s, 92 ft n of 137th St, 15.10x100; Herman Goldberg to Charles W. Galvin, 58 Edgecombe Av, mtg $11,000, all liens, Nov. 26; address, 74 Broadway..$20,000

FRONT ST, 241-243, mtg $13,000; Front St, 254, n s, 3d lot w of Dover St, 22.4x68x23x67.3, mtg $6,000; Front St, 253, n s, 22.4x72x23.4x72, mtg $10,000, all of foregoing subject to another mtg for $1,600; Matthew A. Henkel, trustee of the estate of John S. Pettit, bankrupt, to Forsyth Wickes, Tuxedo Park, N. Y., all title, b. and s., Nov. 21; address, 5 Nassau St.......$250

FRONT ST, 241, s e s, 68.3 ft n e of Peck Slip, 22.4x69.4x21.9x69.1; Front St, 243, s e s, 90.5 ft n e of Peck Slip, 25.5x61.9x25x60.5; Mabel S., wife of Herbert S. Carter et al, to Morton B. Smith Co., 241 Front St, b. and s., all liens, Feb. 27; attorneys, Merrill, R. & T., 100 Broadway.........$1

SAME PROPERTY; John S. Pettit to Forsyth Wickes, Tuxedo Park, N. Y., mtg $13,000, quitclaim, May 3; address, 5 Nassau St.........$1

SAME PROPERTY; Forsyth Wickes to Morton B. Smith Co., 241 Front St, all title, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Nov. 24; attorneys, Merrill, R. & T., 100 Broadway...$1

HESTER ST, s s, between Baxter and Mulberry Sts, Lot 490, Bayard's east farm; Louise M. Jansen et al. to Bernhardt W. and Louise M. Jansen, 723 10th St, College Point, Borough of Queens, mtg $23,500, Nov. 21; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$1

JEFFERSON ST, 80, n w corner of Water St, 27x75; Herbert Frankel to Bertha Grossman, 518 West 151st St, quitclaim, Nov. 26.........$1

LOTS 55 to 59 and 48, map of Marble Hill of 171 lots of Dyckman estate; Katharine M. Maguire et al, to James McLivernon, or James H. Vernon of Billywillwill, County Down, Ireland, et al., heirs of Patrick Murray, a. t., b. and s., Oct. 13; attorneys, Dean, T. & McB., 160 Broadway.........$1

MADISON ST, 261, n s, 47.2 ft e of Clinton St, 21.6x68.2, foreclosure Nov. 1, 1917; Francis W. Pollock, referee, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, one of plaintiffs, Nov. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$15,000

PARK AV, e e corner of 119th St, runs s 51.3xe 79.8, n w— to Stxw 32, to beginning, 34th St, n s, 100 ft e of 3d Av, 25x98.9; 116th St, n s, 90 ft e of Park Av, 40.10x100.11; 115th St, n s, 200 ft w of 5th Av, 45x100.11; 8th Av, 2,711, n w corner of 144th St, 24.11x100; William F. Mittendorf to Mittendorf Holding Corporation, 22 Exchange Place, b. and s., all liens, Nov. 24; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place.........$1

PARK AV, s e corner of 55th St, 100.5x108.9; Gresham Realty Co. to Fred Hirschhorn, 35 East 50th St, and Alex. M. Bing, 1,155 Park Av, mtg $600,000, Nov. 26; attorneys, Scharps & S., 82 Broadway......$1

2D AV, 2,162, n e corner of 111th St, 301 East, 25.11x75; Anselino Faber to Giovanni Giunes, 915 F St, Belmar, N. J., mtg $12,000, all liens, Nov. 21; attorney, Charles Zerbarini, 346 Broadway.........$1

3D AV, s e corner of 95th St, 25.2x100; Lina Strauss to Irma Engel, 215 West 98th St, ½ part, subject to ½ mtg of $25,000, Nov. 27; attorneys, Alexander, C. & S., 51 Chambers St.........$1

5TH AV, 49, e s, between 11th and 12th Sts, —x—; William Parkin to Augusta and Alice T. Parkin, 49 5th Av, 1-5 part, b. and s., Dec. 31, 1913; W. Parkin, 450 P. O. Bldg.$1

7TH ST, 99 East, n s, 161.5 ft e of 1st Av, 28.4x97.6; 4th St, s s, 125 ft e of 2d Av, 25x115; Rachel or Ray Tally to Raytison Realty Corpn., 42 Broadway, Nov. 27; attorney, Harry O. Gordon, 42 Broadway.$100

8TH AV, 184 and 186, e s, 51.8 ft n of 19th St, 26.5x88.3; 19th St, 259 West, n s, 144.3 ft e of 8th Av, 26.7x105.4x26.10x101.1; Clarence B. and Catharine C. Smith to the same as joint tenants, 150 East 63d St, Nov. 14; address, 27 William St.........$1

19TH ST, n s, 225 ft w of 4th Av, 20x92; Edward A. Sidman to Philip B. Jennings, 177 Park Place, Brooklyn, mtg $40,000, all liens, April 21, 1916; address, 41 Park Row.........$100

55TH ST, 147 East, n s, 208.4 ft e of Lexington Av, 16.8x100.5; Lillian C. Rainbow to Moskoko Realty, Inc., 14 W. 50th St, mtg $13,000, b. and s., c. a. g., Nov. 12.......$1

74TH ST, s s, 135 ft e of 3d Av, 25x102.2; Katharine W. A. Shrady to George F. Shrady, 135 West 73d St, mtg $11,000, b. and s. and c. a. g., Nov. 14; attorney, Thomas Hooker, 309 Broadway.........$1

91ST ST, 20 West, s s, 175 ft w of Central Park West, 19x100.8; William Wetstein to Joseph L. Buttonwieser, 300 Central Park West, b. and s., April 5; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1,000

94TH St, 152-64 East; 140th St, 298-306 East; 3d Av, 779; 3d Av, 801-803; 101st St, 203 East; 62d St, 318-26 East; 124th St, 358 East; Janet de Zwelrkowski to Anita H. H. Farrell, 302 West 105th St, ½ part, all liens, Nov. 21; attorney, F. W. Pollock, 309 Broadway.........$100

105TH ST, 229 East, n s, 310 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11, with all title to strip on w, .02x69; Mary A. Smith to Bernard Diliberto, 237 East 106th St, mtg $8,000, Nov. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$1

111TH ST, 241-3 West, s s, 275 ft e of 8th Av, 50x100.11, foreclosure, Nov. 12, 1917, Joseph D. Kelly, referee, to Columbia Trust Co., 60 Broadway, Nov. 27; attorneys, Davies, A. & C., 32 Nassau St. $58,700

115TH ST, e s, 300 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 65.4x100.11, Warren Hall; Otto Horwitz to Bertha Realty Co., 115 Broadway, mtg $..00, all liens, Nov. 30; attorneys, Horwitz & R., 115 Broadway.........$1

118TH ST, n s, 90 ft w of Morningside Av West, 60x100.11, The Terrace; Otto Horwitz to Sergeant Realty Co., 115 Broadway, mtg $75,000, all liens, Nov. 25; attorneys, Horwitz & R., 115 Broadway.........$1

126TH ST, 149 West, n s, 266.10 ft e of 7th Av, 16.4x99.11; Herbert J. Zeiller to Matilda C. Teter, 200 West 129th St, mtg $5,000, Nov. 27; attorney, Leonard Morgan, 104 West 4th St.........$1

137TH ST, e s, 104 ft e of 8th Av, 15.6x99.11; Robert H. Oakley, trustee, to Robert H. Oakley, 151 Christopher St, Montclair, N. J., and Philip E. Connell, 162 Christopher St., Montclair, N. J., trustees, Nov. 23; attorney, Philip E. Connell, 43 Pine St......$1

160TH ST, 646 to 650 West, s s, 575 ft w of Broadway, 66.8x100, foreclosed Nov. 10, 1917; Charles M. O'Keeffe, referee, to Ladem Realty Co., 2 Rector St, Nov. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$57,200

160TH ST, 652 and 654 West, s s, 661.8 ft w of Broadway, 66.8x100, foreclosed Nov. 5, 1917; Joseph P. Morrissey, referee, to Ladem Realty Co., 2 Rector St, Nov. 26; attorneys, Butcher, T. & F., 1 Madison Av......$56,500

180TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Av St. Nicholas, 75x100; Gustave A. Kerker to Erda Realty Co., 200 5th Av, mtg $70,000, Nov. 26; attorneys, Otterbourg, S. & H., 200 5th Av..$1

Bronx.

DE VOE TERRACE, e s, 421 ft s of 190th St, 32x99; Martha O'Keefe to William J. Fallon, 116 East 54th St, mtg $2,000, Nov. 26; attorney, Bandler & H., 2 Rector St...$1

LOTS 22 and 23, Block 5,423, map of Estates Development Co. and another; Estates Development Co. to Jeannette Horwitz, 911 Edison Av, Nov. 26; attorney, J. A. Wolf, 160 Broadway.........$100

LOTS 20 and 21, Block 17; Lots 12, 20, and 23, Block 19; Lot 21, Block 20; Lots 26 to 30, Block 24; Lots 4, 10, 11, 14, 40 to 42, Block 25; Lots 2, 5, and 6, Block 28; Lots 1, 5, and 6, Lot 33, Lots 11 to 40, Block 35; Lots 1 to 8, Block 39, map Pelham Park; also right, title, and interest in Lots 8 and 9, Block 25, map Pelham Park; also Lots 10 and 29, Block 16; also Lot 2, Block 25, same map; William R. Nash to Frank V. Taylor, 428 Tecumseh Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., March 31; attorney, De La Mare & M., 140 Nassau St.........$1

PARKSIDE PLACE, n e, 142.1 ft e w of 207th St, 75.1x106.8x75x102.3; Eugene J. Busher to E. J. B. Realty Corp., 553 Courtlandt Av, mtg $4,600, Nov. 27; attorneys, Dutton & K., 203 Broadway.........$1

PARK AV, n w corner of 175th St, 100.8x130.1; John H. Carr to John Wanamaker, 2,553 Chestnut St, Philadelphia, Penn., Nov. 23; attorney, J. C. J. Johnson, 10th St and Broadway.........$100

RIVERDALE AV, w s, at s s land of Thomas Cuthbert, 100x100; Mary Kennedy et al. to Julia K. Coffey, on Riverdale Av, near 260th St, mtg $850, Nov. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way.$2,500

SCHUYLER ST, e s, 450 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 25x100; Mary Burger to Adele Berliner, 79 West 119th St, Nov. 9; attorneys, Dowsey, P. & B., 66 Broadway.........$1

VALENTINE AV, w s, 199.5 ft s of 180th St, 25x99.9; Henry R. Stelling to Catharina Meyer, 2,417 Tilden Av, Brooklyn, mtg $4,425, Oct. 27; attorney, Henry E. Frankenberg, 52 Broadway.........$1

VALENTINE AV, 2,057, w s, 25x99.11; Augusta Stelling to same, mtg $3,000, Oct. 27; attorney, same.........$1

137TH ST, n s, 101.11 ft w of Cypress Av, 37.6x100; Lillian B. Taylor to Howard Realty and Development Co., 120 Broadway, ½ part, mtg $28,000, Nov. 23; attorneys, Hunt, H. & B., 120 Broadway.........$1

143D ST, 475 East, n e, 25x100; Augustus S. Frazee to August F. Schultz, 2,401 Westchester Av, mtg $24,000, Nov. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$100

148TH ST, 246 and 248 East, s s, 50x100; John F. Frees, referee, to William W. Tappan, 257 North Maple St, East Orange, N. J., Nov. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$5,000

166TH ST, 434 and 436 East, s s, 50x118; Ely Rosenberg, referee, to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 175 Remsen St, Brooklyn, Nov. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$6,500

179TH ST, e s, 125 ft w of Bronx Park Av, 25x114.1x26.11x104.1; James Davits to Michael D. Howard, 929 Courtlandt Av, Aug. 31; attorney, Michael D. Howard, 1,210 Jerome Av.........$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BARCLAY ST, 94, s s, 59.10 ft w of Washington St, 19.2x75, Nov. 27; J. B. Wallace Co. to Lincoln Trust Co., 204 5th Av, trustee of will of Charles E. Halliwell, due Dec. 12, 1920; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$17,500

BOWERY, 305, n e corner of 1st St; Bowery, 307; 39th St, 149 East; 39th St, 227 East; 1st St, 3 and 5, ½ right title, and interest, Nov. 16; Lida D. Tillson Klotz to Robert, husband of Lida D. T. Klotz, 557 Fairview Av, Brooklyn, owns $300; Frederick Klotz, 557 Fairview Av, Brooklyn, owns $3,000, and Frederick G. Klotz, 103 Woodbine St, Brooklyn, owns $300, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lewis & Kelsey, 120 Broadway, notes.........$3,600

DIVISION ST, 224, n s, 84 ft e of Attorney St, runs n 76x e 25x s 64 to street x w — to beginning, Nov. 1; Joseph H. Robinson to Charles G. Kass, 628 West End Av, and another, trustees will Frances A. Robinson, 3 years; attorneys, Thompson, Koss & Warren, 256 Broadway.........$9,500

ESSEX ST, 179 and 181, n w s, 50x25, Nov. 27; Abraham Neuman to Morris Wegweiser, 1,531 Fulton Av, Bronx, 2 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $23,500.........$1,000

HESTER ST, s s, between Baxter and Mulberry Sts, Lot 490, Bayard's East Farm, 25x100, Nov. 16; Louise M. Jansen and Albert W. Kick to Bernhardt W. Jansen, 723 10th St, College Point, Borough of Queens, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$2,500

LUDLOW ST, 19, n w s, 157.11 ft s of Hester St, 19x87; Rosa Saberski to New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St, trustee, 3 years; attorneys, Merrill, R. & T., 100 Broadway.........$18,000

20TH ST, 39 East, n s, 250 ft w of 4th Av, 25x92, Oct. 1; J. Cleveland Cady to Robert H. Cory, Englewood, N. J., demand, interest as per bond; attorneys, Dutton & K., 203 Broadway.........$10,000

93D ST, 62 West, s s, 137.6 ft e of Columbus Av, 37.6x100.8, with all title to strip 0.4x100.8 on e, Oct. 27; Wilton Holding Corporation to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway, due Dec. 1, 1922, 5½ p. c.........$31,000

105TH ST, 229 East, n s, 310 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11, with a. t. to strip on w 0.2x69, Nov. 15; Bernarda Diliberto to Mary A. Smith, n w corner of Atlantic and Sea View Avs, Far Rockaway, Borough of Queens, 7 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Bennett, W. & N., 2 Rector St.........$2,800

126TH ST, 149 West, n s, 266.10 ft e of 7th Av, 16.4x99.11, Nov. 27; Matilda C. Teter to Herbert J. Zeiller, 1,223 Channing Road, Far Rockaway, Borough of Queens, due Dec. 1, 1922, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$5,000

129TH ST, 56 West, s s, 1,076 ft w of Lenox Av, 27.6x99.11, Nov. 15; Anthony Building Corporation to Pauline Levy, 1,815 Church Av, Brooklyn, due Nov. 22, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles Breitbart, 309 Broadway.........$2,000

160TH ST, 646-650 West, s e, 575 ft w of Broadway, 66.8x100, Nov. 26; Ladem Realty Co. to Ryzo Realty Co., 299 Broadway, due April 3, 1920, 6 p. c., prior mtg $57,500; attorney, H. Gottlieb, 299 Broadway....$12,500

Bronx.

HARROD AV, w s, 300 ft n of Ludlow Av, 100x100; Mary A. Wasserman to Walter S. Torrence, 1,094 Woodycrest Av, Nov. 21, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$1,500

HONE AV, 1,529, w s, 293.2 ft n of West Farms Road, 16.6x100; Margaret C. Maher to Timothy Donohue, 430 East 148th St, Nov. 27, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$500

LOTS 22 and 23, Block 5,423, map of Estates Development Co. and another; Jeannette Horowitz to Estates Development Co., 17 Madison Av, Nov. 26, 5 years; attorney, Jacob A. Wolf, 160 Broadway.........$5,000

MINFORD PLACE, 1,558 to 1,562; Aimee Oppenheimer to Isaac Cohen, 1,686 Clay Av, Nov. 21, 3 years, 4 p. c., lease recorded as mortgage; attorney, Bernard S. Deutsch, 261 Broadway.........$1,143

RIVERDALE AV, w s, at s s of land of Thomas Cuthbert, runs e 100x w 100x n 100x e 100; Julia K. Coffey to David Forsyth and another, executors, Binghamton, N. Y., Nov. 26, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$4,000

14TH ST, s s, being w ½ of Lot 113, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Timothy Finn to Rose Kehoe, 175 Cady St, Nov. —, 1917, due April 30, 1920; attorney, Nicholas I. Weldgen, 911 Wilder Building, Rochester, N. Y.......$300

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc.
Mortgage Department
14 WALL STREET
Telephone Rector 4090

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

265 West 132nd St.
HOUSE TO LET
3 story & basement—newly decorated.
$50 a Month.
GEO. T. RITCHINGS,
85 Broadway. 6880 Cortlandt.

318 WEST 76TH STREET.
Remodelled Private Residence.
Large rooms, four baths, hardwood floors, electric light; newly decorated.
BEST ARRANGED HOUSE IN BEST PRIVATE HOUSE BLOCK ON WEST SIDE.
Inquire on premises. Not for rent.

Park Avenue Corner.
An attractive investment yielding 12% net income.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 148 West 72d St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Pretty Brick Houses
$35—For Rent—$35
Seven rooms. Beautifully decorated, all ready to occupy; New Subway, Brooklyn. B. Silsby, 217 B'way, New York; Barclay 4585.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MOVE RIGHT IN
and own your own home; 30 minutes via electric trains New York or Brooklyn; house has all modern improvements, heat, etc.; ground enough for poultry and vegetables; near stores, schools; can be bought for less than city rent; $150 cash, balance $18 per month. LANE, Box 275 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE
The New Mathewson Hotel
Narragansett Pier, Rhode Island
Providence, R. I., November 23, 1917.
Messrs. G. L. & H. J. Gross,
Providence, R. I.
Gentlemen:—
You are hereby authorized to sell the Mathewson Hotel property at Narragansett Pier, including land, buildings, furniture and equipment, for $75,000, $40,000 of which may remain on mortgage for the term of ten years, interest at the rate of 6% per annum, to be paid semi-annually, in advance.
Estate of Wm. B. Banigan.
(Signed) ALFRED S. CLARKE.
If the property is not sold within thirty days, the furniture and equipment will be sold to be removed, and the buildings will be sold to be wrecked and removed.
For descriptive circular, apply to
G. L. & H. J. GROSS
ESTABLISHED 1885.
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE 170 WESTMINSTER STREET,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES.
INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Rent at Kew Gardens
Beautiful house, twelve large, newly decorated rooms; hot-water heat, electricity and gas; large garage; half acre of ground, with garden, trees, flowers and shrubs. One of the most attractive homes in all suburban New York; 15 minutes from New York. Rent $2,000. Immediate possession. Coal supply in the bins. B. J. Beardsley, owner, 1 Main St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Main 7303.

FINE SMALL FARM.
House and ½ acre good farming land; just the place for small family to raise chickens and vegetables; in large town, near depot and trolley; will make price right to party wanting this place on terms of $100 cash and $12 monthly. Small Farm, box 289 Times Downtown.

Stucco House—$20 Monthly
Buy it, everything new, 6 rooms, handsome bath, open fireplace, hardwood floors, decorations in ivory, electric lights, steam heat, fine plot, hedge, lawn, flowers; easy commuting, owner must sell at once, sacrifice for $3,500, $250 cash needed, title guaranteed. M. H., 47 West 34th St., Room 434.

45,000 SQUARE FEET
22 lots at $12.50 per lot; to close out estate; will sell all for $275; all you need is $25 cash, balance $3 per month; excellent soil for farming and poultry; plenty of work near by. B, ESTATE, 243 W. 34th St., N. Y.

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PROTECT YOUR FAMILY
by insuring the title to your Real Estate. We are specialists in Bergen and Rockland Counties Real Estate Titles. Our guaranteed mortgages make savings safe. Write for Booklet A and new auto map.
North Jersey Title Insurance Co.,
HACKENSACK, N. J.
N. Y. Rep.—Glenn K. Carver, 60 Wall St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

STORE & BASEMENT Rental $3,600. LOFT 50x100 Rental $2,000.
N. W. Cor. Bleecker St. AND WOOSTER ST. Modern fireproof building; freight-passenger elevator, sprinkler system, all improvements, high ceilings, unusual light, to lease from Feb. 1. Apply Supt., on premises, or your own broker.

LOFTS
Modern, Light, Low Rent.
12-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING,
106 EAST 19TH ST.,
Adjoining Fourth Ave.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

JUST COMPLETED
370 Central Park West
The Apartment House Unique.
S. W. Corner of 87th Street.
An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness.
Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.
Suites of 3 to 7 Rooms,
Rentals $700 to $1,800.
Special 5-Room Suites, with Huge Living Room and Open Fireplace.
1 Room and Bath, $300.
Renting Agent on premises, or
FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORP.
299 Madison Ave., corner 41st St.
'Phone Vanderbilt 3237.

OWING TO WAR CONDITIONS
preventing the fulfillment of orders placed several months ago for Furniture and Room Furnishings
WE WILL RENT UNFURNISHED
Apartments of one and two rooms with bath and three rooms with 2 baths
FOR TEN MONTHS AT
A GREAT CONCESSION
from regular rates for these particular suites.
HOTEL ALEXANDRIA
JUST OPENED
250 WEST 103D STREET,
Between Broadway and West End Ave. Subway Express Station at Corner.

THE CAMBRIA
347-355 WEST 55TH ST.
1 & 2 Rooms, Bath
AND KITCHENETTE
West of Broadway—Strictly Fireproof.
At Very Attractive Rentals.
PHONE 8466—COLUMBUS.

562 WEST END AV.,
At 87th St.
Elegant Apartments
8 & 9 Rooms, 3 Baths,
Immediate Possession.
Very Low Rentals.

Corner Apartments
HARTLEY HALL
485 Central Park West, cor. 109th St.
5th Floor, 8 Rooms. $1,200.00.
Every room facing Central Park or Street.

SUBLET
8 Very Large Rooms,
Completely and beautifully furnished, for seven months or year.
Apply Superintendent,
315 Central Park West.

HIGHLAND COURT
600 WEST 192ND STREET
at St. Nicholas Ave. Subway station.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS—5 ROOMS.
REDUCED RENTS.

340 WEST 86TH ST.
KITCHENETTE APARTMENT
2 Rooms and Bath,
$900 to $1,000.
M. H. GAILLARD & CO.
2229 Broadway. 'Phone Schuyler 3973.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

815 PARK AVE.
S. E. CORNER 75TH ST.
New Magnificent 14-Story Structure
EXQUISITE APARTMENT DWELLINGS OF
6-7-8 ROOMS
3 BATHS, RENTS $2500 TO $3800
1 3 & 4 Rooms On Main Floor, $750-$1,350-$1,800
Agent on Premises. Phone Rhinelander 499

MAPLE COURT
1229 PARK AVE., COR. 96TH.
High-Class Elevator Apartments
7 & 8 Rooms, $1,000-$1,350
2 BATHS.
A very choice 8-room corner Suite, also Physician's or Dentist's Apartment, 8 Rooms.
Must Be Seen To Be Appreciated.
Apply Premises, or A. BRANDSTEIN. (Harlem—1518). 133 East 118th St.

The Berkshire,
500 MADISON AVE. (Cor. 52d St.)
Elegant housekeeping apartment, nine large rooms and three baths; 11-foot ceilings; rent $3,500 per annum. Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co., 10 East 45th Street.

39 EAST 27TH ST.
Fireproof Elevator Apartments.
Three rooms, kitchen, bath..........$660
Three rooms, kitchen, bath..........780
Two rooms, kitchen, bath..........840
H. H. HOLLAND, Agent, on premises.

993 PARK AVE. AT 84TH STREET.
Apartment, 10 rooms, 3 baths, third floor; south and west exposure. Unfurnished, $3,900. Apply Superintendent, or telephone Lenox 9778.

BROOKLYN.

SELECT TENANTS ONLY.
749 to 781 Eastern Parkway Cor. Kingston Av., facing Eastern Parkway.
25 MINUTES TO MANHATTAN.
Most attractive apartments, with every improvement; plenty of steam heat; hardwood floors, large closets, sunny rooms.
6-7-8 Rooms 1 and 2 Baths $40 up
PALMER ESTATE, OWNERS.
A. G. PALMER, Resident Manager, gives his personal attention, assuring the best of service.
284 Kingston Ave. Tel. 4751 Bedford.
Take Subway to Atlantic Ave. Station, then to St. John's Place trolley to Kingston Ave. Walk two blocks over.

QUEENS.

JACKSON HEIGHTS GARDEN APARTMENTS
THE MAXIMUM OF SUNLIGHT AND AIR AND A BEAUTIFUL OUTLOOK FROM EVERY WINDOW.
3 & 4
LARGE ROOMS & BATH,
$34 to $50
TAKE THE SUBWAY and transfer at Grand Central Station to Queensboro Subway, direct to 25th St. Station. (Free Transfers.) Time 20 Min.
Booklet, etc., on request.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
Renting Office at Jackson Heights. Opposite 25th St. Subway Station.
Telephone Newtown 708.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

—166 West 72nd St.—
An Apartment of FOUR ROOMS, all outside, consisting of large living room, 24x15.6; bedroom, 18.6x13.6; also dining room; tiled kitchen, with ice refrigeration, and particularly fine bathroom, with alcove shower and needle bath; if two bedrooms are required, the living room can be utilized as a combination dining and living room; this apartment is sumptuously furnished, and will be leased at $225 per month.
Maid service will be supplied if desired.
APPLY TO MANAGER ON PREMISES.
Telephone 7640—Columbus.

THE WOOLSEY
141 East 44th Street
East of Lexington Avenue.
2 Rooms, Bath
Kitchenette
Furnished, $77.50 to $82.50.
Satisfactory reference indispensable.
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Queens.

$1,100 for cozy house and garden plot, good location, ½ block from trolley; $100 down and $10 monthly. Write for further particulars. Fox, Box 270 Times Downtown.

New York State.

Riverview Manor, Hastings-on-Hudson. — 7 rooms, English cottage type house, on beautifully planted corner plot; full view of Hudson River; modern improvements, hot water, heat, electric light; convenient to station; home of professional man leaving for military service; for sale or lease, unfurnished for four, ten, or sixteen months; for further particulars phone Hastings 791, or write Y 219 Times Annex.

For Sale, Katonah and Vicinity.—3½ acres, fine dwelling, all improvements, garage, bargain; other places, 20 to 40 acres, and village property. Lewis H. Miller, Real Estate, Katonah, N. Y.

New Jersey.

Montclair.—$7,500 to close estate; new residence; large living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, sun porch, sleeping porch; excellent location. Murdoch, opp. Lackawanna, Montclair.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Manhattan.

76th St., 120 East.—3-story, high-stoop dwelling; 9 rooms; dining room on main floor; rent $1,500.
FIRM L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty St.

Queens.

Richmond Hill, L. I.—Detached house to let; 7 rooms, bath, electric lights, just decorated; garage. Owner, 512 Breevort St., one door from Hillside Av.; $38.

Long Island.

RENT $23; Bellmore; ideal 7-room house; improvements; steam; ½ acre; fruits; station. Josephus, 98 Lynbrook Av., Lynbrook, L. I.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

For rent, fully furnished, private house in the best section, near Central Park West, 73d St., 10 rooms, 3 baths; unusual opportunity; best reference required. CARSTEIN & LINNIKEN, 221 4th Av.

81ST ST., 3 EAST.—Attractively furnished 5-story American basement; elevator and squash court. Phone 6958 Plaza.

WEST END AV., 584.—Splendid location, block to 103d subway; private house; furnished; 10 rooms; reasonable. Academy 2830.

Jersey.

Exceptional value, new six-room house, on acre plot; all improvements; excellent neighborhood; $5,200. Write for particulars to Smith-Singer Co., Glen Rock, N. J., (adjoining Ridgewood.)

Montclair, N. J.—7-room, all modern conveniences; centrally located; furnished, $45; unfurnished, $40. Keasby, 36 St. Luke's Place.

Long Island.

Garden City Estates.—Beautiful eleven-room house, completely furnished, including linen and silver; steam heat, two baths, seven bedrooms; garage; $200 monthly; no lease required. 29 Euston Road, Garden City Estates. Phone Plaza 7420.

REAL ESTATE.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Sacrifice factory property two-story brick and frame, 50x100, and shed, 50x80, on plot 100x100, near E. D. Terminal convenient to all shipping points; terms to suit; also other building sites for sale cheap. Apply Paul S. Garvey, 197 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For sale or rent.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOU are looking for a small country home, with 2 full acres of fine farm land, located not far from railroad town and beautiful lake, complete for $1,325, on easy terms, call or write at once to B. STORE, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

Your rent buys 6 rooms, bath, all improved dwelling, half hour Erie. For particulars, W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

INDUSTRIAL SITES WITH RAILROAD FACILITIES in best part of Philadelphia; good labor market and easy hauling to all parts of the city. MAURAN, DOLMAN & CO., northeast corner Broad and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia.

Real Estate for Exchange.

$15,000 equity west side flat; rents $4,100; will exchange for farm, Huntington section, Long Island. G 233 Times Downtown.

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

FARM AND COUNTRY HOME.
3 acres, fenced, 7-room house, bath, heater, driven well, barns, chicken house, near Northport Station, $5,500; owner will rent $30 monthly with option.
Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, L. I.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

NORTH CAROLINA ESTATE—FOR SALE.
Fine estate, "Lakewood," 5 miles from Fayetteville, N. C., containing 100 acre lake well stocked with bass. On good road leading to Over Hills resort. Good buildings. Railroad flag station on property. 1,275 acres at $20 if taken within 30 days. Good soil and will grow cotton, tobacco, &c. A bargain at this price. L. J. Duffy, Greensboro, N. C.

Virginia farm containing about 400 acres; 150 acres famous James River low grounds. Will produce 100 bushels corn per acre. Nine miles from Richmond, improved road to the gate. All necessary farm buildings, including modern dairy barn. House situated in magnificent grove. Convenient to churches, schools, steam and electric transportation. Healthy location and refined neighborhood. Very seldom such property is offered. Vaughan-Whitehurst Company, Inc., Richmond, Va.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Five light floors in loft building, (will rent one or all,) size 25x90; elevator; suitable for woodworking, brass finishers, metalworkers, &c.; rent reasonable; Fulton St., near Church. Apply Wollins & Bull, Inc., 45 John St.

7 EAST 54TH STREET.
25-foot, 4-story and basement house, with 3-story extension, elevator, steam heat, electric light; in the exclusive retail section. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

CORNER LOFTS, 50x200.
113-15 University Pl.
Fireproof building; passenger and freight elevator; for showrooms and workshops.
Firm L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty St.

TO LEASE.—Garage, 235 West 69th St., accommodating 17 to 20 cars; hot water supply, steam heat, and gasoline tank in building.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES.—Every facility, $16.50 and $40.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway, Room 807.

For rent, two fireproof lofts, building 50x100, choice location, Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, N. Y. City.

At 404 4th Av., (9th floor,) corner 28th St., private office, desk room, or mail privileges; excellent service.

Office, furnished, part of; telephone, typist, to a respectable tenant, at low rate. 258 Broadway, Room 622.

Finest equipped factory; machines, motors, fixtures; sublet cheap. Loft 712, 71 West 23d.

Loft, 77x44 deep, elevator, 630 1st Av.; rent $75 per month. Telephone 3015 Morningside.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, brokers' store, 25x50; $65. Mr. Ashley, Rector 9040.

Private office, deskroom, service; newly furnished. Room 308, 51 East 42d.

Desk room or part of light office. Room 1602, 31 Union Square.

Desk room, or part private office, for rent. Room 505, 1,465 Broadway.

Store, parlor floor; also skylight studios. 5 West 16th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted to buy or lease, a fully equipped woodworking plant by maker of wooden toys; state location; give list of equipment and all particulars in first letter. J 73 Times.

MORTGAGE LOANS

WANTED.—On second mortgage, $4,000 over first mortgage held by a savings bank; big equity; principals only. W. S., 205 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH ST., off 5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished apartment; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; all conveniences. Phone 5780 Vanderbilt. Kahn & McCormick, Aeolian Hall.

30TH, 5 EAST.—Sunny, entire floor, four rooms, kitchenette, bath; newly decorated.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Magnificently furnished two rooms, bath; every convenience. Murray Hill 9251. Merritt.

44TH ST., 9 EAST.—Ideal housekeeping apartment, 4 rooms and bath; $250 a month. Tel. 41 Murray Hill.

49TH, 47 EAST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Meredith.

57TH, 24 EAST.—Bachelor apartment; two well furnished large rooms and bath.

60TH, 16 EAST.—Exclusive, well-appointed two-room apartment; telephone; elevator; maid; meal service. Apt. 16. Redmond.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED
Choice localities; long, short leases.
4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1458.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

BELOW 59TH.—7 rooms, 3 baths, very handsomely furnished. Appointment, Columbus 3974.

DISTINCTIVE, artistic housekeeping apartment, complete, $150-$85 a month; references. Gramercy 728.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

HANDSOME furnished apartment on East 49th Street, 9th floor; southern exposure, three rooms and bath, large kitchen, maid's room in building; can be seen by appointment. Plaza 6424.

HANDSOME 6-room apartment, Murray Hill district; moderate. Apply 144 East 49th St.

IRVING PLACE, 77, (Gramercy Park Section.)—Two rooms and bath, furnished in good taste; nonhousekeeping, with service; meals served in rooms if desired. Apply on premises, or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 CEDAR ST. TEL. JOHN 5700.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST.
Sublet handsomely furnished 2 or 3 room corner apartment. Also single room.

TO SUBLET—Small furnished apartment; very attractive. THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

VERY EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENT in exclusive neighborhood; large living room, morning room; kitchenette, and bedroom. Telephone Plaza 2200.

Furnished—West Side.

9TH ST., 12 WEST.—Unusually attractive apartment, private house, six rooms, two baths; $1,800.

23D ST., 222 WEST, CHELSEA HOTEL.—Stockholder's apartment, No. 86, exquisitely furnished, for rent by the year; four rooms, bath, closets, and small kitchen. Apply for terms to Marsh & Wever, 42 Broadway; present tenant will show.

40TH, 24 WEST.—Handsomely furnished studio apartments, electricity, phone, $50-$60 monthly.

42D, 253 WEST.—Beautifully furnished bachelor apt., two rooms and bath, centrally located; $75; elevator and maid service. Long.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $60 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH ST., 112 WEST.—Completely furnished, high-class bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80; service. Payson McL. Merrill, 9 East 44th.

47 WEST 49TH STREET.
Two and one-room suites; private baths; also single rooms; well furnished; electricity, elevator.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; handsomely furnished. Dwyer.

54TH ST., 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsomely furnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms and bath and 3 rooms with 2 baths; sunny rooms; steam heat.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Seven sunny outside rooms; all Colonial furniture. Columbus 1377.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $55 to $90, completely furnished; satisfactory references necessary; open evenings.

70TH, 10 WEST.—Three elegantly furnished rooms, suitable for physician, also others; single or en suite.

73D, 139 WEST.—Large and small rooms; beautifully furnished; running water.

74TH, 104 WEST.—One room, kitchenette apartment; southern exposure; nicely furnished; references.

80TH, 225 WEST (Broadway).—Six rooms, two baths; corner; completely furnished; piano. Vollum.

85TH, 161 WEST.—Attractive, high-class elevator apartment, 8 exceptionally large rooms; piano; completely furnished; $150. Schuyler 4774. Lisner.

86TH ST., 302 WEST.—Circumstances occurring which leave me quite alone, I wish to sublet my apartment of four large, sunny rooms, either furnished or unfurnished. Inquire Superintendent or phone Morningside 5136. Apt. 62.

90TH, (West of Broadway,)—High-class elevator apartment, southern exposure, $115. Particulars, call 759 West End Av., corner 97th.

90'S, (WEST END.)—Six rooms, two baths; exquisitely furnished; appointment. Columbus 3974.

94TH ST., 250 WEST, (corner.)—Seven outside rooms, western exposure, splendid outlook, handsome furnishings; $250 apartment for $175.

97TH, (759 West End Av.)—High-class front room and kitchen; southern exposure; immediate possession; $55. Phone 5846 Riverside.

97TH, (West End Av.)—High-class two rooms bath, and kitchen. River. 5846.

98TH ST., (385 Central Park West.)—Apartment, well furnished, eight rooms, two baths, to rent at once. White.

112TH, 535 WEST, Hotel Royal, (near Broadway.)—3-room suite and single rooms, with private baths; references required.

116TH SUBWAY.—5 rooms, new, 2 bedrooms, handsomely furnished; details. Columbus 3974.

168TH, 601 WEST.—Six rooms, bath; all outside; overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

APARTMENT, handsomely furnished; long, short subleases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT Hunting Unnecessary; consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist. 154 West 72d. Col. 838.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments,
$35, $45, $55 $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease or unfurnished; near Subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 612. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $65-$75 monthly; 3 rooms, 2 baths, and kitchenette, $85 monthly; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

ATTRACTIVE private home apartments, west side and Washington Heights. Crescent Co., 547 West 110th, corner Broadway, (2d floor.)

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—Just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. VAN WINKLE, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

FULLY FURNISHED.—3 rooms, bath, modern, telephone, linen and silver, $45 per month. Call Superintendent, 390 Haven Ave., or 179th St. Seen any time.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS A SPECIALTY.
Town-Country Renting Agency.
200 West 72d St. Columbus 5565.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to rent, very reasonable; season or longer. Apply SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

ONE APARTMENT, 2 rooms and bath, sublease until Oct. 1, 1918, at $60 per month; this apartment is in the rear of the building; rooms all light, with every improvement. "Shropshire," 138 West 65th St. References required.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.)—Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 8 rooms facing drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440,
HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SIX ROOMS, OVERLOOKING HUDSON; $175 MONTHLY; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. APT. 103.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, (84th St.)—10 and 11 light, well-furnished rooms. Call or address W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

RIVERSIDE, (341 West 77th.)—Room, adjoining bath; also teacher's or doctor's studio.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortlandt 12064 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

Unfurnished—East Side.

4TH AV., (Corner 25th St.)—Studio, 18x24, north light, to rent, $40. Phone Madison Square 3381.

18TH ST., 140-142 EAST, Gramercy Park Section; housekeeping apartments, 7 rooms and bath, $840; 9 rooms and bath, $1,020. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Telephone 5700 John.

49TH, 47 EAST.—Unfurnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Meredith.

HIGH-CLASS NEW APARTMENTS.
59 East 34th St.; 2 rooms, bath; $70, $75.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

PARK AV., 446, (just off 57th.)—Small apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; can be leased for one year or longer at $1,000 per year. Apply premises or Plaza 6143.

Unfurnished—West Side.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 3106.

37TH ST., 52 WEST.—2 rooms and bath; steam heat, electricity, and all improvements; $52.50 to $60. MARSTON & CO., 549 5th Av. Tel. 540 Murray Hill.

65TH, 136 WEST, ("Shropshire.")—One apartment, 2 rooms and bath, all improvements, parquet floors; rent $45 a month, with lease to Oct. 1, 1918; references required.

70TH ST., 239 WEST.—Unfurnished parlor and basement floors, extension, bath; permanent tenant, quiet tastes, desired.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive 2-room suite; all improvements; maid service; high class.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2025.

82D ST., 41 WEST.—Sublet 6-room and 2 baths; new fireproof building; southern exposure. Apply on premises.

84TH, 17 WEST.—7 large, light rooms, baths, one flight up; with electric light. $65.

87TH ST., 203 WEST.—Moderate apartment of 7 rooms and bath, 3d apartment; $55. Inquire Superintendent.

90TH, 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms with kitchenette and bath.

68 WEST 107TH ST.—THE MIDETTE.
Five rooms, private halls, every convenience; high-grade service, day and night elevator and telephone service; responsible private families only; house under owner's supervision; rents $40 to $45. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

110TH, 225 WEST—DAWSON ARMS.
High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms; facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

111TH, 518 WEST—TRINITY COURT.
High-class elevator apartment, 7 rooms; parquet flooring throughout; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

160TH ST., (corner Edgecombe Av.)—To sublet, apartment, 4 large, sunny, outside rooms, 10th floor, Roger Morris elevator apartment; near subway, "L," 5th Av. bus.

BROADWAY, S. E. COR. 160TH ST.
Six, eight large, light rooms, high-class elevator, electricity; complete service; low rentals. Superintendent on premises.

CORNER APARTMENT, 9 ROOMS, also 8-room apartment, to sublet; modern, refined, high class; elevator.
WESTWOOD COURT,
435 Fort Washington Av.,
West 179th and 180th Sts.
Apply on premises. Phone St. Nicholas 9842.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 736, (151st St.)—Charming, sunny, modern apartment, six rooms, two baths; three rooms facing river; 4-C, $83.33, concession. Agent on premises. Audubon 4160.

SEE apartment house information, Page 25 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12064 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

THE BROCKHOLST,
101 WEST 85TH ST.
High-class elevator apartments, eight rooms, 1 and 2 baths, $900 to $1,500.
Superintendent, on premises.

126 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NEAR 85TH ST.—Only 1 nine-room apartment left; light; choice location.

Brooklyn.

LENOX ROAD, 177.—Sublet, exceptional four-room apartment; all outside rooms. Apt. 15. Phone Flatbush 9341.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Well-furnished apartment to May; sitting room, two bedrooms, kitchen, bath; west Amsterdam, 70th to 90th; three adults; about one fifty. G 18 Times.

Business couple want modern furnished housekeeping apartment, 4 or 5 rooms, within 45 minutes from Wall St.; best of care; assured price $75 monthly. Y 228 Times Annex.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT, large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 838.

HIGH-CLASS elevator apartment; bank and city references given. Write 759 West End Av.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Three Southern ladies desire 4-room apartment, below 50th; $50. G 25 Times.

Unfurnished.

Unfurnished apartment, between 53d and 82d Sts.; convenient to subway; large living room and bedroom, kitchen and bath; strictly modern elevator apartment; moderate rent; will lease. Mona Harmon, 233 West 107th. Apt. 8.

Two rooms, kitchen, and bath, furnished or unfurnished in high-class neighborhood, 40 minutes from Brooklyn Bridge, about $40 rent. R 230 Times Downtown.

Between Washington Square and 42d St., three rooms; kitchen, and bath; give description and price. J 158 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; all improvements; convenient; gentlemen; references; private residence.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished rooms; private bath, steam heat, electric light; board optional; references.

23D, 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suites two rooms and bath.

24TH, 122 EAST.—Two-room suite, bath adjoining, $8; quiet, refined house.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny, telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service, $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

31ST, 114 EAST.—All well-heated, attractively furnished; private bath, electricity; "apartments."

34TH, 120 EAST.—Attractive room in elevator apartment; business woman preferred. Apt. 9.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Sunny room, running water; single room; breakfast optional; references.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

56TH ST., 83 EAST.—Beautiful large room for gentlemen only; respectable French family.

62D, 34 EAST.—Room and bath for bachelor in fine, private residence; $40 monthly.

93RD, 31 EAST—Vacant Dec. 1, large, sunny front room, private house; references.

95TH, 122 EAST.—Large room above parlor in own modern private house, furnished or unfurnished. Lenox 8156.

IRVING PLACE, 14—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 640, (Apt. 7D.)—Large, light double room; one or two single rooms; steam heat, electric light, bath; elevator apartment; with or without meals.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; musical studios rented by day or hour.

MADISON AV., 174, (33D.)—Vanderbilt Studios; furnished and unfurnished; $25 up. Murray Hill 9286.

West Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Private family; comfortably furnished, warm, single room in large, quiet apartment; breakfast; references. Boyd.

9TH, 30 WEST.—Large, small rooms; 2 connecting rooms; newly furnished; decorated.

10TH ST., 51 WEST.—Rooms; suite with bath. Tea room. Chelsea 2234.

23D, 432 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; newly furnished home; also doctor's, dentist's office; fine light and appointment arrangement.

23D, 258 WEST.—Single room; $3.50; steam heat; running water; gentlemen.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large, small rooms, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

57TH, 256 WEST.—Warm, attractive, medium front room; electricity, elevator, phone; references. Starr.

57TH, 313 WEST.—Nicely furnished, desirable room; southern exposure.

57TH, 47 WEST.—Large, attractive room; continuous hot water, heat, and telephone.

57TH ST., 349 WEST.—Large and small rooms, also parlor, unfurnished.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Two comfortable single rooms; gentlemen; all conveniences; references; private home.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Exceptionally handsome large room; all conveniences; private telephone; refined home.

70TH, 219 WEST.—Front double room; electric lights and telephone service; adjoining bath; can be arranged for studio if required; $10. Phone Columbus 2721.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen, business couple.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive suite, private bath, or will divided for gentlemen.

71ST, 10 WEST.—Beautiful room in owner's residence for gentleman; heat, hot water, electricity, telephone.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; southern exposure; private; bath, steam, electricity, telephone.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable two, three bachelors; private bath; select residence.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Southern exposure; 2d floor; adjoining bath; private house.

73D, 118 WEST.—Large and single rooms; running water; southern exposure; "L" subway.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room; private bath; telephone; southern exposure.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms; near subway, elevated; references.

74TH ST., 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, ELECTRICITY, STEAM HEAT; BREAKFAST; REFERENCES.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms; exclusive house; heat; southern exposure; electricity; subway; references.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with breakfast.

75TH, 187 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, electricity; $10-$12.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

75TH, 126 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; electricity; newly furnished. 8265 Columbus.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable single, also large heated rooms, electricity, parquetry, $4.50 up.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, with dressing rooms; also small rooms; reasonable.

75TH, 102 WEST, (Apt. 61.)—Pleasant room, homelike surroundings, conveniences; gentleman. Columbus 3384.

75TH ST., West End Av.—Northeast corner, suite with bath; large sunny rooms with or without baths; reasonable.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive, large room; hot and cold running water; exclusive house.

75TH, 38 WEST.—Large and small, attractive rooms; breakfast optional; references.

76TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms, all conveniences.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, private baths; twin beds; also single rooms.

76TH, 158 WEST—Beautifully furnished, large room, with bath; piano, electricity; all conveniences.

77TH, 113 WEST.—Elegant parlor suite; also large and small rooms; adjoining and private baths; electricity; phone; subway, "L"; reasonable; private house.

77TH, 125 WEST.—Bright, comfortable; hot water heated rooms, with private family; reference.

77TH ST., 313 WEST.—Lady with refined home will sublet as studio large front parlor; southern exposure; electricity.

77TH, 314 WEST.—Large room, private bath, electricity, single room; near subway; reference.

77TH, 109 WEST.—Front parlor for rent; suitable for business; $25 per month.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house, two large rooms, connecting bath; single, en suite.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms, adjoining bath; all conveniences; well heated.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms, with or without bath; electricity; phone; references.

78TH, 326 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, large and single; private house; well heated.

78TH, 160 WEST.—Sitting room and two bed rooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; private baths, steam heat, electricity; $4.50, $12.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished, sunny rooms; all conveniences; reference.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptional room; private, modern home, facing Park; steam heat, electricity; $12; breakfast; subway, "L." Schuyler 7352.

81ST, 155 WEST.—One, two room suites; private bath, lavatory, electricity. Schuyler 2982.

81ST, 110 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large, medium; private baths; electricity; $6.50, $10, $12.

82D, 13 WEST.—Beautiful large and smaller rooms; electricity; parquet floors; board optional; mod rate. Schuyler 3955.

82D, 250 WEST—Attractive room, or suite, with every comfort; private apartment. White.

82D, 33 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated bedrooms, bath; references.

82D, 24 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, suites; private bath; electricity; refined house; references.

84TH, 332 WEST.—Attractive room; electricity and phone.

84TH, 137 WEST.—Attractive, sunny two-room suite, kitchenette, bath, steam. Smith.

85TH, 30 WEST.—Parlor, suite, suitable physician; electricity, well heated; other rooms.

85TH, 134 WEST.—Desirable room, adjoining bath; running water; electricity; $6.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Exclusive house; exceptionally beautiful room; twin beds; southern exposure.

87TH, 240 WEST.—Newly renovated residence; exceptional second floor, private bath; large single, good-sized back room; southern exposure; also 203 West 78th St.

87TH, 307 WEST.—Private house; large back parlor, bath, kitchenette; couple, bachelor; $50.

89TH, 330 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large front room, also parlor, piano; steam; electricity.

94TH ST., 700 WEST END AV.—Double, two connecting single; southern exposure; running water, shower, steam; subway express. Britten.

94TH, 20 WEST. — Attractive, light, well-heated rooms; running water; board optional; conveniences.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Attractive, well furnished single room, bath, telephone; gentlemen; $3.50.

97TH, (759 West End Av.)—High-class large front room, three windows, southern exposure; also small room, $5. River. 5846.

97TH, 256 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; every convenience. Apt. 43. Riverside 3494.

97TH, (765 West End Av.)—High-class two rooms, bath, and kitchen. River. 5846.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Elegantly furnished suite, bath; gentlemen or couple; exclusive home. Apartment 7.

101ST, 309 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Sunny front suite, or three connecting; every convenience; very desirable; business people; breakfast; home, not a furnished room. Apt. 3.

105TH, 170 WEST.—Private house, front room, lavatory; electricity; "L," subway. Academy 2667.

106TH, WEST.—Nicely furnished room; running water, electricity; $4 a week; gentleman only. Phone Academy 1936.

107TH, 202 WEST, (Apt. 1E.)—Business people; near subway and "L"; elevator apartment; all modern conveniences; private home.

108TH, 237 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive two-room suite; modern elevator apartment, to refined people. Phone Academy 790. Apt. 56.

108TH, 256 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Front room, bath, phone; $4.50; gentleman. Rogers.

109TH ST., 304 WEST, (Adjoining Broadway.)—Beautifully furnished large and small rooms; modern.

110TH ST., 616 WEST, (Apt. 62.)—Attractive room in high-class apartment for gentleman; $5.

117TH AND AMSTERDAM AV., La Porte Hotel, Opposite Columbia University Campus; 8 minutes from 42d St.; large and small rooms, suites, private baths; transients, $1 daily up; restaurant on premises.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Two complete housekeeping rooms; elevator apartment; subway; reasonable. Dent.

119TH, 422 WEST, (Iradell.)—Accommodations for transients, over Thanksgiving. Apt. 41.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Light, good-sized; $5 week. Apt. 22.

121ST ST., 501 AND 519 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Attractive all-year location; near parks, dining rooms, restaurants and Columbia University; large artistically furnished rooms, suitable for one or two persons; southern front, overlooking campus, $7, $8 weekly; eastern front, $7, $8; rear room with three windows, $6, $7; southern front (at 519), with kitchen privilege, $7.50; single room, southern front, $5; single rooms, rear, $4.50, $4; showers; parlors; room for dancing week days and evenings; board strictly optional, at cost, in co-operative dining room; Broadway subway, elevated, Riverside bus. Chaperons: at 501, Mrs. Young and Mrs. von Siller, telephone Morningside 4886; at 519, Mrs. King and Miss Williams, telephone Morningside 8790.

121ST, 523 WEST.—Double room, nicely furnished; exclusive use, well-equipped kitchen. Apt. 41.

122D, 540 WEST, corner Broadway.—Attractive outside, near Columbia; kitchen privileges. Gray.

123D ST., 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Single, double rooms; elevator apartment; $3, $4.50 week. Rose.

123D, 439 WEST.—Attractive, two-room suite; kitchen; electricity; conveniences. Apt. 16.

123D, 360 WEST.—Large, sunny and medium room; $4; good, convenient location.

140TH, 600 WEST, (Apt. 12.)—Bright room; running water; kitchen privileges; refined family; for young business woman; references.

140TH, 556 WEST, Apt. 45. — Comfortable room for business people; private family.

143D, 561 WEST (Corner Broadway.)—Newly decorated room; business gentleman; references. Apartment 83.

143D, 527 WEST.—Elegant room, modern apartment; sitting room if desired. Phone Mendoza.

143D, 501 WEST.—2 front rooms, adjoining bath, southern exposure. Apt. 27.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Hudson view; running water; $6; convenient location; evenings, 6B.

162D, 520 WEST.—Apartment, cozy, warm; no other roomers; reasonable.

188TH, 601 WEST.—Light room; near subway; elevator apartment; No. 66; phone; convenient location.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS.
302 West 22d St.
Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly; rooms for two, $3.50 weekly each.

ATTRACTIVE front room in high-class apartment on Riverside Drive, near 116th, for refined single gentlemen. Telephone Morningside 4120.

BROADWAY, 4,640.—Delightful front bedroom for lady; use of parlor and kitchen; phone, heat, electricity; reasonable. Apply Wednesday afternoon and evening; also all Sunday. Nelson, Apt. 33.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (112th.)—Desirable, well-furnished room; high-class apartment. Apartment 8.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Newly furnished rooms, en suite, cozy and attractive; all conveniences. Fryer.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 90, (Apt. 5 J.)—Attractive room or suite; exclusive home.

ONE or two rooms and exclusive use of bath; vicinity 73d St. and Central Park; breakfast optional. 5478 Columbus.

PHONE MARTIN, Times Building, 3233 Bryant; choice inspected rooms, suites; any section.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 800, at 157th St., Near Subway.—Large room, nicely furnished, adjoining bath no other roomers. Call or telephone Audubon 5520, Apartment 4C.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 859, (157th St. subway station.)—Light and warm rooms for gentlemen or couple; small private house; reasonable. Phone 8675 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 76.—Beautifully furnished rooms; single or en suite; between 79th and 80th.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (80th.)—Magnificent suite with private bath; maid service; private residence.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 82.—Double room, single room, private family. Apt. 16.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.—Large furnished studio, to share with lady; call Spring 5309, or address S 128 Times.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

WEST END AV., 611.—Large, well-furnished front room; dressing room; electric light; references; breakfast optional.

WEST END AV., 896, (103d.)—Private bath, large room; also single room, $4.

Brooklyn.

A NICE ROOM, electricity, business man preferred; private family, exclusive neighborhood, walking distance of subway. Telephone 333 Prospect.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Gentleman desires nice, comfortable suite of rooms consisting of parlor, bedroom, and private bath, or large single room, with breakfast, between 40th and 80th Sts.; congenial surroundings. E. B., 854 Broadway.

BACHELOR seeks room and bath; electricity, steam, sunshine; central location; reasonable terms; give particulars. L. D. A., F 476 Times Annex.

ROOMS LISTED, $2; 20-36 calls daily. Phone Martin, Times Bldg., 3233 Bryant.

Married couple wish room, with family, taking no other lodgers. S 138 Times.

WARM, sunny room wanted, below 42d St.; Murray Hill section preferred. F 134 Times.

Two light bedrooms, 4 adults, for Winter; vicinity west 80s, Schuyler 3995.

Unfurnished.

73D ST., WEST, (Near Riverside.)—Suite rooms, bath, single rooms; will furnish rear parlor for doctor. Columbus 3764.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

53D, 37 EAST.—Rooms, with board; references; table board.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

65TH ST., EAST.—Exceptional opportunity to enjoy the comforts of a private and refined home near Park Av. Plaza 6631.

A COUPLE WITH ELEGANT HOME, exclusive neighborhood, will accommodate gentleman or lady with large, sunny room, handsomely furnished; bath; electricity; first-class, choicest table. 783 Madison Av., (66th St.)

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly up.

West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms; excellent board; all improvements.

5TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity, switchboard; refined service.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Large and small rooms; table guests.

16 WEST 55TH ST.
Rooms with bath; table board; references.

57TH, 351 WEST.—First-class large, small; excellent table; electricity; telephone.

58TH, 46 WEST.—Large, small, single rooms; private bath; excellent home table; references.

59TH ST., 41, 43, 45 WEST—Elevator. MADISON ARMS.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful furnished room, southern exposure; private bath, electricity; Southern cooking; suit particular people desiring refined home.

69TH, 41 WEST.—Large front room; bay window, kitchenette; smaller room; maid service.

72D, 318 WEST. — Exclusive Pension, two large connecting rooms, with private baths, single or en suite; excellent table.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 266 WEST.—Fine location; attractive, warm rooms; excellent Southern cooking; references.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; with board; table guests accommodated.

75TH, 234 WEST—The Hurlburt; large, sunny room, private bath; steam heat.

75TH, 155 WEST.—Desirable double room with board.

75TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive, large room; excellent table; Southern cooking; table guests.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive, large, well-heated room, second floor; excellent table.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny room, bath adjoining; steam; excellent cuisine; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

80TH, 143 WEST.—One large, one medium room; electricity; homelike surroundings; references.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; private baths; excellent cuisine; phone.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 128-130 WEST.—Very desirable, large room, private bath, with board.

83D, 25 WEST.—Large, sunny, connecting rooms, second floor, private bath, steam, electricity; homelike surroundings; family, few adults; Vienna cooking; table guests accommodated. Schuyler 8227.

85TH, 76 WEST—Private family can accommodate one-two business gentlemen; beautiful parlor, bedroom adjoining, handsomely furnished in mahogany and leather; excellent cuisine. Schuyler 8831.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Attractive, double, front rooms; splendid location; excellent table; homelike.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, newly furnished, bath adjoining; unexcelled Jewish table; reasonable table guests accommodated. Riverside 9793.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Very desirable double and single rooms, with adjoining bath, for 2, 3, or 4 people; newly furnished; refined Jewish family; excellent table; reasonable rates. Tel. Riverside 6926.

91ST, 66 WEST.—Desirable rooms; excellent home cooking; table guests; reasonable rates.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Unusually large room, private bath, suitable for 2 or 3 people; service and surroundings unequalled.

120TH, 110 WEST.—Large parlor; small, refined Jewish boarding house; German cooking; conveniences.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740.—Large room, facing Drive; private family; refined surroundings; first-class board. 6B. 4370 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 548.—Refined home, for lady or gentleman. Apt. 5B.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables.
Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness.
Social Parlors, Smoking Rooms, Comforts.
Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV.
174 West 126th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking, convenient.

WEST END AV., 693, (94th.)—Large front, back rooms, private bath; also suite; automatic elevator; references; table guests.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York City.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

Westchester County.

Delightful Fall, Winter home, near White Plains; 45 min. 42d St.; private park; low rates. Booklet. Mt. House, Valhalla, N. Y.

New York State.

ADIRONDACKS.
Can accommodate people of refinement, four adults, in modern private cottage, on lake; 1,500 feet el., near station; electricity; sun parlor; family cuisine; milk, cream, eggs, from farm; Winter sports; $28 per week; references. Mountain View House, Mt. View, N. Y. (Franklin Co.)

New England.

SPEND THE WEEK-ENDS
or spend the Winter in beautiful country home, one hour New York; large, sunny rooms, with, without private bath; delicious meals; garage, sun parlor, fine view; near station. For accommodations write 180 Field Point Road, Greenwich, Conn.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG Belgian, (Jewish,) desires board, room, between 70th and 120th Sts., near trains; breakfasts, suppers; will pay $10. A 276 Times Downtown.

BY THREE ADULTS, two rooms and board in apartment; British family preferred; West Seventies or Eighties. S 147 Times.

RESPONSIBLE Jewish business man wants table board; high-class boarding house; vicinity 72d, west; give details. S 124 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1916, little used; $550 cash; good running order. Geo. O. Linberg, 101 Beekman St., city.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET.
Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 touring, Little Six, $775. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

BUICK little six runabout; first real cash offer takes it. 1,930 Broadway.

A CADILLAC SPECIAL.
1917 COUPE, 8-cyl., 4-pass.; inside drive.
1917 TOURING, Model 55, 8-cyl., 7-pass.; overhauled and repainted a beautiful maroon.
1916 TOURING, Model 53, 8-cyl., 7-pass.; overhauled and repainted.
1915 RUNABOUT, beautiful mechanical condition.
Telephone Mulberry 3240.

CADILLAC "8" LIMOUSINE
Very handsome body; exceptional condition both in appearance and mechanically; shoe equipment excellent; open to mechanical inspection and demonstration any time; on exhibition at the Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Ave., cor. Franklin Ave., Brooklyn.

Cadillac 1917 Convertible Sedan; 3,900 miles.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC "17" limousine, run 7,000 miles, exceptional condition, many extras, tires, two bumpers, shock absorbers, slip covers, &c.; like new; sell cheap. S 130 Times.

CADILLAC TOWN CAR.
Landau limousine, commodious body; private exclusively; cost $3,500. Hobness, 305 West 79th.

CADILLAC 1917 limousine; excellent condition; sacrifice; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC landaulet 1917, excellent condition; lady leaving city; no dealers. Columbus 7161.

CADILLAC 1916 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

CADILLAC, eight-cylinder touring; like new; $750. 1,930 Broadway.

CADILLAC LIMOUSINE. PERFECT CONDITION; $550. 305 WEST 59TH.

CHALMERS Limousine, 7 pass., Model "18"; motor, tires, and general condition excellent; painted dark blue; car very suitable for private, funeral or renting purposes; price very reasonable; must sell at once.
THE LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA,
West 61st Street, near Broadway.
Telephone Columbus 7750.

CHALMERS, 1916, 6-cylinder cabriolet; electric lights guaranteed; bargain. Garage, 807 West 44th St. Bryant 5149.

CHANDLER TOWN CAR; SPECIAL BODY; PRACTICALLY NEW; WIRE WHEELS; SACRIFICE. PHONE 2624 SCHUYLER. NO DEALERS.

CHANDLER 17 touring, with Winter top; splendid condition; will sacrifice. E. H. Loewus, 2,400 Concourse. Telephone Fordham 2588.

CHANDLER, with Winter and Summer top; bargain. 305 West 59th St.

CHEVROLET Royal Mail roadster, late '16, electric starter, &c.; tires practically new; full equipment; A1 condition; seen any time. Phone Flatbush 7745, Apt. D.

COLE 1917 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

COLE, semi-roadster; perfect condition; must have cash. 1,930 Broadway.

DELAUNAY Belleville brougham, 6 cylinder, 19 h. p.; beautiful, ideal town car; newly painted; perfect condition; electric lights, &c.; bargain. Bord, 114 West 50th St.

FIAT "30" Fleetwood Touring; latest importation. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

FIAT LIMOUSINE, overhauled and repainted; $900. 305 West 59th St.

FORD touring car, fully equipped, plenty extras, $200; a five-passenger Maxwell touring, $225; also Overland touring, self-starter, price $275; a Hudson 6-cylinder touring, self-starter, big bargain, $325; a 5-passenger Pope Hartford touring, self-starter, $300. Can be seen. Eastern Brewery, 205 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 3484 Stagg.

FRANKLIN TOURING, 1915; very good condition; extra shoe; spotlight and bumper. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,860 B'way.

HUDSON coupe, 1917, 3-passenger; guaranteed in perfect condition; ideal car for physician; has run about 6,000 miles; no dealers; private parties only. For price, demonstration, L. Durant, 50 East 42d; Murray Hill 1539.

HUDSON super-six 1917, 7-passenger touring car, must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Co., Broadway, at 70th St.

HUDSON Raceabout, 1917; very classy car; make offer. Alexander Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

HUDSON Super Six Sedan like new. Auto Electric Service, 245 West 55th.

HUDSON, latest model, Super Six limousine; condition like new. Phone Columbus 8963.

HUPMOBILE Sedan, 1917 late; 5,000 miles; make offer. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

LANCIA LIMOUSINE, 1916.
35 H. P.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AVE. PLAZA 4837.

LANCIA Raceabout. — Late model; very snappy; $650. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

LIMOUSINE BODY.—Latest model; almost new; fits any standard car; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

LOCOMOBILE limousine, original cost $5,700; $1,000 to quick buyer; all new tires. 305 West 59th St.

MACK A. C., new bulldog type, 5½-ton dumper; bargain. D. B., Times Harlem.

MARMON landaulet, 1917, cost $4,600; has run in town about 4,000 miles; new steering knuckles have been adjusted; has been entirely overhauled and put in perfect order. Inquire Miss Mabel Choate, 8 East 63d St. Telephone Plaza 5259.

MARMON 1917 landaulet, overhauled and newly painted dark blue. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1917 landaulet, also touring and roadster bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1916 five-passenger sedan. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MERCEDES, 1914 MODEL.
Beautiful touring car, in perfect condition; cost $8,500; cheap for cash. Phone owner for demonstration, Columbus 8599, or call 1,926 Broadway, Room 600; real bargain.

MERCER SPEEDSTERS, (two,) one arranged for top and windshield equipment; bargain quick cash. E. C., 435 Times.

MERCER Raceabout 1914, self-starter; want offer; overhauled. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1913 touring, six cylinder, $250; excellent condition. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,860 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917, five-passenger touring; leaving city. 1,930 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1916, COUPE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

OVERLANDS, WILLYS KNIGHTS.
OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED CARS.
SOLD BY THE MANUFACTURER.
ALL MODELS, CLOSED AND OPEN.
Priced exceptionally low for quick sales.
Also some good bargains in other makes.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway and 50th St. Open evenings.
Write for Used Car Bulletin.

OWEN Magnetic 1917 brougham-landaulet; like new. H. H., 80 Times.

PACKARD. — Must sacrifice immediately practically new limousine, splendid condition throughout; sacrifice $500; also National light 7-passenger touring car; absolutely mechanically perfect; $400; used private exclusively. Private Garage, 32 Lexington Av., near 23d St.

PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Limousine.—Also landaulet car, 2-38; very good condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

PACKARD chummy roadster, twin six, 4-passenger, 1917 model; run less than 5,000 miles. G. J. L., 48 Times.

PACKARD 1915 "3-38" limousine, newly painted; excellent condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD 1916 Twin-Six limousine, fine condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 B'way.

PAIGE-DETROIT 5-passenger touring; fine condition; new tires, one extra, two tubes; $500. Gumbinner, 67 West 57th St.

PIERCE ARROW.
TO SETTLE ESTATE.
Pierce Arrow "48" Limousine, in beautiful condition, upholstery and equipment without mark or mar; price $3,500; used 8 months; cost $6,500.
Limousine body, new last year; was used only four months; cost $2,000; will sell for $600; will fit any standard chassis, such as Simplex, Peerless, Hudson, etc.
Mercer raceabout, 1914, Series 35J; will guarantee 75 miles per hour; this car is in wonderful condition; price $1,400.
Chalmers Master "6" runabout, with extra seat in the rear deck; very fast, powerful, easy riding car; price $700.
Will demonstrate any of the above cars.
FREEHOLD MOTOR CO.,
Freehold, N. J.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

PIERCE-ARROW 1914, "38" landaulet; perfect condition; bargain. Telephone Hansen, 348 Rector.

PIERCE-ARROW "38" Limousine.—Electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) limousine, 38 h. p.
CADILLAC (1916) sedan, like new.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

RENAULT 1916 LIMOUSINE.
30 H. P.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AVE. PLAZA 4837.

RENAULT, 20-30, limousine car in beautiful condition; will sell for $500; can be seen at O'Donohoe's, 224 West 57th.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916.
Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH three-passenger roadster; two spare wheels, tires, tubes; motometer; mirrofscope, clock, and skid chains; excellent condition; $325 if bought immediately. Tremont 5652.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe, month old; 500 mileage; paid $1,485; sold highest bidder. Phone Rector 672.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, four-passenger roadster, $750. Brenner, 1,776 Broadway. 351 Columbus.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1917; large type; sell reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1915; make offer. 1,930 Broadway.

SCRIPPS 1917 Coupe; like new; bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SEDAN.—Embargo has prevented shipment abroad of brand-new 7-passenger sedan, made by well-known motor car manufacturer; this car can be bought at $600 under present list from manufacturer with usual guarantee. Address X 376 Times Annex.

SEDAN KISSEL, six-forty-two, Springfield body, Westinghouse shock absorbers, wire wheels; mechanical condition perfect; used very little. R 244 Times Downtown.

SEDAN, 1918 model; run 3,000 miles; guaranteed same as new car; $975. Lexington Used Car Department, Circle 1872.

SIMPLEX for sale, 38, mechanically perfect, Holbrook Landaulet Body; newly painted and upholstered; Westinghouse Shock Absorber. Astor Garage, 267 West 87th St., top floor.

SIMPLEX.—A classy late Simplex raceabout, 38-50 H. P., perfect condition; very fast; no dealers need apply. Mr. Carl Nim, Craigie Co., 1 Wall St., N. Y.

SIMPLEX, 38, shaft drive, seven-passenger; Holbrook touring body; must sell this fine car at once. 1,930 Broadway.

S. G. V. Brougham, show car, 3,000 miles; many extras. Alexander Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

S. G. V. Coupe Special; beautiful car; make offer. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

STEARNS-KNIGHT brougham landaulet; "8 cylinder" 1916 model, with all 1917 improvements installed; imported linings, bronze fixtures and vanity cases, Circassian walnut paneling; interior renovated; newly painted royal blue and black; has the appearance of a new car; sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE. Stearns Used Car Department, (J. H. Driscoll, Manager,) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Has been used so little, can't be told from new; full electric equipment; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

STEARNS limousine landaulet, new, 7-passenger, 8-cylinder; reasonable. 225 West 66th.

STUDEBAKER 3-passenger runabout, series 17; elegant condition; can be seen or demonstrated any time; reasonable. Osmund Apartment 1140, Pacific Street, Brooklyn; phone Prospect 2800.

STUDEBAKER 1917 7-passenger touring; detachable all-glass Winter top; run less than 5,000 miles; $750. J 50 Times.

STUTZ 1917 Speedster, 2 pass.; 16-valve motor, excellent wire wheels, tire 32x4½, fine condition; 1 extra wire wheel with mounted tire and cover; painted yellow; very attractive car; right price.
THE LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA,
West 61st Street, near Broadway.
Telephone Columbus 7750.

STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1915 H. C. S. SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1917, 16-valve speedster, also Bulldog; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

STUTZ 1916 Bulldog Special; very fine. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

WESTCOTT 1916 touring, seven passenger; run less than 10,000 miles; good as new. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,860 B'way.

WESTCOTT 4-passenger 1917 roadster; excellent condition; bargain price. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,860 Broadway.

WHITE LIMOUSINE, 1917.
MILEAGE 5,000.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AVENUE. PLAZA 4837.

WILLYS-KNIGHT brougham; will sacrifice this elegant car for $700. 1,930 Broadway.

WINTON.—Exceptionally fine opportunity; elegant 6-cylinder limousine, mechanically perfect, ready for immediate use; only run 8,000 miles; sacrifice immediately, $400; electric equipment. Private garage, 32 Lexington Av., near 23d.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Brougham Sedan.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
HUDSON LIMOUSINE.
LOCOMOBILE 6-38 LIMOUSINE.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 BUICK TOURING.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1917 BUICK ROADSTER.
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "0" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

"WHITE" USED CARS,
Also other well-known makes
touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., M. R. Greene, Mgr.

AT PUBLIC AUCTION, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 28, 10:30 A. M., at 1,579-1,583 Dean St., Brooklyn, fifteen FIRST-CLASS MOTOR TRUCKS, up to 5-ton, also RUNABOUTS, TOURING CARS, &c. B. Waller, auctioneer.

BEST OFFER takes high-class $3,000 touring car, ran only 15,000 miles, in first-class condition in every way. Inquire for Mr. Adams' car at Mott Haven Garage, 139th St. and 3d Av.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars. Limousine bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body. 20th Century Co., 1,790 Broadway, cor. 54th.

BODY FOR LIMOUSINE.—Will fit a Stearns or any standard chassis. ELITE, 136 West 52d St. Circle 6118.

Automobiles for Rent.

Attractive rental service. — Pierce-Arrow Packards. Special rates monthly. Polite liveried chauffeurs. Egidi, 123 W. 52d. Circle 774.

CADILLAC.—Beautiful 1917 Cadillac limousine for hire monthly. 160 West 101st St. Telephone Riverside 1128. O'Brien.

CADILLAC limousine, very stylish, hourly; monthly preferred; very reasonable. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

CLASSY limousine, 1917, $2.50 hourly, visiting, shopping; experienced chauffeur. Nolan, Bryant 3916.

FORD delivery or touring, and my services; excellent references. A 234 Times Downtown.

OLDSMOBILE brougham town car, latest model, Winter season; owner drives; beautiful outfit. Mitchell, West 67th Garage, Columbus 867.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD - CHALMERS. — Leaving town, would rent my beautiful Packard-Chalmers limousine, with or without chauffeur; responsible party. Phone Riverside 3617.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS. — Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD Landaulette for rent, any way you desire. Phone "Micker," Columbus 2239.

Automobile Supplies.

HANDSOME pair bear robes; also two beautiful plush robes, gentleman's fur-lined overcoat; also chauffeur's fur coat; perfect condition; no cash offer refused. Private Stable, 146 East 39th, near Lexington Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Automobiles Wanted.

FORD wanted, No. 2097084, 1917, touring, stolen 27th inst. $50 reward will be paid for information resulting in its recovery. E. D. B. Walton & Son, 95 William St., New York City.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Motor Trucks.

PACKARD 2-ton trucks, with 12-foot express bodies, for sale; good condition and terms to responsible buyers. Interborough Transfer Company, 406 West 45th St. Bryant 8930.

One-ton trucks built to order in lots of six or more at factory prices. America's best-known units and expert workmanship; broadest possible guarantee. Address C. M., 73 Times.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Teugh, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

DEAD STORAGE for automobiles and bodies; rates reasonable. Ansonia Storage Warehouse, 137 West 99th St.

DEAD STORAGE.—AUTOMOBILES. 310-312 WEST 143D ST. AUDUBON 3575.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATOR and experienced filing specialist; excellent references; salary, $18. S 139 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert double entry; controlling accounts; eight years' experience; executive ability; capable take full charge; $22. A 278 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced, now employed large import and export house, wishes to make change; A1 reference. G 241 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, desires connect with commercial concern; four years' experience. R 234 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (20;) four years' experience; accustomed to controlling accounts; salary $18. Write L. B., 240 Times Downtown.

CARETAKERS.—Man and wife, take charge apartment house, club, or private house; first-class caterers' cooking, and best references; just disengaged. L. G., 203 East 60th.

CHAMBERMAID. — Girl wishes position in private family. Sullivan, 2,191 8th Av.

COOK, colored, wishes position, small family. Thomas, 236 West 64th. Apt. 38.

DRESSMAKER.—Artistic, expert fitter, street, dinner, dancing frocks; remodeling, out, home preferred. Kelly, 873 6th Av. Circle 1158.

ENGLISH GENTLEWOMAN gives lessons in knitting; any address; also economical cooking. Diplomee Edinburgh College of Cookery.

FILE CLERK.—Experienced file clerk wishes position; thoroughly familiar with all systems; best references. Address K 244 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS, COMPANION, HOUSEKEEPER.—Teacher will act in either capacity after 3 o'clock in return for good home; school lessons, piano. Address "Superior," Times Harlem.

GOVERNESS.—Young woman of refinement and education wishes position as tutor or governess with a family going South for the Winter; references exchanged. Y 203 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Middle-aged French woman, boy 12, desires position, small family of business people; no washing; good cook; references. Mrs. Henri, 224 East 50th.

HOUSEWORK.—Young woman desires home with English people; small wages. G 26 Times.

LADY'S MAID.—Swiss; reference. Call, 2 to 4. Reeber, 533 West 145th St.

MANUFACTURERS' AGENT.
Wounded and out of the war, 30 years of age, aggressive, with best references and guarantees, and extensive connections in commercial circles of Paris, speaks and writes English, desires to represent active American manufacturer or firm in Paris. Write to E. H. Barthelemy, 24, Rue Richer, Paris, France.

MASSEUSE wishes position with masseuse or maid. 149 East 51st St.

NURSE.—Lady recommends English nurse to take full charge of children not over 5 years; country preferred; $45. Write E. Wilson, 135 Central Park West.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, with knowledge of stenography, bookkeeping; downtown permanent position; $9. R 237 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, filing, switchboard, generally useful; American; $9. R 226 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER.—College woman, experienced secretary-stenographer; energetic, efficient. G 14 Times.

REFINED WOMAN take care of few children, age 3 or 4 years, mornings, outdoors. J 161 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Extra pair of hands, eyes, and ears for some one who needs them; secretary-stenographer, capable handling correspondence without dictation; now employed; minimum salary $1,300 yearly; can come to New York for interview evenings or Saturday afternoon. G 30 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, correspondent, bookkeeper, office manager; excellent references; salary $18. A 285 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with 4 years' experience seeks position where neat, quick, and accurate work can be appreciated, also capable office assistant; excellent references. S. C., 1,465 45th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER — SECRETARY. — Ten years' experience advertising, mail order; artwork, engraving, printing expert; write copy; extremely capable. W. F., Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER; refined American; high school graduate; experienced, neat, accurate; excellent references; $15. E. J., 273 Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, expert, wishes part-time position. For further particulars address P. Sbarron, 646 Hopkinson Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, educated business woman; ten years' experience, high-class lines; $18-$20. Chenhall, 52 7th Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Refined thoroughly competent, having ten years' business experience. A 243 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; six years' experience; competent, reliable; $15. A. F., Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; $10; experienced, accurate. Anne Silver, 202 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER AND DICTAPHONE OPERATOR: first-class experience; references. P 363 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Typewriter, Bookkeeper. —Beginner; neat, accurate; moderate salary. Stenographer, 133 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced desires position reputable concern; $16. R 236 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, high school graduate; $15. M. B. Alexander, 471 East 140th.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, experienced; operate switchboard; salary $12. B. G., 132 West 112th St.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; American; several years' references; legal, commercial; accurate; $20. R 241 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; academic education; efficient; executive ability; $18. R 247 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Educated, experienced, competent, executive ability; $18. G 29 Times.

SWITCHBOARD.—Young lady; Christian; 7 years' experience; rapid and accurate; excellent references. Telephone Riverside 9211.

TEACHER, college graduate; public school methods, all branches; coaching. Expert. Times Harlem.

TUTOR.—Woman, Christian, of mature experience in teaching and training of children, offers her services as private tutor; highest possible references. Address M. P., 3 West 74th St.

TYPIST. — Well-educated young woman, American, beginner as typist. De Nanny, 215 West 12th.

YOUNG WOMAN, good education, intelligent, refined, speaking French, wishes a position any kind where experience is not necessary; willing to take small salary to begin with; chance of advancement. Moeller, 113 West 57th St.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

F. X. GOGGIN Agency, 200 B'way.—Registered free; electrical designers, engineers, inspectors, draftsmen, stenographers, ledger clerks, clerks, boys.

COOKS, Waitresses, Chambermaids, Nurses, Houseworkers. — Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Agency, 329 West 59th.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway; registered free; many superior office positions.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 482 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ABLE EXECUTIVE,
28, exempt, married, thorough business man, seeks executive or advisory capacity; exceptional correspondent; writes result-getting collection and sales promotion letters; also accounting and selling experience. C. C., 78 Times Annex.

ACCOUNT WAR CONDITIONS must evacuate present employment; experienced office man, successful salesman, staple and specialty lines; English, French, German, Italian; highly recommended; bond furnished; prefer working Northern Jersey territory. For appointment write Box 88, Mahwah, N. J., or phone 297 Suffern. A 275 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, office manager, 29; exempt; lately manager of accounting department; knowledge foreign exchange; ledger card systems; handling help; good correspondent, systematiser, organizer; not ordinary plugger; salary, $2,500. P 355 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER.
Mechanical manufacturing experience, accounting, cost, auditing, time study, shop routing, financial and statistical statements; thorough executive, highest credentials, age 37; salary $2,250. F 115 Times.

ACCOUNTANT — Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT—Expert; books audited, trial balance, monthly audits $5 up. A 267 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT AUDITOR or junior accountant; young man, (23,) draft exempt; experienced bookkeeper and correspondent; good education. R 239 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (40,) able, efficient, 20 years' manufacturing experience, credits and collections, desires responsible position; 7 years last concern; moderate. R 233 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) 3 years' experience, would like to connect with a well established concern; best references. S 129 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced, capable of taking entire charge of the books, desires position; clerical position in a bank preferred; references A1. S 141 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, import man, (27,) exempt, first class references, of good address, education, desires position. G 17 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Cashier, Buyer, Salesman.—Man, 36, executive ability, desires position. A 227 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger, sales, payroll; American; age 25; salary reasonable; competent. G 16 Times.

BOOKS posted, trial balances taken; experienced man; any line. A 294 Times Downtown.

BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT.
Position wanted by man capable of superintending large buildings; several years' experience making repairs, buying supplies, handling employes; capable of taking position of maintenance superintendent for estate; licensed engineer; thorough knowledge of elevators and other machinery used in high-class buildings; American citizen; best of references. A 290 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, useful man, Japanese; could drive automobile. 330 East 57th. Giro.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family, American, white; single; long experience in city driving high-class cars; careful, sober, polite; good machinist. S 114 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes private position on twin-six Packard, Cadillac, Marmon; 5 years' shop experience, 4 years driving; best references. J. Berger, 354 East 55th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Laying up car for Winter, wish to place my chauffeur; first-class man in every respect; A1 mechanic. B. Jalkut, 40 West 20th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 18 years' experience; temperate; first-class mechanic. Thomas, 93 West End Av. Columbus 9297.

CHAUFFEUR.—Careful driver; abstainer; married; go anywhere; excellent references. R 61 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 8½ years' experience, wishes commercial position. John Monforte, 209 West 20th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 37, married, 16 years' experience; expert driver, mechanic; excellent references. Man, 56 W. 93d. Riverside 7830 J.

CHAUFFEUR needs position; careful driver; own repairs; best references. Fox, 216 W. 143d St. Phone Audubon 218.

CHAUFFEUR.—Useful, careful driver; good mechanic; references. Leppanen, 2,010 5th Av.

CREDIT MAN or assistant, (25,) wideawake, university graduate, accountant, correspondent. R 243 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—RIPE EXPERIENCE; CORRESPONDENCE, CREDITS, ADVERTISING; ALIVE, ADAPTABLE; RECORD A1. F 123 TIMES.

EXPORT TRADE.—Young man, best references, long experience as correspondent and buyer, knowing well bookkeeping, &c., speaking and writing fluently French and Portuguese, some knowledge of Spanish, seeks some other position because forced to leave present mployment by new zone rules. Kindly address Box 326 Times, 2 Rector St.

INTELLIGENT, ambitious, and with good references; desires position with reliable concern; position with advancement. G 24 Times.

MAN, 27, qualified to take charge office or represent out-of-town firm or salesman; executive ability; bookkeeper, correspondent, systematizer. S 140 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, at present employed in maintenance department of large manufacturing concern, desires position with shipbuilding company, preferably near New York. M. G., 30, 1,513 3d Av.

MEDICAL INDUSTRIAL SUPERVISION.
Physician, experienced, highest references, executive capacity, familiar with medical industrial affairs, desires charge medical activities of concern employing labor on large scale. S 142 Times.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.—(Expert;) eight years' experience; at present in charge of multigraph department large corporation; capable supervising department, including multigraphing, addressograph, stock printing, stationery. G 31 Times.

OFFICE MAN, 11 years' experience, capable, accurate, desires office work evenings, 5 or 6 hours; references. R 235 Times Downtown.

PRODUCTION MAN.—All types internal combustion motors; eleven years' experience; qualified to act as department manager or foreman; now employed; desires to locate with firm on Government work. G 23 Times.

REAL ESTATE or insurance man, (38,) with banking experience, thoroughly competent, desires position. Box 213, Roonton, N. J. Telephone 498-W.

REFINED, EDUCATED MAN, age 49, offers part or all his time for responsible work, with or without use of his attractive 5th Av. office; 25 years' contact with men and women from workmen to millionaires, in a high-class business is the experience offered. Efficient. S 137 Times.

SALESMAN, Christian, (28,) 7 years' selling education, clean cut, well educated, desires connection with responsible concern. Charles G. Gilson, 2,114 Caton Av., B'klyn.

SALESMAN.—Experienced travelling man, with good sales record, desires to make connections for next year; at present employed; good references. A 78 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced, with executive ability, wishes to connect with a reliable company, where results will be appreciated. J 124 Times.

SALESMAN, 8 years' experience in dry goods, calling on domestic and linen buyers, desires connection established concern. G 22 Times.

SALESMAN wants specialty line for city or Florida. G 34 Times.

SALES MANAGER or salesman, (40,) experienced in steam, mine, mill, and plumbing supplies, knowledge of bookkeeping, credits, good correspondent, open for high-grade position; best of references. Y 245 Times Annex.

SALES MANAGER, successful record, personal producer, seeks connection with firm that wants young man with ability. S 133 Times.

SCHOOL TEACHER, resigning Dec. 1, looking for real opportunity; aged 30 years; exempted. J 162 Times.

SECRETARIAL MANAGER, (32,) thoroughly experienced; American; exceptional correspondent, stenographer, executive. A 77 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Foreman 10 years with export house, expert packer, marker, executive ability; now employed. S 143 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — College man, executive ability, initiative, fine personality; $20. R 245 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; well educated, rapid, accurate; neat, willing worker; $12. Mr. M., 1605 Candler Building. Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER, (30.)—Ten years' experience; exempt; permanent position; $25. R 213 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST — Experienced young man desires morning or afternoon work. S 118 Times.

YOUNG MAN, tall, husky, clever and foxy, desires connection with detective bureau, department store, or commercial concern; references. Charles Larsen, 329 Chester St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) college graduate, exempt, speaks Spanish, French, capable correspondent, office worker, knowledge of statistics, well recommended, practical, adaptable, resourceful, seeks employment. A 277 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) seeks position; can add and multiply on comptometer and attend to office details in general. Address Paul Doring, 127 Fort Greene Place, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, married, experience traveling salesman, sales correspondent, familiar with purchasing department work, desires suitable connection. A 287 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, college graduate, wishes position. R 212 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) well educated, ambitious, desires position junior mechanical draftsman. H. Heinse, 185 Wegman Parkway, Jersey City.

YOUNG MAN, well mannered and good education, desires to establish himself with reliable concern where good future is reward for faithful service. S 127 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21; three years' experience stock shipping; $16; reference. M. S., 200 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, well educated, adaptable, desires learn advertising business. F 475 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS.
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
SALESWOMEN.
We require saleswomen for our art embroidery, camera, candy, glove, lining, notion, shoe, stationery, and umbrella departments; can also place saleswomen in all departments throughout the store, presenting an opportunity to women, without experience, to learn salesmanship and be paid while learning, and when proficient to become part of our regular staff. Apply to Superintendent.
ALSO
Department of wrapping.
Require several young girls to wrap parcels, experience not necessary. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, Subway Floor, Central Building.

ADDRESSERS wanted by large publishing house; must be experienced; $8 weekly and bonus. Apply Miss Carlock, 326 Hudson St., New York City.

ADDRESSER (young lady) wanted in office of publishing company, to address envelopes and wrappers and make herself generally useful. Salary, $7. Address, "Willing," P. O. Box 654, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must have good knowledge of accounting; only Americans capable of commanding $25 per week need apply. Box F. H., 104 East 14th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accustomed to handling a large number of accounts, checking remittances, and trial balance; state salary. A 283 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant and stenographer, capable of composing own letters; state salary desired. T. U. S., 166 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT —. EXPERIENCED; REFERENCES REQUIRED. S. H. KAHN & CO., 225 5TH AV.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced in lace house preferred. J. R. Waist & Dress Co., 96 Spring.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; must be experienced in import and export detail; state salary and references. J 59 Times.

CLERK, manufacturing concern; good chance for advancement in cost department for capable and efficient worker; state age, reference, and salary expected. K 249 Times Downtown.

COMPANION, &c.—Wanted, for large suburban boarding house, an intelligent woman as companion and working housekeeper; good position. A 281 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER, first-class. The Grey Tone Shop, 2,464 Broadway.

EIGHT GIRLS, including singers, dancers, banjo players, for vaudeville act. G 19 Times.

FILING CLERK for position out of town with manufacturing firm; state age, nationality, and salary desired. S 134 Times.

FOLDERS and inserters on circular work. Apply 9th floor, 222 West 39th.

GIRLS to do clerical work. Apply Miss Carlock, Butterick Publishing Co., Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York City.

GIRLS, 15-20 years of age, for stock work and order filling; large mail order house; experience unnecessary. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L"

GIRL, 16 YEARS OR OVER, AS ASSISTANT IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS CONCERN. K 216 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GIRLS, familiar with printing, wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., at their Bronx plant.

GIRLS to address envelopes; rapid penman wanted. Review of Reviews, 30 Irving Pl.

GIRL to do typewriting and general office work. R 242 Times Downtown.

GOOD COOK wanted for small family living in apartment at Madison Av., near 27th St., to cook four afternoons a week, from 4 to 8. Address Sulberg, 227 Fulton St.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl for general housework; basement floor only. Address or call 146 West 70th St.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT,
(BACTERIOLOGICAL.)
SALARY $600.
Candidates must be at least 18 years of age, who have acquaintance with routine work of bacteriological laboratories and familiar with making of slides, preparation of vaccines, the preparation of media, and the care of various laboratory equipment. Subjects and weights: Duties, 6; experience, 4. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, until Dec. 6, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT, (CHEMICAL.) SALARY $600.
Candidates at least 18 years of age who have had acquaintance with the routine work of an assistant in a chemical laboratory. Subjects and weights: Duties, 6; experience, 4. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Dec. 6, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

LADY'S MAID wanted for middle-aged lady; one who can read and write and do good sewing and make herself generally useful; age 30-35; personal city references required. Call after 9 A. M., H. Littman, 1 West 85th.

MAID.—Wanted, white maid for general housework; must be good cook and best of reference; Finnish or Swedish preferred. Call Room 1401, 1 Liberty St., N. Y., or write 123 Murray Av., Ridgewood, N. J.

MANAGER.—A bright woman wanted to take charge of a theatre candy store to work on salary and commission; 8 hours a day, 7 days a week; highest recommendation necessary. Address Cummeen, 227 Fulton St.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN.
GOOD POSITION FOR YOUNG WOMEN WITH MECHANICAL DRAWING EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS, STATING AGE AND SALARY DESIRED, TO A. H. C., 463 WEST ST., CITY.

OFFICE and CLERICAL WORK — Large mail order house requires a number of young ladies, 15-20 years of age, for office; steady position; excellent opportunity for advancement; public, parochial or high school graduate preferred. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Manufacturing concern; good chance for advancement in cost department for capable and efficient workers; state age, references, salary expected, &c. K 250 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMEN.—Educated, refined women, with some sales experience, wanted to represent the Encyclopaedia Britannica Co. in New York City and surrounding towns; must be at least 25 years of age; thorough training given; leads furnished; commission basis. 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESWOMAN.—Over 21; bright, quick, intelligent; must possess REAL selling ability; good position for the right party in Wilke's Cigar and Pipe Store, 287 Broadway.

SALESWOMAN, with following, one familiar with exclusive trade; gowns; salary and commission. "Exclusive," Y 216 Times Annex.

STENCIL proof readers and filers, pin parchment stencils; permanent; $9 start. McCall's Magazine, 236 West 37th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced female stenographer, thoroughly experienced, required by a prominent real estate concern specializing in the management and leasing of business properties; applicant must be familiar with the preparation of leases, contracts, and understand the general routine of a busy office; good opportunity to the right party. In replying state age, religion, details of experience, and salary required. X. Y. Z., Box 21 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady about 25 years old, as secretary to President of a large Newark corporation; must be rapid stenographer and neat and accurate typist; replies must state age, experience, salary desired, religion, and nationality. Address Secretary, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER for wholesale house; only those thoroughly experienced need apply; permanent position; good chance for advancement; state age, experience, references, and salary expected. J 174 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, with good schooling, age 20, wanted by large corporation; good advancement, hours, and surroundings. J. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Experienced; knowledge bookkeeping, filing, &c.; prefer one who has had a mercantile training; good salary for real ability. "R. K.," 269 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, who can make herself useful at general office work; best references required. 1,367 Broadway, Room 203.

STENOGRAPHER, YOUNG LADY, AT LEAST 3 MONTHS' EXPERIENCE; NEAT APPEARANCE; HOURS 9 TO 5:30; SALARY TO START $12. K 248 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, to assist in sales room; must understand furs. Address, stating references and salary desired. J 151 Times.

STENOGRAPHER for permanent position out of town with manufacturing firm; state age, nationality, and salary desired. S 135 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.—Must be good penman. Kleinschmidt Magnesia Co., 323 East 65th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in busy law office. K 233 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—With knowledge of typewriting and general office work; please state experience, reference and salary expected. Address R 252 Times Downtown.

TEACHER, competent, of Russian language; send applications and references to Export, care Box 2162, P. O.

TYPISTS.—Large mail order house requires a number of typists; steady position; good opportunity for advancement; excellent chance for beginners. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

TYPIST-CLERK, experienced, by large manufacturing concern in Jersey City; state age, experience, salary. K 242 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Must be accurate and have knowledge of stenography; state salary and references. L 60 Times.

TYPIST.—Young lady to run typewriter. Rapport & Schinasi, 47 West 29th St.

YOUNG LADY with business training and experience for record work; state education, experience, and salary expected. K 246 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADIES for selling; experience unnecessary; straight salary. 110 West 34th, Room 505.

YOUNG WOMAN, about 25 years, to assist in order department of manufacturing concern investigating complaints and handling telephone inquiries; good opportunity for one having proper qualifications. Address Department C, P. O. Box 1,317, giving experience and salary desired.

YOUNG WOMAN, thoroughly conversant with and able to take shorthand notes in French; a knowledge of English stenography also desirable; good and steady position for right party. Apply, giving full particulars as to previous experience and salary desired. Y 246 Times Annex.

YOUNG WOMEN.—McClure's Magazine will train a limited number of young women to be stencil cutters and filers; must be well educated, bright, capable of earning $12 per week; a salary of $7 per week will be paid during the instruction period. Apply 251 4th Av., 10th floor.

Employment Agencies.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR — PERMANENT POSITION, OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY DIEHL'S AGENCY, 20 VESEY STREET.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS (uptown), stenographers, bookkeepers, typists; excellent opportunities; good salaries. MISS GRIFFIN, Terminal Employment Exchange, 154 Nassau St.

HIRST EXCHANGE, 95 Liberty St.—Steno., bkpr., $20; 12 typists, $12; bank clerk, $12; many other superior office positions; register free.

MANY good opportunities, stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, clerks; investigate. Mighill Agency, Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS. — High class; excellent positions; law, export, commercial; typists. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

Instruction.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION.
Secretarial, shorthand, typewriter, bookkeeping, &c. This kind of instruction means you can save time and money. Don't waste time in large classes and inferior methods. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and preeminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

$12
this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES.
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.—One of the largest New York fire insurance companies requires for the accounts department the services of several competent men; no applications will be considered unless age, nationality, experience, salary and references are given. A 292 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTING AND BOOKKEEPING MAN with executive ability for export and import house; taking charge of branch accounts and preparing for South America; state full details, nationality, positions held, age, and salary. A 236 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER by manufacturing corporation; must be quick and accurate, write a good hand, be over the draft age, and have considerable general bookkeeping experience; good position for a reliable and competent man; salary to start $20. Address R 249 Times Downtown.

ASH HANDLERS for boiler room. Apply Timekeeper's office, 405 East 43d St.

ASSISTANT in credit department of large Baltimore manufacturer of clothing; only those with training and experience need apply. Y 243 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT SHIPPING CLERK wanted; write, stating references and experience. Y 236 Times Annex.

BANK MESSENGERS, young men, age 17 to 20. Apply by letter. Box 327, Times, 2 Rector St.

BOAT BUILDERS experienced on aeroplane work. Apply by letter only to Curtiss Engineering Corporation, Garden City, L. I.

BOOKKEEPER capable of taking charge of entire set of books and to act as assistant to auditor; state age, experience, and salary desired. P 232 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPING SUPERVISOR, American, thoroughly competent to take entire charge of double entry set of books, in a manufacturing concern; should understand the operation of controlling accounts and the preparation of trial balances, financial statements, &c.; state experience and salary desired. S 159 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.
FIRST CLASS, CAPABLE OF MANAGING OFFICE; MUST HAVE EXCELLENT RECORD AND FIRST-CLASS RECOMMENDATIONS; ONE FROM SHOE OR SLIPPER FACTORY PREFERRED. ADDRESS E. Z., 231 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly familiar with double entry and controlling accounts, for position with Connecticut manufacturing firm; state experience fully and salary desired. S 136 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted, a first-class bookkeeper; must be thoroughly familiar with factory accounting. Apply, stating salary expected and references, to H. V., box 268, Yonkers, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Young men about 21, experienced on ledger with several hundred accounts; must understand monthly trial balance; $14 to start. McCall Co., 236 West 37th.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Accustomed to handling large number of accounts, checking remittances, and monthly trial balance; state salary. A 282 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER with plant experience, immediately. In replying state telephone. R 240 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-LEDGER CLERK. Apply by letter only Derby, 626 West 39th.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—State experience and salary. J 178 Times.

BOY.—OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; MUST BE WELL RECOMMENDED; EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE SALARY. ADDRESS R. S., 201 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY for office of large manufacturing firm; must be well bred, educated, of good appearance; excellent opportunity for bright boy. Address Manufacturer, Y 239 Times Annex.

BOY, 15, 16 years of age, in the office of a large manufacturing and importing house, offering excellent chance for advancement. Apply to T. L. W., P. O. Box 780, New York City.

BOY, 16 years old, general office work; good opportunity. Address, own handwriting, stating age, references; chemicals. R 228 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16 or over, for clerical work in office of large manufacturing house; good penman, quick at figures; references required. Dominick & Haff, 543 West 23d.

BOYS FOR STOCK ROOM OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL 8 EAST 22D.

BOY, 16, for mail desk and general office work in busy office; must have good references. A 280 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted to learn millinery business. Strauss, 26 West 38th St.

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Telephone Bryant 1000	Per Agate Line
Agents Wanted	.50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	.40c
Automobile Exchange	.40c
Boarders and Board Wanted	.30c
Business Opportunities	.50c
Country Board	.40c
Employment Agencies	.50c
Farms	.40c
For Sale	.50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	.30c
Help Wanted	.30c
Lost and Found	.50c
Mortgage Loans	.50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	.40c
Situations Wanted	.25c

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOY.—This advertisement is addressed to the parents of a boy of 16 who has had two years at high school, is attending night high, and who not only has an ambition to succeed, but has a determination to do so by industrious effort; for such a boy there is an opening in a progressive advertising agency doing a high-class business, where every opportunity will be given for advancement and where daily contact with men of high grade and broad experience will prove an incentive. Please have your son address in his own handwriting, giving full particulars about his age, education, and whether previously employed and where. Address Q 27 Times.

BOYS.
Must be 16, for mail and messenger service; $7 to start; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 51 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th.

BOYS wanted; a large concern dealing in iron and steel products have several openings for boys between 16 and 19 years of age; excellent opportunity to learn the steel business and work up in old established house; experience unnecessary, but only boys with good school records considered; high school graduates preferred; state age, education, give references. J 391 Times Downtown.

BOYS—BOYS.
Office boys, over 16; bright, intelligent. SWIFT & CO., 32 10TH AV.

BOY.—Ambitious boy who has chosen advertising for his vocation; high school graduate preferred but not required; hours 10 A. M. to 7 P. M., except Saturdays; $7 per week. Call Suite 1214, Flatiron Building.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE AND EDUCATION. K 217 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY, living in Brooklyn, in manufacturer's office in Manhattan. R 248 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, neat, for office work, errands; $7. Apply Room 960, 11 Broadway.

CARPENTERS wanted; first-class mechanics only; also carpenters' helpers and laborers. Apply The Austin Co., J. Gildersleeve, Supt., Atlas Powder Works, Landing, N. J.

CLERK.—Not subject to draft, in receiving department of large manufacturing concern; Jersey City; one experienced in handling all kinds supplies preferred; hours 7 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.; good opportunity; state age, salary, experience, references. K 241 Times Downtown.

CLERKS, by large manufacturing corporation in Jersey City; men not subject to draft; good opportunity for advancement; state age, experience, salary. K 240 Times Downtown.

CLOTHING MANUFACTURER.—A large concern in Chicago, manufacturers of clothing, has an opening for a Superintendent of manufacturing; applicant must combine a thorough technical knowledge and executive ability; must be progressive and thoroughly conversant with modern methods and labor problems; a position for a man of the highest class; state qualifications fully and salary expected. Y 231 Times Annex.

CLOTHING SALESMEN WANTED.
BRILL BROTHERS
require the services of 50 thoroughly experienced salesmen. Apply 9 o'clock this morning at 44 East 14th St.

COLLEGE MEN wanted, or men who have equivalent of college education, for special financial work; this is no book proposition; we will train several such men in our business, paying them a salary and commission; we want only clean-cut, aggressive young fellows, who can furnish gilt-edged references; your letter of application must convince us that you measure up to our requirements. Chas. Young, 6 Wall St., New York.

COMPLAINT TRACERS.
GREENHUT COMPANY
require
SEVERAL COMPLAINT TRACERS
with
Department Store Experience.
Apply at Employment Office.

DIE MAKERS.—Several strictly high-grade die makers for special work; 48-hour week; high rates to good men; state age and experience by letter only. K 228 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to productions of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. A. S. S., 136 Times.

DRAFTSMAN FOR SPECIAL MACHINE DESIGN; ALSO ONE FOR FIXTURES, PUNCHES, AND DIES; ONLY THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; STATE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 11, ELIZABETH, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRAFTSMAN,
mechanical designer, detailer on light automatic machinery; state age, experience, education, nationality, and salary expected. J 60 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Technical, mechanical, design, and industrial engineering; American citizen. J 163 Times.

ELEVATOR BOY for club; $40 and meals; only steady man need apply. Write, giving particulars as to age, nationality, and previous position. S 148 Times.

ESTIMATOR.—General contractor has opening for estimator; good opportunity for high-class, experienced man; apply at once by letter, stating experience, salary, and whether employed at present. J 167 Times.

EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT.
I have a real opportunity for a young man with a college education, good personality, some business experience, and the courage and endurance to get somewhere. I am not looking for a stenographer, but a man whom I can develop into a confidential assistant. I should prefer a man who has had some experience along the line of vocational training or business education, but this is not absolutely essential. I will pay $1,500 a year to start.
Applications must contain full details of education and previous experience. Apply J 160 Times.

FILE CLERKS.—A large American fire insurance company is looking for several clean cut, energetic young men as file clerks; applications not considered unless age, nationality, education, and references are given; salary $420 per year; excellent opportunity for advancement. A 291 Times Downtown.

FILING CLERK.—Wanted, young man as filing clerk and to supervise mailing and office boys; salary $14 to $16; state age and experience in detail. R 254 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN for night shift of a 3-inch shell department; must have had successful experience in shell production or similar work and capable of handling men efficiently; in replying describe experience fully and give references. Y 233 Times Annex.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, industrious and competent, for bulb blowing and stem making; right men can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $50 a week. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

H. C. F. KOCH & CO., INC.,
125TH STREET, WEST,
require
FURNITURE SALESMEN.
Apply Superintendent's Office.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY during after hours. We teach you free the art of salesmanship of investment securities; highest pay of any salesmen in world is attained by investment salesmen of ability; salesmanship lessons and lectures given twice weekly, Wednesdays and Saturdays, 7:30 to 9 P. M.; only applicants meeting our requirements as to character and standing need apply. O. E. Chaney & Co., Mills Building, 35 Wall St., New York, N. Y.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
High-class men on small electrical and mechanical apparatus; must be accustomed to using blue prints and micrometer; steady position and advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th St.

JOURNEYMAN ELECTRICIANS WANTED.
The Electrical Contractors Corporation. Waterbury, Conn.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT, (BACTERIOLOGICAL.)
SALARY $600.
Candidates must be at least 18 years of age, who have acquaintance with routine work of bacteriological laboratories and familiar with making of slides, preparation of vaccines, the preparation of media, and the care of various laboratory equipment; subjects and weights: duties, 6; experience, 4; applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, until Dec. 6, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT, (CHEMICAL.) SALARY $600.
Candidates at least 18 years of age, who have had acquaintance with the routine work of an assistant in a chemical laboratory; subjects and weights; duties, 6; experience, 4; applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Dec. 6, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN WANTED.—SEVERAL DESIGNERS AND FIRST-CLASS DRAFTSMEN ON GENERAL MACHINERY, ROLLING MILL MACHINERY INCLUDED; NONE BUT EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE IN FULL, AND SALARY EXPECTED; ALSO GIVE REFERENCES. TREADWELL ENGINEERING CO., EASTON, PENN.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—A competent office assistant, good handwriting required; state previous experience and salary expected. A. A., 108 Times.

OFFICE BOY, about 16 or 17 years of age, for downtown insurance office; no experience necessary, but must be neat and have good education; salary $9 week; mention age, religion and education. A 295 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, bright, intelligent, in large publishing house; excellent chance for advancement; $7 per week. Call Buhre, 229 West 43d St., 3d floor.

OFFICE BOY wanted, age 16 to 17, for manufacturing concern. A 288 Times Downtown.

ORDER CLERK for plumbing and heating supply house; must be alert and intelligent; one residing in Brooklyn or Queens County preferred. Reply, stating age, experience, and salary required. K 252 Times Downtown.

PLUMBER AND STEAMFITTER for an institution; pay $10.50 per week, board and room; call at 146 East 28th St., N. Y. City, at 6 P. M. today for personal interview and be prepared to go to Stamford, Conn., if engaged.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, by the Industrial Extension Institute, 15 West 34th St., five men who have had experience in selling high-grade correspondence school courses, to sell its FACTORY MANAGEMENT COURSE AND SERVICE. Applicants must be at least 25 years of age and be able to show that they are high-grade men in every respect; salary and commission. Write or call between 10 and 12 A. M.

SALESMAN.—AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY OFFERED TO A MAN WHO IS INDUSTRIOUS AND ENERGETIC, OF GOOD APPEARANCE AND ADDRESS, BY AN AUTOMOBILE AGENCY; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE OF VALUE BUT NOT NECESSARY; FULL AND LIBERAL CO-OPERATION GIVEN; COMMISSION BASIS; REFERENCES REQUIRED. CALL 269 AMSTERDAM AV.

SALESMEN to call on automobile owners; for men of energy and enthusiasm we have a big proposition in a high-grade accessory that the law makes a necessity; experience desirable, but not necessary; we fully instruct our men; call today; your income starts tomorrow; commission basis. E. S. Ferry, District Manager, Super-Lighting Company, Inc., 1,834 Broadway, N. Y. City.

SALESMEN.—This is the day when an article sells on its merits; there is a constant demand for our product; we need forceful, energetic men of character and education for Pennsylvania, New York, and New England States; thorough training given; leads and transportation furnished; drawing account against commission. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESMEN.—Opportunity for men willing to sell motor trucks, on commission only; men acquainted with building, chemical, coal, contracting, hardware, machinery, paper, steel, trucking, and heavy haulage trades will be given preference and favorable proposition; state age, qualifications, references. G 20 Times.

SALESMEN.—We have a business proposition for business men; if you are a high-grade salesman we can use you; only men of integrity, good education, and at least 25 years of age wanted; work throughout Eastern States on commission basis; transportation furnished. D. E., 52 Times.

SALESMAN FOR LARGE, REPUTABLE HOUSE, MANUFACTURING EXTENSIVE LEATHER GOODS LINE; DESIRE REPRESENTATION FROM CHICAGO TO PACIFIC COAST; EXPERIENCED ONLY; COMMISSION BASIS; CONFIDENTIAL. J 137 TIMES.

SALESMEN wanted to handle high-grade electrical apparatus in which there is a good working profit; only men sure of their ability and willing to work on commission basis need apply. Anderson Electrical Corporation, 145 West 36th St.

SALESMEN.—Three sales managers or experienced salesmen to interview during evenings big men who have made inquiries; large earnings in commission; slight tutoring experience essential; state age, experience. G 32 Times.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, by an importing firm, an experienced salesman in Japanese and Chinese silk piece goods, to handle spot stocks and bring import orders; on commission basis only. Apply with full particulars to Box R 219 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED.—A high-class salesman who has a clientele to whom he can sell a high-grade dividend-paying unlisted oil stock; salary and commission. Apply Cadokia Oil Syndicate, Room 417, U. S. Rubber Building.

SALESMAN, experienced on office equipment and office efficiency; here's an opportunity for quick clean-up handling new proposition on scientific office management; liberal commission. Room 730, 15 Park Row.

SALESMEN.—Rare opportunity is available for two first-class subscription solicitors who will really work; salary and commission basis; write letter, giving qualifications and references. J 165 Times.

SALESMEN.—We have an opening for three energetic men accustomed to earning big money; something absolutely new. Call 9 to 10:30 and after 2; commission. Room 707, 507 5th Av.

SALESMEN.—To handle new nine-volume business man's encyclopedia in connection with System the Magazine of Business, on liberal commission. Call 15 Park Row.

SALESMEN, high-powered, accustomed to earning $100 weekly; no books, no real estate; honest proposition; commission. Shapiro, 217 Broadway, Room 412.

SALESMAN.—Ladies', men's furnishings; window dresser, steady position. Friedman, 273 Columbia St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced, to handle a line of men's leather belts on commission. Address K 245 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY WANTED.

He must be:

ACCOUNTANT	Familiar with accounting principles; able to analyze balance sheets.
STENOGRAPHER	Accurate and speedy.
EDUCATION	College or its equivalent preferred.
EXECUTIVE	Capable of development toward large responsibilities.
FUTURE	Corporate Secretaryship or other important Executive office, as capacity warrants.
AGE	20 to 30; married man preferred.
SALARY	According to ability.

Exceptional opportunity in one of the largest corporations in the country. Address Secretary, Box X 361 Times Annex.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
The New York Times will pay a reward of $25.00 for the arrest and conviction of a man giving the name of C. Bibbs, who is taking subscriptions for The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial without authority. Neither The New York Times nor any of its publications has an agent by this name. A partial description of this impostor gives his age as about twenty years; height 5 ft. 6 in.; weight 130 lbs.; complexion light. When last seen he wore a dark suit, pinch-back overcoat and a plaid cap. During the last four months he has been operating in Minnesota, Wisconsin, North Dakota and New York State. He was last heard of at Elmira, New York, on November 5.
THE NEW YORK TIMES,
Subscription Department.

ANY ONE knowing the address of Herman Zimmerman, chauffeur, formerly of Chicago, please communicate with X 327 Times Annex.

FRANK.—Telephone me at once. Virginia seriously sick. WILL.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SAMPLE CLERK EXPERIENCED IN WHITE GOODS HOUSE; A1 REFERENCES REQUIRED. S. H. KAHN & CO., 225 5TH AV.

SHIPPING CLERK
for high-class furniture house. Call between 12 and 2, Thonet-Wanner Co., 43 West 36th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, a male stenographer who has had experience as secretary and general handling of correspondence; big corporation work; rapid advancement to proper party; man of energy and experience wanted; salary, $25 to start; write full details, confidential. Apply by letter only. Address C. G., Box 73, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, 31-35; must be capable, experienced, and have first-class references. Apply in person, 9-12 A. M. Thursday, 407 East 55th St.

STENOGRAPHER, with some tutoring experience, to develop into executive, with permanent career; moderate salary at start; state age, experience. G 33 Times.

STOCK CLERK, EXPERIENCED, BY LARGE NOTION IMPORTERS; STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. P. O. BOX 3, STATION A, CITY.

STOCK CLERK.—Man. Apply by letter only, Derby, 626 West 39th St.

TEACHER, competent, of Russian language. Send application and references to Export, P. O. Box 2,162.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR for New York club; $35 and meals; must have best references; only steady man need apply. Write, stating age and previous positions. S 149 Times.

TRAVELING AUDITOR with a large industrial corporation; essential that applicants have experience with large machine shop operations and factory cost accounting, as well as usual experience respecting auditing of local office paymasters' and cashiers' accounts; state full experience, reference, and salary expected. Y 235 Times Annex.

TRAFFIC CLERK.—A leading wholesale grocery company requires a traffic clerk who is familiar with routes, classifications, &c. R 251 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, PREFERABLY ONE WITH EXPERIENCE WHOLESALE CLOTHING BUSINESS, TO HANDLE CORRESPONDENCE; PERMANENT POSITION AND EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR RAPID ADVANCEMENT; GIVE FULL DETAILS, STATING EXPERIENCE, SALARY DESIRED, AND REFERENCES. CORRESPONDENT, 281 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN wanted for clerical work in a chemical laboratory; must be a high school graduate, with aptitude for figures; previous experience in the same line is unnecessary, but some office experience is desirable; salary to start $15 a week. Address Metallic, A 286 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, strong, about 16 years of age, to make himself generally useful in shipping department. Write, giving references and experience. Y 237 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, exempt from draft, familiar with office work; good horse sense; good personality and pep necessary qualifications; mail only. G. S. M., 725 Broadway.

YOUNG MEN, (14 to 17.)—Light work; surroundings and opportunities exceptional; permanent; short hours, enabling evening schooling. P 254 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 16, in cashier's dept. of large corporation; good opportunity for bright, clean-cut young man; salary $8 to start. R 253 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to assist in shipping and stock room; $12 to start; must have excellent references. Apply Boyd & Co., 2,157 Prospect Av., near 182d St., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 25 years, as assistant transportation manager for large chain store concern; must be exempt from draft. Address M. D., 290 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, with initiative, as assistant in credit department in Gentile house; reply, giving full details. J 166 Times.

YOUNG MAN, about 20, for general office work. Address, with full particulars, K 243 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, bright, about 18, to learn cutting trade. Apply Sydeman Rubber Co., 225 4th Av.

YOUNG MAN for office detail; must be good penman. Hanlon, 115 East 23d St., second floor, before 10.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 18, wanted in banking house; good opportunity. K 247 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to file, operate switchboard, capable taking shorthand. Telephone Orchard 8850.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 115 BROADWAY.
C. P. HASSON, J. J. McLAUGHLIN.
WE CAN PLACE A NUMBER OF EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANTS, OFFICE MANAGERS, COST ACCOUNTANTS, SALES CORRESPONDENTS, TRAFFIC MANAGERS, AND BOOKKEEPERS AT SALARIES RANGING FROM $1,300-$3,000 PER ANNUM.
ALSO MANY GOOD POSITIONS FOR CLERKS AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPERS WITH AND WITHOUT EXPERIENCE, AT SALARIES RANGING FROM $10-$21 A WEEK.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE Agency, 10 East 43d.—Junior accountant, (factory experience,) $150; insurance clerk, $100; Spanish stenographer, $35; office assistant, $14. Miss Budenbender, Prop.

HIRST Occupational Exchange, 95 Liberty St.—Foreign exchange bank man; railroad rate clerk, $125; code clerk, $110; lawyer clerk, $125; steno., bookkeepers, etc; register free.

ACCOUNTANT, $40; executive clerk, $25; 4 ledger clerks, $18-$20; typist, $18; miscellaneous others; immediately. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

Instruction.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 72d St.

SALESMEN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them; hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1803-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARY COURSE.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

$12
this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course. Students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. WHEAT.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES. — Three months' course; students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. Wheat.

HIGH-CLASS young men; excellent positions; bookkeepers, stenographers; immediate. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

BIG PLANT
for sale of 100 machines in the heart of the manufacturing district; showroom and all fixtures suitable for dress or waist manufacturer; must take over lease; immediate possession. Address by mail only, B. B., 133 E. 17th St.

Beautiful 13-room furnished home for sale; private house neighborhood; near Central Park West; nice self-supporting house; only $500 required; on 90th St. West. J 157 Times.

Complete cloak factory; also showroom and office fixtures; very low price. Fred Hall Corp., 28 West 27th St.

National mail-order list, 11,000 women's names, for sale; high grade; $20. C., Box 36, Station F.

Beautiful $750 Steinway upright for $300; perfect condition. Brown, 175 East 82d St.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Temporary assignments of patrolmen to 7th Insp. Dist. from precincts indicated, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 28: Thomas Logan, 36; George Scherf, 74; Edward Potter, 37.

Leave of absence, to take effect on date of entrance into military service: Patrol. J. J. Scanlon, 22.

Leaves of absence, (without pay): Sergt. Otto Nikly, 1, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; Patrol. J. F. Stork, 6, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; John Cahill, 16, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 29; M. J. O'Brien, 16, for 1 day, from 12 P. M., Nov. 29; Michael Tarpey, 22, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 29; William Sinnott, 31, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 29; W. W. Pross, 36, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol. G. E. Kane, 10, from 9:10 P. M., Nov. 20, during disability; E. L. O'Connor, 79, from 7:55 A. M., Nov. 13, during disability; C. H. Isaacson, 164, from 9:45 P. M., Aug. 12, during disability; W. H. Treandly, 174, from 3:45 P. M., Nov. 19, during disability; J. A. Green, Traffic Div., Sub-div. C, from 6:45 P. M., Nov. 20.

Advancements to $1,450 grade, to take effect Dec. 3:

B. J. Mensing 4	Thomas Lally 5
George Murray 7	T. F. Mullen 3
Louis Geis 15	E. S. Brubaker 15
C. J. Flanagan 21	Andrew Keane 23
J. W. Spiclavich 25	B. J. Drury 37
F. W. Claus 39	Giovanni Scotti 39
W. J. Kehoe 42	J. J. Friederich 42
J. Cohen 42	J. T. Wiegold 42
A. Traynor 62	J. J. Duffy 65
E. A. Smith 69	Percival Bulger 69
H. H. Garman 152	J. J. Willey 154
J. E. Gerry 15	P. C. Pitsch 163
I. J. Corbitt 172	J. L. Chapman 276
J. Taeschner Traf. A	A. W. Harriett Traf. C
W. W. Lewis B.H.S.	J. J. Lawler B.H.S.

To $1,350 grade, to take effect Dec. 5:

Benjamin Kaplan 7	Herman Lipski 13
Bernard Maguire 10	E. R. Burke 21
T. J. Walsh 29	B. J. Lane 29
H. J. McGarvey 39	J. A. Gunning 68
C. A. H. Ernst 154	R. J. Doherty 160
L. O. Hellmuth 161	C. J. Sullivan D.B.
T. M. Goss D.B.	C. F. Shelley Traf. B
J. Clifford Traf. E	R. W. J. Collins B.H.S.
J. Stenger, (war roll) C.O.	D. Caruprese, (war roll) C.O.
J. P. Toomey, (war roll) C.O.	

To $1,250 grade, to take effect Dec. 1:

M. J. Cunningham 14	J. Greenberg 29
C. J. Coyne 29	Daniel McArdle 29
J. B. Kaiser 29	G. F. Moore 29
M. F. McLaughlin 29	H. A. Vincent 29
J. J. Muller 29	J. R. Wallace C.O.
Patrick Cushen 3	M. J. Giblin C.O.
F. L. Freer C.O.	C. W. Confrey 3d Dist.
A. Pulignano D.B.	E. H. Fimpel, (war roll) C.O.
H. Adamec Traf C	
Isador Proper 17	

To $1,250 grade, to take effect Dec. 6:

Leigh Halpern 21	H. S. Darling Boiler Sq.
Martin Conneely 29	Bertram Maskiel 26
C. J. H. Schroeder 29	H. R. M. Schuster 29
M. Hurley 29	C. E. Horner 29
L. M. Pistone 43	K. F. Buccholts 29
C. J. Hunter 68	C. G. Woehrle 68
E. J. Galloway 151	J. J. Hyland 148
J. F. Healy 168	Frank Sarlo 162
F. J. Conklin, (war roll) C.O.	G. H. Scherb C.O.
	E. H. Weissner D.B.
J. F. V. L. Patton D.B.	T. A. Price 3d Dist.
J. J. McGuirk 6th Dist	C. Cresby 14th Dist.
G. A. Maloney Traf. C	J. M. O'Leary Traf. E

To $1,250 grade, to take effect Dec. 10:

J. J. Devens 16	G. W. Crist 22
H. G. Farrell 25	T. J. Carney 26
J. I. Haslach 26	James McCaffrey 26
J. A. Bolger 39	M. J. O'Connor 65
J. Schaumloeffel 153	Martin Wiesekel 149
C. A. Mierau 160	C. F. Sellman 164
H. M. Moniz 167	W. F. Kenny 172
A. J. Deutsch Traf. D	

To $1,250 grade, to take effect Dec. 13:

Francis Bradley 18	T. P. McLarney 21
Leon Brischkat 21	J. Turkheimer 28
G. F. Rivers 35	W. E. L. Heiden 42
Bernard Rogers 39	H. W. C. Loewe 65
T. E. Enright 143	John Quill 152
P. C. Kaiser 152	John Shields D.B.
Dominic Caso D.B.	F. H. Meyer Traf. D

To $1,250 grade, to take effect Dec. 15: Martin Sheehy 15

Fire Department.

Members of H. & L. Co. 31 will report, in full uniform, at the quarters of H. & L. Co. 17, 341-343 East 143d Street, at 9:15 A. M., Nov. 25, to attend the funeral of Fire. 1st gr. P. J. Scully at his home at 380 East 140th Street; then to Church of St. Cecilia, 118-124 East 106th Street, and, after services, accompany the remains a reasonable distance, when detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Chief of the 20th Battalion will detail an officer and one man, and the Chiefs of the 14th, 15th, and 17th Battalions, two men each, to report at the quarters of H. & L. Co. 31, at 8:30 A. M., for duty during the absence of that company.

The following members of the department band will report to Engineer of Steamer T. S. Richards, at the 12th Regiment Armory, Columbus Avenue and 62d Street, Manhattan, at 9:30 A. M., Nov. 30, 1917, for practice:

Engine.	Engine.
John T. Foote 18	Arthur T. Cole 290
A. Hothersall 31	P. G. Hettrich 295
Ralph Bernhols 36	H. & L.
J. J. D'Azevedo 56	Wm. V. Werner 1
C. W. Roe, Jr. 60	Thomas H. Malkin 9
C. A. Widmer, Jr. 63	J. J. Schoppmeyer 22
Henry O. Stein 71	Julius A. Unrath 26
Wm. Klein, 1st 72	Henry Oltmann 28
William Clancy 74	Alex J. Muir 34
Edward J. Donevan 76	T. T. McGrath 45
Walter Helland 76	Richard C. Fraser 80
E. A. Dammeyer 92	G. J. Lachat, Jr. 104
William C. Klein 229	William H. Breuer 112
F. Ergenzinger 237	Charles Charous 117
William F. Hickey 249	George Olsen 124
Frank M. Munn 250	N. J. Bruno 128
C. A. Spangenberg 254	Charles G. Brown 137
Edward Knapp 258	Herman Brenner 140
Herman B. Escher 262	Joseph Miller, 3d 144
Adelph G. Klein 263	W. F. Gallagher 146
P. J. Metzger, Jr. 277	John J. O'Keefe 147
T. S. Richards 282	Hose.
E. A. Woolley 2d Sec. 287	John Schifferdecker 5

Paragraph IV., Special Order No. 208, of Nov. 26, is hereby countermanded in so far as it refers to the revocation of suspension from all duty of Fire. 1st gr. C. A. Broas, H. & L. 49.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Corporation has patented and is prepared to market automobile accessory; something new and startling in the field, which pending legislation signifies as compulsory; exclusive territory in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, and Pennsylvania open to progressive jobbers of experience and standing. Address Corporation, 805 Union Bldg., Newark, N. J.

Excellent opportunity for general executive to take charge copper, brass, and aluminum ware manufacturing plant; present owner retiring, having accumulated over $1,000,000 from profits of this factory; we are seeking responsible party, morally and financially, who can invest at least $15,000. C. S. Hunt, 339 Brisbane Bldg., Buffalo, N. Y.

FULLY EQUIPPED PLANT FOR MANUFACTURING DRESSES OR WAISTS; BIG BARGAIN. CALL 214 EAST 23D ST., 8TH FLOOR.

Business Notices.

RESPONSIBLE representative with established office in Salt Lake City is open for a first-class specialty proposition for the state of Utah. Address Western Specialty Co., attention J. Anerbach, 44 Postoffice Pl., Salt Lake City, Utah.

DEAFNESS.—Those wishing to know about the Anderfone, which improves hearing marvelously, may obtain information by writing or calling Anderson Electric Corporation, 145 West 36th St., 1E, New York.

FOR SALE.

WE MAKE AND SELL ONLY NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS AND CREDIT FILES
LOWEST PRICES. SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS. NO INTEREST CHARGES. WRITTEN GUARANTEE. OLD REGISTERS REPAIRED, REBUILT, BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXCHANGED.
THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CO., N. Y. OFFICE, 1,170 BROADWAY, N. Y. C. TEL. MAD. SQ. 6410. BROOKLYN OFFICE, 75 COURT ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y. TEL. MAIN 2517. JERSEY CITY OFFICE, 24 NEWARK AV., JERSEY CITY, N. J. TEL. MONTGOMERY 2611.

A gentleman's genuine Hudson seal lined overcoat, $30; never worn; also lady's Hudson seal coat; chauffeur's fur coat, $15; fur automobile robe, $15; never used. 862 West End Av.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near B'way.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

For Sale.—Three desks, 7 chairs, 11 counters, step ladders, cabinets, and office rug; all used; owner moving. Dixon, 387 4th Av. Phone 8500 Madison Square.

For Sale.—Mailing lists, subscription list, book buyers, high-grade business men New Jersey. A 279 Times Downtown.

Entire plant of machinery and fixtures of cloak and suit factory for sale. Apply 9th floor, 12 West 27th.

Wanted.—Used Standard weighing machines. Write, stating price, to Box R 59 Times.

For Sale.—Autographed letter of Rev. Edward Everett Hale. S 132 Times.

Purchase and Exchange.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, for cash; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 Broadway.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Nonvisible, 3 months, $5; visible, 3 months, $7.50. Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
339 Broadway, at Worth St.
80 E. 23d St., opp. Madison Av.
149 W. 42d St., at Times Sq.
TEL. 5408 FRANKLIN.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
3 months, $5; non-visibles.
3 months, $7.50; visibles.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4738.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The War Department issued the following army orders today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Sigman, Capt. J. M., to N. Y. Post-Graduate Medical School and Hosp. for inst.
Staley, Capt. J. C., and Stealy, 1st Lt. C. L., previous orders revoked.
Anderson, 1st Lt. J. H., hon. discharged.
Martin, Maj. F.; Hansen, 1st Lt. J. W., and Donovan, 1st Lt. J. D., previous orders revoked.
McMullan, 1st Lt. T. S., to Ft. Morgan.
McKee, 1st Lt. N. P., and Seale, 1st Lt. E. C., to Camp Gordon.
Jayne, Maj. W. A., will report to Cmdg. Gen., Northeastern Dept.
Wilson, Maj. B. W., hon. discharged.
Sidebotham, Capt. H., to Camp Fremont, with Base Hosp. No. 47.
Schroeder, 1st Lt. J. H., to Ft. Logan H. Roots.
Newman, 1st Lt. S., and Quinlan, 1st Lt. R. V., to Camp Upton as member of Tuberculosis Board.
Hardinger, 1st Lt. R. W., previous orders amended; to Camp Sherman.
Davis, 1st Lt. C. W., to Camp Bowie.
Taulbee, 1st Lt. J. M., to Camp Lee.
Trueblood, 1st Lt. R. R., to Richmond, with Av.Sec.Sig.C.
Brent, 1st Lt. W. L., and Cressler, 1st Lt. J. W., to Evacuation Hosp. No. 3, Camp Greenleaf.
Ramsey, 1st Lt. J. W., to Camp Kearny.
Kollig, Capt. M., to Camp Devens.
King, Capt. R., to Ft. Riley.
Roberts, 1st Lt. W. S., to Camp Sheridan.
Benthall, 1st Lt. R. F., to Camp Greenleaf for inst.
Bolasny, 1st Lt. J. R., to Camp Beauregard.
Stealy, 1st Lt. C. L., to Portland, Ore., for further inst. and assignment to squadrons now being organized.
Chandler, Maj. T. E., and Green, 1st Lt. M. C., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst, then to homes.
Stowers, 1st Lt. J. L., to Camp McClellan.
Cliff, 1st Lt. B. F., to Camp Lee with 80th Div.
Bourke, 1st Lt. V. V., to Camp Hancock.
Bledsoe, Capt. E. P., and Searl, Capt. W. A., to Government Hosp. for the Insane for training.
Hixson, 1st Lt. A. H., to Ft. Riley for inst.
Cochran, 1st Lt. E. R., to home.
Mayo, Maj. W.; Spellman, 1st Lt. M. H.; Barrow, 1st Lt. F. L.; Davis, 1st Lt. U. G., and Baehr, Maj. G., previous orders revoked.
Rumage, 1st Lt. W. T., to Camp Greenleaf for inst.
Cox, 1st Lt. O. F., Jr.; Gettings, 1st Lt. J. J., and Grim, 1st Lt. D. S., to N. Y. Post-Graduate Med. School and Hosp., for inst.
Haley, Capt. E. McL., to Camp Meade, with 79th Div.
Butler, 1st Lt. B. J., to Morrison, Va., with av. sec., Sig. C.
Whitmarsh, 1st Lt. T. R., to Ft. McPherson, for temp. duty.
Crawford, 1st Lt. R. H., to Ft. McPherson, with Hosp. Unit O.
Perkins, Capt. Wm., to Neuro-Surgical School, New York, for training.
Campbell, Capt. A. M., previous orders amended; to Neuro-Surgical School, N. Y., for training.
Robinson, 1st Lt. B., to Ft. Riley, for inst.
Reeve, 1st Lt. G. H., to Jefferson Barracks.
Baehr, Maj. G., 1st N. Y. Field Hosp. Armory.
McClary, 1st Lt. S., 3d, previous orders revoked; from Camp Greenleaf, and revert to inactive list of M. R. C.
Balch, Capt. R. E., to Camp Custer.
Johnson, Capt. J. E., to Camp Meade.
Burket, 1st Lt. L. R., to Camp Devens.
Friedlander, 1st Lt. B., to Camp Gordon.
Kleckner, 1st Lt. R. E., to Camp Sherman.
Koontz, 1st Lt. F. L., to Camp Sheridan.
Maley, 1st Lt. W. H., to Camp McClellan.
McCracken, 1st Lt. A. J., to Camp Upton.
Allan, Capt. W., to Ft. McPherson with hosp. unit O.
Rice, 1st Lt. F. T., to Camp Greene.
McBride, 1st Lt. G. E., to Camp Gordon to examine command for tuberculosis.
Nichols, 1st Lt. H. C., to Camp Sherman to examine command for tuberculosis.
Felt, 1st Lt. G. S., and Jacobson, 1st Lt. C. A., to Boston for inst.
Axline, Capt. M. H.; Morrill, Capt. W. P., and Yatewood, 1st Lt. L. C., to Ft. Riley.

Corps of Engineers.

Madiung, Tem. 2d Lt. E. W., to duty as asst. to officer in charge of eng. depot at Vancouver Barracks.
Marcus, Temp. 2d Lt. F. S., appointment as Temp. 1st Lt. announced and assigned to 8th Engs.

Medical Corps.

Schreiner, Col. E. R., is assigned, in addition to his other duties, as lecturer on military medicine and surgery at the Columbia Univ., N. Y.
Coates, 1st Lt. E. A., Jr., to Ft. Riley.
Following appointed in M. C., N. G.; they are assigned to division indicated:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Scheer, G. H., 32d.	Earel, F. E., 33d.
McLaurin, A. A., 34th.	Dail, O. C., 35th.
Axline, C. G., 37th.	

Coast Artillery Corps.

Following temporarily promoted to be Colonels with rank from Aug. 5:

LIEUTENANT COLONELS.

Burgess, L. R.	Chamberlain, W.
McManus, G. H.	Timberlake, E. J.
Williams, J. M.	Hamilton, A.
Gilmore, J. C., Jr.	Knowlton, J. L.
Wheeler, J., Jr.	Callan, R. E.
Landon, E.	McNeil, C. H.
Tracy, J. P.	Kessler, P. M.
Hagood, J.	Patterson, G. T.

Following temporarily promoted to be Lieutenant Colonels with rank from Aug. 5:

MAJORS.

Johnson, J. C.	Wyllie, R. E.
Forse, W.	Young, M.
Steele, H. L.	Dwyer, T. F.
Mitchell, J. B.	Morgan, A. S.
Hilton, C. H.	Glasgow, E. L.
Willis, P.	Stewart, W. F., Jr.
Patton, H. T.	Kimmel, E.
Procter, J. R.	Christian, J. B.
Phisterer, F. W.	Melton, R. H. C.
Bishop, P. P.	Hatch, H. J.
Wallace, E. J.	Hase, W. F.
Doores, W. R.	Howell, J. F.
Nicholls, J. C.	[illegible], H. W.
Monroe, W. H.	Waldron, L. T.
Greenough, E. A.	Greig, A., Jr.
Murphy, T. E.	Newton, H. W.
Raymond, A. D.	Fourie, J. R.
Hughes, J. L.	Abbott, J. W. C.

Following temporarily promoted to be Majors with rank from Aug. 5:

CAPTAINS.

Mitchell, R. M.	Dengler, F. L.
Williams, R. H.	Mason, A. M.
Masteller, K. C.	Matson, J.
Lincoln, F. H.	Wilson, W. H.
Powers, E. D.	Howard, C. E. N.
Seaman, C. M.	McElgin, H. J. B.
Fuller, A. L.	Cesey, H. R.
Peckham, D. Y.	Marshall, R. C., Jr.
Steger, J. O.	Watson, J. D.
Hines, F. T.	Totten, J.
Hamilton, W. W. K.	Kerfoot, B. H.
Canfield, E., Jr.	Bryant, A. H.
Shinkle, E. M.	Bettison, W. R.
Robinson, G.	Brigham, C. E.
Prentice, J.	Miller, H. S.
Menges, W. H.	Behr, F. J.
Musgrave, J. R.	Rhoades, A. L.
Murray, W. E.	Parker, G.
Stayton, N.	Furnival, R.
De Sombre, W. E.	Jenks, G. F.
Ross, C. B.	Jordan, R. H.
Taylor, B.	Cooper, A. L.
Geere, F.	Wheatley, C. E.
Casda, A. F.	Munroe, J. E.
Wilson, W. K.	Hope, O.
Collins, O. G.	Patterson, C. H.
Turtle, L.	Jones, C.
Brinton, L. C., Jr.	Bunker, P. D.
Dige, L. K.	Colvin, W. M.
Bunn, H. W.	Morse, H. L.
Ireland, M. L.	Alley, C. R.

Following temporarily promoted to be Captains with rank from Aug. 5:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

McKeely, J. K.	Purdie, K. S.
Teter, J. J.	Piccard, J. E.
O'Brien, M. J.	Phillips, R. E.
Haw, J. C.	Stewart, W. R.
Summers, L. B., Jr.	Nash, E., Jr.
Jones, C. R.	Dixon, V. B.
Wegan, J. B.	Phillips, W. S.
Tenney, C. B.	Wallace, O. A.
Emery, F. E., Jr.	Underwood, E. H.
Wallington, E. C.	Thomas, H. S.
Hocker, C. E.	French, P. H.
Gibson, R. T.	Whittaker, H. L.
Hyde, E. B., Jr.	Carrington, G. de L.
Corbin, H. R.	Rood, J. Q.
Chapin, C. H.	Hatcher, J. L.
Cherrington, W. P.	Hill, L. B.
Finley, C. R.	Vogel, B.
Draves, A. W.	Pogue, O. T.
Beverley, B. S.	Chason, W.
Marriott, C. L.	Seaman, E. C.
Ramsey, H. A.	Cotter, C. E.
Chapin, W. McD.	Welsch, G. B.
Doney, C. S.	Evans, J. M.
Walbach, J. de B.	Maguire, C. F.
Levy, R. M.	Murphy, E. E.
Freeland, E. B.	Williams, M. M., Jr.
Ruddell, J. C.	Behrens, H. R.
O'Hare, J. J.	Seeds, E. C.
Patterson, W. G.	Lynn, E. A.
Scofield, F. C.	Morrill, M. P.
Gallagher, F. F.	Drewry, G. H.
Flanigan, B. L.	Chavin, R. S.
Smith, F. W.	Scott, J. L.
Barr, R. S.	Englehart, A. F.
Herzer, C. J.	Jackson, H. R.
Cravens, W. M.	Barroll, M. K., Jr.
Martin, J. B.	Warner, W. W.
Stevens, O. C.	Vanderhyden, W. F.
Mean, E. C.	Crump, I. A.
Roberts, W. T.	Ford, E. L., Jr.
Smith, C. J.	Bradbury, S. H., Jr.
Barr, D. MacA.	Hayden, J. L.
MacMullen, J. D.	Ritchie, S. B.
Fundy, C. W.	Beurket, G. S.
Ostrom, C. D. Y.	Olmsted, B. R.
Cole, D. M.	Holmes, J. G.
Hutson, J. C.	Code, J. E., Jr.
Hause, F. A.	Sackville, W.
MacMorsland, E. E.	Lohmann, L. H.
Holmes, H. B., Jr.	Foltz, C. G.
Pendleton, A. M.	Bradshaw, A., Jr.
Jefferis, L. V.	Cowgill, W. W.
Hamilton, S. A.	Pierce, H. R.
Gill, H. F.	Mitchell, L. C.
Botz, G. R.	Campbell, A. H.
Barker, J. W.	Armstrong, M. G.
Wolfe, S. E.	Nygaard, J. R.
Atwood, F. J.	Keane, J. L.
Terry, C. C.	Messerschmidt, J. A.
French, F. G.	Bowering, B.
Murphy, E. A.	Grimm, H. F., Jr.
Hardigg, J. C.	Linsert, H.
Ilinman, D. D.	Dutton, D. L.
Davidson, G. D.	Miller, L. A.
Turley, R. E., Jr.	Harrigan, A. N.
Webb, R. B.	Hamilton, P. C.
Goodman, M.	

Baird, Capt. C. W., detailed member board appointed in special orders July 23, vice Maj. Coward, J. M., relieved.

Infantry.

Following temp. promotions, with rank from Aug. 5, are announced:

CAPTAIN.

Beck, P. W.	Heidt, G. V.
Rees, R. L.	Drury, R. W.
Miller, J. J.	Miller, F. C.
Cullison, J. M.	West, R. J.
Noble, W. H.	Hardman, A.
McDaniel, W. A.	Holmes, J. M.
Wilson, E. R.	Bucker, G. E.
Powers, P.	Binford, R. J.
McLaughlin, C.	Murchison, W. G.
Mitchell, E. D.	Brown, T. W.
Como, J. H.	Leasure, S. C.
Coburn, H. D.	Turner, F. H.
Greer, A. J.	Bump, A. L.
Whitfield, R.	Loring, S. C.
Loeb, A. U.	Brewer, J. R.
Cordier, C.	McAdams, J. P.
Loud, J. M.	McCleave, E. G.
Hall, J. de G.	Ware, J. B.
Anderson, D. C.	Compton, G.
Carter, R. D.	Smart, C. T.
Potts, D.	Waterman, J. C.
Elmers, V. M.	Green, J. E.
Wade, B. R.	Weeks, R. L.
Goodrich, G. E.	Adams, H. S.
Hartshorn, E. S.	Miller, B. F.
Elliott, C. R.	Whiting, D.
Screws, W. P.	Adams, E. S.
Lister, R. B.	Fairfax, J. C.
Comstock, H. E.	Mitchell, C. L.
Standiford, W. R.	Sampson, O. H.
Young, F. S.	Holliday, W. E.
Mooreman, T. S.	Wells, M. A.
Morrow, C. H.	Olsen, H. O.
Ruttencutter, B. G.	Burt, F. T.
Wilson, J. B.	Hamilton, C. S.
Smith, W. O.	Ware, J. F.
Lamotte, C. K.	Halford, D.
Helley, G. M.	Hay, D. D.
Stayer, E. S.	Davis, B.
Errington, C. H.	Fleet, H. W.
Shaw, G. C.	Burr, F. H.
Knox, R. S.	Mason, C. H.
Blasland, H. D.	Macomb, J. G.
Rogers, T. J.	Musgrave, T. C.
England, G. W.	Lyon, R. M.
Davidson, F. L.	Hunt, F. W.
Ferguson, A. M.	Garber, M. B.
Johnson, W. H.	Bull, E. L.
Grinsted, R. E.	Roselle, G. F., Jr.
Graham, W. B.	Taylor, R. C.
Jeunet, E. A.	Boyers, R. E.
Williams, G. H.	Ristine, B. F.
Baker, L. T.	Boughton, R. W.
Leisenring, F. S.	Preston, H. N.
Briggs, A. L.	Harrell, W. F.
Shuman, J. B.	Tarbutton, E. H.
Kellond, F. G.	Allderdice, F. B.
Harvey, W.	Bagby, P. H.
Mitchell, H. D.	Donaldson, C. A.
Smith, K. T.	Hartz, R. S.
Burnett, F. C.	Tolley, O. K.
Seaman, A. O.	Jerdan, H. L.
Pope, B. F.	Kingman, R. W.
Glade, H.	Wrighton, P. E.
Peck, R. H.	Pruyn, J.
Taylor, W. W., Jr.	Sturtevant, C. G.
Herbst, G. A.	Ashburn, J. C.
Hunter, T. M.	Campanoli, N. W.
Reese, C. E.	Mosely, L. W.
Castle, W. A.	Lewis, C. R.
Andres, E. H.	Grey, B. E.
Bracken, E. J.	Wuest, J. W. S.
Parker, C. B.	Hoffman, C. S.
Corey, M. C.	Carrithers, T. W.
Chamberlin, De W. W.	Saverson, C. F.
Rutherford, R. G., Jr.	Bendel, C. S.
Williams, A. S.	Phillips, B. W.
Nelson, C. J.	Russell, W. C.
Danforth, C. H.	Gregory, K. S.
Bugbee, F. W.	Gaston, J.
Frank, C. S.	Elliott, J. D.
Andrews, C. F.	Hodges, C. B.
Petty, J. M.	Churchill, K. M.
Lawrence, C. G.	James, L. R.
Kitts, W. P.	Chaffin, A. D.
Davis, F. B.	Boschen, F. W.
Nichols, O. C.	Farrell, L.
Bessell, W. W.	Garrett, M. M.
Ball, C. H.	Blyth, J.
Leonori, C. U.	Palmer, R. P.
Dodge, J. L.	Rich, C. H.
Bowen, F. S.	Rich, A. T.
Dabney, W.	Peyton, P. B.
Hand, R. C.	Dravo, C. A.
Lauber, P. J.	Hermao, R. J.
Fuller, E. E.	Philipson, I. J.
Neely, W. S.	Catts, G. R.
Lewis, G. C.	Butcher, E.
Norton, E. M.	Davis, A. K.
Keck, M. M.	Drysdale, W. S.
Kay, J. C.	Thomlinson, W. W.
Gragg, L. A. V. L.	Van Wormer, A. B.
Scher, B. T.	Glass, R. R.
Morison, C. R. W.	Spalding, M. E.
Green, N. M.	Davis, J. S.
Leonard, C. F.	Simpson, W. F. L.
Chambers, J. S.	McClure, L. A.
Allen, G. M.	Harris, W. W., Jr.
Crusan, C. B.	Woolnough, J. B.
Clendenin, W. H.	Whipple, S.
Ball, W. G.	Gimperling, T. N.
Gunster, W. E.	Richardson, J. B.
Sykes, H. F.	Edgerly, G. W.
Wilson, G. K.	Bissell, H. H.
Gillmore, W. E.	Corbly, J. B.
Supplee, H. C. M.	Sampson, C. L.
Caziar, C. E.	Campbell, B. R.
Booth, A. J.	McCroskey, B. B.
Wood, R. R.	Kaempfer, A. B.
Lawrance, H. I.	Williams, A. R.
Pike, S. L.	McClure, C. W.
Arnold, A. C.	Waddill, E. C.
Adams, F. H.	Ramsey, N. F.
Patterson, W. H.	Hammond, T. W.
Hearn, R. H.	Miller, W. C.
Deitsch, A. E.	Smalley, E. B.
Jones, W. C.	Lanza, M.
Johnson, B. P.	Nalle, J. B.
Wieser, G. A.	Hoffman, A. A.
Reed, W. L.	Gunner, E.
Moss, J. A.	Remington, P.
Jackson, F. P.	Potter, P. C.
Regan, J.	Wood, D. P.
Randolph, J.	Terrell, F. B.
White, S. A.	McElroy, J. G.
Craig, J. M.	Hooper, E. L.
Abel, C.	Gregory, E. B.
Kendrick, W. R.	Miller, U. M.
Robinson, F. P.	Venable, R. V.
Hopson, S. H.	Wise, M. C.
Persons, W. E.	Meals, C. A.
Hall, A. M.	Atkins, J. A.
Jones, C. C.	Budd, A. D.
Marmon, J. A.	Wilson, E. M.
Cook, L. H.	Burnett, J. D.
Wallace, W. B.	Hewitt, R. B.
Stahl, H. G.	
Boller, V. W.	
McNamara, W.	Pickering, R. R.
Peck, R. G.	Scott, W. R.
Anding, S. W.	Riley, N. W.
Wagner, E. H.	Fulton, W. S.
Cole, O. R.	Hawley, H.
Herr, C. F.	Walthall, H. L.
Sanders, E. O.	Cron, A. C.
Mills, W. E.	Hoop, O. W.
Campbell, S. A.	Elliott, C. B.
Dewey, L. A.	Minnigerode, F. L.
Duke, T. T.	True, J. M.
Parker, H. A.	French, J. C.
Williams, K. P.	Dowell, C. M.
Purcell, L. M.	Mason, C. W.
Marshall, G. C., Jr.	Moreno, A.
Hickox, A. A.	Emery, A. R.
Walling, J. M.	Rose, B. W.
Hunt, C. A.	Grubbs, De W. C. T.
Stewart, G. H.	Titus, C. P.
Blackford, C. M.	Talbott, S. G.

Wilson, temp. 2d Lt. J. J., to Ft. Thomas, Ky.
Doe, Capt. W. W., previous orders revoked; he will proceed to Rock Island Arsenal.
Kelly, 1st Lt. H. W., previous orders amended to read Kelty, 1st Lt. H. W.
Waldron, 1st Lt. I. N., and Zerbee, 1st Lt. A. J., previous orders revoked.
Stivers, A. D., Capt., appointed capt. in N. G. and assigned to Camp Kearny.
Christie, Lt. Col. A. La R., will report President of Army Retiring Board, Washington.
Feinler, Chap. F. J., 26th to 2d inf. and will proceed on first transport for Hawaiian Dept.

Ordnance Reserve Corps.

Totton, 1st Lt. F. M., to Sandy Hook Proving Grounds.

Following will report to Chief of Ord.:

MAJORS.

Russell, E. F.	Fairchild, A. W.
Bayless, H. C.	Cowling, J. G.

CAPTAINS.

Kerlin, W. L.	Marlow, F. S.
Hoffman, R. C.	Guy, A. E.
Carson, J. A.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

La Plante, J. B. C.	Norton, P. R.
Corcoran, E. T.	McCune, W. B.
McKensin, C. T.	Palliser, W. B.
Hayes, J. A.	Ivins, C. F.
Hansen, L. M.	Clark, H. A.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Harris, A. S.	Olsby, C. G.
Price, C. V.	Cook, F. L.
Jones, W. H.	Moore, W. P.

Seiffert, Capt. O. H., previous orders amended; to Rock Island Arsenal, temp. duty, then to report to Chief of Ord.
Shepard, 1st Lt. F. J., Jr., previous orders amended; to report to Chief of Ord.
Page, 1st Lt. B. S., will report to chief, insp. sec., gun div., at N. Y.
Cartwright, 2d Lt. T. F., will take station at Cincinnati at factory of Perkins-Campbell Co. and report to Chief of Ord.
Bohlen, 1st Lt. A. C., is appointed an acting Qm. for time he may remain on present duties.
Holmgren, 1st Lt. F. C., will take station at Cleveland for duty at plant of Grant Motor Car Co., and report to Chief of Ord.
Vaughn, 1st Lt. H. D., to Sandy Hook Proving Ground.
Link, Capt. C. V., will take station at Cincinnati and report by letter to Chief of Ord.
Gage, 1st Lt. G. R., will take station at Buffalo, as insp. of ord. at plant of Donner Steel Co., and report by letter to chief insp. sec., gun div., New York.
Stibolt, 1st Lt. V. A., to Rock Island Arsenal.
LeMieux, 1st Lt. J. A., to Beaver, Penn., at the Metal Products Co., report to Chief of Ord.
Nicolls, 2d Lt. J. W., to Sandy Hook Proving Ground.

Signal Reserve Corps.

Findley, 1st Lt. E. N., Av.Sec., will report to Chief Sig.Off.
Switzer, 1st Lt. B. R., Av.Sec., to Selfridge Field.
Dolan, 1st Lt. J., Av.Sec., to Ellington Field.
Shutt, 1st Lt. S. H., hon. discharged.
Drexel, 1st Lt. W. R., to Kelly Field.
Cook, 1st Lt. E. R., Av.Sec., will report to Cmdg. Officer, Aero. Concentration Camp, Garden City, for duty with a squadron.
Loughridge, 2d Lt. W. H., Av.Sec., to Portland, Ore.
Flowers, 1st Lt. A. E., Av.Sec., will report to Cmdg. Off., School of Military Aeronautics, Ithaca, N. Y.

Field rAtillery.

Olmstead, Capt. D., and Parrott, Capt. R. S., temp. promoted to be Majors.
Temp. promotion and assignment of following announced.
Smith, Maj. W. H., and Bishop, Maj. A. T., temp. promoted to be Lt.Cols.
Downing, 1st Lt. G. J.; Crawford, 1st Lt. W. W., and Pickett, 1st Lt. C., temp. promoted to be Captains.
McCabe, Maj. E. R. W., assigned to 17th at Sparta, Wis.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

Smith, 1st Lt. T. W., will report to officer in charge, General Eng. Depot, this city.
Haynes, 1st Lt. H. S., hon. discharged.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Vorfeld, Capt. R. A., Federal Trade Commission, previous orders revoked.
Quinn, Capt. J. P., previous orders revoked.
Shirley, Capt. A. P., to Philadelphia on official business, then to his station.
Bramlitt, Capt. R. M., to Camp Johnston as asst. to Constructing Qm.
Hall, Maj. S. H., to Philadelphia on official business, then to his station.
Shannon, Maj. R. E., to New York on official business, then to his station.
Crofton, Capt. A., hon. discharged.
Beebe, Capt. M. R., to Camp Dodge with 88th Div. as asst. to officer in charge of utilities.
Wiscombe, Capt. W. F., assigned to 301st Stevedore Regt.
Sharpe, Capt. E. L., and Eikenberry, Capt. E., assigned to 303d Stevedore Regt.
Hayes, Capt. A. T., assigned to 304th Stevedore Regt.

Signal Corps.

Dawson, 2d Lt. J. M., will report to Chief Sig. Off.
Pepperdine, F. F., to Chicago, and report to Dept. Sig. Off.
Sileo, 2d Lt. C. F., to Camp Vail.
Pickells, 1st Lt. A. C., to Ft. Oglethorpe, with 7th Field Bat.
Palmer, Capt. D., to Kelly Field.
Robins, Maj. A. W., Av.Sec., will participate in flights.
Hopkins, 1st Lt. H. V., to Portland, Ore.

Following to Mineola:
Braig, Capt. E. C.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Bradshaw, W. J.	Gillick, F. P.
Hewitt, C.	Grosse, C.
Knight, H. G.	McGrath, J. L.
Hough, J.	Lynch, W. T.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Barrett, T. A.	Mary, J.
Lawrence, A. M.	

Veterinary Corps.

Turner, Maj. J. P., will report to Surg. Gen.
Whitehouse, 2d Lt. A. W., to Garden City.
Foster, Capt. R. J., from Philippine Dept., to San Francisco and report to the Adjt. Gen. for further orders.
Martin, 2d Lt. A. D., to Camp Shelby.

Quartermaster Corps.

Vincent, 2d Lt. J. S., to Camp Beauregard as asst. to Cmdg. Off., Auxiliary Remount Depot No. 314.
Barrell, Capt. F. M., to Western Dept. for temp. duty, then to report to Chief of Staff for duty in office of Chief of Embarkation Service.
Gorham, Capt. G. B., to Coast Defenses of Galveston.
Noble, Maj. W. H., to Camp Upton, Fort Jay, and Camp Dix on official business, then to station in this city.
Kissling, 2d Lt. F. R., and Cumner, 2d Lt. J., will report to Qm. Gen., re standard military truck production sec.
Curlee, 2d Lt. G. M., and Warren, 2d Lt. H. G., will report to Qm. Gen.

Sanitary Corps.

Pressey, 1st Lt. H. F., to Cornell Medical College for inst.
Evans, 1st Lt. T. L., N.A., to Washington.
Bacon, 1st Lt. J. E., N.A., to Army Med. School.
Berry, Capt. C. S., to Surg. Gen.
Barney, 1st Lt. J. E., previous orders amended to direct him to Watertown.

Miscellaneous.

Bullock, 1st Lt. J. M., Inft. R.C., to Camp Dix.
Holland, 1st Lt. C. M., Dent.R.C., to School of Plastic and Oral Surgery, Chicago, for inst.
Greene, Maj. J. A., Judge Adv. Gen., R.C., to Camp Custer.
McNair, Brig. Gen. W. S., N.A., to Chief of Staff.
Eastman, 1st Lt. G., previous orders revoked.
Zimmerman, Brig. Gen. C. A., to command 73d Inft. Brig. and transfer of Speake, Brig. Gen. J. C., to surplus list, 37th Div.
Assignment of Hammond, 2d Lt. C. B., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., to office of Adjt.Gen.
Smith, Maj. O. C., Judge Adv. Gen.'s R. C., to Camp Logan.
Boggert, Maj. G. G., Judge Adv. Gen.'s R.C., to Camp Dix.
Robins, 1st Lt. W. P., Adjt.Gen.'s Dept., to Washington.
Brindley, Maj. A. R., Judge Adv. Gen.'s R. C., to Washington.
Taylor, Maj. O. J., Judge Adv. Gen.'s R. C., to Camp Grant.
Johnson, Maj. F. B., Judge Adv. Gen.'s R. C., to Camp Shelby.
Baker, 2d Lt. S. H.; Brockway, 2d Lt. U. H., and Haymes, 2d Lt. W. L. S., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., to Camp Green.
Love, 2d Lt. H. J., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., to Camp Meade.
Ballantine, 2d Lt. G. W., Jr., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., to Camp McClellan.
Folsom, Maj. F. G., Judge Adv. Gen.'s R. C., to Camp Kearny.
Sloan, Maj. J. T., Judge Adv. Gen.'s R. C., to Camp Jackson.
Lyon, Capt. T. A., Judge Adv. Gen.'s R. C., to Camp Sheridan.
Detwiler, 2d Lt. R. S., Vet.R.C., previous orders revoked.
Scanlan, 2d Lt. H. V., Cav., previous orders amended to assign him to 6th Cav.

Resignations.

Dixon, Capt. G. G., Eng.R.C.
Stone, 1st Lt. G. M., Eng.R.C.
Kuehnle, 1st Lt. W. L., Eng.R.C.
Turner, 2d Lt. G., Qm.C.
Williams, 2d Lt. C. V., Vet.C., 115th Ammunition Train, Col.N.G.
Laird, 2d Lt. H. R., 138th Machine Gun Battalion, N.G.

Leaves.

Thiede, 1st Lt. C. F., M.R.C., 10 days.
Jayne, Maj. W. A., M.R.C., 5 days.
Robinson, Capt. P. O., Eng.R.C., 8 days.
Ballou, Brig. Gen. C. C., N.A., 10 days.
Dew, 1st Lt. F. R., M.R.C., 6 days.
Pinney, 2d Lt. R. H., 11th Cav., 7 days.
Kuhn, Maj. H. P., M.R.C., 6 days.

Education Notes.

Evening School 27, Manhattan, Forty-second Street, near Third Avenue, organized as a school for males, is now registering women. Among the subjects taught are English to foreigners, common branches, civil service, and stenography.

The High School clerical assistants are continuing their campaign for better salaries. Announcement of the next meeting will soon be made.

Fordham University Graduate School has inaugurated a series of courses of special interest to teachers in public and private schools. Among these courses is one on "Educational Science," conducted at 4 p. m. every Wednesday by the editor of "America," the Rev. R. H. Tierney, S. J., and another will be on the "Constituents of a Liberal Education," given at 4 p. m. every Tuesday. The Rev. Joseph H. Rockwell, S. J.; the Rev. J. Havens Richards, S. J.; the Rev. John J. Wynne, S. J., editor of the Catholic Encyclopedia, and the Rev. Joseph A. Mulry, S. J., rector of Fordham University, are among the lecturers in this course. All courses will be accepted toward eligibility for various school licenses, also for promotion licenses.

The National Security League recommends that President Wilson's Thanksgiving proclamation be read in all the schools of the country today and at all religious exercises tomorrow.

The Board of Education will hold a meeting today.

Leave of absence, without pay, for one year has been granted to Arthur Nathan, a teacher in the Commercial High School, and to Marcus Charmus, shop work teacher at Public School 23, Manhattan, to enable them to perform military service.

Fred Seigel has been nominated for assistant teacher of drawing in the Stuyvesant High School.

Estates Appraised.

CLARK, CHARLES M. (Feb. 23, 1917.) Total assets, $246,074. The estate is equally divided between his sons and daughter, Percy S. N. of 545 West 150th Street; Ernest V. of 450 West End Avenue; Charles H. Clark, Jr., of 2 East Forty-fifth Street, and Estelle C. Curwen of 450 West End Avenue. Assets, real estate, 42 East Sixtieth Street, $45,000; cash, $9,997; personal, $15,769; stocks and bonds, $173,448; membership in Produce Exchange, $1,860.

FROMENT, FRANK L. (Jan. 29, 1917.) Total assets, $169,005. His wife, Lydia Bacon Froment, of 125 East Seventy-second Street, receives $151,158, and his daughter, Lucy F. Gaines of Greenwich, Conn., forty shares of Greenwich Bank, $12,600. Assets, real estate, $137,980, which includes the country home of 127 acres, known as Brook Farm, in purchase, Westchester County, valued at $125,000; equity, $89,480; personal, $3,246; stocks and bonds, $27,740.

GUILFOYLE, EMILIE S. (Jan. 27, 1917.) Total assets, $56,460. The estate is left to thirty-eight relatives, the principal bequests being to her brothers, Gustave Kuehner of Maspeth, L. I., $10,451; Camille Kuehner of St. Louis, $9,896, and Albert H. Kuehner of Friedberg, Germany, $9,896. Assets, cash, $8,127; stocks and bonds, $48,121. Many of the relatives receiving small legacies live in Friedberg and Dresden, Germany, and in Basle, Switzerland.

SWINBURNE, LENA W. (July 24, 1917.) Total assets, $50,788. Her husband, George K. Swinburne of 64 East Fifty-sixth Street, receives all except a legacy of $1,000 to Indiana Anderson, her maid. Assets, real estate, 64 East Fifty-sixth Street, $52,000; equity, $48,968; cash, $819; personal, $1,000.

UNDERHILL, RICHARD W., resident Pasadena, Cal. (Aug. 26, 1916.) Total assets in New York State, $45,138, consisting of promissory notes of Raleigh Realty Co., with interest, $32,438; and mortgages made by the same company, with interest, $12,[illegible].

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—There has been a general fall in pressure throughout the country attended by snows and rains from the Upper Mississippi Valley eastward as far as New York, Maryland, and Pennsylvania. Rains also fell in the Southwest and in the North Pacific States.

Elsewhere the weather was fair. Low temperatures continue in the Atlantic States and the lake region, but elsewhere they have risen above the seasonal average, except in the Central Rocky Mountain region, Kansas, Oklahoma, and Northwestern Texas.

Snow or rain will occur Wednesday in the Ohio Valley, Tennessee, the lower lake region, the Middle Atlantic States, and New England, followed by generally fair weather Thursday.

In the upper lake region and the South Atlantic States fair weather will prevail Wednesday and Thursday, while in the East Gulf States there will be local rain Wednesday night or Thursday. It will be somewhat warmer Wednesday in the Atlantic States.

Winds for Wednesday and Thursday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate east to southeast, snow by Wednesday night; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate south, with snow or rain; South Atlantic Coast, moderate east and southeast, generally fair.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York.—Snow north, snow or rain south, portion, warmer Wednesday. Thursday, probably fair.

Southern New England.—Snow and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, cloudy.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania.—Snow or rain and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, probably fair.

Western New York.—Snow and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, partly cloudy.

Northern New England. Snow Wednesday or Wednesday night. Thursday, cloudy.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	36	18	4 P. M.	50	29
6 A. M.	34	18	6 P. M.	49	29
9 A. M.	35	20	9 P. M.	45	30
12 M.	44	24	11 P. M.	43	30

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 24; for the corresponding date last year it was 42; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 40. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 18; at 8 P. M. it was 30. Maximum temperature, 31 degrees at 2:20 P. M.; minimum, 18 degrees at 7:30 A. M. Humidity, 52 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 32 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.63 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.48 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:56 | Sun sets..4:31 | Moon rises..4:20

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	6.53	7.20	12.38	1:25
Governors Island	7:31	7:50	1:08	1:54
Hell Gate	9:33	10:00	3:24	4:03

Official Shipping List.

Arrival of vessels from foreign countries at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports in the twenty-four houses ended Nov. 26:

STEAMSHIPS.

Aungban, (Br.)	Millinocket, (Am.)
Atenas, (Am.)	Monticello, (Am.)
Aggersborg, (Dan.)	Munisla, (Am.)
Aral, (Br.)	Normania, (Dan.)
Botanist, (Br.)	Northland, (Br.)
Bovic, (Br.)	Norukap, (Dan.)
Berlin, (Nor.)	Neptunus, (Dutch.)
Buccaneer, (Am.)	Panuco, (Am.)
Britannia, (Am.)	Roxen, (Swed.)
Bayway, (Am.)	Santa Catalina, (Am.)
Clan Colquhoun, (Br.)	Sixaola, (Am.)
Blandres, (Belg.)	Sara, (Dan.)
Glenerchy, (Br.)	Sosua, (Nor.)
Georgian Prince, (Br.)	San Jose, (Am.)
Helen, (Am.)	Stephen, (Br.)
Honduras, (Fr.)	Sybilla, (Br.)
Ionic, (Br.)	Turret Crown, (Br.)
Juro, (Ital.)	Tuscan Prince, (Br.)
John D. Rockefeller, (Am.)	Tactician, (Br.)
	Torres, (Am.)
King Edward, (Br.)	Trinculo, (Br.)
Kentuckian, (Am.)	Verona, (Nor.)
Mexicano, (Am.)	Waltham, (Br.)
Methven, (Br.)	Yoro, (Hond.)

SAILING VESSELS.

Concordia, (Nor.)	Leonard C., (Br.)
James L. Maloy, (Am)	Mary F. Barrett, (Am)
Indian Girl, (Nor.)	Margaret Thomas, (Am.)
John R. Raldey, (Br.)	Percelor, (Br.)
Louise F. Harper, (Am.)	Valdare, (Br.)

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
6:20—500 E. 70 St.; not given	Slight
8:20—209 W. 17 St.; James Eagleton	Slight
9:05—Hudson & 14 Sts.; (auto,) Adams Express Co.	Slight
9:50—Morris Park Av. & Appleton Road; (rubbish,) not given	None
P. M.	
12:55—223 E. 22 St.; Otto Schultz	Slight
1:30—235 E. 22 St.; Joseph Posner	Slight
2:45—Sedgwick Av. & 165 St.; Edison Co.	Slight
3:25—322 E. 122 St.; Yetta Chickorassky	Slight
4:15—7 W 76 St.; Kate Goodman	Slight
4:35—345 B'way; Buffet Exch. Lunch Co.	$100
4:35—630 Tinton Av.; Samuel Caub	$1,000
6:00—4,224 3 Av.; Dr. Becker	Slight
7:10—6 Albany St.; Ambrose Seigel	Slight
8:40—3,872 Park Av.; Fred Dressler	Slight
8:40—230-232 E. 59 St.; Wallach Bros.	Slight
10:10—3 Weehawken St.; A. Gabris	$50
10:15—272 E. 140 St.; William Merrill	Slight
11:20—81-83 Orchard St.; D. Hershowitz	Slight

The Civil Service.

City.

Examinations have been ordered for mechanical draftsman, (heating and ventilation,) Grade C, one vacancy in the Department of Education at $1,570 a year, minimum age 21 years; for dental hygienist, minimum age 20 years, several vacancies in the Health Department, at $720 a year; for medical inspector and for alienist.

United States.

The commission announces for Dec. 4 an examination for vehicle engineer, for men. A vacancy in the Signal Service at Large, New York, N. Y., at $1,500 a year, will be filled from this examination. The duties will involve a general inspection of the raw materials entering into vehicle construction, and also the expediting in manufacture and delivery of electric vehicles for the Signal Corps. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education and preliminary training and experience and fitness. A good common-school education and apprenticeship or equivalent preliminary training as an electrician or automobile mechanic, with one year's experience on electric vehicles and storage batteries, are prerequisites. Applicants must have reached their twentieth but not their fiftieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

LEGAL NOTICES.

RESOLUTION OF MEMBERS AUTHORIZING change of name:
The Members of the National Child Welfare Exhibit Association, Inc., at a meeting duly convened this 14th day of November, 1917, desire to change the corporate name of said Company from that of the "National Child Welfare Exhibit Association, Inc.," to that of the "National Child Welfare Association, Inc.," for the reason that the new name will more correctly describe the proposed work of the Association.
And a Certificate in duplicate of the Secretary of State having been presented to the Meeting to the effect that the name which said corporation proposes to assume is not the name of any other corporation appearing on his index of corporations as authorized to do business under the Laws of the State of New York, or a name which he deemed so nearly resembling it as to be calculated to deceive; now, therefore, be it
Resolved by the said members of said Association that the name of said Association be changed from the "National Child Welfare Exhibit Association, Inc.," to that of the "National Child Welfare Association, Inc.," and that a Certificate containing this resolution duly signed, verified and acknowledged, together with the other necessary papers, as set forth in Section 66 of Article 2 of Chapter 177 of the Laws of 1917, be filed in the Offices of the Secretary of State and of the County Clerk of the County in which the Association has its principal place of business.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sections 3,062 U. S. R. S. & 347, Tariff Act of Oct. 3, 1913, I have seized and hold One bag containing seven packages of Paradise and Goura Feathers; One package containing [illegible] feathers of the Bird of Paradise and 150 Quills; and forty-three boxes containing heads and feathers of Birds of Paradise and Goura Heads.
Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on 10th day of December, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated November 17th, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Marshal.
U. S. Attorney.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.—I WILL SELL at public auction on Friday, November 30th, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, 1,930 logs of Lignum Vitae. Said logs to be sold at the pier, foot of West 131st Street, New York City, N. Y., where they can now be seen and inspected.
Dated New York, November 22d, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

SAYS PREFERENCE CLOGS RAILROADS

Freight Congestion Due Largely to Excessive Priority Orders, Harrison Asserts.

CABINET TAKES UP PROBLEM

Government Operation of Railways Only as a Last Resort, It Is Announced After Session.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—In a statement issued today Fairfax Harrison, Chairman of the Railroads War Board, pointed out that the congestion on the railways due to war demands was largely confined to the East, and made the point that this congestion was traceable in great measure to unrestricted extension of the expedient of preference freight. Mr. Harrison's statement follows:

"The measures which the Railroads' War Board has adopted to improve transportation conditions in Eastern territory apparently have given many persons an erroneous impression regarding the transportation situation in the country as a whole.

"Reports from the West show that there is no serious congestion in that territory, and that the railroads are handling the traffic in as satisfactory a manner as could be expected in view of its very large volume. They are not able to furnish all the cars for which shippers ask, but this is largely due to the detention of cars in Eastern territory, owing to the congestion there, which special measures have been adopted to relieve.

"In the Southeast the railways, without serious trouble or delays, are handling the heaviest business ever known in that territory. They could handle a still larger business, and our committee anticipates that the Government authorities will adopt the recommendation it has made for immediate measures to transfer movement of foodstuffs and other export material to South Atlantic ports to as large a degree as compatible with the public interest as one important means of relieving the congestion in the East.

"Our further investigation of industries in the East emphasizes the fact that the congestion in that territory has been to a great extent brought about by the excessive use of preference orders for freight being handled for the Government or for concerns directly or indirectly engaged in work on Government contracts. The conditions referred to is not due to priority orders issued by the Government Priority Director, Judge Lovett, but to routine preference orders issued by many representatives of the various Government departments.

"The number of these routine preference orders has become so large that on some of the Eastern railways they are being applied to the greater part of the freight. The attempt to give expedited movement to an excessive amount of freight has increased congestion in yards by causing a large increase in switching movements.

"A constant flow of traffic concurrently produces the best transportation results. We are, therefore, emphasizing to representatives of the Government the desirability of reducing the number of preference orders, which, by causing attempts to give expedited movement to so large a volume of traffic, are slowing down the movement of all traffic and thereby defeating the very object sought. We are assured of the co-operation of representatives of the Government as respects this matter."

Discussed at Cabinet Meeting.

The pooling arrangement proposed by the Railroads' War Board continues a subject of intense interest and animated discussion. Railroad managers studying the acute transportation situation growing out of the congestion arising from the enormous war business say that the problem cannot be solved by a mere pooling of equipment. They hold that more radical reforms than those thus far discussed by the Railroads' War Board must be enforced.

The railroad problem was discussed at length at today's Cabinet meeting. Afterward it was said that Government operation of railroads during the war would be attempted only if it became certain that the roads themselves were unable to deal with the difficulties confronting them.

The general belief among Administration officials is that the pooling plan about to be inaugurated by the roads should have a thorough try-out and that if it fails the Government then should take a hand. There is no concealment, however, of some doubt that any pooling plan will work as well as it might so long as each road is compelled to concern itself with its individual profits.

Since railroad congestion and coal distribution are linked so closely, officials are watching a movement toward the pooling of coal shipments in the Middle West. If the plan works well, it will be extended, with Government encouragement, to other districts. Government requisitioning of coal and a general Government coal pool are considered likely next year. At present there is a disposition to let contracts run out before a Government pool is formed.

The railroad congestion is heavier each week. The roads are approaching a situation which will mean that they must place an embargo on non-essential freight or fail to furnish adequate service to the Government. The situation will be placed before President Wilson this week by a Cabinet member. The railroad managers hope the President will exert his influence with Congress for remedial legislation along broad and revolutionary lines. Such legislation is proposed for the war period only.

In the meantime the seven railroad Presidents and Vice Presidents appointed to consider the pooling of facilities will do what they can to alleviate the situation. As the next step a pooling of earnings is suggested. This can be effected only by the amending of the Anti-Pooling act. If the pooling should be carried to its logical conclusion the roads could be run by a single board.

Government officials and railroad managers cannot see that the situation would be bettered by Government ownership or Government control. The Presidents of all the railroads in the Eastern territory are willing to adopt any possible plan presented by the Government to relieve the congestion. The War Board which began its work here long before war was declared against Germany, has thus far accepted every plan originating with the Government.

President Wilson will be asked to consider the advisability of authorizing a list of non-essential freight. England and France adopted this plan, along with a 50 per cent. increase in passenger rates. This Government has hesitated to forbid the transportation of specified commodities because of the great losses it would entail upon industry and labor.

Several days ago the Railroads' War Board furnished to Judge Lovett, Director of Priority, and Dr. Garfield, Fuel Administrator, at their request, a list of 450 commodities whose transportation they declared could be dispensed with without any considerable inconvenience to the public; also a list of seventy-five other commodities which might be embargoed, but at the cost of inconvenience. Judge Lovett and Dr. Garfield have not as yet acted upon the proposal. Judge Lovett, while admitting the necessity of an embargo on non-essentials, said he would take no action until all the industries affected had been heard.

"We have no doubt, if non-essential commodities are eliminated," said Fairfax Harrison, "that the railways can transport all the commodities required by the Government in carrying on the war and by the people for their subsistence and comfort.

Further curtailment of passenger service is to be attempted. It is understood that the program includes consolidation of through passenger service, eliminating trains not well patronized. Special trains will not be run on branch roads, and passenger service will be reduced.

Proposes $100,000,000 to Buy Cars.

Senator Reed of Missouri, who appeared at the capital today, said he would advocate the passage of a bill at the next session of Congress to appropriate $100,000,000 for the purchase by the Government of freight cars to relieve the existing shortage.

"From all I have heard, the country is threatened with a food shortage unless cars are available to move food products," he said. "The railroads say they cannot supply the cars. At the last session of Congress Senator Hoke Smith offered a bill to provide $20,000,000 for the purchase of freight cars by the Government, but it was killed. If it had gone through, it is likely that the menace of today would not be so aggravated.

"There may be a question as to the ability of the Government to purchase all the needed cars now. It would entail building new cars, and it is hard to tell what the conditions might be in the car factories, owing to other demands of the war. But the Government ought to have the authority to do it. Sooner or later it will have to build the cars if the people are to get an adequate food supply."

No Reduction of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27.—The Pennsylvania Railroad will not reduce its passenger service unless a limitation is placed on the traffic as a war measure, according to a statement issued tonight by Samuel Rea, President of the company.

"Less passenger train service on the Eastern railroads, and especially on the Pennsylvania system, would be very desirable, but, until the situation develops further, and some limitation is placed on th etraffic as a war measure, it will be difficult to accomplish," says the statement. "Any traveler on this system can see for himself on day or night trains the extraordinary increase in the passenger travel, including the heavy family travel to and from camps, and to and from Washington on Government business. I doubt whether slower and longer trains of coaches carrying full loads would reduce the number of cars and trains or materially relieve the tracks and terminals. Therefore, at this time I can see no other course than to continue meeting the abnormal demand for passenger transportation to the best of our ability."

APPEALS TO BRITONS HERE.

No Escape from War Duty, General White Says.

"British and Canadian residents in the United States cannot escape their duty while their fellow-citizens in Great Britain or Canada are being drafted for service, and their neighbors in the United States who are citizens are being drafted here," said Brig. Gen. W. A. White, head of the British-Canadian Recruiting Mission, yesterday. "The mission has established recruiting depots all through the country to give Britishers and Canadians an opportunity to volunteer for service through these depots. Some 15,000 men have been enlisted and sent forward to the British and Canadian Armies."

Regarding the negotiations between Great Britain and the United States relative to the drafting of Britons and Canadians, General White explained that among the ten million men who registered for service in response to the President's call there were many Britons and Canadians who registered under their nationalities and as such are not subject to draft. In Great Britain and Canada there are also Americans of military age. The proposed conventions between the two countries will provide the regulations under which these men may be drafted for service in the countries of their residence by the Governments to which they owe allegiance.

"Pending the completion of the conventions, which it is expected Secretary Lansing will submit to Congress," he said, "a very active campaign is to be carried on all over the United States through the British and Canadian Recruiting Mission. This will give all Britons and Canadians an opportunity to volunteer for service instead of waiting to be drafted. The mission now has the names and addresses of the Britons and Canadians registered in the United States, and has made a special written appeal to them to come forward and offer their services."

JOHN W. FOSTER'S ESTATE.

Former Secretary of State Left Property Valued at $400,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—John W. Foster, former Secretary of State, left an estate valued at about $400,000, according to the petition for the probate of his will, filed today by Robert Lansing and John F. Dulles, the executors. Secretary Lansing is a son-in-law of the deceased, Mr. Dulles is a grandson. Comprised in the estate is realty assessed at $163,358, and personal property "in excess of $200,000."

The beneficiaries of the estate are the widow, Mrs. Mary Parke Foster, and the two daughters, Mrs. Edith Foster Dulles of Auburn, N. Y., and Mrs. Eleanor Foster Lansing. The will, filed several days ago, provides that Secretary Lansing and Mr. Dulles shall hold the entire estate in trust for the benefit of the widow during her life, and at her death shall divide the estate equally between the two daughters.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Special account passbook, No. K-1295, of Rose Domas, issued by the 104th Street Branch of The Chatham and Phenix National Bank of the City of New-York. All persons are warned against receiving said book for value. THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK.

LOST.—Brown fur neckpiece, left in taxi from Grand Central Palace to 125 East 72d, Monday night; reward if returned to 125 East 72d. Baxter.

LOST.—Black fox neckpiece, Monday afternoon, between 4:30 and 5:30, on East 45th or West 72d St. Return Hotel Hargrave, 112 West 72d. Suitable reward.

LOST OR STOLEN.—Vanity case, from Flat town car, at 57th St. and Broadway; reward offered, no questions asked. Kaufmann-Morris Co., 1,776 Broadway.

LOST.—Nov. 21, gold brooch, size of half dollar, woman's head in relief, one diamond; $25 reward, on returning to 25 West 11th St.

LOST.—Black marten muff, (Nov. 26,) in Post Office Department of Bloomingdale's. Reward if returned to 25 West 52d St. No questions asked.

LOST.—Pendant green earring; will lady who found same kindly communicate with Miss Underwood, after 10 A. M., 19 E. 48th? Vanderbilt 2596.

LOST.—Downtown, a Diamond Masonic Pendant and a large Waterman Fountain Pen; reward. Telephone Rector 10,000; extension 150.

LOST at Hero Land, Monday afternoon, pointed fox neckpiece; liberal reward. Burslit, 449 West 123d. Morningside 973.

STOLEN.—In front of Macy's, on the 27th, automobile; name reward for return. Address E. Z., K 251 Times Downtown.

LOST.—Lady's diamond and emerald wreath pin; Saturday; liberal reward for return. Frey, 255 West 90th. River 1655.

LOST.—Purse, with 2 Liberty certificates and cash. Advise 40 Exchange Place, Room 503. Reward. Bond transfer stopped.

LOST.—In Brooklyn, gentleman's diamond ring; liberal reward. Write or return to residence, 625 East 19th St., Flatbush.

LOST.—Platinum bracelet, about 19 diamonds; liberal reward. 215 West 91st, Apartment 136.

LOST.—Dark blue silk purse, steel beads, Broadway car or 5th Av. bus; reward. Hern, 780 West End Av.

LOST.—Brown fox neckpiece, on or near 57th St. and 2d Av. "L" station; reward. 3,418 17th Av., Brooklyn.

LOST.—A black seal muff, last week, probably in subway. Reward if returned to Jenkins, 537 West 121st St.

LOST.—Watch, initials R. H., between 42d St. and Strand Theatre, Sunday night. Gramercy 3266.

LOST.—A platinum bar pin, set with diamonds and pearls; reward. Box 707, Rye, N. Y.

LOST.—Manhattan or Elmhurst, diamond bar pin, liberal reward. Cohn, 3,100 Broadway.

REWARD.—Velvet bag containing money, bank check, key, Friday. Brodhead, 105 West 85th.

REWARD—Moleskin scarf, Sunday night. Return to Telephone Operator, 409 Edgecombe Av.

REWARD.—Seal collar, last Sunday, 34th, Madison, 3d Aves. Riker, 15 East 35th.

$100 REWARD for diamond link bracelet, Justine Johnstone's Club or Joan Sawyer's. Communicate Columbus 5738 for reward.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—White West Highland terrier, male, name and address on collar; last seen 3d St. and 6th Av. $25 reward on returning to 25 West 11th St.

LOST.—Saturday night, Boston bull, Hoboken license No. 112; liberal reward. Return to 600 West 140th St., Apt. 12.

LOST.—Irish terrier, between 42d and 82d, east of Park Av. Return to 350 Park Av., at 82d St., said get reward.

Tea Rooms.

NOW OPEN
SEVEN CANDLES,
13 West 40th Street,
in the ART GALLERY,
formerly occupied by BRAUN & CO.
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Dinner.
HOME COOKING.
Service a la carte and table d'hote.
Luncheon, 60c; Dinner, $1.00.

At the Sign of THE GREEN LEAF OF
Thirteen ... Forty-fourth Street.
Luncheon, 60c.; Dinner, $1.00; Afternoon Tea and Waffles, 40c.; Home Cooked and Waffles Well.

Green Parrot Tea Shop 13 E. 35th St., Opp. Altman's.
Specially Attractive Luncheon a la Carte And Afternoon Tea.
LEMON MERINGUE PIE A SPECIALTY.

DOWNTOWN'S MOST DELIGHTFUL MID-DAY TEA ROOMS.
THE BROWN BETTY 14 FULTON ST. 72 WALL ST.
Delicious Home Cooking.

THE MARGUERITE 49 West 39th St. upon Sub'ys 1-4 P.M.
WILL OPEN NOVEMBER 26TH.
Luncheon, 40-50c. Afternoon Tea, Dinner, 60-75c.
Dinner, Thanksgiving Day, 1-7 P. M.

MARY LOUISE 173 Madison Ave., near 34th.
Breakfast or Luncheon, 35c.
Special chicken lunch, Tues., Thurs. & Sat., 5 to 7:30 Dinner, 60c. Chicken every night.

The OAK ROOM 36 East 57th St. near Madison Av.
Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner.
Special Beefsteak Dinner Today.

Dorothy-Louise 1 WEST 38TH ST. (Opp. Lord & Taylor.)
Luncheon, Fifty Cents. Dinner, Sixty Cents.
CHICKEN DINNER EVERY TUES. & SAT.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 30th STREET.
8 to 8. Except Sundays.
The Oldest Tea Room in New York.
"Club" or a la carte. Smoking in garden.
Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at

SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St. Sunday dinner.
Home-made Scotch Oatbread and Scones.

THE ROSE GARDEN 36 West 59th St., Near Plaza Hotel.
Luncheon or Dinner, 50c. Tea, a la Carte.
Sunday Dinner a specialty, $1.25.

THE GROTTO 165 MADISON AVENUE Between 32d and 33d.
Luncheon, 45c; Course Dinner With Chicken, 65c.
Sunday Dinner, 75c; Home-made Bread and Pies.

SAVORY PIE SHOP 45 E. 30th St. Mad. Sq. 4976.
"Wonderful Apple Pie" to order, 50c, 75c and $1.00. Luncheon and Afternoon Tea.

OLD CHELSEA 51 West 10th St. Open Sundays.
Vegetable luncheons and dinners a specialty.
Old-fashioned cooking.
Table d'hote dinner, 50c, 90c. Lunch a la carte.

Dine at OLD GRAMERCY PARK, No. 20.
Breakfast, 35c; Luncheon, 50c; Dinner, 75c.
New England Thanksgiving Dinner, 6-8, 75c.
Entrance on Irving Place. Open Fire.

Heatherdell Tea Shop 15 E. 45th St. Open Sundays.
Lunch, 35c; Tea; Dinner, Thanksgiving Day, 75c.

WRIGHT-LOGAN 6 East 37th Street. Adjoining Tiffany's.
LUNCHEON: AFTERNOON TEA. DINNER
17 West 58th St. (Plaza 1110). Luncheon 75c.
Tonight Virginia Ham, Fricassee Chicken.

THE BRITTANY 694 Madison Av., near 62d
Open Sundays, 12-3 P. M.
DINNER, THANKSGIVING DAY, 12 TO 8 P. M.

The RUSSIAN INN 57 West 37th Street. (6567 Greeley.)
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Dinner. Russian Cooking.

THE ELM TREE 52-54 John Street. (Financial District.)
Homelike Tea Room for LADIES and GENTLEMEN.

STUDENTS INN. 328 West 38th St., West of 8th Ave.
Luncheon, 35c.; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 60-75c.

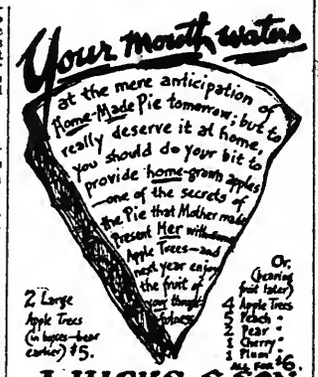
THE TALLY HO 20 East 34th St. Opposite Altman's.
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Southern Chicken Dinner.

TO-NIGHT AT 17 WEST 58TH ST. (Plaza 1110.) Lunch 75c.
Roast Turkey and Baked Chestnuts, dinner $1

THE MARYLAND 112 West 73d St. Just off Columbus Av.
Breakfast, 40c; Luncheon, 50c; Dinner, 75c.

THE MAYFLOWER, 25 West 55th St. Dinner, table d'hote
A la carte Breakfast, Lunch, Tea. Open Sundays.

THE PIROUETTE, 32 East 45th Street, bet. Madison & 5th Av.
Luncheon, 35-60c.; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 65c.



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Suits $20 *to* $50 *Overcoats* $20 *to* $85

For evening wear, you will need Hart Schaffner & Marx Dress Clothes. Full Dress Coats begin at $32. Tuxedos to match, $30. Dress Trousers begin at $8. Cutaway Coats and Vests $30 and up.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th } Open
3d Ave., cor. 122d } Evenings.

Army Officers' Uniforms

Ready-to-Wear-Away Department

O. D. Serge uniforms made from 12, 15 and 18 oz. materials, also khaki uniforms and overcoats made from 30 oz. O. D. meltons.

Our Made-to-Measure Department

Can supply in 24 hours if desired uniforms and overcoats from any of the accepted materials in any desired weight.

Officers' equipment booklet and samples of materials will be sent at once upon request

PRICES ARE REASONABLE

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TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
39 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

Arnheim Service Stations at 28 Camps and Cantonments.

Why

A USED PACKARD TWIN-SIX

returns you better value—

DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR

—than a new one

HERESY—you exclaim! Not for a minute. Won't it injure our new car business? Not if we know the American buyer. People who want new cars buy new cars. In times like the present they are demanding wearing qualities above everything. If a Packard Twin-Six wears so well that its second-hand value is relatively greater than its first value—that, we should say, would be about the strongest possible argument for the new Packard.

THERE is nothing new about this condition. New Packards have never been as good "buys" as Packards with a season or two of use—because the used Packard has exactly the same fundamental quality as the new one. All that's taken out of it is the wear, and the price reduction is altogether out of proportion to that. Why? Because that's the way the market rules. There is no sound reason for its ruling so but the used car buyer is just so much better off because it does.

A USED PACKARD TWIN-SIX is the very best automobile value on this planet. Its motor design is years ahead of the field. Its Packard distinction hasn't depreciated one iota. Its riding qualities are unimpaired. Wear? Why with reasonable care we don't know what its limit is. We have never seen a worn out Packard. When there is enough wear to loosen things up, Packard Service stands ready and able to take up the slack in the least expensive and most efficient way. Upkeep cost? You will be amazed to find how low it is.

A USED PACKARD TWIN-SIX is an investment for a lifetime if you will have it so. If you have but a moderate amount to spend for a motor car and a keen desire to get the worth of every cent it is the car of cars—the *only* car—for you.

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PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY OF NEW YORK
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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Generally fair today; Friday rain or snow; northerly winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,859. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1917.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

WILSON ORDERS IMPORTS PLACED UNDER LICENSE

Proclamation Extending Embargo Provides New and Powerful Weapon Against Germany

CAN DIRECT WORLD TRADE

Enemy-Controlled Concerns in South America Placed at a Great Disadvantage.

EFFECT ON NEUTRALS ALSO

Can Be Forced to Close Trade in Nonessentials—Export Embargo Extended.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—By a proclamation issued tonight placing under license the import of many articles, President Wilson put into the hands of the War Trade Board a powerful weapon to be used against firms controlled by German capital.

Notable in the South American countries named in the proclamation is Venezuela, where German capital is in full command, and from which pro-German propaganda radiates in great volume. German-controlled firms in Mexico, Brazil, Argentina, Chile, and other countries also will be made to feel the full force of America's power to control its commercial relations.

In Venezuela German money dominates the commercial situation almost to the complete exclusion of money invested by nationals of other countries. With America placing a ban on its imports, this capital will be stagnant and powerless to develop its interests.

It is entirely probable that within a short time the terms of the import proclamation will be broadened to include many other articles, as it is the determination of the Administration, through the War Trade Board, to use its full powers. There is to be no middle course where the German-controlled firms are concerned.

Stern measures were adopted at this time, it was said, largely because of the attempts by German interests in many countries to stir up discontent and foment revolution. It is probable that in countries such as Venezuela the Government will go to the extreme of bringing about an isolation of the firms, and a complete disruption of all their foreign trade.

The proclamation issued tonight takes in European, as well as South American, countries, thus making it possible for the Government to cut off commercial relations with firms in the northern neutral countries of Europe and in Spain if it sees fit. The weapon thus supplied places this nation in almost supreme control.

Text of Import Proclamation.

The President's proclamation follows:

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, Congress has enacted, and the President has on the 6th day of October, 1917, approved a law which contains the following provisions:

Whenever during the present war the President shall find that the public safety so requires and shall make proclamation thereof, it shall be unlawful to import into the United States from any country named in such proclamation any article or articles mentioned in such proclamation, except at such time or times, and under such regulations or orders, and subject to such limitations and exceptions as the President shall prescribe, until otherwise ordered by the President or by Congress. Provided, however, that no preference shall be given to the ports of one State over those of another.

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim to all whom it may concern that the public safety requires that the following articles, namely:

Antimony, antimony ore, or any chemical extracted therefrom; asbestos, beans of all kinds, balata, burlap, castor seed, castor oil, cotton, chrome, chrome ore, or any ferro-alloy or chemical extracted therefrom; cocoanut oil, cobalt, cobalt ore, or any ferro-alloy or chemical extracted therefrom; copra, industrial diamonds, all ferro-alloys, flax, gutta joolatong, gutta percha, gutta siak, hemp, hides and skins, jute, irridium, leather, manganese, manganese ore, or any ferro-alloy or chemical extracted therefrom; mica, molybdenum, molybdenum ore, or any ferro-alloy or chemical extracted therefrom; naxos emery and naxos emery ore, nickel, nickel ore, matte, or any ferro-alloy or chemical extracted therefrom; sodium, potassium, or calcium nitrates, optical glass, palm oil, platinum, plumbago, pyrites, rice, rubber, raw, reclaimed, waste or scrap; scheelite, shellac, sisal, soya bean oil, spiegeleisen, sugars, tanning materials, tin in bars, blocks, pigs, or grain, or granulated; ton ore and tin concentrates, or any chemical extracted therefrom; titanium, titanium ore, or any ferro-alloy or chemical extracted therefrom; tobacco, tungsten, tungsten ore, or any ferro-alloy or chemical extracted therefrom; vanadium, vanadium ore, or any ferro-alloy or chemical extracted therefrom; wheat and wheat flour, wolframite, or wool.

Shall not, from and after the date of this proclamation, be imported into the United States or its territorial possessions from Ayssinia, Afganistan, Albania, Argentina, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, her colonies, possessions and protectorates; Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, China, Chile, Columbia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Denmark, her colonies, possessions and protectorates; Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, France, her colonies, possessions and protectorates; Germany, her colonies, possessions and protectorates; Great Britain, her colonies, possessions and protectorates; Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Italy, her colonies, possessions, and protectorates; Japan, Liechtenstein, Liberia, Luxemboung, Mexico, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, Nepal, the Netherlands, her colonies, possessions, and protectorates; Nicaragua, Norway, Oman, Panama, Paraguay, Persia, Peru, Portugal, her colonies, possessions, and protectorates; Rumania, Russia, Salvador, San Marino, Serbia, Siam, Spain, her colonies, possessions, and protectorates; Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Uruguay, or Venezuela.

Except under license granted by the War Trade Board in accordance with regulations or orders and subject to such limitations and exceptions as

Continued on Page 15.

Budapest Socialists Clamor for Peace

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 28.—A great Socialist demonstration at Budapest on Sunda yin favor of an armistice and peace is reported by the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin. Declarations were made that democracy must employ all means to end the war, and that it is impossible to bring peace by force of arms. These statements led to demonstrations against the war and in favor of a general strike.

A resolution was passed opposing the aims of the Pan Germans and annexation of Poland and Livonia by Germany. The meeting voted in favor of holding an international labor conference at Stockholm.

ALIENISTS UPHOLD MRS. DE SAULLES

Dr. Wight Says She Was Mentally Irresponsible at the Time of the Killing.

HAD HALLUCINATIONS IN JAIL

Maid Testifies De Saulles Threatened His Wife Just Before She Shot Him.

The defense at the trial of Mrs. Blanca De Saulles at Mineola for the murder of her divorced husband, John Longer De Saulles, spent the day yesterday mainly in putting in medical and technical testimony to establish the defense of insanity.

An X-ray picture of her skull, her medical history since childhood, the observations of a general practitioner on her condition in Mineola Jail after the shooting, an elaborate report on the condition of her blood as studied under the microscope and treated chemically in the laboratory of a Professor of Clinical Microscopy, and a detailed account of the symptoms found by Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe, the alienist, were all placed before the jury. Justice Manning put in a busy day on the bench struggling with medical experts to induce them to strip their statements of technical language and talk to the jurors in plain English.

The entire case of the defense was finished with the exception of the testimony of Mme. Etrazuriz-Vergara, the mother of the defendant, who was reported extremely ill, after listening to the cross-examination of Mrs. De Saulles, and was not in condition to testify yesterday. Justice Manning, who had announced that he intended to hold night sessions and to keep court open on Thanksgiving Day, changed the program in order to enable the lawyers for the defense to construct their hypothetical question. This will contain approximately 20,000 words, and will embody every fact which the defense considers that it has established during the trial. Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe will be asked whether a person, to whom those facts relate, would have known the nature and quality of her act in killing another person. On his answer the defense will rest.

Mental Condition Due to Shock.

District Attorney Charles R. Weeks joined with the defense in asking for an adjournment over until Saturday, because he desired to have time to discuss with his experts the importance of the X-ray picture showing a depression in the defendant's skull and the relation of the disease of the thyroid glands to insanity as recognized in law.

The first medical opinion as to the cause of the woman's state of mind at the time of the shooting was given yesterday by Dr. J. Sherman Wight, who has been her physician since she was taken to the Mineola Jail. When he was asked what he believed to be the direct cause of her mental condition, he said:

"I think it was the mental shock caused by the words that she could not see her child again."

Dr. Wight showed the X-ray plate, which was illuminated by an electric projector. The skull was outlined in profile, an appreciable depression appearing on top of the head just back of the forehead. The depression, the physician said, was three-eighths of an inch deep and one and a half inches in diameter. He said that this condition caused encroachment and pressure on the brain. This was due, he said, to the fact that the fracture of the skull had not been properly treated and that the broken edges had not joined. The defense has introduced testimony to prove that the skull was twice broken in this place, once when she was a child in Chile in 1902 and again when she was thrown from an automobile in Chile in 1916, during her first separation from her husband.

Dr. Wight was called to see Mrs. De Saulles on Aug. 6, three days after the shooting, after the County Physician, Dr. Guy F. Cleghorn, had reported that her condition was serious. He described yesterday how he found her.

"She was as pale as a corpse," he said. "She appeared to take very little notice of her surroundings. Her color was unnatural; it was not ordinary paleness, but waxen. When I turned her face over, she put her tongue out and it was very much swollen. Her finger nails were brittle and her hair was very brittle. I noticed that there were puffs under her eyes.

"Her temperature was below normal. I could not find her pulse in the left wrist. Her heartbeat was slow and weak. She shrank when touched on the face, abdomen, and head. I found a scar on her head, which, when touched, caused her to shrink away and cry with pain."

Dr. Wight described elevations of the skin on her limbs and body, resembling bumps caused by blows, which he described as typical of a hypothyroid condition. He said that he tried to locate the thyroid gland, which is situated at the base of the throat and

Continued on Page 6.

Thanksgiving Dinner at the Clendening, 103d St., near B'way, 12 to 8:30 P. M. 7 Courses, $1. See menu, Page 11.—Advt.

COAL SHIPMENTS TO HAVE PRIORITY TO AVERT FAMINE

Garfield, Warned by Operators of Critical Situation, Asks Lovett for Order.

WAR INDUSTRIES MENACED

Steps to Relieve Shortage in New York Also Taken After Warning by Wiggin.

RADICAL ACTION ON FREIGHT

Railroad Pool Board Shuts Pittsburgh Gateway — Stops Iron and Steel for Exporting.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28. — Acting on the declaration of the coal operators that the country would be faced with a coal famine which would cause acute suffering and shut down or curtail munition making and other war industries unless drastic action was taken immediately, Dr. H. A. Garfield, the Federal Fuel Administrator, today requested Robert S. Lovett, Director of Priority, to issue an order giving coal and coke right of way on the railroads over general freight.

The National Coal Association in a statement issued tonight declared that the entire country except the Northwest "is facing a fuel famine." The operators, it was asserted, were handicapped by lack of cars, and a famine could be averted only by an immediate priority order. They promised to produce coal at a rate never before believed possible if the transportation facilities were provided.

Coal under the priority desired would move over the railway lines with foodstuffs, shipments of which are subordinated to the transportation of actual war supplies. The order would provide, too, for priority rights for empty coal and coke cars, which would be returned to the mines and ovens as soon as empty. Priority for coal shipments, Fuel Administration officials believe, would go far toward loosening the congestion of coal cars at mines and terminals.

Northwest Now Supplied.

With the coal requirements of the Northwest to a degree taken care of, the Fuel Administration has turned its attention to the East. A formal order ending preferential coal shipments to the lakes was issued today by Mr. Lovett, to become effective Nov. 30. Twenty-eight railroads are affected by the order. Coal thus released will move to the Middle West and to the big industrial centres of the Eastern States.

For the present the Fuel Administration does not contemplate any general priority order moving coal in any particular direction, but it will give attention to specific cases and will see that coal is supplied to any community where the need is great. It will enforce strictly an order issued last week directing producers who are under contract to furnish New England points with coal to meet their contract in full.

Dr. Garfield and Judge Lovett have been hesitant concerning the advisability of a sweeping priority order for coal, because of the effect it might have upon other industries. Representatives of the Board of Directors of the National Coal Association told the Fuel Administrator in a long conference today that further delay would be fatal. He heard all of the arguments and then, turning to a stenographer, dictated the request to Judge Lovett. The operators immediately made preparations to place their mines on a 100 per cent. basis of production.

To Get Immediate Relief.

Dr. Garfield gave this statement to the press:

"In order to secure immediate relief in the transportation of coal and coke, Fuel Administrator Harry A. Garfield today requested Director of Priority R. S. Lovett to issue an order giving preference to all rail movements of coal, coke, and empty coal and coke cars.

"The order requested by the Fuel Administrator would require the railroads to place all shipments of coal and coke ahead of general freight. The Fuel Administration believes that only a general priority order insuring the prompt movement of coal or coke can relieve the present congestion of fuel traffic on the railroads.

"The plan to extend preference to empty cars returning to mines and coke ovens would operate to afford the greatest possible relief to coal and coke producers who have been hampered in keeping up their output by the shortage of cars.

"Fuel Administrator Garfield asked that the proposed order be made effective at the earliest moment possible, and that it be continued in force until further orders. This would enable the Fuel Administration to expedite the general distribution of the coal supply, and to handle the available coal stocks to the best possible advantage."

It is expected that Judge Lovett will issue his priority order within forty-eight hours. In a recent statement he said that he would not take further action unless requested to do so by the Fuel Administration, intimating that he would follow any course recommended by it.

It is understood that transportation of materials for the army and navy and of foodstuffs will not be radically affected by any order issued, but that there will be an immediate curtailment of the shipment of non-essential commodities. The priority order probably will remain effective at least for thirty days.

Steps to Supply New York.

One of the first efforts will be to give an adequate coal supply to New York

Continued on Page 22.

Three Northern Kings Meet in Christiania

CHRISTIANIA, Nov. 28. — King Gustav of Sweden and King Christian of Denmark have arrived here with their respective Premiers and Foreign Ministers. The monarchs will remain in Christiania until Saturday. The city is gorgeously decorated in honor of the visit of the sovereigns.

Announcement was made Nov. 16 that the Kings of Denmark and Sweden would visit King Haakon Nov. 28. A dispatch from Copenhagen Tuesday said the Associated Press correspondent had learned from a responsible source that the conference was arranged in consequence of an intimation from Germany that the growth of the anti-German sentiment in Norway was being followed with concern by Germany, and that it was feared Norway might be impelled, by public opinion or pressure on the allied side, to enter the world war, at least to the point of granting a naval base to England and the United States, in which event Germany would be called upon to seize a base in Denmark.

SUBMARINES TAKE INCREASED TOLL

British Losses Last Week, 14 Vessels of Over 1,600 Tons and 7 of Smaller Size.

NAVY TO MAN CARGO SHIPS

United States Reserves to be Drawn On to Provide Crews for Merchant Fleet.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Fourteen British merchantmen of 1,600 tons or over and seven of less than 1,600 tons were sunk by mines or submarines last week, according to the weekly Admiralty statement issued this evening. This is an increase of four vessels in the larger category over the number reported sunk in last week's report. The Admiralty statement follows:

Arrivals, 2,038; sailings, 2,122.
British merchantmen over 1,600 tons sunk by mine or submarine, including one previously, 14; under 1,600 tons, 7.
Fishing vessels sunk, none.
British merchantmen unsuccessfully attacked, including one previously, 8.

A dispatch from Rome says it was officially announced today that the Italian losses due to submarine attacks during the week ended November 25 were one steamer of more than 1,600 tons, one under that tonnage and one small sailing vessel.

Last week's Admiralty report announced the sinking of seventeen British merchant vessels—ten of 1,600 tons or more, and seven of less tonnage. The week previously only one craft of 1,600 ton or over and five of less tonnage were sent to the bottom. The week before that—the week ending Nov. 4—eight ships of the larger tonnage were sunk and four of the smaller. In the week ending Oct. 28 fourteen larger ships were sent to the bottom and four smaller.

NAVY TO OPERATE MERCHANT SHIPS

Reserve Will Be Drawn Upon to Provide Disciplined Crews to Meet U-Boat Peril.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Naval operation of all American merchant ships engaged in transatlantic service is planned by the Government to safeguard vessels traversing the submarine zone. The proposal has the approval of Secretaries Baker and Daniels, and will be adopted by the Shipping Board.

The plan is to operate the ships with naval reserves, enlisting into the service tho present officers and men of the merchant fleet. Those who do not wish to enlist will be shifted to the South American and Pacific trades. Officials believe the great majority are ready to enter the navy service.

Naval operation of the merchant fleet has been talked of ever since the United States went to war, but heretofore the Shipping Board has objected to naval crews for any vessels other than transports. Officials of the board, however, finally have been won over, and at a conference today with War and Navy Department officials they indorsed the plan as the best method of getting and keeping trained and disciplined crews. It will be formally adopted probably next week.

A greater part of the American merchant marine already is engaged in overseas service, and virtually all of the new ships coming from the ways will be put into the trade. It is estimated that some 15,000 merchant ship officers and seamen will be taken into the Naval Reserve service. Regulations will undergo adjustments designed to make enlistment easy.

The problem of pay for both officers and men has been solved by an arrangement under which owners of vessels would make up the difference between the navy pay and the present wage rate. Enlisted men in the Naval Reserve are paid about one-third of what ordinary seamen in the merchant service draw. Merchant fleet officers also are paid more than naval officers in the lower commissioned grades.

Both the Shipping Board and the Navy Department are conducting training schools, and under the plan the Shipping Board's school would be turned over to the Navy Department. Men applying for training first would be enlisted in the reserve and then training would be given to them. There is great difficulty now, it is said, in holding men trained in the Shipping Board's schools. Enlistment before training would solve this problem.

More than 100,000 officers and men, it is estimated, will be needed to man the great fleet of vessels American shipyards will turn out next year. The Navy Department already has trained nearly 50,000 men for the reserve service, and, although many of them now are in active service, several thousand are available for merchant crews.

One decided advantage of naval operation of the merchant fleet, pointed out tonight by officials is that in a pinch the merchant fleet could call on the regular navy for men. The intention, however, is to use as far as possible only men in the reserve service.

Continued on Page 2.

GERMANS WELCOME LENINE'S ENVOYS; GREAT ALLIED COUNCIL MEETS TODAY; FIERCE BATTLE IN RUINED FONTAINE

MANY NOTABLES IN PARIS

Expect Vigorous Action to Meet Critical War Problems.

SIXTEEN NATIONS TO JOIN

Americans Are Cordially Received and Their Initiative Is Welcomed.

HOUSE CONSULTS PREMIERS

Lord Northcliffe Commends the Wisdom of President Wilson's Representative.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.
Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 28.—There is great liveliness in Paris this morning. The Hotel Crillon is the centre of the conference activities, and Colonel House's suite is the centre of the centre.

When I went there at 9:30 the Colonel had already gone out in connection with the conference arrangements. Admiral Benson came with Admiral Sims, and shortly afterward Generals Bliss and Pershing appeared.

After the military men had left Lord Northcliffe came to see Colonel House and awaited his return, chatting meanwhile with Crosby, McCormick, and Cravath, who congratulated him upon his elevation to a Viscountcy.

As we stood talking the door of the adjoining suite opened and Lloyd George stepped out, smoking an after breakfast cigar, and hurried to the elevator. He might have been going to join Colonel House, Clemenceau, and Orlando in the Rue St. Dominique.

Northcliffe Trusts House's Wisdom.

Northcliffe walked in a drizzle to the foreign office across the Seine. He stopped a moment at Cleopatra's Needle in the Place de la Concorde, a spot which may be regarded as a focus of the allied world, and said:

"Even for Paris, where the history of civilized peoples has been so largely made, this is a great meeting."

He spoke with frank admiration of Colonel House.

"The rarest man of all is a wise man," he said, "and House is wise."

The Crillon is packed with allied leaders. You see men with world-famous names at every turn. Tomorrow's conference will be an interesting as well as a great event. The first meeting of the Supreme War Council will be held at Versailles Friday.

The feeling everywhere is that a most critical point in the war has been reached, and that the Allies have been fortunate in bringing together so many of their great leaders in this supreme hour. The man best qualified to speak for President Wilson and most acceptable to his European colleagues will meet the heads of the Allies at the conference table, and the presence there of Orlando, Lloyd George and Clemenceau will give authority and finality to the decisions reached.

Premiers Full of Energy.

Lloyd George, fresh from his triumphant vindication and what amounts to a mandate from the British people for an aggressive course, finds a like-minded colleague in Clemenceau. I had the privilege of visiting "The Tiger" at the War Office this morning and found him driving ahead with the hopeful energy of a man half his age. In Clemenceau and Lloyd George the Allies have a wonderful team.

Paris hopes that the three Premiers, with Colonel House, will stay in session a week or even more at Versailles, where they can give their whole minds to the war, freed from comparatively petty irritating local questions. With the fate of the whole civilized world hanging in the balance, English labor, French socialism, and all other factionalism ought to wait until the architects of the allied fortunes can work out a scheme of unity.

After the present meeting the Prime Ministers and civilian colleagues will go home, leaving the military men to hold daily sessions, reassembling once a month or oftener if called together.

ENVOYS CONFER INFORMALLY.

List of Representatives Who Will Attend Allied Council.

PARIS, Nov. 28.—Delegates from other countries to the great interallied conference, which includes representatives from all the members of the coalition, great and small, are welcoming the presence here for the conference of the American delegation as making available fresh minds and fresh points of view in the consideration of old questions. The Americans are meeting everywhere with a most cordial feeling, and the desire is to listen to their suggestions and consider such measures as they may initiate.

When the mission arrived it was understood that only Colonel E. M. House, its Chairman; General Tasker H. Bliss,

Continued on Page 2.

Clemenceau, in Message to Americans, Says: "Solidarity and Discipline Will Give Us Peace"

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 28.—On the eve of the most momentous conference of nations in history, Premier Clemenceau found time to give THE NEW YORK TIMES a brief message to the American people.

His words are few—has he not risen to power on the declaration that "it is time for acts instead of speeches"?—but they convey the essence of the difference between the Allies and the Central Empires. The Premier said:

"Solidarity and discipline will give us peace, peace through victory, the just peace. With us there is no question of 'German organization,' under which the soul of man is smothered. We are free peoples. In full independence and by the untrammeled exercise of our reason we agree to all the sacrifices that are necessary.

"The public good—that is the central motive which inspires me. To that aim I am all the more devoted, because our public good is, as President Wilson has shown so strongly, the good of humanity."

As THE TIMES correspondent entered the War Office, Lloyd George was at the top of the steps greeting one of the members of the Italian Mission. The courtyard was full of high-powered automobiles, and in the corridors and on the staircase were throngs of frock-coated statesmen and high officers with glittering decorations. As I left the antechamber General Foch and the French Minister of Justice passed hurriedly through to the inner Cabinet.

ITALY NOW SECURE, SAYS GEN. MAURICE

British Official Sees the Crisis Passed, with Allied Aid at Hand.

GERMAN WEAKNESS SHOWN

Proved by Failure to Exploit Initial Successes—Italians Shell Foe's Northern Lines.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—"It is now time to say definitely that the crisis in Italy has passed," said Major-General F. B. Maurice, Chief Director of Military Operations at the War Office, in an interview today.

Credit for this situation, he said, was due entirely to the efforts of the Italian army, adding:

"Anglo-French troops are now available in sufficient quantities to satisfy us that the situation is secure."

General Maurice pointed out that German inability to exploit the Italian disaster could be regarded as significant of Austro-German weakness.

"The results which the Germans attained in their first attack," he said, "were due solely to the successful propaganda among the ignorant soldiers of the uneducated peasant class. This success far exceeded any German expectation. But, having gained this success, it would be expected that the Germans would do all possible to exploit it. They have been able to do nothing beyong following up the Italian retirement. Even now there is no sign anywhere of the vast German reinforcements which it might naturally be expected Germany would rush up to strike a decisive blow at the enemy. Why? My only answer is they are not there because Germany is unable to send them. She is unable to exploit the opportunity offered."

Italians Bombard Enemy Lines.

ROME, Nov. 28.—"On the Asiago Plateau, in the Primolano Basin, at the north of Col della Berretta, and on the middle Piave," says today's Italian official statement, "our batteries in cooperation with bombardment flights have carried out concentrations of fire on enemy troops massed and in movement.

"Four enemy airplanes were brought down yesterday by our airmen."

BERLIN, Nov. 28, (via London.)—There is nothing to report from the Italian front, according to the War Office bulletins this afternoon and evening.

GARIBALDI SURE OF VICTORY.

Expresses Confidence That Italians Will Hold Mountain Lines.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 27, (Delayed,) (Associated Press.)—A visit made today to the fighting ground at Monte Tomba, Monte Monfenera, and other mountains in the fighting zone in the north, and then to the Piave line where it joins the mountain front, afforded opportunity to see this central point of the present huge struggle and obtain from officers at several division and brigade headquarters direct information in regard to the condition of affairs. The tour was made with a Staff Officer from headquarters, and covered about 100 miles, with stops at the main points of fighting.

General Garibaldi, commander of the famous Alpine Brigade, said the fighting had shown that the Italian troops could hold the line beyond any question. Speaking of the spirit of his men, he added:

"If the enemy ever does get past, owing to superior generalship or superior strength of guns, it will be only over the dead bodies of our troops, for they are determined never to yield."

Much Italian Artillery Coming Up.

The roads leading to the battlefront showed increasing masses of troops being brought up for concentration on the threatened lines. Much artillery was coming in. The men and horses seemed to be in good condition after the hard drive. Miles of infantry moved forward, the ranks showing fresh and youthful troops. They wore steel helmets and

Continued on Page 3.

DESPERATE FIGHT FOR CAMBRAI KEY

Fontaine Becomes Almost a No Man's Land Between Struggling Armies.

HOT FIRE ON BYNG'S LINES

German Big Guns Concentrate On Dominating Position in Bourlon Wood.

By PHILIP GIBBS.
Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Nov. 28.—This morning it was strangely quiet on the battle front around Bourlon Wood. Hardly a British gun was firing when I went up by Havrincourt and the enemy's artillery was almost silent. No noise of battle came through the heavy mist lying low over that black forest on the hill and shrouding the little ruined town of Fontaine Notre Dame on its right flank.

It was a sullen kind of peace after a day of the fiercest fighting, as if both sides were taking a breathing space.

If one could look into Fontaine Notre Dame close enough to see the wreckage that lies there after the battle it would be a tragic sight, but I think no man may look into it now and live after his view, neither an English soldier nor a German soldier, because the little narrow streets which are between its burnt and broken houses are swept by bullets from our machine guns in the south and from the German guns in the north. No human being could stay alive there for a second after showing himself in the village.

Once there was a fountain of pure water there, dedicated to Our Lady of Compassion, and Frenchpeasant women went there to touch the foreheads of their children with a few drops of it from their fingertips, believing in its healing virtues. Yesterday no Lady of Compassion was there to help our poor suffering men. There was no compassion of any kind. Men fought in the streets and in broken houses and behind walls and round about the ruins of the little Church of Notre Dame. Today there are only dead bodies among the ruins and the patter of machine gun bullets.

Tanks Again Aid Attack.

I have already given an outline of the battle yesterday, and there is not much to add to its essential facts, though there are some more details. The British fought with great heroism, and the Germans of the Forty-sixth Regiment, with the Ninth Grenadiers of the Third German Guards on the right, fought also with most stubborn courage, defending themselves and coming back in counter-attacks fiercely and hard. Some battalions of British Guards attacked Fontaine Notre Dame, and on the left were English troops who advanced upon Bourlon village at the northwestern end of Bourlon Wood. Before the attack the British line ran all around Bourlon Wood, dropping on the left toward Tadpole Copse, and on the right to the south of Fontaine and away down below La Folie Wood.

A successful advance would have swung up the whole line to include Bourlon village, and then struck southeast above the village of Fontaine. A glance at the map will show that the attack on Fontaine would have to be made from the south, and from Bourlon Wood on the west, and that was the disposition of the British troops when they advanced.

Before the battle the British artillery laid down a heavy barrage of high explosives and shrapnel in advance of the infantry and concentrated a violent fire on the enemy's rear positions and strong points. Behind these lines of shellfire the British troops went forward. They were assisted by a number of tanks both in the attack on Fontaine Notre Dame and on the left on Bourlon village.

British Ran Gauntlet of Fire.

Let me deal with the left first. As I have heard the facts this morning from men who have just come back from it,

Continued on Page 2.

PEACE PARLEY UNDER WAY

Russo-German Conference to be Held Sunday in Enemy's Camp.

AUSTRIA READY TO AGREE

Fifth Army Joins Bolsheviki, Who Claim Control of Turkestan Capital.

WASHINGTON IS WATCHING

Will Make No Decision on Policy Until Russian Radicals' Plans Are Made Clear.

Trouble Renewed in Petrograd and Several Persons Wounded

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 29.—The second edition of The Daily Mail this morning contains an apparently mutilated telegram from Petrograd, dated 4 o'clock yesterday, indicating that there has been a renewal of trouble there. It says that there has been some firing and that several persons have been wounded.

Maximilast troops have occupied the Petrograd State bank, the correspondent of The Daily Mail says in a previous dispatch. He adds:

"Scenes of political turmoil have now become epidemic here."

Allies Consider Warning Russia.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—"It is under consideration to issue, in conjunction with our allies, a reasoned statement for the guidance and warning of the Russians as to the serious results that are likely to follow if a separate peace is concluded," said Lord Robert Cecil, the Minister of Blockade, in the House of Commons today.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 28.—It is announced officially at the Smolny Institute, the headquarters of the Bolsheviki, that representatives of Ensign Krylenko, the Bolsheviki Commander in Chief, have crossed to the German side and entered into negotiations with the German military authorities.

Ensign Krylenko sent three representatives with instructions to request the German commander of the sector in which the crossing was effected to inquire of the German Commander in Chief whether it was agreeable to him that representatives be sent for immediate negotiations for an armistice on the fronts of all belligerent countries, and, in case his response was satisfactory, to ask him to fix a time and place for a conference of representatives of both sides.

The Krylenko emissaries crossed the German lines at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon and were received by the German commander of the sector. A reply was promised at 8 o'clock. At the appointed time the Germans gave official consent to the conducting of negotiations. The conference was set for Dec. 2.

It is asserted here that the persons who conducted the German negotiations were authorized by their Government to do so. Pending the holding of the conference, Ensign Krylenko has issued an order to the army stopping fraternization and advising vigilance and caution.

The Russian Fifth Army announced yesterday that it purposed choosing parliamentarians to be sent to Germany. This is the second instance of an announcement of definite support of the Bolsheviki program by the military, the first being the Second Army, whose action was previously reported.

The removal of General Baluieff, Commander on the western front, is reported by the Revolutionary Committee at Minsk. He refused to negotiate an armistice with the Germans, and has been replaced by a Maximalist.

The Vetchera, formerly the Vetchernaya Vremya, commenting on the statement made by the allied military missions to General Dukhonin, former Commander-in-Chief of the Russian Army, who recently was deposed for refusing to obey the order to open armistice negotiations with the Germans, that any break in the London agreement by Russia would bring serious consequences, declares that the threat is not a mere form of speech, but that it exists and is a terrible one.

"From the moment the Allies break off relations," says the newspaper, "the transport will cease, as it already has ceased from the United States, and all the frontiers of our late allies will be closed to us."

The newspaper says it has been declared that Russia cannot exist during the coming year without imports, and concludes ironically as follows:

"Even 'friendly' Germany will not be in a position to supply us with necessities."

The Vetchera admits the impossibil-

ity of Russia carrying on the war, but says Russia should be so conducted as not to needlessly offend the Allies.

Announcement is made by the Maximalists that they are in control of Tashkent, capital of Russian Turkestan, after four days of fighting.

In response to representations that members of the Railway Union and their families were suffering from want of shoes, American Ambassador Francis, in speaking to the supply committees of the Ministry of Communications and of the northern railways, said that he was urging the immediate shipment of shoes contracted for in America.

Sixteen hundred cars of provisions and equipment, congested at Moscow, are being rushed to the front. It is reported that enormous quantities of foodstuffs have been discovered in Petrograd, where they were being hoarded by speculators.

MOST OF ARMY VIEWS TRUCE WITH RESERVE

Position of Dukhonin, Defiant Commander in Chief, Said to be Growing Stronger.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 27.—The question of Lenine's peace stands the centre of attention. Reports from headquarters state that the army, on the whole, regards the proposal with reserve. Only the Fifth Army has agreed to begin parleying with the Germans. The general Army Committee at headquarters refused to recognize Krylenko as Commander in Chief, and declared it would only admit him to headquarters if he came in a private capacity.

Krylenko went to Pskov, where he summoned to his presence General Cheremisoff, Commander of the Northern front. Cheremisoff refused to obey his summons and sent word to Krylenko that if he wished to see him he could come to staff quarters. Ensign Krylenko thereupon dismissed Cheremisoff from his post.

After making speeches to the soldiers in Pskov, the Bolshevist Commander in Chief went to the Fifth Army, where he again made speeches and had the commander of the army, General Boldyrev, arrested.

General Dukhonin's position is reported to be growing firmer and committees of various armies have declared they will suport him and the General Army Committee in the conflict with Krylenko.

The committee on the Rumanian front has telegraphed to Milrevcom and the Committee of Public Safety demanding that civil war shall cease and a coalition Socialist Government be formed, including all the Socialist parties.

On the whole, it may be said that the Bolshevist attempt to disintegrate the Russian army has as yet neither succeeded nor failed.

At a meeting held Sunday night by the Petrograd Cadets the following resolution was unanimously passed:

"Citizens of Petrograd, assembled at a meeting summoned by the Party of People's Freedom, enthusiastically acclaim the good news of the brilliant victory of the British Army and express firm confidence that all our loyal allies, realizing how criminal and baseless is the Bolshevist adventure, will regard with contempt the pretensions of the usurpers to speak in the name of Russia."

Comments in the Petrograd press vary according to party. The Moderate Socialist Den regards Trotzky's note as the inevitable consequence of the Bolshevist policy and gloomily prophesies that Russia is destined to become a second Turkey, the booty of predatory imperialists of all countries.

The Novaya Zhizn expresses great indignation and declares that the Allies take no account of the incalculable sacrifices of Russia in the war, and that their only aim is to crush the revolution which for eight months they tried to starve out by preventing the conclusion of peace. The Novaya Zhizn thinks that the fact that the Spanish Ambassador was the first to reply officially to Trotzky's note is a great diplomatic success for the Bolshevist Government, and indicates that Spain is prepared to take a prominent part in engineering the peace negotiations. The official organ of the People's Commissaries defies all threats and declares that revolutionary Russia is prepared to fight all the world.

Much more interesting is the unofficial conversation of Lenine and his assistant, Gleboff, with a delegation of the Forty-ninth Army Corps. Gleboff said: "The new Government is isolated and hangs in the air. As to the armistice, despite all efforts, the Government has not been able to secure practical results. We would be glad if we could get even a three days' armistice."

Gleboff further said that if the Constituent Assembly had a Cadet majority it would be dispersed.

Lenine said: "If the proletariat of other countries does not support us, nothing will come of our revolution. If the Allies do not comply with our wishes, we have powerful means of compelling them to obey. We can declare the State bankrupt and then all loans and other obligations of the Allies will be invalid. The Council of Commissaries has taken measures to inform the democracy of other countries through its agents who will work there. At the present moment we can only play la banque in the hope that something will come of it all."

In the Ministries officials still refuse to work. The Council of the People's Commissaries has dismissed the higher officials and threatened to dismiss all the rest if they do not resume work before a certain date. Many have been expelled from their flats in the Government quarters.

Yesterday the Bolshevist Minister of Finance, Menzhinsky, again made an attempt to obtain money from the State Bank. The officials refused to subscribe to a declaration of allegiance to the new Government. The higher officials were dismissed and Menzhinsky declared he would not scruple to override the statutes of the bank.

A thinly attended Congress of Peasant Deputies, which opened Sunday, was more like a Kilkenny fair than a political assembly. After two or three hours' screaming and brawling the President fell in a dead faint. Spiridonova ordered soldiers to destroy the literature of the Committee of Public Safety and arrest the committee. Another brawl began, in the course of which arms were brandished. Finally soldiers from the front declared that if the literature was destroyed they would smash the building and every one in it.

Chernoff appeared, and was called by some one a counter-revolutionary, but he secured command of the majority, and finally a resolution was adopted ignoring the Bolshevist Government and demanding the immediate formation of a coalition government representing all the Socialist parties.

A Russian official communication received here by wireless says an order has been issued to the Commander in Chief on every Russian front announcing that a "council of the People's Commissaries of the army and navy will convene a congress of the forces Dec. 2 in Petrograd with the purpose of organizing arrangements regarding food and supplies."

The order directs the election of delegates of Committees for Supplies of each division, who are to reach Petrograd Sunday. The order is signed by Podvolsky, Commissary for the Army and Navy.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Military Cadets and virtually all of the officers of the anti-Bolshevist troops in the Moscow district, according to the Petrograd correspondent of The Morning Post, have gone to join General Kaledines, leader of the Cossacks, who is reported in control of most of southeastern Russia.

Many hundreds of officers from regiments stationed in the rear and numbers from the front and virtually all the officers of the Guard regiments, it is added, also have gone over to General Kaledines.

General F. B. Maurice, Director of Operations, said today that there had been no important movement of German troops from the Russian front.

SOCIALIST CONGRESS PLAN.

Vorwaerts Supports Idea of Reviving International Meeting.

LONDON, May 28.—Concerning the proposal of T. Stauning, leader of the Danish Socialist Party, for a conference of the Socialist Internationale next month to further a general peace, an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Fredensborg, Denmark, says:

"The Vorwärts (of Berlin) saying that the German Socialists would support the proposed new international peace conference as warmly and energetically as they did the unsuccessful Stockholm conference, declares that the new conference will not be dependent on the issuance of passports by the Entente Powers. The conference, it adds, held only for International Socialists, cannot allow the Governments of States which are only apparently democratic to deprive them of the right to influence the peace question."

GERMANS DISTRUST LENINE.

Press Warns Against His Brand of Peace as a Greek Gift.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 28.—While indications are lacking in the current German comment as to what the response of the Central Powers to the Bolshevist peace proposals will be, the press utterances indicate that there are already many Germans who are convinced that Nikolai Lenine's doctrines would upset the political and social systems of all the nations of the world and bring a peace which would prove to be a Greek gift.

One of Germany's ablest writers on Russian affairs, Hans Vorst, writing in the Tageblatt of Berlin, raises a warning against the delusion that the Bolshevist peace program corresponds with the program of the Central Powers.

"No party in Germany," he says, "would be willing to subscribe to such a program. The Independent Socialists have no right to consider themselves representatives of the same ideas as Comrade Lenine, who continuously condemns them as opportunists."

Herr Vorst points out that the Bolshevist demand for the freedom of all nations, "regardless of their degree of civilization or geographical situation," involves the condemnation and overthrow of every nation's colonial policy. The Bolsheviki realize that their kind of peace is possible only after a social revolution in all countries, he adds, but they do not realize that it would also be impossible then.

The German Government, Herr Vorst continues, has taken the standpoint that it does not intend to interfere with the internal affairs of other countries, but Lenine, on the contrary, wishes to overturn the social structure of the whole world, and the peace negotiations are for him and his followers only a means to this end.

"Any Government," the writer goes on, "that thinks it can 'treat' with Lenine in the traditional manner is mistaken, for Lenine and his followers have no desire to represent any Russian interest, but solely the interest of the international proletariat."

Herr Vorst declares that the Bolshevist demand for an immediate truce is no easier to meet than to repeat Joshua's feat of stopping the sun and the moon.

"We must avoid growing excited until Russia's will for peace moves the Bolshevist government to adopt a program which is not predicated on a new order of things in the world, but which actually offers the possibility of a speedy and just peace," he concludes. "The solution would be for the Governments of the Central Powers to be able to meet the Bolshevist doctrines by presenting a comprehensive peace program of their own."

BERLIN PRESS STORIES OF AMERICAN CAPTIVES

Readers Are Told Our Soldiers Hadn't Any Idea Why They Were Fighting.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 28.—The German press is very fond of stories about prisoners taken by the Fatherland's soldiers. Generally these narratives inform the public that as a rule the prisoners have not the faintest idea for what they and their countrymen are fighting or why they are killing the peace-loving, democratic, amiable Germans, though just occasionally an odd Englishman will be found who says his countrymen are fighting because it is sport, or a Frenchman who has an idea that the war is about the fate of Alsace-Lorraine.

So it is with the stories of the first United States prisoners taken on the western front. According to the correspondent of the Weser Zeitung those Americans "wondered they were not shot on the spot as the French had told them they would be." The correspondent then goes on to deliver himself of the following nonsense:

"To the question why America carries on war against Germany they know no answer. The sinking of American ships by German U-boats sounded too feeble a reason. One thought we had handled Belgium too badly, and another believed that as France once helped America, America had now to help in France, but when we told them of England's financial debt to America, of the fears of the money lenders that they might lose millions and millions of dollars if England were defeated, the prisoners opened their eyes and mouths in astonishment, and then it began to dawn on them for what cause in reality they were hazarding body and life.

"One can feel for our soldiers who become enraged against this alien band which fights against us for no reason. Our men believe the French fight for glory and to wipe out the stain of 1870, that Britain struggles for mastery on the sea and to prove which of two giants is the stronger, but the American —our field-greys despise him and do not recognize him as a worthy opponent, even though he may fight bravely."

PLEDGES HOLLAND TO REMAIN NEUTRAL

Dutch Premier Says She Will Enter War Only in Self-Defense.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 28.—Premier Van Der Linden, in the budget debate on the Second Chamber today, said that the Government was entirely united upon its foreign policy and would continue to exercise the strictest neutrality, even should the consequences be other than hitherto thought. Its policy in international questions would not be regulated by fear, but by a desire not to slide toward war.

The Swedish Government, he added, had notified Holland that for the present it did not intend to call together envoys from neutral countries for a discussion of economic interests.

"We are shut off from the world and our rights are assailed," said Mynheer Van Der Linden. "Our Government has always held fast to what it considered right. Perhaps it has not always found where the right lay, but this neither has blemished its policy nor weakened its position. No belligerent has ever disputed our standpoint."

Subsequently the Premier said:

"If attacked we will defend ourselves without inquiring as to the proportionate strength of ourselves and our assailants, but save in self-defense we will not enter the war. We will not allow the misery and indescribable sufferings of the war to befall our country. Moreover, by our neutrality we are supporting the ideals of the future—the community of peoples which shall be the repudiation of war."

URGE ALLIES' INDULGENCE.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Secretary of State Lansing indicated today that no steps had been taken regarding a reply to the Bolshevist proposal for a general armistice, communicated several days ago through Ambassador Francis. The Government is waiting for official information about the relations of the Bolshevist leaders with German army officers and the reported crossing of the enemy lines to open peace negotiations, as well as for further developments in the tangled situation throughout Russia. In Russian circles here the advisability of replying informally to the communication, in a manner not to carry with it recognition of the Bolshevist administration, was urged.

What Russia most needs, they hold, is encouragement from the Allies to the elements opposed to the Bolsheviki. What can be done in this direction is expected to be the subject of consideration at the Paris interallied conference, at which Russian Ambassador Maklakoff will represent Russia. It is possible for the Allies to reach the Russian Army headquarters by wireless, and it is believed that both General Dukhonin, on the eastern front, and General Kaledines, the Cossack leader, are in communication.

FINLAND A PREY TO WILD ANARCHY

Red Guards, Organized by Socialists, Rove About, Murdering and Pillaging at Will.

NOVELIST TELLS ABOUT IT

Present Political Situation an Impasse—General Strike Developed Into a Revolution.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 26, (Delayed.)—History is rushing at such breakneck pace in Eastern Europe that one grows breathless in pursuit. Things have happened during the last ten days in Finland, within 100 miles of Petrograd, which would in other conditions have marked an epoch, but now are mere details in the general flux of traditions, laws, manners, and politics. Finland is the most democratic country in the world, but not sufficiently democratic for its own Socialists. A new Diet, elected in place of the predominantly Socialist Diet, dissolved last August, has a small anti-Socialist majority. The first step of the Socialists was to demand immediate confirmation of the bills adopted by the last Diet, among which was the independence bill which led to dissolution by the Russian Government. The majority deferred consideration of the question. Thereupon the Socialists decided to apply force.

The upheaval in Petrograd favored their plans, and on Nov. 14 they declared a general strike throughout the country. They had organized a Red Guard of workmen who secured arms from the Russian garrison and fleet, and the strike became a revolution.

The Russian garrison committees declared for the Socialists, but in the conflict the bulk of the garrison held aloof. The middle classes organized a White Guard of students and others to support the police, but the Red Guard after seizing the Government buildings arrested a large number of officials, police and prominent citizens, and under pretense of searching for arms broke into houses and robbed and murdered throughout the country.

In frequent skirmishes between Red and White guards many were killed and wounded and a large number of peaceful citizens suffered. In the search for arms roving bands seized large sums of money and country estates. In Abo a revolutionary committee resolved to confiscate half a million marks in the local treasury, but were restrained.

The actual strike lasted four days and the Diet was compelled to yield. The semi-Socialist Agrarian Party went over to the Socialists and a majority was secured in favor of the immediate adoption of the Independence bill, which gives the Diet and Government elected by it supreme power within Finland, in place of the Russian authorities. The Senate or Government resigned and the Socialists wished to elect a Red Senate in its place, but since the majority of the Diet is strongly anti-Socialist such a Government would be wholly unconstitutional. Officials refused to work under such conditions, and at present the political situation is an impasse.

The Socialist leaders, having organized and armed roving bands of marauders, who now infest the country, disclaim responsibility for their acts of brutal violence. Russian authority in the country is now represented only by the garrison and fleet, who are hated by the peaceful population because of the assistance they gave to the Socialists. Governor General Nekrasoff left Helsingfors during the Bolshevist disturbances in Petrograd and has not returned since. Assistant Governor General Baron Korff had previously resigned. Garrison and fleet committees have gone through the farce of electing a sailor as Governor General. A number of imprisoned citizens has been released, but bands of Red Guard are still robbing and murdering in various parts of the country.

Stories illustrating the methods of the Reds are vividly told by the novelist Juhani. He writes:

"I did not actually see the murder of Bjon at Malm, near Helsingfors, but I feel as though I had been an eyewitness. Brigands of the Socialist revolutionary organization came to this house, led him out, and ordered him to come to the Malm Picture Palace, which they had seized and made their centre. Bjon was a Swede, and knew no Finnish. He hesitated to follow them, because he could not understand their object. Then they changed their minds, placed the old man against the wall of his own house, and paraded before him. Then they fired shots at him.

"The wife of the murdered man heard the shots. She ran out, and saw her husband lying with his face to the ground. She tried to carry the body away, but couldn't. She cried, 'Isn't there one man who will help me?' The murderers laughed, with that peculiarly Finnish, coarse, grating, laughter, the like of which I have never heard among any other people, and walked off. The wife stood weeping beside the corpse. Then a helper came. Who was he? A Russian soldier. Tender-hearted, gentle, Russian sovarishch (comrade) he helped Bjon's widow to carry the body into the house. The murdered man was a teacher in the elementary school.

"Another case was that of the master of an old estate at Hertonnaes. A quiet, kindly old man he was, sitting at lunch with his family, when in burst seven Red Guards shouting 'Hands up!' Bergbom, who was hard of hearing, seeing the intruders, asked, 'What are they saying?' In reply, he got a bullet in his forehead, and fell dead, blood spurting from the wound."

These instances are typical of scores which took place, and are still taking place all over Finland. All the Finnish parties claim the independence of their country, but there is a bitter outcry against such method of winning."

SAYS CZAR'S AGENTS SLEW 500,000 KIRGHIZ

Manchester Guardian Tells of Massacres in 1916 to Punish Central Asian Rebels.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Half a million members of the Kirghiz tribes were massacred by agents of the Czar in 1916, according to a correspondent of The Manchester Guardian who has been traveling in Central Russia. This was in punishment for a rebellion against military service by the Central Asian Moslems.

Two million Nomads, who have gradually been forced eastward by the acquisition of the grazing lands by the Czar's Ministers and others, who filled the lands with Ukranian peasants, took part in the rebellion. Civil war is still proceeding between the Nomads and the Russian peasants, according to the correspondent.

The territory inhabited by the Kirghiz is partly in European Russia, but chiefly in Russian Turkestan, in Asia. It embraces a large part of the steppes east of the Volga as far as the eastern end of Lake Balkash.

NEUTRAL ENVOYS CAUTIOUS.

Decide Merely to Acknowledge Trotzky's Armistice Note.

PETROGRAD, Tuesday, Nov. 27.—The diplomatic representatives of the neutral countries, after a conference, decided to reply to Leon Trotzky's notification respecting an armistice as a matter of courtesy, as they would reply to the representations of a private individual. They affirm, however, that their action must not be taken as recognition.

The allied embassies are maintaining a waiting attitude pending the meeting of the Constituent Assembly.

LONDON, Novt. 28.—In acknowledging the note of the Bolsheviki the Spanish representative at Petrograd said that he would do all in his power to contribute to peace, "for which the whole of humanity thirsts," a Reuter's dispatch from Petrograd reports.

DESPERATE FIGHT FOR CAMBRIA KEY

Continued from Page 1.

the tanks went before them slowly but very steadily and successfully over broken ground, breaking down tree stumps and undergrowth and firing rapidly with their guns. Groups of Germans were routed out from their hiding places and surrendered if they were not killed by the sweep of fire.

The line of tanks and of the following infantry was in an easterly curve on the western side of Bourlon Village, striking at the heart of it. On the extreme left, invisible at any distance, were six German machine guns, and they raked the British troops with a most harassing enfilade fire, so that they could not make much headway.

The British right battalions were screened from this, and were able to work up on the eastern edge of the village as far as the railway to the north of it, fighting all the way against groups of German guards with machine guns and rifles, so that there were many hand-to-hand encounters and a most bitter struggle. It was then, as I wrote yesterday, that they rescued the officers and men of the East Surreys, who had been isolated in the village, and had been holding out with great gallantry until help reached them.

Many of the German grenadiers were taken prisoners and I saw a large batch of them today as they came marching down under escort and stood staring through the barbed wire of their enclosure. They are a powerful body of men and put up a big, hard fight. So the situation remains today as far as I know in the neighborhood of Bourlon village.

Cambrai Impaired as a Base.

TUESDAY, Nov. 27.—There was hard fighting today in and about Bourlon Wood and village, westward by Moeuvres and eastward around the half-buried village of Fontaine Notre Dame. The Germans continue to bring up reinforcements and mass them near Cambrai, although they can no longer detrain them there, as the station is under the fire of the British guns. The old town itself has been evacuated by civilians and all but fighting troops and cleared of all material as hurriedly as possible.

Some very sharp orders must have arrived from the German High Command to the divisional Generals and regimental commanders holding the Cambrai area, for the capture of Bourlon Forest by the British menaces one of their most important lines of communications, apart from its threat to Cambrai. Desperate efforts are being made by the Third Guards Division and other new troops in this line to wrest back the high ground on which that great wood stands, famous through centuries of warfare as a strategical point. Last night, about 10 o'clock, another counter-attack was delivered against the British lines in the forest, but it does not seem to have broken through the forward defenses.

Hot Fight in Storm at Night.

From the British side raids were made into the village of Bourlon, on the northwest side of the wood, part of the object being to rescue some companies of East Surreys which had been cut off by previous counter-attacks and were holding out among the ruins of houses, surrounded by the enemy and without food or supplies. In the darkness of a bitter night, with a cruel wind blowing and rain turning to sleet and snow, the British worked forward into Bourlon Village and fought behind the cover of broken walls and through bombarded houses under bursts of machine gun and rifle fire.

I do not know yet any further details of this fighting, except that some of the East Surreys were rescued and brought back. It is believed that other men of the British force remain in the village, holding out to the last gasp until they may be relieved in some way by comrades, who will fight hard to get them.

Early this morning to the east of the forest of Bourlon, where Fontaine Notre Dame is smoldering into white ashes, except where some of its houses have been untouched, some of the British troops moved forward to harry the German garrison, which had come back in strength with many machine guns after the British withdrawal last Wednesday. The British, it seems, have forced their way into part of the village, in spite of the dreadful sweep of machine gun fire from neighboring houses and from La Folie Wood to the southeast.

Men and Horses Almost Frozen.

After a spell of mild weather, which favored the British operations in spite of rainy nights at the beginning of this battle near Cambrai, it turned bitterly cold yesterday, and men and horses have to suffer exposure to a savage and cutting wind on a wide stretch of open country where there is no shelter for man or beast. Yesterday it was real physical agony to endure that wind, which came over the bleak plains like the lash of a whip. Gunners and mule drivers who had been sitting in their saddles for hours had a frozen look as they kept their steel helmets slanted to the gale, while their poor, wet beasts trudged forward with heads bent.

The whole of the British army has moved beyond even a far view of ordinary comfort and standing habitations. The men have behind them first, the whole stretch of the Somme battlefields, where there is no wood except the dead wood of naked trunks, like gallows trees, and no villages, except rubbish heaps and graveyards, and where every road track is bordered by little, white crosses, where sleep the heroes of the Somme, in this wild waste of desolation, haunted by hidden horrors.

Like a Campaign in a Desert.

They have behind them the country of the German retreat, when, in the Spring of this year, the enemy stole away from Bapaume and Peronne, and from scores of villages beyond, after putting an explosive charge into every house, church, barn, pigsty, stable, chateau, factory, mill, dog kennel, and summerhouse, so that nothing is left but brickdust, ashes, broken timbers, twisted iron, gateways which lead into mansions no longer there, and doorways which open into houses all tumbled down, and the roofs of which have fallen, sometimes with all their tiles in place, to the level of earth. Here and there is a crucifix at a crossway.

Now the British troops are beyond the Hindenburg line, and the villages of Ribecourt, Marcoing, Graincourt, Flesquieres, and others which are in ruins, like all those ruins for twelve and fifteen miles behind, so that there are no shelters behind the lines of this fighting front into which the men can go for an hour, and no whole billets in which they can rest when they are relieved in the lines. They seem like men in the middle of a great desert, enormously far from the civilized world, enormously lonely, except for their own comradeship and their own playfulness, and the help of padres and other friendly souls of the church, and the Y. M. C. A., who put up tents and huts in this wilderness, and arrange a little entertainment of body and soul for men who otherwise would be parched for such things.

Entered Town Despite Heavy Fire.

After 6:30 o'clock this morning the struggle around Fontaine Notre Dame developed into a battle that was hard and bloody on both sides. The British went away behind a heavy barrage in which all the guns joined forces, and afterward the British batteries kept the country around Fontaine and Bourlon under a steady and violent fire.

The British pushed their way into the village of Fontaine itself, but were met by blasts of machine gun fire which came also on their right from La Folie Wood, which the enemy had strongly garrisoned after his first flight from the British cavalry patrols.

In spite of the ordeal, the British infantry gained the outskirts of the village, and, fighting from house to house and wall to wall under a continuous rifle and machine gun fire, cleared out the German garrison, and captured about 500 prisoners.

It seems that the whole of the village was seized by the British after something like three hours of most bitter fighting, but at this stage of the action the enemy threw in two new and fresh divisions against the whole of the Bourlon Wood-Fontaine line. Here and elsewhere odd units and exhausted divisions which the enemy brought into line to hold the gap made by the British surprise attack had been withdrawn and the line reorganized and put into a strong state of defense with storm troops ready for immediate counterattack.

The counterattack was met, and a new struggle began, with intense and terrible fighting at close quarters. It is still in progress as darkness approaches, and it appears from an early report of the action that the British have been forced to give ground and retire under severe pressure from some of the ruins in Fontaine which they gained in the early morning.

Neither Side Can Hold Town.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Nov. 28, (Associated Press.)—Fontaine Notre Dame was today virtually No Man's Land, over which swirled a never-ending deluge of machine-gun bullets from the ranks of the opposing forces drawn up on each side of this blood-drenched little hamlet.

A German counterattack with fresh corps which resulted in the British being pushed back through the hamlet gave the enemy a claim to the reoccupation of the place. But the Germans were unable to remain in Fontaine in force, so that, to all intents and purposes, they lost Fontaine, although the British did not gain it.

A heavy machine gun and rifle fire was proceeding today throughout this section.

SHELLING BOURLON WOOD.

German Guns Harass British in Position Commanding Cambrai.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Field Marshal Haig's day report today mentions German artillery activity in the region of Bourlon Wood, from which the British advance under General Byng is now shelling the German base at Cambrai, three and a half miles distant, but says no further infantry fighting has taken place.

Artillery activity is also reported east and northeast of Ypres, in the neighborhood of Passchendaele. This may presage a British or a German offensive there.

Field Marshal Haig's day report reads:

The German artillery was active last night in the region of Bourlon Wood. No further infantry fighting has taken place.

On the northern front, east and northeast of Ypres, hostile artillery activity continues.

The British official communication issued this evening says:

On the Cambrai battle front nothing of special interest occurred during the day.

Early this morning the enemy attempted two raids against our trenches in the neighborhood of Abion, south of Lens, but were repulsed in both cases.

On the Ypres front the enemy's artillery activity has continued. It has been heaviest east of Ypres. We have secured a few prisoners in patrol encounters.

Gunfire Violent, Berlin Says.

BERLIN, Nov. 28, (via London.)—Artillery fighting of the greatest violence is now in progress on the Flanders front in the region of Passchendaele, the scene of the recent heavy fighting, the War Office reports.

In the Cambrai area the Germans yesterday lost Bourlon and Fontaine Notre Dame for a time, but subsequently recaptured them. The statement says more than 200 prisoners and a number of machine guns were taken in the fighting there.

The text of the statement reads:

Front of Crown Prince Rupprecht—In Flanders the artillery fire was lively from midday onward between Houthoist Wood and Zandvoorde. Near Passchendaele it increased in the evening to the greatest violence. On both sides of the Scarpe there was increased fighting activity.

On the battlefield near Cambrai a sharp artillery duel at daybreak heralded attacks which the British, with divisions freshly brought up, directed against Bourlon, Fontaine, and our adjoining positions. West of Bourlon the enemy's attacking waves and the tanks preceding them collapsed under our fire. Between Bourlon and Fontaine the enemy, after many fruitless assaults, penetrated our defense zone. Bourlon and Fontaine were temporarily lost.

The British troops, which were greatly thinned by desperate house-to-house fighting, encountered a counterthrust by our infantry. Brought up in an encircling movement and directed with spirit, our troops retook the villages in a magnificent assault and threw back the enemy into Bourlon Wood. More than 200 prisoners and numerous machine guns remained in our hands. The heavy artillery fire decreased with nightfall. Local infantry engagements continued into the night.

"GREAT SUCCESS" AT CAMBRAI.

Battle in Melting Pot, Says Maurice—German Trench "Hotels."

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Major-Gen. F. B. Maurice, Chief Director of Military Operations at the War Office, said today in commenting on the situation on the western front:

"The battle of Cambrai is still in the melting pot. The attack was a great success. The British in this case had no definite objectives. We intended to get as far as we could, and I can tell you we established ourselves a deal further than Field Marshal Haig expected.

"The actual positions captured were very interesting, showing the tremendous amount of work put on the triple Hindenburg line by the German soldiers. Each line was defended by strong trenches, dugouts, tunnels, and a triple line of barbed wire, each line 50 to 60 yards in depth.

"The villages behind the lines had beneath them great chambers which it would be slander to call dugouts. They were more like hotels, fifty feet beneath the ground, and were provided with electricity, water supply, sewers, drying rooms, and kitchens. All the earth excavated from these places had been deposited inside the houses, so from air planes the villages appeared always perfectly normal. These underground villages were absolutely shellproof and bombproof."

General Maurice said that the British position in the Cambrai salient was one which would be of the greatest service in further operations against the Germans.

GERMAN TRIBUTE TO TANKS.

Cologne Paper's Correspondent Admits Their Success.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 28.—In a dispatch on "The Tank Battle of Cambrai," Herr Katsch, the war correspondent of the Cologne Volks Zeitung and other papers, says: "What the Entente so far has not been able to accomplish by artillery fire, that is to break through on our front, was achieved on the Cambrai front with the aid of the tanks.

"In very great numbers, (probably there were 400 of them,) those monsters went on in advance of the hostile infantry, smashing down all obstacles, breaking through our lines and so cutting off our front line from all communication with the rear that it was subjected to fire from both the tanks and infantry.

"The approach of the tanks through the mist and the smoke of bursting shells was difficult to observe, and it can be said that the enemy succeeded in achieving a surprise attack."

GREAT GATHERING IMPRESSES PARIS

Continued from Page 1.

the Chief of Staff, and Admiral William S. Benson, Chief of Naval Operations, would attend the full sessions of the conference, but it may be that all the members of the mission will take part. This point, which is not yet determined, will depend upon what the makeup of the representations of the other countries will be.

Mathieu Sevastopoulo, who has been councillor of the Russian Embassy here throughout the successive changes in the embassy since the revolution, and who occupied that post previously under the old régime, will sit in the conference. M. Maklakoff, the new Ambassador, has not yet presented his credentials to President Poincaré, as he is waiting to see what happens in Russia, but he also will have a place in the conference as an observer. He has made an admirable personal impression upon the French and allied diplomats.

Colonel House had a long conference this morning with Premier Clemenceau and another later with David Lloyd George, the British Premier. He was a guest of James Hazen Hyde at dinner this evening.

The British Mission, all told, inclusive of clerks and other attachés, numbers 143 persons.

Six members of the British mission to the United States are also here, among them Earl Reading, Viscount Northcliffe, Sir Charles Gordon and Lieut. Col. Campbell Stuart.

That Japan is attaching considerable interest to the conference is indicated by the fact that, in addition to Viscount Chinda, Baron Matsui, Ambassador to France; Kumataro Houdo, Counsellor to the Embassy, and four other Japanese are watching the proceedings.

The conference will be held in the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

The list of representatives from the different nations to the conference is:

France.

GEORGES CLEMENCEAU, Premier and Minister of War.

STEPHEN PICHON, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

LOUIS KLOTZ, Minister of Finance.

GEORGES LEYGUES, Minister of Marine.

ETIENNE CLEMENTEL, Minister of Commerce.

LOUIS LOUCHEUR, Minister of Munitions.

VICTOR BORET, Minister of Provisions.

M. LEBRUN, Minister of Blockade and Invaded Region.

ANDRE TARDIEU, High Commissioner to the United States.

JULES CAMBON, General Secretary to the Foreign Office.

M. DE MARGERIE, Director of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Great Britain.

DAVID LLOYD GEORGE, Premier.

ARTHUR JAMES BALFOUR, Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

Sir FRANCIS BERTIE, Ambassador to France.

Sir ERIC CAMPBELL GEDDES, First Lord of the Admiralty.

General Sir WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Chief of the Imperial Staff at Army Headquarters.

Admiral Sir JOHN JELLICOE, Chief of the Naval Staff.

Sir MAURICE HANKEY, Secretary to the Committee on Imperial Defense.

United States.

WILLIAM GRAVES SHARP, Ambassador.

Colonel E. M. HOUSE, Chairman.

Admiral WILLIAM S. BENSON, Chief of Naval Operations.

General TASKER H. BLISS, Chief of Staff.

OSCAR T. CROSBY, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

VANCE McCORMICK, Chairman of the War Trade Board.

THOMAS NELSON PERKINS of the Priority Board.

Italy.

VITTORIO E. ORLANDO, Premier and Minister of the Interior.

Baron SONNINO, Foreign Minister.

FRANCESCO S. NITTI, Minister of the Treasury.

Count BONIN-LONGARE, Ambassador.

Signor BIANCHI, Minister of Transports.

General ALFREDO DALLOLIO, Minister of Munitions.

Japan.

Viscount CHINDA, Ambassador to Great Britain.

Belgium.

Baron CHARLES DE BROQUEVILLE, Foreign Minister.

Baron DE GAIFFIER D'HESTROY, Minister to France.

General RUCQUOY, Chief of the General Staff.

Serbia.

NIKOLA P. PACHITCH, Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Dr. M. R. VESNITCH.

Rumania.

V. ANTONESCO, Minister.

General ILIESCU, Chief of the General Staff.

Greece.

ELIPHTHERIOS CONSTANTINE VENIZELOS, Premier and Minister of War.

ATHOS ROMANOS, Minister to France.

ALEXANDRE DIOMEDE, former Minister of Finance.

M. AGYROPOULOS, Governor of Macedonia.

Colonel FRANTZIS.

M. ROTTASSIS, Naval Attache.

Portugal.

Dr. AFFONSO COSTA, Premier and Minister of Finance.

AUGUSTO SOARES, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Montenegro.

EUGENE POPOVITCH, Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Brazil.

ANTONIO OLYNTHE DE MAGALHAES, Minister at Paris.

Cuba.

General CARLOS GARCIA Y VELEZ, Minister at London.

Russia.

MATHIEU SEVASTOPOULO, Councillor of the embassy at Paris.

M. MAKLAKOFF, Ambassador to France, (by special invitation and unofficially, as he has not yet presented his letters.)

Siam.

M. CHAROON, Minister at Paris.

China does not appear in this list, which was given out as official this morning.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—It was announced at the Chinese legation today that China would be represented at the interallied conference at Paris by the resident Chinese Minister in France, Mr. Hu Wei Teh, and by General Tamt Tsai Lieh, Vice Secretary of the General Staff of China, who has arrived in Paris.

COUNCIL FACES NEW PROBLEMS

Threat of Another German Offensive and the Russian Collapse Are to be Considered.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Informed opinion here is that the Interallied Council in Paris, from its inception, will find itself confronted with a set of problems as critical as any that have arisen in the whole course of the war. The necessity of that unity of plan and control which President Wilson emphasized as essential in order to achieve a just and permanent peace was never more evident. Apparently, there is no failure to appreciate the difficulties in the way of securing it.

Croakers are found chiefly in quarters habitually prone to pessimistic criticism, and it is noteworthy that the representation of the United States gives a flavor of optimism to others who held the belief that the supreme war council could only achieve its purpose by means of common good-will and mutual disinterestedness.

The air is full of rumors of German preparations for another strategic blow. Some of them have been industriously circulated from Germany with the obvious purpose of perplexing the Allies. Not all of them, however, can be dismissed on that ground. The opportunity which the Central Powers possess of rapid movement on interior lines and of utilizing not only men drawn from the eastern front, but material captured in the drive into Italy, represents a considerable factor in the strategic plans for the next phase of the war.

The theory that a large new army can be released from parts of the Russian front for operations in the West or elsewhere is broadly correct, for though it is true that the Russians, in spite of their internal difficulties, have detained a hundred or more German divisions on their front, a large portion of the eastern front has been serving the purposes of a rest cure for troops which have been through the fierce fighting in the west.

The situation would be rendered still more difficult by the conclusion of a separate peace by Russia. The Rumanian position in that event would become immediately impossible, and even with the continuance of the present conditions in Russia it is one that causes the gravest anxieties.

It is believed here that the Russian situation is bound to come to a head within three or four weeks. The mere difficulty of supplying the troops at the front is enough to create fresh developments in the near future. The sound elements in Russia are unfortunately widely scattered, and the problem of organizing them is one of extreme difficulty. There is at present little direct communication between North and South Russia, as telegraphs and railways have been interrupted in the central part of the country.

The chief hope lies with Kaledines, who is reported to be collecting large forces in the Don Valley, and with whom it is thought probable that Korniloff is now. Holding the chief coal mines of Russia, Kaledines possesses a card of great value, even though the Russian railways use wood to a large extent. Everything seems to depend on his power to rally the scattered loyal elements and the wisdom with which he uses his strategic and material advantages.

The plans concerted by the Allied Council will have to contemplate both the possibility of a separate peace being carried through by the Maximalists and the scarcely less ominous failure of the sound elements in Russia to obtain effective control. That opens a wide horizon that requires to be scanned for signs of enemy offensive action—Rumania on the east, France on the west, and in other fields of war a long line offering several vulnerable points.

Germany's rich harvest of war material gathered in Italy constitutes an enormous asset. The guns captured are not only a positive addition to the German artillery, but are a negative loss to the Allies of a great part of the present production of guns which is going on in Great Britain and France. It would be indiscreet to give the exact figures on this point, but there can be no objection to publishing in America what the British censorship has passed for publication here. A statesman said:

"We cannot help seeing without figures as to the Allies' gun output, that their losses of guns in Italy must, at least, represent a very large part of what can be produced over and above replacements in twelve months. Little secret has lately been made of the fact that the demand for guns has been especially hard to meet. The Admiralty wants a great number for arming merchantmen, the air service wants great numbers for anti-aircraft purposes, the armies, of course, always want them, and near ahead is the problem of equipping in this respect the coming American forces.

"Suddenly, to superadd to these tasks that of making good the loss of between 2,500 and 3,000 guns by the Italians may indeed seem to be the last straw. No doubt all needed guns will eventually be made, and the demands will be met, but it will take time."

Washington fully realizes, as I have reason to know, the seriousness of the situation in regard to the output of big guns, and at the recent conferences of the American mission in London that matter was thoroughly gone into, while other aspects of the same question are undoubtedly receiving attention at the American Commission's meetings with the French in Paris. The members of the American mission, before they left London, saw no reason to fear that all the difficulties would not be overcome, for those which came within their range were known and calculated for. Some of the problems which will confront the Supreme War Council when it sits are likely to be more difficult because much that must necessarily be unknown will have to be calculated for.

MRS. E. M. HOUSE MUCH SOUGHT AFTER ABROAD

Impressed by Women's War Work in Europe and Tells Them of Similar Labors Here.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov 28.—Mrs. E. M. House is almost as much sought after in Europe as the Colonel, and resembles her husband in avoiding show. Perhaps no other American woman ever occupied the position in Europe in which Mrs. House has been placed. She has met Kings, Premiers, Generals, Admirals, and their wives in their homes and on State occasions. Her impressions would be most interesting, and I tried to induce her to give some of them to THE NEW YORK TIMES, but she smiled and pointed to the Colonel as the only member of the family authorized to talk for publication.

"Won't you mention the one thing that has struck you most since coming to Europe?" I asked.

"What I have thought most about and spoken of most often to those I have met here is women's work in this war," Mrs. House replied. "And it's not alone in war-worn Europe that women are willing to make sacrifices. I've been glad to tell Europeans something about feminine activities at home.

"Europe, 3,000 miles away, can know but vaguely the extent to which our American women dedicated themselves. I know girls just out in society and who are turning away from social gayety and taking up war drudgery. Women bring their knitting to dinners and work between courses. These are not exceptional cases, but simply exemplify and are typical of an almost universal spirit. The will is there for every sacrifice; they only need to know what and how. In Europe also American women are in the thick of that war that must be waged behind, no less than on, the lines."

I endeavored to draw Mrs. House out on her impressions of people she had met, but she raised her hands deprecatingly.

Mrs. House stood the trip over splendidly, and enjoyed the experience. She shares the Colonel's philosophical outlook on life—the sporting view, if I may use that phrase in a high sense.

The Houses have the old-fashioned notion of family unity. They are much alike and inseparable companions. Wherever they go Mrs. House is remarked upon for her distinguished appearance, with her young face and snow-white hair. She is a member of the well-known Hunter family of Virginia, and is typically Southern in speech and manner.

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A SOLDIER wants action, not apologies, and this is one shop where he gets it. We have gone the limit on selections. We have all the standard shoes in all the standard sizes, so that a man can get the make he likes and the measurement he needs. And the same latitude extends to leggins, puttees and whatever else an officer needs in leather. We have in fact, omitted nothing in our determination to make the Men's Shoe Shop Headquarters for Military Footwear.

Doughboy Army Shoes	$11.50
Munson Army Shoes	6.50
Cordovan Manoeuvre Shoes	9.50
Tan Norwegian Calf Shoes	9.50
Mahogany Calf Shoes, plain toe	8.50
Riding Boots, in tan calf	25.00
Trench Boots of Norwegian Calf	30.00
Cordovan Boots	30.00
Cordovan Puttees	15.00
Pigskin Puttees	9.50
Tan Cowhide Puttees 5.00 and	7.00
Spiral Leggins	4.00
Regulation Spurs and Straps	2.50

Men's Shoe Shop — 2 West 38th Street
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FIFTH AVENUE

BARRED ZONE NOW REACHES TO ALBANY

Every Shipping Pier in Southern District of New York Closed to Enemy Aliens.

GERMANS HURRY TO COMPLY

All Must Be Off the Manhattan Waterfront by 9 o'Clock This Morning.

The East River barred zone was extended yesterday to Seventy-seventh Street, while every pier in the southern district of New York at which any kind of shipping is handled was ruled as within the provisions of the new enemy alien regulations and from now on no German subject will be permitted to approach nearer than 100 yards of such piers. As the southern district of New York includes the Hudson River waterfronts as far as Albany, this means that Germans living or doing business within 100 yards of shipyards or piers in Yonkers, Ossining, Tarrytown, Peekskill, Haverstraw, Newburg, Beacon, and Poughkeepsie will have to move into unrestricted zones.

At 9 o'clock this morning the time limit given to enemy aliens to move out of the Manhattan waterfront zones will expire, and at that hour United States deputy marshals will begin a tour of the North and East River Zones to see that the orders have been obeyed. In a few instances German business firms have received extensions of time in which to find new quarters.

Reports received yesterday by Marshal McCarthy indicated that fully 75 per cent. of the Germans within the limits of the zones have already moved and that the remaining 25 per cent. are ready to vacate by the time set this morning. Marshal McCarthy estimated that between 4,000 and 5,000 enemy alien business men were in the barred zone when the President issued his proclamation last week.

For the first time since the United States entered the war armed troops were on duty in West Street yesterday patrolling the Chelsea and Southern Pacific piers. The section now guarded by soldiers extends from Little West Twelfth Street to Twenty-second Street, and takes in piers at which are docked the great transatlantic liners of the International Mercantile Marine, the Cunard Company and the French Line. The soldiers are coast artillerymen under command of Captain W. A. Heath, with First Lieut. R. E. Dupuy as second in command. The soldiers are quartered on Pier 48, in the Southern Pacific section.

That the soldiers will rigidly enforce the enemy alien regulations was quickly manifest. Every person was stopped as he or she entered the restricted zone, and they had to satisfy the soldiers that they were not enemy aliens before they were permitted to proceed. They were also required to prove that they had business in the zone.

The barbed-wire fences are to be erected in front of the principal piers on the North River tomorrow morning. In a few days other piers in addition to those already under guard will be placed in charge of army patrols. A list of Brooklyn piers which, in the opinion of the Department of Justice, should be under army guard was submitted to Brig. Gen. Ell Hogle yesterday.

The Brooklyn waterfront zone, Marshal James M. Power announced last night, extends from Fort Hamilton to Newtown Creek, near Long Island City, and takes in every important pier in that borough.

Customs officers went to a pier on the East River, near the Spanish Line docks, yesterday and arrested ten Germans found at work on the pier. The men were taken to the Federal Building, where they were questioned by Assistant United States District Attorney John C. Knox. The Germans said they had continued at work on the supposition that it was legal for them to remain in the barred zone until 9 o'clock this morning. Mr. Knox ordered them released, but told them that if they again appeared in the barred zone they would be arrested and interned.

Blackwell's Island authorities were informed by Marshal McCarthy that they will be required to immediately discharge all German subjects by noon today.

John Lloyd, who says he is an actor, and Edward W. Harrigan, who gave his business as a clerk, were arrested yesterday charged with impersonating agents of the United States Secret Service. Ernest Karl, who before the war was employed as a fireman on the Hamburg-American liner Vaterland, made the complaint. He said that Lloyd and Harrigan approached him Sunday night and told him that he was under arrest as an enemy alien. The "agents" agreed, he asserted, to put him on a steamer for South America provided he gave $300 to them.

Lloyd and Harrigan were held in $10,000 bail by Commissioner Hitchcock to await the action of the Federal Grand Jury.

Frederick Owens a Baltimore & Ohio Railroad engineer living at Elm Park, and George Metz, a German of Mariners Harbor, Richmond Borough, were arrested yesterday by Special Officer McDermott of the West New Brighton Police Station. He charged the men with making seditious utterances. He alleges that Owens stated that President Wilson was a tool for England, and that Metz also made defamatory remarks about the President. Both men denied the accusations.

SUE FOR ACCOUNTING OF WAR CONTRACTS

Receivers of Aetna Explosives Company Seek Explanation of Large Commissions.

By permission of Judge Mayer of the Federal District Court, the receivers of the Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., began suit yesterday to compel Arthur J. Moxham, and Frederick L. Belin, formerly President and Treasurer, respectively, of the company, to render an accounting of their management of the concern while they were in control of it. The company passed into the hands of the receivers, Benjamin B. Odell and George C. Holt, after an application had been filed by counsel for the Grasselli Chemical Company of Cleveland, a creditor, to the amount of $103,655 alleged to be due for merchandise.

It was explained in the application that the Aetna Company was organized on Nov. 28, 1914, and on Dec. 8, 1916, under an amended certificate of incorporation. Its authorized capital was $18,100,000. The application complained that Mr. Moxham had made contracts by which the company became liable to Edward W. Bassick for commissions amounting to several million dollars in connection with contracts made with the French Government, and that Mr. Moxham and Mr. Belin gave the company's notes for $753,234 in partial payment of the commissions. It was charged that the notes were made without authority.

Suits to compel payment were begun in the Federal courts by Mr. Bassick, by Herbert F. John, the Lenpier Trading Company and Delancy T. Smith, indorsers of some of the notes in order to force their payment. These suits are still pending. The total amount sued for is more than $3,955,000. The complaint filed by the receivers in the present suit says that the defendants, on Nov. 25, 1914, made a joint agreement to organize a company for the manufacture of explosives, and that all were to share equally in the profits. Thereafter an arrangement was made for the acquisition of the capital stock of the Aetna Company, the Keystone National Powder Company and the Miami Powder Company.

It is alleged in the complaint that the stock and bonds of the Aetna Company rapidly advanced in value, and that both Mr. Moxham and Mr. Belin sold back to the company at the advanced price securities which they had received as their share of the venture. It is charged that this transaction was also illegal. Besides asking for an accounting the receivers want the defendants to pay back the company the market value of the securities they still hold.

Since the receivers have been in control of the company it has prospered exceedingly. In June last the receivers made a report to the court saying that a profit of $259,000 had been made. This success has continued, and many large and profitable contracts have been made with the allied nations for explosives of various kind.

PERSHING REPORTS DEATHS.

Corporal and Three Private Soldiers Lost Through Illness.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The War Department has received a report from General Pershing of the following deaths:

Private J. L. Brannigan, infantry, died Nov. 19 from abscess of the liver. Emergency address, John W. Brannigan, father, 223 East Forty-fifth Street, New York City.

Private Wallace H. Brown, machine gun company, infantry, died Nov. 21 of acute tuberculosis of the lungs; emergency address, Mrs. Emma H. Brown, 11 Olmsted Street, East Hartford, Conn.

Private Leslie C. Kayser, Field Artillery, died Nov. 23 of chronic pneumonia; Lucie Kayser, (mother,) 1,025 Rivermet Avenue, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Corporal Stanley S. Stevens, Field Artillery, died Nov. 21 of lobar pneumonia; Robert L. Stevens, (brother,) Armsby Place, Madisonville, Cincinnati, Ohio.

ITALY NOW SECURE, SAYS GEN. MAURICE

Continued from Page 1.

were getting ready to go into action. Many had little pink boxes in their hands which looked like packages of candy, but when they were opened it was not candy which was seen, but long, thin bullets which fit into the Italian rifles. Every cartridge belt was full of these pink boxes.

Passing the headquarters of the fourth army, which holds the vital line between the Brenta and Piave rivers, a staff officers of General Robilant, Commander of this army, summed up the general situation as "satisfactory," the reports showing that the enemy was being held.

While the pressure of the Austro-German forces is still strong, at the same time they seem to have been worn down by heavy losses and the unexpected strength of the resistance they have encountered. This staff officer estimated the enemy losses as fully two or three times those of the Italians, as the defensive lines have always afforded greater shelter.

Italians Refuse an Armistice.

Here it was learned also that the enemy had asked for an armistice to bury his dead, the request being refused by the Italians because of the Austrian attitude toward a similar request a few months ago. The Austrians had then proposed that during the armistice the Italian guards should be unarmed and the Austrian guards armed. This was indignantly refused, and the present proposal was rejected through lack of confidence in Austrian good faith.

As one approached the mountain battle zone the cannonading became very heavy, with machine-gun and rifle fire and a steady succession of aerial duels as Italian and Austrian machines flew over the opposing lines. A large enemy battle plane was accompanied by a line of chasers, which strung out like a flock of wild geese. Shrapnel burst all around them, but they got away, with a fleet of Caproni after them, one of the Austrians was brought down, although one had his engine hit, and he could be seen winging down in curves to a nearby hilltop, like an eagle seeking its aerie.

From a high point the view led out upon Monte Monfenera and Monte Tomba and the succession of low mountains flanking the Piave River, where the struggle is now centering. On Monte Monfenera the Austrian lines were clearly seen on one summit and the Italian lines on another. The latter were partly covered with snow.

The rumbling of the guns was continuous, with the crack of Italian batteries in concealed shelters behind shooting over the heads of the party. Above these summits reared the dominating crest of Monte Grappa, which is the final mountain barrier before the Venetian plains.

From this point the enemy's position seemed to be very near this plain and its great sweep of level country leading to the heart of Italy.

General Garibaldi accompanied the party to the extreme front line and personally pointed out some of the chief points of the severe fighting. It was his Alpine Brigade that threw back the Prussian Guard. Three of these regiments of Guards had been identified, he said, as the Eighth, Tenth, and Twelfth.

As the General had been the Chief of Staff of Madero in the Mexican War, he was asked how the present fighting compared with that in Mexico.

"That was much like hunting little birds compared with this," he replied.

The General said that the morale of his men was splendid, despite the terrific strain upon them, and that when they were told that the French and British were coming they begged to be allowed to stay in their present exposed positions.

"But there is one thing that will stimulate them more than anything else," added the General, "and that is some American regiments, preferably made up of Italians who have taken up residence in America. It would bring inspiration to the whole army."

REICHSTAG MEETS TODAY.

Coalition Parties Expected to Give Hertling a Vote of Confidence.

BERLIN, Nov. 28, (via London.)—The Reichstag will reassemble tomorrow afternoon. It is expected that Chancellor von Hertling's speech will deal exhaustively with the foreign and domestic policies of the nation, and that he will receive a vote of confidence from the coalition parties. The Reichstag Main Committee will not meet before the opening of the plenary sessions.

The Bundesrat's Committee on Foreign Affairs met with the Chancellor yesterday. Dr. Richard von Kuehlmann, the Foreign Secretary, discussed the foreign situation with the party leaders.

Dr. Karl Helfferich, former Vice-Chancellor, has received an offer of the chair of political science of Bonn University.

WAR TAX STAMPS READY.

Collector Edwards Gives Instructions for Cancellation.

Collector William H. Edwards of the Second or Wall Street Internal Revenue District yesterday gave out a statement calling attention to the fact that the war stamp taxes on many transactions will become effective on Saturday, and outlining the procedure to be followed in complying with the law. Specially designed adhesive stamps may be purchased at the office of the Second District, room 508, Custom House; office of the Third District, 1,150 Broadway, and at the headquarters of the First District in the Federal Building, Brooklyn. Stamps are also on sale at the branch office of the Fourteenth District, Bergen Building, Tremont and Arthur Avenues, the Bronx. In a short time documentary stamps will be on sale at Post Offices and at the various banks designated as United States depositaries.

The Collector said a proper cancellation of a stamp consisted of the following:

"Whenever an adhesive stamp is used for denoting any tax, the person or firm using or affixing same shall write or stamp, or cause to be written or stamped thereon, the initials of his or its name, and the date upon which the stamp is attached or used. If the stamp is of the value of 10 cents or over, three parallel incisions with a sharp instrument should also be made lengthwise so that the stamp may not again be used. Proper perforations are permissible in lieu of the incisions mentioned."

The Collector's statement enumerated the penalties provided for noncompliance with the law.

The stamp taxes effective Saturday cover the following documents and transactions: Bonds of indebtedness, debentures or certificates of indebtedness, bonds of indemnity and surety, capital stock issues, capital stock sales or transfers, produce sales on Exchanges or Boards of Trade, drafts or checks payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, promissory notes, instruments conveying funds, entrance or warehouse entry of goods at Custom Houses, withdrawals of merchandise from federal bonded warehouses, passage tickets, proxies and powers of attorney. Revenue stamps also will have to be affixed to parcel post packages on which the postage amounts to 25 cents or more.

MRS. HAMMOND QUITS POST.

Resigns as Militia of Mercy Head Here and Goes to Capital.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—It was announced here tonight that Mrs. John Hays Hammond had resigned the Presidency of the Militia of Mercy in New York. Mrs. Hammond is now at her home here. Asked tonight as to the reason for her resignation, the following reply was given by Mrs. Hammond's private secretary: "Mrs. Hammond thanks you for your kindness, and says that her resignation is not due to her absence from New York, nor is it due to ill-health. Mrs. Hammond's health is very good. She prefers not to say anything more than this about her resignation."

ROB THE KAISER'S PALACE.

Thieves Pillage the Imperial Residence, Wilhelmshoehe, at Cassel.

BERLIN, Nov. 28, (via London.)—Thieves entered the imperial residence, Wilhelmshöhe, at Cassel, Monday evening and carried off numerous valuable objects of art. Some of the booty was disposed of here this morning before the robbery was discovered.

COOKS PREPARE FEAST FOR PERSHING'S MEN

Thanksgiving Dinner Expected to be the Best Ever Served to Army on Foreign Soil.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Tuesday, Nov. 27, (Associated Press.)—Army cooks began today to prepare what probably will be the best dinner ever served for an army fighting on foreign soil. In every village in France where American troops are stationed the company cooks started to make cranberry sauce and to lay out great piles of plump turkey, sweet potatoes, and everything else that goes to make up a real Thanksgiving dinner.

There is not an American soldier who will be unable to eat all he wants, except for a few just arrived and some officers who are unlucky enough to be stationed in out-of-the-way places or living elsewhere than in camp. As many of these as possible have been invited to messes. Even the wood-cutting camps in the forests of France have had a share sent to them.

Tomorrow the big job of cooking dinner for the army will begin early. There was many a cook who turned in before his usual time tonight so as to get a good start. It was fully expected that there would be some mince pie casualties, and they were being looked forward to with pleasure.

Thanksgiving Day for the American forces will be one of resting, eating, and recovering. After the dinner settles there will be real American doings, such as football games, in which some American stars who are here will play.

AMERICAN TRAINING CAMP IN FRANCE, Nov. 28, (Associated Press.)—The people of this town, in which is located the American General Headquarters, notice the preparations that are being made for Thanksgiving Day, have arranged entertainments for the Americans in and about the town tomorrow, together with a celebration in the Hôtel de Ville.

Similar celebrations and entertainments have been arranged by the French people in other towns where American troops are quartered.

LONDON WIRE FOR PERSHING

Connects Front with American Headquarters in British Capital.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—A special telegraph wire connecting General Pershing's headquarters in France with the American military headquarters in London was installed today. The first message sent by General Pershing to Walter Hines Page, the American Ambassador here, said:

"Greetings and best wishes from the American Army Headquarters in this, the first message over the military line to London."

PROPOSE MEDAL FOR VALOR.

American Officers in France Urge a New Decoration.

AMERICAN TRAINING CAMP IN FRANCE, Nov. 28, (Associated Press.)—The ranking officers of the American Army in France have passed on to headquarters recommendations for some sort of a medal to be awarded for distinguished service.

It is suggested that the decoration be distributed in a manner similar to the French war cross, but for deeds of valor of less importance than those for which the French medal of honor is given.

SAYS POPE PLANS NO NEW PEACE PLEA

Desires Only a Just and Lasting Settlement, Cardinal Gasparri Asserts.

LAUDS CLERGY AS PATRIOTS

Denies They Helped Impair Italian Army's Morale — Condemns Peace Prayer Chains.

ROME, Nov. 27, (Delayed.)—The Papal Secretary of State, Cardinal Gasparri, answering numerous criticisms regarding the Vatican's peace attitude, issued to the press today the following statement:

"The Holy Father is not preparing any new appeal looking toward peace. His earnest desire, many times manifested, for a just, Christian, and durable peace, is unchanged and cannot change. Who can crave anything else and call himself a Christian?

"To say that His Holiness favors, or has favored, or will favor an unjust, un-Christian and undurable peace is not only false, but also absurd. Any propaganda for such a peace, alleged to be conducted at the Vatican's inspiration, especially in certain nations, is the product of pure malice. A 'chain of prayer' has always been reprobated by the Holy See, and Bishops and priests in the United States of America, and elsewhere are warned against them, particularly those having any such propaganda behind them. Also, American Catholics and others are cautioned that such prayers are a species of superstition.

"The Catholic Church has always regarded true patriotism as a Christian duty and a Christian virtue, and still so teaches. The fact that the Italian Parliament has had warm eulogies for the clergy should be sufficient to refute the calumnies which irresponsible persons have circulated and are circulating in the foreign world. Malicious insinuations propagated in America and the tendency to attribute in great part to the Italian clergy responsibility for the recent situation must be denounced. In Italy a determined person is attributing the situation to the clergy.

"When the disruptive propaganda began to affect the morale of the Italian army, the clergy in general and also the army chaplains, following the instructions and the example of the Chaplain in Chief, labored to contract it and elevate the morale of the troops. More than once the army chaplains informed the Chaplain in Chief, who informed the supreme civil authorities, of the disruptive movement that was creeping in—and all that long before the publication of the Papal note appeared.

"The true causes of the recent Italian reverses are perfectly well understood in Italy, and the shoulders on which rests the responsibility for the reverses are well known, a responsibility which certainly does not touch Catholics, the clergy, and, least of all, the august person of the sovereign Pontiff.

"In one case the Holy See ordered the suppression of a newspaper containing imprudent observations.

"Finally, is it necessary to repeat that the Pontifical appeal, which some have ignorantly criticised, was addressed to the chiefs of the Governments for consideration in the official Chancelleries? The Governmental authorities first gave it to the press, and the public. The Holy See published and commented on it in the Osservatore Romano, the Vatican's official organ, only when the false interpretations of others, whether innocent or willful, made such action necessary."

MRS. HUMISTON'S WORK NOT BACKED BY BAKER

Secretary of War Says Her Activities Have Ended in a "Disgusting Trick."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Secretary Baker late this afternoon paid his respects to Mrs. Grace Humiston, whose agents, James C. Atkins and the so-called Adeline Francis, were arrested by the military police at Camp Upton last Sunday night, by issuing a statement in which he makes it plain that her investigations of camp surroundings have no official sanction.

Mr. Baker denies flatly that the army has been directed to co-operate with Mrs. Humiston in her investigations and asserts that, on the contrary, she was notified more than a week ago that her services as an investigator were declined by the War Department.

The statement issued by Secretary Baker read:

"I hesitate to say anything which would seem to dignify the activities and statements of Mrs. Grace Humiston in regard to the conditions at Camp Upton. She has been accorded altogether too much publicity, and the matter should be allowed to drop.

"Let me merely say that the army has not been directed to co-operate with her in her investigations.

"On the contrary, Mr. Fosdick, Chairman of the Commission on Training Camp Activities, at my request notified her by wire over a week ago that her proffered services as an investigator were declined.

"Whatever she does is on her own responsibility. What she has so far done seems to have begun in irresponsible slander upon the army and ended in a futile and disgusting trick."

Notwithstanding Secretary Baker's statement Mrs. Humiston continued last night to insist she was working in cooperation with Army officers from Governors Island in her investigations. She told of another case in which she alleged two girls were mistreated by soldiers at a camp near New York, but in this instance, as in the others, the authorities here have taken no action.

AMERICAN OFFICER GETS OUT OF GERMANY

Flight Lieutenant, Taken Prisoner on Western Front, Makes His Escape.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Patrick O'Brien, an American flight Lieutenant and native of Seattle, who had been flying with the British for a year and who was taken prisoner by the Germans two months ago, arrived in London today after escaping from a German prison camp.

The lieutenant had three narrow escapes from death. On one occasion he was nearly electrocuted on the wires on the Dutch frontier. On his arrival in London the Lieutenant went immediately to the American Embassy to arrange for his transfer from the British to the American Flying Corps.

Dismisses Langevin Indictment.

Justice Mulqueen, in an opinion handed down in General Sessions, has dismissed the indictments against William P. Langevin, lawyer of 61 Broadway, obtained when he and his associates were endeavoring to prevent the erection of a garbage plant on Lakes Island, Staten Island.

CHARGE ANARCHISTS PLOTTED FOOD RIOTS

Federal Agents Say Conspiracy Included General Seizure of the Supplies.

BOSTON CHOSEN AS CENTRE

Startling Evidence Withheld There Pending the Trial of Three Men Now on Bail.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 28.—Commissioner of Immigration White asserted today that literature seized at the headquarters of the Italian plotters under arrest here indicated that the men planned to seize foodstuffs in various parts of the United States. The alleged anarchistic society laid plans, White said, to make Boston the centre of food riots and, assisted by Industrial Workers of the World, to encourage general uprisings.

"The people will rise up and take the food where they find it," one of the seized pamphlets read, according to the authorities. "The gravity of the situation and the probability of an insurrection by the people cannot be concealed."

The Italian leaders of the intrigue told their followers, Federal officials said, that the State Government of Massachusetts feared an uprising and furnished the Boston police with machine guns and ammunition to quell it.

Other pamphlets found attacked the United States Food Administration, officials asserted, and ridiculed the efforts of the authorities to control food prices.

Plot Known in Boston.

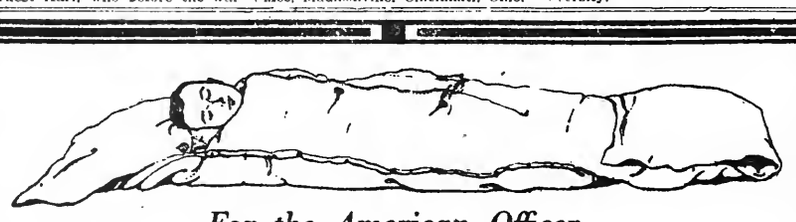
BOSTON, Nov. 28.—Agents of the Department of Justice here confirmed tonight the disclosures in Seattle of the existence of an anarchistic plot to seize foodstuffs in various parts of the country. They also said that Boston was believed to have been selected as the centre of the intrigue. It was their opinion that the neighboring city of Lynn was the general headquarters of the conspirators, although the ringleaders maintained their homes elsewhere.

Evidence of a startling nature has been obtained, according to the Federal officials, but has been withheld from the public pending the trial of three Lynn men who were arrested six months ago charged with conspiring to counsel young men against the Selective Service act.

The defendants are Louis Galleano, proprietor of a small newspaper called The Chronicle, and John Eramo, and Carlo Valdorioci. They are out on substantial bail. A few days before the date set for the trial in October it was postponed on the ground that the Government had obtained additional important information. Federal agents said tonight that the evidence involved conspirators in various parts of the country, whose movements had been traced. Much of the information was obtained, it was said, from articles appearing in The Chronicle.

The belief was expressed that several persons now under arrest for violations of the draft law might be involved in the Lynn case.

In connection with the report from Seattle that Italian leaders had told their followers that Boston police had been furnished with machine guns to coell food riots, it was recalled that the State Public Safety Committee equipped the police several months ago with rapidfirers to safeguard the public interests when the National Guardsmen were called into Federal service.



For the American Officer Over Here and Over There

The Wonderful Windproof, Waterproof, Cootie-proof

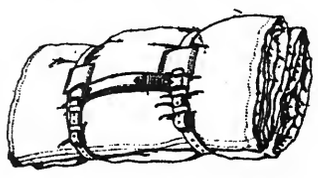
Aquascutum Combination Sleeping Bag and Kit-Karrier

The invention of Aquascutum, Ltd., London
(Patent applied for)

A Bed at Night and a Boon by Day

Used far and wide on the Allied fronts and pronounced by English Army Officers the finest sleeping bag ever made.

Made of a species of canvas, lined with Kapok fibre which is specially treated to give it the feel and comfort of a blanket.



Warm as toast, windproof, waterproof and vermin-proof, and in its blissful folds the officer can lie down in a mud-soaked trench with immunity.

Capacious enough to hold all his Kit, yet remarkably compact, and can be packed and rolled up in a jiffy. *Weight 10 pounds.*

Price $50

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Can be delivered from our London Headquarters to the American Expeditionary Forces in France

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Men's Clothing Shop—Fifth Avenue—8 West 38th Street

SPECIAL

Solid Color Linen Handkerchiefs

Box of Six

1.50

Pure linen in colors, with white French hem. Hand-embroidered initialed corners.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

The Specialty Shop of Originations

FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

ANNOUNCE FOR (TOMORROW) FRIDAY & SATURDAY

A Most Important Sale of

WOMEN'S, MISSES' & GIRLS' APPAREL

SALE OF

Women's Laced Walking Boots

8.00

Patent leather and dull calf with black kid tops, welted soles, military heels. Also tan kid, short vamp, turned soles, Louis XV heels.

Misses' Suits and Coats and Frocks

At Greatly Reduced Prices

Included are many of the season's smartest modes for the younger set of misses from 14 to 18.

Misses' Suits.....*Reduced to*....***25.00***
Two or three suits of a kind, assembled from the regular stock, in a diversity of smart, chic styles. Sizes 14 to 18.

Misses' Coats.....*Reduced to*....***20.00***
These coats are developed in wool velour with large convertible collar and belted waistline. Sizes 14 to 18.

Misses' Coats.....*Reduced to*....***29.50***
In all the favored colors of velour, with deep collars of nutria, Hudson seal and raccoon.

Misses' Frocks.....*Formerly 25.00 to 35.00*....***16.50***
Odd frocks, assembled from the regular stock, in a number of charming modes for daytime wear.

Misses' Frocks and Gowns...*Formerly 29.50 to 45.00*....***22.50***
For daytime and afternoon wear, also informal dinners and dances, a collection from regular stock.

"Flapper" Frocks.....*Formerly 10.75 to 22.50*....***6.95***
(Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.)
Two or three frocks of a kind in taffeta, voile, net and serge with pique sleeve guimpes. Sizes 12 to 16.

"Flapper" Suits.....*Formerly 29.50 to 35.00*....***20.00***
Simple tailored suits in sizes 12 to 16, made of velour with velvet trimming.

Women's Winter Suits

At Greatly Reduced Prices

These suits have been taken from the regular stock and represent the season's most fashionable modes, strictly tailored and fur-trimmed styles.

100 Women's Suits.....*Formerly 35.00 to 55.00*....***28.00***
of broadcloth, velour, gabardine, plain and fur trimmed.

150 Women's Suits.....*Formerly 49.50 to 69.50*....***38.00***
of broadcloth, velour, silvertone, gabardine, tricotine, plain or fur trimmed.

110 Women's Suits.....*Formerly 65.00 to 85.00*....***48.00***
of velveteen, broadcloth, velour, silvertone, Rayonnier cloth.

95 Costume Suits.....*Formerly 85.00 to 135.00*....***68.00***
of velveteen, velour, silvertone, handsomely fur trimmed.

Women's Winter Coats

Formerly 89.50 & 95.00

64.00

Five of the season's smartest styles in English suede velour, with deep shawl collars of nutria or French seal, draped Breton raccoon collars. In mouse, sand, Santiago, brown, black, navy blue and French gray.

Women's Odd Coats.....*Formerly 39.50 to 69.50*....***30.00***
A collection of two or three odd coats of a kind assembled from the regular stock.

Women's Serge Frocks.....*Reduced to*....***22.50***
Tailored and embroidered styles; unusually charming models are included in this special grouping.

SPECIAL SALE OF WOMEN'S FUR COATS

Hudson Seal Coats — Loose box model, 40 inches long, made of select dyed muskrat. ***95.00***

Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats — 45-inch long model of choice dyed muskrat, sailor collar and cuffs of skunk. ***125.00***

Nutria Coats — In various lengths and styles, made from selected quality pelts. ***145.00***

Bordered Hudson Seal Coats — 45-inch long model with six-inch skunk border, collar and cuffs. ***165.00***

Trimmed Scotch Mole Coats — Exclusive model designed on loose lines, taupe fox collar and cuffs. ***295.00***

Baby Caracul Coats — 45 and 48 inch long models, selected pelts, trimmed with contrasting furs. ***350.00***

Benjamin Franklin says:
"Pay what you owe and you'll know what's your own."

War Service

Many men who contemplate service in the *U. S. Army* or *Navy* are now making arrangements with us for the care of their securities and income while they are away.

As *Agent* or *Custodian* we are prepared to assume the entire management of your real and personal property, collecting income, paying all charges, and remitting the net income in such amounts and to such persons as may be desired.

Our charge for this service is moderate, and our long experience assures efficient management.

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Established 1888
46 Wall Street, New York
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To Patriotic Women

The American Red Cross, Atlantic Division, appeals for additional workers. It is absolutely necessary that before Christmas great quantities of sweaters, mufflers, helmets, socks, and other knitted articles be delivered to soldiers in the cantonments and army posts, and to sailors on American warships. In three days applications for 408,000 knitted garments and for surgical dressings have reached this division, and it is essential for the health and comfort of our men that there be no delay in manufacture or transmission. Surely there is no necessity to impress this on the patriotic and kind-hearted women of America. Think of your own boys without their simple comforts in this wintry season. We need 100 workers to meet the demand for surgical dressings and hospital garments, and free wool will be provided for responsible workers.

Applications may be made daily from 9:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. M. and on Saturday from 9:30 A. M. until 1 P. M.

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Packed in beautiful gift box.
$1.00 POSTAGE PREPAID $1.00
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On sale also at Navy Club Booth in HERO LAND or at leading Book Counters.

SUES FOR SYNTHETIC GASOLINE FORMULA

Alleged That Enricht Withheld Ingredient from America, but Gave It to Germany.

B. F. YOAKUM TAKES ACTION

Asks Court to Seize Formula and Give Its Use to the United States and Our Allies.

The allegation that Louis Enricht, German-born chemist, has invented a marvelous, cheap substitute for gasoline and that, while refusing to allow this country or its allies to participate in the benefits of his discovery, he has agreed with the German Government not to disclose his secret during the war and has been "negotiating with spies and representatives of the German Government now in this country" for the sale of his patents to that country, is made in a summons, complaint, and bill of particulars filed against Enricht in the Nassau County Supreme Court at Mineola, L. I., yesterday, by the National Motor Power Company, incorporated.

The instigator of the legal proceedings is Benjamin F. Yoakum, well known railroad man and financier, who is a Farmingdale, L. I., neighbor of Enricht's and who with Enricht owns 51 per cent. of the stock of the plaintiff corporation.

Marvin W. Littleton, attorney for Mr. Yoakum and for the company, to whom Mr. Yoakum referred reporters, declared last night that investigators who watched Enricht after Mr. Yoakum became doubtful of the inventor's good faith, have established that the chemist dealt with Captain Franz von Papen, ex-Military Attaché of the German Embassy, and that he paid at least one visit to the commercial submarine Deutschland when that vessel was berthed in American waters. The lawyer asserted that so alarmed had Mr. Yoakum become over what he regarded as proof that Enricht was dealing with Germany that he (Yoakum) personally visited Attorney General Gregory two weeks ago and begged that official to seize Enricht's plant and secret papers for the benefit of the United States Government, to which Mr. Yoakum already had offered full benefit of the discovery for the period of the war.

Enricht's Laboratory Guarded.

Mr. Gregory was said to have been much impressed and to have been anxious to undertake a painstaking investigation. The essential slowness of such a procedure, Mr. Littleton explained, led Mr. Yoakum to institute proceedings on his own behalf yesterday. As the result of those proceedings the Mineola Sheriff has placed guards about Enricht's laboratory, a temporary restraining order has been issued by Supreme Court Justice Manning, a writ of replevin has been issued and the whole matter will be threshed out in the courts.

According to Mr. Yoakum's legal representative, discovery that Enricht was not acting in good faith followed the decision of the British Government, after full investigation, to buy Enricht's liquid for its army and navy in great quantities. "A British officer, a technical expert in such matters," Mr. Littleton said, "made exhaustive tests of Enricht's product, returned to England with a favorable report, and was sent back with authority to buy in large quantities. When the company called upon Enricht to go ahead with the work he confessed to us that one essential ingredient of the fluid had been withheld from the formula he had given us. He then handed us a signed statement in which he asserted that he would not go on with the project during the war. Then we started our investigation."

The attorney said that both he and Mr. Yoakum were convinced that Enricht either had an amazing invention which had withstood the most exacting scientific and technical scrutiny, or else he was a colossally clever deceiver and had succeeded in fooling even his own beckers and associates.

"We have grave fear," he continued, "that Enricht already has disclosed his secret to the German Government, and that the seeming plentifulness of gasoline in that country is due to the fact that they are manufacturing Enricht's liquid on a large scale. That was what led us to act suddenly in the interest of this country."

Named with Enricht in the papers filed yesterday were his wife, Anna; his son, Louis Enricht, Jr.; Harry Rosenbaum of Freeport, L. I., and the First National Bank of Farmingdale, L. I. The bank is included because it is alleged that in a vault in the institution, in the name of Mr. and Mrs. Enricht, is the complete formula for the liquid, including the missing secret ingredient. Mr. Littleton said last night that against Enricht's will Mr. Yoakum now has possession of a quantity of that secret ingredient, and that the work of identifying it probably will prove successful. He said that even without that ingredient the fuel seems to work perfectly in a hot engine. He denied a story attributed to Enricht that the inventor had been held up and the gasoline tanks of his automobile emptied.

In part, the bill of particulars sets forth that Enricht intends to disclose his secret to the enemies of this country; that he proposed, prior to April, 1917, to dispose of his secret formula to Germany for $1,500,000, and that on Nov. 12 last he agreed to let it be sold to the United States Government for $500,000 cash and $5,000,000 a year for fifteen years, on condition that the allies of this country should not share in the use of the secret.

"On a date unknown to the plaintiff," is one of the allegations of the motor power concern, "Enricht fraudulently and traitorously entered into an agreement with the German Government, through spies and representatives now in the United States, under which agreement, for a large sum of money, Enricht agreed to withhold from the plaintiff all information of this ingredient until the expiration of the war."

Ingredient Added Secretly.

It is recited in the papers that a series of tests of the Enricht discovery have been taking place before the Automobile Club of America. One ingredient has been added surreptitiously by Enricht to his preparation in these tests, it is said, and when it was discovered, on Oct. 12, he refused to disclose its nature. All that is known of the stuff to the plaintiff, according to the papers, is that it is a concentrate to which the ingredient and 128 parts of water are added.

The defendant has twenty days in which to reply in the proceedings brought against him yesterday, but the plaintiff's lawyer asserted last night that should the charges in the papers already filed lead the United States Government to intervene and investigate on its own account, every assistance would be rendered by those who are attacking Enricht.

Enricht first heralded his alleged discovery about two years ago. It was ridiculed, but the inventor persisted, and finally interested various responsible persons, such as Henry Ford and Mr. Yoakum. Mr. Ford's interest apparently ceased, but after tests under the auspices of the Automobile Club of America had failed to disclose any fake in Enricht's product, Mr. Yoakum backed him heavily, and the $10,000,000 Delaware corporation which now sues Enricht was formed. An investigation of Enricht's past during the controversy over his 2-cent a gallon substitute for gasoline, led to the disclosure that he once had been indicted and fined $500 in Chicago in connection with land deals in which the United States mails were used. He filed a petition in bankruptcy in this city in 1910, and previously was involved in similar proceedings in Chicago. About five years ago a party of Englishmen invested in a scheme of Enricht's for making artificial stone, but dropped the venture, asserting that the sample submitted by Enricht had been misrepresented. Enricht, who is 70 years old, last night characterized the legal proceedings against him as "absurd," declared he was a patriotic American citizen, and denied that he had illicit dealings with the German Government.

BOARD WILL PUBLISH FOOD PRICES DAILY

Federal Body Also Will Take Up Market Conditions and Cost Agreement Violations.

The Federal Food Board at a meeting last night decided to publish daily the wholesale and retail price of foodstuffs. General market conditions are also to be considered by the board. John Mitchell, Chairman of the board, announced that George L. Bennett of the Bronx, a market expert, who was a member of the Mayor's Market Commission in 1913, had been named to prepare the reports.

In discussing violations of food price agreements, Mr. Mitchell said that it was the small retailer who was causing trouble in the present situation. "I am reasonably certain," he said, "that there is a State law which covers the retailer who does a business of less than $100,000 a year. If we can get at him legally we will urge the public not to patronize him."

Mr. Mitchell also said that reports of violations will be investigated by the Food Board here, and if a violation is discovered the case will be sent to the Department of Justice at Washington.

"If a holder of a food license violates the laws, the complaint will go to Washington with a recommendation that his license be revoked," said Mr. Mitchell. "But the case will be weighed thoroughly before any drastic action is taken."

"The question will not be thrashed out in court," said Arthur Williams, Food Administrator, "but will be decided indirectly by the Food Board here."

Nathan Straus yesterday urged the city to sell milk below cost to sick children and the aged poor.

"My milk stations are selling milk to the poor at less than one-half of what it costs me," Mr. Straus said. "If I can do this, why cannot the city do it also? The city should reopen the fifty-nine stations where milk was sold at a low price last summer, now that there appears to be another shortage coming. Infant mortality in the various hospitals has risen far above last year's figures. The sale of pure milk at low cost would check this tragic increase in the death rate. The city should send investigators up-state to reopen the dairies which were closed last year."

Health Commissioner Emerson, when told of Mr. Straus's statement, said that the city was still operating its fifty-nine milk stations and selling Grade A milk to the poor at 12½ cents a quart. He added that the city was taking steps to sell milk to the needy as rapidly as possible.

George M. Rolph of the International Sugar Committee announced yesterday that Dr. William Marshall, Professor of Mathematics of Purdue University, at Lafayette, Ind., had been appointed Chief Statistician and Comptroller of the International Sugar Committee.

The United States committee to handle the West India sugar transportation problem will soon open an office in 111 Wall Street, where the International Committee is now quartered. The Chairman of the West India committee will be Joseph Hodgson, Freight Traffic Manager of the New York & Cuba Mail Steamship Company. Distribution of the 1918 sugar crop of the West Indies will be handled by the two committees, working with other committees of producers in the West Indies.

The United States War Trade Board at Washington notified Mr. Rolph yesterday that licenses to export sugar from the United States were to be granted only when the application of the exporter had been approved by Mr. Rolph's committee.

Introduction of an ordinance providing that coal, when sold to the poor in small amounts, be weighed by the dealer by avoirdupois weight, was decided upon yesterday at a meeting between Fuel Administrator Wiggin, City Markets Commissioner Moskowitz and other local fuel administration officials. It is the hope of the fuel administrators that such an ordinance will check weight frauds in the sale of coal to the poor.

Great Western Champagne

BRUT SPECIAL
(Absolutely Brut)
SPECIAL RESERVE
(Very Dry)
EXTRA DRY
(Medium)
Only American Champagne ever awarded Gold Medals at Foreign Expositions
Produced by the old French slow method of fermentation in the bottle, taking from six to seven years of time.
Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Rheims, N. Y.
AMERICA'S OLDEST & LARGEST PRODUCERS

BACARDI Makes the Perfect
COCKTAIL, RICKEY or HIGHBALL.
Try It and Be Convinced.

SEE NEW SWINDLE IN FUND FOR 69TH

Swann Causes Arrest of Man Who Solicited Funds as Friend of Colonel Conley.

BROKER FURNISHED $1,000

Prosecutor Says Prisoner Is One of "100 Per Cent. Boys" Sought in Bazaar Inquiry.

A swindling scheme operated in the guise of a "benefit fund" for dependent families of members of the "Fighting Sixty-ninth" Regiment, in which the swindlers made use of the name of the former commander, Colonel Louis D. Conley, to get $1,000 for division among themselves, was disclosed yesterday in the arrest of M. J. Delahanty of 547 West 123d Street, made by the District Attorney's staff, on charges of grand larceny and forgery. The money was obtained from Walter J. M. Donovan, a broker at 80 Broadway, a friend of Colonel Conley.

When Delahunty was taken to the District Attorney's office he confessed to his part in the transaction, Assistant District Attorney Kiroe said. According to a subsequent statement made to the District Attorney, Delahunty had paid $150 of the proceeds of a $1,000 check to a bookmaker, and the remainder, $850, he divided with another bookmaker, who enabled him to get a third bookmaker to cash the check after he had forged Colonel Conley's name to it.

Mr. Donovan, who lives at 276 Riverside Drive, was called on the telephone at his office, on Oct. 2, and a person at the other end of the wire said, it was stated:

"I am representing Colonel Louis D. Conley of the Sixty-ninth Regiment. We are raising a fund for some of the relatives left behind by the fighting boys. We want you to help out the families of our boys with a check. Will you do it?"

Delahunty confessed, Mr. Swann said, that he made an appointment with Mr. Donovan and received from him a check for $1,000 made out in the name of Colonel Conley. The fraud was not discovered until the check was returned in the broker's bank vouchers. The officers and members of the Sixty-ninth, who are now in the Federal service, had not authorized anyone to solicit funds for any purpose.

Mr. Swann said he expected other arrests of Delahunty's accomplices. "These are some of the '100 per cent. boys' we have been after in this investigation of crook solicitors for fake bazaars," Mr. Swann said. The District Attorney added:

"We have obtained a list of names of two gangs of fakers who have been imposing on the public in the guise of patriotism or charity."

Mrs. Lillian Louise Daniels, who has an apartment at 600 Riverside Drive, was called to the District Attorney's office to explain why she was collecting funds for the War Babies' Cradle. Mrs. Daniels told Mr. Swann that she had been authorized to solicit money by a man who had disappeared. The District Attorney then informed her that a complaint had been made against unauthorized solicitors for the fund by Mrs. J. S. Bache and other well-known women, who said Mrs. Daniels had not been authorized to act for them. Mrs. Daniels admitted this, and last night she returned and gave Mr. Swann $450, the amount of her collections for the War Babies' Cradle.

While the Grand Jury was considering evidence presented yesterday concerning certain features of the Army and Navy Bazaar, it was intimated by Mr. Swann that a number of other cases would be presented for its consideration. He said a great many fraudulently obtained checks were believed to have resulted in thousands of dollars in loot to the dishonest profiteers of war bazaars.

Eugene Jess, alias Jesselman, convicted and awaiting sentence for obtaining charitable funds fraudulently, confessed yesterday to swindling contributors in the name of the American Red Cross, Mr. Swann said. According to Jess, he received many contributions in the form of checks. These he sent to an attorney, he asserts, who sent them back to the makers with a request that they be made out in the name of "Mrs. Maud Shanley," a dummy. This woman, Jess added, he had introduced to prospective contributors as a "prominent society woman," but in reality she was the wife of a Harlem saloonkeeper. This woman, who was arrested with Jess, and who gave a different name at that time, is now awaiting trial as his accomplice.

"Old Doc" Waterbury, who the District Attorney says is out on a suspended sentence, has been invited to call and tell what he is doing with money he is reported to be collecting for a book to teach French to soldiers. Waterbury and two others, Mr. Swann declared, are taking donations or subscriptions for these books, so that a copy costing $1.50 each may be sent free to a soldier in the name of the donor.

"We think a book of that kind should not cost more than 50 cents, and we want to know if the books are being sent according to the amount of money subscribed," said Mr. Swann.

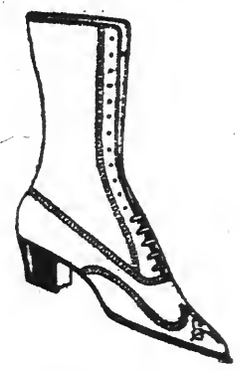
Dr. George O. Hanlon, Superintendent of Bellevue Hospital, and Oliver H. Bartine, Superintendent of Flower Hospital, with the co-operation of others, have sent a letter to Governor Whitman, outlining the needs of the hospitals, and asking legislative action for their protection in soliciting funds and the suppression of dishonest operators of fake charity.

LEGACY TO MRS. WILSON.

$12,000 a Year Left to the President's Wife for "Pin Money."

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—Twelve thousand dollars a year "pin money" for the wife of the President of the United States, or "the First Lady of the Land," is provided in a fund from the estate of Henry G. Freeman, Jr., a wealthy lawyer, who died here recently. The estate is valued at $2,000,000 and upward.

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.



MISSES' TAN LACED SHOES
WITH LOW HEELS
7.00
This shoe is made of highest grade tan Russia calf with wing tips; also of tan Russia calf with ivory or gray suede tops, straight tips. Smart new lasts with leather welted soles and low heels.
All sizes and widths
2½ to 7½—AA to D.
Misses' Shoe Shop—3rd Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets
Reduced Prices—Friday
MISSES', JUNIORS' and GIRLS' WINTER APPAREL
All This Season's Desirable Models
No Alterations — No Credits

Misses' Winter Suits
With or Without Fur Trimming
Of wool velour, silvertone, broadcloth or duvet de laine. Sizes 14 to 20 years.
35.00
Heretofore $49.50 to $69.50

Misses' Serge Dresses
Of Superior Quality Serge
Late winter models, in navy, beige or black serge. Sizes 14 to 20 years.
15.00
Heretofore $24.50 to $29.50

Misses' High Class Suits
Trimmed with Rich Furs
Of wool velour, silvertone, duvet de laine, suede velour or velveteen. Sizes 14 to 20 years.
59.50
Heretofore $69.50 to $98.50

Misses' Velveteen Dresses
Also a Number of Silk Dresses
Late winter models of velveteen or various silks. Many embroidered or braided. Sizes 14 to 20 years.
18.50
Heretofore $29.50 to $39.50

Misses' Fur Trimmed Coats
Also Tailored Coats to Wear with One's Own Furs
Of wool velour, silvertone, Pom Pom, broadcloth, burella cloth or seal plush. Sizes 14 to 20 years.
25.00
Heretofore $35.00 to $45.00

Misses' High Class Gowns
For Afternoon or Evening Wear
Afternoon gowns of Georgette crepe, French satin, crepe meteor or velveteen; evening gowns of various silks. Sizes 14 to 20 years.
29.50
Heretofore $39.50 to $59.50

Misses' High Class Coats
Majority Trimmed with Rich Furs
Of silvertone, wool velour, Pom Pom or duvet de laine. Sizes 14 to 20 years.
45.00
Heretofore $59.50 to $69.50

Girls' and Juniors' Dresses
Sizes 12 to 17 years
Dressy or tailored models of navy blue serge, plain silk or plaid silk.
9.75
Heretofore $11.50 to $18.50

Girls' and Juniors' Coats
Sizes 6 to 17 Years
Of wool velour, zibeline, broadcloth, Pom Pom or velveteen; majority fur trimmed and silk lined.
15.00
Heretofore $19.75 to $39.50

Girls' and Juniors' Dresses
Sizes 12 to 17 Years
Of velveteen, plain silk or plaid silk. Semi-Empire models.
14.50
Heretofore $18.50 to $29.50

B. Altman & Co.

Extraordinary Price Reductions
in
Misses' Suits and Dresses
will take effect to-morrow (Friday)
These garments are all in the fashionable present-day styles and represent really remarkable values.
150 Tailored Suits reduced to . $18.50
170 Afternoon Dresses reduced to . 14.50

Junior Misses' Tailor-made
Suits and Dresses
at substantial reductions in prices
will be available for selection to-morrow.
Tailor-made Suits of excellent-quality velours in the fashionable colorings
$18.50
Serge Dresses, braid trimmed,
$12.50
(Departments on Second Floor)

An Important Sale of
Women's Serge Dresses
will commence to-morrow (Friday)
The offering will consist of several hundred dresses in about fifteen of the newest styles, and will afford an unusual opportunity for economical purchasing at the reduced price of
$16.75
(Department on Third Floor)

245
Girls' Serge Dresses
will be reduced for Friday and Saturday to the exceptionally low prices of
$7.75, $10.50, & $12.50
with the object of securing an immediate clearance.
Drastic revisions have also been made in the prices of Girls' Suits, and in many of the Higher-cost Coats.
(Department on Second Floor)

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue, New York.

SWEARS MEANS KEPT MRS. KING A CAPTIVE

Chicago Hotel Man Testifies Woman Was Virtually a Prisoner There for 3 Months.

COURT BARS PART OF IT

Defense Makes Hard Fight to Exclude Testimony as to Motive for Crime.

Special to The New York Times.

CONCORD, N. C., Nov. 28.—Attorneys for Gaston B. Means, who is on trial charged with the murder of Mrs. Maude A. King, are making a hard fight to bal kthe prosecution in its attempt to set up a motive for the crime.

The prosecution produced as a witness today Willard J. Rockefeller, manager of a Chicago hotel, and sought to prove b yhim that Mrs. King was a prisoner in the hotel last Summer and under guard of Means and others. But Judge Clie ruled that Rockefeller might relate only such conversations as occurred in the presence of Means.

While the question as to the admissibility of certain parts of Rockefeller's testimony was being considered by the court, the jury was excused and the witness told the court what he would swear to. Rockefeller said that Means, Mrs. Means, their baby and maid, Mrs. King, Mrs. Melvin, Mrs. King's sister, and Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. King's mother, and W. R. Patterson, Means's father-in-law, were at his hotel from April until som etime in July, and that throughout that time Mrs. King was virtually a prisoner. When Means was not with her or where he could observe her, Rockefeller said, a man named Henry Deitsh, known about the hotel as "Means's bodyguard," constantly had her under surveillance, and care was taken not to allow her to talk to anyone unless Means was present, if it could be avoided.

On one occasion, he said, he had an opportunity to talk with Mrs. King and did converse with her several minutes. Mrs. King told him, he said, that she was completely under the influence of Means, and that he had entire control of her affairs, but that in a few months she was going to get from under his control and take charge of her own business affairs.

Rockefeller said that when Means learned of this he was very angry, saying to him, "Do you know how many rooms I have got here?"

"Ten," the witness said he replied.

"And every one of them will be vacated if you speak to her again," the witness testified Means told him.

He also said Means told him that he was "preparing to spring a will that would surprise the whole United States."

"I don't want any one to talk to her," Rockefeller said Means told him.

Roy Smith, an Asheville chauffeur, told of having driven Means and a woman, whom he thought, after seeing her in court today, was Mrs. Melvin, from Asheville to Morganton, N. C. He understood, he said, that the couple wanted to catch a train to Chicago. Smith could not say exactly when this occurred, but it happened before the preliminary hearing, he asserted. He testified he heard Means say during the ride, "How do the ladies feel about it?" and some time later heard the woman say, "I think we got out just in time." Means and Mrs. Melvin went to Chicago when Mrs. King's body was taken.

At the opening of the testimony the line of cross-questioning by attorneys for the defense indicated that they would seek to prove that Mrs. King was killed by the accidental discharge of a pistol dropped on the ground.

The State's first witness was M. F. Richie, a hardware merchant, who sold the pistol to Gaston Means. Richie admitted that the weapon might have been discharged by being dropped on the ground, but that he had never heard of such a thing happening.

Dr. P. R. McFadden, a local physician, and James Simpson, an undertaker's assistant, testified that they saw no powder stains near the wound on the back of Mrs. King's head, although both admitted on cross-examination that blood around the wound might have prevented their noting powder stains. Dr. McFadden also described a fracture of the ankle which it is contended Mrs. King received about the time of her death. It might have been caused by her stepping on a root, he said.

Captain W. S. Bingham, who was with the automobile party on the evening of the tragedy, said that as far as he knew Gaston Means and Mrs. King were alone when the woman met death.

Bingham went down the road to kill a rabbit, and Afton Means also went off a short distance. It arso was brought out on cross-examination that Gaston Means had extended a general invitation to several women of his family and also to Mrs. King's sister to go on the trip, but they had another engagement.

During an argument over questions regarding Afton Means's actions, E. T. Cansler, of counsel for the defense, declared he wanted to show what Afton Means had said and done, because "I think the State will try to show Afton Means guilty of complicity with Gaston Means in the killing of Mrs. King."

C. W. Andrews, a hotel clerk of Salisbury, N. C., testified that a "G. B. Means" and a "Mrs. James C. King" had registered at the hotel where he is employed on the night of August 18. The defense sought to show that Means and Mrs. King had missed train connections there while en route to Concord, and drew from Andrews the statement that C. B. Ambrose, of the Federal Department of Justice, had questioned him regarding the affair.

THREE POWERS AGREED TO PROTECT PALESTINE

Anglo-Franco-Russian Plan Revealed in Documents Made Public by Lenine.

MANCHESTER, England, Nov. 28.—The Manchester Guardian's Petrograd correspondent says that among the secret diplomatic documents published by the Leninite régime was one setting forth an agreement between Russia, France, and Great Britain, under which Alexandretta (Asiatic Turkey) was to be a free port and Palestine a protectorate under Russia, France, and Great Britain. Great Britain was to receive the neutral zone in Persia, except Ispahan and Yezd, which were to go into the Russian sphere.

"Another document, signed by General Poliyanoff, the former Russian War Minister," the correspondent continues, "says that a Russo-Rumanian military and political convention was concluded in August, 1916, giving Rumania Bukowina, the Banat, (in Hungary, between Marcs and the Danube,) and Transylvania.

"In this document General Poliyanoff says that in the event of Rumania's success she will become a powerful country, with a population of 13,000,000; that she will hardly remain friendly to Russia on account of the Bessarabian question, and will lessen Russia's influence in the Balkans.

"'In view of this,' General Poliyanoff continued, 'the collapse of Greater Rumania is an idea not against the interests of Russia, and the present condition of Rumania must be used to strengthen those ties by which she is compulsorily bound to us.'"

CONGRESSMAN NELSON AND HIS SON INDICTED

Federal Grand Jury at Madison, Wis., Charges Conspiracy to Evade Registration Law.

MADISON, Wis., Nov. 28.—Representative John M. Nelson and his son Byron were indicted by a Federal Grand Jury today on a charge of conspiracy to violate the registration law. The son had already been indicted, charged with failure to register. They will be tried in December.

Mr. Nelson was charged with advising his son not to register. Young Nelson now is on his father's ranch in Canada. The Representative is in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Representative Nelson declined at his home here tonight to make any comment upon the indictment of himself and his son at Madison.

"Mr. Nelson does not care to be interviewed," was the word given THE TIMES correspondent after a message had been conveyed to the Representative asking if he had any statement to make on the action of the Grand Jury.

Colds Cause Headache and Grip.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE helps remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on box. 30c.—Advt.

TIFFANY & Co.

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS
WATCHES, CHINA, STATIONERY

DESCRIBE YOUR LOSS.

Description of lost property is an appeal to the honesty of the finder. It seldom fails in its effect. Telephone Bryant 1000 of your loss and next morning a brief advertisement will appear in THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Important Sale—Friday

WOMEN'S WINTER COATS

Richly fur trimmed or plain tailored

Women's Winter Coats

With or without fur trimming, of wool velour, "Pom Pom" broadcloth or vicuna mixtures, in desirable colors, also black. *Special* **29.50**

Women's Fur Trimmed Coats

In all the desirable winter colorings, large fur collars, cuffs or fur bandings, also plain tailored Coats to wear with one's own furs. *Special* **45.00**

Genuine Bolivia Cloth Coats

Fur trimmed or plain tailored Coats, new fitted or semi-belted models, in olive drab, beaver, reindeer, green, seal brown, navy or black. *Special* **59.50**

Will Close Out Friday

Women's High Class Coats

RICHLY FUR TRIMMED
ONE OF A COLOR

EXCLUSIVE model coats of the finest wool fabrics, such as Siberia cloth, duvetyn, gloveskin velour, suede velour, genuine Bolivia cloth, and duvet de laine.

50.00

Heretofore 75.00 to 98.50

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

At Reduced Prices Friday

Women's Suits and Gowns

All This Season's Models

NO EXCHANGES NO CREDITS

Women's Daytime Gowns

High Class Models and Fabrics

Of Georgette crepe or French satin, also of Georgette crepe combined with satin; richly embroidered or beaded.

29.50

Heretofore $39.50 to $59.50

Women's Daytime Gowns

Beaded, Embroidered or Fur Trimmed

Elaborate models of Georgette crepe or combined with satin, in desirable colors, also black; many with sheer bodices.

39.50

Heretofore $59.50 to $79.50

Women's Winter Suits

Trimmed with Rich Furs or Plain Tailored

Of duvet de laine, wool velour, silvertone, Rayonnier cloth, broadcloth or velveteen; also long-line suits for full figures, 38 to 48 bust.

35.00

Heretofore $49.50 to $79.50

Women's High Class Suits

Fur Trimmed or Plain Tailored

Of wool velour, duvet de laine, Rayonnier cloth, silvertone, suede velour. broadcloth, or velveteen.

55.00

Heretofore $75.00 to $98.50

BROOKLYN

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & Co

Fulton Street, Brooklyn

Announce Special Values, Friday, Nov. 30th

Fashionable Seal Brown Kidskin Boots

All Sizes for Women and Misses.

Two high cut lace models (*as illustrated*) of superior quality; Seal Brown Kidskin with turned sole and Louis XV heel, also Blucher style with a welt sole and new military heel.

Reduced to **6.90**

No Approvals

Gidding

PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST NEW YORK

Announce—beginning tomorrow—

IMPORTANT SALES

Involving special groups of *Fashionable Apparel* taken from our regular stocks

Street & Semi-Dress Suits

In a wide range of smart models and materials (including velvets) trimmed with rich furs, formerly selling at $95 to $150, now $55 and $85

ALSO A SPECIAL GROUP OF UNTRIMMED SUITS—FORMERLY SELLING TO $65—NOW $35

Fur-trimmed Coats

Of fine velours — vicunas — silvertones — tweeds and other smart novelty coats, combined with collar and cuff trimmings of Skunk—Seal—Nutria—Kolinsky Squirrel and other fashionable furs, formerly selling at $65 to $110, now $35 and $65

Fashionable Day Dresses

Street and afternoon styles of serge—tricotine—satin and Georgette crepe—also DANCE FROCKS of chiffon, taffeta and net—formerly selling at $65 to $125, now $35 and $55

Luxurious Wraps

Handsome models of velveteen and chiffon velvet trimmed with rich furs, formerly selling at $125 to $175, now $85 and $110

Costume Blouses

Of Georgette—lace and net—formerly selling from $20 to $45, now $8 and $15

Smart Hats

Street—Sport and Semi-Dress styles — formerly to $25, now $10 & $15

Dressy effects for formal occasions — formerly to $45, now $25

FUR AND FUR-TRIMMED EFFECTS GREATLY REDUCED.

Sunday Advertising

For military reasons the United States Government has directed the advance of one hour in the departing time from New York of early morning newspaper mail and express trains.

Compliance with the new schedule necessitates the adoption of stringent rules governing the receipt of advertising copy for The New York Times.

Copy for which proofs are required for the supplemental sections of the Sunday edition, excepting Rotogravure, Magazine and Book Review Sections, must be received in the Times Building before Thursday night, and proof must be released before Friday night.

Advertising copy for the Main News Section of the Sunday edition must be released in the Times Building before noon on Saturday.

The Times will be obliged to omit, without notice, all advertisements which do not conform to these regulations.

The New York Times

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store Closed All Day Today.

We Too Have Much to Be Thankful For

As the Puritans of old were thankful on this day we have many things to be thankful for. For instance:

We are thankful we can sell dependable merchandise for less than any other store.

We are thankful for a wonderful organization of experts who search the markets of the world for goods.

We are thankful for our sixty year cash buying and cash selling policy and we are thankful that our customers appreciate our service as indicated by our crowded aisles and store.

Men's Underwear For Winter Wear

Medium weight worsted union suits for men who discard light weight garments for warmer underwear. Regular and stout, sizes 34 to 50 inches. Per suit, $2.59

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Silk Hose, at $1.39

Heavy, pure silk hose, full fashioned, with reinforced toes, heels and soles. All sizes, in champagne, tan, gray, black and white. They fit comfortably and wear well.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Warm Overcoats For Chauffeurs at $24.74

Of the sorts that take the sting out of cold weather driving. Smartly tailored of heavy weight, all wool dark Oxford frieze, lined throughout with serviceable material. Double breasted model with convertible collar which fits neatly whether the coat is worn open or buttoned to neck.

Macy's—Second Floor, 34th St.

Men's Soft Hats at $2.39

Look them over—and you will find just the hat you want. Bound edge, military models, hats with curl brims, and other shapes, in olive brown, stone gray, olive green and brown.

For Your Protection we offer the Sanitcap—to be worn when trying on a hat—so you may be sure you are the first to wear the hat you buy.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

How to Reach the Men's Departments

Coming in at the Broadway and 35th St. entrance, you will find all the men's departments right at hand. On the Main Floor: Men's Furnishings, Umbrellas, Hats, Hosiery, Underwear, Books and Stationery.

On the Fifth Floor, quickly reached by elevator: Clothing, Sporting Goods, Cameras and Cigars.

ADVISERS NAMED ON WAR TAX ACT

Untermyer, Payne, and Ballantine Will Help Commissioner Frame Regulations.

TAX ON STOCK TRANSFERS

Rules Not Yet Completed and Tentative Instructions Drawn Up, Operative Dec. 1.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28. — Samuel Untermyer of New York, John Barton Payne of Chicago, and A. A. Ballantine of Boston have been appointed legal advisers to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in connection with the War Revenue act. They will serve without compensation. Their duties will be performed mainly in connection with the formulation of administrative regulations for the execution of the act.

Internal Revenue Commissioner Daniel Roper announced tonight that, owing to the pressure on his bureau in the work of analyzing the War Revenue act and devising and promulgating the many instructions for the administrative procedure under the law, it had been impossible to complete the rules governing the collection of the tax imposed by Sub-Sections 4 and 5 of Section 807, which affect sales and transfers of stock.

The work of the bureau has resulted in a tentative draft of regulations, which will soon be acted upon by Secretary McAdoo. As the law becomes operative Dec. 1, it is not unlikely that serious inconvenience to business and to the Government may result from want of information as to what the Government may require in the administration of the law.

The law imposes a tax on the total face value of shares of stock at the rate of 2 cents for every $100 or fraction thereof, whether the face value is greater or less than $100. This ruling is explained by the Commissioner's tentative regulations as follows:

"Thus where the total face value of the shares or certificates of stock involved in any such transaction, (agreement to sell or memorandum of sale,) is less than $100, the amount of such tax shall be 2 cents; where the total face value exceeds $100, but is $200 or less, the amount of such tax shall be 4 cents, and on all fractions of $100 of face value the tax shall be 2 cents. In the case of shares having no par or face value the tax shall be 2 cents on each $100 or market value or fraction thereof involved in the transaction, unless the total amount of market value involved is less than $100, in which case the tax shall be 2 cents on each share."

Every person, partnership, corporation, or exchange engaged in the brokerage business and negotiating the sale, transfer, or delivery of stocks will be required to file a statement under oath on the first day of December, 1917, and the first day of July annually thereafter, in the office of the Collector of Internal Revenue for the district where such person or concern is doing business, setting forth the facts of the concern's business.

The regulations describe a number of transactions that are not regarded as taxable, as follows:

"No tax will be imposed upon an agreement evidencing deposit of stock certificates as collateral security for money loaned thereon, which stock certificates are not actually sold or intended to be sold, nor to which there is any change of ownership or interest, nor upon stock certificates so deposited.

"Nor upon transfer from a customer to a broker for purposes of sale, nor upon transfer by a broker to a customer for whom he has purchased said stock, provided that the transfers shall be accompanied in each case by a certificate setting forth the facts.

"Nor to transfers or deliveries to a clearing house for the sole purpose of clearing or adjusting accounts between the members, where no beneficial interest is vested in said clearing house, and there has been no change of title or interest.

"There shall be no tax upon transactions in which stocks are borrowed by one member of an exchange from another under rulings of such exchange, prescribed for that purpose, nor upon the return of said stock to the lender.

"No bylaw or rule of any exchange or similar institution inconsistent with the provisions of the act or these regulations shall tend to exempt any transaction from liability to taxation.

"In case an exchange shall by appropriate rules require that all transactions of its members in shares of stock on the floor be promptly reported, to the end that the stamp tax thereon may be collected, and no clearances, or settlements, or trading in mere balances as between customers and members, or as between members themselves, shall be permitted, then such clearing association shall be deemed the agent of the members of such exchange, and the Clearing House sheets delivered by the members of the exchange to the Clearing House shall be held to be the bill or evidence of sale, and the Clearing House shall be authorized to affix the requisite stamps to the Clearing House sheet and cancel the same, and retain said sheets for the term of two years.

"Every Clearing House shall, on or before the fifteenth day of each month, and at any other time designated by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, render, in writing, a return for the preceding month, or for any other period that may be designated by the Commissioner, of all facts in their possession relating to any and all such transactions.

"All exchanges shall require their members, patrons, or others for whom transactions are cleared, to make full disclosure, and report on each business day of all non-cleared and non-clearable transactions of the preceding day, and shall require that all such shares of stock shall pay the tax on each and every transfer thereof that is not made through such exchange or other agency.

"Any officer designated by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall have authority to examine the books, papers, and records kept pursuant to these regulations, and require the production of any other books, records or papers necessary to determine any liability to the tax."

MRS. DE VERGARA SUED.

Litigant Attaches Property of Mrs. De Saulles's Mother.

Supreme Court Justice Donnelly granted an attachment for $6,000 yesterday against the property of Mrs. Blanca Errasuriz De Vergara, mother of Mrs. Blanca De Saulles, in a suit to recover this sum brought against Mme. De Vergara in behalf of William C. Dewey of 105 East Fifteenth Street for services rendered. The suit is brought in the name of William H. Lotty, to whom the claim has been assigned. The attachment was served on the Anglo-South American Bank of 60 Wall Street, in which it is said the defendant's funds are kept.

The petition for the attachment, granted on the ground that Mme. De Vergara is a non-resident, states that Dewey was engaged by the late John L. De Saulles and his mother-in-law in 1911 to assist in liquidating the affairs of the Sociedad Chilena de Fundaciones, a Chilean corporation, owning mining and smelting property in Chile. Dewey alleges that he worked on the proposition from February to July, 1916, and that as the result of his efforts the property was bought for 1,000,000 pesos, or $200,000, more than best previous offer for which Dewey the best previous offer, for which Dewey $6,000.

Dewey states that he had a talk with Mme. De Vergara in November, 1916, when she told him she had authorized De Saulles to engage him in the interest of her family, and that as she was going to Europe she would leave matters entirely in his hands. He names as defendants not only Mme. De Vergara but all her daughters with the exception of Mrs. De Saulles.

ALIENISTS UPHOLD MRS. DE SAULLES

Continued from Page 1.

gan be located from the surface, but was in her case so withered that no sign of it could be found.

Says She Had Hallucinations.

On Aug. 10, when Dr. Wight visited her again, he said that she was suffering from hallucinations. At one time she asked him he said:

"Can my husband take the child away from me?"

He said that he then told her that her husband was dead, but that it made no impression on her. He explained how he had given her strychnine and other stimulants and had begun a course of treating her with thyroid extracts to increase the activity of that gland, after the completed diagnosis showed it to be the seat of the trouble. On cross-examination District Attorney Weeks asked:

"Will not sufficient doses of the thyroid extract cause hallucinations?"

"You have answered that question yourself."

"What do you mean?"

"When you say 'sufficient' to cause hallucinations. Anything will be caused by something sufficient to cause it."

"Will large doses of thyroid extract cause hallucinations?"

"Sometimes they do."

Mr. Weeks asked if the appearance in the X-ray picture of a broken bone jutting into the brain could not have been caused by the shadow of a vein. Dr. Wight said that veins did not produce shadows in X-ray pictures and that nothing but the bone itself could have made such a picture in an X-ray photograph.

When Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe was on the stand, Justice Manning sought for the benefit of the jurors to get a clear explanation of the mysterious thyroid glands. Dr. Jelliffe said that the glands, working too freely, caused excessive growths or activity of one kind or another, while inert glands resulted in a decrease of every kind of bodily activity and finally in death. He said:

"They are the cause of goitres among the people in Switzerland and other countries when they are overactive. You cannot live without these glands. When the Swiss found out that these were the cause of goitre, they began cutting out the glands. They found that in a few weeks the patient began to make quick, nervous, jerky gestures and to display other symptoms, many of them similar to those displayed by this patient. A few days later they would die. When it was followed that death regularly followed the loss of these glands, the Swiss physicians began to cut out part of them, and this was effective. We owe our knowledge of the functions of the gland largely to their research in cases of goitre."

Dr. Jelliffe said that, when he was called into the case he was called, not as an alienist, but as an expert on nervous diseases for a diagnose. He said that Dr. Wight gave him no information at all about the symptoms or history of the patients. He gave a list of symptoms which he found, most of them the same as those recited by Dr. Wight. But he added some others. He said:

"Her skin was cold and hard. When I pinched it it was like rubber. The pupils were sometimes dilated and sometimes contracted, but they responded very slowly when a match or candle was passed before them, which should in a normal person caused the pupils to narrow rapidly. The tongue was almost double its normal size.

"The skin of the hands was cold and hard, and of the same rubbery consistency. The back of the hands were rather puffy and swollen. When I touched the nerve trunks there was some soreness, showing a mild neuritis.

"I drew my thumbnail over the skin of her arm and a white trace appeared. This appears in the skin of a normal person and the white trace disappears in four or five seconds, but in her case it was succeeded by a red mark, which remained for half an hour, showing instability of the blood vessels.

In a Hypothyroid Condition.

Dr. Jelliffe added that she had colds in the head without any seeming cause which would have disappeared in three hours. He described numerous other symptoms. He said that her morbid physical characteristics all indicated a growing loss of function of the nervous system and of control over the muscles. It led him to believe, he said, that she was in a hypothyroid condition, and when he searched for the thyroid gland he could not find a sign of it. After that, he said, he advised Dr. Wight to treat her with the thyroid extract, which is made from the thyroid glands of animals.

Dr. Jelliffe said that he sought to make mental test of the young woman on this visit, but that she would refuse to answer him and would say: "Go away; don't bother me."

On Nov. 9 he said that he saw her again and found her much better. Most of the symptoms he had described had disappeared or been greatly improved under the thyroid extract treatment. To test her mind, he said that he talked of composers, painters, and novelists. He said:

"We had a delightful conversation. She was bright and attractive."

He said that the only mental symptom which he noticed was that she became easily fatigued. He said:

"I spoke in very long sentences, with a great number of clauses, after the German method, where you find the verb on the next page."

"Would she follow you?" asked Justice Manning.

"Up to a certain point, but she would ask me to stop and to talk in simpler sentences."

Dr. Jelliffe said that the depression on the skull had not changed, and that, when he touched it, she flinched and goose flesh appeared on her arms.

Dr. Louis C. Johnson of Long Island College Hospital told in great detail of the various tests of the blood and other organs which he had made for the purpose of discovering whether her condition was due to anaemia, kidney trouble, or disease of the thyroid glands. He said he found her kidneys normal, her blood in fair condition, except for evidences of thyroid trouble. Her pallor and other symptoms, he said, made her a "typical picture of a hypothyroid condition," and he advised at once that she should be treated for this. He agreed with the other physicians that thyroid disease affected the brain and eventually might cause complete insanity and death. He said that when he first saw her, Mrs. De Saulles was on the borderland of an extremely dangerous thyroid disease.

Suzanne Monteau, the maid, who accompanied Mrs. De Saulles to The Box on the night of the shooting, was one of the last witnesses. She added to the scene a new detail, by saying that, before Mrs. De Saulles shot, her husband raised his arm as if to strike her. She said that De Saulles had said:

"You can't have the boy now or ever."

An "Awful, Dreadful" Look.

She added that this statement was accompanied by an "awful, dreadful" look. She said that Marshall Ward, a friend of De Saulles, whose story of the shooting is very different from hers, had run upstairs just before the shooting took place, and could not have seen it.

"Was his back to her when she shot?"

"No; he was facing her. He was looking right at her. She shot him three times in front and, as he turned, shot him twice more."

The maid said that Mrs. De Saulles had told the chauffeur that she wanted him to take the short cut to The Box, and to make all possible speed. The maid said:

"She said she wanted to reach The Box before her husband got back from the club."

The maid raised her arm as if to give a blow, and declared that De Saulles had threatened his wife in similar fashion just before she shot him. She said that he was only about three feet from Mrs. De Saulles when she fired. She denied that her mistress had said afterward that she had killed De Saulles. Asked how Mrs. De Saulles behaved after the shooting, she said:

"She acted sort of mad."

On cross-examination she was asked if she meant to say that an athlete like De Saulles would have made no effort to protect himself, when the revolver was held only three feet from him.

"He only raised his arm," she said.

"Why did you go into the living room of the De Saulles house?"

"I went in to get the baby."

"Did you get the baby?"

"No." The maid was sobbing.

Mr. Weeks tried to get her to say that she did not enter the house at all, but she insisted that she walked into the hall and into the sitting room after her mistress.

Mrs. Annalla Errazuris, a rosy and athletic young woman, with bright black eyes, testified that she had been responsible for the first fracture of her sister's skull, because she had chased her about their house at Vina del Mar until Blanca tripped and fell heavily, her head striking against an andiron. The accident kept her in bed for several weeks, she said. She added:

"Blanca was never the same afterward. She could not keep up with the rest of us at games and play."

"Did you ever feel your sister's head after the accident?"

"Yes, there was a very tender spot there and a depression."

Miss Errazuris said that she had been present at a discussion, shortly after the marriage of De Saulles and Blanca, when the question of turning over the management of the entire estate to De Saulles was considered. She said that De Saulles wanted to have charge, not only of his wife's, but of his mother-in-law's property, and that he became very "ugly" when this was refused him. She was asked:

"After Blanca returned to Chile in 1915, did you notice any change in her?"

"She was greatly changed. She was emaciated and very pale."

She told of the accident in 1915, when her sister was thrown on her head from an automobile. She said that for a long time after the accident her sister's entire forehead was purple. Passing on to her arrival in this country in the Summer of 1916, while the divorce proceedings of Mrs. De Saulles were pending, she said that she had been shocked at the physical condition of her sister.

"She was so ashy white that I did not recognize her."

She said that she and her brother took Mrs. De Saulles to Scotland for her health at this time, but she did not improve greatly because of her worry over her child. When she returned to this country she became worse, the sister said, because of the fear that the affections of the boy were being won away from her. She said:

"The boy would come home late from his visits to his father, and would always be naughty. When we asked him why he was bad he said that 'Booby,' (the nurse hired by the father,) had told him to be bad with us."

She said that the boy had told him De Saulles also had encouraged him to misbehave. She said that the boy told repeatedly of being at gay parties where his father entertained "beautiful ladies."

Miss Errazuris said that in Chile women frequently carried revolvers. She said that she did herself. She identified the revolver with which Mrs. De Saulles had killed her husband, and handled it like an expert. She contradicted the testimony of Captain Jones, the Police Department expert, who said that it was necessary to use two motions in firing the revolver, that of pulling the trigger and that of pushing the safety catch on the handle. She said:

"You don't have to use two motions. Pulling the trigger presses the safety catch against the hand, and that is all that is necessary to fire it."

D. Stewart Iglehart of the firm of W. R. Grace & Co., who married a Chilean girl who had been a schoolgirl friend of Mrs. De Saulles, told of being asked over the telephone by Mrs. De Saulles on the night of Aug. 3 to accompany him on her trip to The Box. He said:

"She told me that she was very anxious about her boy, and that she was afraid that some accident might have happened to him, because he was kept so much over time. She said she had learned that the boy had been put to bed, and that the father would not return from the Meadow Brook Club until after 9 o'clock. She asked me to go with her to get the boy, but I said that it was too delicate a matter for me to intervene. I asked her to come over to dinner before she went, but she said she was in too much of a hurry, and had called a taxi, and would go right after the boy and bring him back."

The trial will be resumed on Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

AIDS JAMAICA SUGAR TRADE.

Government to Enter Partnership with Producing Landowners.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Nov. 28.—The Secretary of State for the Colonies has agreed that the Jamaica Government shall enter into partnership with landowners for the production of sugar on a large scale. He says that although it is not possible to obtain sugar machinery during the war, he will make arrangements that machinery for Jamaica shall be put in hand immediately after the end of the war if he is informed how much the colony will need.

Meanwhile sugar cultivation is being extended by private companies.

Conserve Food—Everyone must help to win this war

B. Altman & Co.

Unsurpassed Value

will be offered to-morrow and Saturday in

500 Dozen Men's Negligee Shirts

at $1.10 each

These shirts are made of madras and mercerized materials in a wide range of patterns and colors, and include both soft and stiff cuff styles.

Men's Underwear

to be on sale at the same time, will consist of

Medium-weight Balbriggan Shirts, with long or short sleeves; and Ankle-length Drawers to match . . . . per garment 85c.

Gray Worsted Shirts, with long sleeves; and Ankle-length Drawers to match, per garment $1.25

Gray Ribbed Worsted Union Suits; long sleeves and ankle length, per suit $1.85

(Departments on First Floor)

Men's Balta House Slippers

are a particularly attractive feature at the present time in the Men's Shoe Department, suggesting a practical gift for every man who can enjoy a restful evening under his own rooftree.

Balta Slippers for men may be obtained at prices ranging from $4.00 to $15.00.

(Men's Shoes, Sixth Floor)

The Boys' Clothing Dep't

is well worth a visit by those contemplating the purchasing of separate articles of Boys' Clothing or complete Outfits.

Qualities, designs and prices are all that can be desired, and unusually good values are obtainable now in the items enumerated, which are the residue of several special lots.

For Boys 3 to 8 years of age:

Overcoats of fine kersey cloth in brown or green, with velvet or self collar; new belted model $11.50

Blue Serge Suits in smart navy model, with gilt buttons $8.50

Serviceable Corduroy Suits in gray or brown, with Eton collar of white rep . . $6.75

Hats of knitted material, in heather mixtures, at $1.65

For Boys 8 to 18 years of age:

Mackinaws in attractive, subdued plaids, at $8.75

Blue Serge Suits, excellent quality, well-tailored and dressy; with two pairs of knickerbockers $15.00

Scotch Sweaters of fine brushed yarn in heather mixtures; roll-collar style, $6.00

Pajamas of striped outing flannel, 1.00

Blanket Bath Robes in desirable patterns at $3.75

Military Uniforms are a special feature in the Boys' Clothing Department.

(Sixth Floor)

Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue, New York

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street—New York

Will Continue Friday

The Extraordinary Sale of

About 225 Women's

High Cost Exclusive Coats

Plain Tailored or Fur Trimmed

Each model is distinctive and exclusive, in high class materials and desirable colors, suitable for Afternoon, Street, Dress and General wear; richly silk lined throughout and warmly interlined.

Regular Values from 39.75 to 65.00

Sale Price **29.75**

Sale of 350 Women's and Misses'

Fur-Trimmed Velour Cloth Coats

At the Unusual Low Price of **18.50**

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street—New York

Will Place on Special Sale Friday

175 Misses'

Tailored and Fur-Trimmed Coats

Lined Throughout in Silk or Sol Satin

A number of smart and distinctive youthful models in tailored and fur-trimmed Coats in a variety of materials.

Offering Exceptional Values

25.00

Also to Close Out

65 Misses' Suits . . . . . *Reduced to* 20.00

35 Misses' Suits . . . . . *Reduced to* 25.00

55 Misses' Silk and Serge Dresses . . . . . *Reduced to* 15.00

45 Misses' Higher Cost Dresses . . . . . *Reduced to* 28.00

Important Sales Friday

Girls' Winter Coats

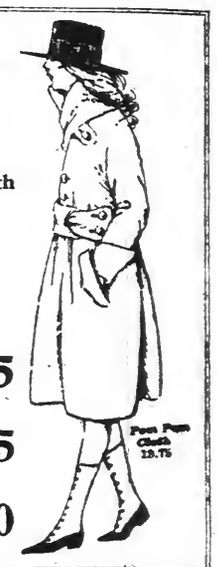
Girls' Burella Cloth Coats, smartly belted model with new style Convertible Collar; lined throughout. Sizes 4 to 10 years.

Special **11.75**

Girls' Shetland Velour Coats, attractive belted model, large convertible collar, lined throughout. 10 to 16 years. *Special* } 13.75

Girls' Nutria Trimmed Coats, of Velveteen, Pom Pom Cloth and Velour Cloth; full lined and interlined. 4 to 10 years. *Special* } 19.75

Girls' Dressy Coats, of Broadcloth and Velour Cloth, collar and trimmings of Nutria; full lined and interlined. 10 to 16 years. *Special* } 18.50



A Sale of Special Interest Friday

135 Girls' Velvet and Velour Hats

An assortment of Velvet and Velour Hats, trimmed with fur, flowers and ribbon. Also plain tailored models. *Special* } 3.50

VOTES TO DISMISS BROOKLYN TEACHER

Committee Says Miss Ross Gave "Advice Contrary to Spirit of the Draft."

SHE DENIES THE CHARGE

Resolution Adopted to Ban Teaching of Foreign Languages in the Elementary Schools.

The Elementary School Committee, of which Dr. Ira Wile is Chairman, will recommend to the Board of Education at its next meeting on Dec. 12 that Miss Fannie Ross, a teacher in Public School 88, Queens, living at 84 Pulaski Street, Brooklyn, be dismissed. Miss Ross was placed on trial before the committee on Tuesday, and yesterday she was found guilty of having given advice to people contrary to the spirit of the draft. It was charged that, while acting as a registrar in the State census, Miss Ross gave gratuitous advice outside the line of her duty to persons who asked for instruction in regard to the answering of questions.

The committee stood four to one for recommending the dismissal of Miss Ross. The committee's report was not made to the Board of Education yesterday, because, according to Dr. Wile, it was thought best to wait until some matters of policy had been cleared up by the hearing to be held on Monday before the High School Committee of the three De Witt Clinton High School teachers who have been suspended on charges.

The formal charge against Miss Ross was made by District Superintendent Edgar D. Shimer, on evidence furnished him by persons who swore as to the statements they heard Miss Ross make. Miss Ross denied the inferences drawn by those who heard her remarks. Miss Ross is the first teacher whose dismissal has been decided on by a school board committee. It is understood that the investigation into the loyalty of teachers in the elementary and high schools will continue, and that, as soon as any are found who have been guilty of disloyal or seditious utterances, they will be called up for trial.

Miss Ross entered the service of the Board of Education on Nov. 2, 1914, and had charge of a class of seven-year-old children. She was not charged with having made any disloyal statements in her class.

Teachers Charge Prejudice.

Herbert C. Smyth of 15 Wall Street, counsel to Thomas Mufson, A. Henry Schneer, and Samuel Schmalhausen, the three De Witt Clinton High School teachers, yesterday made an answer to the charges against his clients. He declares that they allege that John Whalen, Chairman of the High School Committee, has made certain statements "which show that he is prejudiced against the teachers and that he has prejudiced the case, and is, therefore, ineligible to participate in the trial." The answer was sent to Assistant Corporation Counsel Charles McIntyre, who is handling the case for the Board of Education.

Mr. Smyth said that before consenting to take the case he had taken great pains in several interviews to sift to the bottom any foundation for these charges.

"It was only because I became convinced that each one of them was a patriotic American, wrongly accused of dastardly insinuations, that I felt it my duty to attempt their defense and vindicate if possible their Americanism," he said.

Mr. Schmalhausen is accused of failing to criticise a letter written by one of his pupils attacking President Wilson in such a way that the pupil would be led to perceive the gross disloyalty involved. His attorney's reply is that his client was made aware of the letter two weeks after it had been written, and that he was handed the letter when Dr. John L. Tildsley, Associate Superintendent of Schools, interviewed him. He further says that Schmalhausen made marginal notes indicating in no uncertain terms his utter disapproval of the views of the writer.

Boys' Vigilance Committees.

In some of the public schools in Brooklyn patriotic American boys have banded together as Vigilance Committees to punish any lad of their schools who insults the flag or otherwise shows disloyalty. A day or two ago a teacher in one of the primary schools discovered that a written paper was being passed from hand to hand among the children of the class. He found that the document contained the following declaration:

"To all the boys of the class who are loyal to the flag—We, the undersigned, loyally promise to beat a boy known by the name of ..... for the heinous offense of insulting the American flag. He was heard to say that he would wipe his nose on the American flag. It is an offense unpardonable. Henceforth, every day, except he be sick, he will have to pledge his allegiance to the American flag. If he doesn't, he will be beaten by the smallest boy in the class until he does. Hereto signed and loyally signatured."

The signers of the proclamation were prohibited from committing the threatened breach of the peace, and, with that, the principal of the school, viewing it as a case of youthful zeal outstripping judgment, considered the incident closed.

A loyalty pledge signed by the twenty-four District Superintendents of Schools was read yesterday at the meeting of the Board of Education.

Would Drop Foreign Languages.

The Committee on Study and Text Books, of which Professor Franklin H. Giddings is Chairman, adopted a resolution asking the Board of Superintendents to make a report to the Board of Education on the proposition of eliminating from the elementary schools the study of all languages other than English. While German was not singled out for elimination specifically, nevertheless, affirmative action on the resolution would bear most strongly against that language, for 90 per cent. of the pupils studying foreign languages in the elementary schools are studying German. The other languages are Italian, French, and Spanish.

Professor Giddings, speaking only for himself, said it was foolish to have any other language than English taught in the elementary schools.

"New York has such a miscellaneous population that it seems to me that in the elementary schools we ought to concentrate on the language that is the language of the country," he said. "Teaching foreign languages in the lower grade schools does not really amount to anything and entails a big bill."

President William G. Willcox of the Board of Education said he has been in favor of removing the study of foreign language from the elementary schools for a number of years. To eliminate the study of German in the elementary schools would leave fifty-two teachers of that subject without employment. The Board of Education expends $65,000 annually for teaching German in the lower grade schools.

A pledge of loyalty to the Government was unanimously adopted yesterday at a meeting of ninety-seven teachers of Bushwick High School.

The Board of Education decided yesterday that the daily sessions of classes above the second year in the elementary schools shall not be less than five hours nor more than six hours. In the time allowed for physical training will be included twenty minutes each day, or 100 minutes each school week, for going to and returning from school.

Principals of public schools were authorized to receive membership fees of 25 cents each from pupils who wish to become members of the Junior Red Cross. President Willcox announced that on next Monday the Federal Government would begin a thrift campaign by the issue of $5 war saving certificates and 25-cent war saving stamps.

IN THE FRANKLIN SIMON BOYS' SHOPS

Boys' Overcoats, Norfolk Suits, Mackinaws

The Finest Variety a Boy Can Want!
The Finest Values His Mother Can Get!

THERE are two things you can always count on in the Boys' Shops—Variety and Values. Take these present winter stocks, for example. We have never shown a wider nor a handsomer range of Boys' fabrics in our lives. They are simply splendid. And they are equally attractive as values. Mothers themselves don't do any closer figuring than we have done in keeping these winter clothes for Boys at their present unusually low prices.

Boys' All-Wool Overcoats
$12.75

Sturdily tailored overcoats in belted and plain slip-on models, made of winter tweeds and cheviots, worsted lined for warmth. Attractive patterns. 8 to 18 yrs.

Boys' Norfolk Suits
With 2 Pairs Knickerbockers
$12.50

Four snappy models, showing the newest variations of the Norfolk idea. Beautifully tailored in colorful, all-wool cheviots and tweeds. 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Genuine Western All-Wool Mackinaws
$6.75 to $12.75

Norfolk styles, and a special skating model, with big pockets for skates. Both have convertible collar. In all the wanted colors. 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Shop—Fifth Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue—37th and 38th Street

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ON SALE FRIDAY AND SATURDAY *34th Street*

Purchases will appear on bills rendered January 1st.

Remarkable Reductions
MISSES' & GIRLS' WINTER APPAREL

Misses' Suits,—size 14 to 18 years; a large variety of the season's most approved models made of Burella Cloth, Wool Velour or Broadcloth; plain or fur-trimmed.
18.50 and 23.50 formerly 26.50 to 32.50

Misses' Coats,—size 14 to 18 years; numerous smart models made of Wool Velour, Pom Pom, Silvertone Cheviot, Burella or Broadcloth; plain or fur-trimmed.
12.75 and 22.50 formerly 18.50 to 32.50

Misses' Serge Dresses,—size 14 to 18 years; stylish models; made of Navy Blue Serge; plain, braid trimmed or embroidered effects.
12.75 and 18.50 formerly 18.50 to 26.50

Misses' Afternoon Dresses,—size 14 to 18 years; an exceptional assortment of fashionable models made of Satin or Taffeta is the season's most desirable colors.
12.75 and 24.50 formerly 18.50 to 32.50

Radically Reduced
JUNIORS' & GIRLS' APPAREL

Junior Suits,—size 13 to 19 years; smart model made of Burella, Cheviot and Wool Velour.
16.75 and 22.50 formerly 22.50 to 29.50

Juniors' Coats—size 12 to 17 years; made of Cheviot, Burella or Wool Velour; plain or fur-trimmed.
9.75 and 14.75 formerly 12.75 to 22.50

Girls' Coats,—size 6 to 10 years; made of Cheviot, Zibeline or Wool Velour; all lined and interlined; plain or fur-trimmed.
7.50 and 12.75 formerly 10.75 to 18.50

Girls' Dresses,—size 6 to 14 years; numerous models in Navy Blue Serge or Worsted Plaids.
4.95 and 6.95 formerly 6.95 and 9.75

SOLID GOLD JEWELRY

25% to 33⅓% Less Than Regular Prices

A special purchase of the surplus stock of one of the largest manufacturers of 10-kt. and 14-kt. Gold Jewelry, together with a number of pieces taken from regular stock and reduced for this event.

This is a timely opportunity to purchase useful and attractive Holiday Gifts

Gold Rings,—10 kt. and 14 kt..... **1.50 to 9.50** regularly 2.25 to 12.00
Gold Crosses and Lockets..... **1.95 to 7.25** regularly 2.75 to 9.50
Gold Pendants..... **2.25 to 7.95** regularly 2.95 to 10.50
Gold Bracelets..... **2.95 to 15.75** regularly 3.95 to 20.75
Gold La Vallieres..... **3.95 to 10.50** regularly 5.00 to 16.75
Gold Brooches,—10 kt. and 14 kt..... **3.95 to 12.50** regularly 5.00 to 16.50
Gold Bar Pins,—10 kt. and 14 kt..... **.95 to 22.50** regularly 13.50 to 33.75
Gold Cuff Pins,—10 kt. and 14 kt.; also enameled patterns. **75c to 4.75** regularly 1.00 to 7.25
Gold Cuff Links,—10 kt. and 14 kt..... **1.00 to 17.75** regularly 1.50 to 23.50
Gold Scarf Pins,—10 kt. and 14 kt..... **1.00 to 7.25** regularly 1.50 to 9.75
Scarf Pins,—made of Platinum..... **12.95 to 22.50** regularly 19.75 to 29.75
Studs,—made of Platinum..... **3.50 to 7.95** regularly 5.00 to 10.50
Gold Tie Clasps,—10 kt. and 14 kt..... **1.25 to 4.50** regularly 1.75 to 6.75

Remarkable Sale
WOMEN'S NOVELTY HAND BAGS

⅓ to ½ Less Than Regular Prices

An unusual clearance of Imported and Domestic Beaded or Novelty Hand Bags offering many patterns and individual pieces at great savings.

25 Hand Bags..... regularly 13.75 to 15.75 } **9.75**
15 Hand Bags..... regularly 16.50 to 18.75 } **12.75**
10 Hand Bags..... regularly 22.50 to 24.75 } **15.75**
10 Hand Bags..... regularly 34.50 to 45.00 } **24.75**
10 Hand Bags..... regularly 47.00 to 69.00 **34.75 to 44.75**

Holiday Gifts for Men

GLOVES

For All Occasions

Gray Suede Gloves.....pair **2.10**
Gray Suede Gloves.....pair **3.25**
Gray Mocha Gloves.....pair **3.50**
Tan Capeskin Gloves.....pair **2.25**
Tan Capeskin Gloves.....pair **2.50**
Natural Buckskin Gloves.....pair **3.00**
Washable Buckskin Gloves.....pair **3.50**
Tan Capeskin Gloves, washable, pair **2.00**
Washable Gray Capeskin Gloves pair **2.50**

Lined Gloves

Tan Capeskin Gloves, wool lined pair **2.75**
Tan Capeskin Gloves, stockinet wool lined.....pair **3.50**
Gray Mocha Gloves, wool lined. pair **2.75**
Gray Mocha Gloves, stockinet wool lined.....pair **3.00**
Dark Gray Mocha Gloves, rabbit lined.....pair **6.50**
Dark Gray Mocha Gloves, squirrel lined.....pair **7.00**

Automobile Gauntlets

Black Capeskin, wool lined.....pair **4.50**
Black Capeskin Gloves, heavy wool lined, pair **6.00**
Black Capeskin, lamb's wool lining, pr. **7.75**
Black Capeskin Mits, lamb's wool lining, pair **7.00**

Clearance Price
WOMEN'S DISTINCTIVE DRESSES

33.00
formerly 45.00 to 65.00

A special purchase of beautiful Afternoon and Evening Gowns together with Dresses taken from regular stock and reduced for this sale. Developed in Georgette Crepe, Chiffon Velvet, Satin, Serge and combination effects; beaded, braided, embroidered or fur-trimmed; the most desirable styles and colors.

NO C. O. D.'S — NO APPROVALS — NO RETURNS

Absolute Clearance
WOMEN'S SMART SUITS

16.50 22.50 29.50
formerly 29.50 to 49.50

Handsome Fur-trimmed Suits, also plain tailored models to be worn with separate Furs; all popular colors represented; only one or two of a kind. An excellent opportunity to select high class suits at decidedly low prices.

NO C. O. D.'S — NO APPROVALS — NO RETURNS

Considerably Below Regular Prices
500 WOMEN'S WINTER COATS

25.00
formerly 45.00 and 49.50

A special purchase together with popular models taken from regular stock and reduced for this sale. Fur-trimmed and Plain Tailored Winter Coats fashioned of splendid quality materials; only one or two of a kind; all sizes in the lot from 34 to 48, but not in every model.

NO C .O. D.'S. — NO APPROVALS. — NO RETURNS.

Unusual Offerings
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

For Men—

Pure Linen Handkerchiefs,—hemstitched. doz. **3.00, 4.50, 6.00, 9.00**
Linen Handkerchiefs with tape border. doz. **3.00, 4.85, 6.00, 9.00 to 18.00**
Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs,—all width hems. doz. **6.00, 7.50, 9.00, 12.00**
Linen Handkerchiefs with initial. Box of six, **1.75, 2.50, 3.00, 4.50**
Novelty Colored Border Handkerchiefs. each **50c**

For Women—

Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs..... doz. **3.10, 3.75 and 5.50**
Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs, with tape edge. doz. **1.50 3.50 to 6.00**
Linen Handkerchiefs with the popular 1-16 inch hems. doz. **3.50 to 6.00**
Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs. Box of six, **1.50 to 3.00**

Unprecedented Offerings
YOUTHS' OVERCOATS

18.50
regularly 22.50 and 25.00

A limited quantity of Youths' Warm Overcoats made of durable Fabrics in patterns of Gray, Blue, Brown or Green Mixtures; large roomy double-breasted Ulster models with convertible collar, yoke, inverted plait in back and belt all around; quarter satin-lined with satin sleeve linings; size 13 to 18 years.

150 BOYS' NORFOLK SUITS

(Two Pairs Knickerbocker Trousers)

10.50
regularly 12.75 and 15.00

Odd lots taken from regular stock and priced for immediate clearance; fashioned of excellent materials; neat light and dark patterns; coats alpaca lined; two pairs full-lined Knickerbocker trousers; size 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Mackinaws
10.50 regularly 12.75
A limited quantity of Mackinaws priced for quick disposal; shawl or convertible collar; attractive patterns; size 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Polo Caps
Special **1.65**
Warm Chinchilla Polo Caps,—pull down style; Blue, Brown and two shades of Gray.

BlanketBathRobes
Special **3.65**
Heavy Blanket Robes with cord all around; seams piped; Indian or block patterns; size 4 to 18 years.

Last Two Days—Stock Clearance
DOMESTIC RUGS

Actual Savings 20% to 25%

Extra Wilton Rugs
9x12 ft. **59.75** regularly 72.50

Fine Wool Wilton Rugs
8.3x10.6 ft. **39.75** regularly 49.50

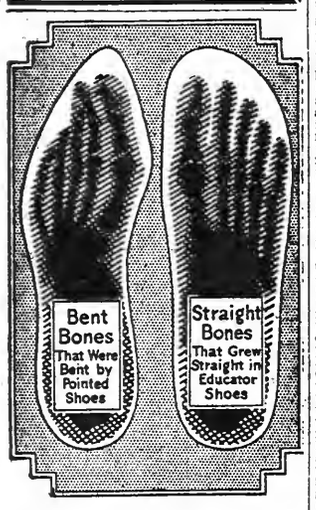
Seamless Axminster Rugs
9x12 ft. **32.50** regularly 44.50

Seamless Velvet Rugs
9x12 ft. **27.50** regularly 37.50

5%
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

Amount	Appraisal
$2,700	$4,500
3,000	5,000
4,000	7,000
7,500	11,500
14,000	21,000

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn



America Expects EveryMantoHave Healthy Feet

AND every woman and child, too. People with flat feet, corns, bunions, bent bones, can't do their work right on the battlefield or at home.

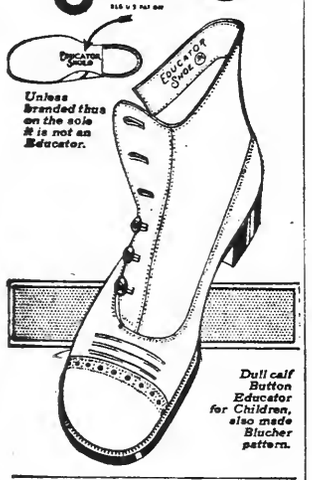
Do you know what causes these deforming foot-miseries? *Narrow, pointed, "fashionable" shoes.*

It is doubly wrong in this time of crisis to wear such shoes. Throw them away! Get into roomy, healthful Educators, the shoes designed to "let the feet grow as they should." See that everybody in the family wears them Educators are

Made for
MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN

MAKE sure you're getting Educators by looking for the EDUCATOR mark branded on the sole. It is not an Educator shoe unless stamped thus. There can be no protection stronger than this trademark, for it means that behind every part of the shoe stands a responsible manufacturer—Rice & Hutchins, Inc., 15 High Street, Boston, Mass.

RICE & HUTCHINS
EDUCATOR SHOE



POSTPONEMENT
of an
IMPORTANT BOOK SALE
AMERICAN ART GALLERIES
NEW YORK CITY
NOTICE
In compliance with the request of parties in interest, the public sale of
VALUABLE BOOKS
Including the library of the late
James Buchanan Brady
(Widely known as "Diamond Jim" Brady)
Advertised for December 3d and 4th
HAS BEEN POSTPONED
To December 6th and 7th
The exhibition beginning on Saturday of This Week, December 1st.
American Art Association, Managers
2, 4 and 6 East 23d St., Madison Sq. So.

AIR BOOKS
By Richard W. Muller, M. D.
Hair and its Preservation. 2nd edition. Illus.
Loss of Hair and the Quartz lamp treatment. Prof. Illus. (Author's Translation.) Wm. R. Jenkins, 853 6th Av., Pubs.
Hygiene of the Face and Cosmetic Guide, fully illus.
Baldness, its causes, its prevention and its treatment. 125 illustrations. Now in press. E. P. DUTTON, 681 5th Av., Pubs.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

SOCIALIST ALDERMEN ANNOUNCE PROGRAM

Declare Intention to Fight for Municipal Surface Lines, Lights, Ice, Milk, and Coal.

JOIN HANDS WITH TAMMANY

Program Calls for More Schools and Less Work and Fewer Hours for the Teachers.

The seven Socialist members of the new Board of Aldermen will go into office on Jan. 1 with a definite program and intention to work for socialistic measures which may be introduced in good faith by other members. The primary interest of the Socialist group, according to Algernon Lee, head of the Rand School of Social Science, who has been chosen Chairman of the delegation, is in the high cost of living and the school question. They will start a fight at once for municipalization of the trade in milk, and probably other articles of food, in coal, in drugs, and in ice. They will demand more school buildings and more teachers. They will favor municipal ownership of the surface car lines and of the electric lighting plants, if the scheme proposed for such a step should seem to be drawn with an eye to the interests of the city and not to afford undue profits to the private companies which would be bought out.

It is not the position of the Socialists that they must wait for the possibility of complete socialization of the City Government, or that they shall refuse to support measures of modified socialism if the Tammany majority attempts to carry out the pre-election promises of municipal ownership. "I knew that this program would cost money," said Mr. Lee. "Whether public utilities could be purchased and private distributing companies in the milk and ice trades, for instance, could be bought out without going beyond the city's constitutional debt limit is hard to say. It might be necessary to try to get State legislation authorizing certain extensions, and it might not. In any event there would have to be bond issues and increased taxes; but I believe the program would be worth it to the people on a purely financial basis because of the decrease in the cost of living that it would bring about. In any event, we do not promise municipal ownership, more schools, and lower taxes at the same time.

Will Decide Each Case Separately.

"It may be said that a delegation of seven members in a board of seventy-nine will not have much power. But we represent the Socialist vote, which was about one-fourth of the total cast in the city election. I think that fact will be borne in mind by the leaders of other parties in considering the Socialist measures proposed, as well as the fact which is generally accepted that Tammany put the municipal ownership plank into its platform because the leaders foresaw the drift to socialism.

"We are going to start in with our own proposals for the realization of our program. We recognize that it is very possible, if not probable, that the same things will be proposed by other parties. Our attitude toward these measures will depend on our judgment of the individual cases. Most certainly we are not going to refuse to support something that we regard as a proper step because it was proposed by somebody else, but we are going to scrutinize all other moves in the direction of municipal ownership, and shall make sure that they are workable schemes submitted in good faith. If they are put in by way of camouflage we feel pretty sure that the support of genuine measures of the same sort by a vigorous Socialist group will bring public opinion to demand genuine action.

"We want the city to take over the trade in food, coal, ice, medicines, and sickroom supplies. Many of these, such as the milk and coal distribution, are already pretty well centralized in private hands. We do not propose confiscation. We should probably favor buying up the existing private distributers at a fair valuation of the physical properties, and I don't think we should stand out against a certain additional sum by way of consolation to the men who are going out of business if this were found the most economical way to get the thing done. But this doesn't mean that we should favor a big price which would give unjust returns to the owners. In most of these businesses—milk especially—there is no great amount of fixed capital invested, and a fair physical valuation, with something additional, should not be a price that would bankrupt the city. If an economical price should not be agreed on the city should enter the field as a competitor, and because it would not be operating for profit it could quickly drive the private companies out of business.

Could Pay the Farmers More.

"The public would thus take on the function of middleman, and deal directly with the co-operative societies of farm producers in the milk business, which I take as an example. The possibility of doing away with the present enormous private profits would make it feasible to give the farmers more than they are getting now and reduce the cost to the consumer. And I feel pretty sure that if the cities go to the farmers with a proposal of this sort, while the farmers as individuals might be inclined to look at their own immediate maximum profit first of all, the organizations of farmers would act in a liberal human spirit, and would have intelligence enough to realize that it was better for their own interests not to play the hog.

"This view is not based on theory alone. I have had some opportunity to make observations among farmers of the State, and I feel pretty sure that this is the attitude they would take. This belief is further supported by the experience of dealings between co-operative organizations of farmers and municipal distributing agencies in the Scandinavian countries, especially in Denmark.

"In the coal business, of course, we should be dealing with large and wealthy corporations, but the possibility of elimination of the middleman's profit ought to make it possible to reach a satisfactory agreement even there.

"As to the municipalization of traction lines and lighting systems, we are in favor of the idea and shall support honest attempts to bring it about. But we are certainly going to be on the lookout for schemes which have for their chief purpose the enrichment of the present traction trust by giving it a chance to unload unprofitable lines at a big price.

"With regard to the school system, we feel that the present overcrowding of the school buildings and the school teachers must be relieved. The best element among the teachers is not asking for more money, though they need it, just as everybody else needs it. The most solid protest from the teaching body has been against the increased hours of work; the teachers claim that if their hours are prolonged it merely means that they cannot do as good work as they are doing now. There is no point in increasing the quantity of teaching per teacher and decreasing the quality.

"The best Socialist opinion, and this is particularly true in America, favors the policy of proceeding step by step and getting what you can when you can. This is our policy. We are going to propose these measures. If anybody else proposes them we shall make sure that there is no joker in the move, and if there is none we shall presumably give it our support. The Socialist Aldermen will follow the policy of Socialist Congressmen and Assemblymen in reporting from time to time to public meetings in their districts on the questions before them and their position on these questions."

WARNING AGAINST FORGER.

Used the Name of a Former Times Reporter to Victimize a Hotel.

The public is warned against a man falsely representing himself to be an employe of THE NEW YORK TIMES, who cashed a forged check last week for $50 at the Garden City Hotel. This man, who is described as being about six feet tall, of dark complexion, wearing heavy gold-rimmed glasses, presented a check on which he had forged the signature of Henry A. Uterhart, counsel for Mrs. Blanca De Saulles, who is on trial at Mineola, a short distance from Garden City. The forger signed himself "L. M. Brown," adopting the name of a former TIMES reporter, now an army officer attached to the headquarters of Major Gen. Bell.

PRECIOUS STONES
GOLD and PLATINUM
JEWELRY

REED & BARTON

ESTABLISHED 1824
JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS
FIFTH AVENUE AT 32nd STREET

This Thanksgiving

means to us what the first meant—consecration of everything to an ideal—an unswerving, unfaltering, loyal consecration—

So that future generations may give thanks as we do now!

Store Closed To-day
ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
BloomingdaleS
59th to 60th St.—3rd to Lex. Ave.

CRITTALL
STEEL CASEMENTS AND WINDOWS
DETROIT

"Fifth Avenue's Popular Priced Fashion Shop"

Lee-Morris Co

at 36th St. 394 Fifth Ave. at 36th St.

Announce for Friday and Saturday

Season's First Clearance

affecting a great number of fashionable

Coats — Dresses — Suits

for Women and Misses

Unexampled economy opportunity

500 Rich Coats

The most stunning models of the season. Wool velour, pom pom, duvet de laine. Some with fur collars and others with deep collar, cuffs and border of fur. All lined and warmly interlined throughout.

17.50 29.75 35.00 50.00

Formerly Priced to 79.50

276 Fine Suits

All the fashionable modes of the season. Velour, duvet de laine and velvet. Some beautifully trimmed with fur, others in superb tailored models. All newest colors and lined with silk.

18.50 24.50 32.50 47.50

Formerly Priced to 87.50

436 Dresses and Gowns

For street, afternoon, theatre, or evening wear. Satin, jersey, serge, broadcloth and velvet. Shown in all the fashionable new colors. Also a number of evening and dancing frocks.

12.75 19.75 25.00 35.00

Formerly Priced to 57.50

Lee-Morris Co., 394 Fifth Avenue

Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Charge Purchases Made Tomorrow Will Appear on Bills Rendered January 1st, 1918

The Annual Sale of "Onyx" Hosiery

Begins Tomorrow, Friday

The Great Silk Hosiery Event of the Year

The Gift of Silk Hosiery is always in good taste, always highly appreciated, and when you give "Onyx" Silk you have the satisfaction of knowing that you are giving the Best.

The Quality, Style and Beauty expressed in the various items described below have never been surpassed—and the prices are surprisingly low considering the increased cost of merchandise.

Women's Silk Hosiery

ITEM 1—Women's Plain Silk Hose with lisle tops and soles, exceedingly good value, in Black, White, Bronze, Greys, Browns, and other desirable shades..... $1.10 Per pair.

ITEM 2—Women's Thread Silk Hose in medium and gauze weight. Some with "Pointex" Heel in Black, Whites, Greys, Browns, Pinks, Navy and other leading colors. Also clocked silk hose in Black with White or White with Black, self and colored clocks. Outsizes in plain Black or White with lisle soles and tops..... $1.45 Per pair.

ITEM 3—Women's Hand-embroidered All Silk plain and novelty clocked Hose in self and contrasting colors..... $2.00 Per pair.

ITEM 4—Women's Paris Open Work Clocked Silk Hose; very modish; with "Pointex" Heel. Black and White with lisle tops..... $1.75 Per pair.

ITEM 4—Paris Clock Black, White and colors, all silk..... $2.25 Per pair.

ITEM 5—A most excellent range of Women's Hand-embroidered Silk Hose, original, floral and conventional designs, Black and White grounds in self and contrasting colors..... $1.95 Per pair.

ITEM 6—Women's Hand-embroidered Silk Hose in the opera shades.. $2.45 Per pair.

ITEM 7—Women's English Shot Ribbed Silk Hose with plain tops, very smart, new colorings..... $2.65 Per pair.

ITEM 8—Special collection of Women's Hand-embroidered Silk Hose in Black and White..... $2.95 Per pair.

ITEM 9—Women's All Silk Hose with Paris lace insertions (oval designs) in Black or White..... $3.65 Per pair.

Men's Silk Half Hose

ITEM 10—Men's Pure Silk Full-fashioned Half Hose with lisle tops and soles in Black, White, Navy, Greys, Suede, Mahogany and other colors..... 60c Per pair.

ITEM 11—Men's Pure Silk Half Hose, Plain and Clocked, in Black, White and colors..... $1.00 Per pair.

ITEM 12—Our usual special in Men's Silk Half Hose, Clocked, and Men's English Shot Ribbed Silk Half Hose in all leading colors..... $1.65 Per pair.

ITEM 13—A very special assortment of Men's English Shot Ribbed Socks in vertical effects; very stylish for low shoes and evening wear..... $2.55 Per pair.

Ground Floor.

"OVER THE TOP" IN PICTURES

MODERN CRUSADERS ADVANCE IN HOLY LAND

DANGER TO FRANCE IN ITALIAN RETREAT

Double Page Picture Map Illustrating the New Strategic Situation

TRENCH LIFE IN OUR TRAINING CAMPS

BYNG'S GREAT VICTORY

AMERICAN ENGINEERS AND FORESTERS IN FRANCE

FRENCH TANKS IN ACTION
OUR BATTLE-FLEET AT SEA
WARSAW'S HISTORIC CHURCHES
MAKING AND USING BIG GUNS

THESE AND OTHER FEATURES IN THE NOVEMBER 29 ISSUE OF

THE NEW YORK TIMES

Mid-Week Pictorial

10 CENTS A COPY—$5.00 A YEAR—AT ALL NEWSSTANDS

CALL FOR INQUIRY INTO MITCHEL FUND

Legislature May Be Asked to Learn How $1,274,689 Was Spent on Campaign.

UNTERMYER OFFERS REMEDY

Wants Contributions Made Public Before Election and Limit Put on All Gifts.

A legislative investigation of the campaign expenditures incurred by the Fusion Committee in its abortive attempt to re-elect Mayor Mitchel is a distinct probability. This became known after Samuel Untermyer had made public a statement in which he described as "scandalous" the situation revealed by the financial statements of the various organizations behind Mayor Mitchel's candidacy and urged legislation to make such vast expenditures in future Mayoralty campaigns impossible.

The plea for a legislative investigation was first voiced at Albany on Tuesday by Senator George F. Thompson of Niagara, who was head of the legislative committee which investigated the Public Service Commissions. In the course of the investigation he had Mayor Mitchel as a witness and questioned him at length regarding the wire tapping episode, the dual subway contracts and other activities of his administration. Senator Thompson said he believed the statement filed with the Secretary of State by the Mitchel Fusion Committee did not cover all the expenditures made for the Mitchel campaign. This was before the City Publicity Committee had filed its statement acknowledging expenditures aggregating $415,165.

The demand for a legislative investigation was echoed in this city yesterday afternoon by a prominent Democrat who occupies a position of influence in the Senate. He declared that if the subject was brought up before the Legislature by some Republican, the Democrats would throw their united influence behind the proposition. Moreover, he expressed the opinion that if the Legislature should undertake to enact legislation along the lines suggested in the Untermyer statement, an investigation such as Senator Thompson suggested would be a necessary preliminary step to enable the lawmakers to ascertain the precise character and extent of the abuses against which a statutory check should be provided. The legislation suggested by Mr. Untermyer in his statement followed these lines:

1. That no loan be made or contribution be accepted within five days of an election, and that all loans and contributions be disclosed in detail before that time.
2. That no individual be permitted, directly or indirectly, to loan, expend, or contribute more than a given sum.
3. That every individual contributor of more than $500 be required to make a separate report under oath.
4. That it be made a crime for any person to contribute otherwise than directly and in his own name.

Mr. Untermyer in his statement pronounced the provisions in the present election law governing campaign contributions "puerile" and "mere makeshifts."

"The scandalous situation revealed by the returns of campaign expenses in the late municipal campaign calls for immediate attention at the hands of the Legislature," said Mr. Untermyer. "The expenditure of the stupendous sum of $1,300,000 by one political faction in the city election is disgraceful, and indefensible. It is a scandal of the first order which, in normal times, would focus public attention. No such sum could possibly have been used with honest intent. It is about ten times as much as was expended by its successful adversary, receiving double the number of votes, and about 140 times as much as was spent by the Socialist Party, which received about the same number of votes. Incidentally, the result is a great tribute to the intelligence and incorruptibility of our electorate.

"All three candidates covered the same field and there was no honest reason for such a glaring disparity in expenditures. Most national campaigns have cost each of the great parties less to cover the entire country, including the expenses of the enormous country-wide advertising, traveling expenses, for speakers scattered over the land and the other innumerable and inevitable burdens of such a campaign.

"Imagine the outcry that would have gone up from the press of this city if the Democratic organization had dared perpetrate such an outrage. Yet I have not come across a line of editorial criticism. If there is anything to be said by the way of defense, it will make interesting reading. Everything that Judge Hylan charged as to the malign forces behind the Fusion campaign has been more than justified by this partial, tardy, and amazing disclosure. If the facts had been made known before the election, as they should have been and would have been under the Federal law, the Fusion candidate might have himself comfortably counted his votes before the evening of the election was over.

"In that connection, it may be recalled that I directed special attention to this situation during the campaign, and suggested that the Democratic organization would disclose its contributions one week before election, provided the Fusion managers would do the same, but the challenge was consistently ignored."

The expenditures so far reported from Albany since the statements of campaign contributions and expenditures have been on file in the office of the Secretary of State, include the following disbursements by organizations enlisted in the Mitchel campaign:

Fusion Committee	$373,995
City Publicity Committee	415,165
Public Welfare Committee	57,500
City Democracy, Manhattan	75,750
City Democracy, Brooklyn	60,540
Mitchel League	13,424
Woman's Committee of One Hundred for Non-Partisan Government	13,251
Total	$1,209,625

In addition to this the Prendergast Committee, enlisted for the re-election of Controller William A. Prendergast, filed a statement of campaign expenditures aggregating $38,895, and a similar committee working for the election of Robert Adamson as President of the Board of Aldermen acknowledged expenditures of $29,090, bringing the total of Fusion expenditures, according to these statements, up to a grand total of $1,274,689 for the unsuccessful campaign made on behalf of the city candidates on the Fusion ticket, barring any duplication that may be involved through the disbursements by some of the lesser committees of funds received from the coffers of the Fusion Committee itself.

Mayor-elect John F. Hylan was asked last night if he had any comment to make on the expenditures of those engaged in the attempt to re-elect his unsuccessful opponent on the Fusion ticket. "No," said Judge Hylan, "I do not care to make any statement. Let the dead rest."

Members of the Fusion Campaign Committee of 1917 refused yesterday to comment upon the statement of Samuel Untermyer regarding campaign expenses. William Hamlin Childs, who was Chairman of the Executive Committee, said:

"I have nothing to say regarding Mr. Untermyer's statement. Our own statement setting forth the campaign expenditures in detail speaks for itself."

Mayor Mitchel was not at the City Hall yesterday.

W. A. SAXE KILLED BY AUTO.

Prominent Baltimore Youth Held for New Yorker's Death.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 28.—William A. Saxe of New York, Secretary and Treasurer of the Standard Concrete Steel Company, was instantly killed here today when struck by an automobile driven by A. Morris Carey, Jr., 17 years old, member of a prominent Baltimore family. The automobile is said to have skidded in the snow and struck Mr. Saxe, who was waiting to board a street car.

It was stated that a license to drive a car had recently been refused to Carey on the ground that he had no knowledge of operating one. He has been held for a Coroner's jury.

A TONE of crystal clearness and rare fullness and beauty is possessed by the

THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY
Sonora
CLEAR AS A BELL

THE HIGHEST CLASS TALKING MACHINE IN THE WORLD

Sonora Phonograph Sales Company, Inc.
GEORGE E. BRIGHTON, President
Fifth Ave. at 53rd Street 50 Broadway (Standard Arcade)
279 Broadway at Reade St. Brooklyn: 1285 Fulton St.
N-16

21-23 West 38th St. 21-23 West 38th St.

Lane Bryant

America's Largest Maker and Retailer of Smart Clothes for Women of all Sizes—34 to 56 Bust

Will Close Out Friday and Saturday

Dresses (were up to 44.75) Now **29.75**

Satin, Crepe de Chine, Crepe Meteor, Taffeta, Velveteen and Serge. Bustle, new drapings and plaited effects.

Manufacturing on the premises makes Lane Bryant regular prices always lower than elsewhere.

Coats (were 54.75) now **37.50**

Pom-Pom and Beucle Cloth, Velour, Oxford and Broadcloth.

Suits (were 39.75) now **24.75**

Vigereaux, Broadcloth and Burella. Some fur trimmed.

Every woman can appear charming and attractive by skillfully selecting clothes which will conceal her defects and make the most of her good points. Lane Bryant clothes are all designed and constructed on scientific principles. Therefore, every woman, no matter what her size or figure, can be fitted becomingly in Lane Bryant style-perfect clothes, ready-to-wear. Practically without alteration.

Stern Brothers

West 42nd Street *Between 5th and 6th Avenues* West 43rd Street

The Great Reduction Sale of

WOMEN'S OUTER APPAREL

Will be continued To-morrow and Saturday

Additional groups of garments have been taken from our regular stock, so that assortments for selection are as good as on the first days of the sale.

Women's Smart Tailored Suits

Formerly up to $79.50

at $16.50, 21.50 and 35.00

Street, Afternoon and Dance Dresses

Formerly up to $49.50

at $15.00 and 25.00

Also the remainder of our highest priced garments at proportionate reductions.

HEARN

Fourteenth Street West of Fifth Avenue

COAT CUTS

A Two-Day Sale Event (Friday, Saturday)

Making Record Prices

Having a variety from which to select, even at following sale prices, makes these bargains unexpectedly unusual. Compare special prices with those offered elsewhere.

WOMEN'S COATS

Our reg. $29.74 and $33.74 ..... Special 19.50

Kersey Velour Cloths—Burellas—Cheviots—Plush

Colors—green, taupe, burgundy, brown, navy and black. With or without fur trimming—self collars—natural raccoon collar—black opossum and kit coney collars—kerami collars—a great variety of charming style features including discreet fullnesses—smart pleated or gathered backs—style making belts and various pockets. Styles for medium or stout figures.

Sizes for Misses Also.

Our reg. $19.74 and $23.74 ..... Special 14.50

Kerseys—Burellas—Velours—Cheviots

Smartly designed coats with large or roll collars of plush—also self collars—majority half lined—others lined throughout—with or without pockets—green, brown, navy, burgundy and black.

Sizes for Misses Also.

Coats that sell at $31.74 ..... Special 24.50

Salt's Plush Coats—of good lines—smart models with detachable belts—plain or with large black opossum collars—unusually well made—these coats cannot be duplicated anywhere at this price—at 31.74 they sell as quickly as we can supply them—at our "Sale" price 24.50 they are exceptional bargains.

GIRLS' COATS

(Sizes 8 to 14 years.)

Group I—Especially interesting 12.94

Our regular $19.94 to $22.94.

For Girls—In zibeline, broadcloths and wool velours. Colors navy, brown, green and beetroot. Plush and velvet trimming.

Winter Coats—Navy, brown and green. Approved materials of all wool zibeline and basket cheviots. Showing large convertible collars and deep pockets—velvet and beaver plush trimmed—unusual values $14.94 to $17.94 ..... **9.94**

BABIES' COATS

(Sizes to 6 years.)

Warm Coats of Zibeline plush or cloth—cunningly belted models in brown, green and some navy—our reg. $5.97 ..... **3.95**

Cloth and Velour Coats — Almost every color in group, although not in each material. Appropriate touches of velvet for trimming—our reg. $8.97 to $10.50 ..... **7.50**

Broadcloth, Velvet and Corduroy Coats, in brown, green, rose and Copen—most adorable models for the little tots—sizes to 6 years—our reg. $11.97 to $13.97 ..... **8.85**

Similar reductions on finer coats—our reg. $42.50 ..... **29.75**

These Prices for Friday and Saturday Only

A Two-Day Sale Event

Smartly Convincing These Hats And Their Ways

Hats of Fur—and all sorts of unusual ones, too, that are clearly determined to be obviously different. Perhaps it's a tricorne of seal or one of the delightful Russian styles of mole—no matter—the close fitting styles as well as those with brims are altogether fetching. The simplest of trimming touches — just a metal ornament or bit of chenille and metal embroidery, and that is all. Besides those of all fur are some of velvet and Kolinsky—others of metal lace, velvet and fur cleverly combined—but each every bit smart:

Our reg. $15.00.

Special 10.00

Hats of Satin—the between seasons mode—are becoming affairs, often showing interesting kerami and metal lace trimming. There are sailor, chin-chin and colonial models, as well as other upturned and down-turned brim effects—

Our reg. $2.95.

Special 2.25

A Two-Day Sale Event

These Special Apparel Prices Of Just-Now Importance

A Chic Frock in Serge—

A pleasingly appropriate model for misses, having a full gathered skirt and individually tucked basque—comes in navy, green, brown and black—self or contrasting pipings outline the cuffs and triple satchel pockets—a narrow sash that ties in front marks the semi-Empire waistline—neatly lined with Jap silk—same model formerly sold at $24.50 ..... **Special 11.75**

Several other models, in sizes for women, show box-pleated tunics and side-draped effects, as well as the smart straight lines of coat models. These, of navy or black serge, are variously trimmed with tailor-braid, buttons, or braid embroidery—high or low neck styles, but most with interesting collars of white satin—values $17.75 to $21.50.

Special 14.75

"Red Ticket" Suit Reductions—

Suits of broadcloth, velour, tricotine, burella, serge, velour gabardine and velveteen—and trimmed with nutria, seal, skunk, water mink and skunk opossum. A group of interestingly trig suits, differing individually in all sorts of pleasing ways—

Our reg. $19.75 to $21.50	14.85
Our reg. $24.50 to $27.75	16.85
Our reg. $29.75	19.85
Our reg. $31.50 to $34.75	24.85
Our reg. $42.75 to $44.75	29.85
Our reg. $47.50 to $57.50	38.50

A Two-Day Sale Event

MUFF SALE

Friday and Saturday

	Sale Price.
Black or Kit Coney—our reg. $6.97	4.95
Dyed Skunk—our reg. $18.97	12.50
Nutria—our reg. $15.97	12.50
Hudson Seal—our reg. $19.97	12.95
Raccoon—our reg. $23.97	15.00
Black Fox—our reg. $24.97	16.50
Beaver—our reg. $31.97	22.50
Taupe Wolf—our reg. $34.97	27.50
Skunk—our reg. $39.97	27.95
Taupe Fox—our reg. $39.97	29 50

A Two-Day Sale Event

Lounging Robes So Warmly Pretty

Corduroy Robes in gray, pink, peach and lavender. The becoming shawl collar is modestly trimmed with braid—our reg. $4.94—Special **2.95**

Blanket Robes—Floral and Indian designs in light or dark colorings **2.97**

Blanket Robes—In two-tone color effects, gray and pink or blue (both light and dark), red and blue and other combinations. Satin trimmed colors, cuffs and pockets **4.74**

HEARN

Fourteenth Street West of Fifth Avenue

CLOSED TODAY, THANKSGIVING

Following on Sale Friday, 9 A. M.

FRIDAY, AS USUAL, BARGAIN DAY

MANY EXTRAORDINARY VALUES FOR TOMORROW

No Mail or Telephone Orders for the Following:—

SPELLING BOARDS—two different styles—one with combination slate—our reg. .46 .. .35

STEERING CARS—with upholstered seat for three-year-olds to ride—our reg. $1.55 ..... 1.10

STUFFED ANIMALS—in wheel platforms ..... .58

PORCELAIN DISHES—lacquer tray, with set of seven decorated pieces ..... .33

CHARACTER DOLLS—fully dressed in variety of styles .... .58

NEST OF PICTURE BLOCKS—all wood ..... .23

MENAGERIE PIANOS 1.00

ANIMAL TARGET GAMES ..... .46

IRONS WITH STAND 9

ROLLY DOLLS—several styles 9

WOMEN'S AND MISSES' TWILL SERGE DRESSES—loose or normal waist line models—satin or poplin collars—button trimmed—pockets—navy, black and brown—sizes 14 to 44—our reg. $6.49 ..... 4.92

SATIN AND GEORGETTE BLOUSES—an interesting group of tailored and dress models in all suit shades—our reg. $4.94 and $5.94. 3.68

EXTRA SIZE VOILE BLOUSES—tucked, with lace and embroideryy inserts—sizes 46 to 52—our reg. $1.67 ..... 1.21

FLANNELETTE KIMONOS—straight or gathered models—pretty floral designs, having shawl or cape collars—scalloped or satin trimmed—our reg. $1.84 .. 1.50

FLANNELETTE KIMONOS—pretty floral designs—gathered back with belted sides—satin trimmed—our reg. .94 ..... .76

WOMEN'S CORSETS—coutil and fancy materials—medium and low bust, including lace fronts—all sizes from 19 to 30, but not in each style—our reg. $3.00 ..... 1.84

WOMEN'S LINEN BRASSIERES—heavy Cluny lace yoke and trimmed bottom—hemstitched hooked front—34 to 48—our reg. $2.50 .. 1.74

MANUFACTURERS' SAMPLES IN WOMEN'S MATERNITY CORSETS—twilled material—low bust and side lacing—23 to 27—our reg. $1.00 ..... .74

BOYS' OVERCOATS—Russian, trench and button to neck styles—mixed cheviots and novelty overcoatings—majority with fancy linings—various style backs—tan, gray and fancies—reg. $7.94 ..... 6.50

MACKINAWS—attractive combination plaids in green, gray, brown, cardinal and blue—roll and convertible collars—storm and change cuff pocket in sleeves—plain or pinched back—8 to 17 yrs.—our reg. $5.94 ..... 5.00

BOYS' CORDUROY SUITS—Semi-Norfolk models—many with extra trousers—pleated or pinch back styles—in various shades, of brown and tan—sizes 6 to 17 yrs. 5.94

LITTLE BOYS' SUITS—Junior Norfolk, Dutch, Russian and military styles—green, brown, blue serges and corduroys—also checked worsteds and fancy cheviots—some with detachable pique collars and cuffs—3 to 9 yrs. 3.96

BOYS' TROUSERS—fancy cheviots in grays and browns—also gray worsteds and corduroys—4 to 18 yrs.—our reg. $1.25 .... .94

BOYS' BLOUSES—light and medium striped percales—with attached or separate collars—8 to 15 yrs.—our reg. .74 ..... .66

BOYS' BLOUSES—all white or striped percales, newest styles and colors—attached collars—8 to 15 yrs.—our reg. .37 ..... .26

BOYS' HATS—gray, brown and fancy mixtures—also black plush—special ..... .44

SPECIALS IN BOYS' SWEATERS—approved styles and colors—
value $1.48 ..... Special .77
value $2.25 ..... Special 1.14
value $2.96 ..... Special 1.57
value $3.25 ..... Special 1.74

CHILDREN'S PAJAMAS—heavy nap flannelette—in new stripes—two-piece styles—frog trimmed—collarless or with collars—6 to 16 yr.—our reg. .94 to $1.09 ..... .88

SEAMLESS WOOL VELVET RUGS—close weave—well made rugs—majority on rose or blue grounds—
9 x12 ft.—val. $32.00 ..... 27.50
8.3x10 ft.—val. $29.98 ..... 25.50
7.6x 9 ft.—val. $24.98 ..... 19.94
6 x 9 ft.—val. $19.98 ..... 14.97

HIGH PILE AXMINSTERS—
9 x12 ft.—elsewhere $39.00 ..... 34.94
8.3x10.6 ft.—elsewhere $37.00 ..... 31.94
6.9x 9 ft.—elsewhere $26.00 ..... 21.94
36x72 in.—elsewhere $6.50 ..... 5.74
27x60 in.—special 3.57
These rugs are much in demand. Chinese and allover designs on rose, cream and blue grounds.

WORSTED WILTON RUGS—Royal Wilton grade—light and dark grounds—9x12—val. $50.00 39.50

SMALL SIZE RUGS—useful everywhere—Axminsters in copies of Oriental and Persian designs—
18 x36 inch 1.47
22.2x36 inch 1.97
27 x60 inch 3.28
36 x70 inch 4.97

ROYAL WILTON RUGS—
27x54—val. $5.97 ..... 4.47
36x63—val. $9.97 ..... 7.47

SATIN LINING—36 inch—self tone stripes in a good assortment of colors—our reg. $1.10 .. .78

SILK PETTICOAT FLOUNCES—plain colors or changeable effects—drawstring—easily adjusted—(Each in Pretty Holiday Box)—our reg. $1.67 .. 1.35

MERCERIZED SATEENS—good assortment light and dark colors—for bed sets and fancy work—special ..... .28

MUNYON SOAP—our reg. .10 cake .. 7

IVORY TINT MANICURE SET—five pieces box—our reg. .96—Special ..... .78

"PYRALER IVORY" MILITARY BRUSHES—our reg. $4.25 ..... 3.74

READY MADE TAPESTRY SOFA CUSHION—our reg. .94 .. .74

KNITTING BAGS—variety of styles and sizes—our reg. .97 .... .74

MEN'S H'DK'FS—linen—special ... .15

WOMEN'S H'DK'FS—linen—spec. .10

MEN'S SILK INITIAL H'DK'FS. .86

MEN'S PLAIN LINEN H'DK'FS. .24
Extra size ..... .47

MEN'S INITIAL LINEN H'DK'FS .47

WOMEN'S PLAIN LINEN ..... .18
Extra size ..... .24

WOMEN'S EMB'D AND LACE TRIM'D—linen centres ..... .77

CHILDREN'S H'DK'FS—3 in box ..... .24

MEN'S SOLID GOLD CUFF LINKS—plain, for monogram, or fancy patterns—value $2.96 and $3.49 .. 2.37

CAMEO BROOCHES—solid gold mountings—finely picked cameos—pink shells—safety catches—medium size—value $5.97 ..... 4.50

GOLD FILLED BRACELET WATCHES—convertible style—flat models—gold or silver dials—value $6.00 ..... 4.95

SOLID GOLD PENDANTS—WITH CHAINS—various forms and designs—prettily jewelled—value $2.47 ..... 1.65

LEATHER, SILK AND VELVET HAND BAGS—newest styles and shapes, including envelope styles—our reg. .92 ..... .77

COWHIDE SUIT CASES AND TRAVEL BAGS—straps around suit case, with shirt and fold—Travel Bags are 18 inches—leather lined, reinforced, sewed-on corners—special 5.65

NECKWEAR—collars, collar and cuff sets—Swiss emb'd laces, etc.—our reg. .23 and .28 ..... .18

MEN' SILK PLATED SOCKS—black, white and colors—lisle heel and toe—our reg. .28 ... .21

BOYS' GAUNTLET GLOVES—Mackinaw style—excellent for school wear—our reg. .58 ..... .47

WOMEN'S CASHMERE GLOVES—fleece lined—our reg. .58 .... .46

RED TICKET LOTS LACE FLOUNCINGS—shadow and Oriental—our reg. .89 and $1.47 .67
Our reg $1.98 ..... .97

GEORGETTE CREPE—street and evening shades, including black and white—our reg. $1.54 ..... 1.17

SILK DRESS NETS—72 inch—light and dark shades, including black and white 1.44

WIDE RIBBONS—moires, satins, taffetas and dresdens—newest colors, including black—special .. .25

ODD LENGTH RIBBON—plain and fancy—our reg. .23 to .35 ..yd. .20

TABLESPOONS—FORKS—KNIVES—Bouillon Spoons—and many other useful pieces—value .25 and .35 ..... each .18

SILVER PLATED TEASPOONS—W. R. Rogers's grade—bright and gray finish ..... half doz. .68

TABLE KNIVES AND FORKS—fine American steel—bone and ebony handles—set of 6 each—our reg. $2.47 ..... 1.84

35 INCH SATINS—dark and medium color combinations—value $1.50 ..... 1.05

35 INCH TAFFETAS—chiffon finish—street and evening shades—also changeables—value $1.45 .... 1.27

40 INCH CHARMEUSE—fine, close face—desirable dark and medium shades—value $1.74 ..... 1.35

40 INCH CREPE DE CHINE—good assortment of light and dark colors, including black—value $1.45 ..... 1.25

36 INCH ALL WOOL STORM SERGES—brown, garnet, navy and black—less than mfr's cost—our reg. .87 ..... .67

48 AND 50 INCH ALL WOOL BROADCLOTHS—sponged and shrunk—navy and black .. Special 1.84

40 INCH ALL WOOL PLAIDS AND STRIPES—fine twill serge—light and dark patterns—reg. $1.38 ..... 1.20

42 AND 44 INCH ALL WOOL FINE TWILL SERGES and Novelty Stripe Storm Serges—Copenhagen, rose, garnet, navy and black—reg. $1.48 ..... 1.10

54 INCH ALL WOOL NOVELTY PLAIDS AND STRIPES—cheviot and storm weave—sport or street wear—reg. $2.84 ..... 2.00

SHIRTING MADRAS, DOTTED SWISSES, CHECKED, STRIPED DIMITIES—value .20 ..... .15

36 INCH VOILES AND SWISSES—checks, stripes and dots—also Persian lawn dimity, organdy and 45 in. voiles—value .38 ..... .28

MADRAS SHIRTINGS—piques, poplins and gabardines—our reg. .48 ..... .33

Desirable lengths white goods for Blouses, Men's and Boys' Shirts, Children's Dresses, etc.—put up in pretty gift boxes.

BOXED H. S. SETS—mercerized cotton damask—cloth 68 in. long—1 dozen 18 inch napkins—our reg. $3.95 ..... 2.64

Table Damask Remnants, Cotton and Linen, At Greatly Reduced Prices

BLEACHED COTTON HUCK TOWELS—large size—white damask borders—our reg. .24 ..... .18

BLEACHED TURKISH TOWELS—white or colored borders—fringed—our reg. .16 ..... 12½

TEA CLOTHS, SCARFS AND SQUARES—lace trimmed—our reg. .97 ..... .72

RENAISSANCE TEA CLOTHS—some embroidered centres—our reg. $3.95 ..... 2.67

DISH, ROLLER OR GLASS TOWELING—good borders—our reg. .17 ..... .13

UNION LINEN H. S. PILLOW CASE—gift box—pair 1.34

CORN FLOOR BROOMS—reg. .95 .. .84

SELF-WRINGING MOPS—reg. .50 .38

FLANNEL BACK TABLE OIL CLOTH—1¼ yds. wide—all first quality goods and excellent designs—value .75 yd. ..... .38
None sent C. O. D.

OLD HOME MADRAS STATIONERY—50 sheets and 50 envelopes—value .29 ..... .17

Orchestra Music Every Day—Main Floor.
FULL CONCERT ORCHESTRA
String Orchestra in Restaurant—Third Floor.

Every Little Housewife Can find her Outfit in our Christmas Toy Shop

Housewifely inclinations are fostered by the possession of proper utensils for the purpose.

Stoves, washboards, tubs, carpet sweepers, dolls' houses, dishes of every kind, ice cream freezers and a completely cooked dinner of papier mache to make the scene most realistic.

There are styles of these toys for the first little housewife, or there are electric stoves which really cook, for the little girl of ten years or more.

Bring her down and let her express her preferences to you; it will be as pleasant and exciting a task to her as for the bride furnishing her first kitchen!

Best & Co.

Fifth Ave. at Thirty-fifth St.

You Never Pay More at Best's

Safe Milk

for

Infants and Invalids

HORLICK'S

THE ORIGINAL

MALTED MILK

Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking.

Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

HYLAN GETS DELAY IN BUS HEARING

Board of Estimate Puts Matter Off Until Its Regular Meeting.

CONNOLLY OF QUEENS AIDS

Refuses Unanimous Consent and Fifth Avenue Company's Franchise Bid Is Held Up.

Mayor-elect John F. Hylan, through a representative, took a hand yesterday in the proceedings before the Board of Estimate regarding the question of setting a date for a public hearing on the application of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company's bid for a franchise for additional motor bus routes. Mr. Hylan's representative was Cornelius M. Sheehan of Brooklyn, who said he appeared on behalf of the Mayor-elect. Frank Moss also appeared, but on his own account, so far as anyone else knew.

The meeting was one adjourned from last week, and was called to consider authorizing advertising, setting Dec. 28 for a public hearing on the Fifth Avenue Coach Company's bid for franchise extensions. Mr. Sheehan, Mr. Moss, and Borough Presidents Connolly of Queens and Van Name of Richmond, both Democrats, objected to the present board taking any action on the franchises whatever, and suggested that the matter be left to the incoming administration to deal with. As a result of their opposition, no action was taken yesterday, the matter being laid over until the regular meeting of the board, on Friday.

"I appear as the personal representative of the incoming Mayor," said Mr. Sheehan when the meeting got under way, with President Dowling of the Board of Aldermen presiding in the absence of Mayor Mitchel. "This meeting today is practically a secret one. The knowledge that it was to be held was not possessed by the public. When I went to the office of the Mayor today the man at the door said that he knew nothing of a public meeting to be held here today. I request that this matter be put over for ten days."

President Dowling denied that there was anything secret about the meeting, whereupon President Connolly said:

"It does look a little irregular to hold a special meeting today, when our regular meeting is only two days off." When Borough President Mathewson of the Bronx assured Mr. Connolly that the meeting was an adjourned one, and not at all special, the latter added: "Well, this matter cannot come up today without unanimous consent and I decline to give my consent. This meeting may be all right, but it does not look so."

The Fifth Avenue Coach Company, which is a subsidiary of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, had submitted a new bid for newly laid out routes. The New York Motor Bus Company, its rival, had been invited to bid on the new routes also, but declined to do so "at this time." During the last four years the New York Motor Bus Company has made half a dozen propositions to the Board of Estimate and its withdrawal yesterday came as a surprise. It was stated that the company took the action because of the unsettled condition in the labor field, the uncertainties as to the cost of material and the time deliveries could be made. Mr. Sheehan wanted to know why the present board should take up a matter four weeks before it went out of existence when for four years it had refused to consider it.

"Do you consider," he said, addressing Controller Prendergast, "that after the people on Nov. 6 elected a new administration by an overwhelming vote the matter should be taken up at this time?"

I want to say to you as the accredited representative of the Mayor-elect," replied the Controller, "that, while the people did, on Nov. 6, elect a new administration, it has no constitutional right to take up matters until Jan. 1, and that the present board has the right and power to finish matters under its control, and it is important for the new administration to attempt to dictate to the present administration."

"No one has sought to dictate to the present administration," retorted President Connolly.

Mr. Moss, who did not say whom he represented, thought the attitude of the New York Motor Bus Company was a peculiar one, and needed explanation.

"Perhaps the importance of this motor bus franchise is not realized," said Mr. Moss. "I believe the franchise is very large, and that the rights the Fifth Avenue Company seeks are a great deal more valuable than either this board or the public understands. I think that the Interborough, through its control of the Fifth Avenue Company, is attempting to get this franchise for itself, and I further think that the falling down of the opposition is not understood. This question has held over so long, it can go over still further. If the advertising starts today, it will mean that there is some plan of the Fifth Avenue people to obtain a franchise in these closing days of the present administration."

HYLAN'S PROTEST WINS.

Changes in Tenement House Department and Courts Deferred.

Special to The New York Times

ALBANY, Nov. 28.—The State Civil Service Commission has deferred action on a proposed change in the classification of 107 places in the Tenement House Department and Municipal and Court of Special Sessions, against which Mayor-elect John F. Hylan sent a strong protest to Governor Whitman and to Colonel Gorham Rice of the State Civil Service Commission.

Colonel Rice sent this answer to Judge Hylan:

"Your telegram protesting against a proposed change in classification of certain positions in the Tenement House Department of New York City was received late yesterday afternoon. While the principle of selection for merit and fitness ascertained by competitive examination, which examination should include for such positions consideration of training, experience, and personality, meet my entire approval, I am inclined to feel that the present is not an opportune time to change from exempt to competitive the positions in question.

"I, therefore, supported in commission meeting last evening the motion unanimously adopted, that action upon the proposed changes in classification should be deferred."

HYLAN ASKS FOR DELAY.

Opposes Action in New York Central's West Side Ordinances.

Mayor-elect John F. Hylan sent a letter last night to Frank L. Dowling, President of the Board of Aldermen, and Borough Presidents Connolly of Queens and Van Name of Richmond, urging them to prevent action by the Board of Estimate at its regular meeting tomorrow on a special report from the Joint Conference Committee of the Board of Estimate and the Public Service Commission, recommending to the Aldermen the repeal of all ordinances affecting the New York Central traffic on its west side freight lines. Judge Hylan has received information to the effect that a majority of the board members are committed to the proposal. Approval of the report requires an unanimous vote of the board.

There was the usual crowd of patronage hunters at the headquarters of Judge Hylan in the Business Men's League suite at 30 East Forty-second Street yesterday. In the crowd were teachers who had come to make suggestions to the Mayor-elect with reference to prospective appointments for the new Board of Education. A delegation representing the Interborough Teachers' Association urged the appointment of Mrs. Grace Strachan Forsythe, who was prominent in the agitation at Albany for the so-called Teachers Equal Salary bill. Mrs. Forsythe is now a District Superintendent. Another delegation of woman teachers representing the Teachers' Retirement Association and the Teachers' Interests Association came to oppose the appointment of Mrs. Forsythe and to urge that Charles W. Roselle, a teacher, be named.

Sheriff Alfred E. Smith discussed with Judge Hylan the prospective meeting of the new Board of Estimate, scheduled for Saturday, at which the members of the new board are to confer with District Superintendents and Associate District Superintendents regarding ways and means of eliminating the so-called Gary system from schools where it has been established without inconvenience to the teaching staffs and the pupils. Judge Hylan said last night that he was not committed to any definite plan.

For Nursing Mothers

Pepto-Mangan is a valuable tonic for the nursing mother especially if she must attend to household tasks. For *Pepto-Mangan* keeps up the vitality by enriching the very stream of life—the blood. And it helps the baby, too, because when the mother is strong the child is usually likewise.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

It restores the appetite, and brings back a robust vigor by materially increasing the number of red blood cells. This new rich blood, circulating through the entire system, brings vigor and strength to every part of the body.

Study this package so you will know how genuine *Pepto-Mangan* looks.

Pepto-Mangan does not taste like medicine nor look it. It cannot have an undesirable effect upon the most delicate stomach, and its benefits are soon apparent in most cases.

Friendly Warning: Genuine *Pepto-Mangan*—is sold only in packages and bottles like those pictured here. It is never sold in bulk. There are many counterfeits. Reject them all. Read the circular wrapped around the bottle.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by

M. J. BREITENBACH CO., New York

Manufacturing Chemists

The High Cost of Living and a High Cost of Giving

Now and here we deeply cut the price of both. That's Greenhut's policy. Gift-giving season is here, and whether your remembrance is directed "over here" or "over there" we're equally at your service. Be welcome to New York's most popular gift-giving store. The multitudes who have known us for nigh a quarter of a century will be here. And if you are included in the number you will have no cause for regret.

All Charge Purchases made tomorrow will be entered on bills rendered January 1st.

Tomorrow, Friday, Is Double Profit Sharing Day.

Two "Sperry" Gold Stamps with Each 10c Purchase All Day Tomorrow

Store Closed Today—These Sales for Tomorrow (Friday)

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE"

Meet me at the Fountain

SIXTH AVE., 18th TO 19th STREET

Gift Things

A full store of carefully selected holiday merchandise awaits your choice at Greenhut's.

That which is new and that which is novel in gift things is here assembled.

Jewelry, Silverware, Leather Goods, Umbrellas, Canes, Books, Stationery, Handkerchiefs.

This merely by way of mentioning articles of "fancy" to employ a term used by our French cousins.

And naturally, in a store like this, there are hundreds and thousands of other suggestions for Christmas gifts, regarding which we use the adjective "sensible"—Sweaters, Mufflers, Hosiery, Neckwear, Petticoats, and so on.

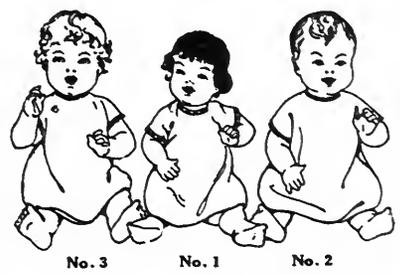
Take it from the writer of this note, that sensible gifts will take precedence over all others this year.

And don't forget this one important fact that on whatever you may select at Greenhut's you will save money.

"Toy Town" All Aglow!

Santa's home is at Greenhut's, and the thousands of children in New York and surrounding territory are invited to anticipate the delight which will be theirs on Christmas.

Bring the Children Here



Let them see the new playthings.

Let them see the new wonderful toys.

Let them romp around in Toy Town.

Here we can mention DOLLS only, and of them we have multitudes in all styles and in all costumes. Three of the dolls are pictured and described here. And won't your kiddies have a fine time when they come here to see the rest of the collection in all its variety.

No. 1—A Baby Doll—with composition body and head; painted eyes and flaxen hair; the arms and legs are jointed; Friday only, at..... $1

No. 2—A 16-inch Doll—this doll is exceedingly strong and will withstand hard usage; has painted eyes and hair; Friday, at..... $1.25

No. 3—Our Special Baby Doll—shaped body, jointed arms and legs; painted eyes and mohair wig; choice of blonde or brunette; this beautiful doll is 16 inches tall; Friday only, at..... $1.69

This Dress $11.75

Dresses and Coats in Noteworthy Sales

Two big underprice distributions of smart, fashionable and serviceable garments are scheduled to begin at Greenhut's "Big Store" Friday morning.

Dresses regularly $14.75, $16.50 and $18, Special at $11.75

Coats regularly $24.50, $27.50 and $29.50, Special at $18.75

And our patrons will find in this sale a remarkable opportunity to make selection from distinguished collections of new models for women and misses. The range of styles and fabrics offered is unusual.

The Dresses at $11.75

$14.75, $16.50 and $18 Grades. Beautiful new styles, fashioned of

Satin, Crepe de Chine, Taffeta, Velveteen, Wool Crepe, Men's Wear Serge, and combination effects.

One of the many styles from which choice may be made is illustrated.

You have a selection of smart side-drape, bolero, surplice and pleated effects; some with silk vestees; others with collars of white satin and Georgette Crepe. Many are handsomely embroidered in self or contrasting colors; others are trimmed with fur cloth, braid or buttons. All desirable colorings are included.

The Coats at $18.75

$24.50, $27.50 and $29.50 Grades.

No matter what your requirement may be in the way of a smart Winter coat, here it may be supplied. We picture one. Needless to say that there are many others for your choice.

The coats offered at $18.75 are fashioned of

Heavy Cheviot, Wool Velour Kersey and Double-Faced Cloth.

Choice of plum, green, brown, navy and black.

Featured are clever, new, convertible collars of brown, black or kit coney fur; plush or self-material; new shaped pockets; novelty belts and cuffs. All these coats are either half or full lined.

This Coat $18.75

EXTRA!

Friday we'll sell several hundred yards of

$4 Plaid Coatings at $2.45 a Yard

A superb quality, 54 inches wide, in beautiful two and three tone effects.

Another attraction in this department is an offering of

$7.95 Seal Plush at $5 a Yard

Seal Plush was never in greater demand than this season. This is an ideal quality for coats, muffs, scarfs and trimming. This fabric is 50 inches wide.

Advance Suggestions

Gift Jewelry

As in former years, we, in common with other stores, emphasize the necessity of early Christmas shopping.

Stocks are at their biggest and brightest now, and no department of this immense store affords better gift-giving suggestions than does our Jewelry section.

Be the value of your purchase large or small, you cannot do better than at Greenhut's.

Diamond Cluster Bracelet—set with nine fine cut diamonds in platinum; the bracelet is of 14 kt. solid gold; at... $70

Enamel Powder Box—in sterling silver; small size, with finger ring and chain; at..... $1.50

Elgin Wrist Watches for men; 7 jewel movement in nickel case; luminous dial; at..... $16.50

Wrist Watches—for women; 10 year gold-filled case and extension convertible bracelet; gilt or white dial; at..... $8.50

Diamond Solitaire Rings—of 14 kt. solid gold; set with a clear cut diamond, weighing 22-100 ct.; at..... $27.50

Diamond Cluster Rings—set with nine fine cut diamonds in platinum; giving the effect of one large solitaire; the ring is 14 kt. solid gold; at..... $39

Diamond Cluster Bar Pins—set with nine fine cut diamonds in platinum; the mounting is a beautiful scroll design of 14 kt. solid gold..... $65

Metal Purse—in pierced or engraved design; white leather lining, with two compartments; at... $1.75

10 Kt. Solid Gold Lavallieres—handsome scroll design; set with 3 real baroque pearls and choice of amethyst, ruby or sapphire..... $3.95

SALES Crowded Out!

Outing Flannel—at, yard	17c
Wool Elderdown—36 inches wide; yard	75c
Sterling Silver Toilet Sets	$13.50
Sterling Silver Military Sets	$7.50
Sterling Silver Manicure Sets	$6.00
Girls' $14.75 Coats—at	$11.95
Juniors' $17.50 Fur-Trimmed Coats—at	$14.75
$20.95 Dinner Sets—(Open stock patterns); 100 pieces; exquisite gold lace border decoration; at	$17.95
Nippon Hand-Painted Vases—reduced from 69c to	49c
Bluebird Decorated Tea Sets—at	$2.95
Cake Sets—reduced from $1.95 to	$1.69
Brass Extension Smoking Stands—reduced from $2.49 to	$1.79

Gas and Electric Fixtures at Special Prices Friday.

Annual December Grocery Sale

Will Begin in the World's Greatest Grocery Tomorrow

Here's your opportunity to stock up for the month of December. Everything guaranteed strictly fresh and best quality. Prompt free wagon delivery service to all points in Greater New York and to more than 700 suburban towns. Mail and telephone orders filled. Telephone Chelsea 4000.

New Canned Foods

Doz.—each or assorted $2.10

FOUNTAIN NEW SPINACH
FOUNTAIN SELECTED LIMA BEANS
FOUNTAIN CUT STRINGLESS BEANS
SILVER LAKE STRAWBERRY BEETS
HARPOON CUT WAX BEANS
THOMAS'S PORK AND BEANS
FOUNTAIN SAUERKRAUT

No. 2 size can, 18c

Fresh Fruits

FANCY TABLE APPLES—large size, juicy, red fruit; 3 doz., $1; dozen..... 35c

SWEET ORANGES—thin skin and full of delicious juice; 4 doz., $1; dozen..... 28c

Teas

ONE DOLLAR TEAS—black, green or mixed to order; 5 lbs., $4.35; lb..... 90c

MIXED TEAS, GREEN TEAS or BLACK TEAS—10 lbs., $3.25; 3 lbs..... $1

Breakfast Cocoa

Fountain quality; has a delicious chocolate flavor; 3-lb. can, $1; 1-lb. can..... 18c

PURE BREAKFAST COCOA—in bulk; 4¼ lbs., $1; lb..... 25c

Our Own Roasting

See our Coffee Roaster in daily operation.

MARACAIBO COFFEE—25 lbs., $1.90; 5 lbs..... $1

GUADARALI BLEND COFFEE—25 lbs., $8.25; 3 lbs..... $1

CIRCLE BLEND COFFEE—5 lbs..... $1.10

Peas and Beans

	10 lbs.	5 lbs.
YELLOW SLIP PEAS	$1.35	68c
FANCY PEA BEANS	1.98	1.00
BEST MARROW BEANS	1.78	90c
SOY BEANS	95c	48c
RED KIDNEY BEANS	$1.95	$1.00
SCOTCH GREEN PEAS	1.55	78c
FANCY LIMA BEANS	1.98	1.00

Fresh Fish

None Sent C. O. D.

HADDOCK—fresh caught; lb. 10c

MARKET COD—fresh caught; lb. 10c

FLOUNDERS—fresh caught; lb. 10c

WHITING—fresh caught; lb. 8

HERRING—selected; lb..... 8c

CODFISH STEAKS—lb.... 16c

SALMON STEAKS—lb.... 22c

MACKEREL—Boston; lb..... 20c

SHRIMP—fancy; French; lb..... 20c

OYSTERS—solid meat quart, 75c; pint..... 40c

Fresh Meats

TURKEYS—selected quality; dry picked; lb..... 37c

GEESE—selected quality, Western; lb..... 28c

CHICKENS—choice quality, dry picked; lb..... 28c

ROAST BEEF—choice cuts of native ribs; lb..... 24c

TONGUES—sweet pickled, corned beef; lb..... 22c

VEAL—choice cuts for roasting; lb..... 24c

LAMB—hind quarters of city dressed; lb..... 30c

LAMB—full fore quarters of city dressed; lb..... 25c

MUTTON—hind quarters of Western stock; lb..... 26c

PORK—whole loins for roasting; lb..... 30c

Fresh Cereals

	10 lbs	5 lbs
FINE BARLEY	$1.05	51c
PEARL TAPIOCA	1.85	95c
BEST ROLLED OATMEAL	.78c	40c
NEW FARINA	1.15	58c
BEST CORN MEAL	.79c	40c
SMALL GRAIN RICE	.98c	49c
PEARL BARLEY	.85c	43c
GRANULATED HOMINY	.79c	40c

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department, or for $2 in Cash at the S&H Office on the Fifth Floor. We Give S&H Green Trading Stamps, as Usual. Ask for Them. Double S&H Stamps Till 12 o'Clock. Single S&H Stamps Thereafter. Double "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day Tomorrow.

Profits to Be Eliminated

ON ALL

SOROSIS SHOES

For the next twenty days, "Sorosis Shoes" will be sold at cost plus actual selling expenses.

This sale includes all of our Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes, consisting of the well-known Sorosis staples as well as the latest and most ultra-fashionable styles.

The object of this sale is to insure continuous employment at the Sorosis factories during the coming Winter. Among the employees are wives and dependents of those serving our Government and fighting for our Country.

Similar Sales Will Be Held in All Large Cities.

Sold Exclusively in New York City by

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue 34th Street

MRS. BRANNAN TELLS OF JAIL TREATMENT

Asserts That Women Pickets Were Roughly Handled at Occoquan.

DEMANDS REMOVAL OF FLAG

Believes That Attempt Was Made to Break Prisoners' Spirit by Torture of Fear.

Mrs. Eunice Dana Brannan, wife of John Winters Brannan, President of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, sent out last night, through the National Woman's Party, of which she is acting Chairman for this State, a signed account of her experiences in Occoquan prison, where she was confined for her picketing activities. Mrs. Brannan was brought back to this city a few days ago by her husband, after she had been made ill, it was said, by her treatment in the prison. Mrs. Brannan attacked the administration of the prison; demanded that the American flag no longer should fly over it, and asserted that the pickets had been confined under trumped-up charges of obstructing traffic, when, in reality, they could have obtained their release at any time by promising to stop picketing.

Mrs. Brannan said that she and her companions had been cruelly treated, and that last July, when sixteen pickets had first been committed to the workhouse, the plan had been "to break us down by inflicting extraordinary humiliation upon us." This, Mrs. Brannan added, had failed to stop the picketing, and then, she alleges, "the plan of terrorizing us was conceived and carried out to a degree that has not yet been told."

Continuing Mrs. Brannan said: "The plan last July, when sixteen of us were first committed to the workhouse, was plainly to break us down by inflicting extraordinary humiliations upon us."

Mrs. Brannan added that she and her companions were deprived of every decency of personal life such as combs and tooth brushes, and that only one piece of soap was allowed all the inmates of the dormitory. The head matron, she said, had emphasized the danger of communicable diseases.

"The plan of humiliation failed to stop our peaceful legal picketing," Mrs. Brannan added. "On Nov. 10 forty-one women of the National Woman's Party picketed the White House gates. Then the plan of terrorizing us was conceived and carried out to a degree that has not yet been told. The scene that took place in the reception room of the workhouse on the night of Nov. 14 was of incredibly infamous cruelty. Nothing that we know of German frightfulness short of murdering and maiming noncombatants could exceed the brutality that was used toward us.

"I saw three men seize Miss Burns, twisting her arms behind her, and then two other men grasp her shoulders. There were six to ten guards in the room and many others collected on the porch—forty to fifty in all. These all rushed in. Instantly the room was in havoc. The guards fell upon us. I saw Miss Lincoln, a slight young girl, thrown to the floor. Mrs. Nolan, a delicate old lady of 73, was mastered by two men. The furniture was overturned and the room was a scene of havoc. The whole group of women were thrown, dragged and hurled out of the office, down the steps and across the road and field to the Administration Building, where another group of bullies was waiting for us. The women were thrown down roughly on benches. I was thrown with four others in a cell with a narrow bed and dirty blankets. The chair was immediately taken out.

"The cell door opposite was opened for a moment. I saw Miss Lincoln and spoke across to her, 'Are you all right?' Instantly the guard appeared. 'Stop that,' he yelled at me; 'not another word from your mouth or I will handcuff you and gag you and put you in a straitjacket if you say another word.' Not a woman attendant was in sight. We were absolutely in the power of a gang of prison thugs. It was a night of most extreme terror. The guards clanged the barred doors and opened them upon us at their will, gave us or denied us water, jeered at me when I asked for a pillow or more water. No food of any kind was offered to us. There is no question that this time our jailors made the attempt to break us down by the mental torture of fear.

"I noticed one of the guards had a billy in his hands. There were idle matrons in the dormatories that might readily have been sent to the prison to look after us and ensure decent respect for us as women.

"At 11 o'clock Thursday our group came out fainting and ill—in a state of exhaustion and shock and indescribable stunning of every faculty. Added to this was my anxiety as to the fate of my companions.

"On this same day half swooning, I fell upon my knees in the doctor's office, where I had gone to ask to be allowed to lie down. I was in terror of another attack by the guards every moment. I could not sleep for fears."

Mrs. Brannan took a walk on Friday in the woods near the prison while, she says, an attempt was made to terrorize the women with bloodhounds.

"On our way back," Mrs. Brannan continued, "we heard the baying of hounds in the woods very near us. The matron said: 'You must hurry up, the bloodhounds are lose.' Miss Findissen asked: 'Would they attack us?' 'That's just what they would do,' she answered, and hurried us on faster. The baying grew louder and nearer at times and then more distinct as the dogs rushed back and forth. They were very close to us when we finally reached the sewing room."

"An hour after this," she added, "our counsel, Mr. O'Brien, was able to effect an entrance to our prison and to see us alone—the first blessed evidence that our friends could at last reach and protect us."

In conclusion, Mrs. Brannan said:

"If proof is needed that the Administration is behind the attempt to suppress our campaign for the Federal suffrage amendment, it can be found in the following fact. When Mrs. Morey and three others were giving their names at the desk Whittaker said to them, 'If you will promise not to picket again, I will release you at once. I will take you back to Washington in my own car, you need not pay your fines.' Yet people say we were arrested for obstructing traffic!"

CAT-AND-MOUSE REMEDY FOR HUNGER-STRIKING

Release and Rearrest of Suffragist Pickets New Washington Policy—All Now Out of Jail.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The release from jail yesterday of militant suffragists who went on a hunger strike as a protest against their imprisonment for picketing the White House was due to a decision of the local authorities to prevent them from becoming martyrs through hunger-striking. The authorities have decided to give a trial to the English cat-and-mouse system of dealing with hunger-striking suffragists. Under this system prisoners who starve themselves will not be kept in prison until lack of food endangers their health. No effort will be made to feed them forcibly, but after starvation has produced weakness they will be compelled to leave the jail.

The Police Court Judge has authority to reduce sentences imposed by him, and he will issue commutations to all hunger-striking suffragists when they have shown signs of extreme hunger. If they return to picketing they will be arrested again and sentenced to serve terms in jail, but will be released when their refusal to take food has begun to affect them physically.

All the suffragists not released yesterday were freed from jail today. They were Miss Amy Jungling of New York, Mrs. George Scott of Montclair, N. J.; Miss Maud Jamieson of Norfolk, Va.; Mrs. U. T. Roberston and Mrs. R. B. Quay of Salt Lake City, Miss Dorothy Day of New York, and Miss Ella Findelson of Lawrence, Mass. They will remain in Wshington over Thanksgiving. It was said at the headquarters of the National Woman's Party that many of them were too weak to travel. Mrs. Lawrence Lewis of Philadelphia and Miss Rose Winslow of New York, who were the most seriously affected by hunger-striking, are at Sibley Hospital.

Miss Alice Paul, Chairman of the Woman's Party, who was released from jail yesterday, said today: "The victory of our hunger strike is complete."

She added that the suffragists were prepared to picket again whenever it seemed advisable.

COLUMBIA PATRIOTS GREETED BY BUTLER

President Sends a Letter to the 2,000 University Members in Their Country's Service.

Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, yesterday sent a personal letter to each of the 2,000 university members now in national service, in which he expresses Columbia's "special word of greeting and encouragement for those of her brave and stalwart sons who have given themselves to the service of the nation." President Butler read the letter at the Thanksgiving service which took place yesterday noon in St. Paul's chapel. It follows:

"At this Christmas season, when the good cheer and good will that should mark it are so sadly absent from the lives and hearts of millions of human beings, Alma Mater has a special word of greeting and encouragement for those of her brave and stalwart sons who have given themselves to the service of the nation, even though their lives be the sacrifice. No contest in which you could possibly be engaged can equal this one in moral significance. Everything which distinguishes right from wrong in public conduct, everything which marks off principle from expediency in national life, everything which draws a line between liberty and despotism, everything which removes human opportunity from the grasping hand of cruel privilege, waits for its safety, and perhaps for its very existence, upon your success and that of the noble men of allied nations who are fighting by your side on land and sea.

"Keep a stout heart, no matter how long the waiting, how severe the trials, or how nearby the danger. Life will not be worth living for any of us unless you win this war. Be assured that you are to win, for the whole moral and patriotic force of America is behind you. Columbia, intensely proud of her share in this struggle and of her notable contribution of men and service to its successful conduct, sends you this word of good cheer and encouragement. When this war shall have been righteously won there will be peace on earth for all men of good will.

"Thanksgiving Day, 1917."

"La Traviata" Repeated.

"La Traviata," having been given once at a Saturday night performance at the Metropolitan Opera House, was repeated there last night for the Wednesday subscribers. The cast was the same as upon the former occasion. There was nobody in it who came within measurable distance of Miss Hempel, the Violetta, for distinction in singing, although Mr. De Luca was in excellent voice, and sang "Di Provenza" in good style. Mr. Moranzoni conducted.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Leonard Mudie, at present in Laurette Taylor's company at the Liberty, has been engaged for the role of Gaston in Ethel Barrymore's production of "The Lady of the Camellias."

The new program to be offered by the Washington Square Players at the Comedy next Monday will be the first all-American bill that the Players have produced. The plays will be "The Girl in the Coffin," by Theodore Dreiser; "Neighbors," by Zona Gale; "The Critic's Comedy," by Samuel Kaplan, and a pantomime entitled "Yum Cha-ab."

The role of Annie in "The Star Gazer" is being played by Jennetta Methven instead of Sidonie Espero, as announced.

There will be no holiday matinee of "The Masquerader" at the Booth today, a special performance being scheduled for tomorrow afternoon instead.

The three plays on the first program at the Greenwich Village Theatre have been indorsed by the Drama League.

E. Lyall Swete, the English producer who came to this country to stage "Chu Chin Chow," will remain here to make other productions.

The graduating class of the present Plattsburg camp to the number of 115 will attend tomorrow night's performance at the Winter Garden.

Soldiers and sailors will be admitted free of charge at the benefit performance at the Strand Theatre tomorrow morning for the Seaside Home for Crippled Children. The performance will begin at 10 o'clock.

Several additional features appropriate to Thanksgiving will be incorporated into "Cheer Up," at the Hippodrome, this afternoon.

LAYS THEATRE SLUMP TO FALSE ECONOMIES

Lee Shubert Says the Public Should Aid Capital in Supporting the Government.

The current theatrical depression is attributed to false economy is a statement issued yesterday by Lee Shubert. Mr. Shubert declares that the note of economy was first sounded by Washington and was then taken up by the newspapers to such an extent that the present condition has resulted. His statement said:

"There is a slump in the theatrical business, and it is due to the false issues that have been raised in Washington and our daily newspapers. While there is need for conservation of food, coal, and other supplies, there is no reason why legitimate industries should be paralyzed.

"The theatrical enterprise represents capital, and, without capital, the nation would be in a sorry plight. It is capital which supports the Liberty loans and capital contributes to charities and other patriotic movements. Capital supports labor and gives employment to the nation's workers. If the industries representing capital are crippled, the Government will soon feel their loss.

"Business should be kept at a high pressure. The public should be discouraged from hoarding its money. Money hoarded in banks does the Government no good. While people should economize in certain measures, it is false economy to cripple industries that are supporting the nation. The theatres give employment to thousands of men and women, assist in raising the nation's war loans, and should have the public's support.

"This country has never before had so much money. Men and women are earning higher salaries than ever, and this money should be kept in circulation. I am in favor of economizing in the conservation of foodstuffs and other vital resources, but I firmly believe the public should patronize the theatres, for in doing this they are not only enjoying excellent entertainment, but are assisting capital in supporting the Government in return."

Rudolph Reuter's Recital.

Rudolph Reuter, an American-born pianist prominent in Chicago, who made his first New York appearance last season, played yesterday in Aeolian Hall. He made his program on independent lines, his most important number being Schumann's "Etudes Symphoniques." He played Mendelssohn's prelude and fugue in E minor, a book of Brahms's last fantasies, and a number of smaller pieces of a variety of interest. One of them was Busoni's "Sonatina No. 2," in which the pianist composer has been thinking along lines suggested by Schönberg, which are not pleasing to the listener, however sincerely Mr. Reuter played the piece. "Avalanche" is a new composition by one of Mr. Reuter's pupils, Bernard Dieter.

Mr. Reuter has a vigorous and a generally finished style of playing and a feeling for delicate tonal color. His technical equipment was ample in most of what he played yesterday.

HERO LAND

Grand Central Palace
50c—Admission—50c

U. S. NAVY DAY TODAY.
Arranged through Commander Usher and is under the supervision of Ensign Frost.

There is no selling in the aisles.

2 P. M.-6 P. M.—Grand Hall, 50c. Drills.
8 P. M.-10 P. M.—Boxing, Wrestling and Novelties by U. S. Navy Sailors.
Followed by general dancing.

HAVE THANKSGIVING DINNER HERE.
Special Dinner at Cafe De Paris—$3.50.
(Direction of Delmonico.)
ALSO
The Cheshire Cheese.
(Direction of Keen's Chop House.)
Il Bersegliere.
(Direction of Joe Pani.)
Golden West Cabaret.
(Direction of J. B. Regan.)
Raymond Hitchcock will be here.

4 P. M.-6 P. M. 8 P. M.-12 P. M.—Authors' League Fund.
Madge Kennedy, Earl Fox, Eva Le Gallienne, Julian Eltinge.

10 P. M.—World-Famous Skaters from the St. Nicholas Rink: Bror Myer, Emmy Bergfeldt, Arthur Heid, Fannie Davidson, Freda Whittaker, John Daley, Bob Condon.

AND ALL THE TIME
The British Tank Britannia in Action, Streets in Bagdad, Hindenburg Trenches, Ice Skating Rink, Dancing in the Grand Hall and Ballroom, Submarine Divers.
GAMES FOR THE KIDDIES.

Every Week Day from 11 A. M. to 12 P. M. until Dec. 12.
Hero Land has been publicly endorsed by Gov. Whitman and Dist. Attorney Swann.

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Ancient and Modern
At the Galleries of
Scott & Fowles
590 Fifth Avenue
Between 47th and 48th Streets.

CARESSA and FRANCAIS
Founded in PARIS—1796
By NICOLAS LUPOT
We have received by S. S. ROCHAMBEAU twelve of their celebrated own make violins, known as the
MODERN STRADIVARI
Price $250
The same steamer brought us a large assortment of
NEW FRENCH VIOLINS
Ranging in Price from $15 to $75
Violinists can have these instruments on one week's approval.
THE RUDOLPH WURLITZER COMPANY
115 West 40th St., between Broadway & 6th Ave.

Outdoor SHOOTING Indoors
47th St. off Broadway
Broadway at 103rd St.
136 East 42nd St.
216 West 34th St.
NEWARK, 828 Broad St.
NOON TILL MIDNIGHT
We take you into the Woods, Mountains and Jungles—within rifle shot of aeroplanes, submarines. Sport and Preparedness for men and women
SIGN OF THE BOUNDING BUCK.

Adlers Grand Theatre Cor. Grand and Chrystie St. Tel. Orchard 758.
THE EMINENT YIDDISH STAR, JACOB P. ADLER
IN OSIP DIMOW'S GREAT PLAY, THE WORLD AFLAME
די וועלט אין פלאמען
MATINEE TODAY, SAT. & SUNDAY. THURSDAY, FRI., SAT. & SUN. EVES.

"Cheer Up" NO TAX HERE ON LAUGHTER
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2:15. Eves. at 8:15 — At the HIPPODROME

Opera — CHOICE SEATS FOR ALL OPERAS SUBSCRIPTIONS Bought, Sold, Exchanged.
Broadway Thea. Ticket Co., 218 W. 42d St. (Phone 6565 Bryant) Miss V. Buchanan, Mgr. Op. Dept.

ST. NICHOLAS RINK—3 SESSIONS DAILY
Largest Rink in Greater N. Y. 66 W. 66th St. ADM. 50c. Sun. a.m. $1 ICE SKATING Beginners Taught

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15. LEW COOPER & CO., "A Regular Business Man," Francis & Kennedy, 6 others. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

THE Greenwich Village Theatre 4th St. and 7th Ave. Tel. Spring 6409. Evgs. 8:45. 3 One-Act Plays. Prices $1.50, $1, 50c. Mat. Sat. 2:30.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15 Popular Prices. BOSTONIANS with Frank Finney.

OPERA TICKETS Phone Bryant 4106—9752 — Reserved seats, all parts of house, at box office prices tonight. New Theatre Ticket Exchange, 1,416 Broadway.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Eves. 8:15.
SPECIAL HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY
Regular Mats. All Orch. Seats $2, Sat. & Wed. 2:15. incl. Saturday Nights
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy Triumph.
THE RIVIERA GIRL
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today, Sat. & Wed. 2:20.
"A COMPLETE TRIUMPH."—Herald.
ANN MURDOCK | THE 3 BEARS
"QUAINT, FANTASTIC, APPEALING, HUMAN, AMUSING."—Alan Dale.

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way 43 St. Eves. 8:30. Mts. Today, Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
"GREATEST TRIUMPH IN YEARS."
MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN
In a new Comedy THE KING By Caillavet, de Flers & Arene.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2.
MRS. FISKE
in Philip Moeller's New Comedy,
MADAME SAND
"An Evening of Pure Delight."—Mail.

HUDSON West 44 St. Eves 8:20. Mats. Today, Sat. & Wed. 2:20.
The Pipes of Pan
With Norman Trevor & Janet Beecher.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Eves. 8:25. Mats. Today, Sat. & Wed. 2:25.
"SEASON'S SUPREME SUCCESS"
ELEANOR PAINTER in Harold Chapin's Comedy,
"ART AND OPPORTUNITY."

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today, Sat. & Wed. 2:20.
No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2.
Alexandra Carlisle in
THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY,
The Country Cousin

LIBERTY W. 42 St. EVS. 8:25. Mts. Today & Sat. 2:25. | LAST 5 TIMES.
No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2.
Laurette Taylor in J. Hartley Manners' Comedy
"THE WOOING OF EVE."
Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON.
Miss Taylor will appear in New York in a new comedy, "Happiness," early in Jan.
Next Mon.—SEAT SALE TODAY
A New Musical Comedy The GRASS WIDOW
By Channing Pollock & Rennold Wolf. Music by Louis A. Hirsch, with cast incl.: Natalie Alt, Georgia Marion, Victor Morley, Rob't Emmet Keane, Helen Lowell & Gretchen Eastman.

HARRIS W. 42d St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
Prices 50c to $2 AND We Pay War Tax.
EXTRA HOLIDAY MAT. TODAY
The NAUGHTY WIFE
(or LOSING ELOISE)
with Charles Cherry, Violet Heming, Lucile Watson, Francis Byrne.
A Tonic of Laughs for the Times.

FULTON W. 46th ST. EVES. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20. | LAST 5 TIMES.
"BROKEN THREADS"

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Today, Sat. & Wed.
Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years
A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

CENTURY Broadway, 62d St. Nights at 8:20.
POP. PRICE MAT. TODAY
Dillingham-Ziegfeld Revue
"MISS 1917"
Wed. & Sat. Matinees—Reduced Prices. SUNDAY NIGHT POPULAR CONCERT.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30
DAVID BELASCO presents
Tiger Rose

59th St. Circle at B'way PARK Eves. 8:15. Mats. 2:15 Wed. & Sat.
XTRA THANKSGIVING MAT. TODAY
Morning World says: "THERE IS NO ENTERTAINMENT IN NEW YORK SO RICH IN NOVELTY AS
The Land of Joy
Valverde's Fantastic Review. Positive Debut Tomorrow (Fri.) Eve.
Violeta
Greatest of Al Spanish Dancers, Who Will Be the Feature in The Land of Joy and Offer New Dances.
NEXT SUNDAY VALVERDE CONCERT

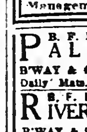
BELASCO West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30
DAVID BELASCO Presents
Polly With a Past

ELTINGE W. 42d St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
Business Before Pleasure
With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

REPUBLIC W. 42 St. Eves. 8:30. Mts. To'y & Sat. 2:30. | LAST 5 TIMES.
On With the Dance
WITH AN ALL STAR CAST.
NEXT MON. NIGHT, 8:20. Seats Now.
LOU TELLEGEN in "BLIND YOUTH"

Fred Stone | GLOBE B'way 46 St. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Today Sat. & Wed. 2:20
JACK O' LANTERN

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, Evs. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.
Thanksgiving Mat. To-Day at 2
The Most Wonderful Fascinating Lavish Colossal Gorgeous Production in the History of the American Stage
Chu Chin Chow
Now in its 2nd Year in London. Co. of 300.
Prices: Eves. & Sat. Mt. 25c-$2. Wed. Mt. 25c-$1. Always 300 Seats in the Orchestra at $1.50. (Except Saturday Night & Thanksgiving.)
SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE



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Next Week: La Navette, Le Carrosse du St Sacrement and La Jalousie du Barbouille.

YORKVILLE THEATRE, 86th STREET, nr. Lex. Av. Tel. Lenox 5588. Evg. 8:15. TODAY & Sat. Mat. 2:15. ADOLF PHILIPP presents Jean Gilbert's Operetta with MIZI OIZI and Excellent Company. AUTO LOVE

IRVING PLACE IRVING PLACE & 15TH STREET. Mat 2:15 | Last 2 Eve. 8:15 | performances Hedwig Reicher in "Doctor's Dilemma" By George Bernard Shaw

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50 Pretty Justine Johnstone Girls. Regular Theatrical Performance. No Restaurant No Smoking.
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Eves. 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Saturday at 2:15.
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Comedy With Music—With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS
John T. Murray, Carolyn Thomson.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. at 2:15.
Odds and Ends OF 1917 Harry Watson, Jr. Lillian Lorraine and Jack Norworth

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Eves. 8:30 sharp. Mats. Today & Sat.
Grace George in Henry Bernstein's Great Play
"L'ELEVATION" (THE HEIGHTS)

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:15.
HOLIDAY MAT. TODAY.
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POP. MAT. WED. REG. MAT. SAT.

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HOLIDAY MAT. TODAY AT 2:20.
DONALD BRIAN in "Her Regiment"
By Wm. Le Baron & Victor Herbert.

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:15.
GREAT COMEDY CAST STARS
JOHN Drew - MARGARET Illington
IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex

39TH ST. Thea., nr. B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mat'nees Today & Sat. at 2:30.
George V Hobart's Farce with Hale Hamilton WHAT'S YOUR HUSBAND DOING?

MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20.
HOLIDAY MATINEE TO-DAY 2:20.
OLIVER MOROSCO'S LAUGHING SENSATION
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LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. TODAY, Sat. & Wed.
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Mon., Dec. 3—Entire Change of Bill. Seats Now.

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HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY 2:20.
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Fri. at 8, Prince Igor. Alda, Delaunois, Perini; Amato, Althouse, Didur, Segurola. Cond., Bodanzky.
Sat. Mat. at 2, L'Elisir d'Amore. Hempel, Sparkes; Caruso, Scotti, Didur. Cond., Papi.
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Next Mon. at 8, Boris Godunow. Homer, Braslau, Howard; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Bada, Segurola, Reiss. Cond., Papi.
Wed. at 8:15, Manon Lescaut. Alda, Perini; Caruso, Amato, Segurola, Bada, Reiss. Cond., Papi.
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Aeolian Hall, Wed. Aft., Dec. 5, at 3. PIANO RECITAL.
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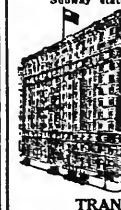

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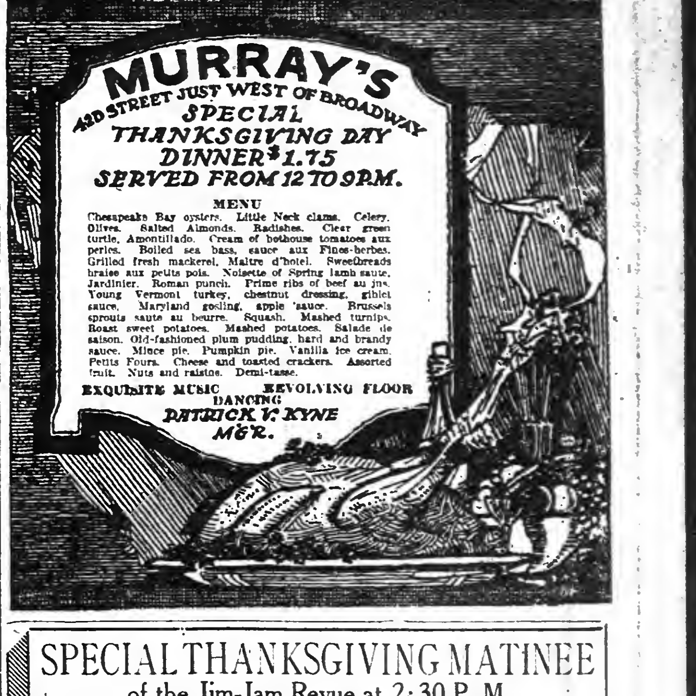

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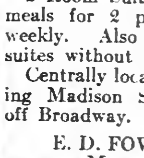
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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOV. 29, 1917.

THANKSGIVING.

Those old Pilgrims and Puritans whose Thanksgiving has passed as an inheritance to easier times often had, from the material or secular point of view, small reason enough to give thanks. "Our mercies" were often outnumbered by "our chastisements." Sometimes the women and the children, and the men, were cut off by mysterious diseases, by the pitiless Winters, when COTTON MATHER's ink-stand froze by the fire in his library; by hardship, by the rough labors of winning a living from a thankless soil, by tomahawks of "the Bloody Salvages." They fought not merely the Tawnies and the French, but the powers of Satan, as real to many of them as the Governor or the Selectmen. Did not a rattlesnake, the fit incarnation of Old Scratch, coil up on the steps of an Arminian pulpit to hear congenial doctrine?

They fought the Devil and the climate. They had their ideal, harsh and intolerant as it looks to us. They kept Thanksgiving as a symbol of gratitude to "the Father of Mercies," for what He was pleased to send of good or ill, for a narrow and toilsome life, for the accomplishment of their "pilgrimage," in their own rigid way and for immortal hope.

It is a strange turning from seventeenth-century New England to MAZZINI, but when he said that "Duty is the common collective faith," he wrote the faith of that New England as well as what he hoped would be "the faith of the future." It is the substantial union of Americans in that common collective faith that makes this Thanksgiving, with all its sombre contrasts as compared with those of careless years, a day of thanks for "blessings" infinitely higher than those of the full granary and the paths that drop fatness.

We have not been content to stand aside in shameful prosperity while the world's fate was in the hands of braver men. After long tolerance of German assault upon our rights, we have drawn the sword for them, and not for them alone. Either free nations or the monstrous German State as a machine for conquest must go down. We have come to the defense of our own freedom, to the rescue of the freedom of the world. We have come slowly, steadily, with growing determination and force. Our sacrifices have hardly begun. They cannot be greater than the stern, enduring spirit of a peaceful people averse to war, but iron in its resolve that armed, offensive, warlike despotism shall be smashed.

A nation is essentially an ideal, an abstraction. Well, we have a concrete nation, an actual union, and it is fighting for no fattening of the bodies and pocket, but for a great ideal, for justice, liberty, democracy. We were divided, much more than we realized. Compartments of nationalities were forming. Before the resistless tide of common patriotism and duty they have been swept away. We are one people, helping one cause. Many in origins, one in duty. The noblest school of common citizenship, the great university of discipline, courage, labor, sobriety, thrift for the country's sake, is open. In the trenches and factories, on the farms, in millions of homes, this co-operative patriotism, this communicative education in Americanism, goes on. Equality of civic duty broadens from the draft into all occupations and the common consciousness.

A graver thought, a broadening of the mind, sobriety of habit, industry, self-sacrifice, a warmer heart, a kinder hand, have been bred of the war. See what a generosity, a self-denial, what thought and labor for others prevails. In those successive services, Roman Catholic, Protestant, Jewish, that are held in Y. M. C. A. "huts" may be seen something of that religious tolerance which is but an indication of the larger social outlook, the breaking down of accidental barriers of position, "class," the welding together of differences that common duty brings. What keen, tolerant philosophers, what haters of humbug, what judges of men by what they are and do, not what they look or pretend, will "our boys" be who come back to us!

The peril and the suffering lie before. We shall be purified and strengthened by them, as our allies have been. More and more we shall put away the vulgar and the trivial. We shall put on the proud mourning that testifies to the dignity of human nature, equal to the supreme test. We shall work and fight and endure and conquer.

That the victory is for no selfish, material end, that it will be the victory of liberty and democracy, the close, we hope, of war for offense and dominion; that Americans are one in purpose and in hope; that the meanest among us gets some tinge of the great patience, resolve, and heroism of the hour; that at last America is American—these things, amid all this darkling spectacle of human destiny, amid ruined nations and sorrow infinite, are cause for thanks. We have turned our backs to childish things. Duty and honor, courage and labor, are better masters than pleasure and moneymaking.

THE FUSION CAMPAIGN FUNDS.

How in the name of the original Prodigal Son and of all the wasters and wastrels who in the history of man on earth have sought to dispute his title to pre-eminence in profligacy did the Fusion Campaign Committees contrive to spend more than a million dollars in the attempt to re-elect Mayor MITCHEL? When it was first whispered about that their expenditure had reached that sum the story was rejected as incredible, monstrous. But the statements filed with the Secretary of State show that the Fusion Committee spent $573,995, the New York Publicity Committee $415,-165, the New York City and County Public Welfare Committee $57,590, the City Democracy $75,730, and the Brooklyn Branch of that organization $60,540, the Mitchel League $13,421, and the Woman's Committee for Non-partisan Government $13,251, a grand total of $1,209,695.

To say that it is scandalous tells only half the story. The amount is stupefying, since it exceeds the sum spent by the Presidential Campaign Committee of any party in 1912 in the whole country, and is more than half the sum spent by the Democrats in the Presidential campaign of 1916. But conjectures fall limp and helpless in the attempt to determine how the money was spent. The natural theory of the enemy that it must have been spent in buying votes will be instantly rejected, for pride, if not conviction, affirms the belief that Mayor MITCHEL's vote, a little less than 150,000, is the irreducible minimum part of New York's voting population that wants honest, efficient government and wants to keep Tammany out of power. What were these activities of the Campaign Committees, so enormously costly and pitifully ineffective? The conclusion is forced upon us that money was spent in every foolish way that anybody about the Committee Headquarters could suggest, that methods of reaching or influencing the minds of voters, arousing their interest and guiding their decisions, were adopted that showed little intelligence or skill in the adaptation of means to the end. Probably we must attribute the waste and poor result to the enthusiasm and untrained judgment of amateur talent. The morality of the methods of the campaigners of the old time cannot be too sternly censured, for they were thoroughly bad, but they were not often open to the reproach of being both wicked and futile. ZACHARIAH CHANDLER's opinion of this performance would be interesting.

The Fusion Committees would have deserved blame, they would have received it, had they spent $1,000,000 even in the successful effort to elect a Mayor of New York City. Now they incur the censure alike of the moralist and the practical politician. Little has been said about it, but it has been perfectly evident since the election that the campaign managers had no real knowledge of what was going on. They did not know what the voters were thinking about, what they were going to do; they could not read the political signs and portents that should have been the subject of their attentive daily study. New York City had determined to go in Governor Kentish fashion against Fusion, reform, clean administration, decency in the city government, and it emphatically did that very thing. They are not to be blamed for the result. The electorate of the city came to the test and for reasons now very well understood it failed miserably. If the Fusion Committees had spent a billion they could not have averted the disaster. The chief cause for astonishment is that with their opportunities they did not earlier perceive the uselessness of their campaign methods and stop the extravagant outlay. If there is any moral at all in such a sorry business, it is that big campaign funds will not change the resolve of the voters when they have made up their minds.

MORAL AND MATERIAL BLESSINGS OF THE WAR YEAR.

According to official calculation, the farm products of the year total the amount which was thought inconceivable when it was mentioned as the sum of our war expenditures for the year. No land ever before produced twenty-one billions of farm values. These are taken at the "prices paid to producers Nov. 1." The increase over last year is equal to the total of the two Liberty Loans. The total is "more than the combined value of any two previous years."

It is Providential that these blessings are heaped upon a people worthy of them. It would have been a curse to the world if such power had been placed in the hands of a nation whose rulers have been ravagers and tormentors of humanity. As it is, America has the will and the moral elevation to place this unexampled treasure at the service of the world in its greatest crisis in history.

Comparable with the total of our annual increase has been our generosity. We have loaned to our allies, or put at their disposal, more money than we owed when our national debt for the establishment of national unity was at its maximum. Our manhood has submitted to the ultimate test of conscription for world service in better temper than it submitted to the summons for national service two generations ago. Our wealthiest have been foremost in reckoning profits as naught while the German threat persists. Our womenfolk have surpassed themselves in service and tenderness. Rejoicing over material prosperity is not so fit a text for the day as the use we make of it. No nation was ever richer than we, no nation ever better deserved wealth, because no nation ever was so lavish in a good cause.

The reason for saying these things is to arouse the country to what lies before it. There will be other years when less wealth is showered upon us. There will be years in which we must share the bread which now we are parting with for full price. Already our vanguard on foreign soil numbers more men than stood in the ranks at the decisive battle which enabled our nation to live. But we must expect greater Gettysburgs and greater Waterloos with ourselves antagonists against a greater enemy of the world than NAPOLEON. Such thoughts should subdue exultation over present conditions and prepare us for further service and sacrifice, which shall leave the world in no doubt what manner of men and women are we.

GOVERNMENT HELP TO RAILWAYS.

In what degree the troubles of the railways would be removed by Government operation may be judged from the fact that the troubles of the railways are so largely due to the Government's management of its own business. The congestion of the railways is not due to the exhaustion of the railways' capacity, but to the neglect of the Government to use them to best advantage. In six months this year the railways have moved more freight than in any entire year before 1907, when the last great congestion occurred. Since then the railways have had 350,000 cars idle at one time, showing ample provision for the future, barring such conditions as could not be foreseen, like the war. The Government has imposed upon a larger ordinary business than was ever known the movement of more than a million troops, and 150,000 carloads of freight for the cantonments. This alone requires for maintenance 75,000 carloads a month, and there is still to be reckoned the business in connection with the building of more ships than the whole world built in any year before the war.

All this is made preferred traffic, and there is collision of priority orders. No one competent to judge will say that the railways have broken down under the strain. The facts show that the railways have accomplished all but a miracle, and are now the world's most efficient transportation machine. The achievements of this year are equal to the addition of 5,000 locomotives and 360,000 cars at a time when they were unprocurable and were of priceless worth. Somewhere there must be a limit, but Government operation may be at least deferred until the railways have reached it.

There is nothing strange about the Government's demands that its traffic shall be moved first. All shippers want that. The farmers did not like Mr. HILL's methods of railroading because he would move freight only in trainloads, and would not back an engine and car up to each farmer's barn at demand. Government operation would not do that for the Government. Everything cannot be moved first, and the job of deciding what shall fill the first cars does not belong to the railways at all. It is easier to make priority decisions than to fulfill them, but the trouble is more in the decision than in the movement. The Priority Board, with a railway man at the head, does not issue these conflicting orders. They are issued in routine by various departments of Government and on business in widely separated sections. These orders put the traffic on the roads, and the business is not taken off the railroads' hands at destination. Priority orders focus in the East, where most business is moving, with the same effect as if a dozen men were trying to pass through the same narrow doorway. It can pass them all, but they must take their turn.

The roads in other sections have least of this business and are making most money. The Eastern roads have most of this business, great congestion, and are making little money or none. In their argument for an increase of rates they told the Interstate Commission that their business would increase $161,000,000 this year, and their expenses $219,000,000. Yet the Commission seems to think that the roads ought to get their profits and upkeep from the increase of business. To the railways it looks as though their net would decrease 28 per cent. on the present volume, and would decrease more with more business of that sort. Government management is no remedy for such conditions, unless it means taxes for railway relief. The shippers have reached a frame of mind where they are willing to pay any rates just in time to learn that it is not a question of rates at all now, and that the business of some of them is not wanted on any terms. It would have been better for all if they had been sensible sooner. Then nobody would have had to be sorry, and the country would not face the danger of Government meddling with a machine of greatest delicacy and efficiency.

A WINTER OFFENSIVE.

A Winter offensive by the British and French on the Western front is said to have been decided on. The weather will be an important factor. In Flanders during a rainy season, such as occurs when the wind blows frequently from the northeast, the mud is so deep and sticky that the movement of big guns is impracticable, and even infantry find the surface of the soil heavy going. A Winter offensive on the line Ypres-Dixmude-Nieuport cannot be contemplated with any faith in favorable conditions; the British soldier has his opinion of water-logged Flanders, and it inspires masterpieces of profanity.

Even in Picardy, a rolling country, mild Winters bring too much rain to suit an enterprising commander. Underlying the surface is a stratum of mixed chalk and clay; when well soaked it has a glutinous quality where anything once stuck is extricated with difficulty. But in dry, cold weather Picardy, in which are Cambrai and St. Quentin, is a fine country to campaign in. Further southeast, where the French line takes a swing into the Vosges country, the Winters are likely to be severe, and deep snows must sometimes be reckoned with.

If Marshal HAIG should be blessed this season with the kind of weather in Picardy that fell to his lot in the midwinter of 1917, January and February, a constant hammering at the Hindenburg line would be practicable, and he would have no great trouble with his transport. Artillery, ammunition, and rations could be moved forward at the heels of his infantry. Last Winter, after the ground hardened, he gave the Germans little rest, and before March their retreat to the "Hindenburg line" began. Unfortunately for his plans, "the Summer of 1916," says Professor RAOUL of the University of Grenoble, "was unusually damp and rainy, and the Autumn simply abominable." That is why the four months' battle of the Somme stopped short of complete victory, although great things were achieved. The glue of the Picardy valleys gave the demoralized Germans a respite in November. But early in January HAIG started his battering ram again in the Arras sector. On Jan. 6, to the southeast of that place, he broke through their works on a front of 2,000 yards and reached the third line of trenches. HAIG's airmen darted about like swallows. Four days later the British made 1,500 yards east and northeast of Beaumont Hamel, and by the end of January all of the high ground was in HAIG's possession, and he had crossed the Beaucourt valley. In that month 1,228 prisoners were taken.

In February the Serre spur was occupied, the summit of Sailly-Saillisel ridge carried, and works on the left bank of the Ancre, near Grandcourt, taken. On the 24th airmen reported that the Germans were retiring. The British actually walked into positions at Pys, Miraumont, and Serre. The fact was the enemy's line on the north side of the Ancre had been turned. In February the British added 2,133 prisoners to their tally. Their offensive was pressed in March. Chaulnes and Bapaume were captured on the 17th, and the next day Péronne and Mont St. Quentin. Even when bad weather set in on the 20th, the British cleared the enemy out of fourteen villages in their advance south of Arras. April found them advancing against the line St. Quentin-Cambrai-Douai, the French co-operating so effectively on the south that they cut the La Fère-St. Quentin - Cambrai - Valenciennes Railroad, a supply line to the enemy's works on the Aisne. In fact, all through midwinter and the early Spring the French were hardly less active and successful than the British. Their vigorous campaign lasted well into April.

With as good luck in weather, the Allies in the Winter of 1917-18 should be able to keep in countenance the military experts in Washington who predict that the offensive will go on with accelerated vigor, and outrun the achievement of January-April of the present year, which blazed the way for the battle of Arras and the Champagne offensive of General PETAIN.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

American Tact Displayed.

That real information can occasionally be elicited from prisoners of war by their captors is a fact, of course, but always their statements must be received with caution and interpreted in full appreciation, first, of the captive's natural inclination to better his own condition by saying what he knows will be pleasant hearing, and, second, his equally natural inclination to give to the enemy as little of real and valuable information as possible. These two motives are in direct conflict, and in different degrees, according to the prisoner's intelligence and character, he yields to the one or the other or effects a compromise between them.

The Germans have thought it worth while to send out, and the British have forwarded to us, the real or pretended remarks made by the first Americans taken on the western front in answer to inquiries why the United States went into the war. Well-informed Germans, if any there be, need no information on that point, but it is probable enough that the officers into whose hands these men fell would ask such questions, and not improbable that the Americans would answer about as reported.

One of them, the dispatch stated, mentioned the submarine warfare as the decisive reason, another referred to the treatment of Belgium as thought by us to have been "rather bad," while a third declared that we were helping France out of gratitude to LAFAYETTE. All of this the Germans evidently liked, but none of it made them at all wiser than they were before. Our men, therefore, can be credited with having performed well the difficult task of seeming to be frank and obliging, when in reality they were reticent, and though the answers as they stand would win no prizes over here as full presentation of the American position, they will not be held on that account to prove either the ignorance or the stupidity of those who made them.

Perhaps what the whole incident makes more clearly manifest than anything else is that the Germans are thinking it judicious to treat our men, when prisoners, not with a special severity, but with a special kindness. The reasons for that are not hard to discover, and certainly love is not one of them.

His Mistake a Lesson in Reprisals.

In the "contributors' column" of the December Atlantic a curious story is told—a story sent to the editor of that magazine by a Belgian officer, a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology now in his own army after seeing service with the Canadian forces. He tells of the constant harassing by aerial raiders of the Channel ports near where he is stationed, and of one such attack that was a really notable achievement.

"As a rule," he writes, "no military damage is done and the casualties are mostly civilian, and that makes the horrible part of it. * * * However, sometimes mistakes happen. Lately, by moonlight, a German 'plane saw a column of troops on the road; he successfully dropped two bombs, killing twenty-nine men and wounding forty-one. It was a fine shot, all the more so that the column of troops were German prisoners being led back from work." And the editor's correspondent adds quietly: "The British gave them a nice military funeral, with all their German prisoners made to attend."

The advocates of "reprisals in kind" may well ponder this episode. It is not at all likely that the aviators of the Allies could ever be any more nearly sure than was the German in this case that the target at which they aimed was of military importance, and therefore legitimately to be destroyed if inanimate or killed if living. The emotions of the prisoners who attended the funeral of their countrymen, victims of a mistake that was most horrible, from their point of view, can be imagined. Equally easy is it to imagine the emotions of the civilian inhabitants of the French or Belgian city, as they, too, watched the ceremony and compared it with others that had marked the burial of women and children who had met a like fate in previous raids.

Presumably the German airman, on returning to his camp, made a proud report of his achievement, and probably he received for it another decoration or title. He had done his best to earn it.

New Rules for New Conditions.

There is no obvious or easily conceivable reason why the Lodge bill, permitting American soldiers taking part in the European war to accept medals and other marks of distinction offered to them by foreign Governments, should not become law. It has already passed the Senate and is now on the House calendar.

Our long-standing prohibition of such acceptances originated and persisted because of conditions entirely unlike those now existing. Its motive was partly the American dislike of titles and of putting a few men permanently in a class by themselves. Partly it arose from a feeling that service to another country, by which alone such distinctions could be earned, was or might be open to suspicion as disservice to this country. Now the unexpected has happened. Americans are fighting side by side with foreign soldiers on foreign soil, and what they do is as much for our allies as for ourselves.

When the Allies are moved to recognize by bestowing a cross or a ribbon the debts thus incurred, to take is as honorable as to give, and none of the ancient jealousies and antagonisms will be excited in any American minds that have advanced with the times and realize that the proprieties of yesterday may be the absurdities or the discourtesies of today.

There is no doubt that men, and American men not less than others, do value highly these marks of appreciation and respect. And well they may. The intrinsic worthlessness of them makes them the more precious. Among ourselves we long ago departed from the stern disapproval of the fathers when confronted by honorific insignia in their opinion incompatible with the equality of man to man they sought to establish. Equality now has for us a meaning different from what it had in the revolted Colonies, and we have come to know that alliances are not always and necessarily "entangling."

ART NOTES.

An unfortunate error was made in sending out the notices of the lectures to be given at the Brooklyn Museum during the exhibition there of the Brooklyn Society of Etchers. The dates of the lectures were transposed and the society asks the aid of the newspapers in correcting the mistake. The following is the correct announcement: On Dec. 8 a lecture on "Some Classic Etchings" will be given by William M. Ivins, Jr. On Dec. 15 a demonstration lecture on "Various Etching Processes" will be given by M. Paul Roche. While the latter will interest the comparatively small group of people who seek information concerning the technical side of etching, a very large number of persons are concerned with the more general subject, and it would be a pity if any of these were to miss what is certain to be a brilliant as well as a learned talk.

HOMES FOR SHIPBUILDERS.

Federal Aid Called For as a Necessary War Measure.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Public opinion should be aroused to an important question now pending before the Government, that of providing adequately for the housing of the new employes of shipyards, munition factories, etc., which are now being developed in different parts of the country where adequate housing facilities are not available.

The Council of National Defense, through a sub-committee, has reported favorably on the matter of the Government undertaking the building of such houses; but action by the President and Congress is necessary, and they should be made to feel that public opinion will be behind the Government in undertaking the radical policy of carrying on such work, hitherto always handled by private capital.

At Newburg, N. Y., where the writer, as President of the Newburg Shipyards, Inc., is engaged in building steel ships for the Government, there is an acute shortage of houses. In the next two months we shall require 2,000 more employes to man properly our shipyard, and there is not a vacant house in Newburg in which to put them. The same conditions, or worse, are present at many other shipyards and munition factories, and represent a very serious problem to the proper conduct of the industries.

The work that private capital is doing to build these houses should be supplemented by prompt Government aid. England met a similar situation last year by appropriating $50,000,000 for Government housing projects. At least $100,000,000 is needed immediately in America for the same purpose, and public opinion should urge action by the President and Congress. Entirely apart from its humanitarian aspects, this will be a war measure of the utmost importance.

THOMAS C. DESMOND,
President Newburg Shipyards.
Newburg, N. Y., Nov. 27, 1917.

Teachers' Loyalty Declarations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The teachers of this school, desiring to counteract the popular impression that many of the high schools are centres of sedition, have without exception, and of their own volition, signed the accompanying statement of loyalty:

Whereas, This nation, now engaged in war, requires for its welfare the unified effort and steadfast loyalty of all its citizens, we, teachers of the Girls' High School, recognizing the responsibility of our position as guiders of the youth of the nation and molders of public opinion, do hereby affirm our unswerving devotion to the democratic principles and ideals involved in the prosecution of the war against Germany and our whole-hearted support of our Government in this great world crisis.

WILLIAM L. FELTER,
Principal Girls' High School.
Brooklyn, Nov. 27, 1917.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a communication sent from the Boys' High School recently concerning the declarations of loyalty circulated by teachers of this school, the statement was made that Michael Kurz, a teacher of this school, was the only member of the Faculty who refused to sign any of the three declarations. It is only fair to Mr. Kurz to state that he was willing to sign the first and second parts of the declaration, and he has since done so, but takes exception to the last. The failure to sign in the first instance was due to a misunderstanding.

ARTHUR L. JAMES,
Principal Boys' High School.
Brooklyn, Nov. 27, 1917.

Farmers Lack Help, Not Patriotism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent editorial you gently chide the farmer. You suggest that he needs something of the quickening spirit of patriotism. "Already," you say, "we hear that disappointment with the results of this year's crops will curtail the acreage of planting and sowing," and you add, "That is a false note in the general harmony of striving."

If there is a prospect of reduced acreage in crops next year, which I cannot deny, it is lack of help and not lack of patriotism that is the difficulty. The farmer's help has been gradually drained away from him during the last few months.

At this moment, with snow flying, there is all through this section unfinished farm work. There are potatoes yet undug. Two weeks ago there were field beans not pulled and others still lying on the ground that should have been housed a month earlier. There are fields of corn unhusked that will remain in the field and take no little damage through the Winter. Corn stalks, worth half as much as hay for cattle feed, are left in the field unbound because labor cannot be had to put them into the barn. Young apple trees are left with grass growing about their roots, with the great hazard of their destruction by mice. What is perhaps more to the point, there are everywhere pieces of ground in grass or sod that should have been surely plowed this fall for next year's crops.

The plain truth is, there is unaccomplished work on nearly every farm; in fact, it has become a matter of selection as to which needed work may be best left undone, for want of labor to do it.

Thus it is, I think, in the Eastern States. As for the Western States, I spent the Summer in North Dakota, where I am farming, and can state from close acquaintance with the subject that but for the half to total failure of crops in Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota and Minnesota there would not have been men enough to take off the crops and plow the land back for next crop.

The prospect for a shortage of farm labor for the coming season is alarming and is worthy the most serious consideration.

Without attempting to discuss the remedy, I may say that it must largely lie in the release of man-power from unnecessary business, including municipal undertakings of every kind that can wait.

DATUS C. SMITH.
Kinderhook, N. Y., Nov. 24, 1914.

THANKSGIVING, 1917.

Our fathers' God, to Thee we come
A nation veiled—in sore distress—
To thank Thee for our harvest-home,
Our fields of plenty, Thou didst bless.

Hold this our land, so fair and dear,
Upon the path our fathers planned.
Thy justice rule—Thy truth be clear
In honor rooted let her stand.

We thank Thee for her noble sons,
Whose courage, bravery and pride,
Defying steel and storm of guns,
Bring them in millions to her side.

They battle for her liberty,
So ready with the awful price
(On land, in air, or on the sea)
Of their young lives as sacrifice.

We thank Thee for her womanhood,
The mothers, daughters, sisters, wives,
Who "do their bit" in hero mood,
While o'er their hearts the war-god drives.

We thank Thee for our leader brave
Who holds aloft the Stripes and Stars,
And bids us help the world to save
For Righteousness—and from all wars.

Our fathers' God, to Thee we pray,
In faith and hope we lean on Thee.
"Let Thou our strength be as our day"—
Guide Thou our land to victory!

ANNETTE KOHN.

CABINET MEMBERS VOICE THEIR THANKS

Send Messages to the Country and Its Defenders on Their Spirit of Unity.

ALL FORESEE VICTORY

Secretary Lane Declares He Gives Thanks Because We are a Nation Unashamed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The Official Bulletin, which is published by the Committee on Public Information, prints in its issue tonight Thanksgiving sentiments from all the members of the Cabinet except the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Commerce.

Acting Secretary Sweet of the Department of Commerce contributes in place of Secretary Redfield. Every page of the bulletin contains one of these expressions. Secretary Wilson telegraphed his from San Francisco, while Secretary McAdoo placed his on the wire in New York. The editor of the bulletin did not fail to let his readers know that the publication was receiving special dispatches.

At the top of the first page of the bulletin over an extract from President Wilson's Thanksgiving proclamation, which precedes the title head, is the following in large type:

"Cheering Thanksgiving Messages to Americans at Home and Fighting Forces Abroad from the President's Cabinet are in this issue."

Robert Lansing, Secretary of State, contributes the following:

"If we measured our national blessings by the materialistic standard of physical comfort and prosperity, which has been in recent years so potent in our thought as a people, the observance of Thanksgiving Day this year might seem almost a mockery, for we are engaged in the most destructive and terrible war of all times. But a new conception of national blessings has come to the American people, a conception in which the spiritual is exalted above the material, in which the life of the nation is placed above the life of the individual. No greater blessing could have come to the republic than this awakening to the fact that patriotism is more to be prized than wealth and that the loyal service and self-sacrifice of a people are the only sure protectors of national existence.

"When we consider that thousands of stalwart young Americans, inspired by love of country and by a deep sense of duty, are today in the trenches or near the battlefront in France, and that thousands upon thousands of others are in the camps in this country making ready to do their part in the struggle against the enemy which menaces our liberty and the liberty of all mankind, we ought to be grateful to the Supreme Being that so splendid a spirit of devotion animates our citizens and stands guard over our national life.

"Who ever feared that, as a people, we had given ourselves over to selfish materialism need no longer fear. Material interests are submerged beneath the tide of patriotism which has swept over this land, and which has found its fullest expression in the indomitable spirit of those who have gone forth to fight for their country wherever duty calls.

"This is a time when we as a nation should give thanks to the Almighty for having revealed to us the spiritual blessings which are ours. He has blessed us with knowledge that the soul of the nation has been put to the test and has not been found wanting; that the people of this great land are united and patriotic, and that they have consecrated themselves to unselfish service with a supreme faith in the righteousness of their cause and in the God Who rules the destinies of nations."

Glorious Service to Mankind.

William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, sends the following:

"For the first time in more than fifty years Thanksgiving Day finds America at war. In this chaos of civilization the power of America was needed to tip the scales in favor of freedom and democracy as against the enslavement of the world, which would inevitably follow the triumph of military despotism.

"Terrible as war is, and fearful as are the sacrifices it entails, nothing is comparable to freedom and liberty. For thousands of years suffering humanity has been striving for the goal of freedom and democracy. Today that goal has been only partially won. It never can be secured until the last remaining stronghold of military despotism in the world is destroyed.

"Germany, under the Kaiser, not content with threatening the civilization of Europe, finally sought to destroy America. For more than two years, while we were scrupulously observing our treaty obligations with Germany, the Kaiser was secretly plotting against our security and subtly undermining America's vital rights. Not alone was the safety of democratic institutions in America challenged by the Kaiser's aggressions, but the very life of our people, and the ideals for which we have always stood, were imperiled. We had to fight to save ourselves and to secure the national integrity. In accomplishing that we are bound to destroy Kaiserism. When we shall have performed this great service to humanity and the world we shall have liberated it from the fear of future wars, and we shall have brought immeasurably nearer the day when Christ's divine message, 'Peace on earth, good-will toward men,' will be realized.

"Grim and terrible as is the task before us, let us thank God on this Thanksgiving Day, in nineteen seventeen, that noble America, faithful to her traditions, the undaunted champion of democracy, has been called to perform this great and glorious service to mankind."

Baker Cheers the Army.

Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, writes:

"I am glad to take advantage of the opportunity which the Official Bulletin gives to send a word of appreciation and good cheer from the men of the War Department who are in this country to the men who are now in France.

"We are striving our hardest to send them, promptly and plentifully, the material things they need as they take their stand by the side of the gallant men who, for so long, have been holding the battle front for a world that shall look forward and not look backward.

"But we know that vitally important as equipment may be, the fight will be won by the stout hearts of men, and the message from our hearts to their hearts is one of confidence and trust.

"'Thrice is he armed that hath his quarrel just.'"

"Freedom for Humanity."

Thomas W. Gregory, Attorney General, says:

"Nearly a century and a half ago our forefathers, hungry and poorly fed, clothed, disciplined, and armed, gave, when needed, their all to try whether liberty could live undefiled by license; whether, after all that wise men had said, free self-government could exist. They dreamed and labored, and real freedom and free institutions were born. Today you battle that these may not die, but may live on and reach untold millions who now live under the blight of despotism. Be thankful on this day of thanksgiving that yours is the high honor to save freedom for humanity. If you do this your children, and your children's children, will bless and revere you; you will be known among the great ones of history until freedom is blotted from the world; succeeding generations will envy you. Be men, strong, brave, courageous, willing and able to preserve what your fathers won."

Albert S. Burleson, Postmaster General, wrote:

"Our Thanksgiving holiday is like many other good things—of New England origin. It came into national use during the civil war. The people of the United States in the celebration of this festival now have special cause for returning thanks to the Almighty Ruler of the universe for the many blessings He has showered upon us. While Europe, Asia, and Africa are ravaged by war, no foe has invaded our country, our cities have not been destroyed, and our people go about their business and live in peace, in plenty, and in security.

"After every honorable effort had been exhausted to avoid it we were thrust into the world's war. In the van of allied nations we have entered into the contest. We have met the crisis unselfishly, patriotically, and nobly. Our sons, true to the traditions, ideals, and standards of their heroic fathers, are mustering on the battlefields of Europe.

"Upon us has been imposed the burden of supporting the unoffending, struggling allied nations of Europe in this momentous contest. We are the granary of the world, the arsenal of our friends, and the banker of every nation which on its own soil and in its own homes fronts the cruel, remorseless foe who seeks their destruction and the subjugation of the world. In this holy war we fight to preserve liberty, democracy, the laws of nations, the usages of civilized warfare, and the blessings of Christianity.

"The people of the United States have at last awakened to national consciousness. Sectional lines, policies, and differences which in our previous history hindered and plagued us have forever disappeared. The past is behind us. Its animosities have been buried with it. They will never be invoked hereafter save by noisy disappointed politicians and traitors. This beneficent result justifies our sacrifice and to the Divine Author of all things should be returned our grateful thanks."

"Spirit of Bunker Hill."

Franklin Lane, Secretary of Interior, contributes this sentiment:

"I cannot give thanks for war, nor for the method that men make war, nor for the turning of the minds of men from things constructive to things destructive; but I can give thanks that this is a nation unashamed; that the spirit of Bunker Hill and Santiago is still quick and aggressive; that men are willing to die that liberty and justice may live; that we are not to see free peoples of the earth humiliated or crushed; and that fear is not to master the world."

"United in Devotion to Freedom."

William B. Wilson, Secretary of Labor, sent the following from San Francisco:

"I have traveled through the most diverse parts of the country and come in contact with every variety of our citizenship—the rich and the poor, those who have sprung from old English stock, as well as naturalized citizens who have come to us from the different lands of Europe, including the Central Powers. In the midst of all this diversity of place and people, behind all differences, I find a common and complete devotion to this country and an unquestioning devotion to the aims of freedom and democracy which are the purposes of this country behind the war.

"The ultimate sacrifice is made by those at the battle front, and readiness to make that sacrifice arouses the gratitude of the whole country. Those at the front must be supported by those at home in farm, field, mine, and factory.

"The whole nation must dedicate itself, and as the issue between freedom and authority is clearly drawn I find evidences on all hands that the whole nation is rising to its responsibility and dedicating all its resources, material as well as spiritual, to the successful prosecution of the war, and to the realization of those ideals for which we have entered upon it."

From Secretary Daniels.

Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, says:

"We are thankful to have discovered what some doubted before the war.

"1. That we have many youthful Nathan Hales in this generation who regret that they have only one life to give for their country.

"2. That the spirit of 'Don't give up the ship' actuating men in the navy today gives us many Lawrences, who meet death with little thought of self, but deep concern for their country.

"3. That the people of the United States are justified in their faith in the soldiers and sailors and marines who are of the same stuff as the men whose courage made Bunker Hill and King Mountain and Yorktown and Lake Champlain meccas of patriotism.

"4. That all America is mobilized and all true Americans have highly resolved to make every sacrifice that may be demanded for the sway of liberty and freedom in the world, where neither the autocracy of crowned heads nor entrenched privilege can deny the right of all men to govern themselves.

"5. That men and women hold fast to the faith of the fathers and that this faith enables them to count not their lives dear unto themselves, but girds them with endurance and willingness to cheerfully make the fullest surrender to secure the only peace that can abide—the peace based on justice between men and between nations.

"6. That out of the tragedies of war blossom the flowers of generosity, love, and brotherhood, ennobling national ideals and consecrating national character.

"7. That a spiritual vision has come to our countrymen enabling them to see that American valor is adding a new glory to our humanity so we can behold the better days, which will be ushered in only by those who, hating war and coveting no foot of land, battle in the spirit of him of whom Tennyson sung:

* * * He needs must fight
To make true peace his own.
He needs must combat might with might
Or might will rule alone.

PAYNE ESTATE $32,000,000.

Ex-Standard Oil Officer Had No Stock in Company at His Death.

The estate of Colonel Oliver Hazard Payne, which was estimated at $90,000,-000 at the time of his death, on June 27 last, was appraised yesterday at $32,-367,174. The report disclosed that, although Colonel Payne was for many years an officer of the Standard Oil Company, at the time of his death he did not own a share of stock of any company affiliated with the Standard Oil Company. The bulk of his securities, valued at more than $20,000,000, was in stock of the American Tobacco Company and its subsidiaries.

The share left to Payne Whitney, the favorite nephew of Colonel Payne, was appraised at $3,951,427, of which $3,714,-043 was a sixth interest in the residuary estate. Harry Payne Whitney, also a nephew, got only the Turner painting, "Corpus Christi Procession, Place of St. Marks," appraised at $125,000. Payne Whitney received only one-tenth of the estate of his father, the late William C. Whitney, while Harry Payne Whitney received half the estate, $21,-000,000. Colonel Payne's large bequest to Payne Whitney was said to be due to the latter's attitude toward the remarriage of his father after the death of the first Mrs. William C. Whitney, sister of Colonel Payne.

The largest bequest under Colonel Payne's will went to his nephew, Harry Payne Bingham, who gets a total of $7,465,735, including a direct bequest of $2,000,000, a sixth of the residue, and collection of art objects and paintings. Two nieces, Elizabeth B. Blossom and Frances Bolton, and William Bingham, III, a nephew, all of Cleveland, each get a sixth of the residue, and one-sixth is divided between Dorothy Wyndham Paget and Olive Cecelia Paget of London, children of Colonel Payne's niece, Mrs. Almeric Hugh Paget. Colonel Payne left nothing to his niece, Mrs. Willard D. Straight, who got three-tenths of the estate of William C. Whitney, her father. Lewis Cass Ledyard received $100,000, and an equal sum went to Henrietta L. Morris and Mabel Weddell, cousins.

The charitable bequests aggregated $7,000,000, of which $1,000,000 went to Lakeside Hospital, Cleveland; Yale University, and the New York Public Library, and $500,000 each to Cornell University and Phillips Academy. Bequests of $200,000 each were left to St. Vincent's Hospital and the Jewish Orphan Asylum of Cleveland, and Hamilton College. Twenty-one employes in Colonel Payne's homes at West Park, Esopus, and in New York, received from $7,000 to $1,000 each, according to the length of time of their employment.

Shares.	Stock.	Value.
4,019	American Snuff	$522,470
9,500	Amer. Telephone & Tel.	1,168,500
18,100	American Tobacco	3,493,300
15,801	American Tobacco pf.	1,595,901
5,000	Atlantic Coast Line	547,500
10,000	Lehigh Valley	600,000
9,700	Liggett & Myers	2,279,500
4,700	Liggett & Myers pf.	540,500
8,300	Lorillard Co	1,802,250
3,400	Lorillard Co. pf.	391,060
1,333	MacAndrews & Forbes Co.	279,930
2,100	MacA. & Forbes Co. pf.	208,900
5,000	National Biscuit	519,375
10,000	Pennsylvania Railroad	533,750
1,080	Porto Rican Tobacco Co.	240,300
20,000	Reading Co	1,936,000
2,252	R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.	1,139,780
4,538	United Drug Co.	335,880
1,387	Weyman-Bruton Co	332,880
1,330	Weyman-Bruton Co. pf.	148,350

Colonel Payne's largest holdings of bonds were $2,450,000 Great Northern Paper Company, $1,000,000 New York Central 4½s, and $894,000 City of New York 4½s.

MARION CLEVELAND, BRIDE IN PRINCETON

Daughter of Late President Married to Wm. S. Dell of New York by Dr. Hibben.

MISS KRECH WEDS AVIATOR

Her Marriage to Oliver B. James Held in St. Bartholomew's—Post-Gilbert Nuptial.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 28.—Miss Marion Cleveland, daughter of the late President Grover Cleveland and Mrs. Thomas J. Preston, Jr., and William Stanley Dell, son of William M. Dell of New York City, were married at noon today by Dr. John Grier Hibben, President of Princeton University. The ceremony was performed at Westland, the Princeton home of the bride, and was witnessed by only the immediate relatives and a few close friends of the couple. Miss Esther Cleveland, elder sister of the bride, is in France engaged in relief work for the blind French soldiers.

The bridegroom is a graduate of Princeton, class of 1916, and has been engaged in newspaper work. Until recently he was with the ambulance service in France, and was decorated with the French Cross of the Legion of Honor. Since his return he has attempted to enlist in the army, the navy, and the Marine Corps successively, and has been refused because of a defect in vision.

The couple will make their residence in New York temporarily.

Those attending the wedding were Richard F. Cleveland and Francis G. Cleveland, brothers of the bride; Mrs. Helen Sadman, her great-aunt; William M. Dell of New York, father of the bridegroom; Mr. and Mrs. Noah Cornwall Rogers of New York, his cousins; Mrs. John Grier Hibben, and Commodore and Mrs. Frank Seymour Hastings of New York. Commodore Hastings was the guardian of Miss Cleveland.

Miss Krech Bride of O. B. James.

The wedding of Oliver Burr James, a son of Dr. Walter B. James and Mrs. James, and a member of the Yale Flying Squadron, and Miss Angeline Krech, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin W. Krech, was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Bartholomew's Church. Palms closed off the side aisles, and chrysanthemums and palms decorated the chancel. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks, rector of the church, and the Rev. Dr. Endicott Peabody of the Groton School.

Miss Krech, who walked up the nave with her father, wore the creamy-toned satin gown that her mother also wore when she was married. The neck was square with the long train attached to it, and a point lace panel covered the front. The long sleeves were of point lace, and the tulle veil was held with orange blossoms and a bandeau of lace, leaving the top of her coiffure uncovered. She carried white and pink bouvardia.

The maid of honor was Miss Helen Krech, a sister of the bride, and the other attendants were Miss Margaret Krech, another sister; Mrs Shepard Krech, a sister-in-law, and the Misses Helen and Eunice James, sisters of the bridegroom. The latter wore dull light blue panne velvet frocks draped in modified bustle effect, with silver ribbon girdles and plain bodices having long sleeves, that part about the hands being of chiffon banded into the wrists. The necks were cut out a little, and had deep pointed collars of chiffon ending in velvet and a long tassel. Their large round hats, worn straight on the head, had blue velvet crowns with georgette crêpe brims and blue ribbon tied in cravat bows at the front.

The maid of honor's frock was chiefly of blue chiffon with an embroidered tunic over a velvet jupe. All carried long-stemmed apricot roses.

Mr. Krech's best man was Ensign William A. Rockefeller, and the ushers were Ensign Francklyn Lawrence, Captain John Olyphant, Lieut. Hamilton Hadley, Lieut. Maynard Ivison, Lieut. Wellington Davis, and Lieut. Samuel Peabody. The ceremony was followed by a small reception at the Krech residence, 17 East Seventieth Street.

The bride recently finished a course in Red Cross nursing at St. Luke's Hospital. Mr. Krech, the bride's father, is the President of the Equitable Trust Company and a director in various railways and other corporations. Dr. James, the bridegroom's father, is a well-known lecturer. He is visiting physician of the Presbyterian Hospital and consulting physician for Bellevue and other hospitals.

C. M. Post Marries Miss Gilbert.

The marriage of Charles Morgan Post, a son of Mrs. Stephen R. Post, and Miss Julia Swift Gilbert, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cass Gilbert, was solemnized yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Church of the Incarnation, simply decorated with palms and with white flowers on the altar. Bishop David H. Greer and the Rev. Thomas R. Bridges, rector of the church, officiated.

The bride, who walked with her father, was in a draped white satin robe, the front forming a deep point, and having a satin court train from the shoulders and transparent sleeves draping the arms. It was trimmed with lace worn by her mother at her wedding. The veil was arranged in a new and artistic effect. A deep diadem-shaped end of point lace bound her blonde coiffure, and over it was draped in loose cap-fashion the transparent folds of the tulle veil. She wore a large solitaire diamond depending from a slender neck-chain, and carried lilies of the valley.

Miss Emily Gilbert was her sister's maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were the Misses Jarvis Wyeth, who is to marry the bride's brother, Cass Gilbert, Jr., on Saturday; Mary Haskell, Claire Van Lennep, Augusta Dixon, Lois Hall and Gertrude Pardee. They were in mauve taffeta and chiffon frocks, with square-cut corsages and flowing sleeves of chiffon, and their large pink tulle hats were rolled sheer at the left side, and lavender ostrich feathers were wound around the crown and marked with a single flower. All carried armfuls of pink sweet peas and violet and purple pansies tied with wide mauve ribbons.

Henry M. Post was his brother's best man, and the ushers were Morgan Post, another brother; Cass Gilbert, Jr., a second lieutenant in the United States Army; Charles Higgins, Kiliaen Van Rensselaer, Arthur Randall, Walter Herrick, George Brower and Edmund Fairfax. A small reception followed at the Gilbert city home, 42 East Sixty-fourth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Post, on their return from their honeymoon, will occupy the apartment they have taken at 39 East Sixty-fifth Street.

The bride's father, Cass Gilbert, is one of the best known American architects, and has designed public buildings in many of the cities of the United States, including the Woolworth Building and the United States Custom House of New York, and was one of the founders of the Architectural League of New York.

Kittredge—Livingston.

The wedding of Miss Gertrude Channing Livingston, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Duane Livingston of this city, and Henry Crocker Kittredge, son of Professor and Mrs. George L. Kittredge of Cambridge, Mass., was quietly celebrated yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the chantry of Grace Church.

Only the near relatives and a few close friends witnessed the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, rector of the church, and the Rev. Dr. Frederick Gardiner of Philadelphia.

The bride, who walked with her father, wore a gown of cream colored satin, with a square train depending from the shoulders, over which fell the veil of point lace. The veil was arranged over the coiffure in cap effect and fastened at the back with a garland of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of orchids and lilies of the valley, and was unattended.

Endicott Marean of Boston acted as best man, and the two ushers were James Duane Livingston, Jr., and Robert T. Livingston, brothers of the bride, the former in the Lieutenant's service uniform of the 107th Regiment, and the younger brother in the Ensign uniform of the Naval Reserve forces. There was no reception.

Miss Florence Blackwell Weds.

The marriage of Miss Florence Arabella Blackwell, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Blackwell of Woodside, L. I., and Clifford Nicholas Werther, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Werther of Elmhurst, L. I., took place last evening at the home of the bride's parents. The ceremony was performd at 8.30 o'clock by the Rev. George H. Feltus of Washington, D. C., and was followed by a reception.

The bride, who wore a gown of white satin, with a tulle veil, and carried a shower bouquet of roses and lilies of the valley, was attended by her cousin, Miss Jeannette Davies of Philadelphia, who was in corn-colored taffeta and mauve chiffon. Jay Werther was best man for his brother.

Among the guests were Canon R. E. Jones of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, and Mrs. Stewart V. Cooke of Ottawa, a cousin of the bride, whose husband is a Captain with the Canadian Ordnance Corps of the overseas force.

The bride's father is the historian of the Welsh people of America, being one of the leading Welshmen of this country. Several years ago he was appointed to represent the Welsh universities at the international university conference held in New York.

Wed to Lieutenant Breckinridge.

Miss Helen Lile Steele of 72 West Eighty-seventh Street and Lieutenant Ben Johnson Breckinridge of this city were married yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Fourth Presbyterian Church, West End Avenue, by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Edgar W. Work.

The bride was unattended. Loyal Leale, son of Dr. and Mrs. Charles A. Leale, was best man. A reception followed at the home of the bride's sister-in-law, Mrs. John C. Breckinridge, 1,155 Park Avenue.

The bride is a daughter of Captain Theophilus Steele of the United States Army and a great-granddaughter of the Rev. Dr. Robert J. Breckinridge, who was one of President Lincoln's close friends and advisers.

Lieutenant Breckinridge is a son of J. Cabell Breckinridge, who was a Major in the Confederate Army, and received his commission at the second training camp at Plattsburg.

Bride of Capt. D. S. Townsend.

The wedding of Miss Adelaide Heuermann, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. R. Heuermann of 151 West Ninety-fourth Street, to Capt. Dallas Selwyn Townsend, U. S. R., now stationed at Camp Dix, took place at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the University Place Presbyterian Church, Tenth Street and Fifth Avenue.

Miss Katherine C. Neubold of Philadelphia was the bride's maid of honor and only attendant. Landon M. Townsend was his brother's best man, and the ushers were Benjamin Day, Lieut. Gilbert H. Thirkield, U. S. R., Lieut. Lewis K. Wilson, U. S. R., and Charles Proffitt. There was no wedding reception and the couple left at once for a short honeymoon.

Lieutenant Shipman Marries.

Miss Celine Zinkeisen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Zinkeisen, and Lieutenant Jehiel Gardner Shipman, Field Artillery, Officers' Reserve Corps, a son of Judge and Mrs. George M. Shipman, were married last evening at the MacDowell Gallery, 108 West Fifty-fifth Street, by the Rev. Edmund H. Carhart, Jr.

Miss Josephine Zinkeisen was her sister's only attendant, and George Marshall Shipman, Jr., was best man.

Lieutenant Shipman is a graduate of Princeton, and has been practicing law in Newark, N. J.

Delmonico—Fanshawe.

The marriage of Miss Edith M. Fanshawe, daughter of Mrs. Henry E. Fanshawe, to Charles Crist Delmonico, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Crist Delmonico of Madison, N. J., took place yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's mother in Farragut Place, Morristown, N. J. A luncheon for relatives was held preceding the ceremony at the Morris County Golf Club.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Donald M. Brookman, rector of St. Peter's Church. The bride, who was unattended, wore a gown of white net with satin train, and carried a bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley. Gardiner Delmonico was his brother's best man.

Miss Applin Weds Lieut. Dailey.

Miss Hallie Elizabeth Applin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Applin of East Orange, N. J., and Lieutenant Bernard Clark Dailey of the Coast Artillery Corps, U. S. A., were married yesterday afternoon at the Roseville Methodist Episcopal Church, Newark, N. J., by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Dorr F. Diefendorf.

Lieutenant Dailey is a son of Charles A. Dailey of 600 West 192d Street, New York. The wedding was to have taken place on Dec. 27 at the silver wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Dailey, but the date was advanced owing to the war.

Miss Marion L. Hees a Bride.

William Merle Sebring and Miss Marion Lockman Hees, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Rathbun Hees of 875 Park Avenue, were married yesterday afternoon in the chantry of St. Agnes's Chapel, West Ninety-second Street, by the vicar, the Rev. D. W. W. Bellinger, of St. Agnes. Arches of smilax outlined the aisle and white flowers were used on the altar. The bride wore a satin robe embroidered in seed pearls, veiled with tulle, with a court train and a tulle veil banded with orange blossoms, and carried jasmine.

Her only attendant was Miss Elaine Scherer. Edmund C. Lynch was Mr. Sebring's best man, and the ushers were Samuel J. Creen and Kenneth M. Groser. A reception for about 200 guests was held at the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. Sebring will live at 64 East Eighty-sixth Street on their return from a honeymoon trip.

Hulings—Everett.

Miss Anner Weed Everett, daughter of Edward A. Everett of Potsdam, N. Y., a member of the State Assembly, and Captain Courtland M. Hulings of the 312th Infantry, Camp Dix, were married last evening at 7:30 o'clock in the Madison Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church. A reception followed at the Murray Hill Hotel.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Mary Everett, and Miss Esther Merritt, daughter of the late Edward Merritt, who was Speaker of the State Assembly for a number of years. Ensign Frank Van Voorhees of the U. S. S. Cambridge acted as best man.

The bride is a graduate of the Crane Institute at Potsdam, N. Y., where Captain Hulings was graduated from the Clarkson College of Engineering, class of '15.

Lieutenant J. F. R. Packard Marries.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—Miss Mary T. Denckla, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hermann A. Denckla of Chestnut Hill, was married this afternoon to Lieutenant J. Francis R. Packard, U. S. R., son of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Packard, New York, in St. Paul's Church, Chestnut Hill, by the Rev. Stewart L. Tyson.

Miss E. Pauline Denckla was maid of honor and Miss Patty Denckla and Miss Agnes Packard flower girls.

Mr. Packard was attended by his father as best man. The ushers were Captain Richard T. Nalle, Captain Charles Nalle, Captain John H. Packard, 3d, C. Paul Denckla, and Hawley Chester and John Stewart of New York.

BRIDE 45; BRIDEGROOM 26.

Miss Francis, School Teacher, and P. Lanese, Soldier, Hurry to Wed.

Miss Carolyn L. Francis of 65 Hanover Street, Elmhurst, L. I., a teacher in the Newtown High School at Elmhurst since Oct. 1, and Peter Lanese, a private in the draft army at Camp Upton, were married in Monroe County last night. Miss Francis gave her age as 45 years. Lanese, who was born in Italy and is the son of an Italian carpenter of 93 East Hayes Avenue, Corona, is 26 years old.

Miss Francis has lived in Elmhurst for a number of years, moving there from Brooklyn. She told no one of her approaching wedding, and when she applied for a leave of absence from school the teachers were under the impression that she intended to spend Thanksgiving with her family in Monroe County. She announced that she would be back at school on Monday.

Miss Francis and Lanese received their license at Long Island City yesterday. Both had suitcases, and they told the clerk that they were hurrying to catch a train for Monroe County, where they intended to be married last evening. They did not state the town in which the ceremony would be performed.

MRS. DE LANOY WED AGAIN.

Now Wife of C. G. Cornell, Jr.—Her First Husband Wed Mrs. Mandeville.

It was learned yesterday that Mrs. Annie Corlies De Lanoy of this city was married on Oct. 6 last to Charles G. Cornell, Jr. They are residing at 11 East Sixty-eighth Street.

Mrs. Cornell's first husband was William C. De Lanoy, who was married in Washington, D. C., on Oct. 2, to Mrs. Helen D. Mandeville. He is one of the best known insurance men of New York, and is now Director of the War Risk Marine Insurance Bureau at Washington.

Miss Constance De Lanoy, a débutante of last season, is a daughter of Mrs. Cornell, who is prominent in society, and she has a son, Captain Douglas De Lanoy, at present stationed at Camp Upton.

Mr. Cornell is a member of the Metropolitan, Racquet and Tennis, Riding, and Country Clubs.

AMERICAN INHERITS A TITLE.

Frank C. Cooper Also Hears He Gets a $500,000 Fortune.

Frank C. Cooper, head of the information bureau in the District Attorney's office, was at work in the Criminal Court Building yesterday when he found a letter in his mail notifying him of his succession to an English baronetcy and that he had inherited an estate estimated to be worth $500,000. For the first time, too, he learned as he read the missive of the death of his brother, Sir Horace Cooper, which occurred six weeks ago in Devonshire, England. The letter was sent by attorneys for the estate.

"I am an American citizen, so I will have to pass up the title," announced Cooper. He did not believe the estate was as large as claimed under the old valuation. There were mortgages on some parts of it, he thought, and war conditions and taxes may have reduced its worth and income.

The only son of Sir Horace Cooper was killed at the battle of the Somme, which brings the title and estate to the New York man, who has a younger brother, Major Charles Cooper, Governor of the Western Soldiers' Home in London. Frank Cooper was a newspaper man when former District Attorney Jerome appointed him to his present position.

Obituary Notes.

CRAWFORD GETTMAN, once the greatest manufacturer of window glass in this country, died yesterday at his home in Cleveland, N. Y. He was 84 years old.

GEORGE H. GREENIA, a prominent Republican of Brooklyn, died yesterday at his home, 602 Sixth Street, Brooklyn, in his forty-eighth year. He was in the insurance business and was a member of many organizations, including St. John's Lodge No. 1, Damascus Commandery, Mecca Shrine, Elks, and Montauk Club. Mr. Greenia was born in Rome, N. Y.

FRED HEINLE, 40 years old, of 132 East Forty-seventh Street, a construction foreman, fell into a tank of slaking lime yesterday in front of the apartment house in the course of construction at Madison Avenue and Forty-seventh Street. He was rescued by fellow workers, but died in Flower Hospital.

Mrs. ELIZABETH G. COSGROVE, widow of Frank Cosgrove, died yesterday at her home on Simpson Avenue, Madison, N. J. A son, Edward Cosgrove, is a cavalryman, stationed in Kansas.

CHARLES C. PAIGE of Franklin N. H., dropped dead yesterday in that city while waiting at the railroad station for a train to take him to the home of his son, the Rev. Wesley A. Paige, at Claremont, for Thanksgiving. Mr. Paige was 70 years old, and was to have been married Saturday.

WILLIAM EDWARD CLARK, an artist, is dead at his home, 875 East Twelfth Street, Brooklyn. He was a member of De Long Council, Royal Arcanum, and was 50 years old.

Mrs. JULIA SAMENFELD, a resident of Brooklyn for fifty years, and the widow of Mark Samenfeld, died at her home, 122 Pennsylvania Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, in her sixty-third year. She is survived by six daughters and two sons, Dr. Joseph Samenfeld and Lee Samenfeld, an architect for the Public Service Commission.

Mrs. HARRIET FELTON McDONALD, widow of James R. McDonald, a Seattle, Wash., lumber merchant and railroad man, died Tuesday at her home, 156 Eighty-third Street, Bay Ridge. She was 74 years old and was born in Brantford, Ontario, Canada.

ROBERT CRAIG MALEY, 50 years old, formerly a customs broker and in recent years with the Standard Lime Company, died on Tuesday at his home, 56 Dennington Avenue, Richmond Hill.

JAMES BENJAMIN O. SHEVILL, a retired book dealer, died on Monday at his home, 238 East Thirty-first Street, Flatbush, aged 61 years.

ALBERT CORT WIECHERS, a law student and connected with the Enterprise Automobile Company of Bridgeport, Conn., died in Pittsburgh on Monday from injuries received in an automobile accident in that city. He was 35 years old and lived at 318 Clarkson Avenue, Flatbush.

HERMAN H. A. SCHRECK, a newspaperman for the last twenty years on the staff of The Brooklyn Standard Union, died in the Hahnemann Hospital, Manhattan, on Tuesday after an operation. Mr. Schreck was born in this city forty-three years ago and at one time was connected with a dramatic company. His home was at 63 Charlton Street.

Mrs. PHOEBE MARIA GARRISON, 88 years old, widow of John Henry Garrison and one of the oldest members of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, died from heart disease on Tuesday at her home, 320 East Fourth Street, Flatbush.

Mrs. AUGUSTA STEENS, one of the oldest residents in Babylon, L. I., died at her home there on Sunday at the age of 92 years. She was the widow of William Steens, and is survived by four daughters and three sons.

Mrs. SUSAN RIKEL, widow of Charles H. Rikel, a civil war veteran, is dead at the home of her son, 140 Martense Street, Flatbush, aged 75 years. Mrs. Rikel lived in Freehold, N. J.

Dr. NATHANIEL BARCOCK DARLING, for forty-four years a practicing physician in Brooklyn, died yesterday at his residence, 217 St. James Place, Brooklyn, in his eighty-fourth year. Dr. Darling had been a resident of that borough nearly all his lifetime. He was born in Smithtown, L. I. and was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University in 1873.

ERASTUS WORTHINGTON HAWKINS, 82 years old, a retired builder of New Haven, Conn., died at his home, 845 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, on Monday.

GARDINER GREENE HOWLAND, formerly of this city, whose father, the late Gardiner Greene Howland, was general manager of The New York Herald at one time, died on Tuesday, in Los Angeles. Mr. Howland had been in delicate health for many years and left New York to make his home in California. He is survived by a daughter.

SALLI KAISER died Tuesday at his home, 558 East 158th Street. He was 56 years old, and was formerly in the butcher supply business.

JEWISH RELIEF DAY CROWDS HERO LAND

Record-Breaking Audience Sees Spectacle in Which 300 Took Part.

TRIBUTE BY LORD READING.

Brig. Gen. White Reads Cable Message from Lord Chief Justice of England.

Jewish Relief Day at Hero Land was marked by the largest attendance last night since the big war benefit bazaar opened Saturday, and the crowd was said to be the largest ever in Grand Central Palace. The program last night was marked by a spectacular production, "On the Road to Victory," in which more than 300 persons, including many well-known actors and actresses, took part. The affair was under the direction of Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff. Many dinner parties were given in the five restaurants, which form a feature of Hero Land. Among those present was former President William H. Taft. In the midst of the big spectacle in Great Hall, Brig. Gen. W. A. White, head of the British Recruiting Mission, mounted the big stage built over the skating rink, and read a cablegram from Lord Reading, in which he said, "Hero Land should help the cause of liberty and justice, and has my entire sympathy."

"The message I have just read," said General White, "is from a man himself a Jew, the Lord Chief Justice of England. The Jewish race have found in Britain a country where they have been able to enjoy the privileges of citizenship and liberty for which the allied nations are now fighting. The Jews have proved themselves worthy of that liberty. America, like Britain, has given liberty to the Jew. The world knows that America is repaid by that same spirit of loyalty, devotion, and patriotism which Britain has received from the Jewish race."

Felix M. Warburg, Chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee of American Funds for Jewish War Relief, in reviewing the work in America for Jewish relief said in part:

"Our Jews have collected since the beginning of the war about $12,000,000. They have spent nearly $3,000,000 in Russia, $3,000,000 for the Russian population in Poland, more than $1,000,000 in Palestine, nearly $2,000,000 in Russian Galicia, nearly $500,000 in Turkey, and appropriate amounts in Greece, Serbia, Rumania, Tunis, Algiers, Morocco, Switzerland, France, and Spain—wherever refugees have been in sore straits."

The big spectacle last night was designed by Miss Margaret S. Crawford under the Entertainment Committee, consisting of Mrs. Schiff, Miss Irene Lewisohn, Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Mrs. I. N. Spiegelberg, M. H. Hanson, Mrs. Eugene Lewis, Mrs. Otto Lowengard, Miss Harriet B. Lowenstein, Mrs. Sol Bloom, Mrs. Sidney C. Borg, and Daniel Frohman.

In the program in the afternoon Elsie Janis, Cosmo Hamilton, Olive Wyndham, Laura Hope Crews, Charles Cherry, Holbrook Blinn, Helen Gray, and others took part. Two acts from "Miss 1917," at the Century Theatre, were presented. Some of those who occupied boxes or attended dinner parties last night were:

Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer, Miss Julie Lentilhon, Miss Louise Edgar, Mrs Walter E. Maynard, Miss Harriet B. Lowenstein, Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Mrs. J. D. M. Cardoza, Mrs. William Astor Chanler, Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg, Mrs. Samuel Porter Hopkins, Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Miss Elsa Maxwell, the Italian Consul General and Mme. Foccardi, Mr. and Mrs. Sterling S. Beardsley, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. Franklin Farrel, Mr. and Mrs. Jules S. Bache, Mrs. E. N. Breitung, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Metcalf, Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer L. Schiff, Baroness Huard, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, Miss Janette Scudder, and Mr. and Mrs. William A. Delano.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff, Mr. and Mrs. Felix M. Warburg, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Borg, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Guinness, Miss Winifred Ives, Miss Alice Hill Chittenden, Mrs. Gertrude Atherton, Mrs. Clive Bayley, Judge and Mrs. Norman S. Dike, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Stern, Mrs. Theodore Bernstein, Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, Mrs. Abraham Bijur, Mrs. Abram I. Elkus, Mrs. William Einstein, Mrs. Mortimer Fox, Mrs. Isabella Freed, Mrs. Benjamin Guggenheim, Mrs. S. R. Guggenheim, Mrs. Morris Loeb, Mrs. Allen Lehman, Mrs. Arthur Lehman, Mrs. Casimir I. Stralem, Mrs. Oscar S. Straus, and Mrs. Israel Unterberg.

One of the attractive features of the bazaar is the Russian street, in which Mrs. James Hamilton Lewis, wife of the Senator, tells fortunes in a booth just around the corner from the entrance. Mrs. Lewis is a palmist of accomplishment, having made a study of the art for a number of years, during which she visited Spain, Morocco, Switzerland and Hungary to study under the world's greatest palmists. She has also taken courses in palmistry at schools in London and Paris. Surrounded by cigarette girls, Russian orchestras, vocalists and other diversions, she took time enough last night to tell a reporter how many sins of omission and commission were shown in his calloused palms, and told him it was yet possible for him to reform the lines of his hands.

This will be Navy Day at Hero Land.

Captain Bernard P. Sheldon.

Captain Bernard P. Sheldon, formerly an officer in the Forty-second Highlanders, better known as the Black Watch, invalided home because of wounds received in the war, died yesterday morning at the Lawrenceville Hospital, in Bronxville, following an operation for appendicitis.

Captain Sheldon served in the Gallipoli campaign and also at Saloniki. He was wounded a number of times, twice seriously, and also contracted trench fever. It was due largely to the persistence of the fever that he was unable to recover from his recent operation.

Colonel Nicholas Harper Davis.

Colonel Nicholas Harper Davis, a retired willowware merchant of Manhattan, and later for many years an auditor in the Controller's office, died in the German Hospital, Brooklyn, on Monday from shock received in an accidental fall in which one of his legs was broken. Colonel Davis was in his eighty-eighth year and for years was active in the civic affairs of Williamsburg and the old City of Brooklyn. He was Colonel of the old Seventh Regiment of New York Cavalry before the civil war. He was one of the organizers of the Exempt Firemen's Association of the Eastern District and for several years was Master of Cassia Lodge, No. 445, F. and A. M. His home was at 133 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn.

Charles Henry Wilmerding.

Charles Henry Wilmerding, a former President of the Electric Light Association of Chicago, and well known as an electrical engineer, died on Tuesday. He was born in New York in 1858, and was formerly connected in the capacity of engineer with the Chicago Edison Company. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Lily Fay Wilmerding; a son, Lieutenant Charles H. Wilmerding, Jr., stationed at Spartanburg, and two daughters, Mrs. W. B. Sprague of Flushing, L. I., and Mrs. Lowell R. Burch of New York. Mr. Wilmerding returned to New York from Chicago in 1906.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow morning at 10:30 in St. Saviour's Chapel, Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

Mrs. Sabine de Fischer Wise.

Mrs. Sabine de Fischer Wise, widow of Rabbi Aaron Wise and mother of Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, died at midnight last night in the German Hospital. Mrs. Wise was born in Austria eighty-one years ago.

Mrs. Wise is survived by three sons, three daughters, nine grandchildren, and two great-grandchildren. Her daughters are Mrs. I. Asher, Mrs. Edward Davis, and Mrs. G. G. Fischer. Her sons are Rabbi Wise, Otto Irving Wise of the San Francisco bar, and Joseph Herbert Wise of New York.

Aaron Wise, Mrs. Wise's late husband, was for twenty-five years rabbi of Temple Rodeph Sholom, Lexington Avenue and Sixty-third Street. Her father was one of the founders of the porcelain industry in Austria and was made a baronet by Emperor Francis Joseph.

PROF. MATTHEWS'S FUNERAL

Delegation from Columbia School of Journalism Among Mourners.

The funeral of Franklin Matthews, associate professor in the Columbia University School of Journalism, and a widely known news executive, who died suddenly on Monday in the Pennsylvania Station, was held last night at his home at 427 Manor Avenue, Brooklyn Manor, Queens. The Rev. Paul H. Land, pastor of the Woodhaven Reformed Church, officiated. There will be a brief service at the home this morning, after which the body will be incinerated and the ashes interred in Rosedale Cemetery, New Jersey.

Among those present at the services were a number of representatives of The New York Times and The Sun, with which papers his career was chiefly identified, and of Columbia University and Cornell, his alma mater. Dr. Talcott Williams, director of the School of Journalism, headed a delegation of some fifty teachers and pupils. The coffin was banked with floral pieces, among the most notable of which were those sent by Columbia University, Cornell University, of which Professor Matthews was a Trustee, and the Cornellian Council, of which he was President.

Professor Matthews's son, Crosby, was present, but his daughter, Mrs. Myra [illegible] Parsons of Chicago, was kept at home by illness.

The present student body of the School of Journalism is organizing the Franklin Matthews Memorial Association, which will erect a tablet to the professor's memory in the journalism building.

Col. William M. Morton.

Colonel William M. Morton, formerly Third Assistant Postmaster General under Presidents Grant and Hayes and well known in the theatrical business in New York and Newark, died suddenly yesterday in his home at 105 South Eleventh Street, Newark, from a complication of diseases. His wife survives him.

Born in New York seventy years ago Colonel Morton at one time was manager of the Tammany, now the Fourteenth Street Theatre. In the civil war he enlisted in the Eighth New York Militia as a volunteer and left the army with the rank of Colonel.

Spencer H. Smith.

Spencer H. Smith, a retired broker and scion of an old Knickerbocker family, died yesterday in his Summer residence at Santa Barbara, Cal., in his eighty-ninth year. Mr. Smith lived in New York until about twenty years ago. His first wife was Eliza Southgate Bowne, a daughter of former Mayor Bowne of New York. He is survived by his second wife, Mrs. Catherine Elizabeth Dallet, and by two daughters, Mrs. Charles W. Carpenter and Mrs. Samuel Freeman.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

GREENSTONE—KATZ.—Mr. Jerome S. Katz of 16 West 90th St., announces the engagement of his sister, Josie S., to Dr. Shirley Greenstone. Cleveland papers please copy.

HAMPEL—McCLOSKEY.—Miss Ella McCloskey of Providence, R. I., to William Hampel of New York.

HEER—SCHABER.—Minna Schaber to Bernard F. Heer.

Married.

BLOCH—MARKS.—On Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, at Hotel Astor, Miss Rose Marks of Towanda, Penn., to Henry Bloch of New York City, by Dr. John Lovejoy Elliott.

JAMES—KRECH.—On Wednesday, Nov. 28, at St. Bartholomew's, by the rector, Rev. Leighton Parks, D. D., assisted by Rev. Endicott Peabody, D. D., Angeline Jackson, daughter of Alvin William Krech, Esq., to Ensign Oliver Burr James, U. S. Naval Reserve force.

LIVINGSTON—KITTREDGE.—At Grace Church Chantry, on Nov. 28, 1917, by Rev. Chas. L. Slattery, D. D., assisted by Rev. Frederick Gardiner, D. D., Gertrude Channing Livingston, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Duane Livingston, to Lieutenant Henry Crocker Kittredge of Cambridge, Mass.

MARTIN—BRITTAIN.—On Nov. 27, at her home, Miss Virginia Irene Brittain of Yonkers, N. Y., to Sergeant Arthur S. Martin, the Rev. William P. Bruce officiating.

MORNINGSTAR—LONG.—Mr. and Mrs. Robert D. Long of Philadelphia, announce the marriage of their daughter, Edith Fenmore, to Percy P. Morningstar of New York, on Nov. 20, 1917.

ROMAINE—HOLDER.—At Cambridge, Mass., on Nov. 27, by the Rev. Elwood Worcester, D. D., Edith, daughter of Frederick Blake Holder, to Ralph Benjamin Romaine, Ensign U. S. N. N. V.

SHIPMAN—ZINKEISEN.—On Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 108 West 55th St., New York, by the Rev. Edmund Hance Carhart, Jr., Celine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Zinkeisen to Lieutenant Jehiel Gardner Shipman, U. S. R.

TILLARD—FOSTER.—Mrs. John Weems Tillard announces the marriage of her daughter, Helene, to Charles Clinton Foster, Sergeant, Corps of Engineers, U. S. N. A., by Rev. Charles Popham, on Monday, Nov. 26, 1917, at 6 Moen Place, Newark, N. J.

WEIL—STRAUS.—Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Straus announce the marriage of their daughter, Belle S., to Mr. Berthold Weil, Nov. 28, 1917, at their home, 307 West 93d Street, New York City.

YOUNG—NUTT.—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Nutt announce the marriage of their daughter, Margaret, to Wilfred J. Young, on Wednesday, Nov. 28.

Died.

BAILHACHE.—Tuesday, Nov. 27, Mary Goodwin, beloved wife of Preston H. Bailhache, Surgeon U. S. Public Health Service, at her home, 27 Townsend Av., Clifton. Funeral from St. John's Church, Clifton, S. I., 2:30 P. M. Friday, the 30th inst. Friends will kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

BLUHM.—Ernestine, (nee Herrman,) on Tuesday, Nov. 27, beloved mother of Leo, Julius, Philip, and Louis, at her residence, 817 West End Av. Funeral from her late residence, Thursday, Nov. 29, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Salem Fields. Kindly omit flowers.

BOSE.—Herman, Jr., beloved son of Herman Bose, suddenly, at U. S. Naval Aero Station, Pensacola, Fla. Funeral from Funeral Parlor, 674 Lexington Av., near 65th St., on Thursday, Nov. 29, at 10 A. M.

BRITT.—On Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, Ellen A. Britt, widow of the late John J. Britt and mother of T. Louis A. Britt and of the late John Gabriel Britt. Funeral from her late residence, 453 East 57th St., New York City, Friday, Nov. 30, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass Church of St. John the Evangelist, 55th St. and 1st Av., New York City, 10 A. M.

BROWN.—At Bolton Landing, Lake George, N. Y., Nov. 28, Myron O. Brown, aged 80 years. Funeral service at Bolton Landing, Friday, 2 P. M.

BURHAMS.—Catharine, on Wednesday, Nov. 28, in the 88th year of her age. Her relatives and friends and those of the late Rev. Anthony Elmendorf, D. D., are invited to attend the funeral services on Saturday, Dec. 1, at 10:30, at the residence of George M. Lillie, 41 Frelinghuysen Road, Brighton Heights, S. I. Interment at Willow Grove Cemetery, New Brunswick, at 3 o'clock.

DOUGHERTY.—Thomas M., aged 33, suddenly, at his home, 26 Quogue St., Union Course, L. I. Solemn requiem mass at St. Thomas's R. C. Church, Benedict Av., Woodhaven, Saturday at 10 A. M. Interment at St. John's Cemetery.

FERDON.—At Damascus, Va., Nov. 25, 1917, Arthur Irving, beloved son of Rachael Bogart and Henry S. Ferdon, in his 41st year. Services at the residence, 215 Broad Av., Leonia, N. J., Friday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

FINNEY.—Harriet, at the home of her sister in Staten Island on Nov. 27, 1917. Interment Friday at Woodlawn Cemetery, New Windsor, N. Y.

FOGEL.—On Nov. 28, William P. Fogel, formerly of Rutherford, N. J. Funeral services at Grace Episcopal Church, West Passaic Av., Rutherford, N. J., Friday afternoon, at 2:30. Carriages in waiting on arrival of train leaving Erie Railroad, Jersey City, 1:40 P. M.

FOUNTAIN.—At Hackensack, N. J., Nov. 28, 1917, Charles S., beloved husband of Rachel A. Hall, aged 59 years. Funeral service at his late residence, 326 Park St., Hackensack, N. J., Friday evening, Nov. 30, 8 o'clock.

GAMGEE.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, John H. Gamgee, 206 17th St., Brooklyn. Notice of funeral later.

GOLDSON.—Entered into rest on Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, Joseph Goldson, in his 82d year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 675 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, on Friday at 8 P. M.

GREENIA.—George H., on Nov. 28, entered into rest at his residence, 602 6th St., Brooklyn. Funeral services on Friday, Nov. 30, at 8:30 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend, also members of St. John's Lodge No. 1, F. and A. M., Damascus Commandery and Mecca Shrine. New England papers please copy.

HALLET.—Suddenly, on Nov. 27, 1917, John E. Hallet, aged 56 years. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend funeral services from his late residence, 736 East 220th St., Bronx, on Friday, Nov. 30, at 8:15 P. M. Washington Star paper, Washington, N. J., please copy.

HAMMOND.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Nov. 28, Halsey Rey, son of Halsey and Belle W. Hammond, in his 23d year. Funeral services will be held from his home, 256 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, on Friday evening, (hour will be announced later,) Nov. 30.

Died.

HERZOG.—On Wednesday, Nov. 28, Florence S., beloved wife of Nelson H. Herzog and devoted mother of Emden and Alan George Herzog and sister of Solomon Sulzberger. Funeral at the convenience of the family.

HILDEBRAND.—Peacefully fell asleep on Nov. 28, 1917, Emma M. Hildebrand, (nee Reinold,) of 60 High St., West Nutley, N. J., widow of the late O. C. P. Hildebrand and beloved mother of Minnette A. McCully and Emma L. B. Wilson. Funeral services at 2 P. M. Saturday, Dec. 1, 1917, at her home. Services private.

HOWLAND.—At his residence, Los Angeles, Cal., on Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, Gardiner Greene Howland, son of the late Gardiner Greene and Mary Grafton Howland.

ISAACS.—On Nov. 28, 1917, Elias M. Isaacs, beloved husband of Bertha, (nee Bechhofer,) aged 74. Funeral services from his late residence, 193 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn, Friday, Nov. 30, at 1 o'clock.

JACKSON.—On Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, Naomi Jackson, in her 61st year. Funeral services will be held at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Stanley W. Pallister, 222 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, Nov. 30, at 3.30 P. M.

JONES.—On Nov. 27, Mary A., widow of Charles Jones and dearly beloved mother of Mary, Emily, and Frederick Vincent Jones. Funeral from her late residence, 53 West 51st St., Friday, 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Patrick's Cathedral, where mass of requiem will be offered at 10 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

KAISER.—Salli, on Nov. 27, beloved husband of Dora (nee Mayer) and father of Leo Kaiser and Juliette Cahn. Funeral from his late residence, 558 East 158th St., (corner of Brook Av.,) Thursday morning at 10 o'clock sharp.

KAISER.—Noah Benevolent Society—Members are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of our late brother, Salli Kaiser, from his late residence, 558 East 158th St., on Thursday, Nov. 29, at 10 A. M.
HERMAN BRAND, President.

KANE.—Nov. 27, 720 Dean St., Brooklyn, Margaret Kane. Burial from her late residence Friday, Nov. 30, at 10 A. M.

KREUDER.—On Nov. 28, 1917, Ferdinand F. Kreuder, beloved brother of Phillip Kreuder. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 335 Hudson St., Hoboken, N. J., on Friday, Nov. 30, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

LEACH.—On Wednesday, Nov. 28, at his residence, 48 McDonough St., Brooklyn, George W. Leach. Funeral services private Friday afternoon. Poughkeepsie papers please copy.

LUNZ.—Nov. 27, Charles S. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Friday, 8 P. M.

MANSFIELD.—On Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, Frank George Mansfield, son of Mrs. Lena Mansfield. Funeral services will be held at the home of his mother, 326 East 198th St., on Thursday, Nov. 29, at 8:15 P. M. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery on Friday, Nov. 30, at 2 P. M.

MINNER.—Suddenly, at Cape May, N. J., on Nov. 27, Robert A., beloved husband of Kate Howell Minner. Interment at Cedar Grove.

MONROE.—Elizabeth Roberts Monroe, beloved wife of Harry C. Monroe, on Nov. 27. Funeral services Friday at 2 P. M. at Fogarty's Funeral Parlors, 22 Madison Av., Flushing, L. I.

SALAT.—Max, on Tuesday, Nov. 27. Funeral service Thursday, Nov. 29, at 1 P. M., from late residence, 930 East 179th St.

SEAMAN.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, James A. Seaman. Funeral services at his late residence, 266 Hamilton Av., Richmond Hill, L. I., on Friday, Nov. 30, 1917, at 2:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

SMITH.—At his Summer residence, Santa Barbara, Cal., Spencer H. Smith, in his 89th year, beloved husband of Catherine Elizabeth Dullett and father of Mrs. Charles W. Carpenter and Mrs. Samuel Freeman. Philadelphia papers please copy.

SOWDON.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, Augusta W., widow of Richard Edwin Sowdon. Funeral services at 78 North Broadway Friday at 1:30 o'clock. Interment Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn.

STAPLETON.—On Tuesday, Nov. 27, Mary Stapleton. Funeral from her late residence, 115 Washington St., Hempstead, L. I., on Friday, Nov. 30, at 9 A. M.; thence to Our Lady of Loretto Church, Hempstead, L. I.

SUTHERLAND.—Nov. 27, 1917, Mary Frances Sutherland. Funeral Stephen Merritt's Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St. Time later.

TRAVIS.—Suddenly, at his residence, 102 West 80th St., New York City, on Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, Martin V. B. Travis, in the 75th year of his age. Funeral services on Saturday at Shrub Oak, Westchester County, N. Y.

VOGEL.—Herman, at his residence in Tuxedo Park, on Nov. 27, 1917. Services at St. Mary's Church, Tuxedo Park, on Friday, Nov. 30, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

WHITNEY.—Rosa Jennings Whitney, beloved wife of William J. Whitney, on Monday evening. Services will be held at 8 o'clock Thursday evening, Nov. 29, at her late residence, 1,092 Prospect Place, Brooklyn. Interment Friday at Woonsocket, R. I.

WIECHERS.—Suddenly, at Pittsburgh, Penn., Albert Cort Wiechers, beloved husband of Marion Wiechers (nee Whalen) and father of Albert Wiechers, Jr., in his 35th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 318 Clarkson Av., Flatbush, on Thursday, Nov. 29, at 8 P. M. Interment Friday morning, private.

WILMERDING.—On Nov. 27, at New York City, Charles Henry Wilmerding. Funeral services on Nov. 30 at 10:30 A. M., St. Saviour's Chapel, Cathedral of St. John the Divine. Interment private. Chicago papers please copy.

WISE.—On Nov. 28, at midnight, Sabine de Fischer Wise, widow of Rabbi Aaron Wise, aged 81 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BOGUMIL.—Herman, 243 East 84th St., Nov. 28. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
BURGET.—Lawrence, 1,068 Findlay Av., Nov. 27, aged 7.
CONNELL.—Michael, 3,477 3d Av., Nov. 27. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.
EGAN.—Margaret T., 229 West 16th St., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
FENTON.—Kate, 174 East 82d St., Nov. 27.
FESSLER.—Barbara, 3,758 Park Av., Nov. 27. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
GOLDBACH.—Frances, Nov. 27, aged 32. Funeral, 2,003 7th Av., today, 2 P. M.
GOLDBERGER.—Joseph, 1,716 2d Av., Nov. 26, aged 64. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
HANLEY.—Margaret, 706 3d Av., Nov. 26.
KROEGER.—Emil, 723 Union Av., Nov. 26, aged 49.
McCORMICK.—Mary, 793 Amsterdam Av., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
MEYER.—Ullman, 135 West 116th St., Nov. 27, aged 43. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
MISTLER.—John G., 388 Willis Av., Bronx, Nov. 26.
NERICH.—Nicholas, 220 West 60th St., Nov. 25. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
O'BRIEN.—Catherine, 1,138 Edison Av., Bronx, Nov. 28. Funeral today.
O'ROURKE.—Patrick, 520 West 53d St., Nov. 27. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
PREUSS.—John, 162 East 111th St., Nov. 26.
RICCETILLI.—Joseph, 781 East 161st St., Nov. 27. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
SCHRECK.—Herman H. A., 63 Charlton St., Nov. 27. Funeral service today.
THON.—Henry, West New Brighton, Nov. 27. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

BADER.—Agnes M., 60 Nichols Av., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
BAYLES.—Alfred G., 2,504 Pitkin Av., Nov. 27, aged 81. Funeral private.
BUTTNER.—Virginia, 202 North 8th St., Nov. 27. Funeral today.
BYRNE.—Theresa, 32 Howard Av., Nov. 27. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
CAHILL.—James E., 491 Clinton St., Nov. 27. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
CASSIDY.—William B., 292 Willoughby Av., Nov. 27, aged 40. Funeral Dec. 1.
DARLING.—Dr. Nathaniel B., 217 St. James Pl., Nov. 28. Funeral private.
EASTMAN.—Michael, 291 Harman St., Nov. 27. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
ENNIS.—Mary D., 193 Clifton Pl., Nov. 28. Funeral Dec. 1, 9:30 A. M.
FRITZ.—Godfrey, 174 East 4th St., Nov. 27, aged 83. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
GARRISON.—Phoebe, 320 East 4th St., Nov. 27. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
GREASON.—Joseph, 675 Putnam Av., Nov. 28, aged 82. Funeral service tomorrow.
HART.—John, Holy Family Hospital, Nov. 26. Funeral tomorrow.
HELMENKING.—Karoline, 189 8th St., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.
HILLMANN.—Henry F., 1,550 Bath Av., Nov. 26, aged 21.
KANE.—Catherine, 504 Henry St., Nov. 28. Funeral Dec. 1.
KELLY.—John, 172 Ralph Av., Nov. 27. Funeral Dec. 1, 10 A. M.
McCARRICK.—William, 73 Sutton St., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
MALLOY.—Garrett F., 240 Pearl St., Nov. 27. Funeral Dec. 1, 9:30 A. M.
MENTRUP.—Mary, 349 Nostrand Av., Nov. 26.
MILLS.—Jane, 1,075 East 17th St., Nov. 26, aged 78. Funeral today.
O'CONNOR.—Daniel, 4,402 4th Av., Nov. 27.
PHILLIPS.—Ward, 810 Prospect Place, Nov. 26.
RICE.—Josephine, 625 Lafayette Av., Nov. 26. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
RIKEL.—Susan, 140 Martense St., Nov. 27. Funeral private.
SAMENFELD.—Julia, 122 Pennsylvania Av., Nov. 26, aged 63. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
SCHULTZ.—Catherine, 238 Cleveland St., Nov. 27. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
SLEVILLE.—Benjamin O., Kings County Hospital, Nov. 26, aged 60.
STOLZE.—Edmund, 2,344 Madison St., Nov. 27. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
STORM.—Elizabeth J., 222 Elmwood Av., Nov. 26, aged 52.
SWANSTROM.—Oscar, 331 Atlantic Av., Nov. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
SWEENEY.—James, 88 Luquer St., Nov. 26, aged 24.
WHITEY.—Charles, 28 Whipple St., Nov. 25.

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New York Committee

Miss Luisita Leland, Chairman — Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Vice-Chairman — Mrs. Douglas Robinson, Secretary

MARSHAL JOFFRE, PRESIDENT OF FRENCH COMMITTEE

Died.

WHITNEY.—Rose J., 1,092 Prospect Place, Nov. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BOHLE.—Anna, 424 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, Nov. 27. Funeral Dec. 1.
ERTL.—Rosie, 137 Brill St., Newark, Nov. 28, aged 64.
HENNES.—Frederick, 239 Waverly Av., Newark, Nov. 28, aged 63. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.
LAIRD.—Olive W., 304 Hillside Av., Newark, Nov. 26, aged 19. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.
LAMB.—Peter, 415 Bank St., Newark, Nov. 27.
MACHIN.—George E., 76 Clendenny Av., Jersey City, Nov. 27.
PRESTON.—Joseph, 671 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Nov. 27.
REUTHER.—Amelia, 455 Avon Av., Newark, Nov. 26, aged 73. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.
ROBERTS.—Katharine, 214 Wilmot St., Jersey City, Nov. 26.
TULLIUS.—Katherine, 136½ Maple St., Jersey City, Nov. 26. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
WACHTER.—Frederick, 119 Hutton St., Jersey City, Nov. 26, aged 65. Funeral today.

Long Island.

BOYER.—Alma H., Jamaica, Nov. 25, aged 36.
COLLEN.—Annie, 947 2d Av., Astoria, Nov. 25, aged 60.
DUNNE.—John H., Cedarhurst, Nov. 27. Funeral private.
EATON.—Sarah A., Kew Gardens, Nov. 26, aged 74.
ECKHARDT.—Herman, 514 3d Av., Long Island City, Nov. 27, aged 60. Funeral today.
HARFORD.—Christopher, Long Island City, Nov. 26. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
HESS.—Frederick, Jamaica South, Nov. 25, aged 37. Funeral today.
JACOBSON.—Eleanor W., Bayside, Nov. 25, aged 1 month.
KIMMERLING.—Charles F., Woodhaven, Nov. 25, aged 62.
LANDROCK.—Anna, Glendale, Nov. 25, aged 65.
LOERZ.—Katherine, Springfield, Nov. 25, aged 61.
MANDEL.—Rosa, 271 Steinway Av., Long Island City, Nov. 25, aged 64.
MEAGHER.—Thomas J., 27 Stevens St., Astoria, Nov. 25, aged 43.
MORRISON.—Dora, Richmond Hill, Nov. 26, aged 62.
NUGENT.—Ruth, 242 Van Alst Av., Long Island City, Nov. 25, aged 1.
RUTZ.—Julia, Woodside, Nov. 25, aged 26.
SAUNIER.—Samuel, Far Rockaway, Nov. 25, aged 53.
SOMNITZ.—William F., 273 Academy St., Long Island City, Nov. 27, aged 59.
SURRAGO.—Rosa, 558 Vernon Av., Long Island City, Nov. 25, aged 4.
VOSS.—Carl, Woodhaven, Nov. 25, aged 65.
WALZ.—Donald D., 364 11th Av., Astoria, Nov. 25, aged 1.

In Memoriam.

GROSS.—In loving memory of Jessie Gross, who passed away Nov. 29, 1910.

CAREY.—Edward, mass St. Patrick's Church, Jersey City, today, 8 A. M.
CATHOLIC BENEVOLENT LEGION.—Deceased members Security Council, No. 119, mass St. Aloysius's Church, Jersey City, today, 9 A. M.
CATHOLIC BENEVOLENT LEGION.—Deceased members, mass St. Boniface Church, Brooklyn, today, 10 A. M.
DRAIN.—Ellen, mass St. Michael's Church, Jersey City, today, 8 A. M.
DURKIN.—Ellen, mass St. Michael's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.
KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.—Deceased members, Star of Bethlehem Council, No. 476, St. Bridget's Church, Newark, today, 9:30 A. M.
TILYOU.—George C., in memory of, died Nov. 30, 1914.

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RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Av. and 7th St.
Service on Thanksgiving Day at 10:30 A. M. Rev. Edgar Franklin Romig will preach.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH. 5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister.
On Thanksgiving Day the congregation of the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas unites with this congregation in a service in this Church at 11 A. M. Rev. Malcolm James MacLeod, D. D., will preach. Subject: "Things to Be Thankful For in a Stricken Age."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, 5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAS. MACLEOD, D. D., Minister.
On Thanksgiving Day (see announcement of service at the Marble Collegiate Church.)

WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister.
On Thanksgiving Day the congregation of the Knox Memorial Chapel unites with this congregation in a service in this Church at 11 A. M. Dr. Cobb will preach. Subject: "An Old-fashioned Thanksgiving."

THE FORT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE CHURCH, Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.
Rev. IRVING H. BERG, D. D., Minister.
A Union Service in this Church on Thanksgiving Day at 11:00 A. M. Rev. Frederick C. Harding of the Chelsea Methodist Episcopal Church will preach.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Avenue and 44th Street.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
THANKSGIVING DAY.
Morning Prayer and Sermon at 11 o'clock. The Rev. Leighton Parks will preach.

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corner South Oxford Street, Brooklyn.
Thanksgiving Service at 10:30. Sermon by Dr. Albertson. Music by Full Choir.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange St., Brooklyn, Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor.
11 A. M., Thanksgiving Day, Dr. Hillis will preach on "Five Causes for National Thanksgiving."

BROADWAY TABERNACLE
BROADWAY AND 56TH STREET
Thursday 11 A. M. Thanksgiving Service. The Pastor, Dr. Jefferson, will preach.

MADISON SQUARE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Madison Ave. and 24th St.
REV. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., PASTOR. Preaches 11 A. M., Thanksgiving Day.

THE METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE. N. E. corner 128th St. and 7th Av.
11 A. M.—Rev. Joseph W. Kemp, Pastor, will preach. Topic: "These Three Years."

No Smoke for Sammy?

Is tea better? Some W. C. T. U. women think our boys at the front ought to be deprived of their tobacco. What do you think? The subject is treated in this week's LIFE. Other features are:

Charles Dana Gibson's great centre-page war cartoon, "None So Blind."

What John Bull thinks of Barnard's Lincoln.

Shall the Fatherland be saved?

Our patriotic posters—How bad they are.

Life

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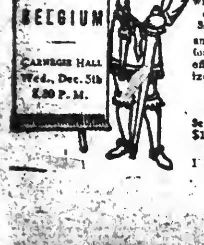

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CLASHES OF NOTABLE INTEREST MARK DESCENT OF CURTAIN ON GRIDIRON SEASON

HOLIDAY MENU HAS MANY CHOICE BITS

Annual Penn-Cornell Game Listed at Philadelphia Today and Pitt Will Meet Penn State.

SERVICE FRAYS RULE HERE

Soldier Elevens to Play at Polo Grounds and Ebbets Field—Georgia Tech vs. Auburn.

The Pennsylvania-Cornell game, which has been a Thanksgiving Day fixture of the Eastern gridiron for twenty-five years, will be played at Franklin Field in Philadelphia this afternoon, with Penn an overwhelming favorite. No college eleven this reason lost more of its veteran football material than Cornell, and Dr. Sharpe has had to get along as best he could with green material and, as a result, Cornell has had one of the most disastrous seasons in her gridiron history. Cornell has been beaten this year by Williams, Colgate, Michigan, and Fordham, so when they meet the Quakers today they have everything to gain and nothing to lose.

Cornell's novice eleven has greater possibilities than it has shown this year, and, if Penn expects a walkover, the Cornell followers figure that the Quakers are in for a surprise, because Cornell is certain to play a whole lot better than in any other game of the season. Penn has a good defensive eleven this year, but has shown nothing wonderful in the way of an attack, and has been defeated by two of the leading eleven of the year, Georgia Tech and Pittsburgh.

There have been so many surprises on the Eastern gridiron that it has not been safe to predict victories or defeats. It seems impossible, however, that Penn could slump badly enough to fall down before Cornell, and, if ever a team seemed certain of victory, Penn does today. It is not likely, however, that the Quakers will win by any overwhelming score, as Cornell may be depended upon to go down fighting hard.

Over a stretch of twenty-four years, Pennsylvania has won nineteen games, while Cornell has won only four, one game, that of 1906, resulting in a 0-to-0 tie. From 1893, when the two institutions began football relations, until 1901, Cornell defeated Pennsylvania only once, in 1901. In 1913, 1914, and 1915 Cornell won easily, while last season Penn downed the Ithacans, 23 to 3.

Panthers Face Penn State.

The undefeated Pittsburgh eleven will play its annual game with Penn State in Pittsburgh, but there is little danger that Glenn Warner's well-drilled machine will suffer a reverse. Penn State is not as strong as it has been in former years, while Pitt has the advantage of retaining several veterans.

A contest which commands much attention is the Georgia Tech-Auburn game at Atlanta. This will be without doubt the stiffest opposition that the Golden Tornado has had this year. The Georgia Tech eleven has swamped all its opponents by such overwhelming scores that it stands out as the strongest team ever developed in the South. Mike Donahue, the Auburn coach, has pointed his eleven for this game, and although the eleven was defeated by Davidson, the team came back and downed Vanderbilt, and then surprised the football world by holding Ohio State, the Western champions, to a scoreless tie.

Today's game will be the twentieth meeting between the elevens of the institutions, and Auburn has a great advantage in games won. Auburn has won sixteen games, while Georgia Tech has won only three. Georgia Tech won last season 31 to 7. If Tech wins today, it will be the third successive season without a defeat. Another Southern clasic today is the Vanderbilt-University of the South game at Nashville.

Syracuse, an eleven which rose from its defeat by Pittsburgh to be one of the strongest elevens of the East, will invade the West again today and play Nebraska at Lincoln. If Syracuse wins this game, the Salt City team will have a record of which it can justly be proud. Washington and Jefferson will play Washington and Lee at Richmond, and this game should furnish one of the most interesting battles of the year.

Service Games Here.

New York's turkey day football will be furnished by the service elevens and high school teams, and there is a program of gridiron events here today which will receive a lot of attention. At the Polo Grounds the Mineola Aviation Corps will play the Pelham Bay Naval Reserve eleven. The proceeds of this game will go to the Athletic Equipment Fund, which is one of the most meritorious charities which have been inaugurated for the camps. The New York A. C. has offered a prize for the camp which scores the greatest number of points in a sham battle which will precede the game.

This part of the program will begin at 1 o'clock. When the Naval Reserves reach the Brush Stadium, they will line up in battle array, and the aviators will invade the Polo Grounds with a full squadron of airplanes. On each of these teams are a number of former college players, and the contest should be well worth seeing.

The lineup will be as follows:

Naval Reserves.	Position.	Aviators.
Johnston, Dart	L. E.	Louck, W. & J.
Griffith, Dart	L. T.	Hazeltine, Cal.
Cox, Penn State	L. G.	Thompson, Yale.
Todarello, Holy C.	C.	Lawson, Wes.
Holden, Dart	R. G.	Wales, Rens.
Dickinson, Prince	R. T.	Redfield, Yale
Tabor, Penn	R. E.	Cronin, George
Miller, Penn State	Q. B.	Watkins, Colgate
Peacock, Colgate	L. H. B.	Roberts, Vir.
O'Boyle, George	R. H. B.	Clarke, Haver.
Donnelly, Dart	F. B.	Lowrey, Ind.

Over at Ebbets Field there will be another service game at 10 A. M. between Fort Hancock and Fort Hamilton. The proceeds of this game will also be used toward athletic equipment for the soldiers. Both elevens have strong lineups, and several former college players will be in the game. Al Journeay, the former Penn centre, has coached Hancock.

At Boston, Cupid Black's Newport Naval Reserve eleven, which was defeated last week by Rutgers, will play the Camp Devens team. Percy Haughton, who coached Devens is sure his team will beat the Newport array of stars.

The Camp Upton team will play Fordham at Fordham Field in another game, which should draw a large crowd.

USAACS MOTOR TO GAME.

Trucks and Ambulances Carry 1,000 Men to See Georgetown Contest.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The advance guard of more than 1,000 men of the Army Ambulance Corps of Allentown, Penn., is in the capital today after making a 200-mile trip in motor trucks to see their all-star eleven clash with Georgetown University at American League Park tomorrow. Fifty-two motor trucks, forty ambulances, and ten field kitchens brought the rooters.

The ambulance team, comprising college stars from all sections, will meet strong opposition in Georgetown, which this season has defeated Springfield, Lehigh, Fordham, and Washington and Lee.

FOOTBALL GAMES TODAY.

EAST AND SOUTH.

Pennsylvania vs. Cornell, at Philadelphia.
Pittsburgh vs. Penn State, at Pittsburgh.
Washington and Jefferson vs. Washington and Lee, at Richmond.
Auburn vs. Georgia Tech, at Atlanta.
Fordham vs. Camp Upton, at Fordham Field.
Bucknell vs. Susquehanna, at Lewisburg.
Delaware vs. Mount St. Mary's, at Newark, Del.
Dickinson vs. Catholic University, at Carlisle.
Franklin and Marshall vs. Gettysburg, at Lancaster.
Georgetown vs. Allentown Army Ambulance Corps, at Washington.
Holy Cross vs. Springfield at Worcester, at Worcester.
Hobart vs. Buffalo, at Buffalo.
Johns Hopkins vs. Maryland State, at Baltimore.
Muhlenberg vs. Ursinus, at Allentown.
Pennsylvania Military College vs. Albright, at Chester.
Louisiana State vs. Tulane, at Baton Rouge.
Alabama vs. Georgia, at Birmingham.
Chattanooga vs. Florida, at Chattanooga.
Kentucky vs. Tennessee, at Lexington.
Louisville vs. Transylvania, at Louisville.
North Carolina vs. University of Virginia, at Chapel Hill.
Vanderbilt vs. University of the South, at Nashville.
Virginia Poly vs. Virginia Military Institute, at Blacksburg.
West Virginia University vs. North Carolina State, at Morgantown.
Fort Hancock vs. Fort Hamilton, at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn, 10 A. M.
Mineola Aviation Corps vs. Pelham Bay Naval Reserves, at Polo Grounds.
Camp Devens vs. Newport Naval Reserves, at Boston.

WEST.

Syracuse vs. University of Nebraska, at Lincoln.
Case vs. Western Reserve, at Cleveland.
Depauw vs. University of Detroit, at Chicago.
Iowa State vs. Drake, at Des Moines.
Marietta vs. Ohio University, at Marietta.
Marquette vs. Wabash, at Milwaukee.
Miami vs. University of Cincinnati, at Cincinnati.
Oklahoma Aggies vs. University of Oklahoma, at Oklahoma City.
Oregon Aggies vs. University of Oregon, at Portland.
St. Louis University vs. Washington University, at St. Louis.
University of Denver vs. Colorado College, at Denver.
University of Missouri vs. University of Kansas, at Columbia.
University of Utah vs. Utah Aggies, at Salt Lake City.
University of Washington vs. Washington State, at Seattle.

SCHOOL GAMES.

Manual Training H. S. vs. Boys' H. S., at Ebbets Field.
Commercial H. S. vs. New Utrecht H. S., at Ebbets Field.
Fordham Prep vs. Brooklyn Prep, at Washington Park, 10 A. M.
Poly Prep vs. Erasmus Hall H. S., at Washington Park, 2 P. M.
Central H. S. vs. Flushing H. S., at Binghamton, N. Y.

CORNELL ON WAY TO GAME.

No Demonstration by Students as Eleven Departs for Philadelphia.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 28.—The Cornell football squad of thirty-seven men left here near midnight tonight for Philadelphia to play Pennsylvania in the last game of the season on Franklin Field tomorrow. There was no student demonstration of any kind when the team left, and only a few hundred undergraduates made the trip to Philadelphia to support the team from the stands.

A feature of the team's departure is the mystery surrounding the reported changes in the lineup which Dr. Sharpe is contemplating. Although he said today that the team would be made up much the same as in the Fordham game, the undergraduate body is looking for a number of important changes, either at the very outset or before the play has gone very far.

Sharpe said that he would probably use Spiegelberg and Eisenbrandt at right end and Colvin at left end; Harris, left tackle; Herriman, right tackle; Swanson and Strauss, guards; S. Trowbridge, centre, and Nethercott, Hoffman, Cross, and Pendleton in the backfield. While practically all these men are certain to play, they may appear in different positions than those mentioned according to reports in circulation this evening.

Dr. Sharpe said his men were in good shape and spirits, and he hoped they would play the sort of game they had proved in practice they could play.

SCHOOL ELEVENS TO CLASH.

Four Gridiron Contests Scheduled in Brooklyn Today.

The Brooklyn scholastic football season will come to a close today with a series of four games. Erasmus Hall High School, winner of this year's championship, will oppose the strong Poly Prep eleven in a game at Washington Park in the afternoon, and the same gridiron will be the scene in the morning of a game between Fordham Prep and Brooklyn Prep. This latter contest will practically decide the Manhattan-Brooklyn private schools' championship. At Ebbets Field a double-header will be held in which the opposing teams will be Manual Training High School vs. Boys' High School, runnersup for the season's gridiron title, and New Utrecht vs. Commercial High School.

The Flushing High School eleven, champion of Long Island, left yesterday for Binghamton, N. Y., where it will oppose the strong Central High School team. Flushing is decidedly weak in comparison to the team of earlier in the season, because of injuries to some of the best players, and its chances against the up-State foe are regarded as dubious. The players are themselves confident, however, that they can defeat the Binghamton team if given favorable weather for the game. Last year the contest was played in mud which was ankle-deep.

Usaacs Will Play on Coast.

PASADENA, Cal., Nov. 28.—Arrangements were completed here today for the Allentown, Penn., Ambulance Corps football team to represent the East against the Mare Island marines for the West in the New Year's game announced as a feature of the annual tournament of roses. The ambulance team is composed of strong university players.

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ASTE'S EYELID IS IN VAN AT FINISH

Captures Dominion Purse After Battle with Orlando of Havana at Bowie.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 28.—A. L. Aste's Eyelid captured the Dominion Purse for two-year-olds, which was the feature of the card today. Only seven youngsters went to the post, and both the winner and Orlando of Havana were so well played that they started nearly equal favorites. Eyelid had M. Rowan in the saddle and he handled the filly well in the scurry over six and a half furlongs. The two favorites fought it out most of the way and Eyelid gained the decision by a small margin.

One of the largest fields of the day turned out for the fifth race at a mile and seventy yards, which was open only to horses foaled in Canada. W. Bennett's Amphion, which ran second to Silk Bird in a similar race last week, was the choice of the players. Rowan had the task of guiding Amphion and he cleverly landed him a winner from J. E. Fletcher's Garish Sun, one of the outsiders.

W. Durnan's Swift Fox, which in his previous races has shown a disposition to quit before the end of six furlongs, developed unexpected stamina in the fourth race at a mile and twenty yards. Though the pace was fairly fast, Swift Fox kept well up with the leaders and came away in the stretch to gain the verdict from Widow Bedotte.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:0[illegible] 1-5.
Ideal, R. F. Carman's ch. f., 108 pounds, by The Turk-Horizon, $8.70, $4.90, and $2.90, (E. Ambrose)....1
Onito, J. M. Zimmer's br. f., 98, by Marta Santa-The Pet, $4.50 and $3, (G. Walls)....2
Dairyman, R. L. Bresler's b. c., 110, by Peep o' Day-Damson, $4, third, (C. Mergler)....3
Dioscoride, Flanis, Little Boy, M Horace, Poor Joe, Sister Marjorie, Logical, and Don Jose also ran. Garonne, Boy Blue, June Bug, Umatilla, Moosehead, and Green Grass scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; seven furlongs. Time—1:28 4-5.
Refugee, W. Fenwick's b. g., 4 years, 114 pounds, by Hamling-First Flight, $4.70, $3.50, and $2.70, (W. Obert)....1
Earlymorn, P. L. Short's ch. h., 6, 114, by Peep o' Day-Performance, $5.60 and $3.90, (T. Parrington)....2
Little Nephew, J. A. Strode's b. g., 6, 114, by Uncle-Miss Granville, $9.60 third, (J. Lomas)....3
Pharaoh, Miss Gayle, Encore, Joe Fenn, Alex Getz, Costumer, Leialohs, Highway, Schrapnel, Onwa, and Charmeuse also ran. The Decision, Short Ballot, Scarpia II., and Jeston Lynn scratched.

THIRD RACE.—Dominion Purse; for two-year-olds; purse $700; six and a half furlongs. Time—1:21.
Eyelid, A. L. Aste's ch. f., 103 pounds, by Eyebrow-Raiment, $4.70, $2.90, and $2.60, (M. Rowan)....1
Orlando of Havana, O. Ysquierdo's ch. c., 109 pounds, by Dr. Leggo-Olathe, $2.80 and $2.40, (T. Parrington)....2
Amackassin, J. E. Griffith's b. c., 116, by Sweep-Radiance, $3.50, third, (A. Collins)....3
Tea Party, Partizan, Babette, and Golden Soldier also ran. Lady Gertrude, Nominee, Jack of Spades, Dairyman, Valerius, and Bathilde scratched.

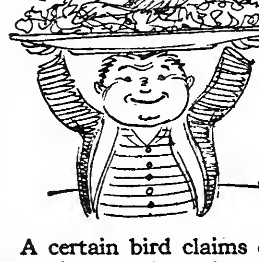
FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse, $600; one mile and twenty yards. Time—1:45.
Swift Fox, W. Durnan's b. c., 114 pounds, by Tony Bonero-Tallahassee; $24.20, $5.80, and $3, (A. Stirling)....1
Widow Bedotte, E. Trueman's b. f., 100, by Ildrim-Annushuetus; $3.10 and $2.60, (J. Mooney)....2
Onwa, J. J. Fitzgerald's ch. c., 113, by Dalhousie-Thistledown; $3 third, (M. Rowan)....3
Flare, Comacho, Lady Bob, Ornana, Annie Edgar, Pollyanna, and Rose Finn also ran. Crepuscule, Boston, Mother Machree, Alvard, Tom Lowrey, and Wild Thyme scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; Canadian foaled; claiming, purse $600; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:50.
Amphion, W. Bennett's b. g., 6 years, 103 pounds, by Inferno-Court Maid II., $5.20, $3.50, and $2.90, (M. Rowan)....1
Garish Sun, J. C. Fletcher's b. h., 5, 112, by Stanhope II.-Ganymede, $15.40 and $10.50, (A. Stirling)....2
Lady Betty, O. F. Lee's b. f., 3, 92, by Yorkshire Lad-Lapenza, $8.70, third, (H. Erickson)....3
Corn Broom, Akeldama, Old Pop, Smithfield, Lone Hand, Hampton Dame, Last Spark, Dave Campbell, and Gay Life also ran. Dorothy Carlin scratched.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:51.
King Hamburg, S. Louis's b. g., 5 years, 110, $30.30, $9.60, and $9.10, (T. Rice)....1
G. M. Miller, R. F. Carman's b. g., 10, 112, by Lissak-Subdue, $8.40 and $6.20, (J. Rutwell)....2
Batwa, G. E. Phillips's br. g., 8, 105, by Mazagan-Seruch, $40.70 third, (J. Mooney)....3
Pierrot, Lohengrin, Sir William Johnson, Mary Warren, Jacklet, and Margery also ran. Richard Langdon, Wild Thyme, and Dartworth scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50 4-5.
Rose Water, W. B. Mitchell's ch. f., 4 years, 102 pounds, by The Picket-Rosecrest, $8.80, $4.30, and $2.80, (J. Mooney)....1
Listher, W. H. Cooper's b. g., 6, 116, by Oddfellow-Commena, $3.60 and $2.50, (T. Rice)....2
Sam Slick, J. F. Sweeney's ch. g., 5, 109, by Rock Sand—Artful, $2.70, third, (M. Rowan)....3
Preston Lynn, Ella Ryan, and Booth also ran. Harry Lauder, Milton Campbell, Little England, March Court, Kingling II., and Hickorynut scratched.

Weather cloudy; track good.



A certain bird claims our attention to-day, but to-morrow it's all dressing—everything men and boys wear.

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CADILLAC, 1916, Touring, Perfect.
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SIMPLEX, 1914, 38, 4 Pass. Roadster
RENAULT, Late 6 Cyl. Limousine.
SIMPLEX, 1913, 38, Sedan.
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DE DION, late 18-28, Town Car.
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ISOTTA, 1913, 20, Town Car.
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STEARNS, 1916, Limousine Brougham.
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ERASMUS SWIMMERS WIN.

High School Boys Triumph Over C. C. N. Y. Cubs by 31 to 22.

The freshman swimmers of the College of the City of New York were defeated by Erasmus Hall High School yesterday by a score of 31 to 22. The star for the high school boys was Burrill, who took first in the form dive and in the 100-yard swim.

The summaries:

800-Foot Relay.—Won by C. C. N. Y., (Lubell, Rottenberg, Lange, and Leorman;) second, Erasmus, (Lewis, Franklin, Burrill, and Ross.) Time—2:50 2-5.
50-Yard Swim.—Won by Lewis, Erasmus; second, Langer, C. C. N. Y.; third, Cramp, Erasmus. Time—0:28 3-5.
Form Dive.—Won by Burrill, Erasmus, 79 points; Langer, C. C. N. Y., 75 points, second; Lewis, Erasmus, 74 points, third.
220-Yard Swim.—Won by Ross, Erasmus; Lehrman, C. C. N. Y., second; Rottenberg, C. C. N. Y., third. Time—2:56.
Plunge for Distance.—Won by Hull, Erasmus, 60 feet; Weir, Erasmus, 48 feet, second; Stein, C. C. N. Y., 46½ feet, third.
100-Yard Swim.—Won by Burrill, Erasmus; Lehrman, C. C. N. Y., second; Gould, Erasmus, third. Time—1:10 3-5.

TWO RACE MEETINGS OPEN.

Season at New Orleans and Havana Will Start Today.

Winter racing will begin today at New Orleans and at Havana, the New Orleans meeting being scheduled for twenty-eight days, while the sport in Cuba will run for 100 days and provide opportunities for owners to win purses almost until the opening of the Spring season in Kentucky. After the close of the Jefferson Parish Fair races at New Orleans, on Dec. 31, this noted racing centre will have another meeting at the Fair Grounds, which will begin on Jan. 1 and continue until Feb. 12, and will contain thirty-seven racing days. Racing at Juarez appears to have been abandoned for this Winter on account of passport difficulties, but there is a chance that this trouble may be overcome at Tiajuana by issuing identification cards similar to those in use on the Canadian border in the Summer.

The New Orleans meeting will start with bright prospects, as nearly 800 horses are quartered at the local tracks. Arrivals from Bowie, which will close the Eastern season tomorrow, are expected to bring the total above the 1,000 mark. Herman Conkling, who has charge of the jockeys' engagements, reports that more riders are on hand and that they constitute a better class than at any time since racing was revived in Louisiana. The stewards of the meeting are Joseph A. Murphy, E. C. Smith and Carter Hall, while A. B. Dade will do the starting.

Racing in Havana also promises to be better than ever, as the many prominent stables have shipped to Cuba for the long campaign. Christopher J. Fitzgerald will again be the presiding steward and he will have as associates H. D. Brown and Charles H. Lansdale. James Milton will be the starter.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; claiming; six furlongs. Grayson, 118 pounds; Jim Dinney, 110; *Senator Frederick, 107; *Simon Pure, 105; *Sallie Waters, 102; Goblin, 114; Genevieve B., 109; *Sabretash, 107; *Matoaka, 102; Ultra Gold, 110; Jane Mary, 111; *Candidate II., 105; *Sun Kiss, 102; *Lady Small, 107; *Caveman, 105; Water Toast, 108; *Mill Race, 102.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and seventy yards. Christie, 112 pounds; Goodwood, 112; Lynn, 109; *Corn Broom, 107; Cuddle Up, 106; *Batwa, 104; Milton Campbell, 112; Andes, 109; Swift Fox, 107; *Onwa, 107; *Handful, 104; *Rose Finn, 95; Dr. Charcot, 112; King Hamburg, 109; Tom Lowrey, 104; *Kingling II., 107; *Edith Baumann, 104; Charmeuse, 106.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and seventy yards. Dartworth, 117 pounds; Richard Langdon, 112; Peacock, 109; *Golden Bantam, 104; *Working Lad, 104; Lady Little, 101; Maxim's Choice, 117; Akeldamar, 114; Beau of Menlo, 109; *Cousin Dan, 104; *Billy Oliver, 104; *Miss Represent, 99; G. M. Miller, 117; Old Ben, 106; *Thornbloom, 107; *Flora Finch, 104; March Court, 109; Carlton G., 109.

FOURTH RACE.—The Thanksgiving Handicap, for all ages; one mile and a sixteenth. Hauberk, 126 pounds; Fenmouse, 113; Fountsin Fay, 107; Woodstone, 104; †Woodtrap, 101; Highland Lad, 120; Shooting Star, 112; ‡Vermont, 106; Barry Shannon, 104; †Sixteen to One, 92; King Neptune, 113; Felucca, 107; ‡Woodviolet, 91; Gamecock, 95.

†Cunningham entry. ‡Bryson entry.

FIFTH RACE.—The Sunny South Handicap, for all ages; six and a half furlongs. Starting, 116 pounds; §Woodstone, 104; Between Us, 102; Jock Scot, 113; Water Lady, 107; Woodtrap, 101; §Tea Caddy, 112; Babcock, 103; Gamecock, 99.

§Shea entry.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a quarter. Malheur, 108 pounds; Lady Edwina, 105; *N. K. Beal, 108; Ed Bond, 108; Captain Ray, 103; *Greetings, 97; Christie, 106; *Brother Jonathan, 101; *Battle Abbey, 89.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and twenty yards. Dan, 111 pounds; Right, 105; *Kilts, 103; aFelucca, 111; *Master Karma, 106; *Woodtrap, 97; aBond, 105; *Ellison, 105.

aZollicoffer entry.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Bowlers Will Aid In War.

Representatives from various bowling organizations will meet at the White Elephant Bowling Alleys next Tuesday to discuss plans for aiding in the war work along similar lines to those adopted by other sport-governing bodies. It is proposed to make the undertaking national in character, and it will be decided at the meeting what war object will be made the beneficiary.

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OWNERS HESITATE TO SIGN PLAYERS

Uncertainty of Baseball Situation Causes Delay in Sending Out Contracts.

Because of the uncertainty of baseball conditions the major league clubs have made no effort to sign their players for next season, and most of the clubs will wait until the time limit set by the constitution, Feb. 1, before sending out the contracts. This state of affairs is unprecedented in baseball, because in other years the club owners were anxious to get their players signed up as soon as possible after the season closed.

The club owners are anxious to wait as long as possible because they want to wait to see just what effect war conditions are going to have on baseball affairs. This action of hesitancy on the part of the club owners also indicates that there is going to be a great change in the salaries which the players are to receive next season.

The few players who have long-term contracts will probably get their high salaries next year, but none of the other players will. The day of the contract with the bonus clause is probably over. Yesterday, in discussing the bonus feature of the contracts of the past, President Tener of the National League said: "I see no reason why a baseball player should be offered a bonus. In the first place, when he signs his contract he pledges himself to keep himself in condition and give his very best efforts. Now if he signs a contract to give his best, why should there also be a provision for a bonus which calls for an extra amount if he does unusually well?"

President Tener stated plainly that he was not in favor of the bonus clause in contracts, and in voicing this opinion he has evidently first sounded the club owners of his league on the subject.

Branch Rickey, President of the St. Louis Cardinals, is the first of the club owners to announce the stand which all the owners will probably take on the contract question. "I haven't signed any players yet and I don't want to sign any until I have to. If baseball law did not require me to send them out by Feb. 1 I would not put one in the mails until March 1 at the earliest. We want to wait and see what conditions are going to be next season before signing any contracts.

"There is no reason for baseball men," he continued, "to camouflage their position. It is only natural that there should be a strong tendency toward retrenchment. Every one knows that the war has hurt baseball and will continue to hurt it as it has all other business. Baseball must prepare for the struggle. Club owners and stockholders must not suffer too heavily if the game is to survive. Naturally the payrolls will have to be smaller than they were in 1917."

President H. N. Hempstead of the Giants is now working on a plan to minimize the inconvenience of the war tax at the Polo Grounds next season. The use of pennies at the ticket offices is sure to create no end of confusion and he is trying to devise a scale of prices which will give convenience to the greatest number of Polo Ground patrons.

According to the plan which Mr. Hempstead now has in mind the 25-cent bleacher seats will be raised to 30 cents in order to do away with the pennies. There are very few of these 25-cent bleacher seats, and the major leagues are making an effort each season to cut them out entirely. In other cities outside of New York and Brooklyn, however, the bleachers seats are numerous and a big protest would surely go up if the 25-cent pasteboards were boosted to 30 cents.

Mr. Hempstead's plan on the 75-cent seats, which is the most popular ticket of admission at the Polo Grounds, is to sell them for 80 cents instead of 83 cents, the club making up the difference in the tax on these tickets. On the $1 and $1.50 tickets of course there would be no need of changing the prices as the tax would be 10 and 15 cents on these tickets. Mr. Hempstead expects that there will be objection to any arrangement which is made, but one will be adopted which will be most satisfactory to his patrons.

JANOWSKI EARNS DECISION.

French Chess Champion Defeats Jaffe in Long Game.

David Janowski, the French chess champion, scored another victory yesterday in his match with Charles Jaffe at the rooms of the New York City Chess Club, where he won the eighth game, after a contest lasting 72 moves. Janowski opened with a Queen's Gambit Declined, but Jaffe held his own well until the ending, in which Janowski had two bishops against a knight and a bishop. The French master was able to win a pawn, which gave him the victory. Of the eight games contested, Janowski has won four, Jaffe one, and three were drawn.

COCHRAN INCREASES LEAD.

Chicago Billiardist Has an Advantage of 1,400 to 650 Over Mayer.

Welker Cochran continued to play superlative billiards in the continuation of his 2,500-point, 18.2 match against Joseph Mayer at Maurice Daly's Academy yesterday. The Chicago expert is now leading his rival from Philadelphia as a result of the five blocks of the match by a score of 1,400 to 650. Yesterday afternoon Mayer was defeated by a score of 250 to 127, and in the evening he was vanquished even more decisively, the score being 300 to 113. Cochran in the afternoon averaged an even 25 and in the evening 27 3-11. Mayer's averages were low in both instances, the afternoon match giving him 14 1-9 and the evening contest 11 3-10.

In both the afternoon and evening games Cochran compiled runs that mounted beyond the hundred mark. Mayer was placed at a hopeless disadvantage at the outset of the day's play when Cochran, by a pretty exhibition of billiard technique, gathered in a cluster of 139 points. Mayer could not get the ivories rolling to his liking and never even threatened the lead of his rival. Cochran almost duplicated his afternoon performance in the evening game. The only difference was that this time his high run came in the second inning instead of the first.

The scores:

AFTERNOON GAME.

Cochran—139 18 35 0 0 0 2 24 11 21. Total—250. High runs—139 and 35. Average—25.

Mayer—11 25 21 19 1 0 21 9 21. Total—127. High runs—25 and 19. Average—14 1-9.

EVENING GAME.

Cochran—10 114 0 73 30 2 29 29 3 3 5. Total—300. High runs—114 and 73. Average—27 3-11.

Mayer—1 21 2 4 20 2 18 34 3 10. Total—113. High runs—34 and 20. Average—11 3-10.

WILL HOLD TEAM MATCHES.

Squash Tennis Events Will Begin Next Week.

There will be no diminution in squash tennis activities because of the war, according to present plans. It was announced yesterday by A. W. Riley, President of the National Squash Tennis Association, that the interclub team matches, which have been a feature of the Winter season heretofore, would again be played in both A and B classes. The events will be started next week, the Class B matches being held on Tuesday and the Class A on Thursday. The schedule, however, has not yet been arranged owing to uncertainty as to the playing of one or two teams.

According to the announcement, the teams in the Class A division will be Columbia, Yale, and Harvard and two combination teams, one composed of Heights Casino and Crescent Athletic Club men, and the other of the players from the Princeton Club and the Squash Club. In Class B, Columbia, Yale, and Harvard will compete, also the Heights Casino-Crescent Athletic Club team and one from the New York A. C.

All of the clubs have lost heavily of their leading players because of the war, but it was thought beter to hold the team matches with the players available competing than to sacrifice this fixture of the squash tennis season.

VANDERBILT HORSES SOLD.

150 Go for Song—A Pair of Wheelers Now to Draw Butcher's Wagon.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., Nov. 28.—Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt sold 150 of the thoroughbred horses of the stable of the late Alfred G. Vanderbilt at auction today at Erskine Park. Horses that cost the late Mr. Vanderbilt thousands of dollars for his coach and for horse shows were knocked down at astonishingly low prices. One pair, Middletown Belle and Essex, brown and bay mares, which had been driven as wheelers on the Vanderbilt coach and are said to have cost $10,000 sold separately, one for $70 and the other for $100, to Peter Cassidy of Sheffield, a butcher, who will use the pair on his butcher's cart. Pedigreed young horses sold as low as $50 each. Mrs. Vanderbilt sold the horses because of want of room to Winter them, retaining eighteen of the best of her stable for her use.

Cancel Bouts at Broadway S. C.

There will be no boxing exhibitions held at the Broadway Sporting Club of Brooklyn this afternoon. John P. Dunn, for the club management, announced last night that it had been decided to cancel the scheduled Thanksgiving Day show. The officials of the club are now awaiting a decision on the test case based on the club membership plan, which will be rendered in the Gates Avenue Court by Magistrate Howard Nash tomorrow.

Leonard Knocks Out Kirk.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 28.—Benny Leonard, lightweight champion boxer of the world, knocked out Frank (Sailor) Kirk of Denver in the first round of their scheduled ten-round bout at Stock Yards Stadium.

TRIUMPH FOR HYDE IN SQUASH TOURNEY

Defeats A. W. Riley in Final Round of Fall Event with Score 15-18, 15-9, 15-5, 15-12.

Playing squash tennis of invincible quality, Fillmore Van S. Hyde of the Harvard Club won the annual Fall tournament at the Squash Club yesterday afternoon when he defeated A. W. Riley of the Princeton Club and Squash Club in the final round with the score 15—18, 15—9, 15—5, 15—12. In an exhibition match for the benefit of the Red Cross, which, followed the playing of the amateur event, Walter A. Kinsella, holder of the world's professional championship, defeated James Mullins, professional, at the Racquet and Tennis Club at 3—15, 15—12, 18—15. Kinsella allowed his opponent eight aces.

After defeating Mullins, Kinsella played a second exhibition match against James Reid, professional, at the Crescent A. C., and scored a victory in straight games at 15—9, 17—15. Kinsella allowed his opponent five aces.

The match between Riley and Hyde was brilliantly fought and showed the latter at his best. Riley was no mean opponent. He struggled with determination against the play of his antagonist, and at times even overshadowed the skill exhibited by Hyde. As the score indicates, the best work done by Riley was in the first set. He caught the full power of his game quicker than did Hyde, and carried off the honors by a spirited bit of play that roused the applause of the gallery.

It was evident thus early in the contest, however, that he would be sorely pressed to hold the upper hand. Under the sting of that first reversal Hyde opened an attack that was resourceful as well as powerful. He bit his racquet into the ball viciously, and it fairly sang through the court, yet he did not depend alone on speed to overcome his rival. Now and then he interposed a soft shot, or even a series of them, and Riley was baffled by the change of pace. It was not until the score had reached 7 all that Hyde forged to the front in decisive fashion. The rallies were long sustained, but he managed to get a point now and then while Riley was held at bay, and the game went to 14—7 in favor of the Harvard Club player. Riley stayed the defeat momentarily while he was gathering in two points, but it was beyond his power to halt Hyde's victory.

Hyde never for a moment let up in his play during the third game; if anything he played even faster than before. His shots to the back corners were often productive of an ace, and he was adept in drawing Riley out of position and then passing him with a shot that raced far out of reach of the Princeton Club expert. This game went to Hyde with the score 15—5, and seemed to indicate that Riley's aggressiveness and skill was fast waning.

The fourth game, however, showed the contrary to be true. Riley at no time in the contest made so many brilliant shots as he did during this period, but the difficulty lay in that Hyde was able to match his every effort. The players alternated in the lead, with never more than two points separating them until the final aces accrued to Hyde's standard and gave him the victory. How close was the contest is indicated by the fact that the score was even at 4 all, at 6 all, at 8 all, and again at 12 all. When Riley brought it even at the latter point there was thought to be a chance of his pulling the game out to his credit. But Hyde never for a moment was disconcerted. Three brilliant placement shots decided the issue, every one coming after a long and spirited rally.

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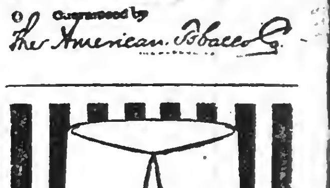

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THE PULLMAN COMPANY
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PUT ELECTRIC LINES ON A WAR BASIS

Association Will Co-operate with Steam Roads in Passenger and Freight Handling.

41,000 MILES ARE AFFECTED

Congestion at Piers Acute Because of Inferior Quality of Labor—Embargo to be Stringent.

The American Electric Railway Association announced yesterday from its offices at 8 West Fortieth Street the creation of a War Board to operate the electric railways of the country, especially suburban and interurban lines, during the war in co-operation with the steam roads. The Railroads' War Board, in charge of the war operation of the steam lines, has suggested that the electric lines can do much good in supplementing the transportation service of the steam lines by extending their freight hauling, especially in the carrying of food from farms to cities.

The steam roads have also announced an approaching material further curtailment of passenger trains, and it is the intention of the electric railways to replace the service of curtailed local trains. The steam roads have supplied the Government with a list of some 400 or 500 nonessential commodities for embargo, and the electric lines believe they will be able to handle some of this business.

There are 41,000 miles of electric railway in the United States, of which 14,000 is interurban. It is this latter of which the greatest use will be made in increasing the transportation facilities of the Government. It is the purpose of the managers of the electric roads to arrange with the steam roads a system of interchange of traffic, and it is understood that the steam roads are ready and willing to enter into such an agreement. To test the ability of the electric roads several days ago two carloads of goods were shipped from New York to Boston on short notice.

C. Loomis Allen, ex-President of the American Electric Railway Association, has been named Director of the War Board. The other members are T. N. McCarter, President of the Public Service Railway Company of New Jersey, Chairman; A. W. Brady, President of the Union Traction Company of Indiana; P. H. Gadsden, President of the Charleston Consolidated Railway and Lighting Company, Charleston, S. C.; Britton I. Budd, President of the Chicago, North Shore & Milwaukee Railroad, Chicago; Lucius L. Storrs, President of the Connecticut Company, New Haven, Conn.

Objects of Electric War Board.

The object of the War Board is stated as follows:

To co-ordinate the facilities of the electric railways of the country and to place them at the command of the Government and of industry.

To represent the electric railways in the important activities of governmental departments and the various boards and committees appointed to conduct the nation's affairs during the war.

In announcing the creation of the War Board, Mr. Allen issued a statement on behalf of the electric railways, in which he said:

The Council of National Defense has wisely decided to call into conference representatives of all forms of transportation for the purpose of co-ordinating their facilities. The success of our armies and the continuance of our industries depend upon the nation's ability to provide transportation. The problems involved may be solved if team work between the various interests can be brought about. Besides our steam railroads, electric roads, waterways and motor trucks can all be used for the transportation of materials and men.

It is not a case of the electric railways competing for business with the steam lines, with waterways, or motor trucks—it is rather a case of supplementing the service which these others perform. If the work is to be done successfully, it will mean not only the fullest co-operation between the various transportation interests, but the equal co-operation on the part of the public.

For instance, electric railways in some cases parallel and in many cases serve the same territory as steam roads. It is entirely possible to so arrange schedules as to allow electric lines to take over much of the local work of the steam roads and so release equipment for through service.

It is possible also in many cases to arrange for interchange of traffic between electric lines, which are now in the main operated independently of each other, thus avoiding congestion in steam road terminals and enabling quick shipments.

The steam roads have furnished to the Priority Boards and to the fuel administration a list of some 450 commodities, which they declare to be non-essential and upon which it is proposed to place an embargo. It is entirely possible that arrangement can be made to transport some of these commodities by electric railways.

An important function, which electric lines, both urban and interurban, can perform in conjunction with the Food Administration, is in the collection and distribution of food products, first in the country—from the farmer; and second, in the city—between the wholesaler and the retailer. Extensive experiments are now being carried on with a container system, which, if successful, will enable goods in quantities as high as five tons to be carried directly from the producer to the store where it is sold, to the consumer.

Electric railways are among the largest users of coal and the largest employers of labor. Coal and labor are, with food, the things which above all else must be conserved, in the interest of the nation. We are willing and anxious to do our part, and the effort of every electric railway manager of the country is being exerted to effect economy. In this effort we can, I believe, look for the co-operation of the regulatory commissions, both State and local, and of the public itself. Unnecessary service causes waste of fuel and waste of labor. It means that just so much less of each will be available for other essential war-winning purposes.

The board has placed its services entirely at the disposal of the Government. The Council of National Defense will name a representative on the board in order to bring the two bodies into direct touch. The board proposes to co-operate in every way in the solution of what is today the greatest problem facing industrial America—that of transportation, and it believes that it can count upon the aid and assistance of the public, without which little can be done.

Great Freight Tieup at Pier.

Although most of the freight-carrying railroad and steamship lines with terminals in this city have recently tried temporarily to lighten their congestion problems by declaring embargoes on some classes of freight, freight superintendents along the waterfront said yesterday that they were in the throes of a tieup greater and more complete than any in the city's history.

Thousands of packed freight cars are jammed in the railroad yards of Hoboken and Jersey City, the superintendents said, but they cannot be emptied because experienced labor is lacking. During the last year most of the professional freight handlers of the large transportation line terminals have either been drafted or have left to obtain better than their 25-cents-an-hour wage in high-paying munition factories. The result is that, for the last few months, freight superintendents have been depending entirely on what they call "scrub" labor. About 325 men are now employed to do the work which, before the war, 150 professional freight handlers did for the same 25-cent-an-hour wages.

Until the recent Federal rule forbidding Teutons near the docks, there were many instances in which Austrian laborers deliberately broke open and spoiled crates of munitions and goods consigned to the Allies, pier superintendents said. The robbing of cases of dry goods by the new "scrub" labor is a nightly occurrence, it was asserted.

Board to Pass on Freight Permits.

In an effort to clarify the situation caused by excessive requests for priority routing for their shipments, the American Railway Association announced yesterday that in accordance with a request by the Railroads' War Board, embargo modification permits for the governments of America's allies would be handled through a traffic executive office of the association at 165 Broadway.

Fairfax Harrison, Chairman of the Railroads' War Board, said that much of the congestion in the Eastern territory was caused by an excessive number of priority orders.

"The number of these routine preference orders has become so great," he said, "that on some of the Eastern railways they are being applied to the greater part of the freight. The attempt to give expedited movement to an excessive amount of freight has caused congestion in yards by causing a large increase in switching movements."

Mr. Harrison did not refer to the priority orders issued by Judge Lovett for the United States Government, but to routine preference orders issued by representatives of Government departments or others enjoying the privilege of using the priority permits.

In announcing its plan to relieve congestion by opening a clearing house for embargo exception permits, the American Railway Association said in a statement:

"From now on, when permits are desired for traffic consigned to Controller Johannet for account of the French Government, General Tozzi for account of the Italian Government, Connop Guthrie for account of the British Government, or C. G. Medzikhovsky for account of the Russian Government, the application will be made direct to the Traffic Executive, who in turn through the Embargo Permit Department will make application to the railroad company. This means that the railroads no longer will be burdened with thousands of duplicate requests, but will receive only one request on each shipment from the Traffic Executive.

"It is expected that this centralization of authority will not only increase the efficiency of the various railroad embargo offices, but will tend to relieve to a great extent the already over-burdened railroad and commercial telegraph systems."

WOOL MARKET IS STRONG.

Mills Buying Lower Grades for Government Purposes.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"Transactions in the Boston wool market have not been very large in volume during the last week. The market, although quiet, has remained strong. All good combing wools, which are scarce, are held at extremely high figures. Many mills are buying the lower grades of stock to be used for Government purposes. There is some demand for all grades of wool, particularly fine Cape scoured.

"Greater activity in the cotton goods market has been seen during the last week. It is felt that the market will continue its upward trend until fundamental conditions are different than those at present. There has been very large buying of heavyweight fabrics largely through the result of the elimination of heavy fabrics on account of Government purchasing."

EXTRA DIVIDENDS DECLARED

Grinnell Corporation, D., L. & W., and Others Announce Payments.

The Grinnell Manufacturing Corporation of New Bedford, Mass., has declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.50 a share, and an extra dividend of $10 a share, payable in Liberty Loan bonds.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad declared yesterday the usual 10 per cent. extra dividend, payable Dec. 22 to shareholders of record Dec. 4.

The New York Transit Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of $4 a share and an extra dividend of $2.

The Scovill Manufacturing Company has declared an extra dividend of $5 a share.

The Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company has declared an extra dividend of 5 per cent.

La Belle Iron Works declared the regular quarterly dividends of 2 per cent. on the preferred and 1 per cent. on the common, and also an extra 2 per cent. on the common.

The Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Corporation has declared an extra dividend of 1 per cent. on the common stock.

The General Railway Signal Company has declared the regular quarterly dividends of 1½ per cent. on both the common and preferred stocks, and also an extra 1½ per cent. on the common.

WILSON ORDERS IMPORTS LICENSED

Continued from Page 1.

have heretofore been made or shall hereafter be prescribed in pursuance of the powers conferred by said act of Oct. 6, 1917, and the Executive Order of Oct. 12, 1917.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia, this 28th day of November, [Seal.] in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and of the independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and forty-second.

WOODROW WILSON.

By the President.
ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

New Export Proclamation.

Another proclamation by the President, made public tonight, places additional commodities for export under control of the War Trade Board after Dec. 1. It reads:

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, Congress has enacted, and the President has on the fifteenth day of June, 1917, approved a law which contains the following provisions:

Whenever during the present war the President shall find that the public safety shall so require and shall make proclamation thereof, it shall be unlawful to export from or ship from or take out of the United States to any country named in such proclamation any article or articles mentioned in such proclamation, except at such times or times, and under such regulations and orders, and subject to such limitations and exceptions as the President shall prescribe, until otherwise ordered by the President or by Congress: provided, however, that no preference shall be given to the ports of one State over those of another.

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim to all whom it may concern that the public safety requires that the following articles (in addition to the articles controlled by the second division of the proclamation of August 27, 1917), namely:

Iron and steel wire rope, cable and strands consisting of six or more wires, stud link chain cable, micrometers and calipers, lathe chucks, antimony, antimony ore, asbestos, balata, mica, mica splittings, strontium ores, titanium, wolframite and iridium, arsenic and its compounds, opium, caustic soda, soda ash, methyl-ethyl katone and wood alcohol, acetic acid, glacial acetic acid, acetate of cellulose and all acetates, animal oils and vegetables oils, beans, eggs, peanut meal, flaxseed, soya bean meal, soya bean oil, starch, canned peas, canned tomatoes, canned corn, dried prunes, dried apricots, dried apples, dried raisins and dried peaches, quebracho and chestnut extracts; vegetable fibre bags and bagging, except cotton bags and bagging; rubber, sponges, gutta joolatong, gutta percha, gutta siak, shellac seedlac and chinchona bark; hospital gauze and surgical instruments; yellow pine wood measuring 1 by 1 by 25 and larger, and poster paper

Shall not, after the first day of December, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, be exported from or shipped from or taken out of the United States or its territorial possessions to

Abyssinia, Afghanistan, Argentina, Belgium, her colonies, possessions or protectorates, Bolivia, Brazil, China, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, France, her colonies, possessions or protectorates; Great Britain, her colonies, possessions or protectorates; Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Italy, her colonies, possessions or protectorates; Japan, Liberia, Mexico, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, Nepal, Nicaragua, the colonies, possessions or protectorates of The Netherlands; Oman, Panama, Paraguay, Persia, Peru, Portugal, her colonies, possessions or protectorates; Rumania, Russia, Salvador, San Marino, Serbia, Siam, Uruguay or Venezuela, or to any territory occupied by the military forces of the United States or the nations associated with the United States in the war.

Except at such time or times, and under such regulations and orders, and subject to such limitations and exceptions as the President shall prescribe, until otherwise ordered by the President or by Congress.

The regulations, orders, limitations and exceptions prescribed will be administered by and under the authority of the War Trade Board, from whom licenses, in conformity with said regulations, orders, limitations and exceptions, will issue. Said proclamation of Aug. 27, 1917, is hereby confirmed and continued, and all rules and regulations heretofore made in connection therewith or in pursuance thereof, including the executive order of Oct. 12, 1917, are likewise confirmed and continued and made applicable to this proclamation.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this twenty-eighth of November in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and seventeen and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-second.

[Seal]

WOODROW WILSON.

By the President: Robert Lansing, Secretary of State.

In connection with the second proclamation, issued today, the President made the following statement:

"The purpose and effect of this proclamation are to supplement the proclamation of Aug. 27, 1917, by subjecting to export control certain additional commodities whose conservation is essential to the policy of devoting all the resources of this country to the most vigorous prosecution of the war. Our foreign trade in these commodities will be affected only to the extent that control of their exportation by license is demanded by the duty of providing for our domestic needs and the needs of the nations at war with the Imperial German Government."

Can Control World Trade.

By The Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Assumption of control over imports gives the Government another powerful weapon which will be used to its fullest extent in the economic war on Germany. It adds greatly to America's commercial power, already the greatest of any nation, and puts this country in a position during the war almost to direct the trade of the world. If minded to use it in that way, the United States could let it serve as the heaviest kind of pressure on neutral traders suspected of using American goods to supply Germany. Controlling both exports and imports the Government is in a position, too, to demand of other nations the kind of supplies it needs in prosecution of the war.

One of the chief advantages of import control is that it gives the Government a larger measure of supervision over shipping. If tonnage vitally needed for war purposes is being used to transport to this country commodities regarded as nonessential the Government can decline to issue import licenses and thus divert the tonnage to essential trades.

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FRENCH TEACHER.—Experienced; having mornings free, wishes private lessons or to form a class. G 39 Times.

Mary G. Wilford, A. M., English, Latin, Mathematics. 505 West 112th St.

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MARTYN THOMAS VOICE CULTURE Speaking and Singing. Rapid, Correct Method. Demonstration Free. Studio 416 W. 122d. (Morn. 4475)

Institute of Musical Art Frank Damrosch, Director, 120 Claremont Ave., N. Y.

SURROGATE CITATION.

CHOATE, JOSEPH HODGES.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Joseph Hodges Choate, late of the County of New York, deceased, to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Evarts, Choate & Sherman, 60 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 24th day of December next.

Dated New York, the 12th day of June, 1917.
JOSEPH H. CHOATE, JR.,
MABEL CHOATE,
CARL A. de GERSDORFF,
Executors.
EVARTS, CHOATE & SHERMAN, Attorneys for Executors, 60 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash, surplus stock, better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

BROADCLOTH AND VELOURS Wanted.—American Woolen Co.'s 11050, 544, 13046. Farragut 3454.

CLOAKINGS Wanted.—Heavyweight, all colors; 6-4 and ¾ cash. Edelson & Hand, 16-18 West 22d St.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models, all week; ladies', misses', and juniors'; call between 9 and 12, 3 and 5. 6 West 18th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber now placing order on Spring coats. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Spring goods. 129 West 22d, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber ordering Spring children's, juniors'. Room 1808, 15 E. 26th.

COATS Wanted for Spring lines. Call mornings, Elsen & Sons, 122 West 26th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing immediate orders. Rubin, 50 West 17th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats. Call 28 E. 30th, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors on silk, serge, Georgette dresses. Call, with own samples, at 130-132 West 25th, ninth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Ready to place large orders on Spring dresses. Spiro & Kutner, 279 5th Av.

POPLIN Wanted.—90610, 06077, or similar in mannish serge. Zipkin, 1,133 Broadway.

POPLINS Wanted.—90610 or others; cash. H. S. S., 35 West 21st. Gramercy 440.

POPLIN Wanted. — Will buy 100 pieces for spot cash. Hirschfield, 142 West 29th.

SILK Wanted.—Open for silks of any description up to 80c per yard. Madison Square 3867.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Am in the market for all shades. J. Heit & Sons, 99 Madison Ave.

SPRING COATS Wanted.—Jobber interested. Call between 8:30 and 10:30 A. M. 37 East 28th St., Room 203.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Large jobber looking at Spring coats and suits, 8:30 to 10 A. M., 4 to 6 P. M., 127 West 26th, 6th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Large jobber now placing orders on smart Spring suits. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber looking at Spring coats and suits. 12 West 27th St., 5th floor.

TRICOTINE AND POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Spot cash, Garfield 4718, 4978, 4976; state quantity, colors and price. G 11 Times.

TRUNKS Wanted.—At once, salesmen's 45 in. wardrobe trunks. Novelty, 116 W. 29th.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS Wanted.—Heavyweight American or similar; any quantity, all colors; will pay cash. Farragut 8139.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BATH ROBES for men, ladies, and children for immediate delivery. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th St.

CHIFFONS.—Have for sale large quantity chiffon cloth, chiffon lining; also crepe chiffon, all colors, special price. Farragut 4820.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—To close out. J. Dunn Co., 127 West 25th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Exceptional values pom poms, plush, velour, broadcloth, self and fur-trimmed; immediate delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

COATS.—1,000 for immediate delivery; plushes, velours, kerseys, and broadcloths, to close out, at a price. Benjamin Martin, 22 West 27th.

COATS. — Silks, mercerized, and cotton plushes, broadcloths, and velours; close out to make room. Ulin Bros., 55 East 11th St.

COATS.—Kerseys and velours, fur-trimmed, to close out cheap; also other good values. F. J. Gelfond, 141 West 28th St.

COATS.—750 on the rack for immediate delivery. W. Philips & Co., 145 West 25th St.

COATS.—500, all materials, to close out. Harry Gelfond, 122 West 27th St.

COATS.—Better kind; immediate delivery. L. Baumann & Co., 12 East 32d St.

COATS.—500, to close out; all fur trimmed. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th St.

DRESSES.—Silk, serge, and evening dresses; close out entire stock account of moving. Greenberg-Weiner Co., 133 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, silks, velvet evening dresses; special values. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

KERAMI.—For sale, at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

MIDDYS.—Spring line of 3 in 1 middy blouses and new smocks ready. Freedman, 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

SERGES.—American, 09050; 25 pieces; navy and black. 9090 Farragut; Mr. Philip.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Belle Cloak & Suit Co., 159 West 25th.

VELVETEENS.—Plain and twill back, all colors, all widths; corduroy in narrow and wide wale, all colors; also clothing corduroy. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 31st St. Madison Square 9760.

WOOLEN and silk piece goods for sale. The high-grade stock on hand of a cloak and suit manufacturer. G. H. M. & Co., 38 East 30th St.

Help Wanted.

SALESWOMAN Wanted.—Unusual opportunity for aggressive woman to fill man's position calling on women's apparel manufacturers; must be hustler; salary and commission. J 190 Times.

SALESMEN.—Reputable house manufacturing embroidered household linens desires representative for West only; commission basis. R. H., 142 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ..5¼@5½ p. c. for the best names
Tuesday .... " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Those Big Bags Again.

Those big knitting bags the women are carrying popped up again yesterday in a talk a Times man had with a store executive. Regarding their tendencies to promote petty shoplifting, the executive in question put himself by the side of the one who recently characterized this kind of talk as "rank nonsense." He continued: "I expect to see the big bags save the stores trouble and save both the stores and the public money this holiday season by making it easy for customers to carry small packages with them. It stands to reason that if a woman has bought half a dozen articles which she can easily tuck into her bag she is going to think better of carrying them with her than if she had to 'tote' them in her hands. I think my contention is already proved in part by the comparatively fewer deliveries being made of late, considering the time of the year it is."

Looking Forward to 1918.

More than one member of the local cutting-up trade is looking forward to the coming of 1918 in the hope that it will dispel the bad luck that has followed the trade throughout the greater part of the year. While some houses appear to have done well it is said that they represent the minority. In more than one-quarter the assertion has been made that the current year, taken as a whole, has been one of the most disappointing in a long time. That the Spring season was far from being what it might have been is no secret, nor is the fact unknown that Fall business has been of a similar calibre. The change in the silhouette for next Spring, bringing into vogue again the narrow skirt, is expected to "warm things up" again.

Australian Embargo Modified.

This statement has been issued by E. T. Hall, the official representative in this city of the Commonwealth of Australia: "On Aug. 10 last the Government of the Commonwealth prohibited the importation, except by permission, of ale, beer, stout and cider, portable spirits, perfumed spirits and bay rum, biscuits, confectionery, eggs, fur apparel, perfumery, jewelry, imitation jewelry and imitation precious stones, and bodies for motor vehicles. I have just received a cablegram stating that any of the above goods—except ale, beer, stout and cider, portable spirits, and motor bodies—will be admitted if a firm order was lodged with the manufacturer on or before Aug. 10 last, and the importer is committed to payment."

Toy Demand Is Normal.

Activity in the toy departments of the large retail stores is said to be not in the least below normal. Predictions made earlier in the year that the wave of economy that is sweeping over the country, and the higher prices prevailing in many instances, would seriously curtail business in these lines do not seem to be materializing. "We are selling articles for $40 this year," said the head of a large store devoted almost exclusively to toys, "which last year sold at $25, and we are selling just as many as we did. The holiday season this Fall is a little late, due to the lateness of Thanksgiving, but I am perfectly confident that our turnover this year will be every bit as good as last in spite of all predictions to the contrary."

Detachable Fur Collars Take.

One of the most widely sought novelties introduced this season is the detachable fur collar for men's overcoats. Though as a rule these pieces are offered in conjunction with the coat on which they are shown, it is said they can be made to fit any heavy coat with a wide collar. According to reports from the trade coats with this feature have proved to be one of the best sellers of the season, because in mild weather, as an authority in the trade points out, they can be worn without the fur collar.

Gray Goods Trade Upset.

Not even in the panic days of ten years ago was the local gray goods trade in a more upset condition than at the present time, though the uncertainty that existed then was of a widely different nature. The result is that both buyers and sellers are feeling their way. Even at that a good volume of business is passing, and yesterday's trading was no exception to the rule. Business, for delivery in December and also through the first quarter of next year, was done on 39-inch 68-72s at 13¾ and 13⅛ cents, respectively, while similar sales of 38½-inch 64-60s, 60-52s, and 60-48s were reported at 11¾, 10¾, and 10⅝ cents, respectively. Other business of a more or less scattered nature was also done in printcloths and, in cases where buyers and sellers could agree as to price, a nice volume of medium-weight sheetings was sold. There was no apparent diminution of the call for sateens and twills, which are rising steadily in sympathy with the general market. Spot printcloth prices, which were uneven, closed at about these levels:

39-inch, 80-80s	...16c	39-inch, 64-60s	...12c
39-inch, 72-76s	..*15c	39-inch, 64-56s	...11⅝c
39-inch, 68-72s	..*14c	39-inch, 60-52s	...10⅞c
39-inch, 56-44s	... 9¾c	39-inch, 60-48s	...10⅝c
38½c-inch, 64-64s	.12½c	27-inch, 64-60s	..*8⅝c

*Asked.

Men's Olive Drab Suede Gloves.

In men's gloves, one of the most popular numbers of the season up to now has been the olive drab suede gloves, according to reports from the local trade. In some cases they are taken plain, in others the black clocks on the back are preferred. Though demand has been fairly active all Fall, the approach of the holiday season seems to be increasing sales, and many of the large stores in this city feel that when the year is ended the last quarter will be found to have been one of the best in many years. Gray suede also is said to be well taken, and, in fact, suede in all shades seems to be the leader this year.

Good Prospects for Spring Ties.

Local manufacturers of men's neckwear report that the prospects for the Spring trade are very good. With the bugaboo of the draft no longer an unknown factor, buyers do not feel the hesitancy and uncertainty so disastrous to normal buying, and are said to be inquiring already for Spring lines. Several manufacturers are getting up attractive samples in washable crêpes and cotton de Joinville for the 1918 season. In these washable lines panel effects and Jacquard figures will be extensively used. It is expected that bow ties, later in the Spring, will be unusually popular.

Some Novelties Are Shown.

Even though retailers are complaining that there is little new in the line of millinery, novelties are making their appearance in the local market. For instance, some of the hats for immediate wear that are now being shown here have black satin brims with ribbon crazy quilt crowns. Others show the use of narrow gros grain ribbon interlaced with wool. Maline hats are seen with patent leather piping, and hats of Georgette crepe combined with satin in medium mushroom shapes are also shown. The trimmings include new effects in ostrich fancies, wool pompoms, and handmade silk flowers.

Holiday Sales Running Big.

Holiday sales continue to run big locally, and a man employed in an executive capacity by one of the well-known stores is authority for the statement that this store is well ahead of last year both in volume of sales and money represented. While he was not sure whether this was due to an increased observance of the "Do your Christmas shopping early" rule or to the possibility that the public has more money to spend this year than last, he attributed the gain to the latter. "Time alone will tell," he concluded, "but I am sure that closing time on Dec. 24 will not find us behind the mark set in 1916."

BUSINESS NOTES.

The forty-second annual edition of "Cotton Facts" has been issued by the Shepperson Publishing Company of this city. In addition to the large number of topics covered in previous issues, the new book contains several features of particular interest to those having to do with cotton and cotton goods.

At the Hotel Imperial, on Saturday at 2 P. M., will be held the next meeting of the newly organized American Fur Dealers' Association. The association to date has 125 members, who are drawn from the raw and dressed fur dealers of this city. These are the officers: President, Carl Dernburg; Vice President, Max Wulfsohn; Treasurer, Louis Cohen, and Secretary, Jack Phillips.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

COLUMBIA NOVELTY CORP., manufacturers of flash lights and electric batteries, at 167 Wooster Street.—A petition in bankruptcy against this corporation has been filed by these creditors: Carl W. Stern, $606; Jacob Keller, $50, and Lillien Charyn, $161. Assets are $3,000.

ALTON TEXTILE CO., dealer in woolens and dry goods, at 38 Union Square.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by these creditors: M. H. Schwartz, $50; E. Waldman, $450, and A. Schlansky, $300. Judge A. N. Hand appointed Wilmot T. Cox receiver. Liabilities $20,000, and assets, $5,000.

LOUIS KAPLAN, manufacturer of pants, at 95 Bleecker Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by Abe Sandman, $404; Max Loiber, $85, and Abraham Weiss, $200.

HARRY SELTZER.—Two petitions in bankruptcy have been filed against Harry Seltzer, manufacturer of furs, at 56 East Tenth Street, by these creditors: M. Denker & Son, $304; George J. Fox, $379, and European-American Fur Co., $802; Henry Greenstein, $936; R. Leonard, $468; W. E. Waldman, $85. Liabilities are $25,000, and assets, $5,000.

GEORGE FISCHER, dealer in gowns, &c., at 2,654 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,051, and assets of $1,884, consisting of stock, $1,545; fixtures, $250; notes, $267, and cash, $22. Julius Pauly is a creditor for $1,950.

TUFARO & CAPPARELLI, composed of Antonio Tufaro and Domenico Capparelli, of 415 East 115th Street, grocers, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,203, and assets of $863.

JACOB N. OLSHANSKY, dealer in furniture, at 142 Essex Street.—Judge Hand has confirmed a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar. Liabilities were $23,878.

KATZ & KASS.—Judge A. N. Hand has granted a motion to accept the offer of Meyer M. Kepoes to buy the assets of Katz & Kass, dealers in leather goods, at 129 West 125th Street and 308 Lenox Avenue, for a sum sufficient to pay 30 cents on the dollar and administration expenses.

NATIONAL ALLIED AMUSEMENT CORP.—Judge Giegerich of the Supreme Court has appointed Harold L. Kuenstler receiver of the National Allied Amusement Corp., which produced the play "When Johnny Comes Marching Home" at the Manhattan Opera House, on application of Paul R. Dote, a creditor, who obtained a judgment against the company for $1,039 on July 18.

AARON SILVERSTEIN.—Judge Mayer has appointed Hugo Levy receiver for Aaron Silverstein, manufacturer of cloaks and suits, at 48 West Twenty-fifth Street.

RICHFIELD FARMS, INC.—Judge A. N. Hand has appointed John L. Lytle receiver of the Richfield Farms, Inc., of 943 East 180th Street. Liabilities are $3,000 and assets $1,000.

CHAS. FRIEDLANDER & CO., wholesale dealers in auto supplies, at 58 Warren Street, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $126,052 and assets of $45,221, consisting of stock, $25,000; accounts, $17,221; cash, $2,500, and office furniture, $500. Among the creditors are the Chas. Francis Press, $11,654; Atlanta National Bank, $5,500, and George C. Friedlander, $4,500.

ABRAHAM SCHWARTZ, installment peddler, at 254 West 112th Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $2,271 and assets of $1,500 in leases to fifty-seven customers.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 28.—The New York Cloak and Suit Co., of which B. Herman is manager, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today, scheduling liabilities of $14,992, and assets of $7,633.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 28.—Walter Allen Clatty, a salesman, of Mount Lebanon, Penn., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $16,871.53 and assets of $325.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES Cal. Nov. 28.—Arthur Cohn, a grocer of this city, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States District Court yesterday. Liabilities are said to be $24,513 and assets $5,680.

The United States Rubber Company filed a creditor's petition in the United States District Court yesterday against John B. L. Reeves, operating as the Auto Owners Association. Liabilities are said to be $20,000.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

In amounts of $100 and over.

Aladdin Construction Corp.—H. W. Fairfax $288.44
Auto Service Station—Texas Co....298.87
Adler, Dorothea—Markowitz Co....1,118.06
Beattie, Goodwin D.—S. Prosser et al..117.70
Brown, James—L. Shafarman....535.40
Brennan, William R.—Edison Portland Cement Co., costs....109.55
Baumann, John R.—Burns Bros....140.88
Belk, George and Fred—Bernheim Distilling Co....305.06
Barnes, Leon—J. S. Drake....531.59
Bartow, G. Edwin—Title Guarantee and Trust Co....127.84
Beneduce, Giovanni—People, &c....200.00
Bark, Richard—Same....200.00
Builders Brick and Supply Co.—Garford Motor Truck Co....1,264.09
Busch, Britton N.—H. Peck et al....321.83
Conner, Frederick W.—W. N. Payne...200.17
Carroll, Michael—Park & Tilford....212.20
Clyde, Robert N.—Best & Co....475.26
Charles D. Norton Co.—S. Borchardt.3,822.82
Coleen, Mae, and Irving Katz—People, &c....300.06
Cohen, Mortimer J.—M. S. Cohen....320.29
City of New York—J. Cohen....879.92
Di Giovanni, Pellgrina—E. Tossbach, costs....106.91
Darcy, Michael J.—A. L. Wisner et al., costs....110.66
Eighme, George D.—A. Peterson, costs.102.45
Flanagan, James—Empire State Liquor Co....365.16
Finnegan, James—S. H. Reakit....792.85
Fischer, Frank and Frederick, (Fischer Bros.)—State Industrial Commission of the State of New York....[illegible]
Flaumbaum, Samuel—J. Schmalowitz..[illegible]

Foy, James, and Joseph Stern—People, &c....500.00
Foy, James, and Edward Strauss—Same....500.00
Foy, James, and Stephen Mills—Same..500.00
Feuerlicht, Max A.—H. Cohen....227.46
Geis, Norman P., administrator Wm. H., John F., Franklin H., Norman P., and Henry W.—Rector, &c., of Grace Church in City of N. Y....6,176.65
Goldstein, Sadie—F. Schneider....120.65
Great Western Photo Play Corp.—United Electric Light and Power Co....201.90
Hirsch, Harry—M. Feldberg....590.28
Heim, Joseph—F. K. Rupprecht....343.41
Helfrich, Emil—W. H. Preuss....276.16
Hickey, Charles A.—R. H. Clark....515.34
High Ground Dairy Co.—I. Paterno..1,135.65
Gordon, Florence—Smith & Jones....127.00
Goldstein, Louis, and Abraham Letzner—S. Posner....155.78
Harris, Mortimer I.—Manchester Garage Co., costs....109.05
Harris-Miller-Mornan, Inc.—A. C. Wade....528.95
Heye, Blanche W.—F. Fetzer....730.46
Joelson, Joseph, and Joseph Jacobsen—H. Lieblich....239.28
Kennedy, Patrick J.—New England Equitable Ins. Co....375.46
Konz, Albert W.—Commercial Adv. Assn. et al., costs....134.65
Klein, Helen—Prudential Ins. Co. of America, costs....119.07
Kowalsky, Joseph—New Process Electro Corp. et al., costs....110.80
Liberte, Raphael, Louise Liberti, and Stella Sabbatella—People, &c....300.00
Larr, Carrie, and Benjamin Green—People, &c....300.00
Minter, Edgar W.—S. L. Newman....168.38
Messiana, Pasquale—Cosmopolitan Drug Co....320.71
Marmor Const. Co. and Morris Hermen—J. Sanders....747.12
Mansfield, Nettie, and National Surety Co.—People, &c....500.00
Maben, Spencer M.—Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co....473.53
Mazzuchi, Chick—C. Boulotchnik....100.70
N. Y. Railways Co.—M. Johnson....2,135.93
181st Street Building Corp. and Gabriel Del Gaudio—Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Co....715.60
Patten-Brown Co.—Station Const. Co..101.36
Potter, Emily H.—Brooks Bros....631.55
Same—A. M. Swift....357.24
Price, Frank J.—Lit Bros....160.19
Roth, Louis and Adolph—F. L. Goffo.1,021.48
Russo, Charles—People, &c....200.00
Reohr, Charles D.—B. Altman & Co....221.76
Ratcliffe, Charles O.—State Industrial Commission of the State of N. Y...2,092.80
Ryan, Theresa—J. Miller....630.41
Rosenberg, Joseph, and Abraham D. Cohen—J. Metzler....890.17
Schweizer, Importers—Brett & Goode Co....1,861.48
Scheckt, Bay—I. Cohen et al....1,101.42
Schmidt, Heinrich R.—People, &c....200.00
Sirker, Carl—Chas. Wissman, (a corp.)..110.54
Taylor, George C., Pres.—M. Oppenheimer....250.00
Thorne, Philip M.—Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Maryland....1,019.19
Tag, Louis—B. Polivy....114.81
Thill, Jean and Eva C.—Fleischmann Const. Co....819.85
Third Avenue Ry. Co.—J. O'Sullivan.3,882.60
Waltz, Johanna—Empire State Liquor Co....106.04
Winter, Edgar W.—S. L. Newman....168.36
Whitehurst, David—J. Whitehurst, costs.129.40
Zweig, Joseph—Butler Bros....122.81

In Bronx County.

Bartow, G. Edwin—Title Guarantee and Trust Co....$127.84
Demuth, Charles—B. Nicholson....115.80
Fleming, George—N. Y. Telephone Co... 19.91
Forsythe, Joseph W., as guardian—J. Wegmann....116.17
Same—W. Wegmann....134.29
Horbst, Isaac, and David C. Ray—M. I. Davidson....50.83
Koret, Abraham—E. H. Sayre et al....105.43
Murphy, Patrick—Pearlman & Goldsmith Co....28.45
Macousey, Louis—B. Michelson....62.82
McKnight, H. Steward—Title Guarantee and Trust Co....33.50
Newman, Samuel—T. DuMoulin....1,112.17
Ostrove, Morris—S. Liebling....64.44
Raile Archangelo—State Industrial Commission....195.00
Rodgers & Hagerty—M. Gross....150.00
Silverman, Jacob—G. A. Colvin....47.72
Schneider, Peter, Jr.—L. Duey....187.22
Tapfers, Joseph—B. Rosenberg et al....28.17
Wright, John H.—E. E. Dreyer as exr.1,800.00
Weisz, Adolph—H. Mohrmann....275.72
Waldman, Jacob—S. Hackel....195.82
Wolf, Paul L., and Milda K.—F. Schonherr as admx....383.72

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Amanna, Fiore—R. Carvel et al.; Nov. 22, 1917....$103.45
Bacon, Frank L.—Arnold, Constable & Co.; Nov. 10, 1917....105.71
Kelsey, Otto—Northern Bank of N. Y.; May 16, 1913....23,467.97
Lange, Chas. O.—F. Giacchino et al.; June 11, 1917....391.43
Lazarus, David, John J. Driscoll, Madison M. Jones, Geo. M. Janvrin, J. Irving Hansle, Ambrose C. Neal, Joseph E. Nasedley, James D. Montgomery, Richard O'Brien, and Albert W. Dodge—S. M. Ruhlin; July 25, 1916....230.40
Lindenstein, Moese M.—Nanes Art Furniture Co.; June 30, 1917....127.15
Galloway, Robert S.—E. W. Orvis et al.; Nov. 10, 1916....117.62
Gottorf, Edward, and National Surety Co.—People, &c.; Sept. 29, 1917; vacated....1,000.00
Sauratem, Toby, and National Surety Co.—People, &c.; Oct. 11, 1917; vacated....1,500.00
Cowins, George, and National Surety Co.—People, &c.; Aug. 18, 1917; vacated..500.00
Templeman, Philip—A. L. Ehrmann et al.; Nov. 13, 1917; vacated....17,399.04
Storm Waterproofing Corp. — Barrett Co.; Aug. 24, 1917....383.41
Siegel, George—H. S. Sisson; Nov. 17, 1917....1,800.00
Degnon Cont. Co.—L. L. Ransom; Oct. 27, 1916....2,201.68
East Jersey R. R. & Terminal Co.—Ins. Co. of State of Penn.; June 1, 1916...115.33
McDonald, Edith—M. L. Connes; Nov. 20, 1917....1,594.65
Kiosk Cont. Co.—I. Leonard; May 2, 1917....[illegible]
Same—Same; May 2, 1917....[illegible]

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—F. L. Shutts, hosiery, underwear, sweaters; Longacre.
BALTIMORE — Baltimore Cloak Co.; S. Cohen, mfrs.' cloaks, suits; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—O. L. Bailey & Co.; O. L. Bailey, kid gloves, mittens, shirts; Murray Hill.
BALTIMORE—J. Miller & Co.; J. Miller, mfr's. cloaks, suits; Aberdeen.
BALTIMORE—Varsity Underwear Co.; S. John, trimming; 906 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—L. Cohen, woolens; Breslin.
BOSTON—Eastern Mfg. Co.; H. Robbins, dry goods; Broadway Central.
BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; W. J. McGuire, hosiery, knit underwear, umbrellas; 1,133 Broadway; Latham.
BOSTON — Green Bros. Co.; B. Green, 5-10-25c goods; Breslin.
BUFFALO—Feldman & Rieger; C. Feldman, millinery; Imperial.
CHICAGO—Golden Rule; J. Taylor, fur'n goods; Richmond.
CHICAGO—R. W. K. Co.; H. Rothschild, jewelry; 33 Union Square; Hargrave.
CHICAGO—L. Zimmerman, genl. mdse.; Albert.
CHICAGO—F. N. Matthews Co.; M. Grossman, jobs coats, suits; 470 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Mitchel Redler, infants', children's, juniors' coats, suits; 1,133 B'way, R. 1215.
CINCINNATI—Alms & Doepke Co.; Miss A. Wehmeier, laces, neckwear, handkerchiefs; 350 Broadway, Great Northern.
CINCINNATI—I. Spievack, coats, suits, dresses, skirts, waists; Aberdeen.
CRESTON, Iowa—T. W. Curry, clothing; Wallick.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; H. Rich, fur'n goods; 354 4th Av.
HARTFORD, Conn.—S. Hart, furs; Wallick.
MINNEAPOLIS — Young-Quinlan Co.; Miss N. Clair, misses' wear; 220 5th Av.
NEWBURG, N. Y.—J. Schoonmaker & Son; J. Johnson, carpets; Woodward.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Jacobs Bros. & Co.; H. Jacobs, furn. goods; Wallick.
NORRISTOWN, Pa.—H. C. Warner, dry goods; York.
OGDENSBURG, N. Y.—Randles Mfg. Co.; C. D. Randles, piece goods; Park Avenue.
OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Baker, Hanna & Blake Co.; H. M. Hobart, woman's ready-to-wear; 395 Broadway.
PARKERSBURG, W. Va.—Dils Bros. & Co.; H. H. Dils, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—Frank & Seder; H. L. Birnbaum, coats, suits, dresses; 364 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—H. Fried & Co.; H. Fried, children's coats; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; Miss M. McMahon, misses' cloaks, suits, skirts; Broadway and 10th.
PHILADELPHIA — Gimbel Bros.; G. R. Dunn, art needlework; Broadway and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—Levy & Co.; A. Levy, neckwear, hosiery; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—P. Horn & Co.; P. Horn, waists, dresses; Albert.
PHILADELPHIA — Supple Reeve, Whiting Co.; J. P. Reeve, umbrellas; 13 East 22d; Marlborough.
PHILADELPHIA—A. Segel, gen'l mdse.; Holland House.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; F. W. Campen, toys, sporting goods; 470 4th Av.; Latham.
PITTSBURGH—Imperial Skirt Co.; D. Alpern, house dresses, skirts; Albert.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; J. W. Horne, pictures, toys, trunks; 1261 Broadway.
PITTSBURGH—P. Abraham & Bros.; P. Abraham, dry goods, notions; B'way Central.
SAN FRANCISCO—New York Cloak and Suit House; M. Reich, coats, suits, dresses; 116 West 32d.
SEATTLE—Bon Marche; Mr. Hare, representing; 230 5th Ave.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort, Barney D. G. Co.; J. T. Suhler, underwear, hats; 23 East 26th.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Hunter, Tuppen Co.; C. S. Tuppen, phonographs; Vanderbilt.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; A. H. Baum, house furn. goods; Cumberland; I. S. Reese, linens; Grand.
WINSTON, N. C.—Fairview Dept. Store; S. L. Jenkins, dry goods, notions, shoes; B'way Central.
WINSTON, N. C.—Marlow, Dalton, Gilmer Co.; J. L. Gilmer, dry goods, notions; Aberdeen.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Jasper Bros.; M. Jasper, woolens; Breslin.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio — Strouss, Hirshberg Co.; T. A. Neely, house, furn. goods; 353 4th Av.

BUYING GOODS MADE EASY.

The trouble of making a round of wholesale houses and factories to discover goods needed by owners of stores and buyers obviated by dispatching lettergram to The New York Times, giving description of articles needed. Next day a short advertisement will appear on the Business Page of The Times and this will be read by those who will at once respond. Cost of service, 50 cents an agate line of 6 words.

Replies may be sent direct to advertiser, or to box number provided by The Times.—Advt.

The Greatest Scientific Illuminant
Americolite
"Transplanted Sunlight"
CHEERFUL—RESTFUL—ECONOMICAL
The most efficient electrical illumination for offices, stores, hotels, churches, factories, draughting rooms, etc. Perfectly adapted to color matching, also to lighting large areas and obviating individual desk or table lights. SEND FOR FOLDER
AMERICOLITE COMPANY
533 West 52d St., New York City
Telephone—Columbus 5580.
Recent Installations—Textile:
CONE EXPORT & COMMISSION CO., New York.
J. P. STEVENS & CO., New York.
CAMPBELL CO., New York.
COLUMBIA TEXTILE CO., New York.

VOILE
In plain and novelty effects including the newest and most distinctive designs.
Denzer & Nathan
611-21 Broadway, New York

CLEARANCE of Silks, Satins, Chiffon Velvet, Silk Velvet, Velveteen, Crepe Meteors, Chiffons, Crepe de Chines, Woolens, Linings, Laces, Brocades.
WM. LENNOX, INC.
Importers
10 EAST 34TH ST.
New York City

FOR THE NEWEST IDEAS IN JERSEY CLOTH
VISIT JERSEY HEADQUARTERS
RUDOLPH SCHREIBER
Standwarz Jersey Cloth
1140 Broadway at 26th St. N.Y.

NEGLA FABRICS
VELVETEENS
HENRY GLASS & CO.,
44-46-48 White St.

COATS & SUITS
Dependable Garments—Clever Designs.
MUTUAL GARMENT CO.,
16-18-20 West 32nd St., N. Y. C.

2,000 Serge & Silk Dresses. Low Prices.
Pioneer Ladies' Garment Co.
6-8 West 32nd St.

UNIVERSAL TRADING CO.
220 4th Ave., New York City

Cotton Fabrics Off Price
R. SERIL & CO., 486 B'way, N.Y.

ELIAS SURUT & SONS
WOOLENS OFF PRICE.

VENETIANS
SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO., 44 East 25th St.

Serge Dresses, $5.50 to $13.75
Booth, Bregman & Sumberg,
129-133 WEST 27TH STREET

Our Spring Line for 1918 of CHILDREN'S WHITE DRESSES Is NOW READY.
Rosengarten & Kellner, 20 W. 20th St.

Let Us Be Thankful!
For the inspiring stand taken by our Government in joining the free peoples in their war against tyranny.
For the valor of our brothers in arms who have so heroically taken up the sinews of war in behalf of Liberty.
For the sterling patriotism exhibited by all true Americans who are supporting the war with all their minds and might.
For these great blessings let us be truly thankful.
Universal Discount Co.
100 Fifth Ave., New York

Auctions.

A Tremendous Stock of High Grade
Uniform Clothing
as sailors, seamen, yachtsmen, fishermen, naval officers, conductors, and others, comprising in part as follows: 1,000 blue heavy uniform suits; 4,000 pairs pants in blue flannels; 8,000 pairs white duck overalls and coats; 1,000 blue serge suits and pants; 1,500 single coats in blue flannel and serges; 2,000 men's white aprons; 4,000 white duck coats and pants; 500 sailor blouses; 800 heavy wool sweaters; 200 dozen caps for sailors, conductors, etc. Also raincoats, fisherman coats.
Will Be Sold By
H. KARP, Auctioneer,
To-morrow, Friday, Nov. 30, 10:30 A. M.
At Salesrooms, 477 BROADWAY.
1,000 Men's & Youths' Overcoats,
100 Men's & Young Men's Suits.
The goods are now ready for your inspection. Telephone Canal 8524.

Auctioneers.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc.,
333-341 Fourth Avenue, at 25th St.

LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures.
Ves Prag & Co., 537 Broadway. Spring 2249.

Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries,
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ADVANCES ON MERCHANDISE
WORMSER & CO.
COMMERCIAL BANKERS.
95 Fifth Ave. 'Phone Stuyv. 3960.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Leo L. Doblin, Jackson & Co.
FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
404 Fourth Ave. Tel. Mad. Sq. 7707.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—SUSQUEHANNA COAL COMPANY, Complainant, against INTERSTATE COAL COMPANY, INC., Defendant.—In Equity.—E 13-326.

Pursuant to an order of the United States District Court made in the above entitled action on the 6th day of June, 1917, notice is hereby given requiring all the creditors of said Interstate Coal Company, Inc., and all persons having claims of any kind against said company to exhibit their claims to said Receiver at his office, Room 1112, No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, and become parties to the above entitled suit within six months from the first publication of this order, and that in default thereof they will be precluded from all benefit of the order or judgment which may be made in such suit, and from any distribution which shall be made in such suit, and from any distribution which shall be made under such order or judgment.

Dated, New York, June 6th, 1917.
WALTER PETERSON, Receiver.
KELLOGG & ROSE, Attorneys for Receiver, No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Plaintiff, v. SAM WEXLER, Defendant.

The President of the United States of America to Sam Wexler, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded that you personally appear before the Judge of the District Court of the United States of America, for the Southern District of New York, in the Second Circuit in Equity, within sixty days after service hereof, wheresoever the said Court shall then be, to answer a bill of complaint exhibited against you in the said Court by the United States of America, and to do further and receive what the said Court shall have considered in that behalf. And this you are not to omit under the penalty on you of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars.

Witness, Honorable Learned Hand, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, at the City of New York, on the 17th day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-second.

(Seal.) ALEX GILCHRIST, JR., Clerk.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, United States Attorney, Solicitor for United States of America.

The defendant is required to enter appearance in the above cause in the Clerk's office of this Court, within sixty days after service hereof, or the bill will be taken pro confesso against you.

ALEX GILCHRIST, Jr., Clerk.

To Sam Wexler, the defendant above named:

The foregoing writ of subpoena is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Julius M. Mayer, Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated October 15, 1917, and of that day filed, with the writ of subpoena and bill in equity herein, in the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court, Southern District of New York, at the United States Courts and Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

Dated New York, October 22, 1917.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address, U. S. Courts & P. O. Bldg., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Substantial Public Utility Investments

Bonds Notes Preferred Stocks

Hodenpyl, Hardy & Co.
Incorporated
Securities for Investment
14 Wall Street, New York

"If I had only Invested then"

you will probably say when you look back on November, 1917.

In keeping with the times are First Mortgage long time bonds to yield 6%, and two and a half year Collateral Notes to yield 7%.

Ask for our conservative recommendations.

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston San Francisco Chicago

Canadian Government & Municipal Bonds

Yield 5⅜% to 6½%
Principal and interest payable in New York

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Wood, Gundy & Co.
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Toronto Montreal London

Legal Investments, and Exempt from All Taxation in the State of New York.

Municipal Bonds

Municipality.	Rate.	Maturity.	Yield.
Utica, N. Y.	5.00%	1918-21	4.40%
N. Tonawanda	5.00%	1918-27	4.45%
Northport, N. Y.	4.75%	1918-26	4.45%
Bronxville, N. Y.	4.75%	1921-47	4.50%
Lockport, N. Y.	5.00%	1919-28	4.50%

Send for our descriptive circular on above and numerous other issues. Yielding from 4.40 to 4.65% income.

H. A. KAHLER & CO.
135 Broadway, New York
Telephone 7351—Cortlandt.

SHORT TERM SECURITIES
Curtis & Sanger
Members New York, Boston, and Chicago Stock Exchanges.
49 WALL STREET
Boston New York Chicago

Wm. A. Read & Co.
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Chicago Philadelphia Boston London

New Jersey Securities
Outwater & Wells
15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.
Telephone 20 Montgomery.

New York State Bonds
New York City Bonds

Barr & Schmeltzer
14 Wall St. *Specialists* New York

High Grade Railroad & Municipal Bonds
BLODGET & CO.
34 PINE ST. New York. 60 STATE ST. Boston.

FULTON TRUST CO. of New York
149 Broadway
Henry C. Swords, President
H. H. Cammann, Vice-Pres.
H. W. Reighley, 2d Vice-Pres.
Established 1890

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Small Volume of Dealings, with Further Price Recessions —Rails Lagging.

The usual evening-up process before a holiday took place on the Stock Exchange yesterday with a further contraction in activity. The list closed irregular, but with most issues selling off from Tuesday's final prices. The Street had numerous developments on the various war fronts to discount in the foreign exchange market, but security prices drifted along without reflecting any effort to adjust quotations to the improved prospects of the Allies on the west and Italian fronts, or to the beginning of overtures for peace between German authorities and representatives of the Bolsheviki.

Bankers are generally reconciled to a long drawn out war, and they are loath to undertake any new financing, at least until the Federal authorities make known their position regarding Government aid for the railroads and such industries needing additional capital as are working on war orders. The abnormal cost of materials has brought about such an increase in the inventories that manufacturers need in many cases double their ordinary amount of working capital in order to meet their current bills. In some instances, one of which came to light yesterday, the industries are omitting dividend payments justified by current earnings in order to free the sums which would be disbursed to stockholders for use as working capital. With a great many companies which have enjoyed an unusual degree of prosperity it will be necessary to arrange short-term borrowing to meet the new excess profits taxes.

Railroad securities are showing little improvement on the strength of expected economies resulting from the pooling arrangement being set in motion by the committee of Vice Presidents at Pittsburgh. This is natural in view of the fact that so far little consideration has been given by the executives to the rights of stockholders in planning ways to break the freight deadlock which has existed on some of the Eastern roads. The first thing to be worked out is, of course, the expediting of fuel and raw materials which must be moved without regard to the advantages ordinarily belonging to the lines originating the traffic. Eventually the companies must effect some kind of a pooling arrangement looking to the restoration of net earnings where they are interfered with by the drastic measures now being adopted for the relief of a bad situation.

LONDON MARKET IS FIRM.

Investment Stocks Receive Good Attention—Shipping Shares Strong.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The stock market was generally firm today, with the chief features the strength and activity in shipping shares and the Marconi group, especially American Marconi. Investment stocks received good attention, and the foreign bond section was firm, with the exception of Russian and Spanish issues, which were weak. Armament shares were in demand and rubbers improved.

Money was in better supply and discount rates were quiet. Italian exchange was better.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 28.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 59 francs 75 centimes for cash; Exchange on London 27 francs 28½ centimes. Five per cent. loan 87 francs 85 centimes.

Extend Mercantile Stores Notes.

The maturity of the outstanding serial notes of the Mercantile Stores Corporation has been extended from Dec. 1, 1917, to Dec. 1, 1919, according to an announcement made yesterday by the Trustees, who were appointed at the time of the reorganization of the H. B. Claflin Company. The affirmative consent in writing of holders of a majority in number and in principal amount, and practically the unanimous consent of the holders in amount of the outstanding notes, has been obtained for the two years' extension.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High ....4 | Last 4
Low ....3 | Renewals 3

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5¼	Ninety days	5½@5¾
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5¾@6
Five months	5¼@5½	Five months	5¾@6
Six months	5¼@5½	Six months	5¾@6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ....3½@3¾
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ....3⅝@3½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ....4⅛@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.
30 to 60 days 5
4 to 6 months ....5¼@5½
Other Names.
4 to 6 months 5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75 $\frac{7}{16}$	$4.75 $\frac{7}{16}$	$4.75 $\frac{7}{16}$	..
Cables	4.76 $\frac{7}{16}$	4.76 $\frac{7}{16}$	4.76 $\frac{7}{16}$	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.74⅛	5.74⅛	5.74⅛	—.00¼
Cables	5.72½	5.72½	5.72½	—.00⅛
Rubles—				
Demand	13.15	13.05	13.15	—.20
Cables	13.40	13.30	13.40	—.20

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.73 $\frac{7}{16}$	$4.76 $\frac{7}{16}$
5.1826	Paris	5.74⅛	5.72½
	China—		
	Hongkong	71.00	71.25
	Peking	107.00	107.25
	Shanghai	100.00	100.25
19.295	Greece	19.40	19.45
40.19	Holland	44.00	44.50
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	34.50	34.75
	Calcutta	34.50	34.75
5.1826	Italy	8.11	8.10
49.84	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.75	52.00
	Yokohama	52.00	52.25
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	50.00	50.125
51.50	Russia	13.15	13.40
26.79	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	36.50	37.00
	Copenhagen	33.25	33.75
	Christiania	33.75	34.00
19.295	Spain	23.58	23.65
	South America—		
32.42	Rio	25.76	25.86
42.44	Buenos Aires	47.01	47.11
5.1826	Switzerland	4.35	4.32½

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71½	$4.69½	$4.70½	$4.68½

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $560,845,570; balance, $49,175,667; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $9,987,777; Federal Reserve credit balance, $11,061,970.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .3125 discount.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 42¾d; unchanged; in New York, 84¼c, off ¼c; Mexican dollars, 64¼c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$11,027,334	$71,584,255
Ord. internal rev	76,577,321	262,979,637
Income tax	6,277,705	32,019,253
Miscellaneous	38,584,236	69,193,506
Total receipts	$132,466,997	$435,776,707
Excess of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	338,269,621	1,311,746,606
Excess of total disburse. over total receipts	338,541,507	732,889,234
Expenditures	470,737,618	1,767,523,315

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 28, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	392,137	1,171,977	459,297
Year to date	171,454,025	203,163,152	160,158,631

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
..	..	100	Ajax Rubber	48½	48½	48½	48½	−1½
2⅜	2½	1,200	Alaska Gold Mines	2½	2½	2½	2½	+⅛
18¼	19¼	900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	18½	19¼	18½	18½	−¼
74½	75	800	Am. Beet Sugar	75	75	74½	74½	−⅝
36⅛	36¼	6,050	Am. Can	36½	37	36	36⅛	−¼
96	97	100	Am. Can pf	96	96	96	96	..
65	66	1,100	Am. Car & Fdry	65⅝	66	65½	66	..
25	26½	2,800	Am. Cotton Oil	25	26⅝	25	26¼	+1¼
13½	13¾	400	Am. H. & Leather	14	14	13⅝	13⅝	−¼
57	59	100	Am. H. & Leath. pf	58	58	58	58	..
38	39	100	Am. Ice pf	38	38	38	38	−1
54	55	100	Am. International	55	55	55	55	−1
24⅝	25	2,500	Am. Linseed	25¼	25¼	24⅞	24⅞	−⅜
70	71	900	Am. Linseed pf	69½	71	69½	71	−2½
53½	54	1,150	Am. Locomotive	54	54	53½	53½	−1
12	13½	1,300	Am. Malting	12	13¼	11⅞	13½	−1⅜
90	92	400	Am. Shipbuilding	92	93	92	92½	+1½
75	75¼	4,200	Am. Smelt.& R. x d.	76¾	76¾	75¼	75¼	−1
101½	102½	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	102½	102½	102½	102½	+½
56½	57½	600	Am. Steel F'dries	56¾	57	56¼	56¾	−1½
96	98	300	Am. Sugar Ref	97½	97½	97	97	−1
60¼	61¼	8,600	Am. Sumatra Tob	60	62	59	60¾	+1
106¼	106⅜	1,300	Am. Tel. & Tel	106½	106½	106¼	106½	−⅛
42½	44	100	Am. Woolen	43	43	43	43	..
25	26	100	Am. Writing P. pf	26	26	26	26	−¼
57⅝	57¾	11,600	Anaconda Copper	58¼	58⅜	57½	57⅝	−1
1	1⅛	200	Assets Realization	1	1	1	1	..
54	59⅞	100	Associated Oil	59⅛	59⅛	59⅛	59⅛	+5⅝
82⅞	83	1,400	Atch., Top. & S. F	83½	83½	83	83	−1
81	82	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	82	82	82	82	−½
97¾	98⅛	1,500	At., Gulf & West I	98¼	99	98	98	−¼
55	55¼	1,800	Baldwin Loco	55	55⅝	54½	55⅜	+⅛
49½	49⅞	9,000	Baltimore & Ohio	50⅝	50⅝	49½	49½	−1¼
..	..	51	Bank of Commerce	160	162	160	162	..
90	91	300	Barrett Co	91⅛	91⅛	90¼	90¼	−1¼
1	1¼	200	Batopilas Mining	1	1	1	1	..
..	..	100	Bethlehem Steel	81	81	81	81	−⅞
80	80¼	27,200	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c.	81¼	81¼	79½	80¼	−1
..	..	600	Beth. Steel pf	85½	85½	85	85	..
97⅞	98½	1,400	Beth. S. pf.sub.r.f.p.	97¾	98¼	97½	98	+⅛
44⅛	44⅝	700	Bklyn Rapid Tran	44⅞	44⅞	44	44⅛	−⅜
114	115	2,000	Burns Brothers	115½	115½	114	114¾	−1½
17¼	17¾	100	Butte & Superior	17½	17½	17½	17½	..
12¼	12¾	100	California Petrol	12½	12½	12½	12½	−½
36¼	38½	100	California Pet. pf	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	−1¼
134¼	134½	3,300	Canadian Pacific	134⅝	135	134	134⅝	−⅛
29	30	100	Central Foundry	30	30	30	30	−1
41	42½	100	Central Foundry pf	41	41	41	41	−½
66	66½	1,900	Central Leather Co	67	67	66⅛	66⅛	−⅞
30	30¼	100	Cerro de Pasco	30½	30½	30½	30½	+½
66	67	1,100	Chandler Motor	65¾	66	64¾	66	+¼
47⅛	48	1,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	48	48	47	47½	−½
7	7½	100	Chi. Great Western	7	7	7	7	..
20	20¾	100	Chi. Great West. pf	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	−¼
36⅛	36⅜	3,800	Chi., Mil. & St. P	37⅞	37⅞	36	36⅛	−1
73	73¼	500	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	74½	74½	73¼	73¼	−1½
93	94	1,100	Chi. & Northwest'n	94½	94½	93½	94	−1
18⅛	18⅜	500	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c	18¼	18⅜	18¼	18¼	..
51	52	200	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	−1⅛
41⅝	43	500	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c	42½	42½	42	42	−½
15¼	15⅜	1,500	Chile Copper	15⅝	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜	+⅛
41⅝	42	2,100	Chino Copper	42	42	41⅝	41⅝	−⅜
26	28	100	Clev., C., C. & St.L	26	26	26	26	−½
35	35½	100	Col. Fuel & Iron	35	35	35	35	−1
20	21	100	Col. & Southern	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	−⅜
46	50	200	Col. & South. 1st pf	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼	+¼
31¼	31⅝	700	Columbia Gas & El	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	−⅞
26	30	200	Comput. Tab. Rec	27½	28	27½	28	..
85	86	700	Consolidated Gas	85¾	86	85¾	86	+¼
11	12¼	100	Con. Int. Cal. Min	11	11	11	11	−¾
94	97	1,000	Continental Can	97	97	96	97	..
28½	28¾	3,550	Corn Products Ref	29	29	28½	28¾	−¼
55⅛	55½	4,400	Crucible Steel	55¾	56¼	55	55¼	−¼
29	29½	1,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	29	29¾	29	29¼	−¼
78⅝	79	100	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾	−¼
78⅝	79	10	Do., odd lot	78½	78½	78½	78½	..
89½	91	2,700	Del. & Hudson	90¼	90¼	88½	90	−1
185	190	50	Del., Lack. & West	187	187	187	187	..
11½	12	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	12	12	12	12	−½
104	107½	85	Detroit Edison Co	104	104½	104	104½	..
..	95	71	Detroit United Ry	92	92	90	90	..
34⅝	35	1,800	Distillers Secur	35¼	35¼	34⅝	34⅝	−1⅛
6⅝	6¾	500	Dome Mines	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	−⅛
14½	14¾	700	Erie	14⅞	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	−¼
22½	22¾	400	Erie 1st pf	22⅝	22⅝	22½	22½	−½
31	33	1,300	Gaston, W. & W	33½	33½	31½	31½	−2⅜
127⅝	127⅞	4,100	General Electric	127	128	126½	127⅛	+⅛
88⅜	88¾	4,700	General Motors	91	91	88⅜	88⅜	−2½
73	75	100	General Motors pf	75	75	75	75	−⅜
36¼	37	500	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	36½	36½	36¼	36½	−½
93	97	100	Goodrich pf	94	94	94	94	+1
89¾	90¼	900	Great Northern pf	90¼	90¼	89⅝	89⅞	−⅞
27	27¼	1,600	G. N. ctfs. for o. p	27½	27½	27	27	−⅝
87	89	100	Gulf States Steel	88	88	88	88	−1
40½	42½	100	Hartman Corp	42	42	42	42	..
28½	29	200	Haskell & Barker	29	29	29	29	..
43½	44	1,700	Inspiration Copper	44⅛	44⅛	43½	43½	−⅝
7¼	7½	300	Interboro Consol	7¾	7¾	7¼	7¼	..
44½	45½	1,100	Interboro Con. pf	45	45	44	44½	−1⅜
107½	108	100	Int. Harvester, N.J	107½	107½	107½	107½	−¾
24	24½	5,300	Int. Mer. Marine	24¼	24¼	23⅞	24	..
95⅜	95½	33,700	Int. Mer. Marine pf	95½	96¼	94½	95½	−¼
26⅝	26⅞	600	Int. Nickel	27	27	26⅝	26⅝	−⅝
27	27½	2,700	Int. Paper	27½	27¾	26¾	27	−¾
59	62	200	Int. Paper pf. sta	57	58½	57	58½	−1½
60¼	63	200	Int. Salt	62	62	62	62	+1
17	17½	300	Kansas City South	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	−⅝
46	47	100	Kan. City South. pf	47	47	47	47	−½
41	42	200	Kelly Spring. Tire	42	42	42	42	+1
33	33¼	1,900	Kennecott Copper	33½	33½	33⅛	33⅛	−⅝
95	97	100	Kings Co. El.L. & P	95	95	95	95	−19
80⅝	80¾	2,100	Lackawanna Steel	81¼	81¼	80¼	80¾	−⅝
53½	53⅝	1,000	Lehigh Valley	54½	54½	53½	53½	−1¼
116	117	100	Louis. & Nash	116¼	116¼	116¼	116¼	−1¾
99½	100¼	200	Manhattan Elev	99⅞	100	99⅞	100	..
25	26	2,200	Maxwell Motors	24½	26¼	24¼	25	+⅜
55	55¼	300	Max. Motors 1st pf	56	56	55	55	+2
18	18½	3,900	Max. Motors 2d pf	16⅝	19	16⅝	18	+1¼
79½	80	2,400	Mexican Petroleum	79½	80½	79¼	80	+¼
85	89	100	Mex. Petroleum pf	88	88	88	88	+½
28¼	28½	500	Miami Copper	28½	28½	28⅛	28¼	−½
43¼	43½	1,600	Midvale Steel	43¾	44	43	43½	−½
22⅝	22⅞	2,500	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs	23	23⅜	22¾	22⅞	−1⅛
39½	40	400	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs	40	40	39⅝	39¾	−¼
90	93	100	Nat. Biscuit Co	93½	93½	93½	93½	−⅜
23¾	24	2,100	Nat. Cond. & Cable	24¼	24¼	23½	23⅞	−⅞
37¼	38	800	Nat. Enam. & St	38½	38½	37½	37⅝	−⅝
43⅝	46	100	Nat. Lead	43½	43½	43½	43½	−½
99⅛	100	100	Nat. Lead pf	100	100	100	100	−½
17⅝	17½	100	Nevada Con. Cop	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	−¼
109¾	110	200	N. Y. Air Brake	111	111	109⅞	109⅞	−1⅛
69⅝	69¼	2,400	N. Y. Central	70	70	69⅛	69⅛	−¾
12	15	10	N. Y. Dock	13	13	13	13	..
27½	28	1,200	N. Y., N. H. & H	27¾	27⅞	27	27⅞	−¼
18½	19½	500	N. Y., Ont. & West	19⅜	19⅜	19	19	−1
83⅝	84	1,600	Northern Pacific	83¾	84	83	83⅝	−⅝
35⅝	35¾	900	Ohio Cities Gas	36	36	35⅝	35¾	−⅛
60	62	100	Owens Bottle Mach	62	62	62	62	+1½
45⅞	46	5,900	Penn. R. R	46⅛	46⅛	45⅞	46	−⅛
13½	14¼	400	Pere Marquette	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	−¼
27	28½	100	Philadelphia Co	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	+¼
30½	33	200	Pierce-Arrow	32	32	31	31	−1
88	95	100	Pierce-Arrow pf	89	89	89	89	+1
43¾	44	100	Pitts. Coal	44	44	44	44	−⅝
85	90	100	Pitts. Steel pf	90	90	90	90	−4
101	110	100	Public Service N. J	109	109	109	109	..
124	125¼	500	Pullman Co	124¼	125	124¼	125	−1
⅛	¾	300	Quicksilver	½	½	½	½	..
½	¾	300	Quicksilver pf	½	½	½	½	..
22½	22¾	500	Ray Con. Copper	22⅝	22⅝	22½	22½	−¼
69	69¼	7,500	Reading	69¾	70⅛	68⅜	69¼	−½
77¼	77½	9,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	78½	78½	77	77¼	−1⅝
93	95½	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	+½
69½	71½	700	Royal Dutch t r	70⅛	70⅛	70	70	−⅜
15	15⅛	100	St. Louis-San Fran	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	−½
60	70	100	Savage Arms	60	60	60	60	+⅞
8¾	9	200	Seaboard Air Line	9	9	9	9	+¼
139	140	200	Sears, Roeb. & Co	140	140	139½	139½	−3½
19¾	20	300	Shattuck-Arizona	19	19	19	19	..
30¾	31¼	700	Sinclair Oil & Ref	31¼	31¼	31	31	−¼
82½	82⅝	900	Southern Pacific	82½	82⅞	82½	82⅝	−¼
140	160	200	So. Porto Rico Sug	150	150	145	145	−10
24¼	24⅜	1,100	Southern Railway	24½	24⅝	24¼	24¼	−½
56⅝	57½	400	Southern Ry. pf	57⅝	57⅝	57	57	−1
43¾	44⅛	18,300	Studebaker Co	43	45	42⅝	44	+1⅛
36⅛	37	200	Superior Steel	35½	36¼	35½	36¼	..
12¾	13¼	900	Tenn. C. & C	12⅝	13¼	12⅝	13	+⅜
142¼	144	700	Texas Co	142⅝	143	142¼	142½	−1¼
51¾	52	3,900	Tobacco Products	52⅝	53	51¾	52	−¼
68	70	200	Twin City R. T	69⅞	70	69⅞	70	−¼
114¼	114½	2,300	Union Pacific	114¾	114¾	113⅞	114¼	−⅜
36⅛	38	200	United Alloy Steel	36½	36½	36½	36½	−¼
90⅝	91¼	2,400	United Cigar Stores	92½	92½	90¼	91¾	−¼
113½	117⅞	200	United Fruit	118	118¼	118	118¼	−½
12⅛	12¼	600	U. S. C. I. P. & F	12¼	12⅝	12¼	12½	..
111	111⅝	1,100	U. S. Indus. Alco	112	112	111	111	−1¼
12	15	100	U. S. R. & Imp. Co	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+⅛
51½	52½	300	U. S. Rubber	52	52⅝	52	52⅝	−⅜
45½	46	100	U. S. Sm., R. & M	45½	45½	45½	45½	−1¼
44	48	100	U. S. S., R. & M. pf	46	46	46	46	+1½
96¾	97	90,000	U. S. Steel	97	97½	96¼	97	−¾
108⅜	108¼	600	U. S. Steel pf	109¼	109¼	108⅛	108¼	−1
78	79¾	1,400	Utah Copper	78⅜	78⅜	78	78	−¾
35	35½	900	Va.-Car. Chemical	34	35¼	34	35	+1
52	54	100	Va. Iron, Coal & C	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾	+2¼
8	8½	100	Wabash	8	8	8	8	−⅜
40½	41	300	Wabash pf. A	40½	40½	40½	40½	−½
20⅜	21	200	Wabash pf. B	20⅜	20½	20⅜	20½	−½
82⅞	83	1,300	Western Union Tel	83¼	83⅜	82⅞	83	−½
38½	39	1,700	Westingh. E. & M	38⅛	39¼	38¼	38⅝	..
36¼	38	200	White Motors	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼	..
46¼	48¼	600	Wilson & Co	45⅝	46¼	45⅝	46½	+¼
19¼	19¾	8,900	Willys-Overland	20¼	20⅜	19¼	19⅜	−½
107	108½	400	Woolw., (F.W.) Co	108	108	107¼	107¼	−1⅜
36¼	37½	600	Worthington Pump	36¼	37	36¼	37	+¼
58	59	200	Worth. Pump pf. B	58⅜	58⅜	58	58	+½

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	58.21	57.61	57.79	—.63
25 industrials	72.08	71.05	71.44	—.47
50 stocks	65.14	64.33	64.61	—.55

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 28	65.14	64.33	64.61	—.55
Nov. 27	65.96	64.94	65.16	—.51
Nov. 26	65.90	65.03	65.67	+.39
Nov. 24	65.81	65.13	65.28	—.51
Nov. 23	66.16	64.91	65.79	+.70
Nov. 22	65.86	64.85	65.09	—.31
Nov. 21	65.89	64.59	65.40	+.65

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Nov.	High.	Low.	Last.
1917	66.16 Nov. 23	60.42 Nov. 8	64.61
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	97.77 Nov. 1	97.53
1915	93.51 Nov. 1	85.76 Nov. 10	90.39
1914	Exchange closed.		
1913	67.80 Nov. 1	65.50 Nov. 10	66.51
1912	84.12 Nov. 7	81.10 Nov. 12	82.37
1911	78.98 Nov. 24	74.14 Nov. 1	77.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	90.46 Jan. 4	60.42 Nov. 8	64.61
†1916	101.51 Nov. 20	90.91 Sep. 22	97.53
Full Years.			
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80 Jan. 31	67.41 July 30	60.20
1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10	68.06
1912	85.82 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41 June 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Nov. 28...77.38 —.06	Nov. 20...76.87 +.14
Nov. 27...77.44 — ..	Nov. 19...76.73 +.01
Nov. 26...77.44 +.13	Nov. 17...76.72 —.17
Nov. 24...77.31 +.16	Nov. 16...76.89 —.16
Nov. 23...77.15 +.02	Nov. 15...77.05 —.06
Nov. 22...77.13 +.07	Nov. 14...77.11 —.20
Nov. 21...77.06 +.19	Nov. 13...77.31 —.09

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1917	88.48 Jan. 26	76.72 Nov. 17	77.38
†1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 23	89.13
Full Years.			
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 23	88.64
1915	87.62 Nov. 24	81.51 Jan. 2	86.07
1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

New Bond Table Needed.

The readjustment that has taken place in quotations for bonds, with so many of the high-grade issues selling at unusually low figures, has directed attention to the need of compiling a new book of investment yields. Ordinarily a bond salesman, by referring to his little magic volume of figures, could instantly tell the yield of a security, but the authors of these bond tables evidently never thought that "good" bonds would ever sell at prices yielding more than 6 or 7 per cent., for they have never extended their computations to embrace such conditions. The fact of the matter is that at present a great many first-class short-term notes and bonds are being quoted at levels which make the yield very high, and salesmen cannot tell off-hand what the yield is. Many of them must summon mathematicians and have the "yield" worked out by resort to logarithms. Some optimists believe that before the new table of high yields is worked out and published there will be a change in the investment market and that there will be no need for the new work. Those who are less optimistic are willing to take a chance, and would immediately subscribe if a compiler of tables agreed to turn out the book before the war ends.

December Payments.

Dividends and interest disbursements to be made next month by railroad and industrial corporations will aggregate $182,300,000, compared with $168,795,000 in December, 1916, according to a compilation made by The Journal of Commerce. It is calculated that interest payments will reach the sum of $100,900,000, against $96,500,000 in the same month a year ago, while dividend disbursements will total $81,400,000, compared with $72,295,000 in the corresponding month of 1916. The large increase in dividend payments is due to the larger distribution that will be made to common stockholders of the United States Steel Corporation. It is figured that the year's disbursements in interest and dividends will amount to $679,000,000, compared with $547,000,000 in 1916.

War and the Metric System.

Every now and then the financial district hears of more big ammunition and gun contracts placed by the War Department, which cannot be officially verified because of the stringent secrecy provisions attached to the contracts, but which are generally considered accurately reported. The chief feature connected with them, of course, is their magnitude; but another interesting feature whose implications have not been so closely studied is the fact that all these contracts are in the metric system. The War Department has apparently definitely committed itself to the step of shifting over to the metric system in the middle of its huge expansion program. Not least of the hidden romances of the war will be the story of how all the tools, jigs, dies, gauges, &c., needed for this change were found.

When Will They Know?

A statement of the Southern Pacific, showing a complete blank in the column of operations of its steamships since Oct. 15, with the bare explanation that its entire fleet was requisitioned on that date, and that it is running the ships not actually in Government service, for Government account, calls attention to the fact that six weeks after their ships were taken over, shipping men are still in ignorance of the compensation the Government proposes to allow them for their labors in operating their own ships for Government account. A few sample copies of the Government form of charter on which the requisitioned ships are to be placed have been cautiously distributed to a few of the big men in the business for their inspection and criticism, but even this fundamental agreement is still withheld from the industry as a whole, and the decision on the operating fees to be allowed has not yet been put on paper.

Playing the Game Fairly.

In the circumstances it is a wonder that there has been so little complaint and so few manifestations of impatience among shipping men. Are there many other industries which would promptly and cheerfully, on demand, turn over their entire plant and staff of employes to the Government and let the Government run the entire industry for its own benefit for six weeks, without the owners receiving in return so much as a scrap of paper to show their stockholders?

A High Flight and Woeful Fall.

There is a story behind the resolution passed by the Governors of the Stock Exchange on Tuesday forbidding Exchange members or firms in future to carry speculative accounts for telephone clerks—the story of the downfall of a youthful speculator. This was a telephone clerk who was permitted to dabble by his own employers, who carried his account for him. It seems the young man bought 2,500 shares of Bethlehem Steel for a rise. It did not rise, and he promptly hedged by selling short 5,000 shares of United State Steel. But this also failed to go down, and the boy's financial career came to a sudden and disastrous termination, while his employers had to make good for him. The result was the new Exchange ruling, designed to put a stop to such catastrophes in the future.

Generous Liberty Loan Payment Plan.

A great many banks and business concerns throughout the United States have sold Liberty Loan bonds on the installment plan, requiring subscribers to pay one dollar down and a dollar a week for forty-nine weeks, but in practically all of these cases the subscriber has been told that interest would be adjusted at the time of the final payment, and in some cases banks have reserved the right to retain the first two coupons as compensation for interest. Word has just been received from Portland, Ore., that a clothing merchant, Ben Selling, had sold more than $275,000 of the 4 per cent. Liberty bonds on a dollar-a-week basis, but without any deduction for interest. It is reported that approximately 6,000 persons took advantage of the offer, and the clothier has already issued more than 13,000 receipts. In advertising his offer, Ben Selling wrote: "As you know, my business is selling clothing, but I am so anxious to see the new loan successfully floated that temporarily I have become a bond seller—I will do my bit. Will you do yours?"

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 28, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$3,259,000	$5,401,000	$4,789,000
Year to date	935,506,950	1,055,415,000	840,378,200

U S Liberty 3½s, int ctfs, f p
$5000....99
8000....99.02
57000....99.08
29000....99.10
1000....99.12
7000....99.10
19000....99.12
1000....99.10
2000....99.12
8000....99.10
25000....99.12
7000....99.10
11000....99.08
10000....99.10
1000....99.06
3000....99.02
22000....99
5000 c....99.10
5000....99.02
5000....99
2000....99.02
2000....99
18000....99.02
311000....99
159000....98.96
5000....98.98
20000....99
2000....98.90
U S Liberty 4s
18000....97.98
60000....98
23000....97.98
17000....97.96
4000....97.98
12000....97.96
52000....97.98
4000....97.96
14000....97.98
83000....97.96
15000....97.98
29000....97.96
61000....98
159000....97.98
38000....97.96
10000....97.98
8000....97.96
25000....97.98
67000....97.96
14000....97.98
2000....97.96
33000....97.94
2000....97.96
51000....97.94
15000....97.96
1000....97.94
10000....97.92
1000....97.94
1000....97.92
2000....97.94
48000....97.96
7000....97.92
3000....97.94
88000....97.92
1000....97.96

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:
Am For Sec 5s
2....94
Anglo-Fr 5s
15....90⅝
½....90⅝
29....90½
½....90¼
1....90¼
17....90⅝
½....90⅝
1....90¼
1....90⅝
7....90¼
CityofBord6s
2....83
4....82¾
8....83
CityofLyons6s
5....83
4....82¾
5....83
CityofMars6s
1....83
5....82¾
5....83
CityofParis6s
1....83¼
1....83¼
½....84¼
7....83¼
10....83¼
DomofCan5s, 1921
1....94⅞
1926
1....90⅝
French Govt temp 5½s
10....94⅛
30....94¼
13....94⅛
2....94½
JapGovt4½s, stl in, 2d Ser, German stp
2....75
2....74⅝
4....74⅝
UnKingofGt Br & Ire 5s
10....97⅛
21....97⅛
20....97⅛
13....97½
1....97⅝
5½s, 1918
20....99⅛
3....99½
5....99⅛
5½s, 1919
1....95⅝
15....95⅝
11....95⅝
5....95⅝
new
2....98
3....97⅞
23....97⅞
20....97⅝
41....97½
1....97⅝
5½s, 1921
2....92½
3....92½
11....92
NYCity4½s, Nov, 1957
2....98⅞
AmAgChcv5s
4....93½
deb 5s
3....93⅛
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
3....86⅞
1....87
1....86⅞
AmT&Tcol4s
2....83¾
2....83
col tr 5s
6....93⅛
5....93
1....92⅞
3....93
Arm'r&Co4½s
3....84⅞
6....85
A,T&SFgen4s
20....83¾
21....83⅛
conv4s,1955
1....85⅛
conv4s,1960
5....85⅞
B & O gold4s
3....80¼
priorlien3½s
10....86
conv 4½s
22....80
ref 5s
2....82½
6....83
Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s
2....89
purmoney5s
5....79
B R T 5s, 1918
1....82⅝
CenLeather5s
4....95½
CenofNJgen5s
4....101½
C&Ogen4½s
1....74½
conv 5s
11....74⅝
1....74⅛
2....74⅝
6....74⅝
6....74⅞
4....74⅝
1....75
C,B&Qjoint4s
47....93¼
4....93
3....93⅛
Chi,Mil&StP gen 4½s
1....85
conv 4½s
1....72¼
ref 4½s
5....66
10....65⅝
C&PWn5s
1....98
Chi&NWdeb5s, 1921
2....95
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s
8....62
Chile Cop 7s
4....103
6s,rcts,ptpd
10....78½
27....78⅝
ConGascv6s
4....100⅛
Con Coal Md 1st ref 5s
5....88
D&H1st&ref4s
4....88
D&RGcon4½s
3....67
DistSecCorp5s
11....75
82....76
EdisonElecIll ofBklyncon4s
2....76
Erie1stgen4s
3....49
9....49¼
cv4s,SerB
1....41
GenElecdeb5s
2....97⅛
Hud&ManIst& ref5s,SerA
5....51½
IllCentref4s
3....81
Ill Steel 4½s
5....84½
Ind Steel 5s
1....96½
Int-Met 4½s
6....55½
3....55⅞
2....55½
IRT1st&ref5s
1....81⅞
8....81⅝
10....82
Int Agr Corp col trust 5s
3....69½
4....68⅞
IntMerMarsf6s
30....93¼
8....93
1....93½
14....93⅝
KCoEL&P5s
2....92
LackS5s,1923
4....95½
4....96
LorHard Co 5s
1....89⅝
Midvale Steel col tr 5s
7....83⅝
Mo,K&T1st4s
3....67
2d 4s
15....30⅜
10....30⅝
8....30
s f 4½s
5....27
MoPacgen4s
15....54⅛
1....54⅝
2....54⅛
7....54
5....54⅛
8....54⅝
3....54⅛
MontPow5s,A
1....88½
NYCentdeb6s
2....98⅝
1....98⅛
38....93¼
5....93⅝
16....93
5....93⅛
1....93⅝
4....93⅛
NYRwysref4s
2....50
adj 5s
10....19½
16....19⅝
3....19¼
20....19
1....19¼
N Y Tel 4½s
8....88
N & W div 4s
3....82
Nor Pac 4s
6....83½
Nor Pac 3s
1....58⅝
2....59⅛
Oreg&Cal1st5s
1....94⅛
Oreg Short L gtd ref 4s
1....84
PacGas&El5s
1....81½
Penn 4s, 1948
3....90
PaRRcon4½s
1....99
gen 4½s
14....91
PereMar1st5s
1....81¼
11....81
PubServCst5s
1....80
2....79⅝
Read gen 4s
1....85
12....85¼
RepIron&S sf5s, 1940
1....94¼
4....94
StL&SFrprior lien4s,SerA
52....55⅝
1....55⅛
priorlien5s,B
2....71⅛
2....71
adj 6s
2....58⅝
1....58⅝
8....58⅝
1....59
S A L adj 5s
1....47
9....47½
10....47⅝
10....47⅝
6....48
SinclO&Rlstsf 7s, with war
3....93⅛
SBellT&T1st5s
1....93⅛
4....93⅝
So Pac col 4s
½....71
conv 4s
2....76⅛
1st ref 4s
4....79⅝
conv 5s
17....89⅞
32....89⅝
SouthnRy1st5s
6....94
gen 4s
3....59⅛
2....59⅛
3....59⅛
TennCopcv6s
1....89
TexasCodeb6s
7....98
5....97⅛
1....98
ThirdAvadj5s
5....28⅛
7....29
Un Pac 1st 4s
5....88⅜
1....88⅞
1st&ref4s
11....78⅝
U S Rubber 6s
4....100
1st&ref5s
62....77
1....77⅛
13....77
1....76⅞
USSteelCsf5s
6....98⅛
1....98⅞
1....98⅞
4....98⅞
5....98⅞
7....98⅞
1....98⅞
2....99½
1....99
1....99⅛
registered
1....98
ValronC&C5s
3....89½
1....89
VirgnRy1st5s
6....91⅛
1....92
1....91⅛
3....91
WestnElec5s
3....97⅛
WisCentgen4s
1....72½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96½	..
2s, c, 1930	96½	..
3s, r, 1918	99	..
3s, c, 1918	99	..
3s, r, 1946	84	..
3s, c, 1946	85	..
4s, r, 1925	104	..
4s, c, 1925	104	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	96	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	80	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea 1st pf	80	92
Adams Ex	86	75
Ad Rumely	8⅜	11
Do pf	20	21½
Alaska J	2	2⅝
Alleg & W	91½	..
Allis-Ch M pf	70	73
Am Ag Ch	78	80
Do pf	91½	94
Am B N	30	37
Do pr	40	46
Am B Sug pf	90	92
Am B S & F	..	97
Do pf	155	180
Am C & F pf	104	108½
Am C pf	..	20
Am Coal	38	..
Am Cot O pf	70	80
Am Exp	80	90
Am Ice	10½	11
Am Loco pf	96	100
Am Malt 1st pf	53½	56⅞
Am Smelt pf A	93	94
Am Snuff	95	101
Do pf	85	95
Am Shipb pf	..	93½
Am S Ref pf	109	110
Am Sm T pf	80	85
Am T & C	50	60
Am Tob	169	172
Do pf	95	98
Am W pf	88	95
Am Zinc	13½	14
Do pf	42¾	46⅞
Asso D G	12	16
Do 1st pf	47½	55½
Do 2d pf	50	54½
Atl, B & A	8⅝	9
Atl C L	94	96
Bald Loco pf	96	100
Balt & O pf	56	58½
Barrett Co pf	97½	100½
B'klyn U G	90	95
Brown Sh	63	65
Do pf	88¼	100
Bruns Ter	6⅝	7
B, R & P	70	80½
Do pf	100	..
Burns Bros pf	110	116
Bush Ter	..	100
But'k Co	10	10½
Cal Pack'g	36½	..
Calu & A	64	68
Can So	..	54
C, C & O	..	22
Do pf	..	50
Case (J. I) pf	..	78
Cent L pf	100	105
C R R of N J	210	231
Cent & S A Tel	98	102
Chi & Alt	8	10
Do pf	10	20
C & N W pf	140	145
C, St P, M & Om	70	80
Do pf	100	130
C, C, C & St L pf	..	76
Cl & Pitts	..	83⅞
Clu-Peab'y	48	53
Do pf	92	100
Col So 2d pf	40	50
Con G, Balt	95	99
Con Can pf	90	110
Cont Ins	40	45
Corn Prod Ref pf	90⅝	91¼
Crex Carp	38	43
Crip Creek Cent	..	32
Do pf	..	31
Cruc S pf	87	91½
C-Am Sug	141	160
Do pf	90	100
Deere & Co pf	95¼	96
D, & R G	5	9
D, S S & A	2⅝	3¼
Do pf	5⅛	7
Elec S B	48	53
Elk Horn C	20	24
Do pf	..	43
Erie 2d pf	17¼	18½
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S	11	15
Do pf	31	36
Fisher B	20	34
Do pf	75	80
Gen Ch	165	175
Do pf	95	105
Gen Cigar	32	36
Do pf	90	100
Granby Con	66	70
Greene-C	37½	38
1st pf	95	102
Do 2d pf	82	160
Gulf M & N	11	13
Do pf	32	43
Hav Elec	96	..
Do pf	103	..
Homestake	95	99½
Ill Cent	93	95
Int Agri	10	13
Int H, N J pf	110	119
Int H Corp	52	60
Do pf	..	97
Int N pf	90	99
Int Pa pf	75	95
Int Salt	2	4
Isl C Coal	..	75
Jewel Tea	32	35
Do pf	90	95
K C, Ft S & M pf	..	68
Kelly S T pf	75	85
Kelsey Wh	20	30
Do pf	70	85
K & D M	2⅝	7
Do pf	..	50
Kress (S H)	46	55
Do pf	98	105⅝
Lacl Gas	80	90
L E & W	9	10
Do pf	17	25
Lee R & T	13½	14
Ligg & M	170	200
Do pf	101	102
L Isl ctfs	34	45
L-W Bisc	13¾	15
Do 1st pf	..	84
Do 2d pf	50	64
Lorill's Co	172	181
Do pf	100	110
M'kay Cos	75	79
Do pf	59	62
Mah C R	350	..
Man Beach	⅝	4
Man El Sup	..	43
Do 1st pf	..	96⅝
M Dept Sts	47¼	52½
Do pf	90	103
Mich Cent	..	109
M & St L	9¼	10
M St P & S S M	83	85
Do pf	100	117
Do l l	60	70
M, K & T	4	4½
Do pf	7¼	8
Monon Val Trac	..	18
Mon P pf	95	..
Morris & E	70	85
N C & St.L	119	122
Nat Acme	26⅝	27
Nat Bis pf	104½	107½
Nat Cl & S	59½	62
Do pf	92	100
Nat En pf	93	100
Nat RysofM 1st pf	..	21
Do 2d pf	5	7
N O, T & M	19⅞	20½
N Y, C & St L	12½	15
Do 1st pf	..	79
Do 2d pf	40	45
N Y Dock pf	37	48
N Y, L & W	100	123
Norf So	..	22
Norf & W	104⅝	107
Do pf	75	80
North Am	43¾	48
N W Tel	..	60
Nova Sc S	66⅛	67
Ohio F S	..	48
Ontario M	4¼	4⅝
Owens B M pf	103	..
Pac Coast	42	50
Do 1st pf	68	90
Do 2d pf	58	80
Pac Mail	22½	24
Do pf	90	107
P T & Tel	16	19⅛
Do pf	..	96
Pan-Am P & T pf	87	88
People's G, Chi	39⅛	40
Peo & E	4	7
Pere M P pf	48	50
Do pf	30	39
Pett-Mull	25	..
Do 1st pf	90	98
Pitts C pf	79¾	80
Pitts, C, C & St L	55	65
P, Ft W & C	..	150
P & W Va	22	23
Do pf	67	..
Pond Creek Coal	18	19¼
Pressed St Car	55	56
Do pf	93	100
Ry Stl Spr	40	44
Do pf	90	98
Reading 1st pf	35½	37⅞
Do 2d pf	36	37½
St L & S F pf	26	30
St L S W	23	26
Do pf	36	44
Saxon Mot	5⅝	6
Seaboard A L pf	18⅜	19¼
Sears-Roeb pf	116	122
S-S S & I	37	50
Do pf	80	100
So P R S pf	100	108
Std Milling	75	85
Do pf	79	83
Studeb Co pf	..	95
Stuts Mo	35⅝	..
Sup Steel 1st pf	97¼	101
Texas Pac	13	14½
T P L T	130	..
Third Av	17	18
Tide W Oil	168	175
Tob Prod pf	85	92
T, St L & W	..	10
Do cfs	3	6
Do pf	5	15
Do pf cfs	6	14
Trans & W	30½	40
T C R T pf	100	125
Und Type	89	..
Do pf	110¼	113⅞
Un B & P	8⅛	10⅛
Do new	60	70
Un Pac pf	70	73
Un Cig Sts pf	102⅛	115
Un Drug	68	75
Do 1st pf	45	51⅛
Do 2d pf	73	80
Un Paperb	17½	20
Un Rys Inv	6	6⅞
Do pf	13⅛	15
U S C I P pf	46⅞	51
U S Exp	16	18
U S Ind A pf	91	96
U S Rub 1st pf	96	97
Utah Sec	11	12
Va-Car Ch pf	98¼	102
Wells-F Ex	75	78
West Md	13⅝	14
Do 2d pf	25	28
West Pac	12½	13¼
Do pf	38	..
W E & M 1st pf	57	63
Wh & L E	9⅝	10
Do pf	20	21
W-Overl pf	71	73
Wilson pf	90	98
Wis Cent	35½	37
W'w'th (F W) pf	116	117½
Wor Pump pf A	86¼	90

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security. Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.5	Aug., 1919	93⅝	94½	8.60
Argen.Ov.dis.6	Dec. 15,'17	99	100	6.00
Argen. Gov...6	May 15,'20	90	93	9.25
City of Mont.5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.00
City of Mont.5	May, 1918	98	99	7.00
City of Que..5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.75
Dom. of Can.5	Aug., 1919	96	96½	7.60
Fr'ch Gov.con.5½	Apr., 1919	94	94½	9.20
Gov. of N. F..5	July, 1919	90	96	7.00
Norweg. Gov.6	Feb., 1923	100	104	4.90
Prov. of Que.6	Apr., 1920	92	96	5.80
Russian Gov..6½	July, 1919	57	60	..
Russian Gov..5½	Dec., 1921	46	50	..
do rubles...5½	Feb.14,'26	108	111	..
Swiss Gov...5	Mar., 1916	99	99¼	7.00
Swiss Gov...5	Mar., 1920	99	99⅝	5.50

Company Issues.

Security. Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. P. & L..6	Aug., 1921	94	96½	8.50
Am. T. & T...4½	Feb., 1918	99⅝	100	4.50
Am. Thread..4	Jan., 1919	96	96½	7.25
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.....6	July, 1919	97	98¼	6.25
B. & O. R. R.5	July, 1918	99⅛	99⅜	5.50
B. & O. R. R.5	July, 1919	96⅝	97¼	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.5	Feb.15,'19	97	97¼	6.75
B'klyn R. T...5	July, 1918	92	93	..
C. B. & Q...4	July, 1921	92⅝	93¼	6.15
C. & W. Ind...6	Sep., 1919	97	97⅛	9.15
Canada Nor..6	Sep. 2,'18	97	98⅛	7.80
Can. Pac. R..6	Mar. 2,'24	97	98	6.35
Cub.-Am.Sug.6	Apr., 1918	99⅝	100⅛	5.85
Curt. A. & M.6	Serial	90	96	..
Del. & Hud...5	Aug., 1920	96⅝	97⅛	6.00
East. P. & L.5	Mar. 1,'18	96½	99⅛	5.50
Erie R. R...5	Apr., 1919	90	91½	..
Fed. Sug. R...5	Jan., 1920	93	96	7.10
Gen. Elec. Co.6	Dec., 1919	98⅞	99	6.60
Gen. Elec. Co.6	July, 1920	99	99⅛	6.20
Gen. Rubber..5	Dec., 1918	97¼	97⅝	7.25
G. T. of Can.5	Aug., 1918	96	99	6.90
Gt. Nor. Ry..5	Sep., 1920	97	97⅛	5.95
Hocking Val..6	Nov., 1918	97⅛	98⅜	7.35
Int. Harvest..	Feb.15,'18	99⅛	100⅛	4.15
Kan. C. Ry..5½	July, 1918	95	98	8.18
K. C. Ter.Ry.4½	Nov.15,'18	97	98⅛	5.30
K. C. Ter.Ry.4½	July 19,'21	95	98	5.00
Mich. C. R.R.6	May, 1918	99	99⅞	6.10
Louis.G. & E.6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.00
Mont. T. & P.6	Apr., 1919	88	95	11.00
Morgan & W.5	Dec., 1916	98¼	101	4.10
N. Y. C. R.R.5	Sep., 1919	96¼	96⅝	5.80
N.Y.N.H.& H.5	Apr.15,'18	87	88½	..
Penn. Co....4½	June15,'21	96¼	97⅛	5.25
P. S. C., N. J.5	Mar., 1919	97	99	5.75
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co..5	Feb. 1,'19	89¼	90¼	..
Southern Ry..6	Mar. 2,'19	95	96⅛	7.10
United Fruit..5	May, 1918	99⅝	100	6.00
Utah Sec. Cor.	Sep.15,'22	84	88	9.05
Win. R. Arms.5	May, 1919	96	97⅛	..
W. V. T. & E.6	May, 1919	97	98½	6.75
W. S. G. & E.6	June, 1927	97	98	6.25
Win. E. Ry..6	Jan. 15,'18	99	100	6.00

DU PONT DIVIDEND IS 50%.

Special Payment of 32% for Year Added for Stockholders.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 28.—Directors of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. today declared not only a regular dividend of 4½ per cent., making 18 per cent. for the year, but a special dividend of 32 per cent., making a total of 50 per cent. for the year. While the regular dividend of 4½ per cent., payable Dec. 22 to shareholders of record Nov. 30, will be paid in cash, the special dividend will be paid in 4 per cent. Liberty bonds, payable Dec. 22, to stockholders of record Nov. 30.

A regular dividend of 1½ per cent. was declared on debenture stock of the company, payable Jan. 25, to stockholders of record Jan. 10.

A meeting of the Directors of the old company—E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company—also was held today, at which the regular quarterly dividends of 1½ per cent. on common and 1½ on preferred were declared, both payable Feb. 1 to stockholders of record Jan. 21.

MAY PAY TAXES QUARTERLY.

McAdoo Responds to Appeal of Business Men on War Imposts.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—In response to appeals made by business interests of the country, an order will be issued within the next few days by Secretary McAdoo authorizing the payment of war and excess profits taxes in quarterly periods. This action is to be taken without delay, so that corporations and other business concerns whose fiscal year ends on Dec. 31 can arrange for making their reports to the Treasury Department and paying their taxes at regular intervals during the coming year.

Under the provisions of the bill, payments must be made not later than June 1, although payment in advance is authorized. Many business men protested against the collection of the taxes at one time, contending that it would drain certain districts of surplus money and cause hardships.

DEMAND FOR STEEL GROWS.

Lack of Raw Materials Still Seriously Hampers Trade.

"The week has seen an increasing demand for steel products both from the Government and from manufacturing consumers," The Iron Age will say today. "Many of the latter are buying for requirements not directly growing out of the war. Steel absorbed by the Government and by war contracts is a growing factor, and is made to seem still larger as output is cut down by coal and coke shortage.

"With the approach of Jan. 1, the date named in connection with present prices, some agitation of a lower basis for iron and steel products has started at Washington, but the trade itself calls for stability, and it is pointed out that, as only a beginning has been made in working under the new schedules, they should not now be disturbed. The larger producers have been practically a unit in carrying out the spirit of their agreement with the Government. While priority decisions are limiting the amount of steel going to some consumers, there is as yet no shutting down of plants, even in non-essential lines, though such steps may not be far off."

"Inadequacy of raw material supplies is keeping the iron and steel industry in a serious plight," The Iron Trade Review will say. "The virtually famine conditions in pig iron, especially in steel-making grades, which appeared a week ago, have been accentuated. Coal and coke shortages continue contributing factors to the undue strain upon the blast furnaces."

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

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SHORT TIME INVESTMENTS

Bankers and other investors should familiarize themselves with the facts about the Collateral Trust Securities issued by this Corporation. $31,353,500 issued. $26,494,000 matured and paid. New booklet, "Collateral Trust Securities," giving full data will be sent promptly on mail or telephone request. GUARANTY SECURITIES CORPORATION, 244 Madison Ave., New York City.

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DIVIDENDS.

CHILDS COMPANY,
200 Fifth Ave.

New York City, Nov. 28, 1917.

The Board of Directors has declared the following dividends payable December 10th, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 30, 1917:

On the Preferred Stock, a quarterly dividend of 1¾%.

On the Common Stock, a dividend of 1½%.

The transfer books will be closed from December 1st, 1917, to December 10th, 1917, both days inclusive.

CHARLES L. ROBERTS, Secretary.

INTERBOROUGH CONSOLIDATED CORPORATION.

Notice of Payment of Dividend.

The Board of Directors of the Interborough Consolidated Corporation at a meeting held today declared from surplus a dividend of 1¼% on the preferred stock, payable at the office of the Corporation, No. 165 Broadway, New York City, on January 2, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 10, 1917.

H. M. FISHER, Secretary.

New York, November 27, 1917.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co.

New York, November 28, 1917.

An Extra Dividend of ten (10) per cent was this day declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable out of the net earnings for the year 1917, on December 22, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 4, 1917.

ARTHUR D. CHAMBERS, Secretary & Treasurer.

THE COTTON MARKET

Trade Devotes Another Day to Getting Bearings—Net Loss 7-15 Points.

The cotton market yesterday devoted another day to the task of getting its bearings in the rarefied air above the 30-cent level. Prices consequently were permitted to settle back a trifle in a quiet session, solidifying at a few points below Tuesday's level and closing with a net decline of 7 to 15 points. There was considerable realizing and evening-up for the holiday, but plenty of support against this pressure.

The market opened at a decline of 5 to 20 points under overnight selling orders and local offerings, inspired by easier cables or reports of an easier spot basis in the South. Private cables said the decline in Liverpool had been due to increased offerings from this side and a comparatively small offtake, but houses with English connections were good buyers here, and there was also domestic trade buying accompanied by reports that spinners were fixing prices. The market rallied in consequence, and buying was stimulated later by reduced estimates of the East Indian crop, and reports that the slight easing of the Southern spot basis had brought in an improved demand from Eastern spinners. The rally carried December back to Tuesday's closing figures, while later months sold 7 to 10 points net higher, but offerings increased at this level and the close was well off from the best. Reports that the coming session of Congress would take up the question of regulating the distribution of goods and other necessities uncovered in the Food Bill had rather an unsettling effect on sentiment during the middle of the morning. It seemed the most general impression, however, that any legislation along these lines would be with a view to restricting profits and regulating the margin between raw materials and the cost to ultimate consumers.

It was reported during the morning that cotton could be bought in the South at prices which would permit deliveries on December here at a profit and without loss on January. In this connection the difficulty of securing warehouse room here was pointed out, and later advices suggested that a sufficient demand had sprung up for spots to stiffen the market. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to 35 points lower, all markets being unchanged except Houston and Galveston. Exports today were 11,790 bales, making 1,666,191 so far this season, against 2,394,822 last year.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	30.25	30.05	30.13@30.14	30.25
January	29.44	29.09	29.31@29.34	29.39
February	....	....	28.90 Bid.	29.00
March	29.05	28.72	28.85@28.92	28.95
April	28.50	28.50	28.65 Bid.	28.70
May	28.72	28.46	28.58@28.63	28.65
June	....	....	28.39 Bid.	28.46
July	28.47	28.22	28.33@28.36	28.40
August	28.05	28.05	28.03@28.08	28.14
October	26.95	26.76	26.80@26.95	26.95

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 31.20 for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 29.15; New Orleans, 29.13; Savannah, 29; Norfolk, 29.25; Augusta, 29.63; Memphis, 29.50; Houston, 28.75.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Wednesday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	36,925	32,070	43,150
Exports	11,790	8,348	39,598
Season's exports	1,666,191	1,583,872	2,394,822
Port stocks	1,215,511	1,149,011	1,513,893
Interior receipts	54,102	38,946	37,568
Interior shipmt's	43,601	27,284	30,452
N. Y. arrivals	2,443	3,127	10,538
N. Y. stocks	118,090	89,900	135,634

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton in moderate demand and unchanged. Sales, 4,000; American, 3,000; imports, none. Futures opened easy, at 5 to 7 points decline. Closed quiet at a net decline of 16 to 17 points.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.60
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian North.	1917-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.60	5.60
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.50	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.50	5.00
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1917-'27	4½@5	8.80	5.90
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.75	5.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.60	5.50
Cuba Railroad	1917-'28	5	7.00	5.70
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.80	5.30
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.75
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.50	5.75
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Louis. & Nash	1917-'21	5	5.50	5.00
Michigan Cent.	1917-'30	5	5.80	5.20
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1917-'23	5	6.75	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.75	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'28	4½@5	6.60	5.80
N. Y. Cent. L.	1917-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.50	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	6.75	5.75
Penn. Gen. Fr'ght	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.40	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.75
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.80	5.75
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.65	5.00
Southern Ry	1917-'24	4½@5	6.50	5.50
Union Tank Line	1918-'29	5	6.60	5.50

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	—Yesterday.— Bid.	Asked.	—Tuesday.— Bid.	Asked.
Lead	6.37½	..	6.37½	..
Spelter	7.87½	8.12½	7.87½	8.12½
Antimony	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Quicksilver	$110.00	..	$110.00	..
Aluminium	*36.00	38.00	*36.00	38.00
Iron, No. 2 X fdy.	..	34.25	..	34.25

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c. per pound bid. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	286	0	0	283	0	0
Tin, futures	284	15	0	281	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	0	0	30	10	0

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Jacket	.08
Alta	.03	Mexican	.13
Andes	.09	Occidental	.60
Best & Belcher	.03	Ophir	.10
Bullion	.01	Overman	.04
Caledonia	.10	Potosi	.02
Challenge Con	.05	Savage	.03
Chollar	.02	Sierra Nevada	.04
Confidence	.01	Union Con	1.20
Con. Virginia	.09	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican Dollars	.64
Hale & Norcross	.02		

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	3.50	Goldfield Merger	.03
Halifax	.10	Great Bend	.05
Jim Butler	.77	Jumbo Ext	.16
MacNamara	.18	Kewanas	.06
Midway	.07	Silver Pick	.08
Mizpah	.03	Spearhead	.04
Monarch Pitts	.04	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.08	Consolidated	.16
North Star	.05	Morning Glory	.15
Rescue	.09	Sunset	.05
Tonopah Ext	1.47½	Union Amal	.08
Tonopah Nev	4.00	Whitecaps	.79
West End	.62	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West Tonopah	.10	Nevada Hills	.06
Goldfield Atl	.09	Packard	.20
Booth	.04	Rochester	.35
Florence	.12	Round Mountain	.21
Goldfield Cons	.43	Un. Eastern	3.65

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5	5¼	Granite	40	45
Dr. J'kpot	2½	3	Isabella	8	8½
Elkton	3½	4	McKinney	6	10
El Paso	15	25	Portland	110	120
Fanny R.	3½	4¾	U. Gold M.	16½	17
Golden Cy.	169½	170	Vindicator	30	38
Gold Sov.	2⅝	3			

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. Oil	20	22	Iron Blos.	56	59
B. St. Gas	9	10	Iron Cap.	14	16
Begole	50	75	Jerome V.	90	1.00
Bohemia	80	90	La Rose	30	40
Bing. Min.	9⅝	9⅞	Majestic	32	35
Bost. Ely	65	68	Mex. Metals	26	29
Bost. & M.	52	54	Moj. Tung.	29	30
Butte & L.	14	16	N. Baltic	75	1¼
Butte & D.	18	30	N. U. Bing.	..	50
Bost. & Ar.	1	2	Nixon	1¼	1⅜
Calaveras	1¼	2½	N. Cornelia	14¾	15¼
Crown Res.	20	25	Nat. Z. & L.	28	32
Con. Ariz.	1⅛	1⅜	Oneco	25	35
Cortes	10	15	Onondaga	15	25
Cham. Cop.	4	5	Pion. Con.	60	1.00
Chief Con.	1⅞	2	Ray Herc.	3	3¼
E. & B. B.	2	2¼	Rilla	1	2¼
Earl-Eagle	15	18	S. W. Miami, part paid	75	1½
Fortuna	5	6	S. W. Miami, full paid	1.00	1½
Gold Lake	1	3	U. V. Ext.	33	35
Oila Cop. S.	17½	17¾	Victoria M.	1⅜	2
Houghton	75	80	Yukon Gold	1⅜	2
Homa Oil	1	1⅛			
Humboldt	60	75			

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 28.—Fifty new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $5,545,000, were chartered today. They include:

Power Plus Primer Co., Albany, auto appliances and devices, $5,000; M. Ungerman, W. G. Knapp, H. Kass, Albany, N. Y.

Seneca Paper Co., Geneva, $10,000; L. Compton, P. H. Sheehan, W. P. O'Malley, Geneva.

Roman Bread Co., Brooklyn, $150,000; M. Loverde, S. Safina, P. Miano, 110 Central Av., Brooklyn.

Henry Kelly & Sons, Manhattan, fruits and vegetables, $24,000; A. H. and F. J. Kelly, P. J. Dobson, 64 Wall St.

Max Roth Waist Corp., Inc., Manhattan, $15,000; P. A. Roth, J. Ledman, B. S. Weisser, 481 New Jersey Av.

Ford, Bacon & Davis Corp., Woodbury, Orange County, contracting engineers, $500,000; F. R. Ford, G. W. Bacon, C. Black, 115 Broadway.

Thompson, James & Co., Manhattan, stock and bond brokers, $100,000; J. W. Lovell, G. J. Patrick, T. K. Peters, 9 East 43d St.

Medusa Creamery and Milk Co., Medusa, Albany County, $30,000; T. K. Peters, G. J. Patrick, J. W. Lovell, 110 West 34th St.

Beck & Conhaim, Manhattan, women's and misses' wearing apparel, $30,000; B. J. Beck, A. Conhaim, H. Solomon, 258 Broadway.

Middle Village Dairy Co., Queens, $5,000; M. Rabinowitz, J. and J. Finkelstein, 25 Herz St., Brooklyn.

I. H. Peller, Inc., Manhattan, realty, $20,000; I., H. and S. Peller, M. Joseph, 201 West 115th St.

Engel, Bauer & Co., Manhattan, neckwear and women's wearing apparel, $12,000; A. W. Engel, M. H. Bauer, C. R. Silberstein, 501 West 169th St.

Stanley Coal Co., Manhattan, $20,000; M. Rosen, J. I. and N. Seaber, 145 West 30th St.

Continuous Cloth Towel Cabinet Co., Manhattan, $70,000; G. Genstinger, L. G. Handy, A. Kipp, 370 Bleecker St.

Disco Supply Co., Manhattan, printing and publishing, $4,000; W. T. and M. H. Little, E. W. Schneider, 19 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn.

Holbrook Towing Line, Manhattan, $5,000; W. S. Holbrook, T. J. Scott, E. L. Newcomb, 413 43d St., Brooklyn.

William F. Murphy, Inc., Queens, auto and garage business, $5,000; C. A. Woods, H. Van Alst, J. Lonardo, Flushing.

The Alloy Foundry and Machine Co., New Rochelle, $10,000; G. C. Pansegrau, A. C. Wakeling, W. E. Wollheim, 2,467 Valentine Av.

Gotaling Macaroni Corp., Syracuse, 500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $55,000; J. G. Gotaling, C. D. Moak, A. J. Pizzica, Syracuse.

Auto Body and Demountable Top Co., Buffalo, $10,000; C. F. Otto, E. Lindner, E. Friedfeld, Buffalo.

International Ready-to-Wear Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; M. Borgenicht, M. Marks, W. B. Rosenthal, 1,372 Broadway.

Columbia Inn Restaurant Co., Manhattan, $5,000; G. Edwards, J. B. and E. A. Sweeten, 1,300 St. Nicholas Av.

Rohn and Rienzo, Manhattan, tailoring and millinery, $50,000; J. Rohn, M. Rienzo, M. C. Haley, 74 East 55th St.

Levy, Finkelhor and Peristein, Manhattan, wearing apparel, $200,000; M. Levy, L. Peristein, S. Finkelhor, 601 West 140th St.

Intercontinental Products Corp., Manhattan, chemicals, dyes, and foodstuffs, 100 shares common stock, no par value, active capital, $5,000; M. J. Gourland, D. D. H. Minassian, L. Haim, 253 West 72d St.

Presto Snap Fastener Co., Manhattan, $10,000; H. Perlman, M. Finkelstein, R. Hirshman, 110 West 114th St.

Morris Realty Co., Manhattan, $200,000; J. J. Crawford, J. Underitz, C. MacCastland, 30 Broad St.

A. W. Goodman Co., Cortland, women's and children's wearing apparel, $5,000; A. W. and L. Goodman, R. L. Munzer, 549 West 163d St.

Bourne-Toomey Co., Manhattan, food products, $10,000; P. H. Toomey, T. H. Bourne, C. A. Burr, 1437 Broadway.

Russell and Carroll, White Plains, auto and garage business, $5,000; A. W. Carroll, I. W. Bonner, H. V. Crawford, 120 Broadway.

Cravier Foundry Co., Rochester, $5,000; J. T. Cravier, L. C. Graves, T. Hanlon, Jr., Rochester.

Edison Electric Appliance Co., Manhattan, 25,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 36,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $2,650,000; C. E. Patterson, H. C. Houck, A. H. Jackson, Schenectady.

The Rex Razor Co., Manhattan, $200,000; P. M. Salerni, N. Zarokilli, G. H. McIvor, 1416 Broadway.

Steffens, Jones & Co., Manhattan, lithographed labels and bands, $50,000; J. and E. Steffens, Jr., L. Geis, 36 East 23d St.

Weiner Bros., Inc., Manhattan, make cotton goods and linings, $750,000; S. F. Weiner, S. Benson, A. Lichtig, 141 Broadway.

J. K. & L. S. Weiner Co., Manhattan, textiles, $250,000; C. Weiner, S. Haas, A. Lichtig, 141 Broadway.

Gilbert Corp., Manhattan, deal in articles of utility or ornament and foodstuffs, $5,000; S. C. T. Dodd, G. F. Jebbett, A. E. Moore, 37 Wall St.

C. H. Crocker, Manhattan, stocks, bonds, auditing, and accounting, 1,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $5,000; C. H. Crocker, K. R. Norton, F. Freeman, 34 Nassau St.

Fur Trading Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; V. Scorsone, J. and W. Borea, 2,875 Broadway.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

B. Turk & Bro. Co., Manhattan, $30,000 to $50,000.

Arthur Siegman & Co., Manhattan, $125,000 to $225,000.

Columbia Shirt Co., Manhattan, $60,000 to $400,000.

Thomas Paulson & Son, Brooklyn, $30,000 to $100,000.

Layman Berkwitz Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $150,000.

Louvain Const. Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $250,000.

Russell Fraser Wire Co., Brooklyn, $60,000 to $80,000.

Broadway Bargain House, Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

Peekskill Hat Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $45,000 to $500,000.

Hersig & Hart, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Leon Hirsch, Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

Isaac G. Johnson & Co., Manhattan, $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

The Port Morris Industrial Terminal Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $400,000.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

Russell Motor Car Co., Del., $1,000,000; representative, C. R. Burt, Buffalo.

New York Theatre Du Vieux Colombier, Va., $200,000; representative, J. Herbert, 52 William St.

Eagle Rock Oil Co., Del., $500,000; representative, A. D. McKee, Buffalo.

Columbia Dye Works, Del., $5,000; W. J. Robb, 11 West 19th St.

The Columbus-McKinnon Chain Co., Ohio, $2,500,000; representative, G. J. Armstrong, Tonawanda.

Continental Shipbuilding Corp., Del., $200,000; representative, E. E. Day, Jr., 108 Park Av.

U. S. Yarn Co., New Jersey, $50,000; representative, O. H. Shugard, 331 4th Av.

REORGANIZATIONS.

A. & B. Export & Import Corp., Manhattan, $52,500.

High Speed Tools Corp., Manhattan, $100,000.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Wheat, Read & Co., Manhattan; Columbia Dye Works, Inc., Manhattan; Port Morris Trucking Co., Bronx.

Astor Supply Co., Bronx; Handifolio Co., Manhattan.

Charles S. Platt Co., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 28.—Charters filed:

Corvus Realty Co., Town of Union, $150,000; R. F. Rabe and J. F. Davis of New York and R. A. Bever of Hoboken.

Mac Tay Realty Co., West Orange, $50,000; W. S. McIntosh and M. A. McIntosh of West Orange and A. M. Taylor of Passaic.

Mercer Baths Co., Newark, $100,000; Max Weinberg, Ida Weinberg, and May Weinberg, all of Newark.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 28.—Charters filed:

Sweeney Economy Stores Co., $11,000,000; Samuel B. Howard, Arthur W. Britton, George V. Reilly, all of New York.

Cities Fuel and Power Co., $10,000,000; L. B. Phillips, J. B. Bailey of Dover.

Coast Oil and Transportation Co., $6,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, Harry W. Davis of Wilmington.

Oil Products Corp., $5,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, Harry W. Davis of Wilmington.

Fougney American Steel Concrete Shipbuilding Co., $4,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy; Clement M. Egner of Wilmington.

Ideal Laboratories Co., $2,000,000; T. W. Cole, Chicago, Ill.; K. S. Wilson, Marion Luce of Oak Park, Ill.

National Fibre and Pulp Corp., $1,500,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, Clement M. Egner of Wilmington.

Reduction and Concentration Corp., $1,200,000; Dorman T. Connet, White Plains; John F. Roach, Clarence E. Babker of New York.

Louisiana Lumber Vulcanising Corp., $1,500,000; Fred K. Fish, Jr., New York; Lambert H. Fish, Savannah, Ga.; James F. Doran of Jacksonville.

Batavia Steel Products Corp., $1,000,000; Arthur W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, George V. Reilly, all of New York.

Benner Gas and By-Products Corp., to carry on business of civil and mechanical engineers, $1,000,000; Samuel B. Howard, A. W. Britton, George V. Reilly, all of New York.

Engineering Bond and Share Corp., $1,000,000; Samuel B. Howard, George V. Reilly, Arthur W. Britton, all of New York.

Hill Pierce Oil and Refining Co., $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, Clement M. Egner of Wilmington.

Miles Smith Corp., to produce light, heat, and power from water to public and private consumers, $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, Clement M. Egner of Wilmington.

New York Feature Syndicate Corp., printing and publishing, $100,000; Byron Gay, James J. Cosgrove, Abel E. Bladmar, Jr., all of New York.

Texas Lumber Vulcanizing Corp., $500,000; Fred K. Fish, Jr., New York; Lambert H. Fish, Savannah, Ga.; James F. Doran, Jacksonville, Fla.

Surety Oil and Gas Co., $600,000; M. L. Roger, L. A. Irwin, Harry W. Davis of Wilmington.

International Realty Equipment Corp., $200,000; A. W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, George V. Reilly, all of New York.

Increases in capital stock:

Quinto River Mining and Dredging Co., New York, from $500,000 to $4,000,000.

Russell Motor Car Co., New York, from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

The Goodrich-Lockhart Co., New York, from $250,000 to $1,000,000.

Almarz Spain Tin Mines Corp., New York, from 500,000 to $700,000.

Herzig & Herzig, Inc., New York, from $10,000 to $100,000.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The outlook for the new crop continues favorable with the exception of reports of lack of moisture in some sections. It is evident, however, that the acreage will not be as large as had been hoped for in view of the prospective large requirements for next season. The amount planted, however, is believed to be a record area and with favorable conditions throughout the winter and during the growing season next year a very large crop is easily possible. The movement at interior points was moderate and for the three days this week total interior receipts were 3,227,000 bushels, compared with 5,400,000 last year.

RYE—Market barely steady; No. 2 Western $1.90 cost and freight New York.

CORN.

The corn trade is not very sanguine of any immediate relief as a result of the new arrangements by which the Food Administration will control the movement. At least, there seems to be little prospect of corn being delivered on December contracts owing to the prevailing high prices for the cash article, and operators are timid about taking chances on the short side of the late months. Prices yesterday were firm, with offers readily taken by traders who had sold short in anticipation of a reaction on the promise of a more liberal movement. Toward the close, however, there was a partial decline under profit-taking for over the holiday, and final quotations showed comparatively little net change, being ¼c lower to ¼c higher. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at $1.99, cost, insurance, and freight, New York, ten days' shipment, while No. 3 yellow was quoted at $1.95⅝ and No. 4 yellow at $1.91⅝, New York track, 20 days' shipment, and Argentine corn at $2.05 to $2.10, free on board cars, New York, to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.24½	1.23⅞	1.24⅛	1.24¼	89
January	1.21⅝	1.20¼	1.21	1.20⅝	92¼
May	1.19¼	1.18½	1.18⅞	1.18⅝	91¾

OATS.

The oats market again displayed a very strong undertone, prices early advancing ⅞c to 1¼c, owing to continued strength in the cash position and owing to the fact that the arrivals from the country are still proving inadequate to fill the very active demand. Exporters were not in evidence, however, and toward the close there was a reaction which left prices net unchanged to ⅛c lower. The local cash market was steady; standard quoted at 80c; No. 2 white, 80c; No. 3 white, 79½c; No. 4 white, 79c; fancy clipped white, 79½ to 81½c; ordinary clipped white, 78½c to 79½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	73¼	71⅝	71⅞	72	53⅞
May	70⅝	69½	69⅞	69⅞	57½

PROVISIONS.

Reports that very large orders for hog products consisting of record quantities for Belgian relief and for the United States Government had been placed among Western packers, sent the provision market soaring to new high records. Cash pork in the West was said to have sold as high as $50, a figure never before experienced while January lard in Chicago sold at $25.52. There was a partial reaction at the close under profit taking, but final figures were at sharp gains over the previous day. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 35,000, estimated for Friday, 20,000; Kansas City received, 14,000, and Omaha, 7,800.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	25.52	25.00	25.35	24.90	16.45
May	25.40	25.00	25.22	24.90	16.25
Ribs—					
January	26.25	26.05	26.05	25.55	14.47
May	26.07	25.70	25.90	25.52	14.65
Pork—					
January	48.57	47.75	48.35	47.45	27.30

COTTONSEED OIL.

Owing to the narrowness of trade, the market for cottonseed oil was not influenced by the sharp upturn in hog products, and final quotations were 4 to 5 points net lower. Total sales were 1,700 barrels, and there were tenders of 500 barrels on December contracts. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev Close.
Spot	..	..	18.10@19.00	18.20
December	18.30	18.30	18.20@18.26	18.25
January	..	..	18.30@18.40	18.30
February	..	..	18.25@18.40	18.25
March	18.40	18.40	18.34@18.40	18.38
April	..	..	18.30@18.50	18.30
May	..	..	18.90	..

COFFEE.

Tuesday's bulge was followed by a renewal of scattering liquidation or trade selling in the coffee market yesterday, and prices lost their slight improvement, closing at a net decline of 8 to 13 points. There appeared to be a feeling around the ring that advances would merely meet increased Brazilian offerings, and the decline was accompanied by reports of an easier tone in the primary markets. December contracts sold off to 6.85c and May to 7.30c, with the close at practically the low point. The local spot market was quiet and unchanged at 7½c for Rio 7s and 9¼c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.85@6.88	6.90
December	6.92	6.85	6.85@6.86	6.96
January	..	..	6.92@6.93	7.05
February	..	..	7.03@7.04	7.14
March	7.19	7.15	7.15@7.16	7.23
April	..	..	7.22@7.23	7.31
May	7.35	7.30	7.30@7.31	7.38
June	..	..	7.38@7.39	7.46
July	7.52	7.52	7.46@7.47	7.56
August	..	..	7.54@7.55	7.63
September	7.69	7.62	7.62@7.63	7.73
October	..	..	7.68@7.69	7.79

SUGAR.

Little or no relief has been noted in the general local sugar situation, but it is expected that by the first of the week about 15,000 tons will have been distributed. Western beets are not arriving in the Eastern territory owing to a shortage of freight cars, and much of the sugar is being temporarily stored in the West. The International Sugar Committee is reported to have recently taken a small quantity of full duty sugars at 5⅝c cost, insurance, and freight, equal to 6.90c duty paid for Centrifugal. It is expected that on Friday the Cuban representatives will arrive here ready to negotiate a price for the new crop Cubas. Spot prices are unchanged as follows: Centrifugal, 6.90c; molasses, 6.02c; cost and freight, 5⅞c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 6,261 packages. The market is still very lightly supplied with high grade fresh creamery and the feeling on such is decidedly firm. There was no disposition, however, to force values any higher. Secondary grades moving rather slowly and there is an exceedingly wide range of values. Considerable trading in storage creamery and the feeling quiet and firm. Ladles and packing stock slow and prices barely sustained. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 48½@49c; extras, (92 score,) 48c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 43½@47½c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 40½@43c; thirds, 39@40c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 49½@50c; extras, 48½@49c; firsts, 44½@48c; seconds, 41½@44c; creamery, held, higher scoring than extras, 44@44½c; extras, 43@43½c; firsts, 41½@42½c; seconds, 40@41c; thirds, 38@39½c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 46@47c; good to prime, 42@45c; common to fair, 36@41½c; renovated, extras, 41@42c; firsts, 39½@40½c; lower grades, 35@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 33½@34c; seconds, 32½@33c; lower grades, 31@32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@31½c.

EGGS.—7,175 cases. Fresh gathered eggs continue in light supply, and while the demand has been affected by the high prices ruling, there is still rather more call for fancy goods than can be readily supplied. Prices rule firm on top qualities, but the offerings are of very irregular quality and value. Storage eggs continue in fair demand, and on the business reported prices are steady. The undertone of the market, however, is irregular, some dealers feeling that the statistical position is not likely to sustain the present range of prices. Nearby white eggs are in comparatively light supply, but the demand is small. Most of the stock is of mixed and irregular quality and prices are showing a very wide range; few reach top quotation. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 59@60c; extra firsts, 57@58c; firsts, 54@56c; seconds, 47@53c; thirds and poorer, 40@45c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34@35c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 33@34c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 30½@32½c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 24@30c; refrigerator, nearby whites, 38@42c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 72@76c; ordinary to good, 60@70c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 60@72c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets, 55@60c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 53@60c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 60@64c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 50@60c.

TAKE OVER WESTERN LINES.

Directors Act on Plan for Greater Pennsylvania Unity.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and of the Pennsylvania Company today took steps to effect a closer unity between the lines East and West of Pittsburgh. Both companies have agreed, subject to the consent required from some of the State Commissions, to transfer the leases and other operating agreements of the Western Lines, now held by the Pennsylvania Company, to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The latter company will then operate the lines now operated by the Pennsylvania Company, and the present organization west of Pittsburgh will continue to conduct the operations of the Western lines in the name of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company is not included in the arrangement.

All of the capital stock of the Pennsylvania Company is owned by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and all of its bonds are guaranteed by the latter company. Under the plan suggested, the capital stock of the Pennsylvania Company will ultimately be surrendered and cancelled, excepting such amount as may be deemed essential to preserve the charter of the Pennsylvania Company.

The Vice Presidents, officers and employes of the Pennsylvania Company were today appointed to similar positions with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, effective Jan. 1. The titles of the new Vice Presidents will be:

J. J. Turner, Senior Vice President, with general supervision over all departments of the Western lines.

E. B. Taylor, Vice President in charge finance and accounting.

D. T. McCabe, Vice President in charge of traffic.

C. L. Peck, Vice President in charge of operation.

Benjamin McKeen, Vice President in charge of real estate and purchases.

STATE AS TRACTION BANKER.

Massachusetts May Supply Equipment and Collect in Installments.

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—A suggestion that the State, for a limited period, act as banker for the street railways of Massachusetts and purchase necessary equipment, for which they might pay on the installment plan, was made today to the Special Legislative Commission on Street Railways by Chairman Frederick J. MacLeod on behalf of the Public Service Commission.

This plan of giving the railway companies the benefit of the Commonwealth's credit was regarded by the commission as a compromise between immediate general fare increases and public ownership.

Chairman MacLeod said if the State was prepared now public ownership might be the solution, but the problems of readjustment involved would be too serious for the public to cope with under present war-time conditions.

Mitchell Motors Passes Dividend.

Directors of the Mitchell Motors Company of Racine, Wis., have passed the regular quarterly dividend of $1.50 a share on the capital stock of the company. Dividend payments on the issue were started in November, 1916, the company having been formed in July of that year with a capitalization of 125,000 shares of no par value. Heretofore the company was engaged in the manufacture of pleasure cars, but recently it closed a contract with the Government for the production of motor trucks. This new venture, it is asserted, requires substantial working capital, and for that reason the Directors thought it best to omit the dividend at this time.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Charles E. Whyard has been appointed an assistant cashier of the Greenwich Bank, of which he has been an employe for more than sixteen years. He was recently manager of the bank's Herald Square branch.

The Stock Exchange has admitted to the list: Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgh Railway Company, $1,083,000 consolidated mortgage 4½ per cent. bonds, due May 1, 1957.

The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company has sold approximately $4,000,000 first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, maturing 1939, to Spencer Trask & Co. and the National City Company.

The Wharton Steel Company has called a special meeting of the shareholders for Monday, December 3, to act upon a proposition to increase the capital stock from $3,000,000 to $10,000,000.

The merger agreement by which the Westmoreland Coal Company may absorb the Penn Gas Coal Company and the Manor Gas Coal Company, two subsidiaries, will be voted on at a special meeting of the stockholders to be held December 11.

The Chicago Federal Reserve Bank has advanced the rates of discount ½ of 1 per cent. for all maturities.

Moreau Delano of Brown Bros. & Co. and James L. Ashley, Secretary and Treasurer of the International Nickel Company, have been elected Directors of the American Bank Note Company, succeeding Colonel Ambrose Monell, resigned, to take up war duties, and one other vacancy.

The issue of $3,000,000 Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Boston two-year 6 per cent. notes offered by a syndicate composed of Lee, Higginson & Co., the Old Colony Trust Company, F. S. Mosely & Co., Kidder, Peabody & Co., and Parkinson and Burr, has all been sold.

The M. and M. Journal's current issue carries the names of thirty-eight employes of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank who have gone to war.

Columbia Gas and Electric Company reports production of 308,640 gallons of gasoline for the week of Nov. 16, beating the highest previous record of 297,598 gallons, made the preceding week.

Bonbright & Co., Inc., are offering $1,500,000 of United Light and Railways Company 6 per cent. secured gold notes under a covenant to pay the normal income tax.

Bank Employes Get Bonus.

In order to counterbalance in some degree the effect of advancing living costs, the Executive Committee of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank has voted a special distribution to all members of the staff receiving less than $4,000 a year. Payments will be made quarterly, the first installment of 4 per cent. of the yearly salary of the clerks having just been paid. This special distribution has no relation to that which is usually made in the Christmas season, and it does not affect the salary advances which are made through the year.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction by Adrian H. Muller & Sons at the Auction Salesroom:

For Account of Executors.

70 shares Joseph Dixon Crucible Company, $100 each, 385 to 425.

28 shares the E. A. Bliss Company, Meriden, Conn., $100 each, $38 lot.

For Account of Whom It May Concern.

10 shares Lawyers Title and Trust Company, $100 each, 97½.

20 shares Fort Wayne & Jackson Railroad preferred, $100 each, 111.

40 shares American Telegraph and Cable Company, $100 each, 59⅝.

30 shares American Light and Traction Company preferred, $100 each, 95½.

60 shares Rensselaer & Saratoga Railroad Company, $100 each, 115¼.

7 shares Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company, $50 each, $145 per share.

10 shares Mahoning Coal Railroad Company preferred, $50 each, $44 per share.

5 shares Crocker-Wheeler Company preferred, $100 each, 103.

200 shares Clinchfield Coal Company common, $100 each, 48.

128 shares New York Railways Company common, $100 each, 2¼.

600 shares Sonora Exploration Company S. A., $125 lot.

37,500 shares Seminole Oil Company, $1 each, $25 lot.

37,500 shares Seminole Oil Company, $1 each, $25 lot.

5 shares Hanover National Bank, $100 each, 650.

$1,000 City of New York 4 per cent. corporate stock, due May 1, 1959, 88⅝.

$25,000 Denver & Salt Lake Railroad Company first mortgage thirty-year 5 per cent. 5 per cent. gold bonds, May 1, 1916, coupon on, Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company certificate of deposit, 9½.

To Holders of Russian Rouble Exchange Securities, Etc.

Interesting and profitable possibilities afforded by present abnormal conditions, explained in detail upon request.

Arnold R. Perpall & Co.

115 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Rector 1537

LOST

200 shares of Globe Dominion Copper Co. Certificates Numbers 3197 and 3198 for 100 shares each, registered in the name of Lake, Banks & Weeks. Transfer has been stopped. If presented for negotiation, notify LAKE, BANKS & WEEKS, 14 Wall Street.

[Charter No. 2608.]

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

LINCOLN NATIONAL BANK

at City of New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$12,190,483.66
Overdrafts: Secured	$1,229.51	
Unsecured	896.50	
		2,126.01
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds of 1917): U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$900,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits, (par value)	650,000.00	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness		1,550,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.		150.00
Bonds, securities, etc. (other than U. S.): Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits	$2,107,858.60	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	1,294,931.07	
Total bonds, securities, etc.		3,402,789.67
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		60,000.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		2,087,645.94
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		820,113.75
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		1,752,964.77
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15		122,403.77
17. Exchanges for Clearing House		707,556.36
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than item 17)		121,865.12
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		11,518.68
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		68,000.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		54,440.76
Total		$23,950,058.63

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund		1,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$1,013,183.94	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	9,902.33	
		1,003,281.61
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate)		78,449.76
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		38,169.64
Circulating notes outstanding		898,597.50
31. Net amounts due to national banks		427,025.28
32. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in 31)		1,481,261.70
Total of items 31 and 32, $1,908,286.98.		
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
33. Individual deposits subject to check		15,297,070.41
34. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		25,657.87
35. Certified checks		50,130.83
36. Cashier's checks outstanding		265,520.76
39. Dividends unpaid		100.00
Total demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, and 39, $15,638,679.87.		
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):		
41. Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		343.29
Total of time deposits subject to reserve, Item 41, $343.29.		
United States deposits (other than postal savings): War loan deposit account		1,694,250.00
U. S. bonds borrowed without furnishing collateral security for same		690,000.00
Total		$23,950,058.63

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: I, JOHN S. SAMMIS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN S. SAMMIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of November, 1917.

[Seal.] J. N. TIMMERMANN, Notary Public, Bronx County, 6, Register File 903; Certificate filed in New York Co., 1, Register File 9037; Certificate filed in Kings Co., 24, Register File 9001; Certificate filed in Westchester Co.; Certificate filed in Suffolk Co. Term expires March 30, 1919.

Correct—Attest:
HARRY J. LUCE,
EDWARD L. ROSSITER,
WILLIAM BREWSTER, Directors.

[No. 1461.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK,

of New York, at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business November 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$402,118,459.33	
Deduct: Foreign bills of exchange sold with indorsement of this bank	2,601,458.85	
		$399,517,000.48
Customers' liability under letters of credit		2,903,098.90
Customers' liability account of "acceptances"		7,499,061.89
Liability of foreign banks on acceptances to create dollar exchange		158,378.34
Overdrafts secured and unsecured		41,881.74
U. S. bonds and U. S. certificates of indebtedness		165,376,956.84
Bonds, securities, etc.		47,289,004.29
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank		1,500,000.00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		5,000,000.00
Due from banks and bankers, (net)		16,922,418.49
Due from foreign accounts		991,916.22
Due from branches		20,099,628.20
Exchanges for Clearing House		50,250,535.84
Checks on other banks in this city		5,296,743.06
Country checks and other cash items		1,303,909.99
Cash in vault		13,770,285.20
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		97,059,373.57
Gold bullion		28,065.59
Redemption fund and due from U. S. Treasurer		129,210.00
Interest earned but not collected, (approximate)		2,365,386.93
Total		$837,450,355.57

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$25,000,000.00
Set aside as capital for foreign branches		6,000,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits, (net)		41,731,626.49
Interest and discount collected but not earned, (approximate)		1,923,829.00
Reserved for taxes and interest accrued		1,360,110.70
National bank notes outstanding		1,762,340.00
Due to banks and bankers, (net)	$218,261,072.03	
Individual deposits subject to check	373,425,313.66	
United States deposits	103,022,896.35	
Demand certificates of deposit	5,651,437.85	
Certified checks	7,854,216.74	
Cashier's checks outstanding	6,092,552.24	
Dividends unpaid	9,210.00	
Time certificates of deposit	1,380,198.91	
Time deposits	7,071,748.31	
		722,768,646.00
U. S. bonds borrowed		4,524,700.00
Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank		20,000,000.00
Time bills of exchange drawn by this bank payable abroad		18,187.56
Letters of credit and travelers' checks		3,249,943.96
Acceptances executed for customers		7,499,061.80
Acceptances executed to create dollar exchange		158,378.34
Other liabilities		1,443,531.54
Total		$837,450,355.57

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: I, THOS. A. REYNOLDS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

THOS. A. REYNOLDS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of November, 1917.

GEO. H. COREY, Notary Public New York Co., 181.

Correct—Attest:
E. P. SWENSON,
EDGAR PALMER,
EARL D. BABST, Directors.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Chartered 1799.

BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY.

New York, November 2, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their Banking House, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the fourth day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the Directors.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

AMERICAN NAVAL and MILITARY FORCES.

LLOYDS BANK (FRANCE)
AND
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK (FRANCE)
LIMITED,

offers the services of its BRANCHES at

PARIS, BORDEAUX, HAVRE, BIARRITZ and NICE,

for negotiating U.S. Treasury Drafts, Cheques and Bank Notes, and transacting all kinds of banking business.

An English-speaking staff is in attendance.

Special arrangements can be made for handling banking business in all other towns throughout France, upon application.

Head Office: 60, LOMBARD ST., LONDON, E.C. 3 (Temporary Address)

PARIS OFFICE: 3, PLACE DE L'OPERA.

BORDEAUX - 23, Allées de Chartres. | BIARRITZ - 10, Place de la Liberté.
HAVRE - 1, Rue de la Bourse. | NICE - 6, Jardin du Roi Albert I.

[Charter No. 1499. Reserve District No. 2.]

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

CHEMICAL NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20th, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$53,511,970.87
Overdrafts, secured, $8,765.27; unsecured, $2,918.87		11,684.14
Customers' liability under letters of credit actually used and for which this bank has not been reimbursed		63,595.00
Customers' liability account of "acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding	$1,048,612.43	
Liability of foreign banks and bankers for drafts and bills accepted by this bank to create dollar exchange and new outstanding	499,999.98	
		1,548,612.41
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds of 1917): U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$450,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,950,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	90,000.00	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds) and ctfs. of indebtedness		2,490,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½% and 4%	$730,650.00	
Liberty Loan bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½% and 4%	2,300,000.00	
		3,030,650.00
Bonds, securities, etc.: Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits	$5,135,000.00	
Securities other than U.S. bonds (not including stocks) owned and unpledged	1,247,286.36	
Total bonds, securities, &c.		6,382,286.36
Stocks other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		119,405.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50% of subscription)		300,000.00
Value of banking house		740,000.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		6,995,728.64
Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		546,062.54
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		2,093,313.97
Net amounts due from banks, bankers and trust companies		324,563.57
Exchanges for Clearing House		2,317,846.49
Checks on other banks in the same city as reporting bank		275,317.19
Total, $5,557,103.76.		
Checks on banks outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		185,776.91
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		160,950.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		60,310.73
Total		$81,178,073.82

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$3,000,000.00
Surplus fund		7,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$1,618,944.18	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	56,095.20	
		1,562,848.98
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate)		332,114.03
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		99,221.96
Amount reserved for all interest accrued		41,599.46
Circulating notes outstanding		442,597.50
Net amounts due to national banks		4,995,749.04
Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies		6,221,033.28
Total, $11,216,782.32.		
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve:		
Individual deposits subject to check		40,154,025.57
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		9,750.00
Certified checks		582,107.71
Cashier's checks outstanding		208,506.19
Dividends unpaid		3,422.50
Total demand deposits other than bank deposits, $40,957,811.97.		
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice):		
Certificates of deposit		3,050.00
Other time deposits		2,847,997.19
Total of time deposits subject to reserve, $2,851,047.19.		
United States deposits (other than postal savings): War loan deposit account		3,830,013.00
U. S. bonds borrowed without furnishing collateral security for same		2,300,000.00
Other bonds borrowed without furnishing collateral security for same		4,500,000.00
State bank circulation outstanding		10,830.00
Customers' letters of credit drawn against		63,595.00
Acceptances executed for customers	$1,048,612.43	
Acceptances executed to furnish dollar exchange	499,999.98	
Total		1,548,612.41
Liabilities other than those above stated: Loans for account of customers		1,321,000.00
Total		$81,178,073.82

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: I, E. H. SMITH, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. H. SMITH, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of November, 1917.

STEPHEN L. JENKINSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
FREDERIC W. STEVENS,
W. EMLEN ROOSEVELT,
ARTHUR ISELIN, Directors.

[Charter No. 11034. Reserve District No. 2.]

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

PUBLIC NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK

at 80 Delancey Street, N. Y. City, in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$11,638,612.00
Overdrafts, unsecured		8,499.45
United States bonds (other than Liberty Bonds of 1917): U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$471,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure postal savings deposits (par value)	5,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	1,350,000.00	
Premium on U. S. bonds	25,610.63	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness		1,851,610.63
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.	$109,940.00	
Liberty Loan bonds pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.	1,108,050.00	
		1,217,990.00
Bonds, securities, &c. (other than U. S.): Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits	$300,000.00	
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits	267,820.74	
Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State, or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable	55,000.00	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	2,427,248.57	
Total bonds, securities, &c.		2,950,069.31
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		2,545.31
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank, (50 per cent. of subscription)		34,500.00
Value of banking house		200,000.00
Furniture and fixtures		42,917.65
Real estate owned other than banking house		165,190.17
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		1,577,399.58
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		2,817,389.60
16. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13 and 15		167,778.06
17. Exchanges for clearing house		324,875.65
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17)		232,433.20
Total of Items 15, 16, 17, and 18, $3,482,476.51.		
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		21,850.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		108,573.30
Other assets if any: Foreign money on hand		4,290.12
Total		$23,299,724.32

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$750,000.00
Surplus fund		400,000.00
Undivided profits	$476,299.68	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	55,322.46	
		420,977.22
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate)		40,060.96
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		25,906.79
Amount reserved for all interest accrued		38,643.60
Circulating notes outstanding		471,000.00
30. Amount due to Federal Reserve Bank		1,001,868.55
31. Net amounts due to national banks		13,082.88
32. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in 30 or 31)		43,478.11
Total of Items 31 and 32, $56,560.99.		
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
33. Individual deposits subject to check		9,139,668.46
34. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days, (other than for money borrowed)		1,800.00
35. Certified checks		367,952.33
36. Cashier's checks outstanding		85,159.63
37. State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank		55,000.00
39. Dividends unpaid		167.00
Total demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subjects to reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, and 39, $9,649,747.36.		
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days' or more notice, and postal savings):		
43. Postal savings deposits		272,820.74
44. Other time deposits		8,537,783.25
Total of time deposits subject to reserve, Items 43 and 44, $8,810,603.99.		
United States deposits, (other than postal savings): War loan deposit account		1,306,050.00
Liabilities other than those above stated: Payment received on Liberty Bonds not yet delivered		328,366.02
Total		$23,299,724.32

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: I, CHARLES H. BALDWIN, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CHARLES H. BALDWIN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of November, 1917.

IRVING LEVY, Notary Public,
[Seal] No. 107, New York County.

Correct—Attest:
PHILIP BEROLZHEIMER,
EDWARD S. ROTHCHILD,
JOSEPH J. BACH, Directors.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF JERSEY CITY.

Jersey City, N. J., Nov. 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$4,859,921.62
Deduct acceptances other banks guaranteed	32,703.17
	$4,827,218.45
Due from banks and bankers	6,727,772.10
Real estate and securities	632,746.20
United States bonds	2,527,150.00
Cash	2,074,800.88
	$16,789,687.63

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$400,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	1,334,680.37
Circulation	400,000.00
Deposits	14,655,007.26
	$16,789,687.63

E. I. EDWARDS, President.
ROBERT E. JENNINGS, Vice President.
HENRY BROWN, Jr., Cashier.
JACOB R. WORTENDYKE, Asst. Cashier.

THE COAL AND IRON NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

CONDENSED STATEMENT.

At close of business November 20, 1917.

Comptroller's Call.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$8,6[illegible]
U. S. bonds % circulation	414,500.00
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	600,000.00
U. S. liberty bond %	1,519,[illegible]
Other stocks and bonds	2,668,[illegible]
Due from banks	1,227,[illegible]
Cash and exchanges	3,034,472.76
Customers' liability letters of credit, acceptances, &c.	257,[illegible]
	$18,365,222.39

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	909,1[illegible]
Reserve (taxes and contingencies)	114,755.[illegible]
Circulation	413,250.00
Deposits	11,989,0[illegible]
Postal Savings Deposits	478,600.00
U. S. Government Deposits	2,951,201.00
Bills payable Federal Reserve Bank	300,000.00
Acceptance % customers	258,[illegible]
	$18,365,222.39

Member New York Clearing House Association.

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

E. G. CRAWFORD, President.

THE GAMEWELL FIRE ALARM TELEGRAPH CO.

All bond holders of this Company are hereby notified to present bonds maturing December 1st, 1917, also all interest coupons due same date, to the Atlantic National Bank at 257 Broadway, New York City, for payment. V. C. Stanley, Acting Treasurer.

CENSURES CLARK FOR LOAN SPEECH

Gov. Strong Shows That Speaker Had No Basis for His Attack on Bankers.

GIVES OUT THEIR LETTERS

Asks How the Foreign Born Can Be Expected to be Loyal in Face of Such Reckless Accusations.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York made public yesterday copies of letters recently exchanged between Champ Clark, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and Benjamin Strong, Governor of the bank, in reference to the Speaker's assertion a month ago that a "ring" of New York financiers was endeavoring to make the Liberty Loan a partial failure so that the next war loan would bear a higher rate of interest.

Speaker Clark's Letter.

Speaker Clark's letter to Governor Strong follows:

Bowling Green, Mo., Nov. 2, 1917.
Hon. Benjamin Strong, Esq., Governor Federal Reserve Bank of New York, N. Y.

Dear Sir—So far as I know the sequence of affairs was this. The night of Oct. 24 I made a speech in Oklahoma City to a very large audience in favor of the Liberty Loan, but as I was making two speeches a day of that sort I could not remain in any one town very long. Consequently I left Oklahoma City and was on the road to St. Louis before you sent your telegram. It finally caught up with me here by mail on the 29th. I think it arrived here in the mail on the 28th.

The remarks complained of were made when all the papers were ablaze with charges that the big cities in the country were lagging behind in subscribing for the loan, especially New York. As soon as I got to St. Louis and saw the papers I immediately made a statement withdrawing my criticism because in the mean time New York seemed to have come to the front with her full quota. I received another copy of your telegram here which I suppose was simply sent out by the telegraph company.

The paper stated the next day that you were very much pleased with the fact that I withdrew the charges. When I left Washington it was currently reported that New York was lagging behind. On Oct. 12 The New York World in an editorial headed "Back Fire on Wall Street," said:

"The Stock Exchange informs the American people daily with its panic prices that it has little faith in the securities which represent the public and good faith of the United States. If this is the way to commend the Liberty Loan, what would the Kaiser do if he were active in the market?"

On the 13th, in an editorial entitled "How Wall Street Goes to War," The New York World said: "In ordinary times Stock Exchange sentiment is not easy to gauge. Today, however, he who runs may read. It is against the United States." The World is published under your nose.

I take it for granted that you read these editorials in The New York World. The people out West read them, I among the rest, and it was not a very violent conclusion, as The World is supposed to be one of the great and leading lights in the newspaper realm, that The World knew what it was talking about.

These editorials in The New York World and other similar ones in the Chicago papers and all the rest of the papers were the basis of my remarks. As soon as I learned the facts, I did what The New York World has never done and never will do, and that is withdraw the charges. The New York World abused me like a pickpocket for reiterating what it said on the 12th and 13th of October. This is the whole tale so far as I am concerned. Very truly,
CHAMP CLARK.

Governor Strong's Reply.

Governor Strong's reply to Speaker Clark is as follows:

Nov. 22, 1917.
Hon. Champ Clark, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.:

Dear Sir—Your letter of Nov. 2 has been forwarded to me here. The sequence of affairs to which you refer was as follows:

On Oct. 24, previous to addressing an audience in Oklahoma City, you were reported to have stated, in an interview given to the press, that a "ring" of New York financiers was hampering the Government by endeavoring to make the Liberty Loan a partial failure so that the next loan would bear a higher rate of interest. You characterized these unnamed financiers as traitors, the spiritual descendants of the ring that operated in just such an emergency during the civil war, and positively refused to divulge the sources of your information. The implication to be drawn from your interview was clearly that you had "sources of information."

On Oct. 26 you stated to an Associated Press representative in St. Louis that you were quoted substantially correctly, had nothing to retract, and that the report that the New York district's subscription was 38 per cent. of its quota at the time of your first statement showed that some one was "pulling against the collar."

Three hours later on the same day you withdrew the charge, and stated that you had made it because the newspapers were full of stories about the sale of Liberty bonds lagging all over the country; that when the first Liberty bonds were issued "some fellows in New York had tried to beat the price down below par," and that in view of that fact you had made your statement in Oklahoma City.

And now, on Nov. 2 you wrote me that your conclusion that a "ring" of New York financiers had entered into a treasonable conspiracy was the outgrowth of reading two editorials in The New York World, printed on Oct. 12 and Oct. 13, and that these editorials were the basis of your remarks. Neither of the editorials refered to, which I have before me, made any reference to higher rates of interest on subsequent loans; they dealt entirely to the decline in security prices on the Stock Exchange and its supposed effect upon the success of the loan.

It seems apparent that at no time did you have the slightest ground for publicly or privately charging the most serious crime in time of war, "treason," against a group of unnamed men; that the basis of your remarks was not, as you at first stated, "sources of information," but two editorials in The New York World, which simply expressed the opinions or conclusions of the author of the editorials regarding the stock market, and that your so-called retraction sought to imply that other acts of these New York financiers justified your charges, though your first surmise had turned out to be incorrect.

The facts are that in both the first and second Liberty Loan the New York District exceeded every other district in the percentage of subscriptions to quota apportioned, that it has made temporary loans to the Government since our entry into the war, exceeding the total of all other districts combined, has provided not far from half of all the fund furnished our Government for war purposes, has in addition purchased over one hundred millions of the bonds originally subscribed in other Federal Reserve districts, has pledged for banking loans to insure a stable money market in aid of the loan the sum of over three hundred million dollars; had in the first Liberty Loan pledged a subscription of $300,000,000, to make up shortages in other districts, if required, and has led the country in its support of the Federal Reserve system by adding the resources of State banks and trust companies, aggregating nearly three billion dollars in a period of two months.

Figures have just been furnished me, based upon the wealth of the nation in 1912, which I believe to be reliable, which indicate that the New York Reserve District subscribed 5.13 per cent. of the total wealth of the district to the second Liberty Loan, and the Kansas City District, which includes part of your own State, .88 per cent. of its total wealth, the New York percentage being the highest and the Kansas City District the lowest of all twelve districts.

A time is coming in this country, Mr. Speaker, when the demand will be made that our Representatives in Congress represent the country of which they are citizens, and not alone the section where they chance to reside. Your groundless statement has surely done no harm, because the facts so completely refute it. But the pitiable fact remains that the suspicion of wrongdoing by one part of the country is implanted in another section, is kept alive, nourished, and developed, usually for selfish political purposes, by just such irresponsible charges as yours. You should seek the "spiritual descendants" of those men of civil war days, to whom you refer, among those who, like yourself, are promoting sectional and class distrust and suspicion, not during those days of sorrow, when our country was engaged in a fratricidal struggle, but now, when our sons are defending our country against treacherous attack from abroad. This great country of ours, which shelters 35,000,000 of foreign birth or parentage, is now engaged in a death struggle with a relentless enemy. If the officers of our Government make reckless charges of treason against our leading business men, how may these new citizens of ours be expected to reverence their new country?

Almost without exception these New York financiers, to whom you refer, including the writer, have sons in the American Army in France. I am informed that you also have a son in the service. You must not overlook, Mr. Speaker, that a united country will insure those boys a safe and victorious return more certainly than will sectional discord and suspicion. The people of your own section of the West will insist upon this unity, as we do in the East. Yours truly,
BENJ. STRONG.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 28.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BARCLAY ST, 94, s s, 59.10 ft e of Washington St, 19.2x75, foreclosure Oct. 8, 1917; James C. Sheldon, referee, to J. B. Wallace Co., 94 Barclay St, subject to 10-year lease from May 1, 1913; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$17,000

BEEKMAN ST, s e corner of Gold St, runs e 49.7 x s 30 and 29.2 x w 46.6 to Gold St x n 64.3 to beginning; Daniel C. Adams and another, executors, &c., to Daniel C. Adams, 130 East 67th St, 7-12 parts, mtg $27,500, Nov. 26; attorneys, Todd & St. John, 258 Broadway $1

BROAD ST, 117, e s, 62.5 ft s of Front St, 22.6x7.6; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank to Julian F. Strzelecki, 101 South 2d St, Brooklyn, b. and s., Nov. 26; attorney, Francis X. Wazeter, 130 East 7th St..$24,000

DELANCEY ST., 244, n s, 25 ft w of Sheriff St, 25x75, 244 Delancey Street Corp. to Isadore Shapiro, 35 St. Nicholas Terrace, mtg. $18,000, Nov. 21; attorneys, Shapiro & B., 299 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Isadore Shapiro to Anna E. Schlanger, 102 West 83d St., $18,000, q. c., Nov. 28; attorneys, same..$100

GREENE ST, 23 and 25, n w s, 160 ft s w of Grand St, 40x100; Rosalie Hyams to Applebee & Neuman, Inc., on the premises, mtg $20,000, b. and s., all liens, Nov. 23; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, mtg $20,000, b. and s., all liens, Nov. 23; attorney, same $100

LUDLOW ST, 19, w s, 157.11 ft e of Hester St, 19x87, foreclosure Nov. 20, 1917; Ward D. Williams, referee, to Rosa Saberski, 45 Gouverneur St, Nov. 26; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$17,700

LUDLOW ST, 145-147, w s, 175.6 ft s of Stanton St, 37.6x87.6, foreclosure Nov. 27, 1917; Joseph I. Green, referee, to Mary G. Richardson, 17 West 74th St, Nov. 27; attorney, William C. Orr, 5 Chambers St. $25,000

MADISON ST, 412, s s, 375 ft e of Jackson St, 25x100; Charles L. Greenhall to 412 Madison Corporation, 120 Broadway, mtg. $16,000, b. and s., Nov. 27....$100

SPRING ST, 154, s s, 80 ft e of West Broadway, 20x80; Florence E. Wissert to Guaranteed Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, Nov. 26; attorney, Carrington & P., 200 B'way..$100

2D AV, e w corner of 108th St, 25.10x75; Irving W. Dimelow to Mary Wallace, 3,042 Bainbridge Av, b. and s., all liens; attorneys, Wood, C. & S., 63 Wall St.....$1

2D AV, 1,844, e s, 50.8 ft n of 95th St, 25x100; Florence E. Wissert to Guaranteed Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, mtg $10,000, Aug. 1, attorneys, Carrington & P., 200 Broadway $100

3D AV, 1,674, w s, 25.5 ft s of 94th St, 26x100, foreclosure Feb. 28, 1917; Louis F. Doyle, referee, to Linda L. Stephenson, 854 West End Av, May 10; attorneys, Wood, C. & S., 63 Wall St....$19,000

5TH AV, e s, 77.2 ft n of 74th St, 25x150; Harry S. Harkness to Myrtle H. Macomber, 2 East 55th St, 1-3 part, all liens, Nov. 19; attorneys, Murray, P. & H., 37 Wall St. $1,000

10TH AV, e s, 25.6 ft n of 30th St, 50x100; Isaac Lowenfeld et al., exrs.; Pincus Lowenfeld to Criterion Holding Co., 46 Cedar St, ½ part, mtg $30,000, Nov. 27.$100

SAME PROPERTY; William Prager to same, ½ part, mtg $30,000, Nov. 28....$100

11TH AV, s e corner of 52d St, 18.3x64; Frederick W. Seybel and another to Hy L Dyer, 16 West 50th St., trustee, Nov. 12; attorneys, Townsend & G., 32 Liberty St...$1

44TH ST, 117 West, s s, 170 ft w of 6th Av, 17.6x100.4; Ella C. Marston to Laura M. Marston, Raymond, N. H., one-half part, all liens, Aug. 30; attorney, Ronald K. Brown, 320 Broadway $1

44TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5; 44th St, 533 West, n s, 350 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5; William H. Freund to Estelle M. Briner, 1,506 President St, Brooklyn, a. t., all liens; attorney, A. Zimmermann, 200 Broadway $1

45TH ST, 429 West, n s, 350 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100.5; Anna E. Persico, heir, Margaret Lutz, to John D. Persico, 1,753 East 14th St., Brooklyn, Nov. 9; attorneys Elfus & A., 277 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; John D. Persico to Anna E., his wife, 175 East 14th St., Brooklyn, Nov. 2; attorneys, same....$1

72D ST, n w corner of Lexington Av, 155x102.2; Jackson Construction Co. to Julius Tishman & Sons, 18 East 41st St., mtg. $750,000, Nov. 20....$100

73D ST, 153 West, n s, 279 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 21x102.2; Mayer & Mayer, Inc., to Hotel Hamilton Corporation, 30 Church St., Nov. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

73D ST, n s, 387.6 ft w of Columbus Av, 112.6x102.2; the West 73d Street Associates to Hotel Hamilton Corp., 30 Church St, mtg $88,000, all liens, b. and s., Nov. 24; Stoddart & M., 128 Broadway....$100

74TH ST, n s, 25 ft e Park Av, 75x102.2; Bernard Mayer to 101 East 74th St. Co., 5 Beekman St, b. and s., all liens, Nov. 26; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St. $100

74TH ST, n e, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 20x102.2; 74th St, n s, 220 ft e of 5th Av, 20x102.2; Emily Hesslein to Edgar J. Hesslein, 65 West 49th St, Nov. 27; address, 43 White St $1

77TH ST, n s, 235.9 ft w of Avenue A, 62.2x102.2; William Connolly to Roger Connolly, party of first part reserves life estate, all liens, Nov. 26; attorney, M. J. Egan, 2 Rector St....$1

89TH ST, n s, 106.8 ft e of Park Av, 26.8x100.8; William Connolly to Roger Connolly, 1,510 1st Av, party of first part reserves life estate, all liens, Nov. 26; attorney, M. J. Egan, 2 Rector St....$1

90TH ST, 314 East, s s, 250 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.8; Emil Faas to Mary K., his wife, 536 Hudson St., all liens, Nov. 27; attorney, L. S. Marx, 128 Broadway....$100

116TH ST, 301 East, s s 80 ft e of 2d Av, 20x100.10; Maria Streppone to Matthew F. Streppone, 315 East 116th, mtg $10,000, all liens, Nov. 27; attorney, T. E. Bresnahan, 291 Broadway....$1

118TH ST, 37 West, n s, 335 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100.11; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Hyman Schwartz, 605 2d Av, b. and s., all liens, Nov. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

118TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of Madison Av, 30x100.11; Monroe M. Behrend to Minnie Rosenfeld, 2,360 Grand Concourse, Bronx, 1-12 part, mtg $21,000, both heirs Bernhard M. Behrend; each holds ½ part; Nov. 27; attorney, Theo. Baumeister, 35 Nassau St..$1

122D ST, s s, 130 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11; Marguerite S. O'Neill to Guaranteed Mortgage Co. of New York, 200 Broadway, mtg $16,000, all liens, Nov. 26; attorneys, Carrington & P., 200 Broadway....$100

123D ST, 116 East, s s, 165 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.5; Julia and Edw. H. Burger to Harry Raphael, 1,355 Broadway, mtg $24,000; attorneys, Burger & B., 233 Broadway $1

131ST ST, 254 West, s s, 250 ft e of 8th Av, 17.6x99.11; Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co. to Ideal Mortgage Co., 63 Wall St, mtg $4,500, Nov. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Ideal Mortgage Co. to Walter V. Reynolds, Sound Beach, Conn., mtg $4,500, all liens, Nov. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

131ST ST, 250 West, s s, 285 ft e of 8th Av, 20x99.11; Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co. to Ideal Mortgage Co., 63 Wall St., mtg $5,000, Nov. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Ideal Mortgage Co. to Beatrice M. Prouty, 597 Madison St, Brooklyn, mtg $5,000, all liens, Nov. 28; attorney same $100

141ST ST, n s, 400 ft w of 7th Av, 62.6x99.11; Citizens Sav. Bank to Falmouth Realty Corp., 29 West 135th St., b. and s., all liens, Nov. 26; attorneys, Beall & Rogers, 141 Broadway $55,000

Bronx.

BROOK AV, s e corner 159th St, 34.8x92.9x34.3x87.5, Bernhard Mayer to Bertha Kahn, ½ part 421 East 82d St, Nov. 26; attorneys, Weil & Mayer, 5 Beekman St....$100

SAME PROPERTY, Samuel Weibel et al, exrs, to same, ½ part, Nov. 26; attorneys, same $100

SAME PROPERTY, Bertha Kahn to Samuel Weil et al, exrs, 222 Lenox Ave, ½ part, Nov. 26; attorneys, same....$100

SAME PROPERTY, same to same, ½ part, Nov. 26; attorneys, same....$100

BRONX PARK AV, 361, —x—; Joseph Diamond to Ray Strasberg, 1,817 Victor St, mtg $5,000, Nov. 17; attorneys, Neier & McD., 160 Broadway....$100

BRYANT AV, e s, 75 ft n of Jennings St, 25x100; Harriet M. Smith to Annie V. Z. Hanford, Liberty, N. Y., mtg $8,500, Nov. 24; attorneys, Wilder, E. & P., 43 Cedar St $1

CLINTON AV, e s, 54.2 ft s of 181st St, 42.11x97.2; William Paulsen to Anna D. Paulsen, 201 Newark Av, Jersey City, Nov. 26; attorney, O. A. Deffea, 3,013 3d Av....$1

CRESTON AV, e s, 174.5 ft n of 184th St, 25x95; James M. O'Connell to Louise Winter, 83 East 108th St, mtg $6,000, Nov. 8; attorney, Hildreth & P., 7 East 42d St....$1

LAFAYETTE AV, n s, 50 ft w of Longfellow Av, 100x100; Harry Krakower to Sadie Zimmermann, 536 East 149th St, mtg $5,000, Dec. 8, 1916; attorney, William Von Reichenstein, 64 Jefferson Av, Brooklyn....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Sadie Zimmermann to William von Reichenstein, 64 Jefferson Av, Brooklyn, mtg $5,000, Sept. 8; attorney, same $1

LAFONTAINE AV, 2,008, e s, 27x102.6; David Appolinari to Mary Appolinari, 2,008 Lafontaine Av, mtg $2,500, Nov. 26; attorney, B. W. B. Brown, 27 Cedar St....$100

LOTS 300 and 301, map of 369 lots Hunt's Point Realty Co.; James H. Farley to William T. Farley, 948 East 156th St, July 20; attorney, C. F. Kelley, 203 B'way...$1

MACLAY AV, 2,433, n s, 25x103; Domenico Fratto to Hudson P. Roes Co., 7 West 45th St, mtg $2,500, Nov. 27; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$1

MACLAY AV, n s, 189.10 ft e of Zerega Av, 25x100.9x25x100.8; John Patterson to Mary A. Mead, North Conway, N. H., Oct. 31; attorneys, Patterson & B., 43 Cedar St..$1

MACLAY AV, 2,419, n s, 25x100.9; Isidor Silver to John Patterson, 780 Riverside Drive, Oct. 19; attorney, John Patterson, 43 Cedar St....$1,500

MAITLAND AV, s e, 250 ft w of Mapes Av, 50x137x54x116.7; Julia Bursee to Carl Kappler, 436 East 67th St, Nov. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,981, w s, 36.3x115.5x33x100.6; Edwin B. Meeks, trustee, to John C. Wallace Co., 2,045 Ryer Av, Nov. 26; attorney, E. G. Duvall, 277 Broadway....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,085, w s, 36.3x100.6x33x85.7; Edwin B. Meeks, Trustee, to John C. Wallace Co., 2,045 Ryer Av., Nov. 26; attorney, E. O. Smith, Jerome Av. and Burnside Av....$100

TIBBETT AV, w s, 147.8 ft n of 244th St, runs w 59.2x e 73.10 to w s of Tibbett Av x s 44.1; Frederick A. Camp to Parkway Heights Co., 27 Cedar St, Nov. 18; attorneys, Delafield, H. T. & R., 27 Cedar St..$1

TINTON AV, s w corner of 169th St, 80.2x59.8x70.3x21.3; Charlotte A. Williams to Charles Reis, 1,249 Tinton Av, mtg $25,500, Nov. 26; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

TRINITY AV, 996-8, e s, 37.6x100; Bertha Kahn to Benjamin J. Weil, 21 East 82d St, Nov. 26; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Benjamin J. Weil to Bertha Kahn, 421 East 82d St, Nov. 26; attorney, same....$100

TRINITY AV, 992-94, e s, 37.6x100, Bernhard Mayer to Bertha Kahn, ½ part 421 East 82d St, Nov. 26; attorneys, Weil & Mayer, 5 Beekman St....$100

SAME PROPERTY, Samuel Weil et al to same, ½ part, Nov. 26; attorneys, same.$100

SAME PROPERTY, Bertha Kahn to Samuel Weil et al, exrs, 222 Lenox Av, ½ part, Nov. 26; attorneys, same....$100

SAME PROPERTY; same to Bernhard Mayer, 41 East 72d St, one-half part, Nov. 1; attorney, same....$100

VYSE AV, w s, 475 ft s of Jennings St, 25x100; David Henry to Matthias J. Albrecht, 1,417 Vyse Av, mtg $2,000, Nov. 28; attorneys, Clocke, K. & R., 391 East 149th St....$100

WALDO AV, e s, at s w corner of land of O. A. Camp, runs s 20.2x e 13x e 28.7x w 35 6; also Waldo Av, e s, at n w corner of land of O. A. Camp, runs w 8.6x e 140.10x e w 50.11x n 21.11x w 100; Parkway Heights Co. to Frederick A. Camp at Fieldston, N. Y., Nov. 18; attorneys, Delafield, H. & R., 27 Cedar Street....$1

148TH ST, 246 and 248, s s, 50x100; William W. Tappan to Chelsea Exchange Bank, 266 West 34th St, Nov. 27; attorneys, Shaw, F. & S., 2 Rector St....$1

150TH ST, 329 East, n s, 25x100; William J. Berkowitz to Sophie Berkowitz, 310 East 85th St, mtg $17,500, June 16; attorneys, Davis & D., 49 Chambers St....$100

175TH ST, n s, 57.10 ft e of Mohegan Av, 23.11x89.2x22.6x93.8; James F. Brady to Carmela Silvestro, 1,826 Marmion Av, mtg $1,600, Nov. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

224TH ST, s s, 333 ft w of Laconia Av, 25x109.6; Matteo Bevacqua to Jennie Lo Forte, 58 Monroe St, Nov. 24; attorney, Jennie Lo Forte, 58 Monroe St....$500

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

WATER ST, 412-416, n s, 202.11 ft w of Market Slip, 120.9x75.2x irregular, Nov. 27; J. Pitman Co. to Clothilde E. Cuneo, 271 Palisades Av, Jersey City, N. J., 3 years, prior mtg $5,000; attorney, Harry Weinberger, 261 Broadway....$18,000

31ST ST, 307 and 309 East, n s, 99.6 ft e of 2d Av, 40.6x97.5, July 25; Business Men's Realty Co. to Samuel Levy, 378 West End Av, due and interest as per bond; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway....$32,350

48TH ST, 21 East, n s, 100 ft e of Madison Av, 16.8x100.5, Nov. 27; Harry Parker to Marie Garfiel, 20 East 90th St, due and interest as per bond, prior mtg $27,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,000

51ST ST, 536 West, s s, 325 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5, Nov. 28; John Donnelly to Hugh Reilly, 358 West 51st St, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$8,000

63D ST, 39 East, n s, 159 ft w of Park Av, 20x100.5, Nov. 26; Grenville T. Emmet to New York Life Insurance and Trust Co., 52 Wall St, due March 1, 1922, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Emmet & Parish, 52 Wall St.$11,000

64TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 100x100.5, Nov. 17; Owners East 64th Street Garage to Co-operative Building Construction Co., 7 East 42d St, due and interest as per bond; attorneys, Thomas & Houghton, 111 Broadway....$120,000

73D ST, 153 West, n s, 279 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 183.6x102.2, building loan agreement between party of the first part and S. W. Straus & Co., Nov. 15; Hotel Hamilton Corp. to Simon W. Straus, 2 East 69th St, trustee for bondholders, due Nov. 15, 1927, 6 p. c.; attorney, Isaac Rothschild, 150 Broadway....Gold bonds, $775,000

118TH ST, 37 West, n s, 335 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100.11, Nov. 27; Hyman Schwartz to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $18,000

131ST ST, 250 West, s s, 285 ft e of 8th Av, 20x99.11, Nov. 28; Ideal Mortgage Corp. to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 175 Remsen St, Brooklyn, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$5,000

131ST ST, 251 West, s s, 250 ft e of 8th Av, 17.6x99.11, Nov. 28; same to same, due and interest as per bond; attorney, same..$4,500

141ST ST, n s, 400 ft w of 7th Av, 62.6x99.11, Nov. 28; Falmouth Realty Corp. to Citizens Savings Bank, 56 Bowery, due Nov. 15, 1922; attorneys, Beall & R., 141 Broadway $50,000

Bronx.

BEDFORD PARK BOULEVARD, s s, 86.1 ft w of Decatur Av, 135.8x93.5x36x10.3x100.5x25; Charles Jay Williams to Charles Hulsman and another, 3,155 Decatur Av, Nov. 27, due as per bond; attorneys, O'Hara Bros., 200th St and Webster Av....$6,000

BROOK AV, e s, 84.3 ft n of 169th St, 18.5x100.5; Millie Rosenkrantz to Miriam Tuckman, 601 West 168th St, Nov. 24, due as per bond; attorney, S. N. Tuckman, 320 Broadway $500

MACLAY AV, n s, 169.11 ft e of Zerega Av, 25x100.9; Mary A. Mead to Walter L. Loeb, 59th St and 5th Av, Nov. 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Patterson & B., 43 Cedar St....$1,500

MAITLAND AV, s s, 250 ft w of Mapes Av, 50x137x54x116.8; Carl Kappler to Frank X. Rappolt and another, 1,524 Mayflower Av, Nov. 27, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,000

MERRIAM AV, w s, at n w s of 169th St, 25x100x56.8x101.11; Tommaso Giardano to Bazena T. D. Merriman, 1,071 Madison Av., Nov. 27, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $4,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,985, w s, 33x85.7x36.3x100.6; John C. Wallace Co., to Edwin B. Meeks, trustee, 66 West 47th St, Nov. 26, 3 years; Attorney, E. G. Duvall, 277 Broadway $20,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,981, w s, 100.7x33x115.5x36.3; same to same, Nov. 26, 3 years; same attorney....$20,000

WELLMAN AV, s s, 275 ft e of Mayflower Av, 50x110; Frank Gass, Inc., to Marie Lang, 2,019 Powell Av, Oct. 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av $500

13TH ST, 405 ft e of Av S, 33.4x108; Frank Gass, Inc., to Marie Lang, 2,019 Powell Av, Nov. 28, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av. $500

154TH ST, 383 East, 25x100; Martha Nolan to Henry C. Schaefer, 763 Courtlandt Av, and another, trustee, Nov. 27, due Jan. 1, 1921; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$5,000

175TH ST, n s, 57.1 ft e of Mohegan Av, 25.3x89.3; Carmela Silvestro to Mount St. Vincent Co-operative Building and Loan Assn., 1,930 Arthur Av, Nov. 25, due Dec. 1, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,000

195TH ST, s s, 127.4 ft e of Marion Av, 33x100.7; Monota Realty Co., Inc., to Thomas J. Buckley, 53 Colonial Av, Forest Hills, L. I., Nov. 26, due Jan. 28, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Caldwell & M., 42 Broadway $1,600

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

ALLEN ST, e s, 75 ft s of Stanton St, 26.6x87.6; Katharine A. Kingsland, et al., against Nathan L. Fischer, et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. de P. Foster.

ELDRIDGE ST, 236 to 244; Greenwich Savings Bank against Minsker Realty Co., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland.

7TH AV, w s, 74.1 ft s of 36th St, 40.8x100x irregular; Charles May, et al., against Seventh Avenue Development Corp., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Baldwin & May.

7TH AV, e s, 59.3 ft n of 40th St, 19.9x60; East River Savings Institution against Amelia Furrer, et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. R. Vollmer.

3D ST, n s, 189 ft e of Av. C, 20.8x96; Kate S. Huntington et al., against Minnie Seiler, et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

34TH ST, 259 WEST; Frederic E. Coudert against Marie Campbell et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

119TH ST, s s, 337.6 ft w of 1st Av, 18.8x100.10; William Kemp against Louisa Gaggiane et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

Bronx.

CAULDWELL AV, 800, and 653-655 East 158th St; New York Title and Mortgage Co. against Lytle Const. Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. M. Bellinger, Jr.

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 109.7 ft n of Fletcher St, 40.6x86.4; Eugenia Kelly Davis against Nora Const. Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Alexander & Green.

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 73.1 ft n of Fletcher St, 36.5x78.3; Eugenia Kelly Davis against Nora Const. Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage, attorneys, Alexander & Green.

LOT 181, Block 2,767, Section 10, on tax map; City of New York against Rodgers & Hagerty, Inc., action to foreclose tax lien; attorney, L. Hardy.

LOT 5, Plot 25, Ward 24, Pelham; same against Martin J. Earley et al.; action, same; attorney, same.

LOT 48, Block 2513, Section 9, tax map; same against William J. Walter et al., action, same; attorney, same.

LOT 1, Block 25, Ward 24, Pelham; same against Martin J. Earley et al., action, same; attorney, same.

LOT 11, Block 18, Ward 24, Pelham; same against same; action, same; attorney, same.

LOT 10, Block 18, Ward 24, Pelham; same against same, action, same; attorney, same.

LOT 50, Block 2927, Section 11, tax map; same against John J. Goff et al., action, same; attorney, same.

LOT 376, Arden, Ward 24; same against Rachel A. Conner et al., action same; attorney, same.

LOT 55½, Block 2,889, Section 11, tax map; same against Constance M. Andrews et al., action same; attorney, same.

LOT 26, Block 25, Ward 24, Pelham; same against Viola Wernoke et al., action same; attorney, same.

LOT 27, Pelham, Block 25, Ward 24; same against Viola Werneke et al., action same; attorney, same.

LOT 28, Block 2,897, Section 11, tax map; City of New York against Mary Fairfax Davenport et al., action to foreclose tax lien; attorney, L. Hardy.

LOT 3, Block 34, Pelham, Ward 24; same against Hannah J. McCreery et al., action same; attorney, same.

LOTS 12, 13, 28, and 29, map of Samler estate; Joseph Schottland against Pasquale Monaco et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, R. B. Ittelson.

MORRIS AV, e s, 134.6 ft n of 183d St, 18.9x117.6; Cornelia H. Hughes against A. Warren Construction Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, G. D. Coughman.

PARK AV, w e, 143.8 ft e of 187th St, 36x105.6; N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co. against Charles A. Berrian et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. M. Bellinger, Jr.

PARK AV, w s, 107.6 ft s of 187th St, 36x106.5, Baptist Education Society of the State of New York against Charles A. Berrian et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. M. Bellinger, Jr.

PARK AV, w s, 179.6 ft s of 187th St, 36x104.7; New York Title and Mortgage Co. against Charles A. Berrian et al., foreclosure of mortgage, attorney, H. M. Bellinger, Jr.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

EDGECOMBE AV, 409 and 411; Chicago Varnish Co. against Candler Holding Co., owner; Rudolph Thum, contractor......$503

WATER ST, 172 to 180; Combustion Engineering Corp. against New York City District Realty Corp., owner; New York Steam Co., contractor $60,274

Bronx.

NELSON AV, s w corner of Boscobel Av, 82.7x107.7; Jacob M. Felson against Stephen J. Duffy, owner and contractor......$2,250

183D ST, 868 East; James A. Criecuolo against Clara and Morris Eisenberger, owners and contractors....$300

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

SEAMAN AV, n e corner of 204th St; Adolph C. Anderson against Trim Realty Co. et al., Nov. 14, 1917, (by deposit)....$50

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	96½	97	4s, registered, 1925	104½	105½
2s, coupon, 1930		97½	4s, coupon, 1925	104½	105½
3s, registered, 1918	99	100	2s, coupon, '38, reg.	96	97
3s, coupon, 1918	99	100	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	97
3s, registered, 1956	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg.	84	88
3s, coupon, 1946	84	88	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	88
3s, conversion, 1947	84	88			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
4½s July, 1967	97⅞	98½	97⅞	4s Nov., 1918	99	..	99½
4½s June, 1965	97⅞	98½	97⅞	3½s Nov., 1954	79	..	79
4½s Mar., 1963	97⅞	98½	97⅞	3½s May, 1954	79	82½	80
4½s Nov., 1957	97⅞	98⅞	97⅞	3½s Nov., 1955	79	81	79
4½s May, 1957	97⅞	98⅞	97⅞	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s Nov., 1917	97⅞	..	97⅞				
4½s April, 1960	92	93	92	4½s 1915-1923	4.65	4.50	4.65
4½s Mar., 1960-30	93	..	92¼	4½s 1924-1931	4.75	4.50	4.75
4¼s Mar., 1964	92	93¼	92	4½s 1921-1923	4.75	4.50	4.75
4¼s Mar., 1962	92	94	92	4¼s April, 1920	4.75	..	4.75
4¼s Sept., 1960	92	93	92	4¼s 1918-1919	5.00	..	5.00
4s May, 1959	89	90½	89½	3½s 1940-1953	4.80	4.50	4.80
4s Nov., 1958	89	90½	89½	3½s 1930-1939	4.80	4.60	4.80
4s May, 1957	89	..	89	3½s 1922-1929	4.80	4.50	4.80
4s Nov., 1956	88	..	88	3½s 1919-1921	4.80	4.50	4.80
4s Nov., 1955	88	..	88	3s 1940-1953	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s Nov., 1936	90½	..	90½	3s 1926-1930	4.80	4.40	4.80
4s May, 1919	98½	99¼	98½	3s 1918-1925	4.80	4.40	4.80

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
325	Cities Service	211	208	209	210
645	Cities Service pf.	74¼	73¼	73½	74
40	Am. Light & Traction	229	226	227	230
25	Interstate Electric pf.	95	95	..	..
250	Pacific Gas & Electric	37	36	36½	37½
175	Western Power	11	10½	10	11

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	16	18	Miss. River Power	7	9
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	70	75	Miss. River Power pf.	34	36
Am. Gas & Electric	88	92	Northern Ohio Electric	27	32
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	41	43	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	68	72
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	95	98	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Am. Power & Light	45	50	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf.	52	56
Am. Power & Light pf.	74		Northern States Power	59	62
Am. Public Utilities	30	35	Northern States P. pf.	86	88
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	59	63	Northern Texas Electric	50	54
Am. Water W. & Elec.	4½	5½	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	68	74
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	9	13	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	58	61	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	80½	81¼
Carolina Power & Light	30	31	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf.	96	98
Carolina P. & L. pf.	90	94	Pub. Serv. Secur. pf.	73¼	75½
Colorado Power	21	23	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	13	16
Colorado Power pf.	95	98	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf.	48	53
Columbus Electric pf.	78	82	Ry. & Lt. Secur. pf.	86	90
Com. Power Ry. & Lt.	35	38	Republic Ry. & Light	23	25
Do pf.	61	65	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	55	58
Conn. Power pf.	85	90	Sierra Pac. El. pf.	62½	67½
Consumers' Power pf.	89	92	Southern Cal. Edison	80	83
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	79½	81	South. Cal. Edison pf.	94	97
Duluth Edison	75	80	Standard Gas & Elec.	5	6
Eastern Texas Electric	50	55	Stand. Gas & Elec. pf.	21	23
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	79	84	Tampa Electric	102	..
El Paso Electric	100	104	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Power	2½	4
El Paso Electric pf.	89	93	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	10	12
Electric B. & S. pf.	94	96	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	91	100
Electric Properties	50	56	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf.	80	83
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	84	89	United Gas Improve.	88	89½
Federal Light & Trac.	..	9	United Light & Rys.	28	29
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf.	..	38	United Lt. & Rys. pf.	63	65
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	16	..	Wash. I. W. L. & P. pf.	82	84
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	..	68	West. P. Ter. & W. P.	10	15
Gas & Elec. Securities	280	300	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	50	65
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf.	93	96	West. Penn. P. pf.	95	100
Idaho Power 7% pf.	98	100	Western Power pf.	40	45
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98	Wisconsin Edison	35	40
Interstate Electric	36	42	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	100
Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49			

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97½	98¾	Middle West U. 6s, '25	96	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	63	66	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99½	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	70	75	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	70
Carolina P. & L. 5s	89	92	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	80	85
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	95	96	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '81	77	82
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	89	97½	Nor. States P. 6s, 1926	90	94
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	70	75	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	87	87½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	87	100	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963	90	95	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100½	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	Omaha & C. B. 5s	89	93
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	90	98	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '34	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100¼	101¼	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	90	93	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96	96⅞
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	86	90	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s, '45	94	96
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	95	100	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39	89	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	85	89	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	87	92
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	87	92	U. S. R., R. & M. 6s, '25	111	113
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	98	100	Un. L. & R. 1st 5s, '32	80	87
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	75	80	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26	93	98
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	85	95	United Util. cv. 6s, '43	93	98
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	96½	100	Utah Securities 6s	85½	86¼
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44	93	98	Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	95	98
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	90	Western Power 1st 5s	86	88
L., G. & E. Co. 1st 5s '41	85	90	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93¼
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	West P. P. 1st 5s, '46	89	92
			Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	90	93

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Con. Coal	89	89	89	5	Do pf	60	60	60
116	Con. Power	98	97¼	98	10	North. Cent.	76¾	76¾	76¾
1,115	Cosden	7½	7⅜	7½	20	Nat. B. of B.	150	150	150
900	Do pf	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝	30	Penn. W. P.	62¼	61	61
65	Davld. Chem.	25	25	25	100	Wayland Oil	3¼	3¼	3¼
430	Houston Oil	24½	24	24					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	C. Coal ref. 5s	86	86	86	$6,000	Cosden 6s, B.	79	79	79
4,000	Cos. 6s, A.	79	79	79	1,000	Un. R. inc. 4s	55	55	55
					1,000	Do 4s	76	76	76

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Amer. Zinc	14½	14½	14½	50	Mayfl. O. C.	1¼	1¼	1¼
60	Alaska	2⅜	2⅜	2¼	187	Mohawk	61	59¾	59⅞
100	Anaconda	58½	57⅞	57⅞	300	Nipissing	8½	8	8½
840	Ariz. Com.	11⅛	10⅞	11	250	North Butte	14	14	14
380	Cal. & Ariz.	66½	65½	65⅝	340	Pond Creek	18	17⅞	17⅞
11	Cal. & Hec.	430	430	430	30	Quincy	67½	67	67
445	Cop. Range	45½	44⅝	44⅞	200	Shannon	6	6	6
10	Davis-Daly	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4	St. Mary's L.	56	56	56
310	East Butte	10¾	10½	10¾	125	Sup. & Bos.	3¼	3⅜	3¼
20	Granby	68	68	68	10	U. S. Smelt.	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞
100	Indiana	1½	1½	1½	25	Do pf	45½	45¼	45¾
10	Isle Royale	23¼	23¼	23¼	15	Utah Apex	2¼	2	2
40	Kerr Lake	4	5	5	105	Utah Con.	12½	12½	12½
25	Lake	6½	6⅛	6½	215	Utah Metal	3¼	3⅛	3½
5	Mass. Con.	7	7	7					

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
90	Boston El.	34	33⅞	34	10	West End	38	38	38
115	Mass. Elec.	2½	2½	2½	11	Do pf	48½	48½	48½
10	Rutland pf.	20	20	20					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
8	Am. Ag. Ch.	80	80	80	47	Gen. Elec.	128	127	127
10	Do pf	93½	93	93	10	Mass. Gas	81	81	81
20	Am. Sug. pf.	110	109¾	110	1	Do pf	67	67	67
3	Amoskeag pf.	32½	30	30	20	Mergenthaler	138	137½	137½
329	Am. T. & T.	106⅞	106	106⅞	21	N. E. Tel.	101¼	101	101
20	Am. Wool. pf.	90	89	90	10	Pullman	124½	124¼	124½
35	A., G. & W. I.	98½	98¼	98½	8	Swift	126½	126	126½
385	Art Metal	10½	9½	10½	5	Torrington	48	48	48
200	E. Bos. Land	5	5	5	160	Un. Fruit	118½	118	118½
5	Edison	156	156	156	200	United Shoe	43	43	43

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	77	77	77	$4,000	N. E. Tel. 5s	90	90	90
1,000	C., B. & Q. 4s	83¼	83¼	83¼	52,000	U. S. L. 3½s	99.02	98.80	99.00
					26,000	Do 4s	98	97.80	97.80

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
855	Am. Shipb'g.	93½	92	93	65	Dia. Match	107½	107	107
225	Do pf	87½	87½	87½	225	Lindsay Lt.	23½	23½	23½
360	Booth Fish.	19¾	19½	19¾	4	M. Ward pf.	110	110	110
197	Do pf	84	82	83½	20	Mid. Util. pf.	58	57	57
125	Chi. P. Tool	49	49	49	50	People's Gas	38¼	38¼	38¼
40	Chi. R., S. 1	45	45	45	116	Sears-Roe	142½	140	140
130	Do Ser. 2	10	10	10	5	S. Warner	48¼	48¼	48¼
100	Do Ser. 3	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	635	Swift	125¼	125	125¼
25	Chi. T. & T.	175	175	175	2,090	Car. & Car'n	54⅝	53	53¼
10	Cudahy	112½	112½	112½	74	Wilson pf.	95	95	95
45	Com. Edison	105½	105	106					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Chi. City Ry. 1st 5s	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞	$1,000	Com. Elec. 5s	92	92	92
2,000	Chi. R. 1st 5s	82	82	82	3,000	Swift 1st 5s	93½	93½	93½
5,000	C. Ed. 1st 5s	94½	93¾	94½	1,700	Liberty 3½s	98.80	98.80	98.80
					700	Do 4s	98.00	98.00	98.00

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
7	Am. Gas	95	95	95	115	Phila. Co. cum. pf.	30	30	30
25	El. Stor. Bat.	50	50	50	145	Phila. Elec.	25¾	25¼	25¼
545	L. Sup. Corp.	12	11¾	12	50	P. R. T. t. c.	26½	26½	26½
238	Lehigh Nav.	57	56½	57	25	Phila. Trac.	68	68	68
903	Do war	7	6½	6¾	851	Unit. Gas Imp.	67¾	67	67
90	Lehigh Val.	54	54	54	20	Warw'k I. & S.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,500	Am. G. & E. 5s	85	85	85	$6,600	Lib. 4s	98.10	97.96	98.00
2,000	B'dwin 1st 5s	99¼	99	99	3,000	Penn. Co. tem. ctf. 4½s	91¼	91¼	91¼
5,000	Elec. & Peo. Trac. 4s	73	73	73	5,100	Phila. Elec. 1st 5s	95¼	95	95
1,000	Lehigh Nav. con. 4½s	95	95	95	1,000	Spanish-Am. Iron 6s	99¼	99¼	99¼
3,000	Lib. 3½s	98.20	98.20	98.20					

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
American Cigar	85	95	85	MacAndrews & F.	190	200	190
Do pf	85	93	85	Do pf	93	98	95
Conley Foil	200	250	200	P. R.-Am. Tob.	165	185	165
J. S. Young	130	150	130	Do scrip	120	130	120
Do pf	100	106	100	R. J. Reynolds	440	480	440
				Do pf	100	108	100

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40,000	‡Aetna Explo.	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛	600	N. Am. P. & P.	3⅛	2⅞	2⅞
400	‡ Do pf	51½	51	51½	150	N. Y. Trans.	17	17	17
200	‡Aetna ctfs. of deposit	10	10	10	750	‡Pruden. Pict.	6⅝	6⅝	6½
300	‡Am. Wr. Pap.	2½	2½	2½	200	‡Pyrene Mfg.	9½	9½	9½
200	Br.-Am. Tob., coupon	16½	16½	16½	20	A. O. Smith pf.	90	89	89
200	‡Car Lt. & P.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2,100	Smith Mot. Tr.	1	15-16	15-16
100	Carwen Steel	9	9	9	200	‡Std. Motors.	10	10	10
1,500	Chev. Motor.	68	67	67	800	Submar. Boat v. t. ctfs.	14¼	14	14¼
521	‡Cit. Ser., old	213	207	211	75	‡Todd Ship.	73	72	73
600	‡Cit. Ser. pf.	75	74	75	1,800	Triangle Film v. t. ctfs.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
1,200	Curtiss Aero.	29	28	28¾	1,200	U. S. SS. Co.	4⅝	4¼	4⅝
55	Holly Sug. pf.	99	99	99	1,500	‡United Mot.	16½	16	16½
900	Int. cont. Rub.	10	8½	10	800	Unit. Zinc Sm.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
700	‡Int. Lube Ch.	3	2⅞	3	500	World Film v. t. ctfs.	⅝	⅝	⅝
100	‡S. S. Kresge	66	66	66	1,000	‡Wr.-M. Air.	7⅝	7⅝	7½
300	Marco. of Am.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝					
13,800	‡M. Muniti's	1⅛	1	1⅛					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	S. O. of Cal.	228	225	227	105	S. O. of N. Y.	266	262	262
15	S. O. of N. J.	521	520	521					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	‡Bar. O. & G	1⅜	1¼	1¼	100	†‡Mid. Oil	120	116	116
350	‡Beth. O. & G	10¼	10	10¼	350	‡Midwest R.	120	117	116
15,000	†‡B.-Wyo. O.	28	26	27	500	‡N. Y.-Ok. O	⅝	⅝	⅝
5,000	‡Cos'n & Co.	7⅛	7	7⅛	2,000	†‡N. W. Oil.	75	73	73
1,400	‡Crown Oil	⅞	⅞	⅞	5,000	†‡Okla. Oil.	6	5½	5½
6,900	Cum. P. & R	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	1,500	†‡Do pf	15¼	15	15¼
500	‡Elk B. Pet.	7½	7	7	2,000	Ok. P. & R.	7½	7¼	7½
1,100	‡E. O. & G., (a pros)	½	½	½	2,500	†O'r O. & G.	31	30	31
1,200	‡Esm. O. Cp.	7-16	⅜	⅜	500	Osage-Il. Oil	7½	7¼	7½
600	‡Federal Oil.	3½	3	3	500	‡Penn.-K. O.	5½	5½	5½
500	‡Friar Oil	⅜	¼	⅜	1,700	‡P.-O.-O. & G	12¼	12⅛	12¼
2,100	‡Glen. Oil	15¼	14⅞	15	5,000	‡Red R. Oil & Gas	1½	1 3-16	1⅜
5,000	‡H. O. & R.	3½	2⅞	3¼	5,600	‡Rice Oil	3-16	⅛	3-16
500	‡Houston Oil	24	23¾	24	2,000	‡Sap. O. & R	9	9	9
1,100	‡H. G. Creek O. & R.	4¼	4¼	4⅜	3,500	‡Seq. O. & R	⅞	13-16	⅞
800	‡Int. Pet'm.	13	12⅝	12⅞	1,300	‡Som't Oil	7-16	⅜	7-16
2,800	Ken'a Oil, (a pros)	3-16	⅛	⅛	500	‡Un. W. Oil.	7-16	⅜	7-16
500	‡Mer. O. Cp.	24⅝	24¼	24½	5,000	†‡Un. Pet'm.	30	28	28
3,000	Met. Pet'm.	13-16	¾	13-16	300	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	4	4	4

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	†‡Atlanta	9½	9	9½	1,000	Josv.-Kenne, (a pros.)	¼	3-16	¼
2,100	B. R. Col. M.	¾	11-16	¾	300	†Jumbo Ext.	16	16	16
2,000	Big L. C. Co.	1¾	1⅝	1⅝	2,200	‡Kirk. P. G. M., Ltd.	50	50	50
2,100	B. & Mont.	55	53	54	500	La Rose Con.	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,300	‡Brad. C. M.	1⅝	1½	1⅝	1,000	Louisiana C.	⅝	⅝	⅝
3,800	†‡Brant M.	64	62	63	1,000	Magma Cop.	45	43	44
300	Butte C. & Z., v. t. ctfs.	7⅞	7	7¼	2,000	†Marsh Min.	7	7	7
600	Butte Det.	1-16	1-16	1-16	200	Mason Val.	5⅝	5¼	5½
3,650	†‡Caledonia	43	41	42	4,000	‡Monst. Chief	3-16	1-16	3-16
1,600	‡Cal. & J.	1 1-16	1⅛	1½	4,000	†‡Moth. Lode	30	29	30
1,000	Canada Cop.	2	2	2	23,600	†‡Nat. Leas.	8	6	8
2,000	†‡Cerbat S. M. & M., (a pros.)	42	42	42	8,000	†‡Nat. Z. & L.	34	30	33
200	Cerro G. M.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	600	‡New Cornel.	15½	15	15
300	‡Coco R. M.	4⅞	4¾	4¾	200	Nipissing	8¼	8¼	8¼
1,200	Con. Ariz. S.	1⅝	1⅝	1¾	23,000	‡Nixon Nev.	1½	1⅜	1⅜
250	Con. Cop. M.	*8½	8	8	1,000	‡Ohio Copper	1	15-16	15-16
2,200	‡Con.-Home.	20	19	20	5,500	†Portl'd Con.	32	27	32
2,300	‡Copper Val.	1½	1⅜	1½	3,000	Provincial	42	41	42
1,600	‡Emma Con.	½	7-16	7-16	10,000	†Rex Con	11½	10	10½
500	†‡Fortuna C.	40	40	40	2,500	Sil. Kg. of Ariz.	7-16	7-16	7-16
4,850	‡Gibson cop.	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16	900	Std. Sil.-Lead	½	7-16	½
38,000	‡Globe D. C.	1⅛	15-16	1 1-16	500	Stewart	3-16	3-16	3-16
2,500	†Goldfield C.	43	42	43	1,500	†Success	13	13	13
11,000	‡G. Verde E. Copper Co.	1 3-16	1¼	1¼	200	Super. Cop., (a pros.)	2	1⅞	2
2,500	‡Green M. M.	⅞	¾	13-16	150	‡Tono. Belm't	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
750	Hecla Min.	4 15-16	4 15-16	4⅞	650	Tono. Ext.	1⅝	1 9-16	1⅝
9,500	†‡Inter. M.	10	10	10	10,000	†‡Troy-Ariz.	17	15	15
10,000	‡Jer. Verde, (a pros.)	⅞	¾	13-16	205	Unit. East'n.	3⅞	3⅞	3¾
3,300	‡Jer.-P. Cop.	4⅝	4½	4⅝	400	Unity Gold.	3¾	3¾	3¾
2,500	†‡Jim Butler	78	77	77	3,000	†‡Utica Mines	12	11	11
					1,200	†W. End Con.	65	64	64
					1,500	White Caps.	13-16	¾	¾

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	‡Beth. Stl. 5s 2-yr. notes	97¼	97¼	97¼	$75,000	‡Gen. El. 6s 2-yr. nts., '19	99¼	99¼	99¼
30,000	‡Can. Gov. 5s	95½	94⅞	95½	5,000	Gen. El. rts.	2⅛	1⅞	2
35,000	‡Gen. Elec. 6s notes	99¼	99¼	99¼	3,000	‡Rus. Govt. 6½s	60	58½	58½

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.	Tuesday Ask.	INDUSTRIALS.—Continued.	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.	Tuesday Ask.
Am.-B. Mfg.	4	6	4	6	Marlin Arms	84	87	84	87
Am.-B. M. pf.	20	40	20	40	N. Y. Ship.	30½	32	30½	32
Am. W. Paper	2¼	2¾	2	3	Peer. T. & M.	13½	14½	13½	14½
Br.-Am. Tob., registered	15	15½	15	15½	P.-Logan Coal	3⅜	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝
Can. N. Gas	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜	Poole E. & M.	60	80	60	80
Carbon Steel	80	85	80	85	St. Jos. Lead	16⅛	16¾	16⅛	16¾
Chalmers Mot.	2	4	2	4	A. O. Smith Cp.	..	80	..	80
Do pf	..	50	..	50	Do pf	88	93	88	93
Charcoal Iron	6⅞	7	6⅞	7	St. L., R. M. & P.	28	35	28	35
Do pf	5⅞	6¼	5⅞	6¼	U. S. L. & H.	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Cramp Ship.	71	74	71	74	OIL STOCKS.				
Curtiss A. pf.	50	75	50	75	Cosden Oil pf	3⅞	4½	3⅞	4½
Emerson P.	5¼	5½	5¼	5½	Lost City Oil	¼	½	¼	½
Everett H.	20½	21½	20½	21½	Mid. Oil pf	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
Free. Texas	35	40	35	40	N. W. Oil	74	77	74	77
Hall Signal	1	5	1	5	Pierce Oil	9⅞	10¼	10	10¼
Do pf	10	20	10	20	Savoy Oil	7	9	7	9
Havana Tob.	½	1½	½	1½	Tuxpam Star	¼	½	¼	½
Do pf	2	5	2	5	Vac. G. & O.	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Holly Sugar	40	50	40	50	West S. Pet.	¾	1	¾	1
Hupp M. Car	2¼	2½	2¼	2½	MINING STOCKS.				
Int. Motors	10	12	10	12	Acme C. Hills	1⅜	1⅞	1⅜	1⅞
Int. Mo. 2d pf	15	20	15	20	Alaska Std.	24	27	24	27
Int. Tr. Cp. pf	55	75	55	75	Big Jim	½	¾	½	¾
Key. T. & R.	11	11¼	11	11¼	Bingham M.	11	12	11	12
Do pf	11½	13½	11½	13½	Bitter Creek	20	25	20	25
Kresge pf	92	98	92	98	Butte R. Cop.	5⅝	6	5⅝	6
Lake T. Boat	3⅞	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛	Butte-N. Y.	1	1¼	1	1¼
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf	6	7	6	7	Cashboy	3½	4½	3½	4½
L. Val. C. S.	65	70	65	70	Calaveras Cp.	1½	2	1½	2
Lukens Steel	35	44	35	44	Magnate Cop.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Do 1st pf.	100	102	100	102	Un. Ver. Ext.	32	34	32	34
Man. Transit	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛	BOND.				
					Pierce Oil 6s.	74	78	74	78

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

In the closing trading on the Consolidated Stock Exchange after a dull day, with a narrow list, prices weakened as the effect of the closing out of long positions on the eve of the holiday. The market showed a willingness to take on shares at concessions, and, while the final prices were at net declines, yet, in most instances, they were above the low figures recorded in the morning. Steel common, which accounted for more than half the trading, opened ¼ down at 97¼, sold to 96⅜, rallied to 97½, and closed at 97.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
80	Allis-Chal.	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	100	Midvale Stl.	44	43	43½
690	Amer. Can.	36½	35⅞	36⅜	90	Mo. Pacific.	23¼	23	23
80	Am. C. & F.	66	65	65	10	Nevada Con.	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝
50	Am. C. Oil.	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	90	N. Y. Cent.	69⅝	69	69⅝
190	Amer. Loco.	54	53⅝	53⅝	60	N. Y., N. H. & H.	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜
290	Am. S. & R.	76½	75⅝	75⅝	50	No. Pacific.	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝
20	Am. Sug. R.	97½	97¼	97¼	10	Ray Copper.	22½	22½	22½
420	Am. S. Tob.	61⅞	59¼	61	990	Reading	70	69	69½
1,420	Anaconda C.	58⅜	57⅝	57⅝	530	Rep. I. & S.	78⅜	77	77½
120	Baldwin L.	55½	54⅞	55⅜	100	Sea. A. L. pf.	19	19	19
340	Balt. & Ohio	50	49½	49½	30	Southern Ry.	24½	24⅜	24½
3,940	Beth Stl., B.	81½	78⅝	80⅜	1,490	Studebaker	44⅞	42½	44
140	Canadian P.	135¼	134	134¼	150	Tobacco P.	53¼	51½	53¼
210	Cent. Leath.	67½	66¼	66¼	450	Union Pac.	114⅝	113⅝	114
450	C., M. & St. P.	37	35½	36¼	50	Un. Cig. S.	91⅜	91	91⅜
50	Chino Cop.	42	42	42	60	U. S. Rubber	52½	52	52¼
50	Col. F. & I.	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	24,490	U. S. Steel	97¼	96⅜	97
120	Corn Prod.	29	28⅜	28⅝	180	Utah Copper	78¼	78	78
690	Crucible Stl.	56⅛	55	55⅛	70	Westingho'se	39	38¼	39
20	Cuba C. Sug.	29	29	29	650	Willys-O.	20⅛	19½	19⅝
170	Erie	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛		BONDS.			
240	Gen. Motors.	89½	89	89	$3,250	Liberty 4s	97.96	97.96	97.96
10	Goodrich Co.	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜		MINING STOCKS.			
30	Gt. N. Ore.	27	26⅞	27	500	Atlanta	.09¼	.09¼	.09¼
10	Interb. Con.	7½	7½	7½	200	Cresson	5.00	5.00	5.00
310	Int. Mer. M.	24⅝	23⅞	24	1,000	Goldf. Con.	5.00	5.00	5.00
4,770	Int. M. M. pf.	96¼	94⅞	95¼	200	Iron Blos.	.60	.60	.60
50	Kenne. Cop.	33⅝	33¼	33½	200	Jim Butler	.78	.77	.78
20	Lack. Steel.	81¼	80⅝	81¼	250	Tonopah E.	1.60	1.60	1.60
20	Maxwell M.	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝					
70	Mexican Pet.	80	79⅛	79⅞					

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	18	18⅜	18¼	Prairie Oil & Gas	430	440	435
Atlantic Refining	840	860	850	Prairie Pipe Line	238	242	240
Borne-Scrymser	420	445	420	Solar Refining	300	320*	330
Buckeye Pipe Line	88	92	88	Southern P. Line	190	200	190
Chesebrough Mfg.	325	350	325	South. Penn. Oil	275	290	285
Colonial Oil	10	40	10	S. W. Penn.	103	108	103
Continental Oil	450	475	460	Stand. Oil of Cal.	226	230	226
Crescent Pipe Line	33	35	33	Stand. Oil of Ind.	635	645	635
Cumberland P. L.	125	135*	135	Stand. Oil of Kan.	450	465	445
Eureka Pipe Line	195	205	198	Stand. Oil of Ky.	335	350	335
Galena Signal Oil	128	133*	130	Stand. Oil of Neb.	475	500	475
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	122	132*	125	Stand. Oil of N. J.	517	522	520
Illinois Pipe Line	195	205	198	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	256	260	260
Indiana Pipe Line	85	90	87	Stand. Oil of Ohio	445	460*	450
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	12½	13	12¼	Swan & Finch	95	105	95
National Transit	12½	13¼*	13	Union Tank	85	86	85
N. Y. Transit	185	195	185	Vacuum Oil	330	340	330
Northern Pipe L.	100	106	100	Washington Oil	30	35	30
Ohio Oil	297	302*	302				
Penn.-Mex. Fuel	35	38	35				

*Ex dividend.

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
Aetna pf.	48	51	46	Can. Foundr'e F.	140	150	..
American Brass	214	224	219	Colt's Arms	60	63	57
Atlas Powder	165	170	160	Du Pont	277	283	278
Do pf.	94	98	92	Hercules	243	248	247
Babcock & Wilcox	109	112	109	Do pf.	111	114	112
Bliss	375	425	400	Niles-Bem't-Pond	110	123	119
Do pf	75	88	73	Scovill Mfg.	420	445	420
Canadian Explos.	235	335	350	Winchester Arms	700	..	700
Do pf.	104	110	104				

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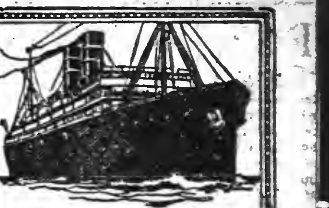

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REAL ESTATE FIELD

West side investment properties were features of the realty market yesterday, which was one of the most active in recent months. Well-located apartment houses held the centre of attention, most of the important transactions concerning holdings of this type, although some of the business of the day also concerned commercial buildings.

The leading deal of the day involved the St. Urban, a twelve-story apartment house at the southeast corner of Central Park West and Eighty-ninth Street, on a plot 125 by 160, which was sold by the Barston Realty Company, Adolph Kastor, President, to Frederick Brown, the operator. The building contains forty-seven apartments and carries an annual rent roll of $144,000. It is assessed by the city at $1,000,000.

In part payment the purchaser gave the two four-story brownstone dwellings at 195 to 197 Madison Avenue on a plot 49.8 by 100, at the southeast corner of Thirty-fifth Street, formerly owned and occupied by the late Morris K. Jesup. The corner is directly opposite the department store of B. Altman & Co., and is on the same block with the Cameron Building, one of the first commercial structures to test the famous Murray Hill residential restriction.

Harry B. Cutner was the broker in the transaction, which involved properties valued at about $1,500,000. Rose & Paskus represented the Barston Realty Company as attorney and Julius H. Sieser acted for Mr. Brown.

The Queen Mab Co. Buys Another $900,000 Heights Apartment.

The Queen Mab Company has increased its holdings on Washington Heights by the purchase of 563 and 565 West 189th Street from the A. & K. Construction Company, of which Benjamin P. Koch is President.

The property, which was held at $90,000, consists of a five and one-half story twenty-five-family new law apartment, occupying a plot 62.6 by 100, adjoining the corner of St. Nicholas Avenue.

Nehring Brothers negotiated the sale. This transaction completes the sale through the same brokers of the four houses built by the A. & K. Construction Company, occupying a plot 125 by 100, and running through from 189th to 190th Streets.

They are known as 550 and 565 West 189th Street and 562 to 566 West 190th Street, and yield an aggregate rental of $43,000 a year. They were held at $400,000, and have been disposed of by the builders during the last eight months.

Ely Bernays purchased the 190th Street houses and the Queen Mab Company the 189th Street property.

Reported Deal in the Dyckman Section.

The Hussle Construction Company is reported to have sold 306 Haven Avenue, a five-story apartment house on a plot 50 by 97, located on the corner of 179th Street.

East Side Business Leases.

Important East Side commercial leases were reported yesterday affecting properties on East 51st Street and on Fourth Avenue. Michael A. Hoffman leased for a term of twenty-one years, at an aggregate rental of about $110,000, the two three-story stables at 167 to 169 East 51st, on a plot 30.10 by 100; also the abutting similar property at 160 East 52d Street, on a lot 20 by 100. The lessees are Hyman & Rosenfeld, who plan to alter the buildings into a modern garage.

The four-story tenement at 465 Fourth Avenue was leased for a term of twenty-one years by Herman Buchtenkirch to Samuel and Louis Grossman, restaurateurs, who will alter the property to meet their own requirements. The lease involves a rental aggregating about $100,000 for the term. Henry Hof was the broker in both transactions.

Tenant Buys West Side Apartment.

Lewine & Kempner have sold the two four-story flats, at 73 to 75 Amsterdam Avenue, southeast corner of 63rd Street, on a plot 46 by 75. Viscardi Brothers, druggists, who are tenants of the corner store, are the buyers and will hold the properties for investment. They were acquired about a year ago by the seller from the Stein Estate and have been held at $70,000. David Lion was the broker in the present sale.

Bank Sells Apartment House.

The six-story apartment house at 227 to 229 West 141st Street, on a plot 62.6 by 99.11, has been sold by the Citizens Savings Bank to the Falmouth Realty Company, for $55,000. The property is assessed at $74,000.

The buyer has obtained from the bank a first mortgage loan of $50,000 at 5 per cent., due November 15, 1922.

Broadway Lots in Trade.

The Four West Fifty-Seventh Street Company, W. Emlen Roosevelt, President, has sold the plot of lots on the west side of Broadway, midway between 122d and 123d Streets, and adjoining the Hazelton Court apartments, to Harry J. Luce, President of the Acker, Merrall & Condit Company.

The lot have a frontage of more than 126 feet and were given in exchange for the business building at 37 West 32d Street, reported sold on Tuesday. William B. May & Company negotiated the deal.

Tenement in Cash Sale.

Virginia Kent White has resold, for cash, the six-story tenement at 411 to 413 East Fifty-sixth Street, on a plot 40 by 97.2, near First Avenue. Mrs. White purchased the property on April 25, at an auction sale conducted by Arthur C. Sheridan.

Greene Street Loft Sold by Lorillard Estate.

The five-story loft, store, and building, 68 Greene Street, on a plot 30 by 100, has been sold by the Lorillard Estate. A client of the Douglas Robinson-Charles S. Brown Company, is reported to be the buyer. The property, which is located 125 feet north of Broome Street, has been held by the estate for a number of years, and is assessed by the city for taxation purposes at $35,000.

Other Manhattan Deals.

Joseph P. Day sold for the Conroy Estate a three-story tenement, on a lot 24 by 77.3, at 207 Henry Street, immediately adjoining the Henry Street Settlement. This property has been in the hands of the Conroy Estate for more than sixty years, and is the first change of ownership in that time. The property is assessed at $12,500.

Julian F. Strzelecki of Brooklyn has purchased for $24,000, from the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, the property at 117 Broad Street, on a lot 22.6 by 75.

Bronx Sales.

Samuel Cowen sold a dwelling on a plot of fourteen lots, situated at Eastern Boulevard and Arnow Place, for the Newport Holding Company, to a builder.

Brooklyn.

Tutino & Cerny sold for the Brooklyn Investors' Corporation, to a client for investment, the three-story double brick flat 730 Fifty-ninth Street.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Barlelian Realty Corporation sold to the Linoleum Company of Manhattan a plot 160 by 230 feet adjacent to its present holdings on South View Street, Jamaica.

The Bay View Heights Company sold to M. A. McFarland of Manhattan a plot 40 by 100 feet on the east side of Grand Avenue, 140 feet north of Arthur Avenue, and a plot 40 by 100 feet on the west side of Birch Street, 86 feet north of Old South Road, Jamaica.

J. Clements sold to E. H. Blakey of Brooklyn the property 80 by 100 feet on the east side of Winthrop Avenue, [illegible] feet north of Washington Avenue, Belle Harbor.

Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff sold for a client eleven lots on Columbia Street, West New Brighton, to Carl F. Grieshaber and Norman Behrens. The purchasers will immediately improve the property with one-family cottages.

[illegible] & Schwab sold for the Tabb estate the old-fashioned dwelling at [illegible] Richmond Terrace, New Brighton, to Mrs. Katherine K. Delaney. The property has a frontage of 150 feet on Richmond Terrace and a depth of [illegible] feet running through to First [illegible].

William W. Hyde Sells Greenwich Estate to New Yorker.

[illegible] Thomas of New York City has purchased the residence of Mrs. William W. Hyde on Hillside Road, Greenwich, Conn., for about twenty-five thousand dollars. The property consists of a house, garage and three acres of land.

New Jersey.

Edward P. Hamilton & Co. sold for the Litchfield Company to a Mr. Wood of Philadelphia thirteen acres with buildings, on Beaufort Avenue, near Essex Fells, N. J.

Commercial Leases.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for the Exchange Buffet Corporation to the L. C. Smith Brothers Typewriter Company for a term of years the ground floor, 6, 8, and 10 Vesey Street, at an aggregate rental of approximately $100,000. With this lease the Astor House building, in which this store is located, is 100 per cent. occupied. The Noyes Company originally leased the store and basement, of which these premises are a part, to the Exchange Buffet Corporation for twenty-one years at an aggregate rental of about $350,000.

Joseph P. Day has leased to the Warwick Thompson Company the old Stevenson Brewery, known as 504-508 West Fortieth Street. The property is improved with a five-story brick building, containing about 30,000 square feet. The new tenants intend to make extensive alterations.

Lease Rockaway Hotels.

The Lewis H. May Company leased for A. S. Iserson the Palace Hotel, fronting on the Atlantic Ocean, between Beach Thirtieth and Beach Thirty-first Streets; also for A. Gussow the Shelbourne Hotel, fronting on the ocean between Beach Twenty-ninth and Beach Thirtieth Streets, at Edgemere, L. I., to Miriam M. Bibo. Both hotels adjoin and are of recent construction. The leases are for a term at the rate of $19,000 a season.

Realty Note.

Joseph P. Day has sold two properties for the Union Seed and Fertilizer Company, one in Huntington, Tenn., to H. Priest for development, and the other, a large factory in Grenada, Miss., to a syndicate represented by the Bank of Grenada. The sales show New York's growth as a centre for the sale of manufacturing property throughout the country.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

127th St, 226 West, s s, 225 ft w of 7th Av, 18.8x99.11, three-story dwelling; also 123d St, 237 and 239 West, n s, 333.4 ft e of 8th Av, 33.4x100.1, two three-story dwellings; Mary L. Dayton against William P. Muiry et al.; attorney, A. H. Dayton; referee, Henry A. Friedman; due, $1,219.47; taxes, &c., $650; subject to mortgages aggregating $12,500; withdrawn.

By Joseph P. Day.

71st St, 274 West, s s, 80 ft e of West End Av, 20x100.5; three-story dwelling; G. E. Chisholm et al against John P. Hopsin; attorney, William H. Van Benschoten; referee, Emanuel S. Cahn; due, $15,933.69; taxes, &c., $916.55; adjourned to Dec. 12.

156th St, 858, s s, 110 ft e of Prospect Av, 20x99.5x20.1x100; two-story dwelling; Meta Maier against Margaret Wagner et al.; attorney, Morris Grossman; referee, Malcolm Sundheimer; partition; to Jacob Voesseler and Caroline H. Tamargo, for $6,160.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

McGraw Av, s s, 119.49 ft of Unionport Road, one-story frame dwelling, 24x45; Charles Koterba, 2,110 Starling Av., owner; Anton Pirner, 2,069 Westchester Av., architect; cost, $4,500.

Ellsworth Av, e s, 175 ft n of Fairmont Av, 2½-story frame dwelling, 21x45; Paul Relling, 1,881 Holland Av., owner; Anton Pirner, 2,069 Westchester Av., architect; cost, $4,500.

177th St, s s, from Bronx River to N. Y. B. & W. R. R., three one-story frame restaurants and dance hall, 45x113, 45x113, 62,110; estate of W. W. Astor, 23 West 26th St., owner; Bronx International Exposition, Inc., Times Building, lessee; Kenneth M. Murchison, 101 Park Av., architect; total cost, $45,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Livingston Place, 17, to a seven-story hospital and tenement; Beth Israel Hospital, Jefferson and Cherry Sts., owner; L. A. Abramson, 220 5th Av., architect; cost, $35,000.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

CHAMBERS ST, 61, n s, 23x95, all; Martha H. Andrew to 280 Broadway Co., 299 Madison Av., 21 years from March 1, 1914; attorney, James S. Darcy, 280 B'way..$11,000

CHARLES ST, 21, n e s, Waverley Place, 22x75.9; Mary F. Walsh to Junior League of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, 21 Charles St., extension of lease to May 1, 1920, and three-year renewal at $1,400 and $1,450; attorney, H. M. Levy, 2 Rector St....$1,350

Bronx.

CRESCENT AV, 636, all; Kate I. Reilly to Max Tamelevitz, 2,177 5th Av, and another, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1917; attorney, John C. Mead, 2 Rector St..........$4,800

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

Manhattan.

73D ST, 141 to 153 West; S. W. Straus & Co., Inc., loans Hotel Hamilton Corp., to erect a fifteen-story apartment hotel, nine payments $775,000

Bronx.

HOFFMAN ST, e s, 100 ft s of Jacob St, 50x234; James G. Wents loans Reliable Bronx Italian Bakers, Inc., to erect one two-story brick and stone building..........$82,500

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Owner must sell dandy farm, consisting of good 6-room house and large grounds; also chicken coops, incubator, chicken-run fenced in; beautiful large shade trees. Located in Huntington, near station and town; short distance to harbor. Will dispose of to a reliable family on easy terms. Further particulars to ABERG, Box 286 Times Downtown.

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overlooking the ocean; 6 rooms and all modern improvements; steam heat, etc.; large garden plot; select neighborhood; 3 minutes' walk to bathing beach; 40 minutes out; will sell cheap to responsible party for $300 cash, balance very easy terms. B. BUNGALOW, 243 West 34th St., N. Y.

DISTINCTIVE HOME.
Built to order; owner moved to California; a sacrifice for a fine semi-bungalow, 7 rooms and bath; all up-to-date improvements; fully decorated; restricted; 30 minutes out; near express station; a wonderful bargain for $5,000. M. B., 200 Broadway, New York, Room 506.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MOUNTAIN SIDE HOME, 2 MACHINE GARAGE.
Plot 150 ft. x 190 ft., on corner.
ALL FOR $11,000.
Wonderfully situated 800 ft. elevation in most alluring real country, near N. Y. C., Morristown-Montclair section. Unsurpassed commutation on D., L. & W. Thirteen big rooms, three tiled baths, tiled washroom; arrangement includes solarium, open balcony, pool and billiard room, immense stone cellar, fine veranda, steam heat, parquet floors, electric light, open fireplace, panelled walls and hardwood trim first floor, white enameled trim with mahogany doors second floor, chestnut third floor; beautifully decorated inside and out; overlooks picturesque lake and wooded mountains, vistas for 20 miles; near markets, schools, churches and golf and country club. This property is worth $17,000 today and can be bought for $11,000, on easy terms. There is a reason. Tel. 6634 Audubon. Geo. R. Peare, 646 Riverside Drive, N. Y. City.

IDEAL HOME WITH GARAGE
Price, $3,500. Cash Required, $500.
House has seven large, airy rooms, cozy inglenook, with open fireplace; tiled floor; sanitary gas kitchen; handsomely finished living room, beamed ceiling; dining room; spacious piazza; plenty of closet room; tiled bath; steam heat; convenient to schools, clubs, churches; good transportation; 35 minutes out; large plot; all conveniences; owing to business changes must sell; this house was built by day's work by owner for his own occupancy and no expense was spared. Full particulars. G. A. Reff, Room 516, 47 West 34th St., N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
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JUST COMPLETED
370 Central Park West
The Apartment House Unique.
S. W. Corner of 97th Street.
An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness.
Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.
Suites of 3 to 7 Rooms,
Rentals $700 to $1,800.
Special 5-Room Suites, with Huge Living Room and Open Fireplace.
1 Room and Bath, $300.
Renting Agent on premises, or
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150 WEST 79 ST.
9 Rooms—3 Baths $2,800
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485 Central Park West, cor. 109th St.
5th Floor, 8 Rooms. $1,200.00.
Every room facing Central Park or Street.

SUBLET
8 Very Large Rooms,
Completely and beautifully furnished, for seven months or year.
Apply Superintendent,
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600 WEST 192ND STREET
at St. Nicholas Ave. Subway station.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS—5 ROOMS.
REDUCED RENTS.

61 and 118 West 48th St.
ALSO 429 4TH AVENUE.
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545 West 148th Street.
Corner Broadway.
All outside rooms, facing south.
View of river.
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209 DYCKMAN ST.,
Near B'way and Subway; Modern Imp'ts.
RENT $42.

HESS SERVICE Insures Highest Standard of Management; a Real Service.

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821-823 B'way, N. W. Cor. 12th St., 49x87. May divide.
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135 5th Av., N. E. Cor. 20th St., 29x113.
32 W. 36th St., 25x99.

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31-33 E. 10th St., 45x99.
16 E. 17th St., 25x92.
151-3 W. 19th St., 47x90.
37-45 W. 20th St., 107x92.
53 W. 24th St., 20x49.
134-40 W. 29th St., 100x99.
239 7th Av., 20x40.
25 W. 15th St., 25x103.
50-4 W. 17th St., 66x92.
45-7 E. 20th St., 50x92.
49-53 E. 21st St., 74x99.
24-26 W. 25th St., 50x99.
172 5th Av., Cor. 22d St., 23x100.
244 5th Av., 31x100.
30-32 W. 15th St., 50x110.
138-40 W. 17th St., 43x92.
27-33 W. 20th St., 100x92.
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For HIGH GRADE MANUFACTURING
It will pay you to inspect these lofts. The modern arrangements, the service, the location—all will greatly please you.
For further particulars apply
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APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

OWING TO WAR CONDITIONS preventing the fulfillment of orders placed several months ago for Furniture and Room Furnishings
WE WILL RENT UNFURNISHED
Apartments of one and two rooms with bath and three rooms with 2 baths
FOR TEN MONTHS AT
A GREAT CONCESSION
from regular rates for these particular suites.
HOTEL ALEXANDRIA
JUST OPENED
250 WEST 103D STREET,
Between Broadway and West End Ave.
Subway Express Station at Corner.

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815 PARK AVE.
S. E. CORNER 75TH ST.
New Magnificent 14-Story Structure
EXQUISITE APARTMENT DWELLINGS OF
6-7-8 ROOMS
3 BATHS, RENTS $2500 TO $3800
1 3 & 4 Rooms On Main Floor, $750-$1,350-$1,800
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1229 PARK AVE., COR. 96TH.
High-Class Elevator Apartments
7 & 8 Rooms, $1,000-$1,350
2 BATHS.
A very choice 8-room corner Suite, also Physician's or Dentist's Apartment, 8 Rooms.
Must Be Seen To Be Appreciated.
Apply Premises, or A. BRANDSTEIN.
(Harlem—1818). 123 East 115th St.

429 4TH AVE.,
Near 30th St.
ALSO 61 AND 118 WEST 48TH ST.
Bachelor or studio apartments, furnished or unfurnished; thoroughly renovated.
1 ROOM AND BATH $30 UP.
2 ROOMS AND BATH $50 UP.
Meals optional. Apply premises, or Paul A. McGolrick, 1,476 B'way. Tel. 7835 Bryant.

993 PARK AVE. AT 84TH STREET.
Apartment, 10 rooms, 3 baths, third floor; south and west exposure. Unfurnished, $3,900. Apply Superintendent, or telephone Lenox 9778.

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JACKSON HEIGHTS GARDEN APARTMENTS
THE MAXIMUM OF SUNLIGHT AND AIR AND A BEAUTIFUL OUTLOOK FROM EVERY WINDOW.
3 & 4
LARGE ROOMS & BATH,
$34 to $50
TAKE THE SUBWAY and transfer at Grand Central Station to Queensboro Subway, direct to 25th St. Station. (Free Transfers.) Time 20 Min.
Booklet, etc., on request.
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Renting Office at Jackson Heights. Opposite 25th St. Subway Station.
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South Orange New steam heat apart's. Most beautiful, convenient location; living room 13x23; dining room 13x14; large bedrooms; appointments such as found only in high-grade homes; rent $72.50 to $82.50; possession at once. Raymond Connelly Co., So. Orange, N. J.

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THE HUB OF NEW YORK
To Sub-rent
Splendid Office Space on Fourth Floor.
About 1,100 square feet, as a whole, or divided to suit tenants. Fine window display overlooking Broadway, affording advertising opportunity. Light on 3 sides. Building open day and night—elevator and all other service continuous—Subway Station in basement—modern equipments—reputable neighbors.
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LOFT for Light Manufacturing.
12,000 Square Feet.
Exceptional Light on all sides.
Freight and Passenger Elevator
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In Long Island City
At Hunterspoint Ave. Station
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$5,000 per annum.
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Modern fireproof building; freight-passenger elevator, sprinkler system, all improvements, high ceilings, unusual light, to lease from Feb. 1. Apply Supt., on premises, or your own broker.

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From Feb. 1st
72-74 MADISON AVE.,
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50x100; 3 Elevators; Sprinkler.
Apply on Premises or Your Broker.

45 EAST 34TH ST.
Store Floor, 25x75. Suitable for showrooms, offices or retail business.
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Desirable Connecting Offices
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Brunswick Building, 5th Av., 26th St.
Sacrifice to party taking possession immediately; Room 1015. Phone Mad. Sq. 784.

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Modern, Light, Low Rent.
12-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING.
106 EAST 19TH ST.,
Adjoining Fourth Ave.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.

IN ACTIVE DOWNTOWN DISTRICT
8-Story Modern Building, at present leased at low rentals, can be purchased to net 12% on equity of $40,000.
Firm of Leonard J. Carpenter
25 Liberty Street

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WANTED.—On second mortgage, $4,000 over first mortgage held by a savings bank; big equity; principals only. W. B., [illegible] Times.

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LESSEES.—Owner retiring will lease for long term magnificent property showing wonderful profits. Edward Browning, 110 West 40th St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan Beach lots, swept by ocean breezes, with all improvements in and paid for, can be bought now at $850 each; this is a war-time price. Joseph P. Day, sales agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

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Sacrifice factory property two-story brick and frame, 50x100, and shed, 50x80, on plot 100x100, near E. D. Terminal convenient to all shipping points; terms to suit; also other building sites for sale cheap. Apply Paul S. Garvey, 197 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

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IF YOU are looking for a small country home, with 2 full acres of fine farm land, located not far from railroad town and beautiful lake, complete for $1,325, on easy terms, call or write at once to B. STORE, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

Your rent buys 6 rooms, bath, all improved dwelling, half hour Erie. For particulars, W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

INDUSTRIAL SITES WITH RAILROAD FACILITIES in best part of Philadelphia; good labor market and easy hauling to all parts of the city. MAURAN, DOLMAN & CO., northeast corner Broad and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TO LEASE.—Garage, 235 West 69th St., accommodating 17 to 20 cars; hot water supply, steam heat, and gasoline tank in building.

Store, 28 East 33d St., near Madison Av.; large display window; steam heat, hot water. WILLIAM F. FUERST, INC., Agent, 87 Nassau St.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES.—Every facility, $16.50 and $40.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway, Room 807.

For rent, two fireproof lofts, building 50x100, choice location, Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, N. Y. City.

At 404 4th Av., (9th floor,) corner 28th St., private office, desk room, or mail privileges; excellent service.

Loft, 77x44 deep, elevator, 630 1st Av.; rent $75 per month. Telephone 3015 Morningside.

DESK SPACE to let for one or more; spacious office. 280 Broadway, Room 237 A. I. O. C. C.

LIGHT, large office to sublet, $25. Room 1816, 21 Park Row.

18TH, 6 WEST.—Skylight studios, brokers' store, 25x50; $65. Mr. Ashley, Rector 9040.

Store, parlor floor; also skylight studios. 5 West 16th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted to buy or lease, a fully equipped woodworking plant by maker of wooden toys; state location; give list of equipment and all particulars in first letter. J 73 Times.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Brooklyn.

SEMI-DETACHED brick, seven-room house, three minutes to subway station, thirty minutes to Union Square; on parked street; every modern improvement; inclosed porch with hardwood floor; parquet floor throughout; tiled bathroom, with shower; modern plumbing; Dutch shelves and beamed ceiling in dining room; light, dry cellar, with laundry and storerooms; fully equipped dark room for amateur photographer; solarium; screens, awnings, and storm windows; electric lights, steam; price $6,500; $1,200 cash, balance as rent. Sea Beach subway at Union Square to Twentieth Av. station. 1,930 65th St.

Queens.

$1,160 for cozy house and garden plot, good location, ½ block from trolley; $100 down and $10 monthly. Write for further particulars. Fox, Box 270 Times Downtown.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

A REAL HOME.—Bargain, very large plot, 9,500 square feet; beautiful shade trees, wonderful lawns; seven large rooms; every convenience; newly and beautifully decorated; parquet floors and hardwood trim; restricted neighborhood; improved street, sewer, water, gas, electricity, stores, school, church, golf, tennis; 3 min. to station; 30 min. to N. Y.; 40 trains daily; price $5,800, small amount of cash, balance to suit. Call, write, or telephone owner, M. D. Ayers, 146 West 36th St. Phone Greeley 4535.

Montclair.—$7,500 to close estate; new residence; large living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, 5 bedrooms, 2 baths, sun porch, sleeping porch; excellent location. Murdoch, opp. Lackawanna, Montclair.

FOR SALE.—8-room house, all conveniences, forty-five minutes from New York, fifteen from Newark; two railroads, ten minutes to station. Y 230 Times Annex.

New York State.

Riverview Manor, Hastings-on-Hudson.—7 rooms, English cottage type house, on beautifully planted corner plot; full view of Hudson River; modern improvements, hot water, heat, electric light; convenient to station; home of professional man leaving for military service; for sale or lease, unfurnished for four, ten, or sixteen months; for further particulars phone Hastings 701, or write Y 219 Times Annex.

For Sale, Katonah and Vicinity.—3½ acres, fine dwelling, all improvements, garage, bargain; other places, 20 to 40 acres, and village property. Lewis H. Miller, Real Estate, Katonah, N. Y.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

81ST ST., 3 EAST.—Attractively furnished 5-story American basement; elevator and squash court. Phone 6958 Plaza.

Westchester.

For rent, furnished, at Colonial Heights, attractive, 7-room cottage, with all improvements; near station; price reasonable. Charles Blauvelt, Room 4607, Woolworth Building.

Long Island.

FURNISHED HOUSE to rent, Douglaston, L. I., January 1st to October 1st; $150 per month; screened porch, hot water heat, electric lights; eight rooms, two baths; sleeping porch; garage; ten minutes from station, 23 to 33 minutes from Penn Station; attractive location. Telephone Bayside 8079.

Garden City Estates.—Beautiful eleven-room house, completely furnished, including linen and silver; steam heat, two baths, seven bedrooms; garage; $200 monthly; no lease required. 29 Euston Road, Garden City Estates. Phone Plaza 7420.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Manhattan.

76th St., 120 East.—3-story, high-stoop dwelling; 9 rooms; dining room on main floor; rent $1,500.
FIRM L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty St.

Brooklyn.

2D ST., 586.—$100; house 12 rooms, park slope, parlor and basement, $50; second floor $35, third floor $25, 227 Union St.; $20, 6 rooms and bath, Hasbrouck Heights; 46 Terrace Ave., two family, $20, improvements.

Long Island.

NEW BUNGALOW at Laurelton, L. I., 8 rooms and bath, charmingly arranged; plenty of land; easy commuting distance; close to stores, schools, &c.; $4,900; very easy terms. Laurelton Development Co., Suite 509, No. 1 West 34th St., New York. Phones, Greeley 2741; on property, Springfield 1984R.

$17 monthly and small amount down for a handsome cottage with all modern improvements; nice location, near trolley, stores, &c.; easy to commute; will decorate to suit. Write or call to B. Owner, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

$100 cash buys six-room house and large plot of good garden soil; suitable location for poultry; near big town, one hour from city; balance can be paid off $12 per month. Poultry, Box 285 Times Downtown.

RENT $23; Bellmore; ideal 7-room house; improvements; steam; ½ acre; fruits; station. Josephus, 98 Lynbrook Av., Lynbrook, L. I.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., (Shopping Centre.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, maid service; immense living room, dining room, kitchen, two bedrooms, bath; six months, $275 monthly. Phone Madison Square 7894. J 144 Times.

26TH ST., 25 EAST.—Furnished apartments on Gramercy Park; both large and small. Gaines, Van Nostrand & Morrison, Inc. Phone Madison Square 337.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH ST., off 5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished apartment; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; all conveniences. Phone 5780 Vanderbilt. Kahn & McCormick, Aeolian Hall.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Magnificently furnished two rooms, bath; every convenience. Murray Hill 9281. Merritt.

57TH, 24 EAST.—Bachelor apartment; two well furnished large rooms and bath.

60TH, 16 EAST.—Exclusive, well-appointed two-room apartment; telephone; elevator; maid; meal service. Apt. 16. Redmond.

94TH, 138 EAST.—Corner apartment, 6 rooms; sunny corner, daintily furnished; elevator, telephone; $100.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED. Choice localities; long, short leases. 4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side. CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1456.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY. EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO., 4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

Attractive APARTMENTS, furnished. Murray Hill 4383. THE FALCO, 505 5th Av.

BELOW 59TH.—7 rooms, 3 baths, very handsomely furnished. Appointment, Columbus 3974.

DISTINCTIVE, artistic housekeeping apartment, complete, $150-$85 a month; references. Gramercy 723.

HANDSOME furnished apartment on East 49th Street, 9th floor; southern exposure, three rooms and bath, large kitchen, maid's room in building; can be seen by appointment. Plaza 6424.

HANDSOME 6-room apartment, Murray Hill district; moderate. Apply 144 East 40th St.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST. Sublet handsomely furnished 2 or 3 room corner apartment. Also single room.

TO SUBLET—Small furnished apartment; very attractive. THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

VERY EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENT in exclusive neighborhood; large living room, morning room; kitchenette, and bedroom. Telephone Plaza 2200.

Furnished—West Side.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths, single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets, refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

40TH, 24 WEST.—Handsomely furnished studio apartments, electricity, phone, $50-$60 monthly.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6253.

47TH, 8 WEST—Second floor, private business house, elegantly furnished, electrical elevator, kitchenette; for private, professional or business party.

47TH ST., 112 WEST.—Completely furnished, high-class bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80; service. Payson McL. Merrill, 8 East 44th.

51ST ST.—Near 5th Ave., 2 beautiful rooms, bath; kitchenette, electricity; references. Circle 2883.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Seven sunny outside rooms; all Colonial furniture. Columbus 1377.

58TH, 108 WEST.—Sublet, at sacrifice, my modern five-room apartment; would divide.

74TH, 104 WEST.—One room, kitchenette apartment; southern exposure; nicely furnished; references.

80TH, 106 WEST.—Nicely equipped one, two rooms, kitchenette; modern, maid service; references.

81ST ST.—SEVEN ROOMS, TWO BATHS, ALL LIGHT; HIGH-CLASS HOUSE, OPEN FIREPLACES. $275 MONTH. PHONE 2218 SCHUYLER.

90TH, (West of Broadway,)—High-class elevator apartment, southern exposure, $115. Particulars, call 759 West End Av., corner 97th.

90'S, (WEST END.)—Six rooms, two baths; exquisitely furnished; appointment. Columbus 3974.

91ST, 250 WEST.—Beautiful furnished, 8-room, 2-bath apartment; newly decorated and furnished by private party; subway corner; price, $300 per month; concession any time. F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Co., Broadway, corner 80th St. Schuyler 3800.

92D, 214 WEST.—Seven spacious, amply furnished, all light rooms, seven windows, facing Broadway; ready Dec. 1. Headrick.

94TH ST., 250 WEST, (corner.)—Seven outside rooms, western exposure, splendid outlook, handsome furnishings; $250 apartment for $175.

97TH, 226 WEST.—TWO ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE; WELL FURNISHED. APT. 2 C. RIVERSIDE 9611.

97TH, (West End Av.)—High-class two rooms bath and kitchen. River. 5348.

101ST, 205 WEST, THE JOSEPH HOTEL. 3 doors from B'way. Phone 9575 River. High-class, nicely, completely furnished 6 large, airy rooms and bath; $130. Electricity and maid service included. All-night telephone, elevator.

110TH, 611 WEST, (Hendrik Hudson Apartment.)—Eight rooms and two baths; southern exposure; reasonable rent.

112TH, 535 WEST, Hotel Royal, (near Broadway.)—3-room suite and single rooms, with private baths; references required.

116TH ST., Near Riverside Drive.—7-room apartment, well furnished, light and airy; possession Jan. 1 or earlier; lease runs to Oct. 1; seen by appointment only. Address G 10 Times.

116TH SUBWAY.—5 rooms, new, 2 bedrooms, handsomely furnished; details. Columbus 3974.

122D, 521 WEST.—Three or four-room apartment, furnished. Apt. 28.

145TH, 356 WEST, Apt. 3 W.—Ideal corner apartment, seven rooms; share with couple or lease to adult; references exchanged.

168TH, 601 WEST.—Six rooms, bath; all outside; overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

APARTMENT, handsomely furnished; long, short subleases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 72d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT Hunting Unnecessary; consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 536.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts. THE WILSONIA, 225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway. Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $65-$75 monthly; 3 rooms, 2 baths, and kitchenette, $85 monthly; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

ATTRACTIVE corner 7-room apartment, modern fireproof building on Riverside Drive. Rent, $275. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d St. Col. 1077.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished floor, private residence, West nineties, near park; two rooms, two baths, electricity; gentlemen. Phone Riverside 5412.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. VAN WINKLE, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, $45-$55. 274-270 West 19th St., 5 and 6 all light rooms. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST., OR SUPT.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS A SPECIALTY. Town-Country Renting Agency. 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5505.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to rent, very reasonable; season or longer. Apply SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

LARGE SINGLE FLAT. 1,945 7th Av., (117th,) 7 rooms, bath, 2d fl., $45. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST., OR JANITOR.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 400, (at 118th, overlooking Hudson.)—Attractively furnished seven-room apartment; can be had at once, to people of refinement with good references; rent $250 month. Morningside 6880 or 8455.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.)—Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 5 rooms facing drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE, (341 West 77th.)—Room, adjoining bath; also teacher's or doctor's studio.

SEE apartment house information, Page 26 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortlandt 12064 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

TO SUBLET in high-class elevator apartment, 8 rooms and bath; all light, outside rooms; parquet floors; $75 per month. Fischel, 1,885 7th Av.

WEST END AV., (near 90th.)—Beautiful front parlor suite; three large, light rooms; high-class elevator apartment; $35 weekly; reference exchanged. Seen by appointment only. Private phone 7110 Riverside.

Unfurnished—East Side.

94TH ST., 138 East.—Corner apartment; six rooms and bath; elevator, telephone; $65.

MADISON AV., 175, (Between 33d and 34th Sts.)—Three rooms and bath, non-housekeeping apartments, $1,200; elevator, telephone, resident maid and valet; meals served in rooms if desired. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

PARK AV., 446, (just off 57th.)—Small apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; can be leased for one year or longer at $1,000 per year. Apply premises or Plaza 6143.

TO SUBLET, 2 rooms, baths, kitchenette, unfurnished, $900 per annum; furnished, $1,200. Apply Supt., 1,000 Park Av.

Unfurnished—West Side.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 3104.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive 2-room suite; all improvements; maid service; high class.

74TH ST., 257 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 3025.

82D ST., 41 WEST.—Sublet 6-room and 2 baths; new fireproof building; southern exposure. Apply on premises.

90TH, 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms with kitchenette and bath.

110TH, 225 WEST—DAWSON ARMS. High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms; facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

111TH, 518 WEST—TRINITY COURT. High-class elevator apartment, 7 rooms; parquet flooring throughout; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

160TH ST., (corner Edgecombe Av.)—To sublet, apartment, 4 large, sunny, outside rooms, 10th floor, Roger Morris elevator apartment; near subway, "L," 5th Av. bus.

CORNER APARTMENT, 9 ROOMS, also 8-room apartment, to sublet; modern, refined, high class; elevator. WESTWOOD COURT, 435 Fort Washington Av., West 179th and 180th Sts. Apply on premises. Phone St. Nicholas 8843.

HIGH CLASS. Elevator apartment, 5, 6, 8 rooms, rent reasonable. 41 Convent Av., office.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 37, Near 118th, (Facing Park.)—Five rooms, all improvements, $32.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240.—Two room, bath apartment; sunshiny, airy; beautiful view river; restaurant. 7606 Riverside. Apply Apartment 502.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745, (152d.)—Seven outside rooms, sublet; exceptionally large chambers; $100.

SEE apartment house information, Page 26 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12064 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 71.—One room and bath in a unique and exclusive house; rental, $80. Apply on premises or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Phone 5700 John.

Brooklyn.

$35 to $40. East 15th St., at Newkirk Av. express station, Brighton L; single apartments; 5 cent fare to New York and Coney Island; 6 and 7 rooms; steam heat, hot water; private safes. Mrs. DAVIS, 622 E. 15th St. Phone Kenmore 1491.

LENOX ROAD, 177.—Sublet, exceptional four-room apartment; all outside rooms. Apt. 15. Phone Flatbush 9341.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Business couple want modern furnished housekeeping apartment, 4 or 5 rooms, within 45 minutes from Wall St.; best of care; assured price $75 monthly. Y 228 Times Annex.

THREE adults wish five-room apartment, furnished, in new elevator apartment below 96th St., West Side; references; two months; $150 per month. S 160 Times.

Furnished three or four-room housekeeping apartment; Winter or longer; select neighborhood; below 150th St.; references exchanged. S 94 Times.

COUPLE want 2-room, bath, and kitchenette independent suite, west side, 72d St. to 181st St.; must be clean, well furnished, and heated; $40-$45; best references. G 36 Times.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT, large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 536.

HIGH-CLASS elevator apartment; bank and city references given. Write 759 West End Av.

FURNISHED APT., two rooms, bath, between 72d and 80th. G 41 Times.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

I CAN RENT your apartment furnished. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; all improvements; convenient; gentlemen; references; private residence.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished rooms; private bath, steam heat, electric light; board optional; references.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service, $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

31ST, 114 EAST; 30TH, 39 EAST.—Newly furnished, private bath, electricity apartments.

34TH, 120 EAST.—Attractive room in elevator apartment; business woman preferred. Apt. 9.

45TH, 18 EAST.—Sunny room, running water; single room; breakfast optional; references.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

56TH ST., 83 EAST.—Beautiful large room for gentlemen only; respectable French family.

63RD, 31 EAST—Vacant Dec. 1, large, sunny front room, private house; references.

GRAMERCY PARK, 42.—$3-$6.50; running water, $7-$8; private bath, $8.50.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 640, (Apt. 7D.)—Large, light double room; one or two single rooms; steam heat, electric light, bath; elevator apartment; with or without meals.

MADISON AV., 290, (38th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; musical studios rented by day or hour.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 174, (33D.)—Vanderbilt Studios; furnished and unfurnished; $35 up. Murray Hill [illegible].

West Side.

[illegible], 30 WEST.—Large, small rooms; 2 connecting rooms; newly furnished; decorated.

[illegible]TH, 217 WEST, (between 7th Av. and Greenwich.)—Two large, newly furnished rooms; hot and cold water; bath; privileges; suitable for two; $5.

[illegible]TH ST., 31 WEST.—Rooms; suite with bath. [illegible] room. Chelsea [illegible].

[illegible], [illegible] WEST.—Very desirable rooms; newly furnished home; also doctor's, dentist's office; fine light and appointment arrangement.

[illegible]TH, 60 WEST.—Large, small rooms, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

[illegible]TH, 40 WEST.—Back parlor, large and small rooms; nicely furnished front basement.

[illegible]TH, 33 W.—Large and hall room adjoining, in attractive, quiet home; gentlemen.

[illegible]TH, 70 WEST.—Large, sunny, front rooms, bath, connecting; electricity; references.

[illegible]TH, 338 WEST.—Exceptionally beautiful rooms, all conveniences; elevator. Bingham.

[illegible]TH ST., 346 WEST.—Large and small rooms, also parlor, unfurnished.

[illegible]TH, 122 WEST.—Two comfortable single rooms; gentlemen; all conveniences; references; private home.

[illegible]TH, 143 WEST, (Broadway.)—Medium, sunny room, charming apartment, exclusive neighborhood; references. Rouse.

[illegible]TH, 98 WEST.—Exceptionally handsome large room; all conveniences; private telephone; refined home.

[illegible]TH, 219 WEST.—Front double room; electric lights and telephone service; adjoining bath; can be arranged for studio if required; $10. Phone Columbus 2781.

[illegible]TH, 143 WEST.—Cheerful large room, running water, private bath, electricity; exclusive home; gentlemen; references; phone Apartment 6178 Columbus.

[illegible]TH, 270 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $4-$7; suites; gentlemen, business couple.

[illegible]TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms; all improvements; must see to appreciate; references.

71ST, 135 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE LARGE ROOM, EXTENSION, BATHROOM; STEAM, ELECTRICITY; OWNER'S MANAGEMENT.

71ST, 10 WEST.—Beautiful room in owner's residence for gentleman; heat, hot water, electricity, telephone.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; southern exposure; private; bath, steam, electricity, telephone.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Southern exposure; 3d floor; adjoining bath; private house.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable two, three bachelors; private bath; select residence.

73D ST., 302 WEST.—Attractive front room; electricity; private family.

73D, 118 WEST.—Large and single rooms; running water; southern exposure; "L," subway.

73D, 159 WEST.—Large, small rooms; beautifully furnished, running water, electricity.

73D, 273 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room; private bath; telephone; southern exposure.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms; near subway, elevated; references.

73D, 302 WEST.—Large double front room, from now until Jan. 1.

74TH ST., 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, ELECTRICITY, STEAM HEAT; BREAKFAST; REFERENCES.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms; exclusive house; heat; southern exposure; electricity; subway; references.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with breakfast.

74TH, 111 W.—LARGE, BEAUTIFUL ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; CONVENIENCES.

75TH, (322 West End Av.)—Large, comfortably furnished connecting rooms; modern convenience; reasonable.

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, electricity; $10-$12.

75TH, 126 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; electricity; newly furnished. 8265 Columbus.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, with dressing rooms; also small rooms; reasonable.

75TH, 102 WEST, (Apt. 61.)—Pleasant room, homelike surroundings, conveniences; gentleman. Columbus 3384.

75TH ST., West End Av.—Northeast corner, suite with bath; large sunny rooms with or without baths; reasonable.

76TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive, large room; hot and cold running water; exclusive house.

76TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; all conveniences.

76TH, 54 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, private baths; twin beds; also single rooms.

76TH, 104 WEST.—Attractive large front room; bathroom floor; electricity; reasonable.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large room, with bath; piano, electricity; all conveniences.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive large room, kitchenette; also medium sized room.

76TH, 242 WEST.—One or two rooms, private bath, kitchenette; maid; telephone service.

77TH, 113 WEST.—Elegant parlor suite; also large and small rooms; adjoining and private baths; electricity; phone; subway, "L"; reasonable; private house.

77TH ST., 319 WEST.—Lady with refined home will sublet as studio large front parlor; southern exposure; electricity.

77TH, 109 WEST.—Front parlor for rent; suitable for business; $25 per month.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house, two large rooms, connecting bath; single, en suite.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms, with or without bath; electricity; phone; references.

78TH, 326 WEST, (Corner Riverside Drive.)—Beautiful large and single rooms.

78TH, 108 WEST.—New and ready for guests Dec. 1; references.

78TH, 169 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Warm, sunny rooms, private baths, electricity, telephone, $4, $8, $12.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptional room; private, modern home, facing Park; steam heat, electricity; $12; breakfast; subway, "L." Schuyler 7352.

81ST, 155 WEST.—One, two room suites; private bath, lavatory, electricity. Schuyler 2988.

81ST, 110 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large, medium; private baths; electricity; $6.50, $10, $12.

82D, 13 WEST.—Beautiful large and smaller rooms; electricity; parquet floors; board optional; moderate. Schuyler 3955.

82D, 38 WEST.—Two beautiful newly furnished, decorated bedrooms; bath; references.

82D, 250 WEST.—Attractive room, or suite, with every comfort; private apartment. White.

84TH, 33 WEST.—Large, comfortable room adjoining bath; also small rooms; refined surroundings.

84TH, 3 WEST.—Large sunny room; adjoining bath; home surroundings; electricity; reasonable.

84TH, 332 WEST.—Attractive room; electricity and phone.

85TH, 30 WEST.—Parlor, suite, suitable physician; electricity, well heated; other rooms.

85TH, 208 WEST.—Large, bright, furnished rooms, single or en suite. Hume.

86TH, 337 WEST.—Elegant, large room, second floor; private bath; near Drive; references.

87TH, 340 WEST.—Newly renovated residence; exceptional second floor, private bath; large single, good-sized back room; southern exposure; also 203 West 78th St.

87TH, 307 WEST.—Exclusive house; attractive front parlor; kitchen privileges; electricity; $35 monthly.

87TH, 330 WEST.—Second floor, large room, alcove, bathroom; $8; private house.

88TH, 307 WEST.—Elegant suite with bath; also double rooms; breaking up home; references.

90TH, 50 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, southern exposure; also luxurious suite, bedroom, parlor, bath, $100 a month; refined home; investigate.

93D, 157 WEST.—Large and small rooms; southern exposure; running water; private.

93TH, 538 WEST.—Comfortable room, private family; $6; gentleman. Apartment 2.

94TH, (759 West End Av.)—High-class, large front room, three windows, southern exposure; also small room, $5. River. 5846.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Attractive, well furnished single room, bath, telephone; gentlemen; $2.50.

97TH, (745 West End Av.)—High-class two rooms, bath, and kitchen. River. 5846.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Unusual Winter opportunity, comfortably furnished suite, bath, gentlemen. Apt. 7.

101ST, 309 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Sunny front suite, or three connecting; every convenience; very desirable; business people; breakfast; home, not a furnished room. Apt. 3.

103D, 308 WEST.—Very large, sunny front rooms; three windows; running hot and cold water; next to bathroom; electricity, telephone; newly furnished; in private home; references.

105TH, 170 WEST.—Private house, front room, lavatory; electricity; "L," subway. Academy 2067.

106TH, WEST.—Nicely furnished room; running water, electricity; $4 a week; gentleman only. Phone Academy 1886.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

108TH, 201 WEST.—Large, light room, adjoining bath, $4. Apartment 52. Academy 821.

110TH, 433 WEST, (Apartment 33.)—Sunny outside single room, overlooking Columbia; elevator, electricity; refined private family; reasonable; references.

110TH, 250 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Front room, bath, phone; $4.50; gentleman. Rogers.

113TH, 540 WEST, (Facing Columbia Campus.)—Furnished room, private adult family. Graham.

113TH ST., 410 WEST, (Apt. 62.)—Attractive room in high-class apartment for gentleman; $5.

113TH, 419 WEST.—Two complete housekeeping rooms; elevator apartment; subway; reasonable. Dent.

115TH, 430 WEST.—South room; near Columbia; elevator; large closet; moderate. Bosworth.

121ST ST., 501 AND 510 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Attractive all-year location; near parks, dining rooms, restaurants and Columbia University; artistically furnished rooms; southeastern corner room, five windows, suitable for three persons, $14 weekly; eastern front, suitable for two, $7, $8; rear, three windows, $6, $7; single rooms, $4.50, $4; large, southern front (at 510) with kitchen privilege, $7.50; showers; parlors; attractive social life; room for dancing week days and evenings; quiet co-operative dining room, board strictly optional, at cost; Broadway subway, elevated, Riverside bus. Chaperons: At 501, Mrs. Young and Mrs. von Miller, telephone Morningside 4880; at 510, Mrs. King and Miss Williams, telephone Morningside 2780.

123D, 523 WEST, near Broadway.—Really splendid rooms, $3; doubles, $4.50. Burrows.

123D ST., 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Single, double rooms; elevator apartment; $3, $4.50 week. Rose.

123D ST., 541 WEST.—Room for lady, with refined people; $3.50; references. Duncan.

143D, 527 WEST.—Elegant room, modern apartment; sitting room if desired. Phone Mendom.

143D, 501 WEST.—2 front rooms, adjoining bath, southern exposure. Apt. 27.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Hall room, $3; river view, $7-$8; convenient location. Turner.

146TH, 601 WEST.—Light room; near subway; elevator apartment; No. 66; phone; convenient location.

AUDUBON AV., 248, (West 178th.)—Convenient; telephone; private family; $4. Apartment 31.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Newly furnished rooms, en suite, cozy and attractive; all conveniences. Fryer.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 355, (near 90th.)—Beautiful suite, overlooking Park; private house.

CLAREMONT AV., 195.—Desirable front parlor, connecting bedroom; elevator; private family. Apartment 26.

FURNISHED or unfurnished outside living and bed room, private hall; references; 87th. Address G., 564 Columbus Av.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 90, (Apt. 5 J.)—Attractive room or suite; exclusive home.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 450.—Attractive front room in high-class apartment on Riverside Drive, near 116th, for refined single gentlemen. Ironside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452, (116th St.)—Room of highest type; refined; references. Apt. 41. Kelley.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 76.—Beautifully furnished rooms; single or en suite; between 79th and 80th.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (80th.)—Magnificent suite with private bath; maid service; private residence.

WEST END AV., (near 99th.)—Beautiful parlor, two or three large, light rooms; high-class elevator apartment; exceptional environments; private family; references exchanged; seen by appointment only. Phone 7110 Riverside.

WEST END AV., 826.—Superior rooms with, without bath; breakfast; exclusive residence; gentlemen; references.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

WEST END AV., 896, (103d.)—Private bath, large room; also single room, $4.

Bronx.

AVE. ST. JOHN, 920.—Large room; electricity; telephone; shower; 1-2; call all week.

New Jersey.

Gentleman seeking private home, will be received in family of two; exclusive location, in Montclair, N. J.; references exchanged. J 186 Times.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

73D ST., WEST, (Near Riverside.)—Suite rooms, bath, single rooms; will furnish rear parlor for doctor. Columbus 3764.

ROOMS WANTED.

Unfurnished.

Unfurnished, between Washington Square and 120th St., one or two rooms, kitchenette and bath; $35. J 178 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

36TH, 14 EAST.—Dec. 1, double room, 2 flights up; private bath; references.

53D, 37 EAST.—Rooms, with board; references; table board.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

65TH ST., EAST.—Exceptional opportunity to enjoy the comforts of a private and refined home; near Park Av. Plaza 6631.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly up.

West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms; excellent board; all improvements.

8TH AV, 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity, switchboard; refined service.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Large and small rooms; table guests.

18 WEST 55TH ST.
Rooms with bath; table board; references.

57TH, 351 WEST.—First-class large, small; excellent table; electricity; telephone.

58TH ST., 41, 43, 45 WEST—Elevator.
MADISON ARMS.

63TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful furnished room, southern exposure; private bath, electricity; Southern cooking; suit particular people desiring refined home.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

73D, 261-263.—Handsomely furnished, sunny second floor front rooms; private bath.

72ND, 314 WEST (Riverside)—Large, sunny room, running water, adjoining bath, excellent cooking.

72D, 318 WEST.—Exclusive pension, two large connecting rooms, with private baths, singly or ensuite; excellent table.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; with board; table guests accommodated.

72ND, 122 WEST—Well heated double, single rooms, private bath; fine table.

75TH, 234 WEST—The Hurlburt; large, sunny room, private bath; steam heat.

76TH, (344 West End Ave)—Select accommodation, steam, electricity, modern furnished double rooms; private bath; best home table, table guests.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive, large, well-heated room, second floor; excellent table.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny room, bath adjoining; steam; excellent cuisine; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea-room and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

80TH, 143 WEST.—One large, one medium room; electricity; homelike surroundings; reference.

80TH, 123 WEST, (The Georgian.)—Rooms and meals of high standard; references.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Be utiful large rooms; private baths; excellent cuisine; phone.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 125-150 WEST.—Very desirable, large room, private bath, with board.

85D, 25 WEST.—Large, sunny, connecting rooms, second floor, private bath, steam, electricity; homelike surroundings; family, few adults; Vienna cooking; table guests accommodated. Schuyler 8227.

85TH, 78 WEST.—Private family can accommodate one-two business gentlemen; beautiful parlor, bedroom adjoining, handsomely furnished in mahogany and leather; excellent cuisine. Schuyler 8831.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms, southern exposure; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, newly furnished, bath adjoining; unexcelled Jewish table; reasonable table guests accommodated. Riverside 9793.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large rooms, with private bath, on parlor floor; suitable for 3 or 4 people; excellent cooking; refined Jewish family; congenial surroundings; also other single and double rooms, with adjoining bath; table boarders accommodated. Phone 6326 Riverside.

91ST, 66 WEST.—Desirable rooms, excellent home cooking; table guests; reasonable rates.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Unusually large room, private bath, suitable for 2 or 3 people; service and surroundings unequalled.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

106TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-B'way.)—Luxurious private residence offers large suite; 2 rooms, bath; really exceptional table; every convenience; beautifully furnished; moderate terms.

108TH ST., 301 WEST.—A1 rooms, private bath, private family; gentlemen only; references. Call 5 to 7.

MRS. KUBBERA, Rockaway Park, opened beautiful residence, 253 West 102d St.; rooms, with board; table guests; cuisine excellent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 143.—Large, beautifully furnished front room; high-class apartment. Telephone 4570 Audubon, Apt. 6-B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 548.—Refined home for lady or gentleman. Apt. 5B.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard.
30 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms. Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables.
Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness.
Social Parlors, Smoking Rooms, Comforts.
Weekly, $10-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD, 7TH AV.,
174 West 139th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking; convenient.

16 WEST 48TH ST.
Rooms with board, table board; references.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York City.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

New York State.

ADIRONDACKS.
Can accommodate people of refinement, four adults, in modern private cottage, on lake; 1,600 feet elev., near station; electricity, sun parlor; family cuisine; milk, cream, eggs from farm; Winter sports; references. Mountain View House, Mt. View, N. Y. (Franklin Co.)

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Finck, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 touring, Little Six, $675. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET.
Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1916, $550 cash; good running order. George O. Linberg, 101 Beekman St., City.

A CADILLAC SPECIAL.
1917 COUPE, 8-cyl., 4-pass.; inside drive.
1917 TOURING, Model 55, 8-cyl., 7-pass.; overhauled and repainted a beautiful maroon.
1916 TOURING, Model 53, 8-cyl., 7-pass.; overhauled and repainted.
1915 RUNABOUT, beautiful mechanical condition.
Telephone Mulberry 3240.

CADILLAC "8" LIMOUSINE.
Very handsome body; exceptional condition both in appearance and mechanically; shoe equipment excellent; open to mechanical inspection and demonstration any time; on exhibition at the Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., cor. Franklin Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC.—Private party will sacrifice 1917 special Cadillac coupe, in first-class condition, special paint and upholstery, 4-passenger, all new tires; cost $3,500; will accept $2,350. K 209 Times Downtown.

Cadillac 1917 Convertible Sedan; 3,900 miles.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC "17" limousine, run 7,000 miles, exceptional condition, many extras, tires, two bumpers, shock absorbers, slip covers, &c.; like new; sell cheap. S 139 Times.

CADILLAC, 1917 limousine, excellent condition; sacrifice; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC landaulet 1917, excellent condition; lady leaving city; no dealers. Columbus 7161.

CADILLAC, 1917, landaulet, also touring phaeton; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,780 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

CADILLAC LIMOUSINE. PERFECT CONDITION; $550. 305 WEST 59TH.

CHALMERS, 1916, 6-cylinder cabriolet; electric lights; guaranteed; bargain. Garage, 307 West 44th St. Bryant 5149.

CHANDLER TOWN CAR; SPECIAL BODY; PRACTICALLY NEW; WIRE WHEELS; SACRIFICE. PHONE 2624 SCHUYLER. NO DEALERS.

CHANDLER 17 touring, with Winter top; splendid condition; will sacrifice. E. H. Loewus, 2,400 Concourse. Telephone Fordham 2588.

CHANDLER, with Winter and Summer top; bargain. 305 West 59th St.

COLE 1917 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

FIAT "30" Fleetwood Touring; latest importation. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

FIAT LIMOUSINE, overhauled and repainted; $900. 305 West 59th St.

FORD touring car, fully equipped, plenty extras, $200; a five-passenger Maxwell touring, $225; also Overland touring, self-starter, price $275; a Hudson 6-cylinder touring, self-starter, big bargain, $325; a 5-passenger Pope Hartford touring, self-starter, $300. Can be seen. Eastern Brewery, 205 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 3484 Stagg.

FORD solid-tired truck, 2 tons, with strong stake body, loading space 9 feet long by 5 feet wide; a year's guarantee and a year to pay; bargain. Ninth floor, 250 West 54th St.

FORD sedan, 1917; make offer. Nicholas, 26 Beaver St. Phone 3108 Broad.

HUDSON coupe, 1917, 3-passenger; guaranteed in perfect condition; ideal car for physician; has run about 6,000 miles; no dealers; private parties only. For price, demonstration, L. Durant, 50 East 42d; Murray Hill 1539.

HUDSON super-six 1917, 7-passenger touring car, must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Co., Broadway, at 70th St.

HUDSON Raceabout, 1917; very classy car; make offer. Alexander Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

HUDSON Super Six Sedan like new. Auto Electric Service, 245 West 55th.

HUDSON, latest model, Super Six limousine; condition like new. Phone Columbus 8963.

HUPMOBILE Sedan, 1917 late; 5,000 miles; make offer. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

KISSEL, sedan, six, forty-two, Springfield body. Westinghouse shock absorbers, wire wheels; mechanical condition perfect; used very little. R 263 Times Downtown.

LANCIA.—Beautiful S. G. V. Lancia limousines, landaulets; ideal town cars; moderate rates. Kline Bros., 425 West 54th St. Columbus 398.

LANCIA Raceabout; late model; very snappy; $650. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

LOCOMOBILE limousine, original cost $5,700; $1,000 to quick buyer; all new tires. 305 West 59th St.

MARMON landaulet, 1917, cost $4,600; has run in town about 4,000 miles; new steering knuckles have been adjusted; has been entirely overhauled and put in perfect order. Inquire Miss Mabel Choate, 8 East 63d St. Telephone Plaza 5250.

MARMON 1917 landaulet, overhauled and newly painted dark blue. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1916 five-passenger sedan. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MERCER Raceabout 1914, self-starter; want offer; overhauled. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1916, COUPE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

OVERLANDS, WILLYS KNIGHTS.
OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED CARS.
SOLD BY THE MANUFACTURER.
ALL MODELS, CLOSED AND OPEN.
Priced exceptionally low for quick sales.
Also some good bargains in other makes.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway and 50th St. Open evenings.
Write for Used Car Bulletin.

OWEN Magnetic 1917 brougham-landaulet; like new. H. H., 80 Times.

PACKARD, 1915 limousine, extra touring body; Cadillac 1916 limousine. Phone Main 1391.

PEERLESS TOURING, $850.
High class, seven-passenger, 1914; like new; Gray-Davis self-starter, Bosch magneto, every equipment; cost $5,000. Holmes, 305 West 79th St.

PEERLESS 8-cylinder foredoor touring Sedan, 1917 model, like new; this is an investment at the price asked. Geo. J. Donahue, Hotel Majestic, 72d St. & Central Park West.

PIERCE ARROW.
TO SETTLE ESTATE.
Pierce Arrow "48" Limousine, in beautiful condition, upholstery and equipment without mark or mar; price $3,500; used 8 months; cost $6,500.
Limousine body, new last year; was used only four months; cost $2,000; will sell for $600; will fit any standard chassis, such as Simplex, Peerless, Hudson, etc.
Mercer raceabout, 1914, Series 35J; will guarantee 75 miles per hour; this car is in wonderful condition; price $1,400.
Chalmers Master "6" runabout, with extra seat in the rear deck; very fast, powerful, easy riding car; price $700.
Will demonstrate any of the above cars.
FREEHOLD MOTOR CO.,
Freehold, N. J.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine; electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

PIERCE-ARROW, "38," landaulet; very fine condition; bargain. Telephone Hanson, 348 Rector.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916.
Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 3 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe, month old; 500 mileage; paid $1,465; sold highest bidder. Phone Rector 672.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, four-passenger roadster, $750. Brennan, 1,770 Broadway, 351 Columbus.

SCRIPPS 1917 Coupe; like new; bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SIMPLEX for sale, 38, mechanically perfect. Holbrook Landaulet Body; newly painted and upholstered; Westinghouse Shock Absorber. Astor Garage, 207 West 87th St., top floor.

SIMPLEX.—A classy late Simplex raceabout, 38-50 H. P.; perfect condition; very fast; no dealers need apply. Mr. Carl Nim, Craigie Co., 1 Wall St., N. Y.

S. G. V. Coupe Special; beautiful car; make offer. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

S. G. V. Brougham; show car; 2,000 miles; many extras. Alexander Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

STEARNS Knight Cabriolet; 4-cylinder; the ideal car for lady or physician; just overhauled; painted blue, with white stripe; six white wire wheels, with tires (four Para tires and two Silvertown cords), bumpers front and rear; renovated gray whipcord lining; every desirable extra, including heater; sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE. Stearns Company, 617 West 55th St.; telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Has been used so little, can't be told from new; full electric equipment; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

STEARNS limousine landaulet, new, 7-passenger, 8-cylinder; reasonable. 226 West 56th.

STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1915 H. C. S. SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ.—16-valve speedster; practically new; beautiful condition; wire wheels, one extra; sacrifice; $1,750. Owner, R 270 Times Downtown.

STUTZ 1916 Bulldog Special; very fine. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Brougham Sedan.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
HUDSON LIMOUSINE.
LOCOMOBILE 6-38 LIMOUSINE.
1917 CHALMERS SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 BUICK TOURING.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "6" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

BEAUTIFUL MERCEDES TOURING CAR, 45 H. P.; Victoria top, front and rear windshields, newly repainted, perfect mechanical condition, new shoes; car cost $8,500; owner will sacrifice for $900 account war. Phone Columbus 8026 for demonstration.

"WHITE" USED CARS,
Also other well-known makes
touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., M. R. Greene, Mgr.

BEST OFFER takes high-class $3,000 touring car, ran only 15,000 miles, in first-class condition in every way. Inquire for Mr. Adams' car at Mott Haven Garage, 139th St. and 3d Av.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars.
Limousine bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body.
20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

BODY FOR LIMOUSINE.—Will fit a Stearns or any standard chassis. ELITE, 138 West 52d St. Circle 5118.

LANDAULET BODY for sale; good condition; seven passengers. Robert, 1,107 Broadway. Telephone Farragut 514.

SEDAN, 1918 model; run 3,000 miles; guaranteed same as new car; $995. Lexington Used Car Department, Circle 1872.

Automobiles for Rent.

ATTENTION!—Lady owning new Ford Sedan would rent part time to another lady; preferably mornings and evenings; careful chauffeur; references required. Phone 6755 Schuyler.

Attractive rental service. — Pierce-Arrow Packards. Special rates monthly. Polite liveried chauffeurs, Egidi, 123 W. 52d. Circle 774.

CADILLAC limousine, very stylish, hourly; monthly preferred; very reasonable. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

CHALMERS.—Young man, owner of beautiful limousine, Chalmers, 7-passenger; hour, $2.50; trip, monthly very reasonable; references. Phone Riverside 3617.

OLDSMOBILE brougham town car, latest model, Winter season; owner drives; beautiful outfit. Mitchell, West 67th Garage, Columbus 867.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,528 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS. — Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD Landaulette for rent, any way you desire. Phone "Micker," Columbus 2239.

PIERCE-ARROW.—Trucks for rent, Winter months, 2 Pierce-Arrow 5-ton. R 66 Times.

Automobiles Wanted.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Motor Trucks.

PACKARD 2-ton trucks, with 12-foot express bodies, for sale; good condition and terms to responsible buyers. Interborough Transfer Company, 406 West 45th St. Bryant 8930.

One-ton trucks built to order in lots of six or more at factory prices. America's best-known units and expert workmanship; broadest possible guarantee. Address C. M., 73 Times.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

DEAD STORAGE for automobiles and bodies; rates reasonable. Ansonia Storage Warehouse, 137 West 99th St.

DEAD STORAGE.—AUTOMOBILES. 310-312 WEST 143D ST. AUDUBON 8575.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.	Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."
Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.	Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 50th St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER, Typist.—High school and commercial institute graduate; thoroughly experienced; double entry, trial balance; best references. S 159 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced, now employed large import and export house, wishes to make change; A1 reference. G 241 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced, take full charge; references. Miss R. E., Times Harlem.

COMPANION.—Young woman, 25, capable, refined, cheerful, Protestant, desires position as companion to lady; references. Box 112, Bath, N. Y.

FILE CLERK.—Experienced file clerk wishes position; thoroughly familiar with all systems; best references. Address K 244 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS, Companion, Housekeeper.—Canadian English; undergraduate of hospital and university; speaks French; musical; good needlewoman; references. G 35 Times.

HELPER.—Mother's helper and companion, American lady, desires position with refined family; references exchanged. C., 2,393 Broadway.

KINDERGARTEN.—The Agricultural and Industrial Labor Relief is very anxious to find a place for an Irish lady, 28 years, in a day nursery; very able girl. Phone Farragut 9777 or write 1,133 Broadway, Suite 601.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

MASSEUSE wishes position with masseuse or maid. 149 East 51st St.

REFINED WOMAN take care of few children, age 3 or 6 years, mornings, outdoors. J 161 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; conscientious, reliable; references; $15. R 204 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined American, six years' experience; technical, commercial; $15. G 243 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER.—4 years' experience; full charge. G 45 Times.

TEACHER, college graduate; public school methods, all branches; coaching. Expert, Times Harlem.

Employment Agencies.

BEATA CARLSON SWEDISH AGENCY.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9463.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT AUDITOR and office manager, (30,) exempt, lately manager of accounting department, supervising over seven subsidiary companies' accounting work; 30 employes and 10,000 accounts personally handled; general ledger financial statements, &c.; knowledge systematizing organization foreign exchange; good correspondent; well versed on ledger card systems; machine bookkeeping; ten years' practical experience; salary, $2,500. P 331 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.
Executive, 29, thoroughly experienced systematizer, open for permanent engagement; many years with certified accountants and executive with commercial firms; aggressive, reliable man; university graduate; draft exempt; record clean. A 263 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 704. Cortlandt 6688.

ACCOUNTANT, Bookkeeper, efficient, capable; take charge office; N. Y. U. graduate; references. Harry B. Falk, 189 Hopkins St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ACCOUNTANT = Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 39 Cedar. John 5633.

ACCOUNTANT desires position, four days weekly; expert auditor; experienced, capable. S 163 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, (33,) competent, with knowledge Spanish. G 43 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Expert; books audited, trial balance, monthly audits $5 up. A 267 Times Downtown.

AD WRITER.—Producer of unusual copy, novelty, power, punch. See my samples; age 28; married; American; draft exempt; $35 week. G 46 Times.

ADVERTISING MAN, PLATTSBURG GRADUATE, desires temporary employment; copy, lay-out, or selling; highest qualifications and references. S 157 Times.

BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT.
Position wanted by man capable of superintending large buildings; several years' experience making repairs, buying supplies, handling employes; capable of taking position of maintenance superintendent for estate; licensed engineer; thorough knowledge of elevators and other machinery used in high-class buildings; American citizen; best of references. A 290 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Swede, 36, educated, appearance, desires position with party going California or Florida; extensive touring experience; good mechanic; highly recommended. Sundborg, 200 West 63d St.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4036.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married, 37, 16 years' experience, expert driver, mechanic; excellent references. Man, 56 West 93d. Riverside 1830J.

CHAUFFEUR.—Laying up car for Winter, wish to place my chauffeur; first-class man in every respect; A1 mechanic. B. Jaikut, 40 West 20th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 3½ years' experience, wishes commercial position. John Monforte, 209 West 20th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, married, (33,) desires position; 9 years last place; all year; country only. L. Krause, 268 West 12th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Useful, careful driver; good mechanic; references. Leppanen, 2,610 5th Av.

COUPLE, Japanese, excellent cook, wife, chambermaid or waitress, desire position; city or country. 330 East 57th St. Saki.

CREDIT MAN or assistant, (25,) wideawake, university graduate, accountant, correspondent. R 243 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER, mechanical and electrical, with broad experience, open for position; best reference. C. F. Boldman, 150 North Mum Av., East Orange, N. J.

EXECUTIVE OR SALES.
Many years' experience Eastern branch manager, general accounting, installation of systems, salesmanager, &c. Address Exempt, S 158 Times.

FARMER - GARDENER, working superintendent, married, wishes position gentleman's estate; understands all work, handling men to best advantage, roads, lawns, shrubs, vegetables, poultry, pigs, cows, rotation crops, engines; handy with tools; English; honest, sober; written and personal references. A 296 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN, present position 10 years, wants position where ability and integrity are appreciated; thoroughly capable of taking charge of help. G 38 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT.—Twelve years' experience manufacturing and chemical explosive; thoroughly acquainted. Address D. T., Box 215 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—College graduate, good personality, practical, adaptable, A1 salesman, desires opportunity with large corporation or manufacturer. Z. P., 29 Times.

SALESMAN desires position where hard work and selling ability counts. S 170 Times.

SCHOOL TEACHER, resigning Dec. 1, looking for real opportunity; aged 30 years; exempted. J 162 Times.

SECRETARIAL MANAGER, (32,) thoroughly experienced; American; exceptional correspondent, stenographer, executive. G 42 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT, (33,) can manage department; ten years' experience; efficient. S 153 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST — Experienced young man desires morning or afternoon work. S 118 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) who can shoulder responsibility, desires position in office or sales dept.; high and business school education and some business experience; excellent references. S 152 Times.

YOUNG MAN, recently returned from France, college education, selling and executive ability, desires connections; interviews solicited. G 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 30, draft exempt, educated, live wire, best connections, seeks opening where tact, loyalty, and energy will gain promotion; highest credentials. S 168 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, college graduate, wishes position. R 212 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MARRIED MAN desires position with reliable house; 8 years' experience as financial investigator in United States and Canada. G 37 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADDRESSERS by large publishing house; must be experienced; $8 per week and bonus. Apply to Miss Carlock, The Butterick Publishing Co., 326 Hudson St., New York City.

AIRBRUSH WORKERS on felt and silk goods; steady work, good pay. Burns Bros. Mfg. Co., 68 East 131st St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, capable of taking full charge of office; must be good correspondent and possess executive ability; good opportunity for right party; state salary and references. K B 178 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent to handle complete set of double-entry books in auto truck concern; must be capable stenographer and typist; state age, experience, nationality, salary, and full particulars. S 162 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, accustomed to detail, must be thoroughly experienced, to assist manager of office; state age, experience, and salary. J 188 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—An experienced young lady wanted to take full charge of a double entry set of books; salary to start $17; arrange for an appointment. Room 918, 115 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accustomed to handling a large number of accounts, checking remittances, and trial balance; state salary. A 283 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced. Call Diamond Cravette Co., 681 Broadway, Friday.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced in lace house preferred. J. R. Waist & Dress Co., 96 Spring.

COLLECTOR.—Middle-aged woman, between 30 and 35, to act as collector for a large New York publishing house; preferably those having had experience; must be neat in appearance, tactful, and conscientious; those answering the above requirements can expect rapid promotion; salary to start $2 per day. Apply between 1 and 3 P. M., 8 West 29th St., Room 801.

DRESSMAKER, first-class. The Grey Tone Shop, 2,464 Broadway.

EIGHT GIRLS, including singers, dancers, banjo players, for vaudeville act. G 19 Times.

GIRLS, familiar with printing, wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., at their Bronx plant.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS, 15-20 years of age, for stock work and order filling; large mail order house; experience unnecessary. Bellas Hess & Co., 35 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

GIRL, 16 YEARS OR OVER, AS ASSISTANT IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS CONCERN. K 210 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GOOD COOK wanted for small family living in apartment at Madison Av., near 37th St., to cook four afternoons a week, from 4 to 8. Address Sulberg, 227 Fulton St.

MANAGER.—A bright woman wanted to take charge of a theatre candy store to work on salary and commission; 8 hours a day, 7 days a week; highest recommendation necessary. Address Cummeon, 227 Fulton St.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN.

GOOD POSITION FOR YOUNG WOMEN WITH MECHANICAL DRAWING EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS, STATING AGE AND SALARY DESIRED, TO A. H. C., 463 WEST ST., CITY.

MILLINERS.—Experienced milliners wanted. Apply Friday morning, Burby, 714 5th Av.

OFFICE and CLERICAL WORK — Large mail order house requires a number of young ladies, 16-20 years of age, for office; steady position; excellent opportunity for advancement; public, parochial or high school graduate preferred. Bellas Hess & Co., 35 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

OFFICE GIRL, beginner preferred, to assist in mail distribution; very pleasant surroundings; hours 9 to 5, noon on Saturday. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, education, and salary desired. R 63 Times.

OFFICE GIRL.—$5 start; excellent opportunity for advancement. P. & W. Grand, office, 8 East 14th St.

SAKS & COMPANY,
BROADWAY, AT 34TH STREET,

DECEMBER STORE HOURS:
9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

REQUIRE SALESWOMEN FOR THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

JEWELRY	LEATHER GOODS
TOILET ARTICLES	UMBRELLAS
HANDKERCHIEFS	MUSLIN
INFANTS' WEAR	UNDERWEAR
MEN'S HOSIERY AND SWEATERS	MEN'S UNDERWEAR
BOYS' WASH SUITS	

NECKWEAR AND VEILINGS

ALSO—PART-TIME SALESWOMEN IN THE ABOVE DEPARTMENTS.

CASHIERS AND AUDITING DEPT.
GIRLS OVER 16 YEARS.

YOUNG WOMEN TRACERS IN ADJUSTMENT BUREAU, WITH DEPT. STORE EXPERIENCE.

WOMEN PACKERS EXPERIENCED ON PARCEL POST AND EXPRESS PACKAGES.

WOMEN, 28 TO 35 YEARS TO WRAP SMALL PACKAGES—EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY IF QUICK TO LEARN.

SALESWOMEN.

LORD & TAYLOR

require the services of experienced Saleswomen in the following departments:

TOYS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
STATIONERY,
ART GOODS,
LEATHER GOODS,
JEWELRY.

Call before 11 A. M.,
Superintendent's Office,
7th Floor.

SALESWOMEN.—Educated, refined women, with some sales experience, wanted to represent the Encyclopaedia Britannica Co. in New York City and surrounding towns; must be at least 25 years of age; thorough training given; leads furnished; commission basis. 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESWOMAN, experienced specialty; must be well educated and able to meet the best people; position open Jan. 1; pays $25 to $30 per week; salary and commission to begin. The King-Richardson Co., Springfield, Mass.

SALESWOMAN Wanted.—Unusual opportunity for aggressive woman to fill man's position calling on women's apparel manufacturers; must be hustler; salary and commission. J 190 Times.

SALESWOMAN, with following, one familiar with exclusive trade; gowns; salary and commission. "Exclusive," Y 216 Times Annex.

STATISTICAL CLERKS.
WHOLESALE HOUSE REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL CLERKS FOR THEIR SALES AND ORDER ANALYSIS DEPARTMENT; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, NATIONALITY, AND SALARY EXPECTED. J 182 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHERS.
LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL STENOGRAPHERS FOR THEIR PURCHASE DEPARTMENT; MUST BE GOOD AT FIGURES; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, NATIONALITY, AND SALARY. J 180 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant to Secretary of a national trade association; good education and ability to learn quickly more important than experience; please give full particulars. S 164 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER. — Experienced, with references, for Christian firm. Room 2, 3d floor, 1,180 Broadway, after 11 A. M. Friday.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, to assist in sales room; must understand furs. Address, stating references and salary desired. J 151 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Knowledge of bookkeeping, general office work; experience necessary; state nationality; salary, $10. F 479 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; one with hardware experience preferred; salary dependent upon applicant's ability. K 260 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for permanent position out of town with manufacturing firm; state age, nationality, and salary desired. S 185 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, good schooling, age 20, wanted by large corporation. J. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

STOCKROOM CUTTERS wanted, experienced on Royal machines. Butterick Publishing Co., Spring and Macdougal Sts.

TEACHERS.—An exceptional opportunity for normal school or college trained women in high-class traveling position; must be 25 to 40 years of age, good personality, and able to demonstrate the fundamental principles of pedagogy; salary and commission; $1,500 to $2,500 per year. M. C. McReynolds, 347 5th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 4835, afternoons, 2 to 5.

TOUCH TYPIST for entry clerk in large organization; hours, 5 P. M. to 12:30; $12 a week to start. Y 224 Times Annex.

TYPISTS—Large mail order house requires a number of typists; steady position; good opportunity for advancement; excellent chance for beginners. Bellas Hess & Co., 35 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

TYPISTS WANTED, NUMBER FOR SPECIAL WORK; GOOD PAY, PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS, SHORT HOURS. APPLY VOGUE, 4TH FLOOR, 19 WEST 44TH ST.

TYPIST-CLERK, experienced, by large manufacturing concern in Jersey City; state age, experience, salary. K 242 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS, two; permanent. Answer, giving reference, &c., J 181 Times.

YOUNG LADY with business training and experience for record work; state education, experience, and salary expected. K 246 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, typists, bookkeepers; good openings for educated, refined Americans. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St. Cortlandt 4249.

STENOGRAPHERS. — High class; excellent positions; law, export, commercial; typists. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES.
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 44 WEST 43TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS for permanent staff C. P. A. firm of high standing; several juniors and semi-juniors, unusually desirable opportunities; manufacturing experience preferred; public accounting experience not essential. R 268 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT AND BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, with accounting experience, to work as assistant in auditing department; advertising or publishing experience preferred, but not essential; state age, experience, and salary expected. Y 254 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTING AND BOOKKEEPING MAN with executive ability for export and import house; taking charge of branch accounts and preparing for South America; state full details, nationality, positions held, age, and salary. A 206 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS. — Juniors with accounting education for permanent staff of C. P. A.; excellent opportunities for men possessing proper qualifications; reply fully. R 261 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified senior, also semi-seniors; permanent positions, excellent opportunities for advancement; give education, experience, and salary expected. J 189 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—American, between 25 and 30; must have had public accounting experience, wanted by progressive firm of accountants; splendid opportunity. J 183 Times.

ASSISTANT in credit department of large Baltimore manufacturers of clothing; only those with training and experience need apply. Y 243 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER capable of taking charge of entire set of books and to act as assistant to auditor; state age, experience, and salary desired. P 333 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly familiar with double entry and controlling accounts, for position with Connecticut manufacturing firm; state experience fully and salary desired. S 136 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Age, over 25; must be competent. Apply by letter or call with written application. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, for large retail furniture house; must be quick and accurate; give age, reference, and salary expected. Box B, 3,013 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Accustomed to handling large number of accounts, checking remittances, and monthly trial balance; state salary. A 282 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, temporarily for about one month. Apply, stating salary, to Box K 261 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER for Christian firm; accurate, competent, references. H. A. Post, 604 11th Av.

BOOKKEEPER-LEDGER CLERK. Apply by letter only Derby, 628 West 29th.

BOYS.
Must be 16, for mail and messenger service; $7 to start; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th.

BOYS wanted; a large concern dealing in iron and steel products have several openings for boys between 16 and 19 years of age; excellent opportunity to learn the steel business and work up in old established house; experience unnecessary, but only boys with good school records considered; high school graduates preferred; state age, education, give references. J 391 Times Downtown.

BOYS—BOYS.
Office boys, over 15; bright, intelligent.
SWIFT & CO.,
32 10TH AV.

BOY, AMBITIOUS, IN OFFICE OF WHITE GOODS HOUSE; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE, EDUCATION. S. H. KAHN & CO., 225 5TH AV.

BOY.—OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; MUST BE WELL RECOMMENDED; EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. STATE SALARY. ADDRESS R. S., 291 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY for office of large manufacturing firm, must be well bred, educated, of good appearance; excellent opportunity for bright boy. Address Manufacturer, Y 239 Times Annex.

BOY, 15, 16 years of age, in the office of a large manufacturing and importing house, offering excellent chance for advancement. Apply to T. L. W., P. O. Box 780, New York City.

BOY.—Position with corporation offering excellent chance for advancement for boy with intelligence and ambition; initial salary, $7 a week. Y 222 Times Annex.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE AND EDUCATION. K 217 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY, 16, for mail desk and general office work in busy office; must have good references. A 230 Times Downtown.

BOY, living in Brooklyn, in manufacturer's office in Manhattan. R 248 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Wanted in marine insurance office; state age, salary, and references. A 304 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Office boy wanted; salary $7; chance for advancement. K 254 Times Downtown.

BUYER, seller, and correspondent wanted by chemical works in their office; must have many years' experience in technical chemicals; give particulars, including salary and commission expected. John C. Wiarda & Co., 273 Green St., Brooklyn. Residence, 875 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

CARPENTERS wanted; first-class mechanics only; also carpenters' helpers and laborers. Apply The Austin Co., J. Gildersleeve, Supt., Atlas Powder Works, Landing, N. J.

CLERK.—Not subject to draft, in receiving department of large manufacturing concern; Jersey City; one experienced in handling all kinds supplies, preferred; hours 7 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.; good opportunity; state age, salary, experience, references. K 241 Times Downtown.

CLERKS, by large manufacturing corporation in Jersey City; men not subject to draft; good opportunity for advancement; state age, experience, salary. K 240 Times Downtown.

CLERK, for manufacturing plant; one who has an understanding of scheduling and factory department clerks' duties; state age, religion, experience, and salary expected. P. O. Box 2, New Brunswick, N. J.

CLERK, ledger, wanted in Bronx bank; good opportunity for advancement; state age, experience and salary expected. J 191 Times.

CLERK.—Young man with experience on office payrolls, statistical work; state in detail experience, executive capacity, age, and education. Y 241 Times Annex.

CLOTHING MANUFACTURER.—A large concern in Chicago, manufacturers of clothing, has an opening for a Superintendent of manufacturing; applicant must combine a thorough technical knowledge and executive ability; must be progressive and thoroughly conversant with modern methods and labor problems; a position for a man of the highest class; state qualifications fully and salary expected. Y 231 Times Annex.

COLLEGE MEN wanted, or men who have equivalent of college education, for special financial work; this is no book proposition; we will train several such men in our business, paying them a salary and commission; we want only clean-cut, aggressive young fellows, who can furnish gilt-edged references; your letter of application must convince us that you measure up to our requirements. Chas. Young, 8 Wall St., New York.

DESIGNERS. — SEVERAL FIRST - CLASS MACHINE DESIGNERS ACCUSTOMED TO GETTING UP DESIGNS FOR AUTOMATIC MACHINERY. APPLY TO MR. SULLIVAN, STANDARD AIRCRAFT CORP., ELIZABETH, N. J.; TAKE SOUTH BROAD CAR TO BRUNSWICK AV.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to productions of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. A. S. S., 136 Times.

DRAFTSMAN FOR SPECIAL MACHINE DESIGN; ALSO ONE FOR FIXTURES, PUNCHES, AND DIES; ONLY THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; STATE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 11, ELIZABETH, N. J.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, experienced on small electric motor and generator work; steady position; 44-hour week. Bijur Motor Lighting Co., Factory Terminal Building F, Bloomfield Street and River Front, Hoboken.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRAFTSMAN.—Structural steel; temporary; may prove permanent; state age, experience, and salary expected. H. F. H., K 259 Times Downtown.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
The New York Times will pay a reward of $25.00 for the arrest and conviction of a man giving the name of C. Gibbs, who is taking subscriptions for The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial without authority. Neither The New York Times nor any of its publications has an agent by this name. A partial description of this impostor gives his age as about twenty years; height, 5 ft. [illegible] in.; weight, 130 lbs.; complexion, light. When last seen he wore a dark suit, black-belted overcoat, and a plaid cap. During the last four months he has been operating in Minnesota, Wisconsin, North Dakota, and New York State. He was last heard of at Elmira, New York, on November 5.—The New York Times, Subscription Department.

HELP WANTED—Male.

EMBROIDERY DESIGNER, experienced, who can operate perforating machine. Apply to J. Finkelstein, Butterick Publishing Co., Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York City.

FILING CLERK in large office; must be high-grade, capable man, experienced in technical subjects; state full experience, age and salary desired. Address P. O. Box [illegible], Newark, N. J.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, industrious and competent, for bulb blowing and stem making; right men can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $30 a week. Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY during after hours. We teach you free the art of salesmanship of investment securities; [illegible] pay of any salesmen in world is [illegible] investment salesmen of ability; [illegible] lessons and lectures given twice weekly, Wednesdays and Saturdays, 7:30 to 9 P. M.; only applicants meeting our requirements as to character and standing need apply. C. Cheney & Co., Mills Building, 35 Wall St., New York, N. Y.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
High-class men on small electrical and mechanical apparatus; must be accustomed to using blue prints and micrometer; steady position and advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th St.

JOURNEYMAN ELECTRICIANS WANTED.
The Electrical Contractors Corporation, Waterbury, Conn.

MAN wanted, having experience in chemical business, to take charge of putting up department. Address, stating experience and salary expected, P. W. R. Co., 145 Front St.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN WANTED.—SEVERAL DESIGNERS AND FIRST-CLASS DRAFTSMEN ON GENERAL MACHINERY, ROLLING MILL MACHINERY INCLUDED; NONE BUT EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE IN FULL, AND SALARY EXPECTED; ALSO GIVE REFERENCES. TREADWELL ENGINEERING CO., EASTON, PENN.

MECHANIC wanted familiar with Ford cars, capable of overhauling same. R [illegible] Times.

MILLINERY PUBLISHER OF A DAILY MILLINERY REPORT HAVING BEEN DRAFTED, NEEDS COMPETENT PERSON WITH FULL KNOWLEDGE OF MILLINERY FASHIONS TO EDIT THESE REPORTS DURING HIS ABSENCE OR TO PURCHASE THE BUSINESS; OF WHICH ARE YOU CAPABLE? ADDRESS B. S., 216 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MEN.—Wanted, for guard duty, men with military or similar experience preferred, between the ages of 21 and 45, who can furnish highest references from employers; salary $75 per month to start; furnished quarters, fuel, and light free; men may transfer into production after three months satisfactory service on the guard. Write for application blank to H. H. Alcock, New England Westinghouse Co., Chicopee Falls, Mass.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—To be generally useful in busy office; one with knowledge of plug switchboard and able to use typewriter preferred. Salary, $9 to begin. Apply by letter or call with written application. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

OFFICE BOY, about 16 or 17 years of age, for downtown insurance office; no experience necessary, but must be neat and have good education; salary $9 week; state age, religion and education. A 266 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, bright, intelligent, in large publishing house; excellent chance for advancement; $7 per week. Call Suhre, West 43d St., 3d floor.

OFFICE BOY.—Permanent position, [illegible] floor, Butterick Bldg., Spring and Macdougal Sts.

ORDER CLERK for plumbing and heating supply house; must be alert and intelligent; one residing in Brooklyn or Queens County preferred. Reply, stating age, experience and salary required. K 252 Times Downtown.

PRESSMEN and FEEDERS wanted on cutters and creasers; give experience and wages wanted in reply. Worcester Paper Box Co., 9 Houchin Av., Worcester, Mass.

RECEIVING CLERK
TO TAKE CHARGE OF RECEIVING DEPARTMENT OF A LARGE FIFTH AVENUE ESTABLISHMENT; ONLY ONE WITH A BROAD EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY; GOOD SALARY; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY ASSURED. M. Q., 276 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMANAGER.
Opportunity for big money to right party; must have good sales record and ability to handle men; drawing account furnished. Call Friday, 122 East 25th St., Room 210, between 10-11 A. M. and 5-6 P. M. G 40 Times.

SALESMEN.—Automobile distributer wants real salesmen; automobile experience not necessary, but genuine salesmanship ability absolutely essential; men experienced in selling vacuum cleaners, typewriters, pianos, &c., especially desirable; must have record for sobriety, initiative, tenacity; real producers who want to get into the automobile line are afforded an unusual opportunity; salary basis; will train you in our special school free of charge. J 177 Times.

SALESMEN.—This is the day when an article sells on its merits; there is a constant demand for our product; we need forceful energetic men of character and education for Pennsylvania, New York, and New England States; thorough training given; leads and transportation furnished; drawing account against commission. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESMEN.—Opportunity for men willing to sell motor trucks, on commission only; one acquainted with building, chemical, coal, contracting, hardware, machinery, paper, steel, trucking, and heavy haulage trades will be given preference and favorable proposition; state age, qualifications, references. G 20 Times.

SALESMEN.—We have a business proposition for business men; if you are a high-grade salesman we can use you; only men of integrity, good education, and at least 25 years of age wanted; work throughout Eastern States on commission basis; transportation furnished. D. E., 52 Times.

SALESMAN.—Smart, aggressive, wanted for New York, for established office machine; excellent opportunity for man of education and ability; salary and commission; full particulars required in letter of application. A 303 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for entire Pacific Coast who is now selling first-class trade ladies' handkerchiefs and neckwear established trade name on territory commission basis; give references, amount sales, lines of goods carried. Address C. L., 221 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—We have an opening on our selling force for two high-grade salesmen on commission; preferably those having stock, insurance, and real estate selling experience; an opportunity for live men. Phone Rector 7750 for appointment.

SALESMAN wanted, with high-grade following, to represent manufacturer and jobber of valves and fittings in New York City territory; to be considered you must give full particulars as to age, salary, experience, &c. A 302 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to handle high-grade electrical apparatus in which there is a good working profit; only men sure of their ability and willing to work on commission basis need apply. Anderson Electrical Corporation, 145 West 36th St.

SALESMAN WANTED.—A high-class salesman who has a clientele to whom he can sell a high-grade dividend-paying unlisted oil stock; salary and commission. Apply Cadokia Oil Syndicate, Room 417, U. S. Rubber Building.

SALESMEN.—We have an opening for three energetic men accustomed to earning big money; something absolutely new. Call 9 to 10:30 and after 2; commission. Room 707, 507 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—High-grade man wanted to cover the East with excellent line of medium priced men's fur-lined coats; commission, with drawing account; good opportunity for right man. J 183 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced, to handle a line of men's leather belts on commission. Address K 245 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man with knowledge of our line; clean record; salary. Address in detail, Hanal Soap Co., 405 Lexington Av.

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Telephone Bryant 1000 Per Agate Line
Agents Wanted 50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted....40c
Automobile Exchange....40c
Boarders and Board Wanted....30c
Business Opportunities....50c
Country Board....40c
Employment Agencies....50c
Farms....40c
For Sale....50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted....30c
Help Wanted....30c
Lost and Found....50c
Mortgage Loans....50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let....40c
Situations Wanted....25c

HELP WANTED—Male.

SHIPPING CLERK.

EXPERIENCED MAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF A LARGE SHIPPING DEPARTMENT FOR HIGH-CLASS FIFTH AVENUE LADIES' TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT; GOOD SALARY, STEADY POSITION. ADDRESS R. S., 214 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper's assistant, some experience in printing office preferred; must be reliable and neat; $12 to start. Accurate System and Manifolding Co., 22 Beekman St.

STOCK CLERK.—Sturdy young man in stock room, large organization; state age, experience, and salary expected. Y 242 Times Annex.

STOCK CLERK.—Man. Apply by letter only, Derby, 626 West 39th St.

STOCK MAN.—Must be thoroughly acquainted with chemical and pharmaceutical products; capable of systematically managing crude stores; position in large Western city. Call Tuesday between 2 and 4 o'clock. U. S. McClellan, Biltmore Hotel, N. Y.

TABLET MAN, thoroughly experienced in manufacture of medicinal tablets and pills. Do not apply unless capable of managing large department and handling men; position in large Western city. Call Thursday between 2 and 4 o'clock. U. S. McClellan, Biltmore Hotel, New York.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE, with export experience preferred, wanted in South American department of export and import house to do detail work and learn business; salary moderate at the start, but good chances of advancement. K 253 Times Downtown.

TOUCH TYPIST for entry clerk in large organization; hours, 5 P. M. to 12:30; $12 a week to start. Y 293 Times Annex.

TOOLMAKERS.—All AROUND; NONE BUT THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED NEED APPLY. A. R. MOSLER & CO., EAST 242D ST. AND SO. RAILROAD AV. TELEPHONE WOODLAWN 1000.

TRAVELING AUDITOR with a large industrial corporation; essential that applicants have experience with large machine shop operations and factory cost accounting, as well as usual experience respecting auditing of local office paymasters' and cashiers' accounts; state full experience, reference, and salary expected. Y 235 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wanted in resident buyer's office to assist notion buyer and ready to be a buyer, to make himself generally useful; salary $10 to start. Write where last employed. Y 253 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, exempt from draft, familiar with office work; good horse sense; good personality and pep necessary qualifications; call only. G. S. M., 725 Broadway.

YOUNG MEN, (14 to 17.)—Light work; surroundings and opportunities exceptional; permanent; short hours, enabling evening schooling. P 251 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN of good address, thoroughly conversant with Spanish, for traveling, &c.; state age, experience, and references. Y 298 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—About 17, assist in office of dry goods commission house. Address, giving full particulars. R 267 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN about 18 to learn advertising business; steady position; good opportunity. Call Friday, 1 A. M., Brooklyn Weekly News, 4100 3d Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, with initiative, as assistant in credit department of Gentile house; reply, giving full details, Y 178 Times.

Instruction.

MEN—AGE IS NO BARRIER.
Here is a professional trade that will raise you to a higher level in life. Agreeable work, excellent pay. Big demand for dental mechanics. We train you in a remarkably short time in practical work, individually, day or evening; no book study. Easy payments. Inquire. Write for free Booklet 50. Bodee Laboratories School, 25 West 45th St. (Oldest and most authoritative in America.)

MEN—EARN $25 to $75 A WEEK.
3 months' course. Easy payments.
MECHANICAL START ANY TIME
DENTISTRY DAY OR NIGHT
No book study. Write for Booklet 19.
BODEE School of Mechanical DENTISTRY.
NEW YORK: (Est. 25 yrs.) BROOKLYN:
15 W. 44th St. 15-17 Flatbush Av.

EARN $30 to $100 a week as Motion Picture, Studio, Commercial Photographer. Easy, fascinating profession. Three months' course covers all branches. Day or evening classes. Easy terms. New studios. Call or write for free booklet. N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 West 36th St., N. Y.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY as Drugless Practitioner; both sexes; day and evening classes now forming; moderate tuition terms. Particulars on request. American Institute of Chiropractic, Suite 1022, 45 West 34th St., New York. Phone Greeley 1160.

SALESMAN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them; hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1803-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY as Drugless Practitioner; both sexes; day and evening classes now forming; modrate tuition terms. Particulars on request. American Institute of Chiropractic, Suite 1022, 45 West 34th St., New York. Phone Greeley 1160.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

HIGH-CLASS young men; excellent positions; bookkeepers, stenographers; immediate. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

JAPANESE young gentleman desires to learn English after 7:30 P. M., twice or thrice a week. R 60 Times.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

MANUFACTURERS' AGENT.

Wounded and out of the war, 30 years of age, aggressive, with best references and guarantees, and extensive connections in commercial circles of Paris, speaks and writes English, desires to represent active American manufacturer or firm in Paris. Write to E. H. Barthelemy, 24, Rue Richer, Paris, France.

LOCAL EXPRESS COMPANY.
One of the largest in New York City; changes in interest make necessary sale of entire business; automobiles of well-known make; horses in A1 condition; wagon, harness, office furniture, &c.; nearly 200 accounts among high-class business houses of the city; buyer not required to assume lease or outstanding debts; will sacrifice for quick sale; only to responsible buyer. J 169 Times.

By the San Francisco representative of the Gleason-Tiebout Glass Co., lighting glassware manufacturers, a number of non-conflicting collateral lines; long experience in the trade. Address E. S. Berdine, 667 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal.

I am looking for a business or merchandise; will trade new, suburban, 1 or 2 family house with garage; could offer farm or well-paying apartment house as payment. Walmer, 2645 Ryer Av., Bronx. Telephone 1969 Fordham.

Good opportunity offered few quick, conservative investors in metal manufacturing concern enlarging plant to accommodate increasing business; steady, non-seasonable growth, profitable, secure; liberal bonus to insure unusual income. Y 244 Times Annex.

Agents.—Importers, with offices in Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, established connection manufacturing, jobbing, and large retail trade, desire agencies; all kinds of small wares, notions, tapes, braids; if necessary would buy on own account. S 154 Times.

A corporation with a product that has large and profitable sale is desirous of getting in touch with men who can organize, finance, and manage exclusive territory for it on satisfactory terms. S 146 Times.

Wanted, well located, fully equipped machine shop or factory near New York City; give full data first letter. F 477 Times Annex.

National mail-order list, 11,000 women's names, for sale; high grade; $20. C., Box 66 Station F, New York.

I have $5,000 to invest with services in some good business. S 161 Times.

Business Notices.

DEAFNESS.—Those wishing to know about the Anderfone, which improves hearing marvelously, may obtain information by writing or calling Anderson Electric Corporation, 148 West 36th St., 1E, New York.

AGENCY wanted for reliable firms or corporations in Macon, Ga., territory; good references given. Southern Selling Co., Macon, Ga.

EXPERT on writing business, social and all kinds of letters; fee $2. Theodore Tulling, 6 East 12th St., New York.

FOR SALE.

For Sale—Mailing lists, subscription list, book buyers, high-grade business men New Jersey. A 279 Times Downtown.

For Sale—Large copper still, one thousand-gallon capacity. Vartray Water Company, 130 Terrace, Buffalo, N. Y.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Temporary assignments: Surgeons C. E. Nammack, 3d Surg. Dist., in charge of 2d Surg. Dist., in addition to his own, for 1 day, from 6 P. M., Dec. 1; M. H. Williams, 6th Surg. Dist., in charge of 5th Surg. Dist., in addition to his own, for 2 days, from noon, Nov. 30; Patrol. H. L. Monaghan, 43, to 10th Insp. Dist., for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 30; John Dreher, 61, to Bureau of Telegraph, for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; John Altaberg, Jr., 172, to 5th Insp. Dist., for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 30; A. M. Mullen, B. B. H. Squad, to 9th Insp. Dist., for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Dec. 1; to 1st Insp. Dist., from precincts indicated, for 30 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 29; Daniel Haggerty, 41; Daniel Cronnin, 83; W. Smith, 29; Jacob Waag, 285; for 27 days, from 4 P. M., Dec. 2, Walter Tigar, 150; C. A. O'Rourke, 155; James Middlemiss, 158.

Leaves of absence to take effect on date of entrance into military service: Patrol. J. A. Nekeld, 21; W. F. Kenny, 152.

Leaves of absence, (with full pay:) Surgeons W. B. Brouner, 2d Surg. Dist., for 1 day, from 6 P. M., Dec. 2, balance of vacation; Daniel J. Donovan, 5th Surg. Dist., for 2 days, from noon, Nov. 30, to be deducted from vacation. (Without pay:) Patrol. E. M. Hoffman, 17, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Dec. 1; Louis Ringelsen, 36 for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Dec. 5, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; H. J. Sondericker, 154; Edward Beron, 155; E. C. Eichstaedt, 154; C. C. Davis, 283; for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 29; F. A. O'Hara, 5; W. J. Sarvis, 181; E. R. Friel, 155; M. S. Leahy, 162.

Sick leave: Patrol. T. F. Flynn, Traffic Div. Sub-div. C, 90 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 30.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol. J. J. Finnegan, 18, from 11 A. M., Nov. 7, to 12 P. M., Nov. 15; C. P. Rogers, 61, from 6:10 P. M., Nov. 17, during disability; T. J. Weber, Traffic Div. Sub-div. C, from 7 P. M., Nov. 22, during disability; F. X. Werner, C. O. Squad, from 10:15 A. M., Nov. 12, to 12:01 A. M., Nov. 25, 1917.

Fire Department.

Chiefs and Acting Chiefs in Manhattan, the Bronx and Richmond will apply for regular leaves of absence during the month of December on the following dates:

Deputy Chiefs: Binns—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. Langford—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24. Martin—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 7, 17, 27. Burns—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 2, 12, 22. Hayes—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 9, 19, 29. King—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Sloan—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. Beggin—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 2, 12, 22. Worth—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23.

Chiefs of Battalion: Kuss—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23. Jones—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. Helm—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Walsh—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 2, 12, 22. Devanny—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23. Skelly—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24. Ross—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Cooke—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. McKernan—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Dougherty, 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 2, 12, 22. Clark—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Griffiths—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23. Hennessey—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Williams—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. Carlock—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Weber—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24. Poling—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23. Barrett—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 6, 16, 26. Murray—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. Gray—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 2, 12, 22. Cummings—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Brogan—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24.

Acting Chiefs of Battalion: O'Donohue—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Crowley—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 9, 19, 29. McKenna—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 7, 17, 27. Martin—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Farley—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 7, 17, 27. Spencer—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. O'Connell, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 9, 19, 29. Quinn—, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 6, 16, 26. McGuire—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23. Callagy—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Sherlock—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 8, 18, 28. Kelly—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23. Ruddy—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Fox—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 7, 17, 27. Lynch—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. Lawler—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. O'Connor—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23. Flynn—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23. McCann—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 7, 17, 27. Walker—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. Gillispie—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 9, 19, 29. Roan—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24. Kelly—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Weismann—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24. Dunn—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 8, 18, 28. Hughes—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. O'Reagan—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 6, 16, 26. Fitzmaurice—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23.

Chief of Battalion Patrick Walsh will perform duty as relieving officer during month of December as follows: 1st Bat., 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 2d Bat., 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 3d Bat., 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26; 4th Bat., 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, and will apply for leaves of absence on the following dates: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24.

Chief of Battalion P. J. Graham, No. 1, will perform duty as relieving officer during the month of December as follows: 15th Bat., 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 17th Bat., 2, 4, 7, 9, 12, 14, 17, 19, 22, 24, 27, 29; 20th Bat., 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, and will apply for leaves of absence on the following dates: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24.

Chief and Acting Chief Officers in the Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens will apply for regular leaves of absence during the month of December on the following dates:

Deputy Chiefs: O'Hara—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24. Maher—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 16, 25. Murray—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. Gooderson—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 8, 18, 28.

Chiefs of Battalion: Kirk—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. Heffernan—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 2, 12, 22. Dooley—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23. Geatons—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 7, 17, 27. Stickel—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23. Kane—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24. Farrell—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. McGuire—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 11, 21, 31. Langan—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23. Norton—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 2, 12, 22. McKenna—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 6, 16, 26. Rogers—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24. Davin—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Reid—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. Raab—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 2, 12, 22. Lawrence—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 8, 18, 28. Gaw—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. O'Shea—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 9, 19, 29. Stone—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 1, 11, 21. Lenihan—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 2, 12, 22. La Monte—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24.

Acting Chiefs of Battalion: Fitzgerald—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 9, 19, 29. Harrigan—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 10, 20, 30. Furey—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 6, 16, 26. M. Foley—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 9, 19, 29. Ludgate—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 4, 14, 24. Woods—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 10, 20, 30. Golden—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 6, 16, 26. Moran—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Soden—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 6, 16, 26. Earley—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 7, 17, 27. Donovan—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 9, 19, 24. Toman—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Costello—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 9, 19, 29. Sweet—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 5, 15, 25. Conroy—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 8, 18, 28. Roberts—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 2, 12, 22. Mooney—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 7, 17, 27. Jensen—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 8, 18, 28. J. Foley—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 10, 20, 30. Kelly—2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27; 6, 16, 26. Ward—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 8, 13, 28. Mahoney—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 2, 12, 22. Brennan—4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; 3, 13, 23. McGinniss—1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; 10, 20, 30. Cavanagh—5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; 9, 19, 29. Irving—3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; 7, 17, 27.

Retired: Fireman 1st grade J. S. Brundage of Eng. 262 on an annual pension of $725, to take effect from 8 A. M., Dec. 1.

Fines: F. L. Farthing, Jr., of Eng. 233, $5 for loss of coat badge No. 895.

Revocation of designation as Acting Chief of Battalion, to take effect at 8 A. M., Nov. 29: Capt. G. J. Fox, Eng. 49.

Capt. J. E. Gleason, Eng. 59, designated as Acting Chief of the 16th Bat., to take effect at 8 A. M., Nov. 29; Capt. J. H. White, Eng. 53, is designated as Acting Chief of the 10th Bat., to take effect at 8 A. M., Nov. 29.

Special leaves of absence: Fireman 1st grade C. L. Huesod, Eng. 11, for 12 hours, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; Fireman 1st grade J. J. Horan, Eng. 26, for 12 hours, from 8 P. M., Nov. 29.

FOR SALE.

FURS—Mink coats $125 and up; Caracul coats with skunk collar and cuffs, $55; excellent bargains in scarfs, muffs and sets from $18 up; genuine skunk sets, $27.50; men's fur-lined coats, $25 up; automobile robes and animal rugs; can furnish anything you need in the fur line and order taken and attended to promptly; remodeling and repairing; money refunded if not satisfactory. A. Mursten, 23 East 8th St., corner University Place. Stuyvesant 3071.

A gentleman's genuine Hudson seal lined overcoat, $30; never worn; also lady's Hudson seal coat; chauffeur's fur coat, $15; fur automobile robe, $15; never used. 562 West End Av.

3-by-5 index card files for sale very cheap. Louis Frank, 319 Broome St. Telephone Orchard 319-G.

FIRST-CLASS fancy work at once, for Christmas sale. Robinson, 7 Euclid Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio.

POMERANIAN, male; orange color. Wm. Bialek, 152 Oakwood Av., Hudson Hts., N. J.

Purchase and Exchange.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, for cash; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 Broadway.

Typewriters.

BRAND-NEW, LATEST MODEL OLIVER 9, $49.
Fully guaranteed, standard keyboard, exactly the same machine used by largest industries, direct from factory; former price $100. Before getting even a second-hand, rebuilt or rental machine investigate latest Oliver plan to save $51; easy payments if you wish. Telephone or call Oliver Typewriter. Mr. Price, 310 Broadway, Worth 1780-1-2-3-4.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Nonvisible, 3 months, $5; visible, 3 months, $7.50. Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
339 Broadway, at Worth St. | TEL.
30 E. 23d St., opp. Madison Av. | 5406
149 W. 42d St., at Times Sq. | FRANKLIN.

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30 E. 23d St., opp. Madison Av. | 5406
149 W. 42d St., at Times Sq. | FRANKLIN.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The following army orders were issued by the War Dept. today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Evans, 1st Lt. W. P., to Camp Greene.
Edwards, 1st Lt. D. S., to Garden City.
Hewitt, Maj. J. E., to Camp Jackson.
Bartholomew, Capt. H. S.; McElderry, 1st Lt. D., with Av. Sec. of Sig.C., and Mercer, 1st Lt. W. E., to Kelly Field.
Kelly, 1st Lt. T. B., previous orders revoked.
Aylen, Capt. J. P., to Neuro-surgical School, N. Y., for training.
Absher, 1st Lt. D. C., to Camp Bowie.
Thomas, Capt. L. C., hon. discharged.
Berghoff, 1st Lt. R. S., to Camp Grant to examine command for tuberculosis.
Duncan, 1st Lt. E. A., to Camp Cody.
Longcope, Maj. W. T., is detailed a member of the board appointed to examine and report upon physical condition of officers during times Maj. T. C. Janeway may be absent.
Moncreif, Lt. Col. W. H., in addition to Maj. W. J. Mayo, is detailed a member of board appointed Nov. 20 to examine and report on physical condition of officers during times Maj. C. H. Mayo may be absent.

Following to Camp Wheeler:
Halsey, Capt. J. T.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Acker, G. N., 2d.
Buckman, E.
Byrne, M. W. K.
Rogers, E. A.
Willoughby, M. K.

Lavelle, 1st Lt. T. E., to Bellevue Hosp. N. Y., for inst., then to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 1, Williamsbridge.
Wilson, Capt. C., to Park Field, with Av. Sec., Sig. C.
Wilcox, Capt. R. S., to Camp Logan.
Yoosuf, 1st Lt. A. K., to Chickamauga Park.

Quartermaster Corps.

Leisenring, Maj. F., previous orders revoked; to duty in office of Qm. Gen.; to Newport News and Norfolk, then to his station.
Richards, 2d Lt. H. L., to Camp Pike, aux. remount depot No. 317, as asst. to Cmdg. Off.
Price, 2d Lt. W. T. R., to New York, as asst. to Depot Qm.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

Muldrow, Maj. R., to Walterboro, S. C., re military mapping.
Griffin, Maj. W. H., and Meade, 1st Lt. A. P., Jr., to Georgetown, S. C., re mil. mapping.
Sadler, Capt. C. L., Roudabush, 2d Lt. M. A., and Birdseye, 2d Lt. S. H., to Omaha re mil. mapping.
Staack, Capt. J. G., and Penick, 1st Lt. S. T., to Omaha, re mapping.
Gill, 1st Lt. R. F.
Jones, Capt. J., Durham, Capt. L. and Gill, 1st Lt. R. F., to Camp Meade.
Holder, 2d Lt. C. C., to Omaha re mapping.
Miller, Capt. W. L., to Ridgeville, S. C., re mapping.
Hannegan, Capt. D., to Tunstall, Va., re mapping.
Morey, 1st Lt. W. H. S., to Walterboro re mapping.
Rawls, 2d Lt. J. McN., to Ridgeville, S. C., re mapping.
Slaughter, 1st Lt. T. F., to this city for inst., then to Ridgeville, re mapping.
Following to Green Pond, S. C., re mapping:
Blundon, 1st Lt. M.; Brockman, 1st Lt. G. F.; Huntley, 2d Lt. E. S.; Roberts, 2d Lt. H., and Turner, 2d Lt. H. B., to Green Point, S. C., re mapping.

Cavalry.

Following 2d Lts., recently appointed from civil life, with rank from Oct. 26, and assigned to regiments indicated:

Vandenrift, F.H., 11th.
Dodge, H. E., 13th.
Palmer, C. F., 10th.
Marcellus, J. D. D., 17th.
Cooper, L. D., Jr., 17th.
Davis, C. J., 7th.
Cutland, G. W., 13th.
Moose, J. M., Jr., 17th.
Perry, N. R., 3d.
Randolph, I., 3d.
Byrd, C. B., 7th.
Brady, T., Jr., 2d.
Cheves, G. X., 6th.
Battle, W., 5th.
Wharfield, H. B., 17th.
Gatchell, W. C., 2d.
White, H. G., 17th.
Twitchell, N. D., 13th.
Wynne, A. J., 6th.
Wiener, H. C., 16th.
Goodman, W. F., 1st.
Benson, T. M., 5th.
Porter, E. F., 1st.
Truscott, L. K., Jr., 17th.
Alstead, R. E., 13th.
Kelley, A. S., 5th.
Akerman, J. H., 7th.
Connell, R. T., 11th.
McClure, J. N.W., 8th.
Mead, G. R., 16th.
Harnden, M. G., 17th.
Wilson, D. McK., 8th.
Mertz, L. M., 7th.
Williams, E. A., 14th.
McCarthy, D. H., 12th.
Kingsbury, S., 6th.
Millholland, G.H., 16th.
Marsh, N. J., Jr., 2d.
Platt, G. S., 11th.
Fitzer, M. G., 6th.
Phares, B. L., 6th.
Dunkle, D. R., 16th.
Davis, C. E., 13th.
Paullin, G. H., 16th.
Kenney, F. R., 1st.
Smith, M. P., 12th.
Irving, J. H., 14th.
Cameron, E. D., Jr., 17th.
McLaughlin, W. F., 12th.
Finley, G. S., 11th.
Meador, M. F., 5th.
Sexton, E. F., 5th.
Davis, S. W., 11th.
Conde, L. B., 7th.
Werts, C. B., 13th.
Miller, H. R., Jr., 3d.
Reilly, J. H. G., 13th.
Unger, C. H., 5th.
Tabor, W. D., 17th.
King, H. S., 9th.
Fickett, E. M., 12th.
Van Ingen, J. C., 14th.
Palmer, C. H., 5th.
Chace, R. C., 10th.
Mishon, T. F., Jr., 1st.
Jackson, R. B., 2d.
Strawn, C. C., 17th.
Brownson, A. R., 8th.
Breitinger, J. R., 2d.
Beer, R. D., 1st.
De Lorimier, A.J., 10th.
Lowry, M. G., 5th.
Coleman, W. G., 23d.
Safgent, H. H., 18th.
Ketchum, J. E., 17th.
Baltzer, A. C., 15th.
Ewing, J. W., 2d.
Van Cleave, W., 12th.
Curtis, K. W., 20th.
Rankin, C. E., 11th.
Tallant, R. E., 16th.
Utley, N. M., 22d.
MacDonald, J. A., 17th.
Cheshire, H. H., 8th.
Reynolds, N. B., 8th.
Wood, J. A., 2d.
Moore, V., 11th.
Furr, G. L., 13th.
Blake, J. A., Jr., 22d.
Robinson, W.McL., 23d.
Peters, J. S., 11th.
Earnest, H. L., 3d.
Austin, V., 1st.
Ryder, W. H., 21st.
Torrey, A. H., 13th.
Whitmore, M. T., 10th.
Leask, S., Jr., 12th.
Dillard, G. E., 13th.
Maddooks, R. T., 19th.
Frazier, T. A., 11th.
Sladek, V. R., 25th.
Husted, J. W., Jr., 23d.
Atwell, R. N., 14th.
Elliott, W., Jr., 19th.
Sheldrake, C. E., 23d.
Harris, K. M., 1st.
Nippell, M. H., 3d.
Stewart, C. M., 3d., 11th.
Weadock, P. S., 10th.
Miller, S. F., 24th.
Rogers, J. C., 19th.
Allen, F. A., Jr., 19th.
Griswold, M., 3d, 20th.
Kurts, G. O., 21st.
Compton, L. J., 22d.
Sanborn, F., 13th.
Lefferts, G. A., 18th.
Ryan, N. F., 8th.
Barber, G. W., 11th.
Weld, F. M., 3d.
Wipprecht, R., 21st.
Daugherty, C.M., 19th.
Griffin, C. O., 2d.
Hamilton, E. E., 1st.
Cress, E. F., 8th.
Harkins, D. P., 15th.
Hathaway, H. G., 11th.
McGill, B. M., 2d.
Parmley, L. F., 11th.
Herendeen, F., 14th.
Friar, F. M., 25th.
Anheir, J. A., 8th.
Bowers, G. H., 24th.
Herren, T. W., 20th.
Teter, A. R., 22d.
Clarke, H. G., 25th.
Seabury, A. H., 19th.
Sweeney, J. S., 11th.
Koester, F. W., 7th.
Perry, M. B., 11th.
Shannon, C. A., 1st.
MacNabb, A. B., 10th.
Van Deusen, R.H., 3d.
McCall, C. C., 7th.
Todd, W. N., Jr., 7th.
Cox, W. W., 3d.
Miller, D., 10th.
Egan, J. K., 1st.
Taber, T. R., 2d.
Henderson, E. W., 21st.
Larsen, R. E., 13th.
Burton, C. W., 25th.
Bishop, H. D., 2d.
Stover, W. A., 19th.
Paret, R. R., 11th.
Mitchell, S. O., 2d.
Estill, C. L., 11th.
Cockrell, N., 16th.
Reeth, C. C., 1st.
North, C. J., 19th.
Eichelsdoerfer, R. M., 25th.
Driggs, E. H., Jr., 2d.
Watson, J. T., Jr., 21st.
Round, R. E., 11th.
Faunce, G., Jr., 13th.
Thompson, W. D., 13th.
Winslow, G. T., 2d.
Harry, E. B., 11th.
Bowman, S. D., 2d.
Klaas, A. L., 19th.

Locke, T. B., 5th.
Daniels, M. S., Jr., 3d.
Pope, F. S., 24th.
Davis, H. G., 18th.
Cherry, R. M., 24th.
Wyman, A. T., 2d.
Sawyer, R. W., 18th.
Welsh, J. H., 17th.
Morton, E. P., 2d.
Kratzenberg, E.J., 25th.
Coye, R. D., 18th.
Jenks, A. F., Jr., 2d.
Gifford, J. P., 11th.
Hinkley, V., 1st.
Allen, C. C., Jr., 25th.
Stump, A. H., 6th.
Lawrence, J. G., 10th.
Glover, C. W., 23d.
Evans, W. R., 21st.
Galley, J. K., Jr., 10th.
Shumaker, W. L., 10th.
Simmons, C. R., 18th.
Shuell, J. V., 13th.
Davidson, W. H., 5th.
Welch, H. A., 1st.
Gay, H. R., 7th.
Hammond, R. L., 1st.
Alling, P. H., 3d.
Harrison, E.W., Jr., 7th.
Clark, R. G., 23d.
Wattles, E. C., 18th.
Shumaker, B., 18th.
Tenney, P. G., 19th.
Pattison, G. P., 17th.
Turner, M. V., 13th.
Waldron, N. E., 25th.
Burke, H. J., 10th.
Gocker, L. L., 12th.
Swasey, C., 11th.
Ransdell, J. H., 2d.
Godbold, E. W., 22d.
Forney, L. G., 24th.
Brooks, H., 20th.
White, J. G., 21st.
Meise, E. W., 12th.
Gibbs, R. C., 17th.
Crano, L. F., 19th.
Boden, H. C., 16th.
Ford, A. G., 19th.
Isker, R. A., 1st.
Graham, J. M., 11th.
Corvin, W. G., 18th.
Maxwell, R. R., 19th.
Larson, P. D., 24th.
Horger, C. A., 21st.
Wright, R. O., 7th.
Soper, A. D., 22d.
Watt, C. G., 23d.
Wilson, A., Jr., 11th.
Branham, R. L., 2d.
Davis, H. A., 19th.
Houchin, L. A., 2d.
Hayes, F. J., 23d.
Hart, C. E., 15th.
Lyons, R. T., 2d.
Barnhart, H. A., 24th.
Jenkins, J. W., 15th.
Howard, G.H., Jr., 15th.
Wideman, F., 11th.
Crunden, A. C., 21st.
Parker, J., 13th.
Donald, J. T., 15th.
Knowles, E. G., 5th.
Hollyday, G.T.O., 11th.
Terry, F. V., 2d.
Wheeler, T. D., 2d.
Dissinger, C. E., 19th.
Charles, M. G., 11th.
Abbott, E. M., 21st.
Breaks, H. M., 4th.
Simons, W., 24th.
Kerr, R. B., Jr., 2d.
Danzig, S. V. H., 2d.
Neilson, G. F., 20d.
Jones, D. A., 13th.
Conrey, H. F., 25th.
Ennis, C. J., 3d.
May, V., 13th.
Morss, E. L., 2d.
Febiger, P. C., 11th.
Sutton, D. N., 11th.
Mason, A. D., 6th.
Duke, W. E., 22d.
Roach, J. J., 3d.
King, P. J., 25th.
Pendleton, H. E., 7th.
Glasgow, P.McP., 11th.
McLean, J., 24th.
Cunningham, F.T., 16th.
Munday, B. F., 7th.
Merrill, G., 19th.
Bowie, W. C., 5th.
Willis, W. E., 11th.
Seaton, J. B., 13th.
Sweeney, T. P., 20th.
Miesse, R. S., 25th.
Adamson, J.M., Jr., 5th.
Clark, F. P., 24th.
Thurber, J. F., 2d.
Titcomb, E. A., 15th.
Tatnall, H. C., 11th.
Jones, H. L., 13th.
Middendorf, J.W., Jr., 11th.
MacGillivray, C. R., 24th.
Clarke, G. S., 11th.
Stewart, H. P., 19th.
Albro, H. La R. K., 18th.
Porter, W. H., 1st.
Lyman, E., Jr., 2d.
Baker, C. L., 1st.
Menoher, D., 11th.
Devine, M. A., Jr., 15th.
Pettibone, J. L., 24th.
Berry, E. H., 25th.
Taft, H. E., 15th.
Werner, M. G., 24th.
Fitzgerald, G., 8th.
Schulze, P., Jr., 15th.
Banks, H. C., 2d.
McPherson, C. R., 11th.
Robinson, D. C., 1st.
St. Hill, T. N., 2d.
Killian, W. H., 11th.
Dockler, C. J., 3d.
Tenison, A. P., 23d.
Newell, O. C., 6th.
Selleck, L. M., 13th.
Fox, L. W., Jr., 20th.
Brown, L. T., 21st.
McColn, H. A., 19th.
Patterson, C. E., 11th.
Robertson, G. M., 1st.
McKay, F. R., 19th.
Johnson, C.W., Jr., 15th.
Withers, W. R., 25th.
Conard, A. H., 15th.
Noyes, F. E., 2d.
Blekre, F., 23d.
McDonald, H., Jr., 23d.
Flack, C. K., 25th.
Tyler, J. S., 15th.
Bowles, A. R., Jr., 3d.
Gray, F. A., 10th.
Thomas, R. G., 21st.
Lowry, A. R., Jr., 11th.
Speer, T. T., 3d.
Ulc, J. M., 11th.
Denny, C. M., 25th.
Smith, S. R., 2d.
Locke, R. F., 20th.
Fisher, C. U., 19th.
Thurber, H. S., 2d.
Hurton, A. T., 2d.
Ennis, W. K., 20th.
Jett, R. S., 11th.
Brown, W. C., Jr., 6th.
Kimberly, C. G., 23d.
Boylan, P. C., 23d.
Chamberlin, G. R., 3d.
Angel, L. B., 11th.
Burke, J. R., 11th.

Little, W. H., 2d.
Heckenberger, H. P., 18th.
Williams, R. E., 11th.
Waggner, G. J., 11th.
Newbury, C., 22d.
Baker, F. R., 11th.
Howard, D. C., Jr., 2d.

Harrington, 1st Lt. R. McKay, to Omaha, re mil. mapping.

Infantry.

Following Second Lieutenants recently appointed from civil life are assigned to regiments indicated:

Proctor, T. W., 49th.
Leftwich, G. J., Jr., 2d.
Reynolds, H. G., 9th.
Read, G., Jr., 62d.
Clements, J. C., 55th.
MacNider, H., 56th.
Wigton, E. N., 9th.
Ross, L. N., 12th.
Nicholl, T. H., 10th.
Decker, B. H., 30th.
Keatley, E. E., 37th.
Hazard, E. L., 8th.
McKee, G. H., 11th.
White, W. B., 24th.
Turner, L. W., 14th.
Duhn, F. W., 53d.
Cook, A. W., 19th.
Dechert, R., 7th.
Wyckoff, W. O., 22d.
Gripper, P. C., 21st.
Alley, R. C., 41st.
Simons, L., 55th.
Austin, J. M., 4th.
Corker, P. G., 55th.
Rogers, J. A., 3d.
Mead, L. R., 7th.
Wetherby, L. A., 52d.
Cross, S. H., 10th.
McMahon, B. B., 10th.
Kelso, W., Jr., 21st.
Richardson, L., 55th.
Kelley, R. F., 22d.
Powers, N., 10th.
Swett, T. W., 9th.
Haring, E. E., 22d.
Jacobs, C. H., 54th.
Wilson, A. D., 50th.
Pihlgard, E. F., 61st.
Mudge, A. W., Jr., 22d.
Hubbell, J. L., 47th.
Dumas, W. A., 21st.
Stevens, W. R. B., 34th.
Taylor, M., Jr., 5th.
Bissell, L. W., 4th.
Parkhurst, G. C., 9th.
Deyo, W. H., 49th.
Scott, D. M., 64th.
Wysor, R. E., Jr., 6th.
Wharton, J. E., 62d.
Smith, O., 51st.
Barndollar, M. D., Jr., 22d.
Lewis, F. C., 63d.
Day, J. H., 9th.
Vinal, A. W., 9th.
Ide, H. R., 57th.
Brown, R. R., 9th.
Codick, H. C., 40th.
Coghlan, J. J., 53th.
Luers, C. W., 61st.
Banigan, C., 9th.
Fingarson, G. E., 41st.
York, L. M., 53d.
Lilley, J. F., 34th.
Scales, H. L., 24th.
Emery, J. W., Jr., 9th.
Sturcken, H. E., 48th.
Hill, G., 35th.
Wiggins, P. P., 41st.
Pierce, B., 37th.
Gilson, P. C., 9th.
Nevio, C. W., 4th.
Harris, O. W., 41st.
Comey, H. D., 10th.
Dick, A. C., 53d.
Massie, R. K., Jr., 46th.
Welsch, H. A., Jr., 9th.
O'Toole, D. J., 61st.
Marable, B. C., 24th.
Noble, F. O., 50th.
Martin, H. H., 10th.
Conmy, J. B., 30th.
Griner, G. W., Jr., 35th.
Pearce, C. D., Jr., 10th.
Lowry, P. W., 49th.
Doble, J., 20th.
Smith, R. R., 21st.
Newton, H. E., 6th.
Farr, D. E., 10th.
Steward, E. M. S., 20th.
Rudehus, E. A., 44th.
Blanton, W. L., 55th.
Petersen, M., 20th.
Firth, S. M., 6th.
Markey, E. W., 19th.
Cochran, R. A., 10th.
Matlock, P. B., 20th.
Kleitz, W. L., 50th.
Putman, S. R., 57th.
Sellars, J. T., 55th.
McClure, R. A., 14th.
Clifford, T. M., 10th.
Caddy, T. L., 64th.
Leonard, M. H., 9th.
Weiskopf, A. A., 44th.
Ballard, J. A., 9th.
Pope, A. W., Jr., 9th.
Whisner, E. B., 20th.
Mayberry, H. T., 50th.
McDougal, E. D., Jr., 19th.
Winsor, C. P., 22d.
Darst, M. McK., 10th.
Dresser, E. C., 63d.
Carr, J. G., 37th.
Woolworth, C. McN., 40th.
Robertson, H. S., 41st.
Knott, A. R., 6th.
Brown, F. E., 10th.
Myers, R. M., 24th.
Smith, R. C., 42d.
Mitchell, E. N., 9th.
Stanley, W. E., 20th.
Davis, G. A., 5th.
Pope, G. V. W., 42d.
Butler, G. E., 10th.
Buermeyer, H. A., 9th.
Christie, W. McL., 55th.
Grubbs, M. M., 19th.
Burney, J. R., 21st.
Scott, W. H., 51st.
White, H. A., 48th.
Fite, J. A., 55th.
Peck, C. R., 63d.
Gillette, C. C., 4th.
McFaul, R. M., 30th.
Siler, B. H., 53d.
Hines, E., Jr., 61st.
Williams, E. C., 10th.
Montgomery, C.M., 10th.
Griffin, A. A., 52d.
Glenn, R. M., 22d.
Arnold, L. M., 48th.
Neff, S. O. C., 3d.
Winnightad, O.P., 12th.
Russell, P. S., 40th.
Swager, L. C., 20th.
Van Sant, J. A., 41st.
Spruill, F., Jr., 52d.
Williams, L. L., 62d.
Allison, E. M., 35th.
Clewell, E. L., 14th.
Moody, L. R., 44th.
Gibbens, L. D., 20th.
Kinloch, R. A., 54th.
Shaw, F. P., 42d.
Davidson, A. G., 36th.
Jackson, C. N., 10th.
Black, J. A., 34th.
Hall, G. G., 9th.
Hawkins, W. E., 24th.
Barrett, F. P., 10th.
Lenihan, E. G., 42d.
Little, B., 55th.
O'Neill, J. A., 11th.
Chester, E. W., 9th.
McKinley, G.C., Jr., 55th.
Savage, G. P., 10th.
Barham, K., 62d.
Gibson, H. P., 23d.
Mason, W. J., 19th.
Elmendorf, H.M., 50th.
Sutherland, C.F., 64th.
Hayward, E. P., 23d.
Myer, F. B., 10th.
Villaret, G., Jr., 54th.
Webb, L. A., 55th.
Van Deusen, E.S., 49th.
Ford, E. M., 12th.
Hunt, G. A., 23d.
Warren, R.H., Jr., 55th.
Walcott, J., 49th.
Dahlquist, J. E., 36th.
Brice, L. K., 52d.
Duke, J. E., 21st.
Ankorn, C. M., 10th.
Saladine, J.W., Jr., 23d.
Wood, M. C., 18th.
Robinson, R., 48th.
Bergin, W. E., 30th.
Epperson, S. R., 54th.
Bramlette, F. L., 24th.
Bagley, M. B., 6th.
McClune, H. H., 7th.
MacGregor, L. E., 41st.
Beese, L. R., 21st.
Bowey, P. R., 44th.
Givan, W. N., 22d.
Gowen, L. E., 63d.
Parker, G. E., 36th.
Nevins, A. S., 57th.
Watson, H. E., 37th.
Carpenter, R. C., 23d.
Boykin, R. S., 53d.
Phillips, W. L., 20th.
Reynolds, K. G., 48th.
Whedon, V. B., 14th.
Condit, P. H., 6th.
Fisher, R. S., 45th.
Dale, J. M., 49th.
Brand, T. S., 55th.
Urquhart, J. R., 44th.
Marston, M. W., 4th.
Atkins, A. B., 3d.
Filey, J. D., Jr., 23d.
Crose, J. G., 10th.
Tanner, L. F., 64th.
Venable, B. W., 45th.
Murphy, J. L., 37th.
Freels, J. W., 57th.
Hetzer, G.W., Jr., 61st.
Snowden, A. H., 51st.
Swanson, I. L., 14th.
Timmis, W. W., 22d.
Skeel, B. E., 10th.
Barry, T. P., Jr., 35th.
Reed, M. V., 40th.
Paine, A. G., 14th.
Stiles, F. C., 45th.
Woody, C. R., 43d.
Sherrill, E. M., 58th.
Arnold, J. W., 56th.
Myers, D. G., 50th.
Washburn, G. W., 22d.
Edmond, J. A., 39th.
Holran, F. R. D., 60th.
Teopen, A. P., 59th.
Wilson, R. F., 34th.
Pinch, J. W., 61st.
Hildring, J. H., 38th.
Peek, E. A., 64th.
McMillin, W. D., 14th.
Kyle, J. G., 53d.
Powell, W. U., 41st.
Cole, S. J., 58th.
Gillespie, E. F., 7th.
Mudge, J. B., 50th.
Askam, E. L. R., 23d.
Richmond, P. D., 23d.
McFadden, G., 55th.
Brickley, H. A., 23d.
Wiener, R., 23d.
Sullivan, A. P., 54th.

Smith, I., Jr., 56th.
Vawter, E. R., 10th.
Courtright, H. C., 19th.
Smith, W. T., 49th.
Huriess, B. F., 40th.
Habias, L. J., 57th.
Helm, L., Jr., 64th.
Heckman, R. M., 37th.
Gallagher, H. T., 48th.
Evans, B. D., Jr., 56th.
Norman, M. J., 61st.
Wrey, F. M., 54th.
Davis, W. J., 43d.
Vosseler, E. A., 60th.
Wade, A. B., 50th.
Rodman, J. H., 58th.
Casen, H. B., 34th.
Tiers, L. P., 7th.
Wood, D. L., Jr., 38th.
Lane, E. T., 45th.
Louisell, W. C., 3d.
White, E. R., 38th.
Platt, L. H., 60th.
Whitt, J. E., 19th.
Seton, H., 22d.
Ritter, W. L., 58th.
Patterson, R. W., 22d.
Whiteman, C. P., 35th.
Willis, E. de V., 36th.
Sears, C. H., 49th.
Lugton, C. R., 38th.
Sypper, C. H., 6th.
Newell, D. P., 58th.
Geyer, F. P., 58th.
DeWate, W. C., 21st.
Loring, W. E., 22d.
Bibb, J. R., 43d.
Barthelow, B. H., 22d.
Donovan, D. O., 6th.
Bacon, R. R., 62d.
Snyder, R. C., 37th.
Pond, H. E., 58th.
Marshall, S.B., Jr., 24th.
Tuttle, N., 38th.
Bell, G. G., 20th.
Smith, J. F., 61st.
Wilcox, H. B., 44th.
Ammerman, H.T., 24th.
Plough, P. H., 38th.
Goe, W. E., 34th.
Rogers, G. C., 45th.
Patterson, R. W., 39th.
Cardwell, M. H., 58th.
Richards, J. A., 1st.
Beal, G. F., 22d.
Wheeler, D. E., 54th.
Ferret, M. J., 64th.
Reimel, S. E., 4th.
Fielder, K. J., 56th.
Trimble, G. J., 48th.
Adair, H. D., 50th.
Wing, L. C., 53d.
Behan, J. C., Jr., 40th.
Ives, I. McN., 61st.
Green, J. R., 35th.
Tucker, J. D., 3d.
Van Pelt, D. B., 56th.
Tonnesen, H. A., 37th.
Burt, F., 34th.
Emerson, W. H., 49th.
Neal, H. L., 46th.
Phillipp, L. S. N., 50th.
Bell, R. P., 38th.
Piburn, E. W., 36th.
McCutcheon, J. J., 4th.
Whittemore, K.S., 49th.
Martin, A. L., 17th.
Folwell, H. P., 64th.
Martell, J. G., 60th.
Partridge, F. H., 48th.
Royall, J. C., Jr., 56th.
Smith, L. H., 20th.
Spitz, J. H., 22d.
Mackie, R. S., 41st.
Trenholm, D. De S., 39th.
Gartin, W. R., 45th.
Edwards, I. H., 50th.
Wilcox, R. E., 7th.
LaChapelle, H.Do., 38th.
Elliott, K. V., 58th.
Brosoh, R., 61st.
Marsh, F. T., 22d.
Gordon, A. R., 39th.
Anderson, S. A., 14th.
Carroll, P. G., 57th.
Schoonover, H.F., 59th.
Baker, P. T., 58th.
Emmons, A. W., 39th.
Keller, H. W., 37th.
Williams, J.C., 53d.
Clark, W. H., Jr., 24th.
Maack, A. C., 19th.
Lynch, M. M., 58th.
Mahon, R. P., Jr., 57th.
Burns, M., 42d.
Kennedy, F.K., Jr., 7th.
Segur, H. C., 59th.
Cowin, L. V., 61st.
Powers, D. P., 17th.
Wilson, W. P., 6th.
Cromelin, J. S. M., 11th.
Hallorn, M. E., 24th.
Vevia, F. J., 54th.
Gibson, R. B., 59th.
Smith, J. R., 42d.
Read, M. S., 54th.
Steele, P., 3d.
Johnson, L. N., 40th.
Spaulding, F.R., 20th.
Cummins, R. E., 35th.
Horton, W. D., 48th.
Lafon, F. L., 17th.
Cook, G. E., 27th.
Young, G. W., Jr., 63d.
Mitchell, E. H., 19th.
Grimm, D. S., 45th.
Sullivan, W. M. E., 6th.
Considine, R. C., 61st.
Cutrer, J. C., 19th.
Howard, M. L., 55th.
Farrell, L. J., 41st.
Elder, J. G., 47th.
Stephens, F. O., 60th.
Bain, B. B., 58th.
Halliday, T. D., 55th.
Bertschey, S. L., 6th.
Hough, R. B., Jr., 48th.
Bertholf, C. L., 40th.
Nixon, C. B., 17th.
Clifford, S., 49th.
Williams, I. R., 7th.
Meriwether, J.B., Jr., 54th.
Hinman, F. G., 3d.
Cook, R. E. L., Jr., 52d.
Bates, G. M., 21st.
Whitten, R. Q., 22d.
Roberts, B. R., 21st.
Lauer, W. E., 49th.
Jones, P. S., 59th.
McDermid, G. C., 53d.
Black, P. C., 34th.
Blank, L. H., 59th.
Boykin, B. L., 56th.
Mertens, K., 14th.
Kennedy, A. J., 39th.
Gordon, C. R., 12th.
Cordero, V.N., P.R.Reg.
Covell, B. S., 64th.
Wood, W. S., 57th.
Quarterman, W. H., Jr., 34th.
Eaker, I. C., 34th.
Arthur, P. H., 53d.
Amerine, W. M., 56th.
Merritt, H.C., Jr., 38th.
Bell, D. B., 39th.
Glass, W. C., 23d.
Franklin, H. L., 45th.
Collins, E. L., 12th.
Dahringer, J. F., 58th.
Adams, J. A., 17th.
Sullivan, C., 44th.
Evans, W. R., 41st.
Swofford, J.J., Jr., 35th.
Bressler, D. L., 62d.
Dumas, A. H., 17th.
Morrow, D. W., 59th.
Parsons, T. F., 58th.
Graham, J. R., 22d.
Dikes, J. L., 21st.
Gunn, K. B., 63d.
Campbell, B., 36th.
Fall, A. A., 58th.
Schucker, F. R., 32d.
Cunningham, J.W., 49th.
Davey, J. L., 44th.
Wilson, W. G., 59th.
Belwood, J. M., 46th.
O'Reilly, J. P., 4th.
Smith, D. G., 3d.
Allison, H., 54th.
Quentin, H. P., 63d.
Kirk, B. G., 24th.
Jones, D., 7th.
Randolph, J. H., 11th.
Atkinson, B. A., 17th.
Wimberley, N.A., 52d.
Boughton, L. L., 41st.
Eaton, M. G., 42d.
Hooven, R. L., 11th.
Fogarty, W. A., 59th.
Luse, A. H., 48th.
Stickney, L. S., 39th.
Stratford, J. B., 34th.
Gillio, G. H., 39th.
McComas, B. C., 59th.
Stubbs, M. G., 42d.
Richards, C. K., 35th.
Aikins, V. W., 9th.
Warren, G. S., 39th.
Dingley, R. S., 39th.
Hearn, S. B., 34th.
Farmer, H. W., 58th.
Cordero, M., Porto Rico Regt.
Swindler, H. O., 61st.
Hale, A. L., 50th.
Mills, F. O., 50th.
Parnell, G. D., 39th.
Hamilton, W.D., 58th.
Skinner, R., 40th.
Bingham, B. A., 59th.
Jones, J. A., 50th.
Kerbow, H. R., 35th.
Hurley, R. E., 40th.
Norman, G. W., 57th.
Elliott, W. A., 44th.
Klein, J. A., 34th.
Whitehead, G.S., 17th.
Wilce, H. D., 44th.
Oliver, J. L., Porto Rico Regt.
Pirazzi, R., Porto Rico Regt.
Crossen, T. W., 43d.
Peterson, H. G., 10th.
Rogers, H. L., 52d.
Vanaken, W. B., 43th.
Davis, C. R., 22d.
Barber, T. C., 48th.
Dyhrls, R. W., 46th.
Hedcock, G. B., 63d.
McMahon, C. H., 14th.
Julings, C. M., 3d.
Ramsay, G. L., 52d.
King, R. S., 31st.
Adair, Alex, 12th.
Rothrock, E. S., 21st.
Hurley, R. J., 61st.
Treat, B. F., 20th.
Cleveland, A. C., 30th.
Phillips, W. C., 46th.
Gray, H. P., 51st.

Browning, R.M., 36th.
Esterbrook, A.E., 55th.
Sapia, T., Porto Rico.
Latimer, G. G., P. R.
Butler, J. F., 30th.
Martin, T. M., 46th.
Sacre, V. E., 24th.
Plumley, R. G., 39th.
Rutledge, C. L., 43d.
McCarthy, C. J., 4th.
McCluro, J. N., 60th.
Moore, M. T., 35th.
Meinsen, L.L.W., 46.
Erlenborn, A., 19th.
Albright, J. J., 40th.
Vermette, R. E., 20th.
Tillinghast, C. W., Jr., 22d.
Schlieker, G. A., 46th.
Stone, E. E., Jr., 62d.
Hilliard, W.G., Jr., 64.
Skerry, L. M., 19th.
Touart, A. J., 56th.
Riher, D. H., 54th.
Ball, M. P., 30th.
Cumming, G., 46th.
Jaus, R. B., 20th.
Collins, H. J., 3d.
Hazelgrove, G.B., 48th.
Hollowell, H. P., 7th.
Robinson, W. F., 22d.
Broyles, R. J., 56th.
Jutte, W. R., 49th.
Smith, H. C., 14th.
McCarthy, M. H., 22d.
Vanripper, G. P., 43d.
Hutten, A. W., 36th.
Bechtel, H. R., 41st.
Alexander, H.B., 40th.
Wents, J. F., 35th.
Simpson, F. T., 53d.
Rockafeller, H. J., Jr., 51st.
Easley, J. F., 46th.
Ludas, B. L., 38th.
Riddell, R. R., 40th.
Wear, G. S., 21st.
Labouisse, W. H., 64th.
Scott, W. T., 43d.
Curran, J. E., 64th.
McCloy, J. S., 60th.
Peterson, T. E., 41st.
Maher, E. V., 43d.
King, G. A., Jr., 55th.
Price, C. F., 11th.
Kilgore, H. M., 54th.
May, W. E., 51st.
Zigler, J. N., 46th.
Lipzy, P. I., 34th.
Eager, H. I., 34th.
Bell, E. S., 45th.
Theus, C. M., 53d.
Frost, T. H., 54th.
Moore, B., 35th.
Paton, H. D., 44th.
Crabb, C. V., 64th.
David, F. C., 56th.
Brian, A. R., 40th.
Arnold, E. G., 63d.
Ketcham, W. R., 4th.
Littleton, W. F., 3d.
Hale, J., 22d.
Essenden, E.K.H., 49th.
O'Daniel, J. W., 11th.
Winant, F., Jr., 30th.
Fallaw, S. G., 3d.
Cowan, H. W., 49th.
Haynes, B., 58th.
Johnson, A. L., 37th.
Thompson, H.F., 34th.
McCarthy, J. A., 49th.
Allen, W. H., 56th.
Bishop, F. H., 24th.
McKenna, J. W., 46th.
Cochrane, F. A., 49th.
Porter, P. L., 64th.
McDaniel, L. L., 56th.
Wolbrette, H., 57th.
Jones, L. B., 50th.
Armstrong, H.F., 22d.
Jordan, H. C., 59th.
Preshaw, G., 20th.
Moore, H. Q., 38th.
Parker, R.S., Jr., 36th.
Jencks, C. D., 7th.
Fitsgerald, F.S., 45th.
Bouknight, W.M., 52d.
Didriksen, P.H., 30th.
Hays, W.B., Jr., 21st.
Vandyke, H. A., 48th.
Kendrick, H. D., 40th.
Perkins, W. E., 46th.
Busk, J. B., 38th.
Cooley, A. L., 43d.
Barrell, L. C., 24th.
Innis, C. M., 19th.
Paschal, W. E., 52d.
Pelton, B. W., 22d.
Thompson, L. H., 61st.
Longre, T. B., 14th.
Vicars, T. C., 58th.
Grogan, S. J., 49th.
Waters, R. B., 52d.
Jackson, S., 3d.
Bishop, J. P., 45th.
Woodward, R.E., 48th.
Lloyd, W. K., 48th.
Gay, J. H., Jr., 4th.
Clark, W. R., 50th.
Gates, W. B., 19th.
Tuttle, M. A., 64th.
Cleat, W. J., 22d.
Neundorfer, O. J., Jr., 56th.
Ewing, T. H., 34th.
Norton, F. A., 49th.
Talley, A. W., 30th.
Wells, O. D., 23d.
Norris, W. B., Jr., 37th.
Jones, M. P., 55th.
Anderson, S. I., 58th.
Huff, W. B., 3d.
Healy, J. A., 38th.
Johnston, T. K., 4th.
Terry, A. P., 39th.
Griswold, S. F., 38th.
Hooven, W.T., Jr., 47th.
Lankester, S. D., 44th.
Ripley, D. H., 35th.
Ryan, C. E., 49th.
Hannan, T. G., 46th.
Hull, J. E., 34th.
Corn, J. F., 46th.
Horton, E. E., 34th.
Bresnahan, T. F., 38th.
Still, K. M., 52d.
Thomas, H. F., 57th.
Kelley, S. J. A., 22d.
Crockett, G. K., 38th.
Howe, J. H., 60th.
Priddy, W. S., 22d.
Fry, R. T., 38th.
Gaines, L. M., 6th.
Smith, R. B., 41st.
Hough, P. R., 48th.
Adams, M. J., 19th.
Woodhurn, T. B., 24th.
Payne, J. W., 10th.
Wilson, Wm. B., 40th.
Dibrell, J. T., 3d.
Lilly, E. J., Jr., 52d.
Hayes, O. R., 15th.
Shrock, E. G., 57th.
Miller, R. M., 50th.
Young, H. G., 36th.
Rawson, C. A., 56th.
Lax, B. E., 30th.
Rutan, C. M., 37th.
Cleave, J. C., 7th.
Garnjost, A. H., 22d.
Brann, D. W., 46th.
Baker, A. A., 40th.
Roderick, T. E., 58th.
Medill, J. S., 43d.
Howard, J. J., 64th.
Hall, J. C. R., 50th.
Harris, R. W., 21st.
Lockwood, E. W., 62d.
Oliver, J. W. B., 6th.
Hilliard, L. W., 38th.
Blalock, W. C., 58th.
Johnston, H., 50th.
Scudder, I. C., 34th.
Crane, R. Z., 22d.
MacGowan, H. V., 41st.
Schroeder, C. H., 36th.
Friggs, W. C., 46th.
Price, W.C., Jr., 48th.
Chandler, N. B., 22d.
Trippe, R. H., 56th.
Robinson, H. A., 17th.
Johnson, W. H., 40th.
Callahan, F. X., 17th.
Doan, D. B., 50th.
Thomas, H. G., 58th.
Warner, I. J., 11th.
Harrison, J. L., 55th.
Harding, F. C., 41st.
Moorhead, J. K., 61st.
Case, R. A., 40th.
Lyons, J. J., 20th.
Frizzell, C.F., Jr., 38th.
Duff, R. E., 46th.
Ewing, D. J., 7th.
Reid, W. A., 56th.
Lehman, R. G., 17th.
Deane, J. R., 14th.
Smith, G. W., 49th.
Perry, G. S., Jr., 43d.
Williams, G. S., 38th.
Robinson, C. S., 52d.
Beard, P. S., 57th.
Welch, R. O., 48th.
Bill, R. H., 38th.
Vasquez, E., Jr., P.R.
Clover, G. W., 14th.
Menefee, P. L., 12th.
Smith, E. A., 61st.
Mosee, E. W., 24th.
Grant, R., 55th.
Meek, R. S., 17th.
Sample, R. S., 49th.
Thompson, W. C., 38th.
Kennington, R.E., 55th.
Morrow, G. L., 58th.
Rymer, W. C., 51st.
Ludington, G. F., 48th.
McColley, C. B., 42d.
Sadler, P. L., 56th.
Doye, R. W., 38th.
Blanding, V. L., 40th.
Martin, H. F., 47th.
Langstaff, D.O., 34th.
Page, G. K., 50th.
Yancey, W. B., 51st.
Vance, G. D., 21st.
Wright, C. R., 46th.
Coleman, J. S., 55th.
Colby, E., 40th.
Wight, G. K., 22d.
Johnson, A. S., 37th.
Robinson, P. B., 54th.
McCarthey, G. E., 20th.
Walthour, R.F., Jr., 33d.
Lawler, J. P., 40th.
Owen, C. N., 57th.
Palmer, A. M., 49th.
Bair, J. R., 45th.
Dahlberg, A. F., 40th.
Bowden, E. T., 24th.
Styles, C. H., 23d.

Slackford, F. J., 45th.
Barber, F. E., 23d.
Brannan, J. E., 45th.
Chryney, W. J., 52d.
Lewis, A. S., 25th.
Wilson, G. L., 22d.
Carpenter, E.H., Jr., 40th.
Hickey, R. W., 10th.
Reese, T. L., 10th.
McCarthy, L., Jr., 36th.
O'Grady, J. M., 53d.
Marshman, D.M., 45th.
Beavers, H. B., 51st.
Gibson, H. D., 23d.
Wilbur, H. S., 49th.
Black, C. O., 19th.
Coulter, W. L., 64th.
Hinwood, J.H., Jr., 11th.
Delong, J. C., 43th.
Pedley, T.A., Jr., 14th.
Gideon, C. H., 3d.
Chadwick, J. B., 55th.
Varhell, J. B., 52d.
Chapman, R. C., 23d.
Frederick, E. M., 61st.
Harris, F. S., 63d.
Dashiell, G. F., 11th.
Erwin, J., 53th.
Brodie, G. W., Jr., 42d.
Jobson, E. R., 45th.
Couch, E. S., 22d.
Devine, W. J., 49th.
Brooks, C. C., 42d.
Kaemmerling, G., 23d.
Rattan, W. V., 21st.
Herbert, W. C., 11th.
Craighead, A. M., 45th.
Symington, J. M., 23d.
Fitts, M. R., 42d.
Wilson, E. R., 23d.
Zuppann, L., 37th.
Burks, H. D., 61st.
Jopson, A. B., 4th.
Guarini, F. H., 12th.
Langan, J. A., 50th.
Perley, E. G., 40th.
Johnson, C. S., 52d.
Wear, H. A., 35th.
Loring, D., Jr., 23d.
Everett, J. D., 54th.
McClary, H. C., 42d.
Fields, J. M., 21st.
Thompson, S.C., 34th.
George, E., 30th.
Clifford, E., 43d.
Mills, E. C., 19th.
Storms, H. E., 48th.
Hoftyzer, E. R., 45th.
Holmes, F. R., 50th.
Hardy, R. E., 44th.
Martin, R., 45th.
Smith, W.M., Jr., 64th.
Miller, H. W., 57th.
Bye, M. R., 49th.
Truitt, W. I., 51st.
Rice, J. K., 36th.
Hagan, J. H., 55th.
Cullen, C. W., 5th.
Ellis, R. B., 24th.
Murphy, J. E., 38th.
Conroy, F. M., 14th.
Boombower, A.R., 48th.
Miller, G. A., 41st.
Hilton, S. C., 44th.
Sharman, J. R., 3d.
Freeman, W. J., 23d.
Harkan, G. A., 53th.
Caygill, H. W., 23d.
Phillips, J. L., 54th.
Jeffres, J. E., 22d.
Scott, B. G., 62d.
Quinn, O. H., 36th.
Scott, J. W., 45th.
Page, L. A., 4th.
Sproul, J. R., 7th.
Silvey, W. R., 61st.
Garbrick, C. E., 48th.
Martin, T. E., 35th.
Guilbeau, T. J., 64th.
Mathison, J. J., 45th.
Berry, K. L., 21st.
Kemp, E. P., 14th.
McReynolds, W.P., 36th.
Fay, A. D., 49th.
Ramsey, T. H., 45th.
Rack, L. B., 61st.
O'Connor, B. F., 22d.
Driskell, W.P., Jr., 11th.
Georgesen, L. W., 23d.
Webster, W. C., 12th.
Shideler, R. E., 45th.
Craig, C. F., 53d.
Emery, H. D., 3d.
Slocum, R., 48th.
Stettinius, W. C., 51st.
Craig, W. H., 52d.
Knight, T. C., 63d.
Boyd, F. E., 56th.
Schmidt, G. S., Jr., 6th.
Battle, J. M., 22d.
Conkling, V., 42d.
Gorden, A. O., 36th.
Roberts, F. A., 55th.
Berg, M. J., 37th.
Hannigan, H. J., 48th.
Buchanan, M. V., 45th.
Wiley, W. E., 57th.
Chickering, W. E., 7th.
Barrett, D. D., 20th.
Pitts, W. B., 38th.
Davie, P. D., 46th.
Pinckney, G., 54th.
Milner, F. C., 44th.
Bowden, G. K., 40th.
Darr, F. M., 42d.
Ward, F. T., 19th.
Fannin, O. W., 35th.
Turner, A. L., 37th.
Wolber, O.K., 40th.
Clark, F. O., 30th.
Potts, R. G., 36th.
Schwartz, J. R., 49th.
Reed, O. W., 42d.
Maddox, L. W., 45th.
Tayntor, C. O., 47th.
Stansberry, E. E., 55th.
Hilgartner, A. H., 11th.
Watkins, E. P., 36th.
Sexton, P. J., 30th.
Curry, H., 46th.
Adams, O. R., 45th.
Drake, H. H., 41st.
Sloper, B. R., 24th.
Farish, W. S., 34th.
Vernon, W. E., 34th.
Makinson, W. T., 56th.
Allen, C. E., Jr., 30th.
Hinneman, J. P., 30th.
Tharp, L. M., 11th.
Steel, T. B., 35th.
Busch, E., 46th.
Scott, F. L., Jr., 42d.
McGrath, D. G., 48th.
Bernstein, M., 38th.
Clark, W. B., 22d.
Blanding, J. L., 45th.
Miller, L. T., 46th.
Hoyt, J. K., Jr., 30th.
McDaniel, A. B., 24th.
Kendrick, R. T., 57th.
Perrott, D. W., 46th.
Boyer, E. J., 36th.
Nabb, M. J., 7th.
Glithero, J. C., 21st.
Armstrong, R.N., 48th.
Magill, W. F., Jr., 12th.
Shepley, E. A. H., 42d.
Staples, M. F., 48th.
Kelleher, J. H., 57th.
Kelley, J. J., 22d.
Wagner, R. J., 44th.
Embree, F. V., 62d.
Day, W. C., 20th.
McCall, J. W., Jr., 52d.
Merriam, W. E., 50th.
Vail, D. P., 61st.
Butler, T. W., 56th.
Busteel, F. G., 50th.
Heisse, J. W., 4th.
Peabody, S. C., 45th.
Johnson, H. V., 54th.
Hervey, S. D., 21st.
Pearson, F. J., 49th.
Donovan, L., 56th.
Hart, J. G., 54th.
Schaper, H. H., 14th.
Vernon, P. M., 3d.
Richardson, J. A., 43d.
Conley, L. F., 30th.
Reiley, P. P., 35th.
Buchanan, P. S., 46th.
Cox, L. B., 6th.
Reichert, C. J., 22d.
Deck, F. W., 48th.
Mann, S. Y., 30th.
Braker, G.H., Jr., 49th.
Wythe, L. D., 21st.
King, F. W., 49th.
Downing, R. S., 22d.
Hancock, G. M., 48th.
Hodge, J. R., 61st.
Toole, L. E., 43d.
Johnson, J.F., Jr., 56th.
Straly, F. M., 30th.
Malone, E. H., 34th.
Swift, W. A., 37th.
Wright, R. C., 62d.
Rautenber, C.B., 30th.
Chester, M. H., 17th.
Dudley, F. M., 64th.
Sanford, W. C., 17th.
Lloyd, P. J., 44th.
Williams, C. G., 56th.
Cornell, T. M., 43d.
Blackford, L. M., 53d.
Dumont, F. G., 30th.
Payne, I. H., 45th.
Kellogg, P. V., 57th.
Ewing, G. F., 54th.
Crawford, I. W., 24th.
Reed, C. A., 43d.
Smith, J. B., 22d.
Walk, A. R., 7th.
List, L. A., 46th.
Hills, R. B., 24th.
Daisy, G. D., 22d.
Schmidt, W. W., 45th.
Grose, J. E., 59th.
Brown, K. R., 61st.
Rice, E. L., 22d.
Sanborn, E. M., 50th.
Ludlum, C.A., Jr., 39th.
Klingler, R. R., 45th.
Reicheldeffer, H., 19th.
Milne, R. H., 41st.
Lucay, J. T., Jr., 49th.
Morris, E. J., 48th.
Campbell, R. F., 58th.
Jarman, E. W., 16th.
Rodgers, J. A., 17th.
Murray, S., 17th.
Chamberlain, L.C., 40th.
Snyder, J. S., 14th.
Colin, S. F., 20th.
Garsa, J. L., 24th.
Davis, W. B., 59th.
Chembliss, J. D., 3d.
Beebe, L. C., 30th.
Porter, R. E., 34th.
Kilgare, G. J., 57th.

Valden, Lt. Col. W. J., Ala. N.G., promoted to be a Colonel.
Layton, Capt. C. R., Fla. N.G., promoted to be a Major.
Hampton, 1st Lt., and White, 1st Lt. J. W., Fla., promoted to be Captains.
Bugbee, Maj. F. W., previous orders revoked.

Following of Fla. N.G. promoted to be First Lieutenants:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Stone, B. F.
Marsh, R. L.
Byrne, J. C.
Shands, J. W.
Hale, B H.
Blackmer, W. S.
Sparkman, T. B.
Drane, O. W.
Covington, V. T.
Bule, A. P.
White, B. W.
McCaughen, C. B.
Stanley, E. N.
Leffingwell, J. B.
Cassels, J. E.
Cooper, H. P.

Infantry Reserve Corps.

Following of Fla. N.G. appointed to be First Lieutenants:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.
Currey, B.
Calhoun, P. C.
Bryant, F. D.
Bean, E. E.
Deupree, T. W.
Deapree, J. E.
Simmons, S. S.
Tibecomb, T. N.

Following promoted to be Second Lieutenants:
Bushnell, 1st Sergt. B. E.
Daniel, Sergt. J. N.
Washburn, 1st Sergt. F. E.
Register, 1st Sergt. A. J.
Holland, Asst. Band Leader F. L.
McEachin, Sergt. A. M.
Meharg, Sergt. C. W.
Stephens, 1st Sergt. W. B.
Hampton, 1st Class Sergt. H. C.
Burkhead, 1st Class Sergt. E. G.
Getsoff, Sergt. B.
Nance, Sergt. E. M.
Pierce, Corporal A. R.

Adjutant General's Department.

Keith, 1st Lt. E. D., to 6th Div., at Camp McClellan.
Eiseman, 2d Lt. M. C., to 29th Div., at Camp McClellan.
Nussbaum, 2d Lt. F. L., to 29th Div., at Camp McClellan.
Kelly, 1st Lt. J. H., and Reynolds, 2d Lt. C., to 92 Div., at Camp Funston.
Knight, 1st Lt. T. A.; Stanley, 2d Lt. J. M.; Sykel, 2d Lt. A. L., to 5th Div., at Camp Logan; Savage, 1st Lt. H. J., to 4th Div., at Camp Greene; German, 2d Lt. F. T., to 3d Div., at Camp Greene; Neely, 2d Lt. J. H., to 6th Div., at Camp McClellan; Stackpole, 1st Lt. E. B., to 4th Div., at Camp Greene; Dyar, 2d Lt. W., to 80th Div., at Camp Lee; St. Louis, 2d Lt. J. A., to 92d Div., at Camp Funston.

Field Artillery.

Following Second Lieutenants recently appointed from civil life are assigned to regiments indicated:

Fox, A. E., 4th.
Goodman, R.A.B., 14th.
Josephs, D. C., 3d.
Paul, J. G., 3d.
Cummings, W.G., 16th.
Glazebrook, L.W., Jr., 12th.
Neave, C. F., 3d.
Brown, D. H., 17th.
Ives, S. B., 19th.
Butler, J. V., 3d.
Pontius, M. H., 14th.
McDonald, A. J., 20th.
Handy, J. L., 14th.
Mahon, S., 14th.
Shapley, J. R., 8th.
Holmes, K. L., 4th.
Ragland, H. E., 10th.
Crotty, R. E., 19th.
Allton, R. A., 18th.
Foster, P. W., Jr., 3d.
Patterson, A. P., 14th.
Hodge, P. G., 16th.
Tate, A., 8th.
Slocum, L. H., 2d.
Bond, L. A., 13th.
Rees, H. M., 10th.
Brinckerhoff, J.E., 21st.
Brotherton, H.T., 17th.
Smoley, S. D., 8th.
Wilson, R. W., 4th.
Terrell, R. De P., 13th.
Webb, R. F., 21st.
Lasch, W. G., 8th.
Nagel, F. A., 8th.
Hartigan, J. E., 17th.
O'Hair, E. A., 19th.
Green, A. B., 18th.
Sanford, R. A., 20th.
Cunningham, O.B., 15th.
Burchenal, C. H., 14th.
Smith, W. L., 13th.
Delaney, F. C., 21st.
Hasseneahl, K., 14th.
Reynolds, R. P., 20th.
McCarthy, D. P., 15th.
Reniers, P. F., 16th.
Shelton, J. H., 4th.
Lathrop, L. H., 21st.
Roberts, J. S., 11th.
Estabrook, J. R., 14th.
Vogel, L. J., 14th.
Maur, R. B., 8th.
Hamaker, M. L., 13th.
Sumner, W. B., 19th.
Henry, D., 18.
Morse, H. S., 16th.
Corkill, W. E., 10th.
Thornburg, M.W., 11th.
Catlett, J. B., 14th.
Crane, D. L., 13th.
Chalmers, T. L., 4th.
Timmerman, F.H., 13th.
Bradford, A. J., 20th.
Smith, G. L., 21st.
Goodspeed, G. S., 4th.
Seagle, R. H., 8th.
Wiley, H. W., 19th.
Green, W. C., 10th.
Coleman, A. S., 8th.
Labarron, R. F., 3d.
Boyd, J. H., 14th.
Challis, J.V.H., 19th.
Graham, F.W.W., Jr., 20th.
Finley, H. D., 21st.
Kelly, J. P., 18th.
Deeds, H. T., 14th.
Fidlar, J. B., 10th.
Teneyck, C. B., 11th.
Graves, J. A., 14th.
Schurman, G. M., 4th.
Brown, C. D., 8th.
Kretzer, H. W., 8th.
Randol, R. L., 11th.
Rood, M. H., 14th.
Blue, H. N., 3d.
McHenry, J. H., 3d.
Smith, G. L., 21st.
Franklin, J. M., 4th.
Carmichael, A.E., 3d.
Anderson, J. V., 21st.
Rompel, W., 15th.
Voorhes, M. I., 14th.
Devereux, L. W., 21st.
Crossman, E. G., 4th.
Learnard, R. K., 10th.
Carl, P. F., Jr., 21st.
Gardner, J.H., Jr., 16th.
Demarest, D. D., 4th.
Chanler, W. C., 14th.
Kilbourn, O. P., 21st.
Clancey, J. T., 3d.
Leach, W. W., 10th.
Dick, J. B., 4th.
Kenan, Dan C., 19th.
Messick, A. S., 3d.
Wallace, K. S., 4th.
Ripley, E.B., Jr., 16th.
Routh, H. B., 14th.
Boyd, J. H., 21st.
Butner, J. O., 8th.
Cummings, E., 15th.
Ott, E. S., 10th.
Bagby, R. B., 21st.
Moore, T. B., 13th.
Brown, J. S., Jr., 4th.
Gossett, H.H.P., 11th.
McIntosh, R. J., 15th.
Campbell, H. L., 18th.
Longino, H. F., 8th.
Potter, D. W., 4th.
Ewert, E. C., 13th.
Fitzgerald, D. J., 12th.
Hahn, R. W., 8th.
Jacobson, R. E., 16th.
Miller, R. A., 11th.

O'Harrow, J. W., 14th.
Kennedy, C.S.S., 8th.
Martz, J. A., 8th.
Goff, L. B., Jr., 10th.
Heatherington, R., 8th.
Williams, F. M., 20th.
Farthing, W. E., 13th.
Noyes, N., 4th.
Bowles, W.B., Jr., 19th.
Weston, E., Jr., 20th.
Roquemore, R. D., 5th.
Hodges, K., 14th.
McCreary, M. L., 8th.
Requa, E. M., 8th.
Montgomery, M.M. 8th.
Whitlock, L. J., 2d.
Monahan, J. C., 16th.
Black, F. H., 14th.
Cobb, W. B., 19th.
Garland, C., 21st.
Jackson, E. B., 13th.
Cassell, G. W., 19th.
Canine, R. J., 8th.
Carson, D. A., 21st.
Cranston, D. J., 8th.
Clarke, H.St.C., 14th.
Gray, E. J., 16th.
Kelley, A. P., 2d.
Park, C. C., 8th.
Andregg, J. S., 19th.
Harrison, M. R., 17th.
Robinson, W. S., 8th.
Laggren, R. I., 4th.
Cooke, W. T., Jr., 3d.
Merseils, W.B., Jr., 16th.
Ross, T. J., Jr., 4th.
Woodall, H. C., 8th.
Campbell, J. C., 11th.
Howe, H., 16th.
Andrews, J. W., 20th.
Minton, M.M., Jr., 4th.
Wilmer, T. W., 19th.
Burch, A. T., 11th.
Edward, H., 4th.
Hays, G. P., 10th.
Tanner, E. W., 14th.
Bally, W. L., 21st.
Duncombe, H.S., Jr., 4th.
Sheets, J. R., 3d.
Witter, G. G., 15th.
Parker, G. M., 4th.
Marston, O. F., 4th.
Dodd, E., 4th.
Clifford, A. V., 14th.
Lyle, F. B., 13th.
Lawhon, Z. E., 3d.
Riley, F. S., 10th.
Denegre, T. B., 20th.
White, N. U., 3d.
Bowes, J., Jr., 18th.
McCaslin, J. W., 8th.
Keating, J. H., 4th.
Dobbs, J., 8th.
Howry, K. W., 15th.
Metcalf, F. A., 4th.
Burr, H., 13th.
Robertson, H. M., 3d.
Kirkendall, E.T., 14th.
Soderholm, W.H., 15th.
Finney, C.E., Jr., 20th.
Thayer, E. C., 16th.
Barnwell, J. B., 13th.
Long, A. W., 18th.
Staebler, C. A., 11th.
Susmann, S. W., 8th.
Almy, S. C., 4th.
Shea, J. T., 8th.
Cabot, C. R., 4th.
Schlesinger, A. L., 3d.
Goldsborough, M.L., 3d.
Henson, H. R., 8th.
Camp, H. E., 4th.
Smith, A. B., 10th.
Partridge, L. S., 3d.
Farrar, R. J. H., 20th.
Etter, G., 20th.
Anschutz, E. B., 16th.
Cloward, D. J., 8th.
Hurd, V. K., 13th.
Uebelacker, A. A., 3d.
Philip, W. R., 17th.
Nauts, H. W., 21st.
Hendricks, T.N., 12th.
Debell, J. M., 10th.
Wilson, V., 10th.
Higgins, O. B., 16th.
Barnett, R. M., 8th.
Fleming, P. C., 4th.
Sherer, P. B., 10th.
Boehm, J. F., 8th.
Driscoll, R., 4th.
Gerdon, N. D., 10th.
Caswell, C. C., 3d.
Staples, R. T., 18th.
Hayman, G. R., 19th.
Gale, S. C., 16th.
Miller, A. W., 4th.
Ruppel, F. H., 4th.
Blakeley, H. W., 4th.
White, W. C., 11th.
Arthur, C.P., Jr., 16th.
Dersez, L., 3d.
Taylor, H. P., 16th.
Van Liew, M. A., 16th.
Young, Y. Y., 18th.
Watkins, J. G., 10th.
Miller, C. M., Jr., 19th.
Crehan, J. P., 8th.
Taylor, S. O., 20th.
McConnaughty, D.S., 3d.
Taylor, J., 6th.
Grasse, C. A., 13th.
Arnold, P. M., 8th.
Jacobs, W. S., 21st.
Sheldon, C.M., Jr., 19th.
Barcalow, B. M., 19th.
Bruce, J., 3d.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Following Second Lieutenants recently appointed from civil life are assigned to active duty:

Dalsheimer, H.
Browne, E. T.
Levinson, H. C.
Kresce, M. W.
Ricker, G. W.
Pollock, M. W.
Coward, R. W.
Merrill, J. O.
Howe, P. S., Jr.
Roscoe, E. S.
Fraser, E. S.
Pike, S. T.
Landon, S. W., Jr.
Clyde, L.
Jenkins, J. S., Jr.
Hart, W. L.
Lee, G. P.
Oglesby, E. J.
Riggs, C. G.
Barbour, D. L.
Farnham, G. W.
Barry, E. F.
Clyde, R. A.
Tucker, F. G.
Holland, S. L.
Bultman, H. F. E.
Persons, W. B.
Sykes, E. P.
Lum, B. A.
Fleet, R. S.
Whittlesley, M. M.
Murphy, J. G.
Miller, J. J.
McSherry, F. J.
Hammond, C. S.
Whittelsey, C. E., Jr.
Adams, R. B.
Taylor, L. J.
Connett, H.
Silkman, J. M.
Mickelsen, S. R.
Morse, L. B.
Glasheen, R. E.
Vigneron, E. M.
Meredith, H. C.
Bentley, R.
Kimball, R. M.
Taliaferro, E. S.
Patterson, A. F.
Evans, H. T.
Esterbrook, W. P.
McClure, D. F.
Case, H.
Ray, J. V.
Vaughan, W. S.
Hawkins, R. D.
Dewitt, R. P.
Collet, W. J.
Mackenzie, J. V. A.
Mulcahy, G. F. A.
Jones, W. B.
Saecker, C. E.
Harshman, C. C.
Orr, P. H.
Christmas, J. K.
Littlefield, W. B.
Montegue, W. W.
Roberts, G. B.
O'Neill, F. E.
Warren, M.
Spann, R. D.
Hawkins, A. C.
Kew, R. M.
Campbell, E. R.
Card, J. W.
Gibson, M. B.
Hardwick, H. R.
Jordon, R. C., Jr.

Moody, A. E.
Hollis, O. N.
Scheerer, C. E.
Taylor, L. W.
Harrison, F. E., Jr.
Billsborrow, R. E.
Emerson, W. A.
Vickery, J. C.
Higbee, E. C.
Johnston, S. P.
Bricker, L. M.
MacMillan, H.
Parmelee, A. L.
Harris, J. M.
Middleditch, P. H.
Webster, D. B.
Wagner, A. H.
Moreland, B. G.
Ralston, J. M.
Crowell, D. G.
de Lorenzi, O.
Campbell, A. G.
Pringle, J. G.
Phinizy, J.
Hagelstein, C. H.
Berridge, W. A.
Cone, M. S.
Gooch, R. K.
Reber, C. B.
Marshall, G.
Hearon, G. H.
Hopkins, J. W.
Chapman, A. W.
Meyns, L. J.
Muehlberg, C. E.
Andrews, W. T.
Hudgins, L. A.
Ahern, T. P.
MacNeil, F. P.
Ryerson, R.
Colle, S. H.
Anderson, S. W.
Ogilvie, G. A.
Holstein, G. M., Jr.
Rubendall, W.
Gayle, R. R.
Little, W. W.
Spanegle, J. A.
Harris, C. S.
Smith, A. C.
Chaplin, R. T.
Lieber, H. G.
Rhett, R. G., Jr.
Pates, C. E.
Allen, W. M.
Waddell, St. J., Jr.
O'Connell, N. B.
McNeely, O. D.
Smith, V. K.
Conroy, R.
Betts, T. J.
Patton, E. J.
Knox, S. B., Jr.
Harmon, B. F.
Bell, C. C., Jr.
Peake, J. B.
Ross, R. H.
Cansler, J. S.
Cole, J. G.
Walker, C. L.
Hyde, S. B.
Wagner, R. P.
Atkinson, H. M., Jr.
Rutledge, P. W.
Corliss, J. C.
McCold, C. B.
Marvin, H. W.
Morris, J. K.

Gosserand, M. L.
McMillan, M. R.
Easley, C. B.
Moore, J. T.
Ginsburg, A. R.
Ordeman, C. L.
Haynes, D. O., Jr.
Handwerk, M. C.
Cobb, C., 3d.
Densmore, R. A.
Straus, R. W.
Lawrence, C. W.
Burgoon, D. W.
Bottom, R. B.
Morrison, H. T.
Ross, M. H.
Jobre, H. M.
Casseday, W. F., Jr.
Warren, W. H.
Benoy, E. H.
Higgins, C. W.
Norrick, G. W.
Mochrue, R.
Tyrrell, D. W.
White, S., Jr.
Flanagan, V. J.
Bear, S. L.
Gaus, G. H.
Troland, T. E.
Thompson, L. H.
Chandler, W. W.
Lang, E. H.
Stalter, C. C.
Guild, E. R.
Jefferson, L. W.
Outten, E. C.
Little, T. W.
Turner, F. L.
Pettingill, L. D.
Crewe, L. R.
Delaney, T. J.
Loweland, J. W., Jr.
England, C. E.
Bethea, J. B., Jr.
Herrick, H. N.
Dodge, M. L.
Ede, A. B.
Barton, E. M.
Wers, W. W.
Crowell, E. R.
Hutchinson, L. W.
Bates, J. C.
West, W. A., Jr.
Bonds, A.
Conrad, T. W.
Hoorn, G. W.
Stephens, J. C.
Lannan, T. R.
Leach, L. O.
Jones, J. D.
McMullen, J. L.
Williamson, H. L.
Buell, T. H.
Embich, J. R.
Hilton, D. B.
Christian, F. L.
Epes, W. R.
Stewart, C. H.
Simmons, J. E.
Carry, H. F.
Holland, E. R., Jr.
McIntyre, J. D.
Milburn, B. L.
Bachman, F. H.
Bartlett, H. C.
Cooley, W. B.
Aston, A. F.
Rayne, S.
Clark, W. A., Jr.
Duffy, A.
Fuche, J. W.
Taylor, D. F.
Pritchard, F. H.
Franklin, S. H.
Thomas, G. W.
Walker, C. R., Jr.
Wynne, I., Jr.
Hume, J. R.
Soucy, E. W.
Hill, R. E.
Bottoms, M.
Zeliff, L. H.
Horr, E. N.
Hill, L. T.
Hayes, M. A.
Russey, J. W.
Lins, H. W.
Carrington, A. R., Jr.
Saunders, B. J., Jr.
Adams, N. L.
Sparks, L. G.
Dale, C. M.
Gardner, H. M., Jr.
Dinsmore, W. W.
Young, E.
Bartlett, T. R.
Bentley, A. J.
Watson, C. M.
Symonds, R. W.
McConnell, T. S.
Harvey, J. D.
Burke, A. V.
Peck, R. L., Jr.
Cleaton, T. L.
Selter, J. E.
Bowden, A. F.
Thompson, L. K.
Ober, L.
Begoon, G. H.
Eennett, A. J.
McFarland, G. C.
Rice, J. H.
O'Leary, J. A.
Vann, J. W.
Hanna, L. M.
Graves, J. G.
Kunn, G. W., Jr.
Coupland, R. C.
Tilghmann, G. H.
Roberts, J. C.
Jones, T. A., Jr.
Ogilvie, S. J.
Mason, B. W.
Marthison, D. M.
Matejka, J. V.
Chamberlin, C. J.
Aldrin, E. E.
Miller, C. L.
Hiller, W. J.
Haupert, F. H.
Hellfron, M.
Brown, H. H., Jr.
Dunne, M. F.
Hesketh, W.
Waddey, D. M.
Groff, F.
Clarkson, J. J.
Wolfe, W. J.
Duvall, S. P. C.
Maynard, H. H.
Walters, J. W.

Burke, W. J.
Brent, G. W.
Hickey, D. W., Jr.
Newton, E. M.
Benton, J. W.
Deitrick, S. C.
Barr, E. L.
Troupe, J. E.
Morrison, D. E.
Bridge, S. D.
Dale, R.
Abrams, J. M.
Campbell, G. H. G.
Hess, S. G.
Blake, J. B. C.
Dresser, C. W.
Malone, R. I.
Murphey, W. W.
Ames, C. E.
Sommerville, W.B., Jr.
Deggett, J. L., Jr.
Thompson, S. W.
Youngberg, A. F.
Moore, W. A., Jr.
Malone, J. A.
Reilly, H. W.
Lindner, J. A.
Fisher, M. N.
Smiley, L. D.
Cowen, E. G.
Flagg, K. P.
Hoffman, M.
Winship, A. W.
Brophy, T. D.
Hindle, J. D.
Edwards, R. O.
Jeffords, T. E.
Carr, L. O., Jr.
Becker, W. E.
Oliver, A.
Becker, J. W.
Herman, R. S.
Brown, J. G.
Lampreux, L. T.
Hendry, E.
Aaron, H. B.
Whalen, J. L.
Hastings, F. H.
Gilbreth, J. H.
Packard, H. A.
Harris, P. A.
Bukowsky, H. W. E.
Hugins, W. E.
Richardson, R. M.
Pengra, C. O.
Archibald, H. G.
Levy, M. M.
Black, C. M.
Rice, W. H.
Hafer, J. B.
Draper, E. S.
Roller, J. B.
Cogswell, J. K.
Strong, W. B.
Healy, T. H.
Harkins, H. A.
Pater, D. L.
Moore, J. A.
Hoge, D. H.
Supple, E. L.
Swain, F. W.
Hamburg, A. M.
Hatch, P.
Wheatley, W. H.
McCullough, S.
Christian, F. P., Jr.
Fenton, J. V.
Reud, M. M.
Grum, A. F.
Bresky, F.
McKerney, F. P.
Lovejoy, G. M., Jr.
Morse, E. C.
Evans, G. F.
Barker, L. R.
Westerberg, C. F.
Rountree, A. C.
Wilson, G. A.
Rice, W. H.
Horning, R. A.
Anderson, G. B.
Moore, G. E.
Neff, R. M.
Argo, R. W.
Crystal, P. N.
Fowler, F. K., Jr.
Hanchett, F. K. B., Jr.
Woodman, W. P.
Wellford, A. L., Jr.
Rose, O. M.
Ellis, W. R.
Austin, C. B.
Vaughn, R. V.
Campbell, D. W.
Dalley, B. C.
Fergusen, W. C.
Conway, E. T.
Leavitt, J. W.
Babbitt, C. S.
Lewis, R. S.
Noyes, L. S.
Stewart, A. K.
Ratchford, M.
Rowan, H. W.
Jerome, E. C.
Bell, J. T.
Hohenthal, W. D.
Van Schaick, J. H.
Nelson, R. L.
Lowder, J. R.
Miskovsky, R. J.
Schneider, J. T.
Richter, C. P.
Arbeely, I.
Radenhamer, L.
White, F. W., Jr.
Genning, G. R.
Stichel, H. L.
Hunt, J. A.
Davis, M. H.
Dabyus, G. B.
Stewart, W. S.
Stoddard, A. D.
Blunk, A.
Berry, S. E.
Wright, E. P.
Demerritt, R. E.
Powell, J. F.
Baxter, W. S.
Beale, H. B.
Miler, H. L.
Fischer, F. M.
Buchanan, B. B.
Scott, W. W.
Dess, H.
Hart, E. P.
Davis, L. D.
Ingraham, F. T.
Granberry, W. L., Jr.
Cooper, L. M.
Putnam, W. F.
Hubbard, F. S.
Cassad, H. D.

Miscellaneous.

Kristian, 2d Lt. S., and Sampson, Temp. 2d Lt. E. E., C. of E., assigned to 9th Engs.
Crudington, 1st Lt. C. T., San.C., will report to Surg.Gen.
Nichols, Capt. J. L., Ord.R.C., previous orders amended; he must proceed to Rock Island Arsenal for 21 days, then report to Chief of Ord.

Resignations.

Davis, 1st Lt. A. A., Mich.N.G.
Bugbee, Maj. F. W., Inf.

Leave.

Hickman, Capt. E. D., Qm.R.C. 10 days.

Education Notes.

The following teachers were appointed yesterday to the schools indicated:

Manhattan—Vivien Wasseman, P. S. 4; Ethel K. Mannix, P. S. 5; Lillian F. Fitzpatrick, P. S. 11; Henrietta Cohn, P. S. 20; Dorothy Schlossman, P. S. 20; Katherine M. O'Connell, P. S. 23; Mildred Wolff, P. S. 23; Anne E. Miniter, P. S. 23; Samuel Dreyer, P. S. 54; Leah Goldfinger, P. S. 34; Ida Engel, P. S. 34; Minnie C. Fichtel, P. S. 38; Lily Drachenberg, P. S. 75; I. I. Nimber, P. S. 83; Genevieve M. Ott, P. S. 83; Helen C. Tyne, P. S. 87; Cornelia E. Pedro, P. S. 89; Harvel Wilson, P. S. 89; Minnie Schneider, P. S. 95; Pauline F. Kaizka, P. S. 95; Nellie E. Hardick, P. S. 106; Fannie Gordon, P. S. 106; Harry S. Fischer, P. S. 109; Sadie J. Johnston, P. S. 114; Theresa M. McAvery, P. S. 122; Genevieve E. Ripp, P. S. 137; Fannie Gastman, P. S. 140; Deborah Chorley, P. S. 147; Minnie Eckmann, P. S. 160; William Shafer, P. S. 100; Ruth Landsman, P. S. 188 B.

The Bronx—Olga C. Ruff, P. S. 17; Blanch Rosenberger, P. S. 36.

Brooklyn—Marion Goussett, P. S. 115; Frieda E. Levine, P. S. 115.

Queens—Mabel A. Dias, P. S. 80.

Richmond—M. Antoinnette Yates, P. S. 20; Hilda C. Appelbaum, P. S. 30.

The evening trade schools will be closed on Dec. 12 for the Fall term of 1917.

A panel will be erected in the Manual Training High School, Brooklyn, in memory of the late Charles J. Larkins, Principal.

Morris E. Siegel has been appointed Assistant Director of Evening Schools.

The educational problems now facing New York will be discussed on Sunday afternoon at the Bronx Open Forum in the Auditorium of the Morris High School. The speakers will be Dr. Ira S. Wile, President of the Civil Club of New York; Frank D. Wilsey, former Commissioner of Education; Mrs. Alice E. B. Ritter, principal of Public School No. 89 in Brooklyn, and William G. Willcox, President of the Board of Education. James A. Hamilton will preside.

Instruction in the art of correct corseting is being given at the New York Evening High School for Women, 40 Irving Place, Manhattan. A course in salesmanship also is included.

The Public Schools of the City will be closed on Dec. 24.

Estates Appraised.

DODD, MARTHA P., (Sept. 28, 1916;) total assets, $70,866. Her daughters, Jennie S. Dodd, Harriet P. Dodd, and Katherine R. Dodd, all of 333 West Seventy-seventh Street, $21,433 each; her son, Edward H. Dodd, and nieces, Emma V. Riley and Katherine P. Riley, $1,000 each. Assets: 333 West Seventy-seventh Street, $32,500, equity, $12,005; cash, $3,488; personal, $6,673; stocks and bonds, $21,721; legacy under the will of Frank H. Dodd, $23,604.

STERNBERG, PAULINE, (March 4, 1915;) total assets, $45,034. The chief item in the deduction for debts is to her son, Edwin Sternberg, $17,612. Beneficiaries: Son, Edwin Sternberg, $16,402; daughter, Maude S. Seasongood of 43 East Sixtieth Street, $1,955; granddaughter, Blanche R. Wolf of 30 Central Park West, $3,205; other sons, Morris, Louis, and Julian Sternberg, $855. Assets: cash, $4,802; personal, $27,467; stocks and bonds, $13,322.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.—I WILL SELL at public auction on Friday, November 30th, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, 1,930 logs of Lignum Vitae. Said logs to be sold on the pier, foot of West 131st Street, New York City, N. Y., where they can now be seen and inspected.
Dated New York, November 23d, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Conditions are still much unsettled over the eastern half of the country, except in the lake region, with an increasing disturbance over the mouth of the Ohio River and another off the southern New England Coast, with a ridge of high pressure between. As a result rains and snows were general in New England, the Middle Atlantic States, and from the lower lake region southwestward through Eastern Texas and Oklahoma, with a fall of rain over Western Arkansas, Eastern Oklahoma, and Northeastern Texas.

There is also a marked disturbance over the Canadian Northwest, attended by scattering rains to the southwestward into the extreme north portions of Nevada and California. It is warmer in the Atlantic States and the lower lake region, although still quite cold in New England, and it is cooler in the lower Mississippi Valley and the west Gulf States.

In the West temperatures are slightly higher as a rule and above the seasonal average.

The lower Ohio Valley disturbance will probably move east-northeastward attended by rains Thursday in the Ohio Valley, Central and Eastern Tennessee, Alabama and the South Atlantic States and by rain or snow in the west lower lake region. During Thursday night and Friday the rain and snow will extend into the Middle Atlantic States and New England, probably mostly snow in New England. In the upper lake region the weather will be partly cloudy to cloudy Thursday and Friday and it will be fair Friday in the Ohio Valley, Tennessee, and the South. It will be somewhat colder Thursday and Thursday night in Tennessee and the east Gulf States and on Friday in the South Atlantic States.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic coast will be moderate to fresh northwest and west, with snow Thursday; Friday probably fair. Middle Atlantic coast, moderate west, becoming variable; partly cloudy. South Atlantic coast, moderate south and southwest, except east and southeast off the Florida coast; partly cloudy.

FORECASTS TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Generally fair Thursday. Friday, snow or rain.

New York and Eastern Pennsylvania—Cloudy Thursday. Friday, probably rain.

Western New York—Cloudy Thurs., local snows at night or Friday.

Northern New England—Local snows Thursday and probably Friday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	37	27	4 P. M.	49	36
6 A. M.	36	31	6 P. M.	46	35
9 A. M.	37	33	9 P. M.	47	35
12 M.	43	31	11 P. M.	48	35

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 32; for the corresponding date last year it was 42; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 39. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 32; at 8 P. M. it was 35. Maximum temperature, 35 degrees at 6 P. M.; minimum, 27 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 91 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 65 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.20 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.14 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:57 | Sun sets..4:30 | Moon rises..5:18

THE TIDES.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:39	8:06	1:26	2:10
Governors Island	8:08	8:40	1:57	2:43
Hell Gate	10:10	10:47	4:12	4:49

Official Shipping List.

Arrival of vessels from foreign countries at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports in the twenty-four hours ended Nov. 27:

STEAMSHIPS.

America, (Ital.)
Amleth, (Dan.)
Ardgorn, (Br.)
Anchoria, (Br.)
Bertha, (Nor.)
Ben Ledi, (Br.)
Courtown, (Br.)
Chalmette, (Am.)
Cartago, (Am.)
Cordelia, (Br.)
Duca de Abruzzi, (Ital.)
Eidsvold, (Nor.)
Elm Branch, (Br.)
Elder Branch, (Br.)
Eleni Stathatos, (Gr.)
Elm Leaf, (Br.)
Edilio, (Ital.)
Florida, (Am.)
Freep't Sulphur, (Am.)
Guantanamo, (Am.)
Ganefjord, (Nor.)
Harry Farnum, (Am.)
Ida, (Am.)
Janeta, (Br.)
Kenuta, (Br.)
Logician, (Br.)
Livietta, (Ital.)
Mexico, (Am.)
Nigaristan, (Br.)
Nevic, (Br.)
Orthia, (Am.)
Pan American, (Am.)
Paris, (Dan.)
Paralos, (Gr.)
Runa, (Nor.)
St. Stephen, (Br.)
Stijen, (Swed.)
Sirius, (Dan.)
Sun Oil, (Am.)
Storfjeld, (Nor.)
Taunton, (Nor.)
Veratyr, (Dan.)
Vulcano, (Ital.)
Welshman, (Br.)
Westmoor, (Br.)
Wellesley, (Am.)

SAILING VESSELS.

Alfarata, (Br.)
Bluefields, (Am.)
Griffin, (Am.)
Keechi, (Am.)
Priscilla Ray, (Am.)
Salven, (Nor.)
W. H. Summrer, (Am.)
Yola, (Nor.)

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
12:30—1 E. 72 St.; not given	Slight
1:35—621 Tinton Av.; Max Shevalow	Slight
2:55—212 E. 54 St.; Jacob Hoffman	Slight
8:35—49-51 2 St.; not given	$100
8:45—75 Varick St.; Sam Krubnes	Slight
10:00—56 W. 68 St.; Cecil Hart	Slight
P. M.	
1:50—2,129 8 Av.; Henry Morgan	Slight
2:10—413 Convent Av.; Catherine Whitney	Slight
3:40—108 Edgecomb Av.; Mrs. Mary Keenan	Slight
4:40—4 W. 76 St.; Church of the Divine Paternity	Slight
5:45—17 E. 36 St.; J. Korcel	Slight
6:35—2,377 8 Av.; Ernest Niefeldt	Slight
7:10—766 Cypress Av.; William Fass	Slight
8:00—14 Union Square; Un. Sq. Hotel	Slight
8:10—140 W. 14 St.; Berger Metal Mfg. Co.	Slight
9:35—306 E. 110 St.; John Sabatino	Slight
9:40—63 W. 87 St.; Charles Overbeck	Slight
10:05—1,043 Intervale Av.; Mary Meyers	Slight

The Civil Service.

City.

The eligible list for lay Sanitary Inspector, Health Department, is announced. Those who received a rating of more than 73 are as follows: Henry Ryon, 94.30; Sabder Portegas, 87.10; Edw. S. Hughes, 85; John J. Dooley, 84.60; Daniel J. Halligan, 83.70; Louis Goldstein, 83.50; James F. Conway, 83.20; Edwin J. Johnston, 83.20; Bernhard F. Estler, 82.80; Edw. Becker, 82.50; Charles O. P. Barker, 82.50; Edw. Schlesinger, 81.90; Howard B. Smith, 81.20; Samuel Bestimt, 81.20; Charles Hyak, 80.80; Joseph P. Jennings, 80.30; Joseph E. Taggart, 80; Richard D. Woods, 80; Herbert W. Sloggatt, 79.80; David Lehman, 79.80; Charles C. Carroll, 79.80; Charles B. Cuneo, 79.30; John J. Duff, 79.20; John L. Edmiston, 79.10; William S. Irving, 78.80; William Sauer, 78.70; William J. Kirchner, 78.50; Angelo J. Schiaffino, 78.40; John Heatley, 78.20; Henry C. Kurdelski, 77.90; Samuel A. Bossert, Jr., 77.80; Philip Muller, Jr., 77.70; Charles F. Haas, 77.60; Edward Bruhl, 77.10; Norman J. Greenfield, Bronx, 77; Albert Soos, 77; Louis J. Noller, 76.40; Israel Kahan, 76.30; Patrick Cocagh, 76.20; Lucas J. Steinmann, 75.80; William W. Anderson, 74.70; Henry P. Peters, 74.50; Fred H. Delventhal, 74.20; John Bitter, 74; Jacob Abraham, 73.80; Marie T. Norris, 73.60.

United States.

The commission announces for Dec. 5, at the New York Custom House, an examination for assistant biologist qualified in economic ornithology, for men. A vacancy in the Bureau of Biological Survey, Department of Agriculture, for duty in Washington, at $1,200 to $1,400 a year, will be filled from this examination. The duties will be to examine the contents of birds' stomachs, to make field studies of the food habits, and to prepare for publication reports on the economic value of birds.

Competitors will be examined in economic ornithology including methods of study; general ornithology, and education and experience. Graduation from a college or university of recognized standing in a course including the subject of ornithology is a prerequisite. Applicants must not have reached their forty-fifth birthday on the date of examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sections 3,082 U. S. R. S. & 347, Tariff Act of Oct. 3, 1913, I have seized and hold One bag containing seven packages of Paradise and Goura Feathers; One package containing 150 feathers of the Bird of Paradise and 156 Quills; and forty-three boxes containing heads and feathers of Birds of Paradise and Goura Heads.

Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on 10th day of December, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated November 17th, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Marshal.
U. S. Attorney.

Most Readable Financial Journal.

"The Annalist is one of the most readable financial journals published in the United States," writes M. P. Malbrom, from the office of the Controller of the Currency. "It is not only valuable for current use, as it is always up to date, but for permanent value." The Annalist—10 cents weekly; $4 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

THANKSGIVING FOOD NEVER SO EXPENSIVE

Turkeys Get Up to 50 Cents a Pound and Cranberries Bring 25 Cents a Quart.

A DAY OF SOLDIER DINNERS

Hotels, Restaurants, and Homes Vie for the Honor of Entertaining Men in Service.

New York will pay more for its Thanksgiving dinner today than ever before. Turkeys, which last year sold at from 35 to 40 cents a pound, are selling this year at 45 and 50 cents. At wholesale turkeys were sold in downtown markets yesterday at from 40 to 43 cents.

Cranberries, which last Thanksgiving cost from 12 to 15 cents a quart, are quoted this year at from 20 to 25 cents a quart. Eggs, which last year cost from 55 to 70 cents a dozen, according to age, are selling this year at from 65 to 85 cents a dozen. Butter is 55 cents instead of 48, the price at which all grumbled last year. Broilers are offered at 55 cents a pound. Last year they were 43 cents.

Pumpkins, when are quoted at from 20 to 30 cents, are about the same as last year. Roasting chicken, cheese, potatoes, celery and lettuce cost less this year than last.

Thanksgiving dinners with soldiers and sailors for guests will be a feature of the day. The Union League Club will entertain 200 soldiers from Camp Upton at noonday dinner, and a number of the club's members will provide for 200 negro soldiers from the 367th Infantry Regiment at Libya Hall, Seventh Avenue and 139th Street. Souvenirs will be distributed to the guests at both dinners.

One of the largest of the day's public dinners to the nation's fighters will probably be that of the National Service Commission of 50 East Forty-second Street, to 1,000 soldiers, sailors, and marines, at the Twelfth Regiment Armory at 4 P. M. There will also be an entertainment to which an additional thousand men, who will have dined at homes throughout the city, have been invited.

Five hundred sailors will be the guests of James B. Regan in the banquet room of the Hotel Knickerbocker at 1 P. M. Entertainment will be furnished afterward by George M. Cohan, Raymond Hitchcock, the Jolly Sisters, and Harry Fox. Five hundred and twenty-five soldiers will be entertained at the Central Branch of the Y. M. C. A., 610 Lexington Avenue, at 1 P. M. One hundred and fifty soldiers will be diner and entertained at the Hofbrau Restaurant, and the same number will receive an elaborate meal at the St. Regis. Following the latter dinner, R. M. Hahn has arranged for a vaudeville performance by Savoy and Brennan, Van and Schenck, the Courtney Sisters, and Harry Fox. Mr. Hahn is also paying the railroad fares of the 150 men from and back to Camp Mills. Adolph Lorber will entertain 1,200 soldiers throughout the day.

Three hundred soldiers will dine at the homes of citizens through arrangements made by the National League for Women's Service. Miss Helen Winne, director of the league's Sailors' and Soldiers' Club, said yesterday that she had had 150 more applications from would-be hosts than she could fill from her lists of soldiers and sailors. Among members of the league who are entertaining large parties of soldiers at their homes are Mrs. Benjamin Guggenheim, Mrs. George D. Pratt, Mrs. Morris Loeb, Mrs. William Scott Pyle, Mrs. N. R. Tinker, Mrs. Charles D. Dickey, Mrs. James Parrish Lee, and Mrs. H. B. Conrad. Theatre parties will be given to the soldiers after several of these dinners. A dinner and dance will be given to the soldiers and sailors at the league by Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim and Miss Julian Cutting.

The Catholic Club will entertain several hundred sailors at dinner at 120 West Fifty-ninth Street.

Several dinners to soldiers will take place at the Hotel Majestic. Among the hosts will be the Rotary Club, Arthur Somers Roche, President John T. Sproull of the Coal and Iron National Bank; Vice President C. B. Seger of the Union Pacific Railway; John Liggett, Henry Wollman, L. E. Waterman, and Louis H. Chalif.

In addition to these and many other soldier dinners throughout the city, William Waldorf Astor will give his customary annual Thanksgiving celebration and dinner to several hundred newsboys at 244 William Street. Charles H. Harris distributed fifty dinner baskets to East Side poor folk. Besides many good things to eat, a $2 note will accompany each basket. To be sure that he is really doing his Thanksgiving bit, Mr. Harris is giving a Thanksgiving dinner to both the staff and patients of the Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases and is entertaining a number of soldiers at dinner in his own home.

The Men's Club of Temple Israel in Brooklyn started a two-day program of entertainment for fifty soldiers with a supper and theatre party, to be followed by breakfast, an auto ride, dinner, and an entertainment at the Unity Club.

All sailors and soldiers will be welcome today at Madison Square Garden, where a committee has prepared an entertainment for them, to begin at 3 o'clock and end at midnight. There will be five bands, concerts, boxing contests, and moving picture shows. Each soldier or sailor will be permitted to bring one civilian guest with him.

Police Captain John D. Ormsby of the Traffic Squad, who recently won a $50 prize for the best suggestion for preventing traffic accidents, sent the money yesterday to Mrs. Arthur Woods, wife of the Police Commissioner, for Thanksgiving distribution. Mrs. Woods said she would use the money to buy Thanksgiving dinners for twenty needy families of policemen who died in the line of duty.

Special Thanksgiving services will be held in most of the churches. In Old First Church, Fifth Avenue and Twelfth Street, the Rev. Dr. Howard Duffield will preach on "Over the Top."

The Hebrew Veterans of the War with Spain will give a patriotic service at the Mount Morris Theatre at 10 A. M. The speakers will be Edward Lazansky, Maurice Simmons, the Rev. Dr. Herbert S. Goldstein, and Congressman Isaac Siegel.

The annual Thanksgiving Eve dance and entertainment of the senior clubs of the Henry Street Settlement was held last night at Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton Street. The gathering is usually in honor of the debutantes of the settlement, and so it was this year, but in addition, the former members of the settlement's boys' clubs now in the national service were guests of honor. Most of the twenty settlement alumni at Camp Upton were present, and there were others in uniform from other stations. Altogether, the settlement has ninety men in the service. Balalaika's Orchestra and the settlement's Russian dancers provided the entertainment that preceded the dance.

LOTS TO EAT AT CAMP UPTON

Tons of Turkey and the Fixings for the Few Who Couldn't Get Away.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, YAPHANK, L. I., Nov. 28.—More than half of the New York City division left camp this afternoon for the Thanksgiving holiday. The remainder of the men, who could not be accommodated on the trains over the one-track railroad leading to New York, will spend the day either at camp or as guests of neighboring farmers and residents of surrounding towns. Even the military police, who have borne the brunt of the guard duty at Camp Upton, got passes for the holiday, and their work is being performed for the most part by special guards detailed from infantry and artillery organizations.

For the men left in camp there will be no lack of good things to eat tomorrow at noon. According to Captain Edwin Simpson of the Quartermaster Corps, who is the Divisional Sustenance Officer, Camp Upton has on hand 40,000 pounds of turkey, or about 19 ounces per man. Other items in tomorrow's menu include five carloads of celery and oranges, 10,000 pounds of mincemeat, and 14,000 pounds of assorted nuts. In addition to these supplies from the Quartermaster stores, other dainties will be provided by company chefs which are purchased from company funds.

The soldiers woke this morning to find the ground covered with snow, and trench warfare exercises gave way in interest to snowball fights, in which the missiles were hurled according to instruction given in hand grenade throwing.

PRESIDENT GETS HIS TURKEY

Gift of South Trimble Delayed, However, by Railroad Congestion.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Railroad congestion delayed until the eleventh hour the arrival of a forty-pound turkey raised on a Kentucky farm for the Thanksgiving dinner at the White House.

The turkey, the gift of South Trimble, Clerk of the House, and especially fattened on a diet of acorns and chestnuts, finally reached Washington today after many days' traveling.

ROOSEVELT'S THANKSGIVING

Tells Nation Our Fighters Are Cause for Gratitude.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Nov. 28.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt's Thanksgiving greeting to the country today was:

"We have cause for profound thanksgiving for all of the men in the regular army, in the National Guard, the national army, and the navy, because these are Americans who are acting in accordance with the highest ideals of the American people."

Colonel and Mrs. Roosevelt and their daughter, Mrs. Richard Derby, and her two children will spend the day quietly at Sagamore Hill.

United States Senator Reed Smoot, Congressman Madden of Illinois, and one or two members of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee visited Sagamore Hill today and had luncheon with Colonel Roosevelt. What was discussed was not learned.

TURKS CLING TO JERUSALEM

Maurice Says British Cannot Take City Without a Pitched Battle.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—"Our troops are now in sight of Jerusalem," said General F. B. Maurice, Chief Director of Military Operations at the War Office, today, "but the Turks have had time to get up reserves and make a stand and it is probable that Jerusalem will not fall without another definite battle.

"The meaning of the recent lull on the Palestine front is that we must get up fresh troops, guns, supplies, and munitions for that battle."

PETROGRAD, Tuesday, Nov. 27.—A delegation of Jews appeared at the British Embassy today to express its gratitude for the action of the Entente Allies with reference to Palestine.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Sunday, Nov. 25, on Lincoln Highway, between Trenton and New Brunswick, a FISHER FOX FUR NECKPIECE. Liberal reward if returned to A. S. COOKMAN, 83 Wall St., New York.

LOST.—In neighborhood of Cortlandt St., 4 o'clock Wednesday, brass die, reading "Rear Brand Yarn, Utinder"; reward. Report immediately Mr. Fisher, 109 Grand St. Telephone Canal 9500.

LOST—Package of telegrams and other details pertaining to Red Cross work, lost in subway train. Finder will confer a great favor by mailing to Red Cross Headquarters, 44 East 23d St.

LOST.—Brown fur neckpiece, left in taxi from Grand Central Palace to 125 East 72d, Monday night; reward if returned to 125 East 72d. Baxter.

LOST.—Black fox neckpiece, Monday afternoon, between 4:30 and 5:30, on East 45th or West 72d St. Return Hotel Hargrave, 112 West 72d. Suitable reward.

LOST OR STOLEN—Vanity case, from Fiat town car, at 57th St. and Broadway; reward offered, no questions asked. Kaufmann-Morris Co., 1,776 Broadway.

LOST.—Monday night, in taxi, between Hero Land Bazaar and 62d St., a blue fox fur neckpiece; suitable reward if returned to Beekman, 535 Park Av.

LOST.—Nov. 23, gold brooch, size of half dollar, woman's head in relief, one diamond; $25 reward, on returning to 25 West 11th St.

LOST.—Black marten muff, (Nov. 26,) in Post Office Department of Bloomingdale's. Reward if returned to 25 West 52d St. No questions asked.

LOST.—Oriental pear-shaped earring, between Joseph's, 5th Av., or Bernard's, 57th and 5th Av. Liberal reward if returned to Helen Clark, Hotel Devon, 70 West 55th St.

LOST.—Downtown, a Diamond Masonic Pendant and a large Waterman Fountain Pen; reward. Telephone Rector 10,000; extension 150.

LOST—Opera glasses, at Hudson Theatre, Thursday, 22d; liberal reward. P. H. Senior, 302 Riverside Drive. Phone 692 Academy.

LOST at Hero Land, Monday afternoon, pointed fox neckpiece; liberal reward. Burritt, 449 West 123d. Morningside 973.

LOST—Brown overcoat, steps Church Divine Fraternity, West 76th St., Wednesday, 5 o'clock. Return Carpenter, 117 Wadsworth Av.

LOST.—Watch, initials R. H., between 42d St. and Strand Theatre, Sunday night. Gramercy 3266.

LOST.—Watch, initials R. H. T., between 42d St. and Strand Theatre, Sunday night. Gramercy 3266.

LOST.—Tuesday, package route tickets between Jersey City and Newark; reward. Schoen & Brower, 548 West 46th St.

LOST—Hudson seal muff, Wednesday at 5 P. M., between 72d and 81st, on Columbus Av.; reward. J 185 Times.

LOST.—Lady's diamond and emerald wreath pin; Saturday; liberal reward for return. Frey, 255 West 90th. River. 1656.

LOST.—Small, soft lady's felt hat, 64th to 66th St., Columbus or Broadway, Wednesday evening; reward. Columbus 4204.

LOST. — In Brooklyn, gentleman's diamond ring; liberal reward. Write or return to residence, 625 East 19th St., Flatbush.

LOST—Velvet and bead bag, Nov. 26, Park Av. and 50th St. to Broadway; reward. Marshall, 2,493 Broadway.

LOST—Either in taxi or in Hero Land, Monday evening, diamond bowknot pin; reward. Murray Hill Hotel.

LOST. — Platinum bracelet, about 19 diamonds; liberal reward. 215 West 91st, Apartment 13B.

LOST.—Brown fox neckpiece, on or near 57th St. and 2d Av. "L" station; reward. 3,418 17th Av., Brooklyn.

LOST.—Bracelet, set with eleven turquoise; reward. Gordon, 1 Bellevue St., Weehawken, N. J.

LOST—Thursday, 22d, subway, black bag containing bound books; reward. T. S. J 187 Times.

LOST—Kolinsky neckpiece, lined with ermine; liberal reward. 7 West 75th.

LOST—Mink scarf; party called Audubon 6472, Monday. Please call again.

LOST.—Diamond solitaire ring, Booth Theatre or street; liberal reward. S 155 Times.

LIBERAL REWARD for return of diamond and platinum wrist watch, lost Wednesday matinee Cohan & Harris Theatre, 42d St. elevated, Liberty St. Ferry. D. C. Leeper, 80 Maiden Lane.

REWARD of $5 for return of large manila envelope containing notes of surveys, lost Thursday, between 7th Av. and 30th St. and 176 Broadway, perhaps on 6th Av. L road. Geo. C. Hollerith, 176 Broadway, New York City.

REWARD.—Velvet bag containing money, bank check, key, Friday. Brodhead, 105 West 55th.

REWARD—Moleskin scarf, Sunday night. Return to Telephone Operator, 409 Edgecombe Av.

REWARD.—Seal collar, lost Sunday, 34th, Madison, 3d Avs. Riser, 15 East 33d.

$100 REWARD for diamond link bracelet, Justine Johnstone's Club or Joan Sawyer's. Communicate Columbus 5788 for reward.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—White West Highland terrier, male; name and address on collar; last seen 34 St. and 6th Av. $50 reward on returning to 25 West 11th St.

LOST.—Irish terrier, between 62d and 82d, east of Park Av. Return to 350 Park Av., at 82d St., and get reward.

Found.

FOUND.—Lady's diamond pin, 8th Av., in Forties; give description. Q 47 Times.

HAS PLAN TO HURRY SUBWAY OPERATION

President Dowling of the Aldermen Would Open Partial Service on New Lines.

WRITES TO SERVICE BOARD

Points Out That In Three Weeks There Will Be a Heavy Demand on Transportation.

Under the impression that the Public Service Commission would begin interrogating officials of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company yesterday concerning delay in completing the Lexington Avenue and Seventh Avenue subways, President Frank L. Dowling of the Board of Aldermen wrote to the commission urging it to work out some plan by which the completed parts of the two lines might be put into immediate operation. In reply to the letter Commissioner Whitney said that all the suggestions contained in Mr. Dowling's letter had been discussed by the commission, and that what he had asked the commission to do had already been done.

Mr. Dowling's letter asked if local service on the lines could not be operated fifteen days in advance of through express service, and he called attention to the fact that work was carried on in the tubes only eight hours a day out of the twenty-four. He also called the commission's attention to the holiday period, when the transit lines of the city have to stand the heaviest strain of the year, and said that numerous persons had appealed to him to do what he could to hurry along the work.

"Within three weeks," he said, "the holiday shopping movement will be at its height."

He declared that he was credibly informed that less than 100 feet of track and contact rail remained to be laid on the Seventh Avenue line and that practically all of the running and contact rails on the Seventh Avenue line were ready for use. The only barrier to the operation of trains on the Lexington Avenue line, so far as Mr. Dowling knows, are a few yards of rock excavation.

"The remainder of the general construction work," he wrote, "for the completion of the so-called 'H' system, representing an outlay of public funds of approximately $32,000,000 under Lexington Avenue and $13,000,000 under Seventh Avenue, has been so far completed as to admit of emergency operation.

Mr. Dowling asked if it would not be possible to operate the trains on the two lines over the express tracks sixteen hours a day, providing no stops were made in this borough on the Lexington Avenue line and none on the Seventh Avenue line south of the Pennsylvania Station except at the terminals at Rector Street and the Battery. Then his letter says:

"If this service could be undertaken for a period of approximately fourteen hours daily in order to relieve the holiday traffic, it would in no wise interfere with the work of completion of local stations, which are on a different level, and it could be suspended for a period of approximately ten hours daily after the usual rush of the evening traffic. This would permit of nine or ten hours in each twenty-four in uninterrupted labor on the express stations. Such labor in any event is carried on by artificial light, and the only hardship, if such it might be called, that would be entailed by securing this traffic would be in having workmen employed by artificial light at night instead of by artificial light during the day.

"It has occurred to me that as the Lexington Avenue trains will leave the existing tube at Forty-first Street without a grade crossover there would be neither danger nor congestion entailed by operating a certain percentage of the Bronx express trains up and down Lexington Avenue and having the remainder continue the present Lenox Avenue-Bronx service. The physical connection between the existing tube and the new Lexington Avenue tube at 149th Street and Mott Avenue is, I believe, today ready for the putting down of rails, so that it will be possible to have the Lexington Avenue trains continue north of 149th Street either in the present subway or along the Jerome Avenue branch of the Lexington Avenue system.

"As to the new Seventh Avenue tube, the express station at the Pennsylvania Station is at present in use in part, and the run through the Seventh Avenue tube south of that point to lower Manhattan is not a long one."

Public Service Commissioner Whitney said in his comment on the letter:

"The commission ten days ago called a public hearing and called upon Frank Hedley, Vice President and General Manager of the Interborough, to be prepared to testify as to what work would need to be accelerated in order to have early operation. These various suggestions seem to have been embodied in a letter of his own by Mr. Dowling, although all the suggestions are being acted on by the commission."

TELLS OF CATHOLIC WAR AID

Knights of Columbus Officer Says Order Has Contributed 38 Chaplains.

At the annual entertainment of Vera Cruz Council of the Knights of Columbus, given last night at the Central Opera House, William P. Larkin, Supreme Director of the Knights of Columbus, spoke on the drive for $3,000,000 that the Knights of Columbus are making to establish chapels and places of recreation for the men at the training camps in this country and for the soldiers abroad. Mr. Larkin said that $1,300,000 had already been contributed, with which sixty-eight recreation buildings had been erected in the various camps. The Knights of Columbus, he said, had already provided thirty-eight Catholic Chaplains, in addition to those maintained by the Government.

COAL SHIPMENTS TO HAVE PRIORITY

Continued from Page 1.

City. The Fuel Administration made this brief announcement:

"Albert H. Wiggin, State Fuel Administrator for New York, today notified the United States Fuel Administration that there was an apparent shortage of coal for that city. Mr. Wiggin stated that it appeared that coal amounting to several hundred thousand tons consigned to New York had been diverted to other cities. The United States Fuel Administration took action at once to meet the situation in New York."

Dr. Garfield said that the Susquehanna and Lehigh Valley Railroads were short about 200,000 tons in shipments to New York City because of the heavy shipments which had gone to the Northwest. Orders were issued that this situation must be corrected at once and heavy shipments made to New York. With the proposed priority order in effect it is assured that a critical situation will be avoided, and that New York City will get the coal it needs.

The Railroads' War Board has been asked to co-operate with the coal operators. The committee of Vice Presidents which has charge of the voluntary pooling of cars, trackage, and equipment also will be called upon for aid.

Failure at either end of the program, it was generally admitted tonight, would provide a great impetus toward immediate Government direction of coal mines and railroads for the period of the war. In a sense the proposition which has now been agreed upon is a test of what the coal operators and railroads will and can accomplish.

The National Coal Association, which represents the operators, placed itself on record tonight in a statement which read in part:

"Ordinarily at this time of the year there is in the hands of consumers a supply of bituminous coal estimated to be sufficient to meet their needs for thirty days. A careful canvass by the association and other agencies of the present stocks of fuel in the country discloses that at this time there is on hand less than a week's supply, and that, with the exception of a few sections of the country, such as the Northwest, the entire country is facing a fuel famine.

Tell of Operators' Efforts.

"Bituminous coal operators of the National Coal Association, representing an output of more than 250,000,000 tons monthly, have been endeavoring for weeks past to correct this situation. They have sought unceasingly to bring production of their mines to capacity.

"The latest report of the United States Geological Survey shows that for the week ending Nov. 10 bituminous mines in the great producing sections of the country produced only 77.2 per cent. of the amount they were capable of producing. This means that were all conditions in harmony with the desire of bituminous operators to obtain a 100 per cent. output from the mines, the yield of coal would have been approximately one-third greater than it has been. Also while official Government figures show the output of coal during the week of Nov. 17 to have been higher than in any week since July, they show that mines produced but three-fourths the amount of coal they were capable of producing.

"The fact that coal production was higher this week than at any time since July does not mean that it was sufficient to meet the military, naval, industrial, and domestic needs of the nation. On the contrary, coal consumption has increased at a much greater rate than production during the period since July, and the output for the week of Nov. 17, although establishing a new record for four months, was not sufficient to meet the heavy demands of the nation's war time activities.

"Analyzing the inability of the mines to produce the amount of coal they are capable of producing, the Geological Survey states that two thirds of this inability was directly due to a shortage of cars.

"Only orders establishing the preferential movement of coal by the railroads, issued at once, can correct the situation. The public must recognize that such orders are for its benefit, and, therefore, must support the railroads in carrying them out.

"Bituminous coal operators will certainly run their mines to the limit of production, if they are given the opportunity."

The decision as to just how far the priority order shall affect non-essential industries will be considered at conferences.

In an official communication to the Canadian Fuel Controller, the Fuel Administration pointed out that Canada would be expected to resort to the same measures to save coal as are being adopted in the United States. Most of the Canadian coal supply is derived from the United States, and the Fuel Administration has undertaken to give Canada a pro rata share of the United States' supply on the same basis as the various States of the Union.

POOL BOARD STOPS FAST FREIGHT LINES

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Nov. 28.—The committee appointed by the Railroad War Board to put into operation the plan to pool tracks and equipment of Eastern railroads for the period of the war took radical action to facilitate transportation at its first meeting here today.

Orders were issued affecting the various railroads operating in the territory east of the Mississippi and north and south of the Ohio and Potomac Rivers as follows:

To embargo immediately the shipment of all export steel billets, bars, plates, scrap and pig iron, except that intended for the use abroad of the United States Government.

To divert all through freight which would normally pass through the congested Pittsburgh gateway between the East and the West to the railroads north and south of that district.

To discontinue the Pennsylvania's fast New York-Chicago train, the Broadway Limited, effective Dec. 1.

To suspend immediately the running of fast freight lines.

To furnish only box and stock cars for team track loading of coal.

The committee's resolution regarding 1,325,000 tons of steel and iron now stored on the ground and in cars at North Atlantic ports states that "it is vitally essential that there be thorough co-operation in the handling of traffic for overseas shipment, so that the railway equipment which would otherwise be available for coal or coke shall not be used in moving traffic which cannot be promptly trans-shipped when it reaches tidewater."

A representative of the committee is to be named, with headquarters in New York, for co-operation with the representatives of America's allies, to the end that rail transportation be limited to that traffic for which overseas transportation is available.

3,500 GERMAN TROOPS SURRENDER IN AFRICA

Col. Tafel's Force, Chiefly Natives, Blundered into British-held Territory.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—An official statement on the operations in German East Africa tells of the unconditional surrender of a German force under Colonel Tafel, consisting of 12 German officers, 100 German soldiers, and 3,400 natives.

The force had advanced southward from the Mahenge area to Newala, apparently in ignorance of the British occupation of Newala.

Army Officers' Uniforms Are Not All Alike Some Have, Others Lack, Style

We believe—and officers we have served agree with us—that uniforms made here are just a little more satisfactory than many made elsewhere. When this fact is coupled with the more reasonable price at which we are able to sell—it creates a strong inducement to investigate before purchasing.

OUR READY-TO-WEAR-AWAY DEPARTMENT

can supply at once O. D. serge uniforms made from 12, 15 and 18 oz. materials, also khaki uniforms and overcoats made from 30 oz. O. D. meltons.

OUR MADE-TO-MEASURE DEPARTMENT

can supply in 24 hours uniforms and overcoats made from any of the accepted materials in any desired weight.

In addition to uniforms, we are prepared to supply caps, puttees, leather and leather-lined coats, and all necessary insignia. Send for officers' equipment booklet and samples of materials.

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TWO STORES

BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND 34'L 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

Arnheim Service Stations at 28 Camps and Cantonments.

Particularly

Perrier

The Champagne of Table Waters

The Pride of France

A BOLD claim, but a cold fact—I am tailoring the best Officers' Uniforms in New York. They won't look "shot to pieces" before they get under fire. They are on a parity in materials, benchwork and splendid soldierly set-up with the Outfits of the exclusive London Army Tailor, who leads the world.

The sorriest man in Europe will be the American Officer who bought his Uniform out of a show window, instead of from a Military Tailor qualified by experience and organization to establish and maintain a high standard. My standard is the highest, yet my prices, quality compared, are the lowest. Heavy-Weight O. D. Serge Uniform to measure, $36.00 Melton Overcoat (cloth-faced buttonholes) to measure, $45.00

Deliveries on 2 days' notice, if required.

Civilian Clothes $20 to $45 to individual measure

Clemons

Civilian and Military Tailor

Broadway at 39th St

19 Years On This Corner

Don't Blame Your Ties and Collars

Ask your haberdasher to show you the COMFORT COLLAR SPREADER—how it makes the tie slide—how it makes the collar pliable—feel better, fit better. Money back guarantee. Price 50c. The Friend who gets one for Xmas will never forget you.

COMFORT DEVICE CO.

1097 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Away with DEADLY POISONS

RAT CORN

KILLS RATS MICE AND GOPHERS

25c 50c and $1.00 ALL DEALERS

German Prisoners.

Striking group of a German commander, his Adjutant, and staff captured in a dug-out by the British, in The New York Times' Mid-Week Pictorial this week. 24 pages rotogravure. On all newsstands—10 cents—$5 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

Can you afford to store your Surplus Business Records inside your Office Building? That's the question! *Can you afford* to charge a useless and unprofitable 66⅔% against your overhead? Space at Pioneer costs ⅓ less than the cost of Lower Manhattan office rentals and is, therefore *cheaper to use than to do without!* Too! Pioneer is only 7 minutes from Wall St. at the Nevins St. Subway Station.

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OUR 38TH YEAR

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Resinol

"Will Resinol Ointment *really* stop this dreadful irritation and clear my skin-trouble away?"

If you only knew as much about Resinol as many doctors do—how safe it is to use, how promptly it acts—you would not doubt, you would use it *at once*. Usually it stops irritation and burning readily and soon relieves the skin ailment.

Resinol Ointment, aided by Resinol Soap, dispels redness and roughness and leaves the complexion clear, fresh and velvety.

Resinol Ointment is so nearly flesh-colored that it can be used on the face, neck or hands without attracting undue attention. Resinol Soap contains the Resinol medication, making it excellent for the hair and for a baby's delicate skin. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap are sold by all druggists. Resinol Ointment comes in two sizes (50c and $1), *never in bulk.*

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Generally fair Friday and Saturday; moderate east and southeast winds.
For full weather report see Page 12.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,860. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1917.—TWENTY PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

GERMAN CHANCELLOR OFFERS PARLEY TO RUSSIA IF ENVOYS WITH FULL POWER ARE SENT TO BERLIN; LORD LANSDOWNE MAKES PEACE SUGGESTIONS

ALLIED CHIEFS USE HOUSE PLAN OF TEAM WORK

Omit Oratory and Separate Into Groups for Discussion as Conference Opens.

WELCOMED BY CLEMENCEAU

Fifteen Nations Represented at Historic Gathering in the French Foreign Office.

AMERICANS CONFER FIRST

May Be Urged to Put Drafted Men to Building Ships—War Council Today.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—Colonel House's plan of team work has been adopted by the Interallied Conference, and, instead of having general meetings and oratorical fireworks, the delegates are organizing in groups to consider and settle practical questions. Colonel House called all the Americans together this morning before 10 o'clock to agree on a procedure in the interest of time-saving and efficiency. Everybody recognized the critical nature of the present conditions and the importance of backing up to them sincerely united and single-minded against the common enemy.

The temptation is very great for each delegation to press the viewpoint of the country it represents. Every delegate comes loaded with oratory about the peculiar sufferings and needs of his particular country. If this is allowed to proceed, the picture of war misery will simply be painted in stronger colors, without accomplishing any practical result. Instead, it is hoped to get the delegates together with the official "opposites" of the other countries and lay a basis of knowledge and mutual understanding for such use of aggregate resources as will best promote the one great aim of defeating Germany. There is a big rush for the Americans, as America is the only country with a surplus of supplies, and if we acceded to all the demands the surplus would be exhausted before we got half way around.

One of the capital subjects for consideration is shipping. This will not be left to the permanent Allied Council, whose sessions will be resumed in London. The shipping question is urgent and fundamental, and some general policy will be adopted at the Paris meeting. I venture the prediction that America will be urged to put the increased shipbuilding program ahead of everything else, if necessary even using army drafts fitted for such work in the shipyards.

The Americans with Colonel House at their head left the Hotel Crillon in a body at 9:50 for the Foreign Office. Ten minutes later Premier Lloyd George emerged from his rooms, next to Colonel House's, and called out, "Has Colonel House left?" When an attendant replied affirmatively the Premier said, "I'm late, as usual," and without awaiting the elevator, ran down the steps and jumped into his car.

The interallied conference ran as smoothly as a Texas Democratic Convention. The session was short and the proceedings according to prearranged plans. Lloyd George returned to the Crillon at 11:45. Colonel House walked from the Foreign Office with Gordon Auchincloss, reaching the hotel at noon. The American delegates came strolling in smiling, but reticent, the team captain evidently having enjoined the strictest secrecy. The remainder of the day was spent in committee work.

Fifteen Nations in Conference.

By The Associated Press.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—The interallied conference opened in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs shortly after 10 o'clock this morning, with fifteen nations represented. The French Premier, M. Clemenceau, presided and welcomed the delegates, emphasizing the gravity of the responsibilities resting on the assembled statesmen and military officials.

Premier Clemenceau's speech barely exceeded a hundred words.

"Gentlemen," he said, "in the name of the French Republic the honor of welcoming you falls upon me. In this greatest of wars it is the feeling of the supreme solidarity of peoples which unites us in this moment to win on the field of battle the right to a peace which shall be a true peace of humanity. It is for this we are here in this admirable reunion of hope and duty, well prepared to make every sacrifice demanded by an alliance which no intrigue and no weakening can ever impair. Our task is to translate into acts those lofty feelings whereby we are animated. Our order of the day is work. Let us work."

M. Pichon then outlined the questions to be examined and the method of work to be followed. The resolutions by the French representatives having been adopted without discussion, the conference divided into sections in which the various allied delegations are represented. These sections are finances, imports and transportation, armament, munitions, aviation, food and blockade. Each of these commissions is being presided over by the French Minister whose department corresponds to the subject under consideration.

Diplomatic, military, and naval ques-

Continued on Page 2.

"WAKE UP!—Don't be a Peter Put-off——" See top of Page 8.—Advt.

German Food Chief Promises Diet of Bread and Potatoes

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 29.—Speaking in the Prussian Lower House today on food conditions, Herr von Waldow, President of the German Food Regulation Board, said:

"Considerable supplies of grain for making bread have been provided by early thrashing. The Imperial German Bureau has already received 1,000,550 tons, as compared with 890,000 tons last year.

"The potato crop may be regarded as satisfactory, almost as a good one, and we count upon having 34,500,000 tons. Distribution will be carried out much more efficiently than in recent years. The same quantity of sugar as formerly can be delivered.

"We shall still have to bear many restrictions, but we have adequate food supplies for the new year."

Herr von Waldow said that bread and potatoes would form the basis of the food supply.

AMERICANS HELPED IN BYNG'S DRIVE

Our Engineers Worked 4 Months on Vital Railways—Two Wounded in Battle.

OUR AIRMEN AT THE FRONT

Substantial Number of Coming Great Force Arrives—Training with Our Troops.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Monday, Nov. 26, (Associated Press.)—American troops have played an important part in General Byng's drive before Cambrai. It is now possible to tell the people of the United States for the first time that American army engineers have had a large hand in the marvelous work which has been accomplished in the way of pushing the vital railways up to the front.

The engineers have been laboring on roads behind the British lines for nearly four months, and two of the men who were wounded were in the first American casualties announced from Washington. The military requirements have made it impossible to mention their presence here before this time.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 29, (Associated Press.)—A substantial vanguard of the great army of American aviators, which eventually will operate in France, has arrived near the front.

For weeks some of them had been training actively for battlefront service, co-operating with the manoeuvres of American troops rehearsing and practicing attacks.

Army flying fields have been established in certain sections, and for days American soldiers in many parts of France have been watching American aviators circling above their heads.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Another striking act of devotion to duty has been reported by Vice-Admiral Sims in connection with the torpedoing of the American destroyer Cassin in British waters on Oct. 15 last. Only three days ago Secretary Daniels was informed of the bravery of Osmund K. Ingram, gunner's mate, who lost his life as a result of rushing to the stern of the Cassin and throwing overboard powerful explosives when he saw the torpedo approaching that end of the vessel. Ingram was blown overboard and was the only man to lose his life. His bravery saved the Cassin, which was able to make port.

Secretary Daniels was notified by Vice-Admiral Sims today of the bravery of William Joseph Murphy, Chief Electrician on the Cassin, at the time of the torpedoing. Murphy stood at his post when the explosion put the radio apparatus out of commission, and succeeded in repairing and adjusting it, thus making it possible for the ship to get into radio touch with other vessels.

Murphy is a New York youth. He enlisted at Boston on Nov. 8, 1911. His wife is Mrs. Mabel Mary Murphy of 378 East Thirty-fifth Street, Brooklyn.

Secretary Daniels also announced today that he had sent to John J. Swigart, seaman, commendation for jumping overboard from an army transport in an unsuccessful effort to rescue a shipmate. Swigart jumped from the vessel, which was going at high speed, into its wake, and swam to a point where the man was last seen. He searched for the man until exhausted. Swigart enlisted from Cincinnati, March 19, 1917. He gave as his next of kin William Swigart, a brother, of 31 East Seventh Street, Newport, Ky.

SCANDINAVIAN KINGS BEGIN CONFERENCE

Powerful When United to Resist Foreign Aggression, Says Swedish Monarch.

CHRISTIANIA, Nov. 29.—The Scandinavian conference was opened yesterday with speeches by King Haakon of Norway and King Gustav of Sweden, after which the Ministers representing the three nations conferred for several hours.

A banquet was held last night at which King Haakon, proposing a toast to the visiting monarchs, said:

"These are mournful times for Europe. Our own countries also come under their shadow, but we are fortunate in having been able to keep out of the war."

The King expressed his thanks to the Danish people for their readiness to submit to privations in order to assist the other Scandinavian countries.

King Gustav, in his reply to King Haakon, referred to the separation of Sweden and Norway and to the fact that he was the first Swedish ruler to visit Norway since that event. He continued:

"Each of our nations is small in itself, but together we constitute a force which must be reckoned with, when it is a question of safeguarding the maintenance of our independence and of our right freely to dispose of our own destinies."

Discreet Facts Encourage Buyers
Rinso gives bushels of thick, rich suds even in hard water. You have never tasted perfect lather till you have tried them.—Advt.

FEARS WORLD-WIDE RUIN

Lansdowne Wants Allies to Restate Aims as Step Toward Ending Conflict

WOULD REASSURE GERMANY

Sees Peace Party Strengthened if Convinced That Foes Don't Seek Her Annihilation.

DECRIES "WAR AFTER WAR"

And Favors International Discussion of New Problems, Including Freedom of Seas.

Lansdowne's Proposals of a Basis of Peace

The Marquis of Lansdowne, author of the suggestions for peace, published below, was Foreign Minister in the Cabinets of Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour, and Minister without portfolio in Mr. Asquith's Coalition Ministry, and has been Viceroy of India and Governor General of Canada.

He tabulates his suggestions of a restatement of the Allies' aims as follows:

1. That we do not desire the annihilation of Germany as a great power.
2. That we do not seek to impose upon her people any form of government other than that of their own choice.
3. That, except as a legitimate war measure, we have no desire to deny to Germany her place among the great commercial communities of the world.
4. That we are prepared, when war is over, to examine in concert with other powers a group of international problems, some of them of recent origin, which are connected with the question of the freedom of the seas.
5. That we are prepared to enter into an international pact under which ample opportunities would be afforded for the settlement of international disputes by peaceful means.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 30.—The Marquis of Lansdowne has written a letter to The Daily Telegraph, in which he urges upon the Allies a restatement, in general terms, of their war aims, in an attempt to bring about peace before the prolongation of the war leads to the ruin of the civilized world."

The Daily Chronicle says it is informed, "on authority," that the rumor current that the letter was written with the knowledge of the Government is unfounded.

Lord Lansdowne's letter to The Daily Telegraph is as follows:

"We are now in the fourth year of the most dreadful war the world has ever known—a war in which, as Sir W. Robertson lately informed us, the number of the killed alone can be counted by the million, while the total number of men engaged amounts to nearly 24,000,000. Ministers continue to tell us that they scan the horizon in vain for a prospect of a lasting peace, and without a lasting peace we all feel that the task we have set ourselves will remain unaccomplished.

"But those who look forward with horror to the prolongation of the war, who believe that its wanton prolongation would be a crime differing only in degree from that of the criminals who provoked it, may be excused if they, too, scan the horizon anxiously in the hope of discovering their indications that the outlook may, after all, not be so hopeless as is supposed. The obstacles are indeed formidable enough. We are constantly reminded of one of them.

"It is pointed out with force that, while we have not hesitated to put forward a general description of our war aims, the enemy have, though repeatedly challenged, refused to formulate theirs and have limited themselves to vague and apparently insincere professions of readiness to negotiate with us. The force of the argument cannot be gainsaid, but it is directed mainly to show that we are still far from agreement as to the territorial questions which must come up for settlement in connection with the terms of peace.

"These are, however, by no means the only questions which will arise, and it is worth while to consider whether there are not others also of first-rate importance, with regard to which the prospects of agreement are less remote. Let me examine one or two of these.

"What are we fighting for? To beat the Germans, certainly; but that is not an end in itself. We want to inflict a signal defeat upon the Central Powers, not out of mere vindictiveness, but in the hope of saving the world from a recurrence of the calamity which has befallen this generation.

War for "Reparation and Security."

"What, then is it we want when the war is over? I know of no better formula than that more than once made use of with universal approval by Mr. Asquith in the speeches which he, from time to time, has delivered. He has repeatedly told his hearers that we are waging war in order to obtain reparation and security. Both are essential, but of the two, security is perhaps more indispensable.

"In the way of reparation much can no doubt be accomplished, but the utmost effort to make good all the ravages of this war must fall short of completeness and will fail to undo the grievous wrong which has been done to humanity.

"It may, however, be possible to make some amends for the inevitable incompleteness of reparation if the security afforded is, humanly speaking, complete.

"To end the war honorably would be a great achievement. To prevent the same curse falling upon our children would be a greater achievement still.

"This is our avowed aim, and the magnitude of the issue cannot be exaggerated; for, just as this war has been more dreadful than any war in history, so, we may be sure, would the next war be even more dreadful than this. The prostitution of science for purposes of pure destruction is not likely to stop short.

Proposes Pledge of Future Arbitration

"Most of us, however, believe that it should be possible to secure posterity against a repetition of such an outrage as that of 1914, if the powers will, under a solemn pact, bind themselves to submit future disputes to arbitration.

"If they will undertake to outlaw politically and economically any one of their number which refuses to enter into such a pact, or to use their joint military and naval forces for the purpose of coercing the Power which breaks away from the rest, they will indeed have traveled far along the road which leads to security.

"We are, at any rate, right to put security in the front line of our peace demands, and it is not unsatisfactory to note that, in principle, there seems to be complete unanimity upon this point."

Lord Lansdowne then cites from President Wilson's speech at the banquet of the League to Enforce Peace. His reference to "a universal association of nations to prevent any war from being begun, either contrary to treaty covenants or without warning and full submission of the cause to the opinion of the world," and quotes from the German Chancellor's speeches to the Main Committee of the Reichstag in the same year in favor of a "peaceful agreement and understanding which will prevent the return of such an immense catastrophe." The Papal suggestion of August last of the establishment of arbitration and the Austrian welcome of it and readiness to enter into negotiations regarding the Papal proposal are recorded, and Lord Lansdowne proceeds:

"In his dispatch covering the allied note of Jan. 10, 1917, Mr. Balfour mentions as one of the three conditions essential to durable peace the condition that 'Behind international law and behind all treaty arrangements for preventing or limiting hostilities some form of international sanction might be devised which would give pause to the hardest aggressor.'

"Such sanction would probably take the form of coercion applied in one of two modes. The aggressor would be disciplined either by the pressure of superior naval and military strength or by the denial of commercial access and facilities.

"The proceedings of the Paris conference show that we should not shrink from such denial if we were compelled to use the weapon for purposes of self-defense; but, while a commercial boycott would be justifiable as a war measure, and while the threat of a boycott in case Germany should show herself utterly unreasonable would be a legitimate threat, no reasonable man would surely desire to destroy the trade of the Central Powers if they will, so to speak, enter into recognizances to keep the peace and do not force us into conflict by hostile combination.

Deplores "War After the War."

"A commercial war is less ghastly in its immediate results than a war of armed forces, but it would certainly be deplorable if, after three or four years of sanguinary conflict in the field—a conflict which has destroyed a great part of the wealth of the world and permanently crippled its resources—the Powers were to embark upon commercial hostilities certain to retard the economic recovery of all the nations involved.

"That we shall have to secure ourselves against the fiscal hostility of others; that we shall have to prevent the recurrence of conditions under which, when the war broke out, we found ourselves short of essential commodities because we had allowed certain industries and certain sources of supply to pass entirely under the control of our enemies, no one will doubt—subject, however, to this reservation, that it will surely be for our interest that the stream of trade should, so far as our own fiscal interests permit, be allowed to flow strong and uninterrupted in its natural channels.

"There remains the question of territorial claims. The most authoritative statement of these is to be found in the Allies' note of Jan. 10, 1917. This statement must obviously be regarded as a broad outline of the desiderata of the Allies; but is anyone prepared to argue that the sketch is complete, or that it may not become necessary to re-examine it. Mr. Asquith, speaking at Liverpool in October last, used the following language:

"'No one pretends that it would be right or opportune for either side to formulate an ultimatum, detailed, exhaustive, precise, with clauses and subclauses, which is to be accepted verbatim et literatim, chapter and verse, as an indispensable preliminary and condition of peace. There are many things,' he added, 'in worldwide conflict such as this which must of necessity be left over for discussion and negotiation, for

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BRITISH PUBLIC STIRRED

Lansdowne's Letter Revives Attacks on Lloyd George's Cabinet.

LACK OF WORLD STRATEGY

Point that Allied Policy May Give Aid to German War Party Seized Upon.

NORTHCLIFFE PRESS SILENT

Chronicle Declares It Prefers President Wilson's Counsel to Lansdowne's.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 30.—Lord Lansdown'e letter is generally recognized as the most important event of the day. The Daily Telegraph describes it as "an expression of the personal view of a statesman of world-wide reputation and long and varied experience." It is that certainly, but also much more than that.

The recent suggestion of a new Government, headed by Lansdowne and Balfour was derided in certain quarters on the ground that both were old men. It was for other reasons that the proposal was impracticable. None the less, Lansdowne is the representative of a considerable body of British public opinion.

Lloyd George's recent "parliamentary triumph" was the hour's wonder. Reflection has not increased confidence in his guidance. Never has the Premier had a worse week-end. From the Socialist Clarion to the Whig Spectator, practically all the weekly papers struck critical notes, ranging through the whole gamut from doubt to despair.

Outside of the Northcliffe press, which, one of the contemporaries says, is hypnotized by the terror of Asquith's return, the Lloyd George Government had hardly one whole-hearted supporter. Lansdowne's letter is regarded by sober opinion as a call for wise leadership. In last week's Commons debate, the Westminster Gazette points out, the Prime Minister spoke of himself as an expert in political strategy. The cheers of the House justified the description so far as it applied to Parliament, but political strategy in a wider sense as concerned with the world war is precisely the art which Lansdowne finds lacking in the counsels of the Allies, and for lack of it he thinks they risk prolonging the war beyond reason or necessity and playing into the hands of the war party in Germany.

In this respect Lansdowne's letter meets the approval of all but the jingoists, who still cherish the shibboleth of a knockout blow crushing Germany. The Star puts this point with snap.

"Lansdowne's letter," it says "is nothing short of a thunderbolt dropped in the camp of those who want the war to last forever, and who bully and browbeat everybody who dares to think for himself about the problem of peace.

"He is no fool and no pacifist, but he has more practical wisdom in his little finger than Milner, Curzon, Carson, and Lloyd George have in their four heads."

The same paper adds: "Lloyd George is at present in Paris with Lord Milner and Lord Northcliffe to stay up his hands as Aaron and Hur did for Moses in Rephidim. He is no doubt accurately informed as to the amount of political pressure which the Lansdowne group is in position to exercise and will be guided by thtat knowledge.

Meantime the Northcliffe press has nothing to say. There is no mention of Lansdowne's letter in this afternoon's Evening News. The other evening papers, with the exception of the Globe, which is now run by Leo Maxse, whose fire-eating propensities used to find their chief outlet in the National Review, agree in the main with Lansdowne, though issue is taken with him on certain points, chief among which is that of Germany's readiness to accept conditions which would make a league of nations policy a practicable proposition.

Here even the Westminster Gazette, which reflects the body of liberal opinion corresponding to that which Lansdowne speaks for on the conservative side says:

"We shall know more of the present German mood when we have read the speech which the new Chancellor is to make today in the Reichstag, but we may be sure that the militarist parties are counting upon the collapse of Russia to resist all the schemes which would make them equal partners in a free European system and to renew their claims of aggression and dominance."

The one point in Lansdowne's argument on which serious opinion fastens with interrogation is, as already indicated, the question whether we can get a peace which spells the defeat and not

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Austria Is Disappointed Over the Results in Italy; Grows More Distrustful of Domineering Ally

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—Reports reaching Paris, via Switzerland, picture Austria as discontented with the Italian situation and increasingly concerned over her relations with Germany after the war.

Austria's ambitions are local and limited, while Germany's are worldwide. By rushing in front of Austria and leading the sweep into Italy, and by taking sole charge of the Russian situation, Germany places herself where she can treat Austria with scant consideration after the war.

Austria, therefore, stands to lose, no matter which side wins the war. Emperor Charles is said to be very restless, and the feeling of the people is deeply embittered and distrustful of their Prussian partners.

Sweden Said to be Acting as Mediator Between Bolsheviki and Germany

Gen. Berthelot, for French War Office, Expresses to Highest Russian Command Confidence It Will Stand by Allies—Trotzky to Appoint New Ambassadors to London and Paris.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that the Swedish Legation at Petrograd has agreed, at Leon Trotzky's request, to act as mediator between Russia and Germany, and has already sent to the Berlin Foreign Office a note proffering a truce and peace negotiations.

Petrograd advices say that General Henri Berthelot, Chief of the French Military Mission to Rumania, under a Jassy date of Nov. 25 has informed Lieut. Gen. Stcherbatcheff, commander of the Russian forces in Rumania, according to Ivestiay, the Bolshevist organ, of the receipt of a dispatch from the War Ministry at Paris commenting on the absence of military information from the Russian General Staff, but, instead, the receipt of details of the armistice efforts.

"I am requested to inform the highest military powers," says General Berthelot, "that France does not recognize the power of the national commissaries, but is confident of the patriotism of the highest Russian command and believes that it will refuse to enter into criminal negotiations, and will keep the Russian army facing the common enemy."

A decree has been issued by Nikolai Lenine and Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevist Premier and Foreign Minister, respectively, giving the Commissioner of the State Bank the right to issue from the State Treasury a short-time advance to the Council of Commissaries of 25,000,000 rubles.

The decree followed a conference of the Commissioner and the bank authorities, in which the legal proceedings for drawing funds were explained. This method was declared by the Commissioner to be too dilatory in view of the immediate need of funds. The decree was then issued, after which the bank managers resigned.

Their places have been filled by appointees of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, which will doubtless insure the acquisition of the funds mentioned.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAPARANDA, Sweden, Nov. 29.—In the near future the Bolshevist Government will appoint new diplomatic representatives in London and Paris and discharge the present Ambassadors. Trotzky has sent a circular note to all the Russian diplomatic representatives as Commissary of Foreign Affairs, asking whether they recognize him.

The Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates at Petrograd has been informed that the Allied Ambassadors, without breaking off diplomatic connections, intend to leave Petrograd for Stockholm and intrust special delegates to run the embassies.

COALITION CABINET FORCED ON BOLSHEVIKI

Temporary Soviet Parliament Also Agreed To After Peasants' Conference Turns on Lenine.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 28.—During the last twenty-four hours the political situation here has taken another disconcerting sideways leap. The Peasants' Conference which met a few days ago promptly split into two—a small conference of anti-Bolshevist pro-war peasants and a larger conference of Lefts sharing the views of the Lenine Cabinet.

But last night a curious thing happened. Lenine addressed the Lefts and somehow antagonized them. The peasant soldiers forming a majority of the audience behaved impatiently, interrupting frequently. A derisive reception was given to his reference to Ensign Krylenko's appointment to be commander in chief. The Bolshevist Premier retired, not daring to risk the putting of a resolution of confidence in his Government to the meeting.

Then came the announcement that Germany had accepted the proposal of an armistice on all fronts. A Bolshevik moved that a telegram of congratulation be sent to Krylenko. After an uproarious discussion the resolution was defeated and the Bolsheviki walked out.

Last night it had already become apparent that the Bolsheviki had not succeeded in obtaining a sweeping majority in the Constituent Assembly elections, even in Petrograd, the citadel of Bolshevism. A Bolshevik coalition with other extremists was therefore an urgent necessity yesterday, and today ne-

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gotiations accordingly proceeded at the Smolny Institute. One form of agreement has been reached. Its announcement was made in curiously dramatic circumstances.

Encouraged by the chilly reception of Lenine, Chernoff this morning addressed the Left at the Peasants' Conference, making a powerful bid for leadership. The delegates, swayed by his oratory, gave him a tumultuous reception, especially applauding his references to the sovereignty of the people, not of "usurpers."

He concluded triumphantly, and the meeting was declared adjourned. A few delegates had already gone out when the Chairman asked the meeting to keep its seats and allow an important announcement to be made.

An emissary from the Smolny Institute then reported that a coalition government had just been agreed upon, consisting of Bolsheviki, of the Left, Social Revolutionaries, and Menshevik Internationalists. Eighteen delegates from the All-Russian Executive Committee of the Soviets, 108 from the Left in the Peasants' Conference, 100 delegates from the Army, and 60 from various trade unions are to form a temporary Soviet Parliament, which is to hold a meeting immediately. This will appoint committees to manage the Government departments. Each committee will elect its own Chairman. These Chairman will be the Cabinet. Such scheme excludes Tchernoff just at the moment of the apparent beginning of his triumphal progress.

So Russia is trying a third experiment for composing a revolutionary Parliament. It is not difficult to foresee the results, but it is obvious that unless it is manipulated with extreme skill the new organ of the Government may slip out of the hands of the Bolsheviki.

Schneur, Zoglovich, and Meren are the names of the three representatives from the 5th Army who were admitted to the German trenches as envoys of Ensign Krylenko, the Bolshevist Commander in Chief, and arranged for representatives of both sides to meet again on Dec. 2 to conclude an armistice and to make a renewed appeal to the Allies and to accept the Bolshevist peace platform and conclude a general armistice on all fronts.

The position is bizarre in the extreme. Only three armies recognize Krylenko as Commander in Chief. Headquarters and the Southern Rumanian and Caucasian fronts definitely refuse to recognize the Bolshevist Government. On the western (Russian) front there is dissension, part of the troops protesting against the Bolshevist peace tactics and the rest supporting them. The commander of the front, Baluyev, and Commissary Zhdanov have been arrested at Minsk. Krylenko has issued an order to stop fighting on all fronts and only to fire if fire be opened on the enemy. The observance of the truce terms by the Germans is conditional on complete cessation of hostilities by the Russian Headquarters.

Commissary Stankevitch refuses to transmit Krylenko's orders to General Dukhonin, and in the name of the army issues an appeal to the civil population to put an end to civil war and anarchy and continue to supply all that is needful for the maintenance of the army at the front.

Ensign Krylenko, instead of pursuing his journey south, is returning to Petrograd. Captain Kukel, who was left by Admiral Verderevski in charge of the Ministry of Marine for mechanical work, has been arrested for refusing to hand over papers of the Ministry to Bolshevist emissaries, and the Bolsheviki have appointed Captain Modest Ivanov in his place.

The Military Revolutionary Committee refuses to issue passports to foreigners traveling abroad unless a request is addressed directly by the Embassies to the committee. The neutral legations have agreed to these conditions.

The results of the poll in Petrograd for the Constituent Assembly are extremely interesting, the Bolsheviki and Cadets running neck and neck, with the Cadets so far in a slight majority. The Social Revolutionaries follow far behind, and the number of votes polled by the other parties is insignificant. The size of the Bolshevist vote is accounted for by the votes of soldiers of the Petrograd garrison and in part of the workmen.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 29.—Returns in the election for the Constituent Assembly have not yet been completed, but so far the Maximalists are far in the lead. One hundred and ten out of 194 district in Petrograd give the Maximalists 220,000 votes, the Constitutional

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SPEECH TO THE REICHSTAG

Hertling Says He Hopes Peace Move Will Develop Soon.

PLEDGES FOR PROVINCES

Right of "Self-Determination" to be Allowed Lithuania and Courland.

TEUTON ALLIES PRAISED

Modification of Censorship Is Hinted — Appeal for German Internal Unity.

BERLIN, (via London,) Nov. 29.—Count George F. von Hertling, the new Imperial German Chancellor, told the Reichstag when it reassembled today that he was ready to enter into peace negotiations as soon as the Russian Government sent representatives having full powers to Berlin.

"I hope and wish," he said, "that these efforts will soon take definite shape and bring us peace."

Respecting Poland, Lithuania, and Courland, Count von Hertling said:

"We respect the right of self-determination of their peoples. We expect they will give themselves a constitutional form of government corresponding to their conditions."

The Chancellor delivered a long speech to the Reichstag, in which he dwelt upon all the current problems of the internal and external situations. After some personal observations on the war, he referred to the home politics of the Empire, alluding to the introduction of the Prussian franchise proposal, and the Government's new measures, which extend social and political legislation in Germany. In regard to the maintenance of a censorship, he professed himself, in contradistinction, he said, to the stand of the Entente Powers, in favor of a liberal conception of the right of free opinion.

After an affecting appeal for unity on the internal front, the Chancellor spoke about as follows on the general political world situation:

Praises "Our Faithful Allies."

"I have taken over from my highly honored predecessors in office a precious heritage, namely, to cherish our friendship with Austria-Hungary, Turkey, and Bulgaria. Our alliances with these three States were concluded on different dates, but their aim is common—the realization of national ideals, the safeguarding of our territorial possessions, and the warding off of enemy attacks. The pre-eminent nature of this aim has steeled our resolution in the long and bloody struggle, and will sustain us until the end is in sight.

"Our faithful allies, to whom we have been drawn in defense of our most sacred possessions, and in combination with whom deeds of incomparable greatness have been performed on the battlefields and at home, have my gratitude and admiration."

Ready for Russian Negotiations.

Count von Hertling referred to the fact that the Russian Government had sent from Tsarskoe Selo a wireless communication signed by Trotzky and Lenine, addressed to the Governments and peoples of the belligerent countries, proposing that negotiations for a truce and a general peace be opened at an early date, and said:

"I do not hesitate to declare that in the proposals of the Russian Government, so far as is at present known, debatable principles on which the opening of negotiations may be based may be recognized and that I am ready to enter into such so soon as the Russian Government sends representatives having full powers for this purpose. I hope and wish that these efforts will soon take definite shape and bring us peace."

Pleads for Unity to Baffle Foes.

Count von Hertling said that the initiative for the Prussian reforms proceeded from the Crown. After alluding to some new bills of reform affecting the workmen's unions, he referred to the censorship question and promised to do what was possible to allow a free expression of opinion and set aside abuses. He continued:

"The point now is to stand together united and firm until victory is achieved. Our enemies begin to see they cannot deprive us of victory by force of arms, but they base their hope on a supposed imminent internal breakdown.

"Without knowledge of our German conditions, and misled by a dependent and instigating press, they affect to see signs of coming events in transitory appearances. Do your best, gentlemen, to destroy this by a unanimous determination to support the Government. Let one thought and determination fill all hearts—thought of one's country."

Insists U-Boats Will Win.

As to the submarine campaign, the Chancellor said:

"Submarine warfare against merchant ships exercises systematically its powerful and inevitable effect. It was and is the only thoroughgoing means for carrying on against the superior power of our adversaries the economic war forced upon us. It directs itself against enemy tonnage and those voyaging in the enemy's service.

"If our adversaries have sought for some time to fill the thinned-out ranks

of their merchant fleets with neutral ships which they have forcibly impressed into their service by a hunger blockade and other oppressive means, this procedure cannot be continued at will and will soon reach its limit. Even by the most hurried building of new ships in the yards of our adversaries, the number of ships sunk will continually exceed the tonnage of those newly built.

"All observations give us unmistakable proof that the submarine war against merchant ships will reach the aim intended for it."

Count von Hertling then praised the army and navy and the soldiers on all fronts. He eulogized the home population for its patience and endurance in bearing the privations the war had brought with it, especially the women who had so bravely taken up the work of the men called into military service.

He spoke of the financing of the war which had been carried out satisfactorily, adding:

"The Empire has appealed seven times to the German people to provide the means and all classes of the population have competed in order that each might bear his portion of the burden and the sum of about 73,000,000,000 marks has been subscribed voluntarily to date."

In asking the Reichstag for a new credit of 15,000,000,000 marks the Chancellor alluded to extraordinary war experiences which had called forth among all the German people consciousness and solidarity. Every member of the community, he said, was now aware that he was a part of the grand total of valuable members of the State, which they recognized peculiarly as their affair and possession.

Discusses Political Reform.

The Chancellor then spoke of the demand for reform and adjustment of political affairs. He said it was necessary to recognize what was right in this demand and carry it through with a firm hand. He added:

"One should particularly not be led astray by catch words nor slavishly imitate the instructions of other countries, but should do what is demanded by the actual needs of popular life and which correspond to the German spirit and German characteristics.

"Of the fundamental principles of our imperial constitution, nothing can or shall be changed. They are distinctive and have grown out of the historically developed character of the German people and their various branches. Parliamentary representation in the Reichstag rests upon the broadest conceivable base.

"When our political life, developing itself upon this firm foundation, undertakes new tasks and when the new needs make themselves apparent within the framework of the imperial constitution, the Imperial Government will at all times lend a willing ear to the wishes and suggestions which may reach it from this honorable house—of that I am sure."

WARNED OF GERMAN RISING.

Haase's Speech Bitterly Indicting Deception of the People.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Through Swiss channels the text of the recent speech of Herr Haase, Independent Socialist leader in the Reichstag, in which he criticised German diplomacy, has reached Washington. Herr Haase was once President of the whole Socialist group in the Reichstag, but when the party split on the question of the continued support of the war he became the leader of the minority.

After denouncing German diplomacy Herr Haase asserted that the progress of events must lead to the establishment of a social republic. Turning to the subject of war, he said:

"How long is the war going to be continued? If it goes with your wishes, then the time is not far off when our nation will be bled white and destroyed through exhaustion. You preach that we must keep our nerves. The nation has kept its nerves, but it has slowly awakened out of the delirium of war.

"For years it has been consoled by whisperings that it will only last a little longer and then this dreadful war will be over. Again and again it has been consoled thus. Finally, Aug. 1 of this year was to bring the solution. It has even been hinted from on high that peace would soon be dictated.

"Herr von Heydebrand quoted the Admiral who foresaw the complete success of the submarine within a few months, so that England would then be compelled to beg for peace. We have read it again and again in the Pan German press, and it went from mouth to mouth.

"The news that England had again abandoned the meatless days which she had introduced made several people whom I know stare in amazement. Then came the definite news from England of the conditions of life there, that rice was stored in great quantities and cost but 3 pence per pound, and that a dozen eggs could be bought for a shilling. Is, then, the nation to be kept in the delusion that, in spite of all this, England will soon be forced to beg for peace because she is starving?

"It has been calculated in public that England's cargo space will soon be so reduced that she will be unable to continue the war. But there again the public has long ago come to the conclusion that the statistics placed before it are quite false, and that it has been forgotten to take into account the fact that the tonnage of the whole world is at England's disposal, and that it is consequently silly to take the losses which the submarines cause simply in proportion to the ships which belong to England alone.

"The new Chancellor warned us today against all too previous prophets, and in the same breath uttered the prophecy which was just as hasty and which will very soon be belied by events; that England will not be able much longer—this was the expression he used—to withstand the need for peace.

"Do we want to deceive our people? The great masses want truth, and will no longer be put off with vain hopes.

"A great complaint has been begun by Scheidemann about the political effects of the intensified and ruthless submarine warfare. Now, we have from the very beginning declared we are against the submarine warfare from reasons of international law and humanity. We have continually pointed out that America and the other States would join our enemies. But they have no right to complain of these results who carried through the submarine war with Count Westarp and the rest and demanded a more intense application of this weapon.

"As for the attempt to effect a separate peace with Russia, nobody can believe that the peace resolution without a word about the self-determination of nationalities will have a good effect abroad. As a matter of fact, Russia has the greatest distrust of the German Government and its supporters. Nor will the majority Socialist declaration in Sweden be more efficacious. It has been condemned by all enemy and neutral Socialists.

"The feeling of the people as the result of the leaden weight of hunger is such as to startle even the most frivolous. You have read of riots and strikes in Silesia.

"Do you think the masses can possibly endure it much longer? It is impossible, and when the crash comes you must not be surprised. Workers know better every day how they must act if they are to achieve what they have at heart. They will rise against these conditions."

BEAD SUPPLY IS MENACED.

Invasion of Italy Affects the World-wide Monopoly of Venice.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The menace to Venice from the Austro-German campaign in Northern Italy strikes sharply at one line of trade in which the whole world is interested. It is the trade in glass beads. Venice is the bead capital of the world. In the South Sea Islands, the heart of Africa under the North Pole, Tibet, Patagonia, at the uttermost corners of the earth will the handiwork of the Venetian artisan be found. In this country tons of beads from Venice find their way into the handiwork of our Sioux, Chippewa, and Five Tribe Indians.

Harvey Carroll, American Consul at Venice, in a dispatch just received by the Department of Commerce, says that the Venetian bead-making industry is a monopoly and controls a world-wide exporting business, shipping to Africa, India, Oceania, Asiatic countries, Europe, and the Americas. It makes the beads that are used as money by certain tribes in the Congo and in German West Africa, and ships many thousands of tons of bead ornaments to the savage as well as the civilized nations of the world.

The offices of the company are in a magnificent old palace at Murano, the Palazzo Trevisan, which boasts frescoes by Tiepolo. The foundries and factories cover many acres of ground. Before the outbreak of the European war this company kept in storage more than 4,409,245 pounds of manufactured beads. At the present time less than one-fourth this quantity is in stock, and production has greatly decreased, owing to difficulty in securing fuel and raw material.

In the first half of the last century Jacopo Franchini, by binding tiny straws of colored glass together, formed at the end of a rod a miniature portrait or other design. This combination rod was fused at a blowpipe and drawn out until no larger than a knitting needle. Cut into cross sections, each showed a perfect portrait. In the Murano Museum there is a section of glass rod less than 1 centimeter, or four-tenths of an inch, in diameter, that shows three perfect portraits side by side. Owing to his intense application to his work, Franchini died in a madhouse. Nobody has since been found who can duplicate his work in glass.

GERMAN DESTROYER SUNK.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—A German torpedo boat destroyer belonging to the Zeebrugge flotilla struck a mine off Westkappelle, Holland, and sank, according to an exchange telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam.

Only two of her crew were saved.

BRITISH ADVANCE LINES NEAR BOURLON

Some Gain of Ground Is Made West of the Wooded Hill Dominating Cambrai.

CITY IS UNDER SHELL FIRE

Belgians Beat Off a Severe Attack by German Troops in Flanders.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—On the Cambrai battlefront British troops made a slight advance today west of Bourlon Wood, according to the official statement issued tonight by Field Marshal Haig. This gain followed a night of comparative quiet, in which a few prisoners were taken in patrol encounters.

Haig's bulletin reads:

There was considerable artillery activity on both sides this morning in the neighborhood of Bourlon Wood. West of the wood we advanced our line slightly by a successful operation.

Hostile raids attempted early this morning in the neighborhood of Hollebeke were repulsed, leaving some prisoners in our hands.

The enemy's artillery has shown somewhat increased activity in this sector and also east and northeast of Ypres during the day.

The day bulletin says:

A hostile attack delivered against Belgian positions in the neighborhood of Aschhoop was beaten off after sharp fighting.

South of the Scarpe River we captured a few prisoners during the night in patrol encounters.

On the remainder of the front there is nothing of special interest to report.

The official statement dealing with aviation activities says:

Over 130 bombs were dropped during the day on the Courtrai, Roulers, Menin, and Thourout railway stations and other targets in the Ypres battle area. At night, in spite of a strong wind and clouds, seventeen heavy bombs were dropped on the Roulers Railway Station, and many rounds were fired from machine guns into the enemy's huts in the neighborhood.

One hostile machine was driven down out of control. Three of ours are missing.

The Belgian communication, issued at Havre, reads:

On November 28, after a violent bombardment, the enemy attacked our trenches near Aschhoop. He succeeded in entering our advanced posts but was driven out by a counterattack. The artillery actions remained intense most of the day and night in this region. There was slight artillery activity during the course of the morning.

The afternoon was marked by an intense bombardment of our works east of Merckem, near Dixmude, and in the region of Ramscapelle. We replied vigorously against the enemy batteries and organizations.

In the evening aerial bombs were launched on our cantonments at Alveringhem and Bostuletarem.

Reports Cambrai Shelled.

BERLIN, Nov. 29, (via London.)—British artillery has been shelling the town of Cambrai, the objective of the latest British offensive on the Somme front in France, the German General Staff announced today, but reported a lull in the general fighting in that section.

Tonight's bulletin says a British attack west of Bourlon was repulsed.

The day report reads:

Army Group of Prince Rupprecht.—East of Merckem Bavarian storming troops brought back from the Belgian lines one officer, forty-six men, and two machine guns.

There was heavy artillery firing throughout the day near Poelcapelle and between Becelaere and Gheluvelt. East of Arras the artillery activity increased. There was a lull in the fighting yesterday southwest of Cambrai. Between Moeuvres and Bourlon, and in the neighborhood of Fontaine Notre Dame and Crevecoeur, the firing increased at times.

Cambrai was shelled by the British. Minor forefield engagemenets resulted in the capture of prisoners and machine guns.

The supplementary report this evening reads:

There was strong artillery fire near Poelcapelle.

West of Bourlon an English attack failed with heavy losses.

CALM DAY ON BATTLEFIELD.

Sharp Contrast of Grassy Area with Shell-torn Flanders.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Nov. 29.—After the heavy fighting around Bourlon wood the battle front today was astoundingly quiet. During the night the enemy shelled the British positions in and about the forest and some of the recently captured villages, like Graincourt and Anneux, but this morning when I went up beyond the old line at Hermies into the open country on the left of the Canal du Nord, and the Grand Ravin the guns were quiet on both sides, and only a few shells passed on either side, until later in the morning the enemy put a barrage down for a time south of the Bourlon wood.

All this is so different from the Flanders front, where one cannot go a step beyond Ypres, or even so far without hearing the abominable noise of the 5.9 or seeing a shell burst uncomfortably near that there is a very curious sense of fantasy in walking about battlefields within full view of the enemy's positions, and without any sinister emotion.

There is tussocky grass beneath one's feet and only a few shell holes here and there to remind one that war is close. The German trenches, which are now behind the British front, are as neat as when they were first dug and organized and not flung into wild shapelessness by storms of shellfire, like those of the Somme and Flanders. Villages like Ribecourt and Masnieres still have roofs above their walls and the woods of Bourlon and Havrincourt Park and La Folie are not slashed to death by high explosives.

Sunlight was upon the forest of Bourlon today, and above that great dark mass of trees, rising over the undulating ground to the highest knoll was a long, low line of blue sky, wonderfully clear for an Autumn day, so that one had far visibility, and on the right the towers and spires of Cambrai rose clear and fine below the clouds.

It was difficult to believe the village of Bourlon was still in the enemy's hands after the desperate fighting in and out of the trees of the forest that straggles out to it. Before these battles it was inclosed and hidden in glase, but her (and it is only here) the concentration of the British shellfire crashed into that little woodland and lopped off branches and torn some of the trunks to tatters, so that they begin to have the gallowstree look of other woods of the war. A few dark masses among the trunks show where the cottages of Bourlon village stood.

Where two days ago Yorkshiremen, following some tanks, went into a most bloody fight and struggled to gain and hold these ruins against the nests of machine gunners and swarms of riflemen it was all quiet this morning, and there was no sign of strife about it. All the activity of the day seemed to be in the sky rather than on the earth, and owing to the wonderful visibility of the morning hours great numbers of airplanes were up flying about in the sky in fighting formation, crossing the German lines on reconnaissance and engaging hostile planes, which were trying to use the light of day to see any movement of troops behind the British lines.

Caught napping on the first day of the battle, the German air service has tried on later days to get back some kind of power on this front, and this morning some of their best fliers were about, having, no doubt, been drafted down from other parts of the front.

RAIDS ALONG FRENCH FRONT.

Heavy German Attempt in Champagne Defeated.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—Today's official report of the War Office says:

Artillery actions occurred north of the Aisne and in the region of Sapeigneul.

In the Champagne north of Carnillet the enemy last night, after a violent bombardment, undertook a raid in great strength. Our troops repulsed him, inflicting heavy losses.

In the Argonne, west of the Aire, we raided the German lines and brought back ten prisoners.

Two enemy raids, one on the left bank of the Meuse, in the region of Bethincourt, the other on the right bank northwest of Vaux les Damloup, were completely repulsed.

There was active artillery fighting in Upper Alsace.

The War Office announcement tonight reads:

There was activity on the part of both artilleries along the whole front, notably between the Somme and the Oise, in Champagne, in the region of Massiges, in the Argonne, on the left bank of the Aire, in the region of Chaume Wood, and Bezonvaux, as well as in Upper Alsace.

BERLIN, Nov. 29.—The Headquarters bulletin today says:

Army Group of the German Crown Prince.—On both banks of the Meuse the artillery firing revived in the afternoon. We carried out successful reconnoissances.

A French attack near Dieppe was repulsed.

AMERICANS FALL IN FLANDERS

Six Killed in Action While Serving with Canadian Forces.

OTTAWA, Nov. 29.—The names of these Americans appear in the casualty list, issued here today:

Killed in Action.—R. E. Dewitt, Eastport, Me.; J. T. Kennedy, Minneapolis; G. K. Liddell, Ogden, Utah; Oscar Anderson, Two Harbors, Minn.; W. W. Burton, Detroit; E. J. Burns, Hartford, Conn.

Died of Wounds.—G. H. Welch, Salt Lake City; J. H. Enright, Saginaw, Mich.

Gassed.—W. B. Denby, New Britain, Conn.; Thomas McPhea, Royal Oak, Mich.

Wounded.—F. M. Welker, Lincoln, Neb.; W. E. Chittenden, Buffalo; James McDonald, Detroit; N. C. Miles, Brunswick, Me.; Hector Lamarre, Lowell, Mass.

CAN'T LIFT CENSORSHIP.

Would Not Serve Interests of Germany, the Reichstag Is Told.

More light was thrown upon the workings of the German censorship in the course of a discussion of that subject during the closing days of the last session of the Reichstag. It having been proposed by the Reichstag Committee that the censorship should be limited to military facts, and, in particular, that there should be no censorship of discussions about war aims and peace aims, constitutional questions, and matters of domestic policy, Herr Wallraf, Under Secretary in the Ministry of the Interior, replied, as quoted in Berlin papers received in London:

"One must realize clearly all that would then be open to free discussion—the sphere of foreign policy, our relations with our allies, our relations with neutrals, and even our relations with enemy States when thin threads begin one day to be woven between us and them. In domestic politics there would be free discussion of the incitement to strikes and riots, and even criticism of the Supreme Army Command would be possible, except as regards actual facts—for instance, criticism of the whole spirit of the leading of the army. Do you really think that, in view of our present situation, free discussion on such a scale could serve the interests of the Fatherland? Do you think so, in view of the sensationalism provoked by the war, and in view of the epidemic of indiscretions which is passing through our country? I cannot share this optimism."

LANSDOWNE URGES STATING WAR AIMS

Continued from Page 1.

accommodation and adjustment, at a later stage.'

"It is surely most important that this wise counsel should be kept in mind. Some of our original desiderata have probably become unattainable; others would probably now be given a less prominent place than when they were first put forward; others again, notably the reparation due to Belgium, remain and must always remain in the front rank; but when it comes to a wholesale rearrangement of the map of southeastern Europe we may well ask for a suspension of judgment and for the elucidation which a frank exchange of views between the allied powers can alone afford; for all these questions concern our allies as well as ourselves; and if we are to have an allied council for the purpose of adapting our strategy in the field to the ever-shifting developments of the war it is fair to assume that in the matter of peace terms also the Allies will make it their business to examine and, if necessary, to revise territorial requirements.

Prolonged War Means World Ruin.

"Let me end by explaining why I attach so much importance to these considerations. We are not going to lose this war, but its prolongation will spell ruin for the civilized world and an infinite addition to the load of human suffering, which already weighs upon it. Security will be invaluable to a world which has the vitality to profit by it; but what will be the value of the blessings of peace to nations so exhausted that they can scarcely stretch out a hand with which to grasp them?

"In my belief, if the war is to be brought to a close in time to avert a worldwide catastrophe, it will be brought to a close because on both sides the peoples of the countries involved realize that it has already lasted too long.

"There can be no question that this feeling prevails extensively in Germany, Austria and Turkey. We know beyond doubt that the economic pressure in those countries far exceeds any to which we are subject here. Ministers inform us in their speeches of constant efforts on the part of the Central Powers to invite peace talk [Sir Eric Geddes at the Mansion House on Nov. 9].

"If the peace talk is not more articulate and has not been so precise as to enable his Majesty's Government to treat it seriously, the explanation is probably to be found in the fact, first:

"That German despotism does not tolerate independent expressions of opinion; and, second, that the German Government has contrived, probably with success, to misrepresent the aims of the Allies, which are supposed to include the destruction of Germany, the imposition upon her of a form of government decided by her enemies, her destruction as a great commercial community, and her exclusion from the free use of the seas.

Declarations Which Would Aid Peace.

"An immense stimulus would probably be given to the peace party in Germany if it were understood

"(1) That we do not desire the annihilation of Germany as a great power.

"(2) That we do not seek to impose upon her people any form of government other than that of their own choice.

"(3) That, except as a legitimate war measure, we have no desire to deny to Germany her place among the great commercial communities of the world.

"(4) That we are prepared, when the war is over, to examine, in concert, with other powers, a group of international problems, some of them of recent origin, which are connected with the question of the freedom of the seas.

"(5) That we are prepared to enter into an international pact, under which ample opportunities would be afforded for the settlement of international disputes by peaceful means.

"I am under the impression that authority could be found for most of these propositions in Ministerial speeches.

"Since the above lines were written Sections 1, 2, and 3 have been dealt with by our own Foreign Minister at a public meeting held in honor of Premier Venizelos at the Mansion House. The question of the freedom of the seas was among those raised at the outset by our American allies. The formula is an ambiguous one, capable of many inconsistent interpretations, and I doubt whether it will be seriously contended that there is no room for profitable discussion that an attempt should be made to bring about the kind of pact suggested in Section 5, and, I believe, common ground to all the belligerents and probably to all the neutral powers.

"If it be once established that there are no insurmountable difficulties in the way of agreement upon these points, the political horizon might perhaps be scanned with better hope by those who pray, but can at this moment hardly venture to expect, that the new year may bring us a lasting and honorable peace."

ASQUITH PRESS JUBILANT.

Hails Lansdowne's Letter as a Blow to Lloyd George's War Policy.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—The strongest impetus to a renewal of the heated discussions of the rival schools on the war policy of the Allies was provoked today from a most unexpected quarter by the publication of a long letter from the Marquis of Lansdowne, strongly pleading for a restatement of the Allies' war aims and an attempt to bring about peace before "the prolongation of the war leads to the ruin of the civilized world."

Lord Lansdowne's long and intimate connection with foreign affairs and diplomacy lends unusual authority to such a pronouncement at the moment of the meeting of the Interallied Conference in Paris and because of Premier Clemenceau's recent declaration against a league of nations, including Germany, and already there are indications of embittered controversy over it.

It is authoritatively announced that the Government had no previous knowledge of the letter, and the strongest supporters of the Government in the evening press suggest that the letter is very unwelcome to the Ministry.

Under the caption "Lansdowne's Strange Letter," and the sub-head "The Policy of Talking to the Tiger," The Evening News strongly demurs against Lord Lansdowne's suggestions, taking the ground that Germany's word can not be trusted in any matter, and that an attempt to argue with her would be a sheer waste of time.

On the other hand, the Asquith papers hail the letter as one of the most remarkable documents that the war has produced, The Star greeting it as the most formidable attack yet made on the Lloyd Georgian "knockout blow" policy.

The matter has created a considerable sensation in the lobbies of Parliament, and, it is understood, will be the subject of discussion in the House at an early date, probably Monday.

LANSDOWNE STIRS THE BRITISH PRESS

Continued from Page 1.

the victory of Prussianism. The Daily Chronicle editorially says:

"Not long ago President Wilson, in reply to the Pope's note, indicated that he saw no chance of one at present. What has happened since? Defeat in Italy and the triumph of German influence in Petrograd. Does Lord Lansdowne think these events have improved the prospect or is it rather a question of his judgment against President Wilson's? As between the two we should strongly prefer the President's judgment on a broad international issue."

Apropos of the Chronicle's denial of the report that Lansdowne's letter had been submitted to Premier Lloyd George before publication, it is interesting to note that another rumor, equally prevalent, was that Mr. Asquith had given the letter qualified approval. A Parliamentary correspondent says that the views of the Unionist members of Parliament were, generally speaking, decidedly hostile, but that many Liberals regard the letter as a wise and courageous act, worthy of the traditions of British statesmanship. It is a reaction, said one member, against a policy which is satisfied with the ephemeral success of today, and takes no thought of tomorrow.

Dr. Arthur Lynch said:

"In this letter Lansdowne has left America in the lurch."

As opposed to this, Commander Wedgwood said:

"This is the first step taken by any one in authority in this country to associate himself with the democratic aims of President Wilson and to lay down the lines of a true liberal policy in foreign affairs."

Sir Henry Norman said: "Our leaders ought not to have waited for President Wilson to address the German people. If this letter be allowed to appear without excisions in the German press I believe it may conceivably produce an answer to the hitherto unanswerable question. How can we win repatriation and security without the military occupation of Berlin by the Allies?

Llewellyn Williams, Liberal, said: "A definite pronouncement against the policy of a knock-out blow and in favor of peace by negotiation, a definite acceptance of the policy of a league of nations, in spite of Clemenceau's recent scornful repudiation of it. If Lord Lansdowne's policy is accepted it will mean a change of Government in England and France."

Arthur Sherwell called Lord Lansdowne's letter "a sign and portent and a clear call to the true spirit of the nation." He went on:

"It undoubtedly voices a great and growing body of thoughtful opinion, which is concerned to keep true ends from entanglement with false. If it restores the spirit and aims of August, 1914, it will be a memorable service."

LONDON ASKS, WHAT DOES AMERICA SAY?

If Lansdowne Issue Is Pressed at Paris Our Attitude Will Be Decisive, It Is Agreed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Lord Lansdowne's letter was undoubtedly deliberately timed to coincide with the opening of the Inter-Allied conference in Paris. Lord Robert Cecil yesterday indicated in the Commons that the council might issue a statement which would be the concerted response of all the allies and America to the Russian Bolshevik developments.

Such an answer, to be effective, would have to be a more complete and more concrete formulation of the allied war aims than has hitherto been promulgated, for the reasons referred to by Lansdowne. It is hoped in some quarters that out of any program of allied war aims laid down by the Paris conference, there will clearly emerge a policy of a league of nations. This is not understood to have originally formed part of the program of the conference, which was convened to discuss not war aims, but war policy.

This last term is presumed not to cover strategy, for which the small supreme war council was set up, and which for obvious reasons is peculiarly unsuited for discussion by a large body. The subjects will rather be such matters as food, shipping, economic policy, blockade, and perhaps munitions, with special political questions such as that presented by Lenine's attempted breach of the treaty of alliance. However, it is believed here that, considered in its broadest aspect, the last-mentioned subject can best be dealt with along the lines indicated by Lansdowne.

It's appreciated that some of Clemenceau's declarations since his accession power seem to constitute a barrier to such action even if it be assumed, which not everybody here is prepared to assume, that Britains' representatives at the conference accept the main hypothesis put forward by Lansdowne.

The present developments to some extent revivify the saying frequently heard at other periods of the war that Lloyd George is the man to make war and that Asquith or another is the man to make peace. In all the discussions I have heard of the subject today there has been this question: If the inter-allied conference takes up the subject raised by Lansdowne, what will be the attitude of the American representatives? In nearly all cases the answer is that it would prove to be the decisive one.

TATIANA NOW IN ENGLAND?

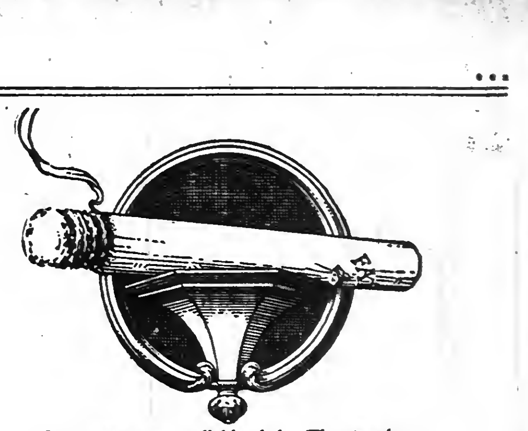
Coming Here to Lecture Says the Latest Story.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 30.—The Morning Post says it is informed by a correspondent of "the real way that Grand Duchess Tatiana escaped from Russia."

The story that she eluded revolutionists in Tobolsk, Siberia, by eloping with Count Fredericks to Kharbin, then to Japan, where she took passage for San Francisco, says the correspondent, is not to be taken literally. He goes on:

"The Grand Duchess had her hair cut short and, dressed as a man, she went through all the privations and discomforts of a railway trip from Omsk to Moscow, via Chellabinsk, Oufa Samara, and Penza. From Moscow the Grand Duchess went to Archangel, and there took boat to Bergen, arriving shortly afterward at Newcastle. She is now in England and will leave soon for New York, where she will lecture on conditions in Russia."



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A Sensible Cigarette

LANSDOWNE LONG IN FOREIGN OFFICE

Close Associate of Balfour—Has High Reputation Among European Chancelleries.

By FRANK DILNOT.

The Marquis of Lansdowne is one of the old nobility of Britain. He is more than that, being one of the most successful of Foreign Ministers his country ever had. He is now 72 years of age, but retains a vigor of mind and body which might be envied by younger men. Whatever criticism may be directed against his present proposals, they cannot fail to be carefully weighed, if only by reason of Lord Lansdowne's past record and associations.

Gladstone picked him out as a brilliant young aristocrat as long ago as 1869 and made him a Minister and he has held great governing offices practically continuously ever since. He was opposed to home rule and joined the Conservative ranks as a Liberal Unionist. He was Foreign Minister of Britain from 1900 to 1905 and as the right-hand man of Prime Minister Balfour was by many regarded as a likely successor in that office. There was strong personal friendship between the two men, who in political thought and intellectual calibre had much in common. Lord Lansdowne led the House of Lords for the Government in those days and in debate was the absolute master of that assembly. Lord Rosebery was his superior in graceful oratory, but there was no man who could successfully cross swords with the easy-mannered, swift thinking, mordant Foreign Secretary.

He was a little man, with a big, arched nose, a little mustache, and a touch of sidewhisker. He was erect and prim, and always wore a frock coat, with a black string tie. His voice was deep, and he was a master of clear speech, possessing, moreover, a salty irony which always made his speeches memorable, and occasionally painful, to his opponents. He, on the Unionist side, and Mr. Asquith, on the Liberal side, were the two most lucid and direct debaters since the disappearance of Joseph Chamberlain. Apart from his power of speech, he was known and respected on both sides in political life as a fair-minded man and one whose judgment in international affairs would be such as would be indorsed by both sides.

His long association with the Foreign Office and his close connection in the past with Mr. Balfour, the present Foreign Secretary, insure consideration for proposals affecting foreign affairs. During the Boer war he was for a time War Secretary and was severely criticised for the lack of efficient organization; but when he assumed control at the Foreign Office he rapidly secured approbation. It was in such a post that his personal talents would effectively be brought to bear. He is a man of charming manners, but adamant in will and quite indifferent to public opinion.

It is at his magnificent London home, Lansdowne House, in Piccadilly, that many of the gatherings of Unionist leaders in recent years have been held. Lord Lansdowne's reputation in the chancelleries of Europe has always stood high.

He was a protagonist in the great fights of the Conservative Party against the 1909 Budget of Mr. Lloyd George and the consequent Parliament Bill, which took from the House of Lords powers it had possessed for many hundreds of years. In place of being the Government leader of the Lords, he was then the leader of the Opposition, because the Liberals were in power. But his influence in public affairs was still great, because the Unionist peers behind him numbered 500, while the Liberal peers, led by Lord Crewe, totaled only 100. Lord Lansdowne's fighting speeches in this period will make him long remembered.

WOMEN JOIN BRITISH NAVY.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—It is announced officially tonight that the Admiralty has approved of the employment of women at various duties on shore hitherto performed by sailors and has decided to establish a Women's Royal Naval Service for this purpose. Members of the service will wear distinctive uniforms, and the service will be confined to women employed on definite duties directly connected with the Royal Navy.

Dame Catharine Furse, O. B. E., has accepted the post of director of the Women's Royal Naval Service, and will be responsible under the second Sea Lord for its administration and organization.

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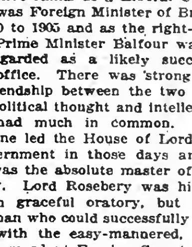

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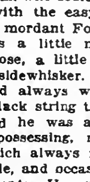

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Broadway Limited Withdrawn

At the request of the General Operating Committee of Eastern Railroads appointed by the Railroad War Board, in order to expedite the movement of Government supplies and war materials, the Broadway Limited, twenty-hour train between New York and Chicago, will be withdrawn from service effective December 1.

Tickets already sold for passage on this train after November 30 will be redeemed at offices where purchased.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

The American Army in France.
Railroad engineers at work behind the lines in France, shown in a series of pictures in The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial this week. 24 pages rotogravure. On all newsstands—10 cents—$5 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

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ALLIED CHIEFS USE HOUSE PLAN

Continued from Page 1.

tions will be treated under the direction of the Ministers of those departments.

The general meeting ended at 11 o'clock, when the delegates left the Foreign Office.

The Italian representatives were the first to reach the conference hall. They were followed by the Envoys of Japan. The American War Mission, augmented by Ambassador Sharp, General Pershing, and Vice Admiral Sims, conferred at their hotel headquarters before going to the Foreign Office, which they reached promptly at 10 o'clock. The British delegates came right on the heels of the Americans. There were large crowds outside the hotel where the Americans and British are quartered and also in front of the Foreign Ministry, but there was no cheering or demonstration of any kind, those who gathered to see the representatives of the various countries seeming to recognize the seriousness of the business in hand.

Meetings of the Supreme War Council, in which only France, Great Britain, the United States, and Italy are represented, will follow the interallied conference. This War Council is a permanent body and will deal only with questions relating to military operations on the western front, which now includes Italy. Colonel House and General Tasker H. Bliss will represent the United States at the first meeting of this council.

RUSSIAN PROBLEM VITAL.

Talk of Using the Poles as Basis of a Countermove.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—The dominating factor of the European situation which the all-allied conference must face, it is felt here, is the state of affairs in Russia.

Foreign Minister Pichon's paper, The Petit Journal, today states that the probable consequence of the Lenine-Trotzky negotiations with the Germans will be an ultimatum from the Maximalists to the Entente, demanding an immediate general armistice.

Whatever internal weakness may have contributed to cause the Italian disaster, the central fact remains that the Austro-German move was only rendered possible by the practical cessation of all hostilities on the Eastern front. Probably the supply of enemy troops, available for service in the West, will continue to increase. The points the Allies must discuss outside of immediate question of the military precautions and preparations necessary are therefore: First, is it possible to exert any action, jointly or individually, that may remedy the Russian situation? second, how and when could such action be applied? third, is there any comparatively stable force to be found in Russia through which or in connection with which action might be exercised?

It has been suggested that use might be made of Kaledines and his Cossacks, but their possible utility as a stabilizing force is greatly hampered by anarchistic action of the Ukraine soviet or rada, whose President, Winniczenko, has declared that all the Ukraine troops will be withdrawn from the front. As long as the rada continues in control of Kieff and Ukraine, Kaledines is powerless, even should the great part of his forces be loyal.

Winniczenko is really a tool in the hands of his predecessor, Professor Michel Kruszewski, first President of the rada, who was sent from Lemberg to Kieff University before the war, but has always retained his chair at Lemberg, with full emoluments—a case of German "peaceful penetration," which explains the Ukraine situation.

An alternative proposal likely to be submitted to the conference is the possibility of utilizing the Poles by a frank and comprehensive declaration on the part of the Allies that full Polish independence and autonomy is just as definite a part of their war aims as the liberation of Alsace-Lorraine.

Reconstructed Poland, including Russian Poland, a great part of Galicia, Polish Silesia, Posen, and Galicia, Poland, would have a population of 20,000,000 to 30,000,000, a majority of whose fighting men are at present forcibly enrolled in the German, Russian, or Austrian armies, but have never lost the sentiment of Polish patriotism and wish for complete independence.

Allied action on behalf of Poland would have a double effect at this juncture; first, as tending to provide a solid central force round which anti-German activities on the eastern front might rally, and, second, as being likely to cause disaffection and desertion in the ranks of Austro-German Polish regiments, which naturally hate their bondage, but have no definite aim before their eyes to induce them to risk everything to break it.

There is still on the southern Russian front an army of 100,000 to 150,000 Russian Poles under a Polish General, Gowbor Musnicki, constituted by Kerensky, to whom they declared their loyalty at the beginning of his struggle with the Maximalists. Should the Allies come out for Polish independence, their ranks, it is thought, would be swelled, and they would have an aim of national freedom, which is an unparalleled driving force for soldiers. At the same time their position on the southern front would enable them to co-operate with the Rumanians who are almost isolated.

EMPHASIZES AMERICA'S HELP.

Allied Unity Needed to Utilize It, Says Northcliffe.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—In discussing the Interallied Conference, in an interview in the Petit Parisien, Viscount Northcliffe says:

"The unity of control which will issue from this conference is essential for more than one reason, but especially because it will permit the Allies to use to its full extent the generous abundance of resources which the vast transatlantic Republic places at their disposal. The importance of American intervention only appears as yet but indistinctly and veiled to the eyes of Europe. It is too difficult to imagine what is happening 5,000 kilometers from here."

Viscount Northcliffe described the enthusiasm that he had witnessed throughout the length and breadth of the United States.

ENVOYS AT AMERICAN FEAST.

Colby Says United States Wants All Shipping Devoted to War.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—Many distinguished Frenchmen united with Americans here in observing Thanksgiving Day.

Marshal Joffre, former Premier Viviani, and Capt. Andre Tardieu, the French High Commissioner to the United States, were at the same board with William Graves Sharp, the American Ambassador; General Pershing, and Admiral Sims at a luncheon of the American Club, at which the members of the French mission to America and the members of the American mission to the interallied conference were guests. Among the Americans present were Bainbridge Colby, member of the United States Shipping Board; Vance McCormick, Chairman of the War Trade Board; Oscar T. Crosby, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and Paul D. Cravath, who is acting as legal adviser to Mr. Crosby.

Laurence V. Benet, President of the American Club of Paris, presided. Mr. Benet's every reference to President Wilson, Marshal Joffre, Premier Clemenceau, M. Viviani, General Pershing, and Admiral Sims was cheered by the 250 guests.

Ambassador Sharp spoke upon the significance of the day.

Captain Tardieu dwelt upon the work of the Inter-Allied Conference. He said:

"What we want is a real concentration, under one united direction, of the allied military and economic strength. President Wilson has said it, Colonel House has repeated it. The Inter-Allied meetings have begun and the hour has come for decisive resolutions."

M. Tardieu urged a vigorous policy "in the rear" and alluded to the enemy's endeavoring to develop intrigues under the mask of internationalism.

"The internationalism of socialism is trying to drag to Stockholm too credulous theorists," he said. "The internationalism of religion is leading to intrigue of which the Vatican has made itself too often the instrument. The internationalism of money is using the legal communications of big public banks to nourish behind our fighters the corruptive efforts of Bolos."

Captain Tardieu, after warmly praising what England had done and what the Americans were doing, said that perhaps more painful sacrifices of habits and susceptibilities must be made to realize practically the "pool of direction, the pool of spirit, and the pool of wills."

Mr. Colby, who represented Colonel House, the latter being detained by Inter-Allied Conference business, said that the American Mission proposed to the British Mission that there should be no more trade, no more commerce, and that all shipping facilities should be devoted to a single object, a single aim, —that is, victory. He asserted that no allied ship or cargo would be dispatched that had not for its express object the maintenance of the fighting forces and the victory of the common cause.

M. Viviani, in concluding a brilliant speech upon America's relation to the war, said that Lafayette, representing France, did not go to fight by the side of Washington for America, but the principle of human liberty. So, he said, the Americans did not come to fight for France herself, but for the liberty of the world.

HAMMER ITALIAN POSITIONS IN VAIN

Von Below's Men Are Unable to Make a Serious Impression on Upper Piave.

TEST AT SEVERAL POINTS

But Defenders Put Up a Stout Resistance Against Thrusts Made in Great Force.

RAIN OF SHELLS CEASELESS

Gun Duels Proceed Along Who'e Line—American Officer Predicts Victory.

By PERCEVAL GIBBON.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE ITALIAN ARMY, Wednesday, Nov. 28.—The principle of German offensive methods is exemplified by the fighting which still proceeds along the great mountain ridge which joins the Piave Valley with that of the Brenta.

Monte Grappa, with its subordinate heights, is the western buttress of it, and Monte Tomba, with its outlying height, Monfenera, is the eastern, with Monte Pallone lying between them. It is a titanic barricade of crags and precipices, crevasses and stone slides, which lies across von Below's road to the illimitable riches of the great plain below.

On either hand of it river valleys run like roads, but ere he can avail himself of them that barrier must be forced somewhere. Von Below's first attempt, as I described it, after his efforts to cross the river had been frustrated, was at Monfenera and Monte Tomba, where he poured out Prussian and Pomeranian blood like water in effort after effort to rush the Italian defense off its feet and start again that swift and irresistible onward movement, which seems essential to any German success. He made of his best troops a hammer with which to drive in the Italian front, actually weakening much of the remainder of his line in order to put insuperable weight into that blow. How that hammer rose and fell, striking again and again!

I have already told that his losses were ghastly and the Italian heavy, but the Monte Tomba defenses held and the great blow failed.

Forthwith another portion of the German machine was reinforced and put into action, and again all the concentrated and prepared strength of the great Fourteenth Army under von Below's command was aimed at a single point.

Attack in a Gorge

The Piave had held, so this time it was the Brenta Valley and the adjoining slopes of Monte Grappa which were the scene of attack. Below Grappa and its outlying spurs and neighbors the valley is little more than a gorge with a stony river of snow water boiling along. It is defended mainly by positions on the heights on either side.

San Marino, a little nest of a hamlet of twelve huddled stone houses, a stucco church, and a tall, square campanile, lies in the neck of the gorge, and toward this in the first hours of attack the enemy came.

At the same time a mixed Austrian and German force attacked Monte Grappa itself with the purpose of clearing out the Alpini and mountain artillery which garrisoned its slopes above the Brenta valley, and all of a sudden this great mountain bulk, which seemed in its vastness to stand aloof from the battle that blazed upon Tomba, and upon whose scarce-trodden heights new snow was lying, was redhot with war.

The valley, which runs down from Feltre on the Piave to the Brenta valley in the rear, gave the enemy the advantage of the plain and easy communications, and they began, as always, with a tremendous canonade on the whole sector.

The gorge of the Brenta became a spout of shells, aimed at the Italian machine gun positions, and the Grappa front, where Monte Pertica flanks it on the north and Col del Orso and Monte Solaroio on the northeast, were searched from end to end with exhaustive fire by great masses of medium calibre artillery, in which the enemy is especially rich.

The Italian guns here were mostly mountain artillery, little guns which fire more rapidly than any I have ever seen, but so light and small that I witnessed ag unner lift the barrel off its carriage and carry it away. The answering fire was, therefore, negligible. It was only when big attacks showed themselves that the Italians were able to get some of their own back.

It was a country as little favorable as can be imagined for the bullheaded German method of trampling down the defense by the mass and momentum of large bodies of attacking troops as Prussians, who followed their shells down the Brenta gorge, went forward easily enough till they reached a point where the valley suddenly widens. There they met a blast of machine guns and were stopped as though at a dead wall.

Three times they withdrew to shelter, while their guns searched afresh for the Italian emplacements, and three times went forward again, always with the same result. A number of them, led by a Lieutenant who managed to crawl beyond the dead line of machine-gun fire along the stones that litter the river side, were observed and forced to take to the water by riflemen above the road. There the waters of Brenta took charge of them and hustled them down, drenched and frozen, into captivity.

Another German Shift.

Above on the mountain front precisely the same thing was happening. It was machine guns that did the trick. Upon Pertica attack after attack was literally cut down as it approached. There were enemy battalions that were cut to pieces while upon Col dell'Orso General Robilant's old Fifty-sixth Division, long since famous for its memorable fighting in the Dolomites, delivered a series of superb counterattacks with the bayonet, forced the enemy back in continuous hand to hand fighting and brought away a couple of hundred prisoners.

It was a clear repulse for the enemy, and his next attack was upon another point of the Grappa front, where the Col della Berreta lifts over the Brenta Valley east and a little south of San Marino. The fine flower of Austrian mountain troops was brought up, the famous Edelweiss, who wear their badge, a specimen of that depressing flower. The bombardment was varied by truly a frightful fire, directed beyond the defenders' lines, a curtain of shells designed to shut them in with the slaughterers and shut reinforcements out.

Then up came the Edelweiss, a whole division of it, to the attack. There was a moment when the situation was grave for the Italians. The Alpini and infantry, who held the line, were terribly outnumbered, and from the first moment their communications with the rear were broken, the telephone wires cut into short lengths by shells, the signalers shot down as they tried to speak with flags, and runners who started and were never heard of again.

There were also a certain number of gas shells beginning to flavor the incessant bombardment, sending up a dense, acrid smoke that drifted toward the defenders and blinded them as to what was taking place beyond the smoke.

Out of that darkness the Edelweiss came pressing up, taking their positions for a final rush in parties of one platoon at a time, getting their machine guns into position among the rocks and finally attacking with the usual bombing parties.

The leading Italian infantry and Alpini fought desperately in their trenches, and out of them there was never a moment at which they were not snowed under by weight of numbers. Yet they fought on and here and there even succeeded in clearing their front for a short time and attempting local counterattacks. But it was a pretty hopeless business, and in the minds of the commanders there was already dawning the knowledge that the question of retreating must be faced.

Reinforcements Just in Time.

The curtain fire was still roaring in their rear when from the right of the line the uproar of the fight took a new note, and along that battered front there ran news that reinforcements were coming up and that some were already there and counterattacking. It was true. They had come through the curtain of death, paying a toll of losses, half a dozen battalions of them, and not feeling any the kindlier to the Edelweiss for the trouble they had in getting there. They went into the fight with a dash which Italian troops seem able to command at any moment, and the Edelweiss never had another chance. The newcomers simply rushed them down the hill to the woods and fought them there in the smoke and over the charred wood underfoot, killing lavishly with the long sword bayonets which infantrymen are prone to slip from their rifles and use as daggers.

There can be no question as to the gravity of the enemy losses. The slopes above the wood and fringes of the burning wood itself were full of his dead and he had not gained an inch of ground. Edelweiss badges can be bought very cheaply in the Italian lines today.

The line of the lower Piave for the moment is relatively quiet. The Italian Navy is still at work with marines and guns in the southernmost sector, and the naval guns, firing at 10,000 yards, played a considerable part in frustrating General Boroevic's attempt to establish a bridgehead where he crossed the river at Zenson.

A typical piece of naval daredevilry has just been accomplished by Lieutenant Biancheri of the Italian Navy. He had an old steamer captured from the Austrians and renamed the Sauro, after the irredentist martyr, and, armed with a single gun, he steamed up the Sile, which is only navigable at all by courtesy.

Along the eastern bank were a number of houses which shelter Austrians. He eased his old ship past these and as he came abreast of each he gave it a shell at about twenty yards' range, spilling the lot of them into heaps of débris. The Austrians who survived spouted forth yelling from the ruins, but the whole thing was so unexpected that except for a spatter of rifle fire the Austrians let him get away unmolested.

Bombardment Night and Day.

SUNDAY, Nov. 25.—The nights now fall early and chill, with winds that breathe from the Alps, but they give no calm of darkness where the long line of Monte Fenera rises above the river and slopes up to the head and saddle of Monte Tomba. There is all night long a never-ceasing leap and gleam of gun flashes, momentarily silhouetting the great mountain shapes against the sky of dead black, with the firefly sparkle of high shrapnel and the flame fountains of bursting shells. Beyond the river slopes of Monte Oesen, above Valdobbiadene, twinkle constellations of sparks from motor guns, those elusive batteries which flicker from point to point of the enemy's front, grouping and regrouping to bring their fire to bear from new and unexpected points.

The night shift of the battle has come on duty and the intensity of the pressure upon the Italian positions never slackens. Day and night attack and counterattack sway to and fro across the disputed portion of the crest between the summit of Tomba and Narazine peak, on the eastern end of Monte Fenera, in a grapple in which battalions melt and vanish, leaving the slopes carpeted with dead.

The Italians are fighting as they have never fought before. I will refer to only two of the brigades employed on the mountain. I have seen them. After a week of this work they produce upon one the effect of men possessed by a sort of fierce ecstasy. The battalions that go up to the attack have lain all day watching the mountain flame like Vesuvius in eruption under the bombardment, and yet they go nonchalantly up to that hell, willingly, almost gayly.

Position on Treatise Front.

It is the point of the front at which the Italians fight at the greatest disadvantage. Here the east and west lines turn south, presenting to the enemy a right angle which he is able to shell upon each of its sides at once, while maintaining his infantry attacks upon the point of the angle, the breaking of which might force retreat in two directions. At the same time, of course, he continues his intermittent drives at the river line, also feinting or actually attacking at various points from Vidor to San Dona di Piave. All the later attempts to cross the river have been repulsed.

The position on Tomba, at the time of writing, is that the Italians have yielded ground on the centre of the crest and now lie on the southern slopes behind the summit, while on the eastern ridge of Monte Fenera and the western saddle of Tomba they still hold the top. The mountain is tree-covered on its northern slopes, so that the Prussians, when they move to attack, are able to get within 150 yards of the top before they need show themselves, while the Italians counterattacks are across a bare skyline lying naked to the fire of incessant shells and the thrash of machine guns.

The importance which the enemy attaches to success at this point is evidenced by his employment here of that formidable phalanx of troops got together for this offensive under von Below. Among the prisoners who have fallen into the hands of the divisions which are holding the mountain are officers and men from the Deutsche Jäger division, formed at Villach in the middle of October for service in Italy. It consists of eight Jäger battalions and one of infantry grouped in three regiments of three battalions each. Among them are a Jäger Guard battalion of Prussians, a Schützen Guard, mostly of Pomeranians, and General von Gorne's battalion of sturmtruppen.

It has been ascertained that the Second Active Jägers came directly from Riga, while some of the others and many aviators have been brought from the western front.

Prussians Insolent to Austrians.

The Prussian prisoners have confirmed what we had already heard from the Austrians, that between the Germans and Austrians there is no good feeling. The Prussians have come hither with a clear idea that their mission is to save the situation for a thoroughly beaten and disgraced army, and have made no secret of their opinions. Prussian soldiers refuse to salute Austrian officers, and Prussian officers have given to their allies a full demonstration of the arrogance, insufferable complacency and insolence which are the cachet of the officer class in their own country.

Prisoners also relate what was fairly obvious, that is, that von Below's whirlwind tactics of advancing swiftly at all hazards have cost him gruesome losses. One battalion was reduced to fifty men, and others were horribly cut up. There are points visible from the Italian lines where the northern slopes of Tomba are paved with field gray dead, the fruit of attacks pushed ruthlessly into the face of the Italian fire and of the Italian counterattacks when the infantry, Arditi or Bersaglieri went at them with the baronet.

Yesterday on the Brenta there was an enemy attempt upon the westward end of the mountain ridge that bars the space between the Piave and the Brenta. Germans and Austrians brought off what was virtually a surprise attack below Monte Grappa, driving down the valley to beyond the tiny riverside hamlet of San Marino.

Major Barraca, the Italian ace, has brought down his twenty-ninth machine. Three were brought down in one day. One of these was downed in a fight in full sight of both armies and ended when the German airman went plunging to smash in the Piave."

CONFIDENT OF VICTORY OF ALLIES IN ITALY

"American Military Authority" Says That the Invaders Cannot Break Through Now.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 28, (Delayed,) (Associated Press.)—Brig. Gen. George P. Scriven of the United States Army, accompanied by an aide and the American Military Attaché at Rome, has arrived at headquarters to study the Italian situation and make a series of reports to the American Government. Major Grayson M. P. Murphy, head of the American Red Cross in Europe, is also here to co-ordinate the work of his organization. General Scriven was received by King Victor Emmanuel, who invited him to dinner, where the situation was discussed at length.

Reports from the front show that the enemy is still persistent, but that little is left of his former vigor of attack, and that he is resorting to the old device of cunning. The Germans have posted placards in Italian, reading:

"Italians, we have come to assist the defenses of the Piave. Your defense is useless. Let us pass without further bloodshed. We shall be in Vicenza in three days."

In reply to this, Italian soldiers posted a placard in German, reading: "You will never pass."

An eminent American military authority summarized the situation in this way:

"While the danger is not yet over, nevertheless it seems to me, from a military viewpoint, that the enemy cannot pass, being confronted by the combined Italian, British, and French forces."

His chief military reason for this view is that the enemy no longer has his lines of communication freely open to the rear, as the Winter is breaking his communications in the north and interrupting if not destroying them to the east. Therefore, he believes, the enemy has reached the maximum and must decline from now on, while the Italians and their allies have all their communications from the west and south open and can augment their forces from now on. Consequently, it appears to this American that the enemy has failed in his main project of breaking through into the heart of Italy.

The foregoing, in addition to giving the American military point of view, probably accords with other high opinion.

Austrians in Fratricidal Combat.

Details have been officially received of one of the most sanguinary fights in the northern zone, in which two Austro-Hungarian regiments fought until they almost exterminated each other. The fight took place back of Asiago in the course of one of the main attacks against the Italians.

"The enemy advanced from the two flanks, and toward night a regiment of Czechs became engaged with a regiment of Galician Poles, both wearing a different uniform and speaking a different dialect. The rifle fire was followed by a bayonet charge and then a hand-to-hand struggle with grenades, lasting through the night, until the two regiments were disentangled after heavy losses, when it became known that they belonged to the same side.

Enemy Pressure Increasing.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 28, (Delayed.)—Bitter Winter weather, with wind, snow, and thick fog, now prevails, greatly increasing the hardships of the terrific struggles on the Asiago Plateau. The activity of the artillery is undiminished—if anything, augmented. In the rear, from Rovereto and Campiello, the hurried passage of troops is noticeable.

The enemy feels the absolute necessity of capturing the stronghold of Monte Grappa and increases his pressure every day, while the Italians put new vigor into their resistance, basing it not so much on their lines of defense as on sheer determination.

The positions defending Monte Grappa are approximately in the form of a triangle, the northern apex of which is formed by Monte Montana Secca, while the base is a line running in the direction of Monte Grappa, Monte Pallone, and Monte Tomba. Inside this triangle are high valleys, across which the Italian trenches take an irregular course. On the right and left of the apex the enemy pressure is greatest, but so far the enemy has not obtained even partial success.

Gun Duels on the Whole Front.

ROME, Nov. 29.—Heavy artillery fighting is in progress all along the front, but no further infantry actions of importance are reported by the War Office today. On the Lower Piave River Italian batteries directed a destructive fire upon enemy boats.

BERLIN, Nov. 29, (British Admiralty, Per Wireless Press.)—"Italian attacks against our mountain positions on the west bank of the Brenta and on Monte Tomba, (on the northern front,) failed," says today's official communication.

HINDENBURG DIRECTING DRIVE

Semi-Official Italian Advices Say He Commands the Invaders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Word reached Washington today through semi-official channels from Rome that Field Marshal von Hindenburg was in personal charge of the conduct of the Austro-German campaign against the Italians. This information, according to the dispatch, was obtained from a captured German officer and confirmed information to that effect previously obtained by the Italians.

"A correspondent of the Giornale d'Italia," said the dispatch, "telegraphs that a German officer taken prisoner confirms the report that Hindenburg has the supreme command of the Austro-German troops operating against Italy, and that his general plan has been foiled by the stiff resistance of the Italian Army. According to this plan, Conrad von Hoetzendorf's army was to roll down like an avalanche on the Sette Comuni Plateau, while the armies of Krobatin and von Below were to pour into the Brenta Valley, surmount the mountainous barrier, and descend into the fertile Venetian plains.

"The beginning of the colossal offensive set for the 14th of November with the arrival of Austro-German troops at Castelgomberto, but the Italian resistance before Meletta and Gallio upset the carefully prepared scheme of Hindenburg. Having failed to break through our lines between the Piave and the Brenta, Hindenburg is fortifying the Tagliamento, the left bank of the Piave, and the Cadore zones, compelling the inhabitants of the invaded regions to work, without distinction of age or sex.

TRAMPED 72 DAYS ESCAPING GERMANS

Lieut. O'Brien of Illinois Dodged Death Many Times in Flight from His Captors.

LEAPED FROM TRAIN IN DARK

Former Santa Fe Engineer Tunneled Under Live Wires with Bare Hands to Reach Holland.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Lieutenant Patrick O'Brien of Momence, Ill., south of Chicago, the first American member of the British Flying Corps to escape from Germany, has arrived in London. O'Brien eluded his captors by jumping from the window of a speeding train. He then became a fugitive for seventy-two days, and as his goal was within sight narrowly escaped electrocution from the charged wires along the Holland frontier.

After cabling to his aged mother, Mrs. Margaret O'Brien at Momence, to expect to see him soon, Lieutenant O'Brien called upon American Ambassador Page to seek advice regarding his desire to be transferred to the American Flying Corps. Last night O'Brien was dined by a group of admiring fliers, who, like scores of friends along the front, had believed he had been killed when he was reported missing on Aug. 17 last.

O'Brien, who is a sturdy man of 27, was flying in the American Aviation Squadron at San Diego, Cal., when he went to Victoria, B. C., and obtained a commission in the Canadian Army. Going to France the next year he distinguished himself by his great daring over the German lines. On the morning of Aug. 17 German gunners forced him to descend, but he landed behind his own lines.

Late that afternoon he went up again over the German lines, fighting the enemy. There were twenty German machines to six British in the encounter. O'Brien's machine alone engaging four German craft and accounting for one before he was shot through the upper lip. He fell with his damaged airplane from a height of 8,000 feet. O'Brien says he cannot explain why he was not killed. When he regained consciousness he was in a German hospital.

Leaped from Speeding Train.

Later the Lieutenant spent three weeks at a prison camp at Courtrai before he was started for the interior of Germany. There were three other prisoners under a strong guard in his compartment when O'Brien, as a ruse, had the window opened by complaining of the smoke. The train was now sixty miles inside Germany and traveling at thirty miles an hour, but O'Brien decided to take a desperate chance. He jumped from the train, skinning the whole side of his face, reopening the wound in his lip and losing consciousness. It was about 4 o'clock in the morning and the darkness shielded him. When he recovered he was lying in a field.

Then for seventy-two days he was a fugitive, traveling only at night. He trudged through fields and swam rivers and canals in Germany, Luxemburg, and Belgium before he reached the Dutch frontier. At the time of his flight he had a piece of sausage on which he subsisted for several days. After that his sole sustenance consisted of turnips and other vegetables found in fields.

O'Brien did not know any German, but he used a little French on a kindly Belgian who was so happy to meet an American in British uniform that he sheltered him for several days. The Belgian then gave him old clothes to cover his uniform and directed him to the nearest route to the frontier. O'Brien swam the River Meuse near Namur and the next day was challenged by German sentries, who decided he was a peasant.

But his narrowest escape was reserved for his last day as a fugitive, when he could see Dutch territory. To circumvent the charged wires O'Brien built a bridge in a nearby wood and threw it across the wires. But it broke under his weight and O'Brien received a shock which he says he can still feel. When he recovered he dug with his bare hands a tunnel under the wire, and, although it was slow progress, after several hours he had a hole big enough to crawl through, which he did unobserved.

Even then O'Brien was not sure he was in Dutch territory, so he concealed himself in a hay barn until the next morning. When daylight came the first thing he saw was people making wooden shoes. He then walked out into the open and hurried to the nearest British Consul, who arranged for his transportation to London.

O'Brien Formerly an Engineer.

MOMENCE, Ill., Nov. 29.—A laconic cablegram, "escaped from German prison; letter follows," prepared this town for the further stirring news today of the escape of Flight Lieutenant Patrick O'Brien.

The message quoted was signed "Pat," and was addressed to his mother, Mrs. Margaret O'Brien. It was forwarded to Cowley, Wyo., where she is visiting, by another son, John.

Before taking up aviation five years ago Patrick O'Brien was a locomotive engineer on the Santa Fe Railroad.

COALITION CABINET FORCED ON RADICALS

Continued from Page 1.

Democrats 108,000, and the Social Revolutionaries, 80,000.

General Cheremissoff has been arrested and interned in the Fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul.

PREDICT RUSSIA WILL STICK.

Muscovite Officials Here Think Allies Can Bring Her to Reason.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Russian officials here do not believe Germany will succeed in her evident intention to remove Russia from the list of her enemies if energetic steps are taken by the Interallied War Council, now assembled in Paris. A well-informed Russian in the closest touch with the international situation so declared today.

"Russia is not yet lost to the Allies," he said. "She is in the throes of a mighty revolution, not yet appreciated in its immensity by the other allies, a revolution which has changed every standard of living, of thought and action in Russia.

"It was inevitable that, before the people could adjust themselves to the new conditions, to a real freedom, in the processes of demonstrating their freedom excesses would be committed. The Allies ought to feel grateful that the extremes of the French Revolution have not been repeated, that even the Bolsheviki profess to have the interests of the world at heart.

"More good can be accomplished by the Allies by addressing the people of Russia in reason, in persuasion, than by declaring that Russia, through the aspiration of her people to realize their freedom, have placed themselves beyond the pale of civilization. The latter declaration would be resented. Let them, rather, seek to convince the Russian people, while awaiting the restoration of a strong, intelligent Government, that the negotiation of an armistice would tend to defeat the very ends the Maximalists are endeavoring to bring about. The Allies have been defeated in Russia, not so much by force of German arms as by German propaganda.

"Appearances indicate that the Bolsheviki have increased their hold upon the armies, and that there is a prospect of an armistice with the German powers. These are surface indications only. The people of Russia have been deceived by German agents and the Allies must undeceive them. They must be convinced that such an armistice as is proposed makes a democratic peace more remote, that it tends to prolong rather than to shorten the war, and to increase the task of the Allies and America.

"The Allies must realize that the Bolshevist Administration is temporary, that it must of necessity be shortlived, and that its downfall will mark the passing from power of all the extremist elements. Out of the present situation will arise a strong Government of permanent duration."

Although no statement has been made in an authoritative quarter, the impression has gained ground here that the American Government favors a policy of conciliation, rather than one that might further alienate Russians from the Entente cause. It is believed the position Colonel House will take in the Paris conference in respect to Russia will reflect this view.

MONTREAL HUNTS SLACKERS

Police Roundup Put in Full Operation Yesterday.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Nov. 29.—The big roundup of Slackers in Montreal began today when the police force set its dragnets and started in to sweep the city.

"We are on the warpath," said Deputy Chief Grandchams. "I have given instructions to every officer of the force to round up those who are liable to military service, or who may be presumed to be liable for service."

All details were completed last night, and this morning orders were sent out to the police and detectives in all parts of the city to look out for slackers. The duties of the police are twofold. They have been furnished with a list of names of men who have refused to report for service, and these will be tracked down and taken into custody. In the second place, the police will be all the time on the hunt for men who are within the age limits of the first class, and such men will be arrested on sight and taken to the nearest police station.

The first part of the city to receive attention was the red light district. There has been a big raid in this neighborhood every night for the last week, and many eligibles have been put under lock and key.

All the civilian representatives of the military authorities on the exemption tribunals have been replaced by men who have seen service at the front. Under the new arrangement it is noticeable that the number of appeals against decisions of the tribunals has greatly increased.

Yet another evidence of the "tightening up" process is to be seen in the intimation to the officials of a local hockey club that the military authorities will strongly appeal in the case of every hockey player who has been exempted from service, as it is considered that too many of this class of men in the very best of physical condition are trying to dodge their duty through political influence or otherwise.

The announcement made last night that if the roster of single men did not yield the 100,000 recruits necessary the married men would be called has been followed by increased efforts to see that slackers are brought to book.

More than 35 per cent. of all the exemptions allowed so far by the boards in District 4 have been appealed, according to figures announced by the military authorities today, as follows: Exempted, 18,454; adjourned, 4,081; refused, 877; total, 23,412; appealed, 6,561.

Today's figures cover Tuesday, when 1,634 cases were dealt with. Of this number 1,144 were exempted, 95 were refused, and 395 were adjourned. In the cases of those exempted 673 appeals were made—about 60 per cent. The military representatives appeared in 192 cases and Captain Brosseau in 381.

CHARGE WAR-BUYING FRAUD.

French Accuse Goldsoun, a Soldier, of Getting Commissions Here.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—Proceedings have been instituted by the military authorities against a French soldier named Goldsonn, who was attached to the French artillery mission to the United States in 1915 as an interpreter. The charge is that he obtained commissions amounting to several million francs on purchases he was instructed to make for the French Government.

When Captain André Tardieu, French High Commissioner to the United States, arrived in America he made inquiries into the activities of Goldsonn, and subsequently filed formal charges against him. The French military authorities have made arrangements for a commission to take testimony in the United States.

It is undrestood that Goldsonn returned to France in the Autumn of 1916, succeeded in having himself discharged from the army as physically unfit, and returned later to America.

CHAMBER FOR MALVY TRIAL.

Deputies Overwhelmingly Indorse Ex-Minister's Impeachment.

PARIS, Wednesday, Nov. 28, (Delayed.)—Although the Chamber of Deputies ordinarily does not sit on Wednesday, a special session was held today to discuss the report of the Committee of Thirty-three, which had been charged to examine if there was occasion to impeach Louis J. Malvy for crimes committed when he was Minister of the Interior.

By a small majority the committee had approved the impeachment. It avoided, however, any investigation of the charges, merely attaching to its report copies of a speech made in the Senate July 22 by Premier Clémenceau, M. Malvy's report on the proceedings in the Chamber on Oct. 4, when Editor Daudet's letter accusing him was read, and Professor Painlevé's declaration on Oct. 16 exonerating M. Malvy.

The Chamber adopted the committee's report by a vote of 512 to 2.

FOUR FRENCH SHIPS SUNK.

Three Attacks by U-Boats Failed, Weekly Report Shows.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—Three French steamships of more than 1,600 tons and one of less than that tonnage were sunk by submarines or mines during the week ended Nov. 25. One fishing vessel was lost.

Three steamers were attacked unsuccessfully.

SAY RADICALS HERE BACK BOLSHEVIKI

Socialist Party in America Denounced by Alliance for Labor and Democracy.

CALLED MENACE TO NATION

New York Extremists Now in Russia Suspected of Abusing Our Passport Privileges.

That some of the radicals who went from New York to join the Bolsheviki in Petrograd may have violated the passport regulations of the United States was alleged in a statement issued yesterday by the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy, of which Samuel Gompers is the head. The statement identified some of the men who have gone from New York to Russia as being leaders in the radical Socialist movement here and linked their going to Russia with the so-called People's Council, a pacifist organization, with headquarters in this city.

That there is a direct line of communication between the Bolsheviki in Petrograd and radicals in New York was one of the allegations made by Robert Maisel, Director of the Alliance, who said that the plight into which the Bolsheviki had led Russia was a justification of the stand of many former leading Socialists in condemning the pro-German activities of some of the present Socialist leaders.

"New York Socialists have contributed in no small share to the present chaotic state of affairs in Russia," said the Alliance's statement, "and if reports that reach this office are true, there is reason to believe that the passport privileges of this country have at least been abused in that connection.

"It is interesting to learn who are some of the prominent leaders of the Bolsheviki, and to learn their past connection with that element in the Socialist Party of New York that corresponds most closely to the Bolsheviki in Russia.

"For example, S. Epstein, former organizer of the Ladies' Waist Makers, and editor of their journal, now is a Bolsheviki organizer in Russia. J. Voskow, former organizer of one of the Jewish painters' unions, now is a Bolsheviki organizer in Moscow. J. Shubin, a former New York Jewish newspaper man of strong Bolshevist tendencies, left this country on Nov. 7, carrying, so he boasted, important documents from the so-called Workmen's Council here to the Bolshevist leaders in Petrograd. It also is reported that he carried letters from one of the newly elected Socialist officials here. Dr. Max Goldfarb, former labor writer on the Forward, also is in Russia.

"These are only a few of the more prominent ones. There have been hundreds who have gone to Russia from here, many of them with the deliberate intention of helping the Bolshevist movement. Of course, Trotzky's own relations in New York are well known. All of these people were heavily influenced by the Germanic Socialist doctrine of which Morris Hillquit is the leading exponent in America and which is a perversion of true socialism and a denial of true internationalism. It is dominated by the German conception, which is metaphysical in the extreme and which, when not consciously German, plays into the hands of Germany as effectively as though it were consciously operated for the German Government.

"This is excellently illustrated by the dictatorship of Lenine and Trotzky, who declare themselves the proletariat, denying to the actual proletariat any rights whatever, just as the German Emperor might declare himself the State.

"This inter-relation between the Bolsheviki of Russia and of New York simply goes to prove the similarity of types, regardless of locality, and to disclose the German origin of the whole movement, due in large part to the German domination and coloring of the Socialist philosophy.

"This is also why the Socialist Party in America, under its present leadership and with its present Germanized philosophy is a menace to our own country, and because it is a menace to our own country is also a menace to our war program and to the cause for which we fight. Until the Germanic metaphysical conception is taken out of the American Socialist movement it will continue to be a pro-German menace and must be regarded as such by true Americans."

AUSTRIANS FAIL IN ALBANIA.

Italians Repulse Attacks Near Avlona, Inflicting Heavy Losses.

ROME, Nov. 29.—Austrian attacks against the Italian positions in Albania at a point ten miles northeast of the Adriatic seaport of Avlona were repulsed yesterday with heavy losses, the Italian War Office announced today. The text of the statement reads:

Enemy attacks at the confluence of the Susica and Voyusa Rivers at dawn yesterday were repulsed with heavy losses.

NAILS TROTZKY FALSEHOOD.

Russian Minister at Stockholm Repudiates Alleged Dispatch.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 29.—At least one of the alleged diplomatic documents now being published by Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevist Foreign Minister, is a fabrication, according to M. Goulkevitch, the Russian Minister here. The document in question purported to be a telegram sent by Goulkevitch to Petrograd declaring that he had been informed from Madrid of the proposed seizure of Swedish diplomatic pouches and protesting against it on the ground that it might alienate the new Swedish Government.

M. Goulkevitch authorizes the statement that this dispatch as published in the Petrograd newspaper, Pravda, by the Bolsheviki is a deliberate fabrication. He adds:

"I never sent such a telegram to anybody. Any non-partisan reader can understand how absurd it is in view of the fact that I could not possibly have received such information from Madrid."

The Minister also issued a warning to Swedes to be on their guard against further efforts of the same sort by the Bolsheviki.

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Franklin Simon Uniforms are Hand-Tailored. The Army regulates their lines, but artists who are past masters in the technique of hand-tailoring lift these uniforms above the regulation standards. Instead of being slapped together in a hurry, they are tailored with all the precision and fidelity of fit which characterize the finest civilian productions.

O. D. Serge Uniforms . $39 to $53
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YOU have noticed on many of the most carefully dressed men in New York, suits of the new "Cordovan Brown."

★ ★

The richest of ruddy, brown shades is the smartest color for fashionable Winter apparel.

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In its very appearance it presents the genial warmth of the season.

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We foresaw the tendency and provided for it, in high grade woolens of the Cordovan shade.

Single or double-breasted "Cordovan Brown" suits, $25 to $52.50. Other suits, $20 up.

★ ★

Evening clothes typical of this New York season.

Cutaways, coat and waistcoat, $30 and $48. Appropriate striped trousers to go with them, moderately priced.

Officers' Uniforms and Overcoats, at our 44th Street and Broadway Store. Haberdashery, Caps and Trappings for the Military Man.

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TURN TO SEA TO GET COAL TO THE EAST

Railroad Committee Wants Tugs to Tow Fuel There to Relieve Shortage.

ROADS AT BLOCKADE POINT

Resort to Priority, It Is Held, Would Simply Increase Congestion in East.

TO PROLONG LAKE SEASON

Navigation to be Kept Open as Late as Possible—Diversion to Northern Routes.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Nov. 29.—To enable the moving of more coal to the New England States, where a shortage is reported, and to relieve the congestion on the Eastern railroads, the General Operating Committee of the Railroads' War Board, at the close of its second day's meeting tonight, asked, through General Black, Chief of Engineers, and Dr. H. A. Garfield, Federal Fuel Administrator, that more seagoing tugs be furnished to move boats of shallow draught from the ports of Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York to New England points.

Companies operating steamship lines on the Great Lakes were asked by the committee to extend the navigation season as long as possible with a view to relieving the railroads.

Amplifying the order issued yesterday diverting traffic from the Pittsburgh gateway, an order has been sent to all Eastern railroads, the committee announced, providing "that all freight, westbound, from New England, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Harrisburg, and intermediate points be embargoed and diverted to northern routes."

The committee adopted a resolution asking the Eastern seaport lines to organize Overseas Committees, one for each of the ports of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Norfolk, "to secure close co-operation with the Allied Overseas Executive Committee and with the United States authorities and thereby obtain the best results in the rail movement of overseas traffic."

It was indicated that much of today's session of the committee, which was executive, was taken up with the New England coal situation and the effects on general railroad conditions of continued attempts to move coal by railroad into that district to relieve the shortage. After canvassing the situation the committee came to the conclusion that the water route to New England was the only means of solving the coal shortage problem there without creating a new problem in the greater blocking of railroad traffic.

"More serious congestion will occur this Winter unless this water route is opened up," says the committee in a statement issued tonight. Statistics presented by members of the committee, which is comprised of the operating Vice Presidents of the principal Eastern lines, are said to show that the Pennsylvania, Western Maryland, and Baltimore & Ohio Tidewater coal dumping facilities at the Port of Baltimore are only being used to about 25 per cent. of their capacity. The same condition, the committee found, prevails to a slightly less extent at Philadelphia.

"The Navy Department has commandeered 25 per cent. of the seagoing tugs owned by the Reading Railway," says the committee, "which has caused congestion on rail lines, due to the inability to move coal through all-rail routes."

In view of these conditions, the committee asked Chief Engineer Black and Fuel Administrator Garfield to take steps to furnish more seagoing tugs, and also steamers for the deep harbors of the northern coast.

COAL MEN HERE SEE SHORTAGE RELIEVED

Hope for an Increased Supply, Following Announcement of Garfield to Aid Fuel Scarcity.

Coal dealers in New York City yesterday expressed the belief that the fuel shortage here will soon be relieved. They based their expressions on the report from Washington that National Fuel Administrator Garfield had promised aid when the seriousness of the situation was called to his attention by Albert H. Wiggin, State Fuel Administrator. The hope was expressed that by co-operation with Mr. Wiggin a supply of fuel adequate to relieve suffering would soon be available.

Many small dealers in the city have been without coal for several days or more, running on a small allowance, and had no assurance that they could get any more fuel. There have been large yards, it was said, where the bottoms of the bins have been in sight.

It was pointed out by one coal dealer that while it is true that there are empty coal yards and a less supply on hand than ever before, public service corporations, manufacturers, and apartment houses have sufficient supplies to last until increased shipments begin arriving.

Arthur Rice of the Coal Merchants' Association said that the report from Washington that the Fuel Administration would see that coal was shipped here and that empty cars would be kept moving, was gratifying news to the trade.

Mr. Rice said that the Government had been buying more coal than was needed to meet present demands in the camps, and in so doing it had hoarded fuel. He thought it would have been better co-operation if the orders for the army and navy had been distributed over a period of months, instead of putting through orders that made a surplus of supply at some points.

Officials of the Lehigh Valley Railroad said yesterday that that line was not responsible for any threatened shortage in New York's coal supply, as reported to the Fuel Administration at Washington by the New York State Coal Administrator.

"The only coal we have diverted," said President E. E. Loomis, "was at the express orders of the National Fuel Administration. At its request we have rushed coal particularly to the Northwest and more recently we have been urged to send all the coal possible to New England. Since Jan. 1, 1917, we have delivered more coal to New York than we did in a similar period in 1916. In the last three months we have unloaded more coal at our Perth Amboy piers, where coal for New York is handled, than in a similar period in many years."

The coal shortage situation is characterized as a menace to the war program of the nation in an editorial published in today's issue of The Railway Age Gazette. Coal operators of the country are attacked in the editorial for not attaining the height of production expected of them and for placing the blame for the shortage upon the carriers, declaring that the real blame rests upon the shoulders of the operators themselves. It says the Government Fuel Administration is not awake to the situation.

OKLAHOMA COAL ADVANCED.

Garfield Grants Operators 5 Cents a Ton More.

McALESTER, Okla., Nov. 29.—Oklahoma Coal operators and H. A. Garfield, Federal Fuel Administrator, have smoothed over their differences, according to a telegram received here tonight from William Wilkinson, President of the Oklahoma-Arkansas District, United Mine Workers of America, now in Washington.

A tentative agreement has been reached which will allow the operators an advance of 5 cents a ton, retroactive to Nov. 1, Mr. Wilkinson announced.

Arrest Enemy Alien in Jersey.

Herman Pohlmeyer, 39 years old, a chemist, was locked up in Newark Police Headquarters yesterday by Special Agent Montpellin of the Department of Justice. Pohlmeyer is a German by birth and has been in this country nine years. He was arrested at his home, 146 Reynolds Avenue, Clifton, Passaic County. The charge against him on the docket is "enemy alien."

PARKWAY BATHS GO IN A SWIFT FIRE

Blaze a Spectacle for 100,000 Persons, Who Swamp Transit Lines.

TWO HOTELS DESTROYED

Gunboat Off Sandy Hook Aids Great Force of Firemen with Its Searchlight.

Blown along the Brighton Beach boardwalk by a sharp west wind, a fire that started at 6:20 o'clock last night under the office of the Parkway Baths, not far east of Ocean Parkway, was not checked until the baths themselves, two hotels, a drug store, a shooting gallery, and several small stands for the sale of knickknacks were destroyed. But for a shift in the wind, which turned the flames back upon the area which they had already devastated, the fire might have burned far down the boardwalk, notwithstanding the efforts of firemen summoned by five alarms from all over Brooklyn. As it was, the damage was estimated at more than $400,000.

The blaze was discovered by Policeman Thomas Prattock of the Coney Island station, who was walking along the boardwalk in front of the Parkway Baths, when he heard a crackling under his feet and looked down to see flames and smoke issuing from the landward side of the walk, under the offices of the baths. The bathhouse is headquarters for the Polar Bears, Arctics, and Snow Birds, three organizations of cold-weather swimmers, whose antics in the surf and on the beach had been watched by groups of boardwalk strollers in the afternoon; but they had all gone home and very few attendants were in the huge expanse of the bathhouse buildings when the fire was discovered.

Many Firemen Summoned.

Prattock turned in an alarm, and when Battalion Chief William Rodgers arrived with the first detachment of firemen he saw the Parkway Baths already ablaze and the wind threatening to sweep the fire further to the eastward. He turned in a second, third, and fourth alarm, bringing apparatus from all parts of the borough. With the new reinforcements came Deputy Chief O'Hara, in charge of Brooklyn and Queens. By the time he arrived the situation was so serious that a fifth alarm was turned in.

The building housing the Parkway Baths, with accommodations for 8,000 persons, runs for 200 feet along the boardwalk and 300 feet back into the sandy beach. This was all ablaze in a few minutes, and with it Hubb's Hotel, situated at the westward side of the baths building. At the beginning the flames were kept under and great clouds of black smoke swept eastward down the boardwalk, blotting out buildings only a few feet away and making difficult the task of the firemen, helped by comparatively few lights.

Gunboat Aids with Searchlight.

Out off the harbor entrance, toward Sandy Hook, a gunboat was on guard, and as signals came from the land she turned her searchlight on the drifting masses of smoke, giving the firemen such aid as was possible. Before long, however, the searchlight was not needed, for the huge bathhouse was ablaze. The flames leaped across the fifteen-foot alleyway to the eastward, aided in their progress by several wooden bridges, and caught the hot salt water baths, which had a hundred-foot frontage and the same extension back. Beyond this was the Brighton Inn, owned by Vincent Padula, and to the east of this Rawlinson's drug store. All these burned, and a shooting gallery beyond them, and the fire would certainly have gone further if the wind had not suddenly swung from the west to the south and then around to the east, driving the fire back on itself.

Meanwhile the light from the blazing wooden buildings had glared so widely that it could be seen from all parts of Brooklyn, and even from lower Manhattan. Far and wide families at leisure, through the holiday, turned out to look at the fire, and eventually a crowd collected which the police estimated at 100,000 persons.

Sightseers Swamp Transit Lines.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Elevated facilities were almost swamped by the crowds of sightseers, and many hundreds of automobiles crowded the boulevards and parkways leading down to the beach. Captain Byron T. Sackett of the Coney Island Station called his reserves to keep the crowds back, but eventually had to be reinforced by fifty Home Defense Leaguers and the reserves from ten more precincts before he could hold them under restraint.

Meanwhile the flames had been blown back to the westward and caught hold in earnest of two buildings to the west of the baths already badly scorched. These were Meade's Casino in the angle of the Boardwalk and Ocean Parkway, and the New Brighton Theatre, fronting on the parkway just inland. But here, aided by the freedom afforded by the wide street, the firemen were enabled to stop the blaze. The Casino had its window casings burned and considerable damage done to hangings and furnishings inside, where firemen fought the fire at close quarters. The roof of the theatre was burned off, but the rest of the building was saved.

The properties destroyed belonged to the Realty Associates, of which Frank Bailey is President. Samuel W. Gumperts, General manager of the baths, is now in Cuba, but an enterprising assistant, seeing the unaccustomed Winter crowds, opened the Eden Musee, under the same management, further up the boardwalk, and did a flourishing business.

Fire Marshal Brophy said last night that he had reported to Fire Commissioner Adamson that the blaze was caused by the rekindling of a fire which was discovered under the boardwalk in front of the Parkway Baths early yesterday afternoon. Peter Samaktes, a candy vendor, told the Fire Marshal that he had discovered fire under the boardwalk and after pouring several buckets of water on the small blaze he hed left for home.

MANY HERE FROM WAR ZONE

French and American Soldiers and Antillies's Crew Back from Europe.

Among those who returned from abroad on a passenger vessel which arrived at an Atlantic port yesterday was William T. P. Hollingsworth, Vice President of the American War Relief Clearing House. Before he left the other side Mr. Hollingsworth met several prominent Russians who had not been long out of their country. He said that it was their opinion that the Bolshevist heads could be dealt with more successfully if the Allies used the same methods as Germany. He would not discuss those methods, but said that they were not military. He added that in dealing with the Russian situation there should be a study of German financial methods.

Mr. Hollingsworth went over this time to attend the wedding of his daughter, Gladis, to Frederick Attwood, an American engineer.

Three envoys of French Fellowship, soldiers who have been decorated for valor, arrived on their way to Canada. Their object is to bring about a better understanding among the French Canadians regarding the war and the part the Allies are taking in the fight against autocracy. The leader is Captain Eugene Dutholt, who before the war was Professor of Law and Political Economy at the Catholic University at Lille.

"We are here to revive on the banks of the St. Lawrence the traditional friendship between us who speak the same tongue," said Captain Dutholt. "We bring the fraternal spirit of the common cause of the Allies. We will tell them how the laws of international right and humanity have been torn to pieces by the brutality of the Germans. France wants the Canadians who speak our language and are of our blood to know how much she appreciates their efforts and to stimulate them to greater endeavor."

Representative R. W. Parker of New Jersey, who was one of the ten Congressmen who recently visited the French battle front, returned, and Congressman Hicks is now the only member left in France.

MATERNITY-WEAR

Style perfect—that effectively conceal the condition and permit you to participate in your customary social duties and pleasures without the least inconvenience. Patented features automatically adjust themselves when figure returns to normal.

Lane Bryant

21-23 West 38th Street, New York

Mildness and *richness* are qualities very differently understood by cigar smokers. And yet there is wide consent that they are both found in—

JEAN VALJEAN CIGARS

"*Truly* a Cigar"

8 for 25c and Upward — Various Sizes and Shapes

Where Good Cigars Are Sold

Fine Winter Overcoats, Silk Lined, Special at $25.00

IN view of the growing demands of the Government upon America's best overcoating looms, the purchase of one of these coats is a very farsighted and substantial economy. . . . Particularly as the garments are cut over the Chesterfield model—never subject to sudden fashion fluctuations. . . . Tailored by the Kirschbaum shops in fine all-wool fabrics, Cambridges or Oxfords. . . . . Either skeleton or full lined. . . $25.00

Stern Brothers

WEST FORTY-SECOND AND FORTY-THIRD STREETS

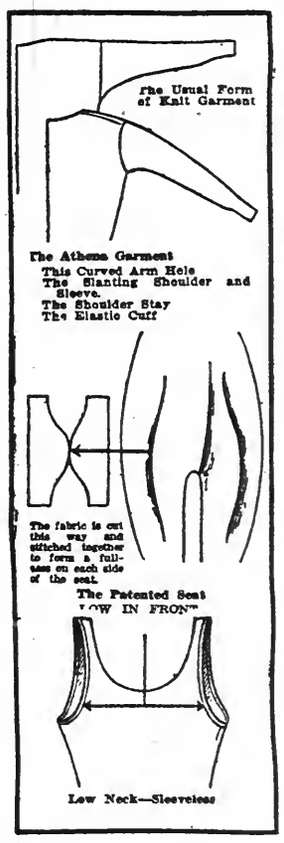
Young Men's and Men's Clothes, Third Floor—Elevators Convenient

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th St.

Athena Underwear

For Women and Children



The principal difference between Athena Underwear and other kinds is that Athena Underwear is tailored to fit, while other underwear has to be stretched to the shape of the figure.

Athena Underwear is as different from ordinary underwear as a perfectly tailored coat differs from a shapeless cloak.

The correct tailoring of Athena Underwear makes it comfortable, dainty and in exact conformity with the figure.

It affords freedom of the arms and body. There is no stretching of the fabric at one point and no looseness or wrinkling anywhere.

Athena Underwear which is superior in every respect to any other kind is made in all sizes and of all weights and qualities, and at the prices you have been accustomed to paying.

When you put on your first suit of Athena Underwear you will realize that it is the only kind which is made in accordance with correct principles

Prices:

Vests and Tights..... Reg. Sizes 65c to $1.85
Extra Sizes 75c to $2

Union Suits..... Reg. Sizes $1.25 to $3.75
Extra Sizes $1.50 to $4.25

For Boys and Girls

Separate Garments.....50c to $1.50
Union Suits.....95c to $2.65

Marshall Field & Co., Makers—Saks & Co., Sole New York Distributors

HEALTH

IN EVERY PACKAGE OF THE DELICIOUS FOOD Grape-Nuts

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST. - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

Men!

Generous Choice in Winter Overcoats & Suits at $18.50

Most high grade clothing concerns make good clothes—nowadays they couldn't stay in business if they didn't.

But—most of them do one thing particularly well, and rather than tie ourselves to one or two good ones, we represent nearly all.

The result is big, broad, generous variety at Gimbels. Hundreds of weaves, hundreds of ideas and effects, dozens of styles, and any man's fit.

Smart New Belted Overcoats at $18.50

Copies of the smartest coats and suits of the year at this popular price.

Other Suits and Overcoats up to $75.00

Headquarters for Foreign Model Overcoats.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

Stern Brothers

West 42nd Street *Between 5th and 6th Avenues* West 43rd Street

A Display of Toys that will bring delight to the Children

AN invitation is extended to children and their parents to visit this interesting exhibition on the Fourth Floor.

The girls will be particularly pleased with the pretty Dolls, and the boys will find lots of amusement in Mechanical Trains, Airships, Boats, Steam Engines, War Toys and other novelties.

Moderate prices prevail.

At Saks, To-day, Friday—An Important

Sale of Boys' Mackinaw Sport Coats at $5.25

¶ Warm, serviceable Mackinaws in several smart models, offered at this special price because of an important purchase.

¶ The variety of colorings is unusually large, and the tailoring of each model very carefully executed. Sizes 7 to 18 years.

Sweaters for Boys and Girls Special at $2.65

¶ A new shawl collar model for girls, in Rose and Copenhagen Blue. Also a real boyish model for boys, in Maroon, Navy Blue, Oxford Grey, and Heather Mixtures. Sizes 28 to 36.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

PRISONERS GUESTS OF MRS. DE SAULLES

She Gives Thanksgiving Feast to the 52 Inmates of Mineola Jail.

TRIAL RESUMED TODAY

Lawyers for Defense Spend Holiday in Preparing 20,000-Word Hypothetical Question.

Mrs. Blanca De Saulles gave a Thanksgiving dinner yesterday at the Mineola Jail to her fifty-two fellow prisoners. She did not act as the hostess personally, however. She had her son with her, and she was said to be too much preoccupied with her anxiety over the verdict which the jury will give in her case, probably next week.

Mrs. De Saulles eagerly questioned persons to whom she talked yesterday about their view of the outcome of the case. She was confident she would be acquitted, but she was worried and wanted confirmation of her own hope from every one to whom she talked. When her boy arrived, she asked a man who was with him what he thought of the way the trial was going. He said:

"Well, there may be a disagreement."

"Oh, don't say that," she said. "Anything but that. I don't want to go through this again."

Her maid, Suzanne Monteau, who was present, was as much shocked by this possibility as her mistress. She said: "Would I have to testify again?"

She was told that she would. Mlle. Monteau had been handled very sharply during her cross-examination, and burst into tears on the witness stand. She exclaimed:

"I could not stand it, to have that District Attorney talk to me again."

Eager as to the Future.

Mrs. De Saulles's eagerness about her own future was manifested yesterday. In spite of the fact that she was reported by those who saw her to be suffering severely from the reaction after her two days' ordeal on the witness stand, followed by the testimony of the medical experts who went into hundreds of minute particulars in discussing her condition of health and her physical symptoms, Sheriff Phineas Seaman said that the young woman appeared to be in good spirits and more animated than usual, in spite of her appearance of weakness and exhaustion.

The boy had his Thanksgiving dinner with his mother and her sister Amana together in the quarters of Sheriff Seaman, while the other prisoners were dining below in a large chamber known as the "thirty-day" room.

The guests of Mrs. De Saulles yesterday were fifty male prisoners and two women. Their dinner, bought by Mrs. De Saulles, consisted of turkey, fruit, ice cream, and soft drinks in which they drank success to the defense in the trial. Amalia, the pretty and lively sister of the accused woman, supervised the cooking of the dinner and helped to serve it.

Two of the prisoners who enjoyed the hospitality of Mrs. De Saulles are, like her, under charges of murder in the first degree. One of these is a Polish man 25 years old, who is charged on circumstantial evidence with killing his wife, whom he married under duress. Another is a man named O'Brien, also charged with killing his wife during a drinking bout. Another of her guests was Dominick Dimasco, who was recently tried for murder in the first degree for killing his wife and convicted of manslaughter. He has not yet been sentenced. Most of the other prisoners have only minor charges against them. One of the two women prisoners is charged with arson and the other with habitual intoxication.

Prisoners Toast a Hostess.

After they had eaten the dinner a committee of the prisoners was appointed to convey the thanks of all to her. For this purpose the pen of Austin Reilly, a prisoner, wholly known as "the educated barbituate," was employed. The letter was as follows:

Mrs. Blanca De Saulles, Mineola, L. I.

Dear Madam: We desire to thank you sincerely for your kindness and thoughtfulness toward us today. It is impossible to put into words our kindly thoughts to-ward you. However, it is our earnest wish and desire that your next Thanksgiving will be spent with your darling family and your noble little boy. Very sincerely yours,

JACK KARASEK,
WILLIAM SUMMERS,
JOHN COLEMAN,
WILLIAM KELLY,
JOSEPH WALTERS,
JACK KIRKPATRICK,
LOUIS McCAULEY,
ARTHUR TIERNAN,
Committee.

After she had finished serving the prisoners, Miss Errazuriz joined her sister and little Jack De Saulles, who was sent over for the Thanksgiving dinner with his mother by special consent of the family of De Saulles. While he was with his mother the boy dictated a letter to Santa Claus, which she took down for him. He asked for a toy stable and toy horses and a lot of other playthings.

The boy has no idea of the danger in which his mother is placed, but has recently begun to ask very many questions about the place in which she was confined. He was told that it was a hospital and that his mother was there because she was sick. This satisfied him for a long time, but he recently pointed out that there were chickens in the jail yard and asked if they belonged at a hospital. Gradually the boy, who is now 5 years old, came to learn that, whether his mother is under the Sheriff's orders or not, the other prisoners are, and that not all are treated as politely as his mother is. Yesterday somebody let the boy have the badge of a Sheriff. He went to one of the windows opening on the court-yard and called until he had attracted the attention of a few prisoners. Then he pointed at his badge and shouted:

"I'm the Sheriff."

While the boy knows that his father is dead, he has never connected this fact with his mother's imprisonment, according to his attendants. He came yesterday carrying a swagger stick, which he would twirl about on one finger. He asked Harry V. Dougherty, head of the Dougherty Detective Agency, who took him to the jail, if he did not remember that his father used to make a swagger stick pin.

Although Dougherty is the President of the agency, the relatives of De Saulles have insisted that he should take personal charge of the boy and not leave the child's safety to any of his employees Dougherty said yesterday.

"I have been watching the boy now for more than a year," during the divorce proceedings De Saulles said to me. 'My wife is getting a divorce from me. We can't get along together. I haven't anything to say against her at all, but if the kid should ever be taken to Paris there would be no chance on earth that I would ever get him back again. After that we had operatives constantly watching the boy while he was with his mother in the city and at her home in Westbury."

After De Saulles was killed other members of the family feared that an attempt would be made to kidnap the boy. Every time he has visited the jail he has been in charge of Dougherty. On the boy's first visit at the jail, a few days after the killing, Dougherty said that the boy and his mother appeared to be very distant, but that since then they had become increasingly affectionate.

Not a Holiday for the Lawyers.

Henry A. Uterhart and ex-Judge Louis J. Smith, counsel for the defense, were at the Garden City Hotel yesterday preparing for today's session in court with the alienists. The counsel for the defendant were dictating to stenographers the 20,000-word question, in which all the evidence for the defense will be massed.

District Attorney Weeks was in conference with experts for the prosecution, outlining his rebuttal of the medical testimony. The case of the prosecution was slightly weakened because of the fact that the District Attorney has decided not to put on the stand two county officials who were considered important witnesses for the State. While Mr. Weeks credits these two officials with perfectly good faith, he is unwilling to put them on the witness stand because of the fact that they have seen so much of the defendant it is feared her charm has created an unconscious bias in her favor which would be reflected in their testimony.

Mr. Weeks said yesterday that while the facts regarding the hypothyroid condition of Mrs. De Saulles might be true as outlined by the defense, his information was that the thyroid disease never produced amnesia, and would not produce the alleged blank in the memory of Mrs. De Saulles for a period of ten days.

Mr. Weeks expects his experts to testify that the mental condition of Mrs. De Saulles, as observed in the Mineola Jail, was not due to her quarrel with De Saulles over the boy, but her own act in shooting De Saulles, her subsequent arrest, and the reflection that she had placed her own life in jeopardy. The prosecution expects to discredit the contention that Mrs. De Saulles was in such a condition at the time of the shooting and ten days afterward that she was later unable to recall anything about what had passed during this period. He said:

"I never heard before of a condition of amnesia which allowed a person to act normally and rationally, as she did after the shooting, but prevented those facts from being registered in her memory. The hypothetical question framed by the defense will be turned over to the prosecution, which will add to it or change it, and then present it to the three alienists for the State, Dr. George H. Kirby, Dr. Isham Harris, and Dr. Pilgrim of the Hudson State Hospital.

Sessions of court will be held today and Saturday, but it is expected that the few remaining witnesses and the expert testimony will take up all the time at both those sessions. It is thought that Monday will be the earliest day when the case may go to the jury, and that a prompt verdict will be returned.

The trial will be resumed this morning at 10 o'clock.

HELD AS A SWINDLER.

New Yorker Arrested in Peoria for Fake Mining Transaction.

Special to The New York Times.

PEORIA, Ill., Nov. 29.—The police of this city today arrested William Thurston of New York City just as Michael Chapman, a wealthy distiller, was handing over $10,000 in cash to Thurston as the final move in a deal involving the transfer of a gold mine in Nevada. Chapman drew the money out of the bank yesterday, explaining that he was going to turn a farm deal and make $2,000 in two days.

Bankers became suspicious of his carrying $10,000 in cash and a detective was assigned to follow him. The transfer of papers was made in a Galesburg hotel, when detectives waiting on the outside burst open the door just as the $10,000 was being turned over. Thurston was placed under arrest and returned to Peoria.

Thurston, according to the police, admitted that the deal was crooked. The police allege that Thurston is a member of a trio of expert confidence men who have been operating out of New York and Chicago. Thurston maintained two headquarters here, one an expensive suite of rooms at the Jefferson Hotel and another room in the underworld district, where he held conferences with confederates.

ARREST COUPLE FOR FRAUD.

Federal Officials Were After Them for a Year for Cashing Bad Checks.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Nov. 29.—A man and woman giving the names of Mr. and Mrs. R. Duncan were arrested here tonight by Federal officials who have been searching a year for a couple of that name wanted for fraudulent check charges in many sections of the country.

It is alleged that while pretending to seek storage accommodations for a large fruit company near army camps the pair succeeded in cashing bad checks at Spartanburg, S. C.; Clement, W. Va., and Atlanta, Ga. Similar complaints from California, Arizona, and other States also are charged against the Duncans.

JAPAN'S THANKS TO WILSON.

Emperor Sends a Message After Receiving Ishii's Report.

TOKIO, Wednesday, Nov. 28. (Delayed)—The Emperor today received the report of Viscount Ishii, head of the Japanese Mission to the United States, which recently returned to Tokio.

The Emperor sent a message to President Wilson, thanking the President for the splendid reception accorded the mission, auguring the future happiness of the two nations, which would be forever gratefully remembered in Japan.

Only One "BROMO QUININE."
To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Helps relieve a cold in one day. 30c.—Advt.

Gidding
5TH AVE AT 46TH ST
PARIS NEW YORK

Announce—beginning today—

Important Sales

Involving special groups of Fashionable Apparel taken from our regular stocks—

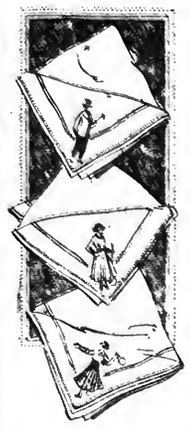
Gowns—Wraps—Suits—
Coats—Blouses—Millinery
and Furs.

Save Wheat, Meat and Fats
Help win the war by using only as much as you need. Don't waste food

Macy's
Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only

Fine Quality Broadcloth
54 inches wide $2.49 yd. Usually $2.97 yd.
The price is less than today's cost of manufacture. Made of fine stock, with lustrous finish. In a good assortment of street shades, plenty of men's wear blue and black.
All Sponged and Shrunk Ready for the Needle.
Macy's—Second Floor, 33th St., Broadway.

PRINTED SPORT HANDKERCHIEFS—Pure Irish Linen—6 for 72c



THE REASON WHY: They're printed in sport patterns, as *illustrated*. They arrived from Belfast too late for the sporting season. The quality is all there. But down go the prices. As Christmas gifts they're capital. Because there are only 604 dozens, we must limit purchases to six to a customer.

Sold by the Half Dozen only

72c

Women's Pure Irish Linen Handkerchiefs with ⅛-inch colored hems and borders, printed in a variety of 6 different sport patterns, all *illustrated*. Imagine an imported Irish linen handkerchief for 12c. They were made to sell at twice that.

Other Christmas 'Kerchiefs

FOR WOMEN

Linen hemstitched handkerchiefs with initial in wreath effect, 3 colored and 3 white initials to a box. **Box of 6, 69c.**

Linen hemstitched handkerchiefs with one corner of each embroidered in white or colors. **17c each.**

A special lot of sample linen initial handkerchiefs, some sheer and some heavy linen. Several styles of initials, nearly all hand embroidered. **23c each.**

FOR MEN

Irish linen hemstitched handkerchiefs with block initial. **Box of 6, 98c.**

Irish linen initial handkerchiefs with block or openwork letter. Good quality. **Box of 6, $1.39.**

Khaki hemstitched handkerchiefs, extra large size, 26 inches. **23c each.**

FOR CHILDREN

Printed picture handkerchiefs, Indian Hunter series. **Box of 3, 12c.**

Macy's—Main Floor, Centre.

⅓ to ½ less on
Children's Coats
$6.74

Fur trimmed coats—well made of bolivia, chiffon broadcloth and velveteen. Sizes 2 to 6 years. One model is pictured.

Not all sizes in all styles, but every size in some pretty model.

A number of hats that will look well with these coats have been reduced to much less than our usual "Lowest-in-the-City" prices.

Macy's—3rd Fl., 35th St., Rear.

Satin Lining
79c yd.
Specially Priced—Yard Wide
Satin Face—Smartness
Cotton Back—Durable.

White	Gold
Pearl	Cream
Myrtle	Pink
Steel	Light Blue
Tan	Yellow
Brown	Reseda
Rose	Navy

and also Black.
Macy's—Lining Dept., Second Floor.

Women's Skirts
$4.89

Plaids in Pleated and Shirred Models.

Corduroys in practical walking styles. Navy, brown, green, taupe.

Serges with smart pockets and detachable belts. Black and navy.

Unusually Low Priced

Macy's—Third Floor, Centre.

WOMEN'S
SERGE DRESSES

In Navy Blue Only $11.74 *Originally Priced $18.74*

Some with long tunics, some surplice styles, in new, smart, yet practical styles, all trimmed with braid or buttons. Collars of white satin or organdie.

Every woman who buys one may be sure that she's purchased the best dress obtainable at that price.

Macy's—Third Floor, Broadway.

50 More Women's Suits
Joined the Sale of Reduced Suits
At $23.74
Suits originally priced up to $59.75

Imagine—smart, well-tailored suits of fine materials, in distinctive styles, at less than half in many instances. That's what this reduction means.

Fur-trimmed suits. Others strictly tailored with notched collars, some in swagger military effects. All silk lined and warmly interlined.

Silvertone Broadcloth Wool Velours and Attractive Mixtures

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th St., Broadway.

BLOUSES
With Smart Lines—Low in Price
$2.79

Soft, lustrous tub silk is the fabric of these new and good looking blouses. They have some of the trimming touches that one is accustomed to find on much higher priced waists. Dainty ruffles, soutache braiding, bound buttonholes, tight, turn-back cuffs. In white and flesh.

Christmas Gifts! These will surely please.

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th Street.

Satin Hats
Trimmed with Beaver Cloth or Kerami Plush
$2.69

The price is a special feature.

The instant favor accorded satin hats, and their becomingness when trimmed with soft fur cloth, approves them "correct" for December wear.

8 Smart New Shapes
including high-front turbans, Chin Chin sailors, and side roll effects. One *illustrated*.

Brown Taupe Black

Macy's—Second Floor, 34th St.

Wonderlimericks

Whe-e-e-e! Scooters!

For fellows who want to keep going,
Wonderland has a wonderful showing
Of automobiles,
And scooters on wheels,
In varieties way beyond knowing.
For instance, this skatemobile's rippin',
Just straight as a dart without tippin'.
She'll skim over ground
Like a merry-go-round,
All boys will agree—she's a pippin! !

The one *illustrated* is $4.21.
Other Skaters and Scooters, 59c to $5.49.

Macy's—Wonderland, Fifth Floor.

HUDSON SEAL
(dyed muskrat)
MUFFS
$8.49
Melon shaped
of full prime lustrous skins.
SPECIAL!

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th St.

The SALE of
MEN'S SHIRTS
at 97c
Continues to Offer Big Savings

Woven Madras	Plenty of Shirts
Corded Madras	With Soft Cuffs
Mercerized Fabrics	Hundreds of Shirts
Percale Shirtings	With Laundered Cuffs

Thousands of men made the most of the opportunity which this sale presents—Thousands of them stocked up with enough shirts for the entire Winter. Still—you will find a good assortment to choose from even today.

Desirable Patterns. Colors Guaranteed.
Shirts of equal quality in tailoring and material will cost you much more elsewhere.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street, B'way.

101 Women's Coats
From Regular Stock—Reduced

Large Variety of Styles $21.74 *Originally Priced $23.74 to $37.75*

Good Coats, every one of them. Every woman who buys one will have full reason to be satisfied.

Wool Velour Broadcloth Tweed
Lambs' Cloth Novelty Fabrics

Many have large collars of fur, others trimmed with velvet, some of all self-material. Most of them lined throughout.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street, B'way.

SPECIALLY PRICED
Fur Trimmed Coats
For Girls—$12.74

Here is proof that Miss 8 to 16 can be warmly and smartly coated for the Winter with very small expenditure. This appropriate model comes in wool velour, Burella cloth and kersey cloth. Large fur collars that crush closely to the neck. Slip through belt and pockets. In all the wanted colors. Lined and interlined.

We have reduced to this same price a number of well made and desirable styles, not fur trimmed.

Down Come the Prices on
Velveteen Frocks, $13.74
Formerly $18.74

For Junior girls (size 14 and 16 years) this is a pretty semi-bustle style that is modish and yet youthful. The bodice, girdle and cuffs are piped with self-color satin. Large white satin collar. Taupe, brown, green, Burgundy and black.

Macy's—Third Floor, 35th Street.

Macy's
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Raincoats that Repel the Trench Storms

Rain, snow, sleet and hail meet defeat when they attempt to break through these coats. Designed particularly for officers, but equally serviceable for men whose business takes them out-of-doors in various weathers.

Trench Coats from London $29.75

A recent importation of well made storm coats, of a good waterproofed fabric with warm plaid lining and an interlining of oilskin. Made with belt all around and collar which buttons to neck.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, B'way, Front.

Army Shirts $3.29 to $4.39

Of fine quality Khaki Flannel, with interlined cotton khaki fronts, reinforced where most needed, designed to give room for action and assure comfort. Elsewhere they would cost you more.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Bedding Rolls at $9.74

Provide a convenient, practical method of carrying blankets. Made of heavy brown duck, waterproof and sanitary. Also used as a sleeping bag.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Centre.

Folding Kit Bags, $28.50

Can be folded so that it may be conveniently carried in trunk when not in use. Brass fittings. Well made of fine, handboarded leather so pliable that it will stand hard usage and keep its good appearance. Size 22 in.

Macy's—Fourth Floor, 35th St., Rear.

A Comfort Kit De Luxe, $12.49

Water-proofed case, containing Gillette razor, talc, military brushes, trench mirror, shaving brush, tooth brush, comb and other necessities.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Centre.

French Books For Soldiers

"Over there" they speak a different tongue than we do. If you are going over you will want to know French, too. We have an assortment of French Conversation Books, some of them specially prepared for fighting men—all at prices less than elsewhere.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Rear.

A Guide for Shopping Soldiers

This booklet is full of money-saving suggestions. It tells of sweaters, leather coats, raincoats, hosiery, underwear, service watches, camp kits, cameras, books and other things at prices less than elsewhere. There's a copy here for you for the asking.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Centre.

JEWISH SOCIALISTS ACCLAIM ZIONISM

Big Meeting Sees Hope of National Home in Palestine Through British Pledge.

ASKS AID OF PRESIDENT

Convention Will Be Held in January to Mobilize Workers of the Race.

Zionists who are Socialists celebrated last night in Cooper Union the declaration of the British Government in favor of allowing the Jews to establish their national home in Palestine. A movement was started for a great international Jewish industrial army to return to Jerusalem as soon as political conditions allow, and do the pioneer work necessary for the return of Jews to Palestine. The audience packed the hall to the doors.

Beside the Stars and Stripes over the platform hung the flag of Zionism—the blue and white colors of the House of David. Baruch Zuckerman, General Secretary of the Peoples Relief Committee, presided. The speakers included Dr. Ch. Zhitlowsky, Dr. N. Syrkin, Ben Gurion, Ben Zevie, Dr. Hilel Solotaroff, and Joseph Slosberg, Secretary of the Almagamated Garment Workers of America.

The meeting adopted a resolution asking President Wilson to declare in favor of a Jewish home land in Palestine. It was also announced that a fund of $40,000 is to be raised with which to make the organization countrywide and to be used in organizing Jews of radical political tendencies so that they too will join the movement. The object of the meeting was to organize the Socialists and radicals of the Jewish faith, which it was said, means practically the Jewish working class, so that they would be ready to go to Palestine and upbuild the country. There will be no limit to the number in this army. The Socialists are optimistic. Those of the Zionist movement here believe that after the war even Germany will not place obstacles in the way of the realization of Jewish hopes.

"We hail from the bottom of our hearts the historic victory of the 2,000-year-old hope and belief of the Jewish people in its national rehabilitation," said the resolution adopted. "We greet with joy and a deep sense of happiness the official declaration of the English Government to the Zionist movement, in which there has been proclaimed the right of the Jewish nation to a national home in its historic motheriand.

"We solemnly declare before the judgment of Jewish history that it is now the most sacred duty of every Jew to devote all his spiritual and material forces, and when necessary his life, for the immediate realization of Zionism and the upbuilding of the Jewish home in Palestine. We, Jewish workers, Socialists, and revolutionists, take upon ourselves to form the vanguard of the national movement for liberty and of the organized proletarian Zionism, and to co-operate with all the forces at our disposal for the speedy mobilization of the Jewish working classes to, for, and in Palestine.

"We solemnly swear to take over and to control and to bring to a successful end the work of our fallen heroic pioneers, workers, and guards who have sacrificed their lives for the liberation and rehabilitation of the Jewish people in the Jewish land."

The speeches were made in Yiddish. It was said that many of those in the hall had come from Palestine or were the children of those who had been driven into exile. The speakers told of the centuries-old longing of the Jews to have a national home and to govern themselves, a respected nation, contributing its share to the civilization and enlightenment of the world.

When the fund was announced there was much applause, and as the Chairman finished a man shouted, "I will give $10." It was the first English spoken at the meeting. Others followed, and soon there was a crowd about the platform handing up bills. They were mostly of small denomination. Several hundred dollars was raised.

The movement will be organized at a Socialist Zion convention here in January.

College Club in Paris Big Success

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 29.—The American University Union in Paris, a club for American college men who are serving their country, although open only three weeks, has already registered men from eighty-four different colleges, according to word received by Roger Pierce, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, from George H. Nettleton, Secretary of the union. The original quarters at the Royal Palace Hotel have been outgrown and more room has been provided at an adjacent hotel.

CALL, UNDER EMBARGO, TO BE EVENING PAPER

Barred from Mails and City Distribution, It Will Serve Its Own Subscribers.

Branding the Postmaster General as this country's "thought controller," Charles W. Ervin, managing editor of The Call, at an election celebration by Bronx Socialists in Burland's Casino, 809 Westchester Avenue, last night, announced that, because of recent strictures by the Post Office Department and "terrorism" by New York newsdistributing corporations, The Call would become an evening newspaper after next Sunday and would handle its own distribution.

The celebration at which Mr. Ervin spoke was given to mark the Socialist victory in the Third Assembly District at the recent election, in which three Socialist Assemblymen and one Socialist Alderman were elected. The toastmaster, Mrs. Mary MacDonald, wife of a former managing editor of The Call, also stigmatized Postmaster General Burleson as a "thought controller." She and Ervin and other Socialist speakers attacked THE NEW YORK TIMES for what they said was its anti-Socialist attitude.

About 200 Socialists were present, and Ervin was cheered as the "champion of free speech in New York."

"I have just heard the cry, 'Long Live The Call,'" Ervin declared, "and I want to assure you that The Call is going to continue to live in spite of all the handicaps which it is meeting. Before I left my office tonight, I sent out a general notification that The Call would become an evening newspaper beginning next Monday. The nation's thought controller the Postmaster General, has sought to control it through cutting off the channels of its distribution. But we have backed the most important Government department off the map. Backed by Wall Street and the powers that prey, the corporations which have been distributing throughout the city recently started a course of interference and terrorism against us. This has forced us to form our own distributing company, and next Monday evening The Call will be for sale throughout the Bronx. The Bronx was largely responsible for the 150,000 votes which were cast for Mr. Hillquit and for the victory of woman suffrage. If you don't believe this, read the explanation given by THE NEW YORK TIMES. The Call has always been a prosperous newspaper until the thought controller came on the scene. If you continue to support it, The Call will defeat the purpose of every tyrant in America. Long live the Socialist movement, and long live The Call."

When asked, after the dinner, to explain his attitude regarding the Federal Administration and the war, Ervin, in addition to stating that he meant no attack on the former, added that he was making it his special duty to attack "Kaiserism in America." He also said he understood that Postmaster General Burleson's policies were not approved by "a large part of the Administration in Washington."

"I have always attacked Kaiserism," he said. "I attacked the German Kaiser and his militarism in 1913 when THE NEW YORK TIMES was praising him. I am not a pacifist. I am a fighter, and my ancestors fought in the civil war. Just now, however, I believe it most important for me personally to fight capitalism and Kaiserism in this country. If the Socialist Party were to be elected to control Congress and the Federal Administration, it would, if the country were attacked by Germany, take active steps to defend the nation."

Ervin said that he did not wish to be "interviewed," and protested against being quoted. He said that The Call's second-class mailing privileges had been taken away by the United States Post Office two weeks ago, and that the paper was now being mailed out of the city and paying full postage.

Socialist Assemblymen-elect Charles B. Garfinkle and Benjamin Gitlow also spoke. Gitlow said that, in the next election, the Socialists of the city would "give THE NEW YORK TIMES the biggest surprise it ever had."

Superintendent Maxwell Recovered.

William H. Maxwell, City Superintendent of Schools, who was operated on in the Flushing Hospital two months ago for intestinal trouble, has entirely recovered, and is now at his home in Franklin Place, Flushing. His attending physicians say that his recovery was remarkable. The operation was a very delicate one, and in spite of his advanced years Mr. Maxwell rallied, and it is now believed that he will soon be able to resume his duties.

DOCTOR TESTIFIES MRS. KING WAS SLAIN

Chicago Coroner's Physician Swears She Could Not Have Fired Shot Which Killed Her.

DOOLING ACCUSES MEANS

Tells the Court That Defendant Was Planning Forgery in Connection with One of the Wills.

CONCORD, N. C., Nov. 29.—Over the vigorous objections of the defense, Dr. W. H. Burmeister, pathologist and coroner's physician of Cook County, Ill., was allowed by the Court to testify today at the trial of Gaston B. Means that in his opinion it would have been impossible for Mrs. Maude A. King to have fired the shot which caused her death at Blackwelder Spring, near here, the night of Aug. 29.

An examination of Mrs. King's body at Chicago by Dr. Burmeister, after a local Coroner's jury had decided that her death was accidental, resulted in the starting of a new investigation and the subsequent arrest of Means on the charge of murder. Dr. Burmeister told the jury that the wound was in the back of the woman's head, that there were no powder stains, and that he believed it would have been impossible for a woman as stout as Mrs. King to have inflicted the wound upon herself.

Dr. Burmeister's testimony and the introduction of a number of letters, telegrams, and other documents, including a photographic copy of the probated will of J. C. King, husband of the dead woman, while Americus B. Melville of Chicago, Mrs. King's former lawyer, was on the stand, were the outstanding features of the second day of the State's presentation of its case.

Assistant District Attorney Dooling of New York told the Court that one of the letters was put into evidence in an effort to prove that at about the time of the discovery of the alleged second will of Mr. King Means was earnestly seeking to get into communication with a man named Sprague, who had served a prison term for forgery. Under the terms of the second will, it is alleged, Mrs. King would have received an additional large sum of money from her husband's estate, the funds now being held for charity.

While Mr. Dooling had been in the courtroom since the trial began, he did not take an active part in the case until today, when he began to assist Solicitor Hayden Clement in the examination of witnesses, and almost solely conducted the examination of Melville. Counsel for the defense asked whether Mr. Dooling also was to appear as a witness. Solicitor Clement replied that the matter had not been determined yet, and that he would temporarily cease to act in the rôle of attorney. This ended the incident.

Attorney Melville testified that he handled the settling of the estate of Mrs. King after the death of her husband, and also transacted much business for her. He met Means in 1913, being introduced by Mrs. King, who told him that Means was her business agent, and that she had an agreement with him by which he was to receive one-half of all the money he "saved" for her above $10,000 a year. Her income from the estate, it was testified, was $17,000 a year.

A paper, purporting to be a statement made by Means to Mrs. King, was presented in evidence. It showed profits of $26,000 on various transactions in 1915, which yielded Means $8,000 under the agreement. On cross-examination the witness said he never saw any evidence that Mrs. King was in any way dominated by Means.

Dr. Burmeister was called to the stand late in the day after I. J. Howard of Charlotte, N. C., had told of sending Means an automobile, which was paid for in cash from a large amount of bills Means had on his person. The Chicago physician was vigorously cross-examined by counsel for the defense, and they elicited from him a declaration that in his judgment a pistol held against human flesh and fired would not leave any powder stains.

By some in the courtroom this line of questioning was interpreted to mean that the defense would rely upon the theory of suicide rather than upon the contention that Mrs. King had placed her revolver in the crotch of a tree, and that when she slipped on a root and fell, breaking her ankle, the gun fell from the tree and discharged when it struck her head.

Most of the documents introduced while Melville was on the stand were offered it was explained, largely to identify Means' handwriting and many of them were not read. They will be taken up later after the defense has had an opportunity to examine them, it was announced.

It was learned tonight that Mrs. Anna L. Robinson, the aged mother of the dead woman, had arrived in Concord from Asheville. She is stopping at a hotel, and is known to have told the proprietor that she did not wish to see any one, particularly her daughter, Mrs. Mary C. Melvin, who arrived earlier in the week, and is in constant attendance at the trial. The prosecution plans to put Mrs. Robinson on the stand tomorrow.

Means continues his smiling, unruffled demeanor and is apparently as confident of an acquittal as ever. He sits constantly beside his attorneys, frequently conferring with them and offering suggestions on points upon which to question witnesses.

ARREST GERMAN WHO FLED PRISON CAMP

Carl Sabel, One of Ten Escaping from Fort McPherson, Was a Door Attendant Here.

Carl Sabel, a petty officer of the German Navy, one of the ten interned Germans who escaped from the prison camp at Fort McPherson, Ga., on Oct. 23 last, was captured in New York last night. He is the last of the Germans who escaped under the leadership of Lieutenant Hans Berg, the officer, who brought the British liner Appam into Hampton Roads, Va., as a prize of war in 1916, to be rounded up. He probably will be returned to Fort McPherson in a few days. When arrested Sabel was employed as a doorman of a Fifth Avenue store, the name of which is withheld by the Secret Service.

The arrest of Sabel by Secret Service agents was the end of a quiet chase which has extended half-way across the continent. When the Germans under Berg tunneled out of Fort McPherson they seperated, some going south, others west, and the rest north. Berg and Hans Loescher, the latter an officer who served on the raider Prinz Eitel Friedrich, fled south with the intention of crossing into Mexico and identifying themselves with one of the German colonies in that country. They were arrested by Secret Service agents as they were about to cross the Rio Grande, near Laredo, Texas, on Nov. 7 last, and are now back at Fort McPherson. Both had large sums of money when arrested.

Sabel parted with Berg and Loescher in Atlanta. He assumed the name of Frederick John Belmont, and under that name obtained the position of doorman at the Fifth Avenue store in front of which he was arrested. William J. Flynn, Chief of the Secret Service, in announcing the capture of Sabel last night, said he was not permitted to say how the Secret Service gained possession of the information which led to the arrest of the German sailor.

Sabel, after his arrest, admitted that he was the last of Berg's company of Germans. He is a well educated young man, and speaks several languages. He did not make any statement as to the source of the money supplied himself and others at the time of their escape.

Information is now in the possession of the Government which tends to confirm a report that a woman aided the Germans to escape from Atlanta once they had succeeded in getting out of the prison camp. The tunnel through which they escaped was fourteen yards long, and required two weeks to dig. This woman, who is said to be a New Yorker, arrived in Atlanta two days before Berg and the other Germans escaped, and went to board at a house less than fifty yards from the Fort McPherson barracks. So far as is known, the Government agents have not arrested the woman.

KILLED BY OVERTURNED CAR

Mrs. Lucius Henderson Victim of Auto Accident—Husband Escapes.

Mrs. Helen Studebaker Henderson, wife of Lucius Henderson of 10 Faneuil Place, New Rochelle, and daughter of the late Jacob F. Studebaker, one of the founders of the Studebaker Corporation of South Bend, Ind., was instantly killed yesterday morning when the automobile in which she and her husband were being driven from this city to their home skidded and overturned in Boston Post Road, near New Rochelle. Mrs. Henderson was pinned beneath the car, the chauffeur and her husband escaping with slight injuries.

Aid was summoned at once from New Rochelle, but when physicians arrived and the body of the car was lifted it was found that Mrs. Henderson had been crushed by its weight. She was prominent socially in this city, her home, South Bend, Ind., and Chicago.

NEW YORK GUARDSMEN ON WEST POINT LIST

War Department Designates Candidates to Take Entrance Examinations in March.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The War Department today announced the designation of these candidates to take the West Point entrance examination in March:

NEW YORK.

Galloway, Donald H., Sergeant Major, Hq. Det. 53d Brig., at Camp Wadsworth.
Wood, Charles G., Private, Hq. Troop, Camp Wadsworth.
Young, Wm., Corp., M. G. Co., 12th Inft., Camp Wadsworth.
Davis, Kenneth, Sergt. Maj., Hq. Co., 74th Inft., Camp Wadsworth.
Helwig, Herbert A., Sergt., Co. K., 74th Inft., Camp Wadsworth.
Stansfield, Geo. E., Sergt., Co. A, 104th Inft., Camp Wadsworth.
Skinner, David L., Private, Co. B, 104th M. G. Bn., Camp Wadsworth.
Lane, Paul A., Private, Co. M, 106th Inft., Camp Wadsworth.
MacDonald, Lewis R., Private, Co. B, 108th Inft., Camp Wadsworth.
Carey, John A., Private, Co. C, 108th Inft., Camp Wadsworth.
Wasson, Glen C., Sergt., M. G. Co., 105th Inft., Camp Wadsworth.
Bingham, Henry R., Corp., Co. L, 106th Inft., Camp Wadsworth.
Jensen, Arthur S., Sergt., Hq. Co., 106th Inft., Camp Wadsworth.
Haneke, Edwin, Private, Hq. Co. 105th F.A., Camp Wadsworth.
White, Lloyd C., Private, Bat. A, 104th F.A., Camp Wadsworth.
Norcross, Theodore, Sergt., Co. B, 106th M. G. Bn., Camp Wadsworth.
Davis, Paul Herbert, Corp., Co. D, 104th, M. G. Bn., Camp Wadsworth.
Alcott, Clarence W., Corp, Co K, 106th Inft., Camp Wadsworth.

OKLAHOMA.

Adams, Thomas G., Sergt. 1st Inft., at Camp Bowie, Ft. Worth.
Landrum, David S., Sergt. Troop B, 1st Cav., at Camp Bowie.
Curry, Cleo M., Sergt. Co. D, 1st Inft., at Camp Bowie.
Rascoe, George M., Private 1st Inft., at Camp Bowie.

VERMONT.

Howe, Edmund R., Corp., Co. I, 1st Inft., at Camp Bartlett, Westfield.

VIRGINIA.

Ford, William W., Sergt. 112th M. G. Bat., at Camp McClellan, Anniston.
Peyton, Benjamin G., Sergt. 116th Inft., at Camp McClellan.
Vanture, George D., Private Co. E, 116th Inft., at Camp McClellan.

KENTUCKY.

Woodward, James F., 1st Alt., Bereing.

MARYLAND.

Fowler, Halstead G., Baltimore.
Poillit, L. Irving, 1st alt., Baltimore.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Good, Harold P., Berwick.
Schoch, Lawrence A., 1st alt., Sonestown.

VIRGINIA.

Iliffe, Edgar W., 1st alt., Millsboro.

ALABAMA.

Moulton, John C., Sergt., Co. L, 123d Inft., at Camp Wheeler, Macon.
King, John P., Sergt., Battery B, 117th F.A., at Camp Wheeler.
Turner, Noel M., Corporal, Co. E, 123d Inft., at Camp Wheeler.
Mosley, William L., Corporal, Co. L, 123d Inft., at Camp Wheeler.
Long, Donald White, 1st alt., Birmingham.
Brothers, John T., private, F. Hosp. 124, 106th San. Train.
Box, Jefferson D., Bat. B, 117th F.A.

KANSAS.

Roberts, Frank N., Sergt. Maj., 110th Ammunition Train, at Camp Doniphan, Ft. Sill.
Plank, Edward G., Sergt., Co. M, 137th Inf., at Camp Doniphan.

MAINE.

Benson, Clyde A., Sergt., 20th Co., C.A.C., at Portland.
Sargent, Richmond H., Sergt., 19th Co., C.A.C., at Portland.
Johnson, Henry D., 25th Co., C.A.C., at Portland.
Lombard, Carlston J., Corp., 19th Ct., C.A.C. at Portland.
Smith, Mitchell H., Corp., 26th Co., C.A.C., at Portland.
Ferguson, Wilbur N., private, 19th Co., C.A.C., at Portland.
Vose, Frederick Bliss, Houlton.

MISSOURI.

Nicholson, Claude, Sergt., 137th Amb. Co., 110th San. Train, at Camp Doniphan.
Weir, Floyd A., Sergt., Batt. A, 129th F.A., at Camp Doniphan.
Sollars, Eugene K., Sergt., Batt. E, 129th F.A., at Camp Doniphan.
Bickers, Levergne M., Corp., band, 110th Trench Mortar Battery, at Camp Doniphan.
Younts, William H., Corp., Co. B, 140th Inft.
Cullumber, William R., private, Co. B, 140th Inft.
Blackwell, Dick, private, Co. B, 140th Inft.
Warren, Henry, private, Co. B, 140th Inft.
Lacey, George T., private, Co. B, 140th Inft.
Broderick, Waldo O., private, Hq. Co., 140th Inft.
Mansell, Emmett L., musician, Bott. C, 129th F.A.
Bowman, Harold C., Sergt., Batt. D, 129th F.A.
Cole, Virgil B., Sergt., Co. F, 139th Inf.
Calvert, John F., Sergt., Co. F., 139th Inft.
Ingles, Robert G., Sergt., Co. D, 129th Inft.
O'Neal, Franklin E. C., Corp., Co. G, 138th Inft.
Thacker, Ralph A., Corp., Batt. C, 129th F.A.
Yankee, Compton, Batt. C, 129th F.A.

GOULD DINES IN CAMP.

One of 10,000 at Army Thanksgiving at Wrightstown.

CAMP DIX, WRIGHTSTOWN, N. J., Nov. 29.—Corporal Kingdon Gould, the son of George J. Gould, who is a member of the Division Headquarters troop at Camp Dix, was one of the 10,000 men who did not get a pass to spend Thanksgiving Day at home, and he messed with the men of his troop today and seemed to enjoy the dinner. The fact that he could have induced one of the men of the troop to exchange furloughs with him and did not make this request brought favorable comment from the other soldiers.

There were 12,000 of the boys who "dined out" today, practically all of them getting away from the camp yesterday afternoon. But those who remained had "the best meal ever furnished to an American army," according to Captain C. J. Kalhero, of the Cooks' and Bakers' School.

As an illustration of what the best meal was, he cited the menu prepared for the boys of Company A, 308th New York Infantry, which consisted of oyster cocktail, roast turkey, roast ham, cranberry sauce, sweet and white potatoes, pumpkin and mince pie, mixed candies and nuts, fruits, ice cream, cigars and cigarettes, coffee, and sweet cider.

General Kennedy and most of the officers at the camp remained here for dinner. Tonight there were special entertainments provided for the men in the Y. M. C. A.

On Saturday 8,000 men will make the trip to Franklin Field, Philadelphia, to witness the football game between Camp Dix and Camp Meade teams.

FEAST AT WADSWORTH.

32,000 New York Soldiers Make Gallant Attack on Turkey and "Fixings."

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., Nov. 29.—A dinner that had none of the regular fixings left out, a theatrical program with a Broadway flavor, community singing that ran from ragtime to the songs of the soldiers, and an athletic field day was the sort of warfare served up to the Twenty-seventh Division today. It was the second Thanksgiving the former guardsmen had celebrated in service in two years, and though last year's affair on the border was counted a great success, today's onslaught on menus certainly was a greater success.

From sunup to sundown, some sort of entertainment was going on, and although the men were at liberty to go into Spartanburg over the holiday without passes, the fun at camp was so jolly that scarcely a man left the reservation.

Among those who came down to participate in the jollification was Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., after whose father the camp was named. Senator Wadsworth, an ex-member of the former Troop M of the First Cavalry, was at the border this day a year ago, and he said tonight that he hoped to be with the Twenty-seventh next year when, according to the current issue of The Wadsworth Gas Attack, camp publication, the Thanksgiving menu will consist of "wieners and sauerkraut from the royal wine cellars of the Imperial Palace."

Here is the menu that the 32,000 healthy young men faced unflinchingly:

Olives, Celery Hearts.
Sweet Mixed Pickles.
Roast Spring Turkey, Giblet Sauce,
Oyster Dressing, Cranberry Jelly.
Creamed Mashed White Potatoes.
Candied Yams.
Creamed Spinach.
Pumpkin Pie, Mince Pie.
Chocolate and Lemon Cake.
Vanilla and Chocolate Ice Cream.
English Walnuts, Tokay Grapes,
Imperial Apples, Oranges.
Bread and Butter.
Cafe Noir.
Cigars and Cigarettes.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO.

THIS name on your title policy means much to you.

1. You have the most careful and painstaking examination of your title.

2. You have the best real estate law down to date and carefully digested both in our interest and in yours.

3. You have the advantage of the largest capital and surplus of any title company in the world.

4. You have the best policy that is issued, and it costs you no more than any other.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co
Capital $ 5,000,000
Surplus 11,000,000
176 B'way, N.Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Annonnce a Most Extraordinary Special Offering of

Men's London-Made Wool Robes at $10

¶ Imported direct from London by Saks & Company, and made by Lloyd, Attree & Smith. Tailored in heavy Woolen cloth, bound with Melton and Silk cord. All Wool girdle and hand-worked buttonholes. Colors: Grey, Brown, Heather, Blue and Tan. Sizes 36 to 46. Quantity limited.

¶ We shall also offer Men's imported Woolen Robes of Double-faced Cloth in Camel's Hair, Grey, Khaki, Blue, Oxford and Tan at $15, $16.50, $17.50 and $18.50.

Men's House Gowns and Lounging Robes at $12.50 to $20

¶ In shawl collar and button-to-neck models, in novel combination effects of Wool and Silk.

Men's Silk Robes at $16.50 to $65

¶ In robe and kimono-sleeve models, made of domestic and imported silks.

Men's Woolen Smoking Jackets at $3.95 to $15

¶ Smart shawl collar and tuxedo models, made of fine quality double-faced cloth. All sizes.

Enlarged Xmas Department on Second Floor.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Now Offer a Most Extensive Collection of

Appropriate Gifts for Soldiers

at very reasonable prices

¶ The various articles listed below have been assembled with the requirements of our boys in khaki uppermost in mind. Each and every item will prove a very acceptable gift, and help to create the spirit that will send our boys "over the top" in good shape.

Khaki Fitted Roll-ups, with Toilet, Shaving and Sewing requisites ..... $5 to $8.50
Cases designed for holding Toilet requisites in minimum of space..... $1.25
Writing Cases in various sizes.. $1.50 to $13
Wash Basin, Soap and Towel..... $2.25
Emergency Cases..... $1.25 to $2.75
Handy Sewing Kits..... 59c to $1.25
All kinds of Pipes..... 95c to $1.50
Trench Mirrors..... 25c to 95c
Well Constructed Money Belts.. 50c to $2.95

Men's Military Sleeveless Sweaters at $2.95

¶ Exceptional value. In khaki color, made of All Worsted yarn.

Men's Military Sweaters, $4.95

¶ Regulation 4-button model with two pockets. Heavy weight—made of All Worsted yarn.

Military Worsted Wristlets, 50c
Regulation Lambswool Mufflers, $2

Men's Military Sets at $4.95

¶ Each set consists of one official O. D. Woolen Shirt, six khaki handkerchiefs, and an all-silk reversible regulation Army scarf—wear guaranteed.

Also at $2—Military Sets consisting of regulation cotton khaki shirt and all-silk regulation reversible four-in-hand.

Regulation Army Woolen Shirts Special at $3.95

¶ These shirts are very scarce, and cost almost $3.95 wholesale today. Warm and unusually serviceable. All sizes.

Stern Brothers

West 42nd Street Between 5th and 6th Avenues West 43rd Street

A Reduction Sale To-day and Saturday

Misses' Winter Suits

at $15.00, 25.00 and 47.50

The models are from regular stock and of some there is only one of a kind. The materials comprise velour de laine, velveteen and wool velour; some fur-trimmed; coats silk lined and interlined.

In addition, the following SPECIAL VALUES:

Misses' Winter Coats
In desirable materials; some fur-trimmed; sizes 14, 16 and 18 years,
$15.00 and 25.00

Misses' Dressy Coats
Of Pom Pom cloth, wool velour and velour du nord; large fur collars; 14-16-18 years,
$34.50 and 55.00

Girls' Utility Coats
In the favored fabrics, including Pom Pom cloth; sizes 6 to 10 years,
at $11.50

Girls' Winter Coats
Of Broadcloth or Pom Pom; lined throughout; sizes 10 to 16 years,
at $18.75

Clearance of Girls' Shoe Top Suits
Smart styles, in desirable materials; sizes 12 to 16 years,
Values up to $29.75
at $14.75

Safe Toys

Just as the Fourth of July has become safe, so have the toys of Christmas.

Rocking horses are taboo; instead one will see horses for little boys, made on much the same principles as the old "patent rockers" with a solid base, and no matter how hard he rocks, he is safe.

There are other motion toys—swings into which baby can be tied perfectly securely, and self-propelled Kiddie Kars, low enough to make a tumble no mishap, and so constructed as to develop not only the leg muscles, but to co-ordinate the head and hands in steering.

They are safe, and the most appreciated gift a small toddler can receive.

Best & Co.
Fifth Ave. at Thirty-fifth St.
You Never Pay More at Best's

GLASTENBURY HEALTH UNDERWEAR

FOR MEN

PROTECTION against chilling of the body; often a fore-runner of colds, pneumonia and rheumatism.

Famous over half a century for its superior qualities.

Every garment shaped to the figure and guaranteed not to shrink.

Glastenbury Two-Piece, Flat Knit Spring-Needle Underwear is made in fifteen grades, several weights of fine wools, worsted and merino.

Adjustable drawer bands on all except two styles.

130 Natural Gray Wool, winter weight.
230 Natural Gray Wool, winter weight.
2605 Natural Gray Wool, winter weight.
A H Natural Gray Australian Lamb's Wool, winter weight.
G-H Natural Gray Worsted, medium weight.
A Natural Gray Australian Lamb's Wool, light weight.
C B Imp. Natural Gray Worsted, light weight.
90 Natural Gray Wool, light weight.

FOR SALE BY LEADING DEALERS

ROBERT REIS & CO., Wholesale Distributors, NEW YORK
Write for booklet—simple cuttings. Yours for the asking. Dept. 3.
GLASTONBURY KNITTING COMPANY, Glastonbury, Conn.

CERVA
The World's Best Beverage

Non-Intoxicating, Pure, Healthful. A soft drink with great food value. You can get Cerva at grocers', at druggists', in fact at all places where good drinks are sold.

LEMP Manufacturers ST. LOUIS
Austin Nichols & Co., Inc., Distributors

BELL CONTROVERTS HUMISTON CHARGES

Camp Upton Commander in His "Final Word" Defends Morality of Troops.

NEARLY READY FOR FRANCE

Soldiers, He Asserts, Constitute a Remarkable Body, "Self-Respecting and Morally Clean."

Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commanding at Camp Upton, last night issued a statement regarding the latest charge made by Mrs. Grace Humiston regarding moral conditions at the camp. General Bell denounced the charge and said that his statement was his "last word" regarding it. General Bell took occasion, in his statement to praise highly the men under his command. "Unless weather prevents," he said, "they will soon be ready to begin training beside their brothers in France." General Bell's statement follows:

"Camp Upton, N. Y., Nov. 29, 1917.

"Respectable persons have sufficient reason to be tired of reading more on the subject of Mrs. Humiston's unfounded charges of immorality at Camp Upton, excepting those who are naturally inclined to believe ill of others regardless of facts. I hardly think any intelligent person acquainted with the facts really believes that even one young girl has died at Camp Upton because she was about to become a mother, much less seven. Not a particle of real evidence has yet been produced indicating the existence of immoral conditions at Camp Upton. Though she claims to be freely consulting and co-operating with my comrades in arms at Governors Island, who personally know nothing whatever of such moral conditions at Camp Upton, Mrs. Humiston refuses to consult or co-operate with me, though I have complete personal knowledge thereof.

"At my solicitation she promised ten days ago to talk with me on the subject at an early date, but she has thus far failed to keep her promise, and now announces that she will disclose what she knows to the Secretary of War alone, and to him only in case he listens sympathetically. Adams testified that Mrs. Humiston did not want me to know that he was here with 'Miss Francis.'

Bell Praises His Troops.

"Incidentally, neither Mrs. Humiston nor Governors Island have ever given me or my camp a hearing. Mrs. Humiston, a shrewd lawyer, accustomed to carefully weighing the credibility of testimony, listened to random talk. Based on naught but such gossip she publicly made grave charges against the morality of the camp.

"I have never known a body of men as self-respecting, as morally clean as these. The pride they exhibit in avoiding anything which might reflect discredit upon themselves or their camp is as remarkable as it is gratifying. The most enthusiastic body of men in this camp is the handful of regular officers it contains. They are enthusiastic over the results of our first experiment in creating a national army. They have never dreamt that such a cheerful spirit of subordination, or pride in good behavior, or zeal to learn could be exhibited save by the exceptional members of long-established, crack military units which have acquired a high degree of esprit de corps. Their good behavior is really extraordinary; their zeal to learn only less astonishing than their progress. Unless weather prevents, they will soon be ready to begin training beside their brothers in France.

"Under such circumstances as are enumerated above, I should not feel justified in saying another word in reply to Mrs. Humiston's baseless charges, were it not for the fact that there are many thousands of parents, brothers, sisters, and other relatives of soldiers in this camp who, disgusted at seeing her unjust charges condoned, may wonder why some one does not refute them. I am responsible for the welfare of the men in this camp. I am their natural defender. Their relatives have a right to expect me to defend them.

"In her recent interviews for the press, Mrs. Humiston alleges in effect that conditions in Camp Upton must be immoral, because she believes that men and women registering as brother and sister, or as man and wife, have secured and can secure rooms for immoral purposes at the hotel in Camp Upton. She prides herself upon having proved this belief to be well-founded by succeeding in getting a room at this hotel assigned to a forty-year-old man and a sixteen-year-old girl, registering as man and wife. A room was assigned them. The clerk, who assigned it, states that he asked if they were man and wife and received an affirmative answer.

"He took no other action, whatever, to develop the facts as to their real relations. He claims to have suspected them at first, but to have had his suspicions allayed by the frankness and straightforward manner of the man who claimed to have come to visit a relative in the camp, expecting to return to Brooklyn that night, but missed the train. This has frequently happened. The clerk did not even report his suspicions to the manager. His conduct was inexcusable. His services have been dispensed with, not because it is believed he had any actual intention of doing wrong, but because he is too lacking in perspicacity to be trusted with such a responsible duty under such necessities as exist here.

Camp "Hotel" a Makeshift.

"The circumstances narrated in the last paragraph are certainly suspicious in appearance. But they really have little value as evidence in substantiation of Mrs. Humiston's contention that she succeeded in proving the existence of immoral conditions here by securing the assignment of a room to her proteges through their registration as man and wife. The actual facts concerning this hotel will constitute far better evidence than any one isolated circumstance.

"It is not a hotel at all in the usual sense of the word. It is a grocery, restaurant, and luncheon counter, with a few rooms in the second story which can be rented as lodgings by transient guests. There are not more than five or six such rooms. There is little or no privacy to be had about the place. It would be impossible for immorality, in its ordinary sense, to exist there without its soon becoming extensively known. No one can be found about this camp who has ever observed any indication of such immorality.

"The first guest was registered on Nov. 17. The total number of rooms which have been assigned to different persons since that date is sixty-eight.

"No rooms have been occupied by a brother and sister together; no rooms have been sought for joint occupancy by a brother and sister; no room would be assigned to a brother and sister for such occupancy, even if asked for. 'Miss Francis' is the only young girl who ever occupied a room.

"Of the sixty-eight rooms assigned, a total of fourteen have been occupied by persons registered as man and wife. Of these, nine were occupied by officers and their wives, well known in this camp. Five have been occupied by citizens registered and claiming to be man and wife. Four of these couples are well known at the camp to be man and wife. One room was occupied on the fourth day after the establishment opened its doors by a couple registering as man and wife from Jamestown, N. Y. I have been unable to secure any additional information as to the identity or actual marital relations of this couple. I have personally made this investigation and am solely responsible for the accuracy of the facts stated above.

"A statement has been quoted from 'Miss Francis' in some of the daily papers that Lieutenant Brown, one of the officers who examined her, had offered her money. The statement was made in such way as to insinuate that his motive was questionable. This was a shameless attempt to pervert the facts and a conscious effort to create a false impression. The young lady claimed she had not a cent, not even a ticket to return to the city. Lieutenant Brown, pulling what money he had had out of his pocket, generously offered to assist her in getting away from the camp. This offer was made in the presence of Major Lloyd C. Fiscom, who was present during the entire examination. This is the last word I shall say touching this incident."

To Relieve a Cold in One Day
Use LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 30c.—Adv.

CAMP PNEUMONIA SPREADS.

General Gorgas Orders Vigorous Steps to Check It at Macon.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Vigorous steps are being taken on recommendation of Surgeon General Gorgas to check the development of pneumonia at Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga., where there has been a sharp epidemic of measles, accompanied by 300 cases of pneumonia.

General Gorgas, who has just returned from an inspection trip to Camp Wheeler says the height of the measles epidemic has passed but there had been sixty deaths from pneumonia during the last month and that as pneumonia does not develop until a week or ten days after the incidence of measles a considerable number of deaths from pneumonia can be expected.

"A large proportion of the cases of pneumonia were evidently contact cases and I am anxious on this score, fearing that we may be beginning here an epidemic of septic pneumonia," he said.

As a result of his inspection trip, General Gorgas has insisted that each man in the camp have fifty feet of floor space, that additional shelter be supplied, that no new men be brought into the camp until the epidemic has subsided, and that an observation camp be established. General Gorgas asserts that the tendency to pneumonia has been increased by the fact that the men have been exposed to cold weather for a month "with no other protection than their Summer clothing," but adds that clothing is now rapidly coming into the camp and about two-thirds of the men have been supplied with woolen garments.

Steps have already been taken to separate the men to a greater degree and by supplying more tents the number of men to each tent will be reduced from nine to five.

The supply of sufficient clothing has been delayed by the necessity of equipping first those divisions in northern latitudes and those which have been sent abroad. The men at Camp Wheeler now have a good supply of warm underwear and heavy outside clothing was shipped some days ago; it should be arriving at the camp now, but congestion of railroad traffic has caused some delay in its delivery.

SOLDIERS AT McCALL HOME.

Governor Shares His Thanksgiving Dinner with Four Corporals.

WINCHESTER, Mass., Nov. 29.—Governor McCall shared his Thanksgiving feast at his home here today with four young Corporals of the national army from Camp Devens.

He asked divisional officers to extend his invitation to soldiers who would be unable to reach home for the holiday, and Corporals Samuel J. Dunn and H. E. Johnson of Saratoga, N. Y.; A. W. Harrington of Watervliet, N. Y., and George Stuart, Jr., of Colorado were selected.

It soon developed that Corporal Stuart, who entered the army from New Haven, Conn., was a college mate at Yale with the Governor's son-in-law, Alfred Chappell, and before the dinner was over many mutual acquaintances were discussed.

PAY INTERNED MEN ONLY FOR WORK DONE

Department of Labor States That German Merchant Crews Get No Compensation.

TREATED AS IMMIGRANTS

Formal Denial Made of Any Food Favors to Men Held in Hot Springs Camp.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Denial was made by the Department of Labor today that Germans interned at the concentration camp at Hot Springs, N. C., received compensation. These men were taken off the German merchant vessels in American ports when this nation entered the war. They receive pay only for actual work performed at the rate of $20 a month, with additional pay of $5 a month for those acting as foremen. Officers are permitted to receive not more than $10 a month from friends.

"The inmates of this camp," said the official statement, "are not prisoners of war. They comprise officers and crew of the German merchant vessels which were interned in the ports of the United States at the time of the declaration of war. As aliens they were amenable to the immigration laws, and as alien enemies' under the terms of the President's proclamation they were also subject to the provisions of the Revised Statutes on which such proclamation is based. Their deportation, which would follow in the ordinary course of events, was impracticable in view of the international situation.

"It early became apparent that provision must be made for some central concentration camp which would be adequate to house these aliens who were temporarily detained at various immigration stations throughout the country. After a careful survey of available sites the department selected the resort at Hot Springs, N. C., which offered an admirable location from the standpoint of isolation as well as that of climate, accessibility to the railroads, and a hotel of adequate proportions for all immediate needs. More recently additional buildings have been constructed, so that now quarters, similar to those which would be provided in immigration stations for first-class passengers arriving at ports of the United States, are furnished officers, and lodgings similar to that which would be given steerage or third-class passengers, are furnished to the crew men.

"Contrary to the general impression, these aliens receive no compensation from the Government except such as is allowed them for work actually performed. Those who engage in construction work of one sort or another are paid at the rate of $20 a month, with an additional allowance of $5 per month to those acting in the capacity of foremen. The interned officers have been permitted to receive from any source not to exceed $10 and the crew men not more than $5 a month. Receipts in excess of these amounts are placed to the credit of the aliens in a postal savings bank or otherwise disposed of as desired. Permission is, of course, granted for legitimate purchases of clothing and other necessaries.

"Sanitary conditions are maintained under the direction of an experienced officer from the Health Service, who has been detailed for this purpose. Under the direction of the Young Men's Christian Association suitable facilities have been provided for recreation of a healthful and wholesome nature. Arrangements are also made that married men may have opportunity to see their families once a week, under the supervision of Government officers, in quarters provided for this purpose.

"There is no warrant whatever for the statement that these aliens are allowed an excessive amount of food. Three meals a day of plain but thoroughly palatable and substantial food are provided for each man. A limited number of eggs is furnished. For the most part evaporated milk such as seamen prepare on shipboard is used. There is no waste, and the same measures of economy and conservation which are being urged upon every American housewife are being practiced at Hot Springs."

The denial thus issued by the Department of Labor deals only with officers and men of the interned merchant ships, who are under its jurisdiction, and does not apply to officers and men from interned German warships, held in concentration camps under the jurisdiction of the army. Secretary Baker has explained that these officers and men are allowed compensation, in accordance with international law, and that Germany is expected to deal similarly with American soldiers and officers who are taken prisoner. The interned German naval officers and men do not receive cash, but obtain a credit, with which they may make purchases.

MISSED ONLY 'HOME FOLKS.'

New Englanders Helped Men at Camp Devens to Enjoy Real Holiday

AYER, Mass., Nov. 29.—"It lacked nothing but the home folks," was the report of their holiday that 6,000 troops detailed to guard Camp Devens gave to their comrades who flocked back to the cantonment tonight after a day spent at the family table in various sections of New England. Numerous organizations, co-opearting with individuals in surrounding cities and towns, joined the army cooks in giving the boys left behind a real holiday feast.

Hundreds of automobilists took the soldiers on spins over the snow-covered country, and nearly every company, it seemed, had its dance some time during the afternoon or evening.

Forty barrels of apples were sent into camp, and there were so many home-made pies that in many detachments each soldier had a whole pie to himself. From soup to cigars nothing was missing from the feast, and in many of the barracks the men had home folks for guests.

BIG DINNERS AT THE FRONT.

Great Quantities of Turkey Disappear "Somewhere in France."

PARIS, Nov. 29.—American soldiers stationed in Paris and the suburbs, as well as those at training camps and bases, sat down today at noon to an old-fashioned Thanksgiving dinner. Specially detailed officers had been scouring the country for the last two weeks buying up all available turkeys, which averaged twelve pounds in weight.

The dinner menu for the men stationed in Paris included soup, turkey, potatoes, turnips, peas, white bread, butter, apple and peach pie, apples, raisins, nuts, figs, dates, and coffee. Individual turkey portions ranged from a pound and a quarter to a pound and a half.

A small group of American soldiers quartered at a French barracks, who had been receiving French rations, also had a special dinner. While the men did not enjoy a holiday today, reveille was omitted and other rules were relaxed for the day.

Protection depends as much upon the form of a policy as upon the size. What is the best form?

MELLOR & ALLEN,
Life Insurance
149 Broadway New York

WORRY

With the right contractor there is no *need* to worry—with the wrong contractor there is no *use* to worry!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

B. Altman & Co.

An Important Sale of

Women's Serge Dresses

will commence to-day (Friday)

The offering will consist of several hundred dresses in about fifteen of the newest styles, and will afford an unusual opportunity for economical purchasing at the reduced price of

$16.75

Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue,
34th and 35th Streets New York

Saks' Popular Priced Overcoats

None Better

$23 and $25

A POPULAR price often means a mediocre coat, but this cannot be said of Saks overcoats either at $23 or $25. While they are made to sell at these two popular prices, they are also tailored to outpoint in every particular any alternative choice—North, South, East, or West.

¶ Our models have a smoothness of line and a quality of workmanship such as was seldom embodied in overcoats at a popular figure.

¶ We have our own designers and our own tailors, and we are not confined to the limits in either models or fabrics which hamper those shops dependent entirely upon an outside source for their selections. At $23 and $25 we offer you every overcoat style that is correct and worth while.

Saks & Company
Broadway at Thirty-Fourth Street

Stores Do Not Open Until 10 This Morning

No Mail or Telephone Orders Accepted—No Goods Delivered

Stores Do Not Open Until 10 This Morning

Brill Brothers

Commence at 10 o'Clock This Morning a Great

WAR TIME SALE

Which Offers Men and Young Men

Every $22.50, $25, $28 and $30 Overcoat and Suit in Stock

At $17.50

Without a Single Solitary Exception or Reservation

This is no special purchase for sale purposes, no season-end accumulation of odd sizes and left over stock, nor is it a rag-tag collection of clothes of doubtful pedigree. It is, on the contrary, one of the most momentous stock disposal movements in the history of the Clothing Business, and it is inaugurated in the midst of a season which has had no equal for high prices, for rising markets and for merchandise shortage; it offers Clothing of Known Merit and Highest Reputation at absolutely Remarkable Reductions. It has been arranged by us for the single purpose of disposing, as quickly as possible, of clothing purchased by us in anticipation of a rising market; stocks of clothing which have not moved with the speed to which Brill stores are accustomed because weather conditions have been highly unseasonable and because more than a million men are wearing Uncle Sam's Khaki and have no earthly use for civilian clothes. We choose therefore to "Get from Under" and offer men and young men what we honestly believe, considering present conditions of the clothing market,

The Greatest Clothing Sale New York Has Ever Known

Big Men, Stout Men and Tall Men Are Well Provided For in Big Sized Suits

Former Prices	WINTER O'COATS	Sale Prices
$30.00	Chesterfield Overcoats	$17.50
$30.00	Satin Lined Overcoats	$17.50
$28.00	Trench Overcoats	$17.50
$30.00	D. B. Melton Overcoats	$17.50
$30.00	Fancy Raglan Overcoats	$17.50
$28.00	S. B. Form Fitting Overcoats	$17.50
$22.50	Black Dress Overcoats	$17.50
$25.00	Fancy Striped Overcoats	$17.50
$30.00	Herringbone Effects	$17.50
$28.00	Storm Collar Overcoats	$17.50
$22.50	Balmacaans	$17.50
$28.00	Gray Frieze Overcoats	$17.50
$25.00	Black Kersey Overcoats	$17.50
$30.00	Fancy Back Overcoats	$17.50
$28.00	Scotch Mixture Overcoats	$17.50
$30.00	Grey Mixture Overcoats	$17.50
$28.00	Fancy Overcoatings	$17.50
$25.00	Plaid Back Overcoats	$17.50
$30.00	Black Melton Overcoats	$17.50
$22.50	Heavy Cassimere Overcoats	$17.50
$28.00	Dress Overcoatings	$17.50
$30.00	Black Thibet Overcoats	$17.50

Former Prices	ULSTERS	Sale Prices
$30.00	Plaid Ulsters	$17.50
$28.00	Storm Ulsters	$17.50
$25.00	Grey Mixture Ulsters	$17.50
$22.50	Ulsterettes	$17.50
$28.00	Long Driving Ulsters	$17.50
$25.00	Touring Coats	$17.50
$30.00	Touring Coats	$17.50
$28.00	Convertible Collar Ulsters	$17.50

Former Prices	WINTER SUITS	Sale Prices
$30.00	Silk Mixture Suits	$17.50
$28.00	Blue Flannel Suits	$17.50
$30.00	Unfinished Worsted Suits	$17.50
$22.50	Fancy Cassimere Suits	$17.50
$30.00	Blue Serge Suits	$17.50
$28.00	Fancy Flannel Suits	$17.50
$25.00	Black Unfinished Worsteds	$17.50
$30.00	Grey Cheviot Suits	$17.50
$28.00	Striped Worsted Suits	$17.50
$30.00	Blue Unfinished Worsteds	$17.50
$25.00	Grey Flannel Suits	$17.50
$28.00	Scotch Mixture Suits	$17.50
$22.50	Fancy Cheviot Suits	$17.50
$28.00	Green Flannel Suits	$17.50
$30.00	Fancy Worsted Suits	$17.50
$25.00	Black Thibet Suits	$17.50
$30.00	Straight Front Suits	$17.50
$25.00	Pencil Stripe Suits	$17.50
$30.00	Tartan Check Suits	$17.50
$25.00	Patch Pocket Suits	$17.50
$30.00	Cambridge Grey Suits	$17.50
$30.00	Quarter Silk Lined Suits	$17.50
$30.00	D. B. Flannel Suits	$17.50

Plenty of Plain Black Suits, Plenty of Plain Blue Suits, in All Sizes.

Fall Overcoats
Formerly $22.50
$25.00, $28.00 & $30.00,
All Now $17.50

Former Prices	BOYS' CLOTHING	Sale Prices
$5.95	Corduroy Suits	$4.75
$6.95	Corduroy Suits	$4.75
$7.95	Corduroy Suits, 2 Trousers	$4.75
$5.95	Blue Serge Suits	$4.75
$6.95	Blue Serge Suits	$4.75
$7.95	Blue Serge Suits	$4.75
$5.95	Mixed Cheviot Suits	$4.75
$6.95	Mixed Cheviot Suits	$4.75
$7.95	Mixed Cheviot Suits	$4.75
$5.95	Trench Overcoats, 3 to 9	$4.75
$5.95	Belted Chinchilla Coats	$4.75
$6.95	Belted Chinchilla Coats	$4.75
$7.95	Belted Chinchilla Coats	$4.75

Former Prices	BOYS' MACKINAWS	Sale Prices
$5.95	Shawl Collar Mackinaws	$4.75
$6.95	Shawl Collar Mackinaws	$4.75
$7.95	Shawl Collar Mackinaws	$4.75

Former Prices	JUVENILE SUITS (For Boys 3 to 8.)	Sale Prices
$5.95	Mixed Cheviot Suits	$4.75
$6.95	Mixed Cheviot Suits	$4.75
$7.95	Mixed Cheviot Suits	$4.75
$5.95	Blue Serge Suits	$4.75
$6.95	Blue Serge Suits	$4.75
$7.95	Blue Serge Suits	$4.75
$7.95	Velvet Suits	$4.75

Full Dress Coats and Dinner Jackets, Silk Lined, formerly $25.00 and $30.00 on sale at 49th Street, only—at $17.50.
Cutaway Coats with Vests, Silk Lined, formerly $25.00, on sale at Broadway, at 49th Street, only—at $17.50.

Sale Commences This Morning at 10 o'Clock

Brill Brothers

44 East 14th St. 279 Broadway
Broadway at 49th St. 1456 B'way at 42d St.
47 Cortlandt St. 125th St. at 3d Ave.
2 Flatbush Avenue Brooklyn

14th Street, 1456 Broadway, 125th Street and Brooklyn Stores Open Saturday Evening

LIST DRAFT NEGROES NOT ANSWERING CALL

Sherrill Names Men Who Failed to Respond to Red Cards for Military Service.

SUMMONED A MONTH AGO

Adjutant General Believes Address Changes May Have Caused Some to Fail to Report.

Adjt. Gen. Sherrill yesterday gave out the names of negroes who had failed to respond to the red cards sent to them by the various local selective boards in New York City calling them to military service on Oct. 30. Adjt. Gen. Sherrill said he had no doubt that many of those named had left New York City without leaving their change of address, which accounted for their failure to answer the summons, and hoped that publication of their names would assist in having them respond or that their friends or relatives on being acquainted with the fact that they had failed to answer the call would notify them should they know of their whereabouts. Mr. Sherrill asks all citizens to furnish information as to their present addresses. When apprehended the men will be taken before their local boards, which will determine whether or not they are to be treated as willful deserters. The names, given addresses, and order numbers of the men are as follows:

Name.	Address.	Order Number.
Robertson, John J.,	17th St. & 8th Av..	315
Shelby, Jesse C.,	1,772 7th Av.	665
Jacobs, John W.,	Pier 4, N. R.	468
Fowler, James,	2,240 5th Av.	1,055
Clark, Tobias,	280 E. 161st St.	354
Washington, Chester A.,	280 E. 160th St.	528
Moore, L.,	398 Gold St.	149
Townsend, Jos. P.,	163 Prince St.	241
Daniel, James,	143 Duffield St.	267
Richards, James,	52 Lafayette St.	450
Dunker, Alfred,	109 Prince St.	539
Hasel, George,	104 Fleet Place.	13
Alders, Constantine,	124 Willoughby St.	20
James, Reginald,	99 Fleet Place.	75
Laidley, Manuel,	362 Bridge St.	77
Taylor, Herbert,	25 De Bevoise St.	87
Farmer, James B.,	369 Bridge St.	130
Rane, John,	129 Duffield St.	487
Eyes, Herbert,	93 Fleet Place.	380
Watkins, James,	252 Adams St.	1,170
Decker, Robert,	57 Fleet Place.	412
Allen, Marcus,	610 Warren St.	355
Young, George,	161 Third Av.	336
Raike, Charles,	411 Ralph Av.	237
Parde, John,	1314 St. Felix Av.	4
Eghilli, Conrad,	407 Cumberland St.	66
Wright, James R.,	143 Ashland Pl.	116
Forbes, Harold,	120 Ashland Pl.	359
Davis, Howard,	184 Cumberland St.	209
De Palm, Alphonso F.,	12 St. Felix St.	438
Edwards, Thomas M.,	423 Waverly Av.	41
Milares, Martin,	413 Waverly Av.	273
Charlton, Eustace J.,	1,084 Fulton St.	19
Cumberbatch, Holman,	96 Putnam Av.	290
Small, Edward,	1,064 Fulton St.	407
Rawlins, Kenneth,	1,065 Pacific St.	411
Small, Louis W.,	1,065 Pacific St.	465
Gibbes, Neil Donald,	58 Putnam Av.	567
Jones, Herman,	2,170 81st St.	191
Hayes, Carl T.,	227 Herkimer St.	505
Walker, Alfred F.,	672 Herkimer St.	444
Williams, Stedman,	510 Hendricks St.	130
Simmons, William H.,	1,781 Prospect Pl.	2,009
Patrick, Harold,	1,870 Dean St.	1,297
Reported at 5,606 Mignonette St., Pittsburgh.		
Reed, Walter,	296 Blake Av.	755
Wyatt, Walker,	129 Highball Road.	437
Clayton, Walter,	180 Park Row.	665
Robinson, John J.,	17 6th Av.	315
Jacobs, John W.,	So. Pac. S. S. Co.	486
Shuhy, J. C.,	122 Bank or 1,772 7th Av.	565
Rion, Victor Ed.,	328 W. 37th St.	66
Corbett, Lon.,	324 W. 37th St.	144
Ryan, Frank,	208 W. 37th St.	147
Harvin, Louis,	418 W. 36th St.	135
Willis, Louis,	362 W. 35th St.	308
Valentine, Samuel,	217 W. 36th St.	226
Dickenson, Alex P.,	344 W. 52d St.	70
Neller, Abraham,	414 W. 52d St.	153
Willis, Joseph Green,	416 W. 56th St.	322
Hudson, John,	256 3d Av.	16
Heaton, Walter,	323 E. 22d St.	780
Green, Burness,	430 W. 52d St.	462
Thurston, John,	409 W. 52d St.	318
Holmes, Wallace,	220 W. 132d St.	20
Meyers, Neville,	243 W. 63d St.	67
Bligen, Benjamin,	230 W. 60th St.	132
Woodley, William,	244 W. 64th St.	141
Gadadeu, Julius,	241 W. 61st St.	144
Yearwood, Norman,	224 W. 61st St.	160
Taylor, John J.,	250 W. 61st St.	204
Gibbons, William,	237 W. 62d St.	205
Saunders, John H.,	245 W. 61st St.	222
Leary, Frank,	222 W. 62d St.	245
Wilkenson, Arthur,	224 W. 63th St.	247
Haynes, Wm.,	244 W. 64th St.	558
Turpin, Frank,	226 W. 62d St.	561
Thomas, Harold,	230 W. 62d St.	623
Williams, Peter,	159 W. 61st St.	682
Dennis, Julius,	211 W. 63d St.	715
Amos, Alex,	237 W. 61st St.	769
Zylks, Alvin,	204 W. 61st St.	259
Williams, Ed,	228 W. 63d St.	298
Saitch, Wm.,	220 W. 64th St.	336
Doyling, James,	217 W. 63d St.	337
Butler, Williams,	220 W. 62d St.	343
Pearman, Phillip,	230 W. 60th St.	366
Dixon, Sam,	248 W. 62d St.	437
Stephens, Marshall,	228 E. 41st St.	91
Alexander, Samuel,	100 W. 80th St.	111
Simpkins, Thomas,	145 W. 98th St.	34
Healey, George,	38 W. 98th St.	113
Covington, J.,	13 W. 99th St. or 58 W.	230
Holder, Caster,	26 W. 99th St.	235
Ross, Leo G.,	18 W. 99th St.	325
Scott, John,	216 W. 100th St.	358
Etwick, Samuel,	41 W. 99th St.	387
James, Arthur A.,	37 W. 99th St., or 20 W. 99th St.	702
White, James,	136 W. 99th St.	786
James, Thomas J.,	41 W. 99th St.	903
Bismond, Samuel,	122 W. 143d St.	935
Billups, Harry H.,	125 W. 142d St.	970
Washington, F. M.,	131 W. 138th St.	3,934
Holden, Adron,	135 W. 142d St.	..
Dennison, Thomas,	131 W. 143d St.	..
Cotten, Charles,	100 W. 138th St.	..
Wilson, John,	101 W. 137th St.	..
Russell, Geo. Brown,	132 W. 139th St.	..
Bell, Arthur,	130 W. 143d St.	982
Miller, Louis,	167 W. 143d St.	..
Denzy, William F.,	2,453 7th Av.	..
Williams, Le Roy B.,	165 Audubon Av.	..
Green, Charles,	208 E. 97th St.	..
Holand, William,	1,773 3d Av.	..
Gord, Alfred,	209 E. 97th St.	..
Williams, John D.,	449 7th Av.	..
Mattocks, Alex,	318 W. 59th St.	..
King, Wilton,	27 W. 139th St.	..
Jenkins, Walter,	342 W. 59th St.	..
Smith, William,	1,125 Lexington Av.	..
Brooks, Odie,	646 Lenox Av.	383
Brighthaupt, R. C.,	46 W. 137th St.	..
Caperos, Prince,	7 E. 132d St.	806
Deravin, Erich,	2,137 Madison Av.	..
Davis, Simon F.,	508 Lenox Av.	..
Dillard, John,	15 W. 137th St.	..
Fuller, James,	560 W. 124th St.	713
Yates, Morgan,	158 W. 131st St.	64
Des Isles, Jose F.,	210 W. 133d St.	141
Wallace, William,	122 W. 132d St.	144
Alexander, Benjamin,	154 W. 132d St.	172
Chisholm, Ed.,	8 Harrison Av., Asbury Park, N. J.	342
Dreyton, Thad. A.,	155 W. 132d St.	224
Robins, Henry H.,	205 W. 131st St.	408
Fennicks, Samuel,	155 W. 132d St.	454
Felds, Raleigh,	373 W. 126th St.	485
Ford, Archbald,	153 W. 131st St.	502
McDonald, Buster,	2,268 7th Av.	524
Porter, Leo,	158 W. 131st St.	618
Jackson, Howard A.,	69 W. 132d St.	59
Sampson, Leon David,	52 W. 134th St.	137
Payne, Phillip,	19 W. 131st St.	93
Lewis, Patrick,	5 W. 133d St.	145
Rector, Edward,	101 W. 133d St.	183
Taylor, William,	100 W. 135th St.	247
Drayton, Paul,	122 W. 134th St.	283
Berkel, James C.,	4 W. 135th St.	353
Hinds, Ambrose,	26 W. 132d St.	706
Taylor, Hubert,	154 W. 131st St.	751
Williams, Accola,	60 W. 131st St.	40
Pinder, James B.,	45 W. 132d St.	119
Brown, Clinton,	469 Lenox Av.	519
Green, William,	144 W. 136th St.	438
Crump, John E.,	111 W. 132d St.	346
Wright, John,	93 W. 134th St.	661
Taylor, Henry F.,	106 W. 143d St.	11
Hazard, Boss,	140 W. 136th St.	18
Henry, Louis B.,	118 W. 143d St.	20
Scott, James,	122 W. 139th St.	25
Fulcher, John,	163 W. 136th St.	151
Morrell, Julius,	122 W. 143d St.	171
Wells, Clarence Eugene,	167 W. 143d St	180
Briggs, Benj.,	101 W. 141st St.	184
Samuel, Joseph,	117 W. 138th St.	241
Smith, L. J.,	131 W. 138th St.	248
McKay, Claude,	265 W. 143d St.	263
Hilton, Samuel,	189 W. 136th St.	301
Shorter, John Francis,	625 Lenox Av.	325
Higgins, Alfred,	102 W. 142d St.	381
Coleman, Perry,	102 W. 137th St.	386
Francis, Stephen B.,	10 W. 138th St.	..
Garnes, Lawrie,	54 W. 144th St.	..
Hubert, James,	22 W. 137th St.	..
Williams, Jerry,	29 W. 139th St.	..
Williams, Cecil,	435 W. 135th St.	..
Clayton, Harry,	35 W. 135th St.	..
Prescott, Ivan A.,	46 W. 131st St.	..
Young, Elijah,	18 or 25 Carlton Av., Arverne	..
Brown, Seymbur,	144 Washington St., Jamaica	..
Mitchell, Louis H.,	23 Jacobs Place, Jamaica	..
Ferguson, Jerry,	128 Prospect St., Jamaica	..
Johnson, Harrison,	37 South St., Jamaica	..
Lauh, Walter,	Seaview Hospital	..
Lawrence, Edward,	145½ Tompkins St., Stapleton	..
Rose, Noel Cyril,	133 Tompkins St., Stapleton	..
Grant, Charles,	73 Hannah St., Tompkinsville	..
Nichols, William,	73 Van Deuzer St., Tompkinsville	..
Gibson, Adrian,	53 W. 135th St.	293
Green, L.,	16 E. 132d St.	621
Morris, Arthur,	30 W. 135th St.	160
Holder, Urban,	7 W. 137th St.	389
Hopkins, Jacob,	4 E. 134th St.	784
Howell, Samuel,	51 W. 139th St.	488
Johns, Victor,	20 W. 137th St.	29
Jones, American,	39 W. 137th St.	130
James, Mack A.,	48 W. 136th St.	379
Johnson, Jos.,	28 E. 131st St.	542
Johnson, William,	60 W. 140th St.	578
Johnston, Hy.,	43 W. 139th St.	294
Julien, Michael,	2,277 5th Av.	27
Kernon, Hodge,	69 W. 135th St.	188
King, James J.,	53 W. 137th St.	84
Marks, Cornwell,	25 W. 135th St.	447
Marshall, A. E.,	509 Lenox Av.	219
Markland, Archie,	75 W. 141st St.	35
Moore, Edward,	582 Lenox Av.	813
Moses, Alb. J.,	8 W. 137th St.	2
McCoy, Joseph,	78 W. 139th St.	424
Pierce, Howard C.,	64 E. 134th St.	83
Pitt, Robert,	59 W. 139th St.	282
Reid, Fritz C.,	62 W. 140th St.	38
Raynor, Hy.,	8 W. 136th St.	784
Scott, Harry,	42 W. 137th St.	742
Skeete, Walter,	14 W. 137th St.	698
Thomas, Charles,	14 W. 132d St.	715
Williams, Arthur,	19 W. 137th St.	593

All Federal, State, county and municipal officers are directed to arrest the above named men.

7,000-Ton Shop Launched in Canada

MONTREAL, Nov. 29.—The largest ocean-going vessel ever conatructed in Canada, the 7,000-ton steamship Porsanger, built for a Norwegian concern, was successfully launched here today.

ALL POLICE TO HELP ROUND UP DRAFT MEN

Gen. Crowder Notifies Peace Officials Everywhere That They Must Arrest Evaders.

CALL ON POSTMASTERS, TOO

Burleson Instructs Them to Furnish Addresses and Be Prompt in Delivery of Notices.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Major Gen. Crowder, the Provost Marshal General, has formulated plans, approved by the War Department, under which every police official of the nation is to become part of the army building machine. Through the local boards this great agency for utilization of the police in running down deserters or evaders of the draft law will be put into operation from 5,000 separate points. Postal authorities also will play an active part in helping to carry out the regulations.

The attitude of the Government was outlined today in the announcement by General Crowder of the followlng new regulations:

"Those who fail to return the questionnaire, or to appear for physical examination, or to report change of status, or to report for any duty, or to perform any act at the time and place required by these regulations, or by directions by local or district boards in pursuance thereof are guilty of a misdemeanor under Section 6 of the selective service law. Under authority granted in Section 6 of that law it is hereby made the duty of all police officials of the United States and of any State, or any county, municipality, or other subdivision thereof, to locate and take into custody such persons and to bring them forthwith before local boards to determine whether their cases shall be reported to the Federal Department of Justice for prosecution, and to serve the summons to witnesses issued by local or district boards.

"Persons who, after induction into military service, with intent to evade such service, willfully fail to report to local boards for military duty, or fail to entrain for a mobilization camp, or who absent themselves from entrainment or from their parties of selected men en route to a mobilization camp, are deserters and are subject to military law. It is hereby made the duty of all such police officials to apprehend and arrest such deserters and proceed against them.

"A reward of $50 is payable for the apprehension and delivery to a military camp, post, or station of a deserter from the national army when the person making such delivery presents the certificate of a local board."

The postal authorities will work hand-in-hand with the local boards in every direction, and every possible clue will be run out to trace the registrants in order that they may have no possible excuse for their failure to return their questionnaire within the seven-day period prescribed by law.

This order has been issued by direction of the President, calling on the postal authorities to aid in this work:

"Postmasters and all postal employes shall promptly forward all mail of local boards, district boards, and other officials connected with the administration of the selective service law, bearing the frank of the Provost Marshal General.

"They shall also give every aid to local boards and other such officials in securing the address of registrants, and upon request of local boards Postmasters shall furnish to them the forwarding address of all registrants whose mail has been forwarded to an address in possession of the postal authorities for the confidential use only of the boards and persons charged with the administration of the Selective Service law and these rules and regulations.

"Upon the request of the Governor of the State Postmasters shall receipt to local boards, upon a list prepared by the latter, for any of the notices prescribed by these regulations to be delivered to the Post Office arranged in the order in which they appear upon auch list so to be signed by the Postmaster."

This has been supplemented by an order issued to 56,000 Postmasters by Postmaster General Burleson as follows:

"Postmasters should exercise every effort to make delivery of letters addressed by local or district exemption boards to registrants under the Selective Service act, and particularly the notices which those boards send to registrants calling them to places of entrainment. Serious consequences ensue to a registrant who fails to respond to this latter call, as the law classifies him as a deserter, and unless an explanation is made he must be dealt with as such. It is therefore of the greatest importance that Postmasters see that such notices reach the addressees if possible."

NEW PRUSSIA REFORM BILL.

Proposed Measure Has Restrictions That Hamper Lower Classes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 29.—The new Prussian Suffrage Reform bill has been introduced, and may be regarded as another compromise or a clever piece of juggiery.

Every male Prussian, over the age of 25, is to have a direct vote by secret ballot, but this provision is accompanied by restrictions which are apparently aimed directly at Social Democrats and the working class generally.

Thus a voter must have lived three years in Prussia and one year in the municipality or electoral district, instead of six months as formerly. In Berlin, where in votes the Social Democrats outnumber the other parties, further restrictions are proposed regarding the movement from one electoral district to another whereby the right to vote is lost.

The press seem satisfied with the bill, but admit that the battle is only just begun and will be a long one.

NEW STRIKE IN ARGENTINA.

Workers Aim at Taking Control of the Railways.

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 29.—Traffic on the General Railway of Buenos Aires is almost at a standstill because of a strike of the employes. Workmen employed at the General Produce Markets and those of several frozen meat companies are also on strike.

All the railway workmen's associations, it is reported, plan to merge for the purpose of defending the workers and for preparing them to assume the management and direction of the railway industry in accordance with the principle that the means of work belong to the workers.

Find Girl Unconscious in Street.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Nov. 29.—A well-dressed young woman, who gave her name as Amy Byum, 128 West 164th Street, New York, was found unconscious by a policeman late last night near the Lackawanna terminal in this town. She was taken to Mountainside Hospital. Upon recovering consciousness, she said she had come to Montclair to visit a family named Simmons, but they were not at home. It was while on her way to the railroad station again that she was stricken suddenly ill and fell unconscious.

NEVER SAW SOLDIERS DEVELOP LIKE OURS

General of Division Says Our First Contingent in France Has Done Remarkable Work.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 28, (Associated Press.)—The development of the men of the first American contingent in France in the science of war was described today as truly remarkable by the General commanding the division, who has been in the service for years.

"I have been in the army since I was a boy," he said. "During that time I have observed many American and many foreign soldiers, but never in my life have I seen anything equaling the men now here. When my division landed we had shock-headed boys, (I call them shock-headed because they were just that,) by the hundreds. They were clerks, mechanics, day laborers, farmer boys, old and young, from every walk of life. Some spoke English and some did not. There were Poles, Bohemians, Russians, Jews, Gentiles. But in this short time they have all become first-class soldiers, energetic to the extreme, and have fallen into the ways of army life as I never thought possible.

"They are game to the core and their one idea is to beat the Germans, and give them a good beating. There isn't a streak of yellow in the whole lot and their morale, even in the trenches, is fine.

"Here is an example. One night recently an officer called for volunteers to go patrolling in No Man's Land. He asked for twenty men. The whole company volunteered on the spot. Twenty were picked, and lamp-black was provided for these. I put on their faces so that the light would not shine on them. During the blacking one private, who had been in the army for four months, stopped a moment, turned to a comrade and said: 'Gee, if I can run this into one of those boches I bet he'll get blood poisoning, and I hope he does.' The boy knew the place he was to patrol was extremely dangerous and that he might be a casualty within thirty minutes.

"At another time I had just passed a line of soldiers walking along a road in the rain, when I came across one who was hatless, mud-covered, and limping. I stopped my automobile and asked him what was the matter. The soldier stood on one foot, the other being injured. He saluted, and said his horse had started to run into a stone wall, so he threw him down, but fell under him. That's the spirit we are getting. The man was badly hurt, but even that did not make him forget his training of a few weeks.

"I was returning at that time from the hospital, where I saw a few wounded men. Some of the men's proudest and most valuable possessions on earth are bullets and pieces of shrapnel which thoughtful surgeons saved for them on extracting. Every man wanted to exhibit the cause of his wound. Their thoughts were all about recovering, rejoining their regiments and getting a chance to pay back the enemy in his own coin."

The uniform of American soldiers is undergoing a further change. It is a small one made necessary by conditions. A large number of troops have turned in their long overcoats to receive in exchange coats of the same material but much shorter. The new ones strike the men above the knees, while the old ones, issued in the United States, usually hit them at the ankles. Because of the mud it was found that the long coats soon became caked and heavy. They flopped about the legs of the soldiers, hindering the free movement of the wearers. Many of the men who have not received the new coats have shortened the old ones.

The business of cutting and transporting wood has become one of first importance with the American force. For several weeks large detachments have been deep in the forests in France, some near the Swiss border, others near the coast, and some far south. Products of their labor are being shipped by rail and motor to various localities for use in heating and cooking.

So great has been the scarcity, which is now beginning to be alleviated, that troops on their hikes have been marched through nearby forests where very man picked up pieces of wood to carry back to the billets. In this way the marching troops brought into the billet towns many cords of wood.

American ordnance experts have figured that the Germans in raids on American trenches have expended thus far more than $100,000 worth of ammunition.

The killing of two American soldiers and the wounding of five others last week were due to a heavy German shell, which hit a loaded ammunition wagon. Some of the men were on the wagon and others were nearby when the shell, which was a chance shot, struck. The wagon with it cargo was blown up. Some of the wounded are in a serious condition, and all are in a hospital.

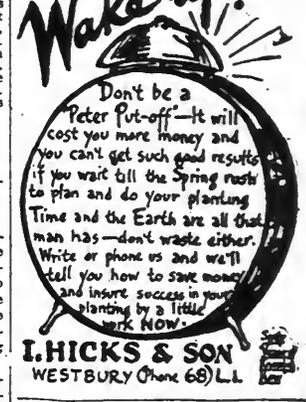
CHARGES UNFAIR METHODS.

Complaint Against Curtis Publishing Co. to be Taken Up Dec. 6.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Announcement was made by the Federal Trade Commission today that it had designated Charles F. Moore, examiner, to hear testimony and take evidence in the formal complaint issued against the Curtis Publisbing Company. The hearings will be held in New York, beginning at 10 A. M., Dec. 6.

The Curtis Publishing Company is accused of "using unfair methods of competition in violation of Section 5 of the Trade Commission act." This alleged violation, the complaint asserts, consists of refusal on the part of the Curtis Company to sell its periodicals and publications to any dealer who will not agree not to sell or distribute the periodicals and publications of certain competitors of the respondent.



Ethical Culture Society
INDUSTRIAL MEETING
At the Meeting House, 64th St. and Central Park West, at 8:15 This Evening, to Settle Industrial Disputes of War.
Mr. Louis B. Wehle will preside.
ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED.

Louis Graveure
is appearing at Aeolian Hall Dec. 1st

Columbia Grafonola

During the past year, Louis Graveure has won deserved recognition as one of the great baritones of the present day.

Possessed of a voice of rich and resonant lower range, clear and powerful as a *bel canto* tenor in his higher notes, he has proved his ability to sing with equal charm all the wide range of vocal music, from operatic arias to simple ballads.

There has been great demand for the records which Graveure has made exclusively for the Columbia, and this demand will be understood by any lover of true music who hears them.

At any Columbia dealer's you may enjoy Graveure records played for you on the Columbia Grafonola. When you listen to them, you will realize the wholly satisfying qualities of this artist's voice and of Columbia reproduction.

Columbia Grafonola Price $215

New Columbia Records on Sale the 20th of Every Month

Columbia Records

B. Altman & Co.

The Motor Robe Dep't

has for selection a remarkably large and attractive assortment of new Motor Robes, embracing styles and materials adapted for every type of car. The prices, considerirg quality, are extremely moderate. Of special interest are

Imported Robes of silk plush in a variety of colors . . . . . $35.00 to 75.00

Robes of heavy box cloth, with plush lining, at . . . . . $30.00 to 40.00

Robes of cloth or mohair plush, at . . . . . $12.00 to 55.00

Also included in the stock are

IMPORTED STEAMER RUGS

at . . . . . $12.00 to 55.00

Motor Robes made to order, in materials and colors harmonizing with upholstering of car.

(Department on the First Floor)

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue,
34th and 35th Streets New York

The Child's Allowance Chart

IF your children leave their toys, books, or coats and hats around the house, the Child's Allowance Chart will teach them orderly habits.

A SIMPLE, practical plan for making children earn a "salary" based on their own efforts.

At department and book stores, or mail $1 to
ROWLAND & IVES, Publishers, 225 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.

Literature of 1917

The Holiday Number of The New York Times Review of Books next Sunday will contain a list of 200 leading publications in every branch of literature, classified and with brief descriptions of each.

Survey of the year's fiction, poetry, history, travel, and biography, children's books, and a special article on gift books of the season. News of authors and publishers and of latest literary developments throughout the world.

"MODERATION SERIES" NO. 5

Too Much Food Is Bad for Man —and So Is Too Little

WE can overindulge in almost anything, such as tea and coffee drinking, and even in the use of water. There is such a thing as "Aquamania" (water lunacy) and we also have food drunkards. Everyone knows that the intemperate use of alcoholic beverages is unquestionably injurious, just as every sane man knows that the temperate use of a mild Barley-Malt and Saazer Hop brew, such as BUDWEISER, is the drink of moderation. BUDWEISER sales exceed other beers by millions of bottles, because it is brewed in the good old honest way. Quality has for 60 years been the secret of its success.

Visitors to St. Louis are courteously invited to inspect our plant—covers 142 acres

ANHEUSER-BUSCH · ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.

On Sale Everywhere. Families supplied by Grocers and Retailers.
Anheuser-Busch Agency, Distributors, New York
A. Busch Bottling Co., Distributors, Brooklyn

Budweiser
Means Moderation

If your millionaire relatives wouldn't even pay your $10-a-week board bill, would you do what Patricia does in Kathleen Norris' new serial, "Birthright," starting in December GOOD HOUSEKEEPING?

Now on sale at your newsdealer's—Buy it today!

ARMY AND NAVY MEN FETED BY CITY FOLK

Homes, Clubs, and Hotels Vie in Giving Them a Thanksgiving Treat.

5,000 FED IN THE GARDEN

Stage Stars Volunteer at Many Entertainments—Dance in Armory Stopped.

Soldiers and turkey, turkey and sailors! That about expresses the material side of a Thanksgiving made notable in New York yesterday because not since civil war times, if then, have persons so opened their hearts to men in the uniforms of the country's service. All during a day of feasts and entertainments and lavish hospitality of all sorts there was sounded a deeper note of "sending along the boys who are to do the job" which served to knit together the fighting men and the civilian population in bonds of mutual understanding and appreciation that grizzled men in the service felt last night was to be a very real force hereafter.

America's men were not alone welcome in the hearts and the homes of the city. Great bodies of the soldiers and sailors of our allies, and wandering strays among them, as well, were gathered in everywhere, quite as a matter of course. They, too, were made to share in the purely American institution of official and national gratitude.

If New York had a rival in either its organized or its spontaneous hospitality, that rival was in the suburbanites and the more strictly country folk who dwell in the environs of the training camps. These had few clubs and hotels and institutions in which to welcome the men in khaki or the men in blue, but they had their homes. Everywhere those homes were thrown wide open, nor did their doors close till the last possible man in uniform was pressed into a seat at a heavily laden table. Whatever the price of turkey yesterday—and its cost was at real war prices—there was enough of it for every army and navy man.

Find Impromptu Guests Quickly.

An example of the impromptu way things were done was to be found at the Hotel St. Regis, where an elaborate feast had been arranged for 150 men from the Sunset Division at Camp Mills. R. M. Haan, the proprietor, had prepared a vaudeville program as well and had sent a representative to the camp to provide transportation for the guests. Somehow the plans went awry, and at 4 o'clock, when the dinner was to have been served, but four soldiers appeared. It looked bad for a few minutes, but the four were turned into a recruiting party. They stationed themselves in Fifth Avenue to gather in comrades. Twenty minutes later they marched into the hotel, 150 strong, and men of all branches of the service crowded about the tables.

Though every camp and every service station had released all officers and privates who could be spared from duty, those whom the exigencies of the service kept at their posts were not forgotten. In all the camps there were turkey and the things that go with it, and every man had his fill. Even the guards about the waterfront barred zone were remembered—and fed.

The presence of men in uniform at the tables in hotels and restaurants and clubs and homes worked one radical alteration in the Thanksgiving customs of other times. There was mighty little to drink. The military guests are barred by regulations from partaking and most hosts had the tact and the kindness not to set forbidden fruit before them. As a result something of the hilarity of peace days was missing perhaps, but that there was ample of earnest sentiment of rejoicing to replace it every one testified.

Though it was a day of big, satisfying dinners primarily, there was as well a plenitude of diversion of all sorts to which amateurs and professionals contributed their services in generous numbers. Vaudeville numbers, concerts, bands and singers added their bit to the entertainment that followed both public and private dinners, while hundreds of entertainers took advantage of the element weather to take strangers in uniform about the city in their automobiles.

The theaters in both afternoon and evening were crowded with uniformed guests, many of them privates from far places who witnessed a great New York production for the first time.

5,000 Dine in the Garden.

Perhaps the most ambitious of the entertainments was that in Madison Square Garden, where the Patriotic Service League held open house from 2 o'clock in the afternoon to midnight. A uniform was all the ticket a hungry man or a lonesome one needed. It was estimated that 5,000 in relays partook of the edibles and the entertainment. Mrs. Leopold Alfaro, Chairman of the committee of hostesses, captained a body or 250 young women clad in white and decorated with red, white, and blue sashes, who welcomed and served the guests. Cigarettes and cigars were handed to the men as they rose from the tables and took seats in the arena, where military band concerts, moving pictures, and boxing bouts amused them. Edward Steele Jones, Chairman of the Dinner Campaign Committee, and Miss Rebecca M. Solomons, Chairman of the Home Dinners Committee, reported that every man who came had been provided with all he wanted of turkey, baked potatoes, mince pie, ice cream, coffee, and mineral waters.

The entertainment features were in charge of John K. Gleason of the Friars Club. The entertainers included George M. Cohan, Louis Mann, Frank Tinney, James J. Corbett, Mme. Dora de Philippi, Miss Helen Zagat, Baby Roslyn and sister, and many other well-known performers on the dramatic, operatic, and vaudeville stages. Enrico Caruso was a visitor during the evening and occupied one of the arena boxes in company with several other members of the Metropolitan Opera House organization.

The music was provided by bands from the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, the Naval Reserve training station at Pelham Bay Park, and the naval station at Bensonhurst. Representatives of the Friars, Green Room, Lambs, Harvard, Rotary, and Yale Clubs assisted in providing entertainment.

Another who offered hospitality on a big scale was Adolph Lorber, Broadway restaurant proprietor, who met 1,200 officers and men of the Sunset Division with several Fifth Avenue buses at the Pennsylvania Station and, after showing them about town, served them dinner at his restaurant, which he closed to regular patrons. Marcus Loew treated the guests to a show on the New York Theatre roof later, and Daniel G. Reid send them 2,400 packages of cigarettes.

Among other hotels and restaurants which entertained military men in varying numbers were Mandel's, 31 West Twenty-sixth Street; Drake's, 111 West Forty-second Street; the Waldorf, where Frank H. Maynard of 400 Park avenue was host to 250; the McAlpin, where Jacob Sperber and Edwin Polasky were hosts; the Great Northern, where the Catholic War Council gave dinner to fifty; the Silver Lunch, at 803 Sixth Avenue; the Pavilion d'Orient, where Armenian soldiers and sailors were entertained by their friends; Halloran's, at Sixth Avenue and Fourteenth Street; the Knickerbocker, where Mrs. James G. Regan "mothered" 500 sailors from the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Mr. and Mrs. Nat Goldstone had 20 soldiers at the Ansonia; a hundred were guests of the Newton and Miss Matilda Auerbach; the Rev. S. D. Townsend invited 40 to the Endicott, and Miss B. M. Uhlfelder had 23 soldiers at Bretton Hall and later at the Garden Theatre. August Janssen had 150 men in uniform at his restaurant, Broadway and Twenty-eighth Street, where the Rotary Club also entertained a large party.

Stop Dance in Armory.

Twelve hundred soldiers and sailors who had gleefully eaten a Thanksgiving dinner given in the Twelfth Regiment Armory by the National Service Commission were disappointed when they were not allowed to continue the dancing, already begun, with the women and girls who were their hostesses. The dinner was over, the tables had been pushed out of the way, and as the band struck up a one-step soldiers in khaki and sailors in blue started around the floor with the girls who had served at the tables and the older women who had chaperoned the dinner. Then there was a blast on a bugle, calling everybody to attention, and an officer shouted that Brig. Gen. George R. Dyer had issued orders forbidding any dancing in armories.

On all sides there was the buzzing of bitter disappointment. The band stopped playing, the hosts and hostesses gathered together in little groups and stated their opinions of the order without much modification, and the soldiers and sailors, after a period of hesitation and uncertainty, eventually made their farewells and drifted out of the armory in couples, squads and groups.

"Perhaps they are going to places where they can dance," said J. Varnum Mott, one of the officials of the entertainment; "going just where the Government doesn't want them to go, and where we are trying to keep them from going. But we are going to provide dances for them even if the State will not allow us to use its armories."

Amelia Bingham, who was in charge of the Program Committee, said that the order was "a crying shame." It is not only an insult to every one of those fine boys who are going to fight for us women," she said, "but an insult to every woman who has given her time and her work to this cause. One would think from this that they were beasts. If we can invite them into our homes, as I have done, why cannot we dance with them?"

Rowland Haynes, director of the National Service Commission, said that it was not a matter of that dance only, but a vital consideration connected with the social standing of every soldier who comes to New York. "Our commission has in many ways been striving to help these boys who are away from their homes," he said. "We have introduced them into our homes and to the wives and daughters of our best families. It is human nature to want to dance, and if they cannot dance in the right place they will dance in the wrong one."

Before the party got around to the stage of dancing everything went well. The dinner was a large affair, and was heartily enjoyed, not only by the soldiers and sailors who were guests, but by the civilians, men and women, who entertained them.

Soldiers at Union League Club.

The Union League Club entertained 200 men from Camp Upton in the clubhouse, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street. William R. Willcox and George T. Wilson spoke, and Charles Evans Hughes and Chauncey M. Depew were among those who welcomed the guests.

At the Lybia Café, 139th Street, near Seventh Avenue, the club was host to 150 negro troops from Camp Upton. Among the speakers were Charles W. Anderson, former Collector of Internal Revenue; James H. Anderson, editor of The New Amsterdam News, and George W. Harris, editor of The New York News.

At St. George's Club in Stuyvesant Square about fifty soldiers from nearby camps and a number of sailors and marines from French ships in and near an Atlantic port were the guests of honor. An entertainment and dance followed. The Freundschaft Society at 905 West Fifty-seventh Street entertained fifty soldiers and fifty sailors and gave them the freedom of the clubhouse at the conclusion of the dinner. The New York Athletic Club at 55 West Fifty-ninth Street entertained a large number of enlisted men. The National Arts Club had twenty-five guests, the Columbia University Club about fifty.

Officers from Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., were guests at the Engineers' Club, 32 West Fortieth Street. A musical program followed the dinner. Many officers from Camp Mills were entertained at the Racquet and Tennis Club, 27 West Forty-third Street, and forty men from a Montana Regiment at the Players' Club in Gramercy Park.

The Rotary Club entertained 300 soldiers, many of them from the Pacific coast, at the Hotel Majestic.

Cardinal Farley sent greetings and blessings to soldiers and sailors who attended a dinner of the National Catholic Service Club; Thomas J. Colton was host to 150 at the Catholic Club. Other national service clubs offered hospitality to enlisted men. Among those whose families entertained in their homes were Mrs. James B. Taylor, 903 Park Avenue; Mrs. George D. Pratt, 640 Park Avenue; Mrs. Morris Loeb, 273 Madison Avenue; Mrs. William Scott Pyle, 375 Park Avenue; David R. Reynolds, 1 West Sixty-fourth Street; Mrs. W. E. Loeb, 547 West 157th Street; Mrs. H. C. Frick, 1 East Seventieth Street; L. B. Elliman, 122 East Sixty-fifth Street; Fred Hausman, 110 Madison Avenue; Mrs. G. D. Horton, 104 West Seventieth Street, and Nathan Straus, 27 West Seventy-second Street.

Three hundred soldiers from Camp Upton and the "Sunset Division" at Camp Mills were the guests of the Rocky Mountain Club at "Hitchy Koo" yesterday afternoon and afterward at dinner in the clubhouse, at 67 West Forty-fourth Street. Raymond Hitchcock led the men from the theatre to the club.

Each shaving kit, in which was a picture of and a message from Princess Henriette, sister of King Albert of Belgium, was given each guest. The message read:

"I would be so glad to see and help some of your boys coming to France. Do say if they are in trouble or want anything, a faithful friend of America, who has a debt of gratitude to pay, would be happy to help and comfort them."

Not to be thwarted when they learned that the National Service Commission was unable to send men to eat the 120 dinners which they had prepared, members of the Young Women's Hebrew Association commandeered friends' automobiles, loaded the dinners into portable ovens and drove with them to Camp Mills, where they found willing and appreciative guests to avail themselves of the good things provided.

DINES NEWPORT NEWSBOYS.

Mrs. F. W. Vanderbilt Gives Her 24th Thanksgiving Feast.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 29.—Three hundred or more news and messenger boys enjoyed a dinner in Masonic Hall this afternoon through the kindness of Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, which marked the twenty-fourth affair of this kind she has given. An orchestra played patriotic and popular songs, which the boys sang.

Mrs. Vanderbilt observed food conservation by giving the boys instead of candies, ice cream and a bag of apples and oranges to take home. Even cranberry sauce was omitted from the meal because of sugar shortage. The Rev. William Safford Jones of Channing Memorial Church asked for three cheers for Mrs. Vanderbilt.

"How many of you boys have fathers, brothers, or relatives in the army or navy?" he asked, and one-half of the number stood up.

"How many of you boys would like to be in the army or navy?" he next asked. Every boy, including those using crutches, stood up.

ALL CHURCHES OFFER WAR THANKSGIVING

Preachers Grateful for Bountiful Harvests and Quick Response of Citizens to Nation's Call.

STAND BY GOVERNMENT

Protestant, Catholic, and Jewish Pastors Devote Sermons to the Great Struggle.

Thanksgiving sermons preached in the churches of the city yesterday echoed the sentiment of President Wilson's proclamation—that America should be thankful because she has a chance now to do for all mankind what she did for herself in 1776. There was also an echo of the first Thanksgiving days in gratitude rendered for the big crops of the year—a gratitude that the big crops will help to beat the Germans.

A special feature of the services at Trinity Church was the unfurling of a service flag with 450 stars at the close of the service. Each star represented a parishioner of Trinity or one of its chapels. The flag was placed on the altar and blessed, after which the congregation joined in singing "America."

Dr. William T. Manning, rector of the church, who is soon to take up duties at Camp Upton, said that some might think this a strange time for America to be giving thanks. "But," he added, "in the midst of the anxieties, the trials, the unknown possibilities of this war, we have really the deepest cause for thanksgiving." He said that America should be thankful for her big crops, which enable this country to give needed aid to her allies. He said America should also be thankful "because our eyes have been opened to see with absolute clearness our duty in this war," and because we are now "able to do for other nations what we did for ourselves when we promulgated the Declaration of Independence."

At the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Dean Robbins took for his text the parable of the loaves and fishes, and made a comparison between the words of Jesus directing that every broken piece be gathered and nothing be lost and the wastefulness of the United States in the use of food.

"As a nation we are not provident," he said, "and the text has a great lesson for us. All over the land we are beginning to realize the wickedness of extravagance, and we rejoice that the evil is being checked. To gather up the broken pieces is an admonition we are beginning to heed, and for this we are thankful today. Another thing for which we should be thankful today is, not that we are very prosperous, but that we are a free people, united with other people for freedom all over the earth."

Anthems of the Allies.

After the recessional, the congregation stood while the national anthems of the United States, Great Britain, and France were played.

The annual memorial service for deceased members of the Catholic Benevolent Legion was held at St. Patrick's Cathedral. The Rev. Dr. Francis E. Albert acted as celebrant of the mass, and was assisted by Father James J. Talbot as deacon and Father John Quinn as subdeacon. In his sermon Mgr. Lavelle, rector of the cathedral, spoke of the rôle of Catholics in the war.

"The Catholics of the United States have much to be thankful for on this Thanksgiving Day," he said, "for while the census figures of the nation show that the Catholics of the country make up between 17 and 18 per cent. of the whole population, it is estimated officially that of all the American soldiers now at cantonments and now in the field, 25 per cent. of the whole number are of the Catholic faith. These figures show that there are now in the service of the country about twice as many Catholic soldiers as the Catholic population would call for.

"I want to quote a remarkable statement made a few days ago by an American army General, setting forth reasons why the American people on this day should be thankful in spite of the horrors of war, grateful for the spirit of patriotism that prevails throughout the length and breath of the land. These reason are: A minimum of sickness at army camps, hundreds of thousands of troops transported across the ocean without the loss of a single life. Despite the elements and a deadly enemy who is anxious to strike from below, the nation has been able to report that not an American troop ship has been lost or a soldier been killed in being transported to the other side."

Guarding Morals of Soldiers.

Mgr. Lavelle spoke of the need of more Catholic chaplains, saying there was need for 500 or more. He said also that more chapels must be built at army cantonments, and added:

"Perhaps the greatest cause for our rejoicing at this time is the attitude of the Government officials in safeguarding the morals of the men engaged in national service. Since the beginning of the world it made no difference about the composition of a soldier, just so he was brave. But our Government has done, and is continuing to do, a great service in throwing about our boys all the safeguards they possibly can, to save them from harm when away from active war duty. The Government has acted wisely in enforcing regulations regarding drink, and now it is going further than any government has ever dared to go before by enforcing rules that practically insure our boys in cantonments and in the field against the corruption which has in the past undermined the health and wrecked the bravest of men who ever wore a uniform. But it is up to us to see that when boys leave the cantonments on brief visits to their home cities they are made really at home. Greet them with open arms and see to it that when they are away from the grind of army service they are kept away from temptation. We must give our time as well as our money to see that all soldiers shall be supplied with all the comforts they really need and all the Government wishes them to have."

Dr. C. H. Parkhurst, pastor of Madison Square Presbyterian Church, said that the one big result being accomplished by the pressure of war upon the American people is the development of a sense of nationality. He said that in the degree that the war has shown up this infirmity of the nation it would serve to cure the malady.

"We need the strain of the last six months to show that as a democracy we do not make an encouraging exhibit," he said. "We have been learning some things about our national condition that we had scarcely suspected. We knew we had opened the doors very widely, had practically taken the doors off their hinges and invited all peoples of every sort and description to come and make themselves at home, and without waiting until they had acquainted themselves with the elemental principles of democracy permitted them to have a hand in administering the Government.

Slow Fusing in the Melting Pot.

"And when they appeared before the courts for naturalization papers, and upon being asked what was the capital of the United States, said it was Hoboken, we solaced ourselves by the reflection that Rome attributed its ultimate strength to the heterogeneity of its population, and that we had vitality enough to fuse into homogeneity contributions from all over the seas in one melting pot. This pot we have, but it is considerably filled with unredeemed chunks of humanity. That renders difficult the attainment of any comprehensively popular will and renders difficult loyal acquiescence to the demands of that will when expressed."

President Wilson received a pledge of the support of the Jews of the country in his prosecution of the war at a Thanksgiving service of the Institutional Synagogue held in the Mount Morris Theatre, Fifth Avenue and 116th Street. Representative Isaac Siegel, who presided, said that the pacifist views attributed to certain elements of the Jewish people did not represent the general attitude of the Jews of the country.

"There are 62,000 loyal Hebrews in the drafted army throughout the country," he said. "Four thousand are already with General Pershing in France, over 13,000 are at Yaphank, 3,100 at Camp Mills, 3,500 are at Camp Grant, Chicago, and over 3,000 at Camp Gordon, Georgia."

Addresses were made by Rabbi Herbert S. Goldstein, Justice Edward Lazansky, Past Commander in Chief Maurice Simmons of the Hebrew Spanish War Veterans and Nathan Straus. Mr. Straus was several times cheered by his audience. He said that he was formerly opposed to war, and when asked to raise funds for the veterans of the Spanish War told General Miles he did not approve of war. But in the present struggle for humanity, he said, he was an ardent supporter of the cause of America.

Would Transport Pro-Germans.

"I feel so terribly about the slackers," he said, "that it takes my strength away. We have not only got to fight those in this country who talk pro-German but those who think pro-German. I would be glad to subscribe funds to secure a boat to take every pro-German over to Germany."

Mr. Straus said he was proud to be on a committee to raise funds for "our brethren at the front. And by 'brethren,' he said, 'I mean Christians, Jews, whites and blacks. They are not the same color, but they are the same under the skin."

Rabbi Goldstein said he shuddered when he thought about an element in Russia "flirting with German autocracy." Justice Lazansky told his hearers that, whether any one was or was not opposed to war, he owed it to his country to abide by the decision of the duly elected representatives of the people of the nation.

Mr. Simmons recalled the fact that the United States has revoked a treaty with Russia because it did not recognize full rights for Jews.

"Shame on the Jew who would raise a hand to cripple the United States in this war," he said. "After 2,000 years of persecution and the scattering of the Jews throughout the world, comes now the word from the Allies that small nations will be free.'

"Do you stand with the President and our ultimate restoration to Jerusalem or do you stand with the madman of Potsdam?"

Among the other special Thanksgiving Day services were those held at Christ Church, where the Rev. Dr. J. R. Atkinson, preached on "America, the Champion of Democracy"; Old First Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Dr. Duffield preached on "Over the Top"; Temple Beth-El, where Rabbi Schulman spoke on "The Moral Value of a National Thanksgiving"; Church of the Messiah, where Dr. John Haynes Holmes spoke on "Thanksgiving or Penitence"; Church of the Divine Paternity, where the Rev. Dr. Allan McRossie spoke on "The American Soldier at the Front," and at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, at the Broadway Tabernacle, and at St. Bartholomew's.

Dr. S. Edward Young, pastor of the Bedford Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, preached on "Why Give Thanks This Year?" There was a special musical program.

Thanksgiving services were held at the Bowery Mission, celebrating the thirty-eighth anniversary of the founding of the mission. In the afternoon addresses were made by the Rev. R. F. V. Pierce, "the Bishop of Wall Street," and by Dr. F. Ernest Johnson of the School of Christian Work. At night the Rev. Theodora Sedgwick of Cavalry Protestant Episcopal Church and the Rev. Frederick F. Shannon of the Reformed Church of the Heights, Brooklyn, were the speakers. After each service a dinner was served to "Bowery men."

Dr. Malcolm James McLeod, pastor of the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, presiding at the Marble Collegiate Church, said that one of the things for which America should be thankful was that she had a chance to fight the Germans until they lost the idea that every one else in the world was poor trash.

"Though we are at war," he said, "I doubt if there is a nation on earth that has greater reason for gratitude than we have right here in America. Think, for instance, of the loyal spirit of our soldier and sailor boys. How proud we are of them! Ought we not to be supremely thankful that not a lad has been lost in transporting our troops across the Atlantic? Ought we not to be thankful for the glorious work of the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A.?

"I believe that what we need to fear most today is not the German army, but the German spy talking peace. The outlook of a chance that Germany has of winning this war—and she knows it—is to sow the seeds of friction among the Allies through an insidious peace propagandism and, then getting good-natured, gullible Americans to believe it. The Kaiser himself is the chief pacifist today. He abhors the war, he says. How tender-hearted he has become! No, the war must go on to a knockout. Life will not be worth living if we lose."

DAY OBSERVED IN LONDON.

Page and Others Attend Thanksgiving Services in Hudson's Old Church

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Thanksgiving was observed in London by the flying of American flags, an informal dinner at the American Officers' Club, and a picturesque united service on behalf of the United States and Great Britain in the historic church of St. Ethelburga. It was this church in which Henry Hudson was a parisioner and made communion before starting on his first voyage of discovery to the New World more than 300 years ago.

Ambassador Page and Consul General Skinner were represented officially at the service, which was attended by several distinguished Englishmen and a number of American residents of London. The quaint old church, which is one of the landmarks of the city, was decorated with American and British flags. The service included prayers for King George, President Wilson, Great Britain, and the United States, and the singing of "Hail, Columbia," "The Star-Spangled Banner," the "Battle-Hymn of the Republic," "God Save the King" and "My Country, 'Tis of Thee."

The Rev. W. F. Cobb, the rector, in his sermon spoke of President Wilson as a worthy successor to Washington and Lincoln, and as in some respects even stronger than they. No man, he said, ever so well expressed the great cause of freedom and justice for which America and Great Britain are striving, united in a bond such as now exists between the two countries, a bond of the heart, which never can be undone.

DINNERS FOR THE POOR.

Beneficiaries of Peace Times Not Forgotten in Thanksgiving

Though the major share of the city's Thanksgiving hospitality went to men of the army and navy, those who have been the chief sharers in beneficence in peace times by no means were forgotten. The Salvation Army held its usual "mummy" dinner and service, at which it seeks to find a way through stomach or heart to reclaim some of the confirmed drunkards who seek its shelter. Eleven converts on the platform testified from their own experiences of the possibilities of reformation, and a lone woman joined in the prayers of Bowery derelicts to be saved from the clutches of the drink habit. The woman said her vice had lost her husband, home, and children.

There was both a plentiful turkey dinner and a religious service in the Tombs, and all the city prisons and county jails had similar observances. Most, if not all, the hospitals had special menus with turkey a prominent feature. The high price of turkey led the Catholic Protectory in the Bronx to substitute ham for turkey for its 2,500 girls and boys, but all the trimmings of a regular Thanksgiving feast were there, except that jelly was substituted for the prohibitive-priced cranberry sauce.

Many well-known women helped to make the Children's Society's celebration a source of real joy to the little ones who were fed and amused in the society's rooms. The St. Andrew's Society, which maintains the one-cent coffee stands, stretched its purse to provide more than 2,000 dinners, and joined with many other welfare organizations to distribute baskets in the homes of the poor.

With the membership of the Newsboys' Home depleted by enlistments there were only 200 of the regular "home" boys to partake of the annual dinner. The annual check of $1,000 from Baron William Waldorf Astor was more than enough for the feast.

1,500 SAILORS MISS A TREAT.

Sent to Sea with Turkey Dinners Awaiting Them in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 29.—Fifteen hundred turkey dinners intended for sailors from the Great Lakes Naval Training Station went uneaten today, leaving disappointed hosts.

The explanation of the officials at the station was that 1,500 of the 5,000 men who had accepted invitations were sent away suddenly on sea service without opportunity to notify their hosts.

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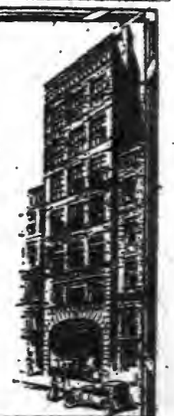

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QUAKERS' SEASONED BACK FIELD FAR TOO STRONG FOR CORNELL IN ANNUAL GRIDIRON BATTLE

CORNELL BATTERED BY PENN VETERANS

Nervy Novices from Ithaca Fight Bravely but in Vain Against the Quaker Eleven.

LOSE BY SCORE OF 37 TO 0

Red Team Gets Off with a Rush at Outset, but Three Efforts to Kick Field Goals Fail.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29.—Cornell's green, unwieldy football eleven journeyed to Franklin Field this afternoon to keep up the appearance of the traditional rivalry with Pennsylvania and was battered down to defeat by a score of 37 to 0. In the wreck of the Ithacans' war-time team, which took grueling punishment on a snow-covered and mud-splashing gridiron, there was one bit of consolation—they had the satisfaction of knowing that they were doing their best for their college home, while the husky lads in whose places they were playing were off somewhere doing their best likewise in a sterner and graver game.

Pennsylvania, with a backfield of schooled veterans and with a superior line, riddled the Cornell team with thrust after thrust, assault upon assault, until they had scored five touchdowns and booted over a field goal. There was nothing for Cornell to do but stand up and take her medicine, and this the boys did with a gameness and courage which will make Captain Fritz Shiverick and all the other Cornell veterans who are now wearing the khaki, proud of this band of clumsy youths who jumped to Coach Sharpe's call when the war stripped the Cornell gridiron of all its best talent.

Eleven youths never fought more desperately in a lost cause. Even in their overwhelming defeat the Cornell team commanded the greatest admiration from the Thanksgiving Day crowd of 15,000 which was banked around Franklin Field. A faithful band of Cornell rooters, not more than 200 of them, cheered the big Red eleven in defeat as enthusiastically as they could have cheered them in triumph.

Crowd Much Smaller than Usual.

There was the unusual sight for this annual fixture of rows of empty seats around the gridiron today, seats which would have been jammed by the youths who are far away from the fireside and the turkey. But all the pretty girls were there, and the proudest were those whose escorts wore the khaki. Instead of going to the game today with the college boys who live next door, the girls were in charge of their fathers or their uncles. Against their furs they wore great red chrysanthemums or bunches of violets and orchids. The day was sunshiny and warm, the snow covered ground furnishing the only touch of winter. Pennsylvania did its best to keep up the glitter of the gridiron's spectacle, but there were many in the crowd who could not avoid sombre reflection concerning those who were absent.

Cornell started out as if the Red team was going to hand out the greatest surprise of the football season, for throughout the first period the Ithacans outplayed Pennsylvania, playing with a rush which seemed to be irresistible. Three times during that first quarter Cornell with a furious attack came within striking distance of the Penn goal, and three times Hoffman attempted to kick goals from the field. All three attempts failed, two of them being blocked, while the other failed because the ball was muddy and slippery.

The failure to gain anything by their great efforts seemed to unnerve the inexperienced Cornell players. At first they were dumfounded when Penn fell back before them. They were just as astonished as Penn. In the first quarter Cornell made five first downs, rushing the ball 69 yards to Penn's 47. The realization of strength keyed the Cornellians up to fighting pitch, and they were hammering away at the Quakers in surprising fashion when the Ithaca line suddenly collapsed and let the Penn players through to block a punt. Then the whole complexion of the game changed. The blocked punt resulted in a touchdown, and the Pennsylvania eleven picked up courage, and from that time on had Cornell on the run.

Try for Field Goal Is Blocked.

Just as the first quarter ended Penn had the ball in midfield. Bert Bell smashed through the Cornell line for seven yards, and Penn was then set back 15 yards for holding. Berry was forced to punt when the Quakers failed to gain anything with a forward pass and Nethercott got the ball on Cornell's 33-yard mark. Cross, the Cornell left half back, then dodged his way through Penn for a spectacular run of 25 yards, racing clear of all his tacklers except Bell, who brought him down. When Carry and Hoffman were unable to penetrate the Penn line Hoffman dropped back to punt from midfield.

Maynard, Penn's left tackle, broke through with a rush and blocked the kick, the ball rolling away over the muddy field toward Cornell's goal line. Then began a wild race for the truant ball. Heinie Miller, Penn's Captain, outraced the other players, and as he flashed along at top speed, he scooped the ball up on the thirty-yard-line, continuing his flight until he had slipped away from the Cornell tacklers and had tumbled over the goal line, his togs caked with mud. This unfortunate break was the undoing of Cornell. If the Ithacans had had any chance at all, it was gone now. That touchdown, after which Berry kicked the goal, seemed to take all the heart out of Cornell.

After the next kick-off Penn started in and ripped the Cornell line to bits. The inexperienced Cornell forwards were thrown into confusion, and Berry, Joe Straus and Light punctured the red line in an all-powerful march down the field until Straus plunged through for another touchdown. This procession by Penn covered sixty-five yards, and every step of the way Cornell fought back in a hopeless fight. After each scrimmage the Ithacans unraveled themselves from the heap of players, covered with mud from head to foot. On the play before the touchdown was scored Cornell was completely fooled when Berry dropped back as if to make a try at field goal. Instead Berry made a pretty forward pass to Bell, who rushed to the one-yard line, and Straus carried the ball over on one headlong dive.

Hoffman's Toe Valuable.

Throughout the third period the Cornell players again made a desperate fight, and their resistance was so stubborn that Penn was unable to score in that quarter. Hoffman got away several long kicks in this session, and each time that Penn worked the ball down into the Cornell bailiwick, Hoffman's foot came to the rescue and booted the ball far into Penn's territory. Cornell gained consistently in this period by punting.

All the time Penn kept pegging away at Cornell so persistently that the strength of the Ithacans was ebbing constantly. It could easily be seen that it was only a question of time before the superior Penn eleven would get under way and crush their opponents into submission. Cornell knew it, too, but the Ithacans' spirit and courage was an inspiring thing to watch.

Beginning with the fourth period Cornell began to crumple, and Penn's attack met with weak opposition. Lining up at the beginning of the last quarter on the 30-yard line, Light took the ball and darted through the left side of the Cornell line on a mad rush which did not end until the Penn back sprawled his mud-covered body over the goal line for Penn's third touchdown. Cornell was pretty well spent now and Penn came on with a rush. The Quaker backs, Straus, Light, Berry, and Bell picked great gaps in the line of red and shot deceptive forward passes over the heads of the bewildered Ithacans.

Cornell's game but unskilled eleven was being banged and smashed in every direction to complete the Pennsylvania holiday. There was no holding Penn now. Keyed up to a high pitch by success, the Quakers ran wild through the youths from Lake Cayuga. The sharp staccato yell of Cornell echoed in the ears of the overpowered Cornell players as they faced the terrific battering.

Another Touchdown Recorded.

After the next kick off, when Cornell was unable to gain Hoffman punted out of bounds on his own 45-yard line. Line smashing by Straus and Berry, a forward pass of 15 yards from Berry to Bell, and then another aerial outbreak, Berry to Bell, landed the ball on the six-yard line, and Howard Berry catapulted his way through the tiring Cornell players for another score.

Again the performance was repeated. Penn ripped off big gains through the crushed Cornell forwards. Bell skirted the Ithacans' left end for a 25-yard dash and then Berry hurled a 20-yard forward pass to Miller, who nailed the ball on the 12-yard line. On came Berry again with an irresistible rush, jamming his way over the goal line again. The Penn full back booted over the goals from touchdowns with deadly regularity.

The score was now 34 to 0, and the cheers of triumph from the Pennsylvania stands drowned the yells of encouragement which came from the handful of Cornell's faithful.

Cornell was a sad-looking aggregation, bruised and plastered with mud. Penn kept up the unrelenting advance, brushing the Ithacans aside like so many tenpins. "Fight, fight, fight!" howled the Cornell rooters, but by this time most of Cornell's fight was gone. Down the field came Penn, slamming Cornell back for yards at every plunge, Straus, Berry, and Light bowling along with ceaseless fury.

Penn again rushed the ball down to the 15-yard line, and the backfield was so tired that Bell ordered Berry back and he kicked the ball through the uprights for a field goal.

The lineup and summary:

Penn, (37.)	Position.	Cornell, (0.)
Van Ginkel	L.E.	Colvin
Maynard	L.T.	Harris
Cook	L.G.	Pendleton
Wray	C.	H. Strauss
Cleary	R.G.	Swanson
Thomas	R.T.	Harriman
Miller, (Capt.)	R.E.	Eisenbrandt
Bell	Q.B.	Nethercott
J. Straus	L.H.B.	Cross
Light	R.H.B.	Carry
Berry	F.B.	Hoffman, (Capt.)

Score by periods:

Penn	0	13	0	24—37
Cornell	0	0	0	0—0

Touchdowns—Miller, Straus, Light, Berry, (2.) Goals from touchdowns—Berry, 4. Goal from field—Berry.

Referee—C. J. McCarty, Germantown Academy. Umpire—Carl Marshall, Harvard. Field judge—W. R. Okeson, Lehigh. Linesman—David L. Fultz, Brown. Substitution: Cornell—Van Horn for Pendleton. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

FOOTBALL RESULTS.

EAST AND SOUTH.

At Philadelphia—Pennsylvania, 37; Cornell, 0.
At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 28; Penn State, 6.
At Richmond—Washington and Jefferson, 14; Washington and Lee, 0.
At Atlanta—Georgia Tech., 68; Auburn, 7.
At Fordham Field—Fordham, 35; Camp Upton Engineers, 0.
At Washington—Georgetown, 27; Allentown Ambulance Corps, 0.
At Polo Grounds — Mineola Aviation Corps, 14; Pelham Bay Naval Reserves, 7.
At Boston—Camp Devens, 0; Newport Naval Reserves, 0.
At Providence—Fort Greble, 18; 301st Engineers, 0.
At Ebbets Field, Brooklyn, (A. M.)—Fort Hamilton, 69; Fort Hancock, 0.
At Chester—Pennsylvania Military College, 30; Albright, 0.
At Buffalo—Buffalo, 45; Hobart, 0.
At Allentown — Muhlenberg, 0; Ursinus, 0.
At Lancaster—Franklin and Marshall, 7; Gettysburg, 0.
At Carlisle—Dickinson, 7; Bucknell, 0.
At Baltimore—Maryland State, 7; Johns Hopkins, 0.
At Worcester—Holy Cross, 13; Springfield College, 7.
At Morgantown—West Virginia, 21; North Carolina A. and M., 0.
At Nashville—Vanderbilt, 13; Sewanee, 6.
At Baton Rouge—Tulane, 28; Louisiana State, 6.
At Memphis—Mississippi A. and M., 7; Haskell Indians, 6.
At Lexington, Ky.—Kentucky, 52; University of Florida, 0.
At Austin—Texas, 20; Arkansas, 0.
At Lexington, Ky.—Central, 13; Georgetown College, 0.

WEST.

At Lincoln—Syracuse, 10; Nebraska, 9.
At Columbus—Ohio State, 28; Camp Sherman soldiers, 0.
At Fort Riley, Kan.—Illinois, 28; Camp Funston, 0.
At Cleveland — Western Reserve, 2; Case, 0.
At Marietta—Marietta, 6; Ohio University, 0.
At Cincinnati—Miami, 40; University of Cincinnati, 0.
At Columbia—Kansas, 27; Missouri, 3.
At Des Moines—Ames, 47; Drake, 0.
At Chicago—Great Lakes Naval Training Station, 27; Fort Sheridan officers, 0.
At Milwaukee — Marquette, 21; Wabash, 0.
At Oklahoma City—Oklahoma A. and M. College, 9; University of Oklahoma, 0.
At Sioux City—Morningside College, 14; University of South Dakota, 7.

SCHOOL GAMES.

At Ebbets Field—New Utrecht H. S., 14; Commercial H. S., 6.
At Ebbets Field—Boys' H. S., 13; Manual Training H. S., 0.
At Washington Park, (A. M.)—Brooklyn Prep, 14; Fordham Prep, 6.
At Washington Park, (P. M.)—Erasmus Hall H. S., 13; Poly Prep, 0.

GEORGIA TECH IN A GALLOP.

Crushes Auburn, 68 to 7, Keeping Slate Clean for Third Year.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 29.—Georgia Tech's Golden Tornado closed its third consecutive season without defeat by annihilating the Auburn Plainsmen this afternoon, 68 to 7, the worst defeat ever handed an Auburn football team by any other eleven.

The scoring also put Georgia Tech in the front rank as the best scoring team in America, topping the Navy, who prior to today's game led them by nineteen points. End runs by Guyon and Strupper, line bucks by Hill, and forward passing by Guyon were the features. Guyon sped over twenty-five yards at a clip several times, while Strupper got a 45, a 50, and 65 yard broken field sprint.

Tech worked twelve forward passes successfully. Auburn's tally came as the result of a forward pass from Ducote to Donahue, which gained 20 yards, the latter, after catching the pass, speeding through a broken field 40 yards more to a touchdown, aided by wonderful interference, which spilled all Tech tacklers.

The tackling of Guyon and Strupper also featured in addition to their offensive play. Fully 20,000 fans witnessed the game.

The lineup:

Tech, (68.)	Position.	Auburn, (7.)
Fincher	L.E.	Gibson
Higgins	L.T.	Martin
Mathes	L.G.	Sizemore
Phillips	C.	Caton
Dowling	R.G.	Warren
Carpenter	R.T.	Bonner
Bell	R.E.	Styles
Hill	Q.B.	Robinson
Strupper	L.H.B.	Donahoe
Guyon	R.H.B.	Ducote
Guill	F.B.	Revington

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Tech	20	13	21	14—68
Auburn	0	0	0	7—7

Touchdowns—Hill, (2;) Guill, Strupper, (2,) Guyon, (4,) Shaver, Donahue. Goals from touchdowns—Fincher, (8,) Ducote.

Substitutions: Tech — Shaver for Guill, Smith for Strupper, Rogers for Johnson, Johnson for Higgins, Thweatt for Mathes, Nesbit for Dowling, Simpson for Shaver, Ansley for Fincher. Auburn—Blackshear for Gibson, Creel for Blackshear.

Referee—Mr. Elcock, Dartmouth. Umpire—Mr. Councilman, V. P. I. Linesman—Mr. Wood, Notre Dame. Time of quarters—15 minutes each.

USAAC ELEVEN BEATEN.

Georgetown Finds Former College Players Easy, Winning, 27 to 0.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Georgetown defeated the Allentown, Penn., Army Ambulance Corps football team of former college players here today, 27 to 0. Two field goals by Captain Maloney and Half Back Gilroy's broken field running were outstanding features of a game played on a wet and soggy field.

PITT CLOSES THIRD SEASON UNBEATEN

Warner's Panthers Conquer Penn State, 28 to 6, Keeping Their Slate Clean.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Nov. 29.—The University of Pittsburgh football team maintained their Eastern supremacy today when they won their last college game of the season, with Penn State, by a score of 28 to 6, giving tehm a clean slate of victories in the last three seasons, since Glenn Warner took hold. It also makes five straight victories over the Blue and White.

The visitors bothered the Panthers in the second and third periods with several trick plays and shift formations that gained ground, but the Blue and Gold line always held when their goal line was in danger. The one touchdown scored by Penn State came on a triple pass in the second period, and in this style of play Gross, Way, Rauch, and Czarneckie excelled. The line plunging of Gougler and McLaren was remarkable, and in the last period of play these two men broke down every bit of defense Penn State possessed and smashed their line for gains of fifteen and twenty yards. The end runs of Easterday were the best seen here this year.

McCarter was sent over for the first touchdown after three minutes of play and a little while later a double pass from McLaren to Gougler enabled the latter to cross the Penn State line. Then came the visitors' score in the second period. The play was even in the third fifteen minutes.

Two touchdowns were scored by the Panthers in the last period, Gougler and Easterday crossing the line after McLaren had gained enough ground by hitting the centre for the others to score. Gougler and Sies converted all Pitt's touchdowns into goals, while Coniver failed in his attempt at goal after Czarnecki had raced over the line on a triple pass.

The lineup:

Pittsburgh, (28.)	Position.	Penn State, (6.)
Harrington	L.E.	Rauch
Pearlman	L.T.	Hills
Sutherland	L.G.	Kraft
Stahl	C.	Griffiths
Sies	R.G.	Czarnecki
Seidel	R.T.	Firshing
R. Allshouse	R.T.	Coniver
McClelland	Q.B.	Way
McCarter	L.H.B.	Robb
Easterday	R.H.B.	Pond
McLaren	F.B.	Gross

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Pittsburgh	14	0	0	14—28
Penn State	0	6	0	0—6

Touchdowns—Gougler, 2; McCarter, Easterday, Coniver. Goals from touchdowns—Gougler, 3; Sies.

Substitutions—Pittsburgh: Gougler for McCarter, Henry for R. Allshouse, Mitchell for Seidel, Miller for McClelland, Carlson for Henry, V. Allshouse for Pearlman, Pearlman for Carlson; Penn State: Wolf for Gross, Gross for Wolf, Ullery for Gross, McKelvey for Ullery, Clark for Way.

Referee—J. A. Evans, Williams. Umpire—R. W. Maxwell, Swarthmore. Field Judge—W. M. Hollenbach, Penn. Linesman—S. A. McFarland, W. & J. Time of periods— 15 minutes each.

AVIATORS DOWN SAILORS.

Watkins Leads Mineola Eleven to 14 to 7 Victory Over Naval Team.

Led by Ray Watkins, a former Colgate football star, who played quarter back, the Aviation Corps Station at Mineola, L. I., football eleven triumphed over the team of the Naval Reserve Training Station of Pelham Bay, N. Y., at the Polo Grounds yesterday by the score of 14 to 7. This victory, in the final game of the tournament, gives the aviation pupils of Mineola championship prestige in the New York Athletic Club's Army and Navy Posts Metropolitan District Football League.

The teams, both of them made up principally of former college gridiron players, furnished a large crowd with one of the best service games seen on a local gridiron this season. The victorious eleven, despite the treacherous, slippery field, played brilliantly throughout, and won the game on its merits. The Naval team, however, made frequent fumbles, some of them caused by the condition of the turf, but more of them due to jumbling of signals, which marred and retarded their efforts to overcome the first period lead of the black-sweatered team from Mineola. The appeals of the 800 bluejackets of the Naval Training Station, who arrived late, went unanswered, and the final whistle found the jackies trailing by seven points in the score, but fighting to the last ditch.

Watkins was the individual star, and his performance thrilled the spectators. He was a factor in almost every play started in each of the four periods, and his line bucking, his long runs around ends and through holes in the naval team, together with his accurate kicking, served as the cornerstone of the Aviators' victory. The comparatively diminutive ex-Colgate player injected himself into the game right after the kickoff, and, with well-chosen plays, guided his teammates on a successful series of line plunges which sent Clark, formerly of Muhlenberg, over the Navy line for the first score of the game.

From this Watkins kicked the goal. The former Colgate player shortly afterward sent a forward pass accurately to Johnson for a gain of twenty-five yards, but the latter was tackled before starting on a run. In another series of fast plays the Mineola team again toppled over the opposition, and on what would have been the fourth down Watkins was forced over the line with the second Aviation touchdown. He kicked the goal himself.

In the second quarter the Aviators seemed well on their way to another touchdown completely outclassing their opponents with a massed attack, until Peacock, also a former member of the Colgate eleven, intercepted a forward pass from Watkins and dashed thirty yards to a touchdown. Peacock then kicked the goal and raised the hopes of the Navy's supporters, but they were dashed in the remaining two periods by the consistency with which the Mineola eleven made futile the desperate efforts of the jackies to score again.

In the last two quarters the keenest playing of the game came, with both elevens contesting hard for every inch of ground, but the Aviators consistently showed themselves superior and kept the ball almost constantly in Navy territory. Particularly in the last period did the teams strive hard for additional points, but the Navy team, reinforced with fresh reserves from the bench, held the Aviators safe until the whistle.

The lineup:

Aviators, (14.)	Position.	Naval Res., (7.)
Johnston	L.E.	Johnston
Lowery	L.T.	Griffen
Gates	L.G.	Cox
Neubig	C.	Todarelli
Templeton	R.G.	Jacques
Redfield	R.T.	Dickenson
Loucks	R.E.	Tabor
Watkins	Q.B.	Miller
Moore	L.H.B.	Peacock
Clark	R.H.B.	O'Boyle
Cronin	F.B.	Donnelly

Score by periods.

Aviators	14	0	0	0—14
Naval Reserves	0	7	0	0—7

Touchdowns—Clark, (1,) Watkins, (1,) Peacock, (1.) Goals from touchdown—Watkins, (2,) Peacock, (1.)

Substitutions for Aviators—Hazelton for Gates; Gates for Templeton; Templeton for Gates; Lawson for Moore; Roberts for Cronin. For Naval Reserves—Goodie for Johnston; Holden for Griffen; Brand for Cox; Merwin for Todarelli; Glson for Tabor; Hull for Miller; McDermott for Donnelly; Johnston for Goodie; Griffen for Holden; Cox for Brand; Todarelli for Merwin; Emanuel for Olson; Miller for Hull; Hull for Miller.

Sunflower Eleven Beats Missouri.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Nov. 29.—Smashing its way through the line almost at will, the University of Kansas football team today won its football game with the University of Missouri by a score of 27 to 3. Missouri at no time was a dangerous opponent for the Lawrence eleven. Pringle, the Kansas left half, made two of the four touchdowns.

SYRACUSE VICTOR IN WEST.

Successfully Invades Nebraska Field, Winning by 10 to 9.

Special to The New York Times.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 29.—Syracuse won from Nebraska on Nebraska Field by a score of 10 to 9 today. Nebraska's failure to kick goal after the final touchdown prevented the game from ending a tie. Nebraska scored first in the first quarter, while Syracuse did not register a counter until the third quarter. Syracuse forced her way down the field for a touchdown in the third, kicked goal, and later scored on a drop kick.

Meehan kicked goal for Syracuse and also scored on the drop kick. Nebraska scored on a drop kick in the first, Dobson trying from the forty-yard line. In the fourth quarter Nebraska made a touchdown following a twenty-yard forward pass. Shaw failed to kick goal.

The lineup:

Syracuse, (10.)	Position.	Nebraska, (9.)
E. Brown	L.E.	Rhoades
Cobb	L.T.	Wilder
Alexander	L.G.	Kositzky
Robertson	C.	Day
Thompson	R.G.	Duteau
Segal	R.T.	Shaw
Schwarzer	R.E.	Kellogg
Barsha	L.H.B.	Scheltenberg
Malone	R.H.B.	Hubka
Meehan	Q.B.	Dobson
M. Brown	F.B.	Cook

Touchdowns—M. Brown, Rhoades. Field goals—Meehan, Dobson. Goal from touchdown—Meehan. Referee—Mr. Birch, Eatham. Umpire—Mr. Gordon, Harvard. Field Judge—Mr. Reid, Michigan. Linesman—Mr. Haines, Yale. Periods—15 minutes.

W. AND J. CURBS GENERALS.

Metzger's Eleven Defeats W. and L. by a Score of 14 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 29.—Washington and Jefferson this afternoon defeated the Washington and Lee eleven by a 14 to 0 score in a game played on a quagmire in a cold, drizzling rain. McCreight, who replaced Smith early in the game, made all of the points during the last part of the fourth period.

The first touchdown followed the intercepting of an attempted forward pass by Carroll, who was downed on the seven-yard line. McCreight leaped the scrimmage line for the score. Later, Henry blocked Larkin's kick, attempted while near his goal, and Reese recovered the ball on Washington and Lee's five-yard mark. McCreight again went over for a touchdown after the ball had been rushed to the two-yard mark. McCreight kicked both goals.

Washington and Lee was on the defensive far within its own territory during the greater part of the first three periods and had no scoring opportunities.

The lineup:

W. & J., (14.)	Position.	Wash.&Lee, (0.)
Carroll	L.E.	Fox
Henry	L.T.	Atkins
Garbisch	L.G.	Patterson
Guy	C.	Pierotti
Straw	R.G.	Bailey
Stein	R.T.	Bethel
Reese	R.E.	Larkin
Bixler	Q.B.	Bain
Tressel	L.H.B.	Moss
Stobbs	R.H.B.	Raines
Smith	F.B.	Silverstein

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Washington and Jefferson	0	0	0	14—14
Washington and Lee	0	0	0	0—0

Touchdowns—McCreight, (2.) Goals from touchdown—McCreight, (2.) Substitutions—Washington and Jefferson: McCreight for Smith; Smith for Tressel; Ruble for Smith; Brown for Garbisch; Creel for Brown, Brown for Henry. Washington and Lee: Watts for Fox; Blain for Moss. Referee—Mr. Tufts, Brown. Umpire—Mr. Murphy, Brown. Head Linesman—Mr. Crowell, Lafayette. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

BLACK'S TEAM IN A DRAW.

Camp Devens Men Hold Newport to Scoreless Tie.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 29.—Percy Haughton's football team from Camp Devens played Cupid Black's Newport Naval Reserves to a 0 to 0 tie score in the snow at Braves Field this morning, the soldiers being saved from a bad beating by a good goal line defense.

The Devens team, with many former Harvard 'Varsity men in the lineup, crossed the middle of the field only once, this on a 41-yard run by Thacher and then immediately lost the ball on the Navy's 27-yard line by fumbling.

Charley Barrett of Cornell was Newport's great ground gainer, but slipped up in the second quarter when, after a 25-yard run he dropped the ball four yards from the Army's goal. Barrett also missed a try for field goal from the 26-yard line in the first period, the ball striking one of the uprights. The Navy gained 239 yards to 50 yards for the Army, which covered only nine yards in addition to Thacher's run.

Black's team made two advances of 40 yards and one of 68 yards, once losing the ball on downs on its opponent's seven-yard line, later being set back from 20-yard line for holding, and at the end of the game throwing a forward pass from the 11-yard line, but the play failing of completion.

The summary:

N'port Navals, (0.)	Position.	Camp Devens, (0.)
Green	L.E.	Whitney
Bigelow	L.T.	Henry
Schlacter	L.G.	Weston
Callahan	C.	Wiggin
Black	R.G.	Barton
Grotmat	R.T.	Day
Elward	R.E.	Coolidge
Purdy	Q.B.	Robinson
Barrett	L.H.B.	Minot
Gerrish	R.H.B.	Thacher
Gardiner	F.B.	Palmer

Substitutes—Camp Devens, Donovan for Whitney; Whitney for Donovan; Donovan for Whitney.

Referee—Dr. Edward J. O'Brien of Tufts. Umpire—Roderick Beebe of Yale. Field judge—Lothrop Withington of Harvard. Linesman—John H. Madden of Amherst. Time of periods—10 minutes each.

FORT HAMILTON RUNS WILD.

Lieutenant Hayes Star in Victory Over Fort Hancock Eleven.

The soldier football eleven of Fort Hamilton easily triumphed over the Fort Hancock team in their game yesterday morning at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn. The final score favored the soldiers of Brooklyn by 69 to 0, and this margin clearly illustrates the manner in which the Sandy Hook team was outclassed and outplayed. Almost from the starting kick-off the Fort Hamilton representatives made their superiority manifest, and when once they started scoring, the Hancock line was mowed down like chaff before them.

The big cog in the Fort Hamilton machine was Lieutenant Hayes of the 13th Regiment, Brooklyn. A former Muhlenberg player, Hayes was in every play on the field, and his line plunging, for gains of from ten to fifteen yards, led his teammates in most of their scores. Lieutenant Hayes also scored one touchdown, and tallied nine goals from touchdown. The line-up:

Ft. Hamilton, (69.)	Position.	Ft. Hancock, (0.)
Howard	L.E.	Keenan
Sittig	L.T.	Caffery
Frankenfeld	L.G.	Boyle
Cook	C.	Schmelk
Carroll	R.G.	Kiernan
Ridenbach	R.T.	Gidding
Warren	R.E.	Faber
O'Brien	Q.B.	Ryan
Snyder	L.H.B.	Kane
Hayes	R.H.B.	Gallagher
Beckthold	F.B.	Levy

Touchdowns — Beckthold, Warren, (2,) Hayes, Snyder, Carroll, O'Brien, Howard, Traver, (2.) Goals from touchdown—Hayes, 9. Substitutions—For Fort Hamilton—Warren for Beckthold, Askline for Warren, Warren for Askline, Bechtold for Warren, Piccirrillo for Ridenbach, Baird for Frankenfeld, Wagner for Sittig, Reves for Carroll, Howard for Snyder. Fort Hancock—Czegledy for Keenan, Priestly for Kiernan, Lebowitz for Schmelk, Jaffee for Boyle, Ferguson for Faber. Referee Abel Kiviat. Umpire—I. McCormack, St. John's College. Linesmen—Harry Basset, Fort Hamilton, and L. Andrews, Fort Hancock. Timekeeper—Captain Campbell, Fort Hamilton. Time of quarters—Ten minutes.

Hoving Gets Brown Insignia.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 29.—Walter Hoving of New York City, a graduate of the De Witt Clinton High School, has received his 'Varsity "B" in football by the Brown University Athletic Association. Hoving has played at centre.

FORDHAM DEFEATS UPTON ENGINEERS

Maroon Rides Roughshod Over Soldiers and Rolls Up a Score of 35 to 0.

Fordham capped its football season on Fordham Field yesterday afternoon with a victory over the eleven of the 302d Engineers from Camp Upton by a score of 35 to 0. Measuring the game by the relative power in the two teams, the score should have been much larger in favor of the Maroon. Fordham, however, was handicapped by lack of cohesion in its attack during the first half, and this saved the soldiers from a more disastrous beating. The engineers had no attack and little defense that was adequate to stay the assault of the heavy Maroon backfield men, and it was evident after only a few minutes of play that the size of the score which the Maroon would roll up was really the only issue at stake. As far as really threatening Fordham, the Upton men had neither the physique nor the knowledge of team work to make their attacks hold any terror.

It had been heralded from Fordham that the Maroon was to play Frank Glick's eleven, but this proved to be a false rumor, which was doubtless as much of a surprise to the Fordham men as it was to the spectators. To be sure, Upton had one or two men from Glick's eleven in its lineup, but the team was really the outfit from the 302d Engineers, a regimental team which had not met defeat this season, while Glick's eleven was a divisional team.

As football goes, even in this period of war-time activity, when the game has been struck hard, the contest could hardly be called worth while, from the standpoint of either Fordham or Upton. The Maroon was weakened by the absence of some of its star players and appeared to be a bit disrupted. The football was ragged and lacked any livening quality in the entire first period.

During this time Fordham could score only one touchdown, and this came after Frisch, the star back of the maroon, had injected his brilliant play into the contest near the close of the second quarter. Just a few minutes before time was called he raced seventy yards for a touchdown and gave the Fordham stand its first opportunity to let its multitudinous voice ring across the gridiron. From then on, Fordham feasted its eyes on the play of Frisch, who was capable of making big gains nearly every time he carried the leather. The final Fordham touchdown was due to another of his brilliant runs. This time he again covered seventy yards, slipping through the entire soldier team on his way to the goal line.

Although the first half had been tame, the second half fairly bristled with excitement, but it was not so much a matter of football as it was of fisticuffs. Near the middle of the third quarter Frisch was tackled hard after running back a punt and for a time there threatened to be a free-for-all affair. Just who started the trouble will remain a mystery, but at any rate it was only a second before the players of each team began to take up the cudgels of battle. Harry Fisher, the referee, and Mr. Cook, the umpire, succeeded in quelling the outbreak after a time and banished McGrath of Fordham from the field. This bit of sideplay to football engendered bad feeling between the elevens, which was not lessened by the fact that Fordham now and again was a bit rough and squalls threatened on several later occasions. They blew away, however, without any noticeable exchange of blows.

One difficulty which led up to the boxing bouts was the fact that the Upton soldiers were not conditioned to play such a strong and heavy team as Fordham. While the Maroon was not by any means playing the highest type of football, the men were at all times struggling fiercely, and sometimes perhaps a bit viciously, but on the whole it could not be said they were roughing with that the prime intention. The lack of condition of the Upton men was evident in the many injuries which resulted from plays through the line.

The Maroon showed its best football at the opening of the third quarter. It was plain from the manner in which they started to tear asunder the opposing line that a heart-to-heart talk with the coach between halves had instilled a better quality of football into the team. Upton kicked off and Fordham began a battering assault that drove the soldiers back into their own territory and right up to the shadow of their goal posts. Frisch, Galligan, Coletti, and Ryan all contributed in the advance and the score was accomplished when Brennan shot out a forward pass of twenty yards to Du Moe, who raced over the line for Fordham's second score.

Near the close of the quarter Fordham again got its battering ram working, to the confusion and dismay of the soldiers, and while Upton once succeeded in hurling the assault back from near its goal posts, Fordham would not be denied, and a few minutes later was again pressing along to another touchdown. The quarter ended with the ball on Upton's ten-yard line, and it was only a minute's work at the start of the fourth quarter to make the touchdown a certainty.

From then on the defeat of the soldiers was turned into a rout.

The line-up:

Fordham, (35.)	Position.	Engineers, (0.)
Fitzpatrick	L.E.	Minski
Christensen	L.T.	Lehman
Kendricks	L.G.	Glenn
Golden	C.	Mulqueen
McGrath	R.G.	Anaducci
Gulick	R.T.	Reich
Du Moe	R.E.	Salisbury
Brennan	Q.B.	Blair
Galligan	L.H.B.	Mulehan
Coletti	R.H.B.	Gilman
Ryan	F.B.	Royer

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Fordham	0	7	7	21—35
Engineers	0	0	0	0—0

Touchdowns—Frisch, (2,) Brennan, (2,) Du Moe. Goals from touchdowns—Du Moe, (5.)

Substitutions: Fordham—Gilmartin for Galligan, Frisch for Gilmartin, Abbott for McGrath, Crowley for Christensen, Crovat for Ryan. Engineers — Lehman for Gilman, Drexel for Salisbury, E. Lohman for Mulehan, Mulehan for Blair, Hesser for Gilman, Phillips for Lehman, Tabio for Drexel, O'Brien for Glenn, Drexel for Mulqueen.

Referee—Harry Fisher, Columbia. Umpire—Mr. Cook, Commerce. Time of periods—Two of 10 and two of 12 minutes.

VICTORY FOR HOLY CROSS.

Eleven Closes Season by Defeating Springfield, 13 to 7.

Special to The New York Times.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 29.—In a spectacular contest this afternoon Holy Cross College finished its football season by beating Springfield College, 13 to 7. Line plunges and a forward pass advanced the Purple to the visitors' two-yard line in the first period, from where Mitchel carried the ball over. In the final period Mitchell again made a touchdown for Holy Cross. Linden scored the only touchdown for his team in the last quarter.

Early in the first period Bertsnider, full back for Springfield, went out of the game with a broken ankle.

The linup.

Holy Cross, (13.)	Position.	Springfield, (7.)
Connors	L.E.	Mansfield
Conway	L.T.	Eggbrecht
Lynch	L.G.	Clarke
Dulligan	C.	Quinlan
Kelly	R.G.	Lavick
Sullivan	R.T.	Johnson
Duffy	R.E.	Tenneson
Higgins	Q.B.	Drew
Mayo	L.H.B.	Sharpe
Keating	R.H.B.	Otto
Mitchell	F.B.	Bertsnider

Touchdowns—Mitchell, 2; Linden. Goals from touchdowns—Walsh, Sharpe. Substitutions—Holy Cross: Maloney for Dulligan, Walsh for Mayo, Dignon for Keating. Springfield: Linden for Bertsnider. Referee—Daniel Kelly of Springfield College. Umpire—William H. Burke of Worcester Polytechnic. Linesman—John McAuliffe of Dartmouth. Time of periods—10 minutes.

Texas Solves Nebraska's Attack.

AUSTIN, Texas, Nov. 29.—University of Texas broke down Arkansas University's forward passing machine today and won their football game by a 20 to 0 score.

EASY FOR MOUNTAINEERS.

Outplay North Carolina A. and M. and Pile Up Score of 21 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Nov. 29.—West Virginia toyed with the North Carolina A. and M. football team here this afternoon, piling up a score of 21 to 0, which seemed to satisfy the local players, and after which they did not extend themselves. The North Carolinas made but three first downs.

Forward passes from Rodgers to Harrick, King, Ice, Hager, and Mills were repeatedly called for, and on nearly every occasion they worked for big gains. Three times West Virginia lost the ball almost upon the A. and M. line, and was thus prevented from further piling up the score.

Once King fumbled just as he went over the line; on another occasion the ball was lost on downs when A. and M. made the best defensive stand of the game on her three-yard line. Early in the game Faquette, the A. and M. half, grappled a West Virginia pass just behind his goal, and, with an open field, dashed to the West Virginia 18-yard line before Rodgers caught him from behind. The game was played on a muddy field and fumbles were frequent, though they had no decisive bearing on the result.

The lineup:

West Va., (21.)	Position.	N. Car., (0.)
Hager	R.E.	McMurray
Harrick	R.T.	Wagoner
McCue	R.G.	Wagner
Bailey	C.	Whitaker
Meredith	L.G.	Ripple
Ice	L.T.	Homewood
Mills	L.E.	Black
Lewis	Q.B.	Gurley
King	R.H.B.	Faquette
Lentz	L.H.B.	Hudson
Rodgers	F.B.	Murray

Touchdowns — Lentz, Mills, Lewis. Goals from touchdown—Rodgers, (2,) King.

Substitutes—West Virginia: Emsweller for Rodgers, Knight for Lewis, Rodgers for Emsweller, Lewis for Knight, Heavener for Hager. North Carolina: Brown for Gurley.

Referee — Mr. Gass, Lehigh. Umpire — Mr. Chenoweth, West Virginia. Linesman — Mr. Lanham, West Virginia-Wesleyan. Time of quarters—Two of 14 minutes each and two of 12 minutes each.

DICKINSON EARNS DECISION.

Defeats Bucknell in Closely Fought Game by 7 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 29.—Dickinson defeated Bucknell this afternoon in the first college Thanksgiving game played here in twenty years by a score of 7 to 0. Dickinson's superiority was at all times manifest, but the visitors gave a good account of themselves. The contest was notable for the brilliant work of Captain Swope and Goldstein of Dickinson.

The lineup:

Dickinson.	Position.	Bucknell.
Boews	L.E.	Hall
R. Young	L.T.	Lees
Hoff	L.G.	Boswell
Wertacnic	C.	Smith
Mastand	R.G.	Kline
Healey	R.T.	Newcomb, (Capt.)
Pritchard	R.E.	Wargo
Goldstein	Q.B.	Kostos
Rockwell	L.H.B.	Spotts
Young	R.H.B.	Morrison
Swope	F.B.	Lewis

Touchdown—Swope. Goal from touchdown—Swope. Substitutions—Dickinson: Brady for Boews, Puderbaugh for Mastand, Mastand for Healey; Bucknell: Baird for Hall, Brandt for Lees, Moore for Brandt, Bell for Moore, Kostos for Bell, Brandt for Wargo, Bortz for Kostos, Gearhart for Bortz.

Referee—Mr. Eckels, Washington and Jefferson. Umpire—Mr. Palmer, Colby. Head linesman—Wittmer, Mercersburg. Time—15-minute periods.

OHIO STATE IS UNBEATEN.

Finishes Season with Easy Victory Over Camp Sherman Eleven.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 29.—Ohio State University, big ten champion, kept her season's slate clean by beating the Camp Sherman, Ohio, all-star eleven here this afternoon by 28 to 0. The 'Varsity had little trouble in passing and made big gains around the wings, playing an open, running game almost throughout. The army was kept largely on the defensive, Rupp's forty-yard spring standing out as the feature of its play.

A crowd of 10,000 paid $15,000 into the Camp Sherman trust fund to see the game and a military exhibition by selective draft soldiers, a feature of which was a platoon of boxers, trained by Johnny Kilbane, featherweight champion, who is Camp Sherman's boxing instructor.

Maryland State Retains Title.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 29. — Maryland State College of Agriculture retained the football championship of the State today when Johns Hopkins was defeated, 7 to 0. Fletcher, State half back, who scored the touchdown, played a spectacular game.

ERASMUS CONQUERS POLY PREP ELEVEN

Brooklyn's Scholastic Champions Victorious by 13 to 0 as Season Closes.

FORDHAM PREP IS BEATEN

Coach McCarty Says Officials Favored Brooklyn Prep and Orders Team from Field.

Brooklyn Interscholastic football concluded yesterday with four games on the leading gridirons of the borough across the bridge. Erasmus Hall High School's eleven, the season's champions, was opposed by the Poly Prep team at Washington Park in the afternoon, and, though forced to extend itself because of the surprising form of the Poly Prep team, the Brooklyn championship aggregation emerged victorious by a score of 13 to 0.

In the morning on the same gridiron Brooklyn Prep won the Manhattan-Brooklyn private schools' championship title by scoring over the Fordham Prep eleven by a score of 14 to 6. This game was somewhat of a disappointment and ended five minutes before the scheduled time for the whistle when Coach McCarty ordered his Fordham team to leave the field. The Fordham coach said that he took this action when he became convinced that the officials of the game were prejudiced in their decisions. At Ebbets Field a double-header was held and resulted in New Utrecht High School defeating Commercial iHgh School 14 to 6, and Boys' High School triumphing over the Manual Training High School team by a score of 13 to 0.

The Erasmus Hall-Poly Prep game furnished the feature of the day. By scoring this victory the Buff and Blue eleven clearly illustrated their right to the Brooklyn title. The field was in poor condition and the result was that both teams had many fumbles. This condition, however, was turned to the advantage of the Erasmus Hall team in that they were quick to recover fumbles and stave off threatened danger to their goal line.

The team from Dyker Meadows showed up creditably against the championship eleven, but was outplayed in every stage of the game with the exception of the second quarter. In this period a Poly Prep score was averted by the timely interruption of the whistle after the team had rushed the ball down the field for forty yards.

Erasmus Hall High School's team scored its first points in the third quarter on a fumbled punt. A long forward pass, Gobel to Mahr, and the latter's run of fifteen yards, gave the champions their first touchdown and MacPhee kicked the goal. In the fourth quarter, shortly before the final whistle, penalties forced Poly Prep back on its goal line and in a wild scramble after a bingled forward pass Mahr fell on the ball for Erasmus Hall's second touchdown.

The lineup:

Erasmus H., (13.)	Position.	Poly Prep, (0.)
[illegible]	L.E.	Lucas
Wolf	L.T.	Petherbridge
Mueller	L.G.	Farran
Haasmot	C.	Green
Wilkinson	R.G.	Stratton
Franklin	R.T.	Kendall
Souville	R.E.	Lundbeck
Meistrel	Q.B.	Schell
MacPhee	L.H.B.	Pinner
Goebel	R.H.B.	Schiebler
Mahr	F.B.	Carroa

Touchdowns—Mahr, 2. Goal from touchdown — MacPhee. Substitutions — Lane for Lucas, Lucas for Lane, Jelliffe for Carroa, H. Botting for Whitan, Salmon for Wolf, Green for Mueller, Ross for Franklin, Franklin for Ross, Oldaker for Franklin, Whitan for Meistrel, Meistrel for Whitan. Referee—R. J. Shearer, Dickinson. Umpire—J. C. Hennessy, Brown. Linesman—Ed Donnelly, Trinity. Time of quarters—12 minutes.

By ordering his football players off the field five minutes before the final whistle, Coach McCarty of Fordham Prep automatically conceded the private schools championship of Manhattan and Brooklyn to the Brooklyn Prep team. This game was played on the Washington Park gridiron in the morning, and at the time that the Bronx team left the field Brooklyn Prep was leading in the score by 14 to 6. Coach McCarty withdrew his team from the game after alleged unfairness by the officials in rendering their decisions. The Brooklyn Prep eleven showed surprisingly good form and outplayed the Bronx team, particularly in the second and final quarters, when the Brooklyn Prep points were made. Fordham Prep's only score came near the end of the game, when a forward pass, Kearns to Garvey, resulted in the latter going over the Brooklyn Prep goal line.

The line-up:

B'klyn Prep, (14.)	Position.	F'dham Prep, (6.)
Beatty	L.E.	Garvey
Marshall	L.T.	Brennan
Boynton	L.G.	Ginelli
Hehl	C.	O'Grady
Harden	R.G.	Jones
Sweeney	R.T.	Glee
Dobbins	R.E.	Sheridan
O'Rourke	Q.B.	Barnes
Eschman	L.H.B.	Kearns
Laflin	R.H.B.	Schoppert
Masterson	F.B.	Butler

Touchdowns—Hehl, Sweeney, Garvey. Goals from touchdowns—Hehl, 2.

Substitutions—Ughetta for Boynton, T. Brennan for O'Grady.

Referee—R. Hart, Princeton. Umpire—S. Darby, Syracuse. Head linesman—M. W. Kearney, Holy Cross. Time of quarters—Ten and twelve minutes.

The football elevens of New Utrecht and Boys' High Schools emerged victorious in a brace of games which furnished the Thanksgiving Day attraction at Ebbets Field yesterday afternoon. The New Utrecht eleven, in its victorious game with Commercial H. S., put forth the best playing of the afternoon, and there were times when the team was pressed hard by the Commercial team in its effort to overcome an early lead. George Smith, at quarter back, played the star rôle for New Utrecht, and accounted for both of the team's touchdowns. He started his school in the lead in the first quarter, when, after successful line plunges, the ball was brought to Commercial's 5-yard line, and Smith went over for a touchdown. Hettrick kicked the goal.

Shortly after the start of the second quarter Smith's drop kick placed the ball on Commercial's 1-yard line. From there it was gradually rushed back to midfield, where, on Korinsky's fumble of a punt, Smith recovered the pigskin and raced 30 yards for another touchdown. Hettrick again kicked the goal. In the third quarter Commercial scored when, after rushing the ball to New Utrecht's 20-yard line, Jonassohn and Shuter successfully worked a forward pass. Shuter was within easy distance of the New Utrecht goal line when he received the ball, and just stepped over the line for Commercial's touchdown. Manley missed the goal.

Effective line plunging and long runs arounds ends for large gains by Spiers and Daniels enabled the Boys' High School eleven to trounce Manual Training High School in the first part of the double bill by a score of 13 to 0. Both teams played disappointingly, and at times the game was uninteresting. Spiers and Daniels each tallied touchdowns, and Daniels also scored a goal from touchdown, all the scores coming in the third quarter.

The lineups:

New Utrecht, (14.)	Position.	Commercial, (6.)
Sadler	L.E.	Shuter
Ritter	L.T.	Hoople
Bianchi	L.G.	Ogden
Rothstein	C.	Chasin
Coughlan	R.G.	Sontag
Shevlin	R.T.	Reynolds
Morton	R.E.	Lebowitz
Smith	Q.B.	Korinsky
Sehres	L.H.B.	Dickman
Hettrick	R.H.B.	Ganid
Ginsberg	F.B.	Jonassohn

Touchdowns—Smith, (2,) Shuter. Goals from touchdown—Hettrick, (2.) Substitutes—La Feltra for Ginsberg, Manley for Hoople, Hoople for Odgen. Referee—Mr. Crowley, Bowdoin College. Umpire—Mr. Farrier, Dartmouth College. Linesman—Dr. Aldridge, Syracuse. Time of periods—Twelve and eight minutes.

Boys' High, (13.)	Position.	Manual, (0.)
Spiers	L.E.	Zeitz
Smith	L.T.	Logan
Ballah	L.G.	Ward
Rosenstein	C.	Cooper
Rambusch	R.G.	Schwartz
Quail	R.T.	Dalsloy
Heudricks	R.E.	Sparks
Bloomgarden	Q.B.	Leahy
Blair	L.H.B.	Lange
Daniels	R.H.B.	Tobey
Palmer	F.B.	Moszczenski

Touchdowns—Daniels and Spiers. Goal from touchdown—I. Daniels. Substitutes—Warren for Logan, Scofield for Ward, Kamlan for Tobey, Korinsky for Moszczenski, Tobey for Latimer, Latimer for Korinsky, Crane for Blair. Referee—Mr. Crowley, Bowdoin. Umpire—Mr. Farrier, Dartmouth. Time of periods—Twelve and eight minutes.

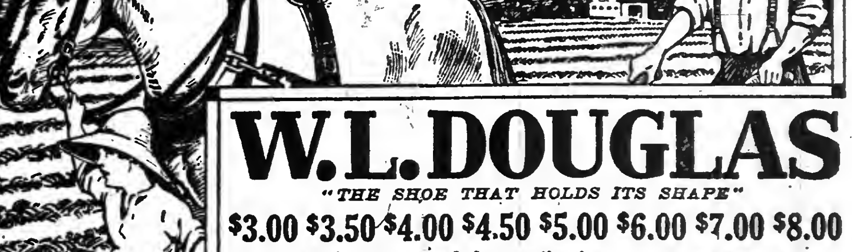
GAME NETS FUND $20,000.

Training Station Eleven Defeats Fort Sheridan at Chicago, 27 to 0.

CHICAGO, Nov. 29.—The Great Lakes Naval Training Station football eleven easily triumphed over the Fort Sheridan officers, by 27 to 0, at Stagg Field today. The proceeds of the game, approximately $20,000, will be equally divided between the Officers' Association and the Jackies' Recreation Fund.

The officers' eleven, composed of former university stars, was no match for the jackies, who had possession of the ball most of the time. "Pat" Smith, former Captain of the University of Michigan eleven, and Erickson, formerly of St. Olof's College, played a brilliant game for the navy men.

The attack and defense of the officers was ragged and there was a lack of team work. Jesse Spaulding, former Yale star, started the game at full back but before it was over more than fifteen substitutions were made in the lineup.



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DARK HORSE GIVES MAXWELL A DUEL FOR MEDAL IN LAKEWOOD GOLF TOURNAMENT

MAXWELL MEDALIST ON LAKEWOOD LINKS

Youthful Aronimink Golfer Has Qualifying Card of 74 in Fall Tourney.

REEKIE NEXT, WITH A 76

Upper Montclair Player Gets Into Trouble at Seventeenth Hole and Loses Chance to Win.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Nov. 29.—By returning an admirable 34 for his last nine holes here today Norman H. Maxwell of Aronimink, the present United North and South amateur golf champion, won the qualifying medal in the annual Fall tournament of the Country Club of Lakewood. Maxwell went out in 40, which gave him a card of 74 for the full round, two strokes better than was acomplished by W. M. Reekie of Upper Montclair.

Reekie was the dark horse of the tournament. None of the players knew much of his ability, but the United States Golf Association evidently was not so ignorant, since it found that Reekie was a three handicap man, and had been considered at such rating for a number of years. He is a product of Scotland, and plays golf both naturally and well, albeit he does not take part in any tournaments.

The Upper Monclair man had a splendid chance to win the medal, but tossed it away at the seventeenth hole, where he needed four putts after reaching the green in two extraordinary shots. Reekie played steadily and handled his shots with the judgment of a master of the game. ell was out in 39, the best score registered for the first nine during the day, but he needed 37 to come back, thanks to his stroke 04 bad putting.

Maxwell Off in Rush.

Maxwell started his round as if he were going after one of the records left here in past years by the old man of the links, Walter J. Travis. The youthful champion wasted only one stroke in the first six holes and he got that stroke back by sinking a ten-foot putt for a birdie 3 at the fourth hole. At the seventh, however, Maxwell exhibited a bit of nervousness and missed a short putt. This temporarily threw him off his game and he wasted strokes at the ninth and tenth before he got going again, with a birdie 2 at the eleventh.

From the eleventh hole to the last green Maxwell played brilliantly and with only one bad shot, that an overapproach putt at the twelfth. He pulled his tee shot wide for the thirteenth, but pitched dead to the cup on his second and was down in par 3. At the fourteenth and fifteenth Maxwell cut a stroke from par at each hole and he continued to the end with equally successful play.

His card was:

Out	4	4	5	3	4	4	5	5	6—40	
In	4	2	5	3	3	3	5	5	4—34—74	

Few other players besides Maxwell and Reekie were able to break eighty during the day. C. A. Van Vleck, Jr., of Baltusrol, with seventy-nine, was one of them, and the other was Herbert M. Forrest, a local player, who still is toasted at the clubhouse for having made the 400-yard eighteenth hole in two strokes on April 30, 1915. Van Vleck made a bid for equal recognition at the home hole today when he dropped his second shot within three feet of the cup, but he had to be content with a birdie three instead of equaling Forrest's cherished eagle two. Van Vleck had a bad outward round, needing forty-three strokes for that part of his journey. Had he played as well going out as he did coming back he might have had something to say about the medal.

Marston in the Gallery.

Max Marston, who has played in several tournaments here in the past, was one of the gallery. He is convalescing from a severe illness, which forced his discharge from the naval reserve. He says that he cannot play more than two holes of golf now without feeling the effect of the exercise. He hopes to be able to get back into the service within a few months, and, of course, at the same time back to the sport of golf.

As is the case here during each tournament, the players found it easier to register low scores on the second nine holes, and there was a wide difference in their efforts. P. S. McLaughlin of Scarsdale will testify to the difference in the outward and inward journey. He needed fifty-one strokes to get to the tenth tee, and then used up only thirty-nine coming back. In partial explanation, he said he was trying for everything on the first nine, and did so poorly that he "babied" his ball up to the holes on the second nine.

Although several of the experts who usually take part in this tournament were missing, the scores were low on the average. Four players under eighty is scarce in most tournaments. Gardiner W. White of Flushing was to have taken part, but telephoned yesterday that he could not come because of the illness of his wife.

The first and second rounds of match play for four flights will be held tomorrow, and the semi-final and final rounds in all divisions Saturday. There will be a handicap medal play affair Saturday, too.

The summaries:

Norman H. Maxwell, Aronimink, 40, 34—74; W. M. Reekie, Upper Montclair, 39, 37—76; Herbert M. Forrest, Lakewood, 40, 37—77; C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., Baltusrol, 43, 36—79; A. J. McClure, Lakewood, 43, 37—80; Jasper Lynch, Lakewood, 46, 37—83; Pierre A. Proal, Deal, 42, 41—83; S. M. Hirschberg, Powelton, 47, 38—85; H. C. Richard, Baltusrol, 42, 43—85; L. G. Spindler, Fox Hills, 45, 40—85; W. H. Davis, Lakewood, 48, 38—86; John C. Taylor, Country Club of Lakewood, Denver, 45, 41—86; J. T. Smith, Deal, 47, 40—87; F. P. Kimball, Deal, 47, 41—88; Frank Bartoo, Marine and Field, 44, 45—89; A. J. Mendes, Siwanoy, 48, 41—89; C. K. Rockwell, Lakewood, 49, 40—89; H. S. Hicks, Philadelphia Country Club, 44, 45—89.

P. S. McLaughlin, Scarsdale, 51, 39—90; O. D. Frost, Essex County, 50, 40—90; Henry Allsopp, Baltusrol, 48, 42—90; H. Stacy Smith, Deal, 49, 42—91; G. W. Statzell, Aronimink, 47, 44—91; E. Francis, Lakewood, 49, 46—95; M. Parker, Upper Montclair, 54, 43—97; Ray Tweffort, Bridgehampton, 47, 50—97; G. W. Beckle, Marine and Field, 49, 48—97; C. W. Billings, Deal, 52, 45—97; P. S. P. Randolph, Sr., Lakewood, 53, 44—97; G. L. Kingsland, Lakewood, 52, 46—98; A. P. Clapp, Lakewood, 50, 48—98; J. Lester Elsner, Monmouth County, 51, 47—98; Clarence Cone, Inwood, 52, 46—98; H. Suydam, Lakewood, 51, 47—98; C. R. Gillett, Wykagyl, 37, 42—99.

J. M. Clark, Westfield, 55, 44—99; J. A. Slattery, Seaview, 53, 46—99; Joshua C. Tayler, Powelton, 58, 42—100; G. R. Ruckert, Westfield, 50, 50—100; P. C. Poinier, unattached, 54, 46—100; H. C. Burrows, Monmouth County, 55, 45—100; W. S. Vanclief, Richmond County, 54, 46—100; H. B. Robie, Garden City Country Club, 54, 48—102; L. J. Gallagher, Lakewood, 55, 47—102; W. B. Kennedy, Wykagyl, 55, 48—103; Eberhard Faber, Richmond County, 54, 51—105; R. E. Thibaut, Wykagyl, 53, 53—106; G. Degener, Lakewood, 57, 49—106; M. B. Jones, unattached, 56, 51—107; F. J. Hopson, Ardsley, 53, 54—107; C. H. Smith, Baltusrol, 59, 53—112; R. H. Rycroft, Wykagyl, 57, 55—112; F. D. Hyde, Essex County, 66, 52—118; C. A. Runk, Apawamis, 62, 58—120.

FLUSHING HIGH IS BEATEN.

Two Points, Scored on Safety, Win for Binghamton Eleven.

Flushing Hig School's football team, scholastic champions of Long Island, journeyed to Binghamton, N. Y., yesterday to engage the Central High School aggregation in their annual game, and were beaten by a score of 2 to 0.

The lone points of the game came in the third quarter when a safety was recorded against Flushing. A Flushing attempt at punting in this period was blocked by Galvin of Central, but a Flushing athlete fell on the ball, making the safety.

KOLEHMAINEN HOME FIRST.

Wins Berwick Marathon for Third Successive Year, Beating Henigan.

Special to The New York Times.

BERWICK, Penn., Nov. 29.—Hannes Kolehmainen, the flying Finn, triumphed today for the third successive year in the annual Berwick marathon. This year was the first in which he was pushed to the finish, and it was the national senior cross-country champion, James Henigan of Boston, who ran neck and neck with him over the ten miles. Kolehmainen used his reserve strength for a sprint in the last quarter of a mile and beat him out. Otto Laakso of Brooklyn finished third. Henigan announced before the race that it would be his last one, and that he would quit running to enter the army.

KYRONEN LEADS HARRIERS.

Millrose A. A. Runner Captures Meadowbrook Event.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29.—Villar Kyronen, of the Millrose A. C., New York, today won the five-mile race of the Meadowbrook Athletic Association over the Cobb's Creek course in 3:21. Cummings of the University of Pennsylvania was second in 31:35, and McHale, also of Pennsylvania, finished third in 31:54.

PENN CUB HARRIERS IN VAN.

Quaker Freshmen Defeat Cornell Across Country by 23 to 43.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29.—The University of Pennsylvania freshmen cross-country runners today defeated the Cornell team in a five-mile race over the Cobb's Creek course here. The team score was: Pennsylvania, 23; Cornell, 43.

The best time was made by G. Q. Fownes, a Penn man, who covered the distance in 22:38. L. De Korn and S. W. Kiviat, both of Pennsylvania, finished second and third, respectively. De Korn's time was 22:53 and Kiviat made the course in 23:12.

BELL TO CAPTAIN PENN.

Quarter Back Elected Leader of Quaker Eleven for 1918.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29.—The Pennsylvania football team tonight unanimously elected De Benneville (Bert) Bell, quarter back, Captain of the 1918 eleven. Bell is a senior, but expects to return to college next year.

Bell, Howard Berry, and William Quigley, who have enlisted in the University of Pennsylvania Base Hospital Unit No. 20, will join the unit tomorrow. Henry J. Miller, the retiring Captain, will also enlist in the unit.

SPORTS FOR CAMPS PLANNED

A. A. U. to Hold Games for Soldiers and Sailors.

Before the end of the week officials of the Amateur Athletic Union will begin on a program of athletic championship competitions to be held at the various camps and cantonments throughout the country. This work, indorsed at the recent annual convention of the A. A. U., must wait on the appointment by the new President of the association, C. A. Dean of Chicago, of his National Championship Committee. This will be announced within the next few days, it is expected, and immediately the task of introducing the athletic activities at the many camps will be undertaken.

There are thirty-two of these mobilization and national army camps and cantonments in the various sections of the country, not to mention the naval training bases which are included in the resolution to promote athletic competitions, adopted at the recent A. A. U. meeting. The task of organizing this scheme to give the soldiers and sailors championship athletics of their own is no easy one. It would not be surprising if a month elapsed before the initial set of games in the series were promoted.

President Frederick W. Rubien of the Metropolitan Association, who is also Secretary Treasurer of the national body, was enthusiastic over the success of the proposition. "The main idea," said Mr. Rubien, "is to get the boys in the camps in the physical condition necessary for the task they have assumed in sharing their country's burden in this war. At the same time recreation of a pleasant sort will be afforded the soldiers as they get their bodies in good physical condition.

"In addition it is the present intention of the officials behind the movement to donate for each of these championships some token of supremacy which will afford an added incentive for the soldier-athletes. This feature, however, is comparatively unimportant. The big thing just now is to get the competitions properly mapped out and then, with the plans that will be devised, it is expected that the project will be successful."

President Rubien said that no formal steps toward getting the approval of Secretary of War Baker to the idea had been taken as yet. He also denied that a committee had been appointed to seek advice from Secretary Baker as to how best to spend the $5,000 appropriated by the A. A. U. for the competitions. Mr. Rubien declared the matter would be brought to the attention of Secretary Baker within a few days.

The A. A. U. officials plan to conduct competitions in boxing, wrestling, and cross-country running at each of the thirty-two camps. These sports are selected merely because they are the ones at present in season. The tentative plan calls for the continuation of the sports throughout the length of the war, and, as the seasons come in, swimming, handball, tug-of-war, and track and field meets will be held.

All competitions will be under supervision of the National Championship Committee of the A. A. U., and will be held simultaneously, or as near so as it is possible, at all of the camps. Civilian athletic instructors and Y. M. C. A. officials already at the camps will be acquainted with the rules and plans of the events and their aid will be enlisted in running off the tests, which will be held in elimination fashion. This means that each company will have its games to produce champions, then each battalion. Subsequently each brigade and regiment will have trials to decide the leaders, and this will bring the competition down to a question of champions of the divisions or camps.

Regulation A. A. U. championship medals will be awarded to the various winners, but the design of these have not as yet been determined. One of the most acceptable among the designs offered is a medal on the bar variety, which will give the successful competitors a souvenir of each of the events in which they excel. To the champion of a company will be presented a medal, according to this design, and if he is successful in the battalion competition to the medal will be added a bar with a suitable inscription.

DATES FOR UNION FIVE.

Strenuous Program Arranged, Opening Dec. 13 and Closing March 9.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Nov. 29.—The basket ball schedule at Union College is complete with the exception of the two prospective games with the College of the City of New York and the one with Rutgers, which have not been defintely arranged. It stands as follows:

Dec. 13, Clarkson Tech. College, at home; Dec. 15, State College, at home; Dec. 22, College of the City of New York, New York; Dec. 29, University of Rochester, at Rochester; Jan. 5, Yale, at home; Jan. 12, Renns. Poly Institute, at home; Jan. 19, St. Lawrence, at home; Jan. 23, Williams, at Williamstown; Jan. 26, Amherst, at Amherst; Feb. 9, College of the City of New York, at home; Feb. 13, Williams, at home; Feb. 16, Wesleyan, at home; Feb. 22, West Point, at West Point; Feb. 23, Rutgers, New Brunswick; March 2, R. P. I., at Troy; March 8, Amherst, at home; March 9, Wesleyan, at Middletown.

The team has elected Isadore Yavits, 19, of Schenectady as Captain. Yavits takes the place of Jimmie Mudge, who went to Fort Madison and is now a First Lieutenant in the regular army. It is a long time since a junior has been Captain of the basket ball team, but this year Union's athletic seniors are most of them in some form or other of national service.

GEORGIO CAPTURES YONKERS MARATHON

Late Starter from the West, However, Makes the Fastest Time Over Long Course.

Joseph Georgio of the Paulist A. C., whose previous efforts have been confined to ordinary long distance races, gained a place among noted Marathon runners yesterday by winning the eleventh annual Yonkers Marathon race of the Mercury A. C., over a 25-mile course that started and finished at the corner of Jerome and Yonkers Avenues. Georgio began the race as an experiment and was prepared to stop if he found the contest over the hilly roads too tryin. The pace he set was altogether too fast for the mediocre field of twenty-six that answered the call, and after cutting out a big lead in the first five miles Georgio ambled along at his own pace and cantered home in front more than five minutes ahead of H. Spies of the Morningside A. C., who took second place, about thirty yards in front of J. Brooks of the Mohawk A. C.

Remarkable as was the victory of Georgio in his first attempt over such a long route, it was put in the shade by the achievement of Frank Gillespie of Chicago, the only Westerner who essayed competition with the local runners. Gillespie had miscalculated the time necessary to reach the starting point on the edge of the Yonkers race track and when he arrived the contestants who had been started at 12.30 were already well on their way. Nothing daunted the Westerner, who stripped and donned his running clothes, setting off in pursuit of the field twenty-five minutes after the others had been sent on their way.

Gillespie, who has a ten-mile championship of the Central Association to his credit, showed running ability far superior to the men he was chasing. In the first ten miles of the race he gained fourteen minutes on those in front of him, and swinging along with a long, easy stride cut down all but five of the twenty-six starters. He finished in sixth place. The character of his performance may be realized by the fact that his time taken from the actual starting was 2 hours, 49 minutes, 24 seconds, more than ten minutes faster than that credited to Georgio, whose winning time was 2:59:51.

In all the eleven years of the Yonkers marathon, which ranks second in importance to the Boston race, it is doubtful if such a poor field has competed. The weather was ideal and the bracing atmosphere contributed to fast time, yet there was no one able to keep pace with Georgio after he took the lead away from his clubmate, G. Kirkwood, who was in the van for the first mile. Harry Parkinson, winner of the event in 1915, made no effort to keep up the pace, and through J. Brooks of the Mohawk A. C., who was third last year, was always in the first division, he could not cut down the leader's advantage.

Two circuits of a course about six miles, embracing Webster and Jerome Avenues, were first negotiated, after which Georgia was leading by three-quarters of a mile. He covered the first five miles in 31:12 and then miles in 62:32. D. Trivioviidis was second and Harry Spies, third, at the end of the two first circuits, with W. Boak and J. Brooks, both Mohawk A. C. men, following closely.

After reaching the starting point for the second time the runners were sent on a long lap which led them to the Hartsdale Inn. Georgio had only to race along in front, but there was a tussle for the places. The strain was too much for Trivioviidis and he was passed by both Spies and Brooks. The latter apparently did not overexert himself, to improve on the position he gained a year ago, but ran as though he preferred the prize offered for third place.

There were long gaps between the runners after the third man had finished. Only thirteen of the starters finished in the four hours allowed for placing the men. One of these was the bewhiskered O. S. Weeks, who, though nearing the half-century mark, kept at his task with vigor enough to land in ninth place and beat Parkinson, who met with a fall and complained that he had not been properly coached on the journey. Weeks, who is a member of the Hollywood Inn A. A., won prizes as the first Yonkers man to finish and also the first local clubman. Several walkers essayed competition with the runners, but none of those who affected the heel and toe gait had arrived when the officials closed up their scoring books.

The order of finish:

	H.M.S.
1. J. Georgio, Paulist A. C.	2:59:51
2. H. Spies, Morningside A. C.	3:05:05
3. J. Brooks, Mohawk A. C.	3:05:15
4. P. Trivioriidis, unattached	3:07:03
5. W. Franz, Mohawk A. C.	3:10:40
6. F. Gillespie, Chicago	3:14:24
7. G. Kirkwood, Paulist A. C.	3:25:43
8. W. Boak, Mohawk A. C.	3:28:32
9. O. S. Weeks, Hollywood Inn A. C.	3:34:46
10. H. Parkinson, Morningside A. C.	3:35:17
11. R. A. Hug, Glencove A. C.	3:42:06
12. C. Rado, unattached	3:51:21
13. Jean P. Barinque, Azanam A. A.	3:58:19

SCORING SYSTEM CHANGED.

New Method Adopted for Cycle Race Beginning Sunday Night.

A new scoring system for the six-day cycle race, which starts at Madison Square Garden Sunday night, was announced last evening by Manager William H. Wellman. Points will be awarded every afternoon and evening, during the three hours of the guaranteed sprints, from 2:30 to 3:30, and from 8:30 to 10:30.

Six places are to be counted in each sprint during these hours, and the points uring the first five days will be awarded as follows: Six for first place, 5 for second, 4 for third, 3 for fourth, 2 for fifth, and 1 for sixth.

On Saturday afternoon the leader in each sprint will be credited with 12 points, while second position will net 5 points; third, 4; fourth, 3; fifth, 2, and sixth, 1. On Saturday night, in the final hour sprint, at every mile first place will receive 72 points, while the distribution of points for the other five positions remains unchanged, second place receiving 5 points, &c.

By this system it will be impossible for any team to pile up a winning lead before the final evening, unless it laps the field. In such an event it will be necessary for the fortunate combination to keep up with the field in every sprint in order to hold its advantage. Yesterday's holiday was not a day of rest for the thirty star riders who are entered in the grind. They all worked out at the Newark Velodrome or covered a distance on the road.

Tea and Staib Lead Harriers.

Finishing in first and fifth positions as a team in the members' blind handicap, five and one-half miles road race of the Glencoe A. C., yesterday, Michael Tea (scratch) and G. Staib (0:30) won the first prize, with a total of six points. Second prize went to H. Mayer (2:00) and F. Pugliatt, (3:00,) this pair finishing in third and fourth positions, respectively. E. Farrell (scratch) and E. Lillis (scratch) finished in second and sixth places and won third place.

Dumont First on Plainfield Links.

Leading his field at five down against par M. J. Dumont captured the honors in the holiday golf competition at the Plainfield Country Club yesterday. The event was an eighteen-hole handicap against par, which is 71. A. J. Watson, with six down, was second, and J. W. Baker and G. F. Schoonmaker, at nine down each, tied for third place.

Hearne First in Auto Race.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 29.—Eddie Hearne won the fifty-mile automobile Liberty Sweepstakes at Ascot Park today and made a world's record for the distance on a one-mile speedway. His time was 41 minutes 54 1-10 seconds, an average of 71.5 miles an hour. Milton was second, Chevrolet third, and Belden fourth.

COCHRAN IS FAR IN VAN.

Leads in 18.2 Billiard Match with Mayer by 1,950 to 1,043.

The old saying about there being no second in a race may be resuscitated for the 2,500 point 18.2 billiard match between Welker Cochran and Joseph Mayer at Maurice Daly's Billiard Academy. Cochran is now so far in the van that his lead is measured in hundreds of points. The score, including yesterday's games, is now 1,950 to 1,043 in favor of the Chicago expert.

Cochran continues to display billiards of high standard. In the afternoon match yesterday he defeated Mayer by 250 to 210 and in the evening he triumped by 300 to 180. Cochran averaged 22 8-11 in the afternoon game and in the night contest his average was 37 4-8.

Mayer showed much better billiards than heretofore in the afternoon game. His average mounted close to that which Cochran set, and it was a keenly waged contest before the Chicago representative succeeded in securing the victory. Mayer at times had the ivories under fine control and nursed them for good-sized runs, one totaling 68 and the other 64.

In the evening Cochran romped away with the game. After starting poorly, he struggled along far behind Mayer until the last two innings, when he burst into two runs that topped the hundred mark. The first was 113 and this was followed by another of 115.

The scores:

AFTERNOON GAME.

Cochran—44 16 50 3 1 35 2 12 40 1 46. Total—250. High runs—50, 46, and 44. Average—22 8-11.

Mayer—0 68 5 0 22 66 18 3 0 28. Total—210. High runs—68 and 66. Average—21.

EVENING GAME.

Cochran—0 0 64 6 1 1 113 115. Total—300. High runs—115, 113, and 64. Average—37 4-8.

Mayer—0 38 30 76 28 1 9. Total—180. High runs—76 and 38. Average—25 5-7.

JERSEY BEATS NEW YORK.

Defeat Empire State Team in Soccer Match by 2 to 1.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 29.—New Jersey captured the honors in the annual inter-state soccer match with New York at Clark's Athletic Field in Eas Newark, this afternoon, when the visitors, winners in 1915 and 1916, sufered defeat by the score of 2 goals to 1. The rival teams shared the honors of the first half, during which each scored once.

A penalty against Post, the Jersey right full back, yielded the first point for New York. Van den Eynden of the Interborough R. T. eleven negotiated the free kick half an hour after the start. eNw York did not long enjoy this brief triumph for within three minutes the Jerseymen made the score a tie through a tally by Brierley of the Scottish Americans, fraom a pass by Vandeweghe.

The teams remained on even terms until the middle of the second half. It was then that A. Vandewoghe of the Paterson F. C., formerly with the New York Football Club, shot the winning goal after brilliant individual work. Wilson of the Clan McDonalds saved New York on two critical occasions in the second half from further scoring.

PENALTIES AID BETHLEHEM.

Two Tallies Result from Them and N. Y. Loses at Soccer, 3 to 2.

BETHLEHEM, Penn., Nov. 29.—Two penalties awarded to the team of the Bethlehem Football Club, champion of the American Football Association, deprived the soccer eleven of the New York Football Club of what promised to be a hard-earned victory in the series of the National Football League here today, and Bethlehem won by the score of 3 goals to 2. New York led at half time by 2-0, the goals having been shot by Petrie and Koelsch.

Not long after ends had been changed trouble began to brew between the rival teams and Robertson of New York, after being struck twice, had to leave the game, and with him went Casey of the home team, by order of the referee. Fifteen minutes later, McKelvey tallied the first point for Bethlehem, after which came the two penalties given against New York. These were both successfully negotiated by Fleming.

EBBETS APPEALS TO CLERGY

Argues That Sunday Baseball Should Be Permitted.

President Ebbets of the Brooklyn Baseball Club has sent a circular letter to all the clergymen of Brooklyn explaining the position of the club in advocating Sunday baseball, and asking the views of the clergy on the subject.

The letter, in part, follows: "We desire to submit for your consideration the reasons why we advocate the amending of the old blue law for the purpose of legally playing baseball games on Sunday afternoons; said law, which was enacted in 1787, reads as follows:

"'All shooting, hunting, fishing, playing, horse racing, gaming or other public sports, exercises or shows, upon the first day of the week, and all noises disturbing the peace of the day, are prohibited.'

"It is a fact that the law is a dead letter with respect to every activity against which it is directed except baseball games at Ebbets Field.

"During the thirty-five years of the Brooklyn Baseball Club we have repeatedly been requested by the public to play championship games at our grounds on Sundays (which would be conducted in a proper and orderly manner without interfering with church hours or the repose of the community). These requests come mainly from those who cannot spare time from business during the week; who have only Sundays for recreation and to witness their favorite pastime; we have endeavored to comply with the wishes of this large and constantly increasing number of Brooklyn residents, but always have been enjoined by the enforcement of the aforementioned law; therefore, with the thought of securing the requests of the public in some tangible shape, we circulated a petition to the Legislature requesting the legalization of Sunday baseball, and obtained with little trouble between 40,000 and 50,000 signatures.

"We are living in a far different community to that of 130 years ago, when this law was adopted, and we are confident that a vast majority of the respectable, law-abiding, church-going citizens and public officials of the present day want the aforementioned blue law amended in order that they may not only witness the harmless game of professional baseball on Sunday, but also enjoy other forms of recreation which are now permitted.

"Statistics of cities where Sunday baseball is played prove that the church has not been interfered with; that the morals of the community have been improved; that less intoxication prevails, and that many clergy and public officials who were first opposed to Sunday baseball now approve it."

Suydam Wins Turkey at Traps.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Nov. 29.—Harry Suydam of New York, shooting from scratch, won the special Thanksgiving Day shoot this afternoon at the Laurel House Gun Club traps with a score of 96 out of 100. P. S. P. Randolph was second with 92. An eighteen-pound live turkey was the winner's trophy. Other shooters were J. Holman, C. K. Billings, Archibald McClure, Andrew Murphy, and others.

Snare Victorious on Range.

Turkeys were the prizes offered yesterday in the Thanksgiving Day shoot of the Millrose A. A. Gun Club at Bath Beach for three clay pigeon events. George Snare won in the first event at twenty-five birds, with a score of 23 from scratch. In the second event a tie resulted between J. A. McDonald, Charles T. O'Brien, and J. W. Dow, and on the shoot-off McDonald won the prize. In the third shoot the turkey went to A. Gilmore, with a score of 21.

STEIN'S EYE KEEN AT N. Y. A. C. TRAPS

He Leads Gunners in Holiday Shoot at Travers Island, with 154 Breaks.

It was the intention of the New York Athletic Club to have a 200 clay pigeon handicap shoot over its Travers Island traps yesterday. As an exceptionally large field reported for a holiday shoot the committee decided to cut the program to a race at 160 targets. Five scratch and five handicap prizes were offered, no one gunner being allowed to take more than one trophy.

Conrad Stein was the high scratch gunner of the afternoon, taking first prize with a card of 154-10-160. Then came T. A. Lawrence, A. C. Bennett, Dr. G. H. Martin, and A. L. Burns, in the order named. The high handicap gunner was W. B. Ogden. The balance of the prizes were won by R. M. Owen, G. M. Thomson, L. W. Thompson, and J. P. Donovan. The handicap prizes were won on a shootoff, in which more than a dozen gunners competed.

The day was ideal, and practically all of the nimrods had excellent scores. No less than eleven gunners had full scores of 160 targets.

The scores:

HOLIDAY SHOOT—160 TARGETS—HANDICAP.

Name.	Hit.	H'cap.	T'l.
Conrad Stein	154	10	160
T. A. Lawrence	151	15	160
A. C. Bennett	150	15	160
W. B. Ogden	142	18	160
R. M. Owen	142	20	160
G. M. Thomson	144	18	160
L. W. Thompson	147	15	160
J. P. Donovan	149	15	160
Dr. Thilman	133	40	160
R. R. Debacher	120	40	160
A. W. Currie	126	35	160
F. B. Stephenson	149	10	159
G. H. Martin	149	10	159
A. L. Burns	149	10	159
H. H. Duden	138	20	158
G. J. Corbett	148	10	158
M. McVoy, Jr.	143	15	158
D. I. Bradley	144	12	156
W. R. Delehanty	130	20	156
F. E. Williamson	114	40	154
C. L. MacLeod	114	40	154
G. M. Pynchon	129	25	154
R. L. Spotts	143	10	153
W. C. Bowers	133	20	153
M. Jones	117	35	152
R. R. Owen	130	20	150
F. M. Wilson	130	20	150
W. B. Short	140	10	150
J. I. Brandenberg	123	15	148
R. B. Cole	127	15	142
W. F. Banks	98	35	133
H. Keller	132	0	132

SCHEDULE FOR C. C. N. Y.

Yale and Columbia Not Listed as Basket Ball Opponents.

The City College basketball schedule has been announced by Manager Lifton. Yale and Columbia are missing from this year's program, but New York University, which has not played the City College five recently, is back.

The Lavender team will meet Princeton early next month. Dartmouth, Colgate, and the University of Pennsylvania are some of the other big college fives the local boys will meet. One of the games will be with a team from Fort Slocum composed of former collegiate stars.

The quintet will make two trips. One is to Annapolis, during the Christmas vacation to meet the Annapolis team. On a Spring trip up State C. C. N. Y. will play Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Union, Colgate, St. Lawrence, and Potsdam.

Last year the City College team ran up a string of victories interrupted only by defeats at the hands of the Navy, Princeton, and Dartmouth. These games were lost by a total of only five points.

The schedule is as follows:

Dec. 1, St. Johns here; 8, Princeton here; 15, New York University here; 22, Union here; 29, Navy at Annapolis; Jan. 1, Dartmouth here; 5, Fort Slocum here; 12, Amherst here; Feb. 7-12, Spring trip, R. P. I., Union, Colgate, St. Lawrence, and Potsdam; 16, University of Pennsylvania here; 23, Rochester here; 27, tentative, Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute here; March 2, St. Lawrence here; 9, R. P. I. here.

SHEPPARD TRAINING ARMY.

Prominent Athlete to Coach Soldiers at Camp Shelby, in Mississippi.

Melvin W. Sheppard, who several years ago was among the world's leading half-mile runners, has taken up his duties as athletic director of Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss., where the Thirty-eighth Division of the United States Army is training, under command of Brig. Gen. E. H. Lewis. Sheppard is the first among the prominent athletes identified with the Amateur Athletic Union to receive such an appointment.

Sheppard has carned the reputation of being one of the best athletes ever produced in this country. He was the holder of several championship titles, including Olympic records, and also had to his credit a number of records for various distances on the track. The former Irish-American A. C. star is well equipped to discharge the duties of his new position. He formerly coached the athletes of the Sixty-ninth Regiment in this city and the Millrose A. A.

The soldiers in training at Camp Shelby are members of the National Guard units from West Virginia, Kentucky, and Indiana. Sheppard will commence his duties as director of athletics at the camp as a civilian aid, but will probably receive a commission later on.

JACK PITCAIRN IS DEAD.

Was a Picturesque Figure in Pennsylvania Billiard Circles.

With the death of Andrew Jackson Pitcairn recently a picturesque figure passed away from the billiard and baseball circles of Pennsylvania and more particularly Pittsburgh. Jack Pitcairn was known by billiard and baseball enthusiasts throughout the Keystone State. Until his retirement several years ago he had been a conductor on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and in that capacity was known by prominent men, very many of whom he could outplay at the cue game and with all of whom he could chat about the two branches of sports in which he and they were interested.

For many years Pitcairn had been a boxholder at Barney Dreyfuss's ball park, Forbes Field, and spent many a training season with the Pirates when they patronized Hot Springs. After he retired from active duty on the railroad Pitcairn devoted most of his time to attending baseball games when the Buccaneers played at home and playing billiards at Pittsburgh, where he could hold his own successfully against the best amateurs the Smoky City had to offer. Pitcairn was a nephew of the late Robert Pitcairn, superintendent of the Pittsburgh division of the Pennsylvania Railroad and later general agent of that district. At the time of the Johnstown flood Pitcairn had charge of a train running between Pittsburgh and Altoona, and when the flood swept the city performed heroically in helping in the rescue work.

Bartfield Outpoints Marty Cross.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 29.—Soldier Bartfield of New York won a decision over Marty Cross of the same city before the National A. C. at Marieville today. The bout was a hard one from start to finish, but the soldier had a fair margin.

Kentucky Title for Centre College.

DANVILLE, Ky., Nov. 29.—On a field ankle deep in mud, the Centre College football team established an undisputed claim to the intercollegiate championship of Kentucky here today by defeating Georgetown College 18 to 0.

YALE LOOKS TO FUTURE.

'Varsity Material Evident in This Year's Cub Eleven.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 29.—Yale's football season closed Saturday, and before the formal disbanding of the squads, efforts were made to map out a general policy for another year. Dr. Arthur Brides, who has been head coach of the freshman and the informal upper class elevens, has wound up the year with two teams in tip-top shape. His coaching has enabled the Athletic Association to feel reassured that a tip-top eleven can be placed on the gridiron next Fall, provided the association desires to permit a 'Varsity team, and to arrange a formal schedule.

The material which Dr. Brides turned over to the association today, on concluding the season, includes the strongest freshman eleven Yale has had, with the single exception of the team captained by Ted Coy, which included the stars Carroll Cooney, Dutch Goebel, Ted Lilley, Buster Brown, Dummy Logan, and Steve Philbin. The freshman eleven, which today met Princeton in a game attended by more than 10,000 people, and one in which Yale ruled easily favorite, was perhaps an even better balanced team than that of Coy, for it contained no weak spots.

Although the star of the backfield is John French of New York City, the former Pomfret School star, his companion back, Bob Lay, also late of Pomfret, and Don Dines, the former Andover player, compose a remarkably effective trio in ground gaining, and Jim Neville, field general, brother of Joe, whose touchdown won Yale's games from Harvard and Princeton last year, has proved first-class. He is Yale's lightest football player in many years, weighing only 140 pounds. He succeeded John Baker, another Pomfret player, only two weeks ago.

Yale's freshman line, averaging 173 pounds, is staunch and fast. Captain Acosta, centre, is Yale's most brilliant recent snap back. Welsh, the former Choate School guard, and Trippe, who came from the Hill School, form a pair of flanks who are easily 'Varsity class. Munger, late of Exeter, and Leon Walker, who was Acting Captain most of the Fall, a former Hotchkiss player, are of the rangy and fast style of tackles, although heavy and strong. Dilworth, who made a reputation at end at St. Mark's School, and Walton Scully, his companion, together with Ed Shevlin, reserve end man, comprise three excellent players for this position. Of the Informal eleven, Charley Stewart, 'Varsity substitute last year; Stradella, the basket ball star, and Hamill are three backfield players who will step directly into 'Varsity positions. Borders, an end, who punts exceptionally well, Vorys and Sidenburg, guards, are also sure of 'Varsity trials another year if there is a 'Varsity eleven.

Although all the members of both these elevens, as well as all Yale's athletic teams, belong to the college military units, not one of the freshman team is yet 20 years old, and the entire eleven will be exempt from the draft until next Fall. It is certain, however, that some will volunteer should the war last during another football season. A proposition which will be considered before another football season opens is, however, that of combining the freshman material with that of the upper class teams, the informal squad, and making the best of the situation by gridironing one team. It is by no means certain, however, that this plan will be adopted, as a strong sentiment exists at Yale in favor of the keeping the freshman squad intact.

VIOLET PASSERS AT WORK.

Big Squad Reports to Coach for Basket Ball Practice.

Practice for the basket ball squad is now under way at New York University, with forty candidates reporting. Harry Haring, coach of last year's five, again will guide the destinies of the Violet.

Only one regular from last year's 'Varsity team is back. On the other hand, the freshmen have several all-scholastic players among them. Egan, the foot-ball star and forward on the basket ball team since coming to college, may hold down his old position. Baker, a guard, and Marin, a forward, who were first-string substitutes last year and played in a number of games, are back again this year.

In looking about for a centre, Coach Haring is considering Baker, whose size and speed fit him for this position. The other positions on the team will be filled from among the many men who have responded to the call for candidates. Among the aspirants this year are Billo, Gardiner, Fernandez, all members of the football squad. These men, together with Baker and Egan, who also are on the football team, will report for the first time this week, now that the football season is over.

Of last year's crack quintet all but one would have been back had this been a normal year. Phillips, the guard, was graduated, and of the others Captain Storey is a Lieutenant at Spartanburg; Cann is an ensign in the navy; Carroll is a Lieutenant in the Aviation Corps and Mooney is in the Naval Reserve.

Coach Haring expects to have an exceptionally fast freshman team. A special schedule has been arranged for the 1921 men, and from the abundant material a fast five will be picked. The rookies have in their midst Brown of Boy's High, Lawrence Holman, a brother of Captain Holman of C. C. N. Y., and Goldstein and Schuman, all of whom are all-scholastic players.

Practices will be held four times a week. The first game with C. C. N. Y. comes on Dec. 15. Manager Robert Post has announced the following schedule for the 'Varsity:

Dec. 15, C. C. N. Y. at C. C. N. Y.; Dec. 21, Lafayette at home; Jan. 5, Rutgers at New Brunswick; Jan. 11, Amherst at home; Jan. 19, Army at West Point; Feb. 2, Navy at Annapolis; Feb. 9, Syracuse at home; Feb. 16, Colgate at home; Feb. 22, Syracuse at Syracuse; Feb. 23, Colgate at Hamilton; Feb. 27, Lehigh at South Bethlehem; March 2, Swarthmore at home.

The freshmen dates are as follows:

Dec. 15, C. C. N. Y. at C. C. N. Y.; Dec. 21, Dickinson H. S. at home; Jan. 5, Hoboken H. S. at home; Jan. 11, Webb Academy at home; Jan. 19, Army at West Point; Feb. 9, Newton H. S. at home; Feb. 13, Montclair H. S. at Montclair; Feb. 16, Morris H. S. at home.

TRAINERS AT NEW STABLES.

Leaders on Grand Circuit Change Scene of Activities.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 29.—A survey of the harness racing activities made here shows that many of the prominent Grand Circuit trainers have changed the scene of their efforts and will not be found handling the same stables next year that they were associated with during the past season.

The local reinsman, Billy Andrews, who was obliged to give up training the Pastime Stable horses in 1915 on account of severe illness, has again taken up the work where he left off and is now in harness at Thomasville, Ga. Ben White, succeeded by Andrews, will train a public stable, in addition to several of his own personal horses. Kaintuck Floyd, who has been free lancing for a couple of seasons, has signed with S. A. Fletcher of Indianapolis. This makes three trainers now for the big Hoosier Stable, Lon McDonald doing the regular teaming, with Floyd and Henry Thomas handling the colts and fillies.

Fred Egan, who has trained for J. H. Elspass of Denver for a number of years and who brought out the great pacer Braden Direct, has just closed a contract with George H. Estabrook, another Denver horseman, and Fred will be seen on the Grand Circuit in 1918 with the Colorado-owned nags. Egan relieves Ollie Graves, who was seriously injured at Columbus this year and whose health has become worse.

Walter Traynor, who has been handling the horses for the Pittsburgh matinée crowd for several years past, has signed with Henry J. Schlesinger, the Milwaukee millionaire horseman. It was first reported that Ben White would have charge of the Schlesinger Stable, but this was premature.

Jack Leonard, who last season campaigned the horses of the Old Colony Stable, at South Weymouth, Mass., and had among others the sterling trotter M. L. J., well remembered by North Randall fans, has resigned his commission there, but to date has made no arrangements for 1918.

HIGHLAND LAD WINS HANDICAP AT BOWIE

W. A. Burttschell's Three-Year-Old Runs a Fine Race Under Piloting of Stirling.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 29.—W. A. Burttschell's three-year-old colt ran one of his best races today when he captured the Thanksgiving Handicap, which was the feature of a holiday card that attracted a good crowd to the track. Highland Lad had to carry 120 pounds and received weight from only one horse in the race, J. F. Sweeney's Hauberk, a five-year-old that finished third, the pair being split by Fenmouse, owned by W. M. Jeffords. Highland Lad was prominent in the running throughout and, well handled by Stirling, won with a little to spare in 1:49, a remarkably good performance considering that the track was not at its best.

M. Shea's Tea Caddy, which has been beaten in many races in Maryland, came to life in the Sunny South Handicap at six and a half furlongs and in a rattling finish got home in front of R. F. Carman's Startling, the top weight in the handicap. Tea Caddy showed a remarkable flight of speed, the time of 1:19 1-5 clipping two-fifths of a second from the track record.

J. Mooney, a jockey who has come to the front at this meeting, had a successful day, riding three winners, J. Arthur's Edith Baumann in the second race, G. L. Goodacre's Golden Bantam in the third, and D. Cunningham's Woodtrap in the seventh.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Time—1:15 1-5.
Jane Mary, J. Murphy's b. f., 111 pounds, by Voorhees-Handsome Florry, $8.60, $3.80, and $3.50, (C. Kummer)....1
Grayson, Kentucky Stable's b. c., 116, by Sir John Johnson-Melee, $3.40 and $3.10, (W. O'Brien)....2
Simon Pure, G. H. Browne's b. g., 105, by Simon Square-Catherine B., $4.70, third, (H. Erickson)....3
Jim Dinney, Sun Kiss, Sabretash, Matoaka, Senator Broderick, Sallie Waters, Goblin, and Genevieve B. also ran. Candidate II. scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:48 1-5.
Edith Baumann, J. Arthur's ch. f., 4 years, 104 pounds, by Prince of Melbourne-Rose Prim, $9, $4.80, and $3.10, (J. Mooney)..1
Swift Fox, W. Durnan's b. c., 3, 107, by Tony Bonero-Tallahassee, $6.80 and $4.80, (D. Stirling)....2
Onwa, J. J. Fitzgerald's ch. c., 3, 107, by Dalhousie-Thistledown, $2.80 third, (C. Kummer)....3
Andes, Handfull, Cuddle Up, Milton Campbell, Doctor Charcot, Tom Lowrey, and Charmeuse also ran. Christie, Goodwood, Lynn, Corn Broom, Bativa, Rose Finn, King Hamburg, and Kingling II. scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:49.
Golden Bantam, G. L. Goodacre's ch. f., 4 years, 104 pounds, by Star Shoot-Autumn Leaves, $13.20, $6, and $3.40, (J. Mooney)....1
Flora Finch, W. L. Maupin's ch. f., 3, 104, by Transvaal-Realgnation, $9 and $3, (C. Kummer)....2
Lady Little, W. T. Anderson's ch. f., 4, 101, by Trap Rock-Gold Lady, $2.40, third, (M. Rowan)....3
Billy Oliver, Akeldama, Cousin Dan, Old Ben, Beau of Menlo, Pescock, and Carlton G. also ran. Dartworth, Richard Langdon, Maxim's Choice, Working Lad, G. M. Miller, Miss Represent, Thorn Bloom, and March Court scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—The Thanksgiving Handicap; for all ages; $1,000 added; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:49.
Highland Lad, W. A. Burttschell's br. c., 3 years, 120 pounds, by Dick Welles-Bessie Spahr; $6.50, $3.80, and $2.80, (D. Stirling)....1
Fenmouse, W. M. Jeffords's b. m., 5, 113, by Rock Sand-Fluttermouse; $5.70 and $3.20, (E. Ambrose)....2
Hauberk, J. F. Sweeney's b. g., 5, 126, by Martinet-Druid; $3.20 third, (T. Rice)....3
Woodstone, Vermont, Wood Violet, King Neptune, and Sixteen to One also ran. Fountain Fay, Woodtrap, Shooting Star, Game Cock, Barry Shannon, and Felucca scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—The Sunny South Handicap; for all ages; purse, $700; six and a half furlongs. Time—1:19 1-5.
Tea Caddy, M. Shea's ch. g., 4 years, 112 pounds, by Rock Sand-Tea's Over, $17.30, $7.30, and $1.40, (W. O'Brien)....1
Startling, R. F. Carman's b. c., 4, 128, by Marta Santa-Country Fraud, $3.30 and $2.60, (J. Butwell)....2
Jock Scott, R. L. Bresler's br. c., 3, 113, by Ogden-Frankie, $3.10 third, (T. Rice)....3
Between Us, Water Lady, and Babcock also ran. Woodstone, Woodtrap, and Game Cock scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse, $600; one mile and a quarter. Time—2:11.
Brother Jonathan, E. Arlington's br. c., 3 years, 101 pounds, by Yankee-Sister Stella, $4.70, $3.30, and $2.50, (G. Walle)....1
Christie, E. T. Zollicoffer's b. g., 5, 108, by Star Shoot-Chullta, $4.50 and $3, (T. Rice)....2
N. K. Beal, J. F. Cleaver's ch. c., 3, 98, by Glorifier-Puritan Girl, $3.20, third, (C. Mergler)....3
Lady Edwina, Ed Bond, Captain Ray, and Battle Abbey also ran. Greetings and Malheur scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $600; one mile and twenty yards. Time—1:43 2-5.
Woodtrap, D. Cunningham's ch. c., 3 years, 97 pounds, by Trap Rock-Woodvine, $7.20, $5, and $3.10, (J. Mooney)....1
*Bond, E. T. Zollicoffer's ch. g., 3, 105, by Ethelbert-Boudoir, $3.30 and $2.50, (D. Stirling)....2
Master Karma, E. Hedley's br. g., 3, 106, by Burgomaster-Lady Kanna, $4.40 third, (M. Rowan)....3
Right, Kilts, *Felucca, and Ellison also ran. Dan scratched.
*Coupled as Zollicoffer entry.
Weather cloudy; track good.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; one mile. Green Grass, 106 pounds; Happy Smile, 100; Milrace, 97; *Sunny Hill, 104; *Wichaka, 95; *Kokohi, 92; Babette, 103; Jim Dinney, 100; Sister Marjorie, 97; *Moosehead, 104; *Rabunta II., 95; Start Right, 103; Sun Kiss, 100; *Ideal, 106; *Garrone, 98; *Tit-for-Tat, 92. Also eligible: Sixteen to One, 110; *George W. Avery, 104; Bonne Cause, 95; Grayson, 103; Flying Dart, 107.

SECOND RACE.—The Bowie Juvenile Purse, for two-year-olds; six and a half furlongs. The Porter, 115 pounds; Onico, 112; George W. Avery, 110; Partizan, 104; Umatilla, 109; Nominee, Game Cock, 110 each; Flying Dart, 101; Sweep Up II., 112; Sixteen to One, 110; Golden Soldier, 104. The Porter and Umatilla, Ross entry.

THIRD RACE.—For all ages, claiming; seven furlongs. Mallora, 113 pounds; Sea Beach, 110; *Zouave, 115; *Preston Lynn, 106; *Starwort, 96; Refugee, 111; Miss Gayle, 108; *Miss Kruter, 110; *Linette, 109; Uncle Jimmie, 111; Dioscoride, 96; *Lohengrin, 106; Alvord, 102. Also eligible: Boston, 107; Scarpia II., 102.

FOURTH RACE.—The Au Revoir Handicap, for all ages; one mile. Highland Lad, 104 pounds; Water Lady, 107; Woodtrap, 101; Shooting Star, 115; Barry Shannon, 107; Felucca, 110; Woodstone, 107.

FIFTH RACE.—For all ages; claiming; one mile and twenty yards. Malheur, 114 pounds; Early Morn, Pharaoh, 111 each; Annie Edgar, 103; *Smithfield, 106; Elizabeth S., 86; Anxiety, Richard Langdon, 111 each; May W., 109; Dalrose, 94; *Joe Finn, 106; Ed Weiss, Akeldama, 111 each; Mary Warren, 108; Miss Peep, 91; *Working Lad, 106. Also eligible: *Miss Represent, 98; Hampton Dame, 108; *Blue Thistle, 106; Dartworth, Milton Campbell, 111 each; *Handful, 106.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and an eighth. *Lady Little, 100 pounds; Sam Slick, 108; *Onwa, 100; *Mirza, 94; *Rosewater, 96; Pierrot, 104; Ed Bond, 111; *Greetings, 100; Luther, 108; *Battle Abbey, 99; *Baby Sister, 98; *Muckross, 94; N. K. Beal, 107; Euterpe, 100; G. M. Miller, 111; Christie, 108. Also eligible: *Batwa, 99; *Miss Represent, 91; Little England, 106; Wild Thyme, 102; Old Pep, 106.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a sixteenth. Dan, 107 pounds; Wild Thyme, 97; *Kilts, 102; *Flying Lane, 95; N. K. Beal, 104; Widow Bedotte, *Between Us, 95 each; *Crepuscule, 90; Pond, 104; *Tieuin, 113; *Kebo, 99.
*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Dates for Harvard Cub Seven.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 29.—Fred W. Moore, graduate manager of the H. A. A., announces the following freshman hockey schedule: Jan. 11, Stone School, at Stadium; Jan. 19, Pomfret, at Pomfret, Conn.; Jan. 26, Exeter, at Stadium; Feb. 2, Andover, at Stadium; Feb. 9, St. Paul's School, at Concord, N. H. If Princeton and Yale form 1921 teams contests will later be arranged with them.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOV. 30, 1917.

RUSSIA AND THE ALLIES.

Illusion is the meat and drink of Socialists, above all of international Socialists. They live on it. Consequently, realities are often beyond their ken. This psychological fact must be kept in view and always in mind by the Allies in determining what measures they shall take to stay the ravages of the Bolsheviki in Petrograd, to destroy their influence and their power before they accomplish their purpose of concluding a separate peace with Germany, which would be, of course, a disaster to the Allies, but ruin and destruction for Russia.

Consideration has been given to the sending of a joint or identic note to LENINE, pointing out to him that the immediate consequence of concluding a peace between Russia and Germany would be the declaration of an embargo against Russia by all the Allies. The execution of that threat would be a very serious matter, for Russia with all her resources was, before the war, a large importer of foodstuffs and supplies of all kinds, notably of raw materials and machinery. She has stores of wheat and boundless supplies of fuel, but her transportation system is a wreck. Probably her most urgent need at the moment is locomotives and rolling stock for her railways. Moreover, General KALEDINES, the possible strong man who may yet overthrow the Bolsheviki, controls a large part of Russia's territory and is possibly in a position to defeat the efforts of the Petrograd "government," to transport the necessaries of life to the capital, to Moscow, and to the soldiers still remaining at the front. From Germany, of course, no help can be had. If the Allies should put into effect a decree of non-intercourse, the plight of Russia would be desperate. It is indeed very probable, with or without the application of such measures of constraint, that we shall hear during the coming Winter of appalling distress in Russia, of starvation, deaths from freezing and of frightful disorders that inevitably break out when intolerable privation in great communities brings into play the elemental passions of the savage.

Nevertheless, the threat of an embargo, the most vivid picture of conditions to which it would give rise in Russia, will have no effect upon the minds of LENINE, TROTZKY, and their associates. They will not believe that any harm can come to them, or to Russia through their lawless and diabolical ministrations, because they are supremely self-confident, they believe in themselves, in the path they have chosen as the only one leading to social salvation, and nothing but overthrow, subjection or the gibbet would convince them that they are going to fail. LENINE is a Marxist, a thoroughgoing internationalist. As Mr. OLGIN, who is familiar with his career, says of him, he is "a man who "sees life only from the angle of his "own ideas." While he declares that "if the proletariat of other countries "does not support us, nothing will "come of our revolution," still he believes that the "proletariat" of Great Britain, of France, and of the United States will force their Governments to accept the Bolshevist plan of an armistice and negotiations for an immediate peace. Doubtless we shall hear further from our International Socialists in this country, who will attempt a response to his appeals, but only the most ignorant of them can fail to see the fate that awaits them if they attempt any unlawful propaganda. Buoyed up by the hope of support from the proletariat in other countries, even in Germany, LENINE would contemptuously dismiss any warning of the penalties he would incur by persisting in his treason to Russia and to the Allies.

Nor will the Allies be able to make any headway by representations to the masses of the Russian people, or to the soldiers of the Russian army. For one thing, they cannot reach them. LENINE and his Socialist accomplices in Petrograd have filled the minds of their proletariat with ideas that no appeal, no argument, will dislodge, ideas that will yield only to hard experience of realities. In its preachments and propaganda, socialism has always shown extraordinary skill and a clear understanding of the nature of the common man. Ignorance is its chosen field and it knows the qualities of that soil. It works always in the line of natural inclination, it pictures forth as things to be attained through socialism the very things its victims yearn for, and not only its victims but practically all men, too—ease and comfort. It would redistribute wealth, it would lift up the poor by giving them the enjoyment of what the rich have won. The ignorant do not perceive that socialism is a program of unattainable blessings, the deluded faithful think only of the little work, the shorter hours, the greater freedom and the new riches they will enjoy in a socialistic state. LENINE, and even the Socialists who before him assumed to be the Government of Russia, have diligently pursued that policy. The soldiers at the front were worn and tired of fighting, they promised them immediate peace. The army was largely made up of peasants, and the dream of the Russian peasant always has been possession of land. So the Socialists promised them that the estates of the landholders would be divided among the peasants. It was an irresistible appeal, it disorganized the army; and when to that was added the "democratization" of the army, the putting to a vote of the soldiers of the question whether orders should be obeyed, the establishment of regimental committees who should elect the officers, discipline was at an end and the Russian army was destroyed.

The appeal of the Socialists to the army, and in a large degree to the peasants, no arguments or representations can meet or counteract. Self-interest, as limited understanding sees self-interest, has been powerfully enlisted on the side of the Bolsheviki. The Allies cannot reach the minds of the army or of the peasants, they cannot convince the minds or arouse the apprehensions of LENINE, of TROTZKY and the other Socialist "Commissaries" of Petrograd. Reason will not save Russia. There is but one salvation for her, but one way in which she can be saved from herself and from Germany, it is force, and Russian force arising from the body of Russian society, dethroning the Socialist Government, which is a greater despot than ever the Czar dared to be, and reasserting the control of the sober, sane, worthy part of the Russian people over their own affairs and their destiny. KALEDINES may be the man, or it may be some one among the group who are reported to be assembling around him, not enemies of the revolution, but enlightened friends of Russian freedom. It is only out of Russia itself that the saving help can come, and if the Allies are to exercise any influence there, it will be effective only if it take the form of encouragement to some man or group of men who give promise of being able to restore the reign of order and sanity.

THE I. AND R. IN MASSACHUSETTS

Massachusetts is a tough old tree to graft with the Initiative and Referendum, but if her Constitutional Convention has its way, that Golden Bough of "direct government" will be imposed on that gnarled refractory stock. By a vote of 163 to 125 the convention has adopted the I. and R. amendment. The courts are kindly exempted from direct action. This triumph of the Friends of the People is due, we believe, not to the convincing arguments made for this noble palladium of "Cyclone" DAVIS, but to the fact that it had a solid block of picked votes, pledged beforehand, unamenable to reason, bound to plump their Ayes for the measure. There has been great talk about it. But the faithful band, true to "careless pledges carefully obtained," didn't have to be distracted by logic or eloquence.

It is a canny way of running a constitutional convention. Will the voters of Massachusetts approve at the polls the boon that has been so cleverly offered to them?

We wonder what old Chief Justice SHAW or DANIEL WEBSTER, what EBENEZER ROCKWOOD HOAR or RICHARD OLNEY would think of the new Massachusetts? Would a proceeding de lunatico inquirendo be their first suggestion?

GERMANY FAILS IN ITALY.

The submarine is failing, the offensive against Italy is failing. It will be long before the submarine is under control, but Italy is already saved. General MAURICE's declaration on that point may be accepted. He speaks for the British General Staff, not merely expressing his own opinions when he says, "It is now time to say "definitely that the crisis in Italy is "passed." The submarine was advertised as Germany's "last throw," but later she saw an unexpected opening in Italy and found she had a card to play there. Now that they are both definitely seen to be failures, what will Germany do next? The truth is that her real last card is the peace propaganda she is furiously working up in the allied countries, and all she can do now is to try to hold on until that poisonous leaven works. She has no more purely military cards left.

She did not, as was supposed in the first moment of horrid surprise, mass a great army against the Italians. She sent a relatively small force, and she has not been able to expand it. The British and French offensives explain the reason of that. In spite of all that has been going on in Russia, she has not dared to leave that front unguarded. She knows well that the madhouse in Petrograd cannot so far commit Russia as to make safe a denudation of the eastern front, though she is negotiating with the inmates in the desperate hope that she can widen their influence among their countrymen to the point where it will enable her to release more troops. But for the present she has to let the Italian end of the western front go without reinforcement because she has not the men to send.

The peace propaganda was responsible for the Italian defeat. She worked upon the more ignorant of the Italian soldiers until they believed her assurances that if they would cease to fire upon their Austrian brothers universal peace would come. Then, when they ceased to fire, she mowed them down and drove through them to the plains. But one lesson of that kind is enough, and it will be a century before the most ignorant Italian trusts in German faith again. Her only chance to enforce her victory lay in breaking down the resistance which the Italians presented to her at the Piave before the British and French could get there. If she had been able to concentrate an immense mass of troops there, she would have had a different kind of opportunity, but HAIG was seeing to that.

The British and French are there. The gallant Italians have performed their difficult task of holding out in the face of forces that, on that battle line, were superior to theirs, and now the Germans and Austrians cannot break through. Before long the question will be different. It will be whether the Germans and Austrians can hold out against the Italians, British, and French. If they cannot, they will have to face the prospect of retreating over the Alps in Winter. There is the possibility of a German debacle there.

Unless there is some other army that can be seduced and betrayed by peace propaganda, the Italian failure should mark the end of Germany's attempts to break the iron ring. The submarine is still inflicting heavy loss on the Allies, but its power is steadily diminishing, and the fear that it could force an end to the war is gone forever. There is nothing, then, for Germany to do but hold her lines as best she can, and meanwhile make use of all the forces of ignorance and folly and treason in the different allied countries to see if somewhere her peace propaganda may not be able to produce results. Barring this, her real last card, the Allies have nothing between them and victory except the necessary effort and time.

SPEAKER CLARK AND SENATOR REED.

Speaker CLARK and Senator REED are of that body of lawmakers to which the country has a right to look for leadership and instruction. The disappointment of the country with their class is shown by the position of both in yesterday's news. Speaker CLARK, coming from the district which is most backward in support of the Liberty loans, is shown to have been rancorous and unjust in his aspersions upon the district which leads all others in the devotion of its resources to national uses. Nothing can be added to the remarks of Federal Reserve Bank Governor STRONG. He shows indisputably that the Speaker of the House of Representatives had no basis for his charges that New York financiers of national repute are "traitors," and the "spiritual descendants" of the hated traitors of other days. Governor STRONG says that no harm was done by the Speaker, because his charges were so false. That can be true only if the Speaker's retraction reaches all who read and believed it. His retraction in this correspondence is, in form, complete. But has the Speaker ever withdrawn before an audience what he asserted in that manner? Has he addressed to his constituents regrets that their representative is so unrepresentative, and that they are so unresponsive to his appeals to their sense of duty to the country? In proportion that the Speaker's predicament is appreciated there will be discouragement to others to offend in like manner.

Senator REED comes from the Speaker's State, which has reconsidered its position on the railroad problem. But Senator REED is as unreconstructed in his views as the Speaker. He still thinks that the railways are to blame for their deficiencies. Yet their efficiency was never so great, despite their hindrances by the lawmakers of whom the Senator is one. Ancient errors of lawmaking may be overlooked. But what shall be said of those Congressmen who passed the Adamson act without instructions to the Interstate Commerce Commission to give assistance to the railways in carrying the burdens the act imposed upon them?

The Commission had complained that its mandate was merely to regulate rates, and that it was the duty of Congress to make decisions upon the policy of keeping the railways equal to their duties. Now there is another and greater demand, and the same situation exists in greater urgency. But Senator REED betrays no perception that he and his associates in Congress are in any way to blame. He wants to know how long the people will "tolerate" the deficiencies of the railways, and warns them to mend their ways lest the ownership and management of their properties be taken over by those unequal even to the easier task of telling the railways what to do.

It is necessary to tell the Senator that there is more need of indulgence toward the lawmakers than toward the railways. Congress has as much need to reconsider its position as any of those in any degree responsible for hampering the railways in their work. The country has not failed to remark that unwise regulation has brought the railways into such a state that public money is necessary for their relief at a time when it is least convenient to give it, and when the need is less for money than for facilities which the money ought to have bought long ago. The shippers whose business is now turned away, or carried slowly, are not blaming the railways so much as they were. They have forgotten all about the rate question. They want transportation, and they are beginning to see who is responsible for their not getting it. In public appreciation the performance and temper of the railways now are better than those of their rulers and tormentors. Congress has its work to do as well as the railways.

MR. LA FOLLETTE.

The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, which has been investigating without excessive enthusiasm Senator LA FOLLETTE's speech at St. Paul in September, is to reassemble next Monday and to consider plans for future hearings. It seems to be the common Washington opinion that future hearings will not be many, if, indeed, there is more than one. It is impossible that Mr. BRYAN should not appear before the committee to deal with this extraordinary statement made by Mr. LA FOLLETTE:

> Four days before the Lusitania sailed President WILSON was warned in person by Secretary of State BRYAN that the Lusitania had 6,000,000 pounds of ammunition on board, besides explosives, and that the passengers who proposed to sail on that vessel were sailing in violation of a statute of this country that no passengers shall sail or travel upon a railroad train or upon a vessel which carries dangerous explosives. And Mr. BRYAN appealed to President WILSON to stop passengers from sailing on the Lusitania. I am giving you some history that maybe has not come to you heretofore.

As to that "history," Mr. BRYAN owes it to his own reputation, to the country, to speak before the committee. There are other unpleasant passages in the speech, but the committee and the country may consent to let them alone if Mr. LA FOLLETTE's statement in the current number of his magazine means to Mr. LA FOLLETTE what it means to most of us:

> There is no difference in Congress about supporting the war until honorable peace may be obtained.

We are ready to assume, until the contrary is proved, if it is to be proved by Mr. LA FOLLETTE's future course, that his understanding of "an honorable peace" is the same as that of the majority of his countrymen.

A GERMAN VIEW OF THE TANKS.

It is said that the Germans have been experimenting with "tanks," or landships, which are solely offensive machines of war. How terribly effective they would have been in Mackensen's campaigns against the badly equipped Russians in Galicia and the half-starved and war-worn Serbians! To use such monsters on the western front successfully the Germans would need not only great numbers of them but an improved type. It is doubtful if they can beat the British at this game, for Colonel SWINTON, the originator or adapter, is prolific in ideas; his latest "tanks" have eclipsed the crude machines first used. Besides, the overtaking of the British in the new tactics would be a stern chase, probably doomed to failure.

No doubt the field correspondent of the Cologne Volkszeitung, who comments upon what he calls "The Tank Battle of Cambrai," reflects staff judgment upon the performance of the gigantic war tractors. "What the Entente," he says, "has so far not "been able to accomplish by artillery "fire—that is, to break through on our "front—was achieved on the Cambrai "front with the aid of tanks." This is somewhat disingenuous, for the British have not infrequently broken through the German front with massed and long-continued heavy gunfire, making a wide thoroughfare for the infantry; but frankness cannot be expected in the bitterness of defeat by such a ruse as HAIG employed in a manner so decisive. Herr KATSCH goes on to say that "the approach of "the tanks through the mist and the "smoke of bursting shells was difficult "to observe." He admits that the Germans were completely surprised. The tanks had been used before in limited numbers to go ahead with the infantry after enemy trenches had been knocked to pieces by artillery fire, but the monsters had to contend with shells big enough to ditch them.

It may be assumed that no surprise attack will be possible again unless the tanks are favored by thick weather after a period of inactivity; indeed, it is hardly to be supposed that the Germans will fail to take precautions against such an attack. At the same time, a multiplication of tanks would give the British such a tactical advantage that the time might come when weather conditions could be safely disregarded.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

New Schools Compared With Old.

A large amount of deep thinking, with not a little of anxious questioning, is in progress among the many, many people who have had opportunity and occasion of late to note the amazing changes, every one of them obviously for the better, that are effected in young men by a few months, often by a few weeks, in one of the military training camps. There is nobody, now, who has not seen at least one more or less awkward and slouchy youngster thus turned into a fine, upstanding specimen of humanity, with the quick, decisive movements that come from good health and abundant vitality, and in almost every case a little questioning reveals that the improvement has been as much mental as physical.

These boys are now thinking about large things instead of small ones—they have acquired ideals and enthusiasm that either were lacking before or were unrealized and unexpressed; artificial distinctions and false notions as to what constitutes superiority and inferiority have in great measure disappeared from their minds, and they have gained entirely new and vastly higher standards by which to estimate success and failure in life. They appreciate their responsibilities as never before, and they have learned that personal sacrifices for the common weal can give more happiness than the winning of any kind of selfish profit.

Apparently these camps are better schools for body and brain than any we have had before. Certainly no such marked alterations can be seen as soon, or even ever, in the boys that go to college, no matter how much attention the college gives to athletics. And yet nothing is done at the camps that could not always have been done wherever "education" is offered, whether free or for a price. The drillmasters have no secret methods and they have made no new discoveries.

None of us is ready to admit that for a nation war is preferable to peace, or that the soldier is necessarily the highest type of manhood, but there is no denying that, in some most important respects, war is doing for these young men what peace did not do for them, and why it did not do all this and more is a question that again and again forces itself on the attention of the thoughtful. Our educational authorities would do well to take that question under instant attention and have their answer ready the moment the war is over, or before.

Accusation Brought Vindication.

Secretary BAKER's flat denial that any army officers have been ordered to cooperate with Mrs. HUMISTON in her efforts to establish the truth of her charges as to moral conditions at the training camps is not proof that none of them have been or are paying any attention to her accusations. That some of them, including General BELL, took instant and proper steps to settle the issue as soon as she raised it is well known. There is no excuse, however, now that the Secretary has spoken, for thinking, or even for suspecting, that any need for accepting her services as a detective was found by the military authorities as a result of examining what she offered as "evidence," or for supposing that between her and the army officers exists any other or nearer relation than is the one stated by Commissioner WOODS as existing between her and the police.

Having learned, the Commissioner said, that the notoriety achieved by Mrs. HUMISTON was bringing to her written and other complaints that did not reach himself, he had assigned certain members of his force to the duty of seeing what basis there might be in any such communications that she chose to turn over to them for action. That is very different from joining in her campaign, either as principal or auxiliary, and it does not give to her any official standing or to her charges any official corroboration.

Of desire to be harsh or unjust to a woman of intentions presumably good there is and should be none. The admitted excellence of her purposes, however, in no way mitigates the fact that, yielding to what the psychologists probably would call an obsession or compulsive neurosis, Mrs. HUMISTON has made assertions of which the best to be said is that they are wild exaggerations of evils which at the camps have been brought down to what human nature makes an irreducible minimum. To say only this best, however, would be stretching charity too far, for such exaggerations are unpardonable on any other ground than mental irresponsibility, and that cannot be claimed in Mrs. HUMISTON's behalf.

Her attempt to manufacture evidence was in every way reprehensible and repulsive, and even if the plan had been a success, instead of the immediate failure it was, it would have proved next to nothing—certainly not that Camp Upton is the sink of iniquity which everybody familiar with conditions there knows it is not.

His Fears Seem Needless.

A sober-minded business man familiar with large affairs and of demonstrated competence to deal with them has given something of a claim for serious attention to the Long Island genius who for several years has been asserting the power to make out of water, at a cost of a cent or two a gallon, a fuel as good as gasoline. This the business man has done by bringing in a real court a real action to prevent the genius from disclosing to our national enemies the formula which, if it does meet the pragmatic test, certainly would rank near the very top of scientific achievements and be to those enemies of almost incalculable value.

In spite, however, of the warning not to talk about impossibilities that lies in a precautionary measure of this highly respectable provenience, the impulse to talk of nothing less than impossibilities remains a strong one. Examination of such evidence as is revealed by the case as it stands results in conviction of only one thing—that a liquid prepared by the Long Islander, and made by adding to water nobody but himself knows what, will supply for an automobile about the same amount of energy as can be obtained from about the same amount of gasoline. Several disinterested experts so asseverate, and there is no excuse for doubting them, but, after accepting their statement, further reflection discloses that the vital question of cost has not been answered or even approached by anybody except the one man to whom the formula is known.

He may be the most truthful man in the world, and then again he may not be. If he is a scientist, he knows that in science nobody's word is ever taken for anything—that full disclosure and demonstration are always expected and demanded, even from the leading lights and highest authorities.

That water can be burned, or rather that either of its elements, if separated by any one of several processes, will burn in the other, with an incidental freeing of much energy, is a secret of Punchinello, but only a like concealment veils the fact that there is loss of power, not gain, in combustion thus produced. For the present, therefore, the judicious will let the sober-minded business man do the worrying about the help that Germany can get from anything that the Long Island man tells her about water as fuel. Perhaps the judicious will regret their present calmness later, but if that prospect were the worst of our troubles, how happy we would be!

ART NOTES.

Van Horne Collection Not to be Sold—The New Exhibitions.

Concerning the report that Sir William Van Horne's art collection was presently to be sold, R. B. Van Horne writes that Sir William's family have no intention of disposing of the collection now or at any time in the future, and that in all probability the collection will never be broken up, constantly recurring rumors to the contrary notwithstanding.

New Sculpture.

The current exhibition at the Sculptors' Gallery mingles paintings and sculpture of many degrees of interest. There are a few things that capture the attention at once. A fine "Femme se regardant dans l'eau" by Jane Poupelet is much more than clever. The splendid modeling of the outstretched leg in itself challenges contemporary sculpture to do better. There is the sense of reserve vitality, of powerful muscles and healthy flesh, and also the sense of a lack of self-consciousness, a natural freedom and simplicity, seldom met in the complicated modern product.

Simplicity also is the note in the two statues by Edith Woodman Burroughs, but it is more the simplicity of childhood as fits the subjects, "Youth" and "The Threshold." There is no striving for effect, nor is there the resolution of a thousand physical and mental experiences in one synthetic expression. Elie Nadelman's "Child's Head" is a more charming creation than the somewhat mannered, extremely knowing examples of his work now on view at another gallery. Stirling Calder's well-known "Man Cub" is here and a handsome recumbent nude which he calls "A Woman" and which shows the athletic structure of the woman of the moment. Alfeo Faggi's "St. Francis" is an inexpressive but decorative bit of pleasant line work. John Gregory's panel of "Wine, Woman, and Song," partly finished; Malvina Hoffman's "Shivering Girl," playful things by E. O. de Rosales, ceramics by Frederick Roth, a labor subject by Mahonri Young, a bas-relief by Bruno Louis Zimm, a fountain figure by Albin Polasek, a wood carving by Robert Larrent, Robert Aitken's "A Creature of God," and Beniamino Bufano's "Sister Mahi" are other sculptures shown. The head of Abraham Lincoln by George Grey Barnard has the inner room to itself and is seen to admirable advantage there.

Drawings and Posters.

At the Greenwich Village Inn today and tomorrow are drawings and posters by Norman Jacobsen, an artist from Wyoming who was a cowpuncher until he was 21, and who now practices a peculiarly fanciful and ornamental art of highly sophisticated suggestion. Technically, the work is not of the highest order. One has only to recall the modern British school of book illustration and decoration to realize that Mr. Jacobsen belongs to a less significant and less intellectually brilliant group. Many of the small designs involving children and animals are, however, interesting and vivacious.

Landscapes by John Folinsbee.

At the Ferargil Gallery John Folinsbee is showing until Dec. 8 a group of characteristic landscapes. Mr. Folinsbee has his own manner of putting paint on canvas, and the square brush work is somewhat schematic in such canvases as "The Toll Bridge by Moonlight" and "The Farmhouse." There is a suggestion of a plaid in the weaving of the surface that appears only here and there wherever a considerable space is covered by a comparatively flat tone. In the skies this effect also is noticeable, as though the picture were made with threads upon a warp that shows through the woof. "The Harbor" is one of the fine things in the exhibition and "Snow and Ice" is another. In each the composition is full of interest without overcrowding and the color is quiet without dullness.

The Spirit of the Training Camp.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just read the splendid article in THE SUNDAY TIMES by "An Unsuccessful Candidate," which I think is the biggest, finest thing I have ever read. There is more real inspiration and true patriotism in that article, I am sure, than could be given by many men who have won commissions, in that his loss may mean a gain to many, for how could one read what this man has written about his defeat, and not be stirred to bigger, nobler things?

I am the wife of "a successful candidate," and to say I am proud of what my husband has done, the sacrifices he has made, etc., very poorly expresses my feelings, but had he been unsuccessful and taken his defeat as this man has done, I would be more proud than had he won the highest honor our country could bestow. If this is the spirit the training camps are bringing out in our men, long may we have them. M. D. R.

New York, Nov. 25, 1917.

GENERAL BYNG USES HIS CAVALRY.

I've fought the Hun dismounted, yes,
more often than I've counted,
I've trotted with the Tommies in the
line,
But what of "Boots and Saddles," and
the nag a trooper straddles—
Must I always foot it eastward to the
Rhine?

I've strafed Fritz with a mortar, as a
proper gunner oughter,
Oh, I've knocked his blooming trench
about his ears,
But, say, I want a battle where the
sabres flash and rattle,
And I want to hear the calls a trooper
hears.

I've tooled a tank in action, and it has
its own attraction,
When it's crawling on and blighting
far and wide,
But oh, I miss the swaying of a wild
war stallion, neighing,
As he takes the open country in his
stride!

. . . .

What's that the bugle's saying? "Boots
and Saddles!" Oh, I'm praying
That they really mean to turn us loose
again,
It may be but rehearsing and I'm praying
and I'm cursing—
No! it's "Hurry, hurry, hurry, hurry,
men!"

Old horse, you piebald beauty, this is
mighty welcome duty,
Do you hear this bit of steel stuff
whirr and sing?
They say the Hun's retreating, but he
needs another beating
And we're to do our very best for Biff
Bang Byng!

O. C. A. CHILD.

A PEACE DICTATED IN THE FIELD.

Thus the Allies Might Maintain Unity and Gain the Full Fruits of Victory.

By CARMAN F. RANDOLPH.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Despite its potential energy and primarily for lack of co-ordinate purpose and action—so marked in Germany's campaign—the Great Alliance drifts toward the bare victory that meanly rewards the least distressed of weary belligerents. Indeed, recalling Napoleon's dexterous mobilization of former enemies, it is not unreasonable to fear a reinforcement of the Teuton army by Poles and Russians that would extend the stronghold in the east and make the western wall adamant. Then would autocracy, from impregnable works, jeer at a democratic horde, superior in numbers and resources, equal in valor, but unable to marshal its power. Is not democracy worth fighting for? Then let it compose international jealousies, temper national ambitions, repress disloyalties and even more threatening follies and unite to whip Prussia.

The Great Alliance must cure its now palpable weakness by setting up leadership and following it. I do not identify "leadership." Conviction of its need bids fair to develop its form and spirit. Let the participation of the United States in leadership be strong, tactful, supporting the territorial objectives of our comrades so far as they are essentially just and will contribute to the destruction of the Prussian stronghold.

Looking behind the lines, the leadership will frankly realize that the solidarity of the Great Alliance, already marred by Russia's weakness, is threatened by further dangers which only prescient and stern co-ordination can avert.

Looking "over the top," leadership will determine a supreme military objective. However amazing the development of the engines of war, however radical the changes in organization and tactics, grand strategy still presents the only assurance of conquest—deliver overwhelming force at the enemy's heart. The heart of the Prussian "State" is on the further bank of the Rhine. Great leadership will carry our arms over the river. Why not to the keep of the castle, coal and iron Krupp-Westphalia?

Every worthy aim of the Great Alliance may be attained or put in train by a peace dictated on Prussian soil. Otherwise we shall fall short. For example, our arms cannot, on Polish soil, free Poland, nor, on Russian soil, aid the distracted country even to re-form its defenses. And if Prussia be allowed to devour Eastern Europe and the vast spaces of Russia in Asia, no "rectification of frontiers" on the west nor appropriations of African forests and Pacific islands will dim the maleficent splendor of Greatest Germany. Only on Prussian soil can the Great Alliance surely prevent the world-menacing triumph of Prussia in the east. Only there can it secure, in reasonable measure, the great purposes of its effort.

Regarding these purposes the leadership will bring about an agreement sufficiently definite and substantial to be executed on the very day of the military decision. For on this day the solidarity of the Allies, painfully achieved, will touch high water mark. The next day will bring indications of the ebb for which German diplomacy is waiting in the not desperate hope that losses in the field may be recouped at the table. Dreading German diplomacy, not despising it, the leadership will forestall its disintegrating effort by broadly agreeing upon peace conditions.

Considering these conditions, the leadership will distinguish the terms on which the Allies will cease fighting, not merely from supplementary arrangements necessarily postponed to the definitive treaty of peace, but from those expectations of a better order in the world which, above all else, inspire our arms.

Let dictation of terms in the field precede discussion in council—perhaps in a congress—of such matters as world courts, reductions of armament, labor problems, &c. Let hostilities cease only upon the actual accomplishment of certain things and, despising German promises, a taking of territorial security for the accomplishment of certain other things.

The Allies, demolishing the Prussian "State" on the day of triumph, will clear the ground for an effective consideration of great problems following the war.

CARMAN F. RANDOLPH.

Morristown, N. J., Nov. 28, 1917.

RUSSIA'S STRONG MAN.

From One Who Believes He Will Soon Appear.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article, "Outside the Pale," expresses the truth, and nothing but the truth, about Russia, and it gladdens my heart to see again the name of Professor Milukoff, the only great and big-minded man that had anything to do with that ill-timed revolution of March, 1917. (I shall ever share the views of the former Emperor that you cannot change the fundamental law of an empire during a war like this and remain loyal to your allies, hence ill-timed in my estimation.) In any case, Professor Milukoff was the only man associated with it who was qualified to lead Russia. With this wise and able statesman, Russia might have continued on, a loyal and formidable ally. He would never have resorted to such petty despicableness as banishing one of the greatest Generals this war has produced, the Grand Duke Nicholas. Professor Milukoff would have reorganized the army, not disorganized it. Never for one minute has Professor Milukoff held the revolution above honor and loyalty to Russia's allies on the west, and he, like every great Russian, appreciated the efforts of the colonials, who gladly gave up their lives that Russia might once again possess the key to her house, Constantinople. The lonely graves in far-away Gallipoli have not been forgotten by the true Russians.

It is indeed heartbreaking that the power to rule should have fallen to such a vacillating politician as I know Alexander Kerensky to be. Two years ago this same Kerensky proposed in the Duma the precise separate peace which Germany talks of today.

Now that his day is done, I no longer despair for Russia. The Bolsheviki mob will be short-lived. Its days are numbered. To me the Kerensky peril was more acute. The strong man on horseback, prophesied by THE NEW YORK TIMES some time ago, can now be seen on the horizon. Light is dawning on Russia. His name I shall not mention, but associated with this great leader destined to be the savior of Russia will, no doubt, be Professor Milukoff, the Cossack Generals Kornlloff and Kaledines, and, I hope, Sergius Sazonoff. Russia should become a constitutional monarchy, and she is destined to become this. Her masses are no more ready for a republic today than in 1906 were they ready for the first Duma.

EMILY V. LORRAINE.

New York, Nov. 25, 1917.

Schierbrand's Austria-Hungary.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Thanking you for the very fair review of my latest book, "Austria-Hungary, the Polyglot Empire," in Sunday's issue, kindly grant me space to reply to an attack of equal length on the same book in your today's issue.

As to Mr. Teodoroff's personalities, I will content myself by saying that I am probably as good an American as he may be and that I am no "Herr Professor" at all, as he would make me appear, and have never claimed to be.

Regarding my book, though, he shows plainly that he has not read it at all; he may have fluttered its pages, and then, as is a practice much in vogue, picked out a few disjointed paragraphs and made them stand for the whole. For, as your own review pointed out, and as any unbiased critic must admit, my book is anything rather than a glorification of Austria-Hungary.

In it I go at length and in detail into the Hungarian system of Magyarizing the Slav population of Hungary and condemn it. The passage from my book quoted on this theme means anything rather than approval—in fact, the direct opposite.

But when Mr. Teodoroff sets out to take me to task for the imaginary crime of indorsing the Austro-Hungarian methods of treating their war prisoners of Russian, Serbian, and Italian stock, he trifles with the truth. On the contrary, I dwell in the book on the almost unanimous plaints of the Russian prisoners as to their food rations and other things.

Mr. Teodoroff singles out the unfortunate case of his brother. As to the prevalence of consumption and other diseases among the Russian prisoners, the Austrian doctors in the camps stated that a large proportion of these had brought the seeds of insidious complaints with them into the army, being enrolled by the brutish Czaristic Government against all reason and humanity.

Mr. Teodoroff waxes eloquent at my expense and sarcastic in touching on points which I myself have never made in the book. I should advise him to read the whole of it; that might cure his spleen. If I pride myself on anything in this book it is my absolute impartiality in treating the complicated race problem in Austria-Hungary.

WOLF VON SCHIERBRAND.

New York, Nov. [illegible], 1917.

A CHINESE VIEW.

Opposition to American Co-operation with Japan.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There has just arrived in New York a Japanese Economic and Finance Commission, which expects to stay here for several months, making headquarters in New York and Washington.

The principal purpose of the mission, according to Baron Megata, the head of the mission, stated while he was at Washington, "is to broaden commercial relations between the United States and Japan and to increase trade after the war." If this is going to be the purpose of the mission, we wish the United States and Japan every success in the present conferences and future commerce. But if the commission comes to invite the American bankers to co-operate with them in Japan's self-planned and aggressive development of China, we will invariably be against any co-operation of this sort. The American co-operation will be neither morally right to China, nor economically advantageous to the United States in the long run.

An American-Japanese co-operation will be unjust to China and unworthy of the land of liberty on account of the Japanese motive. The only aim of Japan, unfortunately, is to exploit China. The newspapers and magazines in Japan talk almost nothing else except suggesting all kinds of aggressive plans toward China. Even a graduate Japanese student in public law in New York had the courage to tell more than one of our Chinese students that in the expansion of Japan she must develop the natural resources of China. Our Japanese friend was somewhat taken aback when he was reminded in plain English that it was the Chinese natural resources that he was talking about, and that in the development of such resources China, and not Japan, is going to run the business.

This country may not prevent Japan from exploiting China, but she and her people can at least refrain from helping Japan to exploit China. We lay our case before our American friends and we expect fair play.

When we urge the American bankers not to co-operate with Japan to develop China, we do not want the American bankers to understand that we are excluding them from investment and industrial enterprises in China. On the other hand, we welcome them; we welcome them because the United States is the only genuine friend we have. Somehow the United States has the good-will of China, and this good-will will be an invaluable asset to the United States if she will only make use of it. The modern corporations in China are simply ready with both arms stretched to get American capital, although our great economic resources have as yet failed to appeal to American capital to any large extent.

It is not only unjust to China, unnecessary to the United States, and a plan that will not meet the approval of the American Government, for the bankers in this country to co-operate with Japan in the development of China, but such co-operation is sure to result in commercial disaster for the United States. If the United States is going to co-operate with Japan, she will not only lose our good-will, but she surely will share a great part of China's hate for Japan. As we are looking forward to the time when we will have the greater part of the world's commerce between our two great republics on the Pacific, we do not wish to lose our mutual good-will. HSU KUO SEN.

Columbia University, Nov. 26, 1917.

Public Sentiment vs. Barnard.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A discouraging feature of the proposed placing of the Barnard "Lincoln" in London is the fact that Sir Alfred Mond, Commissioner of Works, holding firmly to the adage that a gift horse should not be looked in the mouth, declines to be put in the position of sitting in judgment on the "public sentiment in America" which is responsible for the gift in question.

But "public sentiment" has never approved this particular work of art. The American "Hundred Years of Peace" Committee promised to give a statue of Lincoln to London, the understanding being that it was to be a replica of the St. Gaudens monument. When it appeared that the necessary funds could not be raised, the committee's representative asked Charles P. Taft, who had given the Barnard statue to Cincinnati, to furnish a replica for London, and got a favorable and generous reply. There the matter stands.

Unless Mr. Taft can be induced to cancel his consent or London can be prevailed upon to ignore a "public sentiment" which does not exist in connection with Mr. Barnard's work, the truth as to a great man's appearance and attributes is to be perverted in the minds of every Londoner and visitor to London in the next 500 or 1,000 years.

RANDALL BLACKSHAW.

New York, Nov. [illegible], 1917.

CROWD AT HERO LAND BREAKS ALL RECORDS

Navy Day, Combined with Thanksgiving, Brings Great Throng to Bazaar.

ALL FREE TO ENLISTED MEN

Sir Johnston Forbes Robertson Says Our Entry Into War Insured British Friendship.

Thanksgiving Day was Navy Day at Hero Land. The holiday, and the celebration in honor of the bluejackets broke the records for attendance at the big war benefit. The crowd in the afternoon was as large as the previous crowds for the evening, and at night the Grand Central Palace was filled with a great gathering, in which were several thousand sailors of the United States, as well as French and British sailors.

Sailors from the Brooklyn Navy Yard took a prominent part in the programs of both afternoon and evening. Came to watch them many of the men of the United States fighting forces. Admission to everything was free to soldiers and sailors, and many of those in the city for Thanksgiving leave went to the bazaar. The Red Cross fed several hundred free of charge in the Red Cross Tea Room. Admiral Usher, commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, attended the bazaar with an escort of 300 bluejackets. These men took part in drills in the Great Ball Room, and entertained large crowds with sports in which sailors indulge. There were a number of boxing matches, and not the least interest was shown in a pie-eating contest, in which the winning sailor "put away" fourteen pies.

The holiday spirit prevailed at the bazaar and the scene was the liveliest of any evening of Hero Land. A "jazz" band helped the regular orchestra to furnish music for dancing. There were many dinner parties in the Café de Paris, run by Delmonico's; the Cheshire Cheese, conducted by Keen's Chop House; the Golden West Cabaret, run by the Hotel Knickerbocker; the Italian and the other restaurants connected with the bazaar. Among the actors who took part in the evening program were Julian Eltinge and Raymond Hitchcock.

Praise for American Soldiers.

In the lecture hall of the British Government's exhibit the speakers were Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson and Captain Richard Haigh of the British Army.

"When I saw your Star-Spangled Banner nobly carried down the streets of dear old London," said Sir Johnston, who has just come from England. "I knew that my fondest dream was realized—that all chance of ill-feeling between your country and mine had vanished. Your stalwart soldiers, too, seemed to realize that the two great English-speaking nations were united.

"As for my profession, I wish to state that there are more actors, in proportion, wearing the English uniform than of any other profession. The actresses, too, are doing their bit as nurses and in giving entertainments. The doctors have declared that the hours of revelry given by the actors are as valuable in making well the wounded as medicine and surgery."

The soldiers and sailors paid especial attention to the British tank and the Hindenberg trench. Time after time the doors to the tank inclosure had to be closed because of the crowds.

While most of the exhibits at the booths naturally become smaller through the constant sales, there is one booth the stock of which constantly increases—that is, the Silhouette Booth, in charge of Miss Beatrix Sherman, assisted by Miss Pearl White, the motion-picture actress. Practically every person of national prominence who has visited the bazaar has had his or her silhouette made by Miss Sherman, the proceeds going for allied relief. In front of the booth is a silhouette of President Wilson made by Miss Sherman in the White House.

Prominent Persons Attend.

Among the prominent persons seen in the cafes and about the booths last night were Mrs. Franklin Farrell, Ensign and Mrs. Franklin Farrell, Jr., Miss Estelle Farrell, Mr. and Mrs. Payne Thompson, Marquis and Marquise de Polignac, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Post, Louis Boissevain, Brig. Gen. W. A. White, Mr. and Mrs. John Magee, Captain and Mrs. William Whitehouse, Mrs. Frederick Davies, Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey McKeever, Mrs. Samuel Barlow, Major C. Brooman-White, Lady Lister-Kaye, Mrs. Newbold Le Roy Edgar, Mrs. Charles H. Marshall, Mrs. William Astor Chanler, Mr. and Mrs. George Whigham, Mrs. Benjamin B. Tilt, Mrs. J. Elliott Lanstaff, Mr. and Mrs. Jules S. Bache.

Mrs. Mary Hatch Williard, Mrs. Morris Brown, Mr and Mrs. Benjamin Guinness, Mrs. Frederick H. Watriss, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sullivan Smithe, Miss Margaret Hawkesworth, Mrs. J. H. Sears, the Countess of Kingston, Mme. Slavko Grouitch, Mrs. Arthur Bernay, Miss Frances Henry, Miss Eulalia Garrison, Mrs. T. D. M. Cardozo, Mrs. W. W. Fitzhugh, Mrs. James Kidder, Mrs. Ethel Burke Lewis, Mrs. Lewis S. Stillwell, Mrs. Charles A. Van Rensselaer, Miss Joan Whitridge, Miss Marjory Metcalf, Mrs. Albert Kilt, Augustus W. Kelley, Miss Christine Kelley, Mrs. Charles Greenough, Mrs. Crosby Thompson, Mrs. C. Clive Bayley, Miss Adah Marks, Miss Elizabeth O'Connor, Mrs. Fletcher Dexter, Mrs. Nelson H. Henry, Mrs. Maude Canfield, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Herford, Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, and Mrs. Charlotte K. Harding.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt and Miss Mary Hoyt Wiborg entertained at a dinner party at the Cheshire Cheese. Among those dining in the Italian restaurant were Lord and Lady Aberdeen, Lord Innes-Kerr, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Delano, Mrs. John A. Black, William H. Crocker, Consul General and Mme. Poccardi, Mr. and Mrs. Harry de Giorgi, Lady Colebrooke, Francis Roche and Maurice Roche.

Today combines three events. It is Canadian Day, St. Andrew's Day, and Children's Day. A Mother Goose spectacle will be given in the Great Hall at 2 o'clock. The Stage Women's War Relief will give special children's features for the afternoon and evening. Mrs. Nicholas Longworth will take part in the program. In the afternoon at the British War Exhibit John Drew will discuss "The American Actor and His Part in the War."

FRAUDS HIT REAL CHARITIES.

Swann Appealed To to Help Restore Confidence of Public.

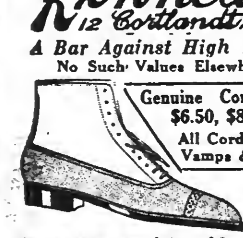
Michael J. Delahunty, arrested on Wednesday by order of the District Attorney on the charge that he had retained the proceeds of a check for $1,000 obtain from Walter J. M. Donovan, a broker at 80 Broadway, on the pretense of soliciting funds for dependents of the members of the Sixty-ninth Regiment, was arraigned in the Tombs Court yesterday and remanded for trial on Dec. 3. Magistrate Simms fixed bail at $3,500. Delahunty, who said he was a promoter and lived at 547 West 123d Street, made no objection to the postponement of his trial. It is alleged that Delahunty used the name of the former commander of the regiment, Colonel Louis D. Conley, to get the $1,000 contribution from the broker.

On account of the disclosures in the investigation by District Attorney Swann showing the operations of numerous fake charities and their imposition on the public by dishonest solicitors and promoters in getting money in the name of patriotic benefits, many legitimate enterprises have been affected in carrying on their work successfully, and Mr. Swann was appealed to yesterday to do something to restore public confidence in those charities and benefits that deserve support.

Lieut. James M. Laughborough of the 305th Infantry at Camp Upton called at the District Attorney's office and said that some persons had refused to aid in a benefit to the regiment on the ground that they had become distrustful of all such forms of raising funds as the result of the frauds uncovered by the District Attorney and his staff. Mr. Swann said that no legitimate work should be harmed by the prosecution of the dishonest promoters.

The 305th Infantry is to give a benefit entertainment at the Hippodrome on Dec. 9 to raise funds to build a drill hall at Camp Upton, which is intended to be used when weather conditions prevent open air war drills and gymnasium work. Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell and all the officers of the 305th Infantry have given their approval to the project. When this regiment is through with the hall it is to become a permanent drill place for other commands.

Men of the regiment are to provide the entire performance at the Hippodrome, portraying the military life at the camp, showing the entire course of training from the first day of the "rookie's" arrival to the time he is turned out a finished soldier. These men will supply their own music and songs for the show. No donations are to be solicited or accepted.



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All Cordovans, Vamps & Tops

Elsewhere at $8 to $12.00

Army Puttees, $7 to $9

All Cordovan, $14

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Special

1,000 Pairs of Last Season's Shoes at $4.85

Value $6, $7.

Not All Sizes.

MISS DOWLING WED TO HAROLD P. HALL

Daughter of President-elect of Borough of Manhattan a Bride in Church of St. Columba.

The wedding of Harold Plunkett Hall, a son of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Hall of Rosedale, N. Y., and Miss Gertrude F. Dowling, a daughter of Frank L. Dowling, President of the Board of Aldermen and President-elect of the Borough of Manhattan, and Mrs. Dowling of 401 West Twenty-fourth Street, was quietly solemnized at 12:30 o'clock yesterday in the Roman Catholic Church of St. Columbia, West Twenty-fifth Street, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Father Edward Higgins of Rosedale.

The bride, who walked to the altar with her father, wore an afternoon gown of blue panne velvet with a hat to match and carried white orchids. She was attended by her sister, Miss Florence Dowling, who wore a blue broadcloth costume topped by a black picture hat, and carried pink roses.

Mr. Hall's best man was Joseph Higgins, a brother of Father Higgins, who performed the ceremony. A small reception for the relatives and a few close friends followed at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Hall have gone South, and on their return from their honeymoon will live at 184th Street and the Grand Concourse.

PRESIDENT HEARS PATRIOTIC SERMON

Methodist Congregation Applauds Bishop McDowell — Home Dinner at White House.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—President Wilson observed Thanksgiving Day quietly, spending much of the time reading in his study.

Accompanied by Mrs. Wilson, he attended services at the Metropolitan Methodist Church this morning, but a drizzling rain in the afternoon caused h to abandon a contemplated automobile ride. At night the President and Mrs. Wilson attended a ball under the auspices of the Navy Relief Society.

At the church services which the President attended a great congregation applauded thunderously when Bishop McDowell, contrasting American diplomacy with the intriguing diplomacy of Germany, said that the historic documents penned by President Wilson would stand indefinitely without fear of repudiation. Lauding the motives which brought the United States into the war, Bishop McDowell exclaimed:

"We are eager for victory, but we are more eager for honor. We are eager for prosperity, but we are more eager for humanity. We are eager for peace, but we are vastly more eager for righteousness."

Dinner at the White House was simple and informal. Only members of the President's household were present, and the menu was arranged with a view to food conservation, Mrs. Wilson having been one of the first signers of the food pledge cards. The President's turkey, a forty-pounder, came from the Kentucky farm of South Trimble, Clerk of the House.

All the members of the Cabinet, except Secretary Wilson, who is on the Pacific Coast, remained in Washington for the holiday. Secretary and Mrs. Daniels entertained at dinner twenty convalescing sailors and marines from the Naval Hospital here. Mrs. George Dewey was also present.

Thousands of uniformed men from nearby training camps were dinner guests in Washington homes, and many religious and fraternal organizations held special entertainments in honor of the enlisted men.

START ANTI-LITTER FIGHT.

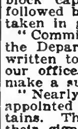
Merchants and Their Employes Volunteer as "Block Captains."

Rapid progress is being made by the Merchants Association's Committee on City Conditions and Ordinances, of which John C. Eames is Chairman, in the appointment of block captains for the Third Police Inspection District, which extends from Fourteenth to Forty-second Street, under the anti-litter plan, the association announced yesterday. A statement by the association says:

"If a schoolboy or a citizen wearing a block captain's badge steps up to you and says, 'You have just violated the law,' it will be the part of wisdom not to tell him to mind his own business, but to ask him in what respect you have offended. Probably you have thoughtlessly dropped a newspaper or torn letter scraps, or possibly a cigarette box, into the street. The reminder of the block captain will not necessarily be followed by serious consequences if it is taken in good part.

"Commissioner John T. Fetherston of the Department of Street Cleaning has written to the committee, 'I will have our offices co-operate in every way to make a success of the campaign.'

"Nearly forty business houses have appointed employes to act as block captains. These employes have sent in their signed pledges and have already received their commissions of appointment, together with pamphlet of instructions and identification card."



Xmas Books

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GREGORY TO PASS ON ALIEN REGISTRY PLAN

Attorney General Will Confer with McCarthy and Woods Today.

"DEADLINE" FOR BROOKLYN

Marshal Power Announces Zone from Which Germans Will Be Excluded.

The subject of the registration of the thousands of enemy aliens resident in New York City will be discussed at a conference to be held in Washington today between Attorney General Gregory, Police Commissioner Arthur Woods, and United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy. A representative of the State Department, probably Counsellor Frank L. Polk, will also be present. Commissioner Woods and Marshal McCarthy, who left for Washington last night, are said to have worked out a plan for the registration which they are expected to submit to Attorney General Gregory for his approval.

As the plan now stands, the Police Department, aided by Marshal McCarthy and the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, is expected to be charged with the duty of registering the more than 100,000 enemy aliens in New York City, of whom probably 50 per cent. live in Manhattan and the Bronx. In what is known as the Metropolitan District the enemy alien population is estimated at between 130,000, and 140,000.

The registration will probably be made by police precincts, the captain of the precinct being in charge. The registrants will be required to give, under oath, and, if necessary, submit proof, as to their past, particularly since the beginning of the war in 1914. A failure to appear for registration when called will mean arrest and internment for the period of the war.

All registrants will probably be required to report at stated intervals to the commander of the police precinct in which they live or do business. When a German subject wishes to leave the city he will first have to get the written permission of the police captain, which in turn will be approved or disapproved by the proper Federal authorities. If permission is granted he will be required to report to the police authorities. The precinct commander in New York will then notify the police of the city to which he is going, and on his arrival at that place the alien must immediately report to the police there. When he is ready to return to New York he will again report to the police of the city which he is visiting, who will notify the New York authorities. Arriving back in New York the enemy alien must report to his precinct commander.

Plan New Waterfront Census.

In addition to the registration of all enemy aliens, the police and Deputy United States Marshals will probably begin taking a census of all persons doing business in or living in the waterfront zones. As all enemy aliens are barred from these zones this census will concern only American citizens and subjects or citizens of friendly nations. It is expected that the census will require a week, and when it is finished a complete card index system will be made, which will be turned over to the military commanders on duty in the waterfront zones for their guidance. This card index is expected to make possible the quick identification of any person in the zone should the occasion arise.

Marshal McCarthy made an inspection of the Manhattan and Bronx waterfront zones yesterday. He said that the orders of the Government for the evacuation of those zones by enemy aliens were being carried out and that with the exception of a few business men, who have received a few days' extension to wind up their affairs and move, he believed that all the German subjects had left the zone.

United States Marshal James M. Power of the Eastern District of New York, which takes in all of Long Island and Staten Island, officially announced last night the following "dead line" along the Brooklyn waterfront beyond which from this time on no enemy alien will be allowed to pass:

Starting at Paige Avenue and Whale Creek to Oakland Street, to Commercial Street, to Dupont Street, to West Street, to Quay Street, to Franklin Street, to North Fourteenth Street, to Kent Avenue, to Grand Street, to Ferry; back along Grand Street to Kent Avenue to Broadway, to ferry.

Starting again at south side of Broadway and Kent Avenue along Kent Avenue to Metz Street, to Clinton Street, to Flushing Avenue to St. Edwards Street, to Park Avenue, to Navy Street, to York Street, to Hudson Avenue, to John Street, to Jay Street, to Plymouth Street, to Main Street, to Catherine Street Ferry.

Starting again at Main Street and Plymouth Street along Main Street to Water Street, to Fulton Street, to Fulton Ferry.

Starting again at Fulton and Furman Streets along Furman Street to Atlantic Avenue, to South Ferry.

Starting again at Atlantic Avenue and Furman Street along Atlantic Avenue to Columbia Street, to Harrison Street, to Van Brunt Street, to Hamilton Avenue, to Imlay Street, to Pioneer Street, to Conover Street, to King Street, to Ferris Street, to Van Dyke Street, to Conover Street, to Beard Street, along Beard Street to Otsego Street, to Sigourney Street, to Columbia Street, to Bay Street, to Hicks Street to Cream Street, to Henry Street, to Bush Street, to Clinton Street, to Cream Street, to Smith Street, to Hamilton Avenue, to Seventeenth Street, to Third Avenue, to Twenty-eighth Street, to Second Avenue, to Thirty-ninth Street, then along Thirty-ninth Street to Ferry, coming up Thirty-ninth Street to First Avenue, to Sixty-ninth Street, to Ferry, back along Sixty-ninth Street to First Avenue, to Bay Ridge Avenue, to Narrows Avenue, to Eighty-ninth Street, to Colonial Road, to Ninety-second Street, to Narrows Avenue, to Third Avenue, to Marine Avenue, to Fort Hamilton Parkway, to Ninety-second Street, to Seventh Avenue, to Warehouse Avenue, thence through roadway across Dyker Beach Park to Cropsey Avenue, to Bay Thirty-seventh Street, to Harway Avenue, to Avenue E, to Warehouse Avenue to Canal Avenue, to West Thirty-seventh Street, to Surf Avenue, thence along Surf Avenue.

Brooklyn Zone Mapped Out.

Marshal Power, accompanied by his deputies, devoted all day yesterday to mapping out this zone. A tour of the entire district covered by the Marshal was made. Later he held a conference with Chief Inspector Dillon and Borough Inspector Murphy of the Police Department, at the conclusion of which he left with the police officials copies of the map showing the dead line for enemy aliens in Brooklyn. Thousands of cards, printed in both English and German, warning enemy aliens to keep outside the points where the signs are posted, will be distributed throughout the five counties in charge of Marshal Power today.

The Marshal also said that stenographers were now engaged at his office preparing a duplicate card index of the enemy aliens registered there under the President's proclamation of April 6. The duplicate of the original index will be delivered to the Police Department tomorrow night, and will be distributed among the various precincts in which the enemy aliens live. It was also announced at Marshal Power's office that since the latest proclamation of the President was issued barring enemy aliens from within 300 yards of the waterfront, his office had arrested more than a dozen for violating the order. They have been interned temporarily on Ellis Island, but will be transferred later to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

A conference will be held late today at Marshal Power's office in the Brooklyn Post Office Building between representatives of the Navy and Army Intelligence Bureaus, United States Attorney France of Brooklyn, representatives of the Police Department and other departments with whom the Brooklyn Federal officials are co-operating in carrying out the proclamation of the President.

DUTTON'S

Christmas Books for Everybody

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PLEDGE SCHOOL LOYALTY.

All But Two District Superintendents Sign Patriotic Declaration.

A declaration of loyalty, carrying with it repudiation of disloyal or seditious teachings in the public schools, has been given out, bearing the signatures of twenty-four of the twenty-six District Superintendents of the city school system. The statement reads:

"We pledge unqualified loyalty to the United States in its war with the Imperial Government of Germany. We believe that the principles proclaimed by the President and Congress in this crisis of our nation's life should guide us in training the youth of our country for patriotic citizenship. We take this opportunity to repudiate the words and actions of any disloyal or seditious members of the teaching and supervising staffs of the public schools. We consider their connection with our school system a menace to the free institutions of our country. At a time when thousands of young Americans are leaving their homes to die, if need be, for their country, the toleration of open or seditious disloyalty in our schools would be a flagrant abuse of freedom of speech. Furthermore, we believe that any teacher who is not a positive force in inculcating Americanism should not be permitted to remain in our schools."

A committee of the Faculty of De Witt Clinton High School, a few of the members of whose Faculty have been the principal defendants on the charge of lukewarm Americanism, have been gathering statistics of the teachers, pupils, and alumni in the military and naval service, and, with the inquiry still incomplete, have found that the service flag which they have ordered will have at least 293 stars. The men recorded as in the service include 13 teachers, 261 former students, and 19 students, who left this term.

The committee asks that all Clinton men in the service will send full name, date of their studies, branch of service, rank and location to Jesse W. Whitsit, De Witt Clinton High School, Tenth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street.

Loaded Shell on Government Ship.

A loaded and primed three-inch shell was found yesterday afternoon in a locker in one of the storerooms of a steamer loading at the Bush Terminal, Brooklyn. The vessel was said to be engaged in Government service, and information as to her cargo could not be obtained. Police of the Fourth Avenue station took charge of the shell, but were not inclined to believe that it was placed there with intention to damage the ship. The theory most in favor was that the missile was probably defective, and had been acquired by a seaman as a souvenir.

205 GERMAN SHIPS IDLE.

Allies Negotiating for Vessels Lying at South American Ports.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—In connection with the announcement that the Brazilian Government had agreed to the use by France of thirty of the forty-five German merchant vessels in Brazilian ports, attention was directed today to the fact that there is an enormous amount of German tonnage lying idle in South American ports. Altogether there are 205 Austrian or German vessels in South American ports, the largest number being in Chile.

The Allies are endeavoring to bring about the freeing of some of this tonnage, which is estimated at 815,428, and is understood to be distributed as follows: Chile, eighty-nine vessels, aggregating 318,383 tons; Brazil, forty-five German vessels, totaling 235,191 tons, and four Austrian vessels of 18,604 tons; Argentina, fifteen vessels representing 79,712 tons; Mexico, thirteen vessels, of 47,722 tons; Uruguay, eight vessels of 42,658 tons; Cuba, six vessels of 19,464 tons; Colombia, four vessels of 14,575 tons, and Venezuela, one vessel of 217 tons.

MISS EASTMAN NOT INDICTED

Head of Women's Peace Party Not Identified with the Masses.

Miss Crystal Eastman, who is Chairman of the Women's Peace Party of New York, was not among those indicted in connection with the publication of The Masses, as was stated in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Nov. 22.

Miss Eastman is a sister of Max Eastman, editor of The Masses, which has been barred from the mails, and for the publication of which several persons connected with the management have been indicted because of the anti-American attitude of the magazine. Miss Eastman is not connected with The Masses and did not figure in the Government investigation which has led to court action against the publication.

Schaefer-Dutcher Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Schaefer of Montclair, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Thea Schaefer, to Frederick Harris Dutcher, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Dutcher of 69 Plymouth Street, Montclair. Mr. Dutcher, a graduate of Cornell University, class of '17, is a member of the staff of the United States Naval Engine School, New York.

Filmer-Arthur.

The marriage of A. Weslake Filmer, U. S. N., and Miss Sarah Beatrice Arthur, daughter of Mrs. Paul M. Filmer, and step-daughter of Captain Paul M. Filmer of the Adjutant General's Department, N. A., took place on Wednesday, the Rev. Oscar Hayward officiating. Mr. Filmer is a nephew of the bride's stepfather, and the engagement was announced only a few days before the wedding.

Will Tour Cuba on Honeymoon.

Miss Elsie Weiss, daughter of Mrs. Theresa Weiss of 535 West 135th Street, and Milton Leichter, a lawyer of this city, were married last evening by the Rev. Light at the Hotel Majestic. The couple will go to Cuba on their honeymoon, where they will tour the country in an automobile.

Lieut. C. Willard Fairchild Marries.

C. Willard Fairchild, an illustrator of this city, and who was in the Plattsburg Camp and recently received his commission as Lieutenant, and Miss Frances Clappe, daughter of Mrs. A. Clappe of 149 West Twelfth Street, New York, were married in Washington, D. C., on Wednesday. Lieutenant Fairchild and his bride will return to New York this week, and he will probably be stationed at Yaphank.

Foster-Tillard.

The marriage has been announced of Miss Florence Helene Tillard, daughter of Mrs. John Weems Tillard, and Sergeant Charles Clinton Foster, Corps of Engineers, U. S. N. A., which took place last Monday at the home of the bride's mother, Newark, N. J.

"TED" HEQUEMBOURG DEAD.

Aviator's Death Follows That of His Uncle—Double Funeral.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., Nov. 29.—James T. (Ted) Hequembourg, instructor in aviation at Newport News, Va., died here today as the result of injuries in an airplane accident in Hampton Roads last May.

Hequembourg's uncle, Theodore Morse Hequembourg, who was one of the founders of the Brooks Locomotive Works here, died shortly before midnight last night. A double funeral will be held on Saturday.

SOLID CROWN FOR MRS. WHITEHOUSE

Diadem of Pure Gold to Replace Base Emblem of Suffrage Victory.

CORONATION AT WASHINGTON

Royal Honor Stirs Resentment Among Workers, Who Would Spend Money for Charity.

A costly gold crown is to be presented to Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, Chairman of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party, at the national suffrage convention in Washington next month. Just how much the trophy of victory at the polls, which is to grace the State leader's brow, is to cost, was kept a profound secret last night, though it was denied that $1,000—the rumored figure—was to be spent upon the decoration.

The project to confer such an expensive token of gratitude upon Mrs. Whitehouse became known last night at the same time that it was learned that the "gold crown" used at her coronation during the recent convention of the party at a woman citizens' dinner at the Hotel Biltmore wasn't gold, after all. That beautiful wreath of gleaming laurel leaves was only paste! Those interested in making the gift admitted that the wreath, borne up the aisle by a stately young woman, who held it ceremoniously aloft on a rose satin cushion, was only an imitation of the real thing.

The real one was designed by the same artist who fashioned the oak leaves presented to Marshal Joffre on his recent visit to America. It was said last night that though not all the money had been raised, a Fifth Avenue goldsmith already was at work upon the crown

When confidential letters asking for contributions to the gift fund were received by women of prominence in the State party all over New York they created quite a stir, and some of the ensuing reaction was quite contrary to that anticipated by the women who signed the letters. At the head of the 'sort of informal committee," which has the project and the collection in hand, is Mrs. George D. Pratt of 640 Park Avenue, wife of the New York State Conservation Commissioner. Mrs. Pratt admitted last night that the gift was to be made, but refused to say who are the other women on the committee. Nor would she tell the exact cost of the crown.

Mrs. Pratt said that, in the opinion of those sponsoring the project, it was entirely proper to spend a considerable sum upon a solid gold trophy for the State leader. She declared that conferring suffrage upon the women of the State was "a distinct war measure," and said as such a patriotic emancipation it was entirely fitting and proper that the expense of commemorating Mrs. Whitehouse's share in the victory should be undertaken, no matter how many other causes were clamoring for support. "It was all so fundamental," said Mrs. Pratt. "It was so very necessary that we should be enfranchised that I cannot see how any one could object to our collecting money to give such a gift to our State leader."

Resentment against the whole scheme, which extends far beyond a refusal on the part of some solicited to contribute, has been manifested both by members of the City Party, allied with the State body, and by the radical element. Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Chairman and "little boss" of the City Party, when told of the plan last night asserted that she would have nothing to do with it, and neither would the party which she heads.

"It's absurd," said Miss Hay. "I don't believe in spending money for any such thing. I will have nothing to do with it and neither will the City Party or most of its members, though some may be led into contributing as individuals. Not only is it wasteful and extravagant to spend money on such a bauble at this time, when the war and the interests connected with it need all we can spare and more too, but it is ridiculous for suffragists as such to waste money in such a way when they would far better expend it on the education of women voters.

"Such education is needed, now that women are enfranchised, and great sums are going to be needed to carry it out. If the women have a thousand dollars or less to contribute let them spend it in the educational cause. So far as I am concerned, I feel as I always have that money should not be spent, and the public or parts of it, should not be solicited, except for causes which are going to be of benefit—things which are going to do some good."

Just what effect the gift scheme may have upon the party itself, if it is persisted in, no suffragist was prepared to say last night, but there were those supporters of the cause who felt sure the radical Socialist element were just waiting for some such opportunity to decry the "extravagant rich" in the party. The pacifist-Socialist element who followed Morris Hillquit and who loudly are claiming credit for the suffrage victory at the polls are known already to be incensed at the way the party leaders have frozen them out at such celebrations as thus far have been held.

ENGAGED TO CAPTAIN DANA.

Miss Katryna Weed to Wed Son of Paul Dana on Dec. 4.

Mr. and Mrs. George S. Weed of Plattsburg, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Katryna Weed, to Anderson Dana, Captain of Field Artillery in the National Army and one of the instructors at the recent Plattsburg Camp. The wedding will take place on Dec. 4 at Plattsburg. Miss Weed is a granddaughter of Smith M. Weed.

Captain Dana, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Dana of 1 Fifth Avenue, is a grandson of the late Charles A. Dana and the late W. Butler Duncan. After the expiration of his leave Captain Dana will be stationed at Yaphank.

BRIDE OF CAPT. J. S. BISBEE, JR.

Miss Catherine Flint Weds at Parents' Home in Bellows Falls, Vt.

Miss Catherine Flint, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Wyman Flint, and Captain Joseph Bartlett Bisbee, Jr., were married yesterday at Wood Brae, the home of the bride's parents, at Bellows Fall, Vt.

The bride's father is a paper manufacturer. He is President of the Wyman Flint & Sons Company in Bellows Falls and the Claremont Paper Company in Claremont, N. H. Captain Bisbee is a graduate of Amherst College, class of 10, and was formerly a teacher in River View Academy, at Poughkeepsie. He received his commission at the second officers' training camp at Plattsburg, and expects to enter active service after Dec. 15.

CARDINAL CALLS FOR UNITY.

Mgr. O'Connell Expresses Gratitude That America is in the War.

BOSTON, Nov. 29.—"Let us raise our hearts in gratitude to God that America is in this war," declared Cardinal O'Connell, speaking today at a solemn high mass of requiem in memory of deceased members of the Cathedral of the Holy Cross.

"Whatever may be the cause of the war, whatever purpose each individual nation has in going to war, let history decide," he continued. "But this we know today, and for this we ought to be filled with righteous pride, that America is in this war, not for greed or selfishness, but only to maintain the principles of righteousness and justice.

"America will see to it that no mere force or might, no mere greed for greater power or more territory will triumph, but that the great, sublime, and holy ideal of justice for all, of the right of small nations, of independent sovereignties of people, will triumph in the end. Therefore, it is the duty of every one of us here in America, no matter what our race or our racial history may be, to stand by the side of America in this tremendous conflict of right against might."

EX-SURROGATE BECKETT.

Appointee of Gov. Hughes in 1907 Dies in His 58th Year.

Charles Henry Beckett, former Surrogate of New York County, and recently a lawyer in private practice in this city, died yesterday at his home, 306 West Eighty-eighth Street. He was born at Williamstown, Mass., in 1859, and was graduated from Dartmouth College as an honor student in 1881, after which he studied law at Columbia Law School, where he was a classmate of Charles E. Hughes. Surrogate Rollins appointed him Probate Clerk a year after he was admitted to the bar.

After serving as Probate Clerk five years he resigned to become a member of the firm of Booraem & Hamilton. In 1899 he was appointed President of the Board of Trustees of Elmira Reformatory by Governor Roosevelt, serving in that capacity until 1902. Since 1906 he had been a Trustee of the New York Life Insurance Company. In 1907 he was appointed Surrogate by Governor Hughes, returning to private practice a year later.

The Rev. Charles E. Sawtelle.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 29.—The Rev. Charles Edward Sawtelle died here today at the home of his sister, Miss Mary Sawtelle. He was pastor of the First Baptist Church of Needham, Mass., and a former President of the Massachusetts Baptist State Conference, and had held the same office in the Greater Boston Conference. Born in San Francisco in 1868, he came East early in life and was graduated from Colby College and from Newton Seminary.

Obituary Notes.

E. M. JONES, for many years Treasurer of the Minerva Savings and Trust Company of Minerva, Ohio, died at his home there on Wednesday.

Mrs. MARY G. BAILHACHE, wife of Dr. Preston H. Bailhache, a former commander of the Marine Hospital on Staten Island, died on Tuesday at her home, Clifton, Staten Island.

LOVELL HALL, an attorney, died suddenly on Tuesday at Middletown, Conn., in his seventy-fourth year.

DANIEL O'CONNOR, a policeman attached to the Fifth Precinct, died on Wednesday in the Kings County Hospital.

MYRON OWEN BROWN, for many years manager of the Mohican House and later of the Sagamore Hotel, Lake George, died at his home on Lake George on Wednesday in his eighty-first year.

WILLIAM KELLY, President of the Borough Asphalt Company and the Alcratal Asphalt Company, died yesterday at his home, 231 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARGARET LAWRENCE, wife of Frank V. Lawrence, and former President of the Women's College Club of Plainfield, N. J., died at her home there yesterday in her forty-first year.

RICHARD CAHILL, a retired brush manufacturer and brother of Marie Cahill, the actress, died suddenly yesterday in his apartment in the Hotel Algonquin, following a heart attack. Mr. Cahill was born in Brooklyn forty-five years ago.

Mrs. LUCINDA MARRY, a colored cook who was known as "Aunt Lucinda" in Flushing, is dead at her home in Prince Street, Flushing, in her 101st year. She was born in slavery in 1817 on the old Mabry plantation near North Raleigh, N. C.

WM. HALL WALKER, KODAK PIONEER, DIES

Donor of $100,000 to Stevens Institute and $50,000 to American Red Cross Expires at 71.

William Hall Walker, former head of the Kodak, Limited, of London and until his retirement a member of the Eastman Kodak Company of Rochester, died yesterday at his home, 23 West Fifty-fourth Street, in his seventy-second year. Mr. Walker was born at Scio, Mich., and received practical training as a mechanical engineer, becoming in later life the patron of several technical institutions, among them Stevens Institute, to which he donated $100,000 several years ago, and the Mechanics Institute of Rochester, to which he gave $25,000.

Mr. Walker devoted much time to the development of photography and was the inventor of many devices which helped bring the art to its present degree of perfection. He became the European representative of the Eastman Kodak Company, with headquarters in London, where he was a prominent figure for twenty years, until his retirement twelve years ogo. He was a member of the Camera Club and the Royal Institute of London and India House in this city.

Mr. Walker was likewise active in the American Red Cross, to which he had donated $50,000 since the commencement of the war. He was the owner of an elaborate estate in the Berkshires, near Great Barrington, Mass.

Henry Hyde Whitman.

Henry Hyde Whitman, Assistant Counsel to the Public Service Commission, and formerly a member of the law firm of Butler, Stillman & Hubbard, died yesterday at the Manhattan Eye, Ear, and Throat Hospital, in his fifty-sixth year, following an operation which was performed ten days ago. Mr. Whitman was born at Lewiston, Me., the son of the late Colonel Royal Whitman of the Third United States Cavalry, and was graduated from Harvard University and Columbia Law School. Mr. Whitman was a member of the University Club and the Columbia University Club. He is survived by his wife. Dr. Royal Whitman of 283 Lexington Avenue, is a brother. Mr. Whitman made his home at 103 East Eighty-sixth Street.

Lady McKenzie.

TORONTO, Nov. 29.—Lady McKenzie, wife of Sir William McKenzie, President of the Canadian Northern Railway, died today at her home here. Sir William and Lady McKenzie were married in 1872. She was a member of the Imperial Order, Daughters of the Empire and a Director of the Toronto Humane Society.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BARON.—To Mr. and Mrs. Murray Baron, 926 Southern Boulevard, a daughter, on Nov. 28.

Married.

BISBEE—FLINT.—Captain Joseph Bartlett Bisbee, Jr., and Miss Catherine Flint were married Nov. 29 at Wood Brae, the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Wyman Flint. Mr. Flint is a prominent paper manufacturer, being President of the Wyman Flint & Sons Company in Bellows Falls and the Claremont Paper Company in Claremont, N. H. The bride is the only daughter. The groom is a graduate of Amherst College with the class of 1910, and a former teacher in River View Academy in Poughkeepsie, N. Y. He was a member of the second officers' training camp at Plattsburg, N. Y., and was commissioned a Captain. He expects to enter active service after Dec. 15.

CARMAN—ALLEN.—On Nov. 29, at St. Thomas's Church, New York, by the Rev. Dr. W. Strother Jones, Ruby Elisabeth, daughter of Mary A. Allen of New York, to Walter Henry Carman of Norfolk, England.

DELMONICO—FANSHAWE.—On Wednesday, Nov. 28, at Morristown, N. J., by the Rev. Donald M. Brookman, D. D., Edith MacCullogh Fanshawe to Charles Christ Delmonico of Madison, N. J.

FAIRCHILD — CLAPPE. — Edith Frances Clappe and Lieut. C. Willard Fairchild, Nov. 28, at Washington, D. C.

FILMER—ARTHUR.—On Nov. 28, by the Rev. Oscar Hayward, D. D., Sarah Beatrice Arthur, daughter of Mrs. Paul M. Filmer, and stepdaughter of Capt. Paul M. Filmer, A. G., N. A., to Augustus Weslake Filmer, U. S. N.

FINLAY—CHRISTIE.—At St. Luke's Church, Montclair, N. J., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, by the Right Rev. Wilson R. Stearly, assisted by the Rev. Luke White, Edith, daughter of Mrs. Robert Christie, to George Dick Finlay, Jr., Second Lieutenant U. S. R.

LIVINGSTON — KITTREDGE. — At Grace Church Chantry, on Nov. 28, 1917, by Rev. Chas. L. Slattery, D. D., assisted by Rev. Frederick Gardiner, D. D., Gertrude Channing Livingston, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Duane Livingston, to Lieutenant Henry Crocker Kittredge of Cambridge, Mass.

WOODHULL—WILLETT.—On Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, at St. John's Church, Washington, D. C., by the rector, the Rev. Roland Cotton Smith, D. D., Margaret Rutherford Willett, daughter of Mrs. Willett and the late Marinus Willett, to Charles Herries Woodhull.

ZABRISKIE—CHATTLE.—On Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, at Paterson, N. J., Miss Julia T. Chattle to Eugene Zabriskie, by the Rev. D. S. Hamilton, rector St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church.

SULLIVAN—WAGENER.—Nov. 27, Ida G. Wagener to William C. Sullivan.

YOUNG—NUTT.—Nov. 28, Margaret Nutt to Wilfred J. Young.

Died.

BECKETT.—On Nov. 29, Charles H., husband of Estelle J. Beckett, in his 58th year, at his residence, 306 West 88th St. Funeral services at the late residence, Sunday, Dec. 2, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Williamstown, Va.

BEERMAN.—On Thursday, Nov. 29, Harris, beloved husband of Fannie and devoted father of Joseph, Daniel, Samuel, and Philip Beerman and Mrs. Leah Klein. Funeral services from Sam Rothschild's Funeral Parlor, 208 Lenox Av., at 120th St., Friday, Nov. 30, at 2 P. M.

BOES.—On Nov. 27, William F. Boes, M. D., beloved husband of Theresa Boes, in his 65th year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral from his late residence, 200 Graham Avenue, Brooklyn, on Friday, Nov. 30, at 3 P. M. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery.

BRITT.—On Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, Ellen A. Britt, widow of the late John J. Britt and mother of T. Louis A. Britt and of the late John Gabriel Britt. Funeral from her late residence, 453 East 57th St., New York City, Friday, Nov. 30, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass Church of St. John the Evangelist, 55th St. and 1st Av., New York City, 10 A. M.

BURHANS.—Catharine, on Wednesday, Nov. 28, in the 88th year of her age. Her relatives and friends and those of the late Rev. Anthony Elmendorf, D. D., are invited to attend the funeral services on Saturday, Dec. 1, at 11, at the residence of George M. Lillie, 41 Frelinghuysen Road, Brighton Heights, S. I. Interment at Willow Grove Cemetery, New Brunswick, at 3 o'clock.

CAMMACK.—On Wednesday, Nov. 28, Mary C. Cammack, widow of the late John A. Cammack. Interment private. New Orleans and Louisiana papers please copy.

CHRISTESEN.—On Nov. 29, 1917, at his residence, 121 West 83d St., New York City, Charles A. Christesen. Funeral services will be held at West End Collegiate Church, West End Av. and 77th St., on Saturday, Dec. 1, at 8:30 P. M.

CLARKE.—On Thursday, Nov. 29, 1917, in the 51st year of her age, suddenly of pneumonia, Fanny Smyth, wife of Francis Cameron Clarke and daughter of the late Henry Murusy and Louise Gregory Smyth. Funeral services at Christ Church, Bronxville, N. Y., on Sunday, Dec. 2, at 2 P. M. Train leaves Grand Central Station 12:48 P. M. Interment private. St. Paul, Minn., papers please copy.

COUGHLAN.—Timothy, age 73, on Nov. 28, 1917, at 16 Forley St., Elmhurst, L. I. Funeral from St. Stephen's Church, East 28th St., Manhattan, Saturday, Dec. 1, at 11 A. M.

CROHEN.—Suddenly, on Nov. 29, 1917, Theodore Crohen, son of the late Herman and husband of Martha G. Crohen. Funeral services Greenwood Chapel, Greenwood Cemetery, Saturday, 3:30 P. M. Please omit flowers.

DAVIS.—At Lake Mahopac, James Oswald Davis, Jr., fell asleep Nov. 28, 1917, after a lingering illness, aged 32 years. Funeral at Lake Mahopac Saturday on arrival of Harlem Division train leaving Grand Central Terminal at 11:14 A. M. Burial at convenience of the family.

DOHM.—Suddenly on Nov. 28, Peter Dohm, beloved husband of Barbara Dohm, (nee Reisberger.) Friends, relatives, and members of Solon Lodge No. 771, F. and A. M., and Ladies' Solon Bowling Club are invited to attend. Funeral services at his late residence, 334 West 115th Street, on Saturday, Dec. 1, at 8 P. M. Funeral Sunday at 1 P. M.

DOUGHERTY.—Thomas M., aged 33, suddenly, at his home, 26 Quogue St., Union Course, L. I. Solemn requiem mass at St. Thomas's R. C. Church, Benedict Av., Woodhaven, Saturday at 10 A. M. Interment at St. John's Cemetery.

FECHHEIMER.—On Thursday, Nov. 29, at 315 Central Park West, Therese Fechheimer, widow of the late Joseph K. Fechheimer, beloved mother of Mrs. Stanley Smith, Mrs. Malcolm Neuwal, and Mr. Carl Fechheimer, in the 73d year of her age. Interment Cincinnati, Ohio. Cincinnati, Ohio; Pittsburgh, Penn., and Altoona, Penn., papers please copy.

FERDON.—At Damascus, Va., Nov. 25, 1917, Arthur Irving, beloved son of Rachael Bogart and Henry S. Ferdon, in his 41st year. Services at the residence, 215 Broad Av., Leonia, N. J., Friday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

FOGEL.—On Nov. 28, William P. Fogel, formerly of Rutherford, N. J. Funeral services at Grace Episcopal Church, West Passaic Av., Rutherford, N. J., Friday afternoon, at 2:30. Carriages in waiting on arrival of train leaving Erie Railroad, Jersey City, 1:40 P. M.

FOUNTAIN.—At Hackensack, N. J., Nov. 28, 1917, Charles S., beloved husband of Rachel A. Hall, aged 59 years. Funeral service at his late residence, 326 Park St., Hackensack, N. J., Friday evening, Nov. 30, 8 o'clock.

GRAVES.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, Julia Randolph, wife of the late Walter Graves and daughter of the late Carman and Emilie F. Randolph. Funeral private, from her late residence, St Locust Hill Av., Yonkers, N. Y., at 11 A. M. Friday, Nov. 30.

GREASON.—Entered into rest on Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, Joseph Greason, in his 82d year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 675 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, on Friday at 8 P. M.

GREENIA.—George H., on Nov. 28, entered into rest at his residence, 602 6th St., Brooklyn. Funeral services on Friday, Nov. 30, at 8:30 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend, also members of St. John's Lodge No. 1, F. and A. M., Damascus Commandery and Mecca Shrine. New England papers please copy.

GREENIA.—St. John's Lodge, No. 1, A. Y. M.—Brethren: You are urgently requested to attend the Masonic funeral services of our deceased brother, George H. Greenia, at his late residence, 602 6th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. C., Friday evening, Nov. 30, 8:30 o'clock.

C. ARTHUR SAMBLESON, Master.
LOUIS MINK, Secretary.

HALLET.—Suddenly, on Nov. 27, 1917, John E. Hallet, aged 56 years. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend funeral services from his late residence, 736 East 220th St., Bronx, on Friday, Nov. 30, at 8:15 P. M. Washington Star paper, Washington, N. J., please copy.

HAMMOND.—Suddenly on Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, Halsey Hay, son of Halsey and Belle W. Hammond, in his 23d year. Funeral services will be held at his home, 256 Jefferson Ave., Brooklyn, on Friday at 8 P. M. Interment at Boonton, N. J., on the arrival of the D., L. & W. R. R. train reaching Boonton at 2:10 P. M.

HAWKRIDGE.—Entered into rest Nov. 29, 1917, John W. Hawkridge, in his 63d year. Funeral services at Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St., Saturday, Dec. 1, at 10:30 A. M. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

HAY.—Minerva, widow of James R. Hay, in the 88th year of her age, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Walter G. Jones, Yonkers. It is requested that no flowers be sent. Toronto papers please copy.

HERZOG.—On Wednesday, Nov. 28, Florence S. Herzog, beloved wife of Nelson H. Herzog and devoted mother of Emden and Alan George Herzog and daughter of Solomon Sulzberger. Funeral private.

HESTER.—Perfect Ashlar Lodge No. 604, F. & A. M.—Brethren: You are requested to attend the funeral of our beloved brother, Louis Hester, and pay our tribute of respect Sunday, 10:30 A. M., at late residence, 730 Riverside Drive, corner 150th St. By order of Abraham M. Pariser, Master; Nathan Unger, Secretary.

HILDEBRAND. — Peacefully fell asleep on Nov. 28, 1917, Emma M. Hildebrand (nee Reinold) of 60 High St., West Nutley, N. J., widow of the late O. C. P. Hildebrand and beloved mother of Minnette A. McCully and Emma L. B. Wilson. Funeral services at 2 P. M. Saturday, Dec. 1, 1917, at her late home. Interment private.

HOWLAND.—At his residence, Los Angeles, Cal., on Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, Gardiner Greene Howland, son of the late Gardiner Greepe and Mary Grafton Howland.

ISAACS.—On Nov. 28, 1917, Elias M. Isaacs, beloved husband of Bertha, (nee Bechhofer,) aged 74. Funeral services from his late residence, 193 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn, Friday, Nov. 30, at 1 o'clock.

JACKSON.—On Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, Naomi Jackson, in her 61st year. Funeral services will be held at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Stanley W. Pallister, 222 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, Nov. 30, at 3:30 P. M.

JONES.—On Nov. 27, Mary A., widow of Charles Jones and dearly beloved mother of Mary, Emily, and Frederick Vincent Jones. Funeral from her late residence, 53 West 51st St., Friday, 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Patrick's Cathedral, where mass of requiem will be offered at 10 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

KELLY.—On Nov. 29, William Kelly, beloved husband of Bridget Hughes and father of Patrick F. Kelly, Mrs. Daniel J. McCoy, and the late James Kelly. Funeral from his late residence, 231 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn, Saturday, Dec. 1, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass Church of St. Francis Xavier, Carroll St. and 6th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

KNOX.—At Knoxboro, N. Y., Nov. 29, 1917, Emma Louise Knox, in her 82d year.

KREUDER.—On Nov. 28, 1917, Ferdinand F. Kreuder, beloved brother of Phillie Kreuder. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 335 Hudson St., Hoboken, N. J., on Friday, Nov. 30, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

LAWRENCE.—At Plainfield, N. J., at her residence, 1,314 Denmark Road, on Thursday, Nov. 29, 1917, Margaret Ransome, wife of Frank Vinton Lawrence, aged 41 years. Services private. Chicago and San Francisco papers please copy.

LIVINGSTON.—Leopold, beloved husband of Sophia; father of Gertrude, Elsie, Hugo. Funeral Friday, Nov. 30, at 1 P. M., from residence.

LUNZ.—Nov. 27, Charles S. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Friday, 8 P. M.

MONROE.—Elizabeth Roberts Monroe, beloved wife of Harry C. Monroe, on Nov. 27. Funeral services Friday at 2:30 P. M. at Fogarty's Funeral Parlors, 22 Madison Av., Flushing, L. I.

Died.

PATTERSON.—In Ridgewood, N. J., suddenly, Nov. 29, 1917, Margaret, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin M. Patterson, aged 17 years. Funeral services Monday, Dec. 3, from her late residence, 85 Lincoln Av., Ridgewood, N. J., at 2:30 P. M.

SALISBURY.—On Thursday, Nov. 29, at Hotel Martinique, Etta M., widow of Nelson H. Salisbury. Services at parlors of S. M. Hook & Son, 710 Eighth Av., this (Friday) afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment at Albany, N. Y.

SCHERER.—On Nov. 29, Henry, aged 57 years. Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial & Cremation Co., 161 Eighth Av., corner 18th St. Time later.

SEAMAN.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1917, James A. Seaman. Funeral services at his late residence, 266 Hamilton Av., Richmond Hill, L. I., on Friday, Nov. 30, 1917, at 2:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

SEELE.—Thomas W., at his residence, 4,722 13th Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Nov. 28. Funeral Saturday from Church of St. Francis de Chantal, 57th St. and 13th Av., 10 A. M.

SMITH. — At his Summer residence, Santa Barbara, Cal., Spencer H. Smith, in his 89th year, beloved husband of Catherine Elisabeth Dullett and father of Mrs. Charles W. Carpenter and Mrs. Samuel Freeman. Philadelphia papers please copy.

SOWDON.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, Augusta W., widow of Richard Edwin Sowdon. Funeral services at 78 North Broadway Friday at 1:30 o'clock. Interment Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn.

STEARNS.—On Thursday, Nov. 29, 1917, Nellie M. Stearns, in her 66th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 275 Jamaica Av., Astoria, L. I., on Sunday, Dec. 2, at 2 P. M. Interment St. Michael's Cemetery.

STEVENS.—At Montclair, N. J., Wednesday evening, Nov. 28, 1917, James C. Stevens, husband of Ella Sandford, in his 66th year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 272 Claremont Av., Saturday afternoon at 2:30.

TALBOT.—Harriet Gesine, wife of Charles N. Talbot, on Thursday, Nov. 29, at the Lutheran Hospital of Manhattan. Funeral services at 10 A. M. at St. Agnes's Chapel, West 92d St.

TRAVIS.—Suddenly, at his residence, 102 West 80th St., New York City, on Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1917, Martin V. B. Travis, in the 75th year of his age. Funeral services on Saturday at 1:30 P. M., at Shrub Oak, Westchester County, N. Y.

VAN WAGENEN.—Suddenly, at Summerville, S. C., Nov. 28, 1917, John B. Van Wagenen, formerly of West Orange, N. J. Funeral services at All Saints' Church, corner Valley and Forest Sts., Orange, N. J., on Saturday, Dec. 1, 1917, at 10:30 A. M. Train leaving Hoboken 9:43 A. M., Lackawanna R. R.; due Highland Av. Station 10:19 A. M. Interment Mt. Pleasant Cemetery.

VOGEL.—Herman, at his residence in Tuxedo Park, on Nov. 27, 1917. Services at St. Mary's Church, Tuxedo Park, on Friday, Nov. 30, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

WALKER.—On Thursday, Nov. 29, at his residence, 23 West 54th St., William Hall Walker, in the 72d year of his age. Service at his late home at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, Friday, Nov. 30. Interment at Stockbridge, Mass.

WAY. — On Thursday, Nov. 29, 1917, at Doylestown, Penn., Sarah Arnold Way, widow of Albert L. Way of Philadelphia.

WESTERVELT.—At Newark, N. J., on Nov. 28, 1917, Julia Caffien, daughter of the late Matthew Caffien, and Mary A. Thorn. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WHITMAN.—Suddenly, Thursday, Nov. 29, Henry Hyde Whitman, in his 56th year. Services in Grace Church Chantry, Broadway and 10th St., Saturday, at 10 o'clock.

WISE.—Sabine de Fischer Wise, widow of Rev. Dr. Aaron Wise, former Rabbi of Temple Rodeph Sholom, New York, Thursday, Nov. 29, aged 81. Services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Edward Davis, 304 West 81st St. It is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent.

ALBRECHT.—Henry, 910 Home St., Bronx, Nov. 28, aged 90. Funeral today, 11 A. M.

BARRETT.—Michael, 77 Perry St., Nov. 27. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

BAUER.—Charles, 448 West 38th St., Nov. 27. Funeral today, 12:30 P. M.

BRADY.—John J., 331 East 36th St., Nov. 28. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CLARK.—Mary, 330 East 70th St., Nov. 27. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

CUMICK.—Helena, 74 St. Mark's Place, Nov. 27. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

FROHLICH.—Gustave, 6 Morningside Av., Nov. 27, aged 58.

GROEDEL.—Charles H., 124 West 114th St., Nov. 27, aged 65. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

GUNNARSON.—Alfred J., 23 West 111th St., Nov. 28. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

HEINLE.—Frederick C., Nov. 28. Funeral 1,970 Broadway tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

KAECK.—Cornelius, 19 East 198th St., Nov. 28. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

MARSELIUS.—Delia T., Nov. 28, age 38. Funeral 161 8th Av.

MILLS.—Ralph, 1,060 Amsterdam Av., Nov. 28. Funeral today, 11 A. M.

O'NEILL.—Martin, 548 West 49th St., Nov. 28. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

OPP.—Charles, 513 East 146th St., Nov. 28. Funeral Dec. 2.

RODGERS.—William, 147 East 22d St., Nov. 27.

SCHMIDT.—Magdelena, Nov. 27, aged 78. Funeral 355 Bleecker St.

SHEPPARD.—Sarah, 39 West 12th St., Nov. 27. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

SLATTERY.—Sarah, Nov. 27. Funeral 257 Hudson St. today, 1 P. M.

STEWART.—Mary A., 15 Bank St., Nov. 28. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

WEE.—Lang, Nov. 27. Funeral Broadway and 66th St.

WEILBACH.—Eve, 549 Broome St., Nov. 28. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

BOLLINGER.—Mary E., 24 Snyder Av., Nov. 27.

CAHILL.—James E., 491 Clinton St., Nov. 27, aged 43. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

EDER.—Catherine, 875 Menehan St., Nov. 27, aged 7. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

FITZPATRICK.—Loretta, 9,013 Avenue N, Nov. 27, aged 28. Funeral today.

HAHN.—Katherine, 191 Jefferson Av., Nov. 27.

HAYDEN.—La Salle J., Nov. 27, aged 58. Funeral Monroe St. and Sumner Av., tomorrow, 2 P. M.

McNERNEY.—Mary, 1,420 77th St., Nov. 27. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MOLTER.—Berthe, 1,720 Woodbine St., Nov. 27, aged 38. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

O'CONNOR.—Daniel, 4,402 4th Av., Nov. 27, aged 83. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

REHMSTEDT.—John H., 18 St. Mark's Pl., Nov. 28. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

WALSH.—Josephine, 628 Myrtle Av., Nov. 28, aged 15. Funeral today 9 A. M.

WATERS.—Mary L., 22 Halsey St., Nov. 27, aged 62.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

CAMPBELL.—John H., 128 Bergen Av., Jersey City, Nov. 27.

DE LARGY.—John J., 347 8th St., Jersey City, Nov. 27. Funeral today, 8 A. M.

FITZGERALD.—Mary A., 72 Tonnele Av., Jersey City, Nov. 28.

McCURDY.—Margaret, 533 Garden St., Hoboken, Nov. 27.

McCORMICK.—Michael, 114½ Sheffield St., Newark, Nov. 27. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

MEES.—Charles, 38 Sherman Av., Jersey City, Nov. 27, aged 85.

MERRITT.—Margaret, 662 Hunterdon St., Newark, Nov. 27.

MORTON.—Col. William, 106 South 11th St., Newark, Nov. 27, aged 71.

MOSS.—Peter A., 118 Franklin St., Jersey City, Nov. 27. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

NOONAN.—Joseph M., 124 Jewett Av., Jersey City, Nov. 27. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

TAYLOR.—Emma B., 35 Salem St., Newark, Nov. 27.

Long Island.

BEYLICH.—Mary, Ridgewood, Nov. 26, aged 62.

BOROWSKA.—Nadevia, Maspeth, Nov. 26, aged 5.

BROWNE.—Edmund E., Woodhaven, Nov. 26, aged 48.

DE SIMONE.—Arthur, Ozone Park, Nov. 26, aged 1.

KINNEY.—Martin J., Woodhaven, Nov. 26, aged 43.

LANGENBAHR.—Chester W., Jamaica, Nov. 26, aged 6.

PEARSALL.—Wallace, Far Rockaway, Nov. 26, aged 54.

PECOWSKI.—Andrew W., Woodhaven, Nov. 26, aged 38.

SCHIERBAUM. — Wilhelmena, Ridgewood, Nov. 26, aged 80.

SHAW.—Samuel, College Point, Nov. 26, aged 77.

In Memoriam.

CROOK.—In loving memory of William Tipping Crook, Nov. 30, 1914.

HERTLEIN.—In loving memory of Christopher E. Hertlein, who passed away Nov. 30, 1910.

LAVELLE.—Annie, mass St. Aloysius's Church, Jersey City, today, 8 A. M.

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MAY PETERSON'S DEBUT

American Soprano as Micaela Reveals Herself an Artist—"La Boheme" Sung at Night.

CARMEN, opera in four acts; book in French, by Henri Meilhac and Ludovic Halevy; music by Georges Bizet. At the Metropolitan Opera House.

Carmen ....Geraldine Farrar
Micaela ....May Peterson
Frasquita ....Lenora Sparkes
Mercedes ....Sophie Braslau
Don Jose ....Giovanni Martinelli
Escamillo ....Clarence Whitehill
Dancaire ....Albert Reiss
Remendado ....Angelo Bada
Zuniga ....Andre de Segurola
Morales ....Mario Laurenti
Conductor, Pierre Monteux.

"Carmen" was given for the first time this season at the special Metropolitan's Thanksgiving matinée yesterday. There was a very large audience eager to find almost everything good in the performance and to applaud it vigorously. And there were, indeed, many excellent points in it. Mme. Farrar's "Carmen" has been polished and intensified in its quality, and has shown the improvement in dramatic quality that is so often manifest in Mme. Farrar's continued study of a part. Mr. Martinelli's Don José is a creditable performance, but he sang yesterday with a good deal of main strength, as at the end of the flower song in the second act, which may have been worth a round of applause to him, but did not embellish Bizet's music.

Miss May Peterson made her first appearance with the Metropolitan company as Micaela; an American soprano, who has had experience at the Opéra Comique in Paris. The experience was evident in her appearance and the exemplary representation which she gave of a perfectly inconsequential young lady in the opera. The voice which had been heard and admired here in concert seemed a little small yesterday, and there was an unexpected unsteadiness in some tones, especially the lower ones. But there were evidences of some nervousness on Miss Peterson's part, of which this may have been one. There is beautiful quality in the voice and the results generally of a well-controlled production; some of her high tones were taken with admirable precision. Miss Peterson, in short, showed herself an artist whose future contributions in the course of the season will be observed with interest.

Mr. Whitehill's Escamillo was a superb impersonation, full of life and vigor, and sung in noble and beautiful voice. Not often is the Toreador's song more successfully achieved. The conducting of Mr. Monteux was on the whole of excellent quality, and he gave the performance spirited movement and dramatic power, as well as considerable finish in the orchestral part.

"La Boheme" was repeated at the opera last night with a cast all new, except Ruth Miller, the Musetta, who sang better than at her recent début. The plight of Paris bohemians of 1830 found some realism in the difficulties of other American stars. Riccardo Martin, twice out of opera lately, tried to sing with a heavy cold, as Secretary Guard explained from the stage, while Thomas Chalmers gave up in advance, and a printed slip announced Louis d'Angelo. A house in holiday mood took more active part in the proceedings than is often heard from an American crowd. Muzio as Mimi was a favorite, together with Scotti in his familiar rôle, and Mardones, in fine voice, as Colline.

WOULD END BUYING TITLES.

House of Lords Adopts a Resolution Prohibiting the Practice.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—[Associated Press.] Assertions that British titles have been obtained by payments to party funds and by contributions to public purposes have long been made, but statements of facts and names by responsible men in public have not been heard until the recent discussion in the House of Lords by the Earl of Loreburn, former Lord Chancellor, and the Earl of Selborne, a former Cabinet Minister.

The bestowal of two peerages recently, with seats in the House of Lords which appertain to them, has angered some of the inner circle of that body, who consider that its status has been cheapened. The names of the two new peers cannot be given, although they may be heard in the gossip of any London club or drawing room.

The resolution which Lord Loreborn introduced, and which was adopted without a division, provides that when any honor is bestowed upon others than members of the royal family, of the army and navy or civil service, there shall be a public statement of the reasons; also that the Prime Minister, in recommending any honors to the King, shall state that no payments to party funds are associated with them.

Contributions to British political parties are a sealed book to the public. Only a very small circle of the managers of the party machines know anything about them. But it is asserted that one prolific source of revenue for the party in power has been the conferring of titles of nobility upon rich men, and an understood custom that a generous subscription to the party fund should be forthcoming in such cases.

The Earl of Selborne gave some examples of deals that had failed. Sir James Gildea, the founder of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Families' Association, he said, had authorized the statement that on three occasions he had been approached to act as go-between. One man offered him £25,000 and two others £10,000 for the society if he would use his influence to obtain titles for them. "He replied that he would have nothing to do with such transactions, and those single-minded and disinterested philanthropists never gave a penny to the association," said Lord Selborne.

Lord Loreburn's resolution contained a preamble, "that this House, convinced that Ministers have in recent times advised his Majesty to confer honors and dignities on persons who have given or have promised money to party funds as a consideration, therefore—," but the Lords omitted that by a vote of 48 to 34. The reasons urged by Lord Curzon were that it contained a reflection upon four living Prime Ministers, Lord Rosebery, Mr. Balfour, Mr. Asquith, and Mr. Lloyd George. Members of the Lords were disposed to think that Prime Ministers had recommended to the King promotions to the nobility on the advice of party managers, without questioning the reasons, and preferring to turn a blind eye to an old custom.

OPEN TRAILS FOR THE ARMY.

Pennsylvania Roads Being Prepared for Passage of Heavy Trucks.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Pennsylvania, the banner State in regular army recruiting, is blazing the trail for good roads for the army. The Council of National Defense announced today that the State is preparing to keep its thoroughfares in readiness for the passage of military truck trains this Winter, according to a letter received from the State Highway Department.

The action was taken following correspondence on the plan to relieve congestion in railway terminals by the use of motor trucks. The first experimental military truck train is already on its way from a Western city to the Atlantic seaboard. Other States are expected to follow the action of Pennsylvania.

A part of the letter of the Pennsylvania department follows:

"As stated on several occasions, the department will use every effort possible not only to put and keep this route in passable condition, but also to keep it open in the event of snowstorms. In order to take care of this latter condition we are arranging to place eight motor trucks, which will be equipped with snowplows along the line of the road, prepared to fight the storms."

"SIX MONTHS OPTION"

A Moralistic Farce on Trial Divorce and Remarriage.

SIX MONTHS OPTION, a comedy in three acts by Ancelia Ansiee. At the Princess Theatre.

Franklin Kendal ....Stanley C. Ridges
Andrew McClellen ....W. T. Clark
Fanny Kendal ....Minna Gombel
Ella McClellen ....Mrs. Jacques Martin
Marion Eastman ....Jane Marbury
Ernesto Gianello ....David Quixano
Frieda ....Marion Manley

Divorce and remarriage would be much less frequent, in the opinion of Ancelia Ansiee, if the high contracting parties could only have a foretaste of their luck in the second lottery of love. There would be time to test new ties, to digest new sensations. And, in the lengthening retrospect, old ties and old emotions might revive some of their pristine attractions. Now Ancelia Ansiee is a playwright, and the result of these cogitations was "Six Months' Option," in which the candidates for divorce and remarriage live amphibiously for half a year between the old love and the new. In the end a proverb is revised. Never be on with the new love until you have given both loves the acid test for at least six months.

Conceivably a comedy might have been written on this theme—but only conceivably. For, like trial marriage, trial divorce and remarriage is an institution which the genus homo is much more disposed to discuss than to experiment in. The comedy would have to be very light, verging upon farce. The characters would have to be vivaciously sketched, and acted with the utmost finesse in caricature. In Ancelia Ansiee's play the characters are scissored out as if by the tinsmith, and they are so far from taking their predicament lightly that they clog the dialogue with weighty observations on subjects ranging from the childless wife to the married libertine. The result is moralistic farce. Of the acting, the less said the better.

Only one thing remains to be recorded. Ancelia Ansiee is not only a playwright, but a playwright with some mysterious power to move the savage breast of the manager. "Six Months' Option" was produced by Dorothy Donnelly, and on a day which was otherwise wholly occupied with thanksgiving.

GIBES AT 'HEAVENLY TWINS.'

Morning Post Nonplussed at Honors to Reading and Northcliffe.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—The Morning Post says editorially this morning: "The whole world stands amazed as we do at the advancements and peregrinations of those heavenly twins, Lords Reading and Northcliffe. We are told, and we are willing to believe, that they have done most wonderful work in America, the one in finance, the other in diplomacy. We take it, like many other things, upon trust, yet we are not altogether comfortable over this growing faith of democracy in the amateur and this increasing custom of taking men from their own work and setting them to do the work of others."

As regards Lord Reading, The Morning Post points out that he is Chief Justice of England, and argues that his proper place is on the bench. It goes on:

"Surely, the Treasury and the City of London are not so impoverished of talent that we have to employ our Chief Justice on one financial mission after another."

The article concludes:

"We take it that these financial pilgrimages are an explanation of the honors showered upon Lord Reading. Yesterday he was a Viscount, today he is an Earl, tomorrow he may be a Duke.

"We confess it is almost enough to make people turn republicans that the other bright particular star, Lord Northcliffe, moves through the constellations with equal celerity. He attacks Mr. Lloyd George's colleagues, and is immediately made a Viscount. It is indeed a modern example of noblesse oblige.

"Mr. Lloyd George secretly offers to Lord Northcliffe the post occupied by Lord Cowdray. Lord Northcliffe thereupon makes the offer public and takes the opportunity of publicly attacking Mr. Lloyd George's colleagues; Lord Cowdray in consequence resigns, and Lord Northcliffe's brother is immediately given his job, while Lord Northcliffe is made a Viscount. It is a curious transaction.

"If Lord Northcliffe should desire a Dukedom, he now knows how to get it. He has only to throw a few more bricks at the Prime Minister's colleagues, and if they resign he can always put his relations into their offices. Thus Mr. Lloyd George and Lord Northcliffe may mutually benefit each other. Lord Northcliffe practises modesty and the Prime Minister forgiveness. Lord Northcliffe refuses a ministry and becomes a Viscount. Mr. Lloyd George turns the other cheek—of a colleague."

TO TRAIN POLISH OFFICERS.

Baker Will Aid New Contingent, Paderewski Announces.

BOSTON, Nov. 29.—Secretary of War Baker has shown America's appreciation of the new army of 200,000 Polish-American young men being raised in the United States to fight on the side of the Entente Allies by offering the use of the camp at Plattsburg for the training of Polish officers, Ignace Paderewski, the famous pianist, announced at a patriotic mass meeting of Polish people here today.

The meeting, which was held in Tremont Temple, was the concluding event of a commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the death of Thaddeus Kosciusko, the Polish patriot.

Mr. Paderewski urged all Polish-American young men of draft age who are not called to the colors under the selective service law to enter the new Polish army.

"We must needs favor Russia," he said, "for the Russian people are on the side of the Allies. Russia, Austria, and Germany have been brutal to Poland. They have all tried to crush our spirit of freedom. Now is our chance to get back a free and independent Poland. We have the support and goodwill of this great liberty-loving nation and its greatest leader—our beloved President, Woodrow Wilson."

At the mention of the President's name the big audience stood up and cheered.

The celebration included a solemn high mass of requiem in the Cathedral of the Holy Cross, with Cardinal O'Connell officiating. A wreath was placed on the statue of Washington in the Public Garden.

'The Gypsy Trail' for the Plymouth

"The Star Gazer" will be withdrawn from the Plymouth Theatre tomorrow night, and "The Gypsy Trail," by Robert Housum, will have its first performance at that house on next Tuesday. The new piece is being produced by Arthur Hopkins, and the cast will include Phoebe Foster and Ernest Glendinning.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Eva Le Gallienne has been added to the company which will appear in the revival of "Lord and Lady Algy," and the complete cast now includes William Faversham, Maxine Elliott, Maclyn Arbuckle, Irene Fenwick, George W. Howard, (in his original role,) Florine Arnold, Lumsden Hare, George Fitzgerald, Mrs. Edmund Gurney, Grace Ade, Philip Leigh, Malcolm Morley, Joseph McManus, Herbert Belmore, Douglas Farne, Charles Chappell, Victor La Salle, and Miss La Gallienne.

David Belasco and Enrico Caruso were among the spectators at last night's performance of "The Land of Joy," at the Park Theatre.

A performance will be given at the Strand Theatre at 10 o'clock this morning for the benefit of the crippled children in the public schools. Mary Pickford, in "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm," will be the principal attraction. Men in uniform will be admitted free of charge.

"The Golden Goose," a musical comedy by Silvio Hein, Edgar Smith, Herbert Reynolds, and Schuyler Green, had its first performance in its present form last night at Atlantic City. Heading the cast are Muriel Window, Joe Cook, and Ernest Adams.

The slave market scene from "Chu Chin Chow" will be reproduced at an Oriental bazaar to be given next Wednesday and Thursday at the First Field Hospital Armory, 56 West Sixty-sixth Street.

A total of 1,400 soldiers and sailors attended the two performances at the Hippodrome yesterday.

FAST TRAIN MISSES CRASH BY 100 FEET

Engineer of Owl Express on New Haven Stops Just in Time to Avoid Freight Wreck.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Nov. 29.—More than five hundred passengers aboard the No. 1 Owl Express, consisting of nine coaches and three baggage cars, bound from Boston to New York on the New Haven, had cause to be thankful early this morning when their train escaped by less than one hundred feet of crashing into a freight wreck at Davisville, R. I.

The freight train was derailed after passing Wickford Junction, and a towerman a short distance away heard the crash, and, realizing that the Boston train was about due, threw the "distant" and "home" signals against the express. The train had passed the first warning, but the alert eyes of the engineer saw the "home" signal flash just as he was passing the board. He threw on the brakes, and his locomotive bore down so closely to the freight wreck that he believed he could not escape a collision, so he jumped from his cab after shouting to his fireman to follow.

The freight train was in charge of Conductor James McVey, who sent a flagman with a red lantern to stop the express, but the time was so short that the flagman's signal would have been practically useless.

"This is Thanksgiving morning," exclaimed Conductor G. E. Dana of the express as the passengers asked why the train had stopped so suddenly, "and we can all be thankful that we escaped with our lives."

The express train was backed to Providence, then made a detour to Plainfield, and came to New London over the Norwich and Worcester line, arriving six hours late. Other Boston-New York trains were sent over the same route.

CANADIANS IN RIOT.

Three-Hour Fight at Meeting Addressed by Cabinet Members.

SHERBROOKE, Quebec, Nov. 29.—A riotous crowd tonight broke up a meeting here at which Minister of Justice Doherty and the Hon. C. C. Ballantyne attempted to speak. The front of the theatre in which the meeting was being held was wrecked, and there were many fist fights among persons in the audience. Mr. Doherty is a member of the Cabinet of Sir Robert Borden.

The disturbance was the most serious that has yet occurred in the Province of Quebec in the present general election campaign. The rioters were held back only by the well directed use of a fire hose at the stage door when they attempted to storm the stage where the speakers were.

The riot lasted more than three hours, during which period the mob broke through the doors of the theatre and were repelled by the citizens who had been occupying seats on the ground floor, and who, each time that the rioters broke into the theatre, drove them back.

There were at least twenty pitched battles. The entire front of the theatre was smashed to splinters. Not a single piece of glass was left intact, and through the broken windows stones of all sizes were hurled.

At the end of the meeting the Chairman called on the peaceful people to remain inside for a time in order that steps could be taken to get the women away in safety. The men decided to protect their own women, and many chairs were broken so that the arms and legs might serve as weapons, and the audience left the hall almost in a body. The men presented such a determined aspect that they were not rushed as expected.

SHELTERED BY RED CROSS.

Americans Help French Farmers Restore Homes Destroyed by Germans.

In the devastated sections of Northern France which have been retaken from the Germans there is not a building left with a roof. The farmers who were driven from their homes before the German advance are now returning and are being aided by the American Red Cross. These farmers, who are described as "pioneers," are the subject of this cable message, received by the Red Cross yesterday from its representatives in France:

"Red Cross workers who have just returned from the devastated region say that they passed no building covered by a roof. In some places numbers of farmers born and reared on this land, like their fathers for generations before them, have come back to their ruined homes to begin anew.

"Repair work has begun at three places, where the Red Cross helps farmers to roof at least one room and to give it windows and a door. One man, formerly prosperous, asked for such assistance because of his comfortable farmhouse and outbuildings only one stable still stands. He asked the Red Cross to help fix the roof of his stable, that he might bring his family back and recommence tilling his land, which is unusually fertile.

"This man said: 'It is hard to have to begin all over. We shall be grateful for your co-operation, as this land is all we have left. All the same, it is good to be back.'

"This is the spirit of all returned farmers of the devastated regions. To give these courageous, indomitable people the chance of winning back again their own land, rebuilding their houses, and, like a second race of pioneers, reconquering their own country, is one thing the Red Cross is trying to do."

SOLDIERS' DAY AT CAPITAL.

Gen. Crozier Entertains Officers of the Ordnance Department.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—This was Soldiers' Day in Washington, beginning with the morning service of most of the large churches and closing with a ball this evening, when both ballrooms at Rauscher's were filled to overflowing, in aid of the Navy Relief Society.

General and Mrs. Crozier entertained the officers of the Ordnance Department and their families at an afternoon reception at Rauscher's, which proved most successful in bringing this greatly enlarged department together for the first time. Mrs. Baker, wife of the Secretary of War, assisted in receiving.

HERO LAND
Grand Central Palace
50c—Admission—50c
CANADIAN DAY
ST. ANDREW'S DAY
There is no selling in the aisles.
1 P. M.-4 P. M.—"Mother Goose Festival," (Le Pequot du Soldat.) Supervision of Mrs. T. D. M. Cardeza.
4 P. M.-6 P. M.—Children's general dancing. John Drew and Chas. Bentley speak at British War Relics Exhibit.
LUNCHEONS. TEAS. DINNERS. SUPPERS. For all purses.
Cafe de Paris, (2d floor.) Direction of Delmonico.
Cheshire Cheese, (3d floor.) Direction of Keen's Chop House.
The Bersagliere, (4th floor.) Direction of Joe Pani.
THE RED CROSS TEA ROOM.
Golden West Cabaret, (4th floor.) Direction of J. B. Regan.
Tonight—Dorothy Dixon, James J. Corbett and Frank Tinney.
3 to 5—National Vaudeville Ass'n—Vaudeville for the British Patriotic Fund.
9 to 11—Same, (National Vaudeville Ass'n.)
10 P. M.-12 P. M.—"Caledonian Ball." Supervision of Phyllis Nielson Terry.
8 to 9:30—General Dancing and Band Concert and numerous divertisements by stars of Stageland, skaters, etc., by the following well-known artists: May Judels, Emma Remoli, Jack Davis and June Rogers, (courtesy of Waldorf-Astoria,) and Harry Browning, (courtesy of Iceland.)
AND ALL THE TIME
The British Tank Britannia in action. The streets in Bagdad. Hindenburg trenches. Ice skating. Dancing. Auctions. Concerts in the Grand Hall. Acrobats. Games for the Kiddies.
Every Week Day from 11 A. M. to 12 P. M. until Dec. 12.
Hero Land has been publicly endorsed by Gov. Whitman and Dist. Attorney Swann.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow | All Orch. Seats $2, and Wed. 2:15. | Incl. Saturday Nights. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy Triumph THE RIVIERA GIRL
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20. "A COMPLETE TRIUMPH."—Herald. ANN MURDOCK | THE 3 BEARS "QUAINT, FANTASTIC, APPEALING, HUMAN, AMUSING."—Alan Dale.

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. "GREATEST TRIUMPH IN YEARS." MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in a new Comedy THE KING By Caillavet, de Flers & Arene.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:30. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2. MRS. FISKE in Philip Moeller's New Comedy, MADAME SAND "An Evening of Pure Delight."—Mail.

HUDSON West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:30. The Pipes of Pan With Norman Trevor & Janet Beecher.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Eves. 8:25. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:25. NO ADVANCE IN PRICES. BEST SEATS $2. "SEASON'S SUPREME SUCCESS" ELEANOR PAINTER in Harold Chapin's Comedy, "ART AND OPPORTUNITY."

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2. Alexandra Carlisle in THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY, The Country Cousin

LIBERTY W. 42 St. EVS. 8:25. Last Mat. Tom'w, 2:25. | LAST 3 TIMES. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2. Laurette Taylor in J. Hartley Manners' Comedy "THE WOOING OF EVE." Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON. Miss Taylor will appear in New York in a new comedy, "Happiness," early in Jan. Next Mon. Night—Seats Now A New Musical Comedy The GRASS WIDOW

HARRIS W. 42d St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:30. Prices 50c to $2 AND We Pay War Tax. The NAUGHTY WIFE (or LOSING ELOISE) with Charles Cherry, Violet Heming, Lucile Watson, Francis Byrne. A Tonic of Laughs for the Times.

FULTON W. 46th ST. EVES. 8:20. Last Mat. Tomor'w, 2:20. | LAST 3 TIMES. "BROKEN THREADS"

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Evs. 8:20. Mts. T'm'w & Wed. Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years. A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

CENTURY Broadway, 62d St. Nights at 8:20. Dillingham-Ziegfeld Revue "MISS 1917" Wed. & Sat. Matinees—Reduced Prices. SUNDAY NIGHT POPULAR CONCERT.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO presents Tiger Rose

59th St. Circle at B'way PARK Eves. 8:15. Mats. 2:15 Wed. & Sat. EXTRA MATS. XMAS & NEW YEAR'S. Morning World says: "THERE IS NO ENTERTAINMENT IN NEW YORK SO RICH IN NOVELTY AS The Land of Joy Valverde's Fantastic Review. Positive Debut TONIGHT. Violeta Greatest of All Spanish Dancers. Who Will Be the Feature in The Land of Joy and Offer New Dances in Sunday's Valverde Concert.

BELASCO West 44th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents Polly With a Past

ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:30. Business Before Pleasure With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

REPUBLIC W. 42 St. Eves. 8:30. Last Mt. Tom'w, 2:30. | LAST 3 TIMES. On With the Dance WITH AN ALL STAR CAST. NEXT MON. NIGHT, 8:20. Seats Now. LOU TELLEGEN in "BLIND YOUTH"

Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN | GLOBE B'way 46 St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:20

THEATRE DU VIEUX COLOMBIER Directeur General, Jacques Copeau, 65 W. 35th St. Greeley 1522. Eves. 8:30. LES FOURBERIES DE SCAPIN. Next Week: La Navette, Le Carrosse du St. Sacrement and La Jalousie du Barbouille.

YORKVILLE THEATRE, 86th STREET, nr. Lex. Av. Tel Lenox 8888. Evg. at 8.15. Sat. Matinee, 2:15. ADOLF PHILIPP presents Jean Gilbert's Operetta with MIZI GIZI and Excellent Company. AUTO LOVE

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15. LEW COOPER & CO., "A Regular Business Man." Francis & Kennedy, 6 others. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

Opera SEATS FOR ALL OPERAS. Subscriptions bought, sold and exchanged. JACOBS, Theatre Ticket Office, Normandie Hotel. B'way, 38 St. Phones 4188-4189-4190-6442 Greeley.

THE Greenwich Village Theatre 4th St. and 7th Ave. Tel. Spring 6489. Evgs. 8:45. 3 One-Act Plays. Prices $1.50, $1, 50c. Mat. Sat. 2:30.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. | Twice Daily. 2:15 & 8:15 | Popular Prices. BOSTONIANS with Frank Finney.

ICELAND ICE SKATING B'way at 53d St. Morn.—Aft.—Eve.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Evgs. at 8. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2. Doing Our Bit An Extravaganza of Superlative Splendors. Sunday Night Concert Best Sunday Concert Bill in New York.

PRINCESS THEA., 39th, nr. B'y. Evs 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. Nights, $2. Wed. Mat. 50c to $1.50. DOROTHY DONNELLY Presents SIX MONTHS OPTION New Comedy of Love and Marriage.

44TH STREET —ROOF— THEATRE Phone Bryant 61. Mat. Sat. only. Prices $1 to $2.50. POSITIVE OPENING | TOMORROW NIGHT AT 9 SHARP. NO ONE SEATED AFTER 9. DOORS OPEN AT 8. Lee & J. J. Shubert Musical Production Over the Top T. Roy Barnes, Justine Johnstone, Craig Campbell. 50 Pretty Justine Johnstone Girls. Regular Theatre. No Restaurant. No Smoking. ORCHESTRA SEATS, $2.50. BALCONY, $1, $1.50 & $2. NO GALLERY.

PLYMOUTH 45 St., W. of B'way. PHONE 40 BRYANT. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. at 2:15. The Musical Hit of the Year! THE STAR GAZER Comedy With Music—With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS John T. Murray, Carolyn Thomson.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. Odds and Ends OF 1917 Harry Watson, Jr., Lillian Lorraine and Jack Norworth

PLAYHOUSE W 48th. Eves. 8:30 sharp. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. Grace George in Henry Bernstein's Great Play "L'Elevation" (THE HEIGHTS)

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Eves. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. Smartest of Musical Comedies "Oh, Boy" PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2. POP. MAT. WED. REG. MAT. TOM'W.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Eves. 8. Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2. LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION MAYTIME Tingling Music. Charming Story. 100% Talent. Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris. "A Credit to Our Country is Maytime," says Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation."

BROADHURST 44th, West of B'way | Evgs. Phone Bryant 64. | 8:20. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2:20. DONALD BRIAN in "Her Regiment" By Wm. Le Baron & Victor Herbert.

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Thurs. 2:15. GREAT COMEDY CAST STARS JOHN Drew - MARGARET Illington IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex

39TH ST. THEATRE. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. Engagement Extended Seats for Xmas & New Year's. FUNNIEST PLAY IN TOWN WHAT'S YOUR HUSBAND DOING? WITH HALE HAMILTON HOBART'S LATEST SCREAM. "A Regular Chuckle Mill." —Tribune 400 LAUGHS AN HOUR

MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20. OLIVER MOROSCO'S LAUGHING SENSATION LOMBARDI, Ltd. with LEO CARRILLO

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:15. DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY LEAVE IT TO JANE

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Wed. 2:25. XTRA MAT. TODAY (About the only one in town.) GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. The Very Idea Ernest TRUEX. Richard BENNETT.

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44th ST. THEATRE Tonight 8:15. Matinees Tomorrow & Wednesday, 2:15. LAST TWO WEEKS New Songs, New Dances, New Specialties HITCHY-KOO with RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, ROCK AND WHITE, LEON ERROL, IRENE BORDONI

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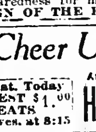

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SEES GERMAN PERIL IN LATIN AMERICA

John Barrett Again Urges Creation of Pan American Advisory Council to Aid Government.

CALLS SITUATION CRITICAL

Warns That Enemy, Propaganda May Nullify Advantages of Southern Republics' Support in War.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—John Barrett, Director General of the Pan American Union, the international organization of the American republics in Washington, tonight issued another warning that unless there is co-ordination of the official aims and attitude of the twelve Latin-American republics which have broken off relations with Germany there will be danger of trouble.

Director Barrett favors the creation of a Pan American advisory council. He urged it upon the attention of the United States Government some months ago, but no action was taken on his suggestion. In a statement which he authorized tonight, Mr. Barrett again urges the Government to favor the creation of a special Pan American advisory council, and accompanied it with a warning that, unless something is done and done quickly, German effort and propaganda "may completely offset and nullify all the apparent advantages of Pan American co-operation and support in this war."

The Pan American Union is the international organization maintained by the twenty-one American republics for the development of good understanding, friendly intercourse, commerce and peace among them. It is controlled by a governing board composed of Secretary of State Lansing and the diplomatic representatives in Washington of the other Pan American nations of Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Salvador, Uruguay and Venezuela. The Union is administered by a director-general, who is Mr. Barrett, and an assistant director, Francisco y Yanes, chosen by this board, and who are assisted by a staff of international experts, statisticians, editors, compilers, translators, and librarians.

The statement issued by Director Barrett tonight was accompanied by this "Explanatory Memorandum":

"The whole Pan American war situation is in a most critical state, and it may yet get away from the United States unless something effective and drastic is done to co-ordinate, mobilize, and direct the co-operation of the twelve friendly Latin-American countries and to checkmate the vicious German propaganda conducted not only in their midst but in their eight sister neutral republics.

"The adoption of this plan of a Pan American Advisory Council was respectfully urged upon the Government many months ago, but no action unfortunately was taken. Something now should be done, or there will be danger of trouble."

The statement authorized by Mr. Barrett in advocacy of the creation of the council he proposed is itself as follows:

"The creation of a Special Pan American Advisory Council to assist the Government in the co-ordination and mobilization for the war of the vast co-operative possibilities of the twelve Latin-American countries which have broken off relations with Germany is urged upon the Government by Director Barrett of the Pan American Union.

"The practical and pressing necessity of the appointment of this council and its application to the present situation he emphasizes in the following facts:

"(1) There is immediate need of co-ordinating co-operation between the United States and these twelve countries to combat German propaganda among them, which is growing every day bolder and more desperate, and to initiate similar effort in the eight neutral countries. Here the bureau of information would receive from this council advice urgently needed.

"(2) The fullest co-operation of these countries in shipping necessary food supplies and exporting raw products required for war manufacture, and the increase of production by the use of the capital and skill of the United States, are vitally essential. Here the Food and Fuel Administrations require expert advice.

"(3) The whole question of the present and future commerce of the United States with Latin America and the inevitable competition after the war involve today serious problems in the regulation of shipping and exports. Here the Shipping and War Trade Boards expect advice.

"(4) There must be immediate co-ordination of effort to meet possible eventualities in ammunitions, aviation, training of armies and navies, use of man power, &c. Here the Council of National Defense and the War and Navy Departments seek advice.

"(5) There must be co-ordination of the official aims and attitudes of these twelve countries toward the war, toward each other, and toward the eight neutral American countries; there must be sending and receiving of special commissions and constant co-operation with such. In this and other similar matters the State Department should have the valuable advice of these international experts.

"Unless this is done and done quickly, Director Barrett, basing his conclusions on intimate study of the general Latin-American situation and German propaganda since the beginning of the war, warns that German effort and propaganda may completely offset and nullify all the apparent advantages of Pan American co-operation and support in this war."

HALL CAINE'S NEW POST.

Accepts Invitation of Lloyd George as Controller of Cinema Propaganda.

Premier Lloyd George, in a letter to Hall Caine on Oct. 23, said that the Government was "purposing to make as large a use as possible of the cinema in carrying on this work" of "informing public opinion in regard to the issues at stake in the war" and as the "scensrio should be the work of a thoroughly competent hand" he invited Hall Caine to manage the matter.

In his letter accepting the appointment of "Controller of Cinema Propaganda" the author wrote on Oct. 26:

"I am also satisfied that the vast cinema industry (producers, photographers, manufacturers, and renters alike) will welcome the result of our united efforts, and give it if released under wise and proper direction, every opportunity it may deserve of achieving the great national ends you have in view."

GERMAN AUTHOR CONDEMNS WAR

Dr. Nicolai of Berlin University Assails It as a Biological Anomaly.

JAILED FOR HIS OPINIONS

But His Book, Denouncing German Militarism, Is Published in Switzerland.

BY JULIAN GRANDE.

BERNE, Oct. 1.—What is perhaps the most rmarkable book published since the war is that by Dr. G. F. Nicolai, entitled "The Biology of War." It may be said that it is a book which, like that of the late Jean de Bloch on "Modern Weapons and Modern War," seems destined long to survive its author.

The writer, Professor of Physiology at Berlin University, was before the war one of the most distinguished heart specialists in Germany and had even been consulted by the German Empress, whom he saved from a serious illness. Always an opponent of German militarism, he refused to accept the "might is right" and the "necessity knows no law" doctrines or any of the other views which orthodox Germans are considered bound to hold. Consequently, early in the war he was virtually incarcerated in Graudenz fortress, (whence the preface to his book is dated,) and there it was that he wrote most of the treatise, incredible as this may seem to any one who has read it, owing to the enormous mass of condensed knowledge, summarized philosophy, quotations, and references which it contains.

The book once written, the difficulty was to find a publisher, for even if a German firm had dared to attempt to issue such a work, it would have been prevented from so doing by the censorship. The manuscript, therefore, was conveyed—I will not say how—across the German frontier into Switzerland, where it was speedily brought out by the leading German-Swiss publisher, Orell Füssli of Zürich.

Its 448 pages, from the first to the last, are written in a style as lucid as easy to read and are reasoned out from beginning to end like a proposition of Euclid. For this cause it is futile, interesting as it may be, to dip into the work and read isolated chapters. No real idea of the author's meaning can thus be gained; his work must be read entirely. The rights of translation into English, for Great Britain and the United States, have already been acquired.

It is extraordinary that, despite its author having been imprisoned and being now, great physician as he is, degraded to be a stretcher-bearer at the front, this book should yet be allowed to enter Germany, for although it is an indictment of war in general as an archaic institution, the reason and justification for which have wholly passed away, it is also an indictment of Germany, the most telling which has been written, and of German conceptions of war.

Author Not a Typical Pacifist.

Let no one imagine either that Dr. Nicolai is "the friend of every country but his own" type of man, or that his book has anything in common with ordinary pacifist publications; still less that his arguments even remotely resemble those of a peace advocate. Their impartiality is equaled only by their clarity, and they are based on great general scientific and primarily on biological considerations, wholly unlike the ordinary anti-war arguments.

The first impetus to the writing of this work, as Dr. Nicolai narrates, was given by the famous declaration of the ninety-three German "intellectuals," issued at the beginning of October, 1914, ("It is not true that Germany is guilty of this war; it is not true that we criminally violated Belgian neutrality," &c.) Certain of the ninety-three afterward excused themselves for having signed the declaration—if, as Professor Nicolai says, this be an excuse—by saying that they had not read the text, but affixed their names to it when requested to do so by a telegram from the Roman Catholic Deputy Erzberger.

In reply to the declaration of the ninety-three "intellectuals," Professor Nicolai, together with Professors Albert Einstein and Wilhelm Förster, in mid-October, 1914, drafted another declaration, the text of which is given in the book, but which failed for lack of support. Therefore he determined to write his book in the belief that pre-eminently the time for writing a peace book was during the present great war.

The first German edition of this book is already sold out and I hear from the publisher that a second is being printed.

The whole book is written from the point of view of the contemplation of war as a natural phenomenon or a human action and its aim is to show that humanity is a single organism. In order to prove his contentions the writer inquires into all the causes for which humanity exists—causes which, as he shows, all exclude any notion of war. He admits that a warlike instinct exists in human beings; that even in the most uncompromising opponent of war there is something lurking which prompts him to war and that all nations first entered the countries they now inhabit as conquerors. But, as he shows in the third part of his book, the instinct of love is more powerful than that of war. Instincts, moreover, he contends, may err. They are not always so wise as the instinct of the bee to build combs, of migratory birds to fly south at a certain time, or of birds to build nests in the spring. In nature there are many mischievous instincts, although at the time when an instinct first arose it was always useful. Sometimes, indeed, instincts survive the reason for their existence and then they may be positively harmful and at best absurd. True, instinct may be infallible, but it is also blind and many species of animals have perished because of the persistence of instincts which they could not adapt to the altered conditions of their lives. Is man to perish likewise, asks Dr. Nicolai, because he persists in refusing to adapt himself to altered conditions in a world where war may once have been useful but where the reason for it no longer exists?

War Contrary to Nature.

Man by nature, he argues, was necessarily a peaceful and social animal. Originally he lived always in hordes, for he is also naturally the most defenseless of creatures, without horns or teeth, or claws or hoofs, or hard outer shell or poison bags, so that his ancestors could maintain themselves only because they were to some extent protected by dwelling in swaying boughs of trees. It is a mistake, he contends, to ascribe to Darwin the theory that man is descended from anthropoid apes; these are our cousins, but our direct ancestors are much lower monkeys, which live and act always in hordes. Again, speech in any form is found only among animals living in hordes.

Wars or fights between animals of the same kind are so extremely rare that it may almost be said that war, like so many other things, is a human invention. It is remarkable that very few animals wage real warfare. War, moreover, cannot exist without property, and is merely one of the consequences of the introduction of property. It has also a close connection with slavery, and every one who defends it in any way ought to realize that he is thereby defending slavery.

War, however, like slavery, had once its uses. At a certain stage of human development it was not merely good, but only too necessary for the progress of mankind that the majority of human beings should be compelled to work for others.

Dr. Nicolai cites successively all the stock arguments in favor of war, by which he primarily means aggressive warfare, for he never hints that the Entente peoples ought not to have arisen as they did in 1914 and defended themselves against their aggressors. These stock arguments he refutes by scientific reasoning as close as it is lucid, but always the reasoning of a biologist and a natural scientist, which is perhaps what chiefly puts his work in a category by itself. Human development, he contends particularly, depends upon the development of human brains, and war tends to retard this, and consequently to retard the progress of the human race. As for the common contention that war develops intelligence and that predatory animals are more intelligent than those which are preyed upon, he says that it naturally requires more wit to catch another animal than to escape being caught, but that the most intelligent animals of all—elephants and apes—are not warlike. Moreover, the pre-eminently civilizing people, the Greeks, "although they fought with the utmost bravery when their civilization was menaced, were by no means warlike," and the peoples which diffused civilization have always been sedentary and not warlike peoples.

"Among the Greeks themselves, the Spartans and later on the Macedonians were the most warlike, but likewise the least highly civilized. Conversely, the Romans were a warlike people, but they did little for civilization. Everywhere the same observation can be made, and there is scarcely a better case in point than that of the German people. In the time of Tacitus they were warlike and barbarous. Gradually, however, alarmed at the pitch which war had reached, they became peaceful, and at the same time a nation whose civilization aroused the admiration of the world. Once more, however, a reaction set in, and, not content with the blessings of peace, we hankered after war and after being a great nation. At the same time the finest flower of our national life suffered, for whatever may be the worth of Moltke and Bernhardi, Roentgen and Emil Fischer, Gerhardt Hauptmann and Avenarius, nevertheless Hardenberg and Stein, Helmholtz and Liebig, Goethe and Kant, were worth more."

Say War Does Not Pay.

The English and the Swiss, he says, did not wage any wars for a long time, and have yet remained vigorous and warlike. And the Germans are now finding out the truth of one of Dr. Nicolai's chief contentions—that war does not pay. It is useless even to contend that wars must be waged for acquiring colonial possessions, for, as the writer says:

"Even England does not possess any colony because she once hoisted the Union Jack there, but only because people live there who speak English and feel English. The English Crown can scarcely be said any longer to own English colonies, over which it has at most a nominal overlordship, but in the hearts of her colonists live England and an English conception of world-wide empire also."

Really to acquire colonies, writes this German, is possible only for those who can assert their own nationality, and to keep colonies is possible only for those who can win friends by just dealings. England once made a mistake which cost her the United States, but now she has learned better; and Dr. Nicolai instances with wonder and admiration the loyalty of the Boers during the present war, and the assistance now being rendered by America. He goes so far as to say:

"For America is in the true sense of the word an English colony, despite the free Star-Spangled Banner floating over Washington. America is a British possession, because in America also the Anglo-Saxon idea lives."

In concluding his homily to Germans on their false notions of colonization—notions which have found their fullest application in Belgium—Dr. Nicolai says:

"Let every German really desirous of spreading German ideas and ways answer the following questions:

"1. Why did the Boers not help Germany?

"2. Why do the majority of German emigrants go to America and to British colonies and not to German colonies?

"3. Why has German trade become so extensive in all British colonies and not in a single Germany colony? And why has it become extensive also in American colonies, although these colonies are sometimes younger than those of Germany?

"4. Why in this war have the people of Lorraine proved more loyal to Germany than the Alsatians, although more interspersed with French than the latter and although the Alsatians have more German blood and much more has been done to Germanize them?

"5. Why are the Austrian Poles more loyal than the Prussian Poles? And again, why have so many Austrian Czechs not been loyal to Austria?

"Any one who can once clearly understand the reasons for these facts will perceive that national ideas and habits take most vigorous root where, as far as possible, nothing is done to implant them by force and where they are merely a particular form of civilization—that is, where the weapons used are those of life, and not of death."

Sees German Intellect Bankrupt.

Dealing with German jingoism, Dr. Nicolai says that German intellect and reasoning power went completely bankrupt at the outset of the war; that after a time no rumors were too preposterous not to be swallowed by some people, no matter how demonstrably false they might be. As an instance of the lowest depth to which a nation could sink, he quotes certain German daily papers as having demanded that prisoners of war and pigs should be fed together, and that when it was officially reported that "a great many German sailors were rescued [i. e., from drowning] by the English," some papers added that it was really too much to be rescued by "this English rabble." As for Lissauer's famous "Hymn of Hate," Dr. Nicolai remarks that "this droll individual," its author, does not even know why he hates England so much; he merely hates her. Let us make haste, he suggests, to cause the world to forget that this disgraceful poem was ever so popular in Germany, and likewise the word "Hiddekk" and the phrase "Gott strafe England." "Hiddekk," by the way, stands for the first letters of "Hauptsache ist, dass die Engländer Keile kriegen," ("the great thing is that the English get thunderbolts.")

Dr. Nicolai, as I have hinted, does not shrink from showing the lengths to which German brutality has gone in this war. For instance, on Page 269, he says:

"I was asked recently by one of our ablest military men, (who, owing to his high standing, shall be nameless, especially as when peace is restored he will asuredly regret his question,) whether it were not possible to drop bombs containing cholera germs or plague bacilli behind the enemy's front. When I told him that I did not think there would be much object in so doing, and that it was likewise scarcely humane, he replied, with a contemptuous gesture: 'What have we to do with humanity in this war? Germany is justified in doing anything.'

"And, unhappily, millions think as did this individual, a man in himself of superior character. And most think far worse things. For instance, a General Staff doctor said to me at Graudenz that he had often wondered whether we could not somehow contrive to slip into Russia in order to inoculate Russians there with living bacteria, 'for against such a herd everything is legitimate.'"

How is it that Dr. Nicolai proposes to supplant war? In reality by internationalism, by each nation developing the best which is in it, and by working together as members of one great family, and he explains how this, the ideal of many before him, is to be attained, how the human race is to live "most worthily and most morally"—most morally at a time when the question of reintroducing polygamy is being seriously discussed in both Germany and Austria!

"If humanity conquers," he says, "this will be the death of war." A new religion we must also have, for he is no materialist, and explicitly states his conviction that without a belief in the supernatural, in some higher power, there can be no true morality. What he does not explain, however, is how the other nations are to concentrate all their efforts upon peaceful, civilizing, uplifting labor so long as there remains in the world even one such nation as Germany, and the power of that nation is not broken.

RUSH TO BUY HIS SUGAR.

Grocer Putting Out Six Tons, Pound at a Time, with Pound of Cornmeal.

Although the Newark Health Department has been unable to get a pound of sugar for distribution among the poor and sick, in spite of promises by the American Sugar Refining Company, Samuel Blafer, a grocer in Prince Street, had six tons to sell yesterday. Thousands of persons who heard of the discovery of the sugar in his store by Health Inspectors went there yesterday to buy a pound of sugar and the pound of cornmeal that Blafer insisted each sugar customer must buy.

Newark grocers were dumfounded when they heard of the large quantity of sugar Blafer had on hand. In broken English he said he had never been out of sugar in the last six months. He didn't know why he was more fortunate than his competitors. All he knew was that he ordered sugar and got it.

Explaining the delivery of the six tons, he said he ordered, as usual, from the American Sugar Refinery, and sent a certified check. The check was returned, he said, and he was told the International Sugar Commission of 111 Broadway would send him the sugar and draw on him for payment. Blafer has a small grocery in the heart of the foreign quarter. The back room of this store was filled with bags of sugar, covered with other merchandise, when the Health Inspectors visited the place.

The Newark Board of Health has been trying to ease the sugar situation by issuing sugar cards and distributing sugar from police stations, but so far the board has been unable to get the initial shipment of 1,000 pounds promised by the refinery. While the health authorities were trying to pull wires to get the sugar the trucks were dumping off a hundred bags of 100 pounds each at Blafer's store.

Police reserves were called to keep order while Blafer and his clerks weighed out the precious sweet. The line was half a block long all day. Blafer sold the sugar at 10 cents a pound and the cornmeal at 8 cents. He said he paid 8 4-5 cents a pound for the sugar.

PUMPKINLESS PIE AT SEA.

Recipe Devised by New Jersey Woman Wins Favor in the Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Camouflage pumpkin pie has made a big hit with the men on an American naval vessel, according to announcement made today by the National Emergency Food Garden Commission, which has its headquarters in Washington. It appears that in an effort to help food conservation Mrs. G. M. King of 241 William street, East Orange, N. J., sent to the commission her pumpkinless pie recipe. The commission gave it to the crews, and among those who read it was Paul R. Wallace, a second-class baker on a vessel in the navy. Wallace wrote Mrs. King this letter:

My Dear Mrs. King:
After having tried your recipe for pumpkinless pie which was published in the papers I would be very much pleased and appreciate very much if you could give me a recipe for gingerless gingerbread. I am a baker in the United States Navy and tried your recipe on 500 pie-hungry men of Uncle Sam's navy. The only kick they had to make was there was not enough. Ray Eaton, who is head baker on this ship, and myself are specializing on economy in the navy during these hard times, as are the folks at home, and the reason I ask you for this gingerless gingerbread is this: Some time ago we were asked to make gingerbread "without" molasses, ginger, spices, and butter, so Eaton and I thought you might have some kind of camouflage that would help us out. Very truly yours,
PAUL R. WALLACE, U. S. S. ——
In care of any Postmaster.

Mrs. King was equal to the task, and at once sent through the National Emergency Food Garden Commission this recipe:

"Gingerless, molassesless, eggless, butterless, milkless gingerbread: Dissolve two cups of brown sugar in a little black coffee and one dessert spoonful of soda. Add four tablespoons of melted shortening; two tablespoons of nut oleomargarine; two tablespoons of lard, a little salt, then one scant cup of hot black coffee, and last, but not least, pepper to taste. Take one cup of graham and three cups of wheat flour and roll it out about one inch thick."

Here is the recipe for the pumpkinless pie:

"Scald one quart milk; add scant cup of Indian meal and a little salt. When cold add two eggs, cinnamon and ginger to taste, sweeten with brown sugar. Put a little cream or milk on top and bake."

ECONOMY IN CRACKERS.

Bakers to Save $16,000,000 Pounds of Sugar and 12,000,000 of Fats.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—An annual saving of 16,000,000 pounds of sugar and 12,000,000 pounds of shortening is what the cracker manufacturers of the country estimate they will accomplish under the new rules made for them by the Food Administration.

The rules require that an average of not more than seventeen pounds of shortening, of which not more than ten pounds shall be animal fats, shall be used in 196 pounds of flour, meal, or mixture for sponge goods, and not more than twenty-six pounds, of which not more than half shall be animal fats, in sweet goods. No sugar is allowed for sponge goods and not more than fifty-three pounds for sweet goods.

The administration has asked that the manufacturers keep below these maximum figures, and has given warning that a further reduction may be necessary.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS MELTZER, trading as MELTZER BROS., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Nov. 30, 1917, by order of the Court at 10:30 A. M., at 36 W. 25th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Coats, Suits, Piece Goods, Trimmings, Office Furniture and Fixtures, also the Receiver's right, title, and interest in and to the lease of premises 36 W. 25th St., held by the Bankrupt.
BENNO LEWINSON, Receiver.
SAUL S. MYERS, Attorney for Receiver, 60 Wall St., New York.
Above sale adjourned until further notice.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH GABA, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wed., Dec. 5, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 482 Broome St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Ladies' & Children's Coats, finished and unfinished; Woolens, Piece Goods, Trimmings, Plushes, Velvets, Machinery, Fixtures, etc.
MARCUS HELFAND, Assignee.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Assignee, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL FARWELL, trading as BLEECKER MFG. CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thurs., Dec. 6, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 688 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Dresses, Waists, Desks, Chairs, Typewriter, Typewriter Desk, Partitions, Carpets, Table, Pasteboard Boxes, etc.
PHINEAS LEWINSON, Receiver.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Receiver, 366 Broadway, New York.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of KATHODIAN BRONZE WORKS, INC., Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that the sale of the assets of the above-named bankrupt, advertised for sale November 30th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., has been adjourned to Friday, December 7th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., at No. 366 Gerard Avenue, Borough of Bronx, City of New York. A. S. GILBERT, Receiver.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Receiver, 100 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,262.—In Bankruptcy.—TONY BARBERA and BERNARD TRIPO, individually and as copartners doing business under the firm name of BARBERA & TRIPO, Bankrupts.
Tony Barbera and Bernard Tripo, individually and as copartners doing business under the firm name of Barbera & Tripo, were duly adjudicated bankrupts on November 19th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on December 13th, 1917, at 11:15 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash, surplus stock, better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

BROADCLOTH AND VELOURS Wanted.—American Woolen Co.'s 11050, 544, 13046. Farragut 3454.

BROADCLOTH, Velours, Kerseys Wanted.—Call with samples, 9 to 12. L. Hammer, 334 4th Av.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open for all shades, spot cash. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Will pay cash for black F. & H., or other make. Chelsea 590.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany, or F.-H., all shades; cash. Haft, 104 W. 27th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Also heavyweight velours, all colors. Farragut 5166.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Poplin and velours for cash. Call Far. 488.

BURELLA Wanted.—American 0310, also 09057, all colors; please quote lowest price and quantity. J 176 Times.

CLOAKS AND SUITS Wanted.—Large Western buyer looking and placing orders on snappy Spring suits and coats; hours from 9 to 11 and from 3 to 5. Address Feld, 38 West 25th St., 5th floor.

CLOAKINGS Wanted.—Heavyweight, all colors; 6-4 and ¾ cash. Edelson & Hand, 16-18 West 22d St.

COATS Wanted.—The Bailey Company, Cleveland, Ohio; Mr. J. Hirschl open for jobs junior flapper and children's coats; quantity no object. 72 Madison Av.

COATS Wanted.—Open for Spring lines of dresses and coats. Samuel Moss, San Francisco, Cal. 1,133 Broadway, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted.—Call with better grades juniors' and ladies' coats for the Spring. I. Novick, 40 West 28th.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber now placing order on Spring coats. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

COATS and SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers in the better grade will look at samples. 19 West 24th, 11th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Buying Spring coats, ladies', juniors', and children's. 13 West 20th, 1st floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Large jobber placing Spring orders; appointment write J 200 Times.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Spring goods. 129 West 22d, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber ordering Spring children's, juniors'. Room 1808, 15 E. 26th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing immediate orders Rubin, 50 West 17th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats. Call 28 E. 30th, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples. 6th floor, 127 Madison Av.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats, 5th floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted—100 high-class; call before 10. Fellows, 31 Union Square.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Open to buy large quantity of 4 thread, also 3 thread, 72 pick. Curley Waist Co., 145 Greene.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are in the market to job a line of medium-priced women's house dresses and girls' and misses' cotton dresses. Address, with particulars, to P. O. Box 1,099, New Haven, Conn.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractor on better silk dresses; submit samples, 9 to 11 A. M.; orders given. Take freight elevator only, fifth floor, 19 West 24th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractor with first-class line of Spring styles would like to connect with jobbers. Charles Feldstein, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing order for Spring silks and serges of better grade. Call 8th floor, 15-17 West 18th St., 8 to 11 A. M.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at georgette and silk dresses of the better kind. 39-41 West 29th, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Popular priced, for Spring line. Call, with samples after 1. 151 W. 25th St., 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Ready to place large orders on Spring dresses. Spiro & Kutner, 279 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking Spring line silks. Room 507, 3 West 29th St.

KERSEYS AND VELOURS Wanted.—American 544, 11050, 13009, 15020, A. D. Julliards 2002, 2060; quantities no object; for cash. Greeley 5290.

KERSEYS AND VELOURS Wanted.—All shades, K 544, 11050, 15020, 0359; quantities no object for cash. Farragut 9090. Phillip.

METALAMB Wanted—Open for large quantity, any make, for cash. Greeley 6172.

POPLIN Wanted.—American and other all-wool poplin, all colors, for cash. Barnett Goldstein, 18-20 West 21st.

POPLINS Wanted.—90610 or others; cash. H. S. S., 36 West 21st. Gramercy 440.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will buy 100 pieces for spot cash. Hirschfield, 142 West 29th.

SERGES Wanted.—Cheap quality French serge, colors Burgundy, plum, brown, and green, any quantity, for cash. Julius D. Booth & Sons, Inc., 134 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted.—Any number of Whitman's serge or any number of Amoskeag's serge. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 17 West 3d. Spring 6311.

SERGES AND POPLINS Wanted.—Call with samples, 9 to 12. Louis Hammer, 334 4th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeags 7120 or 6120. Call 12th floor. 148 Madison Av.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, navy, for cash. Mad. Sq. 8475.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 106, 838, navy. Gramercy 5213.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Am in the market for all shades. J. Helt & Sons, 99 Madison Ave.

SUITS Wanted.—Large jobber now placing orders on smart Spring suits. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber looking at Spring coats and suits. 12 West 27th St., 8th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking Spring samples all week. 22 West 26th, twelfth floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Open for jobs broadcloth and poplin suits. N. Shapiro. 4956 Mad. Sq.

SUITS wanted for Spring; better grades only. Phone Madison Square 8475.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Black and white, seconds and jobs of any kind; always open to buy. L. H. Bandeau Co., 648 Broadway.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS Wanted.—Heavyweight Americas or similar; any quantity, all colors; will pay cash. Farragut 3139.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will buy heavyweight coating velours; pay spot cash; any quantity. Phone Spring 9630. Mr. Branch.

VELOURS Wanted.—11050, 13046, also 0359, 15020, any quantity. Merritt, 22 West 27th.

WEARING APPAREL Wanted.—Cash for cloaks, suits and dresses. Bargain Cloak Co., 1,170 Broadway. Tel. 7974 Madison Square.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Will buy any quantity fancy mixtures, plaids, velour checks, light and heavy weights; also black and blue serges, all makes, spot cash; call with sample or telephone 9697 Spring for our woolen buyer, who will call immediately. Elias Surut & Sons, 670-74 Broadway.

WOOL PLUSH Wanted.—Chase's, all colors. Haft, 104 West 27th St.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BATH ROBES for men, ladies, and children for immediate delivery. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th St.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 343, white, 50 inches; $2.10 net cash. Madison Square 1503.

BURELLA.—0310, six pieces, assorted colors, $1.25 net; also 15 pieces imported velour cheviot, all shades, to close. Posner-Marinace, 31 W. 31st. Madison Square 478.

CHIFFONS.—Have for sale large quantity chiffon cloth, chiffon lining; also crepe chiffon, all colors, special price. Farragut 4820.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—To close out. J. Dunn Co., 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—A group of low-priced coats for immediated delivery with a "special sales" plan. Developed for December and January retailing. Room 1210, 5th Avenue Building. The Printz-Biederman Co. These are Printzess coats.

COATS.—1,000 for immediate delivery; plushes, velours, kerseys, and broadcloths, to close out, at a price. Benjamin Martin, 22 West 27th.

COATS.—Sacrificing entire stock of better grade goods, fur-trimmed, at a bargain; call at once for best choice. I. Novick, 40 West 28th.

COATS.—Silks, mercerized, and cotton plushes, broadcloths, and velours; close out to make room. Ulin Bros., 55 East 11th St.

COATS.—Children's, infants', juniors', ladies'; all kinds; cheap. Hutner, 48 W. 25th St.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

COATS.—Juniors', misses' velour broadcloth kersey to close out. Chas. Seller, 41 West 25th St.

COATS.—Cloth, $5.75 up; plushes, $12.75; also jobs. Schoen, Weissman, 53 West 24th.

COATS.—Plush, fur-trimmed, belted, 48 inches; $10.50 to $14.75. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

COATS AND SUITS—Spring, 1918, superior line ready. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 W. 26.

COATS.—200 ladies' and misses', at a sacrifice price. Greenberg, 137 West 25th.

COATS.—Infants', children's, juniors', close out. Cass & Rosenthal, 153 W. 27th.

COATS.—Better kind; immediate delivery. L. Baumann & Co., 12 East 32d St.

COATS, to close out, at reasonable prices. 12 West 32d St., 3d floor.

COATS.—500, to close out; all fur trimmed. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—100 fur trimmed, to close out. Maldoff & Siegel, 78 5th Av.

CORDUROY.—9000 navy, brown, wine, and green, 45c. net cash; 1200 half wool serge, navy, brown, and green, 47½c. net cash. A. Goldberg & Bros., 134 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Silk, serge, and evening dresses; close out entire stock account of moving. Greenberg-Weiner Co., 133 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Children's serges, corduroys, and ginghams, 2 to 6, 8 to 14, to close out at a price. S. Rosenman & Co., 18 West 21st St.

DRESSES.—Serges, velveteens, satins, close out; finest assortments; reasonable. Weifert, 1,133 Broadway.

GEORGETTES.—Domestic, all colors, immediate delivery. S. Bernheimer, phone 9380 Madison Square.

GOLFINE.—Juilliards, light and dark colors, 31 inches wide, 50c. Phone Madison Sq. 7950.

MIDDYS.—Spring line of 3 in 1 middy blouses and new smocks ready. Freedman, 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

PLUSHES.—F. & H., Baffin Seal, Guaranteed Sealette, Salt's Velour du Nord, Behring Seal. Mad. Sq. 3121.

PLUSH.—Teddy Bear, fancy silks for bag and box linings. Kinstler & Co., 440 4th Av.

PLUSHES.—30 Esquimette, 25 Peco, 20 Dobson 1164, ridiculously cheap. Farr. 9812.

POPLINS.—100 pieces A. G. Hyde 990, old rose, navy blue, 36 inches, 18½c. H. Cohen & Son, 1,083 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

POPLIN.—Whitman's 1305; 36 inches; half wool. Farragut 3990.

SERGES.—14 ouze black navy, $1.75; Whitman 94, Amoskeag 7614, Walworth 3817. Levensohn & Satz, 1,170 Broadway. 1265 Madison Square.

SERGES.—Arlington 99, 10, 106; Stevens 3850, 3020; Lorraine 2678; Dunmore 0420, 0310, 0360; U. S. 838, 820, 258; Pacific S. B. G. L.; Botany 809. Mad Sq. 3121.

SERGES.—American, 09050; 25 pieces; navy and black. 9090 Farragut; Mr. Phillip.

SERGES.—4002, Amoskeag, 30 pieces navy, 10 brown; 65c net. Orchard 4858.

SOL SATIN.—At a price. Call Madison Square 781.

STOLES, Capes, plush and kerami, muffs to match in fur effects, headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

SILKS.—High-lustered Susquehanna Poplin, gold color only, 10 pieces to close, 62½c. net cash. Lauretta Skirt Co., 450 4th Av. Madison Square 6045.

SKIRTS.—Sure sellers; silk skirts, $2.12½-$3.75; silk dresses, $4.75-$7.50; ask for samples. Lauretta Skirt Co., 450 4th Av.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Belle Cloak & Suit Co., 159 West 25th.

SUITS AND COATS, to close out. Fensterstock & Rosen, 35 West 31st St.

SWEATERS.—Novelties, staple, for sale purposes; look them over. Peerless, 1 East 28th.

TRUNKS.—Two new Bal. wardrobe trunks suitable for suit, coat, or dress lines. Rothblatt & Bender, 11 West 32d.

VELOURS.—Garfield 5060, U. S. 153, several pieces, assorted colors. Murray Hill 4374.

VELOURS.—Botany, F. & H., Brightwood. Mad. Sq. 3121.

VELVETEENS.—Plain and twill back, all colors, all widths; corduroy to narrow and wide wale, all colors; also clothing corduroy. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 31st St. Madison Square 9766.

WOOLEN and silk piece goods for sale. The high-grade stock on hand of a cloak and suit manufacturer. G. H. M. & Co., 38 East 30th St.

WOOLENS, broadcloth, velours, cheviot, burella cloth. Call Greeley 6630.

Help Wanted.

OPERATORS.—On silk underwear; plain machines. Empire Silk Garment Co., 83 Canal St.

SALESWOMAN Wanted.—Unusual opportunity for aggressive woman to fill man's position calling on women's apparel manufacturers; must be hustler; salary and commission. J 190 Times.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE—Israel Fine & Son; I. Fine, woolen piece goods; Herald Square.
BOSTON—Glichrist Co.; J. J. Smith, hosiery, underwear; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—D. A. Gordon Co.; D. A. Gordon, ladies', misses' juniors' Spring coats; 54 West 21st.
CHICAGO—Morris, Mann & Reilly; H. Morris, imports, leather goods, jewelry; 134 West 37th.
CHICAGO—Leopold, Solomon & Eisendrath; W. Rosenberg, trimmings; Claridge.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. Hirschel, jobs junior flapper children's coats; 72 Madison.
Hartford, Conn.—Wise, Smith & Co.; I. Wise, coats, suits, waists; 404 4th Av.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss A. Simon, ladies' dresses; 116 West 32d.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Burnham, Munger, Root D. G. Co.; O. F. Robinson, furn. goods, gloves, hosiery, and underwear; 43 Leonard.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Gibson Suit and Cloak Co.; M. Shapiro, jobs poplin, broadcloth suits; 1,170 Broadway, Room 500.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—Quion, Marshall Co.; Y. P. Marshall, underwear and notions; 72 Leonard.
NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Schwartz; Miss Grapes, ladies' wear; 1,239 Broadway; Gregorian.
NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; Miss A. Bresman, ribbons; 404 4th Av.; Continental.
PHILADELPHIA—Cohn & Friedman; A. Cohn, skirtings; Aberdeen.
PITTSBURGH, Penn.—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; F. H. Lloyd, domestics; 43 Leonard.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Auerbach Co.; M. J. Friedman, dress goods, silks, cloaks; 123 East 24th; Great Northern.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Miss L. Rubenstein, waists, petticoats, sweaters, 37 West 26th.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Emporium; S. A. Spaeth, notions, fancy goods; 1,239 Broadway.
TACOMA, Wash.—People's Store Co.; R. J. Cronin, dress goods, silks; 23 East 26th.
TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; R. C. Clarke, flowers, feathers, trimmed hats; 23 East 26th.

Modern Designs—Rock Bottom Prices
SHOW Room PARTITIONS
Factories Fitted up Spring 8260.
H. Katz & Son, Cabinet Makers. 132 Prince St.

Jewish Morning Journal Best Help Wanted Medium is N. Y.

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FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
404 Fourth Ave. Tel. Mad. Sq. 7767.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sections 3,062 U. S. R. S. & 347, Tariff Act of Oct. 3, 1913, I have seized and hold One bag containing seven packages of Paradise and Goura Feathers; One package containing 150 feathers of the Bird of Paradise and 150 Quills; and forty-three boxes containing heads and feathers of Birds of Paradise and Goura Heads.
Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on 10th day of December, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated November 17th, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

Fast Edge Knit Cloth for SPIRAL PUTTEES
Equal to the Imported Cloth
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230 Fifth Avenue, New York.
Mills: Carbondale, Pa., Hawley, Pa. 'Phone 1308 Madison Square.

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CREPE DE CHINE AND GEORGETTE $18 PER DOZEN.
DEUTCHMAN BROS., 15 WEST 20TH ST.

SILKS SAMUEL EISEMAN & CO., Inc. 114-120 East 23d St. Gramercy 6204.

Officers' Uniforms & Overcoats
of the best fabrics for immediate delivery.
U. S. UNIFORM CO., 93 Fifth Ave., New York.

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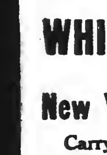
Reward Offered.

The New York Times offers a reward for the arrest and conviction of a man giving the name of C. Bibbs, who is taking subscriptions for The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial without authority. Neither The New York Times nor any of its publications has an agent by this name. A partial description of this impostor gives his age as about twenty years; height, 5 ft. 6 in.; weight, 130 lbs.; complexion light. When last seen he wore a dark suit, pinchback overcoat and a plaid cap. During the last four months he has been operating in Minnesota, Wisconsin, North Dakota and New York State. He was last heard of at Elmira, New York, on November 5.

The New York Times
Subscription Department.

STEAMSHIPS.



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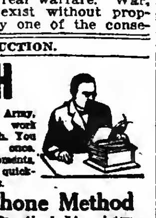

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URGES DEEPENING OF HUDSON RIVER

Deep-Sea Craft Could Be Taken to Albany at Small Cost, Says Gov. Whitman.

WOULD RELIEVE NEW YORK

Export Freight Could Be Loaded at Head of Navigation—Barge Canal Nearly Completed.

MIAMI, Fla., Nov. 29.—The importance of deepening the Hudson River to permit deep-sea craft to ply between New York and Albany, 150 miles, was emphasized by Governor Charles S. Whitman of New York in an address before the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association here today.

Governor Whitman said that the amount of foreign commerce which annually passed through Albany by rail on its way to and from Western points exceeded 14,000,000 tons, and that, upon the completion of the new barge canal, combined rail and water facilities would more than double this tonnage.

"If some of this foreign commerce could be intercepted and transferred before reaching the Port of New York," he said, "it would permit that port to handle more cheaply and rapidly the domestic commerce necessary to feed, clothe, and shelter its rapidly increasing population."

Reports made by Federal engineers, he said, showed that the construction of a New York-Albany ship channel was entirely feasible, and that the cost would be relatively small. The Hudson can be navigated by ocean-going vessels to within forty miles of Albany, and virtually all of the dredging necessary to secure a depth of twenty-seven feet could be done with hydraulic dredges, except in a few places where shale rock is found. Ice blocks the river for only a brief period each year, and it would be possible to keep a channel open throughout the year if the demands of commerce warranted.

"The saving in time of transit is an economic advantage which should not be overlooked," said Mr. Whitman. "From two to five days' delay is experienced on every car of foreign commerce passing the City of Albany. In addition, greater delays are experienced in New York in distributing freight to various boat lines. All told, sufficient time is lost at and east of Albany to haul the freight by water from Detroit to Albany.

"The Albany-Troy section of the Hudson possesses all the characteristics required. It would permit the sailing of ocean-going vessels along the natural trade route 150 miles inland beyond the Port of New York, yet the distance from European ports is no greater than from Philadelphia, Baltimore, or Newport News. Here are large tracts of low-lying land, undeveloped for other than agricultural purposes, in direct communication with trunk line railroads, where adequate industrial or commercial terminals, capable of operating according to the best practice, can be constructed. All trunk line railroads running through Albany have their division points there, and the Barge Canal system terminates at Troy.

"The retention within our national borders of commerce with the interior is so desirable that the point need not be further argued. Shall we permit the young giant at our north to win in his strife for the trade of the great interior?"

Governor Whitman, after reviewing chiefly the history of the Erie Canal, said, in part:

"The construction of the Barge Canal system is now so nearly complete that the channel for full-size barges is expected to be available from the Hudson River to Lake Erie on the opening of navigation next year. Never in its history, until now, has the canal system been equipped with adequate public terminals, the nearest approach to them being a series of piers in New York, unshedded and absolutely unequipped with the slightest conveniences for transferring or caring for freight.

"The Barge Canal Terminal Commission reported that the new system could not attract the greatest amount of freight and therefore attain its highest usefulness to the public, unless this unfavorable terminal situation was entirely changed. Accordingly, a separate appropriation, amounting to nearly $20,000,000, made available by referendum in 1911 in addition to the one hundred and thirty-five millions appropriated for canal construction, is providing a system of fifty or more public terminals located in almost as many cities all the way from New York to Buffalo and from Troy to Rouses Point.

"Now that great quantities of heavy freight are regularly hauled on large motor trucks between points ranging in distance from fifteen to thirty miles or more, there is no doubt that the motor truck will be an extremely useful adjunct to the canals by providing the flexibility so necessary to a local distributing system. Lines of motor trucks will be able to make the canals available to many shippers who otherwise could not expect to share in their benefits, the fruit section of Western New York particularly being able to derive great benefit from them. The public terminals which are being constructed undoubtedly will be one of the very strongest causes for the success of the canal system."

LIBERTY LOAN CONFERENCE.

McAdoo Calls Reserve District and Woman's Organizations.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—To perfect Liberty Loan organizations throughout the country for the period of the war Secretary McAdoo today called a conference of representatives of Liberty Loan committees in each of the twelve Federal Reserve Districts and of the Woman's Liberty Loan organization, to be held in Washington Dec. 10.

"While the Secretary has announced that there will be no further Liberty Loan issued, at least until after Feb. 1," said a Treasury Department announcement, "he believes it essential that educational work in preparation for future loans be conducted continuously so that the people may become fully acquainted with the worth of Government securities, the advantage of thrift and economy, and the financial needs of the Government to wage war against Germany."

In order to obtain for the benefit of the Treasury Department and of the various committees the experience of the executives and workers in the several districts, a series of special meetings will be held. Views will be interchanged so that methods used successfully in one district may be made available in others.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Am. Chicle pf......	1½	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Bucyrus pf........	1	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Chicago Telephone..	$2	Q.	Dec. 31	Dec. 29
Childs Co.	1½	Q.	Dec. 10	Nov. 30
Childs Co. pf......	1¾	Q.	Dec. 10	Nov. 30
E.J.du P.de N.Pow..	1½	..	Feb. 1	Jan. 21
E.J.du P.de N.P.pf..	1½	..	Feb. 1	Jan. 21
E.J.du P.de N.& Co.	4½	Q.	Dec. 15	Nov. 30
E.J.du P.de N.& Co. ctfs	*32	Sp.	Dec. 22	Nov. 30
E.J.du P.de N.& Co. pf	1½	Q.	Jan. 25	Jan. 10
Gen. Ry. Signal....	1½	Q.	Jan. 1	......
Gen. Ry. Signal....	1½	Ex.	Jan. 1	......
Gen. Ry. Signal pf.	1½	Q.	Jan. 1	......
Grinnell Cot. Mill..	$1	Q.	Dec. 1	......
Grinnell Cot. Mill.	*$10	Ex.	......	......
La Belle Iron Wks.	1	Q.	Dec. 22	Dec. 8
La Belle Iron Wks.	2	Ex.	Dec. 22	Dec. 8
La Belle Ir.Wks.pf.	2	Q.	Dec. 22	Dec. 8
Del., Lack. & W....	10	Ex.	Dec. 22	Dec. 4
N. Y. Transit......	$4	Q.	Jan. 15	Dec. 22
N. Y. Transit......	$2	Ex.	Jan. 15	Dec. 22
Niagara Falls Pow.	$2	Q.	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Penn. Coal & Coke.	1	Ex.	Dec. 10	Dec. 6
Pierce-Ar. Mot. pf..	2	Q.	Jan. 1	Dec. 14
Sears-Roeb. pf...	$1.75	Q.	Jan. 1	Dec. 15
Scovill, Mfg.	$5	Ex.	Dec. 1	Nov. 23
Worth. Pump pf. A.	1½	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Worth. Pump pf. B.	1½	Q.	Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Yale & Towne......	5	Ex.	Dec. 24	Dec. 17

*Payable in Liberty bonds.

LONDON MARKET IS QUIET.

Record Prices on Tin Shares—Shipping Shares Still Active.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Money and discount rates quiet. Apart from the continued strength and activity in shipping, Marconi, and Brazilian issues the market developed a quieter tone. The war loan eased a fraction, although other gilt-edged securities were steady. Some recently active oil and steel stocks sagged on profit taking. Russian issues were depressed, but Argentine rails showed some improvement. Tin shares benefited further on the rise of the metal to the record price of £290.

Trading Steady on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—Trading was steady on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 59 francs 75 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 27 francs 26½ centimes. Five per cent. loan 87 francs 90 centimes.

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased...............	£46,000
Circulation increased	604,000
Bullion increased	650,320
Other securities decreased...........	616,000
Other deposits increased.............	146,000
Public deposits decreased............	649,000
Notes reserve increased..............	98,000
Government securities increased......	79,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 19.40 per cent.; last week it was 19.32 per cent. Rate of discount, 5 per cent.

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation, increased...	276,420,000
Treasury deposits, decreased......	24,365,000
General deposits, decreased.......	21,471,000
Bills discounted, increased........	122,337,000
Advances, decreased..............	1,894,000
Gold in hand, increased..........	1,938,000
Silver in hand, decreased.........	1,607,000

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oct. Gross....	$168,619	$142,807	$140,007
Net aft. tax..	32,191	29,367	32,729
Sur. aft. chgs	62,255	49,894	45,893
10 mo. gross..	1,461,890	1,401,154	1,194,474
Net aft. tax..	232,515	329,339	169,640
Sur. aft. chgs	566,268	507,232	234,662

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oct. gross....	7,980,068	6,819,182	5,756,583
Net aft. tax..	1,852,403	1,717,504	1,327,333
10 mo. gross..	72,212,675	60,377,768	51,409,556
Net aft. tax..	16,072,064	13,073,085	8,894,522

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY for October—

	1917.	Increase.
Total operating rev.....	$4,970,374	$535,522
Tot. opera. exp........	4,049,756	984,399
Net operating rev.......	920,617	*448,877
Railway tax accruals..	183,414	25,414
Uncollectible ry. rev...	148	51
Tot. tax accruals, &c...	183,563	25,465
Operating income......	737,054	*474,343
For ten months ended Oct. 31—		
Total operating rev....	$44,935,979	$4,307,670
Total operating exp....	34,452,421	5,964,312
Net operating rev......	10,483,557	*1,656,642
Railway tax accruals..	1,869,126	384,533
Uncollectible ry. rev...	1,782	*6,731
Total tax accruals, &c.	1,870,908	377,802
Operating income	8,612,649	*2,034,444

*Decrease.

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oct. gross....	771,188	634,209	765,457
Net aft. tax..	150,484	81,290	197,761
Sur. aft. chgs.	41,009	*39,667	75,666
10 mo. gross..	7,757,103	7,512,422	7,353,879
Net aft. tax..	2,019,453	2,064,269	1,945,219
Sur. aft. chgs.	958,171	802,819	702,009

*Deficit.

NORFOLK & WESTERN—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oct. gross....	6,300,313	5,266,244	4,888,127
Net aft. tax..	1,990,875	2,126,077	2,213,967
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,813,912	1,988,641	1,756,662
10 mo. gross..	54,665,808	49,718,617	40,372,903
Net aft. tax..	16,575,747	19,950,900	15,053,263
Sur. aft. chgs.	15,998,979	18,344,640	11,584,294

SOUTHERN PACIFIC for October—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Mileage	11,164	11,069	10,942
Total op. rev..	18,900,510	15,692,153	14,133,363
Total op. exp..	10,558,081	8,990,272	8,288,401
Oper. income..	7,077,455	5,914,705	5,282,704
Ten mo. ended Oct. 31:			
Tot. op. rev.	159,909 480	132,896,089	115,956,735
Total op. exp..	97,333,765	83,858,146	75,602,865
Oper. income..	51,112,125	42,818,712	34,973,894

WABASH—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oct. gross....	3,830,117	3,557,409	2,984,779
Net	1,214,243	1,348,729	919,434
10 mo. gross..	33,551,696	30,968,986	24,905,760
Net	9,862,783	9,961,134	4,944,019

WESTERN MARYLAND—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oct. gross....	1,234,758	1,174,097	935,909
Net aft. tax...	345,351	434,071	317,498
10 mo. gross..	11,173,716	9,891,352	8,089,268
Net aft. tax...	2,896,523	3,404,902	3,279,083

YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oct. gross.....	1,840,834	1,603,146	1,346,001
Net aft. tax...	616,760	678,125	507,274
10 mo. gross..	14,553,651	11,738,517	9,131,610
Net aft. tax...	3,334,993	3,408,081	2,372,733

Public Utilities.

ALABAMA POWER COMPANY, operating subsidiary of Alabama Traction, Light & Power Co., Ltd.—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
October gross..	$198,441	$137,094	$61,347
Net after tax.	113,018	90,946	22,072
12 mos. gross.	2,014,258	1,416,303	597,955
Net after tax.	1,253,083	891,743	361,340

ASSOCIATED GAS & ELECTRIC CO.—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Sept. gross....	74,421	56,955	17,466
Net after tax.	17,963	21,585	*3,622
Def. after chg.	4,229	†4,489	8,718
Def. aft. pf. d.	4,229	225	4,004
12 mos. gross	872,105	767,995	104,110
Net after tax.	277,304	322,287	*44,983
Surp. aft. chg.	37,488	116,404	*78,916
Def. aft. pf. d.	5,476	†60,022	65,498

†Surplus.

MANILA ELECTRIC R. R. & LIGHTING CORPORATION—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
August gross.	151,029	134,822	16,207
Net after tax.	65,081	60,765	4,316
Surp. aft. chg.	28,047	28,552	*505
12 mos. gross.	1,720,405	1,544,879	175,526
Net after tax.	829,216	723,723	105,493
Surp. aft. chg.	405,330	336,467	68,863

*Decrease.

NEW YORK RAILWAYS for October—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Gross	1,108,614	780,263	328,351
Net after tax.	284,528	132,704	151,824
Sur. aft. chgs.	53,022	†92,144	145,167
4 mos. gross..	4,388,906	3,610,105	778,801
Net after tax.	1,199,512	921,003	278,509
Sur. aft. chgs.	272,795	†4,144	276,939

†Deficit.

NORTHERN OHIO ELECTRIC CORP. for October—

	1917.	Increase. P. C.
Gross	551,295	20.92
Net earnings	189,566	*.36
Surplus after charges...	64,687	*8.89
Balance after pref. div..	34,687	*15.40
Ten months' gross.......	5,345,584	24.89
Net earnings	2,043,710	*2.58
Surplus after charges...	819,011	*13.76
Balance after pref. div..	519,011	*20.11
Twelve months' gross...	6,232,017	24.41
Net earnings	2,448,861	.22
Surplus after charges...	969,459	*9.43
Balance after pref. div..	609,459	*14.21

*Decrease.

UNITED GAS & ELECTRIC subsidiary company earnings—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Oct. gross.....	1,400,264	1,287,199	113,065
Net aft. renewals and replacem't res.	453,445	476,288	*22,843
Sur. aft. chgs.	171,577	204,980	*33,403
12 mos.' gross.	16,123,309	14,893,375	1,229,931
Net. aft. taxes, renewals and rep'm't res..	2,155,573	2,007,526	148,047
Sur. aft. chgs. and pfd. divs	1,348,571	1,469,147	*120,576

*Decrease.

The United Gas & Electric Corporation received as its proportion of the surplus earnings of subsidiary companies, for the twelve months ended Oct. 31, 1917, $1,162,494. Total income amounted to $1,428,003. After charges of $668,787 there was a balance of $759,216 left for dividends on the first preferred stock. Balance after the dividends, which amounted to $649,936, was $100,280.

Miscellaneous.

NEW YORK DOCK—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Oct. gross.....	$448,105	$301,801	$146,304
Net	196,439	144,250	52,189
Sur. aft. chgs. and taxes...	101,343	69,573	31,770
10 mos.' gross.	3,981,247	2,839,994	1,141,253
Net	1,958,466	1,330,675	627,791
Sur. aft. chgs. and taxes...	986,956	576,224	410,732

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NOVEMBER 30, 1917

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF

HENRY & WEST

HAS THIS DAY BEEN DISSOLVED BY MUTUAL CONSENT. WILLIAM WEST WILL LIQUIDATE THE AFFAIRS OF THE FIRM AND PAYMENT OF ALL AMOUNTS DUE TO IT MAY BE MADE TO HIM.

1417 CHESTNUT STREET
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NOVEMBER 30, 1917

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A CO-PARTNERSHIP UNDER THE NAME OF

WEST & CO.

FOR THE CONDUCT OF A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS AT THE SAME ADDRESS AS THE BUSINESS HERETOFORE CONDUCTED BY HENRY & WEST, WHICH FIRM HAS BEEN DISSOLVED.

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WILLIAM WEST
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PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE

To General Unsecured Creditors of Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company:

On November 17, 1917, the Hon. William C. Hook, United States Circuit Judge for the Eastern Division, Eastern District of Missouri, entered an order in the Receivership Proceedings now pending in said Court against Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company in that certain cause entitled:

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, WITHIN AND FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI, EASTERN DIVISION.

The Central Trust Company of New York, Plaintiff, vs. Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company, Defendant.—In Equity Consolidated Cause No. 4564,

fixing a time for filing general and unsecured claims of creditors and referring same to the undersigned Special Master for hearing, determination and classification, as prescribed by said order, viz.:

1. The holder or holders of unsecured claims or demands against said defendant, Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company, and all persons (other than the holders of bonds or other obligations payable by said Railway Company and secured by mortgage or pledge of collateral, the respective trustees of mortgages or trust indentures given to secure payment of the same, and the holders of such claims as may have been approved for payment by orders herein) who claim any interest in, or lien upon any of the funds or property of said Railway Company in possession of the Receiver, are required to file statements of the nature, dates of accrual and amounts of their respective claims and demands, duly verified by the oath of the person or by some officer of the corporation making such claims, with the undersigned James A. Seddon, heretofore appointed Special Master in said cause, at his office, Room 902, Central National Bank Building, Seventh and Olive Streets, in the City of Saint Louis, State of Missouri, ON OR BEFORE THE SECOND DAY OF JANUARY, 1918.

2. Claims shall be proved on the basis of allowance of interest to September 27, 1915, the date of the appointment of the Receiver, without prejudice to the right of the claimante to claim interest accruing thereafter upon the amounts found to be due to said claimants, respectively, on said 27th day of September, 1915.

3. Any party to said cause, said Receiver, and any party who files his claim or demand in accordance with said order may file with the undersigned Special Master within Thirty days after January 2, 1918, an answer to any claim or demand filed with him and may contest the same.

4. All claims and demands so filed were referred to the undersigned Special Master to investigate, hear proof and report thereon both as to the amounts justly owing thereon, as to any liens by which they are secured and as to the order in which they are lawfully entitled to payment, it being provided the undersigned Special Master may in his discretion hear proofs in respect of claims contested or uncontested, in the City of Saint Louis or elsewhere, and shall notify all solicitors of record of the times and places of all hearings and may adjourn such hearings from time to time and from place to place.

5. The undersigned as such Special Master is directed to proceed under said order with all reasonable diligence and make and file in writing his report or reports on all claims, or demands, which have been filed and presented to him, and all solicitors of record in said cause, as well as the solicitors of record for the parties presenting said claims or demands, will be notified by the Special Master, in writing, of the filing of said report or reports, and any party to said cause or holding any such claim or demand filed as aforesaid, or said Receiver, may, within twenty days from the time of the filing of any such report of the undersigned Special Master, file specific exceptions thereto. Exceptions not so filed will not be considered by the Court, and if no exceptions are filed within such twenty-day period, the report or reports will stand confirmed.

6. The Special Master shall cause that portion of this order relating to the presentation and allowance of claims to be published forthwith, once each week, for four successive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation published in the City of Saint Louis, State of Missouri; in a newspaper of general circulation published in the City of Kansas City, State of Missouri; in a newspaper of general circulation published in the City of Topeka, State of Kansas; in a newspaper of general circulation published in the City of Oklahoma City, State of Oklahoma; and in a newspaper of general circulation published in the City of New York, State of New York.

JAMES A. SEDDON,
Special Master, Room 902, Central National Bank Building, Seventh and Olive Streets, St. Louis, Mo.
Dated November 17, 1917.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Boston, Mass., November 13, 1917.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 6% BONDS SECURED BY MORTGAGE ON THE STEAMER "SUFFOLK", ISSUED BY COASTWISE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions contained in Article 5 of the mortgage given by the Coastwise Steamship Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey, to The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Trustee, to secure an issue of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars ($200,000) par value first mortgage 6% bonds on the steamer "Suffolk", dated August 1, 1911, the following bonds will be redeemed and retired on February 1, 1918, to wit:

Bonds numbered 81 to 200 inclusive, maturing from February 1, 1918, to August 1, 1922.

The holders of the above numbered bonds are hereby notified to present said bonds to The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, 337 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., on February 1, 1918, to receive in cash the face amount of said bonds and accrued interest to February 1, 1918.

Bonds must carry the coupons due February 1, 1918, and the subsequent maturing coupons thereto belonging, and must be accompanied by the usual income tax certificate.

Interest on said bonds will cease on February 1, 1918.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
BY COASTWISE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, ASSIGNEE OF AND SUCCESSOR IN TITLE TO COASTWISE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
COASTWISE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
By John G. Crowley, Treas.

NOTICE.

The AMERICAN REALTY COMPANY having elected, in accordance with the provisions of its mortgage of July 1, 1901, to call for payment on the first day of January, 1918, sixty thousand dollars of the bonds of said Company secured by said mortgage, and having given notice in writing thereof to the undersigned as Trustee under said mortgage of its said election, and the undersigned having determined by lot as provided in said mortgage that the following bonds should be called, hereby gives notice that bonds of the said AMERICAN REALTY COMPANY numbered 30, 44, 57, 74, 101, 110, 111, 121, 122, 146, 152, 158, 164, 173, 178, 179, 183, 186, 204, 205, 209, 222, 227, 242, 243, 268, 276, 278, 288, 304, 307, 308, 309, 324, 326, 327, 331, 332, 334, 345, 352, 355, 357, 365, 368, 375, 377, 379, 390, 398, 399, 411, 420, 464, 475, 479, 486, 487, 496 and 498 have been called and will be payable at the office of the UNION SAFE DEPOSIT AND TRUST COMPANY in Portland, Maine, on the first day of JANUARY, 1918, after which date all interest will cease.

Dated the twenty-seventh day of November, 1917.

UNION SAFE DEPOSIT AND TRUST COMPANY,
By GEORGE F. CARY, Treasurer.

TODD SHIPYARDS CORPORATION
5 Year 6% Convertible Gold Notes
SINKING FUND NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the provisions of Section 4, Article 4, of the Indenture of Trust under which the above Notes were issued, that the sum now in hand, together with the sum to be paid into the Sinking Fund on December 15th, 1917, amounts to Three hundred and five thousand two hundred and forty-three 74-100 Dollars ($305,243.74.)

Sealed offers for the sale of Notes at a price not exceeding 164% of the face amount thereof, with accrued interest, will be received by the undersigned at any time up to twelve (12) o'clock noon, December 10th, 1917, at No. 2 Wall Street, New York City, or No. 177 Montague Street, Brooklyn, New York. Offers should be marked "Tender of Todd Shipyards Corporation Notes." Payment for accepted offers will be made December 15, 1917, at our office, 2 Wall Street, New York.

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee under Indenture of Trust.
Dated, New York, November [illegible], 1917.

LUMBERMENS National Bank of Portland, located at Portland, in the State of Oregon, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

E. G. CRAWFORD, President.

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.
The Open Security Market [illegible] Annalist every Monday gives [illegible] class investments not quoted [illegible] Annalist, 10 cents on all news [illegible] a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

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Splendid investment combinations of high-grade bonds can now be secured, yielding from 6 to 8 per cent. We have just issued a comprehensive letter describing more than fifty such issues. A few extra copies are available to inquirers who are interested in our service. Send 3c. in stamps for circular No. 254.
MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE
John Moody, Pres.
35 Nassau St. Tel. 3173-4 Cort. New York.

URGE REPEAL TODAY OF WEST SIDE LAW

Joint Conference Committee Advocates Abrogation of 1847 Ordinance to Clarify Case.

COMPANY'S RIGHTS OBSCURE

Committee Declares No Agreement Can Be Reached Until the Railroad's Status Is Ascertained.

The Joint Conference Committee of the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate having failed to reach an agreement with the New York Central Railroad Company for the west side improvement, the matter will pass tomorrow into the sole control of the commission. At the meeting of the Board of Estimate today the Joint Committee will urge that action be taken for the repeal of the ordinance of 1847, under which the railroad company claims perpetual rights in certain streets on the west side. A memorandum filed with the Board by the Joint Committee is to the effect that the perpetual rights asserted by the company in these thoroughfares is without legal basis, that the streets are the property of the city, and that the company has sought to exchange these rights for very valuable public property.

Surprise is expressed in the memorandum that during a long period of last year the Board of Estimate proceeded with work looking toward an agreement with the railroad company, which involved such an exchange, without having examined the ground upon which the ownership claim of the company was based.

Advocates Prompt Repeal

Embraced in the memorandum is a draft of a resolution revoking the 1847 ordinance, which the board is asked to adopt so that it may become effective tomorrow. It is said that the board has the power of repeal, and that "important considerations of public policy make such repeal by the present Board of Estimate advisable in advance of the advent of Dec. 1.

It is argued in the memorandum that no agreement can be made with the railroad company for any improvement whatever until it is first ascertained just what are the rights and status of the company along certain streets. Whether the relations with the company remain amiable or whether it becomes necessary to use the police powers of the State to effect necessary improvements, the first step, it is asserted, is a "definite ascertainment" of the company's present rights. The memorandum adds:

"If any one—the Corporation Counsel, the counsel for the railroad company, or any one else—thinks they have been defined and determined, let him try to state what they are. It has never been publicly done by courts or by private or public authority, and it is too important a matter to be left to supposition.

"The memorandum says that the commission has no intention of tearing up the tracks of the company or to proceed in any similar drastic or arbitrary manner, but it insists that before anything is done the situation should be clarified.

Terms of the Ordinance.

The memorandum says that if the company asserts that it obtained a contractual right from the city by the ordinance of 1847, it follows that its right was based upon the terms of the ordinance, which provides that the tracks should be laid in such a manner as to cause no unnecessary impediment to the common and ordinary use of the streets, and that "at all times" the company should be subject to regulation by the city authorities. Attention is called to the fact that the commission has no intention of dealing with the company's franchise, which is subject only to the State Legislature, and that the company's franchise might be repealed and yet it would still have intact all of its rights under the ordinance. Therefore, it is asserted, it becomes extremely important that these rights be defined. It is set forth in the memorandum that in 1847 the city had no right to adopt any irrepealable ordinance, or to confer any perpetual or irrevocable right as to the streets, and that the use and exercise of the ordinance for more than seventy years has created no title for the company and no barrier to its repeal. In conclusion the memorandum says:

"The Joint Conference Committee earnestly asks that the present Board of Estimate place no obstacle in the way of the plans and efforts of the committee and the Public Service Commission to reach acceptable results in this west side matter. To withhold or delay the repeal of this ordinance until after Dec. 1 would be to place an obstacle in the way of solution, and to give the railroad company a ground or pretext from which to claim State confirmation of street rights never granted in perpetuity by State or city. The possible benefits to the railroad company from failure to repeal before Dec. 1 should be frankly faced and understood. On the other hand, the public benefits from prompt repeal may be frankly stated."

Then the memorandum says that if the railroad company holds its right to the use of the streets by virtue of a repealable ordinance, or its franchise only on condition of the city's assent, the repeal of the ordinance will mean that any agreement for an improvement never will carry provision for payment or allowance to the company for rights subject to public recapture.

"Repeal of the ordinance," continues the memorandum, "can do no damage to any right of the railroad company or interest of the public. It will clear the way for a decision definitely determining the rights of the railroad company and the public, and, we believe, will end all claim that the rights of this railroad company in the streets of New York City are perpetual, irrevocable, and subject to no public recapture or control except on a 'barter' basis."

Burlingame Opposes Repeal.

Senator Alvah W. Burlingame, Jr., of Brooklyn, Republican, sent the Board of Estimate yesterday a letter protesting against the proposed repeal of the ordinance of 1847, as requested by the Joint Conference Committee.

"The effect of the passage of this resolution would be to repeal all the provisions of the ordinance of 1847," he wrote, "which go much further than merely to give the consent of the city to the use of the streets by the railroad company. These provisions, which, unfortunately, and evidently through some oversight on the part of the counsel of the Public Service Commission, were not included in the communication to your board, do not stop at merely giving a consent to the old Hudson River Railroad Company to use certain streets on the west side.

"The ordinance expressly reserves the right of the city to compel the railroad company to elevate or depress its tracks at its own cost whenever the city deems it necessary for public convenience. The railroad company, in its covenant with the city on which the ordinance became effective, expressly agreed and consented to those provisions. Therefore, to repeal the ordinance of 1847 and rescind the various agreements and resolutions adopted pursuant to it would certainly carry with it a repeal of those provisions. And in the present status of the west side problem such a repeal, if effective at all, would certainly be a highly questionable move from the point of view of safeguarding the city's interests. The city should not divest itself of what, in the absence of a specific decision to the contrary, might be its only means of compelling the railroad company to remove its tracks from the streets of the city."

Senator Burlingame suggested that the way to accomplish what the Joint Conference Committee desired was to amend the charter of 1846 which incorporated the Hudson River Railroad, now a part of the New York Central. He said he expected to introduce at the next Legislature a bill which would affect this.

He quoted Section 26 of the charter, which says, "The Legislature may at any time alter or repeal this act." In referring to opposition at the last Legislature to the appointment of a committee to investigate the west side situation, the Senator wrote:

"The public may soon find an unexpected need for this special commission of investigation, if your board acts hastily in repealing and rescinding this ordinance and agreements of 1847 and removes the last vestige of control over the tracks from the officials of the City of New York."

He asked that the board postpone action until the State investigation of the west side problem could be completed.

EXPLAINS RAILROAD "POOL."

In No Way Involves Violation of Law, Chairman Harrison Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Fairfax Harrison, as Chairman of the Railroads' War Board, today issued a statement denying the widely published statement that the plan adopted by the railroads to relieve freight congestion involves any system of "pooling," such as would constitute a violation of the interstate commerce laws.

"The Interstate Commerce act forbids the pooling of freight traffic or earnings by competing railways," he says. "The plan which we have adopted does not involve or contemplate the pooling of either traffic or earnings. We have merely arranged for the use of physical facilities in common at places and to the extent necessary to enlarge sufficiently the capacity of the Eastern railroads. If the word 'pool' is applicable, what we have partially pooled are the physical facilities.

"The condition we are dealing with is analogous to that brought about at times by accidents or by floods, such as that at Dayton, Ohio, a few years ago. The flood at Dayton made it impossible for certain railways to handle all the traffic which normally came to them. Therefore, they diverted large amounts of traffic to railways which were still open. Similarly, at the present time, certain railway lines have become so congested that they cannot handle all of the business which is coming to them, and we are adopting measures to bring about greater utilization of other railway lines to relieve the situation.

"There is no similarity between these measures and the agreements for the pooling of traffic and earnings, which are forbidden by the Interstate Commerce act."

MUST USE WOOD AS FUEL.

Departments Advise Burning Dead Timber to Meet Coal Shortage.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29. — To help meet the shortage of 50,000,000 tons in the country's coal supply the Fuel Administration, in co-operation with the Department of Agriculture, has inaugurated an intensive campaign for the substitution of wood for coal.

"One cord of hard wood is equal to a ton of coal," said an announcement by the Fuel Administration. "One ton of coal is released for use in war work for every cord of wood substituted. Statistics show that there is a vast amount of dead wood in many sections of the country and that the supply of wood in many communities is sufficient for domestic purposes in those parts."

Much of the wood in communities is destroyed as waste, it was pointed out, and its conservation not only would conserve coal, but would prove a measure of economy to the users. New England and the South, the statement said, have an abundance of wood and in the latter section activities already are under way looking to an intensive campaign for the substitution of wood. In this connection it was announced that the Department of Agriculture would provide the services of expert foresters without charge to supervise the cutting of wood so that no damage would be done to growing timber and that the largest use might be obtained of the wood supply.

B. & O. Officials Promoted.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 29.—Arthur W. Thompson, Vice President in charge of traffic of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, announced today that O. R. McCarty, passenger traffic manager, is appointed general passenger representative and is succeeded as traffic manager by W. B. Calloway, general passenger agent of the Eastern lines. W. E. Lowes, assistant general passenger agent, is appointed general passenger agent. Archibald Fries, freight traffic manager of the Eastern lines, becomes general freight traffic manager.

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY
Fifth Av. & 38th St. Fifth Av. & 60th St.
ACTS AS EXECUTOR, GUARDIAN, TRUSTEE, ETC.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York
is now a member of
Federal Reserve System

OUR Foreign Department handles foreign banking transactions with leading banks throughout the world.
Guaranty Trust Company of New York

5½% GUARANTEED First Mortgages and Certificates
Write for Booklet "A."
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SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

4½ Per Cent On Savings
This rate has been paid many years by the conservatively managed
Franklin Society
FOR HOME BUILDING AND SAVINGS
38 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.
Ask for pamphlet, "The Proverbs of Franklin"—Mailed Free.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NEW YORK RAILWAYS COMPANY.
To the Stockholders and Holders of Registered Adjustment Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Income Bonds and Adjustment Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Income Coupon Bonds, Registered for Voting Purposes Only.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the New York Railways Company will be held at the office of the Company, Room 1209, No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, December 3d, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, the election of Inspectors of Election, the approval and ratification of all acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors since the last Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
H. M. FISHER, Secretary.
November 14, 1917.

EDWIN P. GLEASON'S SON, INC.
New York, November 22nd, 1917.
Notice is hereby given that an election of officers and directors will be held at the office of the company, No. 75 & No. 77 Worth Street, New York City, on Monday the third day of December next at 11 A. M.
A. Howard Troth, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

The Yale & Towne Manufacturing Co.
A special dividend, No. 92, of five per cent. (5%) has been declared by the Board of Directors out of past earnings, payable December 24th, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 17th.
J. H. TOWNE, Secretary.

[Charter No. 2370.]
Reserve District No. 2.
REPORT OF CONDITION OF

THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts $197,160,982.38		
Acceptances of other banks discounted 180,146.59		
Customers' liability account of acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted by it.. 970,621.94		
Total loans.. $198,311,750.89		
Deduct: Customers' liability account of loans, $3,000,000.00; 1e. Acceptances of other banks payable at future date guaranteed by this bank, by indorsement or otherwise, (see Item 55b) $1,867,146.68	4,867,146.68	
		$193,444,604.21
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		102,668.36
Customers' liability under letters of credit actually used and for which this bank has not been reimbursed		646,482.00
Customers' liability account of "acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding		8,755,793.32
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds of 1917):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$1,300,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	27,587,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	20,205,254.00	
Premium on U. S. bonds	27,377.92	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds) and certificates of indebtedness		49,119,631.92
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.	$2,739,950.00	
Liberty Loan bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent., borrowed	11,195,000.00	
		13,934,950.00
Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure U. S. deposits, borrowed		2,996,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c., (other than U. S.):		
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits	$13,707,060.06	
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits	8,423,207.21	
Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State, or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable	6,038,401.65	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	25,734,526.56	
Total bonds, securities, &c.		53,903,195.41
Stocks other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		499,936.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		600,000.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		27,894,681.47
Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		502,079.67
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		8,566,947.03
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies		3,583,071.22
Exchanges for clearing house		17,799,773.95
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		2,181,240.97
Total, $32,643,112.84.		
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		109,859.51
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		169,000.00
21. Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		555,000.00
Total		$385,374,815.11

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$10,000,000.00
Surplus fund		10,000,000.00
Undivided profits.. $4,258,831.99		
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid...	1,132,282.67	
		3,126,549.32
26. Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate)		446,884.43
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		377,545.80
Circulating notes outstanding		1,300,000.00
Net amounts due to national banks		49,260,231.06
Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies		50,144,234.99
Total, $99,404,466.05.		
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
Individual deposits subject to check		134,077,596.05
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		6,926,258.45
Certified checks		3,899,442.20
Cashier's checks outstanding		8,479,147.46
Dividends unpaid		1,116.00
Other demand deposits		3,723,464.00
Total demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, $157,107,024.16.		
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		5,574,500.00
Postal savings deposits		6,956,347.17
Other time deposits		9,147,029.75
Total of time deposits subject to reserve, $21,677,876.92.		
United States deposits (other than postal savings):		
War loan deposit account		50,292,805.55
Other bonds borrowed without furnishing collateral security for same		14,191,000.00
Cash letters of credit and travelers' checks outstanding	$7,940,471.99	
Customers' letters of credit drawn against	646,482.00	
		8,586,953.99
Acceptances executed for customers	$9,726,415.26	
Less acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted	970,621.94	
		8,755,793.32
Liabilities other than those above stated: Difference between amount of interest earned and not collected and interest and discount collected and not earned (see Items 21 and 26)		108,115.57
Total		$385,374,815.11
Loans for account of customers		$3,000,000.00
55b. Acceptances of other banks payable at future date guaranteed by this bank, by indorsement or otherwise (see Item 1e)		1,867,146.68
Total contingent liabilities		$4,867,146.68

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, ALFRED C. ANDREWS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
ALFRED C. ANDREWS, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of November, 1917.
[Seal.] GEO. E. SCHOEPPS, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
A. B. HEPBURN, F. H. ECKER, E. T. NICHOLS, Directors.

DIVIDENDS.

CHILDS COMPANY,
200 Fifth Ave.
New York City, Nov. 28, 1917.
The Board of Directors has declared the following dividends payable December 10th, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 30, 1917:
On the Preferred Stock, a quarterly dividend of 1¾%.
On the Common Stock, a dividend of 1½%.
The transfer books will be closed from December 1st, 1917, to December 10th, 1917, both days inclusive.
CHARLES L. ROBERTS, Secretary.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF 3¼% on the first preferred stock of the Knox Hat Company, Inc., has been declared payable on December 1, 1917, for the period from January 1, 1917, to July 1, 1917, to first preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on November 30, 1917, with interest at the rate of 6% per annum from September 1, 1917.
KNOX HAT COMPANY, INC.
Brayton Witherell, Secretary.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY

of New York, at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$19,960,783.60
Private securities		20,482,833.34
Real estate owned		1,141,787.80
Mortgages owned		18,612.22
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		130,800.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		58,762,398.31
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		87,898,193.61
Overdrafts (secured)		2,764.01
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$11,014,052.06	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	3,518,786.40	
		14,532,838.46
Specie		1,536,506.63
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		164,300.00
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		21,087,871.23
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		250,000.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$893,426.26	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	238,402.64	
Advances to trusts (secured)	43,859.72	
		1,175,688.62
Total		$227,145,177.86

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$5,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$15,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	2,478,795.93	
		17,478,795.93
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$877,367.01	
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	116.04	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	1,229,500.08	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	25,898,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	143,206,392.49	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	5,114,063.41	
Demand certificates of deposit	5,669,057.64	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	218,875.26	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	9,957,606.95	
Total deposits		192,170,980.88
Rediscounts		10,000,000.00
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		250,000.00
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, &c.	$90,323.82	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	1,703,370.90	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	185,678.78	
Estimated unearned discounts	266,027.55	
		2,245,401.05
Total		$227,145,177.86

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO HOLDERS OF
THE METROPOLITAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY
FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Bankers Trust Company, successor by merger to The Mercantile Trust Company, Trustee under a certain mortgage dated May 24, 1888, and an agreement supplemental thereto, dated November 1, 1888, both executed by the Metropolitan Telephone and Telegraph Company, the obligations of which have been assumed by the New York Telephone Company, hereby invites proposals up to 12 o'clock noon on December 27, 1917, for the sale to it on January 2, 1918, of bonds secured by said mortgage, at a price satisfactory to said New York Telephone Company, at a rate not exceeding par and ten per centum premium, to such an amount as shall not exceed the sum of $12,876.18.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Successor Trustee.
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.
New York, November 1, 1917.

THE SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER COMPANY.

PURCHASE OF BONDS FOR SINKING FUND.
The Shawinigan Water & Power Company will receive tenders for the sale to the Company of a maximum of Seventy-seven Thousand Dollars ($77,000) par value of the Company's issue of FIVE PER CENT. THIRTY-YEAR CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE BONDS, due 1934.
OFFERINGS SHOULD BE MADE for delivery in Montreal on or before December 31st, 1917.
THE SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER CO.
W. S. HART, Treasurer.
Montreal, November 1st, 1917.

DIVIDENDS.

THE CRESSON CONSOLIDATED GOLD MINING & MILLING CO.
Distribution No. 62.
Amount $122,000.00.
Total amount to date, $5,685,162.50.
Notice is hereby given that a distribution of ten (10) cents per share has been ordered from funds received from the sale of ore reserves acquired prior to March 1st, 1918, upon all outstanding stock of The Cresson Consolidated Gold Mining & Milling Co.
Payable December 10th, 1917, to stockholders of record November 30th, 1917.
By order of Board of Directors.
ADOLPH F. ZANG, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
THE NIAGARA FALLS POWER CO.
15 Broad St., New York, Nov. 27, 1917.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, held on the 27th day of November, 1917, a dividend of $2.00 per share on the capital stock of this company was declared from and out of its surplus income for the ten months ended October 31, 1917, payable on the 15th day of January, 1918, to stockholders of record on the 31st day of December, 1917.
F. L. LOVELACE, Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL SALT COMPANY,
2 Rector Street.
The regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF (1½%) PER CENT. and a SPECIAL dividend of FOUR (4%) PER CENT. has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable December 31st, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 15th, 1917. The stock transfer books of the Company will not be closed.
WILLIAM H. BARNARD, Treasurer.

UNITED STATES STEAMSHIP COMPANY
November 27th, 1917.
A regular dividend of one per cent and an extra dividend of one-half of one per cent has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable January 2nd, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 17th, 1917.
N. H. CAMPBELL, Treasurer.

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY
New York, November 26, 1917.
The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of one and one-half per centum (1½%) on the outstanding capital stock of this company, payable on January 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business Saturday, December 8th, 1917.
J. H. BENNINGTON, Secretary.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
THE AMERICAN GAS COMPANY,
104 Market Street,
Camden, N. J., Nov. 20, 1917.
A quarterly dividend of 2%, or $2 per share, has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable Dec. 1st, 1917, to the stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. Nov. 21st, 1917. Checks will be mailed.
J. B. TOWNSEND, 3d, Treasurer.

BUCYRUS COMPANY.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 11.
Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 1% has been declared on the issued and outstanding Preferred Stock of this Company, payable January 2nd, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 20th, 1917. D. P. [illegible], Treasurer.

CHARTERED IN 1830

New York Life Ins. and Trust Co.

52 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

PROTECTION FOR WIDOWS, CHILDREN AND OLD AGE — NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY — 1830

Grants Annuities. Accepts Trusts created by Will or otherwise. Manages Property as Agent for the owners. Allows interest on deposites payable after ten days' notice. Legal Depository for Executors, Trustees and Money in Suit.

Accepts only Private Trusts and Declines all Corporation or other Public Trusts

STATEMENT—At the Close of Business on the 14th day of November, 1917.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Real Estate	$2,960,324.27	Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00
Bonds and Mortgages	3,532,787.72	Surplus Fund and Undivided Profits	4,300,906.97
Loans on Collaterals	1,252,282.31	Deposites in Trust	27,969,230.90
Bills Receivable	8,414,075.00	Life Insurance Fund	360,996.42
Cash in Company's Vaults	2,106,800.00	Annuity Fund	2,284,033.90
Cash on Deposite	816,473.82	Interest Due Depositors, Taxes &c.	1,231,844.05
Accrued Int., Rents, Suspense Acc't, &c.	988,537.19		
Bonds and Stocks	17,092,693.95		
	$37,166,026.28		$37,166,026.28

TRUSTEES

Charles O. Thompson, Frederic W. Stevens, Stuyvesant Fish, Edmund L. Baylies, Henry A. C. Taylor, Columbus O'D. Iselin, W. Emlen Roosevelt, Augustus D. Juilliard, Henry Lewis Morris, Cleveland H. Dodge, Thomas Denny, Lincoln Cromwell, Paul Tuckerman, Walter Kerr, Howard Townsend, Eugene Delano, Alfred E. Marling, Moses Taylor, Edward M. Townsend, Edward J. Hancy, Henry Parish, Jr., Nicholas Biddle, William M. Cruikshank, Stephen P. Nash, Lewis Spencer Morris, Joseph H. Choate, Jr.

WALTER KERR, President
HENRY PARISH, JR., 1st Vice-Pres. ZEGER W. VAN ZELM, 2nd Vice-Pres. S. M. B. HOPKINS, 3d Vice-Pres.
IRVING L. ROE, Secretary. J. LOUIS VAN ZELM, Asst. Secy.
JOHN C. VEDDER, Asst. Secy. ALGERNON J. PURDY, Asst. Secy. WILLIAM B. AUSTIN, Asst. Secy.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNION TRUST CO. OF N. Y.

at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$17,190,508.78
Private securities		9,655,737.37
Real estate owned		2,448,886.08
Mortgages owned		1,233,600.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		135,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		33,375,442.00
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		6,024,038.40
Overdrafts		28,201.67
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$8,787,383.23	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	425,874.70	
		9,213,257.93
Specie		5,616,868.42
Other currency authorized by the Laws of the United States		488,872.00
Cash items		16,989.61
Due from The Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		718,900.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	416,372.69	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	138,961.85	
Advanced to trusts	49,442.14	
		604,776.68
Total		$86,701,578.94

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$3,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$4,500,000.00	
Undivided profits	711,460.17	
		5,211,460.17
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$4,242,708.29	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	2,979,029.50	
Deposits by the State of New York	509,000.00	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	25,774.96	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	3,392,458.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	60,428,758.85	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	1,743,296.27	
Demand certificates of deposit	877,879.77	
Other certificates of deposit	1,684,778.10	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	95,636.32	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	1,657,069.49	
Total deposits		77,616,176.55
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	80,213.87	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	613,951.44	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	76,982.53	
Estimated unearned discounts	100,795.38	
		871,943.22
Total		$86,701,578.94

DIVIDENDS.

The American Sugar Refining Company
PREFERRED DIVIDEND 104
COMMON DIVIDEND 105
The Board of Directors have declared the following dividends:—
On the Preferred Stock one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent., being the 104th consecutive dividend thereon, payable on January 2nd, 1918, to the Stockholders of record on December 1st, 1917.
On the Common Stock one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent., being the 105th consecutive dividend thereon, payable on January 2nd, 1918, to the Stockholders of record on December 1st, 1917.
The Transfer Books will not be closed.
JOSEPH E. FREEMAN, Secretary

AMERICAN CAN CO.
A dividend of 3.7157 per cent. has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, this being final payment of accumulated deferred dividends, payable December 20th, 1917, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 11th, 1917. Transfer Books will remain open. Checks mailed.
R. H. ISMON, Secretary and Treasurer.

AMERICAN CAN CO.
A quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable January 2d, 1918, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 18th, 1917. Transfer Books will remain open. Checks mailed.
R. H. ISMON, Secretary and Treasurer.

REPUBLIC IRON & STEEL COMPANY.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 57.
At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, held November 16th, 1917, the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred stock was declared, payable January 2nd, 1918, to stockholders of record December 15th, 1917. Books remain open.
COMMON DIVIDEND NO. 5.
At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, held November 16th, 1917, a dividend of 1½% on the Common stock was declared, payable February 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record January 15th, 1918. Books remain open.
R. JONES, JR., Secretary.

THE EAST BUTTE COPPER MINING CO.
A dividend of one dollar per share will be paid out of the earnings of the current year on December 24th, 1917, to stockholders of record at close of business December 6, 1917.
FRANK P. SON, Treasurer.
Nov. 16, 1917.

The
American Exchange National Bank
NEW YORK

Statement of Condition
Comptroller's Call, November 20th, 1917

Total Resources	$176,058,564.35
Deposits (Including U. S. Government)	$139,884,882.91
Capital	$5,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	$5,654,950.26

OFFICERS
LEWIS L. CLARKE, President
WALTER H. BENNETT, Vice-Pres. THEODORE H. BANKS, Vice-Pres.
GEORGE C. HAIGH, Vice-Pres. LOUIS S. TIEMANN, Vice-Pres.
MERCER P. MOSELEY, Vice-President
ARTHUR P. LEE, Cashier
A. K. de GUISCARD, Asst. Cash. ELBERT A. BENNETT, Asst. Cash.
HUGH S. McCLURE, Asst. Cash. WALTER B. TALLMAN, Asst. Cash.
ALEX. G. ARMSTRONG, Asst. Cash. ROY MURCHIE, Asst. Cash.

DIRECTORS
WILLIAM M. BARRETT, Pres. Adams Express Co.; WALTER H. BENNETT, Vice-President; JOHN S. BROWNING, Browning, King & Co.; LEWIS L. CLARKE, President; R. FULTON CUTTING, New York; WILLIAM P. DIXON, Dixon & Holmes; STEPHEN B. FLEMING, Pres. Internat'l Agri. Corp.; GEORGE LEGG, George Legg & Sons; EDGAR J. NATHAN, Cardozo & Nathan; EDWARD C. PLATT, Vice-Pres. Mackay Co.'s; JOSEPH A. SKINNER, Wm. Skinner & Sons; JAMES A. SMITH, Calhoun, Robbins & Co.; ELBRIDGE GERRY SNOW, Pres. Home Insurance Co.; CLAUS A. SPRECKELS, Pres. Federal Sugar Ref. Co.; JOHN T. TERRY, New York

OUT-OF-TOWN BANK STATEMENTS

The Girard National Bank
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

JOSEPH WAYNE, JR., President. CHARLES M. ASHTON, Cashier.
EVAN RANDOLPH, Vice-President. A. W. PICKFORD, Assistant Cashier.
ALFRED BARRATT, Assistant Cashier.

Statement of Condition at the close of business November 20, 1917

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments	$63,479,337.06	Capital	$2,000,000.00
Acceptances and Letters of Credit	5,513,118.26	Surplus and Profits	5,351,303.00
Due from Banks	16,994,709.62	Circulation	1,060,800.00
Exchange for Clearing House	2,505,521.71	Acceptances and Letters of Credit	5,513,118.26
Cash and Reserve	8,217,548.88	Due Federal Reserve Bank (Re-Discounts)	2,245,000.00
		Deposits	80,511,014.27
	$96,701,235.53		$96,701,235.53

DIRECTORS.
FRANCIS B. REEVES, Chairman of the Board.
Daniel Baugh, Rodman E. Griscom, W. Frederick Snyder, Robert Toland, Wm. Newbold Ely, John Gribbel, George McFadden, Francis B. Reeves, Jr., Wm. W. Frazier, Jr., George D. Rosengarten, Joseph Wayne, Jr., Evan Randolph, Morris R. Bockius, Arthur V. Morton, William Jay Turner, A. J. County, Wm. P. Barba.

MELLON NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH.
November 20, 1917.

RESOURCES

Loans, Bonds and Investment Securities	$116,048,758.26
Overdrafts	6.14
Cash	7,245,292.74
Due from Banks	22,122,968.29
	$145,417,025.43

LIABILITIES

Capital	$6,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	4,112,563.64
Reserved for Depreciation, etc.	1,287,527.10
Circulating Notes	4,926,500.00
Deposits	129,090,434.69
	$145,417,025.43

NEW YORK STATE NATIONAL BANK, ALBANY, N. Y.
November 20th, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$9,376,829.27
Bonds and investments	6,064,176.76
Real estate	336,000.00
Cash and due from banks	7,784,644.29
	$23,561,150.32

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$500,000.00
Surplus and profits	656,955.33
Circulation	245,900.00
Deposits	22,158,294.99
	$23,561,150.32

OFFICERS: Ledyard Cogswell, Pres.; J. Townsend Lansing, Vice Pres.; Ledyard Cogswell, Jr., Second Vice Pres.; George A. White, Cashier.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF
Milliken Brothers, (Incorporated)
The Directors have determined to make a second distribution to the stockholders amounting to $10.00 per share upon each share of preferred stock. Checks payable to the holders of record of preferred stock on December 15th, 1917, for the amount of such distribution, will be delivered to such record holders upon presentation of their stock certificates at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New York City, on or after December 20th, 1917, for notation thereon of such payment.
The stock transfer books of the Corporation will be closed at the close of business on December 15th, 1917, and reopened January 2nd, 1918.
Dated, New York, November 19th, 1917.
MILLIKEN BROTHERS, (INCORPORATED.)
By its Directors.
C. T. CLACK, Secretary, Milliken, Staten Island, N. Y.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

PARTNERSHIP composed of the undersigned and trading as COHEN & HOROWITZ, at 8 East 12th St., N. Y. City, was dissolved Nov. 24, 1917.
Signed, WM. H. HOROWITZ.
Signed, MEYER COHEN.
Witness, H. BARASH.

Corn Exchange National Bank,
PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, November 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Investments	$38,202,885.43
Due from Banks	9,700,857.21
Clearing House Exchanges	1,398,211.92
Cash and Reserve	4,789,458.01
Customers' Liability on Foreign Credits and Acceptances	2,894,026.41
	$57,185,438.98

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and Net Profits (Earned)	2,640,952.53
Circulation	193,300.00
Deposits	49,957,160.04
Foreign Credits and Acceptances	2,894,026.41
Discounts with Federal Reserve Bank secured by Liberty Bonds	500,000.00
	$57,185,438.98

N. W. CORSON, Cashier

NATIONAL COMMERCIAL BANK ALBANY, N. Y.
November 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$16,057,286.87
U. S. and other bonds	6,384,898.94
Real estate	270,638.77
Cash and in Federal Reserve Bank	3,884,822.29
Due from banks	3,206,827.13
Interest earned, not collected	91,314.30
	$29,875,788.30

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	2,029,226.61
Reserved for taxes	51,328.88
Reserved for interest accrued	18,536.50
Circulation	962,500.00
Interest and discount collected not earned	62,817.85
Deposits	25,751,356.96
	$29,875,788.30

OFFICERS.
Robert C. Pruyn, Chairman of the Board; Edward J. Hussey, Vice Pres.; Walter W. Batchelder, Vice Pres. and Cashier; Jacob H. Herzog, Vice Pres.; William L. Gillespie, Asst. Cashier; R. C. B. Adams, Asst. Cashier.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE limited partnership lately subsisting between J. WILLET HALL and CHARLES E. CURTIS, doing business in the City of New York under the firm name of J. WILLET HALL & COMPANY, expired by limitation on the 18th day of November, 1917. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said J. Willet Hall, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment at his office, 35 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
J. WILLET HALL.
CHARLES E. CURTIS.
Dated, New York, November 18th, 1917.

DOUBLE SUBSIDY TO GERMAN SHIPPING

Government Both Pays Owners for Lost Vessels and Helps Pay for New.

BILL ON EVE OF ENACTMENT

Already Has Passed Reichstag—Clear Gift of $250,000,000 to Capital, Socialists Say.

German shipping interests, led by the Hamburg-American Line and the North German Lloyd, appear to have won a substantial victory over the masses of the German people through the bill for the restoration of the German merchant marine, which, according to cablegrams from Amsterdam received in New York in October, has passed the Reichstag and is likely to become a law within a short time. Details of the new bill, which was substituted for the original Ship Subsidy bill described in THE NEW YORK TIMES of March 17, are found in copies of Berlin newspapers reaching London, and show that, far from the German Government having tightened its grip on the shipping concerns, it looks as if the big shipping interests had obtained a firmer control of the Government.

The provisions of the new bill make it possible, and almost imperative, for a commission of fourteen to be named by the Imperial Chancellor, with the approval of the Federal Council, not only to recompense the owners for the ships they have lost through the war, but also to see that the German Government pays a share, running as high as 80 per cent. in some cases, of the extra cost of building the vessels that are to replace the lost craft. The Government and the big ship owners succeeded in having the Reichstag override the objections of the Socialist members, who talked and voted against the bill, and the German Empire will shortly be pledged to spend a sum which the lowest estimates, place at $250,000,000 for the purpose of rebuilding the German merchant marine.

The committee report to the Reichstag said that the Government insisted upon the urgency of legislation, on the ground that the shipbuilders must be enabled to make all their plans and to conclude contracts with the building yards. The Government said that it was aware of the seriousness of the new financial burden, but that direct grants, without any provision for repayment, would alone be satisfactory. It was suggested that the immediate consequence of the passing of this bill would be a flood of similar demands from other industries. To this the Government replied that the position of shipping was quite peculiar, that its restoration was an absolute necessity, and that without a mercantile marine the whole German people would be unable to recover from the consequences of the war. German shipping had been peculiarly unprotected, because there was no immunity for private property at sea, and the losses of German shipping had been largely due to the measures of the German Government. In reply to the accusation that it was making a free gift to the very strongest German capitalists, the Government said that the bill was keenly desired by organized German seamen.

Government Monopoly Rejected.

In view of the enormous expenditure involved it was suggested that the Government should take the whole matter into its own hands. The Government replied that nothing was less suited than shipping to form a Government monopoly, and that the effect of a Government monopoly would be "to threaten German trade with the loss of the international possibilities of expansion upon which its greatness has been based."

The Government successfully resisted all proposals that it should secure the right of purchase of subsidized ships, or that it should secure a share of the ultimate profits on subsidized ships. The Government, whose arguments throughout seem to have been those of the shipping men, said that the old mail steamer subsidies had not been a success, and that schemes for the division of profits between the Government and owners were not really practical.

There was a great deal of discussion as to the probable expenditure under the bill. The lowest estimate was $250,000,000, and this figure was accepted by the Imperial Treasury. But the German experts admit that the cost is increasing every day, owing both to the increased losses of shipping and to the increased cost of construction.

In the second reading debate the Government upheld all the arguments of the shipping interests; a National Liberal said that the great object must be to make Germany independent of British shipping after the war, and the argument was freely used that the more ships Germany can build the more she will save through the fact that the vast quantities of raw materials that Germany will need will be imported in German ships.

Absolute Gift to Capital.

The strongest opposition came from the Independent Socialists. Their spokesman, a Bremen Deputy, named Alfred Henke, expressed the utmost skepticism about the Government estimates of probable expenditure, and said that the whole bill was the work of the shipping interests. The Government was making them an absolute gift, although it cared nothing about the workers in the textile and tobacco industries.

Henke said that the German shipowners were not only the most absolute capitalists, but the most international capitalists. It might be true that two-fifths of the German tonnage had been lost, but the value of the remaining three-fifths had been trebled. Moreover, many new ships had been ordered and would be completed. It was untrue that the position of the German mercantile marine was extremely bad, and although it would not be so large after the war as it was before, there would be plenty of tonnage available. The present gift to the shipping interests amounted to at least as much as the whole of the capital originally invested in German shipping, and this gift, which was to be taken from the German taxpayers, workmen, and soldiers, would amount to more than the levy on capital in the year before the war. The present concessions to the shipowners would only encourage them to make fresh demands in order to meet the competition with the mercantile marine of other countries. Henke declared that the policy of subsidies could only be ended, like the expansion of armaments, by international agreement.

TOWN POOLS ITS WAR FUNDS

Demands on Nutley, N. J., to be Handled by One Committee.

NUTLEY, N. J., Nov. 29.—The town of Nutley has formed a permanent War Work committee, to eliminate the necessity of all campaigns and drives for the remainder of the war. All funds will be raised and demands upon the town for its share in national movements will be handled by the committee. To facilitate the work, the committee has figured out the ratio of money that should be given when a national demand is made.

To further facilitate matters, arrangements have been made with the local bank to advance money in case the committee has not sufficient funds on hand when the demand comes. The money will then be refunded to the bank when it comes in monthly. The monthly income plan is worked by having 200 members of the town's Home Guard district the town and collect the monthly contributions which have been promised by the various persons in the district.

The committee has already contributed $3,500 to the Y. M. C. A. fund, $800 to the Knights of Columbus fund, $100 to the War Library fund, and $400 to the War Camp Community Recreation fund. It has also taken over the direction of all local relief work which arises out of the war, and has co-ordinated the seven Red Cross working units here. Every cent goes to the work, as the helpers are all volunteers.

CAN GUIDE RAW IMPORTS.

Licensing a Powerful Factor in Reducing Nonessential Products.

President Wilson's proclamation placing under license the importation of many articles was interpreted by New York trade experts as a big forward step toward concentrating supplies of raw materials deemed essential for American war industries. Under the proclamation, the War Trade Board will become responsible for the importation of many lines which since the start of the European war have been almost exclusively under the control of Great Britain.

Dr. E. E. Pratt, Vice President of the Pacific Commercial Company of this city, and until recently Chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, a pioneer advocate of the use of import restrictions, said:

"One of the greatest benefits accruing from import regulation will be taking the entry of raw materials away from foreign supervision and placing it in the hands of the Government, which is in a position to guide distribution. Take rubber, for example. Enormous quantities of the raw product are wanted here for use in manufacturing tires for commercial trucks to be used back of the firing lines in France to rush supplies for the American Army. The Government can refuse licenses for the importation of rubber designed for tires for pleasure automobiles. In many other instances the Administration can concentrate supplies for the essential industries, while denying entry to merchandise destined for manufacturing plants not on war work.

"The Bureau of Imports of the War Trade Board will discriminate between the essential and nonessential uses of commodities such as wool, tin, tungsten, copper, and platinum. We can look forward to prohibition of the use of tin, except in certain commodities, to the regulation of flax, and perhaps discrimination in favor of shoes and boots for military purposes."

ASSERTS DANISH GOOD FAITH

Re-export Policy Strictly Controlled, Says Commercial Organ.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 28, (via London, Nov. 29.)—The Boersen, the Danish official commercial and navigation paper, publishes this morning an article concerning American food supplies to neutral countries.

Referring to the observations of Vance McCormick, recently published by the Matin, the Boersen denies categorically the imputation, so far as Danish commerce is concerned, that Denmark's control would not be effective, since it has been recognized by the competent authorities of the allied powers, it states, that the control practiced by the Danish commercial organization in securing provisions for Denmark alone and impeding re-exportation has always proved absolutely effective.

Very few cases of infraction have been found, says the paper, and they have been seriously examined and severely punished. It is therefore declared to be "unrighteous" to assert that Danish control has been in the slightest degree deficient.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Forecast:
N. C.—Cloudy Fri., fair Sat.
S. C., Fla., and Ga.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Ind.—Cloudy Fri.; fair Sat.
Ohio.—Rains Fri.; fair Sat.
Mich.—Rains Fri.; fair Sat.
La., Okla., and Tex.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Ill.—Unsettled Fri. and Sat.
Mo.—Cloudy Fri. and Sat.
Wis.—Unsettled Fri. and Sat.
Minn.—Fair Fri.; snow Sat.
Ia.—Cloudy Fri.; rain or snow Sat.
N. D.—Cloudy and colder Fri.; snow Sat.
N. Dak.—Cloudy and colder Fri.; snow Sat.
S. Dak. and Neb.—Fair Fri.; unsettled Sat.
Kan.—Fair Fri. and Sat.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—A. N. Hand, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M. Motion calendar. Noticed motions.

Regal<Baird.
Rice<Mayer.
Bailey<SS City of Lowell.
Donovan<Tug Hudson.
Cutler<Am Mailing Device Corp.
Natchorn<I R T.
Chadeloid<Rodriguez.
Fagus<Erie RR.
Wright<Clyde SS.
Baer<Mac Lac Co.
Re Gelach.
Erb<Battendorf.
Guaranty Trust<McCabe.
Greenfield<Fitch.
Snider<Yale & Towne.
Hurley<Standard Tranep.
Dailey<CNY.
Same<Tug Mahaney.
Daupsk<20,029 Bags Sugar.
Same<Nat C & T Co.
Carter & Weeks<Crawford.
Adjourned motions:
Gallagher<Erie RR.
Herman<SS Owego.
Barnum<Societa, &c.
Foreman<Benas.
Goodwin & Gallagher<Weehawken D D Co.
Stein<SS Pheiades.
US<Belooekstan Rug W Co, (2.)
Cook<Flagg.
Com Transp<SS Seabard.
Chaplin<Film Exchge.
Ryan<Ohmer.
Turner<Cosden.
Same<Liquid Gas Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Case on—Ferano<D & H Co. No day calendar.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 9:30 A. M., in Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, N. Y. Naturalization. Bankruptcy calendar, at 2 P. M.

Wolf Sugal.
Morris Grosofsky.
Morris Weissman et al. as United Waist Mfg Co.
Celia Newkofsky.
Pontus J Thompson.
Walter T Hudson.
Joseph Black.
Motions:
E B Jordan & Co, (2.)
Ernest Martens.
Morris J Kopp.
Vincent Scala.
Gussie Nankin, (2.)
Barnaby Furniture Co, &c.
American Clock Co.
Automobile Supply Mfg Co, Inc.
Isidor Minowitz.
Albert Haddad & ano.
Paul Albert, (NY Gas & Elec Sup Co, Inc.)
George Neumann, (The Art Shop.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, N. Y.—Admiralty.
C J Fuller<Capri. Evens<same.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—At 9:30 A. M., in Room 323 P. O. Bldg, Brooklyn, N. Y. Admiralty calendar.
Fred'k Bouchard<Tijuca, (on trial.)
Edw M Timmins<same. (on trial.)

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 12 M., in Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, N. Y. Criminal.

US<Barry Wall.
Same<John Sheehan.
Same<Felix Koch.
Same<Hugh Bell.
Same<N McConnell.
Same<Joseph Nagle.
Same<Walter Drozer.
Same<George Hulse.
Same<W H Van Wicklen.
Same<Robt Ralston.
Same<F Koktropsky.
Same<F E Freigel.
Same<Michael Cona.
Same<Michael Bello.
Same<Chris Nagle.
Same<Wm Goodwin.
Same<A Gardner.
Same<Frank Stabwaeer, alias Lang.
Same<Frank Bononza.
Same<Jas McCarthy.
Same<Geo Thomson.
Same<H. Pantrain.
Same<Antonio Ulip.
Same<E W Freedell.
Same<H Chalmers.
Same<Hugh Starr.
Same<Chas Walker.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Re Cuorosh.
Re Shalleck.
Sien<All.
Sheinart<Kutinsky.
London Finance Co<McSherry.
Re US Fid, &c, Co<Remer.
Same<Rabinowitz.
Same<Remer.
Freidman<Schindel.
Quimby<Quimby.
Keller Bldg Co<Williams.
Worral<William A. Brady, Ltd, (2.)
Arkell & Douglas, Inc<Santini.
Etchingham<Rooney.
General Rubber Co<US Fid, &c, Co.
Mirsky<Borden.
Gorman<Gorman.
Kottis<Onyx Blouse.
Re Selig & Winter, Inc, (Schafran.)
Re Mayer.
Di Masi<Ratner.
Friend<Welkowitz.
Re Ihrig.
Beaver<Hagan.
Ft Dearborn Nat Bk<MacArthur Bros Co, (2.)
42d St, &c, Ry<US Wood Preserving Co.
CNY<Wohl, South & Co.
Korosy<Korosy.
CNY<Duvst Mfg Co.
Katzman<Katzman.
Re Perch.
Latham Auto Reg Co<J J Little & Ives Co.
Seegel<Montgomery, Ward & Co.
Pessah<Schwartz.
Stanton<Beam.
Hirsch<N Y Cons RR.
Stewart<Connor.
Hastorf<Stoloff.
Joy<same.
Mueller<Mueller.
Wilson<Wilson, (2.)
Yokel<Yokel.
Losi<Elk Cheese Co.
Walker M. Levett Co<Franco-Am Chem Co.
Gevirtz<Villeneuve Imp & Exp Co.
Randolph<Randolph.
Katz<Mats.
Kraft<Lint.
Same<Ross.
Gordon<Gordon.
Franklin<Franklin.
Dispatch Film Co<M H Mark Rty Co.
Gordon<Fixman.
Schwartz<Friedsam.
Re Southweald Imp.
Spallino<Harris, (2.)
Pringle<Smith.
Navarre<Schwartz.
Bartman<Nelsner.
Feldman<Rappaport.
Knight<Bradley Copper Process Co.
Re US Fid &c. Co.
Re CNY, (Bronx Boulevard.)
CNY<Middleton.
Goldsmith & Co<Panama RR.
Re O'Malley.
Berry<Huggan.
Demarest<Gifford, (2.)
Kosloff<Aheorre.
Mayher<Rumble.
Osborne<Learnard.
Richardson<Richardson.
Kahn<Goldston.
Lassman<Fischer.
Knick Fireproofing Co<Gerry.
Clark<Gibson.
Sofianopoulo<Standard Com Tobacco Co.
Krotel<Press Pub Co.
Loveland<Loveland.
Lawrence<Lawrence.
City R E Co<Solomon.
Klingler<Markowitz.
Sholman<Teiteibaum.
Brett<Brett.
Berry<Strauss.
Same<Nathan Strauss, Inc.
Rosenberg<Cordova.
Brett<Brett.
Posner<Posner.
Harsley<Harsley.
General Investing Co<Bethlehem Steel Co.
Jackson<same.
Guglielmi<Town Topics Pub Co.
Alpha SS Co<NY Trust.
Kamber<Stumpf.
Fischman<Flechman.
Berner<Collier Co.
Suspension Bed Spring Mfg Co<Gasau-Thompson Co.
Hoffman<D'Alessandro.
Maimonides Bene Soc<Ciryl Holding Co.
Kasviner<Kasviner.
Warren<Fay Rty Co.
Laxer<Keystone Tire, &c. Co.
Steinbach<Kanowitz.
Ludwig<Hermann, (3.)
King<Burnett.
Sweet<Lyons, (2.)
Schlowotosky<Schlowotosky.
Pangonis<Lehigh Valley RR.
Healy<Hallenbeck-Hungerford Rty Co, (2.)
Re Werner. (Brown.)
Dorfman<Harris.
Chromos Chem Co<Hutchinson.
Nolan<Green.
Duplan Silk Co<Cohen.
Interocean Forwarding Co<McCormack.
Levy<Levy.
Tubikas<George.
Barbiddles<same.
Levy<Levy.
Darcy & Wolfers<Bluebird Photo Plays.
Baker<Baker.
Lamont<Lamont.
Dickoff<Dickoff.
Jaffe<Ridley.
Pressrich<Qual.
Weinus<Weinberg.
Re Morristown Tr Co.
Weaver<Wright.
Silverman<Lopresti.
Gianstraguea<Sommer.
Lang<Int R T.
Kaufman<Lopresti.
Redmond<Stoneham.
Kelly<Straus.
Nash<Welcker.
McCormick<Walker.
Wolf<Freisinger.
Trylnsky<Goldberg.
Gordon<Gordon.
Fincha<Fincha.
Martin<Thomey Auto Service, Inc.

PART II.—Goff, J.—Ex parte business. At 10:30 A. M.
PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Parts II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar:

Margaretha Rothenbach.
Cornelius O'Leary.
Margaretha Rothenbach.
Mary M Johnston.
Charles Marks.
Patrick J Mahoney.
Augustus H Hall.
Henry Dorrity.
Nellie H Haverty.
John Gordon.
Maria Felber, &c.
Annie Hamilton.
Charles Day.
Mary Sorenson.
William Paxton.
Pavel Niewiaiomsky.
Nicholas S Lopea.
Sergius P Alexeieff.
Richard Ashworth.
John H J Biernan.
J Warren Curtis, &c.
Hannah Dann.
Frank Donnelly.
Ellen McGonagil.
Moritz Cohn.
Carmelo Tennisi.
Sofi Taub.
Eliz Rauenbohler.
John V Dahlgren.
Salome Weis.
Sophie Pick, inf.
Mildred Pick.
Michael Sullivan.
John J Sullivan.
Philip Curtis.
Daniel S Doran.
T Edwin Ward.
Henry Fennell.
Joseph Nevins.
Peter Mullecker.
Albert Herzig.
Christia J Becker.
John Coroitt.
Rebecca Elsner.
Alice Kelly.
G L Zimmerman, (2.)
Phebe S Bruff.
Julius M Cohn.
Lelie G Calhoun.
Helen R H Stickney.
Julius Saul.
Margaret A Holly.
Natalie Tobias.
Henry Jacobs.
Giosue Gallucci.
Rose Jacobs.
Ellen Donnelly.
Mary E Armitage.
Mary Lynch.
Solomon M Mandel.
Ernest Ascher.
August Meyer.
Lizzie H Holme.
Joseph Morningstar.
Theo J C Rettich.
John J Corning.
James McDonough.
Rose V Muller.
Annie McAuliffe.
George F Gourand.
Donald J McCallum.
Alice D W Chauncey.
Jean W Swope.
Augustus K Hayes.
Leon M Hirsch.
Albert Wreck.
Wills for probate:
Erik Frykman.
Albert E Valentine.
Frederick F Read.
Eliz J McCarthy.
Charles Krauth.
Mary Leigie.
Arthur J Taylor.
Sarah Kearney.
Ellen M Murphy.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Strasbourger, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.

Samya<Winter Gar Co.
Diamend<Einstein.
Rosenblatt<Jackson Bros.
Weldon<Cal Perf Co.
D Grossley & Sons<Haines.
San Giovanni<Perrie & Strada.
Same<Casa Musicale, &c.
Same<Mus Films, &c.
Rich<Hyman.
Domestic Lace, &c., Co<Boucek.
So. Bklyn Paper, &c. Co<F. A. Munsey Co.
Wallomitz<Marksamer.
Barnet<Marklin.
McDermott<Guggenheim, (2.)
Gottfried<Mailhouse.
Riegeman<Levy.
Feld<Springer.
Lichtman<Goldstein.
Friedman<Winkler, (2.)
Reines<Levenstein, (2.)
Gutman<Simon.
Domestic Lace, &c, Co<Boucek, (2.)
Simons<Weil.
Jonasson & Co<Ottenheimer.
Kendler<Marcus.
Peck Press<Melbourne.
Williams Co<Turner.
Martin<Duncan.
McCloskey Varnish Co<Storm.
Swedish Iron, &c, Corp<Siebert.
Feldstein<Victor.
Holmes & Brown<U S Jr. Naval Reserve.
Bulmer<Jocelyn.
Wilkening<Cummings.
Lead Mould Elec Fdy<McCabe.
Medwick<McCann.
Handley<Penn RR.
Farman<Hano.
Pall Mall Emb Works<Univ Costume Co.
Holzer<House.
Newman<Golub.
Stone<Schwartz, Loeb & Co.
Brumback<Dixon.
Mortenson<Vassilis.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.
PART IV.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—at 10 A. M. No day calendar.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Murray Hill Iron Wks<Ritz Rity Corp. No day calendar.
PARTS I., II., V., VI., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT — Gavegan, J.—Smith<Griesman—Walter W Irwin.
SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Dry Dock Sav Inst<Schonefeldt—Theodore K McCarthy. Harlem Sav Bk<Heusle Const Co—Samuel S. Koenig. Schlussel<Maier—Enos S. Booth. Kingsland<Gets—John J. Brady, Jr.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Grace Collard<Lillian S. Shaver—Ferdinand Levy. Mary F. Blitzer<Robt J Strout—Dennis Spellissy. Mechanics Bk<Mayer Adler—Arthur N Giegerich. Wm W Johnson<Elias D Springer—Charles S Campbell.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.

Comity Mtg Co<1,010 Tremont Av Corp.
Best<Markham.
Winship<Leh Val RR.
Same<same.
Fine<Clinton Realty.
Matter of Adler.
City Real Estate<McKenna, (5 actions.)
Phillips<Romagnoli.
Giammartino<Catanese.
Patnik<Patnik.
Walther<Walther.
Ardone<White Coal.
Barbarinardo<same.
Post<Conover.
Same<837 Wash Av Realty.
Bruno<Rohr.
Same<same.
Goldenberg<Cohen.
Schwanewede<Mitchell McDermot Const Co.
Noble<Noble.
Same<same.
Bier<Magenheim.
Storey<McCormack.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J. Cases on. Hoppe<Hoppe. Schmidt<Schmidt. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J. No day calendar.
PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—...... J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. Smith<Waynor Const. Same<same.
TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J. No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J. Ward<Smith—Harry Kempner. Schatz<Kirchof and ano.—Max Bendit.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Elsie Moldenke<Alexander Thern et al.—William Peters.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Selby, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Manges<Stecky.
Cleveland<Sansone.
O'Rourke<Kolls, (2.)
Bassett<Mut Benefit Assn. Suffolk Co.
Holland<Curtis.
Guthrie<Bush Term.
Berwin<Solomon.
Wadler<Kleinman.
James McClaren & Son<Schwartz.
High Ground Iron Works<Gloe.
Rosenblatt<Rosenblatt.
Goldman<Goldman.
Post<Thomas.
Re Mantonga.
Bauer<Austin.
Re Dugal.
Re Beadle.
Re Titus.
Re Sultan.
Re Duyn.
Re Swenson.
Re Belansky.
Hoye<Hipkins.
Abramson<Richland.
Widowiak, M<Ford Motor Co.
Widowiak, A<same.
Burns<Rathjen.
Kane<Tilyou Rty Co.
Schneid<Lubben.
Goldfarb<Keener.
Forman<Travers.
Langridge<Seaman, (2)
Ward, C C<Ward, (M E G M.)
Digan<Stuart.

PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

INTELLIGENT AND COMPREHENSIVE.
C. B. McElhany, Vice President of the American Steel Export Co., New York, writes: "As a subscriber to and a constant reader of The Annalist, I cannot refrain from congratulating you upon the intelligent and comprehensive manner in which you submit statistics and general information." The Annalist, 10 cents weekly, $4 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of WAH TAI COMPANY, et als, Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy, 25,098—1917.

It appearing to my satisfaction from the petition of LEE YAT CHEE, verified the 22nd day of November, 1917, that a petition was, on the 5th day of October, 1917, filed herein for an adjudication of bankruptcy of LEE YAT CHEE, the petitioner herein, and against the persons hereinafter mentioned, and that a subpoena was duly issued out of this court, requiring the said persons, as alleged bankrupts herein, to appear on the 15th day of October, 1917, and plead to the said petition filed by the said LEE YAT CHEE, praying that he, individually and as a member of the co-partnership of WAH TAI COMPANY, and said co-partnership may be adjudged bankrupts, which petition was filed in the office of the Clerk of this court on the 5th day of October, 1917, and it appearing by the return of the United States Marshal for this District, that the persons described in said subpoena and hereinafter referred to, cannot be found within the territorial limits of this District, so that personal service of said subpoena cannot be made upon them within said District, and that such persons reside at the addresses set opposite their names, and hereinafter set forth;

NOW, on motion of FREDERIC B. McNISH, attorney for the petitioner, it is

ORDERED that the below named alleged bankrupts, and each of them, plead or answer on or before the first day of March, 1918, to the petition herein, filed in the office of the Clerk of this court, on the 5th day of October, 1917; and in case of their failure to plead or answer thereto, adjudication shall be made against all or such of them as shall fail to so plead or answer, according to the prayer of said petition. And it is further

ORDERED that this order be published in The New York Times, a newspaper published in the City of New York, in said District, once a week for two successive weeks, said publication to commence not later than the 30th day of November, 1917, and that a copy of this order be mailed before the date of the first publication, to each of the following named alleged bankrupts, at their respective last known residences, namely.

Lee Sai Fan, residing at Canton, China.
Yee Wen Chang, residing at Hong Kong, China.
Sue K. Wong, residing at Canton, China.
Chan Kui Chee, residing at Canton, China.
Hing Wong, residing at Canton, China.
Wong Get, residing at Hong Kong, China.
Mock Duck, residing at 253 Fifth Ave., New York City.
Wong Kung Fong, residing at 128 State St., Hartford, Conn.
Lee Kong Sue Tong, residing at Hong Kong, China.
Lee Yen Yu, residing at Canton, China.
Chan Hing Wai, residing at Canton, China.
Lee Yick Gam, residing at 204 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J.
Chan John Yee, residing at 253 Fifth Ave., New York City.
Chan Wa Chin, residing at 253 Fifth Ave. New York City.
Lee Sam Yee, residing at Canton, China.
Chan Kwan Yip, residing at 9 Mott St. New York City.
Chu Yee Ping, residing at Canton, China.
Moy Chung Yet, residing at Hong Kong, China.
Chu Chung Hoy, residing at Canton, China.
Lee Yick Chew, residing at Hong Kong, China.
Wong Chen Sew, residing at 22 Harrison Ave., Boston, Mass.
Ng. Wen Tong, residing at Canton, China.
Quen Sun, residing at Canton, China.
Chang Wen Wing, residing at 124 State St., Hartford, Conn.
Chan Chung Hong, residing at Canton, China.
Gee Sing, residing at Canton, China.
Gock Men Fong, residing at Hong Kong, China.
Lee Chee Wing, residing at Canton, China.
Yip King Poo, residing at 39 Mott St., New York City.
Lum Yee Ping, residing at Hong Kong, China.
Lo Wai Qun, residing at Yokohama, Japan.
Chan Ching Nom, residing at Canton, China.
Lum Got, residing at (address unknown.)
Lee Ying Lun, residing at 31 Pell St., New York City.
Lee Sai Gam, residing at Canton, China.
See Hoo Chen, residing at 20 Harrison Ave., Boston, Mass.
Lee Yick Yee, residing at Canton, China.
Li Sung, residing at Canton, China.
Kong P. On, residing at Canton, China.
Low Wen, residing at 45 Mott St., New York City.
Kwan Gan Yee, residing at 9 West 29th St., New York City.
Chan Chew, residing at Canton, China.
Mock Hoy Kan, residing at Canton, China.
Jen Ching, residing at Canton, China.
Wong Lum Kee, residing at Canton, China.
Wong Tuck Kee, residing at Canton, China.
Wong Yon Kee, residing at Canton, China.
Leong Du Chong, residing at 39 Mott St., New York City.
Tom Yuen Fee, residing at 248 W. 105th St., New York City.
Tom Tuck Jun, residing at 248 W. 105th St., New York City.
Leong Hing, residing at 88 Mott St., New York City.
Chang Yick Young, residing at (address unknown.)
Lie Sue, residing at (address unknown.)
Ho Tu Tong, residing at Yokohama, Japan.
Chan Len Cho, residing at Yokohama, Japan.
Wong Yook Chan, residing at Canton, China.
Wong Kem Yee Tong, residing at Canton, China.

Dated, New York, November 23rd, 1917.
AUGUSTUS N. HAND.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MOE WEINTRAUB, Bankrupt.

Pursuant to an order of this Court, the undersigned, Receiver in Bankruptcy, will offer for sale on Thursday, December 6th, 1917, at 11 A. M., at the premises No. 226 Rivington Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, all of the assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of a stock of furniture, carpets and similar merchandise, fixtures, the right, title and interest of the receiver in and to the lease to the premises occupied by the bankrupt and the good-will of said business in the manner following:

Sealed bids for the property may be submitted to the receiver at the premises No. 226 Rivington Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 6th day of December, 1917, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at which time and place bids will be opened by the receiver, and the creditors can attend and express themselves in regard thereto. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or cash for at least ten (10%) per cent. of the amount of the bid. The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids; if any or all sealed bids are rejected, then the property will be offered for sale on open competitive bids immediately thereafter. Open competitive bids must likewise be accompanied by a certified check or cash for at least ten (10%) per cent. of the amount of the bid. If the open competitive bids, or any of them, shall not be as large as the corresponding sealed bids, then the receiver reserves the right at such time to accept the sealed bids, or any of them, providing said bids shall be for a sum not less than the appraised value of the property so bid for. The full purchase price or any and all bids accepted by the receiver must be paid immediately after the sale.

No representation or guarantees of any kind are made by the receiver as to the character, quality or quantity, or the description of the merchandise, or as to any other property offered for sale. All property must be removed not later than December 8th, 1917, unless special arrangements are made with the landlord permitting the purchasers to remain on the premises, and such continued occupation by the purchasers shall be at the purchaser's own expense.

The above property may be inspected at the premises of the above bankrupt, to wit: 226 Rivington Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. on and after November 30th, 1917.

The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

For further information apply to receiver or his attorney.

Dated New York, November 28th, 1917.
MARCUS HELFAND, Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.
MAX MILLER, Attorney for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24,668.—In Bankruptcy.—KENNEDY MITCHELL AND CO., INC., Bankrupt.

Kennedy Mitchell and Co., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on August 30th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on December 13th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,295.—In Bankruptcy.—KATHERYN M. ROSENZWEIG, Bankrupt.

Katheryn M. Rosenzweig was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 22nd, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on December 13th, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—23,715.

Notice is given that Louis Hutkoff, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, December 31, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25,007.—In Bankruptcy.—U. S. LADIES TAILORS AND IMPORTERS, INC., Bankrupt.

U. S. Ladies Tailors and Importers, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on September 25th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on December 13th, 1917, at 10:45 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Pretty Brick Houses
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Seven rooms. Beautifully decorated, all ready to occupy; New Subway, Brooklyn. B. Silsby, 217 B'way, New York; Barclay 4585.

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Every room facing Central Park or Street.

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REDUCED RENTS.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Plaintiff, v. SAM WEXLER, Defendant.

The President of the United States of America to Sam Wexler, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded that you personally appear before the Judge of the District Court of the United States of America, for the Southern District of New York, in the Second Circuit in Equity, within sixty days after service hereof, wheresoever the said Court shall then be, to answer a bill of complaint exhibited against you in the said Court by the United States of America, and to do further and receive what the said Court shall have considered in that behalf. And this you are not to omit under the penalty on you of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars.

Witness, Honorable Learned Hand, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, at the City of New York, on the 17th day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-second.

(Seal.) ALEX GILCHRIST, JR., Clerk.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, United States Attorney, Solicitor for United States of America.

The defendant is required to enter appearance in the above cause in the Clerk's office of this Court, within sixty days after service hereof, or the bill will be taken pro confesso against you.
ALEX GILCHRIST, Jr., Clerk.

To Sam Wexler, the defendant above named:

The foregoing writ of subpoena is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Julius M. Mayer, Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated October 15, 1917, and on that day filed, with the writ of subpoena, and bill in equity herein, in the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court, Southern District of New York, at the United States Courts and Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

Dated New York, October 22, 1917.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address, U. S. Courts & P. O. Bldg., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

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2 Rooms and Bath,
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LARGE ROOMS & BATH,
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Renting Office at Jackson Heights. Opposite 25th St. Subway Station.
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NOW OPEN—THE NEW
Parkside Hotel
31 West 71st Street
New York's
Finest Residential Section
Just off Central Park West. Near all transit lines. Building absolutely fireproof, with every modern feature. Appointments and service of the highest character.
1, 2, 3, and 4 Rooms, With Baths and Showers
Very attractive suites, furnished or unfurnished. Unexcelled light and air. Unobstructed view.
$40 up a month per room, unfurnished.
$45 up a month per room, furnished.
Exceptional Doctor's Apartment
2 rooms & bath—First Floor.
Superior Restaurant.
Tel. Col. 9780. Wm. R. Fletcher, Mgr.

166 West 72nd St.
An Apartment of FOUR ROOMS,
all outside, consisting of large living room, 24x15.6; bedroom, 18.6x13.6; also dining room; tiled kitchen, with ice refrigeration, and particularly fine bathroom, with alcove shower and needle bath; if two bedrooms are required, the living room can be utilized as a combination dining and living room; this apartment is sumptuously furnished, and will be leased at $225 per month.
Maid service will be supplied if desired.
APPLY TO MANAGER ON PREMISES.
Telephone 7640—Columbus.

THE WOOLSEY
141 East 44th Street
East of Lexington Avenue.
2 Rooms, Bath Kitchenette
Furnished, $77.50 to $82.50.
Satisfactory reference indispensable.
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

REAL ESTATE.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Sacrifice factory property two-story brick and frame, 50x100, and shed, 50x80, on plot 100x100, near E. D. Terminal convenient to all shipping points; terms to suit; also other building sites for sale cheap. Apply Paul S. Garvey, 197 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For sale or rent.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOU are looking for a small country home, with 2 full acres of fine farm land, located not far from railroad town and beautiful lake, complete for $1,325, on easy terms, call or write at once to B. STORE, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

We specialize in Bergen and Rockland County real estate titles, our guaranteed mortgages are a "safety first investment." Write for Booklet A. North Jersey Title Insurance Co., Hackensack, N. J.

Your rent buys 6 rooms, bath, all improved dwelling, half hour Erie. For particulars, W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Real Estate for Exchange.

$15,000 equity west side flat; rents $4,100; will exchange for farm, Huntington section, Long Island. G 233 Times Downtown.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted—A property directly on the shore in the vicinity of Rye or Greenwich, which can be bought now for about $150,000, including the dwelling; no brokers. Address Box 30, Metropolitan Club, New York City.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Twenty-acre poultry farm with every improvement and latest equipment; cost over $20,000; will sacrifice for $16,000, complete, with stock and entire contents; finest location in Bergen County. P. O. Box 304, Oradell, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TO LEASE.—Garage, 235 West 69th St., accommodating 17 to 20 cars; hot water supply, steam heat, and gasoline tank in building.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE.—Large and small uptown and downtown; most prominent buildings. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 115 Broadway. Phone 5664 Rector.

NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICES.—Every facility, $16.50 and $40.50 monthly; no lease required; also desk room, $10.50 monthly. Duane, 309 Broadway, Room 807.

For rent, two fireproof lofts, building 50x100, choice location, Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, N. Y. City.

At 404 4th Av., (9th floor,) corner 28th St., private office, desk room, or mail privileges; excellent service.

Loft, 77x44 deep, elevator, 630 1st Av.; rent $75 per month. Telephone 3015 Morningside.

LIGHT, large office to sublet, $25. Room 1816, 21 Park Row.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, brokers' store, 25x50; $65. Mr. Ashley, Rector 9040.

Exceptional opportunity to rent part office. 21 Park Row, Room 1809.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted to buy or lease, a fully equipped woodworking plant by maker of wooden toys; state location; give list of equipment and all particulars in first letter. J 73 Times.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

For rent, fully furnished, private house in the best section near Central Park West, 73d St., 10 rooms, 3 baths; unusual opportunity; best reference required. CARSTEIN & LINNIKEN, 221 4th Av.

81ST ST., 5 EAST.—Attractively furnished 5-story American basement; elevator and squash court. Phone 6958 Plaza.

Long Island.

FURNISHED HOUSE to rent, Douglaston, L. I., January 1st to October 1st; $150 per month; screened porch, hot water heat, electric lights; eight rooms, two baths; sleeping porch; garage; ten minutes from station, 23 to 33 minutes from Penn Station; attractive location. Telephone Bayside 3079.

32 WEST 71ST STREET.
Modern 3-story dwelling, 10 rooms and 3 baths, electricity, hardwood floors, white enamel woodwork; handsomely furnished; rent $2,000 for season. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

Garden City Estates.—Beautiful eleven-room house, completely furnished, including linen and silver; steam heat, two baths, seven bedrooms; garage; $200 monthly; no lease required. 29 Euston Road, Garden City Estates. Phone Plaza 7420.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Manhattan.

76th St., 120 East.—3-story, high-stoop dwelling; 9 rooms; dining room on main floor; rent $1,500.
FIRM L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty St.

Brooklyn.

2D ST., 536.—$100; house 12 rooms, park slope, parlor and basement, $50; second floor $35, third floor $25, 227 Union St.; $20, 6 rooms and bath, Hasbrouck Heights; 46 Terrace Ave., two family, $20, improvements.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Queens.

$1,100 for cozy house and garden plot, good location, ½ block from trolley; $100 down and $10 monthly. Write for further particulars. Fox, Box 270 Times Downtown.

New York State.

For Sale, Katonah and Vicinity.—3½ acres, fine dwelling, all improvements, garage, bargain; other places, 20 to 40 acres, and village property. Lewis H. Miller, Real Estate, Katonah N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; beautiful atmosphere. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 4 EAST.—Lady going to Europe must sell contents of beautiful apartment, including new style day-bed, to quick buyer; cheap; rental of apartment unfurnished $45 a month. Front, 4244 Madison Square.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Magnificently furnished two rooms, bath; every convenience. Murray Hill 9281. Merritt.

44TH ST., 9 EAST.—Ideal housekeeping apartment, 4 rooms and bath; $250 a month. Tel. 41 Murray Hill.

57TH, 24 EAST.—Bachelor apartment; two well furnished large rooms and bath.

90TH, 62 EAST.—One, two beautiful bedrooms, enormous; splendidly furnished parlor, suitable studio; kitchen optional; bath, electricity; elevator; 5th Av. section; $20 weekly.

94TH, 138 EAST.—Corner apartment, 6 rooms; sunny corner, daintily furnished; elevator, telephone; $100.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED.
Choice localities; long, short leases.
4 to 12 rooms, East, West Side.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1459.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

Attractive APARTMENTS, furnished. Murray Hill 4383. THE FALCO, 505 5th Av.

BELOW 59TH.—7 rooms, 3 baths, very handsomely furnished. Appointment, Columbus 3974.

DISTINCTIVE, artistic housekeeping apartment, complete, $150-$85 a month; references. Gramercy 723.

HANDSOME furnished apartment on East 49th Street, 9th floor; southern exposure, three rooms and bath, large kitchen, maid's room in building; can be seen by appointment. Plaza 6424.

MADISON AV., 715.—Artistic, attractive apartment, 3 rooms and bath, luxuriously furnished. Inquire of janitor.

TO SUBLET—Small furnished apartment; very attractive. THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

UNION SQUARE, 36.—Studio apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; gentleman; $60. Stuy. 2416.

VERY EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENT in exclusive neighborhood; large living room, morning room; kitchenette, and bedroom. Telephone Plaza 2200.

Furnished—West Side.

35TH, 42 WEST. (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths, single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets, refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

40TH, 24 WEST.—Handsomely furnished studio apartments, electricity, phone, $50-$60 monthly.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH ST., 112 WEST.—Completely furnished, high-class bachelor apartments, 2-3 rooms, $80; service. Payson McL. Merrill, 9 East 44th.

51ST ST.—Near 5th Ave., 2 beautiful rooms, bath; kitchenette, electricity; references. Circle 2883.

57TH, 221 WEST.—Seven sunny outside rooms; all Colonial furniture. Columbus 1377.

58TH, 103 WEST.—Sublet, at sacrifice, my modern five-room apartment; would divide.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $55 to $90, completely furnished; satisfactory references necessary; open evenings.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—One-room kitchenette apartment; southern exposure; private house; references.

79TH ST.—Five rooms, bath; southern exposure; to June or October; rent $135. Phone 2082 Schuyler.

80TH, 225 WEST (Broadway).—Six rooms, two baths; corner; completely furnished; piano. Vollum.

80TH, 106 WEST.—Nicely equipped one, two rooms, kitchenette; modern, maid service; references.

90TH, (West of Broadway,)—High-class elevator apartment, southern exposure, $115. Particulars, call 759 West End Av., corner 97th.

90'S, (WEST END.)—Six rooms, two baths; exquisitely furnished; appointment. Columbus 3974.

94TH ST., 250 WEST, (corner.)—Seven outside rooms, western exposure, splendid outlook, handsome furnishings; $250 apartment for $175.

97TH, (West End Av.)—High-class two rooms bath, and kitchen. River. 5846.

112TH, 535 WEST, Hotel Royal, (near Broadway.)—3-room suite and single rooms, with private baths; references required.

116TH SUBWAY.—5 rooms, new, 2 bedrooms, handsomely furnished; details. Columbus 3974.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; $90. Apartment 2C.

122D, 521 WEST.—Three or four-room apartment, furnished. Apt. 23.

APARTMENT, handsomely furnished; long, short subleases a specialty; choice localities. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT Hunting Unnecessary; consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist. 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments.
$35, $45, $55 $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease or unfurnished; near Subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 612. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $65-$75 monthly; 3 rooms, 2 baths, and kitchenette, $85 monthly; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park, and Drive; references absolutely essential.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished floor, private residence, West nineties, near park; two rooms, two baths, electricity; gentlemen. Phone Riverside 5413.

BETTER CLASS apartments, east, west; large, small; $75 up; carefully selected. Robert A. Martin, Times Building. 3233 Bryant.

BROADWAY, (138th St.)—6 rooms, complete; telephone, player piano; call evenings, 1 to 8. Phone Audubon 3762.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

CHOICE APARTMENTS of one and two rooms, with bath, and three rooms, with two baths; everything new and right up to the minute; elegantly decorated and furnished; fine outlook; very moderate rentals. HOTEL ALEXANDRIA—just opened—250 West 103d St., between Broadway and West End Av. Subway express station at corner.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. VAN WINKLE, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS A SPECIALTY.
Town-Country Renting Agency.
200 West 72d St. Columbus 5563.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to rent, very reasonable; season or longer. Apply SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th St.)—Completely furnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths; 3 rooms facing drive; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, (84th St.)—10 and 11 light, well-furnished rooms. Call or address W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

SEE apartment house information, Page 23 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

WEST END AV., (near 99th.)—Couple will rent beautiful, exclusive front parlor suite, 3 large, light rooms, high-class elevator apartment, $25 weekly; references exchanged; private phone, 7110 Riverside.

Unfurnished—East Side.

4TH AV., (Corner 25th St.)—Studio, 18x24, north light, to rent, $40. Phone Madison Square 3381.

94TH ST., 138 East.—Corner apartment; six rooms and bath; elevator, telephone; $65.

MADISON AV., 780, (Near 66th St.)—2 rooms and bath, nonhousekeeping; maid, catering and elevator service; $750 to $1,400. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 414 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 5600.

PARK AV., 446, (just off 57th.)—Small apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; can be leased for one year or longer at $1,000 per year. Apply premises or Plaza 6143.

TO SUBLET, 2 rooms, baths, kitchenette, unfurnished, $900 per annum; furnished, $1,200. Apply Supt., 1,000 Park Av.

Unfurnished—West Side.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 3105.

37TH ST., 52 WEST.—2 rooms and bath; steam heat, electricity, and all improvements; $52.50 to $60. MARSTON & CO., 549 5th Av. Tel. 540 Murray Hill.

70TH ST., 239 WEST.—Unfurnished parlor and basement floors, extension, bath; permanent tenant, quiet tastes, desired.

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Exceptional eight-room apartment, with three baths, in fireproof elevator house; $2,200. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 56 West 45th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 2028.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive 2-room suite; all improvements; maid service; high class.

82D ST., 41 WEST.—Sublet 6-room and 2 baths; new fireproof building; southern exposure. Apply on premises.

90TH, 49 WEST.—Two or three rooms with kitchenette and bath.

93RD ST. AND CENTRAL PARK WEST,
"THE TURIN."
EIGHT-ROOM CORNER APARTMENT.
LEWIS B. PRESTON, INC., 165 Broadway.

110TH, 225 WEST—DAWSON ARMS.
High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms; facing Central Park; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

111TH, 518 WEST—TRINITY COURT.
High-class elevator apartment, 7 rooms; parquet flooring throughout; rent moderate. Inquire Superintendent.

BROADWAY, S. E. COR. 160TH ST.
Six, eight large, light rooms, high-class, elevator, electricity; complete service; low rentals. Superintendent on premises.

SEE apartment house information, Page 23 in "The Red Book," classified telephone directory, or telephone Cortlandt 12084 for free help in locating the apartment you are seeking.

THE BROCKHOLST,
101 WEST 85TH ST.
High-class elevator apartments, eight rooms, 1 and 2 baths, $900 to $1,500. Superintendent, on premises.

Brooklyn.

East 15th St., at Newkirk Av. express $35 station, Brighton L; single apartments; to 5 cent fare to New York and Coney Island; 6 and 7 rooms; steam heat, hot $40 water; private safes. Mrs. DAVIS, 622 E. 15th St. Phone Kenmore 149L.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT, large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Mother and son want two or three rooms, bath, kitchenette; not over $45 month; highest references. S 181 Times.

HIGH-CLASS elevator apartment; bank and city references given. Write 759 West End Av.

Short term, southern exposure, 6 rooms; references exchanged. Write G. Price, 27 Cedar St.

FURNISHED apartments wanted; send details. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Want 3-4 room well furnished apartment, 72d-120th; $125. G 50 Times.

Unfurnished.

Unfurnished, between Washington Square and 120th St., one or two rooms, kitchenette and bath; $35. J 178 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

10TH, 3 EAST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; all improvements; convenient; gentlemen; references; private residence.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service, $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front room, with running water, $15 weekly; with bath, $19 weekly; women only; beautiful atmosphere.

30TH, 119 EAST.—Newly furnished room; modern conveniences; gentleman.

31ST, 114 EAST; 30TH, 39 EAST.—Newly furnished, private bath, electricity apartments.

34TH, 120 EAST.—Attractive room in elevator apartment; business woman preferred. Apt. 9.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large light room, running water, electricity; phone; reference.

56TH ST., 83 EAST.—Beautiful large room for gentlemen only; respectable French family.

93RD, 31 EAST—Vacant Dec. 1, large, sunny front room, private house; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 220, (38th St.)—Attractive room with bath or running water; musical studios rented by day or hour.

West Side.

9TH, 30 WEST.—Large, small rooms; 2 connecting rooms; newly furnished; decorated.

16TH ST., 51 WEST.—Rooms; suite with bath. Tea room. Chelsea 2284.

37TH ST., 27, 28, 40, and 56 WEST.
Handsomely furnished suites, single and double rooms, private baths, telephone.
$3, $4, $6, $10, $12, $15.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large, small rooms, overlooking park; bachelors; references; high-class house.

48TH, 32 W.—Large and hall room adjoining, in attractive, quiet home; gentlemen.

56TH, 333 WEST.—Exceptionally beautiful rooms, all conveniences; elevator. Bingham.

56TH, 352 WEST.—Two elegant rooms; all improvements; subway, "L." Apt. 6.

57TH, 256 WEST.—Warm, attractive, medium front room; electricity, elevator, phone; references. Stan.

57TH ST., 349 WEST.—Large and small rooms, also parlor, unfurnished.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Exceptionally handsome large room; all conveniences; private telephone; refined home.

70TH, 219 WEST.—Front double room; electric lights and telephone service; adjoining bath; can be arranged for studio if required; $10. Phone Columbus 2721.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting, $6-$7; suites; gentlemen, business couple.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms; all improvements; must see to appreciate; references.

71ST, 10 WEST.—Beautiful room in owner's residence for gentleman; heat, hot water, electricity, telephone.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; electricity and steam heat.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Southern exposure; 2d floor; adjoining bath; private house.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable two, three bachelors; private bath; select residence.

302 WEST 72D ST.
Attractive front room; electricity; private family.

73D, 118 WEST.—Large and single rooms; running water; southern exposure; "L" subway.

73D, 273 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room; private bath; telephone; southern exposure.

73D, 139 WEST.—Attractive rooms, newly furnished; southern exposure; running water, electricity.

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The New York Times

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Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	.30c
Help Wanted	.30c
Lost and Found	.50c
Mortgage Loans	.50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	.40c
Situations Wanted	.25c

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

112 WEST 73D ST.
Desirable rooms; near subway, elevated; references.

72D, 322 WEST.—Large double front room, from now until Jan. 1.

74TH ST., 161 WEST.—BACHELOR ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, ELECTRICITY, STEAM HEAT; BREAKFAST; REFERENCES.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms; exclusive house; heat; southern exposure; electricity; subway; references.

75TH, (322 West End Av.)—Large, comfortably furnished connecting rooms; modern convenience; reasonable.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Warm, sunny room, running water; adjoining bath; select residence; $8.

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, electricity; $10-$12.

75TH, 126 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; electricity; newly furnished. 8263 Columbus.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, with dressing rooms; also small rooms; reasonable.

75TH ST., West End Av.—Northeast corner, suite with bath; large sunny rooms with or without baths; reasonable.

76TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive large room; hot and cold running water; exclusive house.

76TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms, all conveniences.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, private baths; twin beds; also single rooms.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large room, with bath; piano, electricity; all conveniences.

76TH, 242 WEST.—One or two rooms, private bath, kitchenette; maid; telephone service.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Single front room, third floor; also large room.

77TH, 109 WEST.—Front parlor for rent; suitable for business; $25 per month.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Attractive single room; southern exposure; gentlemen; references.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms, with or without bath; electricity; phone; references.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large front parlor, twin beds, private bath, lavatory, steam, electricity.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Large, warm, sunny rooms, first and second floor.

78TH, 108 WEST.—New and ready for guests Dec. 1; references.

78TH, 109 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Single rooms; home comforts; references required; private residence. 6584 Schuyler.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Warm, sunny rooms, private baths, electricity, telephone, $4, $8, $12.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptional room; private, modern home; facing Park; steam heat, electricity; $12; breakfast; subway, "L." Schuyler 7352.

82D, 116 WEST.—Beautiful furnished room, connecting bath; modern conveniences; table board.

82D, 33 WEST.—Two beautiful newly furnished, decorated bedrooms; bath; references.

82D, 259 WEST.—Attractive room, or suite, with every comfort; private apartment. White.

84TH, 332 WEST.—Attractive room; electricity and phone.

85TH, 30 WEST.—Parlor, suite, suitable physician; electricity, well heated; other rooms.

85TH, 208 WEST.—Large, bright, furnished rooms, single or en suite. Hume.

87TH, 340 WEST.—Newly renovated residence, exceptional second floor, private bath; large single, good-sized back room; southern exposure; also 203 West 78th St.

88TH, 307 WEST.—Elegant suite with bath; also double rooms; breaking up home; references.

88TH, 71 WEST.—Attractive sunny room; running water; electricity; French family; no other roomers. Case.

95TH, 336 WEST.—Comfortable room, private family; $6; gentleman. Apartment 2.

96TH, 318 WEST, (Apt. 41.)—Small private family, single room, bath adjoining.

97TH, (753 West End Av.)—High-class, large front room, three windows, southern exposure; also small room, $5. River 5843.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Attractive, well furnished single room, bath, telephone; gentlemen; $3.50.

97TH, (745 West End Av.)—High-class two rooms, bath, and kitchen. River, 5816.

101ST, 349 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Sunny front suite, or three connecting; every convenience, very desirable; business people; breakfast; home, not a furnished room. Apt. 3.

105TH, 170 WEST.—Private house, front room, lavatory; electricity; "L" subway. Academy 2667.

108TH, 256 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Front room, bath, phone; $4.50; gentleman. Rogers.

114TH, 500 WEST, (Facing Columbia Campus.)—Furnished room, private adult family. Graham.

117TH AND AMSTERDAM AV., La Porte Hotel, Opposite Columbia University Campus; 8 minutes from 42d St.; large and small rooms, suites, private baths; transients, $1 daily up; restaurant on premises.

119TH, 420 WEST.—South room; near Columbia; elevator; large closet; moderate. Bosworth.

123D ST., 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Single, double rooms; elevator apartment; $3, $4.50 week. Rose.

123D, 439 WEST.—Attractive, two-room suite; kitchen; electricity; conveniences. Apt. 16.

140TH, 477 WEST.—Large room; electric light, elevator, telephone; Southern family; references. Apt. 71.

143D, 527 WEST.—Elegant room, modern apartment; sitting room if desired. Phone Mendoza.

143D, 501 WEST.—2 front rooms, adjoining bath, southern exposure. Apt. 27.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (112th.)—Desirable, well-furnished room; high-class apartment. Apartment 8.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Newly furnished rooms, en suite, cozy and attractive; all conveniences. Fryer.

CLAREMONT AV., 195.—Desirable front parlor, connecting bedroom; elevator; private family. Apartment 26.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 90, (Apt. 5 J.)—Attractive room or suite; exclusive home.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 850, (157th St. subway station.)—Light and warm rooms for gentlemen or couple; small private house; reasonable. Phone 8675 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 450.—Attractive front room in high-class apartment on Riverside Drive, near 116th, for refined single gentlemen. Ironside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 76.—Beautifully furnished rooms; single or en suite; between 79th and 80th.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (80th.)—Magnificent suite with private bath; maid service; private residence.

WEST END AV., 758 (Cor. 97th.)—Desirable, large, comfortably furnished; kitchen privileges; suitable for couple; also small room. Butters.

WEST END AV., 826.—Superior rooms with, without bath; breakfast; exclusive residence; gentlemen; references.

WEST END AV., 611.—Large, well-furnished front room; dressing room; electric light; references; breakfast optional.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Refined business gentleman (German) desires neatly furnished back room, with running water, on top floor of modern and quiet private house; breakfast desirable; permanent; references exchanged. S 184 Times.

Greenwich Village neighborhood. Gentleman wants large, sunny room, first floor or elevator; well heated, electricity and running water; reasonable price. G 49 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

56TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

60TH ST., EAST.—Exceptional opportunity to enjoy the comforts of a private and refined home; near Park Av. Plaza 6631.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly up.

West Side.

5TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity, switchboard; refined service.

10TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms; excellent board; all improvements.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large room, private bath; steam; unexcelled board; telephone.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Large rooms with private baths; also single room; references.

16 WEST 55TH ST.
Rooms with bath; table board; references.

57TH, 351 WEST.—First-class large, small; excellent table; electricity; telephone.

58TH, 46 WEST.—Large, small, single rooms; private bath; excellent home table; references.

58TH ST., 41, 43, 45 WEST—Elevator.
MADISON ARMS.

68TH, 86 WEST.—Beautiful furnished room, southern exposure; private bath, electricity; Southern cooking; suit particular people desiring refined home.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 266 WEST.—Fine location; attractive, warm rooms; excellent Southern cooking; references.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; with board; table guests accommodated.

72ND, 122 WEST.—Well heated, double, sin. rooms, private bath; fine table.

75TH, 234 WEST.—The Hurlburt; large, sunny room, private bath; steam heat.

76TH, (344 West End Ave)—Select accommodation, steam, electricity, modern furnished double rooms; private bath; best home table, table guests.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny room, bath adjoining; steam; excellent cuisine; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

80TH, 123 WEST, (The Georgian.)—Rooms and meals of high standard; references.

81ST, 131 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; private baths; excellent cuisine; phone.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 128-130 WEST.—very desirable, large room, private bath, with board.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Private family can accommodate one-two business gentlemen; beautiful parlor, bedroom adjoining, handsomely furnished in mahogany and leather; excellent cuisine. Schuyler 8831.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Attractive, double, front rooms; splendid location; excellent table; homelike.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, newly furnished, bath adjoining; unexcelled Jewish table; reasonable table guests accommodated. Riverside 9793.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large rooms, with private bath, on parlor floor; suitable for 3 or 4 people; excellent cooking; refined Jewish family; congenial surroundings; also other single and double rooms, with adjoining bath; table boarders accommodated. Phone 6926 Riverside.

91ST, 66 WEST.—Desirable rooms, excellent home cooking; table guests; reasonable rates.

102D, 305 WEST, (Between West End-Riverside.)—One, two rooms, private bath, second floor; southern exposure; owner's home; references.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-B'way.)—Luxurious private residence offers large suite; 2 rooms, bath; really exceptional table; every convenience; beautifully furnished; moderate terms.

MRS. KUSSERA, Rockaway Park, opened beautiful residence, 253 West 102d St.; rooms, with board; table guests; cuisine excellent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, (North Corner 104th St., Palatial Mansion.)—Attractive room in private Jewish family; 6 windows facing Riverside Drive; bath, telephone; elevator service, table highest standard. Mrs. Ida Marks.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms. Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables.
Abundance Sunlight. Good Air. Quietness.
Social Parlors. Smoking Rooms. Comforts.
Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Large, sunny rooms; excellent table; house thoroughly appointed; references.

16 WEST 49TH ST.
Rooms with board, table board; references.

BOARD WANTED.

RESPONSIBLE Jewish business man wants table board; high-class boarding house; vicinity 72d, west; give details. S 124 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York State.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICKS, 1917-1916, Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 touring, Little Six, $775. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET. Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1916, $550 cash; good running order. George O. Linberg, 101 Beekman St., City.

BUICK little six runabout; first real cash offer takes it. 1,930 Broadway.

A CADILLAC SPECIAL.
1917 COUPE, 8-cyl., 4-pass.; inside drive.
1917 TOURING, Model 55, 8-cyl., 7-pass.; overhauled and repainted a beautiful maroon.
1916 TOURING, Model 53, 8-cyl., 7-pass.; overhauled and repainted.
1915 RUNABOUT, beautiful mechanical condition.
Telephone Mulberry 3240.

Cadillac 1917 Convertible Sedan; 3,900 miles.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC Phaeton 1917; like new, run 4,500 miles; $1,800. Palacios, Vanderbilt 2460; 12 East 46th St.

CADILLAC, 1917 limousine, excellent condition; sacrifice; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC landaulet 1917, excellent condition; lady leaving city; no dealers. Columbus 7161.

CADILLAC 1916 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

CADILLAC LIMOUSINE. PERFECT CONDITION; $550. 305 WEST 59TH.

CADILLAC, eight-cylinder touring; like new; $750. 1,930 Broadway.

CHALMERS, 1916, 6-cylinder cabriolet; electric lights; guaranteed; bargain. Garage, 307 West 44th St. Bryant 5149.

CHANDLER TOWN CAR; SPECIAL BODY; PRACTICALLY NEW; WIRE WHEELS; SACRIFICE. PHONE 2624 SCHUYLER. NO DEALERS.

CHANDLER, with Winter and Summer top; bargain. 305 West 59th St.

COLE 1917 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

COLE, semi-roadster; perfect condition; must have cash. 1,930 Broadway.

FIAT "30" Fleetwood Touring; latest importation. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

FIAT LIMOUSINE, overhauled and repainted; $900. 305 West 59th St.

FORD CARS. GREAT BARGAINS.
PLEASURE and COMMERCIAL.
FORD DEALERS, 559 West 23d St.

FORD sedan, 1917; make offer. Nicholas, 26 Beaver St. Phone 3106 Broad.

FRANKLIN 1916 Touring; repainted; exceptional bargain, $1,000. Gage, 1,834 Broadway. Columbus 6812.

FRANKLIN 1917 Touring; recently overhauled, $1,450; (enlistment compels sale.) Gage, 1,834 Broadway.

FRANKLIN 1916 Sedan; excellent condition, recently overhauled, repainted; $1,600. Gage, 1,834 Broadway.

HUDSON coupe, 1917, 3-passenger; guaranteed in perfect condition; ideal car for physician; has run about 6,000 miles; no dealers; private parties only. For price, demonstration, L. Durant, 50 East 42d; Murray Hill 1589.

HUDSON 1917, brown limousine town car; wire wheels. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

HUDSON, latest model, Super Six Limousine; condition like new. Phone Columbus 8963.

HUDSON Raceabout, 1917; very classy car; make offer. Alexander Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

LANCIA LIMOUSINE, 1916.
35 H. P.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AVE. PLAZA 4837.

LANCIA Raceabout; late model; very snappy; $650. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

LOCOMOBILE limousine, original cost $5,700; $1,000 to quick buyer; all new tires. 305 West 59th St.

MARMON landaulet, 1917, cost $4,600; has run in town about 4,000 miles; new steering knuckles have been adjusted; has been entirely overhauled and put in perfect order. Inquire Miss Mabel Choate, 8 East 63d St. Telephone Plaza 5259.

MARMON 1917 landaulet, overhauled and newly painted dark blue. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1916 five-passenger sedan. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MERCER Raceabout 1914, self-starter; want offer; overhauled. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 COUPE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917, five-passenger touring; leaving city. 1,930 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

OVERLANDS, WILLYS KNIGHTS.
OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED CARS.
SOLD BY THE MANUFACTURER.
ALL MODELS, CLOSED AND OPEN.
Priced exceptionally low for quick sales.
Also some good bargains in other makes.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS OVERLAND, INC.
Broadway and 50th St. Open evenings.
Write for Used Car Bulletin.

OWEN magnetic 1917 brougham-landaulet; like new. H. H., 80 Times.

PACKARD, 1915 limousine, extra touring body; Cadillac 1916 limousine. Phone Main 1391.

PACKARD 1915 "3-38" limousine, newly painted; excellent condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD 1916 Twin-Six limousine, fine condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 B'way.

PEERLESS 8-cylinder foredoor touring Sedan, 1917 model, like new; this is an investment at the price asked. Geo. J. Donahue, Hotel Majestic, 72d St. & Central Park West.

PIERCE ARROW.
TO SETTLE ESTATE.
Pierce Arrow "48" Limousine, in beautiful condition, upholstery and equipment without mark or mar; price $3,500; used 8 months; cost $6,500.
Limousine body, new last year; was used only four months; cost $2,000; will sell for $600; will fit any standard chassis, such as Simplex, Peerless, Hudson, etc.
Mercer raceabout, 1914, Series 35J; will guarantee 75 miles per hour; this car is in wonderful condition; price $1,400.
Chalmers Master "6" runabout, with extra seat in the rear deck; very fast, powerful, easy riding car; price $700.
Will demonstrate any of the above cars.
FREEHOLD MOTOR CO.,
Freehold, N. J.

PIERCE ARROW "38" limousine; electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW, "38," landaulet; very fine condition; bargain. Telephone Hansen, 348 Rector.

PIERCE ARROW limousine; also landaulet and touring; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

RENAULT 1918 LIMOUSINE.
30 H. P.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AVE. PLAZA 4837.

RENAULT, 20-30, limousine car in beautiful condition; will sell for $500; can be seen at O'Donohoe's, 224 West 57th.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916.
Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

ROLLS ROYCE touring; also cantilever spring landaulet; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe, month old; 500 mileage; paid $1,485; sold highest bidder. Phone Rector 672.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, four-passenger roadster, $750. Brenner, 1,776 Broadway. 351 Columbus.

SCRIPPS 1917 Coupe; like new; bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1915; make offer. 1,930 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1917; large type; sell reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

SIMPLEX, 38, shaft drive, seven-passenger; Holbrook touring body; must sell this fine car at once. 1,930 Broadway.

S. G. V. Brougham; show car; 3,000 miles; many extras. Alexander Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

STEARNS Knight Cabriolet; 4-cylinder; the ideal car for lady or physician; just overhauled; painted blue, with white stripe; six white wire wheels, with tires, (four Pare tires and two Silvertown cords), bumpers front and rear; renovated gray whipcord lining; every desirable extra, including heater; sold with BINDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE. Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St.; telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Has been used so little, can't be told from new; full electric equipment; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

STEARNS limousine landaulet, new, 7-passenger, 8-cylinder; reasonable. 225 West 66th.

STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1915 H. C. S. SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1916 Bulldog Special; very fine. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

WHITE LIMOUSINE, 1917.
MILEAGE 5,000.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AVENUE. PLAZA 4837.

WILLYS KNIGHT roadster, 1918; like new; repainted; new slip covers, all equipment; will consider another car in part payment. Lowa, 205 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

WILLYS-KNIGHT brougham; will sacrifice this elegant car for $700. 1,930 Broadway.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Brougham Sedan.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOWN CAR.
HUDSON LIMOUSINE.
LOCOMOBILE 6-38 LIMOUSINE.
1917 CHALMERS SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 BUICK TOURING.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-38.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "6" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

"RIGHT PRICES."
1917 CADILLAC "8" Seven-Passenger.
1916 HUPMOBILE Runabout.
1916 LEXINGTON Seven-Passenger Touring.
1916 CHANDLER Touring, Model 17.
1916 CADILLAC Touring; very extra.
1916 OVERLAND 83B Touring.
1916 REO Seven-Passenger.
1916 REO Three-Passenger Roadster.
1916 HUPMOBILE Touring; exceptional.
1916 NATIONAL Seven-Passenger.
1915 MERCER Six-Passenger.
1915 CADILLAC Brougham Town Car.
1914 PACKARD 3-48 Seven Passenger.
Open evenings and Sundays till 1 P. M.
All cars open to mechanical inspection and demonstration at any time.
THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
Appraisers to the Trade,
1,077 Atlantic Av., Cor. Franklin Av.,
BROOKLYN.

AUCTION SALE OF AUTOMOBILES TODAY at 12 o'clock noon, Van Tassell & Kearney's Mart, 126-128 East 13th St.; several first-class cars, different makes and models, to be sold to the highest bidders; if you are looking to buy a good car reasonably, attend this sale; IF YOU HAVE A CAR TO SELL, THESE AUCTION SALES, HELD EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, ARE THE BEST MEDIUM FOR QUICK AND SATISFACTORY RETURNS. AUTOMOBILES TAKEN ON DEAD STORAGE AT REASONABLE RATES.

BEAUTIFUL MERCEDES TOURING CAR, 45 H. P.
Victoria top, front and rear windshield; newly repainted; perfect mechanical condition; new shoes; car cost $8,500; owner will sacrifice for $900 account war. Phone Columbus 8026 for demonstration.

"WHITE" USED CARS,
Also other well-known makes
touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., M. R. Greene, Mgr.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars. Limousine bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

BODY FOR LIMOUSINE.—Will fit a Stearns or any standard chassis. ELITE, 136 West 52d St. Circle 6118.

SEDAN, 1918 model; run 3,000 miles; guaranteed same as new car; $995. Lexington Used Car Department, Circle 1872.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Automobiles for Rent.

Attractive rental service. — Pierce-Arrow Packards. Special rates monthly. Polite liveried chauffeurs. Egidi, 123 W. 52d. Circle 774.

CADILLAC limousine, very stylish, hourly; monthly preferred; very reasonable. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

OLDSMOBILE brougham town car, latest model, Winter season; owner drives; beautiful outfit. Mitchell, West 67th Garage. Columbus 867.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 1448-5246.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS. — Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD 1915, Oldsmobile 1916.—Beautiful landaulet and limousine by hour, day, week, or month; reasonable. Tel. Lenox 2572.

PACKARD.—For rent, beautiful six-cylinder Packard landaulet; very reasonable. R. Karas, 225 W. 66th St. Tel. 2044 Columbus.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD.—Beautiful 1916 limousine, $300 month; chauffeur in livery. Stanford, 112 West 91st.

REYNOLD limousine, by the hour, monthly preferred; exceptionally low rate. Columbus 8606. Reynold's Service Co.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Motor Trucks.

FORD solid-tired truck chassis; extra long 150-inch wheelbase; 1½-ton capacity; just the thing for an extra long body; year to pay, $2 a day; investigate. Ninth floor, 250 West 54th St.

PACKARD 2-ton trucks, with 12-foot express bodies, for sale; good condition and terms to responsible buyers. Interborough Transfer Company, 406 West 45th St. Bryant 8930.

One-ton trucks built to order in lots of six or more at factory prices. America's best-known units and expert workmanship; broadest possible guarantee. Address C. M., 73 Times.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

DEAD STORAGE for automobiles and bodies; rates reasonable. Ansonia Storage Warehouse, 137 West 99th St.

DEAD STORAGE.—AUTOMOBILES. $10-$12 WEST 143D ST. AUDUBON 3575.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced, now employed large import and export house, wishes to make change; A1 reference. G 241 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Expert, controlling accounts, trial balances, stenographer; ten years' experience; $22; recommended. Singer, 249 S. First St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ten years' trial balances, controlling accounts; executive ability; $25. R 257 Times Downtown.

CLERK AND TYPIST.—Young woman, Christian; high school graduate, neat, willing, desirious whole or part time position; 1 year's experience. Box J., 124 Times.

COOK wishes position, highest references. Stobble, phone 1220 Audubon.

DESIGNER, HIGH-GRADE SILK UNDERWEAR, DESIRES CONNECTION; BEST EXPERIENCE. R 273 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRESSMAKER, (colored,) thoroughly experienced, wants work; $2.60 per day. Phone Morningside 3743.

DRESSMAKER.—Gowns, evening coats; remodelling specialty; $2.50 daily. Phone Hensley, 3345 Morningside.

FILE CLERK.—Experienced file clerk wishes position; thoroughly familiar with all systems; best references. Address K 244 Times Downtown.

GIRL TYPIST, with knowledge of bookkeeping; can use Underwood and Remington typewriters; salary $12. R 266 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORK, &c. — A domestic science graduate, while awaiting a Government appointment in food service, would be glad of an opportunity to assist in housework, particularly cooking, as an exchange for room and board and laundry; business women preferred. Y 247 Times Annex.

HOUSEWORK.—Thoroughly experienced colored girl wants housework; no laundry. Phone Morningside 3743.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; executive ability; accurate knowledge bookkeeping; high school education. Franklin 3862.

STENOGRAPHER. — First class; 6 years' practical experience; reliable; competent office assistant; excellent references; $15. R 260 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; neat; understands office details, switchboard; references; $12. H. G., 142 W. 117th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; conscientious, reliable; references; $15. R 261 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Thoroughly experienced; exceptional executive ability; $19. Shirley, 226 West 121st.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Educated; 6 years' experience; competent; executive ability; $20. A 297 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, willing, seeks position reliable firm; $15. Evelyn Brown, Plaza 4928.

TEACHER, college graduate; public school methods, all branches; coaching. Expert, Times Harlem.

Employment Agencies.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916.

Colored help, city, country; references, Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT AUDITOR and office manager, (29,) exempt, lately manager of accounting department, supervising over seven subsidiary companies' accounting work; 30 employes and 10,000 accounts personally handled; general ledger financial statements, &c.; knowledge systematizing organization foreign exchange; good correspondent; well versed on ledger card systems; machine bookkeeping; ten years' practical experience; salary, $2,500. P 351 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT — Trial balances, audits, $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed; tax reports free. Friedlander, 19 Cedar. John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT desires position, four days weekly; expert auditor; experienced, capable. S 163 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, (33,) competent, with knowledge Spanish. G 43 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books audited, trial balance, monthly audits $5 up. A 287 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Position wanted, any kind, middle-aged, active man; neat appearance; competent bookkeeper, general clerk; would go where I fit best. Reliable, 314 West 23d St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ledger, sales, payroll; American; age 25; salary, $25; competent. S 178 Times.

BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT.
Position wanted by man capable of superintending large buildings; several years' experience making repairs, buying supplies, handling employes; capable of taking position of maintenance superintendent for estate; licensed engineer; thorough knowledge of elevators and other machinery used in high-class buildings; American citizen; best of references. A 290 Times Downtown.

BUYER, (40,) experienced in steam, mine, well, plumbing supplies, practical experience in plumbing, knowledge of bookkeeping, credits, good correspondent, open for high grade position; best references. O. C., 307 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; young man, married, abstainer, wishes steady position; 9 years' experience; careful driver; references. J. Raphael, care of Mendelson, 2059 Davidson Ave., Bronx, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR.—Employer going South would like to place his chauffeur with private family; careful. H. Cordero, Rhinelander 3363; after 4 P. M., Plaza 7000.

CHAUFFEUR, 28, wishes position with private family; four years with last employer; expert on Packard, Pierce-Arrow, and Cadillac cars. Stanford, 112 West 91st.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 37, 16 years' experience, expert driver, mechanic; excellent references. Mau, 56 West 93d. Riverside 1830J.

CHAUFFEUR, seven years last position, married, American, exceptional references. 64 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, wishes position; private, commercial; best references. William Reynolds, Columbus 5123.

CHAUFFEUR, butler, Japanese, long experience both; sober; references. Kime, 330 East 57th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, married, (33,) desires position; 3 years last place; all year; country only. L. Krause, 268 West 12th St.

CHAUFFEUR, private, 20, experience; good mechanic, driver; good references. Charles Ebert, 430 East 85th St., City.

CHAUFFEUR; 12 years' experience American and foreign cars; excellent references. C. F. Peine, 1,105 Park Av. Lenox 5330.

CHAUFFEUR.—Reliable; any make car; 12 years' experience; best references. S 151 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, valet, butler; personal references; city experience. Moore, 1,672 3d Av.

CREDIT CLERK seeks position with reliable firm; 3 years' experience. S 156 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, junior, 20, experienced; technical education. E. C., Times Harlem.

ENGINEER, mechanical and electrical, with broad experience, open for position; best reference. C. F. Boldman, 150 North Mum Av., East Orange, N. J.

MAN AND WIFE, take charge apartment house, club, or private house; first-class caterers' cooking, and best references; just disengaged. L. G., 293 East 60th.

MAN, 37, qualified to take charge office or represent out-of-town firm or salesman; executive ability; bookkeeper, correspondent, systematizer. S 140 Times.

SALESMAN, Christian, (25,) 7 years' selling education; clean cut, well educated, desires connection with responsible concern. Charles G. Gilson, 2,114 Caton Av., B'klyn.

SALESMAN, 5 years' experience in dry goods, calling on domestic and linen buyers, desires connection established concern. G 33 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced young man, going to San Francisco, desires to get good staple line for adjacent territory; will establish selling office and finance himself; only reliable concerns considered; results. S 174 Times.

SECRETARY.—Young man, married, exceptional secretarial experience, excellent correspondent, stenographer, grammarian, local references; executive ability, initiative. S 173 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST — Experienced young man desires morning or afternoon work. S 118 Times.

STOCK RUNNER, 17, working at present, desires position. R 255 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, recently returned from France, college education, executive and selling ability, desires connection; interview solicited. G 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced, capable correspondent, thorough office man, adaptable, energetic, seeks opening with progressive firm. R 256 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) excellent penman, desires position where conscientious work will be rewarded with advancement; $12. R 272 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, capable, experienced, knowledge typewriting, seeks responsible position. R 274 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, experienced typist, wishes position with financial house. R 67 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

A BROOKLYN MANUFACTURER HAVING 1,500 EMPLOYES ON U. S. GOVERNMENT WORK, REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL YOUNG WOMEN AS TRACERS ON DRAFTING ROOM; STATE EDUCATION, PREVIOUS BUSINESS EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS B. S., 210 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ADDRESSERS by large publishing house; must be experienced; $8 per week and bonus. Apply to Miss Carlock, The Butterick Publishing Co., 326 Hudson St., New York City.

ADDRESSER (young lady) wanted in office of publishing company, to address envelopes and wrappers and make herself generally useful. Salary, $7. Address, "Willing," P. O. Box 654, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, capable of taking full charge of office; must be good correspondent and possess executive ability; good opportunity for right party; state salary and references. K B 178 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced. Call Diamond Cravette Co., 681 Broadway, Friday.

CASHIER for first-class restaurant near Camp Dix, N. J.; applicant must be woman with best references; desirable room and board supplied; reply stating salary. E. B., 122 Times.

EIGHT GIRLS, including singers, dancers, banjo players, for vaudeville act. G 19 Times.

FILE CLERKS, experienced; apply 9 A. M. American Red Cross, 151 Montague St., Brooklyn.

GIRLS
14 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE TO LEARN PARCEL WRAPPING; SALARY $5.50 A WEEK; CONGENIAL SURROUNDINGS; NO SATURDAY NIGHT WORK.
BARNETT BROS., COLUMBUS AV., 74TH.

GIRL, 16 YEARS OR OVER, AS ASSISTANT IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS CONCERN. K 216 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GIRL, experienced, for complaint work with rapidly growing publication; apply at once, The New Republic, 421 West 21st.

GIRLS, familiar with printing, wanted in finishing department of American Bank Note Co., at their Bronx plant.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN.

GOOD POSITION FOR YOUNG WOMEN WITH MECHANICAL DRAWING EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS, STATING AGE AND SALARY DESIRED, TO A. H. C., 463 WEST ST., CITY.

NUMBER of young women to work in bindery; experience not necessary. Call S. P., 421 Hudson St.

OFFICE GIRL.—$5 start; excellent opportunity for advancement. F. & W. Grand, office, 8 East 14th St.

OPERATORS.—On silk underwear; plain machines. Empire Silk Garment Co., 83 Canal St.

SALESLADIES.—Extra, for Saturday; $2 day. Call today. Weisbecker, 270 W. 125th.

SALESWOMEN.—Educated, refined women, with some sales experience, wanted to represent the Encyclopaedia Britannica Co. in New York City and surrounding towns; must be at least 25 years of age; thorough training given; leads furnished; commission basis. 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESWOMAN Wanted.—Unusual opportunity for aggressive woman to fill man's position calling on women's apparel manufacturers; must be hustler; salary and commission. J 190 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced female stenographer, thoroughly experienced, required by a prominent real estate concern specializing in the management and leasing of business properties; applicant must be familiar with the preparation of leases, contracts, and understand the general routine of a busy office; good opportunity to the right party. In replying state age, religion, details of experience, and salary required. X. Y. Z., Box 21 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady about 25 years old, as secretary to President of a large Newark corporation; must be rapid stenographer and neat and accurate typist; replies must state age, experience, salary desired, religion, and nationality. Address Secretary, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in purchasing department of a large corporation; salary to start, $12 per week; when replying please state experience. K 255 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, accurate, experienced on Smith Premier typewriter; engineering experience required; call Friday, Room 803, 140 Nassau Street.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; one with hardware experience preferred; salary dependent upon applicant's ability. K 260 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND BILLING CLERK.
YOUNG LADY; EXPERIENCED OLIVER MACHINE. L. & E. LEVY, 17 EAST 22D.

TEACHERS.—An exceptional opportunity for normal school or college trained women in high-class traveling position; must be 25 to 40 years of age, good personality, and able to demonstrate the fundamental principles of pedagogy; salary and commission; $1,500 to $2,500 per year. M. C. McReynolds, 347 5th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 4835, afternoons, 2 to 5.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS — PERMANENT POSITION, OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY DIEHL'S AGENCY, 20 VESEY STREET.

TOUCH TYPIST for entry clerk in large organization; hours, 5 P. M. to 12:30; $12 a week to start. Y 224 Times Annex.

TYPISTS WANTED, NUMBER FOR SPECIAL WORK; GOOD PAY, PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS, SHORT HOURS. APPLY VOGUE, 4TH FLOOR, 19 WEST 44TH ST.

TYPISTS.—Rapid and efficient can earn good money; rapid advancement dependent on ability. Room 908, 37 East 28th St.

WOMEN—We desire the services of four classes of women: 1, self-supporting; 2, main family support; 3, part earner of living expenses; 4, willing to help improve materially family conditions; ages 25 to 40; fair education, personality, talking ability; limited hours, 10 to 4; yearly earning capacity $1,000 to $2,500; state address, experience; appointment for interview will be granted by mail. P 388 Times Downtown granted by mail; commission basis. P 388 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY with business training and experience for record work; state education, experience, and salary expected. K 246 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, thoroughly conversant with and able to take shorthand notes in French; a knowledge of English stenography also desirable; good and steady position for right party. Apply, giving full particulars as to previous experience and salary desired, Y 248 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,

CALL BETWEEN 9 & 1, ROOM 725.

BOOKKEEPER.—Girl of refinement and personality to take charge of double entry books, exceptional opportunity; uptown position; $18 per week.
COMPTOMETER OPERATOR. — Position in South Brooklyn; $18 per week.
BILL CLERK.—Underwood machine; $15 per week.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, A1, (Jersey,) $1,300-$1,500; dictaphone operator, $20. Miss Griffin, TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 154 Nassau. Beekman 2563.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, typists, bookkeepers; good openings for educated, refined Americans. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St. Cortlandt 4249.

STENOGRAPHERS.—High class; excellent positions; law, export, commercial; typists. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

STENOGRAPHERS, $12-$20; bookkeepers, $10-$20; typists; clerks; others. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS, (4;) young; $20. Alliance, 29 Liberty St.

Instruction.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION.
Secretarial, shorthand, typewriter, bookkeeping, &c. This kind of instruction means you can save time and money. Don't waste time in large classes and inferior methods. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and preeminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRIVATE SECRETARY COURSE,
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES.
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.—Three months' course; students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. Wheat.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT AND BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, with accounting experience, to work as assistant in auditing department; advertising or publishing experience preferred, but not essential; state age, experience, and salary expected. Y 254 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANTS. — Juniors with accounting education for permanent staff of C. P. A.; excellent opportunities for men possessing proper qualifications; reply fully. R 281 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified senior, also semi-seniors; permanent positions, excellent opportunities for advancement; give education, experience, and salary expected. J 189 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted by an importing house, a competent man as bookkeeper; must be over 31 years of age; married man preferred; state salary desired and previous experience. Address R 269 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER capable of taking charge of entire set of books and to act as assistant to auditor; state age, experience, and salary desired. P 332 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man of good habits; quick advancement in position and salary for right man. J 195 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—First-class man in a wholesale and retail fur establishment, on leading avenue; must be fully capable; experienced in line; reply, stating age, experience and salary desired. S 179 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced, quick and accurate. Address, stating age, references and salary desired. S 182 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, temporarily for about one month. Apply, stating salary, to Box K 261 Times Downtown.

BOYS.
Must be 16, for mail and messenger service; $7 to start; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th.

BOYS—BOYS.
Office boys, over 16; bright, intelligent.
SWIFT & CO.,
32 10TH AV.

BOY, AMBITIOUS, IN OFFICE OF WHITE GOODS HOUSE; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE, EDUCATION. S. H. KAHN & CO., 225 5TH AV.

BOY, 15, 16 years of age, in the office of a large manufacturing and importing house, offering excellent chance for advancement. Apply to T. L. W., P. O. Box 780, New York City.

BOY.—Position with corporation offering excellent chance for advancement for boy with intelligence and ambition; initial salary, $7 a week. Y 222 Times Annex.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE AND EDUCATION. K 217 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY in law office; must be at least 16 years of age and reside with parents. Address in applicant's own handwriting, stating experience, if any, K 257 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Wanted in marine insurance office; state age, salary, and references. A 304 Times Downtown.

BUYER, seller, and correspondent wanted by chemical works in their office; must have many years' experience in technical chemicals; give particulars, including salary and commission expected. John C. Wiarda & Co., 273 Green St., Brooklyn. Residence, 875 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

CARPENTERS wanted; first-class mechanics only; also carpenters' helpers and laborers. Apply The Austin Co., J. Gildersleeve, Supt., Atlas Powder Works, Landing, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married man who would like to come to the mountains to escape severe Winters in the North; cannot consider tubercular person; must be good mechanic and want permanent position. Write "G," P. O. Box 1080, Asheville, N. C.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese; must be experienced mechanic; salary, $20 a week. Address J 197 Times.

CLERK, for manufacturing plant; one who has an understanding of scheduling and factory department clerks' duties; state age, religion, experience, and salary expected. P. O. Box 2, New Brunswick, N. J.

CLERK.—Young man with experience on office payrolls, statistical work; state in detail experience, executive capacity, age, and education. Y 241 Times Annex.

DESIGNERS. — SEVERAL FIRST - CLASS MACHINE DESIGNERS ACCUSTOMED TO GETTING UP DESIGNS FOR AUTOMATIC MACHINERY. APPLY TO MR. SULLIVAN, STANDARD AIRCRAFT CORP., ELIZABETH, N. J.; TAKE SOUTH BROAD CAR TO BRUNSWICK AV.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to productions of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. A. S. S., 136 Times.

DRAFTSMEN WANTED.—Designers, detailers, and tracers, experienced in mechanical or electrical work. Give experience, age, and salary expected; permanent positions. Y 256 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN.—Young man familiar with building plans and specifications, preferably one having experience on hollow metal doors and trim; must be accurate, capable of adapting himself to conditions, a hard worker, and willing to start on moderate salary; to one who can qualify an exceptional future is offered; state experience in detail, age, nationality, and salary expected. J 193 Times.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

ELEVATOR BOY for club; $40 and meals; only steady man need apply. Write, giving particulars as to age, nationality, and previous position. S 148 Times.

FILE CLERKS.—A large American fire insurance company is looking for several clean cut, energetic young men as file clerks; applications not considered unless age, nationality, education, and references are given; salary $420 per year; excellent opportunity for advancement. A 291 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN for night shift of a 3-inch shell department; must have had successful experience in shell production or similar work and capable of handling men efficiently; in replying describe experience fully and give references. Y 233 Times Annex.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, industrious and competent, for bulb blowing and stem making; right men can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $50 a week. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS.

High-class men on small electrical and mechanical apparatus; must be accustomed to using blue prints and micrometer; steady position and advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. TAKE notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by any one other than myself. Any claims against me must be mailed promptly to George R. Cowell, Hotel Bellaclaire, New York.
Dated New York, Nov. 30, 1917.

FRANK.—Telephone me at once. Virginia seriously sick. WILL.

HELP WANTED—Male.

JOURNEYMAN ELECTRICIANS WANTED.
The Electrical Contractors Corporation.
Waterbury, Conn.

MAN wanted, having experience in chemical business, to take charge of outting up department. Address, stating experience and salary expected, P. W. R. Co., 145 Front St.

OFFICE BOY, bright, intelligent, in large publishing house; excellent chance for advancement; $7 per week. Call Buhre, 229 West 43d St., 3d floor.

ORDER CLERK for plumbing and heating supply house; must be alert and intelligent; one residing in Brooklyn or Queens County preferred. Reply, stating age, experience, and salary required. K 252 Times Downtown.

PAYROLL AUDITORS.
Large casualty insurance company wants competent payroll auditors; good opportunity; state qualifications, married or single, age, and salary wanted. Address P 341 Times Downtown.

RECEIVING CLERK.

ONE WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE WITH CONCERN MANUFACTURING ELECTRICAL APPARATUS.
15 minutes from Grand Central Station.
Take Queensboro Subway, get off at 11th St.

METROPOLITAN ELECTRIC MFG. CO.,
14TH ST. AND EAST AVE.,
L. I. CITY.

SALES MANAGER wanted and crew organiser to handle sales and distribution throughout New York of Henderson's 1917 War Tax Guide, an essential book for business and professional men. Only experienced men of executive ability, capable of selecting good agents; a man who can finance himself, need apply. Commission basis only. See E. H. Henderson, Herald Square Hotel, at 10 Friday morning.

SALESMEN.—Automobile distributer wants real salesmen; automobile experience not necessary, but genuine salesmanship ability absolutely essential; men experienced in selling vacuum cleaners, typewriters, pianos, &c., especially desirable; must have record for sobriety, initiative, tenacity; real producers who want to get into the automobile line are afforded an unusual opportunity; salary basis; will train you in our special school free of charge. J 177 Times.

SALESMAN Wanted by old, established wholesale, liquor firm; a liquor salesman to sell the best vermouths, cordials, and other liquors to New York hotels, clubs, and restaurants; no applicant considered unless he can show that he is acquainted with, and has sold this class of trade; drawing account given to right party who can produce results; state full particulars. Y 240 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—This is the day when an article sells on its merits; there is a constant demand for our product; we need forceful, energetic men of character and education for Pennsylvania, New York, and New England States; thorough training given; leads and transportation furnished; drawing account against commission. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESMAN.—The leading trade publications in the automobile industry have a vacancy in their circulation department for a high-grade salesman to call on dealers, garages, &c., in New York City; good salary and liberal commission to right party; state qualifications fully, giving phone number. Y 252 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Opportunity for men willing to sell motor trucks, on commission only; men acquainted with building, chemical, coal, contracting, hardware, machinery, paper, steel, trucking, and heavy haulage trades will be given preference and favorable proposition; state age, qualifications, references. G 20 Times.

SALESMEN.—We have a business proposition for business men; if you are a high-grade salesman we can use you; only men of integrity, good education, and at least 25 years of age wanted; work throughout Eastern States on commission basis; transportation furnished. D. E., 52 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED.—SILK SALESMEN FOR OUT OF TOWN AND NEW YORK, FOR CUTTING-UP TRADE; COMMISSION BASIS. BAKER SILK COMPANY, 44 EAST 25TH STREET.

SALESMAN.—Smart, aggressive, wanted in New York, for established office machine; excellent opportunity for man of education and ability; salary and commission; full particulars required in letter of application. A 303 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—We have an opening on our selling force for two high-grade salesmen on commission; preferably those having stock, insurance, and real estate selling experience; an opportunity for live men. Phone Rector 7750 for appointment.

SALESMEN wanted to handle high-grade electrical apparatus in which there is a good working profit; only men sure of their ability and willing to work on commission basis need apply. Anderson Electrical Corporation, 145 West 36th St.

SALESMAN WANTED.—A high-class salesman who has a clientele to whom he can sell a high-grade dividend-paying unlisted oil stock; salary and commission. Apply Cadokia Oil Syndicate, Room 417, U. S. Rubber Building.

SALESMEN.—We have an opening for three energetic men accustomed to earning big money; something absolutely new. Call 9 to 10:30 and after 2; commission. Room 707, 507 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—High-grade man wanted to cover the East with excellent line of medium priced men's fur-lined coats; commission, with drawing account; good opportunity for right man. J 183 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced, to handle a line of men's leather belts on commission. Address K 245 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Fine appearance, good education; must be worker; no visitors. 217 Broadway, Room 412.

SHIPPING CLERK WITH EXPERIENCE IN SHIRT FACTORY; GOOD POSITION FOR RIGHT MAN. BOB & BASKIND, 40 LEONARD.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; young man with some knowledge of bookkeeping; good opportunity for right man. J 196 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper's assistant, some experience in printing office preferred; must be reliable and neat; $12 to start. Accurate System and Manifolding Co., 22 Beeckman St.

STOCK CLERK.—Sturdy young man in stock room, large organization; state age, experience, and salary expected. Y 242 Times Annex.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE, with export experience preferred, wanted in South American department of export and import house to do detail work and learn business; salary moderate at the start, but good chances of advancement. K 253 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR for New York club; $55 and meals; must have best references; only steady man need apply. Write, stating age and previous positions. S 149 Times.

TOUCH TYPIST for entry clerk in large organization; hours, 5 P. M. to 12:30; $12 a week to start. Y 223 Times Annex.

TOOLMAKERS.—All AROUND; NONE BUT THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED NEED APPLY. A. R. MOSLER & CO., EAST 242D ST. AND SO. RAILROAD AV. TELEPHONE WOODLAWN 1000.

TRAVELING AUDITOR with a large industrial corporation; essential that applicants have experience with large machine shop operations and factory cost accounting, as well as usual experience respecting auditing of local office paymasters' and cashiers' accounts; state full experience, reference, and salary expected. Y 235 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wanted for clerical work in a chemical laboratory; must be a high school graduate, with aptitude for figures; previous experience in the same line is unnecessary, but some office experience is desirable; salary to start $15 a week. Address Metallic, A 286 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Bright, 18 to 20 years of age, for clerical work; must be quick and accurate at figures, also good penman; excellent chance for advancement; salary to start, $40 per month. Apply in own handwriting. K 256 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, (14 to 17.)—Light work; surroundings and opportunities exceptional; permanent; short hours, enabling evening schooling. P 254 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

C. P. HASSON, J. J. McLAUGHLIN.

WE CAN PLACE IMMEDIATELY SEVERAL STENOGRAPHIC SECRETARIES AT SALARIES FROM $1,500-$1,800 PER ANNUM, AND A BUILDING CONSTRUCTION ESTIMATOR, $1,800 PER ANNUM.

ALSO MANY GOOD CLERICAL POSITION OPENINGS FROM $10-$20 WEEKLY.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 95 Liberty St.—Expert paint chemist supt., $2,500-$3,000, and assistants; expert stock man, costs, &c., $125; R. R. rate clerk, $125; lawyer clerk; cost accts., France, $1,800. Register free.

FINE IMMEDIATE OPPORTUNITIES.—Accountants, bookkeepers, clerks, stenographers, miscellaneous, others. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—There is a pronounced disturbance off the extreme North Pacific Coast, and rains have fallen over the northern districts west of the Rocky Mountains. Unsettled weather also continued in the Ohio Valley, the south upper lake region, the Middle and South Atlantic and East Gulf States and Tennessee, with quite general though mostly light rains over this area. Elsewhere the weather was fair.

Temperature changes were irregular and unimportant except in the extreme northwest, where it is colder.

Scattered rains will occur Friday in the upper lake and west lower lake region, the upper Ohio Valley, the south portion of the Middle Atlantic District, and North Carolina, followed by generally fair weather Saturday. Elsewhere east of the Mississippi River the weather will be fair Friday and Saturday.

Temperature changes will be unimportant. Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate east and southeast, fair. Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate east and southeast; rain Friday; Saturday, probably fair. South Atlantic Coast, moderate south, except east off the North Carolina Coast, generally fair.

FORECASTS TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Fair Friday and Saturday.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy in north, rain in south portion Friday. Saturday, fair.

Western New York—Cloudy and unsettled Friday in west, fair in east portion. Saturday, fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M. taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	43	33	4 P. M.	58	40
6 A. M.	47	31	6 P. M.	55	39
9 A. M.	49	35	9 P. M.	54	39
12 M.	50	41	11 P. M.	58	39

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 38; for the corresponding date last year it was 54; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 39. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 33, at 8 P. M. it was 39. Maximum temperature 46 degrees at 2:30 P. M.; minimum, 31 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 71 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 67 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.25 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.26 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..6:58 | Sun sets..4:30 | Moon rises..6:15

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:25	8:55	2:18	2:57
Governors Island	8:55	9:27	2:43	3:26
Hell Gate	10:51	11:31	4:59	5:36

Official Shipping List.

Arrival of vessels from foreign countries at Atlantic Coast and Gulf ports in the 24 hours ended Nov. 27:

STEAMSHIPS.

Amina, (Gr.)	Penmorvah, (Br.)
Espagne, (Fr.)	Rollo, (Dan.)
Exeter City, (Br.)	Romney, (Br.)
Eurybates, (Am.)	Ryvarden, (Nor.)
Francisco, (Br.)	Thetis, (Br.)
Gulf of Mexico, (Am.)	Tyr, (Nor.)
La Drome, (Fr.)	Wien, (Dan.)
Maraval, (Br.)	William G. Warden, (Am.)
Munrio, (Am.)	
Peloma, (Cuban.)	

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
12:10	824 Dawson St.; not given	Slight
12:50	162 East End Av.; Antone Janke	Slight
1:02	105-111 E. 107 St.; New Star Casino	Slight
1:55	200 W. 49 St.; C. Durkin	Slight
7:05	444 6 Av.; Cohen & Zelbor	Slight
9:00	292 West B'way; Rose Gianiri	Slight
3:35	2,116 8 Av.; Patrick Murphy	Slight
4:25	913 Forest Av.; Charles Carroll	Slight
5:30	Foot E. 94 St.; East River Lumber Co.	Slight
9:35	421 E. 10 St.; N. Y. Rys Co.	Slight
9:40	133 Chrystie St.; Greenpoint Metallic Bedstead Co.	Slight
10:15	514 3 Av.; not given	Slight

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

PRIVATE SECRETARY course.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

SALESMEN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them; hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1803-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

BIG DEMAND—RADIO OPERATORS.
Splendid profession; individual instruction; best radio course in city; write or call today for booklet. Radio School, 157 East 86th Street.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course. Students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. WHEAT.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

HIGH-CLASS young men; excellent positions; bookkeepers, stenographers; immediate. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

By the San Francisco representative of the Gleason-Tiebout Glass Co., lighting glassware manufacturers, a number of non-conflicting collateral lines; long experience in the trade. Address E. S. Berdine, 667 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal.

Good opportunity offered few quick, conservative investors in metal manufacturing concern enlarging plant to accommodate increasing business; steady, non-seasonable work, profitable, secure; liberal bonus to insure unusual income. Y 244 Times Annex.

FULLY EQUIPPED PLANT FOR MANUFACTURING DRESSES OR WAISTS; BIG BARGAIN. CALL 214 EAST 23D ST., 8TH FLOOR.

National mail-order list, 11,000 women's names, for sale; high grade; $20. C., Box 36, Station F, New York.

Business Notices.

DEAFNESS.—Those wishing to know about the Anderfone, which improves hearing marvelously, may obtain information by writing or calling Anderson Electric Corporation, 145 West 36th St., 1E, New York.

FOR SALE.

WE MAKE AND SELL ONLY NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS AND CREDIT FILES.
LOWEST PRICES. SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS. NO INTEREST CHARGES. WRITTEN GUARANTEE. OLD REGISTERS REPAIRED, REBUILT, BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXCHANGED.
THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CO., N. Y. OFFICE, 1,170 BROADWAY, N. Y. C. TEL. MAD. SQ. 6410. BROOKLYN OFFICE, 75 COURT ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y. TEL. MAIN 2517. JERSEY CITY OFFICE, 24 NEWARK AV., JERSEY CITY, N. J. TEL. MONTGOMERY 2811.

FURS—Mink coats $125 and up; Caracul coats with skunk collar and cuffs, $55; excellent bargains in scarfs, muffs and sets from $15 up; genuine skunk sets, $27.50; men's fur-lined coats, $25 up; automobile robes and animal rugs; can furnish anything you need in the fur line and order taken and attended to promptly; remodeling and repairing; money refunded if not satisfactory. A. Mursten, 23 East 8th St., corner University Place. Stuyvesant 3071.

Furniture—Office furniture for sale. Stock broker going out of business would dispose of stenographer's desk, typewriter, tilting chair, roll top desk, costumers, umbrella stand, table, and safe; all mahogany, almost new; no dealer. K 262 Times Downtown.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near B'way.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 489 Broadway.

A gentleman's genuine Hudson seal lined overcoat, $30; never worn; also lady's Hudson seal coat; chauffeur's fur coat, $15; fur automobile robe, $15; never used. 862 West End Av.

For Sale—Large copper still, one thousand gallon capacity. Vartray Water Company, 176 Terrace, Buffalo, N. Y.

3-by-5 index card files for sale very cheap. Louis Frank, 319 Broome St. Telephone Orchard 319-G.

Entire cloak and suit plant for sale. 12 West 32d St., 3d floor.

Purchase and Exchange.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, for cash; estates purchased. DELANEY, 179 Broadway.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
3 months, $5; non-visibles.
3 months, $7.50; visibles.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St.

TELLS WHY FUSION SPENT $1,209,695

Committee, Chairman Childs Says, Faced Prepared Misrepresentation.

MANY ANGLES OF ATTACK

Primary Left Mayor with No Party Standing, and 2,000 Districts to be Organized.

William Hamlin Childs, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Fusion Committee of 1917, issued a statement last night explanatory of the campaign expenses incurred by the Fusion forces in the last campaign, expenses which totaled $1,209,695, according to the statement filed with the Secretary of State in Albany. The statement, which was given out at the Fusion headquarters, 244 Madison Avenue, follows:

"My attention has been called to statements appearing in the newspapers of today with reference to the Fusion campaign funds.

"A preliminary survey of political conditions made for the Fusion Committee early in June showed that several organized movements had been at work for months to misrepresent to the people of New York City the splendid work done for them by the Mitchel administration. Among these were the anti-Gary groups, the pacifists, the Socialists, and the pro-German groups. The attacks upon the administration by these different groups were from so many different angles that it was evident at once that nothing but an intensive and expensive campaign of enlightenment and education could possibly change the situation. In consequence such a campaign was resolutely undertaken. This was a work of education. Many hundreds of thousands of pamphlets were prepared setting forth the various city activities, and a great many advertisements which finally appeared in about 100 daily and weekly papers. Organizations were started of every nationality, and speakers and meetings were arranged for. During the last three weeks of the campaign twenty-five indoor meetings and seventy-five outdoor meetings were held every night, with a corps of about 300 speakers. Halls, music, and automobiles were a large expense.

"After the primary day results, which were caused by no fault of the committee, as in its appeals to the Republican voters it followed the majority opinion of the best political advisers of the Republican Party, the committee was faced with an unparalleled situation. The leader of its ticket was only an inuependent nominee without any political organization.

"A demand was made upon the committee for a complete political organization, covering with clubhouses, meetings, workers, etc., more than 2,000 election districts, all to be done within a few weeks. A determined beginning was at once made, and later, with the help of the Republican organization in certain counties, and without it in others, such an organization was created, all of this great expense falling upon the committee. Never before has the burden of publicity and organization fallen upon one group. The expenses were watched with the utmost care and innumerable plans presented were turned down. The offices were under the constant supervision of a certified public accountant and were on a strictly business basis. All expenses were incurred on a departmental budget system with an able man at the head of each department.

"The main expenses incurred were the following: Publicity, including advertisements, billboard posters, pamphlets, the publication of the Fusion Flashlight, and the large expense of distribution; indoor and outdoor meetings in vast numbers in every borough, and automobile meetings every night in October; nominating petitions; workers for primary day, for six registration days, and for Election Day; the enormous problem of creating an independent organization for Mitchel throughout the city; the soldier vote, including sending a man to Europe, and men to all of the encampments, and maintaining headquarters at these camps; the maintenance of two large general headquarters with a large staff in Manhattan and headquarters and staffs in the other boroughs. Furthermore, in the aggregate a large sum was contributed to the campaign committees of the nominees for the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

"With reference to all of these expenditures, a full and complete statement, audited and certified, has been filed with the Secretary of State. Every dollar contributed and every dollar spent is certified to and reported.

"I take this occasion to thank all who contributed and all who assisted in the management of the campaign.

"The businesslike administration of New York City has been greatly advanced by Mayor Mitchel. It is to be hoped and expected that the standards of efficiency he has set will be continued. Citizens of New York will be eager to support good government and to resent bad government. Following the lead of Mayor Mitchel, we wish the new administration every success and will loyally support it so far as its administration is effective and for the best public interest."

HERE WITH SOLDIER VOTE.

Election Official Returns from France Carrying 3,500 Ballots.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Nov. 29.—Congressman Frederick R. Lehlbach of the Tenth New Jersey District, who was waited upon by a delegation of Montclair members of the National Woman's Party, who asked him to vote for the Federal suffrage amendment at the next session of Congress, and to protest against the treatment of the pickets at Washington, said that he thought since suffrage was inevitable, the sooner the whole question was cleared up the better it would be for the country. The Congressman said that he would vote for the amendment at the next session of Congress if, in his judgment, it would not interfere with war legislation.

The Montclair delegation that waited on Congressman Lehlbach urged the Federal amendment as a war measure, pointing out "that since we are waging a war for democracy it would strengthen our position morally to make our own Government more truly democratic," and that the energies of the women now spent in trying to get the vote would be released and could be devoted to direct construction work in the many lines along which the co-operation of women was being sought.

MOTOR OWNERS VOLUNTEER

Minnesota Men Give Government Officers the Use of Their Cars.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The organization of a special body known as the Minnesota Motor Reserve, composed of automobile owners who give the use of their machines to visiting officers of the army and representatives of the Government, is announced in a letter received by Secretary Baker from the Minneapolis Automobile Trade Association.

The letter says that in various Minnesota towns and cities motor reserve branches have been enrolled, the automobile owners signing the following pledge:

"We, the undersigned, wishing to 'do our bits' toward assisting both our State and Federal Governments during this present war and believing that we can materially assist through the use of our several automobiles, with their drivers, for the purpose of transporting the representatives of the various departments of such Governments who may be in our locality and require the services of such cars and drivers in the transaction of the business of their departments, do hereby indicate our desire to provide the services of our several automobiles, with drivers, at such times as the same may be required of us by such representatives in the discharge of their duties in this vicinity. This with the understanding that the requests for such services shall be made through the following-named automobile dealers, who shall be, unless otherwise arranged, deemed to be in charge of our squad, and who shall so distribute the requests for services among the undersigned as to provide each with equal opportunity to serve."

Attached to the letter to the Secretary of War are muster rolls signed by hundreds of Minnesota automobile owners located in various cities and towns, each owner stating the make of his car and its capacity.

Secretary Baker, in reply to Secretary R. B. Simning of the association, has expressed his appreciation of the offer "of the very helpful and co-operative scheme." Mr. Simning says that the association expects to organize squads in fully 300 towns, and that volunteers' machines shall be placed at the disposal of any Government representative to transport him locally and within a reasonable radius when such representative reaches a Minnesota community having a motor service reserve.

MME. SEMBRICH HURT.

Opera Soprano Breaks Three Bones of Her Shoulder in a Fall.

Mme. Marcella Sembrich, the famous opera soprano, met with a serious accident early yesterday, when she slipped on a rug over a polished floor in her new apartment at 21 East Eighty-second Street and suffered the fracture of three bones of the left shoulder and upper arm. Her companion, Frieda Mielke, who alone has lived with Mme. Sembrich since the death of Professor Stengel-Sembrich, last May, found her soon after the accident and called the singer's physician, Dr. John C. Vaughan.

Before the extent of the injury could be determined, it was necessary to take Mme. Sembrich in an automobile to an X-ray specialist, as no hospital within two miles had its Roentgen department open on the holiday. A radiograph was taken, and the broken bones were set. It was said last night the singer would suffer no permanent effects, though it would probably be two months before the fractures knitted completely.

Canada's Victory Loan.

TORONTO, Nov. 29.—Victory loan workers all over the Dominion are preparing for the final drive during the next two days, and the passing of the $300,000,000 mark is confidently expected. With many of the Provinces still to send in reports covering the last two days, the subscriptions in Canada number 371,161 and represent a total amount of $271,227,300, it was announced tonight.

AIM TO TIE WHITMAN TO 'THE MONEY BAGS'

Democrats Hope to Duplicate Recent City Campaign in the State.

McADOO MAY BE CANDIDATE

Campaign Will Probably Open in Legislature Over Question of Municipal Ownership.

With the Mayoralty contest barely ended, Democratic leaders in this city are already beginning to look forward to and consider plans for the Governorship campaign next Fall. The up-State Democrats, disheartened by recent reverses, according to reports, have been greatly encouraged by the Democratic victory won in the municipal campaign in this city, and are regarding the future with more equanimity.

Already there is talk of a Democratic get-together conference in some up-State city for solidifying the party and discussing ways and means for the upbuilding of the weakened Democratic organizations in up-State localities. While no actual plans for such a conference have yet been made, many demands from Democratic leaders up-State for such a general roundup and exchange of views have reached the party leaders in this city. It is not regarded as at all unlikely that such a conference, if held, might result in a reorganization of the Democratic State Committee.

The Democratic State campaign will probably be begun soon after Jan. 1, with the preliminary fighting in the halls of the Legislature. By putting the program of municipal ownership, to which the incoming New York City Administration is committed, before the Republican Legislature and the Republican Governor, and inviting defeat at their hands, the Democratic leaders expect to lay the basis for an appeal to the more radical elements in the State, very much along the same lines as that which was made by Mayor-elect John F. Hylan and his associates on the Tammany ticket in the recent municipal contest in this city.

"We will tie Governor Whitman up with the money bags just as we did Mayor Mitchel," was the way in which a Democrat put it in discussing the Democratic program for the Gubernatorial campaign.

Talk of Slogan for Campaign.

In the circumstances it is likely that the retort of Supreme Court Justice James C. Cropsey of Kings to Governor Whitman when he met him after the latter had come out for Mayor Mitchel prior to the Republican primaries: "So you have surrendered to the Moneybund, too," may be adopted as a slogan in the Republican primaries by the faction that is expected to enter an opposition candidate and give the Governor a fight for the nomination, and later by the Democrats in their general campaign, should Governor Whitman, as is generally expected, win the primary contest.

The Democrats have a distinct advantage in knowing whom they will be called on to fight in the Gubernatorial contest. Governor Whitman has already announced his candidacy for a third term. Among the Democrats there is little talk of candidates so far. It is known, however, that friends of Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo for several weeks have been actively at work up-State with a view to making him the Democratic candidate for Governor, and that they have made some headway. Democratic leaders in this city, however, express doubt as to the acceptability of Secretary McAdoo as a candidate in a year when radicalism is to be made the keynote of the fight for Governor.

On behalf of Secretary McAdoo it has been urged that he would be in a position to attract more support than the Democrats ordinarily receive among the farmers up-State. As Chairman of the Farm Loan Board, which investigated the needs of the farmers in every State of the country, prior to the creation of the Federal Land Bank, Secretary McAdoo became familiar with the needs of the farmer as well as his general viewpoint with relation to Governmental questions, and in addition made himself popular with them.

Strong Bid for Farmers' Votes.

The Democrats in this State next year expect to take the fullest advantage of any hostility to Governor Whitman that may have been engendered through his attempt to make George W. Perkins head of the State Food Control Commission, and according to reports from up-State the feeling of hostility among the farmers has been only partly allayed. They expect to make a strong bid for the farmers' vote as well as for the support of the Non-Partisan Farmers' League, a branch of which was organized in this State this week. In this city the Democrats will make their appeal to the voters on the municipal ownership issue, urging the election of a Governor and a Legislature friendly to the public ownership policy to which the Hylan administration stands pledged.

The friends of Supreme Court Justice James C. Cropsey predict that he will figure prominently in the Republican fight against giving Governor Whitman a third term, though it is not known whether he will be willing to relinquish his place on the bench to become the leader of the fight. It seems certain that this fight will centre in Brooklyn, as far as this city is concerned. The opponents of Governor Whitman in Kings, however, expect support from up-State Republicans who are opposed to the Governor, unless the Governor should win them over. The Governor will have a good deal of patronage to bestow in the next few months, and if this should be dispensed where it would do him the most good politically, the up-State opposition to Governor Whitman might crumble long before the primaries.

PREHISTORIC MAN FOUND.

Remains Discovered in Mexico Believed to be 10,000 Years Old.

Special to The New York Times.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 28 (delayed.)—The remains of a prehistoric man have been found near Mexico City buried under three meters of volcanic lava. It is supposed that the remains are at least ten housand years old as the oldest records of Mexico make no mention of an eruption of the volcano Ajusco.

CABRERA ON A MISSION.

To Attend Mexican Railways Meeting and Then Go to Europe.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 28, (Delayed.)—Luis Cabrera, Alberto Pani, and Carlos Basave will leave on Friday for New York to attend a meeting of the Mexican National Railways.

Cabrera will also visit France and Spain on a special mission for President Carranza.

FEARS COUPLE WERE SLAIN.

But Police Believe Veterinary and Wife Are Hiding to Evade the Draft

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29.—The disappearance of Dr. Floyd Felger and his bride from their home in West Philadelphia is still a mystery. Dr. Felger, whose home is in New Springfield, Ohio, brought his bride here last July and set up housekeeping in Palm Street. On Oct. 29 the couple dropped completely out of sight.

Mrs. Felger's mother not hearing from her daughter became alarmed and came here from Illinois to investigate. "We have discovered," she said today, "that my son-in-law withdrew all his money from the bank here, and was known as well to have had large sums upon his person. I fear that he has been robbed and done away with, and that my young daughter has met a much worse fate in some of the terrible resorts of the city."

All sorts of theories were advanced today as to the motives and the causes of the disappearance. Detectives working on the case say that two motives impelled the doctor to go off without any trace of his whereabouts. It is known that the young husband was "called" in the draft last June and that his young wife wanted to go to some private home or hospital, and it is believed they found it expedient to take an assumed name and are now living quietly.

The police say the young man was drafted in Ohio. Upon coming here he abandoned his profession of veterinary surgery and on one or two occasions called himself "Johnson." He took jobs waiting in restaurants and painting, the police say.

BANS "SLACKER" OFFICERS.

Civilians to Do More Work in the Noncombatant Branches.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29. — So-called "slacker commissions" by which men of draft age seek to escape service in the ranks and get officers' places in noncombatant branches of the army have struck a snag in two general policies laid down by Secretary Baker.

These are, first, that no men of draft age be commissioned unless it is shown clearly that they are better fitted for the special work to which they are called than any civilian beyond the draft age whose services can be secured; and, second, that no function of the army which can be carried on efficiently with civilians shall be placed on a military footing by commissioning the men needed to supervise the work.

The problem of commissions in the staff departments of the army that have to do with the supply lines, transportation, construction, and a hundred other noncombatant functions is difficult. It is the desire of Secretary Baker, apparently, to keep this element of the commissioned personnel of the army at a minimum in justice to the great body of the drafted men. It is not considered desirable to make any hard and fast rule against staff commissions for draft age men, since there are special cases which should be considered.

Mr. Baker's ruling as to army functions which need not be given military status applies particularly to inspection of materials manufactured or produced for the army. Food, clothing, tentage, and thousands of other items, it is held, could be inspected as well by a civilian as by an officer.

JAIL TERM FOR GUARDSMAN.

Heavy Sentence Imposed on New Yorker Who Tried to Leave Spartanburg.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., Nov. 29.—Headquarters announced today that Private William Kauffman, Company D, 106th Infantry, had been found guilty of desertion and sentenced to serve five years at hard labor in the disciplinary barracks at Fort Jay, New York, besides being dishonorably discharged and severely reprimanded.

Kauffman on Oct. 13, while under arrest for a minor infraction of regulations, broke guard, and after attempting to persuade a fellow-soldier to accompany him went to Greenville, S. C., thirty miles away. There he changed his uniform and went to work in order to get funds to go to New York, where he expected to assume another name. He was caught two days after he deserted.

The 3d Battalion of the 107th Infantry, composed of Companies I, K, L, and M, enter the trenches tomorrow night at 9 o'clock. The men will stay there for twenty-four hours.

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BUY Direct from FACTORY AND SAVE MONEY

Come See Our Beautiful Display.

109 West 13th St. New York.
1 Door West of 6th Ave.

Dale Lighting Fixture Co.

TAPS

A Gentle, Thoroughly Efficient and Prompt Intestinal Relief.

TRY A BOX—10c—ALL DRUGGISTS.

Surprising Values Suits to Measure $25

There is but one way to get a true idea of how big these values are, call and see the materials from which they are to be made.

There are several hundred patterns bought before war advanced woolens. If you order now this price advantage becomes yours.

Suits and Overcoats $25

Arnheim

TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
34 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

P. S. *If you are interested to know why a man or a merchant is exceptionally successful get next to him.*

Arnheim Axiom

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Liberal reward, no questions asked, for return diamond circle pin, lost Wednesday; Nov. 28, between Rialto Theatre and Englewood, N. J., via Broadway subway, and Fort Lee ferry. 42 East 61st. Plaza 7454.

LOST—Sunday, Nov. 25, on Lincoln Highway, between Trenton and New Brunswick, a FISHER FOX FUR NECKPIECE. Liberal reward if returned to A. S. COOKMAN, 85 Wall St., New York.

LOST.—Brown fur neckpiece, left in taxi from Grand Central Palace to 125 East 72d, Monday night; reward if returned to 125 East 72d. Baxter.

LOST.—Black fox neckpiece, Monday afternoon, between 4:30 and 5:30, on East 45th or West 72d St. Return Hotel Hargrave, 112 West 72d. Suitable reward.

LOST OR STOLEN—Vanity case, from Flatiown car, at 57th St. and Broadway; reward offered, no questions asked. Kaufmann-Morris Co., 1,776 Broadway.

LOST.—Monday night, in taxi, between Hero Land Bazaar and 62d St., a blue fox fur neckpiece; suitable reward if returned to Beekman, 535 Park Av.

LOST.—Oriental pear-shaped earring, between Joseph's, 5th Av., or Bernard's, 57th and 5th Av. Liberal reward if returned to Helen Clark, Hotel Devon, 70 West 55th St.

LOST.—FLEXIBLE DIAMOND BRACELET. Finder will kindly return it to Mrs. S. Manne, 125 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, and will receive liberal reward.

LOST.—Diamond bar pin Wednesday night on Broadway, between 86th and 97th Sts.; liberal reward if returned to Apt. 6. S., 466 West End Av.

LOST.—Bank book No. 498,883, Seamen's Bank for Savings, 76 Wall St., New York; payment stopped and cancellation applied for; please return to bank.

LOST.—String of seed pearls, clasp has colored stones, at "Hero Land" or subway Wednesday evening; liberal reward. Herts, 20 West 57th.

LOST—Opera glasses, at Hudson Theatre, Thursday, 22d; liberal reward. P. H. Senior, 363 Riverside Drive. Phone 602 Academy.

LOST.—Small, soft lady's felt hat, 64th to 67th St., Columbus or Broadway, Wednesday evening; reward. Columbus 4204.

LOST.—In Brooklyn, gentleman's diamond ring; liberal reward. Write or return to residence, 625 East 19th St., Flatbush.

LOST.—Monday on train between Hartford and N. Y., silverware catalogue; reward. 229 West 105th St., Apt. 23.

LOST.—Brown fox neckpiece, on or near 57th St. and 2d Av. "L" station; reward. 8,418 17th Av., Brooklyn.

LOST.—Lavalliere, platinum, diamonds, vicinity 316 Convent Av., 143d St.; liberal reward. Apt. 1B.

LOST.—Diamond brooch, sapphire centre. Liberal reward. 674 West End Av. Riverside 8277J.

LOST.—Diamond locket, last week; liberal reward. Forbes, 32 Cooper Square.

LOST—Kolinsky neckpiece, lined with ermine; liberal reward. 7 West 75th.

REWARD.—Fifth Av., Riverside bus; Wednesday afternoon; small leather purse, containing bills; return to 302 West 75th.

REWARD.—Seal collar, lost Sunday, 34th, Madison, 3d Ave. Riser, 15 East 33d.

$100 REWARD for diamond link bracelet, Justice Johnstone's Club or Joan Sawyer's. Communicate Columbus 5788 for reward.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Irish Setter, between 62d and 82d, east of Park Av. Return to 350 Park Av. at 52d St., and get reward.

PENNSYLVANIA ANNULS THE BROADWAY LIMITED

Company Withdraws Fast Passenger Train from Service to Meet War Conditions.

The first step to carry out the intention of the general committee now operating the Eastern railroads as a unit to cut out competing through services and bring all facilities down to the minimum necessary, was taken yesterday when the Pennsylvania Railroad, in response to a request of the committee, withdrew from service the Broadway Limited, the twenty-four train which has been running between New York and Chicago. The train runs today for the last time until further notice.

At the offices of the New York Central it was said that their service so far has been unaffected.

The text of the Pennsylvania's announcement, published as an advertisement in this morning's TIMES, is as follows:

"At the request of the General Operating Committee of Eastern Railroads appointed by the Railroad War Board, in order to expedite the movement of Government supplies and war materials, the Broadway Limited twenty-four train between New York and Chicago will be withdrawn from service, effective Dec. 1. Tickets already sold for passage in this train after Nov. 30 will be redeemed at offices where purchased."

The Broadway Limited became a twenty-hour train in November, 1912, at which time the Pennsylvania and New York Central agreed to extend by two hours the running time of their eighteen-hour Chicago service. The change followed accidents, which led the railroads to consider that the faster time was unsafe.

PROPOSE LEGAL SERVICE.

Plan to Aid Drafted Men and Dependents Put Forward.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 29.—Home Defense Committees of New York State have been asked by the State Defense Council to form legal service committees, to give such aid to dependents of soldiers and sailors as can be rendered.

"This work is entirely apart from and in no way conflicting with the legal work suggested by the Federal authorities in connection with the Federal Draft Exemption Boards," said the letter to the Home Defense Committees. "Volunteer legal service now suggested is for the assistance of drafted men, or their dependents, after they have been accepted for service in the National Army. All appeals could be made to this committee direct, and from it information could be secured as to how dependents should proceed to recover a part of a soldier's pay, to secure their legal allowance, to apply for war risk insurance, or to avoid embarrassing litigation.

"By naming several men able to deal with this problem and to co-operate with the Red Cross and any other relief agencies active in your county, a valuable work can be undertaken. One or more members of such sub-committee should be from the legal profession, or if a committee of the County Bar Association has already been named, the members of such committee could well be included."

GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES

We offer the Following Mortgages on New York City Real Estate

Amount of Loan	Guaranteed Rate of Interest to Investor	Stories	Material	Type	Rental	Value of Security
$2,000	5%	2 & Cellar	Br. & Stone	Dwelling	$372	$4,000
3,500	5%	2 & Cellar	Brick	2-Family Dwelling	420	6,000
5,500	5%	3 & Cellar	Brick	Apartment	852	9,250
17,000	5%	5 & Bas't	Brick	Business	*3,300	28,000

*And tenant pays for coal and elevator service.

Details of other offerings in various amounts, with photographs of properties, furnished upon request.

Also Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates $100 & up, paying 5%.

Free from Personal Taxation.

Write for booklet "The Ideal Investment," and December Investment List.

New York Title and Mortgage Company

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER $3,000,000

135 Broadway, New York. Phone 6850 Cortlandt

203 Montague St., Brooklyn. Phone 7100 Main

Dress Clothes—and a Good Time

The assurance that should go with Dress Clothes is easily shaken if you are not sure of your clothes.

An excellent way to settle all misgivings about your Dress Clothes is to buy our

Hart Schaffner & Marx Dress Clothes

For anything less than Hart Schaffner & Marx styling, tailoring and material is a compromise with good taste.

Full Dress Coats begin at $52
Dinner Coats to match, $30
Dress Trousers to match, $8
Cutaway Coats and Vests, $30 up

Wallach Bros.

Broadwsy, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d
} Open Evenings

Just to prove that we have not forgotten the soldiers.

Special—Fitted Toilet Kit for Soldiers

$3.65

Regular Price, $5.00

Friday and Saturday Only

The kit contains 12 useful articles, that are an absolute necessity for any soldier boy—neatly and compactly fitted in an Olive Drab Roll Case.

Durham Duplex Domino Safety Razor, Williams' Shaving Stick in metal case, Tooth Brush, Comb and Military Brush, Lather Brush in metal case, Aluminum Soap Dish, Steel Trench Mirror, Safety Pins, Khaki Thread, Buttons, Wash Cloth.

Special—Pajamas $1.85

Friday and Saturday Only

1450 Suits of Pajamas in Madras, Crepe and Satin stripe effects.

They are all too good value to escape quick draft for individual service, at $1.85.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave. cor. 122d
} Open Evenings

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Leon Rothier in the Columbia Shop

The principal French basso of the Metropolitan Opera, whose singing of the Marseillaise thrilled Marshal Joffre, makes records exclusively for Columbia. He returned recently from a year's service in the trenches before Verdun.

ON a busy corner of New York's most famous shopping thoroughfare, there is a quaint bit of Old England hidden behind a conventional shop front.

As you enter, you realize you have come to a shop different from any other you ever visited—different and more interesting in its distinctive beauty and charming hospitality. Interior decorators will tell you it is a perfect example of the Tudor period. Music lovers say it is the pleasantest place they know to hear new music. Furniture collectors find here Grafonola cabinets in all artistic periods. Opera goers meet here famous artists who sing exclusively for Columbia.

The Columbia Shop has Grafonolas from $18 to $250; period designs up to $2100. Convenient terms may be arranged around $5 a month for standard Grafonolas and at $10 a month for period designs.

THE COLUMBIA SHOP
Fifth Avenue at 37th Street

Columbia Grafonola
Price $215
With electric motor, $240

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Footwear for Officers

Nothing experimental about our army footwear. We know what officers want and have patrons in the service who graduated from West Point a generation ago.

Ready for wear—Field Service Boots—Trench Boots—Riding Boots—Leggins—Service Shoes. Moderate prices—quick service.

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At no time has the desirability of acquiring foreign languages been more pronounced. Consult the instruction columns of The New York Times.—Advt.